SHEET NO.

2-3

6-17

18

19

20

INDEX OF SHEETS

DESCRIPTION

ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET

STANDARD SHEETS (BELOW)

ENVIRONMENTAL SHEETS

WORK LOCATIONS AND SUMMARY

TITLE SHEET

BC(1-12)-21

TCP(2-1)-18

TCP(2-2)-18

WZ (RS)-22

GENERAL NOTES

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

000000	DIV. NO. ROUTINE MAINT. PROJECT NO.					NO.			
GRAPHICS 9	6		RMC 6	393320	001	1			
,	STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY					
CHECKED	TEXA	TEXAS		XAS AMA		MOORE, ETC.			
CHECKED	CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.				
	6393	6393		001	IIS :	287			

PLANS OF PROPOSED

STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

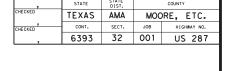
STATE MAINTENANCE PROJECT

RMC 6393-32-001

FOR THE REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING STATE FACILITIES CONSISTING OF REMOVE AND DISPOSAL OF TREES

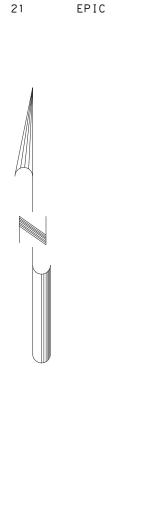
LIMITS : AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN MOORE, DALLAM, HARTLEY, SHERMAN, HUTCHINSON & HANSFORD COUNTIES

NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = N/A



DESIGN SPEED = N/A

PROJECT CONSTRUCTED AND FINAL PLANS PREPARED BY:	
	DATE
CONTRACTORS NAME:	
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED:	



HANSFORD DALLAM HUTCHINSON HARTLEY

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR STATE

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND ERECT BARRICADES AND CONSTRUCTION SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS AND THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, AT POINTS AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBMITED 11/27/2023 FOR LETTING:
DocuSigned by:
yachen K Mayer P.E.
3719DE174B2A4C6
RECOMMENDED 11/27/2023 FOR LETTING:
DATE DATE
Wes kimmell
APPROVED 11/27/2023 FOR LETTING:
DATE DocuSigned by:
Blair Johnson

(C) 2023 by Texas Department of Transportation (512) 416-2055; all rights reserved.

-8B80E3AEB2BC43A...ICT ENGINEER

Project Number: RMC 639332001 Sheet

County: Moore, Etc. Control: 6393-32-001

Highway: US 287, Etc.

GENERAL NOTES:

This project includes plan sheets that are not part of the bid proposal. Plans can be viewed online or downloaded from the web at:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at:

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm

Information concerning the project, plans, limits and locations may also obtained by contacting Brad Buchanan at (806) 356-3284 or the Area Office in charge of this project. Plans, limits, and locations may be viewed at Contract Administration, Texas Department of Transportation District Office, 5715 Canyon Drive Amarillo, Texas 79110.

All Contractor pre-bid questions on this project are to be submitted by email to the following individual(s):

TO: Dumas Area Engineer Zachary Mayer, P.E. Zachary.Mayer@txdot.gov (interim)
Assistant Area Engineer Brandon Bilbrey, P.E. Brandon.Bilbrey@txdot.gov

CC: Director of Operations Contract Specialist Wes Kimmell, P.E. Wes.Kimmell@txdot.gov

Brad Buchanan Brad.Buchanan@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, or in person by the above individuals.

For Q&A's on Proposals navigate to:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

Use the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink of the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

All questions submitted that generate responses will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Prior to beginning operations, a pre-construction conference will be held at the Area Office in charge of this work.

Project Number: RMC 639332001 Sheet

County: Moore, Etc. Control: 6393-32-001

Highway: US 287, Etc.

Contractor's personnel shall have all applicable training certificates for, but not limited to, concrete work, welding, SWP3, and traffic control. Certifications must be through credible sources, such as ACI and TxDOT. Contractor must submit certifications prior to beginning applicable work.

In the event that several contracts are awarded to the same contractor, the contractor shall be sufficiently staffed to concurrently pursue each contract.

Operation of equipment or machines near any overhead or underground utility lines shall be accomplished using established industry safety practices. The contractor shall consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.

The contractor will be responsible for locating all utilities that may be present near construction areas. Utilities damaged by the contractor will be repaired at no additional cost to the state.

The maintenance supervisor and area engineer are listed below with the engineer's representative in charge of this contract:

Area Engineer	Address	Contact Person
Zach Mayer, P.E.	1249 N. Maddox Ave. Dumas, TX 79029	(806) 934-1122 office (806) 349-3621 cell
Maintenance Section	Address	Maintenance Supervisor
Moore County	1249 N. Maddox Ave Dumas, TX 79029	Blake Tate (806) 935-4501 office (806) 681-5945 cell
Hartley County	200 Rock Island Channing, TX 79018	Bart Lamberson (806) 235-2692 office (806) 335-0448 cell
Dallam County	12190 US HWY 87 Dalhart, TX 79018	Jack Phillips (806) 249-2071 office (806) 681-5956 cell
Sherman County	US 54 East Stratford, TX 79084	Jerry Ewers (806) 396-2800 office (806) 316-1386 cell

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Project Number: RMC 639332001 Sheet

County: Moore, Etc. Control: 6393-32-001

Highway: US 287, Etc.

Hansford County 114 W Hwy 15 Michael Turner

Gruver, TX 79040 (806) 733-2334 office

(806) 316-1425 cell

Hutchinson County PO Box 230 Kelvin Britten

Borger, TX 79018 (806) 274-6741 office

(806) 681-5955 cell

If portions of the right-of-way is used to store materials, equipment, and other uses with the approval of the engineer, materials, equipment, etc., must either be located outside the 30 feet traffic safety clearance zone or be adequately protected.

There are no "reference markers" within the project limits.

EQUIPMENT

The contractor shall have all necessary equipment needed to perform the work. The use of yellow rotating beacons or omni directional flashing amber warning lamps is encouraged. The warning lamps shall be mounted on the vehicles in such a manner as to allow clear visibility from all directions.

Item 7 Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

Upon completion of all work provided for in the contract for any individual project, the Engineer will make an inspection, and if the work is found to be satisfactory the Contractor will be released from further maintenance on that portion of the work or project. Such partial acceptance will be made in writing and shall in no way void or alter any terms of the contract.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

Item 8 Prosecution and Progress

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4 Standard Workweek.

Item 502 Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Adjust the traffic control setup such that rumble strips are not placed in areas of heavily rutted pavements, unpaved surfaces, or horizontal curves.

Project Number: RMC 639332001 Sheet

County: Moore, Etc. Control: 6393-32-001

Highway: US 287, Etc.

The contractor shall have the option of using either plastic drums, vertical panels, grabber cones or a combination where drums are shown as channelizing devices, as approved by the engineer. Plastic drums shall be used in all transition areas in accordance with BC(8)-14 and WZ(TD)-17.

Item 752 Tree and Brush Removal

Trees to be removed shall be marked by TxDOT prior to work beginning on each roadway.

Nesting season is from April 1st through August 31st. Trees with active nests will not be removed during the nesting season. The contractor shall gain permission from the Engineer prior to removing any trees during the nesting season.

Trees removed under this item shall become the property of the contractor. It is the responsibility of the contractor to remove all trunks, branches and debris from the right of way per work zone by nightfall each day.

The spreading of chipped material on the Right of Way will not be allowed for this project.

Item 6185 Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for this project, provide 0 additional shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (2-1)-18 and (2-2)-18 as detailed on the General Notes of this standard sheets.

Therefore, 1 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number Of TMAs needed for the project.

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6393-32-001

DISTRICT Amarillo **HIGHWAY** US0287

COUNTY Moore

Report Created On: Nov 15, 2023 11:12:40

	CONTROL SECTION JOB				2-001			
	PROJECT ID				3077			
		co	UNTY	Мос	re	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL	
		HIGHWAY		USO	287			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	EST. FINAL			
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000		
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	4.000		4.000		
	752-6005	TREE REMOVAL (4" - 12" DIA)	EA	772.000		772.000		
	752-6006	TREE REMOVAL (12" - 18" DIA)	EA	198.000		198.000		
	752-6007	TREE REMOVAL (18" - 24" DIA)	EA	119.000		119.000		
	752-6008	TREE REMOVAL (24" - 30" DIA)	EA	77.000		77.000		
	752-6009	TREE REMOVAL (30" - 36" DIA)	EA	45.000		45.000		
	752-6010	TREE REMOVAL (36" - 42" DIA)	EA	41.000		41.000		
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	80.000		80.000		



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Amarillo	Amarillo Moore		4

CSJ# 6393-32-001

COUNTY: MOORE, ETC.

Location #	Maintenance Section	County	Roadway	Reference Marker	4"-12"	12"-18"	18"-24"	24"-30"	30"-36"	36"-42"	Comments
1	Channing	Hartley	FM 722	West of RM 274	6		8				300'-400' EAST OF US 385 AND FM 722 INTERSECTION, EAST SIDE OF ROAD
	Channing	Hartley	FM 722	West of RM 274	7		1				1130' EAST OF US 385 AND FM 722 INTERSECTION, BOTH SIDES OF ROAD
	Channing	Hartley	FM 722	RM 274 - RM 276	1		1				6000' WEST OF FM 722 AND FM 3138 INTERSECTION, SOUTH SIDE OF ROAD
	Channing	Hartley	FM 722	RM 276 - RM 278			3	1			240' - 550' WEST OF FM 722 AND FM 3138 INTERSECTION, SOUTH SIDE OF ROAD
	Channing	Hartley	FM 722	RM 276 - RM 278	16		22	3		2	190' - 1755' EAST OF FM 722 AND FM 3138 INTERSECTION, SOUTH SIDE OF ROAD
	Channing	Hartley	FM 722	RM 276 - RM 278							2760' EAST OF FM 722 AND FM 3138 INTERSECTION, TWO TREES IN FRONT OF HOUSE ON SOUTH SIDE OF ROAD, LEAVE THESE TWO ALONE
	Channing	Hartley	FM 722	RM 276 - RM 278	6		6		1		3490' - 3690' EAST OF FM 722 AND FM 3138 INTERSECTION, SOUTH SIDE OF ROAD
	Channing	Hartley	FM 722	RM 276 - RM 278	13		6		1		4270' - 5200' EAST OF FM 722 AND FM 3138 INTERSECTION, SOUTH SIDE OF ROAD
	Channing	Hartley	FM 722	RM 278 - RM 280	12					1	MOORE COUNTY LINE TO 2856' WEST, NORTH SIDE OF ROAD
2	Dumas	Moore	SH 152	RM 308 - RM 310	20			5		4	At FM 1913
3	Dumas	Moore	FM 1060	RM 52	3	1			2		Just south of RM 52
	Dumas	Moore	US 87								Between Dumas and Hartley Co Line
4	Gruver	Hansford	FM 759	RM 334 - RM 336	28		10	4	2		1/2 MILE EAST OF FM 760
5	Borger	Hutchinson	RM 687	RM 58 - RM 62	122	51	22	8	1	2	Just south of SH 152
	Borger	Hutchinson	RM 687	RM 70	41	10	6	2			From Sanford to the dam
6	Borger	Hutchinson	SH 136	RM 76 - RM 78	34	6	5	4	2		From FM 1551 to FM 1319
	Borger	Hutchinson	SH 136	RM 64 - RM 66	6		15	6	1	7	Stinnett to 2 miles north
7	Dalhart	Dallam	FM 807	RM 60 - RM 62	14	1	1	2	8		WEST SIDE OF ROAD
	Dalhart	Dallam	FM 807	RM 62 - RM 66	76	12	6	5	6	9	EAST SIDE OF ROAD
	Dalhart	Dallam	FM 807	RM 66 - RM 68	157	90	6	31	5	11	BOTH SIDES OF ROAD
8	Stratford	Sherman	US 287	RM 28 - RM 30	3						AT CO RD 7
	Stratford	Sherman	US 287	RM 28 - RM 30	23	12					AT BRIDGE AND SOME IN DRAW
	Stratford	Sherman	US 287	RM 34	2			1			NEAR RM 34, 1 ON SB, 2 ON NB
	Stratford	Sherman	US 287	RM 36 - RM 38	10	3		3			AT CO RD U, 2 TREES AT CO RD V SOUTHBOUND
	Stratford	Sherman	US 287	RM 38 - RM 40	44	10			6	1	NEAR CO RD W, MOST ON SB SIDE, A FEW ON NB SIDE 0.6 MILES SOUTH OF CO RD W
	Stratford	Sherman	US 287	RM 40 - RM 42		1		1		1	AT CO RD Y AND AT FM 1573
	Stratford	Sherman	US 287	RM 44 - RM 46	8						AT CO RD BB AND AT CO RD CC
	Stratford	Sherman	US 287	RM 46 - RM 48	1						AT FM 297
9	Stratford	Sherman	FM 1573	RM 288 - RM 290						1	AT CO RD 10
	Stratford	Sherman	FM 1573	RM 292 - RM 294	43	1	1	1		2	AT CO RD 15 ON SOUTH SIDE OF ROAD
	Stratford	Sherman	FM 1573	RM 296 - RM 298	76				10		AT CO RD 18 ON SOUTH SIDE OF ROAD

LOCATION SUMMARY

FED.RD. DIV.NO.	MAINTENANO	SHEET NO.				
06	RMC 6	5				
STATE	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY				
TX	04	моол				
CONT.	SECT.	J0B	HIGHWAY	NO.		
6393	32	001	US 287. ETC.			

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

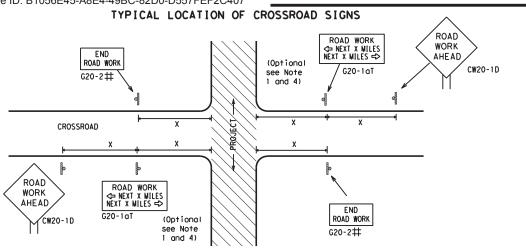


Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

		S • •	•				
LE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	DOT	ck: TxDOT	CK: TXDOT DW:		ck: TxDOT
)TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H1GHWAY	
1-03	REVISIONS 7-13	6393	32	001		US 28	37,ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-10	5-21	AMA	MOORE, ETC. 6				



May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X MILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI \Diamond INTERSECTED 1000' -1500' 1 Block - City - Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => 801 WORK ZONE G20-26T * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T WORK * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE ¥ × R20-5aTP #MEN #ORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

48" x 48"

36" x 36"

48" x 48"

onventional Expressway/ Freeway 48" x 48' 48" x 48' 48" × 48"

SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign 🛆 Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 ²
60	600²
65	700 ²
70	800 ²
75	900 ²
80	1000 ²
*	* 3

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW20' CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7. CW8.

CW9, CW11

CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6,

CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING * * G20-5 ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS CW20-1D € X R20-5aTP ME PRESENT ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1* > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK CW20-1D WORK G20-10T * * R20-3T X X AHEAD CONTRACTOR lхх AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or MPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Rightarrow \Leftrightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING \Rightarrow \Rightarrow SPEED END G20-2bt * * R2-1 LIMIT line should 3X $\otimes \times \times$ FND coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign 'ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 * * location **NOTES** within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

BEGIN

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- ** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND
I	Type 3 Barricade
000	Channelizing Devices
4	Sign
Х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

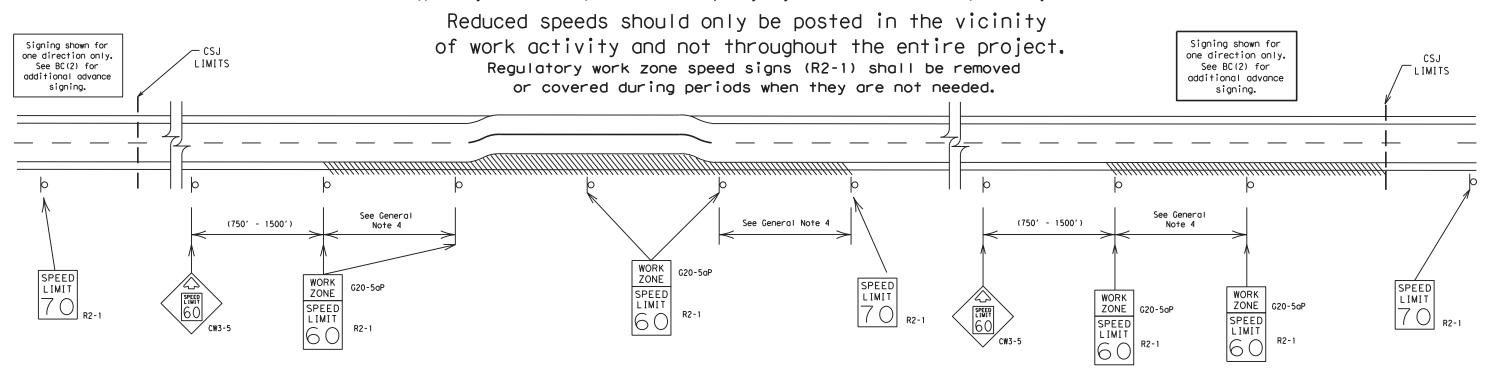
BC(2)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDC	
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY	
	REVISIONS	6393	32	001		US 28	7, ETC	
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	AMA	MOORE, ET			ГС. 7		
0.0								

Type 3	CW1-4L CW13-1P X ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D X	ROAD ** ** G20-51 WORK 1/2 MILE ** ** G20-61 X	NAME ADDRESS		TALK OR TEXT LATER G20-10T X X	OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LA' R20-3 X X
Cr De	nannelizing evices	/-	CSJ L			₽
WORK SPACE		ROAL	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	SPEED R2-	END WORK ZONE G	 ?0-2bT 米 米

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



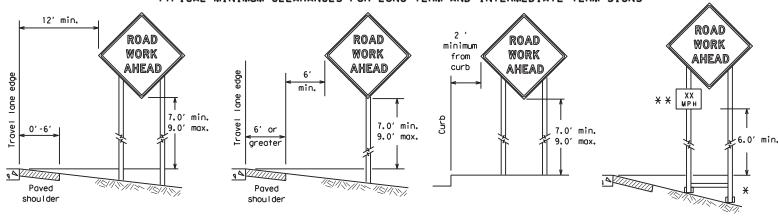
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

DATE:

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

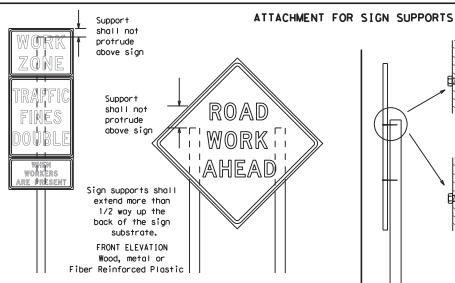


* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane.

Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



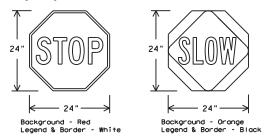
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports
will be by bolts and nuts
or screws. Use TxDOT's or
manufacturer's recommended
procedures for attaching sign
substrates to other types of
sign supports

Nails shall NOT
be allowed.
Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
 STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- 1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- 6. Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- I. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- 7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 3. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- . The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of
 work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The
 Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in
 regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- 1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- the ground.
 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in Tieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
 appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- . Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

 All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
 Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
 5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
 of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- The sandbags will be fied shuf to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
 Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
 Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.

 Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall
be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in
color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: T</th><th>×DOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: T	×DOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	6393	32	001	Ţ	US 2	87, E	TC.
5 01	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET	NO.
7-13	5-21	AMA	N	100RE,	, E.	ΓC.	9	

DATE:

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

SINGLE LEG BASE

Post Post Post max. desirable 34" min. in Optional strong soils, reinforcing 48" 55" min. in minimum sleeve -34" min, in weak soils. (1/2" larger strong soils than sian 55" min, in post) x 18' weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

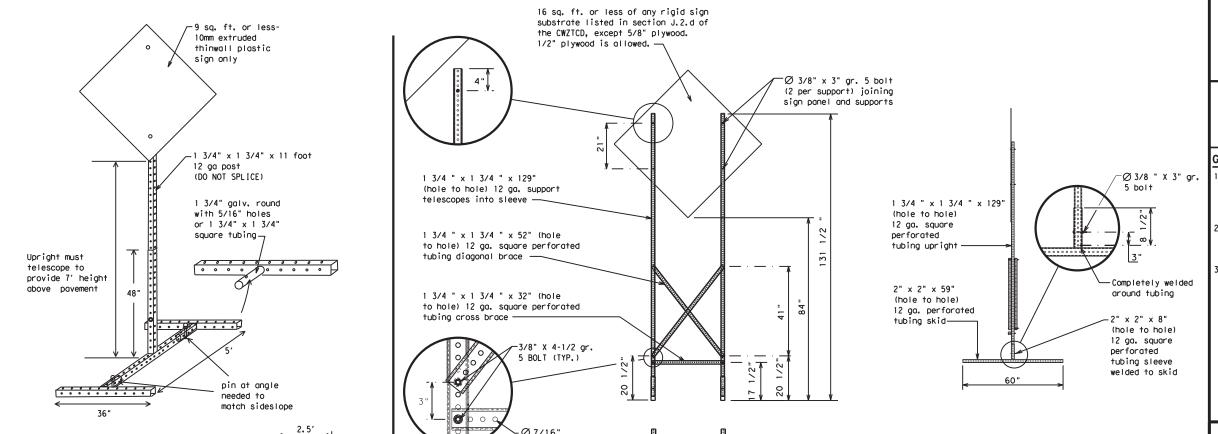
Post Ground surface 4" max. Base Post for embedment. WING CHANNEL Lap-splice/base bolted anchor

GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE
AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE
CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - * Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDO</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDO
© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	6393	32	001		US 2	87, ETC
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	AMA	N	100RE,	, E7	ГС	10

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

Welds to start on

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e.. "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

## WORD OR PHRASE ABBREVIATION Access Road ACCS RD Alternate ALT Avenue AVE Best Route BEST RTE Boulevard BLVD Bridge BRDG Cannot CANT Center CTR Construction Ahead CONST AHD Ahead CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friddy Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friddy HAZDRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Hour (s) HR, HRS Information INFO It is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Whichenonce MAINT WORD OR PHRASE ABBREVIATION Major MAJ Miles MI Miles MI Miles Per Hour MPH Miles MI Miles MI Miles MI Miles Per Hour MPH Miles MI Monday Mon North Northbound (route) N Saturday SAT South Saturday SAT South Saturday SAT Southbound (route) S Travelers TREMP Thursday THURS Travelers TRYLRS Travelers TRYLRS Travelers TRYLRS Tuesday THURS Travelers TRYLRS Warning Warn Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Dawment WET PVMT Westbound (route) W Weight Limit WI LIMIT West Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Alternate ALT Avenue AVE Best Route BEST RTE Boulevard BLVD Bridge BRDG Cannot CANT Center CTR Construction Ahead CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friddy Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Fridgo And FROMNTON Fridgo PKING Road RD Right Lane RT LN Saturday SAT Service Road SERV RD Shoulder SHLDR Slipperry SLIP South S Speed SPD Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown To DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers SI TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (S) VEH, VEHS Warning WaRN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West West Will Not WONT	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Alternate ALT Avenue AVE Best Route BEST RTE Boulevard BLVD Bridge BRDG Cannot CANT Center CTR Construction Ahead CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friddy Friedy Hozardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hozardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction Closed Lower Level LWR LEVEL Miles Per Hour MPH Miles Per Hour MPH Minne Miles Per Hour MPH Minn Miles Per Hour MPH Monday MPR Miles Miles Per Hour MPH Monday MPR Miles Per Hour MPH Monday MPR Monday Mon Normal North N Nor	Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Best Route BOULevard Bridge BRDG Cannot Cantr Center Construction Ahead CROSSING Detour Route DETOUR RTE DO Not East Eastbound Iroute) E Emergency Emergency Vehicle Entrance, Enter Express Lane Expressway XXXX Feet XXXXX Feet Frog Ahead Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Friday Hazardous Material High-Occupancy Hov Vehicle Hugh Hour(s) Hazardous Lane Left Left Left Left Left Left Lane Closed Lower Level LWR LEYEL Minor Monday Mon Mond Monday Mon Mon Monday Mon Mon Monday Mon Mon Monday Mon Mon Mon Monday Mon Mon Monday Mon	Alternate	ALT		мі
Boulevard BLVD Bridge BRDG Cannot CANT Center CTR Construction Ahead CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Estabbound (route) E Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Express Vehicle EMER VEH Friday Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Friday HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour (s) HR, HRS Information INFO Left Left Left Left Left Left Lane Closed Ln CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Monday MoNN Normal NORM Normal North North N North N North N North N North N North N North Nord Nord Road RD Rad Rad RD Road RD Rad Rod Rod RD Road RD Rod Rod	Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Bridge BRDC Cannot CANT Center CTR Center CTR Construction Ahead CONST AHD CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE DO Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Mazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS JUnction JCT Left Left Left Left Left Left Lene Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Normal NORM North N	Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Cannot CANT Center CTR Construction Ahead CONST AHD Ahead RO CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPMY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Freeway Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO Left Left Left Left Left Left Left Lane LFT LN CONST AHD Northbound (route) N Parking PKING Road RD Right Lane RT LN Saturday SAT Service Road SERV RD Southes Southoulder SHLDR South S Southbound (route) S Southbound (route) S South S Southbound (route) S South S Teet ST South S Traveler ST Trav	Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Center CTR Construction Ahead CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane	Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Construction Ahead CROSSING CROSSING Detour Route Detour Route Do Not East East East Eastbound Emergency Emergency Emergency Emergency Express Lane Expressway XXXX Feet XXXX Feet Fog Ahead Friedway Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Friedy Hozardous Material Hazmat High-Occupancy Hour(s) Haz Information Loft Left Left Left Left Left Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Parking Road RO Road RD Right Lane RT LN Road Road RD Right Road RD Right Lane RT LN Saturday Satr Service Road SERV RD Shoulder Shlup Satre South Southbound (route) S Speed SPD Street ST Sunday Sun Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday Thursday Thurs Traffic Travelers	Cannot	CANT	North	N
Road RD Road RD Road RD Road RD Road RD Right Lane RT LN Saturday SAT Service Road SERV RD Shoulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR Shulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR Shulder SHLDR Shulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR Shulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR Shulder SHLDR Shulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR Shulder SHLDR	Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE DO Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Froeway FRWY, FWY Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Left Left Left Lane Left Lane Closed Ln CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Right Lane RT LN Saturday SAT Service Road SERV RD Shoulder SHLDR South S South S Southbound (route) S Speed STreet ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRYLRS Truesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT Westbound (route) W Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT		CONST AHD		
Detour Route DETOUR RTE DO Not DONT East Eastbound Iroute) E Emergency Vehicle EMER Entrance, Enter Express Lane Express Lane Express Lane Expressway Expressway Expressway Expressway Express Lane Frog Ahead Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Friday Friday Friday Hazardous Driving Hazardous Material High-Occupancy Vehicle Huy Highway Hour(s) Har, HRS Information Information Information Information Information Left Left Left Left Left Left Left Lone Closed Lower Level DETOUR RTE Saturday SAT Saturday SAT Sourte Shoulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR Shoulder SHUR South Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary Thursday Thursday Thursday Thursday Thursday Thursday Travelers Trav		XINC		11.0
Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left LFT Left Left LFT Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level URR LEVEL Service Road SERV RD Service Road SERV RD Shoulder ShlDR Slippery SLIP Southbound (route) S Speed SPD Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRYLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WaRN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT				
East E E Estroid (route) E E EMER Emergency				
Eastbound (route) E Emergency				
Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Friday HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Left Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL South S Southbound (route) S Sped SPD Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS Travelers TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WaRN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W West Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT		-		
Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friddy FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway HWY Hour (s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Southbound (route) S Speed SPD Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRYLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friddy FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway HWY Hour (s) HR, HRS Information INFO It is ITS Junction JCT Left Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEYEL Speed SPD Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown To DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRYLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Street ST Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRYLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Trodous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO Left Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WaRN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friddy FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway HWY Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Fog Ahead Fog AHD Freeway FRI Hozardous Hazwar Traffic Travelers T				
Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazordous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRYLRS Travelers TRYLRS Travelers TRYLRS Tuesday TUES TUES TUES Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT Westbound (route) W Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL To Downtown To DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WaARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO 11 Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEYEL Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Tuesday TUES Tuesday TUES Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Travaters Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT Westbound (route) W Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) Information Info It Is Junction Left Left Lane Left Lane Lome Closed Lower Level LWR LEVEL HWY HWY HOW HOW Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WaRN Wednesday WED Weight Limit West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not Will Not WONT				
Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is Junction Left Left Left Lane Left Lane Lone Closed Lower Level LWR LEVEL HWY HUY Upper Level Upper Level Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning Warn Wednesday Welght Limit West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not Will Not Will Not WIND Werning Warn Werning Will Not Wont				
Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO 1† Is ITS Junction JCT Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West W Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left LFT LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lone Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Ventries Sty VEN, VENS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT Westbound (route) W Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT		HWY		
Information		HR. HRS		
It Is				*******
Junction JCT Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Wedgnt Limit Willimit Westpound (route) W Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL West W West V West V West W West W West W West V W West V W West V W West V West V W West V W West V W West V W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W				
Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Westbourd (route) W				
Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL WET POVENIENT				
Lower Level LWR LEVEL WITH NOT WONT				
			Will Not	WONT
	Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List Other Condition List									
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT						
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT						
ROAD	RIGHT LN	RIGHT LN	TWO-WAY						
CLSD AT	CLOSED	NARROWS	TRAFFIC						
FM XXXX	XXX FT	XXXX FT	XX MILE						
RIGHT X	RIGHT X	MERGING	CONST						
LANES	LANES	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC						
CLOSED	OPEN	XXXX FT	XXX FT						
CENTER	DAYTIME	LOOSE	UNEVEN						
LANE	LANE	GRAVEL	LANES						
CLOSED	CLOSURES	XXXX FT	XXXX FT						
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT						
VARIOUS	EXIT XXX	ROADWORK	ROADWORK						
LANES	CLOSED	PAST	NEXT						
CLOSED	X MILE	SH XXXX	FRI-SUN						

EXIT RIGHT LN CLOSED TO BE CLOSED X LANES MALL DRIVEWAY

CLOSED TUE - FRI

SIGNAL XXXX FT

BUMP

XXXX FT

TRAFFIC

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel * * Advance Location Warning Notice List List List List TUE-FRI MERGE FORM ΔΤ **SPEED** RIGHT X LINES FM XXXX LIMIT XX AM-RIGHT XX MPH X PM APR XX-DETOUR USE BEFORE MAXIMUM XXXXX RAILROAD SPEED RD EXIT XX MPH X PM-X AM X EXITS CROSSING USE USE EXIT NEXT MINIMUM BEGINS EXIT XXX I-XX SPEED MONDAY NORTH MILES XX MPH STAY ON USE PAST **ADVISORY** BEGINS US XXX I-XX F IIS XXX ΜΔΥ ΧΧ SPEED SOUTH TO I-XX N EXIT XX MPH TRUCKS WATCH XXXXXXX RIGHT MAY X-X USF FOR TO IANF XX PM -US XXX N TRUCKS XXXXXXX EXIT XX AM WATCH EXPECT IIS XXX USF NFXT FOR DELAYS TO CAUTION FRI-SUN TRUCKS FM XXXX PREPARE XX AM **EXPECT** DRIVE SAFELY DELAYS TO TΩ STOP XX PM REDUCE END DRIVE NEXT SPEED SHOULDER WITH TUE XXX FT USE CARE AUG XX USE WATCH TONIGHT OTHER XX PM-FOR ROUTES WORKERS XX AM STAY * * See Application Guidelines Note 6. LANE

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

US XXX

EXIT

X MILES

LANES

SHIFT

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

CLOSED

XXXXXXX

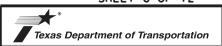
BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.

4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow

SHEET 6 OF 12



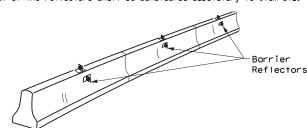
Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

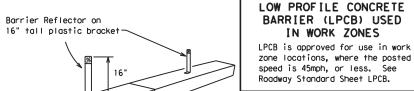
ı	FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T:	KDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC)T	ск: Т	×DOT
ı	© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	ECT JOB			HIGHWAY		
ı		REVISIONS	6393	32	001		US 2	287	, E	TC.
ı	9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET	NO.
	7-13	5-21	AMA	M	loore,	E7	ΓC.		11	

- of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any by 1xD01 for any purpose whatsoever. 1xD01 assumes no responsibility for the conversion dard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.
- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

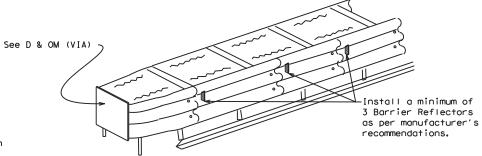
- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



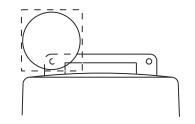
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the worning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights. 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

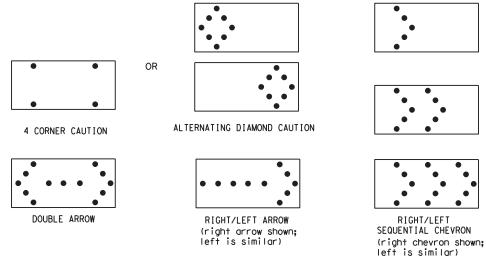
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T:	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T	ck: TxDO
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	6393	32	001		US 2	28′	7, ETC
9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	•	DIST		COUNTY			9	HEET NO.
	2-21	AMA	M	IOORE,	E.	ΓC.		12

101

GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

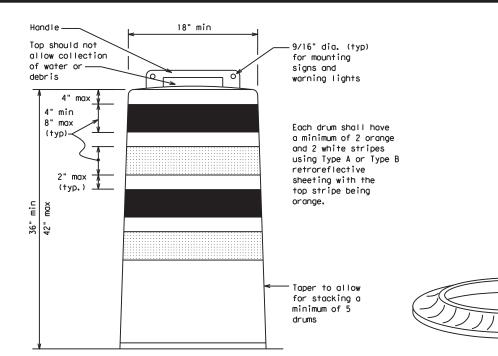
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
 Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

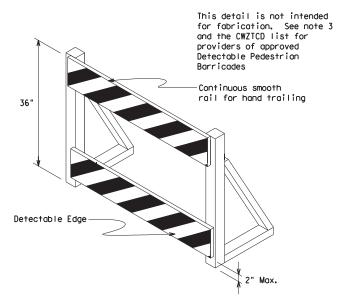
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

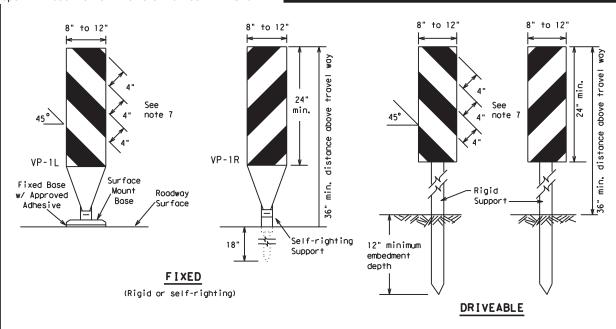
Texas Department of Transportation

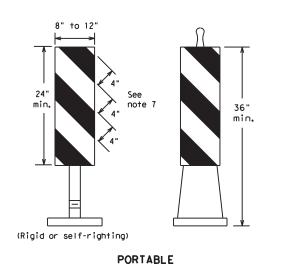
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

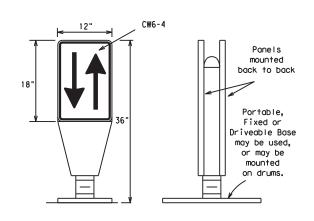
	_						
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td colspan="2">CK: TXDOT DW: TX</td><td>xDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	CK: TXDOT DW: TX		xDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
4-03 8-14	6393	32	001	U	S 28'	7, ETC.	
4-03 8-14 9-07 5-21	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13	AMA	MOORE, ETC. 13					





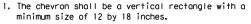
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

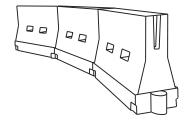


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings. 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH
- urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

	sted peed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices				
L			10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent			
Г	30	ws ²	1501	1651	180′	30'	60′			
	35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′			
	40	60	2651	2951	320′	40'	80′			
	45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′			
Г	50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′			
Г	55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′			
	60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′			
	65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′			
	70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′			
	75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′			
	80		800′	880′	960′	80'	160′			

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

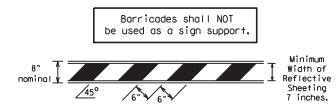
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

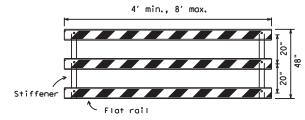
		_		_				
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS		32	001		US 2	87, ETC	
9-07 8-14		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	AMA MOORE, I			EΊ	C.	14	

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags shall weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

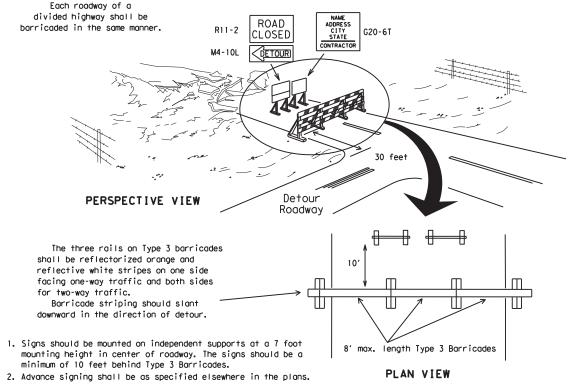


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light of two drums s cross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Θ Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)

3"-4"

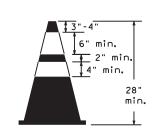
4" min. orange
2" min.

4" min. white
2" min.

4" min. orange
2" min.

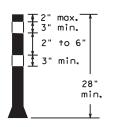
4" min. orange
4" min. orange
4" min. white

Two-Piece cones



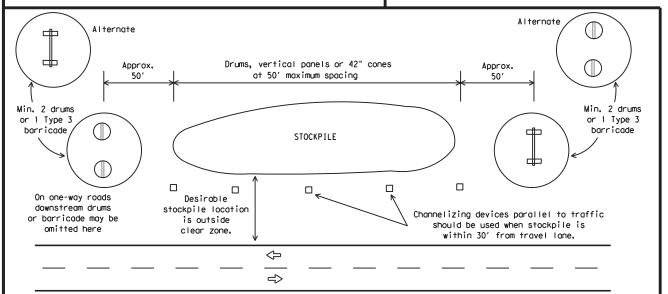
PLAN VIEW

One-Piece cones



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDO</th><th>T</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
	REVISIONS	6393	32	001		US 2	287	, ETC
9-07	8-14	DIST			SHEET NO.			
7-13	5-21	AMA	M	OORE,	ЕТ	ΓC.		15

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

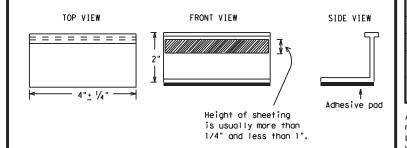
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety

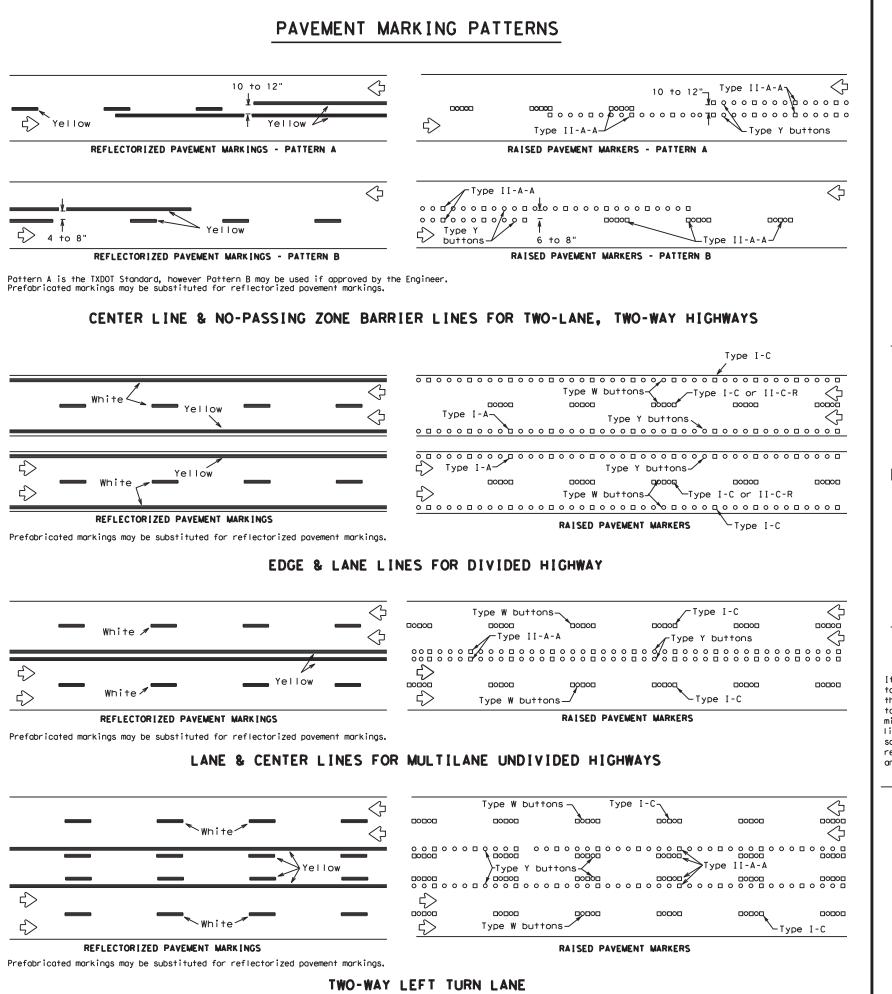


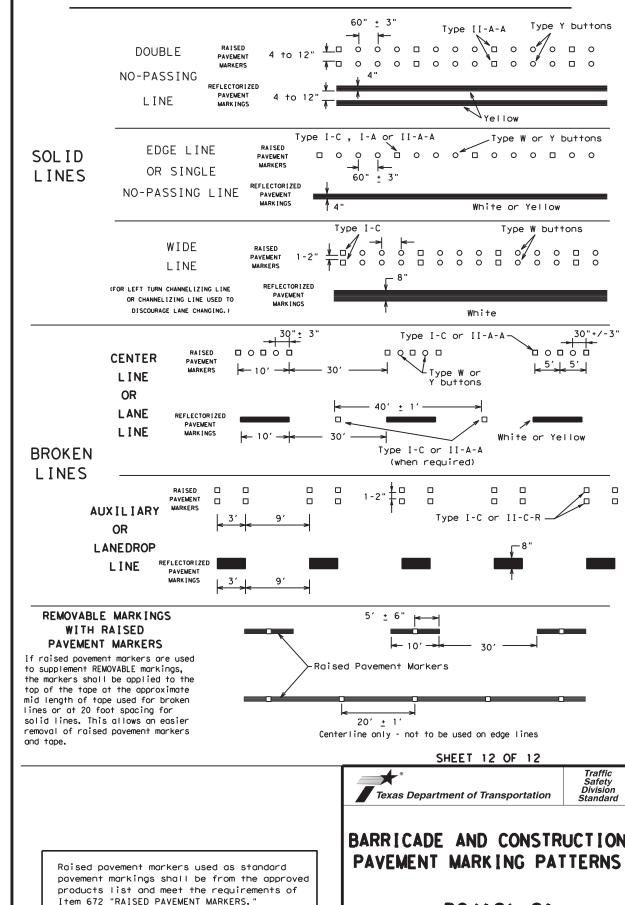
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT bc-21.dgn C)TxDOT February 1998 CONT SECT JOB 6393 32 001 US 287, ETG 2-98 9-07 5-21 1-02 7-13 11-02 8-14 AMA MOORE, ETC.





BC(12)-21

6393 32 001

AMA MOORE, ETO

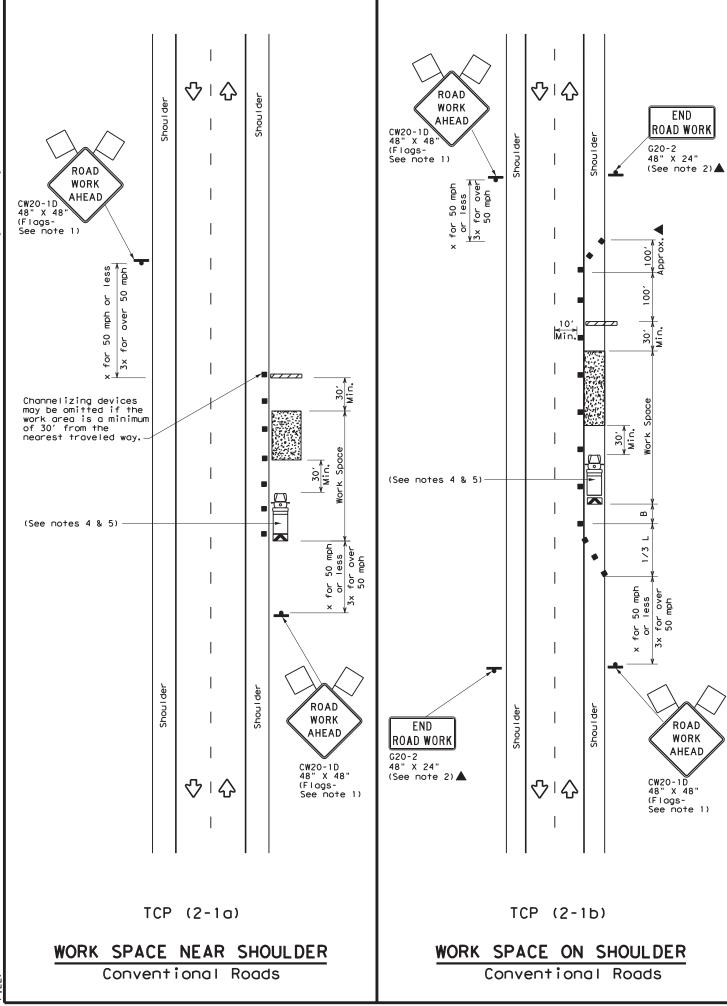
C)TxDOT February 1998

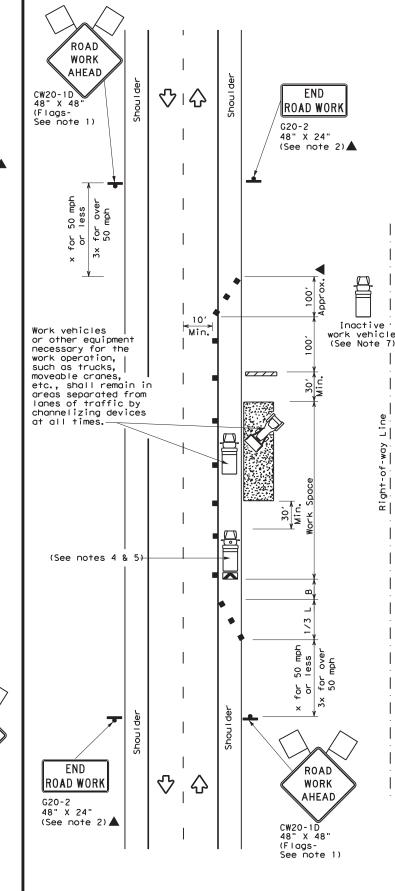
1-97 9-07 5-21

2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO

US 287, ET

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS





TCP (2-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

Ľ		13	ype 3 Barricade	_			elizing D	evices		
		Не	eavy Work Vehicle			Truck Attenu	IA)			
		_				Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
	+	Sign			4	Traffic Flow				
\subseteq	Flag				TO.	Flagger				
٦٦	d Formula		Minimum Desirable		gested M Spacing		Minimum	Suggest	red	

LEGEND

Posted Formula Speed *		D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le gths	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90,
35	L = WS	2051	225'	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		5001	5501	600′	50′	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- 113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′
75		7501	8251	900'	75′	150′	900'	540'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	✓	✓	√	1						

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

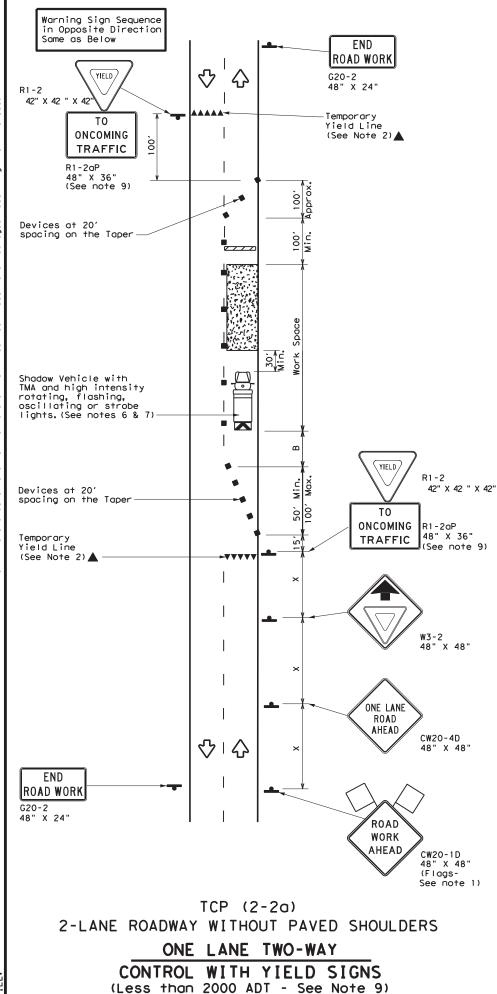
Texas Department of Transportation

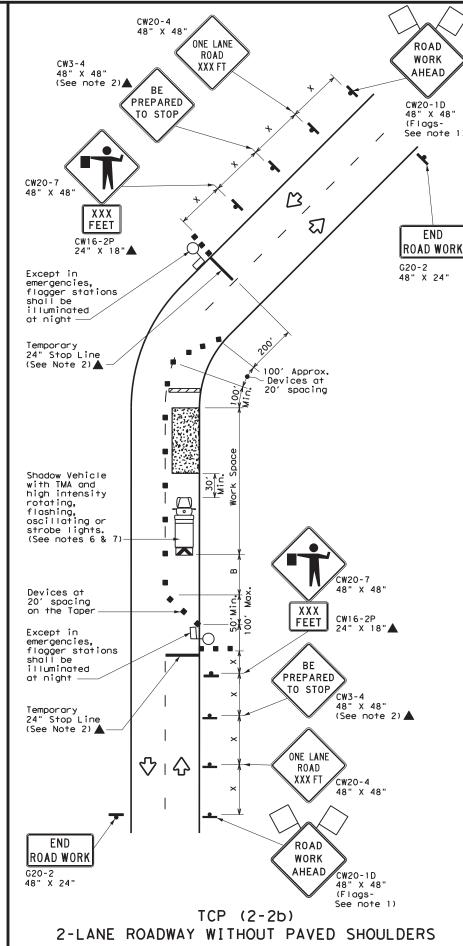
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

FILE:	tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:			CK:	
(C) TxDC	T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIC	HWAY	r
2-94	REVISIONS 4-98	6393	32	001		US	28	7,	ETC.
8-95	2-12	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		T NO.
1-97	2-18	AMA	N	MOORE,	ETO).		1	8





ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND											
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices									
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)									
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)									
þ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow									
\Diamond	Flag	ГO	Flagger									

Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′	200'
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80'	240' 155'		305′
45		450′	4951	540'	451	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	6001	50'	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	- "3	600′	660′	720′	60'	120'	600'	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′	6451
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	8001	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1	1							

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (2-2b)

- 10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.



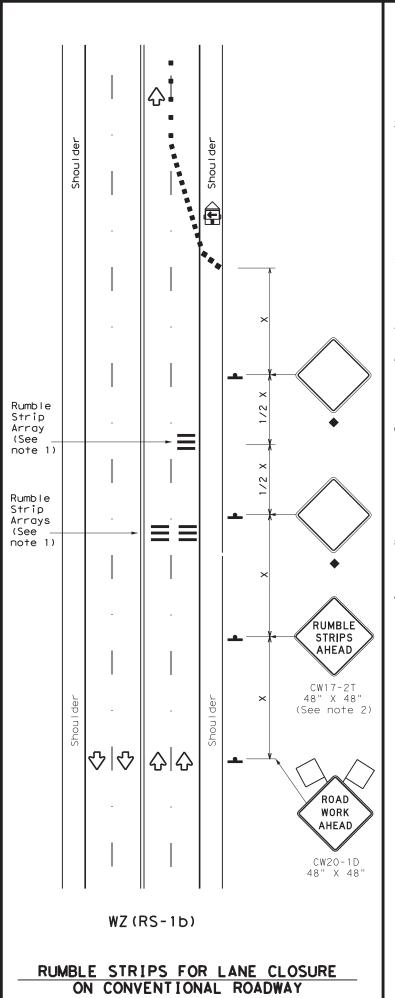
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP (2-2) -18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		0	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	HWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	6393	32	001		US	287	, ETC.
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
4-98 2-18	AMA	N	MOORE,	ETO	.		19

TABLE 1 Warning sign and rumble strip of Rumble sequence in Flagger Strip opposite direction (Length of Work Area) Arrays is same as below. No warranty of any for the conversion < 4,500 1/8 Mile > 4,500 2 3,500 1/4 Mile > 3,500 2 < 2,600 1/2 Mile <u>></u> 2,600 2 hed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". Whatsoever, TxD0T assumes no responsibility for incorrect results or damages resulting fro < 1,600 1 Mile 2 <u>></u> 1,600 N/A > 1 Mile -See note 8 Rumble Strip SCLAIMER:
The use of this standard
The use of this standard
this ethory the other for Array (See note 1) Rumble Strip Array (See note 1) The second Rumble Strip Array is required when the ADT thresholds in Table 1 indicate the need for 2 Arrays. RUMBLE \Diamond AHEAD, CW17-2T 48" X 48" (See note 2) ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" WZ (RS-1a) RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE TWO-WAY APPLICATION



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	\ \bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{	Traffic Flow								
\Diamond	Flag	LO	Flagger								

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacir Channe	ng of Lizing	Sign Spacing	Longitudinal Buffer Space
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*								"B"
40	30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	1201	90′
40	35	L = WS	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
50 50 50 50 600 50 100 400 240 55 55 600 660 55 110 500 295 600 650 720 600 650 130 700 410 700 770 840 70 140 800 475	40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′
55	45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
60 65 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 800' 475'	50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	4001	240′
60 600' 660' 720' 60' 120' 600' 350' 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 700' 410' 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 800' 475'	55	1 = W S	550′	6051	6601	55′	110'	500′	295′
70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 800' 475'	60	L - # 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600'	350′
	65		6501	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' 900' 540'	70		700′	7701	840′	701	140'	8001	475′
13 130 023 300 13 130 300 340	75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2					
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array				
<u><</u> 40 MPH	10′				
> 40 MPH & <u><</u> 55 MPH	15′				
= 60 MPH	20′				
<u>></u> 65 MPH	* 35′+				

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

FILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO)T	CK:	TxDOT
CTxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB			ніс	SHWAY	1
REVISIONS	6393	32	001		US	28	7,	ETC.
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			:	SHEE.	T NO.
4-16	AMA	N	MOORE,	ETO	.		2	0

	DAMATED DOLLLITION D		107 6507101 400
		REVENTION-CLEAN WATER	
requ dis	uired for projects with 1	Discharge Permit or Constr or more acres disturbed so for erosion and sedimentati	oil. Projects with any
		ay receive discharges from t d prior to construction acti	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1.			
2.			
	No Action Required	Required Action	
	Action No.		
	Prevent stormwater pollutaccordance with TPDES Per	tion by controlling erosion mit TXR 150000	and sedimentation in
	Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer.	revise when necessary to co	ontrol pollution or
		otice (CSN) with SW3P inform the public and TCEQ, EPA or	
		specific locations (PSL's) i submit NOI to TCEQ and the	
	ORK IN OR NEAR STREA CT SECTIONS 401 AND	MS, WATERBODIES AND WE	TLANDS CLEAN WATER
		filling, dredging, excavations, streams, wetlands or we	
		to all of the terms and co	
th	ne following permit(s):		
×	No Permit Required		
_		PCN not Required (less than	1/10th acre waters or
	Nationwide Permit 14 - F	PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 o	ocre, 1/3 in tidal waters:
	Individual 404 Permit Re	equired	
	Other Nationwide Permit	Required: NWP#	
and		rs of the US permit applies ractices planned to control	
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
to		ry high water marks of any rs of the US requiring the Bridge Layouts.	
Be	st Management Practic	es:	
Ero	osion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS
	Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips
	Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Syste
	Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin
	Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands
	Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin
	Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost
_	Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Sock
	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Sc
	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	S

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

Grassy Swales

Sediment Basins

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

Required Action No Action Required

Action No.

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

- 1. Bird BMP's: a) Do not disturb, destroy, or remove active nests, including ground nesting birds, during the nesting season; b)avoid the removal of unoccupied, inactive nests, as practical; c) prevent the establishment of active nests during the growing season TxDOT owned or operated facilities and structures proposed for replacement or repair; d)do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds, eggs, young, or active nests without a permit.
- The Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 states that it is unlawful to kill, capture, collect, possess, buy, sell, trade, or transport any migratory bird, nest, young, feather, egg in part or whole, without a Federal permit issued in accordance within the Act's policies and regulations. In the event that migratory birds are encountered on-site during project construction, adverse impacts on protected birds, active nests, eggs, and/or young would be avoided and work would not begin until the young have left the nest. Otherwise, nests would be removed when they are not occupied and preventative measures would be taken to prevent recolonization prior to and during construction.
- 3. Schedule the removal of trees to be outside the bird nesting season. Which is April 1 to August 31. If the tree removal occurs between April 1 to August 31, the contractor shall complete a survey of active bird nests and will coordinate with the TXDOT Amarillo District Environmental Coordinator to determine appropriate survey proceedures in accordance with TXDOT requirements.

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

LIST OF ARREVIATIONS

			
BMP:	Best Management Practice	SPCC:	Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure
CGP:	Construction General Permit	SW3P:	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
DSHS:	Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN:	Pre-Construction Notification
FHWA:	Federal Highway Administration	PSL:	Project Specific Location
MOA:	Memorandum of Agreement	TCEQ:	Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality
MOU:	Memorandum of Understanding	TPDES:	Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
MS4:	Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	TPWD:	Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
MBTA:	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT:	Texas Department of Transportation
NOT:	Notice of Termination	T&E:	Threatened and Endangered Species
NWP:	Nationwide Permit	USACE:	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
NOI:	Notice of Intent	USFWS:	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

No Yes

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required	Required Action
Action No.	

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.



ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

LE: epic.dgn	DN: Tx[T0(ck: RG	DW: VP		ck: AR	
TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			H]GHWAY	
REVISIONS 12-2011 (DS)	6393	32	001		US 287, ETC.		
07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	AMA	MOORE, ETC.				21	