STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED

HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

TYPE OF WORK:
MISCELLANEOUS BRIDGE REPAIR

PROJECT NO. : BPM-638394001 HIGHWAY : SH 16 LIMITS OF WORK : VARIOUS LOCATIONS

GRAPHICS FILE MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO. BPM-638394001 CHECKED STATE DIST. STATE COUNTY TEXAS COMANCHE, ETC. CONT. SECT. HIGHWAY NO. CHECKED 6383 94 001 SH 16, ETC.

FINAL PLANS:

Contractor:
Letting date:
Date Contractor began work:
Date work was completed:
Date work was accepted:
Final CONTRACT COST:

CHANGE ORDER SUMMARY:

THE CONSTRUCTION WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS & CONTRACT.

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Docusigned by:

NG:

2235, PF
90200C440F014A4...

DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS

9/1/2021

R___DocuSigned by: ETTING:

Elias H. Ruchi

BB9FD402451A4A3..

DISTRICT ENGINEER

9/1/2021
20

ERIC L. LYKINS

86319

INDEX OF SHEETS

DESCRIPTION

TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO.

9/1/2021

SEE PAGES 3 THRU 7 FOR SITE MAP LOCATIONS

EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE

RAILROAD: ONE NONE ELIMINATED

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Texas Department of Transportation

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

GENERAL

1 TITLE SHEET
2 PROJECT INDEX
3-7 SITE MAP
8,8A-8B GENERAL NOTES AND SPEC DATA
9 ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY

TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS

10-21 BC(1)-14 - BC(12)-14 22-25 TCP(1-1),(1-2),(1-3),(1-4)-18 26 WZ(RS)-16

BRIDGE DETAILS

27 US 84 @ JIM NED CREEK
28 US 84 @ ROUGH CREEK
29 US 84 @ SH 153 & BNSF RR
30 SH 206 @ LOSS CREEK
31 US 283 @ HOME CREEK
32 US 283 @ SWEETIE CREEK
33 US 283 @ SWEETIE CREEK
34 SH 153 @ HORDS CREEK
35 FM 1176 @ HORDS CREEK
36 SH 36 @ NANNY BRANCH
37 SH 36 @ DRAW
39 SH 16 @ SABANNA RIVER
40 SH 16 @ DUNCAN CREEK
41 SH 16 @ DUNCAN CREEK
41 SH 16 @ DRAW
42 SH 16 @ ROCK BRANCH
43 SH 16 @ MERCER CREEK
44 SH 16 @ INDIAN CREEK
45 FM 2247 @ COPPERAS CREEK
46 FM 679 @ SABANNA RIVER RELIEF
47 FM 679 @ SABANNA RIVER RELIEF
48 FM 2921 @ LEON RIVER TRIBUTARY
49 FM 2526 @ DEAD HORSE CREEK TRIBUTARY
50 FM 2526 @ DEAD HORSE CREEK
51 FM 2526 @ DEAD HORSE CREEK
51 FM 2526 @ DEAD HORSE CREEK
51 FM 581 @ DRAW
52 US 281 @ HEATLEY BRANCH
53 FM 581 @ DRAW
54 LOOP 252 @ CADDO CREEK
55 PR 33 @ DRAW
56 FM 717@ COTTONWOOD CREEK
57 FM 1852 @ EAST FORK GONZALES CREEK

BRIDGE STANDARDS

58 CRR 59 BCG-24 60 MCW-F1 61 MCW-F2

EROSION CONTROL

62 EPIC 63 SW3P 64 BMP PLACEMENT

EROSION CONTROL STANDARDS

65 EC(1)-16



THE STANDARD SHEETS LISTED ON THIS SHEET HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

SH 16, ETC. PROJECT INDEX



23	C	COMANCHE, ETC. 2				
DIST		COUNTY		SHE	ET NO.	
6383	94	001	SH	16,	ETC.	
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHW	AY	

VANDYKE

3200

COMANCHE

COMYN

PROCTOR

1476

2486

GUSTINE C

LAMKIN

LAKE PROCTOR

HASSE

1476

NEWBURG

DUSTER

BEATTIE

588

MERCERS

GAP

SIPE SPRINGS

1689

SH 36 @ NANNY BRANCH -NBI 230470018202007

> SH 16 @ DUNCAN CREEK NBI 230470028802025

> > SH 16 @ DRAW NBI 230470028802026

> > > SH 16 @ INDIAN CREEK NBI 230470028901041

> > > > SH 36 @ DRAW NBI 230470018301019

SH 16 @ MERCER CREEK -NBI 230470028901004



COMANCHE COUNTY SITE MAP



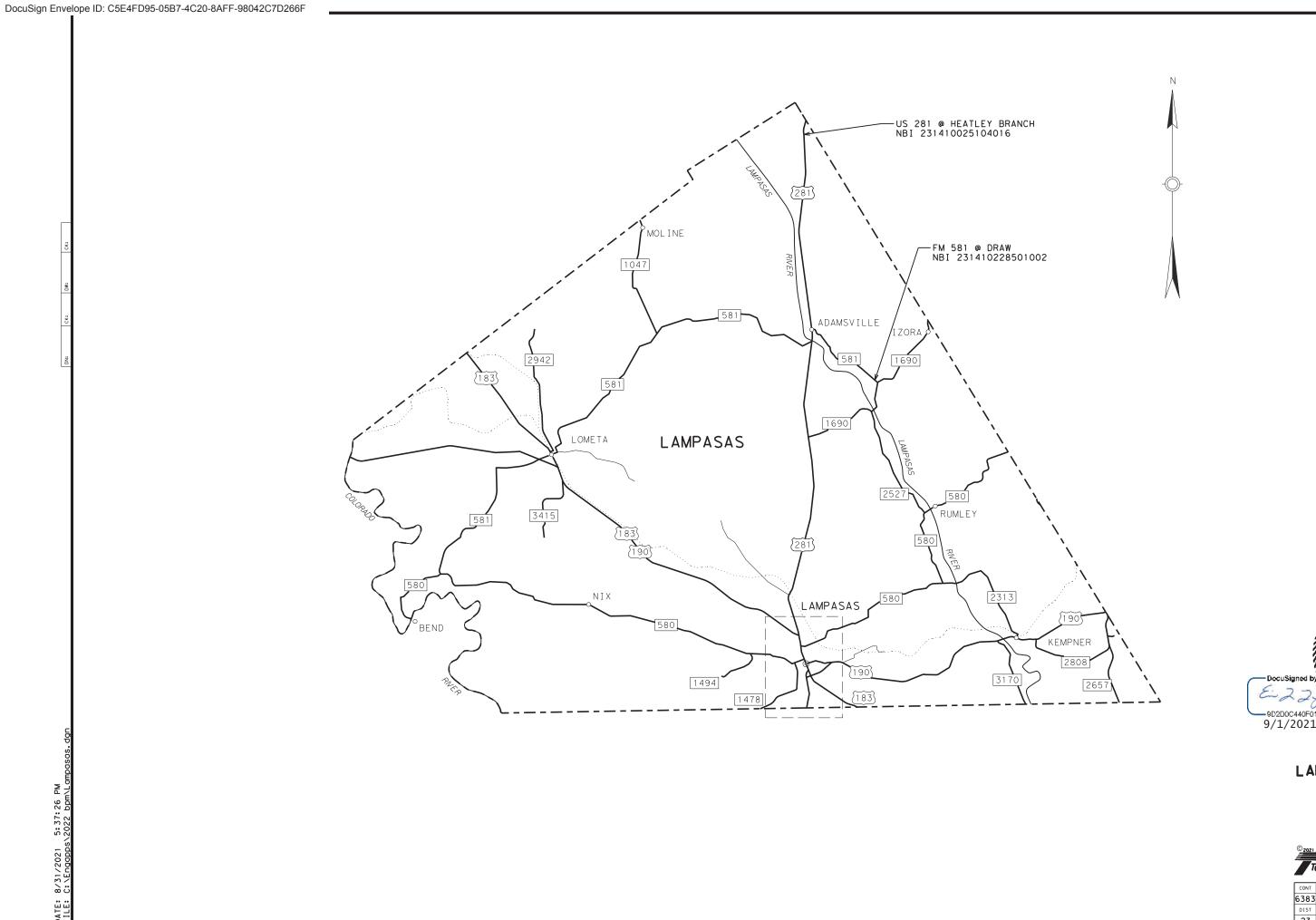
CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHW	AY	
6383	94	001	SH	16, ETC.		
DIST		COUNTY		SHE	ET NO.	
23	C	COMANCHE, ETC. 4				



EASTLAND COUNTY SITE MAP



CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHW	/AY	
6383	94	001	SH	16, ETC.		
DIST		COUNTY		SHE	ET NO.	
23	C	COMANCHE, ETC. 5				



> LAMPASAS COUNTY SITE MAP



CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHW	AY		
6383	94	001	SH	16,	ETC.		
DIST		COUNTY	SHE	ET NO.			
23	COMANCHE, ETC. 6						

Project Number: BPM - 638394001

County: COMANCHE Control: 6383-94-001

Highway: SH0016

GENERAL NOTES

TEST TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD TEST METHODS.

Counties included are: Coleman, Comanche, Eastland, Lampasas, and Stephens...

TEXAS ONE CALL

Fiber optic cable systems, gas lines, underground power lines, water lines, sewer lines, and other various utilities may be buried within the project limits. Protection of these utility systems is of extreme importance since any break could disrupt service to users resulting in business interruption and loss of revenue and profits. The Contractor shall telephone Texas One Call at 1-800-344-8377 (a 24-hour number), to determine if utilities are buried anywhere on the project in accordance with all UNDERGROUND FACILITY DAMAGE PREVENTION AND SAFETY laws. This action, however, will in no way be interpreted as relief of responsibilities under the terms of the Contract as set out in the plans and specifications. Coordinate the repair of all damages caused by daily operations and have facilities restored to service in a timely manner as directed at no additional cost to TxDOT.

No hazardous chemicals, petroleum products, or concrete washouts will be allowed to be stored in the Department's R.O.W.

The Contractor will not be allowed to store equipment, materials, incidentals, etc. in the Department's R.O.W. without written permission from the Engineer.

See the "Environmental" section of the plans for additional information.

GENERAL

Unless specifically noted as applying to only a certain project or projects, these general notes will apply to all projects associated to this contract.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Name Email Address

Jordan Perry, P.E. <u>jordan.perry@txdot.gov</u>
Eric Lykins, P.E. <u>eric.lykins@txdot.gov</u>
Blake Stembridge, E.I.T. <u>blake.stembridge@txdot.gov</u>

Project Number: BPM - 638394001

County: COMANCHE Control: 6383-94-001

Highway: SH0016

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

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The term "Article" or "Section" referred to hereon is defined in the forward of the <u>Standard Specifications for</u> <u>Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets, And Bridges</u> adopted by the Texas Department of Transportation November 2014.

Saw-Cutting with approved equipment as directed by the Engineer will be required at project limits to establish clean and straight joints. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to various bids.

The total disturbed area is shown on the SW3P sheet(s).

The Contractor will establish drainage in ditches before seeding or as directed by the Engineer.

ITEM 5 CONTROL OF WORK

The responsibility for the construction surveying on this contract will be in accordance with Section 5.9.3. "Method C".

ITEM 7 LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No significant traffic generator events identified.

ITEM 8 PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Section 8.3.1.4. "Standard Workweek".

Work will not be performed without time being charged unless otherwise exempted by the Section as defined above.

Sheet B

Each Contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other Contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple Contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process and/or execute all Contracts at the same time.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes

DocuSign Envelope ID: C5E4FD95-05B7-4C20-8AFF-98042C7D266F

Project Number: BPM - 638394001

County: COMANCHE Control: 6383-94-001

Highway: SH0016

ITEM 164 SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL

The Contractor should anticipate multiple mobilizations for seeding at each project location.

ITEM 166 FERTILIZER

Fertilize all areas of project to be seeded.

Furnish and apply fertilizer with analysis of 20-10-10 at a rate of 300 bulk pounds per acre.

ITEM 401 FLOWABLE BACKFILL

All flowable backfill will be "Non-Excavatable" unless otherwise specified.

Adequate lead pressure shall be maintained with flowable fill in order to sufficiently fill voids under riprap. Access holes may be required down slope in order to verify suitable backfilling operations.

Use a minimum of four (4) sacks cement per cubic yard.

Type I Cement required if accelerator is used.

ITEM 421 HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE

Furnish dome lids with 4" x 8" cylinder test molds.

Strength testing equipment is not required for Contract controlling test.

ITEM 427 SURFACE FINISHES FOR CONCRETE

Surface Area II will receive a rub finish.

ITEM 429 CONCRETE STRUCTURE REPAIR

Submit repair materials to the Engineer. Materials must be capable of overhead repairs.

If required, drill and install anchor bars using TY III Class "C" epoxy adhesive meeting DMS-6100 "Epoxy Adhesives."

ITEM 432 RIPRAP

Locations and quantities may be varied as directed by the Engineer to accommodate field conditions.

Use dry riprap for the stone protection item. Stones shall be graded so as not to obstruct full channel flow.

Project Number: BPM - 638394001

County: COMANCHE Control: 6383-94-001

Highway: SH0016

Filter fabric is required.

Limit excavation to within 1' of riprap. If excavation exceeds these limits without the Engineer's approval, riprap will be extended to the limits of the disturbance. No additional compensation will be allowed for this work.

ITEM 459 GABIONS AND GABION MATTRESSES

Due to field conditions changing during the removal of the existing bridge and the construction of the new structure, gabion installation will be verified by the Engineer before the Contractor installs the gabion(s) or gabion mattress(s).

Limit excavation to within 1' of the gabion(s) or gabion mattress(s). If excavation exceeds these limits without the Engineer's approval, the gabion(s) or gabion mattress(s) shall be extended to the limits of the disturbance. No compensation for the additional work will be allowed.

Type 2 filter fabric in accordance with DMS6200, "Filter Fabric" is required for this project.

The area adjoining and adjacent to the downstream Riprap and Gabion Mattresses for a distance of 1'-0" shall have a lean grout placed after the gabion mattresses are placed. The grout work will be subsidiary to this item.

ITEM 502 BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor will be required to keep all TCP devices clean. If notified by the Engineer to clean the TCP devices, the Contractor will have until the end of that daylight period to comply. Failure to comply will result in a suspension of all work until the TCP devices are clean. Time will not be suspended.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Excavations in Intersections adjacent to travel lanes will not be exposed or open overnight. Backfilling will take place the day excavations are made.

All equipment operated by the Contractor on or within thirty feet (30') of the roadway will have a functioning flashing beacon mounted on it. Motor graders will have two standard orange warning flags mounted on them in addition to the flashing beacon.

Sheet D

General Notes Sheet C General Notes

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Project Number: BPM - 638394001

County: COMANCHE Control: 6383-94-001

Highway: SH0016

The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the edge of the roadway throughout the project in a traversable condition and/or as directed by the Engineer. Salvaged milling may be used as directed by the Engineer. This work will not be paid for directly and will be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling".

All devices shown on the TCP Standards are required and considered subsidiary to Item 502 unless specifically outlined elsewhere in the plans.

All signs will be constructed in accordance with the details shown in the current Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas manual.

ITEM 506 TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

The Contractor should anticipate multiple mobilizations for the installation of BMP's on this project. BMP's will not be installed until authorized by the Engineer.

The Engineer will determine actual time and placement locations of BMP's and temporary measures once construction has begun.

Stockpile sites may be cleared of cover vegetation, but the vegetation root system will not be destroyed.

ITEM 6185 TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)

Provide the number of vehicles with truck mounted attenuators (TMA) listed in the table below. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

TCP(1-1) 1	TCP(1-2)	1	TCP(1-3)	1	TCP(1-4)	1
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Stationary shadow vehicle(s) with TMA's are estimated at 30 days for this project.

General Notes Sheet E

Estimate Sheet

							ESTIMATE SI	UMI	MARY						
						CONTROL 6383-9 SH0016 MISC BRIDGE RE		A L T		ITEM CODE		DESCRIPTION	UNIT	тот	AL
EST	FINAL	EST	FINAL	EST	FINAL	EST	FINAL		ITEM CODE	DESC CODE	SP NO			EST	FINAL
						20.000			104	6009		REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	SY	20.000	
						110.000			110	6002		EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	110.000	
						7500.000			164	6003		BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	SY	7500.000	
						3750.000			164	6009		BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	3750.000	
						3750.000			164	6011		BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	3750.000	
						80.000			401	6001		FLOWABLE BACKFILL	CY	80.000	
						233.000			429	6007		CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SF	233.000	
						5.300			429	6011		CONC STR REPR(REMOV AND REPL WINGWALL)	CY	5.300	
						4.000			432	6001		RIPRAP (CONC)(4 IN)	CY	4.000	
						44.000			432	6031		RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(12 IN)	CY	44.000	
						41.000			432	6033		RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	41.000	
						277.000		T	432	6035		RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(24 IN)	CY	277.000	
						415.000			432	6036		RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(30 IN)	CY	415.000	
						197.000			432	6037		RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (36 IN)	CY	197.000	
						1.000		T	446		005	CLEAN & PAINT EXIST STR (SYSTEM II)	LS	1.000	
						9.000			459	6009		GABIONS (3' X 3')(GALV)	CY	9.000	
						1.000			499	6001		ADJUST STL SHOES	EA	1.000	
						1.000			500	6001		MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000	
						8.000			502	6001	008	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	MO	8.000	
						2500.000			506		002	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	2500.000	
						2500.000			506		002	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	2500.000	
						34.000			780	6002	002	CNC CRACK REPAIR (DISCRETE)(INJECT)	LF	34.000	
						30.000		T	6185		002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	30.000	
						155.000		\vdash	7000	6001	002	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS	CY	155.000	
						155.000			7000	0001		REWE & DISFE DRIFT WOOD & DEBRIS	CI	133.000	
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ESTIMATE 8	QUANTIT	Y SHEET
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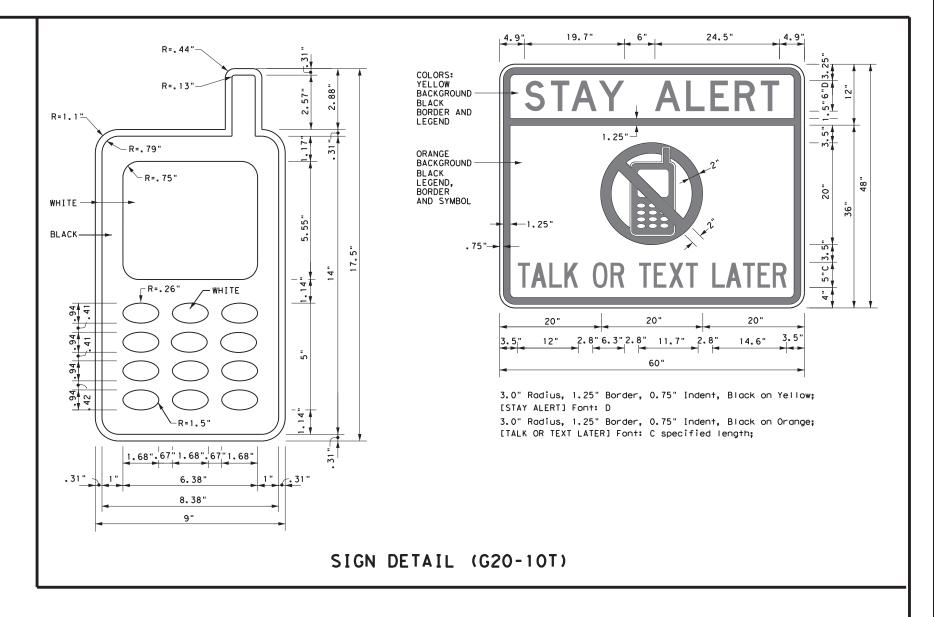
DIST	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
23	COMANCHE	6383-94-001	9

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

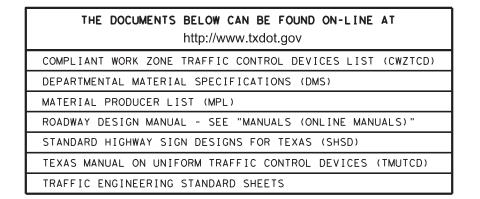
WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118







BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

-01 1-13	23	CC	MANCHE	, ET	C.	1	0
-03 5-10 8-14 -07 7-13	DIST		COUNTY		SHE	ET NO.	
	6383	94	001		SH 1	6,	ETC.
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channelizina devices.

TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS ROAD ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES ⇒ WORK END ROAD WORK AHEAD (Optiona 1 and 4) CROSSROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK NEXT X MILES
 NEXT X MILES
 NEXT X MILES
 □ AHEAD END ROAD WORK CW20-1D G20-2 G20-1aT (Optional see Note

 $\stackrel{\textstyle \checkmark}{\times}$ May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T-INTERSECTION ROAD WORK ← NEXT X MILES ROAD WORK G20-1bT NEXT X MILES ⇒ G20-1bTR 1000' - 1500' INTERSECTED 1 Block - City Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow WORK G20-5aP WORK Limit G20-5aP ZONE [RAFF] TRAFFI G20-51 R20-5T FINES R20-5T FINES DOUBLE DOUBL F R20-5aTP #HEN #ORKERS ARE PRESENT G20-6T WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT R20-5aTP END ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow (G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

SIZE

Sign onventional Expressway. Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 48" x 48' 48" x 48" CW22 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 48" x 48' 36" x 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" × 48" CW8-3,

SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign ^A Spacing "X"	
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)	
30	120	
35	160	
40	240	
45	320	
50	400	
55	500 ²	
60	600 ²	
65	700 2	
70	800 ²	
75	900 ²	
80	1000 ²	
*	* 3	

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Δ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

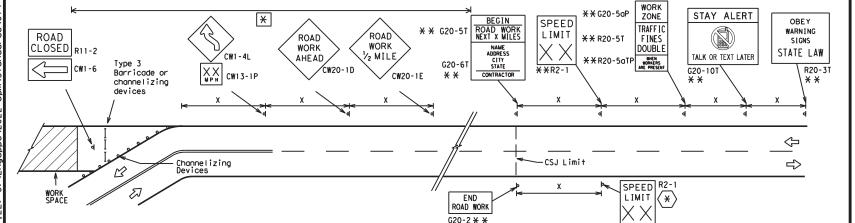
GENERAL NOTES

CW10, CW12

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS G20-9TP * * SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 PASS appropriate ROAD LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC R20-5T* * WORK FINES WARNING * * G20-5 ROAD WORK AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS CW20-1D R20-5aTPX X ME PRESENT ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER * *R2-CW13-1P ROAD * *G20-6 WORK CW1 - 4R R20-3T X > WORK G20-10T * * AHEAD $|\mathsf{X}\mathsf{X}|$ AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or MPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Rightarrow \Leftrightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING \Rightarrow \Rightarrow SPEED END (*) WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * R2-1 LIMIT line should $\langle * \rangle | \times \times$ FND coordinate ROAD WORK then extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still location **NOTES** G20-2 * * within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- * * Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND					
П	Type 3 Barricade					
000	000 Channelizing Devices					
_	Sign					
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

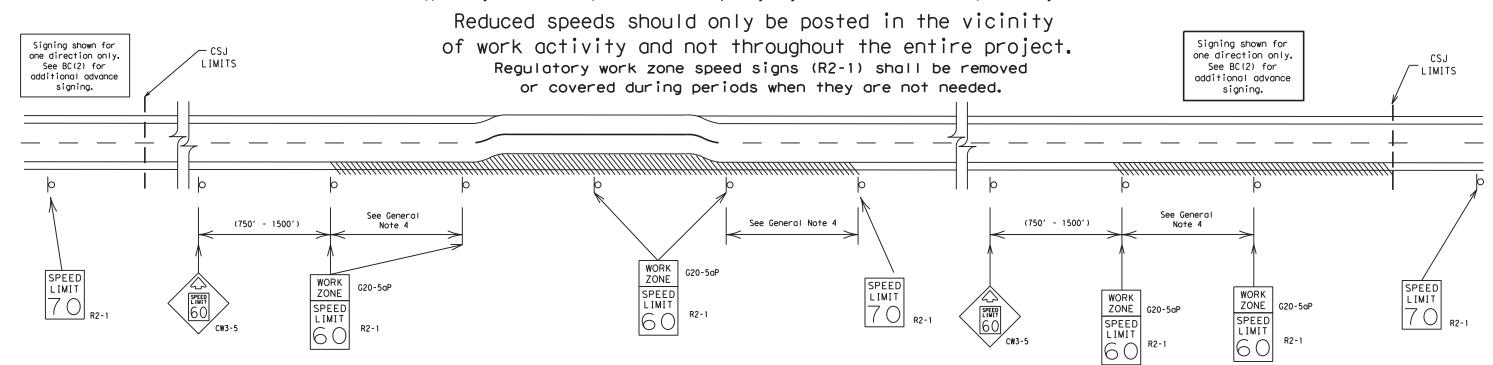
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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



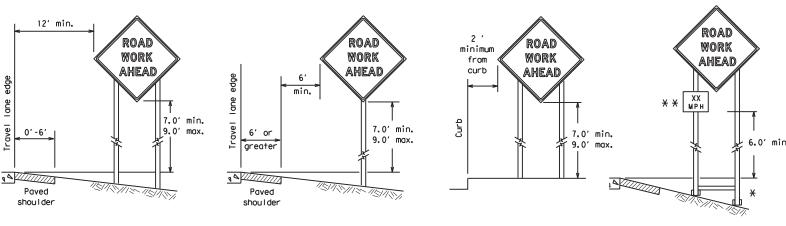
Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-14

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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

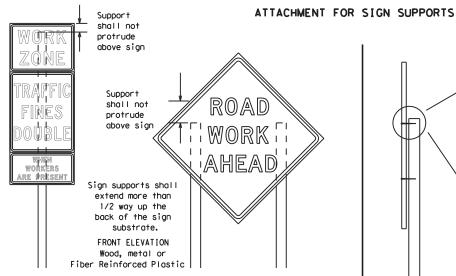


* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane.

Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



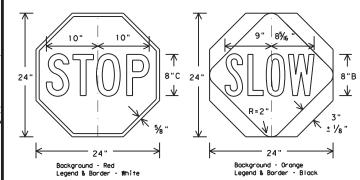
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports
will be by bolts and nuts
or screws. Use TxDOT's or
manufacturer's recommended
procedures for attaching sign
substrates to other types of
sign supports

Nails shall NOT
be allowed.
Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW poddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call
 attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations,
 show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points
 of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information.
 Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route
 quidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor
 or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the
 Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary
 to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the IMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- 7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of
 work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The
 Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in
 regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - . Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
 - Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- . When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
 the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any
 intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
 5. Burlap shall NOI be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- . Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over,
- the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

 2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight.
 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. I. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

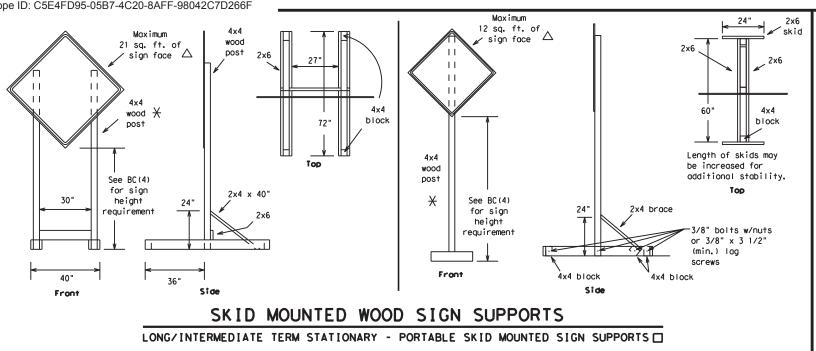


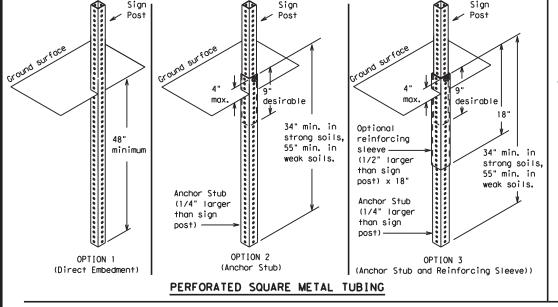
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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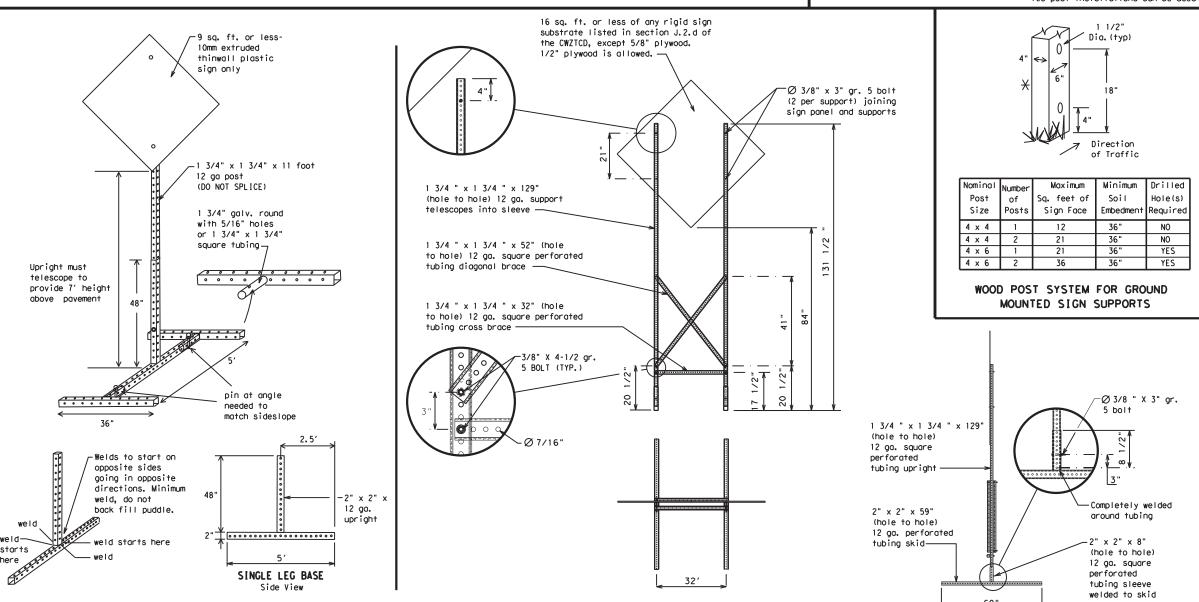






GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

WEDGE ANCHORS

Post

See the CWZTCD

WING CHANNEL

for embedment

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - \times Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - \triangle See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

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WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SL IP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/E Li		Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE		* * Se	ee Application Guidelines No	ote 6.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

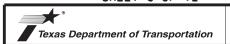
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



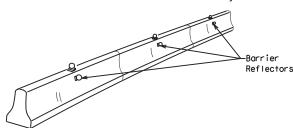
Operation: Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-14

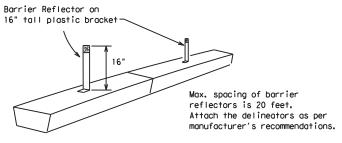
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

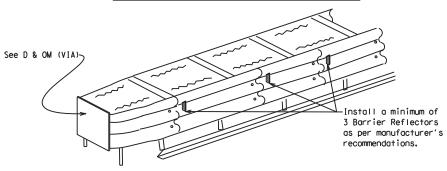


CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



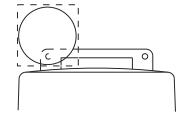
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights. 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

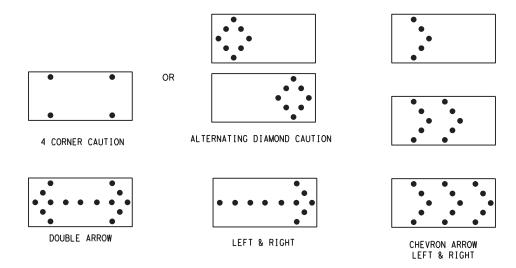
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

Operation:

Division Standard

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 14

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ENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

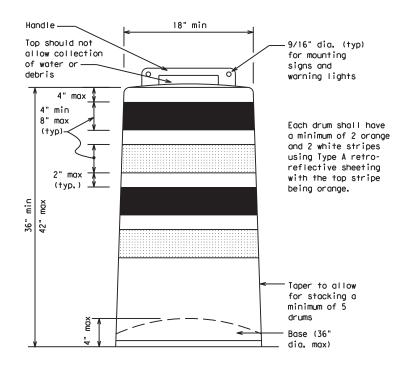
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

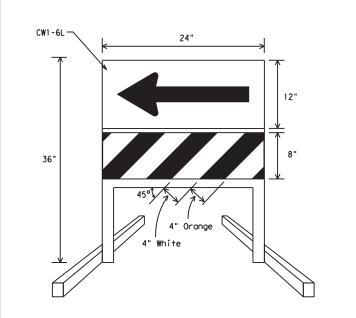
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

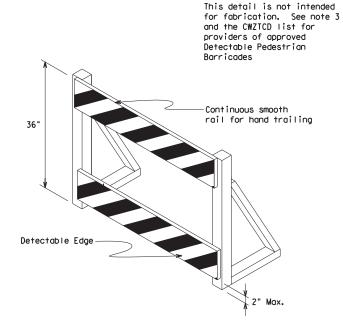




DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional
- guidance to drivers is necessary.

 2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CWI-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B_{FL}or Type C_{FL}Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List. Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type $\mathsf{B_{FL}}$ or Type $\mathsf{C_{FL}}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



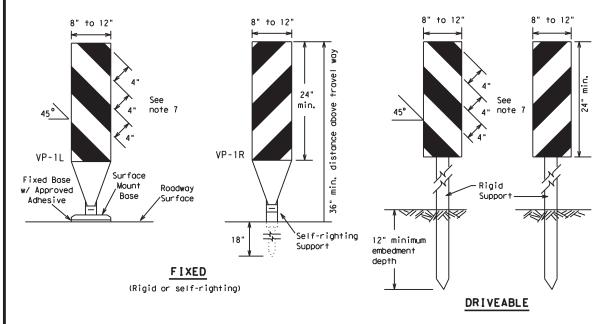
Traffic Operations Division Standard

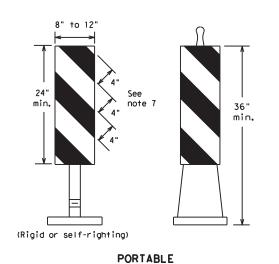
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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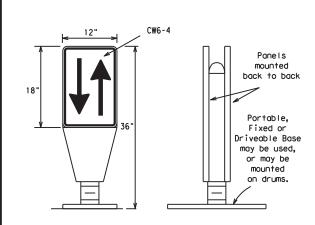
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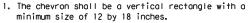
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

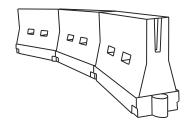


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	* * *			Devices			
*				12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30		1501	1651	1801	30′	60′		
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′		
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′		
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′		
60	- " -	600'	6601	7201	60′	120'		
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Division Standard

Operation:

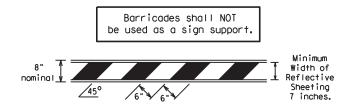
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) - 14

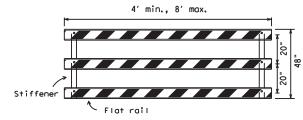
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHI	EET NO.
		6383	94	001		SH	16,	ETC.
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

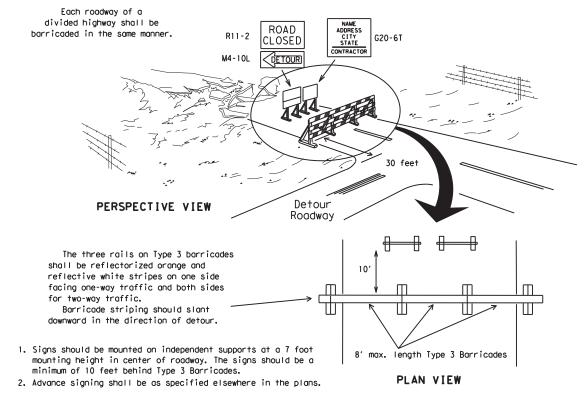


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

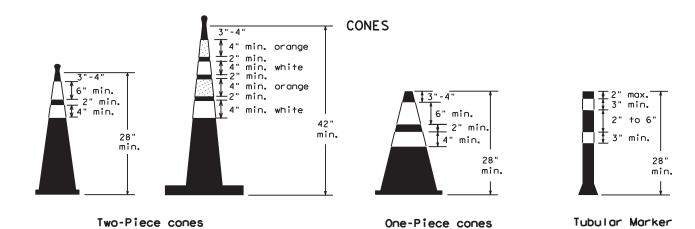
TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn ligh of two drums s cross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Θ Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



Alternate Alternate Drums, vertical panels or 42" cones Approx. Approx. at 50' maximum spacing 50' 50' or 1 Type 3

Min. 2 drums or 1 Type 3 barricade STOCKPILE П On one-way roads Desirable downstream drums stockpile location Channelizing devices parallel to traffic or barricade may be is outside should be used when stockpile is omitted here clear zone. within 30' from travel lane. \diamondsuit

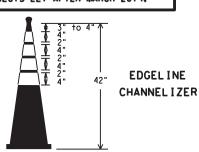
TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange $\ensuremath{\mathbf{C}}$ reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape





- 1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.
- 2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch. two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Division Standard

Operation:

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-14

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C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	HWAY
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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

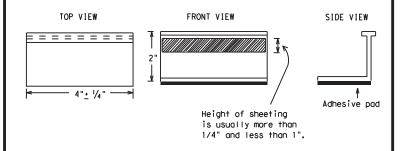
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200,
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of preguglified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

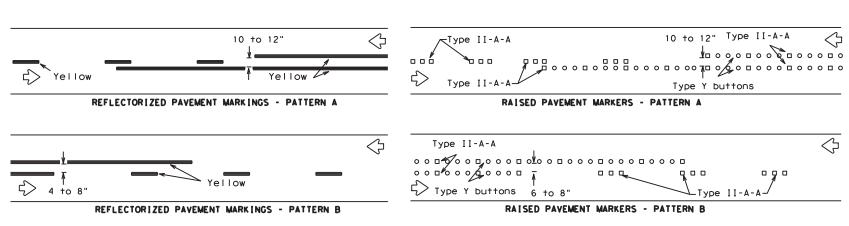
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Operation: Division Standard

BC(11)-14

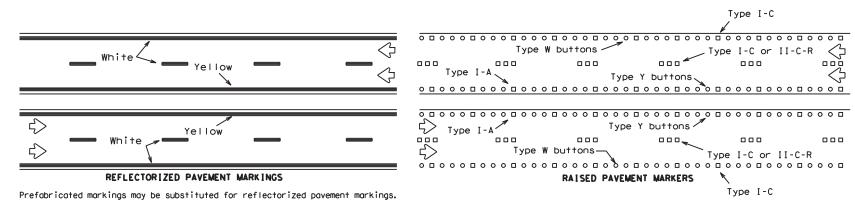
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-90 9-07 -02 7-13	DIST	COUNTY SE					ET NO.
-02 8-14	23	COMANCHE, ETC. 20					20

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

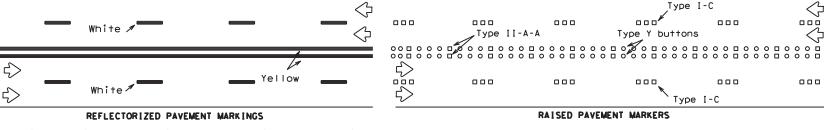


Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS

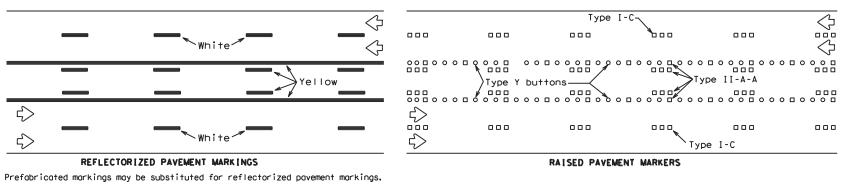


EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY

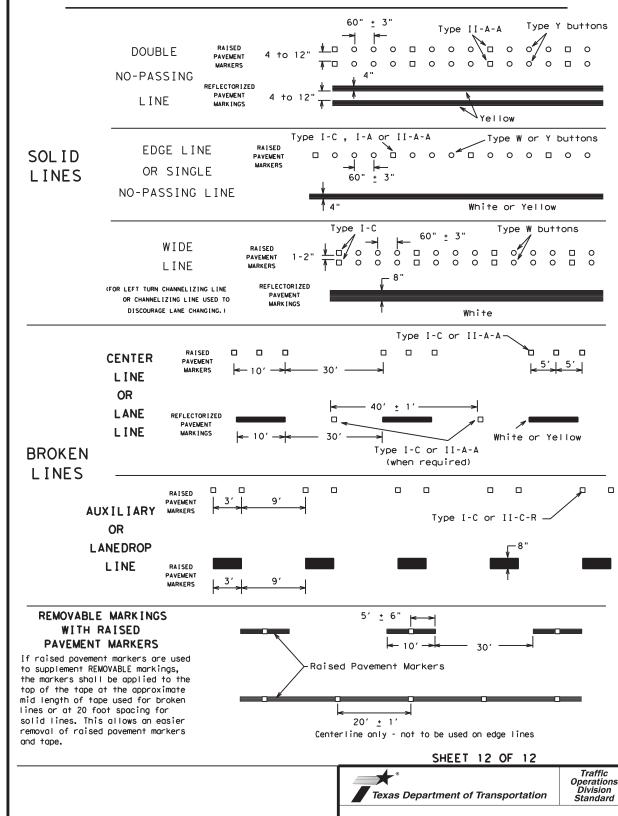


Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS







STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

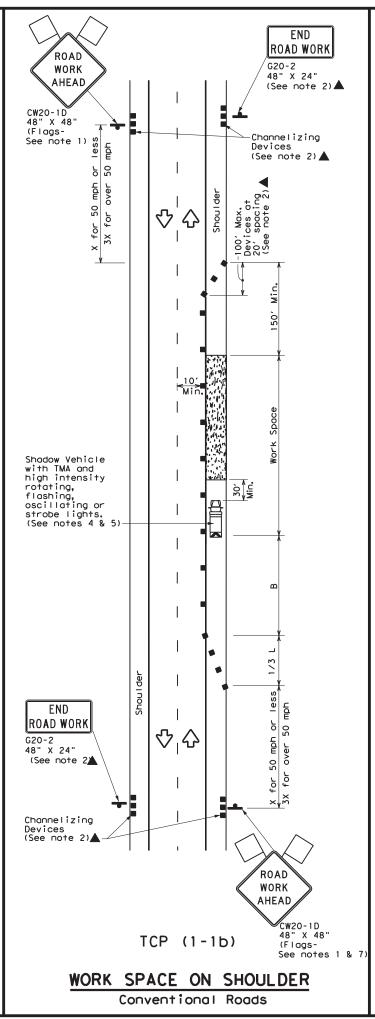
BC(12)-14

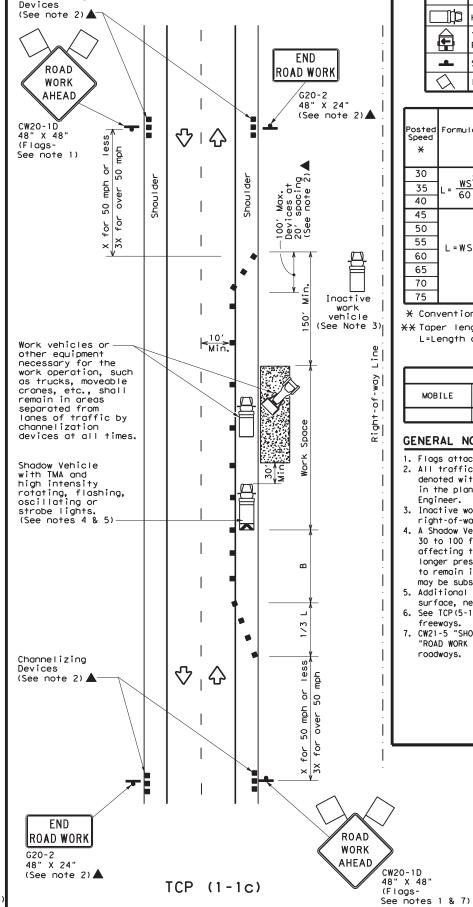
DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO © TxDOT February 1998 JOB 6383 94 001 SH 16, ETC 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 23 COMANCHE, ETC.

Raised pavement markers used as standard

Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of





WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

Channelizing

	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\bigcirc$	Flag	ПО	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	*			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90'	
35	L = WS 60	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		4501	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	5501	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L-W3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	<b>√</b>	1							

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and

7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional

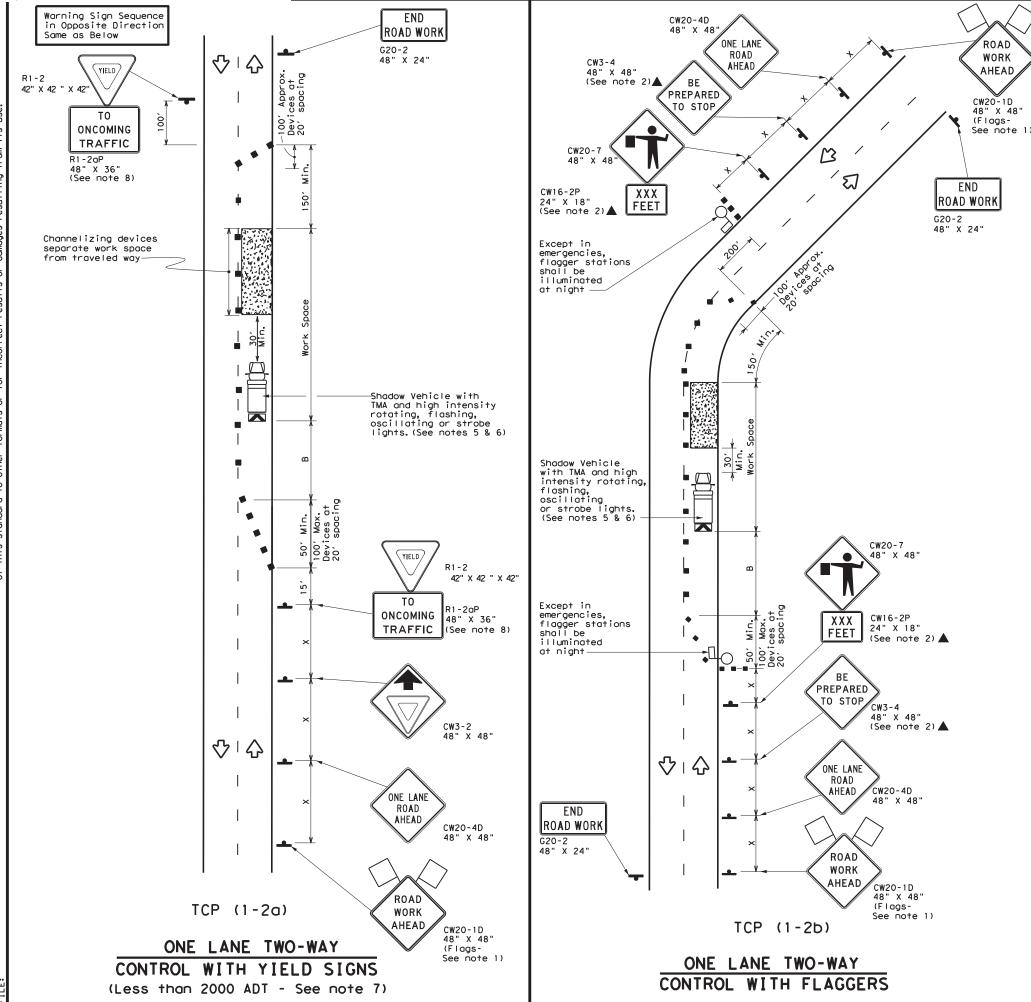
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(1-1)-18

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-95			DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
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	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	LO	Flagger							

Posted Speed X	Formula	D	Minimum esirab er Leng **	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	L = WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120'	90′	200'
35		2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250'
40		2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′	3051
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	4001	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L "3	600'	660'	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′	570′
65	1	650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

GENERAL NOTES

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

48" X 48"

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 8. Ri-2 "YIELD" sign with Ri-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

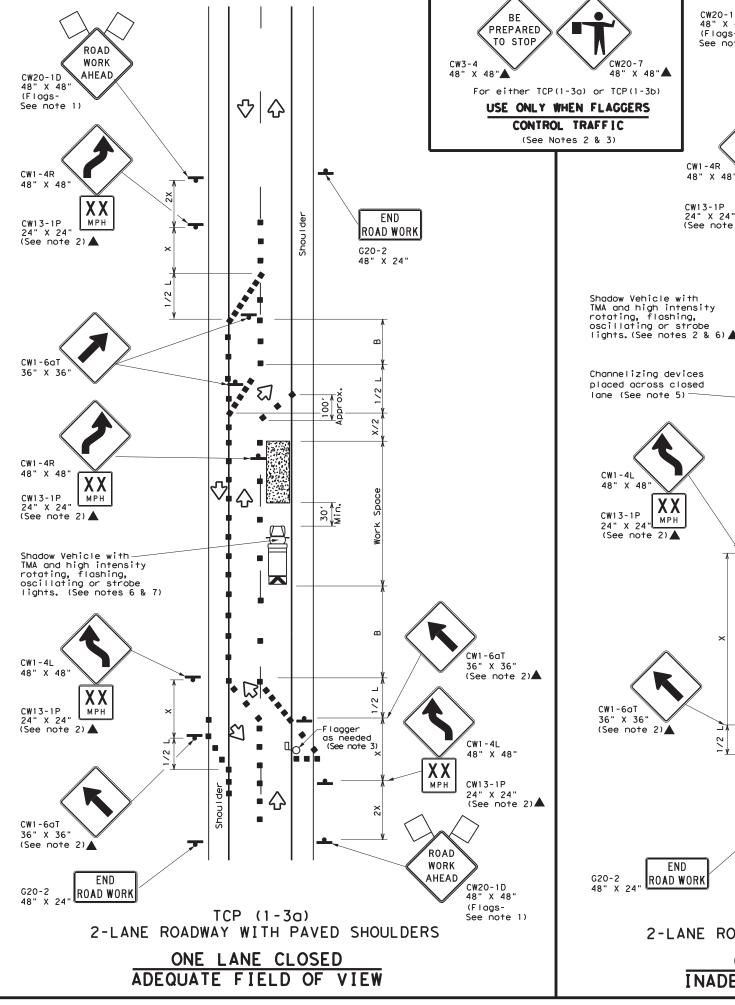


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

ı	FILE: tcp1-2-18,dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
ı	ℂTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	HWAY
ı	4-90 4-98	6383	94	001	SH	116	, ETC.
ı	2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
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	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	LO	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	* * *		Spaci: Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	150′	165′	1801	30′	60′	120′	90'
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	2651	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	6601	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- " -	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70'	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24"

CW1-6aT 36" X 36"

-Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights.(See notes 6 & 7)

CW1-6aT

CW1-4L

XX MPH

48" X 48"

CW13-1P

AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48"

24" X 24" (See note 2)

(Flags-See note 1)

36" X 36"

(See note 2)▲

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

(Flags-See note

CW1-4R

48" X 48

CW13-1P

XX

END

ROAD WORK

24" X 24"

(See note 2) A

MPH

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

ध्य

Flagger as needed (See note 3)

TCP (1-3b)

2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS

ONE LANE CLOSED

INADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved
- surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces. 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2Swhere S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

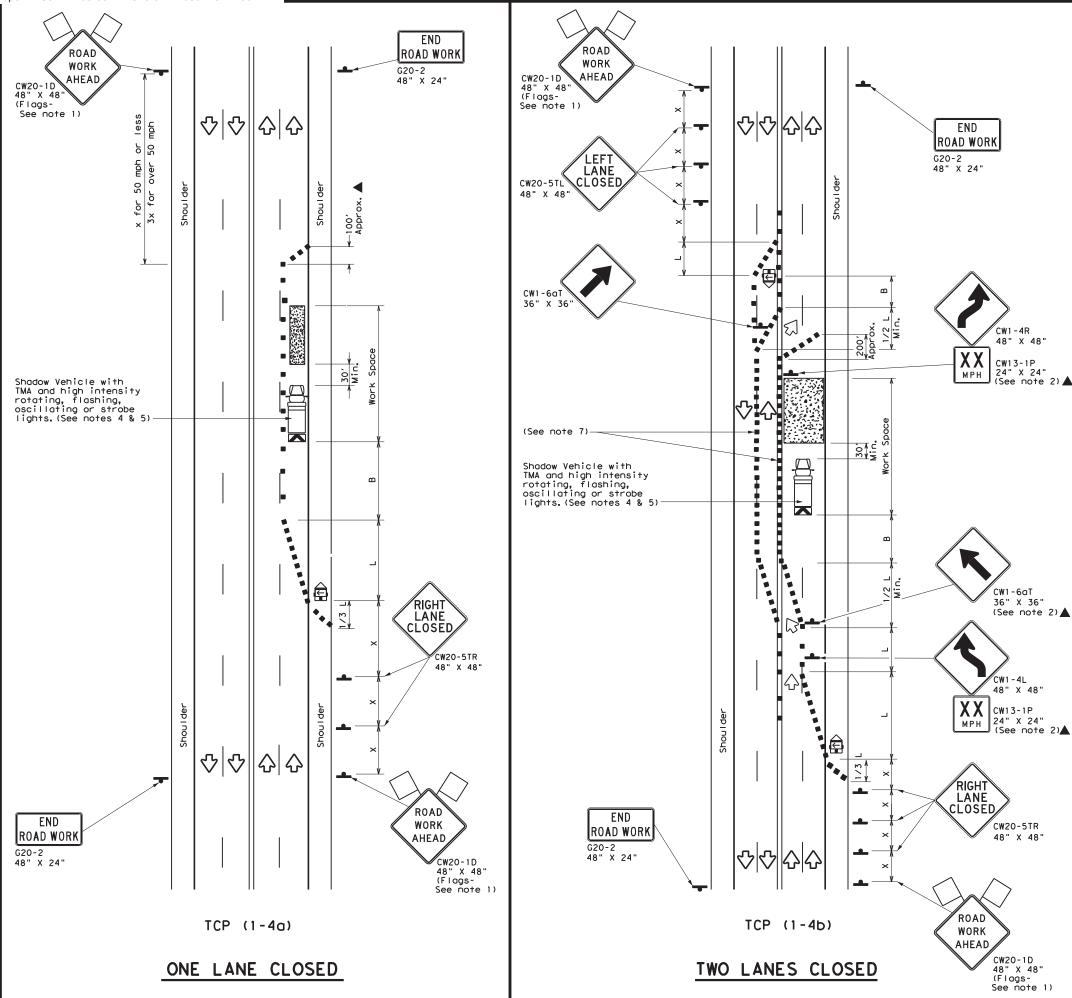


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		СК	:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		F	I GHW	AY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	6383	94	001		SH 1	6,	ETC.
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.
1-97 2-18	23	CC	MANCHE	,ET	C.	2	24



	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	( <u>X</u>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	LO	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	301	60′	120'	90′
35	L = WS ²	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50'	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	" "	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ₩ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1				

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.

  4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

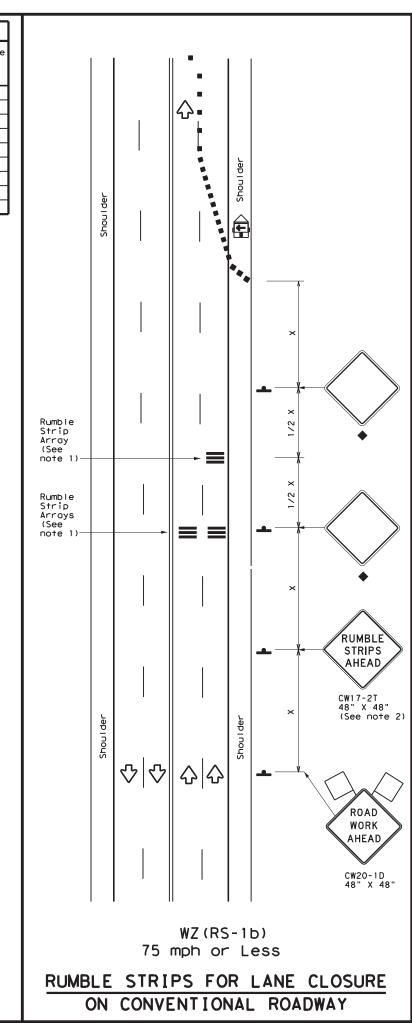
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

ı	FILE:	tcp1-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:			CK:	
ı	© TxD0T	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	
ı	2-94 4-	REVISIONS 98	6383	94	001		SH	16	, E	ETC.
ı		12	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET	NO.
	1-97 2-	18	23	CC	MANCHE	,ET	c.		2:	5

SCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act".
Ind use by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOI assumes no responsibility
this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting fro

TABLE 1 Warning sign and rumble strip of Rumble sequence in Flagger Strip (Length of Work Area) Arrays opposite direction is same as below < 4,500 1/8 Mile > 4,500 2 3,500 1/4 Mile > 3,500 2 < 2,600 1/2 Mile <u>></u> 2,600 2 < 1,600 1 Mile 2 <u>></u> 1,600 N/A > 1 Mile See note 8 Rumble Strip Array (See note 1) Rumble Strip Array based on Table 1, this array may be omitted when the ADT is lower than the thresholds shown. (See note 1)-RUMBLE ♡◇ STRIPS AHEAD, CW17-2T 48" X 48" ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" WZ (RS-1a) 75 mph or Less RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE TWO-WAY APPLICATION



# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- 9. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

	LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
1	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	J	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	X X Devices		ng of Lizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	6601	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	7701	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	✓	✓				

♦ Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

T.	ABLE 2
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array
≤ 40 MPH	10′
> 40 MPH & < 55 MPH	15′
> 55 MPH	20′

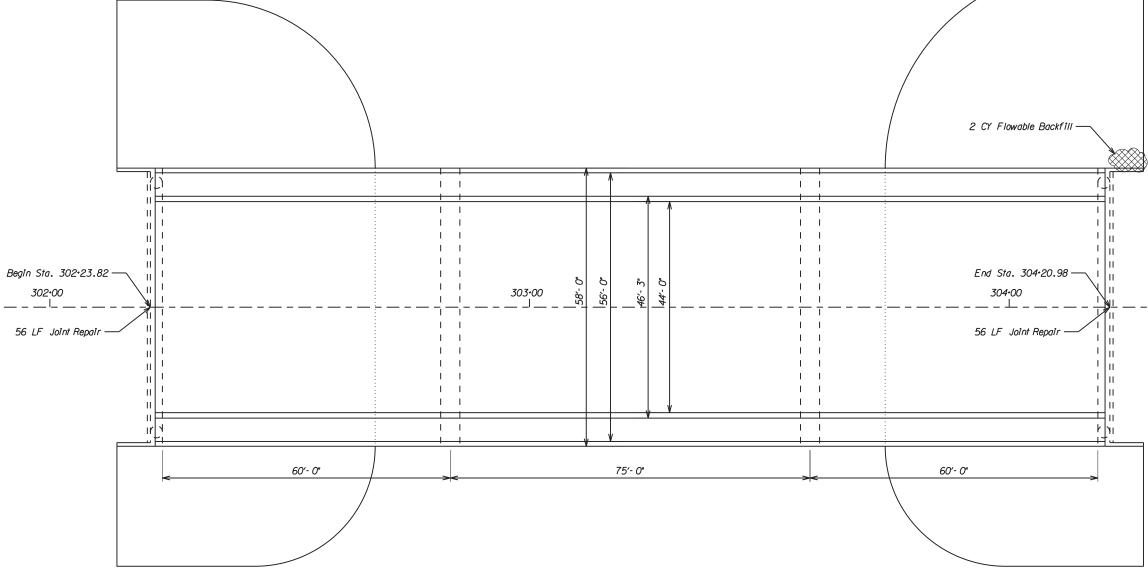
Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ (RS) - 16

4-16		23	CC	MANCHE	, E1	rc.		26	1
2-14		DIST		COUNTY			SI	HEET NO.	
	REVISIONS	6383	94	001		SH	16,	, ETC	
C TxDOT	November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	YAW	1
FILE:	wzrs16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	T	ck: TxDC	ıΤ



ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
401	6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	2.0	CY

Sta. 302+23.82 - 304+20.98 3 Continuous Span Steel I-Beam Bridge On Conctrete Substructure Widened With Prestressed Concrete I-Beams

US 84 JIM NED CREEK 230420005402068 COLEMAN CO.

ERIC L. LYKINS 86319 CENSED



CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6383	94	001	SH	16. ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
23	(	COMANCHE, ET	c.	27

DocuSigned by:

E 2 2 3 , PE

9D2D0C440F014A4...

9/1/2021

9 CY Gabions (3' X 3')(Galv) —

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
401	6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	2.0	CY
459	6009	GABIONS (3'X3')(GALV)	9.0	CY

US 84 ROUGH CREEK 230420005403076 COLEMAN CO.

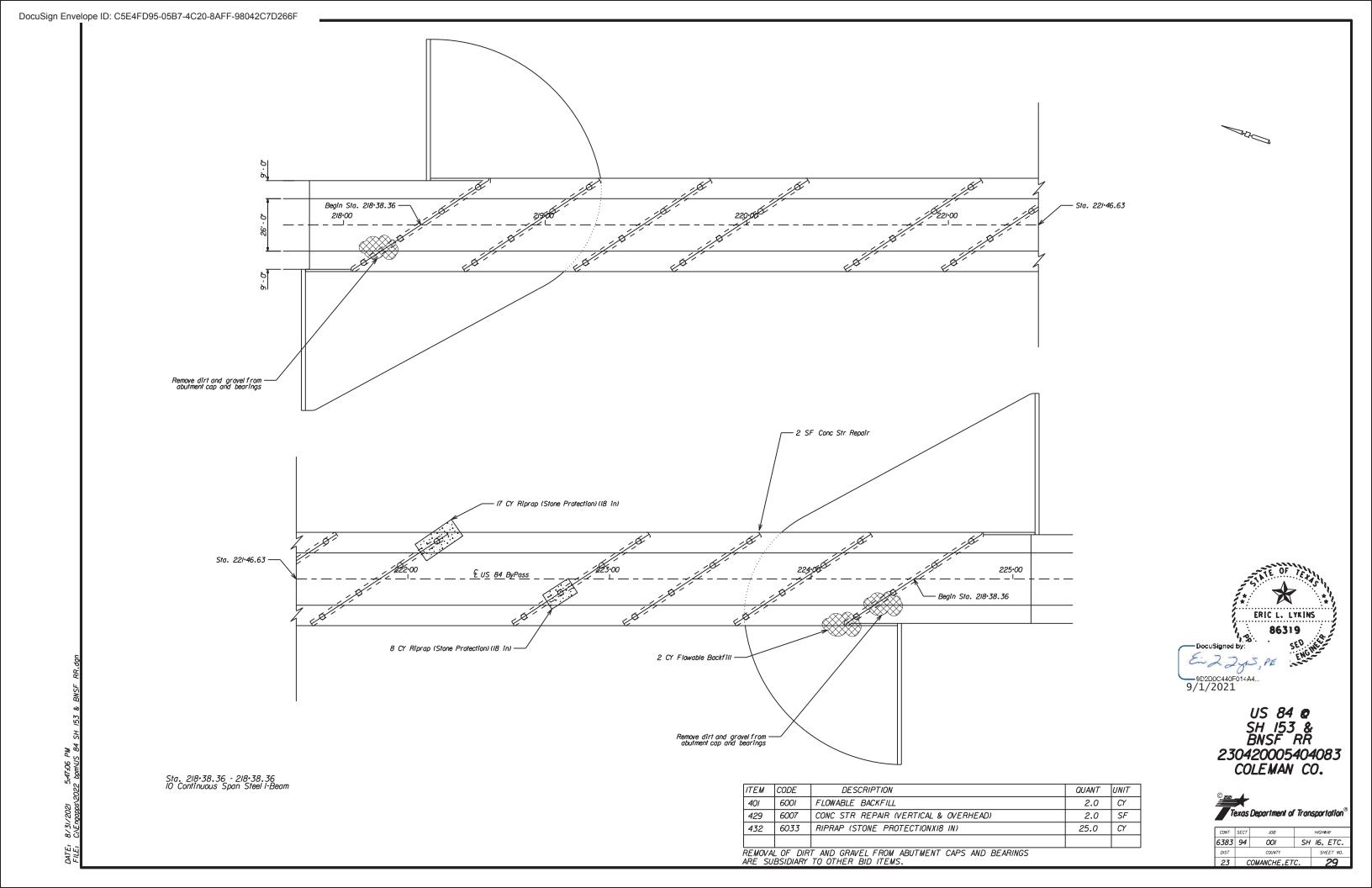
ERIC L. LYKINS

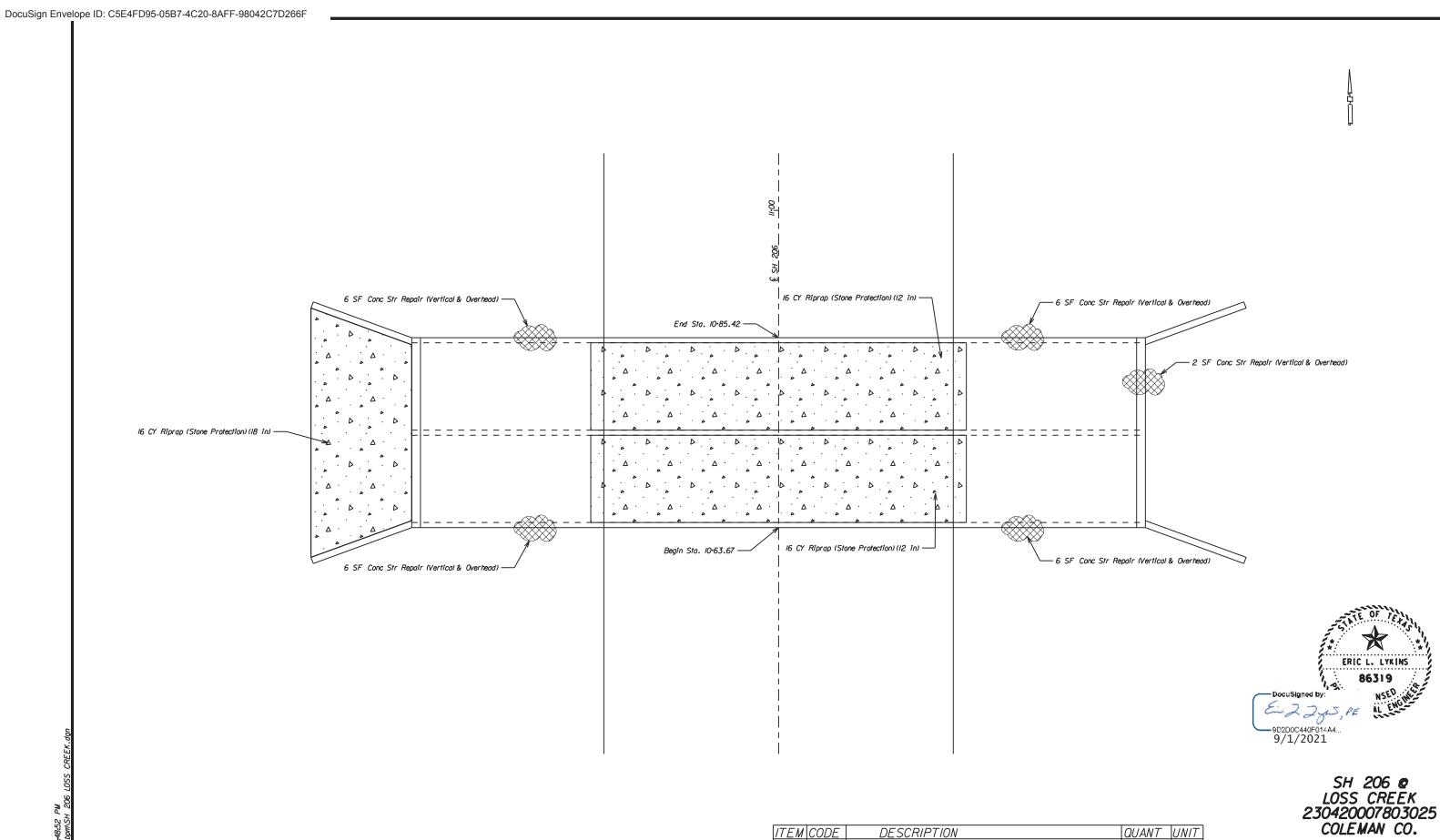


27	_	COMANCHE,ETC.			28
DIST		COUNTY		St	EET NO.
6383	94	001	SH	16.	ETC.
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	WAY

Sta. 583+75 - 584+95 3 Simple Span Concrete Pan Girder Bridge On Concrete Substructure

TE: 8/31/2021 5:45:05 PW LE: C:\Engapps\2022 bpm\US 84 RC





DESCRIPTION QUANT UNIT 
 429
 6007
 CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)
 26.0

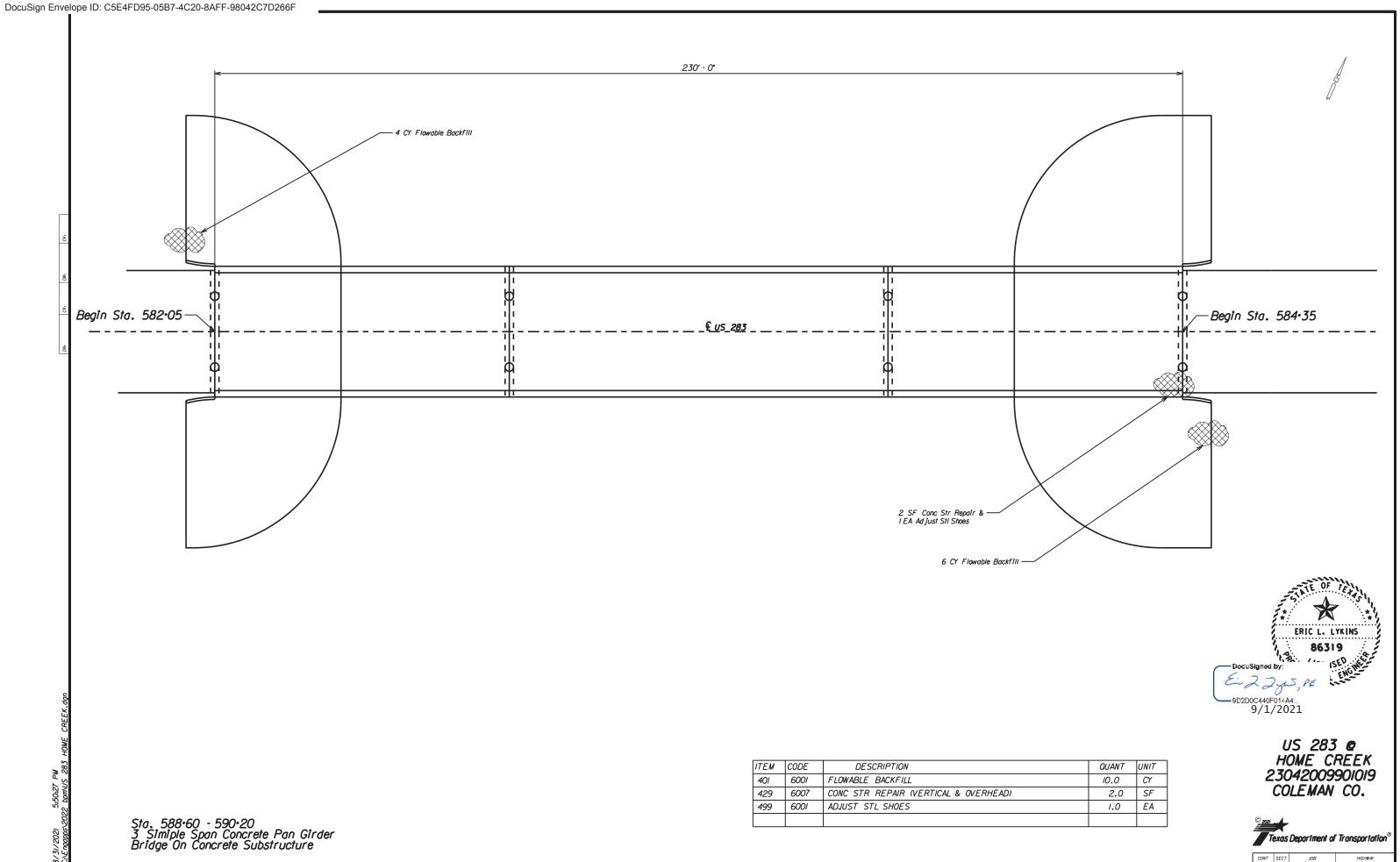
 432
 6031
 RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(I2 IN)
 32.0

 432
 6033
 RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(I8 IN)
 16.0
 16.0 CY



23	(	COMANCHE,ETC.			30
DIST		COUNTY		SH	EET NO.
6383	94	001	SH	16,	ETC.
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	WAY

Sta. 10•63.67 - 10•85.42 2 - 10' x 5' Concrete Box Culvert

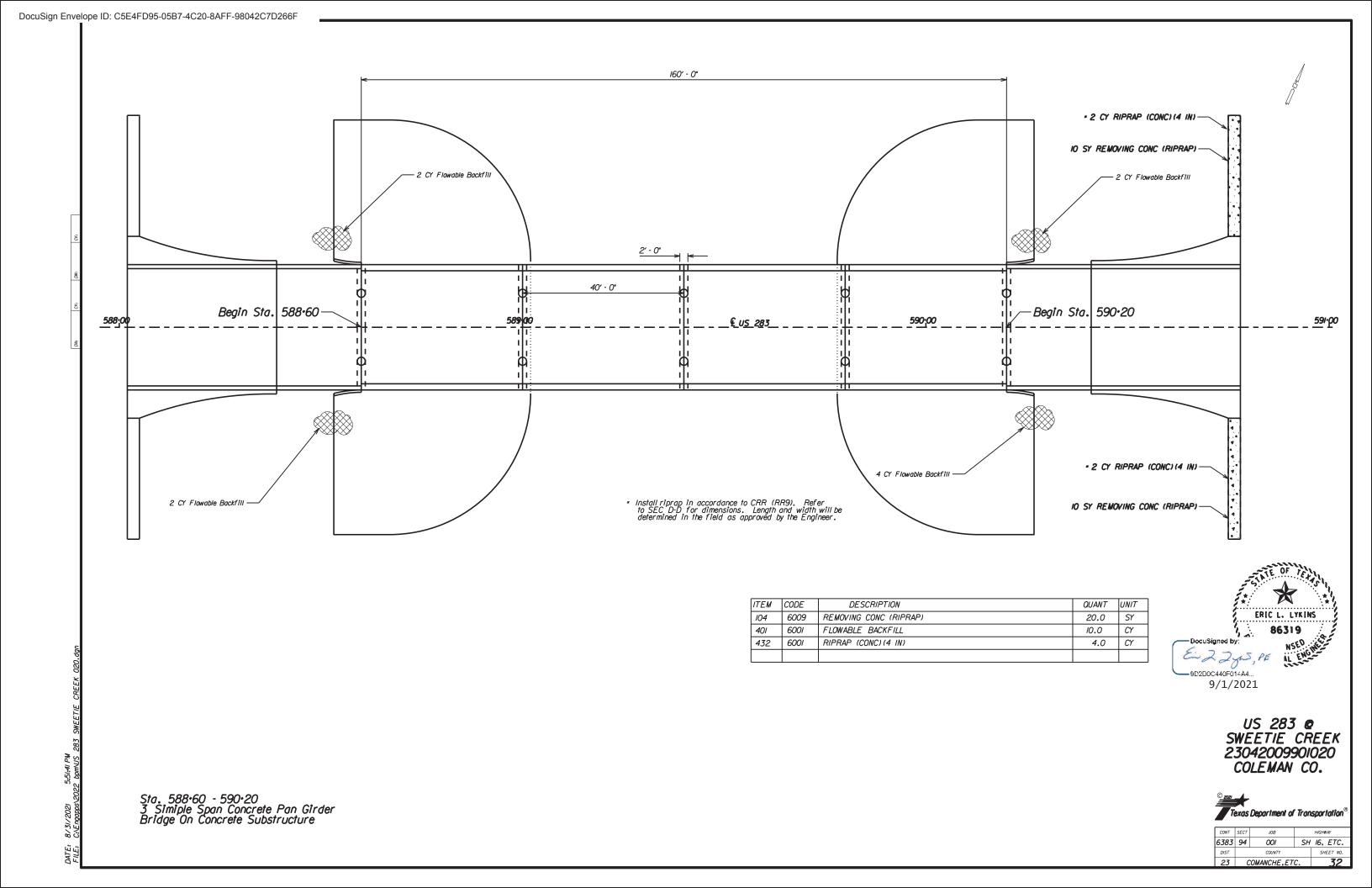


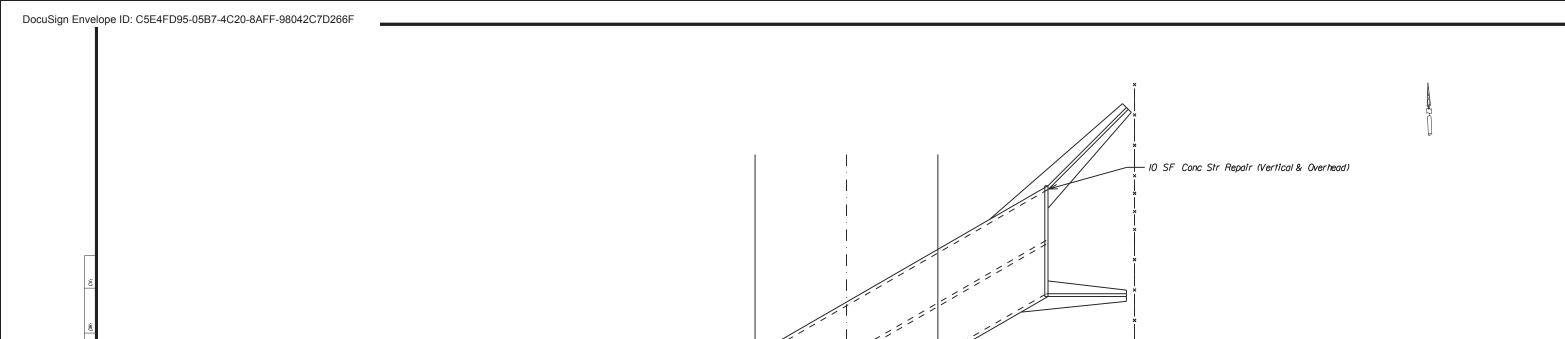
CONT SECT JOB HIGHNAY

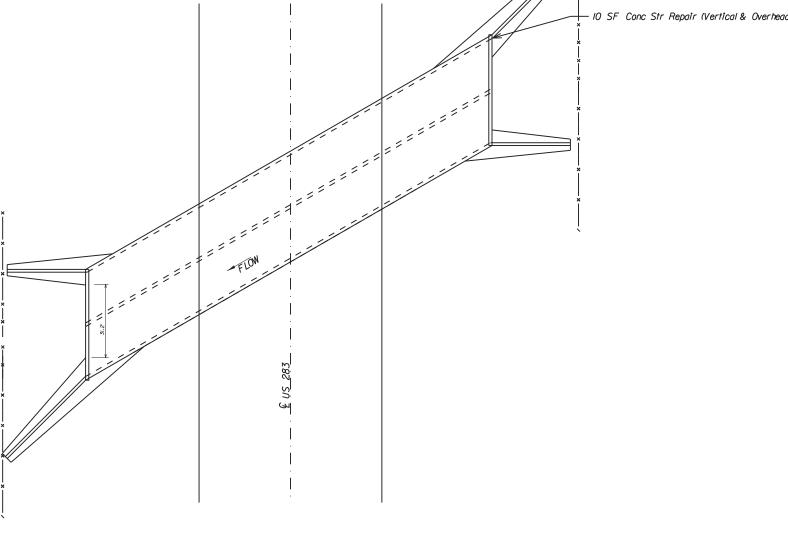
6383 94 OOI SH 16, ETC.

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

23 COMANCHE, ETC. 3/







[	TEM	CODE	Ĺ	DESCF	RIPTION				QUANT	UNIT
	429	6007	CONC	STR	REPAIR	<i>(VERTICAL</i>	&	OVERHEAD)	10.0	SF

ERIC L. LYKINS

ERIC L. LYKINS

6319

ENSED

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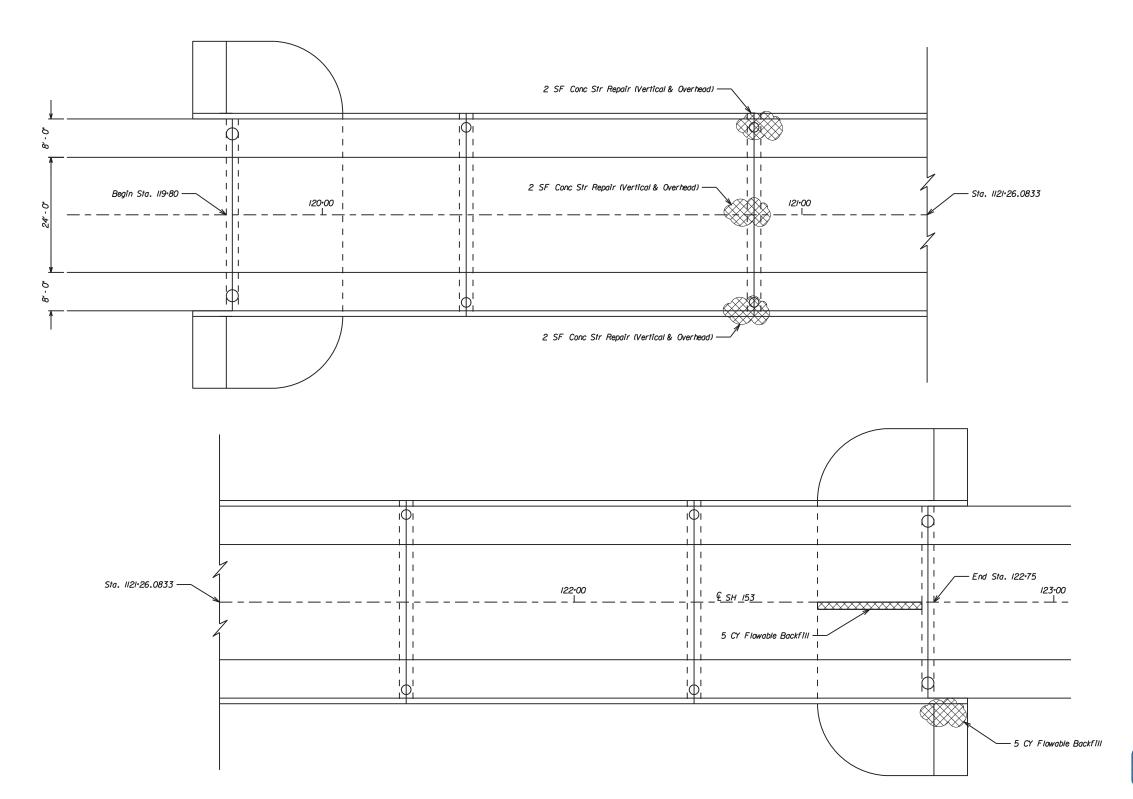
9/1/2021

US 283 @ SWEETIE CREEK 23042009901021 COLEMAN COUNTY



CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	WAY
6383	94	001	SH	16.	ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SI	EET NO.
23	(	COMANCHE, ET	c.		.33

2 - 9' x 9' Concrete Box Culvert



ITEM CODEDESCRIPTIONQUANTUNIT40I600IFLOWABLEBACKFILLIO.OCY4296007CONCSTRREPAIR(VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)6.OCY

SH 153 @ HORDS CREEK 230420063601001 COLEMAN CO.

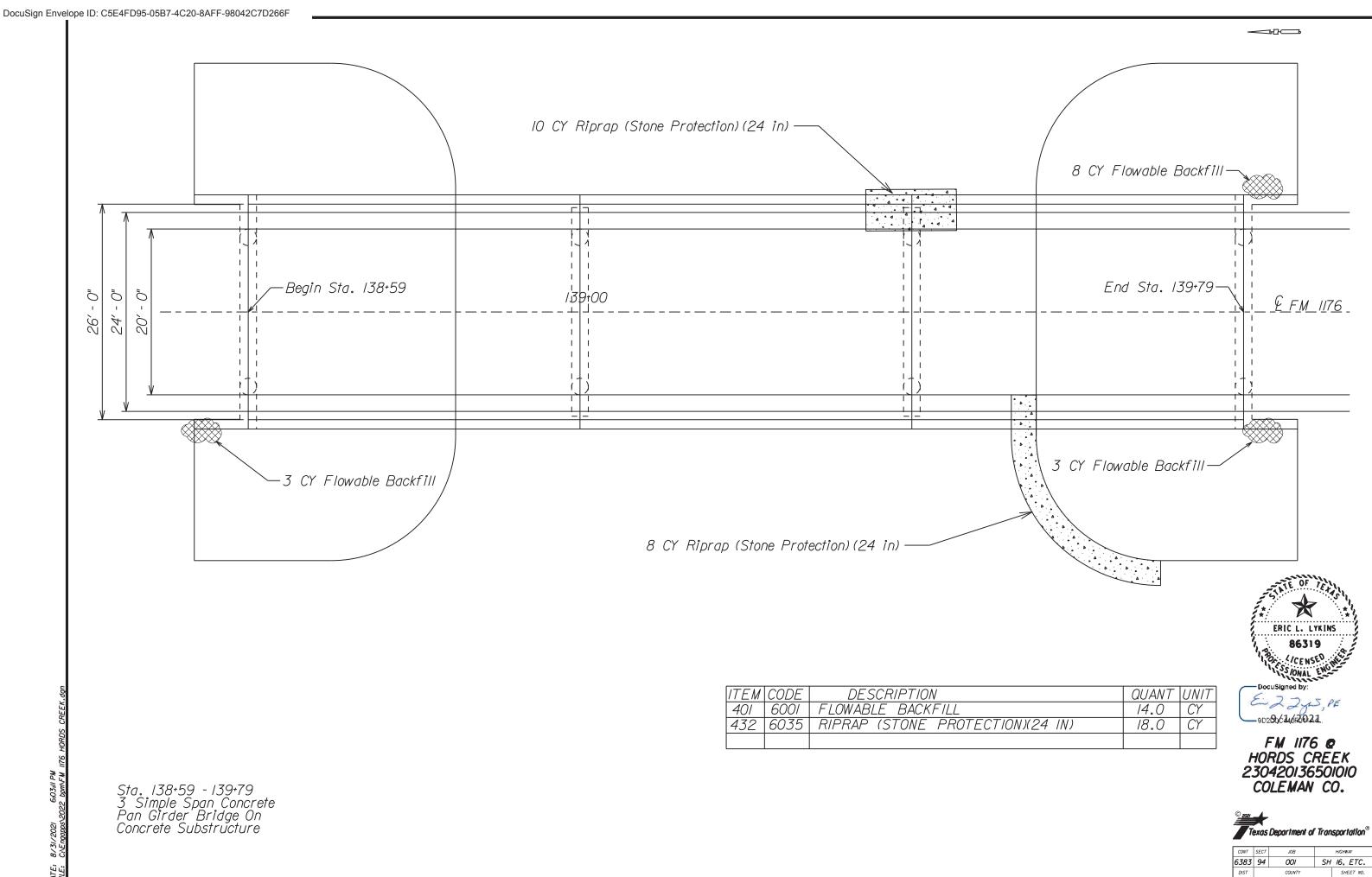
E 2 2 2 5, PE - 903099449501244

86319

© 20214_		
Texas Department	of	Transportation
		-

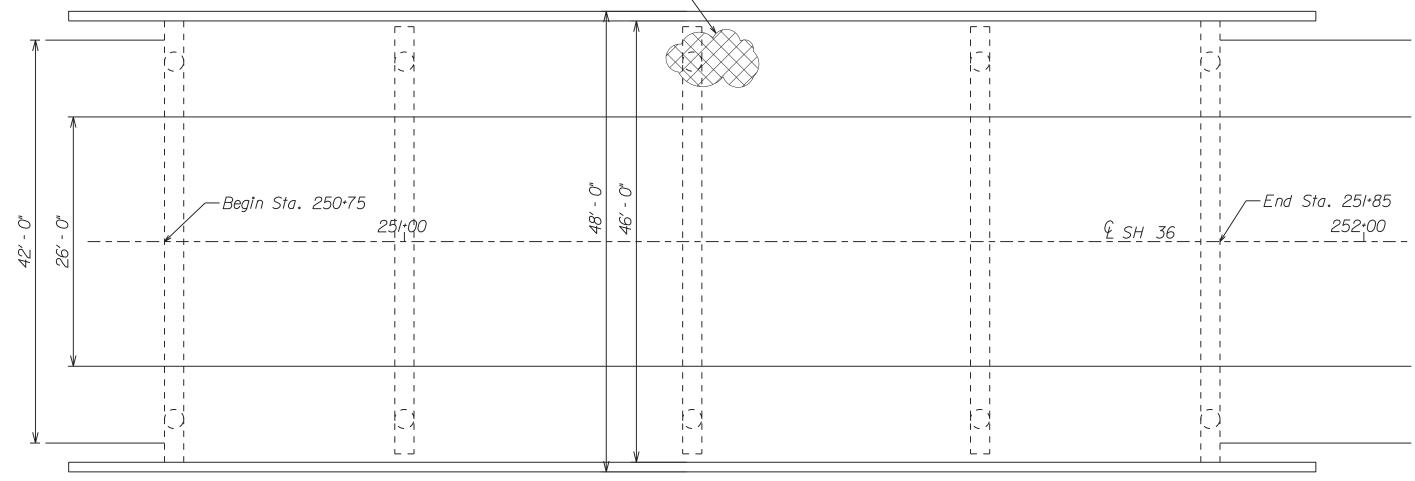
23	\ C	COMANCHE, ET	c.		34
DIST		COUNTY		SF	EET NO.
6383	94	001	SH	16,	ETC.
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	WAY

Sta. 119+80 - 122+75 5 Span Steel I-Beam On Concrete Substructure Widened With Prestressed Concrete I-Beams



DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

23 COMANCHE.ETC. 35



ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	IINIT
	0000		007117	
429	l 6007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	$2 \Omega$	SF
123	0007	CONC STR RETAIN WENTERE & CVENTERED	۷.0	<i></i>

SH 36 © NANNY BRANCH 230470018202007 COMANCHE CO.

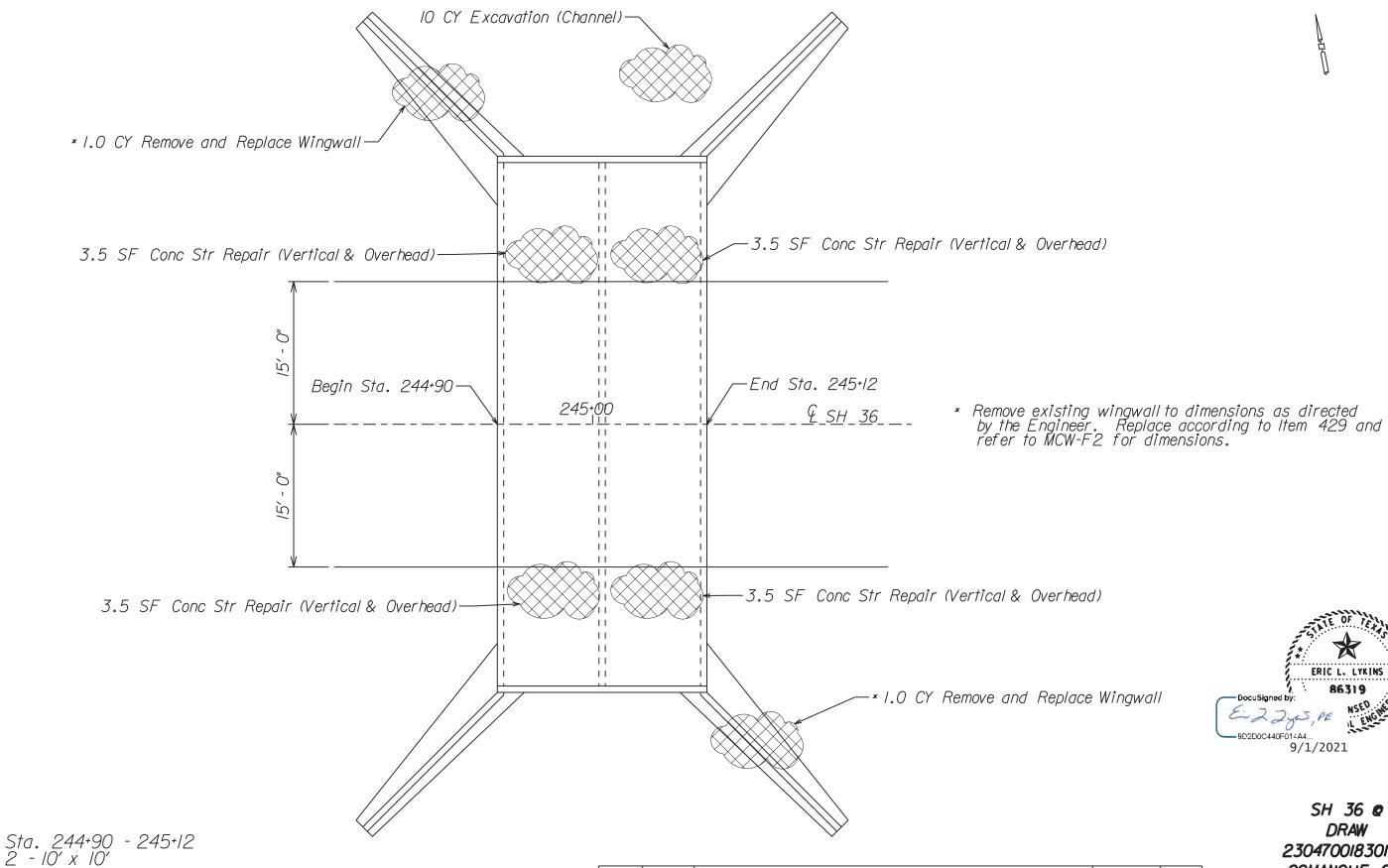
ERIC L. LYKINS 86319

= 2 2 y 5, PF - 9D2D0C440F014A4...



23	(	COMANCHE,ETC.			36
DIST		COUNTY		SH	EET NO.
6383	94	001	SH	16.	ETC.
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	WAY

Sta. 250+75 - 251+85 4 Continuous Spans Concrete Flat Slab Bridge on Concrete Substructure



Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert With Cast In Place Concrete Wingwalls

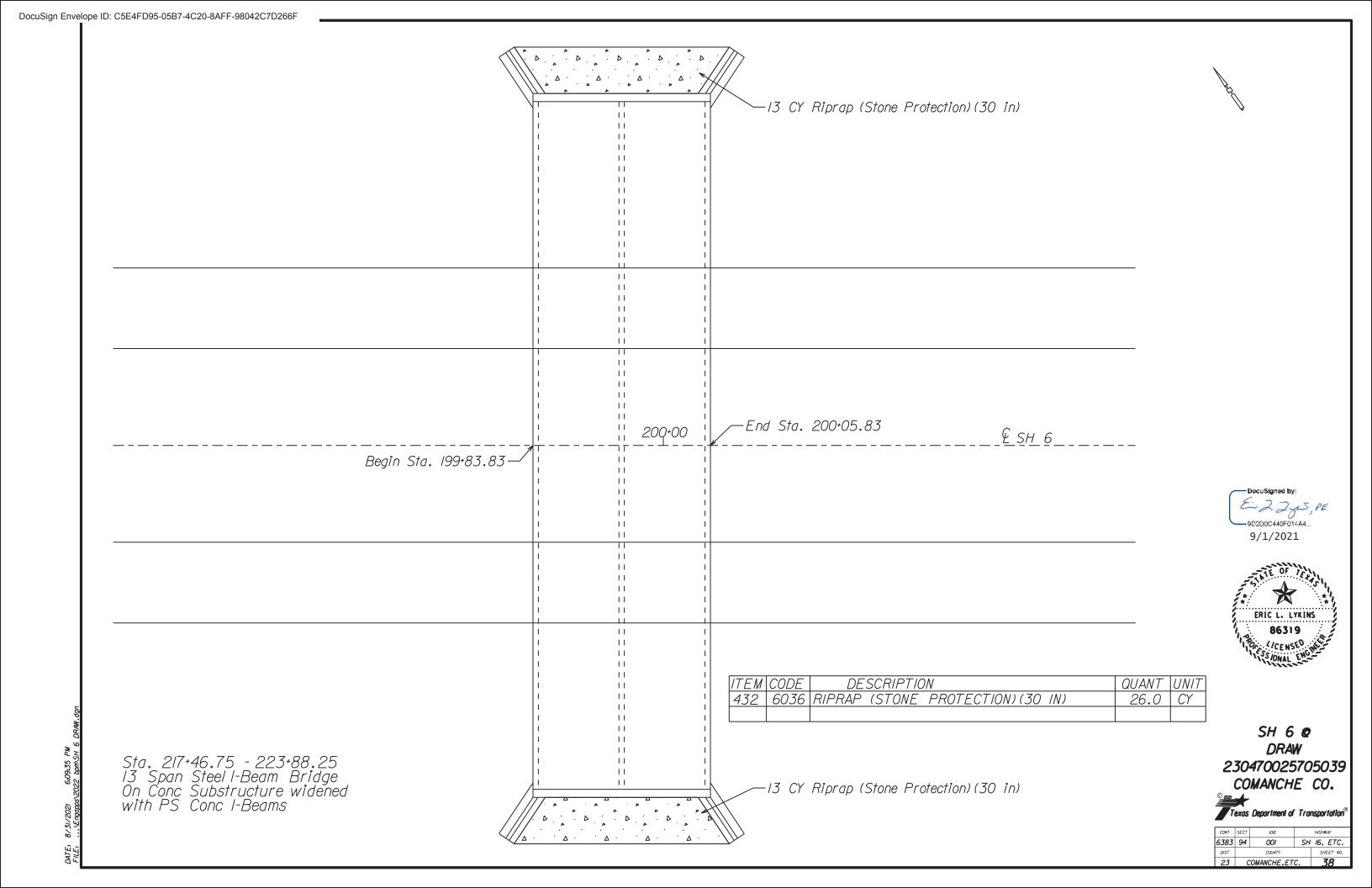
ITEM CODE DESCRIPTION QUANT UNIT 6002 EXCAVATION (CHANNEL) 10.0 CY 429 6007 CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD) SF 14.0 CONC STR REPAIR (REMOV & REPL WINGWALL) 2.0 CY

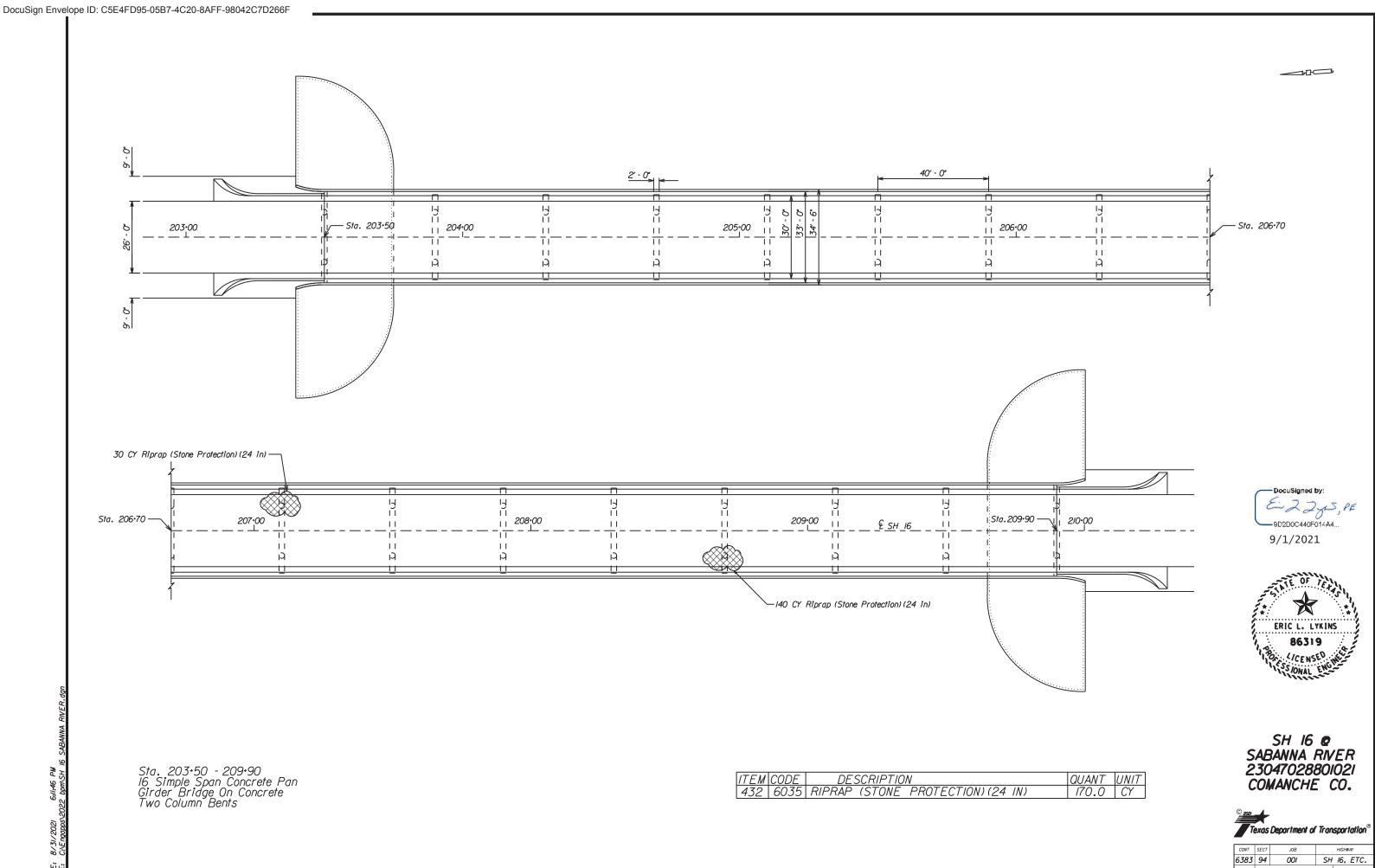
SH 36 @ DRAW 230470018301019 COMANCHE CO.

86319

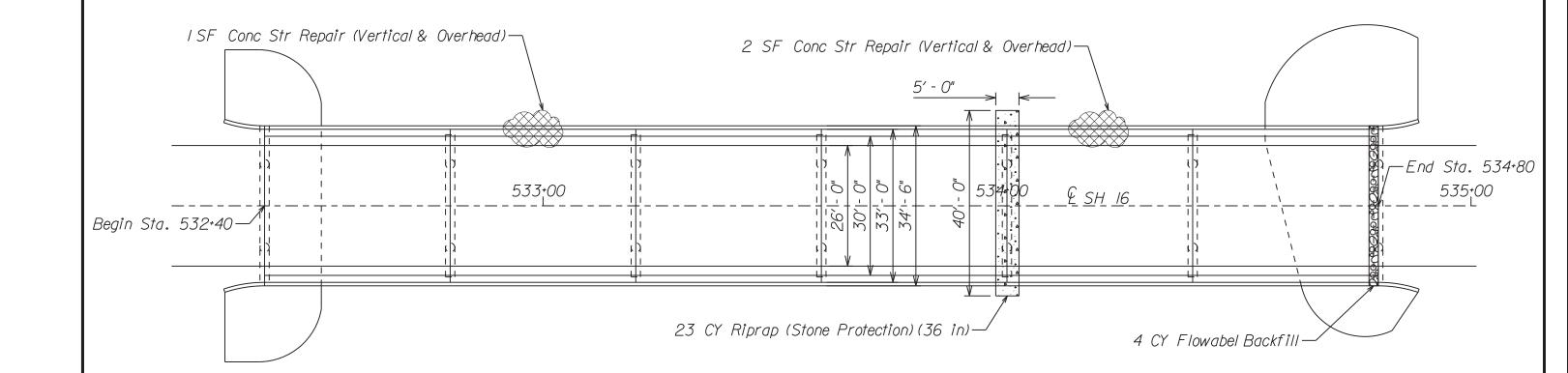


CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHN	VAY
6383	94	001	SH	16.	ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SH	EET NO.
23 COMANCHE, ETC.					37





CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6383	94	001	SH	16. ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
23	C	COMANCHE, ET	c.	39





Sta. 532+40 - 534+80 6 Simple Span Concrete Pan Girder Bridge on Concrete Substructure

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
401	6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	4.0	CY
429	6007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	3.0	SF
432	6037	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (36 IN)	23.0	CY

SH 16 ©
DUNCAN CREEK
230470028802025
COMANCHE CO.

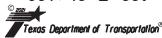
T	exos	Department of	Transportation
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
6383	94	001	SH	16. ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
23	COMANCHE, ETC.		40	

-40 CY Riprap Stone Protection (30 in)

DESCRIPTION ITEM CODE 429 6011 CONC STR REPAIR (REMOV & REPL WINGWALL) 432 6036 RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (30 IN)

SH 16 @ DRAW 230470028802026 COMANCHE CO.



QUANT UNIT

CY

CY

1.0

80.0

CONT	SECT	J0B	HIGHWAY	
6383	94	001	SH	16. ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
23	(	COMANCHE, ET	41	

Sta. 550+85.33 - 551+14.66 3 - 9' x 7' Concrete Box Culvert

24 CY Riprap Stone Protection (24 in)-

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
401	6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	1.0	CY
429	6007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	2.0	SF
432	6035	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (24 IN)	48.0	CY

Sta. 246+19.27 - 246+37.27 2 - 8' x 8' Concrete Box Culvert

-2 SF Conc Str Repair (Vertical & Overhead) **SH 16 @** 

ROCK BRANCH 230470028804019 COMANCHE CO.

Texas Department of Transportation®

CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6383	94	001	SH	16. ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
23	(	COMANCHE, ETC.		42

DATE: 8/31/2021 6:17:58 PM FILE: ...\2022 bpm\SH 16 ROCK BI



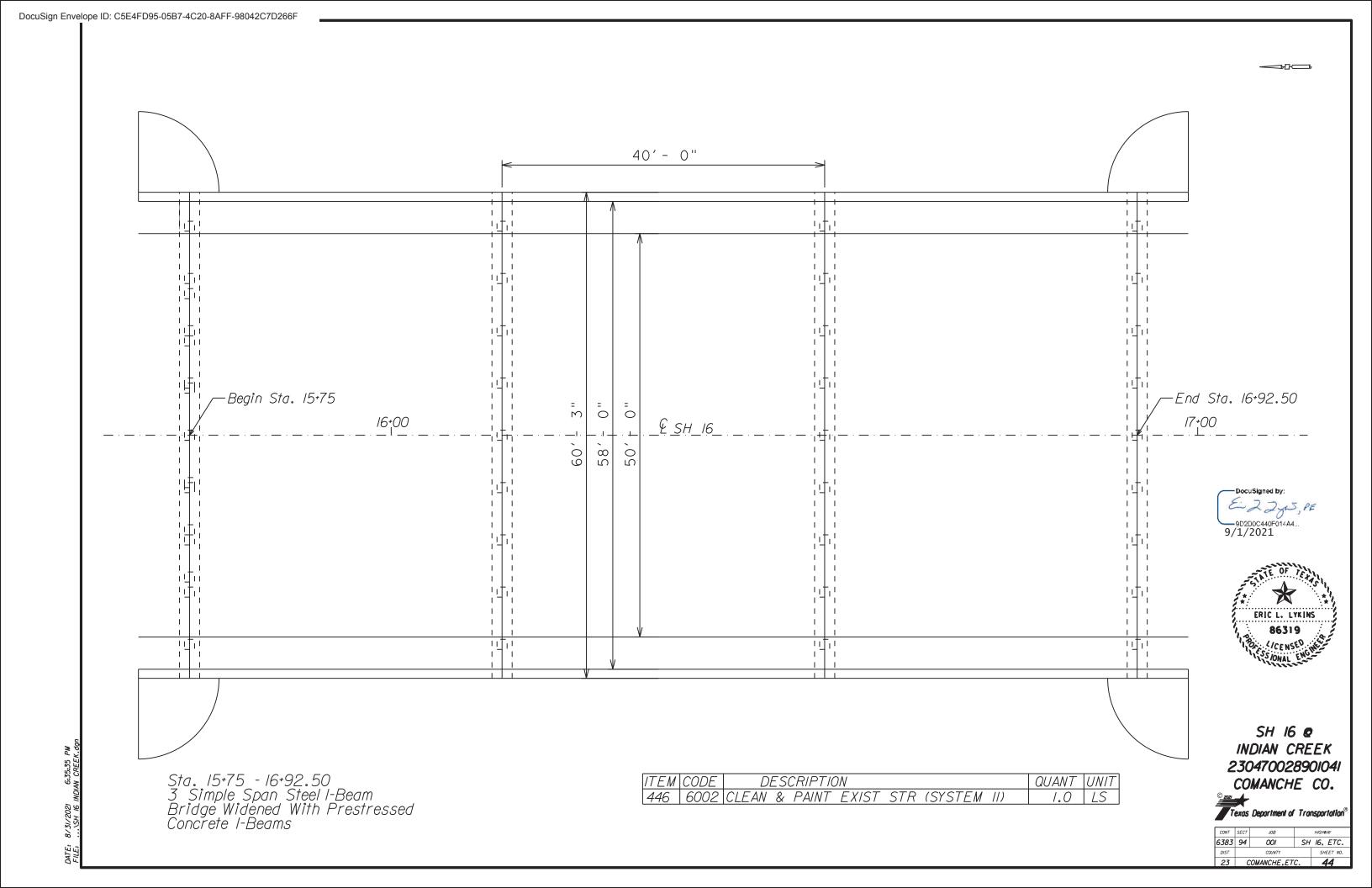
ITEM CODEDESCRIPTIONQUANT UNIT429 6007 CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)3.0 SF432 6031 RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (I2 IN)3.0 CY432 6036 RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (30 IN)44.0 CY

Sta. 480+08.00 - 480+93.50 Pan Girder Bridge/Prestressed | Girders on Concrete Substructure

SH 16 © MERCER CREEK 230470028901004 COMANCHE CO.



CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6383	94	001	SH	16. ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
23	C	COMANCHE, ET	43	



Sta. 167+82 - 169+32 5 Simple Span Concrete Pan Girder Bridge On Concrete Substructure

* Remove existing wingwall to dimensions as directed by the Engineer. Replace according to Item 429 and refer to BCG-24 for dimensions.

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
401	6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	3.0	CY
429	6011	CONC STR REPAIR (REMOV & REPL WINGWALL)	0.3	CY
432	6035	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (24 IN)	16.0	CY
432	6037	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (36 IN)	24.0	CY

FM 2247 © COPPERAS CREEK 230470210701004 COMANCHE CO.



23		JUNIANCIIL . L I	C.	40	
23	-	COMANCHE.ET	~	15	
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
6383	94	001	SH I6. ETC.		
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		

DocuSigned by:
EZZys, PE
9D2D0C440F014A4
9/1/2021



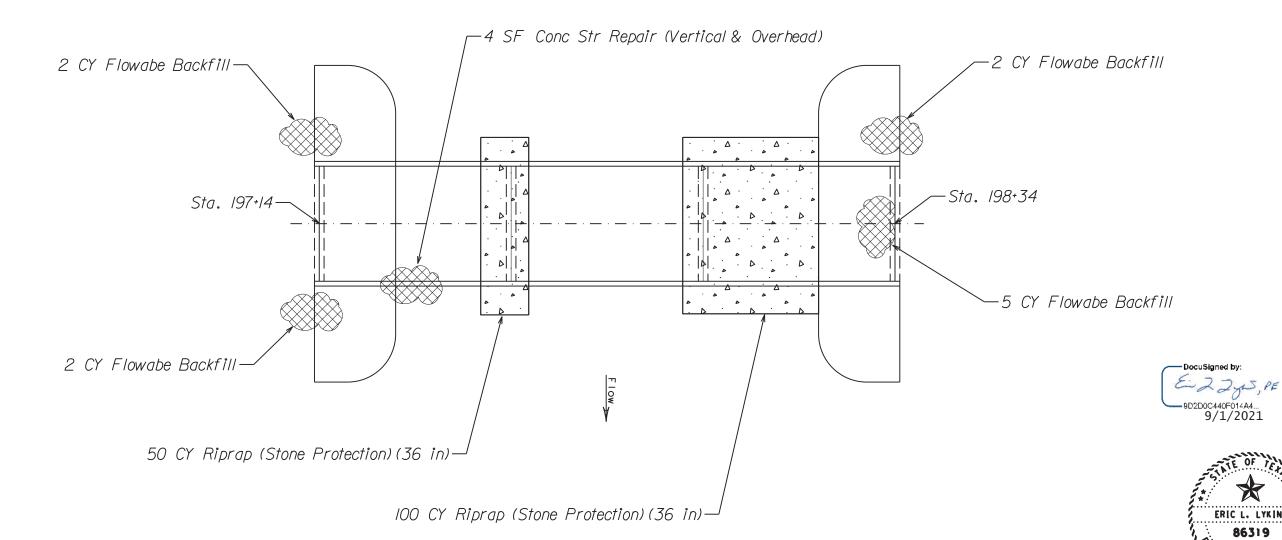
FM 679 ©
SABANA RIVER
RELIEF
230470210702005
COMANCHE CO.

© 2021	SHEET	OF
Texas	Department of	Transportation [®]

23	(	COMANCHE.ET	c.	4	16
DIST		COUNTY		Sh	EET NO.
6383	94	001	SH	16,	ETC.
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	VAY

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
401	6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	6.0	CY

Sta. 200+62 - 201+42 2 Simple Span Concrete Pan Girder Bridge On Concrete Substructure



ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	$\lfloor UNIT \rfloor$
401	6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	11.0	CY
429	6007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	4.0	SF
432	6037	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (36 IN)	150.0	CY

FM 679 @ SABANA RIVER 230470210702006 COMANCHE CO.

ERIC L. LYKINS

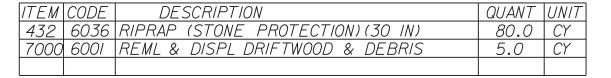
86319



23	C	COMANCHE, ET	c.	47
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
6383	94	001	SH	16. ETC.
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY

Sta. 197+14 - 198+34 3 Simple Span Concrete Pan Girder Bridge On Concrete Substructure

Sta. 200+50.20 - 200+76.86 3 - 8' x 8' x 48' Barrel Concrete Box Culvert



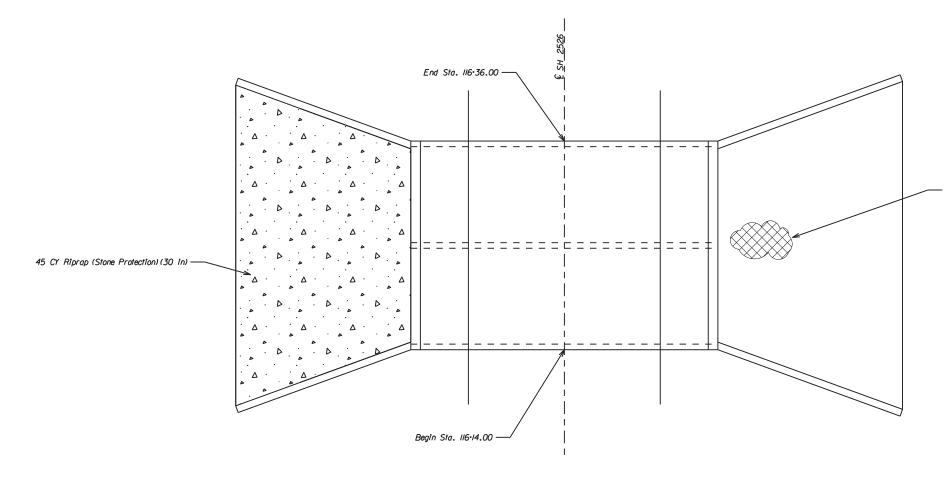




FM 2921 © LEON RIVER TRIBUTARY 230470306602002 COMANCHE CO.



CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
6383	94	001	SH	16.	ETC.
DIST		COUNTY	COUNTY SHEET NO		EET NO.
23	(	OMANCHE,ETC.		4	18



— IO CY Reml & Displ Driftwood & Debris





FM 2526 ©
DEAD HORSE
CREEK TRIB
230680237602001
EASTLAND CO.



CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6383	94	001	SH I6, ETC.	
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
23	C	COMANCHE, ET	c.	49

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
432	6036	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (30 IN)	45.0	CY
7000	6001	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS	10.0	CY

Sta. 10•63.67 - 10•85.42 2 - 10' x 5' Concrete Box Culvert

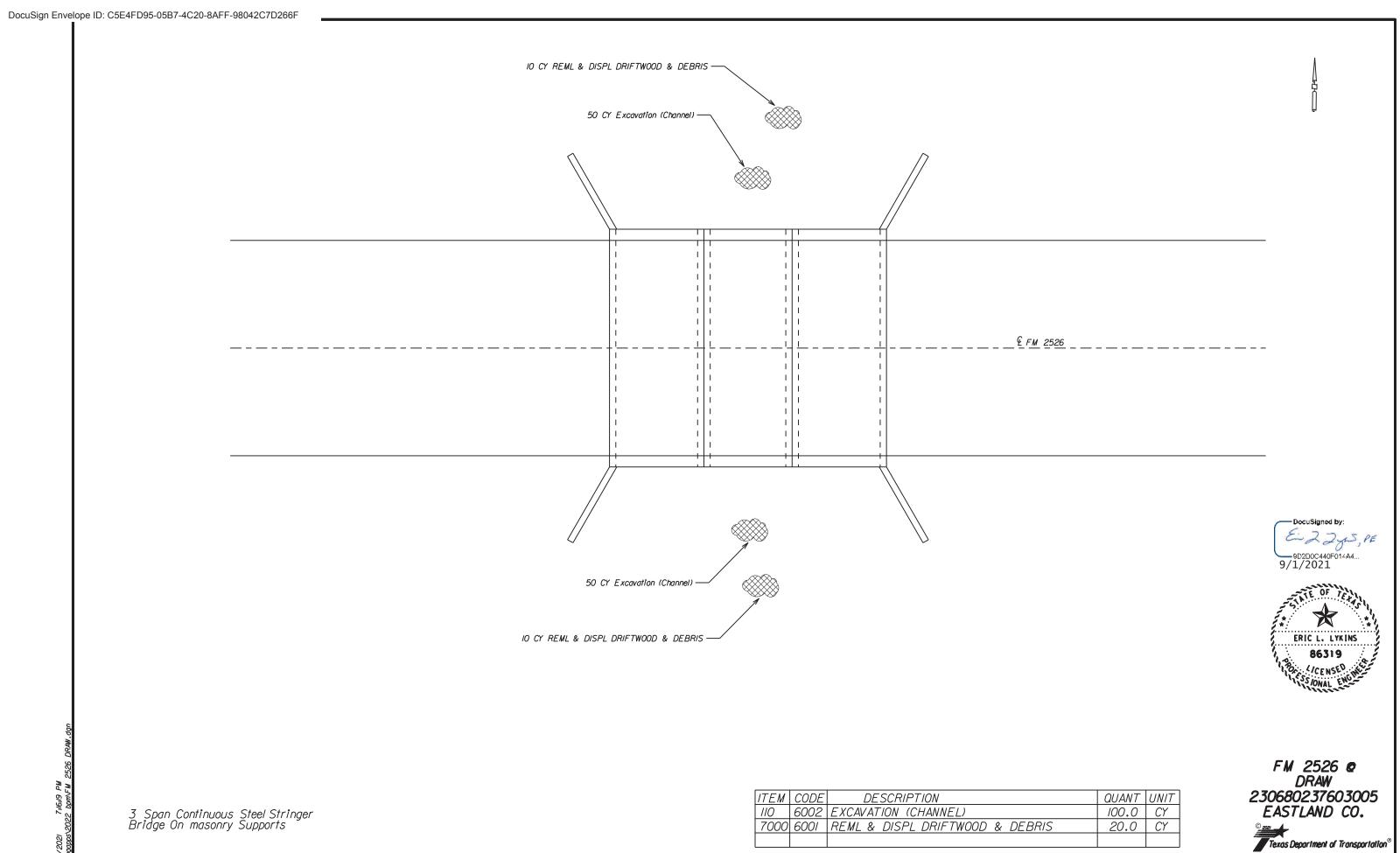
2 Span Continuous Steel Stringer Bridge On masonry Supports

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
401	6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	2.0	CY
432	6036	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (30 IN)	140.0	CY
780	6002	CNC CRACK REPAIR (DISCRETEXINJECT)	24.0	LF

FM 2526 @ DEAD HORSE CREEK 230680237602002 EASTLAND CO.



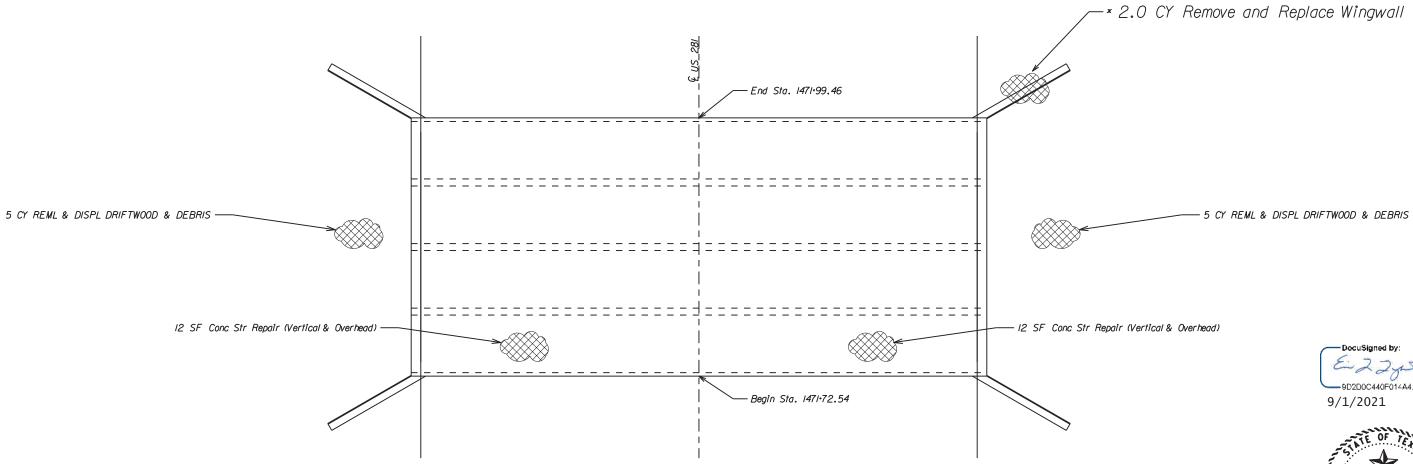
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
6383	94	001	SH	16. ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
23	(	COMANCHE, ET	c.	50





CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6383	94	001	SH	16. ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
23	C	COMANCHE, ET	c.	5/

* Remove existing wingwall to dimensions as directed by the Engineer. Replace according to Item 429 and refer to MCW-FI for dimensions.



E. 2 245, PE -9D2D0C440F014A4... 9/1/2021



Sta. 1471+72.54 - 1471+99.46 4 - 6' x 6' concrete box culvert

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
429	6007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	24.0	SF
429	6011	CONC STR REPAIR (REMOV & REPL WINGWALL)	2.0	CY
7000	6001	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS	10.0	CY

US 281 @ HEATLEY BRANCH 231410025104016 LAMPASAS CO.

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Texas Department	of	Transportation

6383 94 001 SH 16. ETC.  DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	CONT	T SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	6383	33 94	001	SH	16. ETC.
	DIST	T	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
23 COMANCHE,ETC. 52	23	3 C	OMANCHE,E	rc.	52

Docusigned by:

E 2 2 3 PE

9D2D0C440F014A4...

9/1/2021



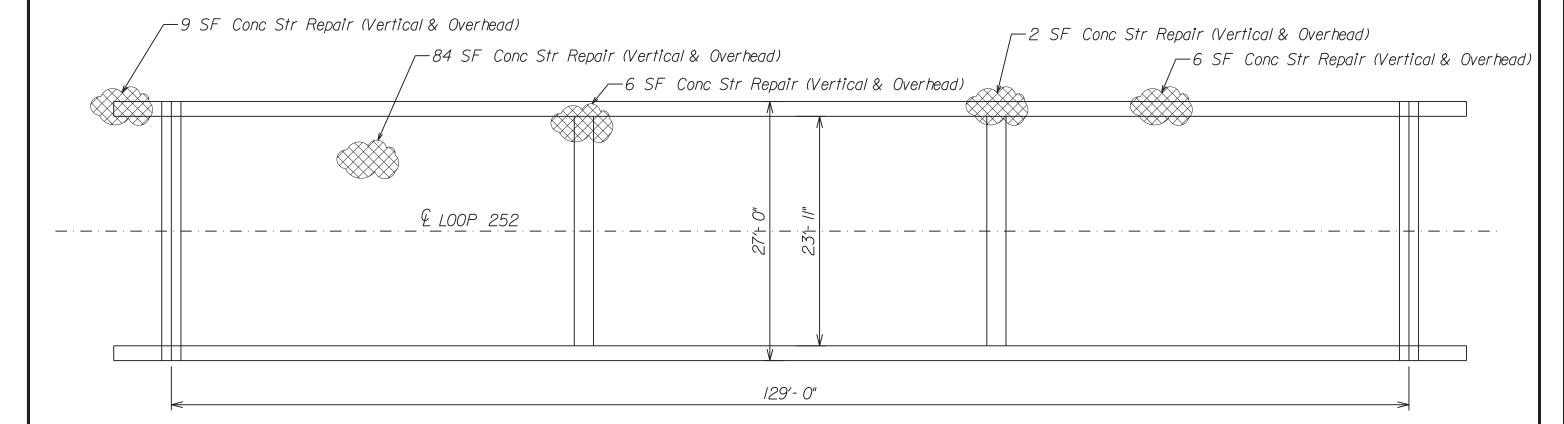
SH 581 © DRAW 231410228501002 LAMPASAS CO.

Texas Department of Transportation®

23	(	COMANCHE, ET	C.	53
DIST	ļ.,	COUNTY	_	SHEET NO.
6383	94	001	SH	16. ETC.
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY

Sta. 222+69.00 - 222+90.75 2 - 10' x 6' MBC

ITEM CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
7000 6001	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS	10.0	CY





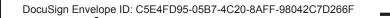
ITEM	CODE	DESCI	RIPTION			QUANT	UNIT
429	6007	CONC STR	REPAIR	(VERTICAL &	OVERHEAD)	107.0	SF

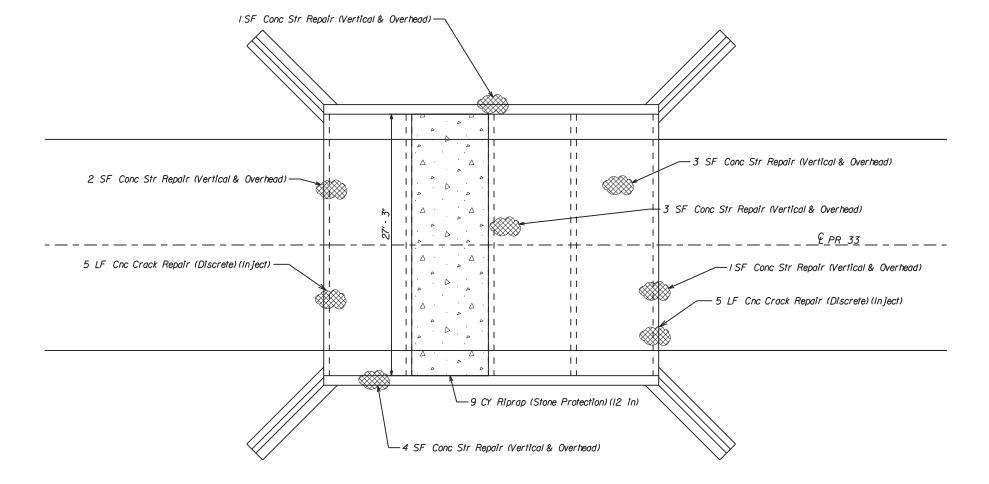
LOOP 252 @ CADDO CREEK 232150001112058 STEPHENS CO.

© 2021	SHEET	OF
Texas	Department of	Transportation

CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6383	94	001	SH	16. ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
23	(	COMANCHE, ET	c.	54

*3 Simple Span Concrete T-Beam Bridge On Concrete Substructure* 





UNIT	]
SF	1
CY	1

ITEM CODE DESCRIPTION QUANT 429 6007 CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD) 14.0 432 6031 RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION (12 IN) 9.0 LF CNC CRACK REPAIR (DISCRETEXINJECT) 780 10.0

4 - 8' x 3' Concrete Box Culvert

PR 33 @ DRAW 232150071402002 STEPHENS CO.

9/1/2021

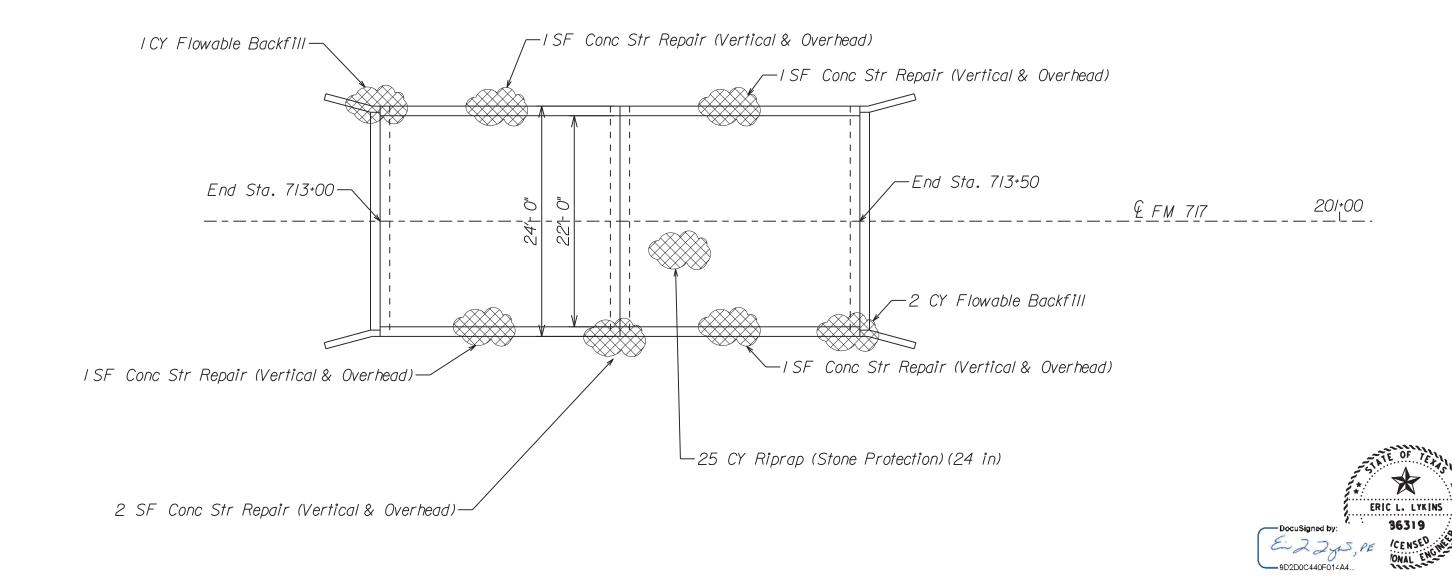
86319



6383 94 001 SH 16, ETC.

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

23 COMANCHE, ETC. 55



ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
401	6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	3.0	CY
429	6007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	6.0	SF
432	6035	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION (24 IN)	25.0	CY

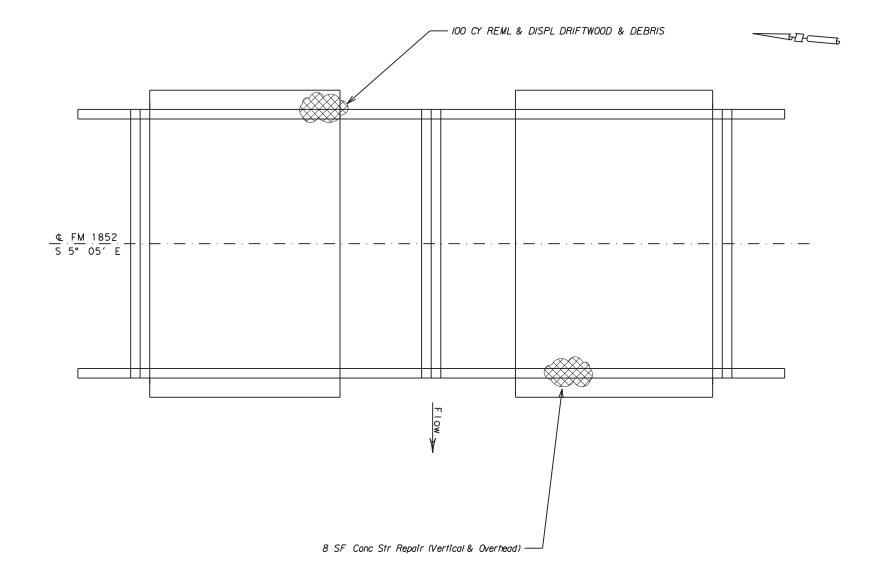
FM 717 @
COTTONWOOD CREEK
232150071403009
STEPHENS CO.

9/1/2021

Texas Department of Transportation
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23	C	COMANCHE, ET	c.	56	
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
6383	94	001	SH	16. ETC.	
CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB F		

Sta. 713+00 - 713+50 2 Simple Span Concrete Flat Slab Bridge on Concrete Substructure





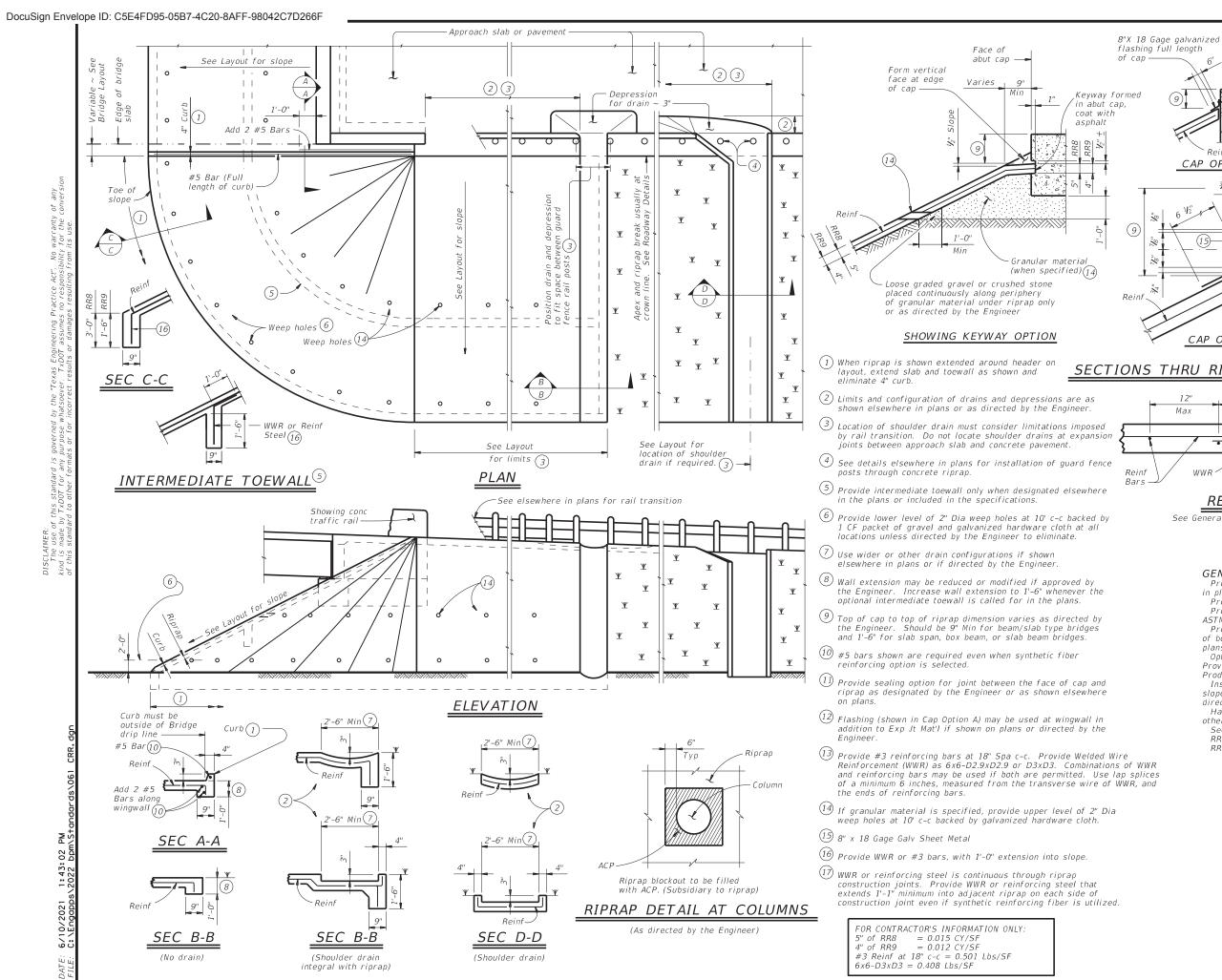
ITEM CC	DDE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
429 60	007   CON	C STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	8.0	CY
7000 60	DOI REN	/L & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS	100.0	CY

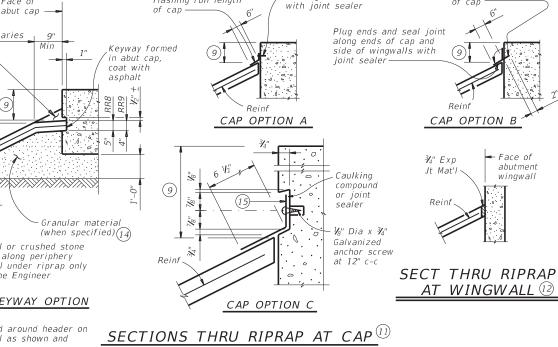
FM 1852 & E. FORK GONZALES CREEK 232150178101003 STEPHENS CO.

Texas Department of Transportation
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23	(	COMANCHE, ET	c.	57	
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
6383	94	001	SH	16, ETC.	
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	

DATE: 8/31/2021 7:56:47 PM FILE: C. France, 2022 how FM 1852 003





Nail flashing to cap

or wingwall and seal

# -Const Jt (17)

Min

reinf steel REINFORCEMENT DETAILS (13)

WWR or

Provide Class "B" concrete (f'c = 2,000 psi) unless noted elsewhere

Provide reinforcing bars, deformed WWR, or any suitable combination

slope height at intervals of approximately 20 feet unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

RR8 is to be used on stream crossings. RR9 is to be used on other embankments.



SHOULDER DRAINS **EMBANKMENTS** AT BRIDGE ENDS (TYPES RR8 & RR9)

CRR

8"X 18 Gage galvanized

flashing full length

of cap

		DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
	REVISIONS	6383	94	001		SH	16,	ETC.
©T x D0T	April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW	/AY
FILE: CTTSt	tde1-19.dgn	DN: TXE	DOT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	CF	: TxD0T

GENERAL NOTES:

n plans. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting

ASTM A1064, unless otherwise shown.

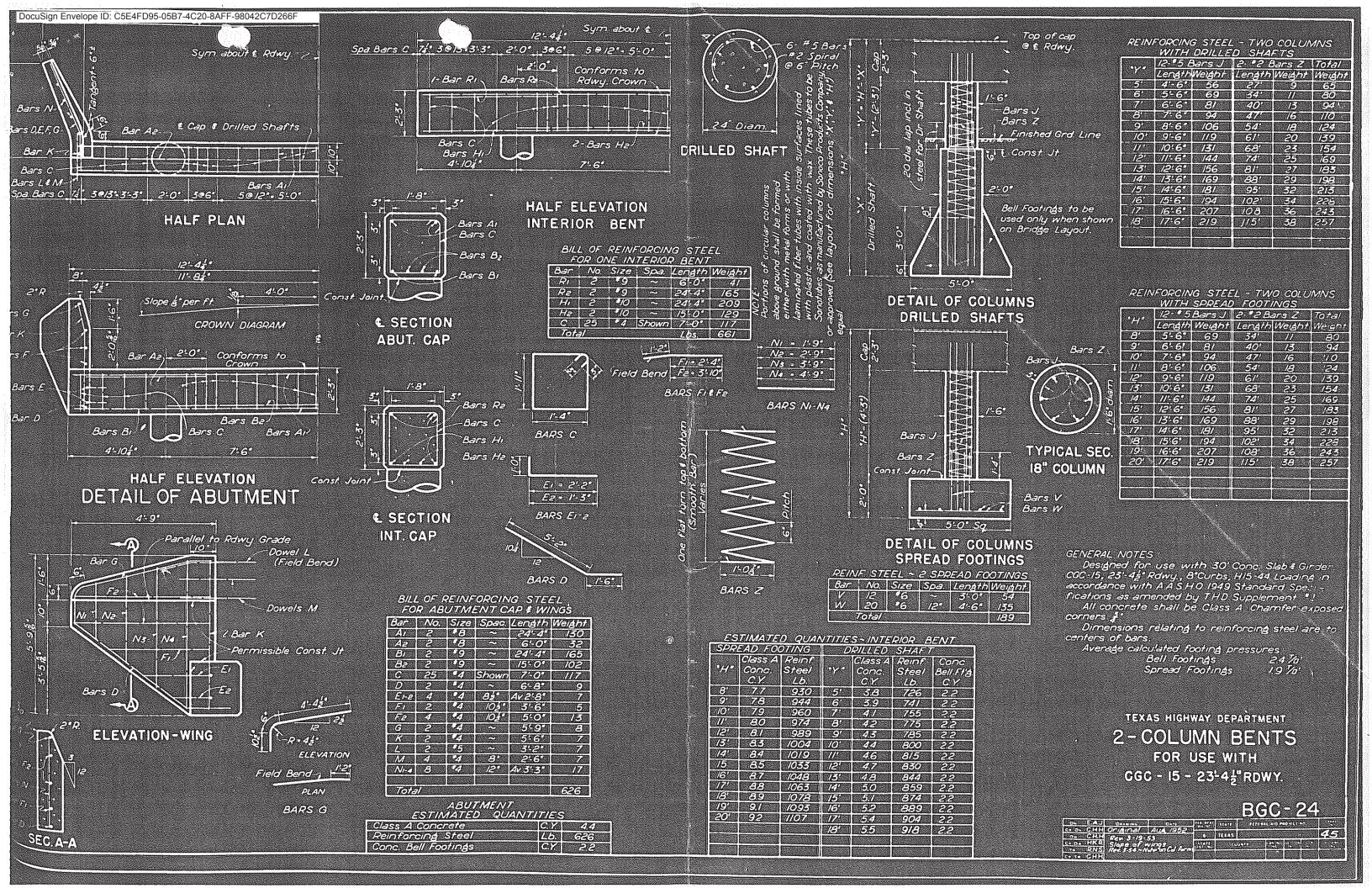
of both types for riprap reinforcing, unless specified elsewhere in the Optionally synthetic fibers may be used if approved by the Engineer

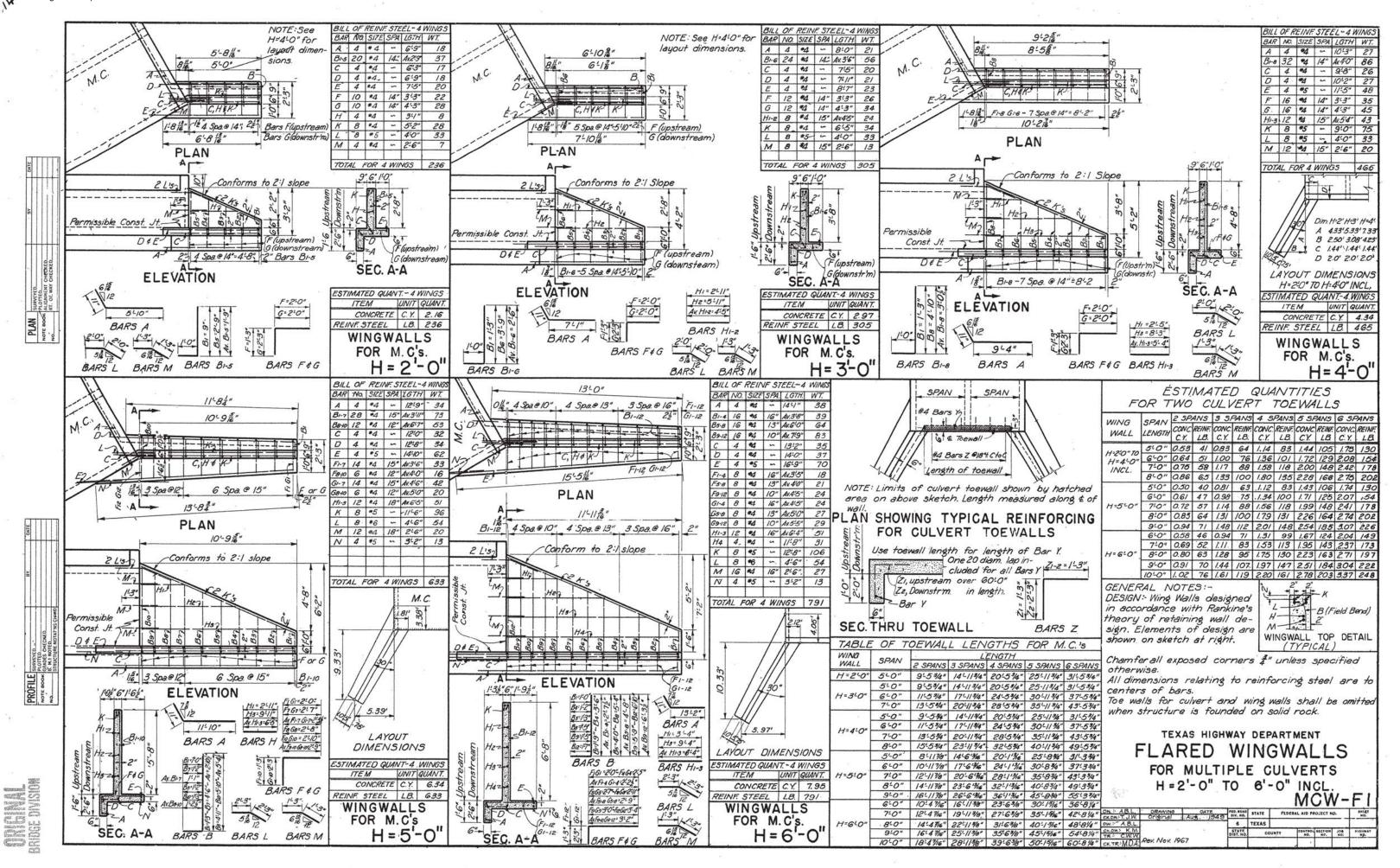
Provide synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete. Install construction joints or grooved joints extending the full slant

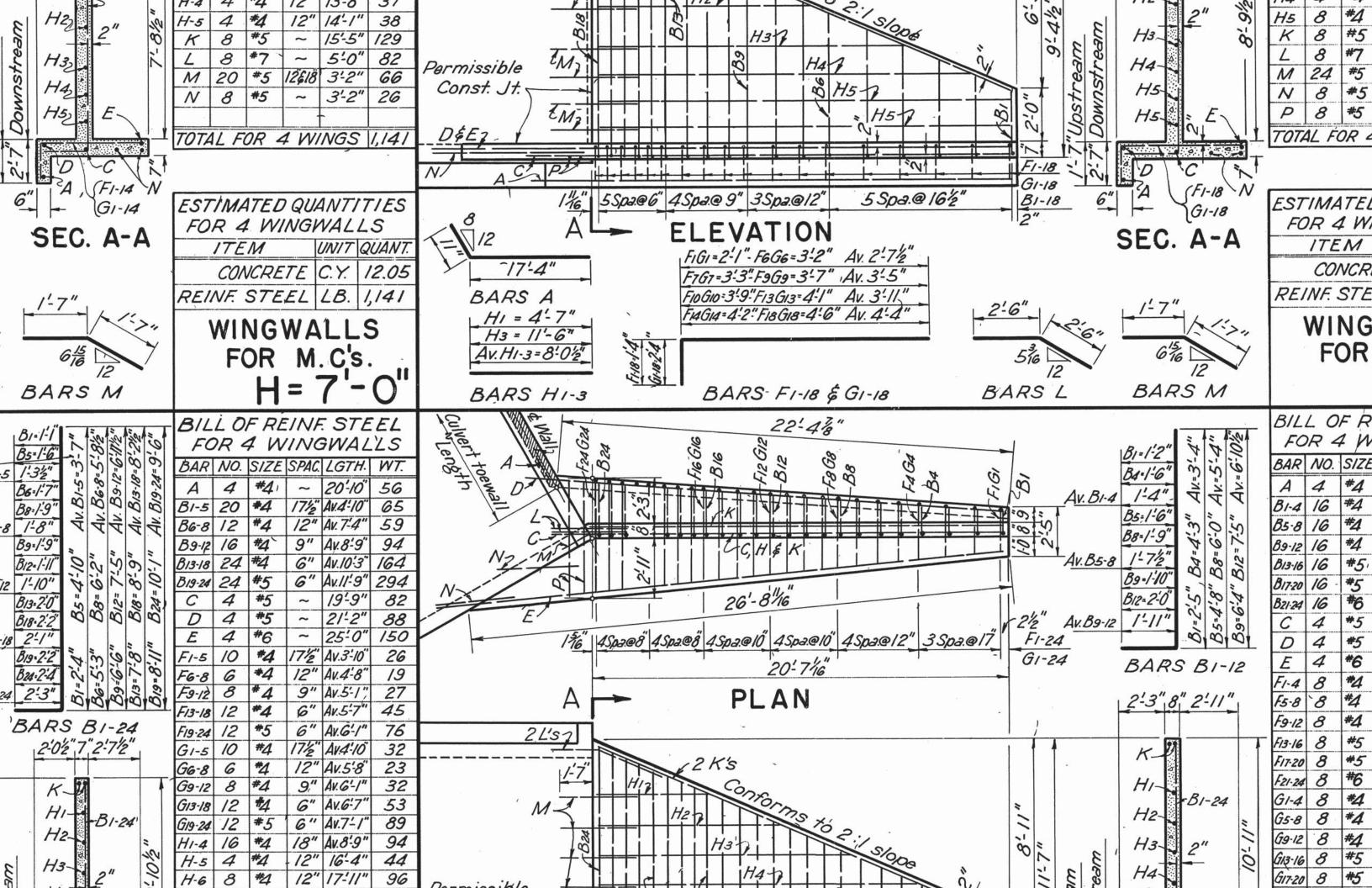
Hardware cloth, loose grade stone behind weep holes, flashing, or other sealing material are subsidiary to the bid item "Riprap".

See Layout for limits of riprap.









Compost Filter Berms and Socks

Sedimentation Chambers

During the planning phase of project development the following environmental permits, issues, and commitments III. Cultural Resources VI. Hazardous Material or Contamination Issues have been developed during coordination with resource agencies, local governmental entities, and the general public. Any change orders and/or deviations from the final design must be reported to the Engineer prior (Addresses any special circumstances associated with cultural resources, such as archeological or historic sites.) (Addresses any previously identified high risk sites associated with hazardous materials that may be encountered during construction.) (Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, filint, pottery, etc.; cease work in the Immediate area and contact the Engineer Immediately.) to the commencement of construction activities, as additional environmental clearances may be required. Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and I. Clean Water Act, Sec. 402 Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are No Action Required Required Action (Addresses CGP and MS4 Storm Water requirements for the project ) provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. (In the event that the Contractor Implements a PSL on or within one mile of the project, a Site Notice and/or a NOI will apply.) Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: No Action Required Required Action Action No. Station (Rt/Lt) Commitment Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing -----compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Action No. 1 Commitment No. 1 Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. The project disturbs less than one acre Refer to the SW3P Plan Sheet, BMPs and Detail. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS. of surface area. The contractor is responsible It will address sweeping, chemical storage. in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator for the PSL as defined in the Standard sanitary waste, and all other management practices. immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup Specifications for construction and Maintenance of all product spills. of Highways, Street, and Bridges (2014 Edition, Section 7.7.6, Page 42). The total disturbed Contractor will follow all applicable storage and management requirements for liquid oil products, acreage is the combined acreage to be disturbed liquid petroleum products, and other chemical liquids as per 40 CFR 112 (a.k.a. SPCC) and/or on the project and the contractor's PSL. TCEQ Construction General Permit for storm water management. The EPIC must be updated if the disturbed area Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected: increases to one or more acres during the Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal) course of construction (refer to following Trash piles, drums, canisters, barrels, etc. sections). It may become necessary to post MS4 operators that receives discharge from the Undesirable smells/odors a site notice and/or NOI for the project and/ project: -N/A-Underground storage tanks or PSI. Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances IV. Vegetation Resources Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on-site II. Clean Water Act, Section 401 and 404 Compliance (Addresses any special circumstances associated with vegetation, such as large trees to be avoided, or mitigation that will occur as part of the project.) ______ (Addresses Nationwide Permits, Individual Permits, and Wetlands.) (Filling, dredging, or excavating in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands, or wet area is prohibited unless specified in the USACE permit and approved by the Engineer.) Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structure not including box culverts)? No Action Required (When temporary fill is implemented, only stated TxDDT standards will be used unless written authorization for an alternative is obtained from the Engineer. No equipment is allowed in any stream channel below the Ordinary High Water Mark except on temporary stream crossings or drill pods.) Yes No Action Required 404 Permit and 401 Certification Required Action No. Station (Rt/Lt) If "No", then no further action is required. Avoid non-mow locations for stockpiles and If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing an aspestos assessment/inspection. Permit Required Action equipment parking/storage. Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)? Adher to permit and associated conditions Project Limits Preserve native vegetation to the extent Yes No practical. Contractor must adhere to Adher to permit and Construction Specification Requirements If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) licensed associated conditions Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, Waters of the US App. Plan Sheet(s asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and Waters of the US App. Plan Sheet(s) 752 in order to comply with requirements perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at for invasive species, beneficial landscaping. least 10 working days prior to scheduled abatement and/or demolition. and tree/brush removal commitments. If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 10 working days prior to any scheduled demolition. In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims. ..... V. Federal Listed. Proposed. Threatened. Endangered Species. Critical Habitat. Bridges on this project may contain Lead-Containing Paint (LCP) or other items that contain Lead. State Listed Species, Candidate Species, and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) The location of (LCP) is identified in the General Notes. Item 6.10.1.2 in the 2014 TxDOT Standard Specifications shall be utilized for this project. (Addresses any special habitat that may need to be avoided, lists any threatened or endangered species where habitat was observed and might be impacted within the project area, and lists any precautions such as nesting seasons for migratory birds.) Best Management Practices for applicable 401 General Conditions: General Condition 12 - Categories I and II BMPs required Category I (Erosion Control) VII. Other Environmental Issues Required Action ☐ No Action Required Temporary Vegetation ☐ Blankets, Matting (Addresses any other environmental issues that may not have been covered in other sections. Mulch Sod Species Potentially within No Action Required Interceptor Swale ☐ Diversion Dike Hobitat Description Required Action Project Area & Description Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berms and Socks The Contractor is advised to avoid harm to species. When species enter the work area allow Compost Filter Berms and Socks Compost Blankets to leave work site. If bats are identified under bridges or culverts notify District Environmental Action No. Station (Rt/Lt) Commitment Category II (Sedimentation Control) Specialist and stop work if work will potentially harm bats. ---Rock Berm ☐ **_**≨and Bag Berm Silt Fence Hay Bale Dike Triangular Filter Dike Brush Berms LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BMP: Best Management Practice
CCP: Construction General Permit
DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services
FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency
FHWA: Federal Highway Administration
MOA: Memorandum of Agreement
MOU: Memorandum of Agreement
MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System
MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act
NOI: Notice of Intent
NOI: Notice of Intent
NOI: Notice of Iremination
NWP: Nationwide Permit
SPCC: SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
PCN: Pre-Construction Notification
PSL: Pre-Construction Notification
PSL: Pre-Construction Notification
PSL: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
TXDDI: Texas Department of Transportation
TRE: Threatened and Endangered Species
USACE: U.S. Army Corp of Engineers
USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sediment Basins Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berms and Socks Compost Filter Berms and Socks The Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 states that it is unlowful to kill, capture, collect, General Condition 25 - Category III BMPs required possess, buy, sell, trade, or transport any migratory bird, nest, young, feather, or egg in Category III (Post-Construction ISS Control) part or in whole, without a federal permit issued in accordance within the Act's policies and Retention/Irrigation Constructed Wetlands regulations. Migration patterns would not be affected by the proposed project. The contractor will remove all old migratory bird nests from any structure where work would be Extended Detention Basin Wet Basins done from September 1 through the end of February. In addition, the contractor will be Vegetative Filter Strips Vegetation-Lined Ditches prepared to prevent migratory birds from building nests between March 1 and August 31, per the Grassy Swales Sand Filter Systems Environmental Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPIC) plans. In the event that migratory birds are encountered on-site during project construction, adverse impacts on protected birds, active Erosion Control Compost Mulch filter Berms and Socks

nests, eggs, and/or young shall be avoided.

(EPIC)

SH 16. ETC.

**ENVIRONMENTAL** 

PERMITS. ISSUES.

AND COMMITMENTS

Texas Department of Transportation BROWNWOOD DISTRICT

6383 94 001 SH 16, ETC 23 COMANCHE, ETC. 62

PROJECT LIMITS:

BPM-638394001

BPM-638394001

# Latitude = Various Longitude = Various LOCATION MAPS: Refer to site maps for project locations. PROJECT DESCRIPTION: For miscellaneous bridge repair at various locations in Brown, Coleman, Comanche, Eastland, Lampasas, and Eastland Counties. MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES: No major soil distrubing activities. TOTAL PROJECT AREA: VARIOUS VARIOUS TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED: EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE COVER AND % OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVER: BPM-638394001 The existing soils vary. The prime use is maintained transportation crossing with various herbaceous and grass vegetation with 70% vegetative cover. NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS:

Runoff from project flows into various stream Segments.

SITE DESCRIPTION

At various locations (see site maps)

## EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

	All conditions and the second
	All erosion controls will be maintained in good working order. If a repair is necessary, it will be made at the
	earliest possible date, but no later than seven (7)
	calendar days after the ground has dried sufficiently to
	prevent further damage from equipment. The areas around
	creeks and drainage ways shall have priority over other areas on the project site.
SPECTION:	
	An inspection will be performed by a TxDOT inspector at least once every seven (7) calendar days. An inspection and maintenance
	report will be made per each inspection. Stormwater controls wil
	be modified as directed by the Engineer based on these reports.
ASTE MATERIA	
	Any waste materials generated during construction will be disposed of in accordance with existing federal, state,
	and local laws.
ZARDOUS WAS	TE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING):
	At a minimum, any products in the following categories are
	considered to be hazardous: Fuels, Lubricating products,
	Asphalt products, or Concrete curing compounds and any additives.  In the event of a spill which may be hazardous,
	clean-up will be done in accordance with federal, state, and
	local regulations.
FF SITE VEHI	CLE TRACKING AND DUST CONTROL:
	T CONTROL (OFF SITE) AS NEEDED- PER ENGINEER
	ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL
	DED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN
	ESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY BILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE
	TETEL CONSTROLLION ENTRANCE
Disp	
Disp that	will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter
Disp that rece	will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter iving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland,
Disp that rece wate	will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter iving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, or body or stream bed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenal shall be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the
Disp that rece wate area runo	will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter iving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, or body or stream bed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenal shall be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the off pollutants. All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable
Disp that rece wate area runo of t	will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter iving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, in body or stream bed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenal shall be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the left pollutants. All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable emporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, false work, piling,
Disp that rece wate area runo of t	will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter iving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, or body or stream bed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenal shall be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the off pollutants. All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable
Disp that rece wate area runo of t debr	will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter iving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, or body or stream bed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenant shall be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the fifth pollutants. All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable emporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, false work, piling, is or other obstructions placed during construction operations that not a part of the finished work.
Disp that rece wate area runo of t debr are	will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter iving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, or body or stream bed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenant shall be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the off pollutants. All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable emporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, false work, piling, is or other obstructions placed during construction operations that
Disp that rece wate area runo of t debr are For requ	will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter iving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, or body or stream bed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintener shall be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the eff pollutants. All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable emporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, false work, piling, is or other obstructions placed during construction operations that not a part of the finished work.  off R.O.W. facilities the contractor shall comply with TCEQ
Disp that rece wate area runo of t debr are For requ	will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter iving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, or body or stream bed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenant shall be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the off pollutants. All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable emporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, false work, piling, is or other obstructions placed during construction operations that not a part of the finished work.  Off R.O.W. facilities the contractor shall comply with TCEQ pirements.
Disp that rece wate area runo of t debr are  For requ	will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter iving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, or body or stream bed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenant shall be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the off pollutants. All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable emporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, false work, piling, is or other obstructions placed during construction operations that not a part of the finished work.  Off R.O.W. facilities the contractor shall comply with TCEQ pirements.
that rece wate area runo of t debr are  For requ	r body or stream bed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenant shall be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the off pollutants. All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable emporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, false work, piling, is or other obstructions placed during construction operations that not a part of the finished work.  off R.O.W. facilities the contractor shall comply with TCEQ direments.  contractor is responsible for ensuring that all subcontractors are

Best Management Practices:

Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS
X Temporary Vegetation	X Silt Fence	X Vegetative Filter Strips
☐ Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems
Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin
☐ Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands
☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin
Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost
Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks
☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks
Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	□ Vegetation Lined Ditches
	Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	Sand Filter Systems
	Sediment Basins	

NARRATIVE - SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES:

The order of activities will be as follows:	
<ol> <li>Preserve existing vegetative cover as much as possible.</li> </ol>	
<ol><li>Install temporary sediment control fencing and other items</li></ol>	
as shown on plans prior to any soil disturbing activities.	
<ol><li>Perform structure work and perform any necessary excavation,</li></ol>	
embankment and grading, and temporary seeding.	
4. Place permanent seeding as shown in the plans and as directed by	
the Engineer.	

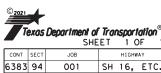
STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:

Storm water will be carried to cross drainage structures
by side road ditches and culverts which will empty
into the various natural runoff channels.



SH 16, ETC.
BROWNWOOD DIST.
STORM WATER
POLLUTION
PREVENTION PLAN

Texas Department of Transportation Brownwood District Office 2495 Highway 183 North Brownwood Texas, 76802



23 COMANCHE, ETC. 63

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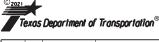
EXACT LOCATION & QUANTITIES OF SW3P ITEMS TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD

164-6009	164-6011	506-6038	506-6039
BROADCAST	BROADCAST	TEMP SEDIMENT	TEMP SEDIMENT
			CONT FENCE
(WAM)	(COOL)		REMOVE
31	31	Li	Li
3750	3750	2500	2500
	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM) SY	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) SEED (TEMP) (WARM) (COOL) SY SY	BROADCAST BROADCAST TEMP SEDIMENT SEED (TEMP) SEED (TEMP) CONT FENCE (WARM) (COOL) INSTLL SY SY LF

NOTES: APPROXIMATELY 100 LF OF SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE SHALL BE PLACED AT 25 LOCATIONS.

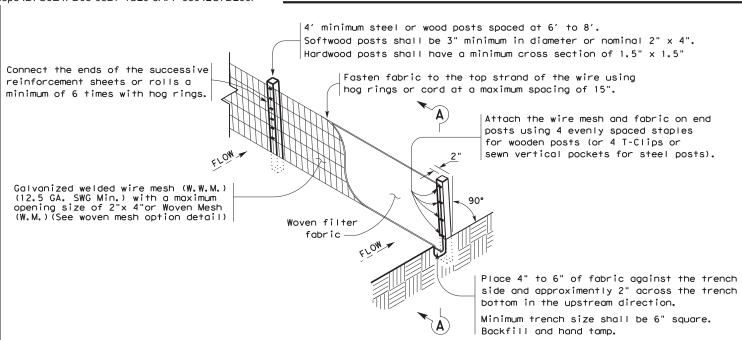
APPROXIMATELY 300 SY OF SEEDING SHALL BE PLACED AT 25 LOCATIONS.

BMP PLACEMENT



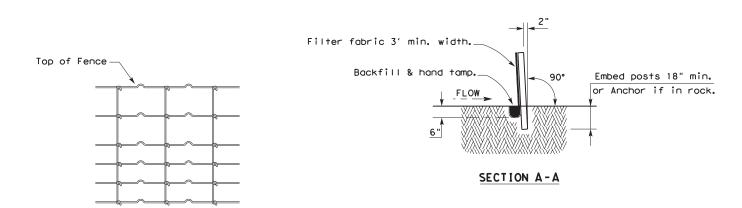
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
383	94	001	SH	16,	ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHE	ET NO.
23	C	OMANCHE, E1	rc.		64

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### TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

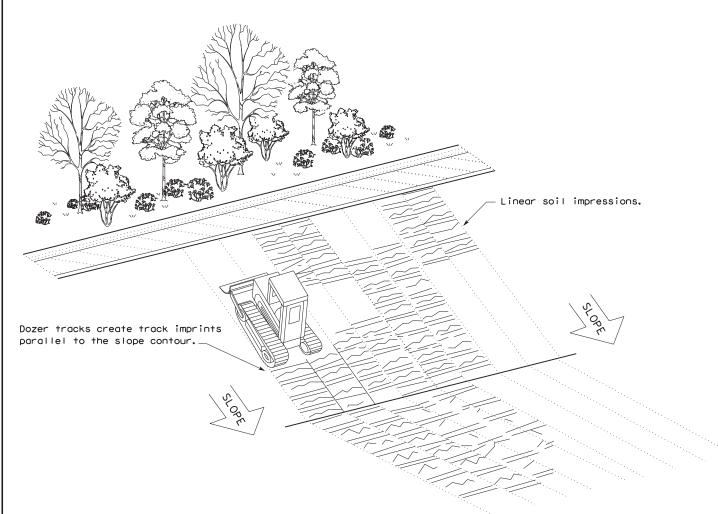
#### **LEGEND**

Sediment Control Fence

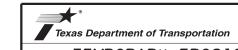


#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

ILE: ec116	DN: TxD	ОТ	ck: KM	DW:	VP DN/CK: LS		k: LS
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW.	AY
REVISIONS	6383	94	001		SH	16,	ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.
	23	CC	MANCHE	E.	rc I	C	:5