C-2 DATE\_

PROJ. NO.

ITRACTOR NAME . ITRACT BEGIN D IK COMPLETED D E OF ACCEPTAN

FOR INDEX OF SHEETS SEE SHEET 2

NO REGISTERED ACCESSIBILITY SPECIALIST (RAS) INSPECTION REQUIRED

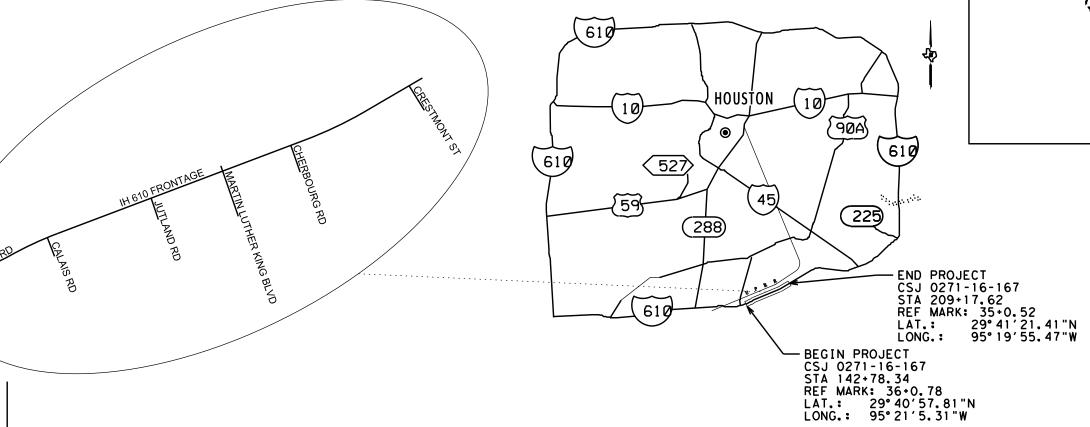
# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# PLANS OF PROPOSED

PROJECT NO. C-271-16-167 CONTROL CSJ: 0271-16-167 IH 610 FRONTAGE WB

LIMITS: CRESTMONT ST. TO HOLMS RD. TOTAL PROJECT LENGTH = 6,639.2 FT = 1.257 MI

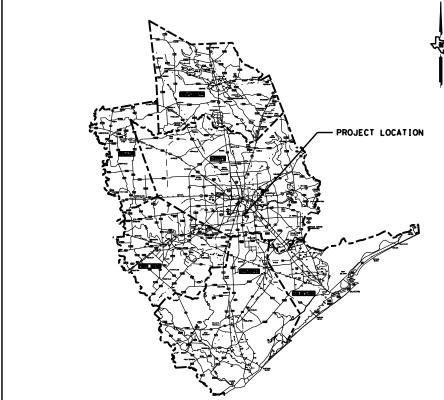
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF MILLING AND OVERLAYING OF A FREEWAY FACILITY CONSISTED OF REPLACE PAVEMENT MARKING



PROJECT LOCATION MAP N. T. S.

> EXCEPTION: NONE EQUATION: NONE
> RAILROAD CROSSING: NONE

DE	SIGN SPEED &	ADT	CONT	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
MAINLANES		60 MPH	0271	16	167	IH 610
FRONTAGE ROADS		45 MPH	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
HONTAGE HOADS			HOU	HARR	ls	1
	2024	2044				
IH 610 FRONTA	GE 5,013	6,941				
	<b>N</b> .					



VICINITY MAP

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION © 2024 TxDOT

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING DATE:  Muhammad j	11/15/ 2024
AREA ENGINEER	ecani
APPROVED 11/2 FOR LETTING DATE:	1/2023
James Foch For DISTRICT ENGINEERCO	, P.E.

SPECIFIACTION ADOTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 01, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED LABOR PROVISION FOR STATE PROJECT: SPOOD ---OOB.

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		GENERAL
	1	TITLE SHEET
	2	INDEX OF SHEET
	3-7	PROJECT LAYOUTS
	8-9	TYPICAL SECTIONS
	10	TYPICAL TRANSITION DETAILS
	11, 11A-11E	GENERAL NOTES
	12-13	ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY SHEET
	14	SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES
		TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS
#	15-26	BC(1)-21 THRU BC(12)-21
#	27-28	TCP (1-4)-18 THRU TCP (1-5)-18
#	29-31	TCP (2-4)-18 THRU TCP (2-6)-18
#	32	TCP (3-2)-13
#	33	TCP (3-3)-14
#	34	TCP (3-4)-13
#	35	TCP (3-5)-18
#	36-39	TCP (6-2)-12 THRU TCP (6-5)-12
#	40-43	TCP (SC-5)-22 THRU TCP (SC-8)-22
#	44	WZ(TD)-17
#	45	WZ (RCD)-13
#	46	WZ (STPM)-23
#	47	WZ (UL)-13
		ROADWAY STANDARDS
#	48-49	REPCP-14
#	50	TE(HMAC)-11
		<b>CURB &amp; GUTTER STANDARDS</b>
#	51	CCCG-22

#### **PAVEMENT MARKING DETAILS**

IH 610 STRIPING LAYOUTS

#### **PAVEMENT MARKING STANDARDS**

# 57 CPM (1)-23 # 58-63 FPM (1)-22 THRU FPM (6)-22 # 64-68 PM (1)-22 THRU PM (5)-22

69-70 ER-FR (1)-09 THRU ER-FR(2)-09 (HOU)

# 71 PM (CLL)-14 (HOU) # 72 PM (DOT)-11 (HOU) # 73 PM (R&G)-10 (HOU) # 74 PM (20) (HOU)

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL**

75 EPIC76-77 SWP3

52-56

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARD**

# 78 ECL-12



# The standard sheets specifically identified above have been selected by me or under my responsible supervision as being applicable to this project."

YEE-CHENG CHANG

11/9/2023 DATE



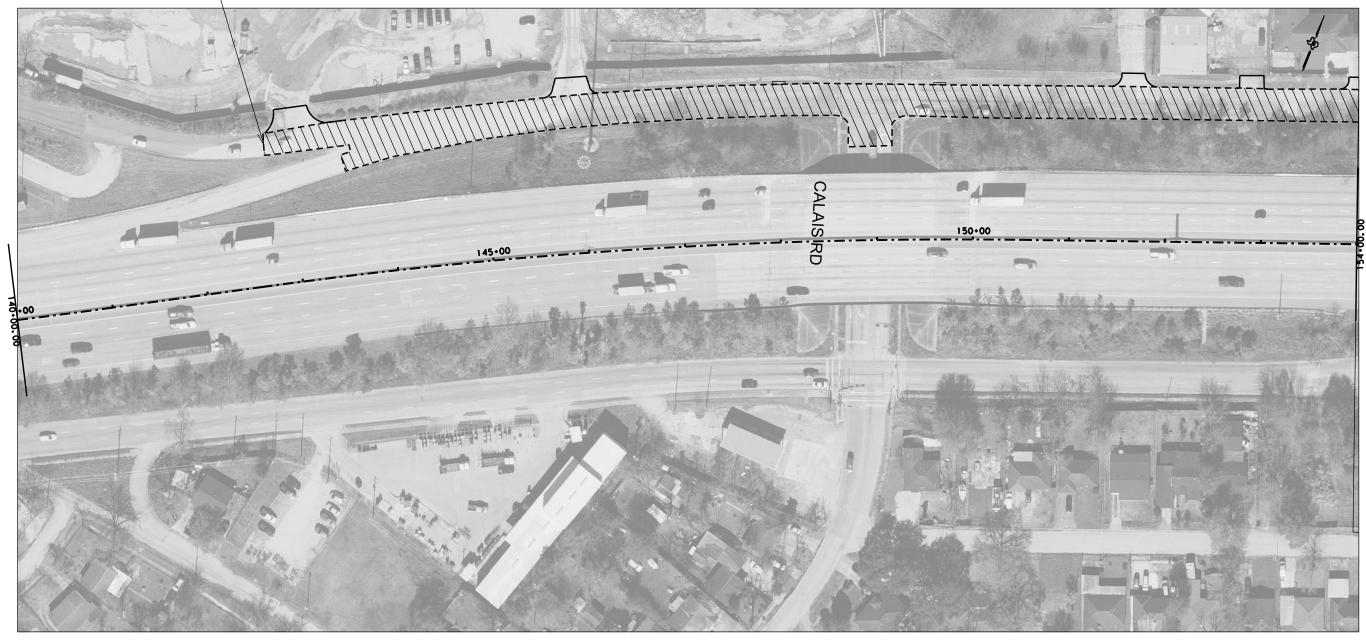
CONT	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
0271	16	167	IH 610
STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
HOU	HARRIS		2

BEGIN PROJECT STA 142+78.34 MILL & OVERLAY PAVEMENT MARKING

ITEM#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
0316-6009	ASPH (A-R TYPE II OR III)	GAL	2179.67
0316-6434	AGGR (TY-PB GR-4 OR TY-PL GR-4 (SAC-B)	CY	39.92
0354-6037	PLANE CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	SY	5189.70
0361-6064	FULL-DEPTH REPAIR CRCP (6"-7")	SY	207.60
3077-6051	SP MIXES SP-D PG70-22	TON	428.14

YEE-CHENG CHANG

11/9/2023



1.THE SEAL COAT WILL BE COVERED WITH THE HMA OVERLAY (ITEM 316) PRIOR TO REOPENING TO TRAFFIC EACH DAY. THE ROADWAY WILL NOT BE OPENED TO TRAFFIC UNTIL THE HMA AND WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS ARE IN PLACE.

 $2. \rm MILLING$  OPERATIONS MUST BE PREFORMED BEGINNING WITH THE OUTSIDE LANE AND WORKING INWARDS IN EACH ADJOINING LANE.

3. FOR LIMITS OF ACP OVERLAY AT DRIVEWAYS AND ROADWAYS SEE "ACP OVERLAY DETAILS".

4 FOR PAVEMENT MARKINGS SEE "PAVEMENT MARKINGS LAYOUT" AND STANDARD SHEETS. ELIMINATING RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

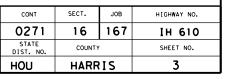
 $5. {\tt THE}$  LOCATION OF BASE REPAIR AREA VARIES AND WILL BE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER IN THE FIELD.

6.REMOVE DIRT, DUST, OR OTHER LOOSE MATERIAL BEFORE PLACING UNDERSEAL COURSE, NO ADDITIONAL PAYMENT WILL BE MADE. THIS WORK IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

#### LEGEND:

PROPOSED 2" MILL PROPOSED 0.5" SEAL COAT PROPOSED 1.5" SP MIXES SP PG70-22



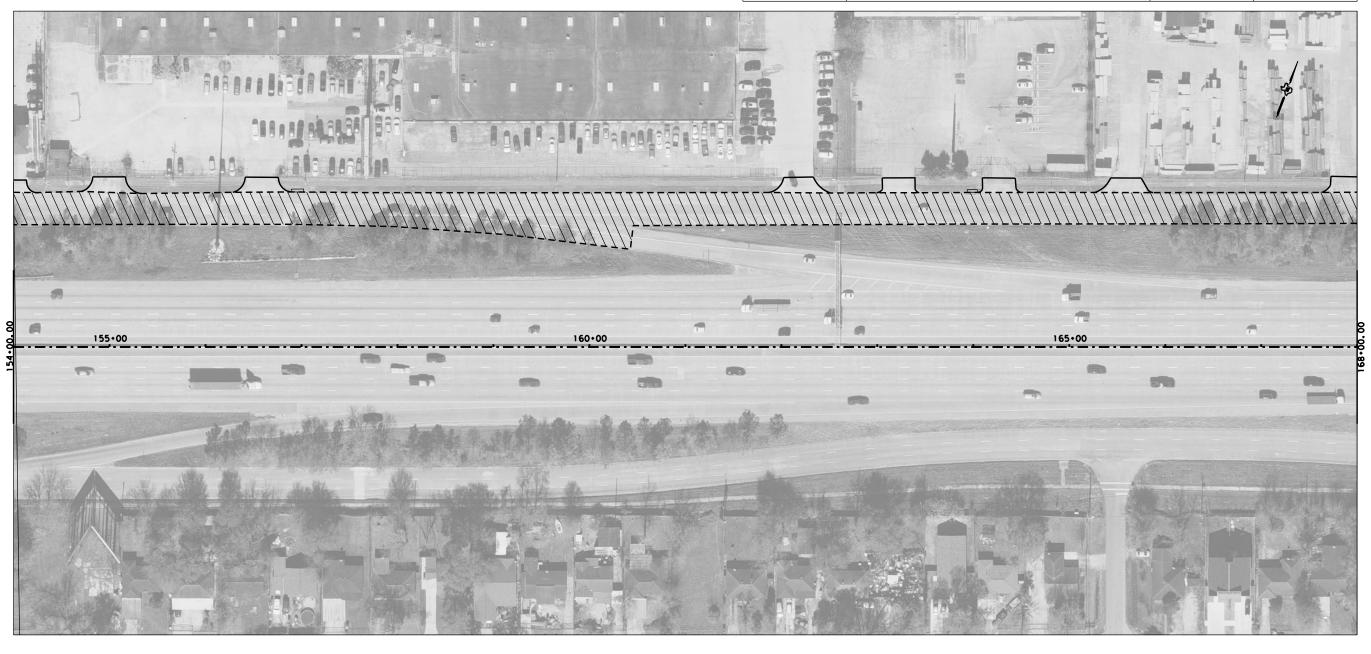


DATE:	PROJECT:	

ITEM#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
0316-6009   ASPH (A-R TYPE II OR III)		GAL	2325.00
0316-6434	AGGR (TY-PB GR-4 OR TY-PL GR-4 (SAC-B)	CY	42.58
0354-6037	PLANE CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	SY	5535.70
0361-6064	FULL-DEPTH REPAIR CRCP (6"-7")	SY	221.43
3077-6051	SP MIXES SP-D PG70-22	TON	456.70

YEE-CHENG CHANG

11/9/2023



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 $2. \rm MILLING$  OPERATIONS MUST BE PREFORMED BEGINNING WITH THE OUTSIDE LANE AND WORKING INWARDS IN EACH ADJOINING LANE.

3. FOR LIMITS OF ACP OVERLAY AT DRIVEWAYS AND ROADWAYS SEE "ACP OVERLAY DETAILS".

 $4\,\mathrm{FOR}$  PAVEMENT MARKINGS SEE "PAVEMENT MARKINGS LAYOUT" AND STANDARD SHEETS, ELIMINATING RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

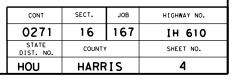
 $5. {\rm THE\ LOCATION\ OF\ BASE\ REPAIR\ AREA\ VARIES\ AND\ WILL\ BE\ DIRECTED\ BY\ THE\ ENGINEER\ IN\ THE\ FIELD.}$ 

 $6.REMOVE\ DIRT,\ DUST,\ OR\ OTHER\ LOOSE\ MATERIAL\ BEFORE\ PLACING\ UNDERSEAL\ COURSE,\ NO\ ADDITIONAL\ PAYMENT\ WILL\ BE\ MADE.\ THIS\ WORK\ IS\ SUBSIDIARY\ TO\ THE\ VARIOUS\ BID\ ITEMS.$ 

#### LEGEND:

PROPOSED 2" MILL PROPOSED 0.5" SEAL COAT PROPOSED 1.5" SP MIXES SP PG70-22



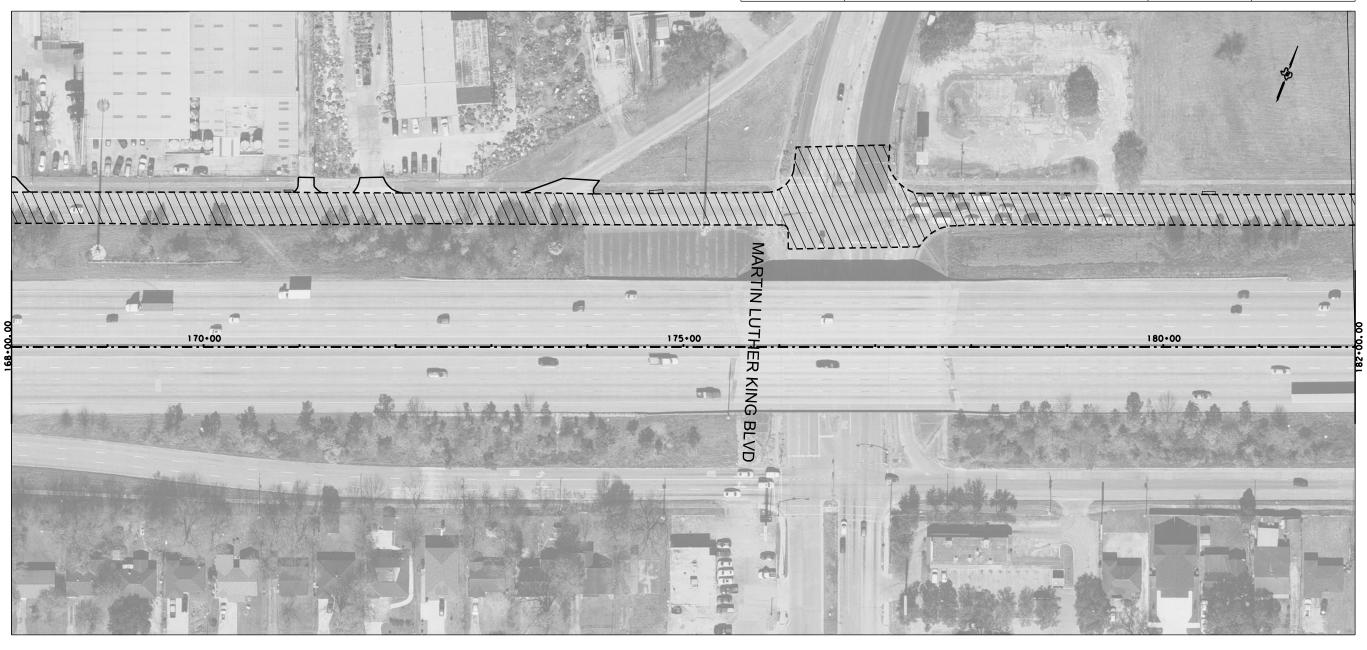


DAIL: PROJECT:	

ITEM# ITEM DESCRIPTION UNIT QUANTITY 0316-6009 ASPH (A-R TYPE II OR III) GAL 2555.55 0316-6434 CY AGGR (TY-PB GR-4 OR TY-PL GR-4 (SAC-B) 46.81 SY 6084.70 0354-6037 PLANE CONC PAV(0" TO 2") 0361-6064 FULL-DEPTH REPAIR CRCP (6"-7") SY 243.40 3077-6051 SP MIXES SP-D PG70-22 TON 502.00

YEE-CHENG CHANG

11/9/2023



1.THE SEAL COAT WILL BE COVERED WITH THE HMA OVERLAY (ITEM 316) PRIOR TO REOPENING TO TRAFFIC EACH DAY. THE ROADWAY WILL NOT BE OPENED TO TRAFFIC UNTIL THE HMA AND WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS ARE IN PLACE.

 $2. \rm MILLING$  OPERATIONS MUST BE PREFORMED BEGINNING WITH THE OUTSIDE LANE AND WORKING INWARDS IN EACH ADJOINING LANE.

3. FOR LIMITS OF ACP OVERLAY AT DRIVEWAYS AND ROADWAYS SEE "ACP OVERLAY DETAILS".

 $4\,\mathrm{FOR}$  PAVEMENT MARKINGS SEE "PAVEMENT MARKINGS LAYOUT" AND STANDARD SHEETS. ELIMINATING RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

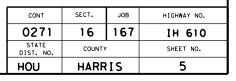
 $5. {\tt THE}$  LOCATION OF BASE REPAIR AREA VARIES AND WILL BE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER IN THE FIELD.

 $6.REMOVE\ DIRT,\ DUST,\ OR\ OTHER\ LOOSE\ MATERIAL\ BEFORE\ PLACING\ UNDERSEAL\ COURSE,\ NO\ ADDITIONAL\ PAYMENT\ WILL\ BE\ MADE.\ THIS\ WORK\ IS\ SUBSIDIARY\ TO\ THE\ VARIOUS\ BID\ ITEMS.$ 

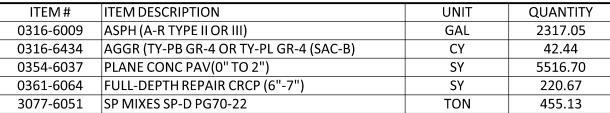
#### LEGEND:

PROPOSED 2" MILL PROPOSED 0.5" SEAL COAT PROPOSED 1.5" SP MIXES SP PG70-22



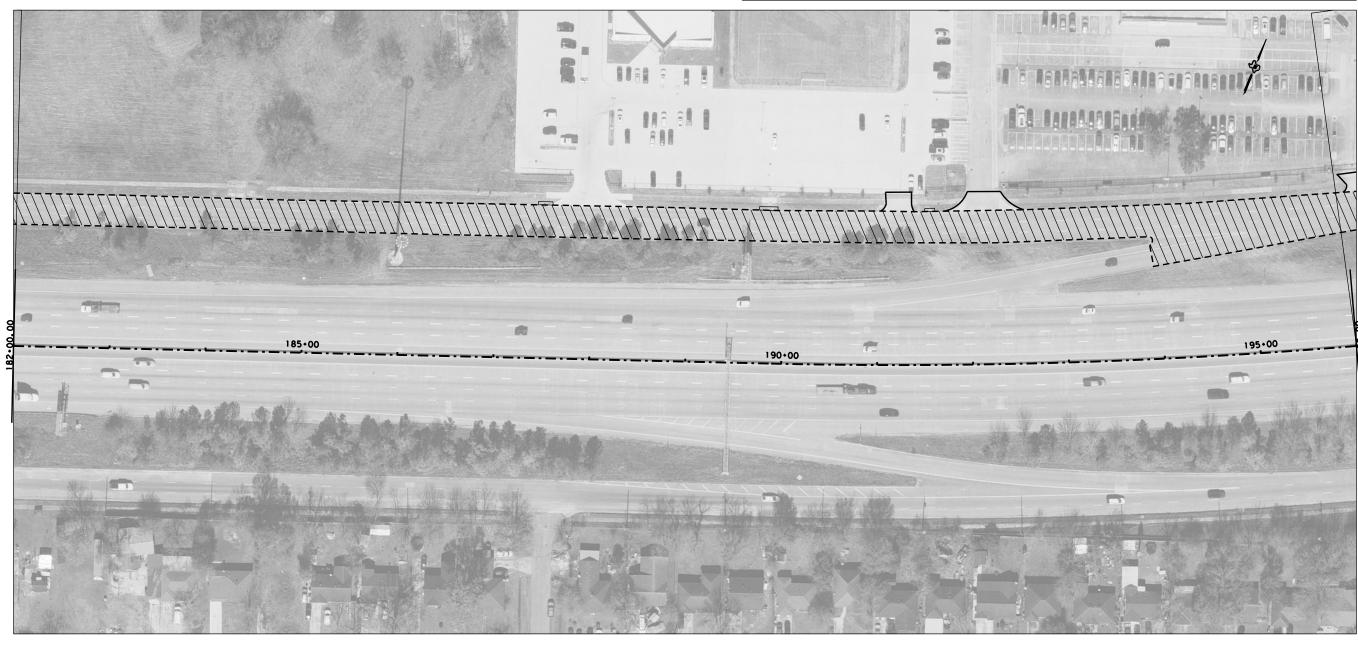


- 8	ENGINEER IN THE FIELD.
DATE: PROJECT:	6.REMOVE DIRT, DUST, OR OTHER LOOSE MATERIAL BEFORE PLACING UNDERSEAL COURSE, NO ADDITIONAL PAYMENT WILL BE MADE. THIS WORK IS SUBSIDIARY TO VARIOUS BID ITEMS.



YEE-CHENG CHANG

11/9/2023



1.THE SEAL COAT WILL BE COVERED WITH THE HMA OVERLAY (ITEM 316) PRIOR TO REOPENING TO TRAFFIC EACH DAY. THE ROADWAY WILL NOT BE OPENED TO TRAFFIC UNTIL THE HMA AND WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS ARE IN PLACE.

 $2. \rm MILLING$  OPERATIONS MUST BE PREFORMED BEGINNING WITH THE OUTSIDE LANE AND WORKING INWARDS IN EACH ADJOINING LANE.

3.FOR LIMITS OF ACP OVERLAY AT DRIVEWAYS AND ROADWAYS SEE "ACP OVERLAY DETAILS".

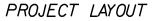
 $4\,\mathrm{FOR}$  PAVEMENT MARKINGS SEE "PAVEMENT MARKINGS LAYOUT" AND STANDARD SHEETS, ELIMINATING RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

5.THE LOCATION OF BASE REPAIR AREA VARIES AND WILL BE DIRECTED BY THE

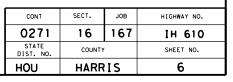
TO THE

#### LEGEND:

PROPOSED 2" MILL PROPOSED 0.5" SEAL COAT PROPOSED 1.5" SP MIXES SP PG70-22





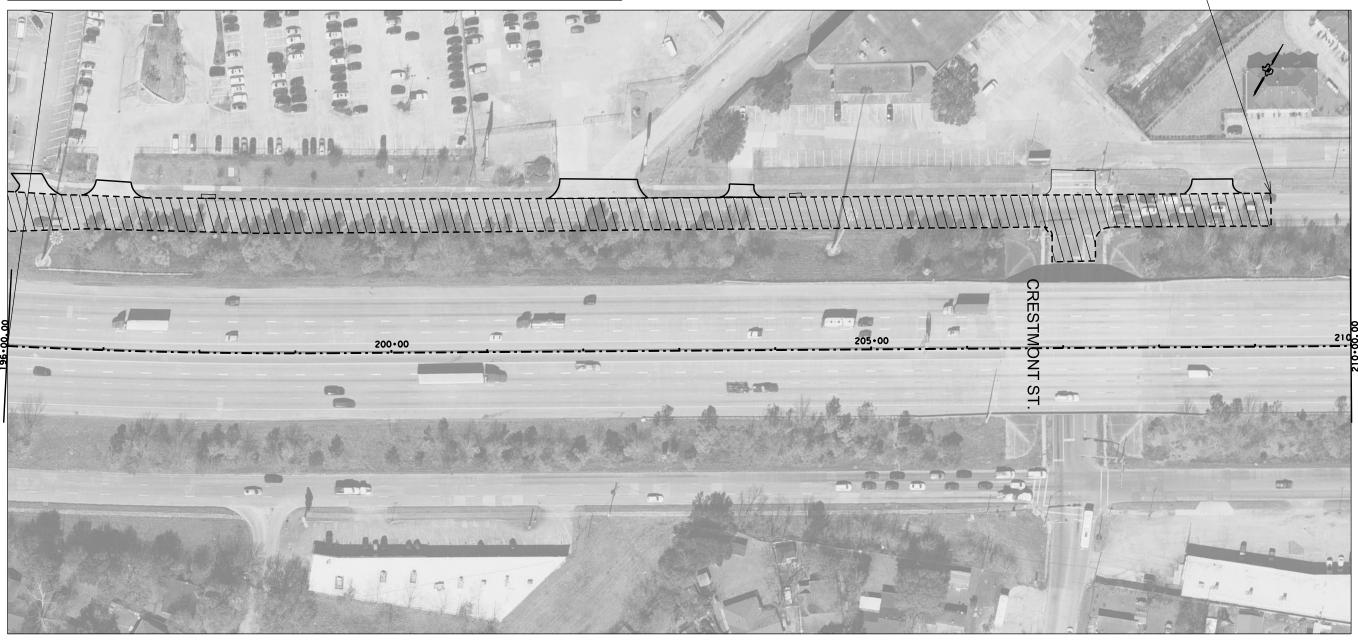


ITEM#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
0316-6009	ASPH (A-R TYPE II OR III)	GAL	1890.00
0316-6434	AGGR (TY-PB GR-4 OR TY-PL GR-4 (SAC-B)	CY	34.61
0354-6037	PLANE CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	SY	4500.00
0361-6064	FULL-DEPTH REPAIR CRCP (6"-7")	SY	180.00
3077-6051	SP MIXES SP-D PG70-22	TON	371.24

END PROJECT STA 209+17.62 MILL & OVERLAY PAVEMENT MARKING

YEE-CHENG CHANG

11/9/2023



1.THE SEAL COAT WILL BE COVERED WITH THE HMA OVERLAY (ITEM 316) PRIOR TO REOPENING TO TRAFFIC EACH DAY. THE ROADWAY WILL NOT BE OPENED TO TRAFFIC UNTIL THE HMA AND WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS ARE IN PLACE.

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3. FOR LIMITS OF ACP OVERLAY AT DRIVEWAYS AND ROADWAYS SEE "ACP OVERLAY DETAILS".

 $4\,\mathrm{FOR}$  PAVEMENT MARKINGS SEE "PAVEMENT MARKINGS LAYOUT" AND STANDARD SHEETS. ELIMINATING RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

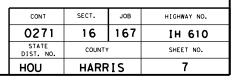
 $5. {\tt THE}$  LOCATION OF BASE REPAIR AREA VARIES AND WILL BE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER IN THE FIELD.

6.REMOVE DIRT, DUST, OR OTHER LOOSE MATERIAL BEFORE PLACING UNDERSEAL COURSE, NO ADDITIONAL PAYMENT WILL BE MADE. THIS WORK IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

#### LEGEND:

PROPOSED 2" MILL PROPOSED 0.5" SEAL COAT PROPOSED 1.5" SP MIXES SP PG70-22







SURFACE TEST TYPE B PAY ADJUSTMENT SCHEDULE 3 IS APPLICABLE FOR THIS PROJECT. SEE ITEM 585 "RIDE QUALITY FOR PAVEMENT SURFACE UNDER GENERAL NOTES.

VARIES

VARIES

5' EXISTING SIDEWALK

5' EXISTING SIDEWALK

 $\mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 

S

ROW

 $\mathcal{O}$ 

2 SEE SHEET "TYPICAL TRANSITION DETAILS" FOR MORE INFORMATION.

3 LOCATIONS AND SIZES OF ALL FULL-DEPTH CONCRETE REPAIRS TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD BY THE ENGINEER.

LOCATIONS AND SIZES OF ALL FULL-DEPTH CONCRETE REPAIRS TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD BY THE ENGINEER.

1.5" SP MIXES SP-D PG70-22-SEE NOTE

1' CURB OFFSET

EXIST-6" CURB

1' CURB OFFSET

EXIST-6" CURB

> 5 FOR PAVEMENT MARKINGS. SEE PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT AND STANDARD SHEETS.

10'

10'

6 REMOVE DIRT, DUST, OR OTHER MATERIAL BEFORE ASPHALT SEALING. NO ADDITIONAL PAYMENT WILL BE MADE. THIS WORK IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

7 MATCH EXISTING CROSS SLOPES.

6" CRCP-6" CSB-

6" LTS-

0.5" SEAL COAT-

STA 145+10 TO 158+50 STA 160+45 TO 193+90 STA 195+00 TO 209+10 PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

STA 143+00 TO 143+50

1/2 EXIST ROW 168'

THIN BOND CONCRETE OVERLAY-

6" CRCP-6" CSB-

> STA 143+00 TO 143+50 STA 145+10 TO 158+50 STA 160+45 TO 193+90 STA 195+00 TO 209+10

1/2 EXIST ROW 168'

Ç FRTG

33' LIMITS OF 2" PLANNNG EXIST CONCRETE

EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION

Ç FRTG



— 6" FULLDEPTH REPAIR

10′



TYPICAL SECTION

Ç IH 610

€ IH 61Ø

VARIES

VARIES

1' CURB OFFSET

\_2' TYP\_

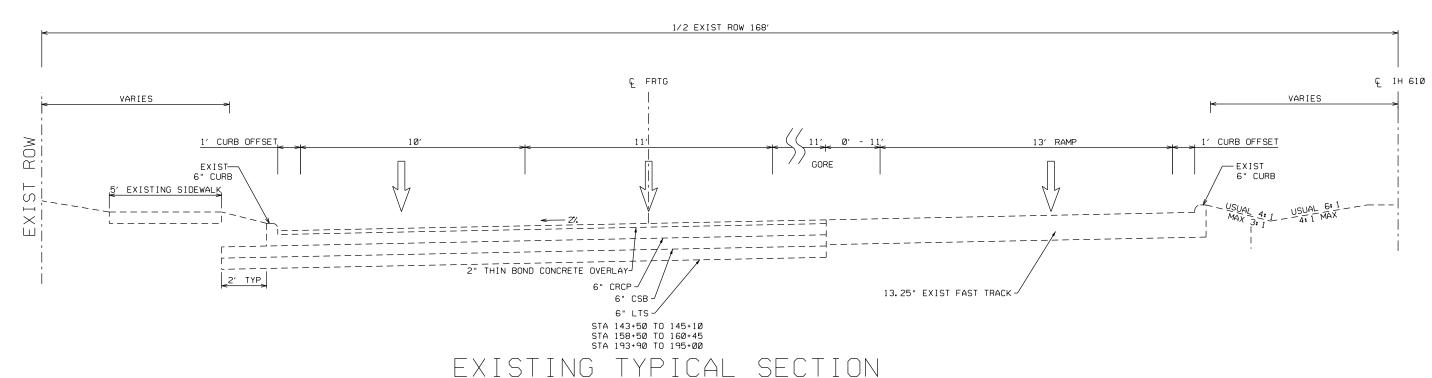
1' CURB OFFSET

\_2' TYP\_

6" CURB

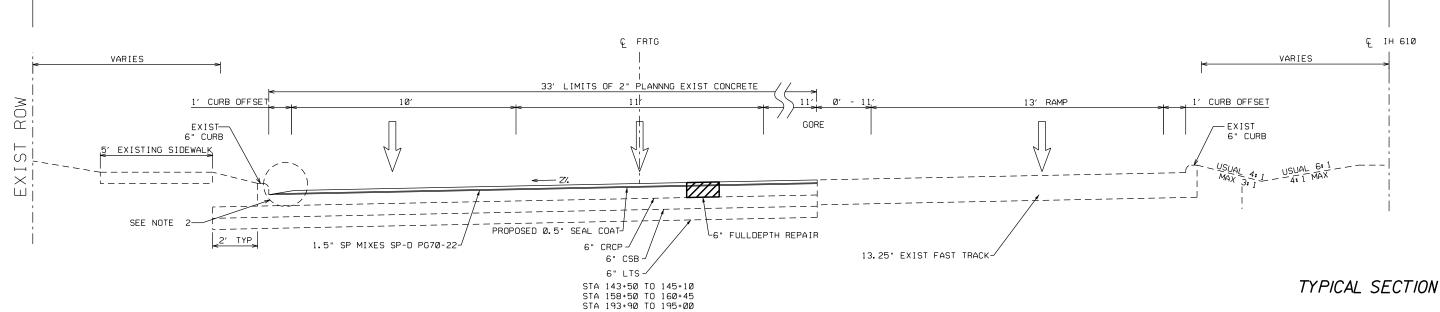
6" CURB

CONT	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
0271	16	167	IH 610
STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
HOU	HARR	IS	8



# 1/2 EXIST ROW 168'

PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION



#### NOTE

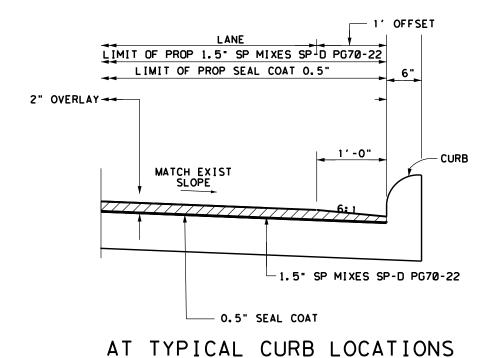
- 1 SURFACE TEST TYPE B PAY ADJUSTMENT SCHEDULE 3 IS APPLICABLE FOR THIS PROJECT. SEE ITEM 585 "RIDE QUALITY FOR PAVEMENT SURFACE" UNDER GENERAL NOTES.
- 2 SEE SHEET TYPICAL TRANSITION DETAILST FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 3 LOCATIONS AND SIZES OF ALL FULL-DEPTH CONCRETE REPAIRS TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD BY THE ENGINEER.
- 4 LOCATIONS AND SIZES OF ALL FULL-DEPTH CONCRETE REPAIRS TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD BY THE ENGINEER.

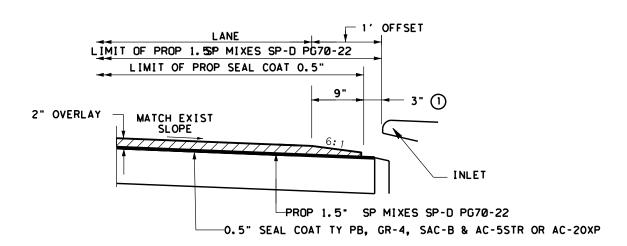
- 5 FOR PAVEMENT MARKINGS, SEE PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT AND STANDARD SHEETS.
- 6 REMOVE DIRT, DUST, OR OTHER MATERIAL BEFORE ASPHALT SEALING, NO ADDITIONAL PAYMENT WILL BE MADE. THIS WORK IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.
- 7 MATCH EXISTING CROSS SLOPES.





CONT	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
0271	16	167	IH 610
STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
HOU	HARRIS		9

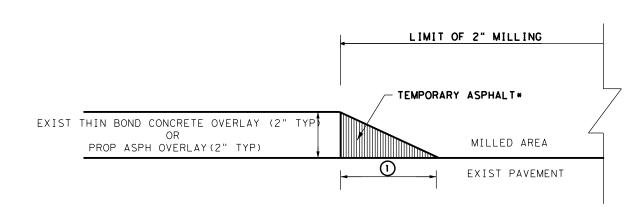




# AT INLET LOCATIONS

NOTES:

(1) HAND FINISH OVERLAY AROUND INLET DRAIN OPENINGS. LEAVE A 3" MIN GAP AROUND OPENING.



1) FOR PARALLEL TRAFFIC USE 6:1 TAPER.

\*INSTALLATION AND REMOVAL OF TEMPORARY ASPHALT WILL BE INCIDENTAL TO MILLING BID ITEMS.

# TEMPORARY ASPHALT FOR PHASED CONSTRUCTION



TYPICAL TRANSITION DETAILS



CONT	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
0271	16	167	IH 610
STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
HOU	HARR	IS	10

**County:** Harris

Highway: IH 610

Schedule work so that the base placement operations follow the subgrade work as closely as practical to reduce the hazard to the traveling public and to prevent undue delay caused by wet weather.

When design details are not shown on the plans, provide signs and arrows conforming to the latest "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design">https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design</a>. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

#### **Item 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities**

Do not initiate activities in a Project Specific Location (PSL), associated with a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) permit area, that have not been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit review of this project. Such activities include those pertaining to, but are not limited to, haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites. Associated defined here means materials are delivered to or from the PSL. The permit area includes the waters of the U.S. or associated wetlands affected by activities associated with this project. Special restrictions may be required for such work. Assume responsibility for consultations with the USACE regarding activities, including PSLs that have not been previously evaluated by the USACE. Provide the Department with a copy of consultations or approvals from the USACE before initiating activities.

The Contractor may proceed with activities in PSLs that do not affect a USACE permit area if a self-determination has been made that the PSL is non-jurisdictional or if proper USACE clearances have been obtained in jurisdictional areas or have been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit review of this project. The Contractor is solely responsible for documenting any determinations that their activities do not affect a USACE permit area. Maintain copies of their determinations for review by the Department or any regulatory agency.

Document and coordinate with the USACE, if required, before hauling any excavation from or hauling any embankment to a USACE permit area by either 1 or 2 below:

1. Restricted Use of Materials for the Previously Evaluated Permit Areas.

Document both the Project Specific Locations (PSL) and their authorization.

Maintain copies for review by the Department or any regulatory agency. When an area within the project limits has been evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit process for this project:

CSJ 0271-16-167 Sheet 11A

County: Harris

Highway: IH 610

a. Suitable excavation of required material in the areas shown on the plans and cross sections as specified in the Item, "Excavation" is used for permanent or temporary fill (under the Item, "Embankment") within a USACE permit area.

- b. Suitable embankment (under the Item, "Embankment") from within the USACE permit area is used as fill within a USACE evaluated area.
- c. Unsuitable excavation or excess excavation, "Waste" (under the Item, "Excavation"), that is disposed of at a location approved within a USACE evaluated area.

#### 2. Contractor Materials from Areas Other than Previously Evaluated Areas.

Provide the Department with a copy of USACE coordination or approvals before initiating any activities for an area within the project limits that has not been evaluated by the USACE or for any off right of way locations used for the following, but not limited to, haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites:

- a. The Item, "Embankment" used for temporary or permanent fill within a USACE permit area.
- b. Unsuitable excavation or excess excavation, "Waste" (under the Item, "Excavation"), that is disposed of outside a USACE evaluated area.

Place erosion control measures around the perimeter of impacted wetlands as shown in the above mentioned U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Nationwide permits. During staging and construction operations, equipment is not allowed in the Waters of the United States.

This project does not require a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Section 404 Permit before letting, but if a permit is needed during construction, assume responsibility for preparing the permit application. Submit the permit application to the Department's District Environmental Section for approval. Once the permit application is approved, the Department will submit it to the USACE. Assume responsibility for the requested revisions, in coordination with the Department's District Environmental Section.

Maintain the roadway slope stability. Maintaining slope stability is subsidiary to the various bid items.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

The nesting / breeding season for migratory birds is February 15 through September 30.

Conduct any tree removal outside of the migratory bird nesting season. If this is not possible due to scheduling, then exercise caution to remove only those trees with no active nests. Do not destroy nests on structures or in trees within the project limits during the nesting / breeding season.

Take measures to prevent the building of nests on any structures or trees within the project limits throughout the duration of the construction if work / removal will be performed during the

County: Harris

Highway: IH 610

nesting / breeding season. This can be accomplished by application of bird repellent gel, netting by hand every 3 to 4 days, or any other non-threatening method approved by the Houston District Environmental Section. Obtain this approval well in advance of the planned use. Contact the Houston District Environmental Section at 713-802-5244. The cost of this work is subsidiary to the various bid items.

This project is on a hurricane evacuation route. Provide at the pre-construction meeting a written plan outlining procedures to suspend work, secure the job site, and safely handle traffic through and across the project in the event of a hurricane evacuation.

During the hurricane season (June 1 through November 30), do not close any travel lanes except when the Contractor can demonstrate that he/she can provide labor, equipment, material, a work plan, and quality of work to satisfactorily return all lanes to an open, all-weather travel surface within 3 days of receiving written or verbal notice but no later than 3 days before the predicted hurricane landfall. Construction of temporary lanes to an all-weather surface will be paid for in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method."

In addition to lane closures, cease work 3 days before the predicted hurricane landfall on or near the roadway that adversely impacts the flow of traffic and reduces the capacity of the highway during an evacuation. Vehicles of the Contractor, subcontractors, or material suppliers will not be allowed to enter or exit the traffic stream, including those for the purpose of material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment. When directed, this prohibition will include a reasonable time period for the evacuees to return to their point of origin.

#### **Item 8: Prosecution and Progress**

The Department will not adjust the number of days for the project and milestones, if any, due to differences in opinion regarding any assumptions made in the preparation of the schedule or for errors, omissions, or discrepancies found in the time determination schedule.

Working days will be computed and charged based on a Five-Day Workweek with nighttime only in accordance with Section 8.3.1.6.

Provide a virus-free computer disk or other acceptable electronic media containing the Primavera construction schedule.

The Lane Closure Assessment Fee is \$ 200.00. This fee applies to the Contractor for closures or obstructions that overlap into restricted hour traffic for each hour or portion thereof, per lane, regardless of the length of lane closure or obstruction. For Restricted Hours subject to Lane Assessment Fee refer to the Item, "Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling." The time increment for the Lane Closure Assessment fee for this project is one hour.

Item 316: Seal Coat

CSJ 0271-16-167 Sheet 11B

County: Harris

Highway: IH 610

The asphalt application rate shown on the "Basis of Estimate" is an average rate for calculating asphalt quantities. Vary the rate based on the pavement conditions and other factors such as the type and grade of aggregate used, weather, and traffic.

Allowable Asphalt Cements based on Average Daily Traffic (ADT) are shown below:

For ADT greater than 5000	ADT 1000 to 5000	ADT less than 1000
AC-20 XP	AC-15P	AC-10-2TR
AC-20-5TR	AC-20-5TR	AC-10 w/2% SBR
	AC-20-XP	AC-15P
	AC-10-2TR	

#### **Item 361: Repair of Concrete Pavement**

For full depth repair, remove only the quantity of pavement replaceable during the daily allowable work schedule.

Remove loose sub-base material and replace it with concrete. Use a bondbreaker, such as a polyethylene sheet, at the interface between the replaced sub-base material and the new concrete pavement.

Supply polyethylene fabric on the job site sufficient to cover the area of repair.

Do not place concrete if impending weather may result in rainfall or low temperatures that may impair the quality of the finished work.

Repair portions of the concrete pavement surfaces that are damaged while in a plastic state before those areas receive permanent pavement markings and open to traffic. Perform repairs that are structurally equivalent to and cosmetically uniform with adjacent undamaged areas. Do not repair by grouting onto the surface.

Ready mix concrete will be permitted if the equipment and construction methods can produce the desired results. Hand finishing will be permitted.

Perform saw cutting as shown on the plans in accordance with Section 360.4.10, "Sawing Joints." This saw cutting is subsidiary to this bid Item.

#### Item 502: Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Use a traffic control plan for handling traffic through the various phases of construction. Follow the phasing sequence unless otherwise agreed upon by the Area Engineer and the Project Manager. Ensure this plan conforms to the latest "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" and the latest Barricade and Construction (BC) Standard Sheets. The latest versions of Work Zone Standard Sheets WZ (BTS-1) and WZ (BTS-2) are the traffic control plan for the signal installations.

County: Harris

Highway: IH 610

Submit changes to the traffic control plan to the Area Engineer. Provide a layout showing the construction phasing, signs, striping, and signalizations for changes to the original traffic control plan.

Furnish and maintain the barricades and warning signs, including the necessary temporary and portable traffic control devices, during the various phases of construction. Place and construct these barricades and warning signs in accordance with the latest "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" for typical construction layouts.

Cover work zone signs when work related to the signs is not in progress, or when any hazard related to the signs no longer exists.

Keep the delineation devices, signs, and pavement markings clean. This work is subsidiary to the Item, "Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling."

Erect temporary signs when exit ramps are closed or moved to new locations during construction.

If a section is not complete before the end of the workday, pull back the base material to the existing pavement edge on a 6H: 1V slope. Edge drop-offs during the hours of darkness are not permitted.

Before detouring traffic onto the mainlane shoulders, remove dirt, debris, vegetation, and other deleterious material from the surface of the shoulders. Appropriately sign the detour in an approved manner. This work is subsidiary to the various bid items.

Coordinate and schedule the work with the appropriate Metro representative if requiring access to the High Occupancy Vehicle lanes.

Cover or remove the permanent signs and construction signs that are incorrect or that do not apply to the current situation for a particular phase.

Replace the overhead signs, informational signs, and exit signs to be removed, with temporary signs providing the correct information to the traveling public. Size the replacement signs and include them in the traffic control plan.

Do not mount signs on drums or barricades, except those listed in the latest Barricades and Construction standard sheets.

Use traffic cones for daytime work only. Replace the cones with plastic drums during nighttime hours.

Place positive barriers to protect drop-off conditions greater than 2 ft. within the clear zone that remain overnight.

General Notes

CSJ 0271-16-167 Sheet 11C

County: Harris

Highway: IH 610

Do not reduce the existing number of lanes open to traffic except as shown on the following time schedule:

# One and Two Lane Closures on IH 610 Frontage Roads and Intersections

Day	<b>Daytime Closure</b>	Nighttime Closure	<b>Restricted Hours</b>
	Hours	Hours	
Monday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM	5:00AM – 9:00 PM
		9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	
Tuesday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM	5:00AM – 9:00 PM
		9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	
Wednesday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM	5:00AM – 9:00PM
-		9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	
Thursday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM	5:00AM – 9:00 PM
		9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	
Friday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM	5:00AM – 9:00 PM
-		9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	
Saturday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM	5:00AM – 9:00 PM
		9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	
Sunday	N/A	12:00 AM - 5:00 AM	5:00AM – 9:00 PM
		9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	

#### **Full Closure**

Day	Daytime Closure	Nighttime Closure	Restricted Hours
	Hours	Hours	
Monday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM 9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	5:00AM – 9:00 PM
Tuesday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM 9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	5:00AM – 9:00 PM

Day	Daytime Closure	Nighttime Closure	Restricted Hours
	Hours	Hours	
Wednesday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM 9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	5:00AM – 9:00PM
Thursday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM 9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	5:00AM – 9:00 PM
Friday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM 9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	5:00AM – 9:00 PM
Saturday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM 9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	5:00AM – 9:00 PM
Sunday	N/A	12:00 AM – 5:00 AM 9:00 PM – 11:59 PM	5:00AM – 9:00 PM

General Notes

County: Harris

Highway: IH 610

The above times are approved for the traffic control conditions listed. The Area Engineer may approve other closure times if traffic counts warrant. The Area Engineer may reduce the above times for special events.

Law enforcement assistance will be required for this project and is expected to be required for major traffic control changes and lane closures. Coordinate with local law enforcement and arrange for law enforcement as directed or agreed by the Engineer. Before payment will be made, complete the "Daily Report on Law Enforcement Force Account Work" (Form 318), provided by the Department and submit daily invoices that agree with this form for any day during the month in which approved services were provided.

Provide full-time, off-duty, uniformed, certified peace officers, as part of traffic control operations. The peace officers must be able to show proof of certification by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Officers Standards. The cost of the officers is paid for on a force account basis.

A minimum of 7 days in advance of any total closure, notify the Houston District Public Information Office of which roadways, ramps, intersections, or lanes will be closed, the dates they will remain closed, and when they will be opened again to traffic.

A minimum of 7 days in advance of any total closure, place a portable changeable message (PCM) sign at the location of each total closure which informs the traveling public of the details of the closure. Alternately, if the Traffic Control Plan provides a positive barrier at the location, a non-trailer mounted static message board sign behind the positive barrier may be used in place of a PCM.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

#### Item 506: Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Control

The Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) consists of temporary erosion control measures needed and provided for under this Item. The disturbed area is less than one acre and use of erosion control measures is not anticipated. If physical conditions encountered at the job site require necessary controls, BMP installation, maintenance, and removal will be paid as extra work on a force account basis per Articles 4.4 and 9.7.

#### Item 529: Concrete Curb, Gutter, and Combined Curb and Gutter

An air-entraining admixture is not required.

CSJ 0271-16-167 Sheet 11D

County: Harris

Highway: IH 610

For concrete curbs, use Grade 7 aggregate conforming to Section 421.2.6 of the Item, "Hydraulic Cement Concrete."

For driveways and turnouts, coarse aggregate Grade No. 3 through No. 8 conforming to the gradation requirements specified in the Item, "Hydraulic Cement Concrete" will be permitted.

For reinforcing steel in sidewalks and pedestrian ramps, use No. 4 bars at a maximum 18 in. spacing center-to-center in both directions.

Item 662: Work Zone Pavement MarkingsItem 666: Reflectorized Pavement MarkingsItem 668: Prefabricated Pavement Markings

Use Type III glass beads for thermoplastic and multipolymer pavement markings.

Use a 0.100 in. (100 mil) thickness for thermoplastic pavement markings, measured to the top of the thermoplastic, not including the exposed glass beads.

Use a 0.022 in. (22 mil) thickness for multipolymer pavement markings, measured to the top of the multipolymer, not including the exposed glass beads.

For roadways with asphalt surfaces to be striped with work zone or permanent thermoplastic markings, the Contractor has the option to apply paint and beads markings for a maximum 30-day period until placing the thermoplastic markings, or until starting the succeeding phase of work on the striped area. Maintain the paint and beads markings, at no expense to the Department, until placing the thermoplastic markings or starting the succeeding phase of work on the striped area. The work zone markings, whether paint and beads or thermoplastic, are paid under the Item, "Work Zone Pavement Markings" and the markings are paid for only once for the given phase of construction.

If using paint and bead markings as described above, purchase the traffic paint from the open market.

If the Type II markings become dirty and require cleaning by washing, brushing, compressed air, or other approved methods before applying the Type I thermoplastic markings, this additional cleaning is subsidiary to the Item, "Reflectorized Pavement Markings."

Establish the alignment and layout for work zone striping and permanent striping.

Stripe all roadways before opening them to traffic.

Place pavement markings under these items in accordance with details shown on the plans, the latest "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices," or as directed.

When design details are not shown on the plans, provide pavement markings for arrows, words, and symbols conforming to the latest "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

**County:** Harris

Highway: IH 610

#### **Item 672: Raised Pavement Markers**

If other operations are complete on the project and if the curing time period is not yet elapsed, the contract time will be suspended until the curing is done.

Before placing the raised pavement markers on concrete pavement, blast clean the surface using an abrasive-blasting medium. This work is subsidiary to the Item, "Raised Pavement Markers."

Provide epoxy adhesive that is machine-mixed or nozzle-mixed and dispensed. Equip the machine or nozzle with a mechanism to ensure positive mix measurement control.

#### **Item 677: Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers**

Remove existing pavement markings on concrete or asphalt surfaces by flail milling or as directed.

#### **Item 678: Pavement Surface Preparation for Markings**

Do not blast clean asphalt concrete pavement. Clean asphalt concrete pavement as required under the applicable specifications or as directed.

On new concrete pavement or on existing concrete pavement when placing a new stripe on a new location, remove the curing compounds and contamination from the pavement surface by flail milling or as directed. In addition, air-blast the surface with compressed air just before placing the new stripe.

On existing concrete pavement when placing a new stripe on an existing location, after removing the existing stripe under the Item, "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers," airblast the surface with compressed air just before placing the new stripe.

Do not clean concrete pavement by grinding.

#### Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

A shadow vehicle with Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMAs) or Trailer Attenuators (TAs) is required as shown on the appropriate Traffic Control Plan (TCP) sheets. TMAs/TAs must meet the requirements of the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List.

Level 3 Compliant TMAs/TAs are required for this project.

A total of one (1) shadow vehicle with a TMA/TA is required for the work with the exception of Pavement Marking Operations. The Contractor is responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs/TAs needed on the project.

General Notes

General Notes

CSJ 0271-16-167 Sheet 11E

County: Harris

Highway: IH 610

A total of three (3) shadow vehicles with a TMA/TA are required for Pavement Marking Operations. The Contractor is responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs/TAs needed on the project.

In addition to the shadow vehicles with TMAs/TAs that are specified as being required on the TCP layout sheets for this project, provide additional shadow vehicles with TMAs/TAs as shown on the TCP Standard sheets. The Contractor is responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs/TAs needed on the project.

#### **Basis of Estimate**

Item	Description	Limit and Rate	Unit
316	Seal Coat		
	Asphalt	0.32 Gal. / Sq. Yd.	GAL
	• Aggregate (Gr 4)	1/130 Cu. Yd. / Sq. Yd.	CY
	A-R Binder		
	Asphalt	0.42 Gal. / Sq. Yd.	GAL
	• Aggregate (Gr 4)	1/130 Cu. Yd. / Sq. Yd.	CY
3077	Superpave Mixtures	100 Lb. / Sq. YdIn.	TON
	<ul> <li>Asphalt</li> </ul>	8 % by weight	
	Aggregate	92 % by weight	

<sup>\*</sup> If used in existing roadway base, rate will be determined on a case by case basis.

County: Harris

Highway: IH 610

**General Notes:** 

General:

Area Engineer contact information for this project follows:

Jamal Elahi, P.E.

<u>Jamal.Elahi@txdot.gov</u>

Vanessa Bosques, P.E. Vanessa.bosques@txdot.gov

Submit any questions about this project via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page, located at:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left side to navigate to the project. Hover over the blue hyperlink of the project to view the Q&A and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Large files with relevant project documentation, such as Geotech reports, As-Built plans, and cross-sections will continue to be provided on the following FTP site:

<u>Index of /pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/Houston District (state.tx.us)</u> or

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/Houston%20District/

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, RAP generated by this project will become the property of the Contractor for use in the current construction project or in future projects.

If fixed features require, the governing slopes shown may vary between the limits shown and to the extent determined by the Engineer.

Notify the Engineer immediately if discrepancies are discovered in the horizontal control or the benchmark data.

The following standard detail sheets are modified:

References to manufacturer's trade name or catalog numbers are for the purpose of identification only. Similar materials from other manufacturers are permitted if they are of equal quality, comply with the specifications for this project, and are approved, except for roadway illumination, electrical, and traffic signal items.

CSJ 0271-16-167 Sheet 11

County: Harris

Highway: IH 610

The cost for materials, labor, and incidentals to provide for traffic across the roadway and for ingress and egress to private property in accordance with Section 7.2.4 of the standard specifications is subsidiary to the various bid items. Restore access roadways to their original condition upon completing construction.

Tolls incurred by the Contractor are subsidiary to the various bid items.

Procure permits and licenses, which are to be issued by the City, County, or Municipal Utility District.

#### **General: Site Management**

Mark stations every 100 ft. and maintain the markings for the project duration. Remove the station markings at the completion of the project. This work is subsidiary to the various bid items.

Do not mix or store materials, or store or repair equipment, on top of concrete pavement or bridge decks unless authorized by the Engineer. Permission will be granted to store materials on surfaces if no damage or discoloration will result.

Assume ownership of debris and dispose of at an approved location. Do not dispose of debris on private property unless approved in writing by the District Engineer.

Control the dust caused by construction operations. For sweeping the base material in preparation for laying asphalt and for sweeping the finished concrete pavement, use one of the following types of sweepers or approved equal:

#### **Tricycle Type**

Wayne Series 900 Elgin White Wing Elgin Pelican

#### **Truck Type - 4 Wheel**

M-B Cruiser II Wayne Model 945 Mobile TE-3 Mobile TE-4 Murphy 4042

#### **General: Traffic Control and Construction**

Schedule construction operations such that preparing individual items of work follows in close sequence to constructing storm drains in order to provide as little inconvenience as practical to the businesses and residents along the project.



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0271-16-167

**DISTRICT** Houston HIGHWAY IH 610

**COUNTY** Harris

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0271-16	6-167		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00197	7986		
		C	COUNTY		is	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		ніс	HWAY	IH 61	LO		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	316-6009	ASPH (A-R TYPE II OR III)	GAL	11,267.260		11,267.260	
	316-6434	AGGR (TY-PB GR-4 OR TY-PL GR-4 ( SAC-B)	CY	206.360		206.360	
	354-6037	PLANE CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	SY	26,826.800		26,826.800	
	361-6064	FULL-DEPTH REPAIR CRCP (6"-7")	SY	1,073.100		1,073.100	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	2.000		2.000	
	529-6002	CONC CURB (TY II)	LF	500.000		500.000	
	662-6046	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (REFL) TY I-A	EA	19.000		19.000	
	662-6048	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (REFL) TY I-C	EA	75.000		75.000	
	662-6050	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (REFL) TY II-A-A	EA	56.000		56.000	
	662-6052	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (REFL) TY II-C-R	EA	183.000		183.000	
	662-6064	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(BRK)	LF	3,516.000		3,516.000	
	662-6065	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(DOT)	LF	115.000		115.000	
	662-6067	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	LF	840.000		840.000	
	662-6071	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)8"(SLD)	LF	1,479.000		1,479.000	
	662-6073	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)12"(SLD)	LF	1,690.000		1,690.000	
	662-6075	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)24"(SLD)	LF	591.000		591.000	
	662-6080	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(ARROW)	EA	15.000		15.000	
	662-6081	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(DBL ARROW)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	662-6082	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(ENTR GORE)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	662-6083	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(EXIT GORE)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	662-6090	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(WORD)	EA	14.000		14.000	
	662-6098	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	2,150.000		2,150.000	
	662-6099	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)8"(SLD)	LF	380.000		380.000	
	662-6100	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)12"(SLD)	LF	256.000		256.000	
	666-6018	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(DOT)(100MIL)	LF	115.000		115.000	
	666-6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,479.000		1,479.000	
	666-6042	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,690.000		1,690.000	
	666-6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	591.000		591.000	
	666-6081	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(ENTR GORE)(100MIL)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	666-6084	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(EXIT GORE)(100MIL)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	666-6138	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	380.000		380.000	
	666-6141	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	256.000		256.000	
	666-6162	RE PV MRK TY I(BLACK)6"(SHADOW)(100MIL)	LF	3,516.000		3,516.000	
	666-6225	PAVEMENT SEALER 6"	LF	10,137.000		10,137.000	
	666-6226	PAVEMENT SEALER 8"	LF	1,859.000		1,859.000	
	666-6228	PAVEMENT SEALER 12"	LF	1,946.000		1,946.000	

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DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Houston	Harris	0271-16-167	12



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0271-16-167

**DISTRICT** Houston HIGHWAY IH 610

**COUNTY** Harris

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	0271-16	5-167		
		PROJE	CT ID	A00197	986		
		CC	UNTY	Harri	is	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIG	HWAY	IH 61	L <b>O</b>		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	666-6230	PAVEMENT SEALER 24"	LF	591.000		591.000	
İ	668-6019	PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(ARROW)	EA	15.000		15.000	
İ	668-6020	PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(DBL ARROW)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	668-6027	PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(WORD)	EA	14.000		14.000	
	672-6006	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-A	EA	19.000		19.000	
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	75.000		75.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	56.000		56.000	
	672-6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	183.000		183.000	
ļ	677-6002	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (6")	LF	10,137.000		10,137.000	
İ	677-6003	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")	LF	1,859.000		1,859.000	
	677-6005	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (12")	LF	1,946.000		1,946.000	
	677-6007	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")	LF	591.000		591.000	
	677-6008	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ARROW)	EA	15.000		15.000	
	677-6009	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (DBL ARROW)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	677-6012	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (WORD)	EA	14.000		14.000	
	677-6013	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ENTR GORE)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	677-6014	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (EXIT GORE)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	678-6002	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	LF	10,137.000		10,137.000	
	678-6004	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	LF	1,859.000		1,859.000	
	678-6006	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (12")	LF	1,946.000		1,946.000	
	678-6008	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	LF	591.000		591.000	
	678-6009	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	EA	15.000		15.000	
	678-6010	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (DBL ARROW)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	678-6016	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	EA	14.000		14.000	
	3077-6051	SP MIXES SP-D PG70-22	TON	2,213.210		2,213.210	
	6001-6001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	150.000		150.000	
	6048-6003	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)	LF	3,516.000		3,516.000	
	6048-6004	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)	LF	840.000		840.000	
ļ	6048-6008	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	2,150.000		2,150.000	
ļ	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	120.000		120.000	
ļ	6185-6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR	400.000		400.000	
	08	CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE (NON-PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT SAFETY CONTINGENCY (NON-PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT LAW ENFORCEMENT (NON-PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Houston	Harris	0271-16-167	13

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•			0316	0316	0354	0361	0529	0662	0662	0662	0662	0662	0662	0662	0662	0662	0662	0662
			6009	6434	6037	6064	6002	6046	6048	6050	6052	6064	6065	6067	6071	6073	6075	6080
			ASPH (A-R TYPE II OR III)	AGGR (TY-PB GR-4 OR TY-PL GR-4 ( SAC-B)	PLANE CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	FULL-DEPTH REPAIR CRCP (6"-7")	CONC CURB (TY				K WK ZN PAV MRK Y REMOV (REFL) TY II-C-R	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(BRK)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(DOT)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)8"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)12"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)24"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(ARROW)
	STA	TION	GAL	CY	SY	SY	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA
LAYOUT SHEET 1	142+78.34	154+00	2179.67	39.92	5189.70	207.60	100	0	0	30	36	713	22	240	0	410	140	3
LAYOUT SHEET 2	154+00	168+00	2325.00	42.58	5535.70	221.43	100	19	0	0	29	462	0	160	0	0	0	0
LAYOUT SHEET 3	168+00	182+00	2555.55	46.81	6084.70	243.40	100	0	53	0	45	891	93	240	1055	760	281	8
LAYOUT SHEET 4	182+00	196+00	2317.05	42.44	5516.70	220.67	100	0	0	0	35	700	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAYOUT SHEET 5	196+00	209+17.62	1890.00	34.61	4500.00	180.00	100	0	22	26	38	750	0	200	424	520	170	4
Т	OTAL		11267.27	206.36	26826.80	1073.10	500	19	75	56	183	3516	115	840	1479	1690	591	15

			0662	0662	0662	0662	0662	0662	0662	0666	0666	0666	0666	0666	0666	0666	0666	0666	0666	0666
			6081	6082	6083	6090	6098	6099	6100	6018	6036	6042	6048	6081	6084	6138	6141	6162	6225	6226
		REM	IOV (W)(DBL		WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(EXIT GORE)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(WORD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)8"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)12"(SLD)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(DOT)(100 MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100M IL)	TYI	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100 MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(ENTR GORE)(100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(EXIT GORE)(100MIL)	TYI	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)12"(SLD)(100 MIL)	RE PV MRK TY I(BLACK)6"(SHA DOW)(100MIL)	PAVEMENT SEALER 6"	PAVEMENT SEALER 8"
	STATION		EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF
LAYOUT SHEET 1	142+78.34 154	+00	0	1	0	2	942	0	0	22	0	410	140	1	0	0	0	713	2630	0
LAYOUT SHEET 2	154+00 168	+00	0	0	1	0	312	380	256	0	0	0	0	0	1	380	256	462	1396	380
LAYOUT SHEET 3	168+00 182	+00	4	0	0	8	0	0	0	93	1055	760	281	0	0	0	0	891	2115	1055
LAYOUT SHEET 4	182+00 196	+00	0	1	0	0	265	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	700	1665	0
LAYOUT SHEET 5	196+00 209+	17.62	0	0	0	4	631	0	0	0	424	520	170	0	0	0	0	750	2331	424
Т	OTAL		4	2	1	14	2150	380	256	115	1479	1690	591	2	1	380	256	3516	10137	1859

		0666	0666	0668	0668	0668	0672	0672	0672	0672	0677	0677	0677	0677	0677	0677	0677	0677	0677
		6228	6230	6019	6020	6027	6006	6007	6009	6010	6002	6003	6005	6007	6008	6009	6012	6013	6014
		PAVEMENT SEALER 12"	PAVEMENT SEALER 24"	PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(ARROW)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(DBL ARROW)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(WORD)	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-A	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A		ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (6")	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (12")	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ARROW)	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (DBL ARROW)	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (WORD)	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ENTR GORE)	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (EXIT GORE)
	STATION	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
LAYOUT SHEET 1	142+78.34 154+00	410	140	3	0	2	0	0	30	36	2630	0	410	140	3	0	2	1	0
LAYOUT SHEET 2	154+00 168+00	256	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	29	1396	380	256	0	0	0	0	0	1
LAYOUT SHEET 3	168+00 182+00	760	281	8	4	8	0	53	0	45	2115	1055	760	281	8	4	8	0	0
LAYOUT SHEET 4	182+00 196+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	1665	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
LAYOUT SHEET 5	196+00 209+17.62	520	170	4	0	4	0	22	26	38	2331	424	520	170	4	0	4	0	0
Т	OTAL	1946	591	15	4	14	19	75	56	183	10137	1859	1946	591	15	4	14	2	1

		0678	0678	0678	0678	0678	0678	0678	3077	6001	6048	6048	6048	6185	6185
		6002	6004	6006	6008	6009	6010	6016	6051	6001	6003	6004	6008	6002	6003
		PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (12")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (DBL ARROW)	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	SP MIXES SP-D PG70-22	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)
	STATION	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	TON	DAY	LF	LF	LF	DAY	HR
LAYOUT SHEET 1	142+78.34 154+00	2630	0	410	140	3	0	2	428.14		713	240	942		
LAYOUT SHEET 2	154+00 168+00	1396	380	256	0	0	0	0	456.70		462	160	312		
LAYOUT SHEET 3	168+00 182+00	2115	1055	760	281	8	4	8	502.00		891	240	0		
LAYOUT SHEET 4	182+00 196+00	1665	0	0	0	0	0	0	455.13		700	0	265		
LAYOUT SHEET 5	196+00 209+17.62	2331	424	520	170	4	0	4	371.24		750	200	631		
T	OTAL	10137	1859	1946	591	15	4	14	2213.21	150	3516	840	2150	120	400

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES



CONT	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
0271	16	167	IH610
STATE DIST. NO.	COUN	TY	SHEET NO.
HOLL	HARE	215	1.4

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

Texas Dep

Texas Department of Transportation

Standard

JCTION

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

DC	<b>\</b> 1	,	۷ -		
E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T:	¢DOT	CK: TXDOT (	om: TxDO	CK: IXDOI
TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	J08		H [ GHRAY
-03 7-13	0271	16	167		IH610
-07 8-14	DIST COUNTY SH		SHEET NO.		
-10 5-21	12		HARRIS		15

TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS ROAD WORK AHEAD ROAD WORK ← NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES ← END ROAD WORK (Optional CW20-1D CROSSROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK ◆ NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES ◆ AHEAD END ROAD WORK G20-1gT CW20-1D (Optional see Note

- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under 'Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"), See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may amit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroods. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroods to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

ROAD

WORK

CW20-1D

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE \* \* G20-9TP \* \* R20-5T FINES IDOUBLE ROAD WORK G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY ➾ G20-1bTR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-25T \* \* Limit \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T FINES \* \* R20-5T IDOUBLE END ROAD WORK  $\times$   $\times$  R20-5aTP

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also), The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left grow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right grow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

SIZE

SPACING

3126			
Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
		МРН	Feet (Apprx.)
48" × 48"	48" × 48"	30	120
70 2 70		35	160
		40	240
		45	320
36" × 36"	48" × 48"	50	400
		55	500 <sup>2</sup>
		60	600 ²
		65	700 <sup>2</sup>
48" × 48"	48" × 48"	70	800 <sup>2</sup>
		75	900 <sup>2</sup>
		80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
		*	* 3

- ¥ For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW201

CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7. CW8.

CW9, CW11

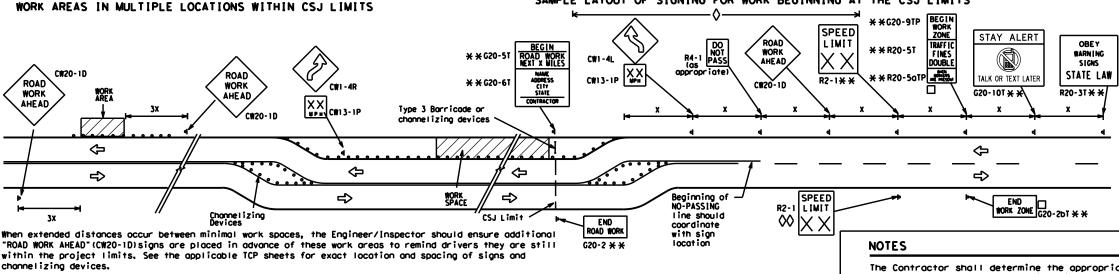
CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6,

CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



\* \*G20-9TP

¥ ¥R20-5T

¥ R20-5oTP ##EN

**SPEED** 

LIMIT

-CSJ Limi

BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES

\* \*G20-5T

\* \*G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 \* \*

ROAD

MILE,

C#20-1F

WORK

ZONE

FINES

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

STAY ALERT

ALK OR TEXT LATER

G20-10

OBEY

SIGNS

STATE LAW

➾

END G20-25T \* \*

R20-31

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- ☐ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND							
I	Type 3 Barricade							
000	Channelizing Devices							
<b>þ</b>	Sign							
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.							

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2) - 21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T:	kDOT	CK: TXDOT DA:	TxDOT	CK: TXDOT
(C) 1×001	November 2002	CONT	SECT	906	н	GHBAY
	REVISIONS	0271	16	167		IH610
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	12		HARRIS		16
00						

ROAD

CLOSED R11-2

Type 3

devices

Barricade or

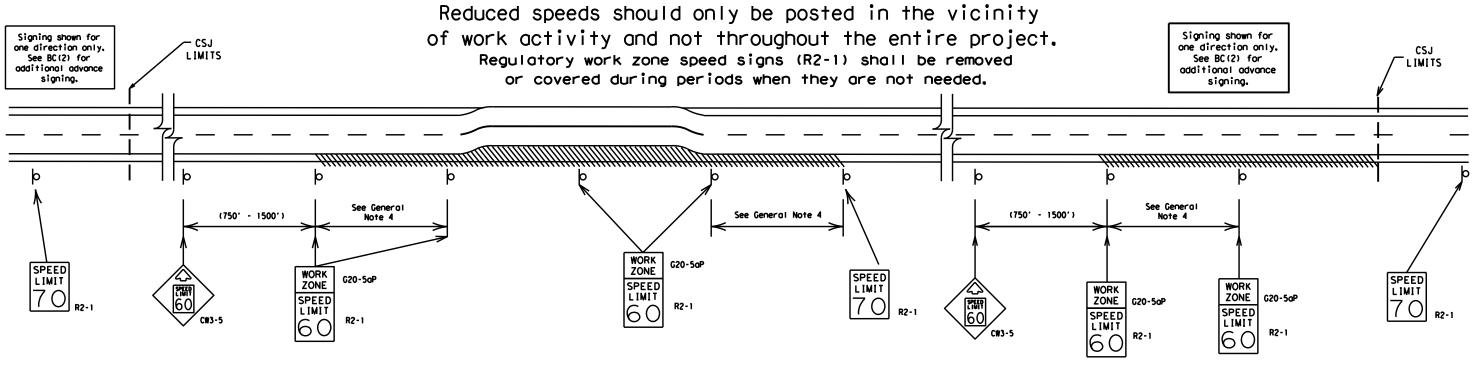
channelizina

CW13-1P

Channelizing Devices

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
   A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter,
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

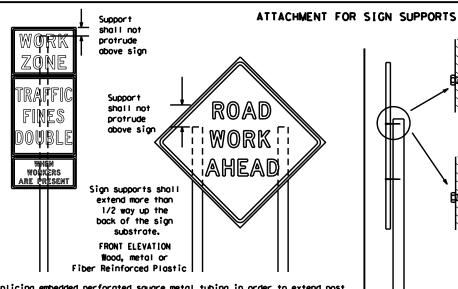
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	Die Tx	DOT	CK: TXDOT DO	: TxDOT	CK1 IXDOI
(C) 1×001	November 2002	CONT SECT JOB HIGH		(GHRAY		
	REVISIONS	0271	16	167		IH610
9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
7-13	3-41	12		HARRIS		17

97

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min, XX MPH 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 0, -6, 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. 9.0' max. greater Paved Paved shou I der shoul de

> \* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support, Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

SIDE ELEVATION Wood

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

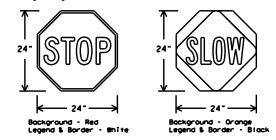
procedures for attaching sign

substrates to other types of

sign supports

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)									
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL							
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING							
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE BFL OR CFL SHEETING							
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING							
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM							

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOCO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question recording installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- ldentification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour,
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlop shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
   The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
  Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
  Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.

  Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed
- along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



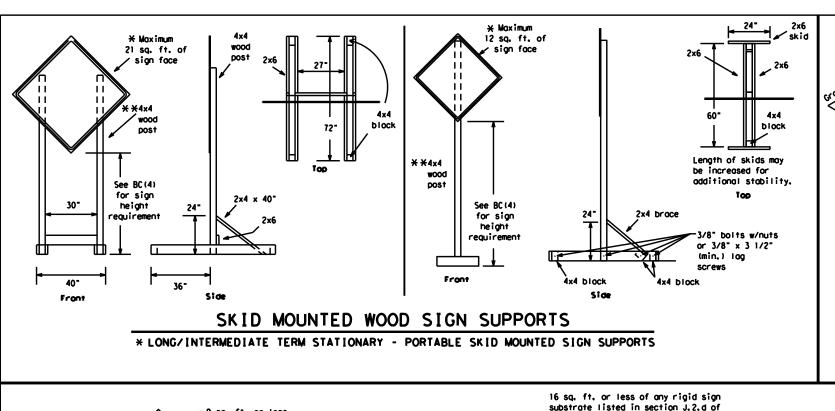
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

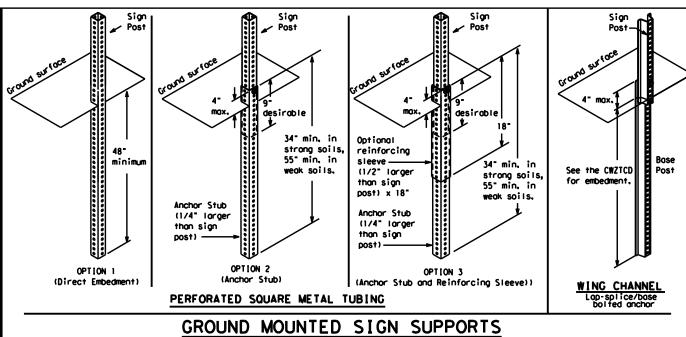
BC(4) - 21

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Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary of the swo statiourd sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)),

#### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12

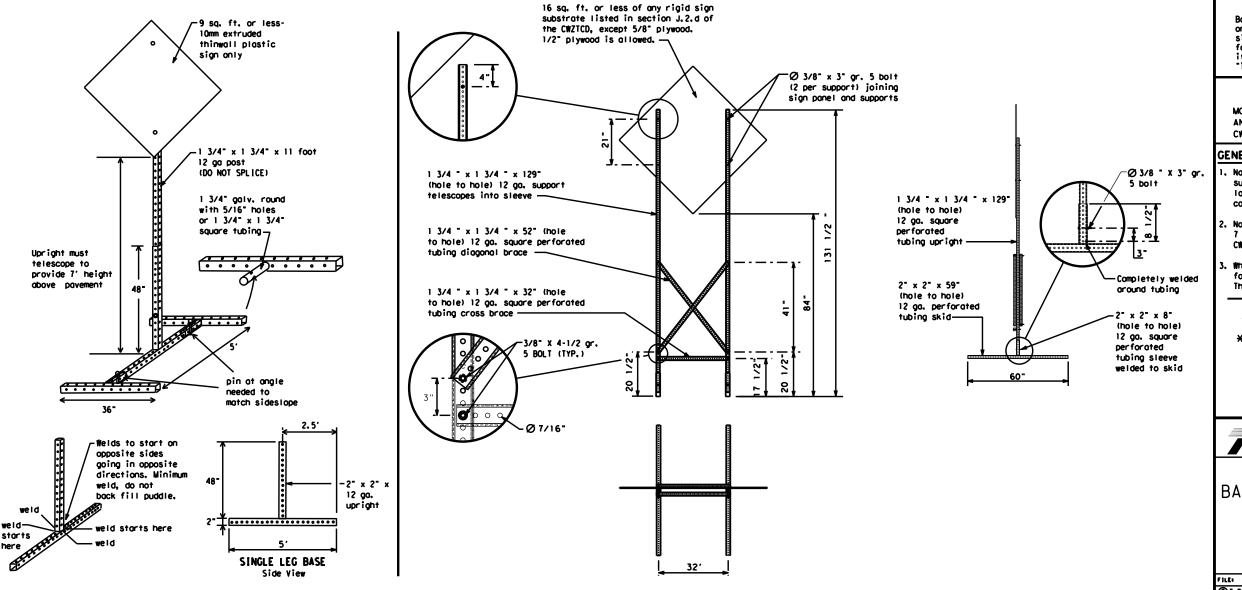


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5) - 21

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# SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS changeable message signs (PCMS).

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR, " "AT, " etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e.. "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.

  12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (,5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Rood	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	AL T	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK ING
CROSSING	XING		10
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday Saturday	SERV RD
East	E	Service Rood Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	000	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lone	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING		TRYLRS
Hazardous Materia	HAZMAT	Travelers	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	HWT	Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS		WARN
Information	INFO	Warning	WED.
it is	ITS	Wednesday Weight Limit	WED LIMIT
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	M. CIMI.
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	WILL MOT	I MOM I
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation = IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

MERGE

RIGHT

**DETOUR** 

X EXITS

EXIT XXX

STAY ON

IIS XXX

SOUTH

**TRUCKS** 

US XXX N

WATCH

TRUCKS

**EXPECT** 

DELAYS

REDUCE

SPEED

XXX FT

OTHER

ROUTES

STAY

LANE

Action to Take/Effect on Travel

List

FORM

X LINES

RIGHT

USE

XXXXX

RD EXIT

USE EXIT

I-XX

**NORTH** 

USE

I-XX F

TO I-XX N

WATCH

FOR

**TRUCKS** 

**EXPECT** 

DELAYS

PREPARE

TO

STOP

END

**SHOUL DER** 

USE

WATCH

FOR

WORKERS

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phose Lists".

Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

"Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft, Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

# WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Location

List

FM XXXX

BEFORE

RAILROAD

CROSSING

NEXT

MILES

PAST

US XXX

EXIT

**XXXXXXX** 

TO

**XXXXXXX** 

US XXX

FM XXXX

- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CM20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute
- for, or replace that sign, 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

\* \* Advance

Notice List

TUE-FRI

XX AM-

X PM

APR XX-

X PM-X AM

BEGINS

MONDAY

BEGINS

MAY XX

MAY X-X

XX PM -

XX AM

NFXT

FRI-SUN

XX AM

TO

XX PM

NEXT

TUE

AUG XX

TONIGHT

XX AM

XX PM-

Warning

List

**SPEED** 

LIMIT

XX MPH

**MAXTMUM** 

SPEED

XX MPH

MINIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

**ADVISORY** 

SPEED

XX MPH

RIGHT

LANE

EXIT

CAUTION

DRIVE

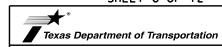
SAFELY

DRIVE

WITH

CARE

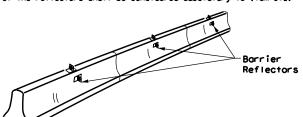
\* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6) - 21

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7-13	5-21	12		HARRIS		20



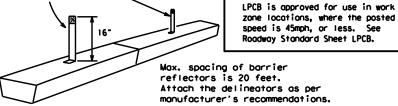
# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of
- the barrier, as shown in the detail above.

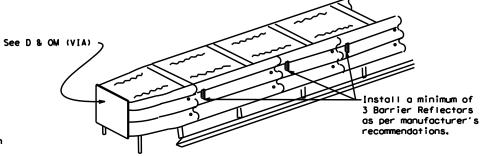
  4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match
- the edgeline being supplemented.
  7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- by the Engineer.

  11.Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.





#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



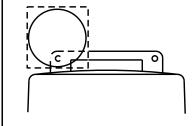
#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apparopriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

## BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Floshing Worning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B<sub>FL</sub> or C<sub>FL</sub> Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".

  5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.

  6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.

#### 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

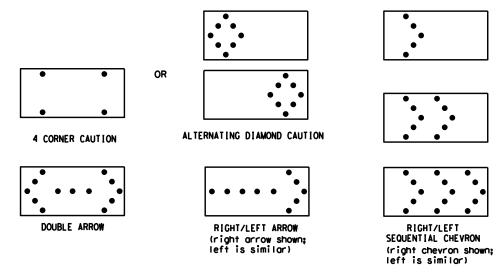
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series,
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the toper to the end of the merging toper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans,
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
   Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Floshing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.

  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.

  14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM Size	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

## FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or
- Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA,



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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# GENERAL NOTES 1. For long term stationary work zones on

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- The primary channelizing device.

  2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42° two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMVTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

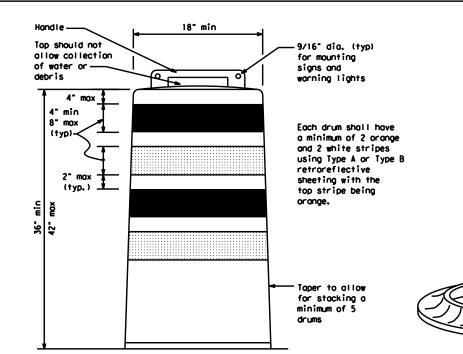
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

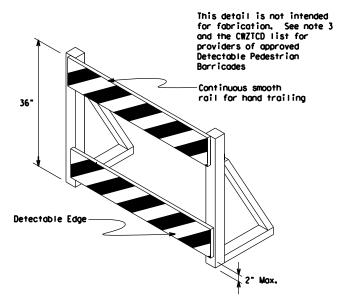
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs, of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs, and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

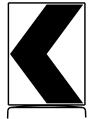




#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TIC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Dispersions (Sidewalk Detector)
- Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.

  2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricodes similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disobilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8° nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Troffic Lone Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub>Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

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Texas Department of Transportation

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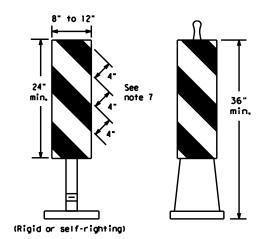
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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8" to 12" 8" to 12 8" to 12" VP-1F **VP-1** Base /Sur face 1811 ⇉ Self-righting 12" minimum Suppor ' embedment depth FIXED (Rigid or self-righting) DRIVEABLE

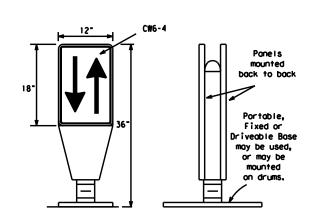


PORTABLE

- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

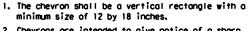
  5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an achesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

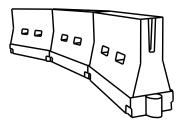


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be arange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

#### CHEVRONS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricode rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) croshworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.

  3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH. urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30′	60,	
35	L = WS2	2051	2251	245'	35′	70 <i>°</i>	
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80,	
45		4501	4951	540'	45′	90 <i>,</i>	
50		500'	550'	600,	50′	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55 <i>°</i>	110'	
60	L-W5	600'	6601	720'	60′	120'	
65		650'	7151	7801	65′	130′	
70		700'	770'	840'	70′	140'	
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	
80		800,	880,	9601	80′	160′	

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Toper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

#### SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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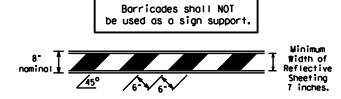
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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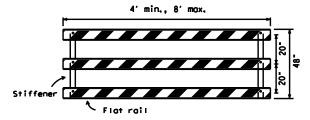
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# TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricodes and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricode. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs, Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact, Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

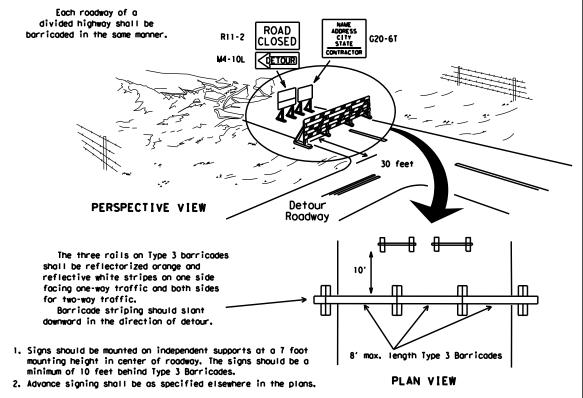


#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



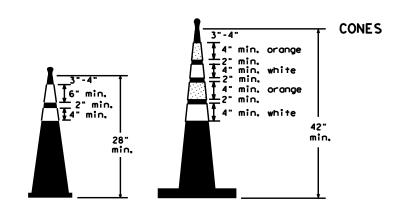
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

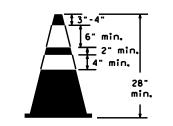
#### TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

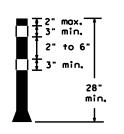


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector A minimum of the be used ocross  $\Theta$ increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



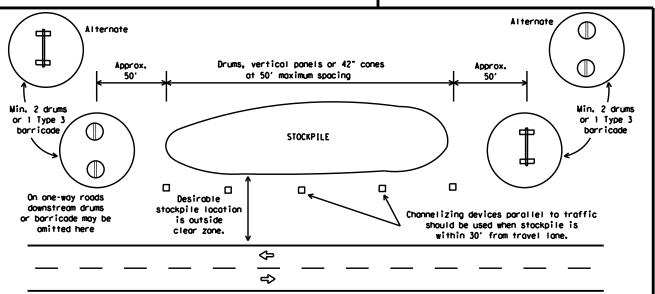




Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

#### SHEET 10 OF 12

1. Where positive redirectional



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised payement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated payement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated povement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

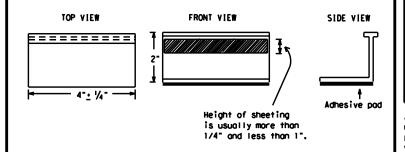
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

#### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup. run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised payement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pod for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete sur faces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tobs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

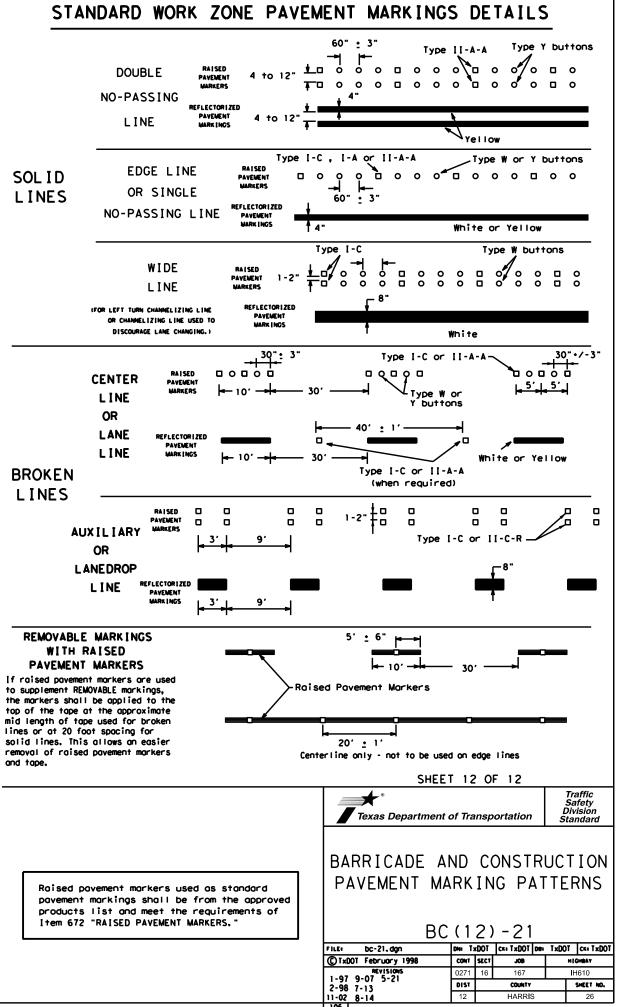


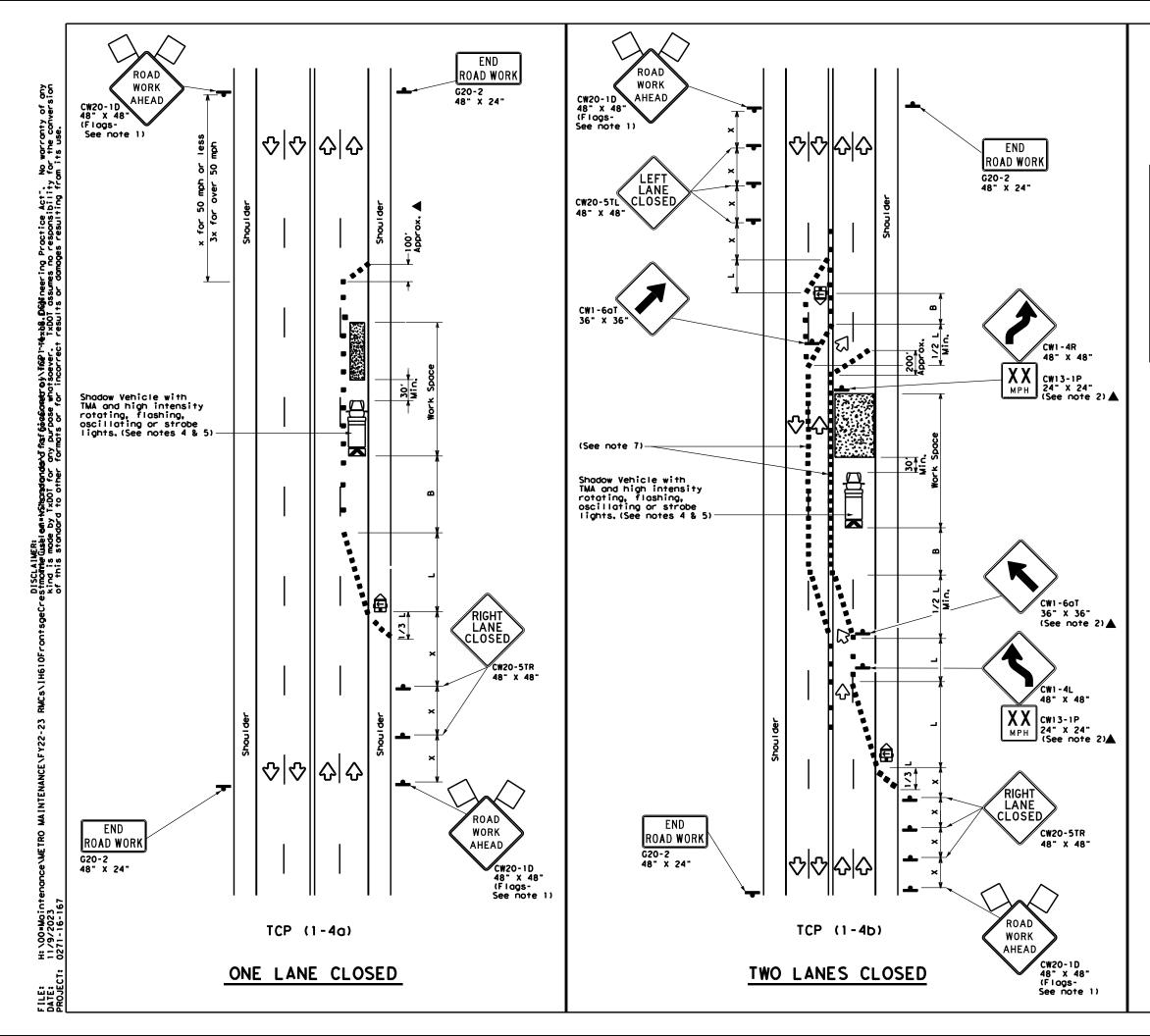
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

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FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	kDOT	CK: TXDOT DA:	TxDOT	Cx1 1×DO1
© 1xDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	906	HIGHBAY	
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2-98 9-07 5-21   1-02 7-13	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
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#### PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12"- Type II-A-A 10 to 12" `Yellow Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A $\Diamond$ 0000000000000000 \$\frac{1}{4 \tau\_0 8"} buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type W buttons-•••••• Type I-C or II-C-R 00000 00000 Type I-A Type Y buttons <u>oʻnoonnoojnoonnoonnoonnoojnoonnoon</u> ➾ Type Y buttons-➾ Type I-A-00000 Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons-00000 മാമാവ് 00000 Type II-A-A $\langle \rangle$ Type Y buttons \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ➾ 00000 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS **₩** 00000 Type Y buttons-0 0 0 ➪ ➪ 00000 00000 00000 ₹> Type W buttons-└Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE





	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ъ	Flagger								

_						•			
Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*	*		11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	1501	1651	180'	30′	60'	120'	90 <i>,</i>	
35	L= WS2	205	225'	245	35′	70'	160'	120'	
40	80	2651	295'	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′	
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90'	320′	195′	
50		500'	550′	600,	50 <i>′</i>	100'	400'	240'	
55	L=WS	550°	6051	660'	55′	110'	500'	295′	
60	L = W 3	600,	660′	720'	60,	120'	600'	350′	
65		650'	715′	780'	65′	130′	700′	410'	
70		700'	770′	840'	701	140'	800,	475′	
75		750°	8251	900,	75′	150′	900,	540′	

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY											
	1	1									

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

  3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.

  4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

#### TCP (1-4a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### CP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



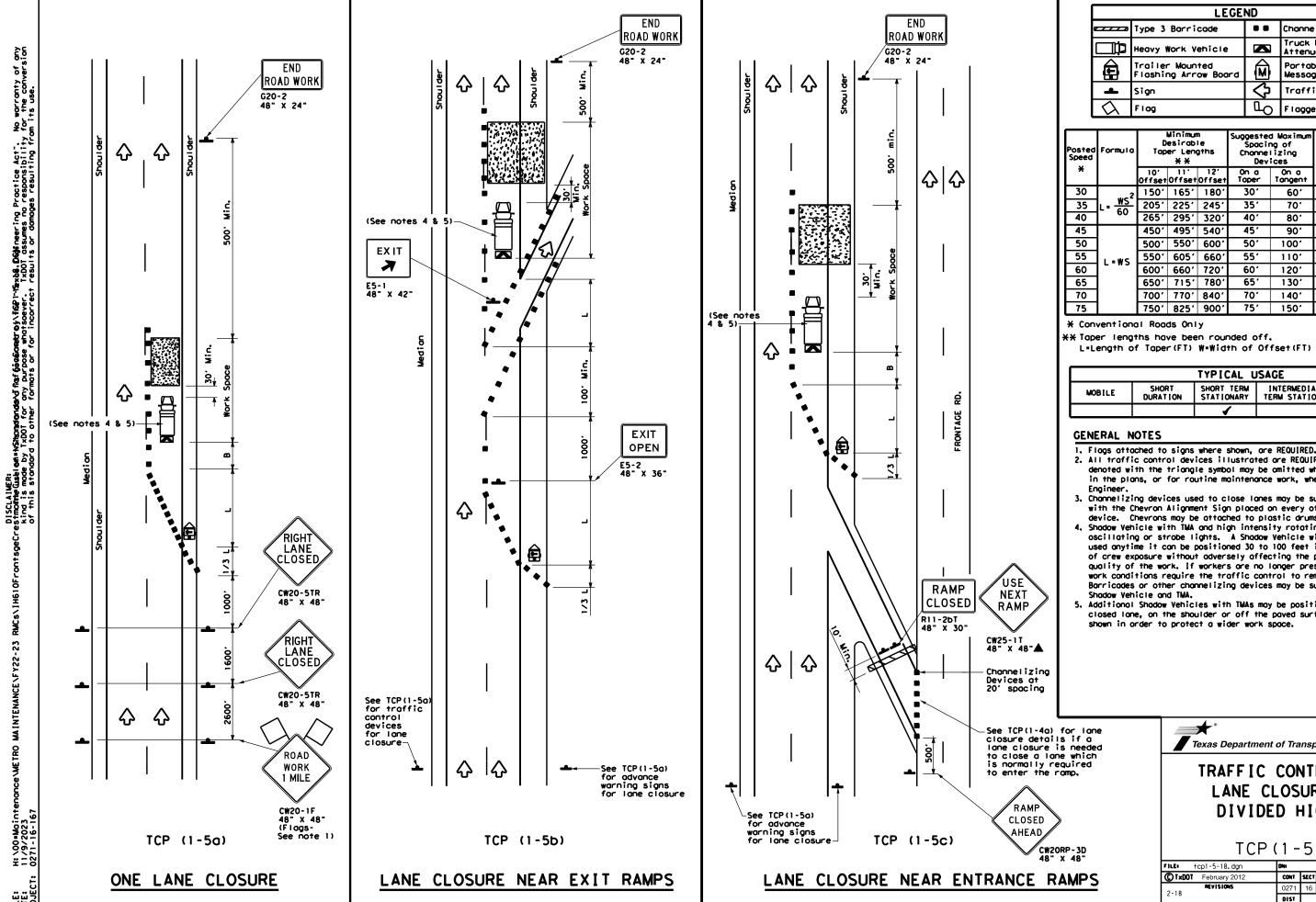
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE
CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

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154



Channelizing Devices ruck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Traffic Flow Flagger

Posted Form	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable per Lengths **		Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90 <i>'</i>
35	L= WS2	2051	225'	245'	35 <i>°</i>	70'	160'	120'
40	80	2651	2951	320,	40′	80'	240'	1551
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90,	3201	1951
50		5001	550′	600,	50 <i>°</i>	100'	4001	240'
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55 <i>°</i>	110'	500′	295′
60	L-W3	600,	660'	720'	60′	120'	600,	350′
65		650′	715'	7801	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	770	8401	70′	140'	8001	475′
75		7501	8251	900,	75′	150'	900,	540′

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
		<b>√</b>								

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the

3. Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.

- 4. Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those

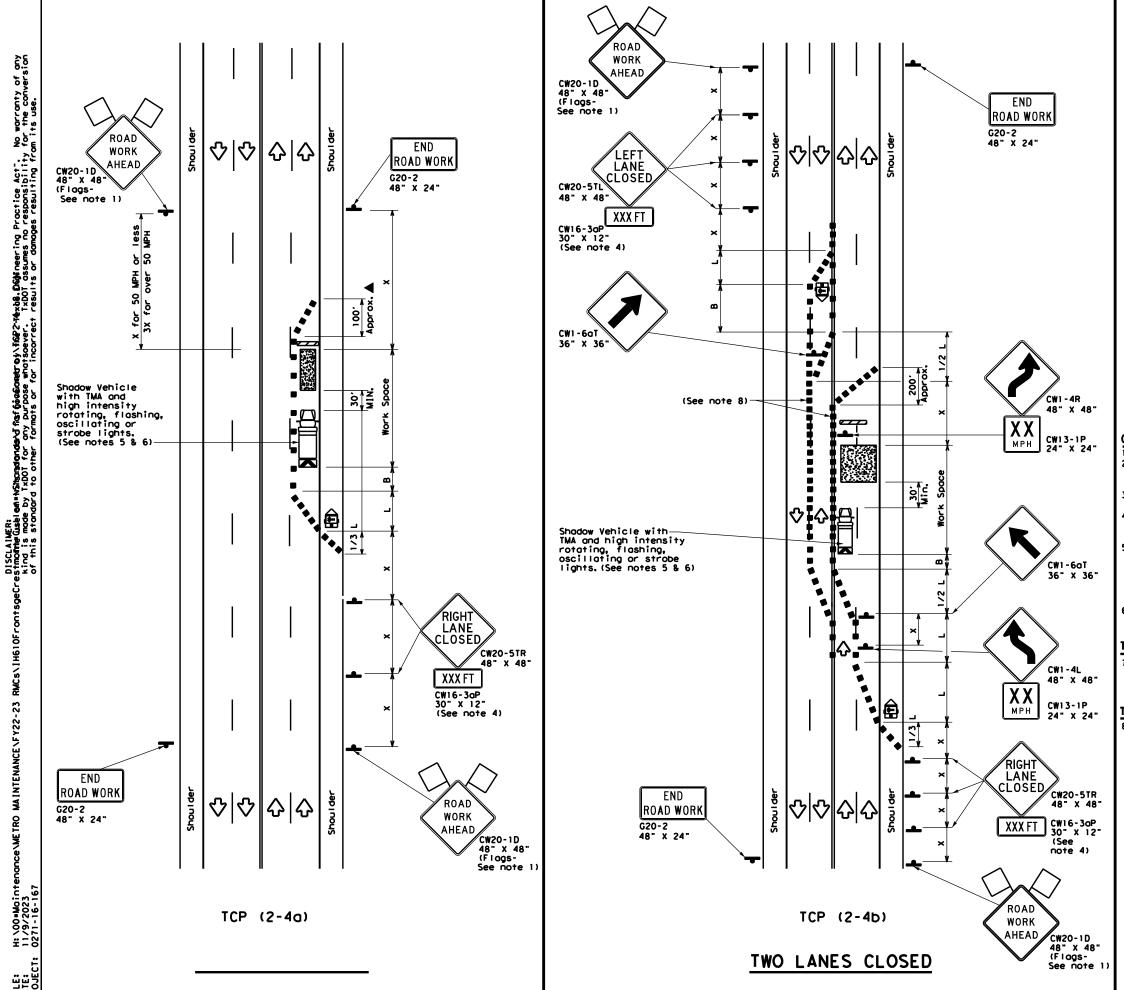
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(1-5)-18

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	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger								

	<u> </u>	·ug								
Speed	Formula	Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths **			Desirable Spacing of Channelizing				Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-		
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30′	60'	120'	90 <i>,</i>		
35	L = WS2	2051	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120′		
40	80	265'	2951	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′		
45		4501	495′	540′	45′	90'	320'	1951		
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	1001	4001	240′		
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55 <i>°</i>	110'	500′	295′		
60	L-W3	600,	660,	720'	60′	120'	600,	350′		
65		6501	715′	780'	65′	130'	700′	410'		
70		700'	770′	8401	70′	140'	800,	475′		
75		750°	8251	900,	75′	150′	900,	540 <i>′</i>		

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
  2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- . For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- . A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work, If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lone, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

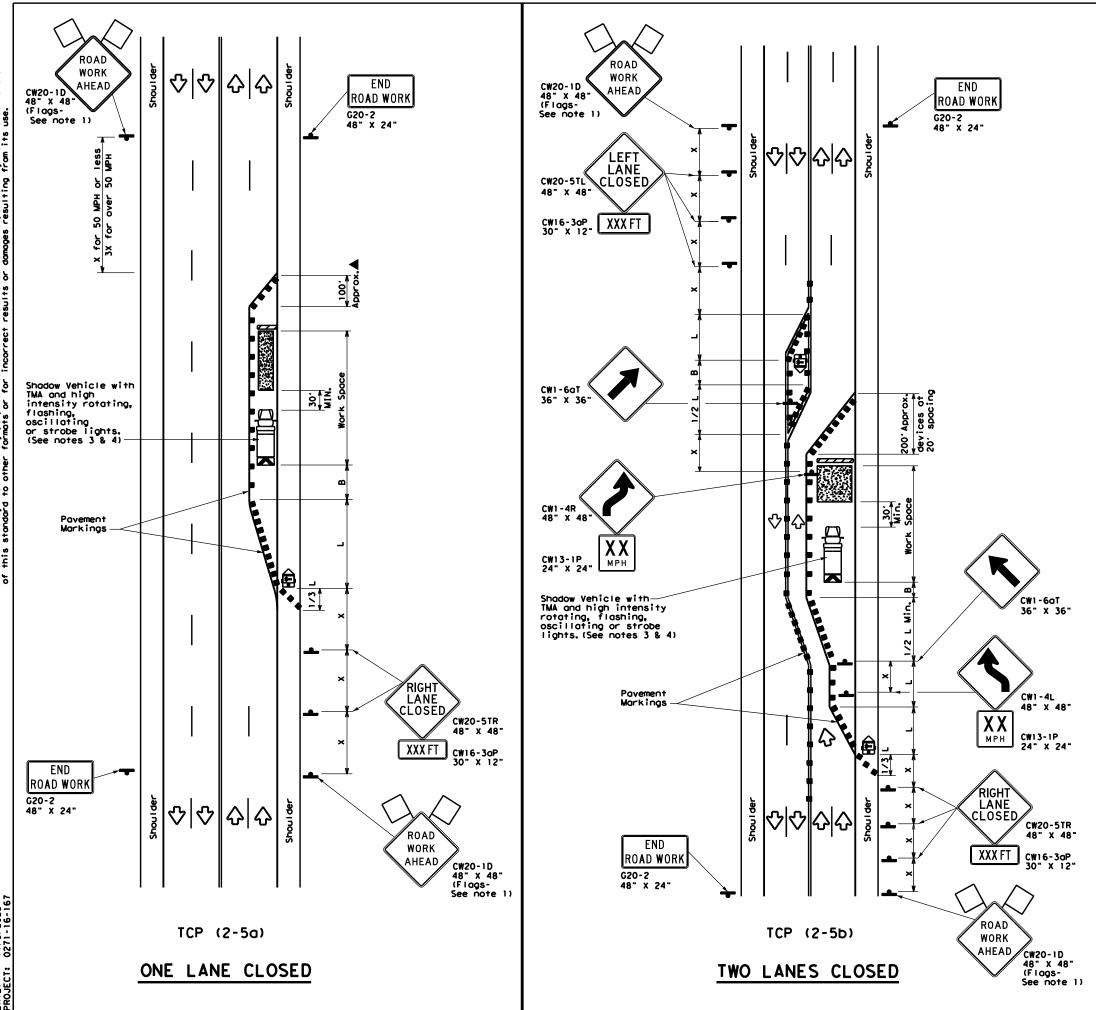


Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

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1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	12		HARRI	6	29



	LEGEND							
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>₩</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger					

	<u> </u>				<u>'</u> '	<u> </u>	, <del>,,</del>	
Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-
30	. <u>ws</u> 2	1501	1651	1801	30,	60,	1201	<b>90</b> ,
35	L • WS	2051	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	60	2651	295′	3201	40'	80'	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90,	320′	1951
50		500'	550'	600,	50'	100'	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660,	55′	110'	500'	295′
60	L-W3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600,	350 <i>′</i>
65		650'	715	7801	65′	130'	7001	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	8001	475'
75		750°	8251	900,	75′	150′	900 <i>,</i>	540 <i>′</i>

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA, Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each
- closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

  The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

TCP (2-50)

If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting povement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.

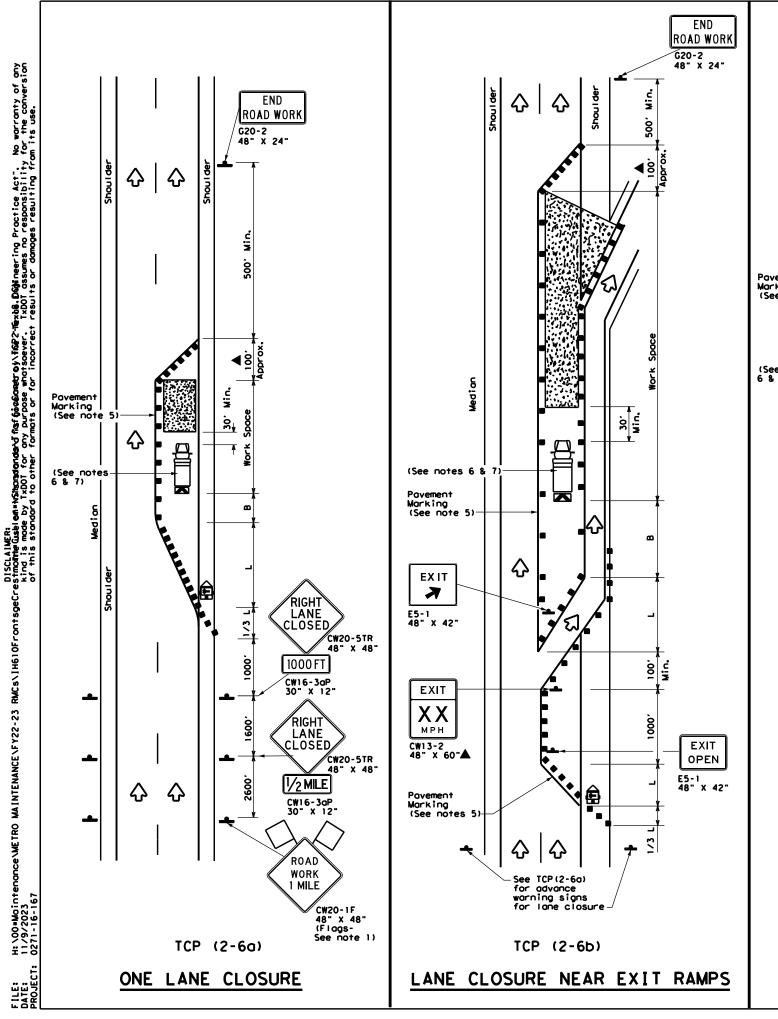


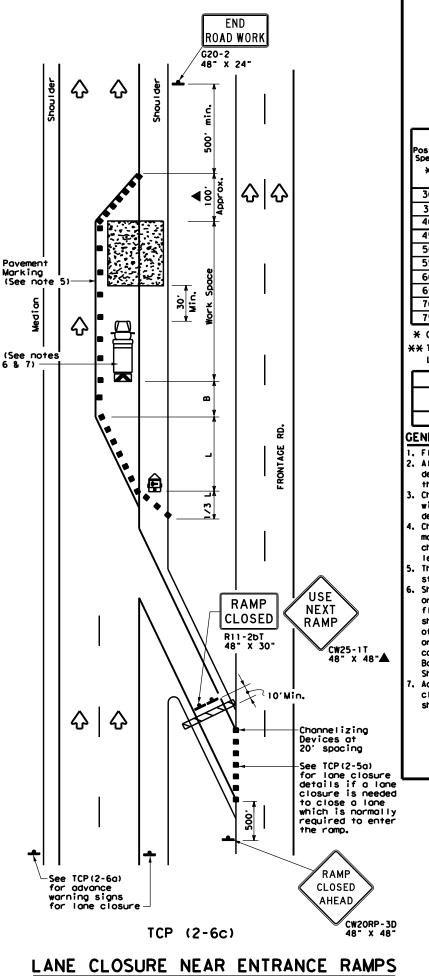
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LONG TERM LANE CLOSURES
MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL RDS.

TCP(2-5)-18

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LEGEND							
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger				

	<u> </u>					, , ,,		
Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Specing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30'	60'	1201	90,
35	L= WS2	2051	2251	245'	35′	701	160'	120′
40	60	265'	2951	320'	40'	80,	240'	1551
45		4501	4951	540'	45′	90,	320′	1951
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100'	4001	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660,	55 <i>°</i>	110'	500′	295 <i>°</i>
60	L-W3	600,	660'	720'	60'	120'	600,	350′
65		650 <i>°</i>	715'	7801	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800,	475'
75		750°	8251	900,	75 <i>°</i>	150′	900,	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
			1	<b>√</b>				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

Texas Department of Transportation

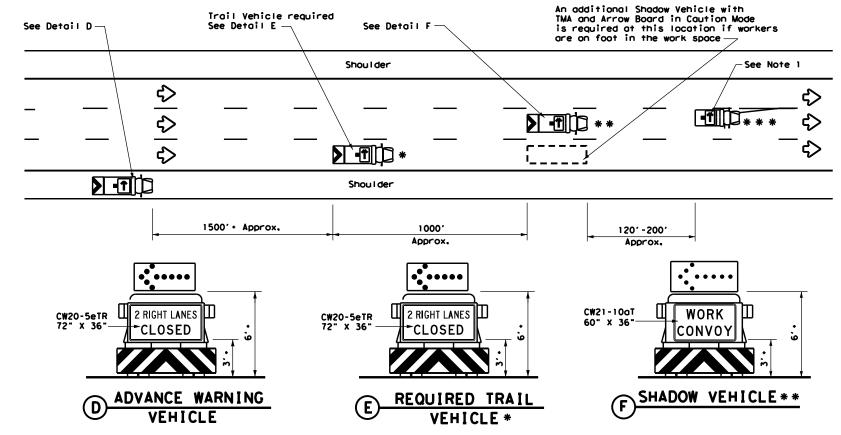
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

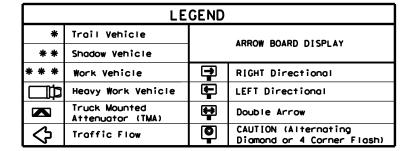
TCP(2-6)-18

tcp2-6-18.dgn		Date		CR1	Diffs	CR1
C 1×DO1	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H [ GHRAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98 8-95 2-12 1-97 2-18		0271	16	167		IH610
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		12	HARRIS		6	31

Not Good out of March 100 Notice Act. No worronty of ony burbose wintscever. I TADO I assumes no responsibility for the conversion muts or for incorrect results or domones resulting from its use.



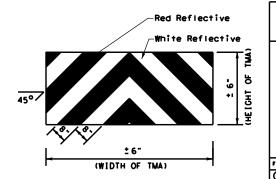
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)



TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
<b>4</b>								

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- 3. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- . Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp frequency.
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



STRIPING FOR TMA

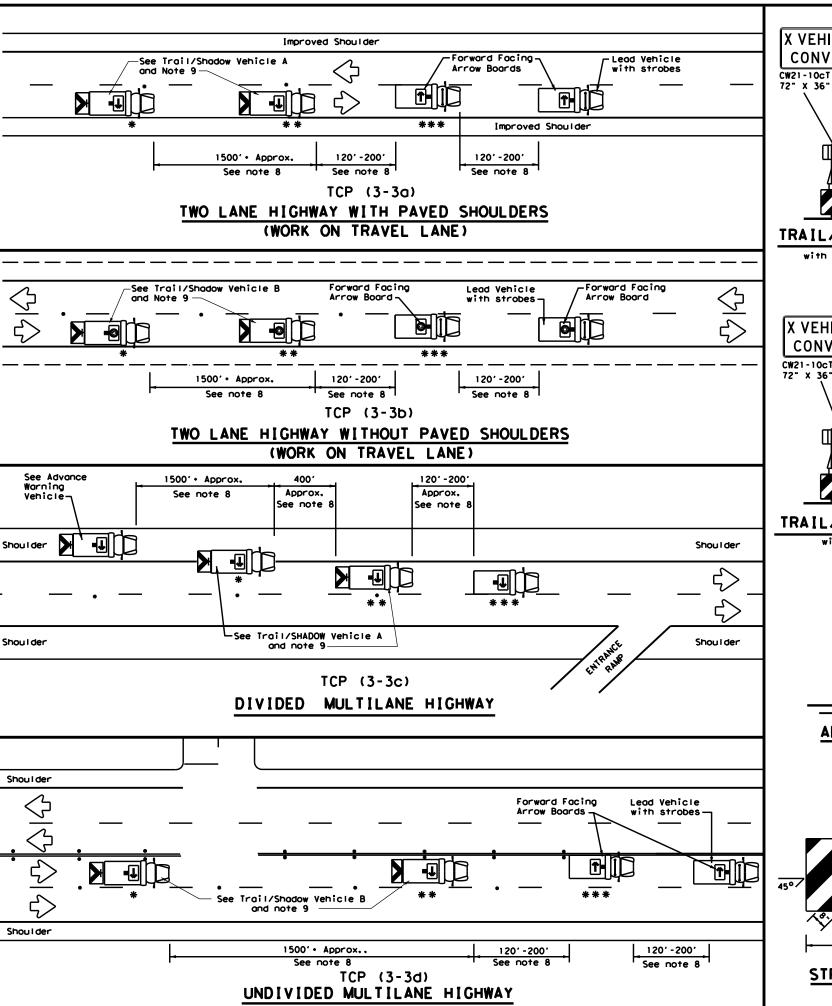


Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
MOBILE OPERATIONS
DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

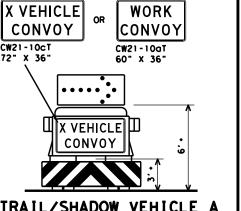
TCP(3-2)-13

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LE: tcp3-2.dgn	DN: T:	¢DOT	CK: TXDOT	Dir	TxDOT	CK: IXDOI
TxDOT December 1985	CONT SECT JOS		108	HIGHBAY		GHRAY
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-95 7-13	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
-97	12	HARRIS				32



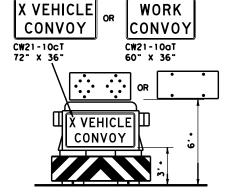
warranty of any the conversion

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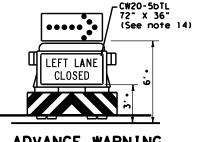
# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

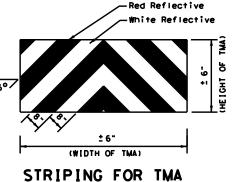


# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



LEGEND							
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* *	Shadow Vehicle						
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	4	LEFT Directional				
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow					
♦	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)				

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.

  The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING
- and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

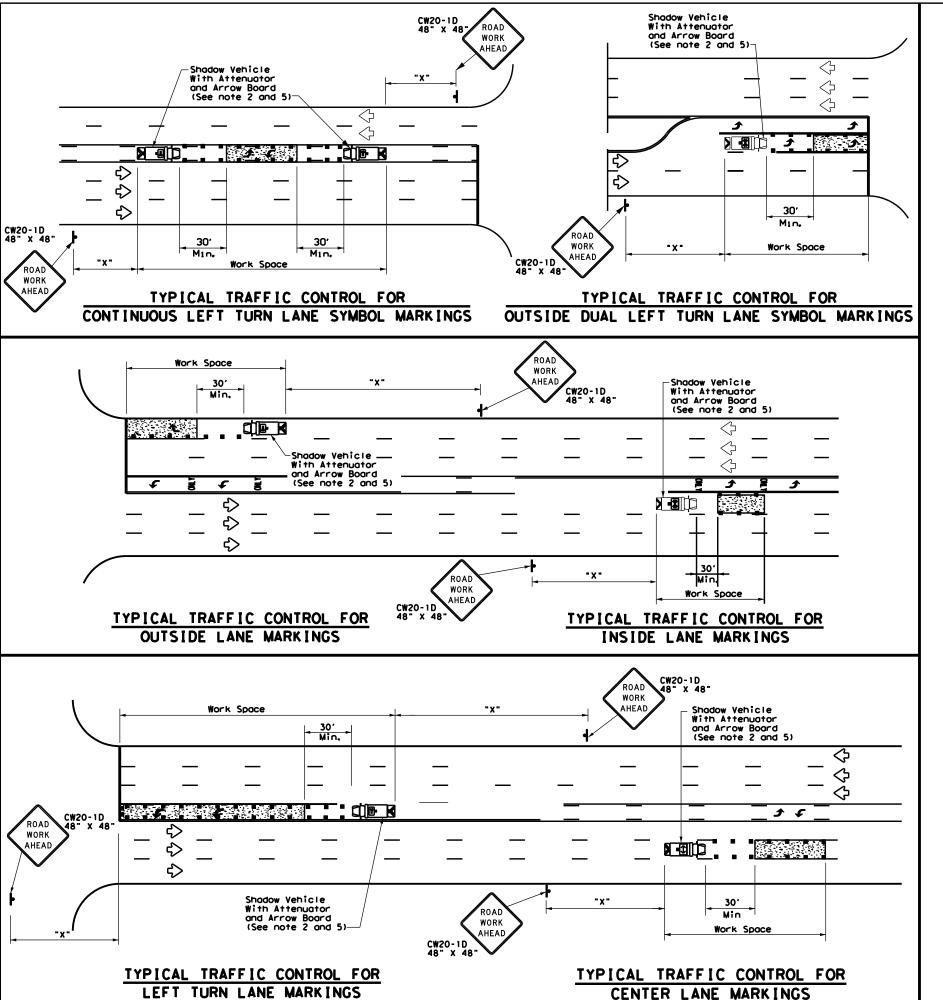
  Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle,
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available. 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes
- it necessary.
- 15. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operation Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

		_				
FILE:	tcp3-3.dgn	DNs T	kDOT	CK: TXDOT DE	n IxDO	T CK: TxDOT
C 1×DO1	September 1987	CONT SECT JOB HIGHNA		H   GHMAY		
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98 8-95 7-13		0271	16	167		IH610
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-	14	12		HARRIS		33



	LEGEND							
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow						
<b>⇔</b>	Traffic Flow		Channelizing Devices					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing -x-	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10° Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-
30	2	1501	1651	180'	30'	60'	1201	90,
35	L = WS2	2051	225'	2451	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265'	2951	3201	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		4501	495	540'	45′	90,	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600,	50'	100′	4001	240'
55	L=WS	550°	6051	660,	55′	110'	500 <i>°</i>	295 <i>'</i>
60	L-W3	600'	660'	7201	60,	120'	600,	350′
65		650°	715'	7801	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700'	7701	8401	701	140′	800,	475′
75		750°	8251	900,	75'	150'	900,	540′

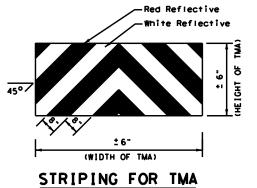
- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

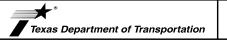
L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
<b>4</b>									

# GENERAL NOTES

- This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take longer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.
- 2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shadow Vehicle, Striping on the back panel of all truck mounted attenuators shall be 8" red and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification DMS-8300, Type A.
- All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- 4. The use of yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Standards. The arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.



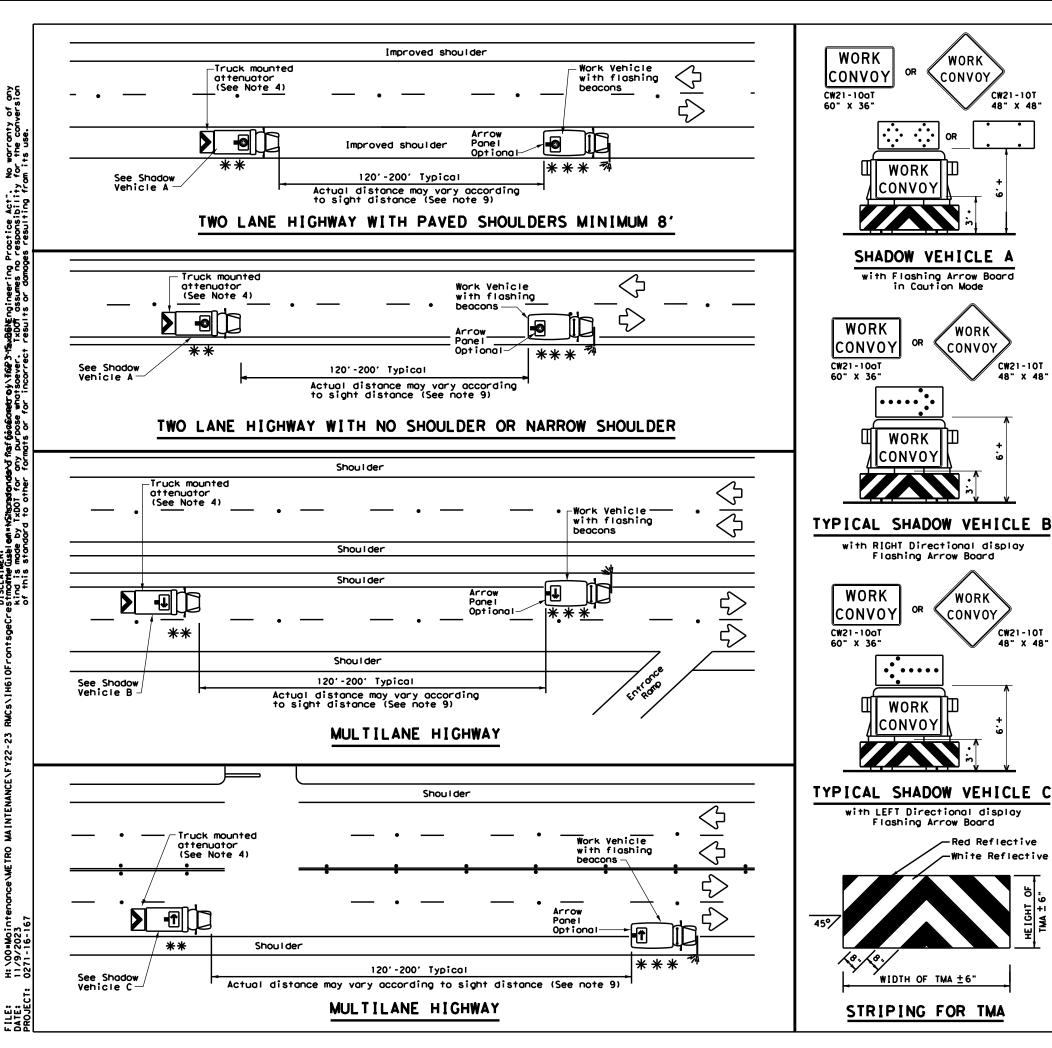


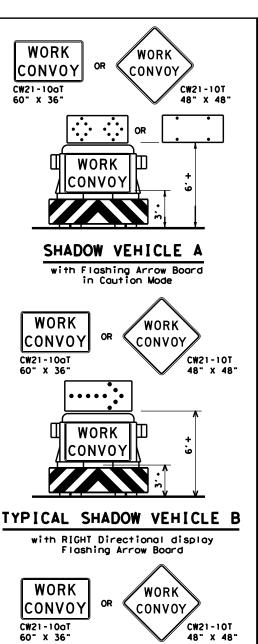
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
MOBILE OPERATIONS FOR
ISOLATED WORK AREAS
UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-4)-13

Division Standard

LE:	tcp3-4, dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK: TXDOT Dit:		TxDOT	CK: TXDOT
) T×DOT	July 2013	CONT	SECT	108		H [ GHBAY	
	REVISIONS	0271	71 16 167 IH61		1610		
		DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		12	12 HARRIS 34			34	





WORK CONVO

with LEFT Directional display

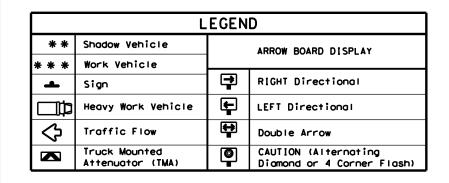
Flashing Arrow Board

WIDTH OF TMA ±6"

STRIPING FOR TMA

Red Reflective

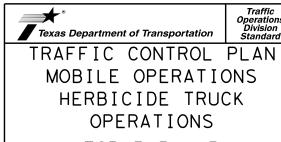
White Reflective



TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY					
1								

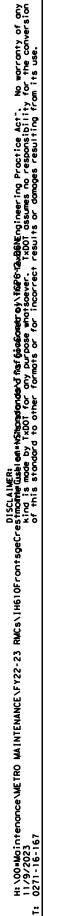
# **GENERAL NOTES**

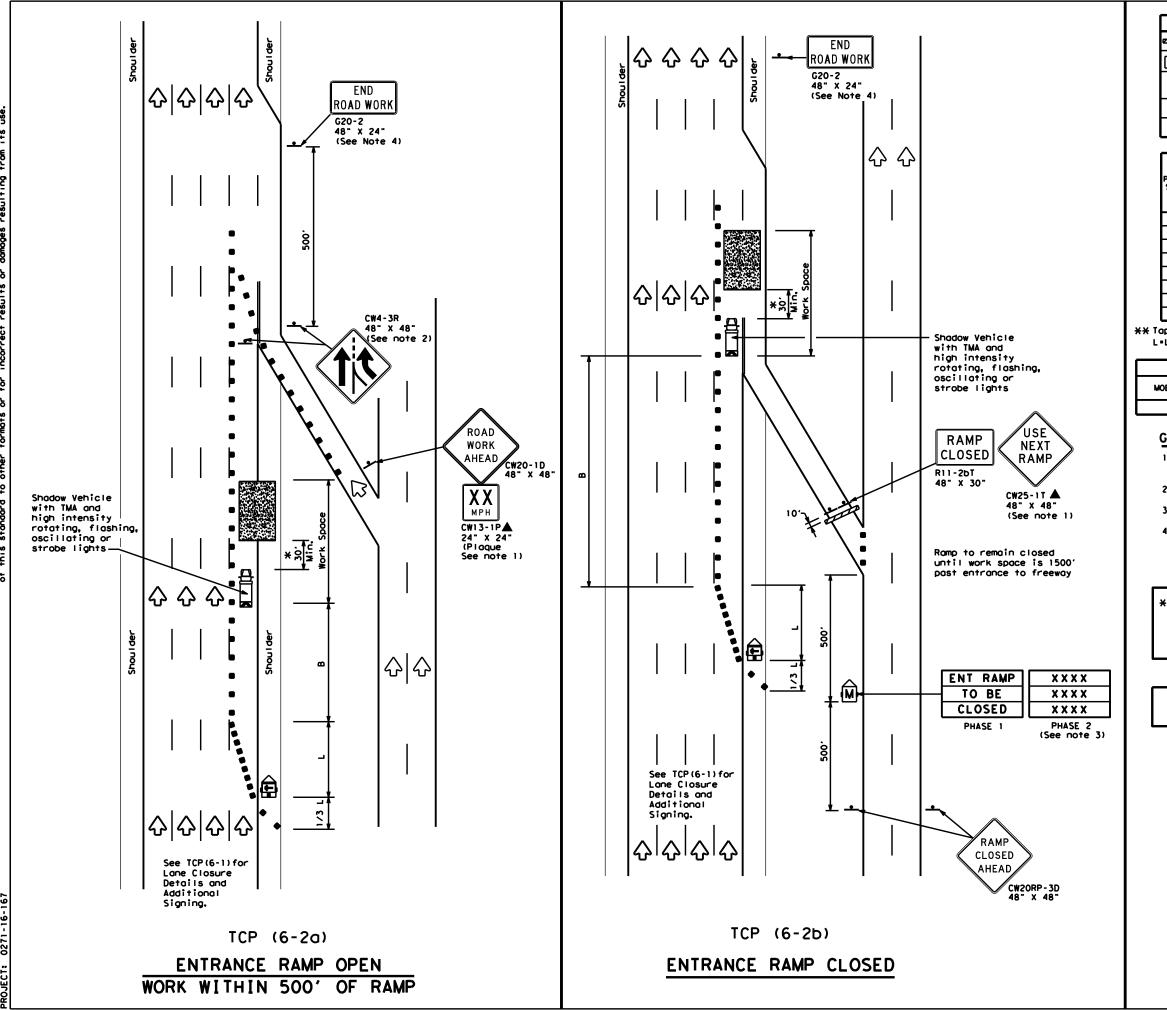
- 1. Vehicles shall be equipped with arrow panels as illustrated.
- All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 4. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the Shadow Vehicle
- 5. Striping on the back panel of all TMAs shall be 8" red reflective sheeting with white background, placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS-8300,
- 6. Flashing Arrow Panels shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Standards. The panel operation shall be controlled from inside the
- 7. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 8. When the work convoy must change lanes, the Shadow Vehicle should change lanes first to protect the Work Vehicle.
- 9. Spacing between Shadow and Work Vehicle will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the Shadow Vehicle in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the Work Convoy.
- 10. Use of an arrow panel on the Work Vehicle is optional but may be required by the Engineer. If an arrow panel is not used, dual flashing beacons, mounted as high and as widely separated as practicable at the rear of the Work Vehicle shall be required.
- 11. On two-lane two-way roadways, the Work and Shadow Vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass.
- 12. Work and Shadow Vehicles should stay on the shoulder of highways having 8' or wider shoulders when possible.
- 13. A Trail Vehicle may be added to the operation when approved by the Engineer. See TCP(3) series standards.



TCP(3-5)-15

LE: tcp3-5.dgn	Des TxDOT		CK: TXDOT Ditt		TxDOT	CK: TXDOT
T <b>xDOT</b> July 2015	CONT	SECT	J08		H [ GHBAY	
REVISIONS	0271	16 167 IH610		1610		
	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	12	12 HARRIS 35			35	





	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade	• •	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>£</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	⟨≌	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	4	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Desirable Space Toper Lengths "L" Chang		Spacii Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	-B-
45		450'	495'	540'	45′	90 <i>,</i>	195'
50		500'	5501	600'	50 <i>°</i>	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550°	6051	660'	55′	110'	295′
60	L - W 3	600,	660'	720'	60,	120'	350′
65		650'	715'	780'	65′	130′	410'
70		700'	770′	840'	701	140'	475′
75		750°	8251	900,	75′	150′	540 <i>°</i>
80		800,	880,	9601	80'	160'	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1	1						

# GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign
- between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.

  3. See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date
- and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.

  4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be amitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



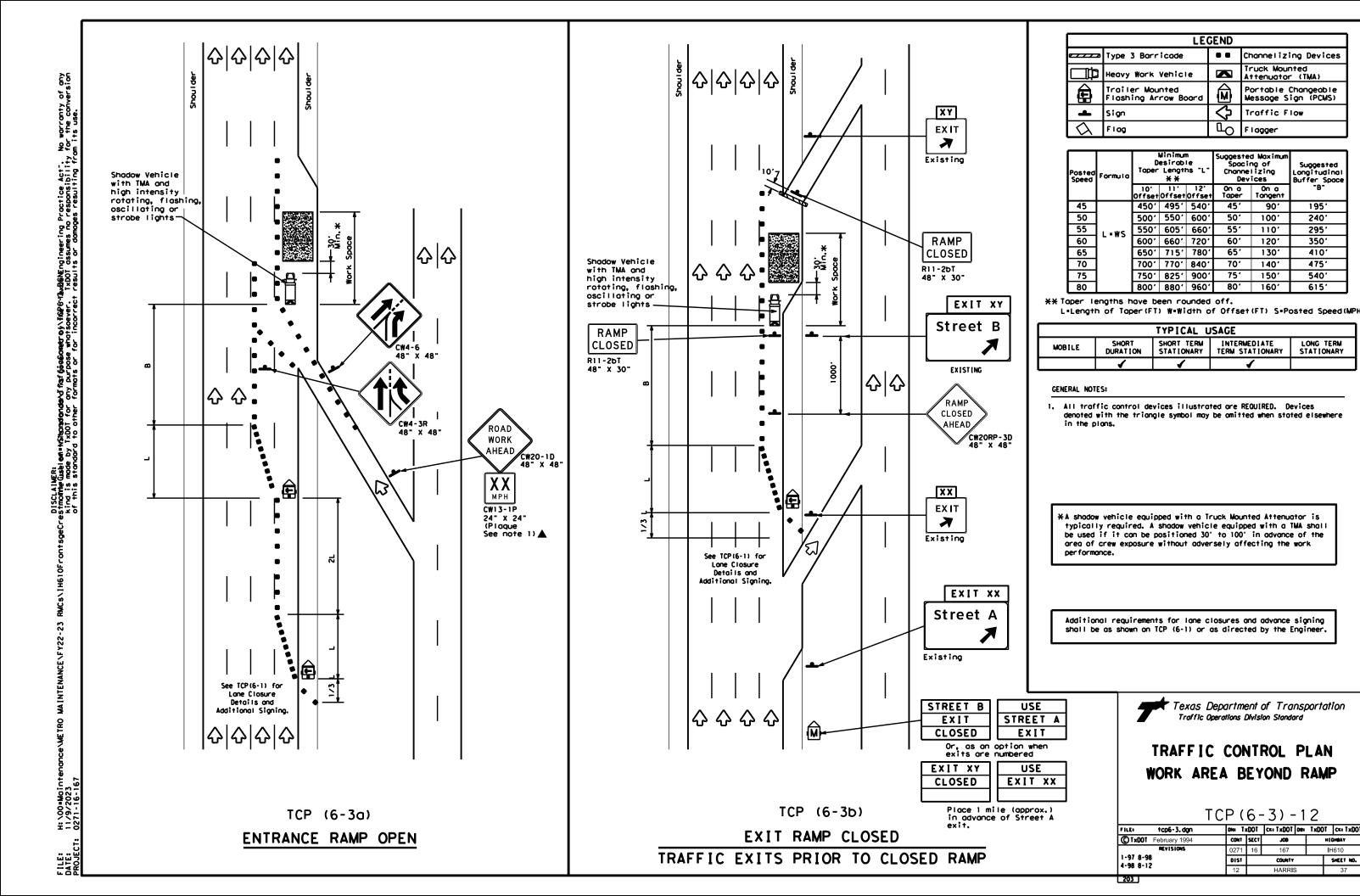
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

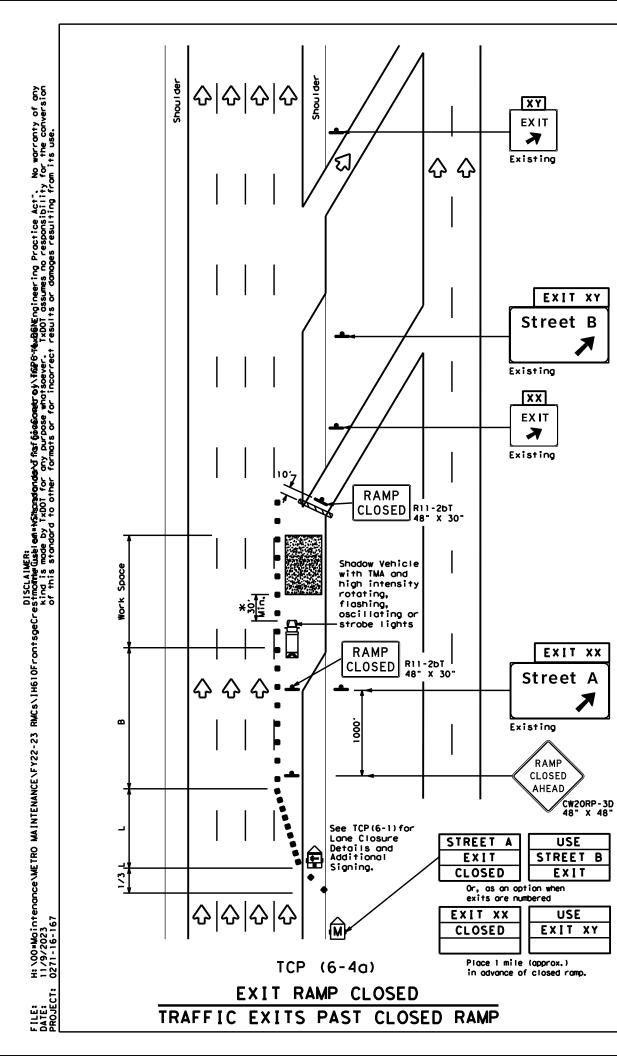
TCP(6-2)-12

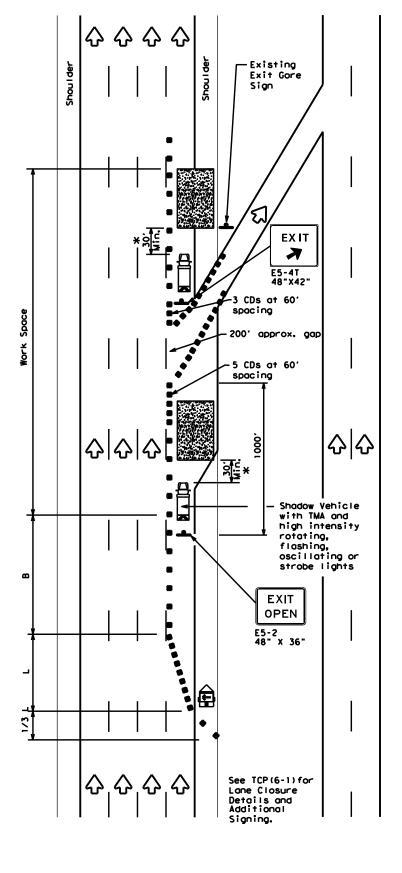
			_		_	
FILE:	tcp6-2.dgn	DN: T:	×DOT	CK1 TXDOT DR1	TxDOT	CK1 LXDOL
(C) 1×D01	February 1994	CONT	SECT	906	H(	GHRAY
	REVISIONS	0271	16	167	I	H610
1-97 8-98		DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
4-98 8	-12	12		HARRIS		36

20:



SHEET NO.





TCP (6-4b)

EXIT RAMP OPEN

	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade	•	Channelizing Devices (CDs)						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenugtor (TMA)						
<b>(</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>E</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
þ	Sign	٩	Traffic Flow						
Ø	Flag	S	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D Toper	Minimum esirab Lengti * *	le hs "L"	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	-B-
45		450°	4951	540'	45′	90,	195′
50		500'	550′	600,	50′	100'	240′
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110'	295′
60	L-W3	600,	660,	720'	60,	120'	350′
65		650'	715'	7801	65′	130′	410′
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475′
75		750°	8251	900,	75′	150′	540 <i>′</i>
80		800'	880,	9601	80,	160′	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL L	ISAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1	1	

# GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC Standards for sign details.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer,

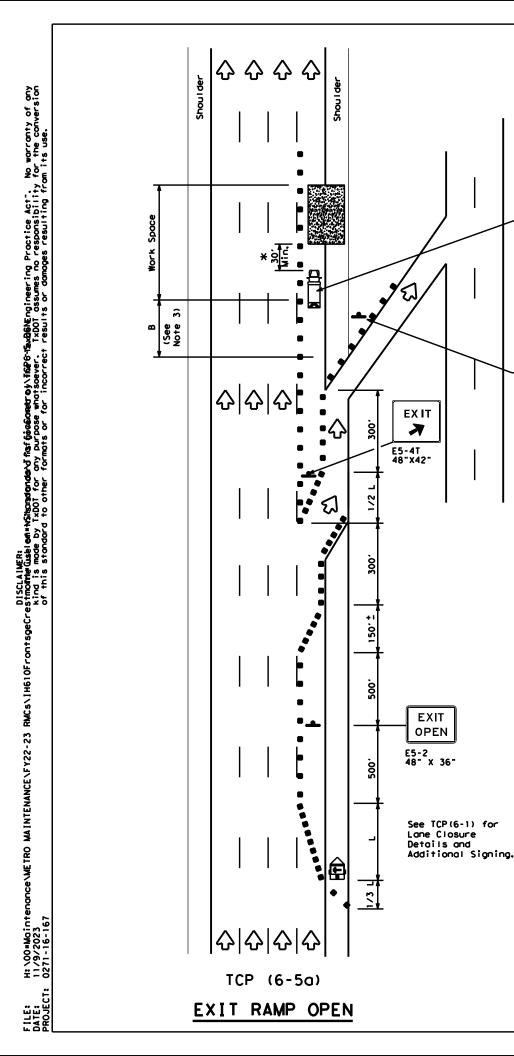


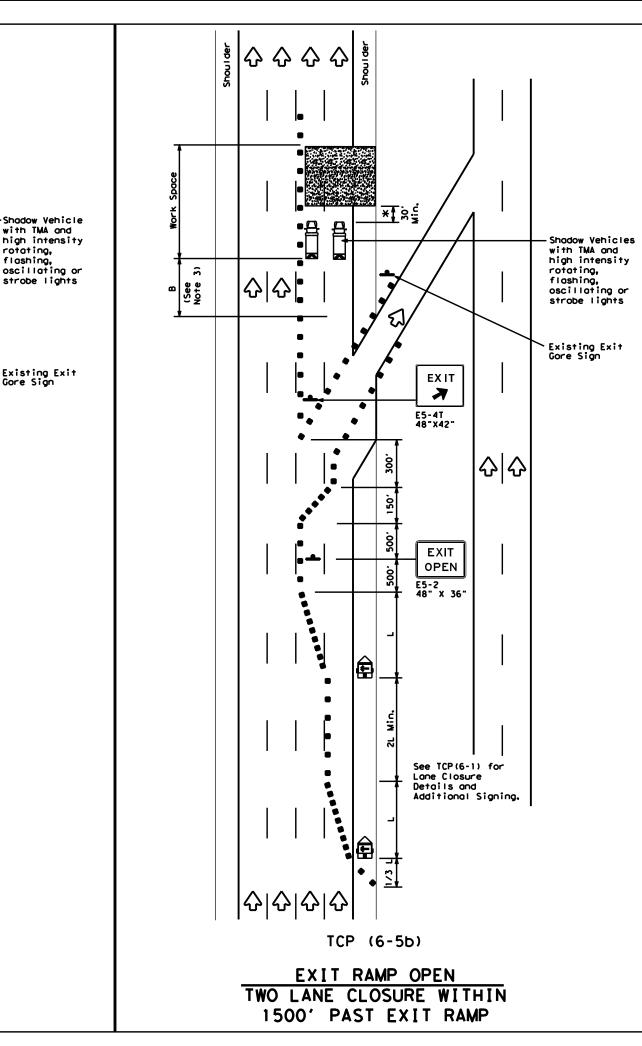
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP(6-4)-12

FILE: tcp6-4.dgn	Des TxD	ЮŢ	CK: TXDOT DW:	TxDOT	CK: TXDOT	
<b>C I</b> x <b>DOI</b> February 1994	COMT S	ECT	108	HIGHBAY		
REVISIONS	0271	0271 16 167		ll ll	IH610	
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-12	12	HARRIS			38	
204						





rotating, flashing, oscillating or

strobe lights

Existing Exit Gore Sign

	LEGEND								
<del></del>	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>⊕</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
þ	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	* * Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	-B-
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90,	1951
50		500'	550′	600,	50'	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55 <i>°</i>	110'	295′
60	L-W3	600,	660'	720'	60,	120'	350′
65		650'	715'	7801	65′	130′	410'
70		700'	770′	8401	701	140′	475′
75		750°	8251	900,	75′	150′	540°
80		800,	880'	9601	80,	160'	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL U	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1	<b>√</b>	

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer

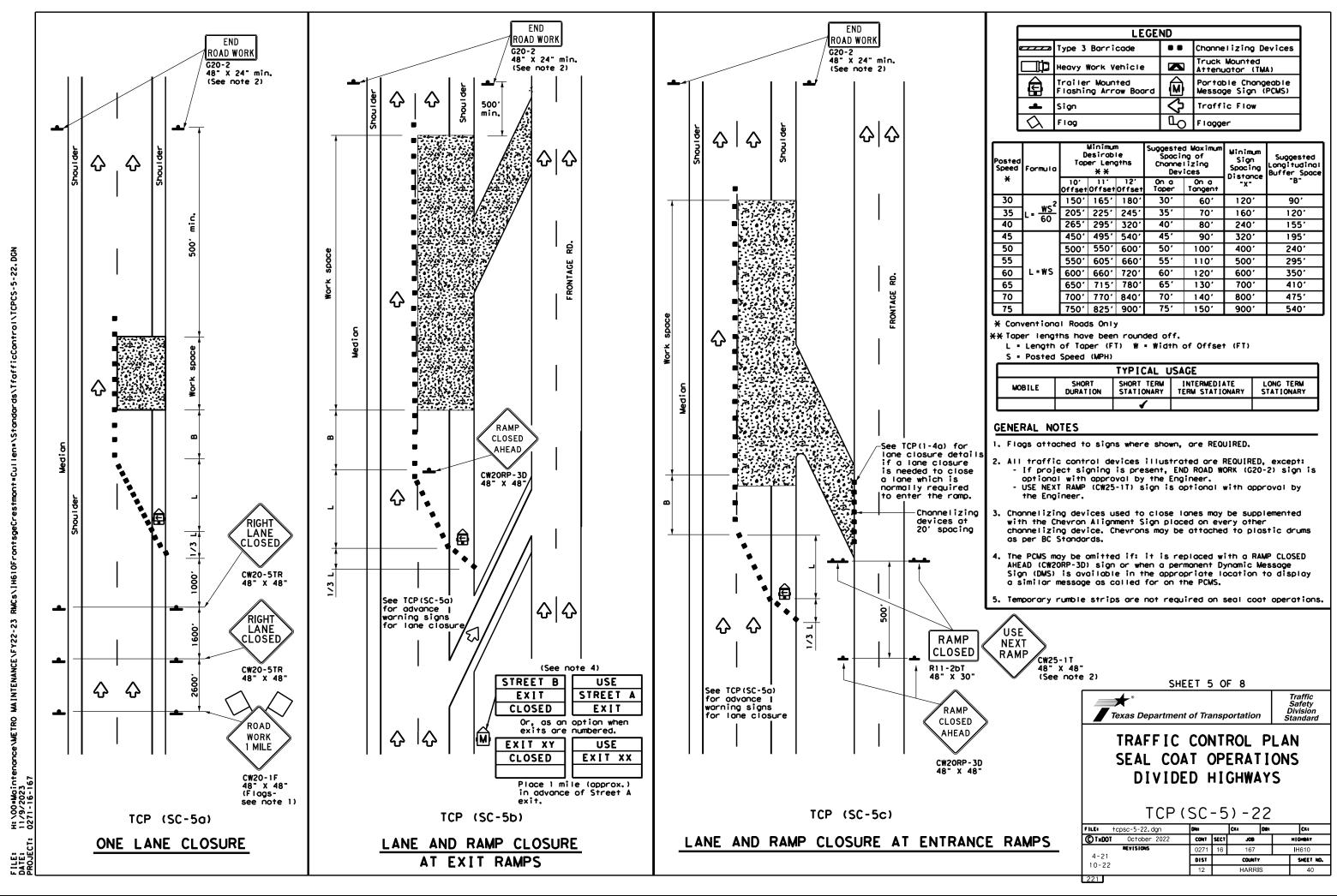


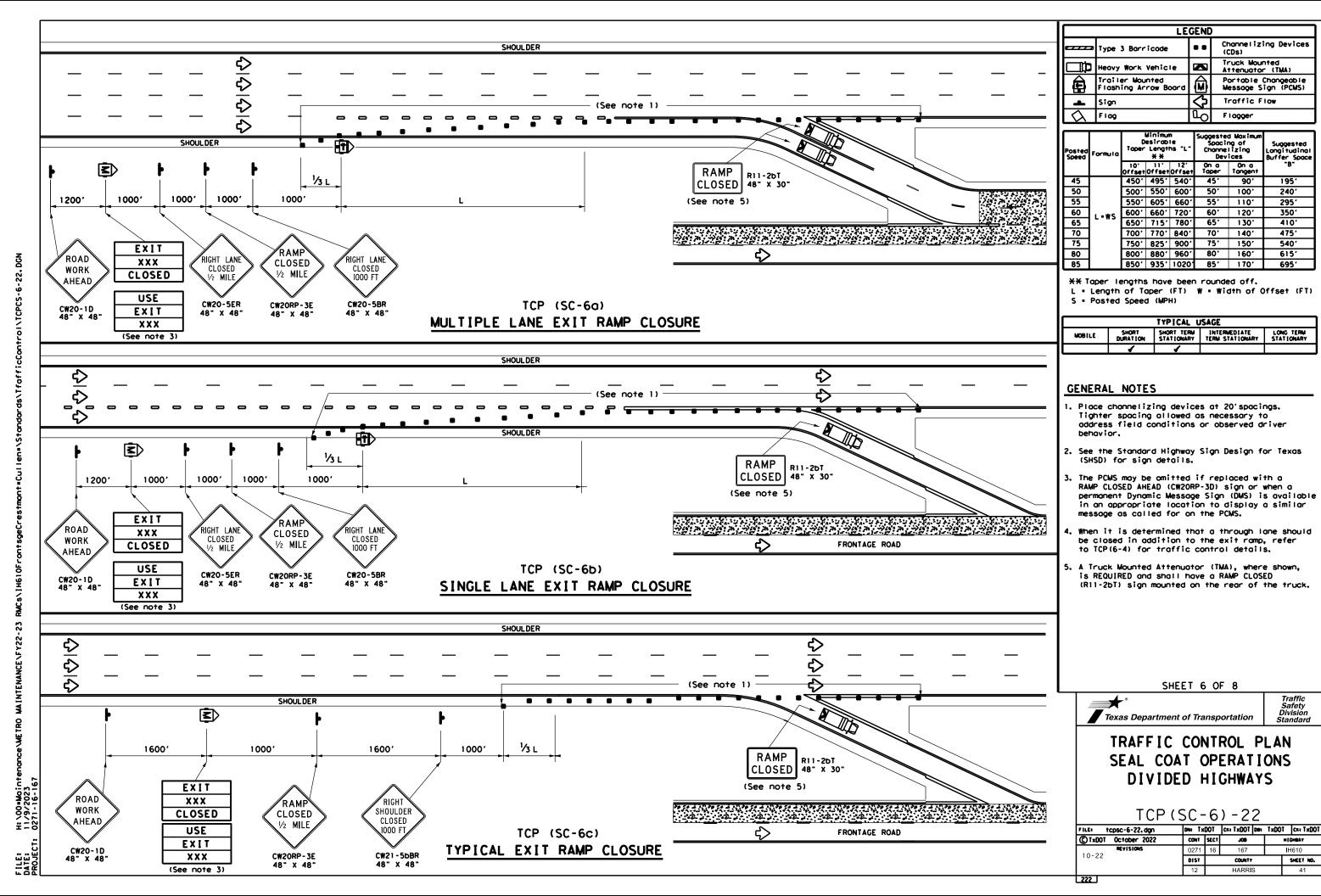
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

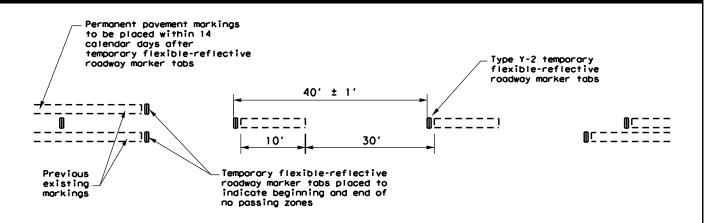
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# TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS



# TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS

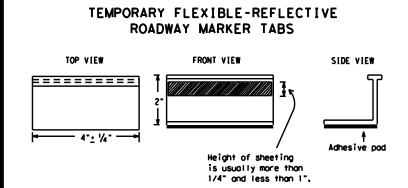
- I. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs with protective cover unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the protective cover over the reflective strip
- Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with a yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 3. Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an Average Daily Traffic (ADT) per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadway volumes exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of these devices should be planned for.
- 4. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low- beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 5. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 4.
- 6. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 7. Tabs shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.

# NOTES:

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- For exit gores where a lane is being dropped, place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are NOT acceptable.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch, unless otherwise noted.

# DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

 DMSs referenced above may be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov
 SHEET 7 OF 8





# PAVEMENT MARKINGS FOR SEAL COAT OPERATIONS

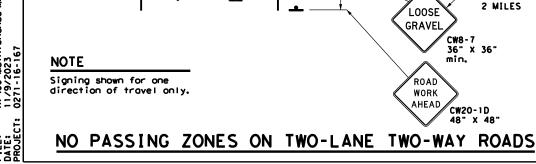
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PASSING ZONE

SHORT TERM

PAVEMENT MARKING



SURFACING BEGINS

SURFACING ENDS

40' ± 1'

# DO NOT PASS (R4-1) SIGN and NO-PASSING ZONES

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel, except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing povement
- At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibitd over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is a considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshields and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one day of operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs are to remain in place until permanent pavement markings are

# NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) SIGN

G20-2 ROAD WORK 48 × 24

24" × 30"

R4-1

CW8-12

-REPEAT EVERY

2 MILES

min.

CW8 - 7

36" × 36"

R4-2 24" × 30"

24" X 30"

R4-1

24" X 30"

CW8-12 36" X 36"

-REPEAT EVERY

24" X 30"

WITH

NOT

PASS

NO.

CENTER

LINE

L00SE GRAVEL

WITH

NOT

**PASS** 

NOT

**PASS** 

NOT R4-1 PASS 24" X 30"

CENTER LINE

CARE

MAJOR RURAL ROAD

- Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation between lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line
- At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings (low volume roads may not have an existing center line), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately two mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections, and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until permanent pavement markings are installed.

# LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) SIGN

- When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately two miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists,

# COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- Where possible, the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed:
  - a.) In the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) sign and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign; and

  - b.) One "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T) sign typically located at or near LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE sign placements will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing Distance "x"
30	120'
35	160'
40	240'
45	320 <i>°</i>
50	400 <i>°</i>
55	500′
60	600,
65	700°
70	800,
75	900 <i>,</i>

\* Conventional Roads Only

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	1	<b>√</b>			

# GENERAL NOTES

- Surfacing operations that cover or obliterate existing povement markings must first have the passing zones clearly marked with tabs as well as having any of the traffic control devices detailed on this sheet furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Short Duration / Short Term Stationary Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways should be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 8



Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SEAL COAT OPERATIONS

TCP(SC-8)-22

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NOTES:

Opposing

Traffic

Work Area

LEGEND		
	Type 3 Barricade	
• • •	Channelizing Devices	
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	
4	Sign	
1111	Safety glare screen	

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFIC	ATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
DELINEATORS AND OBJECT MARKERS	DMS-8600
MODULAR GLARE SCREENS FOR HEADLIGHT BARRIER	DMS-8610

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/producer-list.html

# BARRIER DELINEATION WITH MODULAR GLARE SCREENS

1. Length of Safety Glare screen will be specified elsewhere in the plans.

The cumulative nominal length of the modular safety glare screen units shall equal the length of the individual sections of temporary concrete traffic barrier on which they are installed so the joint between barrier sections will not be spanned by any one safety glare screen unit.

3. Screen Panel/blades will be designed such that reflective sheeting conforming with Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, Sign Face Materials, Type B or C Yellow, minimum size of 2 inches by 12 inches can be attached to the edge of the panel/blade. The sheeting shall be attached to one glare screen panel/blade per section of concrete barrier not to exceed a spacing of 30 feet. Barrier reflectors are not necessary when panel/blades are installed with reflective sheeting as described.

4. Payment for these devices will be under statewide Special Specification "Modular Glare Screens for Headlight Barrier."

This detail is only intended to show types of locations where Glare Screens would be appropriate. Required signing and other devices shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

> Devices (See Note 5)

Refer to applicable BC and/or TCP sheets for approach requirements.

Centerline

See Notes 2 & 3

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Devices (See

VERTICAL PANELS & OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)
SEPARATING TWO-WAY TRAFFIC ON NORMALLY DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

Opposing Traffic Opposing Traffic 1. When two-lane, two way traffic control must be maintained on one roadway of a normally divided highway, opposing traffic shall be separated with either temporary traffic barriers, channelizing devices, or a temporary raised island throughout the length of the two way operation. The above Typical Application is intended to show the appropriate application of channelizing devices when they are used for this purpose. This is not a traffic control plan. If this detail is to be used for other types of roads or applications, those locations should be stated elsewhere in the

 $\triangle$  2. Space devices according to the Tangent Spacing shown on the Device Spacing table on BC(9) but not exceeding 100'.

- Every fifth device should be an OTLD except when spaced closer to accommodate an intersection. An OTLD should be the first device on each side of intersecting streets or roads.
- Locations where surface mount bases with adhesives or self-righting devices will be required in order to maintain them in their proper position should be noted elsewhere in the plans.
- 5. Channelizing devices are to be vertical panels, 42" cones or tubular markers that are at least 36" tall. Tubular markers used to separate traffic should have a rubber base weighing at least 30 pounds. Tubular markers that are 42" tall or more shall have four bands of reflective material as detailed for 42" cones on BC(10). Tubular markers less than 42" but at least 36" tall shall have three bands of 3" wide white reflective material spaced 2" apart. Reflective material shall meet DMS-8300, Type A.



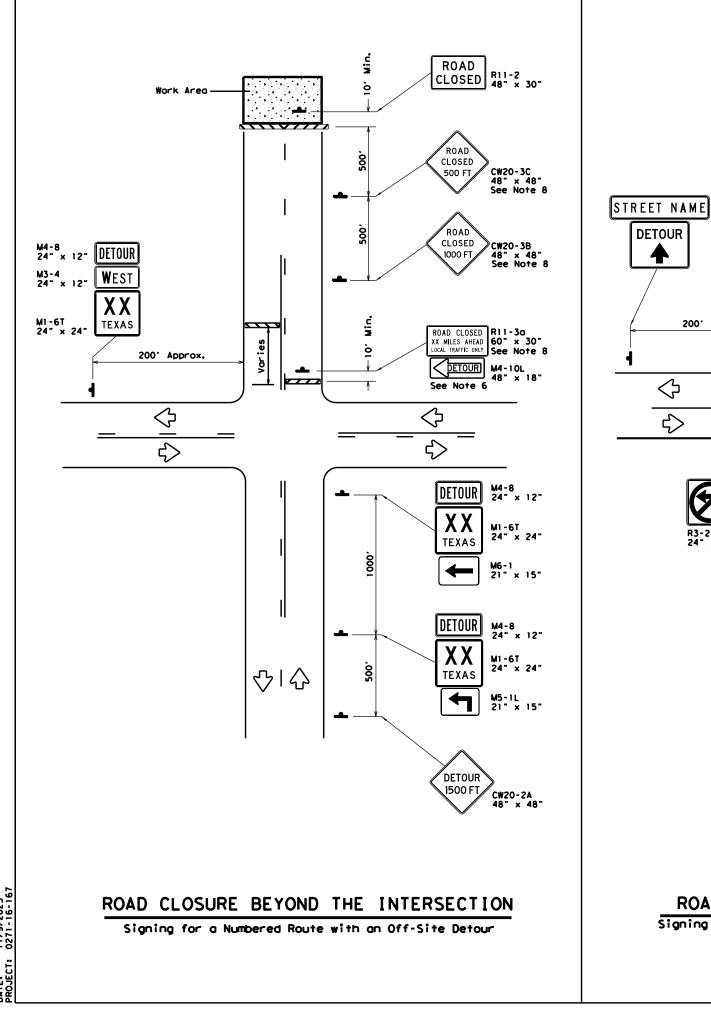
Traffic Operations Division Standard

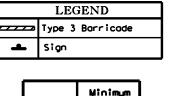
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TYPICAL DETAILS

WZ(TD)-17

	WZ (ID) II					
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-13		12		HARRIS		44







Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "x" Distance
30	120′
35	160'
40	240'
45	320′
50	400'
55	500'
60	600,
65	700′
70	800,
75	900,

\* Conventional Roads Only

# **GENERAL NOTES**

ROAD R11-2 CLOSED 48" × 30"

DETOUR | M4-10L 48" × 18

DETOUR AHEAD

ROAD

CLOSED

AHEAD

/ CW20-2D 48" × 48"

CW20-3D

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- 1. This sheet is intended to provide details for temporary work zone road closures. For permanent road closure details see the
- Barricades used shall meet the requirements shown on Barricade and Construction Standard BC(10) and listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices list (CWZTCD).
- 3. Stockpiled materials shall not be placed on the traffic side of barricades.
- 4. Barricades at the road closure should extend from pavement edge to povement edge.
- Detour signing shown is intended to illustrate the type of signing that is appropriate for numbered routes or un-numbered routes as labeled. It does not indicate the full extent of detour signing required. Detour routes should be signed as shown elsewhere in
- 6. If the road is open for a significant distance beyond the intersection or there are significant origin/destination points beyond the intersection, the signs and barricades at this location should be located at the edge of the traveled way.
- 7. The Street Name (M4-12T) sign is to be placed above the DETOUR (M4-9S) sign.
- 8. For urban areas where there is a shorter distance between the intersection and the actual closure location, the ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD (R11-3a) sign may be replaced with a ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign. If adequate space does not exist between the intersection and the closure a single ROAD CLOSED AHEAD (CW20-3D) sign spaced as per the table above may replace the ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT (CW20-3B) and ROAD CLOSED 500 FT (CW20-3C) signs.
- Signs and barricades shown shall be subsidiary to Item 502. Locations where these details will be required shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

**WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE** DETAILS

W7(RCD) - 13

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ROAD CLOSURE AT THE INTERSECTION

Work Area

M4-12T Var x 12" See Note 7

30" × 24"

M4-9S

200' Approx.

**DETOUR** 

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Signing for an Un-numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour

ds\TfafficContro!\WZ(STPW)-23,DGN

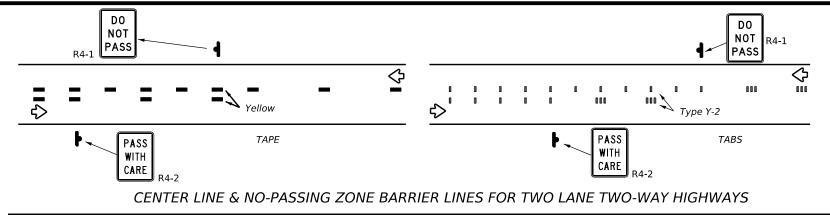
# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS 4" to 12' DOUBLE TABS NO-PASSING LINE TAPE **SOLID** 20' ± 6" LINES SINGLE TABS NO-PASSING LINE or CHANNELIZATION LINE Type Y-2 or W **BROKEN** TABS 000 LINES TAPE (FOR CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE) **TABS WIDE DOTTED** LINES (FOR LANE DROP LINES) **TAPE** TABS WIDE GORE **MARKINGS** TAPE **NOTES:**

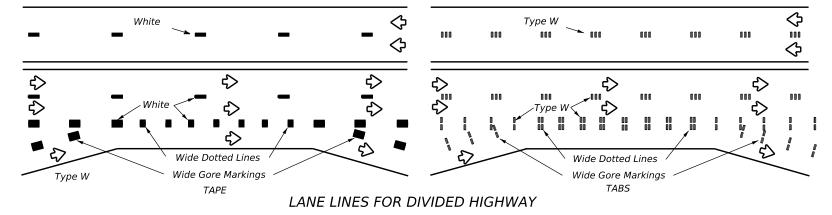
- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No seament of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then bé placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

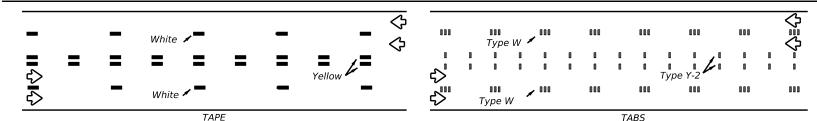
# TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements

# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS



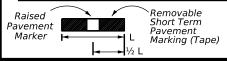




# LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

# Texas Department of Transportation

# **WORK ZONE SHORT TERM** PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ(STPM)-23

## wzstpm-23.dgn 167 IH610 0271 16 4-92 1-97 3-03 7-13 2-23

# PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

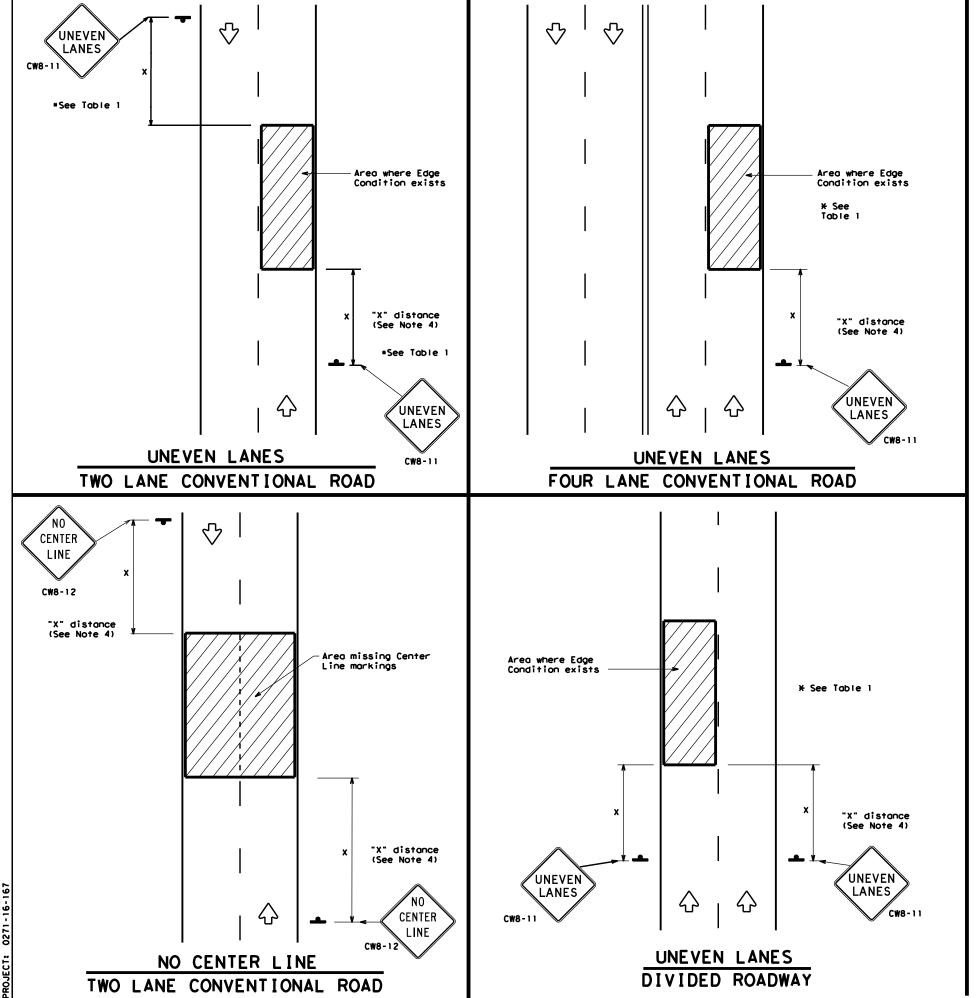
# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

# DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS			
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240		
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241		
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300		

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

# GENERAL NOTES

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent povement markings are installed.
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

	TABLE 1			
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices		
0	Less than or equal to: 11/4" (maximum-planing) 11/2" (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11		
7777) <u>†</u> D				
② >3 1 <b>1</b> D	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11		
① 10 3/4 7 D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".			
Notched Wedge Joint				

# TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM WARNING	G SIGN SIZE
Conventional roads	36" × 36"
Freeways/expressways, divided roadways	48" × 48"

SIGNING FOR

Texas Department of Transportation

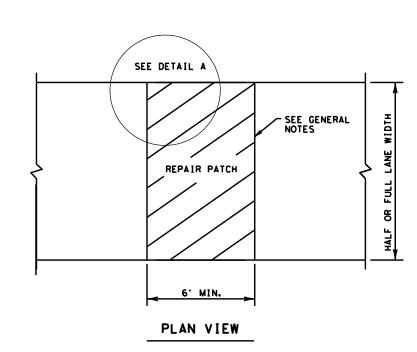
UNEVEN LANES

Division Standard

WZ(UL)-13						
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©1×DO1	April 1992	CONT	SECT	906		H [ GHRAY
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8-95 2-9		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 3-0	3	12		HARRIS		47

IAB	LE NO.	1 21FF	L BAR SIZE	AND SPAC	LING	
TYPE	SLAB THICKNESS		LONG I TUI	LONGITUDINAL*		
PAVEMENT	AND BAI	RSIZE	REGULAR BARS	TIEBARS	BARS	TIEBARS
	T (IN.)	BAR SIZE	SPACING (IN.)	SPACING (IN.)	SPACING (IN.)	SPACIN
	6.0		7.5	7.5		
	6.5		7.0	7.0		
	7.0	<b>#</b> 5	6.5	6.5	24	24
	7.5		6.0	6.0		
	8.0		9.0	9.0		
CRCP	8.5		8.5	8.5		
Citoi	9.0		8.0	8.0		
	9.5		7.5	7.5		
	10.0	#6	7.0	7.0	24	24
	10.5		6.75	6.75		
	11.0		6.5	6.5		
	11.5		6.25	6.25		
	≥12.0		6.0	6.0		
JRCP	<8.0	<b>#</b> 5	24.0	12.0	24	24
31101	≥8.0	<b>#</b> 6	24.0	12.0	24	24
CPCD	<8.0	<b>#</b> 5	NONE	12.0	NONE	24
	≥8.0	#6	NONE	12.0	NONE	24

. USE 12" SPACING AS FIRST AND LAST SPACING AT END OR SIDE FOR ALL BARS.



# GENERAL NOTES

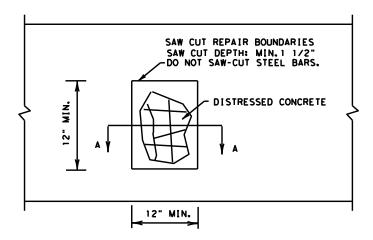
- 1. ITEM 361, "REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT" SHALL GOVERN FOR THIS WORK.
- 2. MULTIPLE PIECE TIEBARS SHALL BE USED WHEN THE REPAIR AREA MUST BE PLACED IN TWO STAGES DUE TO SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. FULL DEPTH SAW CUTS SHALL BE MADE AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE AREA TO BE REPAIRED. THE CUT SHALL BE MADE AT A RIGHT ANGLE TO THE PAVEMENT EDGE AND TO THE CENTER LINE OF THE PAVEMENT.
- 4.AT LEAST ONE LONGITUDINAL FULL DEPTH SAW CUT SHALL BE AT AN EXISTING LONGITUDINAL JOINT.
- 5. ADDITIONAL SAW CUTS MAY BE REQUIRED WITHIN THE AREA OF THE REPAIR TO FACILITATE REMOVAL OF THE CONCRETE OR TO ALLEVIATE BINDING OF THE FULL DEPTH SAW CUT AT THE REPAIR EDGE.
- 6. THE SAW CUTS WHICH EXTEND OUTSIDE THE AREA OF THE REPAIR WILL BE CLEANED AND FILLED WITH A CEMENTITIOUS GROUT APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 7. EXISTING LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE JOINTS REMOVED DUE TO REPAIR OPERATION SHOULD BE RESTORED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SHEET "CONCRETE PAVING DETAILS, JOINT SEALS."

# 10" MIN. TRANSVERSE TIEBARS -THANSVERSE TIEBARS TOP OF DRILLED HOLES AT 1/2. MIN. 10" EPOXY-GROUTED INTO EXISTING CONCRETE. MIN. 25" EXTENDED INTO THE REPAIR PATCH. RECOMPACTED BASE TRANSVERSE BARS BAR LENGTH IS WIDTH OF REPAIR MINUS 2", PLACED IN ONE LAYER AND TIED TO TIEBARS, LONGITUDINAL BARS -BAR LENGTH IS LENGTH OF REPAIR MINUS 2". PLACED IN ONE LAYER AND TIED TO TIEBARS. LONGITUDINAL TIEBARS BOTTOM OF DRILLED HOLES AT T/2. MIN. 10" EPOXY-GROUTED INTO EXISTING CONCRETE. MIN. 25" EXTENDED INTO THE REPAIR PATCH.

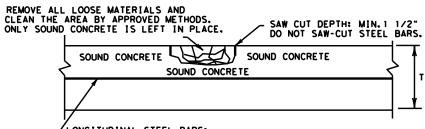
DETAIL A GROUTED TIEBARS & REINFORCEMENT

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1.ITEM 361, "REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT" SHALL GOVERN FOR THIS WORK.
- 2. THE SAW CUTS WHICH EXTEND OUTSIDE THE AREA OF THE REPAIR WILL BE CLEANED AND FILLED WITH A CEMENTITIOUS GROUT APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3. EXISTING LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE JOINTS REMOVED DUE TO REPAIR OPERATION SHOULD BE RESTORED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SHEET "CONCRETE PAVING DETAILS, JOINT SEALS."



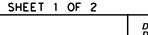
# PLAN VIEW



LONGITUDINAL STEEL BARS:

- \*REPAIR AREAS MAY BE ADJUSTED AFTER REMOVING DISTRESSED CONCRETE. SWITCH THE HALF-DEPTH REPAIR TO FULL-DEPTH REPAIR IF EXPOSED EXISTING LONGITUDINAL BARS ARE DEFICIENT, AS APPROVED. COMPENSATION WILL BE MADE FOR UNEXPECTED VOLUMES OF REPAIR AREAS OR CHANGES IN SCOPE OF WORK.
- \*INCREASE THE REPAIR AREA AND PERFORM A FULL-DEPTH REPAIR AS DIRECTED IF LONGITUDINAL STEEL BARS WERE DAMAGED BY THE REMOVAL OPERATIONS. NO ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION WILL BE MADE. SECTION A-A

# HALF-DEPTH REPAIR



Texas Department of Transportation Standard

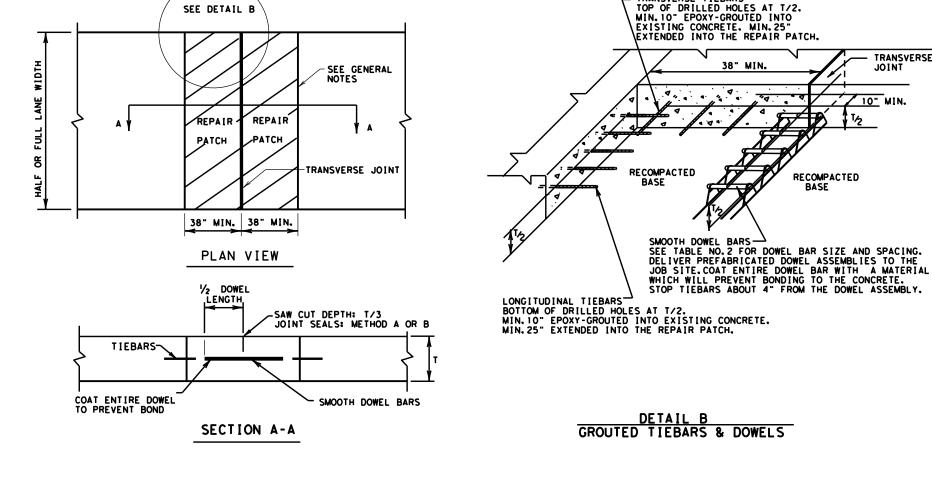
REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT

REPCP-14

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FULL-DEPTH REPAIR OF CRCP, JRCP, AND CPCD

# RMCs\1H610FrontsgeCres



# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. ITEM 361, "REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT" SHALL GOVERN FOR THIS WORK.
- 2. MULTIPLE PIECE TIEBARS SHALL BE USED WHEN THE REPAIR AREA MUST BE PLACED IN TWO STAGES DUE TO SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. FULL DEPTH SAW CUTS SHALL BE MADE AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE AREA TO BE REPAIRED. THE CUT SHALL BE MADE AT A RIGHT ANGLE TO THE PAVEMENT EDGE AND TO THE CENTER LINE OF THE PAVEMENT.
- 4.AT LEAST ONE LONGITUDINAL FULL DEPTH SAW CUT SHALL BE AT AN EXISTING LONGITUDINAL JOINT.
- 5. ADDITIONAL SAW CUTS MAY BE REQUIRED WITHIN THE AREA OF THE REPAIR TO FACILITATE REMOVAL OF THE CONCRETE OR TO ALLEVIATE BINDING OF THE FULL DEPTH SAW CUT AT THE REPAIR EDGE.
- 6. THE SAW CUTS WHICH EXTEND OUTSIDE THE AREA OF THE REPAIR WILL BE CLEANED AND FILLED WITH A CEMENTITIOUS GROUT APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 7. EXISTING LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE JOINTS REMOVED DUE TO REPAIR OPERATION SHOULD BE RESTORED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SHEET "CONCRETE PAVING DETAILS, JOINT SEALS."
- 8. DOWEL BAR PLACEMENT TOLERANCE SHALL BE +/- 1/4 IN. HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. WHERE DOWEL BAR BASKETS ARE USED, REMOVE THE SHIPPING WIRES.

TABLE NO. 2 DOWELS (SMOOTH BARS)				
PAVEMENT THICKNESS (INCHES)	SIZE AND DIA.	LENGTH (IN.)	SPACING	
<10	#8 (1 IN.)	10.0	12.0	
≥10	#10 (11/4 IN.)	18.0	12.0	

REPAIR OF TRANSVERSE JOINT OF CPCD

TRANSVERSE TIEBARS -

38" MIN.

TRANSVERSE

10" MIN.

RECOMPACTED

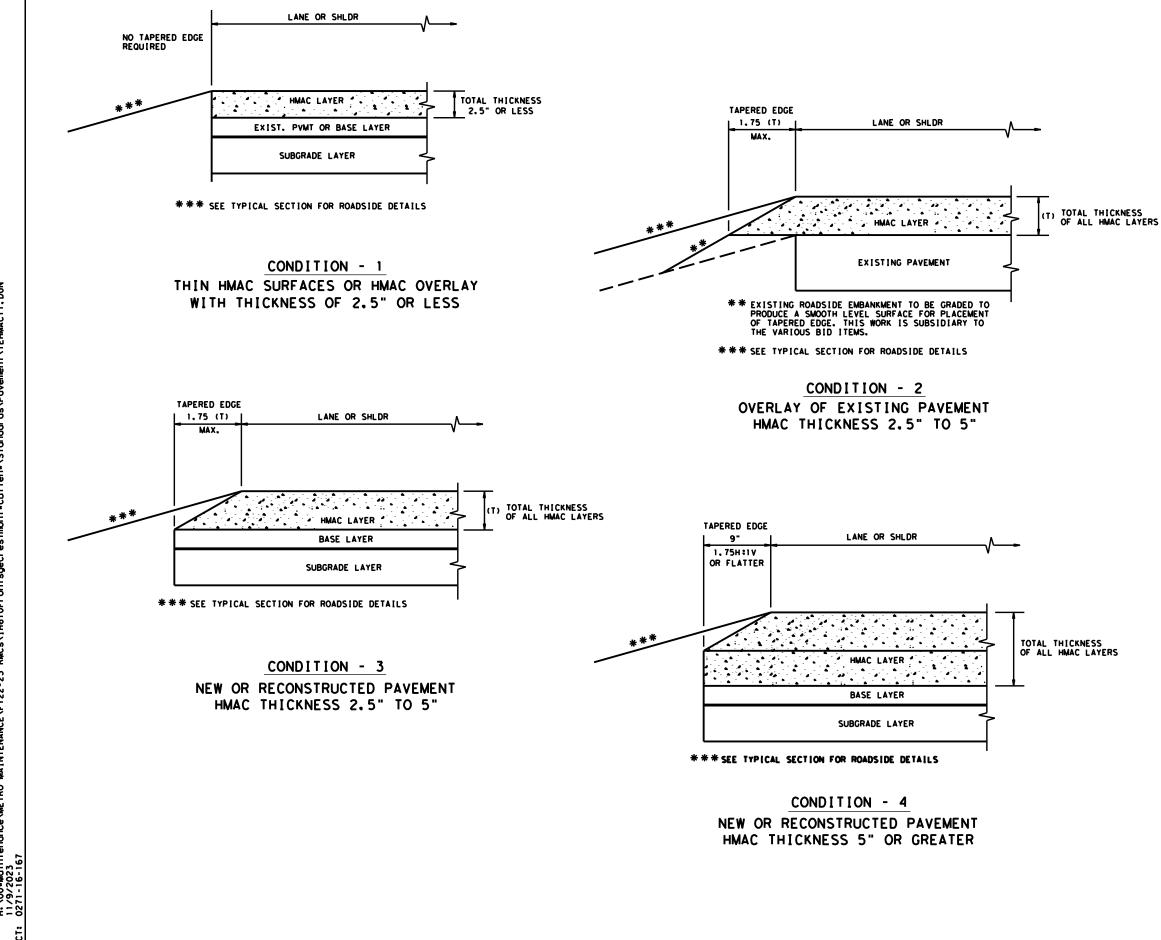




REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT

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(NOT TO SCALE)

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5".
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.



Design Division Standard

# TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT

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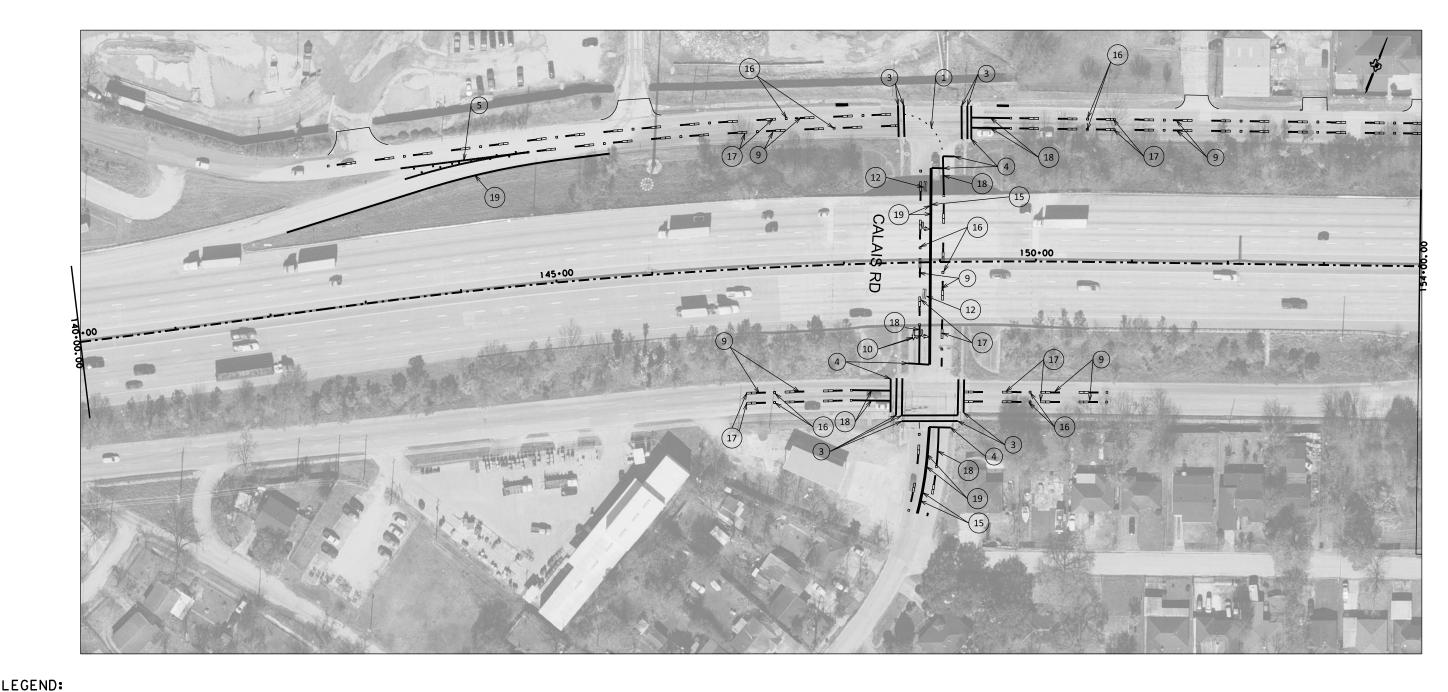
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# NOTE

1.RESTRIPE BY REMOVING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS
THEN REPLACE WITH PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
REMOVE EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS IN CONFLICT
WITH THE PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.

2.REMOVAL OF RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY AND WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE PERTINENT BID ITEMS

IH 610 STRIPING LAYOUTS

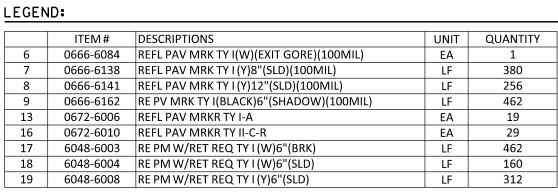
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11/9/2023



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160-00

1.RESTRIPE BY REMOVING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS
THEN REPLACE WITH PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
REMOVE EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS IN CONFLICT
WITH THE PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.

2. REMOVAL OF RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY AND WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE PERTINENT BID ITEMS

IH 610 STRIPING LAYOUTS

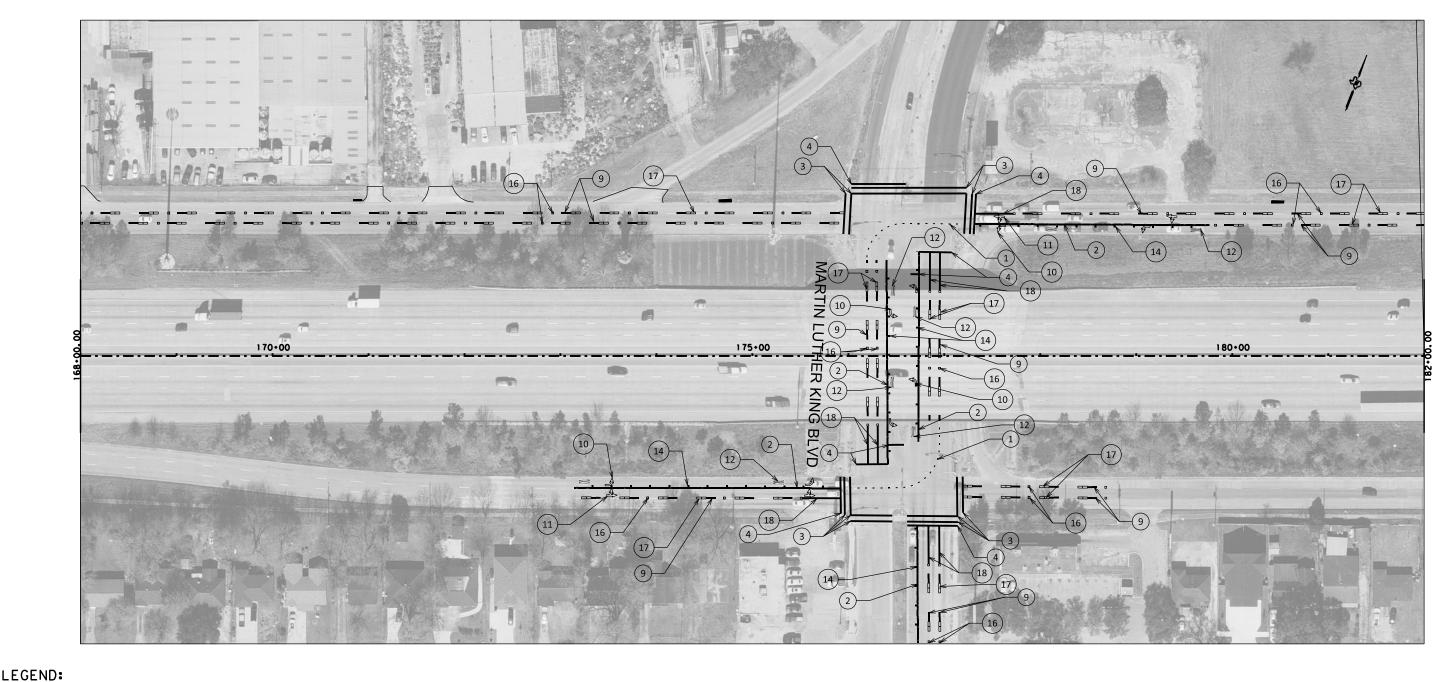
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CONT	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
0271	16	167	IH 610
STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
HOU	HARRIS		53

DESCRIPTIONS QUANTITY ITEM# UNIT 0666-6018 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(DOT)(100MIL) LF 93 0666-6036 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL) LF 1055 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL) 0666-6042 LF 760 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL) 281 4 0666-6048 LF RE PV MRK TY I(BLACK)6"(SHADOW)(100MIL) 891 0666-6162 LF 10 0668-6019 PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(ARROW) EΑ 8 11 0668-6020 PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(DBL ARROW) EΑ 4 12 0668-6027 PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(WORD) EΑ 8 14 0672-6007 REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C EΑ 53 45 0672-6010 REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R EA 17 LF 6048-6003 RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK) 891 6048-6004 RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD) LF 240



# NOTE

I.RESTRIPE BY REMOVING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS THEN REPLACE WITH PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS. REMOVE EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS IN CONFLICT WITH THE PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.

2.REMOVAL OF RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY AND WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE PERTINENT BID ITEMS

IH 610 STRIPING LAYOUTS

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11/9/2023



CONT	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
0271	16	167	IH 610
STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
HOU	HARRIS		54



# LEGEND:

	ITEM#	DESCRIPTIONS	UNIT	QUANTITY
5	0666-6081	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(ENTR GORE)(100MIL)	EA	1
9	0666-6162	RE PV MRK TY I(BLACK)6"(SHADOW)(100MIL)	LF	700
16	0672-6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	35
17	6048-6003	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)	LF	700
19	6048-6008	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	265

NOTE:

1. RESTRIPE BY REMOVING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS
THEN REPLACE WITH PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
REMOVE EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS IN CONFLICT
WITH THE PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.

2.REMOVAL OF RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY AND WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE PERTINENT BID ITEMS

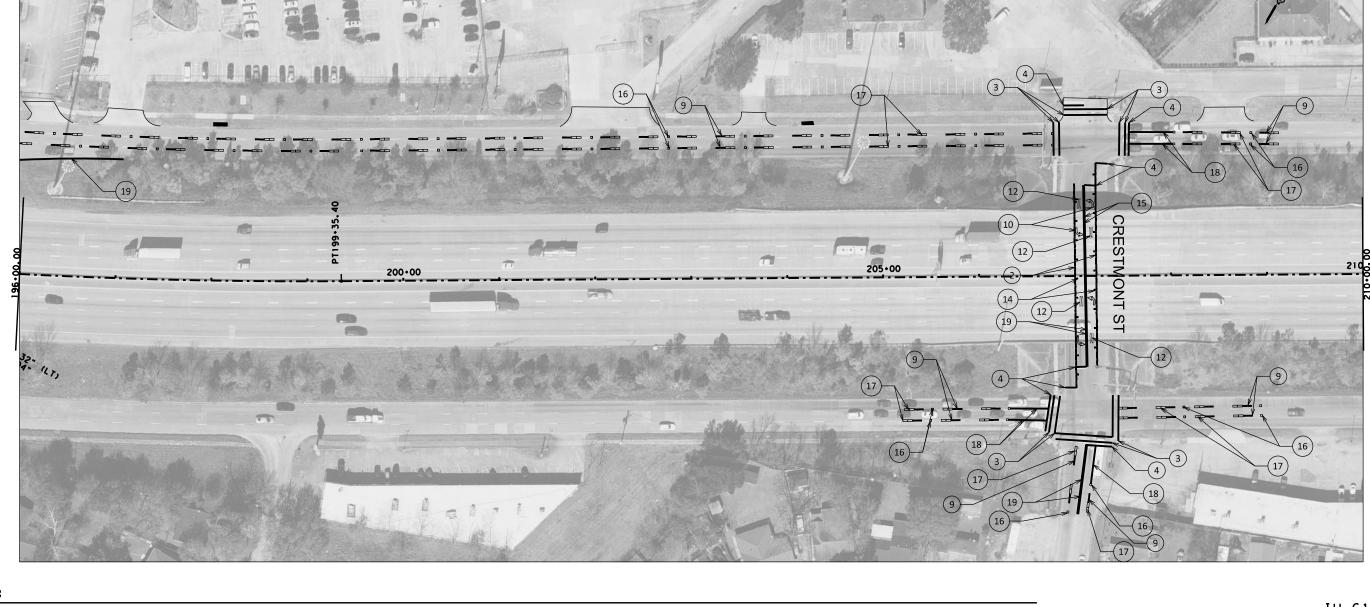
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Texas Department of Transportation



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CONT	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
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STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
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# LEGEND:

		ITEM#	DESCRIPTIONS	UNIT	QUANTITY
	2	0666-6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	424
	3	0666-6042	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	520
	4	0666-6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	170
	9	0666-6162	RE PV MRK TY I(BLACK)6"(SHADOW)(100MIL)	LF	750
	10	0668-6019	PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(ARROW)	EA	4
ò	12	0668-6027	PREFAB PAV MRK TY B (W)(WORD)	EA	4
6	14	0672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	22
•	15	0672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	26
7	16	0672-6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	38
	17	6048-6003	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)	LF	750
ا:	18	6048-6004	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)	LF	200
100EC	19	6048-6008	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	631

NOTE:

1. RESTRIPE BY REMOVING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS
THEN REPLACE WITH PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
REMOVE EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS IN CONFLICT
WITH THE PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.

2.REMOVAL OF RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY AND WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE PERTINENT BID ITEMS

IH 610 STRIPING LAYOUTS

Texas Department of Transportation



CONT	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
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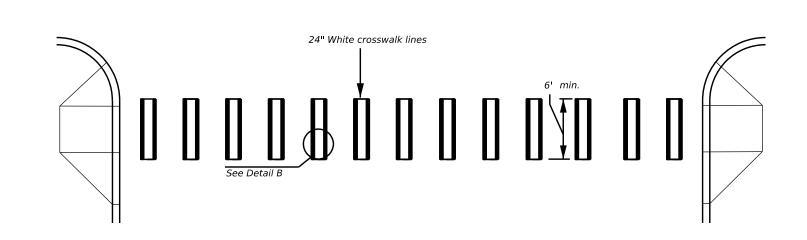
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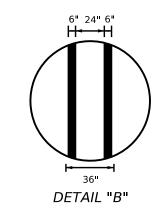
- Black Contrast Line Reflective Pavement Marker \_ 6" White Lane Line 15' 40' 0 0 80' **CONTRAST LANE LINE DESIGN** DETAIL "A" -6" White Solid Reflective Pavement Marker 6" Black Shadow Line (Must be same width as adjoining white marking)

# SHADOW LANE LINE DESIGN

CONTRAST CROSSWALK DESIGN

80'





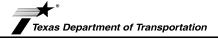
(See PM(4) for crosswalk line placement details)

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Contrast and Shadow markings may only be used on concrete pavements.
- 2. Contrast and Shadow markings shall not be used on edge lines.
- 3. Contrast lane lines shall be permanent prefabricated pavement markings meeting DMS 8240.
- 4. Shadow lane line designs shall be a liquid markings system approved
- 5. All raised reflective pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the white stripes.
- 6. See PM(2) for raised reflective pavement markings installation details.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

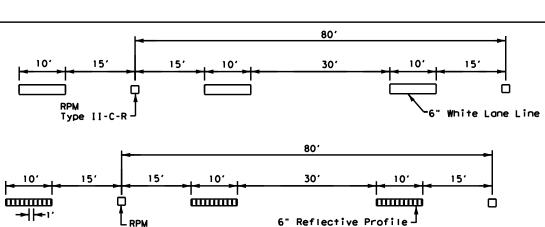


# **CONTRAST AND SHADOW PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

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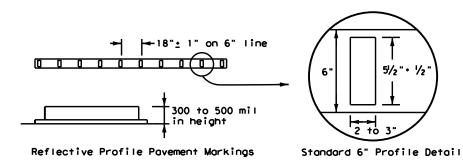




6" Reflective Profile Pavement Markings Type II-C-R (See profile details below) NOTE

Reflectorized raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall be spaced on 80'centers with the clear face toward normal traffic and the red face toward wrong way traffic. All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway

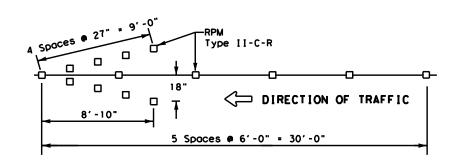
# TRAFFIC LANE LINES PAVEMENT MARKING



# NOTE

Edge lines should typically be 6" wide and the materials shall be as specified in the plans. See details above if reflective profile povement markings are to be used.

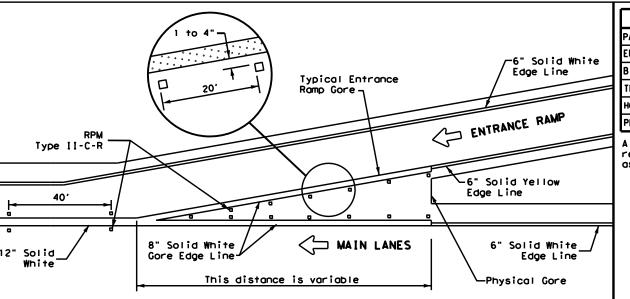
# EDGE LINE PAVEMENT MARKINGS



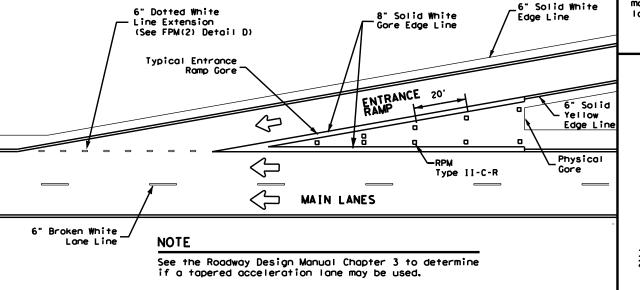
# NOTES

- 1. Reflectorized raised pavement markers Type-II-C-R in the wrong way arrow shall have the clear face toward normal traffic and the red face toward the wrong way
- 2. Red reflectorized wrong way arrows, not to exceed two, may be placed on exit ramps. Locations of the arrows shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the engineer.

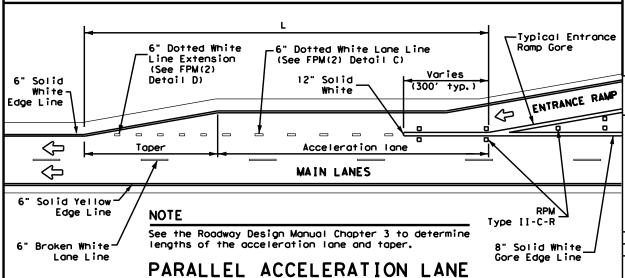
# WRONG WAY ARROW



# TYPICAL ENTRANCE RAMP GORE MARKING

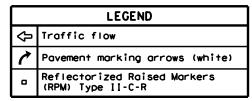


# TAPERED ACCELERATION LANE



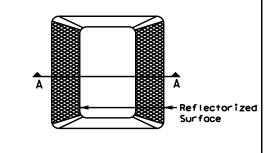
	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	5
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
۷	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
4	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

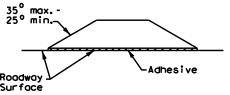


# GENERAL NOTE

On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers shall be placed to one side of the longitudinal joints.

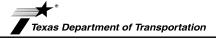


# Type II (Top View)



# SECTION A

# REFLECTORIZED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER (RPM)

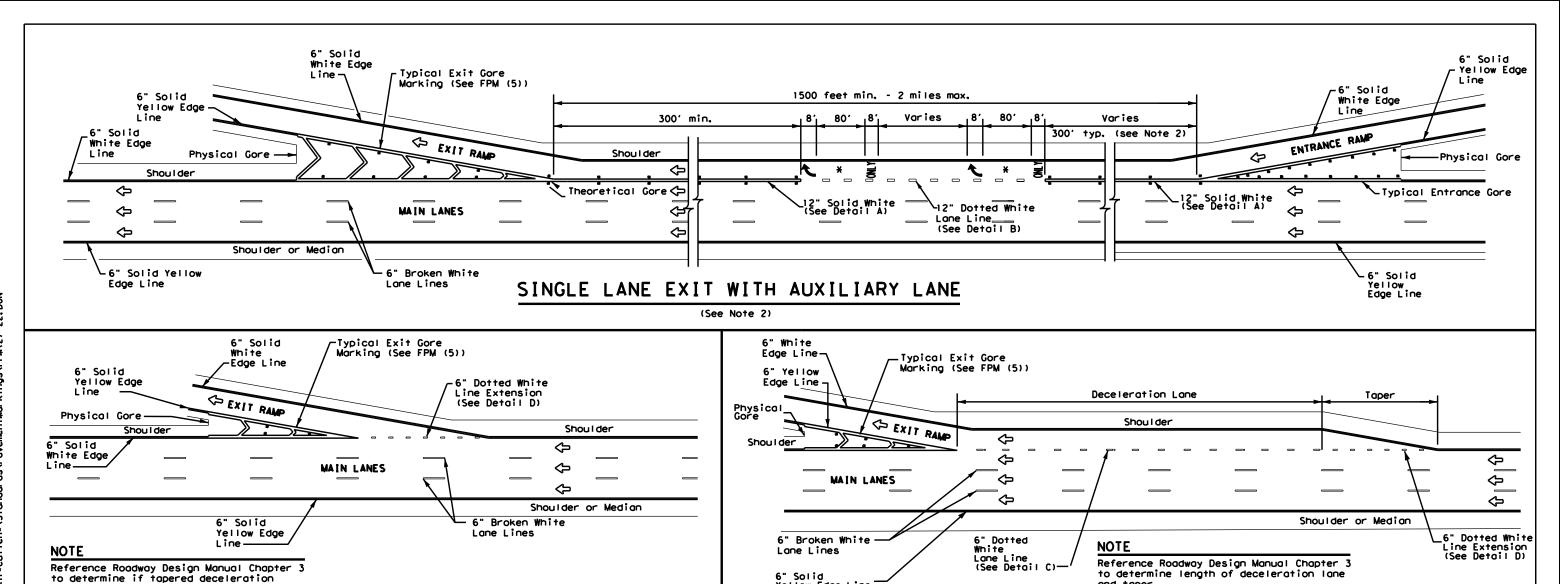


Traffic Safety Division Standard

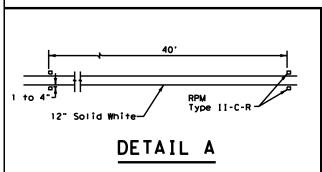
# TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

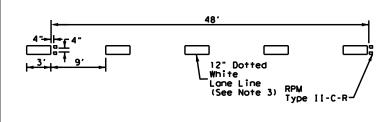
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5-00 2-10	12		HARRI	S	58

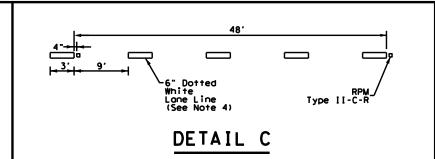


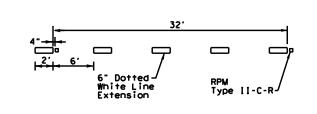
6" Solid Yellow Edge Line





DETAIL B





to determine length of deceleration lane

PARALLEL DECELERATION LANE

# DETAIL D

# **GENERAL NOTES**

lane may be used.

1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.

TAPERED DECELERATION LANE

- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") dotted lane line (see Detail B) is used to separate a through lane that continues beyond the interchange from an adjacent mandatory exit lane.
- 4. Normal (6") dotted lane line (see Detail C) is used at parallel acceleration and deceleration lanes.
- 5. See FPM(1) for traffic lane line payement marking details.

	LEGEND							
Ŷ	⟨⇒ Traffic flow							
Pavement marking arrows (white)								
0	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R							
X	Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used							

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

**	
Texas Department of Transportation	

# TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

FPM	(2)	-22
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FILE: fpm(2)-22.dgn	DNs		CKI	Difts		CK1
© 1×D01 October 2022		SECT	J08		HIGHBAY	
REVISIONS 2-77 5-00 2-12	0271	16	167		IH610	
4-92 8-00 10-22	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
8-95 2-10	12		HARRI	S		59
23B						

6" Solid White

Edge Line

6" Solid-

Yellow Edge Line

Typical Exit Gore Marking (See FPM (5))

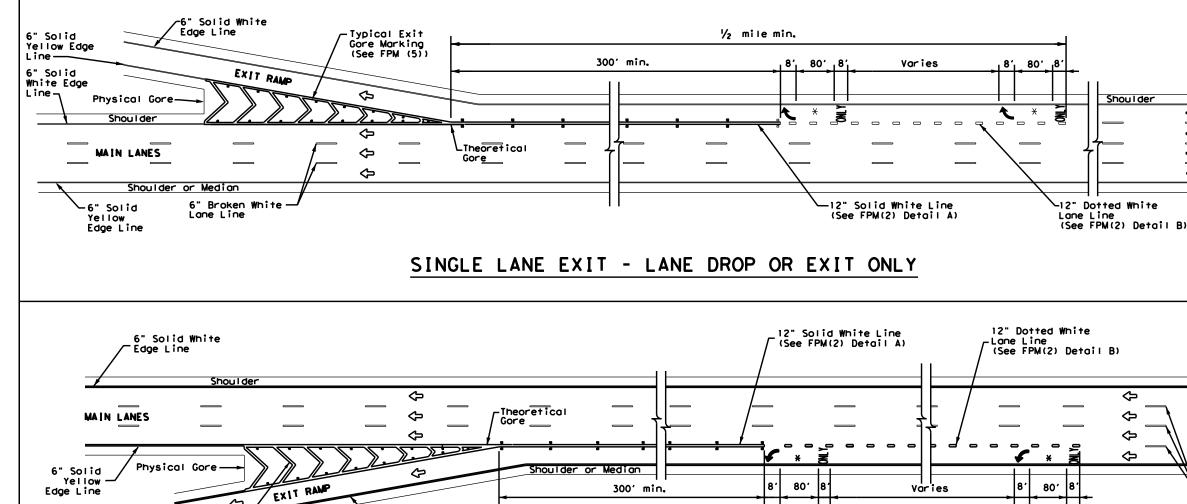
6" Solid White Edge Line

Lane-Reduction

Arrow

D/4

♦



6" Solid

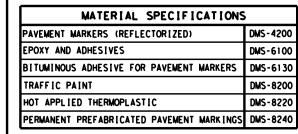
.6" Dotted White Lane Line (See FPM(2) Detail C)

D/4

1/2 mile

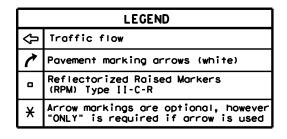
FREEWAY LANE REDUCTION

Yellow Edge Line



All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

**%** 



# **GENERAL NOTES**

6" Broken White

23C

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- Wide (12") dotted lane line (see FPM(2) Detail B) is used to separate a through lane that continues beyond the interchange from an adjacent mandatory exit lane.
- Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of frontage roads.
- 5. See FPM(1) for traffic lane line pavement marking details.



# TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS SINGLE LANE DROP(EXIT ONLY) AND LANE REDUCTION DETAILS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

EDM(3) - 22

FPM(3)-22								
Es fpm(3)-22, dgn DNs CKs DNs CKs								
TxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	J08		H [ GHRAY			
REVISIONS -92 2-10	0271	71 16 167 IH610			IH610			
-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY	•	SHEET NO.			
-00 10-22	12		HARRI	S	60			

# NOTES

1/2 mile min.

SINGLE LANE EXIT - LANE DROP OR EXIT ONLY (LEFT SIDE)

Shou I der

 $\diamondsuit$ 

 $\diamondsuit$ 

✧

Shou I der

LEFT LANE

ENDS

1/2 MILE W9-4TL

6" Broken White\_ Lane Lines

LANE ENDS MERGE RIGHT

W9-5TR

- 1. Large Guide signs shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.
- An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- Arrows and sign details can be found in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) at http://www.txdot.gov.
- 4. These guidelines may also be applied to the design of a right side lane reduction. Use LANE ENDS MERGE LEFT (W9-5TL) and RIGHT LANE ENDS 1/2 MILE (W9-4TR) signs in lieu of what is shown on drawing.

ADVANCED WARNING SIGN DISTANCE (D)					
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (ft)			
45 MPH	775				
50 MPH	885	1			
55 MPH	990				
60 MPH	1,100				
65 MPH	1,200	L=WS			
70 MPH	1,250				
75 MPH	1,350				
80 MPH	1,500				
85 MPH	1.625	1			

-6" Solid White Edge Line 1/2 mile min. Type II-C-R 6" Solid 300' min. 18'1 80' Varies 18'1 80' Yellow 6" Solid White Edge Line Physical Gore  $\Diamond$ -Theoretical MAIN LANES Shoulder or Median 12" Dotted White Lane Line (See FPM(2) Detail B) 6" Solid-6" Broken White 12" Solid White Line (See FPM(2) Detail A) Typical Exit Gore Marking -(See FPM (5)) Yellow Edge Lane Line MULTIPLE LANE EXIT ONLY

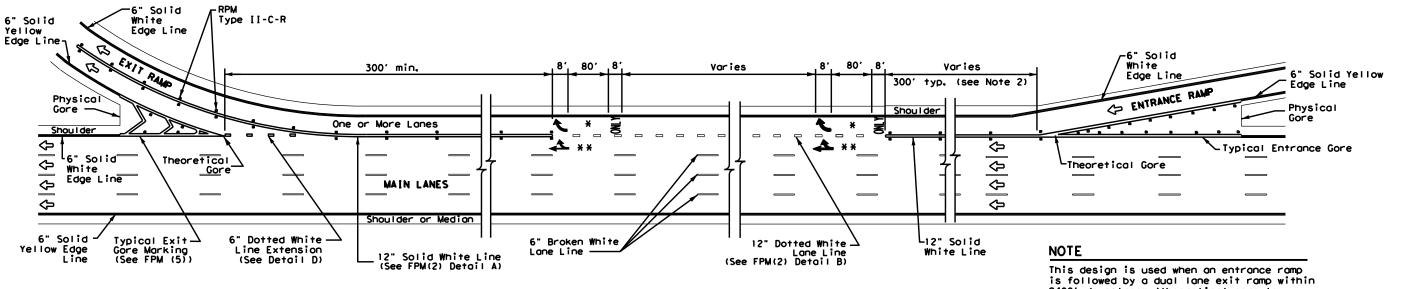
	LEGEND					
₽	Traffic Flow					
0	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R					
7	Pavement marking arrow (white)					
×	Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used					
<b>*</b> *	Arrow markings are optional					

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS				
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200			
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100			
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130			
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200			
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220			
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240			

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

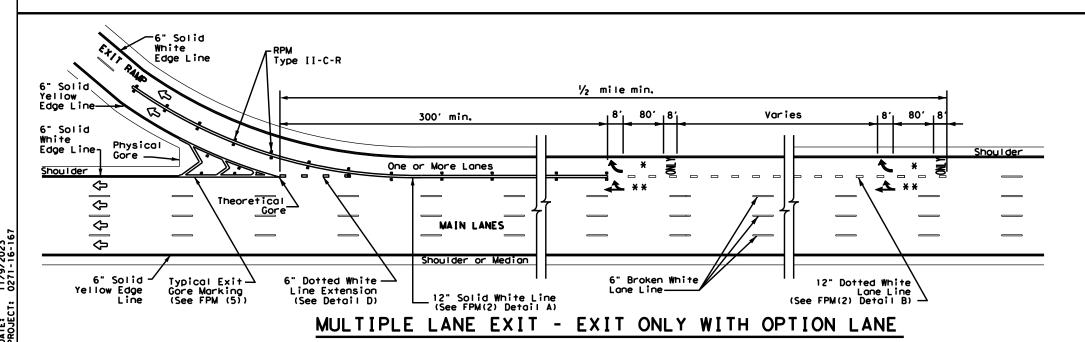
# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- Wide (12") dotted lane line (see FPM(2) Detail B) is used to separate a through lane that continues beyond the interchange from an adjacent mandatory exit lane.
- Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of frontage roads.
- 5. See FPM(1) for traffic lane line pavement marking details.



# SINGLE LANE ENTRANCE WITH MULTIPLE LANE EXIT - EXIT ONLY WITH OPTION LANE

This design is used when an entrance ramp is followed by a dual lane exit ramp within 2400' downstream (theoretical gore to theoretical gore).





Traffic Safety Division Standard

# TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS MULTIPLE LANE DROP (EXIT) DETAILS

FPM(4) - 22

ILE: fpm(4)-22.dgn	Dets		CRI	Diffs	CR:
© 1×DOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		H [ GHRAY
REVISIONS 2-77 2-10	0271	16	167		IH610
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 10-22	12		HARRI	3	61

23D

ings\FPM(5)-22.DGN

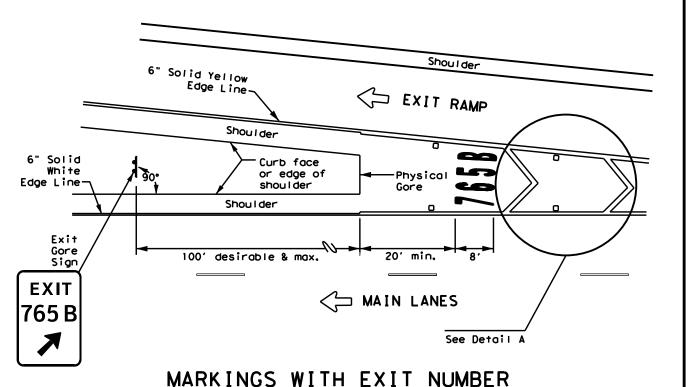
1. Minimum 8 foot white exit number pavement markings should be used, unless otherwise noted.

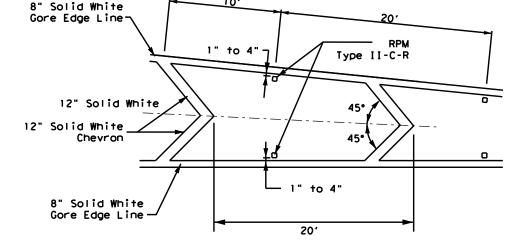
2. Spacing between letters and numbers should be approximately 4 inches.

EXIT NUMBER PAVEMENT MARKING NOTES

3. Pavement markings are to be located as specified elsewhere in the plans.

4. Numbers and Letters details can be found in the Standard Highway Design for Texas (SHSD) Section 12 at http://www.txdot.gov

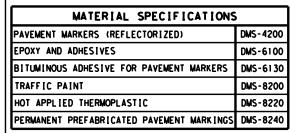




# **NOTES**

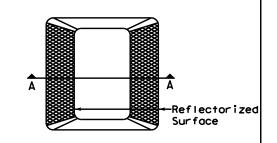
- 1. Raised pavement markers shall be centered between each chevron or neutral area line.
- 2. For more information, see Reflectorized Raised Pavement Marker Detail.

# DETAIL A

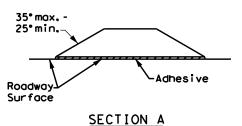


All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

	LEGEND
4	Traffic flow
0	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R



Type II (Top View)



REFLECTORIZED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER (RPM)

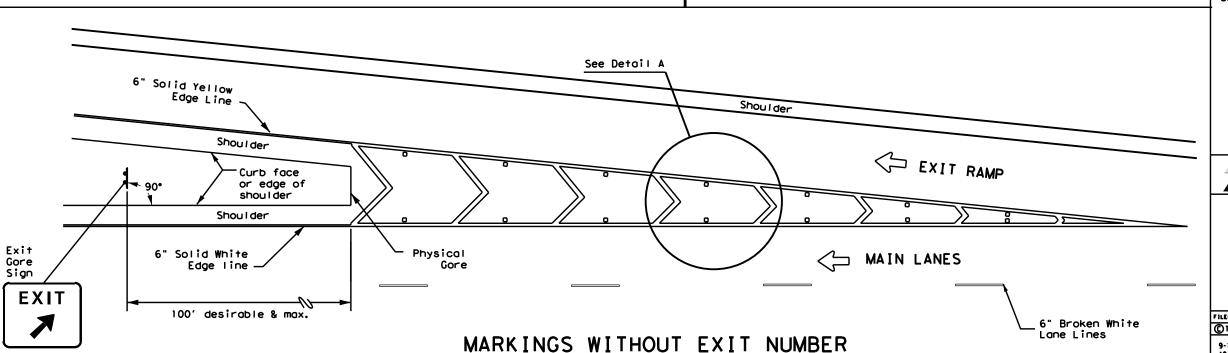


Traffic Safety Division Standard

EXIT GORE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

FPM(5) - 22

1 1 101 ( 3 / 2 2								
FILE: fpm(5)-22,dgn DN: CK: DN: CK:								
© TxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		H [ GHBAY			
9-19	0271	16	167		<b>I</b> H610			
10-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	12		HARRI	S	62			
23E								



LEGEND Traffic flow Pavement marking arrows (white) Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used Traffic Safety Division Standard

S ENTRANCE RAMP

**\$** 坖

-Typical Entrance Ramp Ramp Gore Marking (See FPM(1))

6" White Edge line

Typical Exit

Gore Marking (See FPM (5))

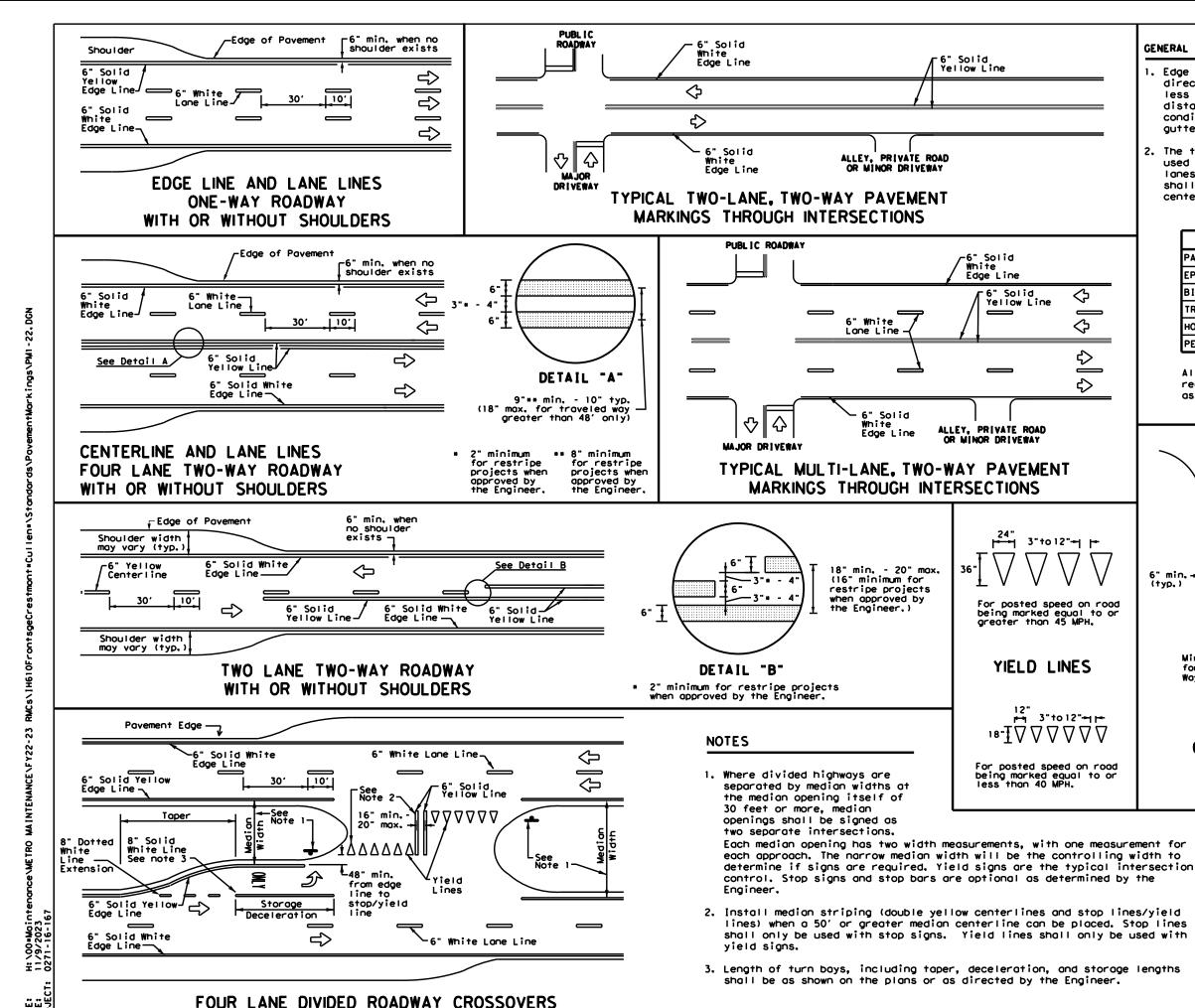
14

Texas Department of Transportation

# TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY AND FRONTAGE ROAD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

FPM(6) - 22

FILE: fpm(6)-22.dgn © TxDOT October 2022 J08 HIGHBAY 167 IH610 10-22 DIST SHEET NO. 23F

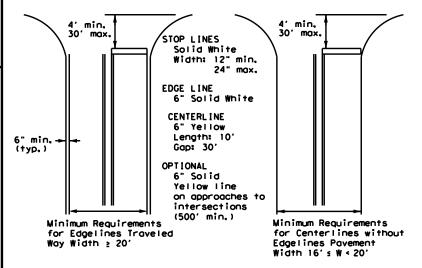


# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths.

Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

# GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



# TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

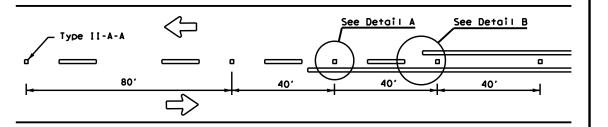
1 171	\ I	,	~ ~		
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2022	CONT	SECT	J08		
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CR: FILE: pm1-22.dgn **◯⊺xDOT** December REVISIONS 11-78 8-00 6-20 IH610 DIST COUNT 8-95 3-03 12-22 5-00 2-12

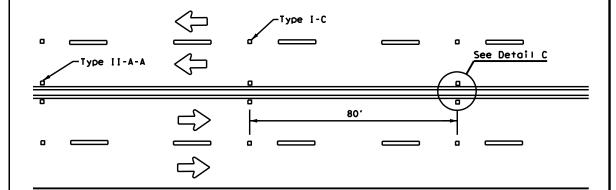
PM(1) - 22

ings\PW2-22.DGN

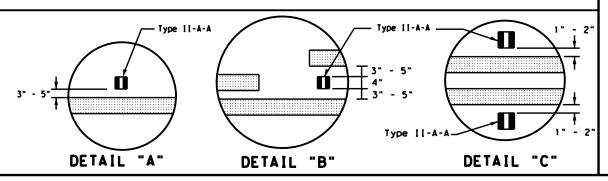
# REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE



# CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



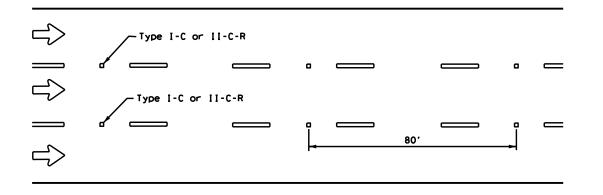
# CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



6" EDGE LINE, 6" CENTERLINE OR 6" LANE LINE

# Center line . Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane 40' 40' 80'

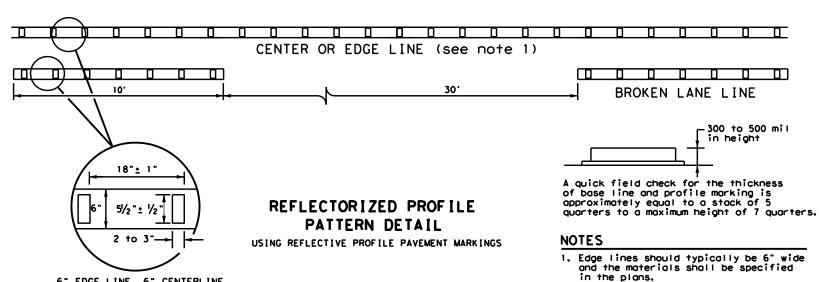
# CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



# LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

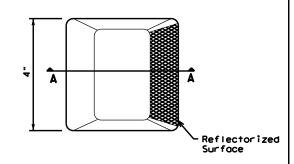


# **GENERAL NOTES**

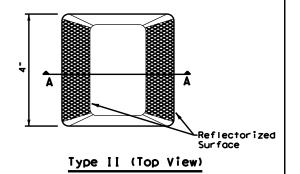
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the stripes.
- 2. On concrete payements the raised payement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lones. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS			
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200		
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100		
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130		
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200		
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220		
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240		

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



SECTION A

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



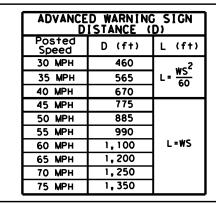
POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE MARKINGS PM(2) - 22

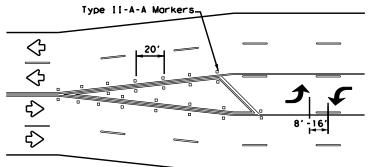
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TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	J08		н і Сивач		
-77 8-00 6-20	0271	16	167		IH610		
-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
-00 2-12	12		HARRI	S	65		
AR I							

6" Dotted White Lane Line 9',3',9' Lane-Reduction Arrow Paved Shoulder Pavement D/4 D/2 D/4 Edge 300' -500' RIGHT MERGE (Optional) ₩9-2TL Varies (See general Note 2) SEE DETAIL B

# NOTES

- Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.





A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn boy is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

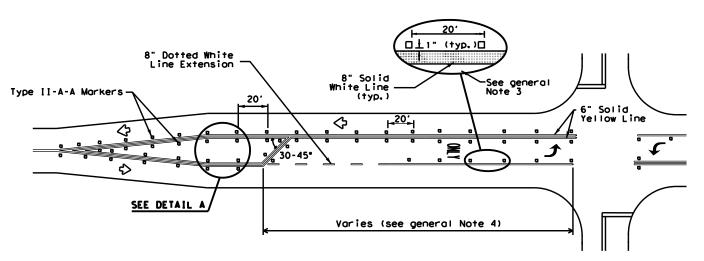
# TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

# GENERAL NOTES

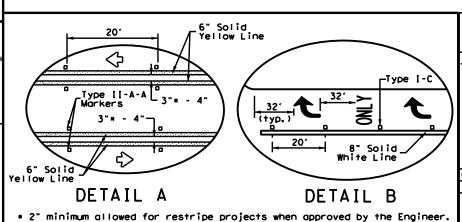
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- 3. Use raised payement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS				
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200			
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100			
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130			
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200			
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220			
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240			

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



# TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS

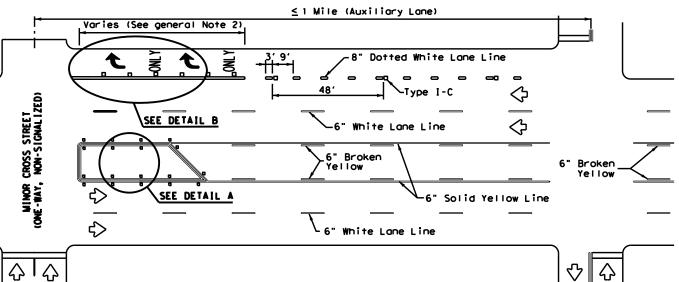




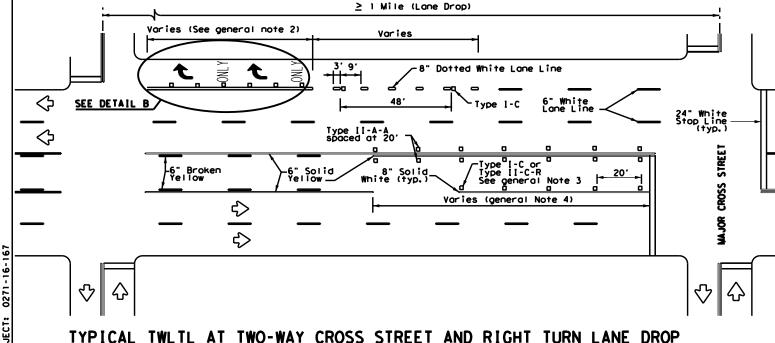
'WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES, RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS, AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3) - 22

FILE: pm3-22.dgn	Deta		CR1	Dir	CK1	
<b>©⊺×DOT</b> December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHBAY	
REVISIONS 4-98 3-03 6-20	0271	16	167		IH610	
5-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
8-00 2-12	12	HARRIS		S	66	
220						

# LANE REDUCTION

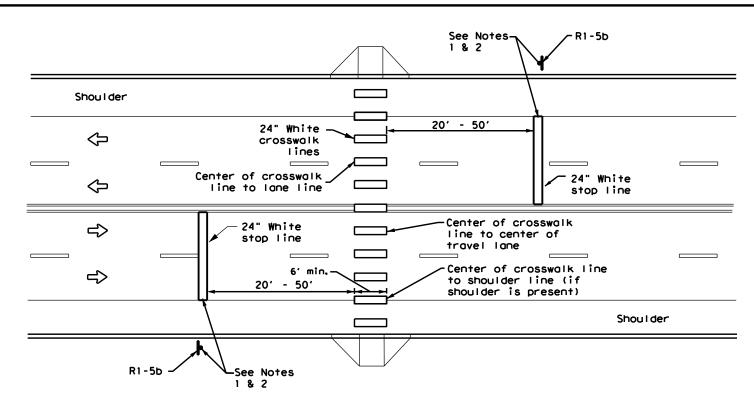


# TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



Shoul der 5' max. (See -General Note 1) — 24" White crosswalk lines  $\langle \neg$ ⇒ 24" White stop line Center of crosswalk line to lane line Center of crosswalk ➾ -line to center of travel lane  $\Rightarrow$ Center of crosswalk line to shoulder line (if shoulder is present) Shoul der

# HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK AT CONTROLLED APPROACH



UNSIGNALIZED MIDBLOCK HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK

# **GENERAL NOTES**

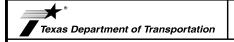
- 1. Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes. lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- 2. A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be
- 3. For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- 4. At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.
- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.
- 7. Final placement of Stop Bar and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

# NOTES:

- 1. Use stop bars with Stop Here For Pedestrians (R1-5b) signs at unsignalized midblock cross walks.
- 2. Use stop bars with STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6 or R10-6a) signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.



CROSSWALK PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PM(4)-22A

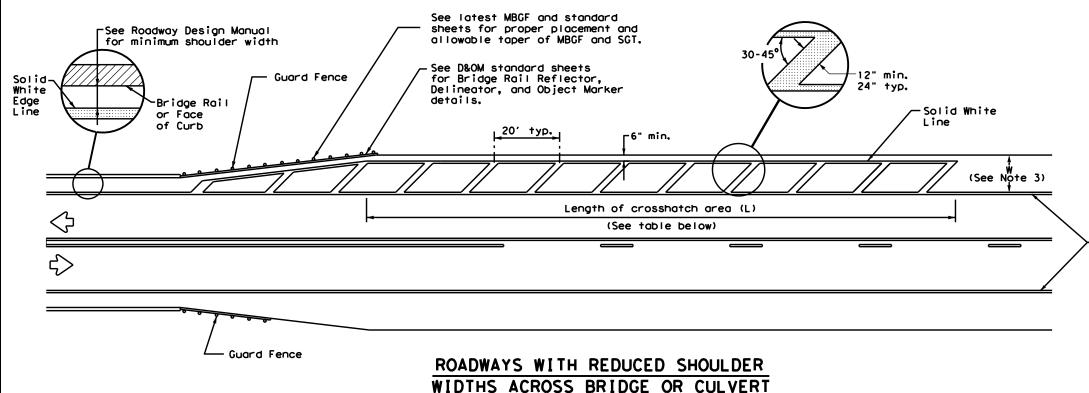
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TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB HIGHRAY	
REVISIONS 20	0271	16	167		IH610
-52	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-22	12		HARRI	S	67

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 4 inches from the bridge rail or face of curb or 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions.
- 2. No-passing zone on bridge approach is optional. If used, the no-passing zone shall be a minimum 500 feet long from the beginning of the bridge.
- 3. The crosshatching should be required if the shoulder width in advance of the bridge is 4 feet or wider and a reduction of at least 3 feet in shoulder width across the bridge occurs.
- 4. On divided highways, review both the right and left shoulder widths for the need for narrow bridge pavement markings.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

Solid White Edge Line



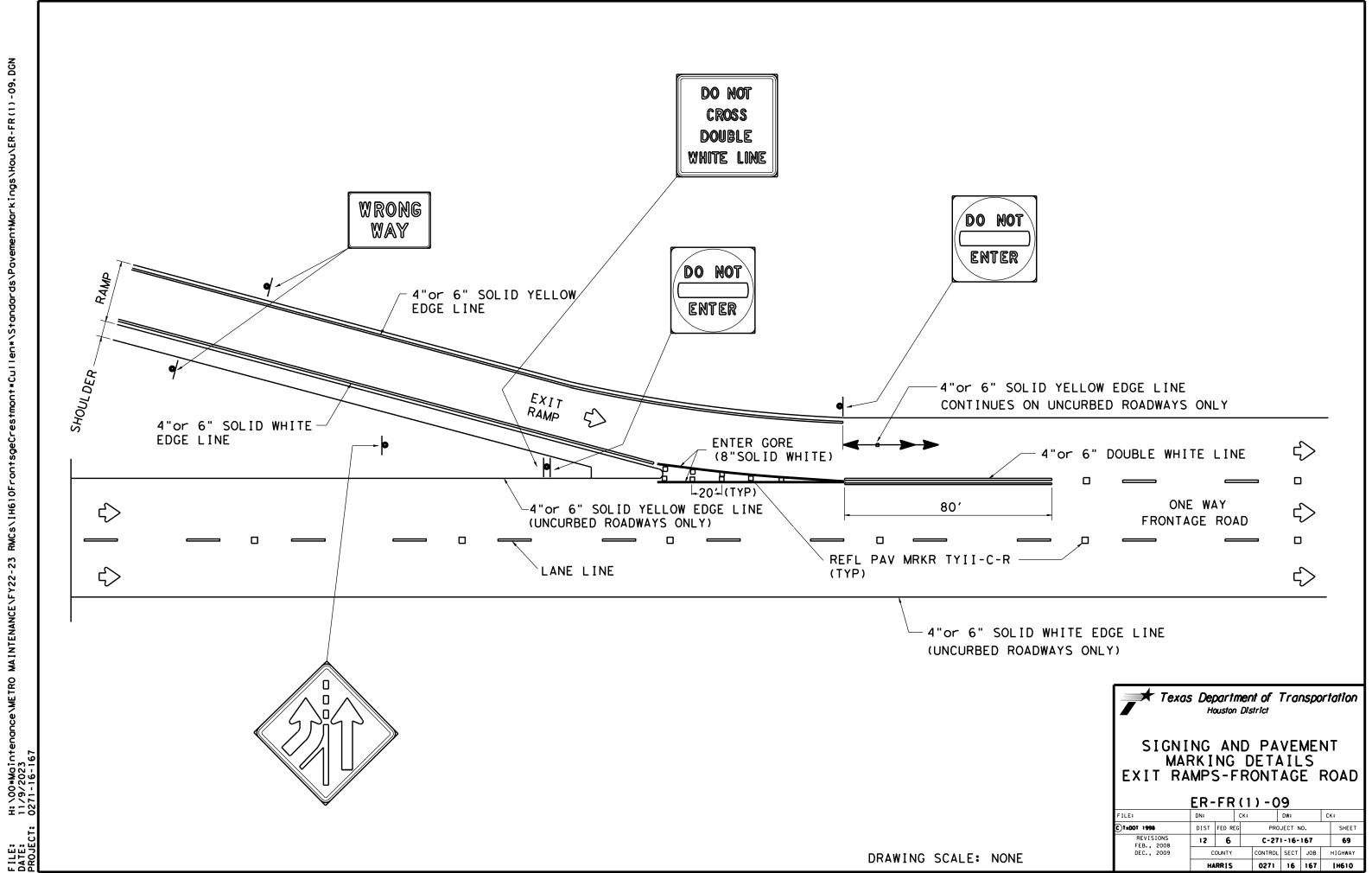
CROSSHATCH LENGTH (L) **Posted** Speed L (ft) 30 35 300 ft 40 45 50 55 60 500 ft 65 70 75

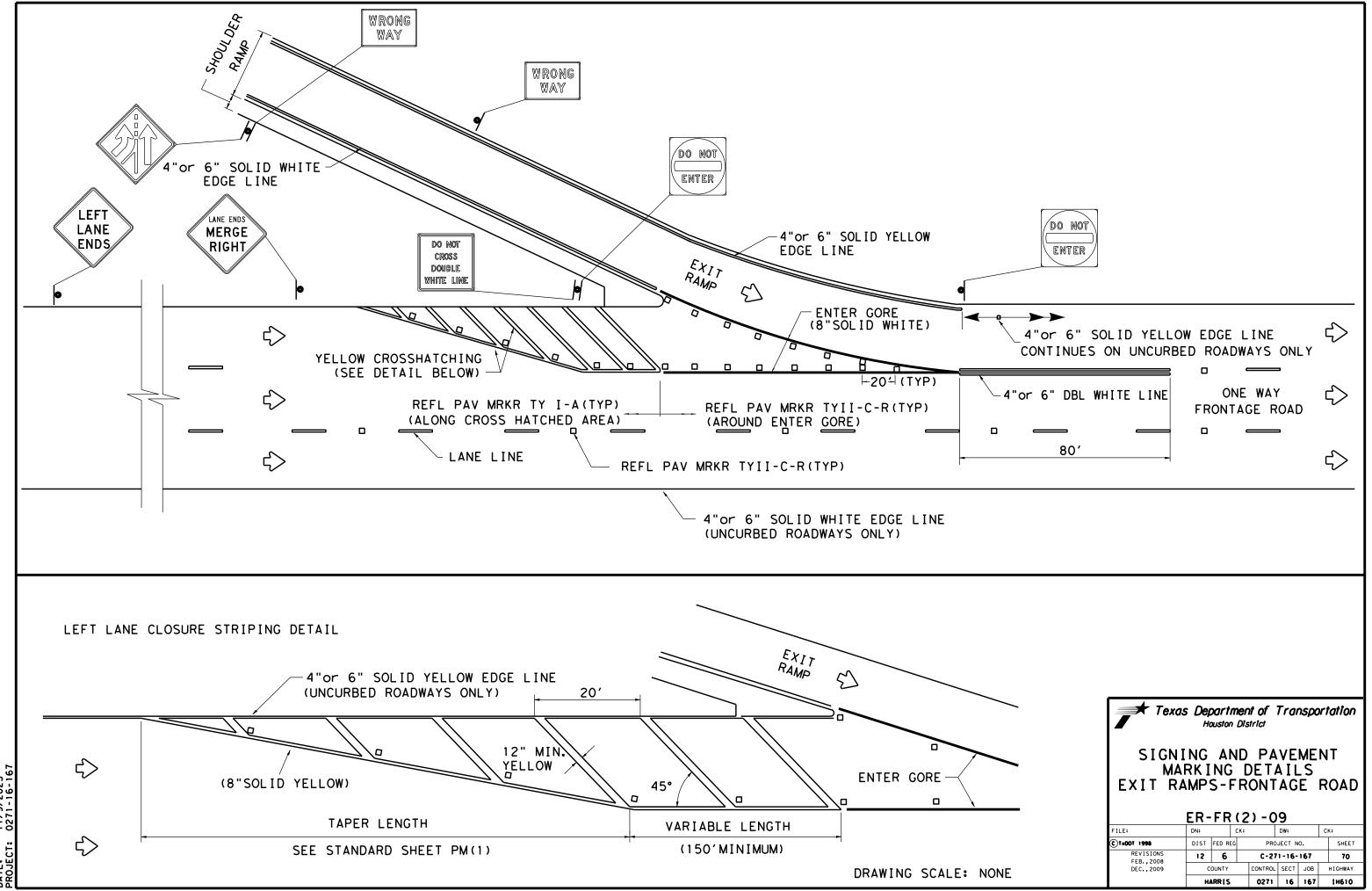
Texas Department of Transportation

PAVEMENT MARKINGS FOR ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

PM(5) - 22

E: pm5-22.dgn	Des Tx	DOT	CR: TxDOT	Diffs	TxDOT	CK: TXDOT	
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	J08		Hţ(	СИВАЧ	
REVISIONS	0271	16 167		IH	1610		
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	12	12 HARRIS			68		





X AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

STD N-30

CK:

RAISED REFLECTIVE PAVEMENT MARKER
TYPE I-C OR TYPE II-C-R

RAISED REFLECTIVE PAVEMENT MARKER TYPE I-C OR TYPE II-C-R

Texas Department of Transportation

Houston District

PAVEMENT MARKINGS
(CONTRAST LANE LINES)

PM(CLL)-14

DIST FED REG

HQU 6

© 1xD01 2003

REVISIONS
01-10-06
02-12-08
10-2019 9" +o 10"

DW:

PROJECT NO.

C-271-16-167 71

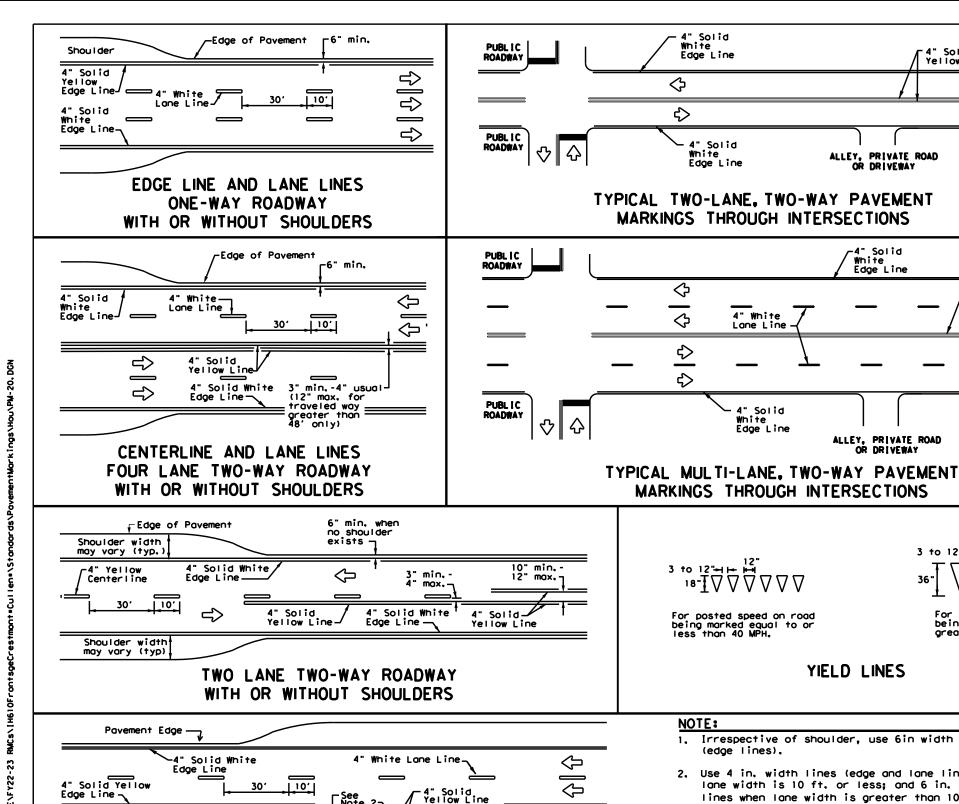
CONTROL SECT JOB HIGHWAY

0271 16 167 1H610

RMCs\]H610FrontsgeCrestmont\*Cullen\*\Standards\PavementMarkings\Hou\PM(DOT)-11.DGN

0271 16 167

HARRIS



# NOTE:

4" Solid White Edge Line

4" Solid

White Edge Line

4" White Lane Line

4" Solid White Edge Line

For posted speed on road

♦

 $\diamondsuit$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

1. Irrespective of shoulder, use 6in width lines (edge lines).

YIELD LINES

2. Use 4 in, width lines (edge and lane lines) when Iane width is 10 ft, or less; and 6 in, width lines when lane width is greater than 10 ft.

# NOTES

- 1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop bars/yield triangles) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop bars shall only be used with stop signs. Yield traingles shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

# GENERAL NOTES

r 4" Solid | Yellow Line

4" Solid Yellow Line

For posted speed on road

being marked equal to or greater than 45 MPH.

ALLEY, PRIVATE ROAD

OR DRIVEWAY

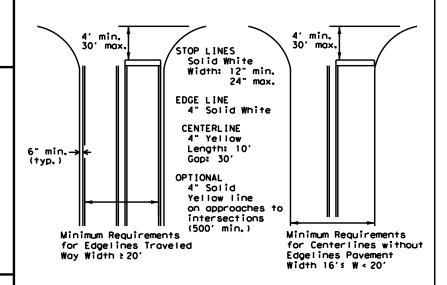
r4" Solid White Edge Line

ALLEY, PRIVATE ROAD

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



# GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

$\Box$	<b>N A</b>		~	$\boldsymbol{\cap}$
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0	TxDOT NOVEMBER 1978	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
8-95	2-12 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
5-00	8-16	0271	16	167		IH610
8-00	7-20	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-03		12		HARRIS	:	74

 $\Rightarrow$ 

-See Note 1-

Storage

Deceleration

Tape

8" Solid White Line

See note 3

4" Solid Yellow ->

4" Solid White

Edge Line —

Optional

Dotted 8" White

Extension

# FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

10" min. -

ΔΔΔΔΔΔ

48" min.

line to stop/yield

from edge

Triangles

White Lane Line

\_

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION	III. CULTURAL RESOURCES	VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES		
Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit is required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506. Refer to Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) Houston District standard plan.  No Additional Comments	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the area and contact the Engineer immediately.  No Additional Comments	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event potentially contaminated materials are observed, such as dead or distressed vegetation, trash disposal areas, drums, canisters, barrels, leaching or seepage of substances, unusual smells or odors, or stained soil, cease work in the area and contact the Engineer immediately.  No Additional Comments		
	IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES			
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS	Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Refer to TxDOT Standard			
United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Permit is required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and general conditions associated with the following permit(s). If additional work not represented in the plans is required, contact the Engineer immediately.	Specifications in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping and tree/brush removal.  No Additional Comments	VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES		
No United States Army Corps (USACE) Permit Required		Comments:		
Work is authorized by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) under a Nationwide Permit (NWP) without a Pre-Construction Notification (PCN). Project specific permit was not issued by USACE, therefore is not in the plan set. The USACE general conditions are in the "General Notes."				
Work is authorized by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) under a Nationwide Permit (NWP) with a Pre-Construction Notification (PCN). The project specific permit issued by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) is included in the plan set. The USACE general conditions are in the "General Notes."	V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS  If any of the listed species below are observed, cease work in the area, do not disturb			
Work is authorized by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) under a Individual Permit (IP). The project specific permit issued by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) is included in the plan set.	species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately.  The work may not remove active nests (from bridges, structures, or vegetation adjacent			
Work would be authorized by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) permit. The project specific permit issued by the USACE will be provided to the contractor.	to the roadway, etc.) during nesting season (February 15 to October 1). If removal of structures or vegetation is necessary during the nesting season, the Contractor shall conduct a bird survey no more than 3 days in advance of the clearing/demolish start date. All bird surveys shall be conducted by a Field Biologist and adhere to the			
United States Coast Guard (USCG) Permit is required for projects that involve the construction or modification (including changes to lighting) of a bridge or causeway across a water body determined to be navigable by the United States Coast Guard (USCG) under Section 9 of the Rivers and Harbors Act. If additional work not represented in the plans is required, contact the Engineer immediately.	guidance document "Avoiding Migratory Birds and Handling Potential Violations" found in the TxDOT Environmental Compliance Toolkits at the time of the survey. (See below for Field Biologist and Ornithologist qualifications)  No Additional Comments			
▼ No United States Coast Guard (USCG) Coordination Required				
United States Coast Guard (USCG) Permit				
United States Coast Guard (USCG) Exemption				
No Additional Comments		Texas Department of Transportation  ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,  ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS  EPIC		
	Field Biologist, Omithologist – a field biologist is defined as an individual qualified to perform field investigations, presence/absence surveys and habitat surveys for protected avian species or species of concern. A mandatory bachelor's degree in biology or a related science is required. At a minimum, the Field Biologist, Ornithologist, shall have completed and reported a minimum of three presence/absence and habitat surveys for protected avian species in the past five years. A minimum of three projects must have been conducted in Texas. Surveys shall have been performed for documentation of species in accordance with a protocol approved by USFWS or TPWD, or following generally accepted methodologies.	FILE: EPIC Sheet.dgn   DN:   CK:   DW:   CK:		

# STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For projects with less than one acre of soil disturbing activity and that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

# 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

# 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0271-16-167

# **1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:**

From: CRESTMONT ST

HOLMES RD

# 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 29°40'57.64"N ,(Long) 95°21'6.85"W

END: (Lat) 29°41'21.17"N ,(Long) 95°19'56.53"W

**1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres):** 5.5228 Acre

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0 Acre

# 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

PLANING, ASPHALT OVERLAY AND PAV. MARKINGS

# 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description			
AFLISOL, 2-4% SLOPE	NATIVE SOIL WITH CLAY SUBSOIL COVERED WITH 90% OF VARIOUS GRASSES, MODERATED WELL DRAINED			

# 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: □ PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting
 □

PSLs determined during construction

☐ No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

# 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

- Install sediment and erosion controls
- Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- Remove existing pavement
- Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- Install proposed pavement per plans
- Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- Place flex base
- Rework slopes, grade ditches
- Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- Revegetation of unpaved areas
- X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:			

Other:	
-	_

# 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- ▼ Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities

∪tner:			
□ Other:			

□ Other:			

# 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
BRAYS BAYOU	HOUSTON SHIP CHANNEL/BUFFALC BAYOU TIDAL - 1007
± A I I /#\ c	

Add (\*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

# 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Perform SWP3 inspections

Other:

□ Other:

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Otner.			

# 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

☐ Other:			



# STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



0271

16

\* July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO. SHEE NO.			
6			76		
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY		
TEXA:	S	12	HARRIS		

167

IH 610

# STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

# 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
X □ Protection of Existing Vegetation □ Vegetated Buffer Zones □ Soil Retention Blankets □ Geotextiles □ Mulching/ Hydromulching □ Soil Surface Treatments □ Temporary Seeding □ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
<ul> <li>□ Vertical Tracking</li> <li>□ Interceptor Swale</li> <li>□ Riprap</li> <li>□ Diversion Dike</li> <li>□ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>□ Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>□ Paved Flumes</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>
□ □ Other:
□ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P
Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Sandbag Berms Sediment Control Fence Stabilized Construction Exit Floating Turbidity Barrier Vegetated Buffer Zones Vegetated Filter Strips Other: Other:
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

# 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Statio	ning
Туре	From	То
the Environmental Lay n Attachment 1.2 of th		Layout SI

# 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- Maul roads dampened for dust control
- ☑ Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- Stabilized construction exit
- Daily street sweeping

Other:	

Other:			
_			

Other.		
-		

Other:		

# 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- ☐ Chemical Management
- □ Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- Debris and Trash Management
- ☑ Dust Control

Other:

□ Sanitary Facilities

Other:			

# **2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:**

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stati	oning
Туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

# 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

# 2.8 DEWATERING:

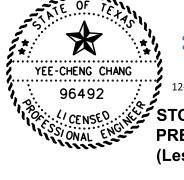
Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

# 2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

# 2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.



12-14-23

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



\* July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.					
6		C-271-16-167					
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS		12	HARRIS				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
0271		16	167	IH 610			

# MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

FILL:

Use 100% shredded mulch or other non-compost biodegradable material as fill for logs. No compost or fines.

DO NOT USE MATERIAL WHICH PROHIBITS WATER INFILTRATION.

LOG MESH:

Use mesh with  $\frac{1}{4}$ " openings or larger. Mesh must allow water infiltration but also hold fill material in place.

# SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment trap (erosion control log) may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

<u>Traps:</u> The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed 5 ocres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Sediment traps should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way

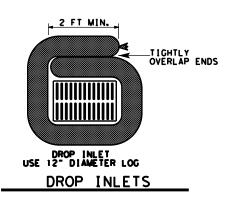
The trap should be cleaned when the capacity has been reduced by  $\frac{1}{2}$  or the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1', whichever is less.

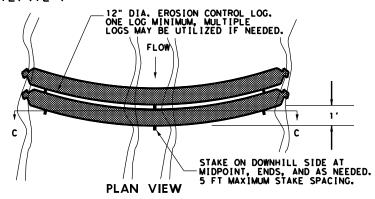
# REQUIRED ITEMS:

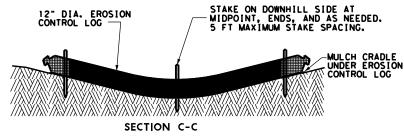
- ITEM 506-6040 BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")
- ITEM 506-6041 BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12") LF
- ITEM 506-6043 BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE) LF

# DROP INLETS AND OTHER LOCATIONS 12" DIAMETER LOGS

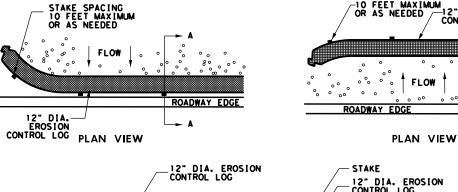
ITEM 506-6041 BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")

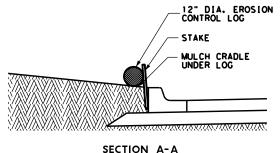




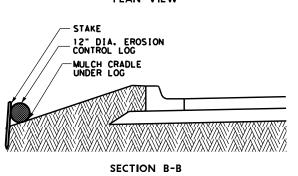


DRAINAGE SWALE OR DITCH

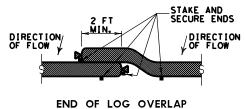


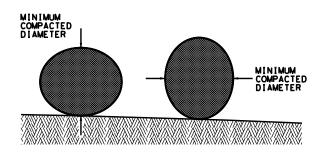


SLOPE TO ROADWAY EDGE



SLOPE AWAY FROM ROADWAY EDGE





DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS



EROSION CONTROL LOG

ECL-I2

E: STDG4a.DGN	DN: TxDot		CK:	TxDot	DW: T	xDot	CK:	TxDot
T*DOT 2014	DISTRICT	FED	REG	PRO	ECT NUMB	CT NUMBER		SHEET
REVISIONS	12	-	93	C-271-16-167		78		
5 MINOR CORRECTIONS	COUNTY			CONTROL	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
	HARRIS			0271	16	167	IH610	