Letting Date:

Name of Contractor:

Date Work Began:

Date Work Completed

Date Work Accepted:

Final Contract Cost:

Area Engineer

INDEX OF SHEETS

SEE SHEET NO. 2

FINAL PLANS

Date

Project was built according to the Plans & Specifications. These final plans reflect the work done and the quantities shown thereon and on the Final Estimate are Final Quantities.

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FUNCTIONAL CLASS = PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL
TERRAIN = LEVEL
DESIGN SPEED = 60
CURRENT ADT (2022) = 7582
FUTURE ADT (2042) = 10615

FEDERAL-AID PROJECT NUMBER STP 2024(659)HES					R
					3
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	0070 02 099				US 87
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	SJT TOM GREEN, ETC			1	

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL AID PROJECT STP 2024(659)HES

US 87 TOM GREEN, ETC

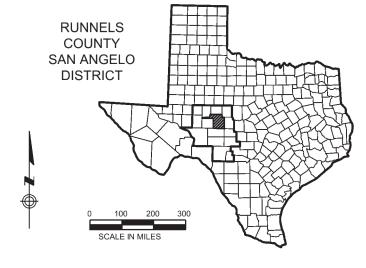
NET LENGTH OF PROJECT

ROADWAY = 111735 FT = 21.162 MI BRIDGE = 1667 FT = 0.316 MI TOTAL = 113402 FT = 21.478 MI

LIMITS: FROM SOUTH CONCHO RIVER TO CONCHO COUNTY LINE

(277)

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF MEDIAN CABLE BARRIER



(208) 1692 277 1929 (163) Summary of Change Orders: 1692 BEGIN PROJECT BEGIN C-S-J 0070-02-099 STA 25 + 52.00 TRM 472 - 0.172 DFO 443.912 LATITUDE 31.414120 380 2288 388 765 1692 (570) LONGITUDE -100.439318 2335 1223 TOM GREEN

END PROJECT END C-S-J 0070-02-099 STA 1156 + 75.87 TRM 949+0.00 DFO 465.323 LATITUDE 31.342048 LONGITUDE -100.112935



SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: 11/1/2023

Mcholas Greenly

DDF89C6522AF49E...

□ DISTRICT Design Engineer

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 11/1/2023

DocuSigned by: Caba R. DeWeth P.E.

-826185212F51427... District Director of TP&D

APPROVED FOR LETTING: 11/1/2023

DocuSigned by: BC10B17FA709437...
District Engineer

EQUATIONS 1156+75.87 BACK = 0+00 FWD

EXCEPTIONS

RAILROAD CROSSINGS NONE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 23, 2023).

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NICHOLAS J. GREENLY 131239 CENSE SONAL ENGINEERIC
Rick Dreenly P.E. 11/29/2023
THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE BY A # HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 1 OF 1

©TxDOT 2023

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0070 02

099 SJT TOM GREEN, ETC

San Angelo District

NOT TO SCALE

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40 CABLE BARRIER LAYOUT

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CASS(TL4)-14 # 42 # 43 GBRLTR(TL4)-14

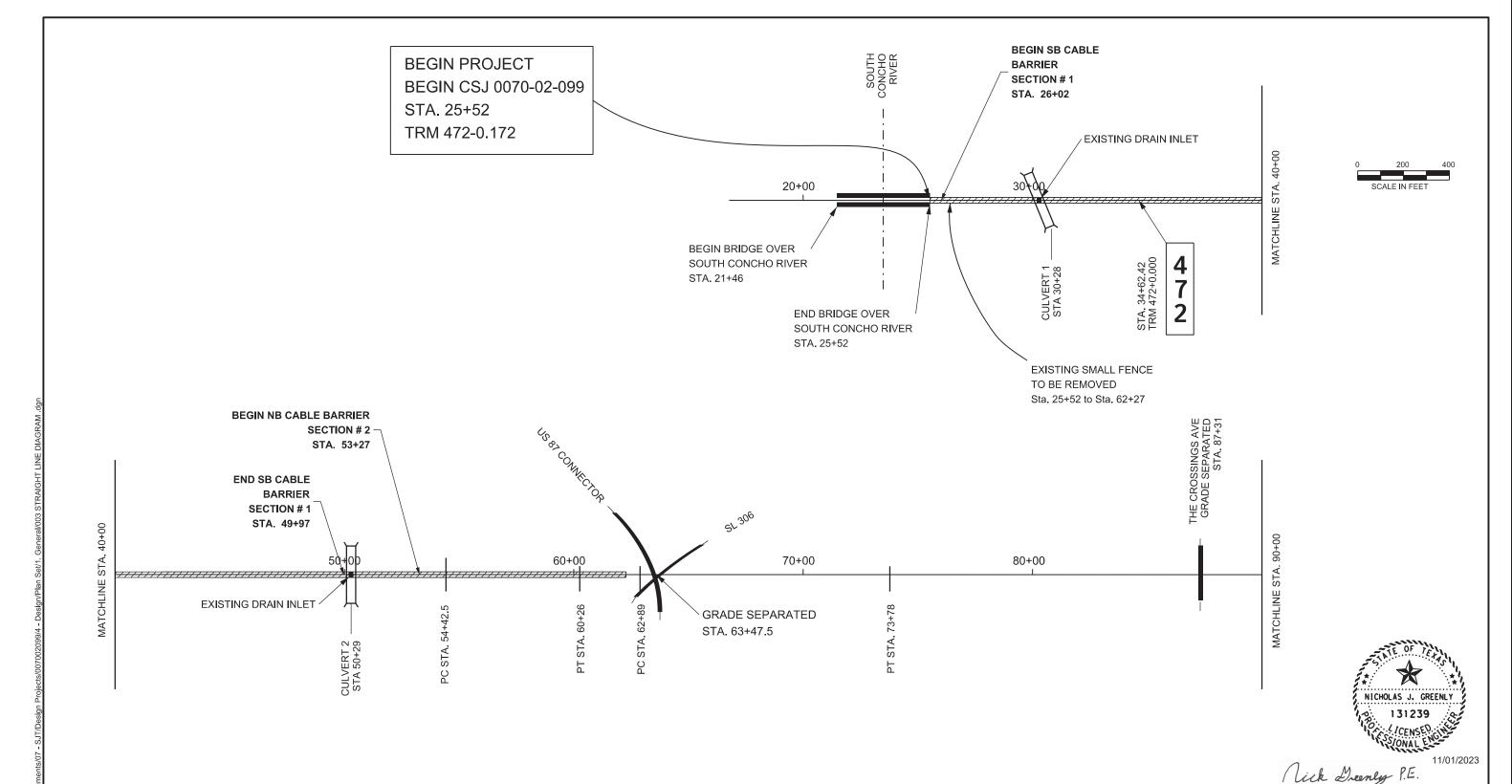
ENVIRONMENTAL

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46 **SWP3 LAYOUT**

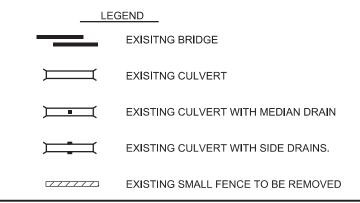
EPIC 47

48-50 EC(9)-16



NOTES:

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SHEET 1 OF 12

SCALE 1"=400'

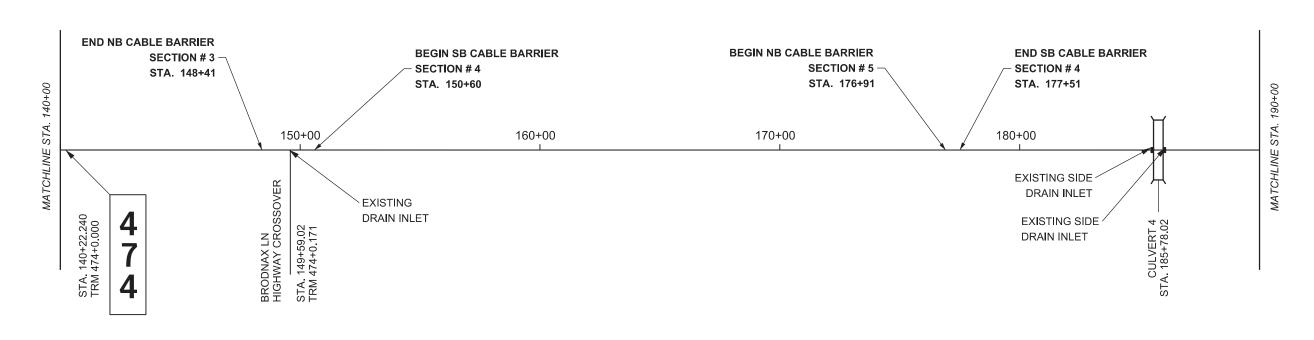
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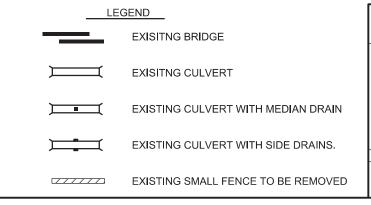


NICHOLAS J. GREENLY 131239 CENSE SSONAL ENGINE

Rick Deenly P.E.

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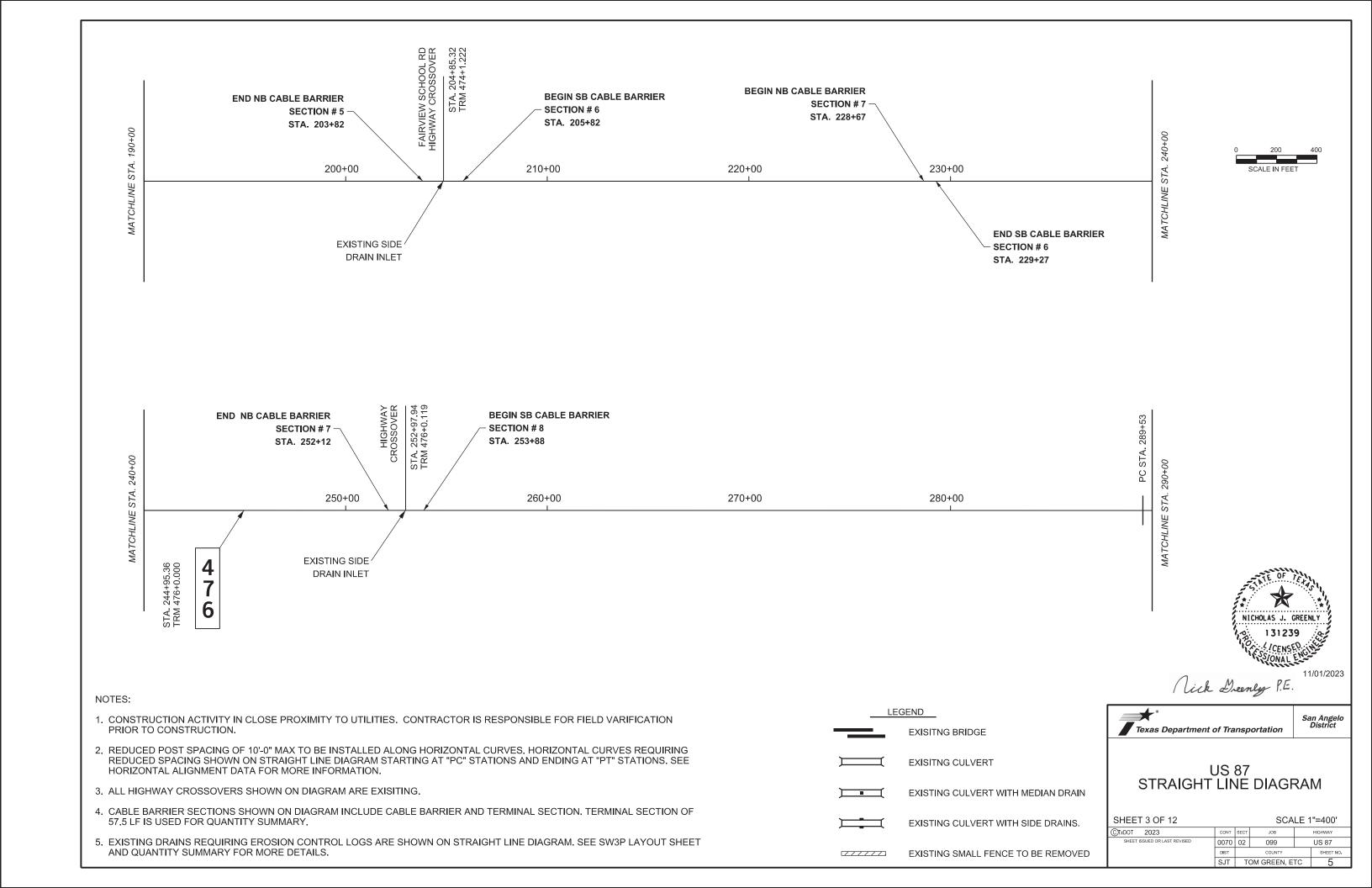
Texas Department of Transportation

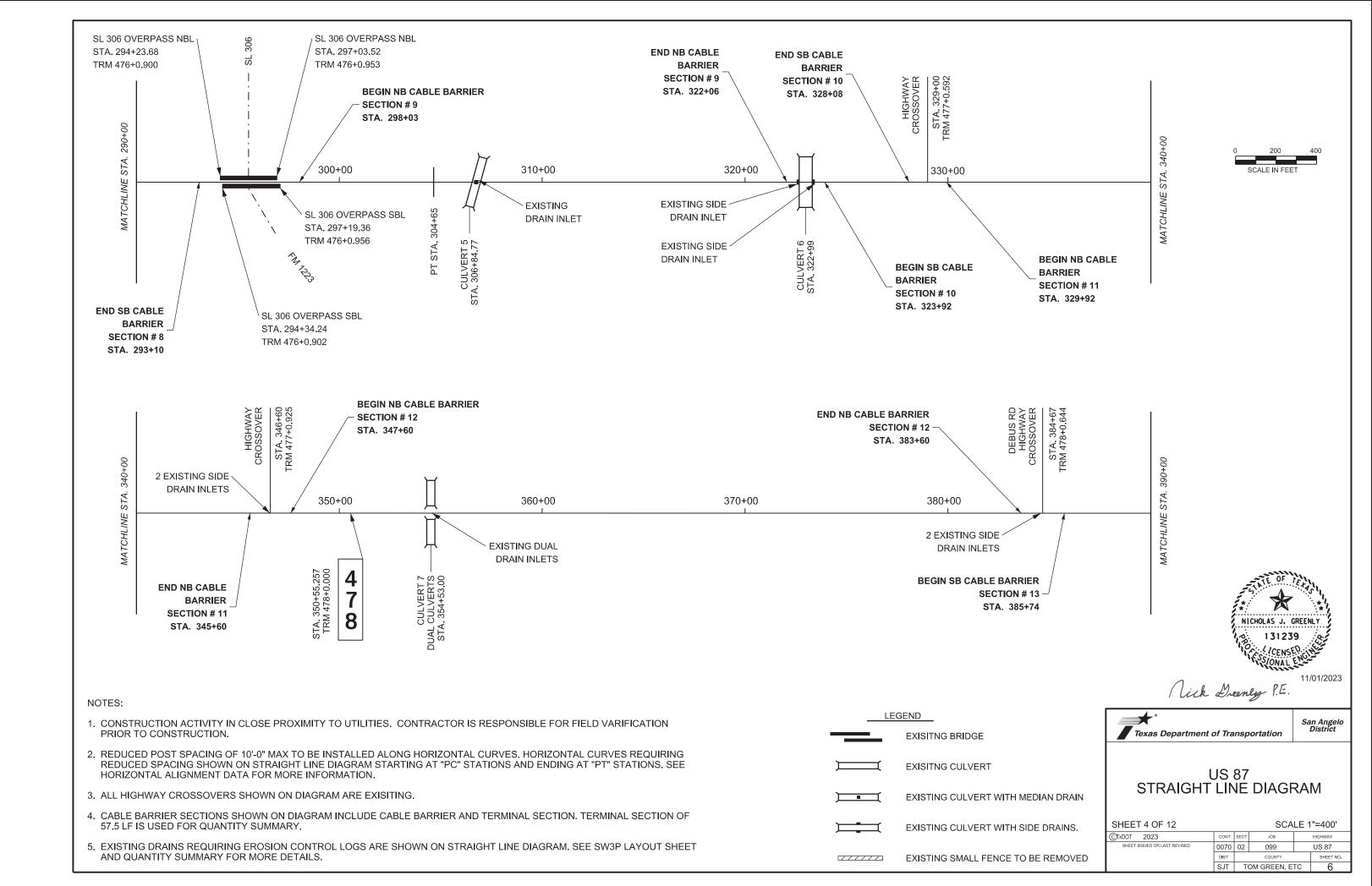
US 87 STRAIGHT LINE DIAGRAM

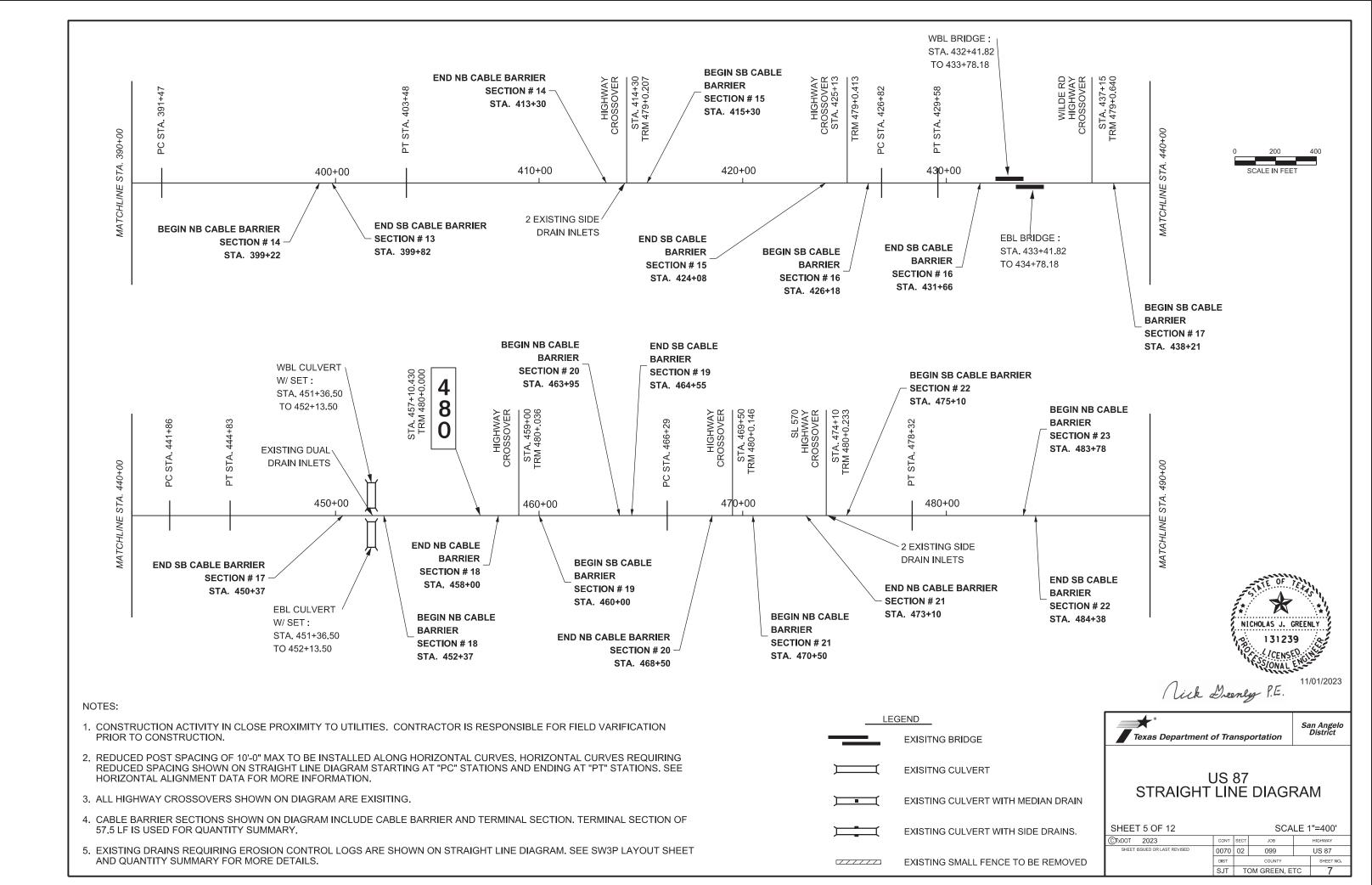
SHEET 2 OF 12

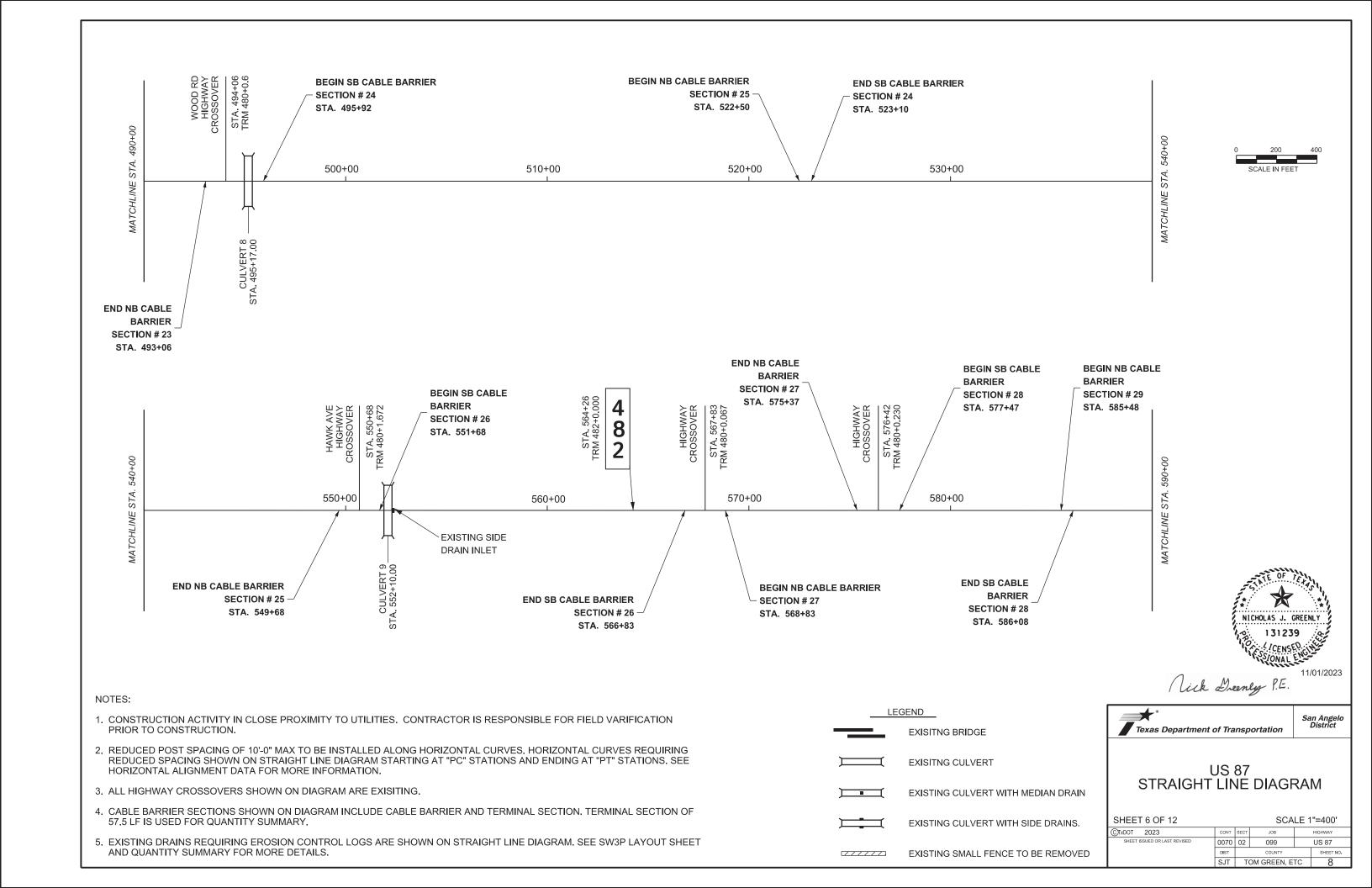
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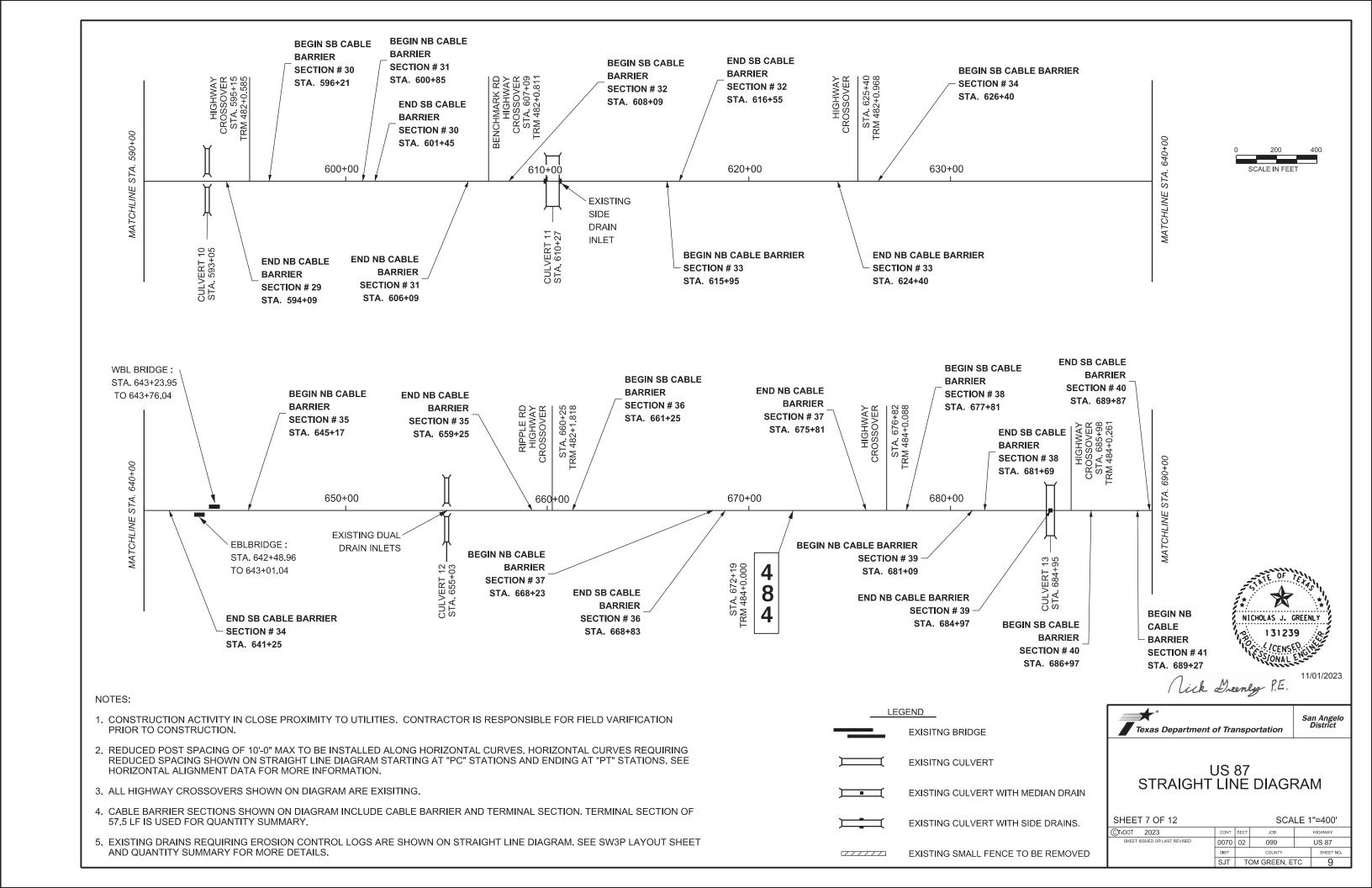
San Angelo District

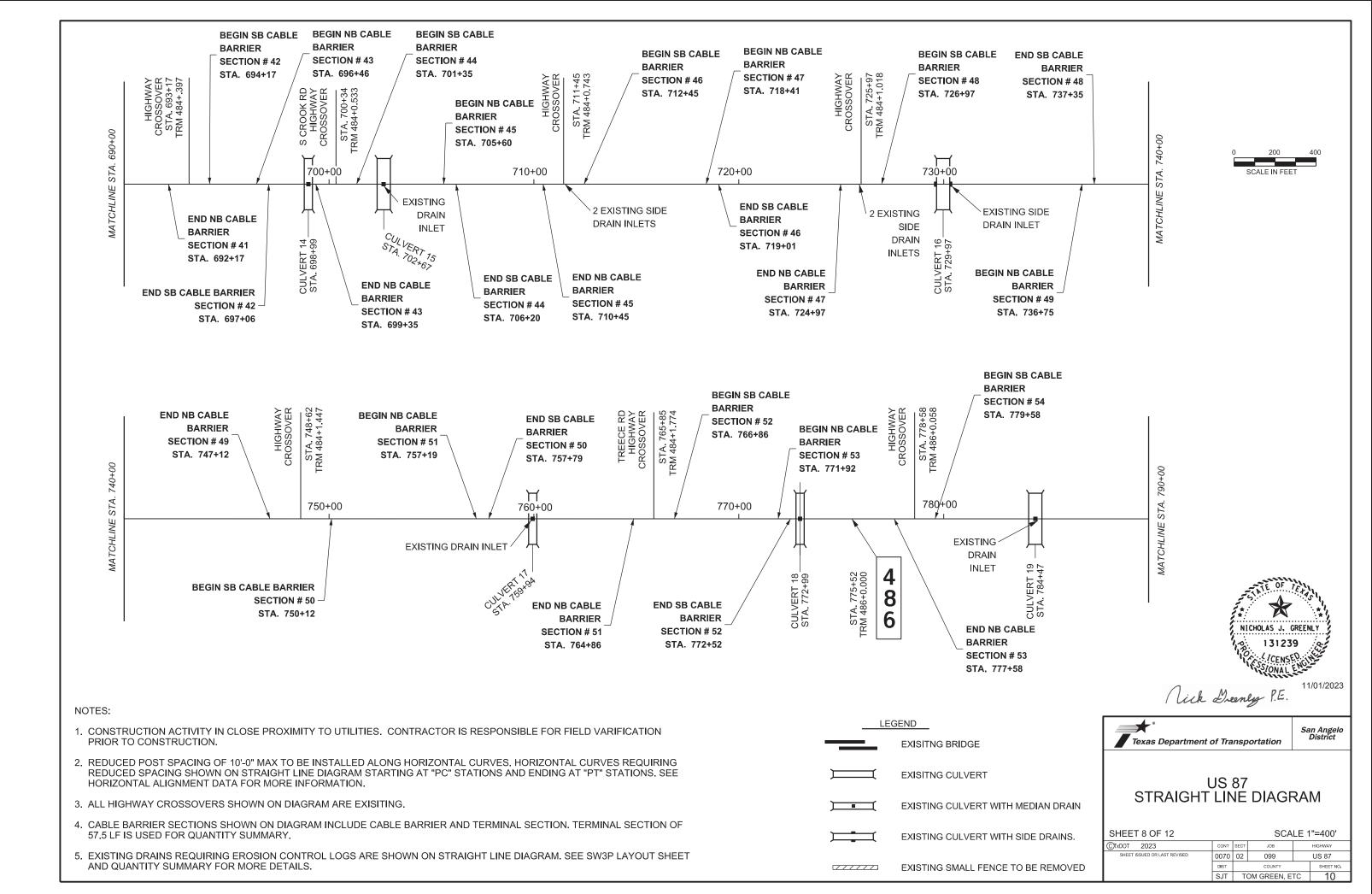


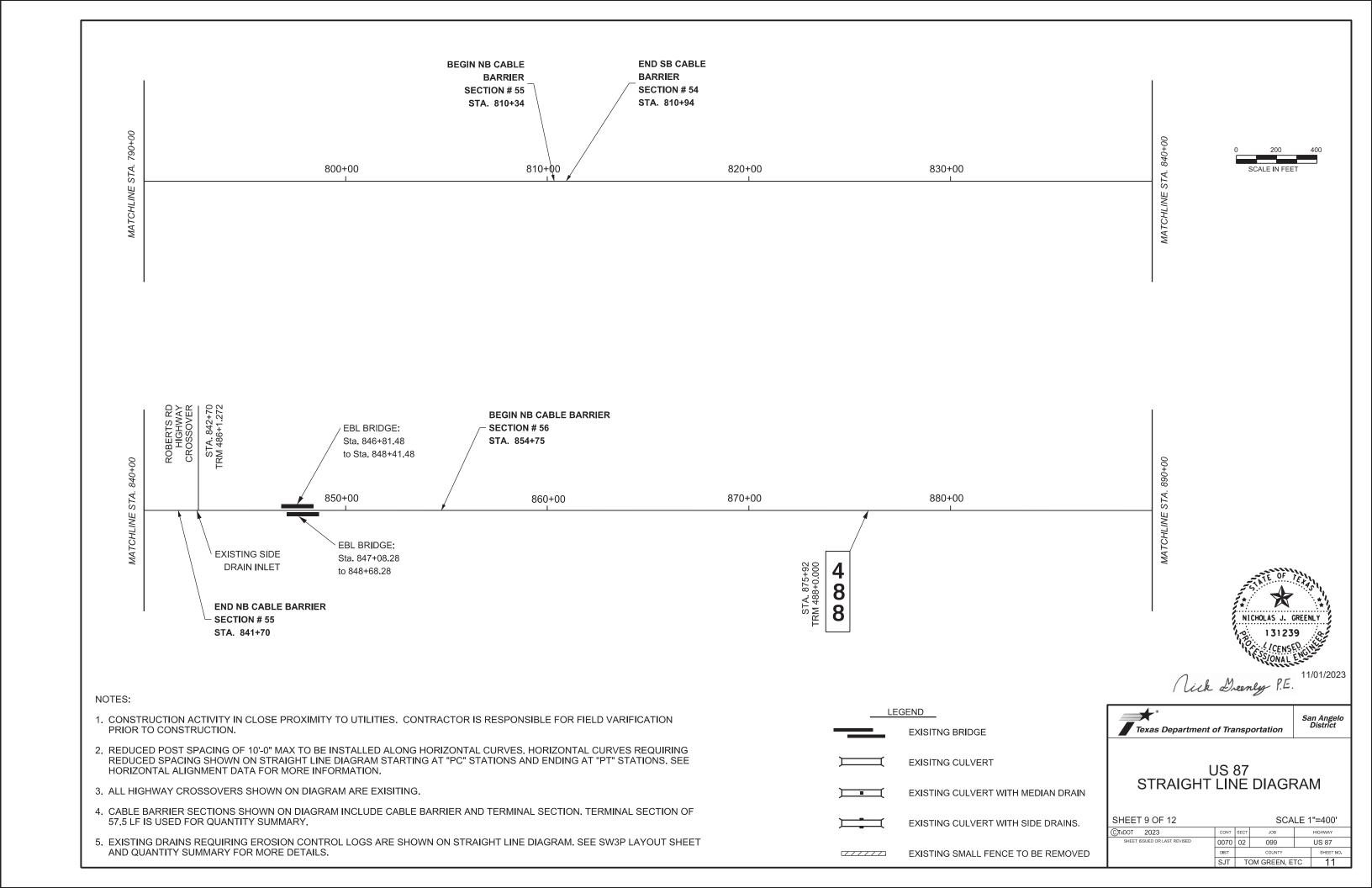


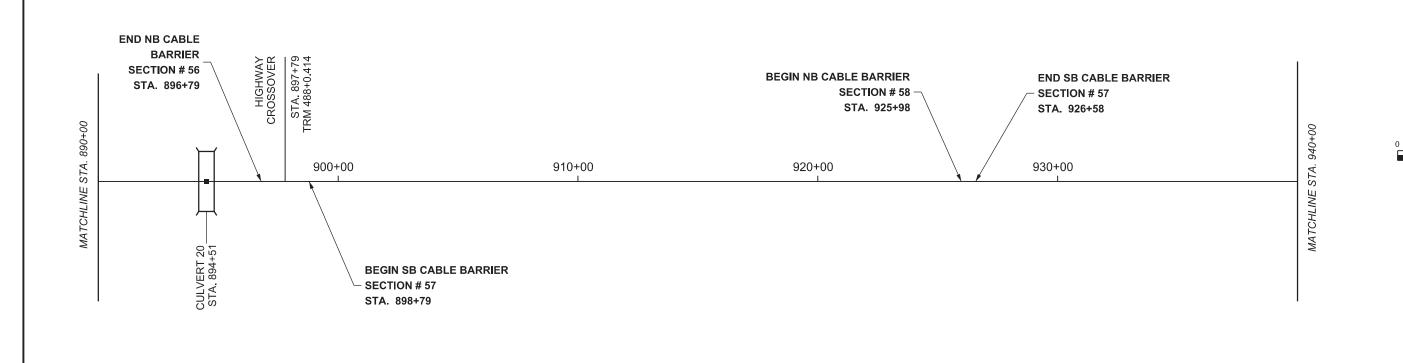


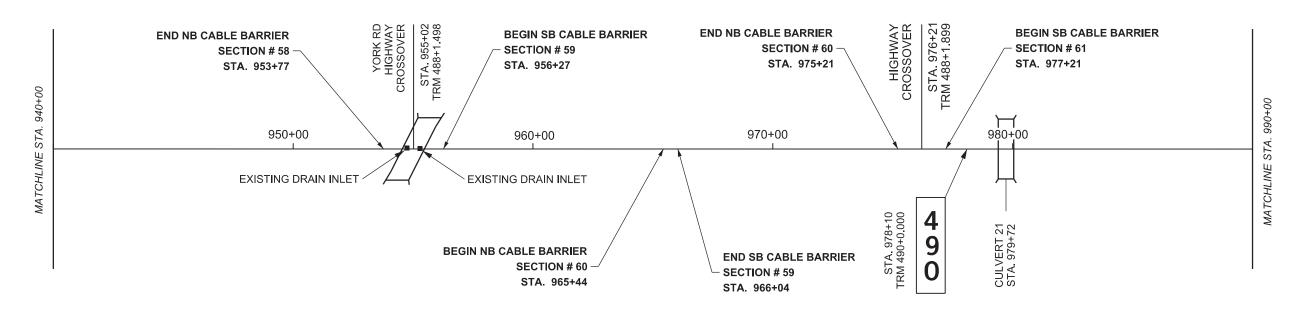










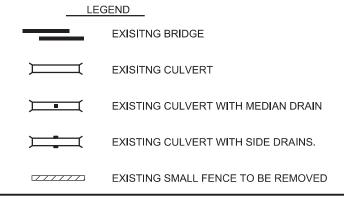


NICHOLAS J. GREENLY 131239 CENSE

Rick Deenly P.E.

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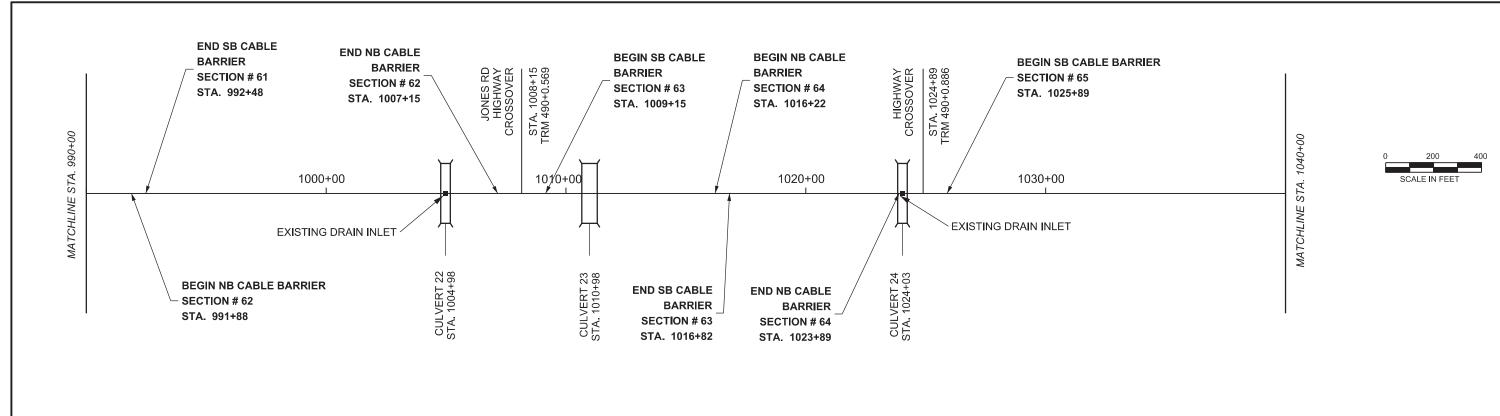
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Texas Department	of Transportation

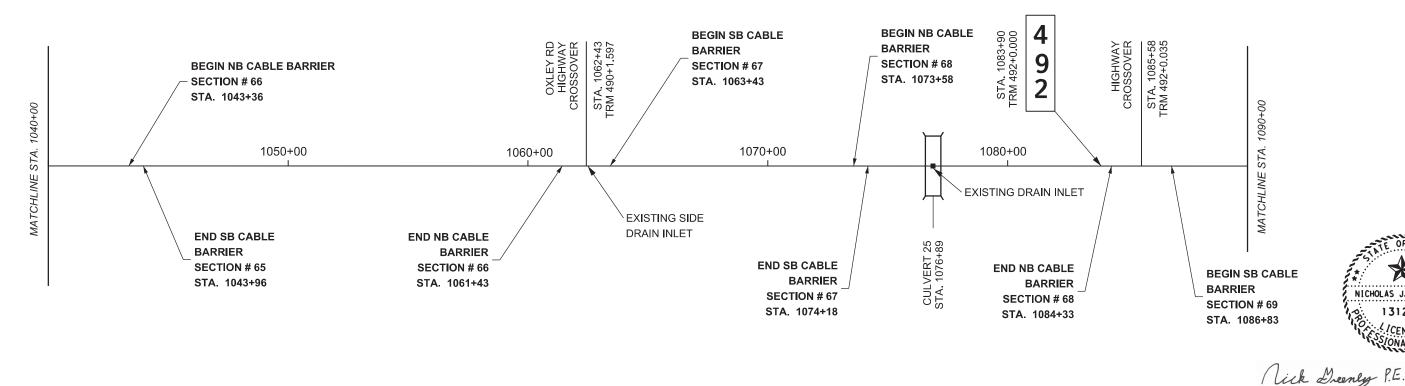
US 87 STRAIGHT LINE DIAGRAM

SJT TOM GREEN, ETC

San Angelo District

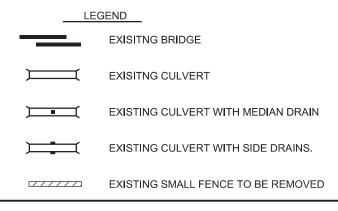
SHEET 10 OF 12			SCA	LE 1	"=400'
©TxDOT 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
SHEET ISSUED OR LAST REVISED	0070	02	099		US 87
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.





NOTES:

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US 87 STRAIGHT LINE DIAGRAM

SHEET 11 OF 12

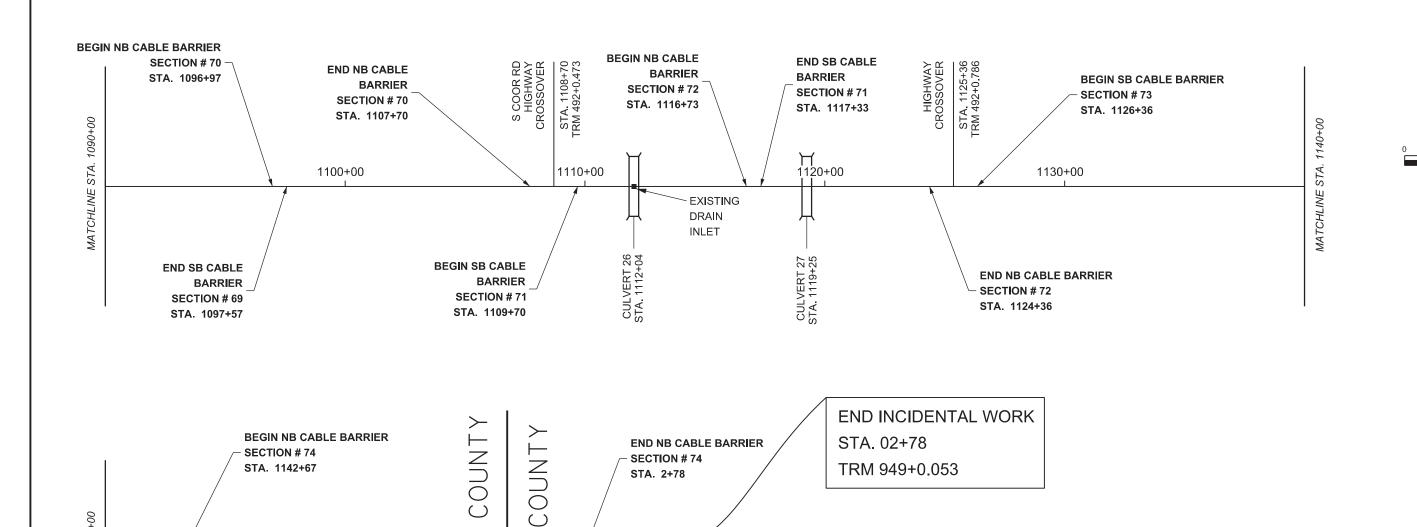
SCALE 1"=400'

San Angelo District

NICHOLAS J. GREENLY

131239 OF

©TxDOT 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
SHEET ISSUED OR LAST REVISED	0070	02	099		US 87
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
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10+00

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END PROJECT

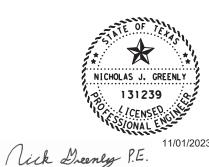
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TRM 949+0.00

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END CSJ 0070-02-099

STA EQUATION: 1156+75.87 BACK



NOTES:

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- 1. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO UTILITIES. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FIELD VARIFICATION PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
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3. ALL HIGHWAY CROSSOVERS SHOWN ON DIAGRAM ARE EXISITING.

STA. 1142+67

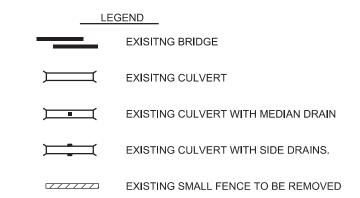
1150+00

END SB CABLE BARRIER

SECTION #73

STA. 1143+27

- 4. CABLE BARRIER SECTIONS SHOWN ON DIAGRAM INCLUDE CABLE BARRIER AND TERMINAL SECTION. TERMINAL SECTION OF 57.5 LF IS USED FOR QUANTITY SUMMARY.
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Texas Department of Transportation

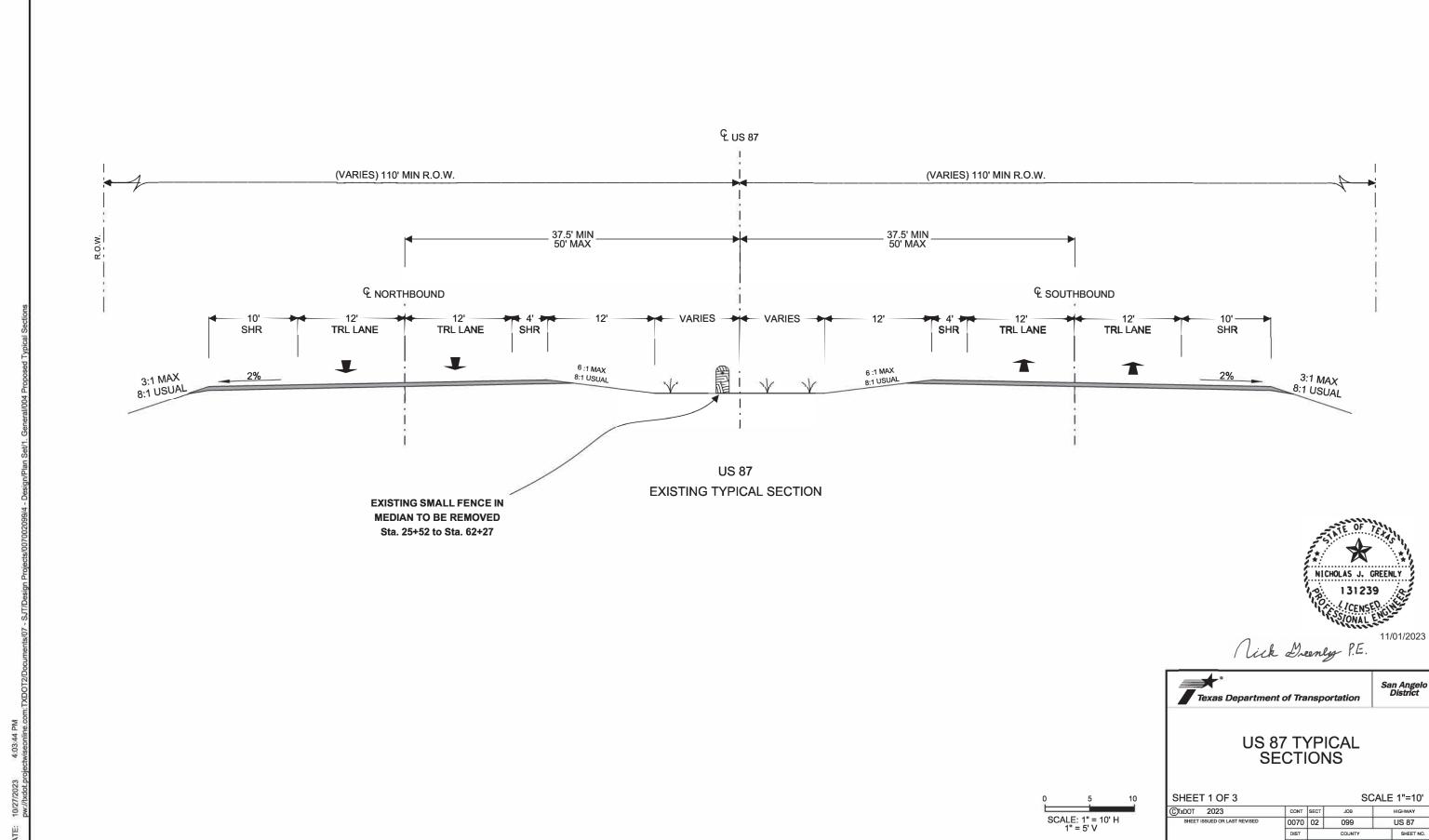
US 87 STRAIGHT LINE DIAGRAM

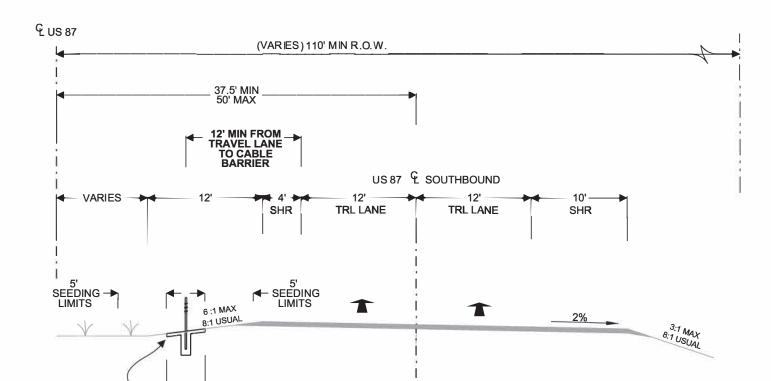
SHEET 12 OF 12

SCALE 4"-400"

San Angelo District

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©TXDOT 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
SHEET ISSUED OR LAST REVISED	0070	02	099		US 87
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
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US 87 - SOUTHBOUND LANE

PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION





Nick Deenly P.E.

Texas Department of Transportation

US 87 TYPICAL SECTIONS

SHEET	2 OF 3	

	SC	CALE 1"=10'
SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY

San Angelo District

©тxDOT 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIG	HWAY
SHEET ISSUED OR LAST REVISED		02	099	US	S 87
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	SJT	TC	OM GREEN, ET	ГС	16

NOTES:

STATIONS REPRESENT LENGTH FROM BEGINNING OF BARRIER TERMINAL TO THE END THE OPPOSITE BARRIER TERMINAL.STATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
 ACTUAL LOCATION TO BEDETERMINED IN THE FIELD.

PROPOSED: TL-4

CABLE BARRIER

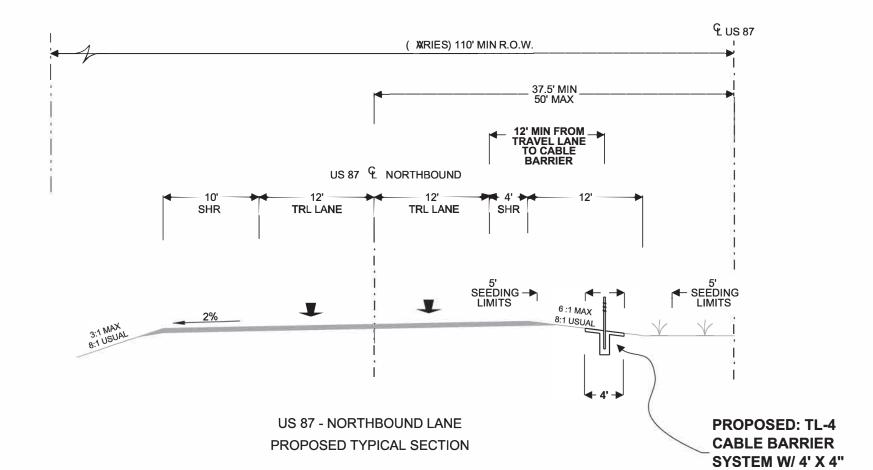
RC MOW STRIP

SYSTEM W/ 4' X 4"

- 2. VERIFY SLOPE CONDITIONS TO ENSURE THE DESIRED SLOPES ARE ATTAINABLE PRIOR TO PLACING MOW STRIP.
- 3. PLACE MOWSTRIP TO EXISTING GRADE WHEN THE GRADES ARE 6:1 OR FLATTER, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 4. ADJUST POST HEIGHT WHEN NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN A MAX SLOPE OF 6:1.
- 5. TERMINAL LENGTH OF 57.5 LF WAS USED. ADJUST CABLE BARRIER LENGTH AS NEEDED WHEN DIFFERENT TERMINAL IS USED.
- S. SEEDING QUANITIES CALCULATED ON A 10' LF WIDTH.

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53+27 103+	-
107+59 148+	41
176+91 203+	82
228+67 252+	12
298+03 322+0	06
329+92 345+	60
347+60 383+	60
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757+19 764+	86
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965+44 975+	21
991+88 1007+	-15
1016+22 1023+	-89
1043+36 1061+	-43
1073+58 1084+	-33
1096+97 1107+	-70
1116+73 1124+	-36
1142+67 1156+7	
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Nick Dreenly P.E.



US 87 TYPICAL SECTIONS

SHEET 3 OF 3

RC MOW STRIP

SCALE 1"=10'

©тxDOT 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
SHEET ISSUED OR LAST REVISED	0070	02	099	US 87
	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	CIT	1 TC	M CDEEN ET	C 17

County: TOM GREEN Sheet: 18

Highway: US 87 **Control:** 0070-02-099

GENERAL NOTES

The following Standard Sheets have been modified: NONE.

Locate the project bulletin board at an approved location within the project limits such as at a field office, staging area, or stockpile, and make accessible to the public at all times. Do not remove the bulletin board from the project until approved. If a construction site notice is required for the project, post a copy at each geographically separated work location.

In those instances where fixed features require, vary the governing slopes indicated in these plans from within the limits to the extent determined.

If Contractor elects to establish a pit within 200 ft. of a public road, construct a barrier or other device in accordance with Natural Resources Code, Chapter 133, and Section 133.041.

Do not use salt water with solids in excess of 10,000 parts per million, as determined by evaporation.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed by the following individuals:

Jordan Sefcik, P.E.; email <u>Jordan.Sefcik@txdot.gov</u> and Mitchell Gatlin. P.E.; email <u>Thomas.Gatlin@txdot.gov</u>

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Data as provided is for non-construction purposes only and it is the responsibility of the prospective bidder to validate this information with the appropriate plans and Specifications.

County: TOM GREEN Sheet: 18

Highway: US 87 **Control:** 0070-02-099

Item 5, "Control of the Work"

State Highway right of way markers destroyed by the Contractor shall be replaced by a Texas Registered Professional Land Surveyor (RPLS) at no cost to the State. Provide written documentation from the RPLS attesting to the replacement of the right of way markers.

Make suitable advance notification to affected non-participating municipalities regarding Class B underground facilities, call the Department's San Angelo District Traffic Office at telephone number (325) 947-9208 to have the Department's existing traffic signal and illumination utilities located, and call the Department's San Angelo District Maintenance Office at telephone number (325) 947-9322 to have the Department's existing irrigation utilities located.

Responsibility for construction surveying shall conform to Section 5.9.3., "Method C."

Submit shop drawings electronically for the fabrication of structural items and other items specifically listed in the plans to SJT_ShopPlanReview@txdot.gov. For instructions on submitting shop drawings electronically see "Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal" at http://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/specifications/shop-drawings.html.

Item 6, "Control of Materials"

When allowed, store materials and equipment in approved areas within the right of way.

Access the work area from the right of way.

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit an original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

Item 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibilities"

No significant traffic generator events have been identified.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: TOM GREEN Sheet: 18A

Highway: US 87 **Control:** 0070-02-099

Item 8, "Prosecution and Progress"

Submit the sequence of work and estimated progress schedule on paper or as a Portable Document Format (PDF) electronic file compatible with Adobe Systems Incorporated "Acrobat Reader XI".

A delayed start provision is included in the contract to allow time to procure construction materials including cable barrier system components.

Item 9, "Measurement and Payment"

The progress payment period shall end two working days before the last working day of the month. Deliver invoices to be paid as material on hand on or before the end of the progress payment period.

Item 150, "Blading"

This item is for grading at crossovers, for grading adjacent to concrete mow strip riprap, and grading at other locations as directed.

Item 432, "Riprap"

Concrete mow strip riprap may be conventionally formed, extruded, or slip formed.

Terminate concrete mow strip riprap workday production at an expansion joint or at end of concrete mow strip riprap.

Install joint fillers in concrete mow strip riprap at intervals not to exceed 40 ft. and between concrete mow strip riprap and adjacent existing concrete. Provide joint fillers in accordance with DMS-6310, Joint Sealants and Fillers".

The use of synthetic fiber in lieu of steel reinforcing is acceptable, provided the fiber is listed on the Department's "Fiber for Class A and Class B Concrete Applications" Material/Producer List.

Furnish and install ½-in. thick joint filler board conforming to DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers" between concrete riprap and adjacent existing concrete, and where directed.

Item 458, "Waterproofing Membranes for Structures"

Where post foundations require a higher design strength concrete than Class B, the higher design strength concrete may be substituted for Class B concrete in mow strip in order to allow placement of post foundations and mow strip in one operation.

County: TOM GREEN Sheet: 18A

Highway: US 87 **Control:** 0070-02-099

Item 496, "Removing Structures"

This item shall include the complete removal and proper disposal of existing structures, including but not limited to the following: culvert barrels, railing, wingwalls, headwalls, retaining walls, safety end treatments, pipe runners, riprap, deck, overlay, approach slabs, joints, beams, bracing, drains, conduits, pipes, bents, abutments, columns, pilings, footings, web-walls, drilled shafts, reinforcing steel, bridge protective assemblies, clearance signs, etc. Portions of the structure at least 2 ft. below the permanent ground line may be left in place as directed.

Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling"

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Item 543, "Cable Barrier System"

Furnish and install delineators on cable barrier posts at a maximum spacing of 100 ft. with a minimum of three required per section of cable barrier. Delineators shall have double yellow reflectors, size 1, with flexible posts, type GF2 guard fence attachments, and bi-directional.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0070-02-099

DISTRICT San Angelo **HIGHWAY** US 87

COUNTY Tom Green

Report Created On: Oct 27, 2023 1:54:20 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0070-02	2-099			
		PROJI	ECT ID	A0019	6028		TOTAL	
		CC	COUNTY Tom Green					
		HIG	HWAY	US 8	37		FINAL	
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL			
	150-6002	BLADING	HR	289.000		289.000		
	164-6036	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	AC	24.000		24.000		
	432-6005	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL A)	CY	5,103.000		5,103.000		
	496-6043	REMOV STR (SMALL FENCE)	LF	3,675.000		3,675.000		
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000		
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	17.000		17.000		
	506-6041	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	LF	810.000		810.000		
	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	810.000		810.000		
	543-6002	CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4)	LF	86,829.000		86,829.000		
	543-6006	CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4) (10'-0")	LF	8,549.000		8,549.000		
	543-6020	CABLE BARRIER TERMINAL SECTION (TL-4)	EA	148.000		148.000		
	6001-6001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	604.000		604.000		
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	292.000		292.000		
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000		
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000		



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
San Angelo	Tom Green	0070-02-099	19

		С	ABLE BARRIEF MINAL SECTION	R DETAILS		0150 6002	0432 6005	0496 6043	0543 6002	0543 6006	0543 6020	0164 6036	0506 6041	0506 6043
DESCRIPTION		(TERN	MINAL SECTION	NS INCLUDED)	BLADING	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL A)	REMOVE STR (SMALL FENCE)	CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4)	CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4) (10'-0")	CABLE BARRIER TERMINAL SECTION (TL-4)	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)
	Cable Barrier Section Number	Begin Sta	End Sta	Length	Direction	HR	CY	LF	LF	LF	EA	AC	LF	LF
50 FT BUFFER FROM BRIDGE		25+52	26+02					50						
CABLE BARRIER	1	26+02	49+97	2,395	SB	6	118.2	2,395	2,280		2	0.55	15	15
EXISTING MBGF		49+47	53+77					430					15	15
CABLE BARRIER	2	53+27	103+70	5,043	NB	13	249.0	800	2,622	2,364	2	1.16		
US 277 OVERPASS		104+20	106+59											
EXISTING MBGF		106+59	108+09											
CABLE BARRIER	3	107+59	148+41	4,082	NB	11	201.5		978	2,989	2	0.94	15	15
CROSSOVER: BRODNAX LN		148+91	150+10										15	15
CABLE BARRIER	4	150+60	177+51	2,691	SB	7	132.9		2,576		2	0.62		
CABLE BARRIER	5	176+91	203+82	2,691	NB	7	132.9		2,576		2	0.62	30	30
CROSSOVER: FAIRVIEW SCHOOL RD		204+32	205+32										15	15
CABLE BARRIER	6	205+82	229+27	2,345	SB	6	115.8		2,230		2	0.54		
CABLE BARRIER	7	228+67	252+12	2,345	NB	6	115.8		2,230		2	0.54		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		252+62	253+38										15	15
CABLE BARRIER	8	253+88	293+10	3,922	SB	10	193.6		3,565	300	2	0.90		
EXISTING MBGF		292+60	294+10											
SL 306 OVERPASS		294+10	297+16											
EXISTING MBGF		297+16	298+53											
CABLE BARRIER	9	298+03	322+06	2,403	NB	7	118.6		1,742	604	2	0.55	15	15
SHALLOW CULVERT		322+56	323+42										30	30
CABLE BARRIER	10	323+92	328+08	416	SB	2	20.5		301		2	0.10		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		328+58	329+42											
CABLE BARRIER	11	329+92	345+60	1,568	NB	4	77.4		1,453		2	0.36		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		346+10	347+10										30	30
CABLE BARRIER	12	347+60	383+60	3,600	NB	9	177.7		3,485		2	0.83	30	30
CROSSOVER: DEBUS RD		384+10	385+24										30	30
CABLE BARRIER	13	385+74	399+82	1,408	SB	4	69.5		574	777	2	0.32		
CABLE BARRIER	14	399+22	413+30	1,408	NB	4	69.5		982	369	2	0.32		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		413+80	414+80										30	30
CABLE BARRIER	15	415+30	424+08	878	SB	3	43.3		763		2	0.20		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		424+58	425+68											
CABLE BARRIER	16	426+18	431+66	548	SB	2	27.1		157	276	2	0.13		
EXISTING MBGF		431+16	432+92											
BRIDGE		432+92	434+28											
CROSSOVER: WILDE RD		436+59	437+71											
CABLE BARRIER	17	438+21	450+37	1,216	SB	4	60.0		804	297	2	0.28		
CULVERTS W/ MEDIAN SET		450+87	451+87										50	50
CABLE BARRIER	18	452+37	458+00	563	NB	2	27.8		448		2	0.13		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		458+50	459+50										30	30
CABLE BARRIER	19	460+00	464+55	455	SB	2	22.5		340		2	0.10		
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QUANTITY SUMMARY NOTES ON PAGE 23



San Angelo District

QUANTITY SUMMARY

SHEET 1 OF 4

TXDOT 2023	3	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
SHEET ISSUED OR	LAST REVISED	0070	02	099		US 87
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		CIT	TON	A CREEN	FTC	20

		C	ABLE BARRIEF	R DETAILS		0150 6002	0432 6005	0496 6043	0543 6002	0543 6006	0543 6020	0164 6036	0506 6041	0506 6043
DESCRIPTION		(TERN	MINAL SECTION	NS INCLUDED)	BLADING	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL A)	REMOVE STR (SMALL FENCE)	CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4)	CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4) (10'-0")	CABLE BARRIER TERMINAL SECTION (TL-4)	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)
	Cable Barrier Section Number	Begin Sta	End Sta	Length	Direction	HR	CY	LF	LF	LF	EA	AC	LF	LF
CABLE BARRIER	20	463+95	468+50	455	NB	2	22.5		235	163	2	0.10		
CROSSOVER PRIVATE		469+00	470+00											
CABLE BARRIER	21	470+50	473+10	260	NB	1	12.8			145	2	0.06		
CROSSOVER: SL 570		473+60	474+60										30	30
CABLE BARRIER	22	475+10	484+38	928	SB	3	45.8		606	265	2	0.21		
CABLE BARRIER	23	483+78	493+06	928	NB	3	45.8		813		2	0.21		
CROSSOVER: WOOD RD		493+56	494+56											
SHALLOW CULVERT		494+92	495+42											
CABLE BARRIER	24	495+92	523+10	2,718	SB	7	134.2		2,603		2	0.62		
CABLE BARRIER	25	522+50	549+68	2,718	NB	7	134.2		2,603		2	0.62		
CROSSOVER: HAWK AVE		550+18	551+18										15	15
CABLE BARRIER	26	551+68	566+83	1,515	SB	4	74.8		1,400		2	0.35		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		567+33	568+33											
CABLE BARRIER	27	568+83	575+37	654	NB	2	32.3		539		2	0.15		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		575+87	576+97											
CABLE BARRIER	28	577+47	586+08	861	SB	3	42.5		746		2	0.20		
CABLE BARRIER	29	585+48	594+09	861	NB	3	42.5		746		2	0.20	20	20
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		594+59	595+71											
CABLE BARRIER	30	596+21	601+45	524	SB	2	25.9		409		2	0.12		
CABLE BARRIER	31	600+85	606+09	524	NB	2	25.9		524		2	0.12		
CROSSOVER: BENCHMARK RD		606+59	607+59										15	15
CABLE BARRIER	32	608+09	616+55	845	SB	3	41.7		730		2	0.19	15	15
CABLE BARRIER	33	615+95	624+40	845	NB	3	41.7		730		2	0.19		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		624+90	625+90											
CABLE BARRIER	34	626+40	641+25	1,485	SB	4	73.3		1,370		2	0.34		
EXISTING MBGF		640+75	642+95						<u> </u>					
BRIDGE		642+95	643+47											
EXISTING MBGF		643+47	645+67											
CABLE BARRIER	35	645+17	659+25	1,408	NB	4	69.5		1,293		2	0.32	50	50
CROSSOVER: RIPPLE RD		659+75	660+75											
CABLE BARRIER	36	661+25	668+83	758	SB	2	37.4		643		2	0.17		
CABLE BARRIER	37	668+23	675+81	758	NB	2	37.4		643		2	0.17		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		676+31	677+31										30	30
CABLE BARRIER	38	677+81	681+69	388	SB	1	19.2		273		2	0.09		
CABLE BARRIER	39	681+09	684+97	388	NB	1	19.2		273		2	0.09		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		685+47	686+47		1	<u> </u>	1						15	15
CABLE BARRIER	40	686+97	689+87	290	SB	1	14.3		175		2	0.07	'-	
CABLE BARRIER	41	689+27	692+17	290	NB	1	14.3		175		2	0.07		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE	 	692+67	693+67			 	1					2.07		
CABLE BARRIER	42	694+17	697+06	289	SB	1	14.3		174		2	0.07		
CABLE DANNER	1 74	004.17	007.00	203		1	14.5		1/-			0.07		

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San Angelo District

QUANTITY SUMMARY

SHEET 2 OF 4

TXDOT 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
SHEET ISSUED OR LAST REVISED	0070	02	099		US 87
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	CIT	TOM	CDEEN	ETC	21

		/TEDA	ABLE BARRIEI IINAL SECTIOI	NO INCLLIDED	۸									
DESCRIPTION		(TEKK	MINAL SECTION	NS INCLUDED	,	BLADING	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL A)	REMOVE STR (SMALL FENCE)	CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4)	CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4) (10'-0")	CABLE BARRIER TERMINAL SECTION (TL-4)	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)
	Cable Barrier Section Number	Begin Sta	End Sta	Length	Direction	HR	CY	LF	LF	LF	EA	AC	LF	LF
CABLE BARRIER	43	696+46	699+35	289	NB	1	14.3		174		2	0.07	15	15
CROSSOVER: S CROOK RD		699+85	700+85											
CABLE BARRIER	44	701+35	706+20	485	SB	2	23.9		370		2	0.11	15	15
CABLE BARRIER	45	705+60	710+45	485	NB	2	23.9		370		2	0.11		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		710+95	711+95										15	15
CABLE BARRIER	46	712+45	719+01	656	SB	2	32.4		541		2	0.15		
CABLE BARRIER	47	718+41	724+97	656	NB	2	32.4		541		2	0.15		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		725+47	726+47										30	30
CABLE BARRIER	48	726+97	737+35	1,038	SB	3	51.2		923		2	0.24		
CABLE BARRIER	49	736+75	747+12	1,037	NB	3	51.2		922		2	0.24		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		747+62	749+62											
CABLE BARRIER	50	750+12	757+79	767	SB	2	37.9		652		2	0.18		
CABLE BARRIER	51	757+19	764+86	767	NB	2	37.9		652		2	0.18	15	15
CROSSOVER: TREECE RD		765+36	766+36											
CABLE BARRIER	52	766+86	772+52	566	SB	2	27.9		451		2	0.13		
CABLE BARRIER	53	771+92	777+58	566	NB	2	27.9		451		2	0.13	15	15
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		778+08	779+08											
CABLE BARRIER	54	779+58	810+94	3,136	SB	8	154.8		3,021		2	0.72	15	15
CABLE BARRIER	55	810+34	841+70	3,136	NB	8	154.8		3,021		2	0.72		
CROSSOVER: ROBERTS RD		842+20	843+20										15	15
BRIDGE		846+95	848+55											
EXISTING MBGF		848+55	855+25											
CABLE BARRIER	56	854+75	896+79	4,204	NB	11	207.6		4,089		2	0.97	15	15
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		897+29	898+29											
CABLE BARRIER	57	898+79	926+58	2,779	SB	7	137.2		2,664		2	0.64		
CABLE BARRIER	58	925+98	953+77	2,779	NB	7	137.2		2,664		2	0.64		
CROSSOVER: YORK RD W/ UNDERLYING CULVERT		954+27	955+77										30	30
CABLE BARRIER	59	956+27	966+04	977	SB	3	48.2		862		2	0.22		
CABLE BARRIER	60	965+44	975+21	977	NB	3	48.2		862		2	0.22		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		975+71	976+71											
CABLE BARRIER	61	977+21	992+48	1,527	SB	4	75.4		1,412		2	0.35		
CABLE BARRIER	62	991+88	1007+15	1,527	NB	4	75.4		1,412		2	0.35	15	15
CROSSOVER: JONES RD		1007+65	1008+65											
CABLE BARRIER	63	1009+15	1016+82	767	SB	2	37.9		652		2	0.18		
CABLE BARRIER	64	1016+22	1023+89	767	NB	2	37.9		652		2	0.18		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		1024+39	1025+39										15	15
CABLE BARRIER	65	1025+89	1043+96	1,807	SB	5	89.2		1,692		2	0.41		
CABLE BARRIER	66	1043+36	1061+43	1,807	NB	5	89.2		1,692		2	0.41		
CROSSOVER: OXLEY RD		1061+93	1062+93										15	15

0150 6002

CABLE BARRIER DETAILS (TERMINAL SECTIONS INCLUDED)

0432 6005

0496 6043

0543 6002

0543 6006

0543 6020

0164 6036

0506 6041

0506 6043

QUANTITY SUMMARY NOTES ON PAGE 23



San Angelo District

QUANTITY SUMMARY

SHEET 3 OF 4

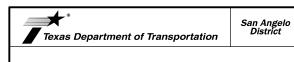
©TxDOT 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
SHEET ISSUED OR LAST REVISED	0070	02	099		US 87
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	CIT	TOM	CDEEN	ETC	22

		C,	ABLE BARRIER	DETAILS		0150 6002	0432 6005	0496 6043	0543 6002	0543 6006	0543 6020	0164 6036	0506 6041	0506 6043
DESCRIPTION		(IERM	IINAL SECTION	S INCLUDED)		BLADING	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL A)	REMOVE STR (SMALL FENCE)	CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4)	CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4) (10'-0")	CABLE BARRIER TERMINAL SECTION (TL-4)	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)
	Cable Barrier Section Number	Begin Sta	End Sta	Length	Direction	HR	CY	LF	LF	LF	EA	AC	LF	LF
CABLE BARRIER	67	1063+43	1074+18	1,075	SB	3	53.1		960		2	0.25		
CABLE BARRIER	68	1073+58	1084+33	1,075	NB	3	53.1		960		2	0.25	15	15
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		1084+83	1086+33											
CABLE BARRIER	69	1086+83	1097+57	1,074	SB	3	53.0		959		2	0.25		
CABLE BARRIER	70	1096+97	1107+70	1,073	NB	3	53.0		958		2	0.25		
CROSSOVER: S COOR RD		1108+20	1109+20											
CABLE BARRIER	71	1109+70	1117+33	763	SB	2	37.7		648		2	0.18	15	15
CABLE BARRIER	72	1116+73	1124+36	763	NB	2	37.7		648		2	0.18		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		1124+86	1125+86											
CABLE BARRIER	73	1126+36	1143+27	1,691	SB	5	83.5		1,576		2	0.39		
CABLE BARRIER	74	1142+67	1156+75.8 7 BACK = 0+00 FWD	1,409	- NB	4	69.6		1,352		1	0.32		
CADLE DARRIER	/4	0+00 FWD	2+78	278	IND	1	13.7		221		1	0.06		
CROSSOVER: PRIVATE		3+28	4+28											
	PROJEC1	TOTALS				289	5,103	3,675	86,829	8,549	148	24	810	810

	TCP DETAILS		
	0502 6001	6001 6001	6185 6002
DESCRIPTION	BARRICADES, SIGNSAND TRAFFIC HANDLING	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGESIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)
	МО	DAY	DAY
PROJECT WIDE	17	604	292
PROJECT TOTALS	17	604	292

QUANTITY SUMMARY NOTES:

- 1. CROSSOVER STATIONING INCLUDES CROSSOVER AND MINIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN BARRIER AND CROSSOVER.
- 2. CABLE BARRIERS SPLIT IN MEDIAN HAVE A 60 FT OVERLAP (SEE CABLE BARRIER DETAILS).
- 3. CABLE BARRIER STATIONING INCLUDES CABLE BARRIER RUN AND TERMINAL SECTIONS (57.5 FT PER TERMINAL INCLUDED).



QUANTITY SUMMARY

SHEET 4 OF 4

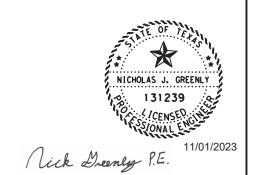
©TXDOT 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
SHEET ISSUED OR LAST REVISED	0070	02	099	US 87	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	SJT	TO	d GREEN,	ETC	23

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION:

- 1. PLACE ADVANCE PROJECT WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC(1)-21 THROUGH BC(12)-21.
- 2. SET BIODEGRADABLE EROSION LOGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH "SW3P LAYOUT" AND "QUANTITY SUMMARY" SHEETS.
- 3. REMOVE EXISTING SMALL MEDIAN FENCE ACCORDING TO "STRAIGHT LINE DIAGRAM" AND "QUANTITY SUMMARY" SHEETS.
- 4. INSTALL CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM AND CONSTRUCT MOW STRIP. USE "CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK" FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL AS NEEDED.
- 5. PLACE PERMANENT SEEDING IN ACCORDANCE WITH "PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS" SHEET.

GENERAL NOTE:

1. LIMIT WORK ZONES TO 2 MILES, UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.





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SEQUENCE OF WORK

SHEET 1 OF 1

SCALE 1"=10

- 2. Shadow, lead, trail, and ramp control vehicles shown on the plans are required.
- 3. Use high level warning flags on advance warning signs during daytime operations.
- 4. Provide flaggers at such times and locations as directed to ensure the safe passage of traffic through construction areas. When flaggers are used to control traffic, furnish and install signs CW20-7 "FLAGGER SYMBOL", CW20-7aD "FLAGGER AHEAD", and CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP". Flaggers shall use 24 in. STOP/SLOW paddles.
- Temporarily relocate existing mailbox assemblies on portable mailbox stands as shown on the plans, or as directed. Use materials conforming to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List (CWZTCDL).
- Prior to each work day, make provisions to exclude vehicles from parking within work areas.
- Temporarily relocate existing permanent sign assemblies to temporary supports as shown on the plans, or as directed.
- 8. Omit advance warning signs and furnish and install reduced size signs CW20-1
 "ROAD WORK AHEAD" mounted back to back with reduced size signs G20-2 "END ROAD WORK" signs at intersecting city streets and county roads.
- Furnish and install signs CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD", G20-1aT "ROAD WORK ←NEXT X MILES, NEXT X MILES→", and G20-2 "END ROAD WORK" at intersecting state highways.
- 10. Sign and buffer spacing may be altered to fit field conditions, as directed.
- In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have employee(s) available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within 30 minutes.
- 12. Cones may be used as the typical channelizing device for freeway surfacing projects.
- 13. 28 in. tall cones will be allowed only for short duration or short term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate term stationary work areas should use drums, vertical panels, or 42 in. tall two-piece cones.
- 14. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- Warning signs for long term stationary work should be mounted at 7 ft. to the bottom of the sign.
- 17. For long term stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 18. All motor vehicle equipment having an obstructed view to the rear shall have a reverse signal alarm audible above the surrounding noise level.
- Traffic control devices denoted with the triangle symbol on the plans may be omitted.
- 20. When sheet WZ(RS) is included in the plans, furnish and install temporary rumble strips for daytime lane closures. Do not use temporary rumble strips on freeways or expressways.
- 21. When sheet WZ(BRK) is included in the plans, furnish and install signs CW21-1T "GIVE US A BRAKE".
- 22. Flags attached to signs shown in the plans are required.
- Signs END ROAD WORK (G20-2) may be omitted when conflicting with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- 24. The Engineer will determine advisory speeds to be shown on plaques CW13-1P.
- 25. Temporary work zone devices (including portable barriers) manufactured after December 31, 2019 must have been successfully tested to the 2016 edition of Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Such devices manufactured on or before this date, and successfully tested to either National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350 or the 2009 edition of MASH, may continue to be used.

TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR REQUIREMENTS

Provide the number of vehicles with truck mounted attenuators listed in the table below. The Contractor shall determine if multiple operations will occur at the same time, to determine the total number of truck mounted attenuators needed for the project.

WZ(BTS-1)	0	TCP(2-3)	0	TCP(6-1)	0				
TCP(1-1)	0	TCP(2-4)	0	TCP(6-2)	0				
TCP(1-2)	0	0 TCP(2-5) 0 TCP(6-3)							
TCP(1-3)	0	TCP(2-6)	0	TCP(6-4)	0				
TCP(1-4)	0	TCP(3-1)	0	TCP(6-5)	0				
TCP(1-5)	0	TCP(3-2)	0	TCP(6-6)	0				
TCP(1-6)	0	TCP(3-3)	0	TCP(6-7)	0				
TCP(2-1)	0	TCP(3-4)	0	TCP(6-8)	0				
TCP(2-2)	0	TCP(5-1)	1	TCP(6-9)	0				
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLA	AN PILOT VEHIC	CLE OPERATION			0				
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLA	AN TWO LANE (CLOSURES ON FOUR LAN	IE UNDIVIDED I	HIGHWAYS	0				
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLA	AN LANE CLOS	JRES WITH BARRIER			0				
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLA	AN SHOULDER	CLOSURES WITH BARRIE	ER .		0				
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLA	AN WORK SPAC	CE NEAR SHOULDER			1				
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLA	AN CROSSOVE	R CLOSURE			0				
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLA	AN TURNAROUI	ND CLOSURE			0				
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES WITH TRAFFIC SIGNAL AND BARRIER									
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLA	AN LANE CLOS	JRES WITH TRAFFIC SIGI	NAL		0				
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLA	AN FREEWAY C	LOSURE			0				
-					•				

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN REQUIREMENTS

Provide the portable changeable message signs listed in the table below. The Contractor shall determine if multiple operations will occur at the same time, to determine the total number of portable changeable message signs needed for the project.

TCP(6-1)	0 TCP(6-4) 0 TCP(6-8)							
TCP(6-2)	0	TCP(6-6)	TCP(6-6) 0 TCP(6-9)					
TCP(6-3)	TCP(6-3) 0 TCP(6-7) 0							
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES WITH BARRIER								
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLA	N SHOULDER	CLOSURES WITH BARRIE	:R		2			
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLA	N LANE CLOS	JRES WITH TRAFFIC SIGI	NAL AND BARR	IER	0			
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES WITH TRAFFIC SIGNAL								
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY CLOSURE								

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE

Work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes).

SHORT DURATION

Work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.

SHORT TERM STATIONARY

Daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.

INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY

Work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than 1 hour.

LONG TERM STATIONARY Work that occupies a location

Work that occupies a location more than 3 days.



Rick Dreenly P.E. 11/01/26

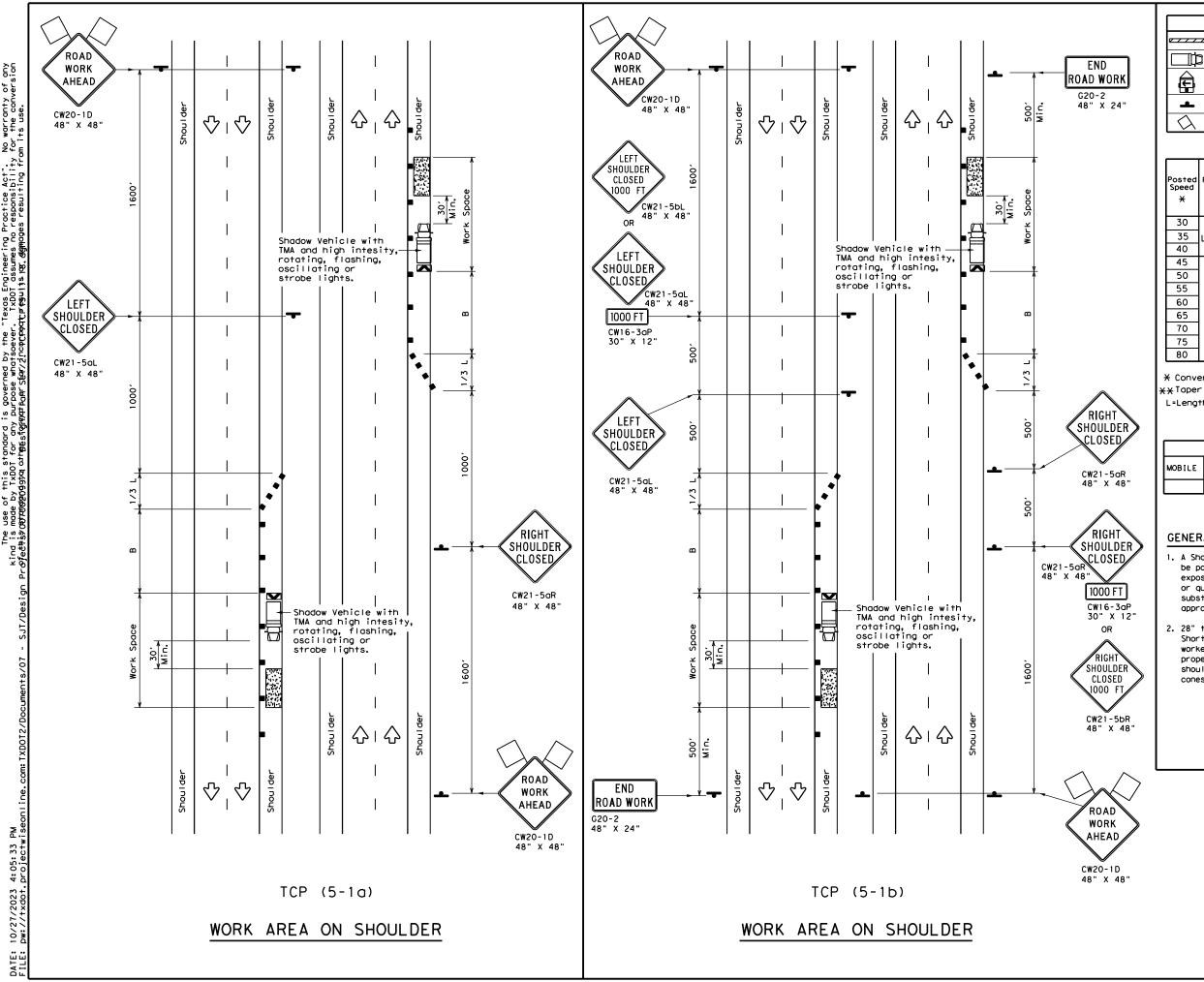


San Angelo District

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

SHEET 1 OF 1

NOT TO SCALE



	LEGEND						
///	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	™	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
\Diamond	Flag	4	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spa Chan	ted Maximum cing of nelizing evices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"В"
30	L = WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	90′
35		2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	120'
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	155′
45		4501	4951	540'	45′	90′	195′
50		500′	5501	600'	50′	100′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	295′
60	L - W 5	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	540′
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	615′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- **Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE LONG TE						
	TCP (5-1a)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-1b)						

GENERAL NOTES

- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHOULDER WORK FOR FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP (5-1)-18

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- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas." Latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **GENERAL NOTES** AND REQUIREMENTS

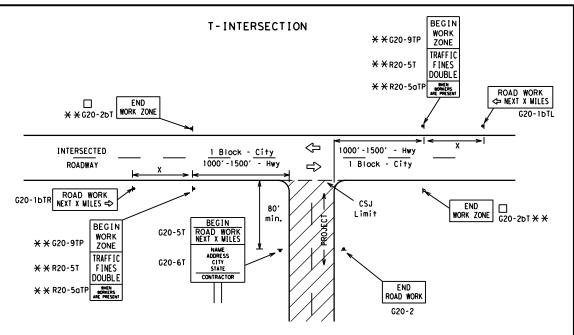
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TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS ROAD ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES 🖒 WORK END ROAD WORK AHEAD (Optiona 1 and 4) CROSSROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK NEXT X MILES
NEXT X MILES <> AHEAD END ROAD WORK G20-1aT CW20-1D (Optional see Note G20-2#

- \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

SIZE

/	ľ	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
		MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
		30	120
		35	160
		40	240
		45	320
		50	400
		55	500 ²
		60	600 ²
		65	700 ²
		70	800 ²
		75	900 ²
		80	1000 ²
	ļ	*	* 3

SPACING

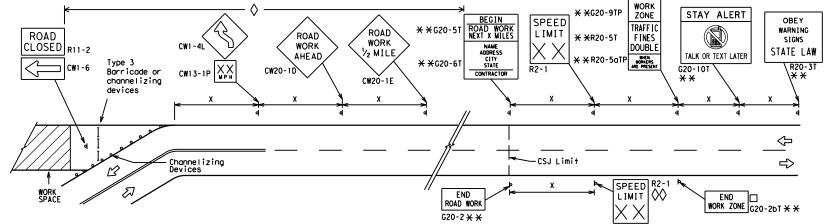
- Sign onventional Expressway Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 48" x 48" 48" x 48 CW22 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12
- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS ¥ ¥G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING * * G20-5 ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS € ★ R20-5aTP ME PRESENT CW20-1D ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK R20-3T X X WORK G20-10T * * AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Rightarrow \Leftrightarrow ➾ \Rightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-2bT X X R2-1 LIMIT line should $\otimes | \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign location ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X **NOTES** within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.

- ** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND
Ι	Type 3 Barricade
0	Channelizing Devices
þ	Sign
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

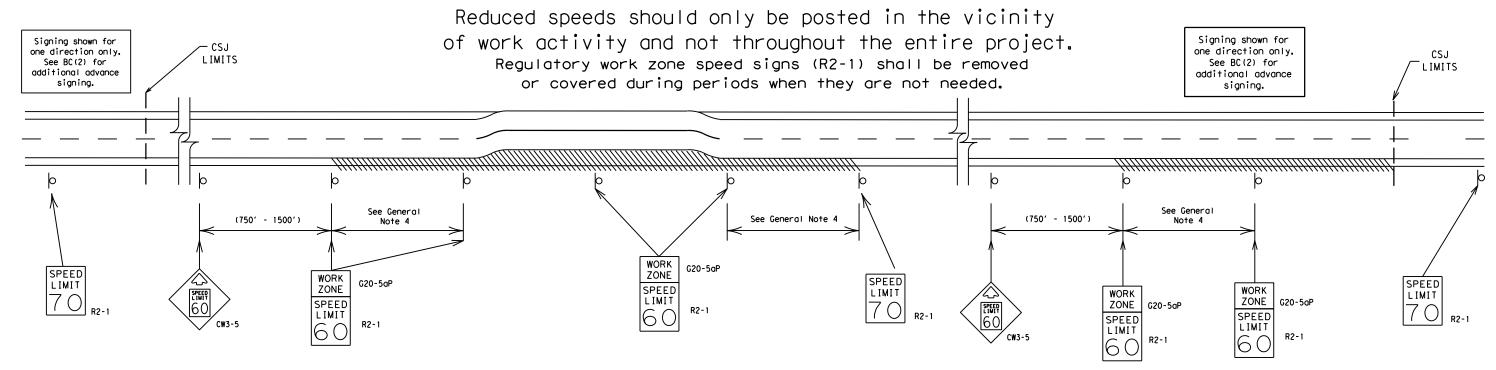
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **PROJECT LIMIT**

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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

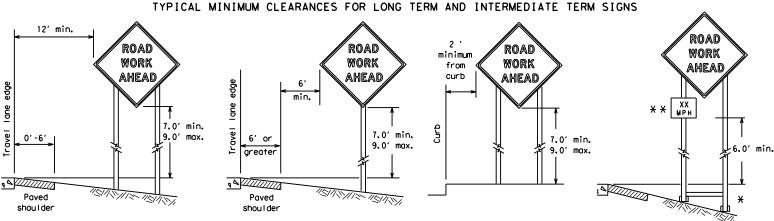
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

Traffic Safety Division Standard

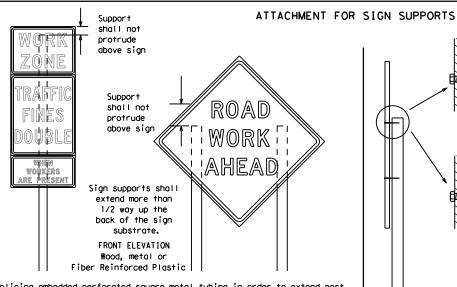
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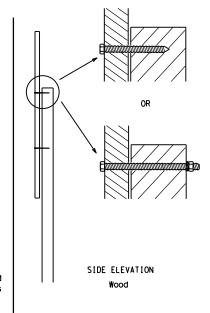


* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

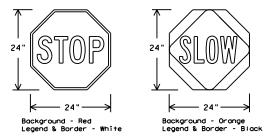


Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

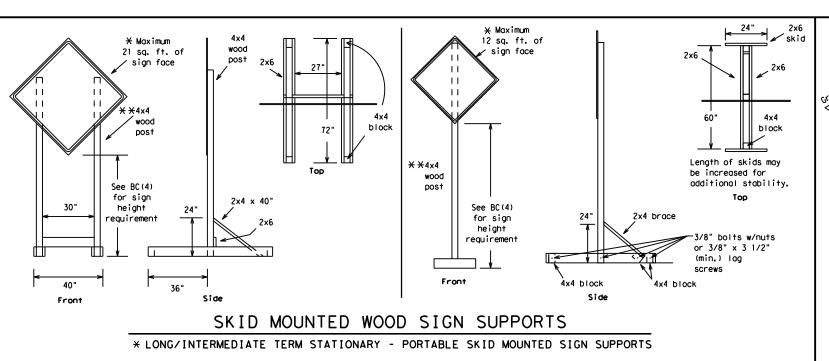
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going in opposite directions. Minimum

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

weld, do not



-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

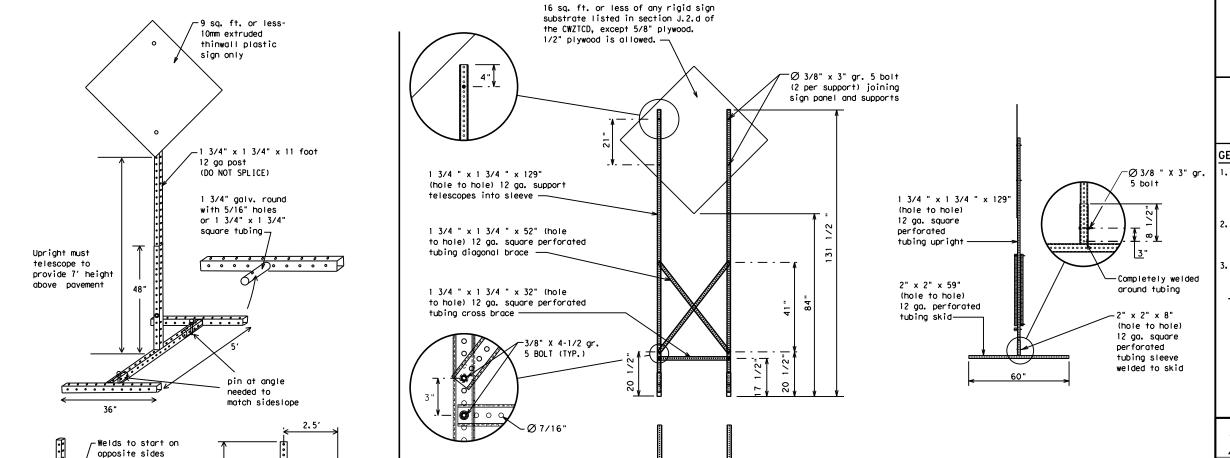
SINGLE LEG BASE

Sign Post Post Post desirable 34" min. in Optional strong soils, reinforcing 48" 55" min. in minimum sleeve -34" min, in weak soils. (1/2" larger strong soils, than sian 55" min, in post) x 18" weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

Post See the CWZTCD WING CHANNEL

GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

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PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

Access Road Alternate Avenue Best Route Boulevard Bridge Cannot Center	ABBREVIATION ACCS RD ALT AVE BEST RTE BLVD BRDG CANT CTR CONST AHD	WORD OR PHRASE Major Miles Miles Miles Per Hour Minor Monday Normal North Northbound Parking Road	ABBREVIATION MAJ MI MPH MNR MON NORM N (route) N PKING
Alternate Avenue Best Route Boulevard Bridge Cannot Center Construction	ALT AVE BEST RTE BLVD BRDG CANT CTR CONST AHD	Miles Miles Per Hour Minor Monday Normal North Northbound Parking	MI MPH MNR MON NORM N (route) N PKING
Alternate Avenue Best Route Boulevard Bridge Cannot Center Construction	ALT AVE BEST RTE BLVD BRDG CANT CTR CONST AHD	Miles Miles Per Hour Minor Monday Normal North Northbound Parking	MPH MNR MON NORM N (route) N PKING
Best Route Boulevard Bridge Cannot Center Construction	BEST RTE BLVD BRDG CANT CTR CONST AHD	Minor Monday Normal North Northbound Parking	MNR MON NORM N (route) N PKING
Boulevard E Bridge E Cannot (Center (Construction	BLVD BRDG CANT CTR CONST AHD	Monday Normal North Northbound Parking	MON NORM N (route) N PKING
Bridge E Cannot (Center (Construction	BRDG CANT CTR CONST AHD	Normal North Northbound Parking	NORM N (route) N PKING
Cannot (Center (Construction	CANT CTR CONST AHD	North Northbound Parking	N (route) N PKING
Center (Construction (CTR CONST AHD	Northbound Parking	(route) N PKING
Construction	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
	XING		100
	VINO I		RD
	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
	DONT	Saturday	SAT
	F	Service Road	SERV RD
	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
	EMER VEH	South	S
	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
	EXPWY	Street	ST
	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material H	HA7MAT	Travelers	TRVLRS
	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vobicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
	HR. HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
	INFO	Warning	WARN
	ITS	Wednesday	WED
	JCT JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
	LFT	West	₩
	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
	WR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Lane/Ramp	o Closure List	Other Cond	lition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
XXXXXXXX BLVD	* LANES SHIFT in Phas	se 1 must be used with	STAY IN LANE IO

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

mp Closure List	Other Cond	lition List		'Effect on Travel ist	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOUL DER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
* LANES SHIFT in Phas	e 1 must be used with	n STAY IN LANE in Phose 2.	STAY IN LANE		* * Sec	e Application Guideline	es Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

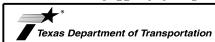
PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



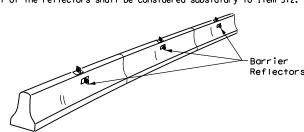
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

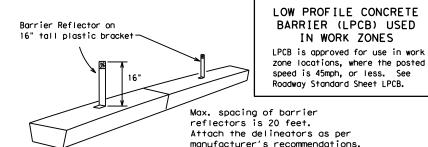
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7-13	5-21	SJT	TON	/ GREEN	, E	TC	32		

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

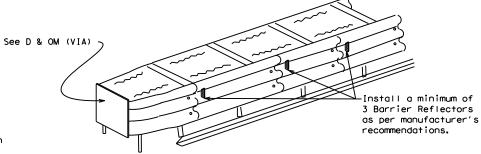


CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



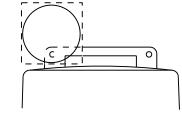
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

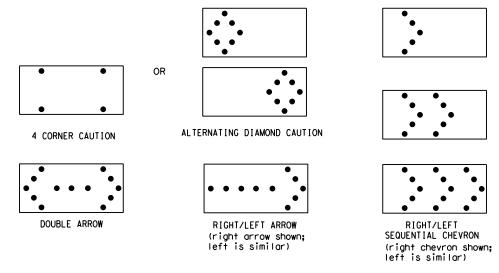
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow. 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS,

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(7)-21

WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

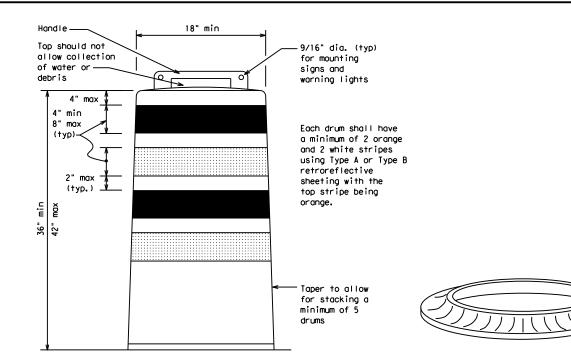
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

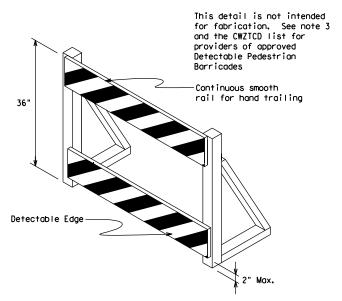
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

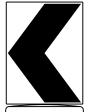


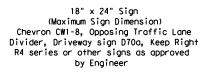


DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk
- Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.

 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.





See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum, A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

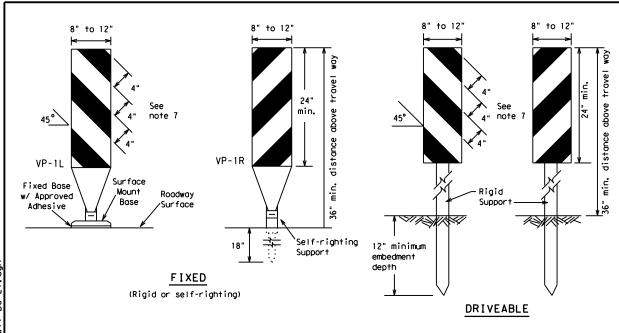


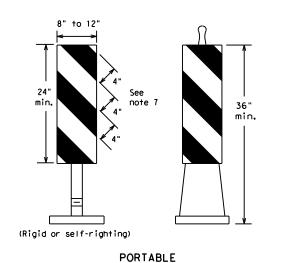
Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

RC(8)_21

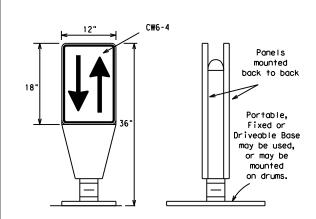
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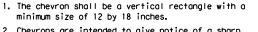
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula		esirab er Lend **		Spacir Channe				
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent			
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′			
35	L= WS ²	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′			
40	80	2651	295′	3201	40′	80′			
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′			
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′			
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′			
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′			
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′			
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′			
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′			
80		8001	880′	960′	80,	160′			
XX Toner lengths have been rounded off									

Suggested Maximum

Traffic Safety Division Standard

*X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



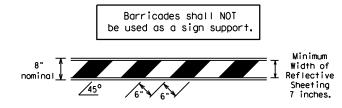
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

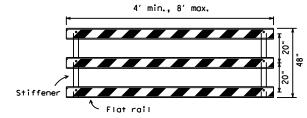
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- . Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOI be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

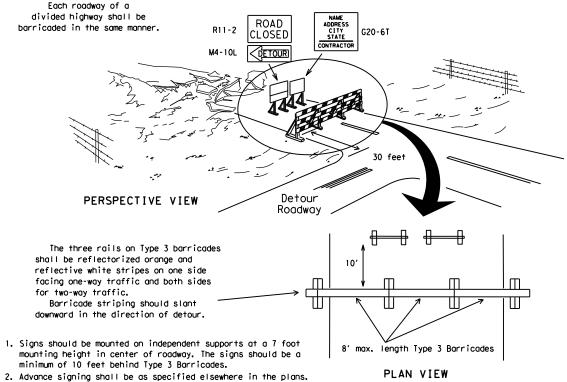


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

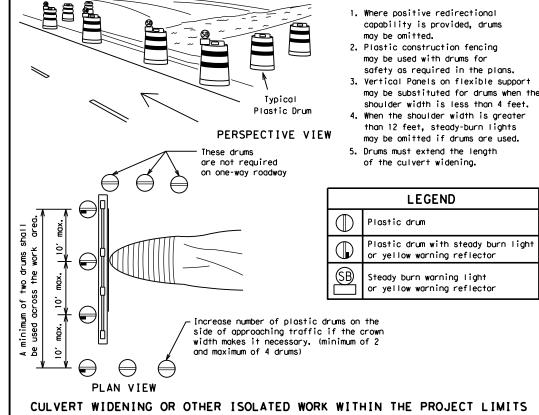


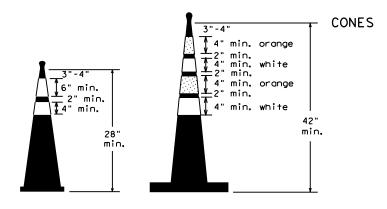
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

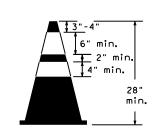


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

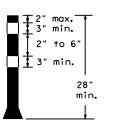




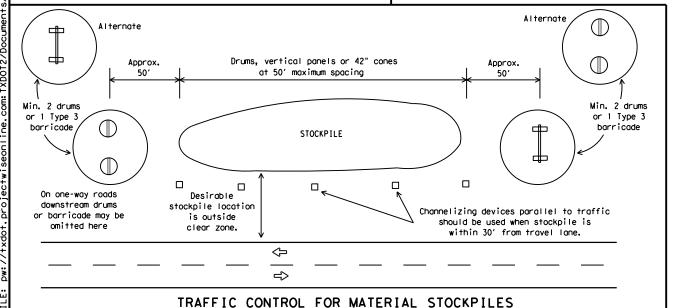
Two-Piece cones



One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

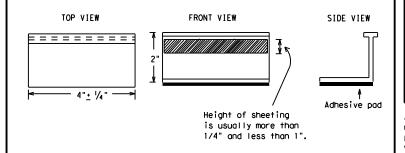
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roodway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



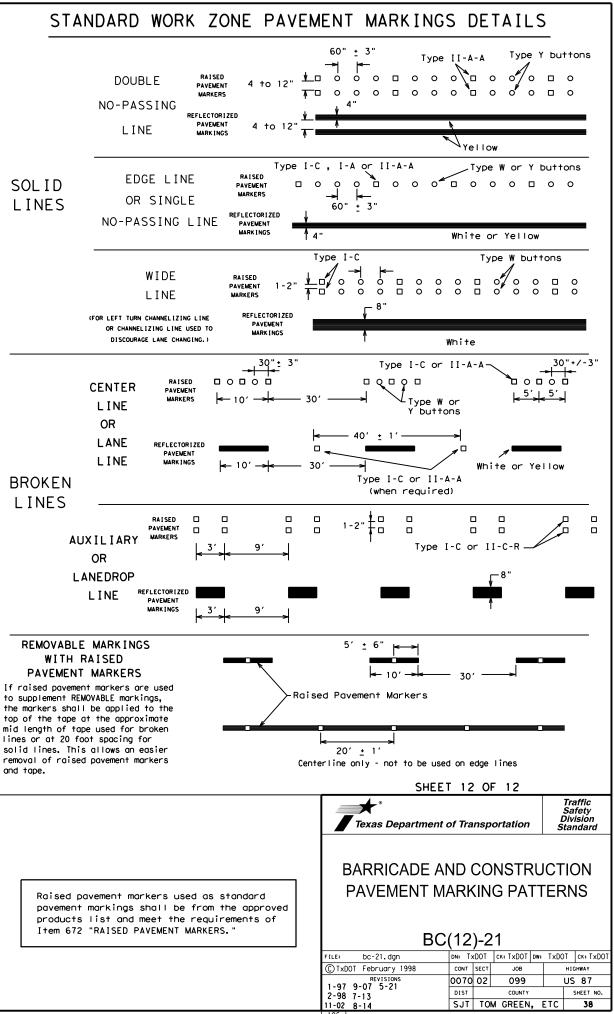
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

DO(11)-21						
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02 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
02 8-14	SJT	TON	/ GREEN	, [TC	37

105



	EXISTING HORIZONTAL DATA												
PC STA	SC STA	PI STA	CSSTA	PT STA	CURVE: DELTA	CURVE: DEGREE OF CURVE	CURVE: LENGTH (FT)	CURVE: TANGENT (FT)	CURVE: RADIUS (FT)	SPIRAL TANGENT:	SPIRAL LENGTH:	SPIRAL: 	SPIRAL: RADIUS
54+42.5	57+33.97	154+74.03	58+25.82	60+25.82	5°45'00.00"	1°30'00.00"	183.33	191.83	3,819.72	291.85	200.00	1°30'	3819.73
62+89.02	64+89.02	68+31.4	71+77.91	73+77.91	13°20'00.00"	1°30'00.00"	688.89	446.46	3,819.72	546.51	200.00	1°30'	3819.73
96+21	98+20.68	106+87	-	138+05	40°06'00.00"	1°58'28"	1,929.66	1,059.07	2,901.89	1,158.33	200.00	1°30'	3819.73
289+53.84	292+53.84	297+18.70	301+64.67	304+64.67	24°13'00"	2°00'	910.83	614.59	2,864.79	764.87	300.00	3°00'	4770.79
391+47.22	-	397+56.24	_	403+47.41	24°00'14"	2°00'	1,200.19	609.03	2,864.79	-	-	-	-
426+82.01	-	428+19.91	_	429+57.61	5°30'43"	2°00'	275.60	137.90	2,864.79	-	-	-	-
441+86.02	-	443+36.97	_	444+82.64	6°01'57"	2°00'	301.62'	150.95	2,864.79	-	-	-	-
466+29.47	-	472+39.45	_	478+31.48	24°02'25"	2°00'	1,202.01	609.98	2,864.79	-	-	-	-
494+10.95	-	522+05.01	_	547+18.75	44°13'54"	0°50'	5,307.80	2,794.06	6,875.49	-	-	-	-
571+63.45	-	581+79.33	_	591+74.32	20°06'31"	1°00'	2,010.87	1,015.89	5,729.58	-	-	-	-
741+96.49	-	765+20.44	_	786+12.05	44°09'20"	1°00'	4,415.57	2,323.96	5,729.58	-	-	-	-
814+04.54	-	817+39.00	_	820+72.88	6°41'00"	1°00'	668.34	334.55	5,729.58	-	-	-	-
845+46.66	-	851+00.00	_	856+49.84	11°01'54"	1°00'	1,103.17	553.30	5,729.58	-	-	-	-
932+07.08	-	941+09.89	_	949+97.98	17°54'33"	1°00'	1,790.90	902.81	5,729.58	-	-	-	-
978+81.92	-	983+04.00	_	987+24.02	8°25'16"	1°00'	842.10	421.81	5,729.58	-	-	-	-



THIS DATA IS FOR CABLE BARRIER SPECIFICATIONS ONLY AND NOT FOR USE IN CONSTRUCTION.

AREAS WHERE POST SPACING IS NOT STANDARD HAS BEEN SHOWN ON STRAIGHT LINE DIAGRAM AND HAS BEEN ACCOUNTED FOR IN QUANTITY SUMMARY.

RECOMMENDEDCABLE BARRIER POST SPACING IN A CURVE						
RADIUS (FT)	POST					
650 - 2500	6-ft , 8-in					
2501 - 5500	10 - ft					
>5500	STANDARD					



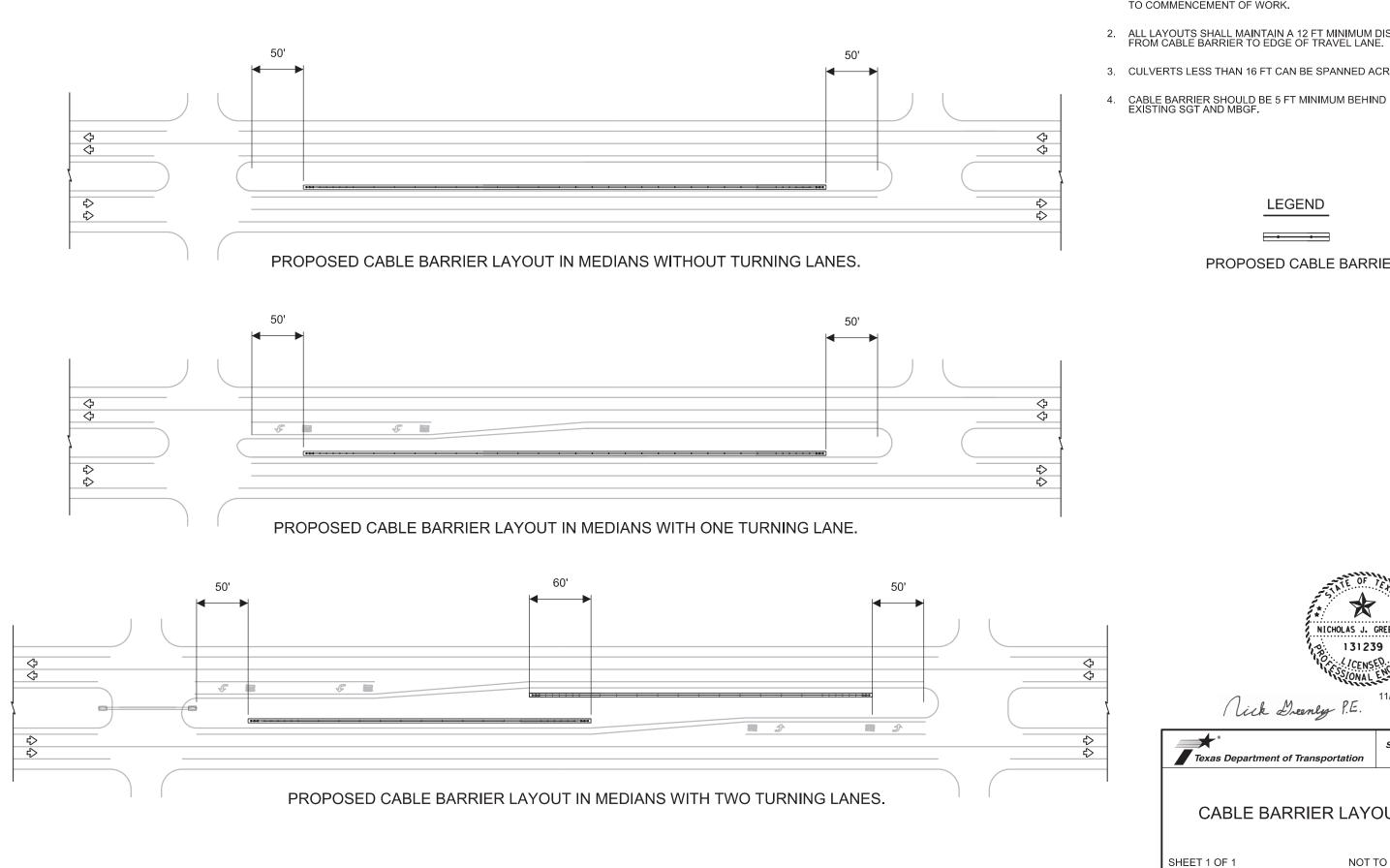
Rick Dreenly P.E.



San Angelo District

HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

©TXDOT 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
SHEET ISSUED OR LAST REVISED	0070	02	099	US 87	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	S.IT	TON	GREEN.	FTC	70



1. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY FIELD CONDITIONS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.

2. ALL LAYOUTS SHALL MAINTAIN A 12 FT MINIMUM DISTANCE FROM CABLE BARRIER TO EDGE OF TRAVEL LANE.

3. CULVERTS LESS THAN 16 FT CAN BE SPANNED ACROSS

PROPOSED CABLE BARRIER

NICHOLAS J. GREENLY

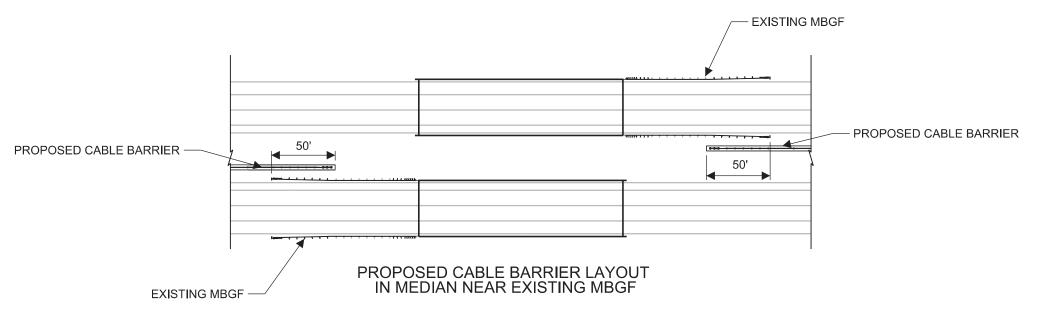


San Angelo District

CABLE BARRIER LAYOUT

NOT TO SCALE

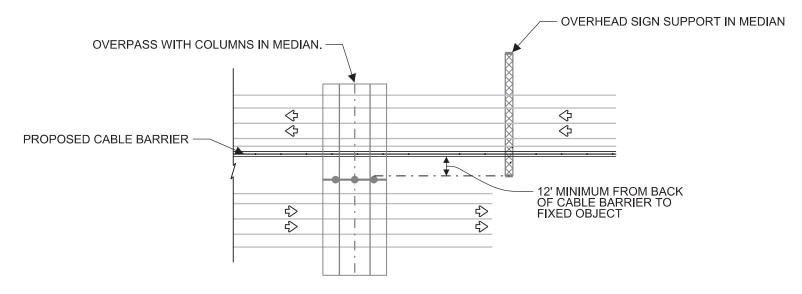
©TxDOT 2023 0070 02 US 87 099 SJT TOM GREEN, ETC 40



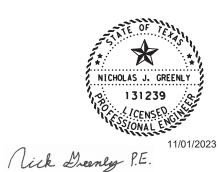
- 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY FIELD CONDITIONS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.
- 2. ALL LAYOUTS SHALL MAINTAIN A 12 FT MINIMUM DISTANCE FROM CABLE BARRIER TO EDGE OF TRAVEL LANE.
- 3. CULVERTS LESS THAN 16 FT CAN BE SPANNED ACROSS
- 4. CABLE BARRIER SHOULD BE 5 FT MINIMUM BEHIND EXISTING SGT AND MBGF.

LEGEND

PROPOSED CABLE BARRIER



PROPOSED CABLE BARRIER LAYOUT WITH FIXED OBJECTS IN MEDIAN





San Angelo District

CABLE BARRIER DETAILS

SHEET 1 OF 1

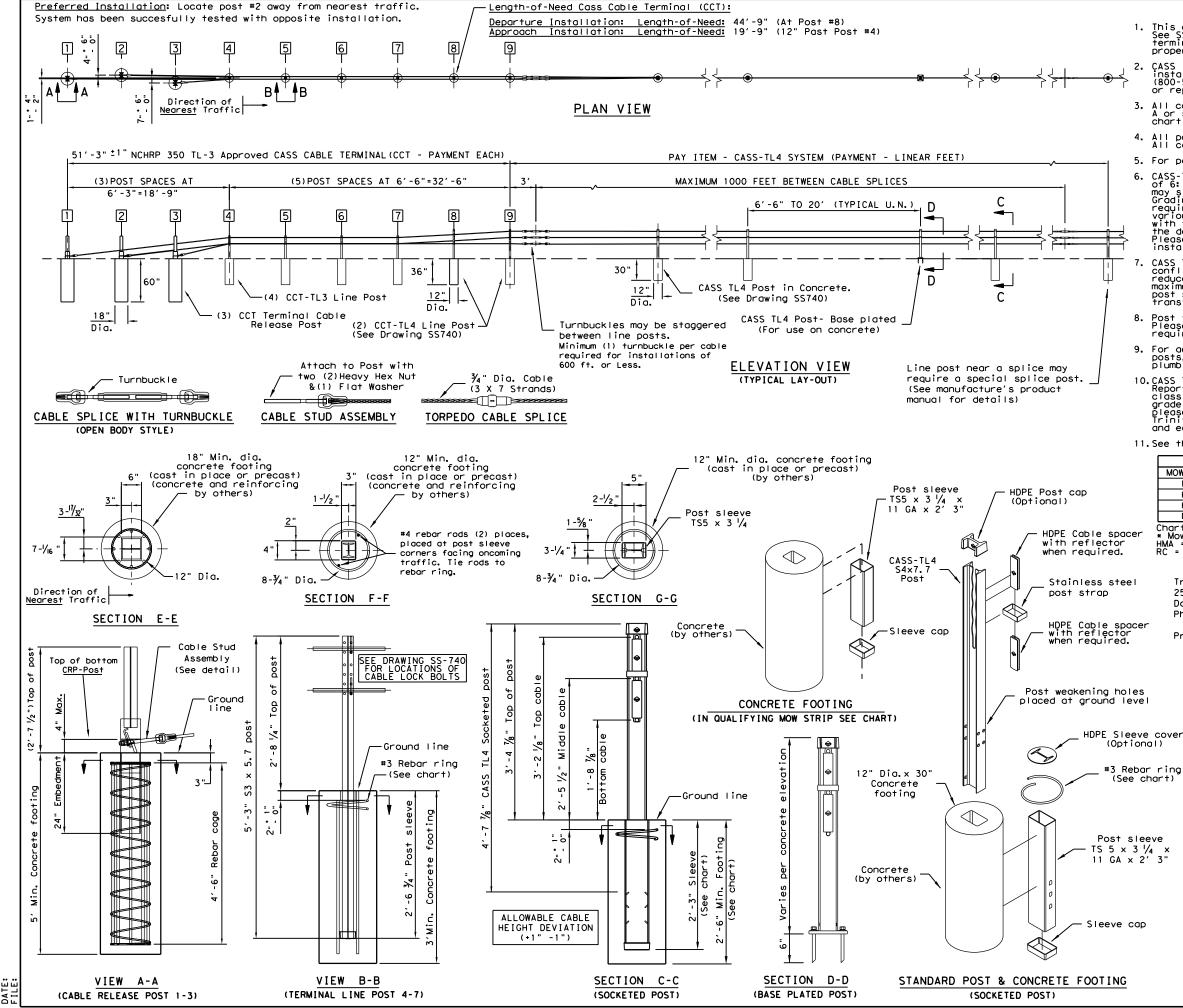
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 SJT
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 4.1



- This drawing is a general overview of CASS TL-4 Barrier System. See SS-740 (latest version) for specific details of CASS cable terminal (CCT) and cable safety system (CASS) requirements, proper installation, options and specification.
- CASS is designed for bi-directional traffic flows and can be installed on either side of the median. Contact Trinity (800-527-6050) or consult the design, installation, or repair manual(s) for additional information.
- All concrete for CASS footings shall be TxDOT class A. If class A or stronger concrete is utilized for the mowstrip, please see chart below for allowable footing depth and sleeve deviations.
- 4. All posts shall be socketed unless otherwise specified. All cables shall be pre-stretched unless otherwise specified.
- For payment see Special Specification "Cable Barrier System".
- CASS-TL4 shall be installed on shoulders or medians with slopes of 6:1 or flatter without obstructions, depressions, etc. That may significantly affect the stability of an errant vehicle. Grading of site and/or appropriate fill materials may be required. The designer/installer shall "Flatten" or "Round" various topographical inconsistencies that could interfere with the ability of the installer to consistently maintain the design height (in relation to the terrain) of the cables. Please consult manual(s) and/or TXDOI Memo(s) for installations in "Ditch Sections".
- CASS TL-4 post spacing may be modified to avoid obstacles that conflict with the installation of cass-tl4 line posts or to reduce deflection on radiuses. No post space can exceed the maximum post TxDOT space limit of 20'. Reducing or increasing post spacing affects deflection. CASS TL-4 may be laterally transferred at a rate not to exceed 30:1.
- Post foundations may be drilled through existing pavement. Please see line post foundation chart for minimum footing requirements in various applications.
- For desthetic purposes Trinity recommends all sleeves, driven posts, and lower cable release posts to be installed reasonably plumb (approximately 1/8" per foot).
- 10. CASS TL-4 shall be installed in well-drained, compacted, NCHRP Report 350 Standard soil. If soil does not meet this classification, if soild rock/concrete is encountered below grade or if soil is susceptable to severe freeze/thaw cycles, please contact Trinity about alternate footing design(s). Trinity suggests the use of "Mow strips" for erosion prevention and ease of maintenance / installation.
- 11. See the Texas MUTCD for proper "Barrier" Delineation.

MOW STRIP DETAIL*			CONCRETE FOOTING CHART				
MOW STRIP	DEPTH	WIDTH	FOOTING	TUBE SLEEVE	REBAR RING		
NONE			30" Min.	27" Min.	YES		
НМА	6" Min.	3′ Min.	27" Min.	15" Min.	NO		
НМА	8" Min.	3′ Min.	24" Min.	15" Min.	NO		
RC	3" Min.	3′ Min.	24" Min.	15" Min.	NO		

Chart does not apply to Terminal Posts 1 thru 9.

* Mow strip or pavement.

HMA = Hot Mix Asphalt (Not Recycled Asphalt Pavement).

RC = Reinforced Concrete (TxDOT Class A Minimum).

Trinity Highway Products, LLC. 2525 Stemmons Freeway Dallas, TX 75207

Phone: (800) 644-7976 Product. INFO@TRIN. NET

	DEGREES	LB / FORCE
	-10	7300
	0	7000
	10	6600
	20	6300
	30	6000
	40	5600
	50	5300
	60	5000
	70	4600
	80	4300
	90	4000
	100	3600
	110	3300
	120	3000
	130	2700
	140	2500
	150	2300
m	chart in to	ngent sections:

Standard

CABLE TENSION CHART

FAHRENHEIT PRE-STRETCHED

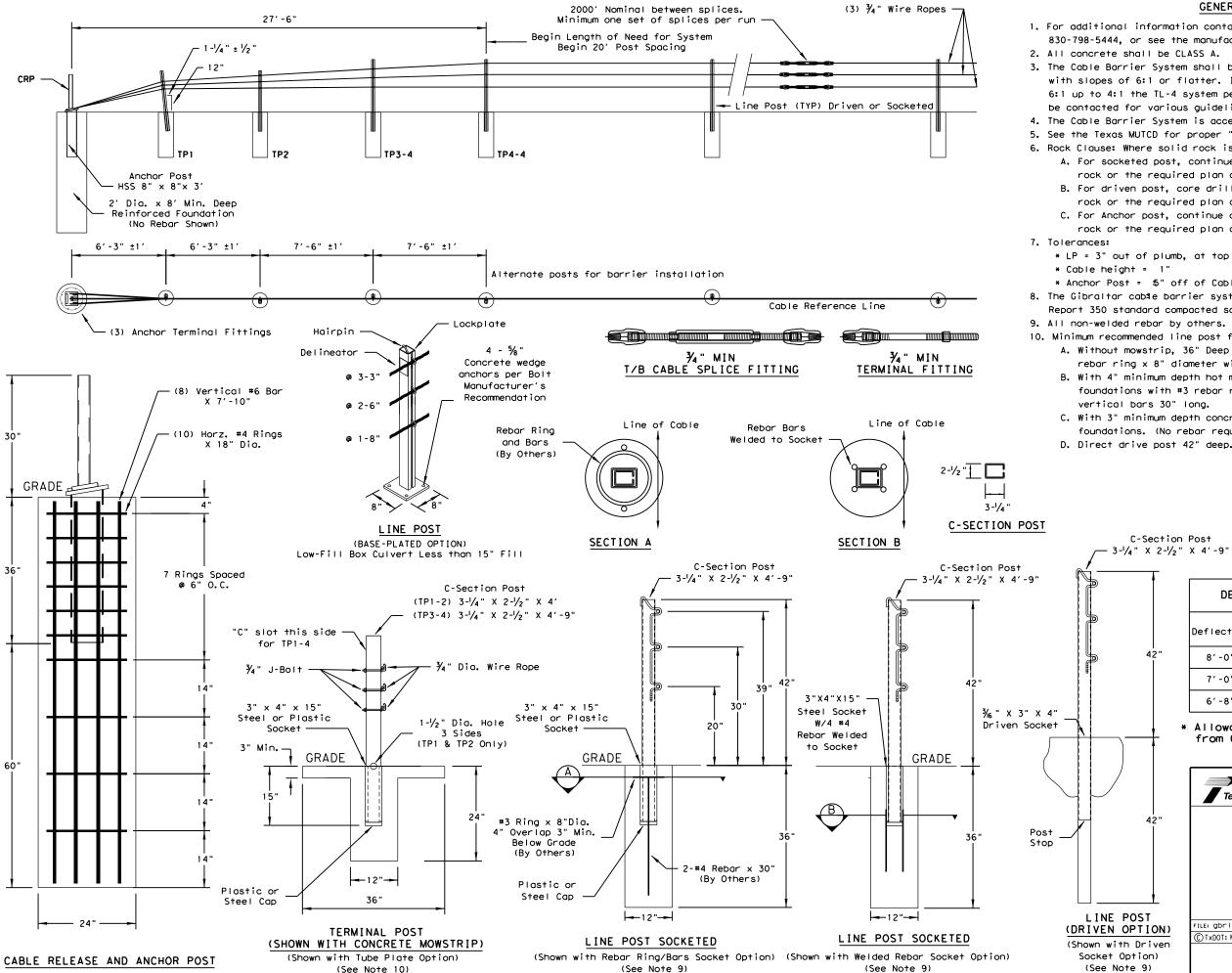
Allowable deviation from chart in tangent sections: +800, -200 pounds/force. Cable tension readings are typically higher in curved cable sections.



TRINITY CABLE SAFETY SYSTEM (TL-4)

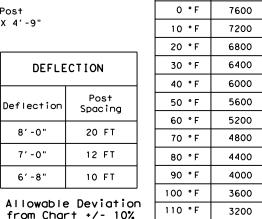
CASS(TL4)-14

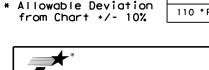
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© TxD0T: March 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0070	02	099		US 87	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	SJT	TON	/ GREEN	. ETC	42	



- 1. For additional information contact Gibraltar, Inc. at 1-800-495-8957, 830-798-5444, or see the manufacturer's product manual.
- 3. The Cable Barrier System shall be installed on shoulders or on medians with slopes of 6:1 or flatter. If installed on slopes steeper than 6:1 up to 4:1 the TL-4 system performs as a TL-3 and Gibraltar must be contacted for various guidelines related to placement.
- 4. The Cable Barrier System is accepted by the FHWA Test Level 4.
- 5. See the Texas MUTCD for proper "Barrier" delineation.
- 6. Rock Clause: Where solid rock is encountered:
 - A. For socketed post, continue digging 12" diameter, 15" deep into rock or the required plan depth, whichever comes first.
 - B. For driven post, core drill a 4" diameter hole 18" deep into rock or the required plan depth, whichever comes first.
 - C. For Anchor post, continue digging 24" diameter, 30" deep into rock or the required plan depth, whichever comes first.

 - * Anchor Post = 5" off of Cable Reference Line
- 8. The Gibraltar cabte barrier system shall be installed in NCHRP Report 350 standard compacted soil. Soil must be well drained.
- 9. All non-welded rebar by others.
- 10. Minimum recommended line post foundation.
 - A. Without mowstrip, 36" Deep x 12" diameter foundations with #3 rebar ring x 8" diameter with two #4 rebar vertical bars 30" long
 - B. With 4" minimum depth hot mix asphalt, 30" deep x 12" diameter foundations with #3 rebar ring x 8" diameter with two #4 rebar vertical bars 30" long.
 - C. With 3" minimum depth concrete mowstrip, 24" deep x 12" diameter foundations. (No rebar required)
 - D. Direct drive post 42" deep.





Texas Department of Transportation

CABLE TENSION CHART*

8000

-10 °F

GIBRALTAR CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4)

GBRLTR (TL4) - 14

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	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	SJT	TON	GREEN	, ETC	43

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0070 - 02 - 099

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: SOUTH CONCHO RIVER

To: CONCHO COUNTY LINE

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 31.414124 , (Long) -100.439320

END: (Lat) 31.342048 , (Long) -100.112935

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 195

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 9.12

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SAFETY IMPROVEMENT PROJECT CONSISTING OF MEDIAN CABLE BARRIER PROJECT

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
Angelo Clay Loam 0%-1% Slopes	98% Angelo and Simular Soils, Well Drained, Low Runoff, Minimal Erosion
Rioconcho Silty Clay Loam 0% to 2% Slopes	87% Rioconcho and Simular Soils, Well Drained, Medium Runoff, Minimal Erosion
Lipan Clay 0% to 1% Slopes	95% Lipan and Simular Soils, Somewhat Poorly Drained, Neglagable Runoff, Minimal Erosion

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

ı	= 1 020 determined during procentification moduling					
	□ PSLs determined during construction					
	Type Sheet #s					

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs, The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

X Mobilization

X Install sediment and erosion controls

☐ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

Remove existing pavement

Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening

Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail

Install proposed pavement per plans

Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

☐ Place flex base

X Rework slopes, grade ditches

☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes

Revegetation of unpaved areas

X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other: _

Other:			
•			

Other:			

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

☐ Other:	
☐ Other:	

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
N/A	Lipan Creek (1421C) Impaired: N/A
N/A	Lipan Creek (1421C) Impaired: N/A

* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Perform SWP3 inspections

Other:

- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- M Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

A Maintain Own	o recordo ior	J ycais
□ Other		•

 □ Other:			

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

- X Day To Day Operational Control
- X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Maintain schedule of major construction activities
- X Install, maintain and modify BMPs
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

	records	for	3 years
□ Other:			

Otner: _			
Other: _			
Other: _			
· <u> </u>			

MS4 Entity

1.14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER **SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:**

STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)**



* July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.				
		STP 2024(659)HES				
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY			
TEXA	S SJT TOM GREEN, ETC					
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY	٧0،	
0070		02	099	US 87		

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3): 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE** The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP. 2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs: T/P □ □ Protection of Existing Vegetation □ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones □ □ Soil Retention Blankets □ □ Geotextiles □ □ Mulching/ Hydromulching □ □ Soil Surface Treatments □ □ Temporary Seeding □ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding ⋈ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ □ Vertical Tracking Interceptor Swale Riprap □ □ Diversion Dike ☐ ☐ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain ☐ ☐ Embankment for Erosion Control

□ □ Other:

□ □ Other: _____

□ □ Other: _____

□ Other: □ □ Other: _____

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

□ Other: _____

□ □ Paved Flumes

T/P

□ □ Other:

2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:

□ □ Dewatering Controls □ □ Inlet Protection

□ □ Sediment Control Fence □ □ Stabilized Construction Exit

□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier □ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones

□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

□ □ Sandbag Berms

X

Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs

□ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

□ Public safetv

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations

for each acre of disturbed area

□ Not required (<10 acres disturbed)

☐ Available area/Site geometry

☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns

☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors

☐ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.

for each acre of disturbed area

☐ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:

□ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained

☐ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm

☐ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm

□ Other:

3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained

(See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

Sediment Trap

□ □ Sedimentation Basin

T/P

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Stationing			
Туре	From	То		

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2 1	OFFRITE	VEHICL	E TD	VCKING	CONTROLS

 □ Excess dir/mid on road removed daily □ Haul roads dampened for dust control □ Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin □ Stabilized construction exit □ Daily street sweeping
□ Other:
□ Other:
□ Other:
□ Other:
2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES: Chemical Management Concrete and Materials Waste Management

Debris and Trash Management

Dust Control	
Sanitary Facilities	
Other:	

□ Other: ___

Other:			
•			

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Other:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Statio	ning
Туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- ★ Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 DEWATERING:

2.9 INSPECTIONS:

2.10 MAINTENANCE: Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)**



© 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.					
		STP 2024(659)HES					
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS	S	SJT	TOM GREEN, ETC				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
0070		02	099	US 87			

50+29	15
116+27	15
149+59	15
185+78	30
204+85	15
252+98	15
306+85	15
322+99	30
346+60	30
354+53	30
384+67	30
414+30	30
451+37	50
459+00	30
474+10	30
551+00	15
593+05	20
607+09	15
610+27	15
655+03	50
676+82	30
685+47	15
698+99	15
702+67	15
711+45	15
725+97	30
759+94	15
772+99	15
784+47	15
842+70	15
894+51	15
955+02	30
1004+98	15
1024+39	15
1062+43	15
1076+89	15
1112+04	15

Project Total:

810

EROSION CONTROL LOGS

Quantity

15

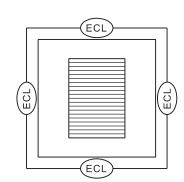
Sta.

30+28

	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC	W W W W CECL				
	=======	=======	=======================================			=======================================	
EDGE OF DAVEMENT			EDGE OF PAVEMENT A A A A A A A A A A A A A	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC	——EDGE OF PAVEMENT	

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP)

SEDIMENT CONTROL AT CULVERT SIDE DRAINS IN MEDIAN SIMILAR AT CROSSOVERS WITH PIPE DRAINS



BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP)

SEDIMENT CONTROL AT CULVERT DROP INLETS



FULLY GRASSED MEDIAN

DIRECTION OF FLOW

EROSION CONTROL LOG

-(ECL)-

Nick Dreenly P.E.



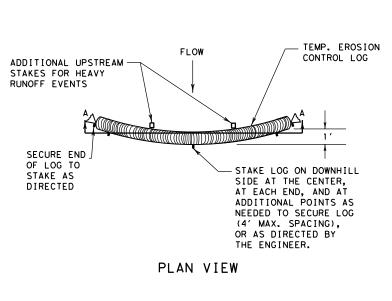
San Angelo District

SW3P LAYOUT

SHEET 1 OF 1
©TXDOT 2023
REVISIONS

NOT TO SCALE

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION	ON-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402	III. CULTURAL RESOURCES	VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES
required for projects with 1 or more	e Permit or Construction General Permit acres disturbed soil. Projects with any on and sedimentation in accordance with	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.	General (applies to all projects): Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.
They may need to be notified prior to		✓ No Action Required ☐ Required Action Action No.	Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.
Action No. 1. Prevent stormwater pollution by condition accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 1 2. Comply with the SW3P and revise wherequired by the Engineer. 3. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN the site, accessible to the public deceased of the site, accessible to the public deceased of the site of the site of the public deceased of the site of the s	nen necessary to control pollution or (1) with SW3P information on or near (2) and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors. (3) ocations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil (4) to TCEQ and the Engineer. (5) ERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER (6) dredging, excavating or other work in any	IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. No Action Required Required Action Action No. 1. Only remove woody vegetation between October 1 and March 1.	Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills. Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected: * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal) * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc. * Undesirable smells or odors * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?
_	red (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) NWP*	V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. ☐ No Action Required ☐ Required Action Action No.	activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims. Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project: No Action Required Required Action Action No. 1. N/A
	ater marks of any areas requiring work US requiring the use of a nationwide youts.	1. The Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 states that it is unlawful to kill, capture, collect, possess, buy, sell, trade, or transport any migratory bird, nest, young, feather, or egg in part or in whole, without a federal permit issued in accordance with the Act's policies and regulations. Migration patterns would not be affected by the proposed project. Remove non-active migratory bird nests from structures where work would be performed from September 1 through the end of February. Prevent migratory birds from building nests from March 1 to August 31. In the event that migratory birds are encountered on-site during project construction, avoid adverse impacts on protected birds, active nests, eggs, and/or young. If any of the Listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The	VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.) No Action Required Required Action Action No. No.
Erosion Sediment Temporary Vegetation Silt Fet Blankets/Matting Rock Bet Mulch Triangu	nce Vegetative Filter Strips	work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.	Texas Department of Transportation Design Division Standard
☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch F ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost	ale Dike	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS BMP: Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure CCP: Construction General Permit SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services FHWA: Federal Highway Administration PSL: Project Specific Location Notification PSL: Project Specific Location Project Specific Location PSL: Project Specific Location Project Specific Location PSL: Project Specific Location	EPIC



STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL

R. O. W.

SIDE AT THE CENTER,

AT EACH END, AND AT

AS DIRECTED BY THE

ENGINEER.

ADDITIONAL POINTS AS

NEEDED TO SECURE LOG

(4' MAX. SPACING), OR

ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

STAKES FOR HEAVY

RUNOFF EVENTS

FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. CONTROL LOG AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PLAN VIEW

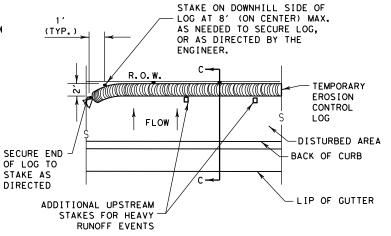
TEMP. EROSION

COMPOST CRADLE

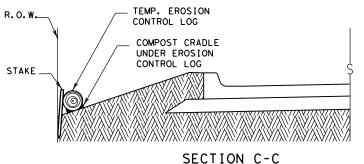
UNDER EROSION

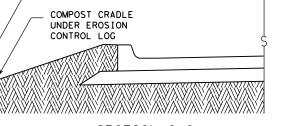
CONTROL LOG

CONTROL LOG



PLAN VIEW







EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY

SECTION A-A EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

NIN



LEGEND

CL-D EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

TEMP. EROSION-

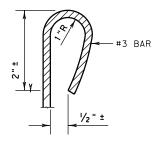
CONTROL LOG

(TYP.)

COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

- -(cl-boc)- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- (CL-ROW) EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING -(CL-SST
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING -(CL - SSL
- -(CL-DIÌ EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- CL-CI EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- ´cl-gi)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



SECTION B-B

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

CL-BOC

REBAR STAKE DETAIL

SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps: 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project.

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL

RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

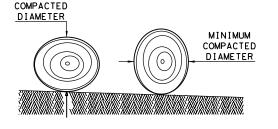
BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE INTENDED.

ENGINEER.

GENERAL NOTES:

1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S

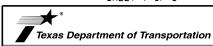
- 3. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS, USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.
- FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION.
- STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR #3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT 2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT MESH.
- 7. COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.
- TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE LOG.
- 10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.



MINIMUM

DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

SHEET 1 OF 3

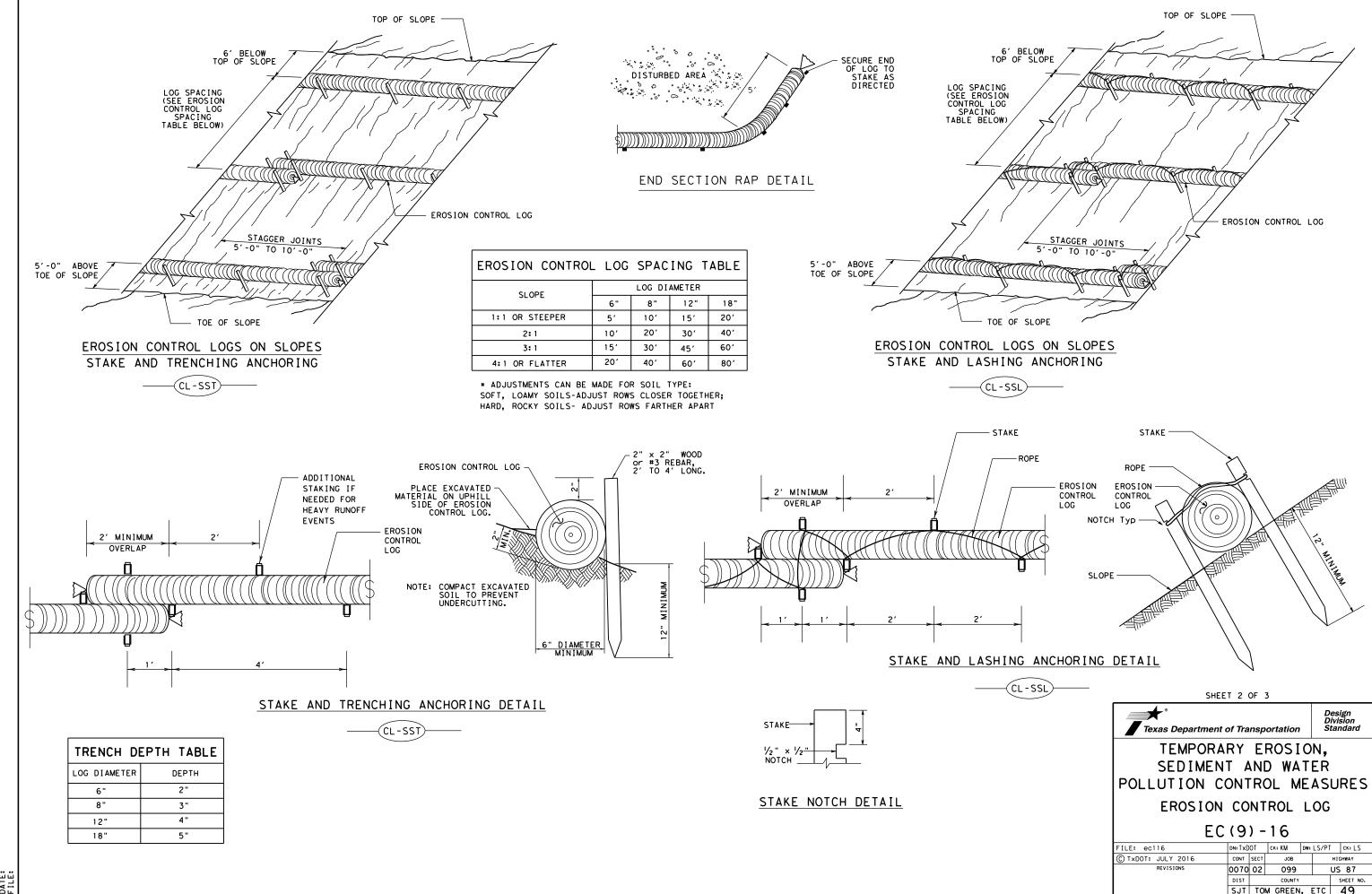


TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9) - 16

FILE: ec916	DN: TxD	TO	CK: KM DW: LS/PT		CK: LS	
C TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		H] GHWAY	
REVISIONS	0070	02	099 U		US 87	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	SJT	TON	A GREEN	, ETC	48	



SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED

TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG

FLOW

SJT TOM GREEN, ETC 50

CL-GI)

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

CL-DI

CURB AND GRATE INLET TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOG USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE. SANDBAG

OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

- FLOW

-STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL)

COMPLETELY SURROUND
DRAINAGE ACCESS TO
AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH
EROSION CONTROL LOG

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

CURB

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG

SANDBAG

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET CL-CÌ

6" CURB-

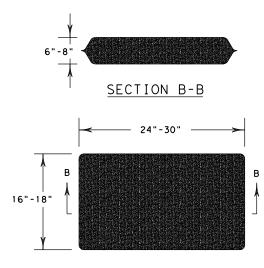
ROADWAY

2 SAND BAGS

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG

- 2 SAND BAGS

NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



- USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

SANDBAG DETAIL

SHEET 3 OF 3 Texas Department of Transportation

CURB INLET _INLET EXTENSION

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES EROSION CONTROL LOG

FC(9) - 16

()	, –	10			
DN: TxD	OT	CK: KM	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS
CONT	SECT	JOB	H]		I GHWAY
0070	02	099 U		U	S 87
DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	DN: TxD	DN: TxDOT CONT SECT 0070 02	CONT SECT JOB 0070 02 099	DN: T x DOT	DN: TXDOT