FED.RD. DIV.NO.	PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.
6	RMC 645893001		1
STATE	STATE DIST.NO.	COUNTY	
TEXAS	BMT	JEFFERSON, ETC.	
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.

STATE OF TEXAS

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

PROJECT NO: RMC 645893001 CSJ: 6458-93-001

HIGHWAY: US 69, ETC.

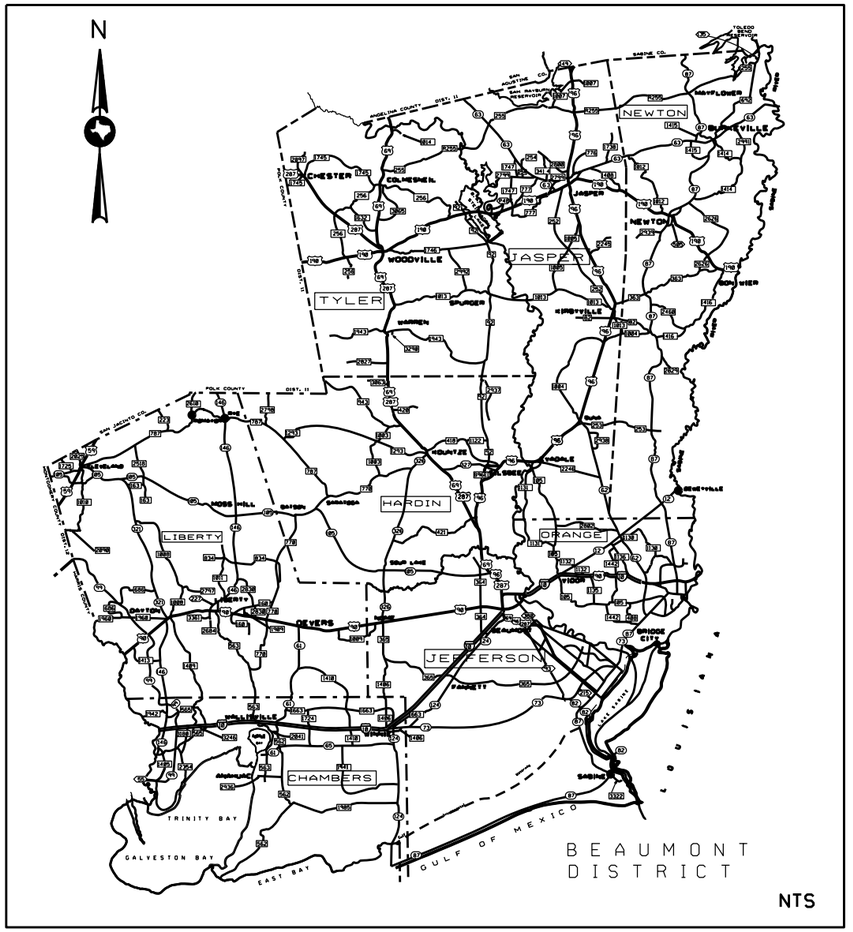
BEAUMONT DISTRICT - JEFFERSON, ETC.

DISTRICTWIDE LARGE SIGN
INSTALLATION AND REPLACEMENT

MGR. NO. 770
DESIGN SPEED N/A
AREA OF DISTURBED SOIL = 0.0 ACRES
MAINT.SEC.No. 01 (ANAHUAC)
02 (BEAUMONT)
03 (WOODVILLE)
04 (JASPER)
05 (LIBERTY)
06 (NEWTON)
07 (ORANGE)
08 (PORT ARTHUR)
09 (KOUNTZE)

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES



EXCEPTIONS: NONE
EQUATIONS: NONE
RAILROADS: NONE

FINAL PLANS

DATE LET : _____

DATE WORK BEGAN: _____

DATE WORK COMPLETED: _____

CONTRACTOR: _____

USED ____ OF ____ DAYS ALLOTTED

PROJECT COST: _____

PROJECT CONSTRUCTED AND FINAL PLANS PREPARED BY:

_____ _____
DATE

Texas Department of Transportation

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by: Peter Jurgen — 11/7/2023
DISTRICT SAFETY REVIEW TEAM CHAIRPERSON

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by: Peter Jurgen — 11/7/2023
DISTRICT TRAFFIC ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by: Keith Glenn, P.E. — 11/7/2023
DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by: Marlin N. Gosch, P.E. — 11/7/2023
DISTRICT ENGINEER

INDEX OF SHEETS

STATE OF TEXAS
PETER C JUNGEN
101127
LICENSED
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH A "##" HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

DocuSigned by:
Peter Jungen
38D0FB8D3636401...
NAME

11/1/2023
DATE

INDEX OF SHEETS

Texas Department of Transportation

FHWA TEXAS DIVISION	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.
			2
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	
TEXAS	BMT	JEFFERSON, ETC.	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.

General:

This project includes plans, which are not part of the bid proposal. Plans may be viewed online or downloaded from the website at:

https://www.txdot.gov/business/plans-online-bid-lettings.html

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individuals:

Name Peter Jungen, P.E.

Email Peter.Jungen@txdot.gov

Name Cade Flebbe

Email Cade.Flebbe@txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All Contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

This is a large sign call-out Contract.

Item 5: Control of the Work

No work will be allowed in Railroad right of way.

Item 6: Control of Materials

Flammable/combustible materials must be stored at a designated location as approved.

Do not store flammable/combustible materials under or adjacent to Bridge class structures. Daily removal of these materials will be considered incidental work.

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

Item 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

Furnish all materials, labor and incidentals required to provide for traffic across the highway and for temporary ingress and egress to private property in accordance with Section 7.2.4 of the standard specifications at no additional cost to the state. Maintain ingress and egress to the adjacent property at all times. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

State contract mowers will mow the right of way during the growing season. The Contractor will be notified by the Engineer one week in advance of the anticipated time when mowers will be in the limits of the project. Clean the right of way to such a condition that allows the mowing contractors to safely mow.

No significant traffic generator events have been identified in the project limits.

Item 8: Prosecution and Progress

Compute and charge calendar days in accordance with Section 8.3.1.1 Five-Day Workweek.

Adjoining projects may be in progress during the construction of a portion of this project. Plan and prosecute the sequence of construction and the traffic control plan with adjacent construction projects, if applicable. Manage construction of all phases to minimize disruption to traffic.

Work requiring temporary lane, ramp, or connector closures will only be allowed during non- peak hours. Non-peak hours will be nighttime, or weekends. Nighttime hours will be defined as 9:00 PM until 5:00 AM, Sunday night thru Thursday night. Weekend hours will be defined as 9:00 PM on Friday night until 5:00 AM on Monday morning. No lane, ramp or connector closures will be

allowed at any time during the following unless approved in writing: on Good Friday until midnight Easter Sunday, after 7 AM Tuesday before Thanksgiving Day through midnight Sunday after Thanksgiving, after 7 AM December 23 through January 2. One lane in each direction of each travel way is to remain open at all times. Placement of traffic control devices for night or weekend operations will not commence until after the start time and all devices will be removed from the roadway before the finish time.

When night work is required, nighttime hours will be defined as 9:00 PM until 5:00 AM, Sunday night thru Thursday night. Ensure all lanes are reopened by 5:00 A.M.

Maintain one lane open to traffic during construction, unless otherwise approved.

Schedule work so that all travel lanes are open during non-working hours, nights and weekends, unless otherwise approved.

Supplemental lighting in addition to lighting on equipment and work vehicles will be required to insure adequate lighting for workers safety and inspection. All supplemental lights are subject to the approval of the Engineer. This is considered subsidiary to the various bid Items of the contract.

Complete all work at one location before proceeding to a new location unless otherwise approved. If additional locations are approved, erect barricades only for those additional locations. Maintain barricades at each of these locations until all work at the site is completed and accepted.

Law enforcement will be considered for this contract under the following conditions unless otherwise directed:

- Work involving controlled access facilities,
- Night work operations that create substantial traffic safety risks for workers and/or road users,
- Major traffic shifts involving high speed (greater than 55 MPH) and/or high volume roadways (ADT exceeds 10,000),
- Traffic shifts at intersections where unexpected or sudden queuing is anticipated,
- Complex intersections where flaggers may not be able to maintain adequate traffic control.

Provide full-time, off-duty uniformed officers, with transportation jurisdiction and full police powers in the county or city in which the project is located, during construction as directed. The officers must be able to show proof of certification by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Officers Standards.

Officers may be paid for by force account upon approval. The vehicle used must be a marked law enforcement vehicle in the city or county where the project is located. Complete the daily tracking form provided by the Department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided.

HURRICANE

In the event of the declaration of a hurricane watch, warning, other severe weather warning or national or state emergency that requires the roadways in the vicinity be used as evacuation routes, cease all work that requires the Contractor's, sub-contractors' or material suppliers' vehicles to enter the stream of traffic on these primary or secondary evacuation routes. This work includes material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment.

This project is on a hurricane evacuation route. Furnish at the pre-construction meeting a written plan outlining procedures to suspend work, secure the jobsite and safely handle traffic through and across the project in the event of a hurricane evacuation.

In addition to lane closures, cease work 3 days before hurricane landfall on or near the roadway that adversely impacts the flow of traffic and reduces the capacity of the highway during an evacuation. Prohibit the Contractor's, sub-Contractors' or material suppliers' vehicles from entering or exiting the stream of traffic including material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment. When directed, this prohibition will include a reasonable time period for the evacuees to return to their point of origin.

Item 502: Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

Construct all work zone signs, sign supports, and barricades from material other than wood unless approved otherwise. Metal posts, if used, are to be galvanized. Aluminum signs, if used, will meet the following minimum thickness requirements:

Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080 inches
7.5 to 15	0.100 inches
Greater than 15	0.125 inches

Work zone enhancements to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage will be paid for in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method". These enhancements will be mutually agreed and based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The

Engineer may choose to use existing bid Items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Item 636: Signs

All removed signs, mounts and miscellaneous hardware from this project will become the property of the Contractor and be disposed of outside the state right of way.

Remove the signs from the posts. Replace any signs or posts damaged by the Contractor at his/her entire expense. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the various bid Items of the Contract.

Ensure the location and details of the fabrication, assembly and erection of the aluminum signs are in accordance with the details shown on the plans.

Ensure the Contractor's work drawings, for extruded aluminum signs; conform to the details shown on the plans.

Transport signs in such a manner as to not damage the high intensity reflective sheeting. Carry signs in a standing position within a divider rack assembly.

Contractor will provide all lane, ramp, and shoulder closures necessary for sign installations. Type A signs will be as directed. Type A may consist of Guide, Route Marker, Regulatory or Warning signs and will be made of flat aluminum.

Item 647: Large Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies

All removed signs, mounts and miscellaneous hardware from this project will become the property of the Contractor and be disposed of outside the state right or way.

The removal of the supports and foundations will be directed, some situations may only require the removal of the sign panel to replace with a new panel and re-use all existing sign supports. The new panel will be paid for under Item 636.

Item 6001: Portable Changeable Message Sign

Two Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) will be used as directed. Message on the sign will be as directed.

Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator

Shadow vehicles with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights are required. Use one TMA preceding every stationary work zone and two TMA’s for mobile operations.

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuators (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for this project, provide 1 additional shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (1-1)-18 to TCP (1-5)-18, TCP (2-1)-18, TCP (2-2)-18, TCP (5-1)-18, TCP (6-1)-12, TCP (6-8)-14 and TCP (6-9)-14 as detailed on General Note 5,6, and 7 of TCP (l-1)-18 to TCP (1-5)-18, and General Note 5 of TCP (2-1)-18, and TCP (2-2)-18, and General Note 7 of TCP (2-2)-18. Therefore, 2 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6458-93-001 **DISTRICT** Beaumont **COUNTY** Jefferson
HIGHWAY US0069

			CONTROL SECTION JOB		**6458-93-001**	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
			PROJECT ID		**A00205521**		
			COUNTY		**Jefferson**		
			HIGHWAY		**US0069**		
ALT	**BID CODE**	**DESCRIPTION**	**UNIT**	EST.	FINAL		
	416-6016	DRILL SHAFT (SIGN MTS) (12 IN)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	416-6018	DRILL SHAFT (SIGN MTS) (24 IN)	LF	150.000		150.000	
	500-6033	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	30.000		30.000	
	500-6034	MOBILIZATION (EMERGENCY)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	636-6005	REFURBISH ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY G)	EA	20.000		20.000	
	636-6006	REFURBISH ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY O)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	636-6007	REPLACE EXISTING ALUMINUM SIGNS(TY A)	SF	200.000		200.000	
	636-6008	REPLACE EXISTING ALUMINUM SIGNS(TY G)	SF	4,500.000		4,500.000	
	636-6009	REPLACE EXISTING ALUMINUM SIGNS(TY O)	SF	2,500.000		2,500.000	
	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	644-6027	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P)	EA	12.000		12.000	
	644-6030	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T)	EA	12.000		12.000	
	644-6070	RELOCATE SM RD SN SUP&AM TY S80	EA	12.000		12.000	
	644-6075	RELOCATE SM RD SN SUP&AM(SIGN ONLY)	EA	12.000		12.000	
	647-6001	INSTALL LRSS (STRUCT STEEL)	LB	5,000.000		5,000.000	
	647-6002	RELOCATE LRSA	EA	4.000		4.000	
	647-6003	REMOVE LRSA	EA	4.000		4.000	
	650-6203	RELOCATE EXISTING OVERHD SIGN SUP	EA	1.000		1.000	
	752-6022	TREE TRIMMING AND BRUSH REMOVAL	LF	350.000		350.000	
	6001-6001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	100.000		100.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	100.000		100.000	

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).

2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.

3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.

4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.

5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.

6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.

7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.

8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.

9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.

10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.

11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.

12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.

13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.

2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.

2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:21 AM
FILE: t:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY'24 Large Signs RMC\CADD\27-38 bc-21.dgn

SHEET 1 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

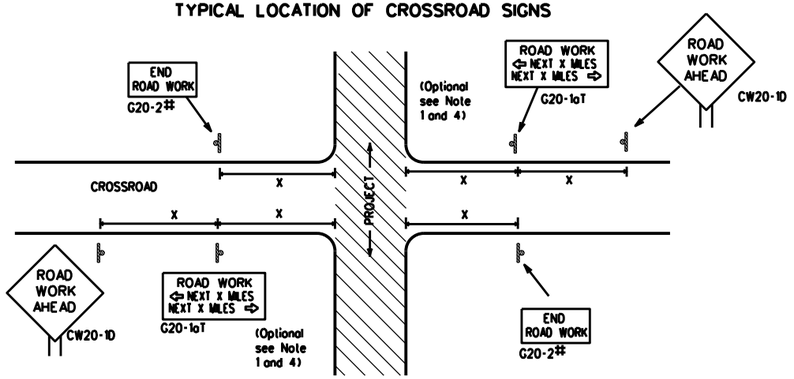
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
4-03 7-13	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
9-07 8-14	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		7
5-10 5-21				

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:21 AM
FILE: T:\BMTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 F\24 Large Signs RMC\CADV27-38 bc-21.dgn

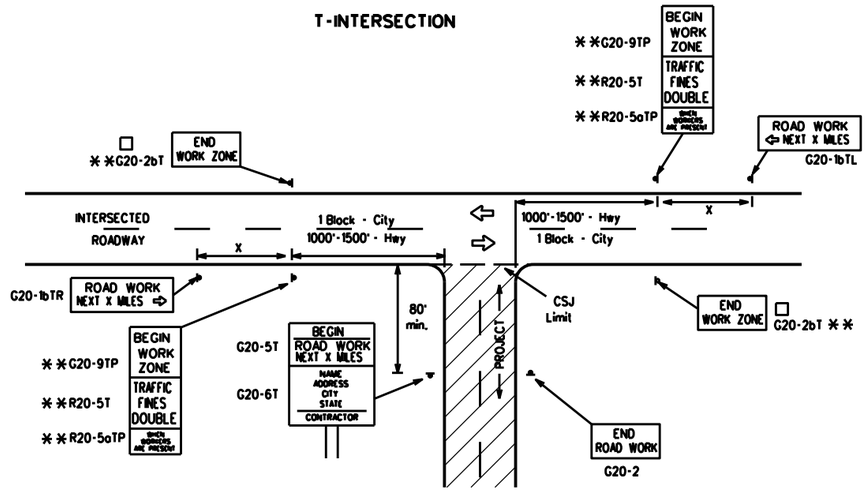
TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS



May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
3. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT)sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T-INTERSECTION



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

1.5.6

SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20[4] CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" x 48"	48" x 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" x 36"	48" x 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" x 48"	48" x 48"

SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign * Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 [2]
60	600 [2]
65	700 [2]
70	800 [2]
75	900 [2]
80	1000 [2]
*	* [3]

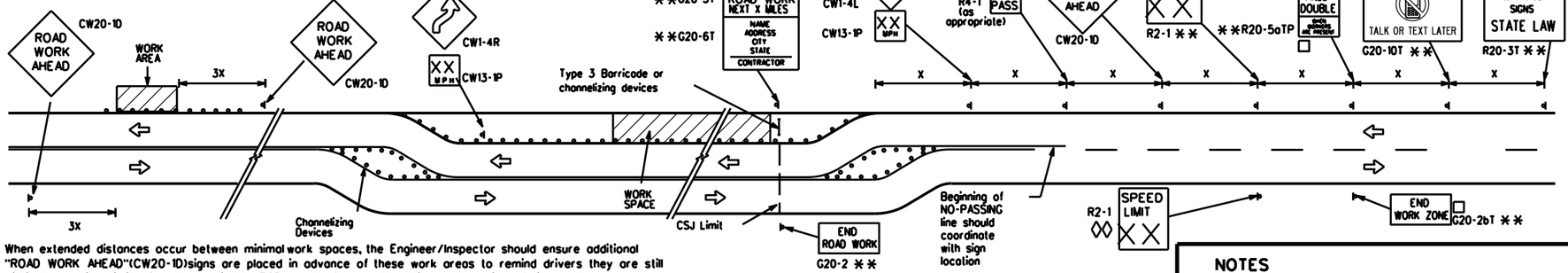
* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

* Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

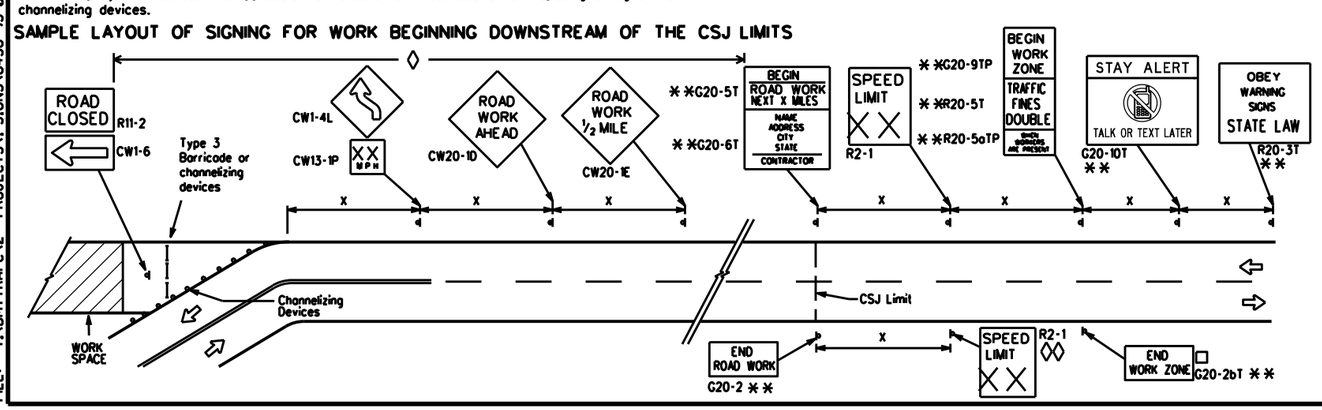
1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS



When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

NOTES

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T)sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

□ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.

** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.

◊ Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.

◊◊ Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND	
⊢⊣	Type 3 Barricade
○○○	Channelizing Devices
▬	Sign
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

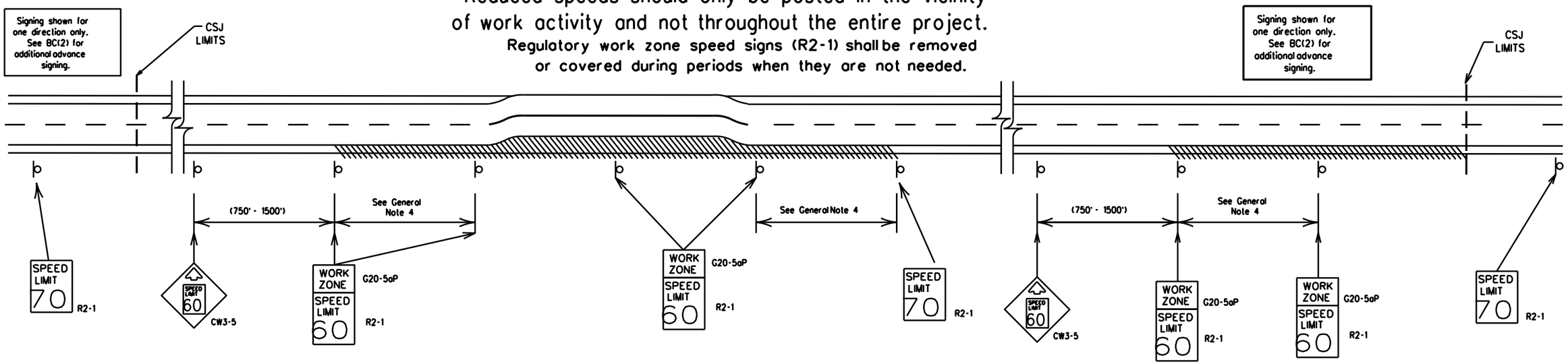
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
7-13 5-21	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		8

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:21 AM
FILE: T:\BMITRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\27-38 bc-21.dgn

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project.
Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
c) construction detours
d) grade
e) width
f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered.
(See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
   40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
   35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile
5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
   A. Law enforcement.
   B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
   C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
   D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
   E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

Texas Department of Transportation | Traffic Safety Division Standard

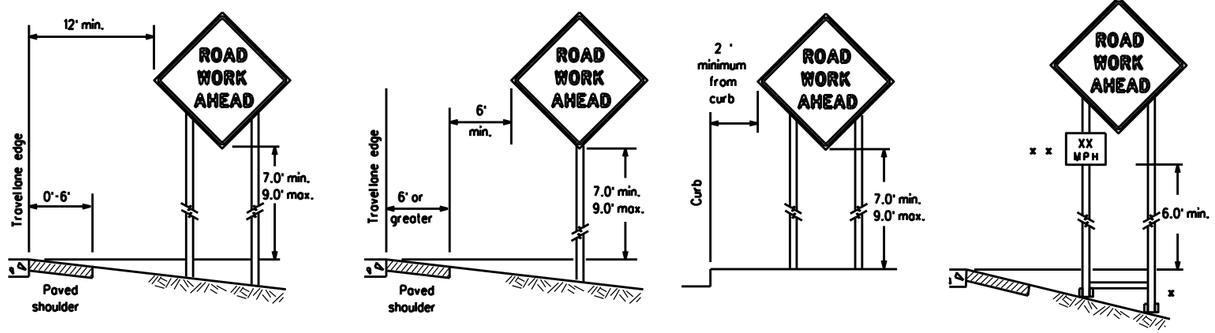
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
7-13 5-21	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		9

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:21 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\27-38 bc-21.dgn
bc-21.dgn

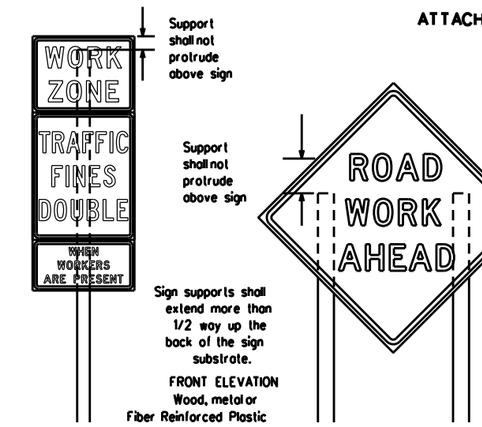
TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

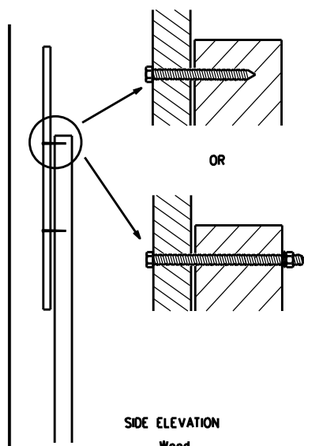


x When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

x x When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.

ATTACHMENT FOR SIGN SUPPORTS





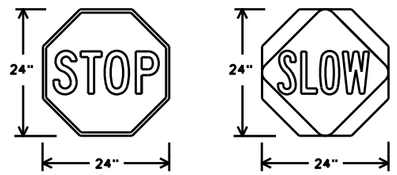
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
2. STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B_{FL} OR C_{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
3. When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
5. If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
6. Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
   a. Long-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
   b. Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
   c. Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
   d. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
   e. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the lightness of the weave.
3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
6. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
7-13 5-21	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		10

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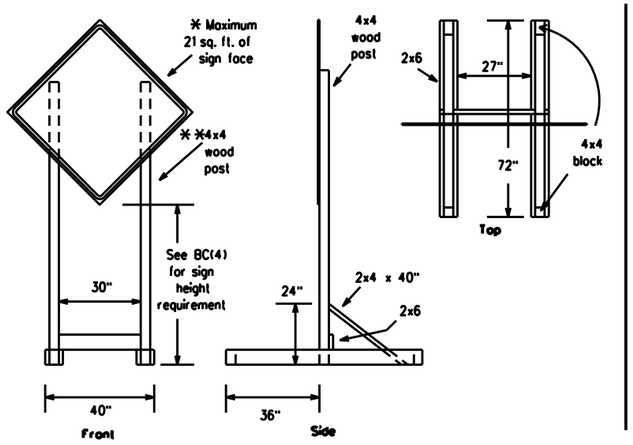
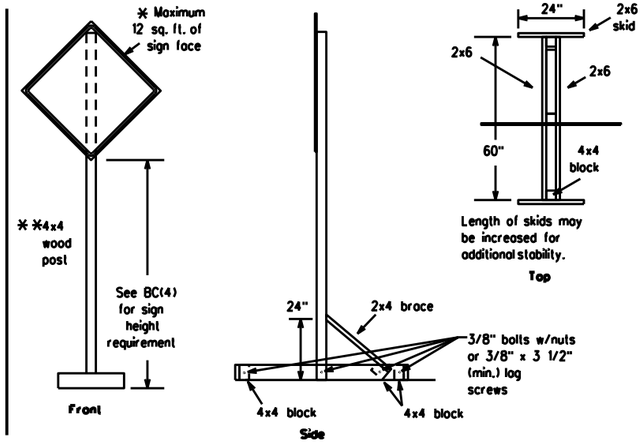
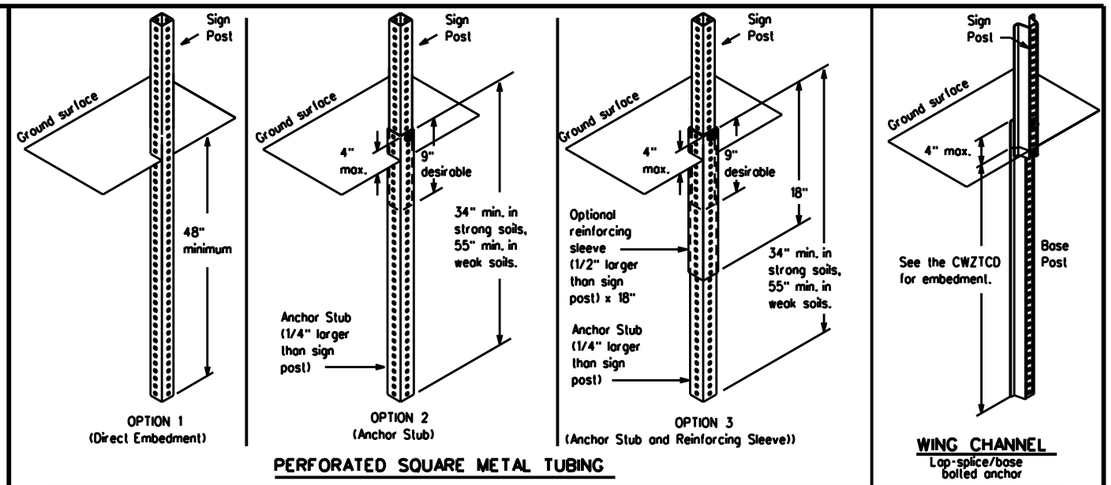




SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS

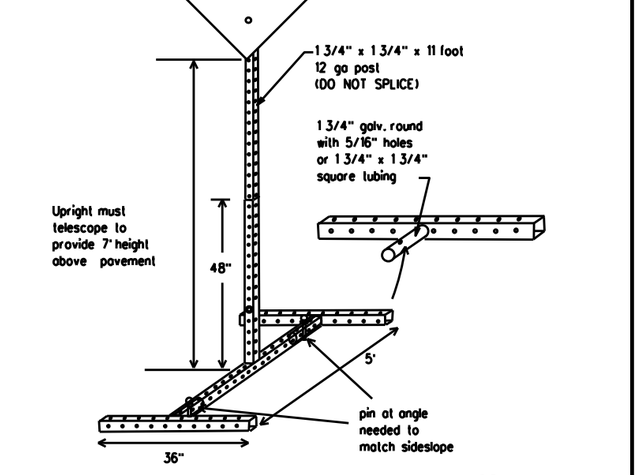
* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

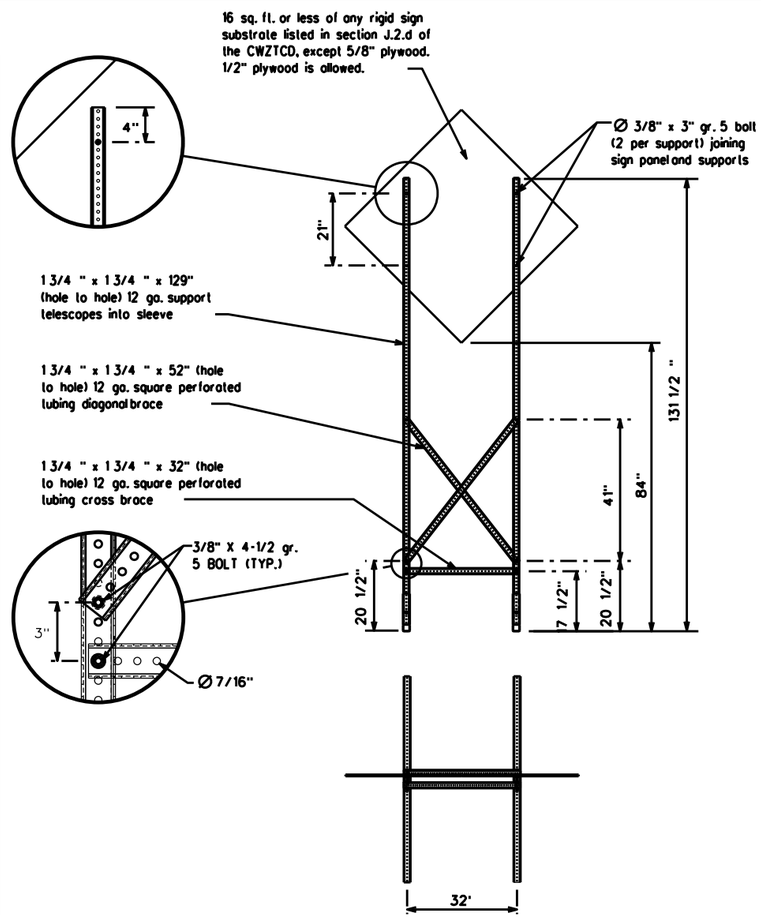


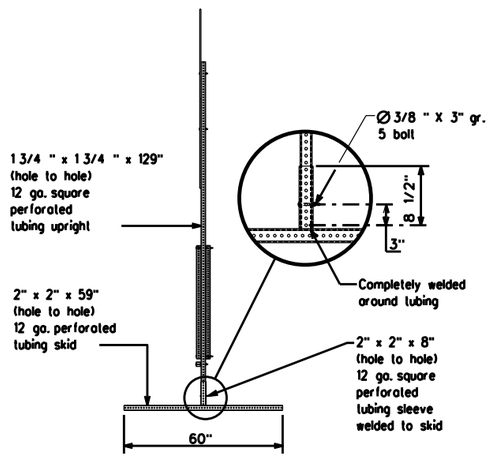
PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.
The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.
Two post installations can be used for larger signs.







SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

1. Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
2. No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
3. When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

* See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."

** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.

☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

Texas Department of Transportation | Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
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REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
7-13 5-21	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		11

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," etc.
3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
6. When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD
Alternate	ALT
Avenue	AVE
Best Route	BEST RTE
Boulevard	BLVD
Bridge	BRDG
Cannot	CANT
Center	CTR
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD
CROSSING	XING
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE
Do Not	DONT
East	E
Eastbound	(route) E
Emergency	EMER
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH
Entrance, Enter	ENT
Express Lane	EXP LN
Expressway	EXPWY
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD
Freeway	FRWY, FWY
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD
Friday	FRI
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT
High-Occupancy	HOV
Vehicle Highway	HWY
Hour(s)	HR, HRS
Information	INFO
It Is	ITS
Junction	JCT
Left	LFT
Left Lane	LFT LN
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL
Maintenance	MAINT
Major	MAJ
Miles	MI
Miles Per Hour	MPH
Minor	MNR
Monday	MON
Normal	NORM
North	N
Northbound	(route) N
Parking	PKING
Road	RD
Right Lane	RT LN
Saturday	SAT
Service Road	SERV RD
Shoulder	SHLDR
Slippery	SLIP
South	S
Southbound	(route) S
Speed	SPD
Street	ST
Sunday	SUN
Telephone	PHONE
Temporary	TEMP
Thursday	THURS
To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Traffic	TRAF
Travelers	TRVLRS
Tuesday	TUES
Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Warning	WARN
Wednesday	WED
Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
West	W
Westbound	(route) W
Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Will Not	WONT

Roadway designation = IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	

Other Condition List

ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT *

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List

MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS
STAY IN LANE *	

Location List

AT FM XXXX
BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING
NEXT X MILES
PAST US XXX EXIT
XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX
US XXX TO FM XXXX

Warning List

SPEED LIMIT XX MPH
MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH
MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH
ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH
RIGHT LANE EXIT
USE CAUTION
DRIVE SAFELY
DRIVE WITH CARE

* * Advance Notice List

TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
APR XX-XX X PM-X AM
BEGINS MONDAY
BEGINS MAY XX
MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
NEXT FRI-SUN
XX AM TO XX PM
NEXT TUE AUG XX
TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

* * See Application Guidelines Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

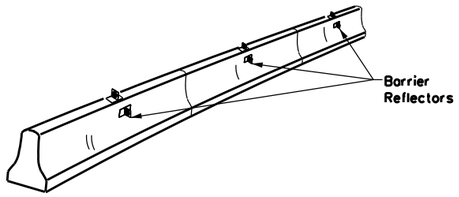
BC(6)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
7-13 5-21	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		12

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:22 AM
FILE: T:\BMTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 F'24 Large Signs RMC.CADV27-38 bc-21.dgn

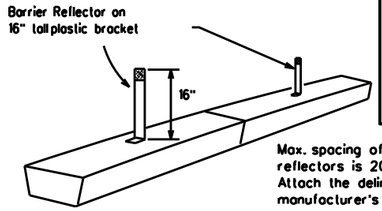
DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:22 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\27-38 bc-21.dgn

1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional)while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

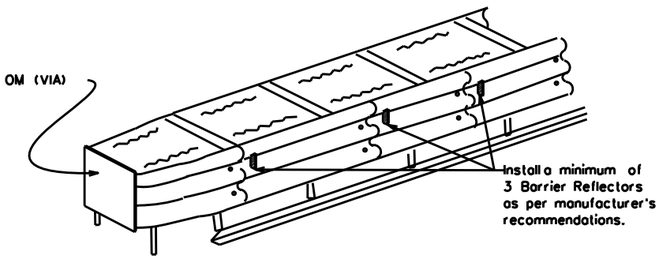


Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet.
Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB) USED IN WORK ZONES

LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

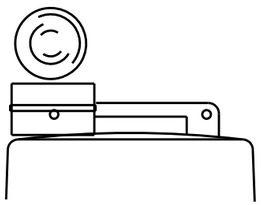


DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

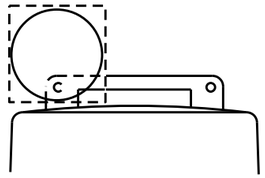
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the appropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Sheeting, meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

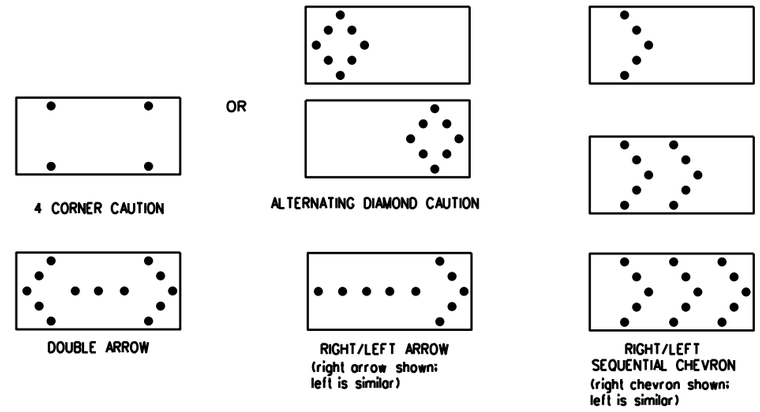
1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed on the CWZTCD.
3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
3. The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



4 CORNER CAUTION

ALTERNATING DIAMOND CAUTION

DOUBLE ARROW

RIGHT/LEFT ARROW
(right arrow shown;
left is similar)

RIGHT/LEFT
SEQUENTIAL CHEVRON
(right chevron shown;
left is similar)

5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
6. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
7. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS			
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE
B	30 x 60	13	3/4 mile
C	48 x 96	15	1 mile

ATTENTION

Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is on extended distance from the TMA.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
7-13 5-21	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		13

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:23 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 F'24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\27-38 bc-21.dgn

GENERAL NOTES

1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

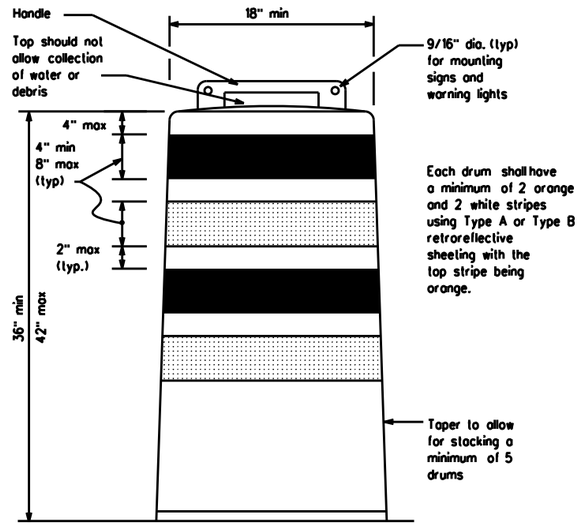
1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design: the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

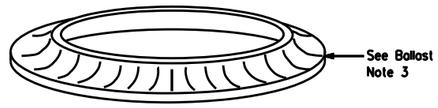
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

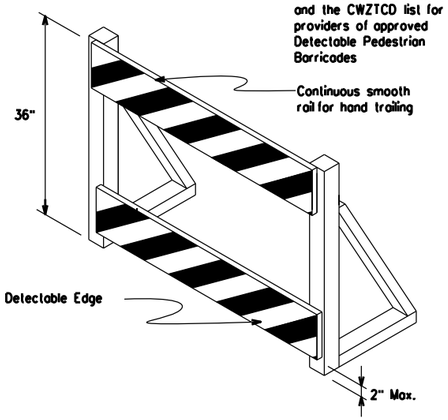
1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

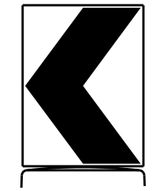




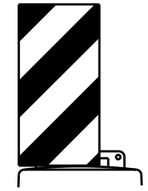


DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange_{FL} sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation | Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
4-03 8-14	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
9-07 5-21	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		14
7-13				

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:23 AM
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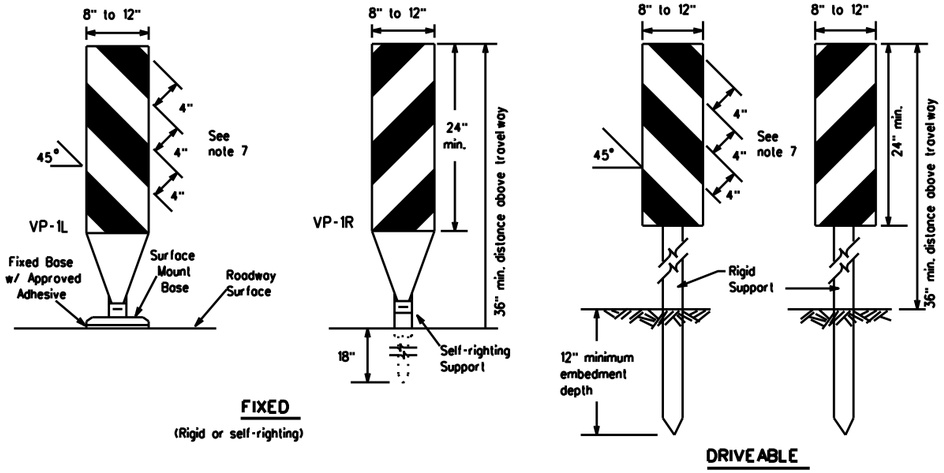
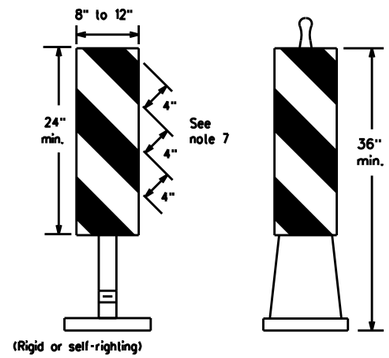


FIXED
(Rigid or self-righting)

DRIVEABLE

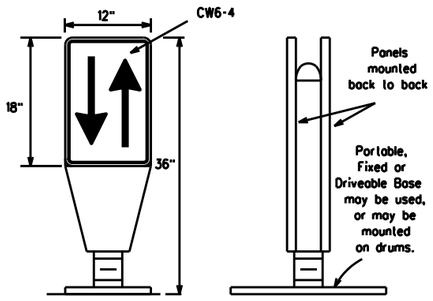


(Rigid or self-righting)

PORTABLE

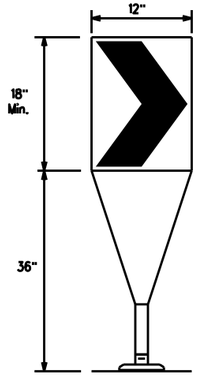
1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



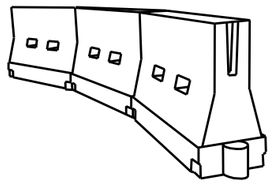
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive
(Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30	$L=\frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

Texas Department of Transportation | Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
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REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
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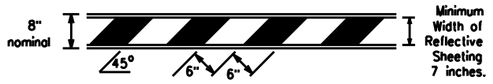
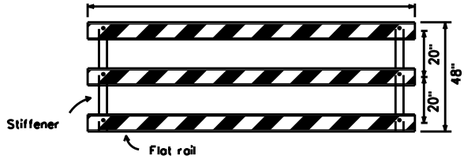
TYPE 3 BARRICADES

1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.



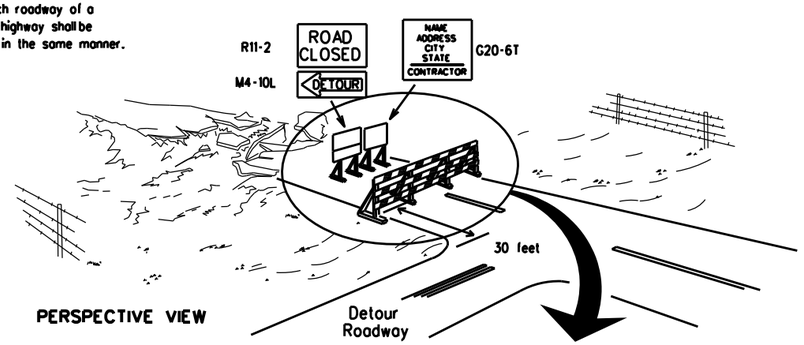
TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

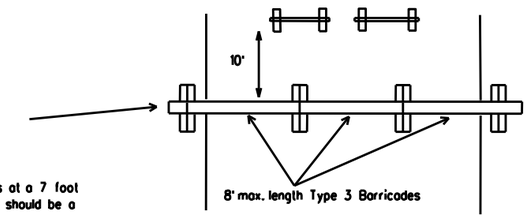
Each roadway of a divided highway shall be barricaded in the same manner.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

The three rails on Type 3 barricades shall be reflectorized orange and reflective white stripes on one side facing one-way traffic and both sides for two-way traffic.

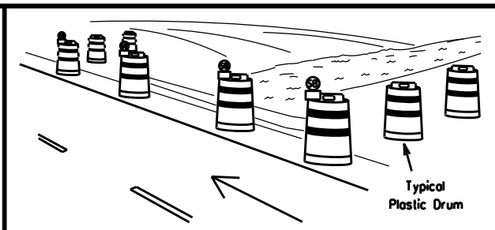
Barricade striping should slant downward in the direction of detour.



PLAN VIEW

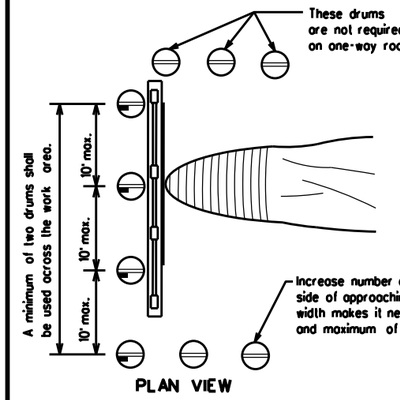
1. Signs should be mounted on independent supports at a 7 foot mounting height in center of roadway. The signs should be a minimum of 10 feet behind Type 3 Barricades.
2. Advance signing shall be as specified elsewhere in the plans.

TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

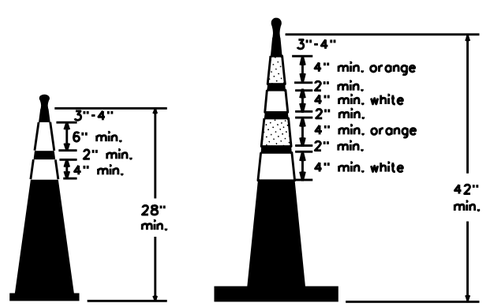
1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted.
2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans.
3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet.
4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.
5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.



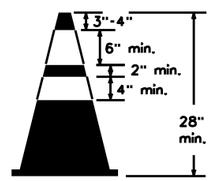
PLAN VIEW

LEGEND	
	Plastic drum
	Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector
SB	Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector

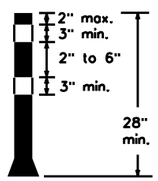
CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



Two-Piece cones



One-Piece cones

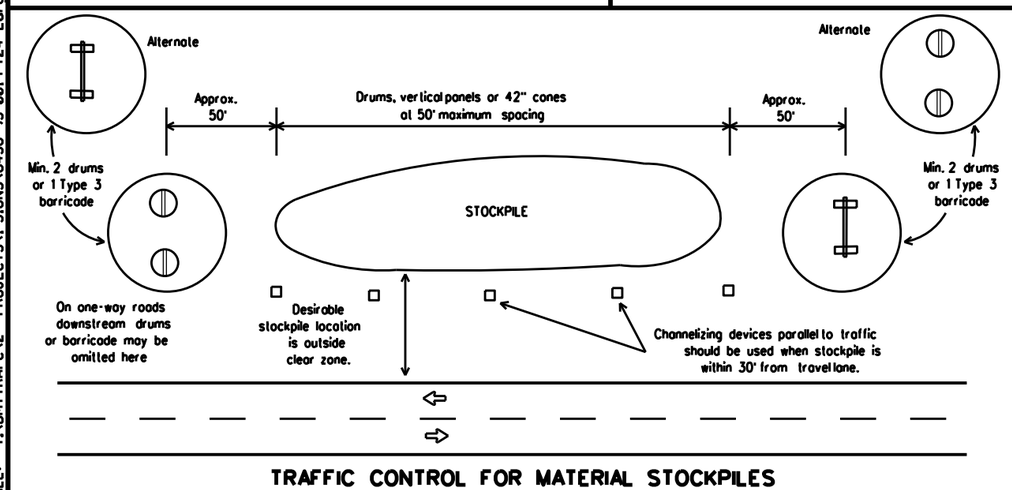


Tubular Marker

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

SHEET 10 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
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7-13 5-21	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		16

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

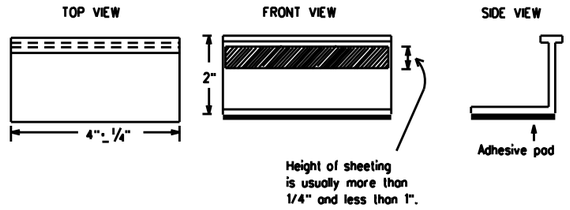
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
   A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
   B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

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SHEET 11 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation | Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
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11-02 8-14				

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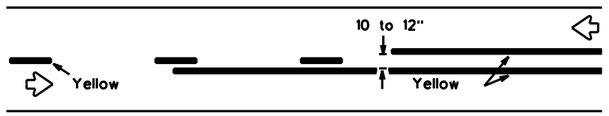
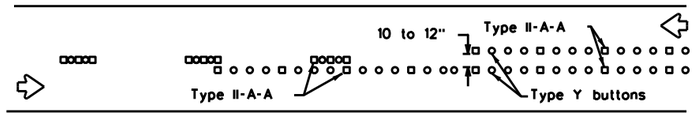
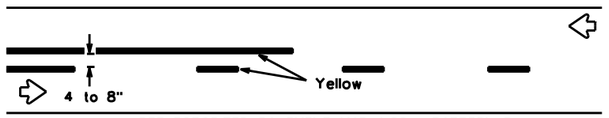
PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS



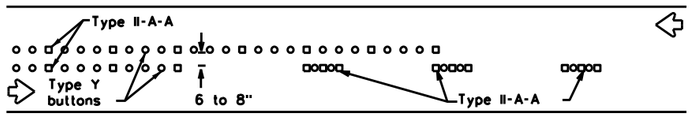
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A



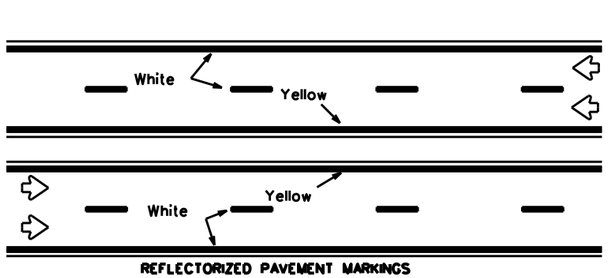
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B



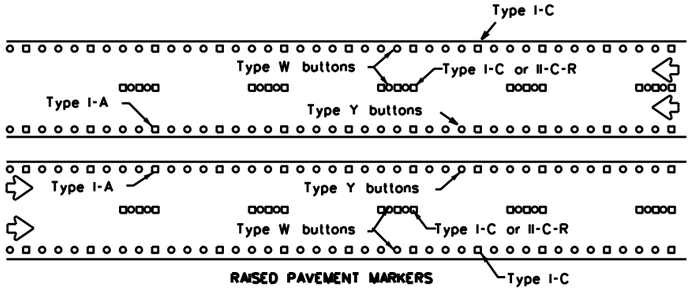
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B

Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer.
Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



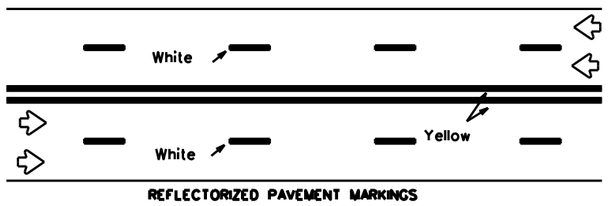
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS



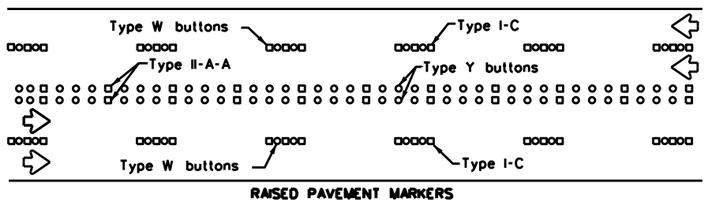
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



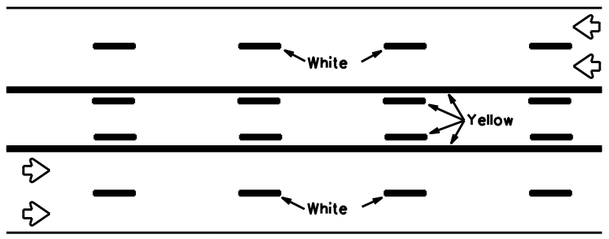
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS



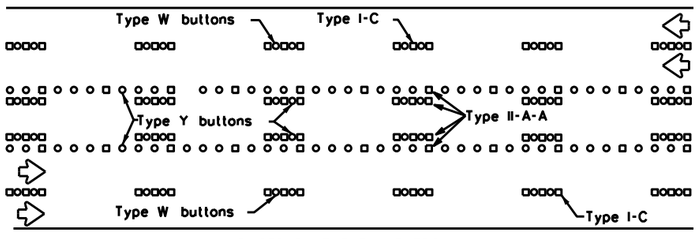
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

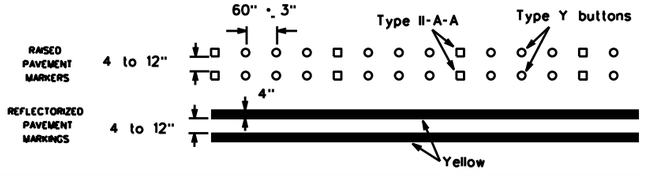
Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

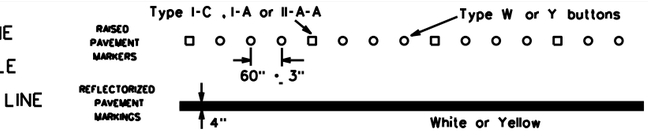
STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS

SOLID LINES

DOUBLE NO-PASSING LINE

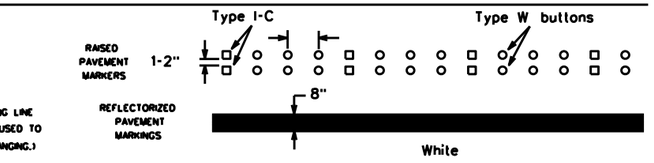


EDGE LINE OR SINGLE NO-PASSING LINE



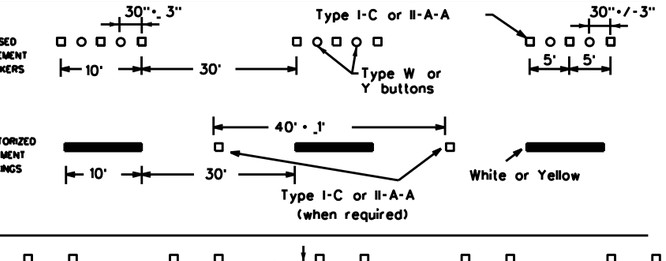
WIDE LINE

(FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING.)

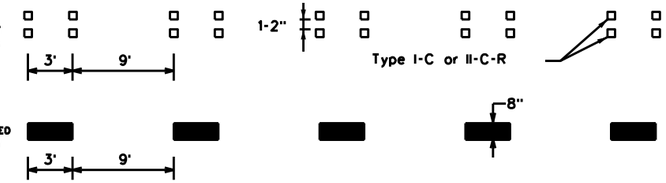


BROKEN LINES

CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE

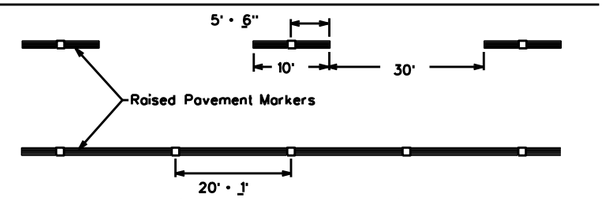


AUXILIARY OR LANEDROP LINE



REMOVABLE MARKINGS WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier removal of raised pavement markers and tape.



Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines

Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

BC(12)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 1-97 9-07 5-21 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		18

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:24 AM
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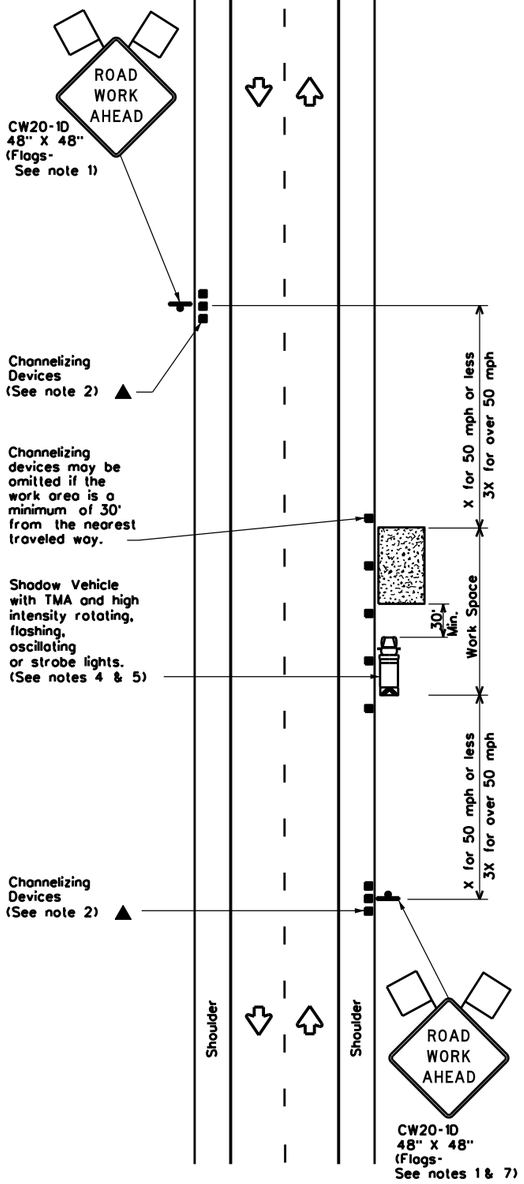
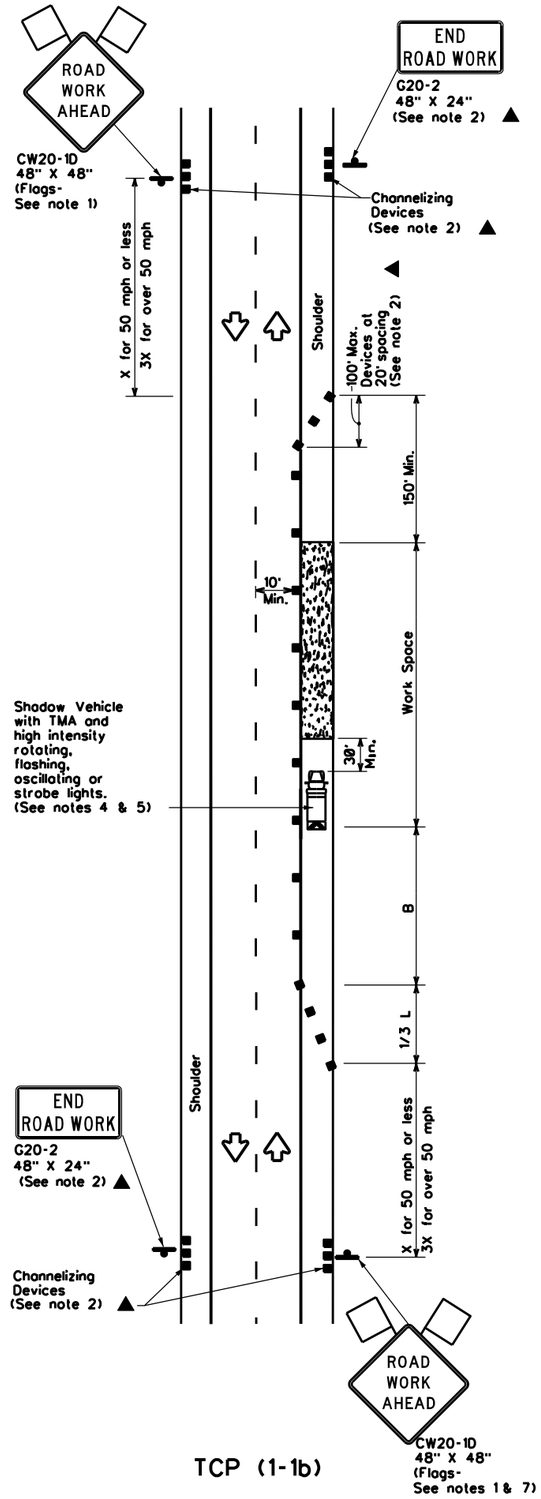


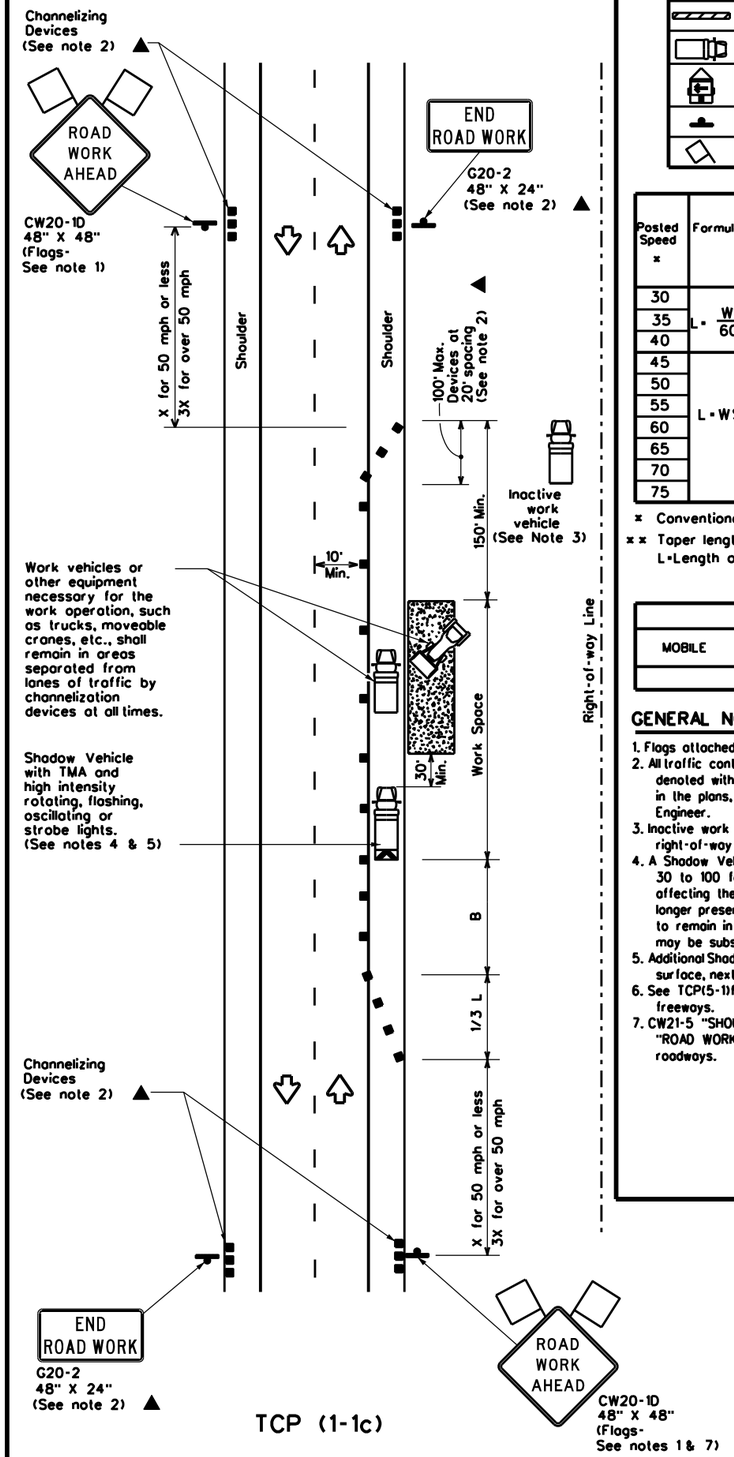
TCP (1-1a)

WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER
Conventional Roads



TCP (1-1b)

WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER
Conventional Roads



TCP (1-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER
Conventional Roads

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * * 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices On a Taper	On a Tangent	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
30	$L=\frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only
* * Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
6. See TCP(5-1)for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(1-1)-18

FILE: tcp1-1-18.dgn	DN:	CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
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2-94 4-98	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-95 2-12	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		19
1-97 2-18				

151

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:24 AM
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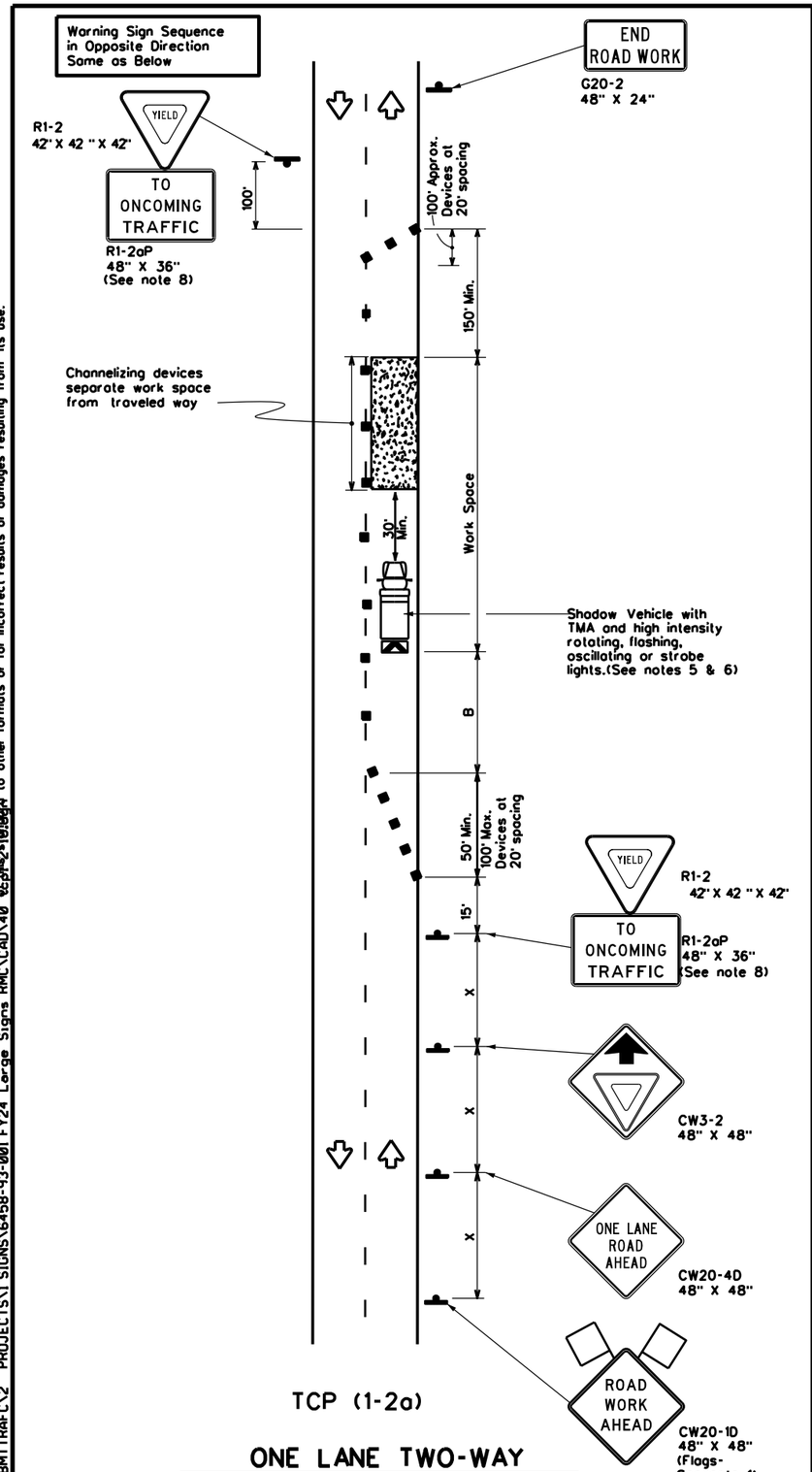
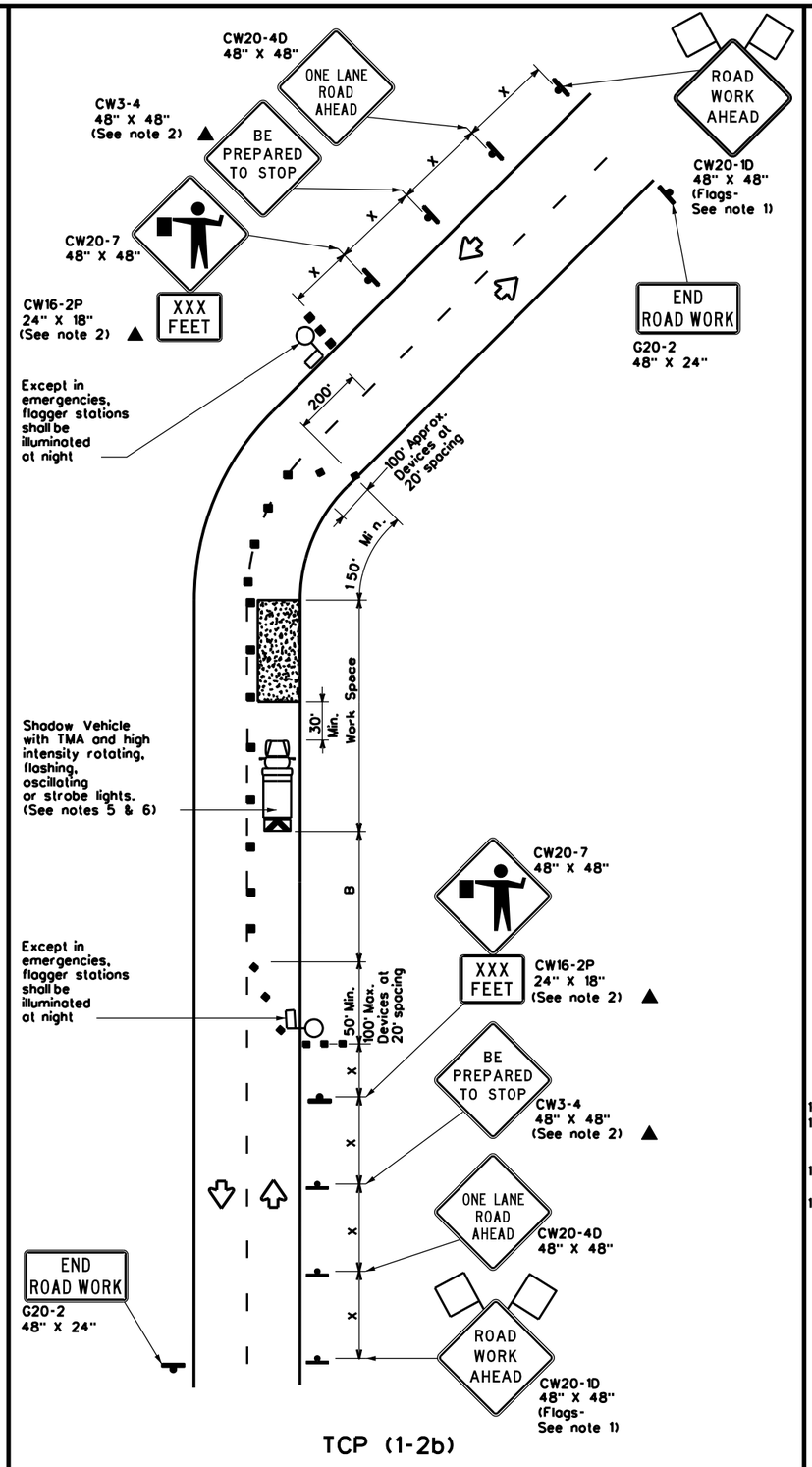


TCP (1-2a)

ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS

(Less than 2000 ADT - See note 7)



TCP (1-2b)

ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

LEGEND

	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * * 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices On a Taper	On a Tangent	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	Stopping Sight Distance
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	200'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	305'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	495'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	570'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	820'

* Conventional Roads Only
* * Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b)

9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
13. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN:	CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-90 4-98 2-94 2-12 1-97 2-18	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		20

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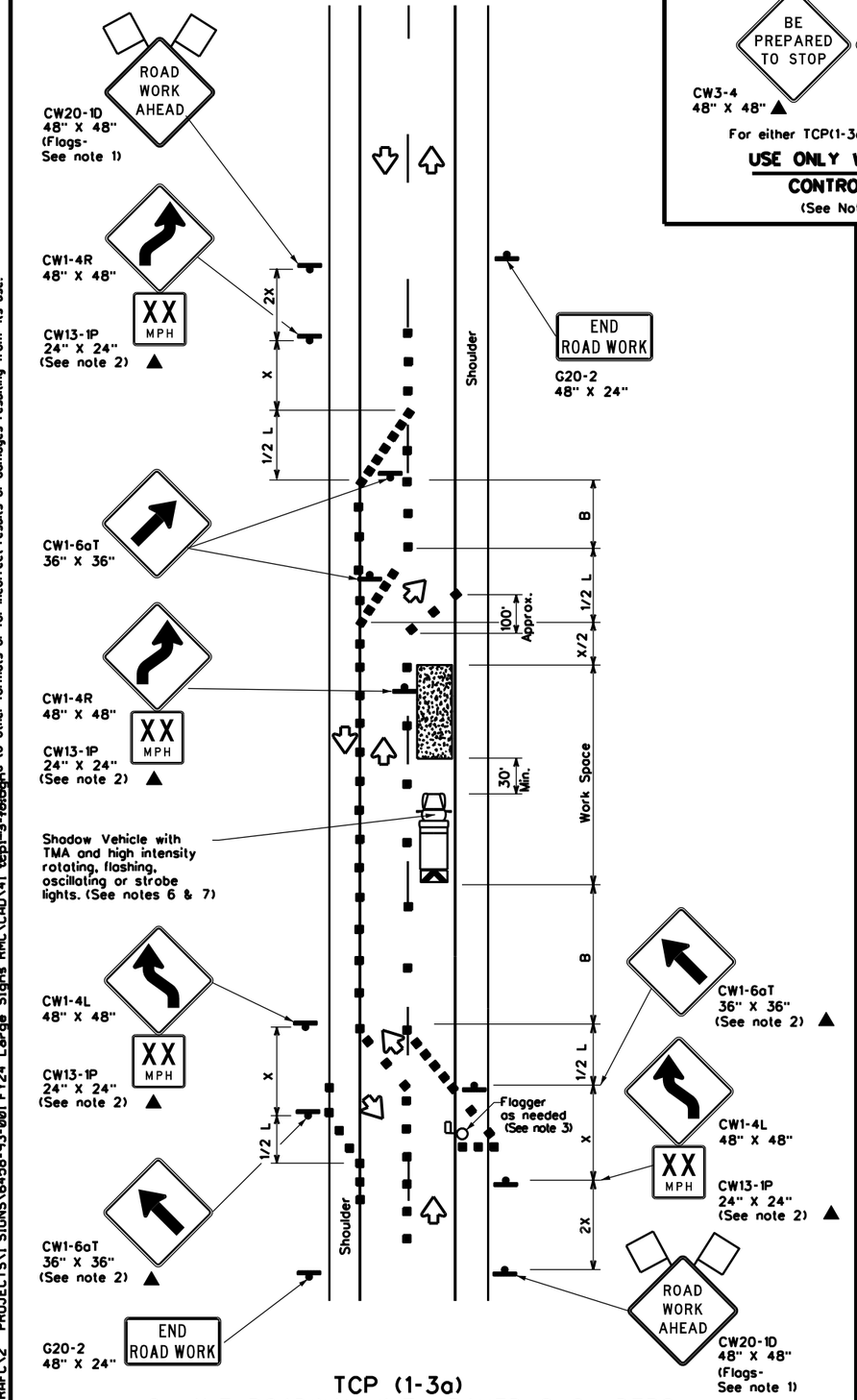
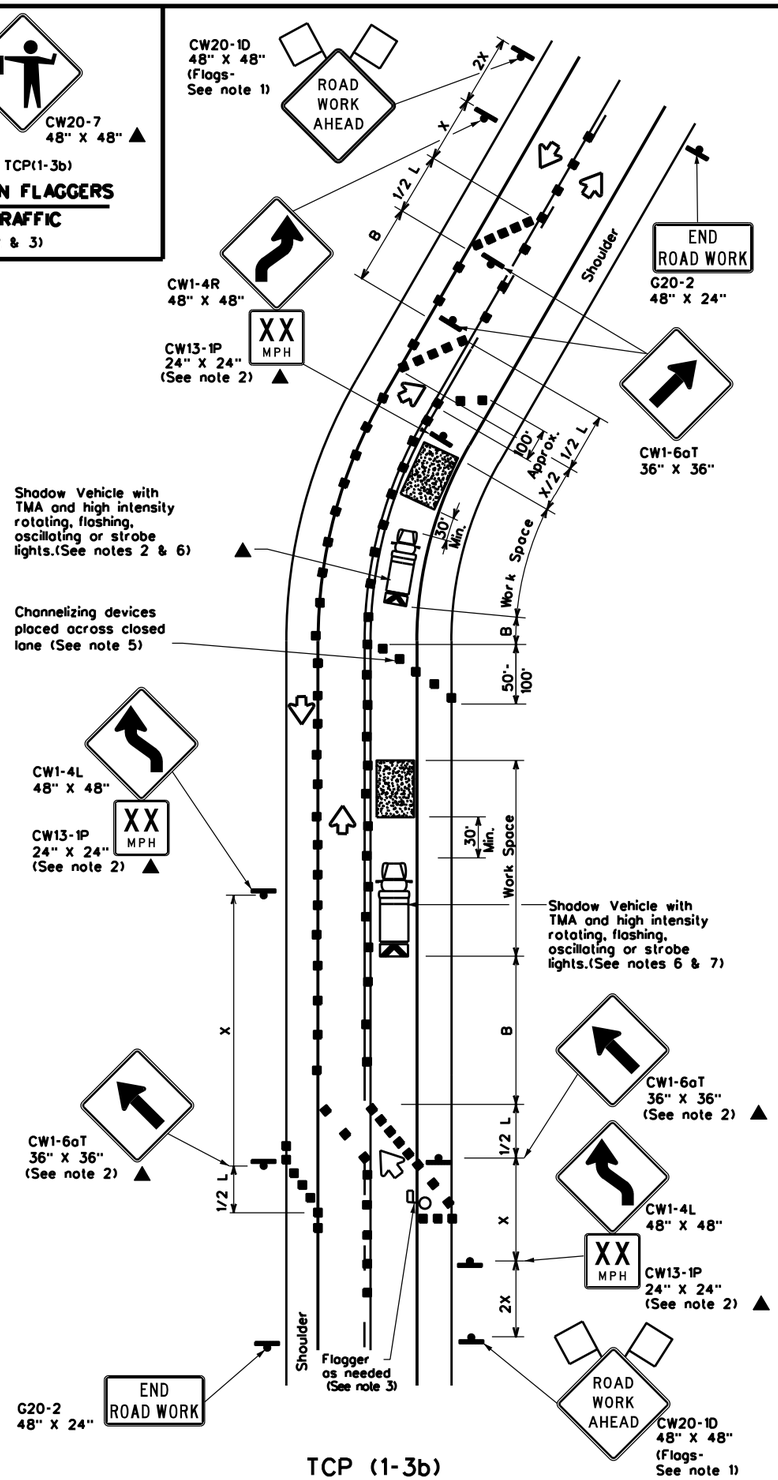


TCP (1-3a)
2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS

ONE LANE CLOSED
ADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW

BE PREPARED TO STOP
CW3-4 48" X 48"
CW20-7 48" X 48"
For either TCP(1-3a) or TCP(1-3b)

USE ONLY WHEN FLAGGERS CONTROL TRAFFIC
(See Notes 2 & 3)



TCP (1-3b)
2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS

ONE LANE CLOSED
INADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths ** 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices: On a Taper	On a Tangent	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only
** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This lighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
2-94 4-98	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-95 2-12	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		21
1-97 2-18				

153

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:25 AM
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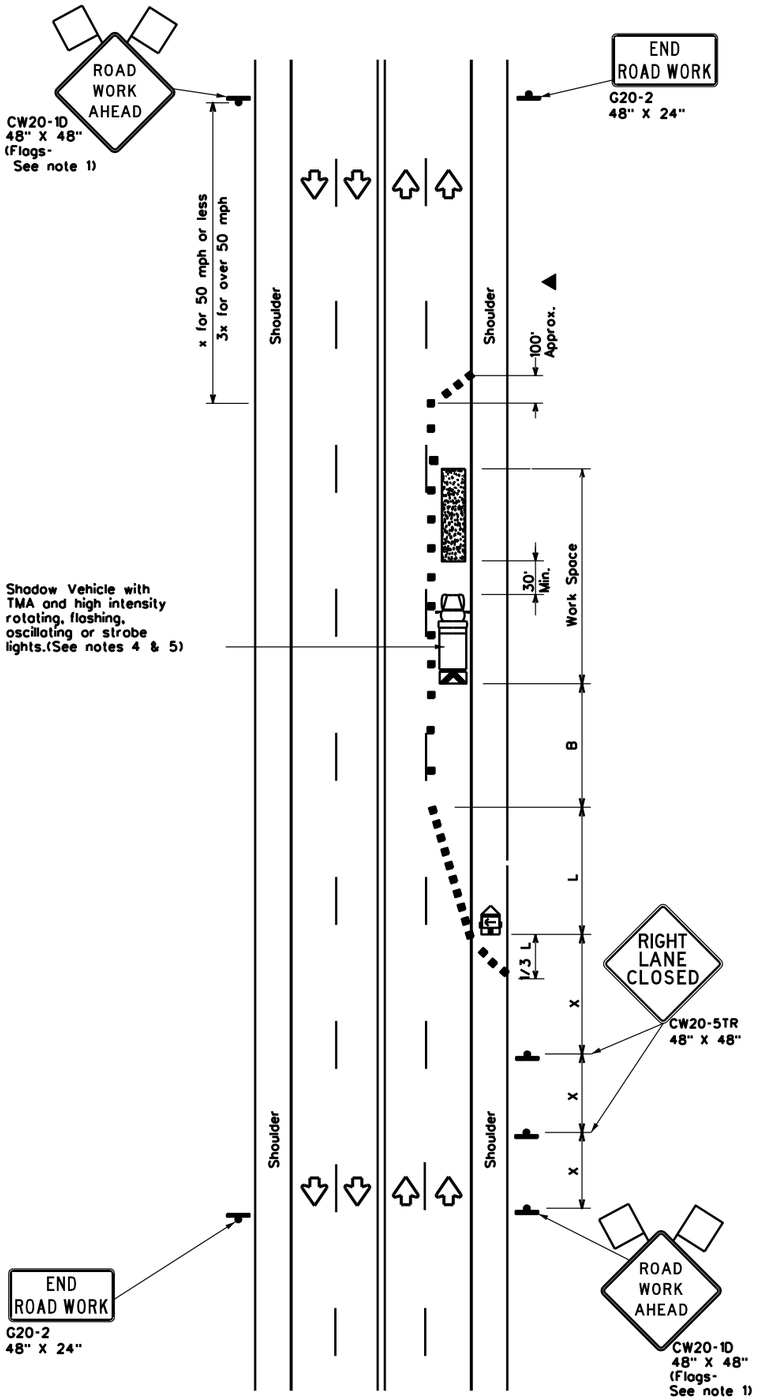
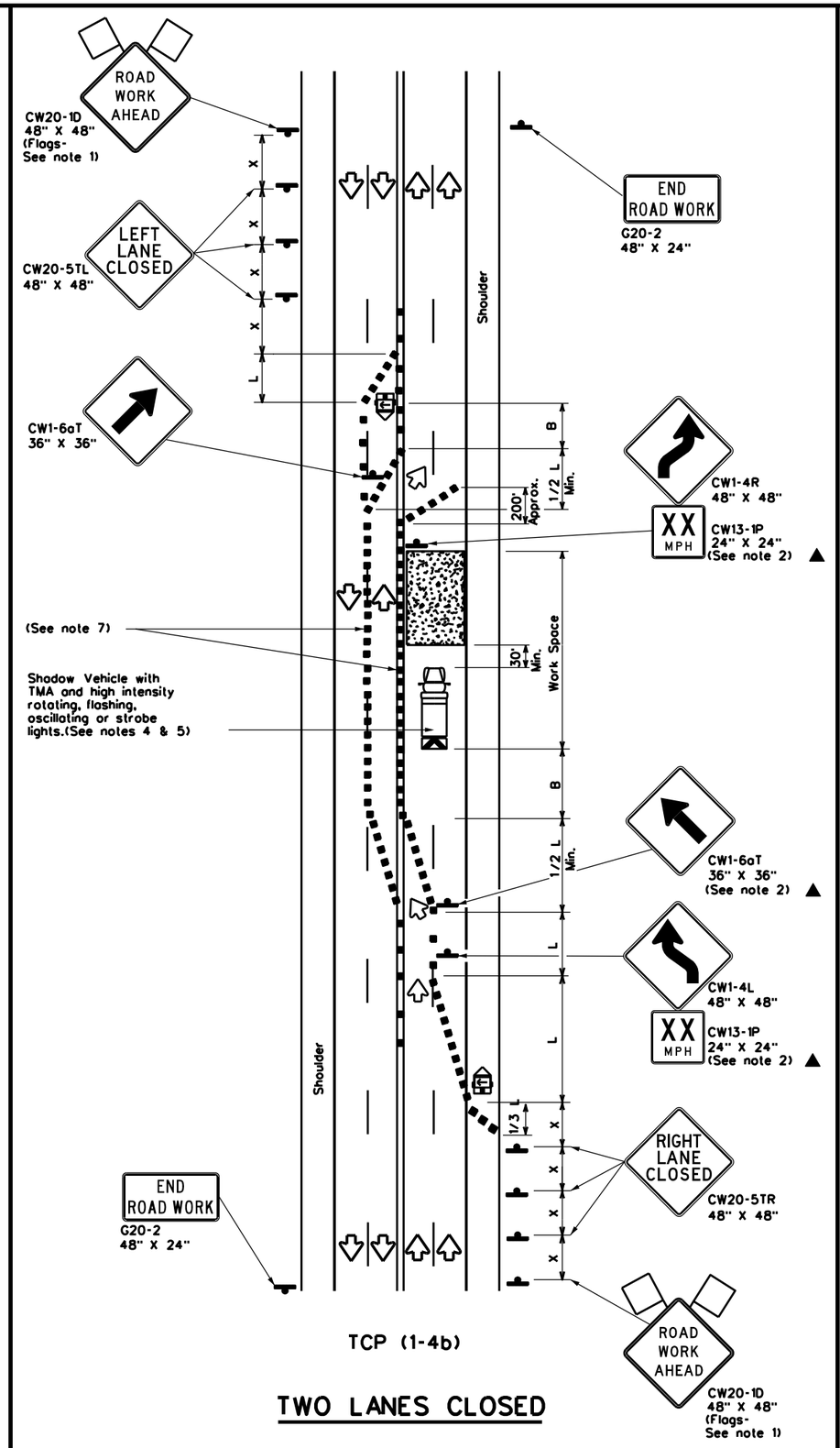


TCP (1-4a)

ONE LANE CLOSED



TCP (1-4b)

TWO LANES CLOSED

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths ** 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices On a Taper	On a Tangent	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
30	$L=\frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only
** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-4a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This lighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

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8-95 2-12	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		22
1-97 2-18				

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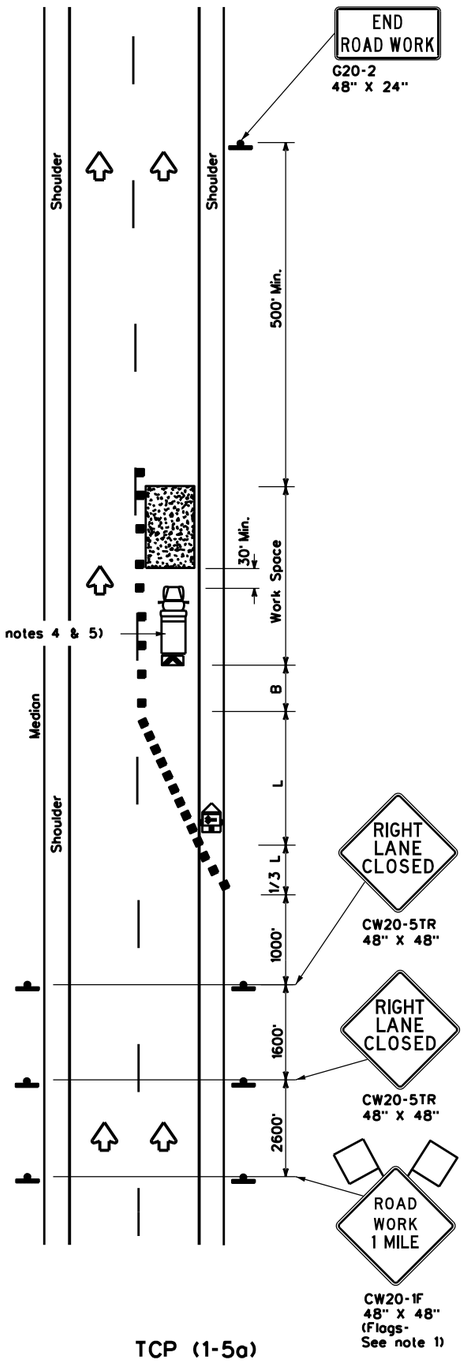
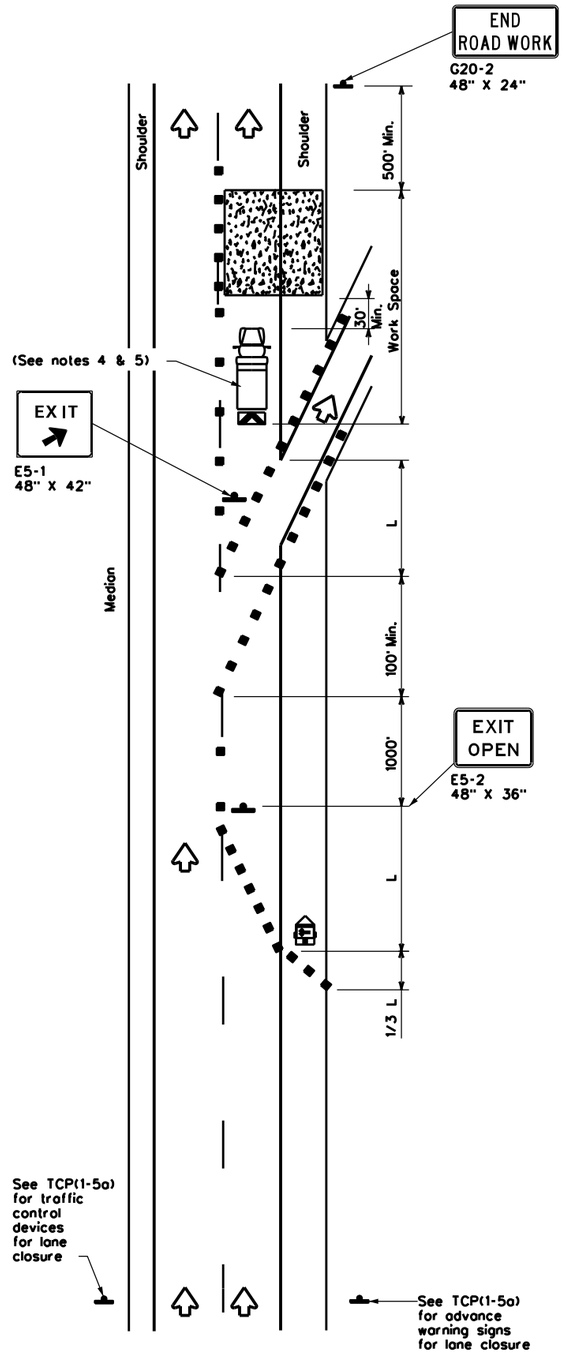


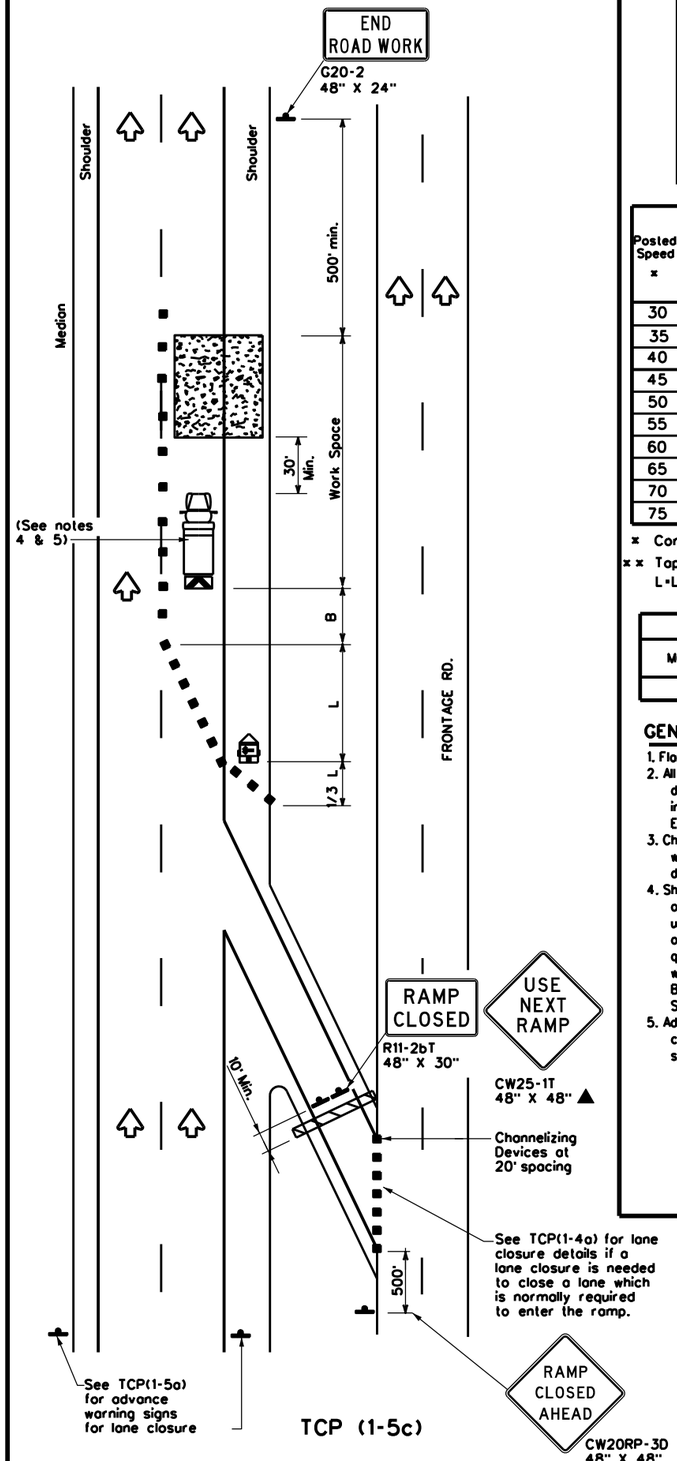
TCP (1-5a)

ONE LANE CLOSURE



TCP (1-5b)

LANE CLOSURE NEAR EXIT RAMPS



TCP (1-5c)

LANE CLOSURE NEAR ENTRANCE RAMPS

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * * 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices: On a Taper	On a Tangent	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
30	$L=\frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only

* * Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		✓		

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
3. Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(1-5)-18

FILE: tcp1-5-18.dgn	DN:	CK:	DW:	CK:
©TxDOT February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
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	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		23

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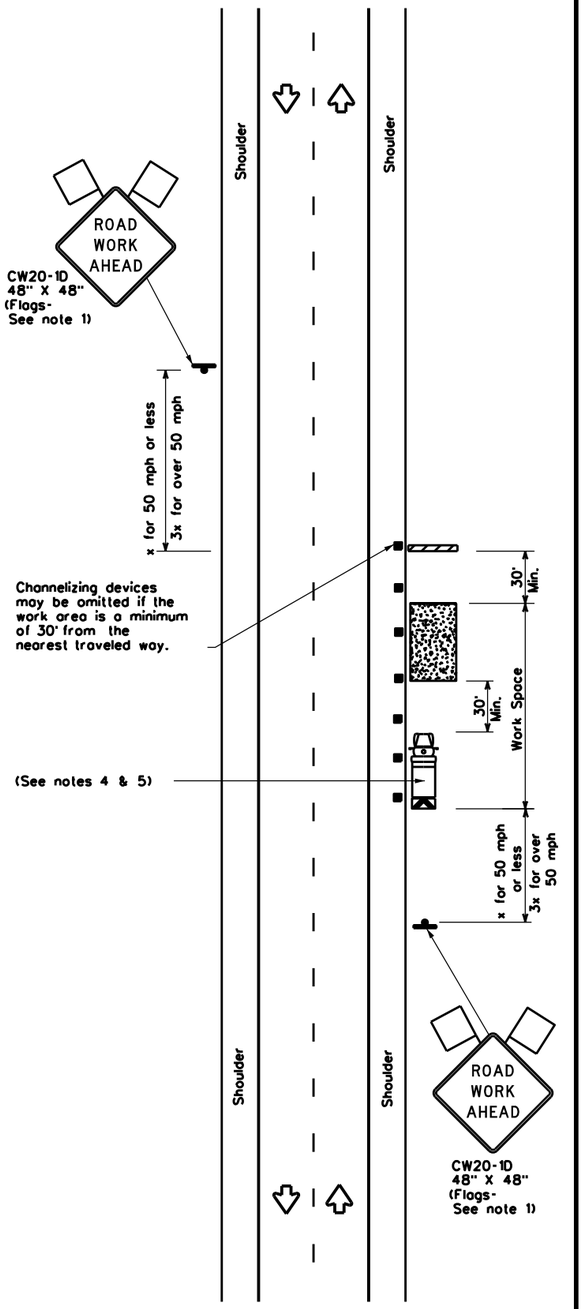
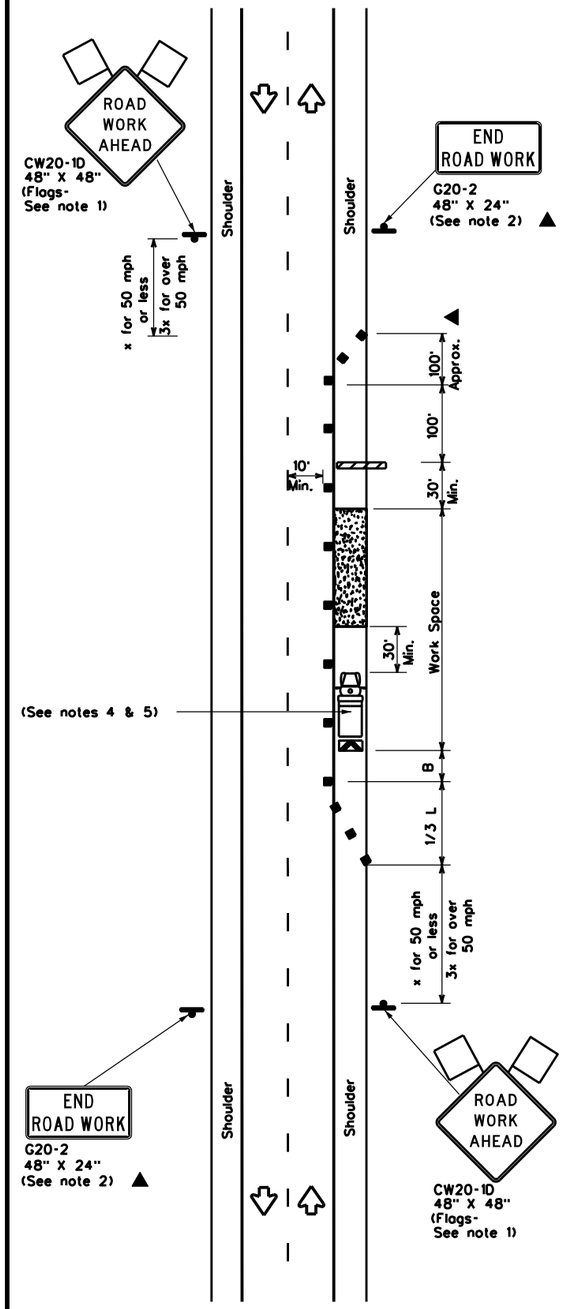


TCP (2-1a)

WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER

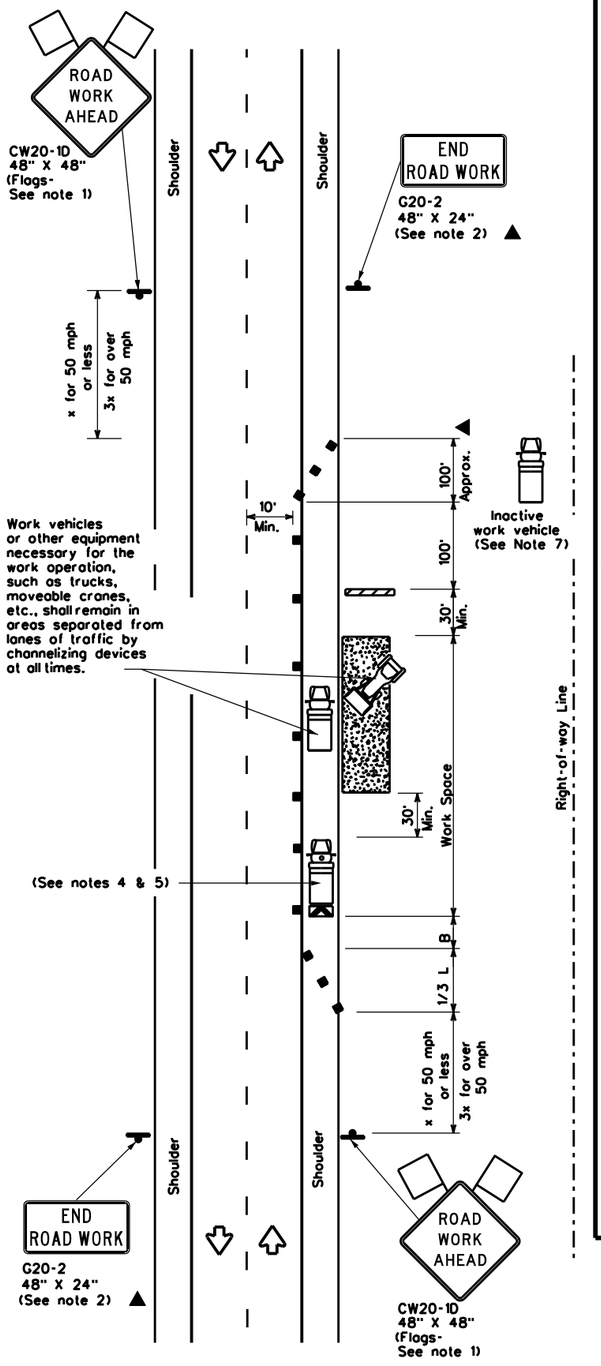
Conventional Roads



TCP (2-1b)

WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads



TCP (2-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths ** 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices: On a Taper	On a Tangent	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
30	$L=\frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	✓

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from nearest traveled way.
4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
2-94 4-98	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-95 2-12	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		24
1-97 2-18				

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:27 AM
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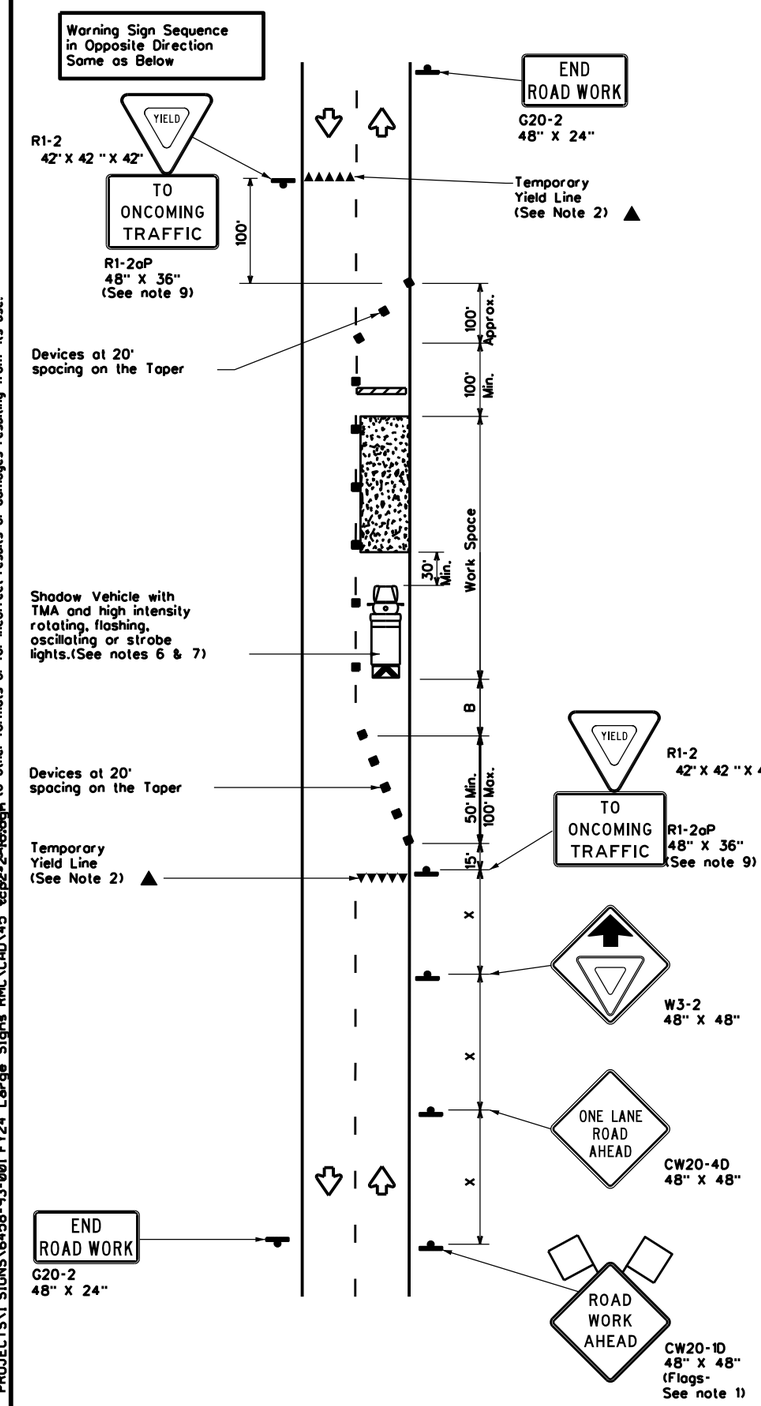
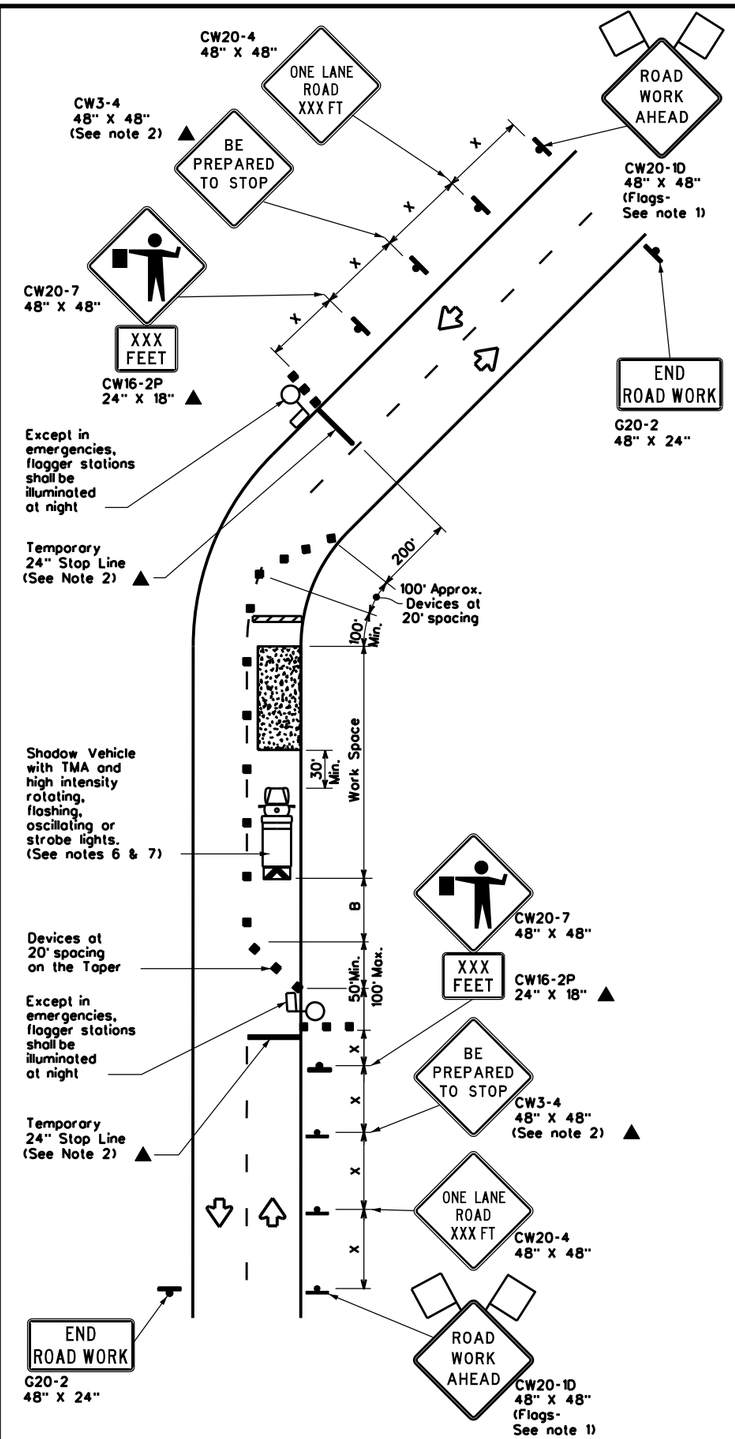


TCP (2-2a)
2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS
ONE LANE TWO-WAY
CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS
(Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)



TCP (2-2b)
2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS
ONE LANE TWO-WAY
CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

LEGEND

	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths ** 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices On a Taper	On a Tangent	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	Stopping Sight Distance
30	$L=\frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	200'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	305'
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	495'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	570'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	820'

* Conventional Roads Only
** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (2-2b)

10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
12. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:	CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03 1-97 2-12 4-98 2-18	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		25

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:27 AM
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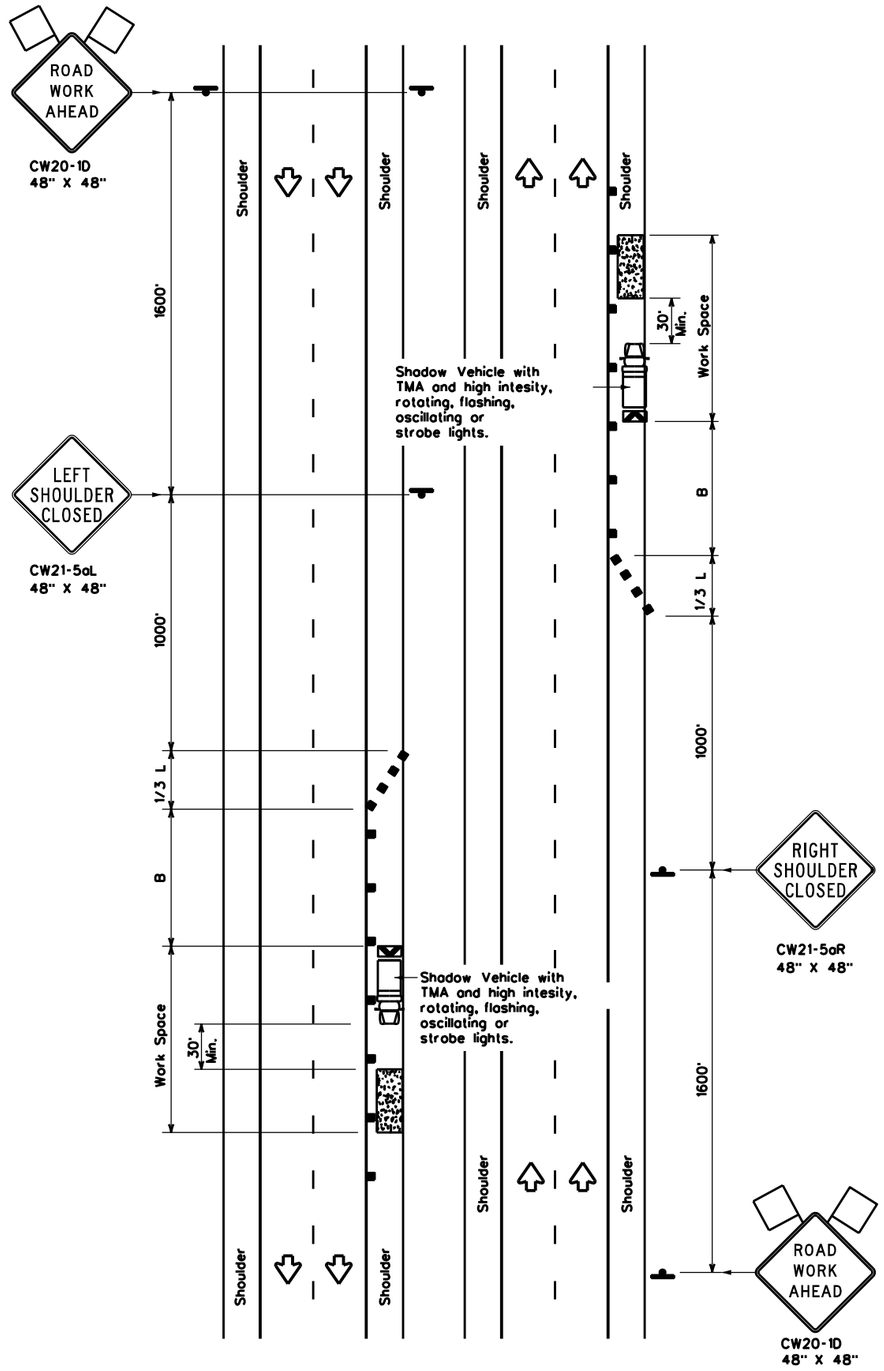
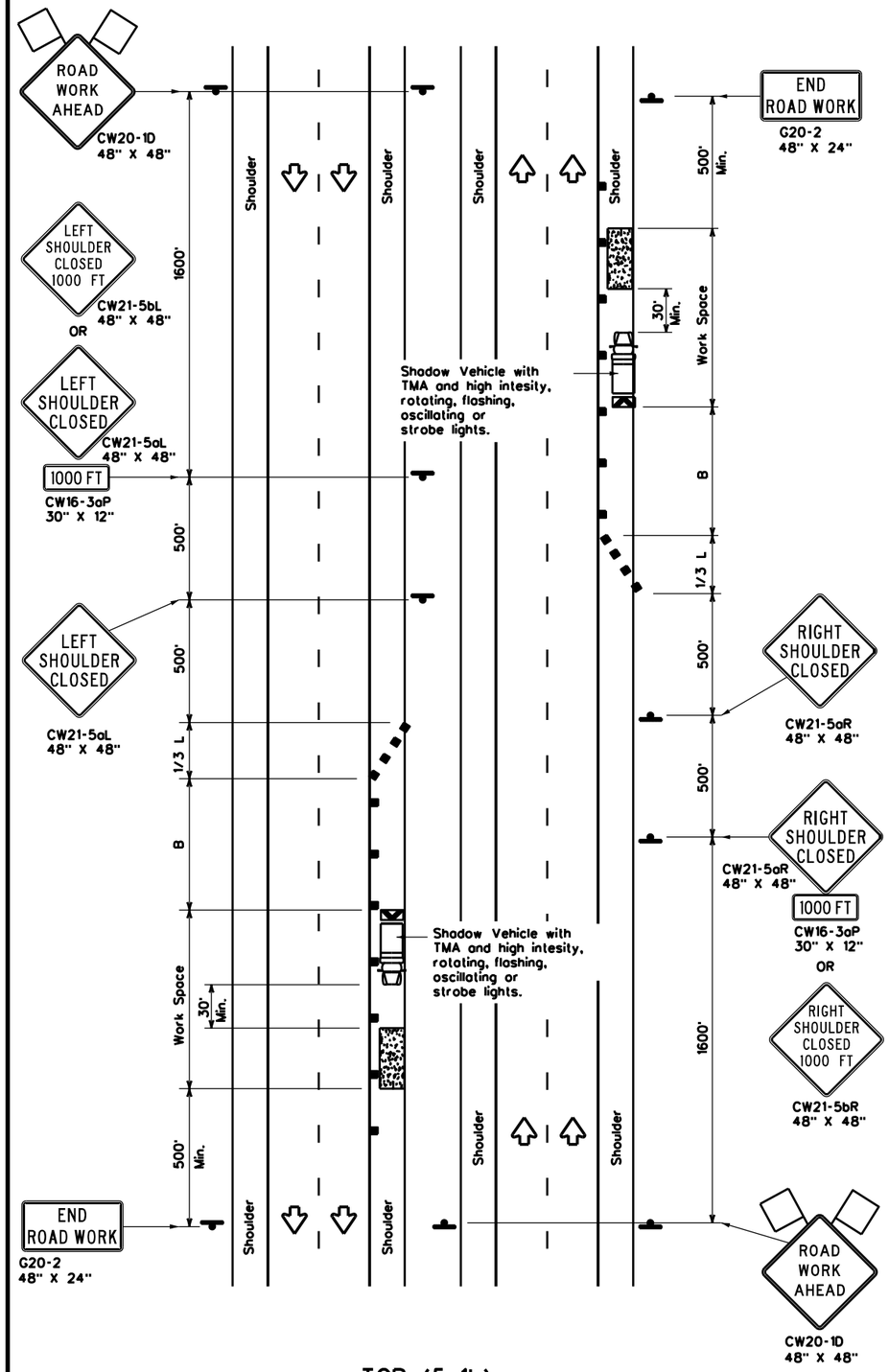


TCP (5-1a)

WORK AREA ON SHOULDER



TCP (5-1b)

WORK AREA ON SHOULDER

LEGEND

	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths ** 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices On a Taper	On a Tangent	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
30	$L=\frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	155'
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

* Conventional Roads Only
** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	TCP(5-1a)	TCP(5-1b)	TCP(5-1b)	

GENERAL NOTES

1. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
2. 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece cones.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHOULDER WORK FOR FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP(5-1)-18

FILE: tcp5-1-18.dgn	DN:	CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
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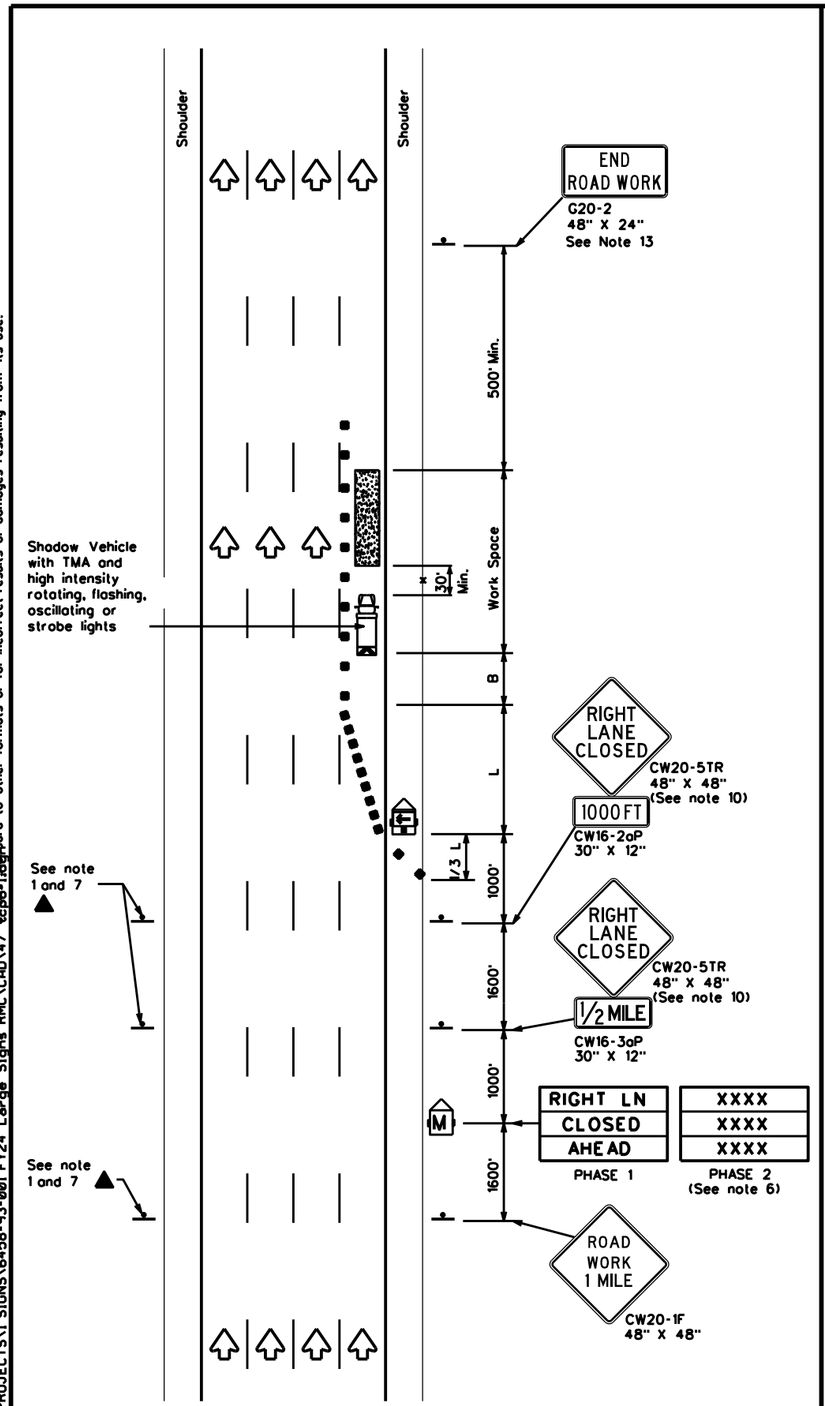
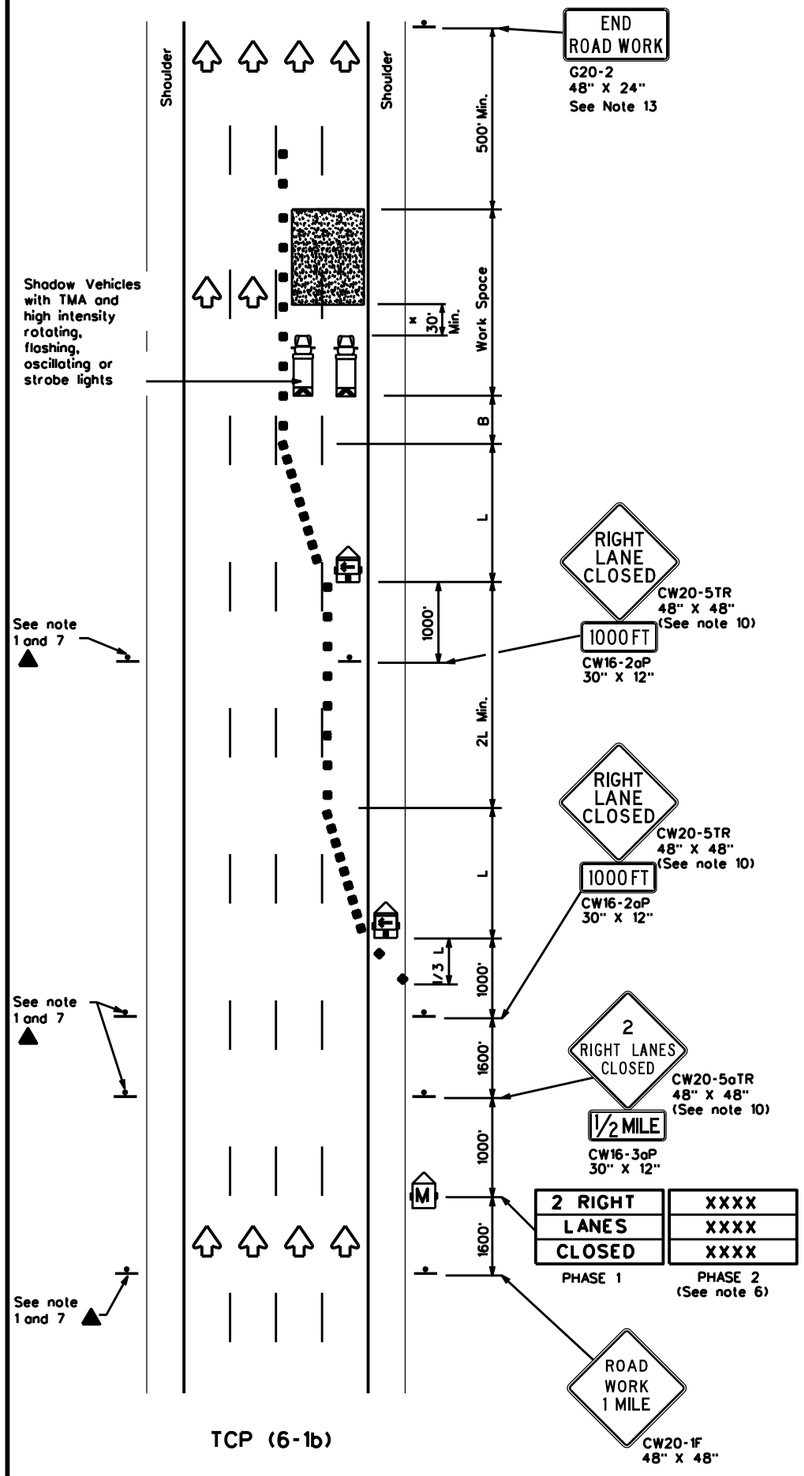
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		26



TCP (6-1a)

TYPICAL FREEWAY ONE LANE CLOSURE



TCP (6-1b)

TYPICAL FREEWAY TWO LANE CLOSURE

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" ** 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices: On a Taper	On a Tangent	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES

1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
2. Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer.
3. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
4. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
5. Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
6. Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
7. Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
8. The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the bottom of the sign.
10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a ploque below the sign may be used.
11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
12. For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

* A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP(6-1)-12

FILE: tcp6-1.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-12	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		27

201

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:28 AM
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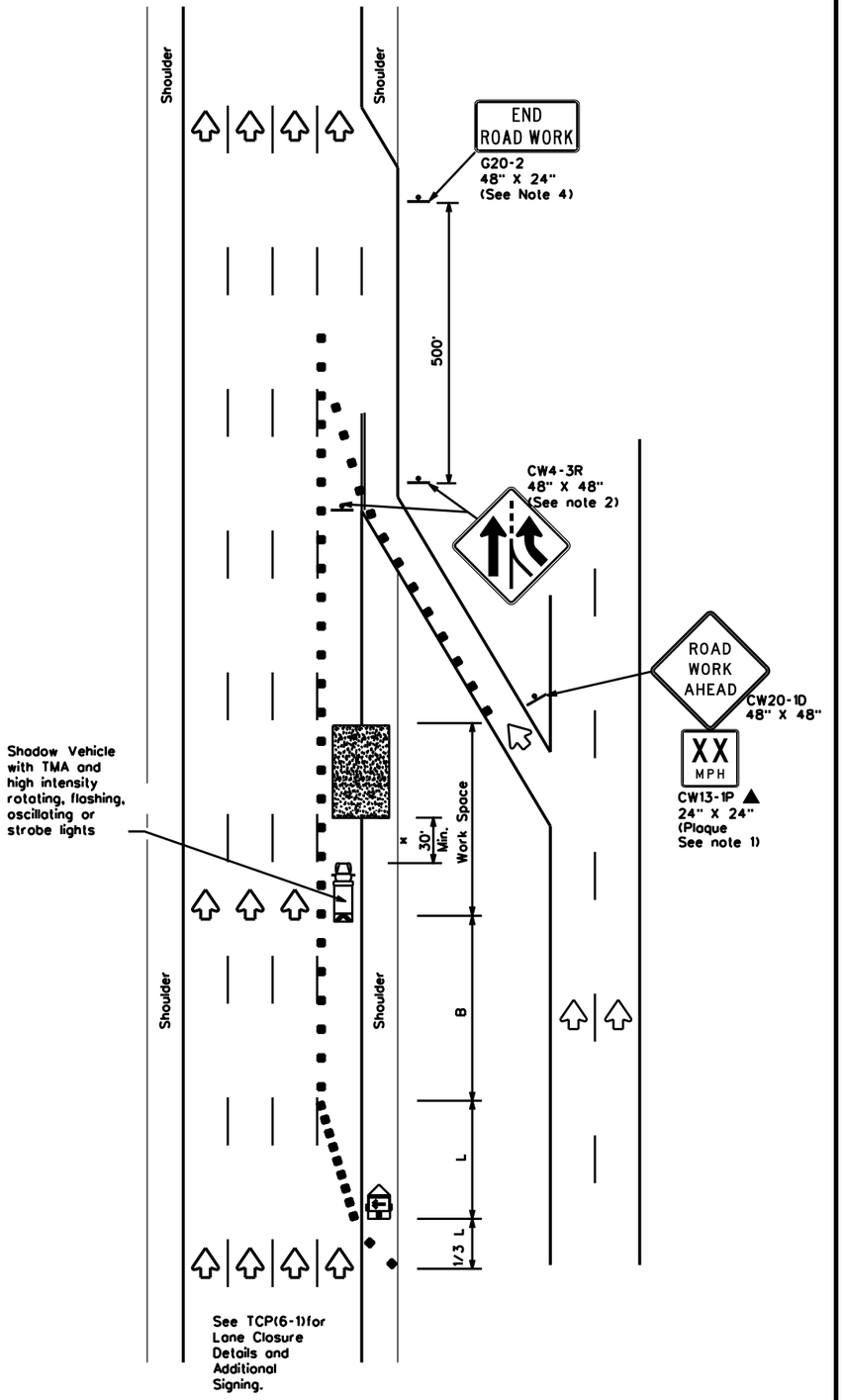
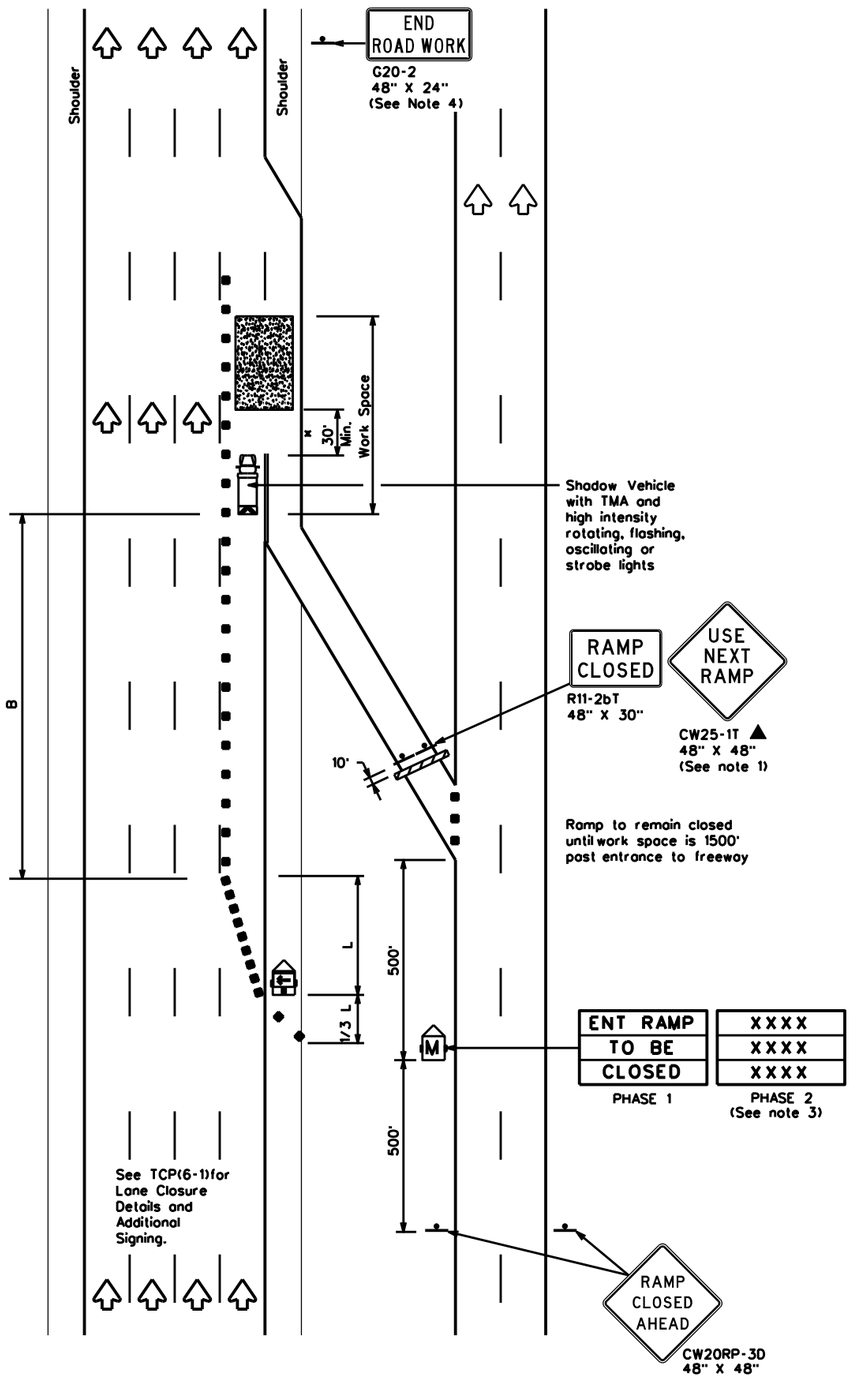


TCP (6-2a)

ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN
WORK WITHIN 500' OF RAMP



TCP (6-2b)

ENTRANCE RAMP CLOSED

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" ** 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices: On a Taper	On a Tangent	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES

1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
2. ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.
3. See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

x A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP(6-2)-12

FILE: tcp6-2.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 8-12	BMT	JEFFERSON, ETC.		28

DATE:
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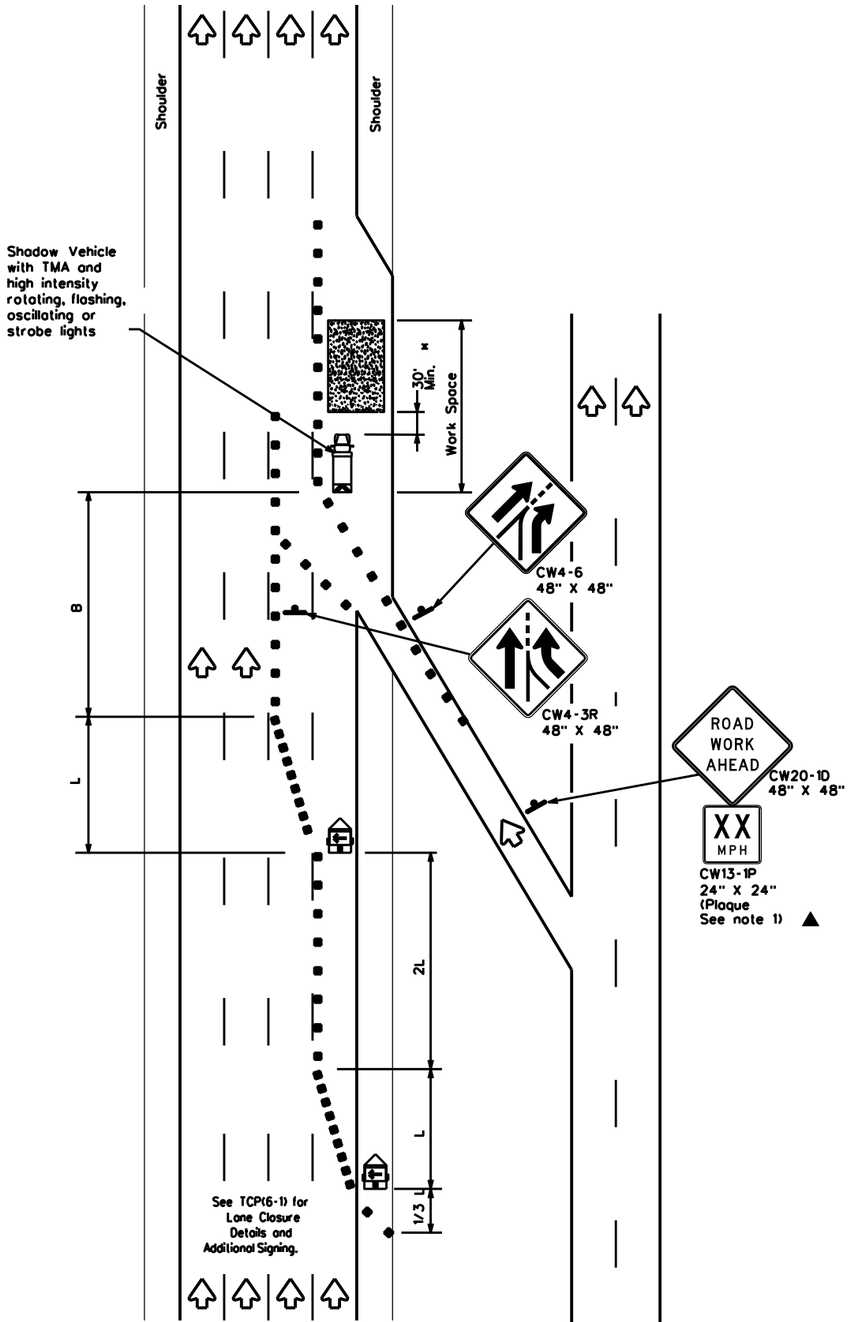
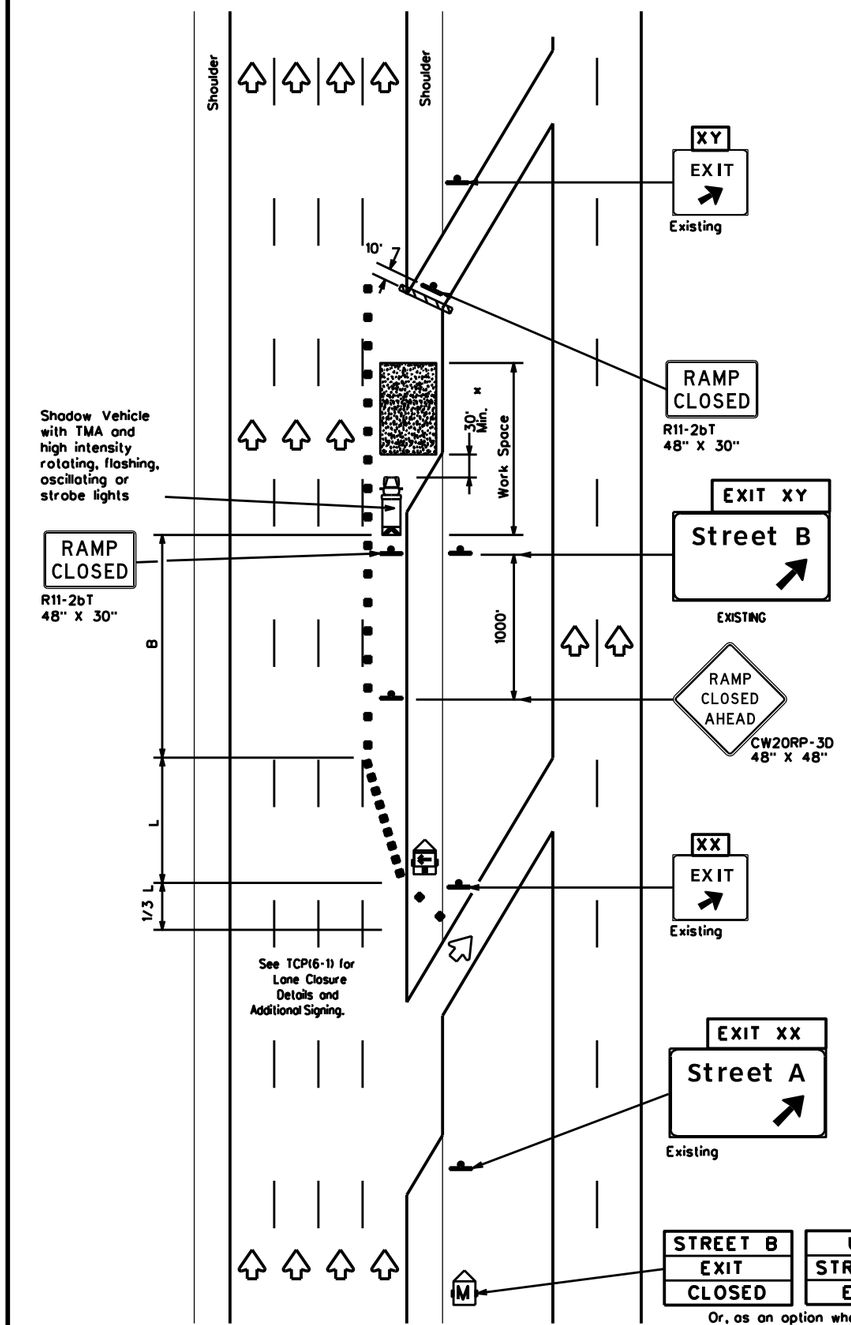


TCP (6-3a)

ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN



TCP (6-3b)

EXIT RAMP CLOSED

TRAFFIC EXITS PRIOR TO CLOSED RAMP

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES:

1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

* A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division Standard

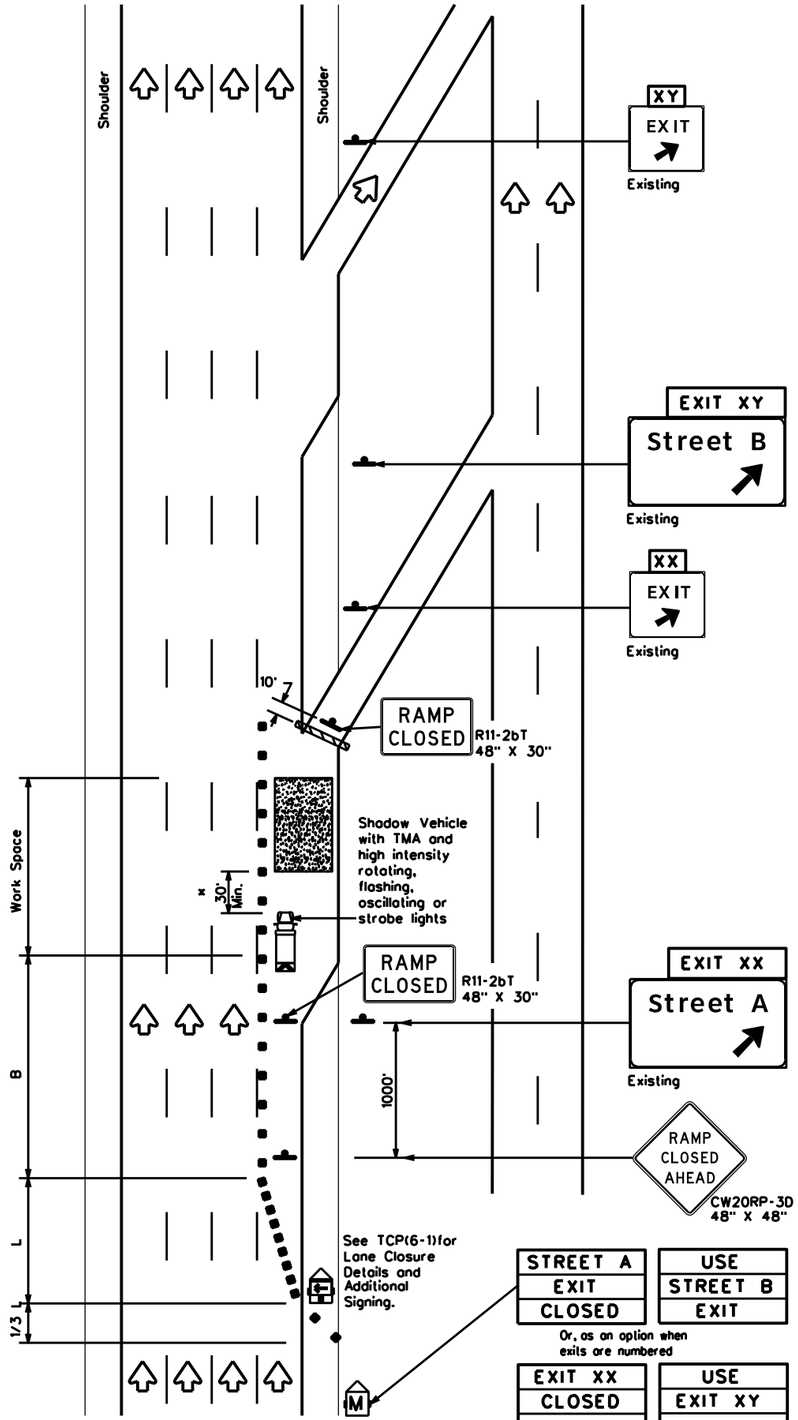
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
WORK AREA BEYOND RAMP

TCP(6-3)-12

FILE: tcp6-3.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 8-12	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		29

DATE:
FILE:

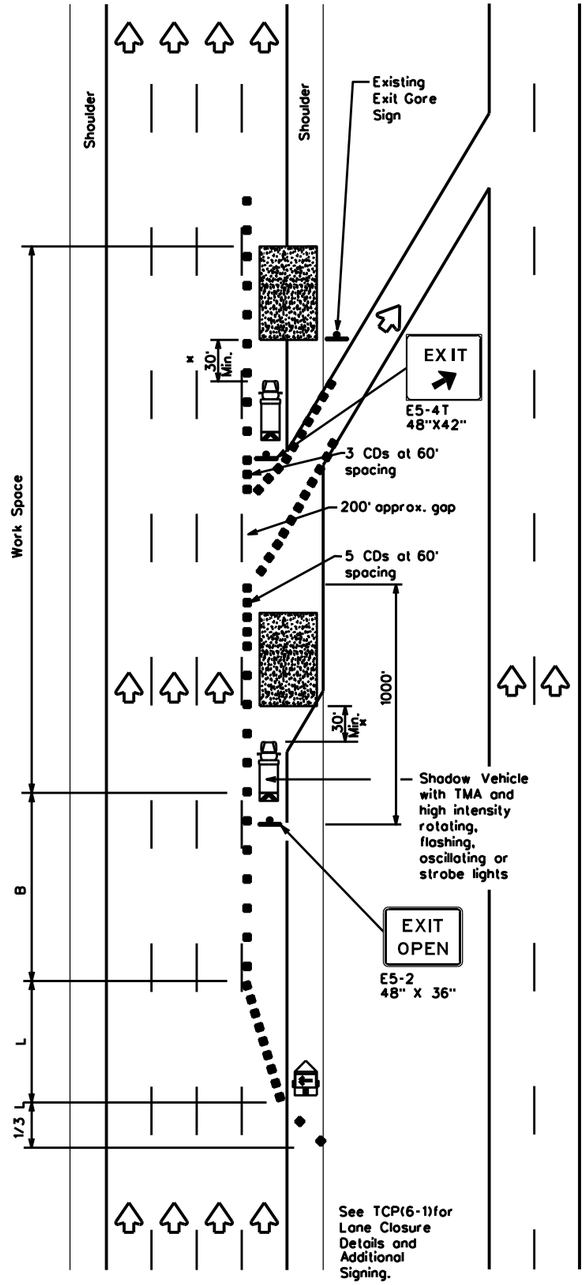
DATE:
FILE:



TCP (6-4a)

EXIT RAMP CLOSED

TRAFFIC EXITS PAST CLOSED RAMP



TCP (6-4b)

EXIT RAMP OPEN

LEGEND

	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" ** 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices: On a Taper	On a Tangent	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES

1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
2. See BC Standards for sign details.

x A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP(6-4)-12

FILE: tcp6-4.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT Feburary 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 8-12	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		30

DATE:
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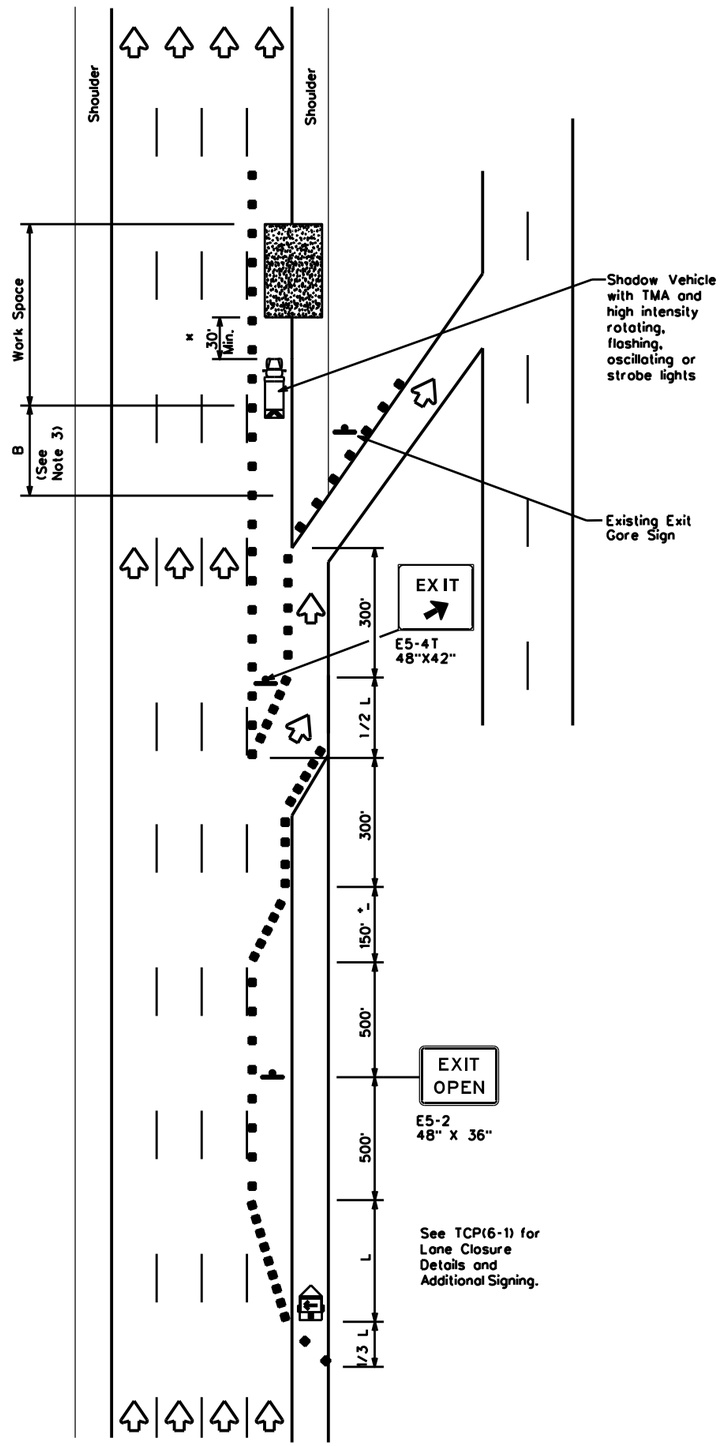
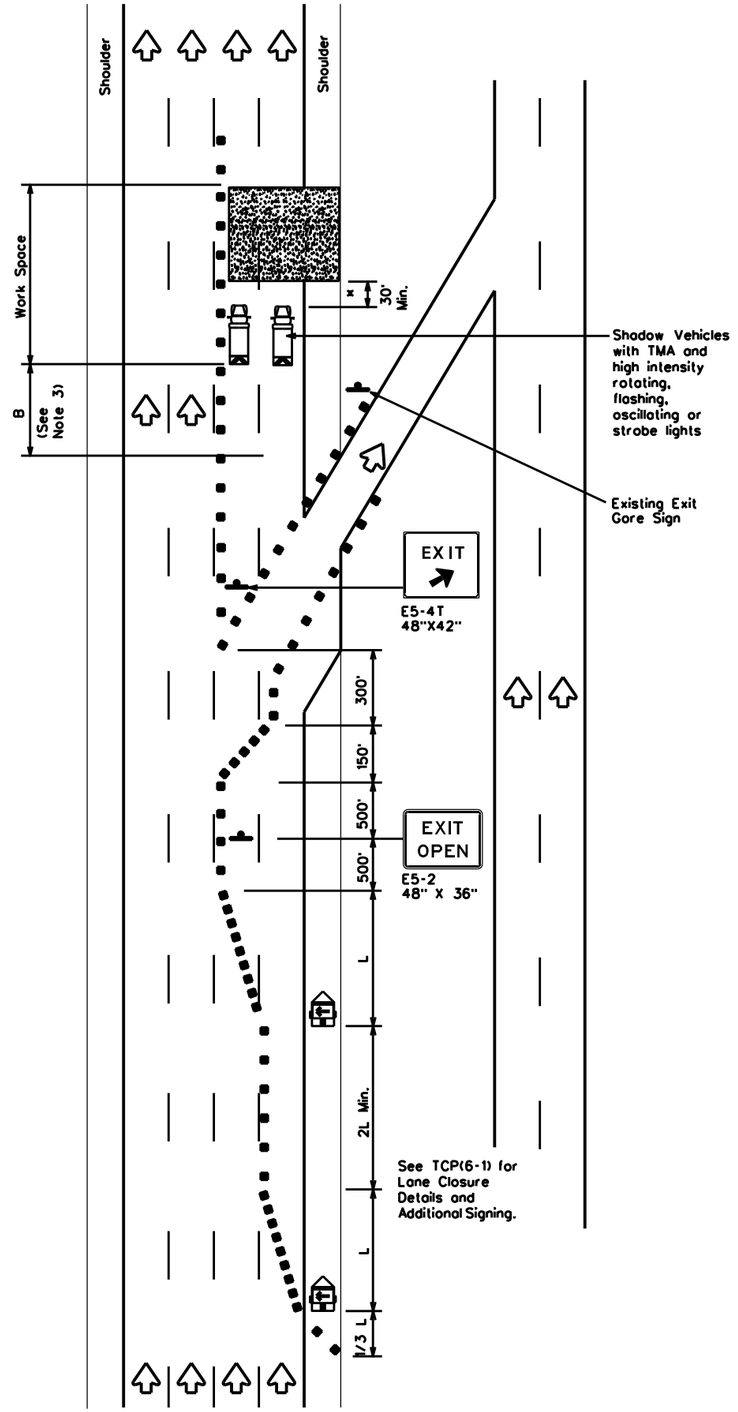


TCP (6-5a)

EXIT RAMP OPEN



TCP (6-5b)

EXIT RAMP OPEN
TWO LANE CLOSURE WITHIN 1500' PAST EXIT RAMP

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" ** 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices: On a Taper	On a Tangent	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES

1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
2. See BC standards for sign details.
3. If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing the ramp.

x A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

TCP(6-5)-12

FILE: tcp6-5.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT Feburary 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 8-12	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		31

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:28 AM
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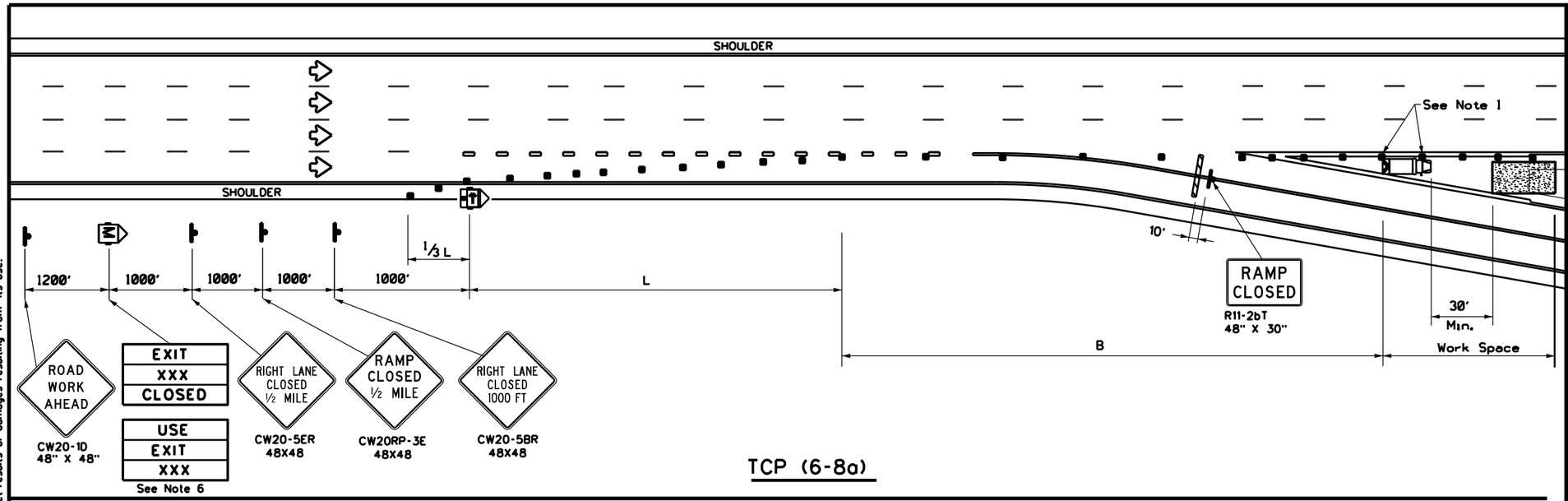
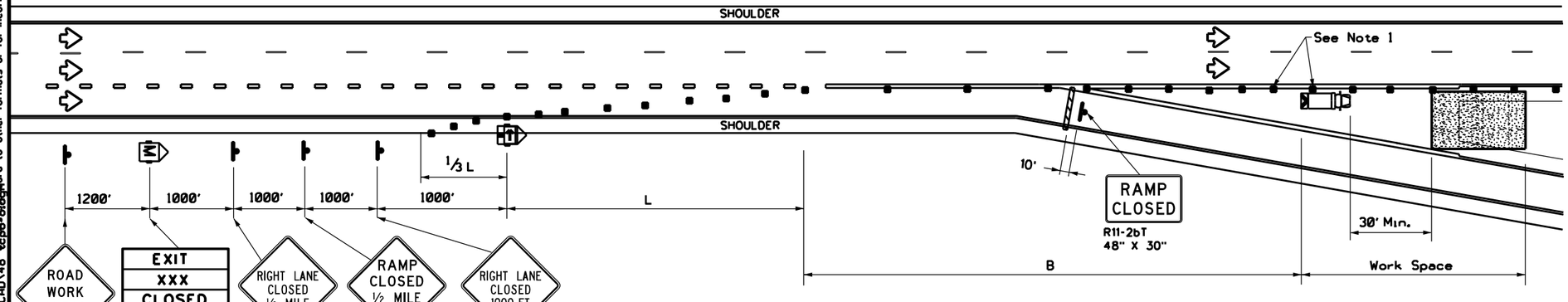
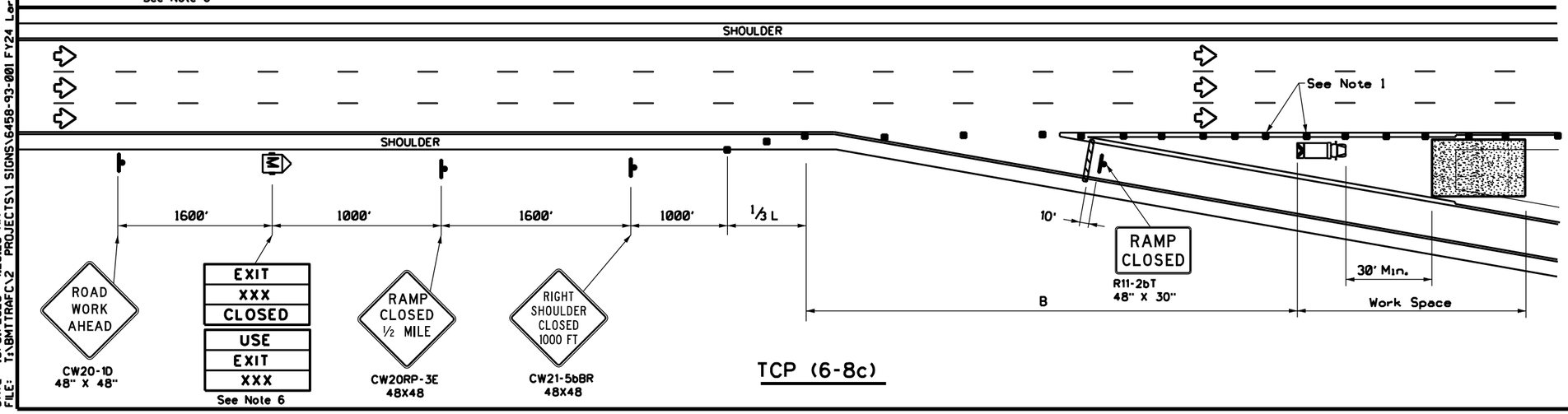


TCP (6-8a)



TCP (6-8b)



TCP (6-8c)

LEGEND

	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" ** 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices On a Taper	On a Tangent	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

GENERAL NOTES

1. Place channelizing devices in the gore at 20' spacing.
2. See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) for sign details.
3. The PCMS may be omitted when a permanent DMS sign is available in an appropriate location to display a similar message as called for on the PCMS.
4. When it is determined that a through lane should be closed in addition to the exit ramp, refer to TCP(6-4) for traffic control details.
5. Truck mounted attenuator is required.
6. The PCMS may be omitted if replaced with a "RAMP CLOSED" AHEAD (CW20RP-3D) Sign.
7. Roadway ADT should be greater than 10,000.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WORK IN EXIT GORE FOR ADT GREATER THAN 10,000

TCP(6-8)-14

FILE: tcp6-8.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		32

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:29 AM
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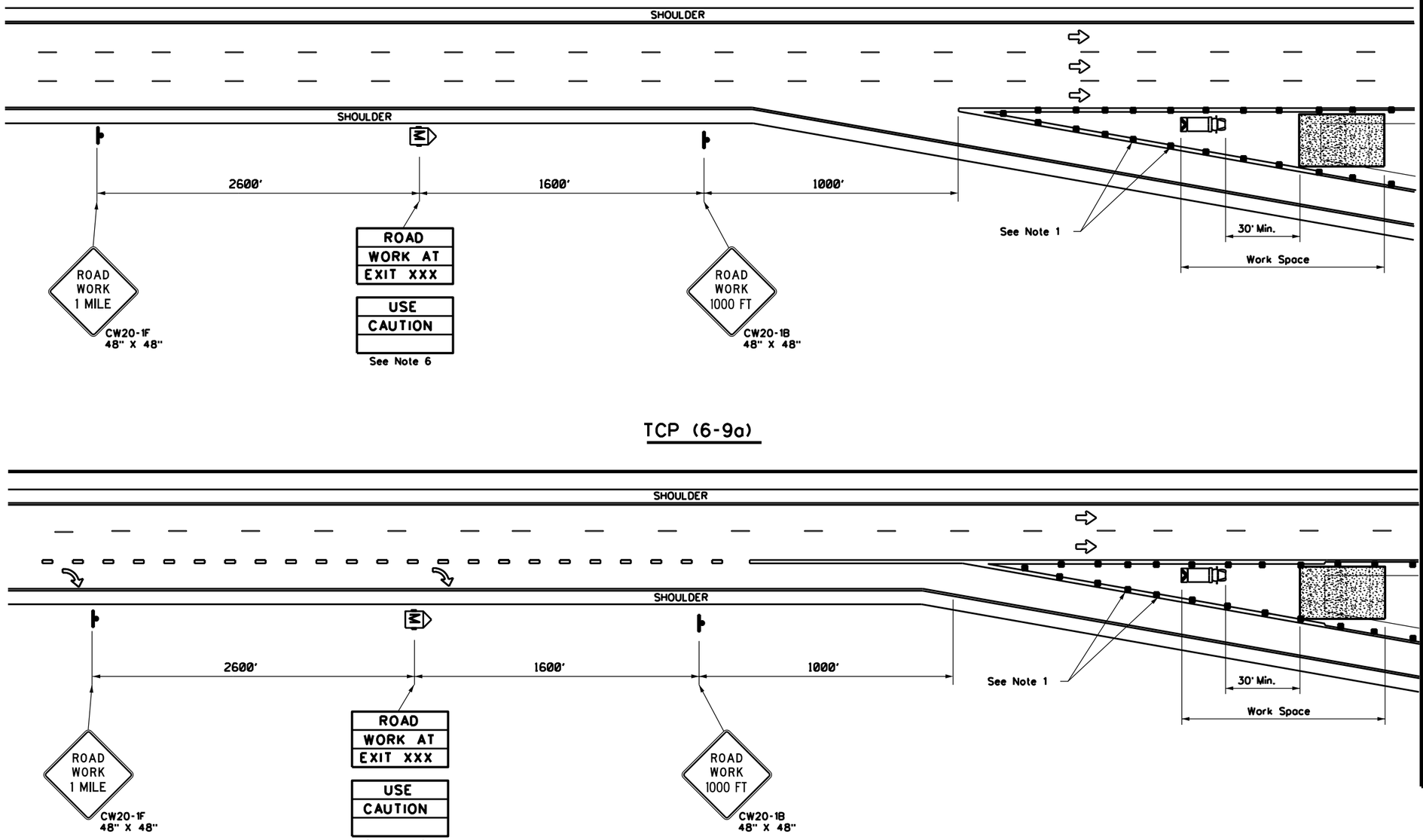


TCP (6-9a)

TCP (6-9b)

LEGEND

	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" ** 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices On a Taper	On a Tangent	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

GENERAL NOTES

1. Place channelizing devices in the gore at 20' spacing.
2. See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) for sign details.
3. The PCMS may be omitted when a permanent DMS sign is available in an appropriate location to display a similar message as called for on the PCMS.
4. When it is determined that a through lane should be closed in addition to the exit ramp, refer to TCP(6-4) and TCP(6-8)for traffic control details.
5. Truck mounted attenuators are required.
6. The PCMS may be omitted if replaced with a "ROAD WORK ½ MILE" (CW20-1E).
7. Roadway ADT should be less than 10,000.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

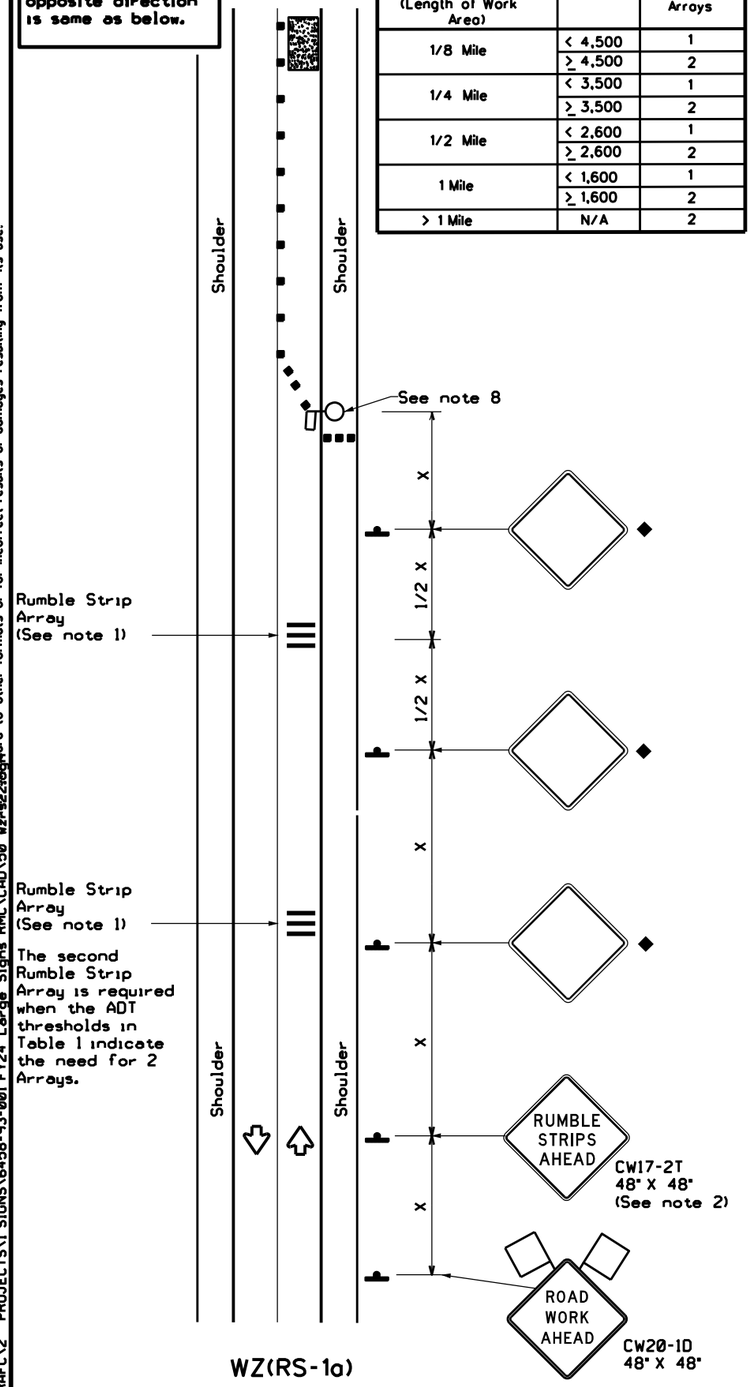
WORK IN EXIT GORE FOR ADT LESS THAN 10,000

TCP(6-9)-14

FILE: tcp6-9.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		33

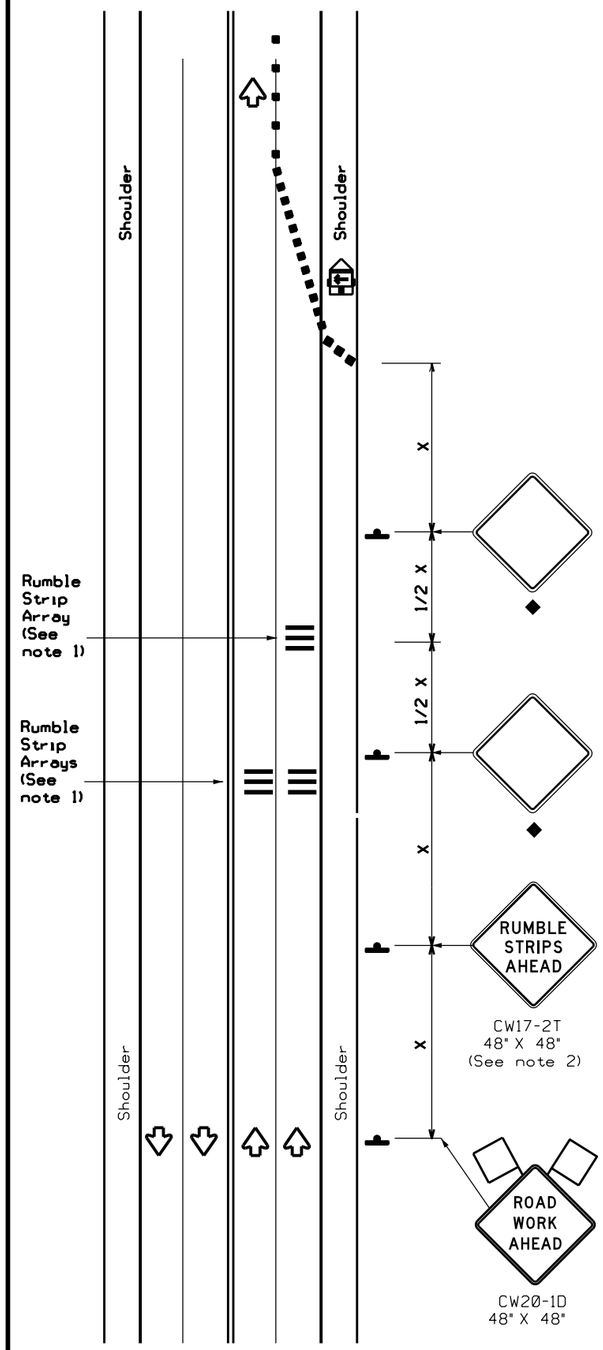
Warning sign and rumble strip sequence in opposite direction is same as below.

TABLE 1		
Flagger to Flagger (Length of Work Area)	ADT	* of Rumble Strip Arrays
1/8 Mile	< 4,500	1
	≥ 4,500	2
1/4 Mile	< 3,500	1
	≥ 3,500	2
1/2 Mile	< 2,600	1
	≥ 2,600	2
1 Mile	< 1,600	1
	≥ 1,600	2
> 1 Mile	N/A	2



WZ(RS-1a)

RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE TWO-WAY APPLICATION



WZ(RS-1b)

RUMBLE STRIPS FOR LANE CLOSURE ON CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

GENERAL NOTES

1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths ** 10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices On a Taper	On a Tangent	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
30	$L=\frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L=WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

◆ Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

* For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2	
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array
≤ 40 MPH	10'
> 40 MPH & ≤ 55 MPH	15'
= 60 MPH	20'
≥ 65 MPH	* 35'+

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ(RS)-22

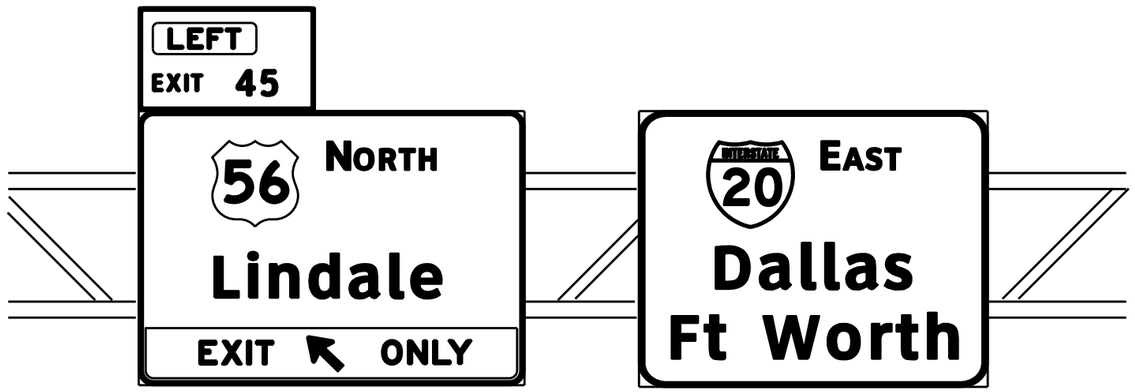
FILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-14 1-22 4-16	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		34

117

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:29 AM
FILE: I:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\50 WZRS22206.dgn

REQUIREMENTS FOR OVERHEAD AND LARGE GROUND-MOUNTED SIGNS

TYPICAL EXAMPLES



GENERAL NOTES

1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign summary sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).

2. Black legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod, or F).
   White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet.
   The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white FHWA lettering, when not specified in the SHSD or in the plans.

B	CV-1W
C	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.

4. Black legend shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.

5. White legend and borders shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.

6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius need not be trimmed or rounded if fabricated from an extruded material.

7. Sign substrate for ground-mounted signs shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative. Sign substrate for overhead signs shall be any material that meets DMS-7110. Exit Number Panels attached above the parent sign shall be made with the same substrate and sheeting as the parent sign.

8. Mounting details of attachments to parent sign face are shown on Standard Plan Sheet TSR(5). Mounting details of exit number panels above parent sign are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

9. Background sheeting shall be applied to the substrate per sheeting manufacturer's recommendations. Sheeting will not be allowed to bridge the horizontal gap between panels.

10. Cut all legend, symbols, borders, and direct applied sign attachments at panel joints.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(1)-13

FILE: tsr1-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
12-03 7-13	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
9-08	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		35

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:29 AM
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DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:30 AM
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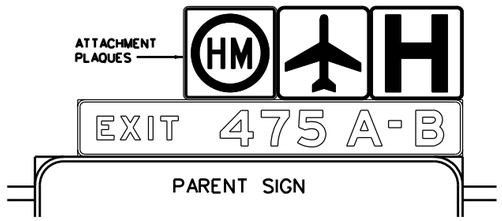
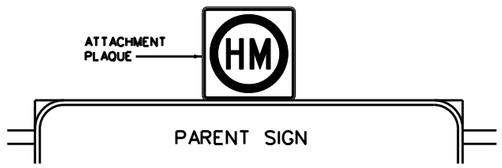
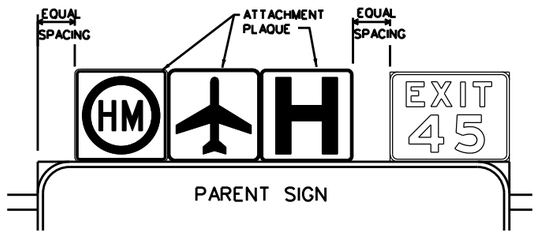
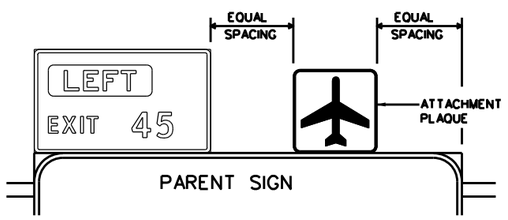
REQUIREMENTS FOR ATTACHMENTS TO OVERHEAD AND LARGE GROUND MOUNTED SIGNS









DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).

2. Route Marker legends (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod, or F).

3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.

4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.

5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.

6. Colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to white background sheeting, or combination thereof.

7. Route markers and other attachments within the parent sign face shall be direct applied unless otherwise specified in the plans. Attachments not direct applied shall use 0.063 inch thick one piece sheet aluminum signs (Type A).

8. General Service Plaques shall be 0.080 inch thick and Routing Plaques shall be 0.100 inch thick.

9. The priority for Routing Plaques shall be (left to right) Hazardous Material, Airport then Hospital. See examples for mounting location.

10. Mounting details of attachments to parent signs face are shown on Standard Plan Sheet TSR(5). Mounting details of sign plaque attachments above and below parent sign are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

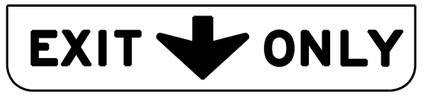
11. Plaques shall be horizontally centered at the top of the parent sign. If an exit number panel exists, the plaque shall be centered between the edge of the parent sign and the edge of the exit number panel. The plaque may be placed above the exit number panel when there is insufficient space.

TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR EXIT ONLY AND LEFT EXIT PANELS

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS FOR OVERHEAD EXIT PANELS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	FLUORESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B_{FL} OR C_{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM



TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). Individual panel sizes shown in the plans may be adjusted to fit actual parent sign sizes if necessary.

2. Exit Panel legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets E Series.

3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.

4. Black legend shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to yellow background sheeting, or combination thereof.

5. Exit Only and Left Exit panels within the parent sign face shall be direct applied unless otherwise specified in the plans. Panels not direct applied shall use 0.063 inch thick one piece sheet aluminum signs (Type A).

6. Mounting details of Exit Only and Left Exit panel attachments to parent signs face are shown on Standard Plan Sheet TSR(5).

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(2)-13

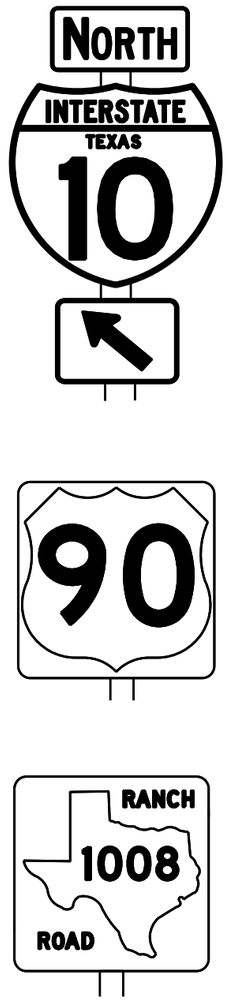
FILE: tsr2-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
12-03 7-13	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
9-08	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		36

2

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:30 AM
FILE: t:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\53 6458-93-001 tsr3-13.dgn

REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

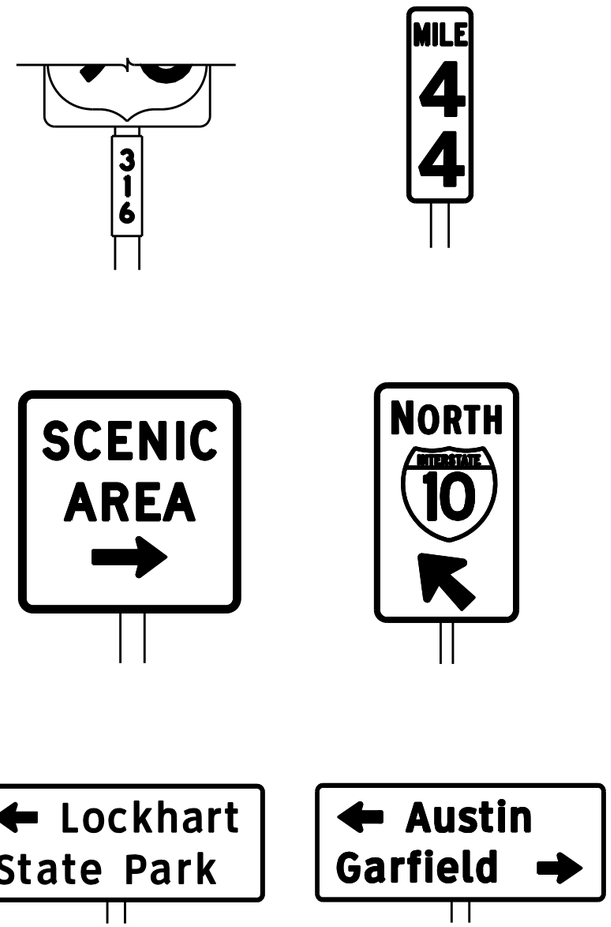
SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING



TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING



TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).

2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

B	CV-1W
C	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).

4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.

5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.

6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.

7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.

8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS	
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(3)-13

FILE: tsr3-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
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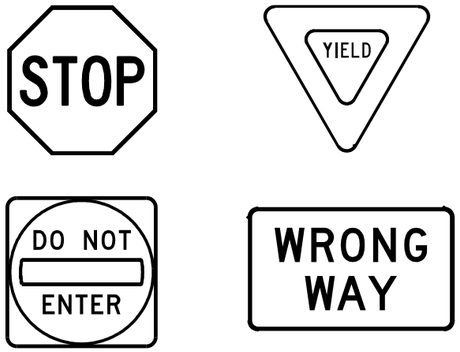
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
12-03 7-13 9-08	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		37

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:31 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\tsr4-13.dgn

REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)



REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)

TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND,BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
LEGEND,BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

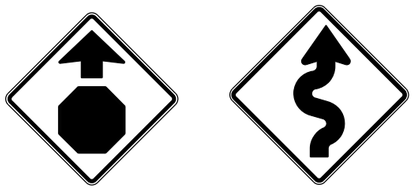
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS	
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS



TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B_{FL} OR C_{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS

TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B_{FL} OR C_{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND,BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4)-13

FILE: tsr4-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
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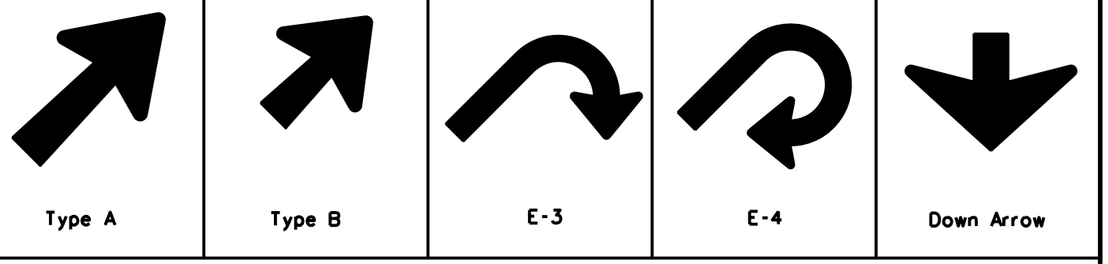
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
12-03 7-13 9-08	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		38

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:31 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\I SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY'24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\55 tsr5-13.dgn

ARROW DETAILS

for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs



TYPE	LETTER SIZE	USE
A-1	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Single Lane Exits
A-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	
A-3	16" & 20" U/L	
B-1	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Multiple Lane Exits
B-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	
B-3	16" & 20" U/L	

CODE	USED ON SIGN NO.
E-3	E5-1aT
E-4	E5-1bT

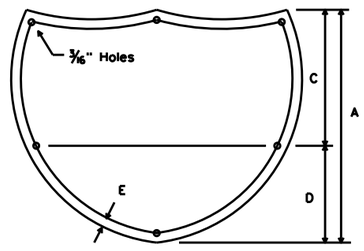
NOTE

Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

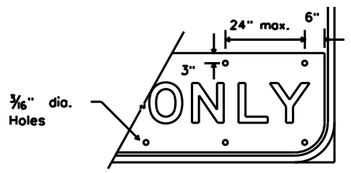
http://www.txdot.gov/

SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)

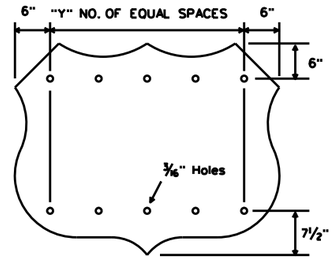


INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

A	C	D	E
36	21	15	1½
48	28	20	1¾

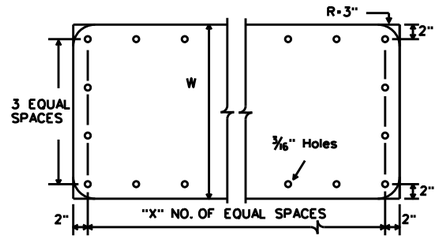


EXIT ONLY PANEL



U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

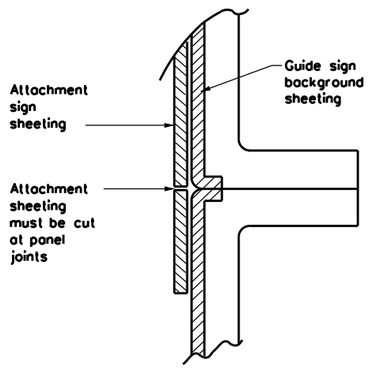
Sign Size	"Y"
24x24	2
30x24	3
36x36	3
45x36	4
48x48	4
60x48	5



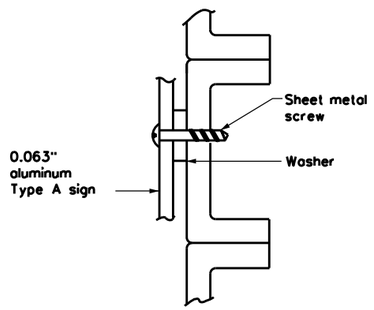
STATE ROUTE MARKERS

No. of Digits	W	X
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

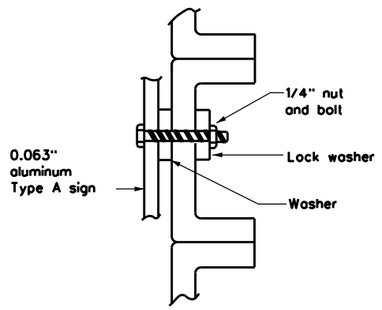
MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)



DIRECT APPLIED ATTACHMENT



SCREW ATTACHMENT



NUT/BOLT ATTACHMENT

NOTE:

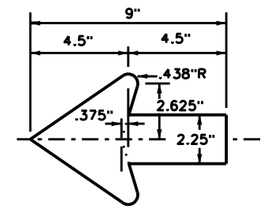
1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".

NOTE:

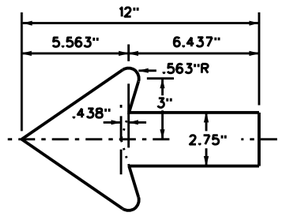
Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".

ARROW DETAILS

for Destination Signs (Type D)



Standard arrow to be used with 6 inch letters.



Standard arrow to be used with 8 inch letters.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(5)-13

FILE: tsr5-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
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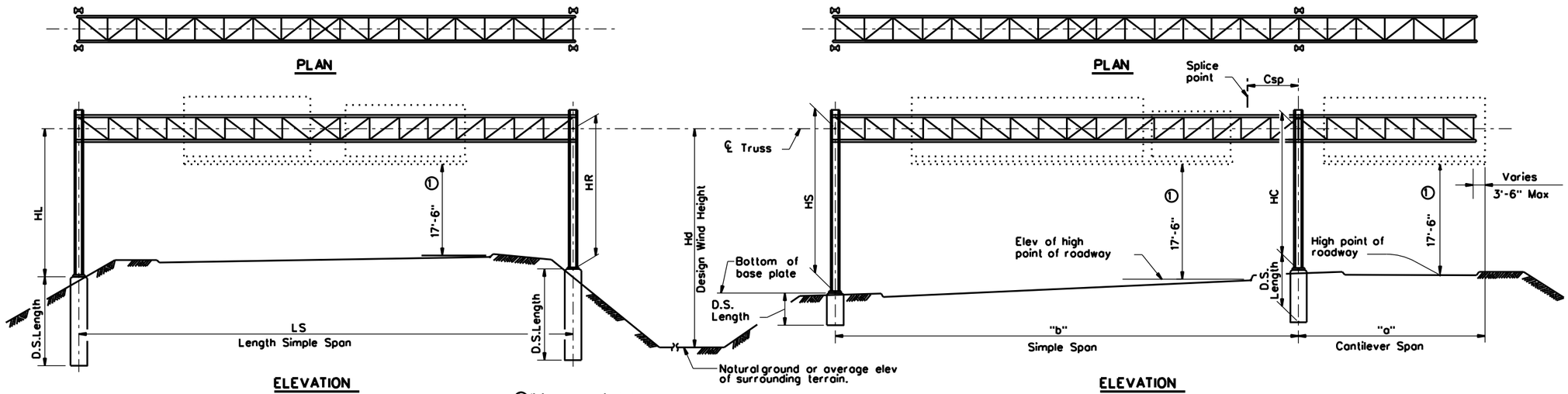
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
12-03 7-13	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
9-08	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		39



① Minimum vertical clearance

② "Low-Alloy Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

③ "Carbon Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

SIMPLE SPAN

SIMPLE SPAN PROCEDURE:

Given: Span, Ls = 93.0'; Left Tower Height, H = 26.3'; Right Tower Height, H = 22.6'; Design Height, Hd = 27.0'; Avg. Penetrometer Value, N = 25; Dawson County.

Step 1: Select applicable OSB standard. From Wind Velocity and Ice Zone sheet (WV&IZ-96) determine that Dawson County is in Zone 2 (90 mph) and ice above the ice line. Since Design Height, Hd = 27.0', use standard OSB-Z2I. If the Design Height were more than 30.0', the applicable standard would be HOSB-Z2I.

Step 2: Determine truss details and tower size from OSB-Z2I. For our 93.0' span go to the next larger span, i.e. 95.0'. Truss members are:
Chord ~ L 4"x 4"x 3/8" ② w/ 10 bolt splice
D.L. Diag. ~ L 3"x 2 1/2"x 3/16" w/ 2③ bolt connection
W.L. Diag. ~ L 3"x 3"x 1/4" w/ ③ bolt connection
D.L. Vert. ~ L 3"x 2"x 3/16" w/ ② bolt connection
W.L. Strut ~ 2 1/2"x 2 1/2"x 3/16" w/ ③ bolt connection
Bolts are 3/4" Dia high strength. Truss W x D = 4.5'x 4.5'. Required truss camber to compensate for dead load deflection is 1.46". Dead load of truss is 77 lb/ft. Avg. Tower Height = (26.3'+ 22.6') 2 = 24.45'. Use 25.0' to determine column size and spacing for both towers, i.e. W14 x 34 spaced at 7.0'. Use actual tower heights for drilled shaft uplift as follows. For H = 26.3' use 26.0' to determine design uplift at the left tower = 79.8 k. For H = 22.6' use 23.0' to determine design uplift at the right tower = 69.9 k.

Step 3: Determine tower and anchor bolt details. Use OSBT standard.
From OSBT with W14 x 34 columns spaced at 7'-0":
Anchor Bolts = 1 3/4" Dia x 3'-10"
Base Plate = 11 1/2"x 2 1/4"x 2'-1"
X, Y, and Z = 9 1/2", 3", and 2 3/4" respectively
Tower Bracing = 2Ls ~ 3"x 2 1/2"x 1/4"
Foundation = 36" Dia shafts with 8 ~ #9 Bars.

Step 4: Determine drilled shaft length from OSB-FD. Enter chart for 36" Dia drilled shafts at N = 25.
Left Tower Uplift = 79.8 k, therefore, L = 9'+ 3'= 12'
Right Tower Uplift = 69.9 k, therefore, L = 8'+ 3'= 11'.

Step 5: Determine maximum spacing of tower bracing. The maximum spacing would normally be the same as the column spacing, i.e. 7.0'. However, the special note for tower bracing on Sheet 1 of the OSBT standard makes provision for an increase in spacing as follows:
On OSB-Z2I under 95.0' span, the W14 x 34 column is shown for 25.0' and 26.0' column heights. Thus, the W14 x 34 is shown one time for heights greater than the design height of 25'-0". The special note for tower bracing allows a 1'-0" increase in the maximum spacing from 7.0' to 8.0'.

CANTILEVER SPAN

CANTILEVER SPAN PROCEDURE:

Given: Simple Span, b = 80.0'; Cantilever Span, a = 30.0'; Left Tower Height, H = 20.0'; Right Tower Height, H = 28.0'; Design Wind Height, H = 30.0'; Avg. Penetrometer Value, N = 25.0'; Duval County.

Step 1: Calculate the following:
Equiv. Simple Span, E = b + 2a + (a - b)²/b = 151.30', Use 155.0'.
If E exceeds 155.0' a special tower design is required. Cantilever Equiv. Simple Span, Cess = 2a + 60.0'; Splice Point, Csp = (a - b) + 11.30'; Equiv. Simple Span for Truss Web, E = b + (a²/b) = 91.0', Use 95.0'.

Step 2: Select applicable OSB standard. From Wind Velocity and Ice Zone sheet determine that Duval County is in Zone 4 (70 mph) and is below the ice line. Since Design Wind Height, H = 30.0', Use standard OSB-Z4. If the Design Height were more than 30.0' the applicable standard would be HOSB-Z4.

Step 3: Determine truss details and tower size from OSB-Z4.
Cantilever Truss: For C = 60.0' truss members are:
Chord L 3"x 3"x 1/4" ② with 6 bolt splice
D.L. Diag. L 2"x 2"x 3/16" with 2 bolt connection
W.L. Diag. L 2 1/2"x 2 1/2"x 3/16" with 2 bolt connection
D.L. Vert. L 2"x 2"x 3/16" with 2 bolt connection
W.L. Strut L 2"x 2"x 3/16" with 1 bolt connection
Bolts are 5/8" Dia High Strength. Truss WxD = 4.0'x 4.0'. Required cantilever truss camber to compensate for dead load deflection is 0.49".

Simple Span Truss: For b = 80.0' truss members are:
Chord L 3"x 3"x 3/8" ② with 9 bolt splice
D.L. Diag. L 2"x 2"x 3/16" with 2 bolt connection
W.L. Diag. L 3"x 3"x 3/16" with 2 bolt connection
D.L. Vert. L 2"x 2"x 3/16" with 2 bolt connection
W.L. Strut L 2"x 2"x 3/16" with 1 bolt connection
Bolts are 5/8" Dia High Strength. Truss WxD = 4.0'x 4.0'. If W and D for the cantilever and simple spans are different, increase smaller W and D to match the larger truss. Required simple span camber to compensate for dead load deflection is 1.12".

Truss from cantilever tower to splice point: Extend cantilever chords past the tower a distance, C = 11.2' which falls in the third panel. The splice is permissible at any point within the third panel.
Web members from the tower out to and including the splice panel, i.e. the third panel, shall be modified as follows. For E = 95.0' web members are:
D.L. Diag. L 2 1/2"x 2 1/2"x 3/16" with 2 bolt connection
W.L. Diag. L 3"x 2 1/2"x 1/4" with 2 bolt connection
D.L. Vert. L 2"x 2"x 3/16" with 2 bolt connection
W.L. Strut L 2"x 2"x 3/16" with 1 bolt connection
Ignore W and D dimensions. Instead, use W and D as required for cantilever and simple span trusses. Use 5/8" Dia high strength bolts as required for 95.0' span.

Tower Size: Avg. Tower Height = (20.0'+ 28.0') 2 = 24.0'. Use 24.0' height and 155.0' equivalent simple span to determine column size and spacing for both towers, i.e. W14 x 34 spaced at 7.5'
Use spans and actual tower heights for uplift as follows:
For H = 20.0', and b = 80.0' determine uplift = 31.7 k.
For H = 28.0', and E = 155.0' determine uplift = 77.9 k.

Step 4: Determine tower and anchor bolt details. Use standard OSBT.
From OSBT with W14 x 34 columns spaced at 7.5':
Anchor Bolts = 1 3/4" Dia x 3'-10"
Base Plate = 11 1/2"x 2 1/4"x 2'-1"
X, Y, and Z = 9 1/2", 3", and 2 3/4" respectively
Tower Bracing = 2Ls ~ 3"x 2 1/2"x 1/4"
Foundation = 36" Dia shafts with 8~#9 bars.

Step 5: Determine drilled shaft length from OSB-FD.
Enter chart for 36" Dia drilled shaft at N = 25.0'
Left Tower Uplift = 31.7 k, therefore L = 6'+ 3'= 9'
Right Tower Uplift = 77.9 k, therefore L = 8'+ 3'= 11'.

Step 6: Determine maximum spacing of tower bracing. The maximum spacing would normally be the same as the column spacing, i.e. 7.5'. However, the special note for tower bracing on Sheet 1 of the OSBT standard makes provision for an increase in spacing as follows:
On OSB-Z4 under 155.0' span, the W14 x 34 column is shown for 23.0' through 26.0' column heights. Thus, the W14 x 34 column is shown two times for heights greater than 24.0'. The special note allows a 2.0' increase from 7.5' to 9.5'.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE SELECTION EXAMPLES

OSB-SE

REVISIONS	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		40

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:32 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFC\V2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\56 OSB-SE.dgn

ZONE 1 NO ICE 100 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

5/8" Dia. H.S. Bolts — Spans 40' Thru 75'

SPAN	40'	45'	50'	55'	60'	65'	70'	75'
W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5
CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown	L 3 x 3 x 5/16 ③ [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 ③ [4]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 ③ [4]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [6]	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 1/4 [7]	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 5/16 [9]	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 5/16 [9]	L 4 x 4 x 5/16 [10]
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 x 3 x 5/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 5/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 5/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ⑤	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [2]
WIND LOAD STRUT - ⑤	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 5/16 [1]
TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.	DEFL=0.12" L=42 lb/ft	DEFL=0.18" L=42 lb/ft	DEFL=0.21" L=47 lb/ft	DEFL=0.30" L=47 lb/ft	DEFL=0.38" L=53 lb/ft	DEFL=0.44" L=59 lb/ft	DEFL=0.58" L=60 lb/ft	DEFL=0.75" L=64 lb/ft

TOWER DETAILS

S = COLUMN SPACING	6.0'	6.0'	6.0'	6.0'	6.5'	6.5'	6.5'	6.5'
TOWER HEIGHT								
15'	W 10 x 17 (28.0)	W 10 x 17 (31.5)	W 10 x 22 (34.3)	W 10 x 22 (37.8)	W 10 x 22 (36.7)	W 10 x 22 (39.9)	W 10 x 22 (42.9)	W 10 x 26 (45.7)
16'	W 10 x 17 (30.0)	W 10 x 22 (33.7)	W 10 x 22 (36.7)	W 10 x 22 (40.5)	W 10 x 22 (39.3)	W 10 x 22 (42.7)	W 10 x 26 (45.9)	W 10 x 26 (48.9)
17'	W 10 x 22 (33.0)	W 10 x 22 (36.0)	W 10 x 22 (39.0)	W 10 x 22 (43.1)	W 10 x 26 (42.3)	W 10 x 26 (45.5)	W 10 x 26 (48.8)	W 12 x 26 (53.4)
18'	W 10 x 22 (34.0)	W 10 x 22 (38.2)	W 10 x 22 (41.4)	W 10 x 22 (45.8)	W 10 x 26 (44.9)	W 10 x 26 (48.4)	W 10 x 26 (51.9)	W 12 x 26 (56.8)
19'	W 10 x 22 (36.4)	W 10 x 22 (40.5)	W 10 x 26 (43.9)	W 10 x 26 (48.4)	W 10 x 26 (47.6)	W 12 x 26 (51.8)	W 12 x 26 (55.6)	W 12 x 26 (59.3)
20'	W 10 x 22 (38.5)	W 10 x 22 (42.7)	W 10 x 26 (46.4)	W 10 x 26 (51.1)	W 10 x 26 (50.2)	W 12 x 26 (54.7)	W 12 x 26 (58.7)	W 12 x 26 (62.6)
21'	W 10 x 22 (40.6)	W 10 x 26 (45.0)	W 10 x 26 (49.3)	W 12 x 26 (54.4)	W 12 x 26 (53.6)	W 12 x 26 (57.6)	W 12 x 26 (61.8)	W 14 x 30 (66.8)
22'	W 10 x 22 (42.7)	W 10 x 26 (47.4)	W 10 x 26 (51.9)	W 12 x 26 (57.1)	W 12 x 26 (56.4)	W 12 x 26 (60.6)	W 12 x 26 (64.9)	W 14 x 30 (70.3)
23'	W 10 x 26 (44.2)	W 10 x 26 (49.7)	W 12 x 26 (55.1)	W 12 x 26 (60.0)	W 12 x 26 (59.2)	W 14 x 30 (64.6)	W 14 x 30 (69.1)	W 14 x 30 (73.7)
24'	W 10 x 26 (46.3)	W 10 x 26 (52.0)	W 12 x 26 (57.7)	W 12 x 26 (62.8)	W 12 x 26 (62.0)	W 14 x 30 (67.7)	W 14 x 30 (72.4)	W 14 x 30 (77.2)
25'	W 12 x 26 (49.7)	W 12 x 26 (55.0)	W 12 x 26 (60.3)	W 14 x 30 (66.9)	W 14 x 30 (65.9)	W 14 x 30 (70.7)	W 14 x 34 (75.6)	W 14 x 34 (80.5)
26'	W 12 x 26 (51.9)	W 12 x 26 (57.4)	W 12 x 26 (63.0)	W 14 x 30 (69.8)	W 14 x 30 (68.8)	W 14 x 30 (73.8)	W 14 x 34 (78.9)	W 14 x 34 (84.0)
27'	W 12 x 26 (54.1)	W 12 x 26 (59.9)	W 14 x 30 (67.0)	W 14 x 30 (72.8)	W 14 x 30 (71.6)	W 14 x 34 (76.9)	W 14 x 34 (82.2)	W 16 x 36 (87.4)
28'	W 12 x 26 (56.4)	W 12 x 26 (62.4)	W 14 x 30 (69.8)	W 14 x 30 (75.8)	W 14 x 30 (74.7)	W 14 x 34 (80.0)	W 14 x 34 (85.5)	W 16 x 36 (90.9)
29'	W 12 x 26 (58.7)	W 14 x 30 (66.5)	W 14 x 30 (72.6)	W 14 x 34 (78.7)	W 14 x 34 (77.6)	W 14 x 34 (83.1)	W 16 x 36 (90.4)	W 16 x 36 (94.5)
30'	W 12 x 26 (61.0)	W 14 x 30 (69.1)	W 14 x 30 (75.5)	W 14 x 34 (81.7)	W 14 x 34 (80.7)	W 16 x 36 (86.3)	W 16 x 36 (93.9)	W 16 x 36 (98.0)

COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips)

Tower Height = (HL + HR) / 2

ZONE 1 NO ICE 100 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

3/4" Dia. H.S. Bolts — Spans 76' Thru 155'

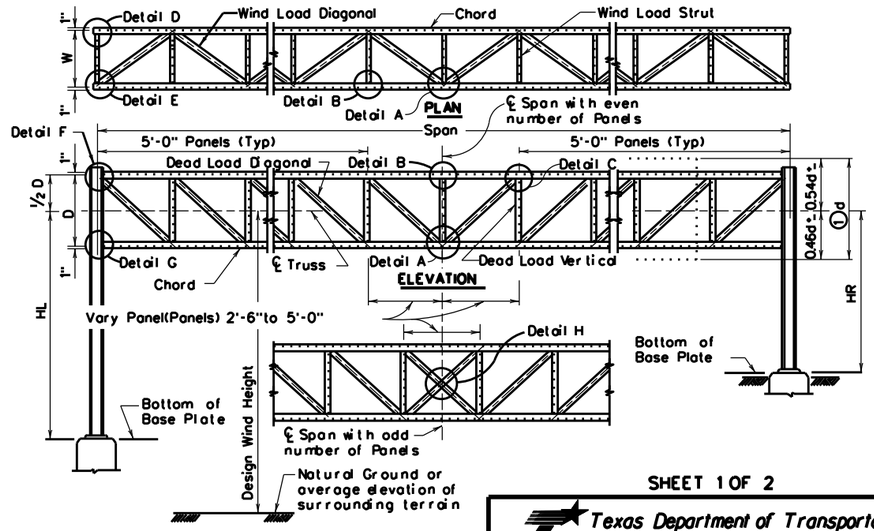
SPAN	80'	85'	90'	95'
W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5
CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 3/8 [8]	L 4 x 4 x 3/8 [9]	L 4 x 4 x 3/8 [10]	L 4 x 4 x 7/16 [11]
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 1/4 [3]
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ⑤	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]
WIND LOAD STRUT - ⑤	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]
TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.	DEFL=0.86" L=70 lb/ft	DEFL=1.08" L=76 lb/ft	DEFL=1.20" L=76 lb/ft	DEFL=1.43" L=86 lb/ft

TOWER DETAILS

S = COLUMN SPACING	7.0'	7.0'	7.0'	7.0'
TOWER HEIGHT				
15'	W 10 x 26 (44.0)	W 10 x 26 (46.8)	W 12 x 26 (50.0)	W 12 x 26 (52.8)
16'	W 10 x 26 (47.2)	W 10 x 26 (50.1)	W 12 x 26 (53.6)	W 12 x 26 (56.5)
17'	W 12 x 26 (51.2)	W 12 x 26 (54.3)	W 12 x 26 (57.2)	W 12 x 26 (60.3)
18'	W 12 x 26 (54.4)	W 12 x 26 (57.7)	W 12 x 26 (60.8)	W 14 x 30 (64.1)
19'	W 12 x 26 (57.7)	W 14 x 30 (61.8)	W 14 x 30 (65.1)	W 14 x 30 (68.6)
20'	W 12 x 26 (60.9)	W 14 x 30 (65.3)	W 14 x 30 (68.8)	W 14 x 30 (72.5)
21'	W 14 x 30 (65.0)	W 14 x 30 (68.8)	W 14 x 30 (72.5)	W 14 x 34 (76.5)
22'	W 14 x 30 (68.3)	W 14 x 30 (72.4)	W 14 x 34 (76.3)	W 14 x 34 (80.4)
23'	W 14 x 30 (71.7)	W 14 x 34 (76.0)	W 14 x 34 (80.0)	W 16 x 36 (85.2)
24'	W 14 x 34 (75.1)	W 14 x 34 (79.5)	W 14 x 34 (83.8)	W 16 x 36 (89.3)
25'	W 14 x 34 (78.6)	W 16 x 36 (83.0)	W 16 x 36 (88.7)	W 16 x 36 (93.4)
26'	W 14 x 34 (82.0)	W 16 x 36 (86.6)	W 16 x 36 (92.5)	W 16 x 40 (97.4)
27'	W 16 x 36 (86.7)	W 16 x 36 (91.6)	W 16 x 40 (96.4)	W 16 x 40 (101.4)
28'	W 16 x 36 (90.2)	W 16 x 36 (95.4)	W 16 x 40 (100.3)	W 16 x 40 (105.6)
29'	W 16 x 40 (93.7)	W 16 x 40 (97.5)	W 16 x 40 (104.2)	W 18 x 46 (111.2)
30'	W 16 x 40 (97.3)	W 16 x 40 (101.2)	W 18 x 46 (108.2)	W 18 x 46 (115.5)

COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips)

Tower Height = (HL + HR) / 2



① d = Sign Depth
Where signs of different depths are used, the bottom edges of all signs may be placed in line. Where this is done, all signs should be so positioned that the bottom edges are approximately 0.46 of the depth of the deepest sign below the ℄ of the truss.

② "Low-Alloy Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

③ "Carbon Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE DETAILS

OSB-Z1

© TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
8/08 * of HS bolts:angle sizes: add missing HS bolt dia (select spans)	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		41

DATE:
FILE:

ZONE 1 NO ICE 100 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

¾" Dia. H.S. Bolts — Spans 76' Thru 155'

SPAN	100'	105'	110'	115'	120'	125'	130'	135'
W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0
CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown	L 5 x 5 x 3/8 [11]	L 4 x 4 x 1/2 [12]	L 5 x 5 x 3/8 [14]	L 5 x 5 x 7/16 [15]	L 5 x 5 x 1/2 [16]	L 5 x 5 x 1/2 [18]	L 6 x 6 x 1/2 [20]	L 6 x 6 x 1/2 [21]
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 1/4 [2]
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 1/4 [4]	L 4 x 4 x 1/4 [4]	L 4 x 4 x 1/4 [4]	L 4 x 4 x 1/4 [4]	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 5/16 [4]
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ⑤	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 3/16 [2]
WIND LOAD STRUT - ⑤	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]
TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.	DEFL=1.46" L=92 lb/ft	DEFL=1.58" L=95 lb/ft	DEFL=1.88" L=101 lb/ft	DEFL=2.04" L=101 lb/ft	DEFL=2.30" L=113 lb/ft	DEFL=2.61" L=114 lb/ft	DEFL=2.74" L=130 lb/ft	DEFL=3.14" L=133 lb/ft

TOWER DETAILS

S = COLUMN SPACING	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'
TOWER HEIGHT								
15'	W 12 x 26 (54.0)	W 12 x 26 (56.4)	W 14 x 30 (59.5)	W 14 x 30 (62.0)	W 14 x 34 (64.5)	W 14 x 34 (66.9)	W 14 x 34 (69.2)	W 14 x 34 (71.9)
16'	W 12 x 26 (57.8)	W 14 x 30 (60.4)	W 14 x 30 (63.7)	W 14 x 30 (66.4)	W 14 x 34 (69.1)	W 14 x 34 (71.6)	W 14 x 34 (74.2)	W 14 x 34 (77.0)
17'	W 14 x 30 (61.5)	W 14 x 30 (64.4)	W 14 x 30 (68.0)	W 14 x 34 (70.6)	W 14 x 34 (73.7)	W 14 x 34 (76.4)	W 14 x 34 (79.1)	W 16 x 36 (82.7)
18'	W 14 x 30 (65.4)	W 14 x 30 (68.4)	W 14 x 30 (72.2)	W 14 x 34 (75.1)	W 14 x 34 (78.3)	W 14 x 34 (81.2)	W 16 x 36 (84.1)	W 16 x 36 (88.0)
19'	W 14 x 30 (69.2)	W 14 x 34 (73.0)	W 14 x 30 (76.4)	W 14 x 34 (79.6)	W 16 x 36 (83.6)	W 16 x 36 (86.7)	W 16 x 36 (89.9)	W 16 x 40 (93.8)
20'	W 14 x 34 (73.1)	W 14 x 34 (77.1)	W 14 x 34 (80.7)	W 16 x 36 (84.1)	W 16 x 36 (88.3)	W 16 x 36 (91.6)	W 16 x 40 (95.0)	W 16 x 40 (99.1)
21'	W 14 x 34 (77.6)	W 16 x 36 (82.0)	W 16 x 36 (85.8)	W 16 x 36 (88.4)	W 16 x 40 (92.9)	W 16 x 40 (96.4)	W 16 x 40 (99.5)	W 18 x 46 (104.4)
22'	W 14 x 34 (81.6)	W 16 x 36 (86.2)	W 16 x 36 (90.1)	W 16 x 36 (92.9)	W 16 x 40 (97.7)	W 16 x 40 (101.3)	W 16 x 40 (105.1)	W 18 x 46 (109.8)
23'	W 16 x 36 (86.5)	W 16 x 36 (90.4)	W 16 x 40 (94.3)	W 16 x 40 (98.3)	W 16 x 40 (102.4)	W 18 x 46 (107.2)	W 18 x 46 (111.2)	W 18 x 46 (115.2)
24'	W 16 x 36 (90.6)	W 16 x 40 (94.6)	W 16 x 40 (98.7)	W 16 x 40 (102.9)	W 18 x 46 (107.2)	W 18 x 46 (112.2)	W 18 x 46 (116.5)	W 18 x 46 (120.6)
25'	W 16 x 40 (94.5)	W 16 x 40 (98.8)	W 16 x 40 (103.1)	W 18 x 46 (108.8)	W 18 x 46 (113.1)	W 18 x 46 (117.3)	W 18 x 50 (121.6)	W 18 x 50 (126.1)
26'	W 16 x 40 (98.6)	W 16 x 40 (103.1)	W 18 x 46 (107.6)	W 18 x 46 (113.5)	W 18 x 46 (118.0)	W 18 x 46 (122.3)	W 18 x 50 (126.9)	W 18 x 50 (131.6)
27'	W 16 x 40 (100.2)	W 18 x 46 (108.5)	W 18 x 46 (113.4)	W 18 x 46 (118.3)	W 18 x 46 (122.9)	W 18 x 50 (127.5)	W 18 x 50 (132.2)	W 18 x 50 (137.1)
28'	W 16 x 40 (104.2)	W 18 x 46 (112.9)	W 18 x 46 (118.0)	W 18 x 46 (123.0)	W 18 x 50 (127.9)	W 18 x 50 (132.6)	W 18 x 50 (137.5)	W 18 x 55 (142.6)
29'	W 18 x 46 (112.4)	W 18 x 46 (117.3)	W 18 x 46 (122.6)	W 18 x 50 (127.7)	W 18 x 50 (132.9)	W 18 x 55 (137.5)	W 18 x 55 (142.6)	W 18 x 55 (148.1)
30'	W 18 x 46 (116.6)	W 18 x 46 (121.8)	W 18 x 50 (127.2)	W 18 x 50 (132.5)	W 18 x 50 (137.9)	W 18 x 55 (142.6)	W 18 x 55 (147.9)	W 21 x 57 (153.7)

COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips) — Tower Height = (HL + HR)/2

ZONE 1 NO ICE 100 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

¾" Dia. H.S. Bolts — Spans 76' Thru 155'

SPAN	140'	145'	150'	155'
W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH	5.5 x 5.5	5.5 x 5.5	5.5 x 5.5	5.5 x 5.5
CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown	L 6 x 6 x 1/2 [21]	L 6 x 6 x 9/16 [23]	L 6 x 6 x 9/16 [24]	L 6 x 6 x 5/8 [26]
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 x 2 1/2x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 5/16 [4]	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 5/16 [4]	L 3 1/2x 3 1/2x 5/16 [4]	L 4 x 3 1/2x 5/16 [4]
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ⑤	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2x 1/4 [2]
WIND LOAD STRUT - ⑤	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2x 2 1/2x 3/16 [1]
TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.	DEFL=3.09" L=137 lb/ft	DEFL=3.36" L=149 lb/ft	DEFL=3.82" L=149 lb/ft	DEFL=4.14" L=162 lb/ft

TOWER DETAILS

S = COLUMN SPACING	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'
TOWER HEIGHT				
15'	W 14 x 34 (74.8)	W 16 x 36 (77.2)	W 16 x 36 (80.1)	W 16 x 36 (82.6)
16'	W 14 x 34 (80.1)	W 16 x 36 (82.7)	W 16 x 36 (85.8)	W 16 x 36 (88.5)
17'	W 16 x 36 (85.5)	W 16 x 36 (88.3)	W 16 x 40 (91.5)	W 16 x 40 (94.3)
18'	W 16 x 36 (90.8)	W 16 x 40 (93.8)	W 16 x 40 (97.2)	W 16 x 40 (100.3)
19'	W 16 x 40 (96.1)	W 16 x 40 (99.3)	W 18 x 46 (104.5)	W 18 x 46 (107.7)
20'	W 16 x 40 (101.5)	W 16 x 40 (104.9)	W 18 x 46 (110.4)	W 18 x 46 (113.9)
21'	W 18 x 46 (108.6)	W 18 x 46 (112.2)	W 18 x 46 (116.3)	W 18 x 46 (120.0)
22'	W 18 x 46 (114.2)	W 18 x 46 (118.0)	W 18 x 46 (122.3)	W 18 x 50 (126.2)
23'	W 18 x 46 (119.8)	W 18 x 46 (123.8)	W 18 x 50 (128.1)	W 18 x 50 (132.1)
24'	W 18 x 46 (125.4)	W 18 x 50 (129.6)	W 18 x 50 (134.1)	W 18 x 50 (138.3)
25'	W 18 x 50 (130.8)	W 18 x 50 (135.2)	W 18 x 55 (140.0)	W 18 x 55 (144.4)
26'	W 18 x 50 (136.5)	W 18 x 55 (141.1)	W 18 x 55 (146.1)	W 18 x 55 (150.7)
27'	W 18 x 55 (141.9)	W 18 x 55 (146.8)	W 21 x 57 (154.0)	W 21 x 57 (158.9)
28'	W 18 x 55 (147.7)	W 18 x 55 (152.7)	W 21 x 57 (160.2)	W 21 x 57 (165.3)
29'	W 21 x 57 (155.6)	W 21 x 57 (160.8)	W 21 x 62 (166.5)	W 21 x 62 (171.8)
30'	W 21 x 57 (161.5)	W 21 x 57 (166.8)	W 21 x 62 (172.7)	W 21 x 62 (178.3)

COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips) — Tower Height = (HL + HR)/2

KEY TO TRUSS AND TOWER DETAILS

Truss members are all angles.
Truss columns are all wide flange shapes.

W 10 x 26 (44.2) — 44.2 kips Uplift at base plate
- 26 Pounds per foot.
- 10" Nominal size
- Wide Flange

DEFL = 0.12" * inches Deflection due to dead load of truss, walkway, signs and lights.
DL = 42 lb/ft * pounds per foot dead load of truss members only; does not include walkway, signs, and lights.

NOTE: Details on these sheets are for Design Wind Heights up to 30 feet.

GENERAL NOTES

Design conforms to AASHTO 1994 Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto.

For overhead sign bridges with different tower heights, average the height of the two towers and use the tabulated height nearest the calculated average. For average heights falling midway between the two tabulated heights use the larger height.

For truss lengths falling between those shown in the tables use the sizes called for in the next longer span.

Overhead sign bridges are designed for the equivalent area of a 10 foot deep sign panel over 75 percent of the span length, located as necessary to produce maximum stress. Design includes 3 pounds per square foot for sign panel, 20 pounds per linear foot for lights, and 50 pounds per linear foot for walkway, all placed as specified for the design sign panel.

Refer to "Overhead Sign Bridge Truss Details" for details called out in plan and elevation views.

The number of High Strength Bolts required in truss connection or splice are indicated in brackets, e.g. [3], after the member size.

SHEET 2 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE DETAILS

OSB-Z1

DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT

REVISIONS
8/08 add missing HS bolt dia (select spans); applicability note; noted design specifications

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		42

DATE:
FILE:

ZONE 1 100 MPH WIND

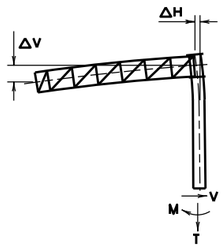
TOWER HEIGHT (ft)	10' SPAN											15' SPAN											
	TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS			TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS			
	O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)	O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)	
14'	16	0.250	0.108	1 1/4	8	20 1/2"	24 x 1 1/4	0.2	5.61	25.29	77.33	16	0.344	0.180	1 1/2	8	21"	25 x 1 3/4	0.5	8.43	58.69	118.08	14'
15'			0.124				24 x 1 1/4		5.64		82.92		0.344	0.206						8.46		126.44	15'
16'			0.141				24 x 1 1/4		5.66		88.55		0.344	0.235						8.48		134.84	16'
17'			0.159				24 x 1 1/4		5.69		94.20		0.344	0.265						8.51		143.72	17'
18'			0.178				24 x 1 3/8		5.71		99.88		0.375	0.274						8.54		151.73	18'
19'			0.198				24 x 1 3/8		5.74		105.58		0.375	0.306	1 1/2		21"	25 x 1 3/4		8.56		160.23	19'
20'			0.220	1 1/4		20 1/2"	24 x 1 1/2		5.77		111.32		0.406	0.315	1 3/4		21 1/2"	26 x 1 7/8		8.59		168.72	20'
21'		0.250	0.242	1 3/8		20 3/4"	24 1/2x 1 1/2		5.79		117.09		0.406	0.347				26 x 1 7/8		8.62		177.32	21'
22'		0.281	0.238				24 1/2x 1 1/2		5.82		122.88		0.438	0.354				26 x 2		8.64		185.91	22'
23'		0.281	0.260				24 1/2x 1 3/8		5.85		128.70		0.438	0.387				26 x 2		8.67		194.53	23'
24'		0.281	0.283				24 1/2x 1 3/8		5.87		134.55		0.469	0.395				26 x 2		8.69		203.18	24'
25'		0.312	0.279	1 3/8		20 3/4"	24 1/2x 1 3/8		5.90		140.42		0.469	0.429				26 x 2 1/8		8.72		211.85	25'
26'		0.312	0.302	1 1/2		21"	25 x 1 3/4		5.93		146.33		0.500	0.440				26 x 2 1/8		8.75		220.56	26'
27'		0.312	0.325				25 x 1 3/4		5.95		152.26		0.500	0.474				26 x 2 1/8		8.77		229.30	27'
28'		0.344	0.320				25 x 1 3/4		5.98		158.22		0.531	0.482	1 3/4		21 1/2"	26 x 2 1/4		8.80		238.06	28'
29'		0.344	0.343				25 x 1 7/8		6.01		164.20		0.531	0.517	2		22"	27 x 2 1/4		8.83		246.85	29'
30'		0.344	0.367	1 1/2		21"	25 x 1 7/8		6.03		170.21		0.656	0.459	2		22"	27 x 2 3/8		8.85		255.67	30'
31'		0.375	0.362	1 3/4		21 1/2"	26 x 1 7/8		6.06		176.25		0.656	0.490	2		22"	27 x 2 3/8		8.88		264.52	31'
32'	16	0.375	0.385	1 3/4	8	21 1/2"	26 x 1 7/8	0.2	6.09	25.29	182.32	16	0.656	0.523	2	8	22"	27 x 2 3/8	0.5	8.91	58.69	273.39	32'

TOWER HEIGHT (ft)	20' SPAN											25' SPAN											
	TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS			TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS			
	O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)	O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)	
14'	20	0.310	0.177	1 3/4	8	25 3/8"	29 3/4x 1 3/4	0.6	11.53	107.50	162.73	24	0.310	0.165	1 3/4	8	29 3/8"	33 3/4x 1 1/2	0.8	14.40	168.25	205.58	14'
15'		0.310	0.203					0.6	11.56		174.09		0.310	0.189				33 3/4x 1 1/2		14.44		219.64	15'
16'		0.310	0.231					0.7	11.59		185.51		0.310	0.215				33 3/4x 1 5/8		14.48		233.79	16'
17'		0.344	0.240						11.62		197.01		0.344	0.221				33 3/4x 1 5/8		14.52		248.01	17'
18'		0.344	0.269						11.66		208.52		0.344	0.248				33 3/4x 1 5/8	0.8	14.56		262.29	18'
19'		0.344	0.300				29 3/4x 1 3/4		11.69		220.08		0.344	0.276	1 3/4		29 3/8"	33 3/4x 1 3/4	0.9	14.60		276.65	19'
20'		0.375	0.306				29 3/4x 1 7/8		11.72		231.68		0.344	0.306	2		29 3/4"	34 1/2x 1 3/4		14.64		291.07	20'
21'		0.375	0.337				29 3/4x 1 7/8		11.76		243.33		0.375	0.311				34 1/2x 1 7/8		14.68		305.54	21'
22'		0.406	0.341				29 3/4x 1 7/8		11.79		255.00		0.375	0.341				34 1/2x 1 7/8		14.72		320.07	22'
23'		0.406	0.373	1 3/4		25 3/8"	29 3/4x 2	0.7	11.82		266.73		0.375	0.373				34 1/2x 2		14.76		334.66	23'
24'		0.406	0.406	2		25 3/4"	30 1/2x 2	0.8	11.86		278.50		0.406	0.376				34 1/2x 2	0.9	14.80		349.29	24'
25'		0.438	0.410				30 1/2x 2 1/8		11.89		290.30		0.406	0.408				34 1/2x 2	1.0	14.84		363.98	25'
26'		0.438	0.443				30 1/2x 2 1/8		11.92		302.15		0.406	0.442				34 1/2x 2		14.88		378.72	26'
27'		0.469	0.449				30 1/2x 2 1/8		11.96		314.03		0.406	0.476				34 1/2x 2 1/8		14.92		393.51	27'
28'		0.469	0.483				30 1/2x 2 1/4		11.99		325.95		0.438	0.477	2		29 3/4"	34 1/2x 2 1/8		14.96		408.34	28'
29'		0.500	0.488				30 1/2x 2 1/4		12.02		337.91		0.438	0.512	2 1/4		30"	35 x 2 1/4		15.00		423.22	29'
30'		0.500	0.523				30 1/2x 2 1/4		12.05		349.90		0.469	0.513				35 x 2 1/4		15.04		438.15	30'
31'		0.531	0.528				30 1/2x 2 1/4		12.09		361.93		0.469	0.548				35 x 2 1/4	1.0	15.08		453.12	31'
32'	20	0.531	0.563	2	8	25 3/4"	30 1/2x 2 3/8	0.8	12.12	107.50	374.00	24	0.469	0.584	2 1/4	8	30"	35 x 2 1/4	1.1	15.12	168.25	468.13	32'

ZONE 1 100 MPH WIND

TOWER HEIGHT (ft)	30' SPAN											35' SPAN											
	TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS			TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS			
	O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)	O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)	
14'	24	0.375	0.199	2	8	29 3/4"	34 1/2x 1 3/4	1.1	17.16	242.54	249.26	30	0.310	0.178	2	8	35 3/4"	40 1/2x 1 5/8	1.3	20.11	330.60	296.99	14'
15'		0.375	0.238				34 1/2x 1 3/4	1.2	17.20		265.80		0.310	0.205				40 1/2x 1 5/8	1.4	20.16		316.04	15'
16'		0.406	0.251				34 1/2x 1 7/8		17.24		282.45		0.310	0.233				40 1/2x 1 5/8		20.21		335.27	16'
17'		0.406	0.283				34 1/2x 1 7/8		17.28		299.21		0.344	0.239				40 1/2x 1 3/4		20.26		354.65	17'
18'		0.438	0.296				34 1/2x 1 7/8	1.2	17.32		316.06		0.344	0.268				40 1/2x 1 3/4	1.4	20.31		374.16	18'
19'		0.438	0.329				34 1/2x 2	1.3	17.36		332.99		0.344	0.299				40 1/2x 1 3/4	1.5	20.36		393.81	19'
20'		0.438	0.355				34 1/2x 2	1.3	17.40		350.00		0.344	0.331	2		35 3/4"	40 1/2x 1 3/4	1.5	20.41		413.56	20'
21'		0.467	0.377	2		29 3/4"	34 1/2x 2	1.3	17.44		367.09		0.375	0.336	2 1/4		36"	41 x 1 7/8	1.5	20.46		433.43	21'
22'		0.467	0.414	2 1/4		30"	35 x 2 1/8	1.4	17.48		384.25		0.375	0.369				41 x 1 7/8	1.6	20.51		453.39	22'
23'		0.467	0.452				35 x 2 1/8		17.52		401.47		0.375	0.403				41 x 2	1.6	20.56		473.44	23'
24'		0.500	0.463				35 x 2 1/8		17.56		418.75		0.375	0.439				41 x 2	1.7	20.61		493.59	24'
25'		0.530	0.475				35 x 2 1/4		17.60		436.09		0.406	0.442				41 x 2		20.66		513.81	25'
26'		0.530	0.514				35 x 2 1/4	1.4	17.64		453.50		0.406	0.478				41 x 2		20.70		534.12	26'
27'		0.530	0.554				35 x 2 1/4	1.5	17.68		470.95		0.406	0.512				41 x 2		20.75		554.50	27'
28'		0.530	0.596				35 x 2 3/8	1.5	17.72		488.46		0.438	0.514				41 x 2 1/8		20.80		574.96	28'
29'		0.562	0.607				35 x 2 3/8	1.5	17.76		506.03		0.438	0.552				41 x 2 1/4	1.7	20.85		595.49	29'
30'		0.562	0.649	2 1/4		30"	35 x 2 3/8	1.6	17.80		523.64		0.438	0.591	2 1/4		36"	41 x 2 1/4	1.8	20.90		616.08	30'
31'		0.594	0.659	2 1/2		30 1/2"	36 x 2 1/2	1.6	17.84		541.31		0.469	0.591	2 1/2		36 1/2"	42 x 2 1/4	1.8	20.95		636.75	31'
32'	24	0.594	0.702	2 1/2	8	30 1/2"	36 x 2 1/2	1.6	17.88	242.54	559.02	30	0.469	0.630	2 1/2	8	36 1/2"	42 x 2 1/4	1.8	21.00	330.60	657.48	32'

TOWER HEIGHT (ft)	40' SPAN											
	TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS			
	O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)	
14'	30	0.375	0.206	2 1/4	8	36"	41 x 1 7/8	1.8	22.89	432.38	347.21	14'
15'		0.410	0.219					1.8	22.94		368.40	15'
16'		0.410	0.249					1.8	22.99		389.82	16'
17'		0.410	0.282					1.9	23.04		411.46	17'
18'		0.410	0.316				41 x 1 7/8	2.0	23.09		433.29	18'
19'		0.440	0.327				41 x 2	2.0	23.14		455.29	19'
20'		0.440	0.362					2.0	23.19		477.44	20'
21'		0.440	0.399					2.1	23.24		499.74	21'
22'		0.440	0.438				41 x 2	2.2	23.29		522.16	22'
23'		0.470	0.531	2 1/4		36"	41 x 2 1/8	2.2	23.34		544.69	23'
24'		0.470	0.489	2 1/2		36 1/2"	42 x 2 1/8	2.2	23.39		567.34	24'
25'		0.470	0.531				42 x 2 1/4	2.3	23.44		590.10	25'
26'		0.500	0.540				42 x 2 1/4		23.49		612.95	26'
27'		0.500	0.582				42 x 2 1/4		23.54		635.89	27'
28'		0.500	0.626				42 x 2 3/8		23.59		658.93	28'
29'		0.531	0.647				42 x 2 3/8	2.3	23.64		682.04	29'
30'		0.531	0.692				42 x 2 3/8	2.4	23.69		705.24	30'
31'		0.562	0.687				42 x 2 3/8	2.4	23.73		728.52	31'
32'	30	0.562	0.732	2 1/2	8	36 1/2"	42 x 2 1/2	2.4	23.78	432.38	751.87	32'



ELEVATION

(SHOWING DESIGN LOADS AND DEAD LOAD DEFLECTIONS)

TRUSS DETAILS

SPAN	10', 15', & 20' 25'	30' 35'	40'		
W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5
CHORD- ① Unless Otherwise Shown	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 ②[3] L	x 3 x 3 1/4 ② x	3 x 3 1/2 [7] 1/4 x x	3 1/2 3 9/16 5/16 x	3 [3] 3 1/2 3/8
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL- ②	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2] L	x 2 x 2 3/16 [2] L x	x2 2 [2] 3/16 x x	2 [2] L 3/16 x	3 [2] 2 3/16
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL- ②	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2] L	x 3 x 3 3/16 [2] L x	x3 2 1/2 [3] 1/4 x x	3 [3] L 1/4 x	3 [3] 3 1/4
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL- ②	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2] L	x 2 x 2 3/16 [2] L x	x2 2 [2] 3/16 x x	2 [2] L 3/16 x	3 [2] 2 3/16
WIND LOAD STRUT- ②	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1] L	x 2 x 2 3/16] L x	x 2 2 [1] L 3/16 x x	2 [1] 2 3/16 x	2 1/2 [1] 2 1/2 3/16
TRUSS DEAD LOAD	42 lb/ft	47 lb/ft 53 lb/ft	60 lb/ft	70 lb/ft	
SIZE H. S. BOLTS IN CONNECTION	5/8" DIA	5/8" DIA	5/8" DIA	5/8" DIA	3/4" DIA
NO. & SIZE OF H. S. BOLTS IN CHORD ANGLE TO TOWER CONNECTION PLATE	3 ~ 5/8" DIA ea	5 ~ 5/8" DIA or 3 ~ 3/4" DIA ea	7 ~ 5/8" DIA or 5 ~ 3/4" DIA ea	9 ~ 5/8" DIA or 7 ~ 3/4" DIA ea	8 ~ 3/4" DIA ea

① "Low-Alloy Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

② "Carbon Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

GENERAL NOTES :

Design conforms to AASHTO 1994 Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto.

Steel for tower pipe shall conform to ASTM A53 Grade B or to ASTM A501. Tower pipe wall thickness shown is the minimum allowable. Fabricator may use the wall thickness shown or pipe of the same diameter with greater wall thickness.

All connection bolts shall conform to Item 447, "Structural Bolting". All structural steel, connection bolts, nuts and washers shall be galvanized in accordance with the Specifications.

Compensate for truss deflection at free end by offsetting upper and lower bolt holes at truss-to-tower connection.

For truss details see standard drawing COSSD.

For base and foundation details see standard drawing COSSF.

For cantilever truss lengths falling between those shown use sizes called for in the next longer span.

Truss and towers for cantilever sign supports are designed for the equivalent area of a 10'-0" deep sign panel over 100% of the span length. Design includes 3 pounds per foot squared for sign panel and 20 pounds per foot for lights and 50 pounds per foot for walkways all placed as specified for the design sign panel.

Details called for hereon are applicable for Design Wind Heights up to 30' inclusive.

Number of High Strength bolts required in truss connection or splice are indicated in brackets, e.g. [3], after the member size.

Deflections shown include the design loads for Truss, Sign Panel, Lights and Walkways.

DATE:
FILE:

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS

COSS-Z1-10

DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT

REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
4-10	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		43

ZONE 3 NO ICE 80 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

⅝" Dia. H.S. Bolts Spans 40' Thru 95'

SPAN	40'	45'	50'	55'	60'	65'	70'	75'
W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH	4.0 x 4.0	4.0 x 4.0	4.0 x 4.0	4.0 x 4.0	4.0 x 4.0	4.0 x 4.0	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5
CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 ③ [3]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 ③ [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 ③ [4]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 ③ [4]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [6]	L 3 x 3 x 5/16 [7]	L 3 x 3 x 5/16 [7]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 5/16 [9]
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ③	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ③	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [3]
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ③	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]
WIND LOAD STRUT - ③	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]
TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.	DEFL=0.14" L=38 lb/ft	DEFL=0.21" L=38 lb/ft	DEFL=0.25" L=43 lb/ft	DEFL=0.36" L=45 lb/ft	DEFL=0.50" L=45 lb/ft	DEFL=0.58" L=50 lb/ft	DEFL=0.63" L=52 lb/ft	DEFL=0.73" L=57 lb/ft

TOWER DETAILS

S = COLUMN SPACING		6.0'	6.0'	6.0'	6.0'	6.0'	6.5'	6.5'	6.5'
TOWER HEIGHT									
15'	COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips)	W 10 x 15 (18.0)	W 10 x 15 (20.1)	W 10 x 15 (22.1)	W 10 x 15 (24.2)	W 10 x 15 (26.2)	W 10 x 17 (25.8)	W 10 x 17 (27.9)	W 10 x 22 (29.8)
16'		W 10 x 15 (19.3)	W 10 x 15 (21.5)	W 10 x 15 (23.7)	W 10 x 15 (25.9)	W 10 x 15 (28.1)	W 10 x 17 (27.6)	W 10 x 22 (29.9)	W 10 x 22 (31.9)
17'		W 10 x 15 (20.6)	W 10 x 15 (23.0)	W 10 x 15 (25.3)	W 10 x 17 (27.6)	W 10 x 17 (29.9)	W 10 x 22 (29.4)	W 10 x 22 (31.8)	W 10 x 22 (34.0)
18'		W 10 x 15 (21.9)	W 10 x 15 (24.4)	W 10 x 17 (26.9)	W 10 x 17 (29.3)	W 10 x 17 (31.8)	W 10 x 22 (31.3)	W 10 x 22 (33.8)	W 10 x 22 (36.1)
19'		W 10 x 15 (23.3)	W 10 x 17 (25.9)	W 10 x 17 (28.5)	W 10 x 22 (31.1)	W 10 x 22 (33.7)	W 10 x 22 (33.1)	W 10 x 22 (35.7)	W 10 x 22 (38.2)
20'		W 10 x 15 (24.6)	W 10 x 17 (27.4)	W 10 x 17 (30.1)	W 10 x 22 (32.8)	W 10 x 22 (35.5)	W 10 x 22 (35.0)	W 10 x 22 (37.7)	W 10 x 22 (40.3)
21'		W 10 x 17 (25.9)	W 10 x 17 (28.9)	W 10 x 22 (31.7)	W 10 x 22 (34.6)	W 10 x 22 (37.1)	W 10 x 22 (36.9)	W 10 x 26 (39.7)	W 10 x 26 (42.5)
22'		W 10 x 17 (27.3)	W 10 x 17 (30.4)	W 10 x 22 (33.3)	W 10 x 22 (36.4)	W 10 x 22 (39.0)	W 10 x 22 (38.7)	W 10 x 26 (41.8)	W 10 x 26 (44.6)
23'		W 10 x 22 (28.7)	W 10 x 22 (31.9)	W 10 x 22 (35.0)	W 10 x 22 (38.4)	W 10 x 26 (41.3)	W 10 x 26 (40.6)	W 10 x 26 (43.8)	W 12 x 26 (47.1)
24'		W 10 x 22 (30.1)	W 10 x 22 (33.4)	W 10 x 22 (36.6)	W 10 x 22 (39.9)	W 10 x 26 (43.2)	W 10 x 26 (42.5)	W 10 x 26 (45.8)	W 12 x 26 (49.3)
25'		W 10 x 22 (31.4)	W 10 x 22 (34.9)	W 10 x 22 (38.3)	W 10 x 26 (41.7)	W 10 x 26 (44.6)	W 10 x 26 (44.5)	W 12 x 26 (48.3)	W 12 x 26 (51.5)
26'		W 10 x 22 (32.9)	W 10 x 22 (36.5)	W 10 x 26 (40.0)	W 10 x 26 (43.5)	W 10 x 26 (46.6)	W 12 x 26 (46.4)	W 12 x 26 (50.4)	W 12 x 26 (53.7)
27'		W 10 x 22 (33.7)	W 10 x 26 (38.0)	W 10 x 26 (41.8)	W 10 x 26 (45.4)	W 12 x 26 (49.6)	W 12 x 26 (48.8)	W 12 x 26 (52.5)	W 12 x 26 (56.0)
28'		W 10 x 22 (35.1)	W 10 x 26 (39.6)	W 10 x 26 (43.4)	W 12 x 26 (47.2)	W 12 x 26 (51.6)	W 12 x 26 (50.8)	W 12 x 26 (54.6)	W 14 x 30 (58.2)
29'		W 10 x 26 (37.1)	W 10 x 26 (41.6)	W 12 x 26 (45.7)	W 12 x 26 (50.0)	W 12 x 26 (53.6)	W 12 x 26 (52.7)	W 12 x 26 (56.7)	W 14 x 30 (61.5)
30'		W 10 x 26 (38.6)	W 10 x 26 (42.8)	W 12 x 26 (47.4)	W 12 x 26 (51.6)	W 12 x 26 (55.6)	W 12 x 26 (54.7)	W 12 x 26 (58.8)	W 14 x 30 (63.8)

Tower Height = (HL + HR)/2

ZONE 3 NO ICE 80 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

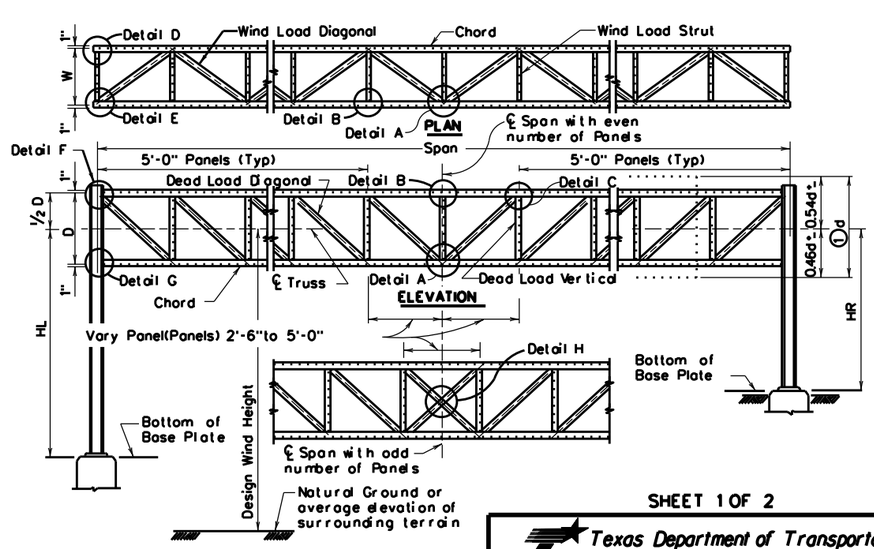
⅝" Dia. H.S. Bolts Spans 40' Thru 95'

80'	85'	90'	95'	SPAN
4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH
L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 5/16 [9]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 5/16 [9]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 3/8 [10]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 3/8 [11]	CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown
L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ③
L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ③
L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ③
L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	WIND LOAD STRUT - ③
DEFL=0.95" L=61 lb/ft	DEFL=1.19" L=61 lb/ft	DEFL=1.32" L=67 lb/ft	DEFL=1.61" L=67 lb/ft	TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.

TOWER DETAILS

6.5'	6.5'	6.5'	6.5'	S = COLUMN SPACING	
				TOWER HEIGHT	
W 10 x 22 (31.7)	W 10 x 22 (33.6)	W 10 x 22 (35.5)	W 10 x 22 (37.5)	15'	COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips)
W 10 x 22 (33.9)	W 10 x 22 (36.0)	W 10 x 22 (38.0)	W 10 x 22 (40.1)	16'	
W 10 x 22 (36.1)	W 10 x 22 (38.3)	W 10 x 22 (40.5)	W 10 x 26 (42.8)	17'	
W 10 x 22 (38.4)	W 10 x 22 (40.7)	W 10 x 26 (43.0)	W 10 x 26 (45.4)	18'	
W 10 x 26 (40.6)	W 10 x 26 (43.1)	W 10 x 26 (45.8)	W 10 x 26 (47.8)	19'	
W 10 x 26 (42.9)	W 10 x 26 (45.5)	W 10 x 26 (48.4)	W 10 x 26 (50.4)	20'	
W 10 x 26 (45.1)	W 12 x 26 (48.2)	W 12 x 26 (50.9)	W 12 x 26 (53.7)	21'	
W 10 x 26 (47.4)	W 12 x 26 (50.6)	W 12 x 26 (53.5)	W 12 x 26 (56.4)	22'	
W 12 x 26 (50.0)	W 12 x 26 (52.7)	W 12 x 26 (56.1)	W 12 x 26 (59.7)	23'	
W 12 x 26 (52.4)	W 12 x 26 (55.2)	W 12 x 26 (58.7)	W 12 x 26 (61.8)	24'	
W 12 x 26 (54.7)	W 12 x 26 (58.0)	W 14 x 30 (62.1)	W 14 x 30 (65.4)	25'	
W 12 x 26 (57.1)	W 14 x 30 (60.5)	W 14 x 30 (64.7)	W 14 x 30 (68.2)	26'	
W 14 x 30 (60.3)	W 14 x 30 (63.9)	W 14 x 30 (67.4)	W 14 x 34 (71.0)	27'	
W 14 x 30 (62.8)	W 14 x 30 (66.5)	W 14 x 30 (70.1)	W 14 x 34 (73.8)	28'	
W 14 x 30 (65.2)	W 14 x 30 (69.0)	W 14 x 34 (72.9)	W 14 x 34 (76.7)	29'	
W 14 x 30 (67.8)	W 14 x 34 (71.6)	W 14 x 34 (75.8)	W 14 x 34 (79.5)	30'	

Tower Height = (HL + HR)/2



① d = Sign Depth
Where signs of different depths are used, the bottom edges of all signs may be placed in line. Where this is done, all signs should be so positioned that the bottom edges are approximately 0.46 of the depth of the deepest sign below the ℄ of the truss.

② "Low-Alloy Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

③ "Carbon Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE DETAILS

OSB-Z3

© TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		44

37A

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DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:32 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\57-58 OSB-Z3.dgn

ZONE 3 NO ICE 80 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

¾" Dia. H.S. Bolts — Spans 96' Thru 155'

SPAN	100'	105'	110'	115'	120'	125'	130'	135'
W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0
CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown	L 4 x 4 x 3/8 [9]	L 4 x 4 x 3/8 [10]	L 4 x 4 x 7/16 [11]	L 4 x 4 x 1/2 [12]	L 4 x 4 x 1/2 [12]	L 4 x 4 x 1/2 [13]	L 5 x 5 x 7/16 [14]	L 5 x 5 x 7/16 [15]
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ⑤	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]
WIND LOAD STRUT - ⑤	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]
TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.	DEFL=1.77" L=76 lb/ft	DEFL=2.13" L=76 lb/ft	DEFL=2.32" L=82 lb/ft	DEFL=2.54" L=90 lb/ft	DEFL=2.54" L=95 lb/ft	DEFL=3.03" L=97 lb/ft	DEFL=3.22" L=103 lb/ft	DEFL=3.72" L=103 lb/ft

TOWER DETAILS

S = COLUMN SPACING	7.0'	7.0'	7.0'	7.0'	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'
TOWER HEIGHT								
15'	W 10 x 22 (36.0)	W 10 x 26 (37.8)	W 10 x 26 (39.5)	W 10 x 26 (41.1)	W 12 x 26 (39.9)	W 12 x 26 (41.5)	W 12 x 26 (43.1)	W 12 x 26 (44.7)
16'	W 10 x 22 (38.6)	W 10 x 26 (40.5)	W 10 x 26 (42.3)	W 10 x 26 (44.0)	W 12 x 26 (42.7)	W 12 x 26 (44.5)	W 12 x 26 (46.2)	W 12 x 26 (48.0)
17'	W 10 x 26 (40.9)	W 10 x 26 (43.2)	W 10 x 26 (45.1)	W 12 x 26 (47.1)	W 12 x 26 (45.6)	W 12 x 26 (47.4)	W 12 x 26 (49.3)	W 12 x 26 (51.2)
18'	W 10 x 26 (43.5)	W 10 x 26 (45.9)	W 12 x 26 (47.9)	W 12 x 26 (50.1)	W 12 x 26 (48.5)	W 12 x 26 (50.4)	W 12 x 26 (52.4)	W 12 x 26 (54.4)
19'	W 12 x 26 (46.5)	W 12 x 26 (48.8)	W 12 x 26 (51.0)	W 12 x 26 (53.1)	W 12 x 26 (51.4)	W 12 x 26 (53.4)	W 14 x 30 (56.0)	W 14 x 30 (58.1)
20'	W 12 x 26 (49.1)	W 12 x 26 (51.5)	W 12 x 26 (53.8)	W 12 x 26 (56.0)	W 12 x 26 (54.3)	W 14 x 30 (56.9)	W 14 x 30 (59.2)	W 14 x 30 (61.4)
21'	W 12 x 26 (51.7)	W 12 x 26 (54.3)	W 12 x 26 (56.7)	W 14 x 30 (59.6)	W 14 x 30 (57.7)	W 14 x 30 (60.0)	W 14 x 30 (62.3)	W 14 x 30 (64.7)
22'	W 12 x 26 (54.3)	W 12 x 26 (57.0)	W 14 x 30 (59.6)	W 14 x 30 (62.6)	W 14 x 30 (60.7)	W 14 x 30 (63.1)	W 14 x 30 (65.5)	W 14 x 34 (68.0)
23'	W 14 x 30 (57.7)	W 14 x 30 (60.4)	W 14 x 30 (63.1)	W 14 x 30 (65.7)	W 14 x 30 (63.7)	W 14 x 34 (66.2)	W 14 x 34 (68.8)	W 14 x 34 (71.3)
24'	W 14 x 30 (60.4)	W 14 x 30 (63.3)	W 14 x 30 (66.0)	W 14 x 30 (67.8)	W 14 x 30 (66.6)	W 14 x 34 (69.3)	W 14 x 34 (72.0)	W 14 x 34 (74.7)
25'	W 14 x 30 (63.1)	W 14 x 30 (66.3)	W 14 x 34 (69.8)	W 14 x 34 (71.8)	W 14 x 34 (69.6)	W 14 x 34 (72.4)	W 16 x 36 (76.0)	W 16 x 36 (78.8)
26'	W 14 x 30 (65.8)	W 14 x 30 (68.9)	W 14 x 34 (72.8)	W 14 x 34 (74.9)	W 14 x 34 (72.6)	W 14 x 34 (75.5)	W 16 x 36 (79.3)	W 16 x 36 (82.2)
27'	W 14 x 34 (68.6)	W 14 x 34 (72.0)	W 14 x 34 (74.9)	W 16 x 36 (78.9)	W 16 x 36 (76.5)	W 16 x 36 (79.5)	W 16 x 36 (82.6)	W 16 x 40 (85.6)
28'	W 14 x 34 (71.3)	W 14 x 34 (74.7)	W 14 x 34 (77.9)	W 16 x 36 (82.1)	W 16 x 36 (79.6)	W 16 x 36 (82.7)	W 16 x 36 (85.9)	W 16 x 40 (89.1)
29'	W 14 x 34 (74.1)	W 16 x 36 (78.6)	W 16 x 36 (82.0)	W 16 x 36 (85.3)	W 16 x 36 (82.7)	W 16 x 40 (85.9)	W 16 x 40 (89.2)	W 16 x 40 (92.5)
30'	W 14 x 34 (76.9)	W 16 x 36 (81.5)	W 16 x 36 (85.0)	W 16 x 36 (88.5)	W 16 x 40 (85.8)	W 16 x 40 (89.1)	W 16 x 40 (92.6)	W 16 x 40 (96.0)

COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips)

Tower Height = (HL + HR) / 2

ZONE 3 NO ICE 80 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

¾" Dia. H.S. Bolts — Spans 96' Thru 155'

SPAN	140'	145'	150'	155'
W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0
CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown	L 5 x 5 x 1/2 [17]	L 5 x 5 x 1/2 [18]	L 6 x 6 x 1/2 [20]	L 6 x 6 x 1/2 [21]
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [2]
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ⑤	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]
WIND LOAD STRUT - ⑤	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]
TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.	DEFL=3.96" L=114 lb/ft	DEFL=4.53" L=114 lb/ft	DEFL=4.65" L=129 lb/ft	DEFL=5.27" L=131 lb/ft

TOWER DETAILS

S = COLUMN SPACING	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'
TOWER HEIGHT				
15'	W 12 x 26 (46.1)	W 12 x 26 (47.9)	W 12 x 26 (49.3)	W 12 x 26 (51.1)
16'	W 12 x 26 (49.4)	W 12 x 26 (51.3)	W 12 x 26 (52.9)	W 12 x 26 (54.7)
17'	W 12 x 26 (52.7)	W 14 x 30 (55.2)	W 14 x 30 (56.9)	W 14 x 30 (58.8)
18'	W 14 x 30 (56.1)	W 14 x 30 (58.7)	W 14 x 30 (60.5)	W 14 x 30 (62.6)
19'	W 14 x 30 (59.9)	W 14 x 30 (62.2)	W 14 x 30 (64.2)	W 14 x 34 (66.4)
20'	W 14 x 30 (63.3)	W 14 x 30 (65.8)	W 14 x 34 (67.9)	W 14 x 34 (70.2)
21'	W 14 x 34 (66.7)	W 14 x 34 (69.3)	W 14 x 34 (71.5)	W 16 x 36 (74.0)
22'	W 14 x 34 (70.2)	W 14 x 34 (72.9)	W 14 x 34 (75.2)	W 16 x 36 (77.9)
23'	W 14 x 34 (73.6)	W 16 x 36 (77.1)	W 16 x 36 (79.6)	W 16 x 36 (81.7)
24'	W 16 x 36 (77.1)	W 16 x 36 (80.7)	W 16 x 36 (83.4)	W 16 x 36 (85.6)
25'	W 16 x 36 (81.3)	W 16 x 36 (84.4)	W 16 x 40 (87.2)	W 16 x 40 (90.2)
26'	W 16 x 36 (84.8)	W 16 x 40 (88.0)	W 16 x 40 (91.0)	W 16 x 40 (94.1)
27'	W 16 x 40 (88.4)	W 16 x 40 (91.7)	W 16 x 40 (94.8)	W 18 x 46 (98.9)
28'	W 16 x 40 (91.9)	W 16 x 40 (95.4)	W 18 x 46 (98.6)	W 18 x 46 (102.9)
29'	W 18 x 46 (97.9)	W 18 x 46 (100.1)	W 18 x 46 (103.4)	W 18 x 46 (106.9)
30'	W 18 x 46 (101.6)	W 18 x 46 (103.9)	W 18 x 46 (107.3)	W 18 x 46 (110.9)

S = COLUMN SPACING — TOWER HEIGHT

COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips)

Tower Height = (HL + HR) / 2

KEY TO TRUSS AND TOWER DETAILS

Truss members are all angles.
Truss columns are all wide flange shapes.

W 10 x 26 (44.2) — 44.2 kips Uplift at base plate

- 26 Pounds per foot.
- 10" Nominal size
- Wide Flange

DEFL = 0.12" = inches Deflection due to dead load of truss, walkway, signs and lights.
DL = 42 lb/ft = pounds per foot dead load of truss members only; does not include walkway, signs, and lights.

NOTE: Details on these sheets are for Design Wind Heights up to 30 feet.

GENERAL NOTES

Design conforms to AASHTO 1994 Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto.

For overhead sign bridges with different tower heights, average the height of the two towers and use the tabulated height nearest the calculated average. For average heights falling midway between the two tabulated heights use the larger height.

For truss lengths falling between those shown in the tables use the sizes called for in the next longer span.

Overhead sign bridges are designed for the equivalent area of a 10 foot deep sign panel over 75 percent of the span length, located as necessary to produce maximum stress. Design includes 3 pounds per square foot for sign panel, 20 pounds per linear foot for lights, and 50 pounds per linear foot for walkway, all placed as specified for the design sign panel.

Refer to "Overhead Sign Bridge Truss Details" for details called out in plan and elevation views.

The number of High Strength Bolts required in truss connection or splice are indicated in brackets, e.g. [3], after the member size.

SHEET 2 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE DETAILS

OSB-Z3

DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT

REVISIONS
8/08 add missing HS bolt dia (select spans); applicability note; noted design specifications

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		45

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:33 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFCV2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\57-58 OSB-Z3.dgn

ZONE 3 WITH ICE 80 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

⅝" Dia. H.S. Bolts Spans 40' Thru 95'

SPAN	40'	45'	50'	55'	60'	65'	70'	75'
W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH	4.0 x 4.0	4.0 x 4.0	4.0 x 4.0	4.0 x 4.0	4.0 x 4.0	4.0 x 4.0	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5
CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown	L 3 x 3 x 5/16 ③ [3]	L 3 x 3 x 5/16 ③ [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 ③ [4]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 ③ [4]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [6]	L 3 x 3 x 5/16 [7]	L 3 x 3 x 5/16 [7]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 5/16 [9]
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ③	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [3]
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ③	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [3]
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ③	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]
WIND LOAD STRUT - ③	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]
TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.	DEFL=0.14" L=38 lb/ft	DEFL=0.21" L=38 lb/ft	DEFL=0.25" L=43 lb/ft	DEFL=0.36" L=45 lb/ft	DEFL=0.50" L=45 lb/ft	DEFL=0.58" L=50 lb/ft	DEFL=0.63" L=53 lb/ft	DEFL=0.73" L=58 lb/ft

TOWER DETAILS

S = COLUMN SPACING	6.0'	6.0'	6.0'	6.0'	6.0'	6.5'	6.5'	6.5'
TOWER HEIGHT								
15'	W 10 x 15 (18.0)	W 10 x 15 (20.1)	W 10 x 15 (22.1)	W 10 x 15 (24.2)	W 10 x 15 (26.2)	W 10 x 17 (25.8)	W 10 x 17 (27.9)	W 10 x 22 (29.8)
16'	W 10 x 15 (19.3)	W 10 x 15 (21.5)	W 10 x 15 (23.7)	W 10 x 15 (25.9)	W 10 x 15 (28.1)	W 10 x 17 (27.6)	W 10 x 22 (29.9)	W 10 x 22 (31.9)
17'	W 10 x 15 (20.6)	W 10 x 15 (23.0)	W 10 x 15 (25.3)	W 10 x 17 (27.6)	W 10 x 17 (29.9)	W 10 x 22 (29.4)	W 10 x 22 (31.8)	W 10 x 22 (34.0)
18'	W 10 x 15 (21.9)	W 10 x 15 (24.4)	W 10 x 17 (26.9)	W 10 x 17 (29.3)	W 10 x 17 (31.8)	W 10 x 22 (31.3)	W 10 x 22 (33.8)	W 10 x 22 (36.1)
19'	W 10 x 15 (23.3)	W 10 x 17 (25.9)	W 10 x 17 (28.5)	W 10 x 22 (31.1)	W 10 x 22 (33.7)	W 10 x 22 (33.1)	W 10 x 22 (35.7)	W 10 x 22 (38.2)
20'	W 10 x 15 (24.6)	W 10 x 17 (27.4)	W 10 x 17 (30.1)	W 10 x 22 (32.8)	W 10 x 22 (35.5)	W 10 x 22 (35.0)	W 10 x 22 (37.7)	W 10 x 22 (40.3)
21'	W 10 x 17 (25.9)	W 10 x 17 (28.9)	W 10 x 22 (31.7)	W 10 x 22 (34.6)	W 10 x 22 (37.1)	W 10 x 22 (36.9)	W 10 x 26 (39.7)	W 10 x 26 (42.5)
22'	W 10 x 17 (27.3)	W 10 x 17 (30.4)	W 10 x 22 (33.3)	W 10 x 22 (36.4)	W 10 x 22 (39.0)	W 10 x 22 (38.7)	W 10 x 26 (41.8)	W 10 x 26 (44.6)
23'	W 10 x 22 (28.7)	W 10 x 22 (31.9)	W 10 x 22 (35.0)	W 10 x 22 (38.4)	W 10 x 26 (41.3)	W 10 x 26 (40.6)	W 10 x 26 (43.8)	W 12 x 26 (47.1)
24'	W 10 x 22 (30.1)	W 10 x 22 (33.4)	W 10 x 22 (36.6)	W 10 x 22 (39.9)	W 10 x 26 (43.2)	W 10 x 26 (42.5)	W 10 x 26 (45.8)	W 12 x 26 (49.3)
25'	W 10 x 22 (31.4)	W 10 x 22 (34.9)	W 10 x 22 (38.3)	W 10 x 26 (41.7)	W 10 x 26 (44.6)	W 10 x 26 (44.5)	W 12 x 26 (48.3)	W 12 x 26 (51.5)
26'	W 10 x 22 (32.9)	W 10 x 22 (36.5)	W 10 x 26 (40.0)	W 10 x 26 (43.5)	W 10 x 26 (46.6)	W 12 x 26 (46.4)	W 12 x 26 (50.4)	W 12 x 26 (53.7)
27'	W 10 x 22 (33.7)	W 10 x 26 (38.0)	W 10 x 26 (41.8)	W 10 x 26 (45.4)	W 12 x 26 (49.6)	W 12 x 26 (48.8)	W 12 x 26 (52.5)	W 12 x 26 (56.0)
28'	W 10 x 22 (35.1)	W 10 x 26 (39.6)	W 10 x 26 (43.4)	W 12 x 26 (47.2)	W 12 x 26 (51.6)	W 12 x 26 (50.8)	W 12 x 26 (54.6)	W 14 x 30 (58.2)
29'	W 10 x 26 (37.1)	W 10 x 26 (41.6)	W 12 x 26 (45.7)	W 12 x 26 (50.0)	W 12 x 26 (53.6)	W 12 x 26 (52.7)	W 12 x 26 (56.7)	W 14 x 30 (61.5)
30'	W 10 x 26 (38.6)	W 10 x 26 (42.8)	W 12 x 26 (47.4)	W 12 x 26 (51.6)	W 12 x 26 (55.6)	W 12 x 26 (54.7)	W 12 x 26 (58.8)	W 14 x 30 (63.8)

COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips)

Tower Height = (HL + HR) / 2

ZONE 3 WITH ICE 80 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

⅝" Dia. H.S. Bolts Spans 40' Thru 95'

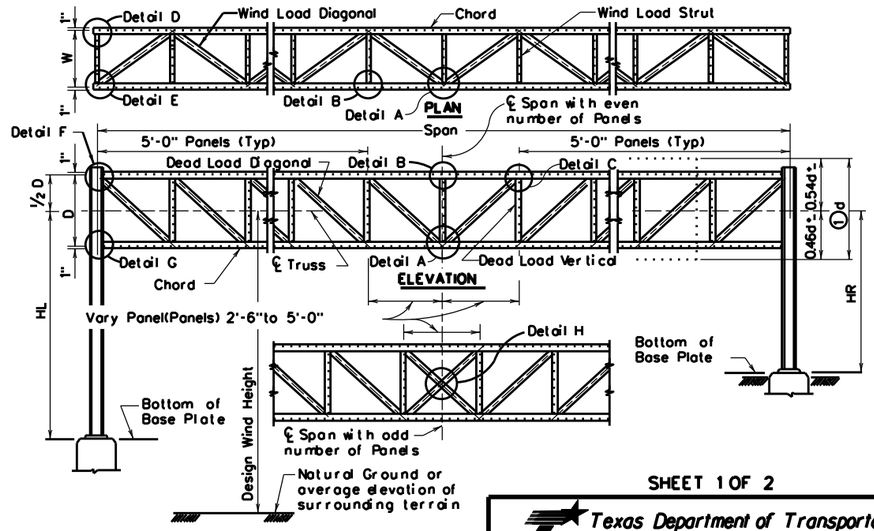
SPAN	80'	85'	90'	95'
W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5
CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 5/16 [9]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 5/16 [9]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 3/8 [10]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 3/8 [11]
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ③	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [3]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [3]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [3]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [3]
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ③	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ③	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]
WIND LOAD STRUT - ③	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1]
TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.	DEFL=0.95" L=62 lb/ft	DEFL=1.18" L=63 lb/ft	DEFL=1.30" L=69 lb/ft	DEFL=1.59" L=69 lb/ft

TOWER DETAILS

S = COLUMN SPACING	6.5'	6.5'	6.5'	6.5'
TOWER HEIGHT				
15'	W 10 x 22 (31.7)	W 10 x 22 (33.6)	W 10 x 22 (35.5)	W 10 x 22 (37.5)
16'	W 10 x 22 (33.9)	W 10 x 22 (36.0)	W 10 x 22 (38.0)	W 10 x 22 (40.1)
17'	W 10 x 22 (36.1)	W 10 x 22 (38.3)	W 10 x 22 (40.5)	W 10 x 26 (42.8)
18'	W 10 x 22 (38.4)	W 10 x 22 (40.7)	W 10 x 26 (43.0)	W 10 x 26 (45.4)
19'	W 10 x 26 (40.6)	W 10 x 26 (43.1)	W 10 x 26 (45.8)	W 10 x 26 (47.8)
20'	W 10 x 26 (42.9)	W 10 x 26 (45.5)	W 10 x 26 (48.4)	W 10 x 26 (50.4)
21'	W 10 x 26 (45.1)	W 12 x 26 (48.2)	W 12 x 26 (50.9)	W 12 x 26 (53.7)
22'	W 10 x 26 (47.4)	W 12 x 26 (50.6)	W 12 x 26 (53.5)	W 12 x 26 (56.4)
23'	W 12 x 26 (50.0)	W 12 x 26 (52.7)	W 12 x 26 (56.1)	W 12 x 26 (59.7)
24'	W 12 x 26 (52.4)	W 12 x 26 (55.2)	W 12 x 26 (58.7)	W 12 x 26 (61.8)
25'	W 12 x 26 (54.7)	W 12 x 26 (58.0)	W 14 x 30 (62.1)	W 14 x 30 (65.4)
26'	W 12 x 26 (57.1)	W 14 x 30 (60.5)	W 14 x 30 (64.7)	W 14 x 30 (68.2)
27'	W 14 x 30 (60.3)	W 14 x 30 (63.9)	W 14 x 30 (67.4)	W 14 x 34 (71.0)
28'	W 14 x 30 (62.8)	W 14 x 30 (66.5)	W 14 x 30 (70.1)	W 14 x 34 (73.8)
29'	W 14 x 30 (65.2)	W 14 x 30 (69.0)	W 14 x 34 (72.9)	W 14 x 34 (76.7)
30'	W 14 x 30 (67.8)	W 14 x 34 (71.6)	W 14 x 34 (75.8)	W 14 x 34 (79.5)

COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips)

Tower Height = (HL + HR) / 2



① d = Sign Depth
Where signs of different depths are used, the bottom edges of all signs may be placed in line. Where this is done, all signs should be so positioned that the bottom edges are approximately 0.46 of the depth of the deepest sign below the ℄ of the truss.

② "Low-Alloy Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

③ "Carbon Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE DETAILS

OSB-Z31

© TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
8/08 * of HS boltslangle sizes	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		46

39A

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DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:33 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\59-60 OSB-Z31.dgn

ZONE 3 WITH ICE 80 M.P.H. WIND

	TRUSS DETAILS								
									" Dia. H.S. Bolts ← Spans 96' Thru 155' →
SPAN	100'	105'	110'	115'	120'	125'	130'	135'	
W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	
CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown	L 4 x 4 x 3/8 [9]	L 4 x 4 x 3/8 [10]	L 4 x 4 x 7/16 [11]	L 4 x 4 x 1/2 [12]	L 4 x 4 x 1/2 [12]	L 4 x 4 x 1/2 [13]	L 5 x 5 x 7/16 [14]	L 5 x 5 x 7/16 [15]	
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [3]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ⑤	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]	
WIND LOAD STRUT - ⑤	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	
TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.	DEFL=1.77" L=78 lb/ft	DEFL=2.13" L=78 lb/ft	DEFL=2.31" L=84 lb/ft	DEFL=2.53" L=93 lb/ft	DEFL=2.53" L=98 lb/ft	DEFL=2.96" L=100 lb/ft	DEFL=3.22" L=107 lb/ft	DEFL=3.72" L=108 lb/ft	
	TOWER DETAILS								
S = COLUMN SPACING	7.0'	7.0'	7.0'	7.0'	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'	
TOWER HEIGHT									
15'	W 10 x 22 (36.0)	W 10 x 26 (37.8)	W 10 x 26 (39.5)	W 10 x 26 (41.1)	W 12 x 26 (39.9)	W 12 x 26 (41.5)	W 12 x 26 (43.1)	W 12 x 26 (44.7)	
16'	W 10 x 22 (38.6)	W 10 x 26 (40.5)	W 10 x 26 (42.3)	W 10 x 26 (44.0)	W 12 x 26 (42.7)	W 12 x 26 (44.5)	W 12 x 26 (46.2)	W 12 x 26 (48.0)	
17'	W 10 x 26 (40.9)	W 10 x 26 (43.2)	W 10 x 26 (45.1)	W 12 x 26 (47.1)	W 12 x 26 (45.6)	W 12 x 26 (47.4)	W 12 x 26 (49.3)	W 12 x 26 (51.2)	
18'	W 10 x 26 (43.5)	W 10 x 26 (45.9)	W 12 x 26 (47.9)	W 12 x 26 (50.1)	W 12 x 26 (48.5)	W 12 x 26 (50.4)	W 12 x 26 (52.4)	W 12 x 26 (54.4)	
19'	W 12 x 26 (46.5)	W 12 x 26 (48.8)	W 12 x 26 (51.0)	W 12 x 26 (53.1)	W 12 x 26 (51.4)	W 12 x 26 (53.4)	W 14 x 30 (56.0)	W 14 x 30 (58.1)	
20'	W 12 x 26 (49.1)	W 12 x 26 (51.5)	W 12 x 26 (53.8)	W 12 x 26 (56.0)	W 12 x 26 (54.3)	W 14 x 30 (56.9)	W 14 x 30 (59.2)	W 14 x 30 (61.4)	
21'	W 12 x 26 (51.7)	W 12 x 26 (54.3)	W 12 x 26 (56.7)	W 14 x 30 (59.6)	W 14 x 30 (57.7)	W 14 x 30 (60.0)	W 14 x 30 (62.3)	W 14 x 30 (64.7)	
22'	W 12 x 26 (54.3)	W 12 x 26 (57.0)	W 14 x 30 (59.6)	W 14 x 30 (62.6)	W 14 x 30 (60.7)	W 14 x 30 (63.1)	W 14 x 30 (65.5)	W 14 x 34 (68.0)	
23'	W 14 x 30 (57.7)	W 14 x 30 (60.4)	W 14 x 30 (63.1)	W 14 x 30 (65.7)	W 14 x 30 (63.7)	W 14 x 34 (66.2)	W 14 x 34 (68.8)	W 14 x 34 (71.3)	
24'	W 14 x 30 (60.4)	W 14 x 30 (63.3)	W 14 x 30 (66.0)	W 14 x 30 (67.8)	W 14 x 30 (66.6)	W 14 x 34 (69.3)	W 14 x 34 (72.0)	W 14 x 34 (74.7)	
25'	W 14 x 30 (63.1)	W 14 x 30 (66.3)	W 14 x 34 (69.8)	W 14 x 34 (71.8)	W 14 x 34 (69.6)	W 14 x 34 (72.4)	W 16 x 36 (76.0)	W 16 x 36 (78.8)	
26'	W 14 x 30 (65.8)	W 14 x 30 (68.9)	W 14 x 34 (72.8)	W 14 x 34 (74.9)	W 14 x 34 (72.6)	W 14 x 34 (75.5)	W 16 x 36 (79.3)	W 16 x 36 (82.2)	
27'	W 14 x 34 (68.6)	W 14 x 34 (72.0)	W 14 x 34 (74.9)	W 16 x 36 (78.9)	W 16 x 36 (76.5)	W 16 x 36 (79.5)	W 16 x 36 (82.6)	W 16 x 40 (85.6)	
28'	W 14 x 34 (71.3)	W 14 x 34 (74.7)	W 14 x 34 (77.9)	W 16 x 36 (82.1)	W 16 x 36 (79.6)	W 16 x 36 (82.7)	W 16 x 36 (85.9)	W 16 x 40 (89.1)	
29'	W 14 x 34 (74.1)	W 16 x 36 (78.6)	W 16 x 36 (82.0)	W 16 x 36 (85.3)	W 16 x 36 (82.7)	W 16 x 40 (85.9)	W 16 x 40 (89.2)	W 16 x 40 (92.5)	
30'	W 14 x 34 (76.9)	W 16 x 36 (81.5)	W 16 x 36 (85.0)	W 16 x 36 (88.5)	W 16 x 40 (85.8)	W 16 x 40 (89.1)	W 16 x 40 (92.6)	W 16 x 40 (96.0)	

COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips)

Tower Height = (HL + HR) / 2

ZONE 3 WITH ICE 80 M.P.H. WIND

	TRUSS DETAILS				
" Dia. H.S. Bolts ← Spans 96' Thru 155' →					
SPAN	140'	145'	150'	155'	
W x D = WIDTH x DEPTH	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	
CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown	L 5 x 5 x 1/2 [17]	L 5 x 5 x 1/2 [18]	L 6 x 6 x 1/2 [20]	L 6 x 6 x 1/2 [21]	
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [4]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [4]	
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ⑤	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ⑤	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 [3]	
WIND LOAD STRUT - ⑤	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	
TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.	DEFL=3.98" L=117 lb/ft	DEFL=4.55" L=120 lb/ft	DEFL=4.66" L=135 lb/ft	DEFL=5.29" L=135 lb/ft	
	TOWER DETAILS				
S = COLUMN SPACING	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'	7.5'	
TOWER HEIGHT					
15'	W 12 x 26 (46.1)	W 12 x 26 (47.9)	W 12 x 26 (49.3)	W 12 x 26 (51.1)	
16'	W 12 x 26 (49.4)	W 12 x 26 (51.3)	W 12 x 26 (52.9)	W 12 x 26 (54.7)	
17'	W 12 x 26 (52.7)	W 14 x 30 (55.2)	W 14 x 30 (56.9)	W 14 x 30 (58.8)	
18'	W 14 x 30 (56.1)	W 14 x 30 (58.7)	W 14 x 30 (60.5)	W 14 x 30 (62.6)	
19'	W 14 x 30 (59.9)	W 14 x 30 (62.2)	W 14 x 30 (64.2)	W 14 x 34 (66.4)	
20'	W 14 x 30 (63.3)	W 14 x 30 (65.8)	W 14 x 34 (67.9)	W 14 x 34 (70.2)	
21'	W 14 x 34 (66.7)	W 14 x 34 (69.3)	W 14 x 34 (71.5)	W 16 x 36 (74.0)	
22'	W 14 x 34 (70.2)	W 14 x 34 (72.9)	W 14 x 34 (75.2)	W 16 x 36 (77.9)	
23'	W 14 x 34 (73.6)	W 16 x 36 (77.1)	W 16 x 36 (79.6)	W 16 x 36 (81.7)	
24'	W 16 x 36 (77.1)	W 16 x 36 (80.7)	W 16 x 36 (83.4)	W 16 x 36 (85.6)	
25'	W 16 x 36 (81.3)	W 16 x 36 (84.4)	W 16 x 40 (87.2)	W 16 x 40 (90.2)	
26'	W 16 x 36 (84.8)	W 16 x 40 (88.0)	W 16 x 40 (91.0)	W 16 x 40 (94.1)	
27'	W 16 x 40 (88.4)	W 16 x 40 (91.7)	W 16 x 40 (94.8)	W 18 x 46 (98.9)	
28'	W 16 x 40 (91.9)	W 16 x 40 (95.4)	W 18 x 46 (98.6)	W 18 x 46 (102.9)	
29'	W 18 x 46 (97.9)	W 18 x 46 (100.1)	W 18 x 46 (103.4)	W 18 x 46 (106.9)	
30'	W 18 x 46 (101.6)	W 18 x 46 (103.9)	W 18 x 46 (107.3)	W 18 x 46 (110.9)	

COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips)

Tower Height = (HL + HR) / 2

KEY TO TRUSS AND TOWER DETAILS

Truss members are all angles.
Truss columns are all wide flange shapes.

W 10 x 26 (44.2) -44.2 kips Uplift at base plate
- 26 Pounds per foot.
- 10" Nominal size
- Wide Flange

DEFL = 0.12" = inches Deflection due to dead load of truss, walkway, signs and lights.
DL = 42 lb/ft = pounds per foot dead load of truss members only; does not include walkway, signs, and lights.

NOTE: Details on these sheets are for Design Wind Heights up to 30 feet.

GENERAL NOTES

Design conforms to AASHTO 1994 Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto.

For overhead sign bridges with different tower heights, average the height of the two towers and use the tabulated height nearest the calculated average. For average heights falling midway between the two tabulated heights use the larger height.

For truss lengths falling between those shown in the tables use the sizes called for in the next longer span.

Overhead sign bridges are designed for the equivalent area of a 10 foot deep sign panel over 75 percent of the span length, located as necessary to produce maximum stress. Design includes 3 pounds per square foot for sign panel, 20 pounds per linear foot for lights, and 50 pounds per linear foot for walkway, all placed as specified for the design sign panel.

Refer to "Overhead Sign Bridge Truss Details" for details called out in plan and elevation views.

The number of High Strength Bolts required in truss connection or splice are indicated in brackets, e.g. [3], after the member size.

SHEET 2 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE DETAILS

OSB-Z31

DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT

REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
8/08 add missing HS bolt dia (select spans); applicability note; noted design specifications	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		47

39B

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ZONE 3 WITH AND WITHOUT ICE 80 MPH WIND

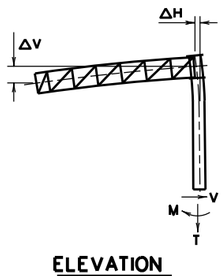
TOWER HEIGHT	10' SPAN												15' SPAN											
	TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS				TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS			
(ft)	O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)		O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)	
14'	16	0.250	0.105	1 1/4	6	20 1/2"	24 x 1 1/4	0.2	3.59	16.19	49.87		16	0.250	0.235	1 3/8	8	20 3/4"	24 1/2 x 1 3/8	0.5	5.40	37.56	76.63	
15'			0.120						3.61		53.42				0.270					0.6	5.41		81.91	
16'			0.137						3.62		57.00				0.308					0.6	5.43		87.23	
17'			0.154						3.64		60.59				0.347					0.7	5.45		92.57	
18'			0.173						3.66		64.21				0.389				24 1/2 x 1 3/8	0.7	5.46		97.94	
19'			0.193		6				3.67		67.85				0.434				24 1/2 x 1 1/2	0.7	5.48		103.33	
20'			0.214		8				3.69		71.51				0.481					0.8	5.50		108.75	
21'			0.235						3.71		75.18			0.250	0.530						5.51		114.19	
22'			0.258					0.2	3.73		78.88			0.281	0.521	1 3/8		20 3/4"	24 1/2 x 1 1/2		5.53		119.66	
23'			0.282					0.3	3.74		82.59			0.281	0.569	1 1/2		21"	25 x 1 3/8		5.55		125.14	
24'			0.308						3.76		86.33			0.281	0.620						5.56		130.65	
25'			0.334				24 x 1 1/4		3.78		90.08			0.312	0.610						5.58		136.18	
26'			0.361				24 x 1 3/8		3.79		93.85			0.312	0.660				25 x 1 3/8		5.60		141.73	
27'			0.389						3.81		97.64			0.312	0.711				25 x 1 3/4		5.62		147.30	
28'			0.419						3.83		101.44			0.344	0.699						5.63		152.89	
29'			0.449						3.84		105.26			0.344	0.750						5.65		158.50	
30'			0.481						3.86		109.11			0.344	0.802	1 1/2		21"	25 x 1 3/4		5.67		164.12	
31'			0.513				24 x 1 3/8		3.88		112.96			0.375	0.791	1 3/4		21 1/2"	26 x 1 1/8		5.68		169.77	
32'	16	0.250	0.547	1 1/4	8	20 1/2"	24 x 1 1/2	0.3	3.89	16.19	116.84		16	0.375	0.843	1 3/4	8	21 1/2"	26 x 1 7/8	0.8	5.70	37.56	175.43	

TOWER HEIGHT	20' SPAN												25' SPAN											
	TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS				TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS			
(ft)	O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)		O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)	
14'	20	0.250	0.213	1 1/4	8	24 1/2"	28 x 1 1/4	0.7	7.43	69.08	107.16		20	0.281	0.308	1 1/2	8	25"	29 x 1 1/2	1.3	9.14	107.68	135.49	
15'			0.244	1 1/4		24 1/2"	28 x 1 1/4	0.7	7.43		113.96			0.281	0.354					1.4	9.17		144.13	
16'			0.278	1 3/8		24 3/4"	28 1/2 x 1 3/8	0.8	7.45		121.17			0.281	0.403					1.4	9.19		152.86	
17'			0.314					0.8	7.47		128.42			0.281	0.455	1 1/2		25"	29 x 1 1/2	1.5	9.21		161.65	
18'			0.352					0.9	7.49		135.72			0.312	0.460	1 3/4		25 3/8"	29 3/4 x 1 5/8	1.5	9.23		170.51	
19'			0.392	1 3/8		24 3/4"	28 1/2 x 1 3/8	0.9	7.51		143.06			0.312	0.513					1.5	9.25		179.43	
20'			0.435	1 1/2		25"	29 x 1 1/2	1.0	7.53		150.43			0.312	0.568				29 3/4 x 1 3/4	1.6	9.27		188.39	
21'			0.479					1.0	7.55		157.84			0.312	0.627					1.6	9.29		197.41	
22'			0.526					1.1	7.57		165.28			0.344	0.628					1.6	9.31		206.47	
23'	0.250	0.575					29 x 1 1/2		7.60		172.75			0.344	0.686				29 3/4 x 1 3/4	1.7	9.34		215.57	
24'	0.281	0.560					29 x 1 5/8		7.62		180.26			0.344	0.747				29 3/4 x 1 7/8		9.36		224.71	
25'	0.281	0.607	1 1/2		25"		29 x 1 5/8		7.64		187.79			0.375	0.748				29 3/4 x 1 7/8		9.38		233.89	
26'	0.281	0.657	1 3/4		25 3/8"		29 3/4 x 1 5/8		7.66		195.35			0.375	0.809	1 3/4		25 3/8"	29 3/4 x 1 7/8	1.7	9.40		243.10	
27'	0.310	0.640					29 3/4 x 1 3/4		7.68		202.94			0.375	0.872	2		25 3/4"	30 1/2 x 2	1.8	9.42		252.34	
28'	0.310	0.688							7.70		210.55			0.406	0.870						9.44		261.62	
29'	0.310	0.738							7.72		218.20			0.406	0.933						9.46		270.93	
30'	0.340	0.721					29 3/4 x 1 3/4		7.74		225.86			0.406	0.999				30 1/2 x 2		9.48		280.27	
31'	0.340	0.770					29 3/4 x 1 7/8		7.77		233.56			0.441	0.992				30 1/2 x 2 1/4		9.50		289.64	
32'	20	0.340	0.821	1 3/4	8	25 3/8"	29 3/4 x 1 7/8	1.1	7.79	69.08	241.27		20	0.441	1.057	2	8	25 3/4"	30 1/2 x 2 1/4	1.8	9.53	107.68	299.04	

ZONE 3 WITH AND WITHOUT ICE 80 MPH WIND

TOWER HEIGHT	30' SPAN												35' SPAN											
	TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS				TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS			
(ft)	O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)		O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)	
14'	24	0.250	0.289	1 1/2	8	29"	33 x 1 1/2	1.6	11.00	155.44	167.11		30	0.250	0.210	1 3/4	8	35 3/8"	39 3/4 x 1 1/2	1.5	12.87	211.58	202.48	
15'		0.250	0.331	1 1/2		29"	33 x 1 1/2	1.6	11.03		177.27				0.241					1.6	12.90		213.97	
16'		0.281	0.338	1 3/4		29 3/8"	33 3/4 x 1 1/2	1.6	11.05		187.54				0.275					1.6	12.93		225.63	
17'			0.381				33 3/4 x 1 1/2	1.7	11.08		197.93			0.250	0.310					1.7	12.97		237.46	
18'			0.428				33 3/4 x 1 1/2	1.8	11.10		208.40			0.281	0.310					1.7	13.00		249.43	
19'		0.281	0.477				33 3/4 x 1 5/8		11.13		218.97				0.346					1.7	13.03		261.52	
20'		0.312	0.477				33 3/4 x 1 5/8		11.15		229.60				0.383					1.8	13.06		273.72	
21'			0.526				33 3/4 x 1 5/8	1.8	11.18		240.31				0.422					1.8	13.09		286.04	
22'			0.577				33 3/4 x 1 3/4	1.9	11.20		251.08				0.463					1.9	13.12		298.44	
23'			0.631				33 3/4 x 1 3/4	2.0	11.23		261.91				0.507	1 3/4		35 3/8"	39 3/4 x 1 1/2	2.0	13.16		310.94	
24'		0.312	0.687	1 3/4		29 3/8"	33 3/4 x 1 3/4		11.25		272.80				0.552	2		35 3/4"	40 1/2 x 1 5/8	2.0	13.19		323.51	
25'		0.344	0.679	2		29 3/4"	34 1/2 x 1 3/4		11.28		283.74				0.598				40 1/2 x 1 5/8	2.1	13.22		336.16	
26'			0.735				34 1/2 x 2	2.0	11.30		294.73				0.647				40 1/2 x 1 5/8	2.2	13.25		348.89	
27'			0.792					2.1	11.33		305.77				0.698				40 1/2 x 1 3/4	2.2	13.28		361.68	
28'			0.852					2.2	11.36		316.85			0.281	0.751					2.3	13.31		374.53	
29'		0.344	0.914						11.38		327.97			0.310	0.726					2.2	13.35		387.45	
30'		0.375	0.901						11.41		339.13				0.777					2.2	13.38		400.42	
31'		0.375	0.962					2.2	11.43		350.34				0.830					2.3	13.41		413.45	
32'	24	0.375	1.023	2	8	29 3/4"	34 1/2 x 2	2.3	11.44	155.44	361.13		30	0.310	0.884	2	8	35 3/4"	40 1/2 x 1 3/4	2.4	13.44	211.58	426.53	

TOWER HEIGHT	40' SPAN											
	TOWER PIPE			ANCHOR BOLTS			BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LOADS			
(ft)	O.D. (in)	WALL TH CK (in)	DEFL ΔH (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL ΔV (in)	SHEAR V (Kips)	TORSION T (K-ft)	MOMENT M (K-ft)	
14'	30	0.280	0.260	1 3/4	8	35 3/8"	39 7/8 x 1 1/2	2.1	14.65	276.72	242.20	
15'			0.298	1 3/4		35 3/8"	39 7/8 x 1 1/2	2.2	14.68		254.69	
16'			0.339	1 3/4		35 3/8"	39 7/8 x 1 1/2	2.3	14.71		267.44	
17'			0.383	2		35 3/4"	40 1/2 x 1 1/2	2.4	14.75		280.40	
18'			0.429				40 1/2 x 1 5/8	2.5	14.78		293.56	
19'		0.280	0.478					2.6	14.81		306.90	
20'		0.312	0.478					2.6	14.84		320.39	
21'			0.527				40 1/2 x 1 5/8	2.6	14.87		334.02	
22'			0.578				40 1/2 x 1 3/4	2.7	14.90		347.79	
23'			0.632					2.8	14.94		361.67	
24'		0.312	0.688					2.9	14.97		375.66	
25'		0.340	0.747				40 1/2 x 1 3/4	3.0	15.00		389.75	
26'		0.340	0.736				40 1/2 x 2	3.0	15.03		403.94	
27'			0.794	2		35 3/4"	40 1/2 x 2	3.0	15.06		418.22	
28'			0.854	2 1/4		36"	41 x 2	3.1	15.09		432.57	
29'			0.916					3.2	15.13		447.01	
30'		0.340	0.980						15.16		461.52	
31'		0.375	0.963						15.19		476.10	
32'	30	0.375	1.026	2 1/4	8	36"	41 x 2	3.2	15.22	276.72	490.75	



ELEVATION

(SHOWING DESIGN LOADS AND DEAD LOAD DEFLECTIONS)

TRUSS DETAILS

SPAN	10', 15', & 20' 25'	30' 35'	40'		
W x D - WIDTH x DEPTH	4.0 x 4.0	4.0 x 4.0	4.0 x 4.0	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5
CHORD- ① Unless Otherwise Shown	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 ②[3] L	x 3 x 3 1/4[4]② x	x3 3 [6]1/4 x x	3 [7] L 5/16 x	3 [2] 3 1/2 5/16
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL- ②	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2] L	x 2 x 2 3/16[2] L x	x2 2 [2]3/16 x x	2 [2] L 3/16 x	2[3] 2 3/16
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL- ②	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 3/16 [2] L	x2 1/2 x 2 1/2 3/16[2] L x	x3 3 [2]1/4 x x	3 [3] L 1/4 x	3[3] 3 1/4
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL- ②	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2] L	x 2 x 2 3/16[2] L x	x2 2 [2]3/16 x x	2 1/2 2 1/2 3/16 x	2 [2] 2 1/2 3/16
WIND LOAD STRUT- ②	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1] L	x 2 x 2 3/16] L x	x 2 2 [1] L 3/16 x x	2 [1]2 3/16 x	[2 2 3/16
TRUSS DEAD LOAD	38 lb/ft	43 lb/ft 45 lb/ft	53 lb/ft	62 lb/ft	
SIZE H. S. BOLTS IN CONNECTION	5/8" DIA	5/8" DIA	5/8" DIA	5/8" DIA	5/8" DIA
NO. & SIZE OF H. S. BOLTS IN CHORD ANGLE TO TOWER CONNECTION PLATE	3 - 5/8" DIA eo	4 - 5/8" DIA or 3 - 3/4" DIA eo	6 - 5/8" DIA or 7 - 5/8" DIA or 5 - 3/4" DIA eo 5 - 3/4" DIA eo	9 - 5/8" DIA or 7 - 3/4" DIA eo	

① "Low-Alloy Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

② "Carbon Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

GENERAL NOTES :

Design conforms to AASHTO 1994 Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto.

Steel for tower pipe shall conform to ASTM A53 Grade B or to ASTM A501. Tower pipe wall thickness shown is the minimum allowable. Fabricator may use the wall thickness shown or pipe of the same diameter with greater wall thickness.

All connection bolts shall conform to Item 447, "Structural Bolting". All structural steel, connection bolts, nuts and washers shall be galvanized in accordance with the Specifications.

Compensate for truss deflection at free end by offsetting upper and lower bolt holes at truss-to-tower connection.

For truss details see standard drawing COSSD.

For base and foundation details see standard drawing COSSF.

For cantilever truss lengths falling between those shown use sizes called for in the next longer span.

Truss and towers for cantilever sign supports are designed for the equivalent area of a 10'-0" deep sign panel over 100% of the span length. Design includes 3 pounds per foot squared for sign panel and 20 pounds per foot for lights and 50 pounds per foot for walkways all placed as specified for the design sign panel.

Details called for hereon are applicable for Design Wind Heights up to 30' inclusive.

Number of High Strength bolts required in truss connection or splice are indicated in brackets, e.g. [3], after the member size.

Deflections shown include the design loads for Truss, Sign Panel, Lights and Walkways.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS

COSS-Z3 & Z31-10

DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT

REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
4-10	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		48

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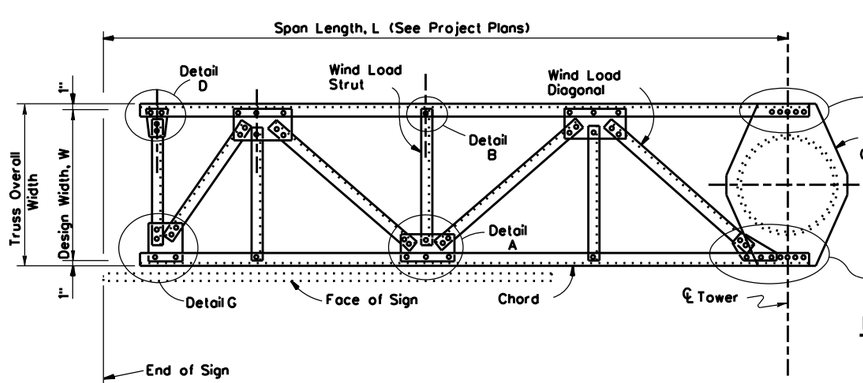
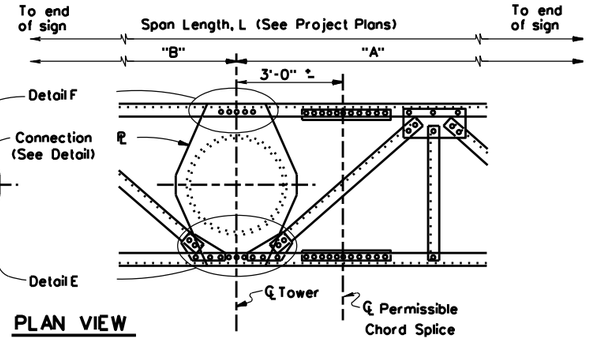


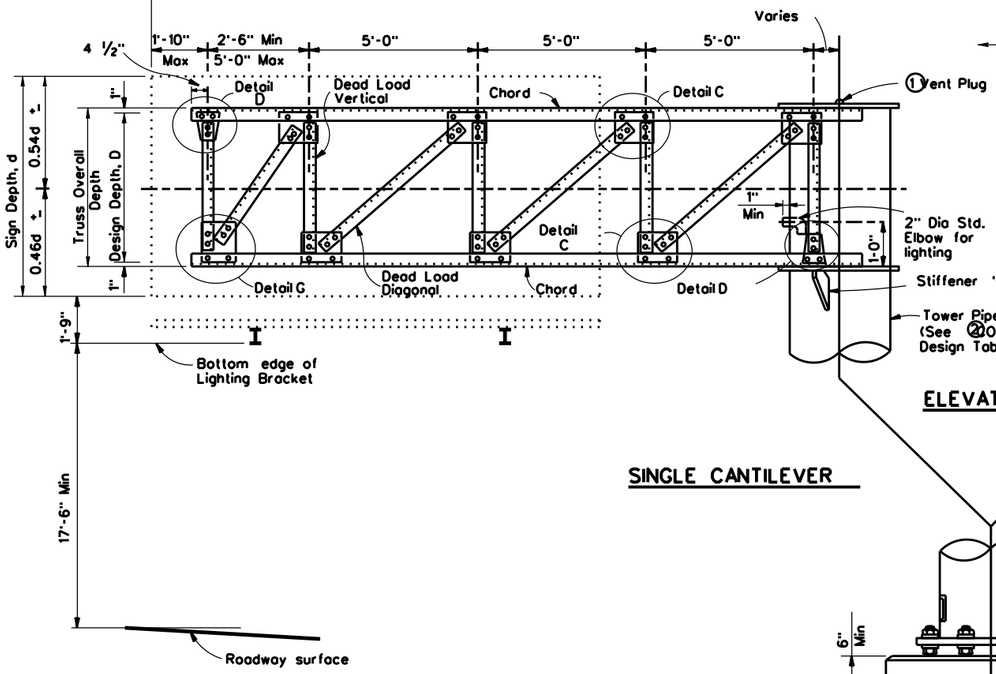


PLAN VIEW

GENERAL NOTES:

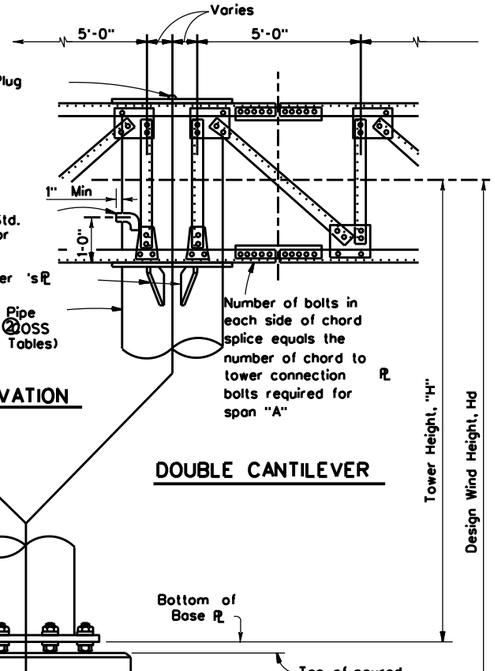
Design conforms to 1975 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and Interim revisions thereto. Connection details are typical only. Actual size of member and number of bolts will vary. The details on this sheet are intended as a guide only. See "Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports" or "High Level Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports" sheets for number of bolts and size of members.

Gusset plates to be same thickness as thickest web member in connection.

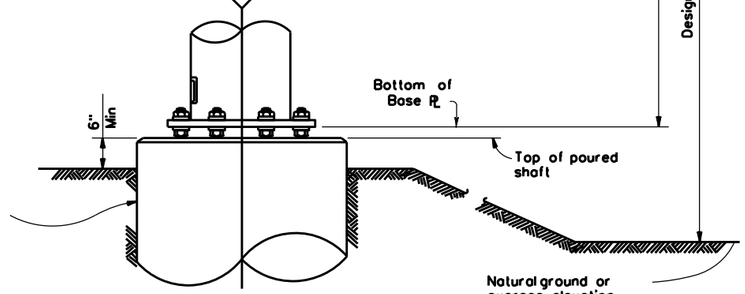


ELEVATION

SINGLE CANTILEVER



DOUBLE CANTILEVER



See standard drawing, COSSF for Hand Hole, Base ℄ Anchor Bolt and Foundation Details.

① Note: Cap shall be solid steel sheet ⅜" nominal thickness. Drill, tap and plug galvanizing vent. Weld plate to pipe with ⅜" weld all around.

② For COSS design tables see standard drawing, "Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports" or "High Level Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports".

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT DETAILS

COSSD

© TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON, ETC.		49

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:34 AM
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DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:35 AM
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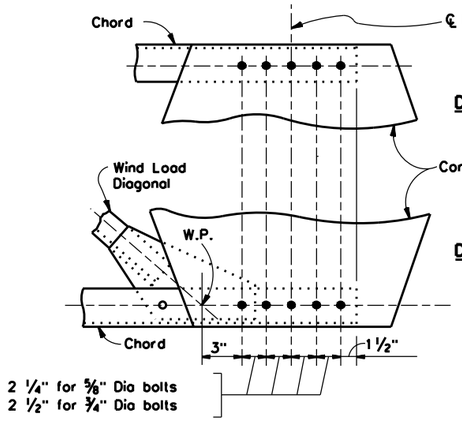
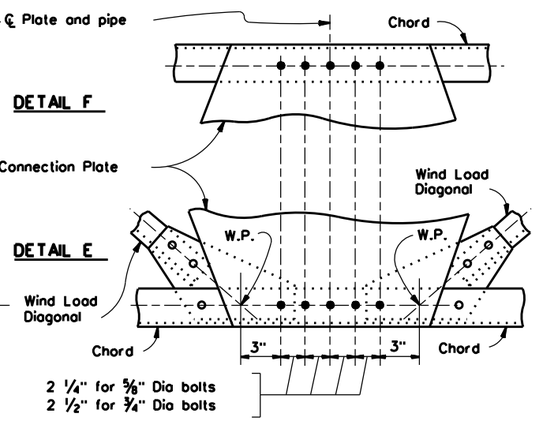
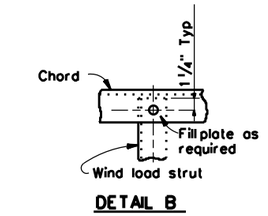


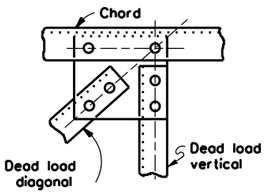
DETAIL F



DETAIL E



DETAIL B

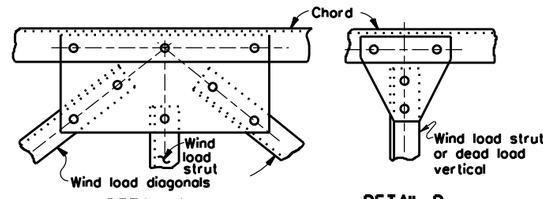


DETAIL C

SINGLE CANTILEVER

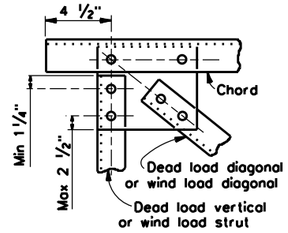
DOUBLE CANTILEVER

CONNECTION DETAILS



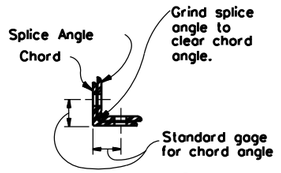
DETAIL A

DETAIL D

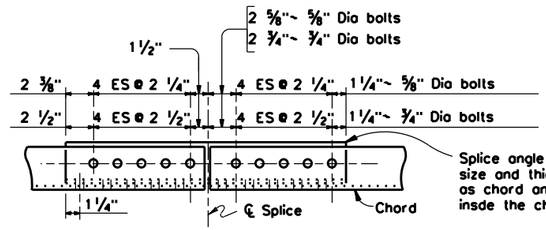


DETAIL G

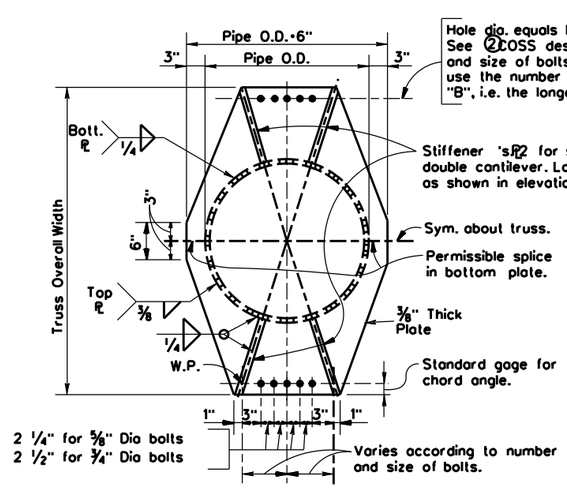
TOTAL NO. OF BOLTS IN DIAG'S. IN JOINT	NUMBER OF BOLTS REQD. IN GUSSET ℄ TO CHORD CONNECTION
0	2
2	2
3	3
4	3
5	4
6	4
8	5
10	6



SECTION ON ℄SPLICE



SINGLE SHEAR CHORD SPLICE



Hole dia. equals bolt diam. plus 1/16". See ②COSS design tables for number and size of bolts. For double cantilever use the number and size of bolts for span "B", i.e. the longer of the two spans.

Stiffener 's℄2 for single cantilever, 4 for double cantilever. Locate below bottom chord as shown in elevation.

Sym. about truss.

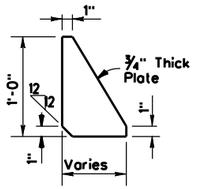
Permissible splice in bottom plate.

⅜" Thick Plate

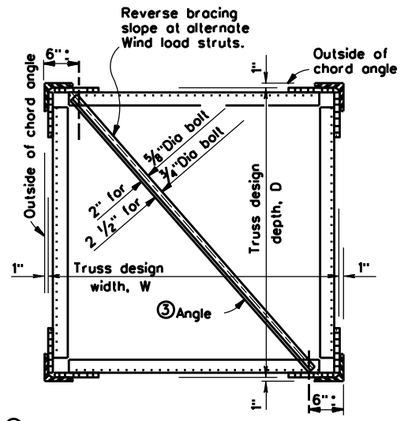
Standard gage for chord angle.

Varies according to number and size of bolts.

CONNECTION PLATE DETAIL

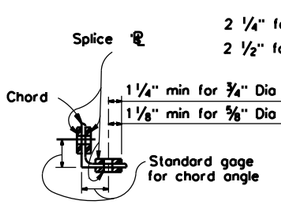


STIFFENER ℄DETAIL

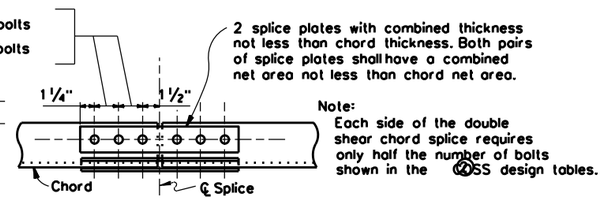


③2" x 2" x ⅜" angle for ⅝" Dia bolts [1]
2 ½" x 2" x ⅜" angle for ¾" Dia bolts [1]

TRUSS SECTION
(DIAGONALS NOT SHOWN)

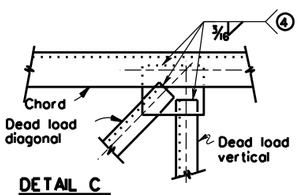


SECTION ON ℄SPLICE

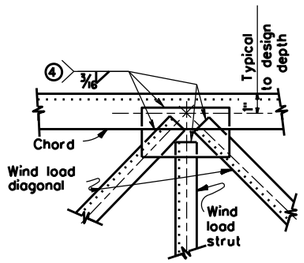


DOUBLE SHEAR CHORD SPLICE

SPLICE DETAILS



DETAIL C
(Gusset plates in other details to be similar)



DETAIL A

ALTERNATE WELDED CONNECTION DETAILS

④ MINIMUM LENGTH OF 3/16" FILLET WELD REQUIRED		
NUMBER OF BOLTS	TO REPLACE ⅝" DIA BOLTS	TO REPLACE ¾" DIA BOLTS
1	2"	3"
2	4"	6"
3	6"	9"
4	8"	11 ½"
5	10"	14 ½"
6	12"	17 ½"
7	14"	20"

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT DETAILS

COSSD

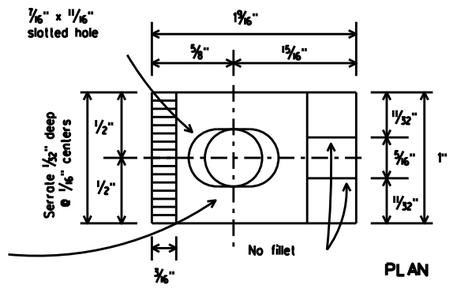
REVISIONS

DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT

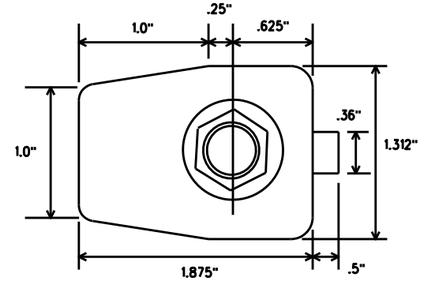
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		50

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:35 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 F\24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\64 smd21-08.dgn

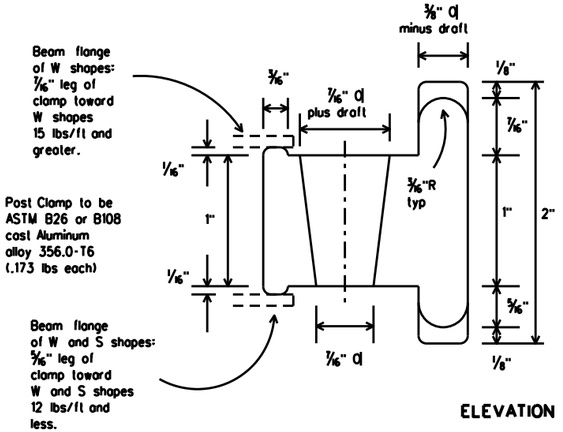
NOTE: centerline of hole for 3/8" diameter squarehead bolt x 2 1/4" long with a flat washer and self-locking nut, or lock washer and hex. nut. Bolt head dimensions shall be in accordance with ANSI B 18.2.1 as referred to in the AISC Manual of steel construction. Bolt assembly shall be galvanized.



PLAN

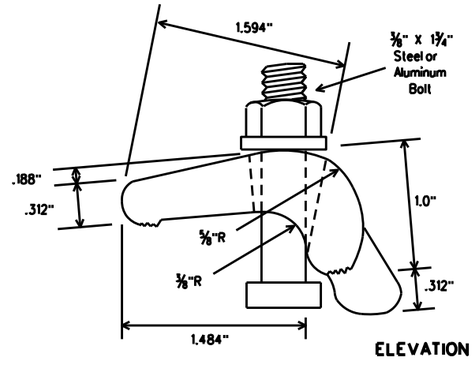


PLAN



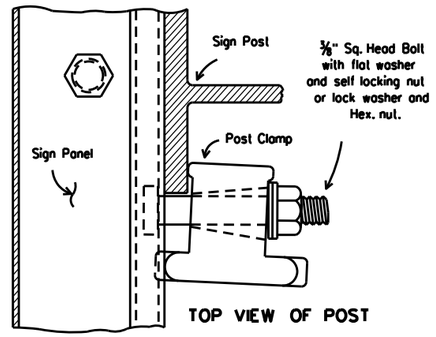
ELEVATION

POST CLAMP DETAIL

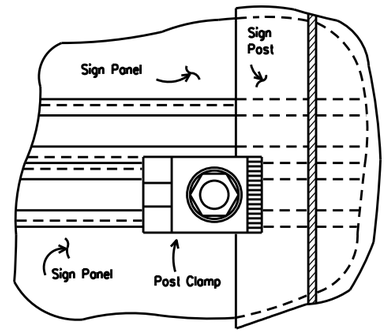


ELEVATION

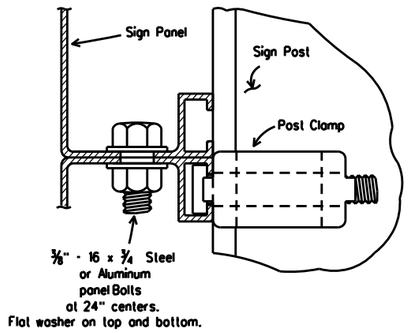
ALTERNATE POST CLAMP DETAIL



TOP VIEW OF POST



TOP VIEW OF CLAMP



SIDE VIEW OF PANELS

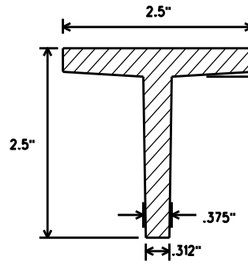
CONNECTION DETAILS

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

SIGN HARDWARE DMS-7120

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Design conforms with AASHTO Specifications for the design and construction of structural supports for highway signs.
2. Materials and fabrication shall conform to the requirements of the Department material specifications.
3. Structural steel shall be "low-alloy steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures."
4. For fiberglass substrate connection details, see manufacturer's recommendations.

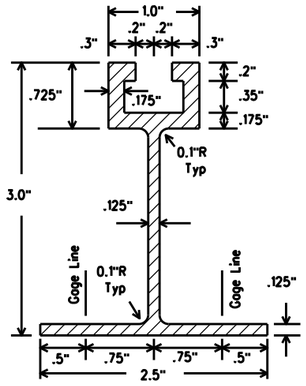


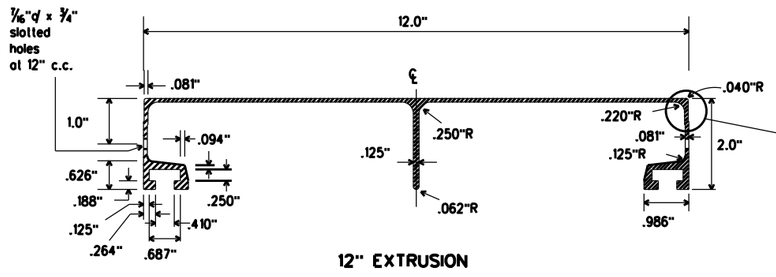
1.912 lbs/ft

ALUMINUM T SECTION OR APPROVED ALTERNATIVE

WINDBEAM CROSS SECTION

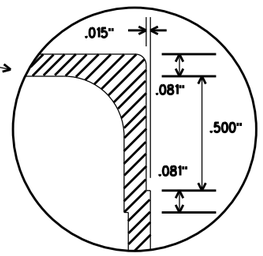
Windbeam to be extruded aluminum (1.175 lbs/ft) or approved alternative

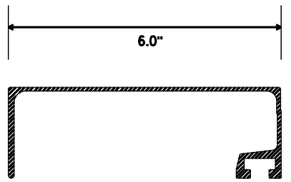




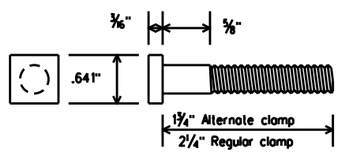
12" EXTRUSION

ALUMINUM SIGN PANEL EXTRUSION DETAILS





6" EXTRUSION



POST CLAMP BOLT DETAIL

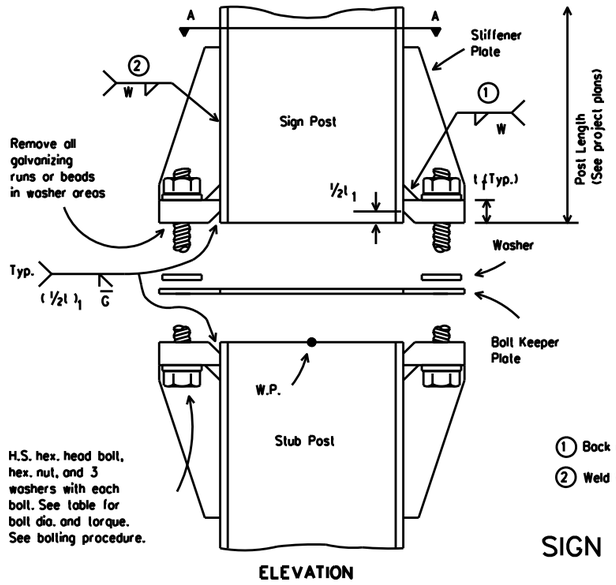
Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS- EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN PANELS & HARDWARE

SMD(2-1)-08

DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08 REVISIONS			

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		51



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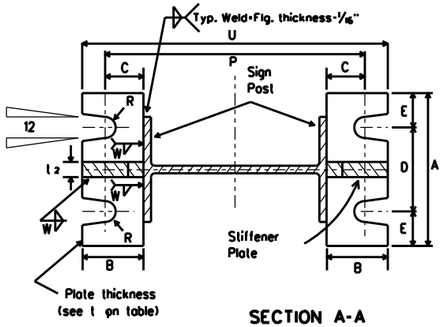
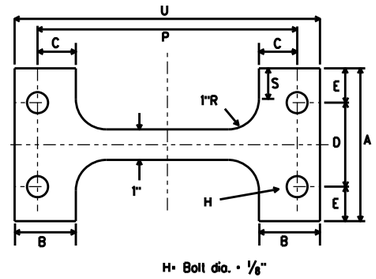


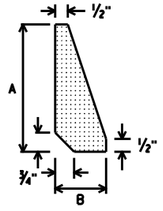
SECTION A-A



H• Bolt dia. • ⅛"

BOLT KEEPER PLATE

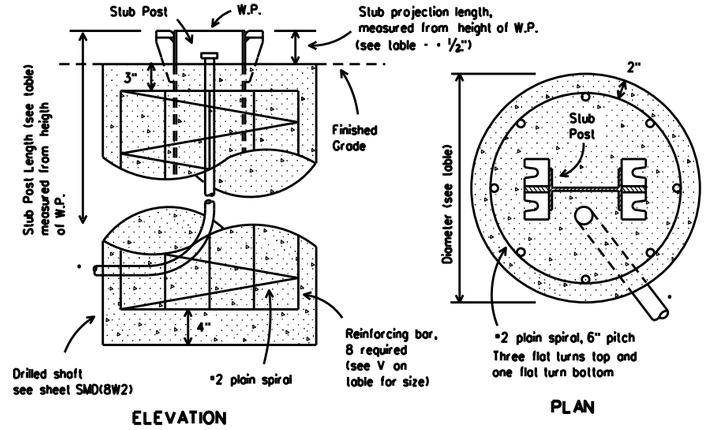
30 Ga galv. sheet steel



STIFFENER PLATE DETAIL

Steel Plate (thickness • t) 2

(See table for dimensions)



ELEVATION

PLAN

FOUNDATION DETAIL

•Note: For signs with electrical apparatus, see ED(10) for conduit required in founation.

1. Back up weld to be made before installing stiffener plate
2. Weld W may be continued ocross clips to seal joint

SIGN POST AND STUB POST

(For W Shapes)

BOLTING PROCEDURE FOR ASSEMBLY OF BASE CONNECTION:

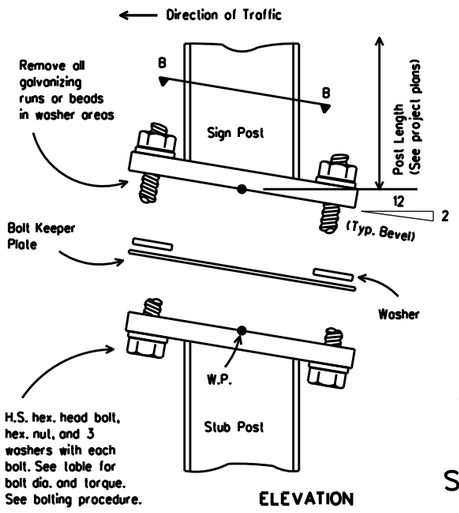
1. Assemble sign post, BOLT KEEPER PLATE and stub post with bolts and three flat washers per bolt as shown.
2. Shim as required to plumb post.
3. Tighten all bolts the maximum possible with a 12 to 15 inch wrench to clean bolt threads and to bed washers and shims.
4. Loosen each bolt in sequence and retighten bolts in a systematic order to the prescribed torque. Do not overtighten.
5. To prevent nut loosening, burr threads of bolt at junction with nut using a center punch.

Dimensions / Post Size	Base Connection Data Table: Bolt Size & Torque	A	B	C	D	E	t_1	t_2	W	R
W6x9	⅝"ϕ x 2¾" 440-450 inch pounds 36-38 foot pounds	5"	2"	1¼"	2¾"	1⅛"	¾"	½"	¼"	11/32"
W6x12										
W6x15										
W8x18										
W8x21	¾"ϕ x 3½" 740-750 inch pounds 62-63 foot pounds	6"	2¼"	1⅜"	3½"	1¼"	1"	¾"	5/16"	13/32"
W10x22										
W10x26										
W12x26										
S3x5.7	½"ϕ x 2½" 440-450 inch pounds 36-38 foot pounds	See Detail Below								
S4x7.7										

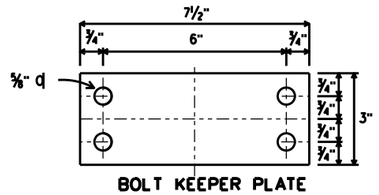
Perforated Fuse Plate Data Table											
F	G	J	K	M	d_1	d_2	t_3	Bolt Dia.	Wt. (ea.) (lbs.)	Bolt length
4¼"	2"	4"	2¼"	1"	9/16"	¾"	¼"	½"	1.01	1½"
5"	2½"	6"	3½"	1½"	11/16"	1¼"	⅜"	⅝"	2.51	2¼"
5"	2½"	5¼"	2¾"	1¼"	11/16"	1 1/16"	⅜"	⅝"	2.26	2¼"
5½"	2½"	5¼"	2¾"	1¼"	13/16"	1"	½"	¾"	3.35	2¼"
6"	3"	5¾"	2¾"	1⅜"	13/16"	1⅛"	½"	¾"	4.03	2¼"
6"	3"	6½"	3½"	1⅝"	13/16"	1 5/16"	½"	¾"	4.47	2¼"
3¾"	1½"	2⅝"	1½"	⅝"	9/16"	⅜"	¼"	½"	0.60	1½"

Bolt Keeper Data			Foundation Data			
P	S	U	Stub length	Stub projection	Dr. Shaft diameter	Bar V Size
8⅜"	1"	9⅞"	2'-0"	3"	24"	•5
8½"		10"	2'-0"	3"		•5
8½"		10"	2'-6"	3"		•6
10⅝"		12⅛"	2'-6"	3"		•7
11"	1½"	12¾"	3'-0"	2½"		•8
12⅞"		14⅝"	3'-0"	2½"		•9
13⅛"		14⅞"	3'-0"	2½"		•10
15"		16¾"	3'-0"	2½"		•11
See Detail Below			3'-3½"	3½"	12"	Non-reinforced ③

③ Foundation design shall be Type G Mount, see SMD (TY G).

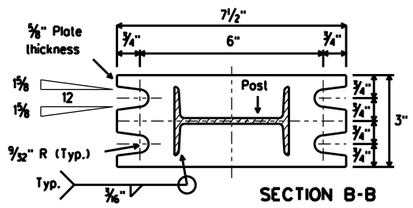


ELEVATION



BOLT KEEPER PLATE

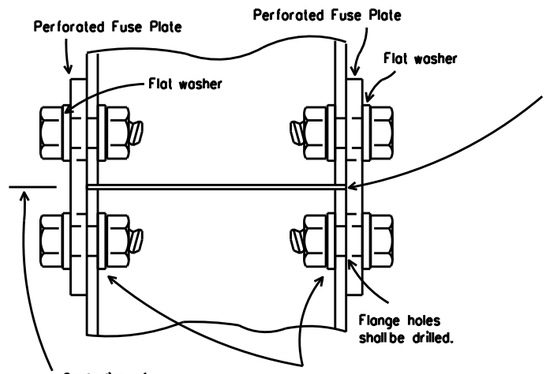
30 Ga galv. sheet steel



SECTION B-B

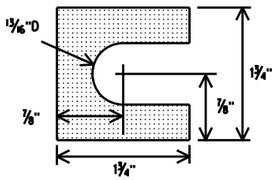
SIGN POST AND STUB POST

(For S4x7.7 and S3x5.7)



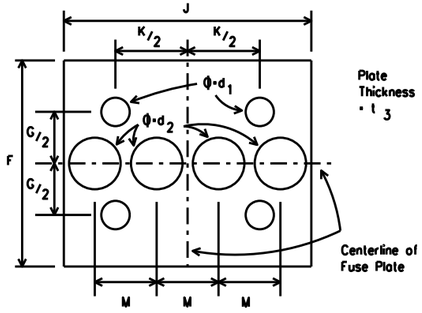
DETAIL "A"

Parts shall be saw cut either before galvanizing and the galvanized cut cleaned of zinc build-up, or saw cut after galvanizing and the cut surface repaired per Item 445, "Galvanizing."



SHIM DETAIL

Furnish two .012"• thick and two .032"• thick shims per post. Shims shall be fabricated from brass shim stock or strip conforming to ASTM B36.



PERFORATED FUSE PLATE DETAIL

Use H.S. hex head bolts, hex head nut and bevel or flat washer (where req'd) under nut. All holes shall be drilled, sub-punched and reamed. All plate cuts shall preferably be saw cuts. However, flame cutting will be permitted provided all edges are ground. Metal projecting beyond the plane of the plate face will not be permitted. Steel fuse plates shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A36. ASTM A572 Grade 50 or ASTM A588 may be substituted for A36 at the option of the fabricator. Mill test reports shall be submitted for Fuse Plates. Steel used shall have an ultimate tensile strength not to exceed 80 KSI. For alternative Fuse Plate contact Traffic Operations Division.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

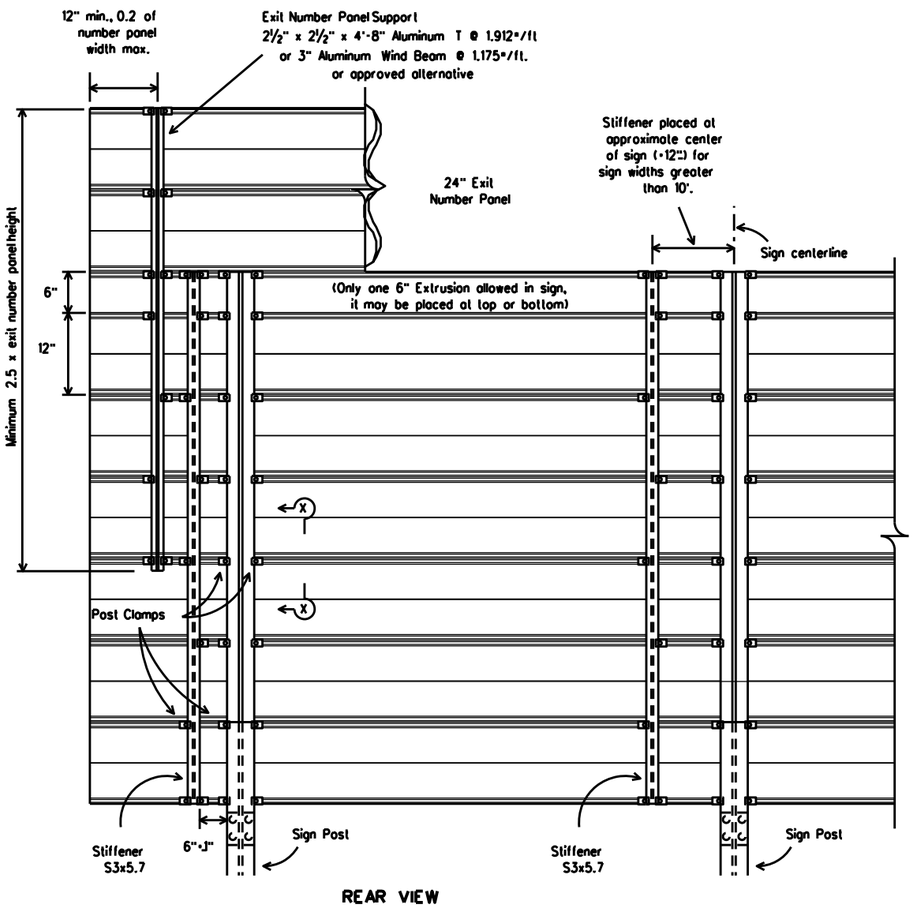
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS- LARGE ROADSIDE SIGNS FOUNDATION & STUB

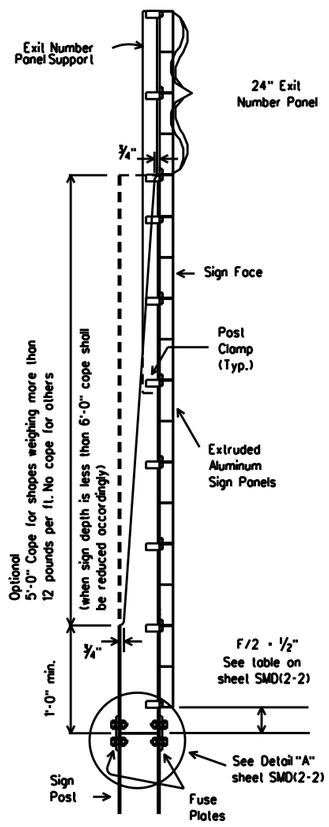
SMD(2-2)-08

REVISIONS
4-98
9-08

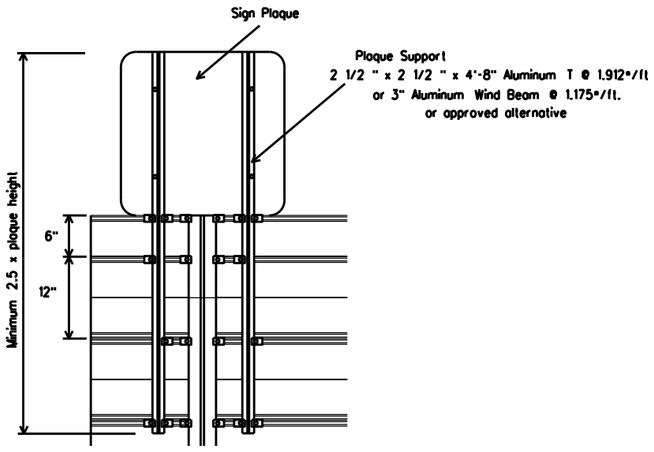
DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		52

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:36 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY'24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\65 smd22-08.dgn



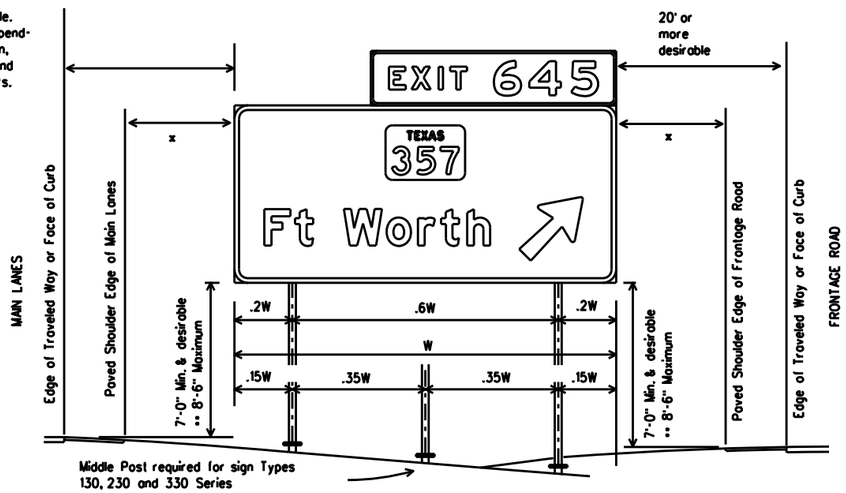


ALUMINUM PARENT SIGN & EXIT NUMBER PANEL MOUNTING DETAILS



SIGN PLAQUE MOUNTING DETAIL TO ALUMINUM PARENT SIGN

30' or more desirable. May be reduced depending on cross section, viewing conditions and other related factors.



TYPICAL SIGN INSTALLATION AND LOCATION

LATERAL CLEARANCE NOTES:

Lateral clearances of signs mounted on median side of main lanes are the same as shown above where space will permit.

Where a sign is to be located behind guardrail, an allowable minimum clearance of five feet may be used, measured from the face of the guardrail to the near edge of sign.

x - 6' minimum and desirable may be used only in areas of limited lateral clearance and when approved by the Engineer.

POST SPACING NOTES:

Post spacing on a two post sign may vary a maximum of plus or minus 10% of total sign width to fit field conditions.

Post spacing on a three post sign may vary a maximum of plus or minus 5% of total sign width to fit field conditions.

SIGN HEIGHT NOTES:

•• The 8'6" maximum may be exceeded when placing signs on extreme slopes. In these conditions, a 7' minimum from natural ground to bottom of sign must be maintained.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN HARDWARE	DMS-7120

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Exit number panel shall be mounted to the right hand side of the parent sign for right exits and to the left hand side for left exits. The number panel shall be mounted with two uprights so its right edge is even with the right edge of the parent sign or vice-versa for left hand exits.
2. Exit number panel support shall be symmetrical about number panel centerline.
3. Exit number panel support shall be ASTM A36 structural steel galvanized after fabrication, or ASTM B221 aluminum alloy 6061-T6 or approved alternative.
4. All bolts, nuts and washers shall be galvanized per ASTM Designation: B695 Class 50, or A153 Class C or D.
5. Posts, parent sign panels, and exit number panels shall comply with notes on sheets SMD(2-1) and SMD(2-2).
6. Signs (such as exit number panels) attached above a parent sign shall be made of the same type material as the parent sign. General Service and Routing signs may be fabricated from flat sheet aluminum.
7. Exit number panel support and other connection hardware required to fasten exit number panel to parent sign shall be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs."
8. For fiberglass sign installation details, see manufacturer's recommendations.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS- LARGE ROADSIDE SIGNS

SMD(2-3)-08

REVISIONS
9-08

DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.

DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.	53

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:36 AM
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DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:37 AM
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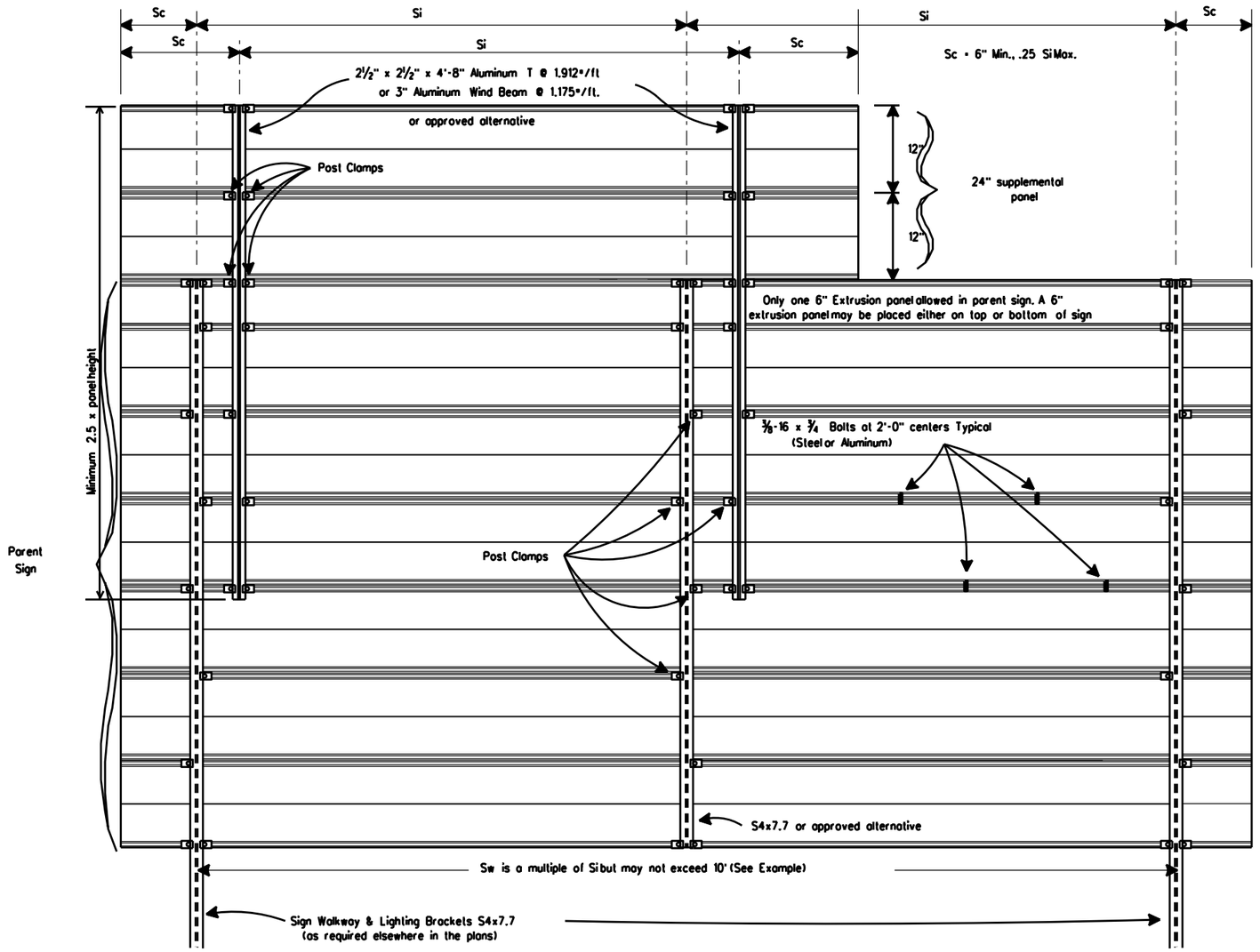
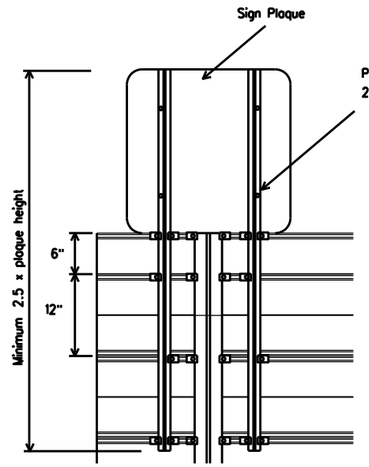


REAR VIEW

EXAMPLES (FOR DETERMINING Si and Sw)

NO.	ZONE	"d"	EXIT PANEL	WALKWAY	Si	Sw	COMMENT
1	1	15.0	YES	YES	4.5	9.0	Sw=2*(Si)
2	2	14.0	YES	NO	7.5	7.5	Sw = Si
3	1	15.0	NO	NO	8.5	8.5	Sw = Si
4	3	14.0	NO	YES	10.0	10.0	Sw = Si

Values shown for Si are maximum values. Si may be varied for different sign lengths and Truss mounting conditions. Sw should not exceed two times Si(Max.) or 10 feet.



SIGN PLAQUE MOUNTING DETAIL

MAXIMUM SIGN SUPPORT SPACING "Si" (FEET)

"d" Deepest Sign in Group (Ft.)	EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN PANELS															
	WITH EXIT NUMBER PANELS								WITHOUT EXIT NUMBER PANELS							
	WITH WALKWAYS				WITHOUT WALKWAYS				WITH WALKWAYS				WITHOUT WALKWAYS			
	WIND ZONE				WIND ZONE				WIND ZONE				WIND ZONE			
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
15	4.5	7	8	10	5	7	8	10	7	8	9	10	8.5	10	10	10
14	6	7.5	9.5	10	6	7.5	9.5	10	8	9	10	10	10	10	10	
13	7.5	9	10	10	7.5	9	10	10	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	
12	8.5	10	10	10	8.5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
11 or less	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		

For fiberglass sign installations, see manufacturer's recommendations.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS- OVERHEAD SIGNS EXTRUDED ALUMINUM

SMD(2-4)-08

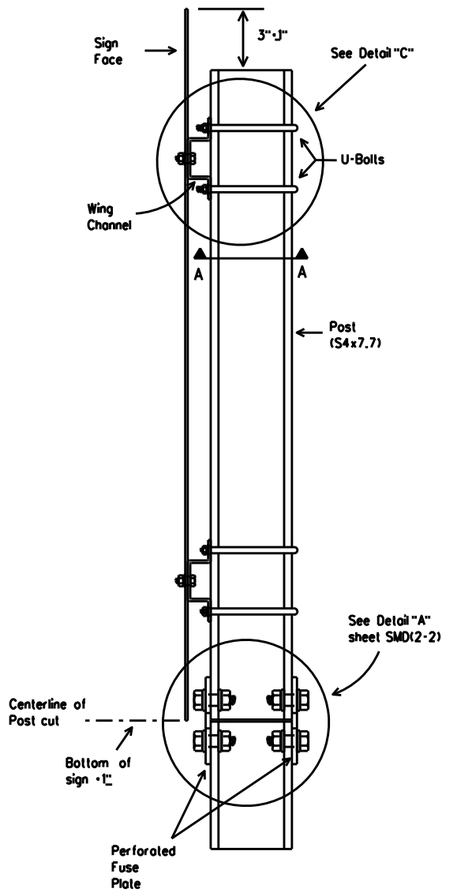
DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT

REVISIONS
9-08

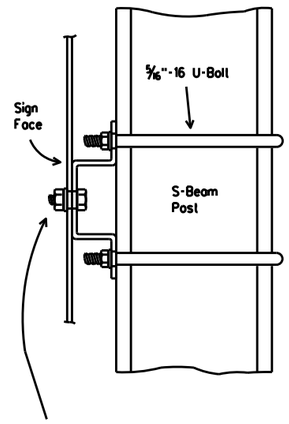
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BMT	JEFFERSON, ETC.		54

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:37 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY'24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\68 smdtyg08.dgn

WING CHANNEL CLAMP DETAIL FOR TYPE G MOUNT

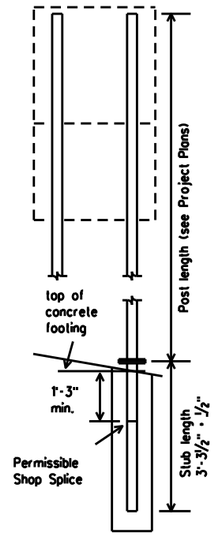


SIDE VIEW

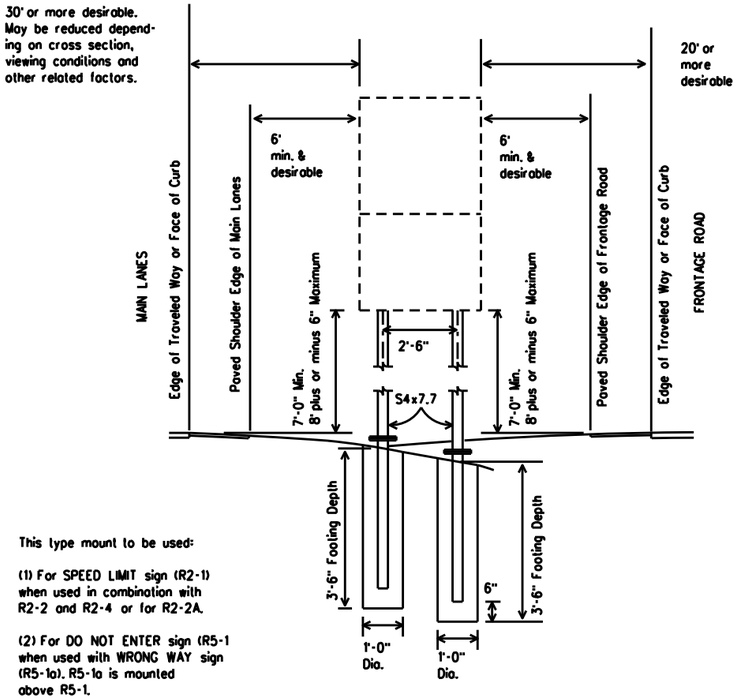


Galvanized steel or aluminum self-locking hex. head nut. 3/8 " - 16 x 3/4 " hex. head bolt for sheet metal. 3/8 " - 16 x 1 1/4 " hex. head bolt for plywood. 3/8 " galvanized medium washer.

DETAIL "C"



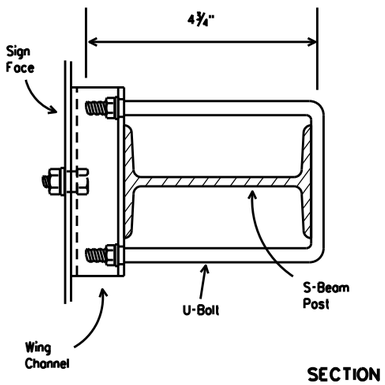
The weight of one S4x7.7 post is equal to 112.2 lbs. plus 7.7 lbs./ft x (post length in feet minus 10 ft). The weight of 112.2 lbs. includes 10 feet of post length, post foundation stub, related connection plates, friction fuse plate, and all high strength bolts, nuts and washers.



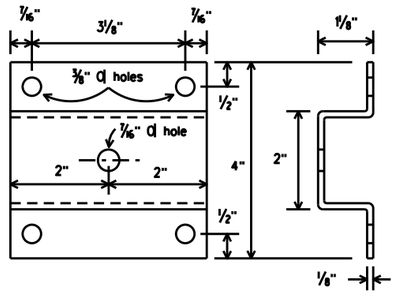
This type mount to be used:

(1) For SPEED LIMIT sign (R2-1) when used in combination with R2-2 and R2-4 or for R2-2A.

(2) For DO NOT ENTER sign (R5-1 when used with WRONG WAY sign (R5-1a). R5-1a is mounted above R5-1.



SECTION A-A



WING CHANNEL

Wing channel, 4" width x 1/8" depth x 1/8" thickness, shall be aluminum (ASTM B221 6061-T6 or B308 6061-T6), galvanized steel (ASTM A36) or stainless steel (ASTM A167 type 304, No. 2B finish).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS
SIGN HARDWARE DMS-7120

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Design conforms with AASHTO Specifications for the design and construction of structural supports for highway signs.
2. Materials and fabrication shall conform to the requirements of the Department material specifications.
3. Structural steel shall be "Low-Alloy Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures."
4. Parts shall be saw cut either before galvanizing and the galvanized cut cleaned of zinc build-up, or saw cut after galvanizing and the cut surface repaired per Item 445, "Galvanizing." (Cut surface will not be treated until plate is installed and all bolts fully tightened.)

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS, TYPE G SUPPORT

SMD(TY G)-08

DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT

REVISIONS
1-97
9-08

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BMT	JEFFERSON, ETC.		55

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DATE:
FILE:

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES

(Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP))
TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))
10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

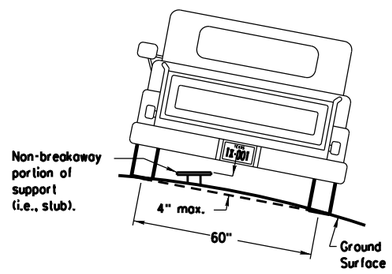
Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))
UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))
WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))
WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP))
T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
IF REQUIRED
1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

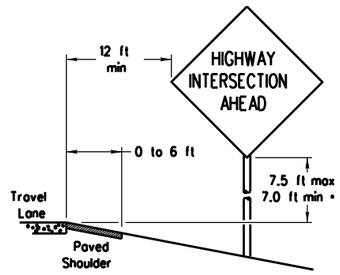
REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

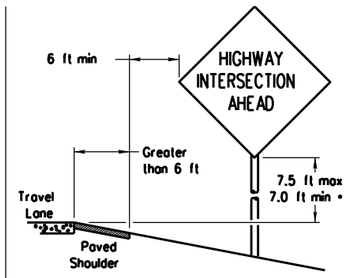
SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

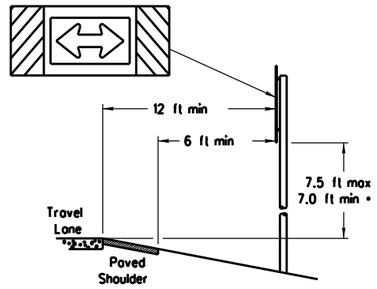
When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width, the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



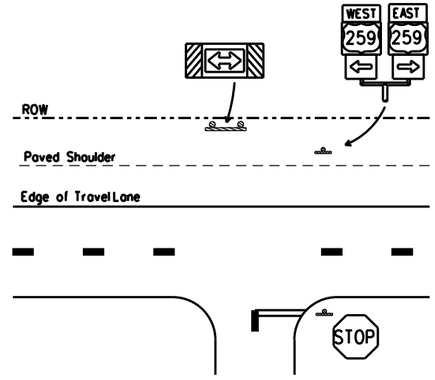
GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

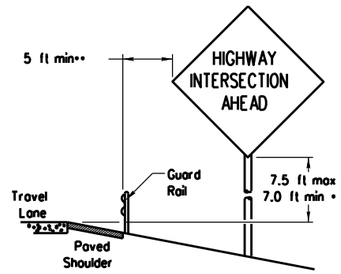
T-INTERSECTION



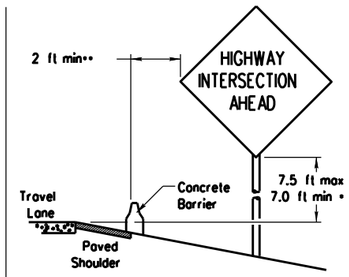
When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.



BEHIND BARRIER



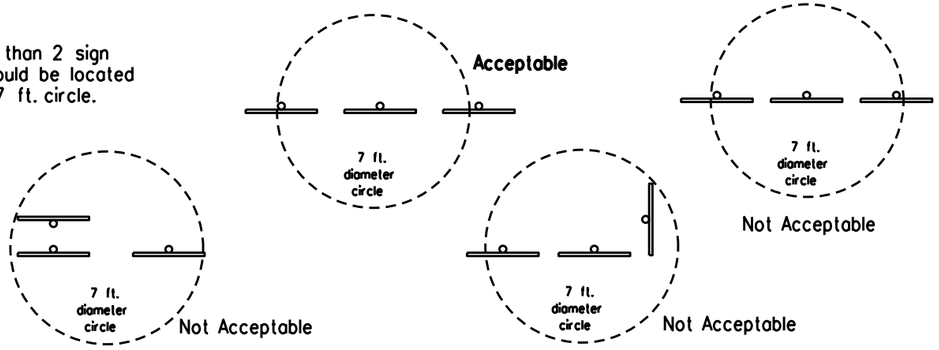
BEHIND GUARDRAIL



BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

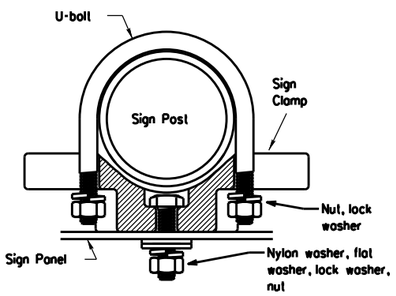
••Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

No more than 2 sign posts should be located within a 7 ft. circle.

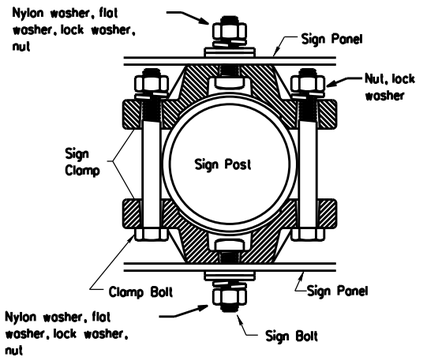


TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

Single Signs



Back-to-Back Signs



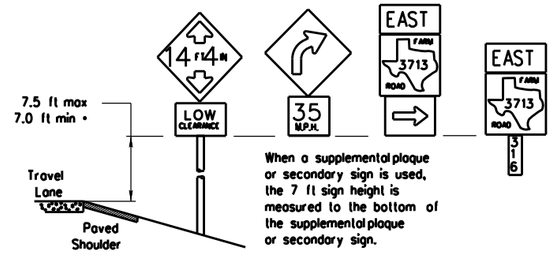
Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp or the universal clamp.

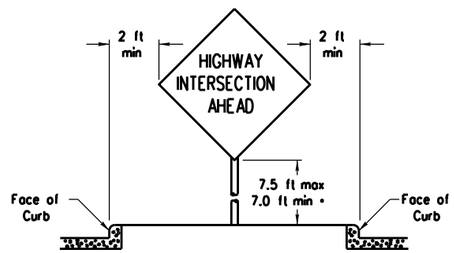
Pipe Diameter	Approximate Bolt Length	
	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



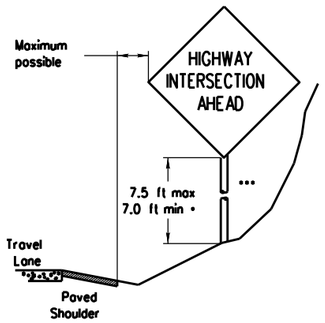
When a supplemental plaque or secondary sign is used, the 7 ft sign height is measured to the bottom of the supplemental plaque or secondary sign.

CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min. is not possible.)



Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other factors.

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

••• Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme slope.

- Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
  - (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or
  - (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by the Engineer.

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is:
http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD(GEN)-08

9-08 REVISIONS

DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BMT	JEFFERSON, ETC.		56

DATE: 10/31/2023 9:20:38 AM
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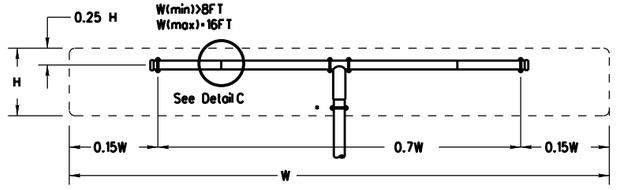
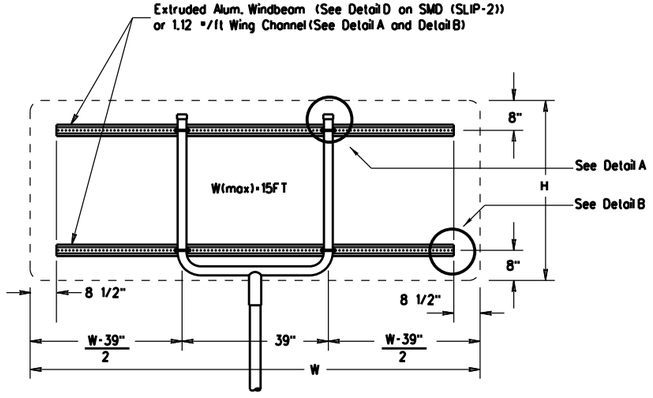


SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T-2EXT)
(* - See Note 12)



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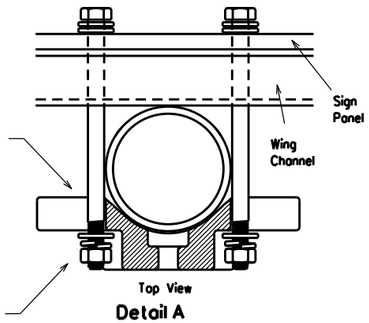
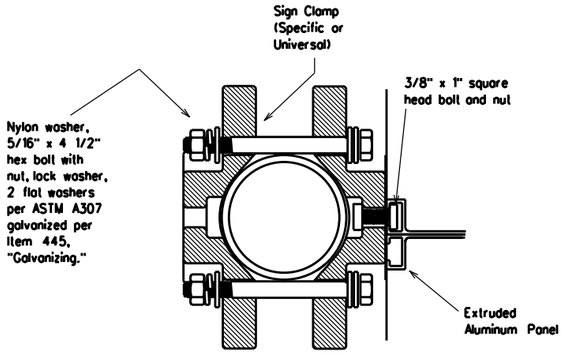
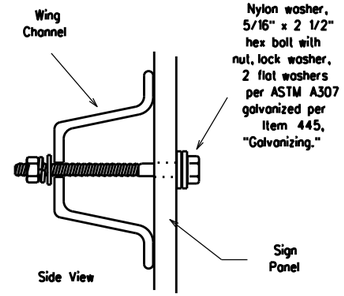


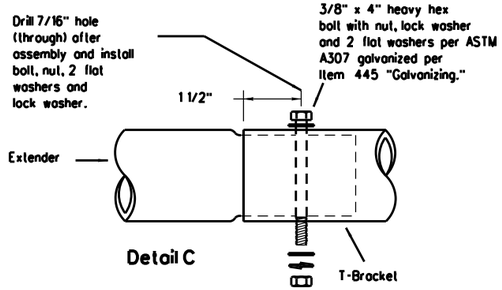
Detail A



Detail D
EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET

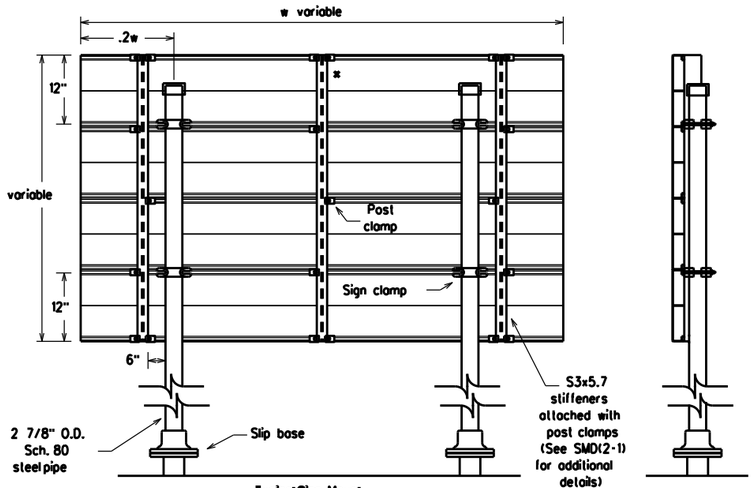


Detail B



Detail C

Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

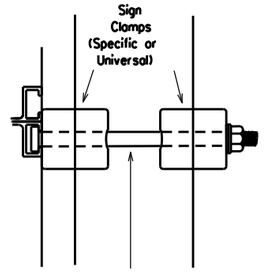


Typical Sign Mount

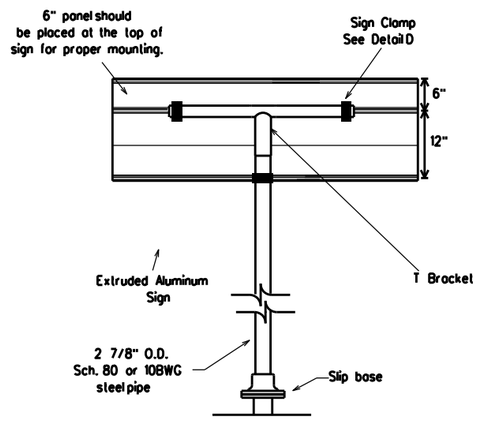
SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

* Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.

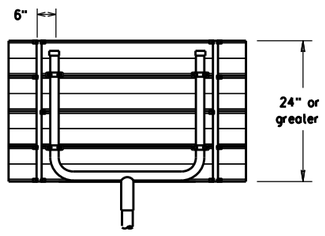
See Detail E
for clamp installation



Detail E



Extruded Aluminum Sign
With T Bracket



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners
See SMD (2-1) for additional details

See Detail E
for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
10 BWG	1	16 SF
10 BWG	2	32 SF
Sch 80	1	32 SF
Sch 80	2	64 SF

1. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
2. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
3. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
4. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
5. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
6. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
7. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
8. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
9. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
10. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
11. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

REQUIRED SUPPORT		
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
Regulatory	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regulatory	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regulatory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regulatory	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
Regulatory	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
Warning	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
Warning	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
Warning	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
Warning	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS
SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS
TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT

REVISIONS
9-08

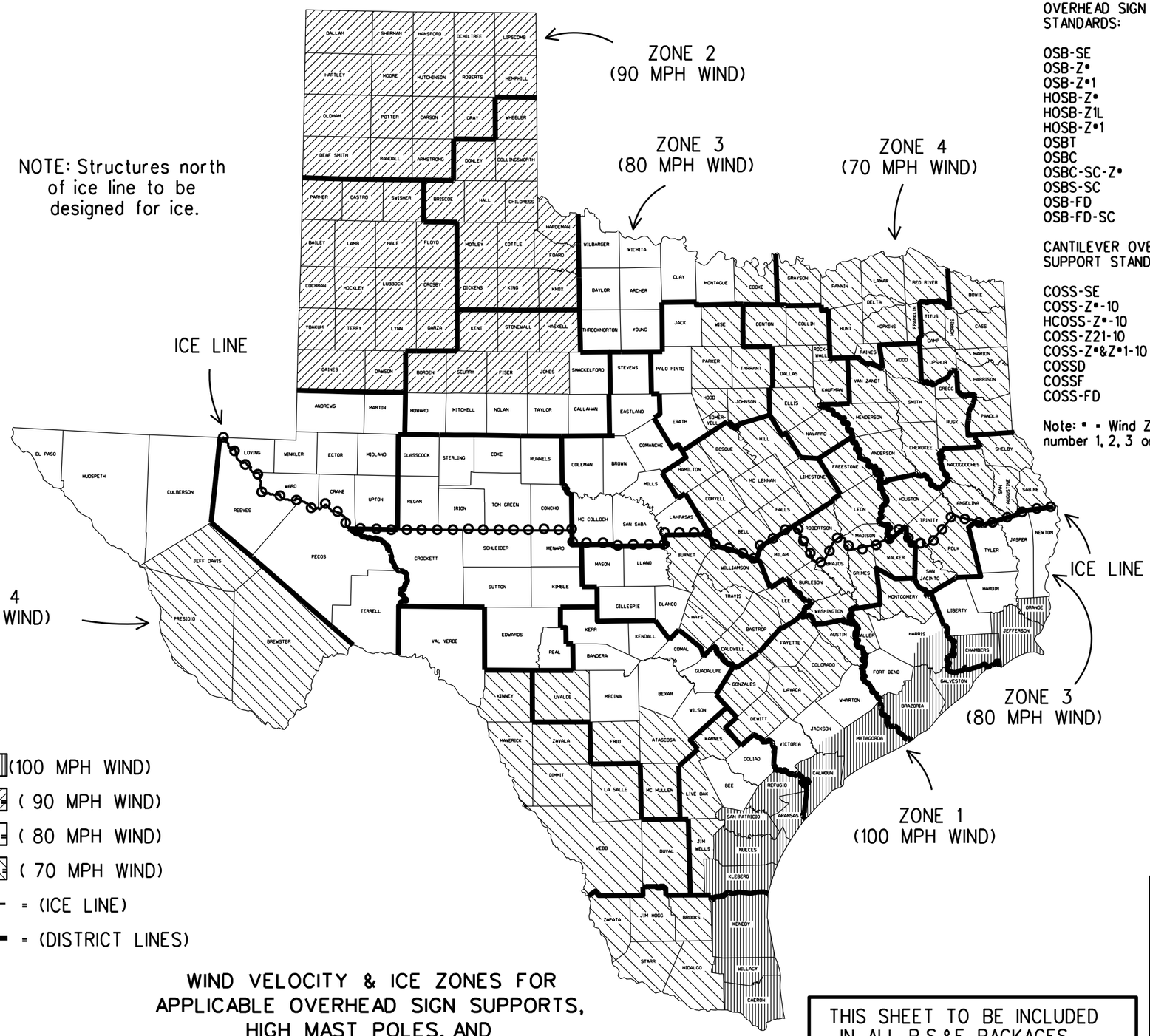
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.

DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.	57

DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

DATE:
FILE:

NOTE: Structures north of ice line to be designed for ice.



LEGEND

ZONE 1 - = (100 MPH WIND)
ZONE 2 - = (90 MPH WIND)
ZONE 3 - = (80 MPH WIND)
ZONE 4 - = (70 MPH WIND)
= (ICE LINE)
= (DISTRICT LINES)

WIND VELOCITY & ICE ZONES FOR APPLICABLE OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS, HIGH MAST POLES, AND TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLES

Based on 50 Year Mean Recurrence Interval of Fastest Mile Wind Velocity at 33 feet height.

THIS SHEET TO BE INCLUDED IN ALL P.S.&E. PACKAGES CONTAINING ONE OR MORE OF THE APPLICABLE STANDARD SHEETS LISTED HEREON

APPLICABLE STANDARDS SHEETS

OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE STANDARDS:

OSB-SE
OSB-Z•
OSB-Z•1
HOSB-Z•
HOSB-Z1L
HOSB-Z•1
OSBT
OSBC
OSBC-SC-Z•
OSBS-SC
OSB-FD
OSB-FD-SC

CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT STANDARDS:

COSS-SE
COSS-Z•-10
HCOSS-Z•-10
COSS-Z21-10
COSS-Z•&Z•1-10
COSSD
COSSF
COSS-FD

Note: • = Wind Zone number 1, 2, 3 or 4

HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION POLE STANDARDS:

HMIP-98
HMIF-98

WALKWAYS AND BRACKETS STANDARDS:

SWW
SB(SWL-1)

TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE STANDARDS:

SP-80
SP-100
SMA-80
SMA-100
DMA-80
DMA-100
MA-C
MAC(ILSN)
MAD-D
TS-FD
LUM-A
CFA
LMA
TS-C
MA-DPD

FOR HARRIS CO. ONLY
Zone line is just North of US 90, around on the North, West and South sides of IH 610 and down the West side of SH 288.

FOR JACKSON CO. ONLY
Zone line is just North of SH 616.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WIND VELOCITY AND ICE ZONES

WV & IZ-14

FILE: windice.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT April 1996	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
8-14- Added list of applicable standards, restricting use to structures designed for fastest mile wind speeds.	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON,ETC.		58

DATE: 11/1/2023 9:12:15 AM
FILE: T:\BMTTRAFC\2 PROJECTS\1 SIGNS\6458-93-001 FY24 Large Signs RMC\CAD\54 epic.dgn

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402

TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506.

List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities.

1. TxDOT - Beaumont District
2. Cities of Port Neches, Groves, and Nederland

☒ No Action Required ☐ Required Action

Action No.

1. Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000
2. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or as required by the Engineer.
3. Comply with TCEQ Permit 150000 as this project is estimated to disturb more than fives acres. TxDOT will file for an NOI first under TCEQ Permit 150000as the Primary Operator. Contractor will be supplied a copy of the NOI and TCEQ Authorization Certificate. Contractor must use the TxDOT information to complete their own NOI per SP 506-003/SP 007-004. Contractor files a NOI as the Primary Operator for Day-to-Day Operational Control and provides copies of their NOI, TCEQ Authorization Certificate, and Contractor Site Notice to the District. To ensure the Permit reflects a single construction site, the Regulated Entity Number (RN) must be the same for TxDOT and the Contractor. Contact the Beaumont District Construction Office with questions regarding TCEQ Permit 150000.
4. Take measures to prevent construction materials and debris including, but not limited to wastewater (i.e., cooling liquid, etc.) associated with concrete removal from entering any inlets, ditches, or waterways.

II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404

USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas.

The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions, including Regional conditions for the State of Texas, associated with the following permit(s):

☒ No Permit Required

☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected)

☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)

☐ Individual 404 Permit Required: Permit # _____

☐ Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# _____

Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS.

1. Maintain a neat and clean worksite next to the water and do not allow any debris to fall into the water.
2. Comply with "Work In or Near Waters/Wetlands Regulatory Requirements and Best Management Practices" section found in the Beaumont District Environmental Field Guide.

The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts.

Best Management Practices:

Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS
☐ Temporary Vegetation	☐ Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips
☐ Blankets/Matting	☐ Rock Berm	☐ Retention/Irrigation Systems
☐ Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	☐ Extended Detention Basin
☐ Sodding	☐ Sand Bag Berm	☐ Constructed Wetlands
☐ Interceptor Swale	☐ Straw Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin
☐ Diversion Dike	☐ Brush Berms	☐ Erosion Control Compost
☐ Erosion Control Compost	☐ Erosion Control Compost	☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks
☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks
☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks	☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks	☐ Vegetation Lined Ditches
	☐ Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	☐ Sand Filter Systems
	☐ Sediment Basins	

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

☒ No Action Required ☐ Required Action

Action No.

1. Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

☒ No Action Required ☐ Required Action

Action No.

1. No vegetation removal or trimming of any kind is allowed. Exceptions are allowed for mowed and maintained grass.

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

☒ No Action Required ☐ Required Action

Action No.

1. If any animal enters the work area, do not harm, harass, or attempt to handle: let the animal leave on its own.
2. If caves or sinkholes are discovered on site, cease work in the area and contact the TxDOT Inspector or DEOC for guidance.
3. Comply with "Wildlife: Regulatory Requirements and Best Management Practices" section found in the Beaumont District Environmental Field Guide.
4. Contractor shall maintain compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty ACT (MBTA) and Texas Parks and Wildlife (TPW) Code Section 64.002. The full MBTA guidance may be found here: https://flp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/env/toolkit/350-01-gui.pdf
5. Resource specific BMPs (Section I) and Pavement BMPs (section II, F) from the "Updated Best Management Practices (BMPs) for TxDOT Maintenance Activities" guidance under the TxDOT Maintenance Program EA shall be reviewed and implemented where appropriate. The maintenance EA BMPs may be found here: https://flp.txdot.gov/pub/txdot-info/env/080-01-bmp.pdf

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

☒ No Action Required ☐ Required Action

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.

Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- Undesirable smells or odors
- Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances
- Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site.

List below any bridge class structure(s), not including box culverts, being replaced, rehabilitated, removed, extended or modified as part of this project, or state "None", if applicable.
If "None", then no further action is required. Otherwise TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection and evaluation for presence of lead.

Provide results below:

Structure Location	PSN	Element	Lead	Asbestos
None				

If Asbestos is present, then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary.

If Asbestos is not present, then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

Action No.

1. Comply with TxDOT Standard Specification 7.12 and Special Provision 006-012 if evidence of hazardous materials or contamination is noted during construction.
2. Notify TxDOT Inspector or DEOC of any hazardous materials spills including fuel, hydraulic fluid, etc.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

☒ No Action Required ☐ Required Action

Action No.

1. Comply with "General Construction" section found in the Beaumont District Environmental Field Guide.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BMP:	Best Management Practice	SPCC:	Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure
CGP:	Construction General Permit	SW3P:	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
DSHS:	Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN:	Pre-Construction Notification
FHWA:	Federal Highway Administration	PSL:	Project Specific Location
MOA:	Memorandum of Agreement	TCEQ:	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
MOU:	Memorandum of Understanding	TPDES:	Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
MS4:	Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	TPWD:	Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
MBTA:	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT:	Texas Department of Transportation
NOT:	Notice of Termination	T&E:	Threatened and Endangered Species
NWP:	Nationwide Permit	USACE:	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
NOI:	Notice of Intent	USFWS:	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

APPROVED BY _____ DATE _____

DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL DEPARTMENT

Texas Department of Transportation

Beaumont District Standard

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

FILE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: AM	DW: VP	CK: AR
©TxDOT February 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
	6458	93	001	US 69, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT	JEFFERSON, ETC.		59