

FED.RD. DIV.NO.		SHEET NO.					
6		RMC:6455-75-001					
STATE							
TEXA	TEXAS 12 HARRIS						
CONTRO	)L	SECTION	N JOB HIGHWAY				
645	5	75	001	SL 8,	etc.		
	DIV. NO. 6 STATE TEXA CONTRO	DIV. NO.	DIV. NO.     P       6     RMC:       STATE     STATE       DISTRICT     TEXAS       TEXAS     12       CONTROL     SECTION	DIV. NO.     PROJECT NO.       6     RMC: 6455-75       STATE     DISTRICT       TEXAS     12       CONTROL     SECTION	DIV.NO.     PROJECT NO.       6     RMC: 6455-75-001       STATE     STATE       DISTRICT     COUNTY       TEXAS     12       CONTROL     SECTION		

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SUBMITTED 9/5/2023 DocuSigned by:	
Jamal Elaki B8FA13532E694BE <sup>ER</sup>	
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Project Number: RMC 6455-75-001

**County:** HARRIS

Highway: SL 8, etc.

## General:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Eddy Chang, P.E. Eddy.Chang@txdot.gov

## Ray Castillo Ray.Castillo@txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

This project will be managed by, and requests for payment addressed to:

Ray Castillo South Harris Area Assistant Maintenance Supervisor 702 FM 1959 Houston, Texas 77034 (281) 464-5540

This is a Routine Maintenance Non-Site-Specific Call-Out contract.

Inspect the work site prior to bidding. To arrange for a site visit, please contact Ray Castillo at (281) 464-5544.

Perform work on an as needed basis as directed.

Work will not be permitted when impending bad weather or inclement weather may impair the quality of work.

Notify this offices representative for this project by 7:30 a.m. when scheduled work is cancelled for any reason.

Have a crew available to respond 7 days a week, 24 hours a day for the duration of the contract.

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Work at night and on weekends will be required.

Call out work orders, only, will be issues for no less than \$1,000.000 per day.

The Contractor will begin call out work within the required time for each work order. Work orders are expected to be completed per the contract plans within the number of days allowed for each work order. All call out work orders will have a begin date and number of working days. The Contractor will begin work within 48 hours of notification for routine call outs, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Work will be completed within the required number of working days. The Contractor will begin work within 4 hours of notification for emergency call outs and complete within 48 hours, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Failure to begin work within the required time and proceed to completion within the required time will result in the assessment of liquidated damages.

The location of all repairs will be determined by the Engineer, the Contractor will mark the areas prior to construction.

References to manufacturer's trade name or catalog numbers are for the purpose of identification only. Similar materials from other manufacturers are permitted if they are of equal quality, comply with the specifications for this project, and are approved, except for roadway illumination, electrical, and traffic signal items.

The cost for materials, labor, and incidentals to provide for traffic across the roadway and for ingress and egress to private property in accordance with Section 7.2.4 of the standard specifications is subsidiary to the various bid items. Restore access roadways to their original condition upon completing construction.

Tolls incurred by the Contractor are incidental to the various bid items.

Procure permits and licenses, which are to be issued by the City, County, or Municipal Utility District.

## **General: Site Management**

Do not mix or store materials, or store or repair equipment, on top of concrete pavement or bridge decks unless authorized by the Engineer. Permission will be granted to store materials on surfaces if no damage or discoloration will result.

Personal vehicles of employees are not permitted to park within the right of way, including sections closed to public traffic. Employees may park on the right of way at the Contractor's office, equipment, and materials storage yard sites.

Assume ownership of debris and dispose of at an approved location. Do not dispose of debris on private property unless approved in writing by the District Engineer.

## Sheet 2

## Control: 6455-75-001

General Notes

Project Number: RMC 6455-75-001

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## **General: Traffic Control and Construction**

When design details are not shown on the plans, provide signs and arrows conforming to the latest "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

## **General: Utilities**

Consider the locations of underground utilities depicted in the plans as approximate and employ responsible care to avoid damaging utility facilities. Depending upon scope and magnitude of planned construction activities, advanced field confirmation by the utility owner or operator may be prudent. Where possible, protect and preserve permanent signs, markers, and designations of underground facilities.

If the Contractor damages or causes damage (breaks, leaks, nicks, dents, gouges, etc.) to the utility, contact the utility facility owner or operator immediately.

Be aware that an operational Computerized Transportation Management System (CTMS) exists within the limits of this project and that the system must remain operational throughout construction. If the Contractor damages or causes damage to this system, repair such damage within 8 hours of occurrence at no cost to the Department. In the event of system damage, notify the Director of Traffic Management Systems at 713-881-3283 within one hour of occurrence. Failure of the Contractor to repair damage to the main fiber optic cable and CCTV cable trunk lines, which convey all corridor information to TranStar, will result in the Contractor being billed for the full cost of emergency repairs.

At least 72 hours before starting work, make arrangements for locating existing Departmentowned above ground and underground fiber optic, communications, power, illumination, and traffic signal cabling and conduit. Do this by calling the Department's Houston District Traffic Signal Operations Office at 713-802-5662, or by e-mailing the Department's Houston District Traffic Signal Operations Office at: HOU-LocateRequest@txdot.gov, to schedule marking of underground lines on the ground. Use caution if working in these areas to avoid damaging or interfering with existing facilities.

If overhead or underground power lines need to be de-energized, contact the electrical service provider to perform this work. Costs associated with de-energizing the power lines or other protective measures required are at no expense to the Department.

If working near power lines, comply with the appropriate sections of Texas State Law and Federal Regulations relating to the type of work involved.

Perform electrical work in conformance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) and Department's standard sheets.

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Before beginning any underground work, notify the City of Houston's Chief Inspector, Public Works and Engineering, to establish the locations of any existing electrical systems for lighting facilities within the limits of this project.

## **Item 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities**

This project does not require a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Section 404 Permit before letting, but if a permit is needed during construction, assume responsibility for preparing the permit application. Submit the permit application to the Department's District Environmental Section for approval. Once the permit application is approved, the Department will submit it to the USACE. Assume responsibility for the requested revisions, in coordination with the Department's District Environmental Section.

This project is on a hurricane evacuation route. Provide at the pre-construction meeting a written plan outlining procedures to suspend work, secure the job site, and safely handle traffic through and across the project in the event of a hurricane evacuation.

During the hurricane season (June 1 through November 30), do not close any travel lanes except when the Contractor can demonstrate that he/she can provide labor, equipment, material, a work plan, and quality of work to satisfactorily return all lanes to an open, all-weather travel surface within 3 days of receiving written or verbal notice but no later than 3 days before the predicted hurricane landfall. Construction of temporary lanes to an all-weather surface will be paid for in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method."

In addition to lane closures, cease work 3 days before the predicted hurricane landfall on or near the roadway that adversely impacts the flow of traffic and reduces the capacity of the highway during an evacuation. Vehicles of the Contractor, subcontractors, or material suppliers will not be allowed to enter or exit the traffic stream, including those for the purpose of material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment. When directed, this prohibition will include a reasonable time period for the evacuees to return to their point of origin.

No significant traffic generator events have been identified.

## **Item 8: Prosecution and Progress**

Working days will be computed and charged based on a calendar day workweek in accordance with Section 8.3.1.5

The Lane Closure Assessment Fee for each roadway is stated below. This fee applies to the Contractor for closures or obstructions that overlap into restricted hour traffic for each hour or portion thereof, per lane, regardless of the length of lane closure or obstruction. For Restricted Hours subject to Lane Assessment Fee refer to the Item, "Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling." The time increment for the Lane Closure Assessment fee for this project is one hour.

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	Lane Closure Asse	essment Fee Table
Road	dway	Lane Assessment Fee
SH	146	\$ 2,000.00
SP	501	\$ 400.00
BS	146D	\$ 100.00
FM	270	\$ 1000.00
FM	1959	\$ 200.00
FM	2553	\$ 200.00
FM	2351	\$ 500.00
SH	3	\$ 500.00
SH	35	\$ 500.00
IH	10	\$ 6,000.00
UA	90A	\$ 2,000.00
FM	521	\$ 500.00
SH	NASA	\$ 1,000.00
FM	528	\$ 500.00
FM	865	\$ 500.00
SL	08	\$ 3,000.00
IH	45	\$ 5,500.00
SH	225	\$ 3,000.00
SP	330	\$ 1,000.00
SH 225	Frontage Road	\$ 400.00
SH 146	Frontage Road	\$ 100.00
IH 10	Frontage Road	\$ 500.00
SL 8	Frontage Road	\$ 500.00
IH 45	Frontage Road	\$ 1,000.00

## **Item 500: Mobilization**

This contract consists of Call-out Mobilization and Emergency for routine work and Emergency Mobilization for any emergency or unexpected work.

## Item 502: Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

Use a traffic control plan for handling traffic through the various phases of construction. Follow the phasing sequence unless otherwise agreed upon by the Area Engineer and the Project Manager. Ensure this plan conforms to the latest "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" and the latest Barricade and Construction (BC) Standard Sheets.

Submit changes to the traffic control plan to the Area Engineer. Provide a layout showing the construction phasing, signs, striping, and signalizations for changes to the original traffic control plan.

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Furnish and maintain the barricades and warning signs, including the necessary temporary and portable traffic control devices, during the various phases of construction. Place and construct these barricades and warning signs in accordance with the latest "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" for typical construction layouts.

Cover work zone signs when work related to the signs is not in progress, or when any hazard related to the signs no longer exists.

Keep the delineation devices, signs, and pavement markings clean. This work is subsidiary to the Item, "Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling."

Erect temporary signs when exit ramps are closed or moved to new locations during construction.

Before detouring traffic onto the mainlane shoulders, remove dirt, debris, vegetation, and other deleterious material from the surface of the shoulders. Appropriately sign the detour in an approved manner. This work is subsidiary to the various bid items.

Coordinate and schedule the work with the appropriate Metro representative if requiring access to the High Occupancy Vehicle lanes.

Cover or remove the permanent signs and construction signs that are incorrect or that do not apply to the current situation for a particular phase.

Do not mount signs on drums or barricades, except those listed in the latest Barricades and Construction standard sheets.

Use traffic cones for daytime work only. Replace the cones with plastic drums during nighttime hours.

Place positive barriers to protect drop-off conditions greater than 2 ft. within the clear zone that remain overnight.

Do not reduce the existing number of lanes open to traffic except as shown on the following time schedule:

FM 2553, SH 146 FRD, BS 146D, SH 225 FRD, & SP 501						
Day	Daytime Work	Nighttime Work	<b>Restricted Hours Subject</b>			
	Hours	Hours	to Lane Assessment Fee			
Monday						
Through	No Restrictions	No Restrictions	No Restrictions			
Friday						

## Sheet 2B

## **Control:** 6455-75-001

# **One Lane Closure**

General Notes

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Highway: SL 8, etc.

# **One Lane Closure**

FM 528						
Day	Daytime Work Nighttime Work		<b>Restricted Hours Subject</b>			
	Hours	Hours	to Lane Assessment Fee			
Monday		12:00 AM to 5:00 AM				
Through	None		5:00 AM to 7:00 PM			
Friday		7:00 PM to 12:00 AM				

## **One Lane Closure** FM 1959, SL 8, FM 270, FM 521, FM 865, FM 2351, SHNASA, SL 8 FRD, UA 90A, IH 45 FRD, SH 3, SH 35, SP 330, IH 10 FRD, & SH 225 FRD

Day	Daytime Work Hours	Nighttime Work Hours	Restricted Hours Subject to Lane Assessment Fee
Monday Through	9:00 AM - 3:00 PM	12:00 AM to 5:00 AM	5:00 AM - 9:00 AM
Friday		7:00 PM to 12:00 AM	3:00 PM - 7:00 PM

## **Two Lane Closure** IH 45, SL 8, FM 270, FM 521, FM 865, FM 2351, SHNASA, SH 3, IH 45 FRD, UA 90A, SH 35, FM 1959, SL 8 FRD, SP 330, IH 10 FRD, & SH 225

Day Daytime Work Hours		Nighttime Work Hours	<b>Restricted Hours Subject</b> to Lane Assessment Fee
Monday		12:00 AM to 5:00 AM	
Through	None		5:00 AM - 9:00 PM
Friday		9:00 PM to 12:00 AM	(Night-time work only)

## **One/Two or More Lane Closure** SH 146, IH 45, SL 8, SH 225, IH 10

Day Daytime Work		Nighttime Work	<b>Restricted Hours Subject</b>
	Hours	Hours	to Lane Assessment Fee
Monday		12:00 AM to 5:00 AM	
Through	None		5:00 AM - 9:00 PM
Friday		9:00 PM to 12:00 AM	(Night-time work only)

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### Weekend One/Two Lane Closure SH 146, SH 146 FR, SP 501, BS 146D, FM 270, FM 1959, FM 2553, FM 2351, SH 3, SH 35, IH 10, IH 10 FR, US 90A, FM 521, SH NASA, FM 528, FM 865, SL 8, SL 8 FR, IH 45, IH 45 FR, SH 225, SH 225 FR, SP 330 Nighttime Work **Restricted Hours Subject** Hours to Lane Assessment Fee 00 AM - 11:00 AM 11:00 AM - 8:00 PM 00 PM - 12:00 AM

	іп 45, іп 45 г	к, эг
Day	<b>Daytime Work</b>	N
	Hours	
Saturday		12:0
Through	None	
Sunday		8:0

Day	Daytime Work Hours	Nighttime Work Hours	<b>Restricted Hours Subject</b> to Lane Assessment Fee			
Saturday Through Sunday	None	10:00 PM – 5:00 AM	5:00 AM - 10:00 PM (Night-time work only)			

The above times are approved for the traffic control conditions listed. The Area Engineer may approve other closure times if traffic counts warrant. The Area Engineer may reduce the above times for special events.

Law enforcement assistance will be required for this project and is expected to be required for major traffic control changes and lane closures. Coordinate with local law enforcement and arrange for law enforcement as directed or agreed by the Engineer. Before payment will be made, complete the "Daily Report on Law Enforcement Force Account Work" (Form 318), provided by the Department and submit daily invoices that agree with this form for any day during the month in which approved services were provided.

Provide full-time, off-duty, uniformed, certified peace officers, as part of traffic control operations. The peace officers must be able to show proof of certification by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Officers Standards. The cost of the officers is paid for on a force account basis.

A minimum of 7 days in advance of any total closure, notify the Houston District Public Information Office of which roadways, ramps, intersections, or lanes will be closed, the dates they will remain closed, and when they will be opened again to traffic.

A minimum of 7 days in advance of any total closure, place a portable changeable message (PCM) sign at the location of each total closure which informs the traveling public of the details of the closure. Alternately, if the Traffic Control Plan provides a positive barrier at the location,

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## **Full Closure**

(SH 146, SH 146 FR, SP 501, BS 146D, FM 270, FM 1959, FM 2553, FM 2351, SH 3, SH 35, IH 10, IH 10 FR, US 90A, FM 521, SH NASA, FM 528, FM 865, SL 8, SL 8 FR, IH 45. IH 45 FR. SH 225. SH 225 FR. SP 330)

Project Number: RMC 6455-75-001

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a non-trailer mounted static message board sign behind the positive barrier may be used in place of a PCM.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

All lane closures are considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

All work and materials furnished with this item are subsidiary to the pertinent bid items except:

- Emergency lane closures not associated with other contract work items and performed as directed, payable under Items 500-6034
- Truck mounted attenuators payable under Item 6185
- Law enforcement personnel payable under force account

## Item 506: Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation and Environmental Controls

The use of hay bales is not permitted as Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) measures.

The Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) consists of temporary erosion control measures needed and provided for under this Item. The disturbed area is less than one acre and use of erosion control measures is not anticipated. If physical conditions encountered at the job site require necessary controls, BMP installation, maintenance, and removal will be paid as extra work on a force account basis per Articles 4.4 and 9.7. Since the disturbed area is less than 5 acres, a "Notice of Intent" (NOI) is not required.

Use appropriate measures to prevent, minimize, and control the spill of hazardous materials in the construction staging area. Remove and dispose of materials in compliance with State and Federal laws.

Before starting construction, review with the Engineer the SWP3 used for temporary erosion control as outlined on the plans. Before construction, place the temporary erosion and sedimentation control features as shown on the SWP3.

Implement temporary and permanent erosion control measures to comply with the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) general permit under the Clean Water Act.

Before starting grading operations and during the project duration, place the temporary or permanent erosion control measures to prevent sediment from leaving the right of way.

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Highway: SL 8, etc.

## Item 764: Pump Station and Drainage System Cleaning

Follow confined space procedures as outlined in OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.146. Provide a copy of the entry permit at the work site whenever entering a confined workspace.

The Contractor will supply all pipe plugs to stop any flow as needed. This work is subsidiary to Item 764.

Remove and replace culvert grates. Bolting and unbolting is subsidiary to Item 764. The State will furnish nuts, bolts, and washers, as replacements for those that are no longer usable.

Remove and dispose of all debris, dirt, silt, litter, lumber, auto parts, paper, grass clippings, etc. from the designated area.

Have tested, debris or wash water removed that smells of volatiles or shows signs of environmental contamination by an approved laboratory. For material testing positive for contamination, provide written receipts showing disposal at licensed disposal facilities.

The Department will verify and note daily in the project diary prior to any work, the vactor truck is clean and empty. A small amount of normal wash in the tank will be permitted.

A list of water availability at the work site may be requested for records.

## Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

A shadow vehicle with Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMAs) or Trailer Attenuators (TAs) is required as shown on the appropriate Traffic Control Plan (TCP) sheets. TMAs/TAs must meet the requirements of the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List.

Level 3 Compliant TMAs/TAs are required for this project.

A total of one (1) shadow vehicle with a TMA/TA is required for the work with the exception of Pavement Marking Operations. The Contractor is responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs/TAs needed on the project.

In addition to the shadow vehicles with TMAs/TAs that are specified as being required on the TCP layout sheets for this project, provide additional shadow vehicles with TMAs/TAs as shown on the TCP Standard sheets. The Contractor is responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs/TAs needed on the project.

## Control: 6455-75-001



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6455-75-001

DISTRICT Houston HIGHWAY SL0008 **COUNTY** Harris

**Estimate & Quantity Sheet** 

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	6455-75	5-001		
	PROJEC		CT ID	A00203	3884		
		cc	DUNTY	Harr	is	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	SL00	08		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	500-6033	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	12.000		12.000	
	500-6034	MOBILIZATION (EMERGENCY)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	764-6001	DRAIN INLET CLEANING	EA	700.000		700.000	
	764-6002	PUMP STATION WELL CLEANING	EA	16.000		16.000	
	764-6003	BASKET AND INLET PIPE CLEANING	EA	16.000		16.000	
	764-6004	DOWNSPOUT CLEANING	EA	50.000		50.000	
	764-6005	SUMP CLEANING	EA	16.000		16.000	
	764-6006	STORM SEWER CLEANING (PIPE) (<12" DIA)	LF	150.000		150.000	
	764-6007	STORM SEWER CLEANING (PIPE)(12"-18"DIA)	LF	7,000.000		7,000.000	
	764-6008	STORM SEWER CLEANING (PIPE)(19"-24"DIA)	LF	10,000.000		10,000.000	
	764-6009	STORM SEWER CLEANING (PIPE)(25"-30"DIA)	LF	7,500.000		7,500.000	
	764-6010	STORM SEWER CLEANING (PIPE)(31"-36"DIA)	LF	2,500.000		2,500.000	
	764-6011	STORM SEWER CLEANING (PIPE)(37"-42"DIA)	LF	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	764-6012	STORM SEWER CLEANING (PIPE)(43"-54"DIA)	LF	2,000.000		2,000.000	
	764-6020	STORM SEWER CLEAN (BOX CULV) (>96 SF)	LF	1,500.000		1,500.000	
	764-6021	SLOTTED DRAIN CLEANING	LF	5,000.000		5,000.000	
	764-6022	STORM SEWER CLEAN X LRG PUMP STAT WELL	EA	1.000		1.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	25.000		25.000	
	7019-6001	STORM SEWER (TELEVISION INSPECTION)	LF	100.000		100.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Houston	Harris	6455-75-001	3

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the 2. responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed 3. by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop. sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown ON BC(2). THE OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, ČSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

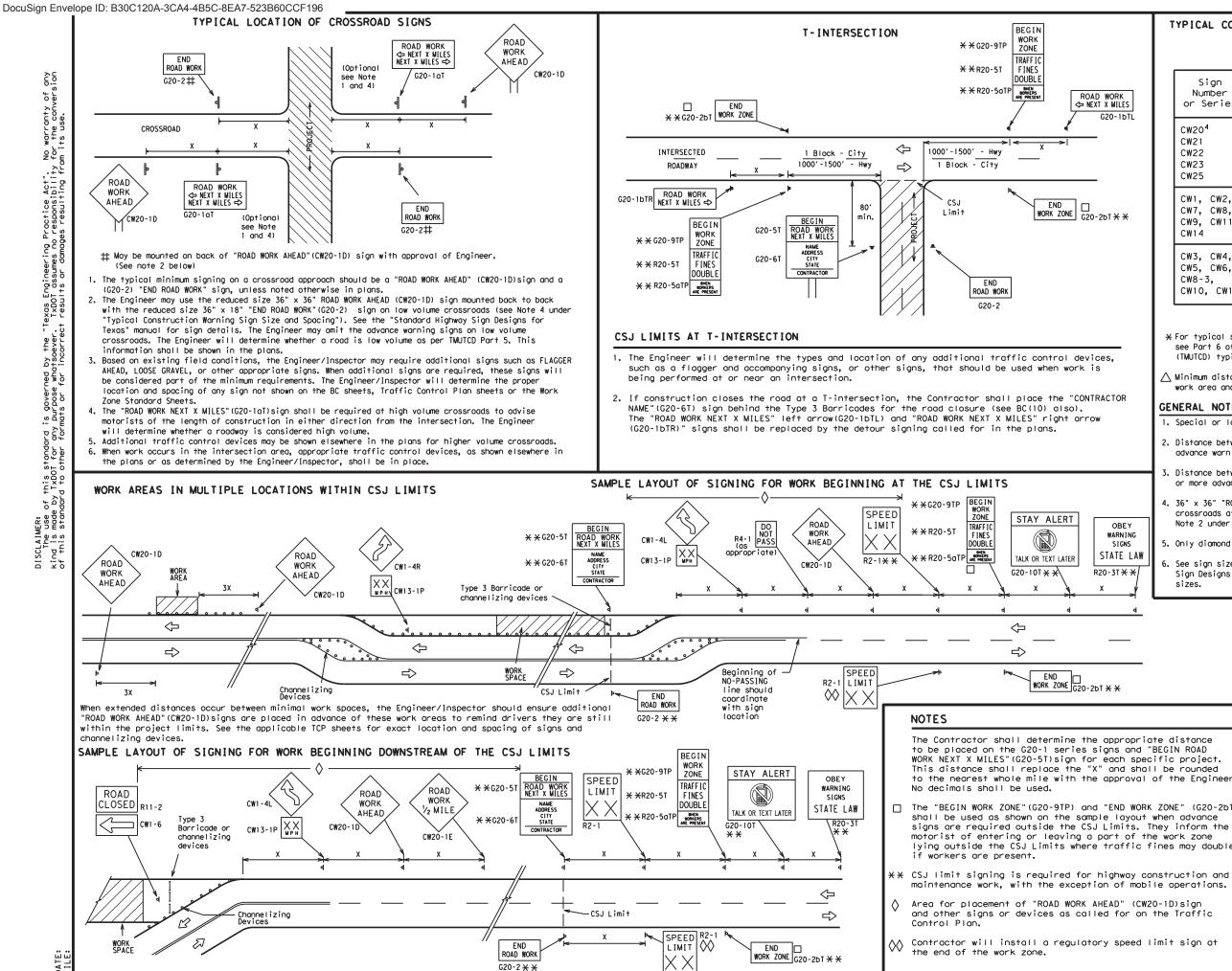
- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov					
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)					
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)					
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)					
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"					
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)					
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)					
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS					

SHEET 1 OF 12						
Traffic Safety Texas Department of Transportation Standard						
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS BC (1) - 21						
FILE: bc-21.dqn		<dot< th=""><th>CK: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ск: TxDOT</th></dot<>	CK: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
CTxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
4-03 7-13	6455	75	001		SL	8,etc.
9-07 8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-10 5-21 95	HOU		HARRIS	S		4



TYPICAL	CONSTRUCTION	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE	AND	SPACING <sup>1,5,6</sup>

SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 <sup>4</sup> CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

SFACINO					
Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"				
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)				
30	120				
35	160				
40	240				
45	320				
50	400				
55	500 <sup>2</sup>				
60	600 <sup>2</sup>				
65	700 <sup>2</sup>				
70	800 <sup>2</sup>				
75	900 <sup>2</sup>				
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>				
*	* 3				

SPACING

X For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

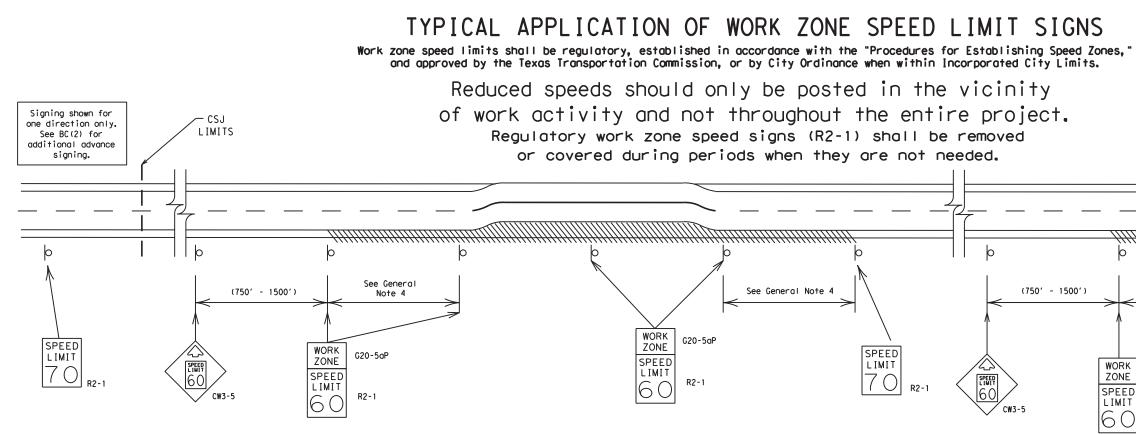
 $\bigtriangleup$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" × 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

			LEGEND				
	туре 3 Barricade						
	000 Channelizing Devices						
		4	Sign				
-		x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.				
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## GUIDANCE FOR USE:

### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

### GENERAL NOTES

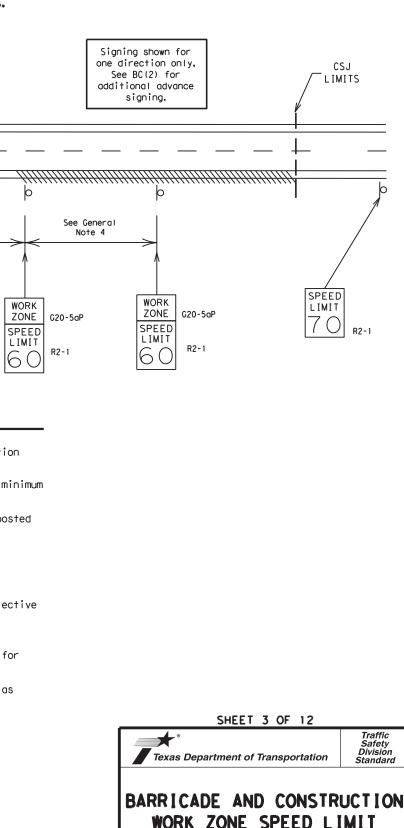
- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.

4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be: 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

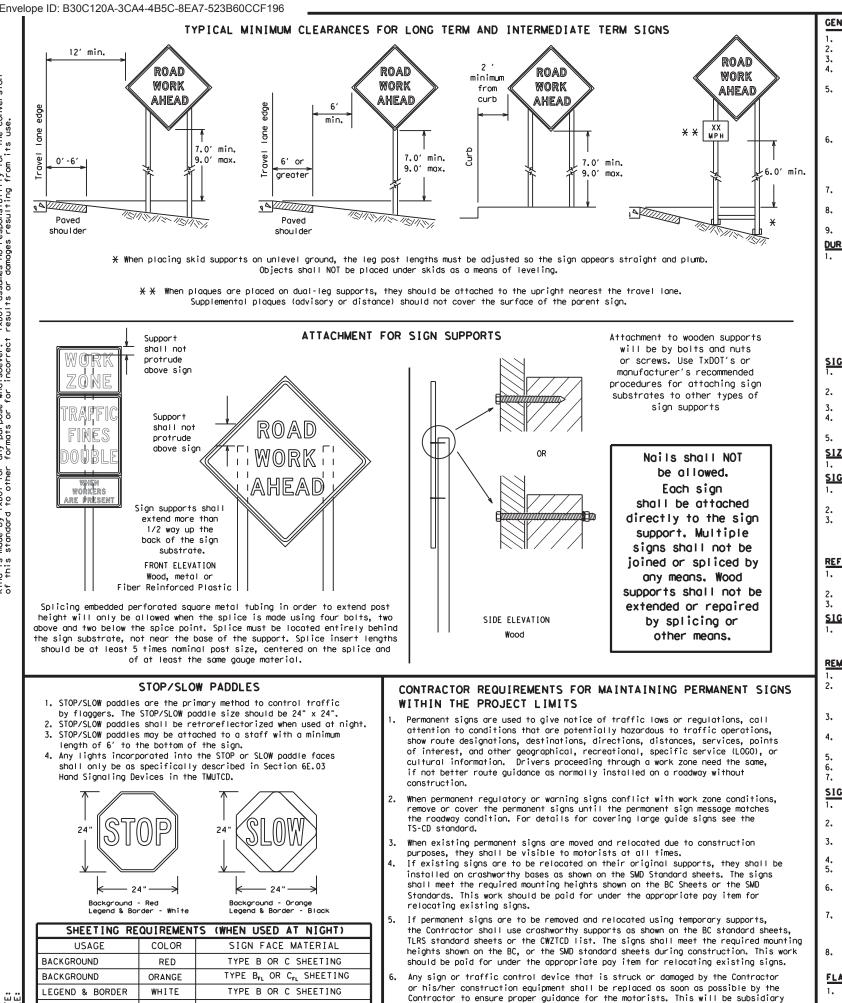
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.

10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.





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to Item 502.

ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- for identification shall be 1 inch.

### The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

- <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>
- regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements. a. Long-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period. c. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. d.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.) e.

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in Lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.

## SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave. centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- covered when not required.
- entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

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LEGEND & BORDER

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All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZICD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a guestion regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so

The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except

The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZICD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6"

for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1). White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub>, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any

When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the

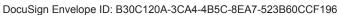
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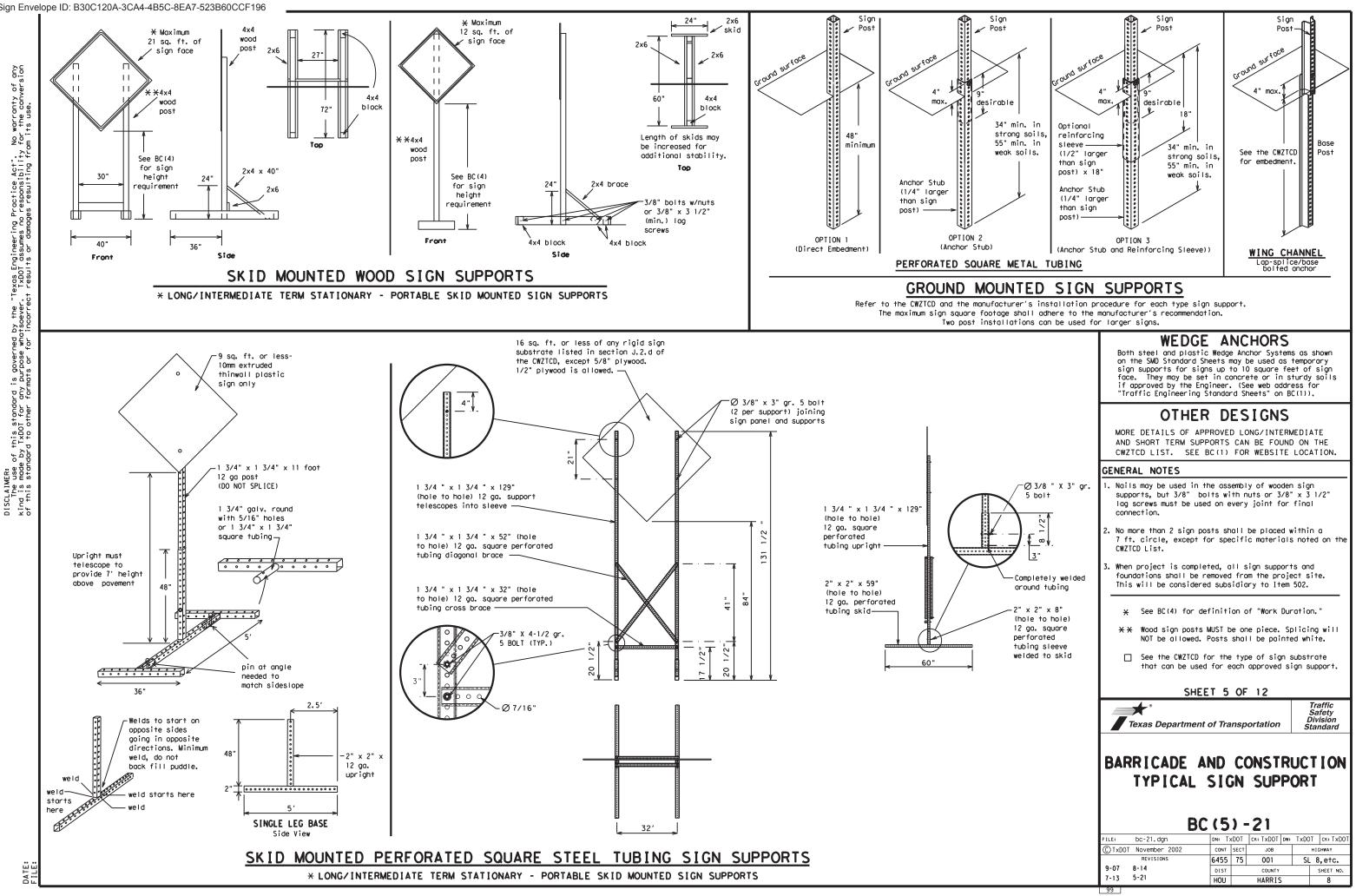
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Divisiór Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to 2. eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) 5. along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to 7. start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message. 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together, Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Worning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WTLIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Povement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES (The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

## Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

		Uther Con	UITION LIST
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT <del>X</del>
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	* LANES SHIFT in Phase	1 must be used wit	n STAY IN LANE in Pho

Other Cor	ndition List
ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

#### Action to Take/Effect on Travel List MERGE FORM RIGHT X LINES RIGHT DETOUR USE XXXXX NEXT RD EXIT X EXITS USE USE EXIT EXIT XXX I-XX NORTH STAY ON USE US XXX I-XX F SOUTH TO I-XX N TRUCKS WATCH USE FOR US XXX N TRUCKS WATCH EXPECT FOR DELAYS TRUCKS PREPARE EXPECT DELAYS ΤO STOP REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE USE WATCH OTHER FOR ROUTES WORKERS STAY ΤN LANE

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- appropriate.
- be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a
- location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

## FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

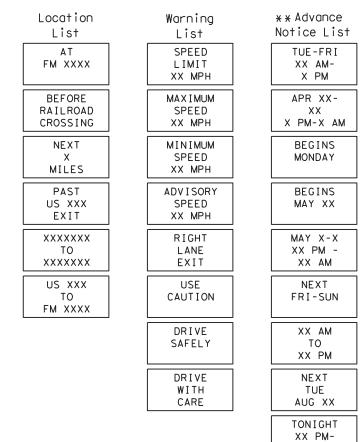
- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the some size arrow.

Roadway

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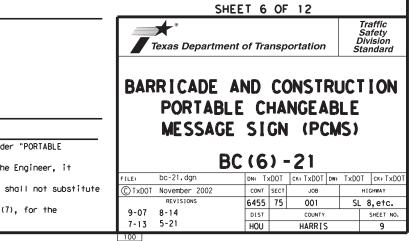
# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

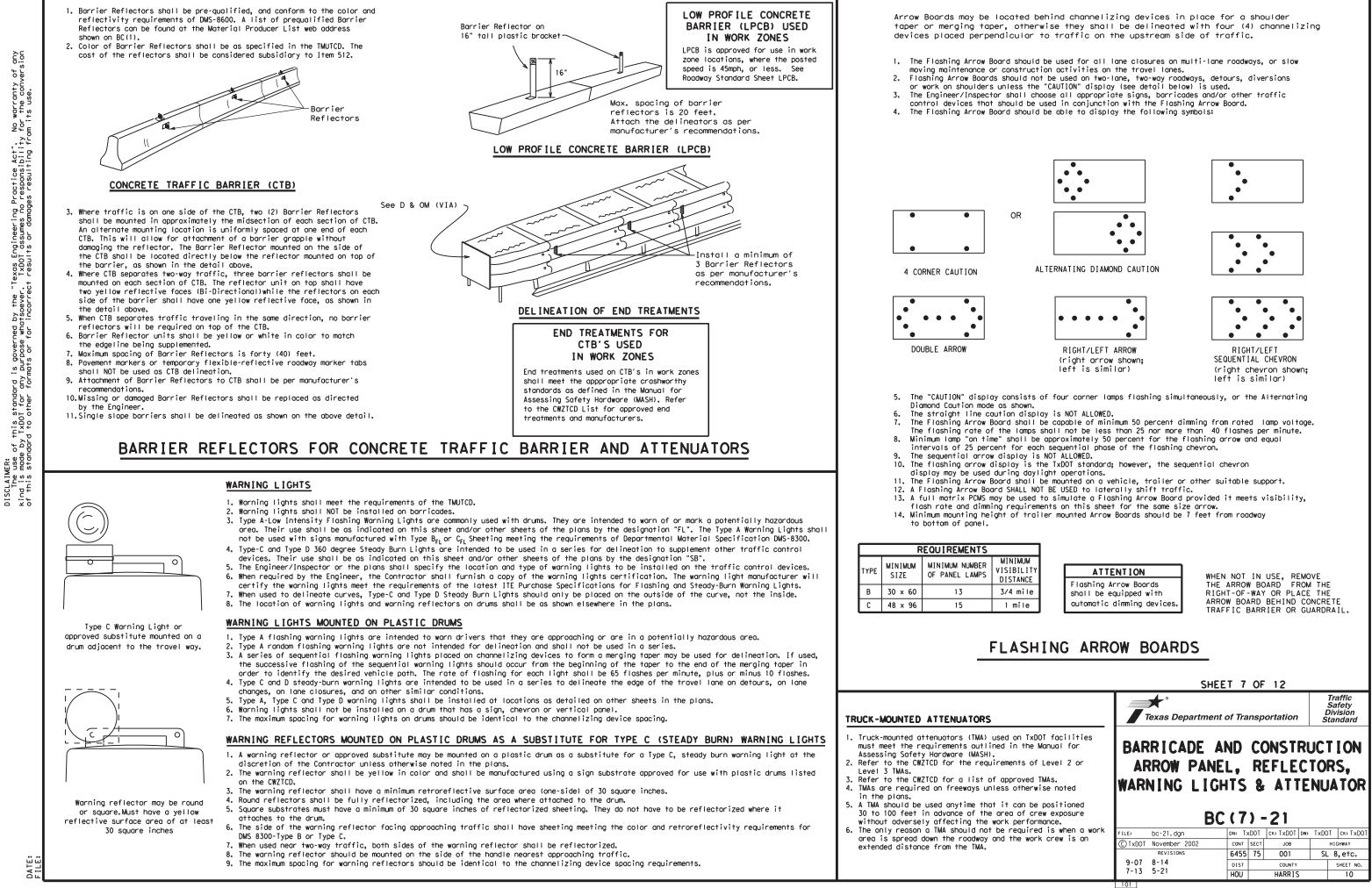


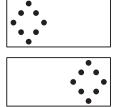
X X See Application Guidelines Note 6.

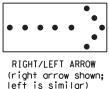
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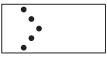
2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can

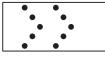


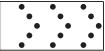














#### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

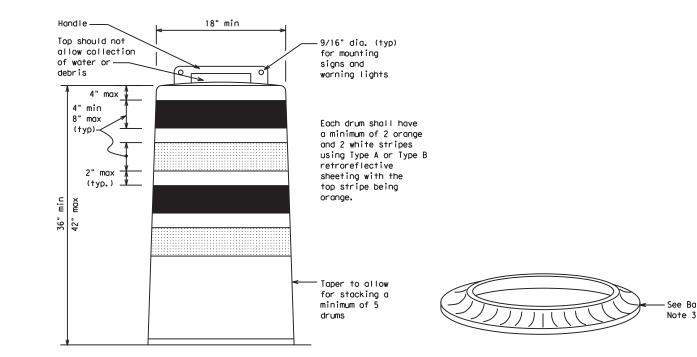
- Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

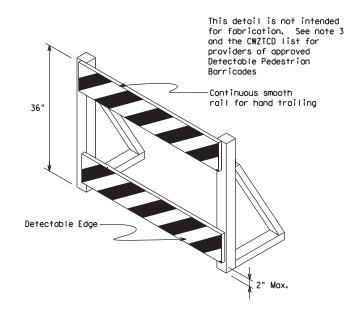
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.



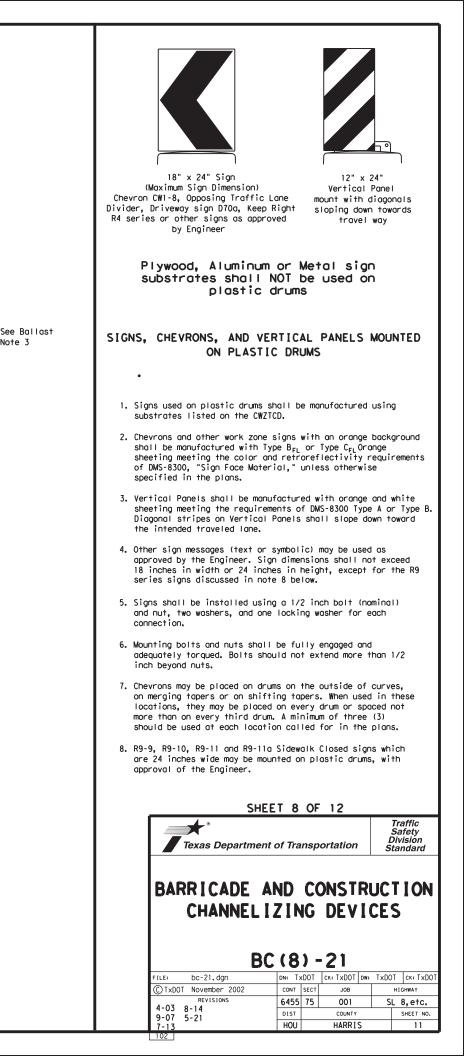


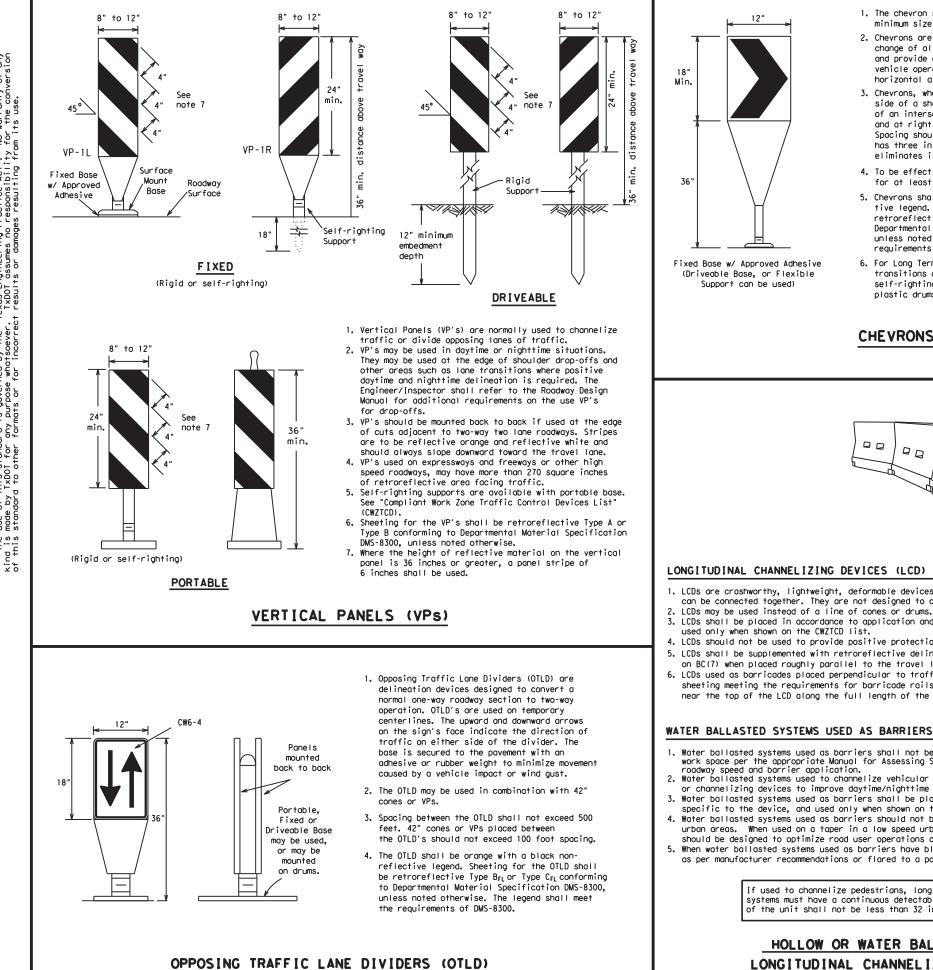
#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade roils as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

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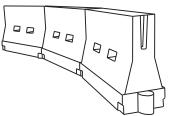
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- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation
- or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings. 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

# HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Leno X X	le gths	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30		150'	165'	180′	30′	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	
40	00	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660 <i>′</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	
60	L - # 5	600'	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140'	
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	
80		800'	880′	960'	80′	160′	

L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH) SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF

XX Toper lengths have been rounded off.

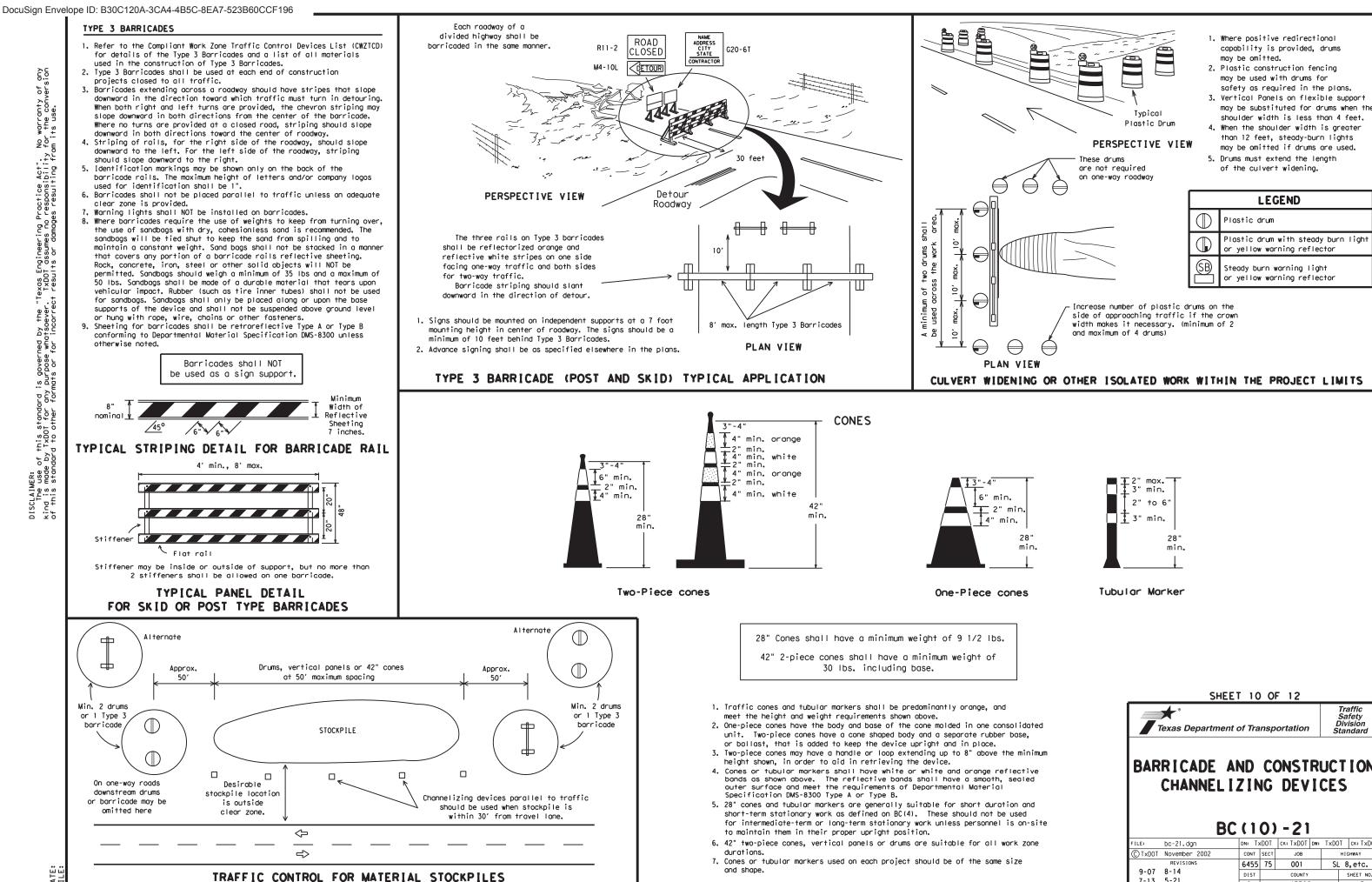
# CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12 Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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## WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ (STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on  $\mathsf{BC}\left(\mathsf{12}\right)$  .
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

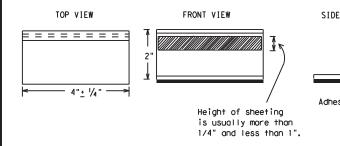
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

## Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



### STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECU TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARK TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guiden shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is r normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement or roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or sh and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pay Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pi run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a sp of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each directi more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARK

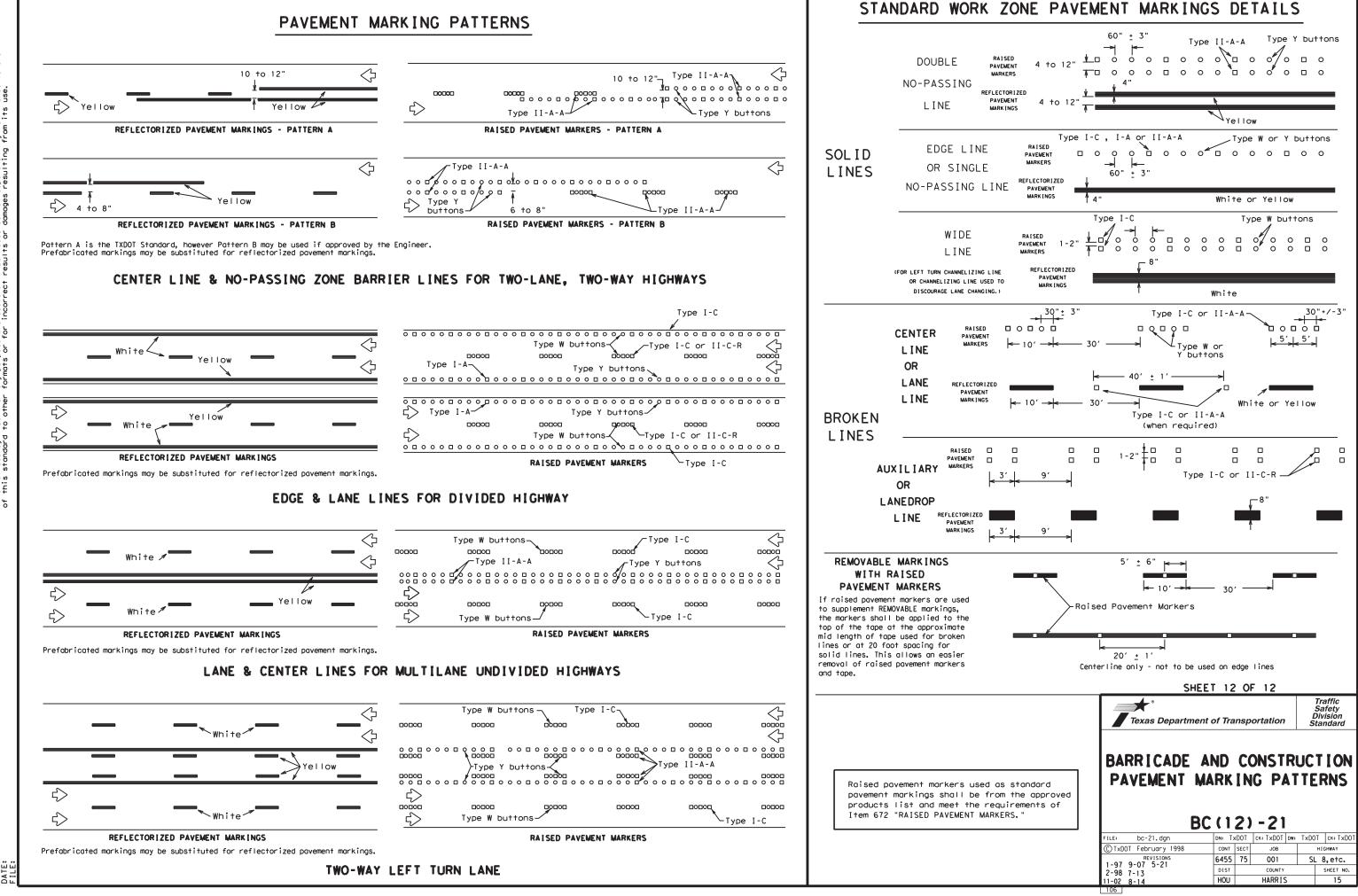
- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approduct list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applie butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concret surfaces.

#### Guidemarks shall be designated as:

YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

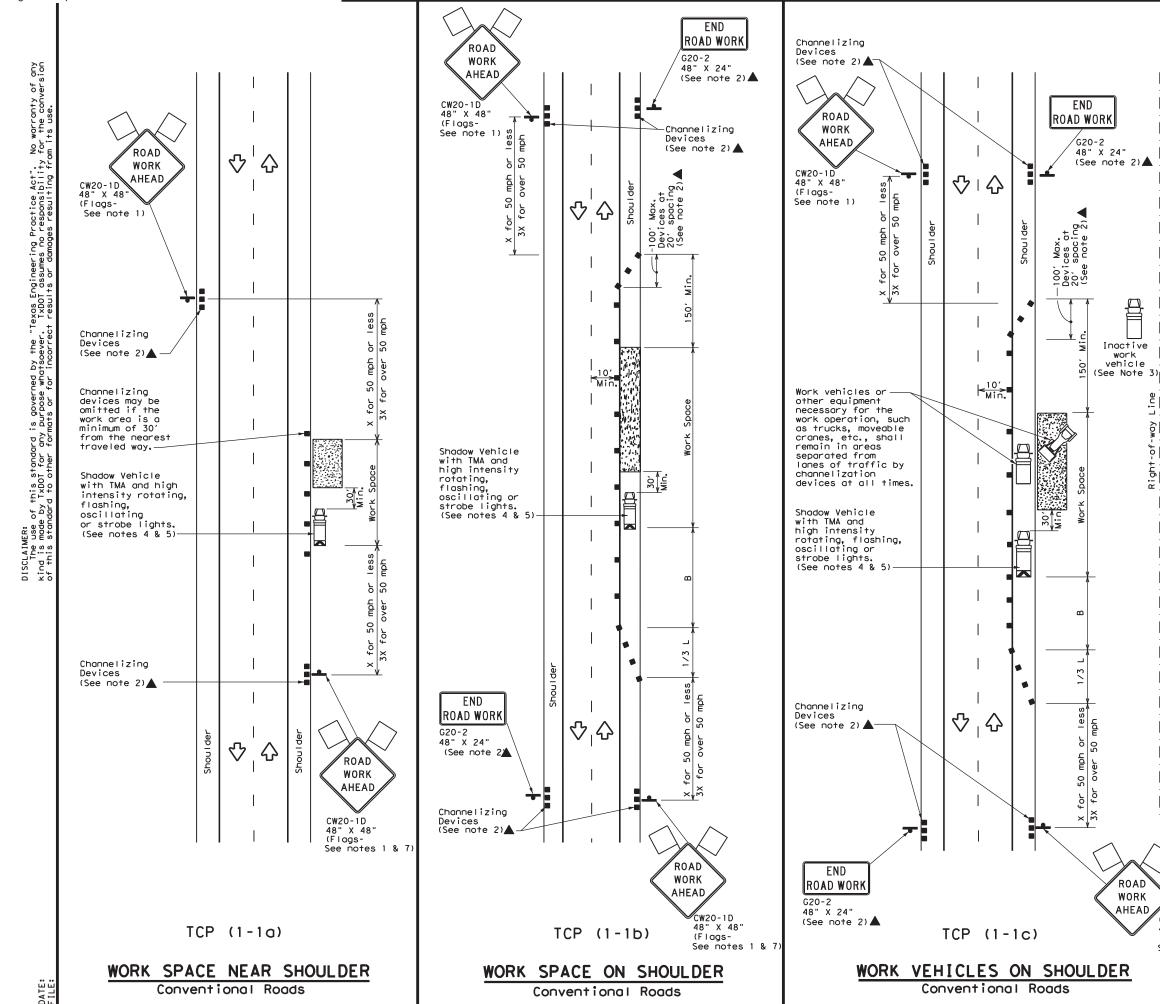
	DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICA	TIONS
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
IEW	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
T	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
	TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
1	TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242
ve pod	A list of prequalified reflective raised paveme non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker pavement markings can be found at the Material web address shown on BC(1).	tabs and othe
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	SHEET 11 OF 12	Safety
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	Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
	Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
	Texas Department of Transportation BARR   CADE AND CONST PAVEMENT MARK	RUCTION
	Texas Department of Transportation	RUCTION
	Texas Department of Transportation         BARR   CADE AND CONST         PAVEMENT MARK           BC (111) - 2         FILE:       DC-21. dgn	RUCTION NGS
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DATE:



DATE:

	LEGE	ND	
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle	X	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
-	Sign	$\langle$	Traffic Flow
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	٩	Flagger

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150'	165'	180'	30′	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295'	320'	40′	80′	240'	1551
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	1951
50		500'	550ʻ	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	55′	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L-#5	600′	660'	720'	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′
70		700′	770'	840'	70'	140′	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

\* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

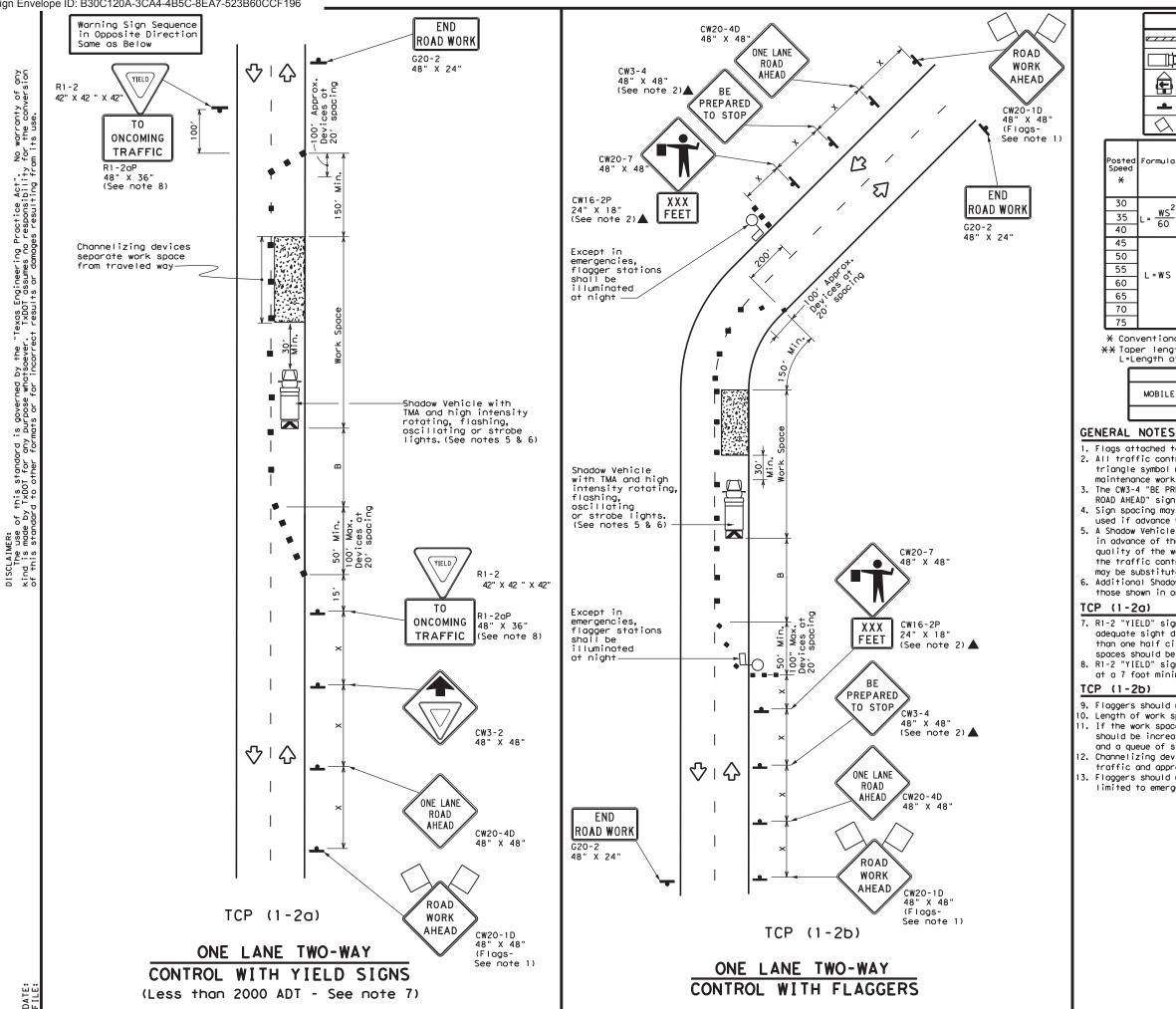
		TYPICAL U	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1		

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freeways. 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D
- "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

	Texas Department	t of Trans <sub>l</sub>	portation	Traffic Operations Division Standard
$\geq$	TRAFFIC CONVEN SHOUL	<b>TIONA</b>	L ROA	
CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-			) - 18	
48" X 48"				Ск:
48" X 48" (Flags-	ТСР	(1-1	) - 18	CK: HIGHWAY
18" X 48" Flags-	FILE: tcp1-1-18. dgn © TxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	(1 – 1 DN:	) - 18	1
18" X 48" (Flags-	FILE: tcp1-1-18.dgn © TxDOT December 1985	(1 – 1 DN: CONT SEC	) - 18	HIGHWAY

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	Heav	y Wor	k Veh	icle			ruck Mour ttenuator		
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$\bigtriangleup$	Fla	9			L	F	lagger		]
Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Spac i Channe	d Maximum ng of lizing vices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangen	t	Distance	"B"	
	150'	165′	180'	30′	60′		120'	90,	200'
$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'		160'	120'	250'
00	265'	295′	320'	40'	80'		240'	155'	305′
	450′	495′	540'	45′	90'		320'	195'	360′
	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'		400 <i>'</i>	240'	425′
L=WS	550'	605′	660'	55′	110'		500′	295′	495′
2 11 3	600'	660′	720'	60′	120′		600′	350'	570′
	650′	715′	780'	65′	130'		700′	410′	645′
	700′	770'	840'	70'	140'		800′	475′	730'
	750'	825′	900′	75′	150'		900′	540'	820′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

MOBILE		TYPICAL USAGE					
	MOBILE				LONG TERM STATIONARY		
		1	1				

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.

4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet. 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.

8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

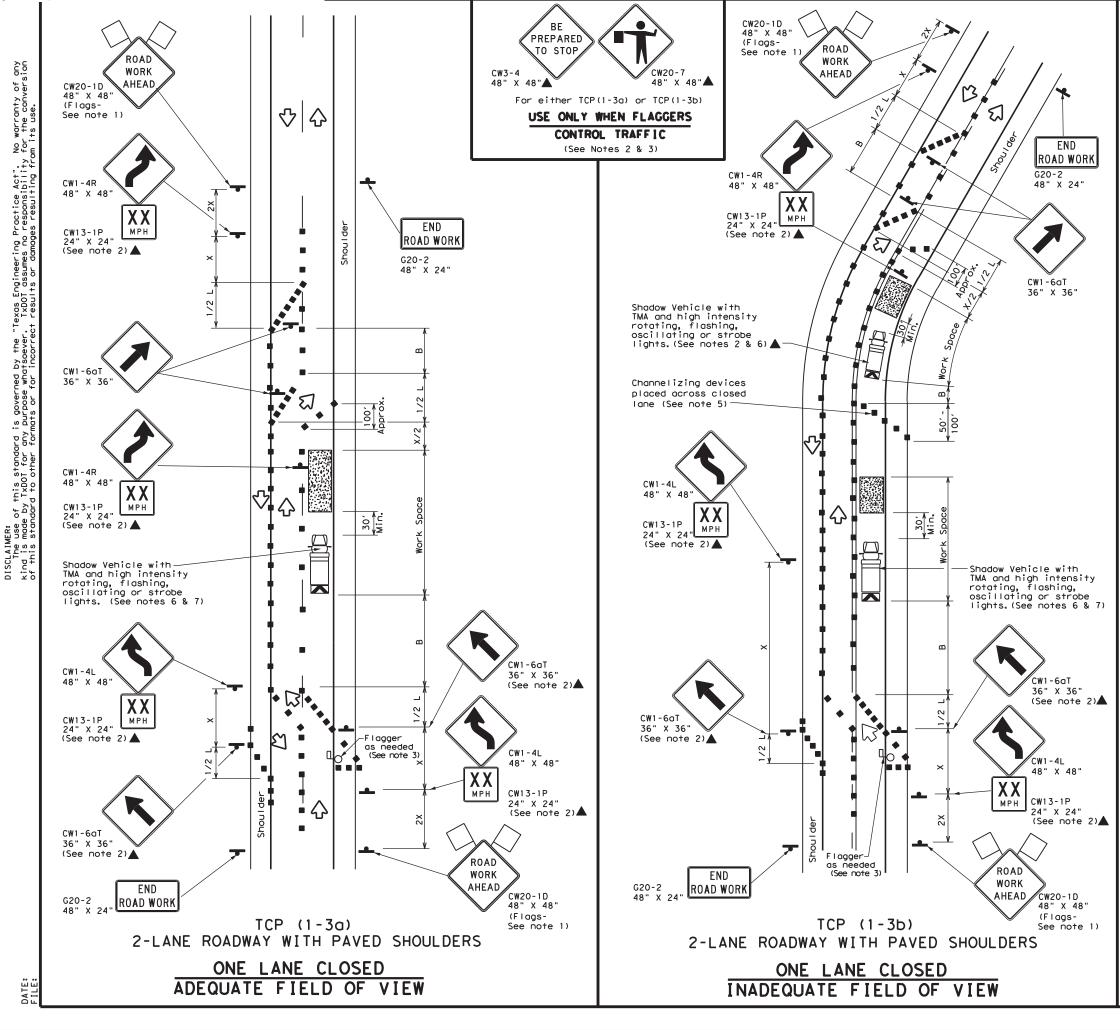
9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances

should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).

12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.

3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL           TRAFFIC CONTROL           TCP (1-2) - 18           FILE:         tcp1-2-18. dgn           DN:         cK:           CD 4-98         MH:           2-94         2-12           DIST         CONITY         SHEET NO.           HOU         HARTIS         17	Texas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortation		Traffic perations Division Standard
FILE:         tcp1-2-18.dgn         DN:         CK:         Dw:         CK:           ① TXDOT         December 1985         CONT         SECT         JOB         HIGHWAY           4-90         4-98         FEVISIONS         6455         75         OO1         SL 8, etc.           2-94         2-12         DIST         COUNTY         SHEET NO.	ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL					N
© TxDDT         December         1985         CONT         SECT         JOB         HIGHWAY           4-90         4-98         4-98         6455         75         001         SL 8, etc.           2-94         2-12         DIST         COUNTY         SHEET NO.			_	1		
Revisions         6455         75         001         SL 8, etc.           2-94         2-12         Dist         COUNTY         SHEET NO.						
4-90 4-98 2-94 2-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	0				-	
2-94 2-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.		6455	75	001		SL 8,etc.
1-97 2-18 HOU HARRIS 17		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	1-97 2-18	HOU		HARRI	S	17



	LEGE	ND	
e	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
□Þ	Heavy Work Vehicle	X	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
-	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	LO	Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30		150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	80	265′	295′	320'	40'	80′	240'	155'
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295'
60		600′	660′	720'	60′	120'	600′	350'
65		650'	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130′	700'	410′
70		700′	770′	840'	70'	70' 140'		475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

\* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

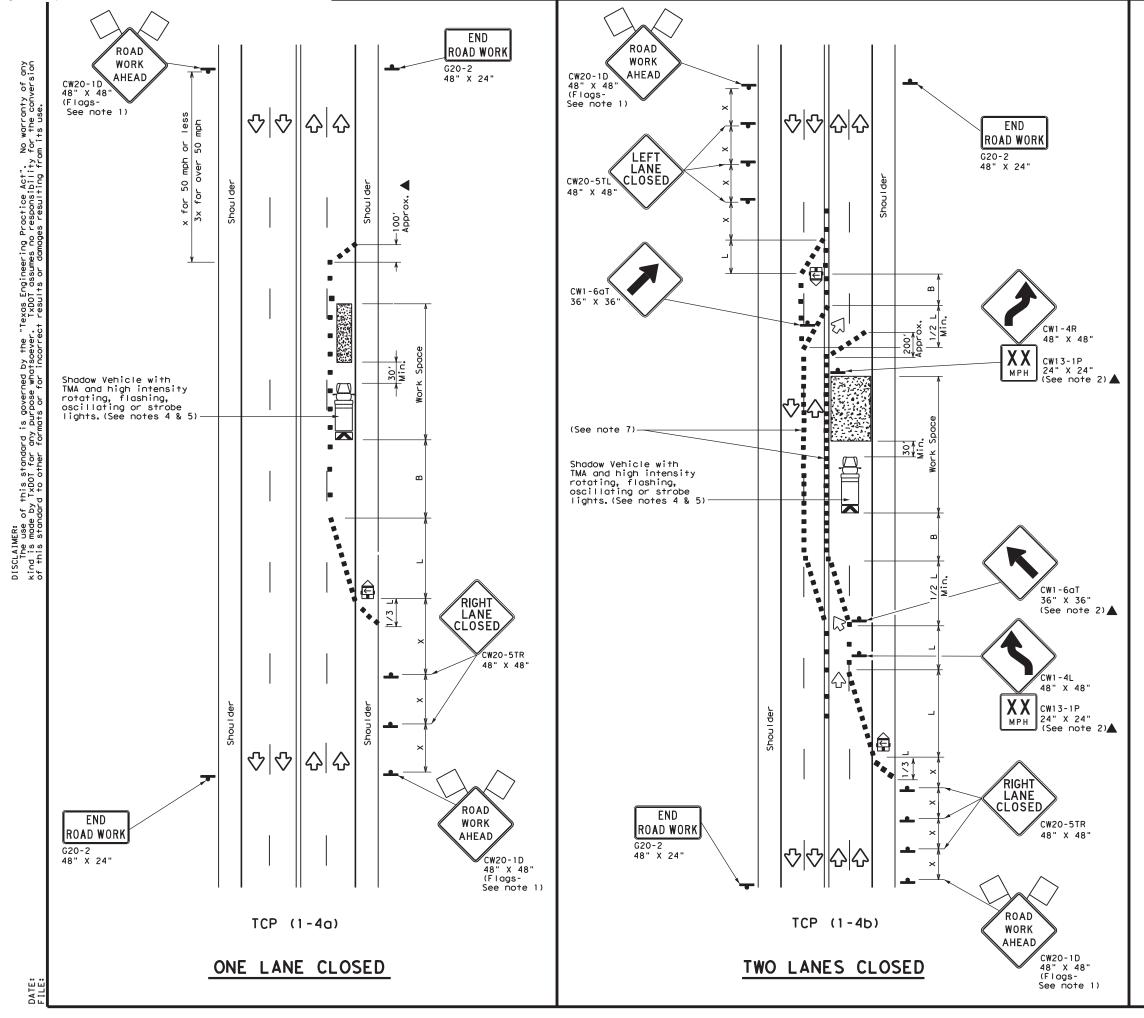
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed
- zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
  5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on topers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

Traffic Operations Texas Department of Transportation							
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS TCP(1-3)-18							
				•			
				•	CK:		
TCP	(1 -		-18	<b>B</b> Dw:	CK: HIGHWAY		
FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn CTxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	DN:	3)	- 1 <b>8</b>	<b>В</b> D <b>W:</b> В			
FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn © TxDOT December 1985	DN: CONT	<b>3)</b>	- 1 8 CK: JOE	<b>B</b>	HIGHWAY		



LEGEND								
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices						
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
4	Sign	$\langle$	Traffic Flow					
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	LO	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Leng X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150′	165'	180'	30′	60′	1201	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60		600′	660′	720'	60′	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410'
70		700'	770'	840′	70′	140'	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

\* Conventional Roads Only

☆ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

#### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet. 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

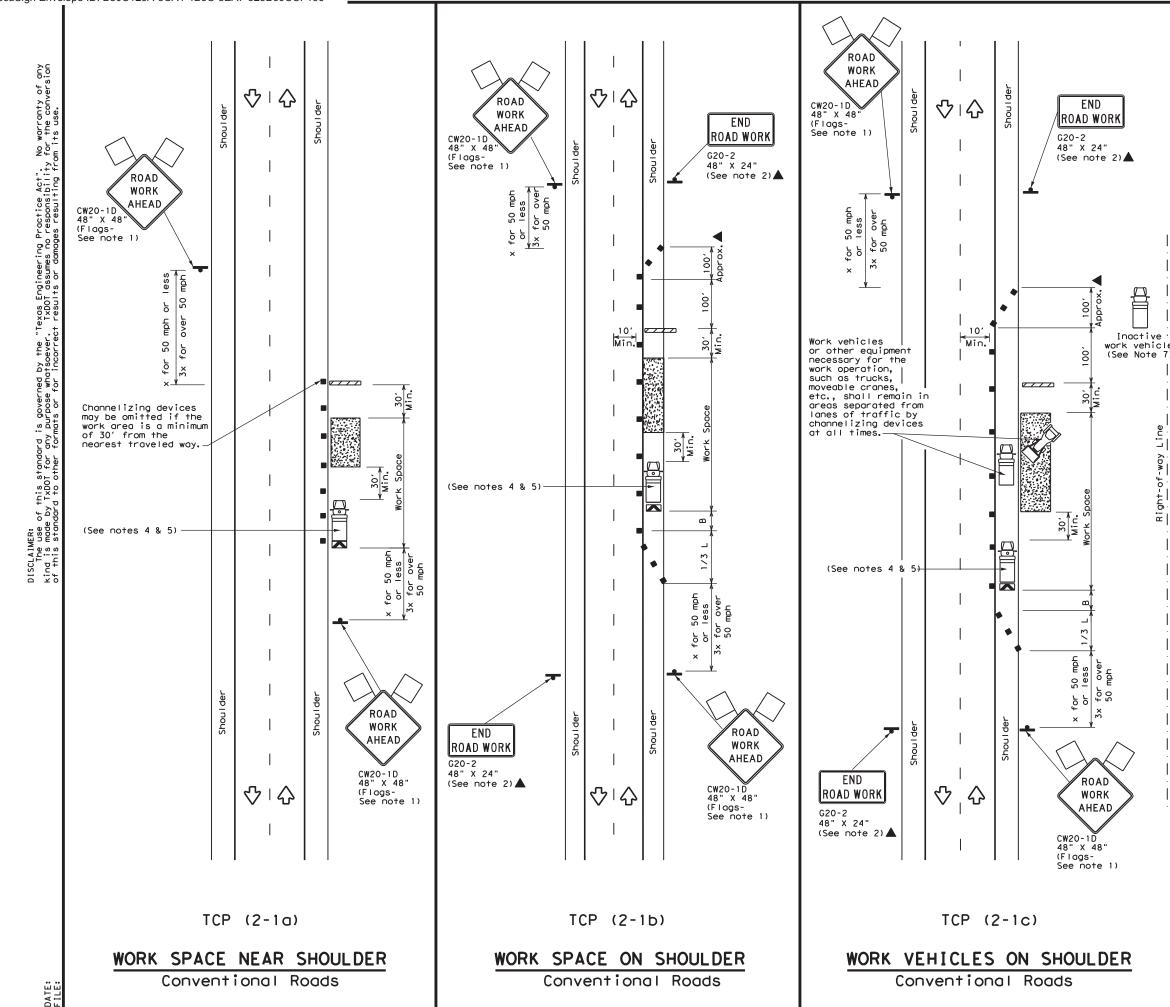
#### TCP (1-4a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Traffic Operations Division Standard TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS TCP (1-4) - 18								
		• • •						
		• • •	) - 18					
ТСР	(1 -	• • •	) - 18	8				
FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn CTxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	(1 -	4	) <b>- 1 (</b>	B DW: CK:				
FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn C TxDOT December 1985	(1 - DN: CONT	<b>4</b>	) <b>– 1 8</b> Ск: ЈОВ	DW: CK: HIGHWAY				



LEGEND							
~~~~~	Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	X	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
-	Sign	$\langle$	Traffic Flow				
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	LO	Flagger				

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	** Devices				Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150'	1651	180'	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155'
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295'
60	L-#5	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60′	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350'
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	65' 130' 70' 140'		410′
70		700′	770′	840'	70'			475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540'

X Conventional Roads Only

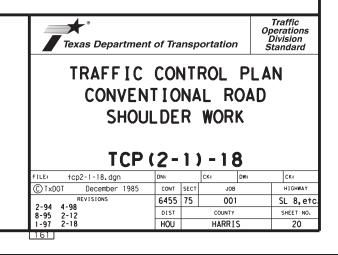
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

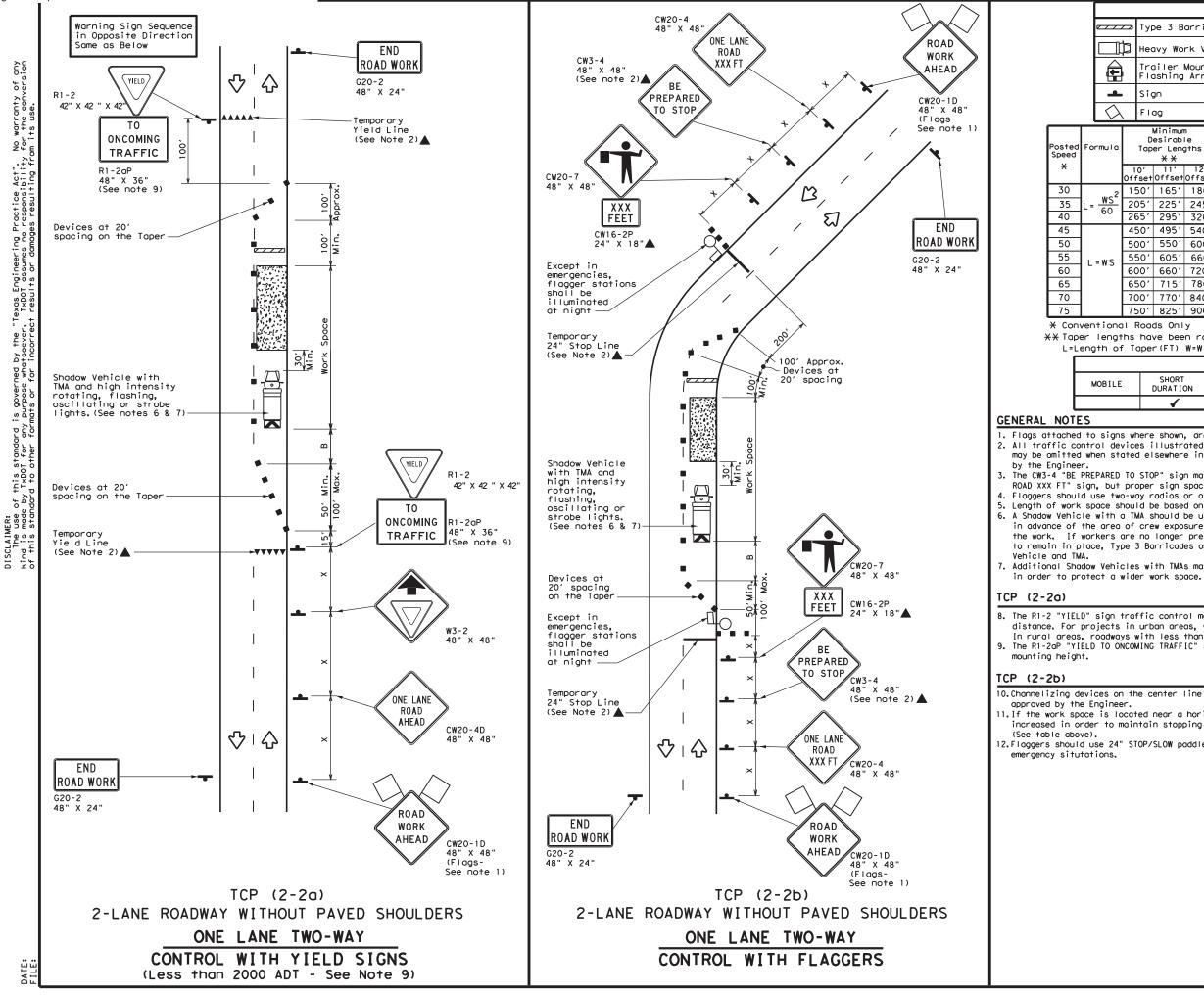
TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>		

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- a. Shockprise indict of anothe be proced a minimum of the traveled way.
  a. Shockwr Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shockwr Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the traveled and traveled and the traveled and traveled and the traveled and the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freewoys. 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder, 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW21-1D
- "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.



DocuSign Envelope ID: B30C120A-3CA4-4B5C-8EA7-523B60CCF196



	LEGEND									
_		Тур	be 3 B	arrico	ode		с	hannelizi	ing Devices	
ľ	Heavy Work Vehicle							ruck Mour	]	
			biler i Dshing		ed v Board	M			Changeable ign (PCMS)	
		Siç	gn			$\langle$	Т	raffic F	low	
λ	、	FIG	ag			LO	F	lagger		]
2		Minimum Suggested Maximum Desirable Spacing of Taper Lengths Channelizing X X Devices		'n	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance			
		0' set	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangen	t	Distance	"B"	
2	15	50'	165'	180′	30′	60′		120'	90′	200'
-	20	)51	225'	245'	35′	70′		160'	120'	250 <i>'</i>
	26	55'	295′	320′	40′	80′		240'	155'	305′
	45	60'	495′	540'	45'	90′		320′	195′	360′
	50	0'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′		400′	240′	425′
	55	50'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>′</i>	55′	110′		500 <i>'</i>	295 <i>'</i>	495′
	60	01	660′	720′	60′	120′		600 <i>'</i>	350'	570'
	65	60'	715′	780′	65′	130'		700'	410′	645′
	70	0'	770'	840'	70′	140′		800′	475′	730'
	75	01	825'	900′	75′	150′		900′	540′	820′

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
E	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	4	<b>√</b>	4						

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained. 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow

7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown

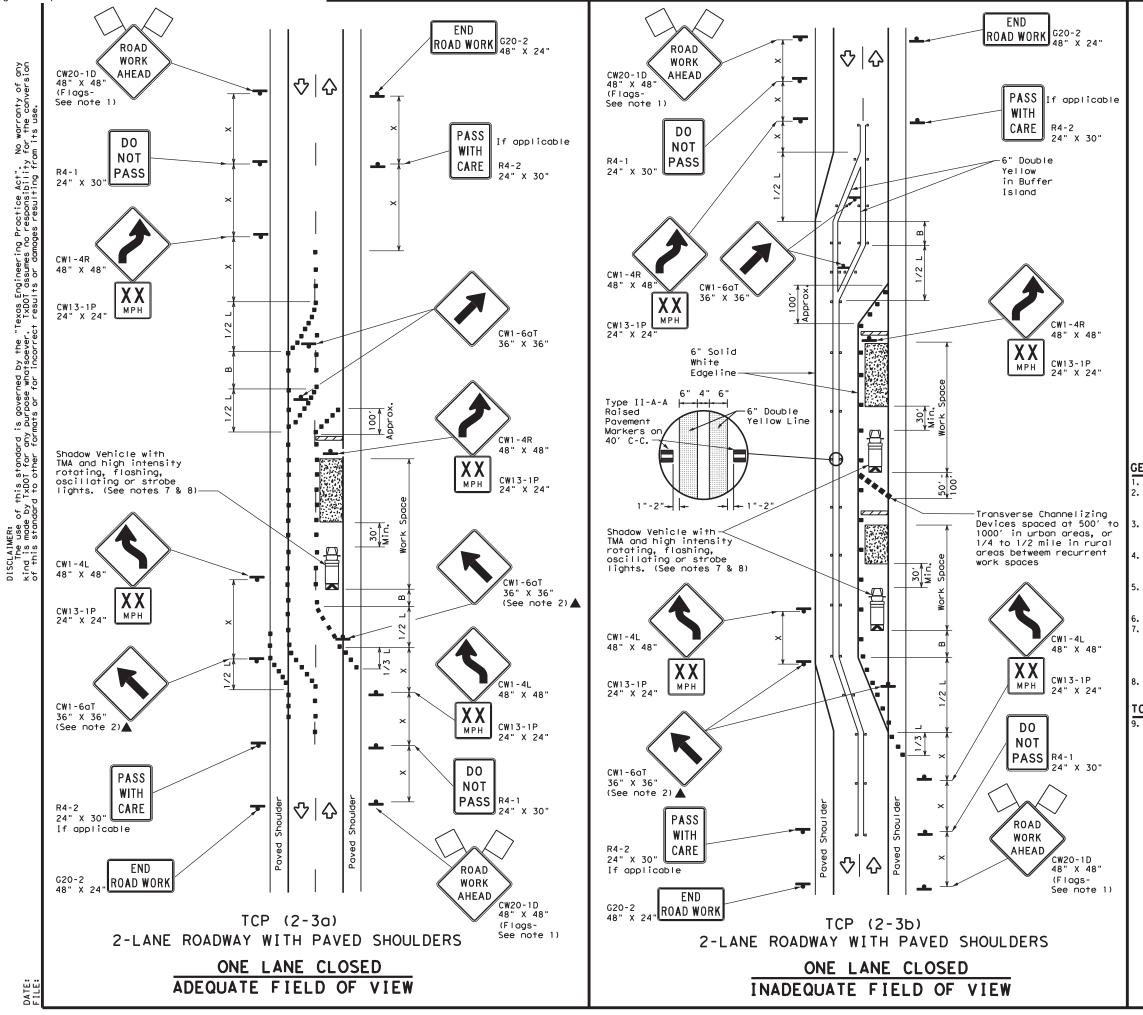
8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet. 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum

10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and

11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.

12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to

Texas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortation	.   1	Traffic perations Division Standard			
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL								
ТСР	12	- 2	1 - 1	0				
ТСР	(2)	-2	) - 1	8				
FILE: tcp2-2-18. dgn	(2) DN:	-2	<b>ск</b> :	<b>8</b>	CK:			
		- 2		DW:	CK: HIGHWAY			
FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn © TxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	DN:	_	СК:	DW:				
FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn CTxDOT December 1985	DN: CONT	SECT	CK: JO	DW:	HIGHWAY			



LEGEND							
<u>e 7 7 7 7</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
□‡	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA				
ł	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow				
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	LO	Flagger				

Posted Formula Speed		D	Minimum esirab er Leng X X	le	Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150'	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	<sup>60</sup> 265' 295' 320' 40' 80'		240′	155′			
45		450 <i>'</i>	495'	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600 <i>'</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55′	110′	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - # J	600′	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60′	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410'
70		700′	770'	840'	70′	140'	800 <i>'</i>	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
				TCP (2-3b) ONL Y			
			4	✓			

### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.

Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue.

The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction

regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.

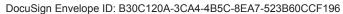
Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.

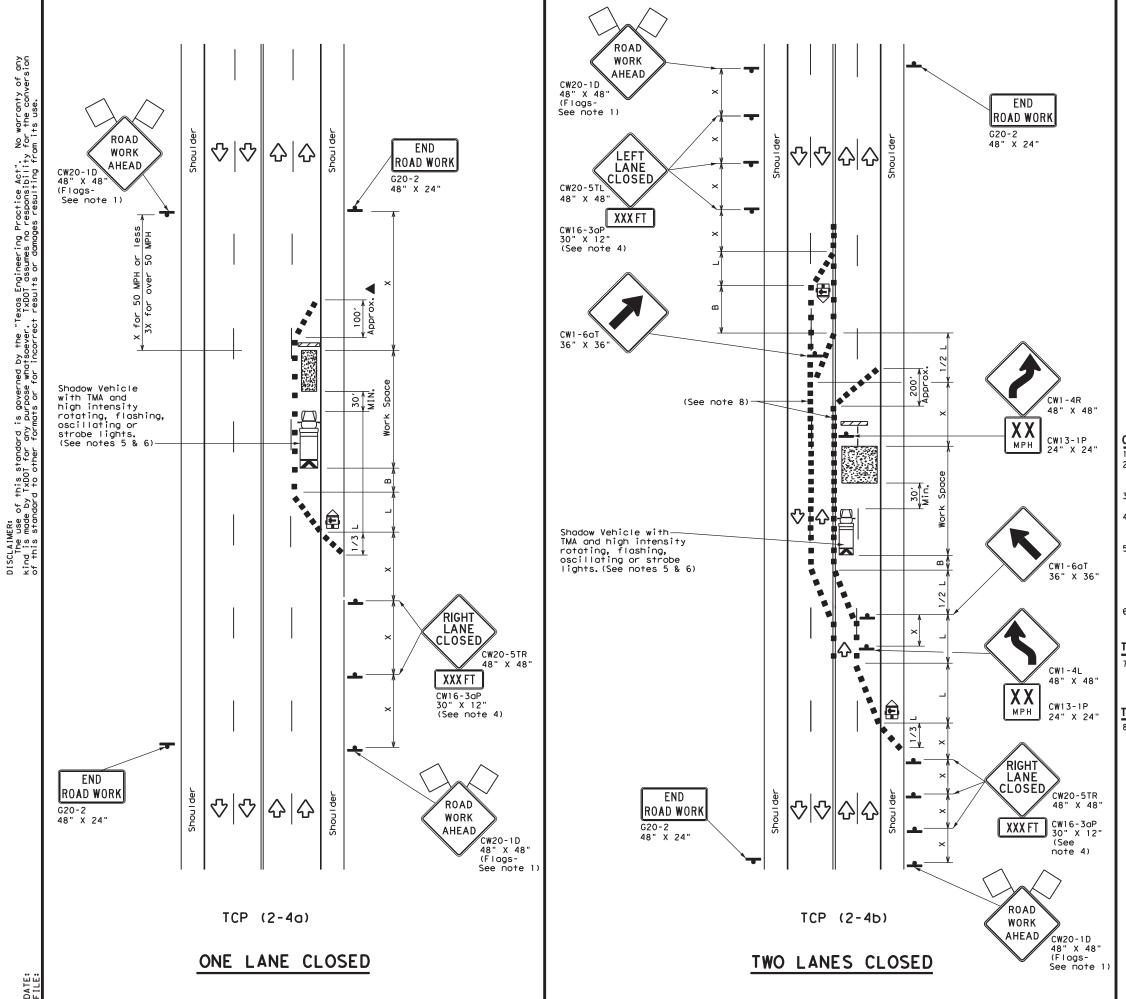
A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### [CP (2-3o)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(5) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Texas Departmen		Traffic Safety Division Standard						
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO-LANE ROADS TCP (2-3)-23								
I ICF	\ <b>Z</b> -		• •					
FILE: tcp (2-3) - 23. dgn	DN:	5		DW:	CK:			
		SECT		-	CK: HIGHWAY			
FILE: tcp(2-3)-23.dgn CTXDOT April 2023 REVISIONS	DN:		СК:	DW:	•			
FILE: tcp(2-3)-23.dgn CTxDOT April 2023	DN: CONT	SECT	CK: JOB	DW:	HIGHWAY			





- 1	LEGEND													
			T١	/pe 3	Barric	ade				Channe	lizing D	evices		
		ļþ	He	avy W	ork Ve	nicle		K		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
		Ē		ailer Mounted ashing Arrow Board			-d	M	Message Sign (PCMS)					
		4	si	ign				$\Diamond$		Traff	ic Flow			
	<	$\widehat{\boldsymbol{\lambda}}$	F	lag				LC	)	Flagge	er			
Post Spee		Formu	۱a	D	Minimur esirab er Leng X X	le	Suggested Max Spacing of Channelizin Devices			of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Longitud Buffer S	Suggested ngitudinal ffer Space	
×				10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset		)n a aper	т	On a angent	Distance	"В"		
30	)		2	150'	165'	180′		30′		60 <i>'</i>	120'	90′		
35	5	$L = \frac{W_1^2}{60}$	5	205'	225′	245′		35′		70′	160′	120	<b>'</b>	
40	)	00	,	265′	295'	320'		40′		80′	240'	155	'	
45	<b>b</b>			450'	495′	540′		45′		90 <i>'</i>	320'	195	'	
50	)			500'	550'	600ʻ		50′		100′	400′	240	'	
55	,	L = W	\$	550'	605′	660'		55′		110′	500 <i>'</i>	295	<b>'</b>	
60	)			60′		120' 600'		350	<b>'</b>					
65	5			650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′		65 <i>'</i>		130′	700′	410	'	
70	)			700′	770'	840'		70′		140′	800′	475	·	
75	5			750′	825′	900′		75′		150′	900'	540	'	

\* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
		1	1				

#### GENERAL NOTES

 Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.

4. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.

5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

6, Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

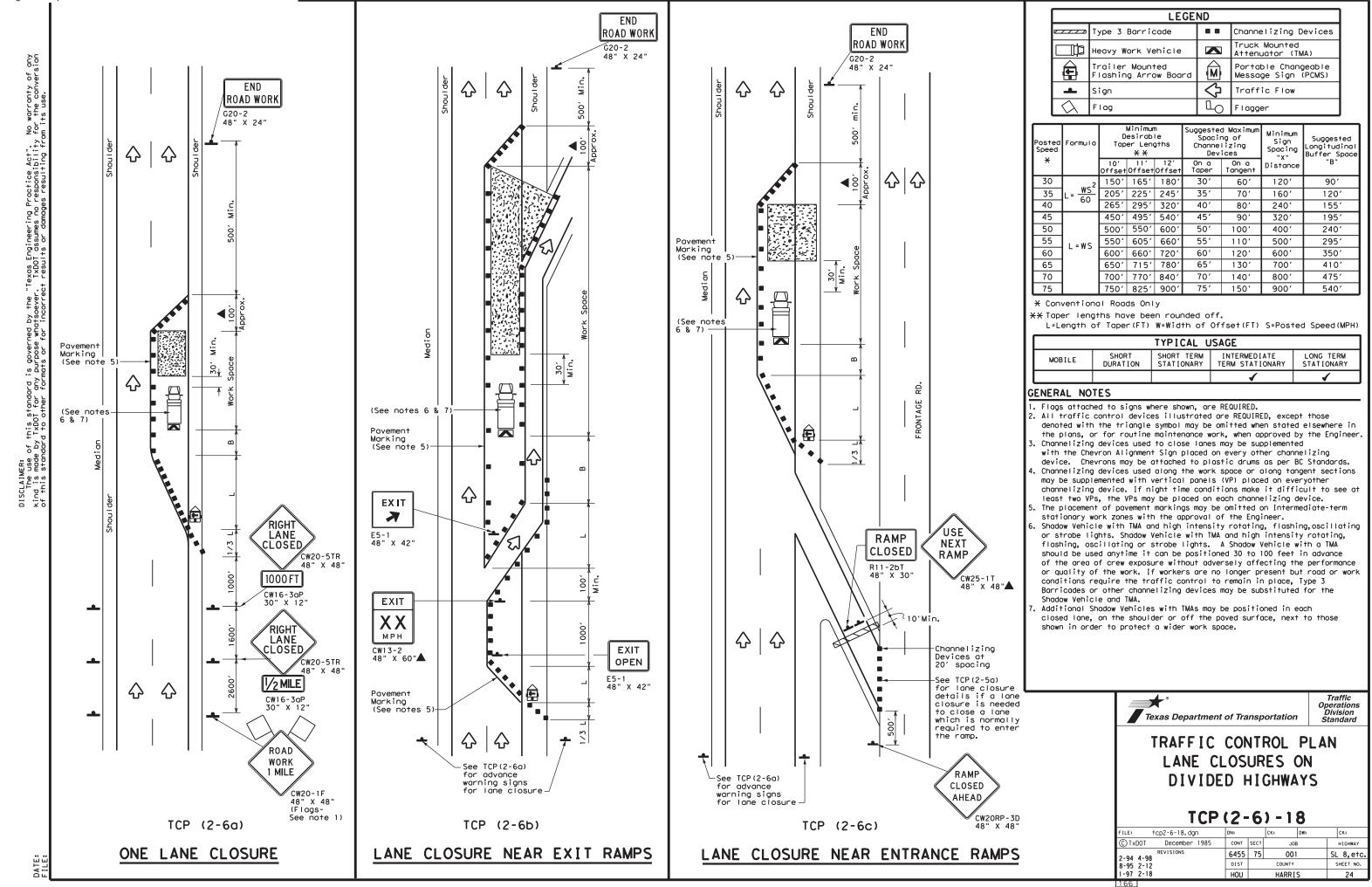
#### TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### [CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

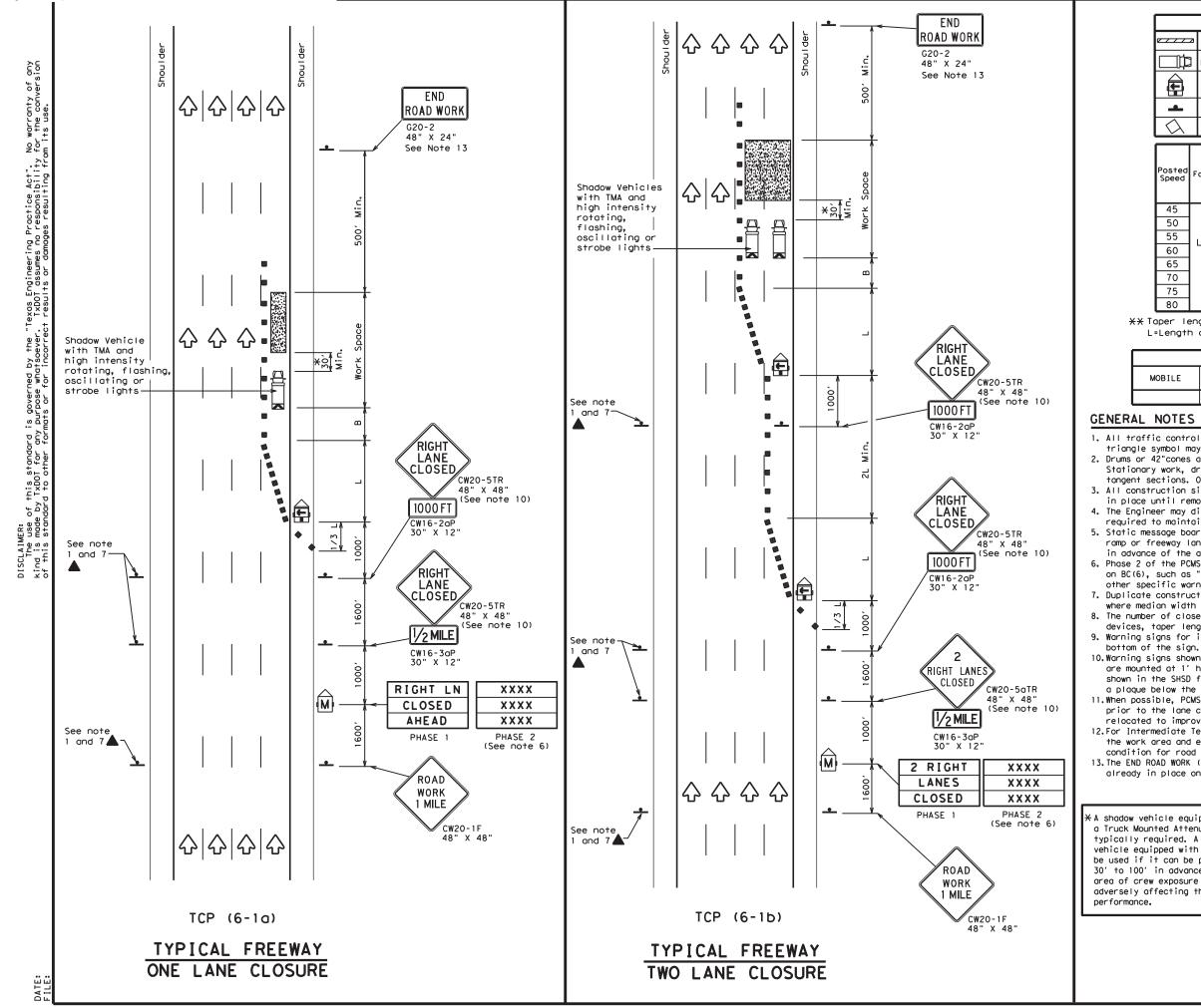
Texas Department	.	Traffic perations Division Standard			
TRAFFIC LANE CLOSUR CONVENT TCP	ES ION		NMU	JLTI )ADS	LANE
FILE: tcp2-4-18,dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03	6455	75	001		SL 8,etc.
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	HOU		HARR I	S	23
164					



LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
µ	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow					
$\langle \rangle$	Flag	Lo	Flagger					

Posted Formula Speed		Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30		150'	165'	180'	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605'	660'	55′	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - 11 J	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700'	770′	840'	70′	140'	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540′

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
			1	<b>√</b>		



				LEC	GEND					
~~~~	z Type :	3 Barr	icade			Cł	Channelizing Devices			
	] Неату	Heavy Work Vehicle				Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
Ē		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board					Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)			
-	Sign			$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	Flag			LO	Flagger				
Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" <del>X X</del>			Spa	sted Maximum acing of anelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper		On a Tangent	"В"		
45		450'	495′	540'	451	,	90'	1957		
50		500'	550′	600'	50'	'	100'	240'		
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660′	551	'	110'	295′		
60	L-W3	600′	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60'	'	120'	350′		
65		650'	715′	780′	65	'	130'	410′		
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	,	140'	475'		

800' 880' 960' XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

750' 825' 900'

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

75′

80'

150'

160'

540'

615'

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	1				

75

80

1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

2. Drums or 42" cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer. 3. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.

4. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction. 5. Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.

6. Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.

7. Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing. 8. The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD. 9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the

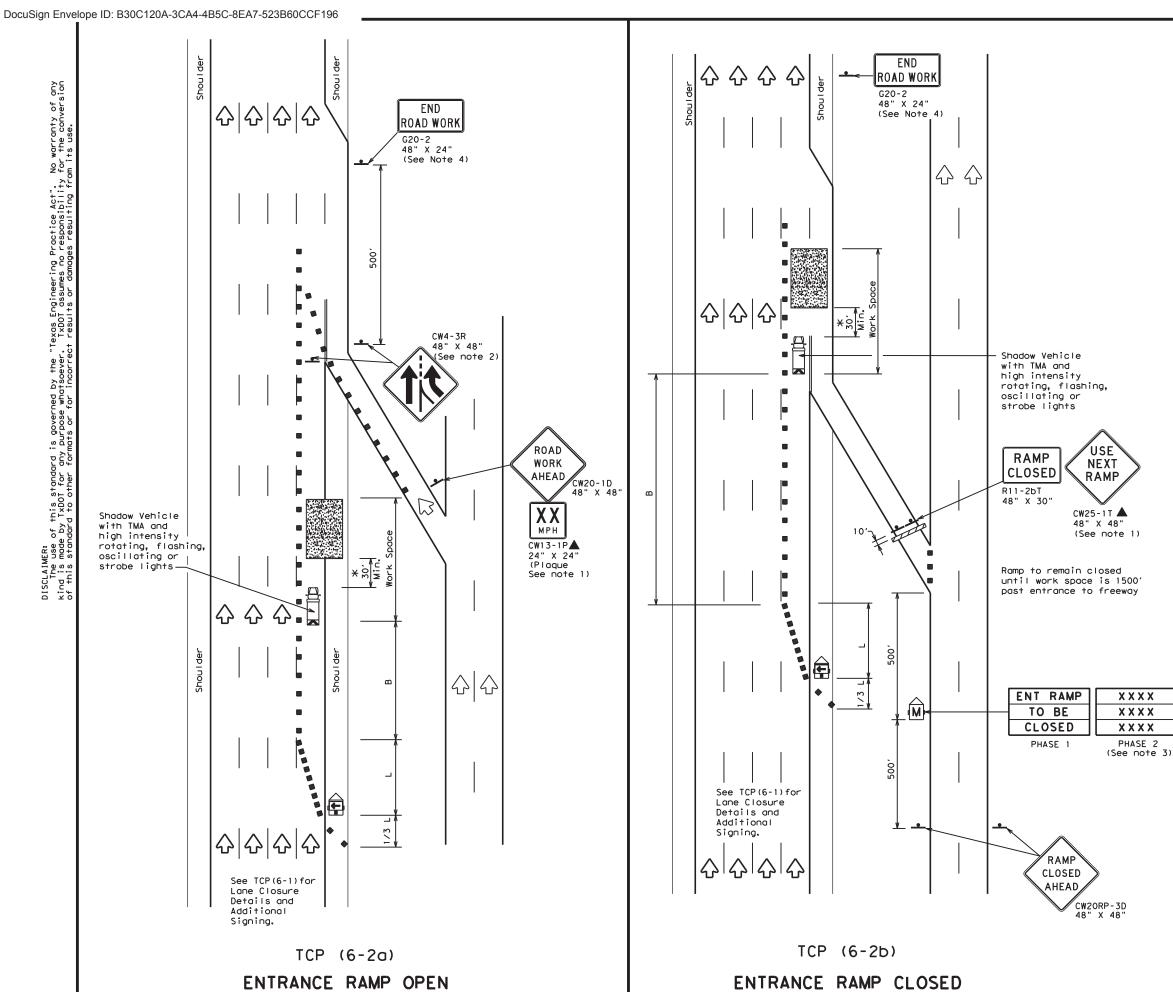
10.Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.

11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion. 12.For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.

13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

nicle equipped with need Attenuator is equired. A shadow pped with a TMA shall t can be positioned in advance of the exposure without fecting the work	1	Texas Dep Traffic Opera TRAFFIC REEWAY	CON AN	NTI E	ROL P CLOSU	L A Jre	N
		TC	Р(	6-	- <mark>1 ) -</mark> 1	2	
	FILE:	tcp6-1.dgn	DN: T)	<b>KDOT</b>	CK: TxDOT DW:	: TxDC	)T CK: TxDOT
	C TxDOT	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
	8-12	REVISIONS	6455	75	001		SL 8,etc.
	0-12		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
			HOU		HARRIS		25

201



WORK WITHIN 500' OF RAMP

	LEGEND								
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow						
$\langle \rangle$	Flag	Lo	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Suggested Maximum Desirable Spacing of Taper Lengths "L" Channelizing X X Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	1951
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660'	55 <i>'</i>	110'	295′
60	L-#5	600 <i>'</i>	660'	720′	60′	120'	350'
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		700′	770'	840 <i>′</i>	70′	140'	475′
75		750'	825′	900 <i>'</i>	75′	150'	540'
80		800'	880′	960'	80′	160'	615'

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1	1						

## GENERAL NOTES

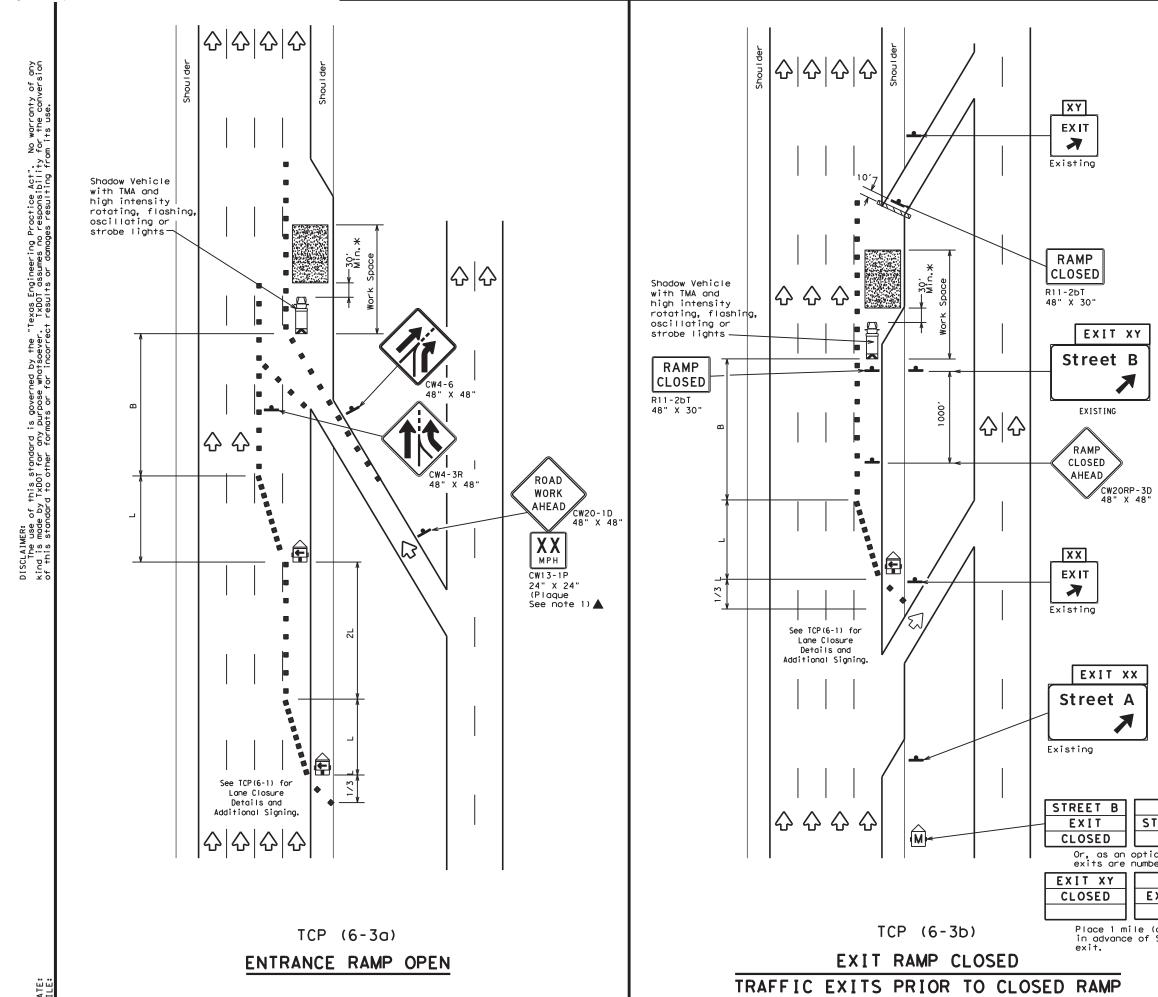
1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

- 2. ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways. 3. See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date
- and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message. 4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it
- conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

1	Texas	<b>5 Dep</b> ic Opera	<b>artm</b> ntions l	ent Divisi	<b>of Tran</b> Ion Standar	<b>spori</b> d	ati	on
	TRAFF	IC	CO	<b>I T</b> I	ROL I	PLA	N	
	WORK	ARF		NE	AR R	RAM	P	
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				- • -		•		
			-	-	-2)-	•		
FILE:	tcp6-2.dgn		Р(	-		•		ск: TxDOT
FILE:		тс	Р(	6.		12	OT	ck: TxDOT HIGHWAY
-	tcp6-2.dgn	тс	<b>P (</b>	6 -	CK: TXDOT	12	DT	
© T×DOT 1-97 8-	tcp6-2.dgn February	тс	P (	6 - KDOT SECT	ск: TxDOT JOB	12	DT F SL	HIGHWAY



DATE:

	LEGEND							
<u>~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
□ <b>þ</b>	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	$\diamondsuit$	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	٩	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" X X		Špacir Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"В"
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110'	295′
60		600′	660'	720'	60′	120′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	410'
70		700′	770'	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′
80		800′	880'	960'	80′	160′	6151

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	4				

#### GENERAL NOTES:

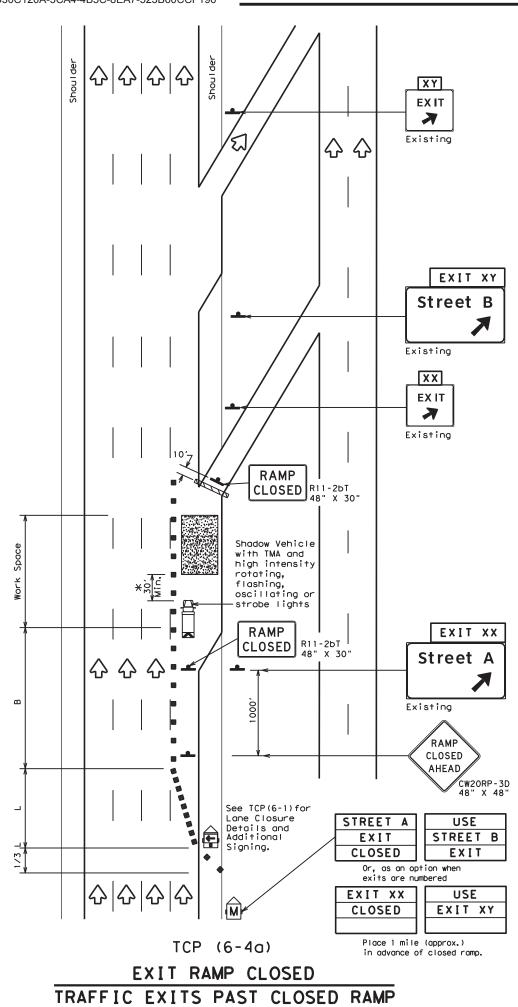
1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

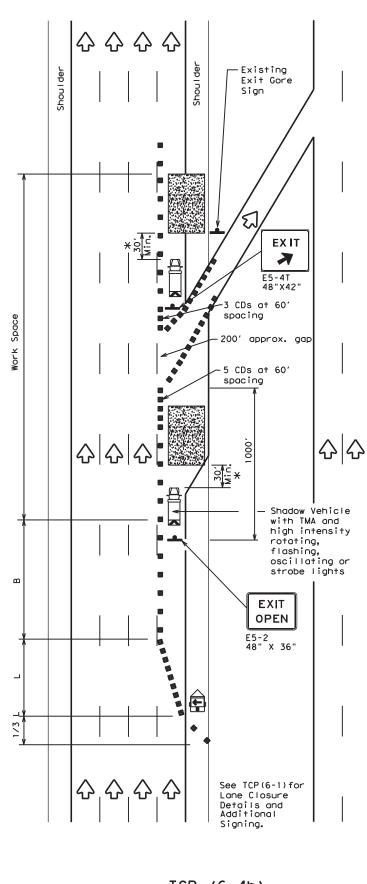
XA shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

	 	4				
USE	4	Texas Dep	ortm	ent	of Transport	tation
STREET A		Traffic Opera	tions	Divis	sion Standard	
EXIT						
ption when numbered	1	<b>TRAFFIC</b>	COI	NT	ROL PLA	N
USE	144	ORK AREA				
EXIT XX						
e (approx.) of Street A		TC	Р(	6	-3)-12	
	FILE:	tcp6-3.dgn	dn: T		CK: TXDOT DW: TXD	OT CK: TxDOT
	C TxDOT	February 1994		SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
		REVISIONS	6455	75	001	SL 8,etc.
	1-97 8-98 4-98 8-12		DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	4-90 0-12		HOU		HARRIS	27
	203					







TCP (6-4b)

EXIT RAMP OPEN

LEGEND								
	⊐ Type :	Type 3 Barricade					nannelizi CDs)	ing Devices
	] Heavy	Heavy Work Vehicle					ruck Mour ttenuator	
Ē		er Mou ing Ar		bard	M			Changeable ign (PCMS)
-	Sign	Sign					raffic F	low
$\langle \rangle$	Flag	Flag				F	lagger	
			Minimur		Suga	geste	d Maximum	
Posted Speed	Formula		esirab Lengti X X			nanne	ng of Lizing ices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
	Formula		Lengt	hs "L"	Cr	nanne	ng of Lizing	Suggested Longitudinal
	Formula		Lengtl X X	hs "L" 12' Offse	Cr Or t Ta	Dev Dev	ng of Lizing ices On a	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
Speed	Formula	Taper 10' Offset	Lengtl XX 11' Offset	hs "L" 12' Offse	Cr Or t To	Dev Dev n a per	ng of Lizing ices On a Tangent	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
Speed	Formula	Taper 10' 0ffset 450'	Lengtl	12' 0ffse 540' 600'		Dev Dev n a per 15'	ng of Lizing ices On a Tangent 90'	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B" 195'
Speed 45 50	Formula L=WS	Taper 10' 0ffset 450' 500'	Lengtl X X 11' 0ffset 495' 550'	12' 0ffse 540' 600'		Dev Dev n a per 15'	ng of Lizing ices On a Tangent 90' 100'	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B" 195' 240'
Speed 45 50 55	Formula	Taper 10' 0ffset 450' 500' 550'	Lengtl * * 11' 0ffset 495' 550' 605'	12' Offse 540' 600'	Cr Or Ta	Dev Dev per 15' 50'	ng of Lizing ices On a Tangent 90' 100' 110'	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B" 195' 240' 295'
Speed 45 50 55 60	Formula	Taper 10' 0ffset 450' 500' 550' 600'	Lengtl * * 11' 0ffset 495' 550' 605' 660'	12' 0ffse 540' 600' 660' 720'	Cr Or Ta 2 5 5 6 6	nanne Dev na per 15' 50' 55' 50'	ng of Lizing ices On a Tangent 90' 100' 110' 120'	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B" 195' 240' 295' 350'
Speed 45 50 55 60 65	Formula	Taper 10' 0ffset 450' 550' 600' 650'	Lengtl * * 11' 0ffset 495' 550' 605' 660' 715'	12' Offse 540' 600' 660' 720' 780'	Cr Or To Cr Cr To Cr Cr Cr Cr Cr Cr Cr To Cr Cr To Cr Cr To Cr Cr To Cr Cr To Cr Cr To Cr Cr Cr Cr Cr Cr Cr Cr Cr Cr Cr Cr Cr	Dev Dev 15' 50' 55' 55'	ng of lizing ces 0n a Tangent 90' 100' 110' 120' 130'	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B" 195' 240' 295' 350' 410'

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

800' 880' 960' 80' 160'

615'

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1	<					

#### GENERAL NOTES

80

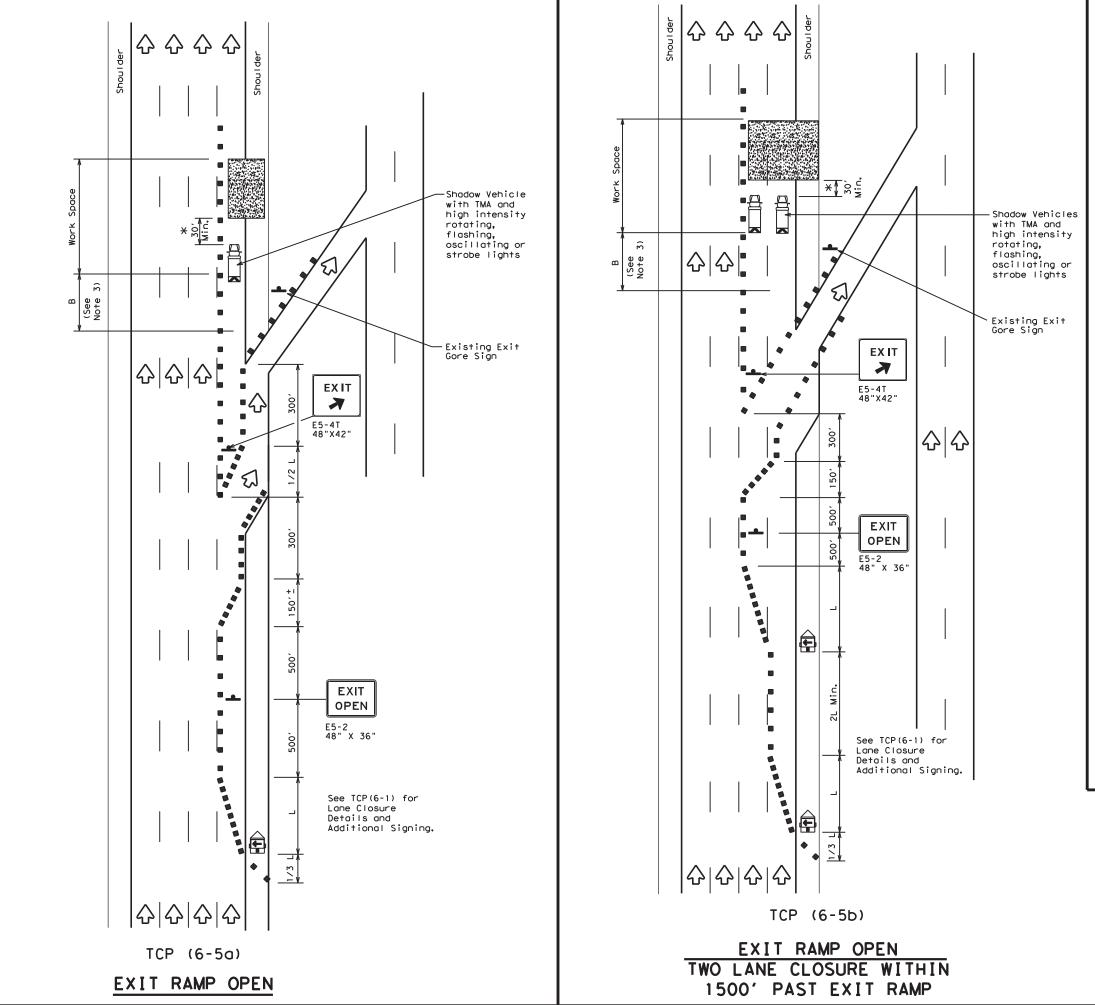
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Dep Traffic Oper	ations I	ent Divisi	<b>of Transp</b> ion Standard	oort	ation
TRAFFIC		•		-	
WODK ADEA	- A T			2 A I	
WORK AREA		-			WP
		-	- X       - 4) - 1		MP <sup>2</sup>
	<u>Р(</u>	-			-
TC ILE: top6-4. dgn	<u>Р(</u>	6.	-4)-1	2	-
LLE: top6-4, dgn	<b>P</b> (	6 -	- <b>4</b> ) - 1	2	T CK: TXDOT
TC ILE: top6-4.dgn DIXDDT Feburary 1994	<b>P</b> (	6 · KDOT SECT	- <b>4</b> ) - 1 ck: TxDOT Dw: JOB	2	T ck: TxDOT h1Ghway

<sup>2.</sup> See BC Standards for sign details.



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~~~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
+	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow
$\langle \lambda \rangle$	Flag	Lo	Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	D. Taper	Minimur esirab Lengtl X X	le	Špacir Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	1951
50		500'	550′	600 <i>'</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110'	295′
60	L-",J	600′	660'	720′	60′	120'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410'
70		700′	770'	840'	70′	140'	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150'	540′
80		800'	880'	960'	80′	160'	615'

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	1	1	4		

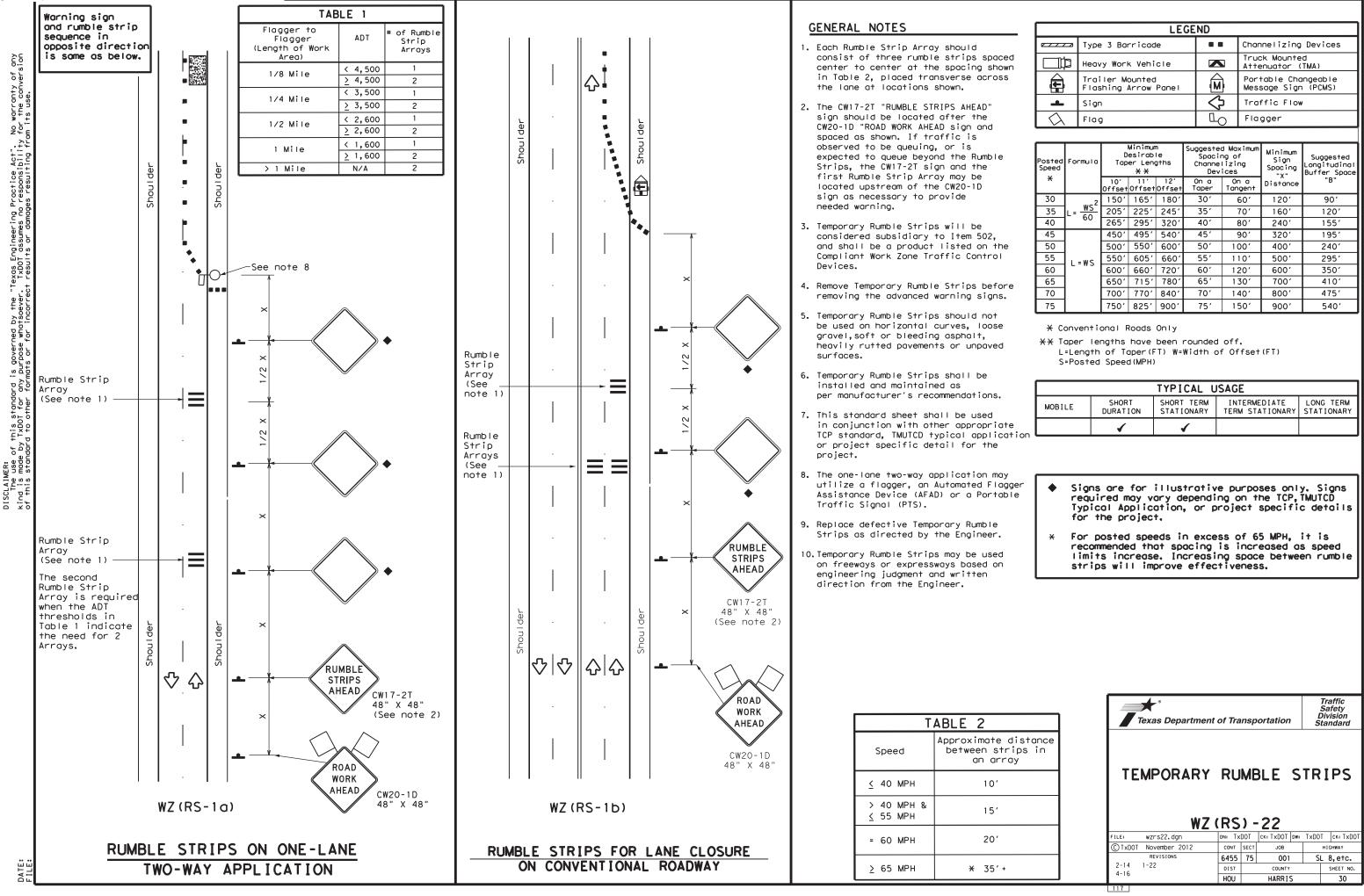
### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing the ramp.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Dep Traffic Opera	<b>artm</b> ations l	ent Divisi	<b>of Transpo</b> ion Standard	orta	ntion
TRAFFIC WORK AREA B		•			
WURK AREA D		Л	DEVI		
	_				
TC	Р(	6.	-5) -1;	2	-
FILE: tcp6-5.dgn	<b>P</b> (	6 -	-5) - 1		ск: ТхДОТ
TC	Р ( DN: Т: CONT	6 -	- <b>5) - 1</b> ск: ТхDOТ рж: Т јов	<b>2</b> T×DOT	CK: TXDOT HIGHWAY
FILE: tcp6-5. dgn © TxD0T Feburary 1998	<b>P</b> (	6 -	-5) - 1	<b>2</b> T×DOT	ск: ТхДОТ

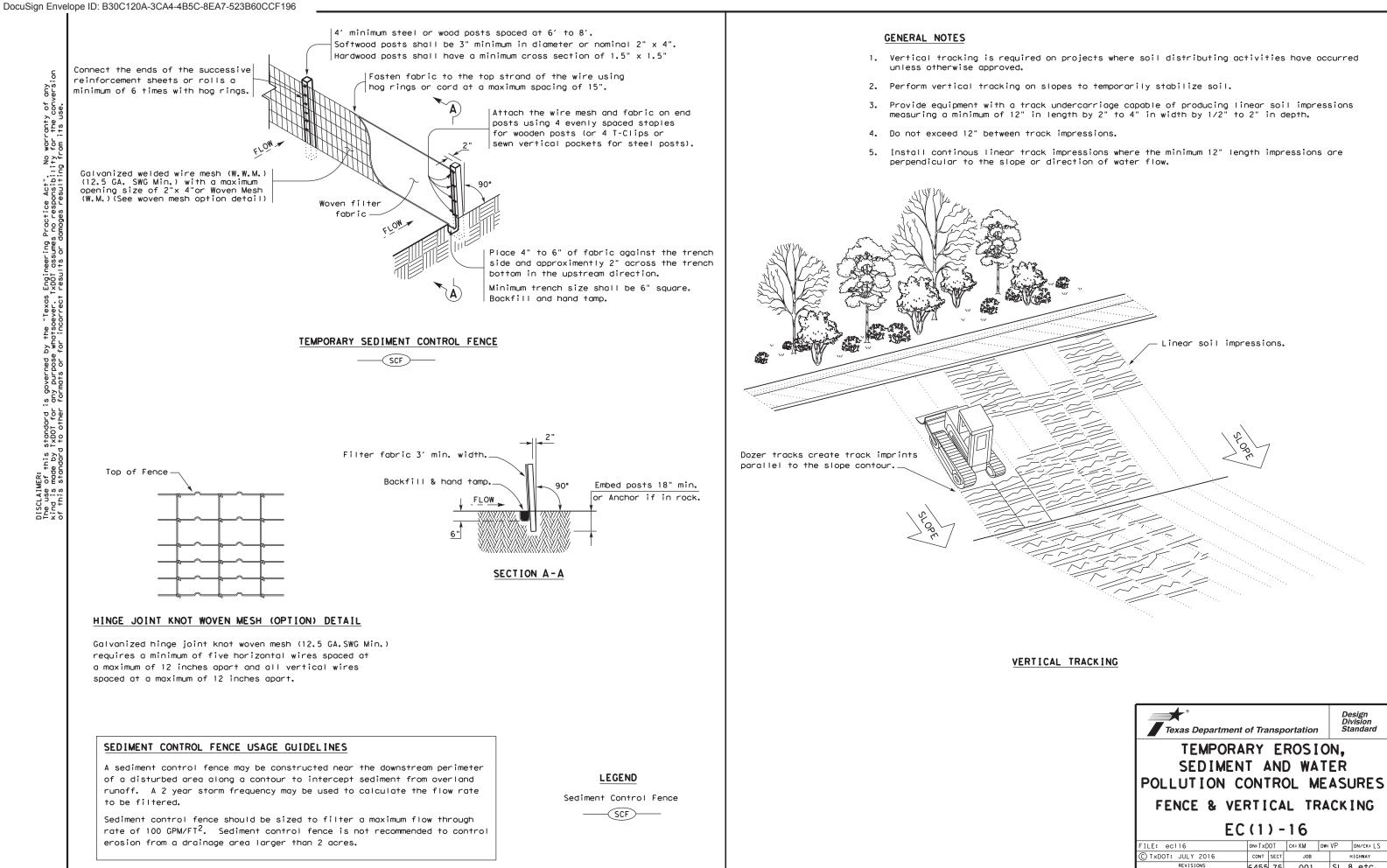


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LEGEND						
~~~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices			
□þ	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)			
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)			
Þ	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow			
$\langle \rangle$	Flog	LO	Flagger			

Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>ws</u> <sup>2</sup>	150'	165'	180'	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320'	1951
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - # 3	600'	660'	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′
70		700'	770'	840′	70′	140′	800 <i>'</i>	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75'	150′	900′	540′

			TYPICAL U	ISAGE	
	MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
ion		4	1		



Texas Departme	ent of Trans	portation		Design Division Standard
TEMPOR SEDIME POLLUTION	NT AN CONTR	ID WA' Rol Me	TER	
FENCE & V	ERTIC	AL TR	ACK	ING
	ERTIC	_	ACK	ING
		-16	ACK	DN/CK: LS
E	C(1)	- 16		
FILE: ec116	C (1)	- 16 ск: КМ с т јов		DN/CK: LS
FILE: ec116 © TxDOT: JULY 2016	С (1) DN: T XDOT СОNT SEC	- 16 ск: КМ с т јов	w: VP	DN/CK: LS HIGHWAY