SEE SHEET 2 FOR <u>INDEX OF SHEETS</u> AND SHEET 3-5 FOR LOCATION MAPS

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

0901 19 204, ETC. CR 001 PAR Grayson, ETC.

DESIGN SPEED = 30 MPH A.D.T. (2020) = 303 A.D.T. (2040) = 132

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. BR 2022(464), ETC

SOUTHMAYD, ETC GRAYSON COUNTY, ETC

CONSISTING OF BRIDGE AND APPROACHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT

Road Name	Limits	CSI	Project NO.	County	STATI	ONING	BRIDGE	LENGTH	ROADWA	Y LENGTH	TOTAL	LENGTH	DESIGN SPEED	DESIGN SPEED ADT		ADT YEAR	ADT	ADT YEAR	FUNCTIONAL
Noau Name	Littlics	C.3.J.	Project NO.	County	BEGIN	END	FEET	MILES	FEET	MILES	FEET	MILES	MPH	ADI	ADI TEAK	ADT	ADT TEAK	CLASSIFICATION	
SOUTHMAYD	AT ELBA CREEK	0901-19-204	BR 2022(464)	GRAYSON	11+14	14+84	70	0.0133	300	0.0569	370	0.0702	MEETS OR EXCEEDS EXISTING	303	2020	132	2040	Local	
CR 4020	AT CANEY CREEK	0901-32-112	BR 2023(644)	FANNIN	7+65	12+35	60	0.0114	410	0.0777	470	0.09	MEETS OR EXCEEDS EXISTING	40	2021	40	2041	Local	
CR 1202	AT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK	0901-32-115	BR 2023(645)	FANNIN	6+45	9+95	50	0.0095	3+00	0.0569	350	0.0664	MEETS OR EXCEEDS EXISTING	23	2013	60	2042	Local	
					NET L	ENGTH	180	0.0342	1010	0.1915	1190	0.2257							

FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE: DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK: DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED: DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED: ORIGINAL CONTRACT WORKING DAYS: USED OF WORKING DAYS: NO. OF CHANGE ORDERS: FINAL CONTRACT COST: PERCENT OVER/UNDER RUN: CONTRACTOR:

I CERTIFY THAT THIS PROIECT WAS BUILT IN ACCORDANCE WITH PLAND AND SPECIFICATIONS.

AREA ENGINEER DATE

> EQUATIONS: N/A RAILROAD CROSSINGS: N/A

EXCEPTIONS: N/A

Texas Department of Transportation CONCURRENCE FOR LETTING: 11/20/2023
DocuSigned by: Bruce Dawsey

GRAYSON COUNTY JUDGE

Monte R. Retu P.E.

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

REOUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)- 21 THRU BC (12)- 21 AND THE "TEXAS

MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

DESIGN ENGINEER

Nov 17, 2023

CONCURRENCE FOR LETTING: 11/30/2023 DocuSigned by: Judge Newt Currighan

-736833EAAA624AA...

6EDB46F5E15E407. FANNIN COUNTY JUDGE RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 12-4-2023

12/4/2023 APPROVED FOR LETTING: AF7AF41AFE6049E...DISTRICT ENGINEER

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 23, 2023)

© 2024 BY TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

DW:		S	-

HEET NO DESCRIPTION

GENERAL

- TITLE SHEET 2 INDEX OF SHEETS
- 3-5 LOCATION MAP 6,6A-6D GENERAL NOTES
- **ESTIMATE & QUANTITY**

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS

# 8-19	BC (1)-21THRU BC (12)-21
20	TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS
# 21	WZ (RCD)-13

ROADWAY DETAILS

TREE TRIMMING & BRUSH REMOVAL # 22

ROADWAY DETAILS STANDARDS

#	23	GF (31)-19
#	24	SGT (12S)31-18
#	25	SGT (15)31-20
#	26	TE (HMAC)-11

SOUTHMAYD AT ELBA CREEK

- 27 TYPICAL SECTIONS 28 ROAD CLOSURE PLAN 29 QUANTITY SUMMARIES
- 30 PLAN AND PROFILE
- 31 HYDROLOGIC DATA
- 32 HYDRAULIC DATA 33 **BRIDGE LAYOUT**
- 34 BRIDGE QUANTITIES AND BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

CR 4020 AT CANEY CREEK

- 35 TYPICAL SECTIONS 36 ROAD CLOSURE PLAN
- 37 QUANTITY SUMMARIES
- 38 PLAN AND PROFILE
- 39 HYDROLOGIC DATA
- 40 HYDRAULIC DATA
- 41 **BRIDGE LAYOUT**
- 42 BRIDGE QUANTITIES AND BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

CR 1202 AT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK

- 43 TYPICAL SECTIONS
- 44 ROAD CLOSURE PLAN
- 45 QUANTITY SUMMARIES
- 46 PLAN AND PROFILE
- 47 HYDROLOGIC DATA
- 48-49 HYDRAULIC DATA
- 50 **BRIDGE LAYOUT**
- 51 BRIDGE QUANTITIES AND BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS
- 52 ONSITE DETOUR
- 53 OMIT

SHEET NO DESCRIPTION

BRIDGE

STRUCTURE STANDARDS

#	54-56	AIG-24
#	57-58	SIG-24
#	59-60	CSAB
#	61-62	FD
#	63-64	IGD
#	65-67	IGEB
#	68-69	IGMS
#	70-71	IGSD-24
#	72	IGSK
#	73	IGTS
#	74	IGCS
#	75-76	MEBR(C)
#	77-78	PMDF
#	79-82	PCP
#	83	PCP-FAB
#	84-85	SRR
#	86	APSB-24-15
#	87	PSB-5SB15
#	88	PSBEB
#	89	PSBRA
#	90	PSBSD
#	91	SCP-10
#	92	SCP-MD
#	93	SPSB-24-15
#	94-95	TYPE T631LS

PAVEMENT MARKINGS & DELINEATION

PAVEMENT MARKINGS & DELINEATION STANDARDS

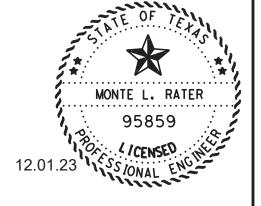
# 96	D&OM (1)-20
# 97	D&OM (2)-20
# 98	D&OM (5)-20
# 99	D&OM (VIA)-20

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

100-105 STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) 106-108 ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS 109-111 SWP3 LAYOUTS

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES STANDARDS

112-114 EC (1)-16, EC (2)-16, EC (3)-16



NOT TO SCALE

Texas Department of Transportation

INDEX OF SHEETS

ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH THE

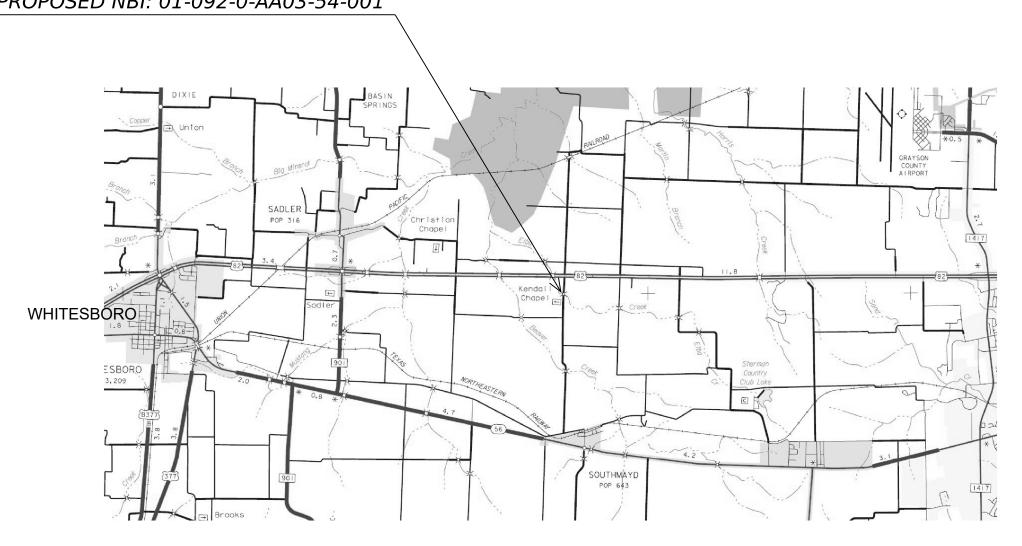
"#" SYMBOL ON THIS SHEET HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND

December 1, 2023

©TxDO1	OF 1				
CONT	SECT	JOВ		HIGHWAY	
0901	19	204, ETC.	CR		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
PAR	GRAYSON, ETC.			2	

BRIDGE REPLACEMENT -SOUTHMAYD ROAD AT ELBA CREEK

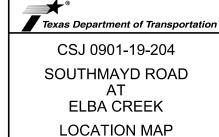
EXISTING NBI: 01-092-0-AA04-36-002 PROPOSED NBI: 01-092-0-AA03-54-001





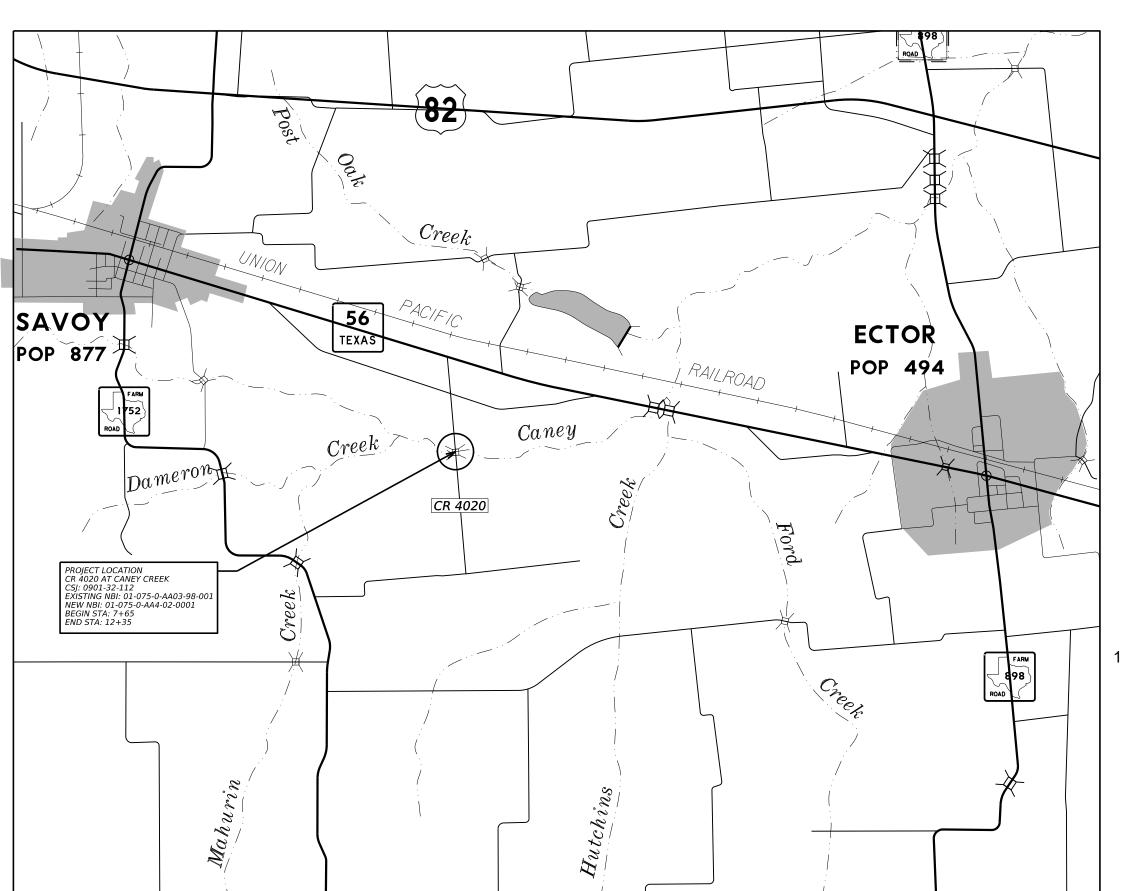


Monte R. Retu P.E.

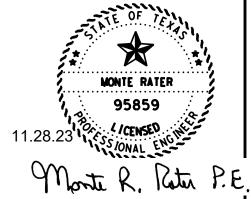


HIGHWAY CR 0901 19 204, ETC GRAYSON, ETC

SCALE (MILES):







NOT TO SCALE

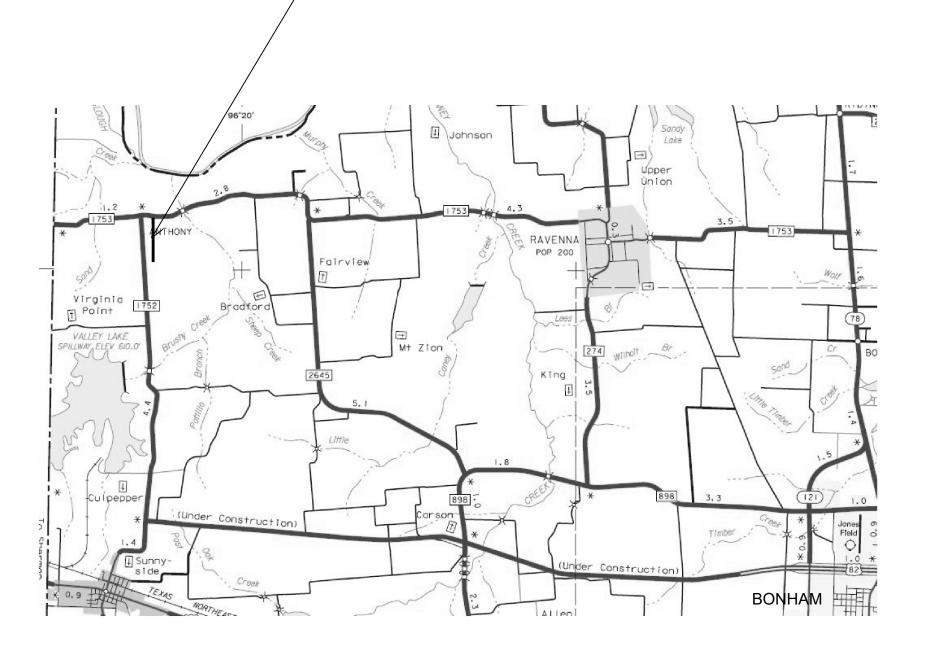


0901-32-112 CR 4020 AT CANEY CREEK LOCATION MAP

XDOT © 2024 SHEET 2 OF 3					
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
0901	19	204, ETC.	CR		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
PAR	GRAYSON, ETC.			4	

BRIDGE REPLACEMENT -CR1202 AT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK

EXISTING NBI: 0-075-0-AA06-88-001 PROPOSED NBI: 01-075-0-AA12-02-001







Monte R. Pater P.E.



CR 1202 AT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK

LOCATION MAP

©	2024	SHEET	1	OF 1		
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY			
0901	19	204, ETC	CR			
DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
PAR	GRAYSON, ETC			GRAYSON, ETC		5



Highway: CR Sheet:

GENERAL NOTES

General:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Sherman Area Office

Aaron Bloom, P.E. – <u>Aaron.bloom@txdot.gov</u>

Melese Norcha, P.E. – Melese.Norcha@txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

On Contractor request, earthwork cross sections and construction timelines will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Dispose of waste materials at an approved site. Furnish written approval from the property owner before disposal of waste materials.

Locate equipment a minimum of 30 feet from roadway when possible. Place signs and barricades as approved.

Stockpile sites for construction materials must be approved. Give at least 48 hours notification prior to stockpiling material.

Item 5 Control of the Work:

The responsibility for the construction surveying on this contract will be in accordance with Section 5.9.3, Method A.

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4 Standard Work Week.

County: Grayson, Etc. Control: 0901-19-204, Etc.

Highway: CR Sheet: 6

Right and left are determined based upon the forward direction of stationing in the specific control section.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at:

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/highway/bridge/bridge-publications.html#design

Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

Only one road may be closed at any given time during the construction period of this contact. The bridge under construction must be determined by the Engineer to be substantially complete and opened to traffic, prior to the start of construction and corresponding road closure on the subsequent bridge site.

Contractor shall start and complete CR 4020 bridge before starting construction on other locations.

Contractor shall stake construction easement at each location for County to install temporary fences.

Item 6 Control of Materials:

The existing bridges at CR 4020 at Caney Creek have lead-containing paint. Provide a demolition plan to the Engineer three weeks in advance of lead paint disturbance to allow lead paint removal by TxDOT on-call contractor before Contractor bridge demolition.

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit an original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link. https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html

Item 7 Legal Relations and Responsibilities:

No significant traffic generator events identified.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Highway: CR Sheet:

Item 8 Prosecution and Progress:

Before beginning work on this project submit in writing, for approval, a plan of construction operations outlining in detail a sequence of work to be followed.

Provide a Bar Chart progress schedule for this project.

Item 9 Measurement and Payment:

Items of work for the Monthly Estimate will be cut off on the 25th of each month. Items of work performed after the 25th will be processed and paid on the following month's estimate. Material On Hand (MOH) will cut off on the 20th of each month. Special circumstances will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

Item 100 Preparing Right of Way:

Remove all trees 20 foot from centerline on both sides of roadway. At cross structures, remove trees to ROW line and within 100' of the structure, parallel to the roadway. Remove underbrush and neatly trim trees and overhanging branches to produce a 60' vertical clear area within the limits of Prep ROW. Remove any trees or underbrush that interferes with any construction operation, including relocation of ditches or other drainage elements. Receive approval of equipment used to trim limbs. A boom axe will not be allowed. Remove all trimmed debris from the ROW or mulch all debris and incorporate into the topsoil on State ROW to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The County Commissioner will be responsible to relocate existing gates and rebuild livestock fences as necessary, including temporary fences when required. The Contractor shall coordinate Prep ROW operations with the County Commissioner for gate and fence relocation. The Contractor shall coordinate with the County Commissioner eight weeks in advance of necessary gate/fence relocation.

Removal/relocation and disposal of existing road and bridge signs shall be subsidiary to this item.

Removal of existing trash and flood debris shall be subsidiary to this item.

Item 110 Excavation:

Before excavation operations the existing topsoil shall be salvaged in a manner to preserve the vigor of the existing Bermuda grass sod per Item 160.

This item also includes excavation of existing gravel/rock on the roadway. The existing gravel/rock shall be excavated for use as foundation for the proposed flexible base. The equipment, labor, fuel, incidentals, etc. to stockpile, place and compact the excavated gravel/rock shall be subsidiary to this Item. The gravel/rock shall be placed and prepared as specified for Item 247 as used in the plans.

County: Grayson, Etc. Control: 0901-19-204, Etc.

Highway: CR Sheet: 6A

Item 132 Embankment:

Excavation pits for project embankment made within 250 feet of State Right of Way must be approved.

Test potential embankment sources using Tex-145-E to determine the presence and concentration of sulfates. Do not bring soil with greater than 3000 ppm sulfates into project.

Before embankment operations the existing topsoil shall be salvaged in a manner to preserve the vigor of the existing Bermuda grass sod per Item 160.

Item 164 Seeding for Erosion Control, 166 Fertilizer:

Apply fertilizer with a ratio of 3-1-2 (N-P-K) over the areas to be seeded. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary.

Item 168 Vegetative Watering:

Use water trucks equipped with a sprinkler system adequate to permit coverage of the entire seeded area from the roadbed. This equipment must be available to perform watering throughout the duration of vegetative establishment.

Water all seeded areas the day seed is applied. Thereafter, maintain the seeded areas in a well-watered condition throughout the duration of vegetative establishment.

Item 247 Flexible Base:

Grading requirements Tests to be in accordance with TxDOT Standard Test Methods

Tests to be in accordance with TADOT Standard Test Methods									
	Soil Constants								
Item Desc.	Item Desc. Linear Shrinkage LL Wet Ball WBMV(incr. passing #40 sieve)								
Item 247 Flex Ba	Item 247 Flex Base 6.0 max. 40 max. 40 max. 20% max.								
PERCENT RETA	PERCENT RETAINED ON SIEVE:								
1-3/4"	7/8"	3/8"	No. 4	No. 40					
0	10-35	30-50	45-65	70-85					

Flexible Base will not contain more than 1% by weight of clay balls.

Place blue top hubs for alignment and elevations of new base at centerline and edge of pavement.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

Highway: CR Sheet:

Item 251 Reworking Base Courses:

Full depth HMAC patching and stabilized areas of various depths are to be expected and are to be reworked into existing base. Stabilized areas may include but are not limited to cement, fly ash, or asphalt treated base.

Areas with deep asphaltic patching or widening will require processing and relocation operations to incorporate additional flex base to reduce the asphaltic material ratio to a 50% maximum by volume. This work will be subsidiary to this Item.

The finished roadway must match existing grades at project limits, highway intersections and bridges. In these areas, salvage existing base and remove sufficient subgrade material to construct the full-depth proposed pavement section, according to the transition details shown in the plans. This removal will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items. Excess subgrade material generated by these transitions may be utilized to construct slopes or wasted as approved by the Engineer.

Item 400 Excavation and Backfill for Structures:

Excavation and backfill for bridge construction will be subsidiary to the project bid items.

Item 416 Drill Shaft Foundations:

One core hole per bent/abutment required. Contractor shall be advised that groundwater may be encountered.

Item 420 Concrete Structures:

Do not use membrane curing for structural elements.

Item 421 Hydraulic Cement Concrete:

TY A expansion joint is subsidiary to Item 422

Item 422 Concrete Superstructures:

Saw-cut grooves on bridge deck are not required.

Item 432 Riprap:

The Engineer may adjust placement of riprap in the field.

Filter fabric is required for stone riprap.

County: Grayson, Etc. Control: 0901-19-204, Etc.

Highway: CR Sheet: 6B

Bridge/Culvert demolition waste concrete may be used for stone rip rap. Cut protruding rebar within 2" of concrete surface. Maximum waste concrete cobble size shall match proposed stone rip rap D max size.

Item 496 Removing Structure:

The Contractor shall coordinate with the county commissioner for transferring salvageable material such as beams, piling, metal beam guard fence, and concrete riprap. The Contractor shall dispose of remaining materials.

Item 502 Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling:

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

The following items will be required for flagger on this project:

- 1. Flaggers are required to wear a white hard hat while performing flagging operations.
- 2. Flaggers will be required at the intersection of all State maintained roadways.
- 3. Flaggers may be required at other high traffic generating intersections as deemed necessary by the Area Engineer.

The traffic control plan for this contract consists of the installation and maintenance of warning signs and other traffic control devices shown in the plans, specification data which may be included in the general notes, applicable provisions of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD), traffic control plan sheets included in the plans, standard BC sheets and Item 502 of the Standard Specifications.

Do not begin Item 502, Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling, on the roadway until both of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The work schedule is approved.
- 2. No more than 5 workdays will pass between the beginning of Item 502 and the actual commencement of roadway work bid items.

The final estimate will be withheld until all disturbed areas are covered with at least 70% perennial vegetative cover.

Correct all deficiencies within the time frame noted on the Traffic Control Device Inspection Form 599. Failure to make corrections within time frame specified may result in no payment for this Item for the month of the noted deficiency.

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

Highway: CR Sheet:

Item 506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation & Environmental Controls:

The Temporary Erosion Control measures for this project will consist of using the following items, as directed:

- 1. Temporary Silt Fence
- 2. Rock Filter Dams: All rock filter dams shall be installed with 6:1 slopes regardless of their location on the project. Failure to do so will result in no payment for the dam.

Silt fences will remain the property of the Contractor upon completion of the project. The final estimate will not be released until all silt fences have been properly removed, or as directed and 70% establishment of vegetative cover is obtained.

Acquire approval for any change to the location of temporary sediment fence, as shown in the plans, prior to installation. Placement of erosion protection devices may be altered, as directed, to satisfy the requirements of the SW3P.

The pay item to remove rock filter dams will require only a partial removal after 70 percent perennial vegetation has been established and approved. When removing the rock filter dams, leave the lower layer of rock adjacent to the ground in place so as not to disturb the soil.

Refer to the SW3P sheet for the total disturbed area for the project.

The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and Contractor project specific locations (PSLs) within one mile of the project limits will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. Obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off ROW. When the total area disturbed for all projects in the Contract and PSLs within one mile of the project limits exceeds five acres, provide a copy of the Contractors NOI for PSLs on the ROW (to the appropriate MS4 operator when on an off-system route).

Item 508 Constructing Detours:

Precast box culvert shall be available for contractor use for Brushy creek detour. Stockpile location is at Txdot Maintenance Office, Cooper, TX. The box shall become the property of the contractor for removal and disposal. Detour salvage materials may be used for the proposed construction when construction sequencing permits and upon Engineers approval.

Item 540 Metal Beam Guard Fence:

MBGF delineation shall be installed within ten (10) working days of the completion of each MBGF section.

County: Grayson, Etc. Control: 0901-19-204, Etc.

Highway: CR Sheet: 6C

Item 3076 Dense-Graded Hot-Mix Asphalt:

All surface mixes are to be SAC A.

The use of PG 64-22 asphalt is required.

Use a self-propelled wheel mounted MTV capable of receiving mix from the haul trucks, separate from the paver. It shall have a minimum storage capacity of approximately 25 tons. It shall be equipped with a pivoting discharge conveyor and shall completely and thoroughly remix the material prior to placement. The effectiveness of the MTV's remixing ability is subject to the approval of the Engineer. In addition, the paver shall have a surge storage insert with a minimum capacity of 20 tons.

Specify Hot Mix Asphalt Concrete (HMAC) or Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA) at the time of design submittal. After design submittal, continue producing the chosen design unless otherwise approved.

RAP from contractor owned sources may be used if the RAP is fractionated. The course fraction of contractor owned RAP will not be allowed if it consists primarily of siliceous aggregates.

A tack coat is required for all overlay areas and for all longitudinal joints unless otherwise directed.

Evaluation of the mixture for moisture susceptibility will be performed by using test method TEX 530-C (boil test) and there shall be no evidence of stripping during design verification or at any time during production.

The maximum nighttime paved surface vertical differential will be limited to two inches. Prevent ponding of water on any travel ways that are exposed to traffic.

Perform all sampling for aggregate quality testing on stockpiles at the HMAC plant. Mixture sampling for QC/QA testing will typically be taken from the truck at the plant; however, the Engineer may direct that a sample be taken at any point or location of mixture during production, delivery, or placement.

Preparation and construction of permanent / temporary transitions, terminations of mix courses and transitions to driveways and intersecting roadways is subsidiary to Item 341. This includes all labor, machinery, materials, and incidentals to complete the work including planing, removal, hauling and stockpiling of materials and necessary clean-up.

Place HMAC for road widening operations with a road widening machine.

RAP from contractor owned sources may be used if the RAP is fractionated. The course fraction of contractor owned RAP will not be allowed if it consists primarily of siliceous aggregates. The maximum nighttime paved surface vertical differential will be limited to two inches. Prevent ponding of water on any travel ways that are exposed to traffic.

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H

Highway: CR Sheet: 6D

Item 3096 Asphalts, Oils, and Emulsions:

Provide 1L (1qt.) clean and dry screw top or friction-lid sampling cans as directed.

Furnish at least one sample of each type of asphalt used on the project for QA/QC purposes.

General Notes Sheet I



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0901-19-204

DISTRICT Paris

COUNTY Fannin, Grayson

Report Created On: Dec 1, 2023 2:19:47 PM

HIGHWAY CR 1202, CR 354, CR 4020

ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	15.700	
	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	403.000	
	110-6002	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	654.000	
	132-6003	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY B)	CY	744.000	
	164-6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	2,808.000	
	164-6011	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	2,808.000	
	164-6023	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURAL)(CLAY)	SY	5,616.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	37.000	
	247-6076	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY D GR 4) (6")	SY	1,794.000	
	251-6485	REWORK BS MTL (TY B)(10")(ORD COMP)	STA	3.000	
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	165.000	
	400-6003				
		TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF	94.000	
	416-6002	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	LF	234.000	
	416-6004	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	LF	462.000	
	420-6013	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CY	86.600	
	422-6001	REINF CONC SLAB	SF	4,680.000	
	425-6012	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB15)	LF	247.410	
	425-6035	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX28)	LF	516.000	
	432-6033	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	1,079.000	
	450-6019	RAIL (TY T631LS)	LF	448.000	
	496-6009	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	EA	3.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	MO	13.000	
	506-6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	200.000	
	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	200.000	
	506-6020	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	190.000	
	506-6024	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	190.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	680.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	680.000	
	508-6001	CONSTRUCTING DETOURS	SY	1,035.000	
	540-6002	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	LF	975.000	
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	250.000	
	542-6006	MTL BM GD FEN (REMOVE & REINSTALL)	LF	100.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	12.000	
	544-6002	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (MOVE & RESET)	EA	4.000	
	658-6011	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 2(WC)GND(BI)	EA	12.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	18.000	
	3076-6016	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-A PG64-22	TON	130.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000	

ESTIMATE & QUANTITY

DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Paris	Grayson	0901-19-204	7



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

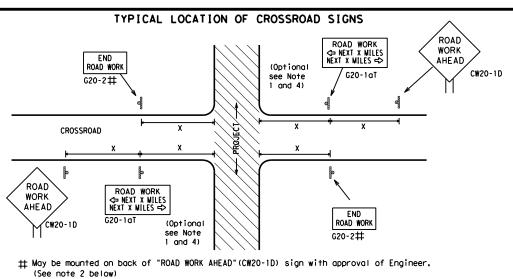


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

		· • -	•					
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
4-03	REVISIONS 7-13	PAR	19	204, E	ГC		CR	
				COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
5-10	5-21	PAR	G	RAYSON,	Ε.	TC	8	



- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP NORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow G20-1bTR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

·/	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.
	30	120
	35	160
	40	240
_	45	320
	50	400
	55	500 ²
	60	600 ²
7	65	700 ²
	70	800 ²
	75	900 ²
	80	1000 ²
_	*	* 3

SPACING

onventional Expressway Number Freeway or Series CW20' 48" x 48 48" x 48" CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

CW21

CW22

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK WARNING * * G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS € ★ R20-5aTP ME PRESENT CW20-1D ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK WORK G20-10T * * R20-3T * * AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Rightarrow \Leftrightarrow ➾ \Rightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-2bT X X R2-1 LIMIT line should $\otimes \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign location "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

★ ★G20-9TP ZONE STAY ALERT BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFI ★ ★ G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW √2 MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT * *G20-6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-10 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices -CSJ Limi Channelizing Devices \Rightarrow SPEED R2-1 END LIMIT END | ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-26T * * G20-2 * *

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.

- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND
I	Type 3 Barricade
000	Channelizing Devices
۴	Sign
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

LECEND

SHEET 2 OF 12



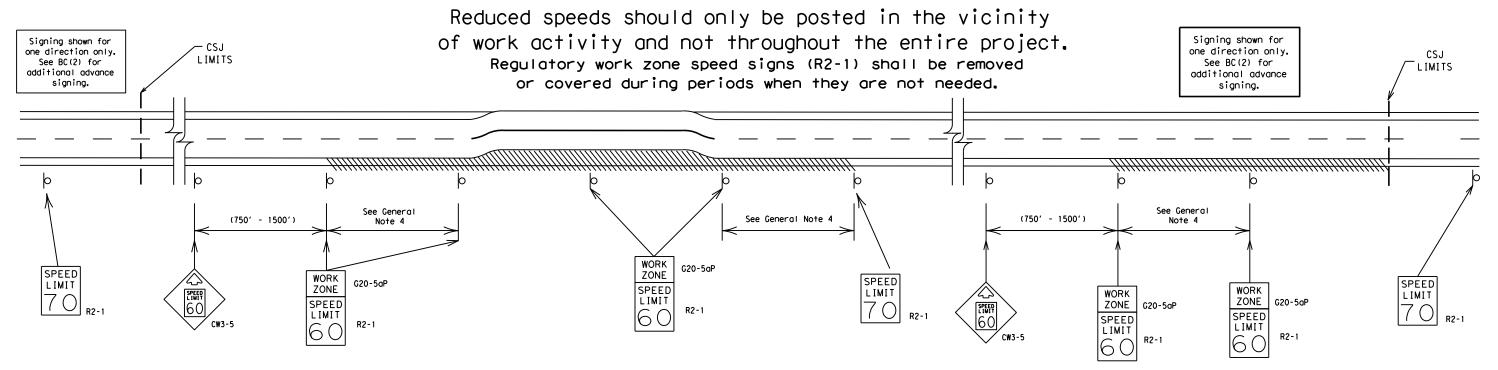
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

				_				
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: T		TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB H			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS		PAR	19	204, E	TC	(CR	
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	PAR	GRAYSON. ETC				9	

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

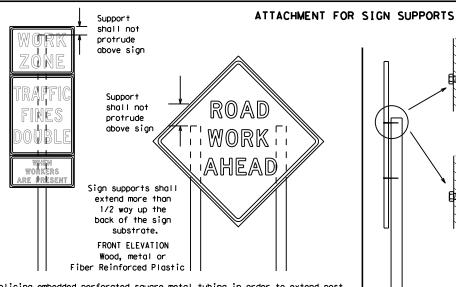
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
	REVISIONS	PAR	19	204, E1	rc	(CR
9-07 7-13	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	3-21	PAR	GF	RAYSON,	ΕI	C	10

ATE:

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. * * XX 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. greater 9.0' max. 90/// Poved Paved shou I der shoul de

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or

other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

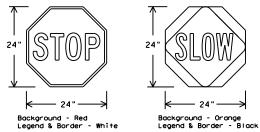
procedures for attaching sign

substrates to other types of

sign supports

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

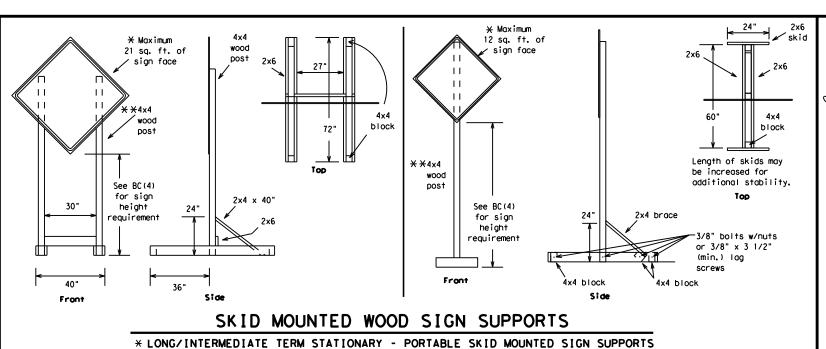
Traffic Safety Division Standard



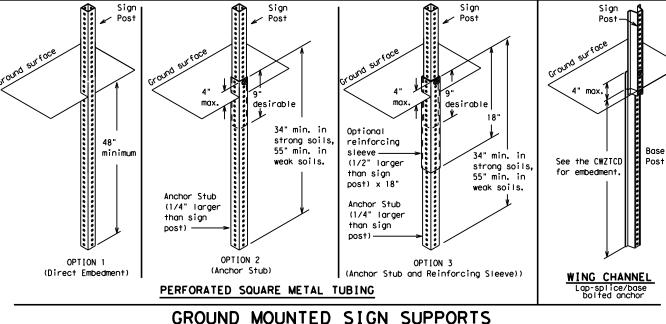
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T:	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDO
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	GHWAY
REVISIONS		PAR	19	204, E	TC	(CR
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PAR	GI	RAYSON,	ΕT	C	11

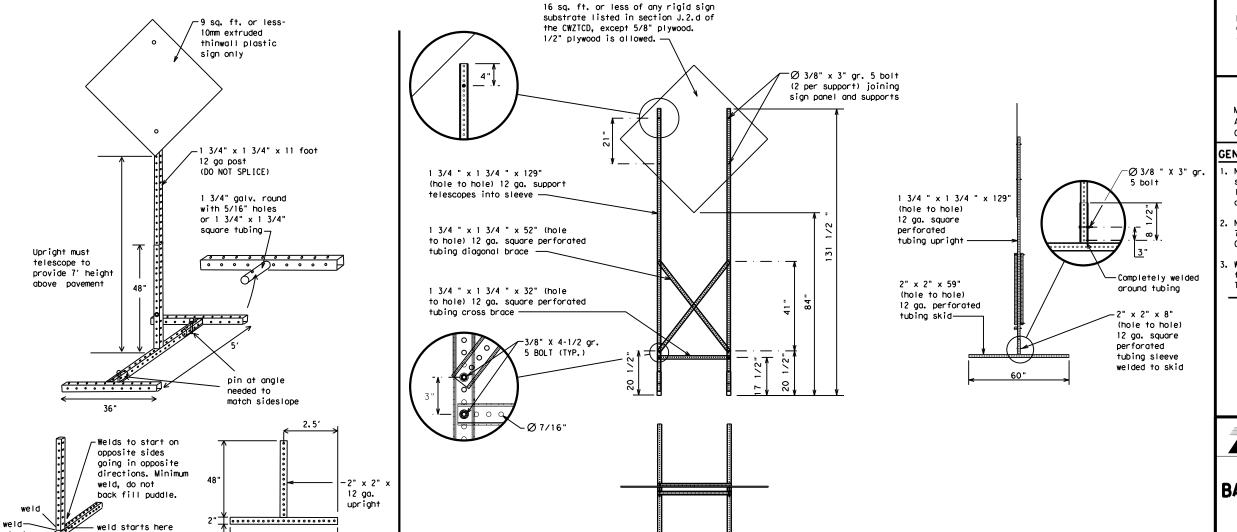


SINGLE LEG BASE



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

Traffic Safety Division Standard

SHEET 5 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

FILE:	FILE: bc-21.dgn		×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB		HIC	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	PAR	19	204, E	TC	(CR	
9-07 8-14		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	PAR	G	RAYSON.	F	rc.	12	

SKID MOUNTE	D PERFORATED	SQUARE STEE	L TUBING S	IGN SUPPORTS
* LONG/	INTERMEDIATE TERM ST	ATIONARY - PORTABLE	SKID MOUNTED SI	GN SUPPORTS

32'

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message. 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT"
- on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message. 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

Access Road ACCS RD Alternate ALT Avenue AVE Best Route BEST RTE Boulevard BLVD Bridge BRDG Cannot CANT Center CTR Construction Ahead CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AhD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Weitherspress HALIVY Weitle NAME Hazardous Waterial HAZMAT Left Lane Lift LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Will Name Major MAJ Miles Per Hour MPH Miles Miles Per Hour MPH Miles Per Hour MPH Miles Miles Miles Miles Miles Per Hour MPH Miles Miles Miles Per Hour MPH Miles Miles Per Hour MPH Miles Miles Miles Miles Miles Per Hour MPH Miles Miles Miles Miles Miles Miles Per Hour MPH Miles				
Alternate ALT Avenue AVE Best Route BEST RTE Boulevard BLVD Miles Per Hour MPH Monday Mon North Nor	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Alternate ALT Avenue AVE Best Route BEST RTE Boulevard BLVD Bridge BRDG Cannot CANT Center CTR Construction Ahead CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXPWY XXXXX Feet XXXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friddy Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hagardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Lower Level Will Norm Miles Per Hour MPH Minor Monday Mon North Nor	Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Best Route Best Route Best RTE Boulevard Bridge BRDG Cannot Canter Conter Construction Ahead CROSSING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not East Eastbound Croute) E Emergency Emergency Vehicle Entrance, Enter Express Lane Express Lane Express Lane Expressway XXXX Feet Trade, Enter Expressway Expwy XXXX Feet Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Hour(s) Hazardous Material High-Occupancy Hov Vehicle Hwy Hour(s) Hars Junction Lane Closed Ln CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Minor Monday Monn Mond Monday Monn Morthbound (route) N Parking Par		ALT		MI
Best Route Boulevard Bridge Bridge BRDG Cannot Cannot Center Corner Construction Ahead CROSSING Detour Route DETOUR RTE DO Not East Eastbound Croute) E Emergency Emergency Emergency Vehicle Entrance, Enter Express Lane Expressway Expwy XXXX Feet Fraghad Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Fridgy Hazardous Material High-Occupancy Hov Vehicle Highway Hour(s) Haz Information Info Information Info Lane Lane Lane Lane Lane Lane Lane Closed Ln Cannot MNR Monday Mon Mond Monday Mon	Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Bridge BRDG Cannot CANT Center Center Construction Ahead CROSSING Detour Route Detour Route Do Not East Eastbound Emergency Emergency Emergency Emergency Emergency Express Lane Express Lane Express Lane Expressway Express Expressway Express Freeway Hazardous Driving Hazardous Material Hazardous Material Hajh-Occupancy Hov Vehicle Highway Hour(s) Har Har High-Occupancy Hov Vehicle Highway Hour(s) Har Har High-Occupancy Hov Vehicle Highway Hour(s) Har	Best Route	BEST RTE		MNR
Cannot Cant Cant Center CTR Construction Ahead CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE DO Not DONT East E Stound (route) E Emergency EMER Shoulder SHLDR South Shoulder SHLDR Sippery SLIP Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Friday Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Northbound (route) N Northbound (route) N Northbound Route) N Northb	Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Center CTR Construction Ahead Ahead CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane Express Lane Express Lane Express Expr	Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Construction Ahead CROSSING CROSSING CROSSING CROSSING CROSSING Detour Route Detour Route Detour Route Do Not East East Eastbound East Emergency Emergency Emergency Emergency Emergency Entrance, Enter Express Lane Expressway ExpWY XXXX Feet XXXX Feet Fog Ahead Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Friday Freeway Friday Freeway Friday Freeway Friday Freeway Friday Friday Freeway Friday Friday Friday Freeway Friday F	Cannot	CANT	North	N
Ahead CONSTAHD CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE DO Not DONT East Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Radd RD Right Lane RT LN Saturday SAT South S South Se South Se South S South Se South Se South Se South Se South Se South Se Sout	Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE DO Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Freeway Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Hour (s) HR, HRS Information INFO Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Right Lane RT LN Right Lane RT LN Right Lane RT LN Saturday SAT Service Road SERV RD Shoulder SHLDR South S South Seed S South Seed SP R Sout		CONST AHD		
Detour Route Do Not Do SERV RD Do Shoulder ShLDR Shoulder ShLDR Shoulder ShLDR Shoulder ShLDR Shoulder ShLDR Slippery Sull Pouth Do Sype Do		VINC		
Do Not East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle ENT Express Lane EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Freeway FRWY Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Left Left Left Left Left Lene Left LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level WERR SLIP Southbound (route) S Service Road SERV RD Service Road SERV RD Southous SERV RD Shoulder Shippery SLIP Southbound (route) S Suhbound (route) S Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRYLRS Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West West Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
East E Shoulder SHLDR Eastbound (route) E EMER Emergency EMER SEMER South S SO				
Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Hazordous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO Lift Is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL South S So				
Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Hazordous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO Lift Ls Junction JCT Left Left LFT Left Lene LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level WHNT Speed Southbound (route) S South S South S Southbound (route) S Sped SPD Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRYLRS Travelers TRYLRS Travelers TRYLRS Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WaRN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West West West Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT		_		
Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour (s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level WR LEVEL Southbound (route) S Syped SPD Street ST Frounday SUN Trephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRYLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Venicle Highway HWY Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level WYWY Syres Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Trayelers TRYLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Street ST Family Street ST Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS Travelers TRYLRS Travelers TRYLRS Travelers TRYLRS Travelers TRYLRS Travelers TRYLRS Travelers TRYLRS Treet ST Temporary Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS Tropouther Travelers TRYLRS Treet ST Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS Tropouther Travelers TRYLRS Treet ST Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS Tropouther Travelers TRYLRS Treet ST Temporary TEMP Thursday Thursday Thursday Tropouther Traffic TRAF Trevelers TRYLRS Treet ST Temporary Temporary TEMP Thursday Thursday Thursday Trevelers TRYLRS Trevelers TRYLRS Trevelers TRYLRS Trevelers TRYLRS Trevelers TRYLRS Trevelers TRYLRS Tweelers TRYLRS Trevelers TRAF Trevelers TRYLRS Trevelers Tre				
Expressway Express Felephone PhONE Temporary Thursday Thursday Thursday To Downtown To Dwntn Troffic Travelers Travelers Travelers Travelers Travelers Travelers Travelers Travelers Truesday Time Minutes Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning Warn Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Will Not Will Not				
XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level WR LEVEL Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRYLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Fog Ahead FOG AHD Temporary TEMP Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Temporary TEMP Temporary To Downtown To Downtow To Downtow Traffic Travelers TRAF Travelers Traffic TRAF Travelers Traffic TRAF Travelers Travelers TRAF Travelers Travelers TRAF Travelers Travelers Travelers Travelers Travelers TRAF Travelers T		_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Freeway Freey, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Thursday ThURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Trayelers TRAF Trayelers TRYLRS Trevelers TRYLRS TR				
Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level WY BLKD Tradfic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West West West West West West Pavement WET PVMT Well Not Wont				
Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT L Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level WR LEVEL Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level UPR LEVEL Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Tuesday TUES Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Left LFT Left Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level WILL Well HAZMAT Trueders TRYLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W West Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is Junction Left Left Left Lane Left Lane Lower Level LWR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WaRN Wednesday WeED Weight Limit West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT	Hazardous Material			
Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information I NFO It Is Junction Left Left Left Lane LFT Lene Closed Lower Level LWY LEVEL HWY HWY HWY LIME MINUTES Upper Level Upper Level Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning Warning Warn Wednesday WeD Weight Limit West Westbound (route) Westbound Veroute) Wet Pavement Well Pavement Well Pover Will Not Wont				
Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level UPR LEV				
Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Ventrices (S) VEN, VENS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT Westbound (route) W Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT		HWY		
Information		HD HDC		
It Is				*******
Junction				
Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL West W West W West W West W West S West W West S W				
Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL WET POVENIENT				
Lower Level LWR LEVEL				
			Will Not	WONT
	Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

A		e/E Lis	ffect on Trav	еI	Location List		Warning List		* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT		AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT		BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH		NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N		PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS		XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS		US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP				DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOULDER USE				DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
_	USE OTHER ROUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS						TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
e 2.	STAY IN LANE] *			*	¥ See Aµ	oplication Guide	elines N	lote 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

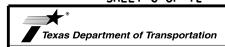
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

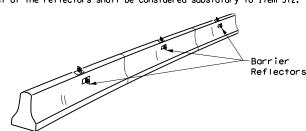


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

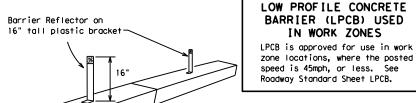
BC(6)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	PAR	19	204, E	TC	(CR
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PAR	GF	RAYSON,	E.	тс	13



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

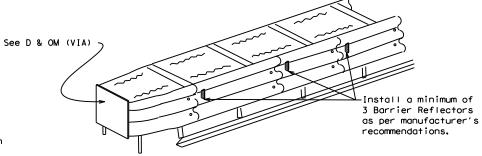
- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



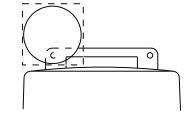
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside. 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

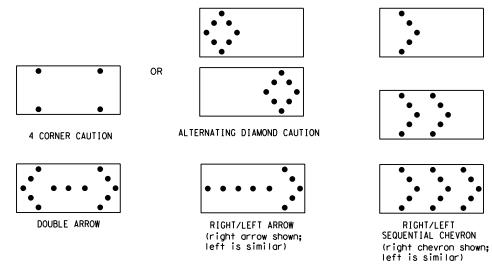
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS 8-14 5-21	PAR	19	204, E	204, ETC		CR	
9-07		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13		PAR	CRAYSON ETC			rc	1 🛮	

GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

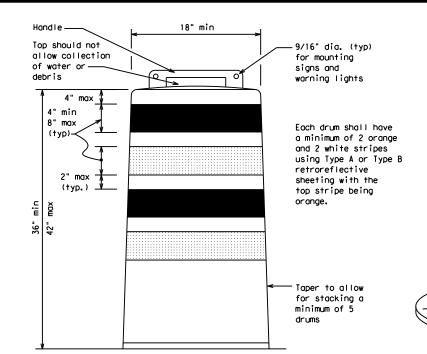
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be nera down while separating the arum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

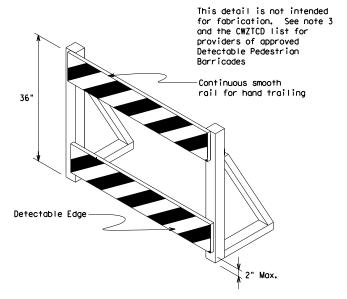
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

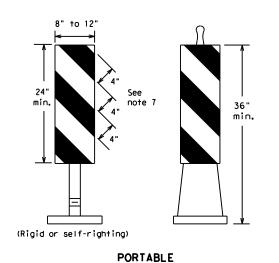
Standard

Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

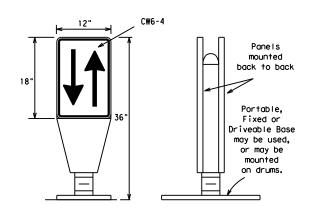
BC(8)-21

	_		_			
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
REVISIONS		19	204, E	ГC	(CR
4-03 8-14 9-07 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	PAR	GI	RAYSON.	Ε.	ГС	15



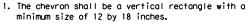
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflec-tive legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacir Channe		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	ws²	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	
40	8	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80'	160′	

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

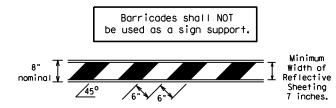
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

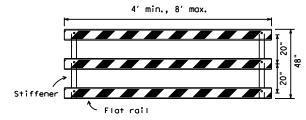
		_		_			
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	PAR	19	204, E1	rc	(CR
9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
7-13		PAR	GRAYSON. ETC			16	

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Note that the content of the cont
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

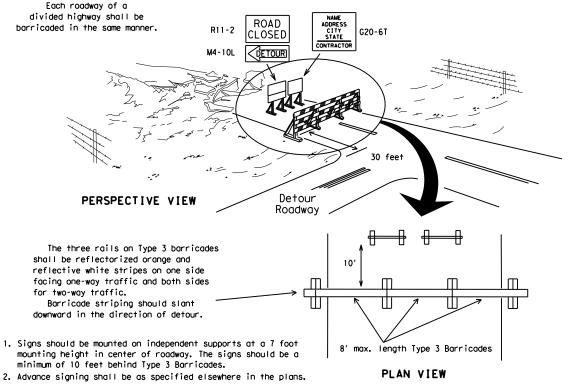


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s coross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector \bigcirc Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

3"-4"

4" min. orange
2" min. white
2" min.
2" min.
4" min. orange
2" min.
4" min. orange
4" min. white
42" min.
4" min. white

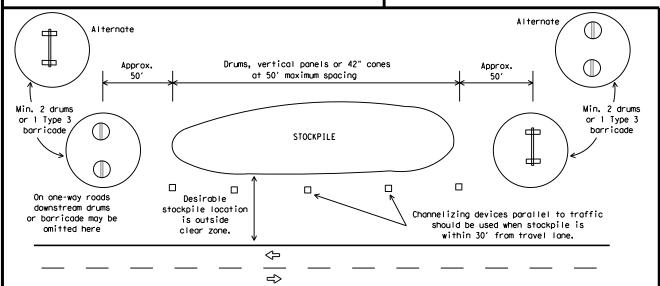
Two-Piece cones

6" min. 2" min. 28" min. 2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	GHWAY
	REVISIONS 8-14	PAR	19	204, E1	(CR	
9-07		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PAR	GF	RAYSON,	ΕŢ	ГС	17

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

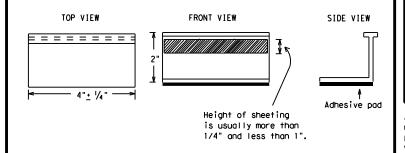
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety



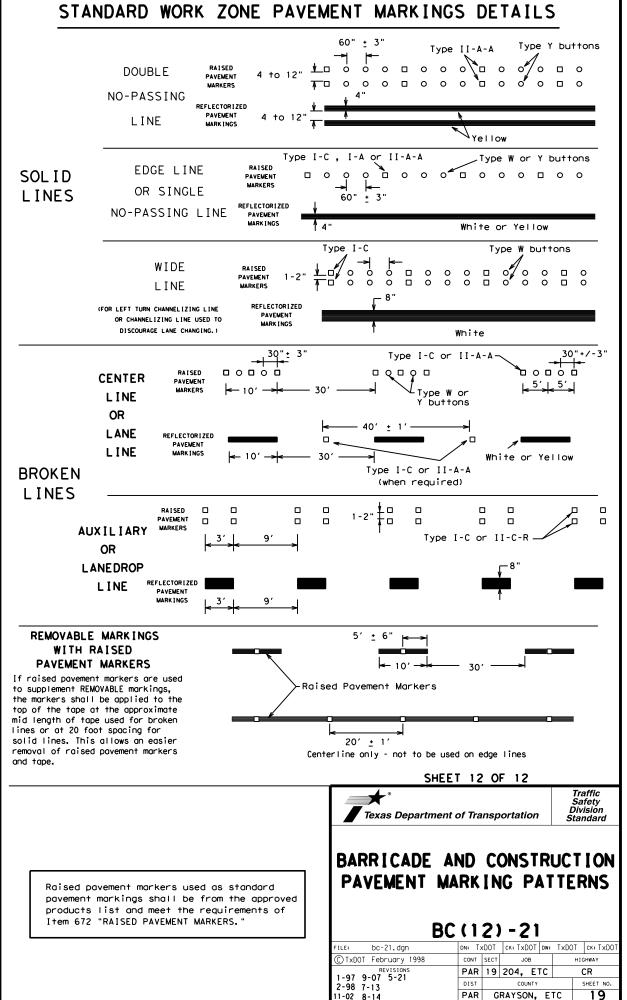
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

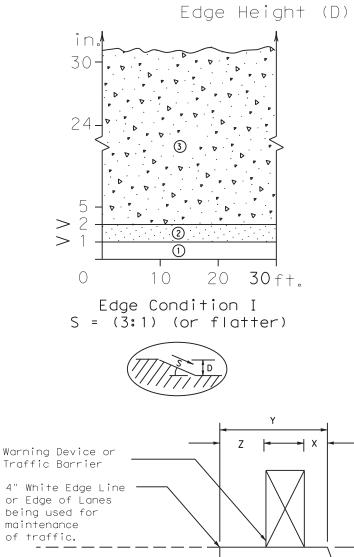
DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT bc-21.dgn © TxDOT February 1998 CONT SECT JOB CR PAR 19 204, ETC 2-98 9-07 5-21 1-02 7-13 11-02 8-14 PAR GRAYSON, ETC 18

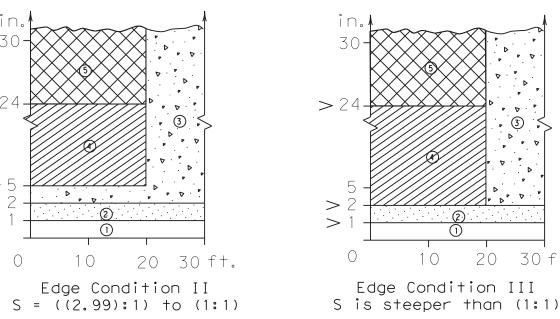
PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-An 1 Q O O O O O O O O O ₹> `Yellow -Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A <>> □وہ/ہ□ہہہ \$\frac{1}{4 \tau 8"} Type Y Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R 0000 00000 0000 Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons ₹> Yellow White 0000 └Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons-0000 0000**0** 0000 0000 White ∕ Type II-A-A Type Y buttons ♦ ₹> 0000 0000 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons Type I-C-Type Y buttons-0 0 0 $\langle \rangle$ ₹> 0000 0000 0000 Type W buttons~ └─Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

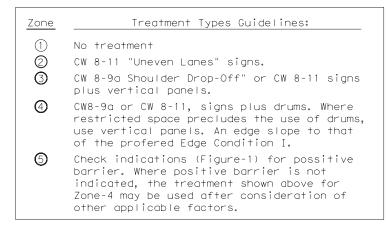


DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet



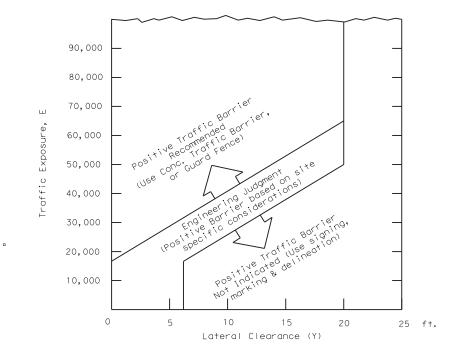




Edge Condition Notes:

- Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 ()



- E = ADT x T Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's and line magnulus.

MONTE L. RATER 95859 11.23.23 SONAL ENGLY MONTE R. Rate P. E.



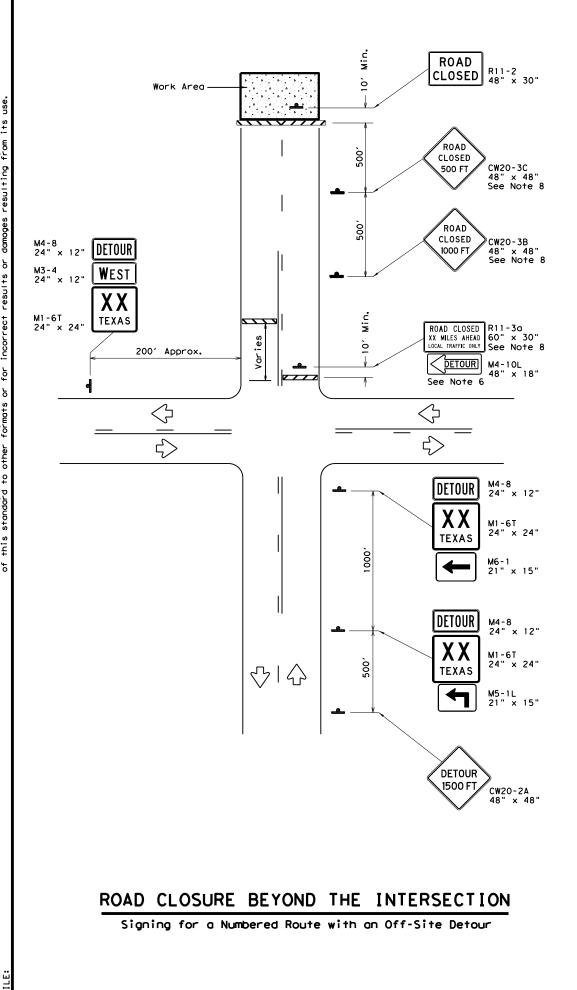
TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

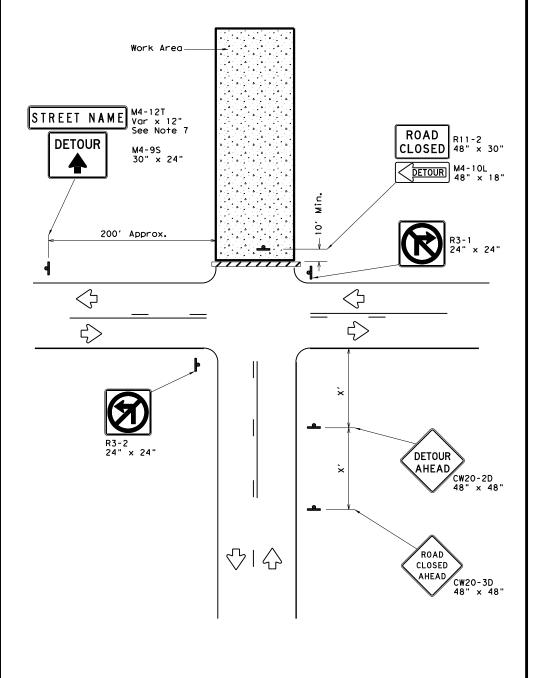
Traffic Safety Division Standard

LE: edgecon.dgn		DN:		CK: DW:			CK:	
TxDOT Aug	gust 2000	CONT	SECT	JOE	3	н	CHWAY	
03-01 REV	ISIONS	0901	19	204,	ETC	(CR	
08-01 9-21		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
9-21		PAR	G	GRAYSON, ETC		TC	20	

- FACTORS CONSIDERED IN THE GUIDELINES:

 1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V).
 The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- 2. Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- 4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- 5. If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.





ROAD CLOSURE AT THE INTERSECTION

Signing for an Un-numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour

LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade								
-	Sign								

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600'
65	700′
70	800′
75	900'

* Conventional Roads Only

GENERAL NOTES

- This sheet is intended to provide details for temporary work zone road closures. For permanent road closure details see the D&OM standards.
- Barricades used shall meet the requirements shown on Barricade and Construction Standard BC(10) and listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices list (CWZTCD).
- Stockpiled materials shall not be placed on the traffic side of barricades.
- Barricades at the road closure should extend from pavement edge to pavement edge.
- 5. Detour signing shown is intended to illustrate the type of signing that is appropriate for numbered routes or un-numbered routes as labeled. It does not indicate the full extent of detour signing required. Detour routes should be signed as shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 6. If the road is open for a significant distance beyond the intersection or there are significant origin/destination points beyond the intersection, the signs and barricades at this location should be located at the edge of the traveled way.
- 7. The Street Name (M4-12T) sign is to be placed above the DETOUR (M4-9S) sign.
- 8. For urban areas where there is a shorter distance between the intersection and the actual closure location, the ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD (R11-3a) sign may be replaced with a ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign. If adequate space does not exist between the intersection and the closure a single ROAD CLOSED AHEAD (CW20-3D) sign spaced as per the table above may replace the ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT (CW20-3B) and ROAD CLOSED 500 FT (CW20-3C) signs.
- Signs and barricades shown shall be subsidiary to Item 502. Locations where these details will be required shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

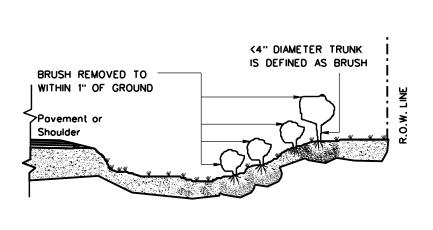


Traffic Operations Division Standard

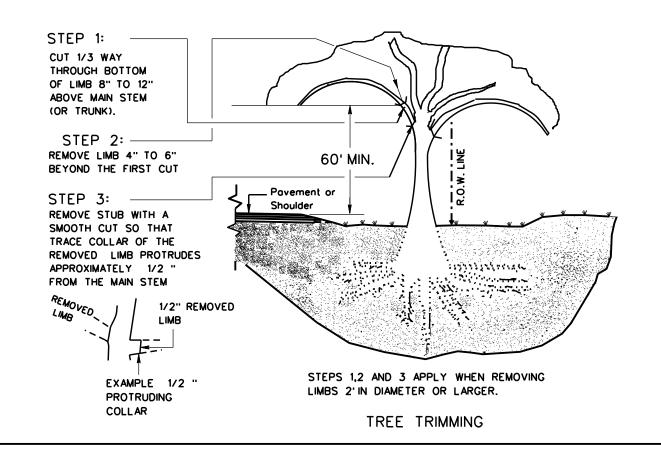
WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE DETAILS

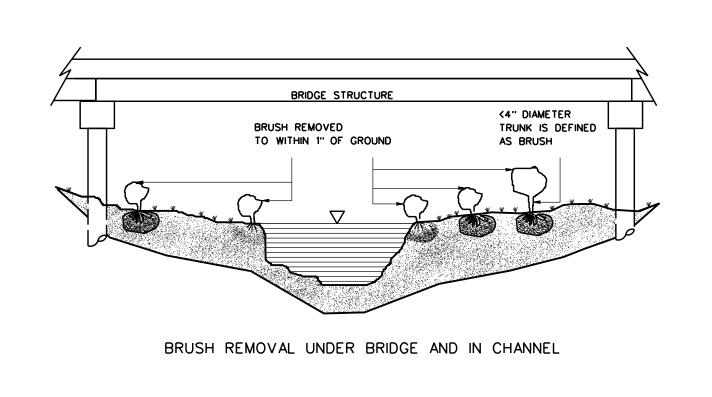
WZ (RCD) -13

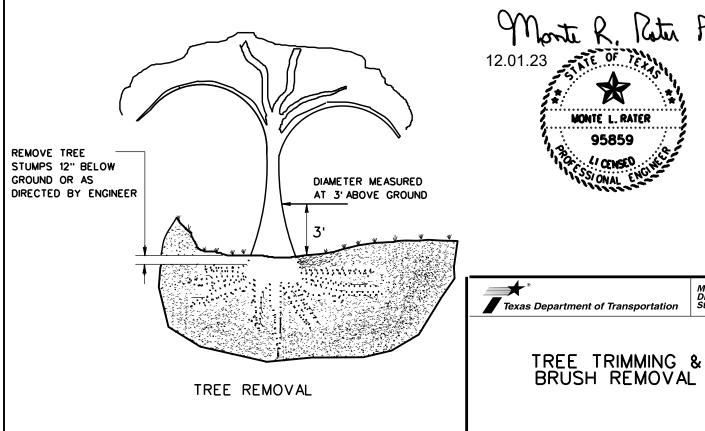
					_		
FILE:	wzrcd-13.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	August 1995	CONT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	PAR	19	204, E	TC	(CR
1-97 4-98	7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
2-98 3-03		PAR	GI	RAYSON,	E.	ГС	21



BRUSH REMOVAL







Maintenance Division Standard

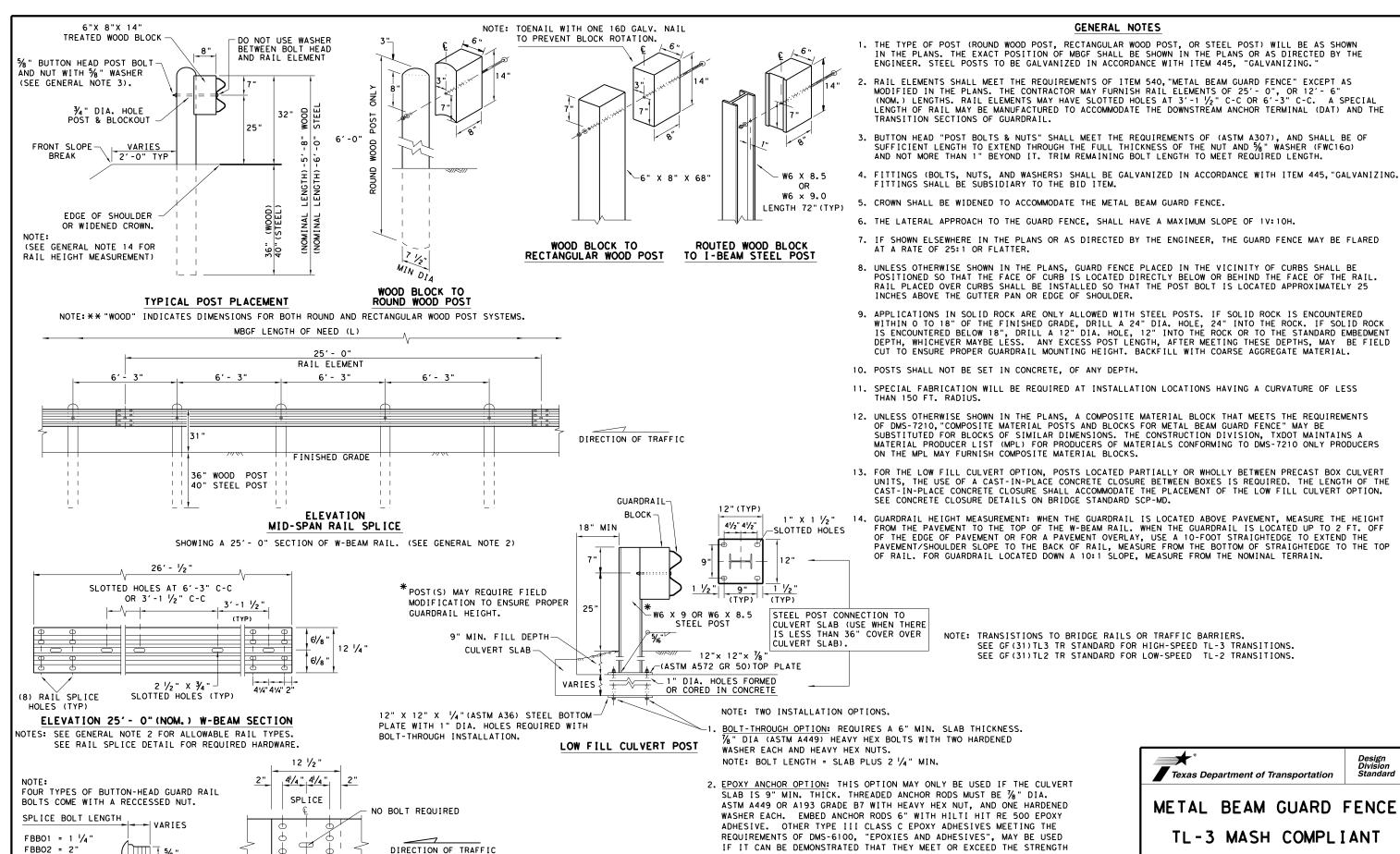
CR

0901 19 204, ETC

PAR GRAYSON, ETC 22

© TxDOT MARCH 2015

ised table 1 to 2014 Specificatio



% " X 1 ¼" BUTTON HEAD SPLICE BOLTS WITH RECCESSED NUTS.

MID-SPAN

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

OF HILTI HIT RE 500 WITH THE SAME EMBEDMENT DEPTH AND THREADED ROD DIA. FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLING

EPOXIED THREADED RODS. EXTEND RODS 1/4" MIN. BEYOND NUT.

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

GF (31) - 19

POST & BLOCK LENGTH

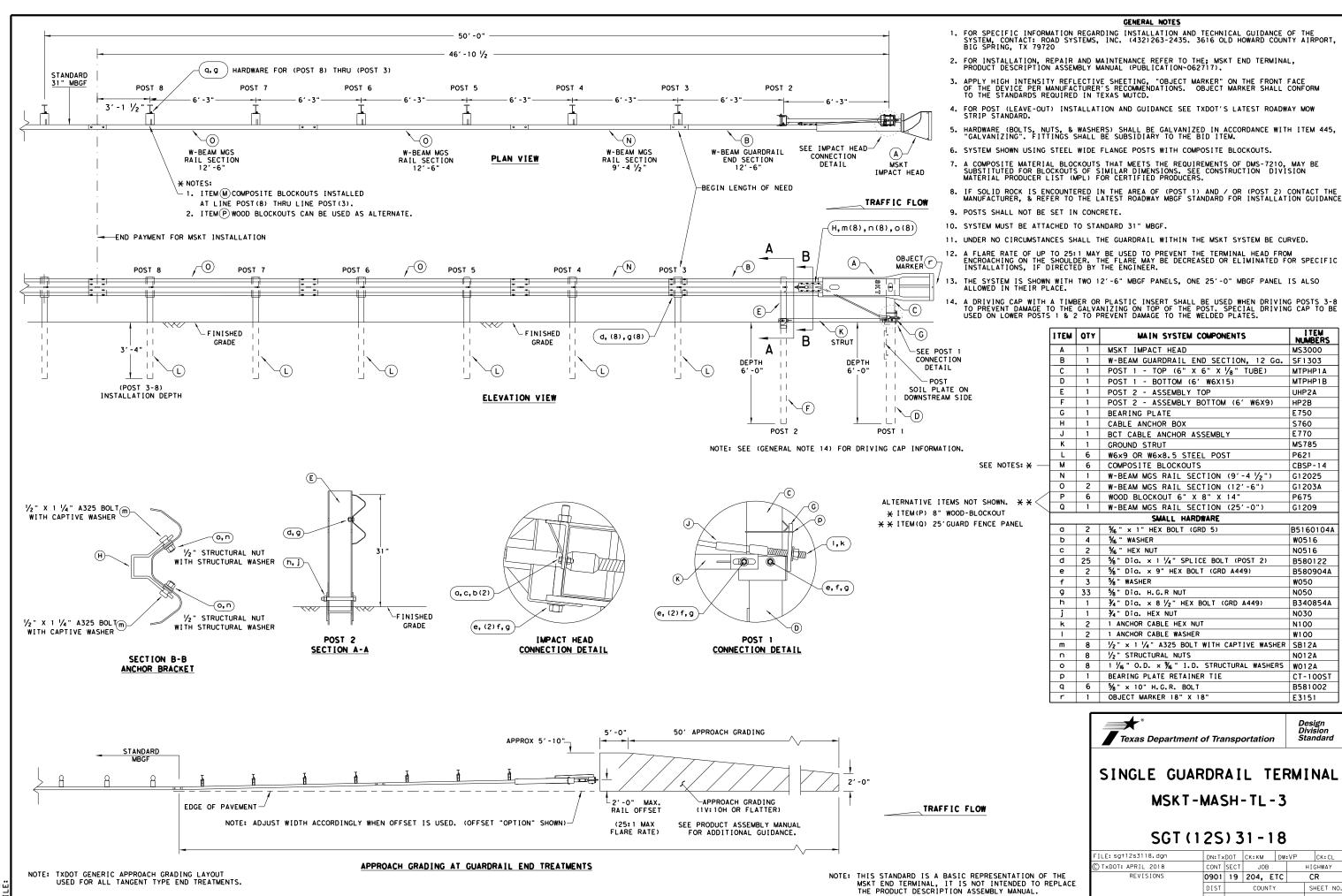
BUTTON HEAD BOLT

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR

FBB03 = 10"

FBBO4 = 18'



I TEM NUMBERS

MS3000

MTPHP1A

MTPHP1B

UHP2A

HP2B

E750 S760

F770

MS785

CBSP-14

G12025 G1203A

P675

G1209

W0516

N0516

W050

N050

N030

N100

W100

N012A

W012A

CT-100ST

B581002

Design Division Standard

HIGHWAY

SHEET NO

CR

E3151

DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CL

CONT SECT JOB

DIST

0901 19 204, ETC

PAR GRAYSON, ETC

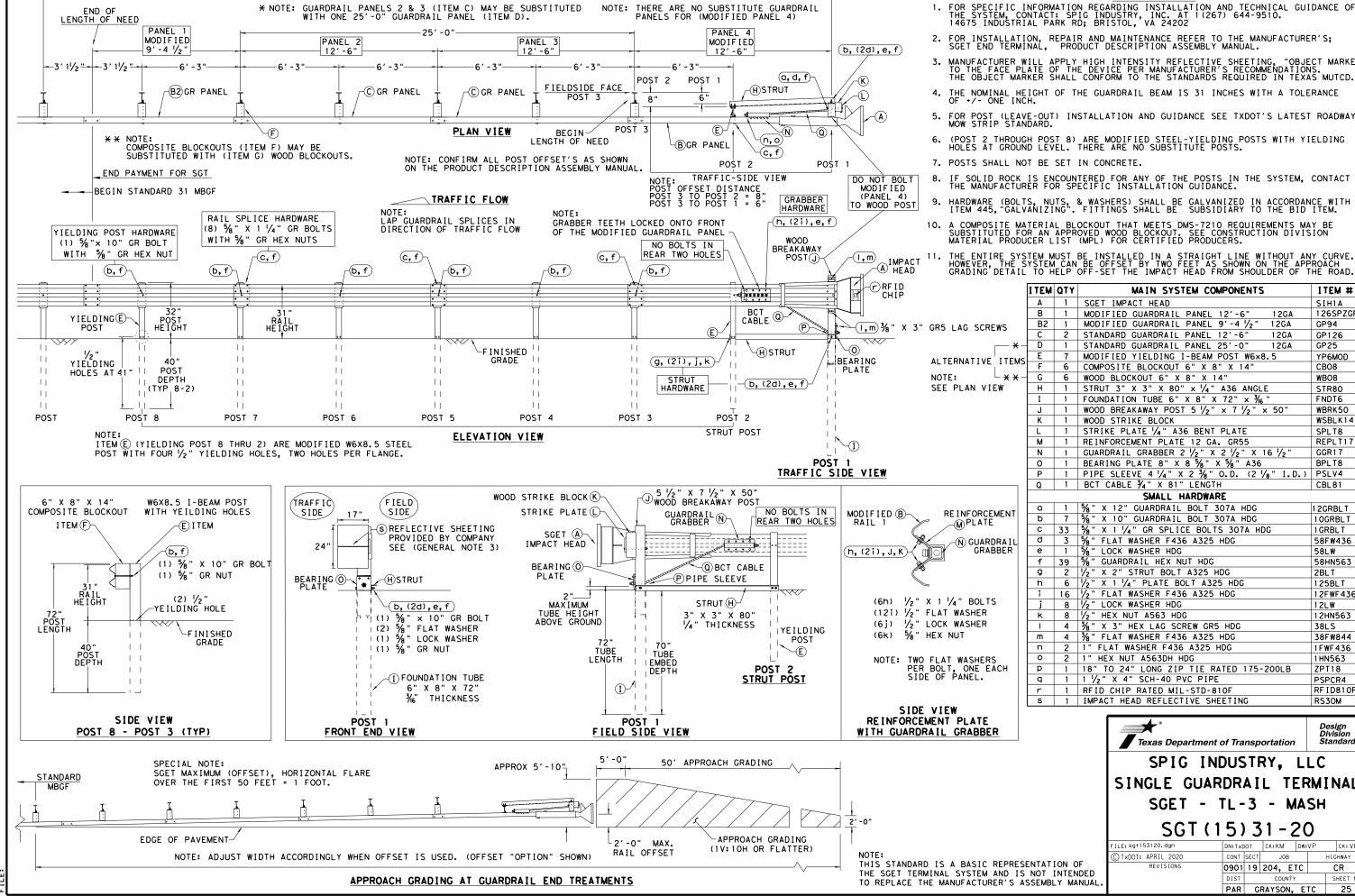
B580122

B580904A

B340854A

B5160104A

P621



GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: SPIG INDUSTRY, INC. AT 1 (267) 644-9510. 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD; BRISTOL, VA 24202
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S; SGET END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
- 3. MANUFACTURER WILL APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER' TO THE FACE PLATE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. THE OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF +/- ONE INCH.
- 6. (POST 2 THROUGH POST 8) ARE MODIFIED STEEL-YIELDING POSTS WITH YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL. THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE POSTS.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED FOR ANY OF THE POSTS IN THE SYSTEM, CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 10. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS DMS-7210 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN APPROVED WOOD BLOCKOUT. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.

THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE OFFSET BY TWO FEET AS SHOWN ON THE APPROACH GRADING DETAIL TO HELP OFF-SET THE IMPACT HEAD FROM SHOULDER OF THE ROAD.

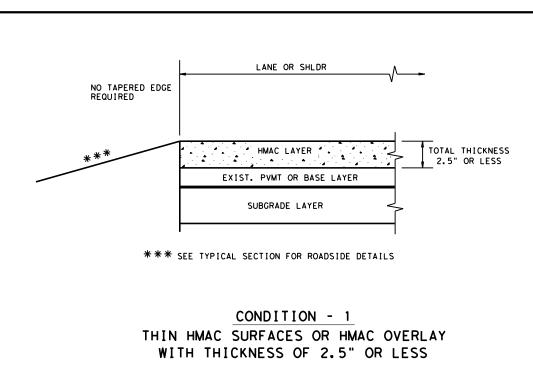
- L				
	Α	1	SGET IMPACT HEAD	SIH1A
Ī	В	1	MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL 12'-6" 12GA	126SPZGP
Ī	В2	1	MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL 9'-4 1/2" 12GA	GP94
Ī	С	2	STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL 12'-6" 12GA	GP126
┨	D	1	STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" 12GA	GP25
s	Ε	7	MODIFIED YIELDING I-BEAM POST W6×8.5	YP6MOD
٦	F	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	CBO8
-[G	6	WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	WBO8
	Н	1	STRUT 3" X 3" X 80" x 1/4" A36 ANGLE	STR80
	I	1	FOUNDATION TUBE 6" X 8" X 72" × 36"	FNDT6
	J	1	WOOD BREAKAWAY POST 5 1/2" x 7 1/2" x 50"	WBRK50
	K	1	WOOD STRIKE BLOCK	WSBLK14
	L	1	STRIKE PLATE 1/4" A36 BENT PLATE	SPLT8
L	М	1	REINFORCEMENT PLATE 12 GA. GR55	REPLT17
	N	1	GUARDRAIL GRABBER 2 1/2 " X 2 1/2 " X 16 1/2 "	GGR17
	0	1	BEARING PLATE 8" X 8 1/8" X 1/8" A 36	BPLT8
	Р	1	PIPE SLEEVE 4 1/4" X 2 3/8" O.D. (2 1/8" I.D.) BCT CABLE 3/4" X 81" LENGTH	PSLV4
L	Q	1	CBL81	
			SMALL HARDWARE	
Ī	a	1	5/8" X 12" GUARDRAIL BOLT 307A HDG	12GRBLT
Ī	b	7	5% " X 10" GUARDRAIL BOLT 307A HDG	1 OGRBL T
ſ	С	33	5% " X 1 1/4" GR SPLICE BOLTS 307A HDG	1 GRBL T
ſ	d	3	5% " FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG 5% " LOCK WASHER HDG	58FW436
	е	1	5% " LOCK WASHER HDG	58LW
	f	39	%" GUARDRAIL HEX NUT HDG	58HN563
	g	2	√2" X 2" STRUT BOLT A325 HDG	2BLT
	h	6	1/2" X 1 1/4" PLATE BOLT A325 HDG	125BLT
	i	16	√2" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	12FWF436
	j	8	1/2" LOCK WASHER HDG	12LW
	k	8	√2" HEX NUT A563 HDG	12HN563
	- 1	4	¾" X 3" HEX LAG SCREW GR5 HDG	38LS
	m	4	¾" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	38FW844
	n	2	1" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	1FWF436
L	0	2	1" HEX NUT A563DH HDG	1 HN563
	р	1	18" TO 24" LONG ZIP TIE RATED 175-200LB	ZPT18
L	q	1	1 1/2" X 4" SCH-40 PVC PIPE	PSPCR4
	r	1	RFID CHIP RATED MIL-STD-810F	RF I D810F
ſ	s	1	IMPACT HEAD REFLECTIVE SHEETING	RS30M

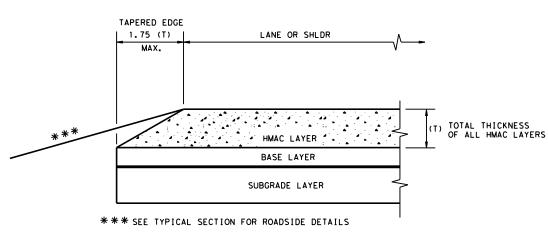


ITEM #

SPIG INDUSTRY, LLC SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SGET - TL-3 - MASH SGT (15) 31-20

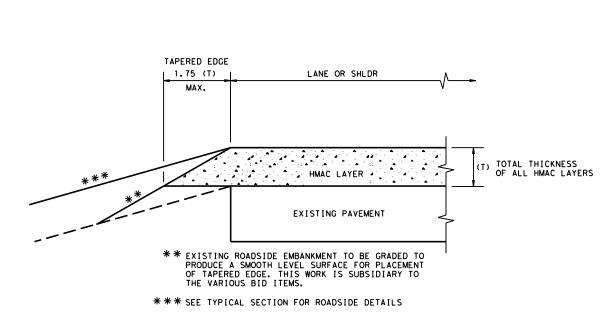
FILE: sg+153120.dgn	DN: T×DOT		CK:KM DW:		VP	CK: VP	
C)TxDOT: APRIL 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		H:	GHWAY	
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, E	204, ETC		CR	
	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
	PAR	GF	RAYSON,	Ε.	TC	25	





CONDITION - 3

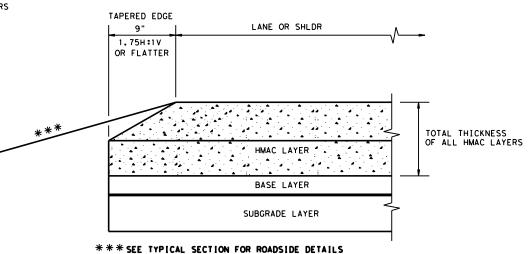
NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT
HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 2

OVERLAY OF EXISTING PAVEMENT

HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 4

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5".

GENERAL NOTES

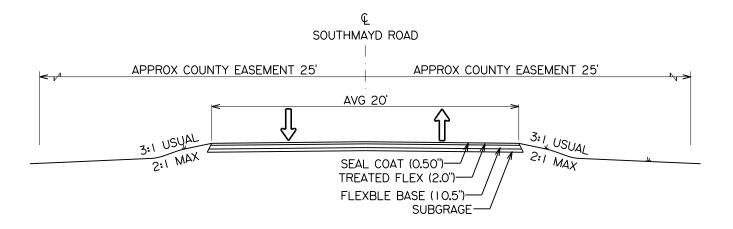
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.



TAPERED EDGE DETAILS
HMAC PAVEMENT

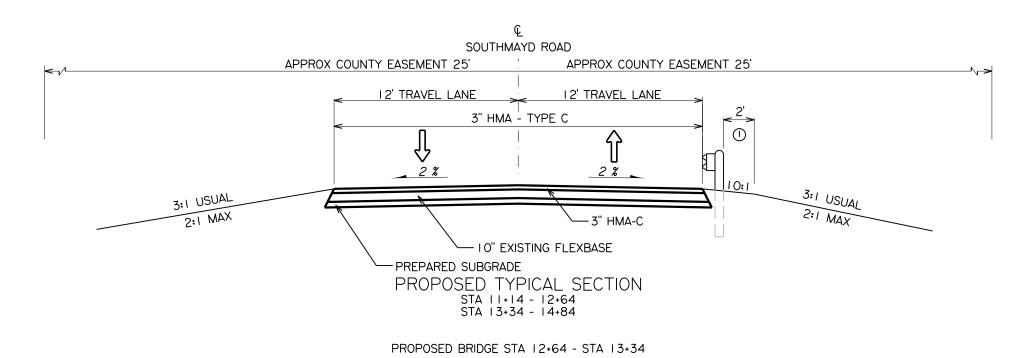
TE (HMAC) - 11

FILE: tehmac11.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: RL	Dw: KB		CK:
© TxDOT January 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, E	ТС	(CR
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	PAR	GI	RAYSON,	ETC		26



EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION STA | | | 4-84

EXISTING BRIDGE STA 12+79 - STA 13+20



TRANSITION FROM EXISTING TO PROPOSED STA, I I +46 TO I I +7 I STA, I 4+34 TO I 4+84

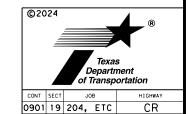
MONTE L. RATER
95859

10.35/ONAL ENGINEER

CSJ 0901-19-204

SOUTHMAYD ROAD AT ELBA CREEK

TYPICAL SECTIONS

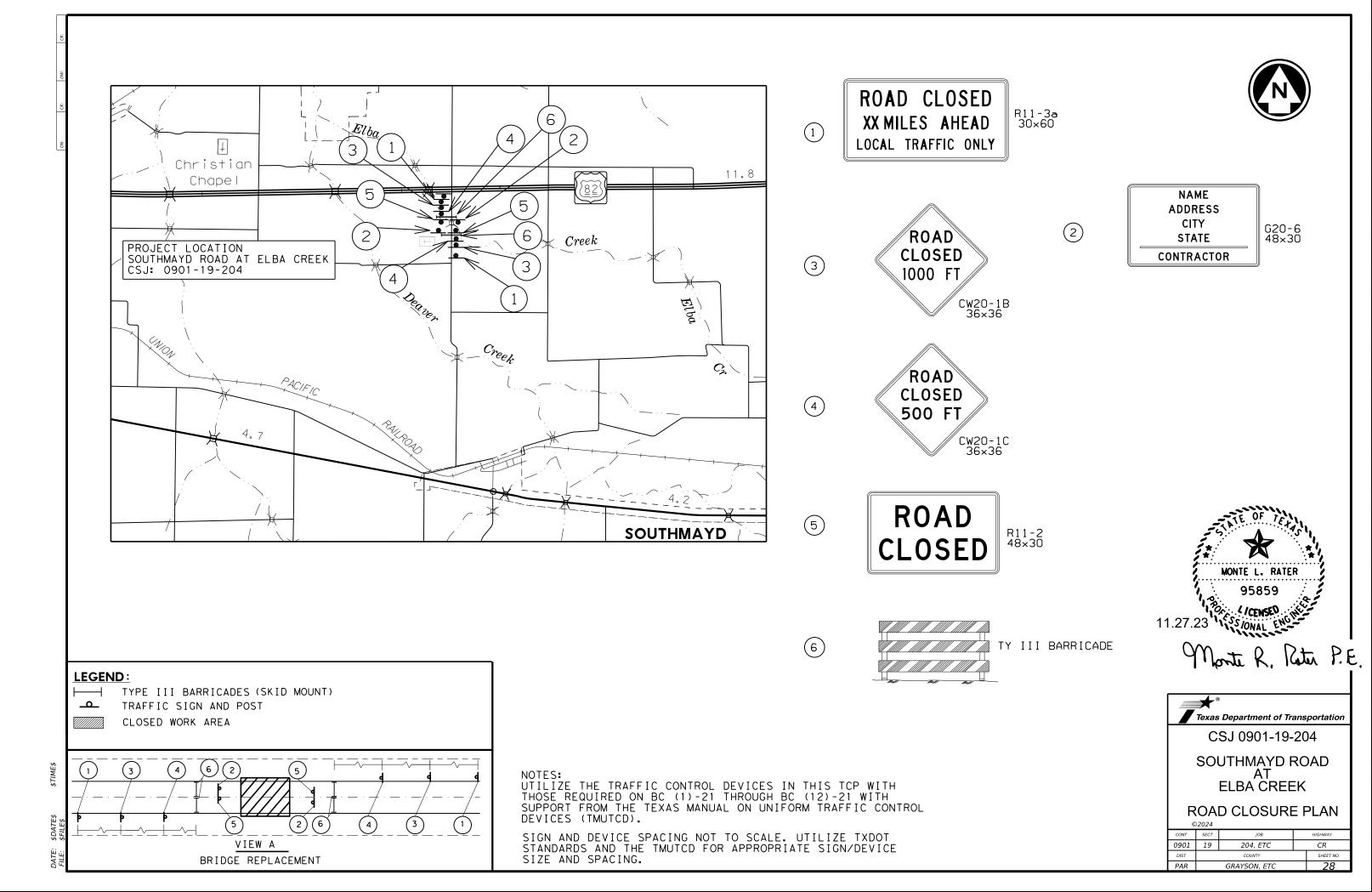


DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.
PAR GRAYSON, ETC 27

O 2 4 6 8 10

HORIZONTAL SCALE

(1) THE 2' 10:1 SLOPE WILL BE REQUIRED ONLY AT LOCATIONS WHERE MBGF IS PROPOSED ADJACENT TO THE ROADWAY, REFER TO PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS FOR MBGF LOCATIONS.



SUMMARY OF R	DADWAY ITEMS												
					100	110	110	132	251	3076	540	544	658
					6002	6001	6002	6003	6485	6016	6002	6001	6062
LOCATION		LENGTH	EXISTING WIDTH	STING PROPOSED DTH WIDTH	PREPARING ROW	REPARING EXCAVATION E ROW (ROADWAY)	VHIIUN EXCHVHIIUN (TACHAHITON / CIMVI // UDD //	(FINAL)(ORD (TY B)(10")(ORD 1	D-GR HMA D TY-C SAC-A PG64-22 MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	
					STA	CY	CY	CY	STA	TON	LF	EA	EA
CSJ 090	1-19-204												
ELBA	CREEK												
BRIDGE 12+	64 TO 13+34						245	88					
11+14	11+46	32	23	23	0.32	14			0.32	13			
11+46	11+71	25	23	24	0.25	11			0.25	11			
11+71	12+64	93	23	24	0.93	41			0.93	41			
13+34	14+34	100	23	24	1.00	44			1	44			
14+34	14+84	50	23	23	0.50	21			0.5	21			
NORTH BOUN	ID APPROACH										175	1	3
NORTH BOUN	D DEPARTURE										100	1	3
SOUTH BOUN	ID APPROACH										175	1	3
SOUTH BOUN	D DEPARTURE										75	1	3
			PROJ	ECT TOTALS	3	150	245	88	3	130	525	4	12

TY-C HMA BASED ON 110 LB/SY/IN @ 3IN DEPTH

OL ITEMS	
506 6002	506 6011
ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)
LF	LF
80	80
80	80
	506 6002 ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2) LF

		164 6009	164 6011	164 6023	168 6001		
LOCATION		BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) BROADCAST SEI (WARM) (TEMP) (COOL		CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURA L)(CLAY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	FERTILIZER 3-1-2	
BEGIN	END	SY	SY	SY	MG	TON	
CSJ 0901	-19-204						
ELBA	CREEK						
11+14	12+64	450	450	900	5. 4	44	
13+34	14+84	724	724	1,448	8. 7	71	
	TOTALS	1, 174	1,174	2,348	14	116	

FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION: 2 CYCLES AT 50 LBS.NITROGEN PER ACRE AT 21-7-14 (NPK) ANALYSIS-0.0492 LBS/SY/CYCLE

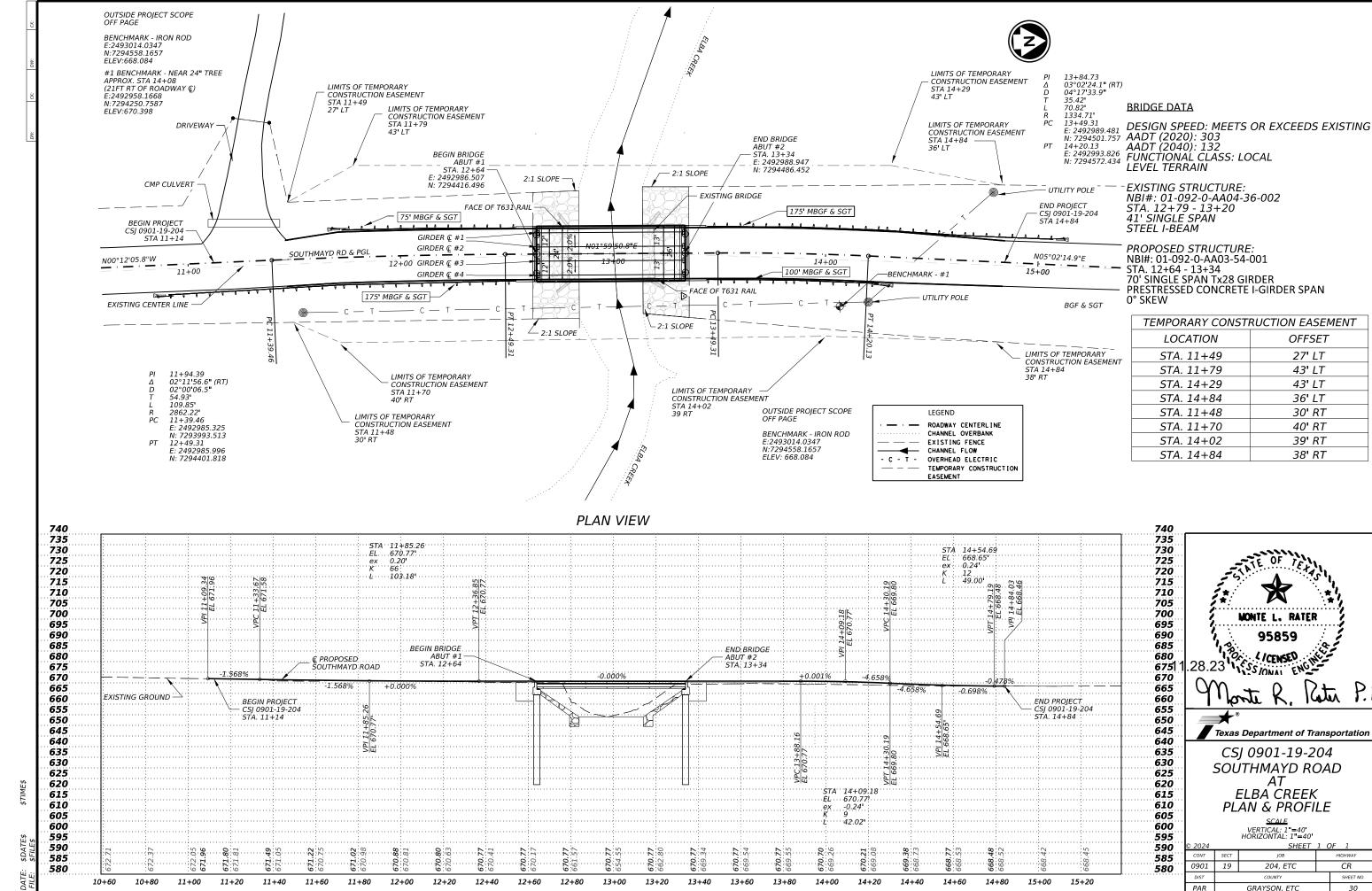
WATERING: BASED ON 2 APPLICATIONS, 0.5" RAINFALL EQUIVALENT=0.003 MG/SY/CYCLE

SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEMS	
	496 6009
LOCATION	REMOV STR (BRIDGE Ø - 99 FT LENGTH)
	EA
CSJ 01901-19-204	
ELBA CREEK	
12+64 - 13+34	1
TOTALS	1



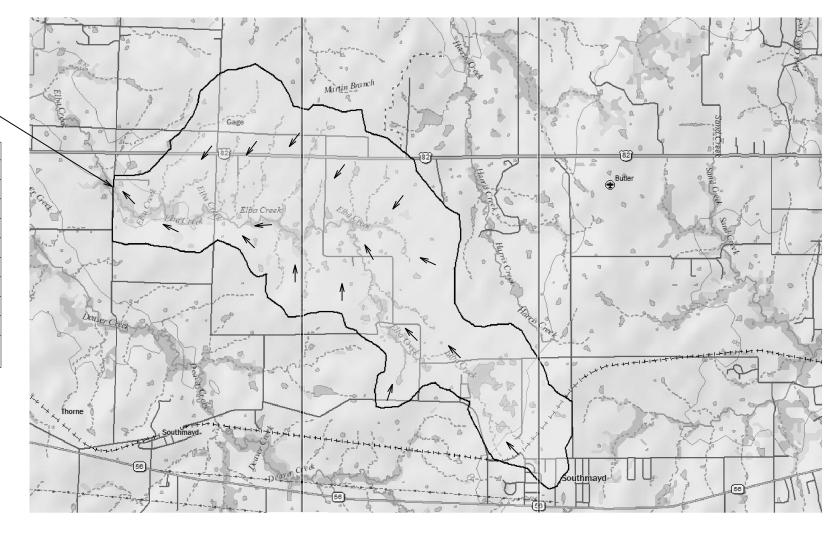
SOUTHMAYD ROAD ELBA CREEK QUANTITY SUMMARIES

©2024							
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY				
0901	19	204, ETC	CR				
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
PAR		GRAYSON, ETC		29			



BRIDGE LOCATION: CR354 (SOUTHMAYD RD) AT ELBA CREEK 7.38 SQ MI

HEC-HMS						
RECURRANCE	FLOW (cfs)					
2 YEAR	2345.9					
5 YEAR	3593.9					
10 YEAR	4580.3					
25 YEAR	5944.2					
50 YEAR	7025.3					
100 YEAR	8161.3					
LAG (min)	103.80					
RCN	82.4					
TIME INTERVAL (min)	15					



SCALE (MILES)

KATIE J. VICK 133333 Katre of Vick, P.E.

CSJ 0901-19-204

SOUTHMAYD ROAD ΑT ELBA CREEK

HYDROLOGIC DATA

© 2024 ** Texas Department of Transportation										
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY							
0901	19	204, ETC	CR							

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.
PAR GRAYSON, ETC 31

HYDROLOGIC METHOD

DESIGN OF DRAINAGE FACILITIES BASED UPON THE TXDOT HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL, SEPTEMBER 2019.

DRAINAGE AREAS DETERMINED BY SURVEY DATA, USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS, DIGITAL ELEVATION MODELS, AS-BUILTS PLANS AND FIELD OBSERVATIONS. NRCS CURVE LOSS NUMBER MODEL EMPLOYED IN HYROLOGIC ANALYSIS.

THE PEAK FLOWS WERE DETERMINED USING THE FREQUENCY STORM METHOD (BALANCED FLOWS) MODELED IN HEC-HMS 4.10. THE 2018 NOAA ATLAS 14 DEPTHS WERE USED TO TABULATE RAINFALL AMOUNTS. PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION

EXISTING WATER SURFACE ELEVATION

RIVER

STATION

668.86	668.45	-0.41	5.09	5.95	0.86				
668 <u>.</u> 27	667.32	-0.95	2.45	3.11	0.66				
668.11	666.94	-1.17	2.85	4.09	1.24				
667.96	665.06	-2.9	1.03	4.15	3.12				
	BRIDGE								
664.02	664.51	0.49	12	5.53	-6.47				
664.18	664.18	0	6.48	6.48	0				
661.79	661.79	0	6.78	6.78	0				
660.55	660.55	0	2.79	2.79	0				
	668.27 668.11 667.96 664.02 664.18 661.79	668.27 667.32 668.11 666.94 667.96 665.06 664.02 664.51 664.18 664.18 661.79 661.79	668.27 667.32 -0.95 668.11 666.94 -1.17 667.96 665.06 -2.9 BRIDGE 664.02 664.51 0.49 664.18 664.18 0 661.79 661.79 0	668.27 667.32 -0.95 2.45 668.11 666.94 -1.17 2.85 667.96 665.06 -2.9 1.03 BRIDGE 664.02 664.51 0.49 12 664.18 664.18 0 6.48 661.79 661.79 0 6.78	668,27 667,32 -0.95 2.45 3.11 668.11 666.94 -1.17 2.85 4.09 667.96 665.06 -2.9 1.03 4.15 BRIDGE 664.02 664.51 0.49 12 5.53 664.18 664.18 0 6.48 6.48 661.79 661.79 0 6.78 6.78				

HEC-RAS 2 YEAR FLOOD EVENT

DIFFERENCE

(FT)

EXISTING CHANNEL

PROPOSED CHANNEL DIFFERENCE

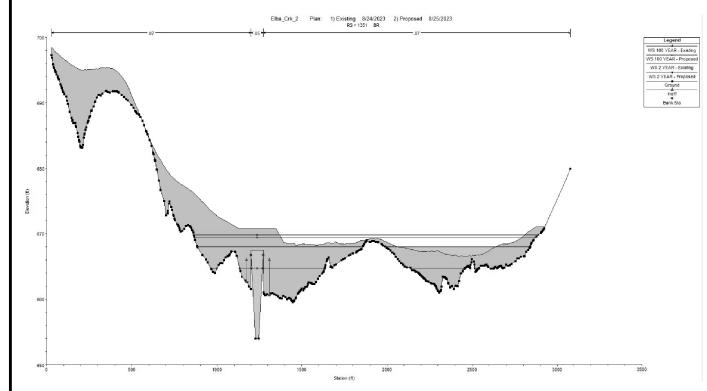
(FT/S)

0.01

0.21

VELOCITY (FT/S)

	HEC-RAS 100 YEAR FLOOD EVENT										
RIVER STATION	EXISTING WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)	PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)	DIFFERENCE (FT)	EXISTING CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	PROPOSED CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	DIFFERENCE (FT/S)					
5754	675.7	675.7	0	4.08	4.08	0					
4766	675.12	675.11	-0.01	3.98	3.99	0.01					
4200	674.14	674.13	-0.01	7.83	7.86	0.03					
3631	672.89	672.83	-0.06	6.63	6.74	0.11					
3430	672.17	672.07	-0.1	7.35	7.54	0.19					
2568	670.83	670.34	-0.49	5.1	5.79	0.69					
2239	670.35	669.71	-0.64	6.02	6.5	0.48					
1410	669.78	669.39	-0.39	2.29	1.73	-0.56					
1351			BRIDGE								
1319	669.26	669.2	-0.06	3.21	2.19	-1.02					
1222	666.48	666.48	0	14.45	14.45	0					
726	664.59	664.59	0	7.02	7.02	0					
150	663.57	663.57	0	4.16	4.16	0					



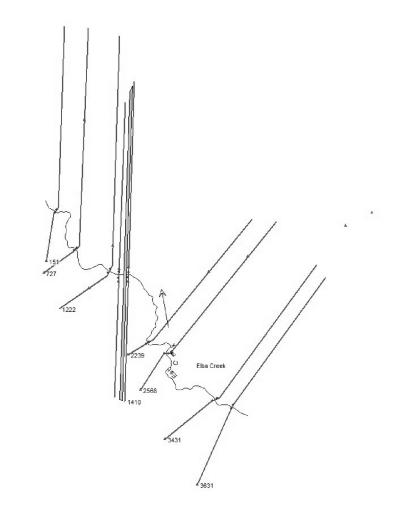
SECTION AT UPSTREAM OF BRIDGE FACE RIVER STATION 13+51

- 1. THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION WERE COMPUTED USING HEC-RAS 6.3
- 2. THE PROPOSED BRIDGE CONDITIONS WERE MODELED IN HEC-RAS USING THE ENERGY (STANDARD STEP) METHOD FOR LOW FLOW AND THE PRESSURE AND/OR WEIR METHOD FOR HIGH FLOW. THE REACH BOUNDARY CONDITIONS WERE ESTABLISHED BY CALCULATING NORMAL DEPTH WITH A CHANNEL SLOPE OF 0.002 UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM.
- 3. THIS SITE LIES WITHIN A FEMA FLOOD HAZARD AREA ZONE A AS SHOWN ON FEMA FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP NO.48181C0250F.
- 4. COORDINATION WITH THE GRAYSON COUNTY FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR WAS COMPLETED ON 12/08/2024.

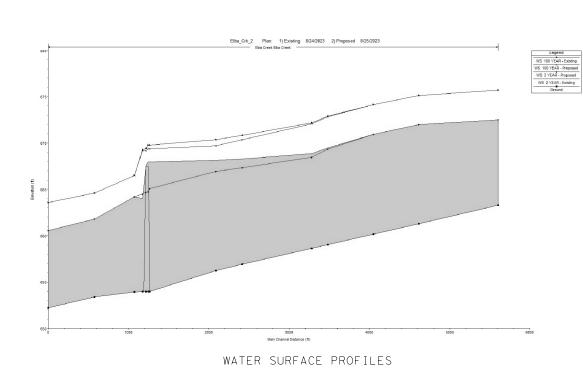
 EXISTING
 PROPOSED

 LOW CHORD (FT)
 667.45
 667.45

 LOWEST ROAD ELEVATION (FT)
 666.48
 666.48



CROSS-SECTION LAYOUT



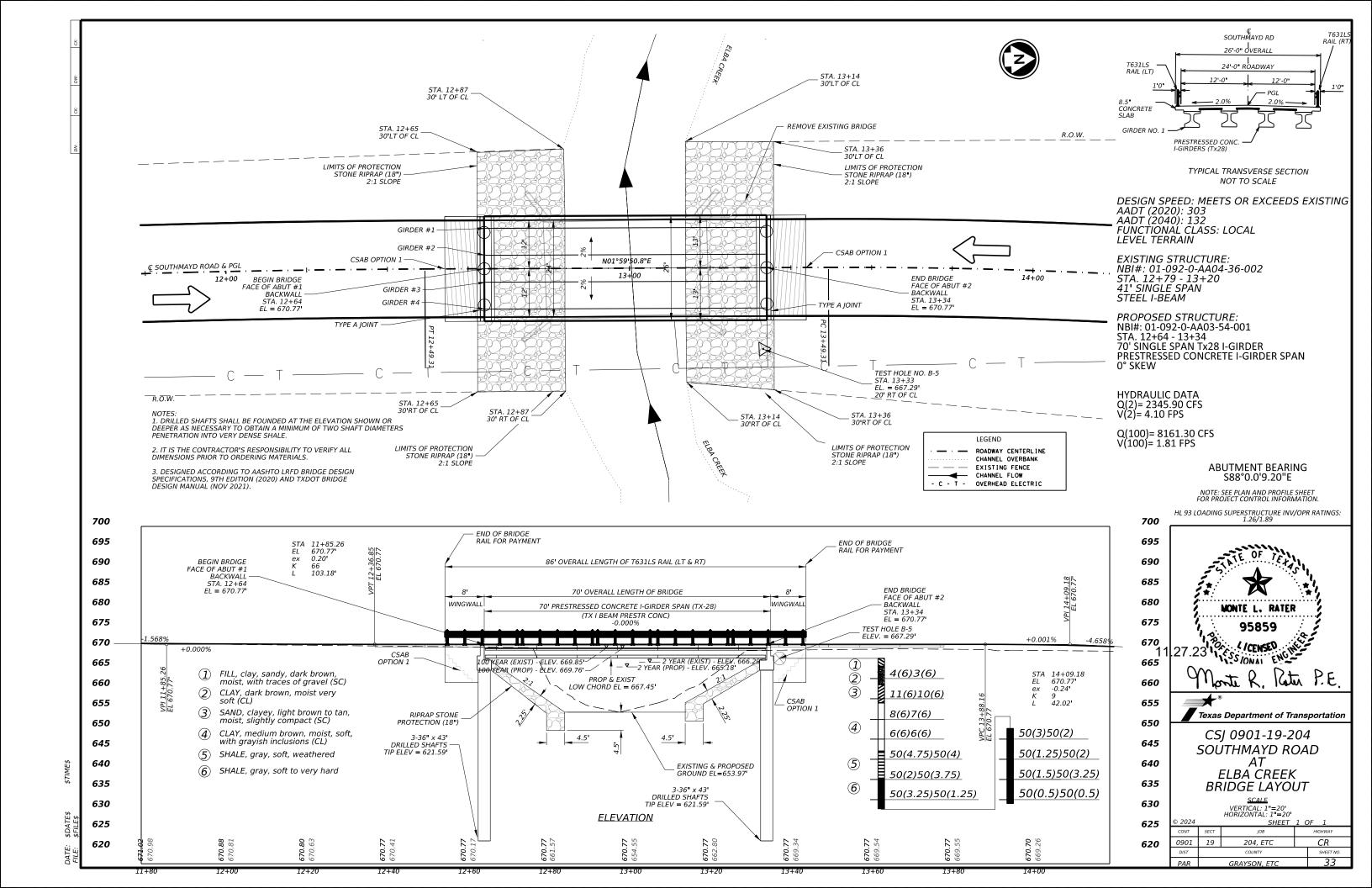


Katie of Vick, P.E. CSJ 0901-19-204

SOUTHMAYD ROAD AT ELBA CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA





SUMMARY OF BRIDGE ITEMS - NBI: Ø1-Ø92-Ø-AAØ3-54-ØØ1											
	400	416	420	422	425	432	450				
	6005	6004	6Ø13	6001	6Ø35	6033	6019				
CSJ Ø91-19-204 SOUTHMAYD ROAD	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	REINF CONC SLAB	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX28)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	RAIL (TY T631LS)				
	CY	LF	CY	SF	LF	CY	LF				
	50.8	258	32.8	1,820	278	270	172				
PROJECT TOTALS	50.8	258	32.8	1,820	278	270	172				

Ø.4CY ADDED FOR SHEAR KEY

BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS (FT)

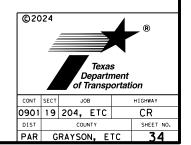
GIRDER 1 GIRDER 4 GIRDER 2 GIRDER 3 667.007 667.141 667.141 667.007 ABUT 1 (FWD) GIRDER 1 GIRDER 2 GIRDER 3 GIRDER 4 667.007 667.141 667.141 667.007 ABUT 2 (BK)



CSJ 0901-19-204

SOUTHMAYD ROAD AT ELBA CREEK

BRIDGE QUANTITITES AND BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

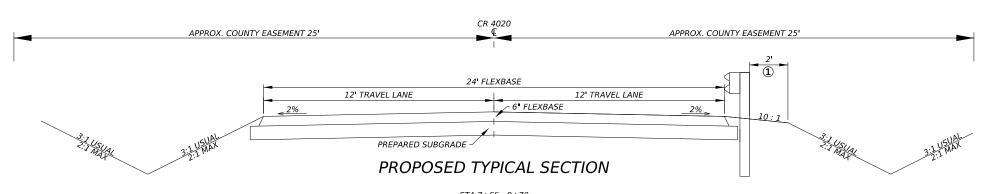


WI 18

TE: \$DATE\$ -E: \$FILE\$

EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION

STA 7+65 - 9+83 STA 10+12 - 12+35 EXISTING BRIDGE STA 9+83 - 10+12



STA 7+65 - 9+70 STA 10+30 - 12+35 PROPOSED BRIDGE STA 9+70 - 10+30



Monte R. Retur P.E.



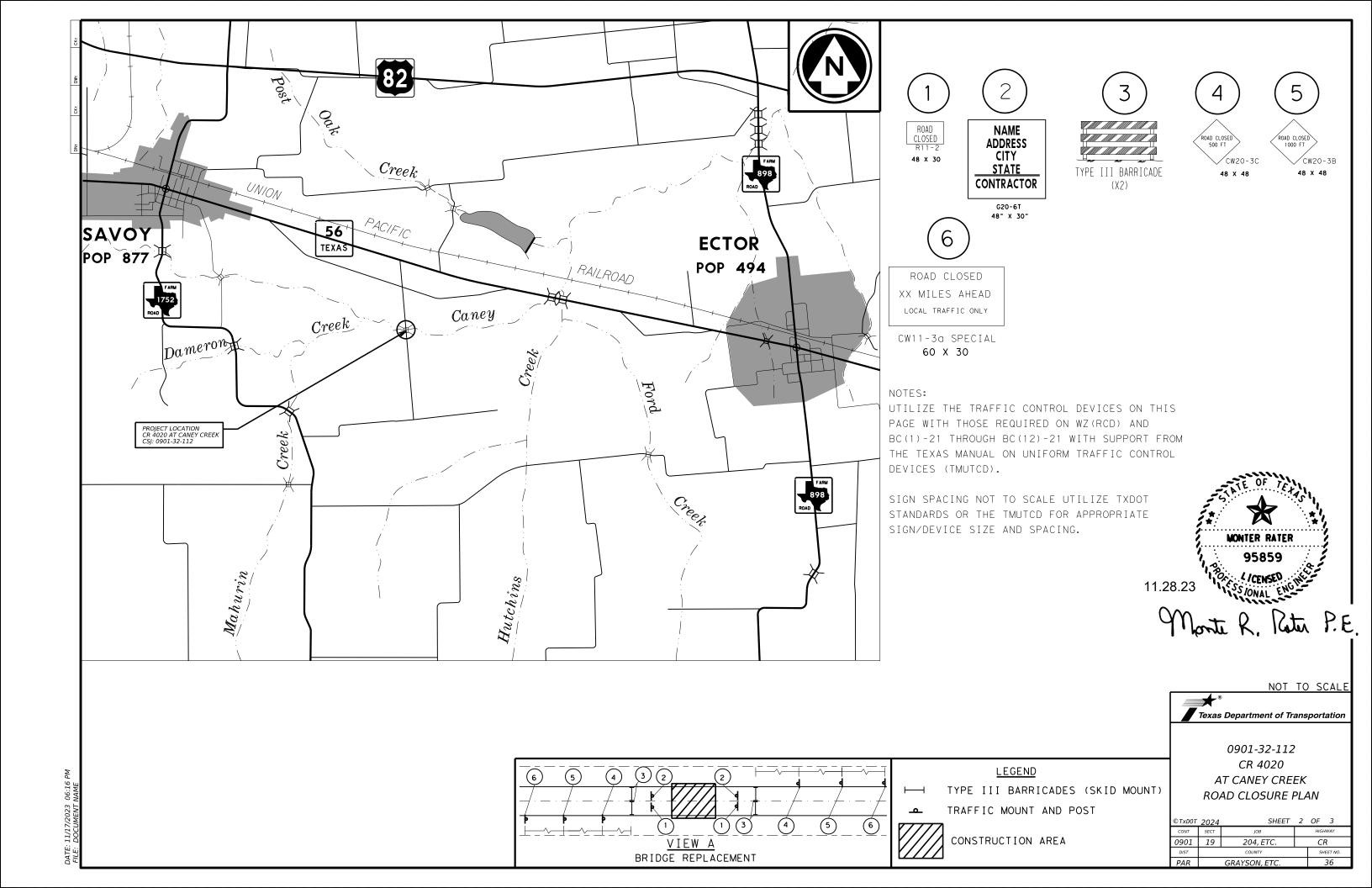
Texas Department of Transportation

0901-32-112 CR 4020 AT CANEY CREEK TYPICAL SECTIONS

	©TxDOT	2024	SHEET	2	OF	3	
WILL BE REQUIRED NS WHERE MBGF IS	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY	
ENT TO THE ROADWAY.	0901	19	204, ETC.	TC.		₹	
ID PROFILE SHEETS ONS.	DIST		COUNTY		SH	EET NO.	
ONS.	PAR		GRAYSON, ETC.			35	

11/30/2023 12:29 PM DOCUMENT NAME

THE 2' 10:1 SLOPE WILL BE REQUIRED ONLY AT LOCATIONS WHERE MBGF IS PROPOSED ADJACENT TO THE ROADWAY REFER TO PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS FOR MBGF LOCATIONS.



	SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS												
						100	110	110	132	247	540	544	658
					6002	6001	6002	6003	6076	6002	6001	6062	
LOCA	ATION	LENGTH	EXS. WIDTH	PRO. WIDTH	PREPARING ROW	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY B)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY D GR 4) (6")	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	
					STA	CY	CY	CY	SY	LF	EA	EA	
7+65	8+15	50	16	19***	0.5	2		4	106				
8+15	9+70	155	16	24	1.55	14		258	413	50	2		
9+70	10+30	60	16	24	0.6	0	180					6	
10+30	11+85	155	16	24	1.55	86		291	413	50	2		
11+85	12+35	50	16	19***	0.5	1		5	106				
				PROJECT TOTALS	4.7	103	180	558	1038	100	4	6	

*** AVERAGE WIDTH ON PROPOSED ROADWAY EXISTING BRIDGE: 9+83 - 10+12 PROPOSED BRIDGE: 9+87 - 10+30

SUMMARY OF LA	NDSCAPE ITEMS								
					164	164	164	168	
				6009	6011	6023	6001	FERTILIZER	
LOCATION	WIDTH	WIDTH LT/RT		BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURAL)(CLAY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	3-1-2 *		
				SY	SY	SY	MG	LBS	
7+65	9+70	8**	RT	91	91	182	2	18	
7+65	9+70	8**	LT	91	91	182	2	18	
10+30	12+35	8**	RT	91	91	182	2	18	
10+30	12+35	8**	LT	91	91	182	2	18	
	PRO	IECT TOTALS		364	364	728	8	72	

 $* FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY; 2 \ CYCLES \ AT 50 \ LBS. \ NITROGEN \ PER \ ACRE \ AT 21-7-14 \ (NPK) \ ANALYSIS = 0.0492 \ LBS/SY/CYCLE \ ANALYSIS =$

** AVERAGE WIDTHS

WATERING: BASED ON 4 APPLICATIONS, 0.5" RAINFALL EQUIVALENT = 0.003 MG/SY/CYCLE

SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL ITEMS									
		506	506	506	506				
		6002	6011	6020	6024				
LOCATION		ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)				
TO		LF	LF	SY	SY				
9+80	LT								
9+80	RT								
)	LT	10	10						
)	RT	10	10						
0	LT	10	10						
0	RT	10	10						
11+70	LT								
11+70	RT								
11+70				100	100				
PROJECT TOTAL	LS	40	40	100	100				
	70 9+80 9+80 0 0 0 11+70 11+70 11+70	ON LT/RT TO 9+80 LT 9+80 RT 0 LT 0 RT 0 RT 11+70 LT 11+70 RT	SOB GOO2 ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	SOB SOB SOB SOB SODE SODE	SOB SOB SOB SOB SODE SODE				

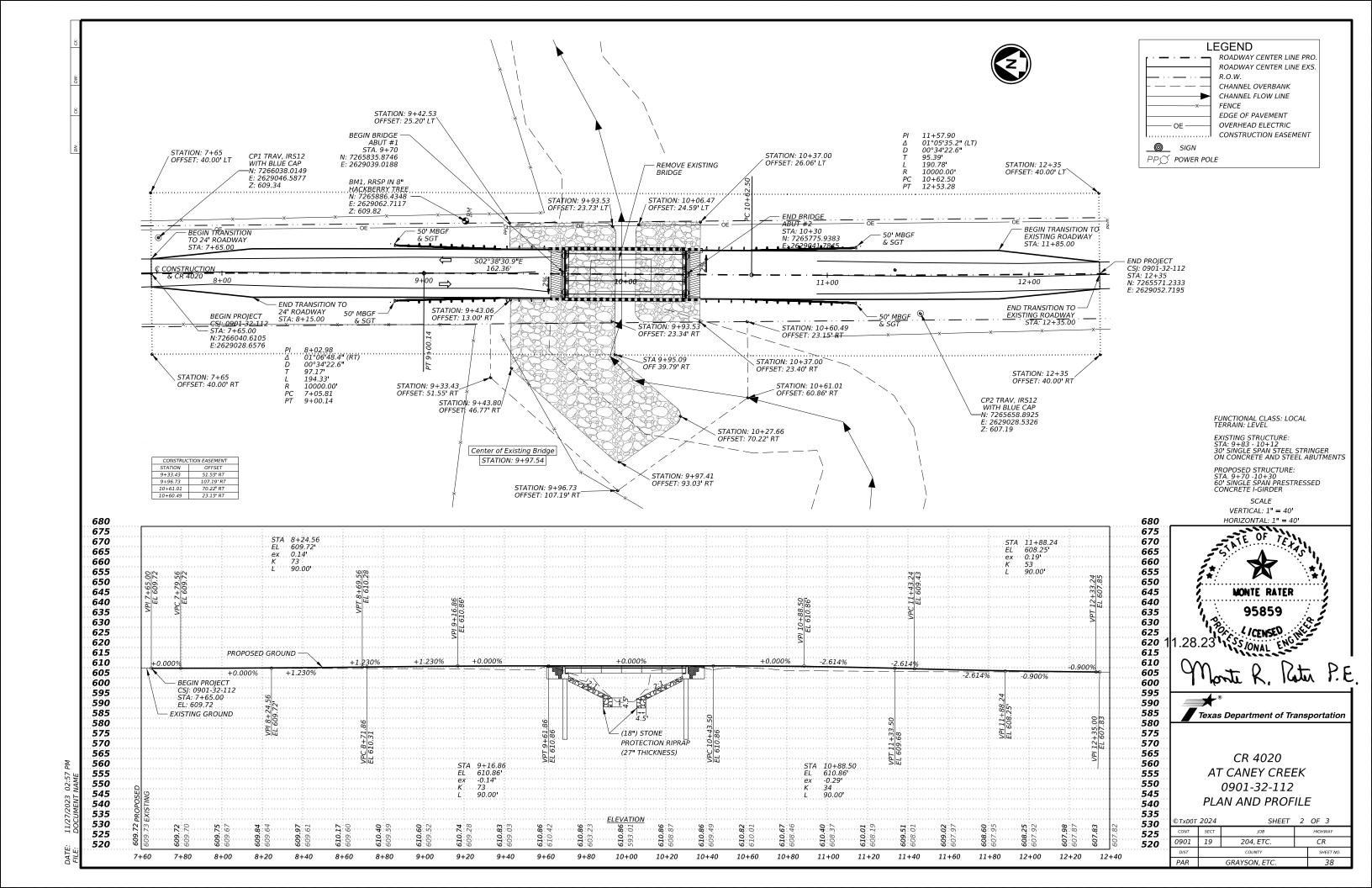
SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEMS								
		496						
	6009							
LOCA	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)							
FROM	то	EA						
9+83	1							
PROJECT	1							

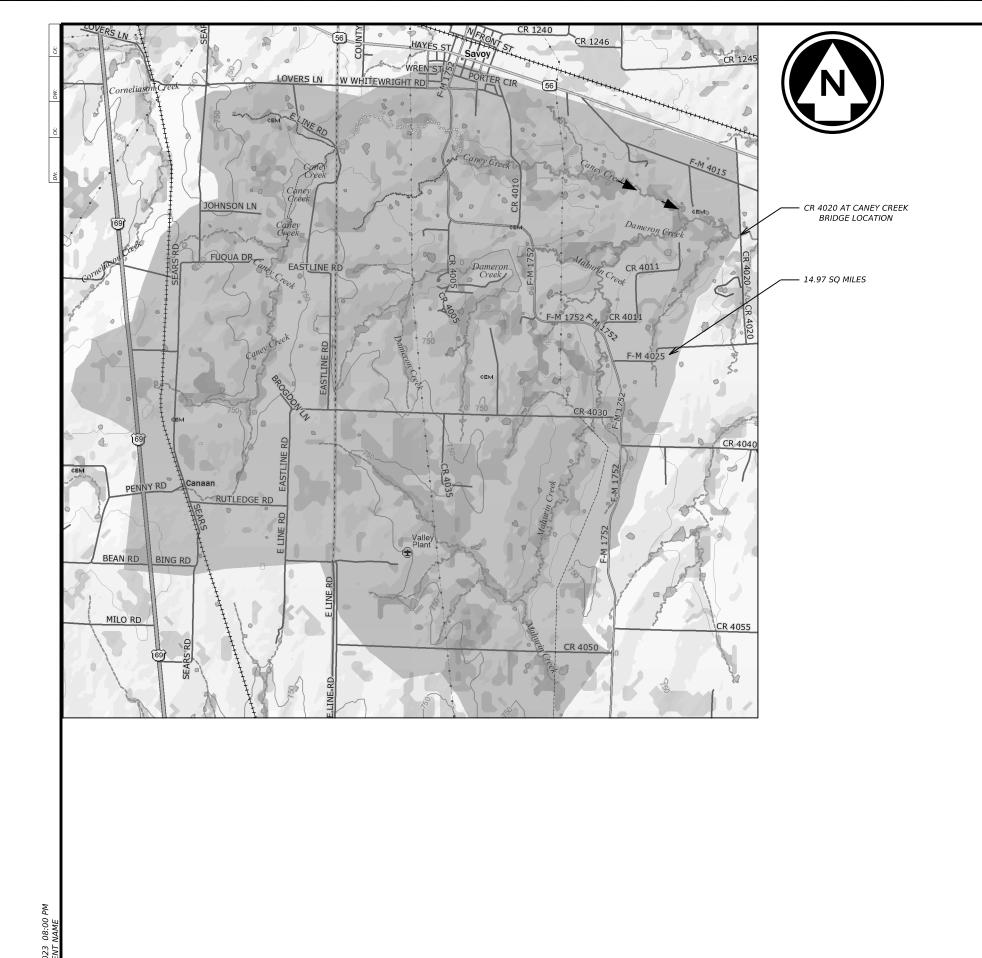
NOT TO SCALE



0901-32-112 CR 4020 AT CANEY CREEK **QUANTITY SUMMARIES**

(DOT	2024	SHEET 2	2 (OF 3
ONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
01	19	204, ETC.		CR
ST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
٩R		GRAYSON, ETC.		37





	С				
AEP (%)	Frequency	Discharge (cfs)			
50	2-year	1819.07			
20	5-year	3872.31			
10	10-year	5393.31			
4	25-year	7838.91			
2	50-year	9966.67			
1	100-year	12433.13			
0.5	200-year	15150.81			
0.4	250-year	16130.87			
0.2	500-year	19303.28			
Α	14.97	mi2			
Р	43	in			
5	0.0033	ft/ft			
Ω	0.236				
A = Area in square miles					
= Annua	l Precipatior	in inches			
S = Slope	$\Omega = 0$	OmegaEM			

HYDROLOGIC METHOD

DRAINAGE AREAS WERE DETERMINED BY SURVEY DATA, USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS,
DIGITAL ELEVATION MODELS AND FIELD OBSERVATIONS.

THE PEAK FLOWS WERE DETERMINED USING THE 2011 Omega EM Regression Equations



NOT TO SCALE



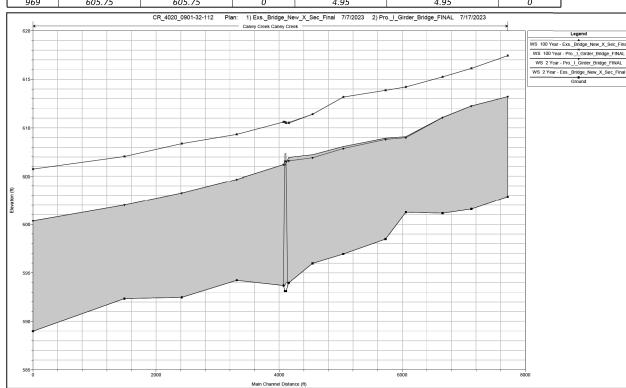
0901-32-112 CR 4020 AT CANEY CREEK HYDROLOGIC DATA

2024	SHEET	2 (OF 3	
SECT	JOB HIGHWAY			
19	204, ETC.	CR		
	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	39			
	SECT	5ECT JOB 19 204, ETC.	19 204, ETC. county	

	HEC-RAS 2 YEAR FLOOD EVENT										
RIVER STATIONS	EXISTING WATER SURFACE ELEVATION.	PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION.	DIFFERENCE (FT)	EXISTING CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	PROPOSED CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	DIFFERENCE (FT/S)					
8682	613.22	613.21	-0.01	3.97	3.97	0					
8091	612.26	612.25	-0.01	4.91	4.92	0.01					
7622	611.07	611.05	-0.02	5.84	5.86	0.02					
7026	609.09	608.99	-0.1	6.45	6.59	0.14					
6696	608.93	608.8	-0.13	3.53	3.65	0.12					
6010	608.07	607.87	-0.2	4.78	4.97	0.19					
5511	607.23	606.92	-0.31	5.19	5.43	0.24					
5125	606.95	606.59	-0.36	3.55	3.76	0.21					
5086				BRIDGE							
5038	606.21	606.21	0	5.38	5.38	0					
4279	604.69	604.69	0	5.42	5.42	0					
3386	603.25	603.25	0	4.24	4.24	0					
2454	602.01	602.01	0	4.49	4.49	0					
969	600.36	600.36	0	4.24	4.24	0					

	XISTING	PROPOSED
LOW CORD 6	07.328	607.33
LOWEST ROAD ELEVATION	593.44	606.89

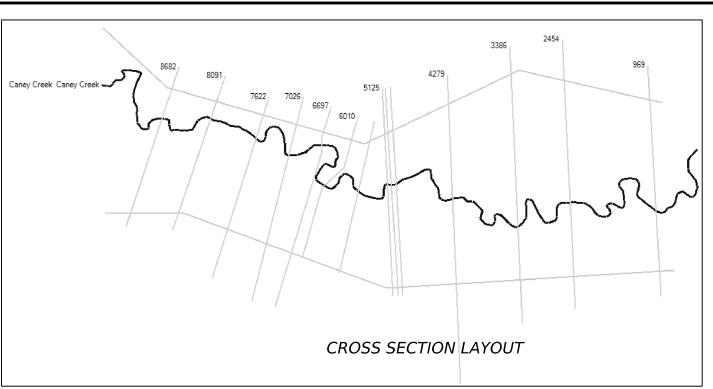
	HEC-RAS 100 YEAR FLOOD EVENT								
RIVER STATIONS	EXISTING WATER SURFACE ELEVATION.	PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION.	DIFFERENCE (FT)	EXISTING CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	PROPOSED CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	DIFFERENCE (FT/S)			
8682	617.44	617.44	0	8.82	8.82	0			
8091	616.12	616.12	0	7.84	7.84	0			
7622	615.24	615.24	0	6.11	6.11	0			
7026	614.21	614.21	0	6.99	6.99	0			
6696	613.87	613.86	-0.01	4.91	4.91	0			
6010	613.17	613.17	0	6.8	6.8	0			
5511	611.39	611.41	0.02	10.62	10.58	0.04			
5125	610.49	610.55	0.06	7.58	7.43	0.15			
5086				BRIDGE					
5038	610.6	610.6	0	6.61	6.61	0			
4279	609.32	609.32	0	6.31	6.31	0			
3386	608.37	608.37	0	4.53	4.53	0			
2454	607.04	607.04	0	6.78	6.78	0			
969	605.75	605.75	0	4.95	4.95	0			

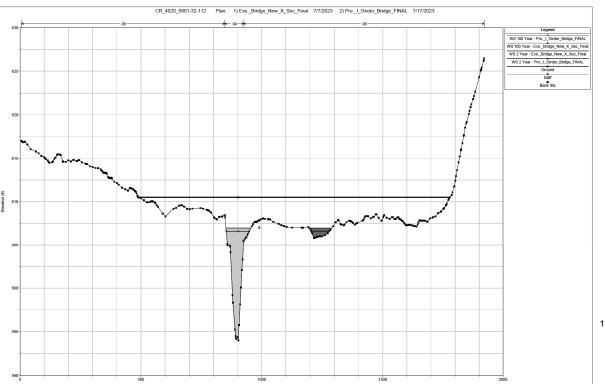


WATER SURFACE PROFILES

NOTES

- 1. THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS WERE COMPUTED USING HEC-RAS 6.2.
- 2. THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED BRIDGE CONDITIONS WERE MODELED IN HEC-RAS USING THE ENERGY (STANDARD STEP)
 METHOD FOR LOW FLOW AND THE PRESSURE AND/OR WEIR METHOD FOR HIGH FLOW. THE REACH BOUNDARY CONDITIONS WERE
 ESTABLISHED BY CALCULATING NORMAL DEPTH WITH A CHANNEL SLOPE OF 0.003 UPSTREAM
 AND 0.003 DOWNSTREAM.
- THIS SITE LIES WITHIN A FEMA FLOOD HAZARD AREA (ZONE A) AS SHOWN ON FEMA FLOOD INSURANCE MAP 48147C0350C, EFFECTIVE DATE FEBRUARY 18,2011.
- COORDINATION WITH THE FANNIN COUNTY FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR WAS COMPLETED ON 12/08/2024.





KATIE J. VICK

133333

102. SS/ONAL ENGLY

11/28/2023

Kota J Wok, P.E.

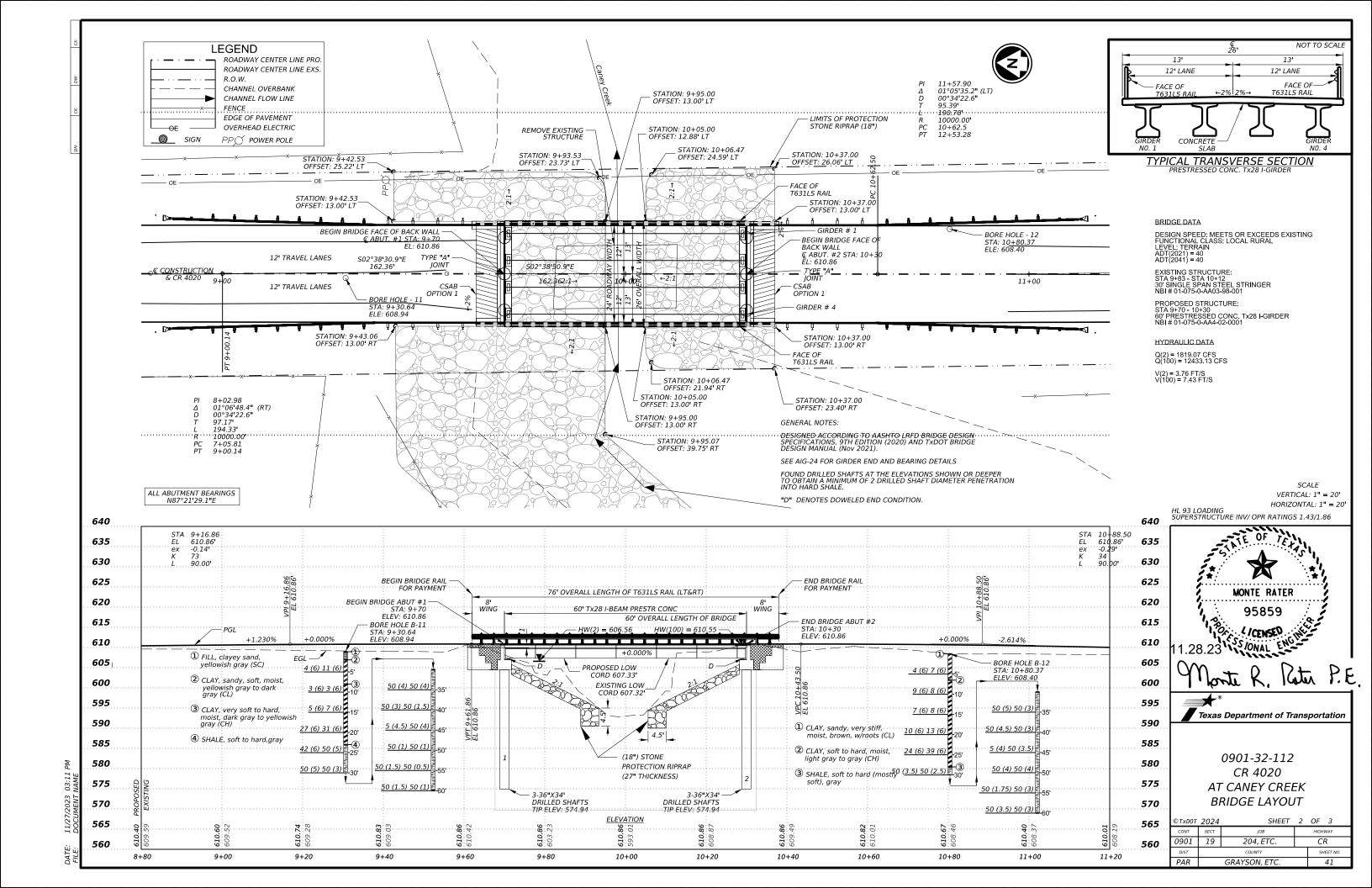
SECTION AT UPSTREAM OF BRIDGE FACE RIVER STA. 51+25

NOT TO SCALE



0901-32-112 CR 4020 AT CANEY CREEK HYDRAULIC DATA

TxDOT €	2024	SHEET	1 (OF 3
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0901	19	204, ETC.		CR
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
PAR	GRAYSON, ETC.			40



(1) 0.4 CY ADDED FOR SHEAR KEY

	В	EARING SEAT ELEVATIONS	5 (FT)	
	GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4
ABUT 1 (FWD)	607.098	607.231	607.231	607.098
	GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4
ADUT 2 (DV)				
ABUT 2 (BK)	607.098	607.231	607.231	607.098

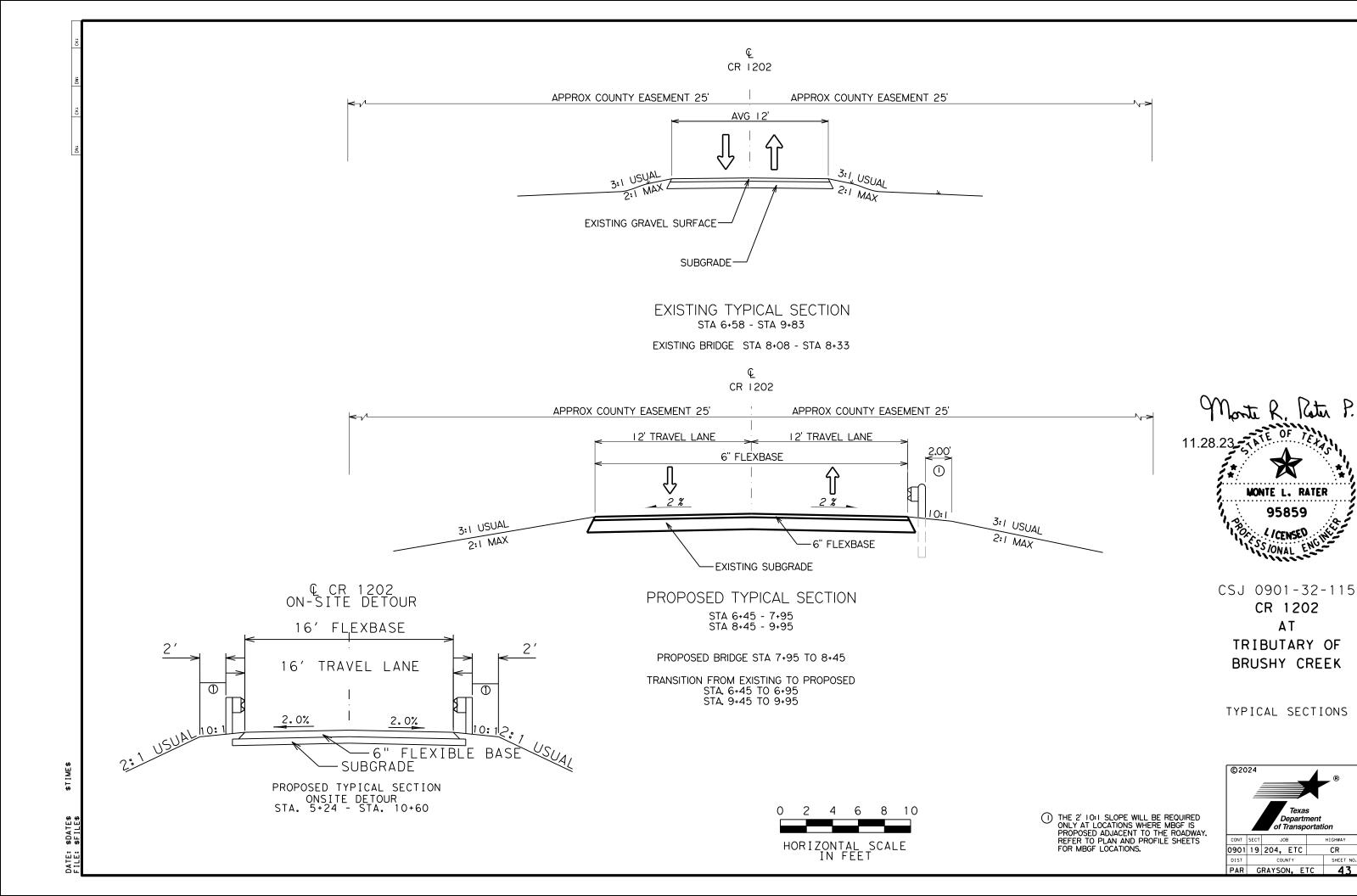


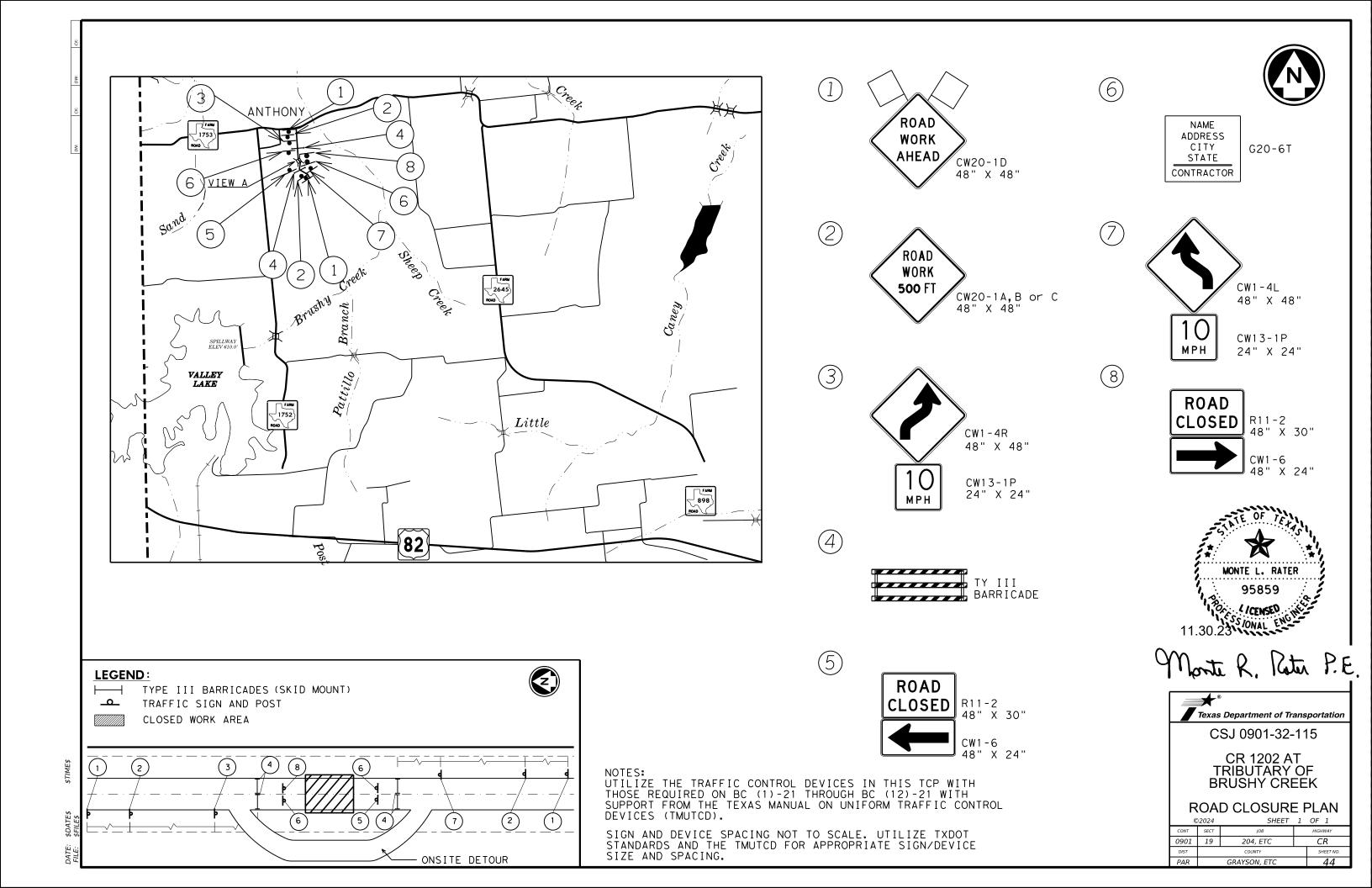
NOT TO SCALE



0901-32-112 CR 4020 AT CANEY CREEK BRIDGE QUANTITIES AND BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

		VO SEATA EEE	v / (110113	
OT €	T © 2024 SHEET 2 OF 3				
DNT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
01	19	204, ETC.		CR	
ST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
\R		GRAYSON, ETC. 4			





CK:

SUMMARY OF RE	DADWAY ITEMS											
SOMMENT OF IN	SHOWH! !!EMS				100 6002	110 6001	110 6002	132 6003	247 6076	658 6011	542 6006	544 6002
LOCATION		LENGTH	EXISTING WIDTH	PROPOSED WIDTH	PREPARING ROW	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	I LEINAL MURU	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY D GR 4)(6")	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 2(WC)GND(B I)	MTL BM GD FEN (REMOVE & REINSTALL)	GUARDRAI END TREATMEN (MOVE & RESET)
					STA	CY	CY	CY	SY	EA	LF	EA
CSJ 090	11-32-115											
TRIBUTARY OF	BRUSHY CREEK											
BRIDGE 7+	95 TO 8+45						124	98				
6+45	6+95	50	16	24	0,50	22			133			
6+95	7+95	100	16	24	1.00	44			267			
8+45	9+45	100	16	24	1.00	44			267			
9+45	9+95	50	16	16	0.50	15			89			
NORTH BOU	ND APPROACH									3	25	1
NORTH BOUN	ID DEPARTURE									3	25	1
SOUTH BOU	ND APPROACH									3	25	1
SOUTH BOUN	ID DEPARTURE									3	25	1
			PROJ	ECT TOTALS	3	150	124	98	756	12	100	4

SUMMARY OF EROSION CONT	ROL ITEMS			
	506 6002	506 6011	5Ø6 6Ø38	506 6039
LOCATION	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
	LF	LF	LF	LF
CSJ 0901-19-204				
ELBA CREEK	80	80	680	680
TOTALS	80	80	680	680

	NDSCAPE ITEM	164	164	164	168	
		6009	6011	6023	6001	
LOCA	TION	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP)(COOL)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURA L)(CLAY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	FERTILIZE R 3-1-2
BEGIN	END	SY	SY	SY	MG	TON
CSJ 090	1-19-204					
ELBA	ELBA CREEK					
11+14	12+64	771	771	1,542	9, 252	76
				-,		
13+34	14+84	499	499	998	6.0	49
	TOTALS	1,270	1,270	2,540	15	125

SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEMS	
	496 6009
LOCATION	REMOV STR (BRIDGE Ø - 99 FT LENGTH)
	EA
CSJ Ø19Ø1-32-115	
TRIB OF BRUSHY CREEK	
8+Ø8 - 8+34	1
TOTALS	1

	100	110	506	506	508	540	542	544	402
	6002	6002	6020	6024	6001	6002	6001	6001	6001
CSJ 0901-32-115 CR1202 AT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK ONSITE DETOUR	PREPARING ROW	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCTING DETOURS	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE		TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION
	STA	CY	SY	SY	SY	LF	LF	EΑ	LF
5+24 - 10+60	5	105	90	90	1,035	350	250	4	94
PROJECT TOTALS	5	105	90	90	1,035	350	250	4	94

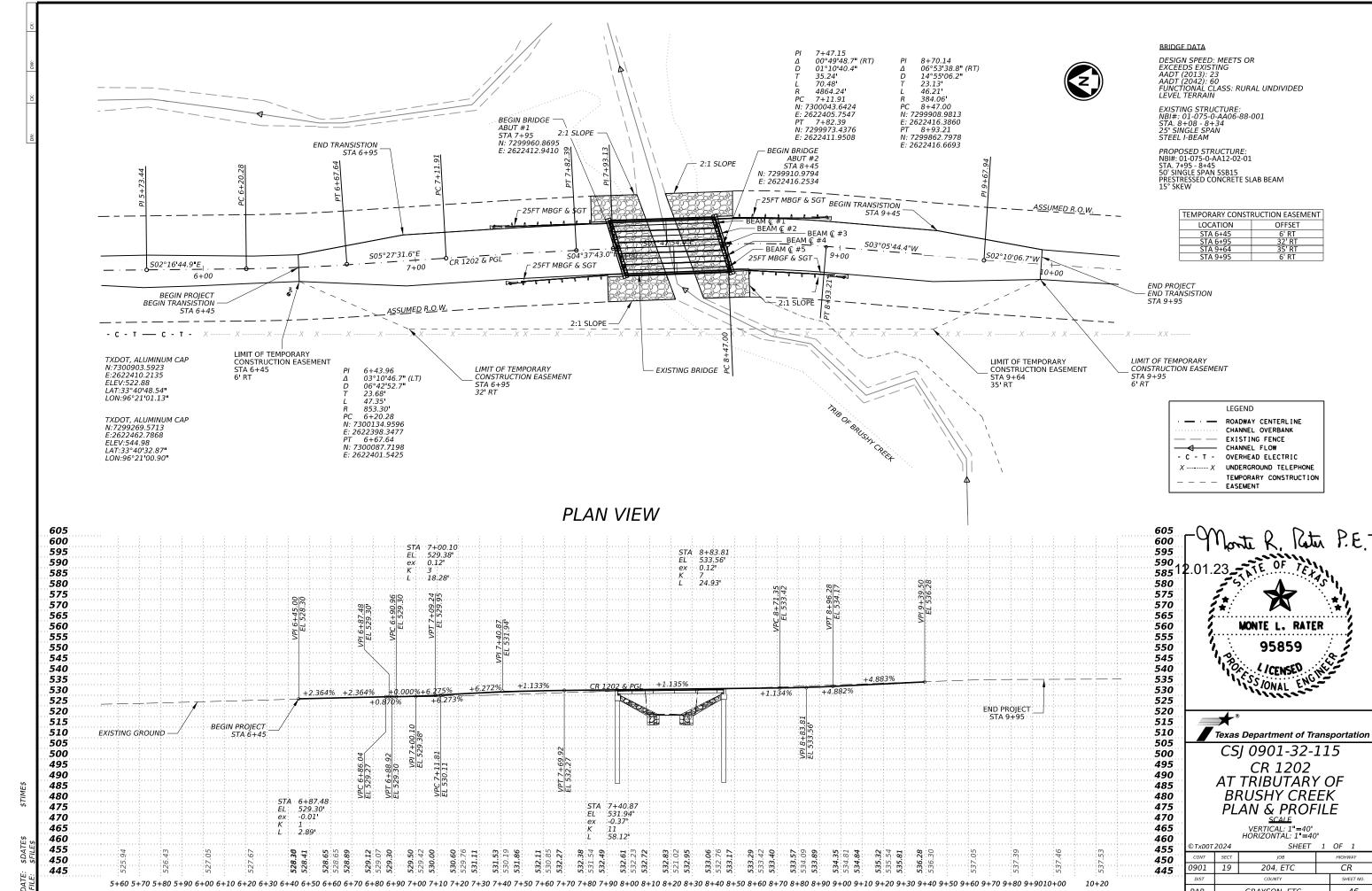


CR 1202 AT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK

QUANTITY SUMMARIES

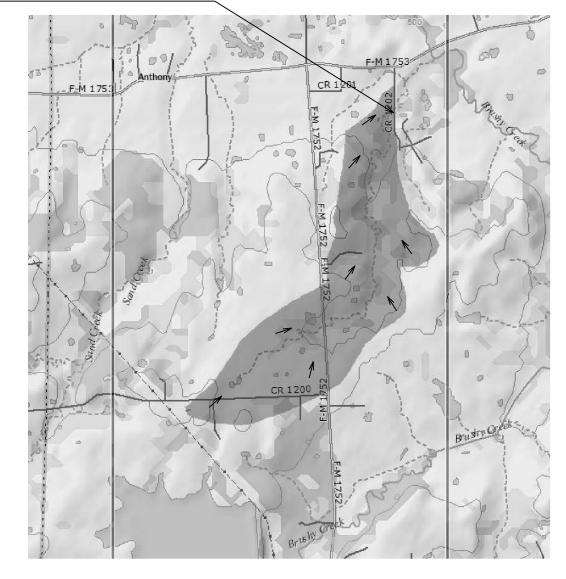
QUALITATION OF THE						
@	2024	SHEET	SHEET 1			
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
0901	19	204, ETC.		CR		
DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
PAR		GRAYSON		45		

\$TIME\$
\$DATE\$
DATE:

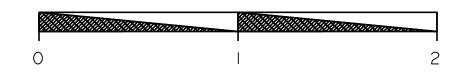


BRIDGE LOCATION: CR 1202 AT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK 0.67 SQ MI

HEC	-HMS
RECURRANCE	FLOW (cfs)
2 YEAR	492
5 YEAR	687
10 YEAR	855
25 YEAR	1072
50 YEAR	1242
100 YEAR	1413
Tc (min)	48.12
CN	78.4
TIME INTERVAL (min)	10



SCALE (MILES)





CSJ 0901-32-115

CR1202 AT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK

HYDROLOGIC DATA



HYDROLOGIC METHOD

DESIGN OF DRAINAGE FACILITIES BASED UPON THE TXDOT HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL, SEPTEMBER 2019.

DRAINAGE AREAS DETERMINED BY SURVEY DATA, USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS, DIGITAL ELEVATION MODELS, AS-BUILTS PLANS AND FIELD OBSERVATIONS. NRCS CURVE LOSS NUMBER MODEL EMPLOYED IN HYROLOGIC ANALYSIS.

THE PEAK FLOWS WERE DETERMINED USING THE FREQUENCY STORM METHOD (BALANCED FLOWS) MODELED IN HEC-HMS 4.10. THE 2018 NOAA ATLAS 14 DEPTHS WERE USED TO TABULATE RAINFALL AMOUNTS.

		HEC-RAS 50	YEAR FLOOD EV			
RIVER STATION	EXISTING WSEL (FT)	PROPOSED WSEL (FT)	DIFFERENC E (FT)	EXISTING VELOCITY (FT/S)	PROPOSED VELOCITY (FT/S)	DIFFEREN E (FT/S)
4511	541.15	541.15	0	6.47	6.47	0
4321	540.42	540.42	0	4.49	4.49	0
4189	540.16	540.16	0	3.9	3.9	0
4100	539.38	539.38	0	6.82	6.82	0
4048	538.78	538.78	0	7.57	7.57	0
3843	538.09	538.09	0	5.14	5.14	0
3738	538.05	538.05	0	2.65	2.65	0
3563	537.62	537.62	0	4.62	4.62	0
3482	537.07	537.07	0	6.22	6.22	0
3411	536.76	536.76	0	5.71	5.71	0
3342	536	536	0	7.78	7.78	0
3230	535.57	535.57	0	6.06	6.06	0
3088	534.33	534.33	0	6.94	6.94	0
2991	533.98	533.98	0	4.86	4.86	0
2901	533.1	533.1	0	7.12	7.12	0
2826	532.12	532.12	0	7.74	7.74	0
2635	530.43	530.43	0	6.06	6.06	0
2556	530.41	530.41	0	3.83	3.83	0
2474	529.71	529.71	0	6.59	6.59	0
2418	529.32	529.32	0	6.53	6.53	0
2344	528.92	528.92	0	5.59	5.59	0
2224	528.6	528.6	0	5.06	5.06	0
2159	528.52	528.52	0	3.79	3.79	0
2140			BRIDGE	•		•
2106	526.31	526.31	0	10.34	10.34	0
2068	525.4	525.4	0	6.16	6.16	0
1899	523.57	523.57	0	8.28	8.28	0
1829	523.78	523.78	0	4.58	4.58	0
1741	523.57	523.57	0	4.65	4.65	0
1628	522.6	522.6	0	7.54	7.54	0
1414	518.82	518.82	0	10.82	10.82	0
1130	515.77	515.77	0	4.86	4.86	0
1041	513.49	513.49	0	11.06	11.06	0
964	513.34	513.34	0	4.68	4.68	0
882	512.03	512.03	0	8.5	8.5	0
814	511.95	511.95	0	5.8	5.8	0
730	510.94	510.94	0	7.74	7.74	0
558	507.29	507.29	0	11.32	11.32	0
384	504.48	504.48	0	9.05	9.05	0

384	504.48	504.	48	
		EXISTING	PROPOSI	ED
L	OW CHORD (FT)	530.5	530.52	
LOWEST ROAD	ELEVATION (FT)	531.34	532.06	

NOTES:

- 1. THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION WERE COMPUTED USING HEC-RAS 6.3
- 2. THE PROPOSED BRIDGE CONDITIONS WERE MODELED IN HEC-RAS USING THE ENERGY (STANDARD STEP) METHOD FOR LOW FLOW AND THE PRESSURE AND/OR WEIR METHOD FOR HIGH FLOW. THE REACH BOUNDARY CONDITIONS WERE ESTABLISHED BY CALCULATING NORMAL DEPTH WITH A CHANNEL SLOPE OF 0.004 UPSTREAM AND 0.015 DOWNSTREAM.
- 3. THIS SITE LIES WITHIN A FEMA FLOOD HAZARD AREA ZONE A AS SHOWN ON FEMA FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP NO. 48147C0200C.

		HEC-RAS 100	YEAR FLOOD E\	/ENT		
RIVER STATION	EXISTING WSEL (FT)	PROPOSED WSEL (FT)	DIFFERENC E (FT)	EXISTING VELOCITY (FT/S)	PROPOSED VELOCITY (FT/S)	DIFFERENC E (FT/S)
4511	541.44	541.44	0	6.59	6.59	0
4321	540.74	540.74	0	4.68	4.68	0
4189	540.49	540.49	0	4.06	4.06	0
4100	539.68	539.68	0	7.1	7.1	0
4048	538.96	538.96	0	8.2	8.2	0
3843	538.38	538.38	0	5.16	5.16	0
3738	538.35	538.35	0	2.67	2.67	0
3563	537.91	537.91	0	4.82	4.82	0
3482	537.34	537.34	0	6.51	6.51	0
3411	537.02	537.02	0	6.02	6.02	0
3342	536.19	536.19	0	8.26	8.26	0
3230	535.82	535.82	0	6.19	6.19	0
3088	534.53	534.53	0	7.29	7.29	0
2991	534.2	534.2	0	5.03	5.03	0
2901	533.25	533.25	0	7.55	7.55	0
2826	532.38	532.38	0	7.58	7.58	0
2635	530.7	530.7	0	6.31	6.31	0
2556	530.7	530.7	0	3.93	3.93	0
2474	530.04	530.04	0	6.62	6.62	0
2418	529.69	529.69	0	6.51	6.51	0
2344	529.39	529.39	0	5.24	5.24	0
2224	529.03	529.03	0	5.36	5.36	0
2159	528,96	528,96	0	3,98	3.98	0
2140	<u> </u>		BRIDGE			'
2106	526.66	526.66	0	10.6	10.6	0
2068	525.83	525.83	0	6.42	6.42	0
1899	524.02	524.02	0	8.56	8.56	0
1829	524.24	524.24	0	4.87	4.87	0
1741	524.01	524.01	0	4.99	4.99	0
1628	522.99	522.99	0	7.94	7.94	0
1414	519.23	519.23	0	11.02	11.02	0
1130	516,25	516,25	0	5.09	5.09	0
1041	513.88	513.88	0	11.39	11.39	0
964	513.87	513.87	0	4.81	4.81	0
882	512.52	512.52	0	8.78	8.78	0
814	512.49	512.49	0	5.93	5.93	0
730	511.47	511.47	0	7.95	7.95	0
558	507.7	507.7	0	11.8	11.8	0
384	504.93	504.93	0	9.33	9.33	0

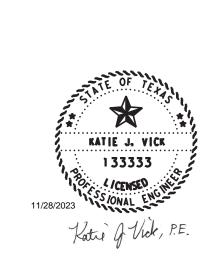
CSJ 0901-32-115

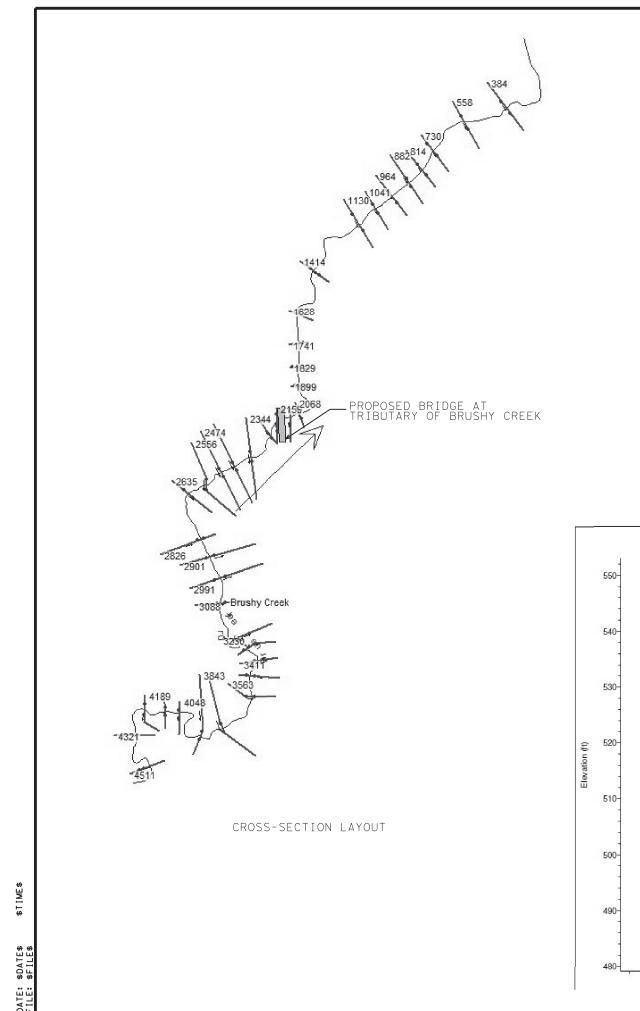
CR 1202 ΑT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA

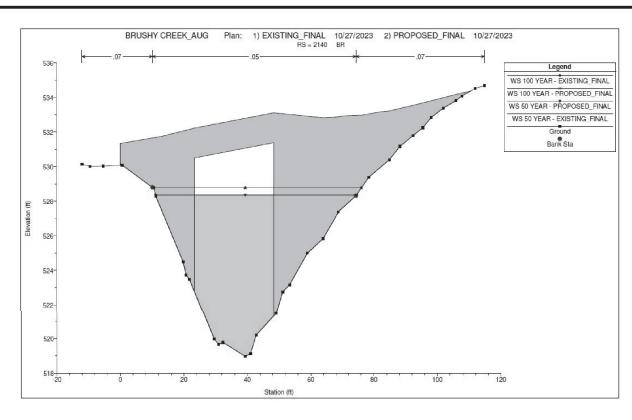


PAR GRAYSON, ETC 48

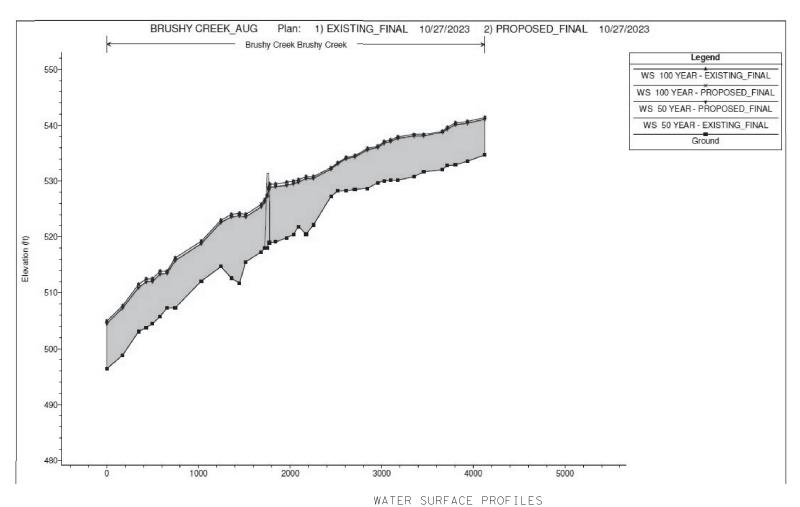








SECTION AT UPSTREAM OF BRIDGE FACE RIVER STATION 21+41



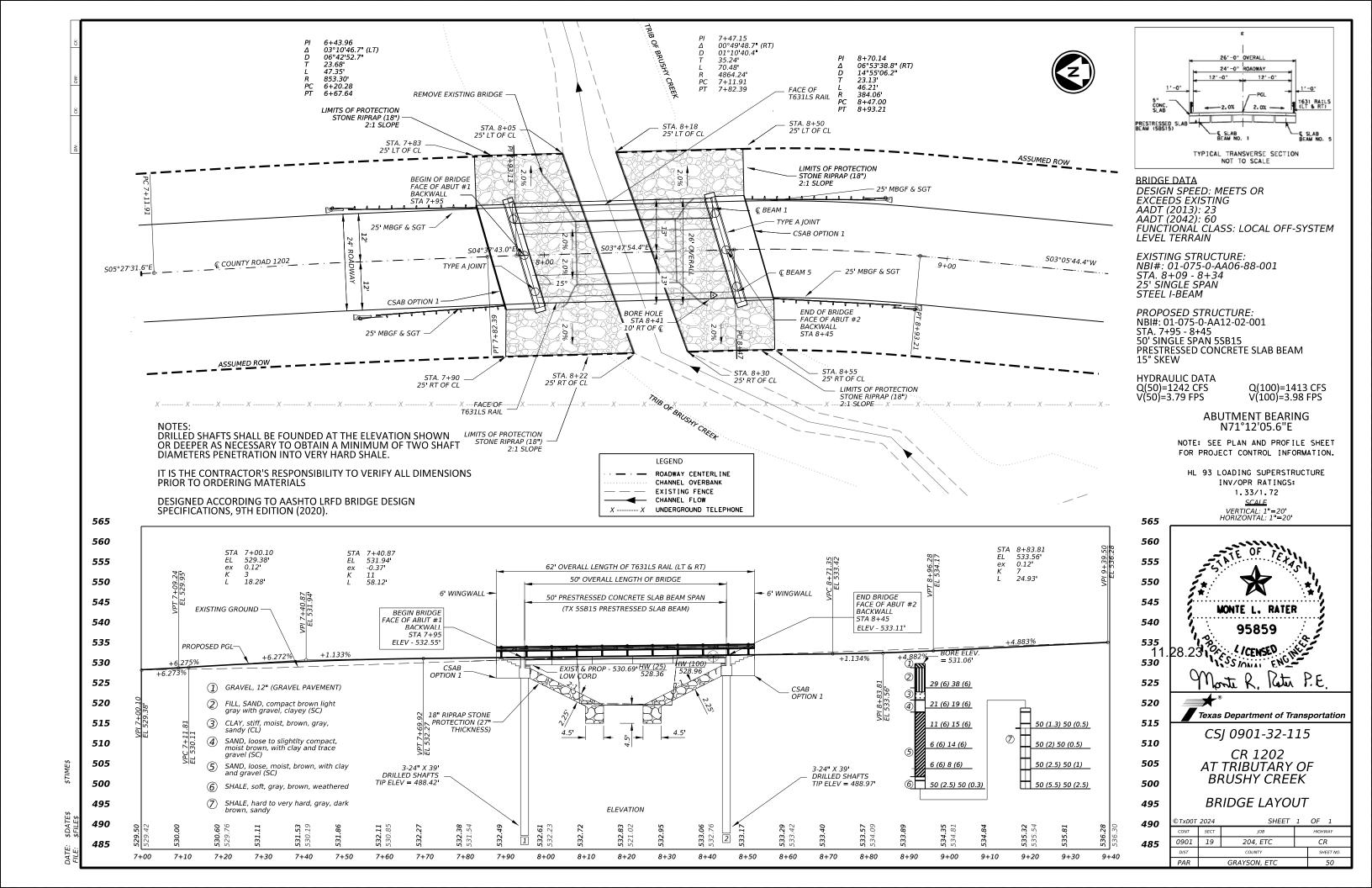


CSJ 0901-32-115

CR 1202 AT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA





234

234

21

21

45.2

45.2

PROJECT TOTALS

CAP ELEVATIONS (FT)

247.41

247.41

432

6033

18 IN)

CY

251

251

450

6019

RAIL (TY

T631LS)

LF

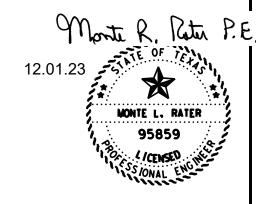
124

124

STEP 1 STEP 3 STEP 4 STEP 6 (RIGHT) (LT. SIDE) (RT. SIDE) (LT. SIDE) (RT. SIDE) ABUT 1 (FWD) (LEFT) 530.263 530.502 530.502 530.518 530.518 530.342 STEP 3 STEP 4 STEP 6 STEP 1 ABUT 2 (BK) (RIGHT) (LT. SIDE) (RT. SIDE) (LT. SIDE) (RT. SIDE) (LEFT) 530.813 531.052 531.052 531.068 531.068 530.892

1,300

1,300

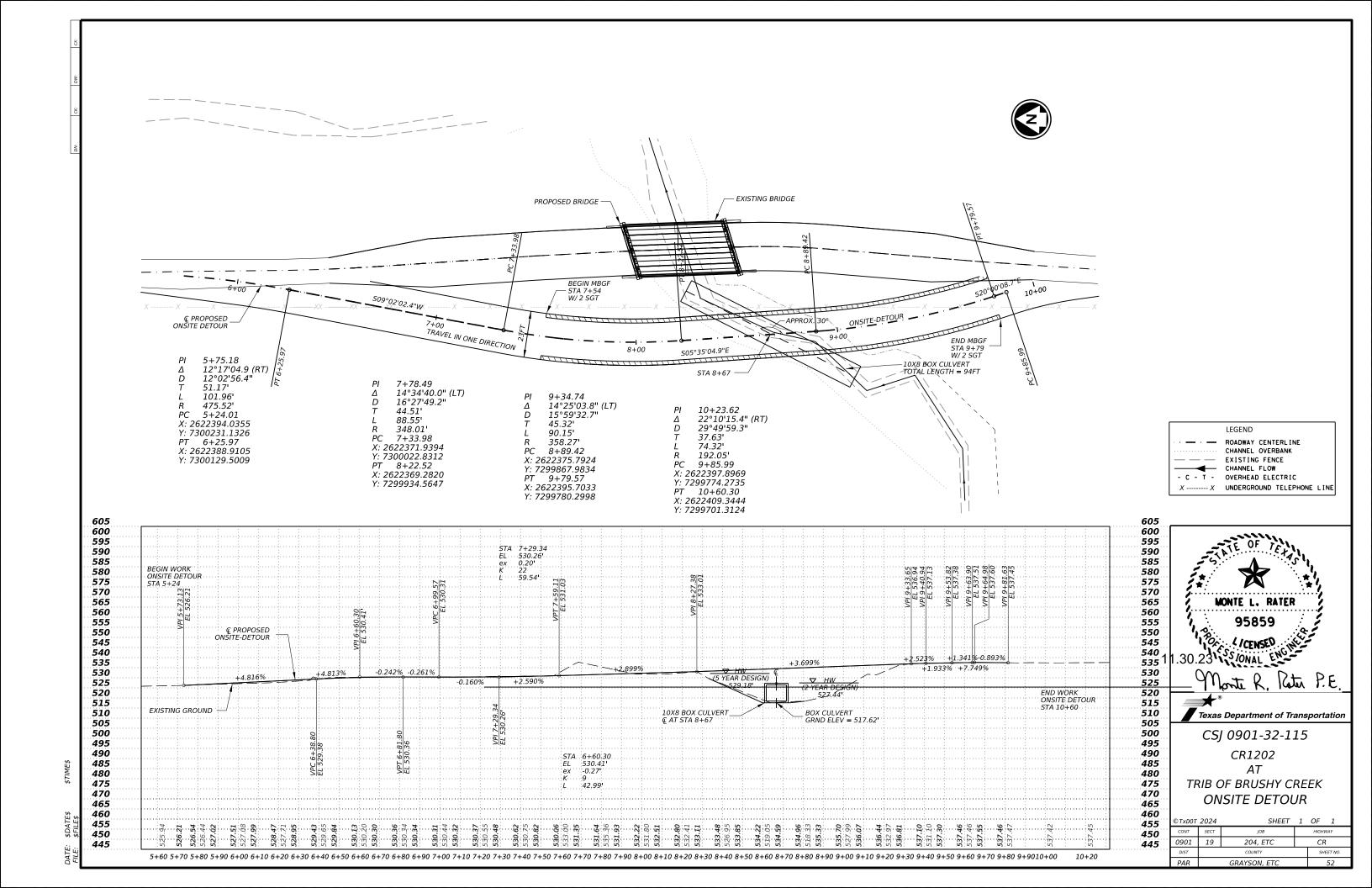


CSJ 0901-32-115

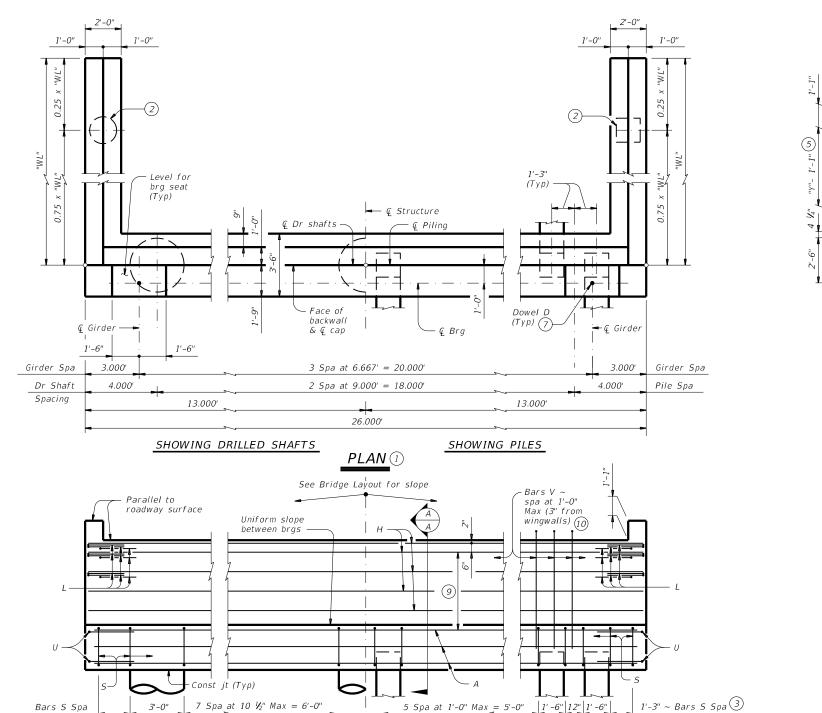
CR 1202 AT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK

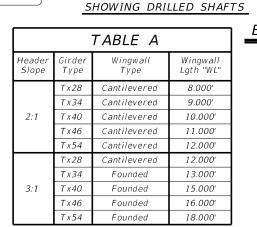
BRIDGE QUANTITITES AND BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS









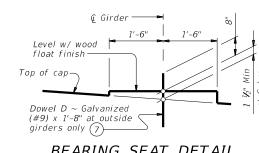


(Typ per dr sh bay)

ELEVATION

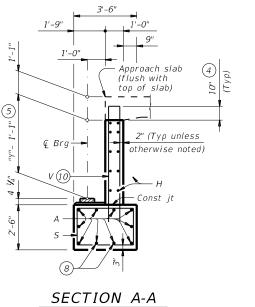
(Typ per piling bay)

SHOWING PILES



BEARING SEAT DETAIL

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)



(With approach slab) (6

for joint type -Face of BACKWALL DETAIL

(Without approach slab) (6

Roadway surface

See Bridge Layout

TABLE OF FOUNDATION LOADS

Span Length	All Girde	er Types
Ft	Tons/Shaft	Tons/Pile
40	64	54
45	69	56
50	73	59
55	77	61
60	81	63
65	85	65
70	88	67
75	92	69
80	96	71
85	100	73
90	104	75
95	108	77
100	111	79
105	115	80
110	119	82
115	123	84
120	126	86
125	130	88

- 1) See Table A for variable dimensions based on header slope and girder type.
- 2 See Table A to determine if wingwall foundations are required.
- 3 For piling larger than 16" adjust Bars S spacing as required to avoid piling.
- 4 Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.
- 5 See Span details for "Y" value.
- 6 See Bridge Layout to determine if approach slab is present.
- 7 Omit Dowels D at end of multi-span unit. Adjust reinforcing steel total accordingly.
- 8 With pile foundations, move Bars A shown to clear piles.
- Spacing based on girder type: Tx28 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx34 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx40 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx46 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max
- Tx54 ~ 5 spaces at 1'-0" Max (10) Field bend as needed to clear piles.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

See Bridge Layout for header slope and foundation

type, size and length.
See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet

for all foundation details and notes.

See Concrete Riprap (CRR) standard sheet or Stone
Riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment details, if applicable.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in wingwalls.
These abutment details may be used with standard

SIG-24 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out f bar.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).
Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize dowel bars D.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 3



Bridge Division Standard

ABUTMENTS TYPE TX28 THRU TX54 PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS 24' ROADWAY

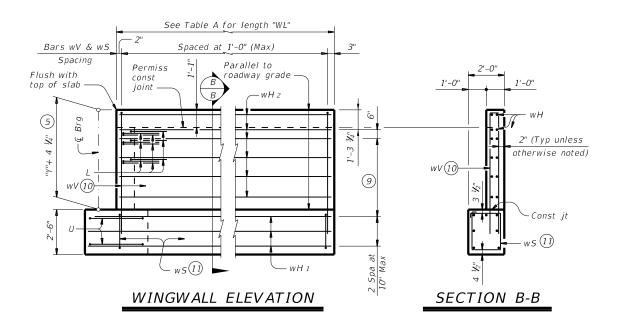
AIG-24

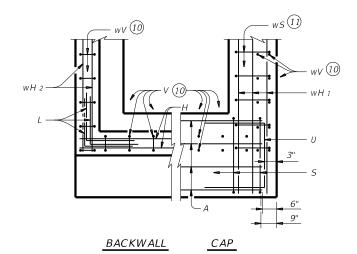
					_ ~			
ILE:		DN: TA	4R	ck: KCM	DW:	JTR	ck: TAR	
CT x DOT	August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0901	19	204,	ЕΤС		CR	
		DIST		COUNT	γ		SHEET NO).

PAR GRAYSON. ETC

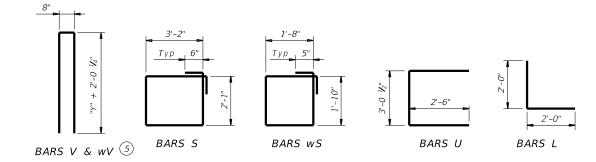
2 Spa at 10 ⅓" Max

= 1'-9" -





CORNER DETAILS



- 5 See Span details for "Y" value.
- 9 Spacing based on girder type: Tx28 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx34 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx40 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx46 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max Tx54 ~ 5 spaces at 1'-0" Max
- $\widehat{10}$ Field bend as needed to clear piles.
- (11) Adjust as required to avoid piling.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 3



ABUTMENTS

TYPE TX28 THRU TX54 PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS 24' ROADWAY

AIG-24

FILE:		DN: TA	IR	CK: KCM	DW:	JTR	CK: TAR
©TxD0T	August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н.	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0901	19	204, E	TC		CR
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		DAD	CI	NOSAY	E.	TC	55

						T	ABLE	S OF E	STIM	ATEL) QL	JANT	TITIES V	VITH	2:1 F	1EAI	DER	SLOPE (2					
	TYPE	Tx2	8 Girders			TYPE	Tx3	4 Girders			TYPE	Tx40	Girders			TYPE	Tx46	Girders			TYPE	Tx54	4 Girder	S
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight
Α	10	#11	25'-0"	1,328	А	10	#11	25'-0"	1,328	А	10	#11	25'-0"	1,328	Α	10	#11	25'-0"	1,328	Α	10	#11	25'-0"	1,328
D(7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11	D(7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11	D(7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11	D(7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11	D(7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11
Н	8	#6	25'-8"	308	Н	8	#6	25'-8"	308	Н	10	#6	25'-8"	386	Н	10	#6	25'-8"	386	Н	12	#6	25'-8"	463
L	18	#6	4'-0"	108	L	18	#6	4'-0"	108	L	18	#6	4'-0"	108	L	18	#6	4'-0"	108	L	18	#6	4'-0"	108
5	22	#5	11'-6"	264	S	22	#5	11'-6"	264	S	22	#5	11'-6"	264	S	22	#5	11'-6"	264	S	22	#5	11'-6"	264
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49	U	4	#6	8'-1"	49	U	4	#6	8'-1"	49	U	4	#6	8'-1"	49	U	4	#6	8'-1"	49
V	25	#5	11'-4"	296	V	25	#5	12'-4"	322	V	25	#5	13'-4"	348	V	25	#5	14'-4"	374	V	25	#5	15'-8"	409
wH1	14	#6	9'-5"	198	wH1	14	#6	10'-5"	219	w H 1	14	#6	11'-5"	240	wH1	14	#6	12'-5"	261	w H 1	14	#6	13'-5"	282
wH2	20	#6	7'-8"	230	wH2	20	#6	8'-8"	260	wH2	24	#6	9'-8"	348	wH2	24	#6	10'-8"	385	wH2	28	#6	11'-8"	491
wS	18	#4	7'-10"	94	wS	20	#4	7'-10"	105	wS	22	#4	7'-10''	115	wS	24	#4	7'-10"	126	wS	26	#4	7'-10"	136
wV	18	#5	11'-4"	213	wV	20	#5	12'-4"	257	wV	22	#5	13'-4"	306	wV	24	#5	14'-4"	359	wV	26	#5	15'-8"	425
Reinfo	ercing St	eel	Lb	3,099	Reinfo	orcing S	teel	Lb	3,231	Reinfo	orcing S	teel	Lb	3,503	Reinfo	orcing S	teel	Lb	3,651	Reinfo	orcing Si	teel	Lb	3,966
Class	"C" Conc	rete	СҮ	15.2	Class	"C" Cond	rete	CY	16.6	Class	"C" Conc	rete	СҮ	18.1	Class	"C" Cond	rete	CY	19.7	Class	"C" Conc	rete	СҮ	21.6
						τ	ARIE	$C \cap E$	CTIM		Ω	IANIT	ITIES V	1/ <i>1</i> TU	2.1 L	$J \sqsubseteq \Lambda I$) E D	SIADE	(5)					

TABLES OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES WITH 3:1 HEADER SLOPE 12

	TYPE	Tx2	8 Gir	ders			TYPE	Tx3	4 Gir	ders
Bar	No.	Size	Ler	gth	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Len	gth
Α	10	#11	25'	-0"	1,328	Α	10	#11	25'	-0"
D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"	11	D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"
Н	8	#6	25'	-8"	308	Н	8	#6	25'	-8"
L	18	#6	4'-	-0"	108	L	18	#6	4'-	-0"
S	22	#5	11'	-6"	264	S	22	#5	11'	-6"
U	4	#6	8'-	-1"	49	U	4	#6	8'-	-1"
V	25	#5	11'	-4"	296	V	25	#5	12'	-4"
vH1	14	#6	13'	-5"	282	wH1	14	#6	14'	-5"
vH2	20	#6	11'	-8"	350	wH2	20	#6	12'	-8"
wS	26	#4	7'-	10"	136	wS	28	#4	7'-	10"
wV	26	#5	11'	-4"	307	wV	28	#5	12'	-4"
Reinfo	orcing St	eel		Lb	3,439	Reinfo	orcing St	eel		Lb
Class	"C" Conc	rete		CY	17.8	Class	"C" Conc	rete		CY
									·	

		TYPE	Tx4	0 Gir	ders		
Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Len	gth	Weight	Г
1,328	Α	10	#11	25'	-0"	1,328	Г
11	D(7)	2	#9	1'-	-8"	11	
308	Н	10	#6	25'	-8"	386	
108	L	18	#6	4'-	-0"	108	
264	S	22	#5	11'	-6"	264	
49	U	4	#6	8'-	-1"	49	
322	V	25	#5	13'	-4"	348	
303	wH1	14	#6	16'	-5"	345	
381	wH2	24	#6	14'	-8"	529	
147	wS	32	#4	7'-	10"	167	
360	wV	32	#5	13'	-4"	445	
3,581	Reinfo	orcing St	eel		Lb	3,980	
19.3	Class	"C" Conc	rete		CY	21.7	
							Ĺ

	TYPE	Tx4	6 Gir	ders		
Bar	No.	Size	Len	igth	Weight	
Α	10	#11	25'	-0"	1,328	
D(7)	2	#9	1'-	1'-8" 1		
Н	10	#6	25'	-8"	386	
L	18	#6	4'-	-0"	108	
S	22	#5	11'	-6"	264	
U	4	#6	8'-	-1"	49	
V	25	#5	14'	-4"	374	
wH1	14	#6	17'	366		
wH2	24	#6	15'	-8"	565	
wS	34	#4	7'-	10"	178	
wV	34	#5	14'	-4"	508	
Reinfo	orcing St	eel		Lb	4,137	
Class	"C" Conc	rete		CY	23.4	

_							
		TYPE	Tx5	4 Gir	ders		
	Bar	No.	Size	Ler	gth	Weight	
	Α	10	#11	25'	-0"	1,328	
	D(7)	2	#9	1'-	1'-8"		
	Н	12	#6	25'	-8"	463	
	L	18	#6	4'-	4'-0"		
	S	22	#5	11'	-6"	264	
	U	4	#6	8'-	-1"	49	
	V	25	#5	15'	15'-8"		
	wH1	14	#6	19'	-5"	408	
	wH2	28	#6	17'	-8"	743	
	wS	38	#4	7'-	10"	199	
	wV	38	#5	15'	-8"	621	
	Reinfo	rcing St		Lb	4,603		
	Class	"C" Conc		CY	26.4		

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 3 OF 3

Bridge Division Standard



ABUTMENTS TYPE TX28 THRU TX54 PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS 24' ROADWAY

AIG-24

FILE:		DN: TA	ıR	CK: KCM	DW:	JTR	ck: TAR
©TxD0T	August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB HIGHWA		HWAY	
	REVISIONS	0901	19	204, E	TC	(CR
		DIST	COUNTY SH		SHEET NO.		
		DAD	DAR CRAYSON		ET	rc	56

⁷⁾ Omit Dowels D at end of multi-span unit. Adjust reinforcing steel total accordingly.

Quantities shown are for one abutment only (with approach slab). With no approach slab, add 1.0 CY Class "C" concrete and 154 lbs reinforcing steel for 4 additional Bars H.

e Bridge Layout joint type and ation.

> of bkı bent -

(Typ)

4'-5 3/4"

2" End cover Bars T and D

26.000' Overall

24.000′

Thickened slab end. See IGTS for Bars

G, H, J and M.

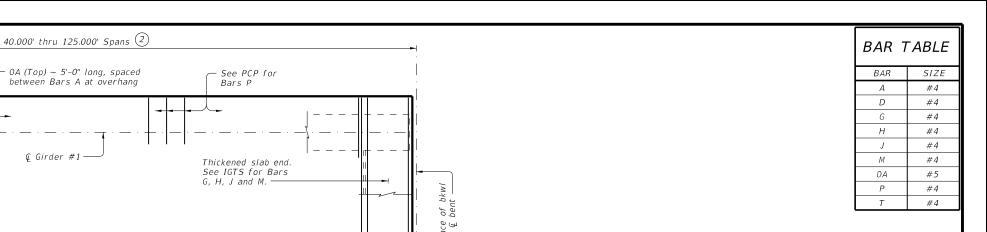
- T (Top)

OA (Top)

— Т (Тор)

D (Bott)

- G (Top) & H (Bott) ---- A (Top)



G (Top) & H (Bott)

A (Top)

OA (Top) -

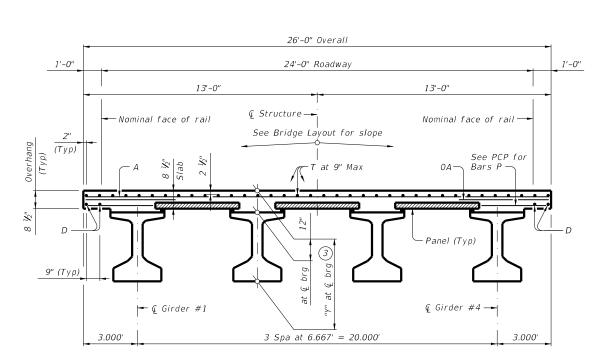
See PCP for Bars P

If multi-span units (with slab continuous over interior bents) are indicated on the Bridge Layout, see standard IGCS for adjustment to slab reinforcement and quantities.

2) Span lengths for Prestressed Concrete I-Girder type: Type Tx28 for spans lengths 40.000' thru 75.000'. Type Tx34 for spans lengths 40.000' thru 85.000'. Type Tx40 for spans lengths 40.000' thru 100.000'. Type Tx46 for spans lengths 40.000' thru 115.000'. Type Tx54 for spans lengths 40.000' thru 125.000'.

③ "Y" value shown is based on theoretical girder camber, dead load deflection from an 8 ½" concrete slab, a constant roadway grade, and using precast panels (PCP). The Contractor will adjust this value as necessary for any roadway vertical curve.

HL93 LOADING



G Girder #4

– OA (Top) ~ 5'-0" long, spaced between Bars A at overhang

Bars A at 9" Max Spacing

PLAN (1)

	BLE OF ON DEPTHS
GIRDER	"Y" AT & BRG (3)
TYPE	Ft/In
Tx28	3'-4"
Tx34	3'-10"
T x 40	4'-4"
Tx46	4'-10"
Tx54	5'-6"

TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

(Showing girder type Tx46)

Texas Department of Transportation

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE

I-GIRDER SPANS

(TYPE Tx28 THRU Tx54)

24' ROADWAY

SIG-24

SHEET 1 OF 2

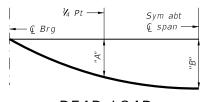
TLE:	DN: JM	Н	CK: NRN	DW:	JTR	CK: TAR
CTxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	SHWAY
	0901	19	204, E	TC	(CR
10-19: Increased "X" and "Y" Values. 01-23: Removed PCP(0) reference.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PAR	GF	RAYSON.	Ε	TC	57

TYPE Tx28 GIRDERS								
SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"						
Ft	Ft	Ft						
40	0.007	0.010						
45	0.012	0.017						
50	0.019	0.027						
55	0.028	0.040						
60	0.041	0.057						
65	0.056	0.079						
70	0.077	0.108						
75	0.102	0.143						

		TABLE	OF DEA	D LOAD	DEFLEC	TIONS
TYPE	Tx34 GII	RDERS	TYPE	Tx40 GII	RDERS	TYPE
SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"	SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"	SPAN LENGTH
Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft
40	0.004	0.006	40	0.003	0.004	40
45	0.007	0.010	45	0.005	0.007	45
50	0.011	0.016	50	0.007	0.010	50
55	0.017	0.024	55	0.011	0.016	55
60	0.024	0.034	60	0.016	0.022	60
65	0.033	0.047	65	0.022	0.031	65
70	0.046	0.064	70	0.030	0.042	70
75	0.061	0.085	75	0.040	0.056	75
80	0.079	0.111	80	0.052	0.073	80
85	0.102	0.143	85	0.066	0.093	85
			90	0.084	0.118	90

TYPE Tx40 GIRDERS							
SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"					
Ft	Ft	Ft					
40	0.003	0.004					
45	0.005	0.007					
50	0.007	0.010					
55	0.011	0.016					
60	0.016	0.022					
65	0.022	0.031					
70	0.030	0.042					
75	0.040	0.056					
80	0.052	0.073					
85	0.066	0.093					
90	0.084	0.118					
95	0.105	0.147					
100	0.130	0.182					

TYPE	TYPE Tx46 GIRDERS			TYPE Tx54 GIRDERS			
SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"		SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"	
Ft	Ft	Ft		Ft	Ft	Ft	
40	0.002	0.003		40	0.001	0.002	
45	0.004	0.005		45	0.002	0.003	
50	0.005	0.007	П	50	0.004	0.005	
55	0.008	0.011	П	55	0.005	0.007	
60	0.011	0.015	П	60	0.007	0.010	
65	0.015	0.021	П	65	0.010	0.014	
70	0.021	0.029	П	70	0.014	0.019	
75	0.027	0.038	П	75	0.018	0.025	
80	0.036	0.050	П	80	0.024	0.033	
85	0.046	0.064	П	85	0.030	0.042	
90	0.057	0.080	П	90	0.038	0.053	
95	0.071	0.100	П	95	0.047	0.066	
100	0.088	0.124	П	100	0.058	0.082	
105	0.108	0.151	П	105	0.071	0.100	
110	0.130	0.182	П	110	0.086	0.121	
115	0.156	0.219		115	0.103	0.144	
-				120	0.123	0.172	
				125	0.145	0.203	



DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

Calculated deflections shown are due to the concrete slab on interior girders only (Ec = 5000 ksi). Adjust values as required for exterior girders and if optional slab forming is used. These values may require field verification.

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

		Prestres	sed Concrete	e Girders	
SPAN LENGTH	REINF CONCRETE SLAB	ABUT TO (4) INT BT	INT BT TO 4 INT BT	ABUT TO 4 ABUT	TOTAL ⁽⁵⁾ REINF STEEL
Ft	SF	LF	LF	LF	Lb
40	1,040	158.00	158.00	158.00	2,392
45	1,170	178.00	178.00	178.00	2,691
50	1,300	198.00	198.00	198.00	2,990
55	1,430	218.00	218.00	218.00	3,289
60	1,560	238.00	238.00	238.00	3,588
65	1,690	258.00	258.00	258.00	3,887
70	1,820	278.00	278.00	278.00	4,186
75	1,950	298.00	298.00	298.00	4,485
80	2,080	318.00	318.00	318.00	4,784
85	2,210	338.00	338.00	338.00	5,083
90	2,340	358.00	358.00	358.00	5,382
95	2,470	378.00	378.00	378.00	5,681
100	2,600	398.00	398.00	398.00	5,980
105	2,730	418.00	418.00	418.00	6,279
110	2,860	438.00	438.00	438.00	6,578
115	2,990	458.00	458.00	458.00	6,877
120	3,120	478.00	478.00	478.00	7,176
125	3,250	498.00	498.00	498.00	7,475

- (4) Fabricator will adjust lengths for girder slopes as required.
- (5) Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.3 lbs/SF.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"

Epoxy coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

Deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A, D, OA, P or T unless noted otherwise.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Multi-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents, may be formed with the details shown on this sheet and the I-Girder Continuous Slab Detail (IGCS) standard. See I-Girder Thickened Slab End Details (IGTS) standard

for details and quantity adjustments. See Prestressed Concrete Panels (PCP) standard and Prestressed Concrete Panel Fabrication Details (PCP-FAB)

standard for panel details not shown. See I-Girder Miscellaneous Slab Details (IGMS) standard

for miscellaneous details. See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in slab.

See Permanent Metal Deck Forms (PMDF) standard for details and quantity adjustments if this option is used. This standard does not support the use of transition

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2



Texas Department of Transportation

Bridge Division Standard

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER SPANS (TYPE Tx28 THRU Tx54) 24' ROADWAY

SIG-24

0.0 - :						
LE:	DN: JM	IH.	CK: NRN	DW:	JTR	CK: TAR
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, E	J	(CR
10-19: Increased "X" and "Y" Values. 01-23: Removed PCP(0) reference.	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	PAR	GF	RAYSON.	. Е	TC	58

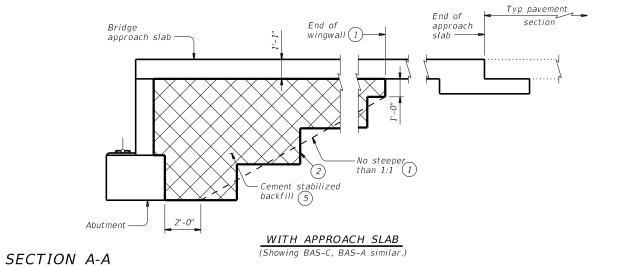
- Limit of CSB (1)

- Cement stabilized backfill (5)

wingwall (1)— -No steeper than 1:1 Cement stabilized backfill (5) Abutment -WITHOUT APPROACH SLAB

Varies Limit of CSB 1 MSE retaining wall Select fill zone (MSE walls) (3) - Bridge deck -Embankment stabilized area (4) Face of abut bkwl Select fill zone (MSE walls) MSE retaining wall

OPTION 1 ~ PLAN WITH MSE RETAINING WALLS



1) Usual limit of Cement Stabilized Backfill is at end of wingwall. Extend CSB limits as required to maintain a slope no steeper than 1:1 at bottom of backfill.

2) Bench backfill as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.

(3) Where MSE retaining walls are present, adjust CSB limits to accommodate the select fill zone. See retaining wall details for additional information.

4 When distance between select fill zones is less than 5'-0", MSE select fill may be substituted for cement stabilized backfill with approval from the Engineer.

(5) If shown in the plans, flowable backfill can be used as a substitute for cement stabilized backfill with the following

constraints:
a). If flowable backfill is to be placed over MSE backfill, then a filter fabric will be placed over the MSE backfill prior to placement of the flowable fill; and b). Place flowable fill in lifts not

exceeding 2 feet in height. Place each successive lift when the previous lift has stiffened/hardened (i.e. has lost its flowability).

GENERAL NOTES:

See the Bridge Layout for selected Option. Option 1 is intended for construction only requiring plasticity index (PI) controlled embankment fill or excavation in competent soils/rocks in order to construct the abutment. Option 2 is intended for new construction requiring high plasticity embankment fill with a PI greater than 30 or pavement built in poor native soil. Poor soils are defined as high plasticity clays or expansive clays.

Construct abutment backfill in accordance with Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Provide Cement Stabilized Backfill (CSB) meeting

the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.

If required elsewhere in the plans, provide Flowable Backfill meeting the requirements of Item 401, "Flowable Backfill", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.

Details are drawn showing left forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.
These details do not apply when Concrete Block

retaining walls are used in lieu of wingwalls.

SHEET 1 OF 2



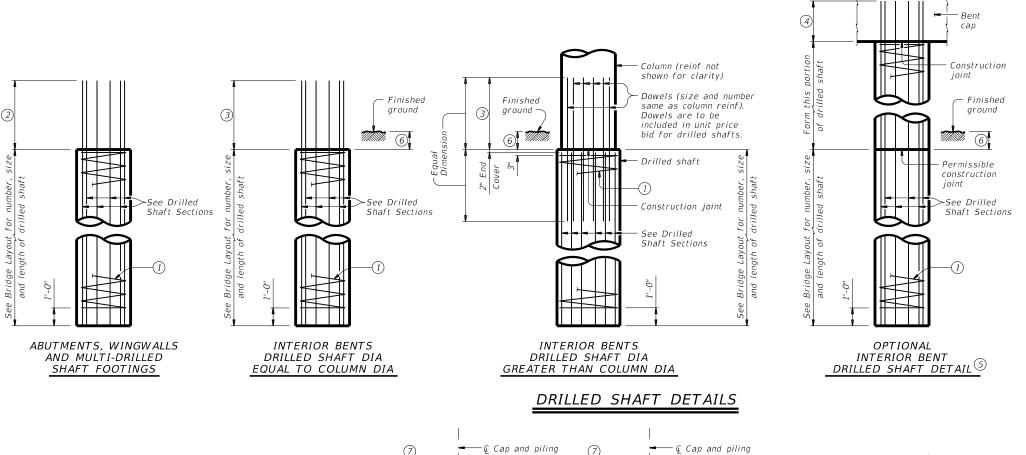
CEMENT STABILIZED ABUTMENT BACKFILL

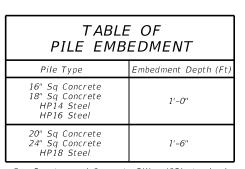
CSAB

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO CTxDOT April 2019 0901 19 204, ETC 02-20: Added Option 2. 03-23: Updated General Note. PAR GRAYSON, ETC.

BRIDGE ABUTMENT

PAR GRAYSON. ETC



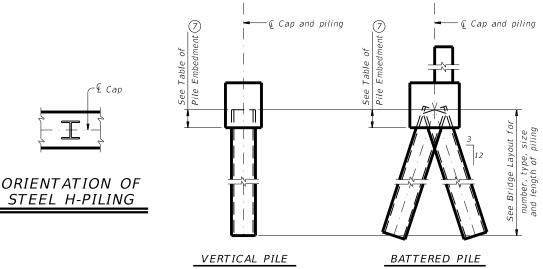


See Prestressed Concrete Piling (CP) standard for additional details on concrete pile embedment.

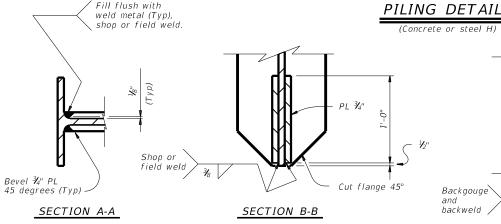
ELEVATION

STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT

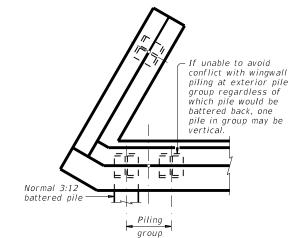
See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement is required and for options to the details shown.



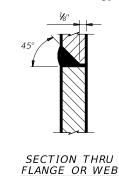




STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL Use when required.



DETAIL "A' (Showing plan view of a 30° skewed abutment)



top and bottom). 2 Min extension into supported element:

1) #3 spiral at 6" pitch (one and a half flat turns

48" D.S.

36" D.S.

24" D.S.

#6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-0" #9 Bars = 2'-3"

DRILLED SHAFT SECTIONS

42" D.S.

30" D.S.

18" D.S.

Min lap with column reinf: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9" #11 Bars = 4'-8"

 $#9 \; Bars = 2'-9''$

4 Min extension into supported element: #6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-3"

5 Drilled shafts may extend to the bottom of bent caps for "H" heights of 6 ft and less (as shown on the Bridge Layout), if approved. This option can only be used when the drilled shaft diameter equals the column diameter. Obtain approval of the forming method above the ground line prior to construction. No adjustments in payment will be made if this option is used.

6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.

7 Or as shown on plans.

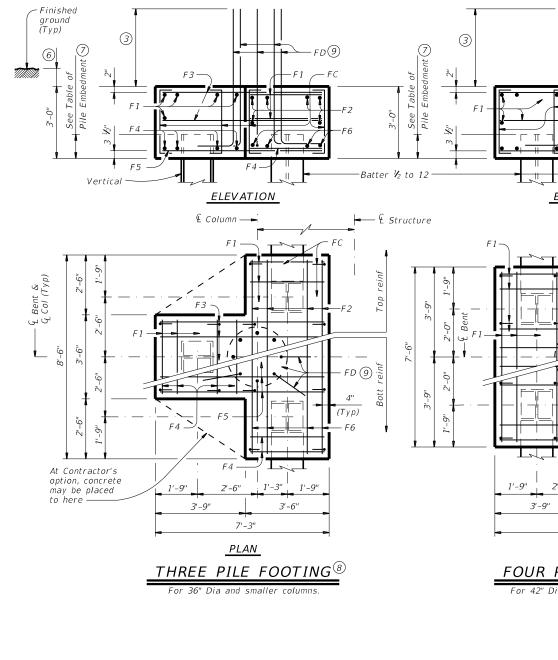
SHEET 1 OF 2

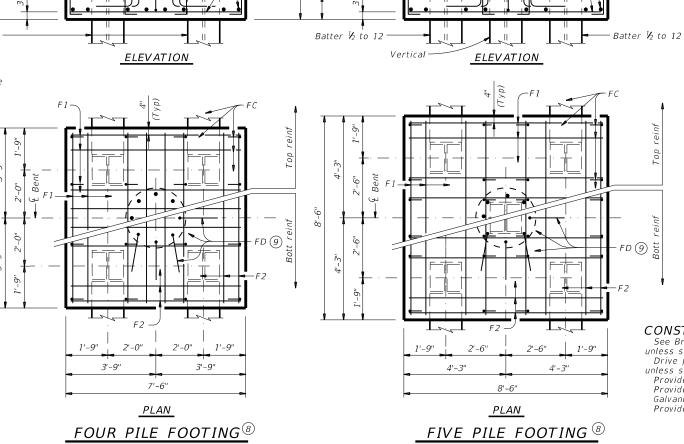


COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FDDN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO 0901 19 204, ETC

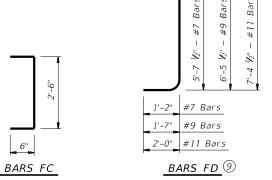
C)T x D0T April 2019 01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars PAR GRAYSON, FIC





Finished

ground (Typ) —



- Min lap with column reinforcing: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9" $#11 \ Bars = 4'-8''$
- 6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- 7 Or as shown on plans.
- 8 See Bridge Layout for type, size and length of piling.
- Number and size of FD bars must match column reinforcing. Tie FD bars to the top of the bottom reinforcing mat.
- 10 Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

TABLE OF FOOTING QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS

30" COLUMNS								
ONE 3 PILE FOOTING								
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight			
F 1	11	#4	3'- 2'	"	23			
F2	6	#4	8'- 2'	"	33			
F3	6	#4	6'- 11	l"	28			
F4	8	#9	3'- 2'	"	86			
F5	4	#9	6'- 11	l"	94			
F6	4	#9	8'- 2'		111			
FC	12	#4	3'- 6'	"	28			
FD (10)	8	8 #9 8'- 1" 220						
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	623			
Class	"C" Ca	ncrete		4.8				
ONE 4 PILE FOOTING								
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight			
F 1	20	#4	7'- 2'	"	96			
F2	16	#8	7'- 2'	"	306			
FC	16	#4	3'- 6'	"	37			
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1'	"	220			
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	659			
Class	"C" Co	ncrete		CY	6.3			
		ONE 5	PILE FOOT	ING	·			
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight			
F 1	20	#4	8'- 2'	"	109			
F2	16	#9	8'- 2'	"	444			
FC	24	#4	3'- 6'	"	56			
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1'	"	220			
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	829			
Class	"C" Co	ncrete		CY	8.0			

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6" Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11" Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:
Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
100 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns 120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2

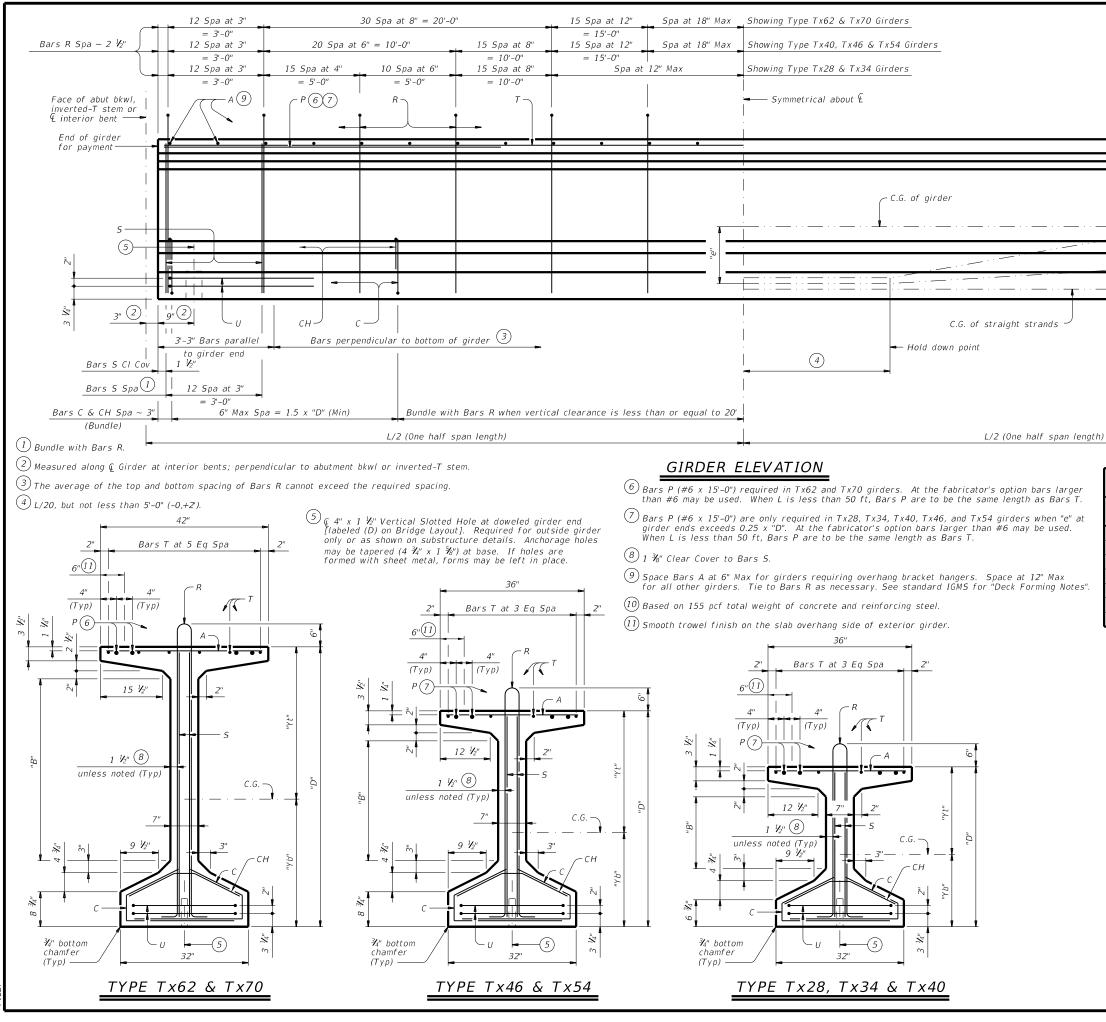


Bridge Division Standard

COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FD

FILE:	DN: TXL	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW: TxD07	CK: TXDOT
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
	0901	19	204, E	TC	CR
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	PΔR	GF	RAYSON.	FTC	62



GIRDER DIMENSIONS AND SECTION PROPERTIES Girdei Type (in.2 (plf) (in. (in.) Tx28 28 15.02 12.98 585 52.772 40.559 630 34 12 15.51 627 88,355 40,731 675 Tx34 18.49 720 Tx40 40 18 21.90 18.10 669 134.990 40.902 Tx46 22 25.90 20.10 761 198,089 46,478 819 46 880 Tx54 54 30 30.49 23.51 817 299,740 46,707 Tx62 62 37 1/2" 33.72 28.28 910 463,072 57,351 980 Tx70 70 45 ½" 38.09 31.91 966 628,747 57,579 1,040

9"(2)

Face of abut bkwl,

interior bent

inverted-T stem or

End of girder for payment Ontional ¾" Chamfer

vertically (Typ)

90° at int bents, plumb ends at abut bkwl & inverted-T

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Provide Class H concrete. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Do not blockout top of girders for

C.G. of depressed strands

C.G. of all strands

thickened slab ends.

An equal area of deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars A, C, R or T unless otherwise noted.

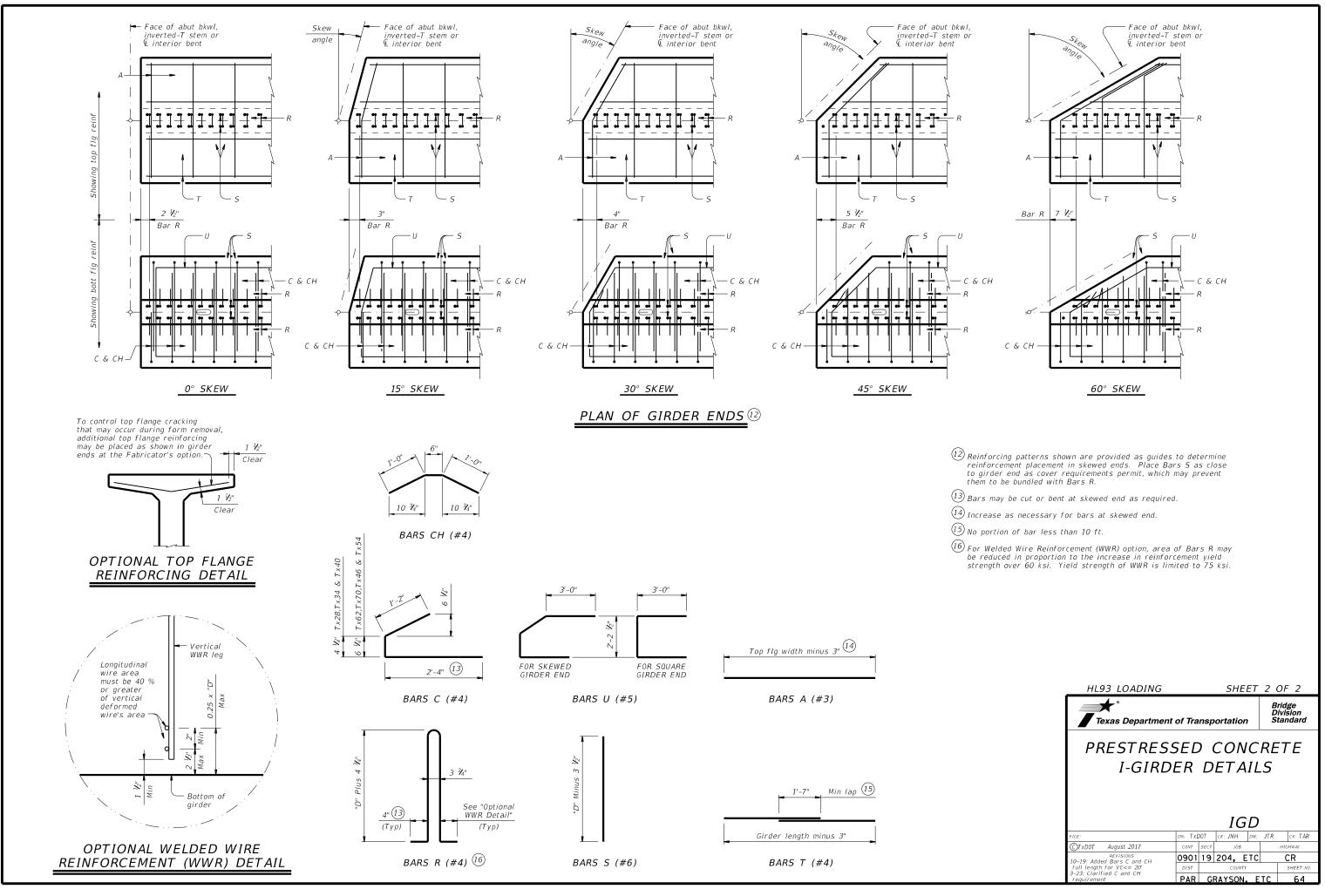
It is permissible for bars or strands to come in contact with materials

used in forming anchor holes.

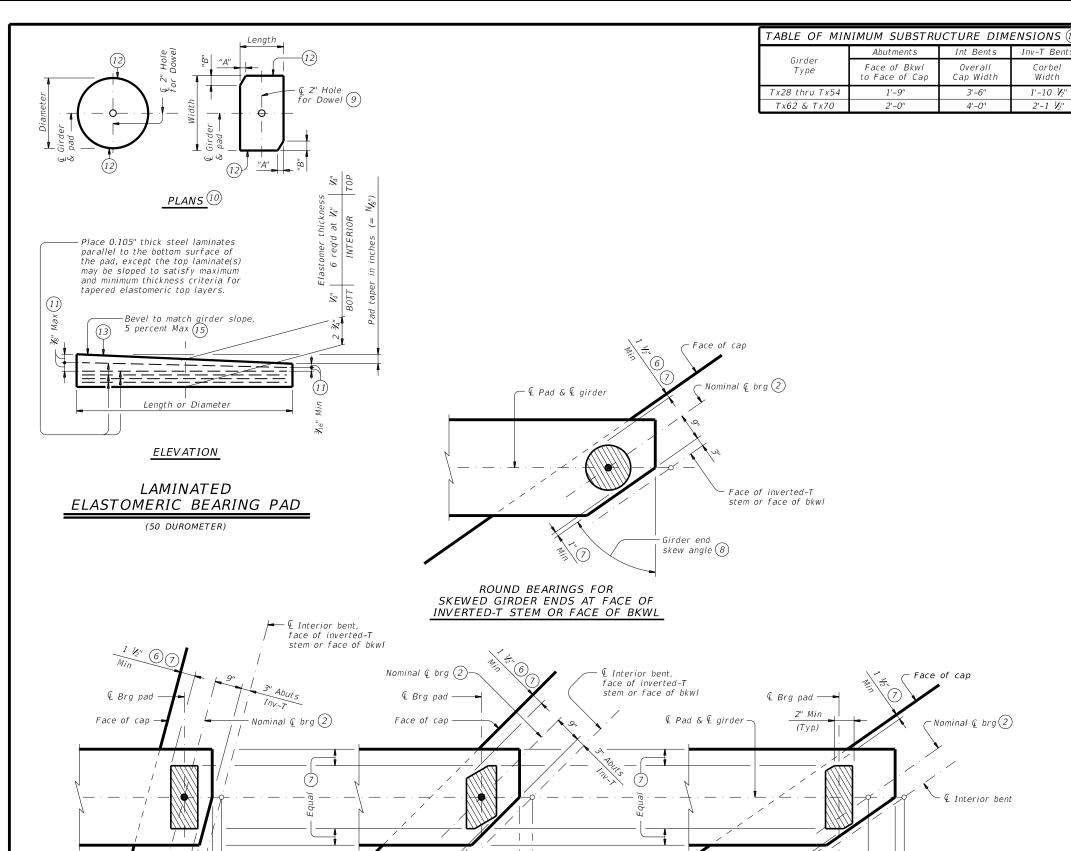
When vertical clearance of the span is less than or equal to 20', provide additional Bars C and CH in every girder of that span.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar





PAR GRAYSON, ETC



Girder end

BEARING PAD PLACEMENT DIAGRAMS

skew angle (8)

TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS Girder End Pad Clip Pad Size Bent Girder Туре Skew Angle Dimensions Type Type Lgth x Wdth Range G-1-"N" 0° thru 21° 8" x 21' Tx28,Tx34, 21°+ thru 30° 8" x 21" ABUTMENTS. INVERTED-T G-3-"N"30°+ thru 45° 9" x 21" 4 1/2" 45°+ thru 60° 15" Dia TRANSITION G-5-"N" 0° thru 21° 9" x 21' BENTS Tx62 G-6-"N" 9" x 21" 1 1/5" 21°+ thru 30° BACKWALLS G-7-"N" 30°+ thru 45° 10" x 21" 4 1/3" Tx70 45°+ thru 60° 10" x 21" 7 1/4" Tx40,Tx46INTERIOR & Tx54 8" x 21" G-1-"N" 0° thru 60° *BENTS* Tx62 & Tx70 G-5-"N" 9" x 21" 0° thru 60° G-1-"N" 0° thru 18° 8" x 21" CONVENTIONAL Tx28,Tx34, INTERIOR 18°+ thru 30° 8" x 21" Tx40,Tx46 BENTS G-9-"N" 30°+ thru 45° 8" x 21" WITH& Tx54 SKEWED G-10-"N" 45°+ thru 60° 9" x 21" GIRDER G-5-"N" 0° thru 18° 9" x 21' Tx62 G-5-"N" 18°+ thru 30° 9" x 21' (GIRDER CONFLICTS) 30°+ thru 45° G-11-"N"9" x 21" 1 1/3" Tx70 (16) 45°+ thru 60° 9" x 21"

- 2 For purposes of computing bearing seat elevations, nominal centerline of bearing must be defined as shown. The actual center of bearing pad may vary from this line.
- 6 3" for inverted-T.
- 7 Place centerline pad as near nominal centerline bearing as possible between limits shown.
- (8) Girder end skew angle is equal to 90° minus the girder angle except at some conflicting girders.
- (9) Provide 2" dia hole only at locations required. See Substructure details for location.
- (10) See Table of Bearing Pad Dimensions for dimensions.
- (1) Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered layers.
- (12) Locate Permanent Mark here.

Girder end

Varies with girder

end skew angle

SKEWED GIRDER ENDS

AT CONVENTIONAL

INTERIOR BENTS (16)
(NO GIRDER DOWELS)

skew angle (8)

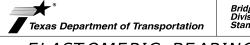
13 Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in 1/8" increments) in this mark.

Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper) N=1, (for V_6 " taper) N=2, (for V_4 " taper)

Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan girder slope by more than $\left(\begin{array}{c} 0.0625^{\circ} \\ 1.00010^{\circ} \end{array}\right)^{IN/IN}$.

- (4) Substructure dimensions must satisfy the minimums provided to accommodate the elastomeric bearings shown on this standard.
- 15 See sheet 3 of 3 for beveled plate use when slopes exceed 5 percent.
- (16) If girder end is skewed for a girder conflict at an interior bent and a beveled sole plate is required, use bearing type for abutments at this location. Location of bearing centerline is to be set as for abutments in this case.





ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

		IGLD					
FILE:		DN: AE	Ε	ск: ЈМН	DW: JTR	ck: TxD0T	
©T x D0T	August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0901	19	204, E	TC	CR	
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
		D.4.D		AVCON	E T C		

ICER

Girder end

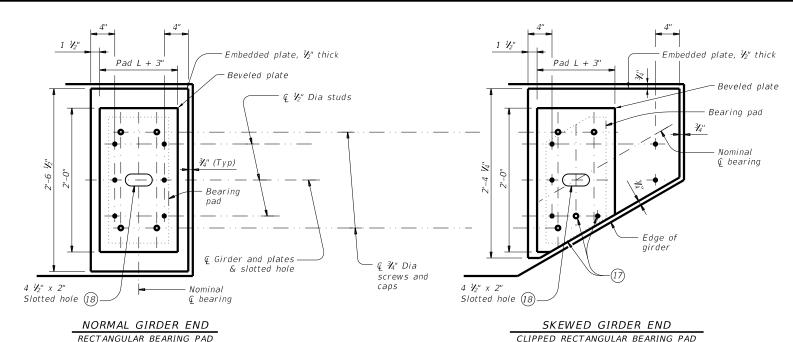
Int bents

skew angle (8)

SKEWED GIRDER ENDS

AT INT BENTS, FACE OF

INVERTED-T STEM OR FACE OF BKWL

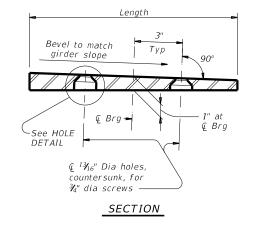


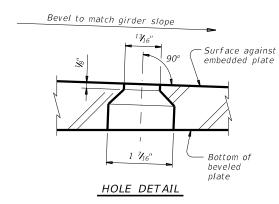
Embedded plate, ½" thick I'-6" W" Dia studs Beveled plate Nominal © bearing and caps 4 ½" x 2" Slotted hole (18)

SKEWED GIRDER END

15" DIA BEARING PAD

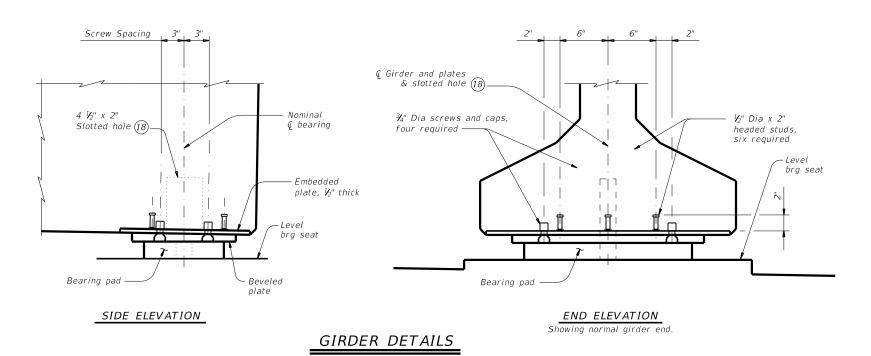
PLAN VIEW OF SOLE PLATE DETAILS





- (17) Cut beveled and embedded plates to match girder end skew. Adjust location of screw and stud as shown when necessary.
- (18) Slotted hole is required at doweled girder end locations.

BEVELED PLATE DETAILS



SOLE PLATE NOTES:

Provide constant thickness elastomeric bearings with beveled and embedded steel sole plates in accordance with these details when the girder slope exceeds 5 percent or if otherwise required in the plans. Provide for all girders in the span.

On the shop drawings, dimension sole plates to the nearest N_6 " based on required thickness at centerline of bearing and slope of girder. Thickness tolerance variation from the approved shop drawings is N_6 "+/-, except variation from a plane parallel to the theoretical top surface can not exceed N_6 " total. Bearing surface tolerances listed in Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates.

Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates.

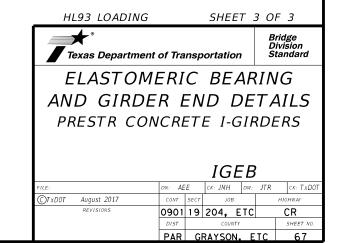
Steel plate must conform to ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50, or A709 Gr 36 or Gr 50. Hot dip galvanize both the embedded plate and beveled sole plate after fabrication. Seal weld caps to embedded plate before galvanizing.

When determining if relocation of screw holes and studs are necessary for skewed girder ends, minimum clearance from screw or stud centerline to plate edge is 1.25".

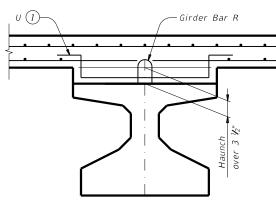
Tap threads in the embedded plate only. Drill and tap prior to galvanizing.

 $\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia screws must be electroplated, socket flat head countersunk cap screws conforming to ASTM F835. Electroplating must conform to ASTM B633, SC 2, Type 1. Provide screws long enough to maintain a $\frac{3}{4}$ " minimum embedment into the embedded plate and galvanized cap. Provide galvanized steel caps (16 ga Min) with a nominal 1" inside diameter and deep enough to accommodate the screws, but not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ " deep or deeper than 1".

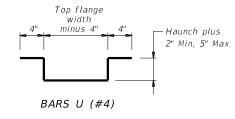
Install beveled sole plates prior to shipping girders. Installed screw heads must not protrude below the bottom of the beveled plate.

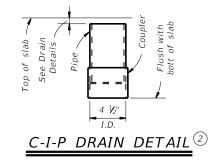


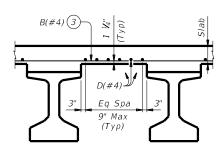
OATE: FILE:



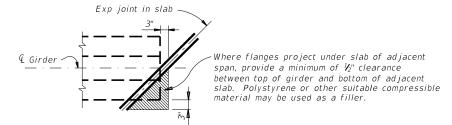
HAUNCH REINFORCING DETAIL



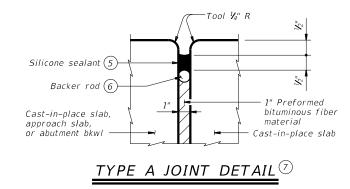




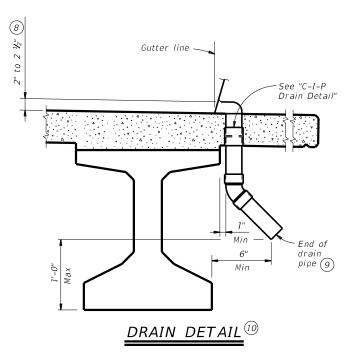
TYPICAL PART TRANSVERSE SLAB SECTION WITHOUT PCP



TREATMENT AT GIRDER END FOR SKEWED SPANS



- ① Space Bars U with girder Bars R in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 $lac{1}{2}$ ".
- 2 Roughen outside of PVC with coarse rasp or equal to ensure bond with cast-in-place concrete.
- 3 Bars B(#4) spaced at 9" Max with 2" end cover. Overhang option, Contractor's may end alternating bars B(#4) at centerline outside girder.
- (5) Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- 6 1 ¼" backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- The maximum distance between Type A expansion joints is 100'. See Bridge Layout for location of joints
- 8 Drain entrance formed in rail or sidewalk.
- Water may not be discharged onto girders.
- (1) All drain pipe and fittings to be 4" diameter (Sch 40) PVC. See Item 481 "Pipe for Drains" for pipe, connections and solvent welding. Bend reinforcing steel to clear PVC 1". Drain length and location is as directed by the Engineer. Drains are not permitted over roadways or railways, or within 10"-0" of bent caps. Degrease outside of exposed PVC, apply acrylic water base primer, then coat with same surface finishing material as used for outside girder face. Variations of the above designs, as required for the type of rail used and its location on the structure, may be installed with the approval and direction of the Engineer.



GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
Payment for Type A joint will be as per Item 454, "Bridge Expansion Joints."
All other items (reinforcing steel, drains, etc.) shown on this sheet are subsidiary to other bid items.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DECK FORMWORK NOTES:

Overhang bracket hangers are limited to a safe working load of 3,600 lbs, applied to and along the axis of a coil rod at 45 degrees from vertical, regardless of higher loads permitted by hanger manufacturers. Do not place a hanger less than 12" from girder end. Space hangers accordingly.

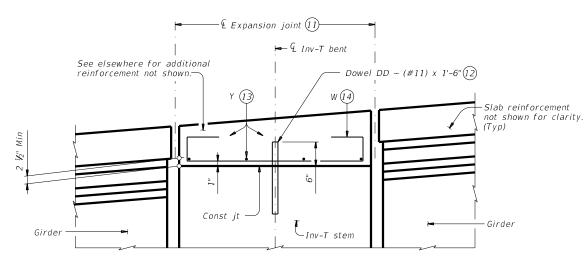
SHEET 1 OF 2



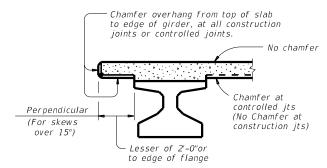
MISCELLANEOUS
SLAB DETAILS
PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

IGMS

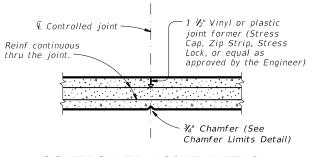
CK: TXDOT DW:



*/" Continuous drip bead (both sides of struct) **DRIP BEAD DETAIL*



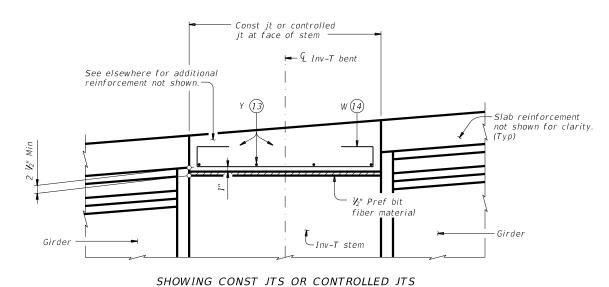
CHAMFER LIMITS DETAIL (15)



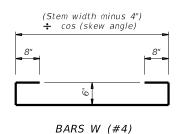
CONTROLLED JOINT DETAIL

(Saw-cutting is not allowed)

SHOWING EXPANSION JOINTS



REINFORCEMENT OVER INV-T BENTS



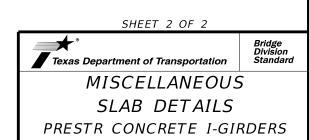
11) See Layout for joint type.

 $\widehat{\mathbb{Q}}$ Dowels DD (#11) spaced at 5 Ft Max. See Inv-T bents for quantity and location.

3 Space Bars Y (#4) at 12" Max. Use 2" end cover. Number of Bars Y must satisfy spacing limit. Place parallel to bent.

(14) Space Bars W at 12" Max (3" from end of cap). Tilt if necessary to maintain cover requirements. Place parallel to longitudinal slab reinforcement

15 See Span details for type of joint and joint locations.



	IGMS					
ILE:	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT	DW:	JTR	ск: ТхДОТ
CTxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 10-19: Modified Note 7. Type A now a pay item.	0901	19	204, E	TC		CR
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	DAD		DA V C ON	_	TC	60

7E:

soeve	se.
whats	s us
_	m it
rp	fro
any pu	Iting
or ai	esu
<u>↓</u>	les I
TxD0	этад
, by	or d
made	ı/ts
İS	rest
kind	rrect
any	ncori
y of	or ii
ant,	or f
Warı	ats
No	form
Act".	her
ce /	.o ot
racti	ard t
ng P	and
eeri	this st
igi	
xas Ei	o uo
"Tex	ersi
the	CON
by	the
rerned	for
	ility
si p.	onsik
dar	odsə.
stan	no r
this	umes
je	assu
use c	07
The	$T \times D$

GEEDCBAABCDEEG

13 Spa at 2"

TYPE Tx28

			DE:	SIGNED	GIRDE	RS				DEPR	ESSED	CONC	CRETE		OPTI	ONAL DESI	GN		LO	DAD R	
STRUCTURE	SPAN NO.	GIRDER NO.	GIRDER TYPE	NON- STD STRAND PATTERN	PRES TOTAL NO.	STRESSI SIZE (in)	NG STR, STRGTH fpu (ksi)	ANDS "e" Q (in)	"e" END (in)		TO END (in)	RELEASE STRGTH 1 f'ci (ksi)	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP STRGTH f'c (ksi)	DESIGN LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP Q) (SERVICE I) fct(ksi)	DESIGN LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT Q) (SERVICE III) fcb(ksi)	REQUIRED MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY (STRENGTH 1) (kip-ft)	DISTRI FAC	LOAD BUTION TOR 2	STREI	FACT	SERVICE III
Type Tx28 Girders 24' Roadway 8.5" Siab	40 45 50 55 60 65 70	ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	Tx28 Tx28 Tx28 Tx28 Tx28 Tx28 Tx28 Tx28		10 12 12 14 18 22 26 28	0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270	10.48 10.48 10.48 10.48 10.04 9.75 9.56 9.48	10.48 10.48 10.48 9.62 7.81 6.12 6.48 6.62	2 4 4 4	8.5 14.5 24.5 24.5 24.5	4.000 4.500 4.200 4.000 4.000 4.300 5.200 5.600	5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.600 5.900 6.300 7.800	1.055 1.332 1.645 1.969 2.320 2.716 3.131 3.572	-1.423 -1.744 -2.113 -2.490 -2.901 -3.337 -3.802 -4.291	1382 1525 1657 1919 2206 2486 2793 3110	0.670 0.650 0.630 0.610 0.600 0.580 0.570 0.560	0.850 0.850 0.860 0.860 0.870 0.870 0.870 0.880	1.56 1.58 1.25 1.27 1.43 1.55 1.26 1.38	2.02 2.05 1.62 1.64 1.86 2.00 1.89 1.81	1.98 1.79 1.25 1.11 1.14 1.14 1.01 1.08
Type Tx34 Girders 24 Roadway 8.5" Slab	40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85	ALL	Tx34 Tx34 Tx34 Tx34 Tx34 Tx34 Tx34 Tx34		10 10 12 12 14 16 20 24 26 30	0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270	13.01 13.01 13.01 13.01 13.01 12.76 12.41 12.18 12.09 11.81	13.01 13.01 13.01 13.01 12.44 11.76 9.61 7.84 8.09 7.81	2 4 4 4 4 6	6.5 8.5 18.5 30.5 30.5 26.5	4.000 4.500 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.300 4.700 5.400	5.000 5.500 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.100 5.400 5.700 6.100	0.835 1.050 1.294 1.553 1.845 2.161 2.461 2.818 3.168 3.567	-1.089 -1.332 -1.612 -1.904 -2.231 -2.579 -2.902 -3.283 -3.660 -4.078	1605 1750 1868 1981 2287 2605 2888 3223 3554 3909	0.690 0.670 0.650 0.630 0.620 0.610 0.590 0.580 0.570 0.560	0.830 0.840 0.840 0.840 0.850 0.850 0.850 0.860 0.860	1.85 1.90 1.53 1.24 1.27 1.25 1.46 1.57 1.39	2.40 2.46 1.98 1.61 1.64 1.62 1.89 2.04 1.96 2.00	2.60 2.42 1.81 1.33 1.22 1.06 1.13 1.15 1.04
Type Tx40 Girders 24' Roadway 8.5" Slab	40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95	ALL	Tx40 Tx40 Tx40 Tx40 Tx40 Tx40 Tx40 Tx40		10 10 12 12 14 14 16 18 22 26 28 32 36	0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270	15.60 15.60 15.60 15.60 15.60 15.35 15.16 14.87 14.68 14.68 14.23 13.93	15.60 15.60 15.60 15.60 15.60 15.60 14.85 14.27 11.24 9.76 10.03 8.60 8.93	4 4 4 4 6 6	6.5 8.5 24.5 36.5 36.5 36.5 36.5	4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.200 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.400 4.800 5.100 5.800	5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.100 5.500 5.500 6.600	0.697 0.873 1.065 1.283 1.522 1.780 2.035 2.328 2.616 2.930 3.259 3.620 4.006	-0.889 -1.080 -1.299 -1.538 -1.801 -2.081 -2.349 -2.657 -2.961 -3.287 -3.626 -3.991 -4.393	1671 1972 2276 2237 2434 2688 2989 3337 3681 4041 4410 4799 5245	0.720 0.690 0.670 0.650 0.640 0.630 0.610 0.590 0.580 0.570 0.560	0.820 0.820 0.830 0.830 0.830 0.840 0.840 0.850 0.850 0.850 0.850	2.10 1.74 1.78 1.46 1.49 1.24 1.28 1.47 1.60 1.55 1.62 1.47	2.73 2.26 2.31 1.90 1.93 1.60 1.65 1.66 1.90 2.08 2.01 2.10 1.94	3.15 2.50 2.33 1.80 1.66 1.25 1.17 1.05 1.11 1.22 1.07 1.06 1.06
Type Tx46 Girders 24' Roadway 8.5" Slab	40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110	ALL	Tx46 Tx46 Tx46 Tx46 Tx46 Tx46 Tx46 Tx46		10 10 12 12 14 14 14 16 18 22 24 28 32 36 38 42	0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270	17.60 17.60 17.60 17.60 17.60 17.60 17.60 17.35 17.16 16.88 16.77 16.60 16.23 15.94 15.81	17.60 17.60 17.60 17.60 17.60 17.60 17.60 16.85 16.27 15.06 14.10 11.46 9.48 9.94 10.45	4 4 4 4 6 6 6	6.5 8.5 14.5 20.5 40.5 42.5 42.5 40.5	4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 5.000 5.400	5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000	0.613 0.768 0.937 1.127 1.332 1.557 1.798 2.050 2.304 2.591 2.870 3.192 3.524 3.856 4.200 4.584	-0.708 -0.865 -1.042 -1.235 -1.438 -1.662 -1.898 -2.137 -2.384 -2.656 -2.923 -3.234 -3.542 -3.851 -4.169 -4.532	1732 2066 2452 2726 2951 2905 3157 3495 3859 4249 4631 5087 5513 5937 6370 6886	0.740 0.720 0.700 0.680 0.660 0.650 0.640 0.620 0.610 0.590 0.590 0.590 0.570 0.560	0.810 0.810 0.820 0.820 0.820 0.820 0.830 0.830 0.830 0.840 0.840 0.840 0.840	2.35 1.93 1.97 1.63 1.68 1.41 1.18 1.23 1.25 1.46 1.45 1.57 1.65 1.72	3.05 2.50 2.55 2.11 2.18 1.82 1.52 1.59 1.63 1.89 1.88 2.03 2.14 2.23 2.16 1.96	3.78 3.01 2.81 2.22 2.10 1.64 1.25 1.17 1.09 1.30 1.06 1.08 1.07 1.17

GFFDCBAABCDFF

13 Spa at 2"

TYPE Tx34

28.5 26.5 24.5 22.5 20.5 18.5 16.5 28.5 26.5 24.5 22.5 20.5 18.5 16.5 20 GEEDCBAABCDEE GEEDCBAABCDEE 13 Spa at 2" 13 Spa at 2" TYPE Tx40 TYPE Tx46

NON-STANDARD STRAND PATTERNS STRAND ARRANGEMENT AT € OF GIRDER PATTERN

1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension = $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$

Optional designs must likewise conform.

(2) Portion of full HL93.

DESIGN NOTES:

DESIGN NOTES.

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.

Optional designs for girders 120 feet or longer must have a calculated residual camber equal to or greater than that of the designed girder.

Prestress losses for the designed girders have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of

Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4. Full-length debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked Δ . Double wrap full-length debonded strands in outer most position of each

what full-length debonded strains in outer most position of each row.

When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed girder or an approved optional design. All optional design submittals must be signed, sealed and

dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas. Seal cracks in girder ends exceeding 0.005" in width as directed by the Engineer. The fabricator is permitted to decrease the spacing of Bars R and S by providing additional bars to help limit crack width provided the decreased spacing results in no less than 1" clear between bars. The fabricator must take an approved corrective action if cracks greater than 0.005" form on a repetitive

DEPRESSED STRAND DESIGNS:

CTxD0T August 2017

Locate strands for the designed girder as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc., beginning each row in the "A" position and working outward until the required number of strands is reached. All strands in the "A" position must be depressed, maintaining the 2" spacing so that, at the girder ends, the upper two strands are in the position shown in the table.

> HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2 Texas Department of Transportation PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER STANDARD **DESIGNS** 24' ROADWAY IGSD-24 DN: EFC CK: AJF DW: EFC CK: TAR

> > 0901 19 204, ETC PAR GRAYSON, ETC

CR

	tsoev	use.
	wha	ts u
	pose	m i
	=	fro
	any pu	ting
	r ai	esul
	JT fo	SS L
	, DO	nage
	y 7	dai
	de t	s or
	mad	sult
	si p	t re
	kind	reci
	any	ncor
	10 /	or i
	anti	or f
	arr	nats (
	No W	ormat
	1.	er f
	. Act	othe
	tice	ţ0
	Pra	daro
	ing	stanı
	neer	is s
	ngi	f th
	exas E	ou c
	Texa	ersi
	" əu	onv
	by t	the c
	pec	or t
	veri	ty f
	5 90	ibili
	10	suod
	ndai	resi
	sta	no
	this	umes
7	ЭĘ	SS
JOCEAN	he use	0T a.
25	The	TxD0

			DES	SIGNED	GIRDE	'RS				DEPR	RESSED	CONC	CRETE		OPTIO	ONAL DESIG	GN				ATING
					PRES	TRESS	ING STR	4NDS			R <i>AND</i>			DESIGN	DESIGN	REQUIRED		LOAD	ı L	FACT	ORS
STRUCTURE	SPAN NO.	GIRDER NO.	GIRDER TYPE	NON- STD STRAND	TOTAL NO.	SIZE	STRGTH	″e″ ©	"e" END		TERN To	RELEASE STRGTH	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP	LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP ©)	LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT ©)	MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT	FA	IBUTION CTOR 2	STREN	GTH I	SERVICE III
				PATTERN		(in)	f pu (ksi)	(in)	(in)	NO.	END (in)	f'ci (ksi)	STRGTH f'c (ksi)	(SERVICE I) fct(ksi)	(SERVICE III) fcb(ksi)	(STRENGTH I)			Inv	l Opr	Inv
								, ,			(111)					(kip-ft)	Moment	Shear		0pr	
	40	ALL	Tx54		8	0.6	270	21.01	21.01			4.000	5.000	0.511	-0.578	1798	0.770	0.800	2.05	2.66	3.76
	45	ALL	Tx54		10	0.6	270	21.01	21.01			4.000	5.000	0.636	-0.703	2126	0.740	0.800	2.24	2.90	3.69
	50 55	ALL ALL	Tx54 Tx54		12 12	0.6 0.6	270 270	21.01 21.01	21.01 21.01			4.000 4.000	5.000 5.000	0.781 0.938	-0.850 -1.007	2533 2951	0.720 0.700	0.810 0.810	1.81 1.90	2.35 2.46	2.91 2.79
	60	ALL	T x 54		12	0.6	270	21.01	21.01			4.000	5.000	1.108	-1.007 -1.173	3271	0.680	0.810	1.60	2.46	2.79
	65	ALL	Tx54		14	0.6	270	21.01	21.01			4.000	5.000	1.285	-1.173	3547	0.670	0.810	1.66	2.07	2.25
	70	ALL	Tx54		14	0.6	270	21.01	21.01			4.000	5.000	1.482	-1.540	3502	0.660	0.820	1.41	1.82	1.73
	75	ALL	Tx54		16	0.6	270	20.76	20.26	4	6.5	4.000	5.000	1.689	-1.733	3745	0.640	0.820	1.47	1.91	1.66
Type Tx54 Girders	80	ALL	Tx54		16	0.6	270	20.76	20.76		0.5	4.000	5.000	1.912	-1.944	4001	0.630	0.820	1.26	1.63	1.30
24' Roadway 8.5" Slab	85	ALL	Tx54		18	0.6	270	20.56	19.67	4	8.5	4.000	5.000	2.148	-2.166	4406	0.620	0.820	1.07	1.39	1.00
0.5 Stati	90	ALL	Tx54		20	0.6	270	20.41	19.21	4	10.5	4.000	5.000	2.379	-2.384	4806	0.610	0.820	1.33	1.73	1.16
	95	ALL	Tx54		22	0.6	270	20.28	18.46	4	14.5	4.000	5.000	2.639	-2.624	5234	0.600	0.820	1.35	1.75	1.07
	100	ALL	Tx54		26	0.6	270	20.08	16.39	4	28.5	4.000	5.000	2.896	-2.871	5699	0.600	0.830	1.52	1.97	1.14
	105	ALL	Tx54		30	0.6	270	19.81	12.21	6	44.5	4.000	5.000	3.180	-3.130	6153	0.590	0.830	1.51	1.96	1.02
	110	ALL	Tx54		32	0.6	270	19.63	11.38	6	50.5	4.100	5.000	3.477	-3.400	6619	0.580	0.830	1.63	2.12	1.03
	115	ALL	Tx54		36	0.6	270	19.34	12.01	6	50.5	4.700	5.500	3.786	-3.679	7096	0.570	0.830	1.60	2.07	1.00
	120	ALL	Tx54		38	0.6	270	19.22	13.22	6	44.5	5.200	6.100	4.116	-3.985	7646	0.570	0.830	1.65	2.14	1.01
	125	ALL	Tx54		42	0.6	270	19.01	12.72	6	50.5	5.600	6.600	4.415	-4.257	8113	0.560	0.830	1.71	2.24	1.09
	60	ALL	Tx62		12	0.6	270	25.78	25.78			4.000	5.000	0.878	-0.986	3525	0.700	0.800	1.81	2.35	2.73
	65	ALL	Tx62		12	0.6	270	25.78	25.78			4.000	5.000	1.016	-1.133	3847	0.690	0.800	1.89	2.45	2.64
	70	ALL	Tx62		14	0.6	270	25.78	25.78			4.000	5.000	1.171	-1.293	4173	0.680	0.810	1.61	2.08	2.16
	75	ALL	Tx62		14	0.6	270	25.78	25.78			4.000	5.000	1.332	-1.455	4132	0.660	0.810	1.68	2.18	2.10
	80	ALL	Tx62		16	0.6	270	25.53	25.53			4.000	5.000	1.506	-1.633	4429	0.650	0.810	1.45	1.88	1.72
	85	ALL	Tx62		16	0.6	270	25.53	25.53			4.000	5.000	1.691	-1.819	4610	0.640	0.810	1.24	1.61	1.37
Type Tx62 Girders 24' Roadway	90	ALL	Tx62		16	0.6	270	25.53	25.53	Ι,		4.000	5.000	1.885	-2.013	5051	0.630	0.810	1.29	1.68	1.31
8.5" Slab	95 100	ALL	Tx62		20	0.6	270	25.18	24.78	4	6.5	4.000	5.000	2.081	-2.209	5493	0.620	0.820	1.11	1.44	1.02
	100	ALL	Tx62		22	0.6	270	25.05	23.96	4	10.5	4.000	5.000	2.295	-2.420	5959	0.610	0.820	1.16	1.50	1.01
	105 110	ALL ALL	Tx62 Tx62		24 26	0.6 0.6	270 270	24.94 24.85	23.28 22.70	4	14.5 18.5	4.000 4.000	5.000 5.000	2.514 2.723	-2.642 -2.850	6475 6936	0.610	0.820 0.820	1.37 1.39	1.78 1.80	1.10 1.03
	110 115	ALL	Tx62		30	0.6	270	24.85 24.58	22.70 17.78	6	18.5 40.5	4.000	5.000	2.723 2.963	-2.850 -3.083	7440	0.590	0.820	1.39	2.02	1.03
	115 120	ALL	Tx62		34	0.6	270	24.58 24.25	17.78 15.07	6	58.5	4.000	5.000	3.213	-3.083 -3.325	7957	0.580	0.820	1.55	2.02	1.09
	125	ALL	Tx62		36	0.6	270	24.23	17.11	6	48.5	4.700	5.600	3.480	-3.525 -3.591	8551	0.580	0.820	1.64	2.01	1.04
	130	ALL	Tx62		40	0.6	270	23.88	16.68	6	54.5	5.100	6.100	3.733	-3.836	9072	0.570	0.820	1.52	2.13	1.04
	135	ALL	Tx62	1	42	0.6	270	23.78	16.35	6	58.5	5.300	6.300	4.002	-4.104	9676	0.570	0.830	1.61	2.09	1.02

NON	I-STANDARD STRAND PATTERNS
PATTERN	STRAND ARRANGEMENT AT € OF GIRDER

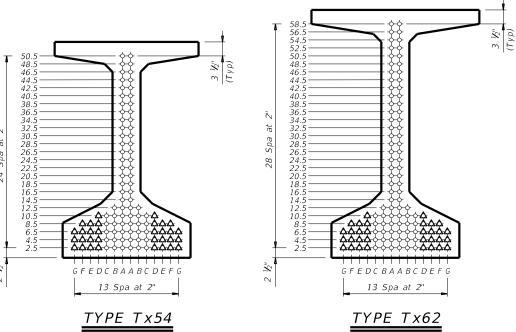
1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension = $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$

Optional designs must likewise conform.

(2) Portion of full HL93.



TYPE Tx62

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

Bridge Division Standard

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER STANDARD DESIGNS

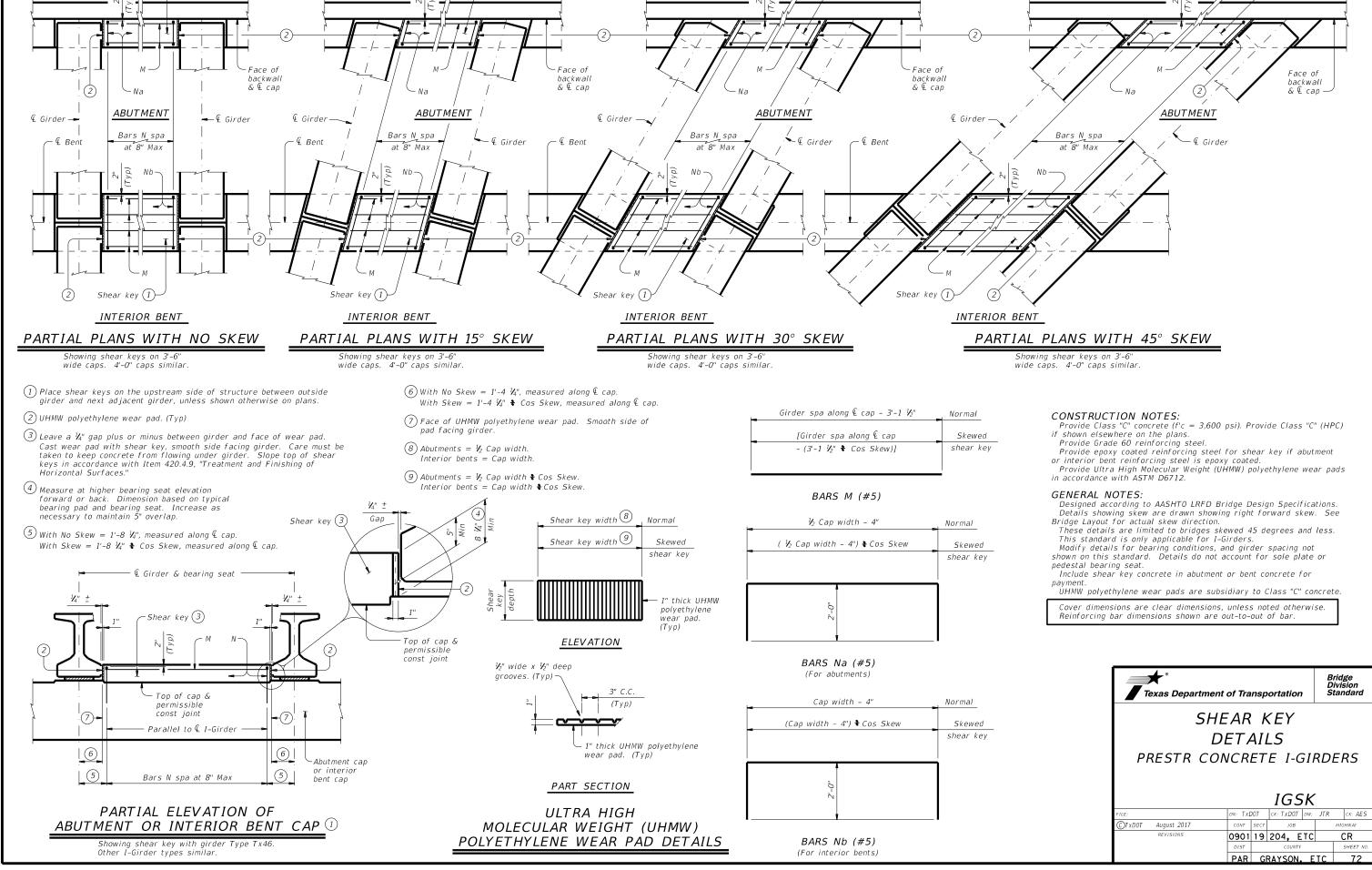
24' ROADWAY

IGSD-24

FILE:	DN: EF	C	CK: AJF	DW: EF	C	ck: TAR
©TxD0T August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
REVISIONS 10-19: Redesigned girders.	0901	19	204, E	TC	(CR
1-21: Added load rating.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PAR	GF	RAYSON.	ETC	:	71

Shear key (1)

Shear key (1)



Shear key (1)

Shear key (1)

PAR GRAYSON. ETC

(Showing Prestressed Conc I-Girders at ← Brg)

PLAN FOR 45° SKEW 4

(Showing short span condition.)

3

₹ Int bent

3

TABLE OF ALLOW ABLE UNIT LENGTH

Max Rdwy Grade, Percent	Unit Length Factor
0.00	4.1
1.00	3.9
2.00	3.7
3.00	3.5
4.00	3.3
F 00	2.1

Unit length must not exceed the length of the shortest end span times the Unit Length Factor shown in table or 400', whichever is less.

BAR SIZE #4 #4

> #4 #4

#5

D

0A

BAR TABLE

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for two and three span units comprised of the same girder type. Units may be comprised of different span lengths. See "Table of Allowable Unit Length".

GENERAL NOTES:

5'-0"

BARS OA (#5)

girder (Typ)

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

This standard is drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
Where multi-span units are indicated on the Bridge Layout, the thickened slab end details and reinforcement shown on IGTS standard (Bars AA, G, H, J, K, and M) and on the Span Details will be omitted where slabs are continuous over interior bents. At these locations, the slab details and reinforcement will be as shown on this sheet or on PCP standard (if using this option).

Thickened slab end reinforcement and details still apply at expansion joint locations (ends of units).

See Span Details for remainder of slab reinforcement and details.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide Class "S" concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class "S" (HPC) if shown elsewhere on the

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated $\sim #4 = 1'-7''$ Epoxy Coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for use only with the Prestressed Concrete I-Girder Standard Designs shown on standards IGSD-24, IGSD-28, IGSD-30, IGSD-32, IGSD-34, IGSD-38, IGSD-40 and IGSD-44

HL93 LOADING



Bridge Division Standard

CONTINUOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONC I-GIRDER SPANS

IGCS

TLE:	DN: JM	IH.	CK: TXDOT	DW:	JTR	ск: ТхD0Т
CTxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHW AY
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, E	TC		CR
10-19: Added bubble note 6. 01-23: Added 34' Rdwv.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	DAD	CE	NASON	Г	TC	7./

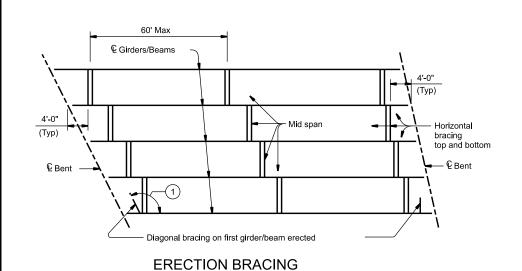
(2) Maintain a constant slab thickness over the bent.

(3) 5'-4" as shown on Span Details.

4 Use these details when no full slab width bars A and B are shown on Span Details.

(5) Bars OA (Top) at 9" Max spacing between Bars A (Top).

6 Values in table assume a temperature change of 70° F after erection when calculating thermal movement in one direction (not total).



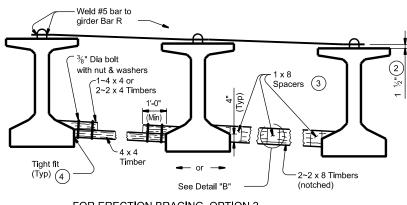
12 gage (0.105" thk) x 2 steel strap. Galvanize per ⁵⁄₈" Min dia expansion anchor, ASTM A653, G165 coating 3" Min embed, 6 ultimate shear designation. (8) 11/₁₆" Dia capacity required. hole centered in strap 3" Max 0" Min with nut & washers Strap end 1 beyond anchor Spacers (3) 2~2 x 4 Timbers Timbei

2~2 x 8 Timbers

FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 1

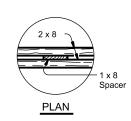
(Typ) (4)

(This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)

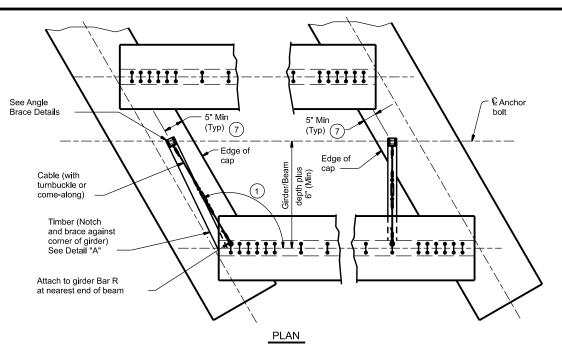


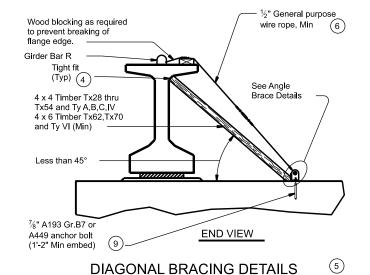
FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 2

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS

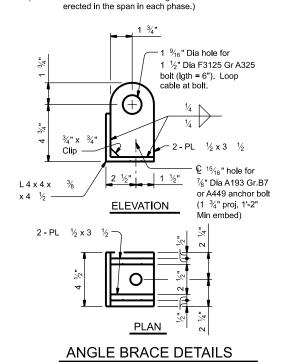


DETAIL "B"





(To be used on both ends of the first girder/beam



HAULING & ERECTION:

The Contractor's attention is directed to the possible lateral instability of prestressed concrete girders and beams over 130' long, especially during hauling and erection. The use of the following methods to improve stability is encouraged: Locate lifting devices at the maximum practical distance from girder ends; use external lateral stiffening devices during hauling and erection; lift with vertical lines using two machines; and take care in handling to minimize inertial and impact forces.

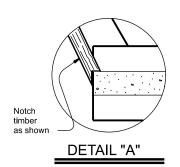
ERECTION BRACING:

Erection bracing details shown are considered the minimum for fulfilling the bracing requirements of Item 425.

Required erection bracing must be placed immediately after erection of each girder and remain in place until additional bracing as required for slab placement is in place. This standard is needed in all cases to meet requirements for Slab Placement Bracing.

PHASED CONSTRUCTION:

Place erection and slab placement bracing for all girders in a phase as shown in these details. For phases after first, also place erection and slab placement bracing between outer girder of completed phase and adjacent girder of current phase. When the phase construction joint is between girders, top bracing can be omitted.



- If angle shown exceeds 120 degrees, move diagonal brace to other side of girder/beam and place square to girder/beam. This may prevent exterior girder from being erected first.
- 2 Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R (See Sheet 2 of 2).
- 3 Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.
- Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges to timbers.
- 5 Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 6 All hardware used with cable must be able to develop a minimum 25 kips breaking strength. Use thimbles at all loops in cable. Install cable clamps with saddles bearing against the live end and U-bolts bearing aginst the dead end.
- (7) It is acceptable to tie anchor bolts to cap reinforcement.
- 8 Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- Anchor bolt may be drilled and epoxied in place. Provide 25k minimum pullout. Core drill hole.

 Anchor bolt may be drilled and epoxied in place. Provide 25k minimum pullout.

SHEET 1 OF 2



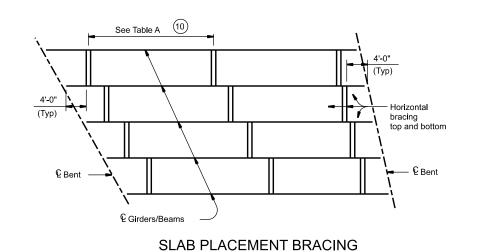
MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

MEBR(C)

Bridge Division Standard

	WEDI ((O)							
		DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT		ск: TxDOT
C TXDOT	August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0901	19	204, ET	С		C	CR
		DIST		COUNTY				SHEET NO.
		PAR	GI	RAYSON,	ET	С		75

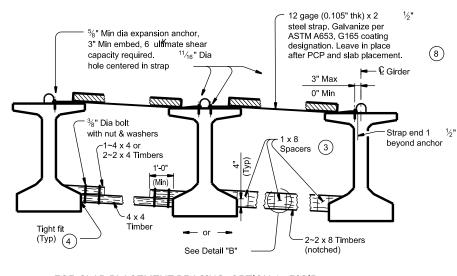
DATE:



OPTION 1-RI	GID BRACING (STEEL	STRAP)					
	Maximum Brac	ng Spacing					
Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0"	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)					
Tx28	1/ ₄ points	1/4 points					
Tx34	1/ ₄ points	1/ ₄ points					
Tx40	1/4 points	1/8 points					
Tx46	1/4 points	1/8 points					
Tx54	1/ ₄ points	½ points					
Tx62	1/4 points	1/8 points					
Tx70	½ points	½ points					
A	½ points	½ points					
В	1/8 points	1/8 points					
С	1/8 points	1/8 points					
IV	1/ ₄ points	1/8 points					
VI ¼ points ⅓ points							

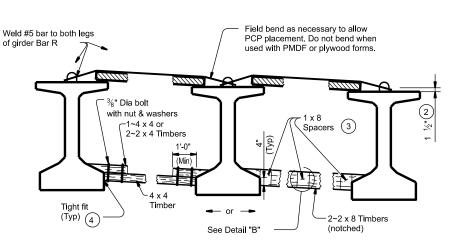
TABLE A

	Maximum Brac	ing Spacing					
Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0"	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)					
Tx28	1/4 points	1/8 points					
Tx34	1/ ₄ points	1/8 points					
Tx40	1/ ₄ points	1/8 points					
Tx46	1/4 points	1/8 points					
Tx54	½ points	⅓ points					
Tx62	1/ ₄ points	1/8 points					
Tx70	1/ ₄ points	1/8 points					
A	2.0 ft	1.5 ft					
В	3.0 ft	2.0 ft					
С	4.5 ft	2.0 ft					
IV	1/4 points	4.0 ft					
VI	1/4 points	4.0 ft					



FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 1 - RIGID

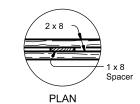
(Showing slab formed with PCP. This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)



FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 2 - FLEXIBLE

(Showing slab formed with PCP.)

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS



DETAIL "B"

- 2 Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R.
- 3 Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.
- Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges to timbers.
- 5 Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 8 Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- (1) Measure slab overhang from centerline of girder or beam. When overhang varies in span, determine bracing spacing based on largest overhang.

SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING:

The details for slab placement bracing are considered minimum for fulfilling the requirements of Specification Items 422 and 425. Required slab placement bracing must remain in place until slab concrete has attained a compressive strength of 3000 psi.

GENERAL NOTES:

Bracing details for spans longer than 150' are not provided. The Contractor must submit proposed bracing details for such conditions to the Engineer for approval prior to erection.

Systems equal to or better than those shown may be used provided details of such systems are submitted to and approved by the Engineer prior to erection.

Use of these systems or details does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the adequacy of the bracing and the safety of the structure.

Removal of bracing for short periods of time to align girders and beams is permissible.

All turn-buckles, come-alongs, anchors and other connections must be capable of developing the full strength of the cable shown.

Furnish anchor bolts and nuts in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

SHEET 2 OF 2



MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

MEBR(C)

WEDI ((O)								
DN: TXDOT		ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT			
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, ET	С	CR			
	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.			
	PAR	76						

Position hangers flush with edge of beam . Field trim angle if lock necessary 1" Max (Typ) -Form PMDF-(Typ)

PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS AND I-GIRDERS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS

flush with edge

1" Max (Typ)

1" Min (Typ)

1" Max (Typ)

of beam

Stirrup lock

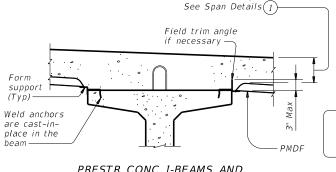
- Form

support

Field trim angle

if necessary

Intermittent



Slab thickness.

PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS AND I-GIRDERS WITH WELD ANCHORS

Slab thickness See Span Details (1) . .

TYP LONGITUDINAL SLAB SECTION

~ ¾" Min Anchor 2" long L or equal at 18" c.c. welded to PMD -Construction joint or controlled joint Plate Joist

Note: In spans where PMD forms are used, timber forms must be used at construction joints. Adequate provision must be made to support edge of metal form and to provide anchorage of metal form to slab concrete where joined to wood forms.

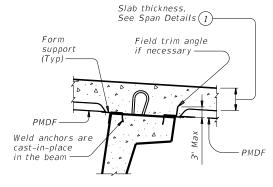
SECTION THRU CONSTRUCTION JOINT

U-BEAMS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS

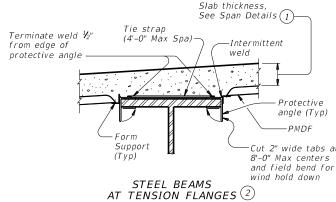
- Form supports -

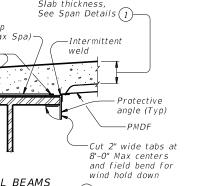
STEEL BEAMS

AT COMPRESSION FLANGES

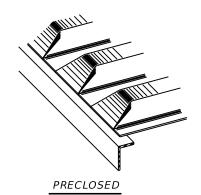


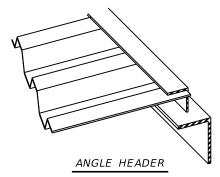
U-BEAMS WITH WELD ANCHORS





TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTIONS





NOTE: This type is to be used for skewed ends only.

TYPES OF END CLOSURES

FOR PRESTR CONC U-BEAM AND STEEL GIRDER BRIDGES:

Unless shown elsewhere in the plans, size, spacing, and orientation of bottom mat of slab reinforcement must match the top mat of reinforcing shown on the span details except all bottom mat bars are to be #5. Bottom mat reinforcement nd additional concrete is subsidiary to Item 422 "Concrete Superstructures." FOR PRESTR CONC TX-GIRDER BRIDGES:

See Miscellaneous Slab Details, Prestr Concrete I-Girders (IGMS) standard sheet for bottom mat reinforcing.

Place concrete in direction of lap (3)—

SIDE LAP DETAILS

- 1 Slab thickness minus %" if corrugations match reinforcing bars.
- 2 Welding of form supports to tension flanges will not be permitted. Other methods of providing wind hold down resistance for PMDF in tension flange zones will be considered. At least one layer of sheet metal must be provided between the flange and the weld joint.
- 3 The direction of concrete placement will be such that the upper layer of the form overlap is loaded first.
- (4) See Span details for cover requirements.

GENERAL NOTES: Steel for Permanent Metal Deck Forms (PMDF) and support angles shall conform to ASTM A653, structural steel (SS), with coating designation G165. Steel must have a minimum yield strength of 33 ksi. Minimum thickness of PMDF is 20 gage

and that of support angles and protective angles is 12 gage.
Submit two copies of forming plans for PMDF to the Engineer These plans must show all essential details of proposed form sheets, closures, fasteners, supports, connectors, special conditions and size and location of welds. These plans must clearly show areas of tension flanges for steel beams and provisions for protecting the tension flanges from welding notch effects by inclusion of separating sheet metal or other positive method. These plans must be designed, signed, and sealed by a licensed professional engineer. Department approval of these plans is not required, but the Department reserves the right to require modifications to the plans. The Contractor is responsible for the adequacy of these plans

The details and notes shown on this standard are to be used

as a guide in preparation of the forming plans.

All material, labor, tools and incidentals necessary to form a bridge deck with Permanent Metal Deck Forms is considered subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete Superstructures".

DESIGN NOTES:
As a minimum, PMDF and support angles must be designed for the dead load of the form, reinforcement and concrete plus 50 psf for construction loads. Flexural stresses due to these design loads must not exceed 75 percent of the yield strength of the steel. Allowable

stress for weld metal must be 12,400 psi.
Maximum deflection under the weight of forms reinforcement and concrete or 120 psf, whichever is greater, shall not exceed the following:

> 1/180 of the form design span, but not more than 0.50", for design spans of 10'

1/240 of the form design span, but not more than 0.75", for design spans greater

1/240 of the form design span, but not more than 0.75", for all design spans of railroad overpass bridge spans fully or partially over railroad right-of-way, and for all bridge spans of railroad underpass structures.

The form design span must not be less than the clear distance between beam flanges, measured parallel to the form flutes, minus 2".

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Form sheets must not be permitted to rest directly on the top of beam flanges. Form sheets must be securely fastened to form supports and must have a minimum bearing length of one inch at each end. Form supports must be placed in direct contact with beam flanges.

All attachments must be made by permissible welds, screws, bolts, clips or other means shown on the forming plans. All sheet metal assembly screws must be installed with torque-limiting devices to prevent stripping. Only welds or bolts must be used to support vertical loads.

Welding and welds must be in accordance with the provisions of Item 448, "Structural Field Welding", pertaining to fillet welds. All welds must be made by a qualified welder

in accordance with Item 448. All permanently exposed form metal, where the galvanized coating has been damaged, must be thoroughly cleaned and repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Minor heat discoloration in areas of welds need not be touched up.

Flutes must line up uniformly across the entire width of the structure where main reinforcing steel is located in the flute.

Construction joints will not be permitted unless shown on the plans. The location of and forming details for any construction joint used must be shown on the forming plans. Forms below a construction joint must be removed after curing of the slab.
A sequence for uniform vibration of concrete

must be approved by the Engineer prior to concrete placement. Attention must be given to prevent damage to the forms, yet provide proper vibration to prevent voids or honeycomb in the flutes and at headers and/or construction joints.

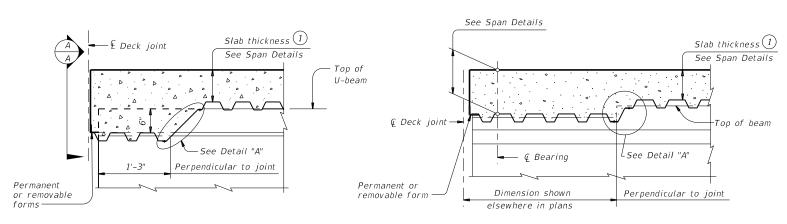
SHEET 1 OF 2



PERMANENT METAL DECK FORMS

PMDF

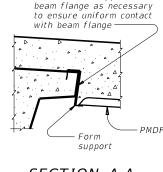
		, ,	וטוי				
LE:	DN: TxE	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB	н	HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, E	TC		CR	
2-20: Modified box note by adding steel beams/girders and subsidiary.	DIST		COUNTY SHEE				
2-21: Updated max deflection for RR.	DAD		AVCON		TC	77	



AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR U-BEAMS

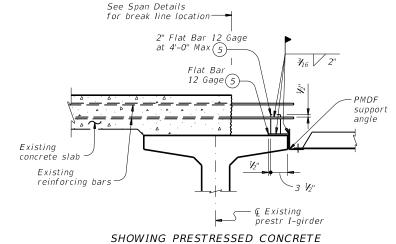
AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS I-GIRDERS AND STEEL BEAMS

Showing I-beam block-out. No block-out for I-girders or steel beams.

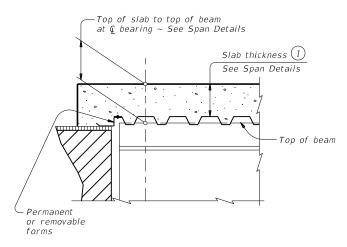


Secure form support to

SECTION A-A



I-BEAMS, I-GIRDERS AND U-BEAMS

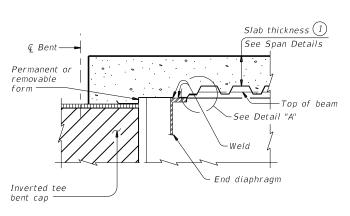


AT SLAB OVER ABUTMENT BACKWALL OR INVERTED-T STEM FOR CONCRETE BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

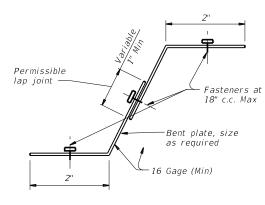
Slab thickness (1)

See Span Details

−Top of slab to top of beam at @ bearing ~ See Span Details



AT SLAB OVER INVERTED-T STEM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

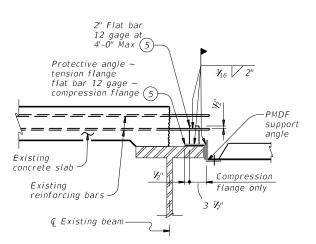


DETAIL "A"

Bent PL or L ~ size as required

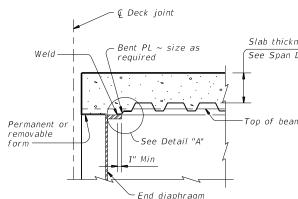
Fasteners at

18" с.с. Мах



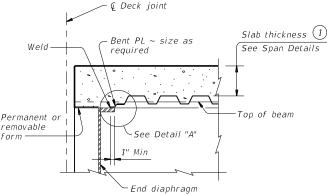
SHOWING STEEL BEAMS

WIDENING DETAILS

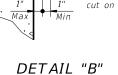


AT CONCRETE END DIAPHRAGM FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS AND STEEL BEAMS

∽End diaphragm



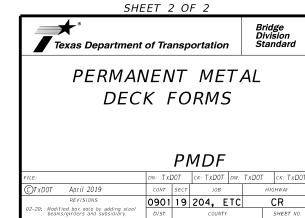
AT END DIAPHRAGM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END



- 1) Slab thickness minus 🐉 if corrugations match reinforcing bars
- 5 Minimum yield stress of 12 gage bars shall be 40 ksi

Anchors cast in diaphragm





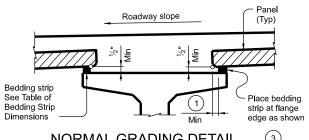
PAR GRAYSON, FTC

DETAILS AT ENDS OF BEAMS

-Top of beam

Permanent or removable

@ Deck joint



NORMAL GRADING DETAIL

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders (Other beam types similar)

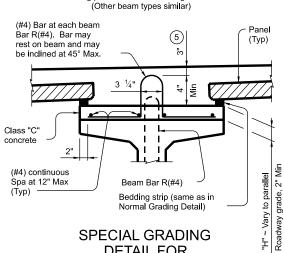


TABLE OF BEDDING STRIP **DIMENSIONS** HEIGHT (4) WIDTH Min Max 1" (Min) 2" 1 1/4" 2 ½" 1 ½" 1/2" 1 3/4" 1/2" 3 ½" 2" 1/2" 4" 2 1/4" 1/2" 4 ½" (2 2 ½" 1/2" 5" (2 5 ½" (2

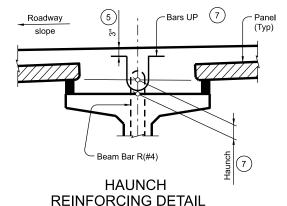
1/2"

6" (2

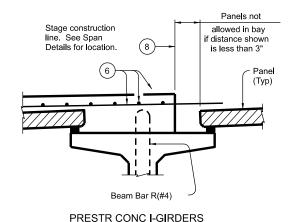
2 3/4"

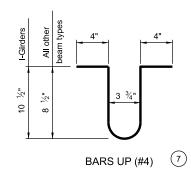
3" (Max

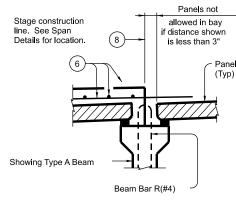
DETAIL FOR CONCRETE BEAMS Showing prestressed concrete I-girders. (Other beam types similar)



Showing prestressed concrete I-girders. (Other beam types similar)







PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS

STAGE CONSTRUCTION LIMITATIONS

(Other beam types similar)

(1) 2" Min for I-girders, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Min for all other beam types. (2) Allowed for prestressed concrete I-girders, not allowed on other beam types.

(3) To reduce the quantity of cast-in-place concrete, bedding strip thickness may be increased in $\frac{1}{4}$ " increments. Bedding strips must be comprised of one layer. Bond bedding strips to the beams with an adhesive compatible with bedding strips. Bedding strips over 2.5" high may need to be bonded to panels. The same thickness strip must be used under any one panel edge and the maximum change in thickness between adjacent panels is Alternatively, bedding strips may be cut to grade. Panels may be supported by an alternate method, using a commercial product, if approved by the Engineer of Bridge Design, Bridge Division. If bedding strips exceed 6" high for I-Girders, 4" high for all other beam types, use Special Grading Detail for Concrete Beams or submit an alternate method to the Bridge Division for approval.

(4) Height must not exceed twice the width.

(5) Provide clear cover as indicated unless otherwise shown on Span Details.

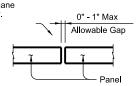
(6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.

(7) Space Bars UP(#4) with Beam Bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 ½" with I-girders, and 3" for all other beam types. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.

(8) Do not locate construction joints on top of a panel.

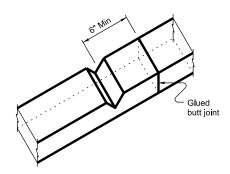
(9) Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8' o.c..

Seal joint between panels when gap exceeds 1/4" with polyurethane sealant or expanding foam sealer. Make seal flush with top of panel.



PANEL JOINTS

(Panel reinforcing not shown for clarity. The gap cannot be considered as a panel fabrication tolerance. Adjust panel placement to minimize joint openings.)



BEDDING STRIP DETAIL

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Erected panels must bear uniformly on bedding strips of extruded polystyrene placed along top flange edges. Placing panels to minimize joint openings is recommended.

If additional blocking is needed, special grading details for supporting the panels and extra reinforcing between beam and slab will be considered subsidiary to deck construction.

Bars U, shown on PCP-FAB, may be bent over or cut off if necessary.

Care must be taken to ensure proper cleaning of construction debris and consolidation of concrete material under the edges of the panels. Bedding strips must be placed at beam flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of 1 the panels as the slab concrete is placed.

½" under

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between beam and panel, the minimum vertical opening must be at least $\frac{1}{2}$ ". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Bedding strips varying in thickness across the beam are therefore required.

For clear span between U-beams less than or equal to 18", see Permissible Slab Forming Detail on Miscellaneous Slab Detail sheets, UBMS,

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in the cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing

If the top and bottom layer of reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then the D, E, P, & Z bars must be epoxy coated.

Provide bar Laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated $\sim #4 = 1'-7"$ Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Panel placement may follow either Option 1 or Option 2 except Option 1 must be used if the skew exceeds 45 degrees

Use of Prestressed Concrete Panels is not permitted for horizontally curved steel plate or tub girders. See Span Details for other possible restrictions on their use.

These details are to be used in conjunction with the Span Details, PCP-FAB and other applicable standard drawings.

When panel support (bedding strips) deviates from what is shown herein, provide details signed and sealed by a professional Engineer.

Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on this standard is considered subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of

HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 4



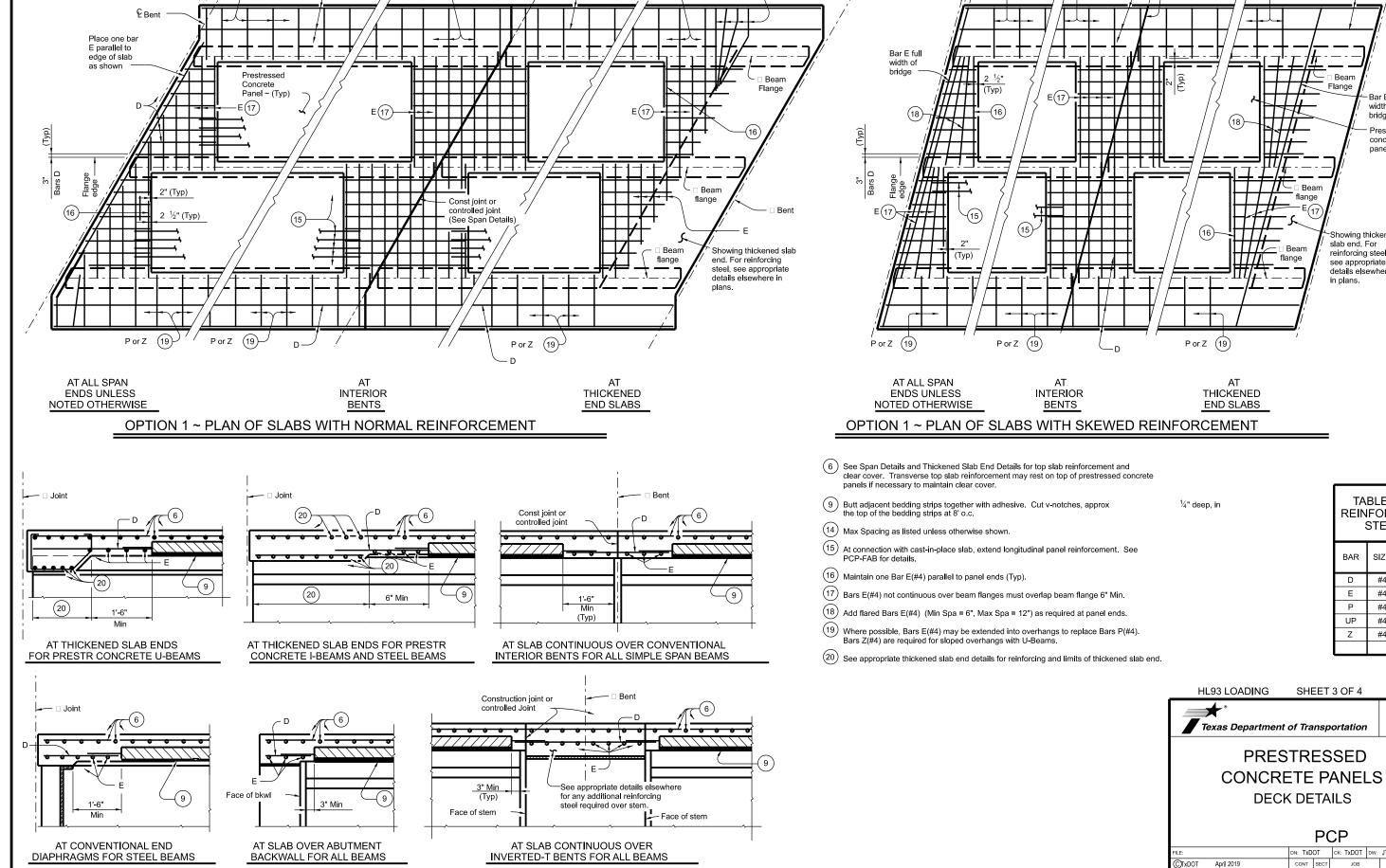
Standard

PRESTRESSED **CONCRETE PANELS**

DECK DETAILS

PCP

			-			
LE:	DN: TxD	ОТ	ck: TxDOT	DW:	JTR	ск: ЈМН
DTxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, ET	C		CR
/2023: Removed top flange tension limit.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PAR	G	RAYSON,	ET	C	79



P or Z (19)

See appropriate details

elsewhere in plans for flared reinforcing.

Const joint or

(See Span

controlled joint

P or Z (19)

bridge

Showing thickened slab end. For

reinforcing steel,

see appropriate

in plans

details elsewhere

TABLE OF

REINFORCING STEEL (14)

SIZE

#4

#4

#4

#4

Ε

UP

Z

SHEET 3 OF 4

ON: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: JTR

0901 19 204, ETC

PAR GRAYSON, ETC

CR

Prestressed concrete panel (Typ)

-P or Z (19)

P or Z (19)

OPTION 1 ~ ELEVATIONS AT BEAM ENDS

End panel (24)

CONVENTIONAL INTERIOR BENT

Panel against beam/girder end in adjacent span

OPTION 2 ~ ELEVATIONS AT BEAM ENDS

adiacent

- P or Z

- ¾" pyramid shape chamfer place along timber board. Apply construction adhesive in a continuous bead to both sides of board, if second panel is present, to adhere to end panel(s) and seal interface

of Bms/Girders as shown for flange edge supporting a panel. Not applicable to flange edges on exterior side of fascia Bms/Girders.

 $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick.

Skew top flange

OPTION 2 ~ SHOWING MODIFICATION TO BEAM/GIRDER TOP FLANGE FOR SKEWS OVER 5°

Showing I-Beam/I-Girder, U-Beams and Steel Beams similar

ELEVATION EXAMPLE OF END PANEL AND TIMBER BOARD

See "Option 2 ~ Elevation At Beam Ends"

- (6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.
- (14) Max Spacing as listed unless otherwise shown.
- ②1 1 ½" Vinyl or plastic joint former at controlled joints (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.)
- (22) End panel may be set up to 2" lower to accommodate expansion joint hardware, provided bedding strip is not less than
- (23) 3/4" thick redwood timber board, leave in place. Redwood timber board placed flush with top of panel or within 1/4" Max above panel Place ³/₄" pyramid shape chamfer along top of timber board. See "Elevation Example of End Panel and Timber Board". Place straight within \(\frac{1}{4} \)" of centerline of bent or face of inverted-tee, across bridge width and end board at exterior flange edge of fascia beams/girders. Do not extend into overhang.
- (24) Place panel within $\frac{1}{2}$ " of $\frac{3}{4}$ " thick board.

Inverted-tee stem

28)

- See elsewhere

for additional

INVERTED-T BENT

Panels against inverted-tee stem

reinforcing

End panel (24)

25)

(23)

End panel

- Permanent galvanized steel sheet form. Removable formwork is acceptable.
- Place end panel within ½" of expansion joint opening. End panel cannot encroach on required expansion joint opening.
- Place additional (#4) bar 5'-0" in length between every slab Bars T. Center (#4) bar on Joint.
- Place additional (#4) bar continuous 2'-6" beyond each side of 28 Inverted-T Stem between every slab bars T.

SPECIAL OPTION 2 CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Bottom Flange

Face of Web

Face of Web

Interior Bent, Face

1/2".

Bridge Division Standard

of Abut Bkwl or Face

of Inverted-T Stem

When Option 2 is chosen bottom mat of thickened end slab reinforcing is not required. Use the same top mat as shown on the Thickened Slab End Details sheet. Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent

centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended. Saw cutting panels to fit is acceptable when approved by the Engineer. Minimum distance from a saw cut edge to a panel strand is 1 Do not extend the longitudinal panel reinforcement into the cast-in-place slab.

Top flanges of beams and girders on skewed bridges must be modified as shown on this drawing. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating this modification with the beam fabricator prior to submitting shop drawings for approval.

Fabricator may optionally skew the whole end. When electing to skew whole end, girder end details and bearing type at conventional interior bent must be changed to use condition at abutment. Fabricator must coordinate change in bearing type, bearing centerline location, and dowel location with Engineer and Contractor. Show appropriate changes on girder and

bearing shop drawings.

Bending of anchor studs of expansion joints shown on standards AJ, SEJ-B, SEJ-M, and SEJ-S(O) is permissible if necessary to clear top of end panels. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating modifications with the joint fabricator. Submit shop drawings for approval when modifications to expansion joint hardware are

Bedding strips under skewed end panels must conform to the requirements of Item 422 except their minimum compressive strength must be 60 psi.

Provide Bars AA, G, K and OA from standard IGTS in the slab.

SHEET 4 OF 4



CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

DCD

			Г	ノ				
FILE:		DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW:	JTR		ск: ЈМН
C TXDOT	April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0901	19	204, ET	n		C	R
3/2023: Remove	ed top flange tension limit.	DIST		COUNTY	,			SHEET NO.
		DAD	C	NOSAR	C T	7		82

HL93 LOADING

End panel

End panel

CONVENTIONAL INTERIOR BENT

Panel against panel between beams/girders.

2 3/4"

(Typ)

No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the co



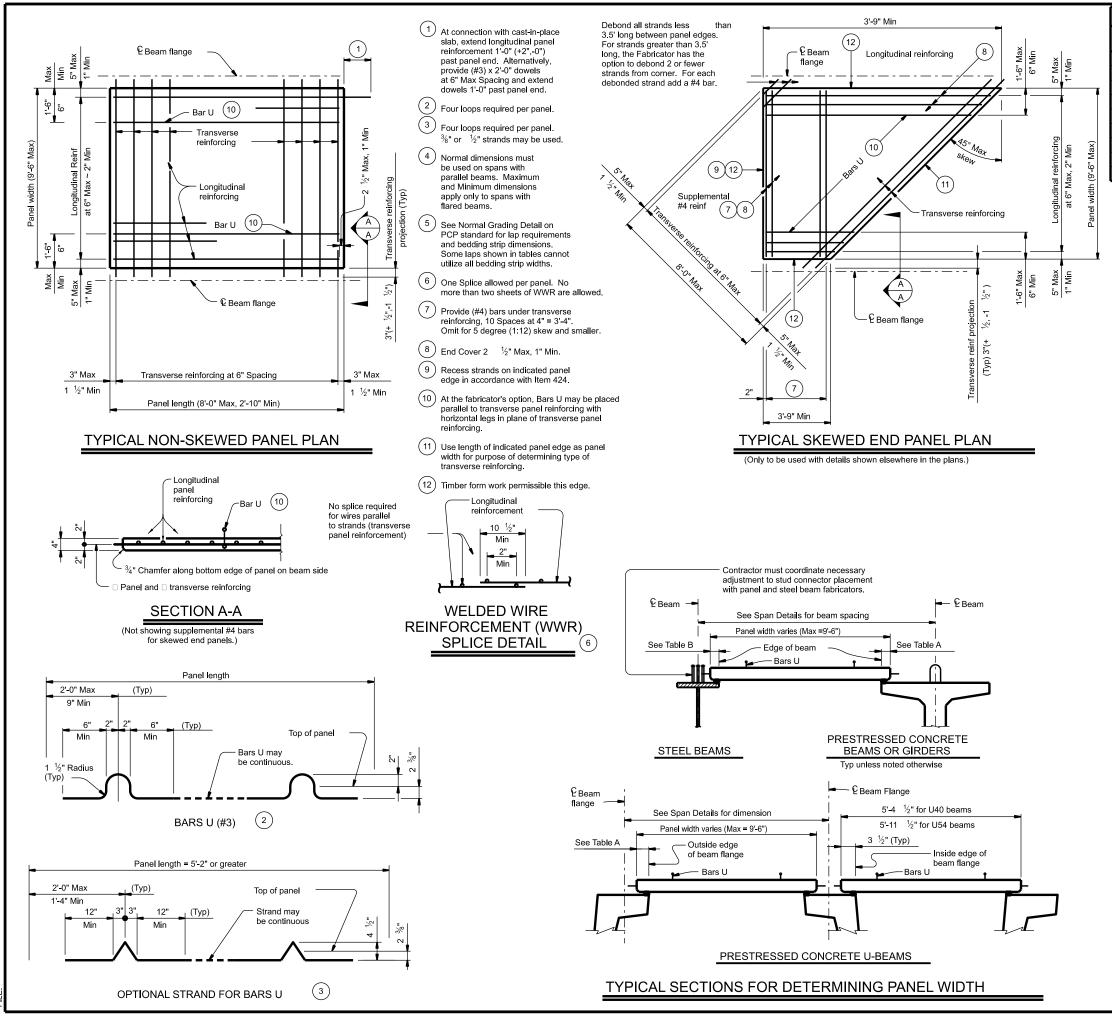


	TABLE	A (4	1)(5)	TA	BLE B	4)(5	5)
Beam Type	Normal (In.)	Min (ln.)	Max (ln.)	Top Flange Width	Normal (In.)	Min (ln.)	Max (In.)
Α	3	2 ½	3 ½	11" to 12"	2 3/4	2 ½	2 3/4
В	3	2 ½	3 ½	Over 12" to 15"	3 1/4	3 3	1/4
С	4	В 4	1/2	Over 15" to 18"	4 3	4	3/4
IV	6	1 7	1/2	Over 18"	5 3	1/2	6 1/4
VI	6 ½	4 ½"	8 ½				
U40 - 54	5 ½	5 ½	7				
Tx28-70	6	5 7	1/2				
XB20 - 40	4	В 4	1/2				
XSB12 - 15	4	3 4	1/2				
				•			

GENERAL NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete for panels. Release strength f'ci=3,500 psi. Minimum 28 day strength f'c=5,000 psi.

Provide 34 " chamfer along bottom edge of panel on beam side. Do not use epoxy-coated reinforcing steel bar or strand in panels. Remove laitance from top panel surface.

Finish top of panel to a roughness between a No. 6 and No. 9 concrete surface profile, inclusive, as specified by the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI).

Shop drawings for the fabrication of panels will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.

A panel layout which identifies location of each panel must be developed by the Fabricator. Permanently mark each panel in accordance with the panel layout. A copy of the layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

TRANSVERSE PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

For panel widths over 5', use \$% " or $~1\!\!/2$ " Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kips per strand.

For panel widths over 3'-6" up to and including 5', use 3'k" or ½" Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kip per strand. Optionally, (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars may be used in lieu of prestressed strands. For panel widths up to 3'-6", use (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars (prestressed strands alone are not allowed).

Place transverse panel reinforcement at panel centroid and space at 6" Max.

LONGITUDINAL PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

Any of the following options may be used for longitudinal panel reinforcement:

- 1. (#3) Grade 60 reinforcing steel at 6" Max Spacing. No splices allowed.
- 2. $\frac{3}{8}$ " Dia prestressing strands at 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 3. $\,\,^1\!\!2$ " Dia prestressing strands at 6" Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 4. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) providing 0.22 sq in per foot of panel width. Wires larger than D11 not permitted. Provide transverse wires to ensure proper handling of reinforcing. One splice per panel is allowed. See WWR Splice Detail.

No combination of longitudinal reinforcement options in a panel is allowed Place longitudinal panel reinforcement above or below transverse panel reinforcement. Must be placed above transverse panel reinforcement for skewed end panels with supplemental (#4) reinforcement.

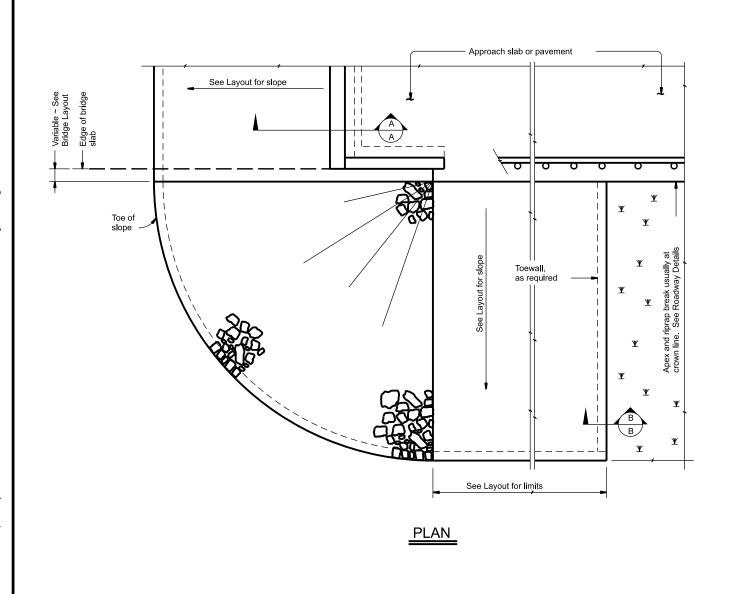




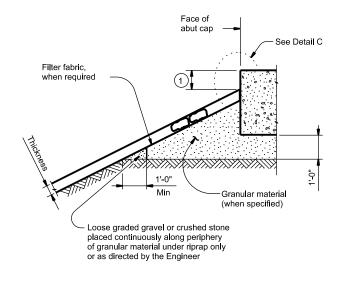
DETAILS

PCP-FAB

E:		DN: TxD	OT	ск: ТхDОТ	DW:	JTR	ck: AES	
TXDOT	April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0901	19	204, ET	C		CR	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		PAR	G	RAYSON,	ET	С	83	



See elsewhere in plans for rail transition

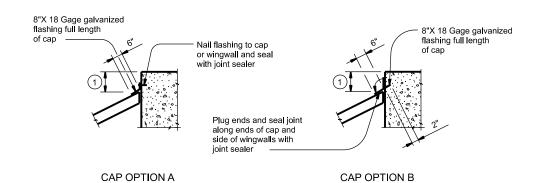


Type R, Type F, Common 1'-0" Thickness

SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

SECTION A-A AT CAP



DETAIL C

traffic rail $\underline{\Psi}$

ELEVATION

1 Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.

GENERAL NOTES:

Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified.

See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.





STONE RIPRAP

			OI	111					
FILE:		DN: AES	3	ск: JGD	DW:	BWH		ck: AES	
C TXDOT	April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	HWAY	
	REVISIONS	0901	19	204, ET	n		CR		
		DIST COUNTY					SHEET NO.		
		DAD CDAYSON ETC						0	

SDD

PAR GRAYSON, ETC

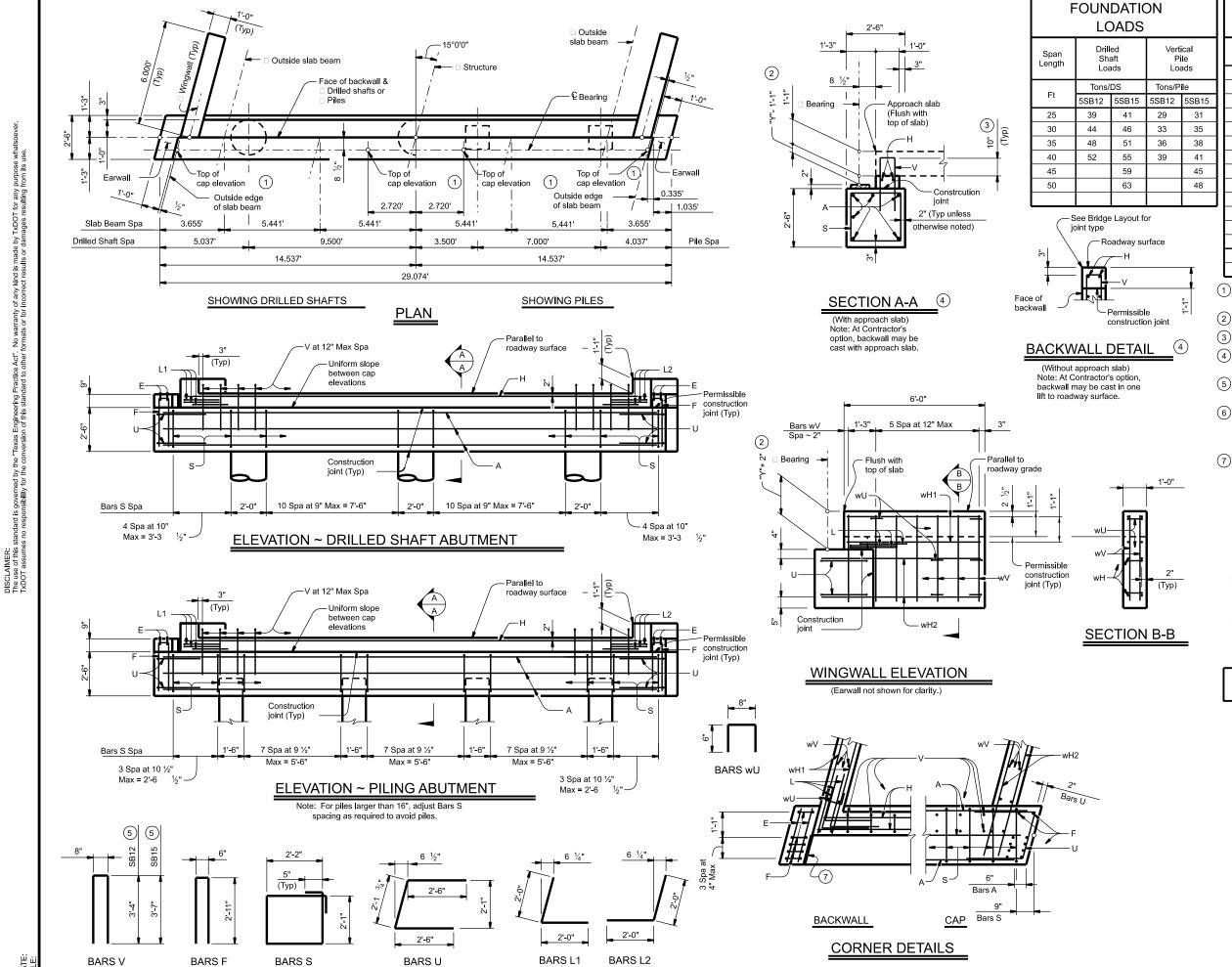


TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

6

(5) Weight Bar No. Size 5SB12 5SB15 5SB12 5SB15 #11 28'-1" 28'-1" 895 895 Ε 4 #4 2'-3" 2'-3" 10 #4 6'-4" 6'-4" 43 43 2 #5 26'-7" 56 56 26'-7" L1 4'-0" 4'-0" 18 18 3 #6 L2 3 #6 4'-0" 4'-0" 18 18 32 #4 9'-4" 9'-4" 200 200 S U 7'-2" 7'-2" 43 43 4 #6 V 26 #5 7'-4" 7'-10" 199 212 wH1 #6 5'-8" 5'-8" 68 68 8 wH2 8 #6 6'-11" 6'-11" 83 83 wU 1'-8" 14 12 #4 1'-8" 14 3'-10" wV 28 #5 4'-1" 112 119 Reinforcing Steel Lb 1,755 1,775 CI "C" Conc (Abut) CY 9.1 9.5

- Top of cap elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.
- (2) See Span Details for "Y".
- (3) Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.
- See Bridge Layout to determine if approach slab is present.
- 5 See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure
- Quantities shown are for one abutment only (with approach slab). Without approach slab, add 1.0 CY Class "C" concrete and 56 Lb reinforcing steel for 2 additional Bars H
- 7 ½" preformed bituminous fiber material between slab beam and earwall. Bond to earwall with an approved adhesive. Cast inside face of earwall perpendicular to cap. (Typ)

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Designed for a normal embankment header slope of 3:1 and a maximum span length of 50 feet.

See Bridge Layout for header slope and foundation

type, size, and length.

See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all foundation details and notes.

for all foundation details and notes.

See Concrete Riprap (CRR) standard sheet or Stone
Riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment

details, if applicable. See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in

wingwalls.

Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See

Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.
These abutment details may be used with standard SPSB-24-15 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).

Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

HL93 LOADING



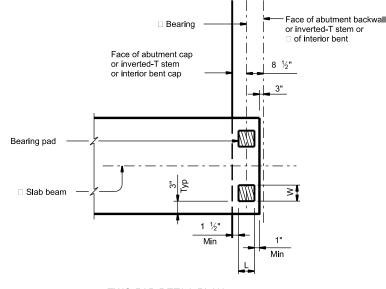
Bridge Division Standard

ABUTMENTS
PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM
24' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

APSB-24-15

FILE:	DN: TxE	TOC	ск: TxDOT	DW: TxDO	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, ET	0	CR
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	PAR	GF	RAYSON,	ETC	86

PAR GRAYSON, ETC



Face of abutment backwall Bearing or inverted-T stem Face of abutment cap or inverted-T stem Bearing pad Slab beam

TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap)

Interior bent Face of interior bent cap Bearing pad Slab beam

TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At interior bent)

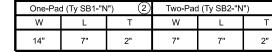


TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS

(ALL PRESTR CONC SLAB BM TYPES)

Pad sizes shown are applicable for the following conditions:

- (1) All one, two and three span units where the minimum span length is not less than 25' and the maximum span is not more than 50'.
- (2) Skews less than or equal to 30°.

TWO-PAD DETAIL PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap or at interior bent) Min Min Slab beam Bearing pad □ Bearing Face of abutment cap or inverted-T stem or interior bent cap Face of abutment backwall or inverted-T stem or

of interior bent

Slab beam Bearing pad Bearing Face of abutment cap or inverted-T stem Face of abutment backwall or inverted-T stem

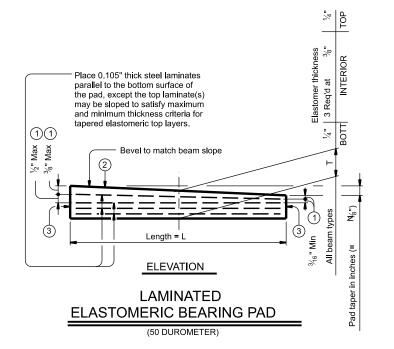
Slab beam Bearing pad Face of interior bent cap interior bent

ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At interior bent)

ONE-PAD DETAIL PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap or at interior bent)



ELASTOMERIC BEARING PAD PLACEMENT AND BEAM END DIAGRAMS

ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap)

Place one bearing pad at forward station beam end. Place two bearing pads at back station beam end.

- 1 Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered
- 2 Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in increments) in this mark. Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper) N=1, (for 1/8" taper) N=2, (for 1/4" taper) Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan beam slope by more than 0.0625IN/IN Length

3 Locate permanent mark here.

GENERAL NOTES:

These details accommodate skew angles up to 30°.

Shop drawings for approval are required. A bearing layout which identifies location and orientation of all bearings must be developed by the bearing fabricator. Permanently mark each bearing in accordance with the bearing layout. A copy of the bearing layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

Cost of furnishing and installing elastomeric bearings must be included in unit price bid for "Prestressed Concrete Slab Beams".

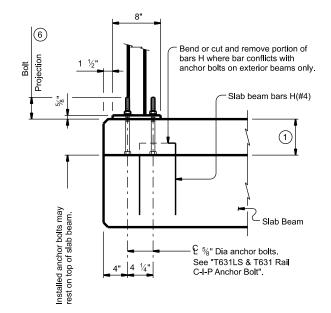
HL93 LOADING



ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND BEAM END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM

DSRER

)	
	DN: TxD	ОТ	ck: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
xDOT January 2017	CONT SECT JOB HIG				HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, ET	С	CR
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	PAR	GI	RAYSON.	ETC	88



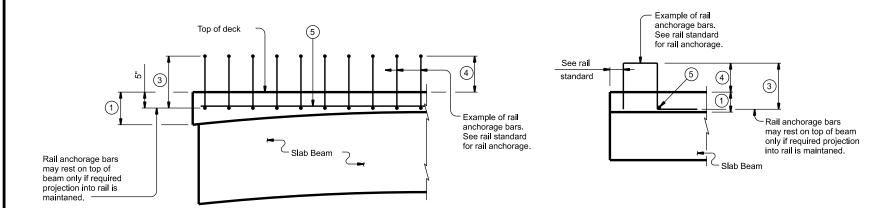
(1) - Slab Beam $\ensuremath{\$_{\!8}}$ " Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). See "Material Notes" for installation.

CAST-IN-PLACE ANCHORAGE OPTION

ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE OPTION

T631LS & T631 RAIL ANCHORAGE PLACEMENT



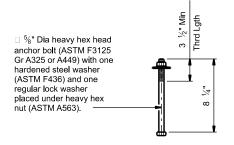


PART SPAN ELEVATION

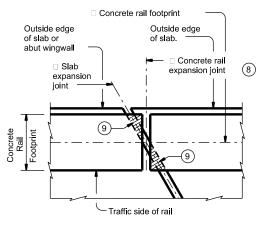
SECTION

TYPICAL CONCRETE RAIL ANCHORAGE

(Showing typical concrete rail anchorage)



T631LS & T631 RAIL C-I-P ANCHOR BOLT



PLAN OF CONCRETE **RAILS AT EXPANSION JOINTS**

- 1 Cast-in-place slab thickness varies due to beam camber (5" minimum).
- (2) Replace cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on T631LS and T631 Rail standard with an adhesive anchor system or cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on
- 3 Bar length shown on rail standard, minus 1

1/4". Adjust bar length for a

- 4 See rail standard for projection from finished grade or top of sidewalk.
- 5 Place additional (#5) longitudinal bar.
- 6 Excess bolt length has been provided to accommodate a variable slab thickness due to beam camber. If slab thickness on span details exceed 7", bolt length must be increased accordingly. After posts have been set and bolts tightened, bolt projection above nuts of more than 1/2" must be cut off and painted with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item 445 "Galvanizing".
- Distance from end of top outside edge of slab to center of first bolt group can not be less than 9", except: 15° Skew: 1'-0" (acute corner only) 30° Skew: 1'-3" (acute corner only)
- (8) Location of rail expansion joint must be at the intersection of □ slab expansion joint, □ rail footprint and perpendicular to slab outside edge.
- 9 Cross-hatched area must have concrete rail, as shown.

1/2" preformed bitumuminous fiber material under

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Rail anchorage bars may be field bent as required to clear rail reinforcing or provide minimum cover shown on standard rail detail sheets.

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Cast-in-place anchorage system for T631LS and T631 Rail must be %" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr 325 or A449) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed anchor bolts 4

Adhesive anchors for T631LS and T631 Rail must be %" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 3/4". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole

size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." Epoxy coat or galvanize reinforcing steel shown on this standard if rail reinforcement is epoxy coated or galvanized.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. This standard is for use with structures with a 5" minimum cast-in-place concrete slab.

This standard may require modification for interior rails. This standard does not apply to median barriers. This standard does not provide details for Type T221P, T224, T80HT, T80SS,

C412, PR11, PR22 and PR3 rails on slab beam bridges. See rail standards for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Texas Department of Transportation

RAIL ANCHORAGE **DETAILS**

PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAMS

PSBRA

			יוטכ	`			
FILE:	DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW:	JTR		ск: ЈМН
©TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	IWAY
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, ET	C		С	R
03-18: Updated adhesive anchor notes.	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	PAR	G	RAYSON,	ET	C		89

					I	DESIGI	NED BE	EAMS (ST	RAIGHT	STRA	NDS)											OPTIONA	AL DESIGN				DAD RAT	
					F	PRESTRE	ESSING S	TRANDS				DEBO	NDED ST	RANDS	PER R	OW			CONC	CRETE	DESIGN	DESIGN	REQUIRED	LIVE			FACTO	RS
STRUCTURE	SPAN LENGTH	BEAM NO.	BEAM TYPE	NON- STD STRAND	TOTAL NO.	SIZE	STRGTH	"e" ©	"e" END	TOT NO. DEB	DIST FROM BOTTOM		O. OF ANDS	١		R OF ST BONDEI from en	OT O	os	RELEASE STRGTH	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP STRGTH	LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP Q)	LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT Q)	MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY	DISTRIE FAC	TOR	STRE	ENGTH I	SERVICE III
	(ft)			PATTERN		(in)	fpu (ksi)	(In)	(in)	DEB	(In)	TOTAL	DE- BONDED	3	6	9	12	15	f'ci (ksi)	fc (ksi)	(SÈRVICE I) fct (ksl)	(SERVICE III) fcb (ksi)	(STRENGTH I) (kip-ft)	Moment	Shear	Inv	Opr	Inv
	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.914	-1.217	448	0.450	0.450	1.40	1.82	1.71
24' ROADWAY	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1,292	-1.685	530	0.450	0.450	1.25	1.62	1.29
SB12 BEAM	35	ALL	5SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.730	-2.219	675	0.450	0.450	1.33	1.73	1.23
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.218	-2.796	820	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.74	1.12
	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.725	-0.897	551	0.450	0.450	1.77	2.29	2.41
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.020	-1.244	574	0.450	0.450	1.23	1.59	1.45
24' ROADWAY	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.361	-1.640	708	0.450	0.450	1.15	1.49	1.14
SB15 BEAM	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.739	-2.068	864	0.440	0.440	1.32	1.71	1.19
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.179	-2.574	1054	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.73	1.08
	50	ALL	5SB15		24	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	8	2.5	24	8	4	4	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.680	-3.153	1276	0.440	0.440	1.33	1.72	1.11
OOL DO A DIAVAY	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.903	-1.184	444	0.430	0.430	1.47	1.91	1.80
28' ROADWAY SB12 BEAM	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.276	-1.639	508	0.430	0.430	1.32	1.71	1.37
	35	ALL	5SB12		12	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.708	-2.159	647	0.430	0.430	1.18	1.53	1.02
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.200	-2.744	799	0.430	0.430	1.37	1.78	1.17
	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.716	-0.874	529	0.430	0.430	1.85	2.40	2.53
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.007	-1.212	570	0.430	0.430	1.29	1.67	1.53
28' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.343	-1.598	680	0.430	0.430	1.21	1.57	1.22
OB TO BEAW	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.725	-2.032	842	0.430	0.430	1.36	1.76	1.24
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.149	-2.508	1013	0.420	0.420	1.41	1.82	1.16
	50	ALL	5SB15		22	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	6	2.5	22	6	4	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.643	-3.073	1227	0.420	0.420	1.33	1.72	1.01
	25	ALL	4SB12		6	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.904	-1.187	341	0.340	0.340	1.38	1.79	1.67
30' ROADWAY	30	ALL	4SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.277	-1.646	407	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.37
SB12 BEAM	35	ALL	4SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.711	-2.169	518	0.340	0.340	1.24	1.60	1.08
	40	ALL	4SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.205	-2.758	640	0.340	0.340	1.34	1.73	1.11
	25	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.723	-0.888	431	0.350	0.350	1.69	2.19	2.32
	30	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.017	-1.231	438	0.350	0.350	1.16	1.50	1.37
30' ROADWAY	35	ALL	4SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.346	-1.605	545	0.340	0.340	1.21	1.57	1.21
SB15 BEAM	40	ALL	4SB15		12	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.729	-2.043	675	0.340	0.340	1.47	1.91	1.38
	45	ALL	4SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	14	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.166	-2.542	823	0.340	0.340	1.33	1.73	1.06
	50	ALL	4SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	4	2.5	18	4	2	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.665	-3.115	998	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.02

1 Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 fci

Tension = 0.24 f'ci √

Optional designs must likewise conform.

2 Portion of full HL93.

DESIGN NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.

Prestress losses for the designed beams have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of fpu. Full-length debonded strands are not permitted in positions "A" and "B". Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4.

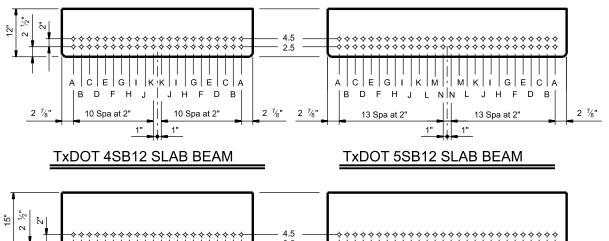
When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed beam or an approved optional beam design. All optional design submittals and shop drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas.

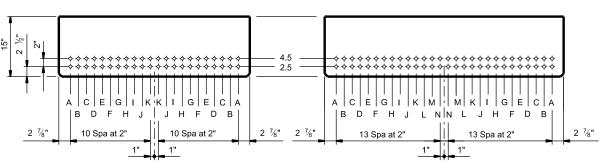
Locate strands for the designed beam as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5". Place strands within a row as follows:

1) Locate a strand in each "A" position.

2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of beam.

3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width. Do not debond strands in position "A". Distribute debonded strands symmetrically about the vertical centerline. Increase debonded lengths working outward, with debonding staggered in each row.





TxDOT 4SB15 SLAB BEAM

TxDOT 5SB15 SLAB BEAM

HL93 LOADING Texas Department of Transportation

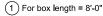
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE **SLAB BEAM STD DESIGNS** (TYPE SB12 OR SB15)

24', 28' & 30' ROADWAY

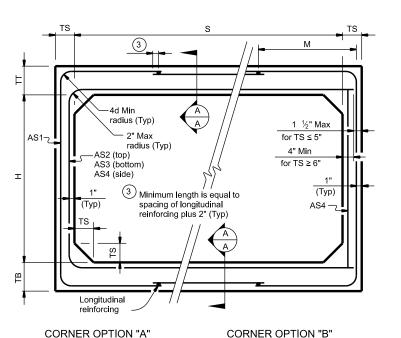
PSBSD

E:	DN: SR\	N	ск: ВМР	DW:	SFS	ск: SDB	
TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY	
REVISIONS 1-21: Added load rating.	0901	19	204, ET	-	CR		
T. P. Hadda load lating.	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	PAR	GRAYSON, ETC 90					

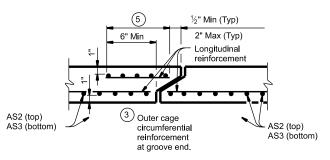
BOX DATA (1) SECTION DIMENSIONS REINFORCING (sq. in. / ft.) (Min) TS leight **Neigh** TB AS7 AS1 AS2 AS3 AS4 AS5 AS8 (ft.) (in.) (in.) (in.) 10 0.24 0.24 16.5 10 10 0.33 0.34 0.27 0.24 0.24 10 < 2 10 10 10 10 2 < 3 58 0.38 0.35 0.30 0.24 16.5 10 10 10 10 3 - 5 53 0.31 0.28 0.27 0.24 16.5 52 0.32 10 4 10 10 10 10 0.36 0.33 0.24 16.5 10 52 0.42 16.5 4 10 10 10 15 0.47 0.43 0.24 10 4 10 10 10 20 52 0.61 0.54 0.55 0.24 16.5 10 4 10 10 10 25 52 0.75 0.67 0.68 0.24 16.5 0.24 10 10 0.30 0.36 0.30 0.24 0.24 0.24 17.5 10 10 < 2 10 5 10 10 10 2 < 3 58 0.35 0.39 0.34 0.24 17.5 10 5 10 10 10 3 - 5 52 0.28 0.31 0.30 0.24 17.5 10 10 10 10 10 52 0.33 0.35 0.36 17.5 0.24 10 10 10 10 15 47 0.42 0.46 0.47 0.24 17.5 47 10 10 10 10 20 0.55 0.59 0.61 0.24 17.5 10 10 10 10 25 47 0.68 0.73 0.75 0.24 17.5 10 10 0.28 0.38 0.33 0.24 0.24 0.24 0.24 18.5 10 10 < 2 10 10 10 10 2 < 3 58 0.32 0.42 0.37 0.24 18.5 10 10 10 10 3 - 5 53 0.26 0.34 0.33 0.24 18.5 6 10 10 10 10 10 52 0.30 0.38 0.39 0.24 18.5 10 10 10 10 15 47 0.39 0.49 0.51 0.24 18.5 47 0.63 10 6 10 10 10 20 0.50 0.65 0.24 18.5 10 47 10 10 10 25 0.61 0.78 0.80 0.24 18.5 0.24 0.24 10 10 < 2 0.25 0.40 0.36 0.24 0.24 19.5 10 10 10 10 2 < 3 58 0.30 0.45 0.40 0.24 19.5 10 0.24 10 10 10 3 - 5 58 0.36 0.35 0.24 19.5 10 10 10 10 10 52 0.28 0.40 0.42 0.24 19.5 10 47 10 10 10 15 0.36 0.52 0.54 0.24 19.5 10 47 0.46 10 10 10 20 0.67 0.69 0.24 19.5 10 10 10 10 25 47 0.56 0.82 0.85 0.24 19.5 10 0.24 0.41 0.38 0.24 0.24 0.24 20.5 10 10 64 0.27 0.47 0.43 20.5 10 10 2 < 3 0.24 10 10 58 0.24 0.38 0.38 20.5 10 10 3 - 5 0.24 10 10 10 10 10 52 0.26 0.42 0.44 0.24 20.5 8 10 10 10 15 47 0.34 0.54 0.57 20.5 8 10 0.24 10 47 0.69 20.5 10 10 20 0.43 0.72 0.24 8 10 0.24 0.42 0.41 0.24 0.24 0.24 10 9 10 10 10 2 < 3 70 0.26 0.50 0.46 0.24 21.5 10 10 10 10 3 - 5 64 0.24 0.40 0.40 0.24 21.5 10 10 10 10 10 58 0.25 0.43 0.46 21.5 0.24 10 52 0.32 0.56 0.59 21.5 10 9 10 10 15 0.24 10 9 10 10 10 20 47 0.40 0.71 0.75 0.24 21.5 0.24 0.24 0.44 0.44 0.24 0.24 0.24 22.5 10 10 10 10 10 < 2 10 10 10 79 0.25 0.52 0.48 22.5 10 10 2 < 3 0.24 70 0.24 10 10 10 10 10 3 - 5 0.42 0.43 0.24 22.5 10 10 10 10 10 10 64 0.24 0.44 0.48 0.24 22.5 10 10 10 10 10 15 52 0.30 0.57 0.61 0.24 22.5 10 10 10 10 10 20 52 0.38 0.73 0.77 0.24 22.5



⁽²⁾ AS1 thru AS4, AS7 and AS8 are minimum required areas of reinforcement per linear foot of box length. AS5 is minimum required area of reinforcement per linear foot of box width.

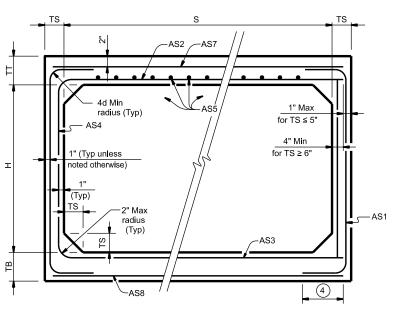


FILL HEIGHT 2 FT AND GREATER



SECTION A-A

(Showing top and bottom slab joint reinforcement.)



CORNER OPTION "A"

CORNER OPTION "B"

FILL HEIGHT LESS THAN 2 FT

4 Length is equal to spacing of longitudinal reinforcing plus 2". (10" Min) (Typ)

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide 0.03 sq. in./ft. minimum longitudinal reinforcement at each face in slabs and walls. This minimum requirement may be met by the transverse wires when wire mesh reinforcement is used.

Provide Class H concrete (f c = 5,000 psi).

GENERAL NOTES:

Designs shown conform to ASTM C1577. Refer to ASTM C1577 for information or details not shown.

See Box Culverts Precast Miscellaneous Details (SCP-MD) standard sheet for details and notes not shown.

In lieu of furnishing the designs shown on this sheet, the contractor may furnish an alternate design that is equal to or exceeds the box design for the design fill height in the table. Submit shop plans for alternate designs in accordance with Item "Precast Concrete Structural Members (Fabrication).

HL93 LOADING

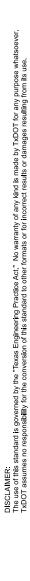


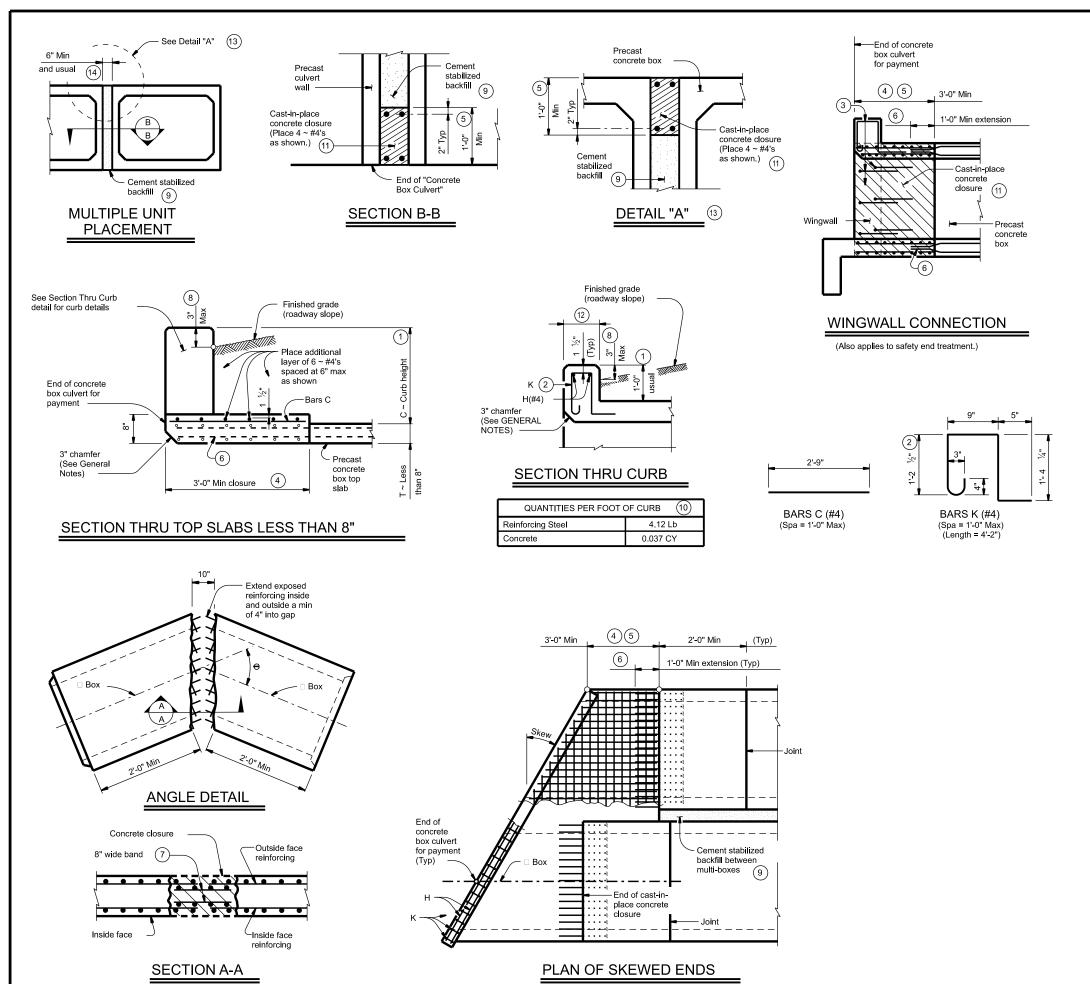
SINGLE BOX CULVERTS
PRECAST
10'-0" SPAN

SCP-10

			S	J	U				
E:		DN: TxD	TC	ck: TxDOT	DW: T	DOT		ск: TxDOT	
TXDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0901	19	204, E1	ΓC			:R	
		DIST	COUNTY			5	SHEET NO.		
		DAD	C	RAYSON	ET			10	

E 4





(Showing multi-box placement.)

- (1) 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail, bicycle rail, or curbs taller than 1'-0, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- (2) For curbs less than 1'-0" high, tilt Bars K or reduce bar height as necessary to maintain cover. For curbs less than 3" high, Bars K may be omitted.
- (3) Extend curb, wingwall, or safety end treatment reinforcing into concrete closure. Bend or trim, as necessary, any reinforcing that does not fit into closure area.
- 4 Provide a 3'-0" Min cast-in-place concrete closure. Break back boxes in the field or cast boxes short. Provide bands of reinforcing in the closure that are the same size and spacing as in the precast box section. Provide #4 longitudinal reinforcement spaced at 12 inches Max within the closure. Except where shown otherwise, construct the cast-in-place closure flush with the inside and outside faces of the precast box section.
- 5 For multiple unit placements, adjust the length of the closure for the interior walls as necessary. Provide a 3'-0" Min cast-in-place closure in the top slab, bottom slab, and exterior wall. See Section B-B detail when interior walls are cast full length.
- (6) Extend precast box reinforcing a minimum of 1'-0" into concrete closure (Typ).
- 7 Place bands of reinforcing matching the inside and outside face reinforcing in the gaps of the top and bottom slabs. Place a band matching the outside face reinforcing of the wall in the gaps of the walls (placed in the outside face only). Tack weld the bands to the exposed reinforcing at each point of contact.
- (8) For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met: For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade.
 - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade. Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- Cement stabilized backfill between boxes is considered part of the box culvert
- (10) All curb concrete and reinforcing is considered part of the box culvert for payment.
- (11) Any additional concrete and reinforcing required for the closures will be considered subsidiary to the box culvert for payment.
- (12) 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elsewhere in the plans
- (13) For multiple unit placement with overlay, with 1 to 2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding surface, provide wall closure as shown in
- (4) This dimension may be increased with approval of the Engineer to allow the precast boxes to be tunneled or jacked in accordance with Item 476, "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box." No payment will be made for any additional material in the

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide ASTM A1064 welded wire reinforcement.
Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) for the closures.

Provide cement stabilized backfill meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures."

Any additional concrete required for the closures will be considered subsidiary to the box culvert.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Refer to the Single Box Culverts Precast (SCP) standard sheets for details and

Chamfer the bottom edge of the top slab closure 3 inches at culvert closure ends.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bars dimensions are out-to-out of bars.

HL93 LOADING



BOX CULVERTS PRECAST MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

SCP-MD

			_	•				
LE:		DN: GAF		ck: LMW	ow: B	NH/TxDOT	ск: GAF	
CTXDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0901	19	204, ETC			CR	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		PAR	G	RAYSON	, ET	С	92	

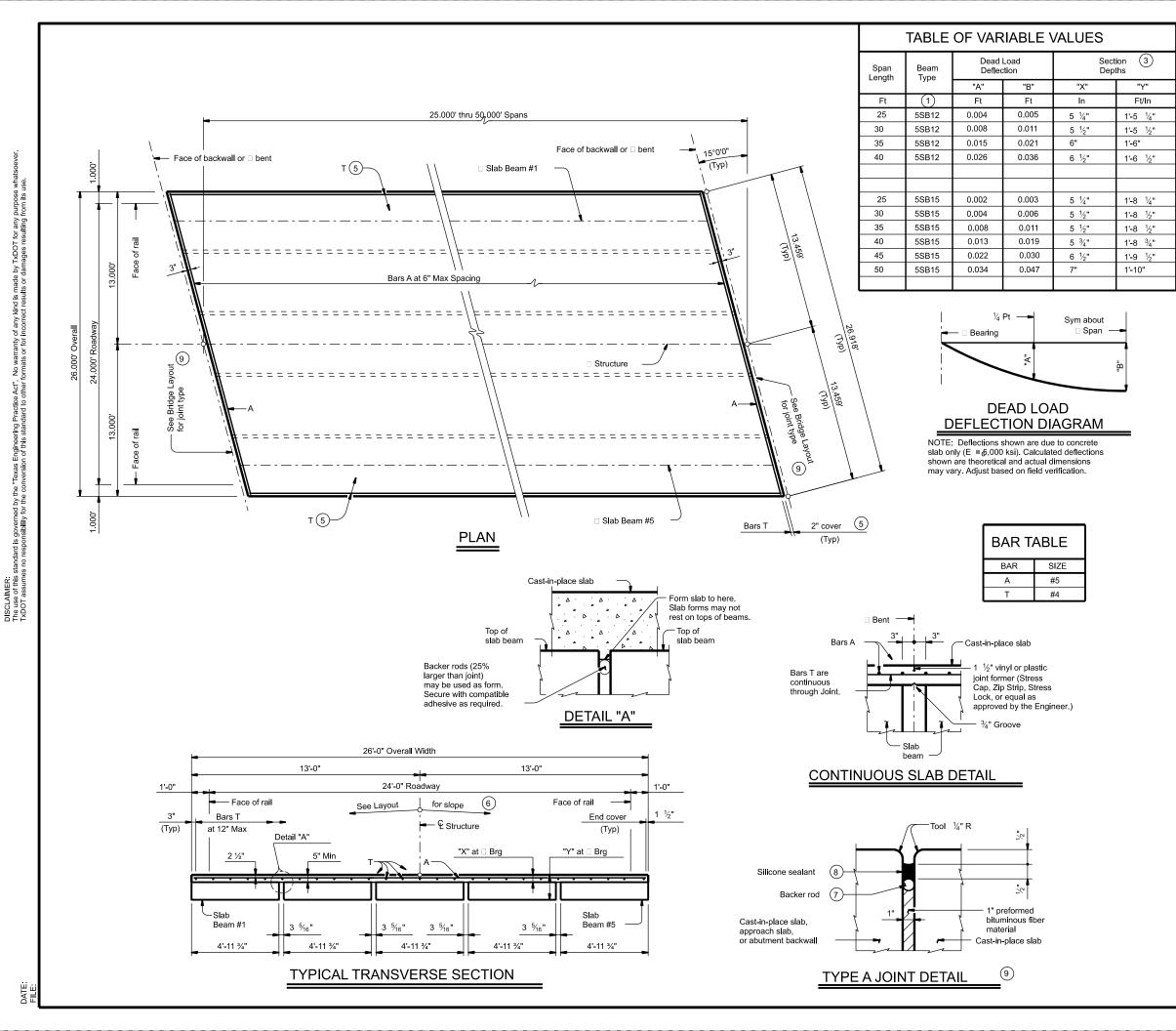


TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

SPAN	REINF CONCRETE	(5S	TOTAL 2		
LENGTH	SLAB (SLAB BEAM)	ABUT TO INT BT	INT BT TO INT BT	ABUT TO ABUT	STEEL
Ft	SF	LF (4)	LF (4)	LF (4)	Lb
25	650	122.46	122.50	122.41	1,820
30	780	147.46	147.50	147.41	2,180
35	910	172.46	172.50	172.41	2,550
40	1,040	197.46	197.50	197.41	2,910
45	1,170	222.46	222.50	222.41	3,280
50	1,300	247.46	247.50	247.41	3,640

- (1) See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure. These standards do not provide for the use of both SB12 and SB15 beams within the same structure.
- (2) Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.8 Lbs/SF
- 3 Based on theoretical beam camber, dead load deflections of 5" cast-in-place concrete slab and a constant grade.
- 4 Fabricator will adjust beam lengths for beam slopes as required.
- 5 Where slab is continuous over Interior Bents, Bars T are continuous through Joint. See "Continuous Slab Detail"
- 6 This standard does not provide for changes in roadway cross-slopes within the structure.
- $\overline{7}$ 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- 8 Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. This standard does not provide for vertical curves in roadway grade within the structure.

Two- or three-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents,

may be formed with the details shown on this sheet.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in slab. Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.

This standard does not support the use of transition bents.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Uncoated

Provide Class S concrete (fc = 4,000 psi).
Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows

~ #4 = 1'-7'

~ #5 = 2'-0" Epoxy coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

~ #5 = 3'-0"

Deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A or T unless noted HL93 LOADING



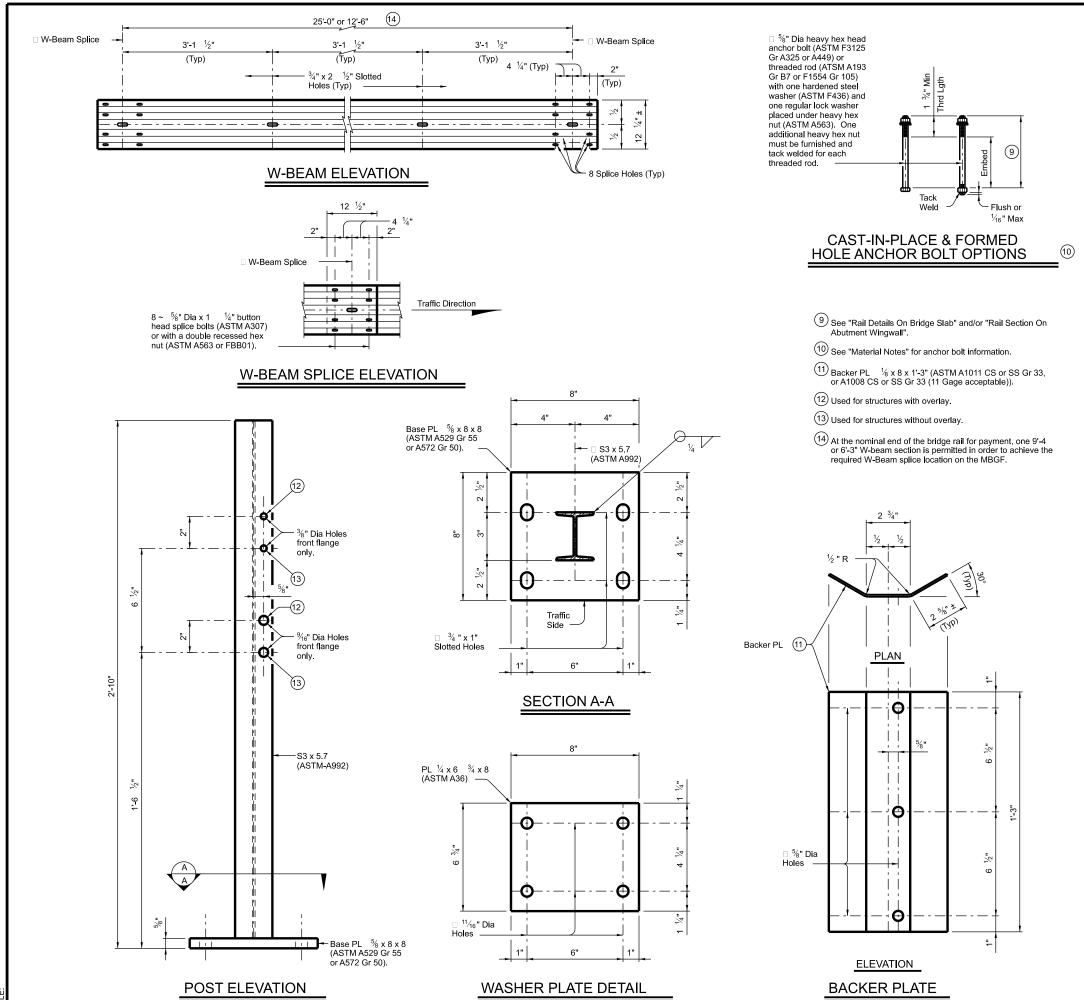
Bridge Division Standard

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE **SLAB BEAM SPANS** (TYPE SB12 OR SB15) 24' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

SPSB-24-15

E:		DN: Tx	TOC	CK:	TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT	
TXDOT	January 2017	CONT	SECT	CT JOB		HIGHWAY			
	REVISIONS		19	20	204, ETC			CR	
		DIST			COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
		PAR	GRAYSON, ETC		С	93			

PAR GRAYSON, ETC



MBGF AND END TREATMENT NOTES:

This traffic railing must be anchored by metal beam guard fence (MBGF) and/or guard fence end treatments. Determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual, unless otherwise specified. The minimum MBGF length of need required for anchoring the railing is: SGT; or DAT plus 12.5' of MBGF, as applicable. Provide CRT posts as shown in "Roadway Elevation of Rail." The SGT and DAT plus 12.5' MBGF must be installed tangent to primary roadway.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Face of rail post must be plumb unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Post must be perpendicular to adjacent roadway grade. Use epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than $\frac{1}{16}$ " exist.

Fully anchored guardrail must be attached to each end of rail. A metal beam guard fence transition is not used with this rail.

At the Contractor's option anchor bolts may be an adhesive anchor system. See "Material Notes".

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests".

Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

It is recommended to show a Rail Layout with rail posts and W-beam splices. Fabricator must submit erection drawings to the Engineer for approval.

Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail post and backer plate to approximately $\frac{1}{16}$ " by grinding. Shop drawings are not required for this rail. to approximately

MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be \begin{array}{c} \frac{5}{8}\text{" Dia ASTM F3125} \\ \text{Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105} \end{array} threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Optional adhesive anchorage system must be $$^{5}\!\!6"$ Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened 5/8" Dia ASTM A193 steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." W-beam must meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam

Guard Fence" except as modified in the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 25'-0" or 12'-6" (Nominal) lengths and a single rail element of 9'-4 ½" or 6'-3" (Nominal) length. W-Beam must have slotted holes at 3'-1 Some part numbers from the "Task Force 13" Guide to

Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware have been furnished for quick reference.

GENERAL NOTES:

This railing has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-2 criteria. This railing can be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

This rail is designed to deflect approximately 2' to 2'-6" as it contains and redirects the errant vehicle. This rail may not be installed on top of or behind curbs that project above finished grade, on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement, on retaining walls, or on grade separations and interchanges.
Repairs to impact-damaged post and base plate unit are not

permitted. Replace all impact-damaged posts with a new post and base plate unit.

Average weight of railing with no overlay: 13 plf total.

SHEET 2 OF 2



TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T631LS

FILE:	DN: TxD	ОТ	ck: AES	DW:	JTR	ck: AES
CTxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	19	19 204, ETC			CR
07/2020: Allowing 9'-4 ½" or 6'-3" W-Beam sections.	DIST		COUNTY		HIGHWAY CR SHEE	SHEET NO.
03/2023: MBGF Notes.	PAR	G	RAYSON,	ET(C	95

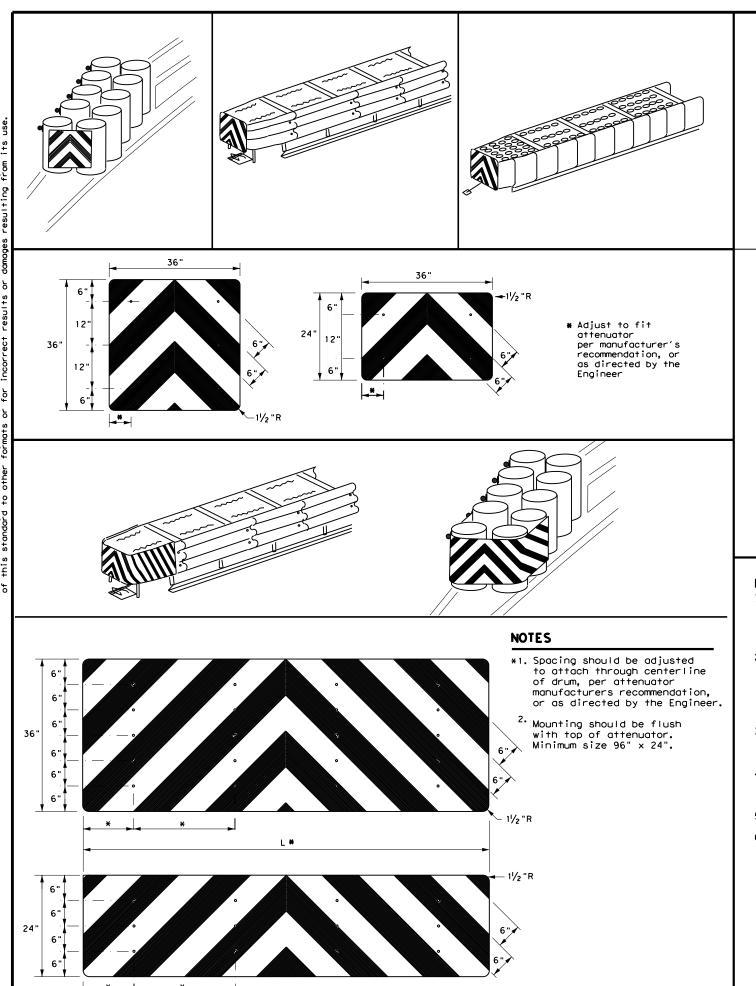
DISCLAMER: TXD use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose wha TXD in assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incornect results or damages resulting from its use.

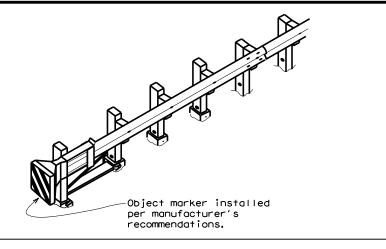
PAR GRAYSON, ETC

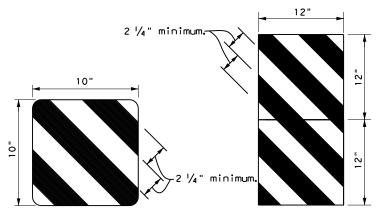
20A

area of 9 square inches.

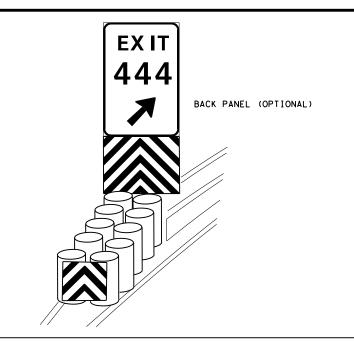
20E

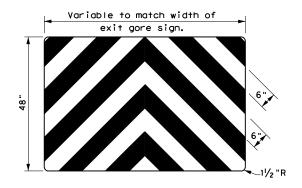






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT





NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

FILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TX[)OT	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
CTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, E	TC	(CR
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
4-98 7-20	PAR	GR	AYSON,	E	TC	99

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

BRIDGE REPLACEMENT

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0901-19-204

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

Location: SOUTHMAYD ROAD AT ELBA CREEK

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN:	(Lat)	33.66710	,(Long)	-96.77704	
END:	(Lat)	33.66610	,(Long)	-96.77710	

- 1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 0.035
- 1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.027 (77%)

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

INCLUDES PREP ROW. EMBANKMENT FOR FILL. ROAD GRADING, DITCH GRADING, EROSION AND SEDIMENTARY CONTROLS, EXCAVATION, AND TOPSOIL WORK FOR FINAL X Mobilization SEEDING

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description	□ Grading ope
ELBON	0 to 1 percent slopes consisting of moderately well drained, moderately high permeable soils	X Excavate an widening X Remove exis
VERTEL CLAY	5 to 12 percent slopes consisting of well drained, moderately low permeable soils	X Remove exis X Install propos
		Install culver Install mow s In
		■ Rework slop
		▼ Blade windro
		X Revegetation X Ashieve site
		★ Achieve site erosion con
		□ Other:
		☐ Other:
		Other:

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

- PSLs determined during construction
- No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's
responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required
by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor
shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and
BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

- X Install sediment and erosion controls
- X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- X Remove existing pavement
- erations, excavation, and embankment
- nd prepare subgrade for proposed pavement
- isting culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- tisting metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- osed pavement per plans
- erts, culvert extensions, SETs
- strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- ase
- pes, grade ditches
- rowed material back across slopes
- on of unpaved areas
- stabilization and remove sediment and ntrol measures

Other:			

□ Other				

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- X Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- ☒ Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- X Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

□ Other: _	 	 	
Other: _			
 □ Other: _	 		

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
ELBA CREEK	DEAVER CREEK (0203D)
* ^ dd (*) fan inamainadatambadia.	· · · · ith mall · · tant in ()

Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Perform SWP3 inspections
- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Other:			

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

- X Day To Day Operational Control
- X Maintain schedule of major construction activities
- X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

☐ Other:				
□ Other:				

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



0901-19-204

SOUTHMAYD ROAD

AT ELBA CREEK



Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.			
					100
STATE		STATE DIST.	C	COUNTY	
TEXAS	5	PAR	GRAYSON, ETC		
CONT.		SECT.	J0B	HIGHWAY NO.	
0901	1	19	204, ETC	CR	

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
X X Protection of Existing Vegetation Vegetated Buffer Zones Soil Retention Blankets Geotextiles Mulching/ Hydromulching Soil Surface Treatments Temporary Seeding X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
□ Biodegradable Erosion Control LogsX □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
 □ Vertical Tracking □ Interceptor Swale □ X Riprap □ Diversion Dike
 □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain □ Embankment for Erosion Control □ Paved Flumes □ Other:
□ Other:
□ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

Tuno	Statio	Stationing		
Туре	From	То		
fer to the Environmental L	ayout Sheets/ SWP3	Layout S		
ated in Attachment 1.2 of		•		

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- X Haul roads dampened for dust control
- X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- X Stabilized construction exit
- ☐ Daily street sweeping

□ Other:	 	 	
□ Other:			
Other:	 	 	
Other:			

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control
- X Sanitary Facilities

□ Other: _	_
□ Other: _□	_
Other: _	<u> </u>

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing		
Туре	From	То	
		000	
		_9Non	
		1.0	

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewater discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.



STORMWATER POLLUTION
PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)
(Less Than 1 Acre)

0901-19-204

SOUTHMAYD ROAD

AT ELBA CREEK



Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

D. RD. V. NO.				SHEET NO.			
				101			
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
EXA	5	PAR	GRAYSON, ETC				
CONT.		SECT.	J0B	HIGHWAY NO.			
0901	1	19	204, ETC	CR			

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

□ Other: _____

□ Other:□ Other:

□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs

Dewatering Controls

Sandbag Berms

X

Sediment Control Fence

□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier

□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones

□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips

X

Stabilized Construction Exit

□ □ Inlet Protection

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For projects with less than one acre of soil disturbing activity and that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION **BRIDGE REPLACEMENT**

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0901-32-112

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: EAST OF THE CITY OF SAVOY ON COUNTY ROAD (CR4020) AT CANEY CREEK

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 33°35'02.3461"N ,(Long) -096°19'51.3412""W

END: (Lat) 33°34'57.6983"N,(Long) -096°19'51.1714"W

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): .29

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.15 (51%)

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

INCLUDES PREP ROW, EMBANKMENT FOR FILL, ROAD GRADING, DITCH GRADING, EROSION AND SEDIMENTARY CONTROLS, EXCAVATION, AND TOPSOIL WORK FOR FINAL SEEDING.

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Туре	Description	
FRIOTON	CONSISTING OF SILTY CLAY LOAM	
		□ F
		□Е
		□ F

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

Mobilization

Install sediment and erosion controls

Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

Remove existing pavement

Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina

Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail

Install proposed pavement per plans

Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

Place flex base

Rework slopes, grade ditches

Blade windrowed material back across slopes

Revegetation of unpaved areas

Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and

erosion control measures

1 10 POTENTIAL POLITITANTS AND SOURCES.

	1:10 1 GTENTIAE 1 GEEGTANTO AND GGGNGEG.
	□ Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over
	disturbed area
	☐ Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
	and storage
	□ Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction activities
	☐ Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
	□ Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
	☐ Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out water
	☐ Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
	☐ Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
	□ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
	☐ Discharges from concrete washout activities,
	runoff from concrete cutting activities, and
	other concrete related activities
	□ Other:
	□ Other:
J	
	□ Other:

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Iributaries	Classified Waterbody
CANEY CREEK	HUTCHINS CREEK
CANEY CREEK	FORD CREEK

* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Other:			
'-			

□ Other: _____

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

□ Other:				



STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



* July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO. SHE					
	102					
STATE	STATE COUNTY					
TEXAS	S	PAR GRAYSON, ETC				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
0901	l	19	204, ETC.	CR		

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
 ☒ Protection of Existing Vegetation ☐ Vegetated Buffer Zones ☐ Soil Retention Blankets ☐ Geotextiles ☐ Mulching/ Hydromulching
 □ Soil Surface Treatments ⋈ □ Temporary Seeding
 □ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs X □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Vertical Tracking □ □ Interceptor Swale
□ 🗴 Riprap □ □ Diversion Dike
□ □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain □ □ Embankment for Erosjon Control
□ □ Paved Flumes
☐ ☐ Other:
Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
T / P □ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
T / P □ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ □ Dewatering Controls
T / P □ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ □ Dewatering Controls □ □ Inlet Protection
T / P
T / P
T / P
T / P
T / P
T / P Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Sandbag Berms Sediment Control Fence Stabilized Construction Exit Floating Turbidity Barrier
T / P
T / P Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Sandbag Berms Sediment Control Fence Stabilized Construction Exit Floating Turbidity Barrier Vegetated Buffer Zones Vegetated Filter Strips
T / P

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

Stationing To
-/ CM/D2 L+ C
s/ SWP3 Layout S

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- ⋈ Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- X Haul roads dampened for dust control

Ш	Daily street sweeping
П	Other:

☐ Other:	
-	
☐ Other:	
-	
☐ Other:	

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- □ Dust Control
 □

Other

_ Outlot			
☐ Other:			
☐ Other: _			

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing		
Туре	From	То	

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- ⋉ Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- ▼ Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 DEWATERING:

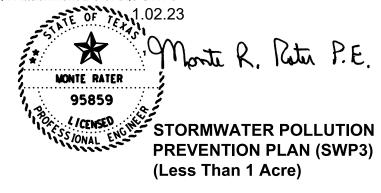
Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

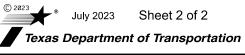
2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.





FED. RD. DIV. NO.				SHEET NO.	
					103
STATE		STATE DIST.	С	COUNTY	
TEXAS	5	PAR	GRAYSON, ETC		
CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY N		٧0.			
0901 19 204, ETC. CF					

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

BRIDGE REPLACEMENT

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0901-32-115

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

Location: CR 1202 AT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN:	(Lat)	33.67542	,(Long)	-96.35148	
END:	(Lat)	33.67451	,(Long)	-96.35149	

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 0.427

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.262 (61%)

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

INCLUDES PREP ROW, EMBANKMENT FOR FILL, ROAD GRADING, DITCH GRADING, EROSION AND SEDIMENTARY CONTROLS, EXCAVATION, AND TOPSOIL WORK FOR FINAL **SEEDING**

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description	
WHITESBORO LOAM	0 to 1 percent slopes consisting of moderately well drained with frequent flooding	X Excava widen X Remov
		Install Install
		Install of the last o
		⊠ Install r
		X Rework
		⊠ Blade v
		X Revege X Achieve
		erosio
		□ Other:
		□ Other:
		□ Other:

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

☐ No PSLs planned for construction

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: □ PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting □ PSLs determined during construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

- ⋈ Mobilization
- ⋈ Install sediment and erosion controls
- X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- ⋈ Remove existing pavement
- Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- Install proposed pavement per plans
- Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- Place flex base
- Rework slopes, grade ditches
- Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- Revegetation of unpaved areas
- Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

·	

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction activities
- ▼ Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- activities
- water
- ☒ Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- ☒ Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

Other:	
☐ Other:	
☐ Other:	

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK (203D)	LAKE TEXOMA (203)
* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies	s with pollutant in ().

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Perform SWP3 inspections
- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

☐ Other:			_
			_
☐ Other:			

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

Other:			
_			

□ Other:



STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)

0901-32-115

CR 1202 A TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK



Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

IV. NO.		PROJECT NO. SHEE NO.			NO.	
STATE		STATE DIST.	C	COUNTY		
TEXAS	S	PAR	GRAYSON, ETC		, ,	
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
0901	1	19	204, ETC	CR		

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

	2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:						
T / P							
x x	Protection of Existing Vegetation Vegetated Buffer Zones Soil Retention Blankets Geotextiles Mulching/ Hydromulching Soil Surface Treatments Temporary Seeding Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs						
	Vertical Tracking Interceptor Swale Riprap Diversion Dike Temporary Pipe Slope Drain Embankment for Erosion Control Paved Flumes Other:						
2.2 S T / P	2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:						

Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs

□ Other: _____

 □ Other:

 □ Other:

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

Dewatering Controls

X

Stabilized Construction Exit

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier

□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones

□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips

□ □ Sandbag BermsX □ Sediment Control Fence

□ □ Inlet Protection

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

Time	Stationing From To	
Туре		
to the Environmental La	avout Sheets/ SWP3	Lavout SI
d in Attachment 1.2 of t		

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- X Haul roads dampened for dust control
- X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- X Stabilized construction exit
- □ Daily street sweeping

•	 	
Other:		
Other:		
☐ Other:	 	

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control

Other:

- X Sanitary wast from onsite restroom facilities.
- X Sanitary Facilities

-			
Other:			
☐ Other:			

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Tymo	Stati	oning
Туре	From	То
		mati
		1.04 1.04
		_

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavation, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

2.10 MAINTENANCE:

MONTE L. RATER

95859

SS JONAL ENGINE

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)

0901-32-115

CR 1202 A TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK

Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.					
STATE STATE COUNTY				OUNTY			
TEXAS		PAR	GRAYSON, ETC				
CONT.		SECT.	J0B	HIGHWAY NO.			
0901		19	204, ETC	CR			

	I. STORMWATER POLLUTION F	PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER	ACT SECTION 402	111.	CULTURAL RESOURCES		VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS O	R CONTAMINATION ISSUES
	TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwate	r Discharge Permit or Constr	ruction General Permit				General (applies to all pr	ojects):
	required for projects with		•		•	tions in the event historical issues or		ation Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with
5	disturbed soil must protect Item 506.	for erosion and sedimentati	ion in accordance with			during construction. Upon discovery of urnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease	_	ng safety meetings prior to beginning construction and be hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are
5		nay receive discharges from	this project		work in the immediate area and con	, , , , , ,		/e equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.
		ed prior to construction act			_			I Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products
Se S					igtimes No Action Required	Required Action		include, but are not limited to the following categories:
ş	1.				Action No.			t products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for
. <u>.</u>	2.				ACTION NO.		· ·	Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.
ž.	☐ No Action Required	Required Action			1.		Maintain an adequate supply of	on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS.
<u></u>	No sorron negatives	Made in the Meritari						ctions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS,
; -	Action No.				2.		· ·	actices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator
e Su		ution by controlling erosion	and sedimentation in		3.		of all product spills.	be responsible to the proper contaminent and oreandp
2 8	accordance with TPDES Pe	ermit TXR 150000					Contact the Engineer if any of	the following are detected:
ğ	2. Comply with the SW3P and	I revise when necessary to co	ontrol pollution or		4.			tion (not identified as normal)
ξĒ	required by the Engineer	•		 	WEGETATION DECOURAGE		 Trash piles, drums, canis Undesirable smells or odo 	
} b	3. Post Construction Site N	Notice (CSN) with SW3P inform	mation on or near	1 1 4.	VEGETATION RESOURCES		* Evidence of leaching or se	
2 2 +	the site, accessible to	the public and TCEQ, \ensuremath{EPA} or	other inspectors.		Preserve native vegetation to the	extent practical. ction Specification Requirements Specs 162.	Does the project involve any	bridge class structure rehabilitation or
esu	4 When Contractor project	specific locations (PSL's)	increase disturbed soil			in order to comply with requirements for		tructures not including box culverts)?
<u>.</u> .		submit NOI to TCEQ and the			invasive species, beneficial land	scaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.	∑ Yes ☐ No	
ě							If "No", then no further ac	·
) ပြ	II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAM		ETLANDS CLEAN WATER		No Action Required	Required Action	· ·	onsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.
.=	ACT SECTIONS 401 AND	404			Anthon No.			tos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?
٥٥		filling, dredging, excavati			Action No.		☐ Yes No	
ું હ	·	eks, streams, wetlands or we			1,		•	etain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with
ž į	The Contractor must adhere the following permit(s):	e to all of the terms and co	onditions associated with					atement/mitigation procedures, and perform management e notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least
٥	the forfowing permit (37)				2.		15 working days prior to sch	•
, h					3.		If "No" the Tupot to att.	I manufaced to motify DCUC 15 weaking days aging to apply
ŧ	No Permit Required				•		scheduled demolition.	I required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any
ξ¢	Nationwide Permit 14 - wetlands affected)	PCN not Required (less than	1/10th acre waters or		4.		In either case, the Contract	or is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement
. 5	wetlands affected)							with careful coordination between the Engineer and
, g	☐ Nationwide Permit 14 -	PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2	acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)				asbestos consultant in order	to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.
s t	☐ Individual 404 Permit R	Required				REATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES,		g possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered
. <u>.</u>	Other Nationwide Permit	Required: NWP#				TED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES	on site. Hazardous Materials	s or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:
2∓					AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.		No Action Required	Required Action
20		ers of the US permit applies					Action No.	
	and check Best Management in	Practices planned to control	erosion, sedimentation		No Action Required	Required Action		
							1.	
	-	kory Creek Tributary (CSJ 09	901-22-119)		Action No.			
	in northwest Hunt Count 2.	y.			1,			
	3.				2.			
	4.				3.			
		ary high water marks of any ers of the US requiring the	=		4.			
	permit can be found on the		dae ar a narranwrae				VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL	ISSUES
				If	any of the listed species are obs	erved, cease work in the immediate area,	(includes regional issues	such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)
	Best Management Practic	ces:		do	not disturb species or habitat and	d contact the Engineer immediately. The	No Action Required	Required Action
	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS		=	n bridges and other structures during ed with the nests. If caves or sinkholes		_
		⊠ Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips		e discovered, cease work in the im		Action No.	Design Division
	☐ Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems	Eng	jineer immediately.		1.	Texas Department of Transportation Standard
	Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin				2.	ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,
	Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands					
	☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	Wet Basin		LIST OF ABBE	EVIATIONS		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
	Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost		Best Management Practice Construction General Permit	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan		SOUTHMAYD ROAD
	☐ Erosion Control Compost	☐ Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	DSHS: T	Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN: Pre-Construction Notification		l AT
	_				Federal Highway Administration Memorandum of Agreement	PSL: Project Specific Location TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality		ELBA CREEK
	_		Compost Filter Berm and Socks	MOU: N	Nemorandum of Understanding	TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department		FILE: epic.dgn DN: TXDOT CK: RG DW: VP CK: AR
	L compost Filter Berm and Socks	S Compost Filter Berm and Sock		MBTA: M	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation		© TXDOT: February 2015 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY
إنانا		Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	_		Notice of Termination Nationwide Permit	T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers		12-12-2011 (DS) 05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV. REVISIONS 0901 19 204, ETC CR DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.
5Ē L		Sediment Basins	☐ Grassy Swales		Notice of Intent	USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service		01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES. PAR GRAYSON, ETC 106

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. Required Action No Action Required Action No. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. No Action Required Required Action Action No. V. FEDERAL LISTED. PROPOSED THREATENED. ENDANGERED SPECIES. CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. No Action Required Required Action Action No. If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification FHWA: Federal Highway Administration Project Specific Location MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCFQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Memorandum of Understanding TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation

Notice of Termination

Nationwide Permit

NOI: Notice of Intent

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.

Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

LEAD INSPECTION REPORTS FOR THE CANEY CREEK BRIDGE INDICATION THAT PAINT ON THE STEEL STRUCTURES CONTAINS LEAD. ANY COATINGS, PAINT, OR OTHER ITEMS AT THIS LOCATION SHALL BE TREATED AS LEAD CONTAINING PAINT (LCP). FOR TASKS THAT EXPOSE AN EMPLOYEE TO LEAD ABOVE THE PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT (PEL), THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT AND WORKER PROTECTION AS REQUIRED UNDER OSHA 1926.62 (LEAD IN CONSTRUCTION). WHEN STRIPPING BACK OF LEAD PAINT IS PERFORMED AS A PROTECTIVE MEASURE, STRIP BACK SUFFICIENT LCP TO FACILITATE THE PROJECT WORK. FAINT 13 PERFORMED AS A PROTECTIVE MEASURE, STRIP BACK SUFFICIENT LCP TO FACILITATE THE PROJECT WORK.

LCP INSPECTION REPORTS ARE AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW AT THE PARIS DISTRICT OFFICE. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONTACT TXDOT'S DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL COORDINATOR AT 903-737-9300.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

0901-32-112 CR 4020 AT CANEY CREEK

Action No.

Threatened and Endangered Species

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Texas Department of Transportation

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

LE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT CK: RG DW: VP			ck: AR			
TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 12-2011 (DS)	0901	19	204, ET	C.	CR		
07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	PAR	GR	AYSON,	ETC.	,	107	

☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

Grassy Swales

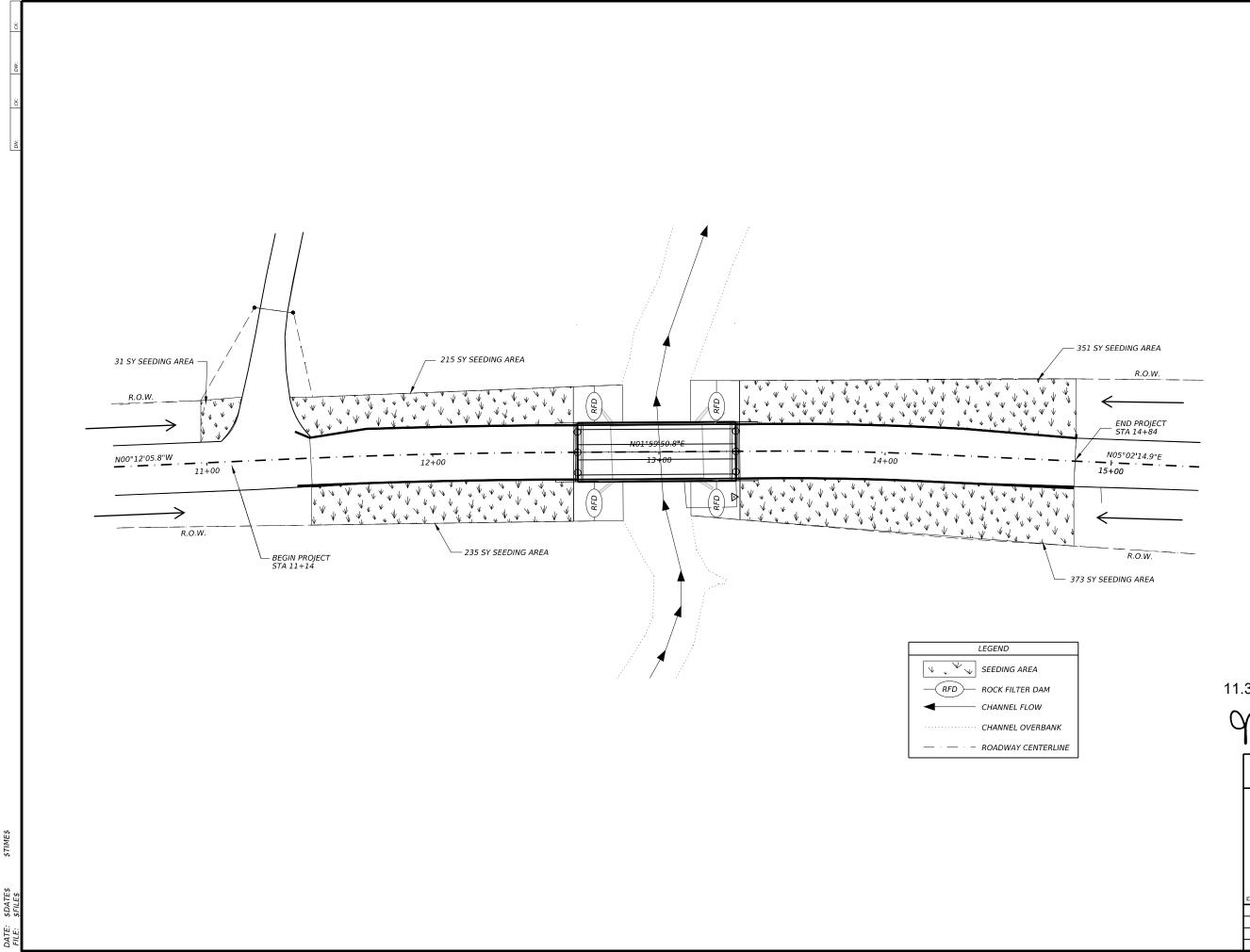
Sediment Basins

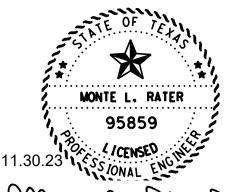
I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402

lting from its use.	TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506. List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities. 1. 2. No Action Required Required Action Action No.	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. No Action Required Required Action Action No. 1.	General (applies to all projects): Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS in the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator			
its or for incorrect results or damages resu	 Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000 Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or required by the Engineer. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with 	3. 4. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. \[\textstyle{\textstyle	immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills. Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected: * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal) * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc. * Undesirable smells or odors * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)? Yes			
of this standard to other formo	the following permit(s): No Permit Required Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected) Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to (1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) Individual 404 Permit Required Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation	2. 3. 4. V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.	activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition. If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition. In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims. Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project: No Action Required Required Action			
	and post-project TSS. 1. County Road 1031 at Hickory Creek Tributary (CSJ 0901-22-119) in northwest Hunt County. 2. 3. 4. The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts.	No Action Required ☐ Required Action Action No. 2. 3. 4. If any of the listed species are observed, cause work in the immediate area.	VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)			
	Best Management Practices: Erosion Sedimentation Post-Construction TSS Temporary Vegetation Silt Fence Vegetative Filter Strips Blankets/Matting Rock Berm Retention/Irrigation Systems Mulch Triangular Filter Dike Extended Detention Basin Sodding Sand Bag Berm Constructed Wetlands Interceptor Swale Straw Bale Dike Wet Basin Diversion Dike Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS BMP: Best Management Practice CCP: Construction General Permit SWSP: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification FHWA: Federal Highway Administration PSL: Project Specific Location	Required Action Action No. 1. 2. Required Action Design Division Standard ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS CR 1202 AT TRIB			
FILE	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems Sediment Basins Grassy Swales		OF BRUSHY CREEK FILE: epic.dgn DN: TXDOT CK: RG DW: VP CK: AR ©TXDOT: February 2015 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 12-12-2011 (DS) REVISIONS O901 19 105, ETC CR 05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION I. 01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED LITEM 1122 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. 01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED LITEM 1122 PAR GRAYSON, ETC 108			

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES



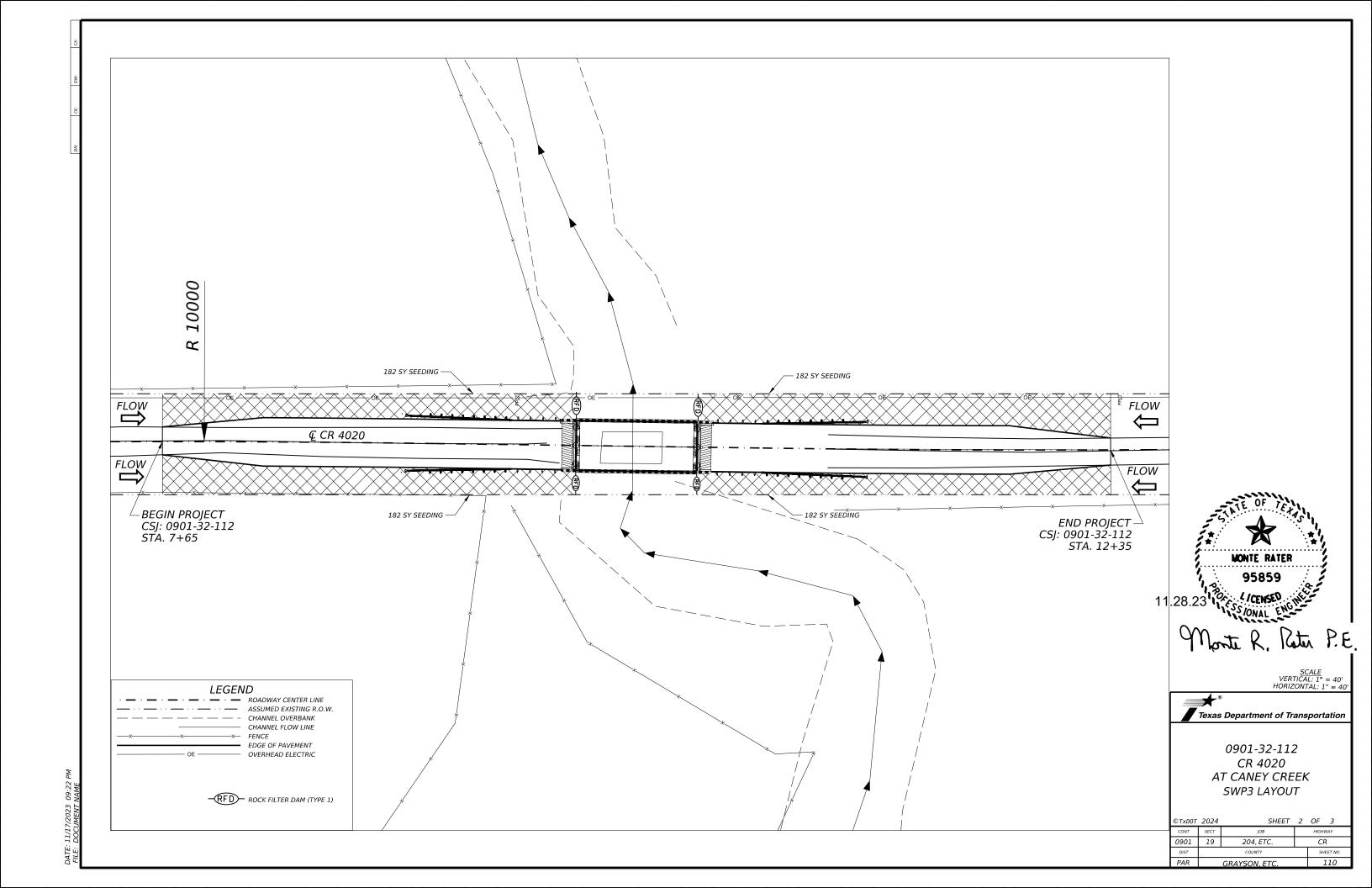


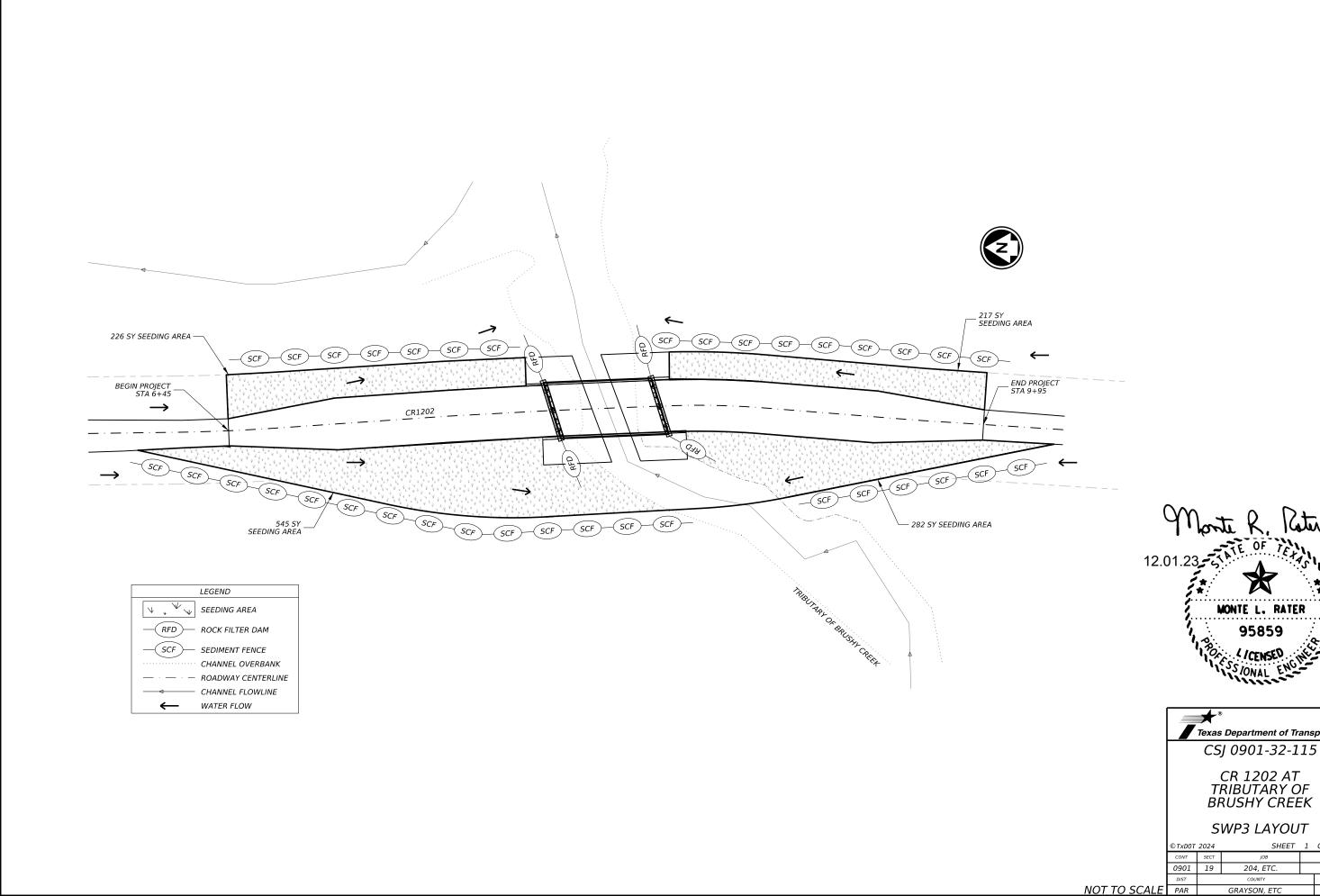
Texas Department of Transportation

CSJ 0901-19-204 SOUTHMAYD ROAD AT ELBA CREEK

SWP3 LAYOUT

©2024 SHEET 1 OF 1									
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY						
0901	19	204, ETC	204, ETC CR						
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.					
PAR		GRAYSON, ETC		109					





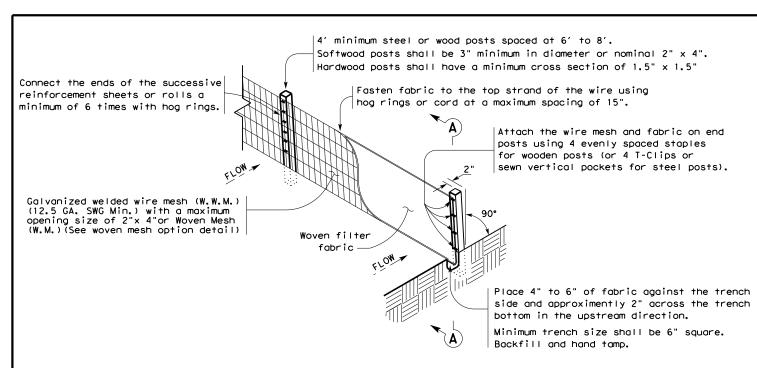


Texas Department of Transportation

CR 1202 AT TRIBUTARY OF BRUSHY CREEK

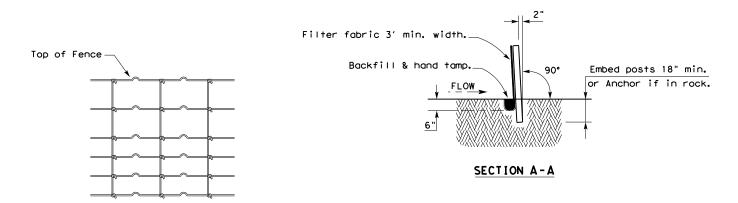
SWP3 LAYOUT

©TxD0T	2024	SHEET	1	OF	1
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	WAY
0901	19	204, ETC.		C	R
DIST		COUNTY		SH	EET NO.
PAR		GRAYSON, ETC		1	11



TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

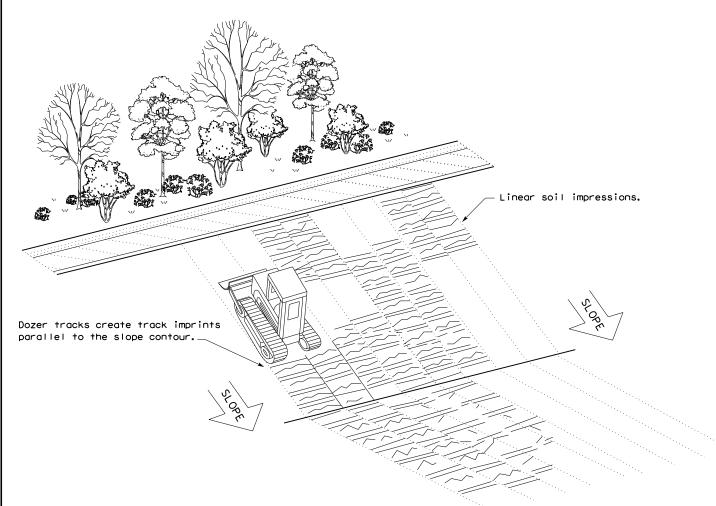
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 ${\sf GPM/FT}^2$. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence

GENERAL NOTES

- Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING

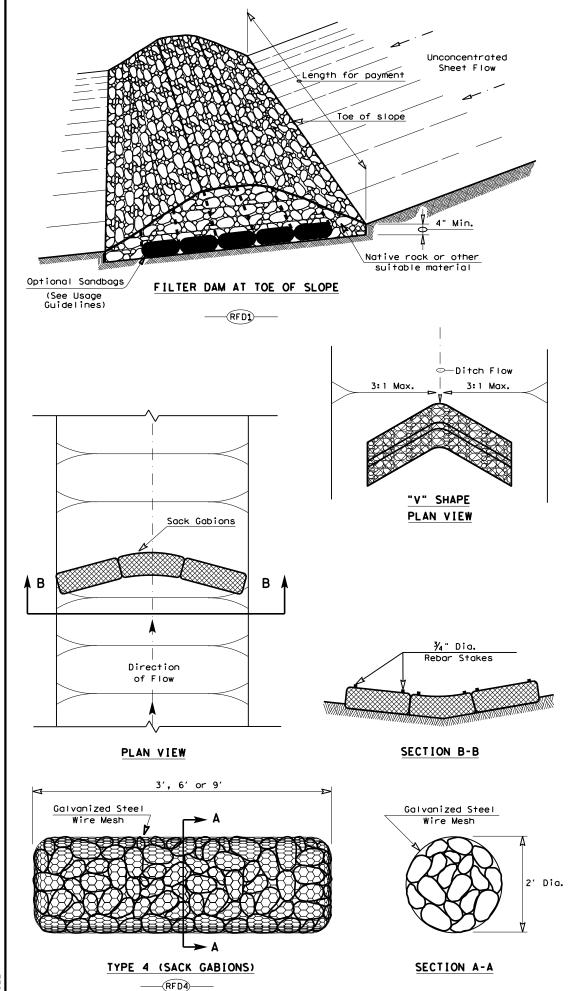


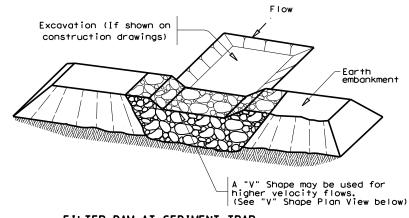
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

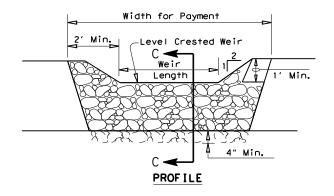
FILE: ec116	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW: VF	DN/CK: LS
C TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, E	ТС	CR
	DIST	COUNTY SHEET		SHEET NO.	
	PAR GRAYSON FTC 11		112		

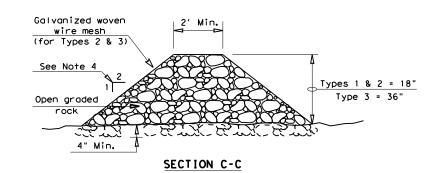




FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 ${\sf GPM/FT^2}$ of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

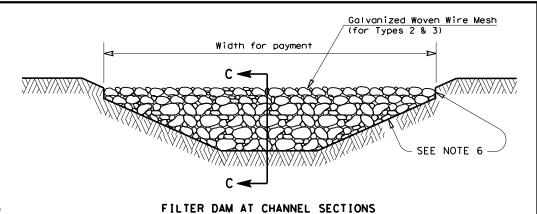
Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

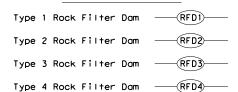
Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.

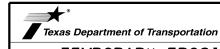


GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- 2. Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by

PLAN SHEET LEGEND



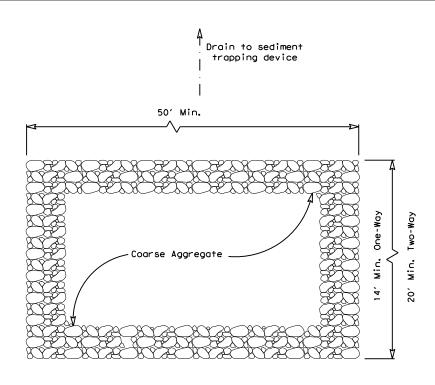


TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

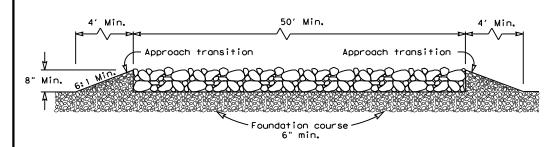
ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2) - 16

FILE: ec216	DN: TxD	TOO	ck: KM	DW:	VP	DN/CK: LS
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, [ETC		CR
	DIST	COUNTY SHEE				SHEET NO.
	PAR					113



PLAN VIEW



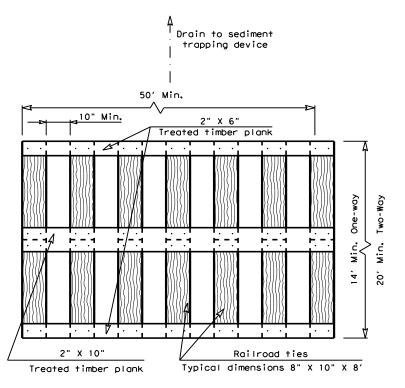
ELEVATION VIEW

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 1)

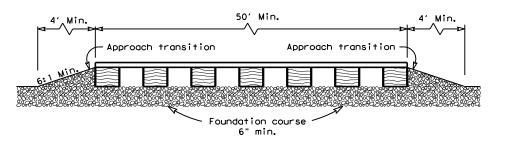
ROCK CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 1)

- 1. The length of the type 1 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- 2. The coarse aggregate should be open graded with a size of 4" to 8".
- 3. The approach transitions should be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 4. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other materialas approved by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit shall be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trappina device.
- 6. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified
- 7. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.



PLAN VIEW



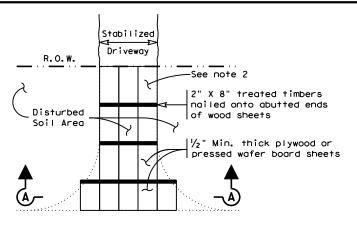
ELEVATION VIEW

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 2)

TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

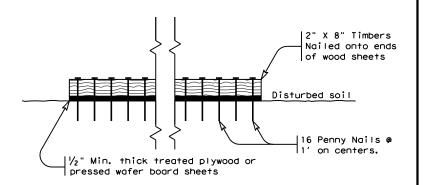
GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 2)

- 1. The length of the type 2 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- The treated timber planks shall be attached to the railroad ties with $\frac{1}{2}$ "x 6" min. lag bolts. Other fasteners may be used as approved by the Engineer.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- The approach transitions shall be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.
- The construction exit should be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the



Paved Roadway

PLAN VIEW



SECTION A-A

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 3) SHORT TERM

GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 3)

- 1. The length of the type 3 construction exit shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. The type 3 construction exit may be constructed from open graded crushed stone with a size of two to four inches spread a min. of 4" thick to the limits shown on the plans.
- 3. The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER

POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES CONSTRUCTION EXITS EC(3) - 16

ILE: ec316	DN: Tx[TOC	ck: KM	DW: VP	DN/CK: LS
CTxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	19	204, E	ГС	CR
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	DAD		DAVCON	ETC	114