INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. 2

DESCRIPTION

TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

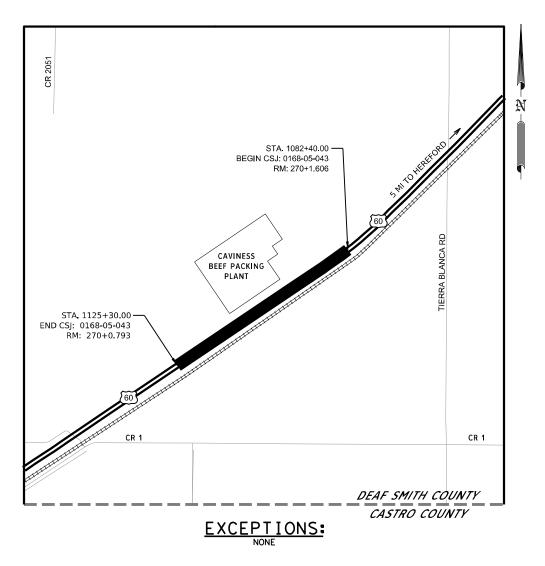
 \bigcirc

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FEDERAL PROJECT: C168-5-43 HIGHWAY - US 60 DEAF SMITH COUNTY

> CONTROL: 0168 - 05 - 043 FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS
> CONSISTING OF: CONSTRUCT R-CUT INTERSECTIONS

PROJECT LIMITS: CAVINESS BEEF PLANT

ROADWAY LENGTH = BRIDGE LENGTH = TOTAL LENGTH = 4290 FT. = 0.813 MILES 0 FT. = 0.000 MILES 4290 FT. = 0.813 MILES



RAILROADS:

EQUATIONS:

DIV. NO.		FEDERAL	NO.			
6		C16	C168-5-43			
STATE		STATE DIST.				
TEXA	١S	AMA	DE	TH		
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	H I GHWA	r NO.	
016	8	05	043	US	60	

DESIGN SPEED = 50 2024 ADT = 9,991 2044 ADT = 13,986 RURAL PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL

FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE:	
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:	
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:	
FINAL CONTRACT COST: S	
CONTRACTOR :	
,PE	
AREA ENGINEER	DATE



RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 10/30/2023 Doe Chappell -2A500C249D094BA. AREA ENGINEER

10/31/2023

-DocuSigned by: kit Black 9B5A6EA6AE8B46E..

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

DATE: 10/30/2023

Blair Johnson -8B80E3AEB2BC43A

DISTRICT ENGINEER

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR STATE PROJECTS (000-008).

INDEX OF SHEETS

		-
IEET No:	SHEET TITLE	
5		
4	GENERAL TITLE OUEET	
1 2	TITLE SHEET	
	INDEX OF SHEETS	
3	PROJECT LAYOUT	
4 5.5D	EXISTING TYPICAL SECTIONS	
5-5D	GENERAL NOTES	
6-6A	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY	
7-8	PROJECT SUMMARY	
	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN	
9	TRAFFIC CONTROL NARRATIVE	
	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS	
40.04		
10-21	BC (1)-21THRUBC (12)-21	
22-26	TCP (1-1)-18 THRU TCP (1-5)-18	
27-32	TCP (2-1)-18 THRU TCP (2-6)-18	
33	TCP (3-2)-13	
34	TCP (3-3)-13	
35 36	WZ (RS)-22	
36 37	WZ(STPM)-23	
37	WZ(TD)-17	
38	WZ(UL)-13	
	ROADWAY DETAILS	
39-42	REMOVAL LAYOUT	
43-46	WIDENING LAYOUT	
47-49	DRIVEWAY DETAILS	
50-51	CROSSOVER DETAILS	
52	ISLAND DETAILS	
	ROADWAY STANDARDS	
53	TE(HMAC)-11	
	DRAINAGE DETAILS	
54-56	CULVERT LAYOUT	
	DRAINAGE STANDARDS	
57	SETP-PD	
58	PSET-SP	
59	PSET-RR	
	SIGNING DETAILS	
60	MEDIAN CROSSOVER SIGN LAYOUT	
61	SMALL SIGN SUMMARY	
	PAVEMENT MARKINGS & DELINEATION	
62-63	STRIPING DETAILS	
64	AMA DIST. RECESSED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER DETAIL	
	PAVEMENT MARKING & SIGN STANDARDS	
65 67		
65-67 68-73	PM (1)-22 THRU PM (3)-22 D&OM (1)-20 THRU D&OM (6)-20	
68-73 74		
74 75-77	SMD(GEN)-08 SMD(SLID 4 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
75-77 78-79	SMD(SLIP-1)-08 THRU SMD(SLIP-3)-08 TSR(3)-13 THRU TSR(4)-13	
10-13	וסוקידים ווווס וסוקידים	
	ENVIRONMENTAL_ISSUES,	
80	EROSION CONTROL LAYOUT	
81	EPIC	
82-83	SW3P	
	ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS	
	ENVIRONIMENTAL STANDARDS	

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



US 60

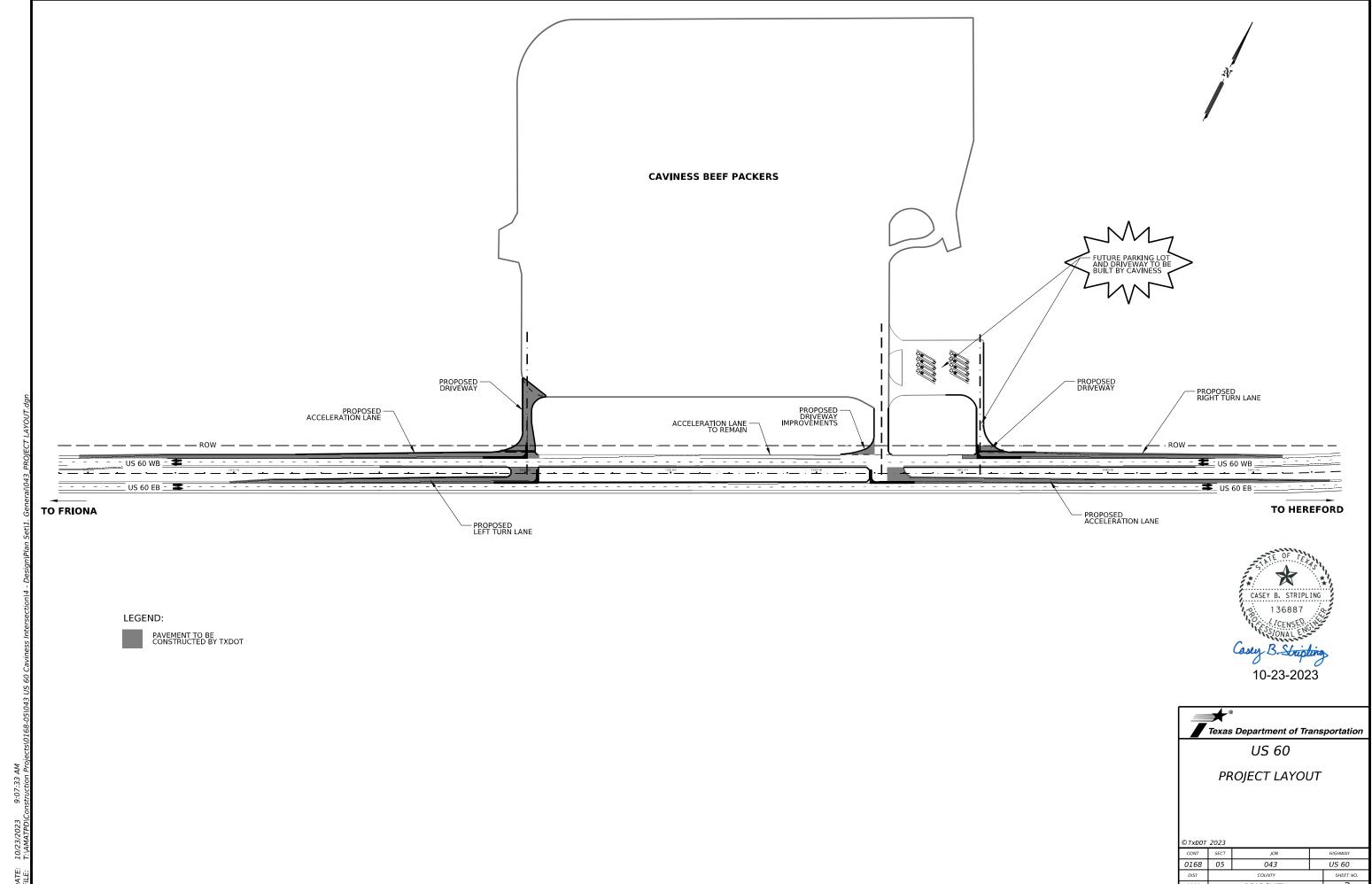
INDEX OF SHEETS



Texas	Department	of	Transportation

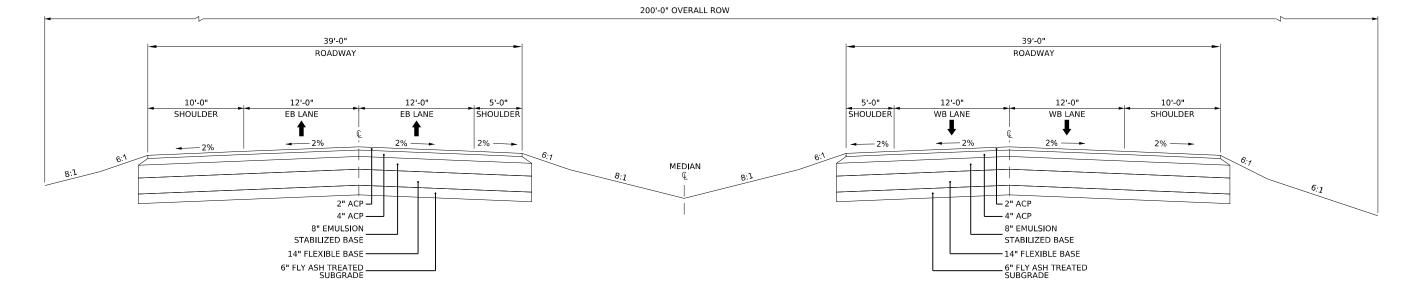
DATE: 30/23/2023 4:22:47 PM

EC(9)-16



US 60 EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION ML WB

STA, 1082+00 TO STA, 1125+30 (SEE NOTE 1)



US 60 EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION ML EB

STA, 1082+00 TO STA, 1125+30 (SEE NOTE (1))

CASEY B. STRIPLING

136887

Casey B. Supling

10-23-2023

US 60

EXISTING TYPICAL SECTIONS

2023 Texas Departm		/:	1			
	SHEE	т	1	OF	1	

Highway: US 60

GENERAL NOTES

CSJ: 0168	8-05-043					
	BASIS OF ESTIMATI	E FOR CON	ISTRUC	CTION		
Item	Description	Unit	Rate			
164	SEEDING		S	SEE PLAN SHEETS		
166	FERTILIZER		S	SEE PLAN SHEETS		
275	CEMENT TREAT (8")	SY	3%	3% Cement at 21.6 LBS/SY		
310	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	GAL	0.25 GAL/SY			
314	EMULSTION ASPHALT	GAL		SEE NOTE 2		
3077 ⁽³⁾	TACK COAT	GAL		0.13 GAL / SY		
2077(1)	CD D CAC A DC70 20	TON	4"	440 LB/SY/2000		
3077 ⁽¹⁾	SP-D SAC-A PG70-28	TON	6"	660 LB/SY/2000		
NOTE:						
(1) "SUPERPAVE MIXTURES" Weight Based On 110Lbs/SY/In						
(2) 40% Emulsified Asphalt 60% Water Mixture Applied At 0.25 Gal/Sy. Paid using 0.1 Gal/Sy.						

General

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, or in person by the above individuals.

For Q&A's on Proposals navigate to:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

Sheet:5

Control: 0168-05-043

Use the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink of the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

All relevant project documentation including CTD and cross sections (if applicable) will be posted to TxDOT District's FTP website.

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

There are no "reference markers" within the project limits.

The Contractor is advised that a construction speed zone will be applicable for this project and is to be limited to the actual work areas under construction. The approved construction speed limit will be made available upon request to the Engineer.

If portions of the right-of-way is used to store materials, equipment, and other uses with the approval of the Engineer, materials, equipment, etc., must either be located outside the $\underline{30}$ feet traffic safety clearance zone or be adequately protected.

Contractor facilities, such as asphalt plants, concrete plants, rock crushers, etc. are not allowed to be located within Department right of way.

The slopes indicated on the typical sections may be varied when fixed features required slopes are re-established as directed by the Engineer.

Dust caused by construction operations is to be controlled by applying water in conformance with the requirements of Item 204, "Sprinkling". Sprinkling for dust control will not be paid for directly, but will be considered as subsidiary work to the various bid items.

Any work necessary to provide temporary ingress and egress during construction (such as building gravel ramps, etc.) Will not be paid for directly, but will be considered as subsidiary work to the various bid items.

Verify all existing grades, elevations, and cross slopes that will connect to any proposed grades and elevations. If adjustments are warranted, the Contractor is to submit proposed changes to the Engineer for verification.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Highway: US 60

Item 7 Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

The total area disturbed for this project is approximately <u>4.8</u> acres. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and the Contractor Project Specific Locations (PSLs), within 1 mile of the project limits, for the Contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain required authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off the ROW. When the total area disturbed in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the ROW to the Engineer and to the local government that operates a separate storm sewer system.

Item 8 Prosecution and Progress

Create, maintain, and submit for acceptance, a Critical Path Method (CPM) project schedule and a Project Schedule Summary Report (PSSR) using computer software that is fully compatible with the latest version of Primavera Systems, Inc. or Primavera P6.

Prosecute the work following the sequence shown in the traffic control plan narrative and corresponding traffic control plan. Prosecuting the work in concurrent phases is not allowed unless approved in writing by the engineer

Contract time charges will start when work begins or on May 13, 2024 whichever occurs first.

Item 110 Excavation

Prior to excavation and placement of embankment, the top-soil (6-inch depth) within the areas to be disturbed will be bladed into a windrow, or stockpiled, outside the limits of the fill slope. After all grading is completed; the top soil (6-inch depth) will be spread over the disturbed areas that will not receive concrete riprap. This work is not paid for directly, but will be considered as subsidiary work to the various bid items.

Item 132 Embankment

Materials excavated from the project will be allowed to be used on the project as directed by the Engineer.

The plasticity index for TY B will not exceed 25.

Sheet:5A

Control: 0168-05-043

Item 247 Flexible Base

	SPECIFICATION FOR FLEX BASE TY A, B OR D, GR 4							
GRADING REQUIREMENTS PERCENT RETAINED – SIEVES SIEVE SIZES INCHES				SOIL CONSTANTS		MAX WET BALL	MAX % INCREASE IN PASSING	
1 3/4	7/8	3/8	# 4	# 40	L.L. MAX	P.I. MAX	*	# 40
0	17-32	40-60	50-70	70-85	40	12	45	20

^{*}Applies to TY A & D material only.

Item 275 Cement Treatment (Road-Mixed)

All required moisture added for the mixing and compaction operation is to be injected through the mixing process. Sprinkle the base material to prevent excessive loss of moisture as directed by the Engineer.

Backfill any vertical edge nightly with a material approved by the Engineer and at a minimum slope of 3:1.

Item 320 Equipment for Asphalt Concrete Pavement

A self-propelled, wheel mounted material transfer vehicle (MTV) capable of receiving hot mix from the haul trucks separate from the paver is required on all courses and all types of hot mix for this project. The MTV is to have a minimum storage capacity of approximately 25 tons, and equipped with a pivoting discharge conveyor and a means of completely remixing the hot mix prior to placement. The paver hopper is to be equipped with a separate surge storage insert with a minimum capacity of approximately 20 tons.

If used, the IR bar read out screen must be visible at all times to the Engineer.

When performing any scheduled work during night time hours (sunset to sunrise) all work areas will be fully illuminated using devices designed to not incumber or distract oncoming traffic. All illumination equipment must be approved by the Engineer in writing 48 hours before any scheduled night time work can begin. All associated equipment and labor is considered subsidiary to the item of work and will not be paid for directly.

Item 421 Hydraulic Cement Concrete

The sand equivalent value of fine aggregate is not to be less than 85 when subjected to test method tex-203-F.

The Engineer will perform all job control testing for acceptance.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

Highway: US 60

The Engineer will provide strength-testing equipment when required in accordance with the Contract-controlling tests.

Furnish and maintain the following testing equipment:

♦ Test Molds

Item 464 Reinforced Concrete Pipe

Joint material for all pipes will be cold applied plastic asphalt sewer joint compound.

Bedding for pipe culverts is to be 6 inches of sand. The excavation required to place the sand will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Backfill pipe up to the springline with granular material. The ponding method of backfilling will be allowed for the granular material only.

Item 467 Safety End Treatment

Pre-cast Safety End Treatments are allowed; however, a cast-in-place concrete apron will be required as shown on the plans & will be subsidiary to the Safety End Treatment.

Item 502 Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Temporary rumble strips will be required as shown on WZ(RS)-22 regardless of loose gravel, and/or soft or bleeding asphalt. Adjust the traffic control setup such that rumble strips are not placed in areas of heavily rutted pavements, unpaved surfaces, or horizontal curves. Temporary rumble strips will not be allowed on interstate highway.

The Contractor is to have the option of using either plastic drums, vertical panels, grabber cones or a combination where drums are shown as channelizing devices, as approved by the Engineer. Plastic drums are to be used in all transition areas in accordance with BC(8)-21 and WZ(TD)-17.

Furnish and install "soft shoulder" signs as directed by the Engineer. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered as subsidiary to item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling".

Provide a 3:1 backfill "safety slope" at the end of the day for any drop off exceeding 2" that is adjacent to a travel lane.

Control: 0168-05-043

Sheet: 5B

Notify the Engineer 24 hours prior to any lane closure.

Item 504 Field Office and Laboratory

The following building(s) will be required for this project:

One Type (D) structure, asphalt mix control laboratory

Each building is to be provided before work is begun on the pertinent construction items for which it is needed.

Any laboratory furnished is to be a minimum of 10 ft in width.

All-weather parking area and chain link security fence will not be required.

The Type D structures are to be equipped with the following in addition to requirements specified under item 504:

- a. Safety equipment
 - (1) One eye wash station
 - (2) One fire extinguisher
 - (3) One first aid kit

Furnish a Type D structure for the asphalt mix control laboratory for the Engineer's exclusive use. In addition to requirements of item 504, this structure is to have a minimum height of 8 feet and provide a minimum 400 square feet gross floor area for permanently located plants or 200 square feet for temporary located plants serving one project. The floor area will be partitioned into a minimum of two interconnected rooms, each room furnished with an exterior door and a minimum of two windows. The floor is to have sufficient strength to support the testing equipment and have an impervious covering.

The Type D structures are to be adequately air conditioned and be furnished with a minimum of one desk and three chairs. The structure is to be provided with a 240-volt electrical service entrance. The service is to consist of a minimum of 4 - 120 volt circuits with 20 amp breakers and no more than two grounded convenience outlets per circuit and provisions for a minimum of two 220-volt ovens with vents to the outside. The structure is to have a minimum of 2 convenience outlets per wall, and a utility sink with an adequate clean potable water supply for testing. The state building is to be equipped with at minimum a hot water dispenser or hot water heater capable of generating 1 gallon of water per use at 140° F with adequate water pressure. Space heaters for heating the structure are unacceptable. Portable structures are to be support blocked for stability and are to be tied down.

For this project, asphalt content will be determined utilizing the ignition method so the structure is to provide for the following in lieu of the item 504 requirements for asphalt content by extraction. The room to contain the ignition oven is to be adequately power ventilated and contain a NEMA 6-50r (208/240 v, 50 a) outlet within 2.5 feet of the ignition oven location and an independent exhaust outlet to the outside no further than 8 feet from the oven.

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

Highway: US 60

The surface for the ignition oven location is to be level, sturdy, and fireproof with at least 6-inch clearance between the furnace and other vertical surfaces.

If needed, each building is to be moved to a new location as directed by the Engineer. Any building that is no longer required on the job after completion of the pertinent construction items may be released to the Contractor upon consent of the Engineer.

Item 644 Small Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies

ALUMINUM	Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
SIGN BLANKS	Less than 7.5	0.100
THICKNESS	7.5 or Greater	0.125

All slip base signs will have a triangular slip base with a 2-bolt clamp to prevent rotation of signpost. Set screw type slip base will not be allowed.

A 7" x 1/2" diameter galvanized rod or #4 rebar is to be installed in the sign stub as shown on SMD(SLIP-1)-08 to prevent rotation of the sign stub in the concrete footing.

The exact locations of the large and small roadside signs are to be as designated by the Engineer.

The existing riprap aprons are to be removed and disposed of as approved by the Engineer. This work is not to be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the removal of foundations under this item.

Probe before drilling for foundations to determine the location of all utilities and structures. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to bid items involved.

Details for standard signs not shown on the signing standards of the signing detail plan sheets are to be in conformance with the department's "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" Manual, Latest Edition.

Install a wrap of retroreflective sheeting conforming to DMS-8300 on all posts for small road sign assemblies. Sign post wraps will not be paid for directly, but are considered subsidiary to Item 644.

Install red sheeting on the posts containing the following signs: Stop, Yield, Wrong Way & Do Not Enter

Install yellow sheeting on all other small sign posts.

Install all retroreflective wraps at a height of 4 ft. from bottom of the wrap to the edge of the travel lane surface. All retroreflective wraps will cover the full circumference of the sign post for a vertical width of 12 inches.

Sheet: 5C

Control: 0168-05-043

Item 658 Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies

For all ground mount applications provide hollow or tubular posts embedded in concrete using plastic wedged anchor system.

Item 3077 Superpave Mixtures

Use aggregate that meets the SAC requirement of class A.

Only fractionated RAP is allowed.

Use of RAS is not allowed.

All SP-D on this project is considered surface mix. A substitution PG binder is not allowed, as shown in Table 5.

Make a smooth, clean, minimum 1 inch deep butt joint where each end of the new pavement joins the existing pavement. Any method approved by the Engineer can be used to make the joint.

The District Lab will perform a maximum of 2(two) design verification tests. If additional verification tests are needed, the Contractor will be billed \$3,500.00 per each additional verification test required to obtain an approved asphaltic concrete pavement mix design.

If lime is not used as an antistrip agent, then the production and placement testing frequency for the Boil test (TEX-530-C) shown in the table below.

Description	Test Method	Minimum Contractor Testing Frequency	Minimum Engineer Testing Frequency
Boil test	Tex-530-C	1 per lot	1 per 12 sublots

If used, the IR bar read out screen must be visible at all times to the Engineer.

Item 3096 Asphalts, Oils, and Emulsions

Asphalt from different sources is not to be blended.

The "Open" seasons for applying asphaltic materials and mixtures for the listed items are to be as follows, unless authorized otherwise in writing by the Engineer:

ITEMS	OPEN SEASON
310	All Year
3077	From April 15 th through October 31st

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H

County: DEAF SMITH Sheet: 5D

Highway: US 60 **Control:** 0168-05-043

Item 6001 Portable Changeable Message Sign

Supply 2 Portable Changeable Message Signs (Type II – Lamp Matrix) for this project. No payment will be made for removing and replacing damaged PCMS.

If the Contractor chooses to have more than one lane closure set-up at a time, provide additional PCMS in accordance with TCP at no additional charge to the department.

Item 6185 Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for this project, provide 0 additional shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (1-1)-18, (1-2)-18, (1-3)-18, (1-4)-18, (1-5)-18, (2-1)-18, (2-2)-18, (2-3)-18, (2-4)-18, (2-5)-18, (3-2)-13, (3-3)-14 as detailed on the General Notes of this standard sheets.

Therefore, 2 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

Item 6362 Recessed Reflective Pavement Markers

Remove existing raised pavement markers as directed by the Engineer, removing existing markers will be subsidiary to Item 6362.

Place all recessed reflective pavement markers in proper alignment with the guides/stripes. The maximum deviation rate in alignment is 1 in. per 200 ft. of roadway. The maximum deviation is to not exceed 2 in. or be abrupt.

Reflector face must be free of any adhesive or the reflector shall be cleaned or replaced.

General Notes Sheet I



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0168-05-043

DISTRICT Amarillo **HIGHWAY** US 60

COUNTY Deaf Smith

		CONTROL SECT	ION JOB	0168-05	-043		
		PROJECT ID		A00197	266	1	
			COUNTY Deaf Smit				TOTAL FINAL
		н	GHWAY	US 6	0		FINAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	104-6017	REMOVING CONC (DRIVEWAYS)	SY	187.000		187.000	
	112-6002	SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	STA	53.000		53.000	
	164-6035	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	SY	16,940.000		16,940.000	
	247-6421	FL BS(CMP IN PLC)(TY A,B, OR D GR4)(6")	SY	10,832.000		10,832.000	
	251-6082	REWORK BS MTL (TY B)(18")(DENS CONT)	SY	7,447.000		7,447.000	
	275-6001	CEMENT	TON	105.000		105.000	
	275-6011	CEMENT TREAT(EXIST MATL)(8")	SY	10,832.000		10,832.000	
	310-6009	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	GAL	2,483.000		2,483.000	
	314-6009	EMULS ASPH (EROSN CONT)(MULTI)	GAL	1,694.000		1,694.000	
	354-6057	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (4")	SY	2,737.000		2,737.000	
	420-6009	CL A CONC (COLLAR)	EA	3.000		3.000	
	464-6005	RC PIPE (CL III)(24 IN)	LF	644.000		644.000	
	467-6395	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	9.000		9.000	
	496-6004	REMOV STR (SET)	EA	3.000		3.000	
	496-6007	REMOV STR (PIPE)	LF	36.000		36.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	5.000		5.000	
	506-6040	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	LF	250.000		250.000	
	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	250.000		250.000	
	530-6004	DRIVEWAYS (CONC)	SY	1,596.000		1,596.000	
	536-6004	CONC DIRECTIONAL ISLAND	SY	364.000		364.000	
	644-6028	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P-BM)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6030	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T)	EA	7.000		7.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	4.000		4.000	
	658-6080	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(WFLX)GND	EA	24.000		24.000	
	658-6086	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ 1(YFLX)GND	EA	24.000		24.000	
	658-6095	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-DY)SZ 1(YFLX)GND	EA	4.000		4.000	
	662-6008	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	LF	8,520.000		8,520.000	
	662-6037	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	8,520.000		8,520.000	
	666-6035	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	5,239.000		5,239.000	
	666-6305	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	2,140.000		2,140.000	
	666-6308	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	8,297.000		8,297.000	
	666-6320	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	8,709.000		8,709.000	
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	100.000		100.000	
	3077-6058	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28	TON	4,178.000		4,178.000	
	3077-6075	TACK COAT	GAL	1,408.000		1,408.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Amarillo	Deaf Smith	0168-05-043	6



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0168-05-043

DISTRICT Amarillo **HIGHWAY** US 60

COUNTY Deaf Smith

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	0168-0	5-043		
		PROJE	CT ID	A0019	7266		
		co	YTNUC	Deaf S	mith	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US (60		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	75.000		75.000	
	6185-6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR	40.000		40.000	
	6362-6005	REC REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	262.000		262.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Amarillo	Deaf Smith	0168-05-043	6A

su	MMARY OF WORK ZONE	
	662	662
	6008	6037
LOCATION	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SLD
	LF	LF
CSJ 0168-05-043 TOTALS	8520	8520

			SUMMAI	RY OF ROADWAY ITEM	S				
	104	112	247	251	275	275	310	354	530
	6017	6002	6421	6082	6001	6011	6009	6057	6004
LOCATION	REMOVING CONC (DRIVEWAYS)	SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B, OR D GR4) (6")	REWRK BS MTL (TY B) (18") (DENS CONT)	CEMENT (3% AT 21.6 LBS/SY)	CEMENT TREAT (EXIST MATL) (8")	PRIME COAT (MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (4")	DRIVEWAYS (CONC) (12")
	SY	STA	SY	SY	TON	SY	GAL	SY	SY
REMOVAL LAYOUT (SHEET 1 OF 4)				1431					
REMOVAL LAYOUT (SHEET 2 OF 4)				1308					
REMOVAL LAYOUT (SHEET 3 OF 4)				2351					
REMOVAL LAYOUT (SHEET 4 OF 4)				2357					
WIDENING LAYOUT (SHEET 1 OF 4)		15.44	2575		28	2575	644		
WIDENING LAYOUT (SHEET 2 OF 4)		10.94	3006		32	3006	752	1019	
WIDENING LAYOUT (SHEET 3 OF 4)		6.57	1773		19	1773	443	1718	
WIDENING LAYOUT (SHEET 4 OF 4)		19.64	3478		26	3478	644		
DRIVEWAY DETAILS (SHEET 1 OF 3)									1210
DRIVEWAY DETAILS (SHEET 2 OF 3)	187								231
DRIVEWAY DETAILS (SHEET 3 OF 3)									155
PROJECT TOTALS	187	* 53	10832	7447	105	10832	2483	2737	1596

^{*} ROUNDED FOR BIDDING PURPOSES

SUN	MARY OF ROADWAY IT	EMS (CONTINUED)		
	536	3077	3077	3077
	6004	6058	6058	6075
LOCATION	CONC DIRECTIONAL ISLAND	SP-D MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (440 LBS/SY)	SP-D MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (660 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)
	SY	TON	TON	GAL
REMOVAL LAYOUT (SHEET 1 OF 4)				
REMOVAL LAYOUT (SHEET 2 OF 4)				
REMOVAL LAYOUT (SHEET 3 OF 4)				
REMOVAL LAYOUT (SHEET 4 OF 4)				
WIDENING LAYOUT (SHEET 1 OF 4)			850	335
WIDENING LAYOUT (SHEET 2 OF 4)		225	992	391
WIDENING LAYOUT (SHEET 3 OF 4)		378	585	230
WIDENING LAYOUT (SHEET 4 OF 4)			1148	452
DRIVEWAY DETAILS (SHEET 1 OF 3)	91			
DRIVEWAY DETAILS (SHEET 2 OF 3)				
DRIVEWAY DETAILS (SHEET 3 OF 3)	91			
CROSSOVER DETAILS (SHEET 1 OF 2)	91			
CROSSOVER DETAILS (SHEET 2 OF 2)	91			
PROJECT TOTALS	364	603	3575	1408

		SUMMARY OF DRAINAGE ITE	MS		
	420	464	467	496	496
	6009	6005	6395	6004	6007
LOCATION	CL A CONC (COLLAR)	RC PIPE (CL III) (24")	SET (TY II) (24") (RCP) (6:1) (P)	REMOV STR (SET)	REMOV STR (PIPE)
	EA	LF	EA	EA	LF
CULVERT LAYOUT 1 OF 3		264	4		
CULVERT LAYOUT 2 OF 3	3	262	3	3	3
CULVERT LAYOUT 3 OF 3		118	2		
PROJECT TOTALS	3	644	9	3	3

US 60

PROJECT SUMMARIES

2023	Texas Department of Tran	spo	ortat	ion
	SHEET	1	OF	2

	_				5112		0, 2
ſ	DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
I	ΔН	СН	0168	05	043	US 60	
ſ	DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY SH		SHEET NO.
Ī	ΔН	СН	ΔΜΔ		DEAF SMIT	н	7

SUMIN	1ARY OF SIGN ITEMS		
	644	644	644
	6028	6030	6076
	IN SM RD SN		
LOCATION	SUP&AM	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM	REMOVE SM RD SN
	TYS80(1)	TYS80(1)SA(T)	SUP&AM
	SA(P-BM)		
	EA	EA	EA
CSJ 0168-05-043 TOTALS	1	7	4
PROJECT TOTALS	1	7	4

			SUMMARY OF	PAVEMENT MARKING	TEMS				
	658	658	658	666	666	666	666	1 672	2 6362
	6080	6086	6095	6035	6305	6308	6320	6007	6005
LOCATION	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(WFLX)GND	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ 1(YFLX)GND	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-DY) SZ 1 (YFLX) GND	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8" (SLD)(090MIL)	RE PM W/ RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK) (090MIL)	RE PM W/ RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD) (090MIL)	RE PM W/ RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD) (090MIL)	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	REC REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA
CSJ 0168-05-043 TOTALS	24	24	4	5239	2140	8297	8709	100	262
PROJECT TOTALS	24	24	4	5239	2140	8297	8709	100	262

- TO BE INSTALLED ON CONCRETE DIRECTIONAL ISLANDS.
 TO BE INSTALLED ON TURN LANES AND ACCELERATION LANES ADJACENT TO 8" (W) STRIPING.

EROSION CONTROL ITEMS							
	164	314	506	506			
	6035	6009	6040	6043			
LOCATION	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	EMULS ASPH (EROSN CONT)(MULTI)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)			
	SY	GAL	LF	LF			
EROSION CONTROL LAYOUT	16940	1694	250	250			
PROJECT TOTALS	16940	1694	250	250			

US 60

PROJECT SUMMARIES



= SILET 2 OF 2									
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY				
ΔН	СН	1 0168	05	043	US 60				
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY SHEET NO		SHEET NO.			
АН	СН	4 AMA		DEAE SMIT	Н	8			

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN GENERAL NOTES

- PLACE ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS PER BC STANDARDS PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK. ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS WILL REMAIN IN PLACE FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- 2. TO ALERT THE PUBLIC OF POSSIBLE LANE CLOSURES, CHANGEABLE MESSAGE BOARDS WILL BE PLACED AT THE PROJECT LIMITS SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS IN ADVANCE OF BEGINNING WORK AND WILL OPERATE AT APPROPRIATE TIMES DURING THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- ALL SIGNS, BARRICADES AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS WILL CONFORM TO THE MOST CURRENT APPLICABLE TXDOT STANDARDS AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".
- NO TWO CONSECUTIVE CROSSOVERS WILL BE CLOSED SIMULTANEOUSLY,
- TRAFFIC CONTROL, SHOULDER CLOSURES, AND LANE CLOSURES WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE BC. TCP, WZ STANDARDS, OR AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS, AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- ALL SIGNS BARRICADES AND CHANNELIZING DEVICES WILL BE KEPT CLEAN AND FUNCTIONAL FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- EXISTING SIGNS TO BE REMOVED WILL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL NEW SIGNS ARE INSTALLED.
- ANY EXISTING SIGN THAT IS IN CONFLICT WITH THE PROPOSED TRAFFIC CONTROL WILL BE REMOVED OR COVERED TEMPORARILY AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE TO MAINTAIN SIGNS IN GOOD CONDITION, WORK WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502, DAMAGES TO EXISTING SIGNS THAT ARE TO REMAIN WILL BE REPLACED AT NO ADDITIONAL COST.
- 9. CONTRACTOR WILL UTILIZE SHOULDER DROP-OFF SIGNS (CW8-17, CW8-17P) THROUGHOUT THE PROIECT, SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN GENERAL NOTES

- 10. CROSSING STREETS AND DRIVEWAYS WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT ACCESS IS MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.
- 11. WHEN WORK REQUIRES SHOULDER CLOSURES, THE OUTSIDE AND INSIDE SHOULDER WILL NOT BE CLOSED SIMULTANEOUSLY PER A ROADBED; OR WORK CANNOT BE DONE SIMULTANEOUSLY ON BOTH THE INSIDE AND OUTSIDE EDGELINES FOR A ROADBED.
- 12. SUBMIT CONTRACTOR-PROPOSED TCP CHANGES, SIGNED AND SEALED BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL. CHANGES MUST CONFORM TO GUIDELINES IN THE TMUTCD USING APPROVED PRODUCTS FROM THE DEPARTMENT'S COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE LIST, SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.
- 13. CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN NARRATIVE

PHASE 1:

- PLACE TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS, DEVICES, AND TEMPORARY WORK ZONE STRIPING TO PERFORM PHASE 1 WORK
- PERFORM WORK TO WIDEN THE EB AND WB INSIDE SHOULDERS AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.

PHASE 2:

- 1. PLACE TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS, DEVICES, AND TEMPORARY WORK ZONE STRIPING TO PERFORM PHASE 2
- PERFORM WORK TO WIDEN THE OUTSIDE SHOULDER AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS

PHASE 3:

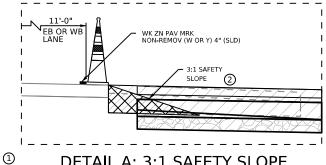
1. PERFORM ALL OTHER WORK IN THE PLANS.

LEGEND

3:1 SAFETY SLOPE (3)

NOTES:

- (1) SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR ADDITION DETAILS ON PROPOSED PAVEMENT STRUCTURE AND JOINT DETAILS.
- (2) A MINIMUM 3:1 SAFETY SLOPE, SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502, WILL BE INSTALLED AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY UTILIZING COMPACTED BASE, RAP, OR OTHER APPROVED MATERIAL.

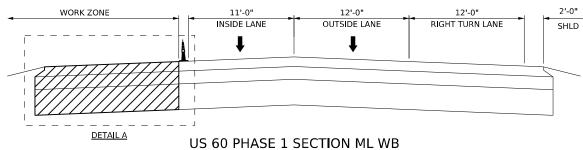


DETAIL A: 3:1 SAFETY SLOPE

LEGEND

WORK ZONE

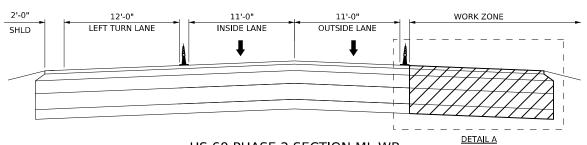
THIS TCP REQUIRED AT ALL TIMES WHEN WORKERS & EQUIPMENT ARE NOT ACTIVELY WORKING



STA, 1096+01 TO STA, 1099+28 STA, 1108+61 TO STA, 1111+49

NOTE: SAME TRAFFIC CONTROL CONCEPT WILL BE USED FOR EB LANES

THIS TCP REQUIRED AT ALL TIMES WHEN WORKERS & EQUIPMENT ARE NOT ACTIVELY WORKING



US 60 PHASE 2 SECTION ML WB STA. 1083+99 TO STA. 1125+30 NOTE: SAME TRAFFIC CONTROL CONCEPT WILL BE USED FOR EB LANES

10-23-2023

US 60

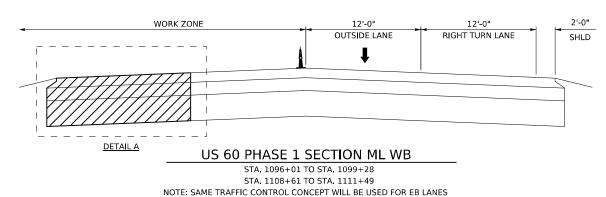
TRAFFIC CONTROL NARRATIVE

SCALE: NONE

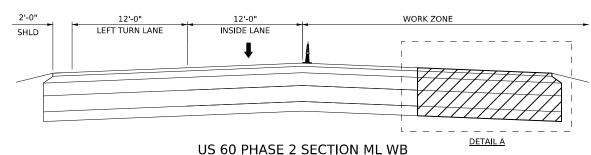


DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
ΑН	СН	0168	05	043 L		US 60	
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
АН	СН	AMA		DEAF SMIT	9		

WHEN WORK IS BEING COMPLETE ADJACENT TO THE TRAVEL LANE.



WHEN WORK IS BEING COMPLETE ADJACENT TO THE TRAVEL LANE.



STA, 1083+99 TO STA, 1125+30 NOTE: SAME TRAFFIC CONTROL CONCEPT WILL BE USED FOR EB LANES

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

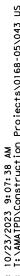


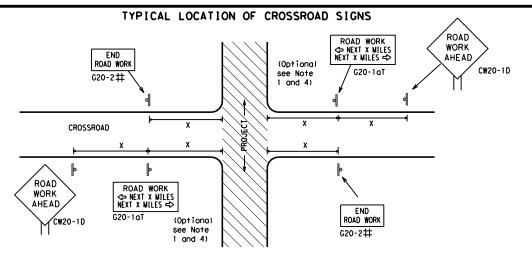
Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

			•	_			
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	GHWAY
4-03	REVISIONS 7-13	0168	05	043		US	60
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-10	5-21	AMA		DEAF SM	ΙTΗ	1	10





 \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.

When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE END ROAD WORK X R20-5aTP #HEN HORKERS G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

SIZE

SPACING

ay/ y		Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
		MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
8"		30	120
		35	160
		40	240
-		45	320
8"		50	400
•		55	500 ²
		60	600 ²
		65	700 ²
8"		70	800 ²
۰		75	900 ²
		80	1000 ²
	' [*	* 3

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway	
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"	
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"	
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"	

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

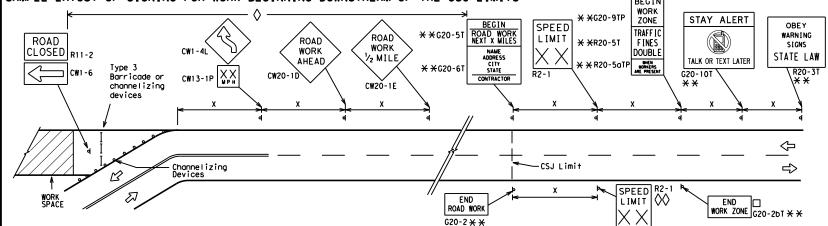
 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS
ROAD WORK AREA AHEAD XX CW20-1D CW13-1P	** \$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \f
Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE CSJ Limit END ROAD WORK ROAD WORK WORK ZONE ROAD WORK With Sign
When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/I "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas	to remind drivers they are still G20-2 ** location NOTES
within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact locati channelizing devices.	on and spacing of signs and The Contractor shall determine the appropria

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- ** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND		
⊢⊢⊣ Туре 3 Barricade			
000	Channelizing Devices		
4	Sign		
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.		

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

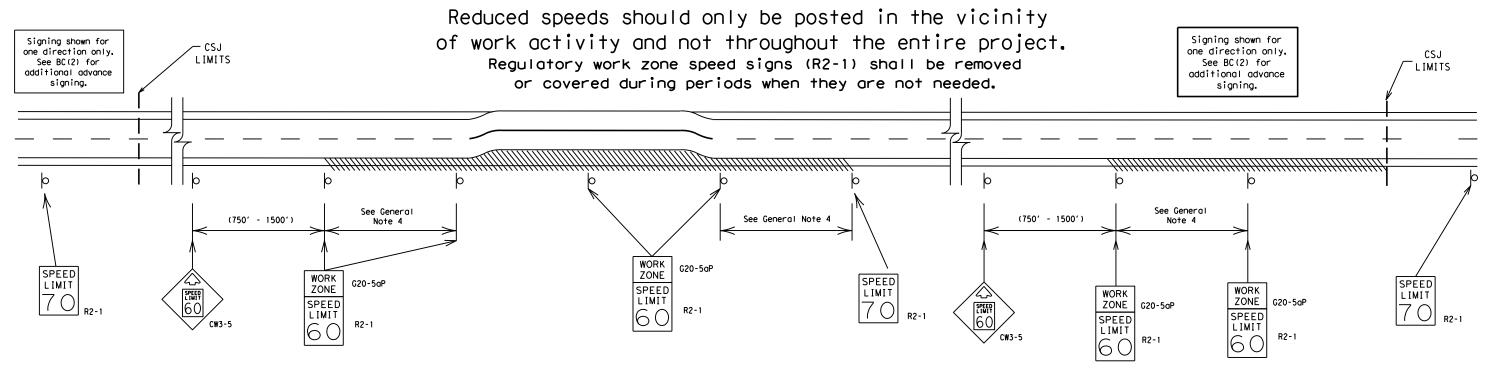
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

				_			
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	xDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	CHWAY
	REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US	60
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	AMA		DEAF SM	ITH	4	11

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

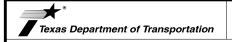
40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

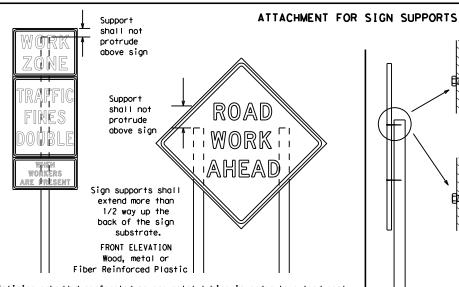
:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx[)OT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US	60
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	ΔΜΔ	Г	DEAF SM	ΙT	4	12

97

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. * * XX 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. greater 9.0' max. Poved Paved shou I der shoul de

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

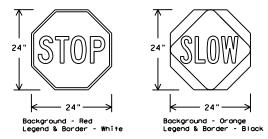
SIDE ELEVATION Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
 - Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(4)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>T×DOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US	60
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	AMA	Г	JEVE SM	ΙTΙ	_	17



opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

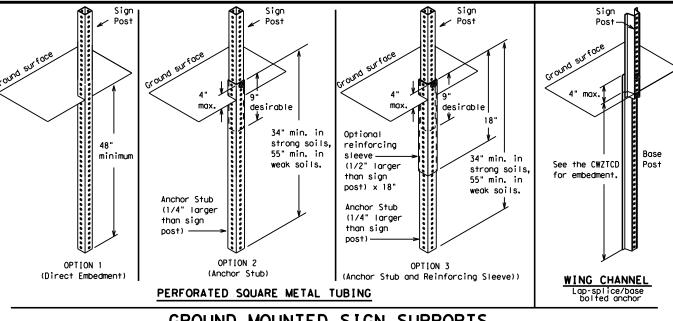
weld starts here

-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

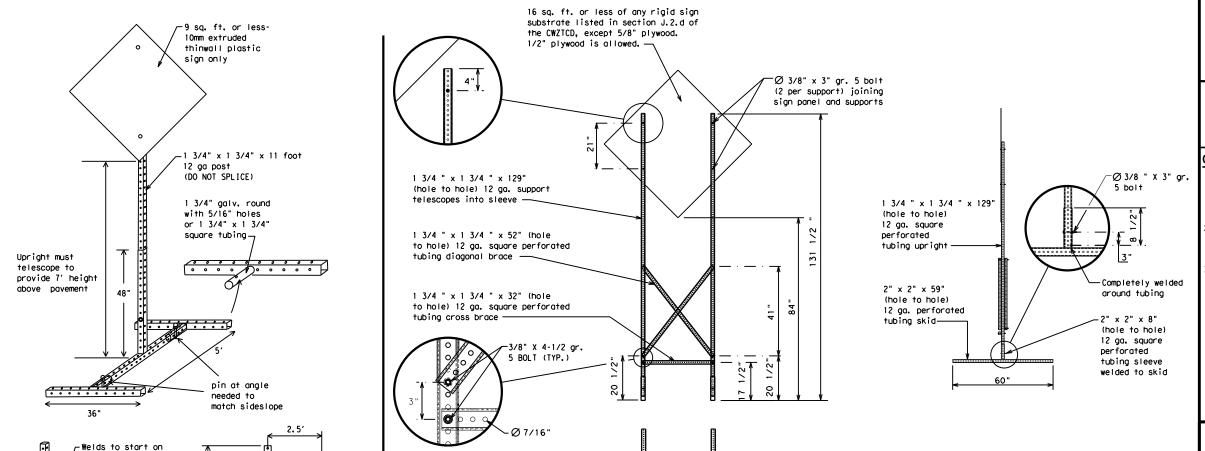
2"

SINGLE LEG BASE



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

ILE: DC	-21, dgn	DN: T>	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C)TxDOT No	vember 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
		0168	05	043		U	S 60
9-07 8-1		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13 5-2	1	AMA	[DEAF SN	IΤI	1	14

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any ixDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion tresults or damages resulting from its use.

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	мі
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SL IP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY. FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		
MOTHER MINE	T MIN T I M I		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	o Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
xxxxxxxx		<u> </u>	

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action		e/E	ffect on Trav t	еI	Location List		Warning List		* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT		AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	ETOUR NEXT EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT		BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
EX	USE IIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH		NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
Ū	TAY ON IS XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N		PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
	RUCKS USE S XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS		XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR RUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS		US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
_	XPECT PELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP				DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
	EDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOUL DER USE				DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
	USE OTHER COUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS						TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
2.	STAY IN LANE	×			*	¥ See A∣	pplication Guid	elines M	Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

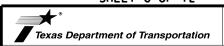
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



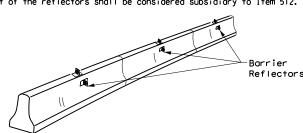
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) -21

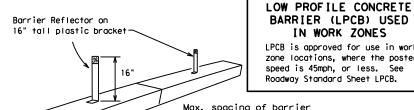
		•	•	_			
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	TOD:	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB HIGHWAY		SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US 60	
9-07	8-14	. 0131 000411				SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	AMA	[DEAF SM	ΙTΗ	1	15

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

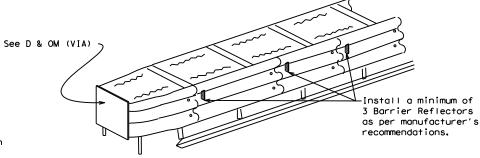


LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB. Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per

manufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



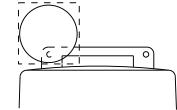
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

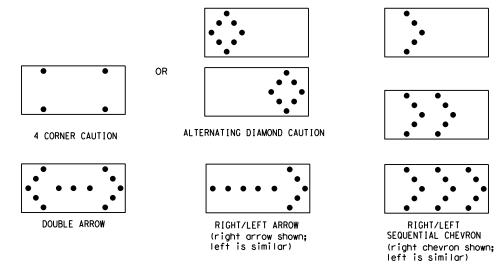
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ск: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
REVISIONS		0168	05	043		US	60
9-07	* * *	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13 5-21	5-21	AMA	DEAE SMITH				16

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

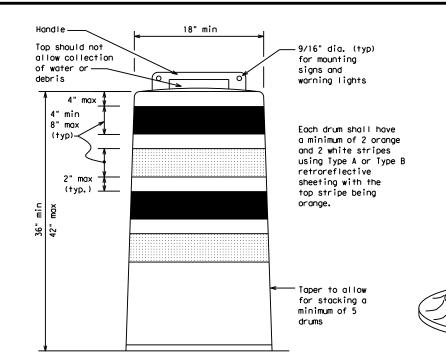
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

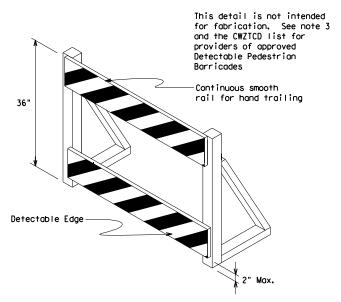
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

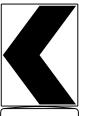
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum, A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

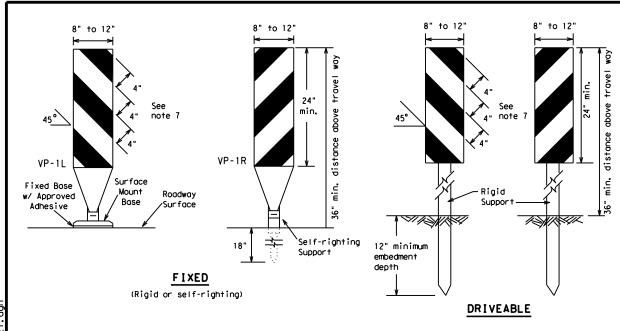


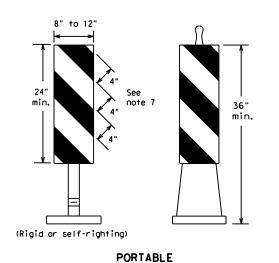
Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

LE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: Tx[0OT c)W:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JO	В		ніс	HWAY	
REVISIONS -03 8-14	0168	05	043			US	60	
-03 8-14 -07 5-21	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
-13	AMA		DEAF	SMI	ТН	1	17	

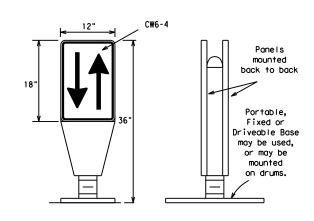




- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
 Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
 See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
 Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or
- Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.

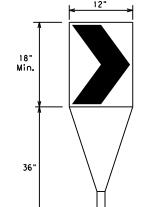
 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



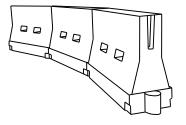
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
 work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
 roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len *	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	ws ²	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′		
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′		
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	6601	55°	110′		
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

X:X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

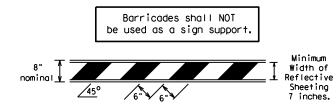
BC(9)-21

		_		_			
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	GHWAY
REVISIONS		0168	05	043		US	60
9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13		AMA		DEAF SM	ITH	1	18

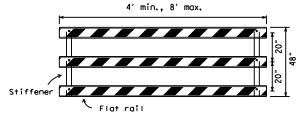
- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials
- used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades. 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The $\,$ sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

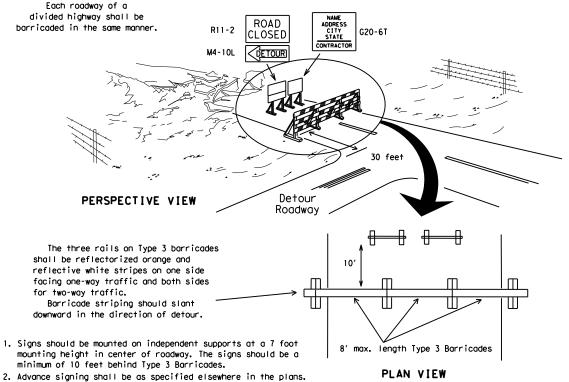


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



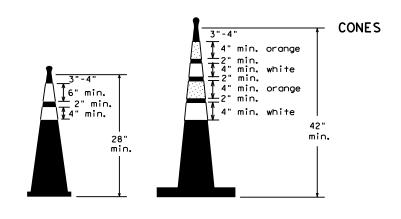
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet. steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s coross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



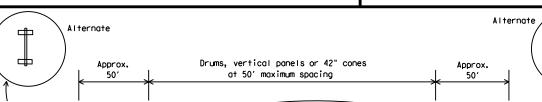
Two-Piece cones

2" min.

2" to 6" min.

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



➾

Min. 2 drums or 1 Type 3 or 1 Type 3 barricade STOCKPILE On one-way roads Desirable downstream drums stockpile location Channelizing devices parallel to traffic or barricade may be is outside should be used when stockpile is omitted here clear zone. within 30' from travel lane. \Diamond

TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

			-	_				
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	CHWAY	
REVISIONS		0168	05	05 043		US	US 60	
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	AMA		DEAF SM	ITH	1	19	

ction Projects\0168-05\043 US 60 Caviness Intersecti

2023 9:07:41 AM TPD\Construction Projects\0168-05\043

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

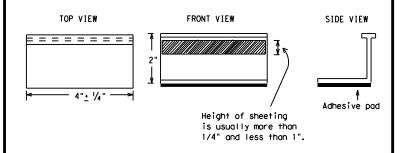
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) DMS-4200 TRAFFIC BUTTONS DMS-4300 EPOXY AND ADHESIVES DMS-6100 BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS DMS-6130 PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS DMS-8240 TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED DMS-824 PAVEMENT MARKINGS TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE DMS-8242 ROADWAY MARKER TABS

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



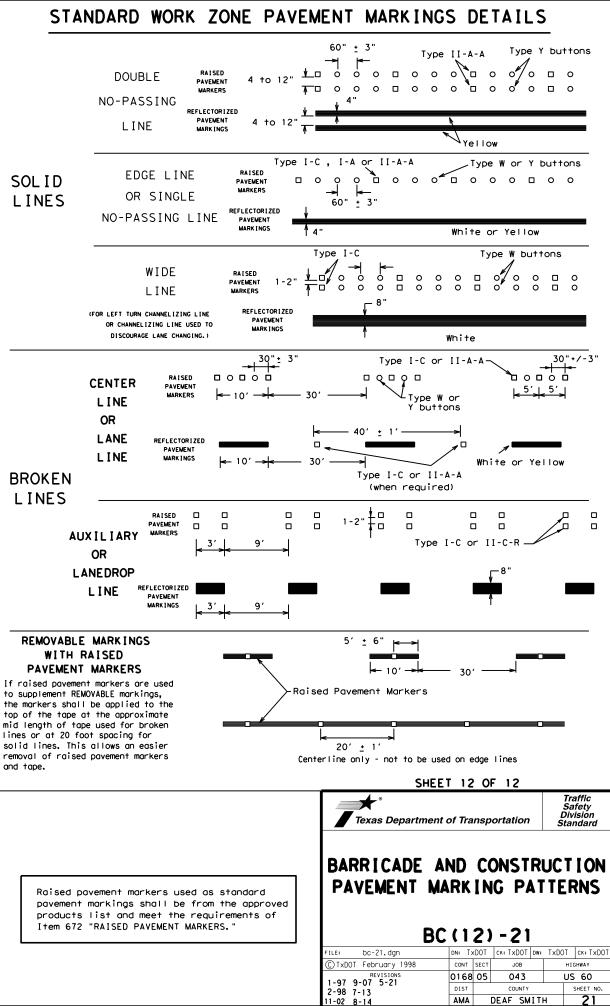
Traffic Safety Division Standard

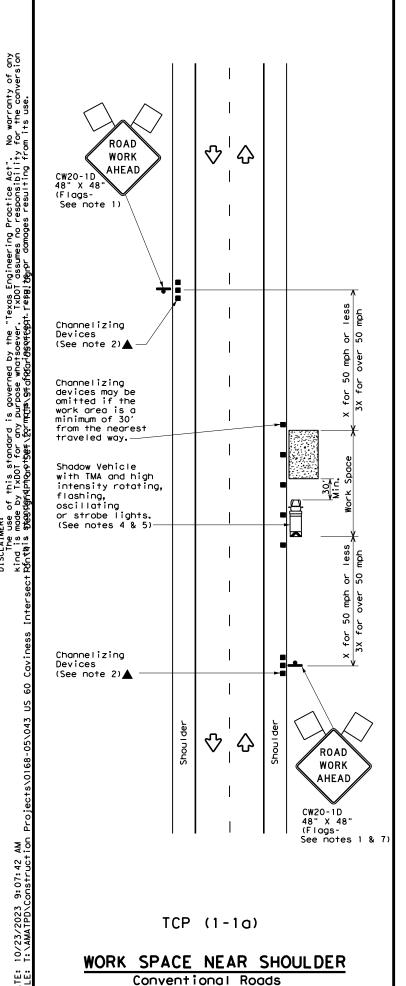
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

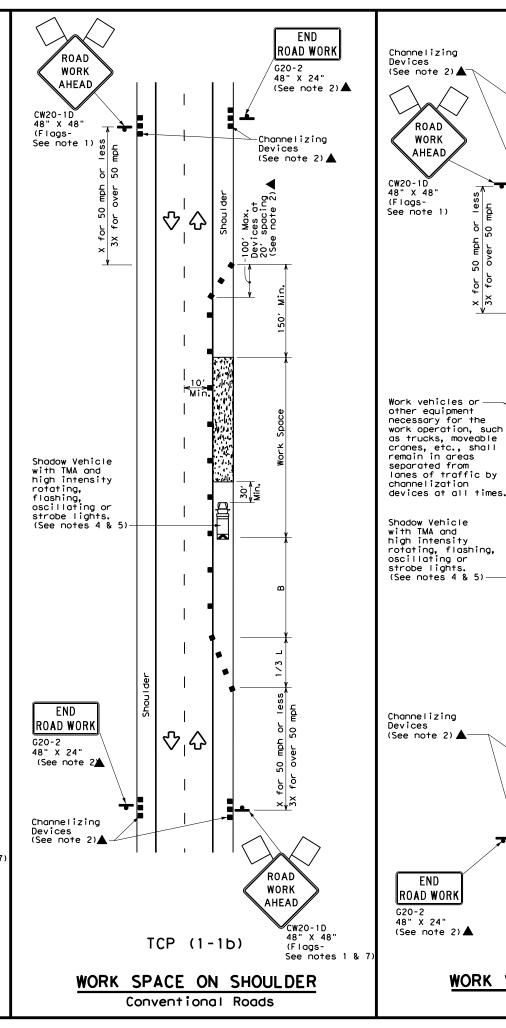
BC(11)-21

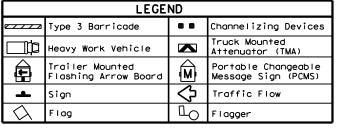
E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT			
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	CHWAY			
REVISIONS -98 9-07 5-21	0168	05	043		US	US 60			
-96 9-07 5-21 -02 7-13	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.				
-02 8-14	AMA	[DEAF SM	ΙTΙ	4	20			

11-02









Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	5501	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - W 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only

END

ROAD WORK

 \triangle

 \Diamond

G20-2

48" X 24"

(See note 2)▲

Inactive

work vehicle

(See Note 3)

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

48" X 48" (Flags-

See notes 1 & 7)

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

END

- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	√	√							

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

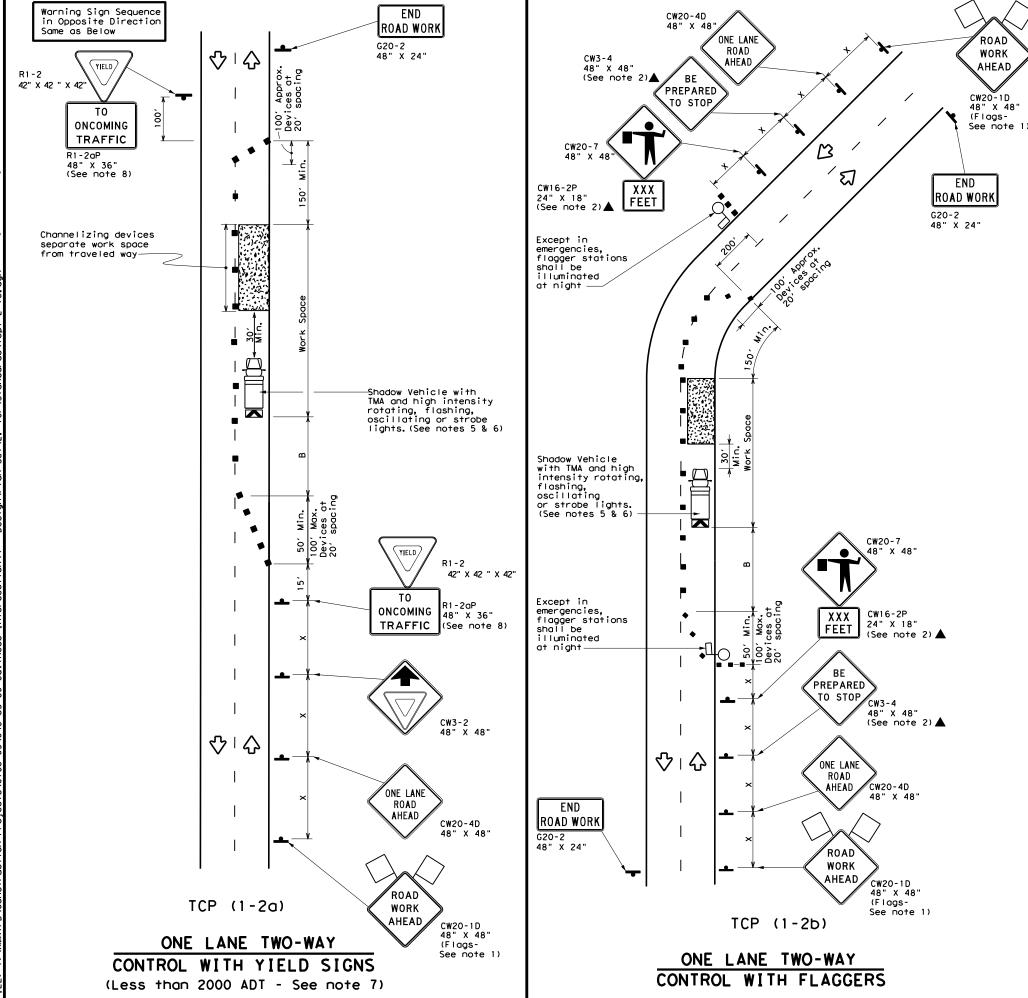
TCP(1-1)-18

	-				
FILE: †cp1-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0168	05	043		US 60
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	AMA		DEAF SM	1ITH	22

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

TCP (1-1c)

分



۱	LEGEND										
		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
	þ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
Į	\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirab er Lend **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90,	2001
35	L = \frac{WS^2}{60}	2051	225'	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	4001	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L "3	600'	660'	720′	60,	120'	600,	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	1301	700′	410′	645′
70		7001	7701	840′	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1								

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet
- in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.



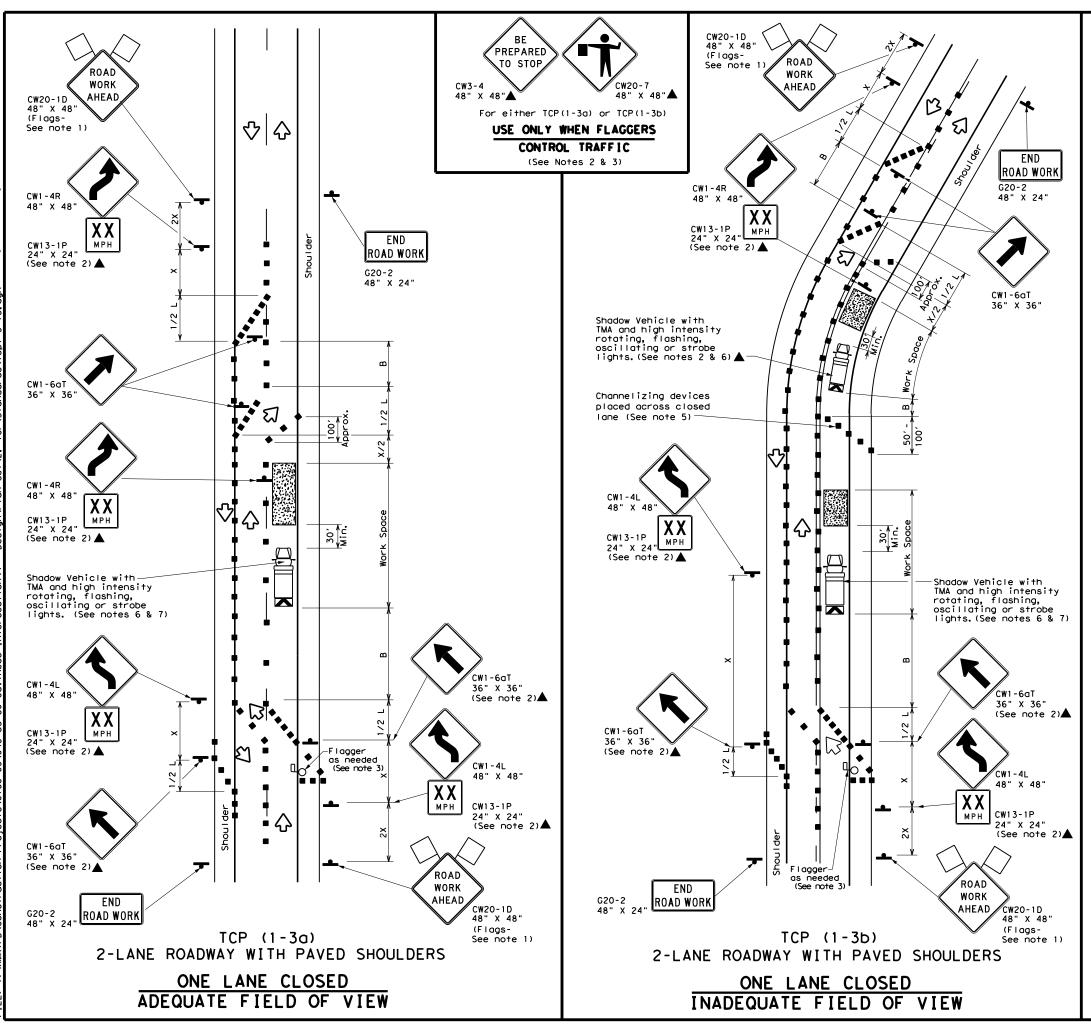
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-90 4-98	0168	05	043		US 60
2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	AMA		DEAF SM	1ITH	23

152



	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ŋ	Flagger								

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	4951	5401	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	1001	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- "	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	7001	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70'	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

- X Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	BILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TER DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	1	1								

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved
- surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

  8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



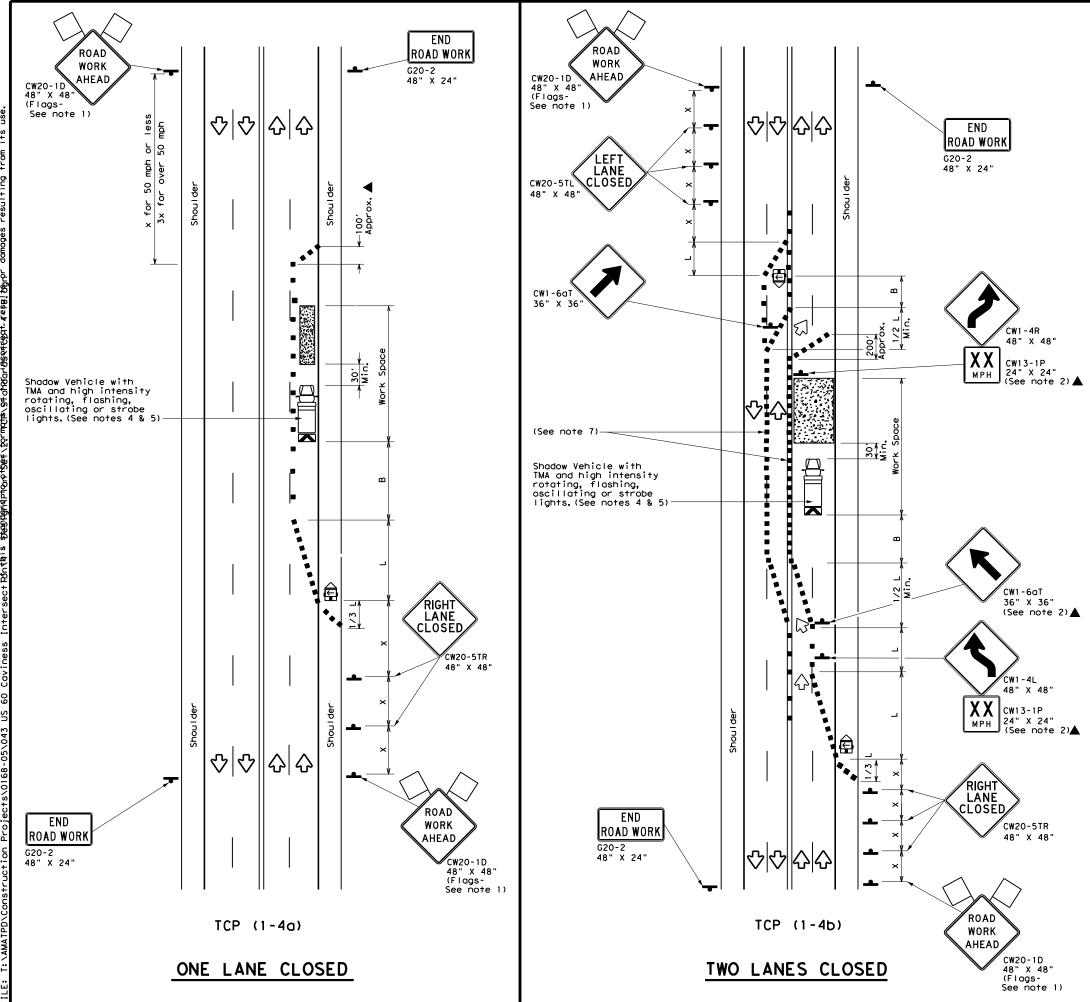
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0168	05	043		US 60
2-94 4-98 8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	AMA		DEAF SM	IITH	24

153



	LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	ГО	Flagger								

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>  WS²</u>	150′	1651	180'	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	60	265′	2951	320′	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50'	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	L - W 3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ₩ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1								

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.

  4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

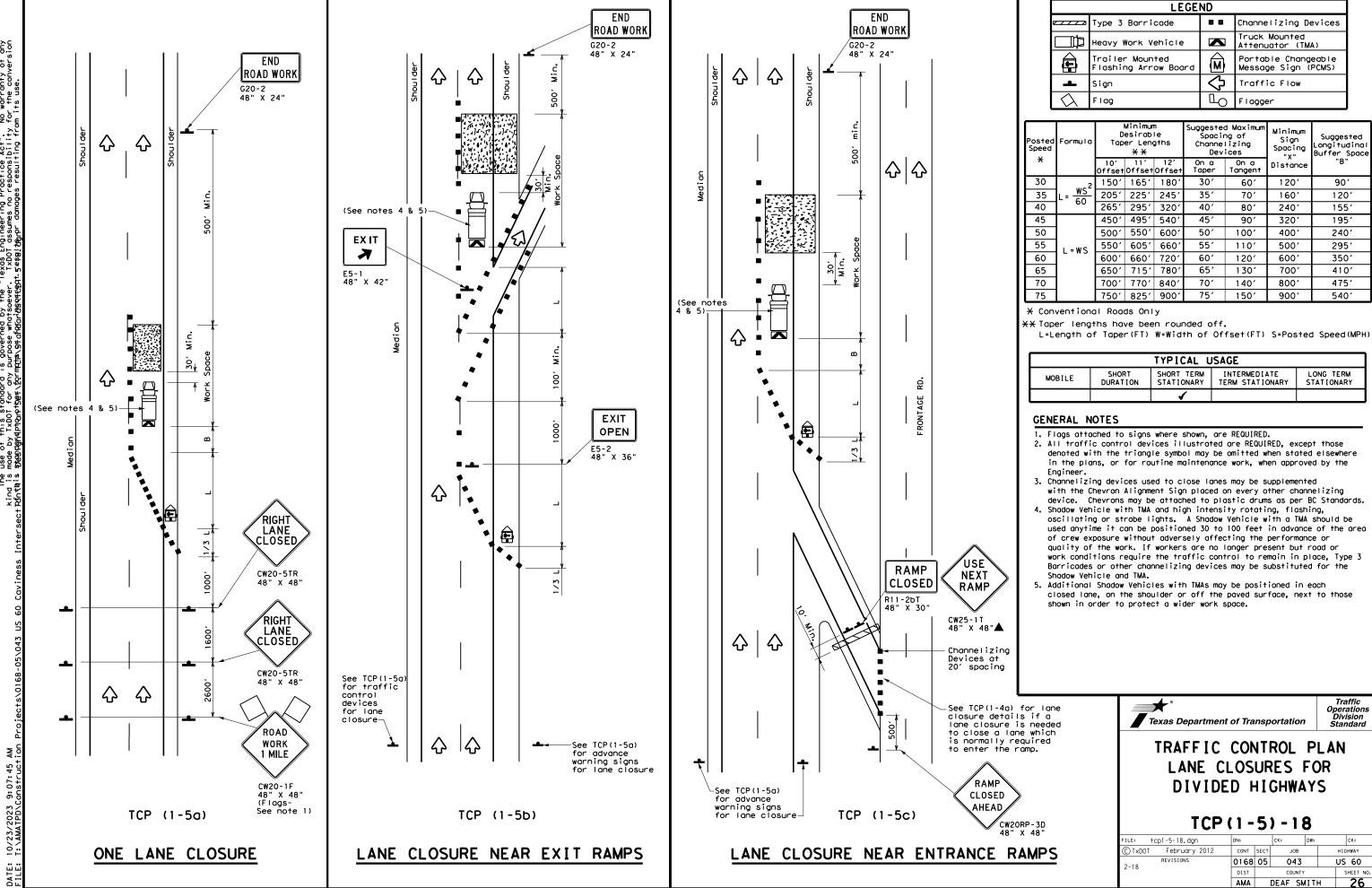


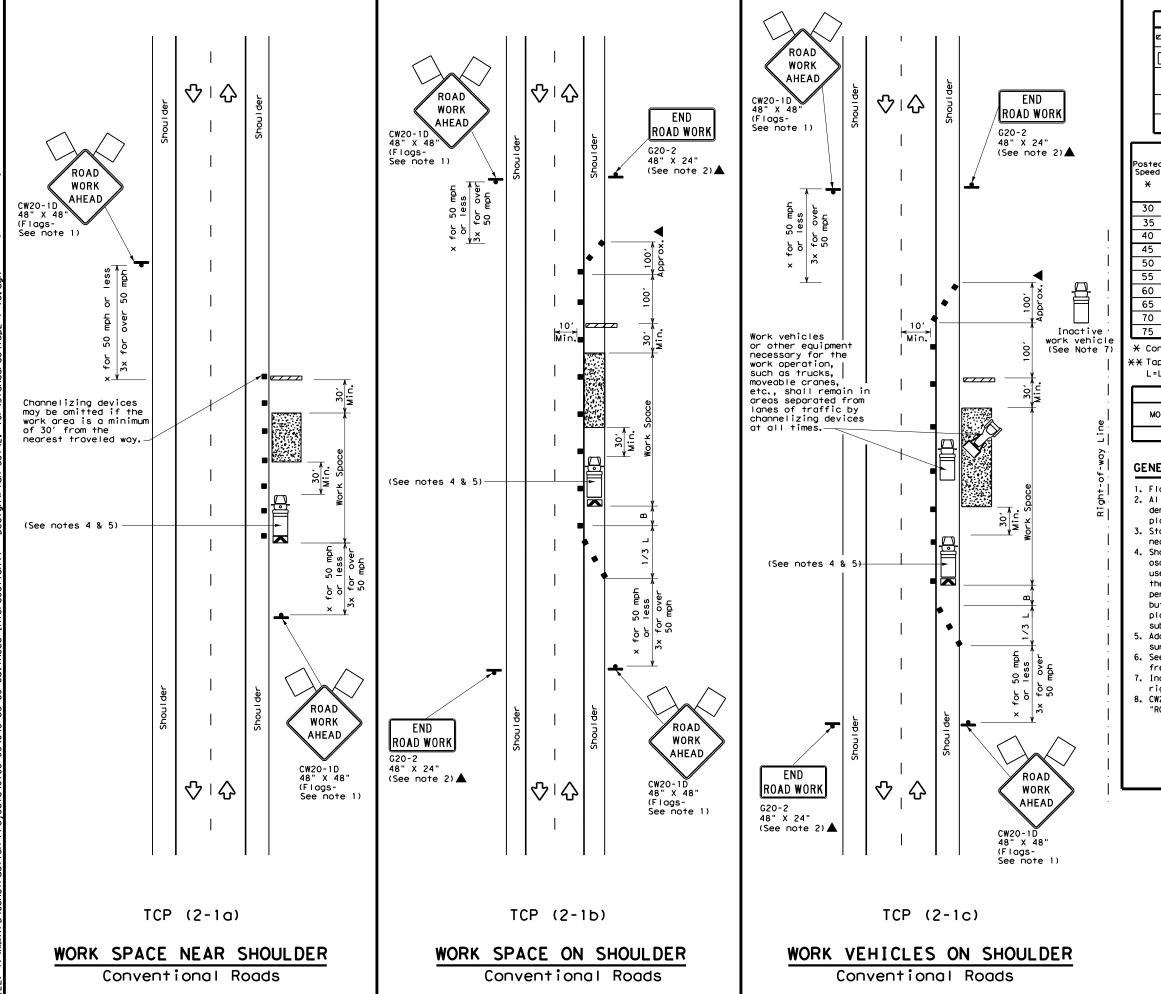
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

FILE: †cp1-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-98 REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US 60
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	AMA		DEAF SM	IITH	25





	LEGEND												
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices										
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)										
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)										
-	Sign	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	Traffic Flow										
\triangle	Flag	ПO	Flagger										
T	Minimum S	uggested N	Maximum Minimum										

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Suggested Maximum Desirable Spacing of Formula Taper Lengths Channelizing *** Devices		Desirable ormula Taper Lengths X X				Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"		
30	WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90,		
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′		
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′		
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′		
50		500'	5501	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′		
60	L-W5	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′		
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900'	540'		

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	<i>1 1 1 1</i>									

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

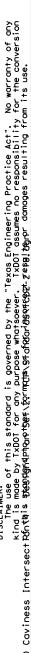
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

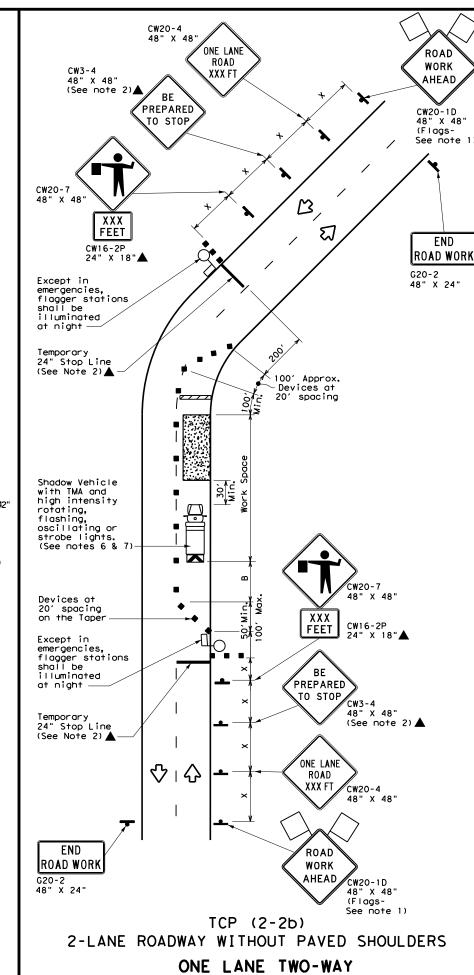
	_	- •		-	
ILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0168	05	043		US 60
3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	AMA		DEAF SM	IITH	27



Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction

ROAD WORK YIELD G20-2 48" X 24" $\langle \rangle$ R1-2 42" X 42 ·Temporary Yield Line (See Note 2)▲ ΤO ONCOMING TRAFFIC R1-2aP 48" X 36" (See note 9) Devices at 20' spacing on the Taper ŏ. ĕ. Š. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 6 & 7) 42" X 42 " X 42" Devices at 20' spacing on the Taper ΤO ONCOMING R1-20P
48" X 36"
(See note Temporary Yield Line (See note 9) (See Note 2)▲ 48" X 48" ONE LANE AHEAD CW20-4D ♡ | 公 48" X 48" END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) TCP (2-2a) 2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS (Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)

END



CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND											
		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
	þ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
Į	\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger								

Posted Formula Speed *		D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	WS ²	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90′	200′
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	240'	1551	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	_ "3	600′	660′	720′	60'	120'	600'	350'	570′
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700'	410′	645'
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
	1								

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

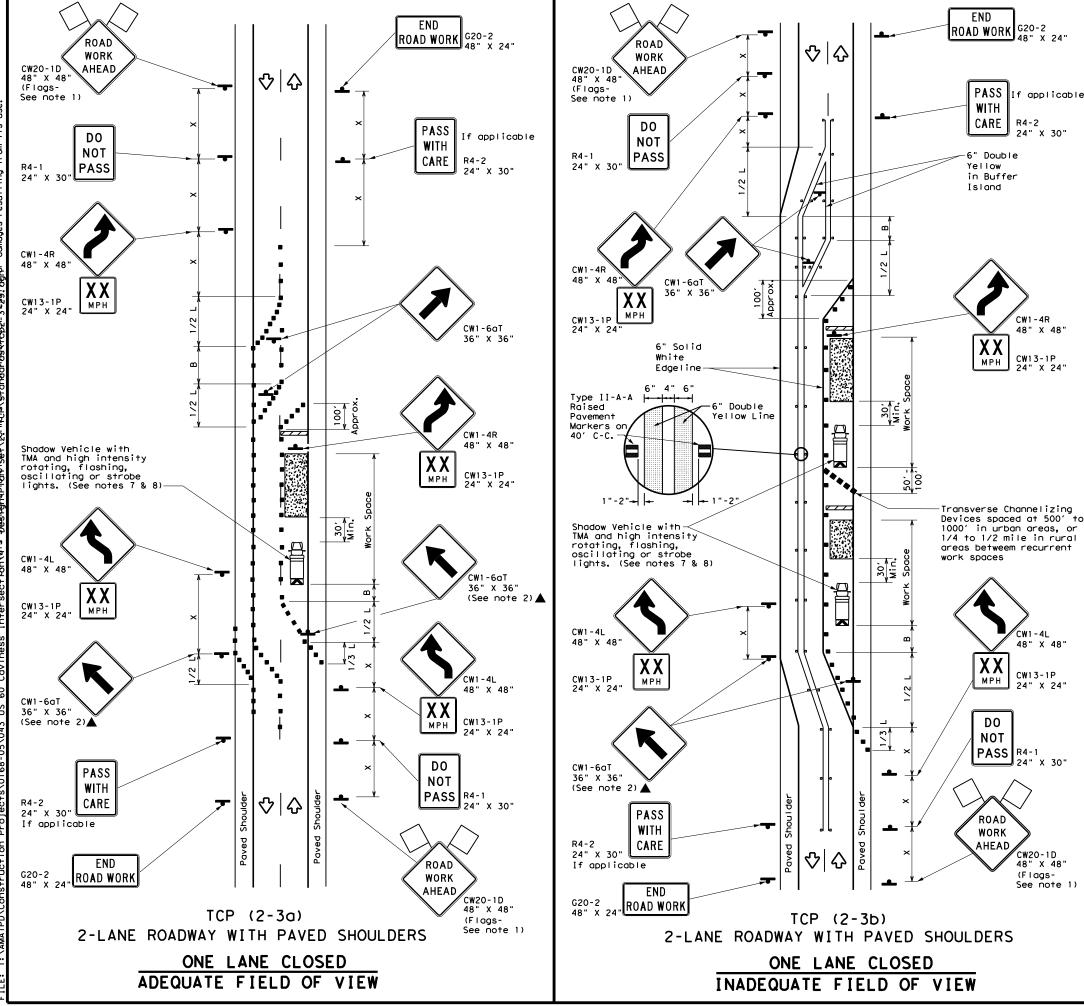


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -18

FILE: †cp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB	HI	GHWAY
8-95 3-03	0168	05	043	US	5 60
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	AMA		DEAF SM	IITH	28



	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA							
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Formu Speed		Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120'	90′
35	L= WS ²	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	b	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	1951
50		500′	5501	6001	50°	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55,	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600'	660′	7201	60`	120'	600,	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′
70		7001	7701	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900`	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
				TCP (2-3b) ONLY						
			√	✓						

GENERAL NOTES

If applicable

R4-2

24" X 30'

48" X 48"

CW13-1P

CW1-4L

CW13-1P

24" X 30"

CW20-1D

(Flags-

48" X 48"

See note 1)

48" X 48"

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned $30\ \text{to}\ 100\ \text{feet}$ in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

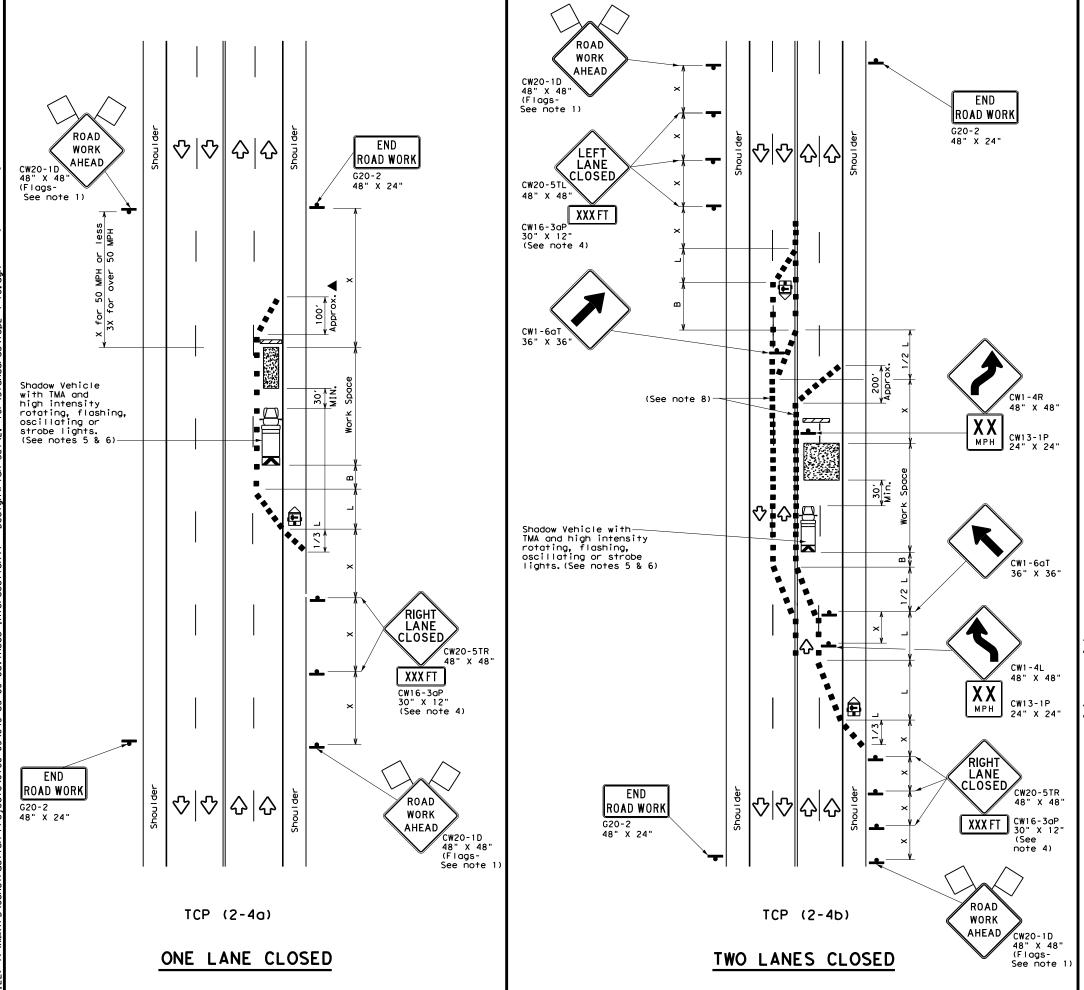


Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO-LANE ROADS

TCP (2-3) -23

FILE: tcp(2-3)-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 12-85 4-98 2-18	0168	8 05 043			US 60	
8-95 3-03 4-23	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-12	AMA		DEAF SM	1ITH	29	



	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
£	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
•	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	9	Flagger					

	V \							
Speed	Formula	Desirable		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	1201	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40`	80'	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90'	320'	195′
50		5001	550′	600′	50°	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	- ",	600′	660′	720′	60`	120'	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	8401	70′	140′	8001	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
		✓	✓					

GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- 1. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

CP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



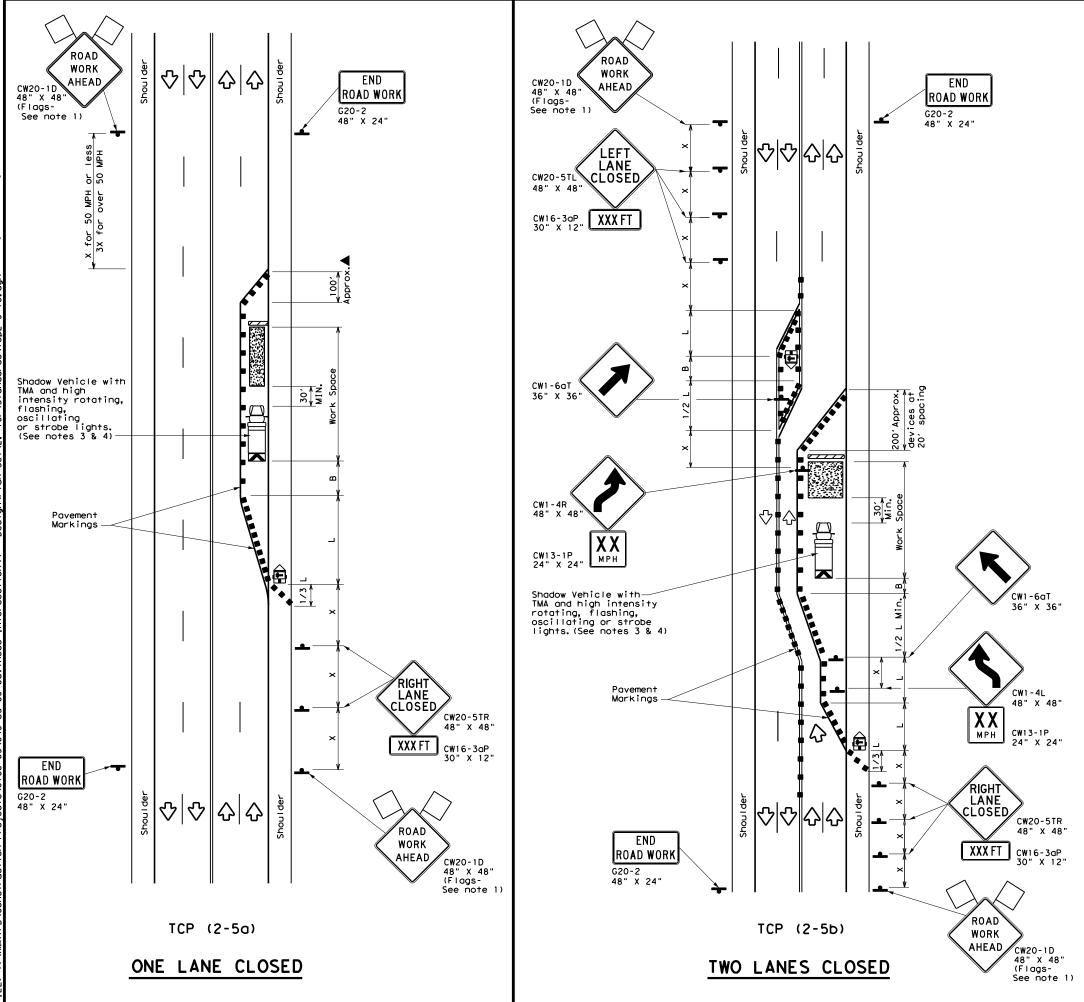
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US 60
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	AMA		DEAF SM	1ITH	30





	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	00	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>₽</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger					

<u> </u>	<b>♦</b> ( )							
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **  Minimum Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	801	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60`	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- $\fill \fill \fil$

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
			✓	✓				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
  4. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each
- closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

#### TCP (2-5a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.



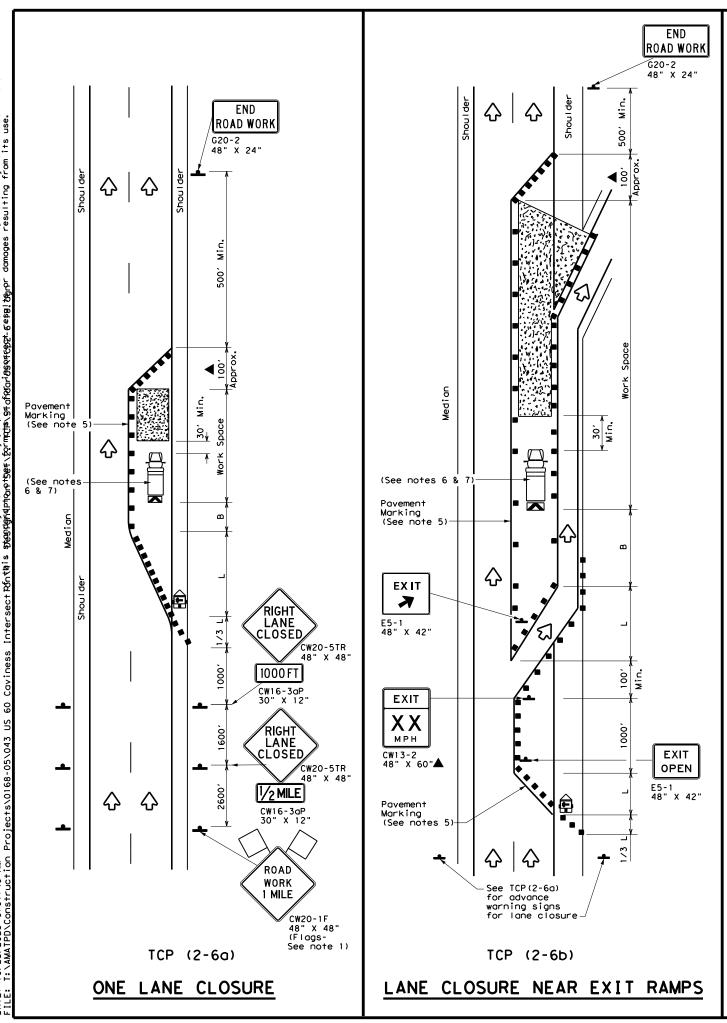
Traffic Operations Division Standard

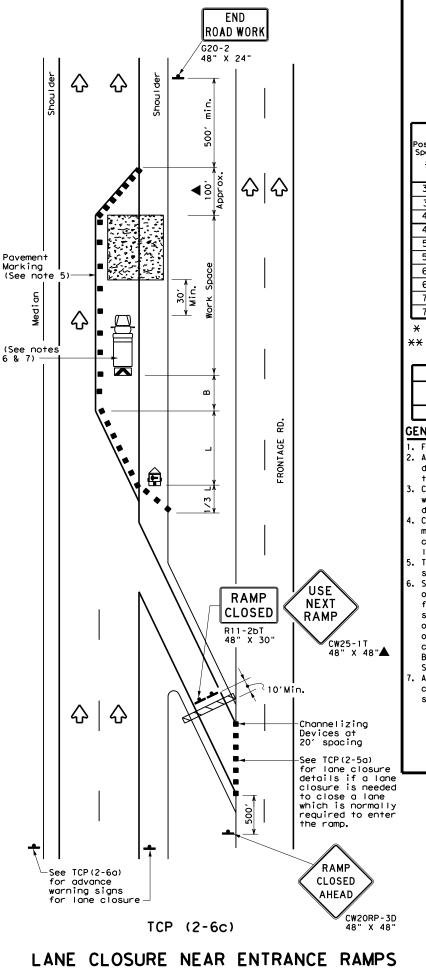
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LONG TERM LANE CLOSURES
MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL RDS.

TCP(2-5)-18

FILE: tcp2-5-18.dgn	DN:	CK: DW:		DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 2-12 REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US 60
1-97 3-03	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	AMA		DEAF SM	IITH	31

165





	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
£	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow								
\Diamond	Flag	ГO	Flagger								
			·								

Posted Formula Speed		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L= WS ²	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	5501	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

- **X Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
			✓	√				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

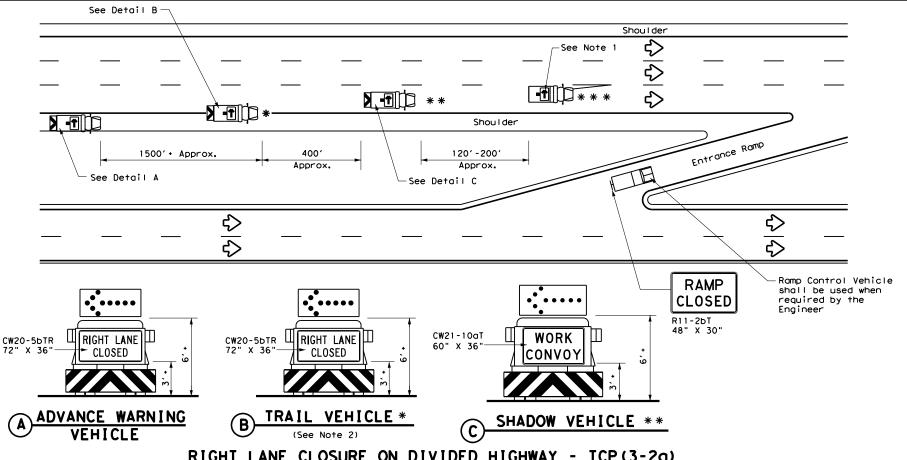


Traffic Operations Division Standard

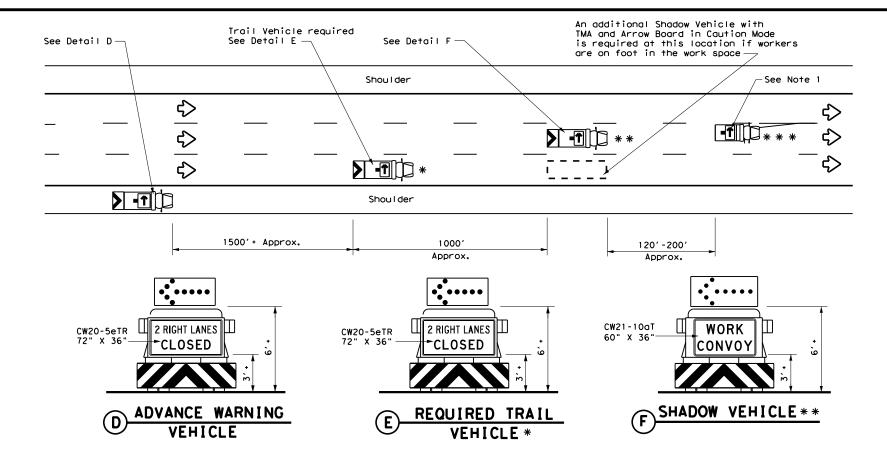
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

FILE: tcp2-6-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0168	05	043		US 60
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	AMA		DEAF SM	IITH	32







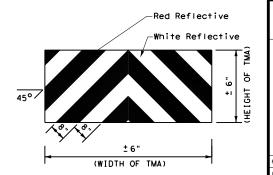
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* *	Shadow Vehicle								
* * *	Work Vehicle	*	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	-	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	₩	Double Arrow						
Ŷ	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
1									

GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from
- 2. For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it



STRIPING FOR TMA

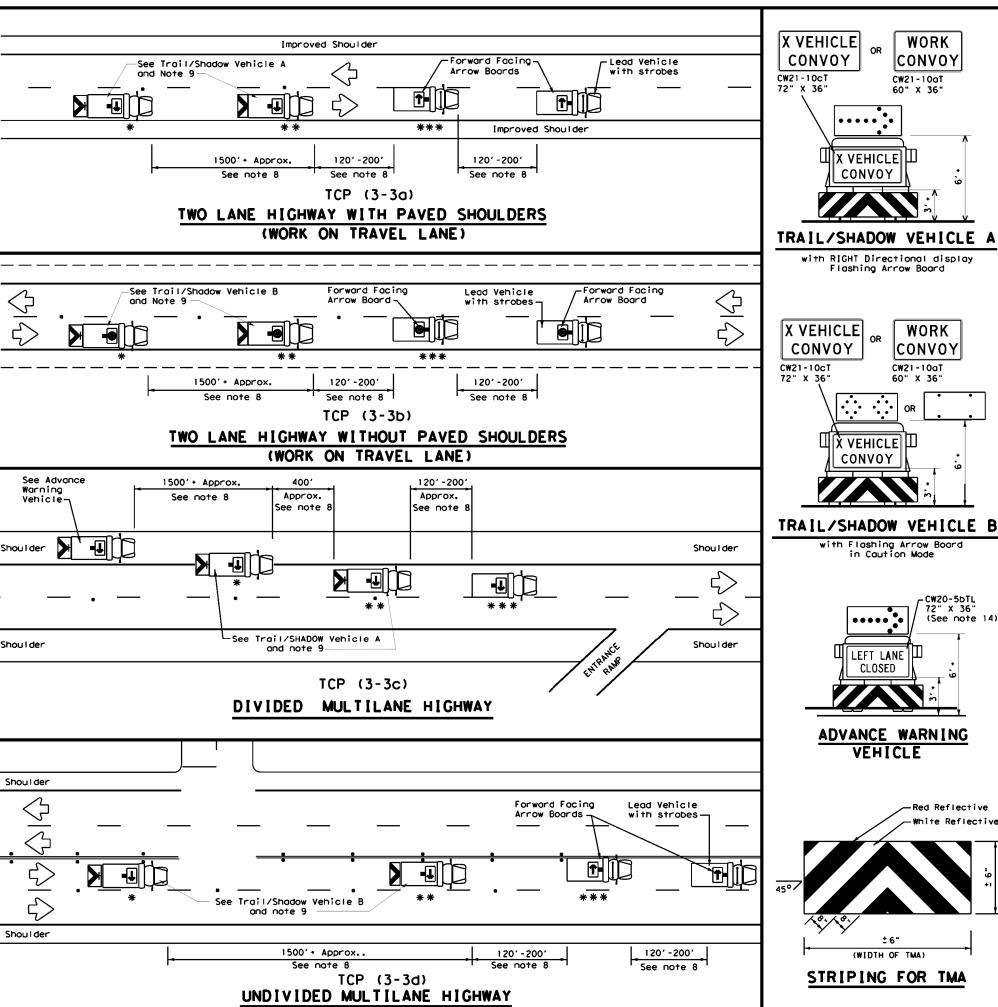


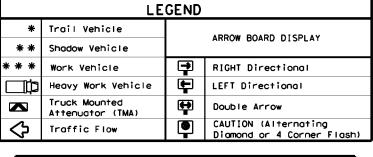
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-2)-13

		- •	_	_ •	_	_	
.E:	tcp3-2.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	SHWAY
REVISIONS 94 4-98		0168	05	043 US 60		60	
95 7-1		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
97		AMA		DEAF SM	ΙT	1	33





TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
1									

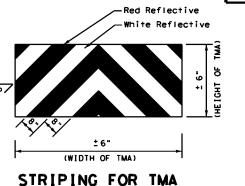
GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

 Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10CT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10CT) or Spacing between WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.

 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. Warning Vehicle. the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2),
- 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessory.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

X VEHICLE

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode

LEFT LANE CLOSED

ADVANCE WARNING

VEHICLE

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36" (See note 14)

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

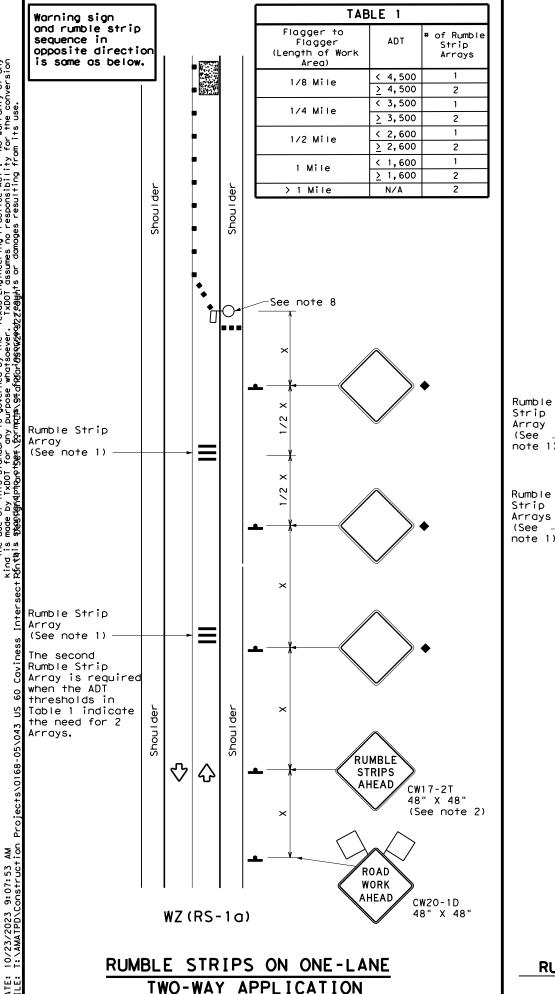
CW21-10aT

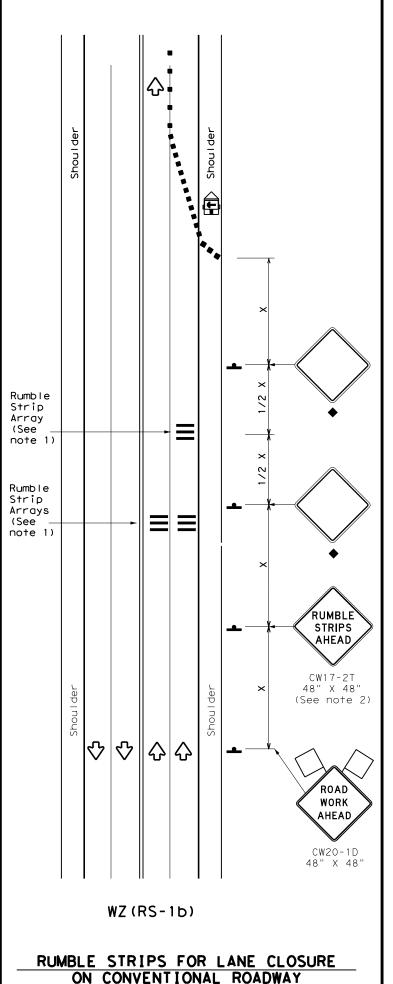
CONVOY



Traffic Operations Division Standard TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

FILE: top3-3.dgn	DN: To	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>T×DOT</th><th>ск: ТхDОТ</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ск: ТхDОТ
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0168	05 043			US 60	
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-14	AMA	(DEAF SM	I TH	1	34





GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 3. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	₩	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	ПO	Flagger							

Posted Formul		Desirable		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50°	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		6501	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
 S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	✓	✓								

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array					
<u><</u> 40 MPH	10′					
> 40 MPH & <u><</u> 55 MPH	15′					
= 60 MPH	20′					
<u>></u> 65 MPH	* 35′+					

Texas Department of Transportation

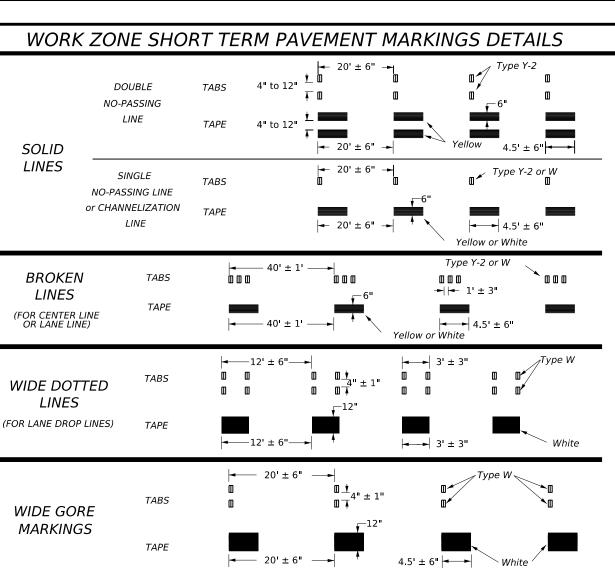
TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ(RS)-22

ILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C)TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	YAWH
REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US	60
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
4-16	AMA		DEAF SM	II TH	1	35
1.1.7						

117



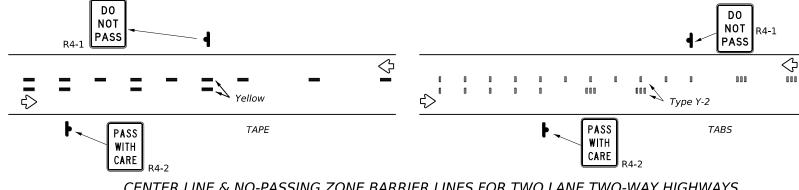
NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then bé placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

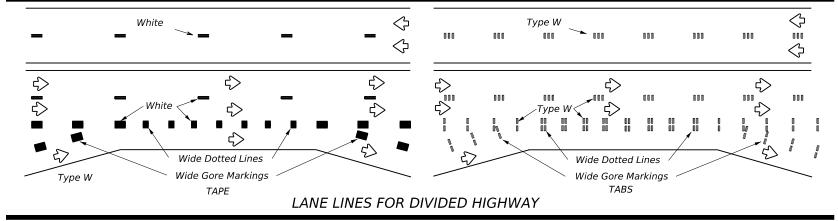
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

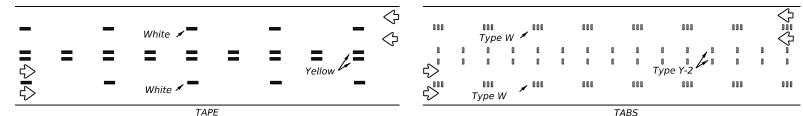
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

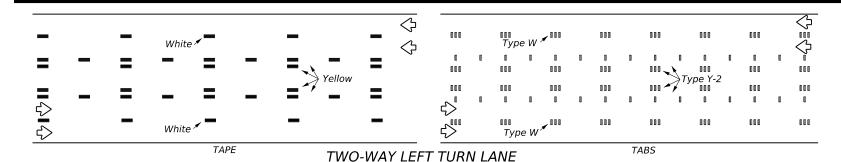


CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ(STPM)-23

FILE:	WZ:	stpm-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
(C) TxD	ОТ	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGI	HWAY
		REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US	60
4-92 1-97	7-13 2-23		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
3-03			AMA		DEAF SM	ITH		36

Channelizing

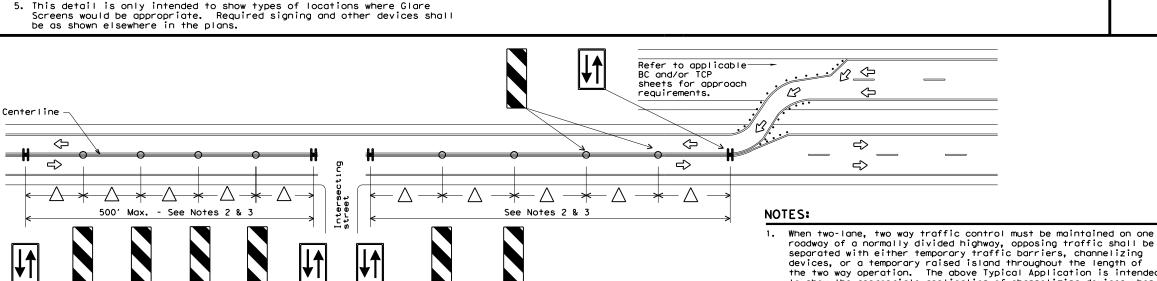
Devices (See

LEGEND					
Type 3 Barricade					
• • • Channelizing Devices					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board				
♣ Sign					
\\\\ Safety glare screen					

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICA	ATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
DELINEATORS AND OBJECT MARKERS	DMS-8600
MODULAR GLARE SCREENS FOR HEADLIGHT BARRIER	DMS-8610

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" CWZTCD)describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/producer-list.html



VERTICAL PANELS & OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD) SEPARATING TWO-WAY TRAFFIC ON NORMALLY DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

Opposing Traffic

Lane Divider

Opposing Traffic

Lane Divider

 Screen Panel/blades will be designed such that reflective sheeting conforming with Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, Sign Face Materials, Type B or C Yellow, minimum size of 2 inches by 12 inches can be attached to the edge of the panel/blade. The sheeting shall be attached to one glare screen panel/blade per section of concrete barrier not to exceed a spacing of 30 feet. Barrier reflectors are not necessary when panel/blades

4. Payment for these devices will be under statewide Special Specification

are installed with reflective sheeting as described.

Channelizing

Devices (See

"Modular Glare Screens for Headlight Barrier."

roadway of a normally divided highway, opposing traffic shall be separated with either temporary traffic barriers, channelizing devices, or a temporary raised island throughout the length of the two way operation. The above Typical Application is intended to show the appropriate application of channelizing devices when they are used for this purpose. This is not a traffic control plan. If this detail is to be used for other types of roads or applications, those locations should be stated elsewhere in the

Space devices according to the Tangent Spacing shown on the Device Spacing table on BC(9) but not exceeding 100'.

- Every fifth device should be an OTLD except when spaced closer to accommodate an intersection. An OTLD should be the first device on each side of intersecting streets or roads.
- 4. Locations where surface mount bases with adhesives or self-righting devices will be required in order to maintain them in their proper position should be noted elsewhere in the plans.
- Channelizing devices are to be vertical panels, 42" cones or tubular markers that are at least 36" tall. Tubular markers used to separate traffic should have a rubber base weighing at least 30 pounds. Tubular markers that are 42" tall or more shall have four bands of reflective material as detailed for 42" cones on BC(10). Tubular markers less than 42" but at least 36" tall shall have three bands of 3" wide white reflective material spaced 2" apart. Reflective material shall meet DMS-8300, Type A.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TYPICAL DETAILS

W7(TD) - 17

WZ \ I D / - I I							
FILE:	wztd-17.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
4-98	REVISIONS 2-17	0168	05	043		US	60
3-03	2-11	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		AMA		DEAF SM	ΙT	1	37
110							

Opposing

Traffic

of any version

No warranty for the conv

TWO LANE CONVENTIONAL ROAD

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1							
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices					
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11					
7/// 🛧 D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.						
② >3	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11					
3 0" to 3/4" 7 D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".						
Notched Wedge Joint							

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	nal roads	36" >	< 36"
Freeways/ex divided	kpressways, roadways	48" >	48"

SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

Texas Department of Transportation

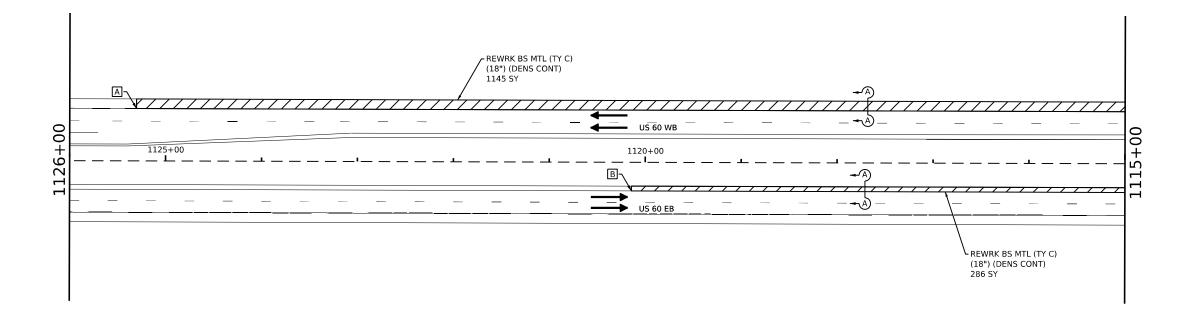
WZ (UL) -13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

DN: I)	(DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
0168	05	043		US	60
DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
AMA	[DEAF SM	IT	1	38
	CONT 0168	CONT SECT	CONT SECT JOB 0168 05 043 DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB 0168 05 043 DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB HIC 0168 05 043 US DIST COUNTY

No warranty of any for the conversion

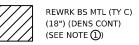
DIVIDED ROADWAY



REMOVAL ITEMS (SHEET 1 OF 4)						
	251					
	REWRK BS MTL					
	(TY B) (18")					
STA	STA	OFFSET	SY			
1115+00	1125+30	WB (R)	1145			
1115+00	286					
	REMOVAL SHEET 1 TOTALS					

TABLE OF POINTS (1 OF 4)							
POINT	STATION	* OFFSET FROM CL					
Α	1125+30	12'-0" WB (R)					
В	1120+14	12'-0" EB (R)					
	POINT A B	POINT STATION A 1125+30					

LEGEND



NOTES:

- ① AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- ② SALVAGE MATERIAL TO BE BLENDED WITH BASE. SUBSIDARY TO ITEM 251.



US 60

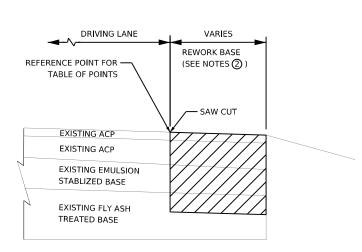
REMOVAL LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'



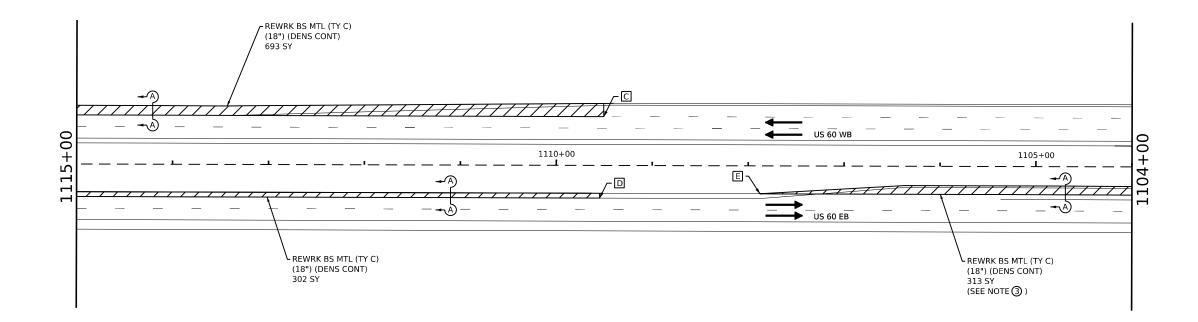
SHEET 1 OF 4

				SHE		OF 4
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
ΔН	СН	0168	05	043	US 60	
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
АН	СН	AMA	DEAF SMITH 39			



SECTION A-A

REMOVAL DETAIL NTS



REMOVAL ITEMS (SHEET 2 OF 4)							
			6082				
	LOCATION						
			(DENS CONT)				
STA	STA	OFFSET	SY				
1109+51	1115+00	WB (R)	693				
1109+55	1115+00	EB (R)	302				
1104+00	1107+88	313					
	REMOVAL SHEET 2 TOTALS						

TABLE OF POINTS (2 OF 4)					
POINT	STATION	* OFFSET FROM CL			
С	1109+51	12'-0" WB (R)			
D	1109+55	12'-0" EB (R)			
E	1107+88	17'-0" EB (R)			

LEGEND



REWRK BS MTL (TY C) (18") (DENS CONT) (SEE NOTE ①)

NOTES:

- ① AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- SALVAGE MATERIAL TO BE BLENDED WITH BASE. SUBSIDARY TO ITEM 251.
- FOR THE AREA SPECIFIED, RESHAPE ROADBED FRONTSLOPE TO A TYPICAL 6:1. EMBANKMENT FROM FRONTSLOPE AND SALVAGE MATERIAL WILL BE ALLOWED. PLACE 6" OF TOPSOIL AS THE FINAL LAYER OF THE FRONTSLOPE. REGRADING OF FRONTSLOPE WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE PERTINENT BED ITEMS.



US 60

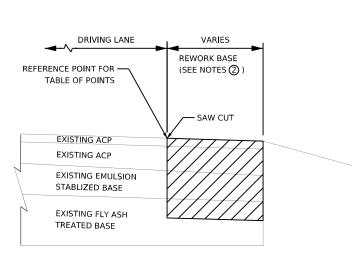
REMOVAL LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'



SHEET 2 OF 4

AH CH 0168 05 043 US 60 DRWN CK DIST COUNTY
AH CH AMA DEAF SMITH



SECTION A-A REMOVAL DETAIL

NTS

REMOVAL ITEMS (SHEET 3 OF 4) 251 6082 LOCATION REWRK BS MTL (TY B) (18") (DENS CONT) OFFSET STA STA SY 1097+85 1104+00 EB (R) & WB(L) 806 1093+00 1095+00 WB (R) 307 1093+00 1097+57 EB (R) 772 1093+00 1097+58 WB(L) 466 REMOVAL SHEET 3 TOTALS 2351

TABLE OF POINTS (3 OF 4)						
POINT	STATION	* OFFSET FROM CL				
F	1098+75	17'-0" WB (L)				
G	1097+95	17'-0" WB (L)				
Н	1097+95	17'-0" EB (R)				
- 1	1097+85	27'-0" WB (L)				
J	1097+85	27'-0" EB (R)				
K	1097+57	17'-0" WB (L)				
L	1097+57	12'-0" EB (R)				
М	1093+00	12'-0" EB (R)				
N	1095+00	12'-0" WB (R)				

* OFFSETS ARE FROM EB OR WB ROADBED CL AS SPECIFIED IN TABLE

LEGEND



REWRK BS MTL (TY C) (18") (DENS CONT) (SEE NOTE ①)

NOTES:

- ① AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
-) SALVAGE MATERIAL TO BE BLENDED WITH BASE. SUBSIDARY TO ITEM 251,
- FOR THE AREA SPECIFIED, RESHAPE ROADBED FRONTSLOPE TO A TYPICAL 6:1. EMBANKMENT FROM FRONTSLOPE AND SALVAGE MATERIAL WILL BE ALLOWED, PLACE 6" OF TOPSOIL AS THE FINAL LAYER OF THE FRONTSLOPE. REGRADING OF FRONTSLOPE WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE PERTINENT BED ITEMS.



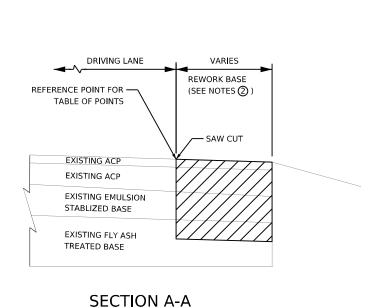
US 60

REMOVAL LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'



SHEET 3 OF 4



REMOVAL DETAIL

NTS

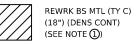
REMOVAL ITEMS (SHEET 4 OF 4) 251 6082 LOCATION REWRK BS MTL (TY B) (18")

			(TY B) (18") (DENS CONT)
STA	STA	OFFSET	SY
1083+99	1093+00	WB (R)	1068
1089+47	1093+00	WB (L)	215
1082+39	1089+22	EB (R)	1073
-	2357		

TABLE OF POINTS (4 OF 4)							
POINT	STATION	* OFFSET FROM CL					
0	1089+47	17'-0" WB (L)					
Q	1083+99	12'-0" WB (R)					
R	1082+39	12'-0" EB (R)					

* OFFSETS ARE FROM EB OR WB ROADBED CL AS SPECIFIED IN TABLE

LEGEND



NOTES:

- ① AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- ② SALVAGE MATERIAL TO BE BLENDED WITH BASE. SUBSIDARY TO ITEM 251.



US 60

REMOVAL LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'



as Department of Transportation

SHEET 4 OF 4

	•			311	C 1 -	1 05 4
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
ΔН	СН	0168	05	043	US 60	
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
АН	СН	AMA	DEAF SMITH 42			

REFERENCE POINT FOR TABLE OF POINTS

EXISTING ACP
EXISTING EMULSION
STABLIZED BASE

EXISTING FLY ASH
TREATED BASE

VARIES

SECTION A-A

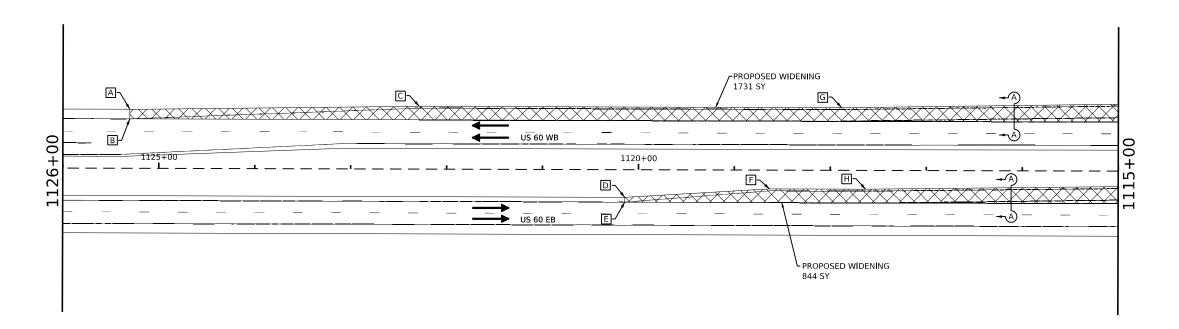
DRIVING LANE

REMOVAL DETAIL NTS

00/9/00;300 - 1/00;+20220+01 3300;000 ON SH

10/23/2023 9:07:57 AM

NTS



				WIDENING I	TEMS (SHEET 1 OF 4)				
			112	247	275	275	310	3077	3077
			6002	6421	6001	6011	6009	6058	6075
			SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B, OR D GR4) (6")	CEMENT (3% AT 21.6 LBS/SY)	CEMENT TREAT (EXIST MATL) (8")	PRIME COAT (MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (660 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)
STA	STA	OFFSET	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	TON	GAL
1115+00	1125+30	WB (R)	10.30	1731	19	1731	433	571	225
1115+00	1120+14	EB (R)	5.14	844	9	844	211	279	110
	WIDEN	NG SHEET 1 TOTALS	15.44	2575	28	2575	644	850	335

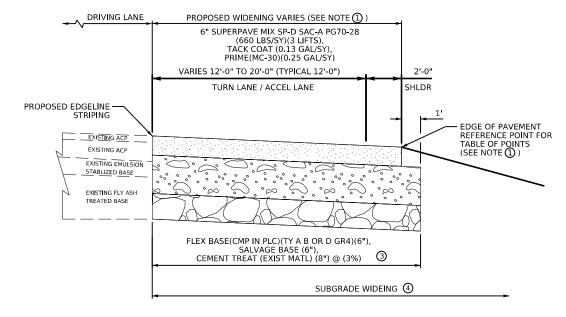


TABLE OF POINTS (1 OF 4)							
POINT	STATION	* OFFSET FROM CL					
Α	1125+30	22'-0" WB (R)					
В	1125+30	12'-0" WB (R)					
С	1122+30	26'-0" WB (R)					
D	1120+14	17'-0" EB (R)					
Е	1120+14	12'-0" EB (R)					
F	1118+64	26'-0" EB (R)					
G	1117+88	26'-0" WB (R)					
Н	1117+63	26'-0" EB (R)					

LEGEND:



PROPOSED WIDENING (SEE NOTE ②)

NOTES:

- ① SEE "TABLE OF POINTS" FOR EDGE OF PAVEMENT OFFSETS FROM ROADBED.
- ② AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 3 SALVAGE MATERIAL TO BE BLENDED WITH BASE. SUBSIDARY TO ITEM 251.
- LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING IN THE CENTER MEDIAN IS TO THE EOP OF THE OPPOSITE ROADBED.
 LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING ON THE OUTSIDE OF ROADBED WILL BE TO THE TIE IN OF DITCH BACKSLOPE.



US 60

WIDENING LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'



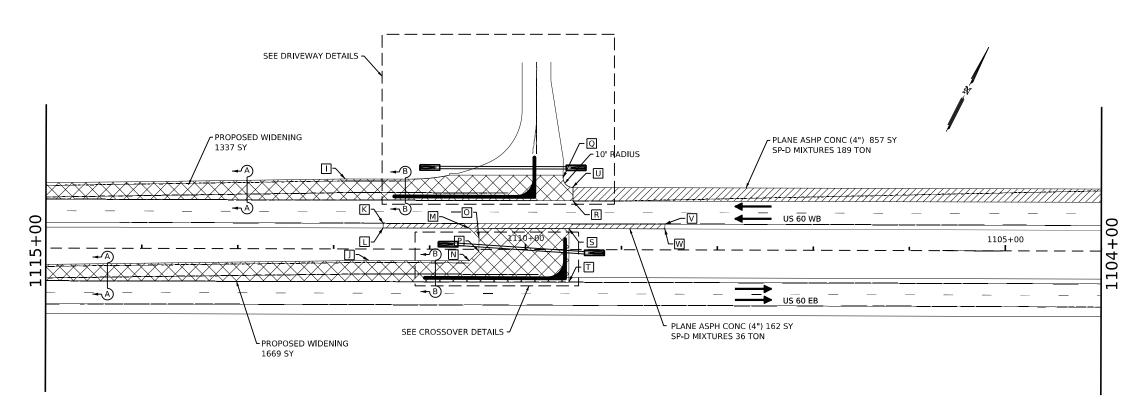
Department of TransportationSHEET 1 OF 4

SECTION A-A

WIDENING DETAIL NTS

9:07:58 AM

0.02 /000 c000 E0 AM



					WIDENING IT	EMS (SHEET 2 OF 4)					
			112	247	275	275	310	354	3077	3077	3077
			6002	6421	6001	6011	6009	6057	6058	6058	6075
	LOCATION		SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B, OR D GR4) (6")	CEMENT (3% AT 21.6 LBS/SY)	CEMENT TREAT (EXIST MATL) (8")	PRIME COAT (MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (4")	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (440 LBS/SY)	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (660 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)
STA	STA	OFFSET	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	SY	TON	TON	GAL
1104+00	1109+51	WB (R)						857	189		
1108+55	1111+49	WB (L)						162	36		
1109+51	1115+00	WB (R)	5.49	1337	14	1337	334			441	174
1109+51	1115+00	EB (R) & WB (L)	5.45	1669	18	1669	417			551	217
	WIDENI	ING SHEET 2 TOTALS	10.94	3006	32	3006	752	1019	225	992	391

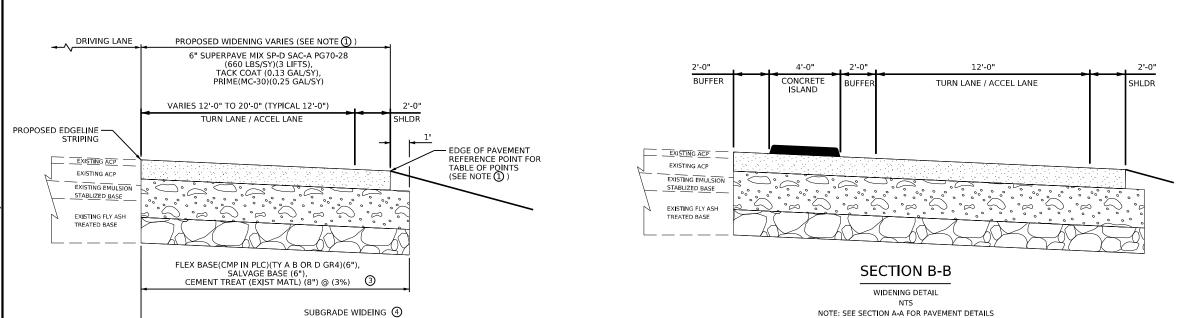


	TABLE OF POINTS (2 OF 4)						
POINT	STATION	* OFFSET FROM CL					
1	1111+88	34'-0" WB (R)					
J	1111+63	34'-0" EB (R)					
K	1111+49	12'-0" WB (L)					
L	1111+49	17'-0" WB (L)					
M	1110+59	17'-0" WB (L)					
N	1110+59	34'-0" EB (R)					
0	1110+49	27'-0" WB (L)					
Р	1110+49	44'-0" EB (R)					
Q	1109+61	34'-0" WB (R)					
R	1109+51	12'-0" WB (R)					
S	1109+55	17'-0" WB (L)					
Т	1109+55	12'-0" EB (R)					
U	1109+51	26'-0" WB (R)					
V	1108+55	12'-0" WB (L)					
W	1108+55	17'-0" WB (L)					

LEGEND:



PROPOSED WIDENING (SEE NOTE ②)



PLANE ASHP CONC (4") 4" SP-D MIXTURES TACK

NOTES:

- ① SEE "TABLE OF POINTS" FOR EDGE OF PAVEMENT OFFSETS FROM ROADBED.
- ② AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 3 SALVAGE MATERIAL TO BE BLENDED WITH BASE. SUBSIDARY TO ITEM 251.
- LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING IN THE CENTER MEDIAN IS TO THE EOP OF THE OPPOSITE ROADBED.

 LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING ON THE

LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING ON THE OUTSIDE OF ROADBED WILL BE TO THE TIE IN OF DITCH BACKSLOPE.



US 60

WIDENING LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'

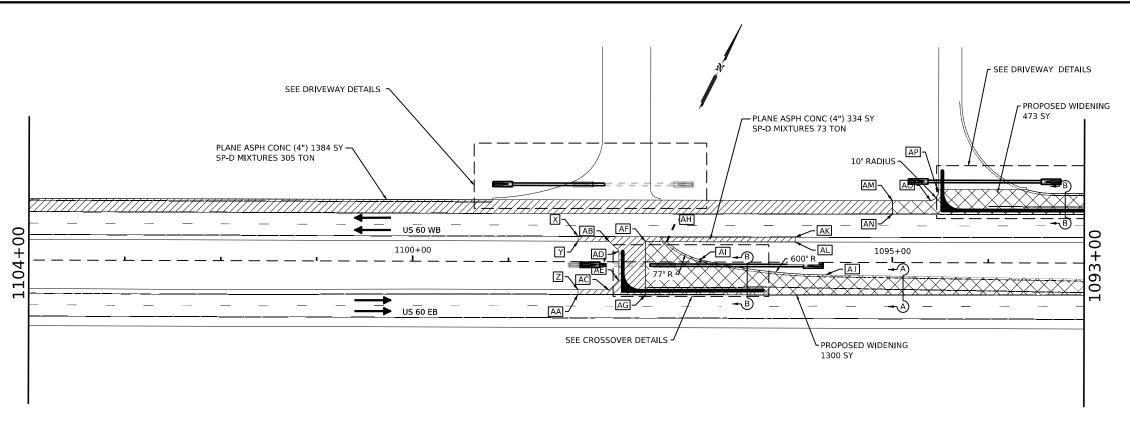


cas Department of Transportation

				311	SHEET Z OF 4			
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
ΑН	СН	0168	05	043		US 60		
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
ΑН	СН	AMA		DEAF SMIT	Н	44		

SECTION A-A

WIDENING DETAIL NTS



					WIDENING IT	TEMS (SHEET 3 OF 4)					
			112	247	275	275	310	354	3077	3077	3077
			6002	6421	6001	6011	6009	6057	6058	6058	6075
LOCATION			SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B, OR D GR4) (6")	CEMENT (3% AT 21.6 LBS/SY)	CEMENT TREAT (EXIST MATL) (8")	PRIME COAT (MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (4")	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (440 LBS/SY)	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (660 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)
STA	STA	OFFSET	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	SY	TON	TON	GAL
1093+00	1095+00	WB (R)	2.00	473	5	473	118			156	61
1093+00	1097+57	EB (R)	4.57	1300	14	1300	325			429	169
1095+00	1104+00	WB (R)						1384	305		
1097+57	1098+28	EB (R) & WB (L)						334	73		
	WIDENI	ING SHEET 3 TOTALS	6.57	1773	19	1773	443	1718	378	585	230

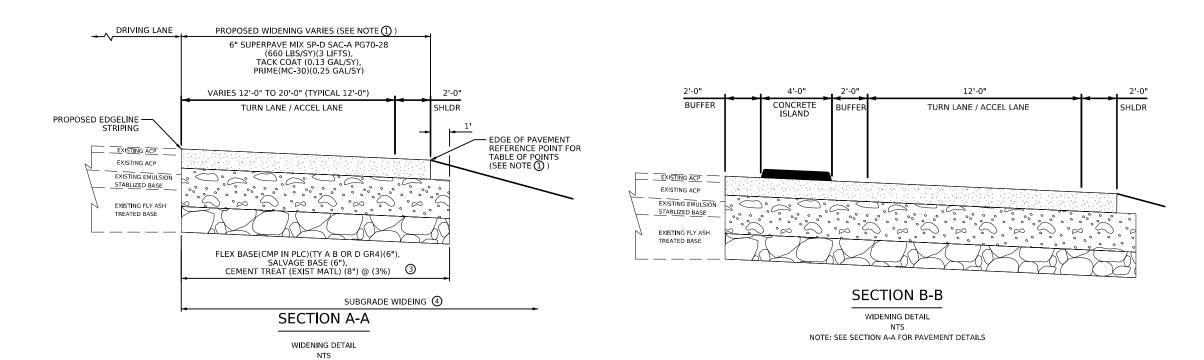


TABLE OF POINTS (3 OF 4)					
POINT	STATION	* OFFSET FROM CL			
Х	1098+28	12'-0" WB (L)			
Υ	1098+28	17'-0" WB (L)			
Z	1098+28	17'-0" EB (R)			
AA	1098+28	12'-0" EB (R)			
AB	1097+95	17'-0" WB (L)			
AC	1097+95	17'-0" EB (R)			
AD	1097+85	27'-0" WB (L)			
AE	1097+85	27'-0" EB (R)			
AF	1097+57	17'-0" WB (L)			
AG	1097+57	12'-0" EB (R)			
AH	1097+35	17'-0" WB (L)			
AI	1097+00	36'-0" WB (L)			
AJ	1095+69	34'-0" EB (R)			
AK	1096+01	12'-0" WB (L)			
AL	1096+01	17'-0" WB (L)			
AM	1095+00	26'-0" WB (R)			
AN	1095+00	12'-0" WB (R)			
AO	1094+60	26'-0" WB (R)			
AP	1094+52	34'-0" WB (R)			

LEGEND:



PROPOSED WIDENING (SEE NOTE ②)



PLANE ASHP CONC (4") 4'" SP-D MIXTURES TACK

NOTES:

- SEE "TABLE OF POINTS" FOR EDGE OF PAVEMENT OFFSETS FROM ROADBED.
- 2 AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 3 SALVAGE MATERIAL TO BE BLENDED WITH BASE. SUBSIDARY TO ITEM 251.
- LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING IN THE CENTER
 MEDIAN IS TO THE EOP OF THE OPPOSITE
 ROADBED.
 LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING ON THE

LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING ON THE
OUTSIDE OF ROADBED WILL BE TO THE TIE IN OF
DITCH BACKSLOPE.



US 60

WIDENING LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'



				2HF	EI 3	OF 4
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
ΔН	СН	0168	05	043		US 60
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
ΑН	СН	AMA		DEAF SMIT	Н	45

				WIDENING	TEMS (SHEET 4 OF 4)				
			112	247	275	275	310	3077	3077
LOCATION		6002	6421	6001	6011	6009	6058	6075	
		SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B, OR D GR4) (6")	CEMENT (3% AT 21.6 LBS/SY)	CEMENT TREAT (EXIST MATL) (8")	PRIME COAT (MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (660 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)	
STA	STA	OFFSET	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	TON	GAL
1082+39	1093+00	EB (R)	10.63	1723	19	1723	431	569	224
1083+99	1093+00	WB (R)	9.01	1755	19	1755	439	579	228
	WIDENIN	G SHEET 4 TOTALS	10.64	3/178	3.0	3/178	870	11/10	452

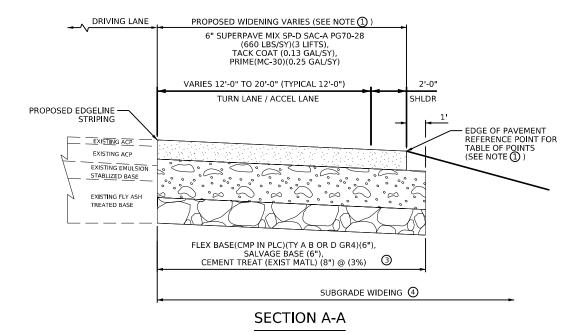


TABLE OF POINTS (4 OF 4)						
POINT	STATION	* OFFSET FROM CL				
AS	1092+51	34'-0" WB (R)				
AT	1086+51	26'-0" WB (R)				
AU	1090+18	26'-0" EB (R)				
AW	1085+54	26'-0" WB (R)				
AX	1085+37	26'-0" EB (R)				
AY	1083+99	22'-0" WB (R)				
ΑZ	1083+99	12'-0" WB (R)				
BA	1082+39	17'-0" EB (R)				
BB	1082+39	12'-0" EB (R)				

LEGEND:



PROPOSED WIDENING (SEE NOTE ②)



PLANE ASHP CONC (4") SP-D MIXTURES

NOTES:

- ① SEE "TABLE OF POINTS" FOR EDGE OF PAVEMENT OFFSETS FROM ROADBED.
- 2 AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- SALVAGE MATERIAL TO BE BLENDED WITH BASE, SUBSIDARY TO ITEM 251.
- (4) LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING IN THE CENTER MEDIAN IS TO THE EOP OF THE OPPOSITE ROADBED.

LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING ON THE OUTSIDE OF ROADBED WILL BE TO THE TIE IN OF DITCH BACKSLOPE.



US 60

WIDENING LAYOUT

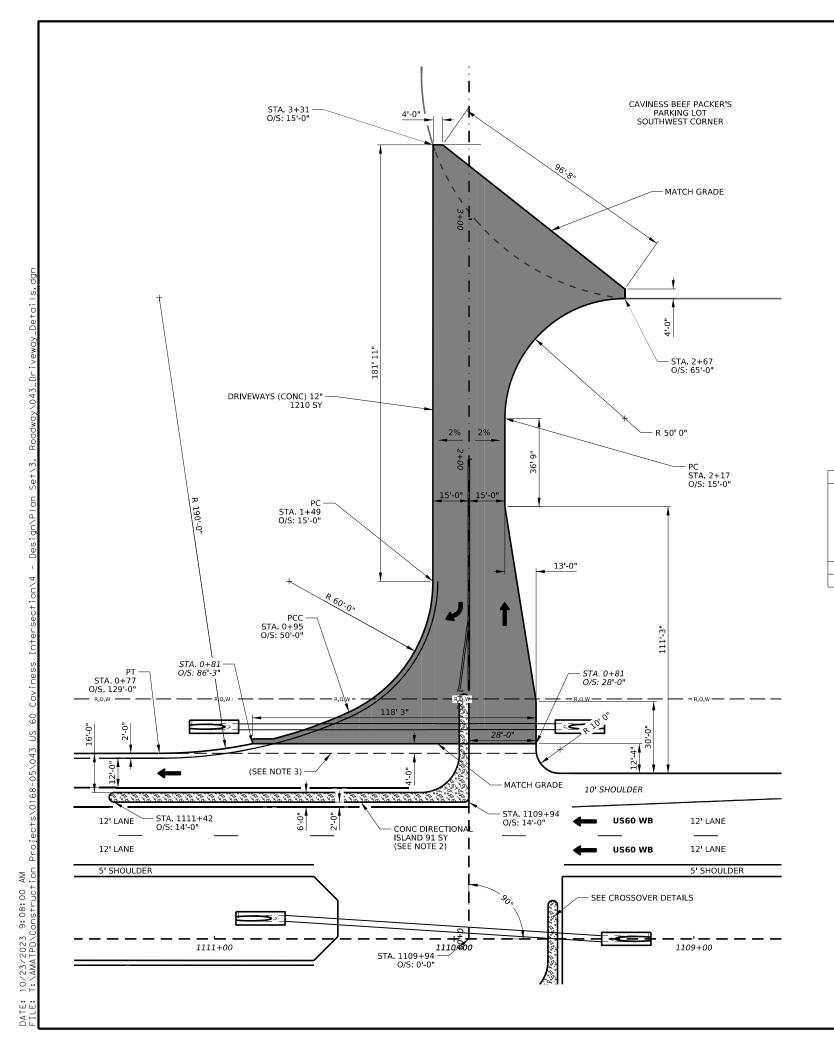
SCALE: 1" = 100'



SHEET 4 OF 4

AH CH 0168 05 043 US 60 AH CH AMA DEAF SMITH

WIDENING DETAIL NTS



12" REINFORCED CONCRETE (SEE NOTE 1)

1" COMPACTED SAND

6" COMPACTED SUBGRADE

DRIVEWAY PAVEMENT DETAIL

NTC

DRIVEWAY ITEMS (SH	HEET 1 OF 3)	
	530	536
	6004	6004
LOCATION	DRIVEWAYS (CONC) (12")	CONC DIRECTIONAL ISLAND
	SY	SY
STA. 1109+89	1210	91
DRIVEWAY SHEET 1 TOTALS	1210	91

LEGEND:



DRIVEWAY (CONC) 12" CONSTRUCTED BY TXDOT



CONCRETE ISLAND

NOTES:

- 1. ITEM 530 CONCRETE DRIVEWAYS: USE CLASS A CONCRETE, GRADE 60 REINFORCING. PLACE #4 REINFORCING BARS ON 12" C-C EACH WAY.
- 2. SEE ISLAND DETAILS SHEET FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 3. SET DRIVEWAY BACK 4'-0" FROM THE NEAREST US 60 EOP.
- 4. DRIVEWAY STA. & O/S ARE BASED ON DRIVEWAY CENTERLINE.
- 5. ISLAND STA, & O/S ARE BASED ON THE ROADBED CENTERLINE FOR WB OR EB ROADWAY.



US 60

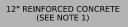
DRIVEWAY DETAILS

SCALE: 1" = 40'



Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 1 OF 3



1" COMPACTED SAND

6" COMPACTED SUBGRADE

DRIVEWAY PAVEMENT DETAIL

NTS

LEGEND:



DRIVEWAY TO BE CONSTRUCTED BY TXDOT



CONCRETE ISLAND



DRIVEWAY TO BE REMOVED

NOTES:

- ITEM 530 CONCRETE DRIVEWAYS:
 USE CLASS A CONCRETE, GRADE 60
 REINFORCING. PLACE #4 REINFORCING
 BARS ON 12" C-C EACH WAY.
- 2. SEE ISLAND DETAILS SHEET FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 3. DRIVEWAY STA. & O/S ARE BASED ON DRIVEWAY CENTERLINE.
- 4. ISLAND STA. & O/S ARE BASED ON THE ROADBED CENTERLINE FOR WB OR EB ROADWAY.

DRIVEWAY ITEMS (SH	IEET 2 OF 3)	
	104	530
	6017	6004
LOCATION	REMOVING CONC (DRIVEWAYS)	DRIVEWAYS (CONC) (12")
	SY	SY
STA.1097+76	187	231
DRIVEWAY SHEET 2 TOTALS	187	231



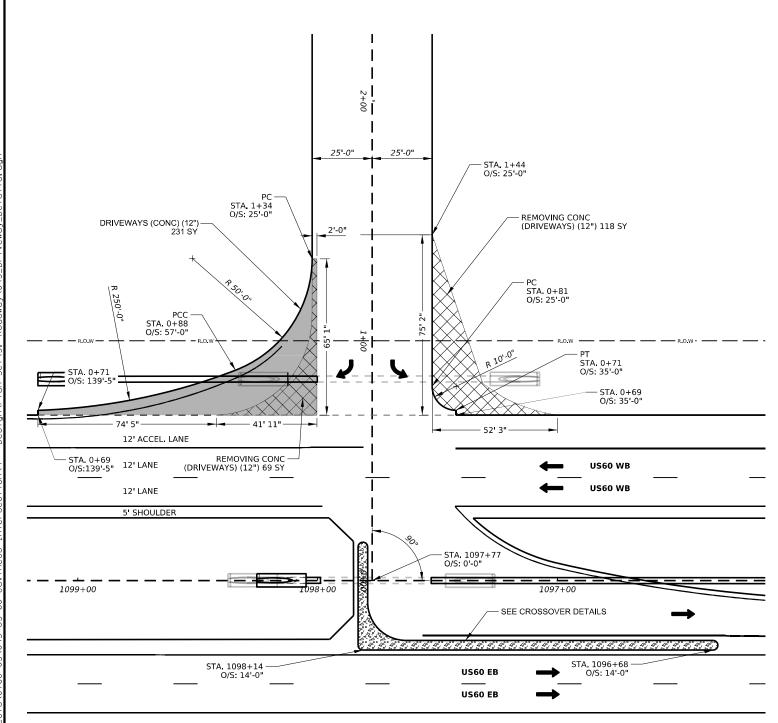
US 60

DRIVEWAY DETAILS

SCALE: 1" = 40'



Department of Transportation
SHEET 2 OF 3



ierts/0168-05/043 US 60 Coviness Intersertion/4 - Design/Plan Set/3 - Roadwo

FUTURE PARKING LOT PC STA. 1+69 O/S: 12'-0" PC -STA, 1+00 O/S: 12'-0" - STA. 1+00 O/S: 45'-1" - DRIVEWAYS (CONC) (12") 155 SY PC -STA. 0+79 O/S: 12'-0" - PT STA. 0+77 O/S: 107'-0" - STA. 0+81 O/S: 80-0" (SEE NOTE 3) STA. 0+69 O/S: 22'-0" 91' 9" MATCH GRADE — - STA. 1093+01 O/S:14'-0" STA. 1094+47 --O/S: 14'-0" 12' LANE 12' LANE **←** US60 WB - CONC DIRECTIONAL -ISLAND 91 SY _(SEE NOTE 2) 5' SHOULDER STA. 1094+39 — O/S: 0'-0"

1094+00

1093+00

1095+00

12" REINFORCED CONCRETE (SEE NOTE 1)

1" COMPACTED SAND

6" COMPACTED SUBGRADE

DRIVEWAY PAVEMENT DETAIL

NTS

DRIVEWAY ITEMS (SH	HEET 3 OF 3)			
	530	536		
	6004	6004		
LOCATION	DRIVEWAYS (CONC) (12")	CONC DIRECTIONAL ISLAND		
	SY	SY		
STA. 1094+39	155	91		
DRIVEWAY SHEET 3 TOTALS	155	91		

LEGEND:



DRIVEWAY TO BE CONSTRUCTED BY CAVINESS BEEF PACKER'S



DRIVEWAY (CONC) (12") TO BE CONSTRUCTED BY TXDOT



CONCRETE ISLAND

NOTES:

- 1. ITEM 530 CONCRETE DRIVEWAYS: USE CLASS A CONCRETE, GRADE 60 REINFORCING, PLACE #4 REINFORCING BARS ON 12" C-C EACH WAY.
- 2. SEE ISLAND DETAILS SHEET FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 3. SET DRIVEWAY BACK 4'-0" FROM THE NEAREST US 60 EOP.
- 4. DRIVEWAY STA. & O/S ARE BASED ON DRIVEWAY CENTERLINE.
- 5. ISLAND STA. & O/S ARE BASED ON THE ROADBED CENTERLINE FOR WB OR EB ROADWAY.



US 60

DRIVEWAY DETAILS

SCALE: 1" = 40'



Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 3 OF 3

LEGEND:



CONCRETE ISLAND

NOTES:

- SEE ISLAND DETAILS SHEET FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 2. ISLAND STA, & O/S ARE BASED ON THR ROADBED CENTERLINE FOR WB OR EB ROADWAY.



US 60

CROSSOVER DETAILS

SCALE: 1" = 30'



cas Department of Transportation
SHEET 1 OF 2

CROSSOVER ITEMS (SHEET 1 OF 2)

536
6004

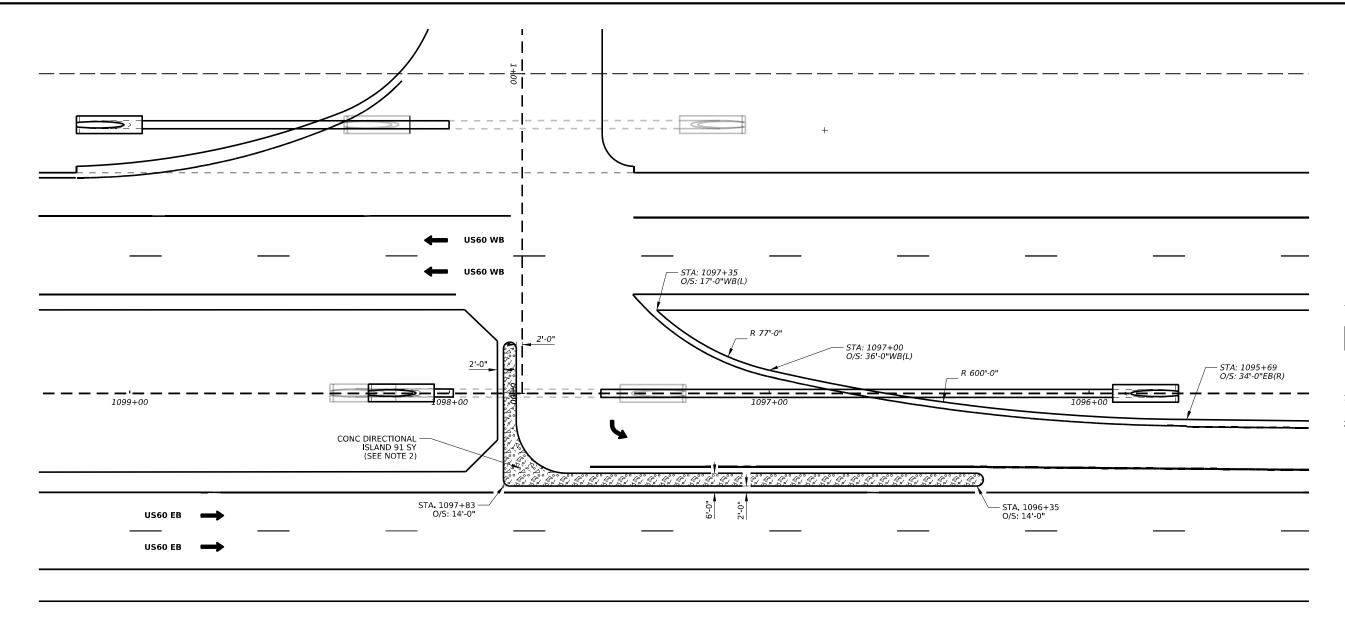
LOCATION

CONC DIRECTIONAL ISLAND

SY

STA. 1109+89
91

CROSSOVER SHEET 1 TOTALS
91



LEGEND:



CONCRETE ISLAND

NOTES:

- 1. SEE ISLAND DETAILS SHEET FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 2. ISLAND STA. & O/S ARE BASED ON THR ROADBED CENTERLINE FOR WB OR EB ROADWAY.



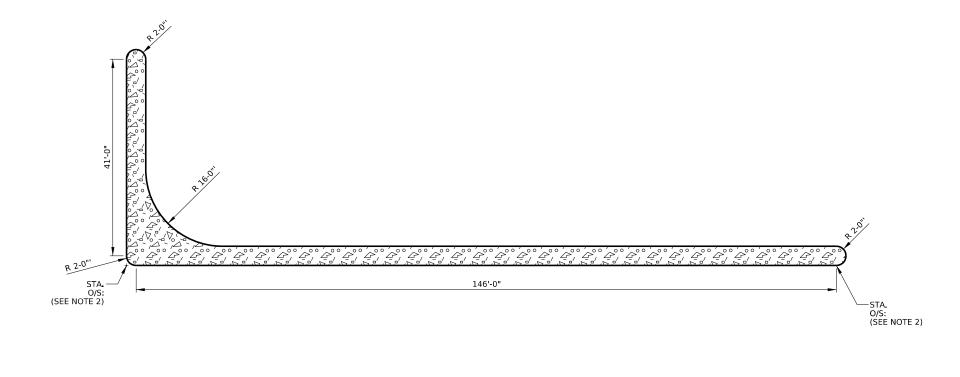
US 60

CROSSOVER DETAILS

SCALE: 1" = 40'

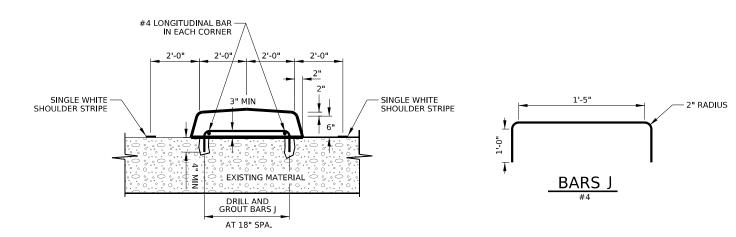


CROSSOVER ITEMS (SHEE	T 2 OF 2)
	536
	6004
LOCATION	CONC DIRECTIONAL ISLAND
	SY
STA, 1097+76	91
CROSSOVER SHEET 2 TOTALS	91



NOTES:

- ITEM 536 CONCRETE DIRECTIONAL ISLAND:
 USE CLASS A CONCRETE & #4 GRADE 60
 REINFORCING BARS
- 2. SEE DRIVEWAY & CROSSOVER DETAILS FOR STA. & O/S



MEDIAN DETAILS SCALE: N.T.S.

US 60

10-23-2023

ISLAND DETAILS

SCALE: 1" = 20'



SHEET 1 OF 1

AH CH 0168 05 043 US 60
 DRWN
 CK
 DIST
 COUNTY

 AH
 CH
 AMA
 DEAF
 SMITH

NO TAPERED EDGE
REQUIRED

HMAC LAYER

HMAC LAYER

TOTAL THICKNESS
2.5" OR LESS

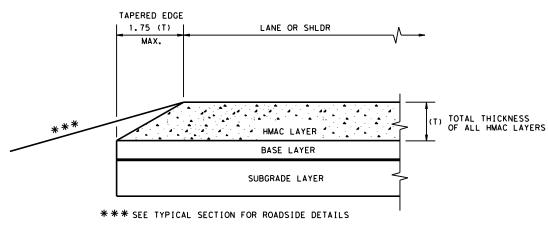
EXIST. PVMT OR BASE LAYER

SUBGRADE LAYER

*** SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR ROADSIDE DETAILS

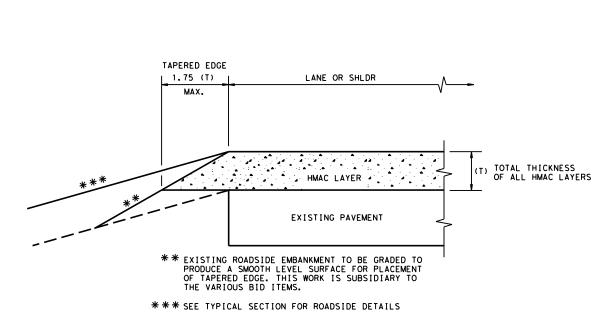
CONDITION - 1

CONDITION - 1 THIN HMAC SURFACES OR HMAC OVERLAY WITH THICKNESS OF 2.5" OR LESS

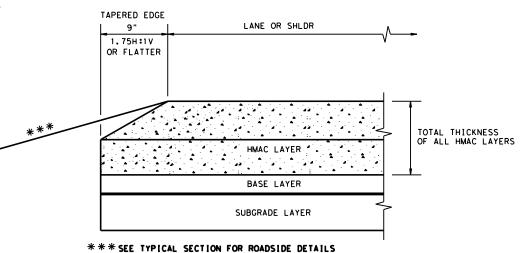


CONDITION - 3

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 2 OVERLAY OF EXISTING PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 4

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

(NOT TO SCALE)

GENERAL NOTES

- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5".
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- 3. PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.

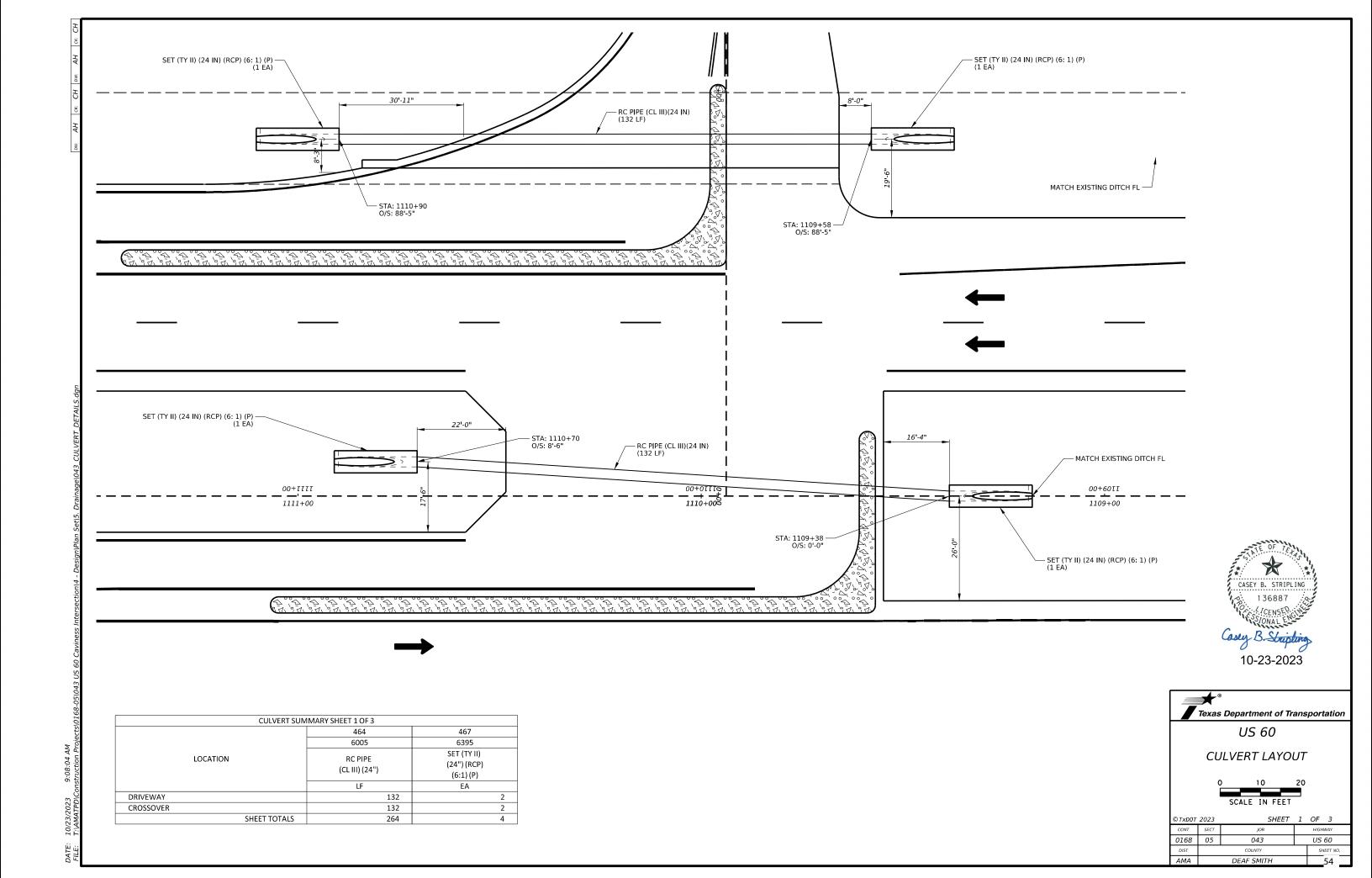


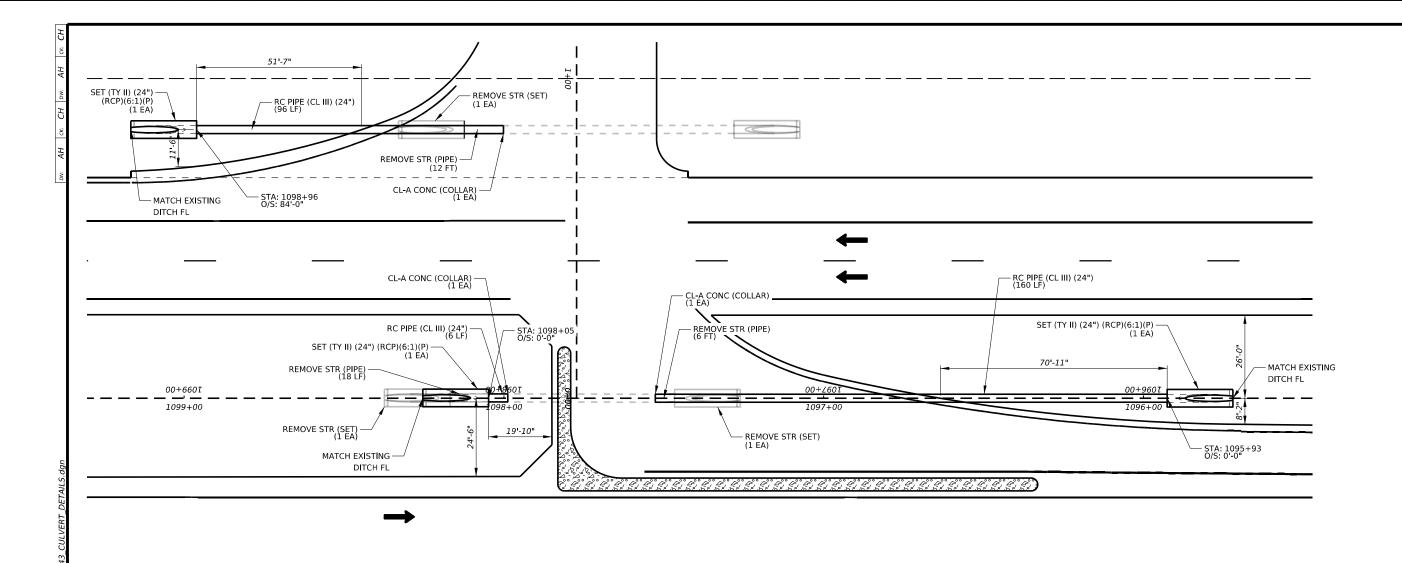
Design Division Standard

TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT

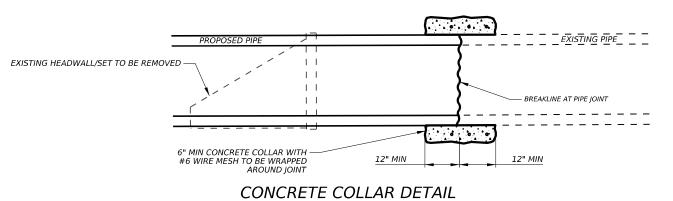
TE (HMAC) - 11

.E: tehmac11.dgn	DN: Tx[TO	ck: RL	DW:	KB	CK:
TxDOT January 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US 60	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	AMA	I	DEAF SM	ΙTΗ	1	53





		CULVERT SUMMARY SHEET 2 (OF 3			
	420 464		467	496	496	
	6009	6005	6395	6004	6007	
LOCATION	CL A CONC (COLLAR)	RC PIPE (CL III) (24")	SET (TY II) (24") (RCP) (6:1) (P)	REMOV STR (SET)	REMOV STR (PIPE)	
	EA	LF	EA	EA	LF	
DRIVEWAY	1	96	1	1	12	
CROSSOVER	2	166	2	2	24	
SHEET TOTALS	3	262	3	3	36	



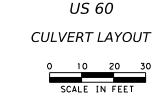
NOTE: WHEN EXTENDING AN EXISTING PIPE CULVERT, A COLLAR WILL BE REQUIRE AT THE JUNCTURE OF NEW AND EXISTING PIPE.

NOTE:

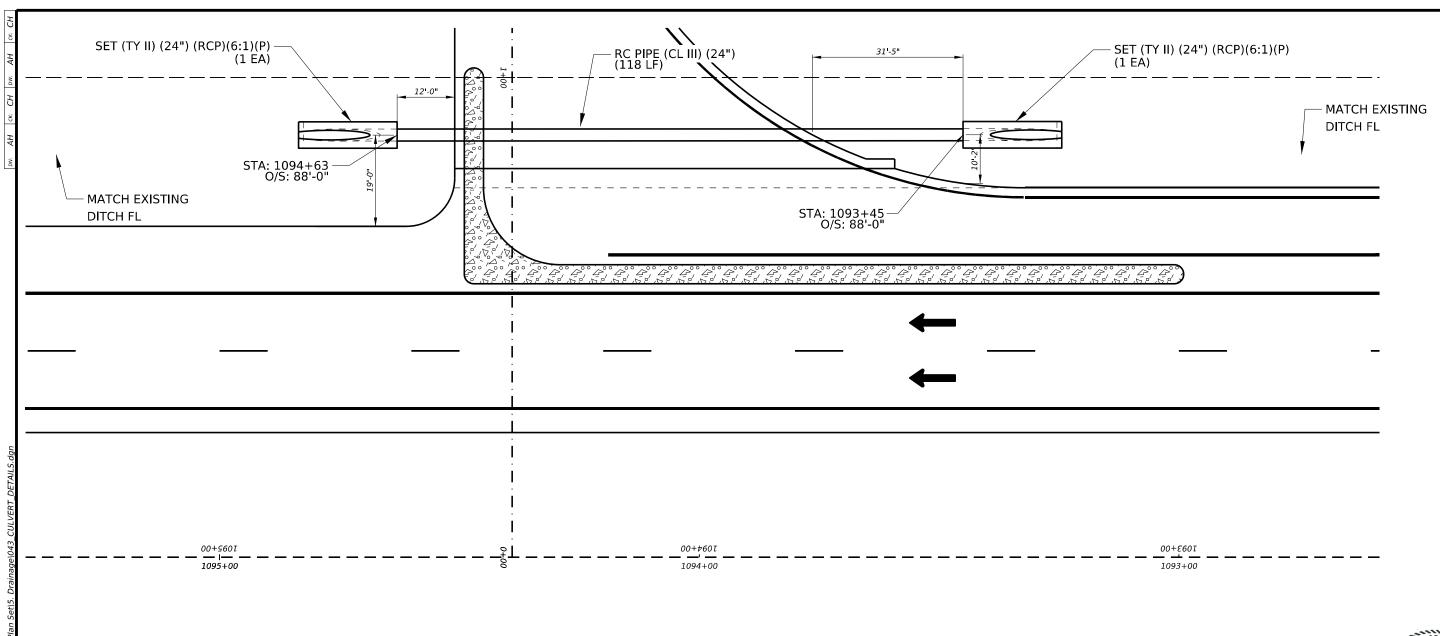
- ADJUSTMENT TO DITCH FLOW LINE TO MAINTAIN DRAINAGE IN THE AREA SPECIFICED IS ADJACENT TO WIDENING. THIS WORK WILL BE SUBSIDARY TO ITEM 112 SUBGRADE WIDEING.
- INSTALL CULVERTS AT THE EXISTING GRADE OF THE DITCH.
- 3 PROPOSED DITCH FLOW LINES WILL MATCH THE EXISTING DITCH GRADE.



Texas Department of Transportation



©TxD0T	2023	SHEET	2	OF 3	
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
0168	05	043	US 60		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
AMA		DEAF SMITH		55	





CULVERT SU	MMARY SHEET 3 OF 3	
	464	467
	6005	6395
LOCATION	RC PIPE (CL III) (24")	SET (TY II) (24") (RCP) (6:1) (P)
	LF	EA
DRIVEWAY	118	2
SHEET TOTALS	118	2

NOTE:

- 1 ADJUSTMENT TO DITCH FLOW LINE TO MAINTAIN DRAINAGE IN THE AREA SPECIFICED IS ADJACENT TO WIDENING. THIS WORK WILL BE SUBSIDARY TO ITEM 112 SUBGRADE WIDEING.
- 2 INSTALL CULVERTS AT THE EXISTING GRADE OF THE DITCH.
- 3 PROPOSED DITCH FLOW LINES WILL MATCH THE EXISTING DITCH GRADE.



CULVERT LAYOUT



©	TxD0T	2023	SHEET	3	OF	3
	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
0	168	05	043		US	60
	DIST		COUNTY		SF	HEET NO.
	MA		DEAF SMITH			56

CROSS PIPE LENGTHS, REQUIRED PIPE SIZES, AND RIPRAP QUANTITIES

Nominal Culvert I.D.	Conc Riprap (CY) 6	Pipe Culvert Spa ~ G	Single Barrel ~ Q1	Multi- Barrel ~ Q1	Q2	Conditions for Use of Cross Pipes	Cross Pipe Sizes	
12"	0.6	0' - 9"	N/A	2' - 1"	1' - 9"			
15"	0.7	0' - 11"	N/A	2' - 5"	2' - 2"			
18"	0.8	1' - 2"	N/A	2' - 10"	2' - 8"	3 or more pipe culverts	3" Std	
21"	0.9	1' - 4"	N/A	3' - 2"	3' - 1"		(3.500" O.D.)	
24"	0.9	1' - 7"	N/A	3' - 6"	3' - 7"			
27"	1.0	1' - 8"	N/A	3' - 10"	3' - 11"	3 or more pipe culverts		
30"	1.1	1' - 10"	N/A	4' - 2"	4' - 4"	2 or more pipe culverts	3 ½" Std (4.000" O.D.)	
33"	1.2	1' - 11"	4' - 2"	4' - 5"	4' - 8"	All pipe culverts	(4.000 0.D.)	
36"	1.3	2' - 1"	4' - 5"	4' - 9"	5' - 1"	All pipe culverts	4" Std	
42"	1.5	2' - 4"	4' - 11"	5' - 5"	5' - 10"	All pipe cuiverts	(4.500" O.D.)	
48"	1.7	2' - 7"	5' - 5"	6' - 0"	6' - 7"			
54"	2.0	3' - 0"	5' - 11"	6' - 9"	7' - 6"			
60"	2.2	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	7' - 4"	8' - 3"	All pipe culverts	5" Std	
66"	2.4	3' - 3"	6' - 11"	7' - 10"	8' - 9"		(5.563" O.D.)	
72"	2.7	3' - 4"	7' - 5"	8' - 5"	9' - 4"			

- 1 The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vehicle safety. Place the top of the first cross pipe no more than 6" above the flow line.
- 2 Provide cross pipes, except the first bottom pipe, of the size shown in the table. Provide a 3 1#2" standard pipe (4" O.D.) for the first bottom pipe.
- (3) Install the third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert using a bolted connection. Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access. At the Contractor's option, install all other cross pipes using the bolted connection details.
- 4 Match cross slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Cross slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (5) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
- Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for contractor's information only.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete"
Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel
reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.
Provide cross pipes that meet the requirements of ASTM A53
(Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 (Gr B), or API 5LX52.
Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

GENERAL NOTES:

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute. March 1981.

Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432 "Riprap."

with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap."

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the Price
Bid for each Safety End Treatment.



Division Standard

(2)

SAFETY END TREATMENT
FOR 12" DIA TO 72" DIA
PIPE CULVERTS
TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

SETP-PD

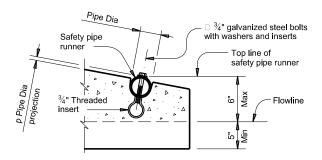
CD-SET	P-PD-20.dgn	DN: GAF		CK: CAT DW:		JRP	ск: GAF
xDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0168 05 043		US 60			
		DIST		COUNTY	′	SHEET NO.	
		AMA		DEAF SM	IT I	н	57

8:42:06

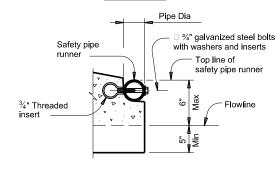
9/19/2023

Pipe Dia Safety pipe runner 3/4" galvanized steel bolts 3/4" Threaded

INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS



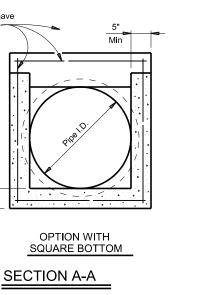
OPTION A



OPTION B

END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)



Unit length (varies)

Eq Spa at 24" Max

PLAN

(Showing bell end connection.)

Safety pipe runner

(Typ) (if required)

LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION

(Showing bell end connection.)

Reinforcing to have

Flowline

Cement stabilized

bedding and backfill

Top face of safety end treatment

□ Safetv

pipe runner

Optional casting line for toewall

24" Max

Safety Pipe Runners (if required)

1'-0"

Optional

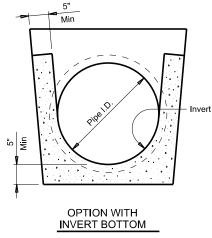
(1)

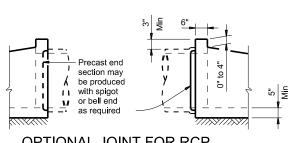
step slope

6" 5

MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATION

Min





OPTIONAL JOINT FOR RCP

(Showing joint between RCP and precast safety end treatment.)

REQUIREMENTS FOR **CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS**

D	RCP	TP Wall				Pipe Ru Requ			quired Pipe unner Size	
Pipe I.D.	Wall "B" Thickness	Thickness	"D"	Slope	Min Length	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia.	O.D.	I.D.
12"	2"	1.15"	17.00"	6:1	4' - 9"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
15"	2 1/4"	1.30"	20.50"	6:1	6' - 5"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
18"	2 ½"	1.60"	24.00"	6:1	8' - 0"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
24"	3"	1.95"	31.00"	6:1	11' - 3"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
30"	3 ½"	2.65"	38.50"	6:1	14' - 8"	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
36"	4"	2.75"	45.50"	6:1	17' - 11"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
42"	4 1/2"	2.7"	52.50"	6:1	21' - 2"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"

- (1) Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for grouted connections.
- (2) Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (3) Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- (4) Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."
- (5) Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.
- (6) Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer.
- Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment."

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete

unless noted otherwise Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End Treatment" except as noted below:

A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40) or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" - D12 x D12 or 5"x5" - D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).

B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete (fc = 3,600 psi).

At the option and expense of the Contractor the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished; as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe." Connect TP by grouting. See Pipe and Box Grouted Connections (PBGC) standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment



PRECAST SAFETY END **TREATMENT** TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

PSET-SP

E: CD-PSET-SP-21.dgn	DN: RLV	/	ck: KLR	DW:	JTR	ск: GAF	
TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IGHWAY	
REVISIONS 12-21: Added 42" TP	0168	05	043		U	US 60	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	AMA		DEAF SM	ΙΙΤΙ	н	58	

Naminal	PSET-SC	and PSET-	-SP Standa	PSET-RC and PSET-RP Standards				
Nominal Culvert		,	Side Slope			,	Side Slope	
(Pipe) I.D.	Unit Width "W"	3:1	4:1	6:1	Unit Width "W"	3:1	4:1	6:1
12"	23.0"	0.1	0.2	0.2	16.0"	0.1	0.1	0.2
15"	26.5"	0.2	0.2	0.3	19.5"	0.1	0.2	0.2
18"	30.0"	0.2	0.2	0.3	23.0"	0.2	0.2	0.3
24"	37.0"	0.3	0.3	0.5	30.0"	0.2	0.3	0.4
30"	44.5"	0.3	0.4	0.6	37.0"	0.3	0.3	0.5
36"	51.5"	0.4	0.5	0.7	44.0"	0.3	0.4	0.6
42"	58.5"	0.5	0.6	0.8	51.0"	0.4	0.5	0.7

- (1) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap." When riprap is cast integrally with the precast safety end treatment, this dimension is 1-0" minimum.
- 2 1#2" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A threaded anchor rod with 2 nuts and 2 washers. Galvanize all components in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing." Repair galvanizing that is damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.
- 3 3#4" through holes in walls of safety end treatment for riprap anchor rods may be drilled with rotary (coring or masonry) type drilling equipment or may be formed. Do not use percussive (star) type drilling equipment. If holes are drilled, patch spalls in the inside face of the wall exceeding 1#2" from the holes.
- Provide riprap toe wall when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans or when field conditions require a toe wall.
- (5) Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe culvert. For multiple pipe culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only. Quantities are based on the minimum unit lengths shown on the Precast Saftey End Treatment (SET) standard sheets.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "B" riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap." Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise. The anchor rods shown are always required.

GENERAL NOTES:

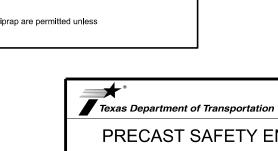
Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."

Refer to PSET-SC or PSET-SP standard sheets for details of square safety end treatments not shown. Refer to PSET-RC or PSET-RP standard sheets for details of round safety end treatments not shown.

For precast units with integrally cast riprap, substitute reinforcing steel in the amount on 0.26 in./ft. minimum for the threaded anchor rods shown. When requested, submit sealed engineering drawings for approval prior to construction. Shop drawings will not be required. Note that a proprietary precast unit with integral riprap is available from L&R Precast Concrete Works, Inc. (956) 583-6293 or www.lrprecast.com. Payment for riprap and toewalls is included in the price bid for each safety end treatment.

These riprap details are only applicable when notes that require placement of riprap with precast safety end treatments are shown elsewhere in the plans.

Precast units with integrally cast riprap are permitted unless noted otherwise on the plans.

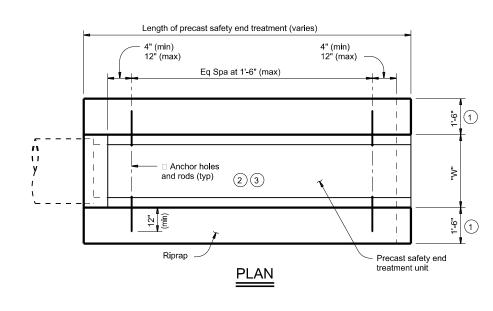


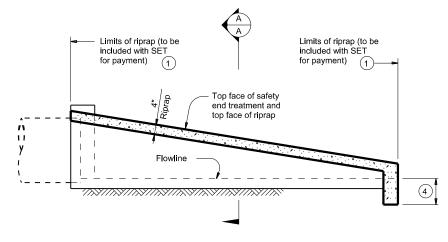
Bridge Division Standard

PRECAST SAFETY END
TREATMENT
TYPE II
RIPRAP DETAILS

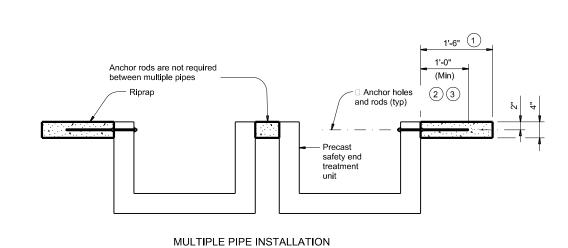
PSET-RR

FILE: CD-PSE	E: CD-PSET-RR-20.dgn			ск: TxDOT	DW:	JRP	ск: (GAF
C TXDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS		05	043	U	US 60		
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		ΔΜΔ		DEAE SM	(TT)	н	50	7

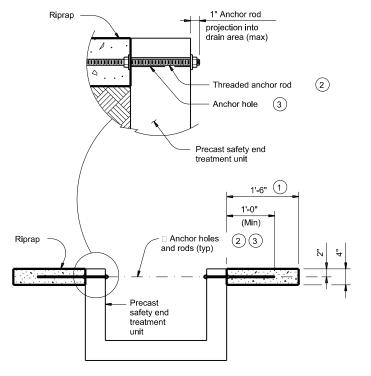




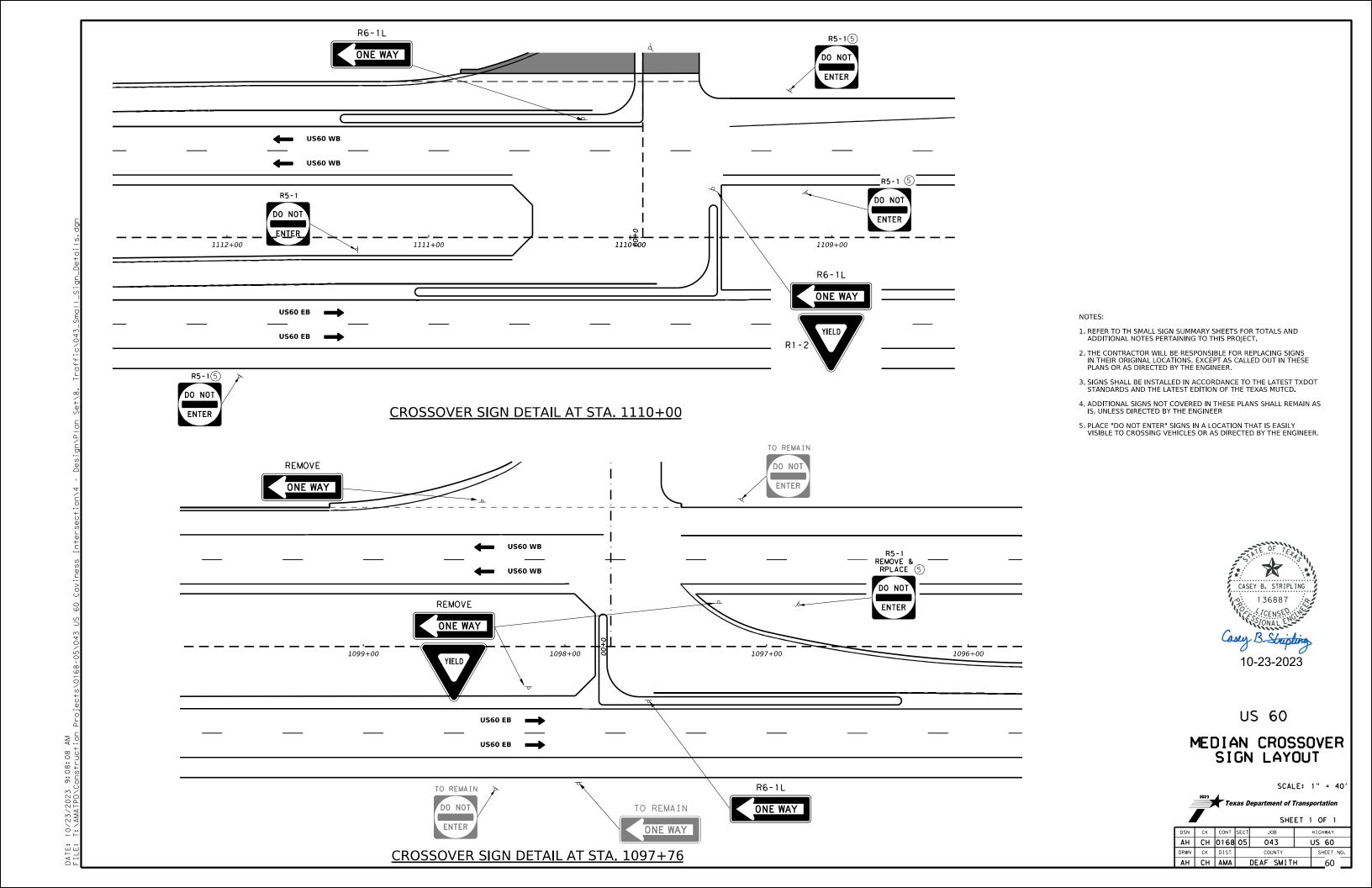
LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION







SINGLE PIPE INSTALLATION



			SUMMARY	OF SN	ΛΛ	LL SIC	N S				
5: 44:					(TYPE A)		D SGN	ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	<u>xx (x-xxxx)</u>	BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANCE
PLAN SHEET	SIGN	SIGN					POSTS		-	TING DESIGNATION	SIGNS
NO.	NO.	NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	ALUMINUM	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG	1 or 2	UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt		D 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel	(See Note 2)
						S80 = Sch 80		WS=Wedge Steel	'	EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign	TYN
						S80 = Sch 80		WP=Wedge Plastic		Panels	TY S
1	1	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36		S80	1	SA	Т		
1	2	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36		S80	1	SA	Т		
1	3	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36		580	1	SA	Т		
1	4	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36		S80	1	SA	Т		
1	5	R6-1L	ONE WAY <in arrow="" left=""></in>	54 x 18		580	1	SA	Т		
1	6	R6-1L	ONE WAY <in arrow="" left=""></in>	54 x 18		S80	1	SA	Р	ВМ	
		R1-2	YIELD	48 x 48 x 48							
1	7	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	\perp	S80	1	SA	Т		
1	8	R6-1L	ONE WAY <in arrow="" left=""></in>	54 x 18		S80	1	SA	Т		
								1			l

ALUMINUM SIGN BI	ANKS THICKNESS				
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness				
Less than 7.5	0.100"				
7.5 or greater	0.125"				

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

NOTE:

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

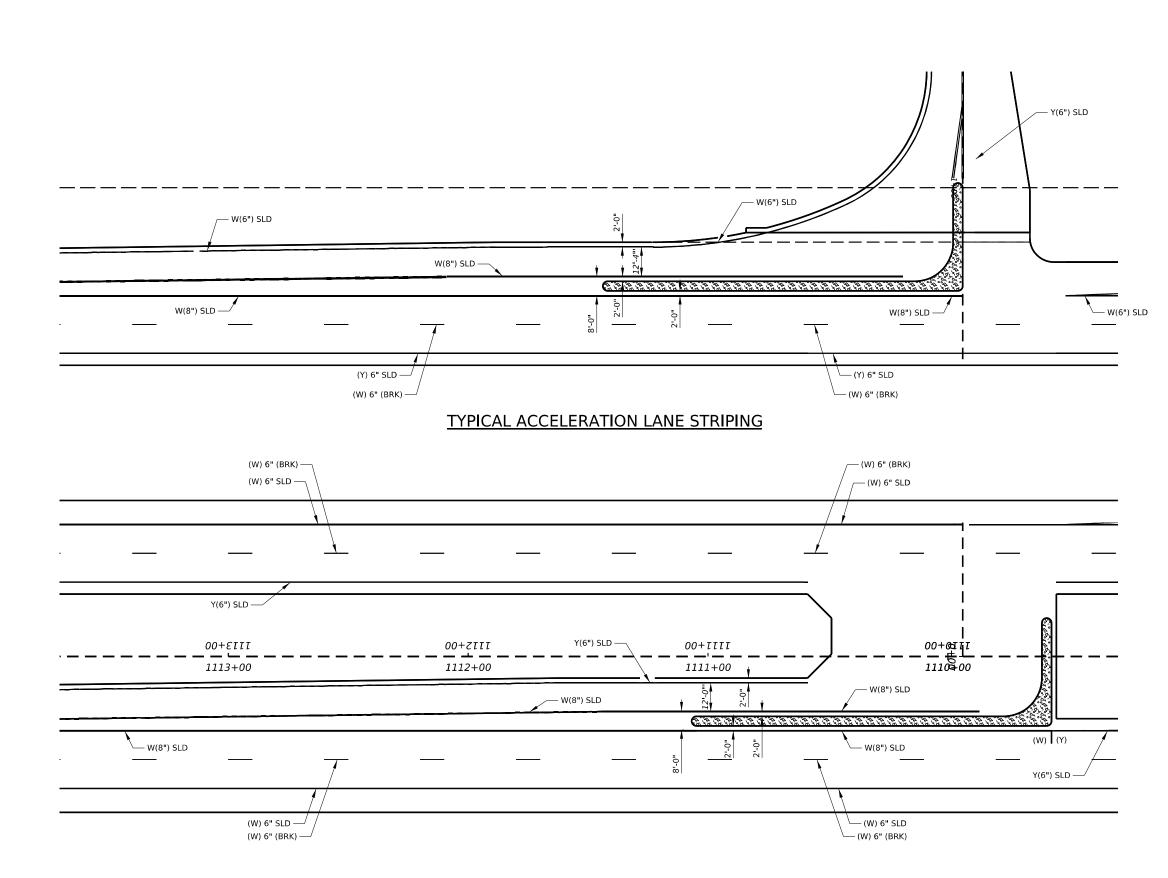


Traffic Operations Division Standard

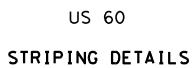
SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

SOSS

10		AMA		DEAF SM	II TI	Н	61
-16 -16		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
1.0	REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US 60	
TxDOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	GHWAY
.E:	sums16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT



TYPICAL TURN LANE STRIPING



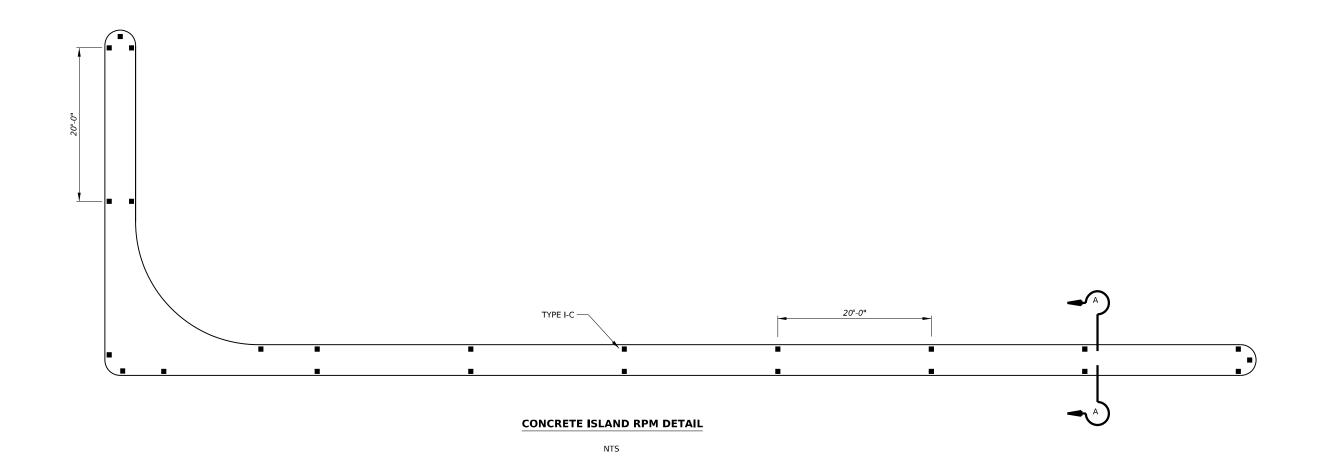
10-23-2023

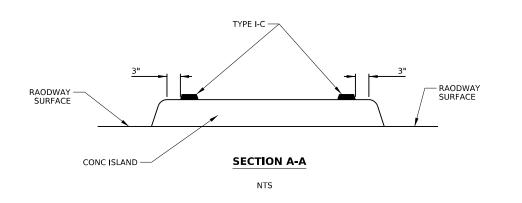
SCALE: 1" = 40'

Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 1 OF 2

	_			2HF	EI I	OF Z
DS	N CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
ΔI	1 CH	0168	05	043		US 60
DRV	N CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
Al	1 CH	AMA		DEAF SMIT	Н	62





RPM SUMMARY TABLE			
	672 6007		
LOCATION	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C		
	EA		
STA. 1110+00 (WB) AT DRIVEWAY	25		
STA. 1110+00 (EB) AT CROSSOVER	25		
STA. 1098+00 (EB) AT CROSSOVER	25		
STA. 1094+00 (WB) AT DRIVEWAY	25		
TOTAL:	100		



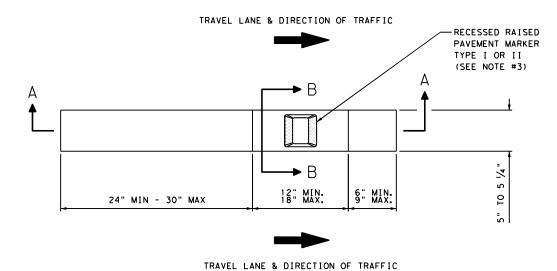
US 60

STRIPING DETAILS

NTS

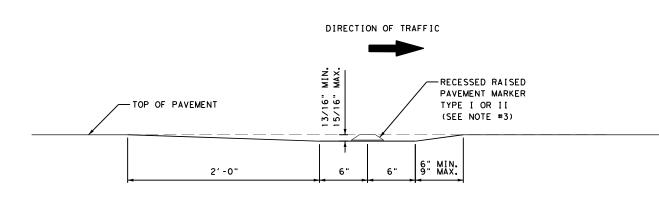


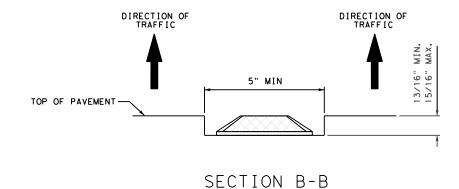
RECESSED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER DETAIL FOR FREEWAYS OR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS



PLAN VIEW

SECTION A-A





LEGEND

BI-DIRECTIONAL RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER
TYPE II (SEE NOTE #3).

MONO-DIRECTIONAL RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER TYPE I.

NOTES

- DEPTH AND WIDTH OF GROOVE MAY BE ADJUSTED SLIGHTLY TO FIT PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS OF MARKER SELECTED IF APPROVED IN ADVANCE BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. ALL PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIALS WILL MEET THE REQUIRED DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR 6362.
- 3. SEE ELSEWHERE IN PLANS FOR SPECIFIED TYPE AND REFLECTORIZED SURFACE LIGHT COLOR.



AMARILLO DISTRICT RECESSED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER DETAIL FOR FREEWAYS OR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

SCALE: N.T.S.



FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

this standary TxDOT for

GENERAL NOTES

 \Diamond

 \Diamond

➾

➾

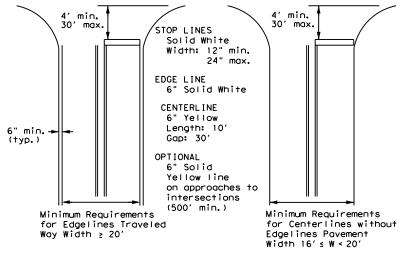
3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

ف

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways

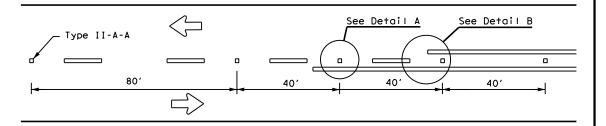


TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PM(1)-22

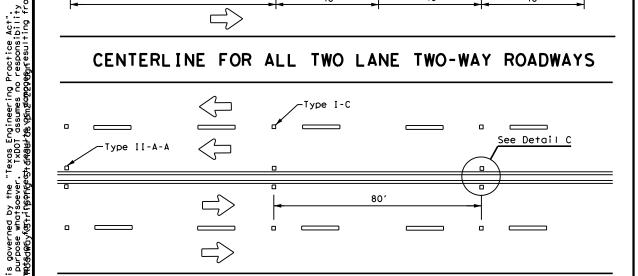
E: pm1-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS -78 8-00 6-20	0168	05	043	ι	JS 60
-95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-00 2-12	AMA		DEAF SM	IITH	65
1					

REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

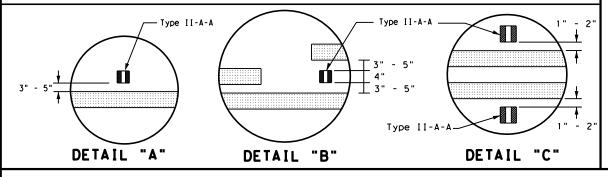


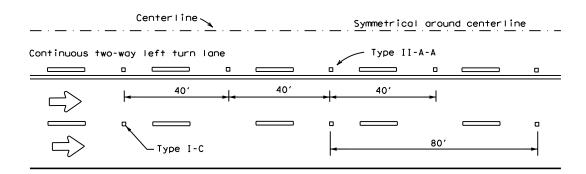
No warranty of any for the conversion

CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

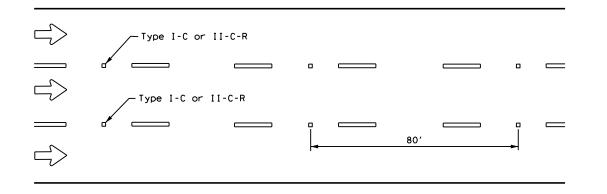


CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



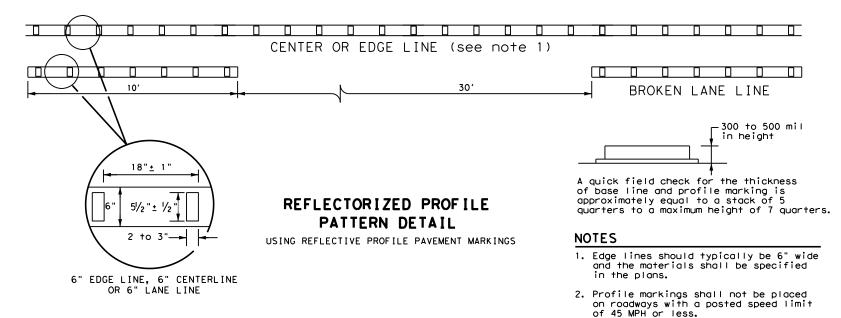


CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

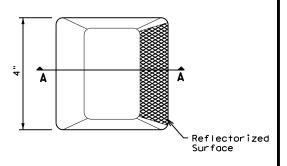


GENERAL NOTES

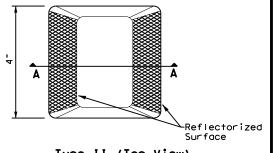
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
l	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

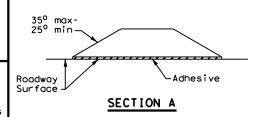
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

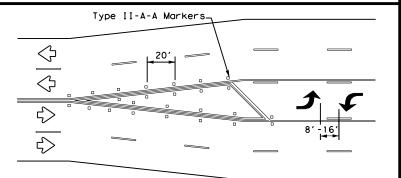
POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

ILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
C)TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20	0168	05	043		US	60
4-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	AMA		DEAF SM	(ITH	4	_66

1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on_street parking in_what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.

- 2. On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

	D WARNING	
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (f†)
30 MPH	460	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$
35 MPH	565	L= WS
40 MPH	670	00
45 MPH	775	
50 MPH	885	
55 MPH	990	
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS
65 MPH	1,200	
70 MPH	1,250	
75 MPH	1,350	



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

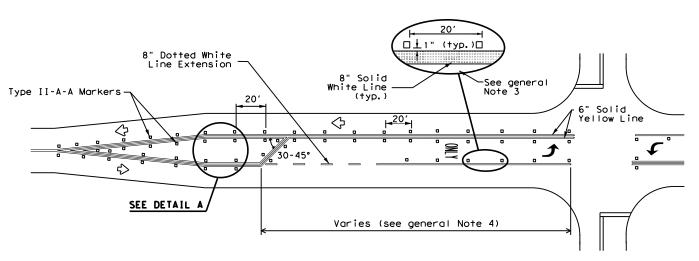
TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

GENERAL NOTES

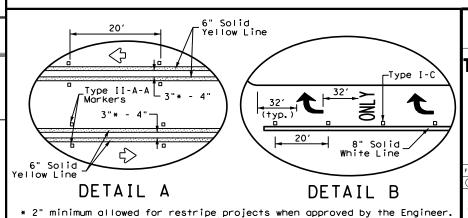
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used. two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS				
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200			
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100			
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130			
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200			
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220			
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240			

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



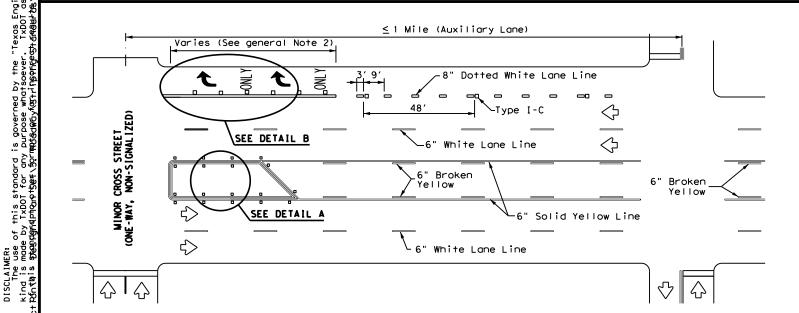
TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS



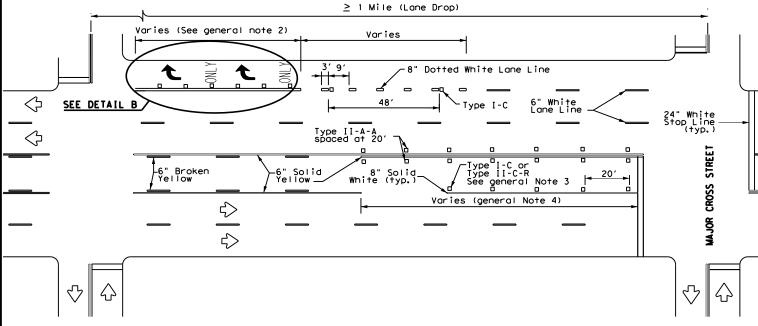


'WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3) - 22

FILE: pm3-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-98 3-03 6-20	0168	05	043		US 60
5-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 2-12	AMA		DEAF SM	IITH	67



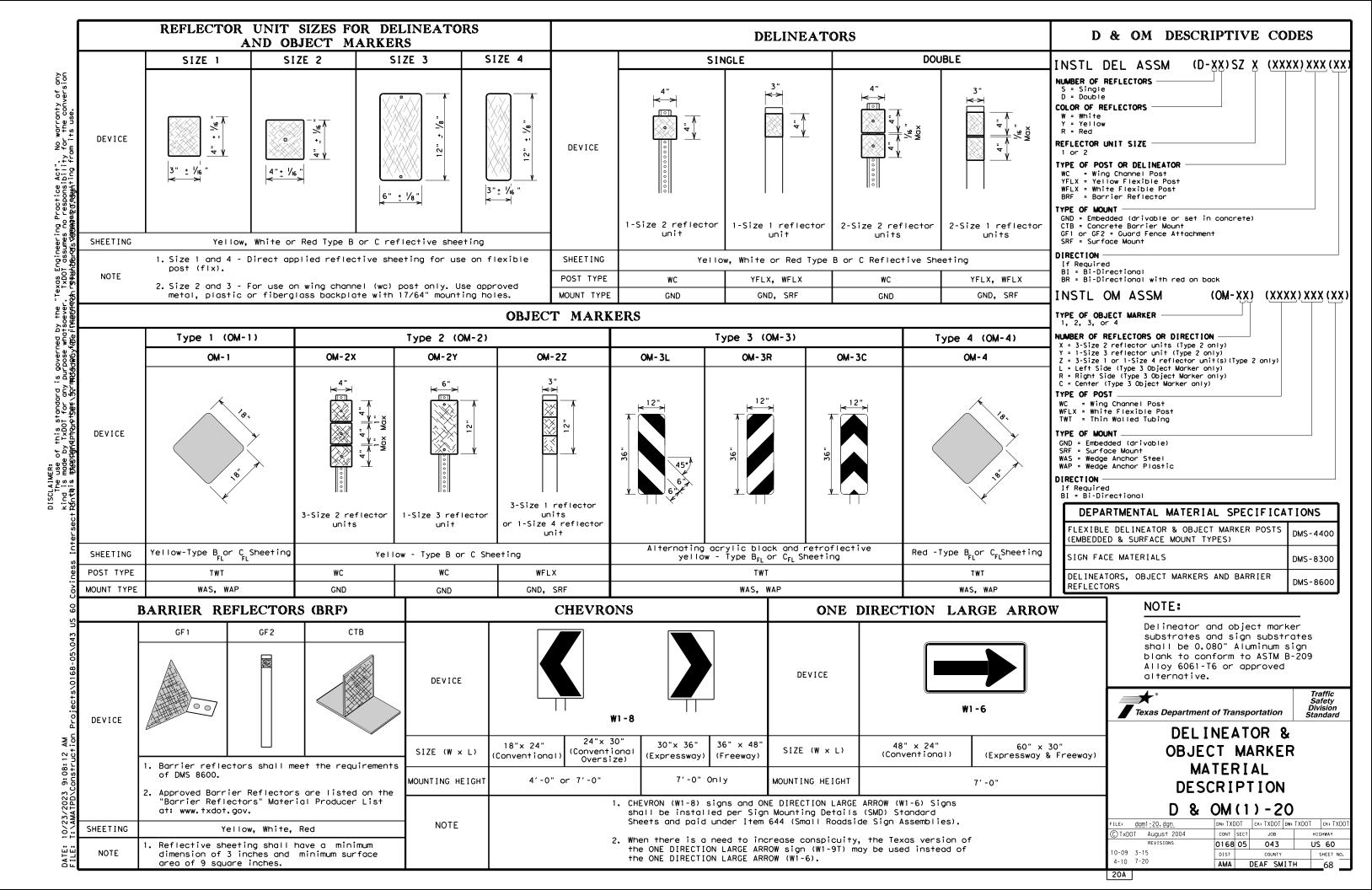
TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE

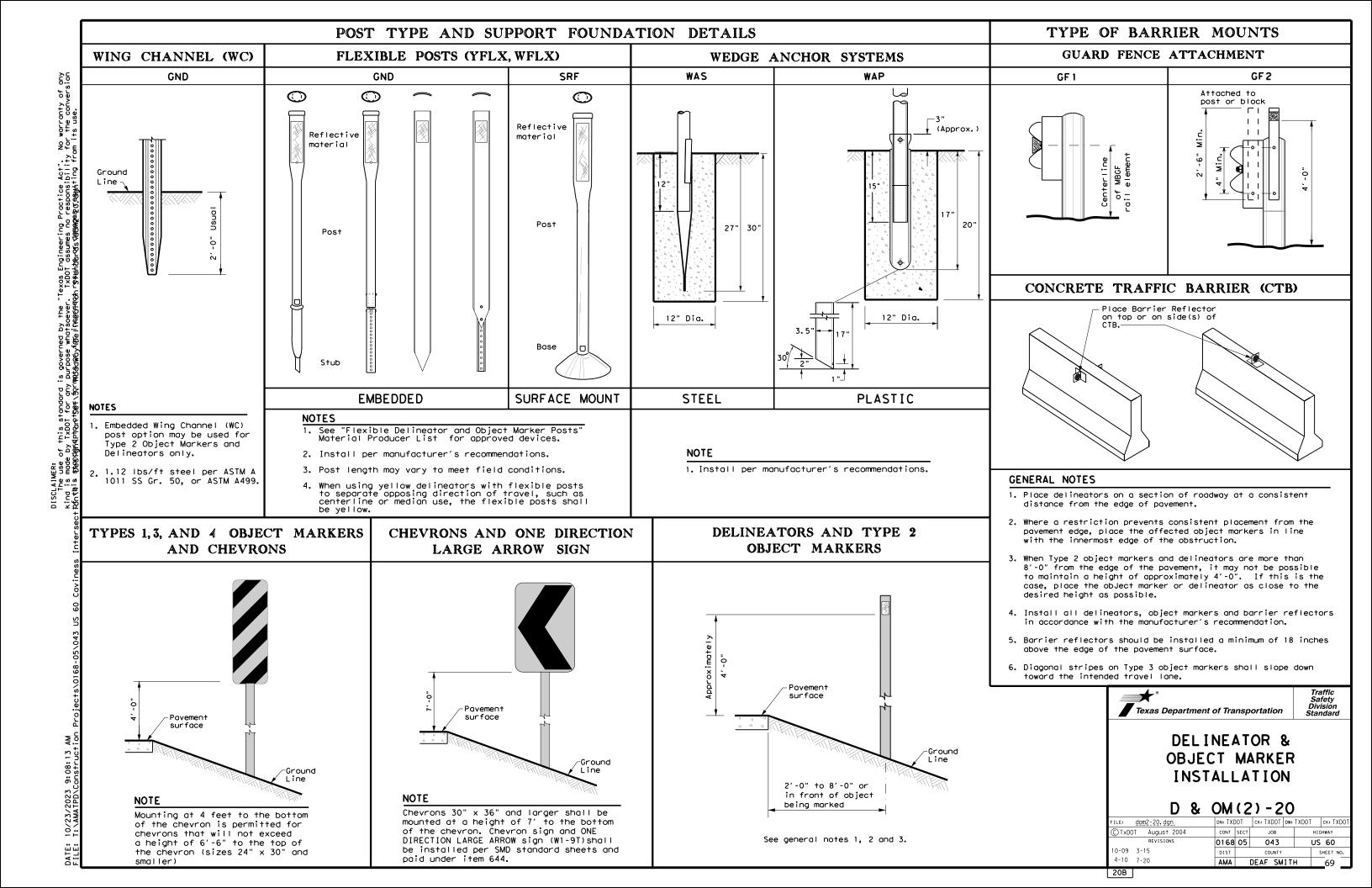


TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

warranty of any the conversion

δ¢.



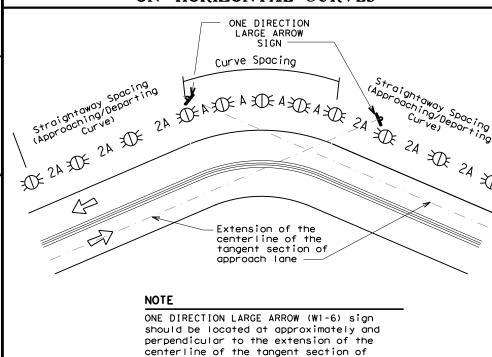


MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed				
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)			
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs			
15 MPH & 20 MPH	 RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign 	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.			
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of	• RPMs and Chevrons			

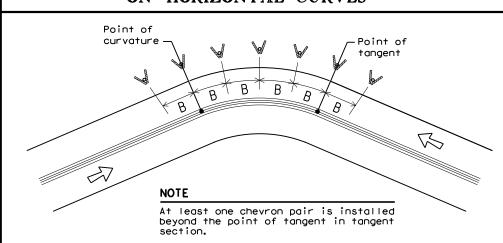
SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

chevrons



SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

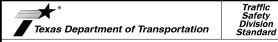
If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR	AND	OBJECT	MARKER	APPLICATION	AND	SPACING	

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provide by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
		See D & OM (5)
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND				
₩	Bi-directional Delineator			
\mathbb{R}	Delineator			
4	Sign			

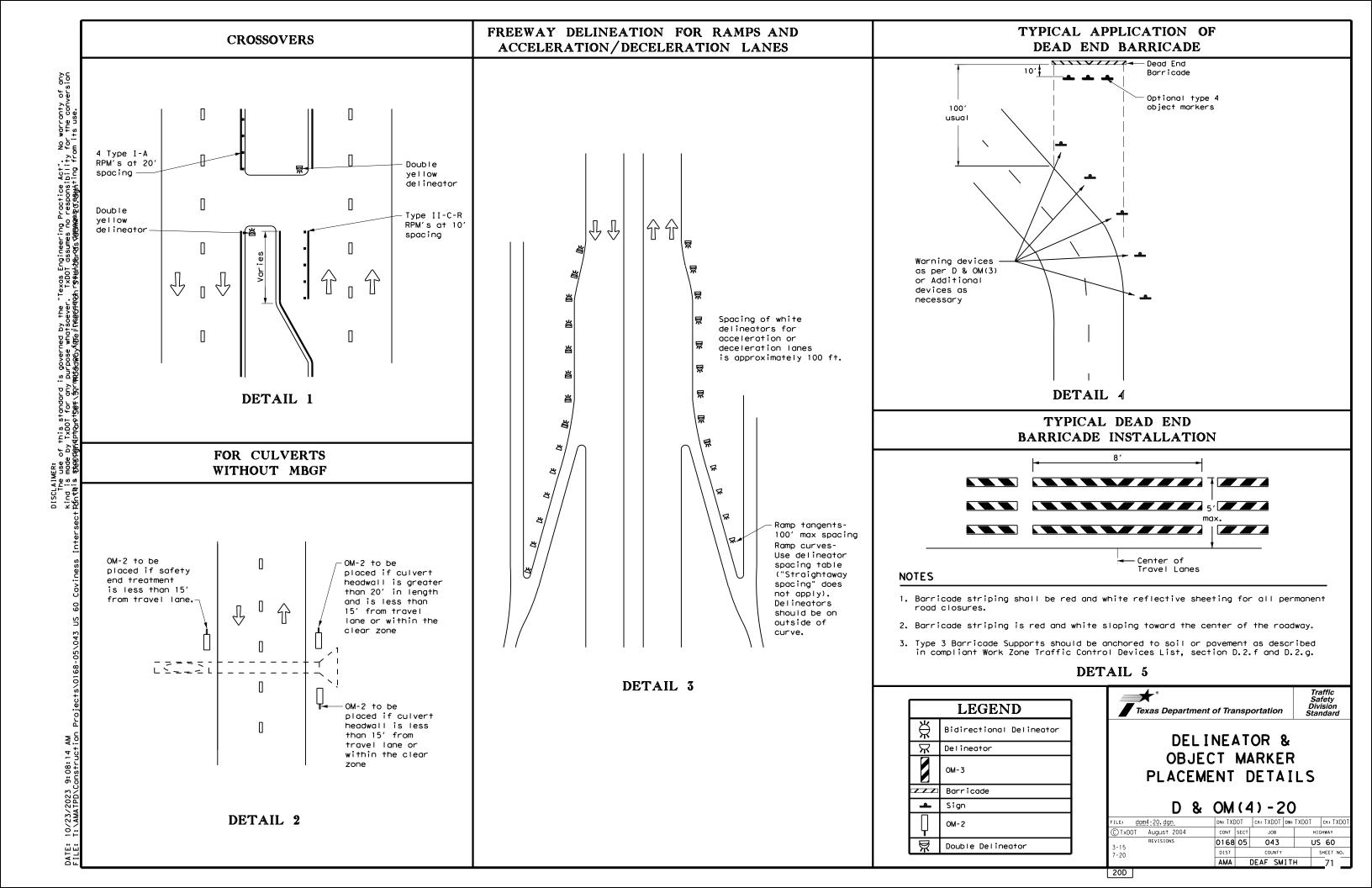


DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3)-20

		. •	_	•	
ILE:dom3-20,dgn	DN: TX[TOO	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
	0168	05	043		US 60
15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-15 7-20	AMA		DEAF SM	ITH	70

20C



20E

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))

SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

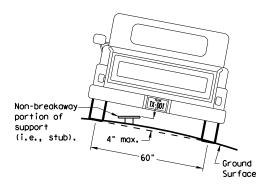
P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

IF REQUIRED 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

Not Acceptable

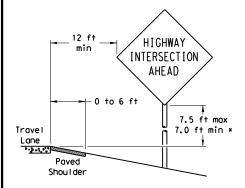
7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

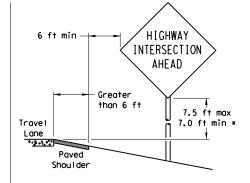
SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

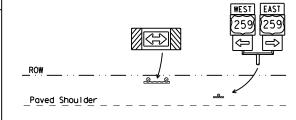
T-INTERSECTION

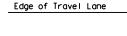
12 ft min

← 6 ft min

7.5 ft max

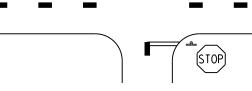
7.0 ft min *





Travel

Lane



* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:

(1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the

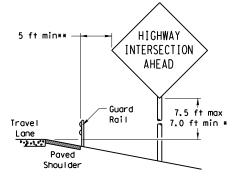
grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

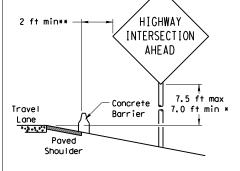
See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *

HIGHWAY

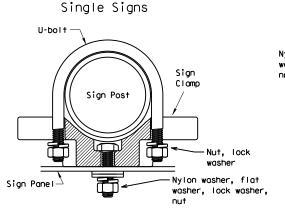
INTERSECTION

AHEAD

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle



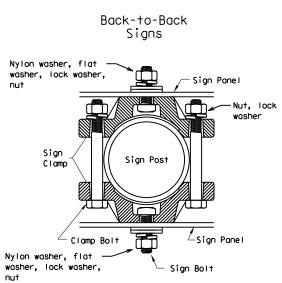
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



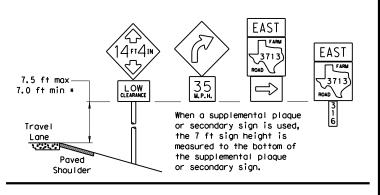
diameter

circle

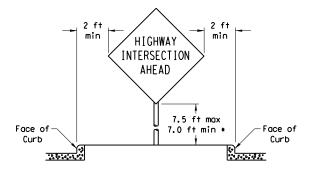
Acceptable

	Approximate Bolt Length					
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp				
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"				
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"				
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"				

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



Right-of-way restrictions may be created

Maximum

Travel

Lane

factors.

possible

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

by rocks, water, vegetation, forest,

buildings, a narrow island, or other

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) - 08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT CK: TXDOT	
-08 REVISIONS	CONT SECT JOB		HIGHWAY			
	0168	05	043		US 60	
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	ΔΜΔ		DFAF SI	ИIT	н	7/

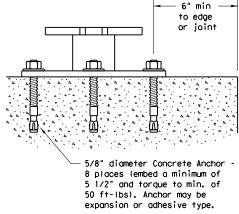
10 BWG Tubing or Keeper Plate Schedule 80 Pipe (See General Note 3) Slip Base \Box 5/8" structural bolts (3), nuts (3), and washers Washers (6) per ASTM A325 if required by or A449 and manufacture galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." Bolt length is 2 1/2". 3/4 " diameter hole. 36" Provide a 7" x 1/2" diameter rod or #4 rebar. Class A concrete 42 12" min. 24" max. Non-reinforced concrete footing (shall be used unless noted elsewhere in the plans). Foundation should take approx. 2.5 cf of concrete. 12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883" Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895" Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable. motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

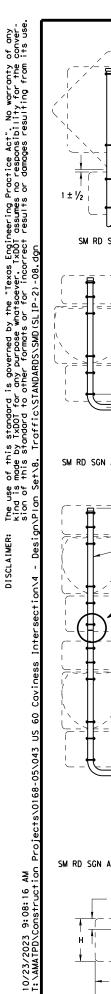
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lame) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



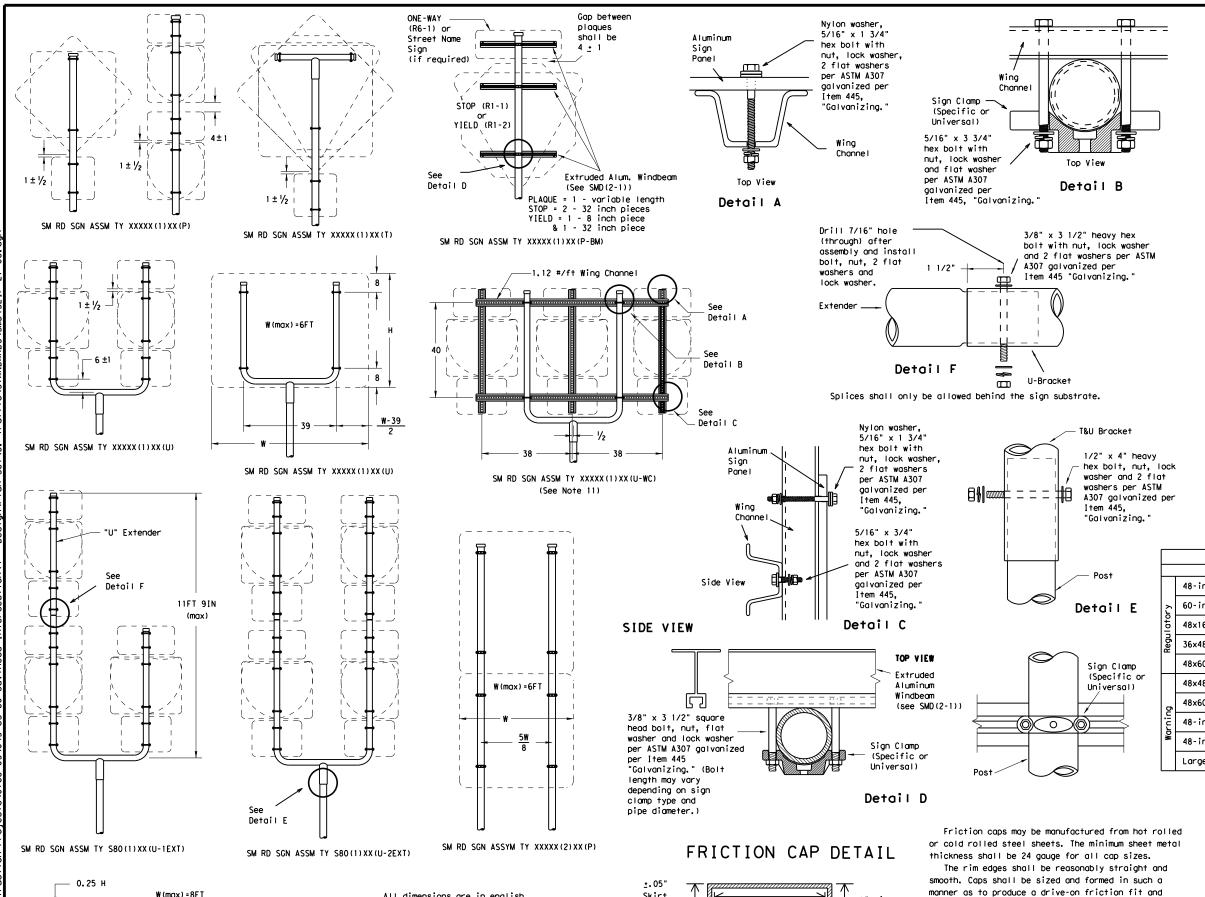
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD (SL IP-1) -08

ℂTxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	тс	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	0168	05	043		US 60	
	DIST		COUNTY		S	HEET NO.
	AMA		DEAF SM	II TI	Н	75



W(max)=8FT



Skirt

Variation

Depth

Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe 0.D.

Pipe O.D.

-.025"<u>+</u>.010"

Pipe O.D.

+. 025" +. 010"

All dimensions are in english

unless detailed otherwise.

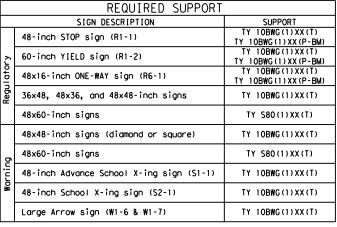
SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

(* - See Note 12)

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sian is viewed from the front,) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.
- 13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

			1			
© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	ОТ	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	0168	05	043		US 60	
	DIST	COUNTY		9	HEET NO.	
	AMA		DEAF SM	ΙĮΤ	Н	76

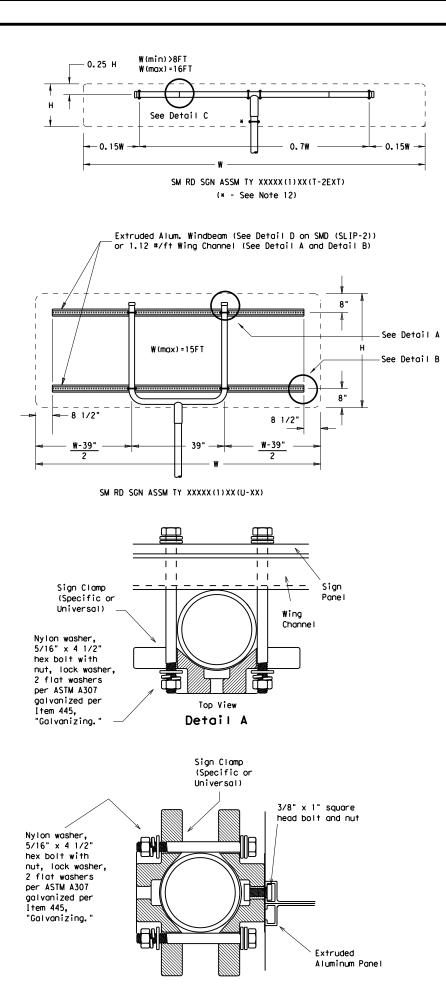
shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture. Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM

B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

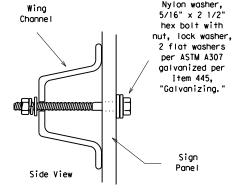
have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe.

The depth shall be sufficient to give positive

protection against entrance of rainwater. They

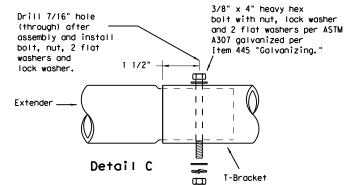


EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET

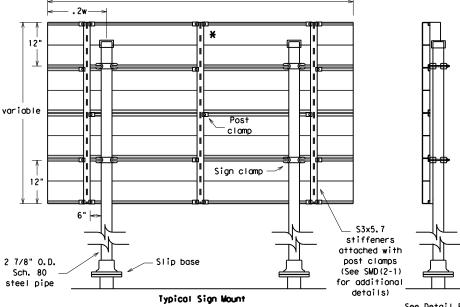


w variable

Detail B

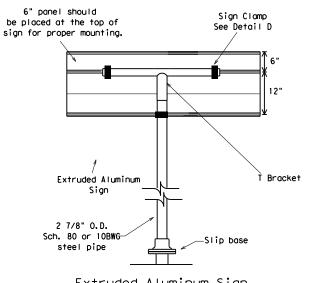


Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

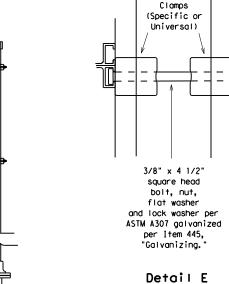


SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

f X Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.

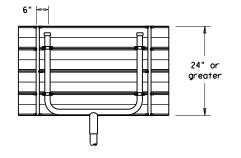


Extruded Aluminum Sign With T Bracket



Sign

See Detail E for clamp installation



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of
- greater height.
 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12.Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT					
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT				
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
۱,	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
regulator	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
ויפטס	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
ď	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
rur III II	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
2	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

© TxDOT July 2002		DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TOOX	CK: TXDOT	
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HIGHWAY	
		0168 05 043		US 60				
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
		AMA	A DEAF SMITH		1	77		

REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING				



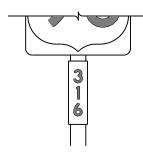




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING				
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPE	CIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

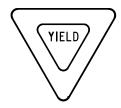
TSR(3)-13

	_		_	_			
FILE:	tsr3-13.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
REVISIONS 12-03 7-13		0168	05	043		US	60
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
9-08		AMA		DEAF SM	IT	1	

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)













	SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

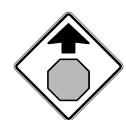




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPE	CIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

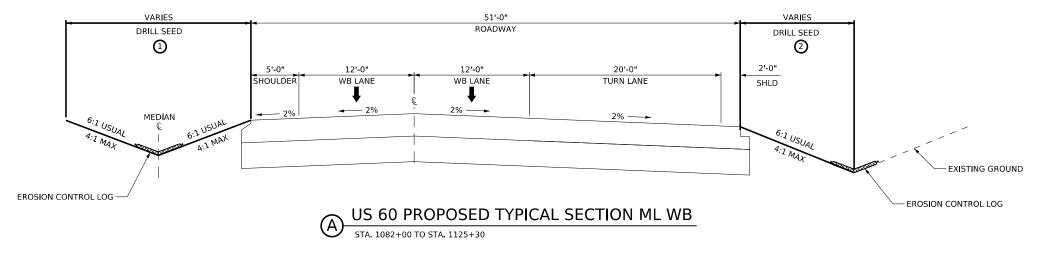
TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4)-13

FILE:	tsr4-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxD</th><th>OT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxD	OT
①TxD0T	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY	
		0168	05	043		U	S 60	
12-03 7-13 9-08	3	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO	
		AMA		DEAF SM	ΙTΙ	4	79	

NOTE:

- ① LIMITS OF SEEDING ARE THE WIDTH OF THE MEDIAN.
- 2 LIMITS OF SEEDING ARE ARE TO THE TIE IN OF DITCH BACKSLOPE..



	EROSION CONTR	OLITEMS		
	164	314	506	506
	6035	6009	6040	6043
LOCATION	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	EMULS ASPH (EROSN CONT)(MULTI)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)
	SY	GAL	LF	LF
EROSION CONTROL LAYOUT	16940	1694	250	250
PROJECT TOTALS	16940	1694	250	250

THE OF TEN	*
CASEY B. STRIPLII	NG ∴Q-
SSIONAL ENG	
Casey B. Striple	ing
10-23-2023	3

US 60 EROSION CONTROL LAYOUT

SCALE: NTS

Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 1 OF 1

N	CK	CONT	SECT			HIGHWAY
Н	СН	0168	05	043		US 60
MN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
Η	СН	AMA		DEAF SMIT	I	80

	BMP FIELD RECORD							
ID#	LOCATION (STA & O/S)	INSTALL DATE (MO/DY/YEAR)	INSTALL AMOUNT (LF)	REMOVE DATE (MO/DY/YEAR)	REMOVE AMOUNT (LF)			
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

Sediment Basins

☐ Grassy Swales

I۷.	VE	GETATION RESOURCES
	Co 16	eserve native vegetation to the extent practical. ntractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 4, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for vasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.
		No Action Required ☐ Required Action
	Ac	tion No.
٧.		DERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES,
		RITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES ND MIGRATORY BIRDS.
		☐ No Action Required ☐ Required Action
		tion No.
	1.	If any species on the Deaf Smith T&E list is sighted in the project area during construction, stop construction and notify the Area engineer.
	2.	Eastern Spotted Skunk, Swift Fox: Contractors will be advised of potential occurrence in the project area, and to avoid harming the species if encountered, and to avoid unnecessary impacts to dens.
	3.	Texas Horned Lizard, Western Box Turtle, Western Hognose Snake, Prairie Rattlesnake, Woodhorse's Toad: Contractors will be advised of potential occurrence in the project area, and to avoid harming the species if encountered. If reptiles are found on project site, contractors are to allow them to leave the project site safely. For the Texas Horned Lizard, avoidance should include avoiding harvester ant beds in the selection of Project Specific Locations (PSL's).
	4.	Bird BMP's: a) Do not disturb, destroy, or remove active nests, including ground nesting birds, during the nesting season; b) avoid the removal of unoccupied, inactive nests, as practicable; c) do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds, eggs, young, or active nests without a permit.
	5.	The Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 states that it is unlawful to kill, capture, collect, possess, buy, sell, trade, or transport any migratory bird, nest, young, feather, egg in part or in whole, without a Federal permit issued in accordance within the Act's policies and regulations. If migratory birds are encountered on-site during project construction, adverse impacts on protected birds, active nests, eggs, and/or young would be avoided.
no ma se di	t d y n aso sco	y of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do isturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work ot remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting n of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are vered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer iately.
		LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS
CGP: DSHS: FHWA: MOA: MOU: MS4: MBTA: NOT: NWP:	Cons Text Fede Memo Memo Muni Migr Noti	t Management Practice struction General Permit as Department of State Health Services aral Highway Administration aroundum of Agreement crondum of Understanding cicipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System ratory Bird Treaty Act cice of Termination TEC: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System TEXBUST Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System TEXBUST Texas Department of Transportation TEC: Texas Porks and Wildlife Department Texas Department of Transportation TEXBUST TEXAS TEXAS TEXAS TO BE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTED TEXAS TEXA
٧I.	Н	AZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES
_		eneral (applies to all projects):
		with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be a with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning

construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES-CCONT.

Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

Yes

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required ☐ Re	quired	Acti
-------------------------	--------	------

Action No.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

_	*	
	Texas Department of Transportation	

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

FILE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT CK: RG DW: VP CK: A		ck: AR				
C)TxDOT: February 2015 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY		SHWAY					
REVISIONS 12-12-2011 (DS)	0168	05	043		US 60		
05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	AMA	[DEAF SM	ΙT	н Е	31	

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP), The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept in the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0168-05-043

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: CAVINESS BEEF PLANT

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 34. 754615° (Long) -102. 478602°

END: (Lat) 34.761129°, (Long) -102.466736°

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres):

4.8 1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres):

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
Estacado clay loam, 0 to	0 to 6" clay loam
1 % slopes	6 to 19" clay loam
	_

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

□ No PSLs plar	nned for cor	nstruction
----------------	--------------	------------

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

X Mobilization

X Install sediment and erosion controls

X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

X Remove existing pavement

X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina

☐ Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

☐ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail

X Install proposed pavement per plans

☐ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

☐ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

X Place flex base

X Rework slopes, grade ditches

☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes

☐ Revegetation of unpaved areas

☐ Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and

erosion control measures □ Other:
_

☐ Other:	

Other:		
'		

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction
- X Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- X Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

□ Other:		
□ Other:		

Tributaries

□ Other:

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS: Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Classified Waterbody

Non-jurisdictional playa lakes	Ephemeral

* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Perform SWP3 inspections

Other:

- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- X Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

□ Other:
□ Other:

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)

X Post Construction Site Notice

X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

	records	for	3 у	ears
--	---------	-----	-----	------

Other: _			
Other:			
Other: _			

1.14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER **SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:**

MS4 Entity	
N/A	



STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)



Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.				
6		SEE TITLE SHEET				
STATE		STATE DIST.	(COUNTY		
TEXA	AS AMA		DEAF	SMITH		
CONT.	CONT. SECT.		JOB	HIGHWAY N	٧٥.	
016	8	05	043	US 6	0	

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

SWP3 or the CGP.
2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
X X Protection of Existing Vegetation
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Soil Retention Blankets
□ □ Geotextiles
□ □ Mulching/ Hydromulching
□ □ Soil Surface Treatments
🛚 🗆 Temporary Seeding
□ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
🛚 🗆 Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
□ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Vertical Tracking
□ □ Interceptor Swale
□ □ Riprap □ □ Diversion Dike
☐ ☐ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
□ □ Embankment for Erosion Control
□ □ Paved Flumes
□ □ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
X ☐ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
□ □ Dewatering Controls
☐ ☐ Inlet Protection
□ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Sandbag Berms
□ □ Sediment Control Fence
□ □ Stabilized Construction Exit
□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

□ □ Other:

□ □ Other: _____

□ X Vegetated Filter Strips

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

T/P

		Sediment Trap
		☐ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
		$\hfill \square$ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
П	П	Sedimentation Basin
		□ Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
		□ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
		□ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
		☐ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
		□ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
		☐ Available area/Site geometry
		☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns
		☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors
		□ Public safety
		□ Other:

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Typo	Stati	oning
Туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- X Haul roads dampened for dust control
- X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- X Stabilized construction exit

□ Other:			
□ Other:			
□ Other:			

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control

Other:

X Sanitary Facilities

□ Other:	,		
Unit of the order:	_		

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

□ Other:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing			
Туре	From	То		

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- ⋉ Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- ▼ Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.



STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

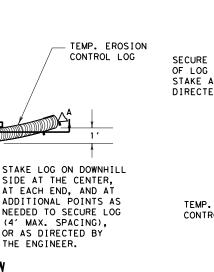


Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.					
6		SEE TITLE SHEET					
STATE		STATE DIST.	C	OUNTY	_]		
TEXAS		AMA	DEAF	SMITH			
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY N	٧0.		
0168		05	043	US 6	0		

FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED PLAN VIEW TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG ΝΪΝ (TYP.) COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION CONTROL LOG SECTION A-A



ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

STAKES FOR HEAVY

RUNOFF EVENTS

R.O.W.

FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. CONTROL LOG AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PLAN VIEW

TEMP. EROSION

COMPOST CRADLE

UNDER EROSION

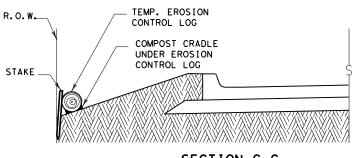
CONTROL LOG

///\///\\///\\///\\///\\///\\

CONTROL LOG

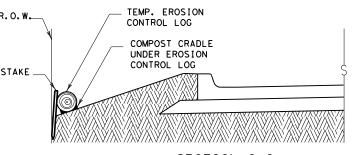
STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, (TYP.) OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. **TEMPORARY** EROSION CONTROL LOG FLOW -DISTURBED AREA SECURE END BACK OF CURB OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED LIP OF GUTTER ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS

PLAN VIEW



SECTION C-C





EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY



EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

THE ENGINEER.

STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL

SIDE AT THE CENTER,

AT EACH END, AND AT

AS DIRECTED BY THE

ENGINEER.

ADDITIONAL POINTS AS

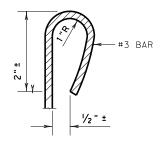
NEEDED TO SECURE LOG

(4' MAX. SPACING), OR



LEGEND

- CL-D EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM
- -(cl-boc)- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY -(CL-ROW)
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING -(CL-SST
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING -(CL - SSL`
- -(CL-DI) - EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- (CL-CI) EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- (cl-gi)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



SECTION B-B

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

(CL - BOC)

REBAR STAKE DETAIL

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps:

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

SHEET 1 OF 3

DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION

CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

GENERAL NOTES:

1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S

2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL

BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE

USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.

STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR

THE PURPOSE INTENDED.

3. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE

ENGINEER.

DEFORMATION.

THE ENGINEER.

MESH.

LOG.

MINIMUM COMPACTED

DIAMETER

RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR

CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL

SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS,

REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE

FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL

TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER

SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE

#3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT

2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY

SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED

ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT

TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE

TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE

UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP

6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT

7. COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL &

WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.

10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL

LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.

SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.



MINIMUM

COMPACTED DIAMETER

TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9) - 16

FILE: ec916	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US 60	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	AMA		DEAF SM	ΙTΙ	4	84

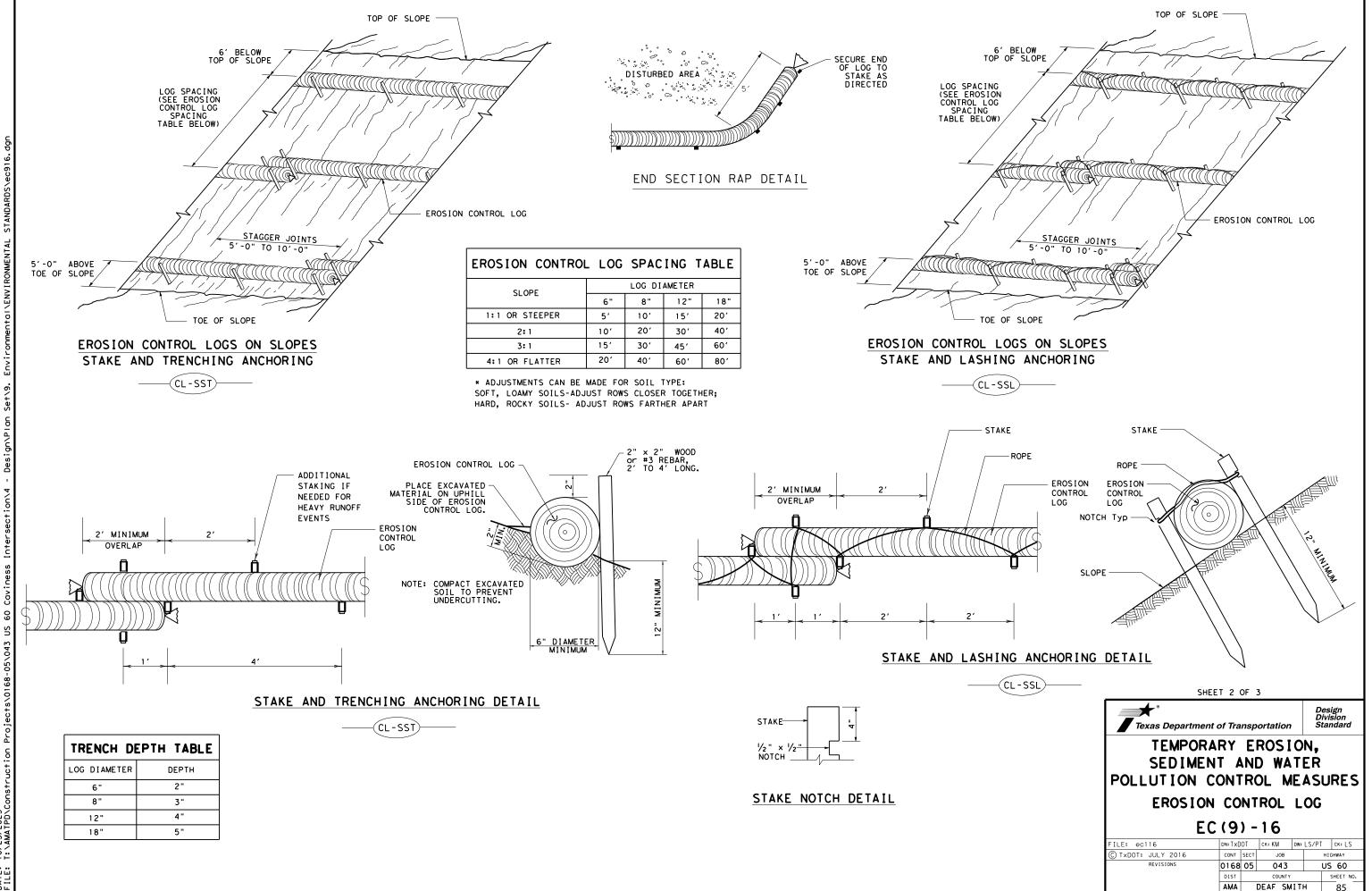
SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

- limits where drainage flows away from the project.





SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED

TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG

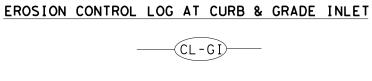
FLOW

(CL - GI)

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

(CL-DI)

CURB AND GRATE INLET



SANDBAG

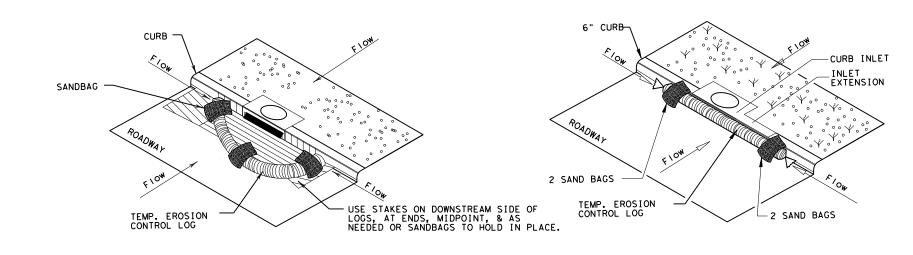
TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOG USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

COMPLETELY SURROUND
DRAINAGE ACCESS TO
AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH
EROSION CONTROL LOG

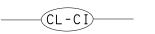
- FLOW

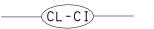
-STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL)



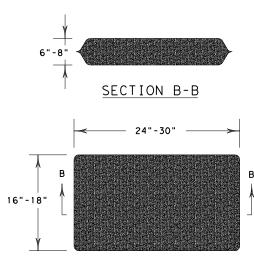
EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET





NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



SANDBAG DETAIL

SHEET 3 OF 3 Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES **EROSION CONTROL LOG**

EC(9) - 16

		•	. •			
FILE: ec916	ILE: ec916 DN:TxDOT		ck: KM	DW: LS/P	T CK: LS	
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0168	05	043		US 60	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	AMA	- 1	DEAF SM	ΙTΗ	86	