INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

1 TITLE SHEET
2 INDEX OF SHEETS

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STATE PROJECT NO.				
	RMC 6382-07-001			
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6382	07	001	ΙH	20, ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
FTW	Р	ARKER, E	TC.	1

PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

CLEANING AND SWEEPING HIGHWAYS AND DEBRIS REMOVAL

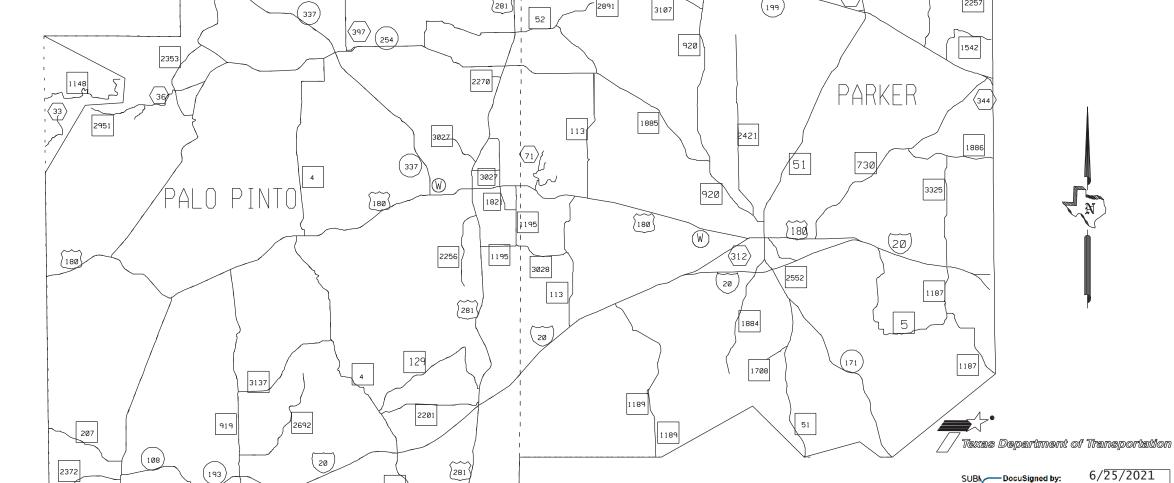
PROJECT NO. RMC 6382-07-001

HIGHWAY: IH 20, ETC.

LIMITS OF WORK: PARKER AND PALO PINTO COUNTIES

FINAL PLANS
LETTING DATE:
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$
CONTRACTOR

(182)



KLINTON J. KUNTZ

127896

CICENSED

CICENSED

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE BY A **
HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.
DocuSigned by:

Klinton J. Kunty, P.E.

P.E.

6/25/2021

D412...

DATE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

EXCEPTIONS: EQUATIONS: RAILROAD CROSSINGS:

NONE NONE NONE Matthew L. Evans, P.E.

ESAEAF95D42641B
DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

RECOM

Docusigned by:

6/28/2021

6/29/2021

6/29/2021

Coll L. Johnson, PC

2FE36139F0814C3...

Klinton J. Kunty, P.E.

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GENERAL

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2	INDEX SHEET
3A-3H	GENERAL NOTES
4	ESTIMATE AND QUANTITIES
5A-5C	LIMIT SHEET
6	SECTION MAP

BC STANDARDS

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
7	BC(1)-21
8	BC(2)-21
9	BC(3)-21
10	BC(4)-21
11	BC(5)-21
12	BC(6)-21
13	BC(7)-21
14	BC(8)-21
15	BC(9)-21
16	BC(10)-21
17	BC(11)-21
18	BC(12)-21

TCP STANDARDS

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	TCP (1-1) -18 TCP (1-2) -18 TCP (1-3) -18 TCP (1-4) -18 TCP (1-6) -18 TCP (1-6) -18 TCP (2-1) -18 TCP (2-2) -18
28 29	TCP (3-2) -13 TCP (3-4) -13

WORK ZONE STANDARDS

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
30	WZ (RS) -16
31	RS-TCP-05
32	SWEEP-04



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

DocuSigned by:

Klinton J. Kunty, P.C. 6/25/2021

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DATE



INDEX SHEET

	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.
	6	RMC 638207001			
REVISIONS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		2
	TEXAS	02	PARKER,	ETC.	
	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.
	6382	07	001		IH2O, ETC

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Project Number: RMC 6382-07-001 Sheet 3A

County: PARKER, ETC. Control: 6382-07-001

Highway: IH20, ETC.

GENERAL NOTES:

Special Notes:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Area Engineer: Klinton Kuntz

Maintenance Section Supervisor: Clinton Hyatt

Design Manager: Travis Ehrlich

Klinton.Kuntz@txdot.gov

Clinton.Hyatt@txdot.gov

Travis.Ehrlich@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will only be accepted through email, phone, and in person to the above individuals.

All Contractor questions will be reviewed by the Area Engineer or Assistance Area Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CSJ/Project Name.

General:

Plans are required for this project. Plans may be obtained from one of the plan companies listed in the "Special Notice to Contractors", or viewed at Texas Department of Transportation's (TxDOT's) Internet site at http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/plansonline/agreement.htm

Contract Prosecution: Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process and/or execute all contracts and work orders at the same time.

Furnish crew(s) and equipment capable of maintaining work in a continuous manner for the completion of the work listed on the work order.

Personnel will be experienced in items of work in the contract, which they will be performing. Safety vests and hard hats will be pre-approved and worn at all times when outside vehicles within the work area. Safety vests shall be Class III.

Provide and maintain a dedicated email address for receipt of work orders and correspondence throughout the term of this contract.

Prior to Bidding: Contractor is responsible for inspecting the roadways within the limits of this contract where work will be performed and more specifically to identify areas that require

Project Number: RMC 6382-07-001 Sheet 3B

County: PARKER, ETC. Control: 6382-07-001

Highway: IH20, ETC.

handwork such as but not limited to landscape areas, weep holes, and attenuators/TRACC systems.

Prior to mobilizing equipment into the Fort Worth District, all equipment will be clean and free of any debris from prior use in other districts or counties.

Project Description - This project consists of Cleaning and Sweeping Highways and Debris Removal on sections of highway within Parker and Palo Pinto Counties as shown in the contract and defined in these general notes and specifications. Coordinate all work through the Maintenance Supervisor or his representative. The names will be provided during the preconstruction meeting.

Parker/Palo Pinto

Maintenance Supervisor 1429 W. Bankhead Weatherford, Texas 76086 (682) 229-2800

Item 5.5. Cooperation of Contractor. Designate superintendent in accordance with second paragraph of Article 5.5. Cooperation of Contractor in the Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance of Highways, Streets, And Bridges.

Item 5.12.3. Multiple Work Orders. This contract will have <u>multiple and concurrent work orders</u>. No more than two (2) work orders will be issued to be performed at the same time. Work orders will include the location of the work, percentage (%) quantity of work, the number of working days allowed to complete the work order, and the date when the time charges for the work order will begin.

Item 7.2.4. Public Safety and Convenience. Personal vehicles will not be parked within the right-of-way at any time, including any section closed to the traveling public.

Operations will be curtailed or halted during special events that may result in delays or congestion to the traveling public.

No work that restricts or interferes with traffic shall be allowed from 3:00 pm on the day preceding the Holiday or Event to 9:00 am on the day after the Holiday or Event. The following Holiday/Event lane closure restriction requirements apply to this project:

Holiday Lane Closure Restrictions			
New Year's Eve and New Year's Day	3 PM December 30 through 9 AM January 2		
(December 31 through January 1)			
Easter Holiday Weekend (Friday through	3PM Thursday through 9 AM Monday		
Sunday)			
Memorial Day Weekend (Friday through	3 PM Thursday through 9 AM Tuesday		
Monday)			

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Project Number: RMC 6382-07-001 Sheet 3C

County: PARKER, ETC. Control: 6382-07-001

Highway: IH20, ETC.

Independence Day (July 3 through July 5)	3 PM July 2 through 9 AM July 6
Labor Day Weekend (Friday through Monday)	3 PM Thursday through 9 AM Tuesday
Thanksgiving Holiday (Wednesday through Sunday)	3 PM Tuesday through 9 AM Monday
Christmas Holiday (December 23 through December 26)	3 PM December 22 through 9 AM December 27

No lane closures within approximately 1 mile proximity (based on potential impact) of major retail traffic generators (i.e. malls) (Thanksgiving Day through January 2). This includes the events listed below:

Parker and Palo Pinto Counties			
Weatherford Peach Festival			
(Held in July)			
Springtown Wild West Days			
(Held in September)			

The above list of events is not all inclusive and should be added to or adjusted as needed. When deemed necessary, the Engineer will modify the list of major events when new events develop, existing events are rescheduled, or when warranted.

Modifications to Lane Closure / Work Restrictions:

Submit a request in writing for approval by the Engineer a minimum of 10 days in advance of implementing a change to lane closure restrictions.

When deemed necessary, the Engineer will lengthen, shorten, or otherwise modify lane closure restrictions as traffic conditions warrant.

Item 8.1. Prosecution of Work. Notification of work will be executed by work order. Notify section supervisor twenty-four (24) hours in advance of the date and time the Contractor plans to commence work. Upon issuance of initial work order all work orders thereafter shall begin operations within seventy-two (72) hours after verbal and/or written notification.

Item 8.3. Computation of Contract Time for Completion. Time will be charged in accordance with Item 8.3.1.5 Calendar Day in the Standard Specifications for Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges.

Working days for work orders will be calculated by dividing quantities by production rate. A fraction of the day will be rounded up to the next whole number. If the total number of working days is not used during the completion of the work order the working days will not be carried

General Notes Sheet C

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County: PARKER, ETC. Control: 6382-07-001

Highway: IH20, ETC.

forward to a subsequent work order. Each work order will define the total number of working days for that particular work order as defined in Section 8.3.1.4. Standard Work Week in the Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges.

Item 8.3.2. Restricted Work Hours. Perform work as shown below, unless otherwise approved:

Handwork	Sweeping	Debris	
Daytime: Monday – Saturday 9 am – 4 pm Nighttime: Sunday – Thursday 7 pm – 5 am	Daytime: Saturday, upon arrival 7 am – 6 pm Nighttime: Sunday – Thursday 7 pm – 5 am	Daytime: Monday – Saturday 9 am – 4 pm Saturday – To be used as a make up for rain/snow days, unless otherwise approved	
Excluding National Holidays			

Contractor has the option of working on Saturdays or State holidays with forty-eight (48) hour advance notice. Work on Sundays or National holidays will not be permitted without written permission of the Engineer.

Working day charges for nighttime work will be charged against the night in which work begins.

Item 8.5. Project Schedules. Submit project schedules by the twentieth (20th) day of every month.

TxDOT will determine the order of work cycles for the types of sweeping and debris listed below:

Sweeping	Debris
-----------------	---------------

738.3.1 - Center Medians

735.3.1 - Center Medians & Main Lanes

738.3.2 - Outside Main Lanes

738.3.3 - Frontage Roads

738.3.9 - Handwork

Submit any changes to the original schedule in writing for approval prior to beginning work.

The following types of sweeping and debris will be done on as needed basis and a separate work order will be issued for this type of work:

<u>Sweeping</u> <u>Debris</u>

738.38 – Spot Sweeping

735.3.6 - Spot Debris Removal

Fill out and e-mail the provided form to the Maintenance Section each morning by 7:00 a.m. showing the roadway limits of work performed and/or completed the previous day.

General Notes Sheet D

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County: PARKER, ETC. Control: 6382-07-001

Highway: IH20, ETC.

Complete all scheduled roadways within each month. If for any reason that a scheduled roadway is not picked up or swept for that month it will become first priority during the next scheduled pick up. For failure to complete all work specified within the month, liquidated damages will be assessed in accordance with Special Provision 000---658.

The Engineer has the right to grant additional time or terminate a monthly cycle if inordinate amounts of adverse weather conditions occur. These conditions may be roadway icing, excessive rainfall, or any other weather condition that could prevent the contractor from completing a sweeping or debris cycle. Time extensions granted will not exceed a total of five (5) working days into the following month. If a cycle is terminated, the Contractor will only be paid for the work that has been satisfactorily completed in a cycle. If it rains in a scheduled work day, the contractor will be allowed with the Engineer's approval to reschedule the work as long as the same road limits are not swept on consecutive days.

If a cycle is not completed according to the schedule or specification, the cycle will be forfeited and payment will not be made for that cycle.

Item 8.6. Failure to Complete Work on Time. The response time specified in the contract is an essential element. Liquidated damages will be accessed when the Contractor fails to begin work within the specified response times for any Item(s). The dollar amount specified in this contract will be deducted from any money due or to become due for any Items(s) and will continue to be deducted for each day until work begins. This amount will be assessed not as penalty, but as liquidated damages. Failure to complete a project in the working days specified in the work order, time charges will continue for each working day until work is completed for that work order. The amount assessed for liquidated damages will be based on the total value of the original contract, in accordance with Special Provision 000-658, not the estimated amount on individual work orders.

Item 500. Mobilization. This contract will include some callout work. This callout would be for Aggregate Removal and will be paid for under "Mobilization (Emergency)".

For Contracts with emergency mobilization, provide a person and method of contact available 24 hrs. a day, 7 days a week unless otherwise shown on the plans. The time of notice will be the transmission time of the written notice or notice provided orally by the Department's representative.

Item 502. Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling. Provide equipment such as trucks, trailers, autos, etc., with highly visible omni-directional warning flashing lights. These lights will be used within the work zone at all times. Provide forward facing arrow panel on lead vehicles when working in a continuous turn lanes. The Engineer will approve all equipment and vehicles prior to use.

All traffic control, with the exception of Special Specification 6185 Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA), is subsidiary to the various bid items in accordance with

General Notes Sheet E

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Highway: IH20, ETC.

Section 502.4.1.6 Contracts with Callout Work and Work Orders in the Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges.

Mount signs on their own stands. Attach two (2) brightly colored safety flags to each sign. Do not hang or lean signs on or against any other sign post or delineator post. Erect signs in such a manner that they will not obstruct the traveling public's view of normal roadway signing or obstruct sight distance at intersections or curves.

Shadow vehicles equipped with Truck-Mounted Attenuators (TMA's) are required as shown on all Traffic Control Plan (TCP) Standards. Striping will be required on the back panel of truck mounted attenuators, and will be 8 inches of red and white stripes placed on an inverted "V" design. Sheeting will conform to departmental material Specification D-9-8300, Type "C".

Provide signing and traffic control in compliance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD), latest edition, and the appropriate traffic control method as outlined in the TMUTCD, and elsewhere in the plans.

Provide a Department Approved Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) behind all equipment overhanging roadway travel lanes. Trailer all slow moving vehicles (designed to operate 25mph or less) crossing freeway main lanes.

Dedicated personnel must be on duty to maintain barricades.

Equipment and materials will not be left within thirty feet (30') of the travel lane during non-working hours.

Item 735. Debris Removal. Remove all debris from the designated areas. The size of debris will be defined as:

- (1) larger than a cigarette package in any dimension, or
- (2) an object of any dimension that may pose a hazard to the traveling public.

Complete debris removal within the designated areas of the roadway before moving to the next roadway, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Prior to beginning work each day, the contractor shall notify the Maintenance Section of when and where work will begin. Failure to give notification may result in forfeiture of that cycle.

Animal remains shall be disposed of at an approved sanitary landfill or municipal solid waste facility. Appropriate documentation shall be sent to the Maintenance Section.

735.3.6. Spot Debris Removal. Spot Debris Removal will be performed on *any* roadway in Parker and Palo Pinto Counties as deemed necessary.

Item 738. Cleaning and Sweeping Highways. Weep holes and attenuators/TRACC systems will be completely blown out no more than twelve (12) hours before sweeping operations begin

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Highway: IH20, ETC.

on each roadway. Ensure that debris is contained during weep hole cleaning operations. Sweeping operations will not begin on a roadway until all weep holes and attenuator/TRACC systems have been blown out completely for that road.

Complete sweeping within the designated areas of the roadway before moving to the next roadway, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Debris removal will be scheduled immediately prior to sweeping the roadway. Any debris which accumulates on the shoulders after debris removal has been performed and when the sweeping starts will become the sweeper's responsibility for removal.

Prior to beginning work each day, the contractor shall notify the Maintenance Section of when and where work will begin. Failure to give notification may result in forfeiture of that cycle.

Water from city hydrants will not be allowed for sweeping operations without express written permission from each respective city. This approval must be written on the City's official letterhead, and must be received by the Engineer prior to the city's water usage.

738.3.8. Spot Sweeping. TxDOT will verbally notify the Contractor to spot sweep a specific location. TxDOT will e-mail the contractor a work order showing exact locations and mileage after notification.

738.3.9. Handwork. Perform handwork for enclosed areas not accessible to sweepers as directed by the Engineer.

Item 6185. Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA). The total number of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) required when utilizing the traffic control standards are shown in the tables below.

TCP 1 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(1-1)-18		1
(1-2)-18		1
(1 2) 10	A	1
(1-3)-18	В	2
(1-4)-18		1
(1-5)-18		1
(1-6)-18		1

TCP 2 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(2-1)-18	All	1
(2-2)-18	All	1

Project Number: RMC 6382-07-001 Sheet 3H

County: PARKER, ETC. Control: 6382-07-001

Highway: IH20, ETC.

TCP 3 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(3-1)-13	All	2
(3-2)-13	All	3
	В	2
	С	3
	D	2
(3-4)-13	All	unless working inside a left turn lane, then 2.

Shadow vehicles equipped for truck mounted attenuators (TMA) for mobile and stationary operations must be available for use at any time as determined by the Engineer.

The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA needed for the project for those times per plan requirements. Additional TMAs used that are not specified in the plans in which the Contractor expects compensation will require prior approval from the Engineer.

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H



QUANTITY SHEET

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6382-07-001

DISTRICT Fort Worth
HIGHWAY IH0020

COUNTY Parker

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	6382-07	-001		
		PROJE	CT ID	A00177	093	1	
		co	UNTY	Parke	er	TOTAL EST.	FINAL
	1111	HIG	HWAY	IH002	0	1	
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	100.00%		100.00%	
	500-6033	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	500-6034	MOBILIZATION (EMERGENCY)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	735-6002	DEBRIS REMOVAL (CNTR MEDIANS/MAINLANES)	MI	6,236.400		6,236.400	
	735-6007	DEBRIS REMOVAL (SPOT DEBRIS)	MI	50.000		50.000	
	738-6002	CLEANING / SWEEPING (CENTER MEDIAN)	MI	323.400		323.400	
	738-6004	CLEANING / SWEEPING (OUTSIDE MAIN LANE)	MI	424.800		424.800	
	738-6006	CLEANING / SWEEPING (FRONTAGE ROAD)	MI	32.800		32.800	
	738-6010	CLEANING / SWEEPING (SPOT)	MI	100.000		100.000	
	738-6011	CLEANING / SWEEPING (HANDWORK)	SY	25,732.000		25,732.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	744.000		744.000	



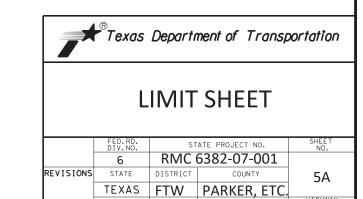
ESTIMATE & QUANTITIES

	FED.RD. DIV.NO.		ATE PROJECT N		SHEET NO.		
	6	RMC	RMC 6382-07-001				
REVISIONS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNT	4			
	TEXAS	FTW	PARKER,	ETC.			
	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.		
	6382	07	001		IH20, ETC.		

DEBRIS REMOVAL **ITEM 735**

		Highway		Distance Between	Pay Item	*Approx. Miles for		Medians & nlanes	Pay Item	*Approx. Miles for	Fronta	ge Roads	Spot Debris
Item	County		Limits	Center Line Miles	735 6002 Center Line Miles	Debris Removal per Frequency	Frequency	Pay Item 735 6002 Total Center Line Miles for Removal	735 6004 Center Line Miles	Debris Removal per one cycle	Frequency	Pay Item 735 6004 Total Center Line Miles for Removal	Pay Item 735 6007 Total Roadbed Miles
1	Parker	IH 30	Fr: Tarrant County Line To: IH 20/IH 30 Split	1.90	1.90	7.60	96	182.40					
2	Parker	IH 20	Fr: Tarrant County Line To: Palo Pinto County Line	33.20	33.20	132.80	96	3,187.20					
3	Palo Pinto	IH 20	Fr: Palo Pinto County Lane To: Erath County Line	20.80	20.80	83.20	48	998.40					
4	Erath	IH 20	Fr: Erath County Line To: Eastland County Lane	5.90	5.90	23.60	48	283.20					
5	Parker	SH 199	Fr: Tarrant County Line To: Jack County Lane	19.30	19.30	77.20	12	231.60					
6	Parker	FM 51	Fr: Rick Williamson Loop To: Wise County Line	10.30	10.30	41.20	12	123.60					
7	Parker	SH 171	Fr: IH 20 To: Hood County Line	12.50	12.50	50.00	12	150.00					
8	Parker	US 180	Fr: IH 20 To: Palo Pinto County Line	21.50	21.50	86.00	12	258.00					
9	Palo Pinto	US 180	Fr: Parker County Line To: Stephens County Line	33.30	33.30	133.20	12	399.60					
10	Palo Pinto	US 281	Fr: Jack County Line To: Erath County Line	35.20	35.20	140.80	12	422.40					
11	Parker/Palo Pinto	Various											50.00
		Total			193.90	775.60		6,236.40					50.00

Note: Right of Way Centerline Mile is defined as the distance measured from the beginning point to ending point shown on the plans and is measured once regardless of the number of lanes or roadbeds. *For Contractor information only. Not for bidding purposes.



07

001

6382

HIGHWAY

IH20, ETC.

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CLEANING AND SWEEPING HIGHWAYS - HANDWORK ITEM 738

"FLATWORK"

Item	County	Highway	Location	Square Yard	Frequency	Total Square Yard	Type of Area
1	Parker	IH 30	At: Walsh Ranch	310.00	3	930.00	Flatwork
2	Parker	IH 20	At: Ranch House Rd.	175.00	3	525.00	Flatwork
3	Parker	IH 20	At: FM 5	300.00	3	900.00	Flatwork
4	Parker	IH 20	At: Lakeside Dr.	80.00	3	240.00	Flatwork
5	Parker	IH 20	At: W. Bankhead Rd.	83.00	3	249.00	Flatwork
6	Parker	IH 20	At: FM 2552	125.00	3	375.00	Flatwork
7	Parker	IH 20	At: FM 171	610.00	3	1,830.00	Flatwork
8	Parker	IH 20	At: Eastbound off ramp at FM 171	360.00	3	1,080.00	Flatwork
9	Parker	IH 20	At: Tin Top Rd.	305.00	3	915.00	Flatwork
10	Parker	IH 20	At: Bethel Rd. including ditch line	411.00	3	1,233.00	Flatwork
11	Parker	IH 20	At: Bowie St.	145.00	3	435.00	Flatwork
12	Parker	IH 20	At: Ric Williamson Loop	575.00	3	1,725.00	Flatwork
13	Parker	IH 20	At: Dennis Rd.	45.00	3	135.00	Flatwork
14	Parker	IH 20	At: Spur 312	100.00	3	300.00	Flatwork
15	Parker	IH 20	At: FM 1189	70.00	3	210.00	Flatwork
16	Parker	IH 20	At: FM 113	145.00	3	435.00	Flatwork
17	Parker	IH 20	At: Brannon Bridge Cir.	60.00	3	180.00	Flatwork
18	Parker	IH 20	At: Gilbert Pit	55.00	3	165.00	Flatwork
19	Palo Pinto	IH 20	At: New Salem	170.00	3	510.00	Flatwork
20	Palo Pinto	IH 20	At: US 281	170.00	3	510.00	Flatwork
21	Palo Pinto	IH 20	At: Bossiley Rd.	85.00	3	255.00	Flatwork
22	Palo Pinto	IH 20	At: FM 4	90.00	3	270.00	Flatwork
23	Palo Pinto	IH 20	At: Blue Flat Rd.	90.00	3	270.00	Flatwork
24	Palo Pinto	IH 20	At: FM 193	160.00	3	480.00	Flatwork
25	Palo Pinto	IH 20	At: Mitchell Hill Rd.	15.00	3	45.00	Flatwork
26	Palo Pinto	IH 20	At: FM 919	375.00	3	1,125.00	Flatwork
27	Erath	IH 20	At: FM 108	135.00	3	405.00	Flatwork
Quan	tities to be used in	various location	s in Parker and Palo Pinto Counties			10,000.00	
		Tota	I	5,244.00		25,732.00	



LIMIT SHEET

	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	ST	ATE PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
	6	RMC	6382-07-001	
REVISIONS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	5B
	TEXAS	FTW	PARKER, ETC.	
	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
	6382	07	001	IH20, ETC.

CLEANING AND SWEEPING HIGHWAYS ITEM 738

				Center	*Approx.		Medians nlanes	Outside	Mainlanes	Fronta	ge Roads	Spot Sweep
Reference	County	Highway	Limits	Line Distance Between Limits	Miles for Sweep per Frequency	Frequency	Pay Item 738 6002 Total Center Line Miles	Frequency	Pay Item 738 6004 Total Center Line Miles	Frequency	Pay Item 738 6006 Total Center Line Miles	Pay Item 738 6010 Total Roadbed Miles
1	Parker	FM 51	Fr: SH 180 To: 1 mile South of IH 20	2.50	5.00	4	10.00	4	10.00			
2	Parker	FM 51	Fr: SH 180 To: Ric Williamson Loop	2.00	4.00			4	8.00			
3	Parker	US 180	Fr: IH 20 To: Spur 312	7.50	15.00	4	30.00	4	30.00			
4	Parker	US 180	Fr: Willow Creek Dr To: Palo Pinto County Line	0.75	1.50	4	3.00	4	3.00			
5	Parker	FM 2552	Fr: IH 20 To: SH 180	2.50	5.00			4	10.00			
6	Parker	FM 51	Fr: Wise County Line To: 1/4 mile S of J.E. Woody Rd	2.90	5.80			4	11.60			
7	Parker	SH 199	Fr: LP 182 To: Hilltop Rd	0.90	1.80			4	3.60			
8	Palo Pinto	US 180	Fr: Parker County Line To: FM 337	5.90	11.80	4	23.60	4	23.60			
9	Palo Pinto	US 281	Fr: NE 23rd St To: SW 25th St	2.50	5.00			4	10.00			
10	Parker	IH 20 North Frontage Rd	Fr: FM 2552 To: Bowie	3.70	7.40					4	14.80	
11	Parker	Frontage Rd		3.70	7.40					4	14.80	
12	Parker	IH 20 North Frontage Rd	To: Bowie	0.40	0.80					4	1.60	
13	Parker	1	Fr: Ranch House Rd. To: End of Curb	0.40	0.80					4	1.60	
14	Parker	FM 1187	Fr: North Frontage Rd. IH 20 To: Austin Street (Aledo)	2.40	4.80	4	9.60	4	9.60			
15	Parker	IH 30	Fr: Tarrant Co. Line To: IH 20/IH 30 split	1.90	3.80	4	7.60	4	7.60			
		Total Page 1		39.95	79.90		83.80		127.00		32.80	0.00

Note: Right of Way Centerline Mile is defined as the distance measured from the beginning point to ending point shown on the plans and is measured once regardless of the number of lanes or roadbeds.

*For Contractor information only. Not for bidding purposes.



LIMIT SHEET

		FED.RD. DIV.NO.	ST	ATE PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.			
		6	RMC 6	RMC 6382-07-001				
REVIS	SIONS	STATE	DISTRICT	5C-1				
		TEXAS	FTW	PARKER, ETC				
1		CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
		6382	07	IH20, ETC				

CLEANING AND SWEEPING HIGHWAYS ITEM 738

				Center	*Approx.	1,000,000,000	Medians inlanes	Outside	Mainlanes	Frontage Roads		Spot Sweep	
Reference	County	Highway	Limits	Line Distance Between Limits	Miles for Sweep per Frequency	Frequency	Pay Item 738 6002 Total Center Line Miles	Frequency	Pay Item 738 6004 Total Center Line Miles	Frequency	Pay Item 738 6006 Total Center Line Miles	Pay Item 738 6010 Total Roadbed Miles	
16	Parker	IH 20	Fr: Tarrant Co. Line	21.30	42.60	4	85.20	4	85.20				
	runer	11120	To: Spur 312	21.50	12.00	42.00			03.20			:	
17	Parker	IH 20	Fr: Spur 312	11.90	23.80	4	47.60	4	47.60				
10	I dikei	111 20	To: Palo Pinto County Line	11.50	23.00	23.00	47.00	7.	47.00				
18	Palo Pinto	o Pinto IH 20	Fr: Palo Pinto County Line	20.80	41.60	4	63.20	ă.	83.20				
10	Palo Pinto	III 20	To: Erath County Line	20.00	41.60	7	83.20	4	83.20				
19	Erath	IH 20	Fr. Erath County Line	5.90	11.80	4	23.60	4	23.60				
19	Erath	IH 20	To: Eastland County Line	5.90	11.80	4	23.60	4	23.60				
20	D 1	TALE	Fr: IH 20	11.10	22.20			1	11.10				
20	Parker	FM 5	To: FM 1187	11.10	22.20			1	11.10				
23		T1 (1107	Fr: IH 20	0.00	15.60				0.00				
21	Parker	FM 1187	To: Tarrant County Line	8.80	17.60			1	8.80				
-			Fr: SH 171										
22	Parker	FM 1884	To: Livingston Rd.	7.90	15.80			1	7.90	,			
1925	62.753	MOVED FOR	Fr: IH 20	50,000	11 50 1000			201	ESPECT 1				
23	Parker	FM 1189	To: Hood County Line	12.10	24.20			1	12.10				
1			Fr: IH 20							12000			
24	Parker	SP 312	To: US 180	5.00	10.00			1	5.00				
1000	MAN 845 EX	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	Fr: US 281	0 110.00	6 2553383 A			N 30 1	38.5531				
25	Palo Pinto	FM 1821	To: FM 1195	5.60	11.20			1	5.60				
-			Fr: FM 1821		2								
26	Palo Pinto	FM 3027	To: US 281	1.70	3.40			1	1.70				
194.54	- SAME I SAME BOLD	S DAME AND	Fr: US 180	0 13,000	6 y angan			N 801 0	2004000				
27	Palo Pinto	FM 1195	To: US 281	6.00	12.00			1	6.00				
Various	Various	Various										100.00	
			Total Page 1	39.95	79.90		83.80		127.00		32.80	0.00	
			Total Page 2	118.10	236.20		239.60		297.80		0.00	100.00	
		Grand Total		158.05	316.10		323.40		424.80		32.80	100.00	

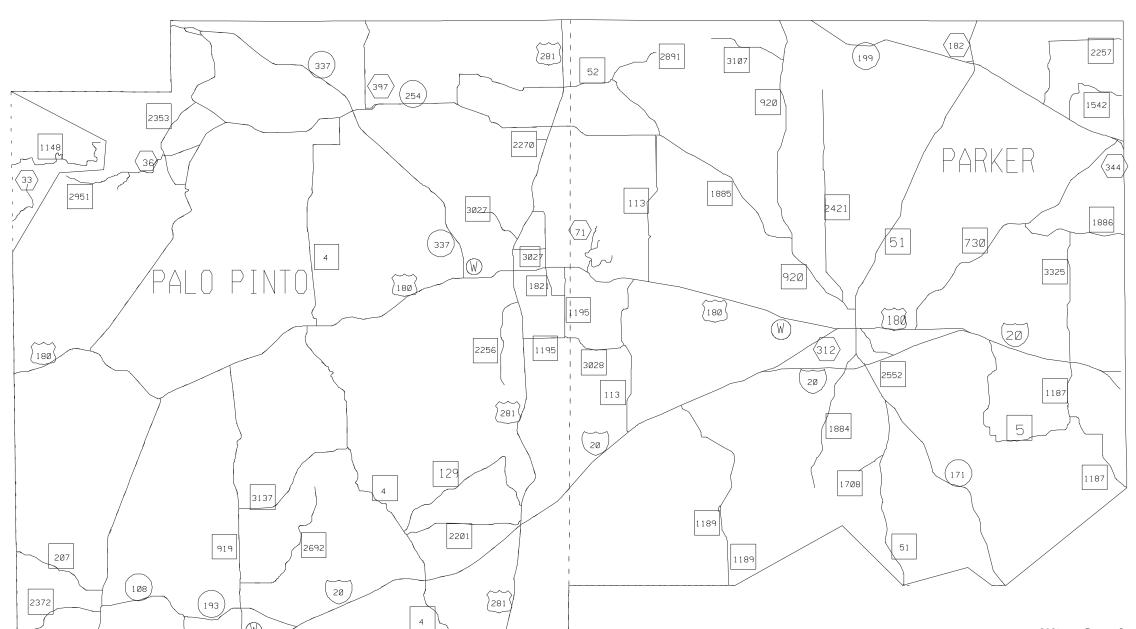
Note: Right of Way Centerline Mile is defined as the distance measured from the beginning point to ending point shown on the plans and is measured once regardless of the number of lanes or roadbeds. *For Contractor information only. Not for bidding purposes.



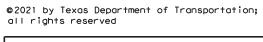
LIMIT SHEET

	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	ST	ATE PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.			
	6	RMC 6	RMC 6382-07-001				
REVISIONS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	5C-2			
	TEXAS	FTW	PARKER, ETC]			
	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
	6382	07	IH20, ETC				





PARKER AND PALO PINTO COUNTIES



SECTION MAP

Texas Department of Transportation

C.O	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	ST	٧0.	SHEET NO.		
	6	RMC	6382-07-	001		
REVISIONS	STATE	DISTRICT COUNTY 6		COUNTY		
	TEXAS	FTW	PARKER,	ETC.		
	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.	
	6382	07	001		IH 20,ETC.	

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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C TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
4-03	REVISIONS 7-13	6382	07	001		IH :	20, ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST	DIST COUNTY SHEE		SHEET NO.		
5-10	5-21	FTW	W PARKER, ETC. 7		7		

- \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP BHEN BORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⇔ NEXT X MILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI \Diamond INTERSECTED 1000' - 1500' Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * R20-50TP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

Posted Speed MPH 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70

SPACING

Sign△

Spacing

"X"

Feet

(Apprx.)

120

160

240

320

400

500²

6002

700 2

800²

900²

1000²

Traffic Safety

75

80

onventional Expressway/ Freeway

Number or Series CW20' CW21 CW22 48" x 48' 48" x 48' CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48' 36" x 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48' 48" x 48' CW8-3,

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

CW10, CW12

Sign

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING R4-1 PASS (as appropriate: * * G20-5 ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS CW20-1D ROAD HE PRESENT STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T R2-1 X) WORK R20-3T * * WORK G20-10T * * AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or MPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Rightarrow \Leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-2bT * R2-1 LIMIT line should 3X $\otimes \times \times$ FND coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 * * location NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

★ ★G20-9TP ZONE STAY ALERT BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFIC * *G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW ∕₂ MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X R20-5aTP SORKERS ARE PRESENT * *G20-6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-10 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizing devices \Diamond -CSJ Limit Channelizing Devices \Rightarrow B SPEED R2-1 END LIMIT END | ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-26T * * G20-2 * *

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- ** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND							
⊢⊣ Туре 3 Barricade								
000	Channelizing Devices							
4	Sign							
Х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.							

SHEET 2 OF 12



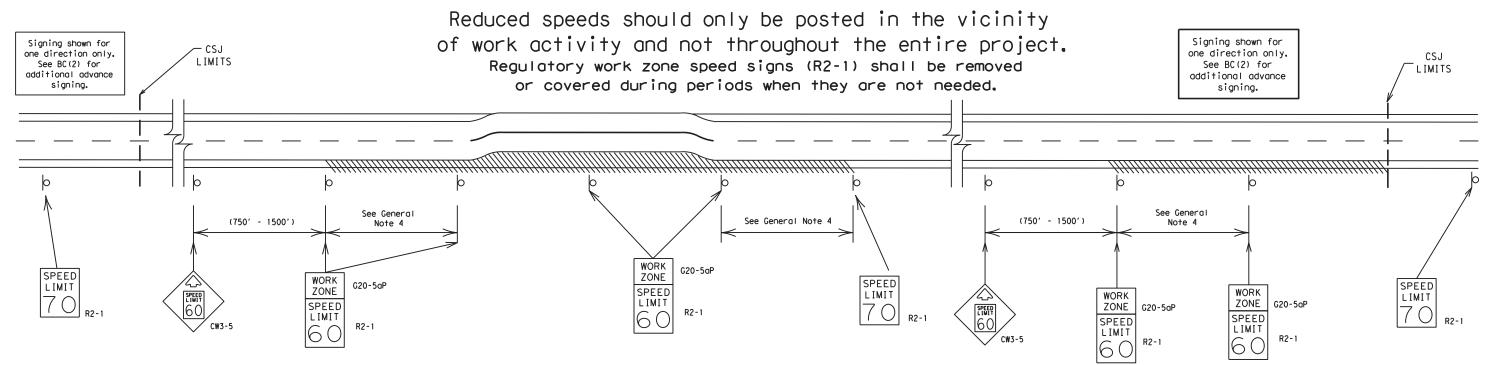
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDO</th><th>T c</th><th>k: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T c	k: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
	REVISIONS	6382	07	001		IH	20,	, ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
7-13	5-21	FTW	F	ARKER, E	TC			8

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 2 miles

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

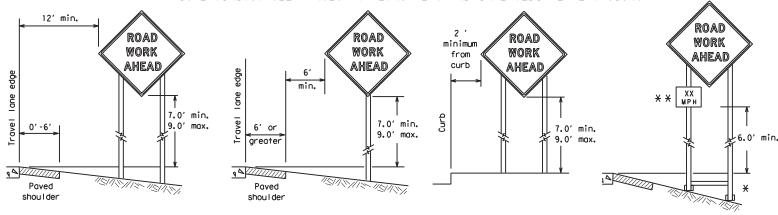
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	T	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
	REVISIONS	6382	07	001		ΙH	20,	ETC.
9-07 7-13	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SH	IEET NO.
1-13	3-21	FTW	P	ARKER, I	ETC			9

DATE: FII F:

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

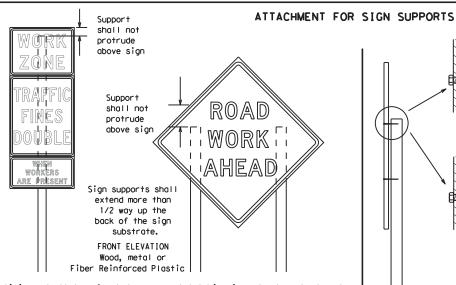


* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane.

Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



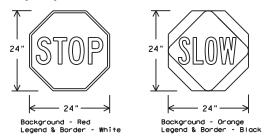
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports
will be by bolts and nuts
or screws. Use TxDOT's or
manufacturer's recommended
procedures for attaching sign
substrates to other types of
sign supports

Nails shall NOT
be allowed.
Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
 STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)	
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING	
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM	

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- 1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- . Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and
 guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or
 damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of
 work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The
 Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in
 regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- 1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground.
 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
 appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
 the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any
 intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the
 entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
 Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 5. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
 of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- The sandbags will be fied shuf to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
 4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
 Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
 6. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- 8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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		6382	07	001		IH	20	, ETC.
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7-13	5-21	FTW	F	ARKER, E	TC			10

DATE:

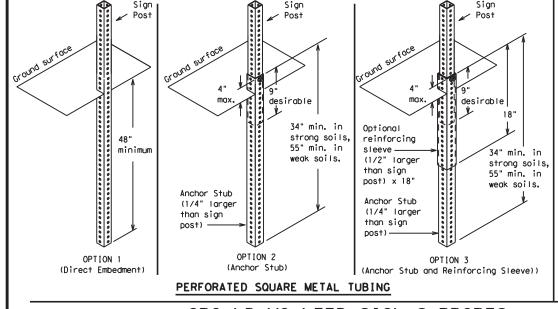
* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

SINGLE LEG BASE



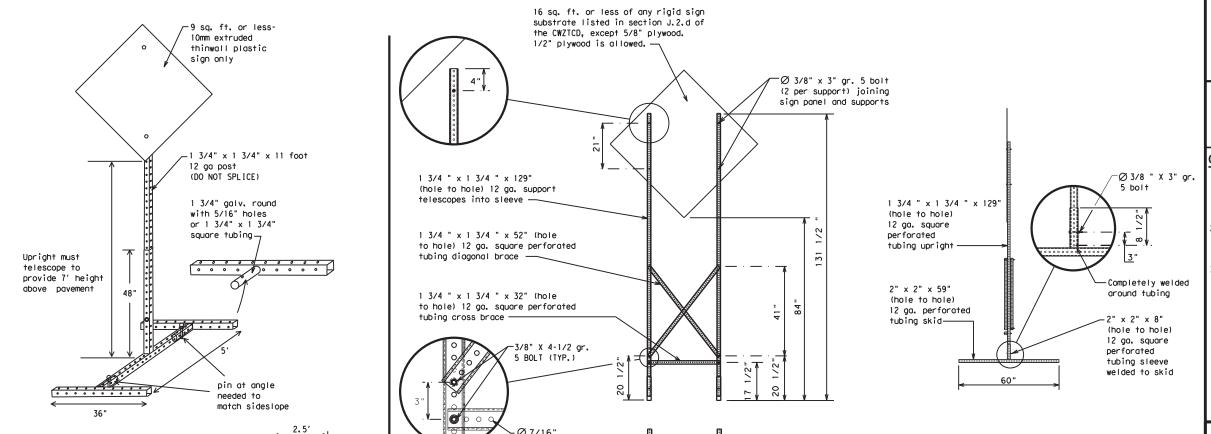
See the CWZTCD for embedment. WING CHANNEL Lap-splice/base boiled anchor

GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE
AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE
CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	SHWAY
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7-13 5-21	FTW	P	ARKER, E	TC.		11

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

Welds to start on

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e.. "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
		Road	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		1 11/11/1
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Cond	lition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD	RIGHT LN	RIGHT LN	TWO-WAY
CLSD AT	CLOSED	NARROWS	TRAFFIC
FM XXXX	XXX FT	XXXX FT	XX MILE
RIGHT X	RIGHT X	MERGING	CONST
LANES	LANES	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC
CLOSED	OPEN	XXXX FT	XXX FT
CENTER	DAYTIME	LOOSE	UNEVEN
LANE	LANE	GRAVEL	LANES
CLOSED	CLOSURES	XXXX FT	XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS	EXIT XXX	ROADWORK	ROADWORK
LANES	CLOSED	PAST	NEXT
CLOSED	X MILE	SH XXXX	FRI-SUN

EXIT RIGHT LN CLOSED TO BE

MALL

DRIVEWAY

CLOSED

XXXXXXX

BLVD

CLOSED

CLOSED X LANES

CLOSED TUE - FRI

XXXX FT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

RUMP

XXXX FT

TRAFFIC

SIGNAL

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel * * Advance Location Warning Notice List List List List TUE-FRI MERGE FORM ΔΤ **SPEED** RIGHT X LINES FM XXXX LIMIT XX AM-RIGHT XX MPH X PM APR XX-DETOUR USE BEFORE MAXIMUM XXXXX RAILROAD SPEED RD EXIT XX MPH X PM-X AM X EXITS CROSSING USE USE EXIT NEXT MINIMUM BEGINS EXIT XXX I-XX SPEED MONDAY NORTH MILES XX MPH STAY ON USE PAST **ADVISORY** BEGINS US XXX I-XX F IIS XXX ΜΔΥ ΧΧ SPEED SOUTH TO I-XX N EXIT XX MPH TRUCKS WATCH XXXXXXX RIGHT MAY X-X USF FOR TΩ IANF XX PM -US XXX N TRUCKS XXXXXXX EXIT XX AM WATCH EXPECT IIS XXX USF NFXT FOR DELAYS TO CAUTION FRI-SUN TRUCKS FM XXXX PREPARE XX AM **EXPECT** DRIVE SAFELY DELAYS TO TΩ STOP XX PM REDUCE END DRIVE NEXT SPEED SHOULDER WITH TUE XXX FT USE CARE AUG XX USE WATCH TONIGHT OTHER XX PM-FOR ROUTES WORKERS XX AM STAY * * See Application Guidelines Note 6. LANE

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

US XXX

EXIT

X MILES

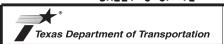
LANES

SHIFT

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow

SHEET 6 OF 12



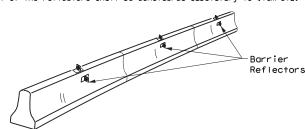
Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

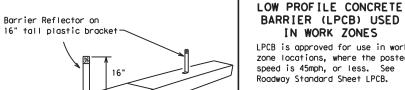
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	6382	07	001		IH 20	O, ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY SHE		SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	FTW	1	PARKER.	FTC		12

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

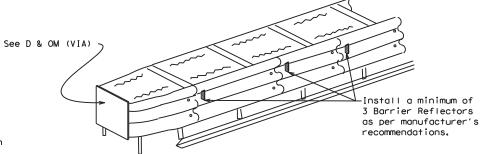


LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

IN WORK ZONES

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



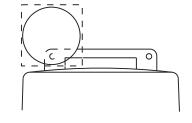
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the worning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

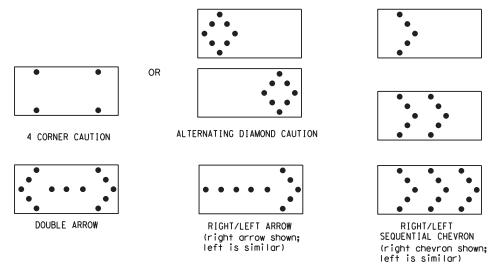
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

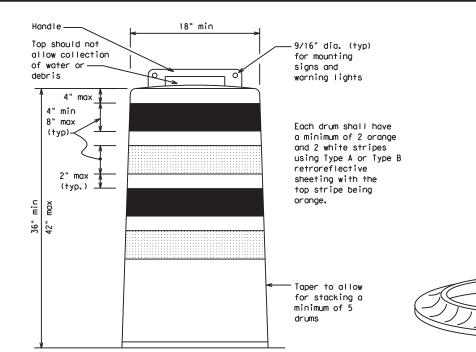
 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

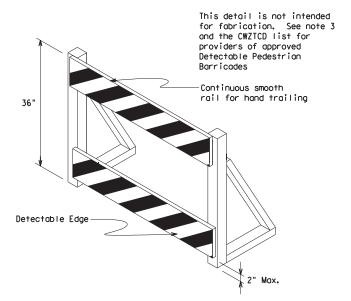
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

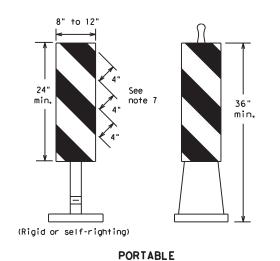
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

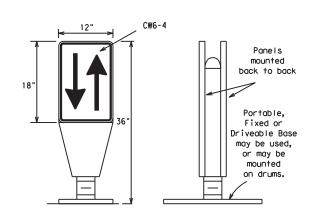
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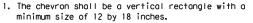
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

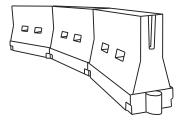


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final powement surfaces, including powement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final powement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
Solution Solution								
40 60 265' 295' 320' 40' 80' 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90' 50 550' 600' 50' 100' 100' 60 65 660' 660' 55' 110' 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 750' 825' 900' 75' 150'	30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	
40	35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	
50 55 55 50 550 550 500 55	40	80	2651	295′	320′	40′	80′	
55 60 65 70 75 10' 600' 660' 720' 60' 120' 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 750' 825' 900' 75' 150'	45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
60 65 65 70 720′ 660′ 720′ 65′ 130′ 70 75′ 825′ 900′ 75′ 150′	50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	
60 600' 660' 720' 60' 120' 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150'	55	1 = W S	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	
70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150'	60	- 11 5	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	
75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150'	65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	
100 000 000	70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
000/ 000/ 000/ 00/ 100/	75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	
80 800 880 960 80 160	80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

**X*Taper lengths have been rounded off, L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

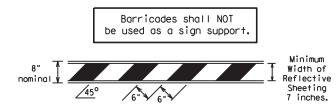
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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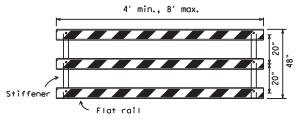
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downword to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downword to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

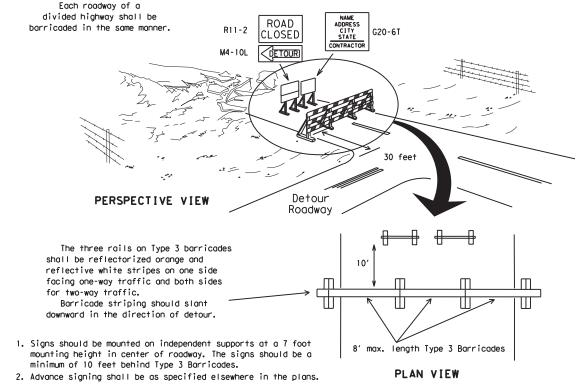


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



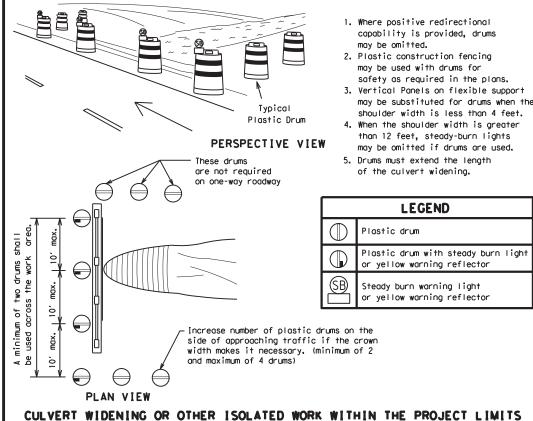
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones



3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

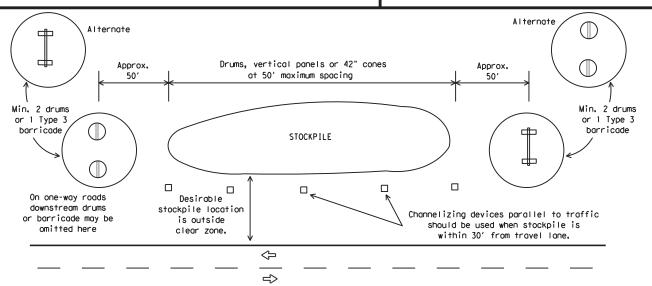
4" min. orange

4" min. white

6" min. 2" min. 4" min. 2" mox. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

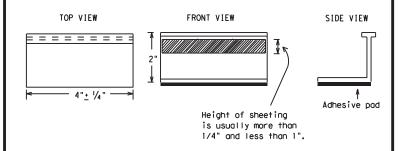
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200,
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety



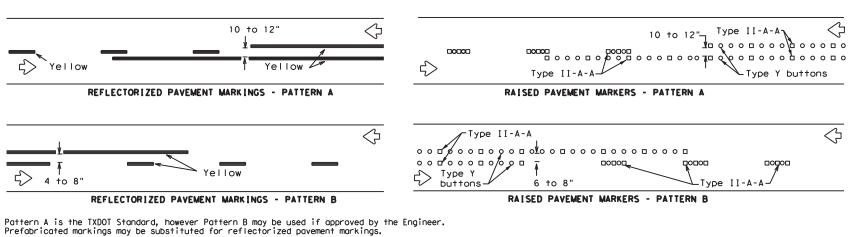
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

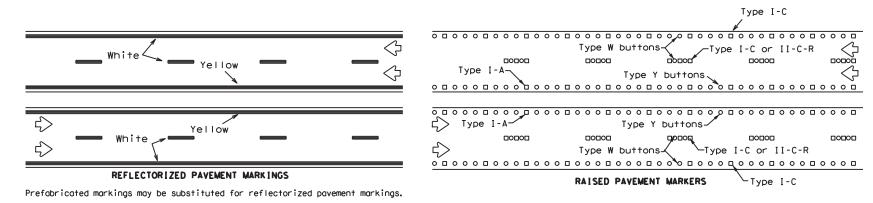
BC(11)-21

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT bc-21.dgn C)TxDOT February 1998 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 6382 07 001 IH 20, ETC. 2-98 9-07 5-21 1-02 7-13 11-02 8-14 FTW PARKER, ETC.

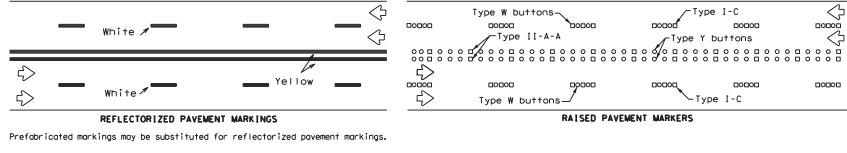
PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS



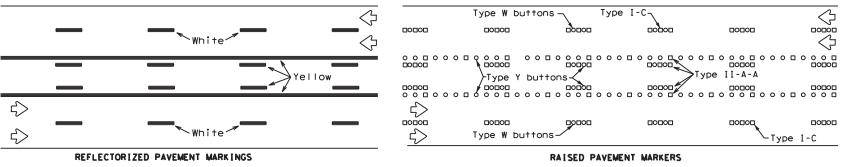
CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY

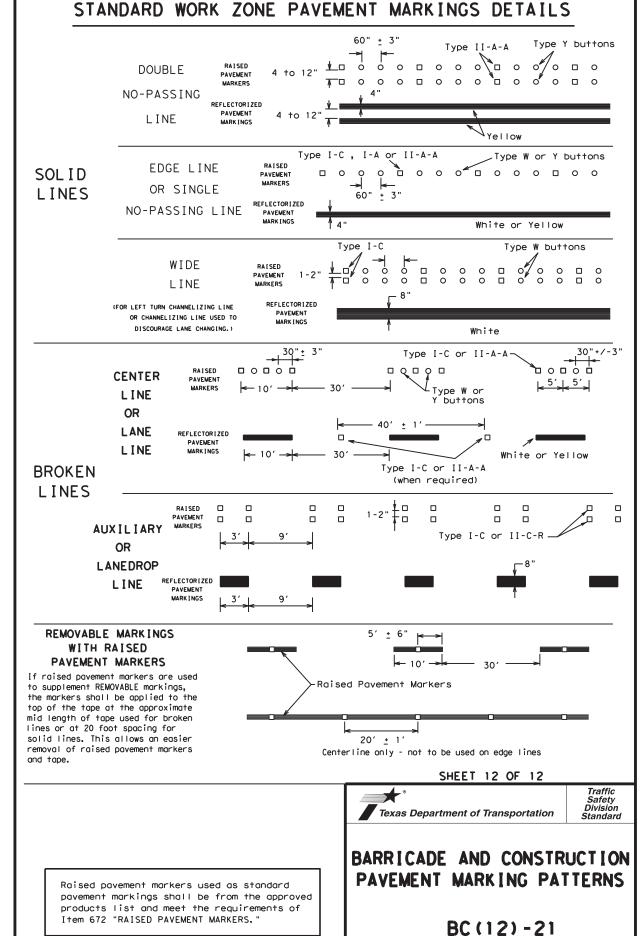


LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO

IH 20, ETC.

001

PARKER, ETC.

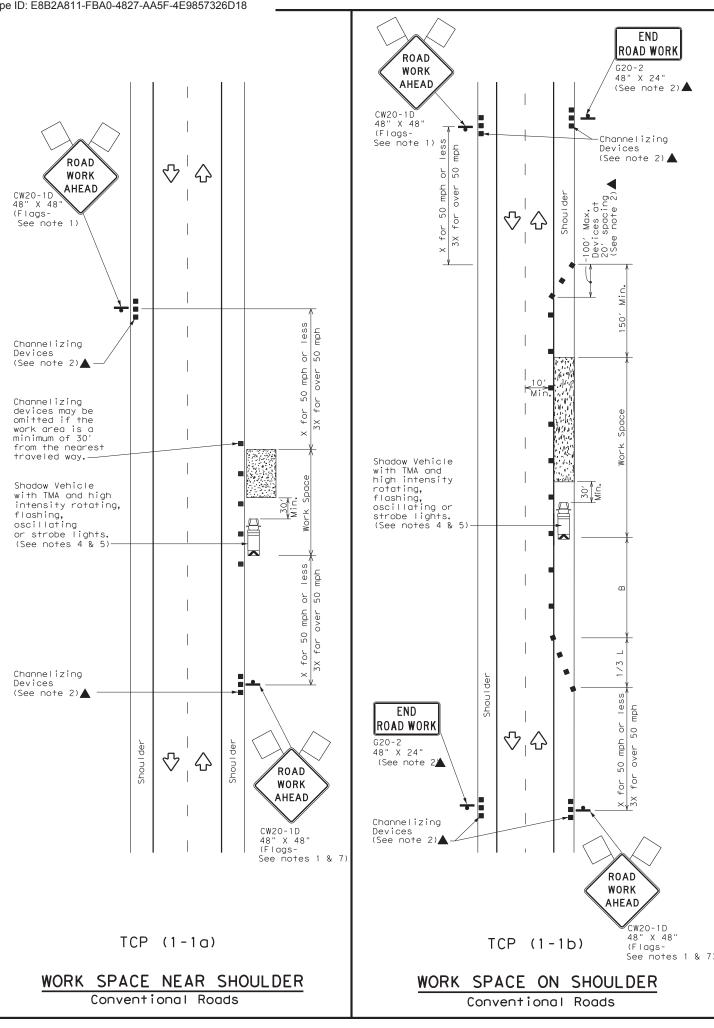
6382 07

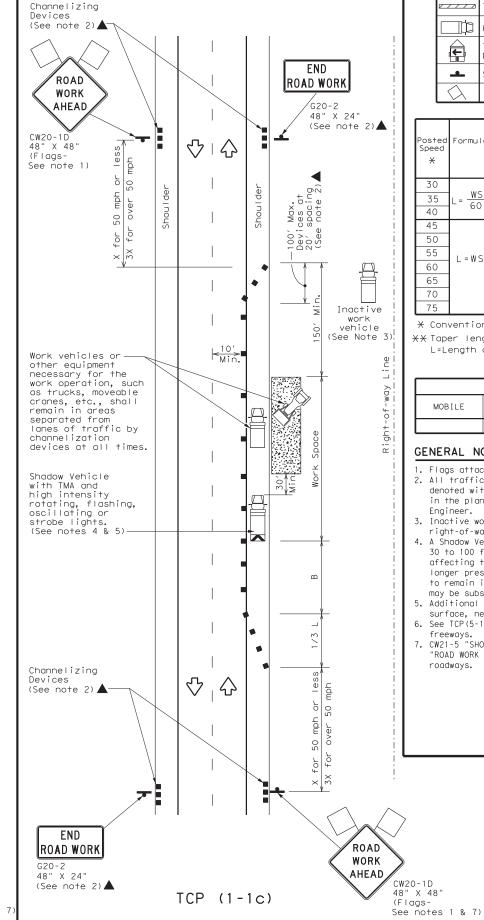
FTW

C)TxDOT February 1998

1-97 9-07 5-21

2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14





WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
4	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	LO	Flagger						

Posted Formula Speed		* * *			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a On a Taper Tangent		Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	✓	✓							

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
- 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(1-1)-18

ILE: tcp1-1-18.dgn	DN: TxD	N: TXDOT CK:TXDOT DW:		DW: TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 9-94 4-98	6382	07	001	IH	20, ETC.
3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	FTW	Р	ARKER, E	TC.	19

DocuSign Envelope ID: E8B2A811-FBA0-4827-AA5F-4E9857326D18 Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction CW20-4D 48" X 48' ROAD WORK Same as Below ONE LANE ROAD G20-2 ROAD WORK ♡□☆ 48" X 24" No warranty of any for the conversion AHEAD AHEAD 48" X 48" (See note 2)▲ 42" X 42 " X 42 PREPARED CW20-1D TO STOP TΟ (Flags-See note 1) **ONCOMING** TRAFFIC CW20-7 13 R1 - 2aP DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". Kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting fro 48" X 36" (See note 8) W END CW16-2P XXX ROAD WORK 24" X 18" **FEET** (See note 2)▲ G20-2 48" X 24" Channelizing devices Except in separate work space emergencies, from traveled wayflagger stations illuminated at night —Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6) Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6) R1-2 42" X 42 " X 42" TΟ Except in ONCOMING R1-20P emergencies, XXX FEET flagger stations shall be TRAFFIC (See note 8) 24" X 18" (See note 2) 🛦 illuminated at night-BE PREPARED TO STOP CW3-4 48" X 48" (See note 2) 📥 ♡□☆ ♡ | む ONE LANE ROAD CW20-4D AHEAD ONE LANE 48" X 48" ROAD END AHEAD ROAD WORK CW20-4D 48" X 24" ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" ROAD (Flogs-TCP (1-2a) WORK See note 1) TCP (1-2b)

CW20-1D

(Flags-See note 13

ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS

(Less than 2000 ADT - See note 7)

48" X 48"

ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>£</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
_	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger						

Posted Speed	peed		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-	
30	WS ²	1501	1651	1801	30'	60′	1201	90,	2001
35	L = WS	2051	225'	2451	35′	701	1601	120'	250'
40	80	265'	2951	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′	3051
45		4501	4951	5401	45′	90′	3201	1951	360'
50		500'	550′	6001	50′	1001	4001	240′	425'
55	L=WS	5501	6051	6601	55′	110'	5001	295′	495'
60	L-#3	600'	660'	7201	60′	120'	600'	350′	570′
65		6501	7151	780′	65′	1301	700′	410′	645'
70		7001	770'	8401	701	140′	8001	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150'	900'	540′	8201

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet. 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet
- in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

#### TCP (1-2a)

- R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

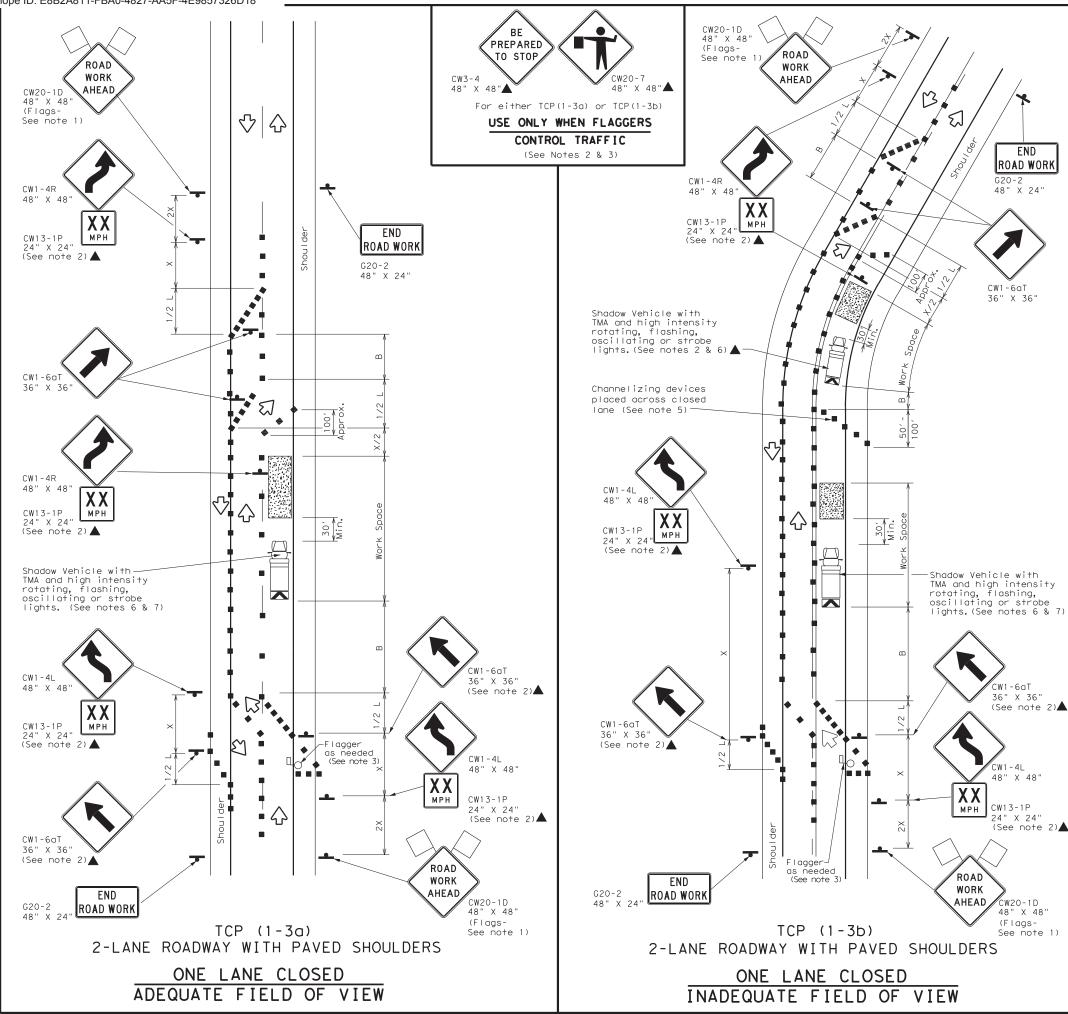


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	ON: TxD	ОТ	ck:TxDOT	DW: T	xDOT	ck:TxDOT
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	108			H   GHWAY
4-90 4-98	6382	07	001	П	IH :	20, ETC.
2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	FTW		PARKER,	ETC	<u>).                                    </u>	20



	LEGEND								
~///	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Lo	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	* * *		Desirable Spacing of Staper Lengths Channelizing Space		Spacing of Channelizing		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	, ws²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1								

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

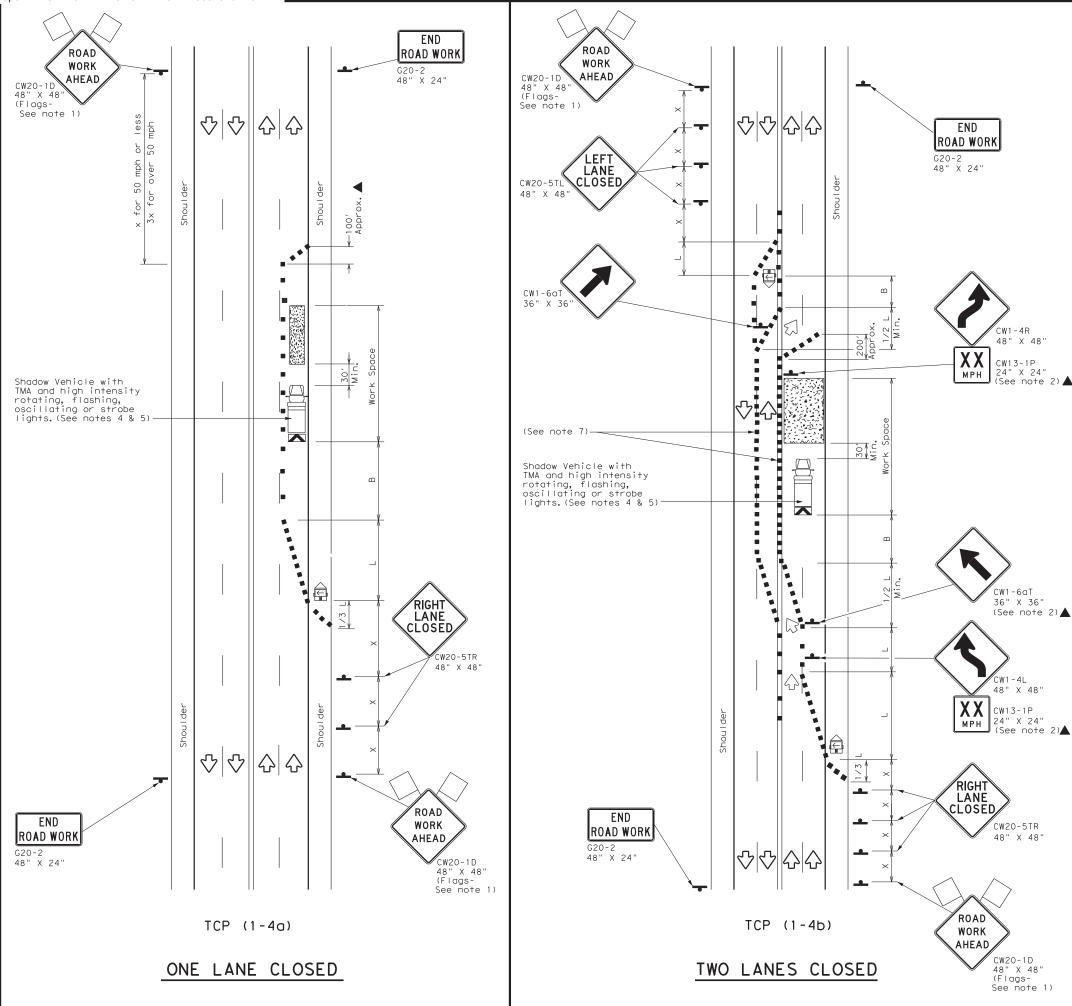
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

1	FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn	DN: TxD	OT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
1	© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		1	HIGHWAY
1	REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	6382	07	001		IH 2	.0, ETC.
1	8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	1-97 2-18	FTW		PARKER,	ETC	<u>`.                                    </u>	21

153

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	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Lo	Flagger						

Speed			Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **X			d Maximum ng of Iizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	" " "	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ★ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain i place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20° or 15° if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

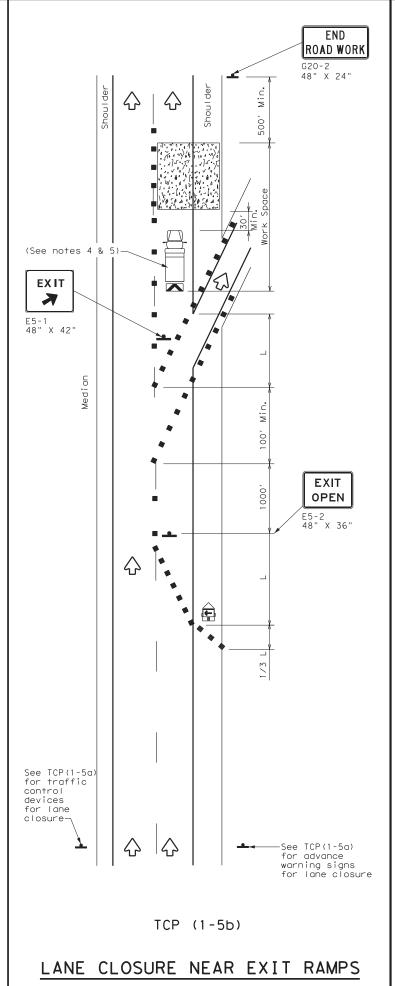


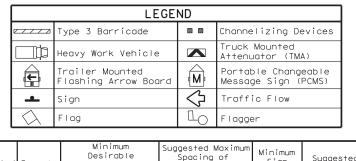
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ck: TxDOT	DW: TxD	OT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	6382	07	001		IH 20	, ETC.
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	FTW	F	ARKER, E	TC.		22





Posted Speed	Speed		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths XX			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-W3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
		✓							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(1-5)-18

ILE: †cp1-5-18.dgn		DN: TXDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW: T	: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT
) TxDOT	February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
2-18	REVISIONS	6382	07	001		IH 20, ETC.		), ETC.
2-10		DIST		COUNTY			S	HEET NO.
		FTW		PARKER.	ETC			23

LANE CLOSURE NEAR ENTRANCE RAMPS

TCP (1-5c)

USE

NEXT

RAMP

CW25-1T 48" X 48"

Channelizing Devices at 20' spacing

See TCP(1-4a)

RAMP

CLOSED

AHEAD

closure details if a lane closure is needed

to close a lane which is normally required to enter the ramp.

CW2ORP-3D 48" X 48"

RAMP

CLOSED

END Road Work

48" X 24"

30, Min

 $\Diamond$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

for advance

warning signs for lane closure

 $\Diamond$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

55 |

ONE LANE

ROAD

AHEAD

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-4D

48" X 48'

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

(Flags-

See note 1)

 $\Diamond$ 

TCP (1-6a)

ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH STOP/SLOW AFADS

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

 $\triangle$ 

END

ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24"

│ 公

ONE LANE

ROAD AHEAD

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

TCP (1-6b)

ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL

WITH RED/YELLOW LENS AFADS

CW20-4D

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1)

	LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
	Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD)	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
	Flag		Flaager								

Posted Speed	Formula	* *		le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12′ Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	WS ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	2951	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	451	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L - W 3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

#### GENERAL NOTES

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48'

See note 1)

(Flags-

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. AFADs shall only be used in situations where there is one lane of approaching traffic in the direction to be controlled.
- 3. Adequate stopping sight distance must be provided to each AFAD location for approaching traffic. (See table above). 4. Each AFAD shall be operated by a qualified/certified flagger. Flaggers operating AFADs
- shall not leave them unattended while they are in use. 5. One flagger may operate two AFADs only when the flagger has an unobstructed view of
- both AFADs and of the approaching traffic in both directions. 6. When pilot cars are used, a flagger controlling traffic shall be located on each
- approach. AFADs shall not be operated by the pilot car operator.
- 7. All AFADs shall be equipped with gate arms with an orange or fluorescent red-orange flag attached to the end of the gate arm. The flag shall be a minimum of 16" square.
- 8. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 9. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to
- 10. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.

- traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- one 48" x 30" sign. They shall not obscure the face of the STOP/SLOW AFAD.
- 15. The R10-6 "STOP HERE ON RED" arrow sign shall be offset so as not to obscure the lenses of the AFAD.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

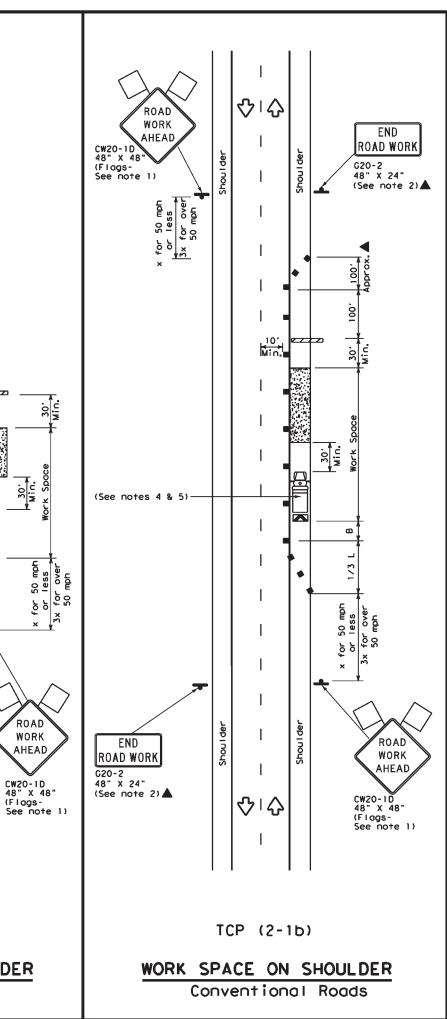
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN AUTOMATED FLAGGER ASSISTANCE DEVICES (AFADS)

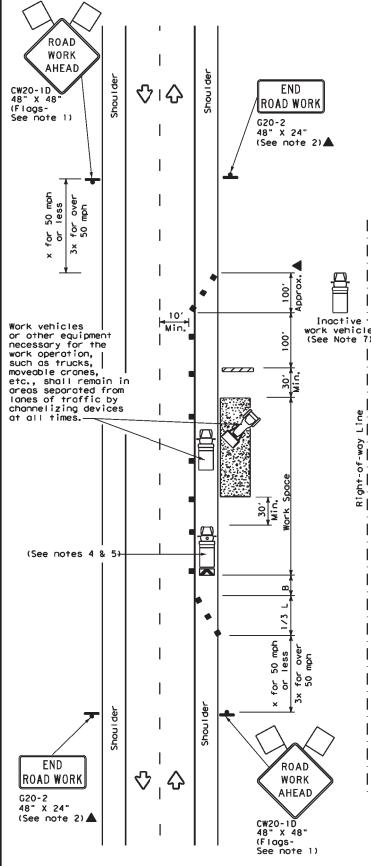
TCP(1-6)-18

ı	FILE:	DN: TXD	DOT   CK: TXDOT DW: TX		TxDOT		ck:TxDOT		
ı	© TxD0T	February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
ı		REVISIONS	6382	07	001	001 IH 20, ET		0, ETC.	
ı	2-18		DIST		COUNTY SHEET		SHEET NO.		
			FTW		PARKER,	ETC	<u>.</u>		24

those shown in order to protect wider work spaces. II. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 12. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the AFAD. 13. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading 14. The R1-7aT "WAIT ON STOP" sign and the R1-8aT "GO ON SLOW" sign shall be installed at the AFAD location on separate supports or they may be fabricated as

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "lexas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by IXDOI for any purpose whatsoever. IXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting fram its use. **♡**। WORK AHEAD 48" x 48" (Flags-See note 1) 50 r Channelizing devices may be omitted if the work area is a minimum of 30' from the nearest traveled way. (See notes 4 & 5) ◇Ⅰ☆ TCP (2-1a) WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER Conventional Roads





TCP (2-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

LEGEND										
	Type 3 Borricode	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
_	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Box$	Flag	D	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	**			Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60'	1201	90'
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	245'	351	701	160'	120'
40	60	2651	2951	3201	40'	80'	240'	155′
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	1951
50		5001	5501	600'	501	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55′	110′	5001	295'
60	"3	600'	6601	7201	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	651	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	7701	840′	70′	140′	8001	475′
75		7501	8251	900,	751	150'	900,	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY								
	✓	4 4 4										

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

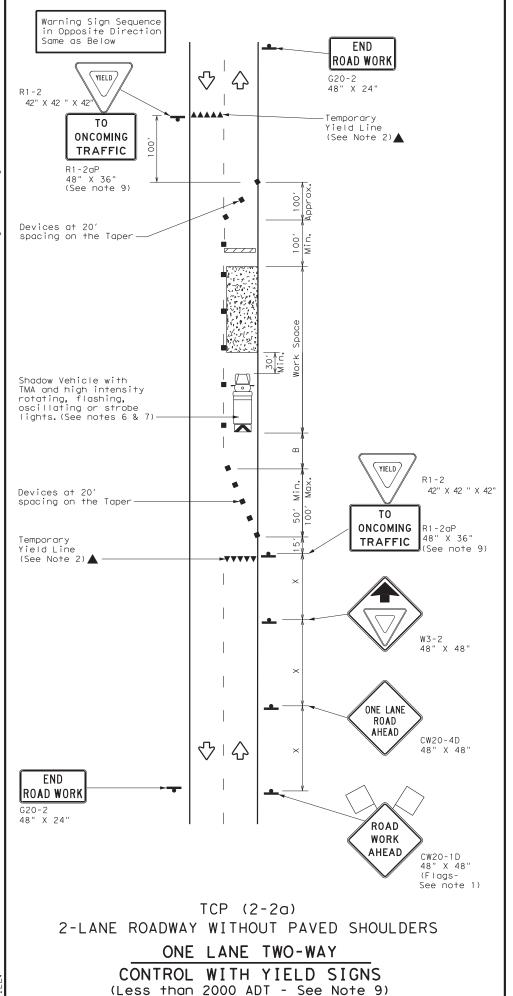
Texas Department of Transportation

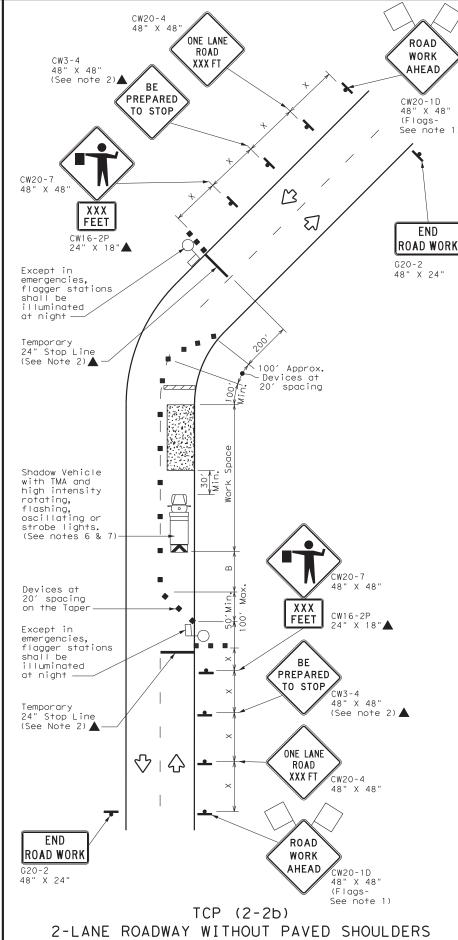
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

ILE: tcp2-1-18, dgn	ON: TXD	ОТ	ck: TxDOT	DW: TxDO	T CK:TXDOT
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	108		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	6382	07	001	IH	l 20, ETC.
2-94 4-96 B-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	FTW		PARKER, I	ETC.	25





ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND									
V////	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
□坤	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	LO	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab	Spacing of Channelizing X X Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	, ws²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	- 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1	1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol
  may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
  by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Snadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-2a)

8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.

9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

#### TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
- 12. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.



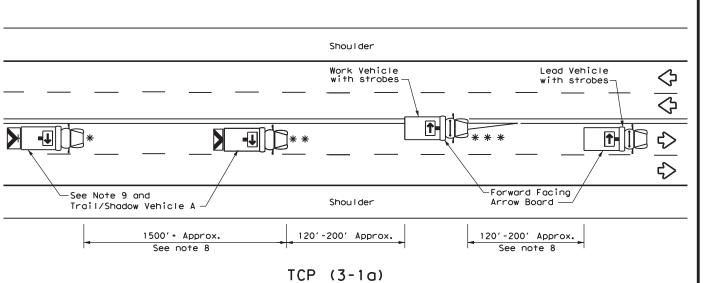
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

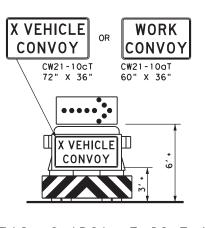
TCP(2-2)-18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ck: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TXDOT
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	6382	07	001	IH.	l 20, ETC.
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	FTW		PARKER, E	ETC.	26

162

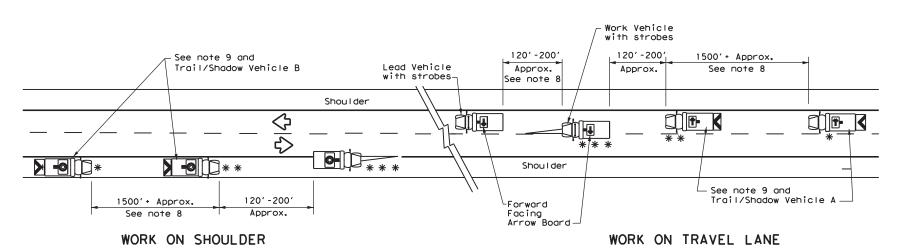


# UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY



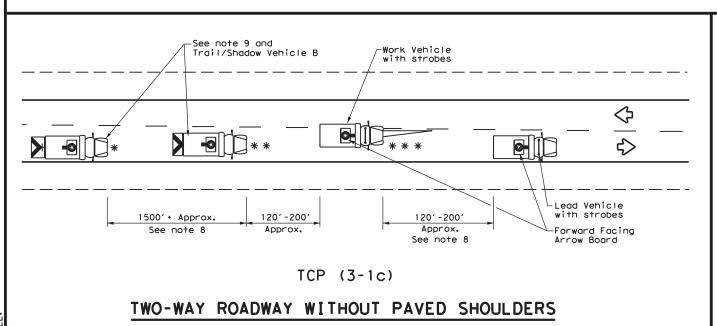
#### TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

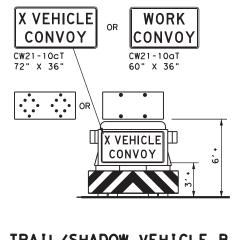
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

#### TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





#### TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

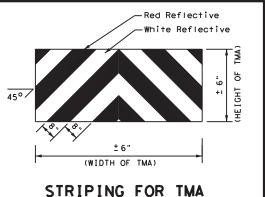
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND								
* Trail Vehicle									
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>F</b>	LEFT Directional						
Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)  Double Arrow									
<b>♡</b>	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
1									

#### GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL. SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



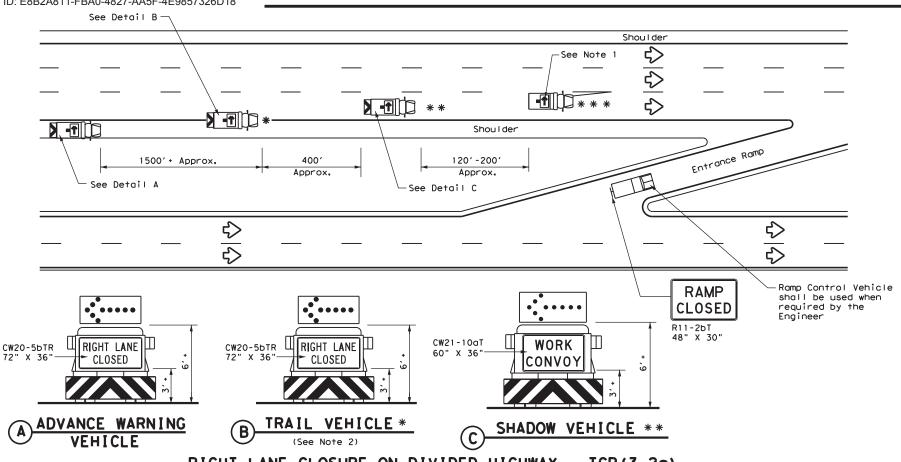


# Traffic Operations Division Standard TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS

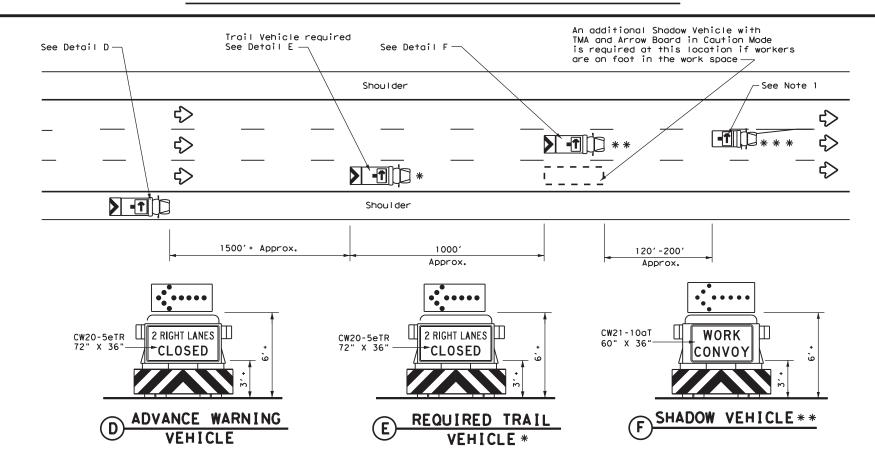
TCP(3-1)-13

		- •	_	- •	_	_	
ILE:	tcp3-1.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>T×DOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
2-94 4-98	REVISIONS	6382	07	001		IH 2	0, ETC.
8-95 7-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97		FTW	F	PARKER, I	ETC		27

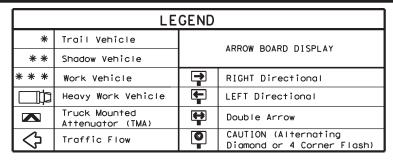
UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



RIGHT LANE CLOSURE ON DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP (3-20)



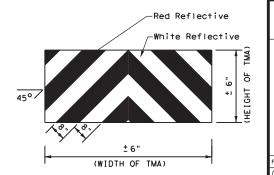
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)



	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
1											

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



STRIPING FOR TMA

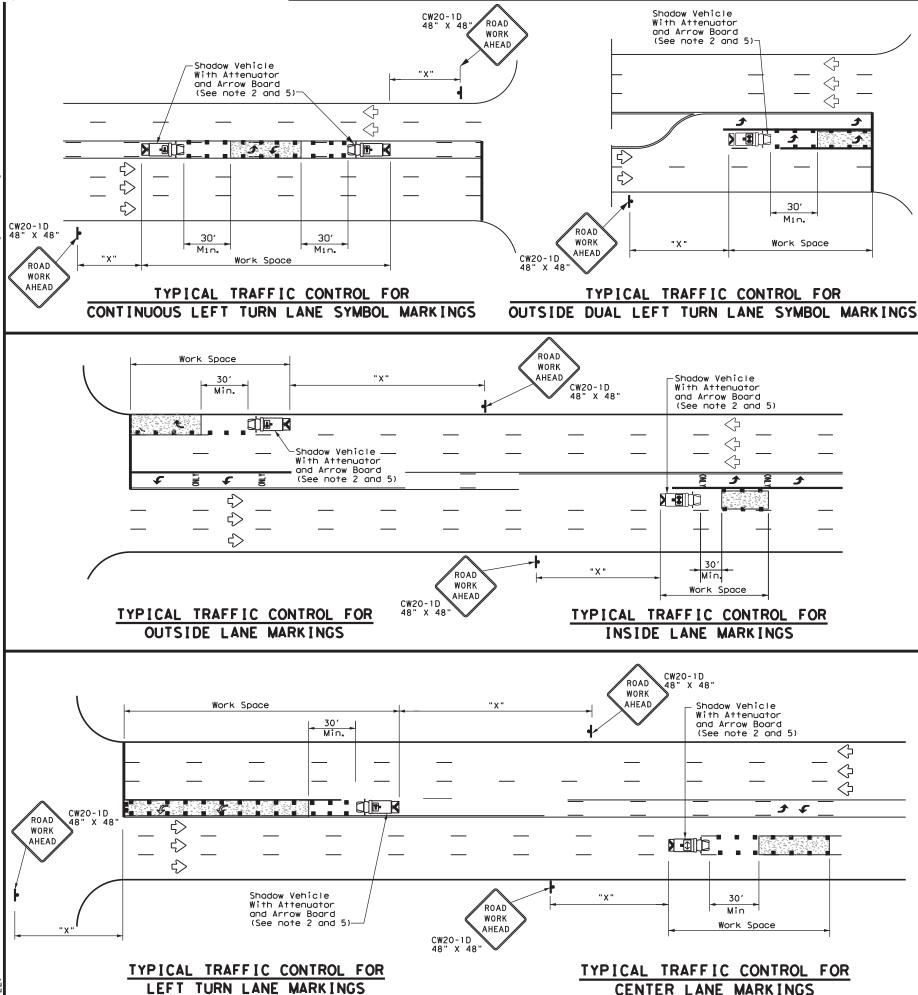


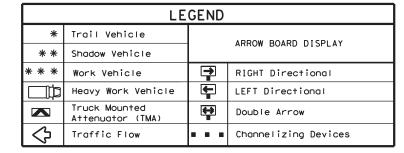
Traffic Operations Division Standard

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-2) -13

		_			_	
ILE: tcp3-2.dgn	DN: T>	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	6382	07	001		IH 2	0, ETC.
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97	FTW	Р	ARKER, E	TC.		28





Posted Speed	Formula	* * Devices		ng of Lizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120'	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90'	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- ""	6001	6601	720′	60′	120'	600′	350'
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840'	701	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′

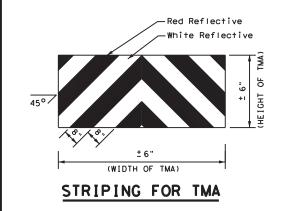
- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
1											

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take longer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.
- 2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Striping on the back panel of all truck mounted attenuators shall be 8" red and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification DMS-8300, Type A.
- All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- 4. The use of yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 5. Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Standards. The arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.





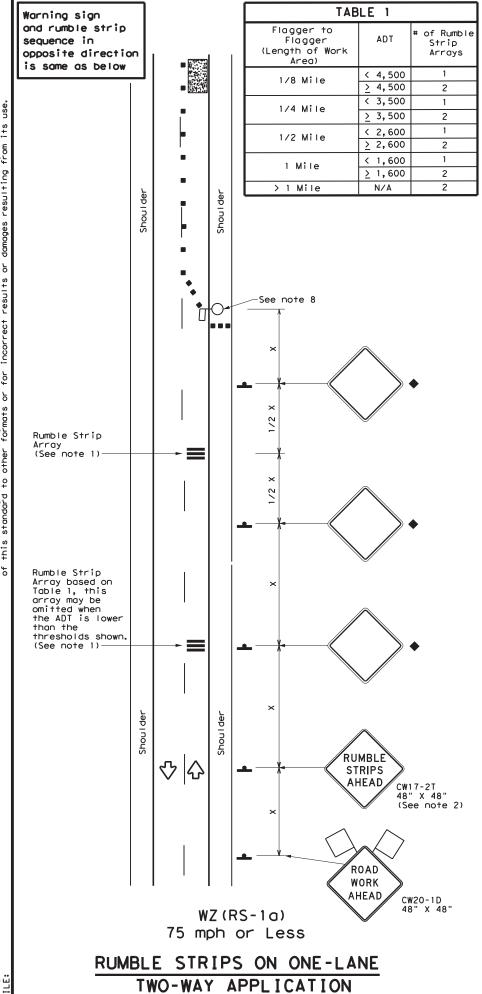
Traffic Operations Division Standard

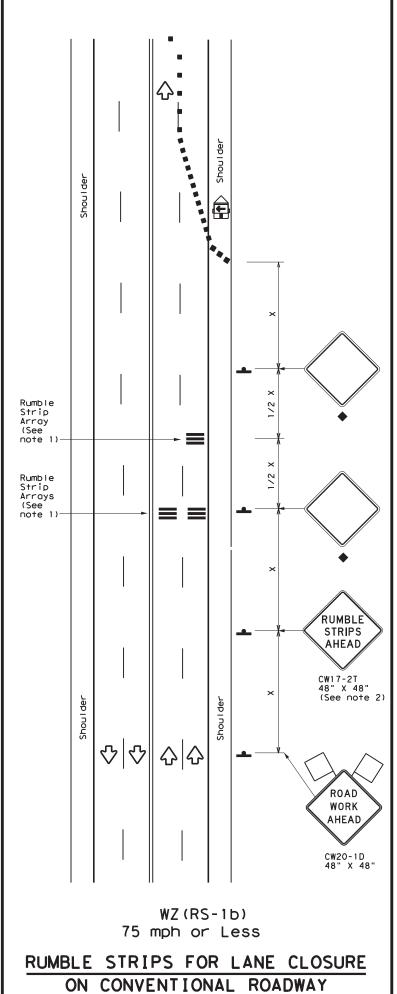
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
MOBILE OPERATIONS FOR
ISOLATED WORK AREAS
UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-4) -13

ILE:	tcp3-4.dgn	DN: T	(DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	July, 2013	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	6382 07 001			IH 2	0, ETC.	
		DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		FTW		PARKER	, ET	C.	29

178





#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger						

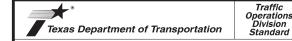
Posted Speed	Formula	** Devices		ng of Lizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90′
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		6501	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	7701	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
  L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
  S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	E SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TER DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	✓	<b>√</b>								

Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

TABLE 2								
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array							
≤ 40 MPH	10'							
> 40 MPH & < 55 MPH	15′							
> 55 MPH	20′							



TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ (RS) - 16

FILE:	wzrs16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	ſ	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	November 2012	CONT SECT JOB HI				HIG	H] GHWAY	
	REVISIONS	6382	07	001		IH 20, ETC.		, ETC.
2-14 4-16		DIST			SHEET NO.			
4-16		FTW		PARKER,	, ET	C.		30

approved

substrate  $\triangle$ 

#### See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

ROAD

WORK

Flags as required by Engineer

or as shown on plans

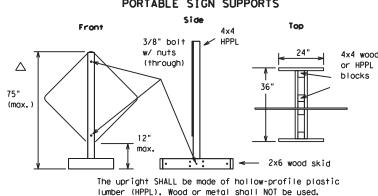
48" X 48"

12" min.

24" max.

#### EXAMPLES OF SIGN SUPPORTS

#### SHORT TERM DURATION. DAYTIME USE ONLY PORTABLE SIGN SUPPORTS



1 Foot Mounting Height

48" X 48'

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports.

Nails will NOT be allowed.

#### *CW21-SPECIAL CW21-9 CW20-1B CW20-1D MOWERS WORKERS WORK AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD

SIGN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND

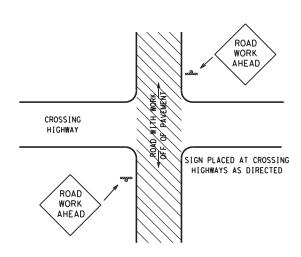
MOWERS AHEAD SIGNS ARE USED FOR MOWING OPERATIONS.

LITTER PICKUP AHEAD. ROAD WORK AHEAD AND WORKER AHEAD SIGNS ARE USED AS DIRECTED FOR OTHER MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS WHEN ALL WORK OCCURS OFF OF THE PAVED HIGHWAY SURFACE.

#### ROLL-UP SIGNS CONFORMING TO DMS-8310 AND THE CWZTCD ALLOWED

48" X 48"

*Letter dimensions and spacing for "CW21-SPECIAL" is the same as C20-1D>

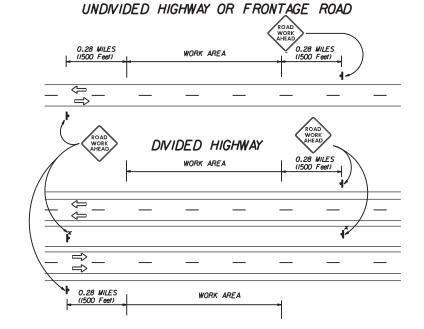


#### TYPICAL LOCATION OF SIGNS AT HIGHWAY CROSSING

WORK AREA IS A MAXIMUM OF 2.0 MILES UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED. SIGNS MAY REMAIN IN PLACE ONLY DURING DAYLIGHT HOURS. SIGNS ARE TO BE PLACED 6'TO 12'OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED.

ROAD WORK AHEAD SIGNS SHOWN AS EXAMPLES, ONE OF THE FOUR TYPE SIGNS WILL BE USED AS DIRECTED.

* SIGNS IN THE MEDIAN ARE REQUIRED WHEN WORK OCCURS IN MEDIAN



48" X 48"

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR WORK OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- 1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and quide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. The additional signs requested by the Engineer/Inspector shall not be subsidiary.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so that the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for sign installations and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 10. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### Duration of Work (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part VI)

- 1. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support and substrate meets crashworthiness. For mowing operation all signs and supportS are Short-term Duration for daytime work.
- 2. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on this sheet or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure that the sign substrate is allowed for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat. 1/2" thick by 6" wide. fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign faces.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- Reflectorized signs shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 or DMS-8310. The DMS specifications can be accessed from the following web address:
  - http://manuals.dot.state.tx.us:80/dynaweb/colmates/@Generic__CollectionView;cs=default;ts=default
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type C (High Specific Intensity), shall be used for signs with white background and channelizing devices.
- Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type E (Fluorescent Prismatic), shall be used for signs with orange backgrounds. SIGN LETTERS
- 1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- Signs should be removed or completely covered when not mowing.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 3. Signs and supports shall be removed by the end of the day.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry cohesionless sand is recommended.
- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
  - Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
  - Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact.
  - Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used for sandbags.
  - Rubber ballasts (such as those used with cones or edgeline channelizers) shall NOT be used as sign support weights.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign supports.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Any sign, sign support or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced or repaired as soon as possible by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.

SHEET 1 OF 1

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contacting:

Standards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3120 Fox (512) 416-3299

This site is printable.

Instructions to locate the "CWZTCD" on TxDOT website are:

Start at website - www.dot.state.tx.us Click on "About TxDOT", Click on "Organizational Chart". Click on Traffic Operations Box. Click on "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices". Click on "View PDF".

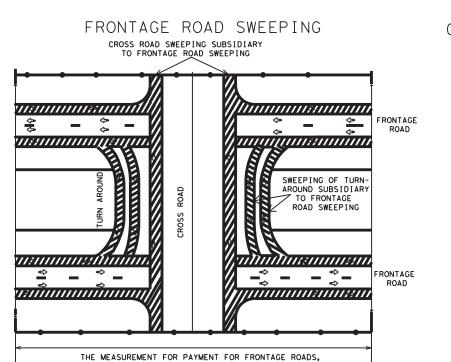


ROADSIDE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

RS-TCP-05

FILE: RSTCP05		DN:	TXDOT	ck: T)	(DOT	DW: - TXDOT	CK: - T	XDOT	NEG NO.:	TXDOT
	200	)5	STATE DISTRICT	STATE FEDERAL DISTRICT REGION FEDERAL AID PROJECT					SHEET	
REVISED: September 17, 2004			FTW	N/A			31			
REVISED: FEBRUARY 2, 2005 Sign placement in TCP					CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	H1GHWAY		
REVISED:			PARKER, ETC.				6382	07	001	IH 20 ETC.

NOT TO SCALE

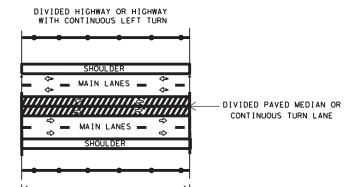


CROSS ROADS, AND TURN AROUND IS MEASURED IN MILES ALONG THE RIGHT-OF-WAY CENTER LINE. MEASUREMENT WILL BE MADE PARALLEL TO THE LONGEST FRONTAGE ROAD.

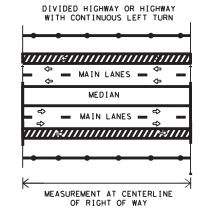
#### CENTER MEDIAN SWEEPING

MEASUREMENT AT CENTERLINE

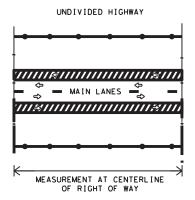
OF RIGHT OF WAY

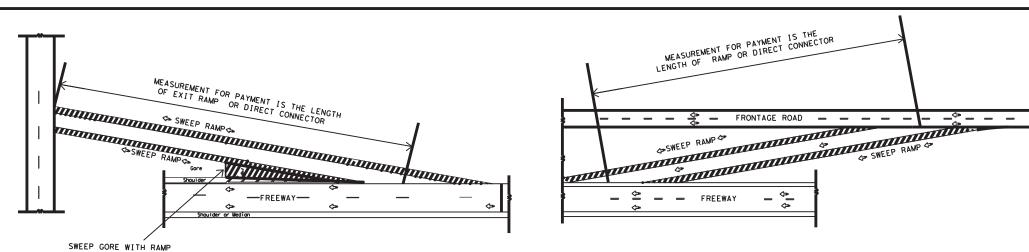


#### OUTSIDE MAIN LANE SWEEPING



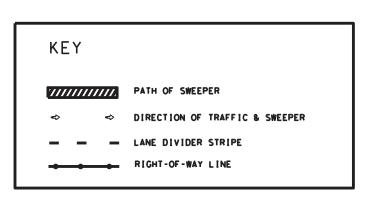
#### OUTSIDE MAIN LANE SWEEPING





RAMPS OR DIRECT CONNECTORS

PAYMENT ITEM	NORMAL NUMBER OF PASSES OF THE SWEEPER	MEASUREMENT OF CENTER LINE MILES	OTHER AREAS SUBSIDARY TO PAYMENT ITEM		
SWEEPING (CENTER MEDIAN)	2	OF RIGHT OF WAY	NONE		
SWEEPING (OUTSIDE MAIN LANE)	2	OF RIGHT OF WAY	NONE		
SWEEPING (ONE FRONTAGE ROAD)	2	OF RIGHT OF WAY	CROSS ROADS & TURN AROUNDS		
SWEEPING (TWO FRONTAGE ROADS)	4	OF RIGHT OF WAY	CROSS ROADS & TURN AROUNDS		
SWEEPING (RAMP)	2	OF RAMP	GORE AREA		
SWEEPING (DIRECT CONNECTOR)	2	OF CONNECTOR	GORE AREA		



#### Texas Department of Transportation

Maintenance Division Standard Plans

SWEEPING HIGHWAYS

SHEET 1 OF 1

SWEEP - 04

NOT TO SCALE

FILE: SWEEPO4.DGN	DN:	TXDOT	ск: ТХ[	TOC	DW: -	TXDOT	CK: - TX	DOT	NEG NO.:	
©TxDOT MAY 2004	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL FEDERA			FEDERAL	AID PROJ	IECT	•	SHEET	
REVISED:		FTW	N/A	N/A						32
REVISED:		COUNTY				CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY	
REVISED:		PARKER, ETC.					6382	07	001	IH 20 ETC.