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STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT TYPE OF WORK:

TRAFFIC CONTROL SERVICES

PROJECT NO.: RMC 6362-04-001
LIMITS OF WORK: VARIOUS LOCATIONS WITHIN THE ATLANTA DISTRICT

ATLANTA DISTRICT MAP	BORTE CASS	

AMPHICS FILE SHEET AD. PROJECT NO. RMC 6362-04-001 STATE DIST. STATE TEXAS ATL BOWIE, ETC. CONT. SECT. HIEMBAY NO. J08 CHECKED 6362 04 001 US 59, ETC.

AREA	OF DISTURBED SOIL :O ACRES
CONT	RACTOR MANE:
CONT	RACTOR ADDRESS:
DATE	WORK BEGAN:
DATE	WORK COMPLETED:
DATE	OF ACCEPTANCE

The construction work was performed in substantial compliance with the contract.

P.E.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE HIS OWN INVESTIGATIONS AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR DELIVERY OF MATERIALS.

WARNING SIGNS

CONSTRUCTION SIGN AND BARRICADE PLACEMENT SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART VI OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, AS SHOWN ON BC SHEETS AND AS SPECIFIED HEREIN OR AS DIRECTED.

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

April 14, 20 21

Judge P.E

DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

4/27/2021 20

APPROVED FOR
LETTING:
DocuSigned by:

DISTRICT ENGINEER

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION (TEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

NO SCALE

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Y BORIE, ETC. PROJ. NO. NOINE 59, ELCLETTING DATE. ACCEPTED.

Project Number: RMC 636204001 Sheet 3

County: Bowie, etc.

Control: 6362-04-001

Highway: US 59, etc.

GENERAL NOTES:

General:

Questions regarding the plans and/or the project prior to the contract being awarded should be referred to

Jason Dupree, P.E. – Director of Maintenance

Jason Dupree à txdot gov

Charlotte Aslin – Contract Specialist

Charlotte Aslin (3) txdot gov

Contractor questions will only be accepted through email to the above individuals. All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://fip.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name

Questions regarding the plans and/or the project after the contract has been awarded should be referred to the Managing Engineer:

Jason Dupree, P.E. Atlanta District Director of Maintenance 701 E. Main St. Atlanta, TX 75551 903-799-1248

This project consists of performing temporary traffic control and flagging operations to assist Department forces in maintenance activities on various roadways with the Atlanta District. This project covers the following 9 counties: Bowie, Camp, Cass, Harrison, Marion, Morris, Panola, Titus and Upshur.

General Notes Sheet A

Project Number: RMC 636204001 Sheet 3

County: Bowie, etc.

Control: 6362-04-001

Highway: US 59, etc.

All work on this contract will be scheduled and directed by the Maintenance Section Supervisors as fisted:

-		
MAINTENANCE SECTION	MAINTENANCE SUPERVISOR	TELEPHONE NUMBER
CARTHAGE	KYLE WEATHERFORD	903-693-6331
DAINGERFIELD	CARL PETERS	903-645-2519
GILMER	CHRIS MOORE	903-797-3100
JEFFERSON	ROBERT SMITH	903-665-2692
UNDEN	JAMES BARRON	903-756-5031
MARSHALL	MATT BURNS	903-935-2809
MT. PLEASANT	CARL PETERS	903-572-8511
NEW BOSTON	JAY GREEN	903-628-2321
TEXARKANA	KELLI SPEER	903-838-8574

Perform duties with multiple crews on various roadways within the Atlanta District on any given day.

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts.

Prior to beginning operations, the Department will arrange a preconstruction conference between representatives of the Department and the Contractor. In this meeting, the representatives from all parties will discuss the contract, proposed procedures and the plans for performing the work while providing for safe passage of traffic at all times. Specifications, unusual conditions, and other pertinent items regarding the work will also be discussed.

Do not park personal vehicles of employees within the right-of-way at any time, including any section closed to public traffic, unless the vehicle is being used for the construction procedures. If approved by the Department, employees may park on the right-of-way at sites where the contractor has his office or equipment and materials storage yard.

General Notes

Sheet B

Project Number: RMC 636204001 Sheet 3

County: Bowie, etc.

Control: 6362-04-001

Highway: US 59, etc.

Department-approved safety hats and safety vests will be worn by all workers and visitors when

Workers are outside of vehicles at all outdoor worksites. This includes those who occasionally visit worksites either on the highway surface or right-of-way.

Working in areas where there is a danger of head injury from impact, from falling or flying objects, or from electrical shock or burns.

Non-compliance with this requirement will be grounds for suspension of work

Item 2: Instructions to Bidders

This project includes plan sheets that are not part of the bid proposal. Views plans on-line or download from the web at: http://www.txdot.gov.state.tx/business/plansonline/p

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors_consultants/repro_companies.htm

Item 4: Scope of Work

It is the intent of this contract, for the contractor to supply a traffic control crew, along with traffic control devices, to each Maintenance Office daily However, the Department reserves the right to call off traffic control crews for weather, monthly safety days, and other instances where traffic control is not required for the day.

For the purposes of this contract, a "day" will start over at 11:59pm/12:00am. In the event a truck mounted attenuator (TMA) is released for the day and is then called back, another day will be charged.

One work order will be issued, per maintenance section office, to cover the duration of the contract, including any extensions of the contract by Special Provision 004-002. Item 500-6033 "Mobilization (Callout)" will be paid for each of these 9 work orders. All work on this contract will be covered by these 9 work orders, including all requests for use of the items included in this contract.

A minimum 12-hour verbal notice will be given by each designated Department personnel prior to the requested time of services. At a minimum, provide a 3-man crew, rumble strips and a truck capable of hauling traffic control devices to each of the 9 Maintenance Sections Provide any additional traffic control devices (attenuators, portable changeable message boards, etc.) as required in the notice. TMAs include an operator that is not part of the 3-man crew. Report to the Maintenance Office yard each morning that services are requested to receive directions for required traffic control plan, schedule of work and location.

In the event the contract is extended in accordance with Special Provision 004-002, no additional mobilization will be added to the contract or paid for the extension.

General Notes Sheet C

Project Number: RMC 636204001 Sheet 3

County: Bowie, etc.
Highway: US 59, etc.

Bowie, etc. Control: 6362-04-001

Item 8: Prosecution and Progress

Time charges will be in accordance with Article 8.3.1.5 "Calendar Day".

Project Schedules meeting the requirements of Article 5 will not be required on this contract.

Unless otherwise approved, work will not begin before daylight and all operations will stop in sufficient time to have signs removed from the road before dark.

Work on the contract will begin September 1, 2021.

Liquidated damages will be assessed when the Contractor fails to begin work within the specified response times and/or the Contractor does not have all personnel and pieces of equipment necessary to fulfill the requirement of the item(s). The dollar amount specified in this contract will be deducted from any money due or to become due for any Item(s) and will continue to be deducted for each day until work begins. This amount will be assessed not as a penalty, but as liquidated damages.

Item 7239: Lane Closures (Hourly)

Install temporary rumble strips in accordance with WZ(RS)-16 wherever short duration or short term stationary lane closures are in place and workers are present.

Restrict the movement of equipment across traffic lanes to an absolute minimum

Use strobe lights or rotating beacons on all motorized equipment, operating on or adjacent to the road surface.

Existing traffic signs which provide conflicting information to the driver during various stages will be covered until such time that a conflict no longer exists

Furnish and install all signs, barricades, and other incidentals that are not provided by the Department, in accordance with Part VI of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, or as directed. All warning signs must be factory made and in satisfactory condition.

Comply with TCP standards included in these plans. If there is a situation not covered by these standards, then comply with the applicable TCP sheets that are available on the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/msdtdot/orgehart/end/eserve/standard/toe.htm

When necessary, provide flagmen properly attired in a white hard hat, approved safety vest and stop/slow paddle. Provide two-way radios in areas for flaggers and TxDOT crew leader.

Ensure equipment and materials are a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the edge of the travel lane during non-working hours.

General Notes

Sheet D

Project Number: RMC 636204001

Sheet 3

County: Bowie, etc.

Control: 6362-04-001

Highway: US 59, etc.

Provide flaggers at the ends of work areas and at all other points of conflict with roadway machinery and roadway traffic when and as directed.

Erect signs in locations not obstructing the traveling public's view of the normal roadway signing or necessary sight distance at intersections and curves

Install and maintain temporary traffic control devices, barricades and channelizing devices in accordance with the type of traffic control plan specified or as directed. Provide rumble strips and truck mounted attenuators as required. Rumble strips and arrow boards as shown on the traffic control plan will not be separate pay items, but will be considered subsidiary to Item 7239 "Lane Closure (Hourly)" of the type specified. Provide additional flaggers, portable changeable message signs, arrow boards and TMAs not shown on the TCP standard but required by the Department. These items will be paid for under the appropriate bid item. Truck mounted attenuators, whether shown on the traffic control plan or added by the Department will be paid for under Item 6185. Portable Changeable Message Signs, whether shown on the traffic control plan or added by the Department will be paid for under Item 6001.

Provide a 3-man crew for each Maintenance Section responsible for hauling all traffic control devices to the work location, installing, maintaining devices, and providing flagging services as required. These personnel will not be paid for separately, but is considered subsidiary to Item 7239 "Lane Closures (Hourly)" of the type specified. If traffic control plan requires more than 2 flaggers, provide additional flagging personnel as required. These additional flaggers will be paid for under Item 7239 "Furnish Additional Flagger."

If the work scheduled is a mobile operation, there will not be any payment made under Item 7239 "Lane Closures (Hourly)" Only payment under Item 6185 "TMA (Mobile Operation)" will be made for the number of required truck mounted attenuators required for the mobile operation.

Time for determining pay will begin at the time requested that the crew reports to the Maintenance Section's yard. Time will stop when the work operations are complete and the crew has removed the traffic control devices from the roadway. No time will be paid for travel to the Maintenance Section or for travel time returning at the end of the day. No time will be counted if the crew is late or if the crew fails to install or remove the traffic control devices in a reasonable amount of time.

If work operations are cancelled by the Department less than one hour prior to the scheduled arrival time, the Department will pay 4 hours for any hourly items requested for that day, and one half day payment for any requested stationary TMA.

Once work operations have begun for any given day, should the Department decide to stop work operations for any reason, the Department will pay a minimum of 4 hours per hourly item requested for that or for the actual number of hours used per item if greater than 4 hours Payment for a stationary TMA will be for 1 full day.

General Notes

Sheet E

Project Number: RMC 636204001

Sheet 3

County: Bowie, etc.

Control: 6362-04-001

Highway: US 59, etc.

Provide the traffic control described in the table below and as shown in the plans. See applicable plan sheets for details.

Types of Traffic Control Unit of Measure Lane Closure - 2 Lane Road HR TCP(1-2), TCP(2-2) I Lane Closure - Multilane Conventional/Divided Highway TCP(1-4a), TCP(1-5), TCP(2-4a), TCP(2-6), HR TCP(ATL-13), TCP(ATL-14a), TCP(ATL-15), TCP(ATL-16a), TCP(ATL-17b) Multiple Lane Closures - Multilane Conventional/Divided Highway TCP(1-4b), TCP(2-4b), TCP(ATL-14b), HR TCP(ATL-16b), TCP(ATL-17a), TCP(ATL-18) TCP(ATL-19), TCP(ATL-20) Freeway Lane Closure (includes closure of necessary Entrance and Exit Ramps) TCP(6-1) thru TCP(6-9), TCP(ATL-61), TCP(ATL-62) Miscellaneous Traffic Control using one of the following TCP Standards TCP(1-1), TCP(2-1), TCP(3-1), TCP(3-HR TCP(3-3), TCP(3-4), TCP(5-1), TCP(ATL-11), TCP(ATL-12), TCP(ATL-21)

General Notes

Sheet F

88	81818610136 (1844 b 98-418) 18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-1	
	1 2 3 4 5 1 0 9 6 0 1 c	

INDEX C	F SHEETS
SHEET NO.	
	GENERAL
1	TITLE SHEET
2	INDEX OF SHEETS
3, 3A-3F	GENERAL NOTES
4	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY
5	QUANTITY SUMMARY
	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS
6-17	* BC (1 THRU 12)-14
18	* WZ(RS)-16
19	* TCP (1-1)-18
20	* TCP (1-2)-18
21	* TCP (1-4)-18
22	* TCP (1-5)-18
23	* TCP (2-1)-18
24	* TCP (2-2)-18
25	* TCP (2-4)-18
26	* TCP (2-6)-18
27	* TCP (3-1)-13
28	* TCP (3-2)-13
29	* TCP (3-3)-14
30	* TCP (3-4)-13
31	* TCP (5-1)-18
32	* TCP (6-1)-12
33	* TCP (6-2)-12
34	* TCP (6-3)-12
35	* TCP (6-4)-12
36	* TCP (6-5)-12
37	* TCP (6-6)-12
38	* TCP (6-7)-12
39	* TCP (6-8)-14
40	* TCP (6-9)-14
41	* TCP (ATL-11)-14 (ATL DIST STD)
42	* TCP (ATL-12)-14 (ATL DIST STD)
43	* TCP (ATL-13)-15 (ATL DIST STD)
44	* TCP (ATL-14)-15 (ATL DIST STD)
45	* TCP (ATL-15)-15 (ATL DIST STD)
46	* TCP (ATL-16)-15 (ATL DIST STD)
47-48	* TCP (ATL-17)-15 (ATL DIST STD)
49	* TCP (ATL-18)-15 (ATL DIST STD)
50-51	* TCP (ATL-19)-15 (ATL DIST STD)
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* TCP (ATL-20)-14 (ATL DIST STD)

* TCP (ATL-21)-14 (ATL DIST STD)

*TCP (ATL-61)-14 (ATL DIST STD)

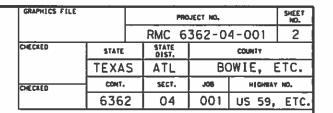
* TCP (ATL-62)-14 (ATL DIST STD)

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 THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

P.E. PE

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EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	ITEM NO.	DESC. CODE	SP NO.		T	EST.	FINAL
												0500	6033		MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	9.00	
												6001	6001		PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	200.00	
												6185	6002	002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	4,000.00	
												6185	6003	002	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR	20,000.00	
												7239	6001		LANE CLOSURE (TYPE 6)	HR	500.00	
												7239	6002		LANE CLOSURE (TYPE 1)	HR	30,000.00	
												7239	6003		LANE CLOSURE (TYPE 2)	HR	3,000.00	
												7239	6004		LANE CLOSURE (TYPE 3)	HR	600.00	
												7239	6005		LANE CLOSURE (TYPE 4)	HR	1,000.00	
										-	-	7239	6006		LANE CLOSURE (TYPE 5)	HR	6,000.00	
												7239	6007		FURN ADDITIONAL FLAGGER	HR	1,000.00	
					-					-	-	7239	6008		FURN ADDITIONAL ARROW BOARD	HR	600.00	
												7239	6009		PILOT VEHICLE AND OPERATOR	HR	1,000.00	
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ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET

FEDERAL REGION		PROJECT NO.				SHEET	NO.
6		RMC 6362-04-001				4	
STATE	STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWA	Y NO.
TEXAS	ATL	BOWIE, ETC.	6362	04	001	US 59,	ETC.

	6185-6002	6185-6003
MA INTENANCE SECTION	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)
	(DAY)	(HR)
CARTHAGE	444	2,222
DAINGERFIELD	444	2,222
GILMER	444	2,222
JEFFERSON	444	2,222
LINDEN	444	2,222
MARSHALL	444	2,222
MT. PLEASANT	444	2,222
NEW BOSTON	444	2,222
TEXARKANA	448	2,224
TOTAL	4,000	20,000

	6001-6001	7239-6007	7239-6008	7239-6009
MAINTENANCE SECTION	(1) PORTABLE CHANGABLE MESSAGE SIGN	FURNISH ADDITIONAL FLAGGER	(2) FURNISH ADDITIONAL ARROW BOARD	PILOT VECHILE AND OPERATOR
	(DAY)	(HRS)	(HRS)	(HRS)
CARTHAGE	22	111	67	111
DA INGERFIELD	22	111	67	111
GILMER	22	111	67	111
JEFFERSON	22	111	67	111
LINDEN	22	111	67	111
MARSHALL	22	111	67	111
MT. PLEASANT	22	111	67	111
NEW BOSTON	22	111	67	111
TEXARKANA	24	112	64	112
TOTAL	200	1,000	600	1,000

THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF EACH ITEM ON ANY GIVEN DAY, UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, IS AS FOLLOWS:

(1) 4 EACH DAY

(2) 4 EACH DAY

	7239-6002	7239-6003	7239-6004	7239-6005	7239-6006	7239-6001
MAINTENANCE SECTION	LANE CLOSURE (TYPE 1)	LANE CLOSURE (TYPE 2)	LANE CLOSURE (TYPE 3)	LANE CLOSURE (TYPE 4)	LANE CLOSURE (TYPE 5)	LANE CLOSURE (TYPE 6)
	(HRS)	(HRS)	(HRS)	(HRS)	(HRS)	(HR)
CARTHAGE	3,333	333	67	111	667	56
DAINGERFIELD	3, 333	333	67	111	667	56
GILMER	3,333	333	67	111	667	56
JEFFERSON	3, 333	333	67	111	667	56
LINDEN	3, 333	333	67	111	667	56
MARSHALL	3, 333	333	67	111	667	56
MT. PLEASANT	3, 333	333	67	111	667	56
NEW BOSTON	³ 3, 333	333	67	3 111	667	56
TEXARKANA	3, 336	336	64	112	664	52
TOTAL	30,000	3,000	600	1,000	6,000	500

SUMMARY SHEET



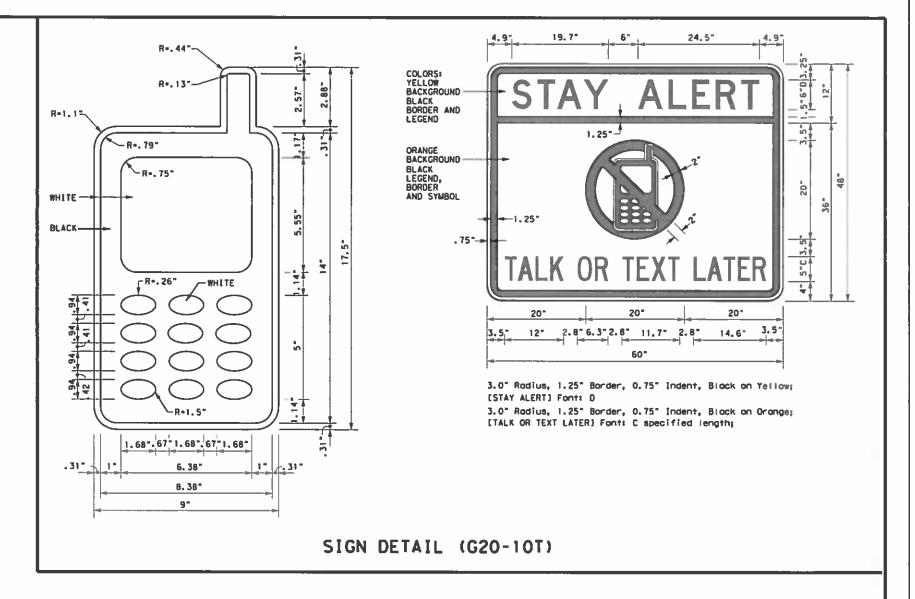
PED ROAD	PROJECT NO.								
6		RMC 6362-04-001							
STATE	STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HWY.	NG.		
TEKAS	ATL	BOWIE, ETC.	6362	04	0.00	59,	ET:		

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

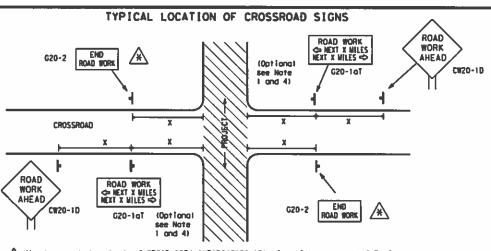
SHEET 1 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS
BC(1)-14

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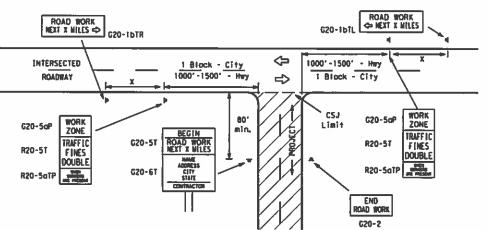
May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-10) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texos" manual for sign details. The Engineer may amit the advance warning signs on low valume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAYEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets. Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-laT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroods to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roodway is considered high valume.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T-INTERSECTION



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and occompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-61) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detaur signing called for in the plans.

SPEED

LIMIT

 $\mathsf{X}\mathsf{X}$

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

ROAD WORK AHEAD

R4-1 DO NOT PASS

appropriate:

location.

G20-2 ¥ 3

WORK

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 15.6

SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway		
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	46" × 48"	48" × 48"		
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"		
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"		

SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign ^Δ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 ²
60	600 2
65	700 ²
70	800 3
75	900 s
80	1000 ²
*	* 3

- For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- . Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-10) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossrood Signs".
- Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

BEGIN ROAD WORK MEXT X WILES * * G20-5T CW1-4L C#20-10 C#13-1P ROAD * *G20-6T WORK CW1 - 4F XX CWI3-IP AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or CW20-10 channelizing devices

* XR2-1 4 \Leftrightarrow => Beginning of -NO-PASSING ➾ WORK SPACE ➾ SPEED R2-1 LIMIT Channel izing Devices line should CSJ Limit END ROAD NORK $\langle * \rangle | X X$ coordinate with sign

then extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs one ploced in odvance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

NOTES

BEGIN WORK ZONE

TRAFFIC FINES

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

G20-10T#

 \Leftrightarrow

➾

OBEY WARNING

SICKS

STATE LAW

R20-31 X X

G20-9TP * *

R20-51* *

R20-5gTPX X

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES* (G20-57) sign for each specific project, This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the negrest whole mile with the approval of the Enginee No decimals shall be used.

END # G20-2bT # #

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double
- Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND						
<u> </u>	Type 3 Barricade						
000	Channelizing Devices						
-	Sign						
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Specing chart or the TMUTCD for sign specing requirements.						

SHEET 2 OF 12

Traffic Operation Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-14

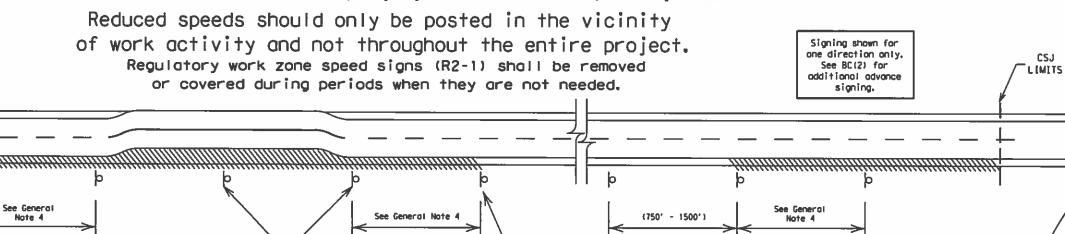
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ROAD CLOSED R11-2 Type 3 Barricode or channelizing devices	CN1-4L ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1	ROAD WORK WORK LD CWZD-1E # # BEGIN ROAD WORK REXT X MILES CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR ROAD WORK REXT X MILES CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	SPEED	TALK OR TEXT LATER G20-10T X **	OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW R20-3Y	30

➾ SPEED R2-1 LIMIT (X) END ROAD BORE G20-2 * *

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones." and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits,



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

Signing shown for

one direction only.

See BC(2) for

additional advance

signing.

SPEED LIMIT

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

(750' - 1500')

G20-5oP

R2-1

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

60

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

WORK ZONE

SPEED LIMIT

16 C

G20-5oP

R2-1

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

SPEED

LIMIT

- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be: 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign. "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over ar down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Low enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

SPEED LIMIT



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-14

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WORK

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

60

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

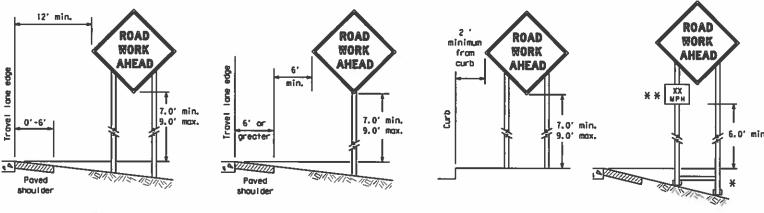
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G20-5oP

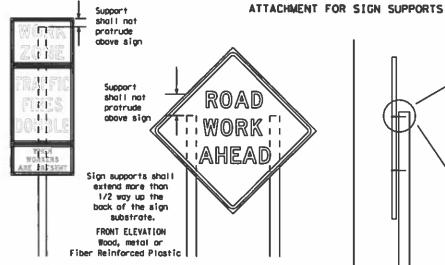
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

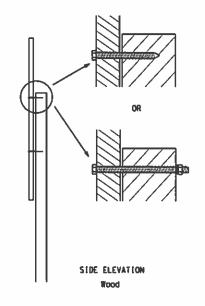


* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling,

** When plagues are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times naminal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.



Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or

other means.

Attochment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

monufacturer's recommended

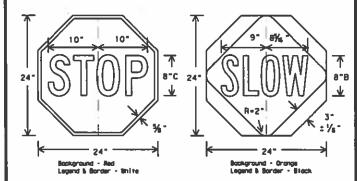
procedures for ottoching sign

substrates to other types of

sign supports

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW poddles are the primary method to control traffic by floggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- 2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are patentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or worning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roodway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SWD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashvorthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCO. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or troffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Borricodes shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worm, and guide the traveling public safety through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the IMUTCO but may have been anitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOI diarry and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, if there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer con verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
 Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

QURATION OF MORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- b. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 lntermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting
- Short-term stationary daytime work that accupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period,
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to I hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to opproximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-ferm/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
 The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the povement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCO lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. "Mesh" type materials are NOT on approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The clear shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panet. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).

 White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type BfL or Type CfL, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercose alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHMA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, Letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roodway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- then signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opoque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlop shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
- The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skild and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of

SHEET 4 OF 12

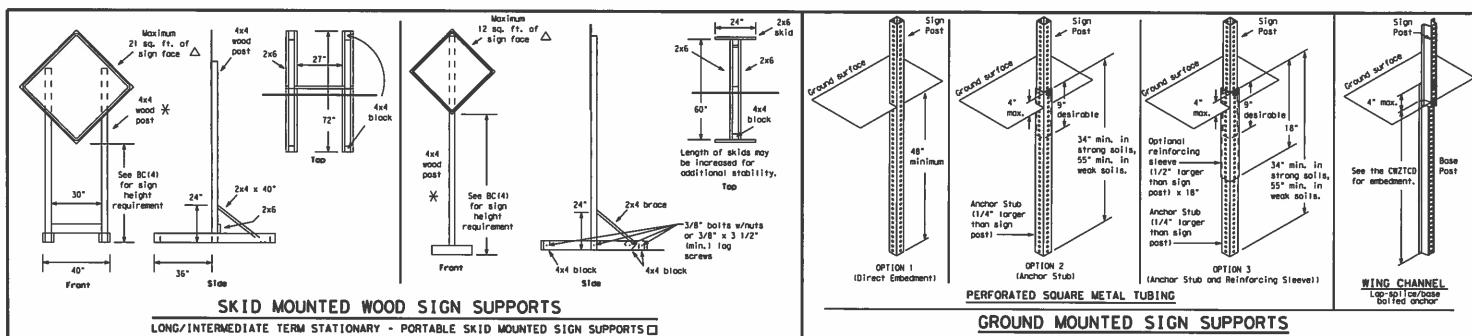


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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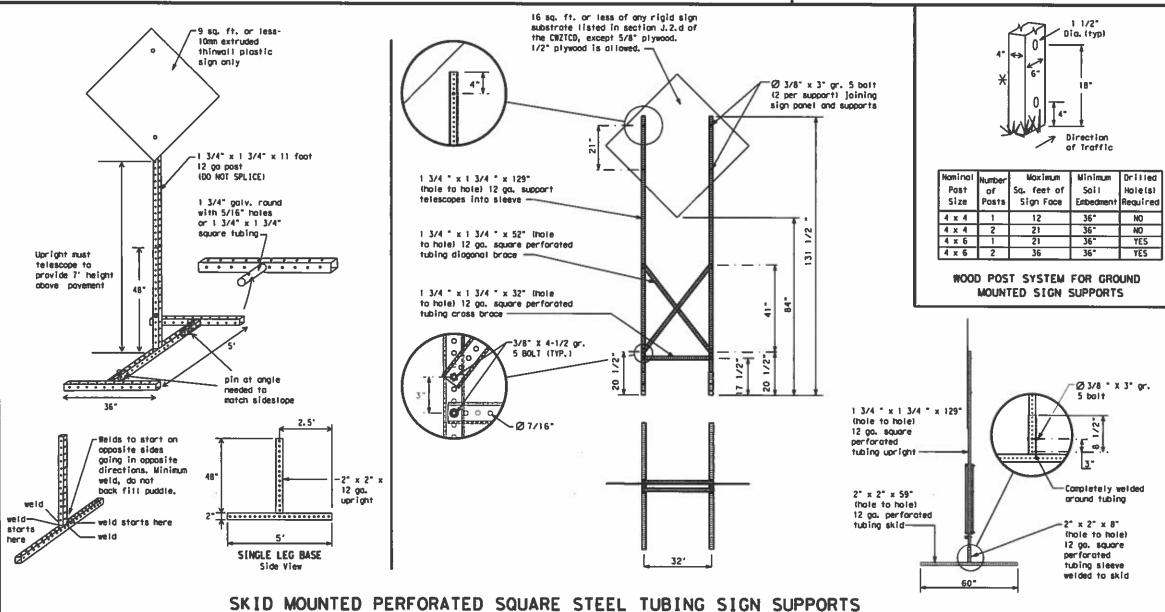




Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footoge shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two past installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy sails if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETA]LS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE
AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE
CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Noils may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" log screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials nated on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - X Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - Δ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

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WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on partable changeable message signs (PCMS),
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "10,
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary POMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCNS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Wanday marning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e. keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT"
- on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll harizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.

 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will
- not alarm materists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has matfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bors is oppropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Rood	ACCS RO	Nojor	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	LINE
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BROG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Rood	RO
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lone	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Soturday	SAT
East	E	Service Rood	SERV RO
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	ISLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	IS
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) 5
Entrance, Enter	ENT		SPD S
Express Lone	EXP LN	Speed	ST
Expresswoy	EXPWY	Street	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporory	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Troffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING		
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRYLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	TNFO	Warning	atronia,
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED WIT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	
Left	LFT	West Westbound	W (Tourish) III
Left Lone	LFT LN	Westbound Wet Povement	(route) W
Lone Closed	LN CLOSED		
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT

designation * IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here,)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Pond/Long/Pomp Clasure List

Road/Lane/Romp	Closure List	Other Cond	ition List	
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT	
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT	
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE	
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT	
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT	
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT	
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN	
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES	
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT	*
XXXXXXXX				

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

CLOSED

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Rood/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

* LAMES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LAME in Phase 2.

- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two POAS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work,

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take	e/E Lis		e I	Location List		Warning List		** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT		AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT		BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH		NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N		PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS		XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS		US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP				DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOULDER USE				DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS						TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE	×			*	* See Ap	plication Guidelin	es Note (6.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations 1H, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH for abbreviations E, W, N and S1 can be interchanged as appropriate,
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 6 OF 12

Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-14

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FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE WESSAGE SIGNS" obove.

2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute

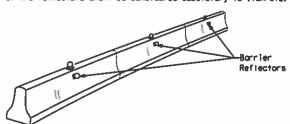
PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR

CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION

OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

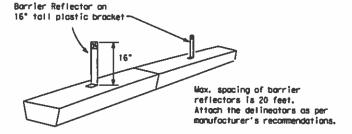
for, or replace that sign. 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the some size orrow.

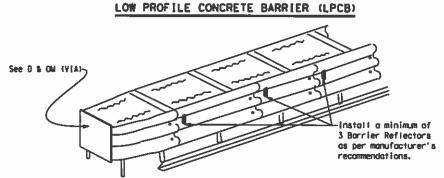
- Borrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Borrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address.
- 2. Color of Borrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiory to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is an one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An olternate mounting togotion is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Borrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective foces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- Movement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attochment of Borrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
 11. Single stope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



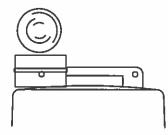


DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

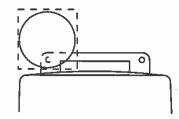
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet croshworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Worning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- Worning lights shall meet the requirements of the TWUTCD.
 Worning lights shall NOT be installed on borricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a patentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or after sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Worning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL}or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.

 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices. 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the worning lights certification. The worning light manufacturer will
- certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steody-Burn Warning Lights. 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing worning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area,
- 2. Type A random flashing worning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing worning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for defineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential worning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn worning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detaurs, on lane changes, on lane clasures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panet.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

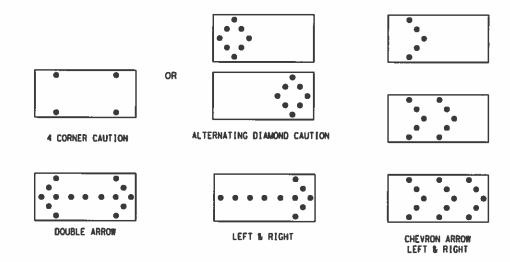
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A worning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The worning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed on the CHZTCD.
- 3. The worning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- The side of the worning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the worning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The worning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements,

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Floshing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roodways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lone, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic
- control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.

 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner tamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating
- Diamond Coution mode as shown.
 The straight line coution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated tamp voltage.
- The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron
- display may be used during doylight operations.

 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
- 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of conel.

REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMA SIZE	MINIMUM HUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	WINIMAN VISIBILITY DISTANCE					
B	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile					
C	48 x 96	15	l mile					

ATTENTION
Floshing Arrow Boards
shall be equipped with
outgootic dimming devices

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- . Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350)
- or the Manual for Assessing Sofety Hordware (MASH).
 Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans. 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned
- 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-14

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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channellizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the comes in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCO) and the "Campliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would odversely offect their appearance or serviceobility.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in wight at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footbolds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs. 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

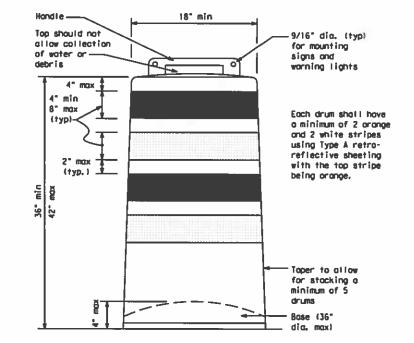
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

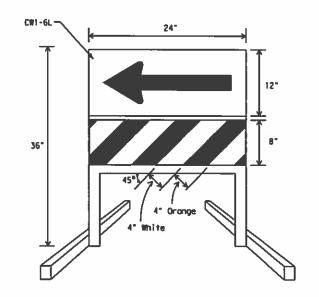
- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Naterials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no detaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs, and 50 lbs. Built-in ballost can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums. 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.

the primary channelizing device.



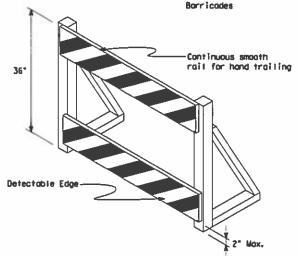


DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- 1. The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in topers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional puldance to drivers is necessary.
- 2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into
- the Intended travel lane.

 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CWI-6) sign in the size shown with a block arrow on a background of Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4° white and aronge stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be
- 5. Approved monufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List. Bollost shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.

This detail is not intended for fabrication. See note 3 and the CNZTCD list for providers of approved Detectoble Pedestrian



DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrion facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.

 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the
- closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cone shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured obove, longitudinal channellzing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tope, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectoble, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disoblifies Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Worning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian
- 6. Detectoble pedestrian barricades may use 8" noming! barricode rolls as shown on BC(10) provided that the too rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign 070a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{μ_L} or Type C_{μ_L} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with arange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as opproved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series sions discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (naminal) and nut, two washers, and one lacking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging topers or on shifting topers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum, A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

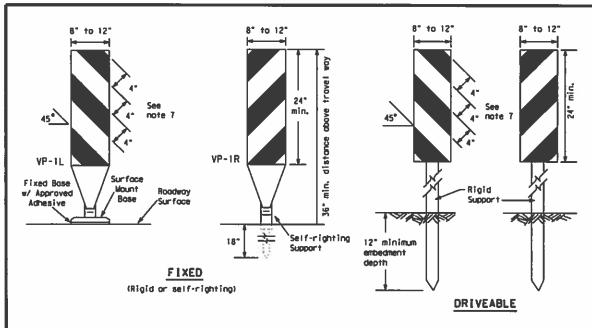
Texas Department of Transportation

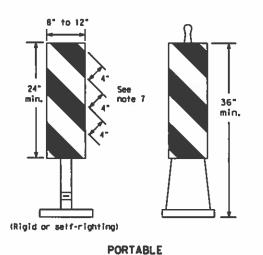
Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

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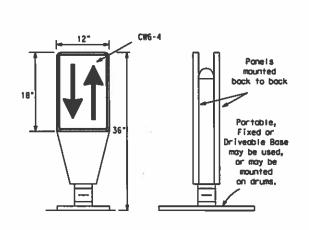
1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize

- traffic or divide opposing tames of traffic.

 VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations.
 They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Povement Orap-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective arange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

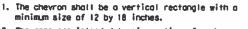
 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheating for the YP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the povement with an achesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust,
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42° cones or VPs.
- 3. Spocing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot specing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be arange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

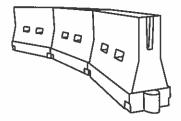


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roodway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the for side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Specing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type BFL or Type CFL conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on topers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace domoced, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacina and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the payement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36°

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Oriveoble Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCOs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCOs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCOs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one raw of reflective
- sheeting meeting the requirements for borricode rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.

 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. Then used on a taper in a law speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize rood user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ball asted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flored to a point outside the clear zone

if used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Speed	Formula		Desiroble Toper Lengths **			ng of Ilzing ices
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12° Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent
30		1501	1651	1801	30′	60'
35	L= WS	2051	225'	245'	35'	701
40	90	265'	2951	3201	401	80'
45		4501	4951	540'	45′	90'
50		500'	5501	6001	501	1001
55	L-WS	550'	6051	6601	55′	110'
60		6001	6601	7201	601	120'
65		650'	7151	7801	651	1301
70		7001	770'	840'	70'	140'
75		750'	8251	9001	75′	150'
80		800'	8801	9601	80,	160'

**XToper lengths have been rounded off. Latength of Toper (FT.) Wawlidth of Offset (FT.) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

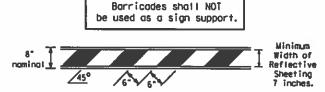
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) - 14

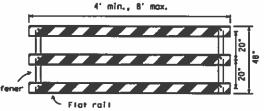
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades. 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic. 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope

- downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring, When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may stope downword in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roodway, should stope downward to the left. For the left side of the roodway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company tagos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricodes.
- Where barricodes require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandboos will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bogs shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for borricodes shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.



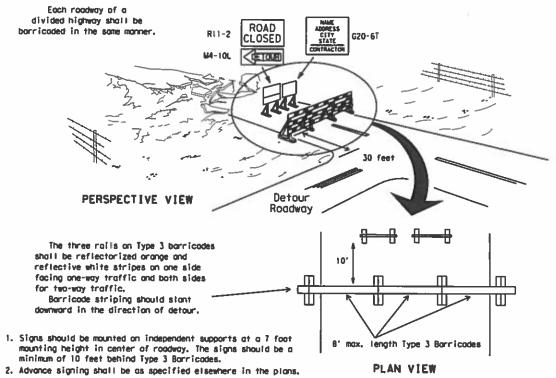
TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



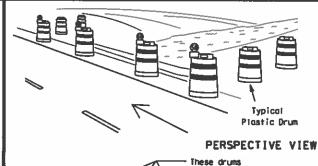
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

Iternate



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



ore not required on one-way roodway sholl ore ninimum of two drums used across the work increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary, uninimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)

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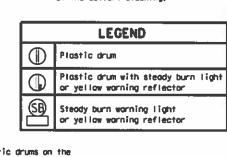
1. Where positive redirectional copobility is provided, drums may be omitted.

2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for

safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the

shoulder width is less than 4 feet. 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be amitted if drums are used.

5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.



PLAN VIEW CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

CONES 4° min. orange T2" min. white 2" min. 14" min. orange la" min. 2" min. 1 2" max. 3" min. 2" min. 4° min. 4" min. white 2" to 6' min. 28 4" min.

Two-Piece cones

Alternate

One-Piece cones

28 min.

Tubular Marker

 \bigcirc Drums, vertical panels or 42" cones Approx. at 50' maximum spacing Min. 2 drums Min. 2 drums or 1 Type or 1 Type 3 borricade STOCKPILE On one-way roads Desiroble downstream drums stockpile location Channelizing devices parallel to traffic or barricade may be is outside should be used when stockpile is amitted here clear zone. within 30' from travel lane. \Diamond

TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

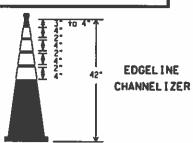
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28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly arange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece comes have the body and base of the come molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece comes may have a handle or loop extending up to B" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and arange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42° two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone
- 7. Comes or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size

THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



- This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel tone. It is not intended to be used in transitions or topers.
- 2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (apposing or otherwise) or worn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping patterns four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless otherwise nated.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMLTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet W7(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is goined to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where possing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Moterial Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated povement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Mon-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

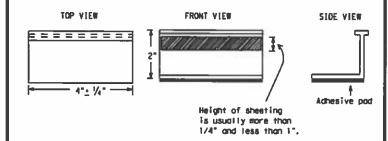
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone payement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone payement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum. distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roodway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Povement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roodway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Povement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible. so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of povement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised povement markers shall be as directed by the
- Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Block-out marking tope may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tobs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Payement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tobs and perform the following test. Affix five 15) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic payement in a stroight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup. run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tob manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tob placement on new povements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work,

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised povement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pod for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - lone silver reflective surface with white body),

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective troffic buttons, roadway marker tobs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Traffic Operation Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAYEMENT MARKINGS

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PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-A 10 to 12" Type II-A-A 1000,000000000 ♦ Yellow Yellow Type II-A-A-Type Y buttons REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A RAISED PAVENENT MARKERS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A ⟨¬⟩ 000/000/2000 5 4 to 8 Type Y buttons 6 to 8" Type II-A-A-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern 8 may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type W buttons ~ Type I-C or II-C-R White 000 000 000 000 000 Type I-A Type Y buttons � ➾ Type Y buttons / Yellow Type I-A' \$ 000 000 Type # buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Type I-C Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY 000 000 000 000 000 White 🖊 🗖 Type [[-A-A Type Y buttons ♦ 000 000 REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type I-C- \Diamond 000 000 ****** 000 000 Type Y buttons

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TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

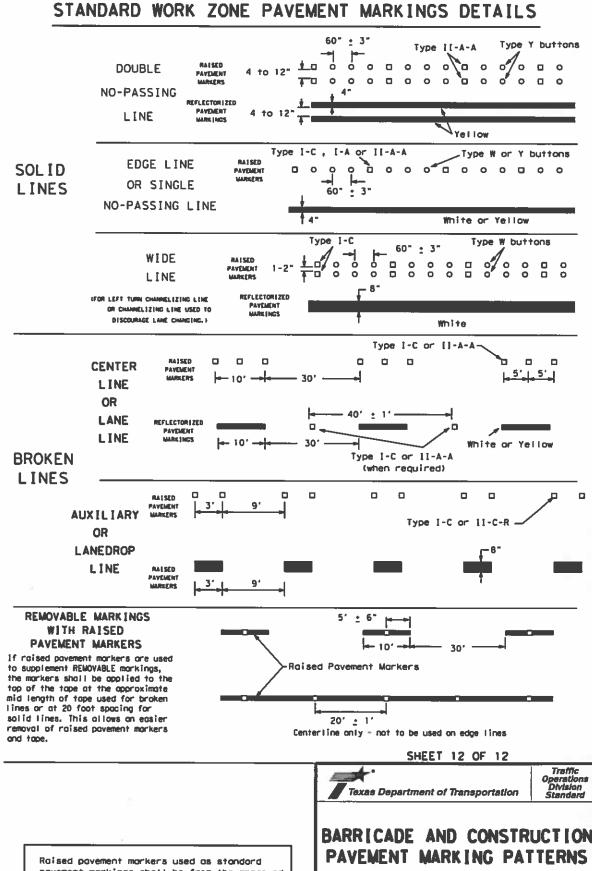
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Type I-C

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

000



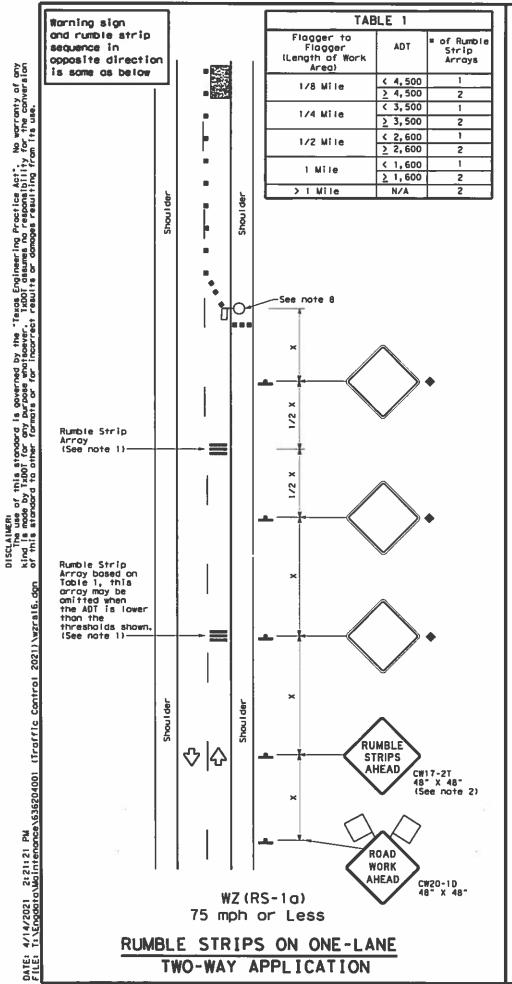
povement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

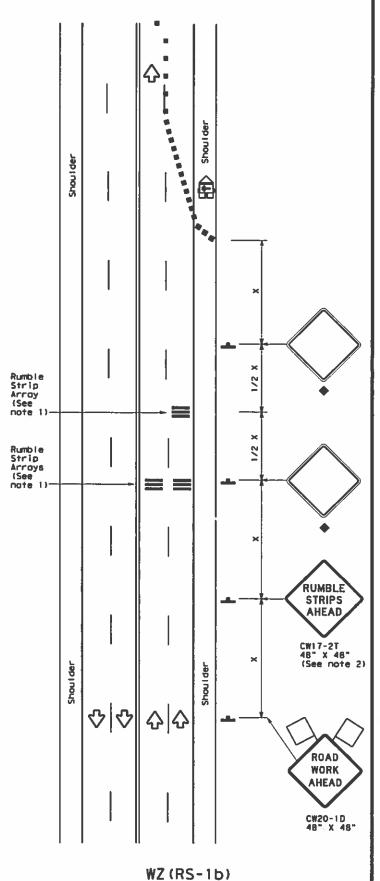
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REFLECTORIZED PAVENENT MARKINGS

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.





75 mph or Less

RUMBLE STRIPS FOR LANE CLOSURE

ON CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate ICP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Borricode		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
1	Sign	4	Traffic Flow							
Q	Flog	ПO	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble		Spoc 1r Channe		Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longituding! Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	ws ²	1501	1651	1801	30'	601	120'	90'
35	L= WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	701	1601	120'
40	80	265'	2951	3201	401	801	240'	155'
45		4501	4951	5401	45'	901	3201	195'
50		5001	5501	6001	50'	100'	4001	240'
55	L=WS	550"	6051	6601	55'	110'	5001	295'
60	5-73	600'	6601	7201	60'	120'	600'	350'
65	1	6501	7151	7801	65'	1301	700'	410'
70		7001	770'	8401	701	1401	8001	475'
75		750'	8251	900'	75'	150'	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1							

Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

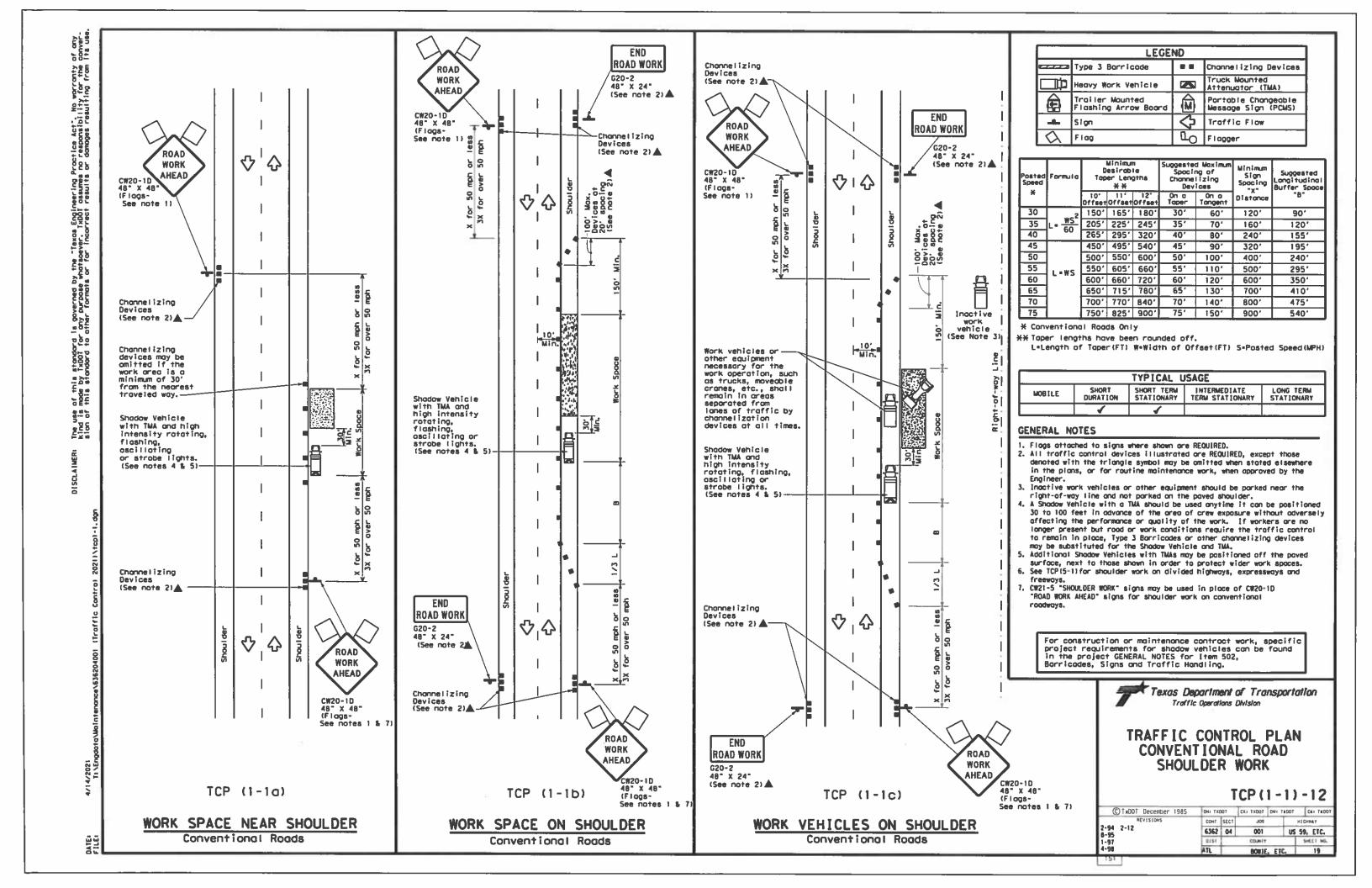
TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array					
< 40 MPH	10'					
> 40 MPH & < 55 MPH	15'					
> 55 MPH	20'					

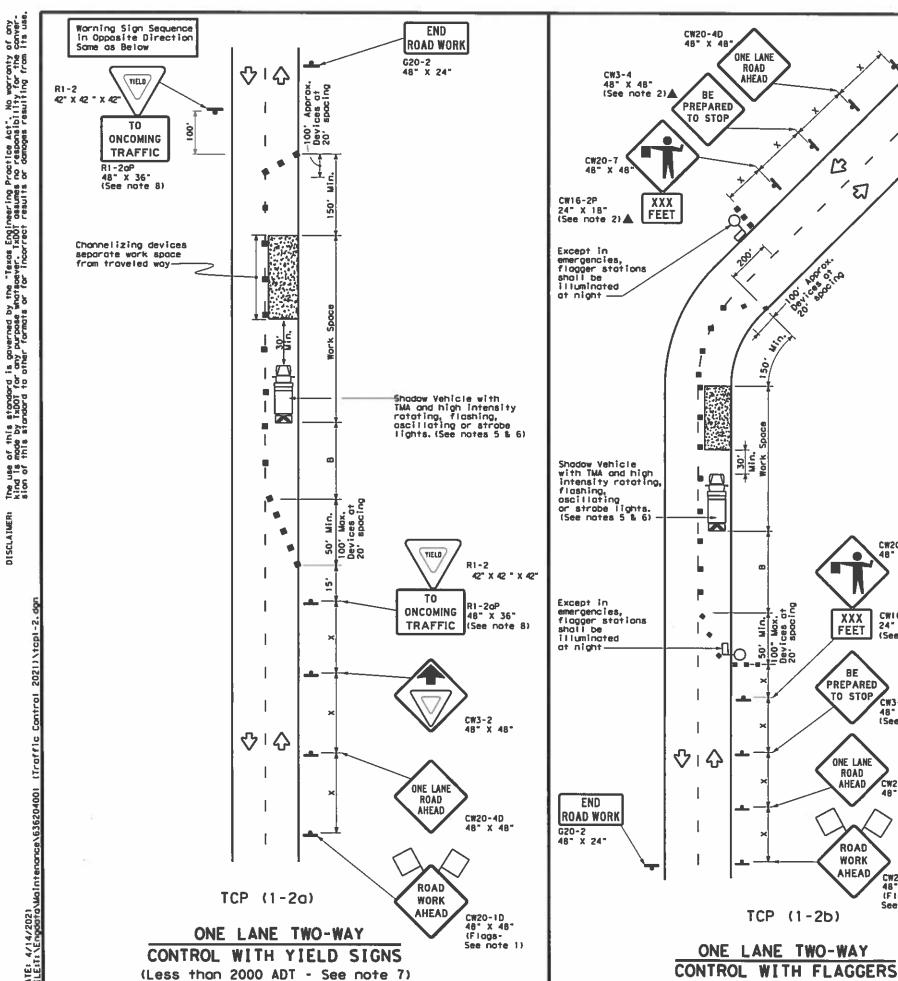
Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ (RS) -16

			•			
FILEI	wzrs16, dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	CK! TXDOT	ow: Tx00	T CK! TXDOT
(C) 1×D01	November 2012	CONT	SECT	108		HIGHRAT
20.	REVISIONS	6362	04	001	US	59, ETC.
2-14		0157		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-10		ATL	E	BOWIE, L	ETC.	18





CW20-4D	
48" X 48" ONE LANE	ROAD
CW3-4 48" X 48"	WORK
(See note 2) BE PREPARED	
TO STOP	CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Figgs-
*/ ``	See note 1)
CW20-7 48" X 48"	13
CW16-2P XXX	END END
24" X 18" FEET FEET	ROAD WORK
France to	G20-2 48" X 24"
Except in emergencies, flagger stations	,
shall be	e.ce
Except in emergencies, flagger stations shall be illuminated at night	
/ * / / st	
150,0	
- Space	
Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high	
intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating	
or strobe lights. (See notes 5 % 6)	
	CW20-7
	48" X 48"
	\ N
I FYCANT IN I	XXX CW16-2P
Sholl be	FEET 24" X 18" (See note 2)
at night	
	PREPARED
	TO STOP CW3-4 48" X 48"
	(See note 2) A
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	ONE LANG
	ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD CW20-4D
END	48" X 48"
ROAD WORK	\sim
G20-2 48" X 24" ×	ROAD
│	WORK AHEAD CW20-1D
	48" X 48" (Flogs-
TCP (1-2)	See note 1)
ONE LANE TWO	1_WA∨
ONE LANE TWO	

	LEGEND										
2777	Type 3 Borricode		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow								
a	Flag	ПО	Flagger								

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Winimu esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
_ *		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On p Tangent	Distance	18.	
30	W5 ²	1501	1651	1801	30'	60'	1201	901	200'
35	L= #5	2051	225'	245"	35′	701	1601	1201	250'
40	80	265'	2951	3201	401	80,	240'	155'	3051
45		450'	495'	5401	45"	90,	3201	1951	360
50		5001	5501	6001	50'	1001	400'	240'	4251
55	L-WS	5501	605'	6601	55'	110'	500'	295'	4951
60	6-11-3	6001	6601	720'	60,	1201	6001	350'	570
65		650'	715"	780'	65'	1301	700'	410'	6451
70		7001	7701	840"	701	1401	800'	475'	730'
75		7501	825'	9001	75′	150'	9001	5401	820'

* Conventional Roods Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Taper (FT) W-Width of Offset (FT) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG								
	4	1						

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flogs attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

2. All troffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.

4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning cheed of the flagger or RI-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet,

5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the troffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channellizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

6. Additional Shodow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.

8. RI-2 "YIELD" sign with "RI-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b)

For construction or maintenance contract

shadow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES

Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.

work, specific project requirements for

9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.

11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above)

2. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.

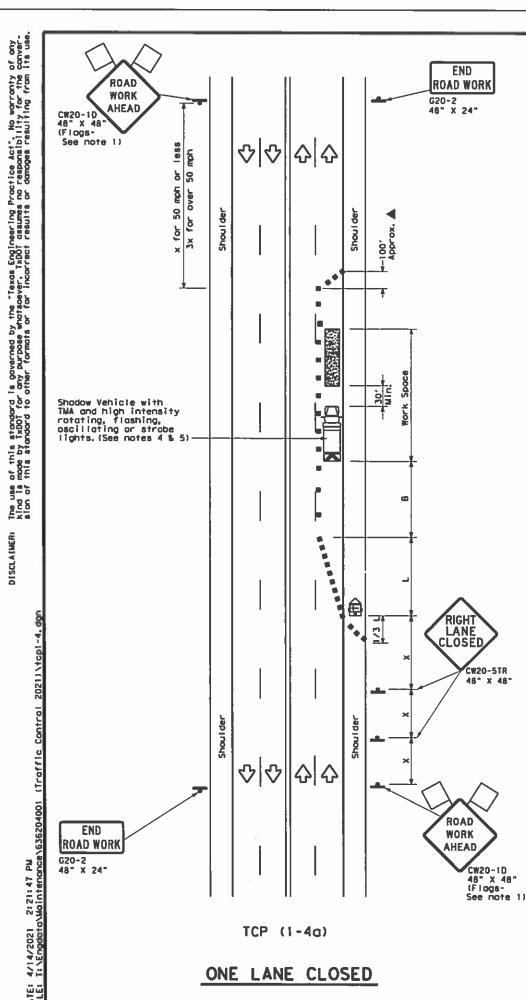
13. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

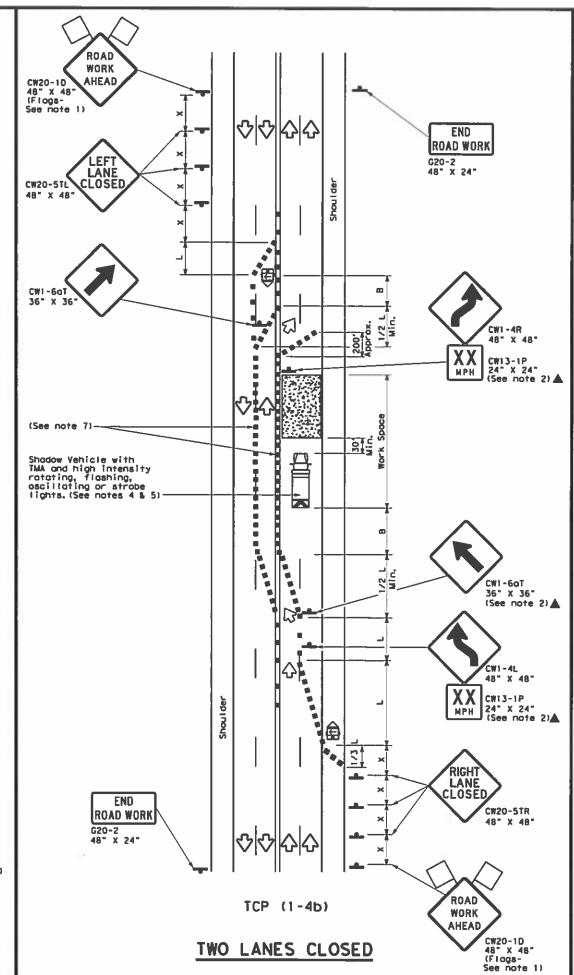
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-12

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97	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-98	ATL	(BOWIE.	ETC.	20





	LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle	2	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow								
Q	Flag	ПО	Flogger								

Posted Formula		Desiroble			Spacili Channe		Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longituding I Buffer Space
*		10° Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	*B*
30	WS ²	1501	1651	1801	30'	601	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	225'	2451	35'	70'	160'	1201
40	- 60	2651	2951	3201	40'	80'	240'	1551
45		450'	4951	5401	45'	90'	320'	1951
50		5001	550'	600'	501	1001	4001	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	6601	551	110'	5001	2951
60	- "	600,	6601	720'	601	1201	6001	350′
65		650'	7151	780'	651	1301	7001	410'
70		7001	770'	8401	70'	140'	8001	475'
75		7501	8251	9001	751	150'	9001	540'

* Conventional Roads Only

* Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1						

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flogs attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.

 4. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain i place, Type 3 Barricodes or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-4a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper

 Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shodow vehicles can be found in the project
GENERAL NOTES
for Item 502,
Barricodes, Signs
and Traffic
Handling.

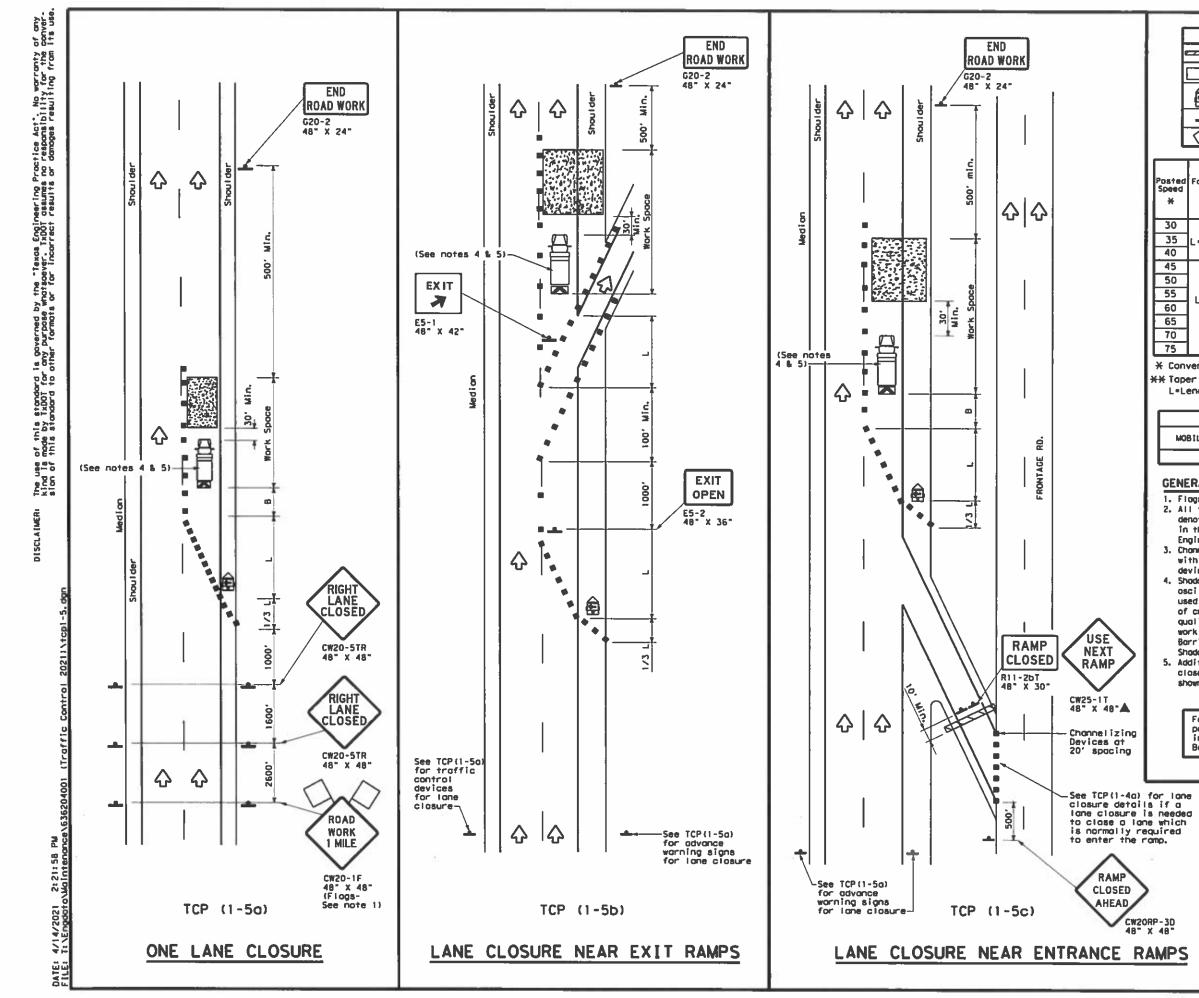


Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-12

© TxD07 Oecember 1985	DN: TXDD7		CK: TXDOT	DW1 TXDOT	CKI TXDOT		
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	J08		HECHWAY		
2-94 2-12 8-95	6362	04	100	US	59, ETC.		
1-97	DIST	COTHITA		SHEET NO			
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T2.4 .	_		CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	2000	Company of the last of the las		



LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted leavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) raiter Mounted M Flashing Arrow Board **♦** Traffic Flow Sign Q LO Flogger Flog

Speed	Formula	mula Taper Lengths ***			Spacili Channe			Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		tor Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"	
30	, ws ²	1501	1651	1801	30'	60'	120'	90'	
35	L = WS	2051	225'	2451	35′	70'	160'	120'	
40	80	2651	2951	320'	401	801	2401	155′	
45		450"	4951	5401	45′	90,	320'	1951	
50		5001	5501	6001	501	1001	4001	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	6051	6601	55'	110'	5001	295'	
60	L*#2	600'	6601	720'	60'	120'	6001	350'	
65		650'	7151	7801	65′	130'	700'	410'	
70		7001	770'	8401	70'	140'	800'	475'	
75		750'	8251	9001	75'	150'	900'	540'	

* Conventional Roads Only

** Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Pasted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
		1								

GENERAL NOTES

 Flogs attached to signs where shown, ore REQUIRED.
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. Channelizing devices used to close lones may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.

4. Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.

Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lone, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

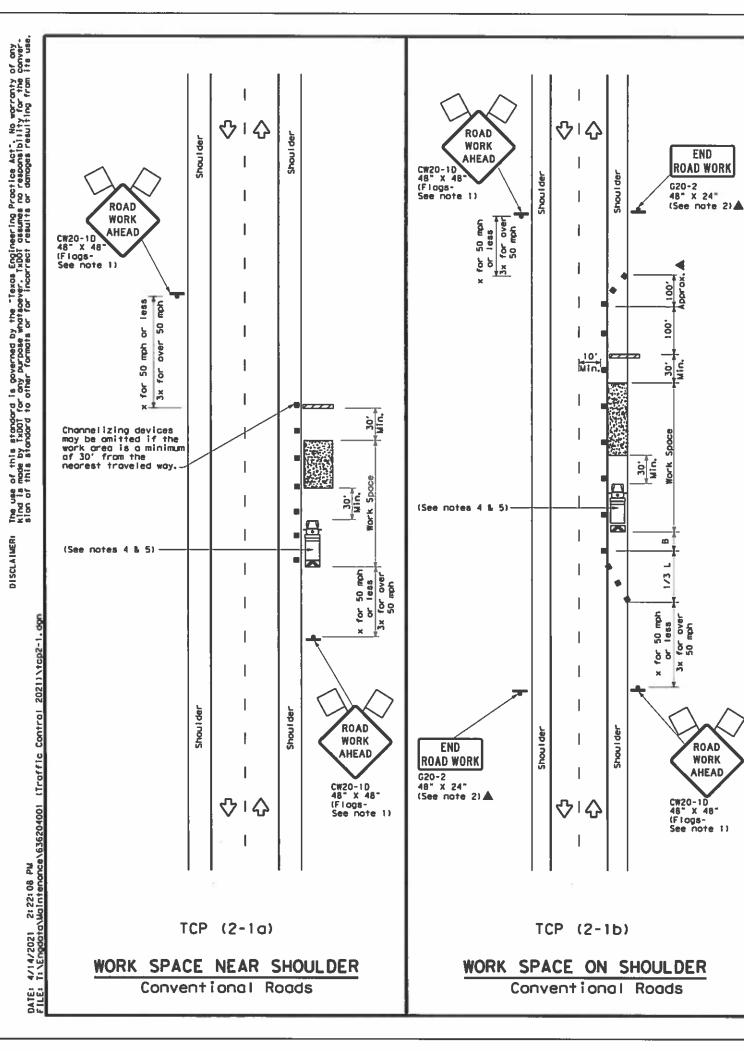
For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shadow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502, Borricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.

> Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(1-5)-12

© TxDOT February 2012	DN: TX	TQ1	CK: THOOT	DW1 THOOT			TOOM SHE
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	J08			н[Сн	WAY
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	DIST		CDUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	ATL	BOWIE, ETC.			22		



ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) ♦।♦ ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" (See note 21▲ و م ř 10 Inactive Work vehicles or ather equipment necessary for the work operation, such as trucks, Min. work vehicle (See Note 7) moveable crones, etc., shall remain in oreas separated from lones of traffic by channelizing devices at all times. (See notes 4 & 云 END ROAD **ROAD WORK** \Diamond ↔ WORK AHEAD G20-2 48" X 24" (See note 21▲ CW20-1D 48" X 48" See note 11

TCP (2-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

LEGEND Type 3 Borricode Channetizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Boar Portoble Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) ♦ Traffic Flow 4 Sign Flog LO Flogger

Posted Speed	Formuto	Toper Lengths ***		Spacili Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	ll' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-
30	ws ²	1501	165"	180'	30'	60,	120'	90,
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245"	351	701	160'	120'
40	80	265'	295'	3201	40'	801	240'	155'
45		450"	4951	540'	45'	90′	350,	195'
50		500'	550'	6001	501	1001	400'	240'
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55′	110'	500'	295'
60	L-42	600'	660'	720'	601	120'	6001	350'
65		6501	715'	7801	65'	1301	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	8401	701	1401	800,	475'
75		7501	8251	900'	751	1501	9001	540'

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	4	4	4				

GENERAL NOTES

Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated in the

plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from

 Stockpried material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from nearest traveled way.
 Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but rood or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricodes or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.

Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.

Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.

B. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW21-1D

"ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways

For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shadow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502, Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.

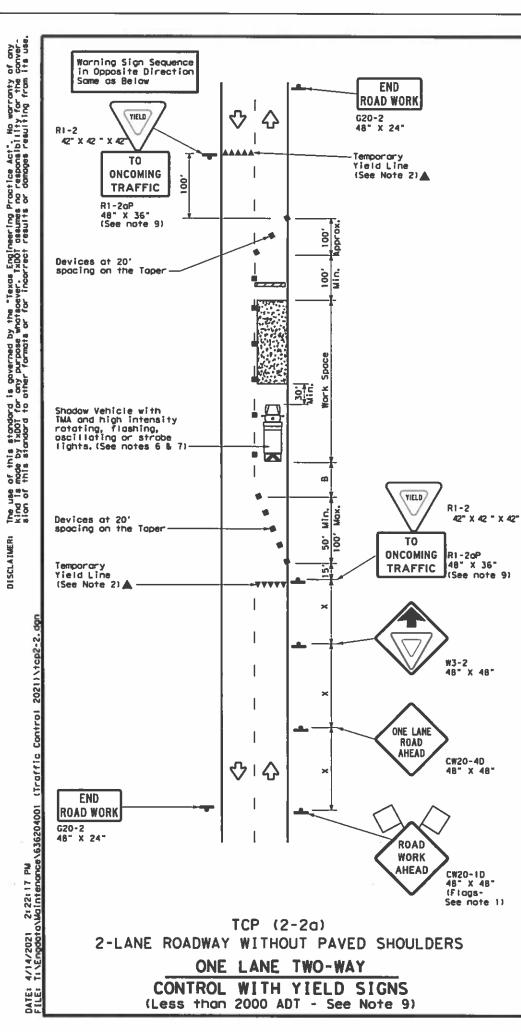


Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-12

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2-94 2-12 8-95	6362	04	001	US	59. ETC.	
1-97	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98	ATL	BOWIE, ETC.			23	
The state of the s	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		0.000			



48" X 48" ONE LANE ROAD WORK CW3-4 48" X 48" (See note 2) XXX FT **AHEAD** BE PREPARED CW20-1D TO STOP 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) CW20-7 XXX FEET W END CW16-2P 24" X 18" **ROAD WORK** G20-2 Except in emergencies, flagger stations shall be illuminated at night 48" X 24" Temporary 24" Stop Line (See Note 2) 100' Approx. - Devices at 20' spacing Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing. oscillating or strobe lights. CW20-7 48" X 48" Devices at 20' spacing on the Toper XXX CW16-2P FEET 24" X 18" Except in O emergencies, flagger stations shall be BE illuminated PREPARED at night TO STOP CW3-4 48" X 48" Temporary (See note 2) A 24" Stop Line (See Note 2) ONE LANE ◇Ⅰ◆ ROAD XXX FT CW20-4 48" X 48" END ROAD ROAD WORK WORK G20-2 AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" 48" X 24" (Flogs-See note 1) TCP (2-2b) 2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS

ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

LEGEND Type 3 Borricode Chonnelizing Devices Truck Mounted Heavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) ⋒ Portoble Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Floshing Arrow Board ✡ Traffic Flow Sign a LO Flogger Flog

_								_		
Spe			**			Spac 1: Channe		Minimum Sign Specing *x*	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*			10' Offaet	II' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30	0	ws ²	1501	1651	180'	_ 30,	60'	1201	901	2001
35	5 L:	- WS	2051	2251	245"	351	70'	1601	120'	250'
4(0	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80'	240'	1551	305'
45	5		4501	4951	5401	451	90'	320'	1951	360'
50	_		5001	5501	6001	50'	1001	4001	240'	4251
55	5 ,	-WS	5501	605	6601	551	1101	500'	2951	4951
60			6001	660'	720"	60'	120'	600'	350'	570'
6:	5		650'	7151	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	6451
70	0		7001	770'	B40'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'
75	5		7501	825"	9001	75'	150'	900,	540'	820'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L.Length of Toper(FT) W.Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
31160M	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1	1							

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flogs attached to signs where shown, ore REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol
 may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
 by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FI" sign, but proper sign specing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.

5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.

- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Borricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shodow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

- B. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used an projects with approaches that have adequate signidistance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- The R1-20P "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (2-2b)

- 10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be amitted when a pilot cor is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
- 12.Floggers should use 24° STOP/SLOW poddles to control traffic. Flogs should be limited to emergency situations.

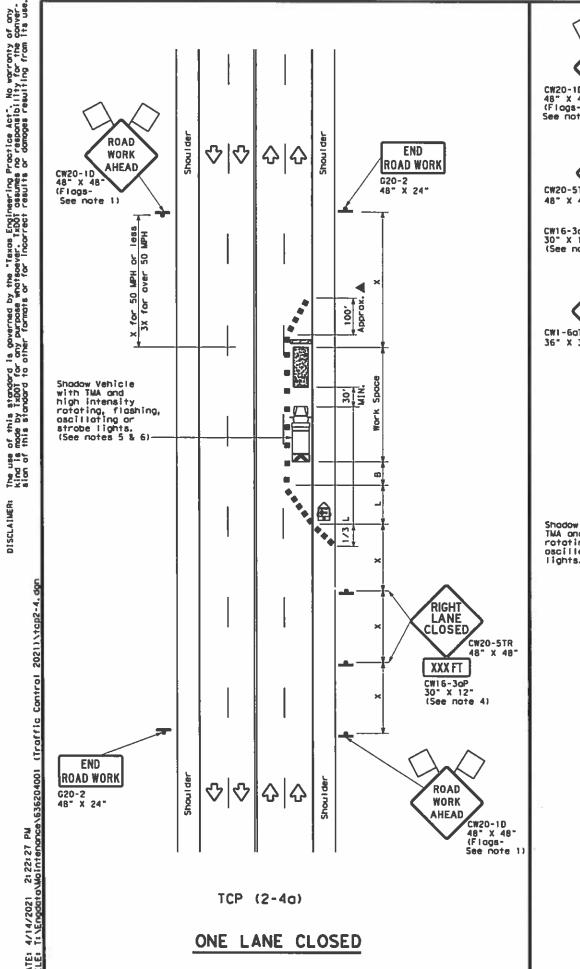
For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shadow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502, Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.

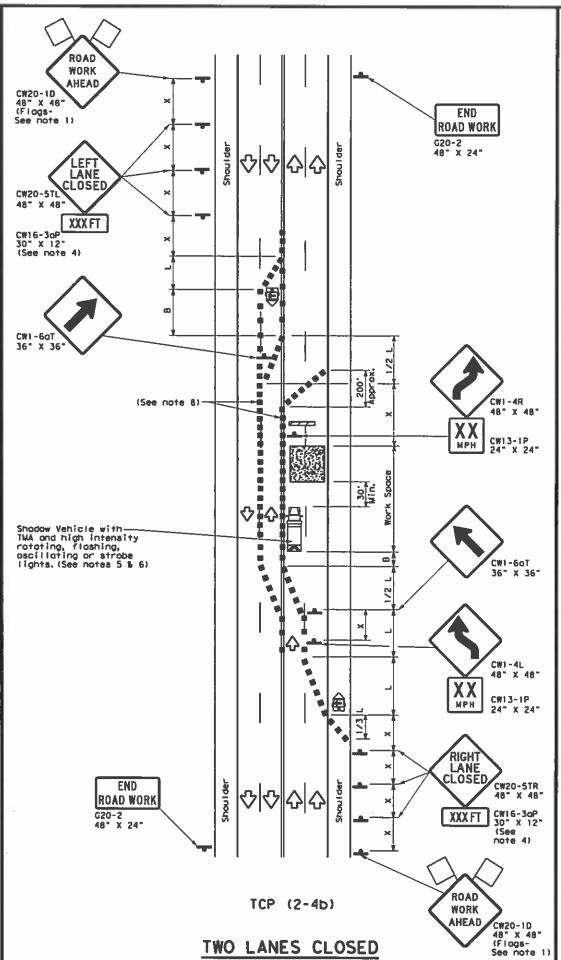


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -12

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·95 2-12 ·97	6362	62 04 001		US	59,	ETC.
98	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
03	ATL	L BOWIE, ETC.				24





	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Borricode	••	Channelizing Devices							
B	Heovy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
4	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow							
Q	Flog	ГО	Flagger							

$\overline{}$								
Speed	Formula	**			Spocial Channe		Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longitudings Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-
30	ws ²	1501	1651	1801	30,	60'	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	225'	2451	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	80	265	2951	350.	40'	80'	240'	1551
45		4501	4951	540'	45'	90.	320'	1951
50		5001	5501	6001	50'	1001	400'	240'
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
_60	L=#2	600'	6601	720'	60'	1201	600'	350'
65		6501	7151	780'	651	130'	7001	410'
70		7001	7701	8401	70'	140'	8001	475'
75		7501	8251	9001	75'	150'	9001	540'

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STAT[ONARY				
		4	4					

GENERAL NOTES

i. Flogs attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CN16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used onlytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-40)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-STL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shadow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502, Barricades, Signs and Traffic

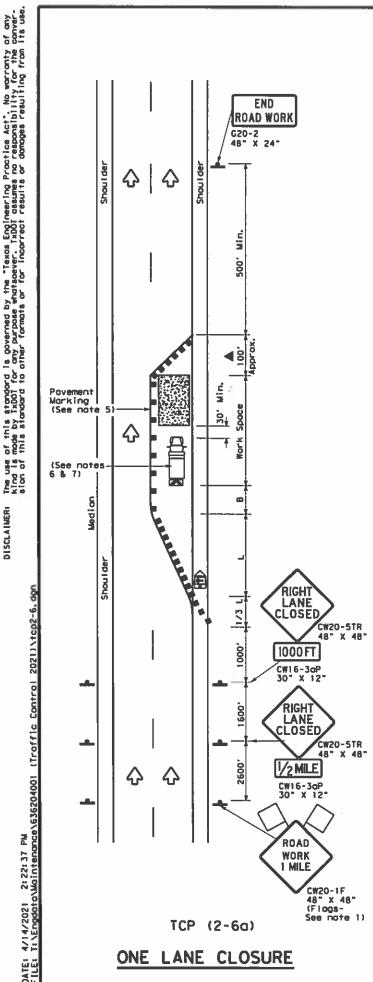


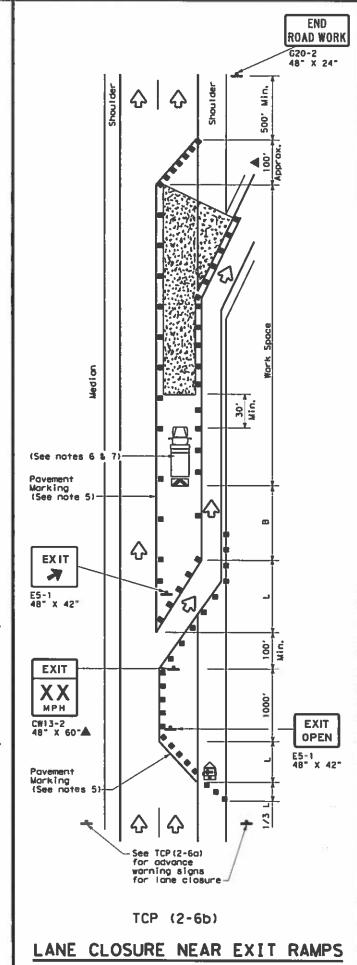
Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

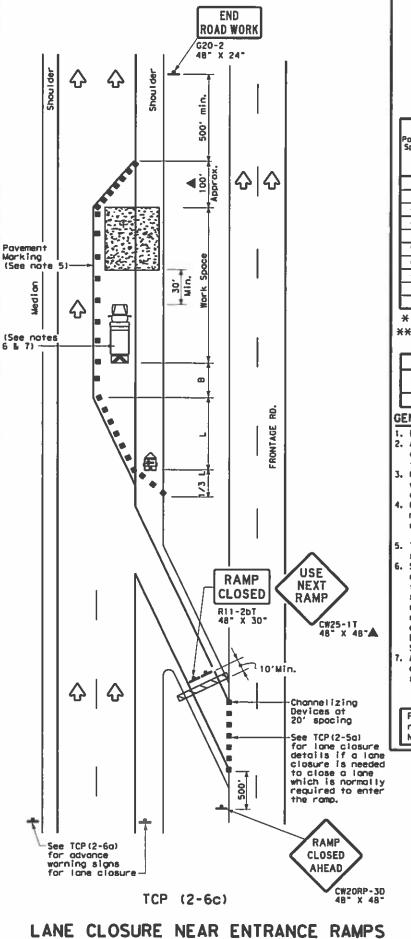
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE
CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-12

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-98	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-03	ATL		OWIE.	ETC.	25







	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Borricode	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Troiler Mounted Floshing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow							
Q	Flog	ф	Flogger							

Posted. Speed	Formula	Desiroble		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-
_30	ws ²	1501	1651	1801	30'	601	1201	901
35	L= WS	2051	225'	2451	35′	70'	1601	120'
40	- 00	2651	295'	320'	40'	80,	2401	155'
45		4501	4951	540"	45'	90.	320'	1951
50	i	5001	5501	6001	501	100'	4001	240'
55	L-WS	5501	6051	6601	55′	110'	5001	2951
60		600'	6601	720'	601	120'	6001	350'
65		6501	715'	7801	651	130'	700'	410'
70		7001	7701	8401	701	140'	8001	475'
75		750'	8251	9001	75′	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

LaLength of Toper (FT) Wawlidth of Offset (FT) SaPosted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
			1	1				

GENERAL NOTES

 Flogs attached to signs where shown, ore REQUIRED.
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. Channelizing devices used to close lones may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.

Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.

The placement of pavement markings may be amitted on Intermediate-ter

stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity ratating, flashing, ascillating or strabe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, ascillating or strabe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Borricodes or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

Additional Shodow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

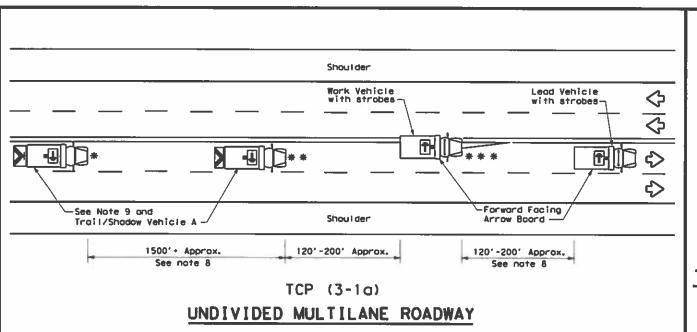
For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shodow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502, Borricodes, Signs and Traffic Handling.

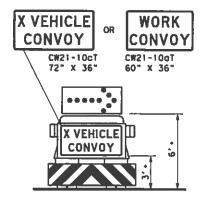
Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (2-6) -12

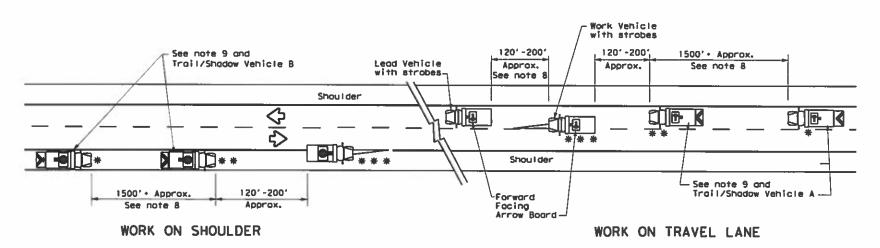
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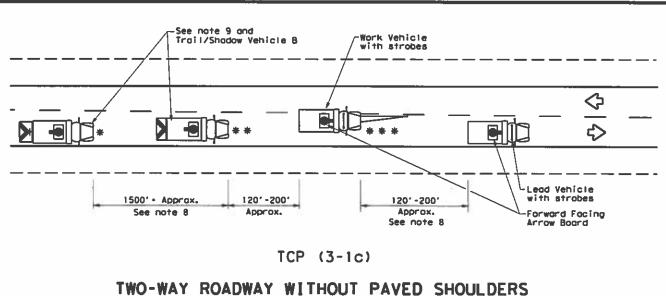
TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

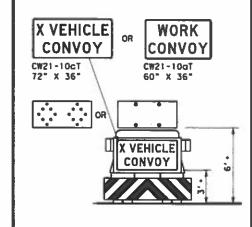
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

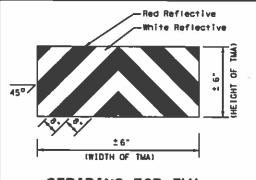
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle		ADDOM BOARD DIEDLAY						
**	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	LEFT Directional							
25	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)		Double Arrow						
\(\frac{1}{2} \)	Traffic Flow		CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
1									

GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown, As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the regrmost protection vehicle.



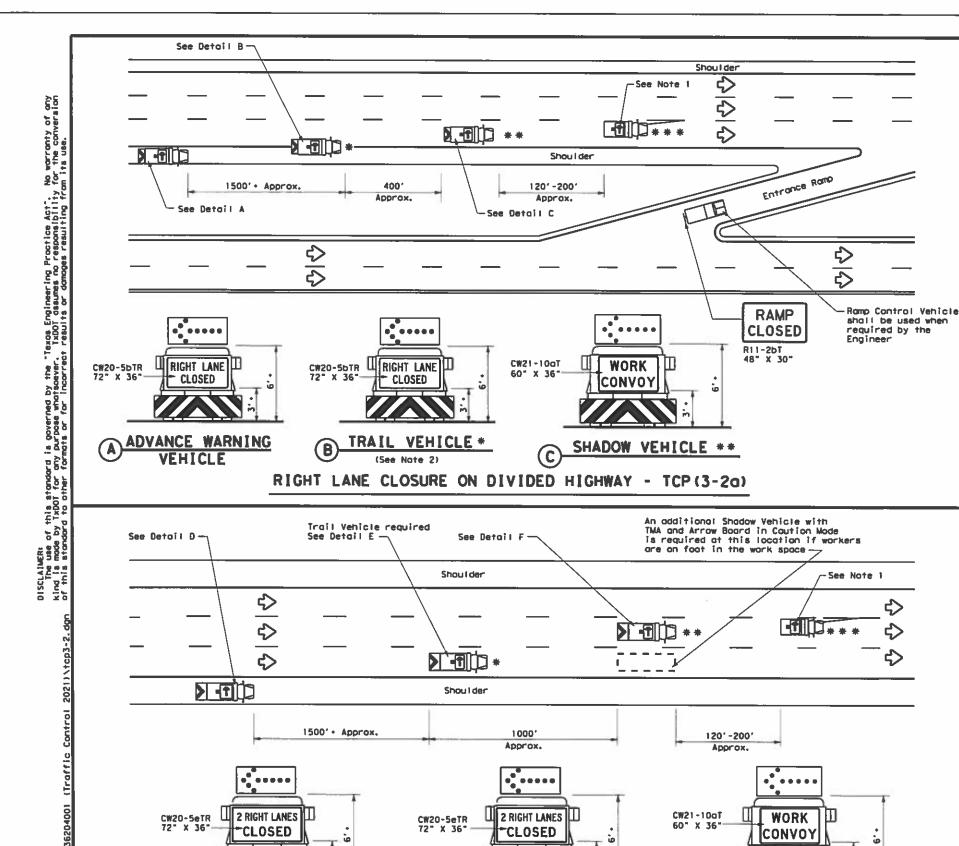
STRIPING FOR TMA

Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS

UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

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ADVANCE WARNING

VEHICLE

INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP (3-2b)

REQUIRED TRAIL

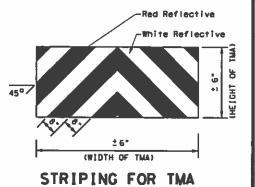
F SHADOW VEHICLE **

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle		ADDOW DOLDD DICDIAY						
**	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	LEFT Directional							
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow							
♦	Traffic Flow		CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flosh)						

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE			INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
4								

GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- 3. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spocing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown
 may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option
 if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp frequency.
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane clasures or interior clasures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
MOBILE OPERATIONS

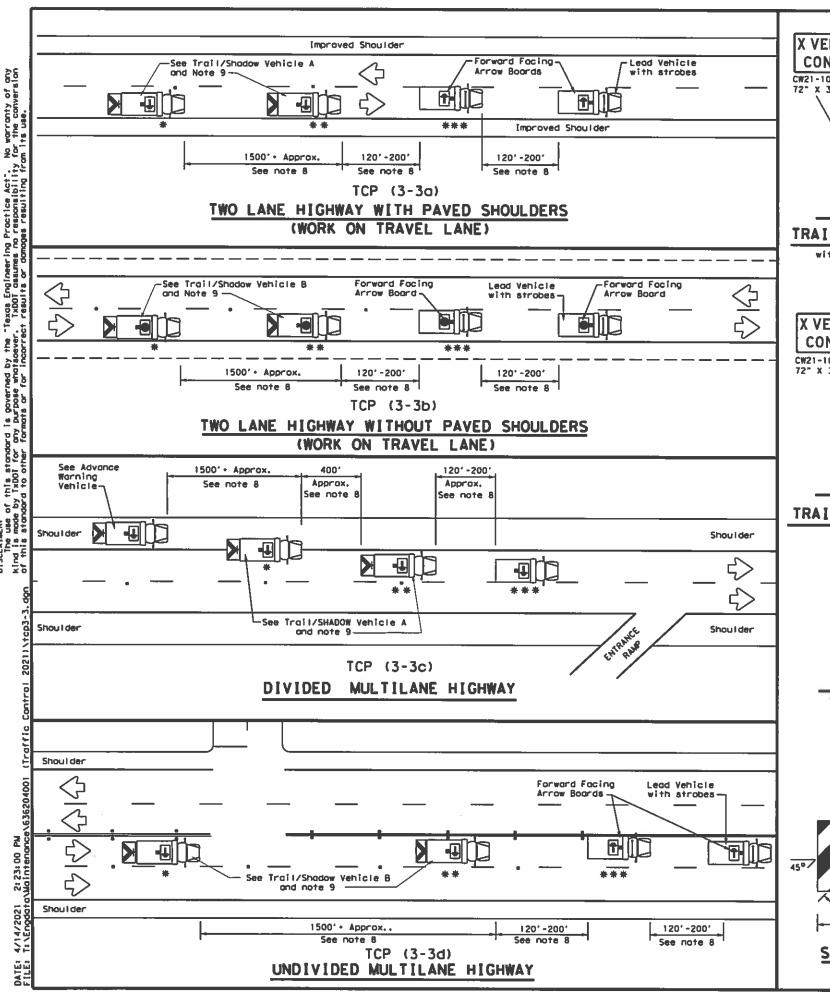
Texas Department of Transportation

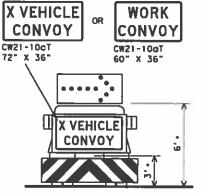
TCP (3-2) -13

Division Standard

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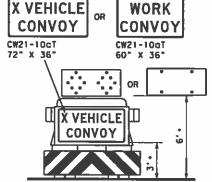
DIVIDED HIGHWAYS





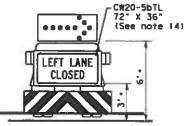
TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

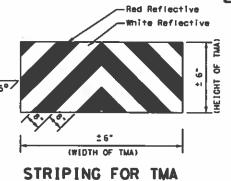


TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



	LEGEND									
*	Trail Vehicle									
**	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY								
***	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional								
	Heavy Work Vehicle	4	LEFT Directional							
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	P	Double Arrow							
♦	Traffic Flow	P	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)							

TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE			INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
1		(4)									

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on prevalling roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
 The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
 The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Fishing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
 When work convoys must change lones, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lones

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
 When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
 Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be oble to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary occording to terrain, work activity and other factors.
 X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10cT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
 For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bT), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
 A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
 For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction. Use TCP(3-2).
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lones in each direction, use TCP(3-2).
 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as on
- aption if the rectangular signs shown are not available.

 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessory.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost pratection vehicle.

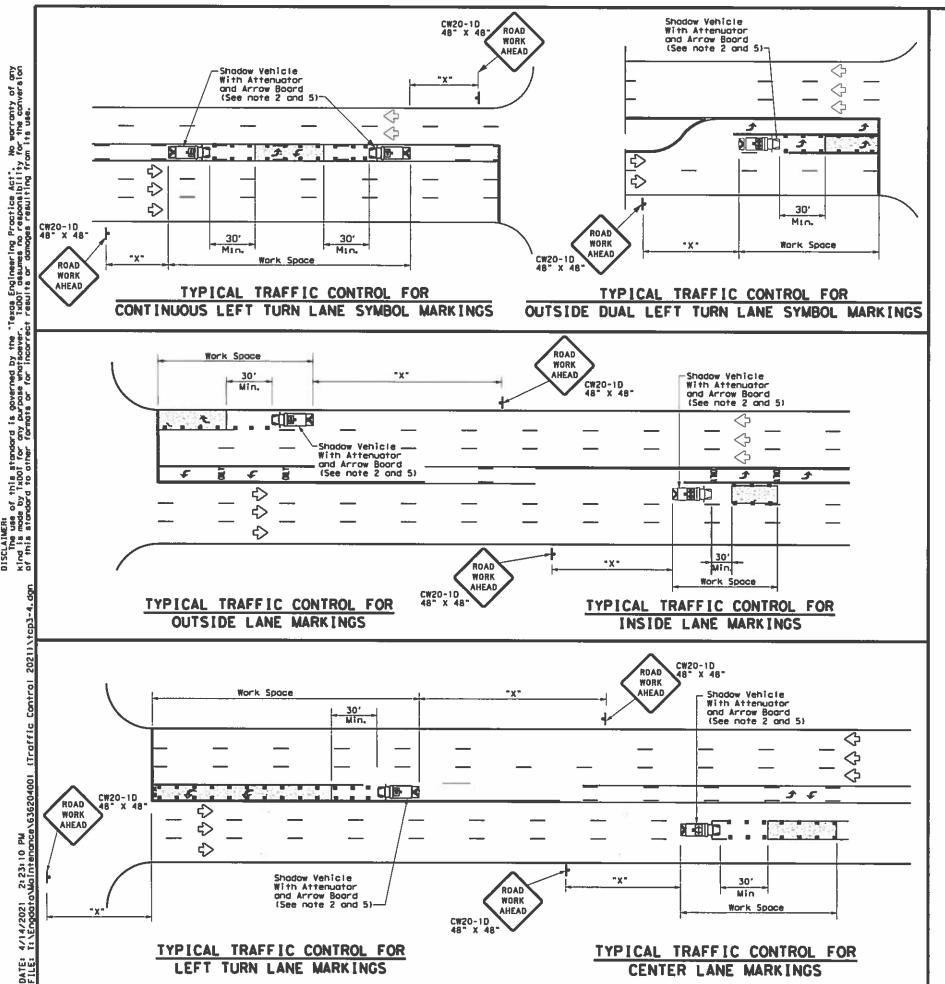


Traffic

Operation Division Standard

REMOVAL TCP (3-3) -14

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	LEGEND										
*	* Trail Vehicle ARROW BOARD DISPLAY										
**	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY									
* * *	Work Vehicle	P	RIGHT Directional								
	Heavy Work Vehicle	P	LEFT Directional								
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	P	Double Arraw								
\(\frac{1}{2} \)	Traffic Flow		Channelizing Devices								

Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Specing of Taper Lengths Channelizing X # Devices		Specing of Channelizing		Suggested Longituding: Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	ll' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-
30	2	1501	165'	1801	30'	60,	120'	90'
35	L- W52	2051	2251	245"	35′	701	160'	120'
40	90	265'	295'	3201	40'	801	240'	1551
45		450'	4951	540"	451	901	320'	195'
50		5001	550'	600'	50′	1001	4001	240'
55	L-WS	550'	6051	660'	551	110'	5001	295'
60	- "3	600'	6601	7201	601	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	7151	7801	651	1301	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	8401	70'	1401	800,	475'
75		750'	8251	9001	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only

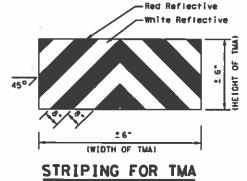
** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE			INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
1	1										

GENERAL NOTES

- This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take langer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.
- 2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shodow Vehicle. Striping on the back panel of all truck mounted attenuators shall be 8" red and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification DMS-8300, Type A.
- All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- 4. The use of yellow rotating becomes or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber becomes or strobe lights.
- Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Standards. The arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.



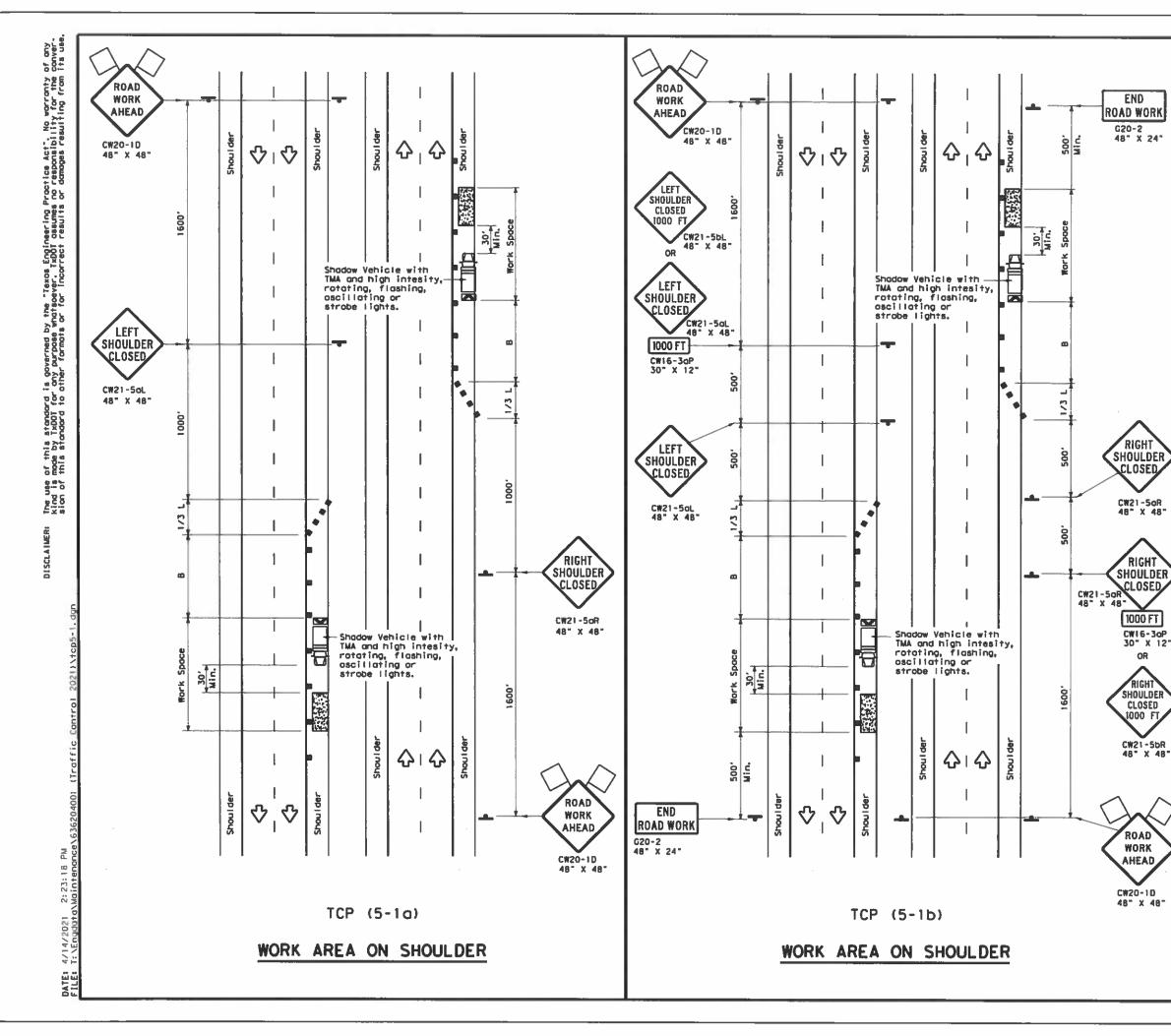


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS FOR ISOLATED WORK AREAS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-4) -13

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	LEGEND									
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Floshing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	\$	Traffic Flow							
Q	Flog	ПO	Flogger							

Posted Speed	Formula	Tap	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **X Suggested Moxi- Spacing of Channelizing Devices			cing of nelizing evices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10° Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	-8-
30	WS ²	150	1651	180	30'	601	90'
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245"	35'	701	120'
40	. 80	2651	295'	320'	401	801	155'
45	12.	450'	4951	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		5001	550'	6001	501	1001	240'
55	L-WS	550'	605'	6601	551	110'	2951
60	- " -	6001	6601	720'	601	1201	350'
65		6501	715'	7801	65'	130′	410'
70		7001	770'	8401	701	140'	475'
75		7501	825'	9001	751	1501	540'
80		8001	880,	9601	801	160'	615'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
	TCP (5-1a)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-16)								

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without odversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricodes or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when opproved by the Engineer.
- 2. 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece

For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shadow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502, Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.



Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHOULDER WORK FOR FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP (5-1)-12

© TxDOT February 2012	ON: TXE	OT	CKI TXDOT	DWI	TOCKT		CK1 TROOT
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The use of this standard is governed by the Texas Engineering Proctice Act.. No warranty of any kind is made by IxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. IXBOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other farmits or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. END $\varphi \varphi \varphi$ **ROAD WORK** G20-2 46" X 24" See Note 13 END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" See Note 13 Shadow Vehicles with TMA and high intensity *p rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights . 수 수 수 · Shodow Vehicle with TMA and RIGHT LANE high intensity ¥於를 rotating, flashing, CLOSED oscillating or CW20-5TR strobe lights 48" X 48" (See note 10) See note 1000 FT and 7 CW16-20P 30" X 12" RIGHT LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR 48" X 48" (See note 10) 自 1000 FT CW16-2aP 30" X 12" CLOSED CW20-5TR See note 48" X 48" (See note 10) 1 and 1 1000 FT RIGHT LANE CLOSED CW16-2aP 30" X 12 CW20-5TR 48" X 48" <u>S</u>, (See note 10) 1/2 MILE See note-CW16-3oP 30" X 12" and 7 RIGHT LANES CLOSED RIGHT LN XXXX CW20-5aTR 48" X 48" (See note 10) CLOSED XXXX 1/2 MILE AHEAD XXXX See note PHASE I PHASE 2 (See note 6) CW16-3oP 30" X 12" 1 and 7 🗥 -2 RIGHT XXXX ROAD LANES XXXX 4WORK CLOSED XXXX 1 MILE PHASE 2 (See note 6) PHASE 1 CW20-1F 48" X 48" See note 쇼|쇼|쇼|쇼 and 7 A DATE: 4/14/2021 2:23:24 PM FILE: T:\Engdata\Mointenanc ROAD WORK 1 MILE TCP (6-1a) TCP (6-1b) CW20-1F 48" X 48" TYPICAL FREEWAY TYPICAL FREEWAY ONE LANE CLOSURE TWO LANE CLOSURE

Type 3 Barricade

Type 3 Barricade

Channelizing Devices

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Trailer Mounted Message Sign (PCMS)

Sign

Flag

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimur esirob Lengti XX	le	Spacili Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On o Toper	On a Tangent	-8-	
45		4501	4951	5401	45'	901	195'	
50		5001	5501	600'	50"	1001	240'	
55	L=WS	5501	6051	6601	55′	1101	295'	
60		6001	660'	7201	601	120'	350'	
65		6501	715'	7801	65′	1301	410'	
70		7001	770'	840'	701	140'	475'	
75		7501	8251	300,	75' 150'		5401	
80		800,	8801	960'	80"	160'	6151	

** Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL USAGE							
	MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATI						
Į		1	1	1					

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on topers with drums or 42" cones used on topers the used on types of the channelizing devices may be used on directed by the Fooley
- tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer.

 3. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and materist safety during construction.
- Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- other specific wornings.
 7. Duplicate construction worning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- 8. The number of closed lones may be increased provided the specing of traffic control
- devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TAUTCD.9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the bottom of the sign.
- 10. Worning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 11. When possible, PCMS units should be lacated in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow materists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- 12. For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for rood users or workers.
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be amitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

*A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA sholl be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

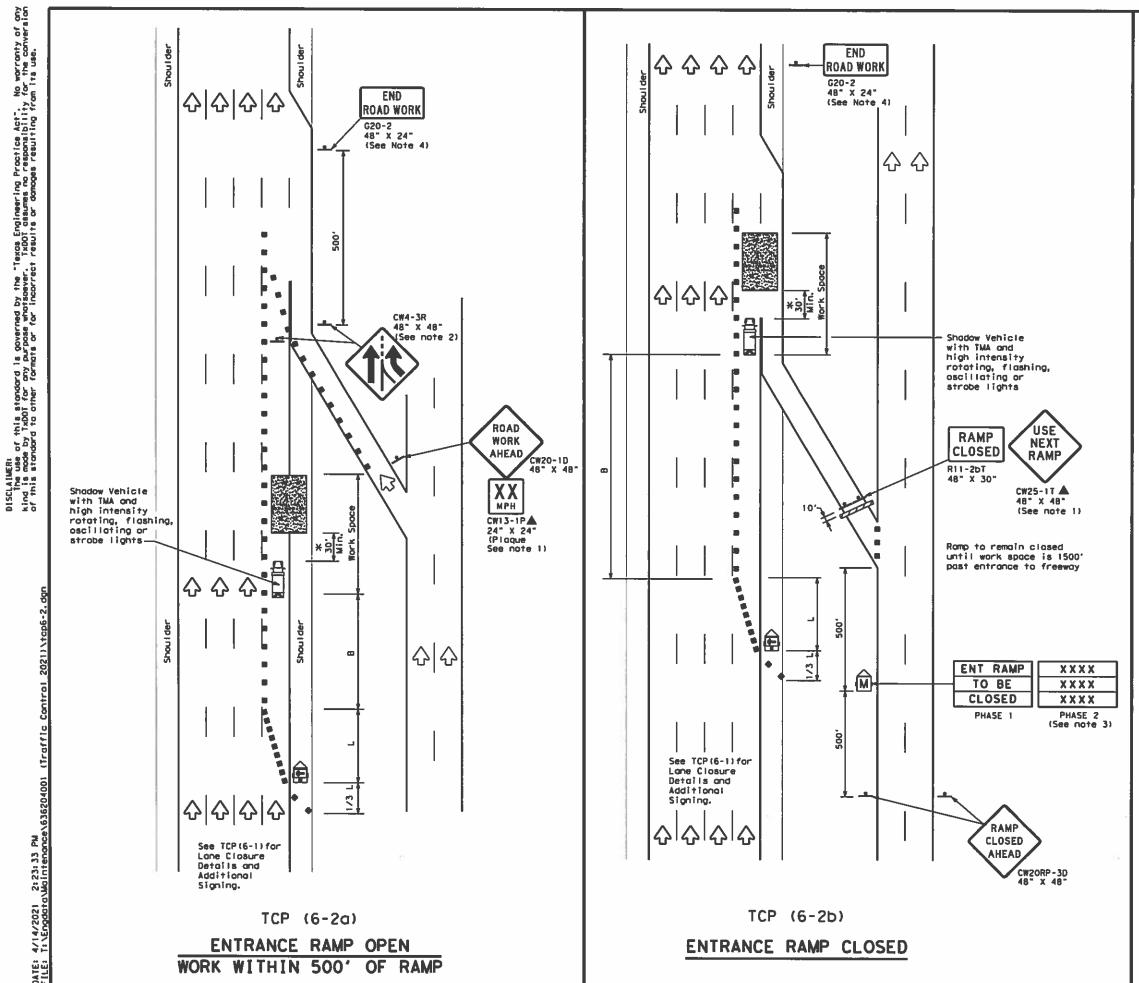


Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP (6-1)-12

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LEGEND ----Type 3 Barricade ■ ■ Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board ♦ Sign Traffic Flow 10 Q Flag Flogger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Destroble Toper Lengths =	le	Spacili Channe		Suggested Longitudingl Buffer Space	
1000		10' Offset	11. Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45		4501	4951	540'	45'	90'	195'
50	L•WS	5001	550'	600'	50'	1001	240'
55		5501	6051	6601	55'	1101	295'
60		6001	6601	720'	60,	1201	350'
65		6501	7151	7801	651	130'	410'
70		7001	770'	8401	701	1401	475'
75		750'	825"	9001	75'	1501	540'
80		8001	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE SHORT DURATION		SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY		LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1	1					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans,
- 2. ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign between ramp and maintane can be seen from both roadways.
- 3. See "Advance Natice List" on BC(6) for recommended date
- and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
- 4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely offecting the work

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

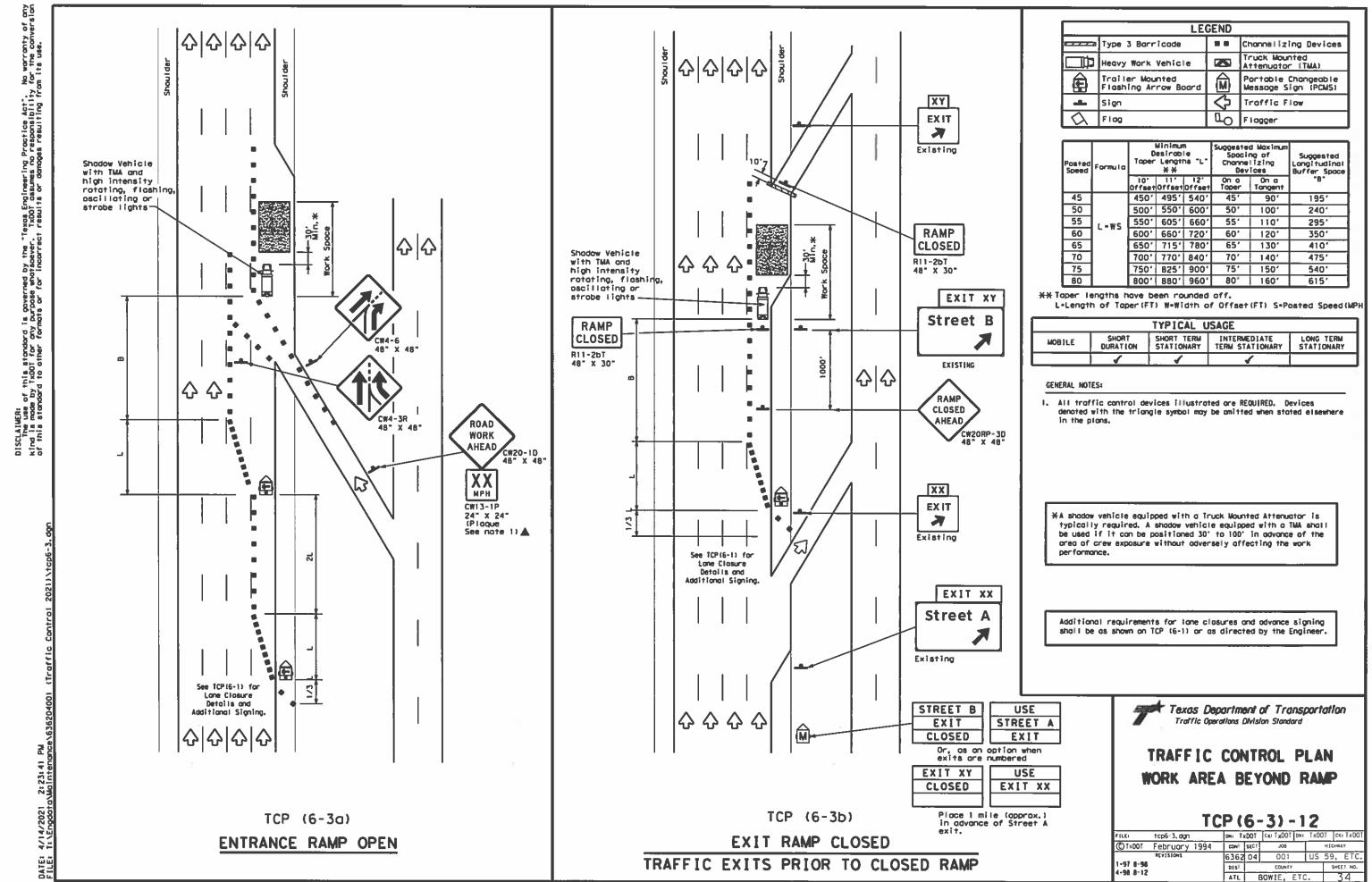


Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN **WORK AREA NEAR RAMP**

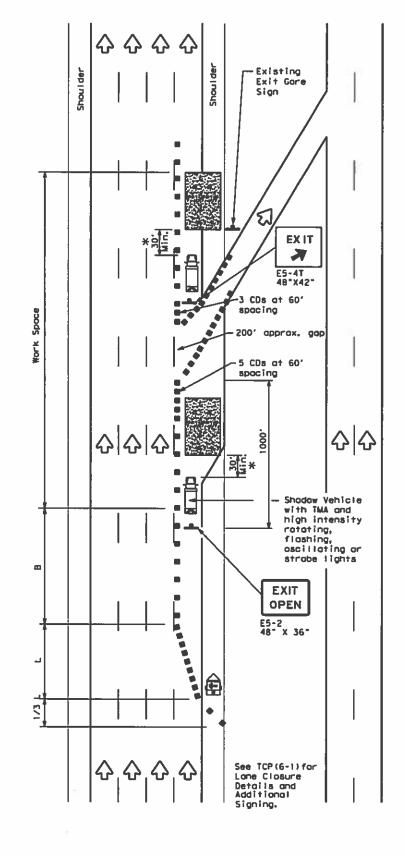
TCP (6-2) -12

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4-98 8-12	ATL	BOWIE, ETC.			3 3	



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TRAFFIC EXITS PAST CLOSED RAMP



TCP (6-4b)

EXIT RAMP OPEN

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	•	Channetizing Devices (CDs)					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
Q	Flag	Ъ	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirob Lengti **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Long I tuding I Buffer Space		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	•В•		
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	1951		
50		500'	5501	600'	50'	100'	240'		
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110'	2951		
60	L - 113	6001	6601	720'	60'	120'	350'		
_65		6501	7151	7801	651	130'	410'		
70		7001	770'	8401	70′	1401	475'		
75		7501	8251	9001	751	150'	540'		
80		8001	880'	9601	801	1601	615'		

XX Toper lengths have been rounded off. L*Length of Taper (FT) W-Width of Offset (FT) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	4				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere
- 2. See BC Standards for sign details.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

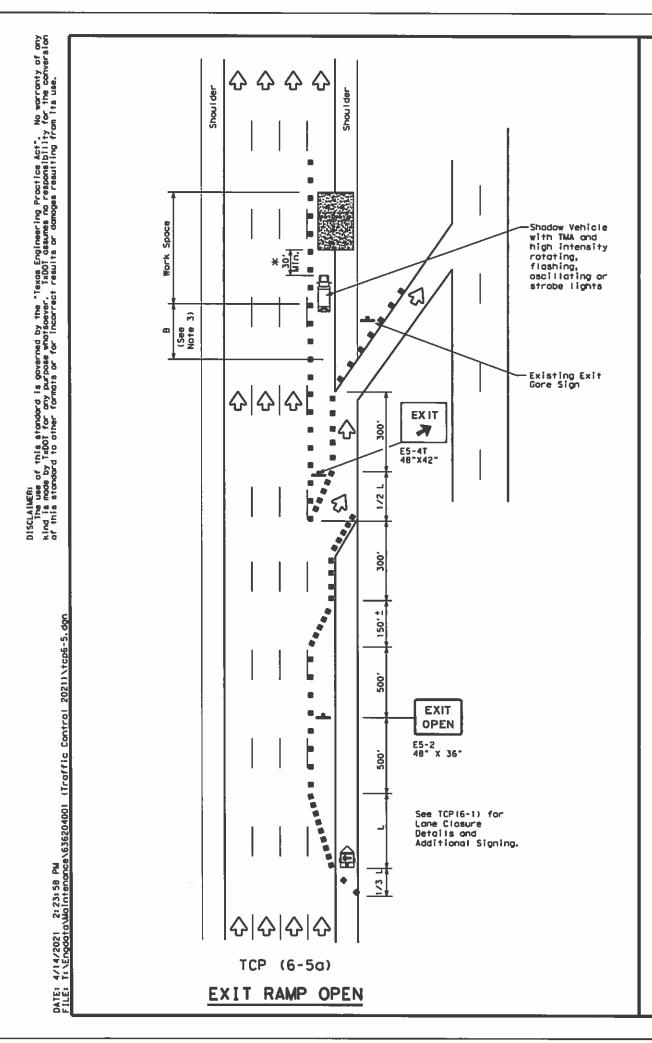


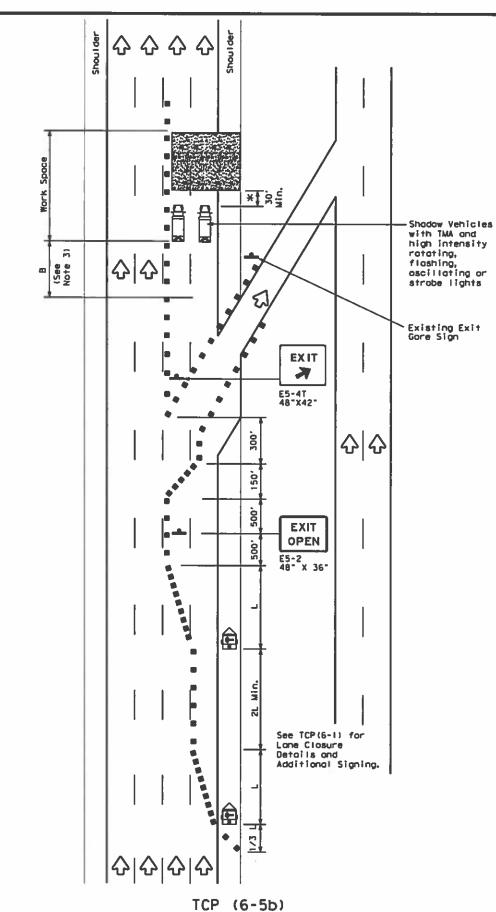
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-4) -12

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EXIT RAMP OPEN

TWO LANE CLOSURE WITHIN

1500' PAST EXIT RAMP

LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle **7**_3 Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) ♦ Traffic Flow a LO Flagger Flog

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Taper Lengths "L" Channellzing Longitudio XX Devices Buffer Sp		Specing of Channelizing		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	*B*
45		450'	495'	5401	45'	90'	1951
50		5001	5501	6001	50'	100'	240'
55	L-WS	5501	6051	660'	55'	110'	295'
60	- " -	6001	660'	7201	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	7801	651	130'	410'
70	[7001	770'	8401	70'	140'	4751
75		750"	B25'	9001	75'	150'	540'
80		8001	8801	960'	801	1601	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	4	4	4					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

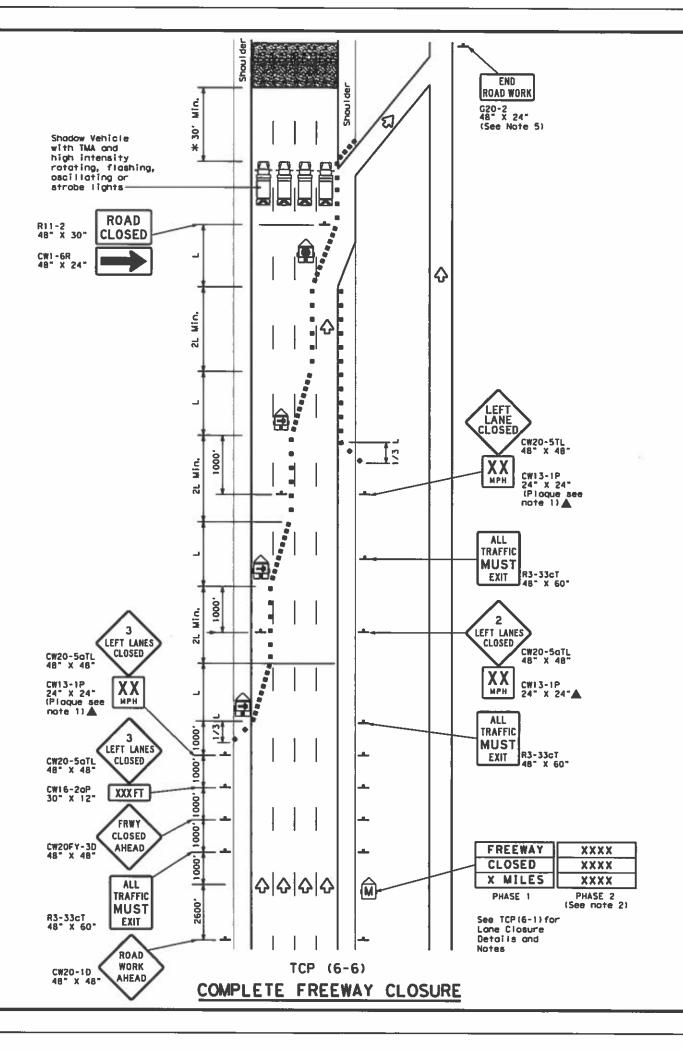
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-5) - 12

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	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeoble Message Sign (PCMS)					
	Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode	♦	Traffic Flow					
-	Sign							

Posted Speed	Formula	0	** Devices Buffer Space			Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	-8-
45		450'	4951	540'	451	901	1951
50		5001	550'	6001	501	1001	240'
55	L-WS	5501	6051	6601	551	110'	2951
60	E-113	6001	660'	7201	60'	120'	350'
65		6501	715'	7801	651	130'	4101
70		7001	7701	840'	70′	140'	475'
75		7501	825'	9001	75′	1501	540'
80		8001	880'	9601	80'	1601	615'

** Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

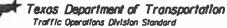
	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Phose 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE RIGHT," recommended speed, delay, exit information, or other specific wornings.
- 3. Where queuing is anticipated beyond signing shown, additional PCMS signs, other warning signs, devices or Law Enforcement Officers should be available to warn approaching high speed traffic of the end of the queue, as directed
- 4. Entrance ramps located from the advance warning area to the exit romp should be closed whenever possible.
- 5. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

*A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in odvance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

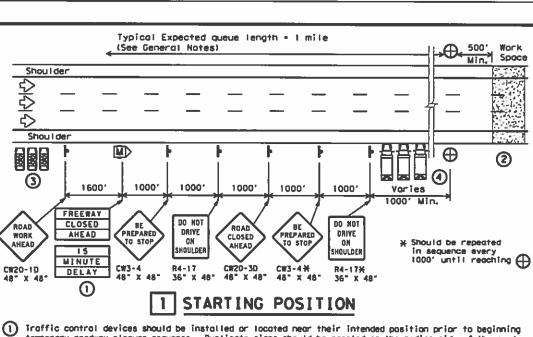


Traffic Operations Division Standard

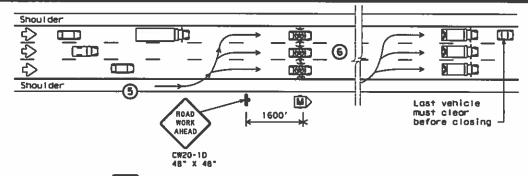
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY CLOSURE

TCP (6-6) -12

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- 1) Traffic control devices should be installed or located near their intended position prior to beginning temporary roodway closure sequence. Duplicate signs should be erected on the median side of the roodway when median width permits. Warning signs should not be placed on the paved shoulders that will be used by the WARNING LEOV, or where movement of the LEOVs or borrier vehicles will be impeded.
- Prior to beginning the roadway closure sequence, all equipment, materials, personnel, and other items necessary to complete the work should be gathered near the work area. Entrance ramps located in the area where a queue is expected to build should be clased.
- There should be one LEOV for every lone to be controlled, plus a minimum of one to worn traffic approaching a queue. An additional lead law enforcement afficer is desirable to remain with the Engineer's or Contractor's point of contact (POC) during the operation in order to improve communication with all LEOVs involved.
- One barrier vehicle with a Truck Mounted Attenuator and amber or blue and amber high intensity flashing/oscillating/strabe lighting shall be used for each lane to be closed.



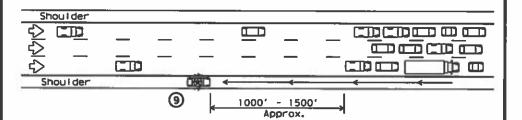
2 REDUCING SPEED OPERATION

- (5) Starting position of the LEOVs should be in advance of the most distant warning signs.
- 6 Once the LEOVs have achieved an obreast blacking formation while traveling toward the CP, emergency lights and headlights should be turned "ON". The LEOVs should maintain formation, not allow traffic to pass, and begin to decelerate. The LEOVs should continue to decelerate, giving the barrier vehicles apportunity to be staged upstream of the work space after traffic has cleared. The LEOVs should then continue to decelerate slowly until bringing traffic to a stop near the barrier vehicles.

			⊕ 500' Min-	Work Space
S	houlder	·	D(69D)	15.75
	₽			
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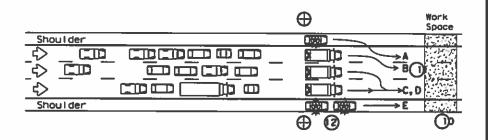
3 ALL TRAFFIC STOPPED AT CP

- Once traffic is stopped the LEOVs should park on the shoulders with emergency lighting "ON" in order to provide law enforcement presence at the closure and keep shoulders blocked ahead of the work space. They should stay in radio contact with the WARNING LEOV.
- (B) The barrier vehicles should be parked, one in each lane, the parking brake set, with the high visibility floshing/oscillating/strobe lighting "ON," and the transmission in gear.



4 WARNING THE TRAFFIC QUEUE

The WARNING LEOV should proceed to the right shoulder of the roadway, with emergency lights on approximately 1000' in advance of the traffic queue (stopped traffic) as the queue develops. When determined that limited sight distance situations (crest of hills, sharp roadway curvature, etc.) may occur to materists approaching the queue, the WARNING LEOV may proceed ½ mile or more in advance of the queue.



5 RELEASING STOPPED TRAFFIC

- (1)All equipment, materials, personnel, and other items should be removed from the roadway and maintain an adequate clear zone.
- (1) When the roadway is clear for traffic, the LEOV should proceed forward from the left shoulder followed by the barrier vehicles, from left to right, as shown alphabetically in the plan view.
- (2) The LEOV or LEOVs on the right shoulder may remain on the shoulder until satisfied that traffic is moving satisfactorily before merging or proceeding.
- (3)LEOVs and barrier vehicles should re-group at their respective starting positions if necessary.

	LEGEND								
••	Channelizing Devices	\oplus	Control Position (CP)						
M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)		Barrier Vehicle with Truck Mounted Attenuator						
	Law Enforcement Officer's Vehicle(LEOV)	♦	Traffic Flow						

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1						

GENERAL NOTES

- 1.All traffic control devices shall conform with the latest edition of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD). Additional guidelines for traffic control devices may be found in the TMUTCD. Signs conflicting with the roadway closure sequence should be completely removed or covered. Additional traffic control devices may be required for closure of access roads, cross streets, exit and entrance ramps as directed by the Engineer.
- 2.Low enforcement afficers and all workers invalved should review and understand all procedures before the roadway closure sequence begins. Pre-work meetings may be held for this purpose. Local emergency services and media should have advance notification of roadway closure, expected dates and approximate times of closures.
- 3.Low enforcement officers shall be in uniform and have jurisdiction in the locale of the work area. An additional WARNING Law Enforcement Officer's Vehicle (LEOV) may be used on the median side of the roadway where median shoulder width permits (See sequence #9).
- 4. The roadway closure should be during aff-peak hours, as shown in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- 5. Work should be limited to approximately 15 minutes maximum duration unless otherwise directed by the Engineer based on existing roadway conditions. If the work is not complete within 15 minutes, or if the end of the traffic queue extends past the most distant advance warning signs, the work area should be cleared of all equipment, materials, personnel, and other items, and the roadway reopened. When the queue has dissipated and the traffic flow appears normal the roadway closure sequence may be repeated.
- 6. For traffic volumes greater than 1000 Passenger Cars Per Hour Per Lane (PCPHPL), or for roadway closures that exceed 15 minutes, see details elsewhere in the plan.
- 7. If traffic queues beyond the odvance warning signs during one rood closure sequence, the odvance warning should be extended prior to repeating the rood closure sequence. When possible, PCMS signs should be located in advance of the last available exit prior to the closure to allow materists the choice of an alternate route.

THIS PLAN IS INTENDED TO BE USED AT LOCATIONS/TIMES WHEN TRAFFIC VOLUMES ARE LESS THAN 1000 PASSENGER CARS PER HOUR PER LANE.

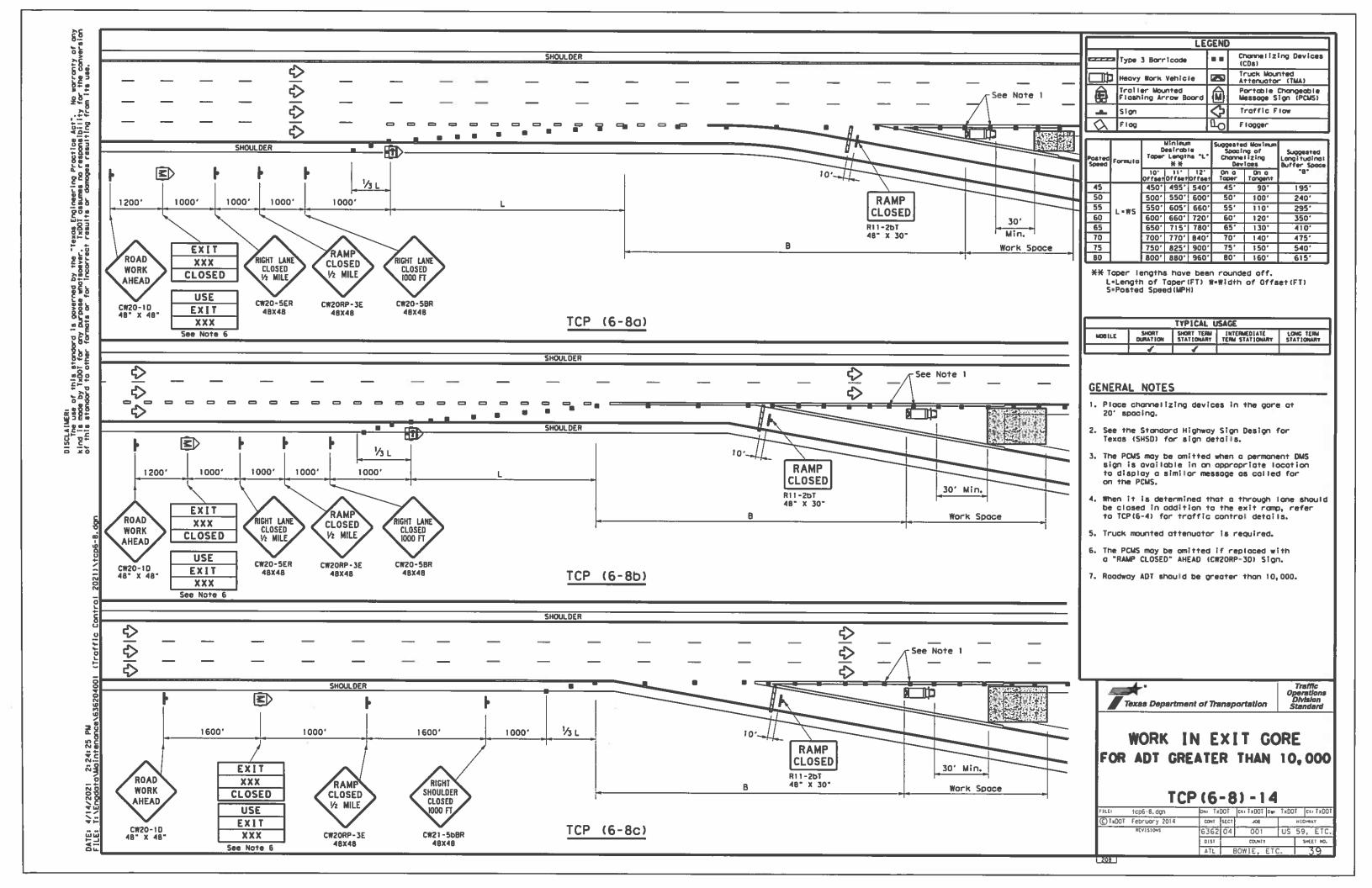


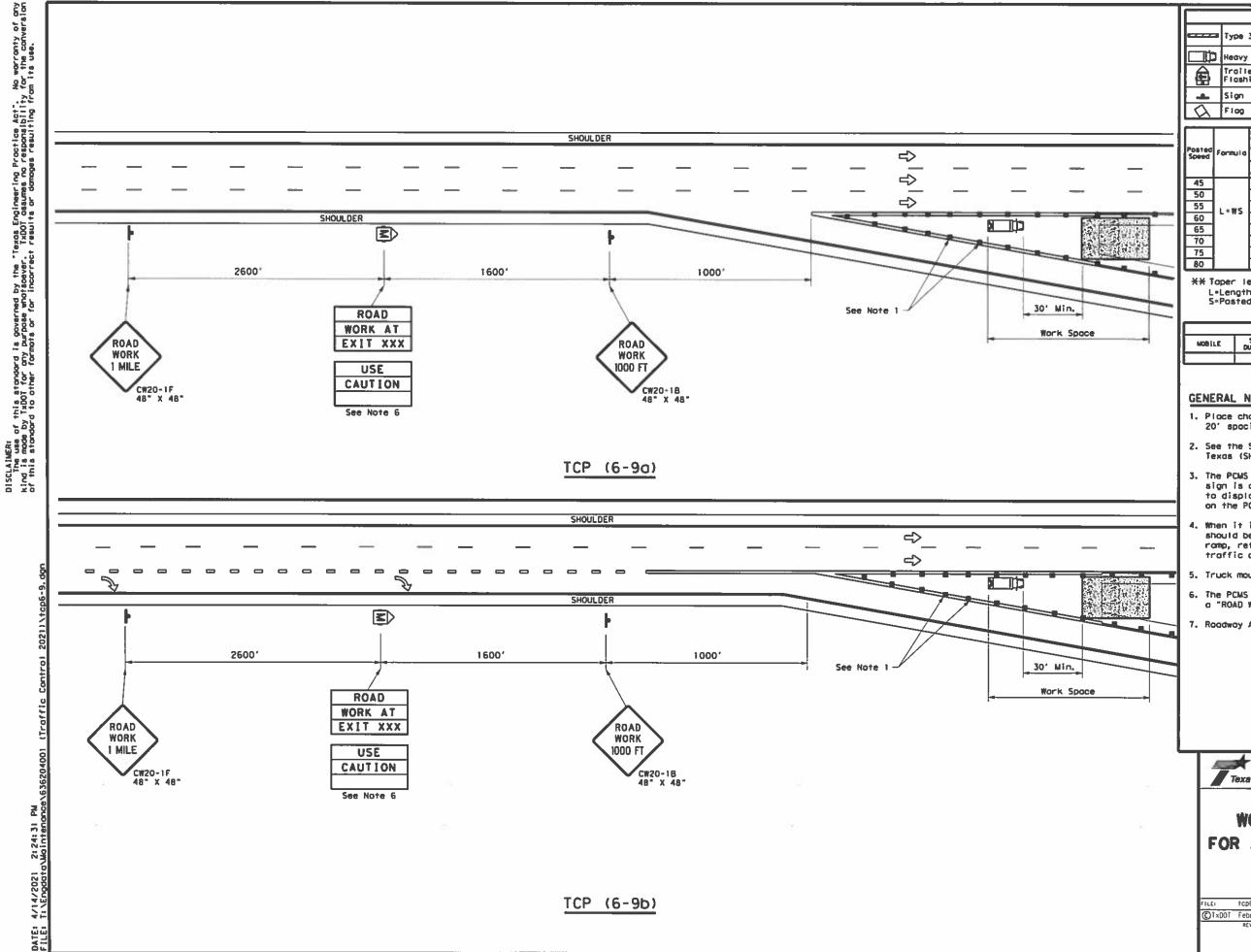
Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
SHORT DURATION FREEWAY
CLOSURE SEQUENCE

TCP (6-7) -12

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1720			ATL	E	BOWIE, I	ETC	.	3.8





	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Borricode		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
A	Traiter Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
4	Sign	(Traffic Flow						
Q	Flog	Ъ	Flogger						

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Hinimus esirab Lengti XX	le:	Spacili Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
		10° Offset	11° Offset	12' Offset	On a On a Taper Tangent		.8.		
45		4501	495"	540"	45"	90.	195'		
50		500'	5501	6001	50'	1001	240'		
55	L+WS	5501	6051	6601	55′	110'	295'		
60	2 113	600,	660'	7201	601	120*	350'		
65		6501	715"	780'	65'	1301	410"		
70		7001	7701	840"	70'	1401	475'		
75		750'	8251	9001	75*	150'	540'		
80		8001	880'	960'	80'	1501	615'		

** Toper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

Ш	TYPICAL USAGE							
l	MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
П		1	1					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Place channelizing devices in the gare at 20' specing.
- 2. See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) for sign details.
- 3. The PCMS may be amitted when a permanent DMS sign is available in an appropriate location to display a similar message as called for on the PCMS.
- 4. When it is determined that a through lane should be closed in addition to the exit ramp, refer to TCP(6-4) and TCP(6-8) for traffic control details.
- 5. Truck mounted attenuators are required.
- 6. The PCMS may be omitted if replaced with a "ROAD WORK 1/2 MILE" (CW20-1E).
- 7. Roadway ADT should be less than 10,000.

Texas Department of Transportation

WORK IN EXIT GORE FOR ADT LESS THAN 10,000

TCP (6-9) -14

LEI	tcp6 9, dgn	ow Tx	100	ck: TxDOT	Des	T×DO	H	CRI TXDOT
100x1(February 2014	CONT	SECT	108			HIG	HWAT
	REVISIONS	6362	04	001		US	59	. ETC.
		01\$1		COUNTY			5	HEET NO.
		ATL	É	OWIE,	ET(40

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The use of this standard is governed by the "lexas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TaDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TaDOI desumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use, "Shoulder, don". ROAD WORK **AHEAD** CW20-1D Channelizing devices may be omitted if the work area is a minimum of 30' from the nearest traveled way. — \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, oscillating or strobe lights. ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" DATE: 4/14/2021 2:25:27 PM FILE: T:\Engdata\Maintenance\636204001 \Diamond \Diamond | ۍ ⊹ TCP (ATL-11a) TYPICAL UNDIVIDED OR FLUSH MEDIAN WORK NEAR SHOULDER

Channelizing devices may be omitted if the work area is a minimum of 30' from the nearest troveled woy. **公** 公 수 수 Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, ascillating or strobe lights Medi WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" Shoulder \triangle \Diamond \Diamond ↔ TCP (ATL-11b) TYPICAL DEPRESSED MEDIAN

WORK NEAR SHOULDER

	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Borricode		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
4	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow						
a	Flag	•	Drum						

Speed	Formula	** Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
*		10' Offsat	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-
30	ws ²	150'	1651	1801	301	60'	1201	901
35	L= WS	205'	2251	245"	35′	701	160'	1201
40	00	265'	2951	320'	40'	801	240'	1551
45		450'	4951	5401	451	901	3201	1951
50		5001	5501	600'	501	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	5501	6051	660'	551	1101	500'	295'
60	- "-	600,	6601	720'	601	120'	600'	350'
65		6501	7151	780"	65′	1301	700'	410'
70		7001	770'	840"	701	140'	800,	475'
75		7501	B25'	900'	75'	1501	900'	540'

* Conventional Roods Only

XX Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L*Length of Taper (FT) W-Width of Offset (FT) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

		TYPICAL U	ISAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1	1	1

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricodes placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and materials safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flogs should be used an advance warning signs during doytime operations. Warning lights may be used to odd emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 6. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSMEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 8. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.

#A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricodes or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.



Texas Department of Transportation

Alanta District Standard

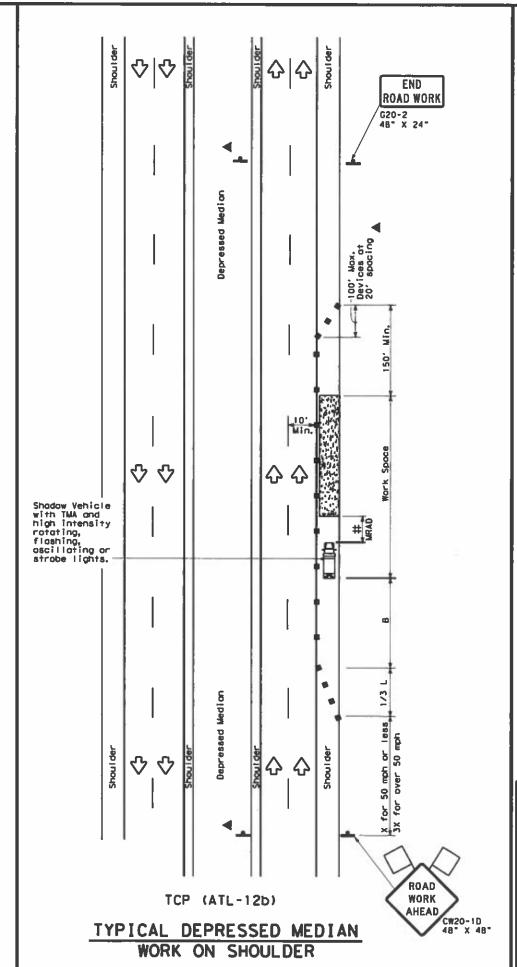
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK NEAR SHOULDER

TCP (ATL - 11) - 14

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DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "lexas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any Kind is made by TXDOI for any purpose whotsoever. TXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. Shoulder. Agn Shoulder Shoulder END **ROAD WORK** ROAD G20-2 48" X 24" WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 46" X 48" ያ ያ ◇◇< Shodow Vehicle snaoow venicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" DATE: 4/14/2021 2:25:33 PM FILE: T:\Engdata\Maintenance\636204001 ♥ ♥ ♥ ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" TCP (ATL-12a) TYPICAL UNDIVIDED OR FLUSH MEDIAN WORK ON SHOULDER



	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Borricode		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow							
Q	Flag	•	Drum							

Posted Speed	Formuta	Desirable Taper Lengths ##		Spac l		Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-
30	, <u>ws</u> 2	1501	1651	1801	301	601	120'	90,
35	L = WS	2051	225'	245"	35′	70'	1601	120'
40	80	2651	295'	320'	40'	801	240'	155'
45		4501	4951	5401	451	901	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	6001	50'	100"	4001	240'
55	L-WS	5501	605'	6601	55′	110'	5001	295'
60	- "-	6001	660'	7201	60'	120'	600'	350'
65	i	6501	7151	7801	65'	130'	7001	4101
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	1401	8001	475'
75		7501	8251	9001	75'	150'	900'	540"

* Conventional Roads Only

** Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	1				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when opproved by the Engineer.
- 2. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and materist safety during construction.

 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during
- nighttime operations.
- 5. Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the median side where median width will permit and traffic values justifies the signing.
- See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 7. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channellzing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "MORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 8. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall accur within the buffer space.
- Worning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs
 are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD
 for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 10. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

#A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.

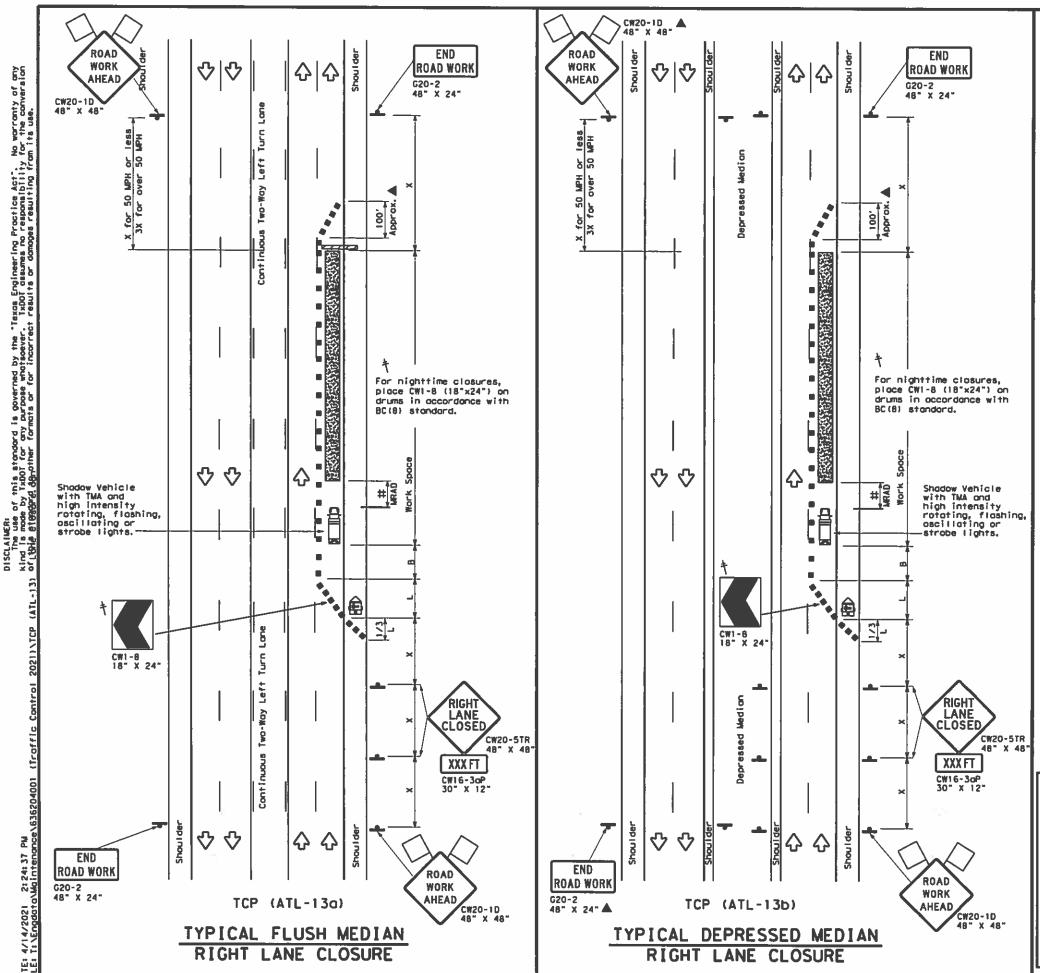


Texas Department of Transportation Atlanta District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN **WORK ON SHOULDER**

TCP (ATL-12)-14

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)TxD0T January 20	14 CONT	SECT	108		м1	SHUAY
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	7210		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ATL		BOWIE, ET	TC.	$\neg \top$	42



	LEGEND											
	Type 3 Borricode	• •	Channelizing Devices									
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)									
Ê	Trailer Mounted Floshing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)									
-	Sign	₩	Traffic Flow									
Q	Flag	•	Drum									

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimu esirob er Len **	le	Spacili Channe		Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	1501	1651	1801	30'	60'	1201	90,
35	L= WS	2051	2251	245"	351	701	1601	120'
40	80	2651	2951	320'	40'	801	240'	1551
45		4501	495	5401	45'	901	320'	1951
50		5001	5501	600'	501	1001	4001	240'
_55	L•WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	7201	601	1201	6001	350'
65		6501	7151	7801	65'	130'	700'	4101
70		700'	770'	840'	701	140'	800'	4751
75		7501	8251	9001	751	1501	9001	540'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Taper (FT) W-Width of Offset (FT) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and materist safety during construction.
- High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Worning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 6. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPE
 Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 8. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- 10. For Right Lane Closure on Undivided Roadway, refer to TCP (ATL-14).

#A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Monufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Yenicle and TMA.



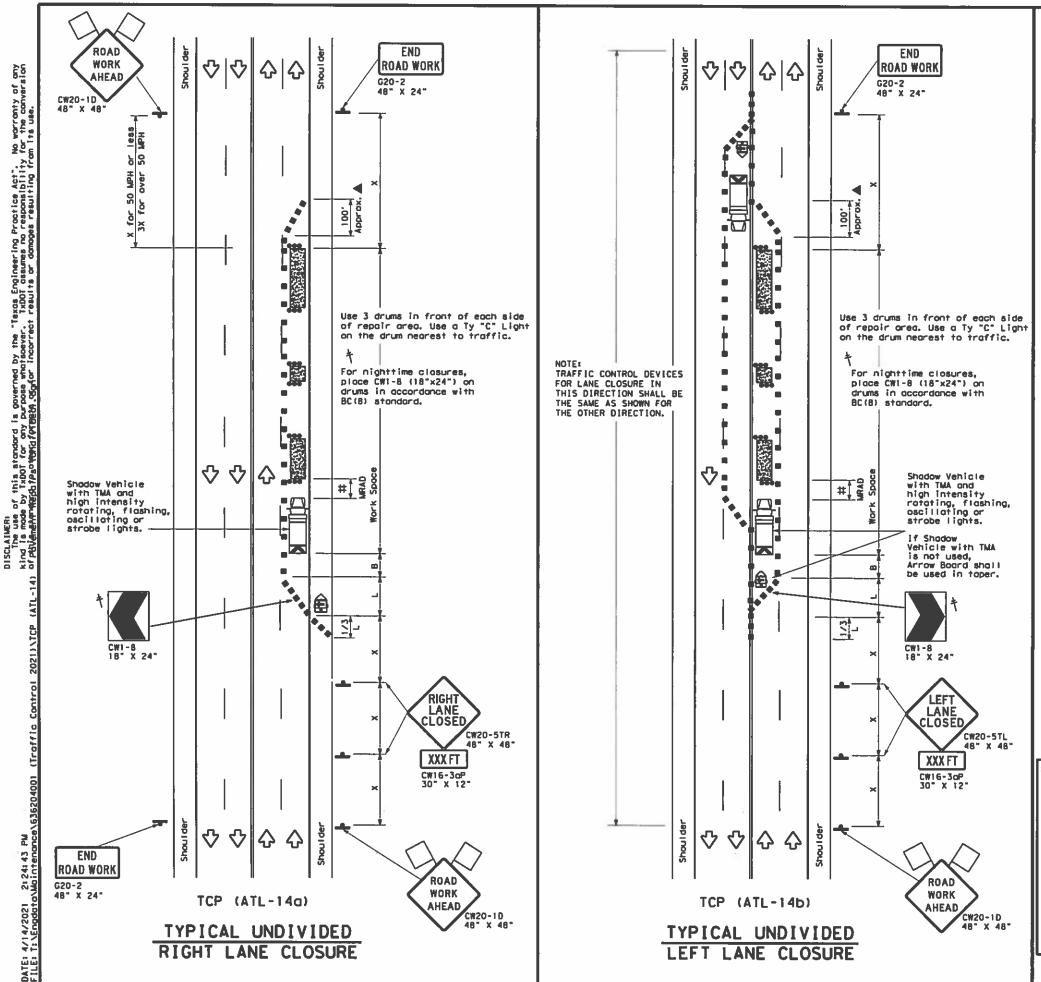
Texas Department of Transportation

Alanta District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN RIGHT LANE CLOSURE

TCP (ATL-13)-15

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1	(C) 1x001	August 2014	CONT	SECT	J08		HIGHWAY	
1	4-15	REVISIONS	6362	04	001	US	59, E	TC.
_	4-15		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET	NO.
			ATL	6	OWIE.	ETC.	43	5



	LEGEND											
فتتت	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices									
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)									
Ê	Troiler Mounted Floshing Arrow Board	M	Portoble Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)									
_	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow									
Q	Flag	•	Drum									

Posted Speed	Speed		Desirable Toper Lengths **			d Maximum ng of Lizing ices	Minimum Sign Specing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	Distance	_B_
30	2	150'	1651	1801	30'	60'	120'	90,
35	L = WS2	2051	225'	245"	35'	701	160'	1201
40	60	2651	2951	3201	40'	80'	240'	1551
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	901	3201	1951
50		500'	550'	6001	50'	1001	4001	240'
_55	L-WS	5501	6051	660'	551	1101	5001	295'
60	,,,	6001	660'	7201	60,	1201	600'	350'
65		650'	7151	780'	65′	1301	700'	410'
70		7001	7701	840"	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		7501	825'	9001	75′	150'	9001	540'

** Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Taper (FT) W-Width of Offset (FT) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
		1	1						

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. All construction signs and barricodes placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and materiat safety during construction.
- 4. High level worning flags should be used on advance worning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to odd emphasis to advance warning signs during
- nighttime operations.

 5. See BC Standards for additional sign detaits.

 6. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 7. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur
- When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below
- 9. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

#A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

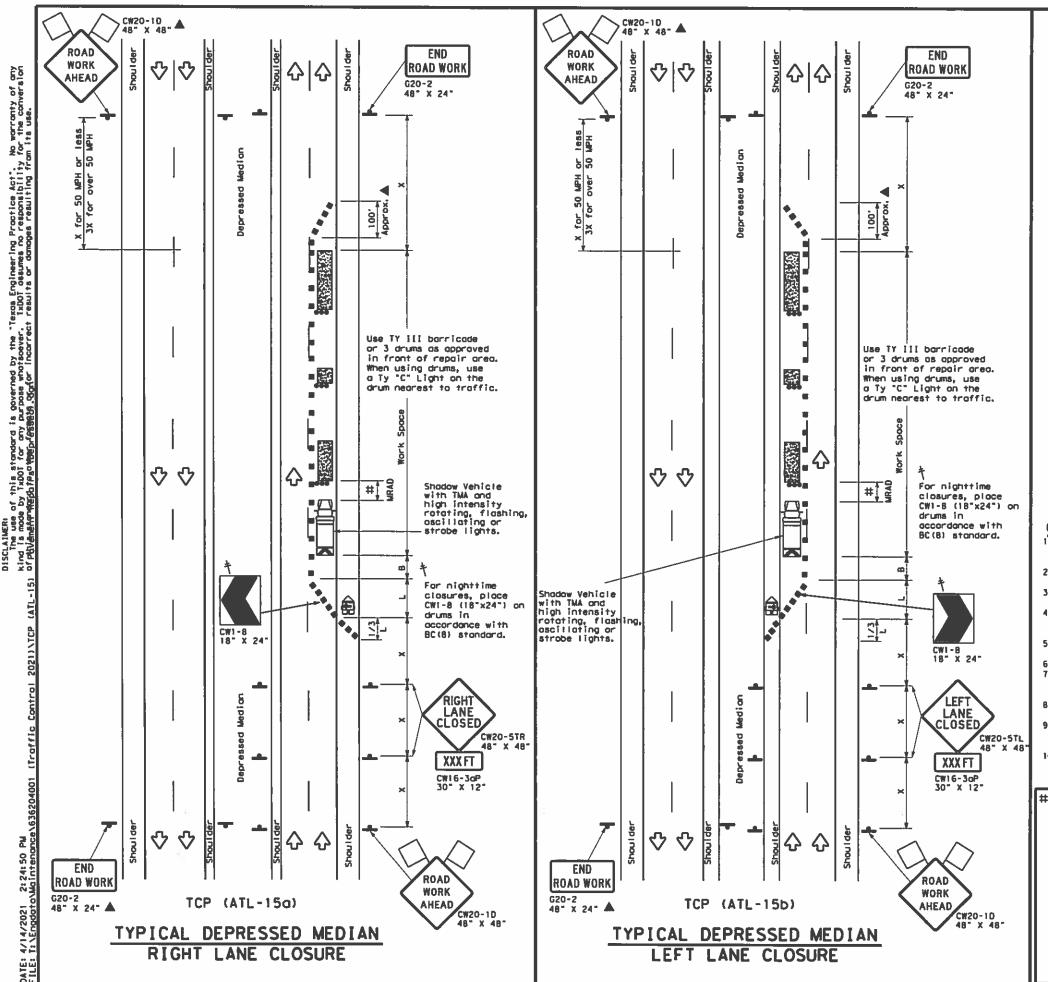


Texas Department of Transportation Allanta District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN **PAVEMENT REPAIRS** (UNDIVIDED)

TCP (ATL-14)-15

FILE	at 1-14. dgn	ON: Tx	DOT	CK: TxDOT	Dat	TxDC)T c	ri Tx001
(C) Tx00T	January 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB			нісня	1A T
ACCUMANCE.	MENISTONS	6362	04	001		US	59,	ETC.
4-15		1210		COUNTY			Set	ET MG.
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	LE(GEND	
محمدت	Type 3 Barricade	6.0	Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
-4-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow
a	Flag	•	Drum

Speed	Formula	**		Spaciii Channe		Minimum Sign Specing "X"	Suggested Langitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11" Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-
30	WS2	1501	165'	1801	301	601	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245"	35'	701	1601	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	401	801	240'	155'
45		450'	4951	540'	451	901	320'	1951
50		5001	5501	6001	50'	1001	4001	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	6601	55'	110'	5001	295'
60	E-113	6001	660'	7201	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650"	7151	780'	651	130'	7001	410'
70		7001	770'	840'	70'	140'	800,	475'
75		7501	8251	9001	75′	150'	9001	540'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	4 4									

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until remain is approved by the Engineer.

 3. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as
- required to maintain traffic flow, detours and materiat safety during construction.
- 4. High level worning flogs should be used on advance worning signs during daytime operations. Worning lights may be used to odd emphasis to advance worning signs during nighttime operations.
- Duplicate construction worning signs should be erected on the median side where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
 See BC Standards for additional sign details.

- 7. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "MORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 8. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur
- 9. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque
- below the sign may be used.

 10. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be amitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

#A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Monufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the gred of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.

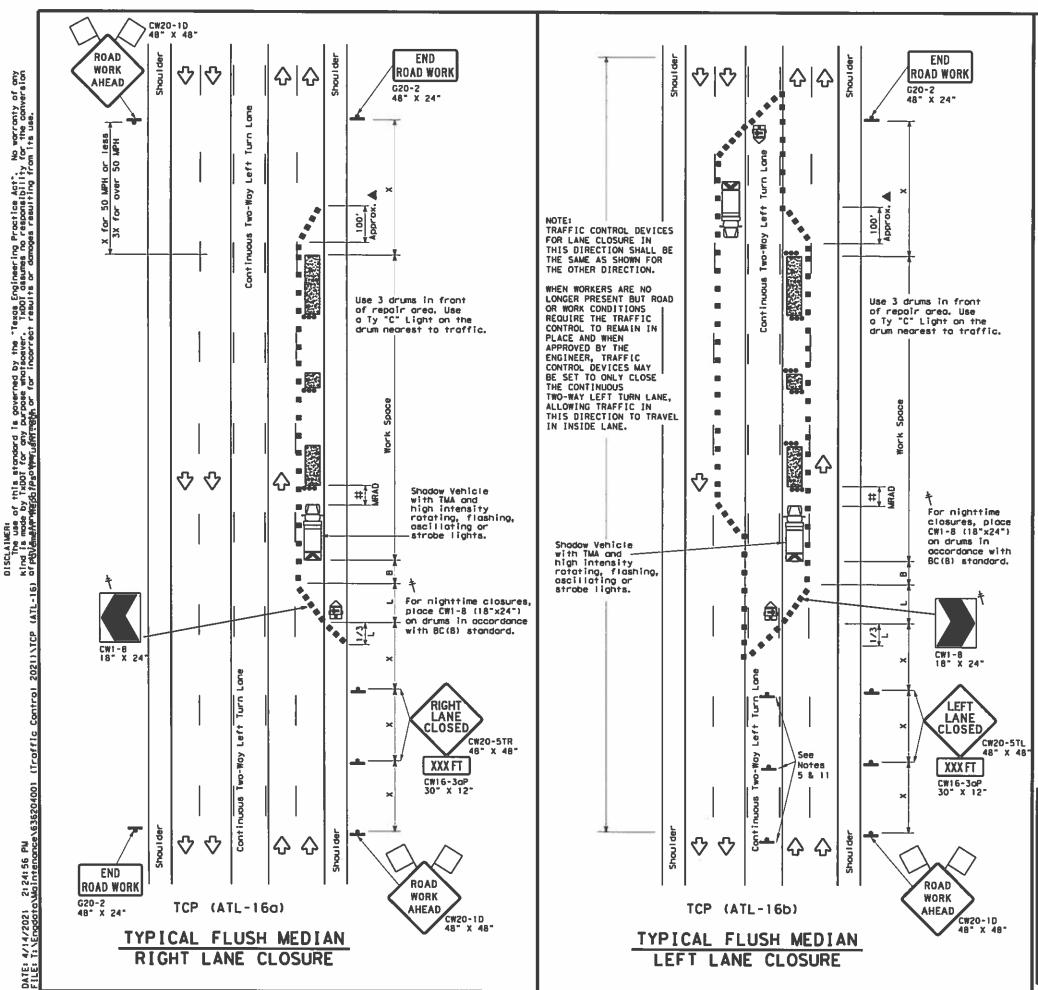


Texas Department of Transportation Allonia District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PAVEMENT REPAIRS (DEPRESSED MEDIAN)

TCP (ATL-15)-15

FILE	at l=15. dgn	DN: T	t001	cu: TxDOT Des	ī xi)()î Cx	1 Tx001
(C) 1×DOT	January 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		H1GHI	ΑY
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7.13		D15	F	COUNTY		SHE	ET NO.
		ATL		BOWIE, ET	С.	4	5



	LEGEND											
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	• •	Chonnelizing Devices									
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)									
	Troiler Mounted Floshing Arrow Board	M	Portoble Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)									
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow									
Q	Flag	•	Drum									

Posted Speed	Formula	. 0	Minimu esirob er Len **	le	Spacia		Sign	Suggested Long I tudina I Buffer Space "B"	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	Distance		
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30'	60'	1201	90'	
35	L= WS ²	205'	225'	2451	35′	701	160'	120'	
40	- 00	2651	2951	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	
_45		450'	495'	5401	45'	901	320'	1951	
50		500'	550'	600'	501	1001	400'	240'	
55	L = WS	5501	6051	660'	551	1101	500'	295'	
60	- " -	600,	660'	720'	601	1201	600'	350'	
65		650'	715'	7801	651	130'	7001	410'	
70		7001	7701	840'	701	140'	800'	475'	
75		7501	825'	900'	751	1501	900'	540'	

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STAT[ONARY					
	1 1								

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. All construction signs and barricodes placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- Duplicate construction worning signs shall be erected on the median side.
   See BC Standards for additional sign details.

- 7. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Comes or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channellizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 8. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 9. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 10. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- 11. For TCP (ATL-16b) Flush Median, median side signs shall be mounted at 7' height.

#A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Monufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but rood or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.

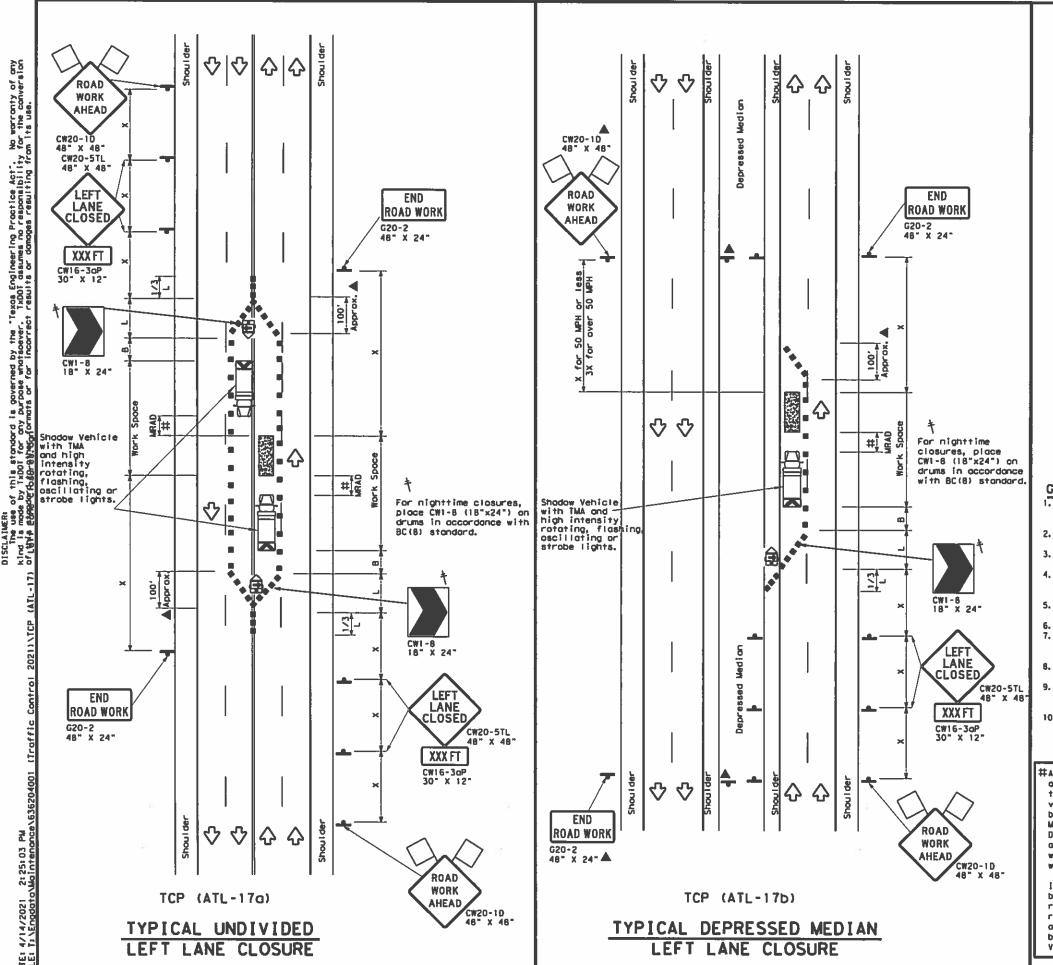


Texas Department of Transportation Allanta District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PAVEMENT REPAIRS (FLUSH MEDIAN)

TCP (ATL-16)-15

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	LEGEND											
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices									
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)									
Ê	Trailer Mounted Floshing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)									
-	Sign	₩	Traffic Flow									
a	Flag	•	Drum									

Speed	Formula	** Devices		Minimum Sign Specing -x-	Suggested Longitudings Buffer Space			
*		10' Offaat	II' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-
30	<u>ws²</u>	1501	1651	1801	30′	601	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	225'	2451	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265'	295'	3201	40'	80'	240'	1551
45		450'	4951	540'	451	90,	320'	1951
50		500'	5501	600'	501	100'	4001	240'
_55	L-WS	5501	605	660'	551	110'	5001	295'
60	L-W3	6001	6601	7201	601	1201	600'	350'
65		650'	7151	780'	651	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	B40'	70'	140'	800,	475'
75		750'	8251	9001	75′	150'	900'	540'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricodes placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level worning flags should be used on advance worning signs during daytime operations. Worning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance worning signs during nighttime operations.
- Duplicate construction worning signs should be erected on the median side where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
   See BC Standards for additional sign details.

- 7. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES,"
- Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- Then signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque
- below the sign may be used.

  10. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be amitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

Sheet 1 of 2

#A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TWA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

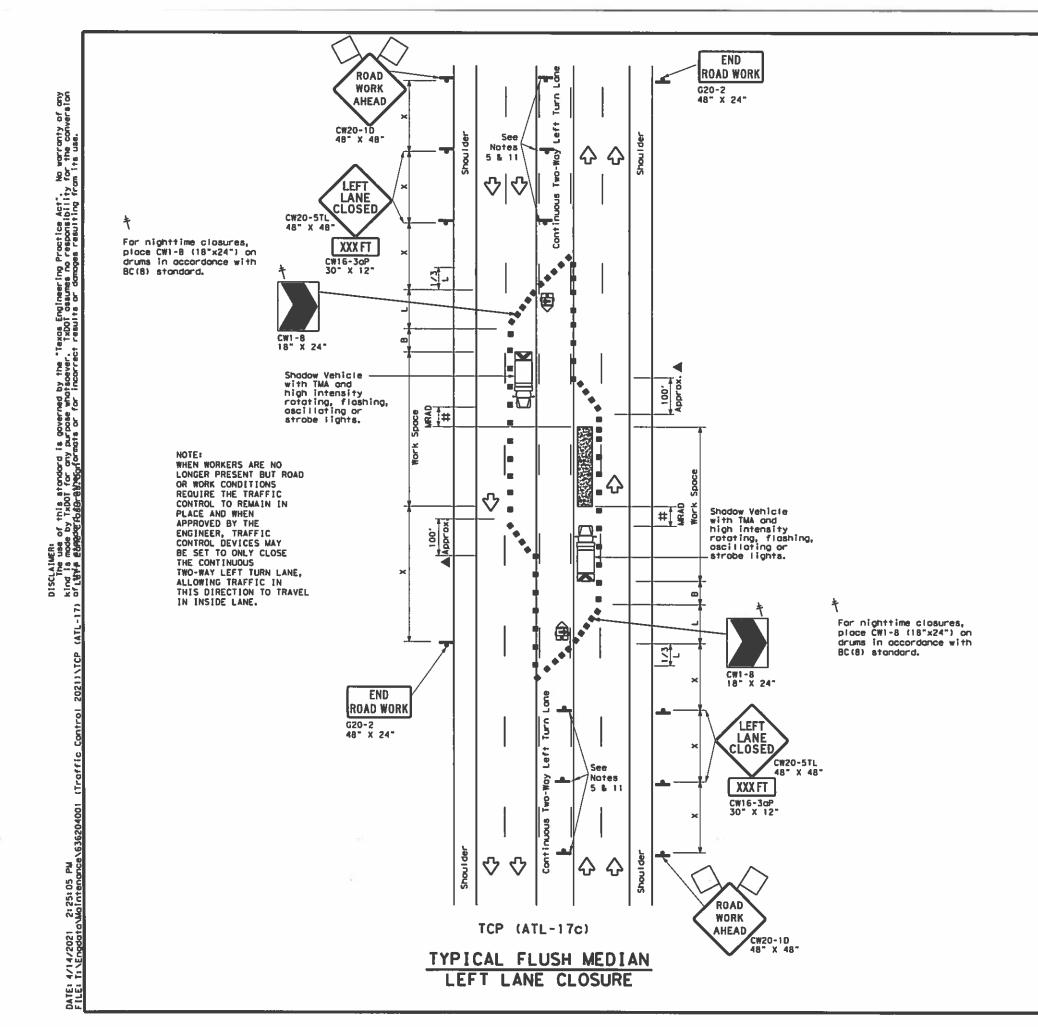
If workers are no longer present but rood or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

Texas Department of Transportation Atlanta District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LEFT LANE CLOSURE

TCP (ATL-17)-15

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	LEGEND											
2772	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices									
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)									
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)									
-	Sign	₩	Traffic Flow									
Q	Flag	•	Drum									

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths ***			Spacili Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Langitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-
30	2	150'	1651	1801	30'	60'	1201	901
35	L = WS2	205'	225'	245"	35'	701	1601	120'
40	80	265'	295'	3201	40'	801	240'	1551
45		4501	4951	5401	451	901	320'	1951
50		5001	5501	600'	501	1001	4001	240'
55	L=WS	550	6051	6601	551	110'	5001	295'
60		600,	6601	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	7151	780	651	1301	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	8401	70'	140'	8001	475′
75		750'	8251	900'	75′	150'	900'	540'

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L*Length of Taper (FT) W-Width of Offset (FT) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				

### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triongle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricodes placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and materist safety during construction.
- 4. High tevel warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. Duplicate construction warning signs shall be erected on the median side.

6. See BC Standards for additional sign details.

- 7. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSMEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 10. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- 11. For TCP (ATL-17c) Flush Wedion, medion side signs shall be mounted at 7" height.

Sheet 2 of 2

##A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Yehicle and TMA.

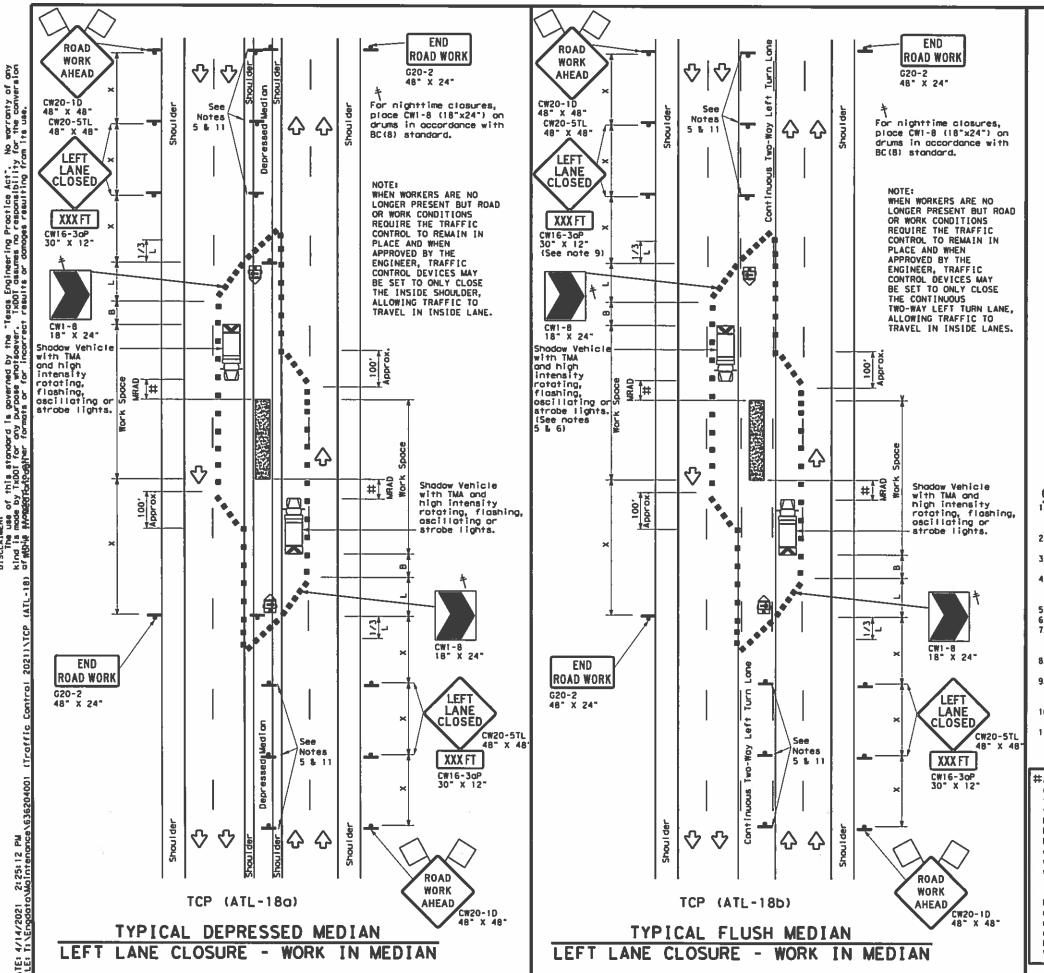


Texas Department of Transportation

Aliana District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LEFT LANE CLOSURE

TCP (ATL-17)-15



	LEGEND									
<del></del>	Type 3 Barricade	• •	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Troiler Mounted Floshing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow							
Q	Flag	•	Drum							

Posted Speed	Formula	**			Formula Toper L		le	Suggested Waximum Spacing of Channellzing Devices		Minimum Sign Specing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12 Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-			
30	2	1501	1651	1801	301	601	120'	90'			
35	L= WS ²	2051	2251	245'	35′	701	160'	120'			
40	60	2651	2951	320'	401	80'	240'	155'			
45		450'	495	5401	45	90'	3201	1951			
50		500'	5501	6001	50'	1001	4001	240'			
55	L-WS	5501	605'	6601	551	1101	500'	295'			
60	5-42	600'	660'	720'	601	120'	600'	350'			
65		6501	715"	780'	65′	1301	700'	410'			
70		700'	770'	8401	70'	1401	8001	475'			
_75		750'	8251	900'	751	150'	9001	540'			

XX Toper Tengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
		1	1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricodes placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and materist safety during construction.
- 4. High level worning flogs should be used on advance worning signs during daytime operations. Worning lights may be used to odd emphasis to advance worning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. Duplicate construction warning signs shall be erected on the median side

6. See BC Standards for additional sign details.

- 7. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 10. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be amitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- 11. Median side signs shall be mounted at 7' height.

##A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.



Texas Department of Transportation

Alianta District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
WORK IN MEDIAN

TCP (ATL-18)-15

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DISCLAIMERS of this standard is governed by the Texas Engineering Proctice Act.. No warranty of any kind is made by IxDDI for any purpose whatsoever. IXDDI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of ACNIVISIBLEMEGAS TO PROPERTY for the conversion of ACNIVISIBLEMEGAS TO BE THE TOWN ITS USE. ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D For nighttime closures, place CW1-8 (18"x24") on drums in accordance with BC(8) standard. CW1-8 18" X 24" END **ROAD WORK** G20-2 48" X 24" ♣ DATE: 4/14/2021 2:25:21 FILE: T:\Engdata\Maintenc TCP (ATL-19a) TYPICAL FLUSH MEDIAN

END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" 48" X 48" CW13-1P Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, ascillating or strobe 36" X 36" 48" X 48" XX MPH CW13-1P 24" X 24" RIGHT LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR 48" X 48" XXX FT CW16-3oP 30" X 12" ROAD WORK CW20-1D 48" X 48" AHEAD 

TWO LANES CLOSED

LEGEND Type 3 Borricode Channetizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted lashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow Sign Q Flog Drum

Posted Speed	Formuto	Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths **		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-
30	La WS ²	1501	165'	180'	301	60'	1201	90,
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35'	701	160'	1201
40	90	265'	2951	320'	401	80,	240'	1551
45		450'	4951	540'	45'	90'	3201	195'
50		5001	550'	6001	501	100'	4001	2401
55	L=WS	550'	605'	6601	55'	110'	5001	295′
60	- " -	6001	6601	720'	60′	120'	6001	350'
65		6501	715'	7801	651	130'	7001	410'
70		7001	770'	840'	701	1401	8001	4751
75		750'	<u>8</u> 25'	900'	751	150'	900'	5401

* Conventional Roads Only

** Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MO81LE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
		1	1	1						

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when opproved by the Engineer.
- 2. All construction signs and barricodes placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level worning flags should be used on advance worning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to odd emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 6. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Comes or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES,"
- 7. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- B. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 9. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- 10. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(5) where 5 is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting povement markings, not the entire workzone.

#A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Monufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the

work performance.

If workers are no longer present but rood or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.

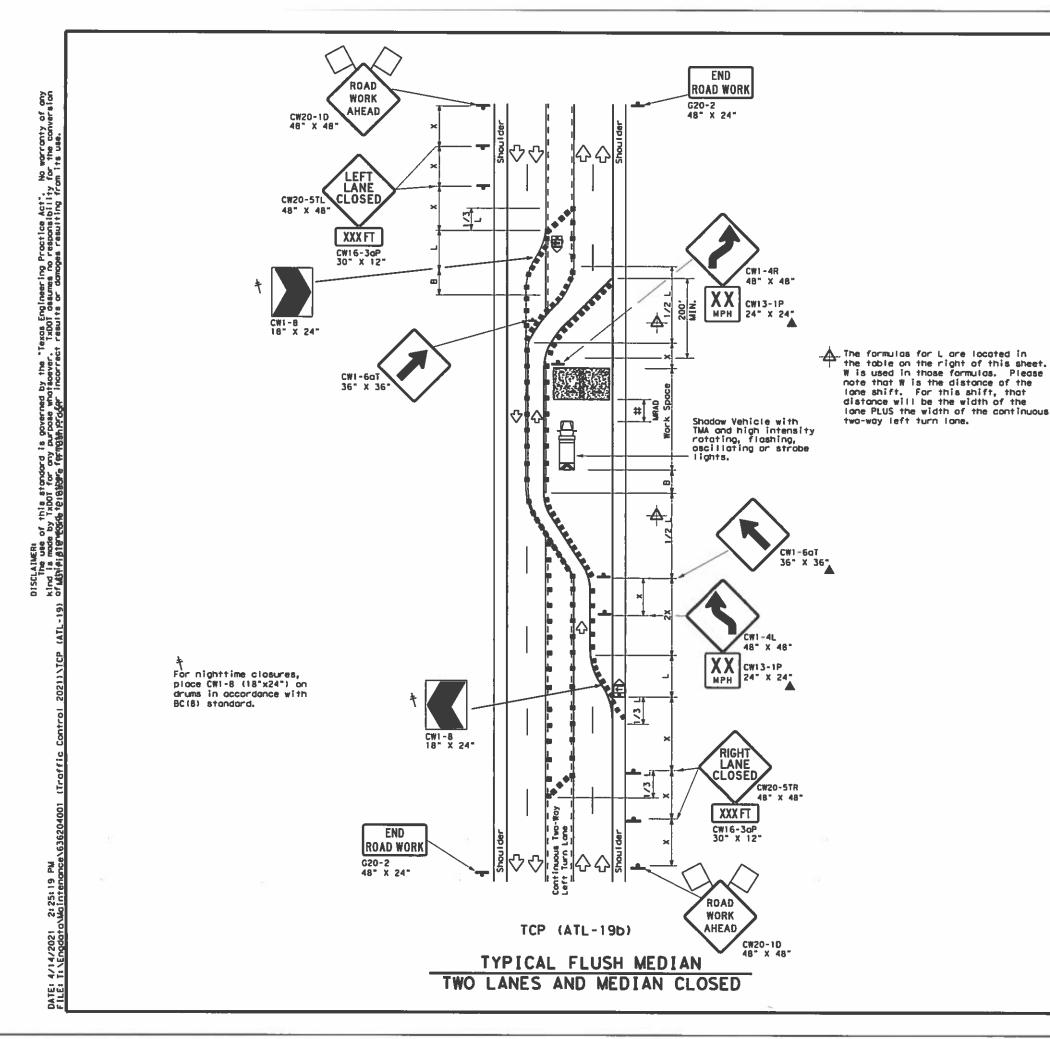
Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation Atlanta District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MULTIPLE LANE CLOSURE (FLUSH MEDIAN)

TCP (ATL-19)-15

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	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portoble Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
4	Sign	4	Traffic Flow							
a	Flag	•	Drum							

Speed	Formula	Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths **		Spacili Channe		Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12 Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-
30	2	1501	165"	180'	301	60'	1201	90'
35	L= WS2	2051	2251	245'	35′	701	160'	1201
40	80	2651	295'	3201	40'	80'	240'	1551
45		4501	495'	540'	451	901	320'	1951
50		500'	5501	600'	501	100'	4001	240'
55	L-WS	550"	605	660'	551	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		6501	7151	7801	651	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	B40'	70'	140'	B00'	475'
75		750'	8251	9001	75′	150'	900'	5401

XX Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
		1	1	1						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to Turnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and materiat safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 6. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in occordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 8. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- 10. Conflicting povement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' If posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(5) where 5 is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting povement markings, not the entire workzone.

#A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Rall Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA. Sheet 2 of 2

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Texas Department of Transportation

Alianto District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
MULTIPLE LANE CLOSURE
(FLUSH MEDIAN)

TCP (ATL-19)-15

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DISCLAIMER! The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by Tx001 for any purpose whatsoever. TX001 assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. Lane_Closure_(Conventional_Roadway), dan CW20-1D 48" A ROAD WORK AHEAD for 50 MPH or less 3x for over 50 MPH Shadow Vehicle # 8 Snoow Venicle
with TMA and
high intensity
rotating, flashing,
oscillating or
strobe lights. 岳 CLOSED CW20-5TR 48" X 48" XXX FT CW16-3aP 30" x 12" RIGHT LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR 48" X 48" XXX FT CW16-3oP 30" X 12" DATE: 4/14/2021 2:25:39 PW FILE: T:\Engdata\Maintenance\636204001 RIGHT LANES CLOSED CW20-5aTR XXX FT CW16-3oP 30" X 12" END ROAD **ROAD WORK** WORK G20-2 48" X 24" ▲ TYPICAL FLUSH MEDIAN AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" TWO LANES CLOSED

LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
1	Sign	<b>₩</b>	Traffic Flow							
a	Flag	•	Drum							

Posted Speed #	Formula	0	Minimur esirob er Len **	le gths	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channellzing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-	
30	. ws²	1501	1651	1801	30'	60'	1201	90'	
35	L = WS	2051	225'	2451	35'	70'	160'	120'	
40	90	265'	2951	320'	401	80'	240'	1551	
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90'	320'	1951	
50		500'	5501	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55'	110'	5001	2951	
60	- "3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600,	350'	
65		650'	715'	7801	65'	130'	7001	410'	
70		7001	770'	840"	701	140'	800'	475'	
75		7501	8251	900'	75'	150'	900,	540'	

* Conventional Roads Only

₩ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L*Length of Taper (FT) W*Width of Offset (FT) S*Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
		1	1				

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricodes placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to Turnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to odd emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- Buplicate construction worning signs should be erected on the median side where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.

6. See BC Standards for additional sign details.

- 7. Brums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSMEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- Neither work activity bor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 9. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane clasures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 10. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- 11. Median signs shall be mounted at 7' height.

#A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricodes or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.



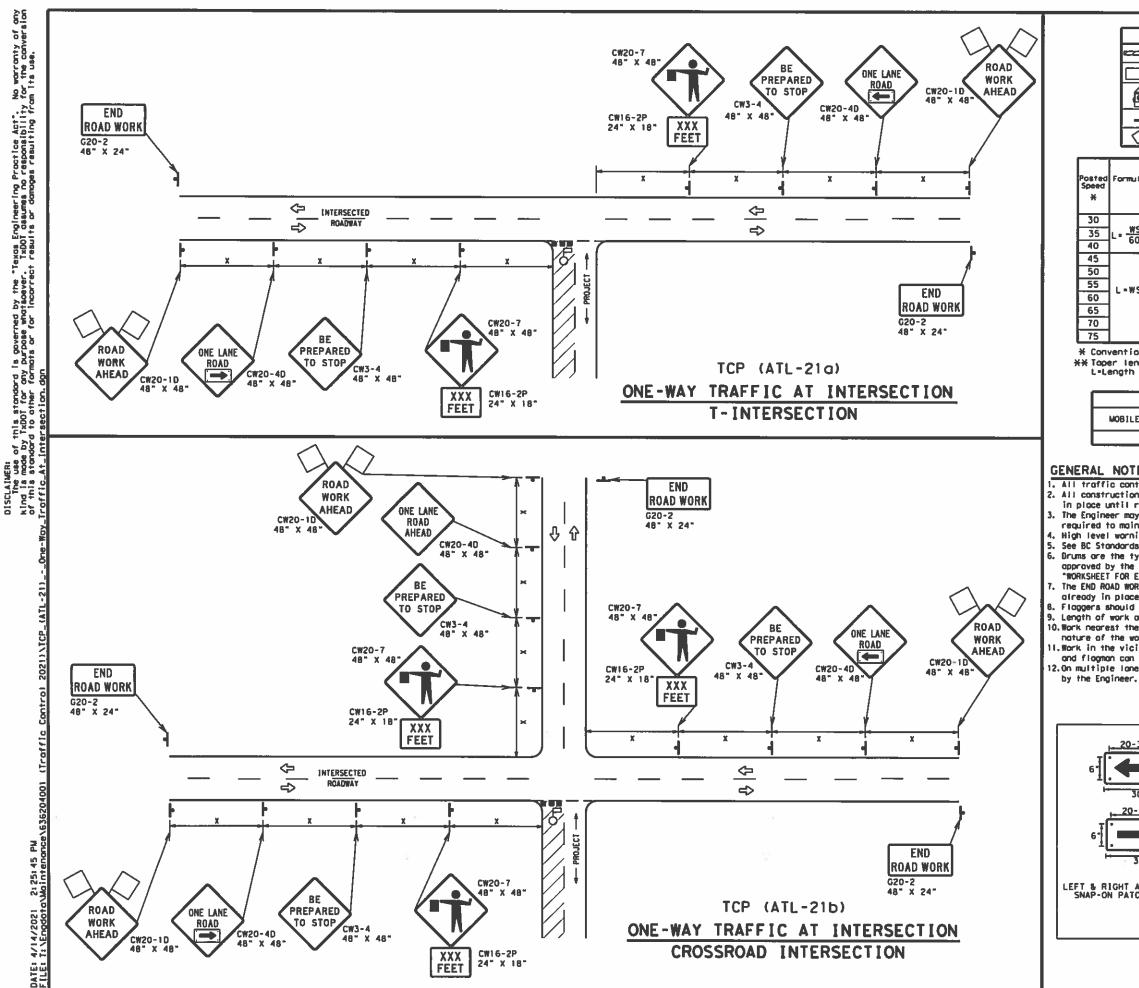
Texas Department of Transportation

Alianta District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MULTIPLE LANE CLOSURE (CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY)

TCP (ATL-20)-14

î.	at I - 20. dgn	Din T	x00T	CK1 TXDOT	DWs	TxDOT	Ex: Tx001	
TOOx	January 2014	CONT	SECT	J08		HIGHNAY		
	REVISIONS	6362	04	001 65		US 59	. ETC.	
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
		ATL		BOWIE, ET	IC.		52	



XXX

24" X 18"

	LE	GEND	
وتحتجي	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
<b>(E</b>	Troiler Mounted Floshing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
4	Sign	❖	Traffic Flow
Q	Flag	PO	Flagger

Speed	Formula	D	Minimu Jesirab Jer Len <del>X X</del>	le .	Spoci: Channe		Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30'	60,	120'	90'	2001
35	L = WS2	2051	225"	245'	351	701	160'	120'	2501
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80,	240'	155'	305'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90′	3201	1951	360'
50		5001	5501	600,	50'	1001	4001	240'	425'
55	L-WS	5501	6051	660'	55'	110'	5001	2951	4951
60	" "	6001	660'	7201	60'	1201	6001	350'	570'
65		650'	715'	7801	65′	130'	7001	410'	645'
70		7001	770'	8401	701	1401	8001	4751	730'
75		7501	8251	900,	75'	1501	9001	5401	8201

* Conventional Roads Only

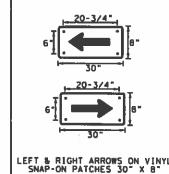
** Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED unless approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricodes placed during any phase of work shall remain
- in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- . High level worning flags should be used on advance worning signs during daytime operations.
- . See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 5. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Channelizing devices shall also be in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be amitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

- 8. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 9. Length of work area should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 10. Work nearest the intersection should be done during the lowest traffic valume hours, when nature of the work allows.
- I. Work in the vicinity of the intersection should be prioritized through completion so signage and flogman can be moved from the intersection as work progresses away from the intersection. 12.On multiple lane highways, on additional flogman may be needed on each approach as directed





TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-WAY TRAFFIC AT INTERSECTION

TCP (ATI -21)-14

			_				
.Er	at 1-21, dgn	DH: T:	x00T	CK: TxDOT	O#1	TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
100x1	January 2014	CONT SECT JOB HIGHEA		[GHIDAY			
	NEA L2 LOW2	6362	2 04 001			US 59, ETC.	
		DIST	COUNTY SHEET			SHEET NO.	
		BATLE		BOWIE, E	rc.		53

DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDDI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDDI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. "avenent_Repairs, dan END **ROAD WORK** G20-2 48" X 24" 수 수 Use 3 drums in front of each repair area. Use a Ty "C" Light on the drum necrest to traffic. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and # 2 high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights CW20-5TR 48" X 48" 1000 FT For nighttime closures, replace CW1-8 36" X 48" CW16-20P 30" X 12" every third channelizing device in the taper with a CW1-8 (36"x48") on portable sign supports. RIGHT LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR 2 MILE 4 CW16-30P 30" X 12" RIGHT LN CLOSED AHEAD DATE: 4/14/2021 2:25:51 PM FILE: T:\Engdata\MoIntenance\636204001 WORK 1 MILE & 쇼 CW20-1F 48" X 48"

	LEGEND								
27773	Type 3 Borricode	• •	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
a	Flag	•	Drum						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirob Lengti XX	le	Devices 12' On a On a		Suggested Longitudina: Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset			*8"	
45		4501	4951	540'	45'	901	1951	
50		5001	550	6001	501	100'	240'	
_55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	551	110'	2951	
60	- ""	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	3501	
65		6501	7151	780'	651	1301	410'	
70		7001	770'	8401	70'	140'	475*	
75		750'	8251	9001	75' 150'		540′	
80		800,	880'	9601	80'	160'	615'	

** Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and materist safety during construction.
- 4. Duplicate construction warning signs shall be erected on the median side of freeways. 5. The TCP details may require additional and/or relocation of route shields, guide signs, etc. to guide motorists along entire length of detour due to ramp and freeway closure.
- 6. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 7. When possible, changeable message signs should be located 500 feet in advance of the last available exit camp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route.
- 8. Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual clasure.
- 9. A minimum of two PCMS per direction shall be placed in advance of the lane clasure. PCMS shall be placed a minimum of 0.5 mile in advance of the taper. An additional PCMS shall be placed approximately 3 miles in advance of the taper or at the end of the queue, whichever is greater.
- 10. Channelizing devices shall be placed in accordance with BC Standards and "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 11. Meither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 12. Worning signs shown shoul be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

#A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the ored of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.



Texas Department of Transportation Atlanta District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY PAVEMENT REPAIRS

TCP (ATL-61)-14

FILE	at 1-61, dan	DN: T	x001	cu TxDOT	DWI	Tx001	CK: TxDO	
(C) 1×001	January 2014	CONT	5861	T J08			HI GHEAT	
	MENTZIONZ	6362	04	001		US	59, ETC.	
		DIST		Y19903			SHEET NO.	
!		ATL		BOWIE, E	tc.		54	

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ISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any
The use mode by ixDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the canversion
f this standard to other farmats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.
oht-Left_Lone_Closure.don Sport de la constant END **ROAD WORK** G20-2 48" X 24" For nighttime closures, replace Shadow Vehicle every third channelizing device with TMA and in the toper with a CW1-8 (36"x48") high intensity on portable sign supports. #WADA rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights-XX CWI 3-1P 24" X 24 CW20-5TR 48" X 48" 1000FT LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR 48" X 48" 1/2 MILE CW16-3oP 30" X 12" RIGHT LN CLOSED AHEAD ROAD The intent of this standard WORK is to provide on option for MILE operations that require work in left and right lanes during CW20-1F 48" X 48" the course of a day. 公 TCP(6-1) or this standard may be used for closing a lane on a freeway.

Type 3 Barricade

Type 3 Barricade

Channelizing Devices

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board

Sign

Flag

Flag

Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirobi Lengti **	le:	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices On a On a Taper Tangent		Suggested Longituding Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset			-8-
45		450'	4951	540'	451	90'	195'
50		500'	5501	600'	501	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	6601	551	110'	2951
60	L-113	600'	6601	720'	60'	120'	350′
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MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1	1							

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Alianta District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY RIGHT/LEFT LANE CLOSURE

TCP (ATL-62)-14

	at 1-62, dgn		DNs	TxD	101	CK: TxD	OT DWs	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TOC	Januar y	2014	CON	7 3	ECT	106	_	HICHRAT		
REVISIONS		636;	2 (	04	001 US		US :	59, ETC.		
		015	T:	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
			ATL	Т	BOWIE, ETC.				55	

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