INDEX OF SHEETS

TITLE SHEET

GENERAL NOTES

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

TYPE OF WORK:

HOT POUR CRACK SEALING

PROJECT NO.: RMC 6435-18-001 HIGHWAY: IH 2, ETC. LIMITS OF WORK: DISTRICT WIDE PHARR MAINTENANCE CONTRACT MANAGER:

BROOKS ZAPATA (024) JIM HOGG (253)**KENEDY** (125)(066) /HIDALGO (109)STARR WILLACY (214)(245)CAMERON

MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO. 6435-18-001 STATE DISTRICT COUNTY TEXAS PHARR HIDALGO. ETC CONTROL SECTION HIGHWAY 001 6435 18 IH 2, ETC.

STATE STANDARDS

SHEET

3-10

11-12

13-14

NO.

15-26 *BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21 27-32 *TCP (1-1)-18 THRU TCP (1-6)-18 33-34 *TCP (2-1)-18 THRU TCP (2-2)-18 35 *TCP (2-3)-23 36 *TCP (2-4)-18 37 *TCP (2-6)-18 *TCP (5-1)-18 38 *TCP (6-1)-12 THRU TCP (6-7)-12 39-45 46-47 *TCP (6-8)-14 THRU TCP (6-9)-14 48 *TCP (7-1)-13 *WZ (RS) -22

DESCRIPTION

ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY SHEETS

GENERAL LOCATION MAP

REFERENCE MARKER MAP



*THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE: SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT. 4/26/2023

Signature 10 faz Registrant

4/26/2023

DATE:

PROJECT ENGINEER

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by

Texas Department of Transportation

APPROVED FOR LETTING: 4/26/2023

-DocuSigned by: Pedro R. Alvares

DISTRICT ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

4/26/2023

luan A. Sustaita Ji DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

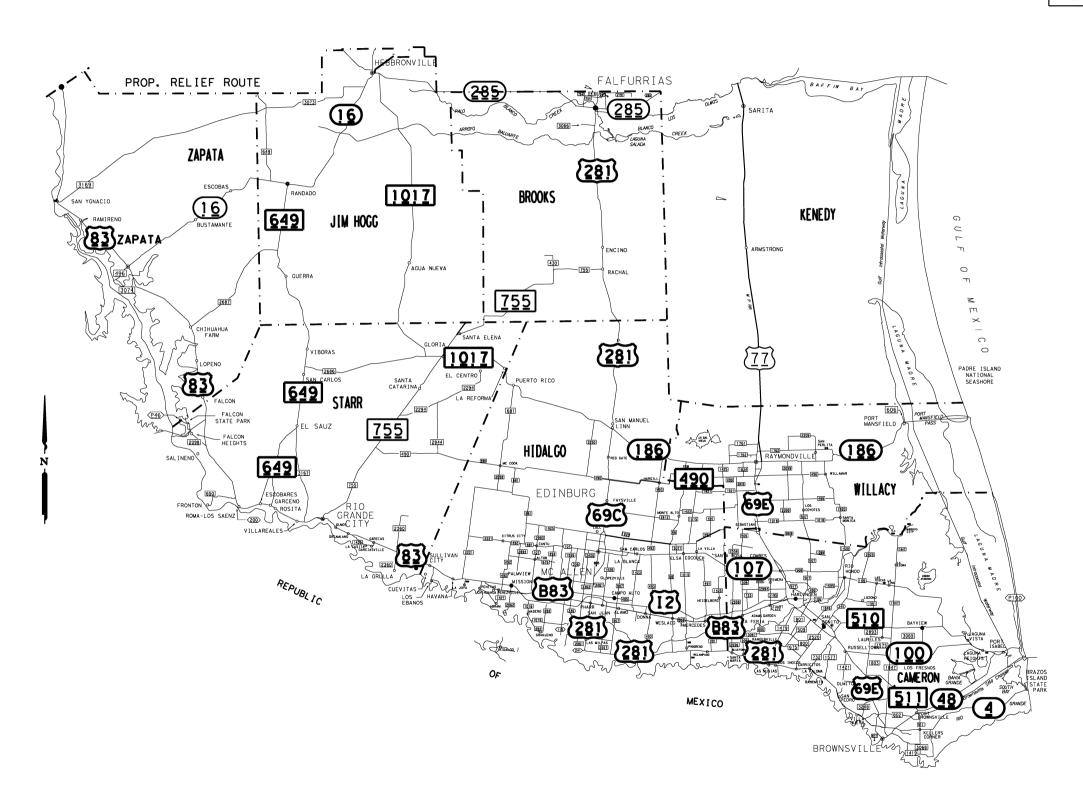
REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)-14 THROUGH BC (12)-14 AND THE 'TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES'.

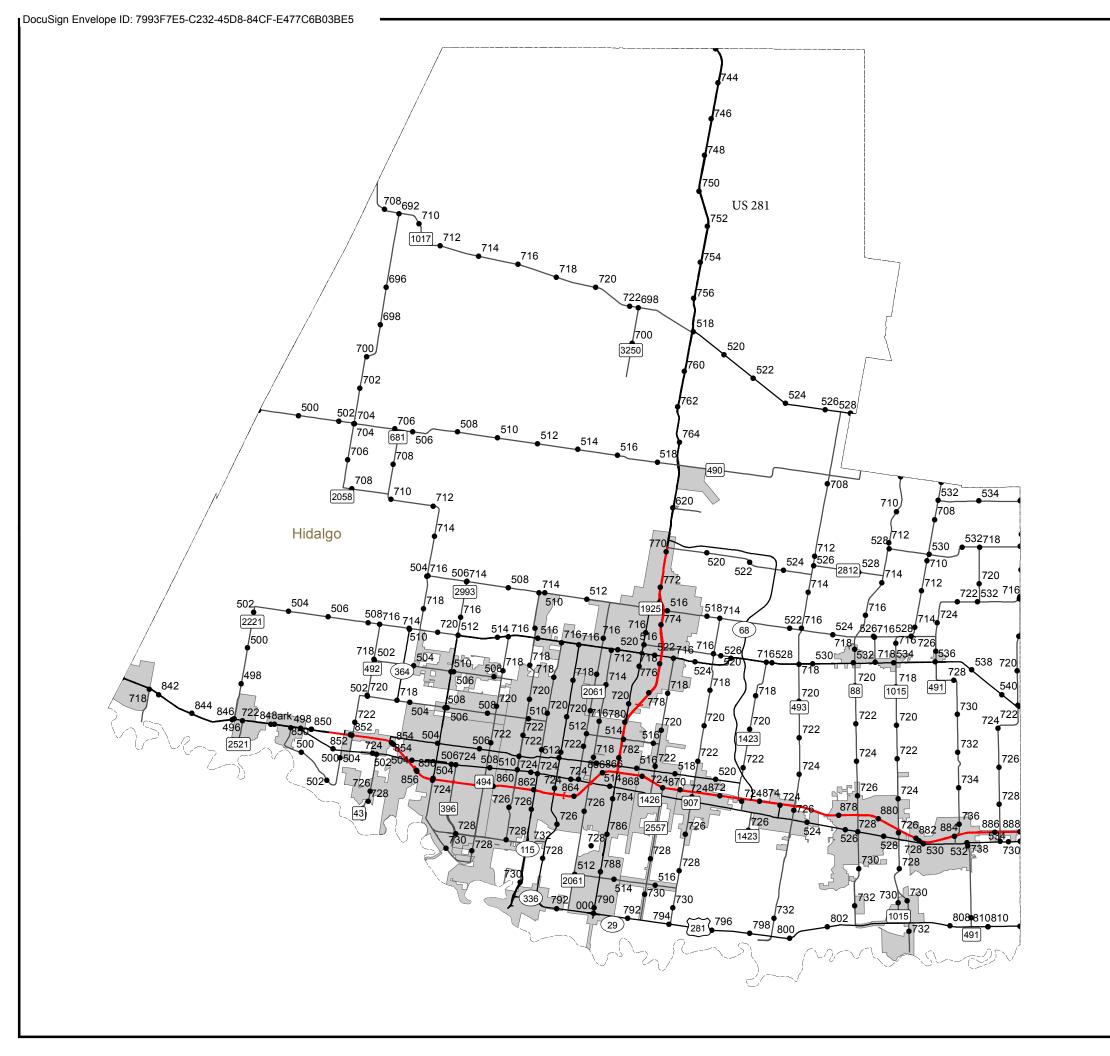
SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND THE CONTRACT PROVISIONS.

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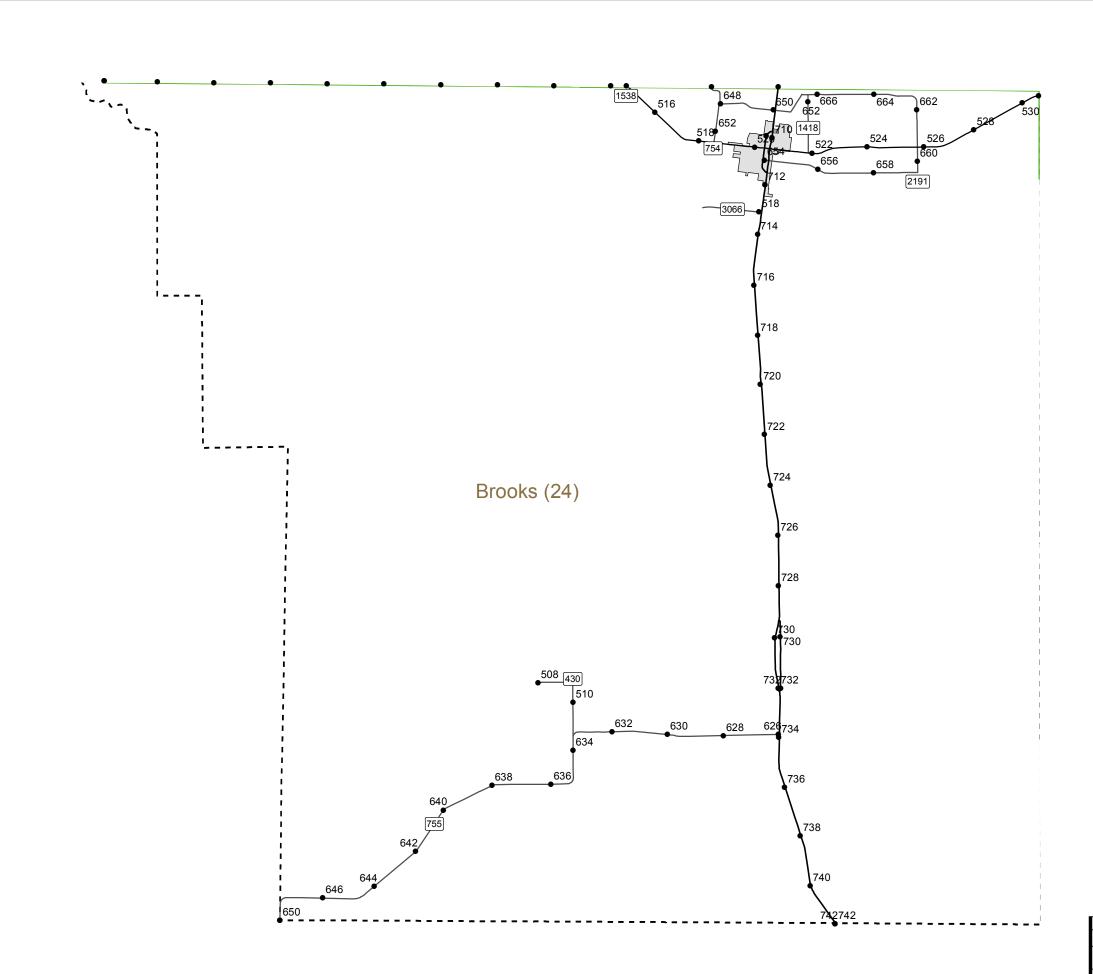
MA I		SHEET NO.							
6435-18-001									
STATE	DISTRICT	RICT COUNTY							
TEXAS	21	HIDA	ALGO,	, [ETC				
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	JOB HIGHWAY						
6435	ETC								





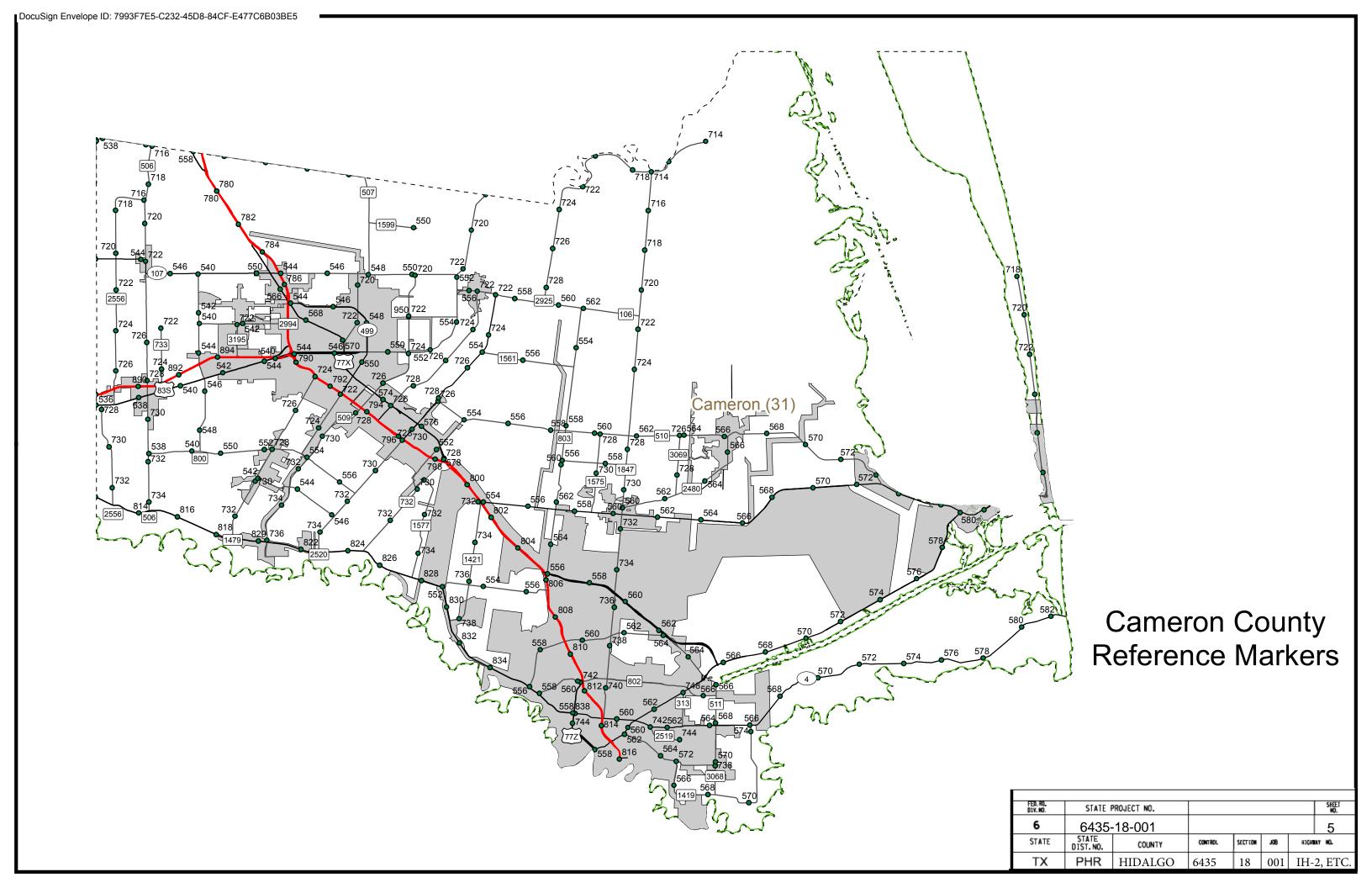
Hidalgo County Reference Markers

FED, RD. D1V. HO.	STATE F					SHEET HO.	
6	6435					3	
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	HJCH	IAY HO.
TX	PHR	HIDALGO	6435	18	001	IH-2	2, ETC.



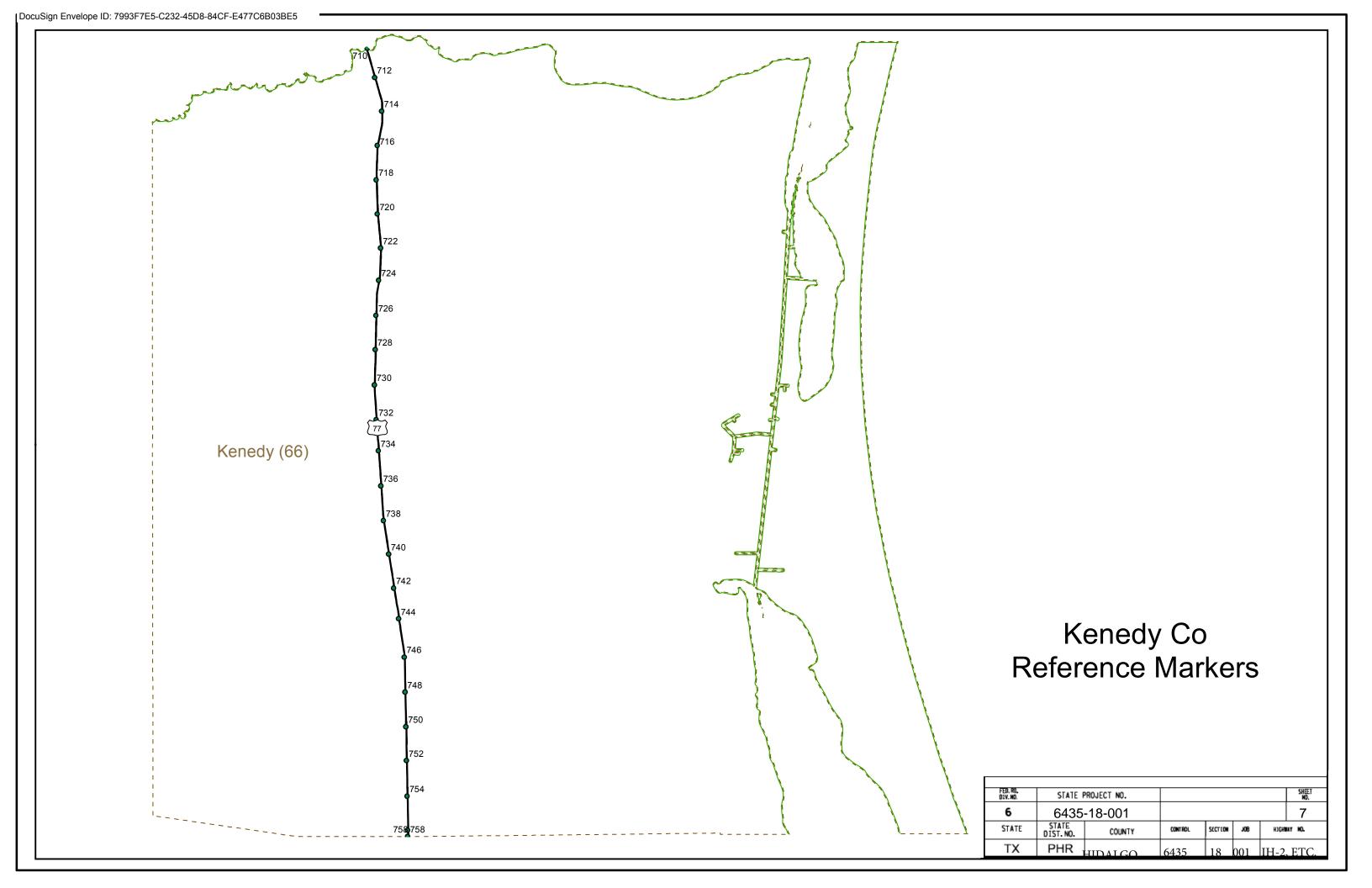
Brooks County Reference Markers

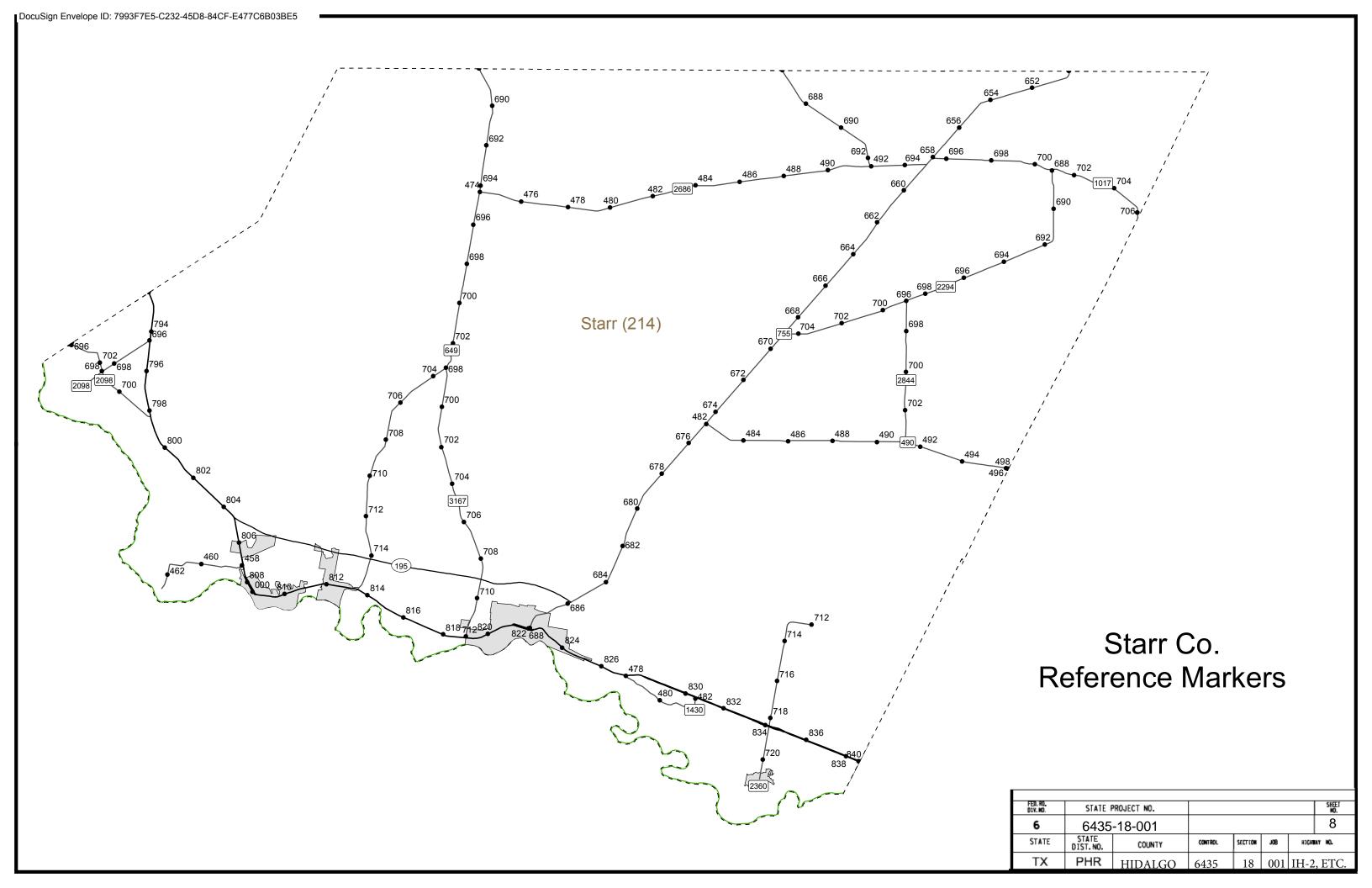
FEO. RO. 01V. NO.	STATE F	PROJECT NO.					SHEET NO.
6	643	35-18-001					4
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	HJGH	IAY MQ.
TX	PHR HIDALGO		6435	18	001	IH-2	L ETC.



Jim Hogg Co. Reference Markers

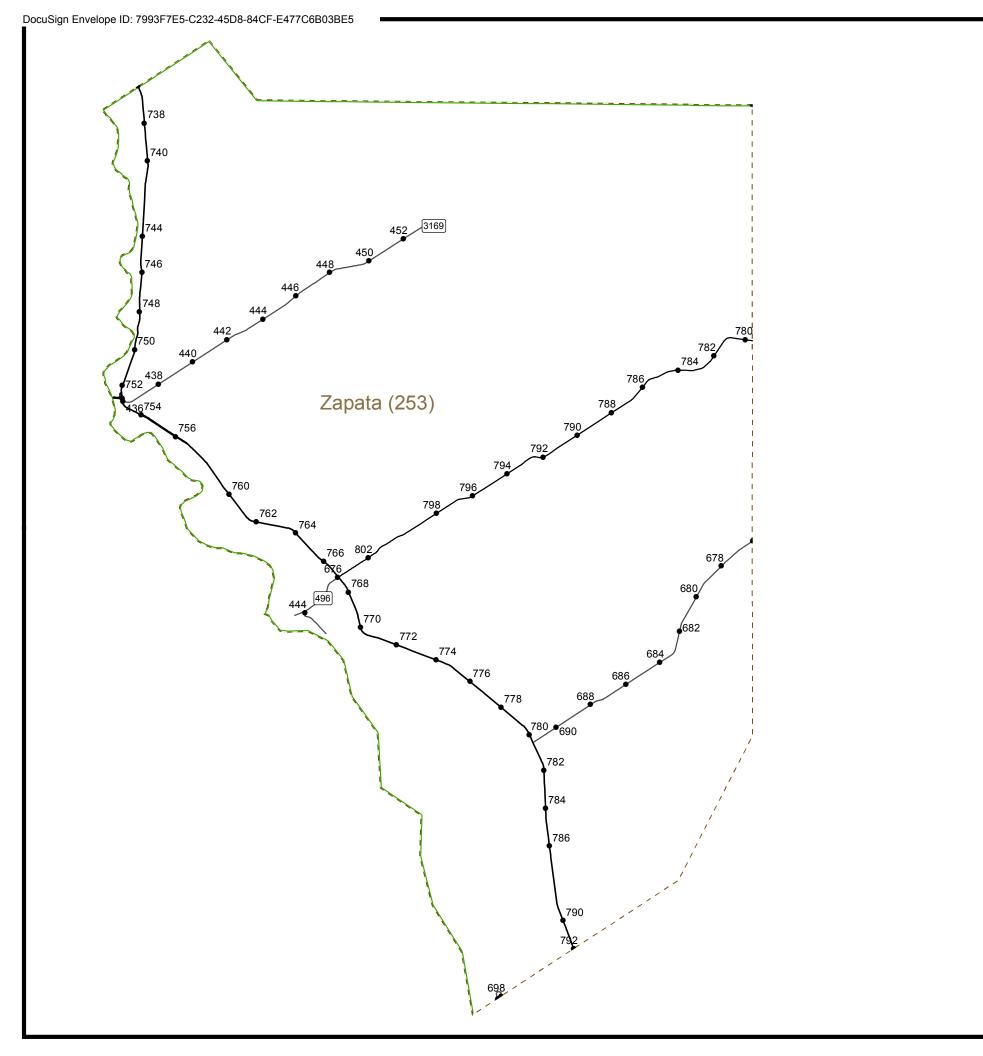
FEO, RO. 01V. NO.	STATE F	ROJECT NO.					SHEET HO.
6	6435	-18-001					6
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	HJCH	IAY HO.
TX	PHR	HIDALGO	6435	18	001	IH-2	2, ETC.





Reference Markers

FEO, RO. 01v. No.	STATE P	ROJECT NO.					SHEET Wo.
6	6435	-18-001					9
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	HJCHT	IAY HQ.
TX	PHR	HIDALGO	6435	18	001	IH-	2, ETC.



Zapata Co. Reference Markers

FEO. RO. 01V. NO.	STATE F	PROJECT NO.					SHEET Ho.
6	6435	-18-001					10
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	HJCH	IAY HO.
TX	PHR HIDALGO		6435	18	001	IH-2	, ETC.

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Project Number: RMC-643518001 Sheet A

County: HIDALGO Control: 6435-18-001

Highway: IH 2, ETC

GENERAL NOTES:

Note: Contractors are hereby instructed to familiarize themselves with the conditions of the work area before bidding. The approximate quantities determined for this project are for the contractor's information only and are not to be considered final quantities.

PLANS ARE REQUIRED

View plans on-line or download from the web at:

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors consultants/plans online.htm

Reproduction Firms for Construction and Routine Maintenance Contracts and Informational Proposals: http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm

GENERAL

This project consists of performing "Hot Pour Crack Seal" on various roadways for the following Maintenance Sections:

MNT SECTION:	PHONE NUMBER:
Brownsville	(956) 542-2288
Edcouch	(956) 262-1254
Hebbronville	(361) 527-5170
Mission	(956) 585-5761
Pharr (Contract Manager)	(956) 702-6270
Raymondville	(956) 689-2184
Roma	(956) 848-5013
San Benito	(956) 399-5102

ITEM 2: Instructions to Bidders

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Hector Siller, P.E., Pharr Area Engineer;

Jesus Noriega, P.E., Assist. Area Engineer;

or

Hector.Siller@txdot.gov

Jesus.Noriega@txdot.gov

Eugene Palacios, P.E., District Maintenance <u>Eugene.Palacios@txdot.gov</u>

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals. Questions may also be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

 $\underline{https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors}$

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

ITEM 4: Scope of Work

Reference SP 004-001 for Contract extension information.

Project Number: RMC-643518001 Sheet B

County: HIDALGO Control: 6435-18-001

Highway: IH 2, ETC

ITEM 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

Roadway closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited:

- November 24, 2023 through November 30, 2023
- December 15, 2023 through January 4th, 2024

ITEM 8: Prosecution and Progress

A total of 40 working days will be allowed for this project. Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4 Standard Workweek.

Provide sufficient advance notice to the Engineer when scheduling work on Saturdays. Work on Saturdays shall only be permitted after approval by the Engineer.

<u>Pharr District Crack Seal Season is from November 1st to February 28th</u>. All Crack Seal operations shall be complete prior to March 1st.

Contractor is limited to maximum of <u>3</u> active crews cleaning and sealing joints and cracks. The Contractor shall determine start date for work by providing written 7-day notification prior to start of work.

Contract Prosecution – Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from another contract. A contractor awarded multiple contracts, must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time. The contractor will notify the Maintenance Section Supervisor of the intended starting point, if not stated in the Start Up Letter.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer of any intention to deviate from the proposed scheduled route. The contractor will furnish a proposed schedule of work for the Engineer's review and approval. Any deviations of the schedule will require approval by the Engineer.

Item 6 Control of Materials

Article 6.6. Store material off TxDOT property or Right of Way.

Item 502 Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

Furnish and install all signs, barricades and other incidentals necessary for proper traffic control, in accordance with part VI of the "Texas Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways" and as directed. All warning signs will be factory made and in satisfactory condition.

Series 3 TCP Standards (Mobile Operations) shall not be used for crack seal operations.

Lane closures are required for all crack seal operations. Limit lane closures to a maximum of 2 miles. If more than one lane closure location is desired, provide a minimum of a 2-mile passing zone between locations. Provide a separate sign set up for each location.

Lane closures on IH-2, IH-69E, IH-69C, School Zones, 4-lane roadways, or 6-lane roadways shall only take place between 9:00AM and 3:00PM, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Rumble Strips shall be placed as per WZ(RS)-16 for all lane closures.

Provide flagmen properly attired in a white hard hat, approved safety vest and stop/slow paddle. Provide two-way radios in areas where flagmen do not have visual contact with one another or cannot communicate with one another.

Provide shadow vehicles equipped with Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA) as shown on Traffic Control Plan (TCP) Standards (2 series).

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DocuSign Envelope ID: 7993F7E5-C232-45D8-84CF-E477C6B03BE5

Project Number: RMC-643518001 Sheet C

County: HIDALGO Control: 6435-18-001

Highway: IH 2, ETC

During nighttime operations, sufficient lighting shall be provided in order for work and inspection to be performed appropriately to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Lighting shall be considered subsidiary to Item 712.

Ensure equipment and materials are a minimum of 30 feet from the edge of the travel lane during non-working hours

Erect signs in locations not obstructing the traveling public's view of the normal roadway signing or required sign distance at intersections and curves.

Item 712 Cleaning and Sealing Joints and Cracks

The Contractor shall clean and seal all visible cracks as per Item 712.4 Work Methods. Demonstration of crack cleaning method and pace of sealing operation shall be approved by the State prior to start of daily operations.

Each crack seal operation shall have its own approved source to clean visible cracks.

Proper squeegee should be used for finishing operations. Material shall be no more than 3 inches wide and 1/8 inch above the pavement surface.

All necessary material, equipment and all incidentals will be supplied by the contractor and purchased on the open market.

All crack sealing operations will require complete lane closures to allow Hot Pour material enough time to set as approved by the Engineer. Set time will vary depending on the temperature to prevent tracking of Hot Pour material.

Class "B" Material will be required for this project. See Table 18 under Item 300, "Asphalts, Oils and Emulsions" for additional information.

Districtwide callout locations shall be determined by the Engineer and provided to the Contractor at pre-work meeting.

Item 6185 Truck Mounted Attenuator/Trailer Attenuator

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for the project, provide 1 additional shadow vehicle(s) with TMA as per:

TCP (1-1) -18 as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet;

or as per TCP (1-2) -18 as detailed on General Note 6 of this standard sheet;

or as per TCP (1-3) -18 as detailed on General Note 7 of this standard sheet;

or as per TCP (1-4) -18 as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet;

or as per TCP (2-1) -18 as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet;

or as per TCP (2-2) -18 as detailed on General Note 7 of this standard sheet;

or as per TCP (2-3) -23 as detailed on General Note 8 of this standard sheet.

or as per TCP (2-4) -18 as detailed on General Note 6 of this standard sheet;

Therefore, 2 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required on this project for the type of work as shown on the plans. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of his construction operations will be ongoing at the same time and thus determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

Project Number: RMC-643518001 Sheet D

County: HIDALGO Control: 6435-18-001

Highway: IH 2, ETC

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ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET 6435-18-001

SECTION: Section Districtwide
DESCRIPTION: Hot Pour Crack Seal

Districtwide FY 2024

								LENGTH	TOTAL	# of Inside	# of Outside	# of Middle	2-Lane	# of	# of Shids greater	Total #
HWY	COUN	ITY	Li	IMITS		RM	RM	(CL MILE)	LN MILES	Travel Lanes	Travel Lanes	Travel Lanes	Roadway	Turning Lanes	than 6' wide	of Lanes
BROWNSVILLE 01																
SH 48	CAMERON		RM 566	то	SH 100	566	- 580	14.00	28.00						2	2
US 281	CAMERON		1500 FT North of FM 1421	ТО	650 FT South of FM 732	826	- 830	5.50	22.00	2	2					4
FM1847	CAMERON		Alvarez CT	ТО	FM 511	732	- 734	3.50	7.00						2	2
FM 3248	CAMERON		IH69	ТО	FM 511	560	- 562	4.50	9.00	•					2	2
SH4	CAMERON	FROM	FM511	ТО	FM1419	564	- 566	2.00	8.00 74.00	2					2	4
SAN BENITO 10									74.00							
FM509	CAMERON	FROM	FM800	то	US281	730	- 736	4.480	17.92	2					2	4
FM800	CAMERON		IH2	то	SH107	540	- 544	4.530	18.12	2					2	4
FM1479	CAMERON		FM800	то	US281	728	- 732	5.000	20.00	2					2	4
FM803	CAMERON	FROM	FM510	то	FM1561	556	- 558	3.250	6.50	2						2
FM1846	CAMERON	FROM	FM106	то	SAN JOSE RD.	722	- 726	6.000	24.00	2					2	4
SH345	CAMERON	FROM	BU77	то	FM3462	728	- 730	1.900	9.50	2	2	1				5
SH345	CAMERON	FROM	FM3462	ТО	FM1561	724	- 728	2.780	11.12	2					2	4
									107.16							
RAYMONDVILLE 08																
SH 0186		FROM	BU 77	ТО	FM 2209	542	- 552	8.90	35.60	1	1				2	4
SPUR 112		FROM	IH-69-E (Included IH 69 under pass)	ТО	BU 77	540	- 542	0.40	1.60	1	1				2	4
BU 77		FROM	SPUR 112	TO	SUNSET AVE.	554	- 548	4.32	17.28	1	1				2	4
FM 88		FROM	SH 186	ТО	FM 490	704	- 706	2.00	8.00	1	1				2	4
FM 1015		FROM	SH 186	TO	W/H CNTY LN	702	- 706	3.25	13.00	1	1				2	4
FM 3168 SPUR 56	WILLACY	FROM FROM	BU 77 BU 77 (Included IH 69 under pass)	TO	IH 69E NORTH Frontage side (Include Under Pass) IH 69-E	540 540	- 542 - 542	1.54 0.24	6.16 0.96	1	1				2	4
	KENNEDY	FROM	S/B Exit on North Side (Include under pass)	TO	South Side on ramp	712	- 714	1.24	3.72	1	1				1	3
US 77 N/B FRTGE	KENNEDY	FROM	N/B Exit on South Side (Include Under pass)	ТО	North Side on ramp	714	- 712	1.49	4.47	1	1				1	3
FM 490		FROM	BU 77 (Included IH 69 under pass)	то	IH 69 -E	542	- 546	0.53	2.12	1	1				2	4
FM 507		FROM	FM 498	ТО	FM 1018	720	- 724	3.03	6.06	1	<u> </u>					2
				. •		,	,		98.97							
EDCOUCH 02																
US 281 MILITARY	HIDALGO	FROM	FM 2557 E.	то	.43 E. OF TOWER RD	792	- 794	2.67	10.68	2					2	4
US 281 MILITARY	HIDALGO	FROM	.43 E. OF TOWER RD	то	.30 W. OF VALLEY VIEW RD	794	- 796	1.60	9.60	2	2				2	6
US 281 MILITARY	HIDALGO	FROM	.30 W. OF VALLEY VIEW RD	ТО	1.87 E. OF FM 493	796	- 800	4.14	16.56	2					2	4
US 281 MILITARY		FROM	E. OF FM 493	то	3.38 E. OF FM 493	800	- 802	1.51	9.06	2	2				2	6
US 281 MILITARY			3.38 E. OF FM 493	то	.10 W. OF BUS 1015	802	- 804	3.00	12.00	2					2	4
US 281 MILITARY	HIDALGO		.10 W. OF BUS 1015	то	POST OFFICE	804	- 804	0.23	1.15	2	1				2	5
US 281 MILITARY	HIDALGO		DOLLAR GENERAL FM 1015	ТО	POST OFFICE	804	- 804	0.26	1.04	2					2	4
US 281 MILITARY	HIDALGO		POST OFFICE	TO	.11 W. OF FM 1015 DOLLAR GENERAL	804	- 804	0.11	0.55	2				1	2	5
IH2	HIDALGO		VAL VERDE	TO	FM 1015	152	- 160	8.00	56.00	2	2	2		1	0	7
FM 2812	HIDALGO HIDALGO		FM 88 FM 493 1 MILE E. OF IH69C	TO	FM 493 IH69C	526	- 528 526	3.50	14.00	2					2	4
FM 2812 US 281 CAGE	HIDALGO			TO	281 MILITARY	518	- 526 - 790	6.30 3.85	25.20 26.95	2	2			1	2	7
US ZOT CAGE	HIDALGO	FRUIVI	JAVELINA DR	10	ZO I WILLI ART	104	- /90	ა.ია	26.95 182.79	۷	۷			l 	۷	′
MISSION 06									10410							
I69C FRONTAGE SB	HIDALGO	FROM	FM490 South Bound (Lanes only no shoulder)	то	3075' North of FM2812	764	- 768	3.86	7.72	1	1					2
I69C FRONTAGE SB	HIDALGO		3075' North of FM2812 South Bound	TO	FM2812	13	- 12	0.59	1.77	1	1	1				3
I69C FRONTAGE SB	HIDALGO		N BUS281 South Bound (Lanes only no shoulder)	ТО	Mile171/2 Rd	10	- 8	1.52	3.04	1	1					2
I69C FRONTAGE SB	HIDALGO		Mile 171/2 rd South Bound	ТО	Owassa Rd	8	- 2	5.08	15.24	1	1	1				3
I69C FRONTAGE SB	HIDALGO		Owassa Rd	ТО	17 1/2 mile Rd	2	- 8	5.14	15.42	1	1	1				3
I69C FRONTAGE SB	HIDALGO		171/2 mile rd (Lanes only no shoulder)	то		8	- 10	1.58	3.16	1	1					2
I69C FRONTAGE SB	HIDALGO		FM2812	то	2085' North of FM2812	12	- 13	0.39	1.17	1	1	1				3
I69C FRONTAGE SB	HIDALGO	FROM	2085' North of FM2812 (Lanes only no shoulder)	то	322' South of FM490	768	- 764	4.04	8.08	1	1					2

ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET 6435-18-001

SECTION: Section Districtwide
DESCRIPTION: Hot Pour Crack Seal

Districtwide FY 2024

HWY	COUNTY	LI CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY	MITS		RM	RM	LENGTH	TOTAL	# of Inside	# of Outside	# of Middle	2-Lane	# of	# of Shids greater	Total #
							(CL MILE)	LN MILES	Travel Lanes	Travel Lanes	Travel Lanes	Roadway	Turning Lanes	than 6' wide	of Lanes
I69C SB	HIDALGO FROM	FM490 South Bound (Lanes only no shoulder)	то	N BUS281	17 -	10	7.23	14.46	1	1					2
I69C SB	HIDALGO FROM	N BUS281 (Lanes only no shoulder)	то	4710' South of FM1925	10 -	8	1.65	3.30	1	1					2
I69C SB	HIDALGO FROM	440' North of Russell rd (Lanes only no shoulder)	то	570'South of FM2128	9 -	8	0.97	2.91	1	1	1				3
169C SB	HIDALGO FROM	570' South of FM2128 (Lanes only no shoulder)	то	Sprague	6 -	7	0.77	3.08	1	1	2				4
I69C NB	HIDALGO FROM	Sprague (Lanes only no shoulder)	то	345' North of Russell rd	7 -	9	1.85	5.55	1	1	1				3
I69C NB	HIDALGO FROM	345' North of Russell RD (Lanes only no shoulder)	то	1656' North of Russell rd	8 -	9	0.37	0.74	1	1					2
I69C NB	HIDALGO FROM	1656' North of Russell rd (Lanes only no shoulder)	то	FM490	9 -	17	8.05	16.10	1	1					2
IH2 EB FRONTAGE	HIDALGO FROM	Edinburg Canal	то	1600' West of Showers Rd	131 -	134	3.90	7.80	1	1					2
IH2 WB FRONTAGE	HIDALGO FROM	Edinburg Canal	то	1600' West of Showers Rd	131 -	134	3.90	7.80	1	1					2
LOS EBANOS	HIDALGO FROM	Overpass and Jug Handles	то	Overpass and Jug Handles	135 -	136	0.57	1.14	1	1					2
ABRAM RD	HIDALGO FROM	Overpass and Jug Handles	TO	Overpass and Jug Handles	131 -	132	0.69	3.45	2	2			1		5
BUS 83	HIDALGO FROM	Insperation Rd	ТО	Holland Rd in Mission	504 -	506	0.90	5.40	2	2				2	6
BUS 83 EB	HIDALGO FROM	Holland Rd	ТО	Mayberry Rd	504 -	506	1.04	4.16	1	1				2	4
BUS 83 WB	HIDALGO FROM	Holland Rd	то	Mayberry Rd	504 -	506	1.00	4.00	1	1				2	4
BUS 83	HIDALGO FROM	Mayberry	то	FM2220	504 -	508	3.60	21.60	2	2			1	1	6
FM2061 McCOLL	HIDALGO FROM	Bus 83	TO	FM3461	720 -	724	2.57	12.85	2	2			1		5
FM3362	HIDALGO FROM	Canton Rd	то	SH107	712 -	714	1.77	8.85	2	2			1		5
FM2220	HIDALGO FROM	IH2	ТО	Bus83	724 -	726	0.90	6.30	2	2	2		1		7
FM2220	HIDALGO FROM	Bus83	ТО	FM1924	724 -	720	2.91	23.28	2	2	2			2	8
FM494	HIDALGO FROM	1100' North of Los Milagros Rd	ТО	180' north of Colorado St (South of IH2)	724 -	726	1.05	7.35	2	2			1	2	7
FM494	HIDALGO FROM	1100' North of Los Milagros Rd	то	25' North of railroad crossing	724 -	728	1.94	11.64	2	2				2	6
FM 494	HIDALGO FROM	Victoria st (North of IH2)	TO	SH495	722 -	724	1.73	12.11	2	2			1	2	7
FM494	HIDALGO FROM	SH495	TO	250' North of FM1924	720 -	724	2.05	10.25	2	2			1		5
FM494	HIDALGO FROM	250' north of FM1924	TO	FM676	718 -	722	1.94	7.76		2				2	4
								257.48							
ROMA 09															
FM 1017	STARR FROM	Jim Hogg/Starr County Line South	ТО	FM 755	686 -	694	9.01	36.04	1	1				2	4
US 83	STARR FROM	Arroyo Roma North	ТО	.3 of a mile	808 -	810	0.30	2.10	2	2	1			2	7
FM 755	STARR FROM	US 83 East	TO	2.2 miles	686 -	688	2.20	13.20	2	2				2	6
US 83	STARR FROM	FM 1430 South	ТО	.8 of a mile R/R Crossing	827 -	829	0.80	5.60	2	2	1			2	7
US 83	STARR FROM	FM 650 North	ТО	2.57 miles End of Curb n Gutter	804	807	2.57	17.99	2	2	1			2	7
								74.93							
HEBBRONVILLE 04															
US 281	BROOKS FROM	.1 miles North of LA Cuates Rd (Joint with New Hot Mix)	ТО	Brooks/Hidalgo Co Line	730	742	12.00	72.00	2	2				2	6
SH 0016	JIM HOGG FROM	Lisa St	ТО	FM 3073	750	752	2.80	16.80	2	2				2	6
SH 0016	JIM HOGG FROM	E Thompson st	то	E Viggie St R/R Crossing	750	752	0.80	4.00	2	2				1	5
SH 359 (W)	JIM HOGG FROM	Sigrid Ave	ТО	SH 16	484	484	0.89	5.34	2	2				2	6
SH 359 (E)	JIM HOGG FROM	SH 16	ТО	Old Cemetery Rd	486	486	0.72	4.32	2	2				2	6
SH 285	JIM HOGG FROM	SH 16	то	FM 1017	484	484	0.30	1.80	2	2				2	6
SH 285	JIM HOGG FROM	SH 16	то	FM 1017	484	484	0.70	1.40						2	2
								105.66							
					TO	TAL LA	NE MILES	900.99							

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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- ## Moy be mounted on bock of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted book to book with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether o rood is low volume as per TMUTCD Port 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs ore required, these signs will be considered port of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plon sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-10T) sign sholl be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether o roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE **X X** G20−9TP X X R20-5T DOLIBI X X R20-5oTP BORKERS ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000' -1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow G20-1bTR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-2bt * Limit ¥ ¥ G20-9TP ZONE G20-6T FINES X X R20-5T DOUBL END ROAD WORK ★ ★ R20-5oTP

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the rood at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

STAY ALERT

ALK OR TEXT LATER

OBEY

STATE LAW

➾

END G20-2bT * *

R20-3T

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

Number or Series	Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"	
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)	
30	120	
35	160	
40	240	
45	320	
50	400	
55	500 ²	
60	600²	
65	700 ²	
70	800 ²	
75	900 ²	
80	1000 ²	
*	* 3	

- ¥ For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Port 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical opplication diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- △ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance worning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to hove 1/2 mile or more advance worning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS ¥ ¥ G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES **X X** R20-5T WORK WARNING * * G20-5T CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS CW20-1D ROAD * * R20-5aTP STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P ROAD * * G20-6T K2-1 * * WORK CW1-4R WORK G20-10T * * R20-3T * * AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \diamondsuit \Rightarrow \Rightarrow ➾ \Rightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-2bt * * R2-1 LIMIT line should $\otimes | \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X location NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices. SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

★ ★G20-9TP

¥ ¥R20-5T

X R20-5aTP

FINES

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

DOUBLE

SPEED

LIMI1

-CSJ Limi

R2-1

ROAD WORK

CONTRACTOR

X X G20-5T

* *G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 * *

ROAD

WORK

∕₂ MILE

CW20-1E

ROAD

WORK

AHFAD

CW20-1D

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (620-51) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND								
I	Type 3 Barricade							
000	Channelizing Devices							
4	Sign							
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.							

SHEET 2 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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ROAD

CLOSED R11-2

Barricade or

chonnelizing

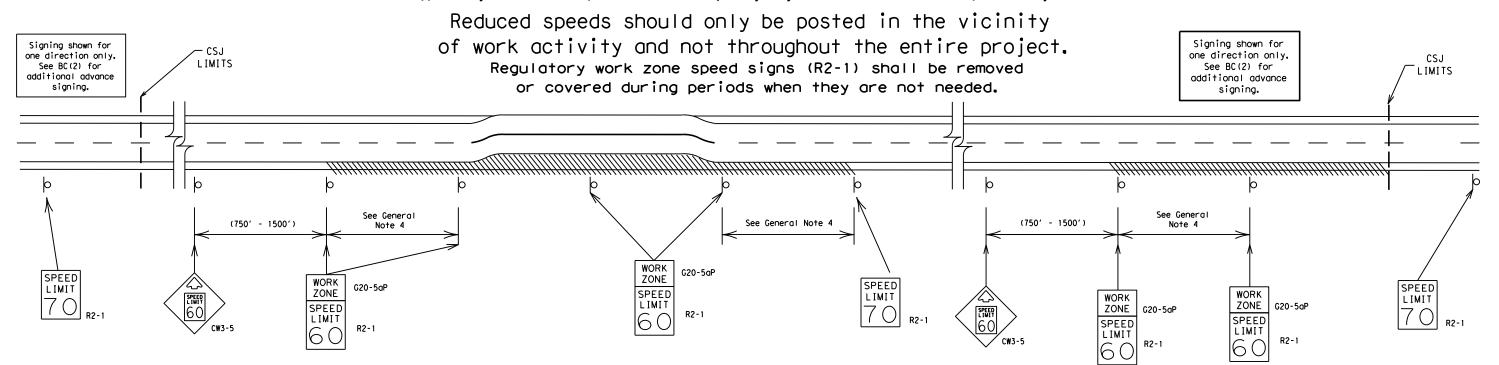
devices

CW13-1P

Channelizing Devices

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

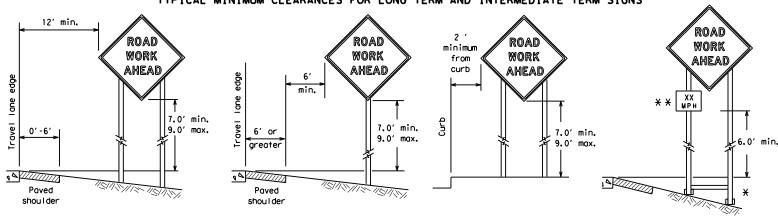
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

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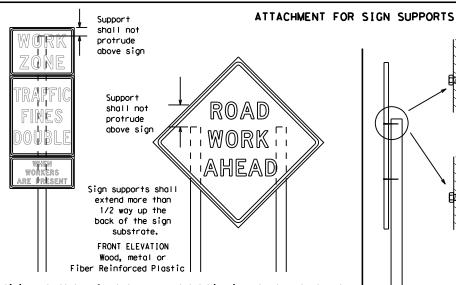
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



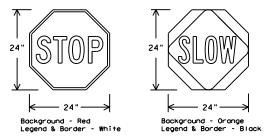
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum
- length of 6' to the bottom of the sign. 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

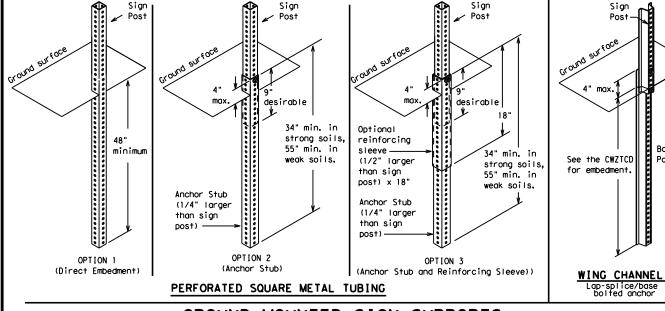
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* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

2"

SINGLE LEG BASE

weld starts here



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.

WEDGE ANCHORS

Post

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12

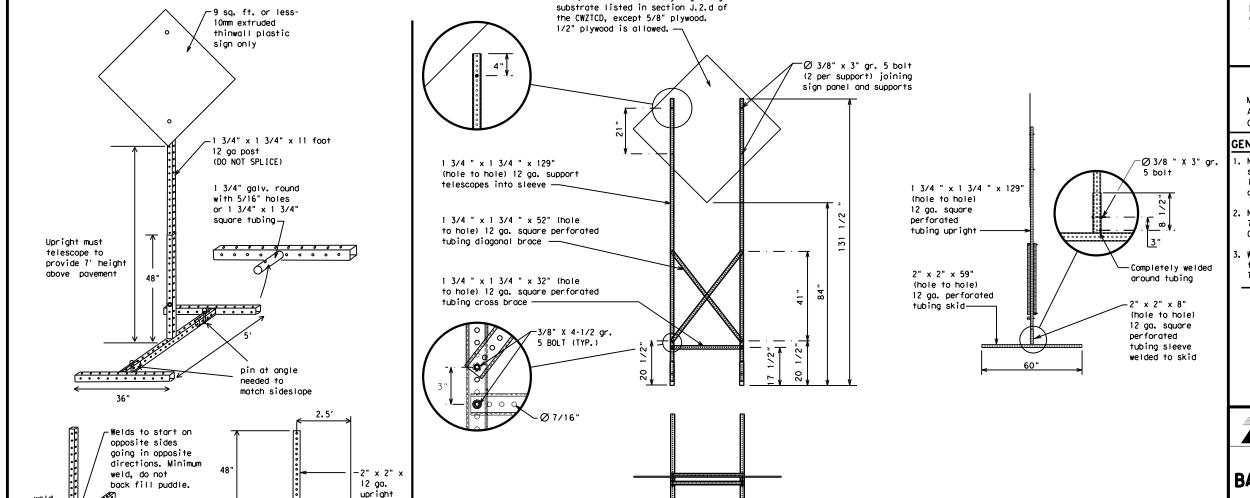


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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16 sq. ft. or less of any rigid sign

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS * LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	IST
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	To Downtown Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving			
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List Other Condition List								
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT					
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT					
ROAD	RIGHT LN	RIGHT LN	TWO-WAY					
CLSD AT	CLOSED	NARROWS	TRAFFIC					
FM XXXX	XXX FT	XXXX FT	XX MILE					
RIGHT X	RIGHT X	MERGING	CONST					
LANES	LANES	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC					
CLOSED	OPEN	XXXX FT	XXX FT					
CENTER	DAYTIME	LOOSE	UNEVEN					
LANE	LANE	GRAVEL	LANES					
CLOSED	CLOSURES	XXXX FT	XXXX FT					

NIGHT I-XX SOUTH DETOUR LANE EXIT X MILE CLOSURES CLOSED XXXX FT

EXIT XXX ROADWORK ROADWORK VARIOUS LANES CLOSED PAST NEXT CLOSED X MILE SH XXXX FRI-SUN EXIT RIGHT LN BUMP US XXX CLOSED TO BE XXXX FT EXIT

CLOSED X MILES X LANES TRAFFIC LANES MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED SIGNAL SHIFT CLOSED TUE - FRI XXXX FT

XXXXXXX BLVD * LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2. CLOSED

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel * * Advance Location Warning Notice List List List List TUE-FRI MERGE FORM ΔΤ **SPEED** RIGHT X LINES FM XXXX LIMIT XX AM-RIGHT XX MPH X PM BEFORE APR XX-DETOUR USE MAXIMUM XXXXX RAILROAD SPEED RD EXIT XX MPH X PM-X AM X EXITS CROSSING USE USE EXIT NEXT MINIMUM BEGINS EXIT XXX I-XX SPEED MONDAY NORTH MILES XX MPH STAY ON USE PAST **ADVISORY** BEGINS US XXX I-XX F IIS XXX ΜΔΥ ΧΧ SPEED SOUTH TO I-XX N EXIT XX MPH TRUCKS WATCH XXXXXXX RIGHT MAY X-X USF FOR TO IANF XX PM -US XXX N **TRUCKS** XXXXXXX EXIT XX AM WATCH **EXPECT** IIS XXX USF NFXT FOR DELAYS TΩ CAUTION FRI-SUN TRUCKS FM XXXX PREPARE XX AM **EXPECT** DRIVE SAFELY DELAYS ΤO TΟ STOP XX PM REDUCE END DRIVE NEXT SPEED **SHOULDER** WITH TUE XXX FT USE CARE AUG XX WATCH USE TONIGHT OTHER XX PM-FOR ROUTES WORKERS XX AM STAY * * See Application Guidelines Note 6. LANE

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.

9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

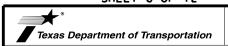
ROUGH

ROAD

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



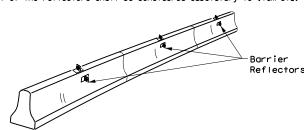
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

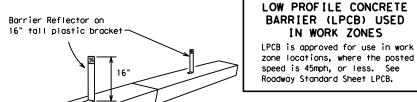
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

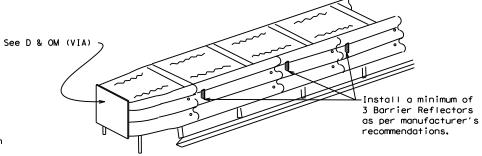
- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



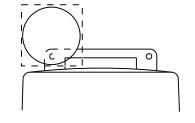
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

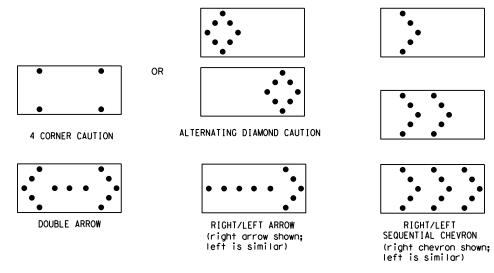
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for
- Assessing Sofety Hardware (MASH).
 Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

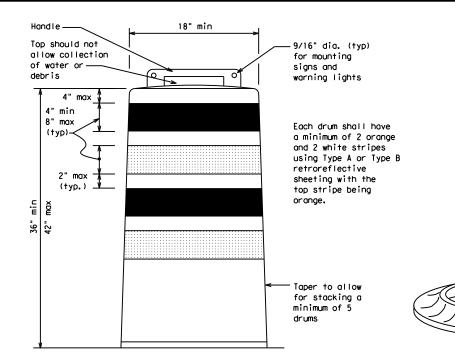
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be neta down while separating the arum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

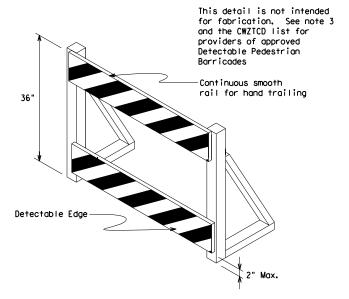
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TIC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

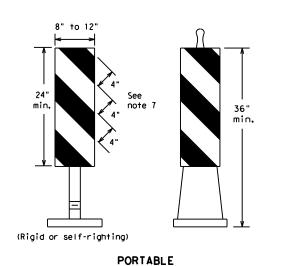
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety

BC(8)-21

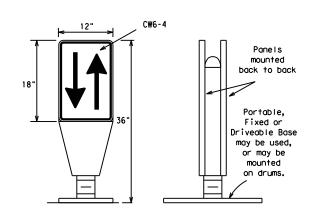
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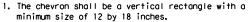
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	_	esirab er Lend **	-	Spacir Channe Dev	ng of
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′
35	L= WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′
80		8001	880′	9601	80'	160′
	Y Tapas II				dod off	100

*X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

Suggested Maximum

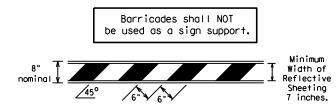
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

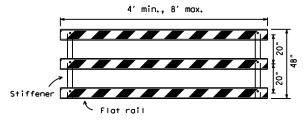
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

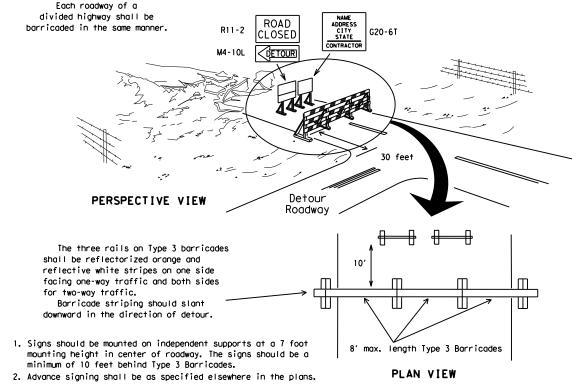


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s coross the work or yellow warning reflector teady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector \bigcirc Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

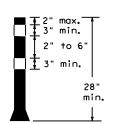
4" min. white

4" min. white

Two-Piece cones

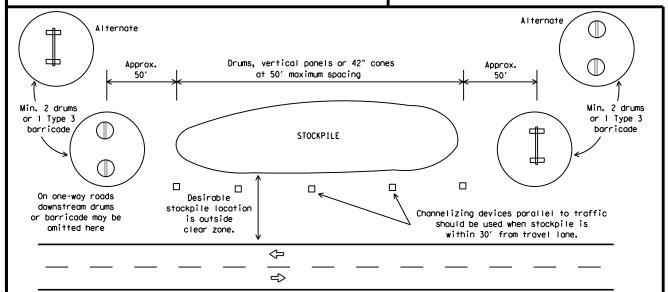
6" min. 2" min. 4" min.

One-Piece cones



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

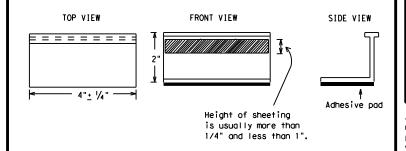
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

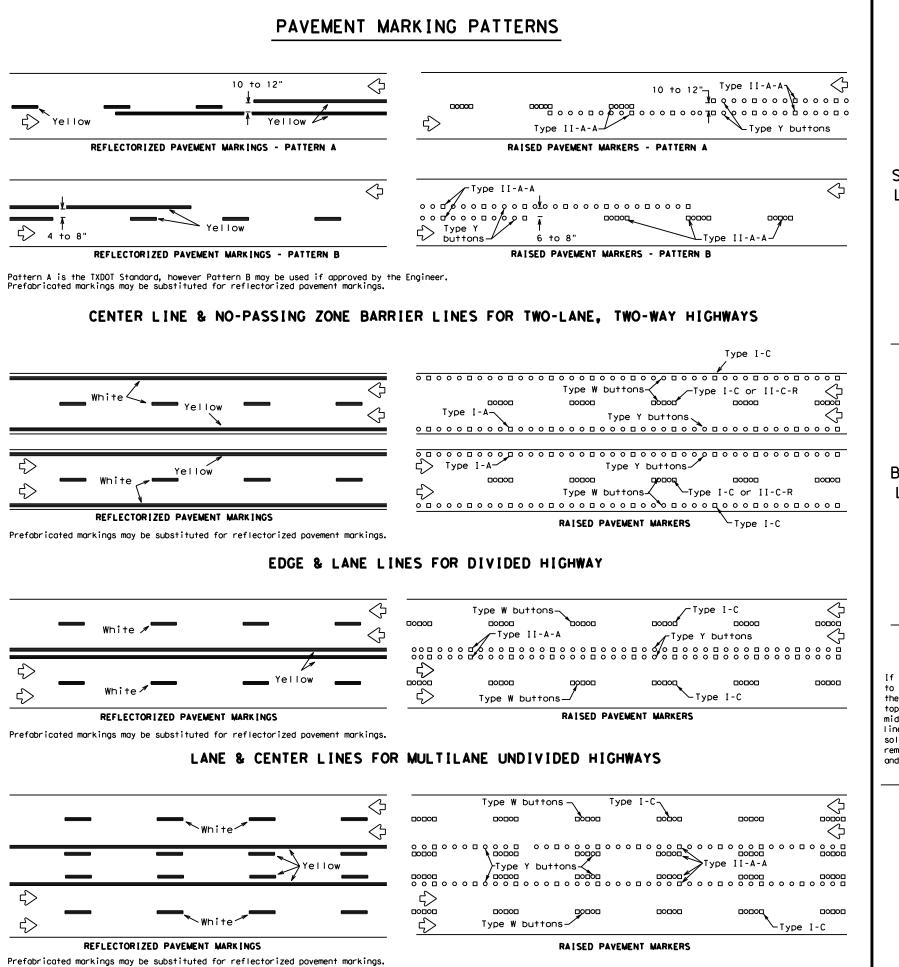


Traffic Safety

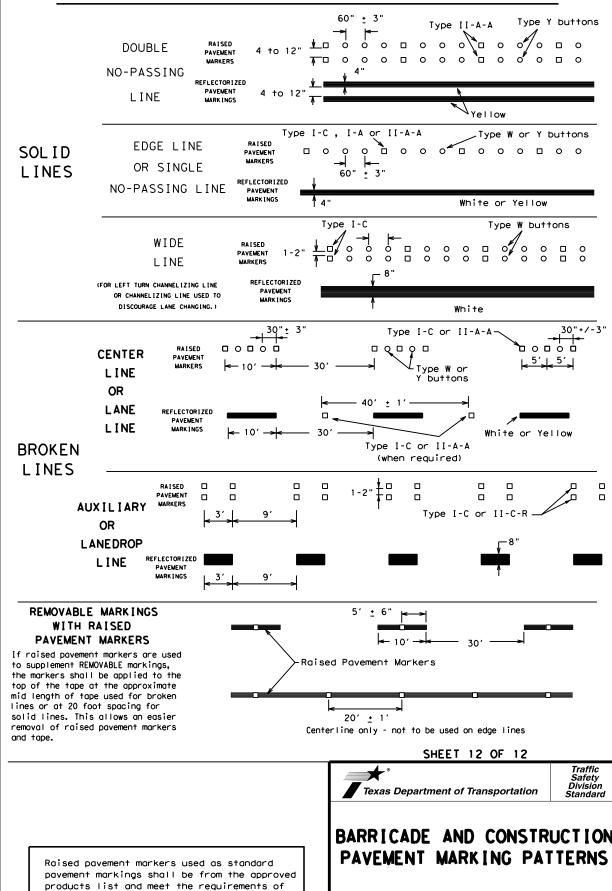
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

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TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



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CONT SECT

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Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS,"

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS

ATE:

WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

15

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

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21 HIDALGO. ETC

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ONCOMING TRAFFIC

Channelizing devices

separate work space from traveled way-

R1-2aP 48" X 36" (See note 8)

42" X 42 " X 42

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

TΟ

ONE LANE

AHEAD

ROAD

WORK

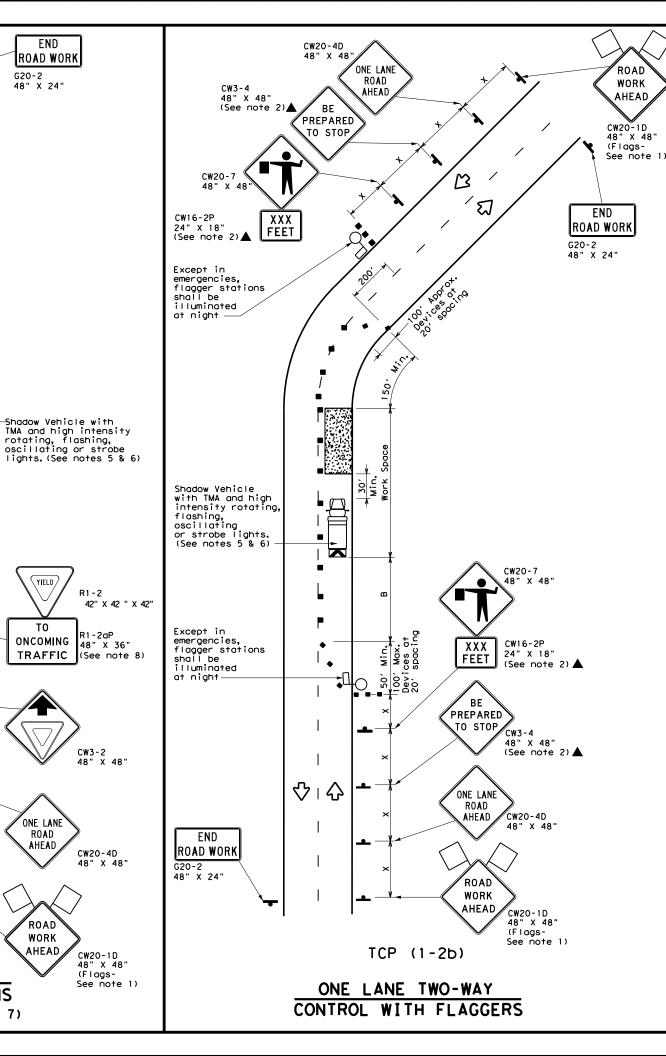
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TCP (1-2a)

ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS

(Less than 2000 ADT - See note 7)



	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
ŀ	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger								

Posted Speed *	Formula	D Tap	Minimur esirab er Len **	le gths	Spacin Channe Dev	lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	<u>  WS</u> 2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′	200'
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250'
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′	305′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550'	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	495′
60	L - W 3	600'	660′	720'	60′	120'	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	8001	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

  3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE
- ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet. 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet
- in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

#### TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

#### TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer. 13. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be
- limited to emergency situations.

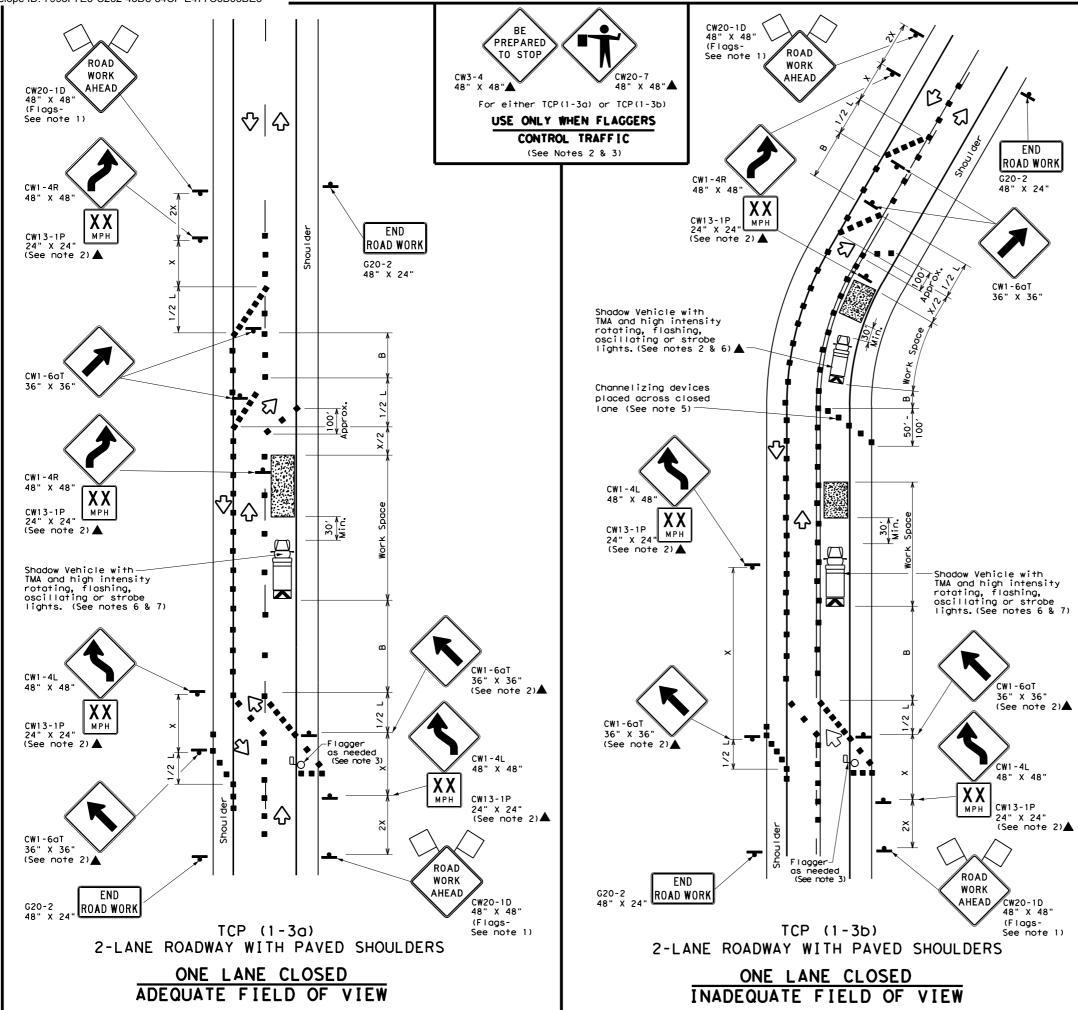


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
©TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	CHWAY
4-90 4-98					I	H 2
4-90 4-98 2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	21	Н	IDALGO,	ET	С	28



	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	ſΟ	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws²	150'	165′	180′	30'	60′	120'	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225'	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40'	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90'	320′	1951
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660'	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L "3	600'	660′	720'	60′	120'	600'	350'
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
	✓	1						

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic.
 Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-98					IH 2
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	21	Н	IDALGO,	ETC	29

AHEAD

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 4 & 5)

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

for 50 mph or x for over 50 r

Shoulder

 $\nabla |\nabla$

♦♦

TCP (1-4a)

ONE LANE CLOSED

30, Min.

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1)

END

ROAD WORK

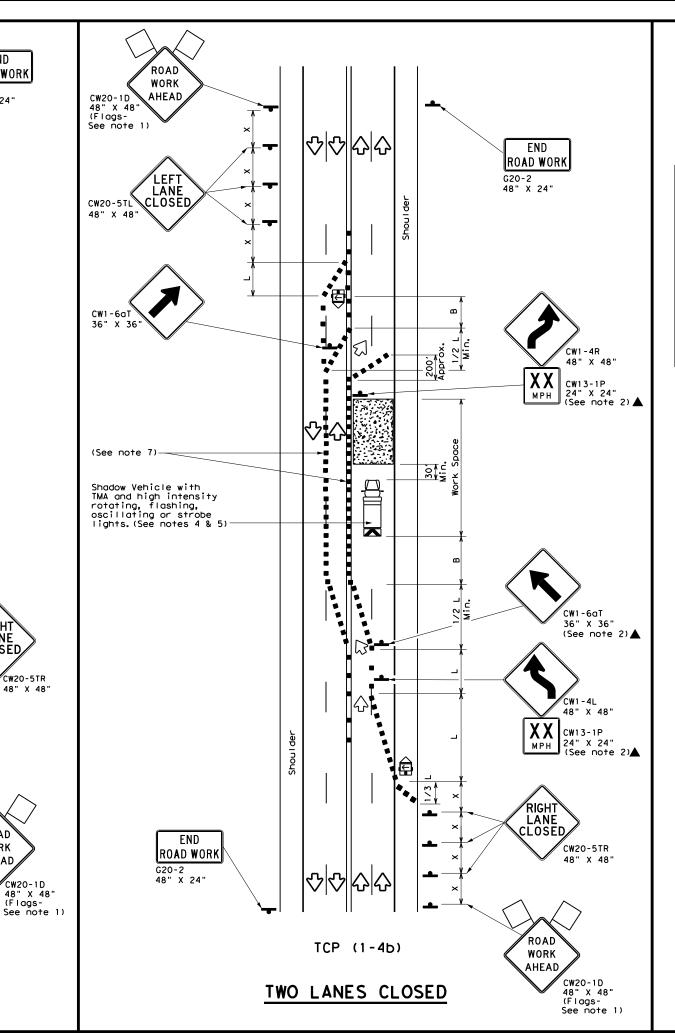
RIGHT LANE CLOSED

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

G20-2 48" X 24"



	LEGEND										
2		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
		Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
ſ	+	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow							
	\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Speed			Desirable Taper Lengths **			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L= WS ²	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	2651	295′	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ₩ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain i place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

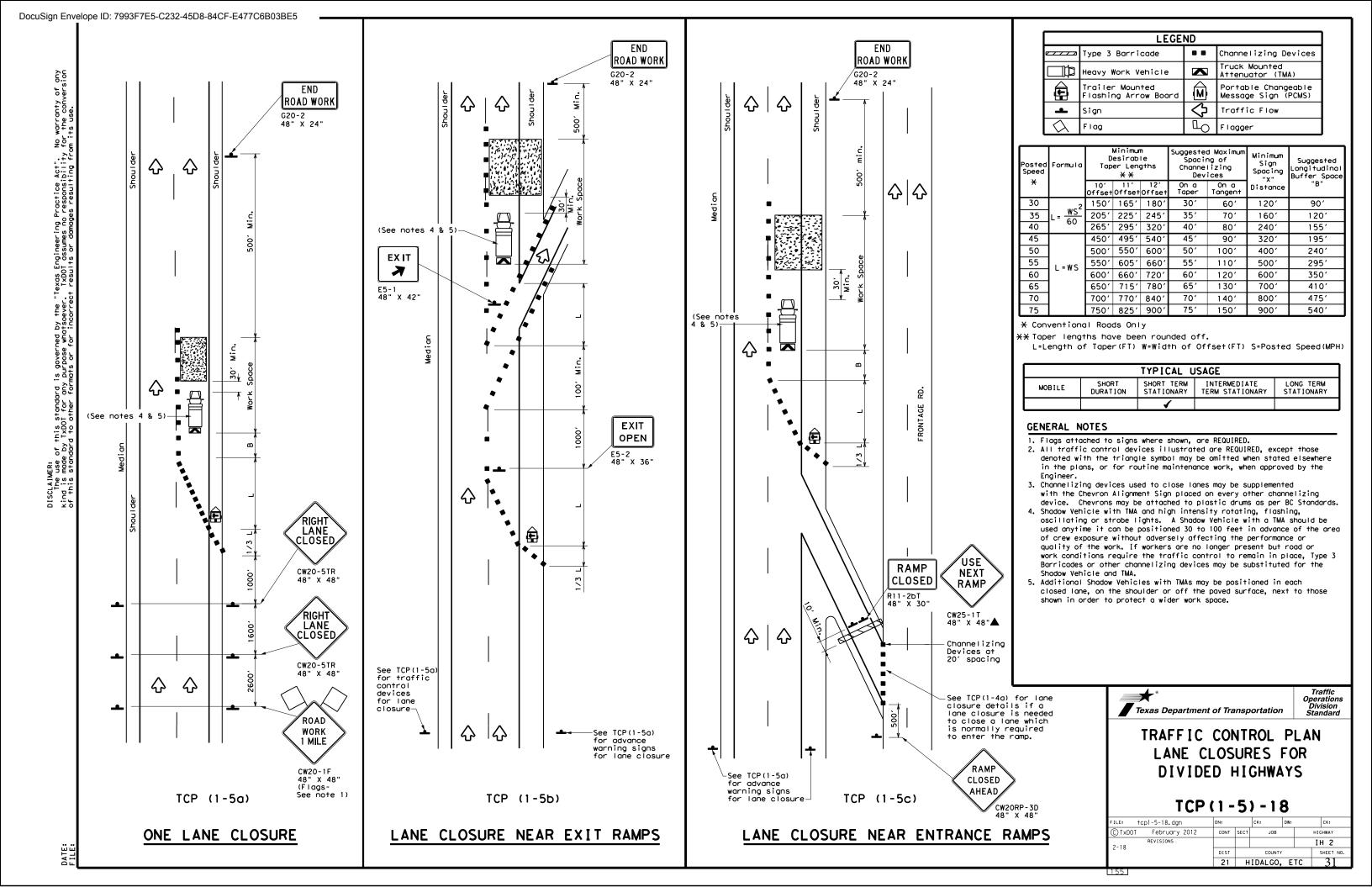


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

FILE: †C	p1-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxD0T	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-98 ^R	EVISIONS					IH 2
8-95 2-12		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18		21	Н	IDALGO,	ETC	30



See note 1)

ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL

WITH RED/YELLOW LENS AFADS

ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH STOP/SLOW AFADS

	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
$\Box$	Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD)		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ц	Flagger							

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le gths	Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	<u>ws</u> 2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	1201	90'	200′
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600,	50′	100′	400′	240′	425'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L-W3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'	645′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. AFADs shall only be used in situations where there is one lane of approaching traffic in the direction to be controlled.
- 3. Adequate stopping sight distance must be provided to each AFAD location for approaching traffic. (See table above). 4. Each AFAD shall be operated by a qualified/certified flagger. Flaggers operating AFADs
- shall not leave them unattended while they are in use. 5. One flagger may operate two AFADs only when the flagger has an unobstructed view of
- both AFADs and of the approaching traffic in both directions. When pilot cars are used, a flagger controlling traffic shall be located on each
- approach. AFADs shall not be operated by the pilot car operator. 7. All AFADs shall be equipped with gate arms with an orange or fluorescent red-orange
- flag attached to the end of the gate arm. The flag shall be a minimum of 16" square. 8. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or
- other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 10. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 11. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 12. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the AFAD.
- 13. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 14. The R1-7aT "WAIT ON STOP" sign and the R1-8aT "GO ON SLOW" sign shall be installed at the AFAD location on separate supports or they may be fabricated as
- one 48" x 30" sign. They shall not obscure the face of the STOP/SLOW AFAD. 15. The R10-6 "STOP HERE ON RED" arrow sign shall be offset so as not to obscure the lenses of the AFAD.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

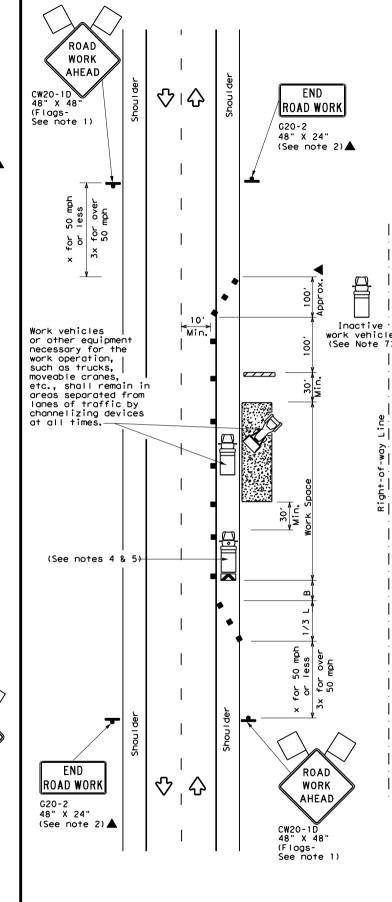
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN AUTOMATED FLAGGER **ASSISTANCE DEVICES** (AFADS)

TCP(1-6)-18

FILE:	tcp1-6-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxD0T	February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
0.40	REVISIONS						[H 2
2-18		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		21	Н	IDALGO,	Ε.	rc	32

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♡□公  $\triangle$ ROAD WORK AHEAD ROAD WORK 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) G20-2 48" X 24" (See note 2)▲ r 50 mph r less for over 50 mph AHEAD CW20-10 See note 1) 50 r Channelizing devices may be omitted if the work area is a minimum of 30' from the nearest traveled way. (See notes 4 & 5) (See notes 4 & 5) 50 mph less WORK END AHEAD ROAD WORK G20-2 CW20-1D 48" X 48" 48" X 24" (See note 2)▲ CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) ♡□☆ 今一分 (Flags-See note 1) TCP (2-1a) TCP (2-1b) WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads Conventional Roads



END

ROAD

WORK

**AHEAD** 

TCP (2-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
£	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws²	150′	165′	1801	30′	60′	120′	90,
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90'	320'	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	L-113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900,	75′	150'	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
	✓	✓	✓	√				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.
- 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface. next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

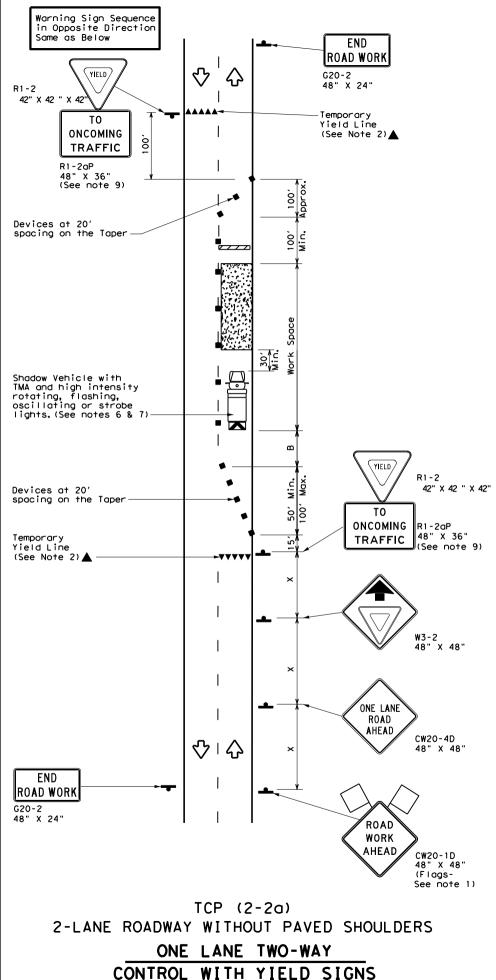
Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

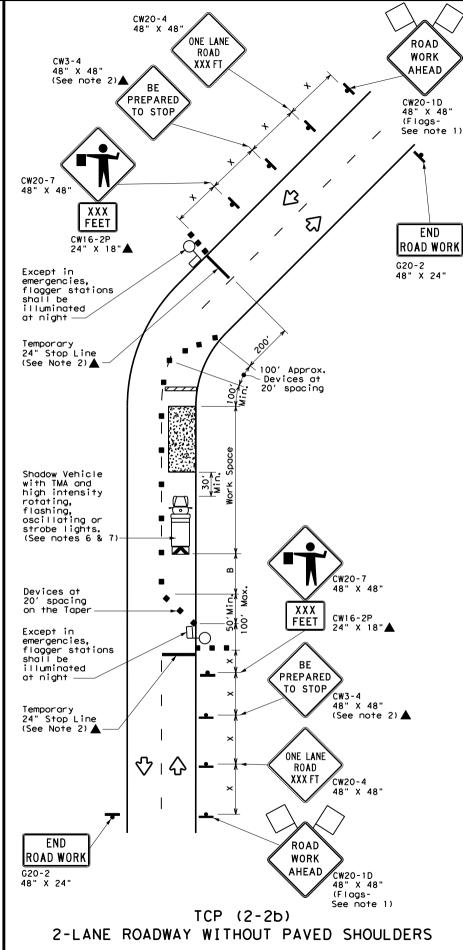
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(2-1)-18

ILE:	tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
C) T×D0	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н:	GHWAY
2.04	REVISIONS					I	H 2
2-94 4-98 8-95 2-12		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
1-97	2-18	21	Н	IDALGO,	Ε	TC	33



(Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)



LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices ruck Mounted Heavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) railer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow $\overline{\Delta}$ Flagger

		<u> </u>				$\overline{}$			J
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	ole Spacing of		Sign Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		Stopping Sight Distance	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120′	90′	200'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50`	100'	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	495′
60	L #5	600′	660′	720′	60`	120′	600'	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		7001	770′	8401	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1	1						

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (2-2b)

- 10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.



Traffic

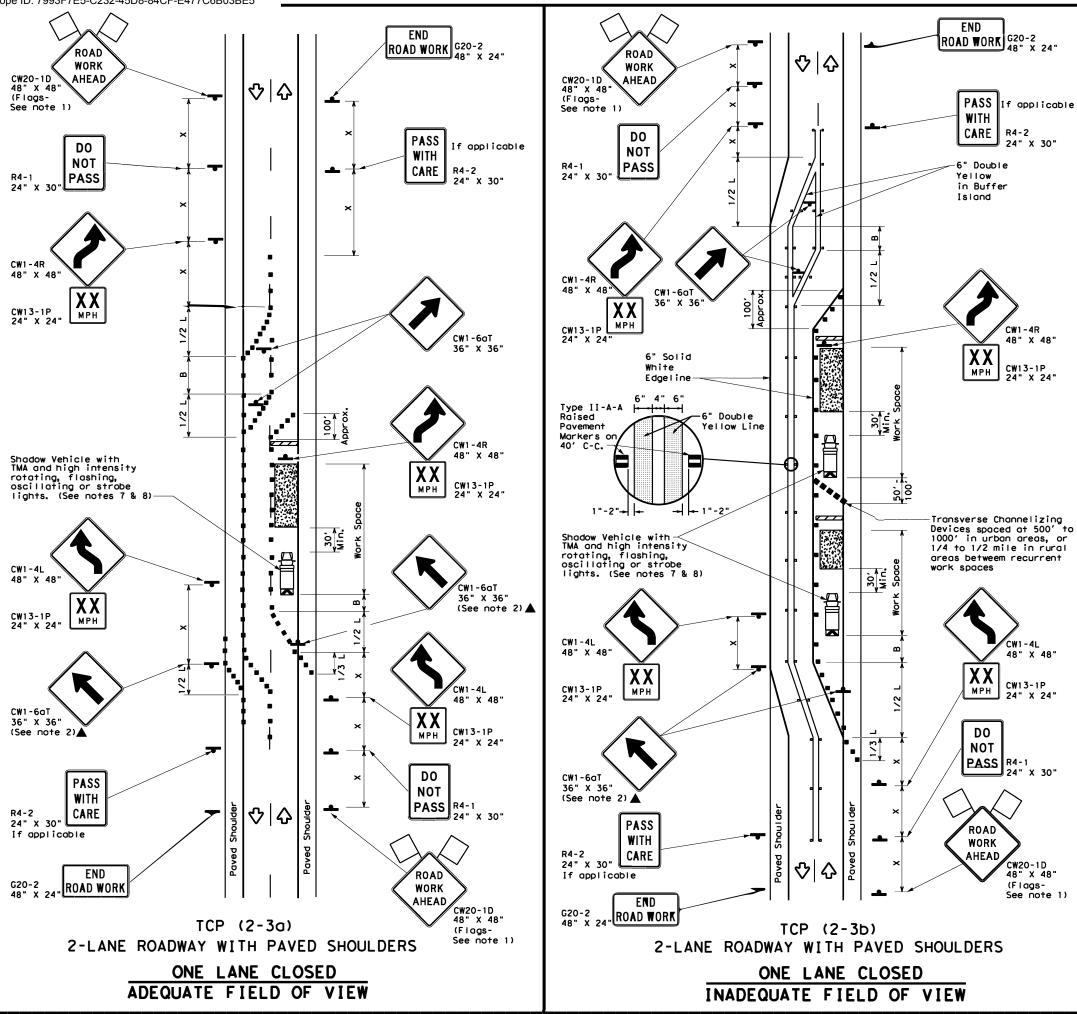
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

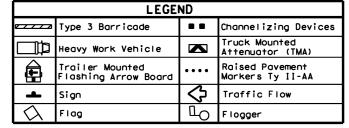
TCP (2-2) -18

FILE:	tcp2-2-18.dgn		DN:		ck:	DW:	CK:
(C) TxD	OT December	1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95	REVISIONS						IH 2
1-97	2-12		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98	2-18		21	Н	IDALGO,	ETC	34

ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

48"





Speed	Farmula	**			Spaci: Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>ws²</u>	1501	1651	1801	30'	60′	120'	90′
35	L= WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	701	160'	120'
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	1951
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	1001	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	" " "	600'	660′	720′	60'	120'	600'	350′
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	130'	700′	410'
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
				TCP (2-3b) ONLY				
			√	1				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flogs attached to signs where shown, ore REQUIRED.
- . All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate
- Flogger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flogger should be positioned at end of traffic queue. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but rood or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect o wider work space.

TCP (2-3a)

O. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds ore 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



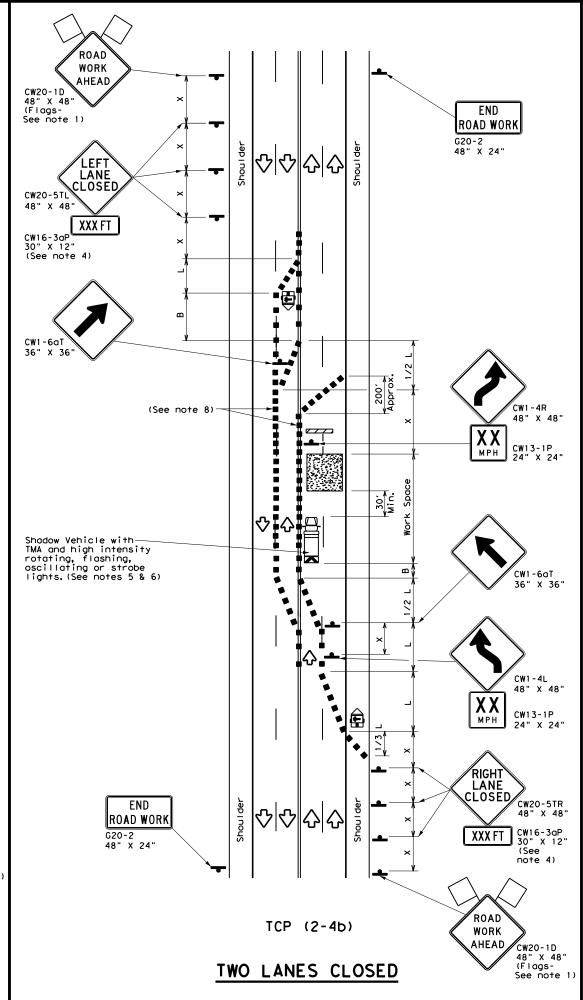
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO-LANE ROADS

TCP(2-3)-23

FILE:	tcp(2-3)-	23. dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:	
C TxDOT	April	2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY	
12-85 4-	REVISIONS	;							
8-95 3-			DIST		COUNTY			SHEET	NO.
1-97 2-								5	

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END WORK ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) X for 50 MPH or less 3X for over 50 MPH Shadow Vehicle with TMA and MIN 30 high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6)— RIGHT LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR _48" X 48' XXX FT CW16-3aP 30" X 12" (See note 4) END ROAD WORK $\Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond$ ROAD WORK 48" X 24" AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note TCP (2-4a) ONE LANE CLOSED



	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

	<u> </u>							
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L= WS ²	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	1951
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- "5	600'	660′	7201	60′	120'	600,	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
		1	1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- I. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- . A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### CP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

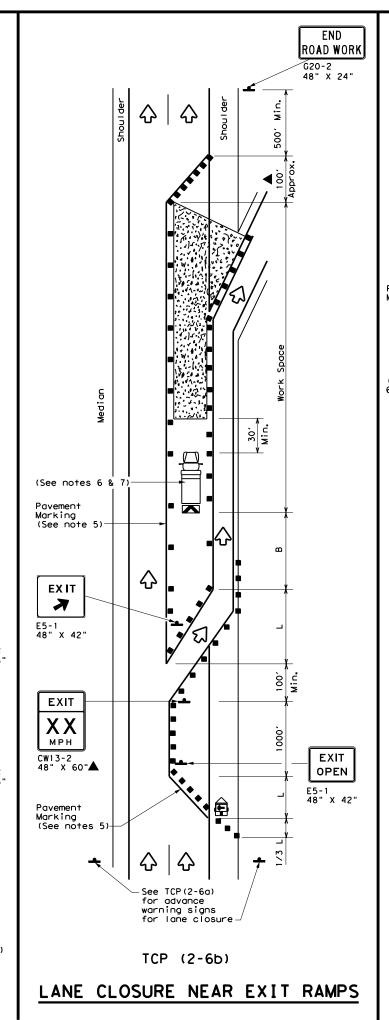
TCP(2-4)-18

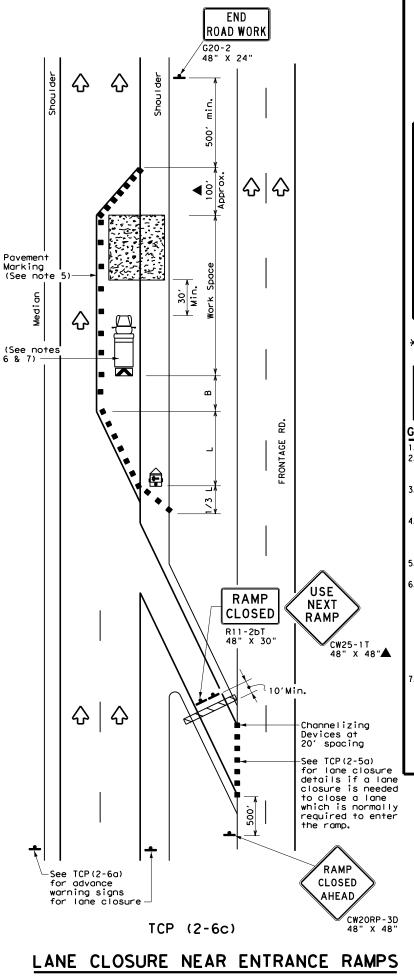
FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS					IH 2	
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
4-98 2-18	21	Н	IDALGO,	ETC	36	

END

ROAD WORK

ONE LANE CLOSURE





	LEGEND						
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
₽	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
\Diamond	Flag	9	Flagger				

Speed	Formula	Desirable S		Spaci: Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	. ws²	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120′	90′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80'	240'	1551	
45		4501	495′	540′	45'	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50'	100′	400′	240'	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540'	

- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1 1 1								

GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.

 Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA and anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance. should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

FILE:	tcp2-6-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxD0T	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	GHWAY
2-94 4-9	REVISIONS 0					H	1 2
8-95 2-1		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-1	8	21		HIDALGO,	ETC		37

ROAD ROAD DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by IXDOI for any purpose whotscever. IXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. WORK WORK AHEAD AHEAD CW20-1D Shoulder ♣ Parage CW20-1D $\langle \cdot \rangle$ ♡ | ♡ $\Diamond \mid \Diamond$ 48" X 48" LEFT SHOULDER CLOSED 1000 FT CW21-5bL 48" X 48' Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or LEFT TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or SHOULDER strobe lights. CLOSED strobe lights. CW21-5aL 48" X 48" LEFT SHOULDER 1000 FT CLOSED CW16-3aP 30" X 12" CW21-5aL 48" X 48" LEFT SHOULDER CLOSED, CW21-5aL 48" X 48" RIGHT SHOULDER CLOSED CW21-5aR 48" X 48" Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Ħ ĕ Z Ž Ž **⊹** ∣ \Diamond ROAD \Diamond WORK ROAD WORK AHEAD G20-2 48" X 24" CW20-1D 48" X 48' TCP (5-1a) TCP (5-1b) WORK AREA ON SHOULDER WORK AREA ON SHOULDER

	LEGEND								
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
	Sign	₽	Traffic Flow						
	Flag		Flagger						

Posted Speed *	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spa Chan D	ted Maximum cing Of nelizing evices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	10' 11' 12' Offset Offset Offset		On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
30	= WS ²	150'	165'	1801	30'	60′	90'
35	L= WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	120'
40	60	265'	295'	3201	40'	80'	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90'	195′
50		500'	550′	600'	50′	100′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660'	55′	110′	295′
60	L- W 3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350′
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	130′	410'
70		700' 770' 840'		70′	140'	475′	
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	540′
80		800'	880'	960'	801	160′	615'

* Conventional Roads Only

ROAD WORK

Min.

G20-2 48" X 24"

RIGHT

SHOULDER

CLOSED

CW21-5aR 48" X 48'

RIGHT

SHOULDER CLOSED

1000 FT

CW16-3aP

OR

RIGHT

SHOULDER

CLOSED 1000 F1

CW21-5bR 48" X 48"

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

30" X 12"

CW21-5aR 48" X 48

XXTaper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MP+

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
	TCP(5-1a) TCP(5-1b) TCP(5-1b)								

GENERAL NOTES

- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foat are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece

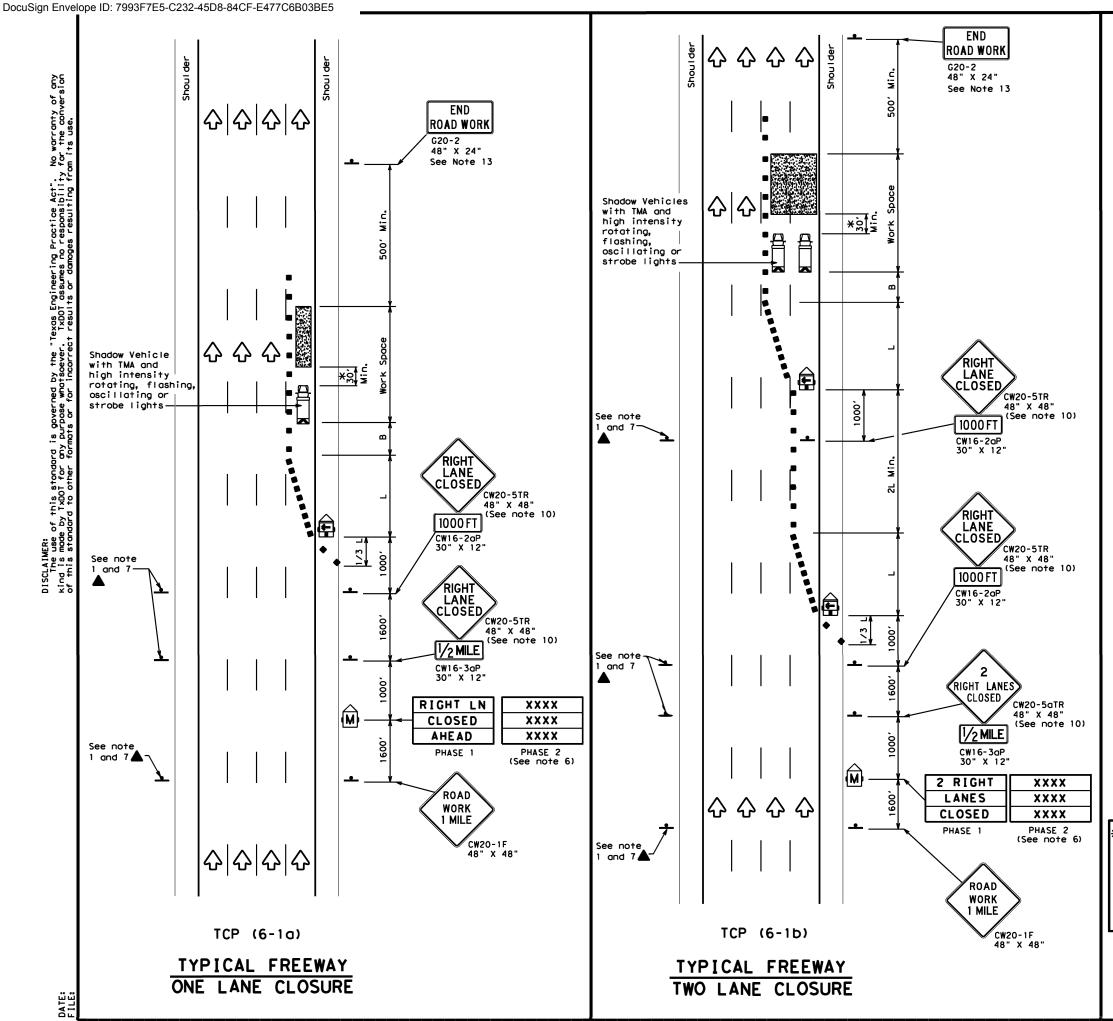


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHOULDER WORK FOR FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP (5-1)-18

FILE:	tcp5-1-18.dgn		DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
© TxD0T	February 2	2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS						IH 2	
2-18			DIST		COUNTY		SHEET	NO.
			21	ш	TDALCO	ETC	20	•



Type 3 Barricade

Type 3 Barricade

Heavy Work Vehicle

Trailer Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Flashing Arrow Board

Flag

Flag

Flag

LEGEND

Channelizing Devices

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)

Traffic Flow

Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **		Spacir Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	
I		Offset			Taper	Tangent	_
45		450'	4951	540′	45′	90'	195′
50		500'	550'	600'	50′	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605'	660'	55′	110'	295'
60	L-W3	600'	660'	720′	60′	120'	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130′	410'
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140'	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	1				

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 5. Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- 8. The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control
- devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD. 9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7^{\prime} to the
- bottom of the sign.

 10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- 12. For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shal be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP(6-1)-12

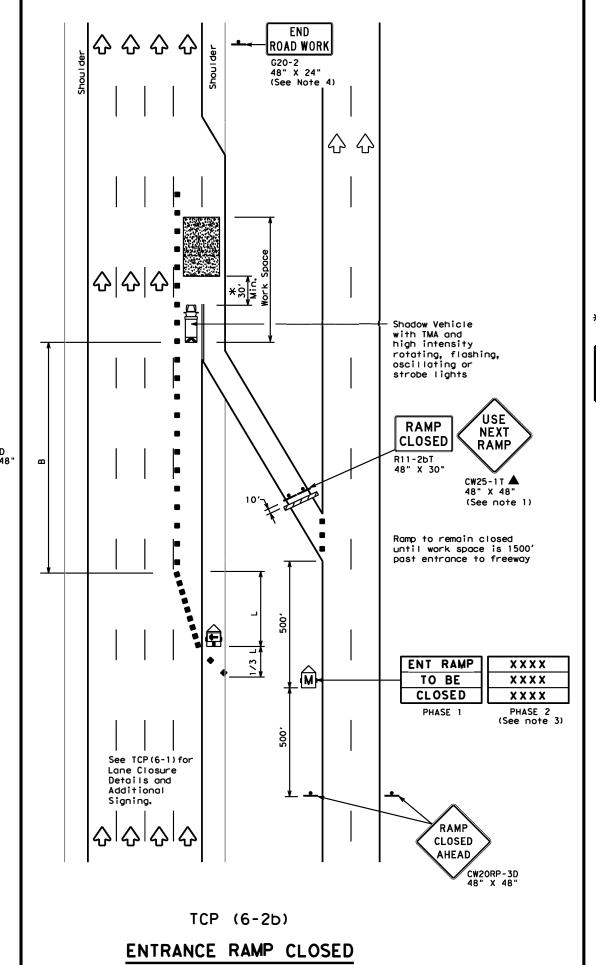
		CON	T SEC	T. JOB			HIGHW	AY
ILE:	tcp6-1.dgn		xDOT	ck: TxDOT	Dw:	TxDOT		TxDOT
C TxDOT	February 1998						ΙH	2
8-12	REVISIONS		5					
0-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEE	T NO.
		21	Н	I DAL GO.	E	ГС	39)

201

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any Kind is made by TXDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. END ROAD WORK 48" X 24" (See Note 4) CW4-3R 48" X 48" **AHEAD** CW20-1D 48" X 48" Shadow Vehicle with TMA and MPH high intensity CW13-1P▲ rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights 24" X 24" (Plaque See note 1) 쇼 쇼 See TCP(6-1) for Lane Closure Details and Additional Signing. TCP (6-2a)

ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN

WORK WITHIN 500' OF RAMP



	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>£</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(≧)	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
_	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	3	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Spacin Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90'	195′
50		500'	550′	600'	50′	100'	240′
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110'	295′
60	L-W5	600'	660'	720'	60′	120'	350′
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	130'	410'
70		700' 770'		840'	70′	140'	475′
75		750' 825' 900'			75′	150′	540′
80		800'	8801	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1 1									

#### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign between romp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.
- See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be amitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

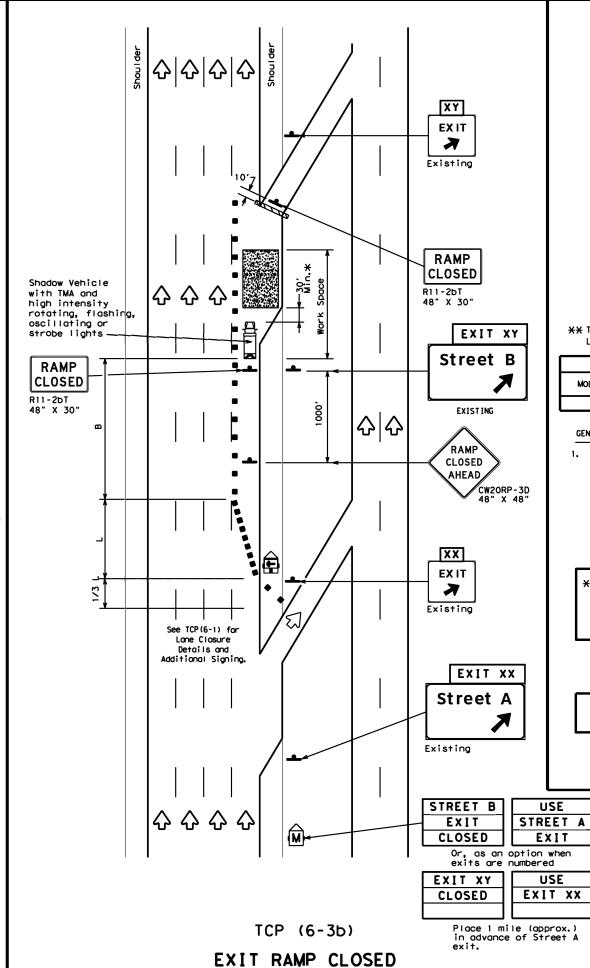


# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP(6-2)-12

4-98 8-1	4	21	H.	IDALGO,	ETC	40	
1-97 8-98		DIST		COUNTY SHEET NO		SHEET NO.	┸
	REVISIONS	5				IH 2	_
C TxDOT	February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
FILE:	tcp6-2.dgn	DN: To	DN: TxDOT   CK: TxDOT   DW: T:		Dw: Tx[	00T   ck: TxD0	T

202



TRAFFIC EXITS PRIOR TO CLOSED RAMP

	LE(	GEND	
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
<b>£</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(N	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow
$\Diamond$	Flag	4	Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Spaci: Channe		Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90'	195′
50		500'	550'	600'	50′	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55′	110'	295′
60	L - # 3	600'	660'	720'	60′	120'	350′
65		650'	715′	780'	65′	130'	410'
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140'	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	540′
80		800'	8801	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPF

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	4 4 4									

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

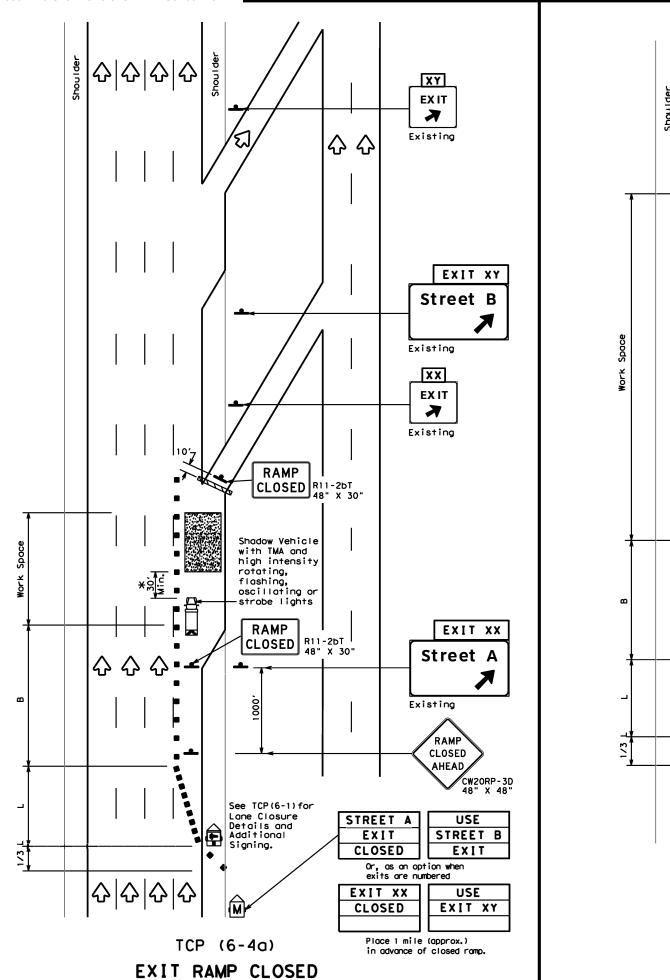


Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

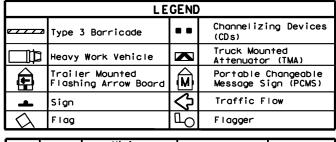
## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND RAMP

TCP (6-3) -12

DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDO tcp6-3.dgn © TxDOT February 1994 IH 2 SHEET NO. 4-98 8-12 21 HIDALGO, ETC 41



TRAFFIC EXITS PAST CLOSED RAMP



Posted Speed	Formula	Taper	Minimur esirab Lengti XX	ıe	Spacin Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90'	195′
50		500'	550′	600,	50′	100′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55′	110'	295′
60	L-#3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350′
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	130'	410'
70		7001	700' 770'		70′	140'	475′
75		750′	825'	900'	75′	150'	540′
80		800'	880'	9601	80'	160'	615′

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	✓	1				

#### GENERAL NOTES

**소 수 수** 

Existing

Exit Gore Sign

**EXIT** 

K

48"X42'

**쇼 쇼** 

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity

strobe lights

rotating, flashing, oscillating or

EXIT

E5-2 48" X 36"

See TCP(6-1) for Lane Closure Details and

Additional

Signing.

TCP (6-4b)

EXIT RAMP OPEN

OPEN

200' approx. gap

5 CDs at 60'

spacing

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC Standards for sign details.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-4) -12

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TCP (6-5a)

EXIT RAMP OPEN

LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board  $\diamondsuit$ Traffic Flow  $\overline{\Diamond}$ ŪΟ Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Spacir Channe Dev		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450'	495'	540'	45′	90'	1951
50		500'	550′	600'	50'	100'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55'	110'	295′
60	_ "3	600'	660'	720′	60'	120'	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130'	410'
70		700′	770′	840'	701	140'	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75'	150'	540′
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615′

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1 1 1									

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1$ in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

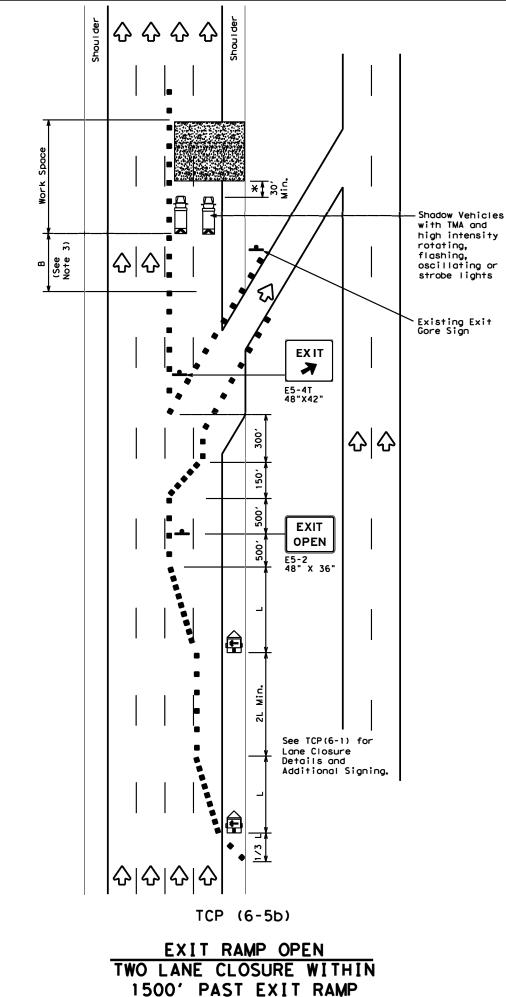
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer



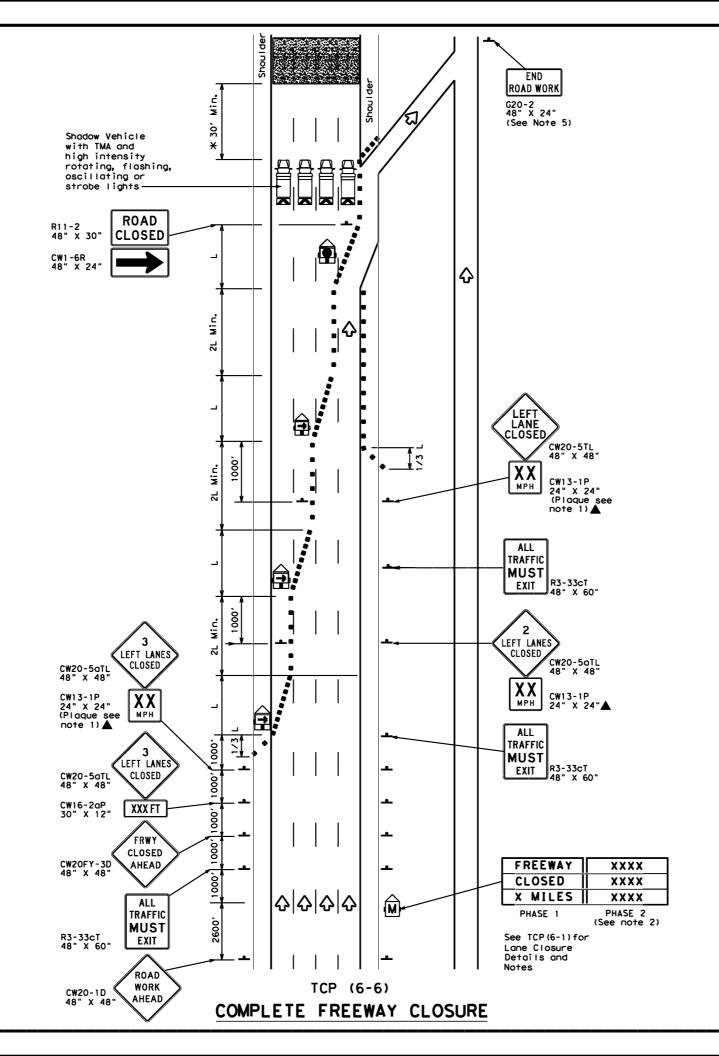
## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-5) -12

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	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
1	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
	Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode	♡	Traffic Flow						
_	Sign								

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab Lengtl **		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"	
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90'	195'	
50		500'	550'	600'	50′	100'	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110'	295'	
60	L-#3	600'	660'	720′	60′	120'	350′	
65		650'	715′	780′	65`	130'	410'	
70		7001	7701	840'	70′	140'	475′	
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150'	540′	
80		8001	880'	960'	80'	160'	615′	

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
	1	1	1								

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated ore REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE RIGHT," recommended speed, delay, exit information, or other specific warnings.
- 3. Where queuing is anticipated beyond signing shown, additional PCMS signs, other warning signs, devices or Law Enforcement Officers should be available to warn approaching high speed traffic of the end of the queue, as directed by the Engineer.
- Entrance romps located from the advance warning area to the exit romp should be closed whenever possible.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lone closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

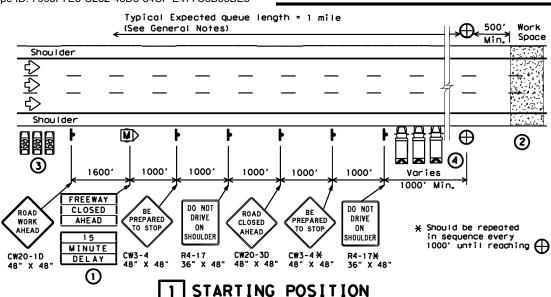


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY CLOSURE

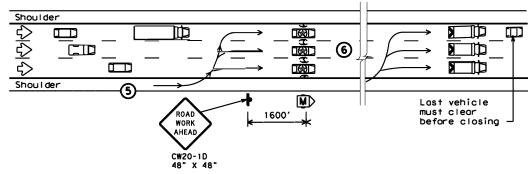
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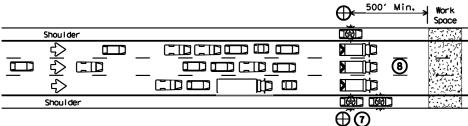


- 1 Traffic control devices should be installed or located near their intended position prior to beginning temporary roadway closure sequence. Duplicate signs should be erected on the median side of the roadway when median width permits. Warning signs should not be placed on the paved shoulders that will be used by the WARNING LEOV, or where movement of the LEOVs or barrier vehicles will be impeded.
- (2) Prior to beginning the roadway closure sequence, all equipment, materials, personnel, and other items necessary to complete the work should be gathered near the work area. Entrance ramps located in the area where a queue is expected to build should be closed.
- There should be one LEOV for every lane to be controlled, plus a minimum of one to warn traffic approaching a queue. An additional lead law enforcement officer is desirable to remain with the Engineer's or Contractor's point of contact (POC) during the operation in order to improve communication with all LEOVs involved.
- ① One barrier vehicle with a Truck Mounted Attenuator and amber or blue and amber high intensity flashing/oscillating/strobe lighting shall be used for each lane to be closed.



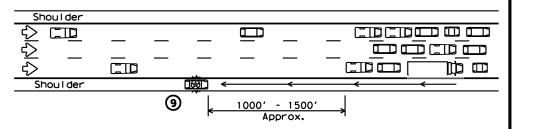
2 REDUCING SPEED OPERATION

- (5) Starting position of the LEOVs should be in advance of the most distant warning signs.
- 6 Once the LEOVs have achieved an abreast blocking formation while traveling toward the CP, emergency lights and headlights should be turned "ON". The LEOVs should maintain formation, not allow traffic to pass, and begin to decelerate. The LEOVs should continue to decelerate, giving the barrier vehicles opportunity to be staged upstream of the work space after traffic has cleared. The LEOVs should then continue to decelerate slowly until bringing traffic to a stop near the barrier vehicles.



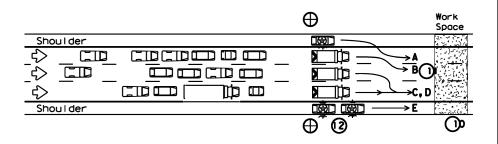
3 ALL TRAFFIC STOPPED AT CP

- (7) Once traffic is stopped the LEOVs should park on the shoulders with emergency lighting "ON" in order to provide law enforcement presence at the closure and keep shoulders blocked ahead of the work space. They should stay in radio contact with the WARNING LEOV.
- The barrier vehicles should be parked, one in each lane, the parking brake set, with the high visibility flashing/oscillating/strobe lighting "ON," and the transmission in gear.



WARNING THE TRAFFIC QUEUE

The WARNING LEOV should proceed to the right shoulder of the roadway, with emergency lights on approximately 1000' in advance of the traffic queue (stopped traffic) as the queue develops. When determined that limited sight distance situations (crest of hills, sharp roadway curvature, etc.) may occur to motorists approaching the queue, the WARNING LEOV may proceed 1/4 mile or more in advance of the queue.



RELEASING STOPPED TRAFFIC

- (OAII equipment, materials, personnel, and other items should be removed from the roadway and maintain an adequate clear zone.
- (1)When the roadway is clear for traffic, the LEOV should proceed forward from the left shoulder followed by the barrier vehicles, from left to right, as shown alphabetically in the plan view.
- (2) The LEOV or LEOVs on the right shoulder may remain on the shoulder until satisfied that traffic is moving satisfactorily before merging or proceeding.
- (3)LEOVs and barrier vehicles should re-group at their respective starting positions if necessary.

	LEGEND								
••	Channelizing Devices	\oplus	Control Position (CP)						
(M)	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)		Barrier Vehicle with Truck Mounted Attenuator						
	Law Enforcement Officer's Vehicle(LEOV)	❖	Traffic Flow						

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1									

GENERAL NOTES

- 1.All traffic control devices shall conform with the latest edition of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD). Additional guidelines for traffic control devices may be found in the TMUTCD. Signs conflicting with the roadway closure sequence should be completely removed or covered. Additional traffic control devices may be required for closure of access roads, cross streets, exit and entrance ramps as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Law enforcement officers and all workers involved should review and understand all procedures before the roadway closure sequence begins. Pre-work meetings may be held for this purpose. Local emergency services and media should have advance notification of roadway closure, expected dates and approximate times of closures.
- 3. Law enforcement officers shall be in uniform and have jurisdiction in the locale of the work area. An additional WARNING Law Enforcement Officer's Vehicle (LEOV) may be used on the median side of the roadway where median shoulder width permits (See sequence #9).
- 4. The roadway closure should be during off-peak hours, as shown in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- 5. Work should be limited to approximately 15 minutes maximum duration unless otherwise directed by the Engineer based on existing roadway conditions. If the work is not complete within 15 minutes, or if the end of the traffic queue extends past the most distant advance warning signs, the work area should be cleared of all equipment, materials, personnel, and other items, and the roadway reopened. When the queue has dissipated and the traffic flow appears normal the roadway closure sequence may be repeated.
- 6. For traffic volumes greater than 1000 Passenger Cars Per Hour Per Lane (PCPHPL), or for roadway closures that exceed 15 minutes, see details elsewhere in the plan,
- 7. If traffic queues beyond the advance warning signs during one road closure sequence, the advance warning should be extended prior to repeating the road closure sequence. When possible, PCMS signs should be located in advance of the last available exit prior to the closure to allow motorists the choice of an alternate route.

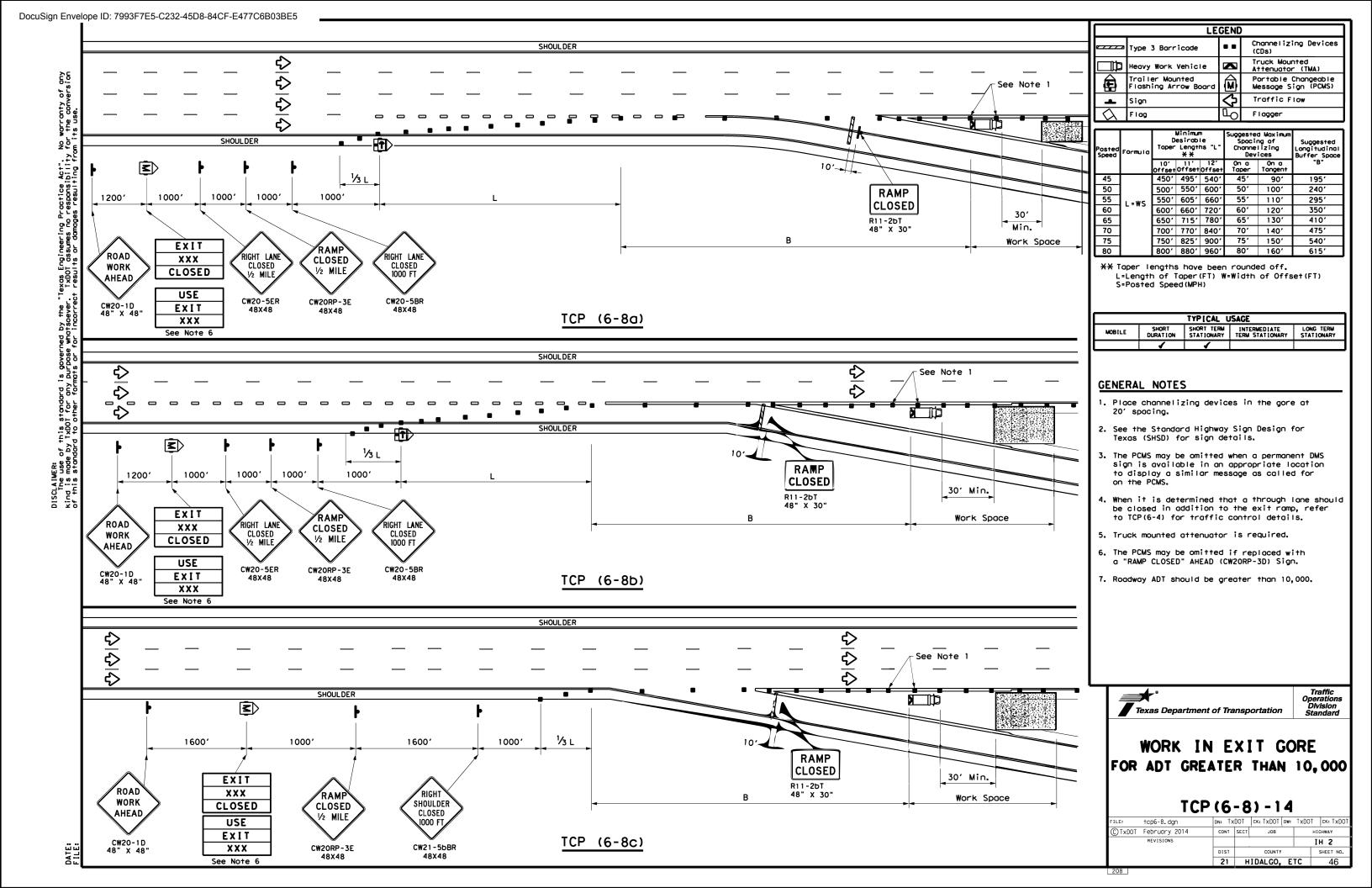
THIS PLAN IS INTENDED TO BE USED AT LOCATIONS/TIMES WHEN TRAFFIC VOLUMES ARE LESS THAN 1000 PASSENGER CARS PER HOUR PER LANE.

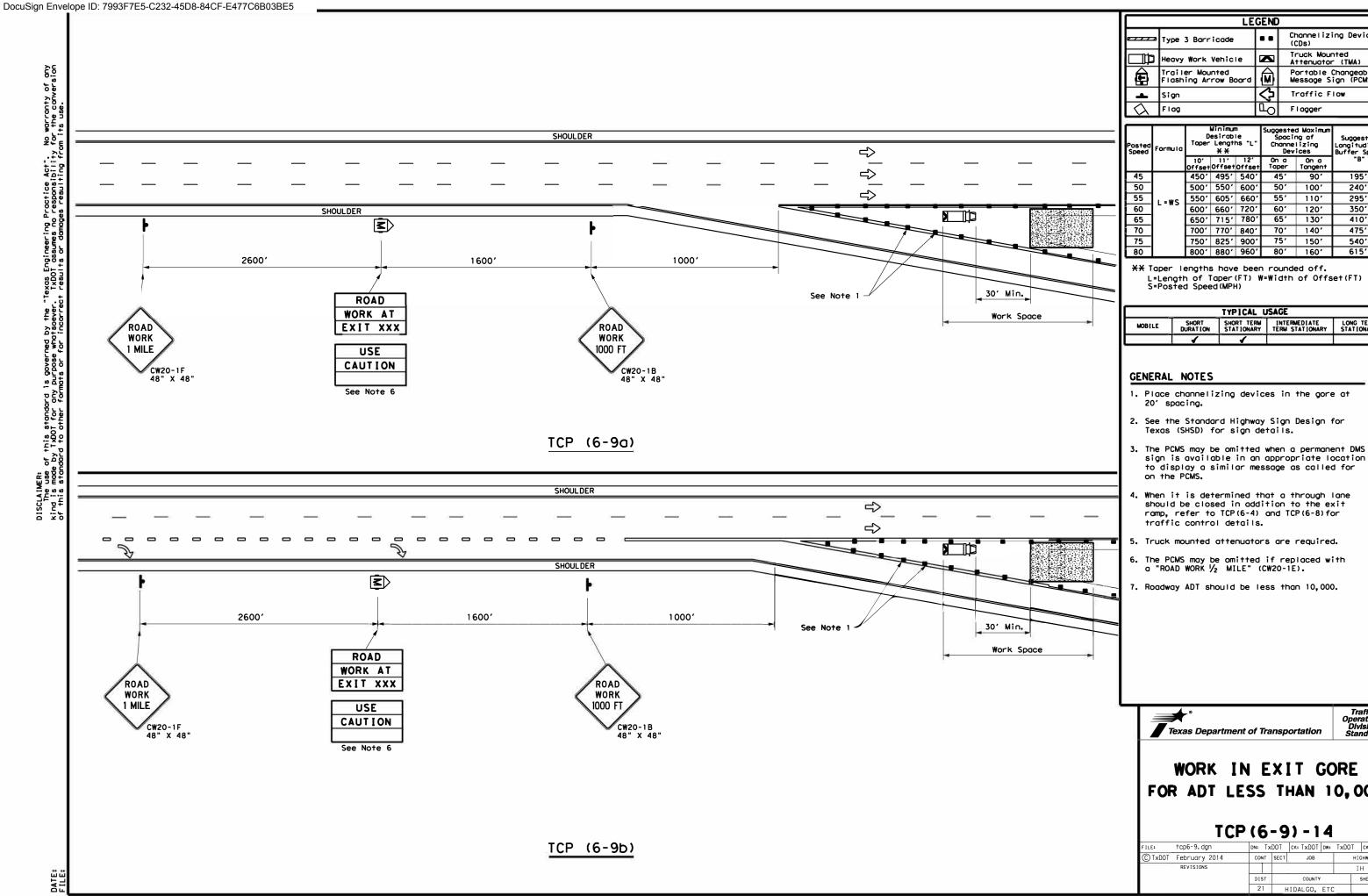


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHORT DURATION FREEWAY **CLOSURE SEQUENCE**

TCP (6-7) - 12

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Channelizing Devices (CDs) Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Traffic Flow Flagger

Posted Speed	Formulo	D	Minimur esirob Lengti **	le hs "L"	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Langitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"В"	
45		4501	4951	540'	45'	90'	195'	
50	1	500'	550'	600'	50'	1001	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110'	295′	
60	L - W.5	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350′	
65		650'	7151	780′	65′	130'	410'	
70		700′	7701	840'	70′	140'	475′	
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	540'	
80		800,	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'	

** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL L	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		1	Ĭ	

- sign is available in an appropriate location to display a similar message as called for
- should be closed in addition to the exit ramp, refer to TCP(6-4) and TCP(6-8) for

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WORK IN EXIT GORE FOR ADT LESS THAN 10,000

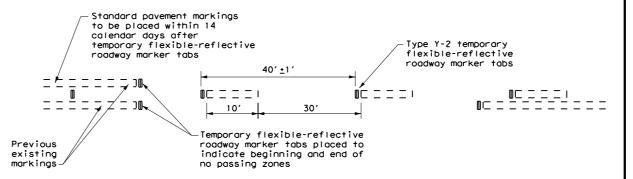
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DocuSign Envelope ID: 7993F7E5-C232-45D8-84CF-E477C6B03BE5 ROAD WORK PASS SURFACING ENDS R4-2 WITH 24" x 30" CARE NEXT R20-1TP 2 MILES 24" X 18" DO R4-1 NOT 24" X 30" PASS PASSING ZONE NO. CENTER LINE CW8-12 36" X 36" Min. -REPEAT EVERY 2 MILES LOOSE GRAVEL CW8 - 7 36" X 36" SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKING MAJOR RURAL ROAD 40′+1 PASS R4-2 WITH 24" × 30" CARE R4-1 NOT 24" X 30" PASS NEXT R20-1TP 2 MILES 24" X 18' DO NOT R4-1 24" X 30" **PASS** NEXT R20-1TP 3 MILES 24" X 18' DO NOT R4-1 PASS 24" X 30" NEXT R20-1TP 4 MILES 24" X 18" SURFACING BEGINS CENTER LINE CW8-12 36" X 36" -REPEAT EVERY 2 MILES LOOSE GRAVEL CW8-7 36" X 36" Min. NOTE Signing shown for one ROAD direction of travel only. WORK AHFAD CW20-1D NO PASSING ZONES ON TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

warranty of any the conversion

SCLAIMER:
The use of this standard
nd is made by TxDOI for any
this standard to other for



TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

"DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavemen
- At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

"NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line
- At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline, a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

"LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ(STPM) standard sheet.

COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T) sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing, LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

* Conventional Roads Only

		TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
			✓	√

GENERAL NOTES

- The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by



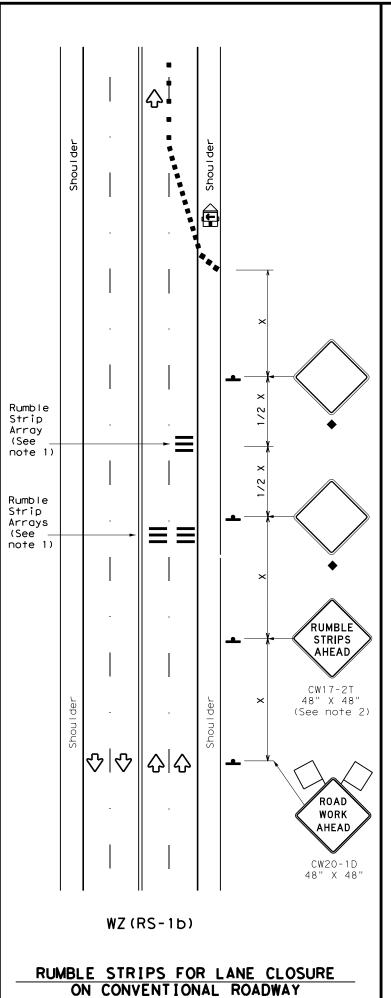
Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS **FOR** SURFACING OPERATIONS

TCP(7-1)-13

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TABLE 1 Warning sign and rumble strip # of Rumble sequence in Flagger Strip opposite direction (Length of Work Area) Arrays is some as below. < 4,500 1/8 Mile > 4,500 2 3,500 1/4 Mile > 3,500 2 < 2,600 1 1/2 Mile <u>></u> 2,600 2 < 1,600 1 1 Mile 2 <u>></u> 1,600 > 1 Mile N/A 2 See note 8 Rumble Strip Array (See note 1) Rumble Strip Array (See note 1) The second Rumble Strip Array is required when the ADT thresholds in Table 1 indicate the need for 2 Arrays. RUMBLE \Diamond AHEAD, CW17-2T 48" X 48" (See note 2) ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" WZ (RS-1a) RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE TWO-WAY APPLICATION



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND					
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices		
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)		
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)		
ł	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow		
\Diamond	Flag	ПO	Flagger		

Speed	Minimum Desirable Formula Taper Lengths **		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90′
35	L= WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L #13	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		7001	7701	840′	70′	140′	8001	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	✓	✓			

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

T	TABLE 2				
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array				
≤ 40 MPH	10′				
> 40 MPH & ≤ 55 MPH	15′				
= 60 MPH	20′				
<u>></u> 65 MPH	* 35'+				

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

ILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C)TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS						
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-16						49

Certificate Of Completion

Envelope Id: 7993F7E5C23245D884CFE477C6B03BE5

Subject: Complete with DocuSign: 6435-18-001 Crack Seal (Draft).pdf

Source Envelope:

Document Pages: 49 Signatures: 4 Certificate Pages: 5 Initials: 0

AutoNav: Enabled

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Jennifer Beltran 125 E. 11th Street Austin, TX 78701

Jennifer.Beltran@txdot.gov IP Address: 204.64.21.234

Record Tracking

Signer Events

Status: Original Holder: Jennifer Beltran Location: DocuSign Jennifer.Beltran@txdot.gov 4/25/2023 10:37:24 AM

Security Appliance Status: Connected Pool: StateLocal

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Signature **Timestamp**

Eugene.Palacios@txdot.gov Eugene.palacios@txdot.gov Transportation Engineer Texas Department of Transportation

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(Optional)

Signature Adoption: Uploaded Signature Image

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Sent: 4/25/2023 10:40:03 AM Viewed: 4/26/2023 10:12:51 AM Signed: 4/26/2023 10:14:31 AM

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Juan A. Sustaita Jr juan.sustaita@txdot.gov **Director of Maintenance**

TXDOT

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (Optional)

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure: Not Offered via DocuSign

Pedro R. Alvarez pedro.alvarez@txdot.gov

Texas Department of Transportation

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(Optional)

District Engineer

Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

Accepted: 3/22/2016 1:43:57 PM ID: f7d59b56-012b-4500-b95f-203254d600bd Juan A. Sustaita Ji -E353D62C01B2433...

Signature Adoption: Pre-selected Style Using IP Address: 204.64.21.247

Sent: 4/26/2023 10:14:37 AM Viewed: 4/26/2023 4:15:19 PM Signed: 4/26/2023 4:15:29 PM

Sent: 4/26/2023 4:15:36 PM Viewed: 4/26/2023 5:51:43 PM Signed: 4/26/2023 5:51:48 PM

Signature Adoption: Pre-selected Style Using IP Address: 166.137.115.8

Signed using mobile

Pedro R. alvares

EABA335C2DAA48C..

In Person Signer Events	Signature	Timestamp
Editor Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp
Agent Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp
Intermediary Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp
Certified Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp

Carbon Copy Events	Status	Timestamp		
Witness Events	Signature	Timestamp		
Notary Events	Signature	Timestamp		
Envelope Summary Events	Status	Timestamps		
Envelope Sent	Hashed/Encrypted	4/25/2023 10:40:03 AM		
Certified Delivered	Security Checked	4/26/2023 5:51:43 PM		
Signing Complete	Security Checked	4/26/2023 5:51:48 PM		
Completed	Security Checked	4/26/2023 5:51:48 PM		
Payment Events	Status	Timestamps		
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Operating Systems:	Windows2000? or WindowsXP?
Browsers (for SENDERS):	Internet Explorer 6.0? or above
Browsers (for SIGNERS):	Internet Explorer 6.0?, Mozilla FireFox 1.0, NetScape 7.2 (or above)
Email:	Access to a valid email account
Screen Resolution:	800 x 600 minimum
Enabled Security Settings:	Allow per session cookies

• Users accessing the internet behind a Proxy Server must enable HTTP 1.1 settings via proxy connection

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