# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

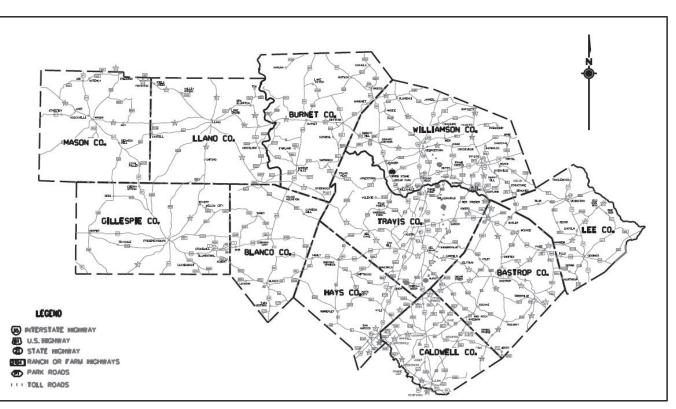
FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER F 2024(758)

CSJ: 0914-00-524

## TRAVIS COUNTY **VARIOUS**

LIMITS: VARIOUS LOCATIONS DISTRICTWIDE

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF MISCELLANEAOUS REPAIRS CONSISTING OF CONCRETE REPAIRS



LOCATION MAP NOT TO SCALE

EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE 0914 00 VARIOUS 524 TRAVIS AUS

DESIGN SPEED: N/A TRAFFIC DATA: N/A

#### FINAL PLANS

DATE OF LETTING: DATE WORK BEGAN: \_\_\_ DATE WORK COMPLETED AND ACCEPTED: \_\_\_\_\_ FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$ \_\_\_\_\_ CONTRACTOR: \_\_\_\_

ICERTIFY THAT THIS PROJECT WAS CONSTRUCTED IN SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE WITH THE FINAL AS-BUILT PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

LIST OF APPROVED CHANGE ORDERS:

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 11/30/2023

DATE

-DocuSigned by:

Jusqua Ceballos P.E.

E1816167B5C7414...
DI STRI CT DESI GN ENGINEER

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

11/30/2023

-DocuSigned by:

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

Gisel Carrasco

DI STRI CT MAI NTENANCE ENGINEER

11/29/2023

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ON NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 23, 2023).

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>> THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY MF OR LINDER MY SUPERVISION AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Docusigned by:

Gisel Carrasco

-097829A06497450... P.E. P.E

11/17/2023

DATE

Austin District
Maintenance Office



Texas Department of Transportation

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#### **GENERAL**

This is a non-site-specific contract. Specific work locations will be incorporated into the contract by individual work orders at a later dat. The duration of the contract is **730** calendar days.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Gisel Carrasco Gisel.Carrasco@txdot.gov
Omar De Leon Omar.X.DeLeon@txdot.gov

Questions and requests for documents will be accepted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Written notice will be given to begin work on this project.

Work must begin within seven (7) calendar days after such notification. Time charges will begin when work begins regardless if it falls within seven (7) calendar days of the notification to begin work.

Commence work upon issuance of a work order. Continue for (2) "Two" calendar years or until contract funds are expended, whichever occurs first.

Work under this contract shall consist of "Concrete Repairs" at various locations in "Hays, Travis, Williamson, Caldwell, Bastrop, Lee, Blanco, Burnet, Gillespie, Llano, and Mason".

References to manufacturer's trade name or catalog numbers are for the purpose of identification only. Similar materials from other manufacturers are permitted if they are of equal quality, comply with the specifications for this project, and are approved.

If work is performed at Contractor's option, when inclement weather is impending, and the work is damaged by subsequent precipitation, the Contractor is responsible for all costs associated with replacing the work, if required.

The roadbed will be free of organic material prior to placing any section of the pavement structure.

Equip all construction equipment used in roadway work with highly visible omnidirectional flashing warning lights.

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Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) Infrastructure may exist within the limits of this project and that the system must remain operational throughout construction. The exact location of ITS Infrastructure is not known. Contact the TxDOT Area Engineer's or Inspection Team's Office for the location(s) at least 48 hours before commencing any work that might affect present ITS Infrastructure. Use caution if working in these areas to avoid damaging or interfering with existing facilities. Repair any damage to this system within 8 hours of occurrence at no cost to the Department. In the event of system damage, notify TxDOT/CTECC at (512) 974-0883 within one hour of occurrence. Failure of the Contractor to repair damage to any infrastructure that conveys any corridor information to TxDOT/CTECC will result in the Contractor being billed for the full cost of emergency repairs.

Provide a smooth, clean sawcut along the existing asphalt pavement structure, as directed. Consider subsidiary to the pertinent Items.

Construct all manholes/valves to final pavement elevations prior to the placement of final surface. If the manholes/valves are going to be exposed to traffic, place temporary asphalt around the manhole/valve to provide a 50:1 taper. The asphalt taper is subsidiary to the ACP work.

Use a self-contained vacuum broom to sweep the roadway and keep it free of sediment as directed. The contractor will be responsible for any sweeping above and beyond the normal maintenance required to keep fugitive sediment off the roadway as directed by the Engineer.

Damage to existing pipes and SET's due to Contractor operations will be repaired at Contractor's expense.

The Contractor is responsible for any damage done to the existing utilities while working on this project. The Contractor is responsible for reporting the damage to the utility company as soon as possible.

All locations used for storing construction equipment, materials, and stockpiles of any type, within the right of way, will be as directed. Use of right of way for these purposes will be restricted to those locations where driver sight distance to businesses and side street intersections is not obstructed and at other locations where an unsightly appearance will not exist. The Contractor will not have exclusive use of right of way but will cooperate in the use of the right of way with the city/county and various public utility companies as required.

Each contract is considered separate and individual from others. Requirements to complete work on any or all contracts may occur at the same time. If requests are issued at the same time, it is expected that the work will be completed in the time frame allowed.

Coordinate and obtain approval for all bridgework over existing roadways.

#### **Bridge Vertical Clearance and Traffic Handling.**

Notify TxDOT project staff and the local bridge engineer 10 business days prior to the following: change in vertical clearance, placing beams/girders over traffic, opening or

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removing traffic from a bridge or portion of a bridge, and completion of bridge work. This requirement includes bridge class culverts. Provide vertical clearance for all structures (including signal mast arms, span wires, and overhead sign bridge structures) within the project limit. Submit information and notices to local bridge engineer: AUS BRG Notify@txdot.gov.

During evacuation periods for Hurricane events the Contractor will cooperate with Department for the restricting of Lane Closures and arranging for Traffic Control to facilitate Coastal Evacuation Efforts.

#### ITEM 3 – AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

A work order will be issued for each item of work, or as directed by the Engineer. Daily work reports will be submitted to the Engineer. Work reports will include planned work 24 hours in advance and all completed work. Notify Engineer of arrival at each site prior to beginning work. Documentation of completion of work and inspection by the Engineer are required for payment.

This Contract includes non-site-specific work. Multiple work orders will be used to procure work of the type identified in the Contract at locations that have not yet been determined.

#### ITEM 5 – CONTROL OF THE WORK

Provide a 72-hour advance email notice to <u>AUS\_Locate@TxDOT.gov</u> to request illumination, traffic signal, ITS, or toll equipment utility locates. Provide <u>AUS\_Locate@TxDOT.gov</u> an electronic pdf of as-builts within 21 calendar days of illumination, traffic signal, ITS, or toll equipment being placed into operation. As-built shall include GPS coordinates of manholes and junction boxes. Include final version of RFI's and revised plan sheets.

#### ITEM 6 - CONTROL OF MATERIALS

The Contractor is responsible for furnishing all materials included in this contract. Materials provided by Contractor will be new unless otherwise shown on the plans or approved. The Contractor must receive approval from the Engineer prior to ordering materials for this contract.

The Contractor is required to have sufficient supply of material to complete repair work within the allotted time.

Give a minimum of 1 business day notice for materials, which require inspection at the Plant.

The area designated as the potential habitat for the Houston Toad will not be allowed as a source for embankment unless approved by the Engineer. The general area is Bastrop County north of the Colorado River and east of SH 95 unless provided in the plans.

For removal, tie, or tap of asbestos concrete (AC) pipe, contact TxDOT and the local utility company 60 days prior to performing the work. Expose the AC pipe to provide a minimum of 1 ft. of clearance around the top and sides. A minimal amount of soil may remain around the AC pipe to avoid disturbance. The local utility company will be responsible for the demo notice to DSHS and removal of the AC pipe. Tie or tap into existing AC pipe may require removing an entire section of pipe from collar to collar and replacement of pipe with new pipe using existing bid items.

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For Federally Funded Contracts, comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, by submitting an original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product. Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet, located at the following link, for clarification on material categorization. Buy America material classification sheet (txdot.gov)

#### ITEM 7 – LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

TxDOT will coordinate with TDLR regarding pedestrian elements and sidewalks. The contractor will procure and provide all permits, licenses, and inspections; pay all charges, fees, and taxes regarding TDLR rules governing industrialized housing and buildings.

Roadway closures during key dates and/or special events are prohibited. See notes for Item 502 for the key dates and/or special events.

Refer to the Environmental Permits, Issues and Commitments (EPIC) plan sheets for additional requirements and permits.

Perform maintenance of vehicles or equipment at designated maintenance sites. Keep a spill kit on-site during fueling and maintenance. This work is subsidiary.

Maintain positive drainage for permanent and temporary work for the duration of the project. Be responsible for any items associated with the temporary or interim drainage and all related maintenance. This work is subsidiary.

Suspend all activities near any significant recharge features, such as sinkholes, caves, or any other subterranean openings that are discovered during construction or core sampling. Do not proceed until the designated Geologist or TCEQ representative is present to evaluate and approve remedial action.

#### Work over or near Bodies of Water (Lakes, Rivers, Ponds, Creeks, etc.).

Keep on site a universal spill kit adequate for the body of water and the work being performed. Debris is not allowed to fall into the ordinary high-water level (OHWL). Debris that falls into the OHWL must be removed at the end of each work day. Debris that falls into the floodway must be removed at the end of each work week or prior to a rain event. Install and maintain traffic control devices to maintain a navigable corridor for water traffic, except during bridge demo and beam placement. This work is subsidiary.

#### Law Enforcement Personnel.

Submit charge summary and invoices using the Department forms.

Patrol vehicles must be clearly marked to correspond with the officer's agency and equipped with appropriate lights to identify them as law enforcement. For patrol vehicles not owned by a law enforcement agency, markings will be retroreflective and legible from 100 ft. from both sides and the rear of the vehicle. Lights will be high intensity and visible from all angles.

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No payment will be made for law enforcement personnel needed for moving equipment or payment for drive time to/from the event site. A minimum number of hours is not guaranteed. Payment is for work performed. If the Contractor has a field office, provide an office location for a supervisory officer when event requires a supervising officer. This work is subsidiary.

A maximum combined rate of \$70 per hour for the law enforcement personnel and the patrol vehicle will be allowed. Any scheduling fee is subsidiary per Standard Specification 502.4.2.

Cancel law enforcement personnel when the event is canceled. Cancellation, minimums or "show up" fees will not be paid when cancellation is made 12 hours prior to beginning of the event. Failure to cancel within 12 hours will not be cause for payment for cancellation, minimums, or "show up" time. Payment of actual "show up" time to the event site due to cancellation will be on a case-by-case basis at a maximum of 2 hours per officer.

Alterations to the cancellation and maximum rate must be approved by the Engineer or predetermined by official policy of the officer's governing authority.

#### **Houston Toad.**

This project is subject to the following restrictions/requirements due to the presence of the Houston Toad on the roadways shown below.

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Roadway	Limits
FM 2336	East of CR 353 (Herron Trail)
US 290	South of FM 2336 to FM 2104
FM 2104	All
HWY 71	SH 95 to FM 153
SH 95	Old McDade Road to Hwy 71
FM 1441	Peach St. to SH 21
SH 21	SH 95 to Lee County Line
Loop 150	SH 21 to Hwy 71
Park Roads 1A, 1C, 1D, and 1E	All
FM 1624	Highway 21 to Rockdale Street
FM 696	All
FM 112	Milam County Line to FM696
FM 3403	All
HWY 77	HWY 21 N to the Milam County line

All workers are required to receive up to 1 hour training prior to working on the jobsite. This training will be conducted on site by a Department representative. Notify the Engineer to schedule the training.

Install silt fence around the perimeter of the project to impede toads from entering the project. Install other toad BMPs as designated by the plans or Engineer prior to begin work. BMPs related to the toad will be inspected daily. All deficiencies shall be corrected immediately. Failure to correct a toad related BMP within 24 hours will result in stoppage of work.

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If any type of toad is found within the project, suspend work within 75 ft. of the toad and notify the Department. The Department will be responsible for relocation of a Houston toad.

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#### ITEM 8 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Work orders will be issued by the Engineer or their designee to the Contractor. Work orders may consist of multiple locations within the same Site. Work will be completed within 14 working days of work order issue, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. The Contractor will be charged liquidated damages for each work item not completed in accordance with the "Schedule of Liquidated Damages" for each workday until the work is completed and accepted by the Engineer. Liquidated damages will be based on the total contract amount. The costs associated with these measures will be deducted from any monies due to the Contractor.

In addition to being charged for liquidated damages, if the Contractor does not complete the work in the allotted workdays for each work item as noted in the plans, the Contractor will be written a letter the next day giving (10) calendar days from the date of the letter to complete the work or the contract will be considered in default.

If the Contractor fails to complete work with the allowable times as noted in the plans, the Department may take steps to have the work completed/corrected. This may include the use of State Forces or Emergency Contracts. Once the Contractor is notified that the Department is taking corrective action, the Contractor shall refrain from performing work on the item in question unless approved by the Engineer. The costs associated with these measures will be deducted from any monies due to the Contractor.

#### Lane Closure Assessment Fee.

The monthly estimate will be deducted a fee per 15-minute interval according to the following schedule for each closure or obstruction that extends beyond the allowable closure time.

#### Main Lanes (IH, SH and US Routes)

00-15 minutes \$5,500.

16-30 minutes \$12,500.

31-45 minutes \$22,000. 46-60 minutes \$33,000.

61+ minutes - \$11,000 per 15-minute period added to all previous periods.

#### Frontage Roads (IH, SH and US Routes)

00-15 minutes \$1,500.

16-30 minutes \$2,500.

31-45 minutes \$4,000.

46-60 minutes \$7,000.

61+ minutes - \$11,000 per 15-minute period added to all previous periods.

#### Other roadways (LP, FM, SPUR and RM)

00-15 minutes \$1,500.

16-30 minutes \$2,500.

31-45 minutes \$4,000.

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46-60 minutes \$7,000.

61+ minutes - \$11,000 per 15-minute period added to all previous periods.

The fee is cumulative. For example, one lane of traffic on the frontage road of IH 35 is closed for 45 minutes will incur an assessment fee of 1 lane closed x (\$1,500+\$2,500+\$4,000) = \$8,000.

#### ITEM 360 – CONCRETE PAVEMENT

Provide Class K concrete as necessary to follow work sequence, comply with closure restrictions, and meet requirements for opening to traffic. All concrete shall be HES to allow for opening to traffic by end of the allowable closure. This work is subsidiary.

Tining will be longitudinal.

After preparation of subgrade and base courses for CRCP, saw cut and remove 2 in. of existing CRCP prior to widening CRCP to create a clean vertical joint for widening. Unless otherwise specified on the plans, the work performed, materials furnished, equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary.

#### ITEM 429 - CONCRETE STRUCTURE REPAIR

Use the following types of repair materials:

All concrete shall be HES to allow for opening to traffic by end of the allowable closure.

#### ITEM 500 – MOBILIZATION

One Mobilization will be paid for each callout performed.

#### ITEM 502 - BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

#### Table 1

	<u>14610 1</u>	
Roadway	Limits	Allowable Closure Time
IH 35	All (1 lane closed)	9 P to 5 A
IH 35	All (2 lanes closed, see allowable work below)	9 P to 5 A
IH 35	All (2 lanes closed, all work)	11 P to 5 A
SH 45	US 183 to SH130	8 P to 5 A
LP 1	William Cannon to Parmer Lane	8 P to 5 A
US 183	SH 29 to FM 1327	8 P to 5 A
SH 71	SH 130 to IH 35	8 P to 5 A
SH 71	SH 304 to Tahitian Drive	8 P to 5 A
SH 71	US 290 W to RM 3238	8 P to 5 A
US 290 W	IH 35 to Nutty Brown Rd	8 P to 5 A
US 290 E	IH 35 to SH 95	8 P to 5 A
FM 734	FM 1431 to US 290 E	8 P to 5 A
US 79	IH 35 to Bus 79 in Taylor	8 P to 5 A
RM 1431	Lohmans Ford Rd to IH 35	8 P to 5 A
SH 29	LP 332 western terminus to SH 130	8 P to 5 A
SH 80	Charles Austin to River Road	8 P to 5 A
RM 2222	All	8 P to 5 A
RM 620	All	8 P to 5 A

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RM 2244	All	8 P to 5 A
SPUR 69	All	8 P to 5 A
LP 360	All	8 P to 5 A
LP 343	All	8 P to 5 A
LP 275	All	8 P to 5 A
FM 1325	All	8 P to 5 A
All	Within 200' of a signalized intersection	9 P to 5 A
All	All (Full Closure, see allowable work below)	11 P to 4 A

For roadways without defined allowable closure times, nighttime lane closures will be allowed from 8 P to 6 A.

Daytime or Friday night lane closures will not be allowed unless otherwise shown on the plans. One lane in each direction will remain open at all times for all roadways unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Two lanes closed on IH 35 allowed to begin at 9 P.M. for main lane (shoulder work not included) hotmix overlay or pavement repair operations (does not include bridge joint work).

Full closures only allowed Friday night thru Monday morning for bridge beam installation, bridge demolition, or OSB truss removal/installation. Full closures only allowed for roadways with frontage roads or if a designated detour route is provided in the plans.

No closures will be allowed on the weekends, working day prior, and working day after the National Holidays defined in the Standard Specifications, Good Friday, and Easter weekend.

No closures will be allowed 1 P.M. to 11 P.M. the Sunday of the Super Bowl.

Time charges will not be suspended during the large and special events listed below. These events are provided in the contract to allow scheduling of work around these lane closure restrictions.

All lanes will be open by noon of the day before the large events listed in below table. No closures will be allowed on Friday and the weekends for projects within 20 miles of these large events:

Table 4 (Large Events)

Event	City		Dates	
Formula 1 @ COTA	Austin	Annually Website)	(See	Event
Moto GP @ COTA	Austin	Annually Website)	(See	Event
ACL Fest	Austin	Annually Website)	(See	Event
SXSW	Austin	Annually Website)	(See	Event

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ROT Rally	Bastrop	Annually	(See	Event
		Website)		
UT Football Games	Austin	Annually	(See	Event
		Website)		
Sales Tax Holiday	All	Annually	(See	Event
		Website)		
Rodeo Austin	Austin	Annually	(See	Event
		Website)		

All lanes will be open by noon of the day before the special events listed in below table. No closures will be allowed on Friday and the weekends for projects within 10 miles of these special events:

Table 5 (Special Events)

Event	City	Dates
Wiener Dog Races	Buda	April 29-30, 2023
Founders Day Festival	Dripping Springs	April 28-30, 2023
Christmas on Mercer	Dripping Springs	Dec 2, 2023
Christmas Nights of FBG Lights	Fredericksburg	Nov 21, 2023
Lady of Guadalupe Procession	Fredericksburg	Dec 12, 2023
Eaker BBQ Competition	Fredericksburg	March 10, 2024
Founders Day Ceremony	Fredericksburg	2 <sup>nd</sup> Weekend in May
Crawfish Festival	Fredericksburg	Saturday before Memorial Day
Red Poppy Festival	Georgetown	April 26-28, 2024
Wine and Music Festival	Georgetown	Last Saturday of September
Fair and Rodeo	Liberty Hill	May 18, 2023
Lakefest Boat Races	Marble Falls	June 10-11, 2023
Pie in the Sky	Kyle	Sept 1-2, 2023
Texas State Graduation Fall	San Marcos	TBD
Texas State Graduation Spring	San Marcos	TBD

All the large and special events listed in the above tables occur annually. Coordinate with the Department and review the city/event website to plan around the future events.

No closures will be allowed during the upcoming eclipses on October 14, 2023, and April 8, 2024. All lanes will be open from noon October 12<sup>th</sup> to noon October 15<sup>th</sup>. All lanes will be open from noon April 5<sup>th</sup> to noon April 9<sup>th</sup>. Time charges will not be suspended during this event.

To account for directional traffic volumes, begin and end times of closures may be shifted equally by the Engineer. The closure duration will remain. Added compensation is not allowed.

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One-way traffic control, including work performed under Item 510, must be set up to provide a maximum of 20 minutes of delay to the traveling public.

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Submit an emailed request for a lane closure (LCN) to TxDOT. The email will be submitted in the format provided. Receive concurrence prior to implementation. Submit a cancellation of lane closures a minimum of 18 hours prior to implementation. Blanket requests for extended periods are not allowed. Max duration of a request is 2 weeks prior to requiring resubmittal.

Provide 2-hour notice prior to implementation and immediately upon removal of the closure.

For roadways listed in Table 1: Submit the request 96 hours prior to implementation.

For roadways not listed in Table 1: Submit the request a minimum of 48 hours prior to the closure and by the following deadline immediately prior to the closure: 11A on Tuesday or 11A on Friday.

For all roadways: Submit request for traffic detours and full roadway closures 168 hours prior to implementation. Submit request for nighttime work 96 hours to implementation date.

Cancellations of accepted closures (not applicable to full closures or detours) due to weather will not require resubmission in accordance with the above restrictions if the work is completed during the next allowable closure time.

Closures that conflict with adjacent contractor will be prioritized according to critical path work per latest schedule. Conflicting critical path or non-critical work will be approved for first LCN submitted. Denial of a closure due to prioritization or other reasons will not be reason for time suspension, delay, overhead, etc.

Meet with the Engineer prior to lane closures to ensure that sufficient equipment, materials, devices, and workers will be used. Take immediate action to modify current and future traffic control, if at any time the queue becomes greater than 20 minutes.

Consider inclement weather prior to implementing the lane closures. Do not set up traffic control when the pavement is wet.

Cover, relocate, or remove existing small, large, and overhead signs that conflict with traffic control. Cover large and overhead signs to remain using latest standard TS-CD. This work is subsidiary.

Install all permanent signs, delineation, and object markers required for the operation of the roadway before opening to traffic. Use of temporary mounts is allowed or may be required until the permanent mounts are installed or not impacted by construction. Maintain the temporary mounts. This work is subsidiary.

Place a 28-inch cone, meeting requirements of BC (10) and Ty III barricades, on top of foundations that have protruding studs. This work is subsidiary.

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Vertical panels used on roadways with speed limit 55mph or greater must be round in shape or have a self-righting mechanism. The "flat" or "oblong" shaped vertical panels are not allowed.

A series of sequential flashing warning lights, per BC(7), must be installed in a merging taper for long term stationary TCP. This includes all TCP setups, such as those shown on the plans or TCP setups per the standards.

Edge condition treatment types must be in accordance with the TxDOT standard. Installation and removal of a safety slope is subsidiary.

To determine a speed limit or an advisory speed limit, submit a request to TxDOT 60 business days prior to manufacture of the sign.

For non-site-specific signal projects, 2 months of barricades will be paid per work order location.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

#### ITEM 506 - TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENV CONTROLS

If SW3P plan sheets are not provided, place the control measures as directed.

Install, maintain, remove erosion, sedimentation, and environmental control measures in areas of the right of way utilized by the contractor that are outside the limits of disturbance required for construction. Permanently stabilize the area. This work is subsidiary.

Consider the SW3P for this project to consist, Temporary Sediment Control Fence, as directed.

#### ITEMS 528, 529, 530, 531, & 536 – MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION

Reinforcement will be in accordance with Section 432.3.1 unless shown on the plans. Fiber reinforcement is not allowed. GFRP is allowed reinforcement for all applications. Class A and B Concrete are allowed to use Coarse Aggregate Grades 1-8.

Unless shown on the plans, all concrete will be 5 in. thick and have 2 in. sand, base, or RAP bedding. Furnish base meeting the requirement for any type or grade in accordance with Item 247. Compressive strengths for flexible base are waived. RAP must be 100% passing a 1 in. sieve. Bedding and flexible base must be placed using ordinary compaction.

Expansion joints will be placed every 40 ft. Expansion joints must be 1 in. wide asphalt board and flush with the surface. The bottom of the asphalt board will be at half the depth of the concrete. The reinforcement will be continuous thru the expansion joint. Sidewalk cross slope must not exceed 1.5%.

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Highway: VARIOUS

Sheet:

If roots are encountered verify with the Engineer before accommodating or removing 2 in. diameter or larger roots. Root removal must be in accordance with Section 752.4.2. Roots may remain in the bedding or base. For improvements within 6 in. of a root, the concrete thickness may be reduced by 1 in. and the bedding increased by 1 in. to minimize impacts to the roots. Adjust bedding and surface profile to provide a 1 in. bedding cushion around the roots. The surface profile may be adjusted to the extent allowed by ADA. This work is subsidiary.

#### ITEM 6001 - PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

Provide <u>1</u> PCMS. Provide a replacement within 12 hours. PCMS will be available for traffic control, event notices, roadway conditions, service announcements, etc.

Place PCMS at time of LCN request. Place the PCMS at the expected end of queue caused by the closure. When the closure is active, revise the message to reflect the actual condition during the closure, such as "RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT".

#### ITEM 6185 – TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR

The TMA/TA used for installation/removal of traffic control for a work area will be subsidiary to the TMA/TA used to perform the work.

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA/TA required for the work. TMA/TAs paid by the day is full compensation for all worksite locations during an entire day.

TMA/TAs used to protect damaged attenuators will be paid by the day using the force account item for the repair.

General Notes Sheet K General Notes Sheet L



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0914-00-524

**DISTRICT** Austin **HIGHWAY** Various **COUNTY** Travis

Report Created On: Nov 29, 2023 11:18:06

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	0914-00	-524		
		PROJI	ECT ID	A00199	667		
		со		OUNTY Travis		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	VAY Various			TINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	104-6009	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	SY	1,250.000		1,250.000	
•	104-6022	REMOVING CONC (CURB AND GUTTER)	LF	150.000		150.000	
	104-6031	REMOVING CONC (HEADWALL)	CY	75.000		75.000	
	361-6004	FULL - DEPTH REPAIR CRCP (10")	SY	175.000		175.000	
	361-6005	FULL - DEPTH REPAIR CRCP (11")	SY	175.000		175.000	
	361-6007	FULL - DEPTH REPAIR CRCP (13")	SY	175.000		175.000	
	361-6008	FULL - DEPTH REPAIR CRCP (14")	SY	175.000		175.000	
	429-6004	CONC STR REPAIR(RAPID DECK REP(PRT DPT)	SF	225.000		225.000	
	429-6006	CONC STR REPR(RAPID DECK REP(FULL DPT))	SF	225.000		225.000	
	429-6008	CONC STR REPR(RAPID VERT AND OVERHEAD)	SF	525.000		525.000	
	432-6002	RIPRAP (CONC)(5 IN)	CY	250.000		250.000	
	438-6004	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS(CL7)	LF	100.000		100.000	
	451-6019	RETROFIT RAIL (TY T631)	LF	450.000		450.000	
	500-6030	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT 28)	EA	100.000		100.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	24.000		24.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	529-6005	CONC CURB (MONO) (TY II)	LF	300.000		300.000	
	529-6007	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY I)	LF	325.000		325.000	
	529-6008	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	325.000		325.000	
	668-6006	PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(6")(BRK)	LF	1.000		1.000	
	668-6014	PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(8")(SLD)	LF	1.000		1.000	
	668-6016	PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(12")(SLD)	LF	1.000		1.000	
	713-6006	CRACK CLEANING AND SEALING (CRCP)	LF	10,000.000		10,000.000	
	720-6003	SPALLING REPAIR (POLYMERIC) (SEMIRIGID)	GAL	1,250.000		1,250.000	
	778-6001	CONCRETE RAIL REPAIR (IN-KIND)	LF	400.000		400.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	1.000		1.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	180.000		180.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		LAW ENFORCEMENT: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Austin	Travis	0914-00-524	4

SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEMS						
LOCATION	104 6009	104 6022	104 6031			
	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	REMOVING CONC (CURB AND GUTTER)	REMOVING CONC (HEADWALL)			
	SY	LF	CY			
PROJECT TOTALS	1250	150	75			

SUMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKING ITEMS					
LOCATION	668 6006	668 6Ø14	668 6Ø16		
			PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(12")(SLD)		
	LF	LF	LF		
PROJECT TOTALS	1	1	1		

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE	TRAFFIC CONTRO	L ITEMS	
LOCATION	6001 6002	6185 6002	
	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)	
	EΑ	DAY	
PROJECT TOTALS	1	18Ø	

SUMMARY OF MOBILIZATION ITEMS								
LOCATION	500 6030	502 6001						
	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT 28)	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING						
	EA	MO						
PROJECT TOTALS	100	24						

SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL ITEMS									
LOCATION	5Ø6 6Ø38	5Ø6 6Ø39							
	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)							
	LF	LF							
PROJECT TOTALS	1000	1000							

Austin District Maintenance Office



Texas Department of Transportation

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 524 0914 00 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

# 0/20/2023 235/305 PM w://txdot.orolectwiseonline.com:TxD014/Document

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travellanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

## THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT

http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



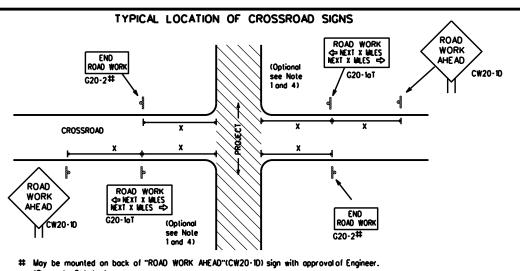
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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- (See note 2 below)
- 1. The lypical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGCER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK \* \*G20-9TP \* \*R20-5T FINES DOUBLE \* \*R20-50TP ROAD WORK ← NEXT X NALES \* \*G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTL INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY ➾ G20-16TR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-26T \* 80. G20-5T \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFIC G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES IDOUBLE \* \* R20-5oTP ROAD WORK

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

#### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

SIZE

**SPACING** 

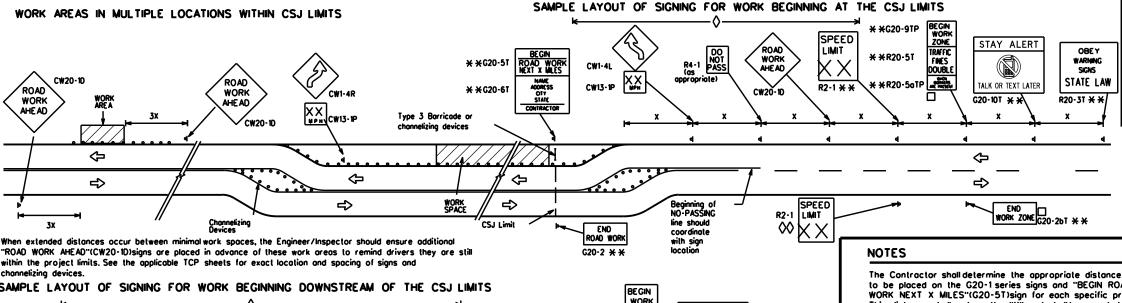
SIZE							
Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway					
CW20 <sup>4</sup> CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"					
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36" 48'	× 48"					
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" x 48" 48'	' × 48"					

Posted Speed	Sign # Spacing "X"	
МРН	Feet (Apprx.)	
30	120	
35	160	
40	240	
45	320	
50	400	
55	500 <sup>2</sup>	
60	600 <sup>2</sup>	
65	700 <sup>2</sup>	
70	800 <sup>2</sup>	
75	900 <sup>2</sup>	
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>	
*	* 3	

- \* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCO", Sign Appendix or the "Slandard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS STAY ALERT \* \*G20-9TP ZONE BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED RAFFIC \* \*G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD X XR20-5T FINES SKINS WORK WORK CLOSED R11-2 CW1-4 DOUBLE STATE LAW りっ MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER ¥ ¥R20-5aTP \* \*G20-6T R20-3T G20-10T CW20-10 Borricode or CW13-1P CW2Ŏ-1E devices -CSJ Limit ➾ SPEED R2-1 END ROAD WORK LIMIT END G20-2bT \*\* G20-2 \* \*

to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T)sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- ☐ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND							
I	⊢— Туре 3 Barricade						
000	Channelizing Devices						
<b>þ</b>	Sign						
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

SHEET 2 OF 12



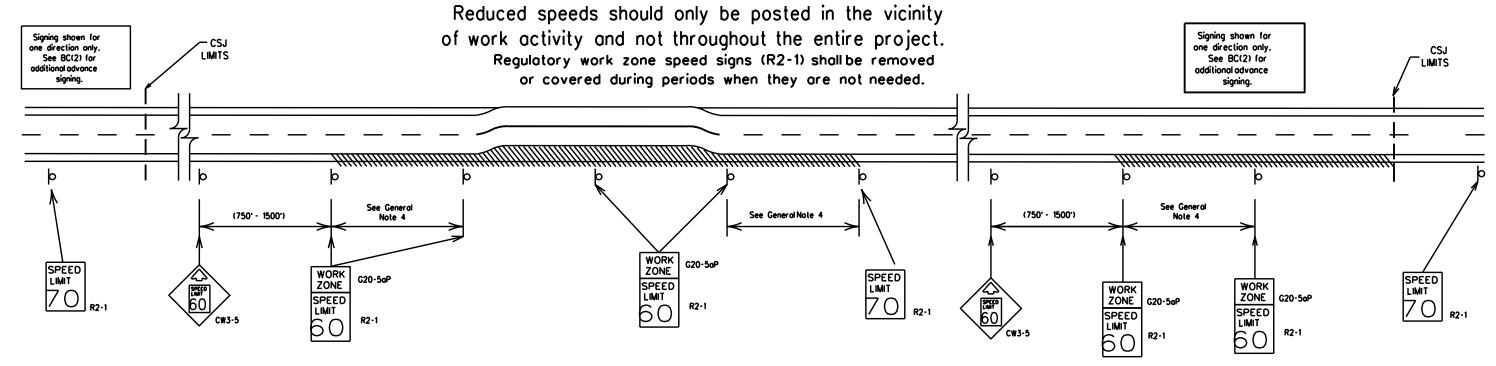
## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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-13	5-21	AUS		TRAVIS		7		

## TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### **GUIDANCE FOR USE:**

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged povement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of traveland are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
  - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
- - 35 mph and less
- 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form \*1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.





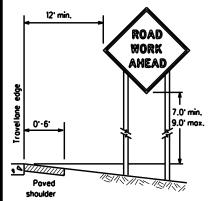
Traffic Safety Division Standard

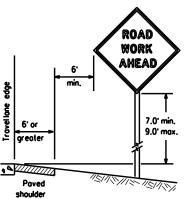
## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

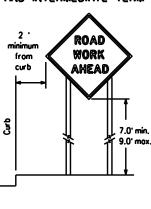
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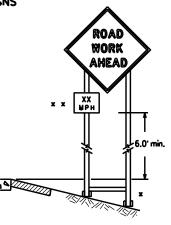
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

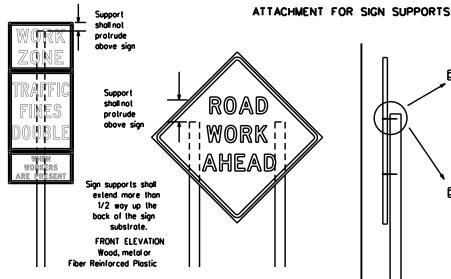








- \* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
  - x x When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. lemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two obove and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

SIDE ELEVATION Wood

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of

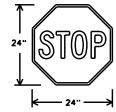
or screws. Use TxDOT's or

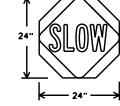
monufacturer's recommended

sign supports

## of at least the same gauge material. STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW poddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24".
- 2. STOP/SLOW poddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW poddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.





Background - Orange Legend & Border - Bloc

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)								
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING						
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING						
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING						
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM						

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- f permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic controldevice that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in occordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Controctor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texos" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u> DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manualon Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nightlime work losting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT.

  1. The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except
- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.

  2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground.
  3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

l. The Controctor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide. fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the spice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- While sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type G, , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

  2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opoque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opoque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- . Burlao shall NOT be used to cover sians.
- i. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

  The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain
- constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.

  Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

  Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as lire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- bollost on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and monifoctured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or
- hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbaas shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

  Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level
- sion supports placed on slopes. FLAGS ON SIGNS
- 1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

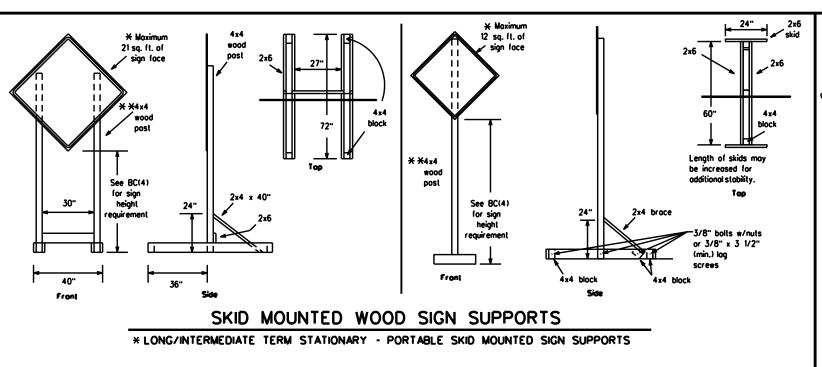


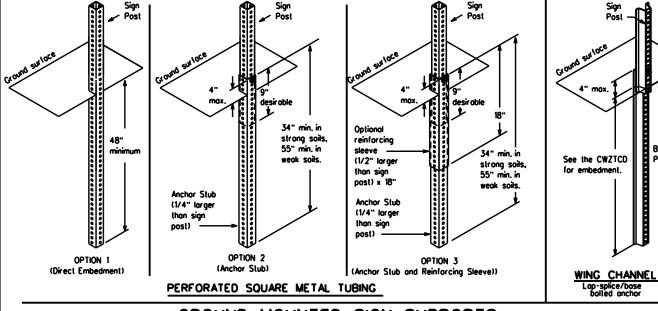
Traffic Safety Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

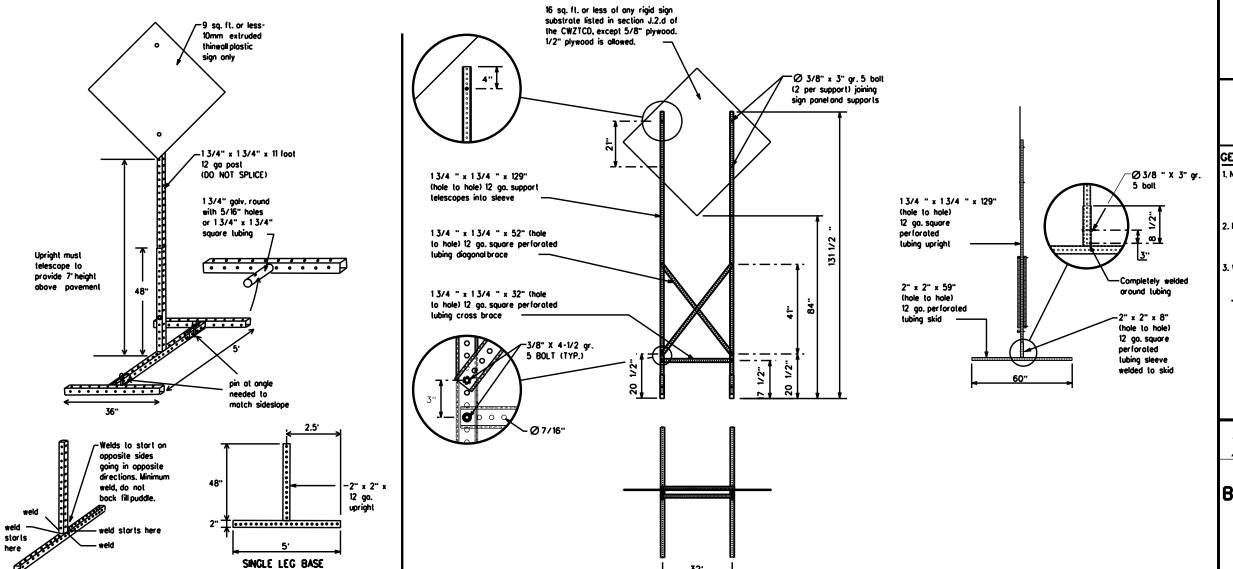
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## GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square foologe shall adhere to the manufacturer's recom Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



32'

## WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steeland plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as tempor sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" log screws must be used on every joint for final
- . No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- . When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Durotion."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

## BC(5)-21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS \* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- 6. When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnigl Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flosh" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message: i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line. 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phroses that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.

  16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than
- left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bors is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Rood A	CCS RD	Major MAJ	
Alternate	AL T	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Rood	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Rood	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
	EMER VEH	South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lone	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	To Downtown Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		1	
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	- West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Povement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT

Roodway designation . IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

## RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

oad/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Condit	ion List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

XXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases. and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced w days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

## Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effe List		Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	TO XXXXXX	RIGHT L ANE E XIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE *		×× See	Application Guidelines No	te 6.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
  9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the some size arrow.

## SHEET 6 OF 12

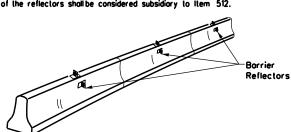


## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0914	00	524		٧	ARIOUS
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- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-audified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB.

  An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional)while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

Warning reflector may be round

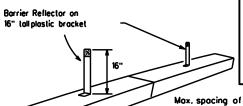
or square.Must have a yellow

30 square inches

reflective surface area of at least

drum adjacent to the travelway.

- 8. Povement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roodway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



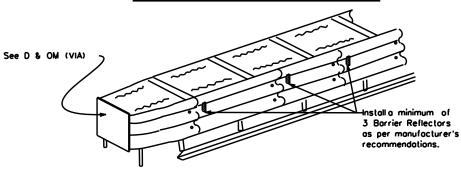
IN WORK ZONES LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations

#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



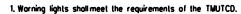
#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### **END TREATMENTS FOR** CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apparapriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

## BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

## WARNING LIGHTS



- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Floshing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hozardous orea. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".

  5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the lotest ITE Purchase Specifications for Floshing and Steady-Burn Worning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.

  3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive floshing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the laper to the end of the merging laper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travellane on detours on lone changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type Á, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

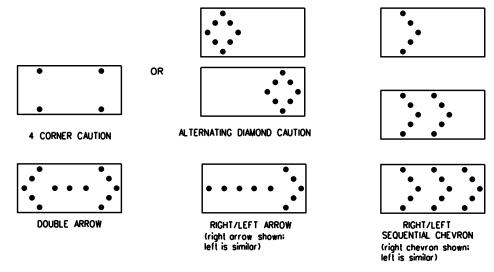
#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The worning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder toper or merging toper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Floshing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travellanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Floshing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Floshing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- 5. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Floshing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The floshing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 floshes per minute.

   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the floshing arrow and equal

- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
   The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
   The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard: however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
   The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
   A flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
   A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
   Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel. to boltom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM Size	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
_	48 + 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

## FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- I. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for
- Assessing Sofety Hordwore (MASH).

  2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs. 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- in the plans.

  5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure
- without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

**GENERAL NOTES** 

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

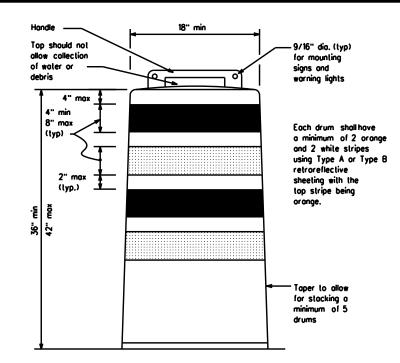
- Plostic drums shall be a two-piece design: the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock tagether in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or oir turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plostic drums shall be constructed of light weight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plostic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in additional contents.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plostic drums shall be constructed of ultro-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballosted weight of 11 lbs.
   ODrum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

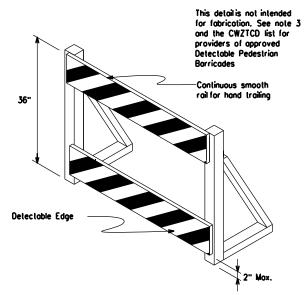
- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retrareflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### **BALLAST**

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stocking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in bollost shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
   Built-in bollost can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballost on drums approved for this type of ballost on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballost shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hozardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.

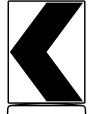






#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrions with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrion Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link lencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tope, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrion
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rais as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange, sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with arange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lone.
- 4. Other sign messages (lext or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond outs.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



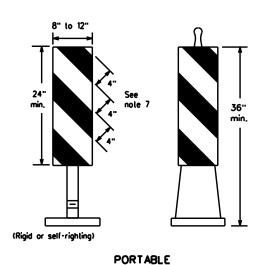
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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8" to 12" 8" to 12" 8" to 12" 8" to 12" VP-1R VP-1L Fixed Bose w/ Approved /Surface 1011/04/1 # 12" minimum embedment depth FIXED (Rigid or self-righting) DRIVEABLE

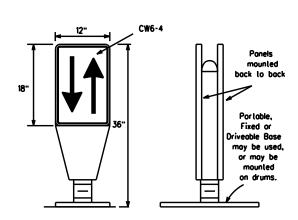


1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

- 2. VP's may be used in daylime or nightlime situations They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daylime and nightlime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lone roadways. Stripes are to be reflective arange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travellane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area locing traffic.

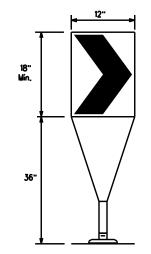
  5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective moterial on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

## VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs ploced between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spocing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C confirming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



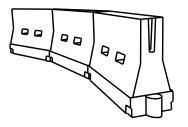
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used?

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spocing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

## **CHEVRONS**

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone oreos where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final povement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good larget value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travelianes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for borricode rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nightlime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings.
- 3. Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. 4. Water ballosted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH)
- urban areas. When used on a laper in a low speed urban area, the laper shall be delineated and the laper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballosted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flored to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballosted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top I the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum lesirable er Lengi × ×		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150 <sup>-</sup>	165'	180'	30,	60.		
35	L- <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245	35'	70'		
40	80	265 <sup>.</sup>	295	320	40'	80.		
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90.		
50	]	500 <sup>-</sup>	550	600.	50'	100'		
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660	55 <sup>.</sup>	110 <sup>-</sup>		
60	] - " -	600.	660	720	60.	120'		
65	]	650	715'	780'	65'	130'		
70	]	700'	770'	840	70'	140'		
75	]	750'	825'	900.	75'	150'		
80		800'	880.	960'	80.	160'		

\* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off L-Length of Taper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

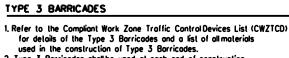


Traffic Safety Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

RC(Q)-21

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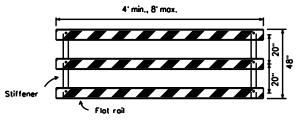


- 2. Type 3 Barricodes shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roodway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roodway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Borricodes shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fosteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

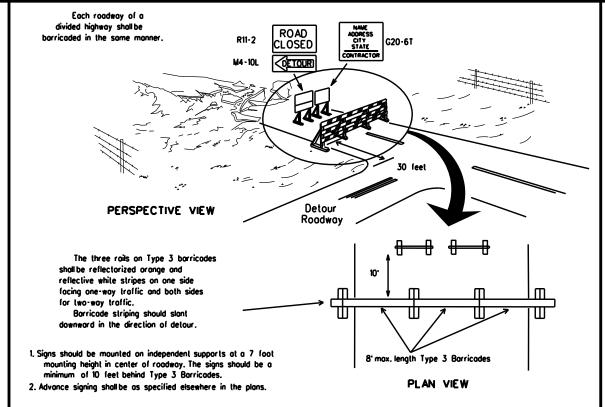


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



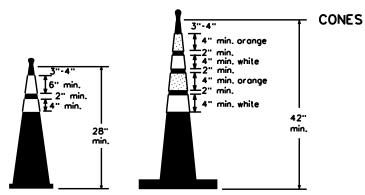
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL
FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

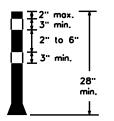
1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencina may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND  $\bigcirc$ Plastic drum  $\bigcirc$ Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light minimum of two d or yellow worning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



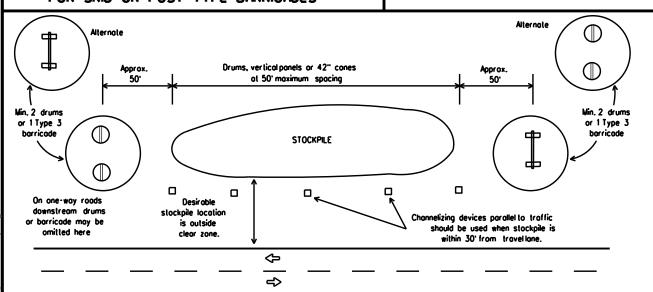
Two-Piece cones

13"-4"
| 6" min.
| 2" min.
| 4" min.
| 28"
| min.

One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and lubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in occordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where possing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (fail back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

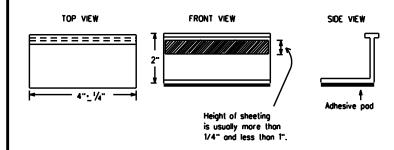
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Povement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible. so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of povement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- 6. Blost cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in occordance with Item 677. "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tobs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new povements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for quidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (Iwo amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of preguglified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web oddress shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

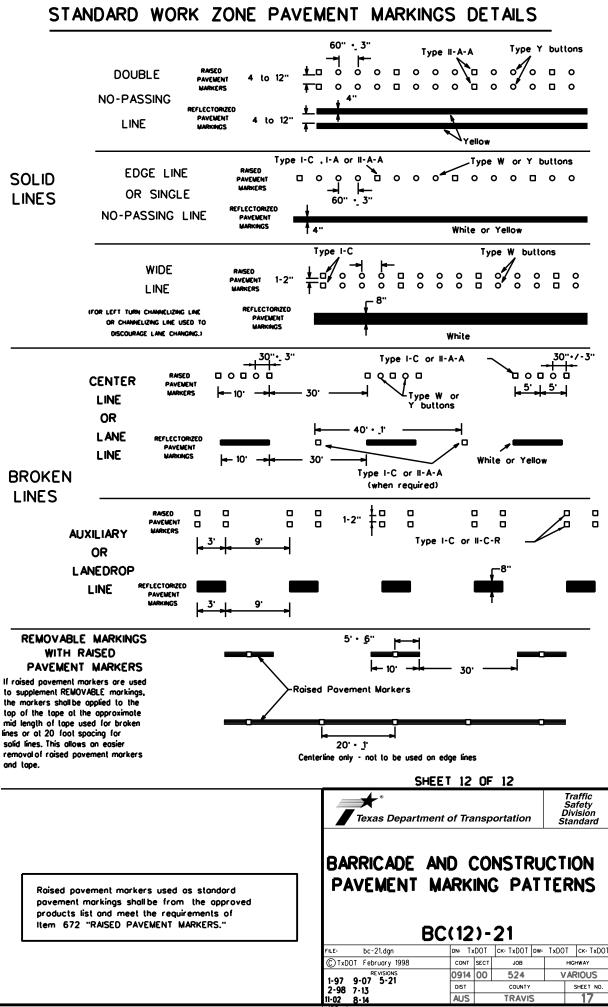


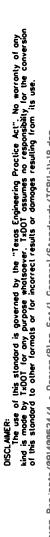
Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

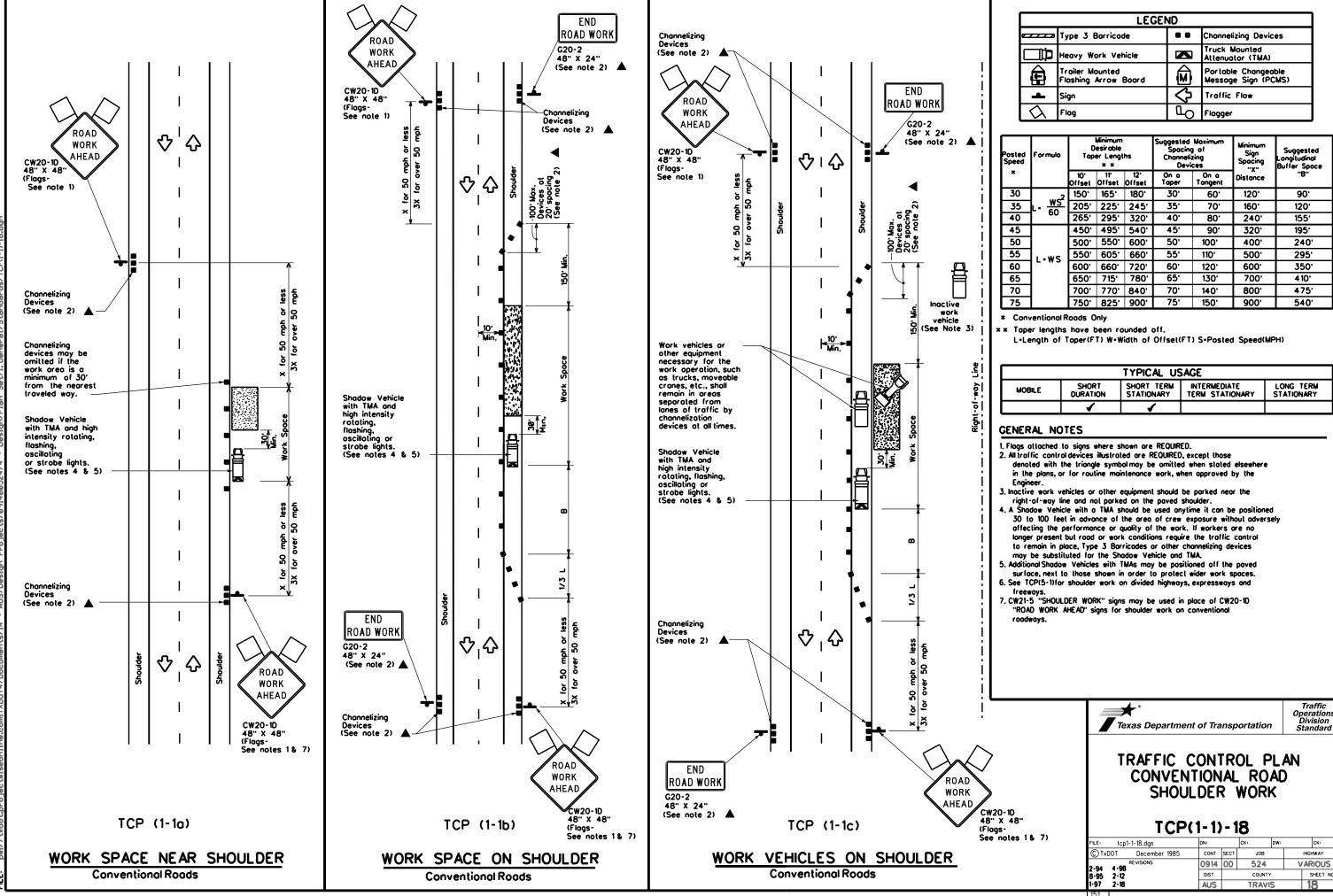
## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

**BC(11)-21** 

	• • • •	_					
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2 8-14	AUS TRAVIS 16					16	







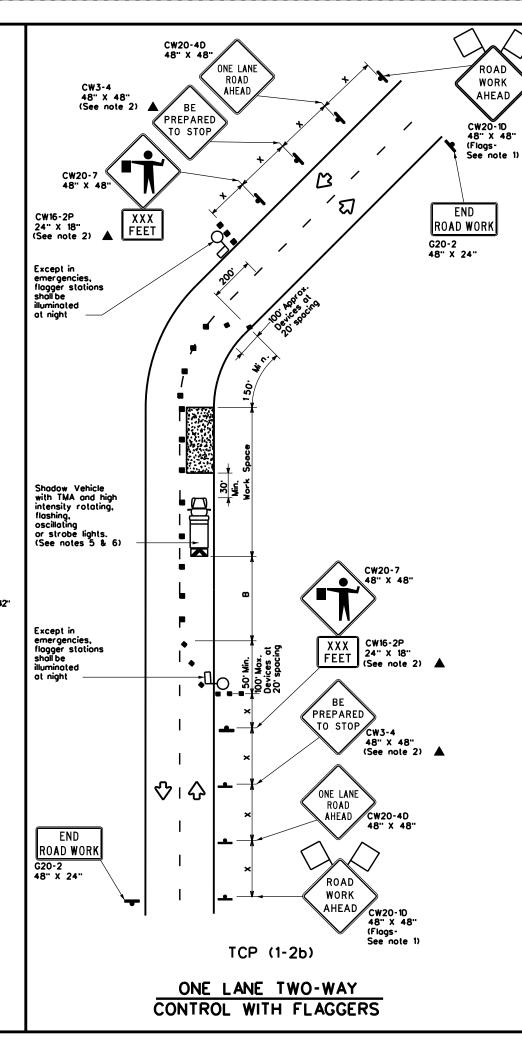
Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction Same as Below END ROAD WORK G20-2 ◇Ⅰ◇ 48" X 24" 42" X 42 " X 42 ΤO ONCOMING TRAFFIC DISCLAMER:

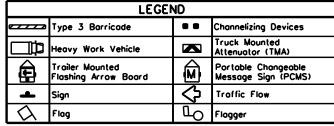
In the control of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this studer to other formals or for incorrect results or demogas resulting from its use. R1-20P 48" X 36" (See note 8) Channelizing devices separate work space from traveled way Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, (lashing, oscillating or strobe lights.(See notes 5 & 6) 42" X 42 " X 42" ONCOMING R1-20P TRAFFIC (See note 8) CW3-2 ♡□☆ ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD CW20-4D ROAD TCP (1-2a) WORK **AHEAD** CW20-1D 48" X 48" ONE LANE TWO-WAY (Flags-

CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS

(Less than 2000 ADT - See note 7)

See note 1)





Speed	Formula	0	Minimum esiroble er Lengl x x		Suggested Spacine Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8	
30	2	150 <sup>.</sup>	165'	180	30.	60.	120'	90.	200'
35	L• <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	80	265 <sup>-</sup>	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155'	305'
45		450'	495	540'	45'	90.	320 <sup>-</sup>	195'	360
50		500	550	600·	50'	100	400	240 <sup>-</sup>	425'
55	L-WS	550	605	660	55'	110'	500 <sup>.</sup>	295 <sup>-</sup>	495 <sup>.</sup>
60	- " 3	600.	660'	720	60.	120'	600.	350	570 <sup>.</sup>
65		650 <sup>-</sup>	715'	780	65'	130	700	4 10 ·	645'
70		700	770 <sup>.</sup>	840	70'	140'	800.	475'	730 <sup>.</sup>
75		750 <sup>.</sup>	825	900.	75'	150 <sup>-</sup>	900.	540 <sup>.</sup>	820 <sup>.</sup>

- ■ Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- . Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- b. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

#### TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- B. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

#### TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- ). Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- II. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagge and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- . Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading
- traffic and approved by the Engineer. 3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW poddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.



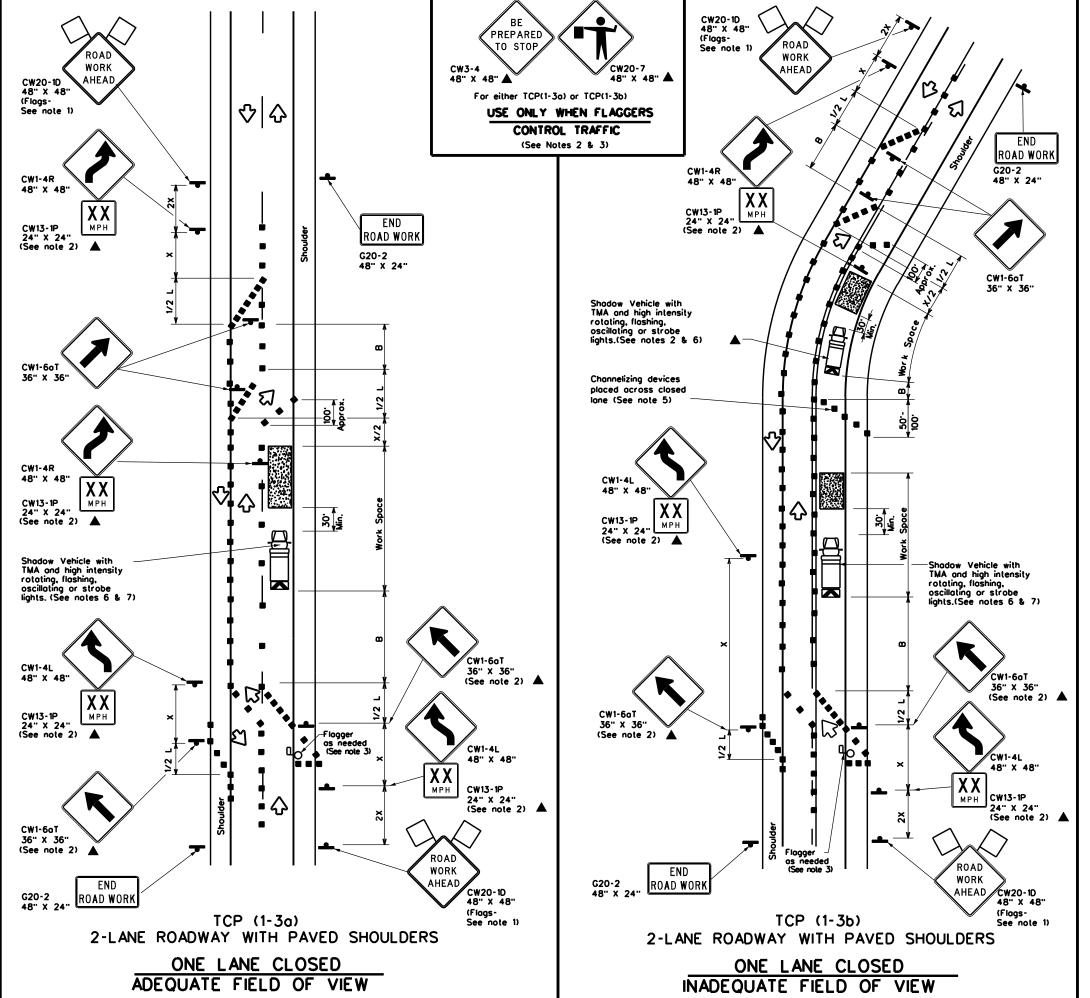
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

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LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	• •	Channelizing Devices				
Heavy Work Vehicle		K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
<b>(F)</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>(</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
ŀ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flog	4	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths x x			Suggested Spacin Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8
30	2	150'	165'	180	30.	60,	120'	90.
35	L WS <sup>2</sup>	205	225'	245'	35 <sup>.</sup>	70'	160	120'
40	1 80	265	295	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495	540'	45'	90.	320'	195'
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	l.ws	550 <sup>-</sup>	605	660.	55 <sup>-</sup>	110	500·	295 <sup>-</sup>
60	]	600 <sup>-</sup>	660.	720	60.	120'	600.	350
65		650'	715	780 <sup>-</sup>	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700 <sup>.</sup>	770'	840'	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750'	825	900.	75'	150'	900.	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- x x Toper lengths have been rounded off.
  L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY						
	1	<b>√</b>				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roodway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic.
   Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20°, or 15° if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

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2-94 4-98 8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
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DISCLAMER:

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ROAD WORK WORK WORK G20-2 48" X 24" CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) AHEAD AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) END for 50 mph or less 3x for over 50 mph ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" LANE **√CLOSED** CW20-5TL CW1-4R CW13-1P 24" X 24" (See note 2) . Mij. Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights.(See notes 4 & 5) (See note 7) 8 Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights.(See notes 4 & 5) 自 CW1-6aT 36" x 36" (See note 2) 2 CW20-5TR CW1-4L 48" × 48" CW13-1P 24" X 24" (See note 2)  $|\nabla|$ RIGHT LANE ROAD END END WORK CW20-5TR ROAD WORK ROAD WORK AHEAD G20-2 G20-2 48" X 24" 48" X 24" CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) ROAD TCP (1-4b) TCP (1-4a) WORK AHEAD CW20-1D ONE LANE CLOSED TWO LANES CLOSED (Flags-See note 1)

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
口中	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ê	Trailer Mounted Floshing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♦	Troffic Flow					
$\bigcirc$	Flag	ф	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum Jesirable er Lengl x x		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10" Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8	
30	2	150'	165'	180	30,	60'	120'	90,	
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	
40	] 80	265'	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155 <sup>-</sup>	
45		450	495	540	45'	90.	320'	195 <sup>-</sup>	
50		200.	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'	
55	l.ws	550 <sup>.</sup>	605'	660	55'	110'	500	295'	
60	] - " - " -	<b>600</b> .	660.	720	60'	120'	600,	350'	
65		650'	715'	780	65'	130'	700	4 10 ·	
70		<b>400</b> .	770	840	70'	140 <sup>-</sup>	800.	475'	
75		750'	825'	900.	75'	150 <sup>-</sup>	900,	540 <sup>-</sup>	

- ■ Conventional Roads Only
- xx Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Flogs attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans,
- or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

  3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

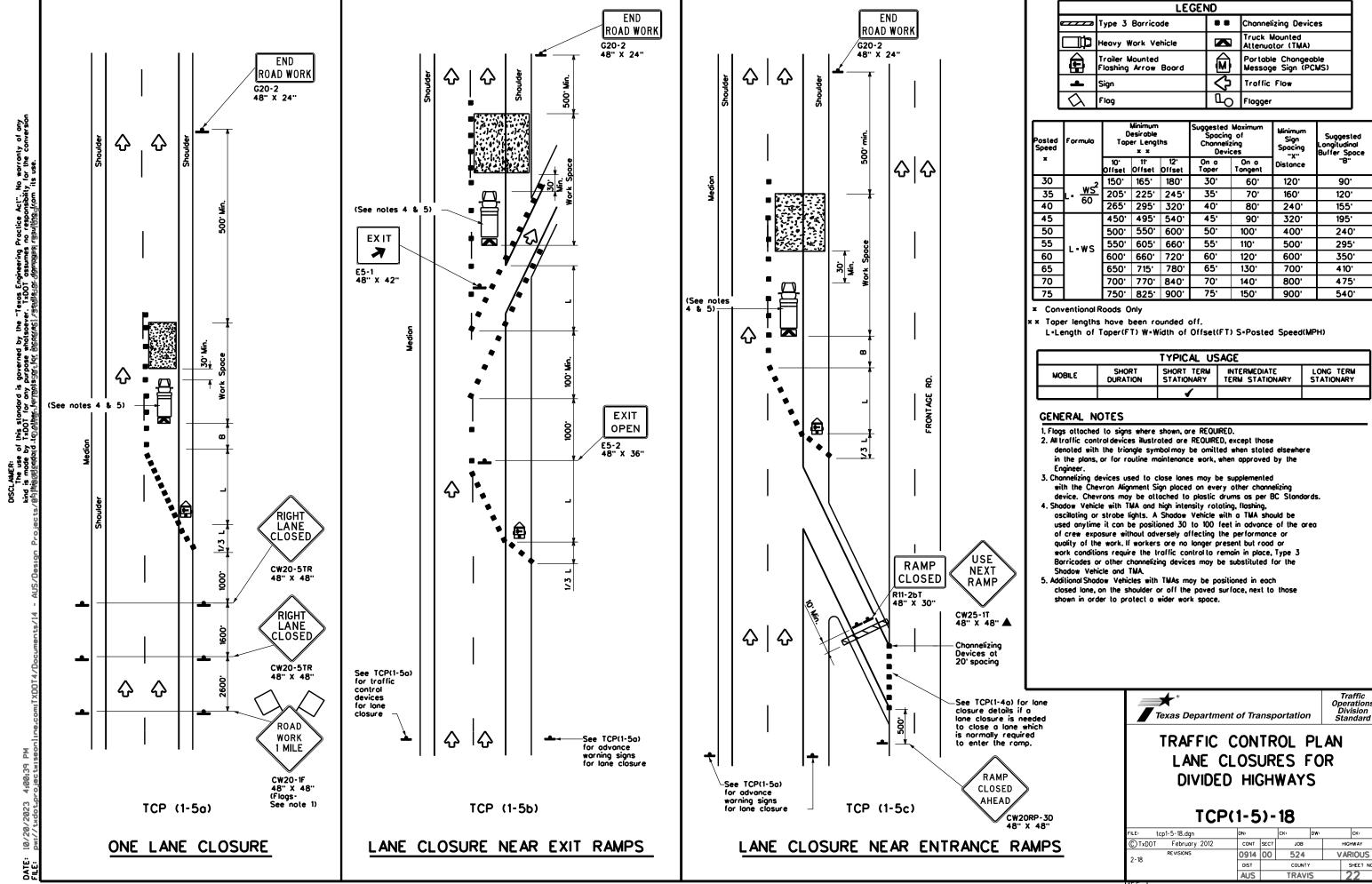


Traffic Operations Division Standard

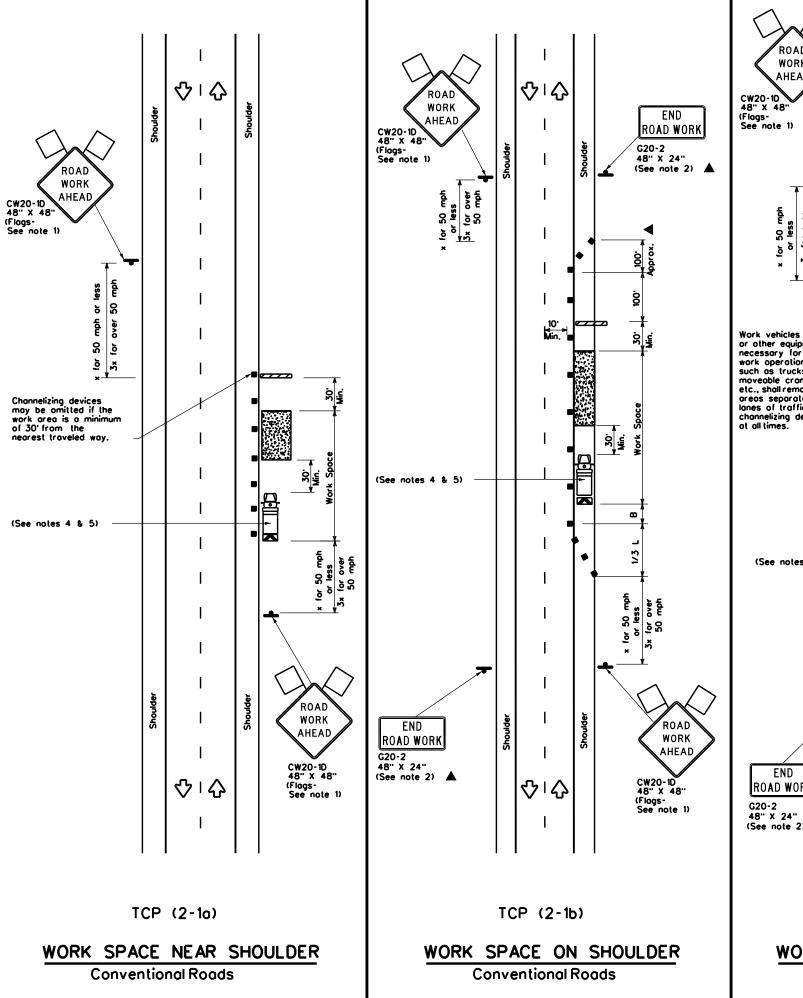
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

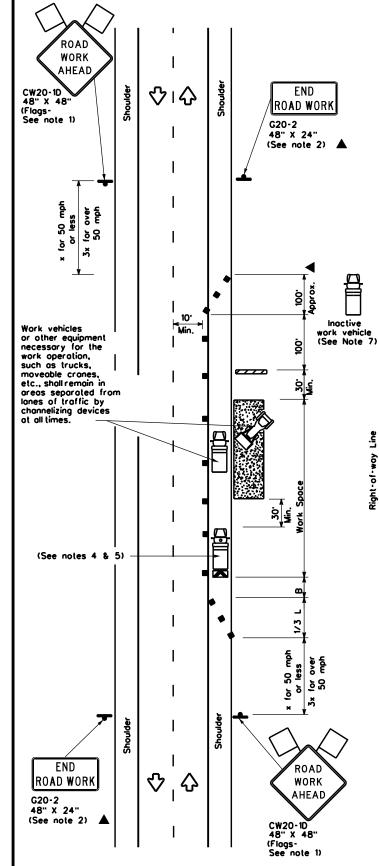
TCP(1-4)-18

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© TxDOT D	ecember 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
2-94 4-98 REVI	SIONS	0914	00	524		VAF	RIOUS
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TCP (2-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER **Conventional Roads** 

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
•	Sign	♡	Troffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flog	ďО	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble		Suggested Spacin Channeli Dev	g of izing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
<b>.</b> *		10" Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30.	60.	120'	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205'	225	245	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	1 80	265	295'	320	40'	80.	240 <sup>-</sup>	155'
45		450 <sup>°</sup>	495'	540	45'	90.	320 <sup>.</sup>	195'
50	1	500	550'	600.	50.	100'	400'	240'
55	L.ws	550 <sup>-</sup>	605	660.	55'	110	500'	295'
60	] - " 3	600,	660,	720'	60.	120'	600.	350'
65	]	650'	715'	780 <sup>-</sup>	65'	130'	700·	410'
70	]	700·	770 <sup>.</sup>	840'	70 <sup>.</sup>	140'	800.	475'
75		750 <sup>.</sup>	825'	900.	75'	150'	900,	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- Toper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the
- plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D
   "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways

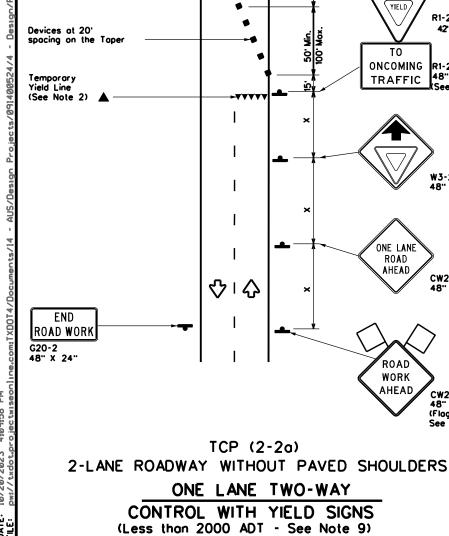
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

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			DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
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Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction

42" X 42 " X 42

Devices at 20'

spacing on the Taper

Shodow Vehicle with

Shoow venicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights.(See notes 6 & 7)

YIELD

ΤO

ONCOMING

TRAFFIC

R1-2aP

48" X 36" (See note 9)  $\Diamond$ 

↔

**-**□

• 🔼

END

ROAD WORK

Yield Line (See Note 2)

ΤO

ONE LANE

AHEAD

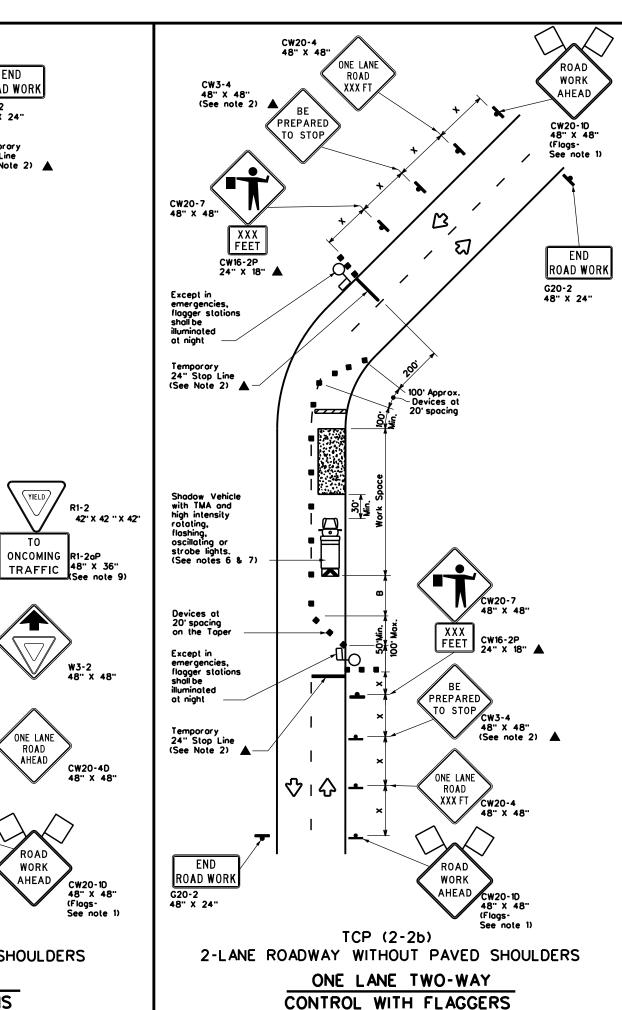
ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

G20-2

48" X 24"



**LEGEND** Type 3 Barricade • • Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Heavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Trailer Mounted Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Flashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow Q □ Flogger

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum Jesiroble er Lengi x x		Suggested Spacin Channel Dev	g of	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
×		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8	
30	2	150'	165	180	30.	60'	120 <sup>-</sup>	90·	200.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225	245	35'	70'	160'	120 <sup>-</sup>	250 <sup>-</sup>
40	] 80	265	295	320'	40'	80.	240'	155'	305'
45		450°	495	540	45'	90.	320'	195'	360
50		500	550	600 <sup>-</sup>	50.	100	400	240	425 <sup>-</sup>
55	L-ws	550	605	660.	55'	110'	500 <sup>-</sup>	295'	495'
60	] - " -	600.	660.	720	60'	120'	600.	350'	570'
65		650 <sup>.</sup>	715	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		700 <sup>.</sup>	770'	840'	70'	140'	800.	475'	730'
75		750'	825	900.	75'	150'	900.	540'	820'

- **▼** Conventional Roads Only
- $x \times T$ oper lengths have been rounded off.
  - L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1	1					

#### GENERAL NOTES

- l. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
  4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shodow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet. 9. The R1-2oP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum
- mounting height.

#### TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and opproved by the Engineer
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situlations.



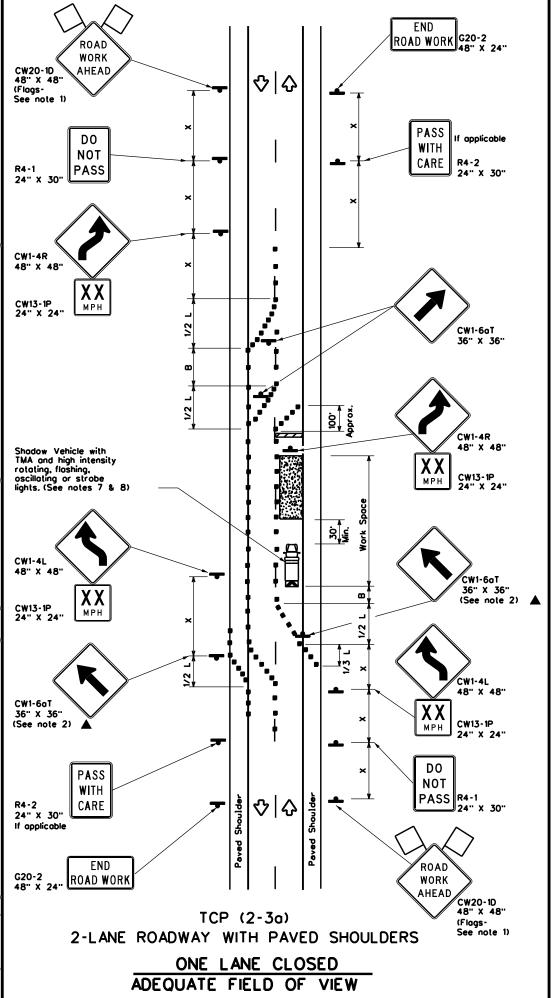
Traffic Operations Division Standard

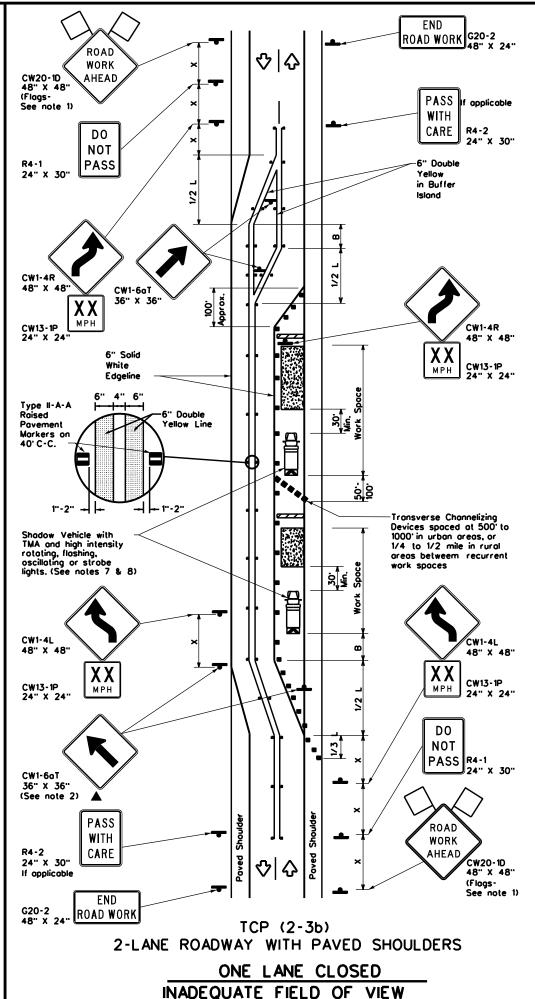
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 95 3-03	0914	00	524		ARIOUS
33 3-03 )7 2-12	DIST	IST COUNTY			SHEET NO.
98 2-18	AUS		TRAVI	S	24







LEGEND								
•	Type 3 Barricade	•	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Œ	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	•••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA					
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flog	Ф	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths x x			Suggested Spacin Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spocing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10" Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	B
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30.	60,	120'	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205'	225 <sup>-</sup>	245	35'	70'	160 <sup>-</sup>	120'
40	] **	265	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540	45'	90.	320'	195'
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	l.ws	550	605	660	55'	110	500'	295 <sup>-</sup>
60	] - " - " -	600.	660	720'	60.	120'	600 <sup>,</sup>	350 <sup>.</sup>
65		650	715'	780'	65 <sup>.</sup>	130'	700'	4 10°
70		700'	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750'	825'	900.	75'	150'	<b>300</b> .	540 <sup>.</sup>

- × Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LC DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY ST										
				TCP(2-3b)ONLY						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing povement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roodway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue.
- be positioned at end of traffic queue.

  5. The R4-1"DO NOT PASS," R4-2" PASS WITH CARE" and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- 5. Conflicting povement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- 7. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- 3. Additional Shodow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-30)

Oconflicting povement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

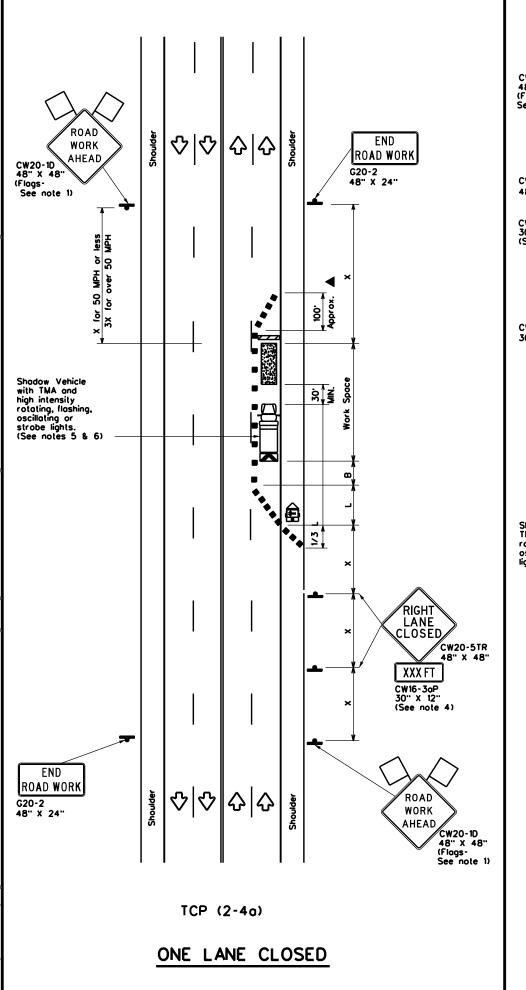
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO-LANE ROADS

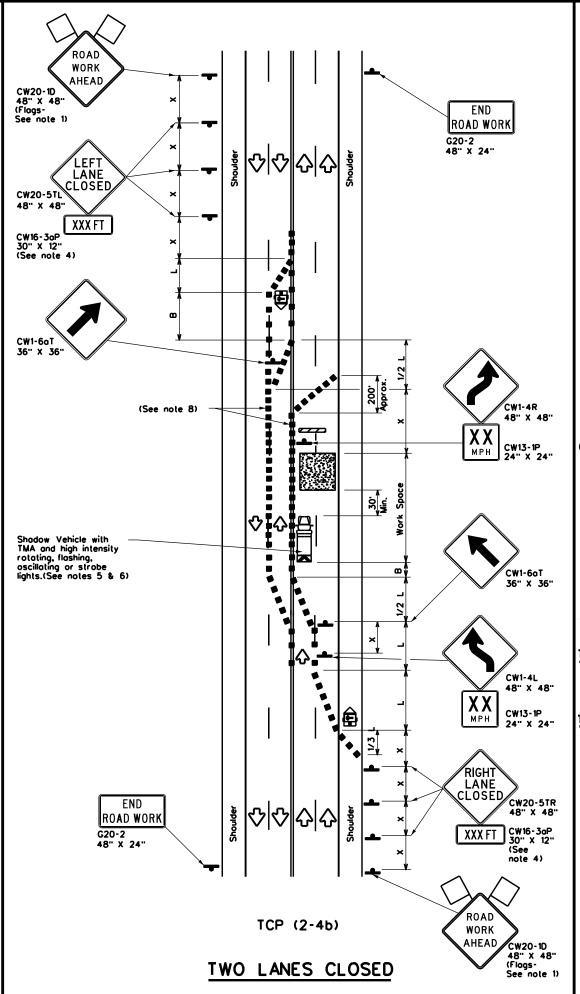
TCP(2-3)-23

FILE: tcp(2-3)-23.dgn	DN:	CK: D		DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
RE VISIONS 12-85 4-98 2-18	0914	00	00 524		VARIOUS	
8-95 3-03 4-23	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-12	AUS		TRAVI	S	25	

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	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	A	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flogger							

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable rmula Taper Lengths x x		Suggested Spacing Channelia Devi	of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60.	120'	<b>30</b> .
35	L• <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	80	265'	295'	320	40 <sup>.</sup>	80.	240'	155'
45		450	495'	540	45'	90.	320 <sup>-</sup>	195'
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550	605	660.	55'	110'	500 <sup>-</sup>	295'
60	L-W3	600.	660	720	60.	120'	600.	350'
65		650'	715'	780	65 <sup>.</sup>	130'	700'	4 10 <sup>-</sup>
70		700 <sup>.</sup>	770 <sup>.</sup>	840	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750	825'	900	75'	150'	900.	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY									
1 1									

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, ore REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated ore REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. The downstream toper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- . For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spocing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

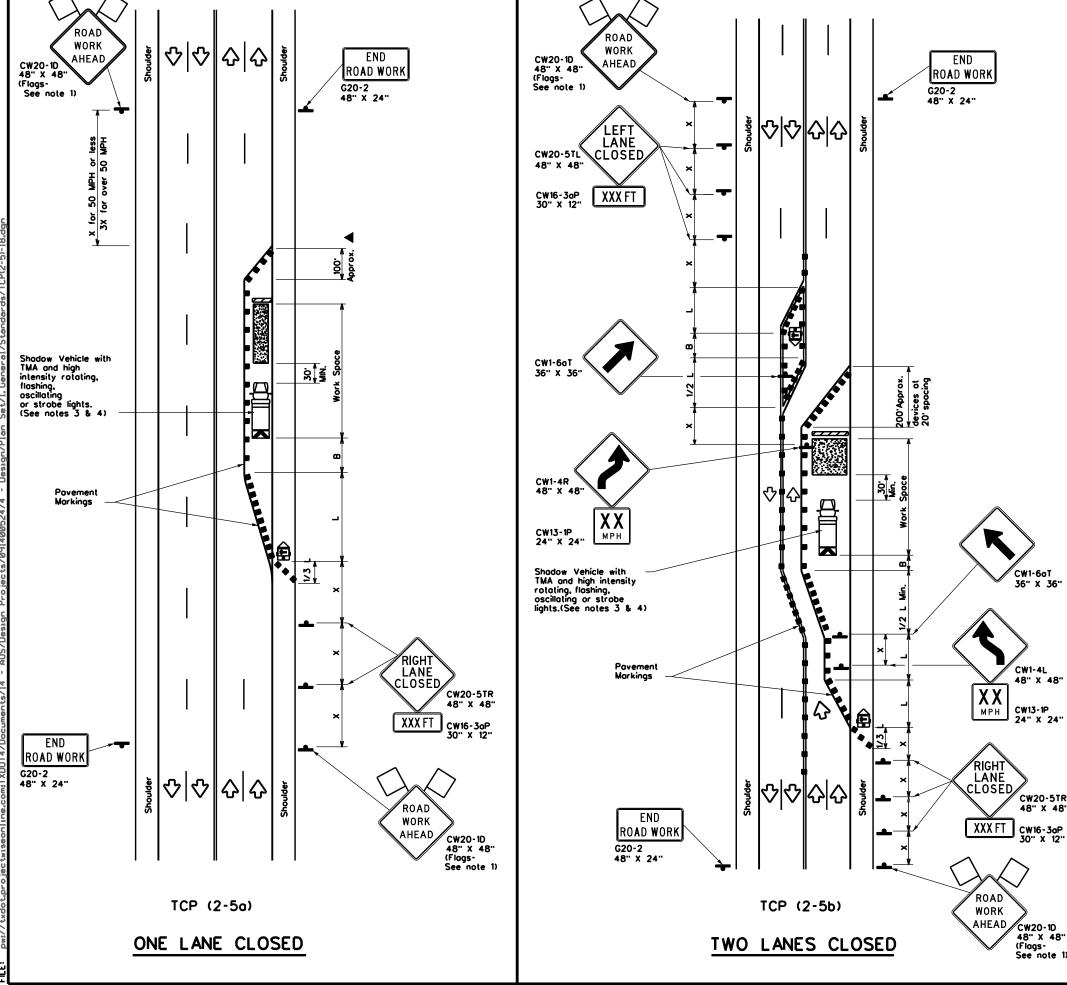
TCP(2-4)-18

ILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
B-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0914	00	524		VAF	RIOUS
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	AUS		TRAVI	5		26

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DISCLAMER:

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	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>(</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Box$	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum lesiroble er Lengl x x		Spacin Channel		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150	165	180	30.	60.	120 <sup>-</sup>	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225	245	35'	70'	160	120'
40	1 80	265'	295'	320'	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450'	495	540	45'	90.	320'	195'
50		500'	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	l.ws	550	605	660.	55'	110'	500 <sup>.</sup>	295'
60	] - " " ]	600·	660'	720'	60,	120'	600 <sup>.</sup>	350 <sup>.</sup>
65		650'	715	780 <sup>.</sup>	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840	70 <sup>.</sup>	140'	800.	475°
75		750'	825	900.	75'	150'	900.	540'

- × Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	DBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
4 4									

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

  2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substitutued for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 5. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

#### TCP (2-5a)

CW1-6aT 36" X 36"

CW1-4L

CW13-1P

XX

RIGHT

ROAD

WORK **AHEAD**  48" X 48"

24" X 24"

CW20-5TR 48" X 48"

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) 6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging

#### TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.



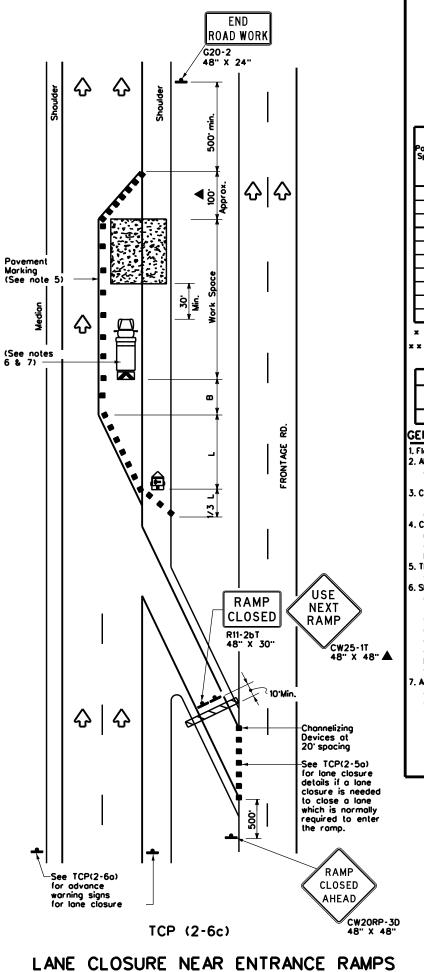
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LONG TERM LANE CLOSURES MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL RDS.

TCP(2-5)-18

FILE: tcp2-5-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGI	HWAY
8-95 2-12 REVISIONS	0914	00	524		VAR	RIOUS
1-97 3-03	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	AUS		TRAVI	S	1	27

ROAD WORK  $\Diamond$ END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24"  $\Diamond$ 公 Povement Marking (See note . Ži. (See notes 6 & (See notes 6 & 7) Marking (See note 5)  $\Diamond$ EXIT K LANE CLOSED E5-1 48" X 42" CW20-5TR 48" X 48" 1000 FT CW16-3aP 30" X 12" EXIT XXRIGH1 MPH LANE CW13-2 48" X 60" ▲ CLOSED **EXIT** OPEN CW20-5TR E5-1 48" X 42" 1/2 MILE  $\Diamond$  $\Diamond$ Pavement Marking (See notes 5) CW16-3aP 30" X 12" 公 ↔ ROAD WORK -See TCP(2-6a) for advance warning signs for lane closure CW20-1F 48" X 48" (Flogs-See note 1) TCP (2-6a) TCP (2-6b) ONE LANE CLOSURE LANE CLOSURE NEAR EXIT RAMPS



LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow Q Ф Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Suggested Maximum Desirable Spacing of Toper Lengths Channelizing x x Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
×		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 Offset	12 <sup>.</sup> Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	B
30	2	150 <sup>-</sup>	165	180	30.	60'	120'	90.
35	L. WS <sup>2</sup>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	1 🖁	265'	295'	320'	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450'	495	540'	45'	90,	320'	195'
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'	400	240'
55	L.ws	550	605	660.	55'	110	500	295'
60	] - " 3	<b>600</b> .	660.	720	60,	120'	600,	350'
65		650 <sup>-</sup>	715 <sup>.</sup>	780	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475°
75		750	825	900.	75'	150'	900,	540'

- Toper lengths have been rounded off.
  L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
			1	1				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. . All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amilted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

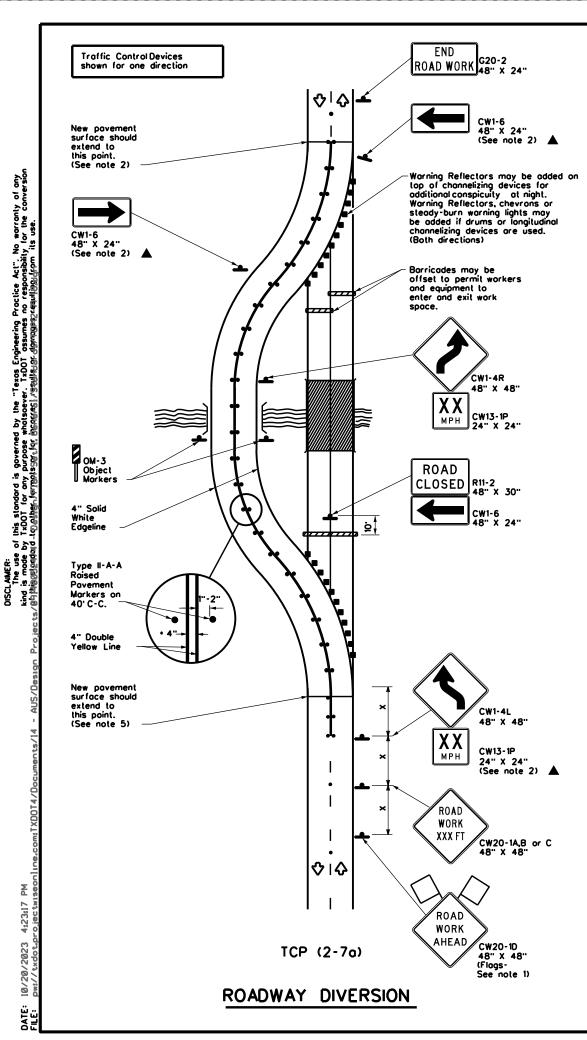
Texas Department of Transportation

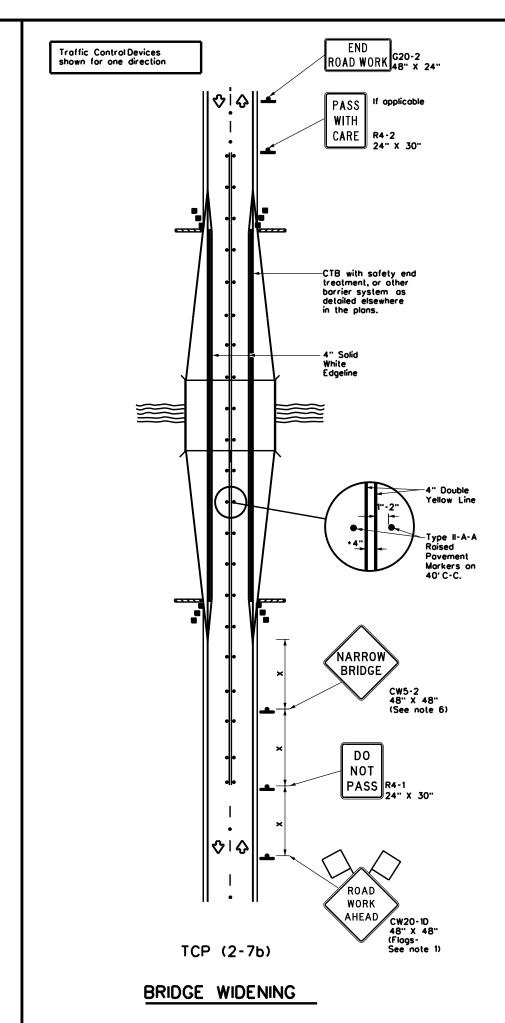
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

LE: tcp2-6-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0914	00	524	١ ١	/ARIOUS
-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
·97 2·18	AUS		TRAVI	S	28





	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Borricode	••	Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Povement Morkers Ty II-AA								
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flog	3	Flogger								

Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble		r Lengths Channelizing		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	165'	180	30'	60'	120 <sup>-</sup>	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205'	225 <sup>-</sup>	245	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	] 80	265'	295	320	40'	80.	240 <sup>-</sup>	155'
45		450	495'	540	45'	90.	320 <sup>-</sup>	195'
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-ws	550	605	660.	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	] - " 3	600.	660'	720'	60'	120'	600.	350 <sup>.</sup>
65		650	715'	780	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750	825	900.	75'	150'	900,	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
			1	1					

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the

#### TCP (2-7a)

- 3. Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline throughout project.
- 4. Roadway diversion design requirements should be based on posted
- speed limit or prevailing speed.

  5. New povement surface should be extended across existing roadway edge to a point where existing povement markings left in place during project do not conflict with construction area pavement marking.

#### TCP (2-7b)

6. The CW5-2 "Narrow Bridge" sign may be omitted if lane and shoulde widths are maintained.

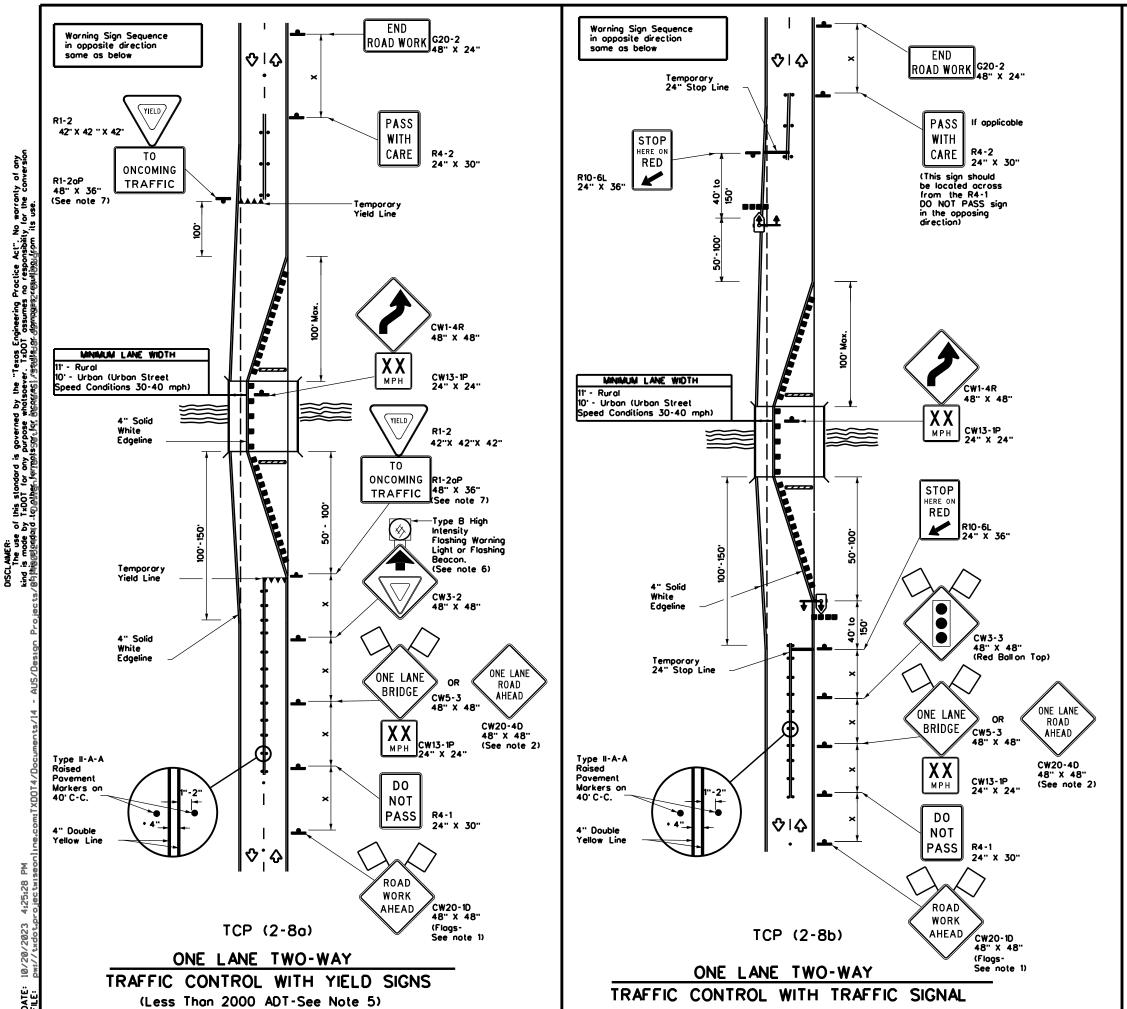
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN **DIVERSIONS AND** NARROW BRIDGES

TCP(2-7)-18

FILE: tcp2-7-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0914	00	524	\ \	/ARIOUS
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	AUS		TRAVI	S	29



	LEGEND						
I		Type 3 Barricade	•	Channelizing Devices			
	1	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow			
	$\Diamond$	Flog	3	Flogger			
	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA	₩	Temporary or Portable Traffic Signal			

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum )esirable er Lengl × ×		Spocin Channel		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
×		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11" Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	Distance
30	2	150'	165'	180	30'	60.	120 <sup>-</sup>	90.	200'
35	L. <u>WS²</u>	205	225	245	35'	70'	160'	120 <sup>-</sup>	250'
40		265	295'	320	40'	80.	240 <sup>-</sup>	155 <sup>-</sup>	305'
45		450	495	540 <sup>-</sup>	45'	90.	320	195 <sup>-</sup>	360
50	]	500	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55	L-ws	550	605 <sup>1</sup>	660	55'	110'	500	295'	495'
60	] - " 3	600 <sup>.</sup>	660.	720'	60.	120'	600.	350 <sup>.</sup>	570 <sup>.</sup>
65	1	650	715'	780	65'	130°	700	410'	645 <sup>-</sup>
70	]	700	770	840	70'	140 <sup>-</sup>	800.	475'	730 <sup>.</sup>
75		750	825'	900.	75'	150 <sup>-</sup>	900.	540 <sup>-</sup>	820 <sup>.</sup>

- Conventional Roads Only
- **\* \*** Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	LONG TERM STATIONARY								
			<b>√</b>	1					

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- When this TCP is used at a location which does not involve a bridge, a 48" x 48" CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" signs should be used in lieu of the CW5-3 "ONE LANE BRIDGE" signs. The CW13-1P Advisory Speed Ploque is required with either warning sign.
- Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline between DO NOT PASS signs and stop or yield lines.
- . For intermediate term situations, when it is not feasible to remove and restore povement markings, the channelization must be made dominant by using a very close spacing. This is especially important in locations of conflicting information, such as where traffic is directed over a double yellow centerline In such locations a maximum channelizing device spacing of 20 feet is recommended. The 20 foot channelizing device spacing recommendation is intended for the area of conflicting information and not the entire work zone.

#### TCP (2-8a)

- 5. Traffic control by CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol signs for one lane two-way traffic control operations should be limited to work spaces less than 400 feet long and roadways with less than 2000 ADT. Otherwise, portable traffic signals should be used.
- 6. If power is available, a flashing beacon should be attached to the CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol sign for emphasis.
  7. The R1-2 "YIELD" and R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" signs and other
- regulatory signs shall be installed at 7 foot minimum mounting height.

#### TCP (2-8b)

- 8. A list of approved Portable Traffic Signals can be found in the "Complian Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- 9. Portable traffic signals should be located to provide adequate stopping sight distance for approaching motorist (See table above).

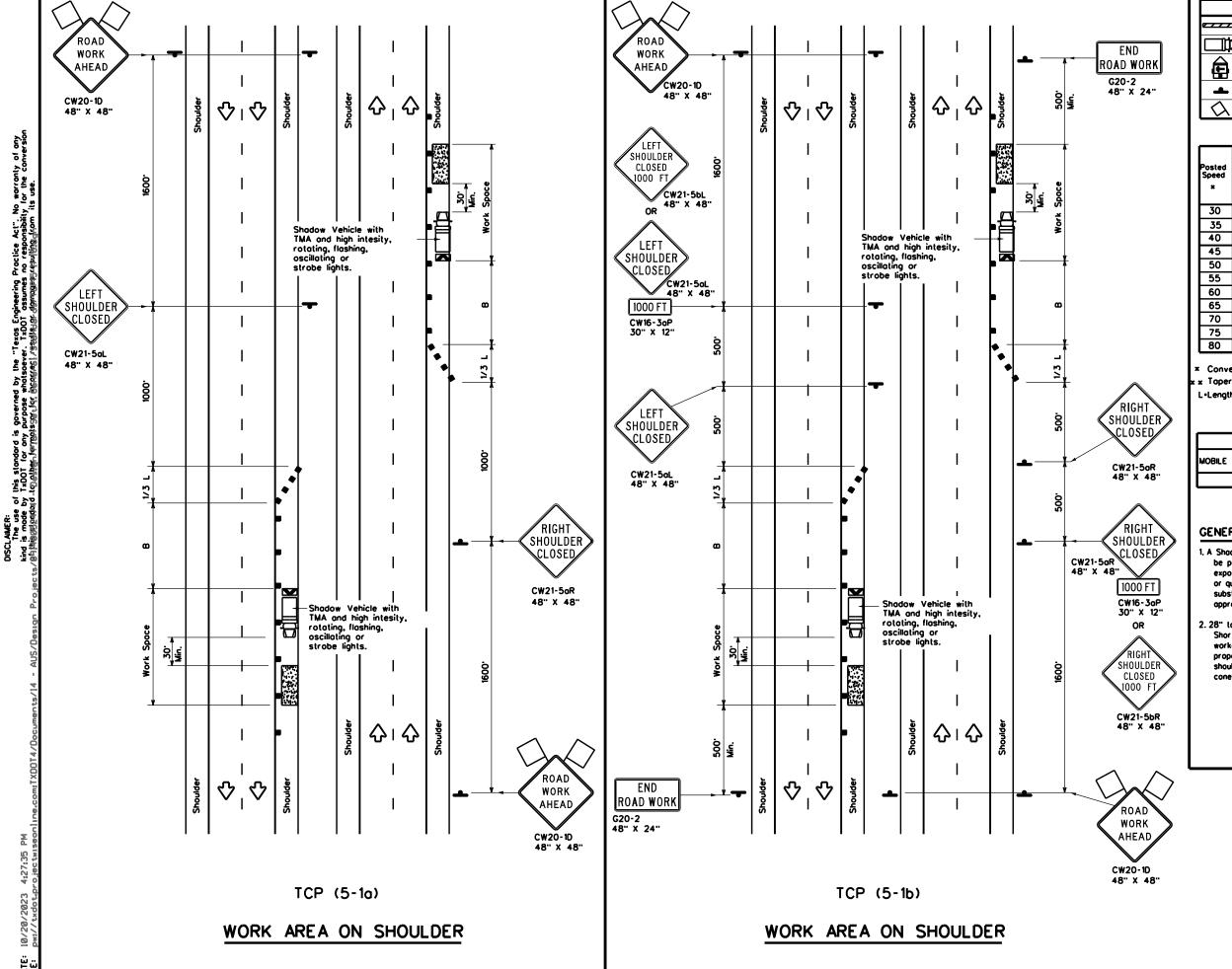


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LONG TERM ONE-LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL

TCP(2-8)-18

ILE: tcp2-8-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
RE VISIONS 3-95 3-03	0914	00	524		VARIOUS
-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-98 2-18	AUS		TRAVI	S	30



Type 3 Barricade

Type 3 Barricade

Heavy Work Vehicle

Track Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board

Sign

Flag

Flag

Flag

Traffic Flow

Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths x x		Spo Chan	ed Maximum cing of nelizing levices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	8
30	2	150	165	180°	30.	60.	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225	245	35.	70'	120 <sup>-</sup>
40	1 80	265'	295	320	40'	80.	155'
45		450'	495'	540	45'	90.	195 <sup>.</sup>
50		500	550	600.	50.	100'	240'
55	l.ws	550'	605	660.	55'	110'	295
60	] - " -	600.	660'	720'	60·	120'	350
65	]	650	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	77O·	840	70.	140'	475'
75	]	750'	825'	900.	75'	150'	540'
80		800.	880.	960'	80.	160'	615'

- Conventional Roads Only
- Toper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	TCP(5-1a) TCP(5-1b) TCP(5-1b)								

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30° to 100° in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece



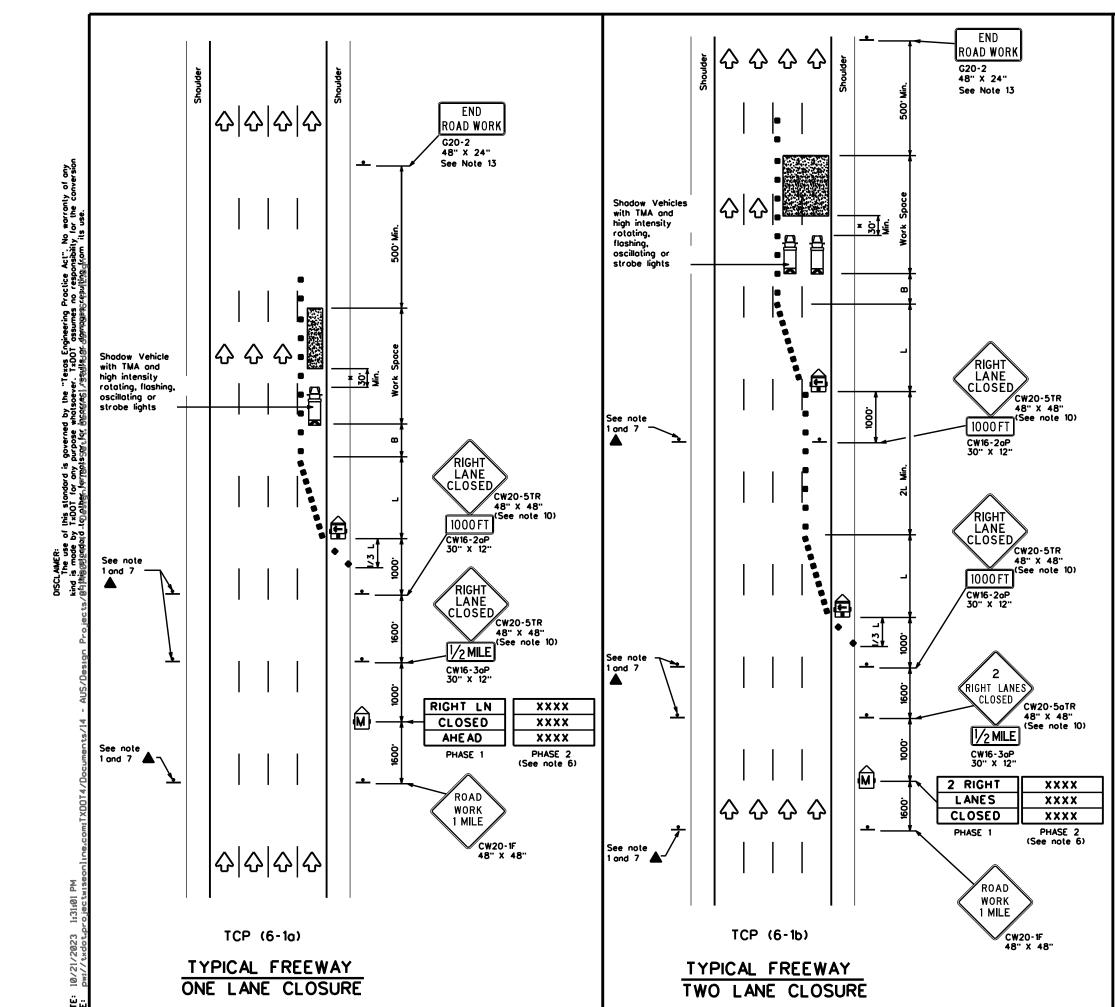
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
SHOULDER WORK FOR
FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP(5-1)-18

: tcp5-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	YAW
REVISIONS	0914	00	524		VAR	RIOUS
18	DIST		COUNTY		9	HEET NO.
	AUS		TRAVI	S		31

190



Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board

LEGEND

Channelizing Devices

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)

Traffic Flow

Flag

F

Posted Speed			Suggested Spacine Channeli Devi	g of zing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
					On a Taper	On a Tangent	B
45		450°	495'	540'	45'	90.	195'
50	1	500	550'	600'	50.	100'	240'
55	l.ws	550	605'	660	55'	110'	295'
60	] - " "	<b>600</b> .	660.	720	60.	120 <sup>-</sup>	350'
65		650	715'	780	65 <sup>-</sup>	130	410'
70		<b>700</b> .	770.	840	70'	140'	475'
75		750	825'	900.	75	150 <sup>-</sup>	540'
80		800.	880.	960	80.	160'	615'

\* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY								
	1	1	1						

### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term
  Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on
  langent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- The number of closed lones may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control devices, toper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7 to the bottom of the sign.
- 10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1 height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the lost available exit ramp prior to the lone closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion
- relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion. 12. For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 13.The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

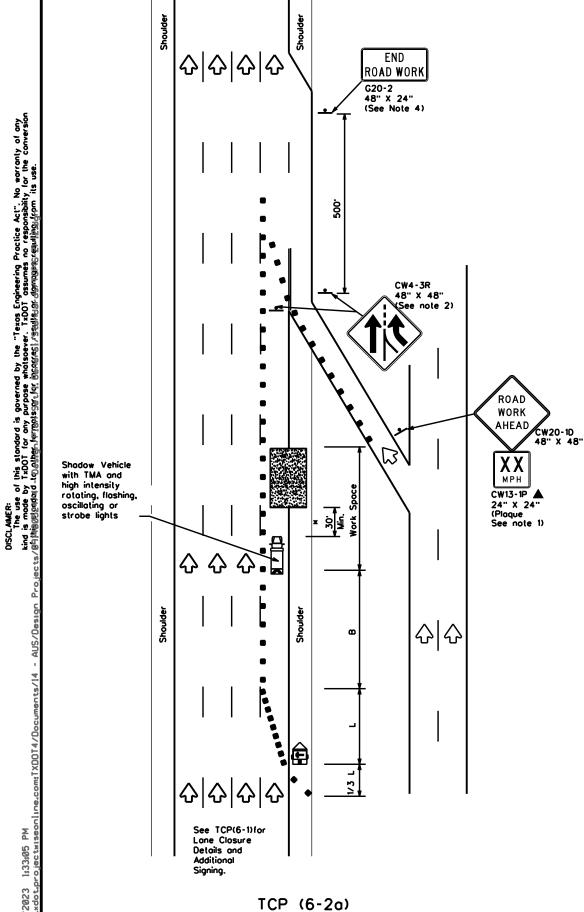
A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

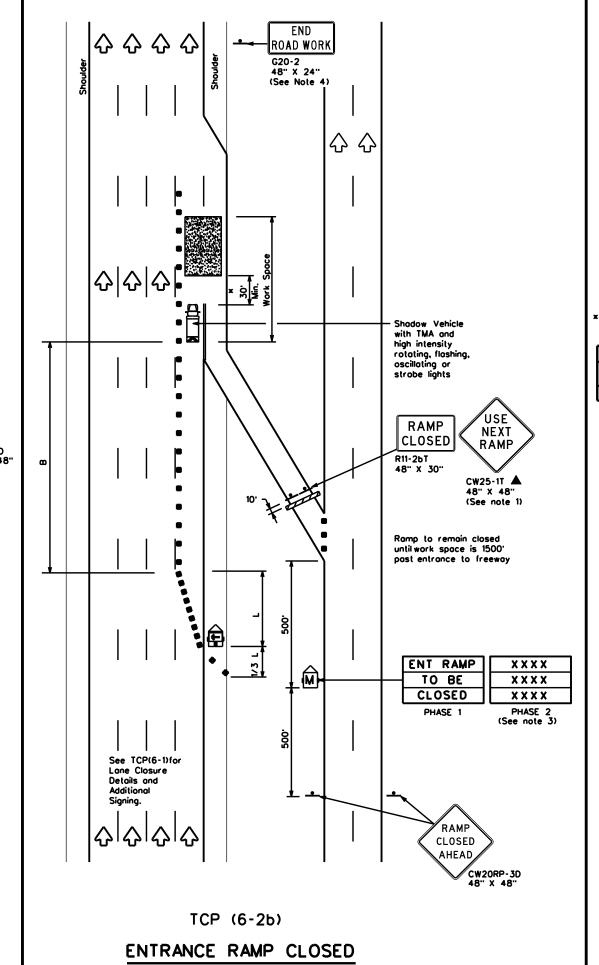
TCP(6-1)-12

ILE:	tcp6-1.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY
B-12	REVISIONS	0914	00	524		V	ARIOUS
0.12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		AUS		TRAVIS	5		32



**ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN** 

WORK WITHIN 500' OF RAMP



	LEGEND								
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	⟨፮	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flog	Ф	Flogger						

Posted Formula		Desiroble Toper Lengths "L" × ×			Spacin Channel		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	8
45		450	495'	540	45'	90.	195'
50	1	500	550	600.	50'	100'	240'
55	l.ws	550	605	660'	55'	110'	295'
60	] - " -	600.	660	720 <sup>.</sup>	60.	120'	350'
65	1	650 <sup>-</sup>	715'	780	65'	130°	4 10 ·
70	]	700	770	840	70'	140	475'
75	1	750 <sup>.</sup>	825'	900.	75'	150 <sup>-</sup>	540'
80		800.	880.	960	80.	160'	615'

×× Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					

### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.
- 3. See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date
- and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
  4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- x A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

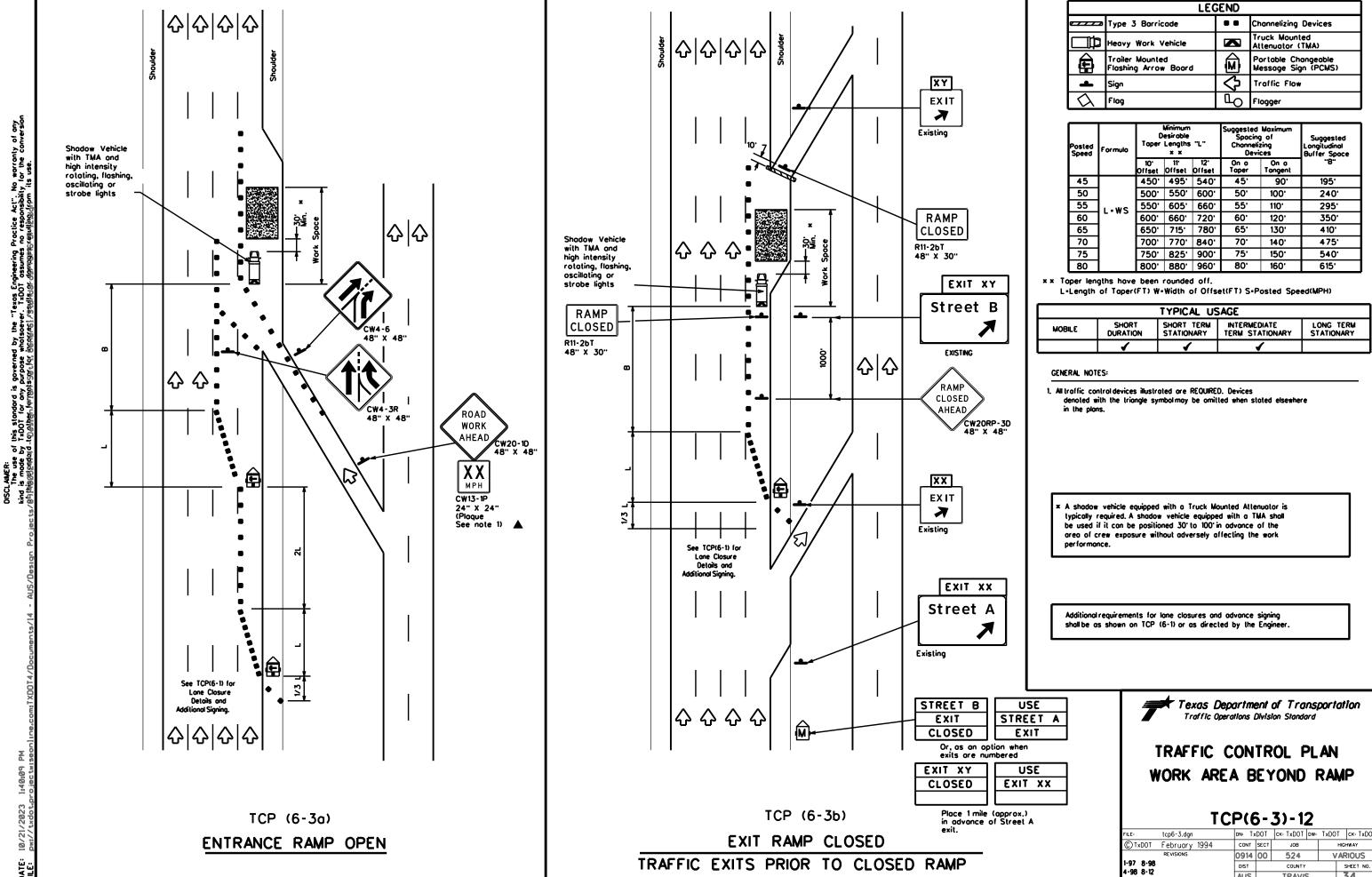
Additional requirements for lone closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP(6-2)-12

	• · • <u> </u>							
FILE:	tcp6-2.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT	
© TxDOT	February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGI	-WAY	
	REVISIONS	0914	00	524		VAF	RIOUS	
1-97 8-9		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-1	2	AUS		TRAVIS	5		3.3	



Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"

195

240'

295'

350

410

475'

540

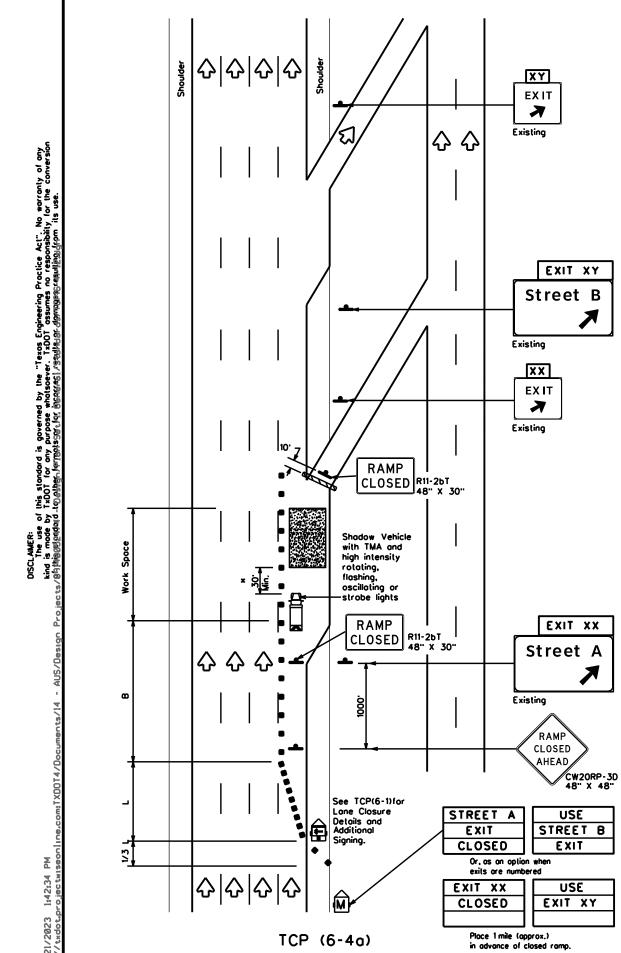
615'

LONG TERM STATIONARY

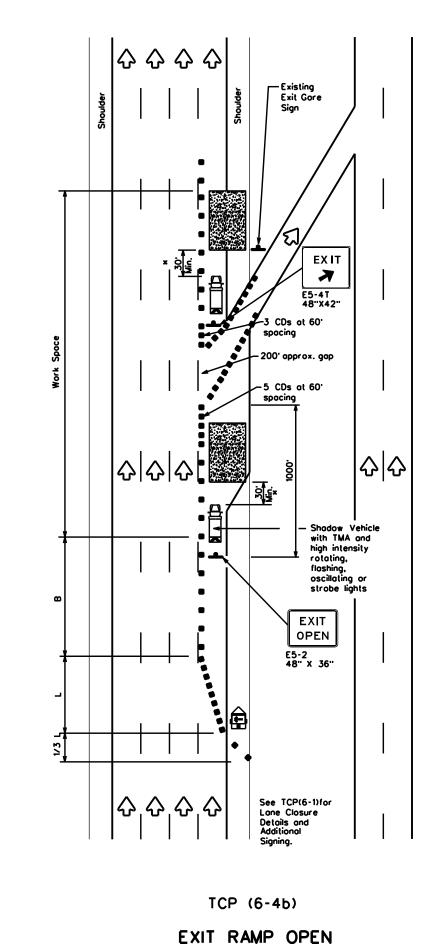
JOB

HIGHWAY

VARIOUS



EXIT RAMP CLOSED
TRAFFIC EXITS PAST CLOSED RAMP



Type 3 Barricade

Channelizing Devices (CDs)

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board

Sign

Flag

Flag

Flag

Flag

Flag

Traffic Flow

Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	<b> </b> 0	Minimum esiroble Lengths × ×		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"8"	
45		450	495'	540	45'	90.	195'	
50	1	500 <sup>-</sup>	550	600.	50'	100'	240 <sup>-</sup>	
55	L-WS	550	605	660'	55'	110'	295'	
60	- " -	600,	660	720 <sup>-</sup>	60.	120'	350 <sup>.</sup>	
65	l	650 <sup>-</sup>	715'	780	65'	130	4 10 ·	
70	l	700	770	840	70'	140 <sup>-</sup>	475'	
75	l	750 <sup>.</sup>	825'	900.	75'	150'	540 <sup>.</sup>	
80		800.	880.	960'	80'	160'	615'	

\* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
<b>4 4 4</b>									

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices
   denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere
  in the plans.
- 2. See BC Standards for sign details.
  - A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30 to 100 in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

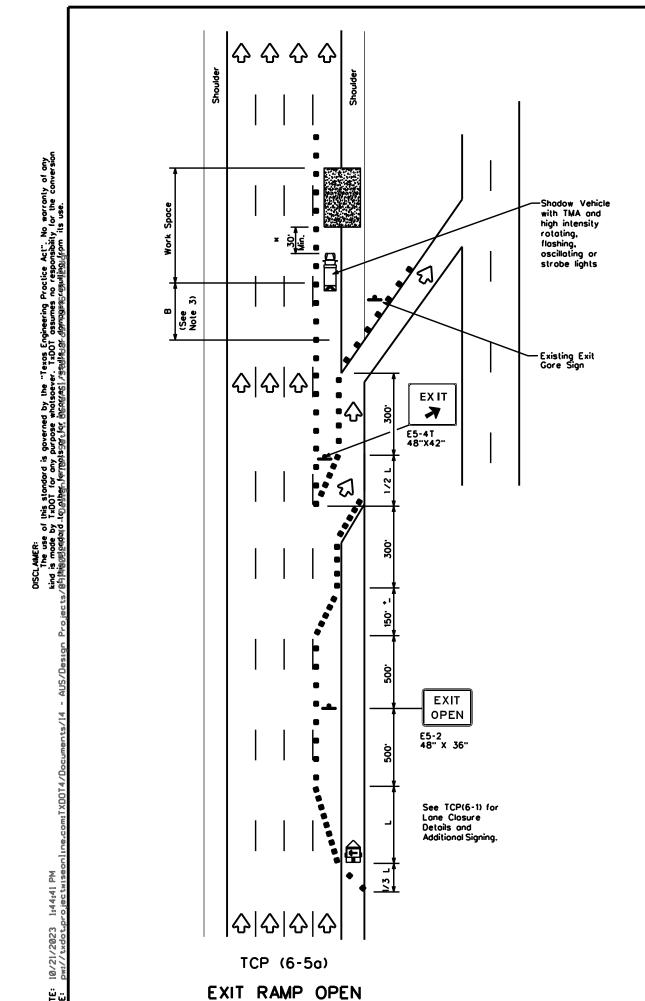
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

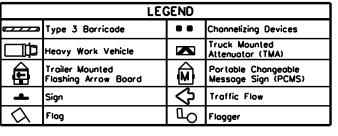


# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP(6-4)-12

		- •		- • -•			
FILE:	tcp6-4.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ск: ТхDОТ	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ
© TxD0T	Feburary 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB	DB HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0914	00	524		VAF	RIOUS
1-97 8-98	•	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 8-12		AUS		TRAVIS	5	Π,	35





Posted Speed Formula		0	Minimum Jesirable Lengths		Suggested Spacin Channel Dev	g of	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset			On a Tangent	B	
45		450 <sup>.</sup>	495'	540	45'	90.	195'
50		500 <sup>-</sup>	550	600.	50'	100'	240'
55	L-WS	550	605	660'	55'	110'	295'
60	] - " -	600.	660.	720	60.	120'	350'
65	]	650 <sup>-</sup>	715'	780 <sup>.</sup>	65'	130	410'
70	]	700	770	840	70'	140 <sup>-</sup>	475'
75		750 <sup>.</sup>	750' 825' 900'		75'	150'	540
80		800.	880.	960	80.	160'	615'

Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
<b>4 4 4</b>								

### GENERAL NOTES

Shadow Vehicles

high intensity

flashing, oscillating or strobe lights

Existing Exit Gore Sign

 $\Diamond$   $\Diamond$   $\Diamond$   $\Diamond$ 

 $|\phi|\phi|\phi|\phi$ 

TCP (6-5b)

EXIT RAMP OPEN

TWO LANE CLOSURE WITHIN

1500' PAST EXIT RAMP

(See Note

EXIT K

E5-4T 48"X42"

EXIT OPEN

E5-2 48" X 36"

See TCP(6-1) for Lane Closure Details and Additional Signing.

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- 3. If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing
  - A Shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer



### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

TCP(6-5)-12

		_		_	-				
FILE:	tcp6-5.dgn		DN:	Тx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	Feburary 1	1998	CON	ONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY		HWAY			
	REVISIONS		091	4	00	524		VAF	SIOUS
	·98		DIST			COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 8-	·12		AUS	0		TRAVIS	5		36

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity

rotating, flashing oscillating or

R11-2 48" X 30"

CW1-6R 48" X 24"

ROAD

CLOSED

LEFT LANES

XX

LEFT LANES

CLOSED

XXX FT

FRWY

CLOSED

AHEAD

ALL

TRAFFIC

**MUST** 

EXIT

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-5oTL 48" X 48"

CW13-1P 24" X 24" (Plaque see note 1)

CW20-5oTL 48" X 48"

CW16-2oP 30" X 12"

CW20FY-3D 48" X 48"

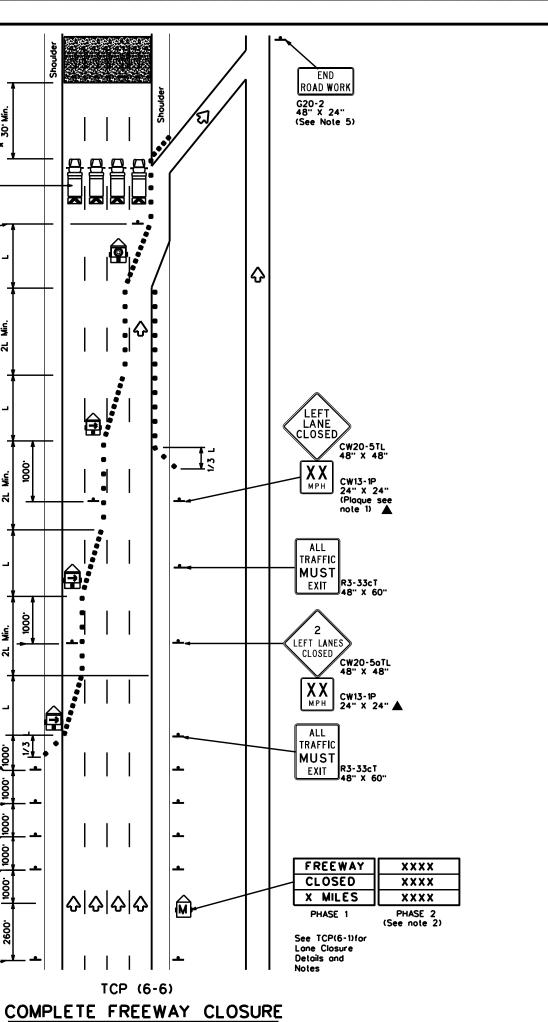
R3-33cT 48" X 60"

CW20-1D (48" X 48"

[쇼[쇼[쇼

TCP (6-6)

<u> :</u>



	LEGEND							
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>1</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
	Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode	♦	Traffic Flow					
4	Sign							

	_						
Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" * *			Maximum g of izing ices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	B
45		450°	495'	540	45'	90.	195 <sup>-</sup>
50	1	500	550	600.	50'	100'	240'
55	L-WS	550	605	660	55'	110'	295'
60	- " 3	<b>600</b> .	660	720 <sup>-</sup>	60·	120'	350 <sup>-</sup>
65	]	650	715'	780	65.	130'	410'
70	]	700	770	840	70'	140'	475'
75	l	750	825	900.	75 <sup>.</sup>	150'	540'
80		800.	880.	960'	80.	160'	615'

\* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	1				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Phose 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE RIGHT," recommended speed, delay, exit information, or other specific warnings.
- 3. Where queuing is anticipated beyond signing shown, additional PCMS signs, other warning signs, devices or Law Enforcement Officers should be available to warn approaching high speed traffic of the end of the queue, as directed by the Contraction.
- 4. Entrance ramps located from the advance warning area to the exit ramp should be closed whenever possible.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

f x A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Altenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer



## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY CLOSURE

TCP(6-6)-12

FILE: tcp6-6.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0914	00	524		VAF	RIOUS
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-12	AUS		TRAVIS	5		37

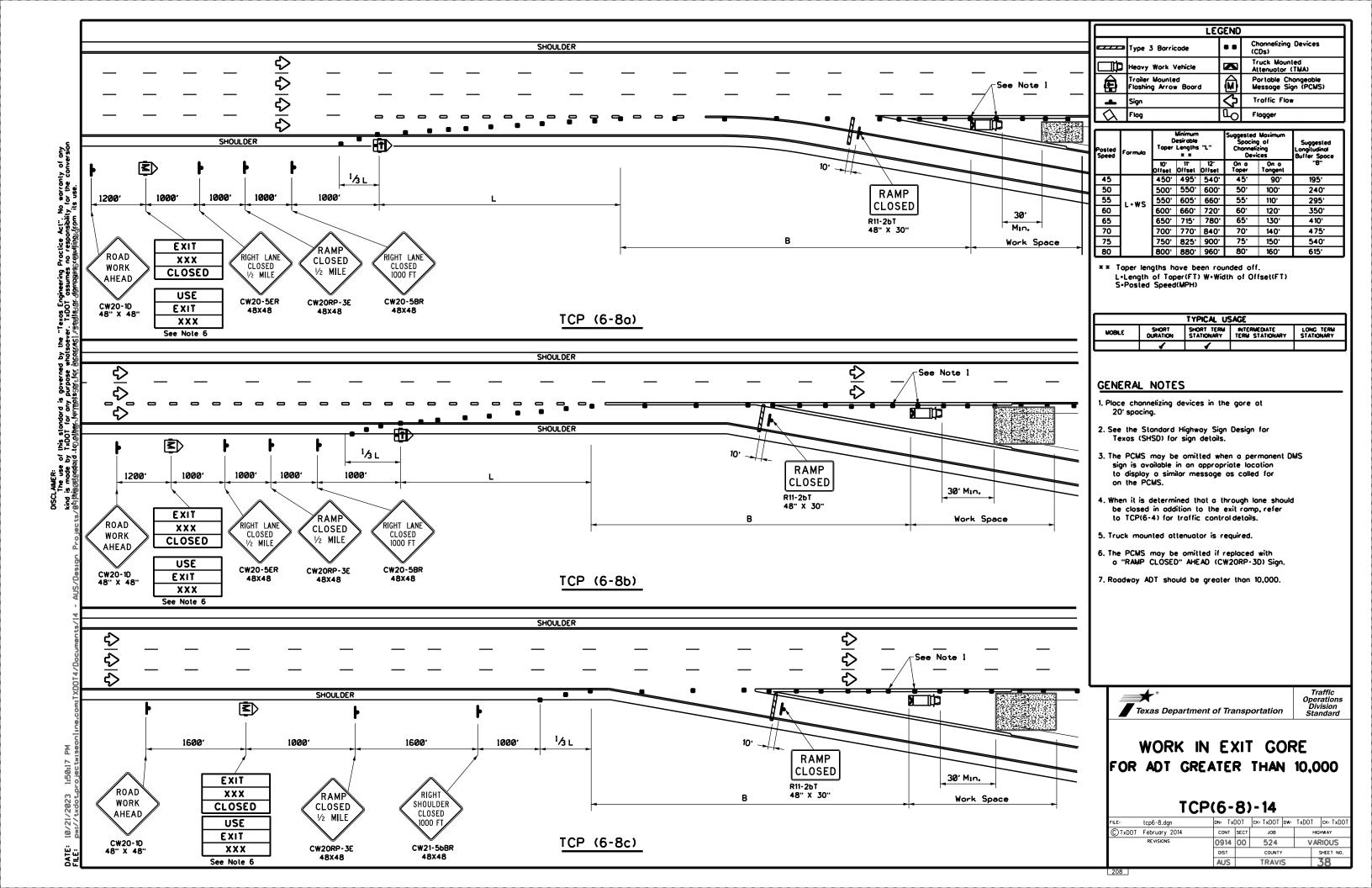
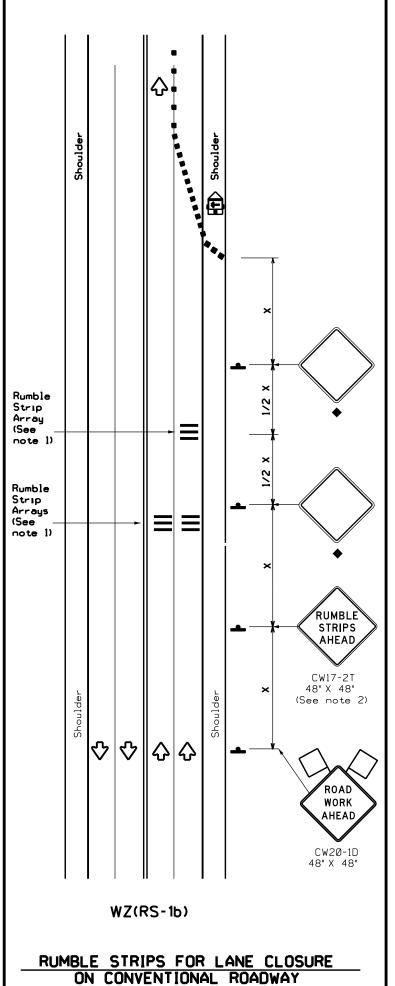


TABLE 1 Warning sign and rumble strip Flagger to of Rumble sequence in Strip opposite direction (Length of Work Arrays is same as below. < 4,500 1/8 Mile 4,500 2 < 3,500 1/4 Mile > 3,500 2 < 2,600 1 1/2 Mile DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any The Use of this smade by TXDOT for any purpose whotsoever. TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. > 2,600 2 1 < 1,600 1 Mile > 1,600 2 2 > 1 Mile N/A See note 8 Rumble Strip Array (See note 1) Rumble Strip Array (See note 1) The second Rumble Strip Array is required when the ADT thresholds in Table 1 indicate the need for 2 Arrays. RUMBLE  $\Diamond$ STRIPS AHEAD, CW17-2T 48" X 48" (See note 2) ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" WZ(RS-1a) RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE

TWO-WAY APPLICATION



### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10.Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	• •	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>(1)</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	(≧)	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
<b>þ</b>	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ъ	Fl agger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble		Suggested Spacing Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spocing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper			"8"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30.	60'	120'	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205 <sup>.</sup>	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	1	265'	295 <sup>-</sup>	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450	495'	540'	45'	90.	320 <sup>-</sup>	195'
50	]	500	550	600.	50'	100	400'	240 <sup>.</sup>
55	l.ws	550 <sup>.</sup>	605	660	55'	110'	500 <sup>.</sup>	295'
60	] - " -	<b>600</b> .	660	720	60.	120 <sup>-</sup>	600.	350 <sup>-</sup>
65	]	650	715'	780	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	]	700 <sup>.</sup>	770 <sup>.</sup>	840'	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750 <sup>.</sup>	825	900.	75 <sup>.</sup>	150'	900.	540 <sup>.</sup>

- Conventional Roads Only
- \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM TERM STATIONARY					
	1	<b>√</b>						

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP.TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array					
< 40 MPH	10'					
> 40 MPH & <_55 MPH	15 <sup>,</sup>					
= 60 MPH	20'					
≥ 65 MPH	• 35'+					

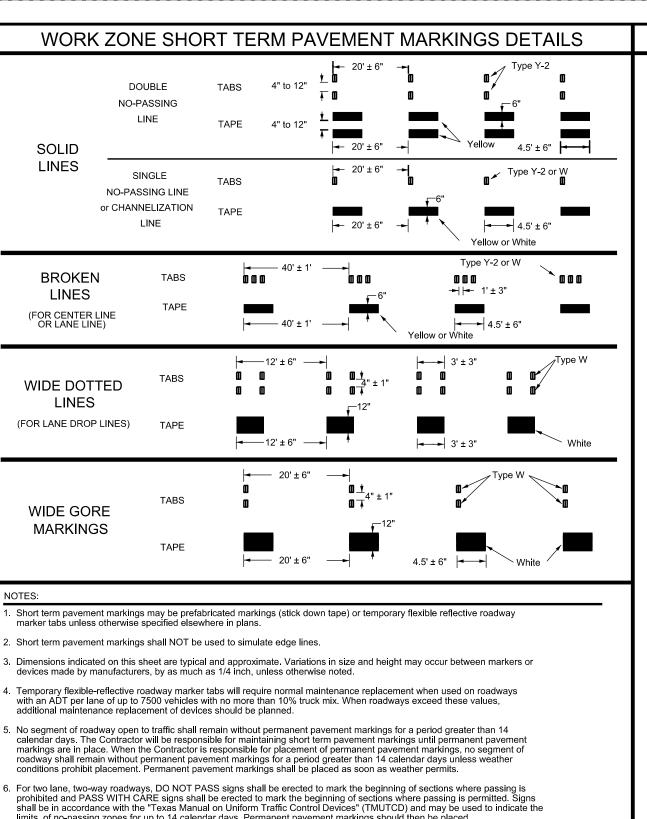
Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ(RS)-22

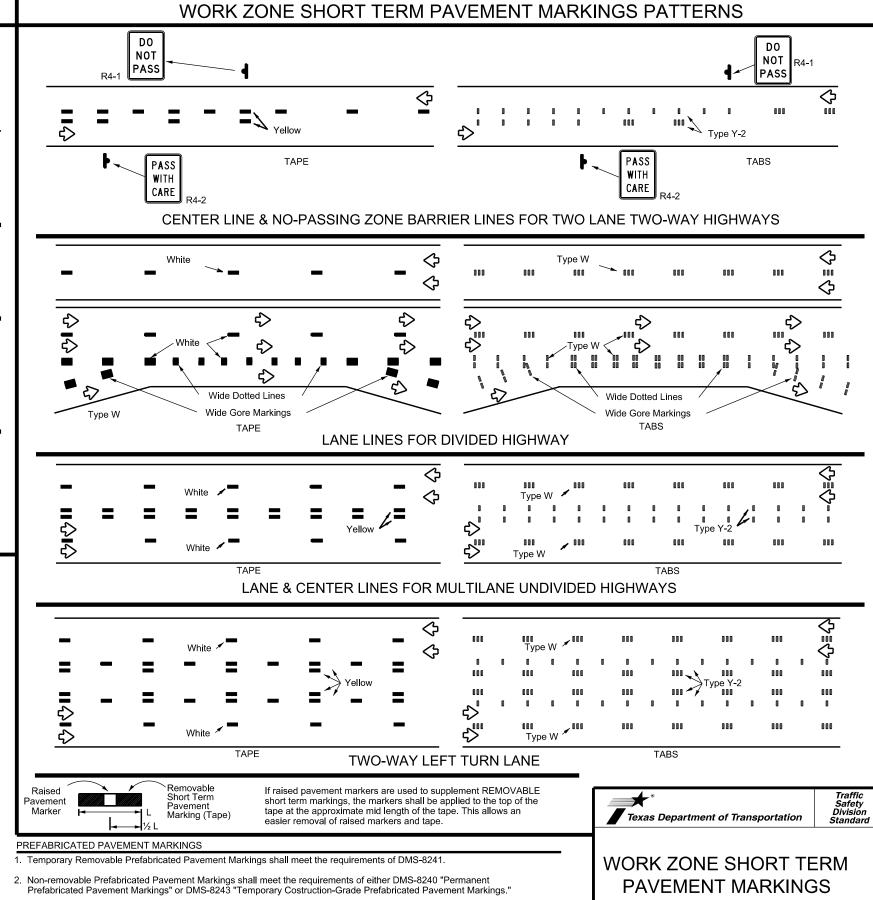
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FILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	SHWAY
REVISIONS	0914	00	524		VA	RIOUS
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-16	AUS		TRAVI	S		39
117						



- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values,
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

#### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements



#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

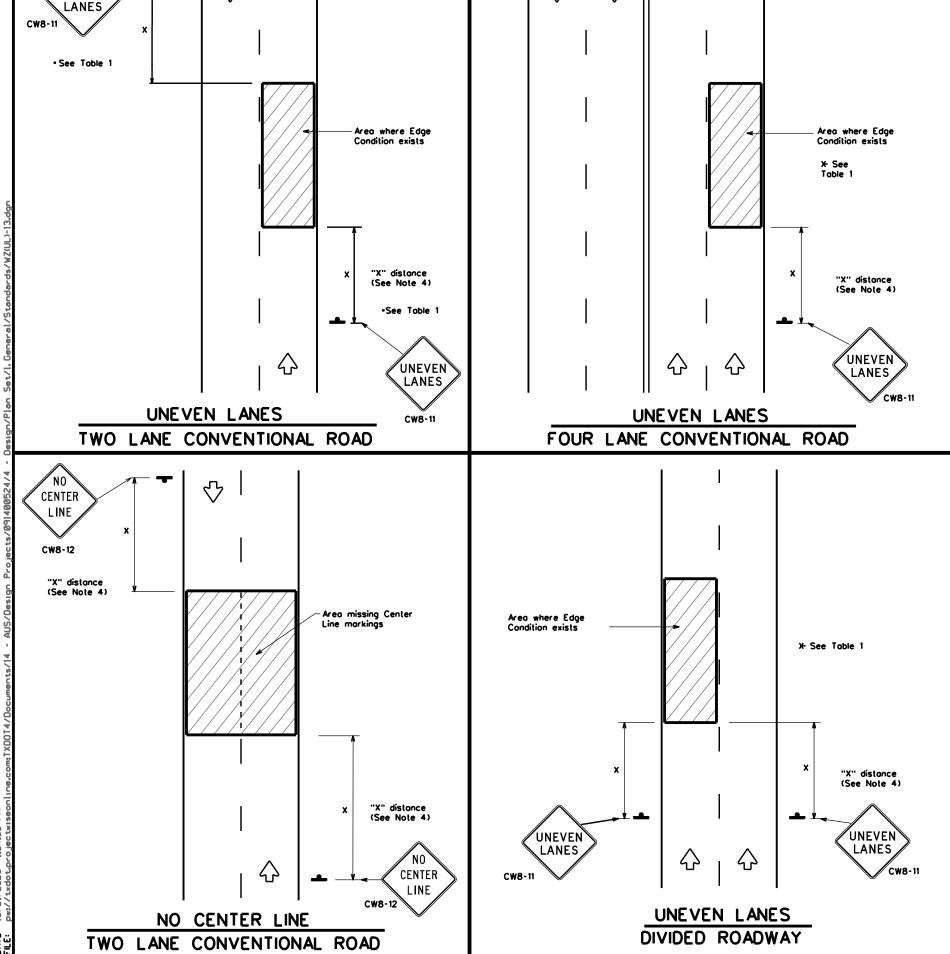
http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm

WZ(STPM)-23

FILE:	wz	stpm-23.dgn	DN:		CK;	DW:	CK;
© Tx□	ОТ	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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4-92 1-97	7-13 2-23		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-03			AUS		TRAVIS	3	40

DISCLAMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any
kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion
of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

UNEVEN



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS						
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240					
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241					
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300					

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

### GENERAL NOTES

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary povement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent povement markings are installed.
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" liet
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

1	TABLE 1						
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices					
0	Less than or equal to: 11/4" (maximum-planing) 11/2" (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11					
	Distance "D" may be a maximu operations and 2" for overlay lanes with edge condition 1 are after work operations cease.	operations if uneven					
② ×3 1 1 0	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11					
① 0" to 3/4" 7 0 12"	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".						
Notched Wedge Joint							

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Conventional r	oods	36" ×	36"
Freeways/expr	essways, Iways	48" x	48"

Texas Department of Transportation

SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ(UL)-13

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C) TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	CONT SECT JOB		CT JOB		HIGHWAY
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-97 3-03		AUS		TRAVIS	5		41

- SAW CUTS SHALL BE MADE AROUND THE PATCH PERIMETER 1/2" DEEP AND 3" FROM THE REPAIR AREA. DO NOT SAW CUT EXISTING REINFORCEMENT.
- 3. USE A PRE-APPROVED TYPE A RAPID MATERIAL PER DMS-4655, "CONCRETE REPAIR MATERIALS".
- 4. REMOVE DELAMINATED, LOOSE AND UNSOUND CONCRETE PRIOR TO PATCH MATERIAL. USE ONLY HAND TOOLS OR POWER-DRIVEN CHIPPING HAMMER (15 LB. MAX) TO REMOVE LOOSE CONCRETE AND TO EXCAVATE BEHIND REINFORCING BARS.
- 5. REMOVE RUST, OIL, AND OTHER CONTAMINANTS FROM CONCRETE AND REINFORCING STEEL SURFACES. JUST PRIOR TO PATCHING BLAST THE REPAIR AREA USING A HIGH-PRESSURE AIR COMPRESSOR EQUIPPED WITH FILTERS TO REMOVE OIL.
- . MOIST CURE THE PATCH MATERIAL FOR A MINIMUM OF 72 HOURS USING WET MATS, WATER SPRAY, PONDING OR OTHER METHOD APPROVED BY ENGINEER.



Gisel Carrasco

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10/26/2023

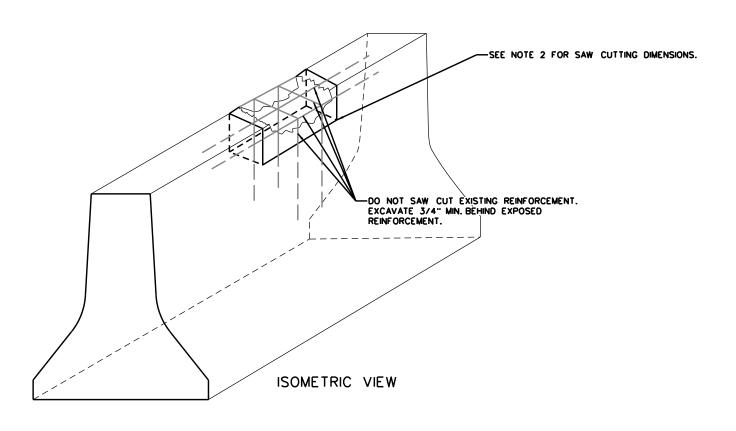
Austin District Maintenance

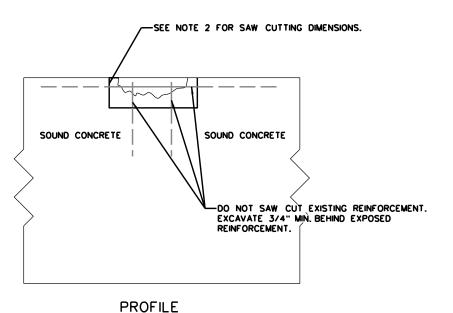


Texas Department of Transportation

CONCRETE RAIL
REPAIR DETAILS

SCALE: N.T.S. SHEET 1 OF 1							
€ 2024	CONT	SECT	JOB	F	IIGHWAY		
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	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO			
	AUS		TRAVIS		42		





AUS

**TRAVIS** 

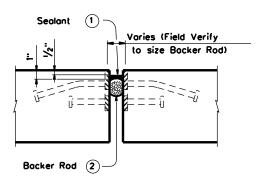
DETAIL "A"

### JOINT WITH COLD APPLIED SEAL

#### PROCEDURE:

(used without ACP Overlay)

- Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean out joint full depth.
- 2) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 3) Place backer rod 2 (ntp joint opening 1" below the top of concrete.
- 4) Seal the joint opening with a Class 1 Sealant. Recess seal  $\frac{1}{2}$ " below top of concrete in travel lanes and  $\frac{1}{8}$ " below top of concrete in shoulders.



### ARMOR SEALED JOINTS

(used without ACP Overlay)

### PROCEDURE:

- 1) Remove existing seal.
- Abrasive blast clean existing steel surface where seal is to be placed.
- Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 4) Place backer rod 2 (nt) joint opening 1" below the top of concrete.
- 5) Seal the joint opening with a Class 1 Sealant. Recess seal \( \frac{1}{2} \)" below top of concrete in travel lanes and \( \frac{1}{8} \)" below top of concrete in shoulders.

- Use Class 1 cold applied sealant and primer in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers". Prepare joint and sealin accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Exist Joints (CL 1)".
- 2) Backer rod must be 25% larger than joint opening and must be compatible with the sealant.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Cleaning existing joint opening (full depth) of all debris, providing and placing backer rod, saw-cutting joint opening, and sealing joint is paid for by Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints Existing Joints" of the sealant type specified and measured by the linear foot of joint placed.

Extend sectort up into roil or curb 3 inches on low side or sides of deck.

Repair of damaged concrete caused by the Contractor must be repaired at the Contractor's expense in accordance with Item 429, "Concrete Structure Repair".



DocuSigned by:

Gisel Carrasco
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10/26/2023

Austin District Maintenance Office

Texas Department of Transportation

BRIDGE JOINT DETAILS

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<b>20</b> 20	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY			
EVISIONS	0914	00	524 V			VARIOUS			
	DIST		COUNTY	COUNTY					
	AUS		TRAVIS			44			

TAB	LE NO.	1 STEEL	BAR SIZE AN	D SPACING	3	
	SLAB THICKNESS		LONGITUD	INAL *	TRANS	VERSE*
	AND BAF	R SIZE	REGULAR BARS	TIEBARS	BARS	TIEBARS
	T (IN.)	BAR SIZE	SPACING (IN.)	SPACING (IN.)	SPACING (IN.)	SPACING
	6.0		7.5	7.5		
	6.5		7.0	7.0	]	
	7.0	•5	6.5	6.5	24	24
	7.5		6.0	6.0		
	8.0		9.0	9.0		
CRCP	8.5		8.5	8.5		
CROP	9.0		8.0	8.0		
	9.5		7.5	7.5		
	10.0	•6	7.0	7.0	24	24
	10.5		6.75	6.75		
	11.0		6.5	6.5		
	11.5		6.25	6.25		
	≥12.0		6.0	6.0		
JRCP	<8.0	•5	24.0	12.0	24	24
JI.O.	<u>&gt;</u> 8.0	•6	24.0	12.0	24	24
CPCD	<8.0	•5	NONE	12.0	NONE	24
	≥8.0	•6	NONE	12.0	NONE	24

#### . USE 12" SPACING AS FIRST AND LAST SPACING AT END OR SIDE FOR ALL BARS.

SEE DETAIL A

REPAIR PATCH

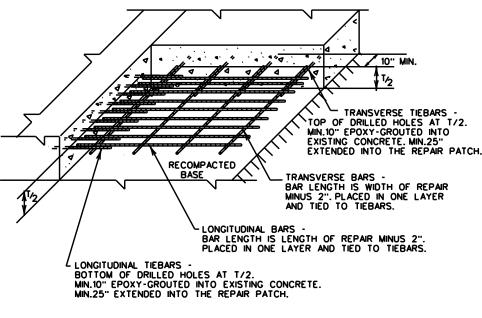
6' MIN.

PLAN VIEW

### **GENERAL NOTES**

1.ITEM 361, "REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT" SHALL GOVERN FOR THIS WORK.

- 2.MULTIPLE PIECE TIEBARS SHALL BE USED WHEN THE REPAIR AREA MUST BE PLACED IN TWO STAGES DUE TO SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 3.FULL DEPTH SAW CUTS SHALL BE MADE AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE AREA TO BE REPAIRED. THE CUT SHALL BE MADE AT A RIGHT ANGLE TO THE PAVEMENT EDGE AND TO THE CENTER LINE OF THE PAVEMENT.
- 4.AT LEAST ONE LONGITUDINAL FULL DEPTH SAW CUT SHALL BE AT AN EXISTING LONGITUDINAL JOINT.
- 5.ADDITIONAL SAW CUTS MAY BE REQUIRED WITHIN THE AREA OF THE REPAIR TO FACILITATE REMOVAL OF THE CONCRETE OR TO ALLEVIATE BINDING OF THE FULL DEPTH SAW CUT AT THE REPAIR EDGE.
- 6.THE SAW CUTS WHICH EXTEND OUTSIDE THE AREA OF THE REPAIR WILL BE CLEANED AND FILLED WITH A CEMENTITIOUS GROUT APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 7.EXISTING LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE JOINTS REMOVED DUE TO REPAIR OPERATION SHOULD BE RESTORED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SHEET "CONCRETE PAVING DETAILS, JOINT SEALS."

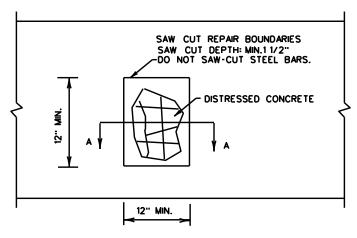


FULL-DEPTH REPAIR OF CRCP, JRCP, AND CPCD

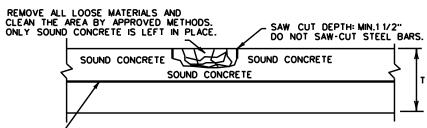
#### **GENERAL NOTES**

1.ITEM 361,"REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT"SHALL GOVERN FOR THIS WORK.

- 2.THE SAW CUTS WHICH EXTEND OUTSIDE THE AREA OF THE REPAIR WILL BE CLEANED AND FILLED WITH A CEMENTITIOUS GROUT APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3.EXISTING LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE JOINTS REMOVED DUE TO REPAIR OPERATION SHOULD BE RESTORED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SHEET "CONCRETE PAVING DETAILS, JOINT SEALS."



PLAN VIEW



LONGITUDINAL STEEL BARS:

\*REPAIR AREAS MAY BE ADJUSTED AFTER REMOVING DISTRESSED CONCRETE. SWITCH THE HALF-DEPTH REPAIR TO FULL-DEPTH REPAIR IF EXPOSED EXISTING LONGITUDINAL BARS ARE DEFICIENT, AS APPROVED. COMPENSATION WILL BE MADE FOR UNEXPECTED VOLUMES OF REPAIR AREAS OR CHANGES IN SCOPE OF WORK.

\*INCREASE THE REPAIR AREA AND PERFORM A FULL-DEPTH REPAIR AS DIRECTED IF LONGITUDINAL STEEL BARS WERE DAMAGED BY THE REMOVAL OPERATIONS. NO ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION WILL BE MADE. SECTION A-A

HALF-DEPTH REPAIR





### REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT

### REPCP-14

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C)TxDOT: DECEMBER 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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4 10 Min.
TRANSVERSE TIEBARS - TOP OF DRILLED HOLES AT 1/2.
MIN. 10" EPOXY-GROUTED INTO EXISTING CONCRETE. MIN.25" EXTENDED INTO THE REPAIR PATCH.
TRANSVERSE BARS - BAR LENGTH IS WIDTH OF REPAIR MINUS 2". PLACED IN ONE LAYER AND TIED TO TIEBARS.
LONGITUDINAL BARS - BAR LENGTH IS LENGTH OF REPAIR MINUS 2". PLACED IN ONE LAYER AND TIED TO TIEBARS.
LONGITUDINAL TIEBARS - BOTTOM OF DRILLED HOLES AT T/2. MIN.10" EPOXY-GROUTED INTO EXISTING CONCRETE. MIN.25" EXTENDED INTO THE REPAIR PATCH.

GROUTED TIEBARS & REINFORCEMENT

SEE GENERAL NOTES

### TRANSVERSE TIEBARS -TOP OF DRILLED HOLES AT T/2. MIN.10" EPOXY-GROUTED INTO SEE DETAIL B EXISTING CONCRETE. MIN.25" EXTENDED INTO THE REPAIR PATCH. TRANSVERSE SEE GENERAL NOTES REPAIR REPAIR PATCH PATCH TRANSVERSE JOINT RECOMPACTED BASE RECOMPACTED 38" MIN. 38" MIN. SMOOTH DOWEL BARS— SEE TABLE NO.2 FOR DOWEL BAR SIZE AND SPACING. DELIVER PREFABRICATED DOWEL ASSEMBLIES TO THE JOB SITE.COAT ENTIRE DOWEL BAR WITH A MATERIAL WHICH WILL PREVENT BONDING TO THE CONCRETE. STOP TIEBARS ABOUT 4" FROM THE DOWEL ASSEMBLY. PLAN VIEW 1/2 DOWEL LONGITUDINAL TIEBARS BOTTOM OF DRILLED HOLES AT T/2. MIN.10" EPOXY-GROUTED INTO EXISTING CONCRETE. MIN.25" EXTENDED INTO THE REPAIR PATCH. LENGTH, -SAW CUT DEPTH: T/3 JOINT SEALS: METHOD A OR B **TIEBARS** COAT ENTIRE DOWEL TO PREVENT BOND SMOOTH DOWEL BARS SECTION A-A GROUTED TIEBARS & DOWELS

REPAIR OF TRANSVERSE JOINT OF CPCD

### GENERAL NOTES

1.ITEM 361, "REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT" SHALL GOVERN FOR THIS WORK.

- 2.MULTIPLE PIECE TIEBARS SHALL BE USED WHEN THE REPAIR AREA MUST BE PLACED IN TWO STAGES DUE TO SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 3.FULL DEPTH SAW CUTS SHALL BE MADE AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE AREA TO BE REPAIRED. THE CUT SHALL BE MADE AT A RIGHT ANGLE TO THE PAVEMENT EDGE AND TO THE CENTER LINE OF THE PAVEMENT.
- 4.AT LEAST ONE LONGITUDINAL FULL DEPTH SAW CUT SHALL BE AT AN EXISTING LONGITUDINAL JOINT.
- 5.ADDITIONAL SAW CUTS MAY BE REQUIRED WITHIN THE AREA OF THE REPAIR TO FACILITATE REMOVAL OF THE CONCRETE OR TO ALLEVIATE BINDING OF THE FULL DEPTH SAW CUT AT THE REPAIR EDGE.
- 6.THE SAW CUTS WHICH EXTEND OUTSIDE THE AREA OF THE REPAIR WILL BE CLEANED AND FILLED WITH A CEMENTITIOUS GROUT APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 7.EXISTING LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE JOINTS REMOVED DUE TO REPAIR OPERATION SHOULD BE RESTORED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SHEET "CONCRETE PAVING DETAILS, JOINT SEALS."
- 8.DOWEL BAR PLACEMENT TOLERANCE SHALL BE +/- 1/4 IN. HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. WHERE DOWEL BAR BASKETS ARE USED, REMOVE THE SHIPPING WIRES.

TABLE NO. 2 DOWELS (SMOOTH BARS)						
PAVEMENT THICKNESS SIZE AND DIA. LENGTH SPACING (INCHES) (IN.)						
<10	*8 (1 IN.)	40.0	12.0			
≥10	•10 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> IN.)	18.0	12.0			

SHEET 2 OF 2



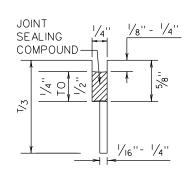
Design Division Standard

### REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT

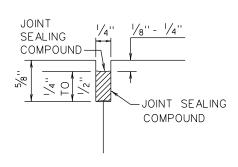
### REPCP-14

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© TxDOT: DECEMBER 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGI	HWAY	
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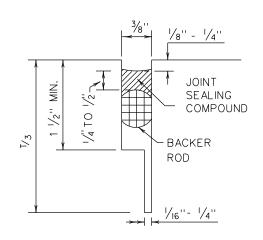
### METHOD B: JOINT SEALING COMPOUND



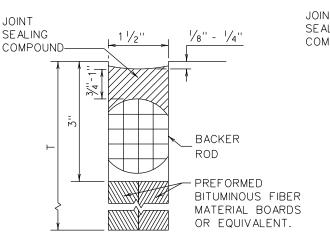




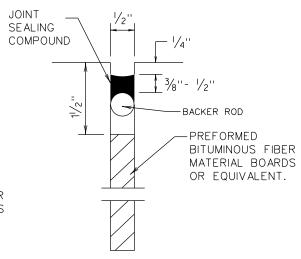
LONGITUDINAL OR TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT



TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION JOINT

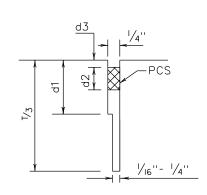


TRANSVERSE FORMED EXPANSION JOINT

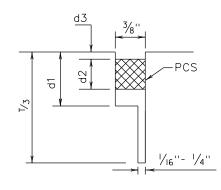


FORMED ISOLATION JOINT

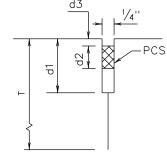
### METHOD A: PREFORMED COMPRESSION SEALS (PCS)(DMS-6310 CLASS 6)



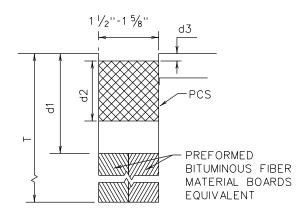
LONGITUDINAL SAWED CONTRACTION JOINT



TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION JOINT



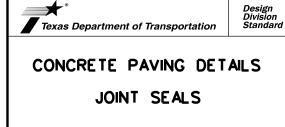
LONGITUDINAL CONSTRUCTION JOINT



TRANSVERSE FORMED EXPANSION JOINT

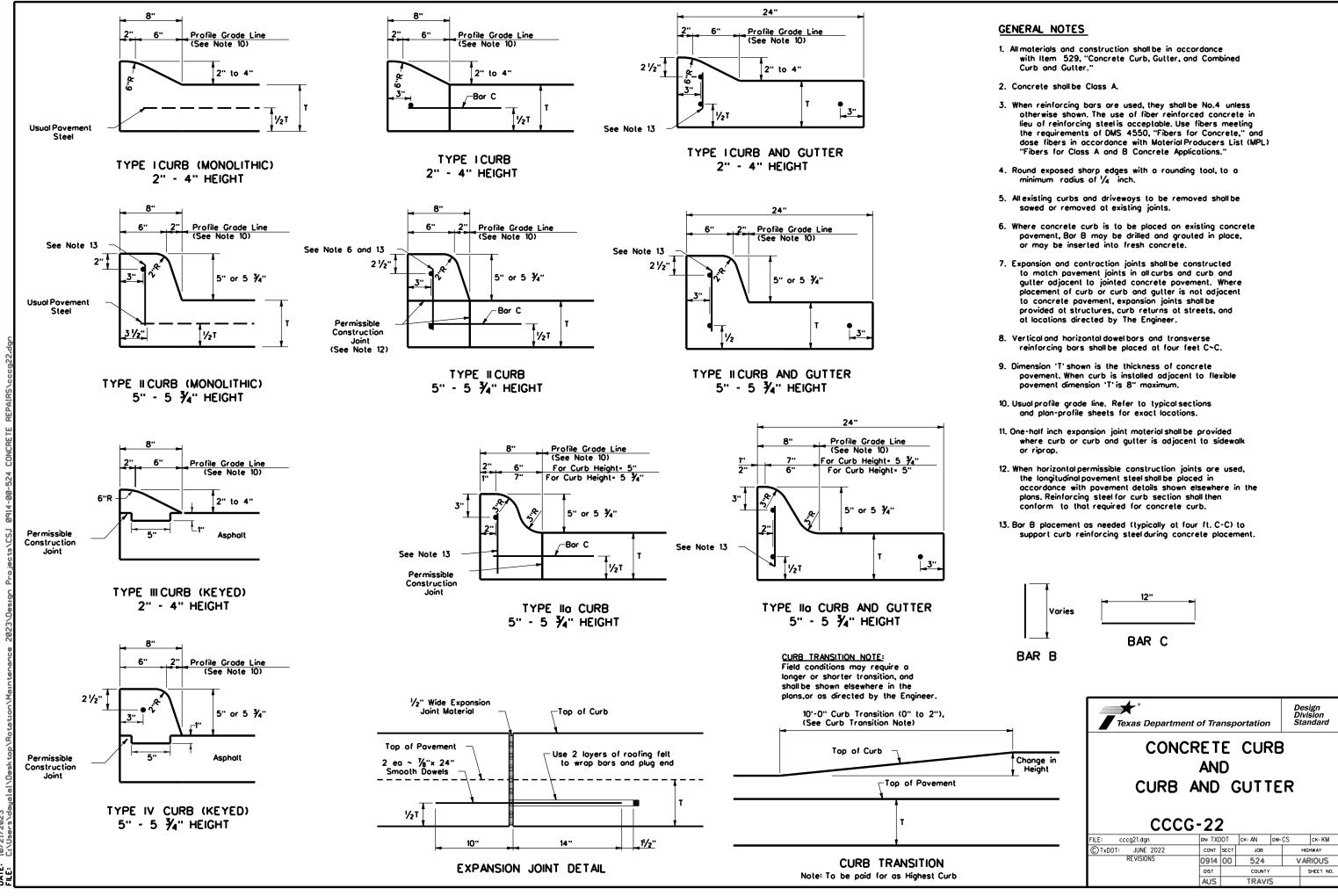
### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, EITHER METHOD "A" OR METHOD "B" MAY BE USED.
- 2. THE LOCATION OF JOINTS SHALL BE AS SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.
- 3. THE JOINT RESERVOIR FOR SEALANT OR PCS SHALL BE SAWED UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS FOR THE LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS AND THE SAWED JOINTS.
- 4. DIMENSIONS d1, d2, AND d3 SHOWN IN METHOD A SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PREFORMED COMPRESSION SEAL MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION.
- 5. REFER TO DMS-6310 "JOINT SEALANTS AND FILLERS" FOR THE CLASSIFICATIONS.
- 6. FOR SAWED LONGITUDINAL JOINT, LONGITUDINAL OR TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT, USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 5 OR 8 UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLAN OR APPROVED.
- 7. FOR TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION, TRANSVERSE FORMED EXPANSION JOINT, AND ISOLATION JOINT USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 5 OR 8 AT NEW JOINTS USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 4,5,7,0R 8 FOR MAINTAINING EXISTING JOINTS.
- 8. THE JOINTS SHALL BE CLEANED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ITEM 438 "CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS" OR ITEM 713 "CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS AND CRACKS (CONCRETE PAVEMENT)".
- 9. ISOLATION JOINTS ACCOMMODATE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL MOVEMENTS THAT OCCUR BETWEEN A PAVEMENT AND A STRUCTURE. ISOLATION JOINTS MAY BE USED FOR BRIDGE ABUTMENTS, INTERSECTIONS, CURB AND GUTTER, OLD AND NEW PAVEMENTS, OR AROUND DRAINAGE INLETS, MANHOLES, FOOTINGS AND LIGHTING STRUCTURES.



JS-14

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	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	ALIS.		TRAVIS		$\Box$	7



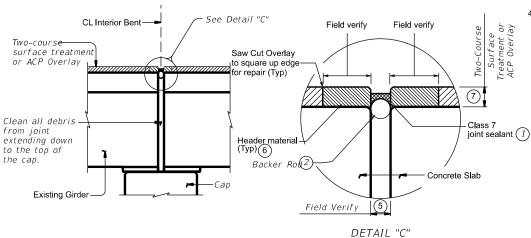
JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL

### PROCEDURE:

 Clean joint opening of all expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean joint out full depth of the joint.

(used without ACP Overlay)

- 2) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 3) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 4) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal 1/2" below top of concrete in travel lanes and 1/4" below top of concrete in shoulders.



### HEADER JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL

(ACP Overlay with Joints > 100' apart)

#### PROCEDURE:

- Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints".
- 2) Saw cut and remove damaged portions of existing header material to neat lines. Repair deck joint spalls greater than 2" deep in accordance with Item 785, "Bridge Joint Repair or Replacement." Shallower spalls may be filled with header material.
- Clean the voided region of all materials that could inhibit the bond between header material and concrete or steel.
- 4) Form the joint opening to the required width and place header material to fill voided region. Repair header material in accordance with Item 785, "Bridge Joint Repair or Replacement."
- 5) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of header material. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 6) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal  $\frac{1}{2}$  below top of header in travel lanes and  $\frac{1}{4}$  below top of header in shoulders.

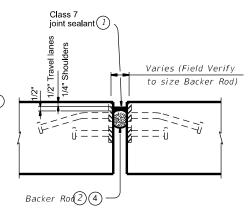
#### See Detail "B' CL Interior Bent-Two-course-Saw Cut Lines surface treatment in Overlay or ACP Overlay, Class 3 ioint sealant (3 Clean all debfrom joint extending dow Backer Rod(2)(4)to the top of the cap Concrete Slab Existina Girde Field Verify

## JOINT WITH HOT POURED RUBBER SEAL

(Used with ACP Overlay)

#### PROCEDURE:

- 1) Saw cut through the asphalt at the centerline of joint. Make multiple saw cuts to create a ½" minimum joint opening or match the existing joint opening. Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/ devices, bituminous materials, dirt, grease and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean joint out full depth of the joint.
- 2) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 3) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- Seal the joint opening with a Class 3 joint sealant. Seal flush to the top of the asphaltic concrete pavement.

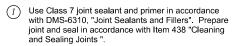


### ARMOR JOINTS

(Used without ACP Overlay. Armor joints with ACP Overlay is similar)

### PROCEDURE:

- Remove existing seal, if present. Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints". Clean joint out full depth of the joint.
- 2) Abrasive blast clean existing steel surface where silicone seal is to be placed.
- 3) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 5) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal 1/2" below top of concrete in travel lanes and 1/4" below top of concrete in shoulders.



GISEL CARRASCO

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- Backer rod must be 25% larger than joint opening and must be compatible with the sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- Use Class 3 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers". Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints".
- Backer rod must be compatible with hot poured rubber sealant and rated for a minimum of 400 degree Fahrenheit.
- (5) Match existing joint opening or set at a minimum: a. 1" at 70°F when the distance between joints is 150' or less
- 150' or less
  b. 2" at 70°F when the distance between joints is greater than 150'
- c. or as directed by the Engineer
- 6 Cleaning and sealing existing header joints does not necessitate replacement of existing header material. If replacement of header material is necessary, as determined by the Engineer, use header material in accordance with DMS-6140, "Polymer Concrete for Bridge Joint Systems." Match the thickness of the header material with the thickness of the overlay as shown in the plans, but do not exceed 4". Place header material flush with roadway surface. Do not cantilever header material over the joint opening. Repair of header material will be paid for in accordance with Item 785-6006, "Bridge Joint Repair (Header)."
- (7) Maximum thickness is 4".

### GENERAL NOTES:

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Field verify all quantities, joint locations and joint types prior to ordering materials and beginning work.

Cleaning existing joint opening (full depth) of all debris, providing and placing backer rod, saw-cutting asphalt overlay, and sealing joint is paid for by Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints" of the sealant type specified and measured by the linear foot of joint.

Obtain approval for all tools, equipment, materials and techniques proposed to clean and seal the joint.

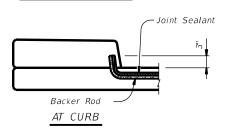
Provide Class 3 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers" for joints in asphalt overlay.

Provide Class 7 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers" for joints in concrete.

Extend sealant up into rail or curb 3 inches on low side or sides of deck. If the Class 7 joint sealant cannot be effectively placed in the vertical position, a Class 4 joint sealant compatible with the Class 7 joint sealant is allowed for the extension of the seal into the curb or rail. Prepare surfaces where sealant is to be placed in accordance with

Repair of damaged concrete caused by the Contractor must be repaired at the Contractor's expense in accordance with Item 429, "Concrete Structure Repair", and TxDOT's Concrete Repair Manual.

Manufacturer's specifications.



DETAIL "B"

- Joint Sealant

Backer Rod

Joint Sealant

AT STEEL RAIL

JOINT SEALANT TERMINATION DETAILS

AT CONCRETE RAIL



### CLEANING & SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS CSBJ-22(AUS)

Stone Outlet Sediment Trops

Sediment Bosins

Sond Filter Systems

Grossy Swales

TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Threatened and Endangered Species

Migratory Bird Treaty Act

Notice of Termination

Notionwide Permit

Notice of Intent

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hozardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.

Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- · Undesirable smells or odors
- Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

**⊠** No ☐ Yes

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the osbestos inspection positive (is osbestos present)?

☐ Yes □ No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

1	No	Action	Required	
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Required Action

Action No.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

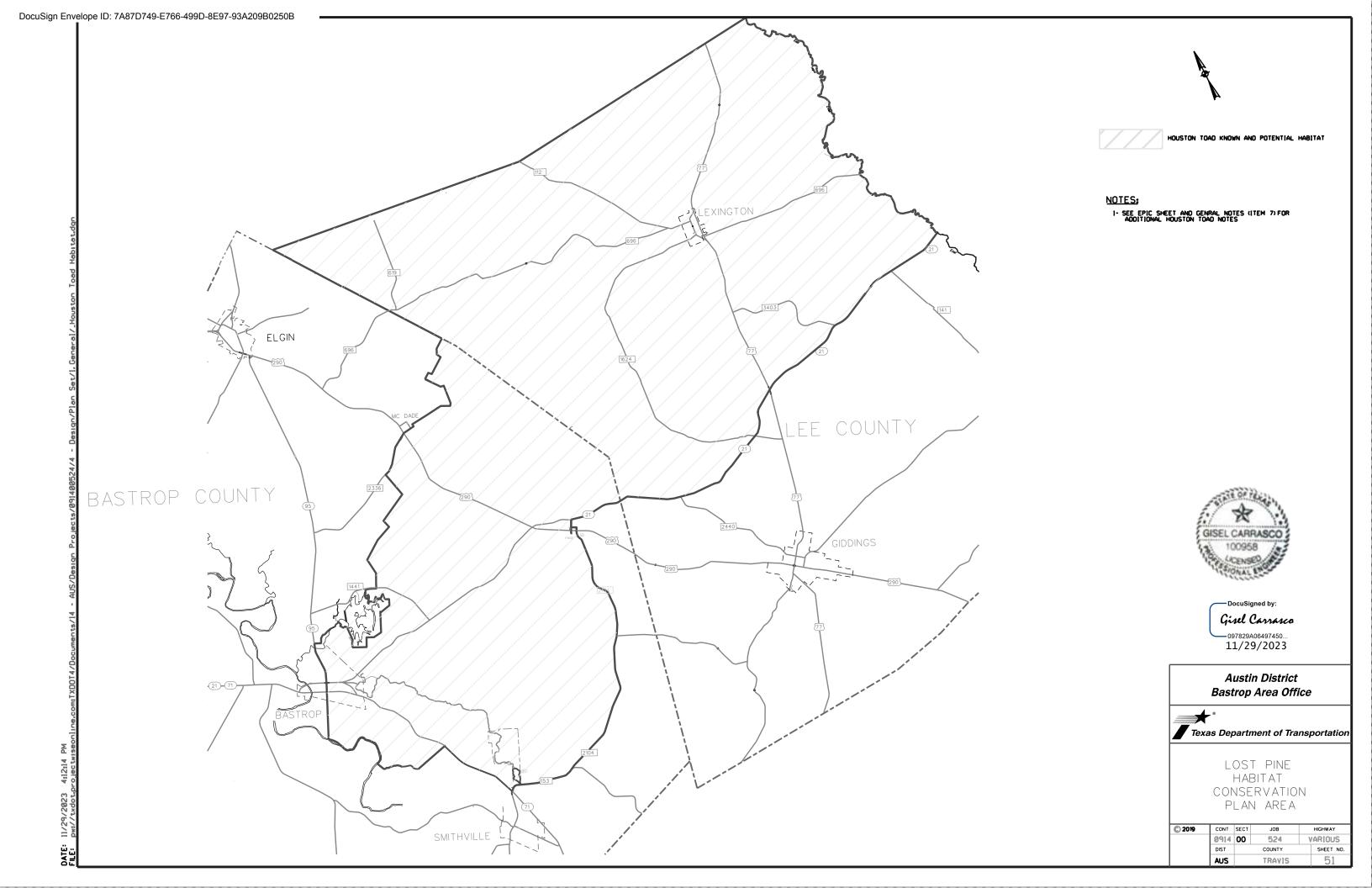
1. Contact local flood plain administrator



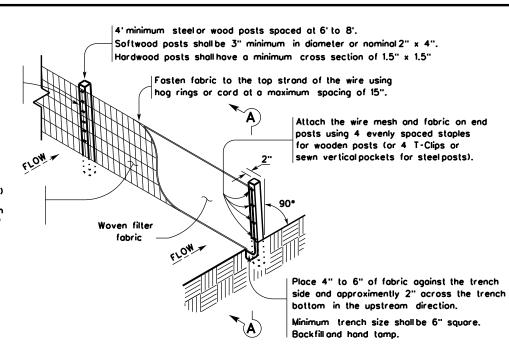
ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

**EPIC** 

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07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
23-2015 SECTION I CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	AUS	TRAVIS 5				0	

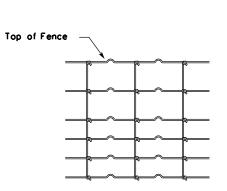


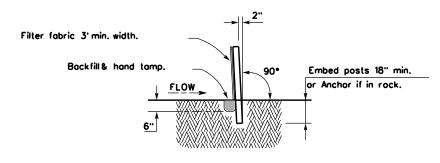
Galvanized welded wire mesh (W.W.M.) (12.5 GA. SWG Min.) with a maximum opening size of 2"x 4"or Woven Mesh (W.M.)(See woven mesh option detail)



### TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

(SCF)





SECTION A-A

### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT . Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

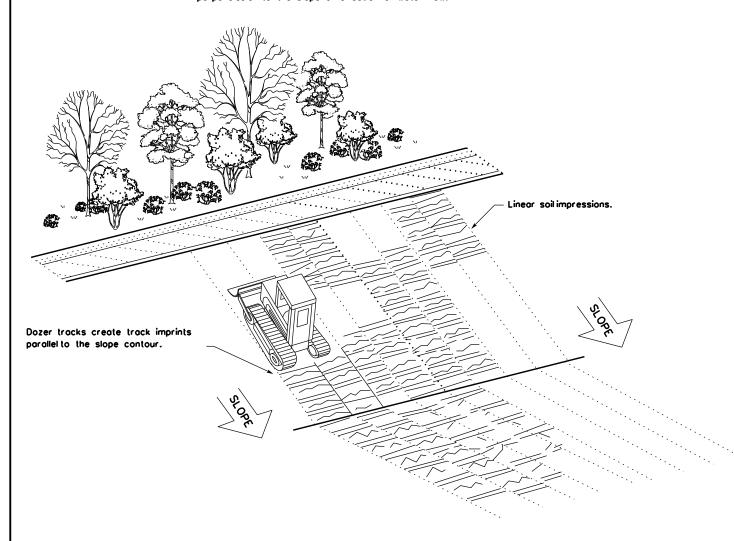
#### **LEGEND**

Sediment Control Fence



#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- Provide equipment with a track undercorriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

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