

FED. AID DIST. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
6	RMC: 6380-15-001	
STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	
TEXAS 22	WEBB, ETC.	
CONT. SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
6380 15	001	IH 35, ETC.

# STATE OF TEXAS TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

PROJECT NO. RMC: 6380-15-001

PROJECT LENGTH : VARIOUS

PROJECT LIMITS : VARIOUS

COUNTY : WEBB, ETC.

HIGHWAY : IH 35, ETC.

CSJ# 6380-15-001

FOR THE CLEANING & CRACK SEALING OF HIGHWAYS

FINAL PLANS	
Letting Date :	_____
Work Began :	_____
Date Accepted :	_____
Contractor :	_____
Total Cost :	_____

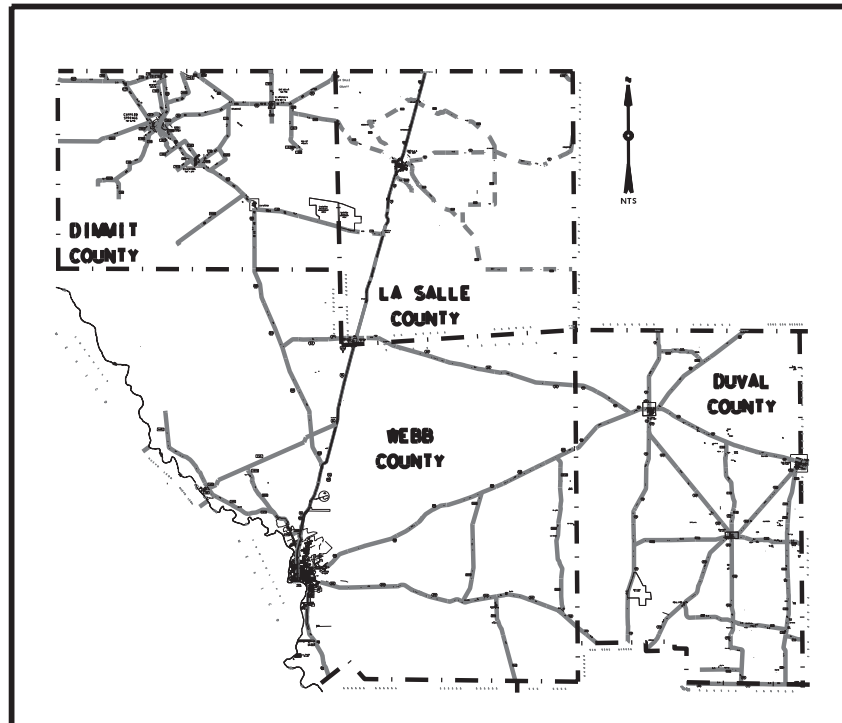
SHEET NO.	INDEX OF SHEETS DESCRIPTION
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**GENERAL**

1	TITLE SHEET
2-3	GENERAL NOTES
4	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY
5	SUMMARY OF TRACTS AND QUANTITIES
6-10	LOCATION MAPS

**STANDARD SHEETS**

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44	TCP (7-1)-13



TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

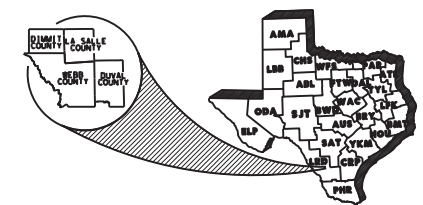
SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: 4/29/2021 2021      APPROVED FOR LETTING: 4/29/2021 2021

DocuSigned by:  
*Luis Castillo Jr.*  
D11800AC2273487  
LUIS CASTILLO JR, P.E.  
TRANSPORTATION ENGINEER

DocuSigned by:  
*Cynthia M. Galena*  
CYN 9100265806ACAC0D  
DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 4/29/2021 2021

DocuSigned by:  
*[Signature]*  
FB902A547110416  
AREA ENGINEER



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH A SINGLE ASTERISK (\*) HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

4/29/2021

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

DocuSigned by:  
*Luis Castillo Jr.*  
D11800AC2273487  
LUIS CASTILLO JR, P.E.

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, JUNE 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

4/29/2021 ACHOA T:\LRDSTMT\FY 2021\MNT Contracts\Crack Seal\Lower Counties\CAD\001-TitleSheet-CRKSEALOW 4-23-21.dgn

**GENERAL NOTES:**

The contract becomes effective upon issuance of the work authorization letter and covers 45 working days.

Provide and maintain an e-mail address for receipt of work order and correspondence throughout the term of this contract.

Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the following individual (s): Sergio Reyna at [Sergio.reyna@txdot.gov](mailto:Sergio.reyna@txdot.gov).

Contractor questions will only be accepted through email to the above individuals.

All contractors' questions will be reviewed by the Area Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following address: [https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting\\_Responses/](https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting_Responses/)

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. This site is organized by: District, Project type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Plans may be reviewed at Laredo District office of the Texas Department of Transportation, 1817 Bob Bullock Loop, Laredo, Texas 78043. The contact person is Sergio Reyna at [Sergio.reyna@txdot.gov](mailto:Sergio.reyna@txdot.gov)

Questions concerning the specifications, work requirements, etc. of this contract should be directed to Luis Castillo Jr, P.E., Transportation Engineer at [Luis.castillo@txdot.gov](mailto:Luis.castillo@txdot.gov).

This project consists of Cleaning and Crack Sealing various roadways in Webb, Duval, Dimmit, and La Salle counties.

The approximate quantities determined for this project are for information only and are not to be considered as actual quantities. Contractors are hereby instructed to assure themselves of the actual conditions of the work area before bidding. Overruns/under runs of estimated quantities will not be considered as a basis for a claim.

The ideal time to perform this type of work is when the ambient temperature is between 45 and 65 degrees Fahrenheit.

TxDOT will measure lane miles sealed and document actual hours traffic control vehicles, (as shown on standard(s)) were used for pavement crack seal application operation. No standby hours will be paid for traffic control vehicles driving to different locations or waiting to perform actual crack sealing on pavement.

Remove materials or debris within the construction limits not incorporated in the project. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent bid items.

Visit the sites to examine the work areas and meet with the maintenance supervisor on any areas in question. Carefully examine the specifications and secure from the State any additional information, if necessary, that may be essential for a clear and full understanding of the work.

Time charges will start when work begins or on November 1, 2021, whichever occurs first.

The Contractor must realize that each contract is separate from other contracts. In the event, the Contractor is awarded multiple contracts, they shall be sufficiently staffed to concurrently pursue required operations on any or all contracts they may have at the same time.

If early substantial contract completion has been achieved as determined by the Engineer, an associated incentive will be credited to the Contractor in accordance with SP 008-006- Prosecution and Progress- Early Contract Completion Incentive. The incentive will be computed using the contract administration liquidated damages. If contract has not been completed by the number of days allocated, liquidated damages will be accessed in accordance to SP 000-658 Schedule of Liquidated Damages.

**SUPERVISION:**

The Engineer's representatives in charge of all work orders issued by the District for this contract will be the respective Maintenance Supervisor for the county in which work is being performed. The office of the county where work is being completed certifies all requests for payment. The Maintenance Supervisor contacts for this contract are:

Webb County  
 Jose Magana  
 1817 Bob Bullock LP  
 Laredo, TX 78043  
 956.712.7714


Dimmit County  
 Juan D. Moreno  
 2001 N. 1 Street  
 Carrizo Springs, TX 78834  
 830.876.2535

La Salle County  
 Jimmy Lozano  
 900 FM 468  
 Cotulla, TX 78014  
 830.879.2428

Duval County  
 Servando Casas  
 2318 S. SH 16  
 Freer, TX 78357  
 361.394.6771

Employees are required to wear proper safety equipment. Contractor is responsible for supplying proper safety equipment for employees.

Material testing is required with a minimum frequency of one sample per truckload or one 50-pound box per maximum of 100,000 pounds. The Contractor is responsible that all material used in this contract be approved and certified by the Materials & Test Section. A listing of state approved material producers is available on the Department's webiste.



**GENERAL NOTES**

Dist	AO	Dist	AO	STATE	SHEET NUMBER		SHEET NO.
CRK	LC	CRK	LC	TEXAS			
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
6	22	WEBB, ETC.	6380 15	001	135, ETC		

4/29/2021 AOC:HOA Tr. LEAD DISTRICT FY 2021 MMT Contracts Crack Seal Lower Counties CAD 002-003-GENNOTES-CRSEAL low.dgn

**ITEM 4 SCOPE OF WORK:**

If agreed upon in writing by both parties to the Contract, the Contract may be extended for an additional period of time not to exceed the original Contract time period. The extended Contract shall be for the original bid quantities, terms and conditions plus any approved, applicable change orders.

When the Contract is extended by agreement, a performance and/or payment bond, if required shall be executed in the amount of the extension before the additional work begins.

**ITEM 7- LEGAL RELATIONS & RESPONSIBILITIES:**

Roadway closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited: January 1, the last Monday in May, July 4, the first Monday in September, the fourth Thursday in November, and December 24 or 25.

**ITEM 8- PROSECUTION & PROGRESS:**

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8 3.1.4, Standard Workweek. Work hours will be between 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. unless otherwise approved. No work will be performed on Saturdays, Sundays, or National Holidays without prior approval.

The contractor shall determine start date for work by providing a written 7 day notification prior to start of work

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer of any intention to deviate from the proposed scheduled route. The contractor will furnish a proposed schedule of work for the Engineer's review and approval. Any deviations of the schedule will require approval by the Engineer.

**ITEM 502- BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING:**

Furnish and install all signs, barricades and other incidentals necessary for the proper traffic control, in accordance with part VI of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways" and in accordance with the standard plan sheets. All equipment, elements, and personnel shown on traffic control standards are required for lane closures, including TMAS. Additional devices may be needed to supplement these requirements. All warning signs shall be factory made and in satisfactory condition.

Series 3 TCP Standard (Mobile Operations) shall not be used for crack seal operations.

Lane closures will be required for all crack seal operations. Limits of the lane closure shall not exceed 2 miles. If a lane closure has to be cancelled due to weather or other unforesee circumstances, immediately notify the inspector and reschedule the lane closure as necessary.

Each sign will have two safety flags attached to it at all times. It will not be permissible to hang or lean these signs on or against the State's sign posts, guardrails, bridge rail, etc. All sign stands and safety flags will be provided by the contractor.

Erect signs in locations that do not obstruct the traveling public's view of the normal roadway signing or necessary sight distance at intersections and curves.

When arrow boards are required, provide a standby unit in good working condition at the job site ready for immediate use.

**ITEM 712- JOINT / CRACK SEAL (RUBBER ASPHALT):**

Class-B crack sealant shall be used for all locations. Refer to the 2014 Standard Specifications for additional information.

The Contractor shall clean and seal all visible cracks as per Item 712.4 Work Methods. Demonstration of crack cleaning methods and pace of sealing operation shall be approved by the State prior to start of daily operations.

Each crack seal operation shall have its own approved source to clean visible cracks.

All necessary material, equipment and all incidentals will be supplied by the contractor and purchased on the open market.


All crack sealing operations will required complete lane closure to allow Hot Pour material enough time to set as approved by the Engineer. Set time will vary depending on the temperature to prevent tracking of Hot Pour material.

Class "B" Materials will be required for this project. See Table 18 under Item 300, "Asphalts, Oils and Emulsions" for additional information.

In addition to the site-specific locations included in the plans, callout locations may be requested. The additional locations will be provided at the pre-work meeting.

**ITEM 6185 TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER**

Provide Truck Mounted Attenuators (Stationary) as shown on the applicable TCP Standard. Provide backup and keep operational and available on the jobsite at all times during traffic control operations. The Truck Mounted Attenuators will be made available for utilization for the entire duration of the project, including all alternative locations.



**GENERAL NOTES**


DRN	AO	DRN	AO	STATE	SHEET NUMBER		SHEET
CRK	LC	CRK	LC	TEXAS			NO.
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	22	WEBB, ETC.	6380	15	001	135, ETC	

4/29/2021 AOC:HOA Tr:LEBDDST\MT\FY 2021\MMT Contracts\Crack Seal\Lower Counties\CAD\002-003-GENOTES-CRSEAL Low.dgn

**SUMMARY OF TRACTS & QUANTITIES**

REF. NO.	HWY. NO.	COUNTY	REFERENCE MARKER LIMITS		WORK LOCATION	TYPICAL SECTION DESCRIPTION WIDTH - FT.		500-6033	502-6001	510-6002	712-6008	6185-6002
			FROM	TO		MOBILIZATION	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	ONE-WAY TRAF CONT (PILOT CAR)	JT/CRCK SEAL (RUBBER-ASPHALT)	TMA (STATIONARY)		
			LANE	SHLDR		EA	MO	HR	LMI	DAYS		
1	AS PER LOCATION MAP	WEBB, DUVAL, DIMMIT, LA SALLE	Various		MAINLANES/ TURNING LANES/	2 - 12'	VARIES	1	2	340	363.35	34
1	TBD	WEBB, DUVAL, DIMMIT, LA SALLE	Various		MAINLANES/ TURNING LANES/	2 - 12'	VARIES			60	136.65	6
SUB-TOTAL								1	2	400	500.00	40

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**TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**  
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**SUMMARY OF TRACTS & QUANTITIES**

DN: AO	DN: AO	STATE	SHEET NUMBER	SHEET NO.
CR: LC	CR: LC	TEXAS		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL SECTION	JOB HIGHWAY NO.
6	22	WEBB, ETC.	6380 15 001	135, ETC



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6380-15-001

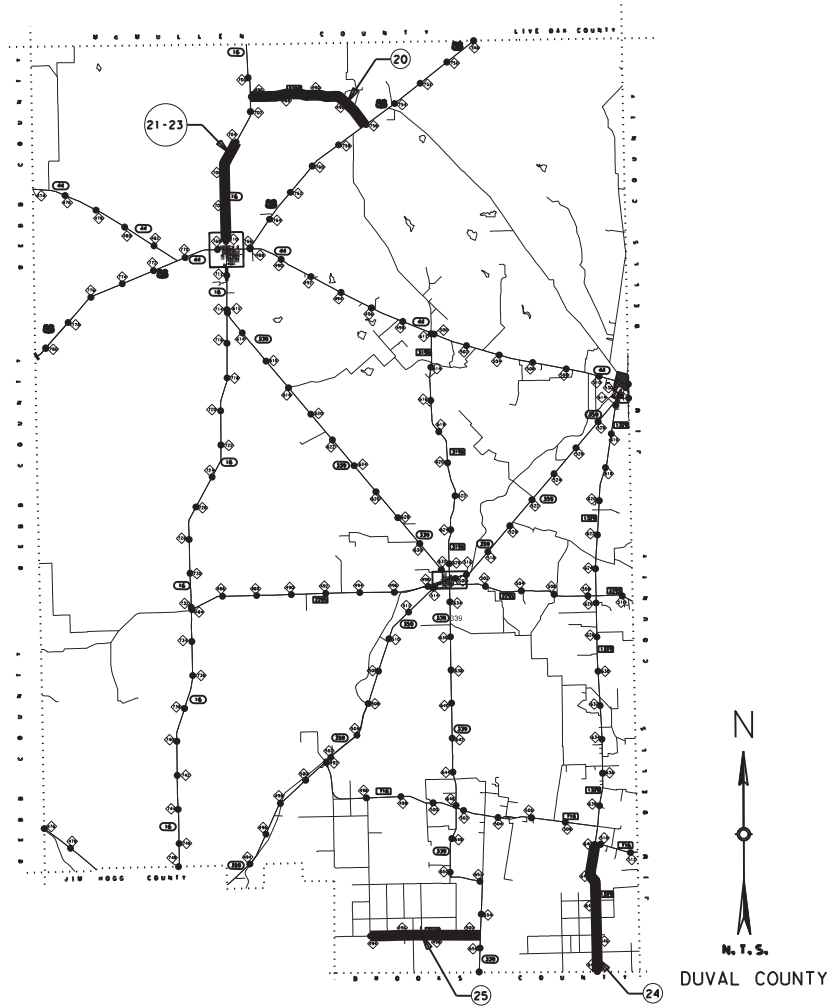
DISTRICT Laredo  
HIGHWAY US0059

COUNTY Webb

# QUANTITY SHEET

CONTROL SECTION JOB				6380-15-001		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
PROJECT ID				A00141238			
COUNTY				Webb			
HIGHWAY				US0059			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	100.00%		100.00%	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	MO	2.000		2.000	
	510-6002	ONE-WAY TRAF CONT (PILOT CAR)	HR	400.000		400.000	
	712-6008	JT / CRCK SEAL (RUBBER - ASPHALT)	LMI	500.000		500.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	40.000		40.000	

DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Laredo	Webb	6380-15-001	

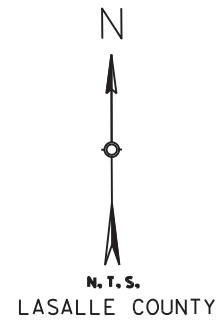
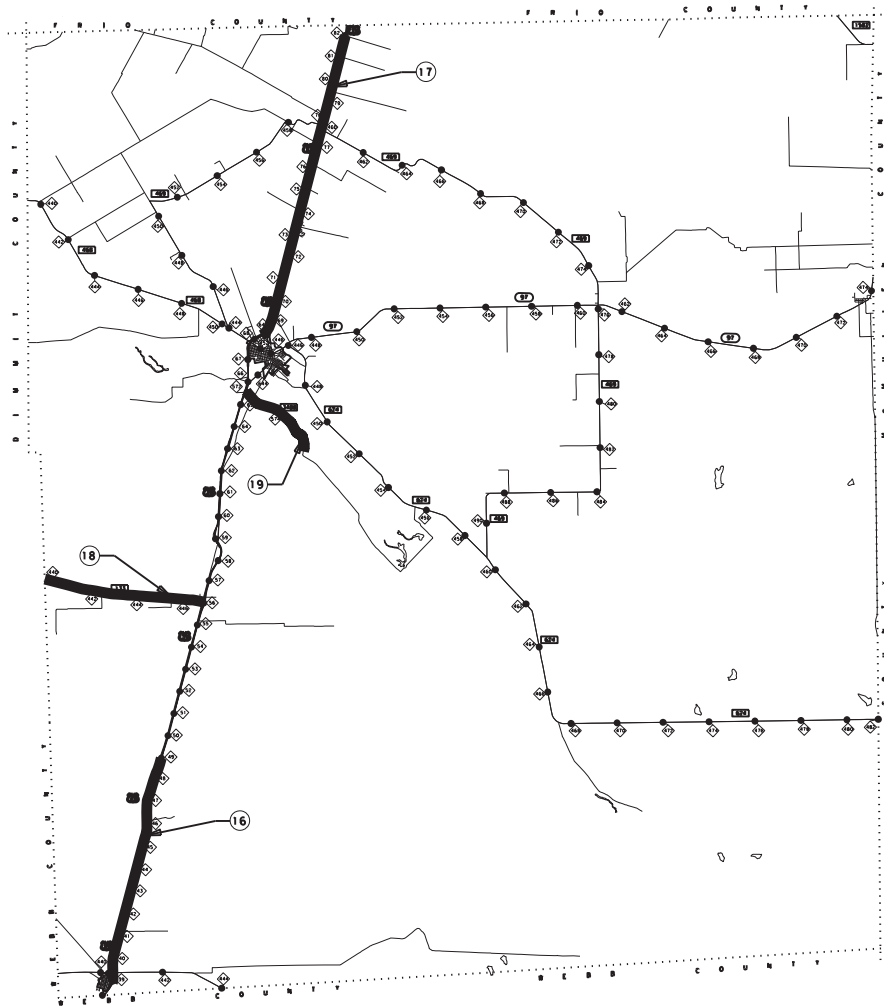


Reference No.	Highway No.	County	Reference Marker Limits		LOCATION COMMENTS	# of Inside Travel Lanes	# of Outside Travel Lanes	# of Middle Travel Lanes	2-lane Roadway	# of Shlds greater than 6' wide	CENTERLINE LENGTH	712-6008 JT/CRACK SEAL (RUBBER ASPHALT)
			FROM	TO							MILES	LANE MILES
20	FM2359	DUVAL	486	492+1.15	SH 16 to US 59	0	0	0	2	0	7.15	14.3
21	SH0016	DUVAL	704	704+.63	RM 704- RM 706	0	0	0	2	2	0.63	2.52
22	SH0016	DUVAL	704+.63	704+1.17	RM 704- RM 706	1	2	0	0	2	0.54	2.7
23	SH0016	DUVAL	704+1.17	710	RM 704- RM 706	0	0	0	2	2	4.83	19.32
24	FM1329	DUVAL	640	648	FM 716 to Duval County Line	0	0	0	2	0	8	16
25	FM3249	DUVAL	494-0.024	500+0.545	Beginning of Road to SH 339	0	0	0	2	0	6.477	12.954
Total											27.627	67.794


**TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**  
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### DUVAL COUNTY LOCATION MAP

DN: A. O.	DN: A. O.	STATE	SHEET NUMBER		SHEET NO.
CR: L. C.	CR: L. C.	TEXAS			
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB HIGHWAY NO.
6	22		6380	15	001



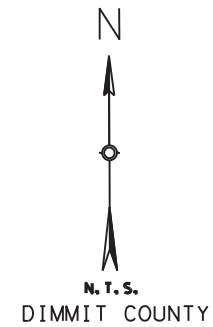
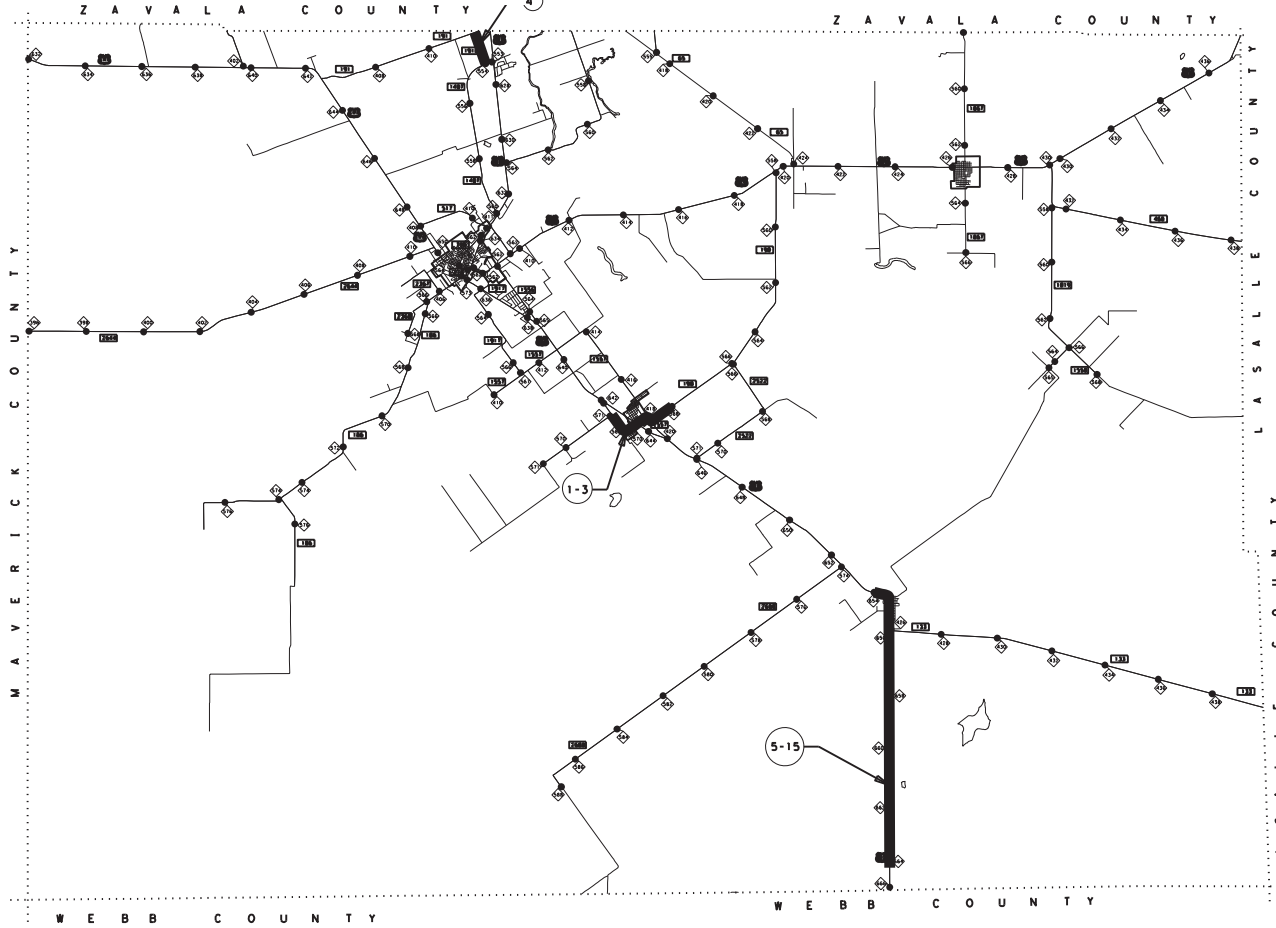
Reference No.	Highway No.	County	Reference Marker Limits		LOCATION COMMENTS	# of Inside Travel Lanes	# of Outside Travel Lanes	# of Middle Travel Lanes	2-lane Roadway	# of Shlds greater than 6' wide	CENTERLINE LENGTH MILES	712-6008 JT/CRACK SEAL (RUBBER ASPHALT) LANE MILES
			FROM	TO								
16	IH0035 EFR	LASALLE	38+0.766	49+00	SH 44 (EFR) to 7.038 Mi S of FM 133	0	0	0	2	0	10.224	20.448
17	IH0035 EFR	LASALLE	68+0.573	82+0.048	IH 35/BI 35C NORTH INT (EFR) to FRIO COUNTY LIN	0	0	0	2	0	13.911	27.822
18	FM0133	LASALLE	440	447		0	0	0	2	0	7	14
19	FM3408	LASALLE	572	576		0	0	0	2	0	4	8
Total											35.135	70.27


**TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**  
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LASALLE COUNTY  
 LOCATION MAP

DN: A. O.	DN: A. O.	STATE	SHEET NUMBER	SHEET NO.
CR: L. C.	CR: L. C.	TEXAS		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL SECTION	JOB HIGHWAY NO.
6	22		6380 15	001

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Reference No.	Highway No.	County	Reference Marker Limits		LOCATION COMMENTS	# of Inside Travel Lanes	# of Outside Travel Lanes	# of Middle Travel Lanes	2-lane Roadway	# of Shlds greater than 6' wide	CENTERLINE LENGTH	712-6008 JT/CRACK SEAL (RUBBER ASPHALT)
			FROM	TO							MILES	LANE MILES
1	FM1916	DIMITT	568	568+1.52	FM 190 to End of Road	0	0	0	2	0	1.52	3.04
2	FM1916	DIMITT	568+1.52	568+1.88	FM 190 to End of Road	0	0	0	2	2	0.36	1.44
3	FM1916	DIMITT	568+1.88	571	FM 190 to End of Road	0	0	0	2	0	1.12	2.24
4	FM1918	DIMITT	556+0.04	556+1.15	FM 191 to FM 1407	0	0	0	2	0	1.196	2.392
5	US0083	DIMITT	654+.03	654+.35	Catarina (RM 654+0.3) to Dimmit/Webb CL	0	0	0	2	2	0.32	1.28
6	US0083	DIMITT	654+.35	654+.44	Catarina (RM 654+0.3) to Dimmit/Webb CL	1	2	0	0	2	0.09	0.45
7	US0083	DIMITT	654+.44	654+.115	Catarina (RM 654+0.3) to Dimmit/Webb CL	3	2	0	0	0	0.71	3.55
8	US0083	DIMITT	654+1.15	654+1.4	Catarina (RM 654+0.3) to Dimmit/Webb CL	2	2	0	0	0	0.25	1
9	US0083	DIMITT	654+1.4	654+1.63	Catarina (RM 654+0.3) to Dimmit/Webb CL	1	2	0	0	1	0.23	0.92
10	US0083	DIMITT	654+1.63	654+1.92	Catarina (RM 654+0.3) to Dimmit/Webb CL	0	2	0	0	2	0.29	1.16
11	US0083	DIMITT	654+1.94	656+.64	Catarina (RM 654+0.3) to Dimmit/Webb CL	2	2	0	0	0	0.72	2.88
12	US0083	DIMITT	656+.64	660+.09	Catarina (RM 654+0.3) to Dimmit/Webb CL	0	0	0	2	2	3.45	13.8
13	US0083	DIMITT	660+.09	662+.06	Catarina (RM 654+0.3) to Dimmit/Webb CL	2	2	0	0	0	1.97	7.88
14	US0083	DIMITT	662+.06	662+.69	Catarina (RM 654+0.3) to Dimmit/Webb CL	0	0	0	2	2	0.63	2.52
15	US0083	DIMITT	662+.69	664+0.3	Catarina (RM 654+0.3) to Dimmit/Webb CL	1	2	0	0	1	1.61	6.44
Total											14.466	50.992

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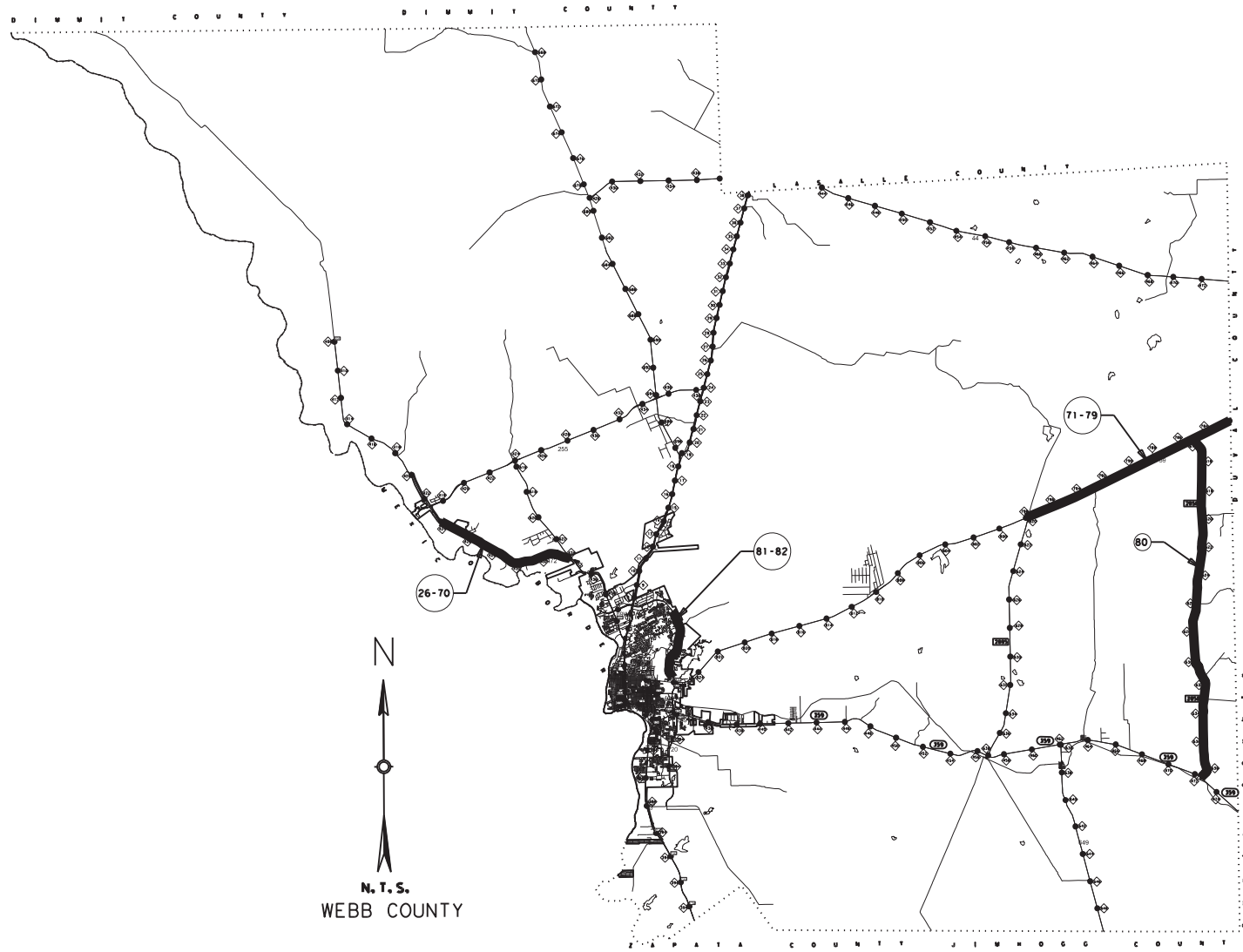
### DIMMIT COUNTY LOCATION MAP

DR: A. O.	DR: A. O.	STATE:	SHEET NUMBER:	SHEET NO.:
CR: L. C.	CR: L. C.	TEXAS		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL SECTION	JOB HIGHWAY NO.
6	22	6380	15 001	

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N. T. S.  
WEBB COUNTY




**WEBB COUNTY  
LOCATION MAP**

DN: A. O.	DN: A. O.	STATE	SHEET NUMBER		SHEET NO.
CR: L. C.	CR: L. C.	TEXAS			
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB HIGHWAY NO.
6	22		6380	15	001

Reference No.	Highway No.	County	Reference Marker Limits		LOCATION COMMENTS	# of Inside	# of Outside	# of Middle	2-lane	# of Shlds greater	# of Turn Lanes	CENTERLINE LENGTH	712-6008 JT/CRACK SEAL (RUBBER ASPHALT)
			FROM	TO		Travel Lanes	Travel Lanes	Travel Lanes	Roadway	than 6' wide	Travel Lanes	MILES	LANE MILES
26	FM1472	WEBB	424-1.37	424-1	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	0	0.37	2.22
27	FM1472	WEBB	424-1	424-0.65	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.35	1.75
28	FM1472	WEBB	424-0.65	424-0.49	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.16	0.96
29	FM1472	WEBB	424-0.49	424-0.4	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.09	0.45
30	FM1472	WEBB	424-0.4	424+0.12	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.52	3.12
31	FM1472	WEBB	424+0.12	424+0.34	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.22	1.1
32	FM1472	WEBB	424+0.34	424+0.48	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	0	0.14	0.84
33	FM1472	WEBB	424+0.48	424+0.91	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.43	2.15
34	FM1472	WEBB	424+0.91	424+1.06	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	0	0.15	0.9
35	FM1472	WEBB	424+1.06	424+1.22	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	2	0.16	1.12
36	FM1472	WEBB	424+1.22	424+1.45	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	0	0.23	1.38
37	FM1472	WEBB	424+1.45	424+1.62	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	2	0.17	1.19
38	FM1472	WEBB	424+1.62	424+1.83	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	0	0.21	1.26
39	FM1472	WEBB	424+1.83	426	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.17	1.02
40	FM1472	WEBB	426	426+0.19	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.19	0.95
41	FM1472	WEBB	426+0.19	426+0.36	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.17	1.02
42	FM1472	WEBB	426+0.36	426+0.9	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.54	2.7
43	FM1472	WEBB	426+0.9	426+1.07	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.17	1.02
44	FM1472	WEBB	426+1.07	426+1.87	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.8	4
45	FM1472	WEBB	426+1.87	428+0.04	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.17	1.02
46	FM1472	WEBB	428+0.04	428+0.30	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	3	2	0	0	1	0	0.26	1.56
47	FM1472	WEBB	428+0.30	428+0.67	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.37	1.85
48	FM1472	WEBB	428+0.67	428+0.84	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.17	1.02
49	FM1472	WEBB	428+0.84	428+1.2	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.36	1.8
50	FM1472	WEBB	428+1.2	428+1.37	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.17	1.02
51	FM1472	WEBB	428+1.37	428+1.48	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	0	0.11	0.66
52	FM1472	WEBB	428+1.48	428+1.65	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	2	0.17	1.19
53	FM1472	WEBB	428+1.65	428+1.92	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.27	1.35
54	FM1472	WEBB	428+1.92	430+0.12	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	0	0.2	1.2
55	FM1472	WEBB	430+0.12	430+0.19	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.07	0.35
56	FM1472	WEBB	430+0.19	430+0.36	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.17	1.02
57	FM1472	WEBB	430+0.36	430+0.55	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.19	0.95
58	FM1472	WEBB	430+0.55	430+0.72	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.17	1.02
59	FM1472	WEBB	430+0.72	430+0.84	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	0	0	0.12	0.48
60	FM1472	WEBB	430+0.84	430+0.96	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.12	0.6
61	FM1472	WEBB	430+0.96	430+1.11	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	0	0.15	0.9
62	FM1472	WEBB	430+1.11	430+1.27	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	2	0.16	1.12
63	FM1472	WEBB	430+1.27	430+1.40	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	2	0	0.13	0.78
64	FM1472	WEBB	430+1.40	430+1.57	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.17	1.02
65	FM1472	WEBB	430+1.57	432+0.10	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.53	2.65
66	FM1472	WEBB	432+0.10	432+0.27	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.17	1.02
67	FM1472	WEBB	432+0.27	432+1.15	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.88	4.4
68	FM1472	WEBB	432+1.15	432+1.32	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.17	1.02
69	FM1472	WEBB	432+1.32	434+0.06	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.74	3.7
70	FM1472	WEBB	434+0.06	434+0.15	SH 255 to FM 3338 (NB and SB)	2	2	0	0	1	2	0.09	0.54
71	US0059	WEBB	782	782+1.79	Webb/Duval County Line to FM2895	0	0	0	2	2	0	1.79	7.16
72	US0059	WEBB	782+1.79	784+0.76	Webb/Duval County Line to FM2895	1	2	0	0	1	0	0.97	3.88
73	US0059	WEBB	784+0.76	784+0.94	Webb/Duval County Line to FM2895	2	2	0	0	1	0	0.18	0.9
74	US0059	WEBB	784+0.94	784+1.69	Webb/Duval County Line to FM2895	0	0	0	2	2	0	0.75	3
75	US0059	WEBB	784+1.69	786+0.97	Webb/Duval County Line to FM2895	1	2	0	0	2	0	1.28	6.4
76	US0059	WEBB	786+0.97	794+1.28	Webb/Duval County Line to FM2895	0	0	0	2	2	0	8.31	33.24
77	US0059	WEBB	794+1.28	796+0.51	Webb/Duval County Line to FM2895	2	2	0	0	0	0	1.23	4.92
78	US0059	WEBB	796+0.51	796+1.62	Webb/Duval County Line to FM2895	0	0	0	2	2	0	1.11	4.44
79	US0059	WEBB	796+1.62	798	Webb/Duval County Line to FM2895	3	2	0	0	0	0	0.38	1.9
80	FM2050	WEBB	614-07	624	US 59 to RM 624	0	0	0	2	0	0	10.07	20.14
81	US0059	WEBB	824+3.138	824+3.688	(SLO020) NB and SB Mainlanes only - (Laredo International Airport)	2	2	0	0	0	0	1.447	5.788
82	US0059	WEBB	824+3.688	824+7.476	(SLO020) NB and SB Mainlanes only - (Laredo International Airport) to Shiloh Drive	2	2	2	0	0	0	3.788	22.728
Total												41.928	174.298

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**TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**  
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**WEBB COUNTY LOCATION MAP**

DN: A. O.	DN: A. O.	STATE	SHEET NUMBER		SHEET NO.
CR: L. C.	CR: L. C.	TEXAS			
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE DIV. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB HIGHWAY NO.
6	22	6380	15	001	

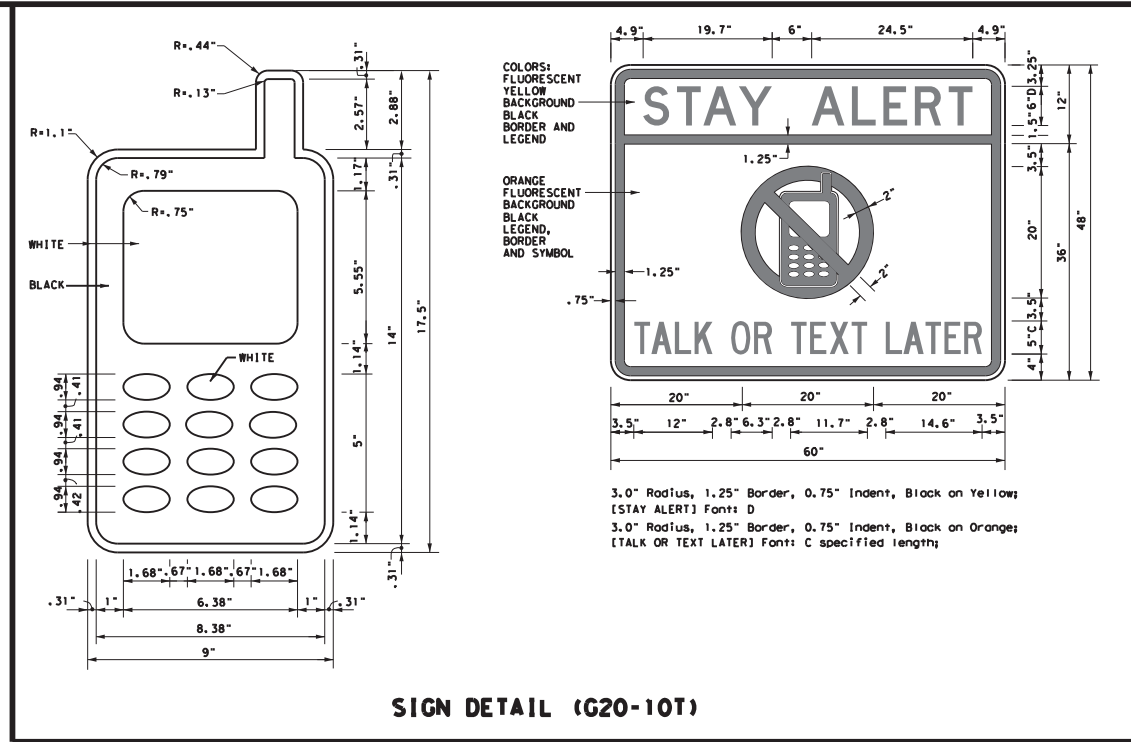
6380-15-001

**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:**

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

**WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:**

- Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation  
 Traffic Operations Division - TE  
 Phone (512) 416-3118

<b>THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT</b> <a href="http://www.txdot.gov">http://www.txdot.gov</a>	
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)	
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)	
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)	
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"	
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)	
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)	
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS	

SHEET 1 OF 12

**Texas Department of Transportation**  
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

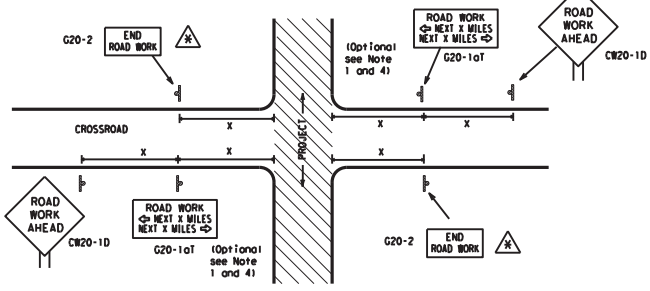
**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS**  
**BC(1) - 14**

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REVISIONS	4-03 5-10 8-14	DIST		COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	9-07 7-13		22	WEBB, ETC					

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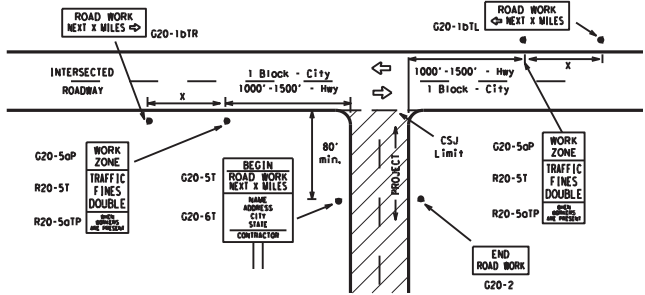
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the Texas Engineering Practice Act. No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any particular application. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for any damages resulting from its use.

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- May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
  - The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
  - Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
  - The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
  - Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
  - When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

**T-INTERSECTION**



**CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION**

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow (G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR) signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

**TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING<sup>U5.6</sup>**

Sign Number or Series	SIZE		SPACING	
	Conventional Road	Expressway/Freeway	Posted Speed MPH	Sign Spacing "X" Feet (Approx.)
CW20 <sup>4</sup>	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	30	120
CW22			35	160
CW23			40	240
CW25			45	320
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14			50	400
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	55	500 <sup>2</sup>
			60	600 <sup>2</sup>
			65	700 <sup>2</sup>
			70	800 <sup>2</sup>
			75	900 <sup>2</sup>
			80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
			*	*

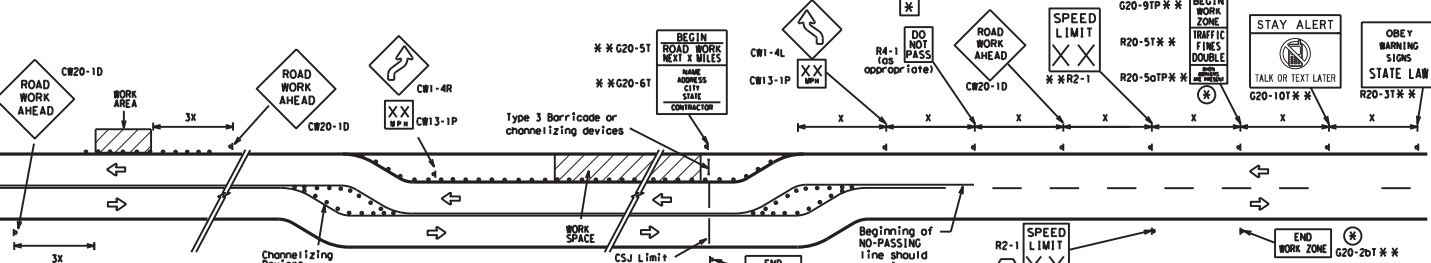
For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

**GENERAL NOTES**

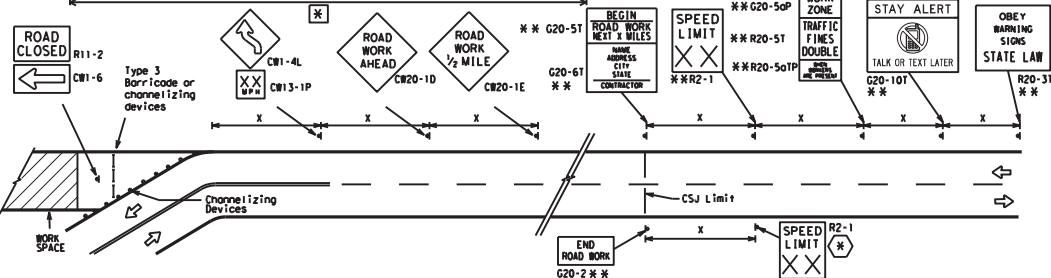
- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

**WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS**



When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

**SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS**



**NOTES**

- The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.
- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
  - Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
  - Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.
  - Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND	
—	Type 3 Barricade
○ ○ ○	Channelizing Devices
⬇	Sign
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation  
Traffic Operations Division Standard

**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT**

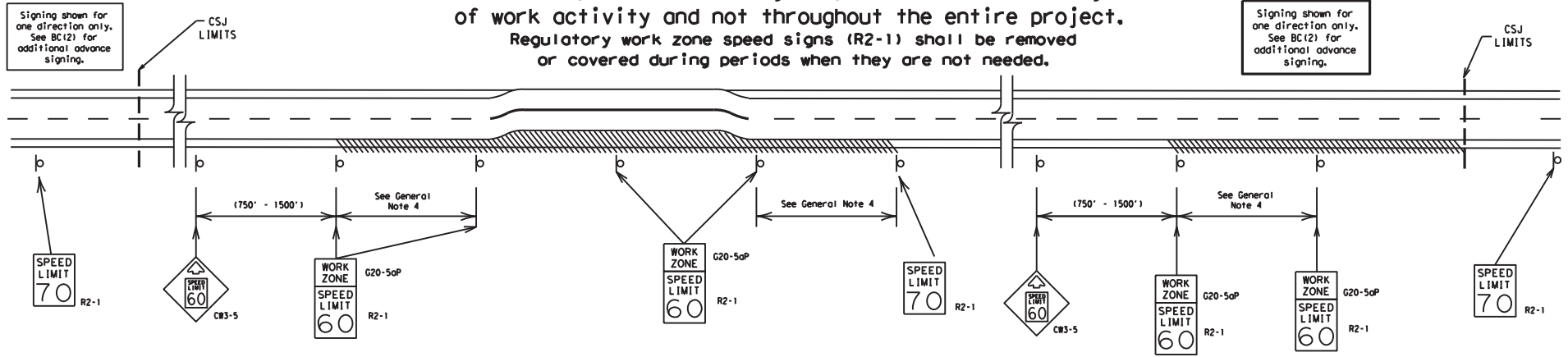
**BC(2)-14**

FILE: bc-14.dgn	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REV: November 2002	CONT: 6380	SECT: 15	JOB: 001	HIGHWAY: 35, ETC.
REV: 9-07	DIST: 8-14	COUNTY: 22	SHEET NO.:	
REV: 7-13	WEBB, ETC			

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project. Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.



## GUIDANCE FOR USE:

### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

### GENERAL NOTES

1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
  - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
  - 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile
5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-50P) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  - A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
9. Signs shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

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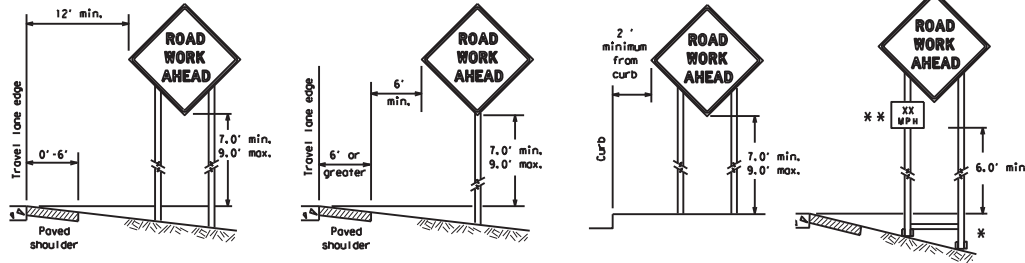
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SHEET 3 OF 12

		Traffic Operations Division Standard	
<h2>BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT</h2>			
<h3>BC(3) - 14</h3>			
FILE#	dc-14.dgn	OWN TxDOT	CHK TxDOT
REV#	November 2002	CONT	SECT
9-07	8-14	6380	15
7-13		DIST	COUNTY
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		SHEET NO.	



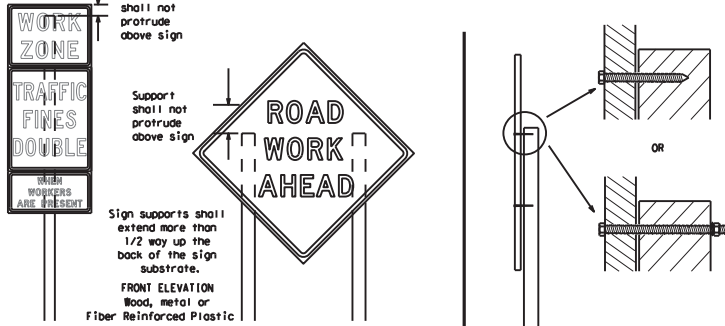
**INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS**



\* When placing skid supports on uneven ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\*\* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.

**ATTACHMENT FOR SIGN SUPPORTS**

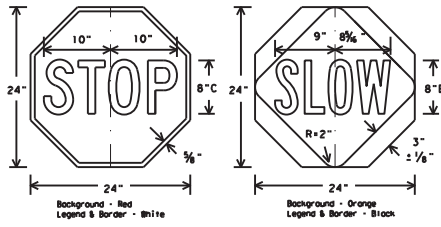


**Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.**

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the splice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

**STOP/SLOW PADDLES**

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflective.
3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



Background - Red  
Legend & Border - White

Background - Orange  
Legend & Border - Black

**CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS**

1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
3. When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
5. If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CRZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
6. Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to item 502.

**GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS**

1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CRZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or soiled reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

**DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)**

1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - a. Long-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - b. Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - c. Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - d. Short-term duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
  - e. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

**SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT**

1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

**SIZE OF SIGNS**

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

**SIGN SUBSTRATES**

1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CRZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
2. Mesh-type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

**REFLECTIVE SHEETING**

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B<sub>L</sub> or Type C<sub>L</sub>, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

**SIGN LETTERS**

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

**REMOVING OR COVERING**

1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
7. Signs and anchor studs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

**SIGN SUPPORT HEIGHTS**

1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
6. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CRZTCD list.
7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

**FLAGS ON SIGNS**

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.



**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES**

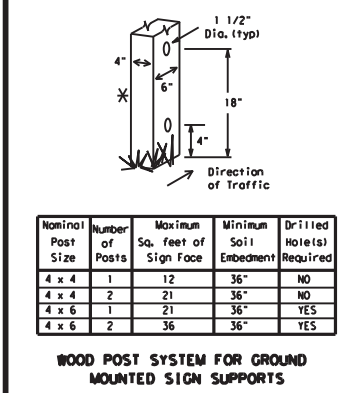
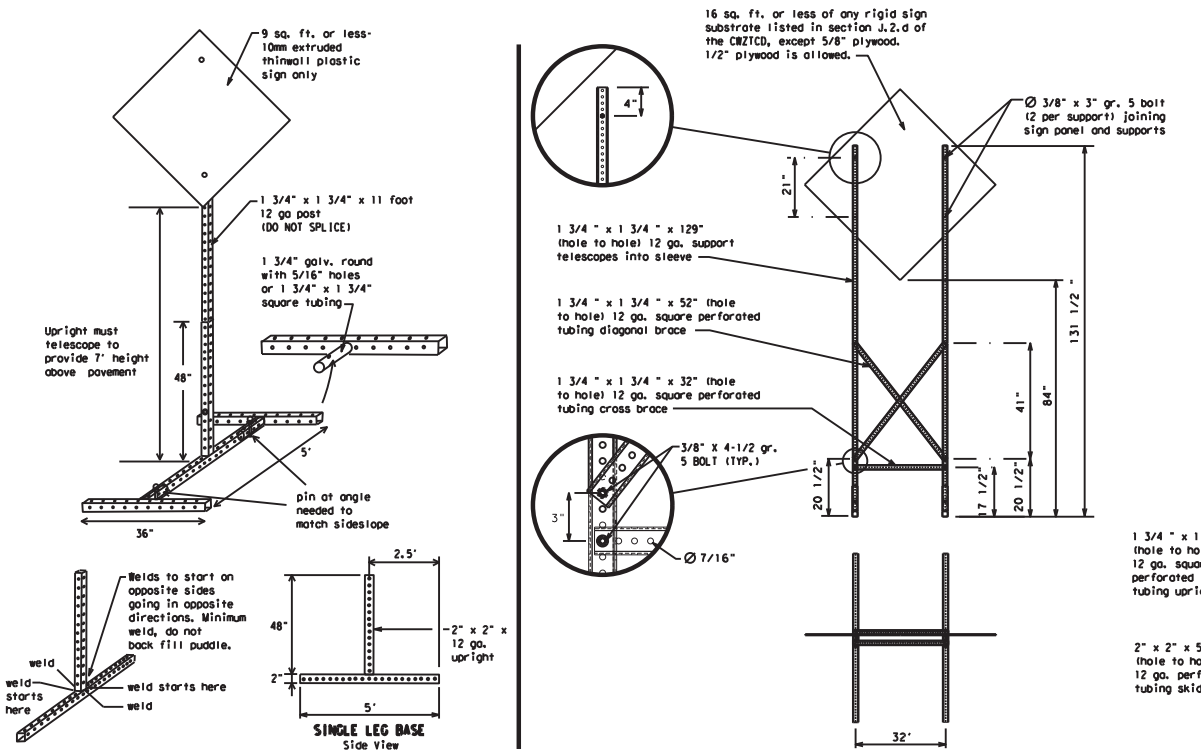
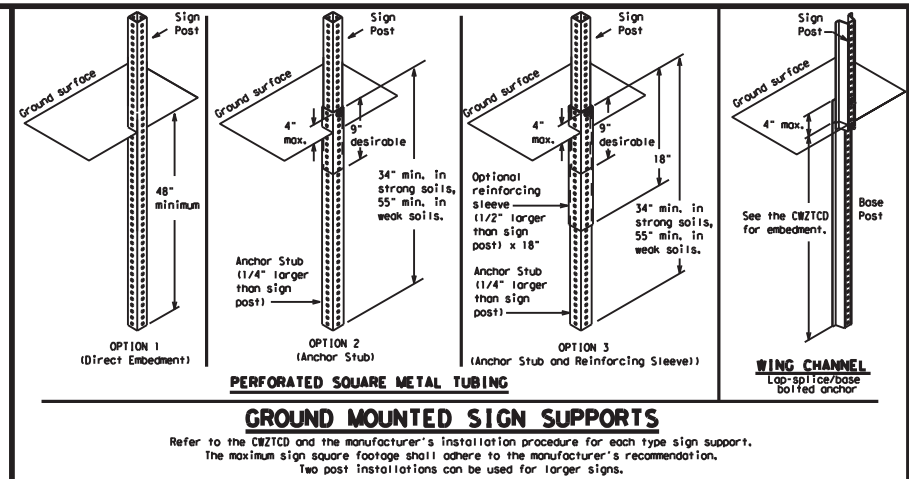
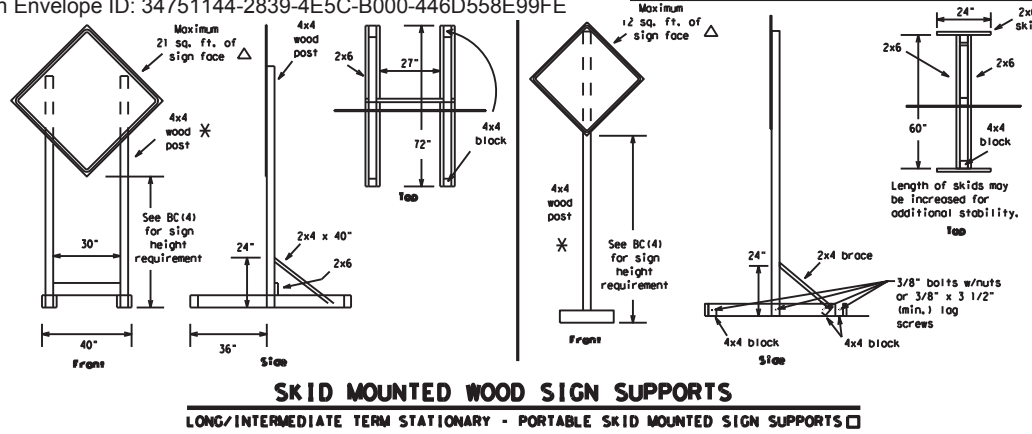
**BC (4) - 14**

FILES	bc-14.dgn	DATE	TxDOT	REVISED	NOVEMBER 2002
CONT	SECT	JOB	NO	TH	35, ETC.
REVISED	6380	15	001		
DATE	9-07	8-14			
FILED	7-13				
			22	WEBB, ETC	

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**WEDGE ANCHORS**  
Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

**OTHER DESIGNS**  
MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CRZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

**GENERAL NOTES**

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CRZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to item 502.

□ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."  
 ✖ Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.  
 △ See the CRZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

**SHEET 5 OF 12**  
 Texas Department of Transportation  
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT**

**BC(5) - 14**

FILE#	DC-14.dgn	DN#	TXDOT	CHK#	TXDOT	DN#	TXDOT	CHK#	TXDOT
REV#	01	DATE	NOVEMBER 2002	CONT	6380	SECT	15	JOB	001
REV#	02	DATE	8-14	DIST	22	COUNTY		JOB	1H 35, ETC.
REV#	03	DATE	7-13					JOB	WEBB, ETC

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# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE SIGN OR PLACE THE SIGN BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

## PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway, i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "BEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMDOD.
- PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (1.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

## Phase 1: Condition Lists

### Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED
CENTER LANE CLOSED
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED
EXIT CLOSED
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED
XXXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED

### Closure List

FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED
SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT
RIGHT X LANES OPEN
DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES
EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE
RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED
X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI

### Other Condition List

ROADWORK XXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT
MERCING TRAFFIC XXXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX
BUMP XXXX FT
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT
ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
US XXX EXIT X MILES
LANES SHIFT *

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

## Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

### Action to Take/Effect on Travel List

MERGE RIGHT
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS
USE EXIT XXX
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH
TRUCKS USE US XXX N
WATCH FOR TRUCKS
EXPECT DELAYS
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT
USE OTHER ROUTES
STAY IN LANE *

### Location List

AT FM XXXX
BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING
NEXT X MILES
PAST US XXX EXIT
XXXXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX
US XXX TO FM XXXX

### Warning List

SPEED LIMIT XX MPH
MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH
MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH
ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH
RIGHT LANE EXIT
USE CAUTION
DRIVE SAFELY
DRIVE WITH CARE

### \*\* Advance Notice List

TUE-FRI XX AM - X PM
APR XX - XX X PM - X AM
BEGINS MONDAY
BEGINS MAY XX
MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
NEXT FRI-SUN
XX AM TO XX PM
NEXT TUE AUG XX
TONIGHT XX PM - XX AM

\*\* See Application Guidelines Note 6.

## APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

## WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

## FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

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WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MIN
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Canal	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKNG
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DOMT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXX feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FRWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWTN
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle	VEH	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Information	INFO	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHs
It Is	ITS	Warning	WARN
Junction	JCT	Wednesday	WED
Left	LFT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left Lane	LFT LN	West	W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Westbound	(route) W
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Maintenance	MAINT	Will Not	WONT

Roadway designation = IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

## BC(6) - 14

FILE#	bc-14.dgn	DATE	TXDOT	BY	TXDOT	DATE	TXDOT	BY	TXDOT
REV#	November 2002	DATE	TXDOT	BY	TXDOT	DATE	TXDOT	BY	TXDOT
REV#	6380	DATE	15	DATE	001	DATE	1H	DATE	35, ETC.
REV#	9-07	DATE	8-14	DATE	W	DATE	WEBB, ETC	DATE	
REV#	7-13	DATE	22	DATE		DATE		DATE	

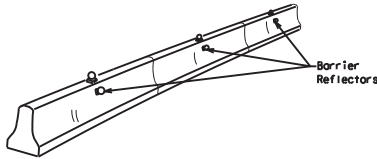


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DATE: 4/29/2021 3:26:52 PM  
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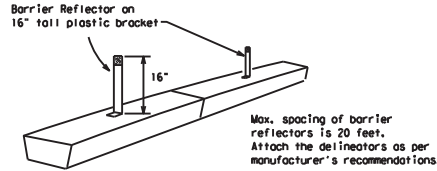
1. Barrier reflectors shall be in quantities and colors to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



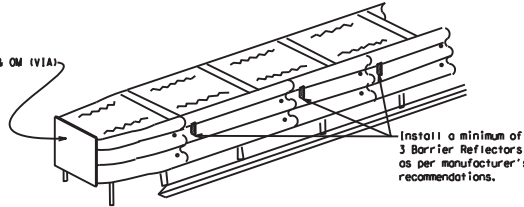
**CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)**

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier gable without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- Payment markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



**LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)**

See D & OM (VIA)



**DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS**

**END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES**

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

**BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS**

**WARNING LIGHTS**

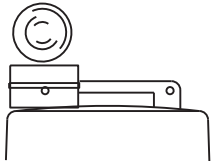
- Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMTCD.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B<sub>1</sub> or C<sub>1</sub> Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

**WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS**

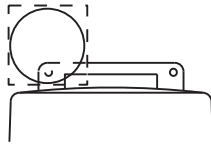
- Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

**WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS**

- A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed on the CWZTCD.
- The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.



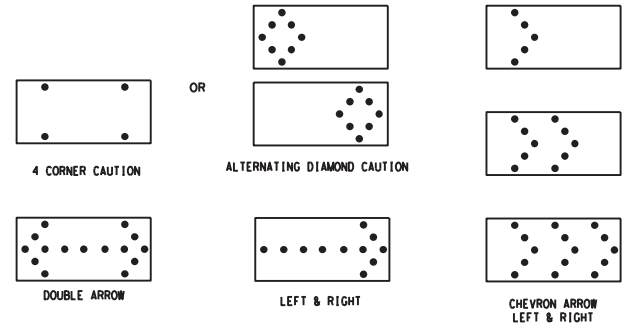
Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
- The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
- A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
- A full matrix POMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS			
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE
B	30 x 60	13	3/4 mile
C	48 x 96	15	1 mile

**ATTENTION**  
 Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

**FLASHING ARROW BOARDS**

SHEET 7 OF 12

**TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS**

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is on an extended distance from the TMA.



Texas Department of Transportation  
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR**

**BC(7) - 14**

FILE#	bc-14.dgn	OWN	TxDOT	CHK	TxDOT	DATE	TxDOT	CHK	TxDOT
REV#	1	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.	DATE	BY	CHK
REV#	1	6389	66	001	14355, ETC.	9-07	8-14		
		DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		7-13			
			22	WEBB, ETC.	13				

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- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

**GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS**

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

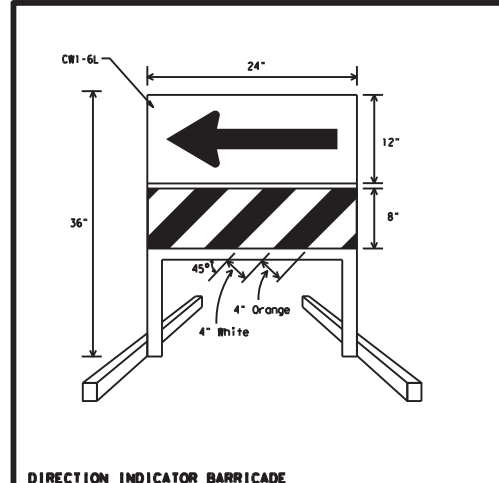
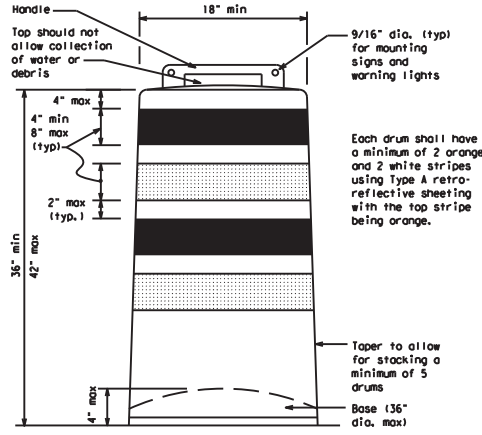
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelizing devices or sign supports.
- Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

**RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING**

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

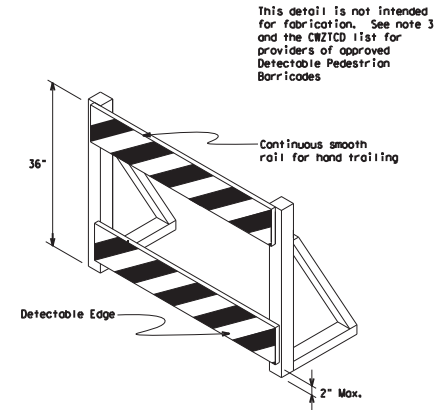
**BALLAST**

- Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Replaced truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.



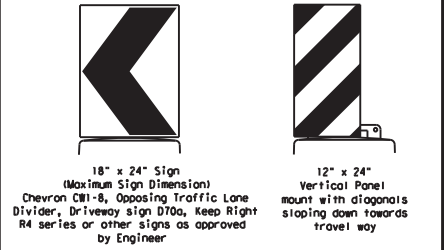
**DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADES**

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional guidance to drivers is necessary.
- If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6L) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B<sub>PL</sub> or Type C<sub>PL</sub> Orange retroreflective sheeting above a roll with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List. Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



**DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES**

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



**Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums**

**SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS**

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B<sub>PL</sub> or Type C<sub>PL</sub> Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended travel lane.
- Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than an every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

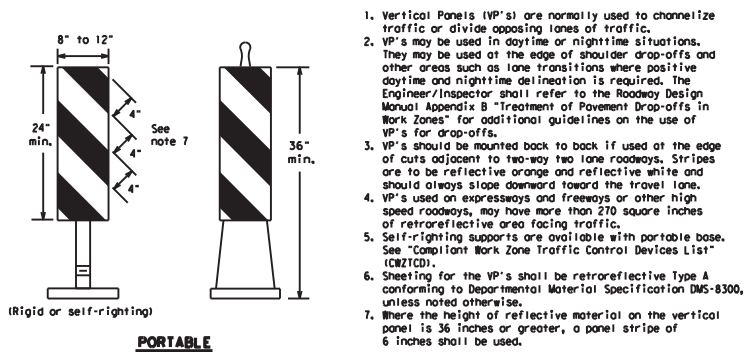
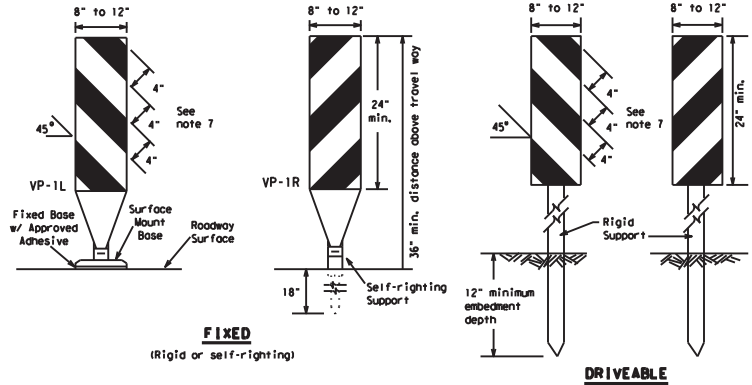
Traffic Operations Division Standard

**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES**

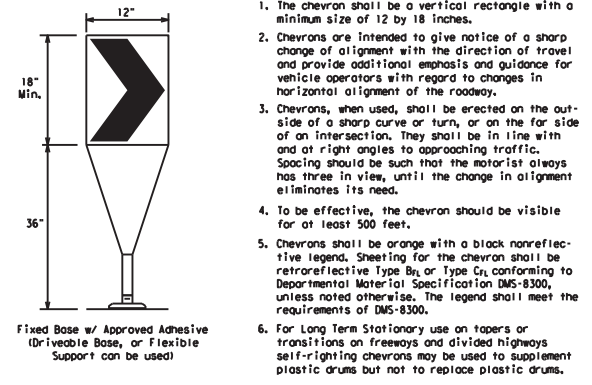
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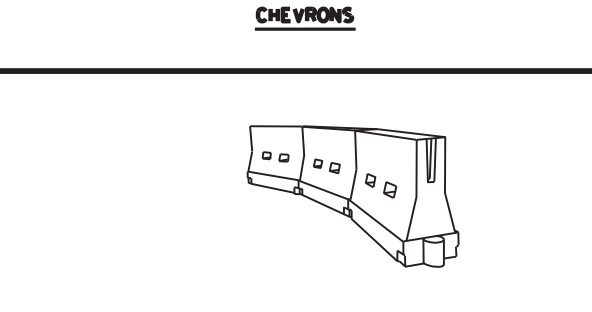
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**VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)**



- GENERAL NOTES**
- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
  - Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a drivable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
  - Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CZTCD).
  - The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
  - Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
  - Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
  - The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Drivable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



- LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)**
- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
  - LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
  - LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CZTCD list.
  - LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
  - LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
  - LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

- WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS**
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
  - Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
  - Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CZTCD list.
  - Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
  - When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long cones and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

**HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS**

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30	L = WS <sup>2</sup> / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'
40	L = WS	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'
50	L = WS	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'
60	L = WS	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'
70	L = WS	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'
80	L = WS	800'	880'	960'	80'	160'
85		850'	935'	1020'	85'	170'

\*\*Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)  
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

**SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS**



**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES**

**BC(9) - 14**

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REV	4	DATE	11/01/2001	BY	TXDOT	CHK	TXDOT	DATE	11/01/2001	BY	TXDOT
REV	5	DATE	11/01/2001	BY	TXDOT	CHK	TXDOT	DATE	11/01/2001	BY	TXDOT
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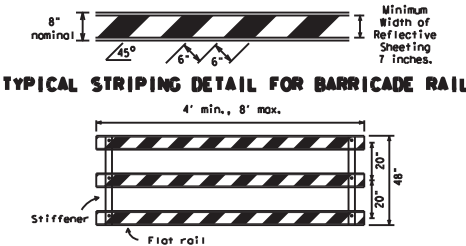
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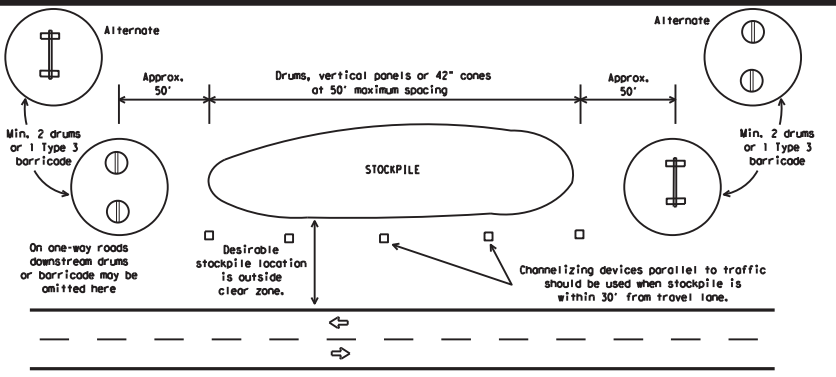
1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

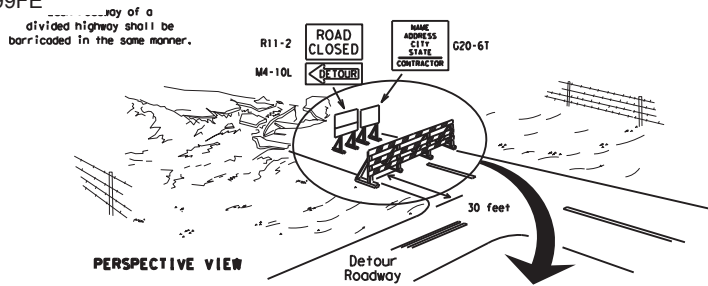


Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

**TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES**

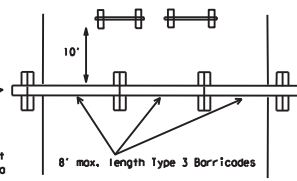


**TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES**



**PERSPECTIVE VIEW**

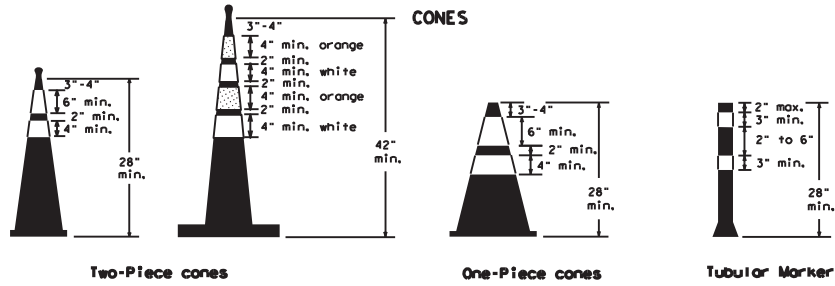
The three rails on Type 3 barricades shall be reflectorized orange and reflective white stripes on one side facing one-way traffic and both sides for two-way traffic. Barricade striping should slant downward in the direction of detour.



**PLAN VIEW**

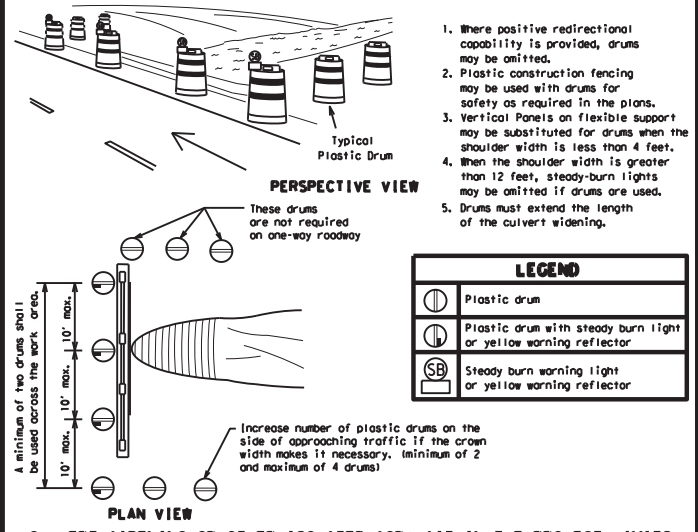
1. Signs should be mounted on independent supports at a 7 foot mounting height in center of roadway. The signs should be a minimum of 10 feet behind Type 3 Barricades.
2. Advance signing shall be as specified elsewhere in the plans.

**TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION**



28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.  
 42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs, including base.

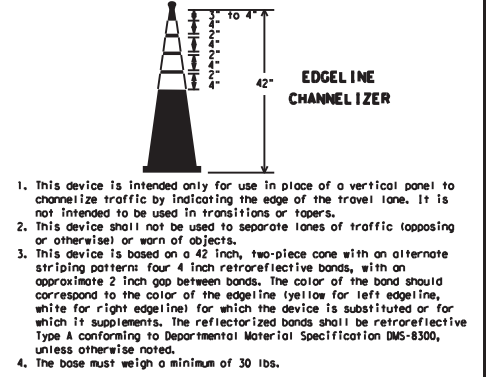
1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(1). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.



LEGEND	
	Plastic drum
	Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector
	Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector

**CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS**

THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.
2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (topposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

Texas Department of Transportation  
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES**

**BC(10)-14**

FILES	bc-14.dgn	REV	TxDOT	CHK	TxDOT	DATE	TxDOT	SHEET NO.
REVISED	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY			
9-07	B-14	6380	15	001	1H 35, ETC.			
7-13		DIST	COUNTY	WEBB, ETC				

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**WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

**GENERAL**

1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

**RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS**

1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 612, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

**PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (fall back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

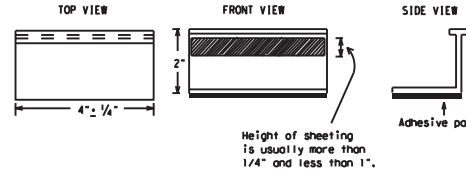
**MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

**REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

**Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs**



**STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE**

1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

**RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS**

1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:  
 YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).  
 WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

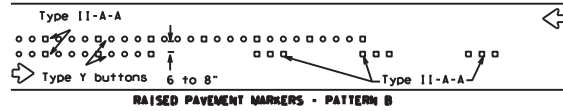
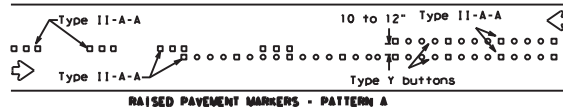
A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

		Traffic Operations Division Standard	
<b>BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS</b>			
<b>BC(11)-14</b>			
FILE#	DC-14.dgn	DNV	TxDOT
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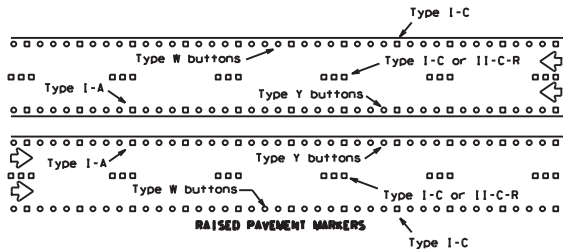
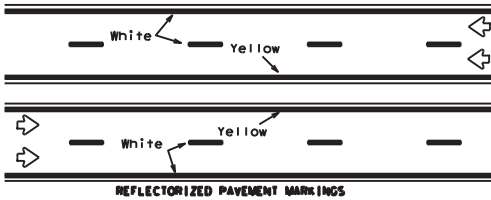
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### PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS



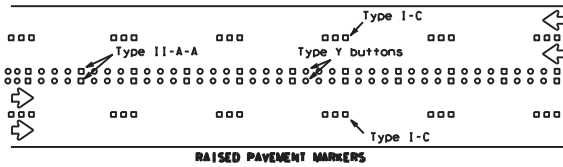
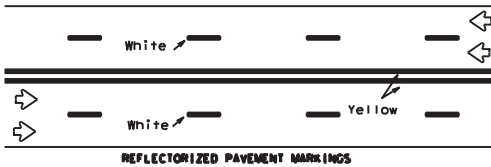
Pattern A is the TxDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectORIZED pavement markings.

### CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



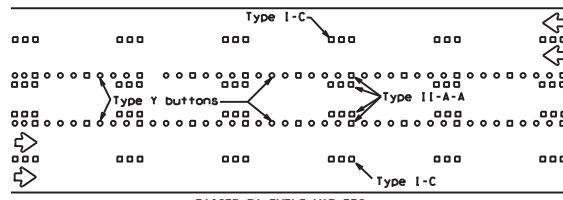
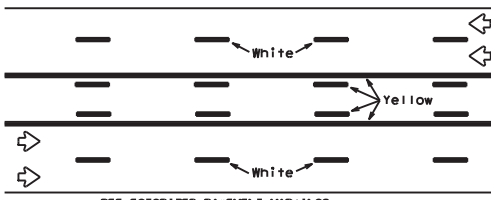
Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectORIZED pavement markings.

### EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectORIZED pavement markings.

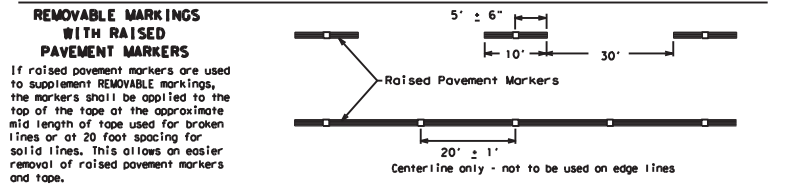
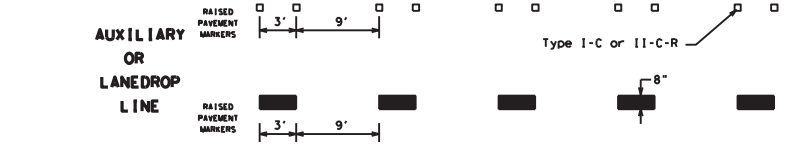
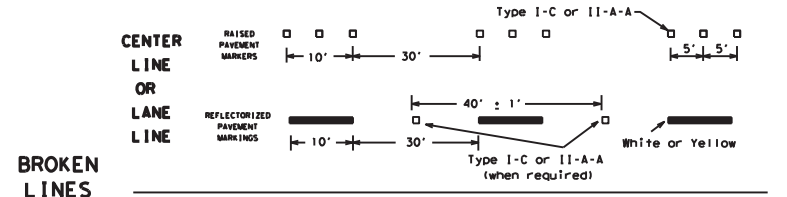
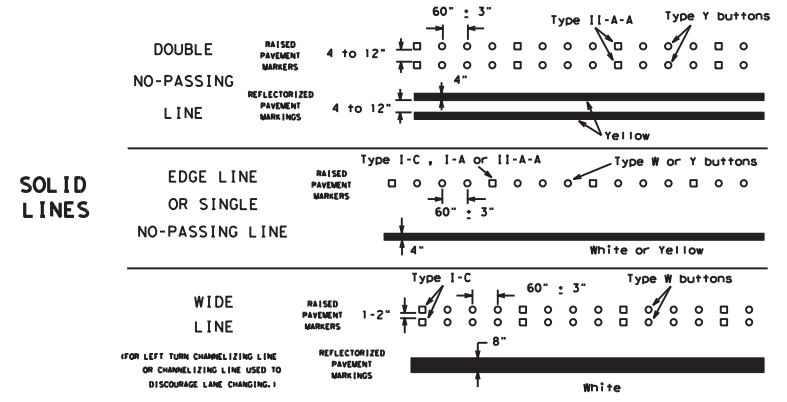
### LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectORIZED pavement markings.

### TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

### STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS



SHEET 12 OF 12



### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

BC(12)-14

Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

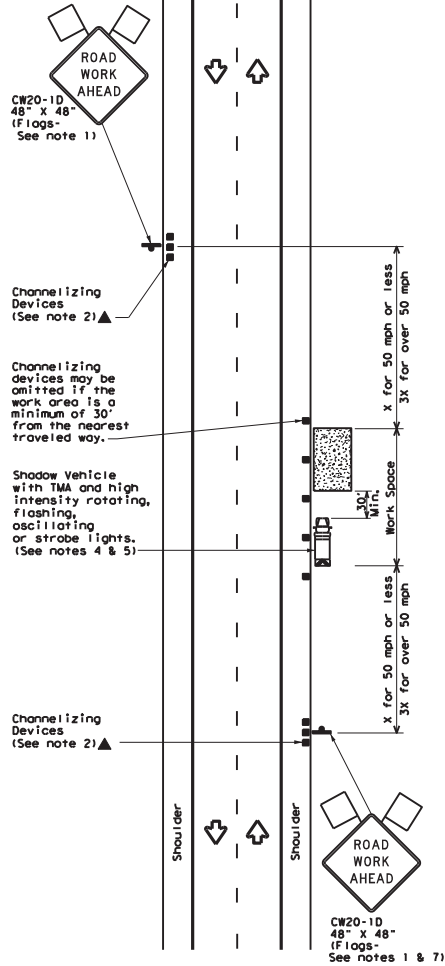
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CONT	6380	SECT	15	JOB	001	TH	35, ETC.	SHEET NO.	
DIST	22	COUNTY	WEBB, ETC						

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by the Texas Department of Transportation for this standard or for any other standard. No liability is assumed for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

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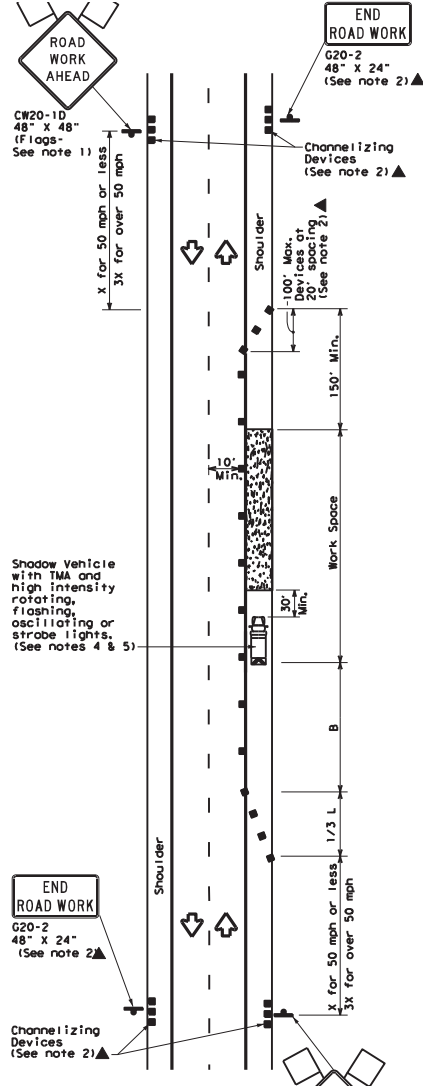
DISCUSSION: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard into a contract or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

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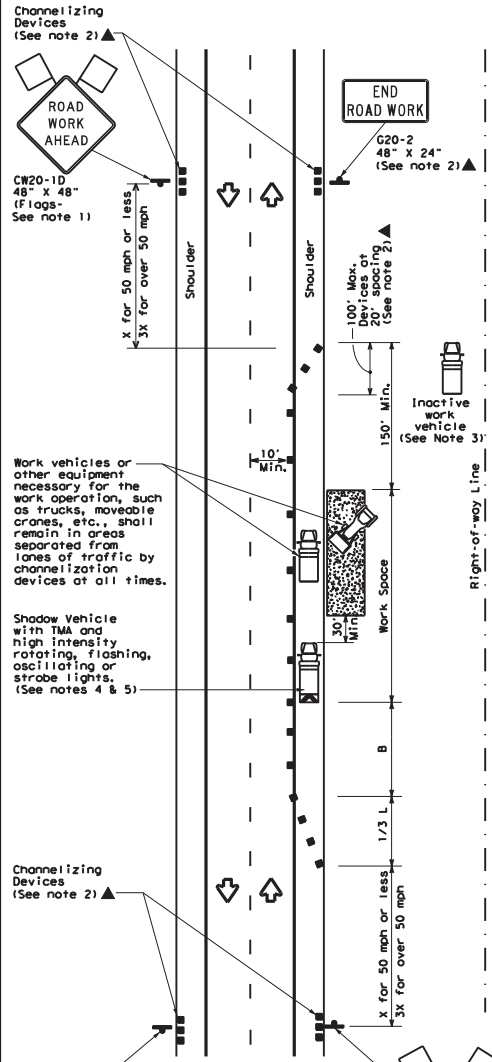
TCP (1-1a)

**WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER**  
Conventional Roads



TCP (1-1b)

**WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER**  
Conventional Roads



TCP (1-1c)

**WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER**  
Conventional Roads

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed #	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths %*			Suggested Maximum Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset/Offset	11' 12' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	L = WS <sup>2</sup> / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	
75	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	

\* Conventional Roads Only  
 \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
  - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
  - Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
  - A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
  - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
  - See TCP(1-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
  - CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.



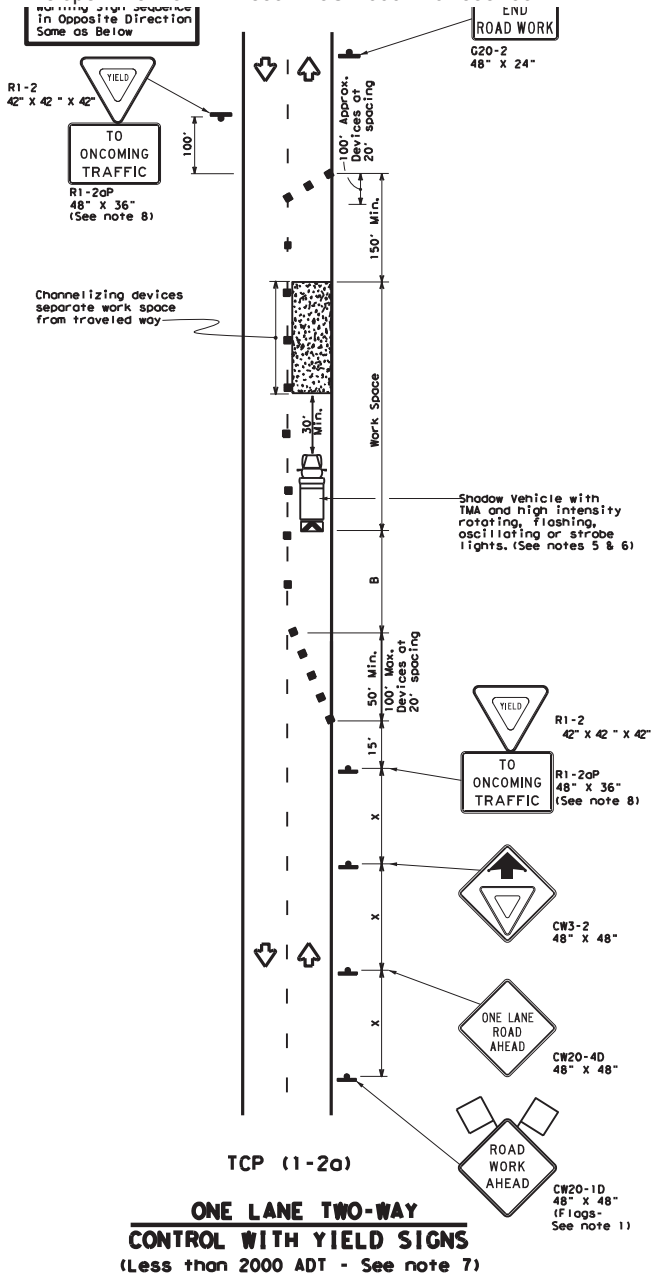
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN**  
**CONVENTIONAL ROAD**  
**SHOULDER WORK**

**TCP(1-1)-18**

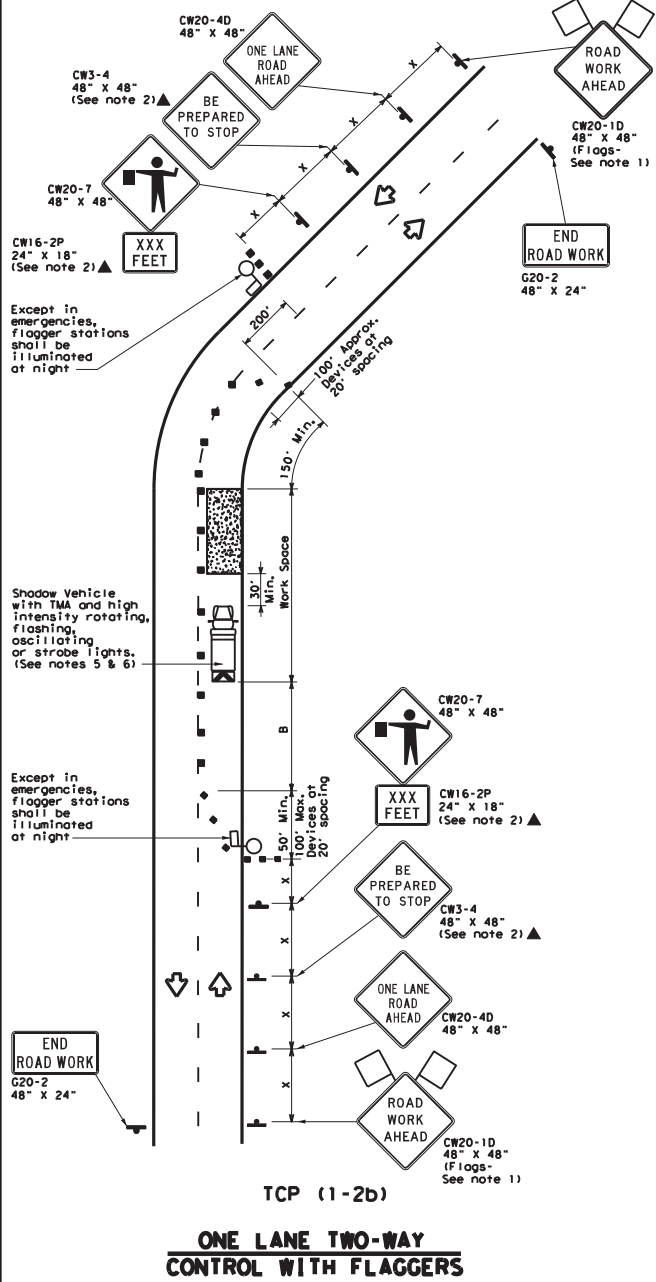
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DATE	2-94 4-98	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	8-95 2-12	22	WEBB, ETC		
	1-97 2-18				



DISCUSSION: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.



**TCP (1-2a)**  
**ONE LANE TWO-WAY**  
**CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS**  
 (Less than 2000 ADT - See note 7)



**TCP (1-2b)**  
**ONE LANE TWO-WAY**  
**CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed #	Formula L = WS/60	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * #			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	Stopping Distance
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent			
30		150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	200'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	305'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	495'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	570'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	820'

\* Conventional Roads Only  
 \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
  - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
  - The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
  - Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
  - A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
  - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- TCP (1-2a)**
- R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
  - R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- TCP (1-2b)**
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
  - Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
  - If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
  - Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
  - Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN  
 ONE-LANE TWO-WAY  
 TRAFFIC CONTROL

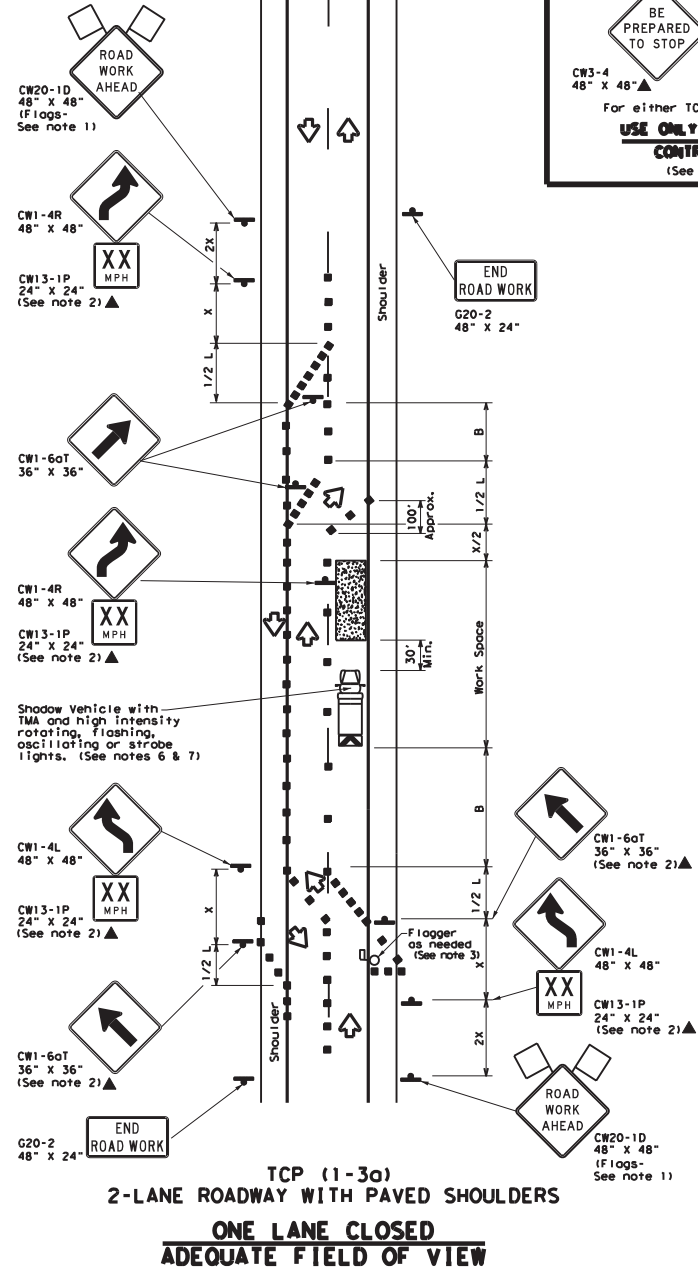
TCP(1-2)-18

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REVISED	4-90	4-98	2-94	2-12	1-97	2-18	22	COUNTY	WEBB, ETC
								SHEET NO.	



DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the Texas Engineering Practice Act. No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units or for the use of this standard in any manner that may result in incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

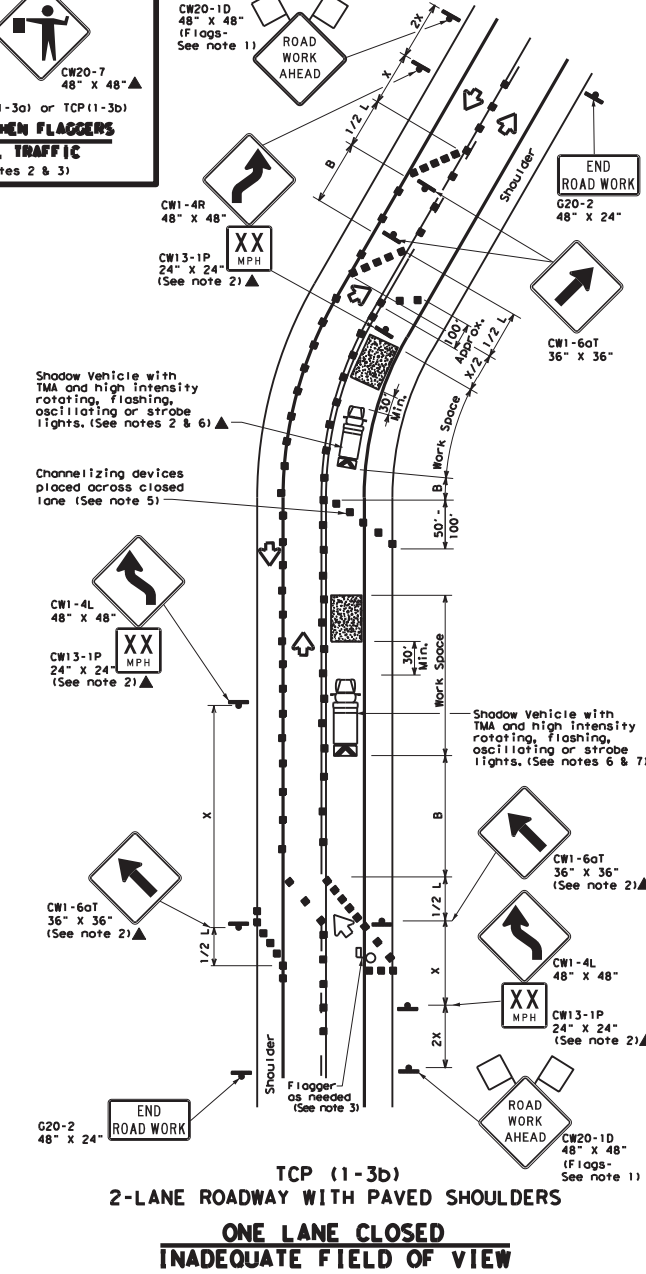
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BE PREPARED TO STOP

USE ONLY WHEN FLAGGERS CONTROL TRAFFIC  
 (See Notes 2 & 3)

For either TCP (1-3a) or TCP (1-3b)



LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed #	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths #'			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing 'x'	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space 'b'
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	L = WS / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L = WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

\* Conventional Roads Only  
 \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT) S = Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
  - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
  - Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
  - DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
  - When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
  - A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
  - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
  - Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

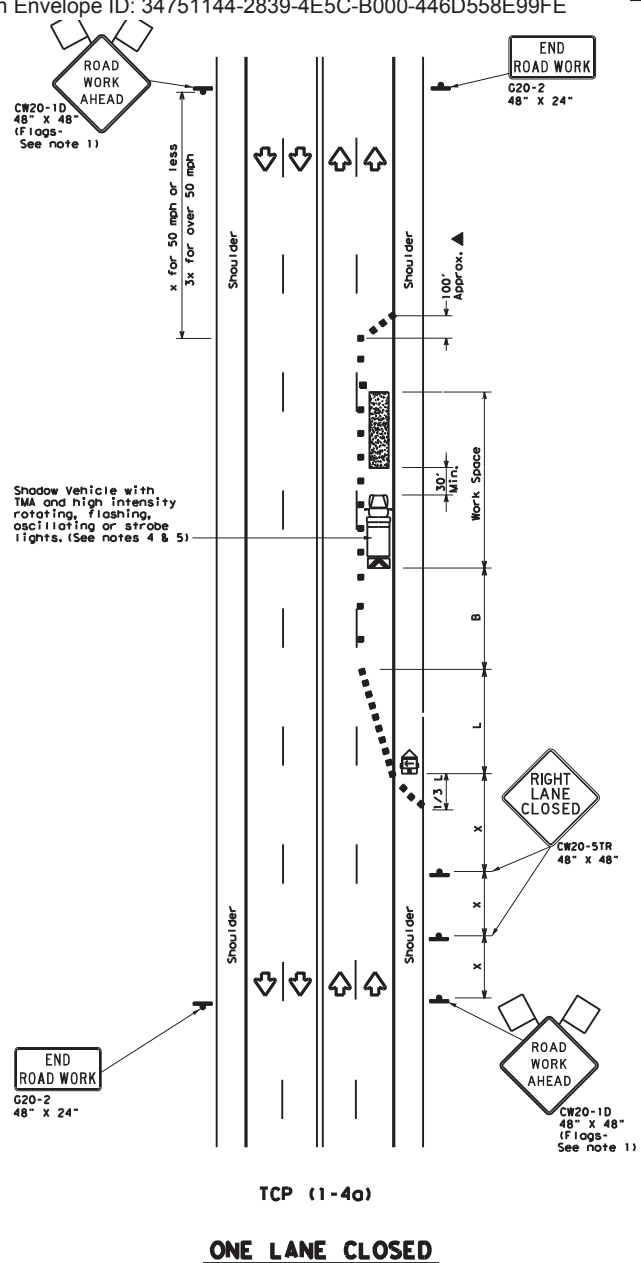
Texas Department of Transportation  
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN**  
**TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON**  
**TWO LANE ROADS**  
**TCP (1-3) - 18**

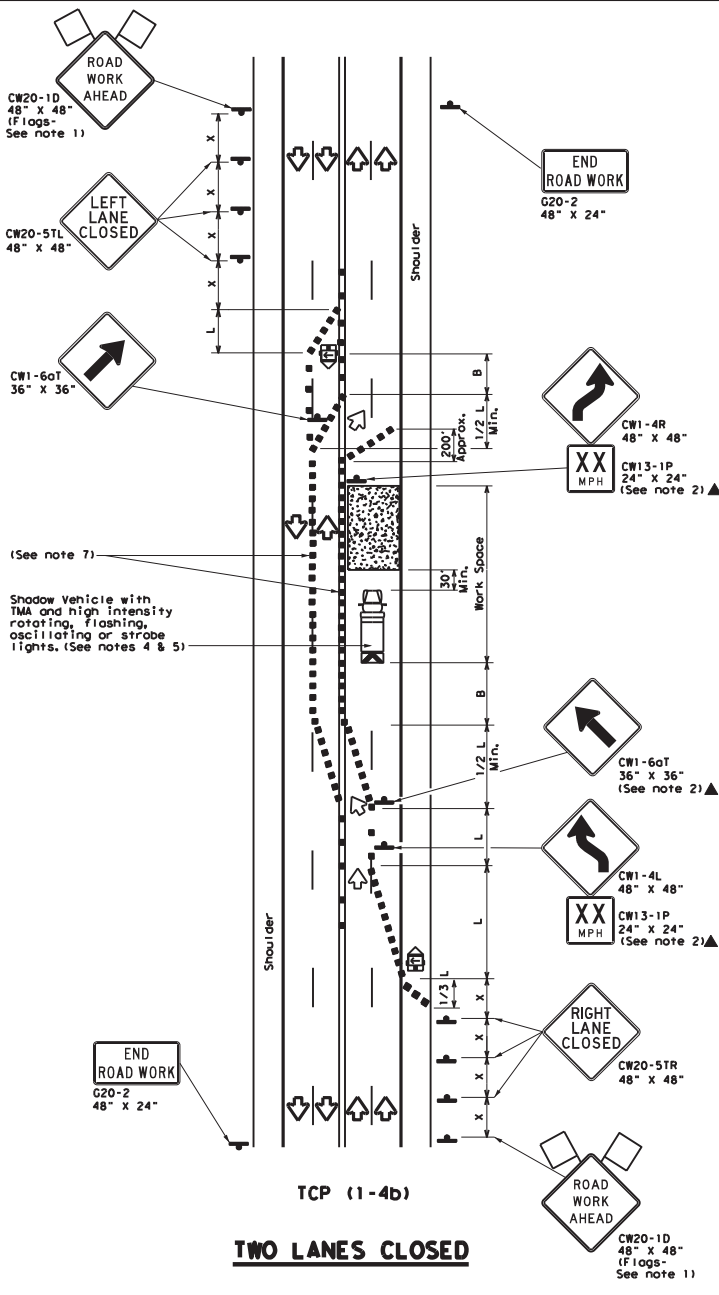
FILE#	DATE	BY	CHK	JOB	MILEPOST
CP1801	REVISIONS	6380	15	001	TH 35, ETC.
2-94	4-98	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
8-95	2-12	22	WEBB, ETC		
1-97	2-18				

DISCUSS: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:06 PM  
 FILE: T:\LRD\STMT\TX 2021\MT Contracts\Crack Seal\Lower Counties\CAD\Standard\Traffic Control Plans\TCP (1-4)



**TCP (1-4a)**  
**ONE LANE CLOSED**



**TCP (1-4b)**  
**TWO LANES CLOSED**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed * X	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * X			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing * Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space * "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	
75	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	

\* Conventional Roads Only  
 \* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

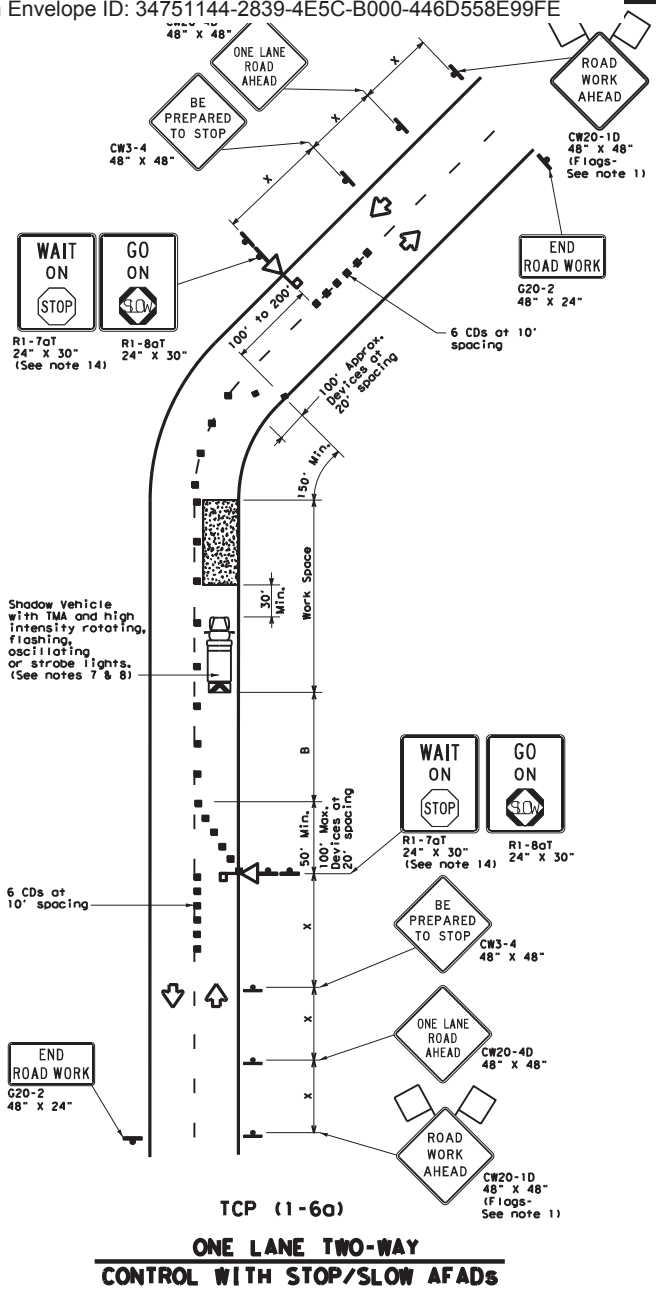
TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
  - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
  - The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
  - A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
  - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- TCP (1-4a)**
- If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.
- TCP (1-4b)**
- Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

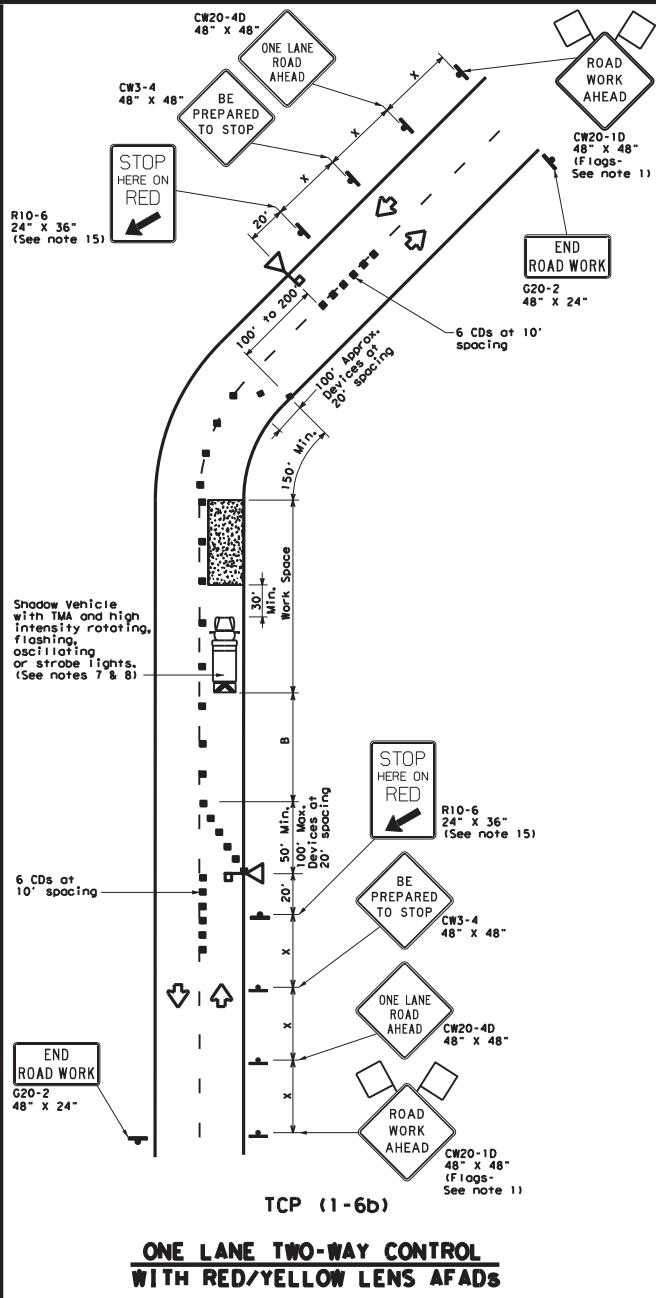
Texas Department of Transportation		Traffic Operations Division Standard	
<b>TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN</b> <b>LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS</b> <b>TCP (1-4)-18</b>			
FILE:	tcp1-4-18.dgn	DATE:	December 1985
CONTRACT:	6380	SECTION:	15
JOB:		COUNTY:	WEBB, ETC
REVISIONS:		DATE:	
2-94	4-98		
8-95	2-12		
1-97	2-18		



DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:10 PM  
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 DISCUSSION: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard into a contract document.



**TCP (1-6a)**  
**ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL WITH STOP/SLOW AFADs**



**TCP (1-6b)**  
**ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL WITH RED/YELLOW LENS AFADs**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD)		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed #	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths #'			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	Stopping Sight Distance
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent			
30	L = WS <sup>2</sup> / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	200'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	305'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	495'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	570'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'	
75	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	820'	

\* Conventional Roads Only  
 \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE			
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	

**GENERAL NOTES**

- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- AFADs shall only be used in situations where there is one lane of approaching traffic in the direction to be controlled.
- Adequate stopping sight distance must be provided to each AFAD location for approaching traffic. (See table above).
- Each AFAD shall be operated by a qualified/certified flagger. Flaggers operating AFADs shall not leave them unattended while they are in use.
- One flagger may operate two AFADs only when the flagger has an unobstructed view of both AFADs and of the approaching traffic in both directions.
- When pilot cars are used, a flagger controlling traffic shall be located on each approach. AFADs shall not be operated by the pilot car operator.
- All AFADs shall be equipped with gate arms with an orange or fluorescent red-orange flag attached to the end of the gate arm. The flag shall be a minimum of 16" square.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the AFAD.
- Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- The R1-7a1 "WAIT ON STOP" sign and the R1-8a1 "GO ON SLOW" sign shall be installed at the AFAD location on separate supports or they may be fabricated as one 48" x 30" sign. They shall not obscure the face of the STOP/SLOW AFAD.
- The R10-6 "STOP HERE ON RED" arrow sign shall be offset so as not to obscure the lenses of the AFAD.

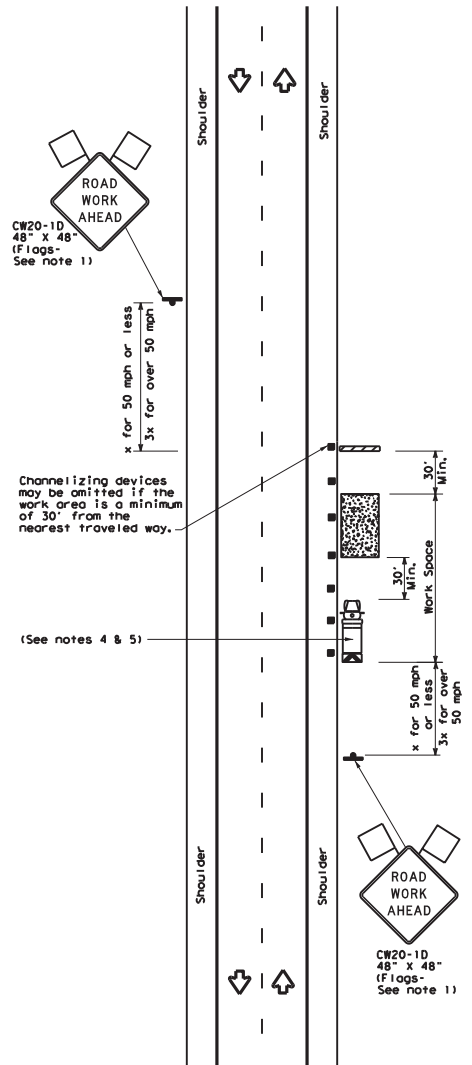
Traffic Operations Division Standard

**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN**  
**AUTOMATED FLAGGER ASSISTANCE DEVICES (AFADs)**  
**TCP (1-6)-18**

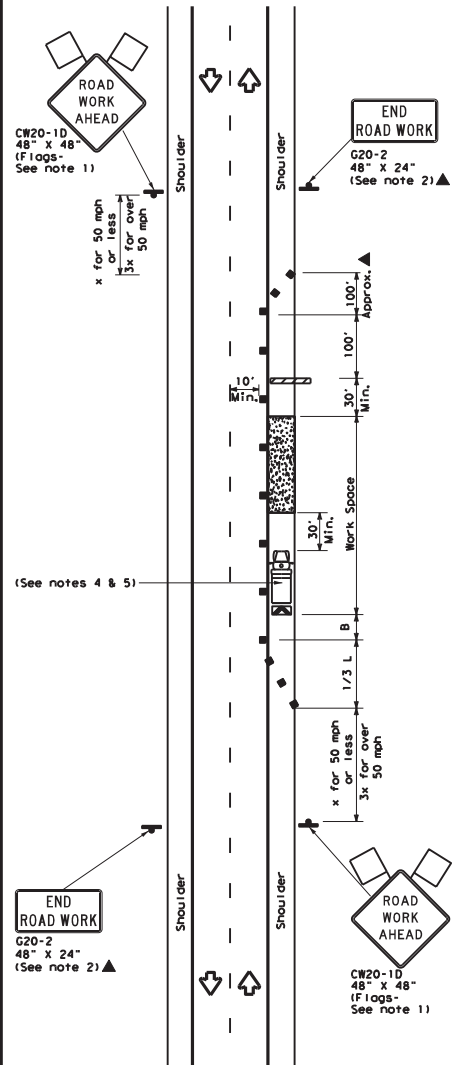
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REV#	February 2012	6380	15	001	TH 35, ETC.
2-18				DIST	COUNTY
		22		WEBB, ETC	SHEET NO.

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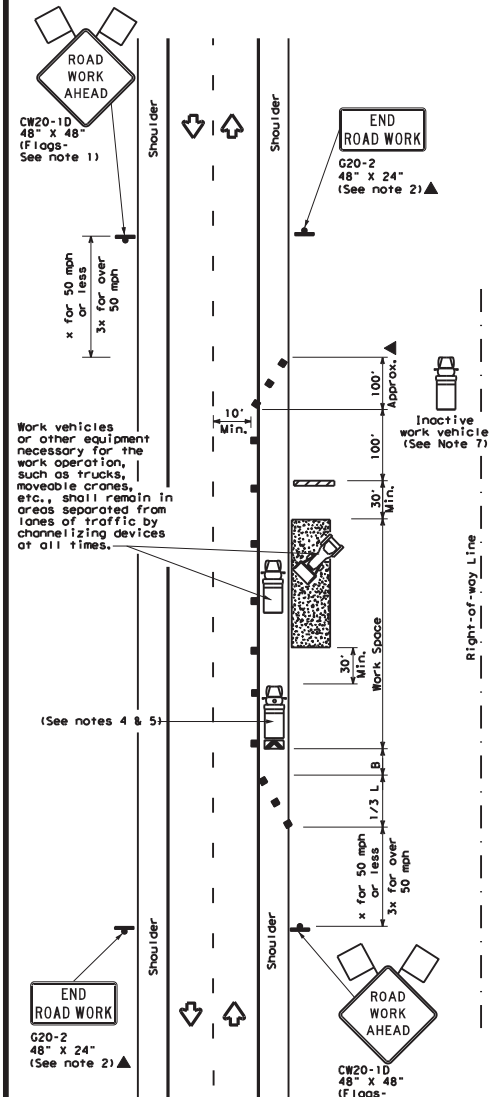
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**TCP (2-1a)**  
**WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER**  
 Conventional Roads



**TCP (2-1b)**  
**WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER**  
 Conventional Roads



**TCP (2-1c)**  
**WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER**  
 Conventional Roads

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed * X	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing * Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space * "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	$L = \frac{W \cdot C^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	$L = W \cdot S$	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

\* Conventional Roads Only  
 \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
  - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stored in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
  - Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from nearest traveled way.
  - Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
  - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
  - See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
  - Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
  - CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.



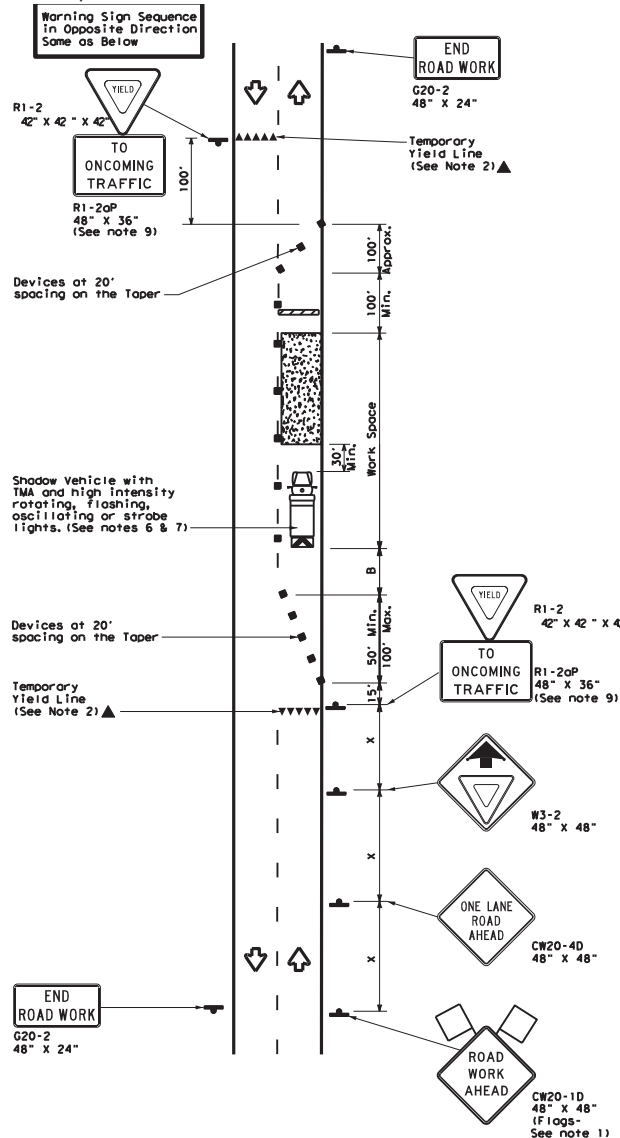
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN**  
**CONVENTIONAL ROAD**  
**SHOULDER WORK**

**TCP(2-1)-18**

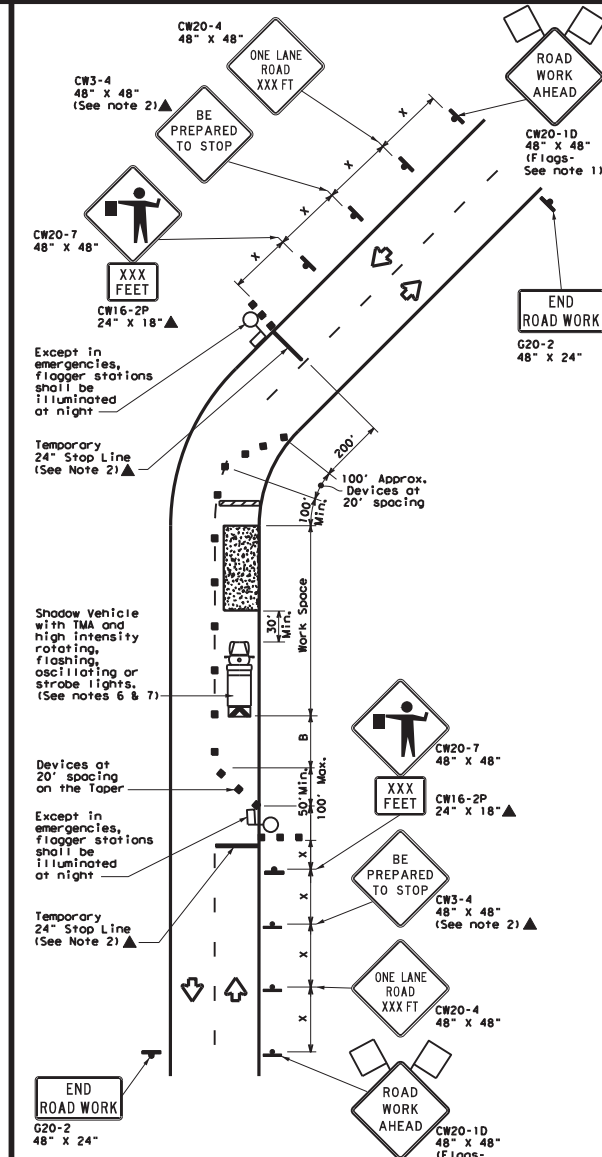
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1	2-94	4-98	6380	15	001	1H	35	ETC.	
2	8-95	2-12							
3	1-97	2-18			22			WEBB, ETC.	



DISCUSS: ALL USES OF THIS STANDARD ARE GOVERNED BY THE "TEXAS ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND IS MADE BY TxDOT FOR ANY PURPOSE WHATSOEVER. TxDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONVERSION OF THIS STANDARD INTO A CONTRACT DOCUMENT. THE USER OF THIS STANDARD ASSUMES ALL LIABILITY FOR THE CONVERSION OF THIS STANDARD INTO A CONTRACT DOCUMENT. CONTRACTS, CRACK, SEAL, LOWER COUNTIES, CAD, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, SIGN, FORMS OR FOR INACCURATE RESULTS OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ITS USE. DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:15 PM FILE: T:\LRODSTMT\TXV\_2021\MMT\_Contracts\Crack\_Seal\Lower\_Counties\CAD\Standard\_Specifications\_Sign\_Forms.dgn



**TCP (2-2a)**  
**2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS**  
**ONE LANE TWO-WAY**  
**CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS**  
 (Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)



**TCP (2-2b)**  
**2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS**  
**ONE LANE TWO-WAY**  
**CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS**

**LEGEND**

	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "b"	Stopping Sight Distance
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Taper			
30	L = WS <sup>2</sup> / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	200'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	305'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50	L = WS	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	495'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	570'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	820'

\* Conventional Roads Only  
 \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT) S = Posted Speed (MPH)

**TYPICAL USAGE**

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

**GENERAL NOTES**

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
  - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
  - The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
  - Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
  - Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
  - A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
  - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- TCP (2-2a)**
- The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
  - The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- TCP (2-2b)**
- Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
  - If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
  - Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN**  
**ONE-LANE TWO-WAY**  
**TRAFFIC CONTROL**

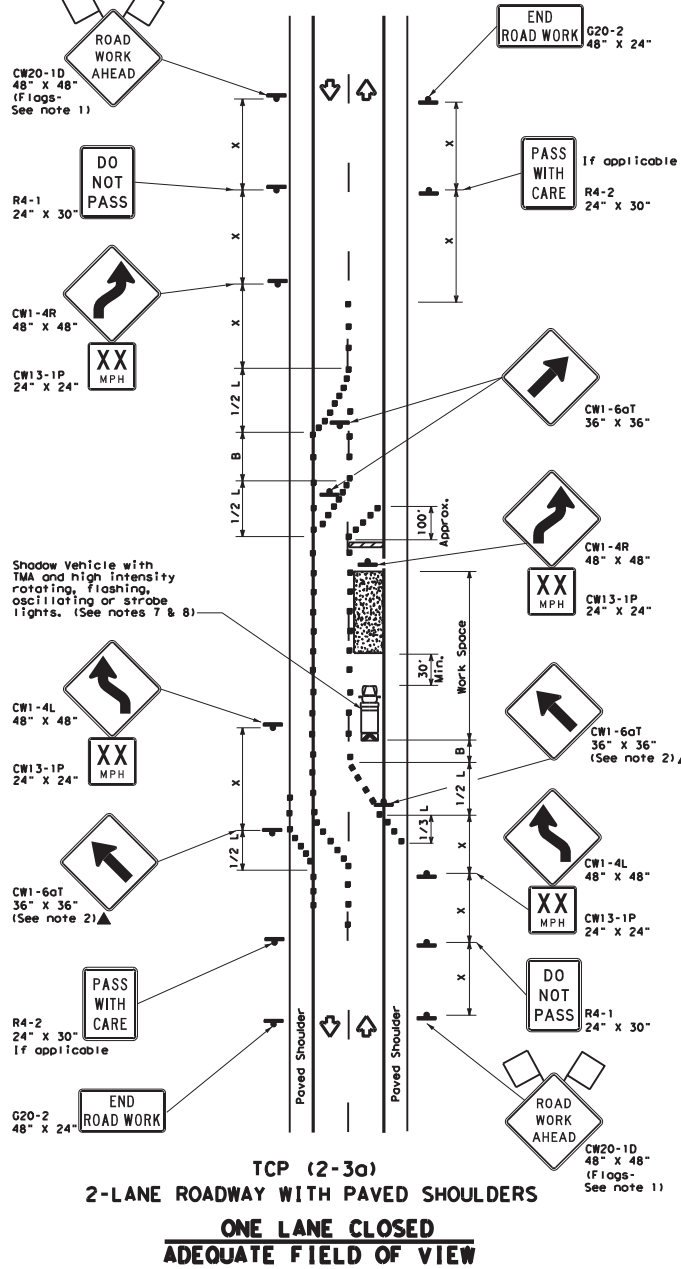
**TCP (2-2)-18**

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REVISED	REVISIONS	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE	DESCRIPTION
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1-97	2-12						
4-98	2-18		22	WEBB			ETC.

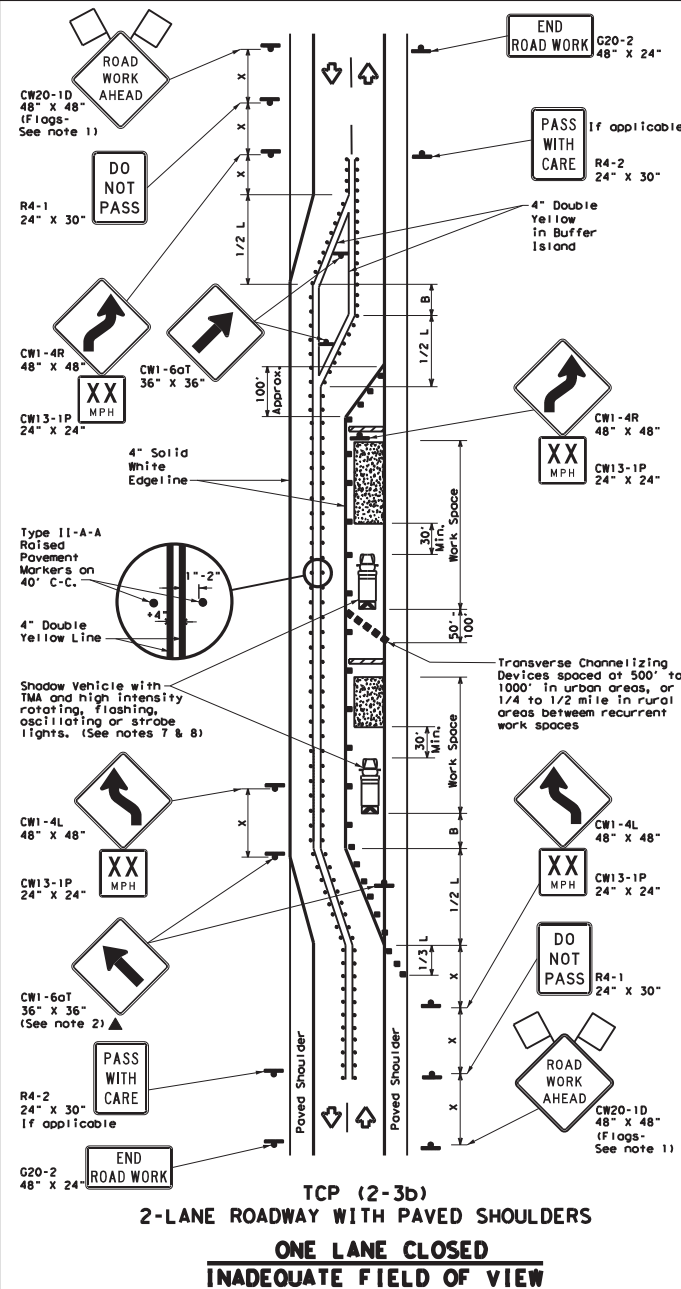
SHEET NO.

DISCUSSION: This standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:19 PM  
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**TCP (2-3a)**  
**2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS**  
**ONE LANE CLOSED**  
**ADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW**



**TCP (2-3b)**  
**2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS**  
**ONE LANE CLOSED**  
**INADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Raised Pavement Markers 11-AA
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed #	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10'	11'	12'	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	L = WS <sup>2</sup> / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	L = WS	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75	L = WS	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	1000'	610'

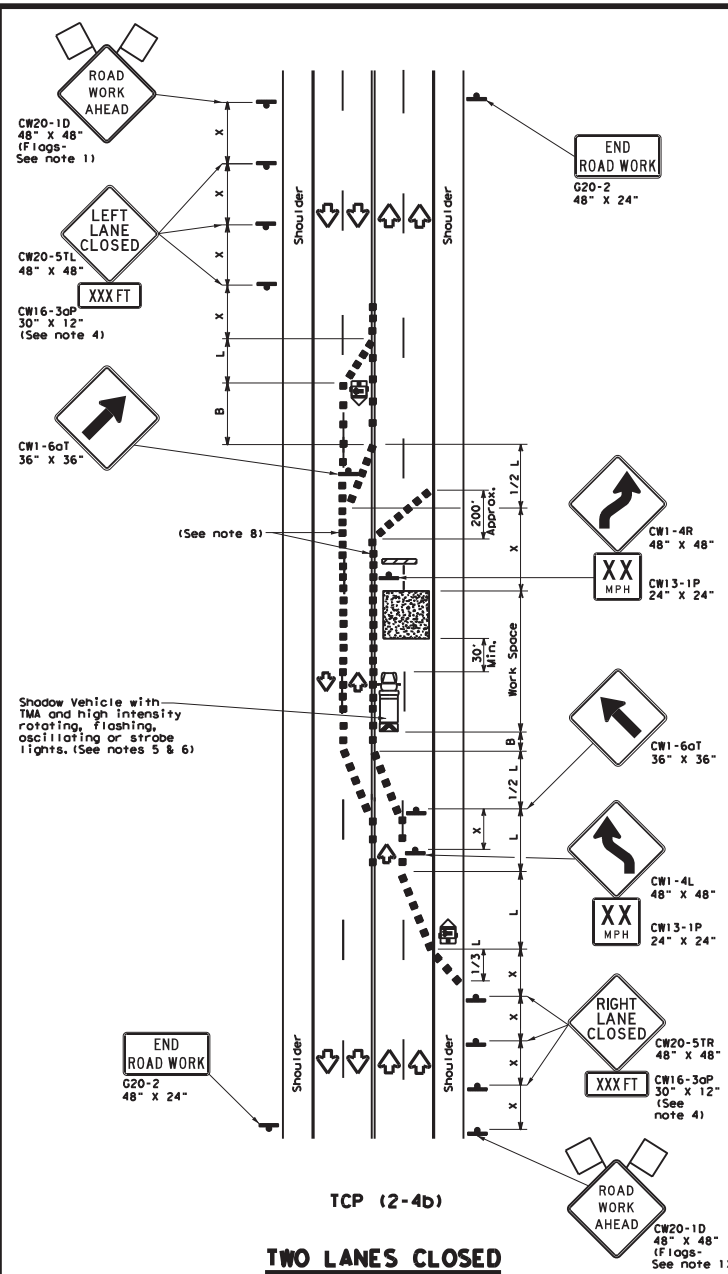
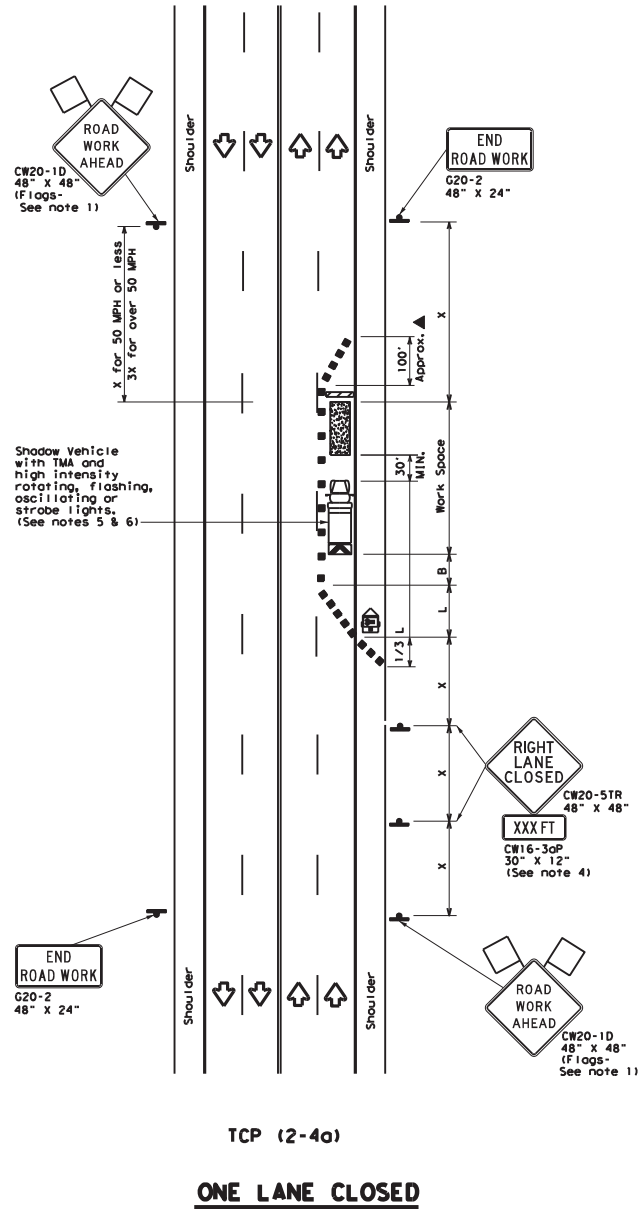
\* Conventional Roads Only  
 \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

MOBILE	TYPICAL USAGE			
	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
				TCP(2-3b) ONLY

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
  - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
  - When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
  - Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue.
  - The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 "PASS WITH CARE" and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
  - Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
  - A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
  - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- TCP (2-3a)**
- Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

 Texas Department of Transportation	Traffic Operations Division Standard
<b>TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN</b> <b>TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON</b> <b>TWO-LANE ROADS</b>	
<b>TCP (2-3)-18</b>	
FILE: tcp(2-3)-18.dgn REVISIONS 8-95 3-03 1-97 2-12 4-98 2-18	CON: 6380 SECT: 15 DIST: 22 JOB: 001 COUNTY: WEBB, ETC

DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:21 PM  
 FILE: I:\LRD\STMT\MNT\_2021\MNT\_Contracts\Crack\_Sea\Lower\_Counties\CAD\STANDARD\BLS\_group\fig\fig\_tcp2-4a.dgn  
 D:\C:\Users\TJL\Documents\Crack\_Sea\Lower\_Counties\CAD\STANDARD\BLS\_group\fig\fig\_tcp2-4a.dgn  
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LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flogger

Posted Speed #	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * X			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	L = WS / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50	L = WS	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

\* Conventional Roads Only  
 \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		✓	✓	

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
  - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
  - The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
  - For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-30P supplemental plaque.
  - A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
  - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- TCP (2-4a)**
- If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.
- TCP (2-4b)**
- For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

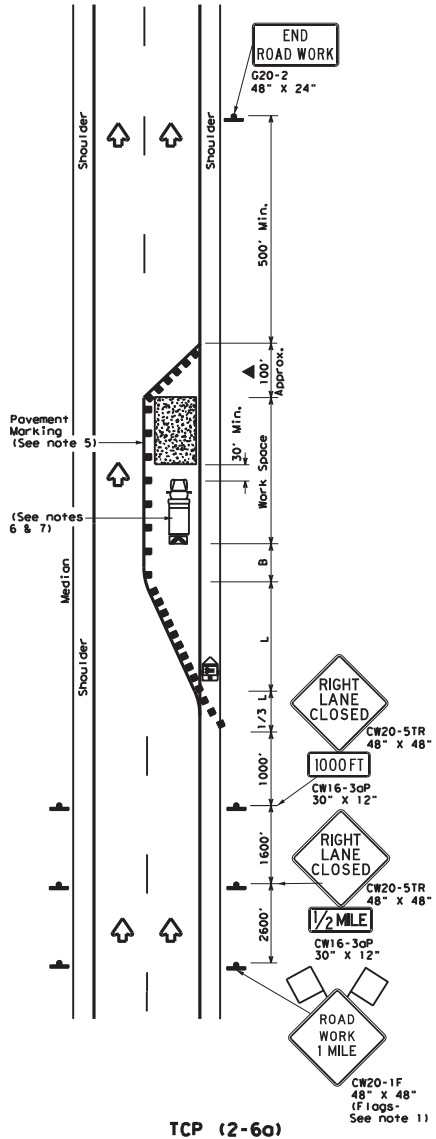
### TCP (2-4) - 18

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1-97	2-12				
4-98	2-18				
		22		WEBB, ETC	

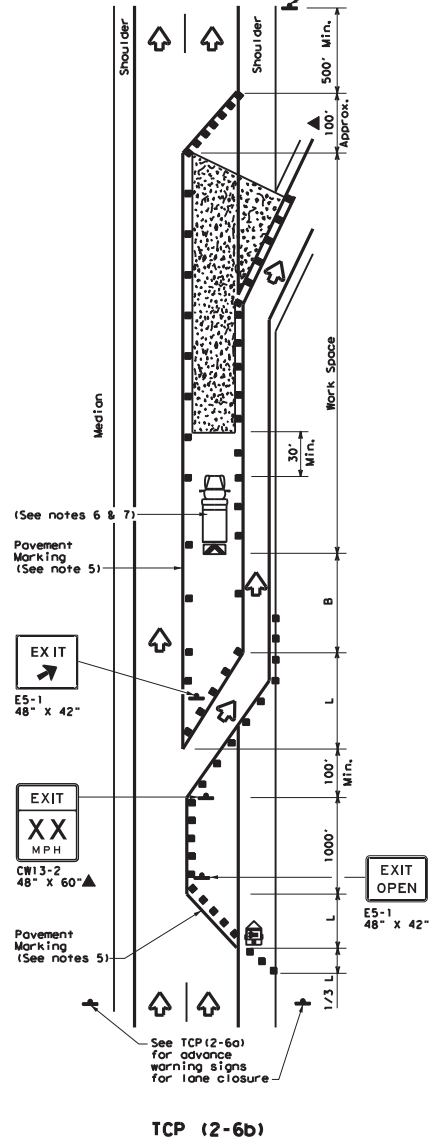
SHEET NO.



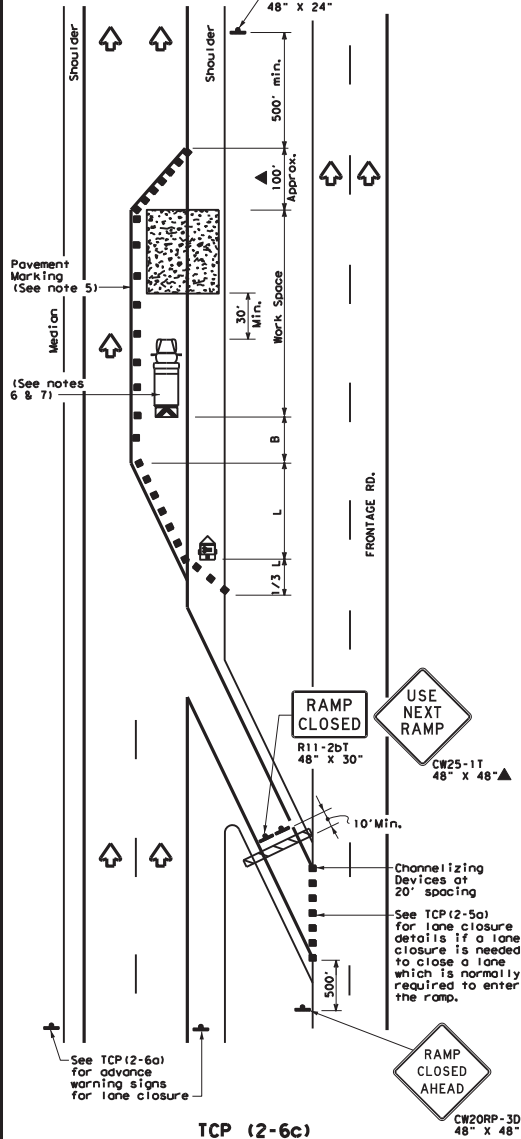
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 DISCUSSION: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard into a computer file or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.



**TCP (2-6a)  
ONE LANE CLOSURE**



**TCP (2-6b)  
LANE CLOSURE NEAR EXIT RAMPs**



**TCP (2-6c)  
LANE CLOSURE NEAR ENTRANCE RAMPs**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed #	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths # x #		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	
		10' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent			
30	L = WS <sup>2</sup> / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	
75	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	

\* Conventional Roads Only  
 \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT) S = Posted Speed (MPH)

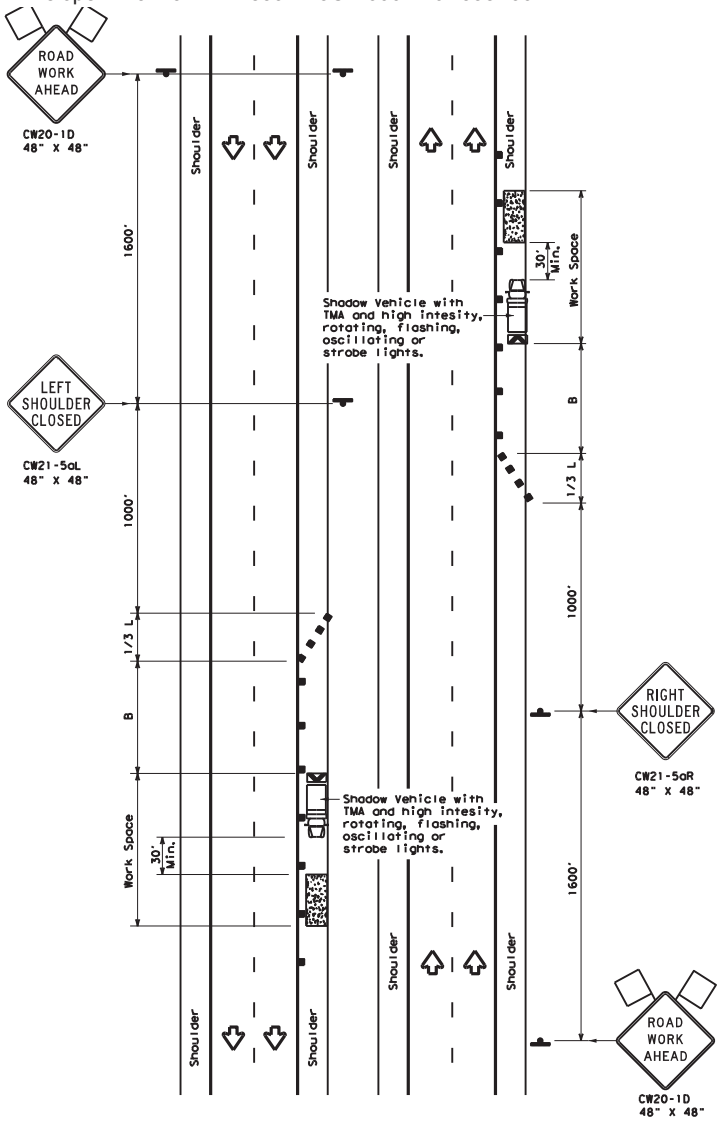
TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
			✓	✓

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
  - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
  - Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
  - Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on every other channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
  - The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
  - Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
  - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

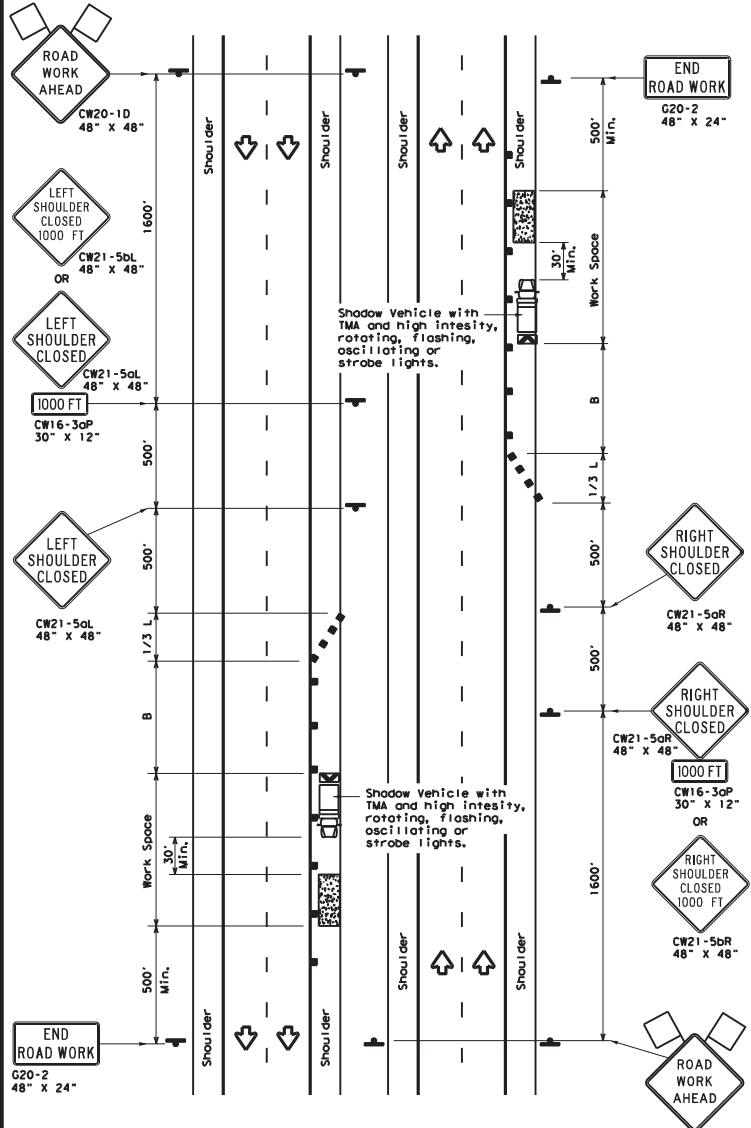
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN**  
**LANE CLOSURES ON**  
**DIVIDED HIGHWAYS**  
**TCP (2-6) - 18**

FILED	tcp2-6-18.dgn	DATE	09/15/2018	BY	DL	DATE	09/15/2018	BY	DL
REVISED	December 1985	NO. OF SHEETS	6380	NO. OF SHEETS	15	JOB	001	DATE	11/30/2018
REVISED	4-98	NO. OF SHEETS	8-95	NO. OF SHEETS	2-12	COUNTY		DATE	
REVISED	2-18	NO. OF SHEETS	1-97	NO. OF SHEETS	2-18	WEBB, ETC		DATE	

DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:26 PM  
 FILE: I:\L\RD\STMT\TX 2021\MNT Contracts\Crack Seal\Lower Counties\CAD\Standard\Bids\propagated\tag\High Terms or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.  
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**TCP (5-1a)**  
**WORK AREA ON SHOULDER**



**TCP (5-1b)**  
**WORK AREA ON SHOULDER**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths % X			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	L = WS <sup>2</sup> / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	155'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

\* Conventional Roads Only  
 \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	TCP (5-1a)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-1b)	

- GENERAL NOTES**
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
  - 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece cones.

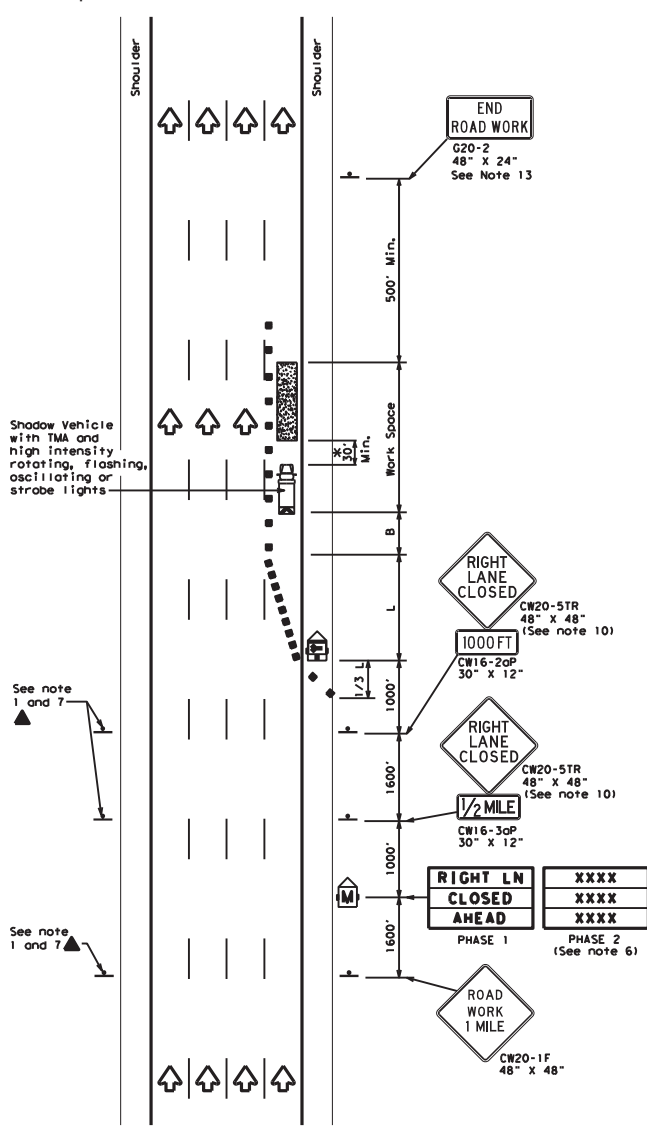


**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN  
 SHOULDER WORK FOR  
 FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS**

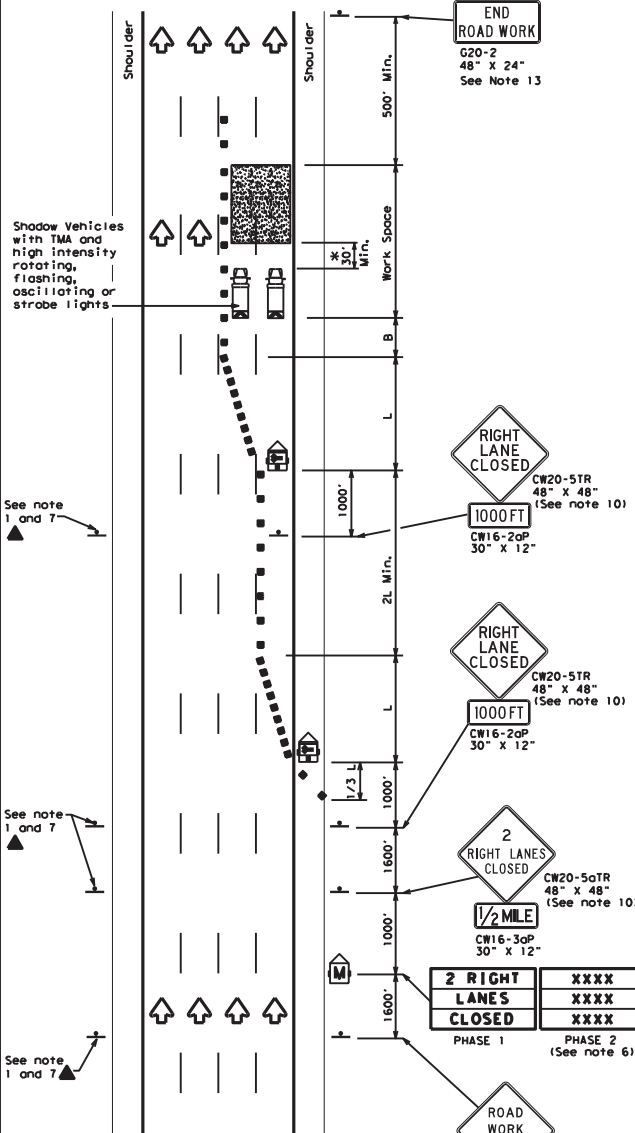
**TCP (5-1) - 18**

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REV#	2-18	DATE		CON#		SECT		JOB	1H 35, ETC.
REV#		DATE		CON#		SECT		JOB	22
REV#		DATE		CON#		SECT		JOB	WEBB, ETC

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**TCP (6-1a)**  
**TYPICAL FREEWAY ONE LANE CLOSURE**



**TCP (6-1b)**  
**TYPICAL FREEWAY TWO LANE CLOSURE**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

\*\*Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

**GENERAL NOTES**

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Drums or 42" cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMLTCD.
- Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the bottom of the sign.
- Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA should be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



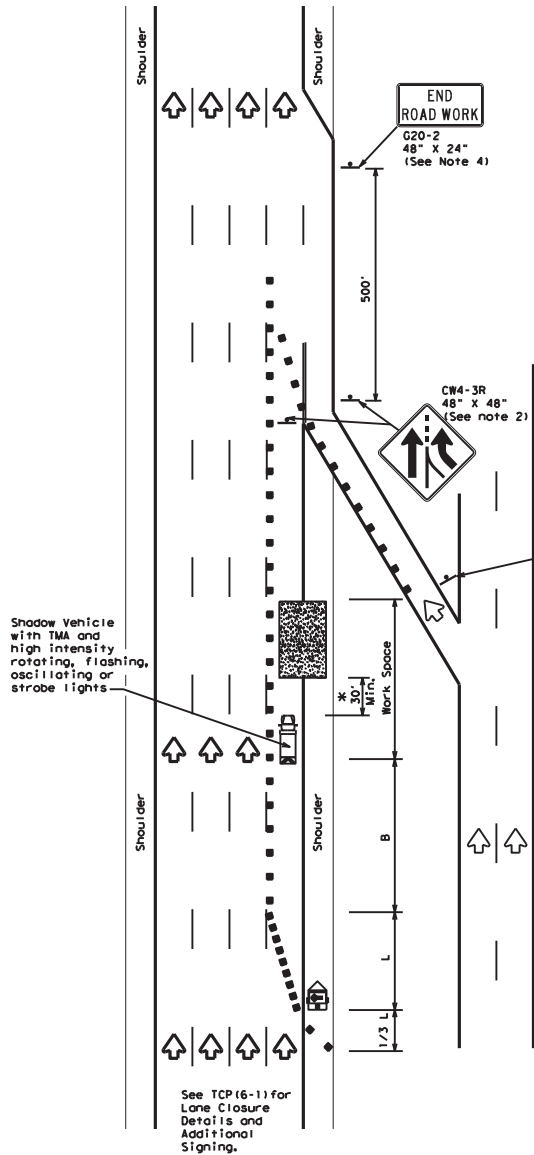
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES**

**TCP(6-1)-12**

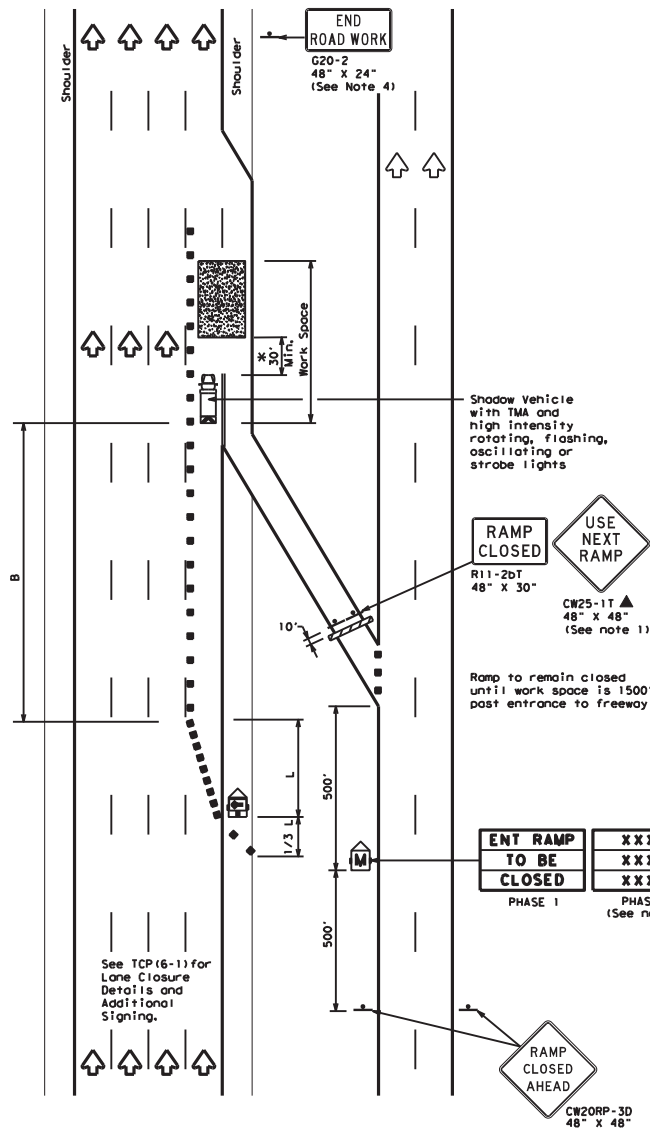
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REV	01	February	1998	6380	15	001	1H	35	ETC.
DIST	8-12	COUNTY	WEBB	ETC.					

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DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:31 PM  
 FILE: T:\LRD\STMT\TX 2021\MNT Contracts\Crack Seal\Lower Counties\CAD\Standard\B3\3030302021.dwg



**TCP (6-2a)**  
**ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN**  
**WORK WITHIN 500' OF RAMP**



**TCP (6-2b)**  
**ENTRANCE RAMP CLOSED**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

**GENERAL NOTES**

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- ADDED LANE SYMBOL (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign between ramp and mainline can be seen from both roadways.
- See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

XA shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation  
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

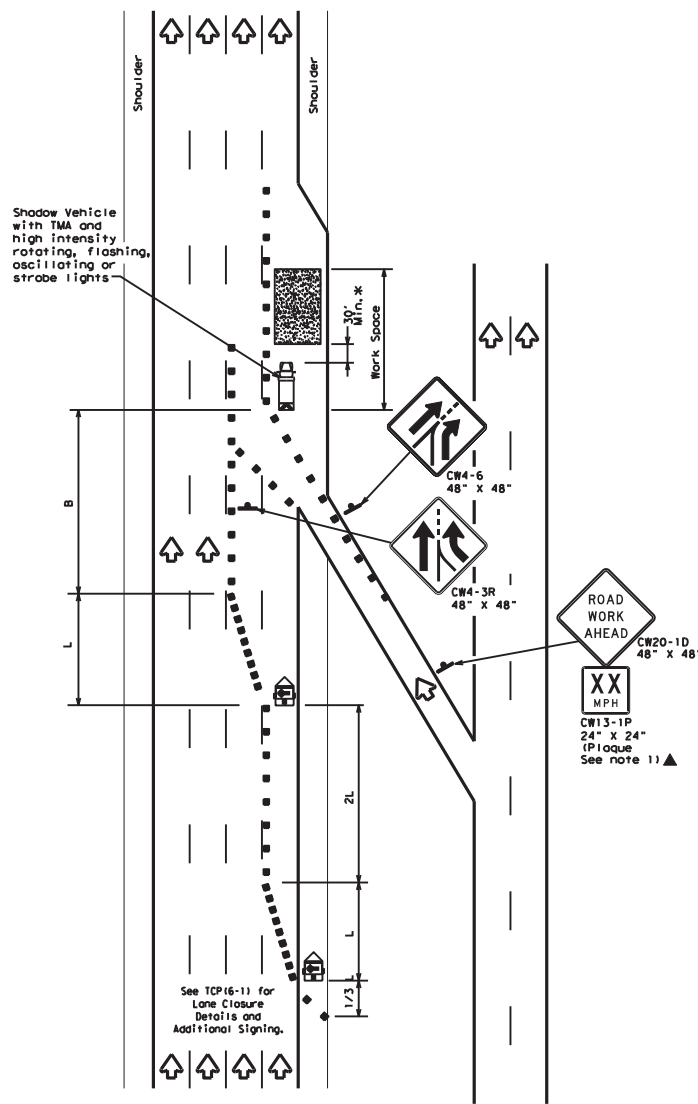
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN  
 WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP (6-2) - 12

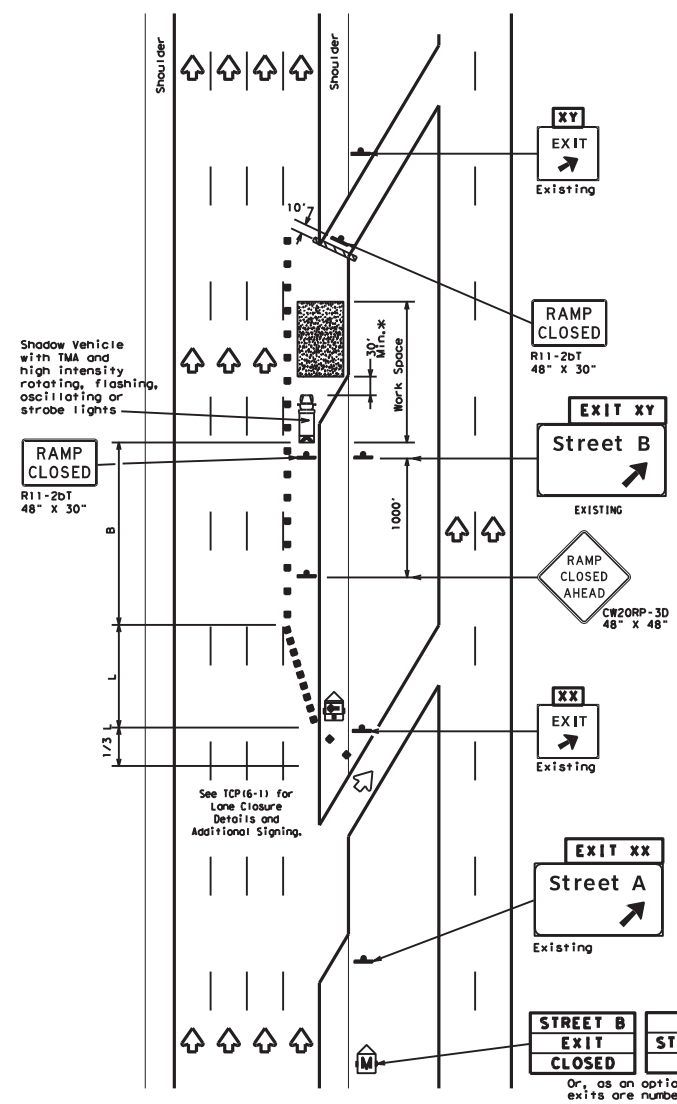
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REVISIONS	6380	15	001	1H 35, ETC.
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-12	22	WEBB, ETC		

DISCUSSION: This standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard into a contract or for any errors or omissions that may appear hereon or for damages resulting from its use.

DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:34 PM  
 FILE: T:\BIDDING\TXDOT\2021\MT Contracts\Crack Seal\Lower Counties\CAD\Standard\Traffic Control Plans\TCP (6-3)



**TCP (6-3a)**  
**ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN**



**TCP (6-3b)**  
**EXIT RAMP CLOSED**  
**TRAFFIC EXITS PRIOR TO CLOSED RAMP**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" - # %			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

**GENERAL NOTES:**  
 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stored elsewhere in the plans.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

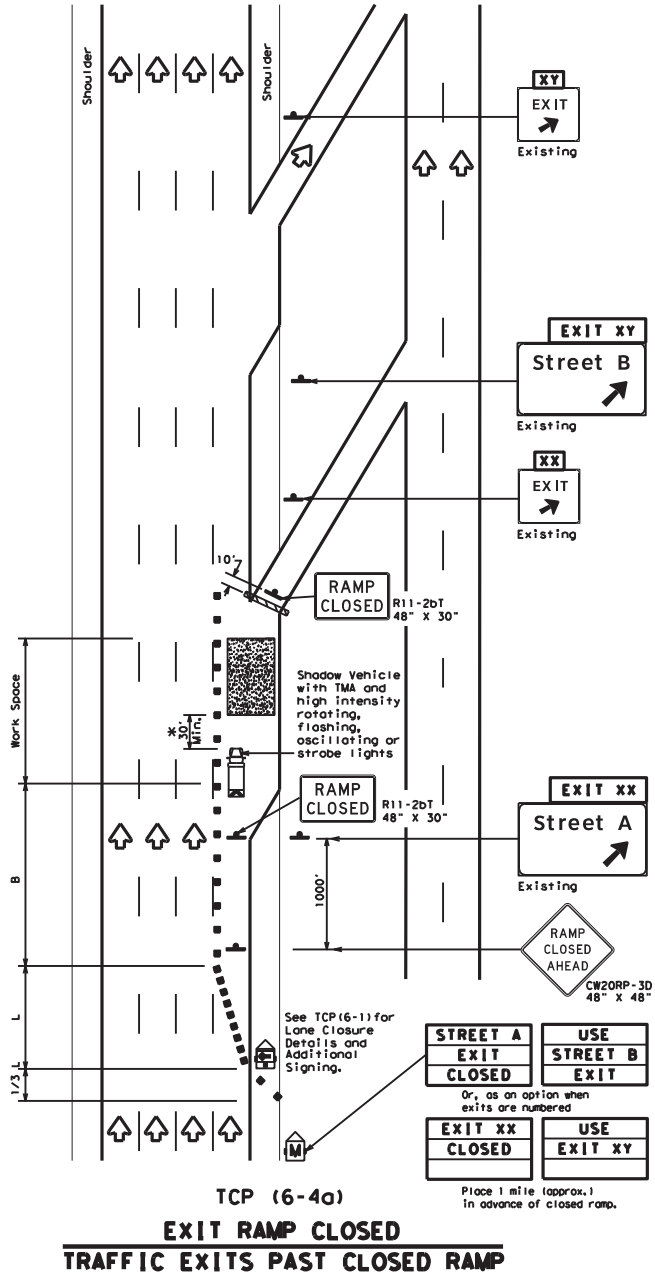


**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN**  
**WORK AREA BEYOND RAMP**

**TCP (6-3) - 12**

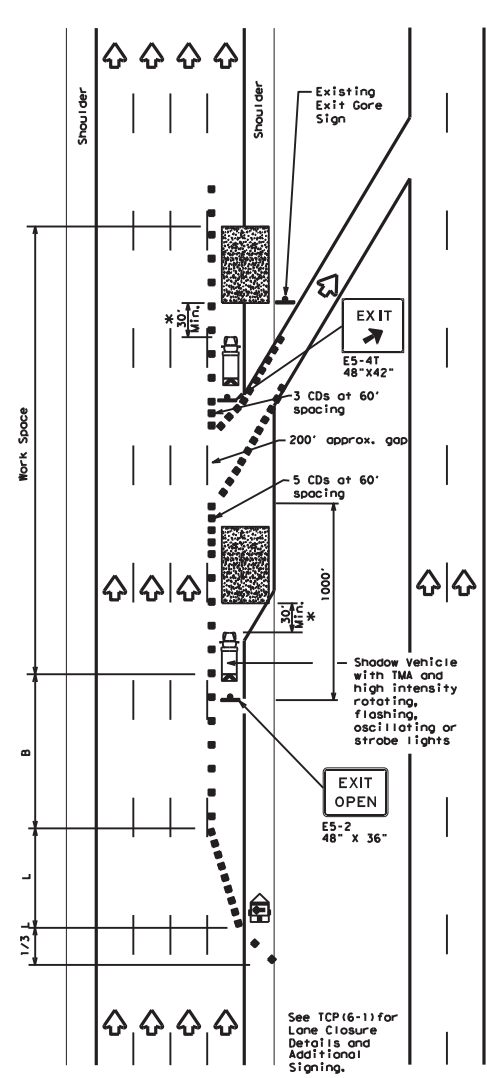
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REVISIONS	February 1994	CONT	6380	SECT	15	JOB	001
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			4-98		8-12	SHEET NO.	22
							WEBB, ETC

DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:37 PM  
 FILE: I:\LRD\STMT\MNT\2021\MNT\_Contracts\Crack\_Sea\Lower\_Counties\CAD\Standard\Bkgs\applied\eggs\eggs.dwg  
 DISCUSSION: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard into a computer file or for the use of this standard in any other manner.



**TCP (6-4a)**  
**EXIT RAMP CLOSED**  
**TRAFFIC EXITS PAST CLOSED RAMP**

Place 1 mile (approx.) in advance of closed ramp.



**TCP (6-4b)**  
**EXIT RAMP OPEN**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

\*\*Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

- GENERAL NOTES**
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
  - See BC Standards for sign details.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA should be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN**  
**WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP**

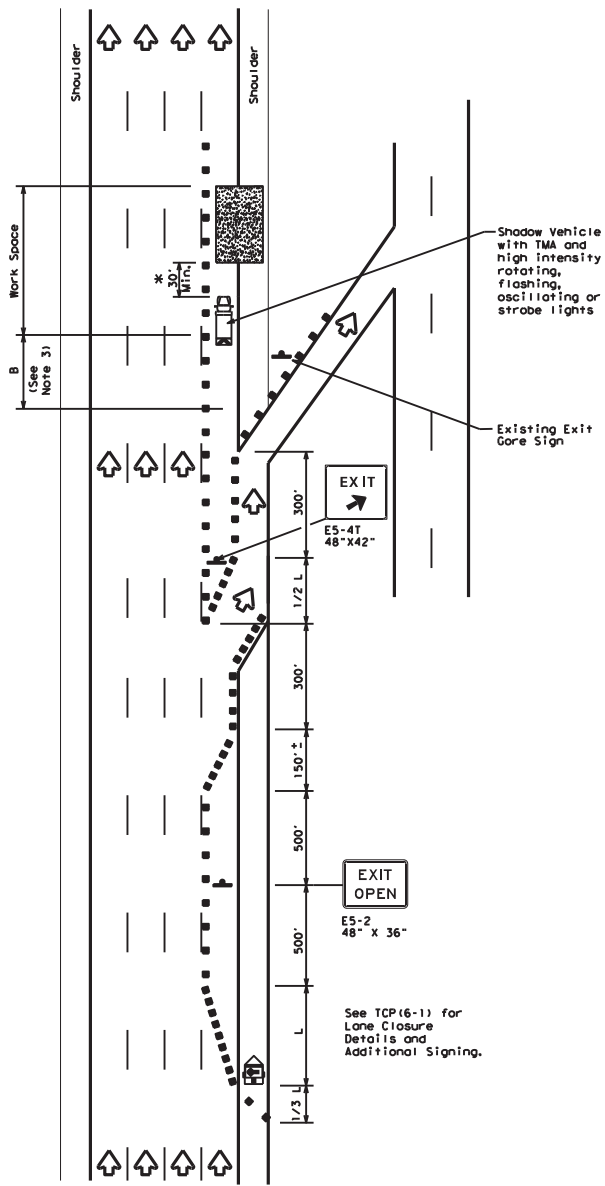
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	4-98	8-12							
			22	WEBB, ETC					

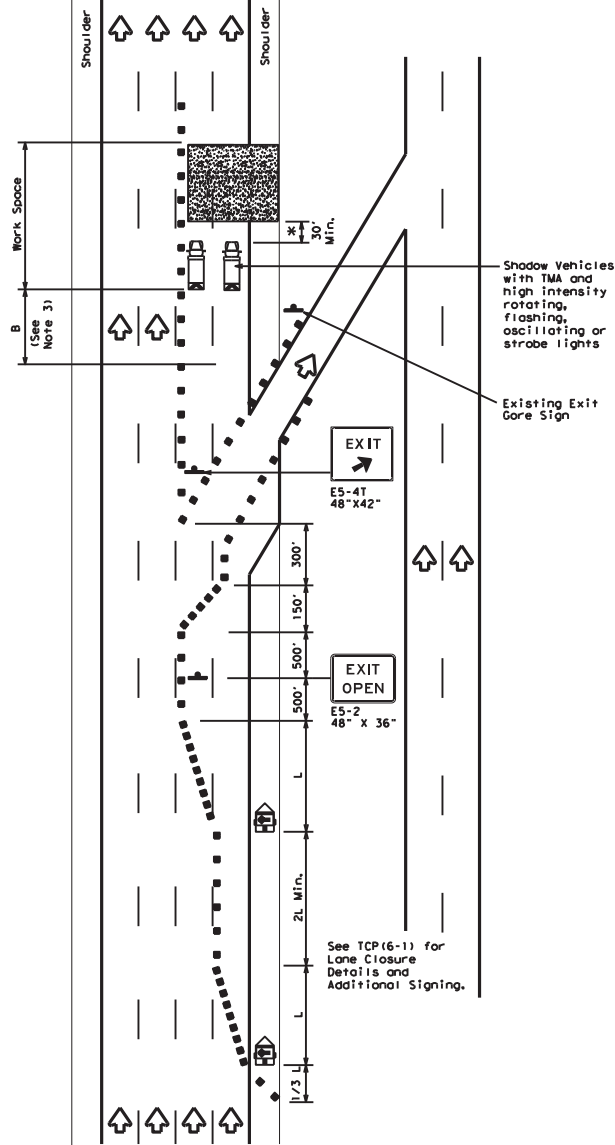


DISCUSS: THESE: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:39 PM  
 FILE: I:\LRD\STMT\TXV\_2021\MMT\_Contracts\Crack\_Sea\Lower\_Counties\CAD\Standards\Traffic\TCP(6-5).dgn



**TCP (6-5a)**  
**EXIT RAMP OPEN**



**TCP (6-5b)**  
**EXIT RAMP OPEN**  
**TWO LANE CLOSURE WITHIN**  
**1500' PAST EXIT RAMP**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
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50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

**GENERAL NOTES**

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- See BC standards for sign details.
- If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing the ramp.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



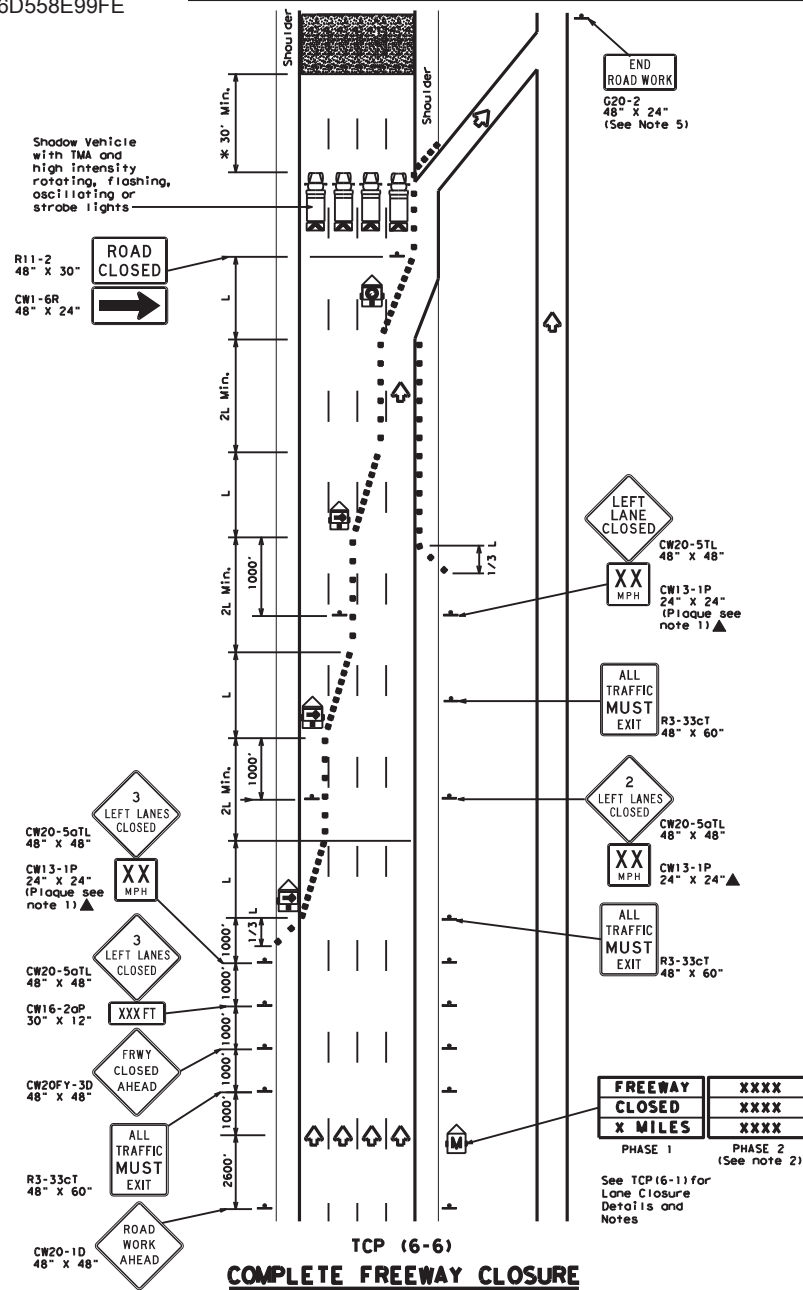
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN**  
**WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP**

**TCP (6-5) - 12**

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REV:	1-97	DATE:	8-98	REV:	4-98	DATE:	8-12	COUNTY:	22
								WEBB, ETC	

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DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:42 PM  
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LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Flashing Arrow Board in Closure Mode		Traffic Flow
	Sign		

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

#### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE RIGHT," recommended speed, delay, exit information, or other specific warnings.
- Where queuing is anticipated beyond signing shown, additional PCMS signs, other warning signs, devices or Law Enforcement Officers should be available to warn approaching high speed traffic of the end of the queue, as directed by the Engineer.
- Entrance ramps located from the advance warning area to the exit ramp should be closed whenever possible.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation  
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREeway CLOSURE

### TCP (6-6) - 12

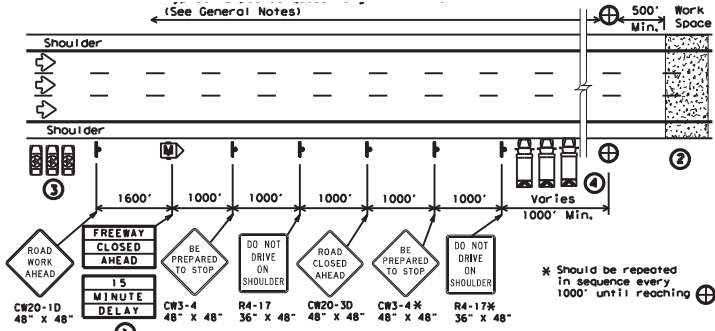
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REVISED	February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
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		DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		22	WEBB, ETC		

706



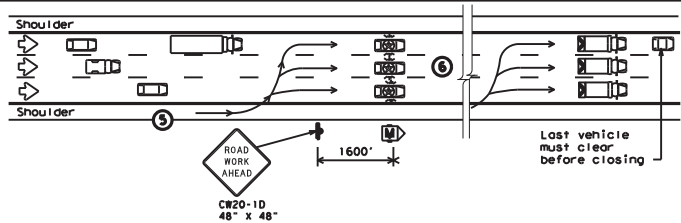
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DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:44 PM  
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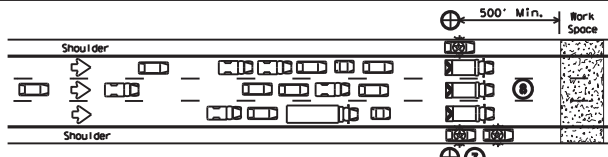
### 1 STARTING POSITION

- Traffic control devices should be installed or located near their intended position prior to beginning temporary roadway closure sequence. Duplicate signs should be erected on the median side of the roadway when median width permits. Warning signs should not be placed on the paved shoulders that will be used by the WARNING LEOV, or where movement of the LEOVs or barrier vehicles will be impeded.
- Prior to beginning the roadway closure sequence, all equipment, materials, personnel, and other items necessary to complete the work should be gathered near the work area. Entrance ramps located in the area where a queue is expected to build should be closed.
- There should be one LEOV for every lane to be controlled, plus a minimum of one to warn traffic approaching a queue. An additional lead law enforcement officer is desirable to remain with the Engineer's or Contractor's point of contact (POC) during the operation in order to improve communication with all LEOVs involved.
- One barrier vehicle with a Truck Mounted Attenuator and amber or blue and amber high intensity flashing/oscillating/strobe lighting shall be used for each lane to be closed.



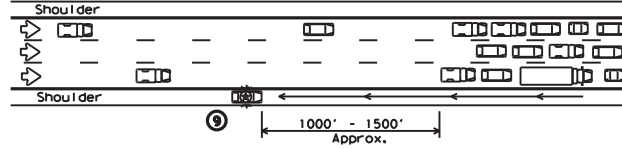
### 2 REDUCING SPEED OPERATION

- Starting position of the LEOVs should be in advance of the most distant warning signs.
- Once the LEOVs have achieved an abreast blocking formation while traveling toward the CP, emergency lights and headlights should be turned "ON". The LEOVs should maintain formation, not allow traffic to pass, and begin to decelerate. The LEOVs should continue to decelerate, giving the barrier vehicles opportunity to be stopped upstream of the work space after traffic has cleared. The LEOVs should then continue to decelerate slowly until bringing traffic to a stop near the barrier vehicles.



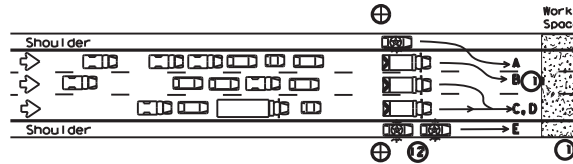
### 3 ALL TRAFFIC STOPPED AT CP

- Once traffic is stopped the LEOVs should park on the shoulders with emergency lighting "ON" in order to provide law enforcement presence at the closure and keep shoulders blocked ahead of the work space. They should stay in radio contact with the WARNING LEOV.
- The barrier vehicles should be parked, one in each lane, the parking brake set, with the high visibility flashing/oscillating/strobe lighting "ON," and the transmission in gear.



### 4 WARNING THE TRAFFIC QUEUE

- The WARNING LEOV should proceed to the right shoulder of the roadway, with emergency lights on approximately 1000' in advance of the traffic queue (stopped traffic) as the queue develops. When determined that limited sight distance situations (crest of hills, sharp roadway curvature, etc.) may occur to motorists approaching the queue, the WARNING LEOV may proceed 1/4 mile or more in advance of the queue.



### 5 RELEASING STOPPED TRAFFIC

- All equipment, materials, personnel, and other items should be removed from the roadway and maintain an adequate clear zone.
- When the roadway is clear for traffic, the LEOV should proceed forward from the left shoulder followed by the barrier vehicles, from left to right, as shown alphabetically in the plan view.
- The LEOV or LEOVs on the right shoulder may remain on the shoulder until satisfied that traffic is moving satisfactorily before merging or proceeding.
- LEOVs and barrier vehicles should re-group at their respective starting positions if necessary.

LEGEND			
■	Channelizing Devices	⊕	Control Position (CP)
Ⓜ	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)	Ⓜ	Barrier Vehicle with Truck Mounted Attenuator
Ⓜ	Law Enforcement Officer's Vehicle (LEOV)	↔	Traffic Flow

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓			

### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices shall conform with the latest edition of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD). Additional guidelines for traffic control devices may be found in the TMUTCD. Signs conflicting with the roadway closure sequence should be completely removed or covered. Additional traffic control devices may be required for closure of access roads, cross streets, exit and entrance ramps as directed by the Engineer.
- Law enforcement officers and all workers involved should review and understand all procedures before the roadway closure sequence begins. Pre-work meetings may be held for this purpose. Local emergency services and media should have advance notification of roadway closure, expected dates and approximate times of closures.
- Law enforcement officers shall be in uniform and have jurisdiction in the locale of the work area. An additional WARNING Law Enforcement Officer's Vehicle (LEOV) may be used on the median side of the roadway where median shoulder width permits (See sequence #9).
- The roadway closure should be during off-peak hours, as shown in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- Work should be limited to approximately 15 minutes maximum duration unless otherwise directed by the Engineer based on existing roadway conditions. If the work is not complete within 15 minutes, or if the end of the traffic queue extends past the most distant advance warning signs, the work area should be cleared of all equipment, materials, personnel, and other items, and the roadway reopened. When the queue has dissipated and the traffic flow appears normal the roadway closure sequence may be repeated.
- For traffic volumes greater than 1000 Passenger Cars Per Hour Per Lane (PCPHPL), or for roadway closures that exceed 15 minutes, see details elsewhere in the plan.
- If traffic queues beyond the advance warning signs during one road closure sequence, the advance warning should be extended prior to repeating the road closure sequence. When possible, PCMS signs should be located in advance of the last available exit prior to the closure to allow motorists the choice of an alternate route.

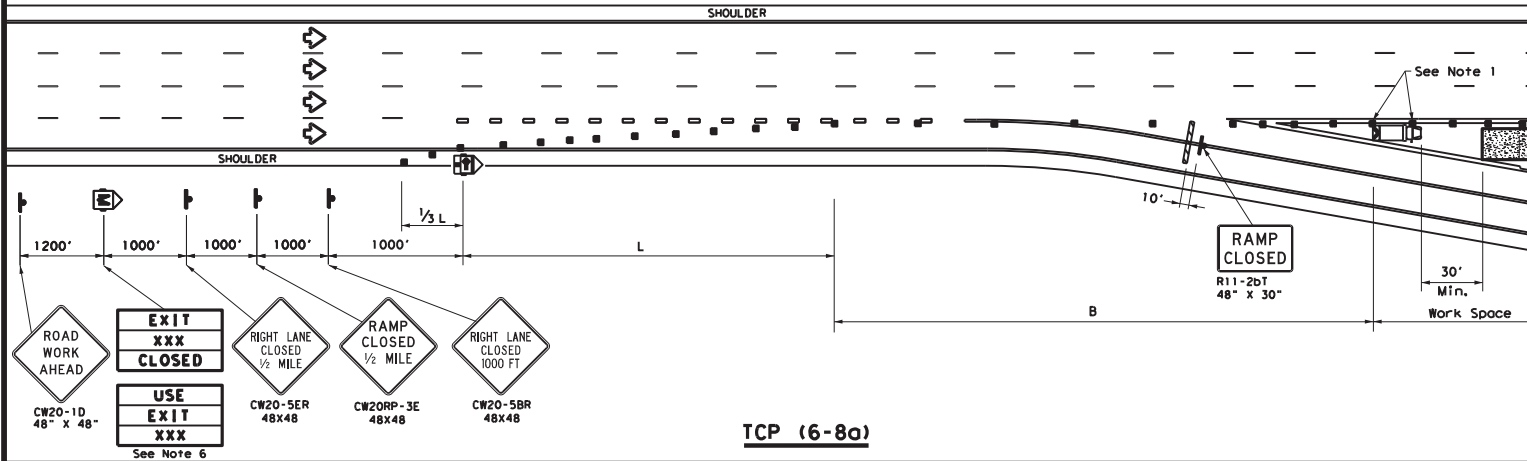
THIS PLAN IS INTENDED TO BE USED AT LOCATIONS/TIMES WHEN TRAFFIC VOLUMES ARE LESS THAN 1000 PASSENGER CARS PER HOUR PER LANE.

Texas Department of Transportation  
 Traffic Operations Division Standard  
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN**  
**SHORT DURATION FREEWAY**  
**CLOSURE SEQUENCE**  
**TCP (6-7) - 12**

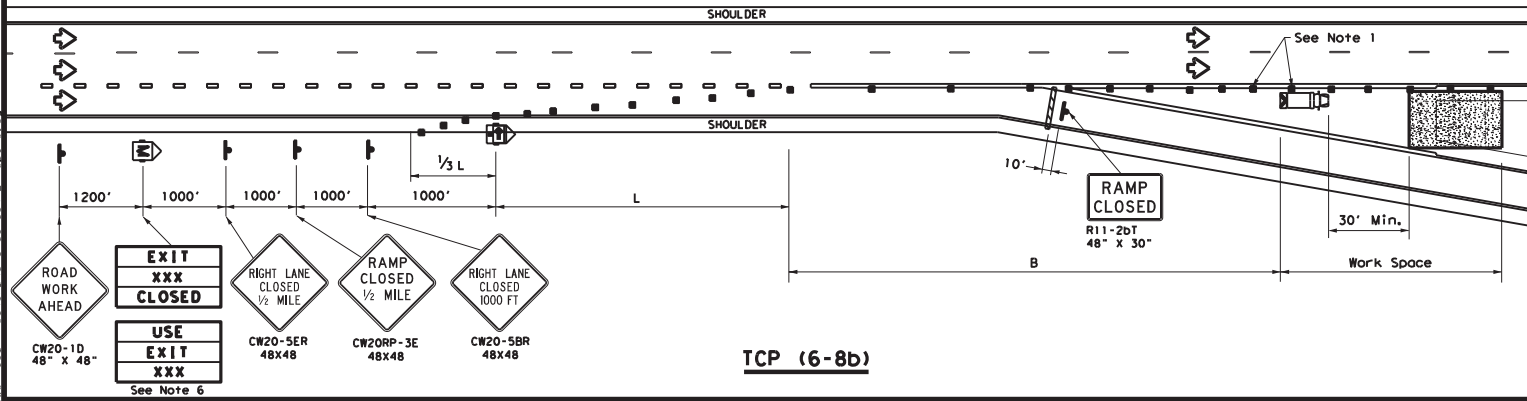
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REVISED	February 1998	CONT	15	JOB	001	1H	35	ETC.	
1-97	8-12	DIST	22	COUNTY	WEBB, ETC	SHEET NO.			

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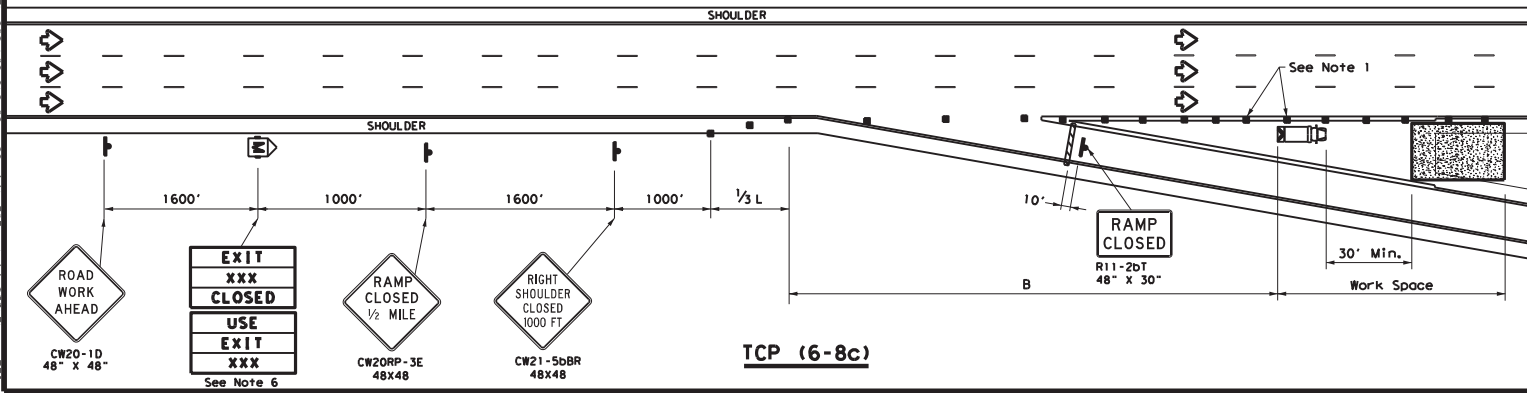
DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:51 PM  
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**TCP (6-8a)**



**TCP (6-8b)**



**TCP (6-8c)**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
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60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT)  
 S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE			
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	

**GENERAL NOTES**

- Place channelizing devices in the gore at 20' spacing.
- See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) for sign details.
- The PCMS may be omitted when a permanent DMS sign is available in an appropriate location to display a similar message as called for on the PCMS.
- When it is determined that a through lane should be closed in addition to the exit ramp, refer to TCP(6-4) for traffic control details.
- Truck mounted attenuator is required.
- The PCMS may be omitted if replaced with a "RAMP CLOSED" AHEAD (CW20RP-3D) Sign.
- Roadway ADT should be greater than 10,000.



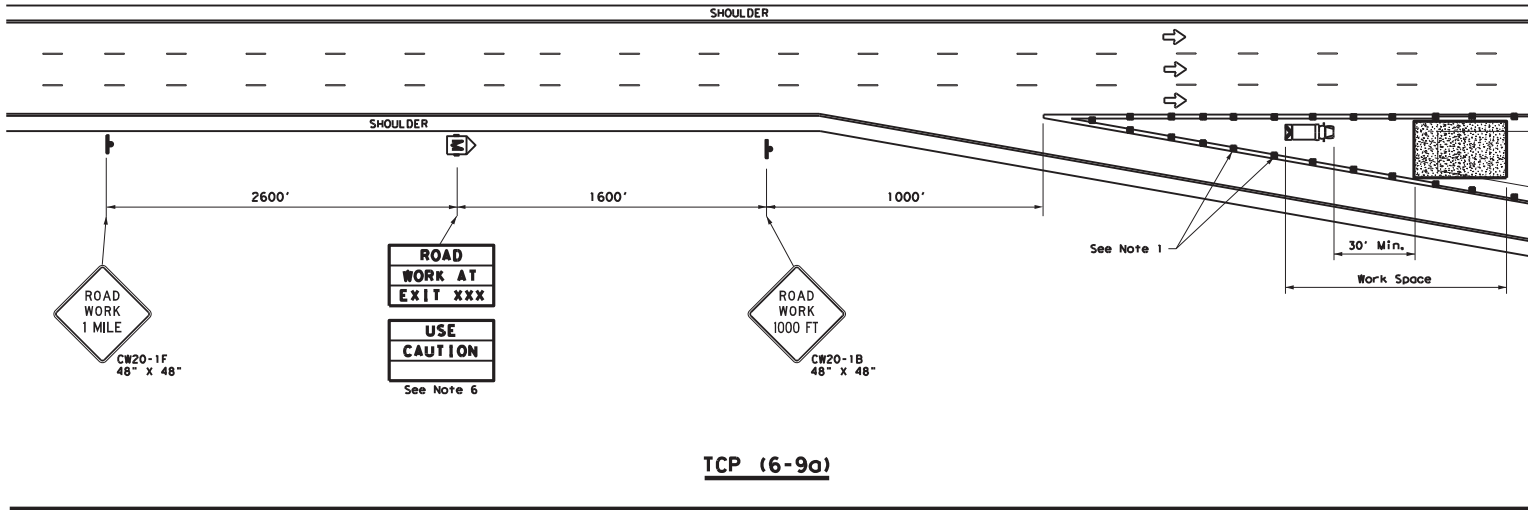
**WORK IN EXIT GORE FOR ADT GREATER THAN 10,000**

**TCP(6-8)-14**

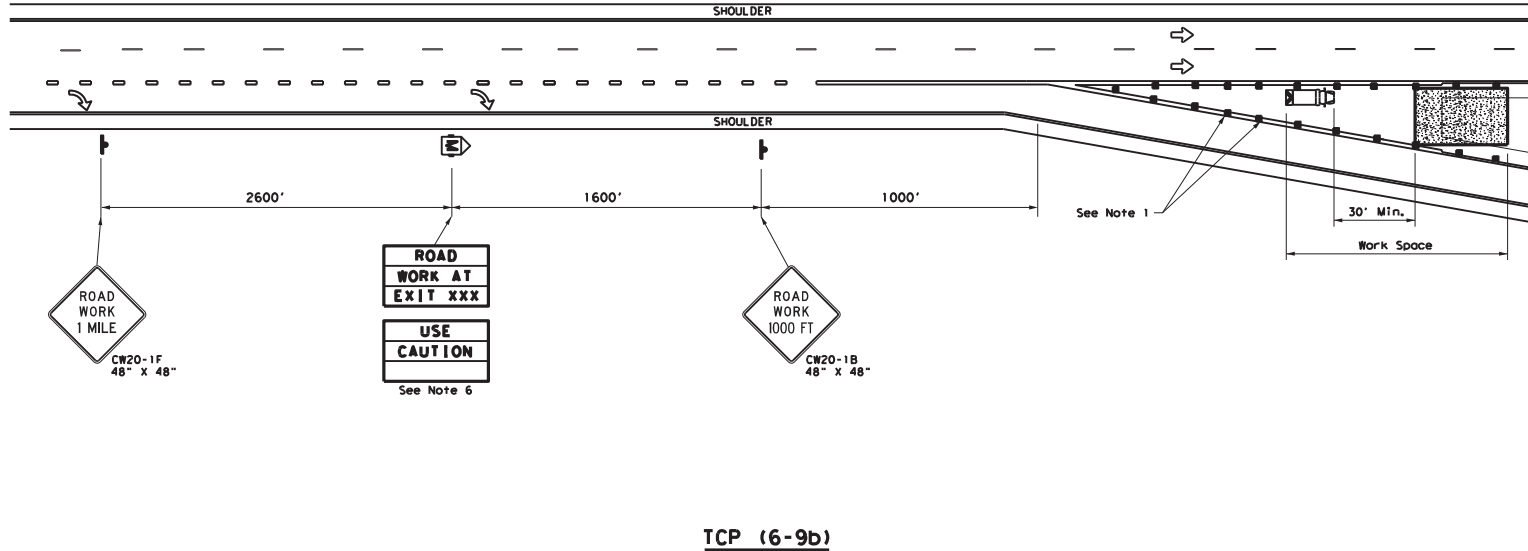
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REV: TxDOT February 2014	CONT: 6380	SECT: 15	JOB: 001	TH: 35, ETC.
DIST: 22	COUNTY: WEBB, ETC	SHEET NO.		

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 FILE: T:\LRD\STMT\TX 2021\MNT Contracts\Crack Seal\Lower Counties\CAD\Standard\Bk\egp\egp.dwg



**TCP (6-9a)**



**TCP (6-9b)**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" X W			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	12' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.  
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT)  
 S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Place channelizing devices in the gore at 20' spacing.
  - See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) for sign details.
  - The PCMS may be omitted when a permanent DMS sign is available in an appropriate location to display a similar message as called for on the PCMS.
  - When it is determined that a through lane should be closed in addition to the exit ramp, refer to TCP(6-4) and TCP(6-8) for traffic control details.
  - Truck mounted attenuators are required.
  - The PCMS may be omitted if replaced with a "ROAD WORK 1/2 MILE" (CW20-1E).
  - Roadway ADT should be less than 10,000.



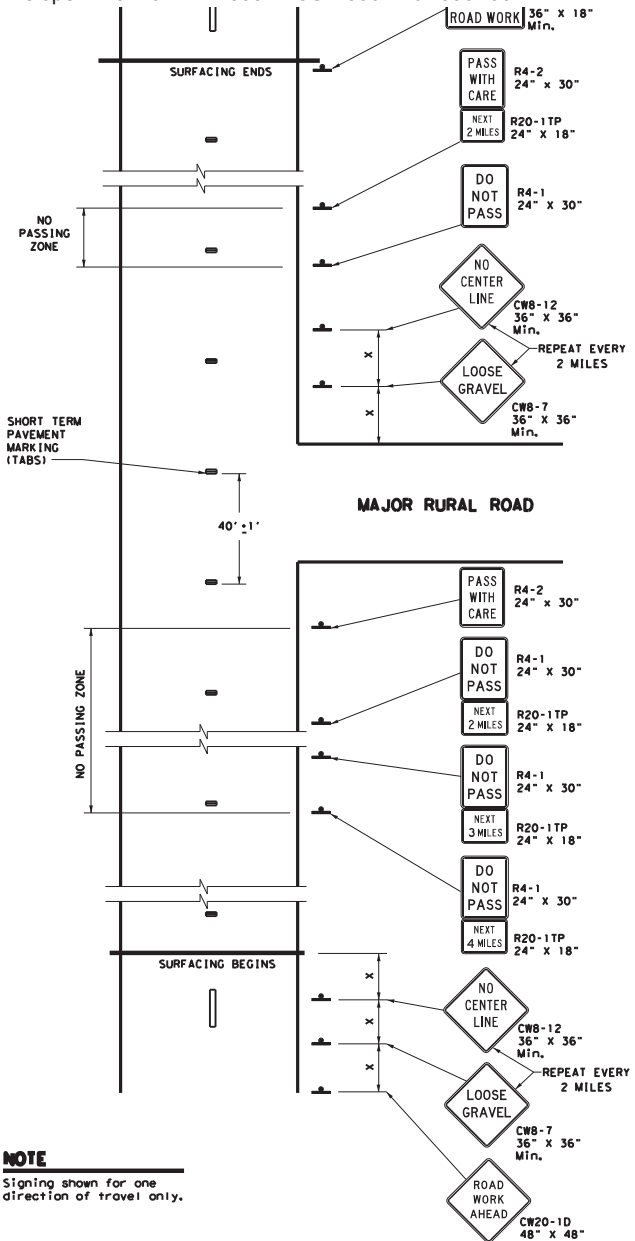
**WORK IN EXIT GORE FOR ADT LESS THAN 10,000**

**TCP(6-9)-14**

FILE: tcp6-9.dgn	OWN: TxDOT	CHK: TxDOT	DATE: TxDOT	CHK: TxDOT
REVISIONS	6380	15	001	1H 35, ETC.
	22		WEBB, ETC	

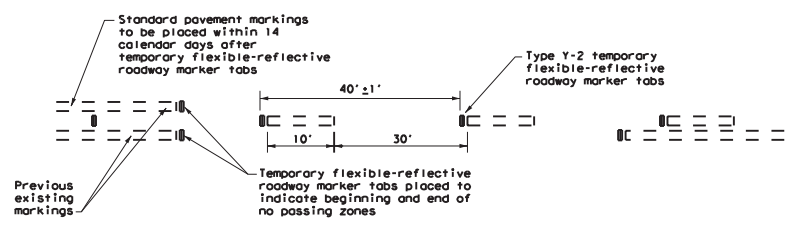
DISCOUNTS: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard into a contract. The user of this standard is advised to consult with legal counsel regarding its use.

DATE: 4/29/2021 3:27:56 PM  
 FILE: T:\LRD\STMT\FY\_2021\MTM Contracts\Crack Seal\Lower Counties\CAD\Standard\Signs\Traffic\TTC-71-13.dgn



**NOTE**  
 Signing shown for one direction of travel only.

**NO PASSING ZONES ON TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS**



**TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS**  
 For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

**"DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES**

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement markings.
- At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one day operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

**"NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)**

- Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markings.
- At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings (low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

**"LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)**

- When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

**PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

- Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the W2 (STPM) standard sheet.

**COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS**

- The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T) sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed #	Minimum Sign Spacing "x" Distance
30	120'
35	160'
40	240'
45	320'
50	400'
55	500'
60	600'
65	700'
70	800'
75	900'

# Conventional Roads Only

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
			✓	✓

**GENERAL NOTES**

- The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.



**TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SURFACING OPERATIONS**

**TCP (7-1) - 13**

FILE#	tcp7-1.dgn	OWN TxDOT	CHK TxDOT	OWN TxDOT	CHK TxDOT
REV#	01	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	02	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	03	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	04	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	05	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	06	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	07	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	08	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	09	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	10	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	11	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	12	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	13	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	14	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	15	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	16	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	17	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	18	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	19	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	20	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	21	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS
REV#	22	DATE	3/20/19	BY	WHS

TTC