SPECIFICATIONS ADDPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014, AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT. The Standard Sheets specifically identified above have been issued by me and are applicable to this project. EPIC JUSTIN G. HTIMS 07750 ICENSED. P.E. Date ©2021 Texas Department of Transportation
All Rights Reserved. SIGNING IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD BC SHEETS AND PART VI OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES. NO EXCEPTIONS
NO EQUATIONS
NO R.R. CROSSINGS ELIMINATED
LAYOUT SCALE: NTS SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: TEXAS MAINTENANCE ENGINEER * DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION mille 2021 RECOMMENDED AND APPROVED FOR LETTING: -6

DEPARTMENT STATE TRANSPORTATION TEXAS

PLANS PROPOSED

TEXAS TYLER

SMITH,

HIGHWAY NO. VARIOUS TTLSHT /

RMC 6383-74-001

SECT.

© 2021

Texas Department of Transportation

HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO. RMC 6383-74-001

VARIOUS HIGHWAYS SMITH COUNTY, ETC.

HOT POUR CRACK SEAL

ENVIRONMENTAL

RSTCP-05 WZ (RS)-16

STANDARD

6-17 18-21 22-26 27-28

BC (1) - (12) - 14

TCP (1-1)-18 THROUGH TCP (1-4)-18

TCP (2-1)-18 THROUGH TCP (2-4)-18 % TCP 2-6-18

TCP (3-1)-13 AND TCP (3-2)-13

SHEET NO.

DESCRIPTION

INDEX

OF SHEETS

2A - 2E

TITLE SHEET
GENERAL NOTES
ESTIMATE & QUANTITY S
QUANTITY SUMMARY

SHEETS

DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK: FINAL CONTRACT COST : \$ USED _ CONTRACTOR DATE WORK COMPLETED & ACCEPTED: DATE CONTRACT LETTING: 믺 ALLOTTED DAYS FINAL PLANS

2021

DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

COUNTY SMITH, ETC.

HWY. NO. VARIOUS DATE ACCEPTED

CONT. NO. 6383-74-001 LETTING DATE <u>AUGUST</u> 2021

Project Number: 638374001 Sheet 2

County: Smith, Etc. Control: 6383-74-001

Highway: US 69

GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individuals:

 Justin Smith
 Justin.G.Smith@txdot.gov

 Paul Schneider
 Paul.Schneider@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All Contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

TxDOT Representatives are as follows:

Palestine Maintenance Supervisor: Steven Thornton Palestine Inspector: Jose Nava	Athens Maintenance Supervisor: John Oliver Athens Inspector: Jessie Kyle	Jacksonville Maintenance Supervisor: Ben Terry Jacksonville Inspector: Cody Roach	Tyler Maintenance Supervisor: Mark Fletcher Tyler Inspector: Rebecca Petty
903-729-5834	903-675-3809	903-586-9411	903-561-2198
903-216-9358	903-203-0061	903-721-4499	903-574-0501

ITEM 4. SCOPE OF WORK

The Contractor shall verbally notify the TxDOT representative 24 hours in advance of starting work. The Contractor shall also notify the TxDOT representative by 8:15 A.M. on any day that work is originally planned and the contractor will not be working, for whatever reason.

The Contractor shall use personnel experienced in the type of work described in the specifications and the necessary traffic control.

General Notes Sheet A

Project Number: 638374001

Sheet 2

County: Smith, Etc. Control: 6383-74-001

Highway: US 69

All equipment will be inspected by the Engineer or TxDOT representative and must be approved prior to the Contractor starting any work activities.

LIMITS

The work as described in the specifications and the general notes shall be performed throughout the Tyler District in the Tyler, Jacksonville, Athens, and Palestine Maintenance sections which includes Smith, Cherokee, Henderson, and Anderson counties.

ITEM 5. CONTROL OF THE WORK

Restrict movement of construction equipment and haul trucks to paved surfaces. Do not cross the median with equipment and haul trucks unless specifically authorized. Use entrance and exit ramps to enter and exit the freeway mainlanes.

ITEM 7. LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

This Contract requires work that crosses or is in close proximity to a railroad. Cooperate with the railroads and comply with all of their requirements including obtaining any training they require before performing work on railroad property.

Railroad flaggers will be paid for under the Railroad Force Account under control 6383-74-001.

Roadway closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited:

• Lane closures will not be permitted before 8:00 A.M. or after 4:00 P.M. unless otherwise directed.

Unless otherwise approved, lane closures for minor or major construction operations will not be allowed on Good Friday, Easter weekend, Memorial Day, Memorial Day weekend, July 4th, Labor Day, Labor Day weekend, Thanksgiving Day thru Sunday, Christmas Eve, Christmas Day, New Year's Eve, New Year's Day, or on any other high traffic days or holidays as determined.

ITEM 8. PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

The Work Start Date and the beginning of Working Day charges for this Contract will be January 3, 2022.

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Section 8.3.1.1., "Five-Day Workweek."

Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Project Number: 638374001 Sheet 2

County: Smith, Etc. Control: 6383-74-001

Highway: US 69

This contract shall commence upon issuance of a work order by the Engineer and continue through (41) working days or until all contract funds are expended, whichever occurs first. The start to work date shall be determined by the engineer.

In accordance with Article 8.5, if work is not completed within the number of working days specified, working days will continue to be charged. Liquidated damages will accrue in accordance with SP 000-658 for each working day charged over the number of working days specified in the contract and will be deducted from any money due or to become due to the contractor.

Multiple crews may be required.

ITEM 9. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT

Payment for materials on hand will not be allowed for this project.

ITEM 502. BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The traffic control plan for this Contract consists of: the installation and maintenance of warning signs and other traffic control devices shown on the plans; specification data, which may be included in the general notes; applicable provisions of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD); traffic control plan sheets included on the plans; standard BC sheets; Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List, and Item 502 of the standard specifications.

Inspect and correct deficiencies each day throughout the duration of the Contract.

Sign all roads intersecting the project in accordance with current BC standards.

Refer to the traffic control plan sheets for traffic handling through the work area. Contractor may vary the signing arrangement and spacing as necessary to fit field conditions; however, any proposed changes in the traffic control plan must be approved before implementation.

When the sequence of work is shown on the plans, the Contractor may submit an alternate proposal for approval. Submit in writing all proposed variations and revisions.

High-visibility safety apparel is required for workers in accordance with the General Notes on current BC standards.

Place and maintain signs, channelizing devices, and flaggers to direct and route traffic at any location and for any period of time as may be required or directed.

General Notes Sheet C

Project Number: 638374001

County: Smith, Etc.

ith, Etc.

Sheet 2

Control: 6383-74-001

Highway: US 69

A lane closure is required for this contract on all roadways. Contractor shall provide cones, vertical panels, drums, signs, flaggers, and flashing arrow panels as necessary to route traffic around the closed lane as shown on the plans and as directed. Lane closures will be limited to one specific lane as directed.

Maintain existing roadside signs within this project's limits during this Contract. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 502.

Provide truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) as shown on the appropriate traffic control plan sheets. Provide a letter certifying that all TMA used on this project meet NCHRP 350 or AASHTO Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) requirements.

Regulate all construction activities and equipment to minimize inconvenience to the traveling public. At points where it is necessary for trucks to stop, load, or unload, provide warning signs and flaggers to protect the traveling public.

The pavement must be entirely open to traffic each night. Remove or clearly barricade all material stockpiles, equipment left overnight, or any obstruction within 30 ft. of a travelway as approved.

Provide flaggers at county roads, commercial driveways, and other intersecting roadways deemed necessary by the Engineer to maintain control of the work zone during one-lane two-way operations. Provide communication radios to each flagger in the work zone and the pilot vehicle operator.

Hand held communications shall be required for flaggers and all work crews during work activities.

The Contractor shall have no more than 3-5 Bituminous heating pots actively working in a single maintenance section at a time.

Lane closures shall be required for all crackseal operations.

Prior to beginning work, the Contractor and Engineer must agree on the allowable length of lane closure.

On roadways with traffic counts of 3,500 or higher shall be limited to lane closure lengths of 1 mile.

Restrict movement of construction equipment and haul trucks to all paved surfaces. Do not allow construction equipment and haul trucks to cross the median unless specifically authorized. Use entrance and exit ramps for ingress and egress to the mainlanes.

General Notes

Sheet D

Project Number: 638374001

County: Smith, Etc.

Highway: US 69

The Contractor's responsible person (CRP) shall be responsible for insuring that the signs and traffic control devices are in place and functioning properly in accordance with Article 502.2 of the standard specifications. The CRP shall inspect and insure all deficiencies are corrected each and every day throughout the duration of this contract.

Traffic control shall be subsidiary to Item 712 except as provided for under SS 6185.

Temporary rumble strips will be subsidiary to various bid items

All work required by these general notes, except as provided for by Item 502, will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 502 unless otherwise shown on the plans.

ITEM 712. CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS AND CRACKS (ASPHALT CONCRETE)

Furnish materials in accordance with Section 300.2.8., Table 15, "Rubber-Asphalt Crack Sealer." Apply materials according to manufacturer's specifications.

All equipment will be inspected by the Engineer. The equipment must be power driven and in good operating order prior to being approved for the Contractor to begin work. Equipment must be of sufficient capacity with dual wands to efficiently clean the cracks and joints before sealing, thereby providing a consistent production rate. Material must be placed as level material for final product.

Any sanding required due to the tracking of material shall be performed by the Contractor and shall be considered subsidiary to the bid item. Provide the sanding materials as specified in Item 712.

Reflective cracking must be cracked sealed as directed.

ITEM 713. CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS AND CRACKS (CONCRETE PAVEMENT)

Furnish sealant, boards, and backer rods in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers." The sealant must be type 4, 5, 7, or 8 unless otherwise show on the plans and specifications. Furnish primer when required by the sealant manufacturer.

All equipment will be inspected by the Engineer. The equipment must be power driven and in good operating order prior to being approved for the Contractor to begin work. Equipment must be of sufficient capacity to efficiently clean the cracks and joints before sealing, thereby providing a consistent production rate. Material must be placed as level material for final product.

General Notes Sheet E

neral Notes

Sheet F

Project Number: 638374001

County: Smith, Etc.

Control: 6383-74-001

Sheet 2

Control: 6383-74-001

Sheet 2

Highway: US 69

The contractor shall make a groove, follow the cracks to be sealed, and rout the groove approximately 1/2 in deep x 5/8 in wide as directed by the engineer. The Engineer will select the cracks to be cleaned and sealed.

Any sanding required due to the tracking of material shall be performed by the Contractor and shall be considered subsidiary to the bid item. Provide the sanding materials as specified in Item 712.

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	MATE PROJECT RMC 638374001 CONTROL 6383-74-001 CRACKSEAL HOT POL EST. FINA 1.000 662.480 7600.000 41.000
	ECT RMC 638374001 TROL 6383-74-001 CRACKSEAL HOT POUR ST. FINAL 1.000 62.480 00.000 41.000
	SUMMARY 1001 A ITEM- POUR T 105M 2652 1 500 6001 712 6008 713 6006 6185 6005 0
	02 85
	DESCRIPTION MOBILIZATION JT/CRCK SEAL (RUBBER-ASPHALT) CRACK CLEANING AND SEALING (CRCP) TMA (MOBILE OPERATION) CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK RAILROAD FLAGGERS
	LS DAY LMI N C
	EST. 66 760 4
	FINAL 1.000 2.480 0.000 1.000

ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET

10	STATE IST. NO.
SMITH, ETC.	COUNTY
RMC 638374001	PROJECT NO.
3	SHEET NO.

	BASIS OF ESTIMATE	STIM	ATE			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	RATE	TINU	RATE UNIT UNITS	QUANTITY	TINU
500	MOBILIZATION				1	LS
6185	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)				41	DAY

212		212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	(1) 212	212	COUNTY		_			
	SL 323	FM 3226	SH 135	SH 31 W	FM 849	SH 64 E	SH 64	SH 64 W	FM 724	FM 344	SL 124	FM 2493	FM 2493	FM 850	US 271	US 69	US 69	US 69	US 69	TY HIGHWAY	_				
	COMMERCE ST. TO SP 248	FM 850 TO SH 64	RUSK COUNTY LINE TO PAVEMENT CHANGE SOUTH OF FM 838	HENDERSON COUNTY LINE TO SL 323 (INCLUDES CROSSOVERS)	FM 16 TO SH 110	SL 323 E TO PAVEMENT CHANGE E OF CR 220	SH 31 E. (FRONT ST.) TO SL 323	WEST OF FM 2661 EAST TO SL 323	PAVEMENT CHANGE SOUTH OF CR 1148 NORTH FOR 0.25 MILES	SH 155 TO US 69	SH 31 (FRONT ST.) EAST TO SL 323	SUNNYBROOK DR, TO FM 2813	US 69 (BROADWAY) TO SUNNYBROOK DR.	0.4 MILE EAST OF FM 2607 TO RUST COUNTY LINE	SL 323 TO SH 64 (FIFTH ST.)	MARKET SQUARE BLVD. TO CHEROKEE COUNTY LINE	SL 323 TO GLENWOOD BLVD.	SL 49 TO SL 323	WOOD COUNTY LINE TO SL 49	DESCRIPTION OF LIMITS	\dashv	ITEM 712-6008 JT/CRCK SEAL (RUBBER-ASPHALT)	SMITH COUNTY	TYLER MAINTENANCE	CRACKSEAL SUMMARY
_	676	292	300	690	280	687	684	677	292	666	292	295	294	687	325	339	329	316	308	TR					
	680	294	304	697	285	696	687	682	293	670	292	301	295	694	330	347	331	329	316	TRM'S					
	20.40	5.40	13.80	47.25	10.80	35.35	19.40	26.50	1.25	9.00	1.50	42.00	4.00	15.00	34.00	40.00	16.00	91.00	48.00	LNMI	LENCTH		;		

79.45					TOTAL
9.94	683	678	US 69 TO SH 135	FM 177	037
20.37	340	330	FM 343 TO US 69	FM 851	037
27.06	356	340	FROM SH 110 TO RUSK COUNTY LINE	US 79	037
22.08	374	368	E. JACKSONVILL CITY LIMIT TO W. JACKSONVILLE CITY LIMIT	US 79	037
LENGTH LN MI	TRM'S	TR	DESCRIPTION OF LIMITS	COUNTY HIGHWAY	COUNTY
			ITEM 712-6008 JT/CRCK SEAL (RUBBER-ASPHALT)		
			CHEROKEE COUNTY		
			JACKSONVILLE MAINTENANCE		
			CRACKSEAL SUMMARY	į	

(1) THIS QUANTITY INCLUDES CROSSOVERS, SHOULDERS, AND TURNLANES.

QUANTITY SUMMARY



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| FED. AD. | PROJECT NO. | SHEET NO. | SHE FILENAME /
SHEET
NO.
4

102.38					TOTAL
					:
10.18	346	342	SH 294 TO FM 319	FM 861	001
42.07	664	658	US 79 TO US 79-SOUTH SIDE	SL 256	001
40.40	338	326	HENDERSON COUNTY LINE TO SH 155	FM 315	001
7.04	324	322	US 287 TO FM 321	FM 2706	001
2.69	324	324	FM 2574 TO FM 321	FM 3372	001
LENGTH LN MI		TRM'S	DESCRIPTION OF LIMITS	COUNTY HIGHWAY	COUNTY
			ITEM 712-6008 JT/CRCK SEAL (RUBBER-ASPHALT)		
			ANDERSON CO.		
			PALESTINE MAINTENANCE		
			CRACKSEAL SUMMARY		

7,600				TOTAL
2,600	300+1.885	AT SH 334	SH 198	212
5,000	664+0.568	AT US 79	SL 256	212
(FOOT)	IVIVI	DESCENTI HIGH OF LIVING	TOWN	000111
LENGTH	TDM	COUNTY HIGHWAY DESCRIPTION OF I IMITS	HICHWAY	COLUTY
CP)	LING (CR	ITEM 713-6006 CRACK CLEANING AND SEALING (CRCP)	M 713-6006	ITI
	YTY	ANDERSON AND HENDERSON COUNTY	ANDEF	
	ANCE	PALESTINE AND ATHENS MAINTENANCE	PALEST	
	Y	CRACKSEAL SUMMARY	CR	



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TYLER

SHITH, ETC.

CONT.

SECT.

JOB

HIGHWAY NO.

VARIOUS

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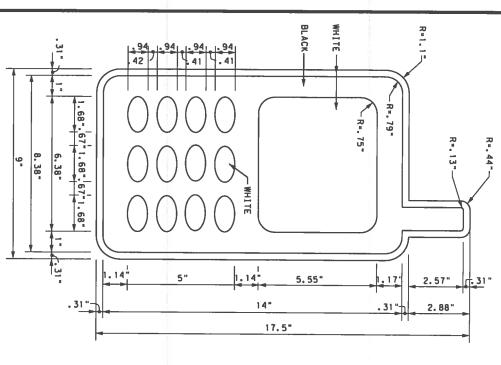
4

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD). The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended
- responsibility development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the of the Engineer.
- sign bу ۵ Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 9 When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes the signing.
- ထ All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas, "latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine appropriate traffic control devices to be used. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the the most
- <u></u> As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT_LATER_(see Sign_Detail_G20-10T)_and_the_WORK_ZONE_TRAFFIC_FINES_DOUBLE_sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT x MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- = 0 Except for devices required ept for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- ٦. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



COLORS: FLUORESCENT YELLOW BACKGROUND — BORDER AND LEGEND . 75 Į. 12" 19.7" 2.8"6.3"2.8" 11.7" 9R 1.25-4 TEXT I 20" ±2.8°. 24.5" 14.6" 20" 3.5° 1.5"6"D 3.25 5"C 3.5" 20" 36" 48"

3.0" Radius, 1.25" Border, 0.75" Indent, Black on Yellow; ISTAY ALERT] Font: D
3.0" Radius, 1.25" Border, 0.75" Indent, Black on Orange; ITALK OR TEXT LATER] Font: C specified length;

SIGN DETAIL (G2 0-10T)

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting: given

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE c Operations Division (512) 416-3118

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES 픘 DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND http://www.bxdot.gov ON-LINE

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS (TMUTCD) (CWZTCD

SHEET 1 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION AND REQUIREMENTS GENERAL NOTES

4-03 9-07 5-10 8-14 7-13 November 2002 BC(1)-14 SMITH, ETC. CK: TxDOT

The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.

The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may amit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown crossroads.

B

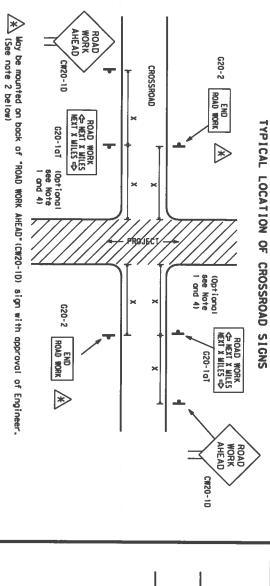
Channel izing Devices

 \mathcal{D}

ROAD WORK

CSJ Limit

SPEED R2-1



additional traffic control devices, that should be used when work is

CWIO,

CW12

48"

×

48"

48"

48 "

80

10002 900 2

75

70 65

500 ² 600 ² 700 ² 800 ²

36"

×

36"

48"

×

48:

55

50 45 40

400 320 240 9

48" × 48"

48"

× 48"

NPH

Feet (Apprx.)

30 35

If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

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CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, being performed at or near an intersection.

R20-5aTP R20-51 G20-5aP INTERSECTED ROADWAY ROAD WORK NEXT X WILES => TRAFF IC F INES DOUBLE | G20-1bTR G20-6T G20-5T 1 Block -City Hwy .08 .0. 分 1000'-1500' - Hwy Limit CS7 Block - City G20-16TL ROAD WORK G20-2 ROAD WORK 620-5aP R20-SaTP R20-5T FINES TRAFFIC TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 15.6 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14 CW204 CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25 CW8-3, CW3, ٩ Sign Number or Series CW4,

Conventional Road

Expressway/

Sign "

SIZE

SPACING

T-INTERSECTION

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR 984-1 987-97 PASS * WORK BEGINNING AT ROAD WORK AHE AD LIMIT R20-5aTP* * THE CSJ LIMITS R20-5T* * G20-9TP * * TALK OR TEXT L û G20-10T* * ALERT R20-31* STATE LAW 홄

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1071sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere it the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

2.

Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work

Zone Standard Sheets.

AHEAD

CW20-10

WPH CW13-1P

Type 3 Barricade or channelizing devices

CWI - 4R

* * G20-5T * *G20-6T

CW13-1P CWI -4L

CW20-1D

Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.

Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Marning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMJTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

GENERAL NOTES

- Distance between signs should be increased as required to advance warning. have 1500 feet
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have $\ 1/2 \$ mile or more advance warning.
- 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TWUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

* The Contractor shall determine the approto be placed on the G20-1 series signs of WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-51) sign for each This distance shall replace the "X" and to the nearest whole mile with the approx No decimals shall be used. NOTES specific project. shall be rounded oval of the Engineer. opriate distance Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 2

야 12

Traffic Operations Division Standard

When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-ID) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

Channelizing Devices

û

SPACE

û

û

CSJ Limit

ROAD NORK

Beginning of NO-PASSING line should coordinate with sign location

R2-1 LIMIT

û

END (*)
WORK ZONE G20-2bT * *

G20-2 * *

Û

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

*

channelizing devices.

CW1-6 R11-2

Type 3
Barricade or channelizing devices

CW13-1P

AHEAD

WORK

* * G20-51

ROAD WORK

SPEED

**620-50P

STAY

ALERT

** R20-51

FINES DOUBLE ZONE

OBEY
WARNING
SIGNS
STATE LAW

CM20-10

G20-6T

**R2-1

#** **

R20-31

TALK OR TEXT

3X

ᡥ 分

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END shall be used as shown on the sample lay signs are required outside the CSJ Limit motorist of entering or leaving a part clying outside the CSJ Limits where traffif workers are present.) WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT)

 Jyout when advance

 its. They inform the

 of the work zone

 ffic fines may double
- ** Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10.
 FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required consisting solely of mobile operations w Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" and other signs or devices as called for Control Plan. ę (CW20-1D)sign on the Troffic on BC(1). TRAFFIC

10

*

(*) Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign the end of the work zone.

×	ŀ	0 0 0	Ι	
See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.	Sign	Channelizing Devices	Type 3 Barricade	LEGEND

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

	BC (2)	2	-	-14			
FILEI	bc-14, dgn	CI IND	ĝ	100x1 cks TxDOT sws TxDOT cks TxDOT	Diffs	100x1	скі ТхООТ
100x1 (3)	©Tx00T November 2002	CONT SECT	SECT	80L	Ц	IH	HIGHWAY
	SIONS	6383 74	74	001	L	VAR	VARIOUS
9-07	8-14	1510		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		5		CMITH	CTC		7

0

SPEED

R2-1

R2-1

YPICAL **APPLICATION** 유 WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGN

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zon and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits. S Zones, "

of work activity and not throughout the entire project. Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed

LIMITS

Signing shown for one direction only.

See BC(2) for

SIIMIT LS3

additional advance

signing.

(750' - 1500') LIMIT ZONE G20-5qP See General Note 4 or covered during periods when they are not needed. O O SPEED 620-5aP R2-1 See General Note 4 LIMIT R2-1 0 (750' - 1500') SPEED LIMIT G20-5aP See General Note 4 Signing shown for one direction only.
See BC(2) for odditional advance signing. LIMIT G20-5aP

GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires

a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- 9 rough road or damaged pavement surface
- 0 ٥ construction detours substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- 9
- width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver
 As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot mounting height. minimum
- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally for each direction of travel. posted
- 40 mph and greater
- 35 mph and less 0.2 to 2 miles 0.2 to 1 mile
- background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)). lective
- q
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4). S
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: Law enforcement.
- Flagger stationed next to sign.
- Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.

R2-1

R2-1

SPEED LIMIT

R2-1

Ψ

- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
- ຸກ Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white ref
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5)sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1)signs shall not be paid directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

- Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).

- 10.For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxD0T form #1204 in the TxD0T e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC (3) -14

© Tx001 November 9-07 7-13 REVISIONS 8-14 bc-14. dgn CONT SECT 3 74 CK1 TXDOT DW1 JOB COUNTY TXDOT CK: TXDOT VARIOUS

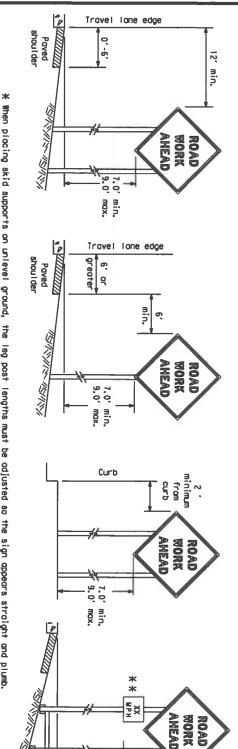
ackground - Red egend & Border - White

Bockground - Orange Legend & Border - Block

24" -

24"

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

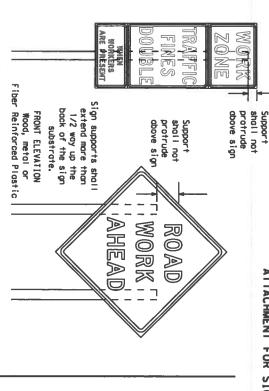


When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb
Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

** When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane.

Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.

ATTACHMENT FOR SIGN SUPPORTS



above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and height Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two of at least the same gauge material.

STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

Any lights incorporated into the SIOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6′ to the bottom of the sign.

> procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of Attachment to wooden supports manufacturer's recommended will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or Nails shall Noi sign supports be allowed.

> > SIGN SUBSTRATES

유

SIDE ELEVATION

supports shall not be directly to the sign extended or repaired joined or spliced by signs shall not be support. Multiple shall be attached ony means. by splicing or other means. Eoch sign DOOM

WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, point of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
 When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions services, points information.
- the roadway condition. emove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches
- Ļu When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction
- 4 purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signal shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for stationards. relocating existing signs. supports, they shall be
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZICD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs. Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

Controctor shall install and mainium...

Wooden sign posts shall be pointed white.

Wooden sign posts shall be pointed white.

Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall use used as sign supports.

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may furnish either the sign shown in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's IxIOI diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Campliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZICD). The Contractor in a coordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation are commendations so the Engineer can be appeared to the contractor of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can be appeared to the contractor of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can be appeared to the contractor of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can be appeared to the contractor of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can be appeared to the contractor of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can be appeared to the contractor of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can be appeared to the contractor of the manufacturer's installation recommendations of the Engineer can be appeared to the contractor of the manufacturer's

6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the shall install the sign support in accordance with the manu procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a coverify the correct procedures are being followed.

7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approximate the compact or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the E. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the for identification shall be I inch.

9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or days the contractor shall replace damaged wood posts.

min.

he Engineer/Inspector. of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF MORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual").
 The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the s

The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the s work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign suppor regard to crashworthiness and duration of work require Long-term stationary work that occupies a locat I on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)
ize of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The type of mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies more than one hour. on more than 3 days. a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies Short, duration - work that occupies a location up Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermitted. intermittently (stapping for up to approximately 15 minutes.) a location for more than I how in a single daylight period.

The bottom of Long-t

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ferm/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except mental plaques mounted below other signs.

as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

of Short-term/Short Duration signing. ing daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to

Long-term/intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only dur appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGHS The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recammendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CMZICD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.

"Mesh" type materials are NOI an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.

All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" Engineer may approve other

methods of

\$p

All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of a for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web white sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Torange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 to the contract of DMS-8300 to the sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 oddress for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
Type BFL or Type CFL, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open a Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standar rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway of d Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING first class workmanship in accordance with Department

When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed ar completely covered.

Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.

Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at covered when not required. 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely

When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.

But tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.

Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

from turning over,

Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning a the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.

I not be permitted

Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall for use as sign support weights.

Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOI be u Joon vehicular

Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZICD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or d not be used for ed and manufactured

hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slapes. d above ground level or Sandbags shall be placed

FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. Whe shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover

When used the flag ge or fluorescent over any partion of

red-orange in color. the sign face.

SHEET 4 유 ---

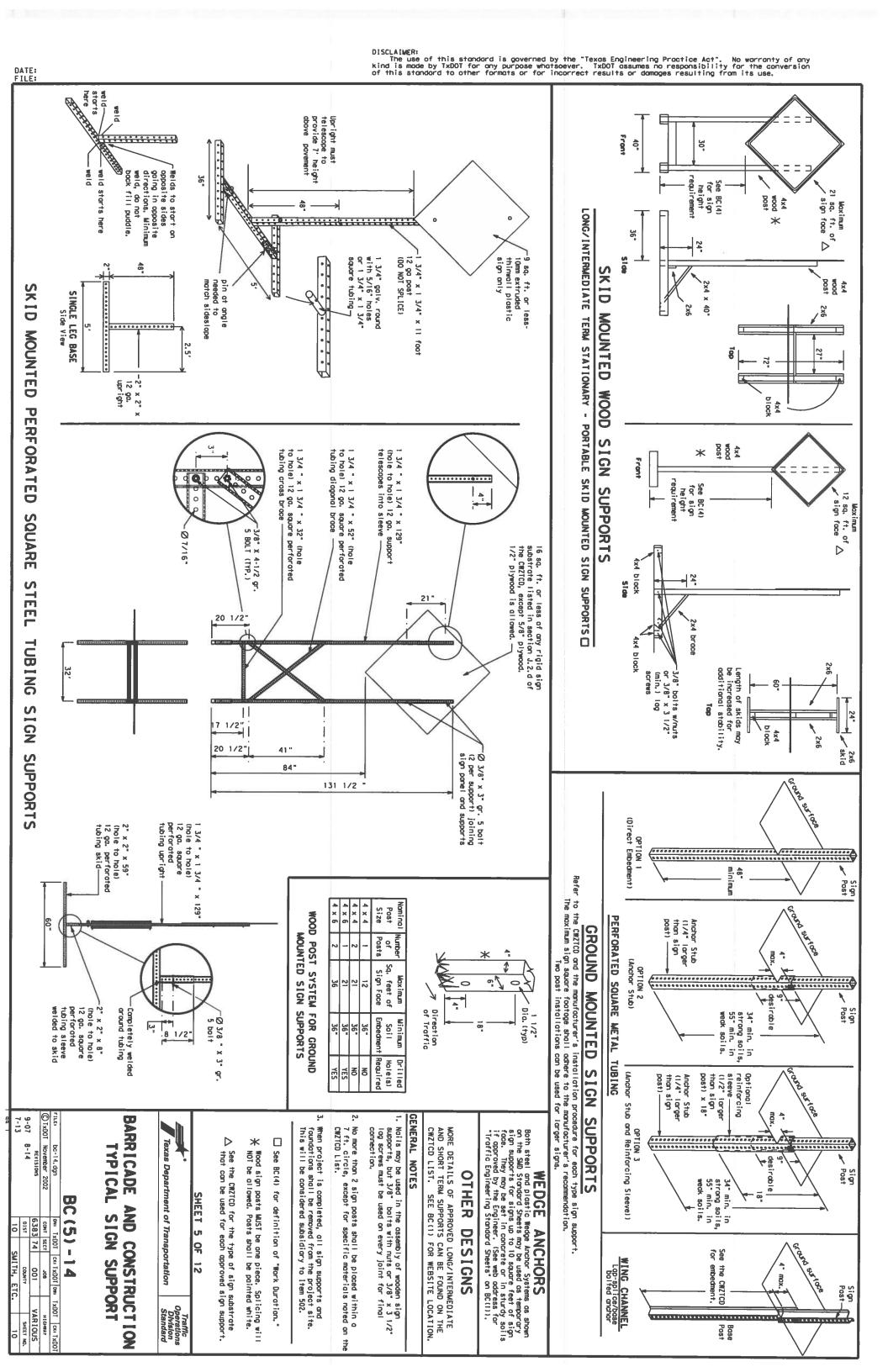
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) -14

8-14 bc-14, dgn 2002

©TxDOT November 20 9-07 7-13 CONT SECT 6383 74 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT JOB 1000 VARIOUS SHEET NO.



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- approve all messages used on partable
- ē. è 'n PORTABLE CHANGEABLE WESSAGE SIGNS Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," etc. The Engineer/Inspector shall app changeable message signs (PCMS). Use the word "EXII" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e.,
 "EXII CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
 Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM)
 along with the number when referring to a roadway.
 When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be
- a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.

 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start an Saturday marning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.

 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or far three seconds each.

 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.

 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.

 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.

 14. The following toble lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be observiated, unless should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 i.51 mile and the text should be resigned be from at least 400 feet and of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.

 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not olarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.
 - Ξ. 13.
 - 16. 17. 5

Rodoway designation * [H-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC RECOMMENDED **PHASES** AND

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

FORMATS

FOR PCMS

MESSAGES

DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

Phase ••• Condition Lists

RIGHT X	ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List
		(4)		p Clo
RIGHT X	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	sure List
MERGING	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	ROADWORK XXX FT	Other Condition List
_				ndi t
CONST	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT	ion List

MALL DRIVEWAY	CLOSED	VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	CENTER LANE CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	CLOSED X MILE
X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED	I-XX SOUTH	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	ROAD CLOSED
TRAFFIC SIGNAL	BUMP XXXX FT	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	DETOUR X MILE	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	XXX FT
LANES SHIFT	X WILES	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT	REPAIRS XXXX FT
*								

US XXX N

TRUCKS

STAY ON STAY ON

EXIT XXX

3SU

X EXITS DE TOUR NEXT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase I must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED

CLOSED

TUE

FRI

XXXX FT

OTHER ROUTES

JSU

IN LANE

REDUCE SPEED XXX FT

EXPECT DELAYS

FOR TRUCKS

WATCH

Phase Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel

MERGE RIGHT

J []							L		ke/Eff
WATCH FOR WORKERS	SHOULDER USE	PREPARE TO STOP	EXPECT	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	N XX-1 OL I XX-E SSC	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NSE AND EXIL	FORM X LINES RIGHT	ke/Effect on Travel List
			US XXX TO FM XXXX	XXXXXXX TO TO	PAST US XXX EXIT	NEXT X MILES	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	FM XXXX	Location List
	DRIVE WITH CARE	DRIVE SAFELY	CAUTION	RIGHT LANE EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	Warning List
TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM	NEXT TUE AUG XX	XX AM TO XX PM	NEXT FRI-SUN	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM	BEGINS MAY XX	BEGINS MONDAY	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM	** Advance Notice List

** See Application Guidelines Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
 The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
 "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Candition List".
 A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect
 an Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Natice
 Phase Lists".

- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
 If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
 For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
 Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
 EASI, WESI, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
 Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
 ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
 AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
 FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as popropriate.
 AT, BEFORE and PASI interchanged as needed.
 Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT. PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) 유

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
 When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not suffer, or replace that sign.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the
- same size arrow. shall not substitute

Texas Depar

ment of Transportation	
Traffic Operation Division Standard	

SHEET 6 OF 12

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE	<u>Ω</u> (₹ 9	CHANGEABLE	œ ä	m Ş	
	MESSAGE	SIGN	2	(PCMS)	K	5	
	ВС	6	-	BC (6) -14			
FILE	bc-14. dgn	OH: Tx	ĎΟ	DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DN: TXDOT CK: TXDO	180	TXDOT	CKI TXDO
@1×001	© TxD0T November 2002	CONT SECT	SECT	BOL	_	Ξ	HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	6383 74	74	001	L	VAF	VARIOUS
	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		10		SMITH, ETC.	TC.	L	11

SMITH, ETC.

he Engineer, it

Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

6

The worning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.

Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.

Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.

The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.

When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.

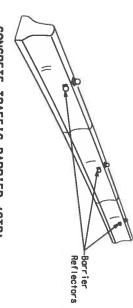
The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.

Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

Barrier Reflector on 16" tall plastic bracket

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CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attackment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.

4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted an each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in

10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
11. Single slape barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

Attachment

BARRIER

REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE

TRAFFIC

BARRIER

AND

ATTENUATORS

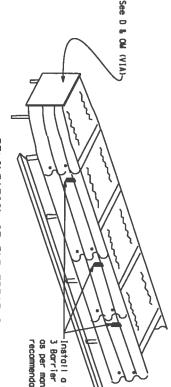
WARNING LIGHTS

the detail above.
When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.

Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.

Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.

Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

IN WORK ZONES CTB'S USED

Install a minimum of 3 Barrier Reflectors as per manufacturer's recommendations.

OW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet.
Attach the delineators as permanufacturer's recommendations.

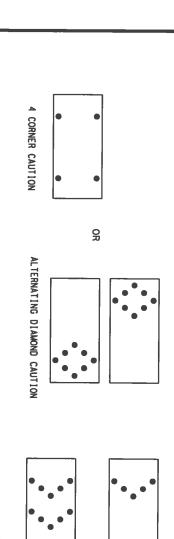
END TREATMENTS FOR

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

devices placed perpend Arrow Boards may be lo toper or merging taper located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder per, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing endicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

2

The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane raadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the fallowing symbols:



• DOUBLE ARROW • • • •

• LEFT & RIGHT • • • • •





LEFT & RIGHT

5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.

6. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.

7. The flashing frow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.

8. Minimum lamp "an time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential brase of the flashing chevron.

9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during day light operations.

11. The flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

12. A flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.

14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway ō.9 7. œ

SIZE EQUIRENENTS MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS VIS INIMUM IBILITY STANCE

Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices. ATTENTION

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE
THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE
RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE
ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

TYPE 48 × 96 30 × 60 5 Ę mi le ASHING 4 mile **ARROW BOARDS**

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.

₩ P. -

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

P. 7

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Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the IMUTCD.

Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricodes.

Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.

Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".

The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.

The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.

When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.

The location of warning lights and warning reflectors an drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

4

RUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

ب ۾

in the plans.

A TMA should be used anytime that it cand to 100 feet in advance of the area of without adversely affecting the work person of TMA should not be regared is spread down the roadway and the extended distance from the TMA. can be positioned a of crew exposure

A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
 The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a patentially hazardous area.

Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delinection and shall not be used in a series.

A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delinection. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, an lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.

Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.

Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.

The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

Level 3 TMAs.

Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of app
TMAs are required on freeways unless proved TMAs. otherwise noted

performance.
equired is when a work
he work crew is an

must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.

SHEET 7 OF 12 Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION Texas Department of Transportation

WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, BC (7) -14

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9-07 7-13 8-14 bc-14, dgn November 2 COMT SECT 6383 74 DIST 10 S SMITH, ETC. TXDOT CK: TXDOT VARIOUS

GENERAL NOTES

- for long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.

 For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections are-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.

 For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections.
- sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.

 Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Courtent version on the Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the Uniform Traffic Courtent version of the Uniform Traffi

CUrrent version of the "compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"

Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.

The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.

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2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.

3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.

4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of a maximum of 42 inches.

9 The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.

The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in

7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.

9. Drum bady shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.

10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and madel number.

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on druns shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials. Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use an and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no detaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

Unbaliasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.

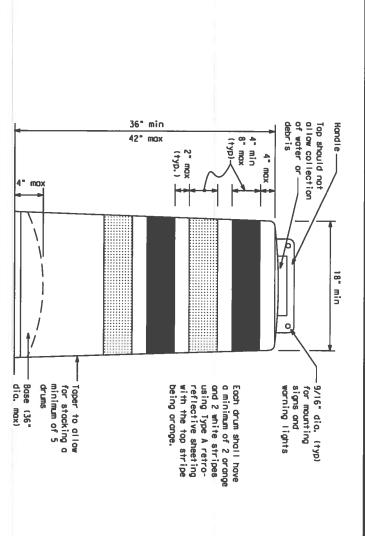
Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.

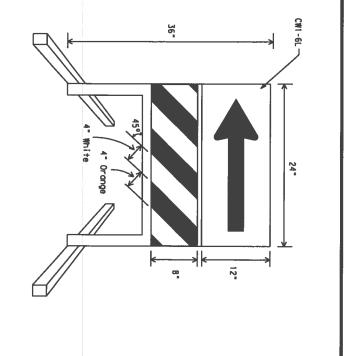
Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or

a solid rubber base. Recycled truck fire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWITCD list. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.

a hazard when struck by a vehicle. Ballast shall not be placed on top drum is struck by a vehicle.
When used in regions susceptible to freezing,
holes in the bottoms so that water will not co drums shall have drainage of and freeze becoming

Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

1. The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional guidance to drivers is necessary.

2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.

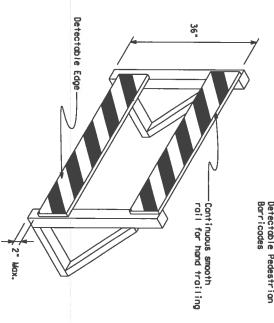
3. The Direction Indicator Barricade should consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CMI-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type Brior Type CFL Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4 white and arrange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types

y . shall be as per DMS 8300.

Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be

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Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List.
Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a lang cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.

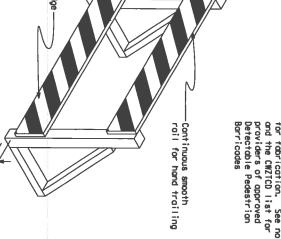
3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, same concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian

Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices a detectable, do not comply with the design standards "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guide for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not are not lines be used

barricades.

Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC (10) provided that the rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

This detail is not intended for fabrication. See note 3 and the CWZTCD list for providers of approved Detectable Pedestrian



DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

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rol for pedestrian movements ights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian



(Waximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D700, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer 18" x 24" Sign



Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

12" × 24"

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.

Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans,

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Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.

Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.

Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each

Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.

Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.

R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

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SHEET 8 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

BC (8) -14

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8" to 12"

2

1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

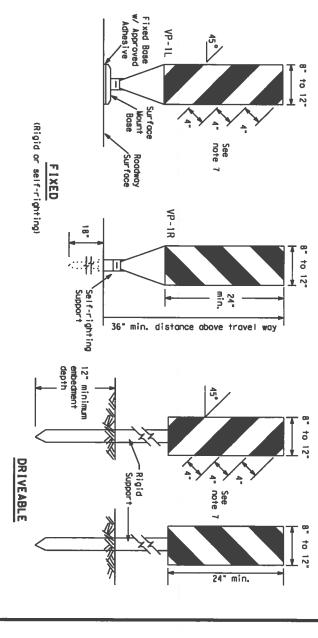
2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations.

They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.

3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.

4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high tened to accomplished.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.

GENERAL NOTES

12"

3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the for side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.

Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed
in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low
speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and
placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform
Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
 Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveoble, fixed or

The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must

To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.

be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.

3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Campliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).

4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper

device spacing and alignment.

Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The Portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper banding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's

The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonre-tive legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall tive legend. Sheeting for the Chiconforming to retroreflective Type Br or Type Ch conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



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VERTICAL PANELS (VPS)

(Rigid or self-righting)

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speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retrareflective area facing traffic.
Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"

unless noted otherwise.
Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A by to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300,

PORTABLE

back to back Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the povement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.

CW6-4

Pane Is mounted

- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42° cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.

5.

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Partable,
Fixed or
Driveable Base
may be used,
or may be

on drums,

٠ The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water baliasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application. Water baliasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings. Water baliasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.

 Water baliasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.

 When water baliasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be afterwated as per manufacturer recommendations or flored to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water bal systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

lasted top

LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIER HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS

LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.

 LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the used only when shown on the CMZTCD list.

 LCDs shall not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers. value and can be

device, and

- LCDs shall be supplemented with retrareflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.

 LCDs used as barricodes placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

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40 35 L= WS2 L=WS Formula 150° 205° 650° Minimum
Desirable
Taper Lengths
** 550′ 780' Suggested Maximum Spacing of Spacing of Channelizing On a Tangent 130

90	000 000 300 00	
** Toper	** Taper lengths have been rounded off.	
.=Length of 1	_=Length of Taper (FT.)	
5-Posted Speed (MPH)	ed (MPH)	

MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNEL IZING DEVICES AND

SHEET 9 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation	
sportation	
Traffic Operations Division Standard	

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

BC (9) -14

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1-13		10		SMITH, ETC.	TC.	_	14

RAFFIC CONTROL

FOR

MATERIAL

STOCKPILES

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

(ior

100

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may be amitted.
Plastic construction fencing

capability is provided, drums Where positive redirectional

may be used with drums for

? Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.

Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.

Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detauring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade.

9

Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.

4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the left. For the height of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.

5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be it.

6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.

7. Warning lights shall NOI be installed on barricades.

8. Where borricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a maximum of so lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.

9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

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Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

TYPE

3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

5

Width of Reflective Sheeting 7 inches.

nominal +

TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

S S TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL

SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

Win. 2 drums

Approx.

Drums, vertical panels or 42" cones of 50' maximum spacing

STOCKPILE

Type

On one-way roads downstream drums or barricade may be

Desirable stockpile location is outside clear zone.

Channelizing devices parallel to traffic should be used when stockpile is within 30' from travel lane.

omitted here

Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade. Flat rail 4' min., 8' max. 20" 20" 48 thon

PH 6 3. 5. wo-Piece cones |-||-| 3333 a. D. a. white orange white orange CONES One-Piece cones Par min. o. 2" min. min. 78°

2" max. -

3" min.

min.

2" to 6"

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

Alternate

Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and

역 등 lin. 2 drums or 1 Type 3 barricade

meet the height and weight requirements shown above.

2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.

3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8° above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.

4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and arange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.

5. 28° cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.

6. 42° two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone

durations.

tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size

Ļ. 5 This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.

This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (apposing or otherwise) or worn of objects

fubular Marker

This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300,

SHEET 10 OF 12 -

The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

© Tx00T November 9-07 7-13 8-14 CHANNEL IZING DEVICES bc-14, dgn 2002 BC (10) -14 CONT SECT 6383 74 DIST TxDOT CK: TxDOT DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT SMITH, ETC. 1000

2. Advance signing shall be as specified elsewhere in the plans. Signs should be mounted on independent supports at a 7 foot mounting height in center of roadway. The signs should be a minimum of 10 feet behind Type 3 Barricades. Each roadway of a divided highway shall be barricaded in the same manner. Barricade striping should slant downward in the direction of detour. reflective white stripes on one side facing one-way traffic and both sides The three rails on Type 3 barricades shall be reflectorized orange and for two-way traffic. PERSPECTIVE VIEW W4-10L R11-2 ROAD CLOSED œ ó mox. 30 feet length Type 3 Barricades PLAN VIEW Е 目

These drums are not required on one-way roadway

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Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

the culvert widening.

may be omitted if drums are used.

PERSPECTIVE VIEW

Typical Plastic Drum

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may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet. When the shoulder width is greater

safety as required in the plans. Vertical Panels on flexible support

A minimum of two drums shall

be used ocross the work orea.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS 1_10' max PLAN VIEW

Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the cram width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) **3**

Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector

Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector

Plastic drum

LEGEND

THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER WARCH 2014,

CHANNEL I ZER EDGEL INE

DATE: FILE:

GENERAL

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ZONE PAVEWENT WARKINGS

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMJTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC (12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- of DMS-8241. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT WARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

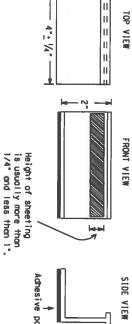
REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no langer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 'n Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating partions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Engineer. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by

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- Removol of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT WARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roodway Warker



PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS

> DMS-6130 DMS-6100 DMS-4300 DMS-4200

DMS-8240

EPOXY AND ADHESIVES

TRAFFIC BUTTONS

PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

Adhesive pod TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

> DMS-8242 DMS-8241

A list of prequalified reflective raised povement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE SECURE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed an this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roddwdy.
- A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
- B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals an an asphaltic powement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work, See

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RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

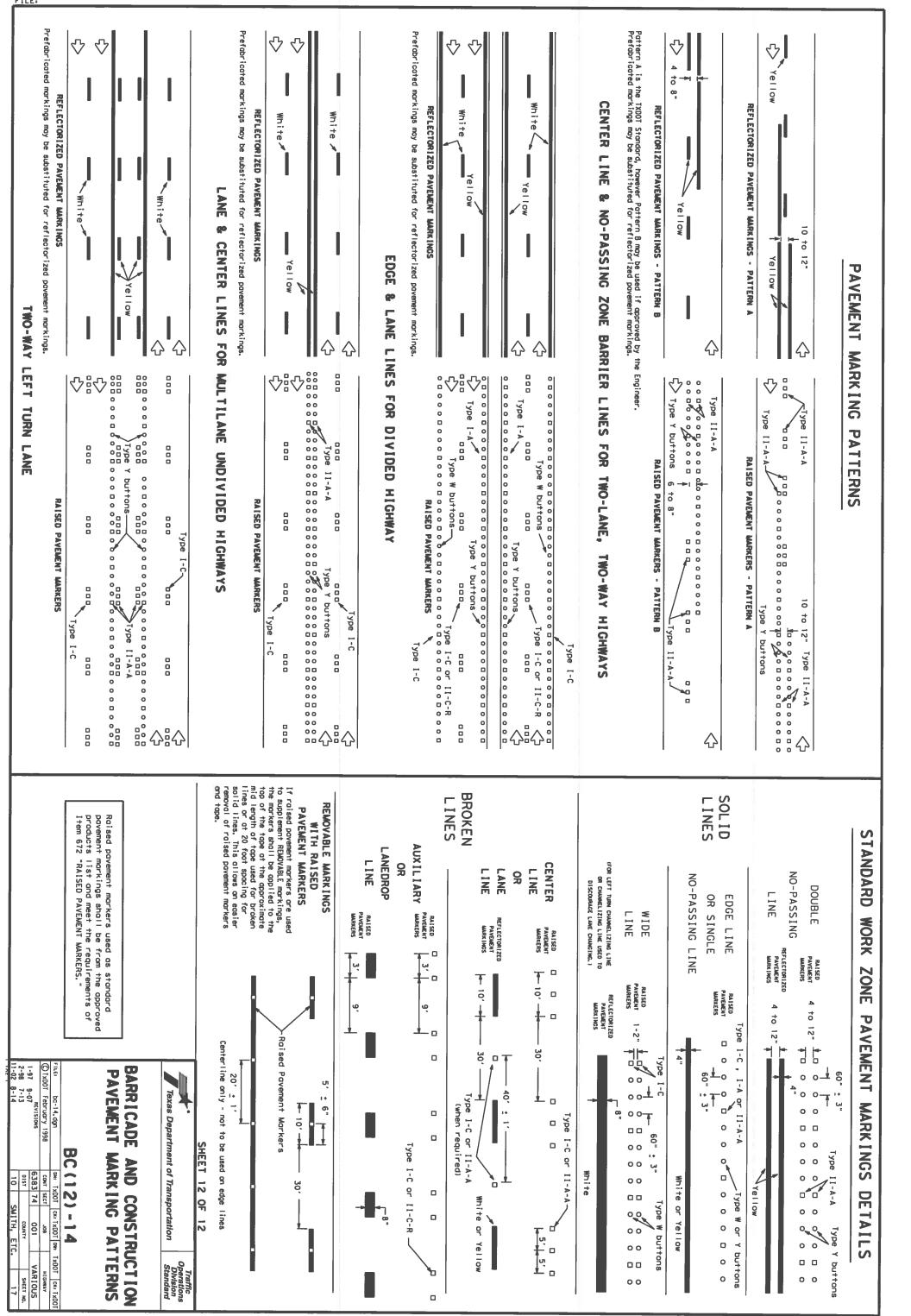
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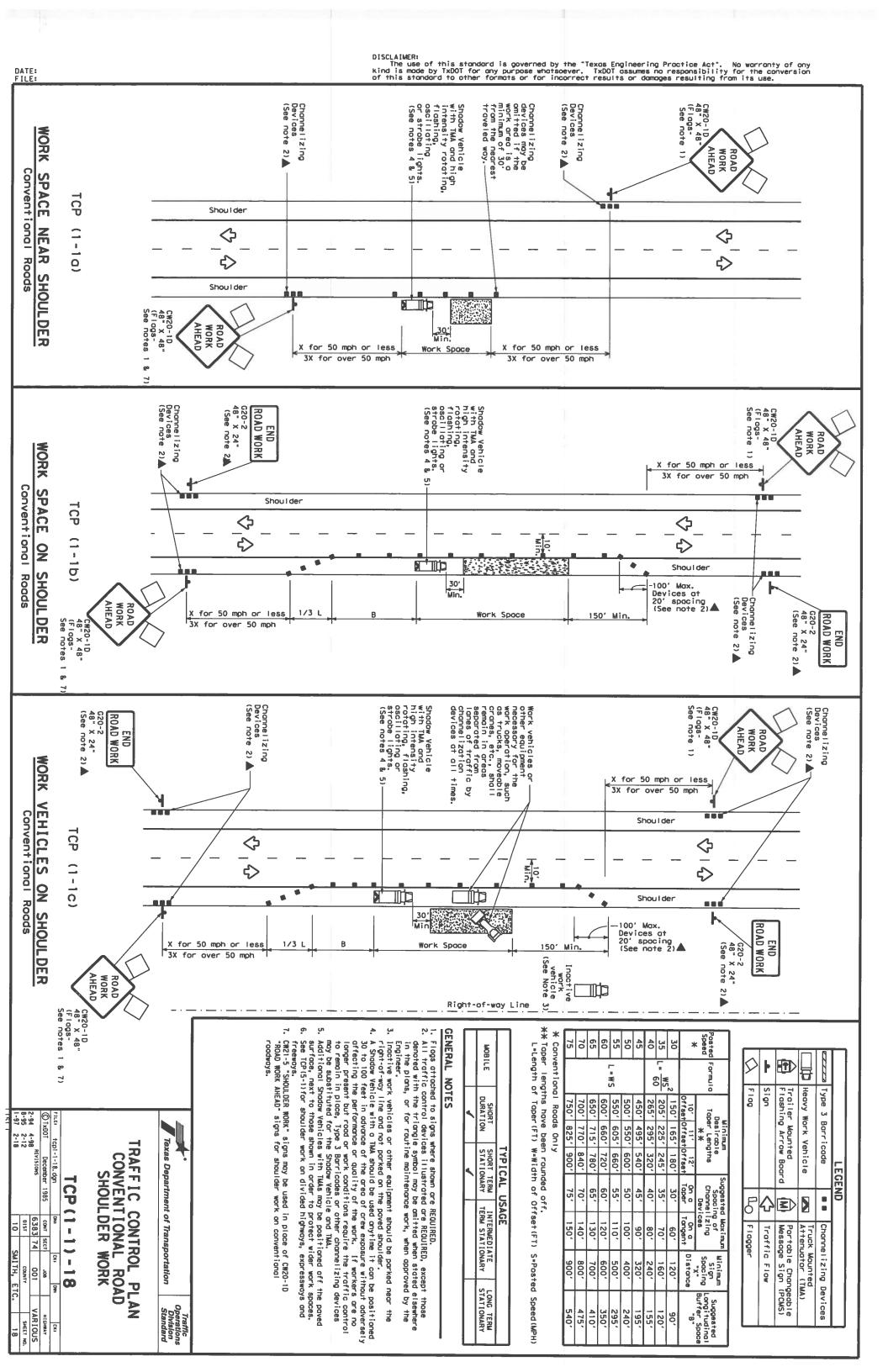
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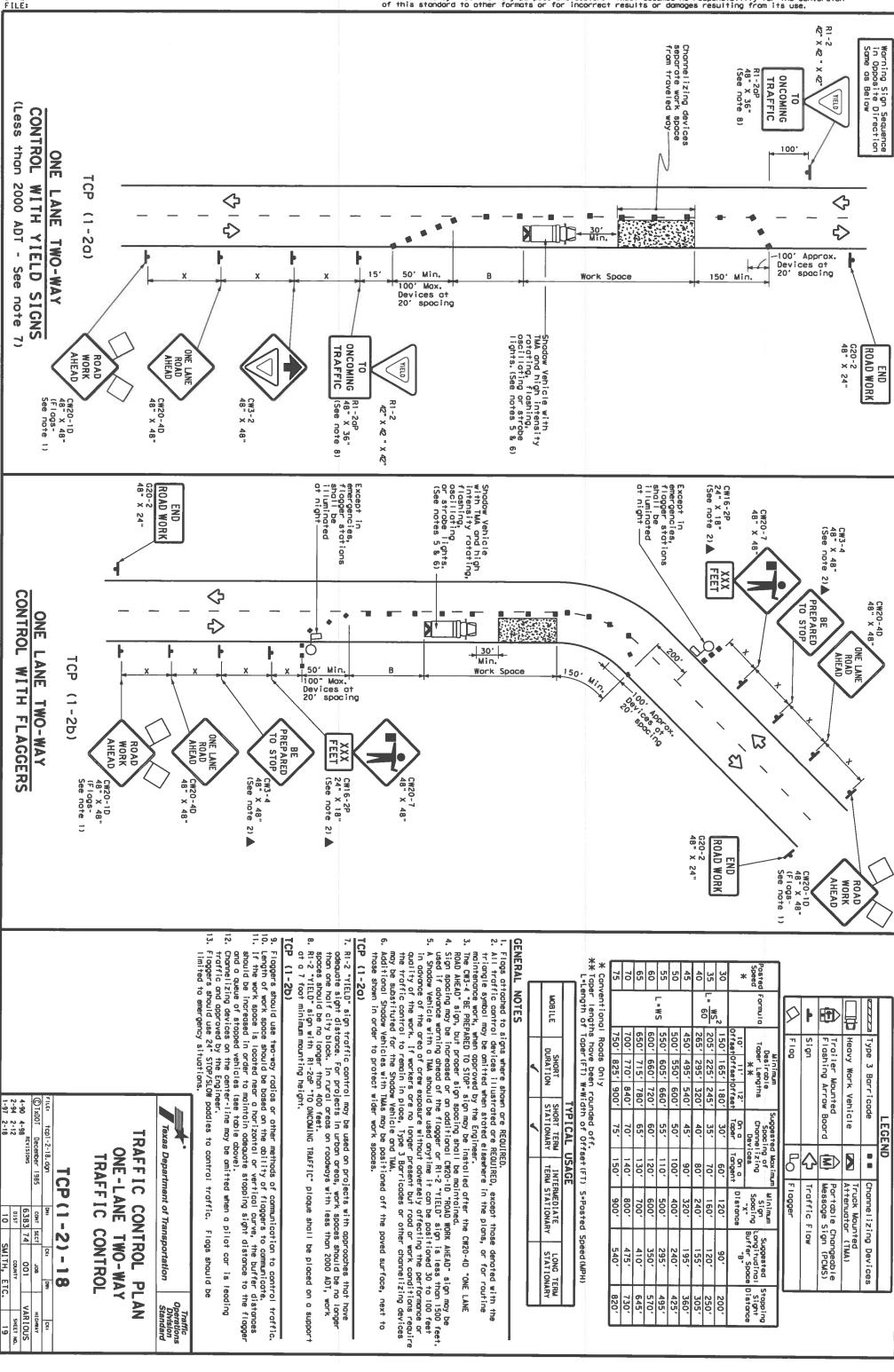
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Traffic Operations Division Standard



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	LEGEND		
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
8	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
ŀ	Sign	分	Traffic Flow
\triangleright	Flag	C C	LO Flagger

	Conventional Roads Only Taper lengths have been rounded off, L=Length of Taper(FT)=W=Width of Offset(FT)=S=Posted Speed(MPH)	S*Posted	set (FT)	* Conventional Roads Only ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Off	y W-Widt	ds On I	hs hav	* Canventional Roads Only (* Taper lengths have been L=Length of Taper(FT) *	* Conv
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730'	475'	900′	140′	70'	840′	770'	700′		70
645′	410'	700'	130′	65′	780′	715'	650′		65
570′	350'	600'	120′	60′	720′	660′	600'	:	60
495′	295′	500′	110'	55'	660′	605′	550′	₩S	55
425′	240'	400'	100′	50'	600′	550′	500'		50
360'	195′	320'	90′	45′	540′	495′	450'		45
305′	155′	240'	80′	40′	320′	295′	265′	6	40
250′	120'	160′	70′	35′	245′	225′	205'	- NO	35
200′	90'	120′	60′	30′	180′	165′	150'	2	30
	8	Distance	On a Tangent	On a Taper	10' 11' 12' OffsetOffsetOffset	Offset	offset		al .
Stopping Sight Distance	Suggested Stopping Longitudinal Sight Buffer Space Distance	Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices	Spacing of Channelizing Devices	le gths	Desirable Taper Lengths	Tap	Posted Formula Speed	Posted Speed

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1	SHORT DURATION	
\	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	TYPICAL USAGE
	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	SAGE
	LONG TERM STATIONARY	

- RI-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.

 RI-2 "YIELD" sign with RI-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above). Channelizing devices on the center-line may be amitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
 Flaggers should use 24 SIOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be
- emergency situations.

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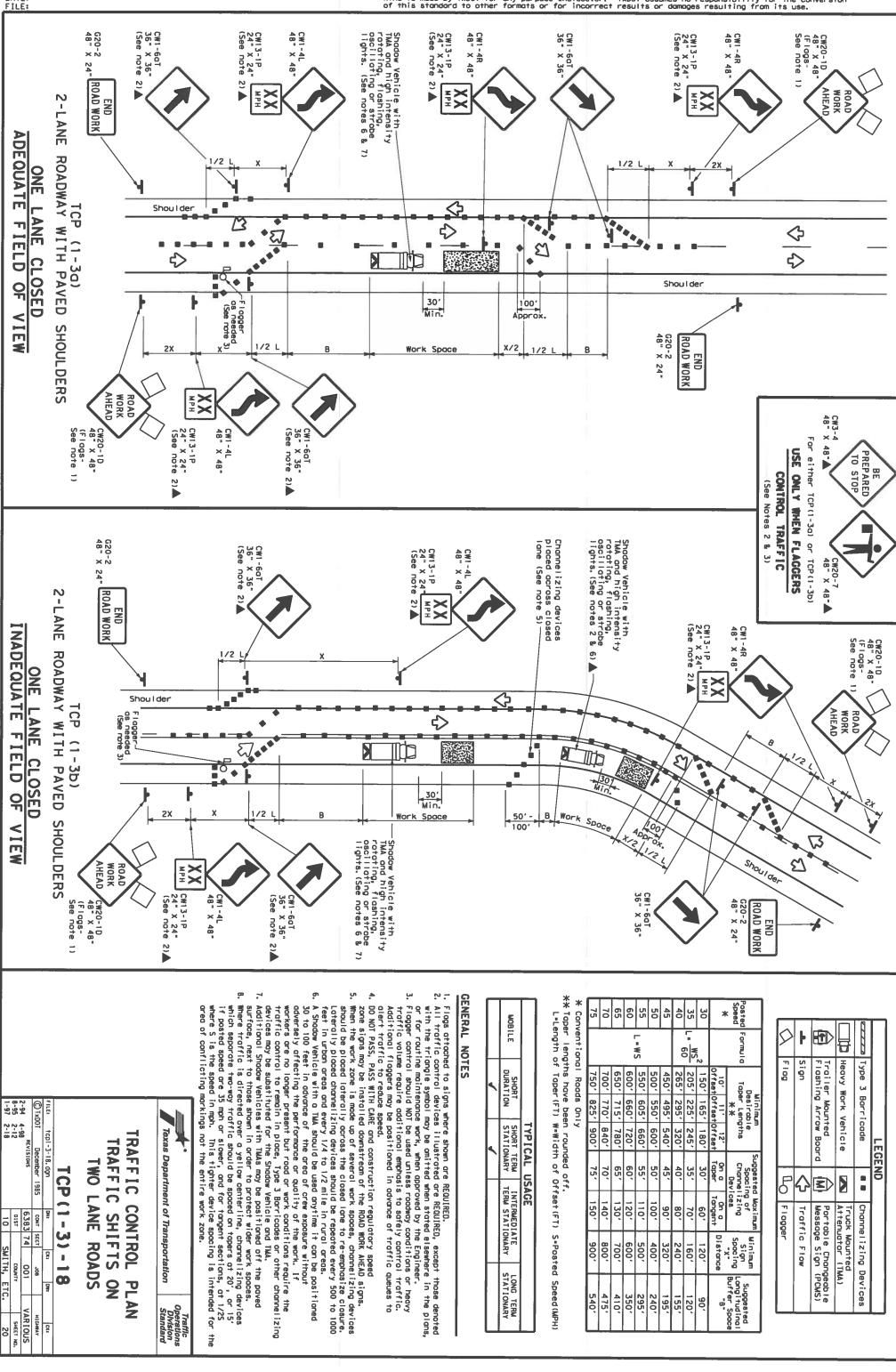
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Type 3	Heavy 1	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow	Sign	Flag	2		Offset	150'	- 205'	265′	450'	500,	550,	600,	650,	
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code	Vehicle	ted ow Boa				le gths	12' Offset	180′	245′	320′	540′	600,	660′	720'	780′	
			_	- 0		Spor Spor Chanr D	On a Taper	30′	35′	40'	45′	50′	55,	60,	65'	1
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Channe	Truck A++en	Portal Messa	Troff	Flogg	П	ox mum	ngent	60'	70′	80′	90′	00'	10′	20'	30'	
Channelizing Devices		ole Chang ge Sign	ic Flow	2		Minimum Sign Spacing	Distance	120′	160′	240′	320'	400′	500′	600′	700′	
evices	Ā)	geable (PCMS)				Suggester Longitudin Buffer Spo	.8-	90′	120′	155′	195′	240'	295′	350′	410′	
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Board M Portable Ct	Traffic Flow	LO Flogger		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices	On a On a Distance	30' 60' 120'	35' 70' 160'	40' 80' 240'	45' 90' 320'	50' 100' 400'	55' 110' 500'	60' 120' 600'	65' 130' 700'	840' 70' 140' 800' 475'

SHORT TERM STATIONARY

INTERMEDIATE
TERM STATIONARY

LONG TERM STATIONARY

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TRAFFIC CONTROL

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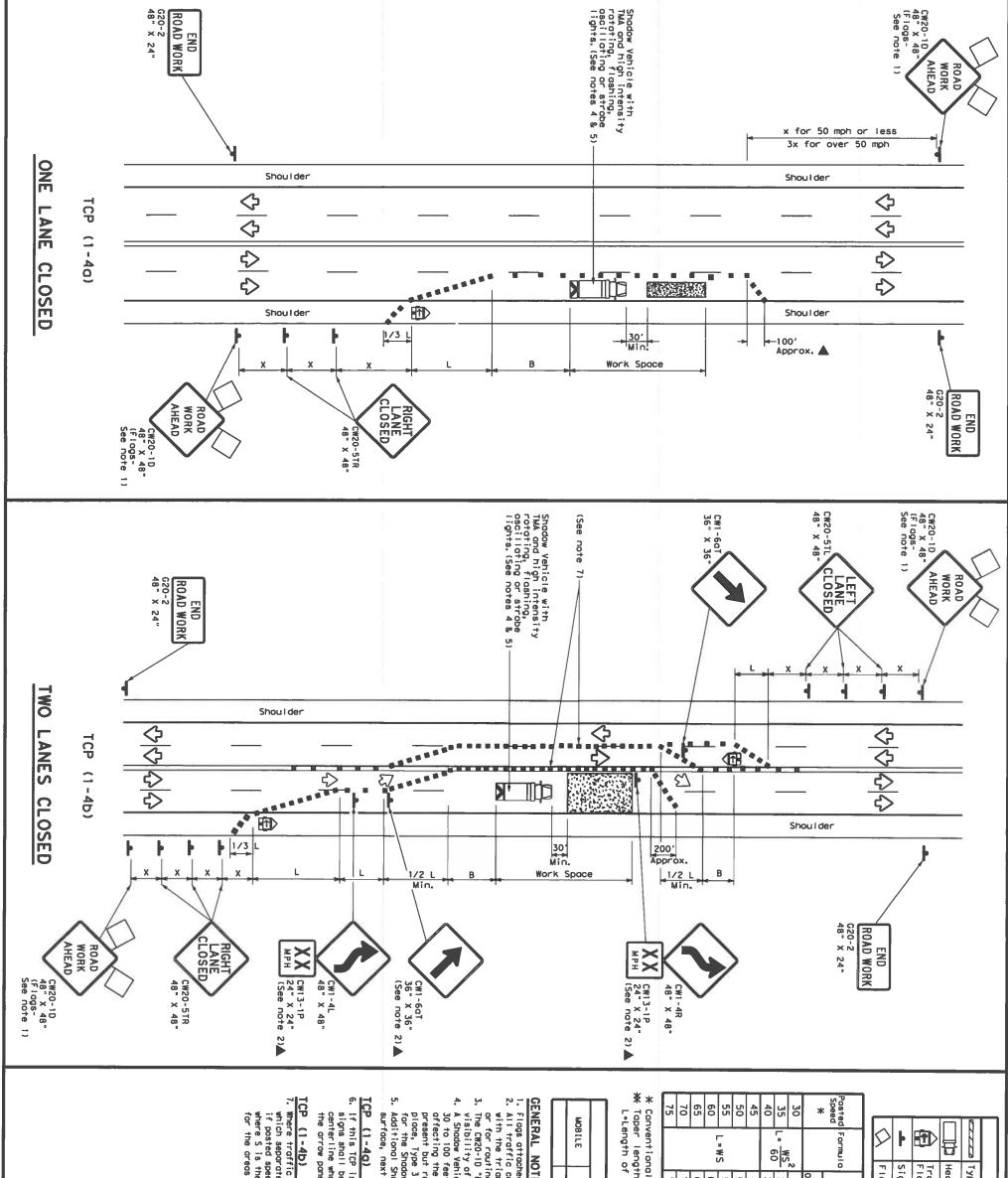
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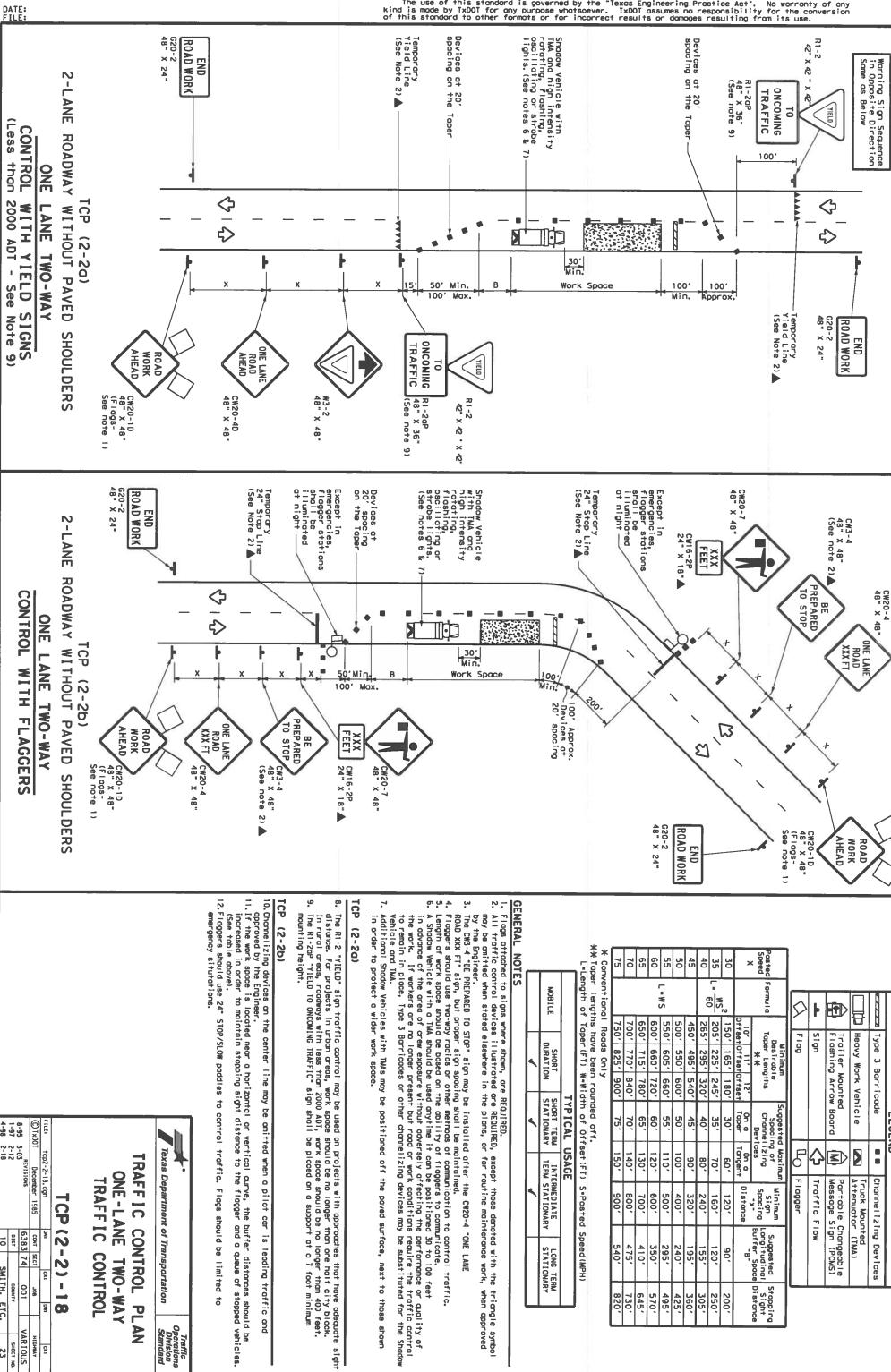
LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

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TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN



Traffic Operations Division Standard	Transportation	9	Department	Dep	Texas			
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540	900′	150'	75	Ę	900,	825,	750'	
475'	800'	140'	70'		840'	770'	700′	
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295'	500	10,	55'	. 5	660,	605	550	L=WS
240'	400′	100'	50'	Un	600'	550'	500,	
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120'	160′	70'	35'	П	245′	225'	1	L 60 85
90,	120′	60,	_		180′	165	2 150'	
	Č	On a Tangent	Toper o		12' Offset	Offset	10'	
Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Spacing	Spacing of Channelizing Devices	Spacing Channeli Devi	9.,	engths	Taper Length		Formula
	K io	Maximum	ested	Sugg		Minimum	,	
	er	Flagger	5				Flog	
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PCMS)	ble Changeable ge Sign (PCMS)	Portable Message	\$	or d	ted ow Boar	Mounted g Arrow	Traiter N	
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		Type 3 B	Barricade	lde L		Channeliz	Channelizing Devices
	<u>₩</u>	Heavy Work	rk Veb	Vehicle	2	Truck Mounted Attenuator (T	nted r (TMA)
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow		Mounted Arrow Board	N)	Portable Message S	Sign (PCMS)
ŀ	Si	Sign			仑	Traffic F	Flow
\Diamond	F	Flag			P	Flogger	
ed Formula	T _Q	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **	oths	Suggested Maxi Spacing of Channelizing Devices	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices	Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
	10' Offse	10' 11' 12' OffsetOffsetOffset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On o Tangent	Distance	8.
2	150	165'	180′	30'	60′	120′	90′
L #2	205′	225'	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
-	265′	295′	320′	40'	80,	240′	155′
	450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
	500′	550′	600′	50'	100,	400′	240'
- WS	550′	605′	660′	55'	110′	500′	295′
:	600′	660′	720'	60'	120'	600′	350′
	650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
	700′	770'	840′	70'	140'	800,	475′
	750′	_	825' 900'	75'	150′	900′	540′

-	SHORT DURATION	
-	T SHORT TERM	TYPICAL USAGE
-	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	USAGE
	LONG TERM STATIONARY	

8. The RI-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.

9. The RI-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOWING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum

10. Chamnelizing devices on the center line may be amitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.

11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).

12. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

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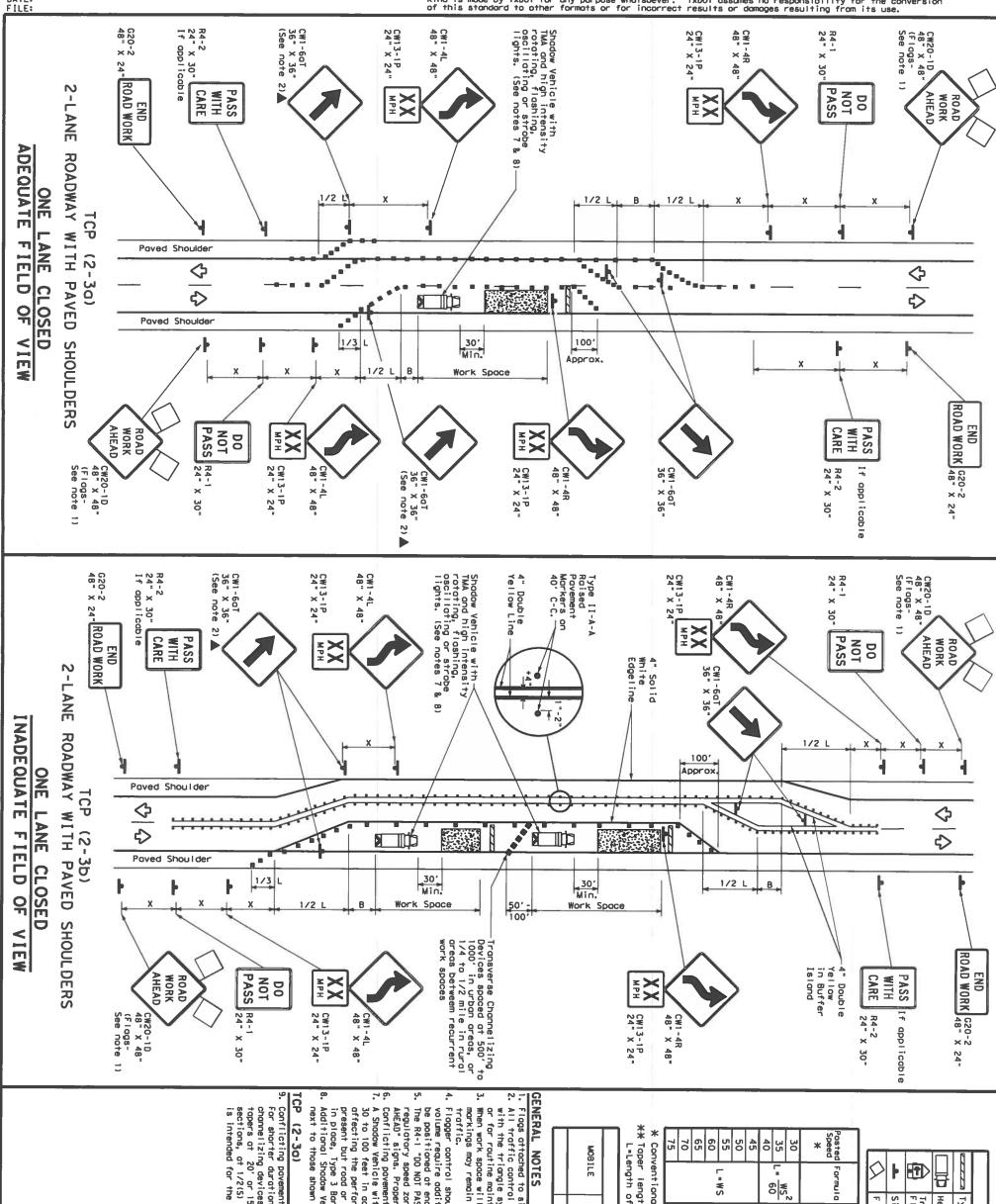
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL TCP (2-2) -18

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750′	700'	650'	600'	550'	500′	450'	265'	205′	150'	10' Offset	Des Taper	Flog	Sign	Trailer I	Heavy W	Type 3	
825'	770′	715′	660′	605′	550′	495'	295′	225′	165′	10' 11' 12' OffsetOffsetOffset	Minimum Desiroble per Lengths **			Mounted g Arrow	Work Ve	Barricade	
900′	840′	780'	720'	660,	600,	540,	320'	245′	180′	12' Offset	o the			ed W Board	Vehicle	ade	רה
75′	70'	65,	60'	55,	50,	45'	40'	35′	30'	On a Taper	Suggeste Spaci Channe Dev	ᆛ	<u></u>	-d		•	LEGEND
150′	140'	130'	120′	110,	100′	90,	80'	70'	60'	On a Tangent	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices) Flagger	Traffic	• Raised Markers		Channe	
900′	800'	700′	600′	500′	400′	320′	240'	160′	120'	Distance	Winimum Sign Spacing	er	ic Flow	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Channelizing D	
540'	475'	410'	350'	295′	240'	195′	155′	120'	90'	8:	Suggested Longitudina Buffer Spac			AA	(A)	Devices	

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

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		DURATION	SHORT	
		STATIONARY	SHORT TERM	TYPICAL USAGE
•		TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE	SAGE
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Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be anitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or far routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate except.

Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should

be positioned at end of traffic queue.

5. The R4-1 "DO NOI PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.

6. Conflicting povement marking shall be removed for long term projects.

7. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no langer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.

8. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

Conflicting povement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20° or 15° if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(5) where 5 is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

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	TRAFFIC SH TWO-LANE			SHIFTS ON NE ROADS	S S	Z
	TCP	(2-3)	Ü	1	00	
	FILE: †cp(2-3)-18.dgn	SNO		CKI	Des	CKI
	©TxDOI December 1985	CONT	SECT	BOL		н [СНВАУ
		6383 74	74	001	L	VARIOUS
	1-97 2-12	0151		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
L		10		SMITH, ETC.	ETC.	24
	11641					

700′

840' 780' 720′ 660,

140, 130, 120' 10, 9

(5)

540′ 475'

SHORT TERM STATIONARY

INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY

LONG TERM STATIONARY

YPICAL USAGE

660, 605 550, 495,

60,

65,

700′ 900,

500, 400, 160′ 240′ 320′

120° 155° 195° 240° 295° 350°

,009

50,

Desirable Taper Lengths

Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices

Minimum Sign Spacing Distance

Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space

5

Flagger Traffic Flow Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)

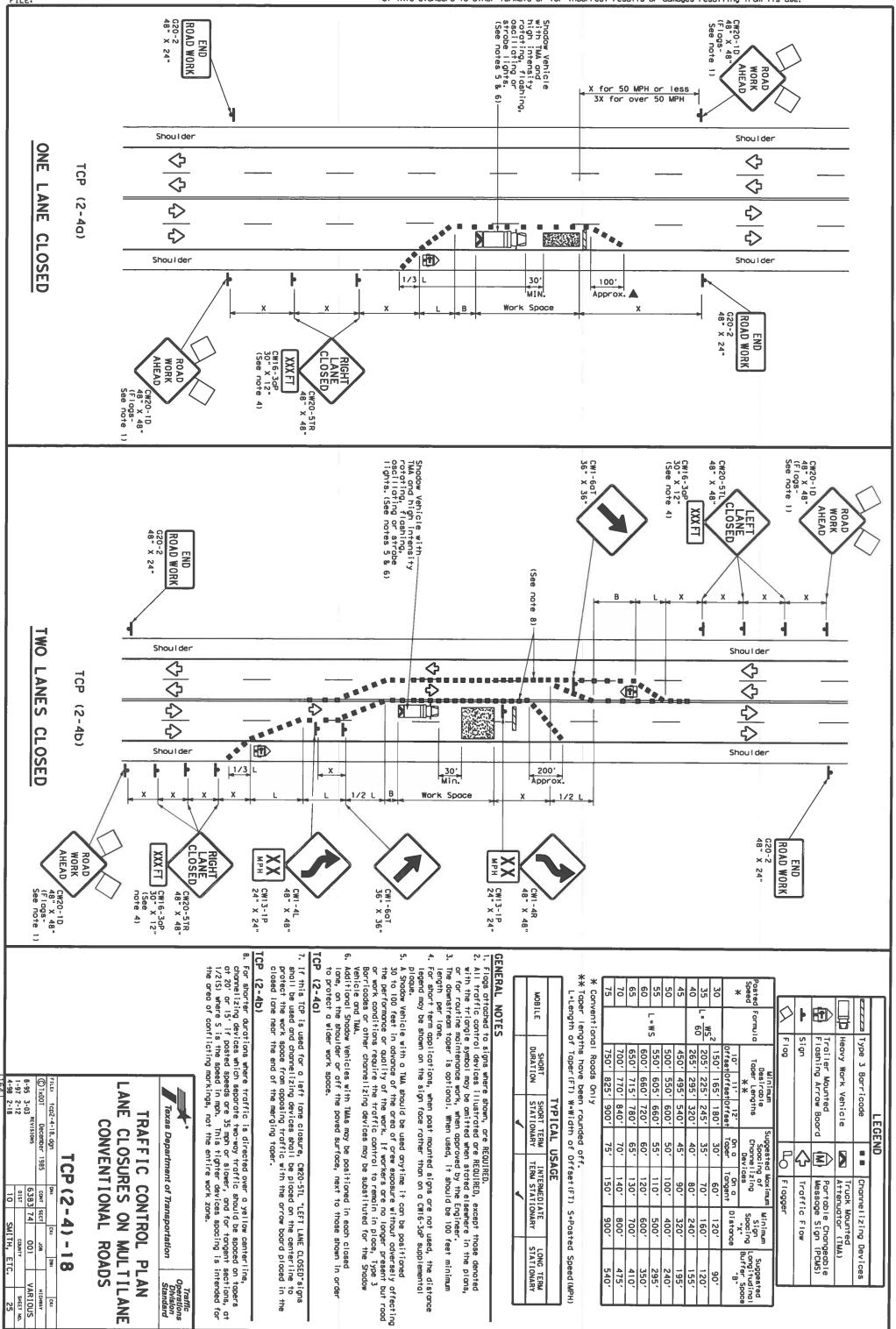
Truck Mounted
Attenuator (TMA) Channelizing Devices

30° 35°

On a Tangent

EGEND

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	g markings, not the entire work zone.
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Dep	†he
artmen	entire
t of 1	work
rans	zone
Texas Department of Transportation	
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Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS TCP (2-4) -18

B-95 3-03 REVISIONS
1-97 2-12
4-99 2-18

CONT SECT 6383 74 0157 5N

VARIOUS
SHEET NO.
25

CK

SMITH, ETC. 100 aor TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS

TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE

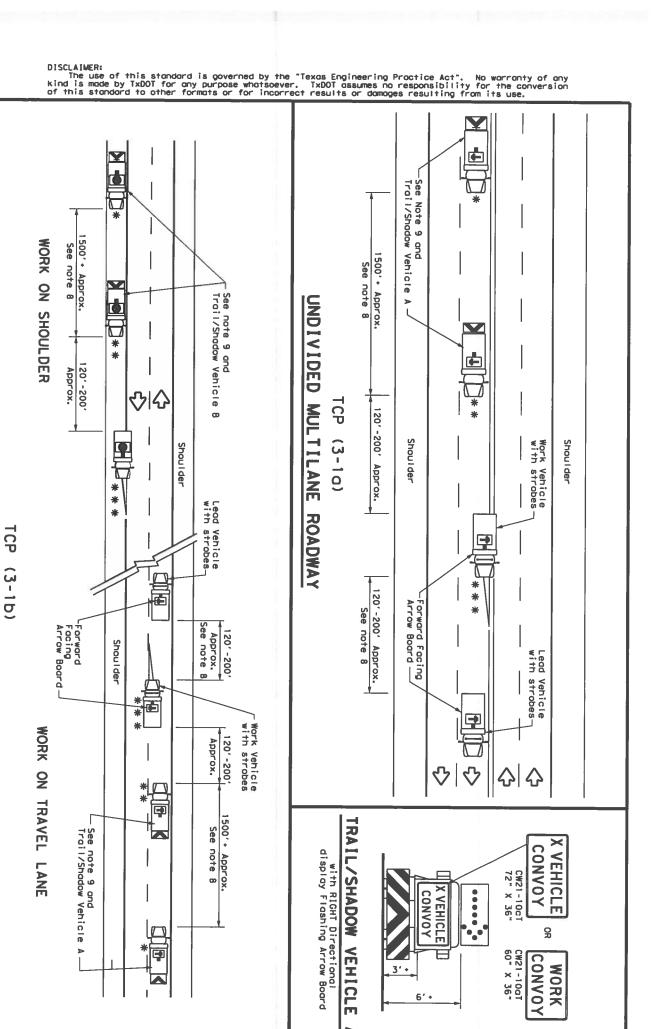
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

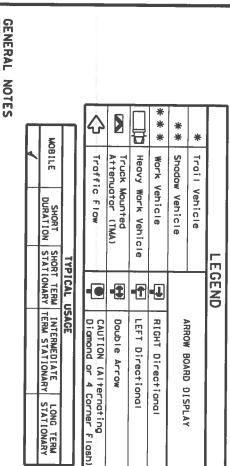
STRIPING F

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2-94 8-95 1-97





- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting color requirements on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall l Construction (BC) standards. ds shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and tandards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

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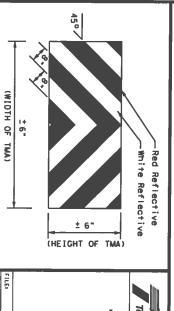
- When work convoys m shadow the other co nvoy vehicles. ust change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to
- œ Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE is used.

٥

On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work canvoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

WORK

<u>.</u>



3'+

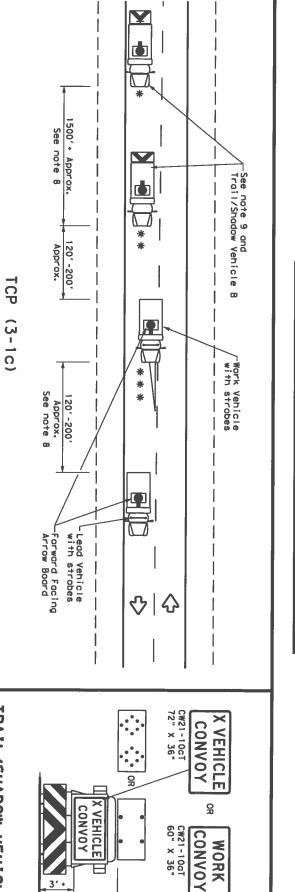


Traffic Operations Division Standard

DIVIDED	BILE	FFIC
ED HIGHWAYS	OPERATIONS	CONTROL PLAN

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TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS

See Detail D

Trail Vehicle required
See Detail E

See Detail F

An additional Shadow Vehicle with TMA and Arrow Board in Caution Mode is required at this location if workers are on foot in the work space

œ

Note 1

Shoul der

CW20-5eTR 72" x 36"-

2 RIGHT LANES
-CLOSED

CW20-5eTR 72" X 36"

2 RIGHT LANES CLOSED

CW21-10gT

CONVO WORK ADVANCE WARNING

REQUIRED TRAIL

F SHADOW VEHICLE **

VEHICLE *

3' •

VEHICLE

INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP (3-2b)

Shoul der

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500' + Approx.

Approx.

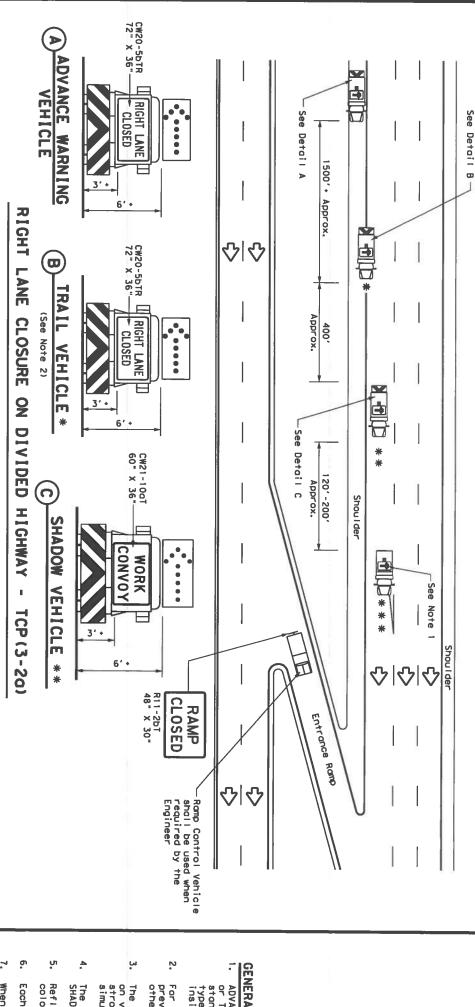
120' -200' Approx.

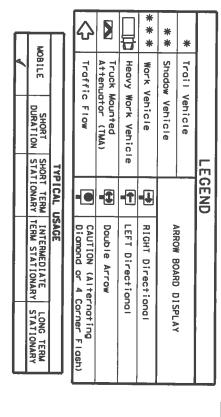
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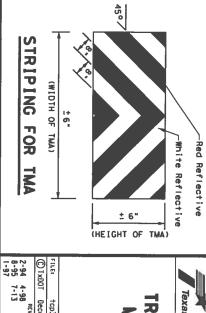
GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of omber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the IRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" \times 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- The principles on thi roadway considering to frequency. is sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp

12.

13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes. Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes





TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS	Texas Department of Transportation
N	Traffic Operations Division Standard

MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS	1 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	58	OPERATIONS O HIGHWAYS	SS	2
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	1510		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
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LEVELS DISPLAYED 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10111213141516 1920212223242526272829303132 3536373839404142434445464748

DISCLAIMER se of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practic warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. Umes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to mats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. No w Practice TxDOT other assumes no formats or

See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support. *Letter dimensions and spacing for "CW21-SPECIAL" is the same as C20-ID> ROLL-UP SIGNS CONFORMING TO DMS-8310 AND THE CWZTCD ALLOWED opproved substrate \triangleright CW21-9 Flags as required by Engineer or as shown on plans MOWERS \triangleright AHEAD 48" X 48" CROSSING HIGHWAY ROAD WORK AHEAD 30 "CW21-SPECIAL 12" min. 24" mox. PICKUP AHEAD 75" (max.) 48" X 48" SIGN PLACED AT CROSSING HIGHWAYS AS DIRECTED \triangleright EXAMPLES SHORT TERM DURATION, DAYTIME USE ONLY PORTABLE SIGN SUPPORTS front The upright SHALL be made of hollow-profile plastic lumber (HPPL). Wood or metal shall NOT be used. CW20-18 WORKERS AHEAD ₹ 7 3/8" bolt 48" X 48" 1 Foot Mounting Height (through) 유 Side SIGN HPPL Û Û SUPPORTS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAY OR FRONTAGE 2x6 wood skid 8

AHEAD ROAD 46" X 48" LITTER PICKUP AHEAD, ROAD WORK AHEAD AND WORKER AHEAD SIGNS ARE USED AS DIRECTED FOR OTHER WAINTENANCE OPERATIONS WHEN ALL WORK OCCURS OFF OF THE PAVED HIGHWAY SURFACE. SIGN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND HIGHWAYS MOWERS AHEAD SIGNS ARE USED FOR MOWING OPERATIONS.

manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports. Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or

4x4 wood or HPPL blocks

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straiq Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.

int and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.

Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.

Noils shall NOT be used to affach signs to any support.

Noils shall NOT be used to affach signs to any support.

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMAJICD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TXDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. The additional signs the Contractor Stall have a substitute.

Nails will NOT be allowed.

The Confractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so that the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.

The Contractor is responsible for sign installations and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or campany logos used for identification shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

Durotion of Nork (as defined by the "Texas Norwal on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part VI)

The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support and substrate meets crashworthiness. For mowing operation all signs and supportS are Short-term Duration for daytime work.

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on this sheet or as directed by the Engineer.

SION SUBSTRATES

centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of REFLECTIVE SMEETING

1. Reflectorized signs shall be constructed of sheetin The Contractor shall ensure that the sign substrate is allowed for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.

Wesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate.

All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" and spaced at 6". Spli cing the sign faces.

Reflectorized signs shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 or DMS-8310.

The DMS specifications can be accessed from the following web address:

http://manuals.dot.state.tx.us:80/dynaweb/colmates/@Generic_CollectionView;cs-default;ts-default

White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type C (High Specific Intensity), shall be used for signs with white background

and channelizing devices.

Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of the clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway
 All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway
 All sign letters and numbers shall be of Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of Administration of the A

REMOVING OR COVERING

1. Signs should be removed or completely covered when not mowing.

2. Duct tape ar other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.

3. Signs and supports shall be removed by the end of the day.

The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from

Sp

ROA 6

SIGN SUPPORT MEIGHTS

1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbogs with dry cohesionless sand is recommended.

Rock, concrete, iran, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.

Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact.

Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used for sandbags.

Rubber ballasts (such as those used with comes or edgeline channelizers) shall NOT be used as sign support weights.

Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground sevel or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS Any sign, sign support or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction replaced or repaired as soon as passible by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

construction equipment shall be

DNIDED HIGHWAY

WORK

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97954

AREA

) Fadi)

abtained by contactings Only pre-qualified products shall be used, A capy "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" ((describes pre-qualified products and their sources a and may be Of the

raffic Operations Division - TE mas Department of Transportation

instructions to locate the "CRZTCD" on TxDOT wabsite 9

Start at mebaite - mea.
Click on "About Fa001",
Click on "Organizationa
Click on Traffic Operat
Click on "Campilant Nor Traffic Operations Box,
"Compliant Nork Zone Traffic Control Devices", "Organizational Chart", we. dot. state. tx. us

> Texas Department of Transportation Maintenance Division

Standard Plans

ROADSIDE PLAN

©TXDOT FEBRUARY 2005 DISTRICT OH LJB RS-TCP-05 WC003 Gr. JG 6383-74-001 ä NOT TO SCALE MEG NO. 1

SHEET 1 OF 1 RSTCPO5. DGN TRAFFIC CONTROL

REVISED: FEBRUARY 2, 2005 Sign ploopment in ICP SMITH, ETC. 74

Standards Engineer

125 East 11th Street Justin, Texas 78701-2483 Frome (512) 416-3120 ox (512) 416-3299

0.28 MILES (1500 Feet)

WORK AREA

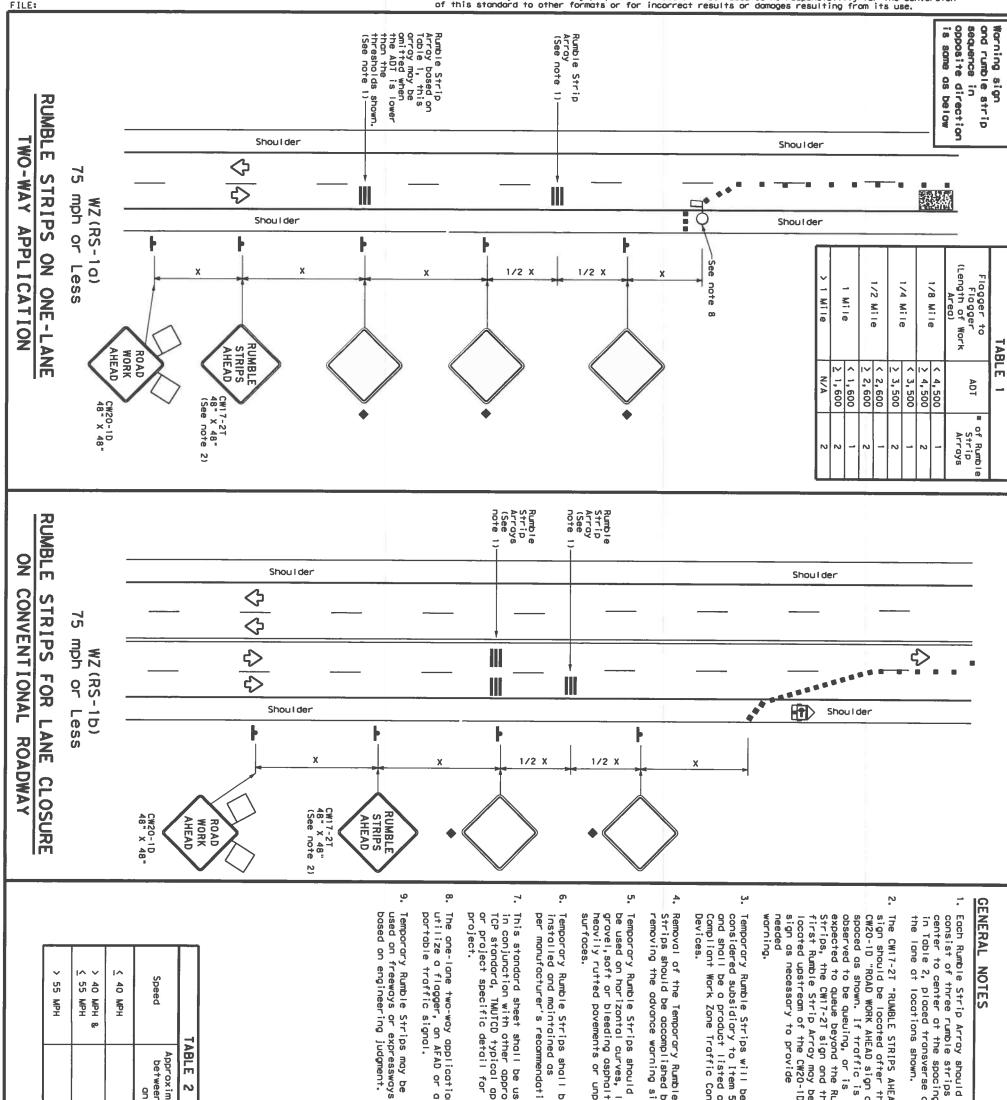
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR WORK OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE.

SIGNS IN THE MEDIAN ARE REQUIRED WHEN WORK OCCURS IN MEDIAN

ROAD WORK AHEAD SIGNS SHOWN AS EXAMPLES, ONE OF THE FOUR TYPE SIGNS WILL BE USED AS DIRECTED.

SIGNS ARE TO BE PLACED 6°TO 12°OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED. WORK AREA IS A MAXIMUM OF 2.0 WILES UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED. SIGNS MAY REMAIN IN PLACE ONLY DURING DAYLIGHT HOURS.

TYPICAL LOCATION OF SIGNS AT HIGHWAY CROSSING



GENERAL NOTES

Type 3 Barricade

Channelizing Devices

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

LEGEND

Heavy Work Vehicle

located sign as needed warning Strips, first F Sign s The CW spaced observ

Formula

Minimum
Desirable
Taper Lengths
**

Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices

Minimum Sign Spacing Distance

Suggested
Longitudinal
Buffer Space

60 WS2

10' 11' 12' OffsetOffsetOffset 150' 165' 180'

Toper o

70.

120′ ,091

90,

compliant
Devices. Temporc Work Zone Traffic Contr 슬

C-WS

700'

205' 225' 245'
265' 295' 320'
450' 495' 540'
500' 550' 600'
550' 605' 660'
600' 660' 720'
650' 715' 780'

45° 55° 60°

130

320° 400° 500° 700°

155° 155° 195° 240° 295° 350° 475°

Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.

75

750'

825' 900' 840'

140′

,006 800'

* Conventional Roads Only

- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropri TCP standard, TMUTCD typical appli or project specific detail for the project. riate lication
- The one-lane two-way application utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal. MOY VO

Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.

Trailer Mounted
Flashing Arrow Panel

Flag Sign

6

Flagger

Traffic Flow

Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)

Posted Speed \$ 30 30 35 50 660 660 665 670 655 665 665 665 665 665 665 665 665 66
--

	MOBILE	
1	SHORT DURATION	
1	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	TYPICAL USAGE
	INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY	SAGE
	LONG TERM STATIONARY	

> 55 MPH	> 40 MPH & ≤ 55 MPH	< 40 MPH	Speed	Ţ
20'	15′	10'	Approximate distance between strips in an Array	TABLE 2

TEMPORARY	Texas Department of Transportation
RUMBLE	of Transportation
STRIPS	Traffic Operations Division Standard

	2-14		© 1×DOI	FILES		ΞE
		REVISIONS	© Tx00T November 2012	wzrsi6, dgn	WZ (RS) -16	TEMPORARY
5	DIST	6383 74	CONT	IOUX 1xDOI	RS	R
		74	SECT	100	-	K
SMITH FTC	COUNTY	001	HOL	cki TxDOT	16	RUMBLE
JII	ľ			D##1		S
	_	VARIOUS	HIGHWAY	100x1		Æ
SHEET NO.	SHEET NO.			CK1 TXDOT DW1 TXDOT CK1 TXDOT		STRIPS

10 SMITH, ETC.

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the convers of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. II. ☐ Marich The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts. μ required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects widisturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION Blankets/Matting Erosion 'n Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS. List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities. Item 506. required for projects with 1 ☐ Erosion Control Compost Diversion Dike ☐ Interceptor Swale Best Management Practices: TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit ☐ Temporary Vegetation WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any the following permit(s): The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with Compost Filter Berm and Sacks Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Sodding When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, E Comply with the required by the Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000 \boxtimes Other Nationwide Permit Required: Action No. Individual 404 Permit Required Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters No Permit Required Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, wetlands affected) No Action Required SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or Engineer. ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Vegetation Lined Ditches ☐ Wulch Filter Berm and Socks Sed imentation ___ Erosion Control Compost ☐ Brush Berms ☐ Straw Bale Dike Rock Berm Silt Fence Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Bag Berm ☐ Triangular Filter Required Action N#P# P information on or near EPA or other inspectors. other inspectors. ☐ Wet Basin ☐ Grassy Swales Sand Filter Systems Compost Filter Berm and Sacks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Erosion Control Compost Extended Detention Basin ☐ Retention/Irrigation Systems ☐ Vegetative Filter Strips Post-Construction TSS Constructed Wetlands 1/3 in tidal waters) Projects with any n accordance with 402 I۷. < do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. It work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkhol are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Managan of Understanding Municipal Separate Stormwater S Migratury Bird Ireary Act Notice of Termination Nationwide Permit Notice of Intent Engineer immediately. If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, Best Management Practice Construction General Permit Construction General Permit Texas Department of State Health Services Federal Highway Administration Memorardum of Agreement FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. μ 5 Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery or archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rack, flint, pottery, etc.) cease Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. VEGETATION RESOURCES Action No. CULTURAL RESOURCES work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. Plains Spotted Skunk - Contrators will be advised of potential accurence in the project area, and to avoid harming the species if encountered, and to avoid unnecessary impacts to dens. 'n In accordance with the Migratory Bird Treat Act, TxDOT would take reasonable and practicable measures to avoid impacts to migratory birds, ground nesting birds, their nests, or their young. μ Ņ Action No. × × Action No. × Timber (Canebrake) Rattlesnake - Contrators will be advised of potential occurence in the project area, and to avoid harming the species if encountered. No Action Required No Action Required No Action Required LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS System SPCC: SM3P: SM3P: PCN: PSL: TCEO: TPMD: TADOT: TADOT: TAGE: USACE: USACE: USACE: ☐ Required Action Required Action Required Action U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Spill Preventian Control and Countermeasure Starm Water Pollutian Preventian Plan Pre-Canstructian Notification Project Specific Logation Texas Camilission on Environmental Quality Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination Syst Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Texas Department of Transportation Threatened and Endangered Species ion Syster gny **약** 약 Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected: * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal) * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc. * Undesirable smells or odors of all product spi products which may If "No", then r activities and/ In either case, asbestos consul scheduled demoi If "No", 15 working days If "Yes", Are the results **HAZARDOUS** 'n Ņ OTHER ENVI General (appl Action No. Evidence of No Action Yes Yes then then RONMENTAL ISSUES TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection. no further action is required. ies to all projects): Required

MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and be hazardaus. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.

- leaching or seepage of substances

replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)? Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or

TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any prior to scheduled demolition.

tant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims. or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required	Required Action
iction No.	

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.) Required Action

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ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,

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REVISIONS
12-12-2011 (DS)
03-07-14 ADDED HOTE SECTION IV.
01-23-2015 SECTION I CHANGED ITEM 1122
TO ITEM SOB, ADDED GRASSY SMALES. epic.dgn February 2015 CONT SECT 001 ARIOUS