ORGANIZATION OF PLAN SHEETS

I. GENERAL	
3	TITLE SHEET GENERAL NOTES ESTIMATE & QUANTITY BASIS OF ESTIMATE SHEETS TYPICAL SECTIONS
7 - 18 19 - 20 21 - 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	

NICHOLAS K. NOVOSAD 120044

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE WITH AN (*) HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

711/20/2023 DATE

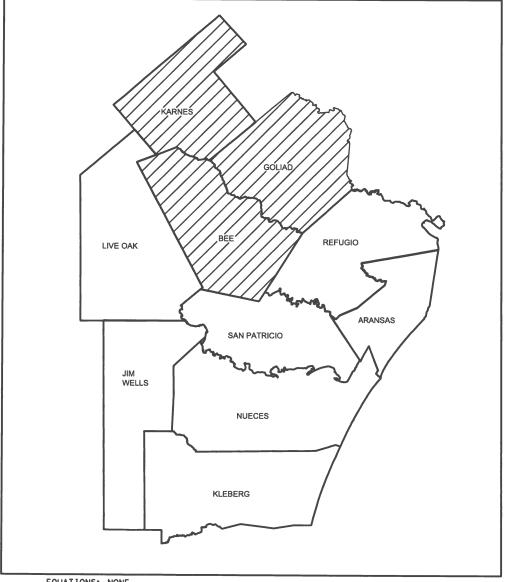
STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO. 6460-50-001

COUNTY: KARNES, ETC. LIMITS: FM 627, ETC.

FOR ROADWAY PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE CONSISTING OF "ON-CALL" PAVEMENT REPAIR



EQUATIONS: NONE EXCEPTIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSING: NONE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014, AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR STATE PROJECTS



TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: 11/20/2023

APPROVED FOR LETTING: 11-21-23

RMC-646050001 STATE STATE DIST.NO. COUNTY

TEXAS CRP KARNES, ETC.

CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO. 6460 50 001 FM 627, ETC

AREA ENGINEER

Project Number: 646050001 Sheet 2

County: KARNES, ETC. Control: 6460-50-001

Highway: FM0627, ETC.

GENERAL NOTES:

This is a **CALLOUT CONTRACT** and Plan Quantity Measurement does not apply.

This contract shall commence upon the issuance of a work order by the Director of Operations or his representative and shall continue for 365 calendar days with a 365 calendar day renewal option in accordance with Special Provision 004-001 "Scope of Work". This project consists of described roadway rehabilitation and widening work defined with the 2014 Texas Standard Specifications, General Notes and Plans.

This is a Non-Site-Specific Contract. All locations and work details will be identified by each callout/work order on an as needed basis.

Mobilization will be paid for each call-out/work order.

There will be a maximum of 2 call-out/work orders for this contract. Each call-out will be roadway specific. Each typical section will be a minimum of 0.5 mile long. Callout 1 will be for Typical Section 1. Callout 2 will be for Typical Section 2.

Working days are based on the following production rates:

```
Typical Section 1 --- 425 linear feet/day
Typical Section 2 --- 300 linear feet/day
```

These production rates include pavement repair, prime, OCST, striping, raised pavement markers, seeding, etc.

ITEM 2: Instructions to Bidders

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Nick Novosad, P.E. <u>Nick.Novosad@txdot.gov</u>
Roberto Jimenez, P.E. <u>Roberto.A.Jimenez@txdot.gov</u>

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Do not work on the roadway before sunrise or after sunset.

Superelevate all curves to match the existing superelevation

Remove and dispose of existing raised pavement markers as directed. All work involved in the removal and disposal of these markers will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items involved.

General Notes

Project Number: 646050001 Sheet 2

County: KARNES, ETC. Control: 6460-50-001

Highway: FM0627, ETC.

Sweep, clean and remove any construction waste, surplus materials, or debris from the roadway and right of way at the end of each day unless otherwise approved. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

The project location shall be opened to traffic at the end of each workday.

Equipment that remains in the ROW outside of working hours must be parked outside of the clear zone and in a way that does not obstruct sight distance for the traveling public.

Asphalt application season will be considered to be May 1 to Sept 30, except as established in Item 316.4.4 Adverse Weather Conditions or as directed by the Engineer.

Cut existing pavement using a saw or other approved method to ensure a neat transverse and/or longitudinal line to assure a smooth tie-in with new pavement. Cut to a minimum depth of the final lift thickness. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

All existing pavements which are cut or damaged by the Contractor in the process of his work shall be repaired as soon as possible and as directed by the Engineer.

In the removal of the surface and base material on the existing pavement, exercise extreme care in providing a smooth and uniform edge adjacent to the existing travelway pavement which is to remain in place.

Leave all traffic lanes open to traffic at night, weekends and holidays unless otherwise approved.

In the event of adverse conditions whereby the roadway will not allow for the safe and efficient passage of two-way traffic, provide for one way traffic as shown on the traffic control plan for one lane roadway. This traffic control plan will remain in effect 24 hours a day until the roadway is considered safe and suitable for two-way traffic. Provide lights to illuminate flaggers and work area during night time operations. Class 3 garments will be required for all workers and flaggers during nighttime work.

Furnish a certified copy of the legal gross weight of each vehicle hauling materials by weight and certified measurements for all trucks hauling material by volume.

Unless otherwise approved, maintain a minimum safety clearance from the edge of the travelway for material stockpiled in proximity of traffic lanes based on the current average traffic count of the particular highway as follows:

0 - 1500 = 16 feet Over 1500 = 30 feet

In the event the above requirements cannot be met, make arrangements to stockpile material off the right of way.

Grade and shape the roadway to the typical section shown in the plans and to a finish profile that is uniform and consistent with the topography as directed.

Place mailboxes that have to be relocated on a temporary drum support until TxDOT can put them up on their permanent support. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to various bid items of the contract.

General Notes

Project Number: 646050001 Sheet 2A

County: KARNES, ETC. Control: 6460-50-001

Highway: FM0627, ETC.

Keep signs straight through reconstruction. If signs need to be moved, place it on a temporary sign support until TxDOT installs the permanent support. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to various bid items of the contract.

ITEM 4: SCOPE OF WORK

If agreed upon in writing by both parties to the contract, the contract may be extended for an additional period of time not to exceed the original contract time period. The extended contract may be for additional quantities up to the original bid quantities plus any quantities added by an approved change order. The extensions shall meet the terms and conditions of the original contract plus any approved terms and conditions made by previously approved change orders.

ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Department has determined that a USACE Nationwide or Individual Permit is not necessary for the project since all work shall be conducted outside the USACE jurisdictional areas. Any impacts to these jurisdictional areas by the Contractor without a USACE permit will be the responsibility of the Contractor. If the Contractor deems it necessary to impact the USACE jurisdictional areas, then it becomes the Contractor's entire responsibility to consult with the USACE pertaining to the need for a Nationwide or Individual Permit. TXDOT will then hold the Contractor responsible for following all conditions of the approved permit.

When working at street, farm-to-marker, state highway, and county road intersections, schedule work to minimize intersection closures. During nonworking hours, all public road intersections will be open to the travelling public.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Provide progress schedule as a Bar Chart.

ITEM 112: SUBGRADE WIDENING

Remove existing vegetation, including roots and topsoil, within the grading limits to a depth of approximately 2 inches immediately before subgrade widening operations within any section. Place the material in a windrow on each side of the roadbed and replace as directed on the completed slopes as soon as practicable. This work will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to this item.

ITEM 247: FLEXIBLE BASE

Unless otherwise approved, the delivered material's moisture content at most will be two percent above optimum moisture content, determined by TEX-113-E.

Uniformly spread and blanket roll all flex base hauled with a pneumatic roller before the end of the day. All manipulation of roadway delivered material prior to cement treatment, including spreading, rolling and maintaining an acceptable riding surface, will be subsidiary to this item.

Flex base quantities needed to tie 4' driveway tapers and road intersections to repaired pavement will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to this item.

General Notes General Notes

Project Number: 646050001 Sheet 2A

County: KARNES, ETC. Control: 6460-50-001

Highway: FM0627, ETC.

When requested, stake with blue tops, at 100-foot intervals, the lines and grades shown on the plans.

ITEM 275: CEMENT TREATMENT (ROAD MIXED)

Pulverize the existing bituminous surface so that 100% of the material passes a 2-inch sieve and incorporate it into the 8-inch base overlay. Provide equipment capable of thoroughly mixing the materials full depth in a single pass.

Measure ride quality of the base course after placement of the prime coat and before placement of the surface treatment. Use a high speed or lightweight inertial profiler certified at the Texas Transportation Institute. Provide the Engineer with equipment certification documentation. Display a current decal on the equipment indicating the certification expiration date. Use a certified profiler operator from the Construction Division's approved list. When requested, furnish the Engineer documentation for the person certified to operate the profiler.

Within 3 days after placement of the prime coat, provide all profile measurements to the Engineer in electronic data files using the format specified in Tex-1001-S. The Engineer will use Department software to evaluate longitudinal profiles to determine areas requiring corrective action. Correct 0.1-mi.sections having an average international roughness index (IRI) value greater than 125.0 in. per mile to an IRI value of 125.0 in. per mile or less for each wheel path, unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Re-profile and correct sections that fail to meet ride quality after placement of the prime coat, as directed by the Engineer. Correct re-profiled sections until specification requirements are met Perform this work at no additional expense to the Department.

ITEM 302: AGGREGATES FOR SURFACE TREATMENTS

Furnish Type PE and Type B aggregate consisting of crushed slag, crushed stone or natural limestone rock asphalt.

Furnish precoated aggregate that has a residual bitumen coating target value of 1.0% by weight.

ITEM 316: SURFACE TREATMENTS

Use an Emulsion instead of an Asphalt Cement as approved when the surface treatment is placed between September 15 and May 1.

The asphalt application rate shown in the plans is an average between an Asphalt Cement and an Emulsion. The type of asphalt and application rate to be used will be as directed. The approximate application rate for Asphalt Cement with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.32 Gal/SY. The approximate application rate for an Emulsion with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.48 Gal/SY.

Cure the RC-250 a minimum of seven (7) days prior to placement of the one course surface treatment. Place one course surface treatment no later than fourteen (14) days after placement of the RC-250, unless otherwise directed.

Provide a minimum 3 day curing period for the RC-250, Gr. 5 seal unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Place the one course surface treatment no later than fourteen (14) days after placement of prime coat, unless otherwise directed.

Project Number: 646050001 Sheet 2B

County: KARNES, ETC. Control: 6460-50-001

Highway: FM0627, ETC.

Adjust actual rates based on the material used, the existing condition and type of roadway surface, and as approved.

ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

Barricades, signs, and traffic handling will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items. These items will be in accordance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD).

Use WZ(RS)-22 in conjunction with TCP(2-2).

Use TCP 2-2b for one-lane, two-way traffic control.

Limit work sections to two (2) miles with no more than one (1) mile of roadway unsurfaced unless otherwise directed for all work beginning with scarifying the existing roadway through the one course surface treatment.

Use the following sequence for each Typical Section 1 (Subgrade Widening) work section unless otherwise approved:

- 1A. Construct subgrade widening on one side of the roadway. Widen subgrade and add flex base as shown in the proposed typical section, and place 42" cones within the limits of the constructed subgrade widening each day. Place 3:1 or flatter slope during non-working hours.
- 1B. Construct subgrade widening on the opposite side of the roadway. Widen subgrade and add flex base as shown in the proposed typical section, and place
 - 42" cones within the limits of the constructed subgrade widening each day. Place 3:1 or flatter slope during non-working hours.
- 2. Process new flex base.
- 3. Place prime coat, one course surface treatment, and seeding.
- 4. Place pavement markings.

Complete steps 1-3 within one work section prior to advancing to the next section, unless otherwise Approved

Use the following sequence for each Typical Section 2 (Full Width Repair) work section unless otherwise approved:

- 1. Construct subgrade widening on one side of the roadway before moving to the opposite side. Subgrade widening shall be completed on both sides each day. Scarify and spread existing material full width, as shown in the proposed typical section, and place 42" cones at the edge of the scarified flex base within the limits of the constructed subgrade widening each day. Place 3:1 or flatter slope during non-working hours.
- 2. Place new flex base.
- 3. Cement treat existing/new flex base.
- 4. Place prime coat, one course surface treatment, and seeding.
- 5. Place pavement markings.

Complete steps 1-4 within one work section prior to advancing to the next section, unless otherwise approved.

Provide a 3:1 slope or flatter from the pavement edge with 42" cones in all work areas during nonworking hours. If adequate width is not available to set the 42" cones, the 3:1 edge build up shall be

General Notes

Project Number: 646050001 Sheet 2B

County: KARNES, ETC. Control: 6460-50-001

Highway: FM0627, ETC.

widened to accommodate 42" cone placement. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be

paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

Leave 42" cones in place until the pavement edge has been backfilled and a white edge line has been striped after the one course surface treatment.

Provide suitable warning lights mounted high enough to be visible from all directions on all construction equipment, including pilot vehicles, and operate warning lights when the equipment is within the row. Equip other equipment such as trucks, trailers, autos, etc., with emergency flashers and use emergency flashers while within the work area.

Signs warning of temporary conditions, such as "NO CENTER LINE," "LOOSE GRAVEL," etc., shall only be displayed when conditions are present. Remove or completely cover signs that do not apply to the roadway conditions. These signs may be installed prior to beginning work but shall remain completely covered until the signs are applicable.

In accordance with Article 502.4.b, no payment will be made for the month if the contractor fails to provide or properly maintain signs in compliance with the contract requirements. Temporary warning signs that are visible when conditions do not apply will be considered improper maintenance of signs.

Maintain a minimum distance of two (2) miles between work areas unless otherwise approved.

ITEM 506: TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

- 1. See SW3P plan sheet for total disturbed acreage to be determined.
- 2. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the contract, and contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within one (1) mile of the project limits, for the contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges.
- 3. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans.
- 4. Obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any contractor PSLs for construction activities on or off right-of-way (ROW).
- 5. When the total disturbed area for all projects in the contract and PSLs within one (1) mile of the project limits exceeds five (5) acres, provide a copy of the contractor.
- 6. Provide a signed sketch detailing the location of any contractor's PSLs on ROW or within one (1) mile of the project.

ITEM 662: WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Remove the exposed portions of the temporary flexible reflective roadway marker tabs after raised

pavement markers are installed. If the tabs are not in line with the markings, remove the tabs immediately after the centerline markings are installed.

General Notes

Project Number: 646050001 Sheet 2C

County: KARNES, ETC. Control: 6460-50-001

Highway: FM0627, ETC.

Project Number: 646050001 Sheet 2C

County: KARNES, ETC. Control: 6460-50-001

Highway: FM0627, ETC.

ITEM 666: REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Use a mobile retroreflectometer to measure retroreflectivity unless otherwise directed. A DVD video of the retroreflectometer data will not be required.

ITEM 6185: TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

General Notes General Notes



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6460-50-001

DISTRICT Corpus Christi **HIGHWAY** FM0627

COUNTY Karnes

Report Created On: Dec 4, 2023 8:49:31 AM

		CONTROL SECTION	6460-5	0-001			
		PROJ	A0020	A00205764			
	COUNTY				es	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		ніс	HWAY	FM06	527		111712
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	112-6001	SUBGRADE WIDENING (ORD COMP)	STA	159.000		159.000	
	164-6004	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	AC	6.000		6.000	
	247-6508	FL BS (RDWY DEL)(TYA GR 1, 2 OR 5)F POS	CY	5,994.000		5,994.000	
	275-6001	CEMENT	TON	471.000		471.000	
	275-6014	CEMENT TREAT (MX EXST MTL & NW BS)(8")	SY	38,720.000		38,720.000	
	316-6029	ASPH (RC-250)	GAL	8,917.000		8,917.000	
	316-6177	AGGR(TY-B GR-5 SAC-B)	CY	330.000		330.000	
	316-6413	ASPH(AC-15P, HFRS-2P OR CRS-2P)	GAL	21,965.000		21,965.000	
	316-6430	AGGR(TY-PB GR-3 OR TY-PB GR-3S)(SAC-B)	CY	626.000		626.000	
	500-6003	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT 1)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	500-6004	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT 2)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	900.000		900.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	900.000		900.000	
	662-6111	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	396.000		396.000	
	666-6309	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	31,680.000		31,680.000	
	666-6318	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	3,960.000		3,960.000	
	666-6321	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	23,760.000		23,760.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	347.000		347.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	51.000		51.000	
	6185-6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR	30.000		30.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Corpus Christi	Karnes	6460-50-001	3

Project Number: RMC 6460-50-001

County: KARNES, ETC.

Highway: FM 627, ETC.

BASIS OF ESTIMATE

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	1	RATE		BASIS	
	GRADE WIDENING (OF	RD COMP))			
1 MILE	ES L SECTION 2					53 STA
2 MILE						106 STA
	ADCAST SEED (PERM) L SECTION 1	(RURAL)	(CLAY)			159 STA
5280 ′	* 16' / 43560 L SECTION 2					2 AC
	* 16' / 43560					4 AC
	BS (RDWY DEL) (TYA (GR 1,2 (OR 5)F POS			6 AC
5280 ′	* 6.5' * 2 SIDES	/ 27				1696 CY
	L SECTION 2 ' * 33' * .333' /	27				4298 CY
275 CEME	ENT					5994 CY
TYPICAI	L SECTION 1					
	SECTION 2	* 135 #/	/CF * 0.03 /	2000		471 TON
	ENT TREAT (MX EXST L SECTION 1	r MTL &	NW BS) (8")			471 TON
	L SECTION 2 ' * 33' / 9					38720 SY
						38720 SY

Project Number: RMC 6460-50-001

County: KARNES, ETC.

Highway: FM 627, ETC.

BASIS OF ESTIMATE

QUANTITY UNIT	BASIS		RATE		DESCRIPTION	EM
					H(RC-250)	
1408 GAI			* 2 SIDES	GAL/SY)	L SECTION 1 * 6' / 9 * (0.2 L SECTION 2	5280 ′
7509 GAI			Y)	.2 GAL/S	' * 32' / 9 * (0	
8917 GAI				3)	R(TY-B GR-5 SAC-	
52 CY			* 2 SIDES	135 SY)	L SECTION 1 * 6' / 9 (1 CY/ L SECTION 2	5280 ′
278 CY)	Y/135 SY	' * 32' / 9 (1 C	
330 CY			-2P)	P OR CR	H(AC-15P, HFRS-2 L SECTION 1	
7322 GAI			Y)	39 GAL/S	* 32' / 9 * (0. L SECTION 2	5280 ′
14643 GAI			SY)	.39 GAL,	' * 32' / 9 * (0	10560′
21965 GAI			-3S) (SAC-B)	ΓY-PB GI	R(TY-PB GR-3 OR '	16 AGGI
209 CY)	CY/90 SY	L SECTION 1 * 32' / 9 / (1)	5280 ′
417 CY			Y)	CY/90 S	L SECTION 2 ' * 32' / 9 / (1	
626 CY						

SHEET 4

Project Number: RMC 6460-50-001

County: KARNES, ETC.

Highway: FM 627, ETC.

Project Number: RMC 6460-50-001

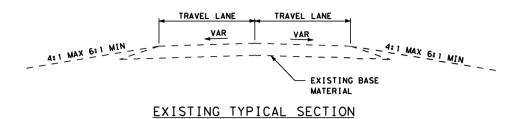
County: KARNES, ETC.

Highway: FM 627, ETC.

BASIS OF ESTIMATE

ITEM	I	DESCR	IPTION	Ŋ		RATE		1	BASIS	QUANTITY	UNIT
506	TEMP	SEDMT (CONT E	FENCE (INSTALL)			EST		900
506	TEMP	SEDMT	CONT E	FENCE	(REMOVE))			EST		900
662	WK ZN	PAV M	RK SHI	TERM	(TAB)T	Y Y-2			EST		396
666	RE PM	W/RET	REQ I	ry I(W) 6" (SLD)	(100	MIL)		EST		31680
666	RE PM	W/RET	REQ 1	ry I(Y) 6" (BRK)	(100	MIL)		EST		3960
666	RE PM	W/RET	REQ T	ry I(Y) 6" (SLD)	(100	MIL)		EST		23760
672	REFL	PAV MR	KR TY	II-A-	·A				EST		347

SHEET 5



EXISTING PAVEMENT

WIDTH'S VARY

32' OCST (GR 3 AGGR)

PRIME 6' BASE

RC-250 & GR 5

PRIME 6' BASE

RC-250 & GR 5

1' BASE TAPER

20' EXISTING

PAVEMENT

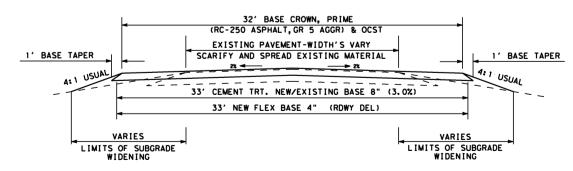
SASE 8"
(COMP)

1' BASE TAPER

PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION 1

LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING

VARIES
LIMITS OF SUBGRADE
WIDENING



PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION 2





CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6460	50	001	F	M 627
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
CRP		KARNES		6

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

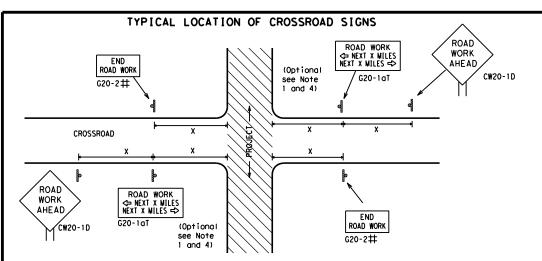


Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

			•				
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	KDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
4-03	REVISIONS 7-13	6460	50	001		FN	1 627
9-07			COUNTY SHEET			SHEET NO.	
5-10	5-21	CRP	KARNES			7	



- \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => 80' WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFF G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * R20-5aTP #HEN HORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

BEGIN

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

SIZE

onventional Expressway/ Freeway or Series 48" × 48' 48" x 48" CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48' 36" x 36" CW9, CW11 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" × 48"

SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 ²
60	600²
65	700 ²
70	800 ²
75	900 ²
80	1000 ²
*	* 3

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

CW20' CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW8-3,

CW10, CW12

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING * * G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS CW20-1D ¥ + R20-5aTP ME PRESENT ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK CW1-4R R20-3T * * WORK G20-10T * * AHEAD CONTRACTOR AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \Leftrightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING \Rightarrow \Rightarrow SPEED END G20-2bT X X R2-1 LIMIT line should $\langle \rangle \times \times$ FND coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign 'ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 * * location **NOTES** within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- ** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND						
Ι	Type 3 Barricade					
000 Channelizing Devices						
۴	Sign					
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

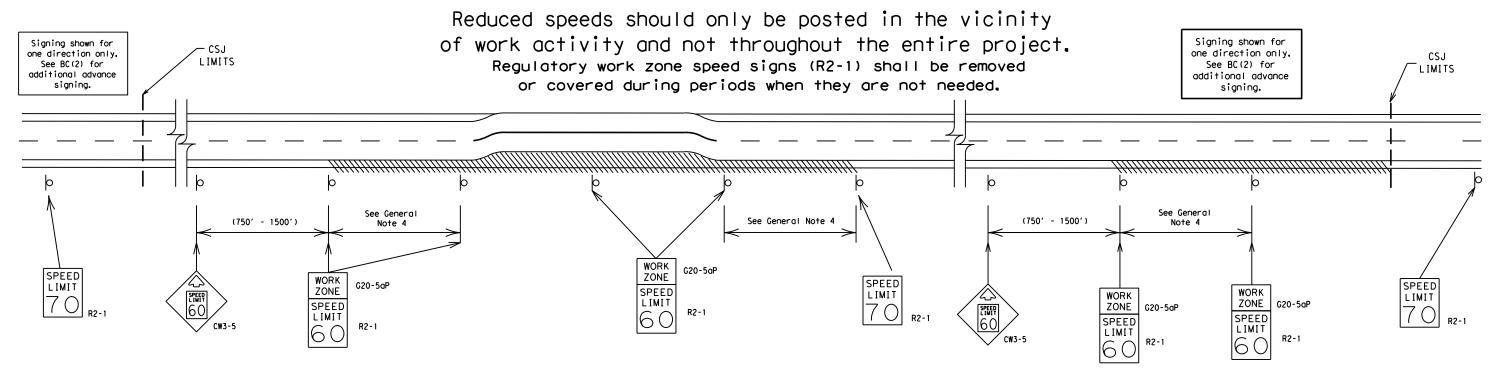
BC(2)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	k DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н10	CHWAY
REVISIONS		6460	50	001 FM 627		1 627	
9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	•	DIST	COUNTY SI			SHEET NO.	
	5-21	CRP	KARNES		8		

CLOSED R11-2 CW1-4L W	POAD ROAD ***G20-5T ROAD WORK ROAD WORK READ ROAD WORK REXT X MILES ADDRESS CITY STATE CONTRACTOR ROAD ***G20-5T ROAD WORK ROAD WORK REXT X MILES ADDRESS CITY STATE CONTRACTOR ROAD ***G20-5T ROAD WORK REXT X MILES ADDRESS CITY STATE CONTRACTOR ROAD ***G20-5T ROAD WORK REXT X MILES ADDRESS CITY STATE CONTRACTOR ROAD ***G20-5T ROAD WORK REXT X MILES ADDRESS CITY STATE CONTRACTOR ROAD WORK REXT X MILES ADDRESS CITY STATE CONTRACTOR	WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE WARNING SIGNS TALK OR TEXT LATER X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X
WORK SPACE		SJ Limit

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(3)-21

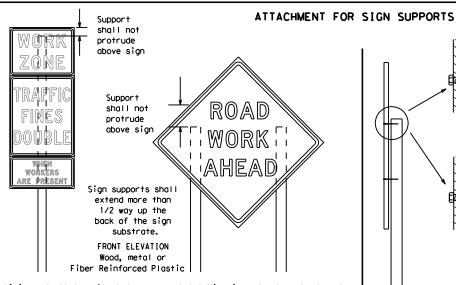
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	CHWAY
REVISIONS		6460	50	001		FM 627	
9-07 7-13	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-13	J-61	CRP		KARNES			9

DATE:

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. * * XX 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. greater 9.0' max. AMMINIA Poved Paved shou I der shoul de

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

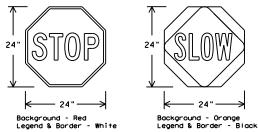
will be by bolts and nuts

sign supports

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard

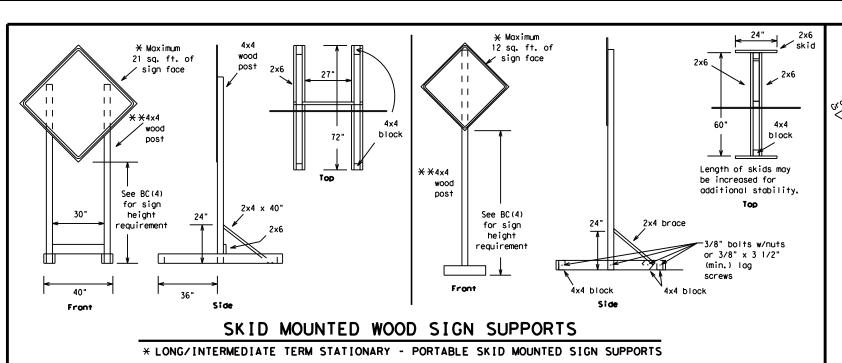


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	kD0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	6460	50	50 001 FM		A 627	
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	CRP		KARNES			10



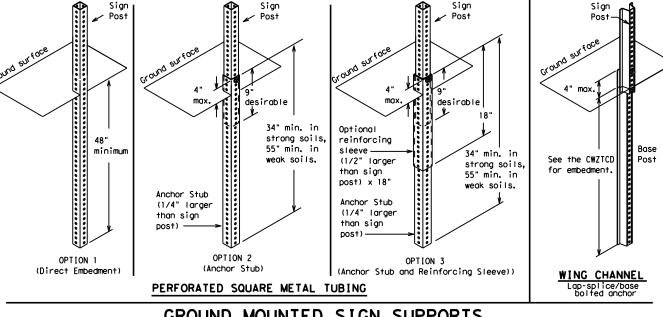


-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

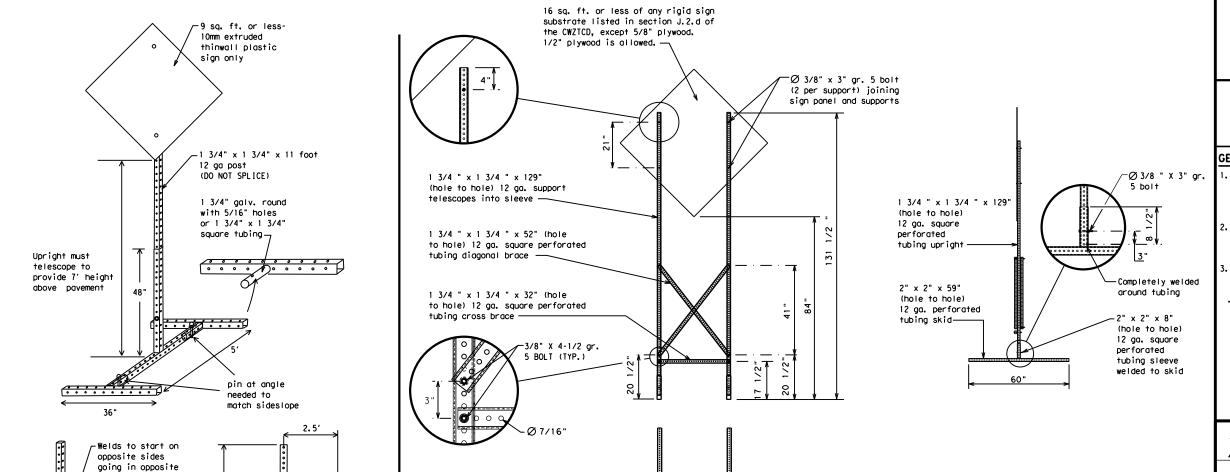
2"

SINGLE LEG BASE



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

ILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	k DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT	
C)TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н10	CHWAY	
REVISIONS	6460	50	001		FM	FM 627	
9-07 8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13 5-21	CRP	RP KARNES			11		

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

directions. Minimum

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

weld, do not

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

Access Rood ACCS RD Alternate ALT Avenue AVE Best Route BEST RTE Boulevard BLVD Monday MON Bridge BRDG Cannot CANT Center CTR Construction Ahead CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Fridgy CANTON HOW TOWNTN Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Fridgy CANTON HOW TOWNTN Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Fridgy CANTON HOW TOWNTN Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Fridgy CANTON Fridgy CANTON Traffic TRAF Traff				
Alternate ALT Avenue AVE Best Route BEST RTE Boulevard BLVD Bridge BRDG Cannot CANT Center CTR Construction Ahead CONST AHD Abead Poly Eastbound (route) E Eastbound (route) E Eastbound (route) E Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Blocked FWY BLKD Friday ST Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Trursday THURS Traffic TRAF Traffic TRAF Traffic TRAF Traffic TRAF Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Worning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West West Will Not West Pavement WET PVMT Will Not Weil Pavement WET PVMT Will Not	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Alternate ALT Avenue AVE Best Route BEST RTE Boulevard BLVD Bridge BRDG Cannot CANT Center CTR Construction Ahead CONST AHD Abead Poly Eastbound (route) E Eastbound (route) E Eastbound (route) E Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Blocked FWY BLKD Friday ST Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Trursday THURS Traffic TRAF Traffic TRAF Traffic TRAF Traffic TRAF Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Worning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West West Will Not West Pavement WET PVMT Will Not Weil Pavement WET PVMT Will Not	Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Best Route BUVD Bridge BRDG Cannot Canter Canter Construction Ahead CROSSING Detour Route Noorth Noorth Noorth Noorth Noorth Noorth Noorth North Northound (route) N Porking PKING Road RD Southday SAT Service Road SERV RD Shoulder SHLDR Southbound (route) S Sunday Sunh Street ST Sunday Sunh Telephone PHONE Telephone PHONE Telephone PHONE Telephone PHONE Traffic Travelers Trav				MI
Best Route Boulevard Builder Bridge Bridge BRDC Cannot Cantr Center CTR Construction Ahead CROSSING Detour Route Northo Northo Northo North Northound (route) N Porking PKING Road RD Road RD Road RD Road RD Southday Sulpery SultP South Southbound (route) S Speed SpPD Street ST Sunday Suln Telephone PHONE Temporary Telephone PHONE Temporary Thursday Thursday Thursday Thursday Thursday To Downtown To DWNTN Traffic Travelers Time Minutes Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) Veh, VEH, VEHS Worning Wednesday WeD Weight Limit WT LIMIT Westbound Wet Pavement WET PVMT Weight Limit Well Not Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not Wendon		AVE		MPH
Boulevard BLVD Bridge BRDG Cannot CANT Center CTR Construction Ahead CROSSING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Friedy Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friedy Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Fridgh Maday MON Normal NORM Normal Normal NORM Normal Normal NorM North Northbound (route) N Road RD Road RD Right Lane RT LN Saturday SAT Service Road SERV RD Shoulder SHLDR Slippery SLIP South S Southbound (route) S Speed SPD Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Telephone PHONE Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS Traffic TRAF Travelers TRYLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Worning Warn Worning Warn Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W West Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT		BEST RTE		MNR
Bridge BRDC Cannot CANT Center Construction Ahead CROSSING Detour Route Do Not East Eastbound Emergency Emergency Vehicle Entronce, Enter Express Lane Express Lane Express Lane Express Lane Express Lane Expresswoy EXPWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Travelers Travele	Boulevard			MON
Cannot Center CTR Construction Ahead CROSSING Detour Route DD Not East Eastbound Emergency Emergency Vehicle Express Lane Expressway XXXX Feet Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Freeway Friday F	Bridge	BRDG		NORM
Construction Ahead CROSSING CROSSING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not East Do Not East Eastbound Croute) E Emergency Emergency Emergency Emergency Vehicle Entrance, Enter Express Lane Express Lane Expressway XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead Freeway Hodrardous Friday Hazardous Friday Hazardous Friday Hazardous Hozardous Hozardou		CANT	North	N
Ahead CONSTAND CROSSING XING Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency Cemer Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entronce, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS JUNCTION Left Lene LFT LN Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Road RD Road RD Right Lane RT LN Saturday SAT Saturday SAT Service Road SERV RD Shoulder SHLDR Shoulder Shoulder SHLDR Shoulder Shoulder SHLDR Shoulder S	Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
CROSSING XINC Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Froe Anead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Left Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Right Lane RT LN Saturday SAT Service Road SERV RD Schulder SHLDR Shoulder SHLDR South S Southbound (route) S Speed SPD Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRYLRS Travelers TRYLRS Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT Westbound (route) W West Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT		CONST AHD		
Detour Route DETOUR RTE Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Express Way XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Silppery SLIP South S Speed SPD Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday SUN Traffic TRAF Traffic TRAF Traffic TRAF Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic Travelers TRVLRS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Worning WARN Worning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West West Pavement WET PVMT Weight Limit WET PVMT West Pavement WET PVMT Will Not		VINC		
Do Not DONT East E Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entronce, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Expresswoy EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway Freeway FRWY BLKD Friday Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Thursday THURS Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Tradfic TRAF Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS JUnction JGT Left Lane LFT LN Left Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Venicles (s) VEH, VEHS West W West Pavement WET PVMT Weil INOT				
East E Shoulder SHLDR Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER South S SOUTH				
Eastbound (route) E Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Left Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL South S South S South Southbound (route) S Sped SPD Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning Wadnesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Emergency EMER Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Left Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL South S Southbound (rroute) S Speed SPD Street ST Fuelphone PHONE Telephone PHONE Telephone PHONE Telephone Thomas TIMP To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Tovelers TRVLRS Tousday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Worning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West West West Pavement WET PVMT West Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT		•		
Emergency Vehicle EMER VEH Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Freeway HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS JUnction JGT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Southbound (route) S Sped SPD Street ST Freeway SUN Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Thursday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West West Wet Pavement WET PVMT West Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Entrance, Enter ENT Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING HAZardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour (s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Speed SPD Street ST Speed SPD Street ST Street ST Sunday SUM Telephone PHONE Temporary TEMP Transday THURS To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Weight Limit WT LIMIT West W Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Express Lane EXP LN Expressway EXPWY XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Left Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Street ST Street ST Sunday SUN Telephone PHOV Temporary TEMP To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning Warn Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West West West West West West Pavement WET PVMT Weil Not WONT				
Expressway XXXX Feet XXXX FT Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway Freew				
XXXX Feet XXXX FT FOG AHD FREWDY FRWY FWY FREWDY FREWDY FREWDY FREWDY FREWDY FREWDY FRIGHT FOR AHD FRIED FOR AHD FREWDY FRIED FOR AHD FREWDY FREWDY FREWDY FREWDY FREWDY FRWY FWY FRWY FRWY FRWY FRWY FRWY FRWY				
Fog Ahead FOG AHD Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING HAZardous Driving HAZ DRIVING HOZardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Lane Left Lane Closed Lower Level LWR LEVEL Temporary TEMP Temporary Tombre Tombre Trayelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wei Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Freeway FRWY, FWY Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday FRI Hozardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Left Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Thresday THURS To Downtown To DWNTN Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS To Downtown To Dwnton Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Tweelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Tweelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Tweelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Tweelers Travelers Travelers TRVLRS Tweelers Travelers Travelers TRVLRS Tweelers Travelers Travelers TRVLRS Tweelers Travelers Travelers TRVLRS Travelers TRVLRS Tweelers Travelers Travelers TRVLRS Travelers Trave				
Freeway Blocked FWY BLKD Friday Friday Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hozardous Moterial HAZMAT High-Occupancy Vehicle Highway Hour(s) Hour(s) HAR, HRS Information INFO It Is Junction Left Left Left Left Left Lane Left Lane Lower Level LWR LEVEL To Downtown TO DWNTN Traffic Travelers T				
Friday FRI Traffic TRAF Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT Tuesday TUES High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway HWY Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It is ITS Junction JCT Left Left LFT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Traffic TRAF Travelers TRVLRS Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Hazardous Driving HAZ DRIVING Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Travelers TRVLRS Travelers Tuesday TUES Tuesday TUES Tuesday TUES VEHICLES (S) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West W Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Hazardous Material HAZMAT High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle HWY Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO It Is ITS Junction JCT Left Left Left Left Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West West W West West W West Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT			Traffic	TRAF
High-Occupancy Vehicle Highway Hour(s) Information INFO It Is Junction Left Left Lane Left Lane Lower Level Lower Level Lower Level HWY			Travelers	
Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO If Is Junction Left Left Left Lane Closed LNWC LOSED LOWER LEVEL HWY HWY HUPPER LEVEL Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning Wednesday Wednesday Weight Limit West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Well Not Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not Will Not WONT			Tuesday	
Highway Hour(s) Hour(s) Holformation Hr Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning Warning Warn Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT Westpound Weight Limit Weight Limit Westpound Westpound Wet Pavement Wet Pavement Wet Povement		HUV		
Houris		HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Information INFO Wednesday WED		IID IIDC	Vehicles (s)	
1			Warning	WARN
Junction				
Left			Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left Lane LFT LN Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Westpound (route) w Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL Will Not WONT			Westbound	
Lower Level LWR LEVEL			Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
			Will Not	WONT
	Maintenance	LWR LEVEL		

Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

A		/Effect on Travel _ist	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
•	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
se 2.	STAY IN LANE	*	* :	X See Application Guideli	ines Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days
 of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with
 days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for
 no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)

PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

XXXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

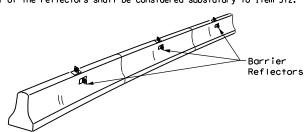
Traffic Safety



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

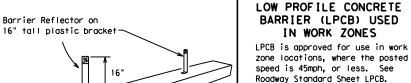
BC (6) -21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn DN:		<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	6460	50	001		FI	1 627
9-07	9-07 8-14		IST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13 5-21		CRP		KARNES			12



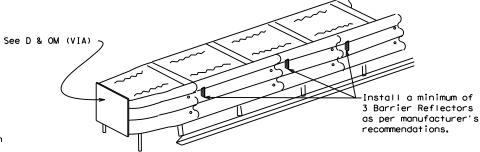
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



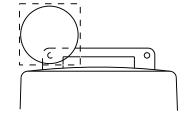
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

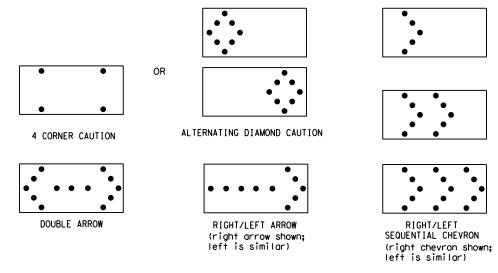
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	k DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	6460	50	001		FM	1 627
9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		CRP	D KADNES				13

GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMYTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

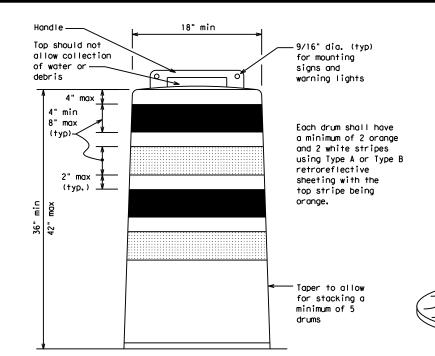
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

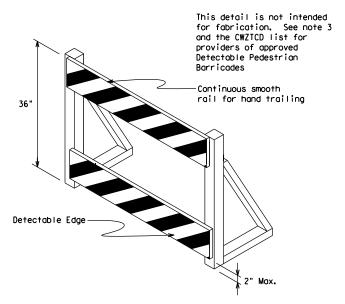
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





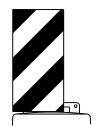
DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

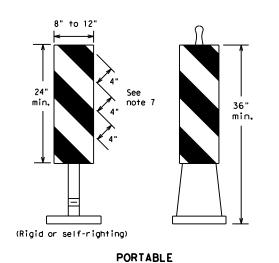
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

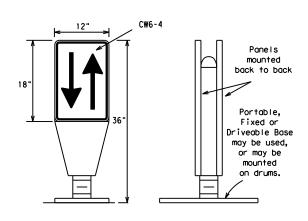
BC(8)-21

ILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	KDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
CTxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н10	CHWAY
REVISIONS 4-03 8-14	6460	50	001	001		1 627
4-03 8-14 9-07 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7 17	CDD	KADNES				14



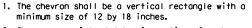
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
 See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

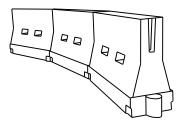


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
 work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
 roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Minimum Suggested M Desirable Spacing of Formula Taper Lengths Channeliz ** Device:			ng of Lizing			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	ws²	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	
40	8	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	
60		600'	660′	7201	60′	120'	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80'	160′	

**X*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

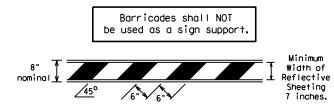
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

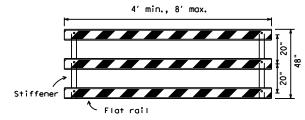
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	k DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	CHWAY	
	REVISIONS	6460	50	001		FM	FM 627	
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY SHEE			SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	CRP	KARNES				15	

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solld objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

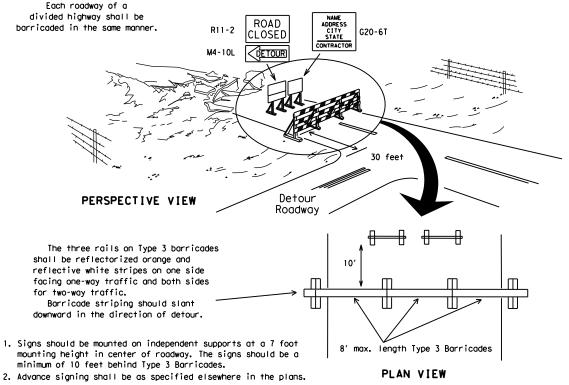


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

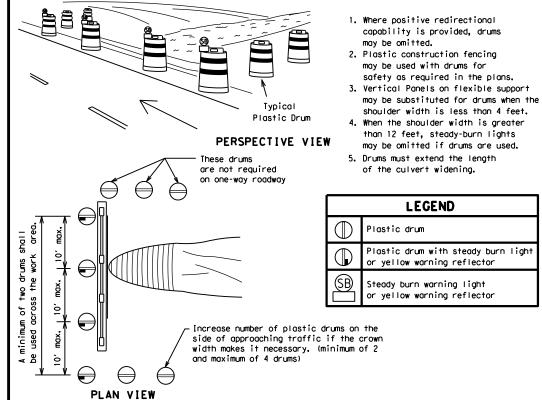


Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

4" min. orange

4" min. white

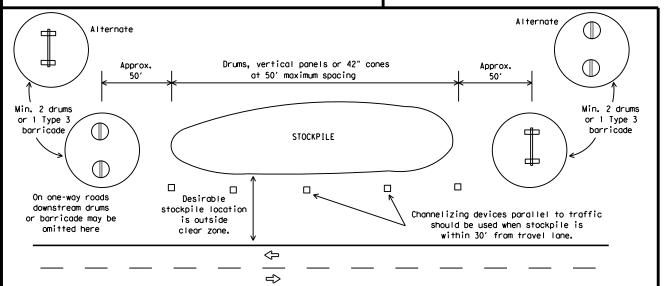
Two-Piece cones

6" min. 2" min. 4" min. 2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

:	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н10	GHWAY	
	REVISIONS 1-07 8-14 -13 5-21	6460	50	001		FM	FM 627	
		DIST	IST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
-13		CRP	CRP KARNES				16	

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

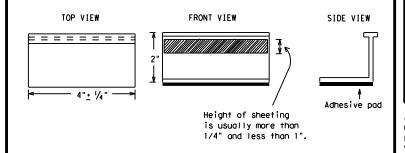
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety



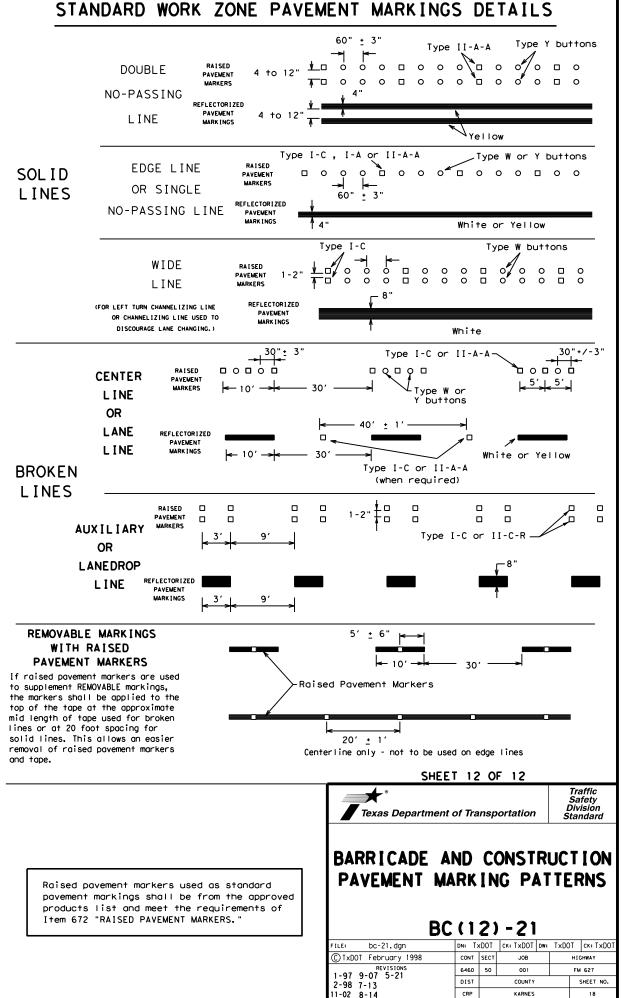
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

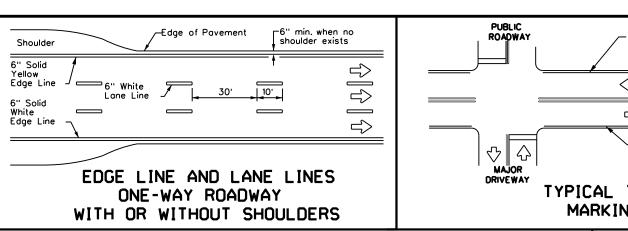
BC(11)-21

	* -	- 7				
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		H)	GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-98 9-07 5-21	6460	50	001		F	м 627
2-98	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
11-02 8-14	CRP	KARNES				17

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-An 1 Q O O O O O O O O O ₹> `Yellow -Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A <>> □وہ/ہ□ہہہ \$\frac{1}{4 \tau 8"} Type Y Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R 0000 00000 0000 Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons ₹> Yellow White 0000 └Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons-0000 0000**0** 0000 0000 White ∕ Type II-A-A Type Y buttons ♦ ₹> 0000 0000 Type W buttons--Type I-C RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons Type I-C-Type Y buttons-0 0 0 $\langle \rangle$ ₹> 0000 0000 0000 Type W buttons~ └─Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

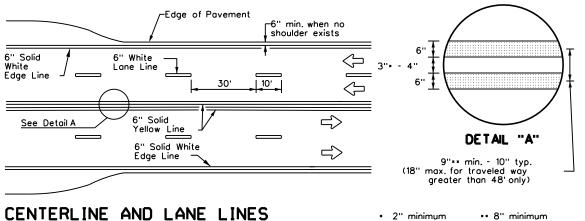


CRP



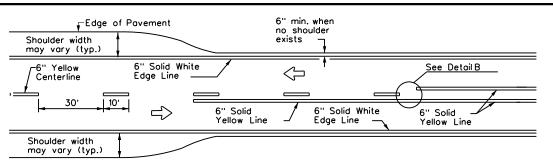
PUBLIC ROADWAY 6" Solid White Edge Line 6" Solid Yellow Line 6" Solid White Edge Line OR MINOR DRIVEWAY

TYPICAL TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



PUBLIC ROADWAY r-6" Solid White Edge Line 6" Solid Yellow Line \Diamond 6" White \Diamond Lane Line ➾ ف ➪ ' Solid **₽** \Diamond White ALLEY, PRIVATE ROAD Edge Line OR MINOR DRIVEWAY MAJOR DRIVEWAY

TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

Pavement Edge

White Line

6" Solid Yellow

6" Solid White

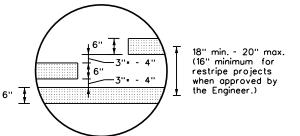
Edge Line

Edge Line

See note 3

8" Dotted White

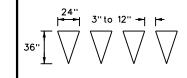
Extension



DETAIL "B"

 2" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.

NOTES



being marked equal to or

YIELD LINES

For posted speed on road being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.

TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

 \triangleleft -6" Solid White 6" White Lane Line Edge Line 1. Where divided highways are 6" Solid Yellow 10' 6" Solid Yellow Line separated by median widths at Edge Line See Note 2 the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median 16" min.-20" max. –See Note 1 Taper openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. 8" Solid

-6" White Lane Line

Lines

for restripe projects when

approved by the Engineer for restripe projects when

approved by the Engineer

Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the Engineer.

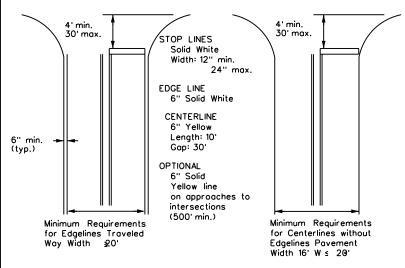
- Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS						
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200					
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100					
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130					
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200					
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220					
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240					

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES, EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PM(1)-22

4-	* • *	_	_		
FILE: pm1-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 11-78 8-00 6-20	6460	50	001		FM 627
8-95 3-03 12-22	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	CRP	KARNES			19

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

ΔΔΔΔΔΔ

_48" min.

line to

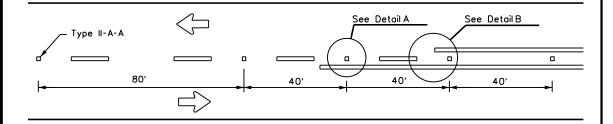
Storage

 \Rightarrow

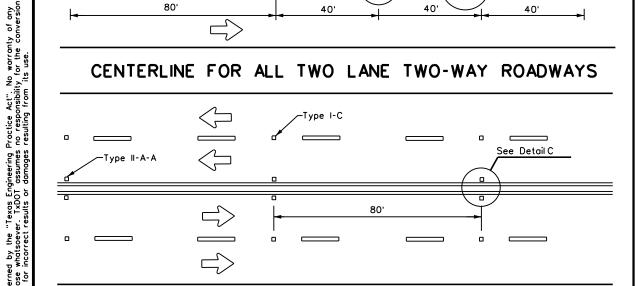
from edge

stop/yield

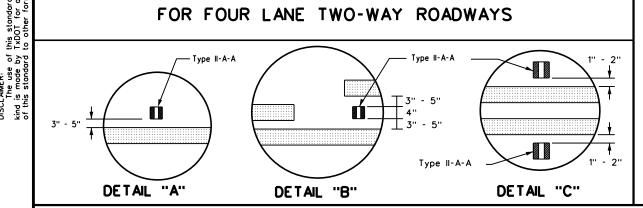
REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE



CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

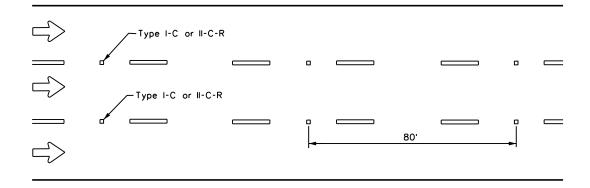


CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



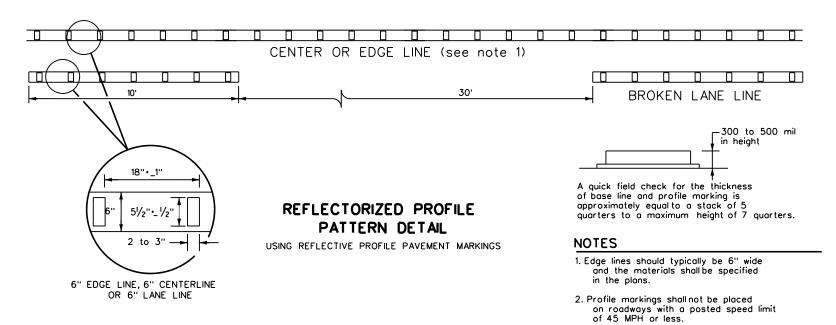
Centerline Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane 40 40' Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

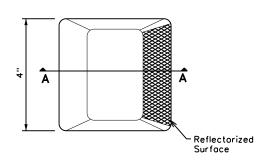


GENERAL NOTES

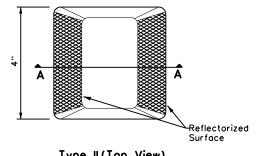
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- 3. Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

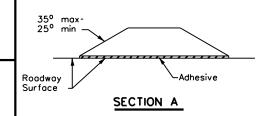
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I(Top View)



Type II (Top View)



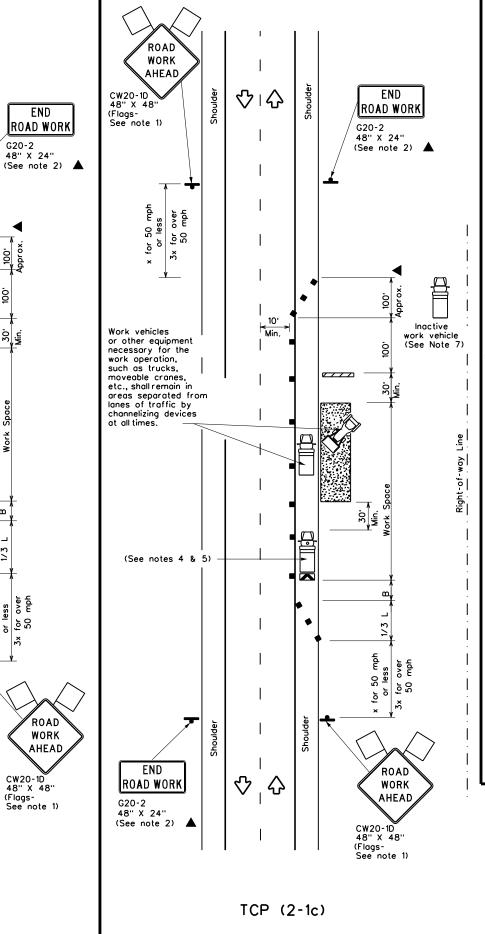
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2)-22

: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		ck:	DW:	CK:	
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 77 8-00 6-20	6460	50	001		FM 627	
92 2-10 12-22	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	ı
00 2-12	CRP		KARNES	20		



WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

55 les

ROAD

WORK **AHEAD**

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

(Flags-See note 1)

LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board M Traffic Flow \Diamond Ф Flagger

_									
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirable er Lengt * *		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10' 11' Offset Offset		12' Offset	On a On a Taper Tangent		Distance	"B ^{;;}	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	
35	L= <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	
40	1 %	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	
50]	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	
60] - " 3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	
65]	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	
70]	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	
75		750'	825'	900,	75'	150'	900'	540'	

- Conventional Roads Only
- * Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	√	✓	✓	✓			

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- neorest traveled way.

 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder. 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

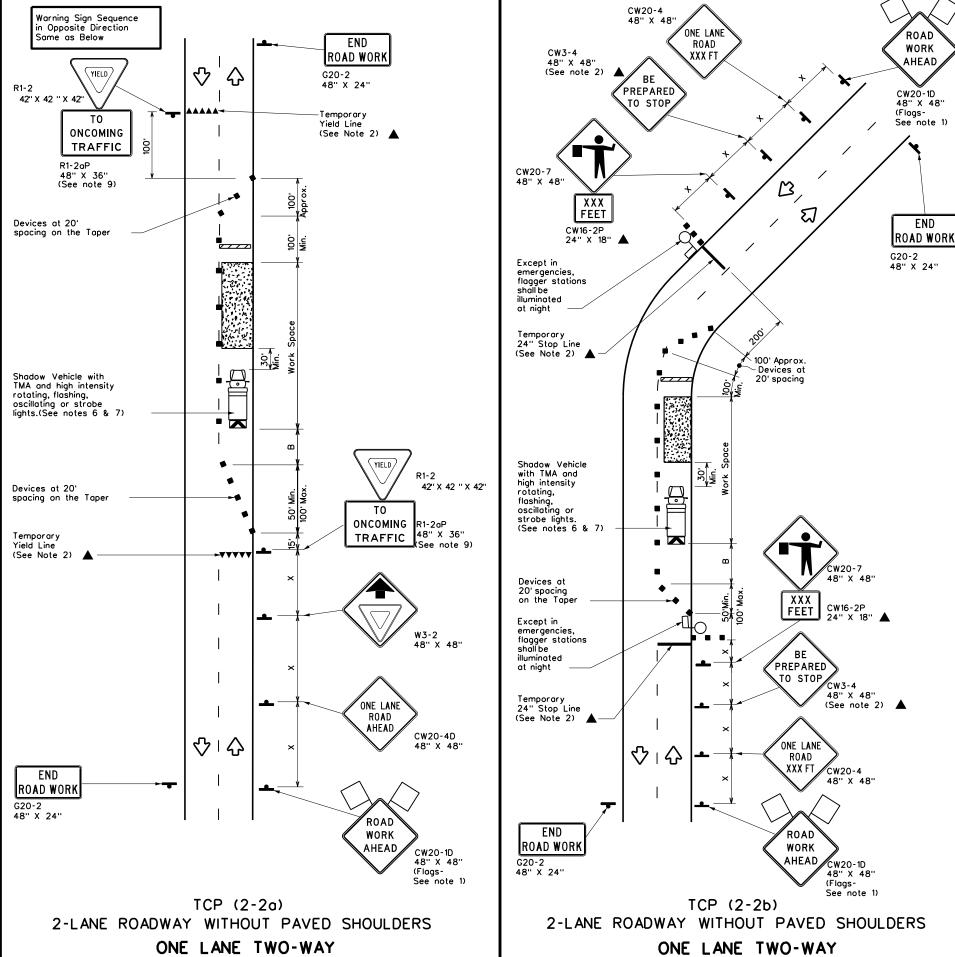
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
6460	50 001		FM 627		
DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
CRP		KARNE	S		21
	CONT 6460 DIST	CONT SECT 6460 50 DIST	CONT SECT JOB 6460 50 001 DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB 6460 50 001 DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB HI 6460 50 001 FM DIST COUNTY





CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS

(Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)

	LEGEND								
		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
	+	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
Į	\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	 0	Minimum esirable er Lengt * *		Spacing of		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	200'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40] 00	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	305'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55	l-ws	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	495'
60]	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600,	350'	570'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	4 10'	645'
70]	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	820'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 - L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1	1						

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- '. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet. 9. The R1-2oP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum

TCP (2-2b)

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

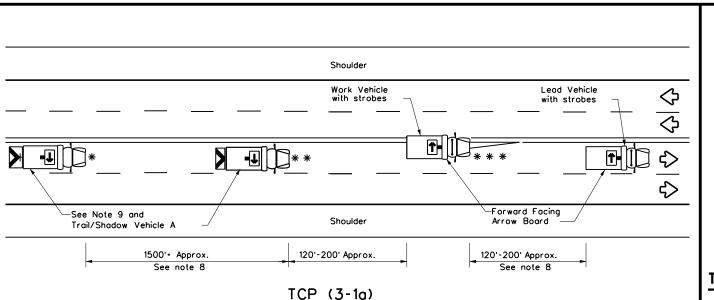
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

ILE: tcp2-	2-18.dgn	DN:		ck:	DW:	CK:
C) TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03		6460 50 001		F	FM 627	
1-97 2-12		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18		CRP		KARNE	S	22

*

WORK ON SHOULDER



X VEHICLE CONVOY

CW21-10cT 72" X 36"

CW21-10aT 60" X 36"

X VEHICLE CONVOY

TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

1500' · Approx.

WORK ON TRAVEL LANE

See note 8

See note 9 and Trail/Shadow Vehicle B Lead Vehicle with strobes Trail/Shadow Vehicle with strobes See note 8

Shoulder

UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY

See note 9 and
Trail/Shadow Vehicle A

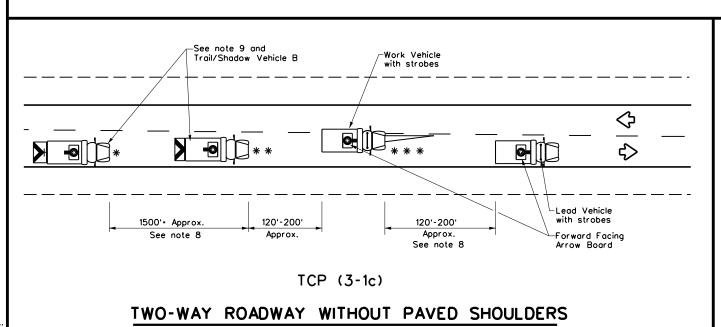
See note 8

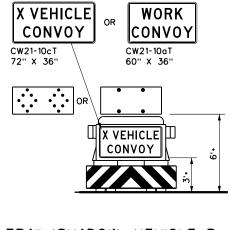
Approx.

See Note 9 and
Forward
Facing
Arrow Board

TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

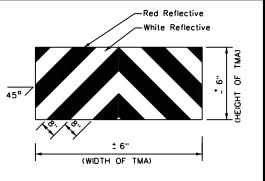
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND							
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	F	LEFT Directional					
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow						
♡	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)					

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
1										

GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY"(CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

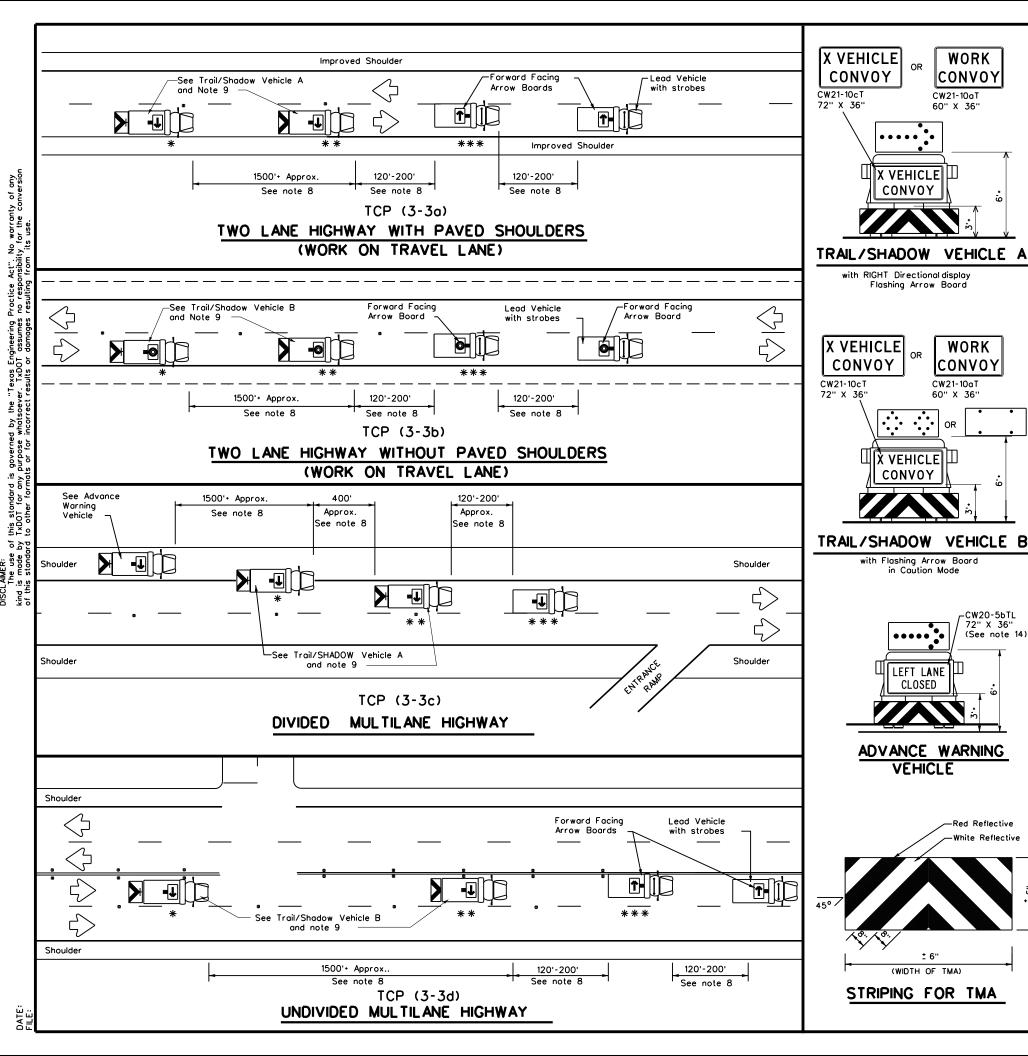
TCP(3-1)-13

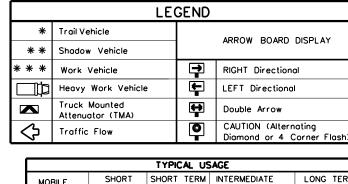
Traffic Operations Division Standard

:	tcp3-1.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT	
TxDOT	December 1985	CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY		HWAY				
4 4-9	REVISIONS	6460	50	001		FM	627	
4 4-90 5 7-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7		CRP	CRP KARNES		23			

STRIPING FOR TMA

175





TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
4									

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

-<u>C</u>W20-5bTL 72" X 36" (See note 14)

-Red Reflective

CW21-10aT

X VEHICLE|Ш

in Caution Mode

LEFT LANE CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.

 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the deliver's side of the vehicle may be operated.
- strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING
- and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.

 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

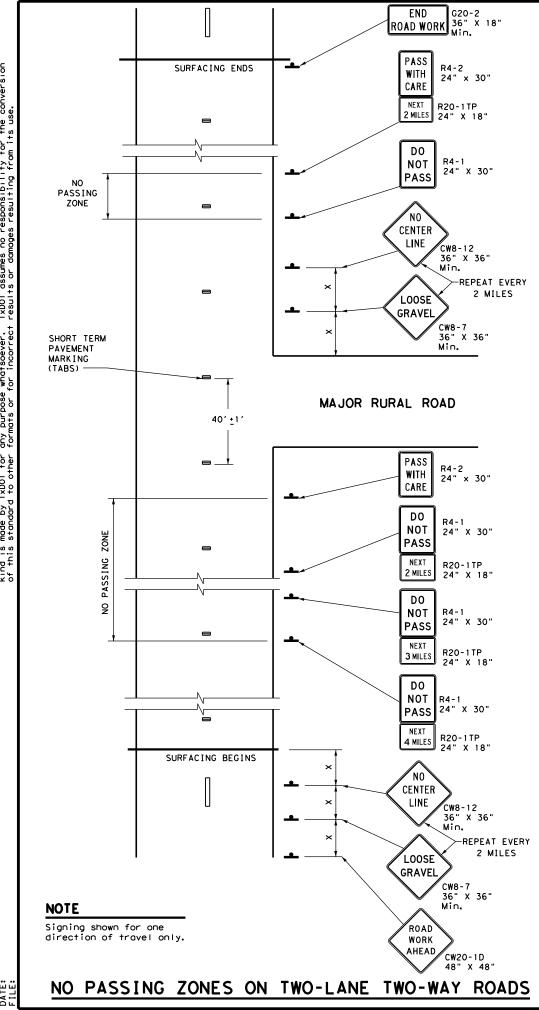
 X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13.Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

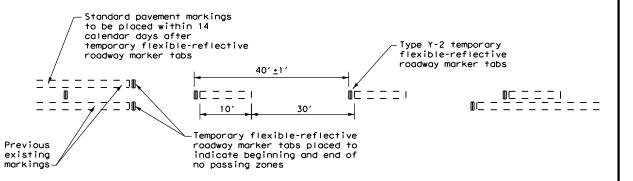


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ **REMOVAL** TCP(3-3)-14

	_	•				
FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: Tx[DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	YAW
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	6460	50	001		FM	627
2-94 4-98 8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
1-97 7-14	CRP		KARNES			24





TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

"DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement
- At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

"NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line
- At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

"LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ(STPM) standard sheet.

COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- A. The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T) sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600'
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

* Conventional Roads Only

	TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		✓	√

GENERAL NOTES

- The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by



Traffic Operation: Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SURFACING OPERATIONS

TCP(7-1)-13

FILE:	tcp7-1.dgn	DN: T	k DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	March 1991	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	6460	50	001		FM	627
4-92 4-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-13	1	CRP		KARNES			25

SCW20-1D * £ PAVEMENT SCW13-1 M.P.H. LOOSE GRAVEL ECW8-7 STRIPE DO NEXT R4-1 PASS road work GW20-2A APPROX. 80 LF CENTER-TO-CENTER SPACING ON HORIZONTAL CURVES PASS WITH R4-2 CARE REFER TO CHART TITLED "SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF DEVICE" FOR SPACING ON TANGENTS. DO NOT PASS CENTER STRIPE ∕CW8-12 NEXT PASS XX MILES CW21-16 WITH R4-2 LOOSE CARE GRAVEL PAVEMENT ENDS SCW8-3 35 M.P.H. SCW13-1 ROAD WORK road work AHEAD GW20-2A SCW20-1D ₩ Đ~ TCP 2-Lane UNSURFACED Roadway for Non-working Hours (FOR UNSURFACED ROADWAY LENGTH > 250')

The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type E Sheeting (Fluorescent Prismatic) meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.

"DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones should be signed with the DO NOT PASS sign (R4-1) and PASS WITH CARE sign (R4-2) placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement markings. At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined and signed as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES sign (R20-1) may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of a no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS $\,$ WITH CARE and NEXT XX MILES sign.

Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshields and lights. The DO NOT PASS and NEXT XX MILES sign should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with existing surfacing operation has passed this location so as not pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, care must be taken to place DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs in order to sign the beginning and end of the no-passing zones in the area where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.

"LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (ECW8-7)

When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL sign (ECW8-7) should be erected at each end of the work area LOOSE GRAVEL sign should be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES sign (CW21-16) mounted below it.

The LOOSE GRAVEL sign should be erected as detailed on BC Standards. They should remain in place until the loose gravel condition no longer exists.

"NO CENTER STRIPE" SIGN (CW8-12)

At the time construction activity obliterates the existing centerline (low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER STRIPE sign (CW8-12) should be erected at each end of the work area and just beyond major rural intersections and other location deemed necessary by the Engineer. Where possible, the signs erected at each end of the work area should be located in such a manner that drivers can read the sign and immediately see the change to no centerline. The NO CENTER STRIPE sign should be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES sign (CW21-16) mounted below it.

The NO CENTER STRIPE sign should be erected as detailed on BC Standards. These signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are placed. "NO CENTER STRIPE" SIGN (CW8-12)

WORK DURATION TERMINOLOGY-(as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part VI) Long-term Stationary = occupies a location 3 or more days; Intermediate-term Stationary = occupies a location from overnight to 3 days;

Short-term Stationary = daylight work that occupies a location from 1 to 12 hours; Short Duration = occupies a location up to 1 hour.

The bottom of Long-term / Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet above the paved surface. The bottom of any supplementary plaques shall be at least 6 feet above the paved surface. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet above the paved surface regardless of work

Wood sign supports shall be painted white.

LEGEND Edgeline
Type III Barricade■ ■ Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator

M Flashing Arrow Panel

Portable Changeable Message Sign

 \mathbb{C}^{O}

Flagger

Unsurfaced Roadway

Flashing Type A-Low Intensity

			nimum Desirable Suggested Maximum per Lengths 🗙 🛨 Spacing of Device		Minimum Sign Spacing		
Posted Speed *	Formula	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	X Distance
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′-75′	120′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′-90′	160′
40		265′	295′	320′	40′	80′-100′	240′
45		450′	495′	5401	45′	90′-110′	320′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′-125′	400′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′-140′	500′
60	L=W3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'-150'	* 600'
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'-165'	* 700'
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′-175′	* 800'

★ Conventional Roads Only

**X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Taper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

		TYPICAL USAGE:		
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
			\checkmark	\checkmark

GENERAL NOTES:

- All traffic control devices illustrated are <u>REQUIRED</u>, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere
- 2. The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where the surfacing operation has covered or obliterated existing pavement markings. These traffic control devices are to be used to supplemen those required by BC Standards.
- 3. R4-1 and R4-2 signs should be mounted on fixed supports as detailed on BC Standards. These signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are placed.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A list of compliant products and their sources may be obtained by writing or faxing:

Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3335 Fox (512) 416-3161 E-mail TRF-STANDARD@mailgw.dot.state.tx.us



STANDARD PLANS
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

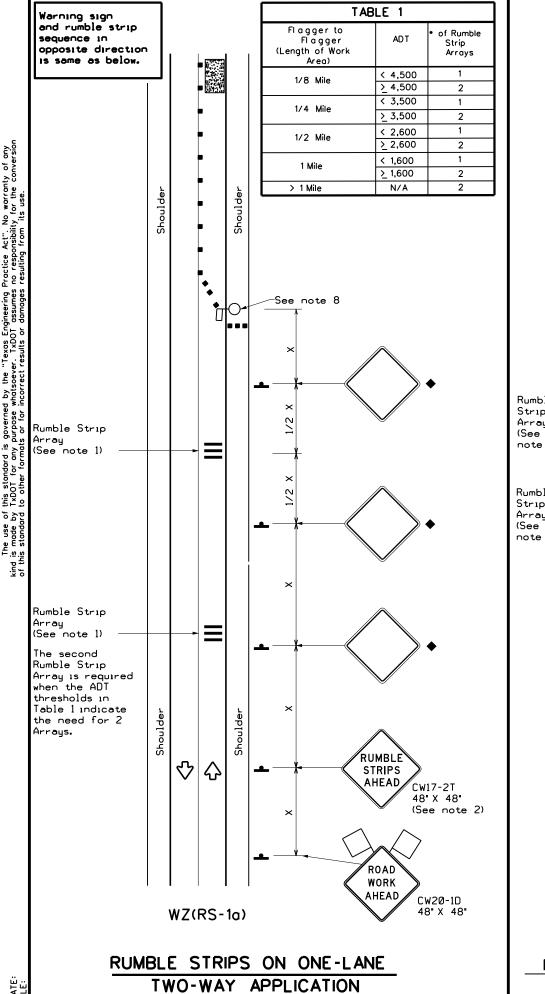
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

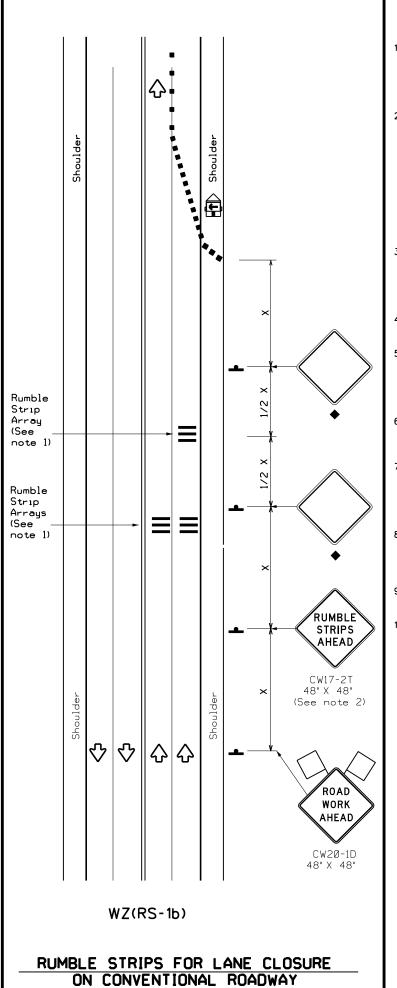
2-LANE, 2-WAY NON-WORKING HOURS

(CORPUS CHRISTI DISTRICT STANDARD)

DTCP (1-1)-03

0	2003 TxDOT	DN:		CK: -		D#: - CI		CK: -		NEG NO.:	
	REVISIONS	·	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL REGION	CON	TROL	SECTIO	N	J08		H1GH#AY
			CRP	6	64	160	50		001		FM 627
			COUNTY						SHEET		
				KARNES						T	26





GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10.Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
1	Sign	Ą	Traffic Flow				
\Diamond	Flag	ПО	Flagger				

Posted Speed	ted Formula Taper sed **		Minimum esirable er Lengt * *		Suggested Spacing Channelia Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35	L= WS	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	80	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660,	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- * * Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	√					

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP,TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH.it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

T	TABLE 2							
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array							
< 40 MPH	10′							
> 40 MPH & <_ 55 MPH	15′							
= 60 MPH	20'							
≥ 65 MPH	* 35'+							



TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ(RS)-22

: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ	
TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	CHWAY	
REVISIONS	6460	50	001		FM 627		
-14 1-22 -16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
- 10	CRP		KARNE	S		27	

117

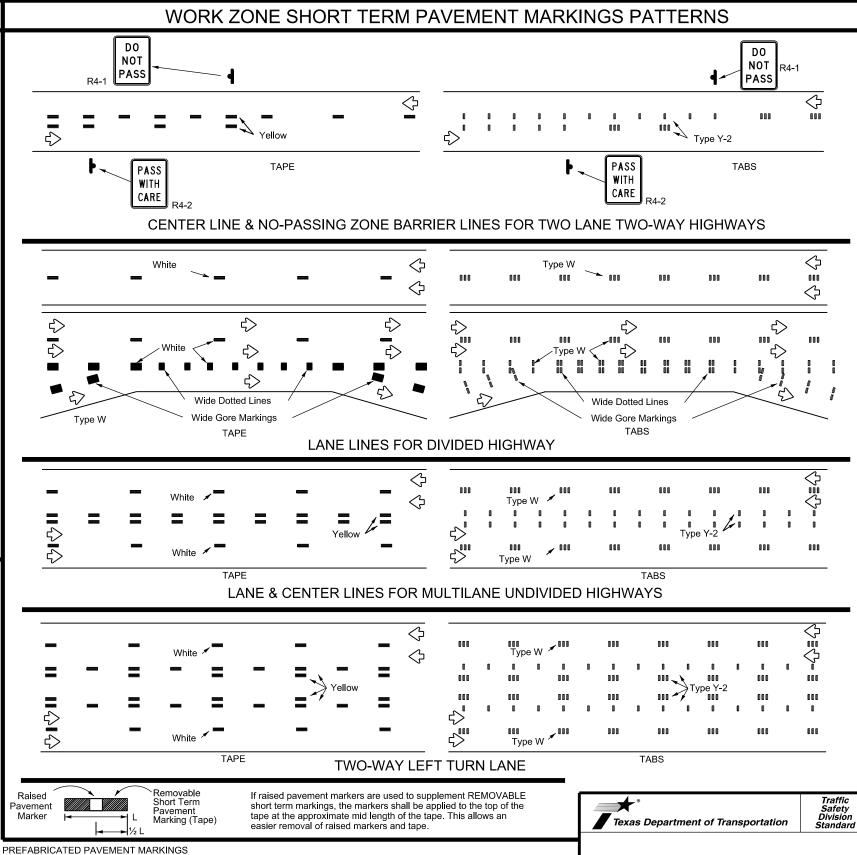
WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS DOUBLE **TABS** NO-PASSING LINE TAPE SOLID 20' ± 6" **LINES** 20' ± 6" Type Y-2 or W SINGLE TABS NO-PASSING LINE or CHANNELIZATION TAPE LINE Yellow or White Type Y-2 or W **BROKEN TABS** $\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{m}$ → 1' ± 3" LINES TAPE (FOR CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE) → 4.5' ± 6" Yellow or White **◄**—12' ± 6" TABS **WIDE DOTTED LINES** (FOR LANE DROP LINES) **TAPE** White 20' ± 6" **TABS** □ᠯ WIDE GORE **MARKINGS** TAPE 20' ± 6"

NOTES:

- Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent payement markings should then be placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.



- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

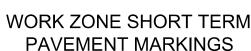
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

 All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm



WZ(STPM)-23

FILE: wzstpm-23.dgn		DN:		CK:	DW:	ск:
© TxDOT	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS		6460	50	001		FM 627
I-92 7-13 I-97 2-23		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-03		CRP		KARNES		28

IMPACTS TO ENDANGERED SPECIES OR HABITAT: XXXXXX

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES:

____ TEMPORARY SEEDING _✓ PERMANENT SEEDING MULCHING SOIL RETENTION BLANKET BUFFER ZONES ____ OTHER

> NOTE: Stabilization measures must be initiated immediately in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily ceased and will not resuke for a period exceeding 14 calender days. Stabilization measures that provide a protective cover must be initiated immediately in portions of the site where construction activities have permanently ceased.

STRUCTURAL PRACTICES:

T SILT FENCES HAY BALES ROCK BERMS DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS PIPE SLOPE DRAINS PAVED FLUMES ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT

CHANNEL LINERS

SEDIMENT BASINS STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP . STORM OUTLET STRUCTURES

STORM SEWERS

CONCRETE RIPRAP

OTHER :

- I. Install structural practices as indicated above in ditches at structure locations.
- 2. Existingtopsoil will be bladed and windrowed.
- 3. Construction activities begin
- 4. Windrowed topsoil will be bladed back onot completed front slope. Then seed and sod all disturbed areas.
- 5. Remove all temporary controls and reseed or resod any areas disturbed by their removal.

Contractor-generated schedules are incorporated into the projects SW3P by reference.

For construction projects, the Corpus District of the Texas Department of Transprotation uses SiteManager, a computer based construction record-kepping system. Documentation describing major garding activities, temporary or permanant cessation of construction, and stabilization measures is a part of this sysytem and is incorporated by reference into SW3P.

For RMC/Maintenance projects, documentation describing major garding activities, temporary or permanant cessation of construction, and stabilization measures is recorded in a project diary, and is incorporated by reference into the SW3P.

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT: Storm Water Drainage will be provided by gras "flat bottom" & V bottom ditches. this system will carry drainage within the right of way to lows in the highway where cross drainage occurs. The cross drainage structures will be protected with structural practices as indicated above.

Sediment control devices will remain in place until at least 70% regrowth of vegetation has occured. At this time the new vegetation will act as a filter strip for post construction TSS control as indicated above.

A site (visual & odor) assessment of wate quality leaving the project site: water quality leaving the construction site has been of good quality, with no visually apparent sediments, litter, fertilizers, or surfactants. The water has no petroleum or other odor. Even so, it might be expected that some sediment and litter will escape the project site and that petroleum products leaking from motor vehicles that travel through the site may lower the quality of runoff water.

OTHER CONTROLS:

MAINTENANCE: All erosion and sediment controls will be maintained in good working order. If a repair is necessary, it will be done at the earliest date possible, but no later than 7 calendar days after the surrounding exposed ground has dried sufficiently to prevent further damage from heavy equipment. The areas adjacent to creeks and drainageways shall have priority followed by devices protecting storm sewer inlets. Sediment must be removed from control measures when the design capacity is reduced by 50 percent. If sediment escapes the construction site, off site accumulation of sediment must be removed at a frequency to minimmize off-site impacts

INSPECTION: An inspection will be performed by a TxDOT inspector at least every 7 calender days. An Inspection and Maintenance Report will be made per each inspection. Based on the inspection results, the controls shall be revised per the inspection report.

WASTE MATERIALS: The contractor shall adequately store all construction waste materials to prevent these materials from becoming pollutants and to minimize pollutant discharges from the storage locations, no construction waste material will be buried on site. Litter and excavating and other roadway construction activities, litter and debris from construction activities, gasoline, oil, and grease from asphalt distributor vehicles, scrappers, truck, railers, compactors, and fuel trucks during daily, routine operations.

Potential polutants will primarily be from the sediments leaving the project right-of-way and petroleum products. Principalsources of pollution will be distubed soil from grading and excavating and other randway construction activities, litter and debris from construction activities, gasoline, oil, and grease from asphalt distributor vehicles, scrappers, trucks, rollers, compactors, and fuel trucks during daily, routine operations.

The contractor will miantain a clean, orderly construction site. Construction waste including trash, rubble, scrap and vegetation shall be disposed of in lidded dumpsters or in a manner approved by the Project Engineer. Disposal methods must meet Federal, State, and Local waste management guidelines. No construction waste will be buried or burned on site. Spoils disposal, material storage, and material resulting from thedestruction of existing roads and structures shall be stored in areas approved by the Project Engineer and protected from runoff. All waterways shall be cleared of temporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, false work piling, debris, or other obstructions placed during construction operations, that are not part of the finished work, as soon as practicable. All excess soil generated by the construction will be collected and disposed of by the contractor. Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads sahll be constructed in a manner that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas shall not be loated in any wetland. water body, or stream bed.

HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): At a minimum, any products in the following categories are considered to be hazardous: Paints, Acids for cleaning masonry surfaces, Cleaning Solvents, Asphalt Products, Chemical Additives for soil stabilization, or Concrete Curing Compounds and additivees. In event of a spill which may be hazordous, the Spill Coordinator should be contracted immediately.

SANITARY WASTE: All sanitary waste will be collected from the portable units as necessary; or as required by local regulation by licensde sanitary waste management contractor.

OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

✓ HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL

____ STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

REMARKS: Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads shall be constructed in a manner that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, waterbody or streambed.

On and Off site project specific locations including borrow pits and equipment staging areas are under the control of the contractor. The contractor will be obligated to comply with the requirments of the construction general permit.

All waterways shall be cleared of temporary embankment, temporary matting, false work, or other obstructions placed during construction operations that are not part of the finished work. No construction waste will be allowed to be buried within the limits of the right of way.



** Texas Department of Transportation

FEDERAL PROJECT NO. xxxxx 29 6 STATE COUNTY TEXAS CRP KARNES CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO 50

SHEET 1 OF 1

DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES

SEDIMENT TRAPS

. CURBS AND GUTTERS

VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES

T BIODEGRADABLE EROSION CONTROL LOGS

NARRATIVE - SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES:

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402

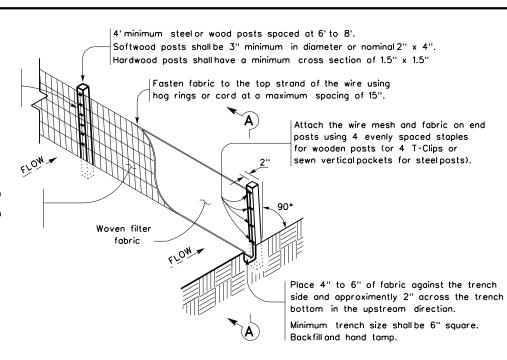
☐ Diversion Dike ☐ Erosion Control Compost ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks	☐ Brush Berms ☐ Erosion Control Compost ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Stone Outlet Sediment Traps ☐ Sediment Basins	 □ Erosion Control Compost □ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks □ Compost Filter Berm and Socks ☑ Vegetation Lined Ditches □ Sand Filter Systems □ Grassy Swales 	CCP: Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Ser FHMA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement MCU: Memorandum of Understanding MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOT: Notice of Termination NMP: Nation wide Permit NOT: Notice of Intent	SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan vices PCN: Pre-Construction Notification PSL: Project Specific Location TCEC: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System		EPIC FILE: epic.dgn
☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	Wet Basin	BMP: Best Management Practice	ABBRE VIATIONS SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
☐ Mulch ☐ Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands	-		1	ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,
	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin				
Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems	Engineer immediately.			Texas Department of Transportation Standard
	⊠ Silt Fence	Vegetative Filter Strips	nesting season of the birds associated are discovered, cease work in the imme		3.	Design Division
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	work may not remove active nests from	n bridges and other structures during		
Best Management Practices:	:		If any of the listed species are observe do not disturb species or habitat and c	·	1.	
•	igh water marks of any areas requ of the US requiring the use of a dge Layouts.	•	4.		Action No.	
4.			3.		No Action Required	Required Action
3.			2.		(includes regional issues such as	
					VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSU	UES
2.			1.		3.	
1.			Action No.		2.	
	the US permit applies to, location actices planned to control erosion,		No Action Required ■ Control Required No Action Req	Required Action	Action No.	
Other Nationwide Permit Red	quired: NWP•		CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LIS AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.	TED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES	On site. Hazardous Materials or Cor	Required Action
Individual 404 Permit Require	ed		•	HREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES,		ole hazardous materials or contamination discovered ntamination Issues Specific to this Project:
P Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN	I Required (1/10 to <1/2 ocre, 1/3	in tidal waters)				reful coordination between the Engineer and nimize construction delays and subsequent claims.
Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN wetlands affected)	I not Required (less than 1/10th ac	cre waters or	4.		In either case, the Contractor is re	sponsible for providing the date(s) for abatement
No Permit Required			3.			to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any
<u>Ĕ</u>	o all of the terms and conditions a	ssociated with	1. 2.		the notification, develop abatement.	a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with /mitigation procedures, and perform management cation form to DSHS must be postmarked at least
	ng, dredging, excavating or other wa	ork in any	Action No.		☐ Yes ☐ No	spection positive (is asbestos present)?
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAM ACT SECTIONS 401 AND		ANDS CLEAN WATER	No Action Required ■	Required Action	'	for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.
4. When Contractor project spec	ublic and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectific locations (PSL's) increase distructions to the Enginee	urbed soil	164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in	extent practical. ction Specification Requirements Specs 162, order to comply with requirements for ig, and tree/brush removal commitments.	Does the project involve any bridg replacements (bridge class structure) Yes No	
required by the Engineer.	(CSN) with SW3P information on c		IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES		Trosh piles, drums, conister, barre Undesirable smells or odors Evidence of leaching or seepage	els, etc.
accordance with TPDES Perr	y controlling erosion and sediment nit TXR 150000 evise when necessary to controlpo		3. 4.		of all product spills. Contact the Engineer if any of the follo Dead or distressed vegetation (n	•
Action No.			2.		immediately. The Contractor shall be res	s, and contact the District Spill Coordinator sponsible for the proper containment and cleanup
No Action Required	Required Action		1.		In the event of a spill, take actions to	spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS,
2.						ted storage, off bare ground and covered, for tain product labelling as required by the Act.
1.			Action No.		Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products,	, but are not limited to the following categories: chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing
They may need to be notified p	eceive discharges from this projection to construction activities.	:G1.	No Action Required	Required Action	Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety	Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products
Item 506.	rosion and sedimentation in accord		archeological artifacts are found dur archeological artifacts (bones, burnt work in the immediate area and cor	rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease	making workers aware of potential hazar	ety meetings prior to beginning construction and rds in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are nent appropriate for any hazardous materials used.
required for projects with 1 or m	Discharge Permit or Construction nore acres disturbed soil. Projects	s with any	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifical			Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

II. CULTURAL RESOURCES

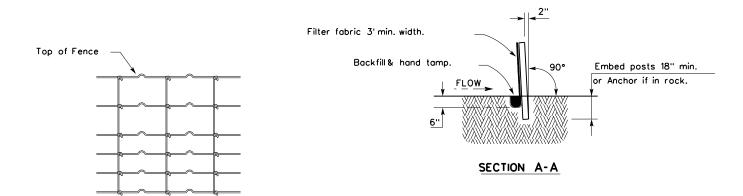
Connect the ends of the successive reinforcement sheets or rolls a minimum of 6 times with hog rings.

Galvanized welded wire mesh (W.W.M.) (12.5 GA. SWG Min.) with a maximum opening size of 2"x 4"or Woven Mesh (W.M.)(See woven mesh option detail)



TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT . Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

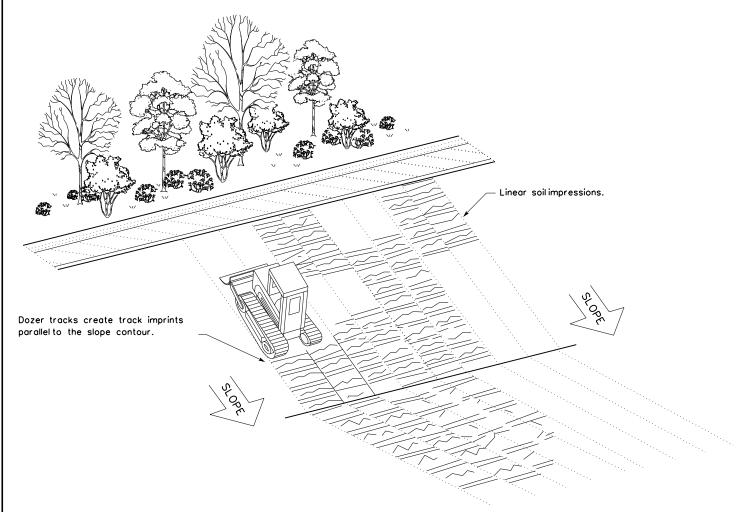
LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

LE: ec116	DN: TxDOT		CK: KM DW: V		VP DN/CK: LS	
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	6460	50	001		FM 627	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	CRP		KARNE	;	.31	