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STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1) - 14 THRU BC (12) - 14 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

STATE PROJECT NO.				
	RMC 6379-54-001			
CONT	SECT	J08		HIGHWAY
6379	54 001		SH	174,ETC
DIST	COUNTY SHE		SHEET NO.	
02	JOHNSON			1

PLANS OF PROPOSED
HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT
CALLOUT REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS
RMC 6379-54-001

VARIOUS ROADWAYS IN JOHNSON COUNTY

FINAL PLANS

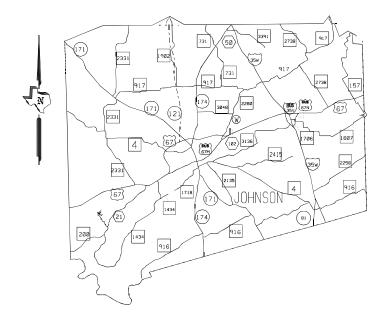
LETTING DATE:

DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:

DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:

FINAL CONTRACT COST: *

CONTRACTOR:



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT

EXCEPTIONS: EQUATIONS: RAILROAD CROSSINGS:

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Texas Department of Transportation
4/28/2021

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

Docustiqued by:

Janet Crawford

AREW ENGINEER

4/28/2021

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

Matthew L. Evans, P.E.

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 4/28/2021

Coul L. Johnson, PC DISTRICT ENGINEER DocuSign Envelope ID: 7255808A-0F22-4C58-9844-55617F9F400A

GENERAL SHEET NO.

2

DESCRIPTION TITLE SHEET

INDEX SHEET GENERAL NOTES ESTIMATE AND QUANTITIES PROJECT LIMITS

PROJECT LOCATION MAP

STRIPING DETAILS

SHEET NO.

13

DESCRIPTION	
PM(1)-20* PM(2)-20* PM(3)-20*	
PM(4) - 20* FPM(1) - 12*	
FPM(2)-12*	

FPM(3)-12* FPM(4)-12* RCD(1)-16*

RCD(2)-16*

TCP STANDARDS

TCP STANDARDS (CONT.)

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION	SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
17	TOD/1 1) 10::	26	TCP (3-1) -13+
18	TCP(1-1)-18* TCP(1-2)-18*	27	TCP (3-2) -13+
19	TCP (1-3) -18*	28	TCP (3-3) -14
20	TCP(1-4)-18*	29	TCP (6-1)-12
21	TCP(1-5)-18*	30	TCP (6-2)-12
22	TCP(2-2)-18*	31	TCP (6-3) -12
23	TCP(2-3)-18*	32	TCP (6-4) -12
24	TCP(2-4)-18*		
25	TCP(2-6)-18*		

BC STANDARDS

WORK ZONE STANDARDS

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
33	BC(1)-14*
34	BC(2)-14*
35	BC(3)-14*
36	BC (4) -14*
37	BC(5)-14*
38	BC(6)-14*
39	BC(7)-14*
40	BC(8)-14*
41	BC (9) -14*
42	BC(10)-14*
43	BC(11)-14*
44	BC(12)-14*

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION	
-	W7 (DC) 16*	

45



*THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

4/28/2021 DATE



INDEX SHEET

	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.
	6	RMC 6	379-54-001	
REVISIONS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	2
	TEXAS	02	JOHNSON	
	CONTROL	SECT10N	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
	6379	54	001	SH174,ETC

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Project Number: RMC 6379-54-001 Sheet 3A

County: JOHNSON Control: 6379-54-001

Highway: SH174, ETC.

GENERAL NOTES:

Special Notes:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Area Engineer: Janet Crawford

Asst. Area Engineer: Peter Ross

Peter.Ross@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Area Engineer or Assistant Area Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

General:

Plans are required for this project. Plans may be obtained from one of the plan companies listed in the "Special Notice to Contractors", or viewed at Texas Department of Transportation's (TxDOT's) Internet site at http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/plansonline/agreement.htm

Contract Prosecution: Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process and/or execute all contracts and work orders at the same time.

Furnish crew(s) and equipment capable of maintaining work in a continuous manner for the completion of the work listed on the work order.

Personnel will be experienced in items of work in the contract, which they will be performing. Safety vests and hard hats will be pre-approved and worn at all times when outside vehicles within the work area. Safety vests shall be Class III.

Project Description - This project consists of **Call Out Reflectorized Pavement Markings** on various sections of highway within Johnson County as shown in the contract and defined in these general notes and specifications. Coordinate all work through the Maintenance Office listed below or their representative:

Project Number: RMC 6379-54-001 Sheet 3B

County: JOHNSON Control: 6379-54-001

Highway: SH174, ETC.

Johnson
Maintenance Supervisor
2200 FM 2280
Cleburne, TX 76033
817-202-2900

Item 4.4. Changes In The Work. This contract may be extended in accordance with Special Provision 004---001.

Item 5.5. Cooperation of Contractor. Designate superintendent in accordance with second paragraph of Article 5.5. Cooperation of Contractor in the Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets, and Bridges.

Item 5.12.3. Multiple Work Orders. This contract will have <u>multiple and concurrent work orders</u>. No more than two (2) work orders will be issued to be performed at the same time. Work orders will include the location of the work, quantity of work, the number of working days allowed to complete the work order, and the date when the time charges for the work order will begin.

Item 7.2.4. Public Safety and Convenience. Personal vehicles will not be parked within the right-of-way at any time, including any section closed to the traveling public.

Operations will be curtailed or halted during special events that may result in delays or congestion to the traveling public.

No work that restricts or interferes with traffic shall be allowed from 3:00 pm on the day preceding the Holiday or Event to 9:00 am on the day after the Holiday or Event. The following Holiday/Event lane closure restriction requirements apply to this project:

Holiday Lane Closure Restrictions		
New Year's Eve and New Year's Day	3 PM December 30 through 9 AM January 2	
(December 31 through January 1)		
Easter Holiday Weekend (Friday through	3PM Thursday through 9 AM Monday	
Sunday)		
Memorial Day Weekend (Friday through	3 PM Thursday through 9 AM Tuesday	
Monday)		
Independence Day (July 3 through July 5)	3 PM July 2 through 9 AM July 6	
Labor Day Weekend (Friday through Monday)	3 PM Thursday through 9 AM Tuesday	
Thanksgiving Holiday (Wednesday through	3 PM Tuesday through 9 AM Monday	
Sunday)		

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Project Number: RMC 6379-54-001 Sheet 3C

County: JOHNSON Control: 6379-54-001

Highway: SH174, ETC.

Christmas Holiday (December 23 through	3 PM December 22 through 9 AM December 27
December 26)	

No lane closures within approximately 1 mile proximity (based on potential impact) of major retail traffic generators (i.e. malls) (Thanksgiving Day through January 2). This includes the events listed below:

Johnson County		
Antique Alley		
Held 3 rd Friday, Saturday,		
Sunday in April & September		

The above list of events is not all inclusive and should be added to or adjusted as needed. When deemed necessary, the Engineer will modify the list of major events when new events develop, existing events are rescheduled, or when warranted.

Modifications to Lane Closure / Work Restrictions:

Submit a request in writing for approval by the Engineer a minimum of 10 days in advance of implementing a change to lane closure restrictions.

When deemed necessary, the Engineer will lengthen, shorten, or otherwise modify lane closure restrictions as traffic conditions warrant.

Item 8.1. Prosecution of Work. Notification of work will be executed by work order. Notifiy section supervisor twenty-four (24) hours in advance of the date and time the Contractor plans to commence work. Upon issuance of initial work order all work orders thereafter shall begin operations within seventy-two (72) hours after verbal and/or written notification.

Item 8.3. Computation of Contract Time for Completion. Workings days will be charged in accordance with section 8.3.1.5. Calendar Day.

Item 8.3.2 Restricted Work Hours. Defines working days for this contract. Perform work according to the schedule below, unless otherwise approved.

Daytime Work	Nighttime Work
9:00 am - 4:00 pm	8:00 pm - 5:00 am
Monday – Friday	Sunday – Thursday
Saturday (Optional)	

Project Number: RMC 6379-54-001 Sheet 3D

County: JOHNSON Control: 6379-54-001

Highway: SH174, ETC.

Provide a 48 hour advance notice for work on Saturday. Work on national holidays and daytime work on Sundays will not be permitted without written authorization.

Working day charges for nighttime work will be charged against the night in which work begins.

Item 8.6. Failure to Complete Work on Time. The response time specified in the contract is an essential element. Liquidated damages will be accessed when the Contractor fails to begin work within the specified response times for any Item(s). The dollar amount specified in this contract will be deducted from any money due or to become due for any Items(s) and will continue to be deducted for each day until work begins. This amount will be assessed not as penalty, but as liquidated damages. Failure to complete a project in the working days specified in the work order, time charges will continue for each working day until work is completed for that work order. The amount assessed for liquidated damages will be based on the total value of the original contract, in accordance with Special Provision 000-658, not the estimated amount on individual work orders.

Item 9.2. Plans Quantity Measurement. This contract is for callout work and work orders, plans quantity measurement requirement are not applicable.

Item 9.6. Payment for Material on Hand (MOH). This contract is callout work. Payment for MOH will only be made for materials by written approval of the Engineer.

Item 500. Mobilization: Paid by each work order issued.

Item 502. Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling Provide equipment such as trucks, trailers, autos, etc., with highly visible omni-directional warning flashing lights. These lights will be used within the work zone at all times. Provide forward facing arrow panel on lead vehicles when working in a continuous turn lanes. The Engineer will approve all equipment and vehicles prior to use.

All traffic control is subsidiary to the various bid items in accordance with Section 502.4.1.6, with the exception of Special Specification 6185, Contracts with Callout Work and Work Orders in the Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges.

Mount signs on their own stands. Attach two (2) brightly colored safety flags to each sign. Do not hang or lean signs on or against any other sign post or delineator post. Erect signs in such a manner that they will not obstruct the traveling public's view of normal roadway signing or obstruct sight distance at intersections or curves.

Shadow vehicles equipped with Truck-Mounted Attenuators (TMA's) are required as shown on all Traffic Control Plan (TCP) Standards. Striping will be required on the back panel of truck mounted attenuators, and will be 8 inches of red and white stripes placed on an inverted "V" design. Sheeting will conform to departmental material Specification D-9-8300, Type "C".

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

Project Number: RMC 6379-54-001 Sheet 3E

County: JOHNSON Control: 6379-54-001

Highway: SH174, ETC.

Provide signing and traffic control in compliance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD), latest edition, and the appropriate traffic control method as outlined in the TMUTCD, and elsewhere in the plans.

Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) shown on the Traffic Control Plan sheets (TCP's) as "optional" will be required on this contract.

Lane closures will be required on roadways as indicated in the plans and will be a maximum of two (2) miles from beginning of taper to end of closure. Lane closures will also be required on roadways allowing mobile operations in areas with inadequate field of view as determined by the Engineer.

Provide a Department Approved Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) behind all equipment overhanging roadway travel lanes. Trailer all slow moving vehicles (designed to operate 25mph or less) crossing freeway main lanes.

Dedicated personnel must be on duty to maintain barricades.

Equipment and materials will not be left within thirty feet (30') of the travel lane during non-working hours.

If off-duty uniformed officers are to be used during daytime hours, obtain prior approval from the Engineer. Nighttime closures will require off-duty uniformed police officer(s) in marked police vehicle(s) with jurisdiction and full police power in the city or county where the work is being performed. Determine and agree upon the number of officers in advance of the work. Off-duty officers will be paid for through force account. Fill out Form 318 "Daily Report on Law Enforcement" to check against invoice for officers.

Provide Multi-Directional Lighting Device (MDLD) for nighttime work with the following quality requirements:

- Provide a 2000 watt (minimum) SIROCCO lighting balloon, Airstar lighting or equivalent
- It is the intent of the MDLD lighting to supplement the Portable Road Light and Power Unit used to illuminate work areas during night work hours.
- Provide MDLD units which can self-inflate and are capable of illuminating approximately 15,000 sq. ft.
- Provide MDLD units of 1.1 meter horizontal diameter and capable of withstanding 60 mph winds when fully inflated and operating.

Provide MDLD units with two (2) 1,000 watt halogen bulbs recommended by the manufacturer.

Item 666. Reflectorized Pavement Markers. Minimum production rates will be as follows:

Project Number: RMC 6379-54-001 Sheet 3F

County: JOHNSON Control: 6379-54-001

Highway: SH174, ETC.

25 – Arrows/Words, or 1250 LF – 12" or 24" White/Yellow Solid 10.000 LF – 4", 6" or 8" White/Yellow

No minimum call out quantity for handwork.

Minimum call-out for long line per work order will be 10,000 linear feet.

Situations may require to be called out for less than the minimum in the maintenance section. If the section has less than the minimum call out, the specified minimum will be paid.

When required, an acrylic sealant will be used as a sealer for all Type I markings.

TxDOT is responsible for center dotting. If Contractor elects to do additional layout work, this will be considered subsidiary to striping operations and additional time will not be granted. Removal of temporary pavement marking tape will be considered subsidiary to the striping operations.

Handwork which requires less than 15 minutes at one (1) location will be treated as a mobile operation, otherwise complete lane closure will be required.

Item 672. Raised Pavement Markers. No minimum call out quantity for this item.

Furnish RPMs free of rust, scale, dirt, oil, grease, moisture, and contaminants that might adversely affect the adhesive bond.

The required production rate is 500 each per day. If elimination is needed, those quantities will not be added to the daily production rate nor will any additional days be added.

Elimination may be required but will not be paid for directly and is considered subsidiary to these items, this includes removal of temporary pavement marking tabs and/or tape.

Bituminous adhesive will not be allowed on concrete pavement.

Item 677. Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers. Perform elimination in accordance with Item 677.4.4 Mechanical Method.

The amount of long line striping elimination required per normal working day will be 1,000 linear feet.

Item 6001. Portable Changeable Message Sign. Provide electronic portable changeable message sign unit(s) as directed.

Project Number: RMC 6379-54-001 Sheet 3G

County: JOHNSON Control: 6379-54-001

Highway: SH174, ETC.

If more than one (1) crew works on the same day, but in different locations, each crew will use portable changeable message signs and arrow panels.

Each sign will have the following eighteen (18) messages programmed in its permanent memory:

- 1. Ramp Closed Ahead
- 2. Use Other Routes
- 3. Right Lane Closed
- 4. Left Lane Closed
- 5. Closed Ahead
- 6. Two Lane
- 7. Detour Ahead
- 8. Thru Traffic
- 9. Be Prepared To Stop
- 10. Merging Traffic
- 11. Expect 15 Minute Delay
- 12. Max Speed **MPH
- 13. Merge Right
- 14. Merge Left
- 15. No Exit Next ** Miles
- 16. Various Lanes Closed
- 17. Two Left Lanes Closed
- 18. Two right Lanes Closed

Item 6185. Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA). The total number of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) required when utilizing the traffic control standards are shown in the tables below.

TCP 1 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(1-1)-18		1
(1-2)-18		1
(1-3)-18	A	1
(1-3)-18	В	2
(1-4)-18		1
(1-5)-18		1

Project Number: RMC 6379-54-001 Sheet 3H

County: JOHNSON Control: 6379-54-001

Highway: SH174, ETC.

TCP 2 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(2-2)-18	All	1
(2.2) 10	A	1
(2-3)-18	В	2
(2-4)-18	All	1
(2-6)-18	All	1

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General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H

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Project Number: RMC 6379-54-001 Sheet 3I

County: JOHNSON Control: 6379-54-001

Highway: SH174, ETC.

TCP 6 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(6.1) 12	A	1
(6-1)-12	В	2
(6-2)-12	All	1
(6-3)-12	All	1
(6.4) 12	A	1
(6-4)-12	В	2

Shadow vehicles equipped for truck mounted attenuators (TMA) for mobile and stationary operations must be available for use at any time as determined by the Engineer.

The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA needed for the project for those times per plan requirements. Additional TMAs used that are not specified in the plans in which the Contractor expects compensation will require prior approval from the Engineer

							ESTIMATE	SUMMAF	RY								
								PROJECT RMC 6379540 CONTROL 6379-54-001 SH 174, ETC ALL BID ITEMS		A		ITEM CODE DESC		DESCRIPTION	U N I	TOTAL	
EST.	F I NAL	EST.	F I NAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	F I NAL			CODE			' -	EST.	FINA
											500	6033	110	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	12,00	
														REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	3,000.000	
										-				REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	2,000.000	
														REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(090MIL)	EA	150.000	
														REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(DBL ARROW)(090MIL)	EA	16.000	
														REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(090MIL)	EA	150,000	
														REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(RR XING)(090MIL)	EA	6.000	
														PAVEMENT SEALER 4"	LF	750.000	
														PAVEMENT SEALER 8"	LF		
														RE PM TY I(W)4"(BRK)(090MIL)(CALLOUT)	LF	750,000 50,000,000	
														RE PM TY I(W)4" (BRX)(090MIL)(CALLOUT)	LF	250,000.000	
															LF		
														RE PM TY I(W)8"(SLD)(090MIL)(CALLOUT)		23,500,000	
														RE PM TY I(Y)4"(BRK)(090MIL)(CALLOUT)	LF	10,000,000	
										_	666			RE PM TY I(Y)4"(SLD)(090MIL)(CALLOUT)	LF	250,000,000	
							1			-				RE PM TY I(Y)8"(SLD)(090MIL)(CALLOUT)	LF	2,500.000	
												6007		REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	450.000	
												6009		REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	3,000,000	
												6010		REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C_R	EA	3,000.000	
												6001		ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	1,000.000	
										_		6003		ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")	LF	1,000.000	
										_	_	6001		PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	6,000	
												6001		TRANSVERSE OR IN-LANE RUMBLE STRIPS	LF	1,000.000	
										1	6185	6005		TMA MOBILE OPERATION	DAY	100.000	
										Ш							
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										\vdash	-	-					
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															2 J	OHNSON RMC 6379-54-	

Call Out Reflectorized Pavement Markings & Markers

	500	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666
Location	6033	6262-007	6265-007	6267-007	6269-007	6273-007	6271-007	6254-007	6255-007	6259-007	6275-007	6276-007	6277-007
	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD) (090MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD) (090MIL)	TYI	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W) (DBL ARROW) (090MIL)	TYI	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(RR XING) (090MIL)	RE PM TY I(W)4"(BRK) (090MIL) (CALLOUT)	RE PM TY I(W)4"(SLD) (090MIL) (CALLOUT)	RE PM TY I (W)8"(SLD) (090MIL) (CALLOUT)	RE PM TY I (Y)4"(BRK) (090MIL) (CALLOUT)	RE PM TY I (Y) 4"(SLD) (090MIL) (CALLOUT)	RE PM TY I (Y)8"(SLD) (090MIL) (CALLOUT)
	EA	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF
JOHNSON COUNTY	12	3,000	2,000	150	16	150	6	50,000	250,000	23,500	10,000	250,000	2,500

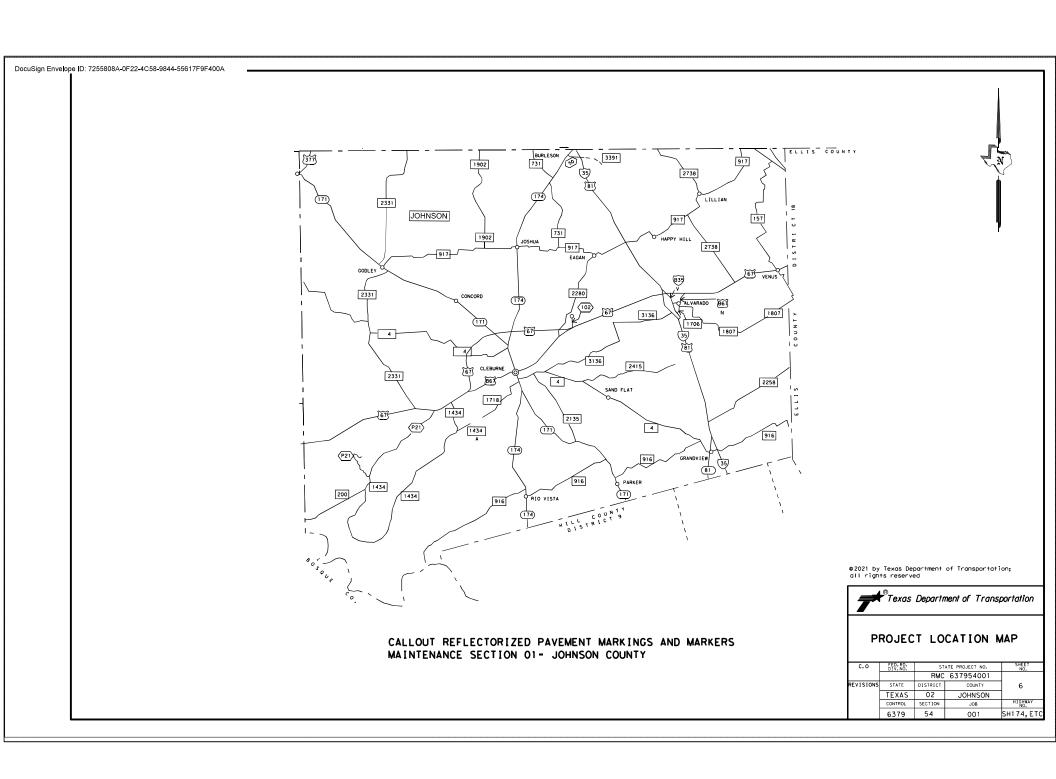
	666	666	672	672	672	672	677	6001	6065	6185
Location	6224-007	6226-007	6007	6009	6010	6001	2003	6001	6001	6005
	PAVEMENT	PAVEMENT	REFL PAV	REFL PAV	REFL PAV	ELIM EXT PAV	ELIM EXT PAV	PORTABLE	TRANSVERSE	TMA
	SEALER	SEALER	MRKR	MRKR	MRKR	MRK & MRKS	MRK & MRKS	CHANGEABLE	OR IN-LANE	MOBILE
	4"	8"	TY I-C	TY II-A-A	TY II-C-R	4"	8"	MESSAGE	RUMBLE	OPERATION
								SIGN	STRIPS	
	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	EA	LF	DAY
JOHNSON COUNTY	750	750	450	3,000	3,000	1,000	1,000	6	1,000	100

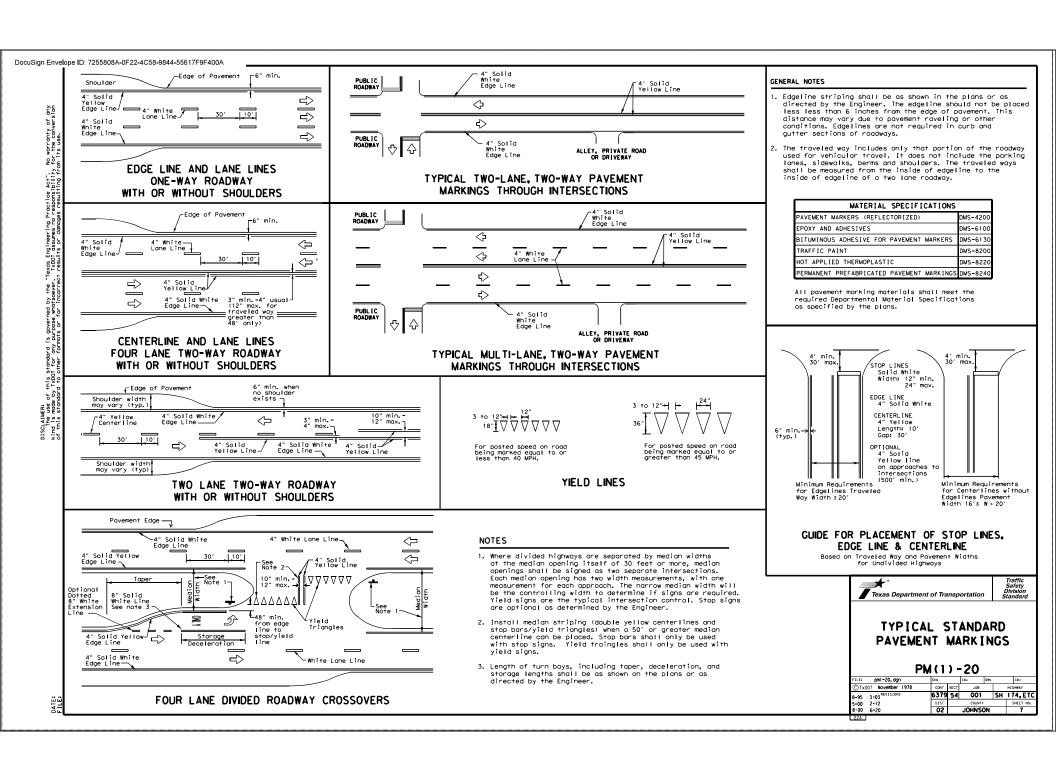
Texas Department of Transportation

PROJECT LIMITS

	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	ST	SHEET NO.	
	6	RMC 6	379-54-001	
REVISIONS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	5
	TEXAS	02	JOHNSON	1
	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
	6379	54	001	SH174, ETC

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300 to 500 mil

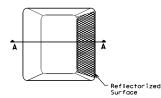
in height

A quick field check for the thickness of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters.

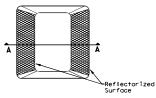
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) DMS-4200 EPOXY AND ADHESIVES DMS-6100 BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS DMS-6130 TRAFFIC PAINT DMS-8200 HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC DMS-8220 PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS DMS-8240

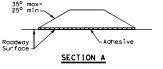
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

⇒★ °
Texas Department of Transportation

RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) = 20

ILE: pm2-20.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT Apri l 1977	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHMAY
1-92 2-10 REVISIONS	6379	54	001	SH	174, ETC
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-00 6-20	02		JOHNS	DN	8

12"± 1"

31/4 "+ 3/4 "

2 to 3"---

4" EDGE LINE, CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE

18"± 1"

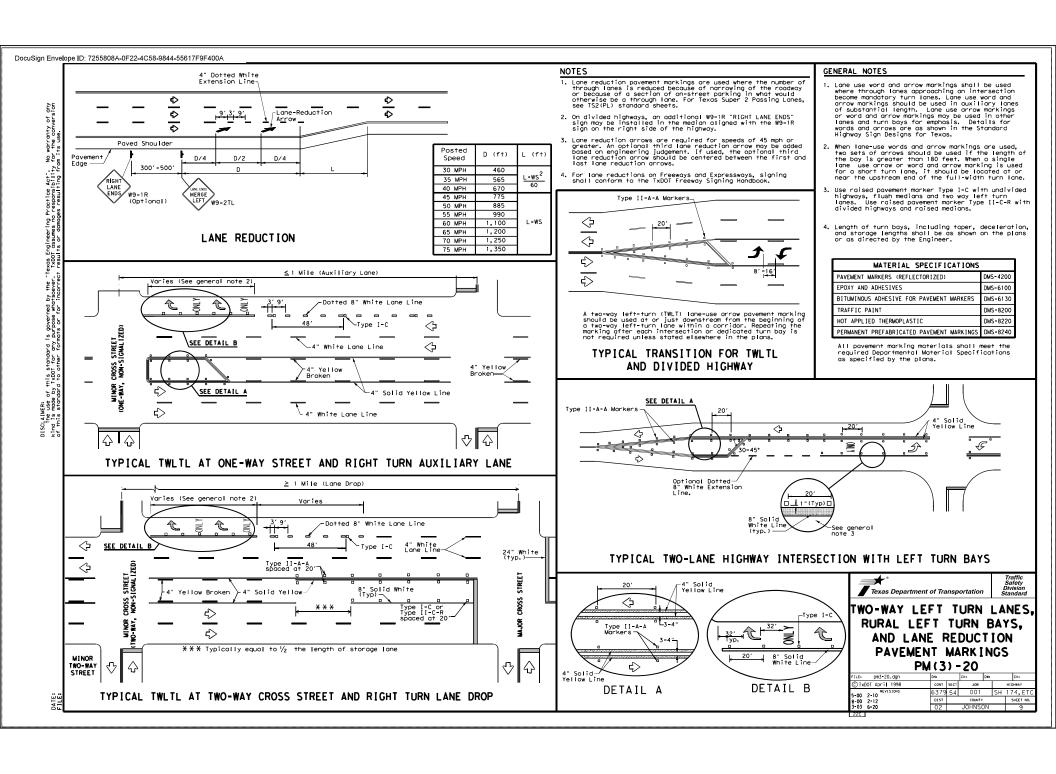
OPTIONAL 6" EDGE LINE. CENTER LINE

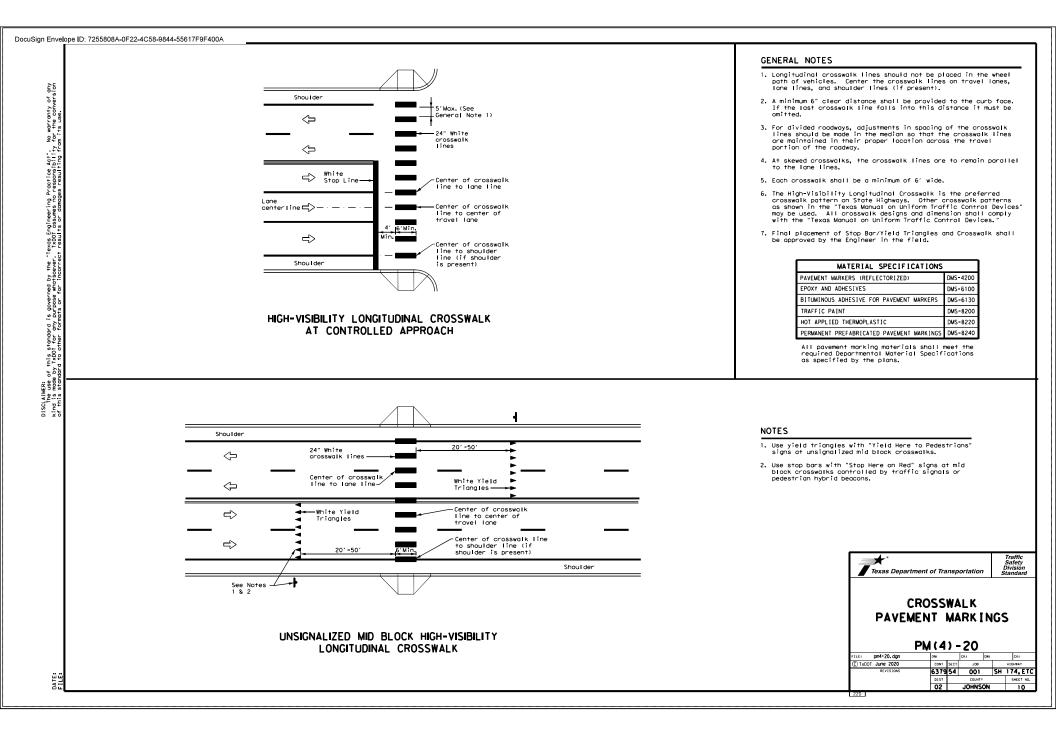
OR LANE LINE

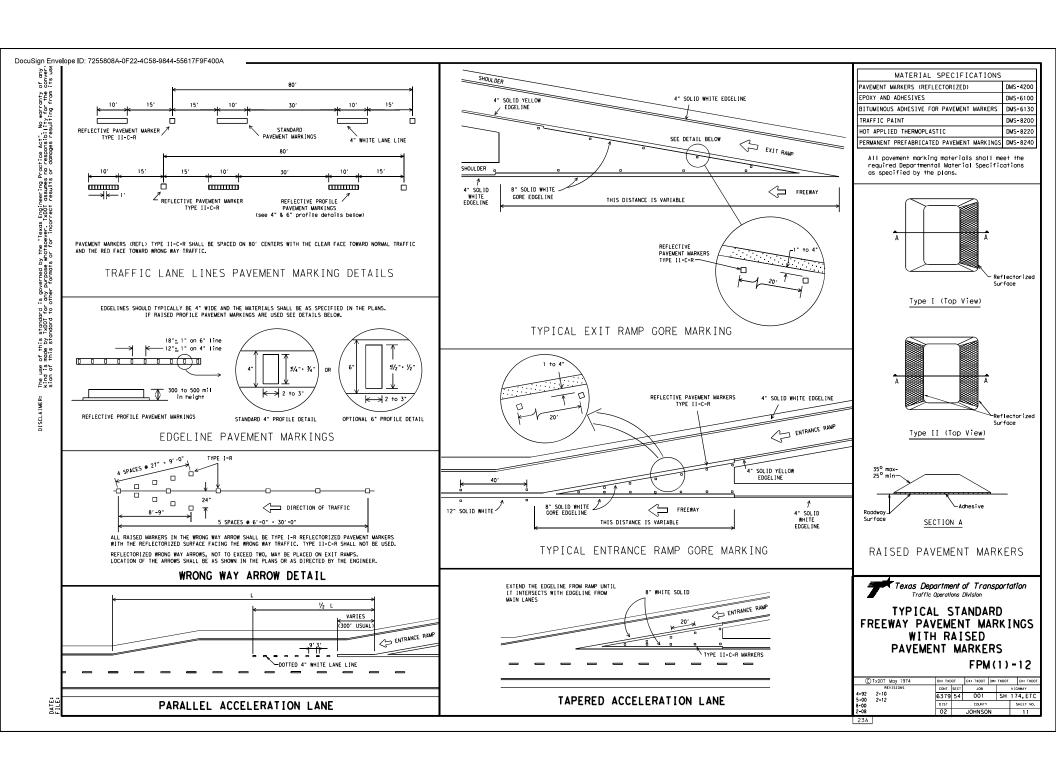
51/2" ± 1/2"

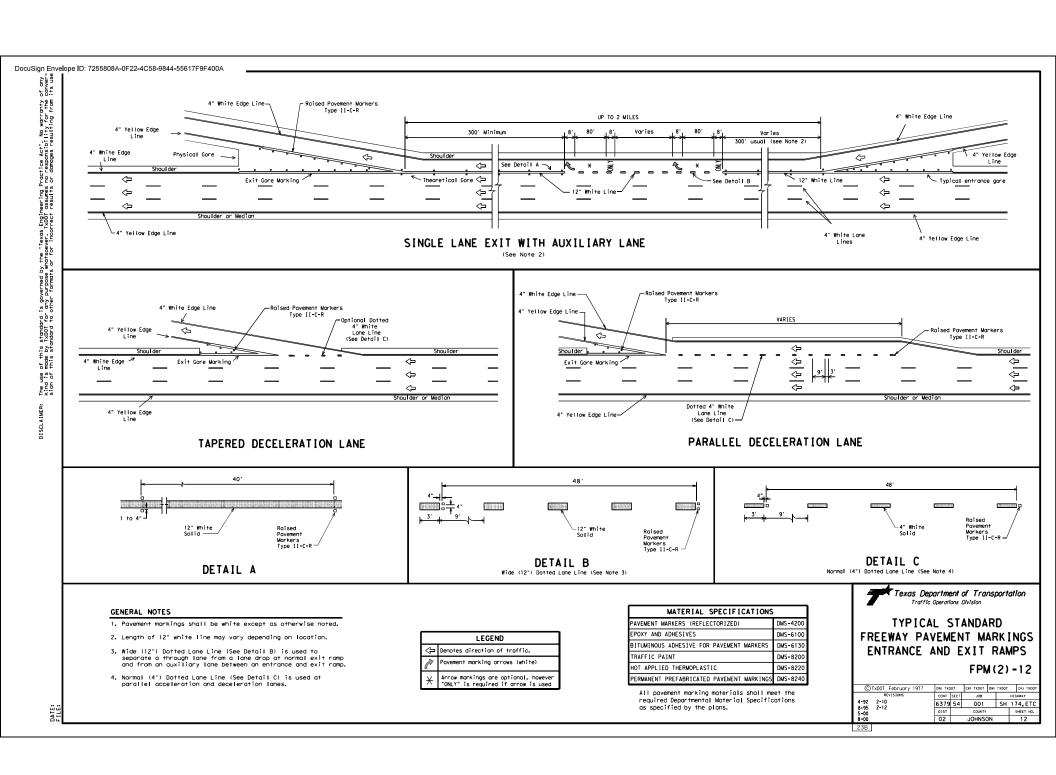
NOTE

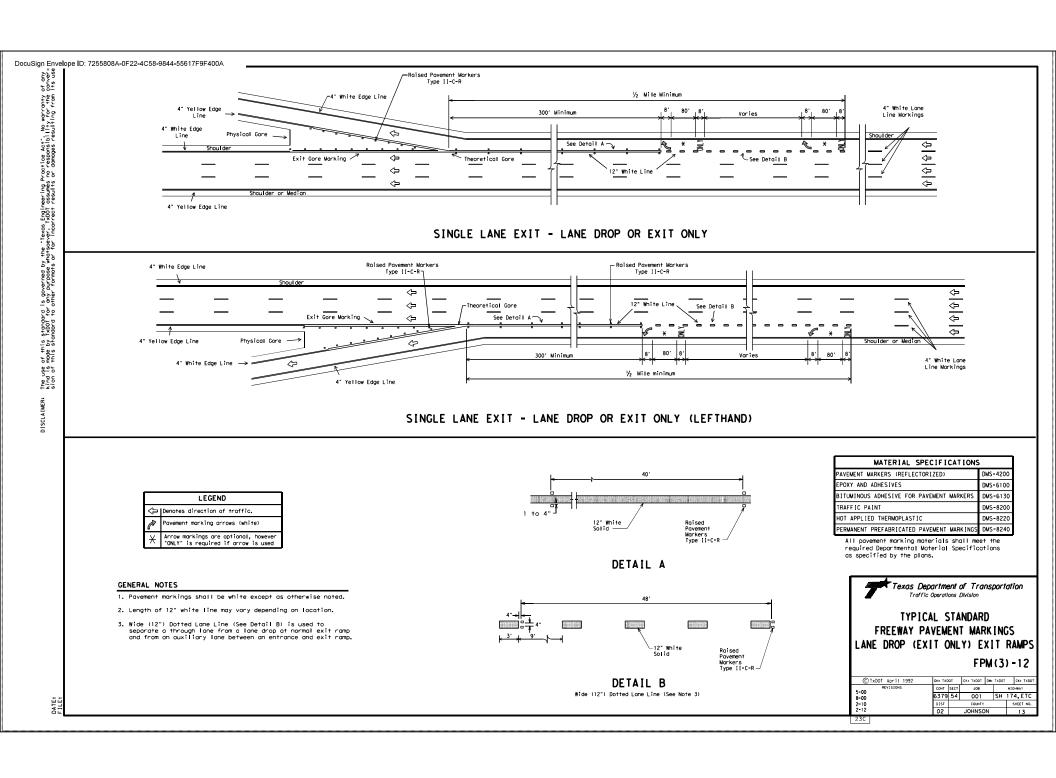
POSITION GUIDANCE USING

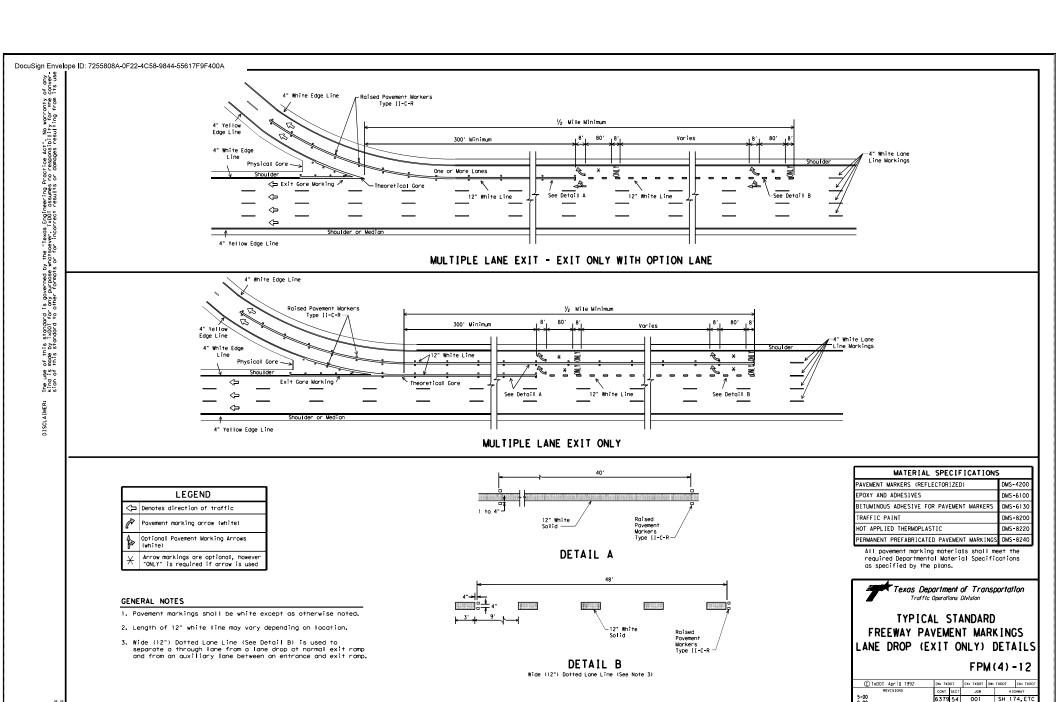










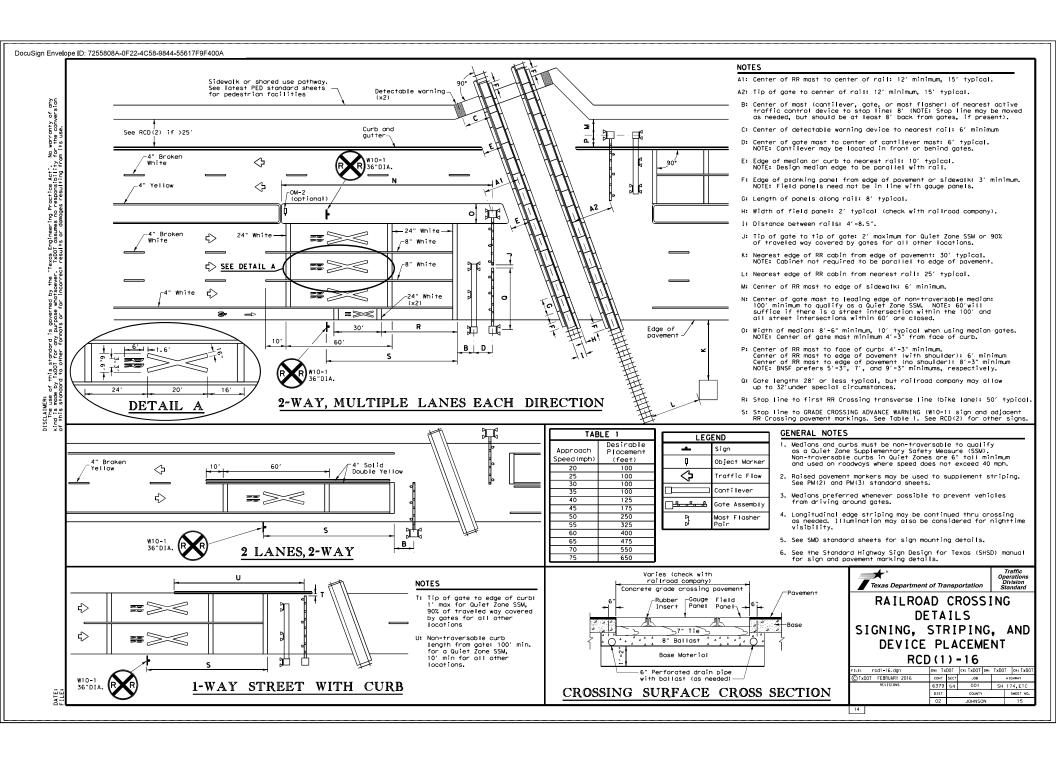


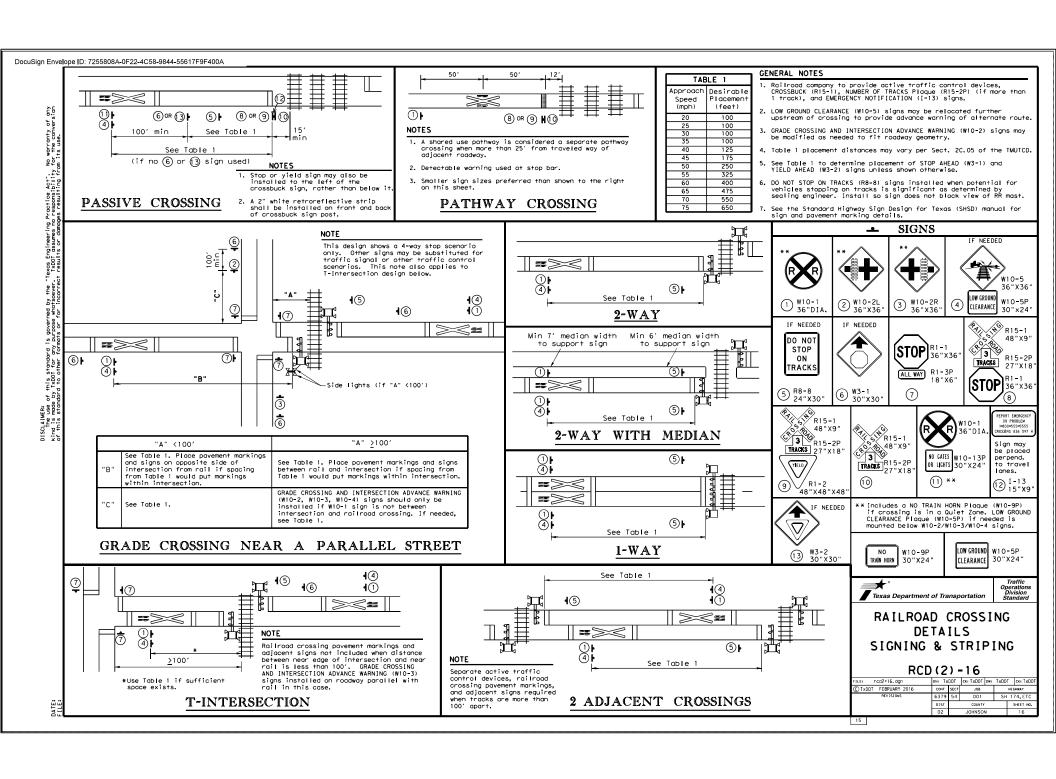
5-00 8-00 2-10 2-12

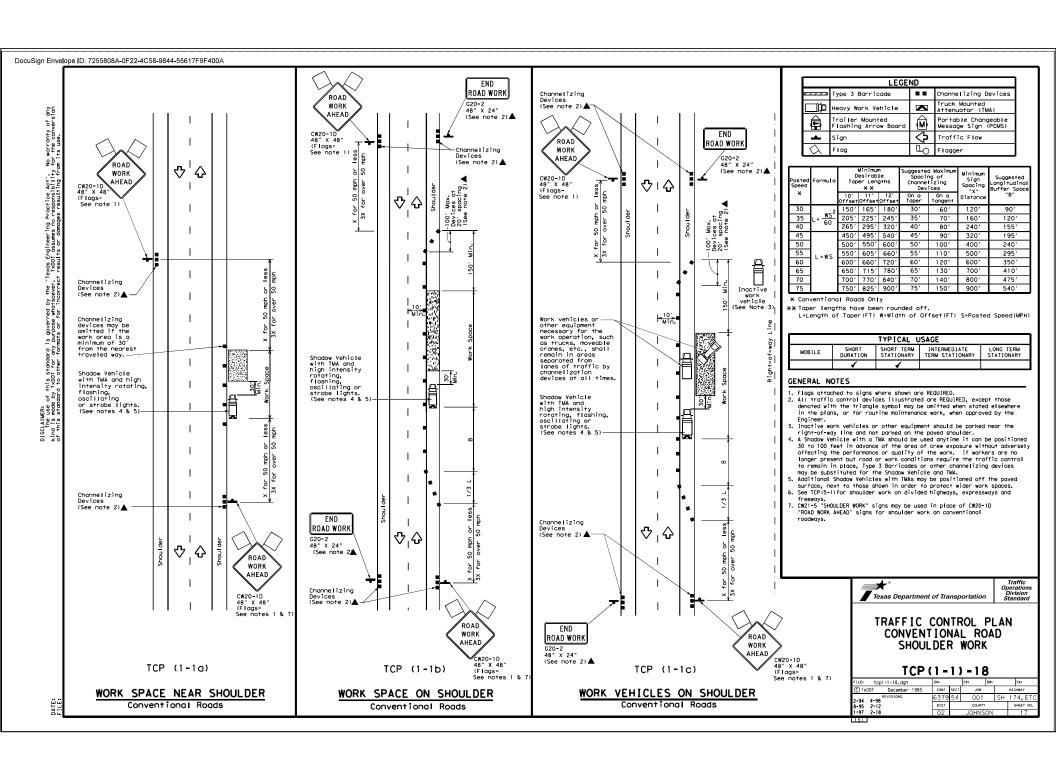
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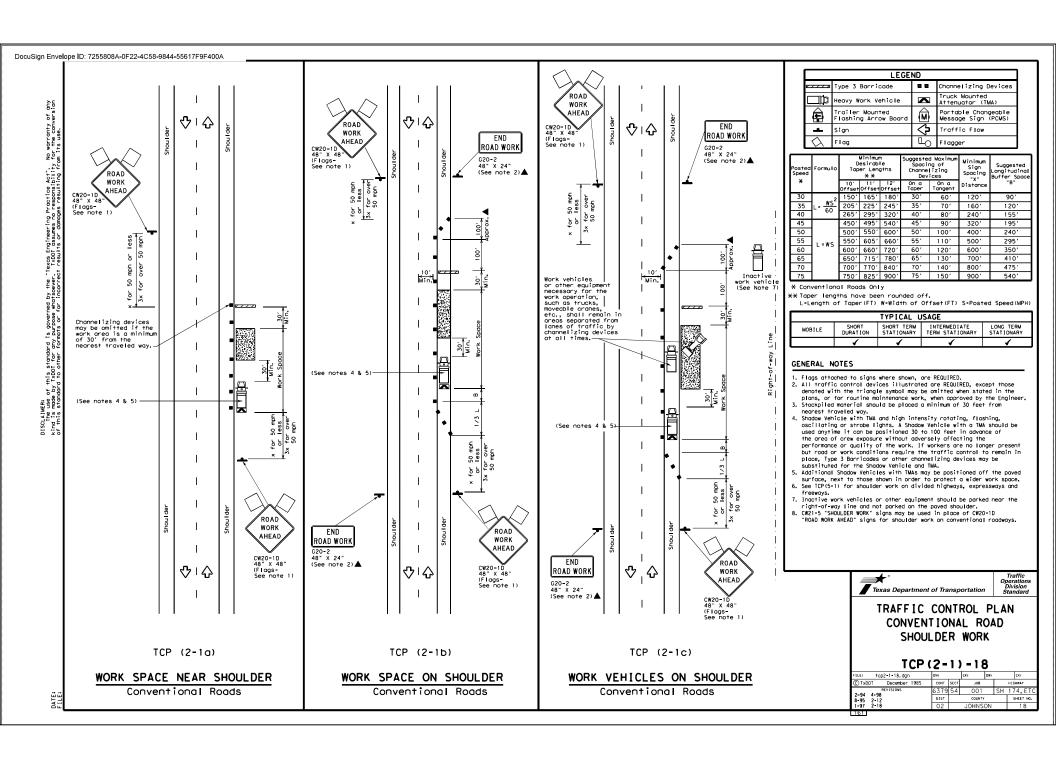
JOHNSON

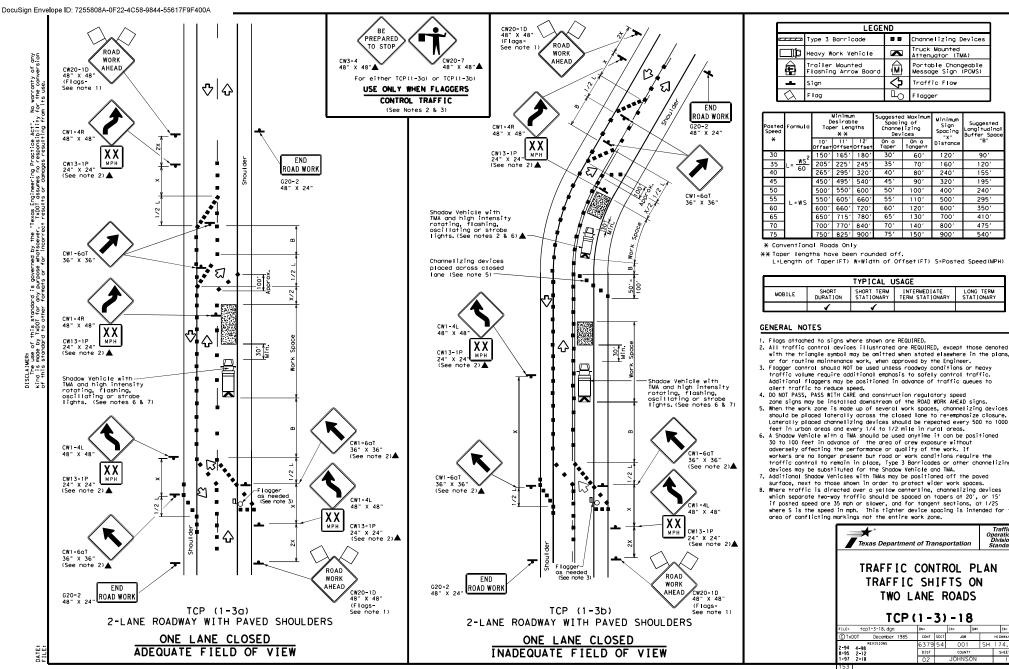
SH 174,ETC











	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacin		Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	165'	180'	301	60'	120'	90′	
35	L = WS ²	2051	225'	245'	351	70'	160'	120′	
40	60	2651	2951	3201	40'	80'	240′	155′	
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90'	320'	195′	
50		5001	550'	6001	501	100'	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	
60	" " "	600'	660'	720'	60′	120'	600'	350′	
65		650'	715′	7801	651	1301	7001	410'	
70	l	700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	900'	540′	

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

- with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

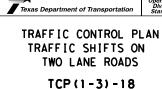
  3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic.
- Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- olert Tratic to reduce speed.

  4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.

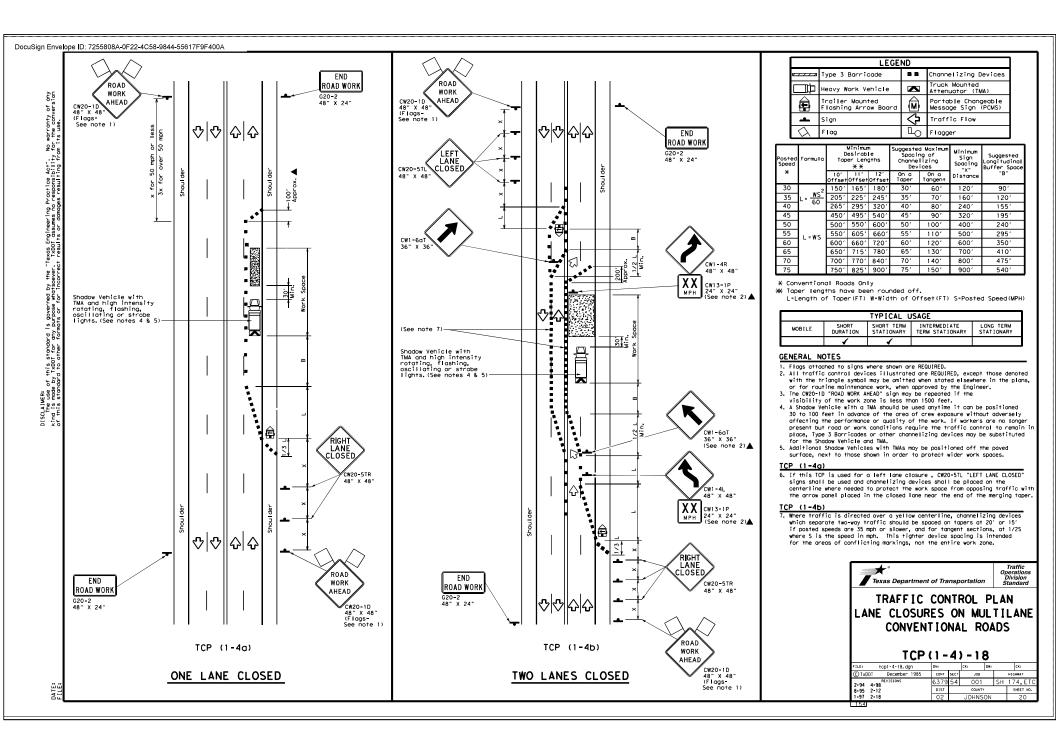
  5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Should be placed threather you have a should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.

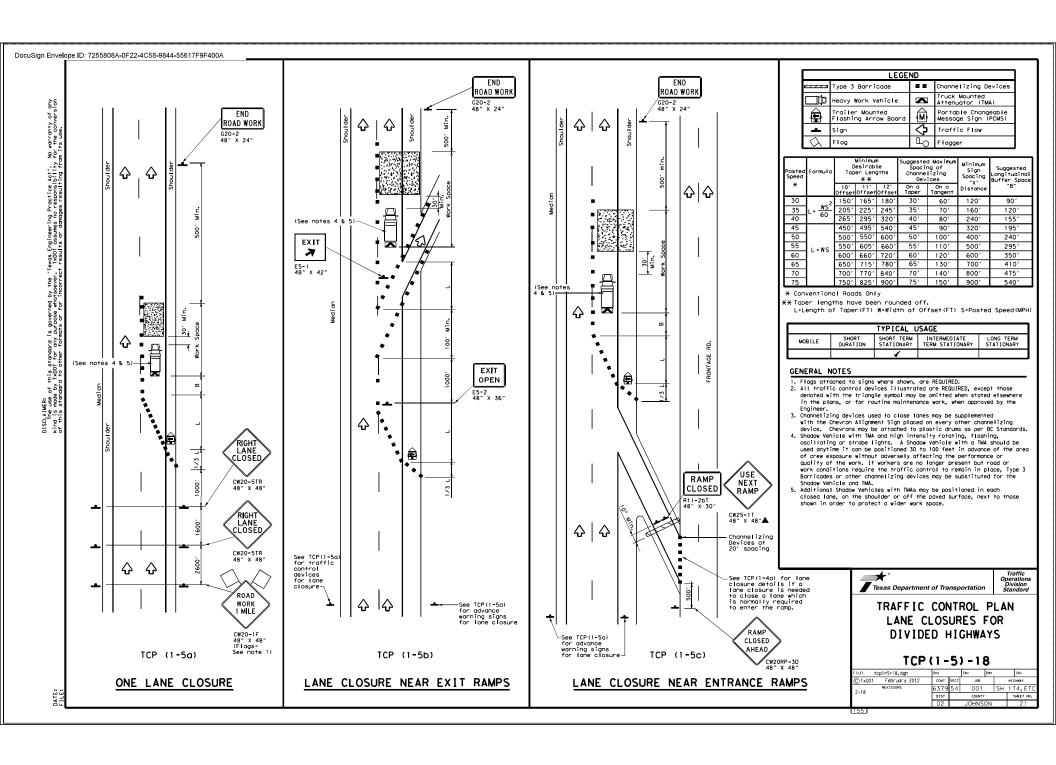
  6. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned
- 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If odversely directing the performance or quality of the work. It workers are no langer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

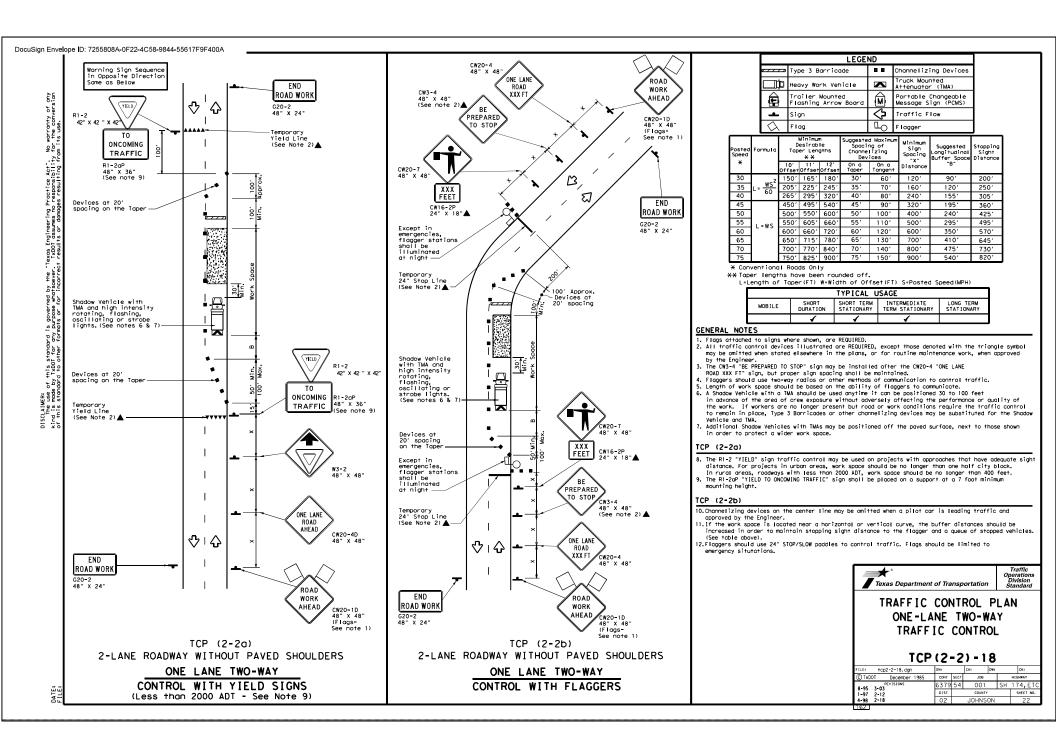
  7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved
- 1. Aud florid slidow tellifes with lims also be bost included of the potent surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces. 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on topers at 20°, or 15° if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device specing is intended for the area of conflicting morthings not the entire work zone.

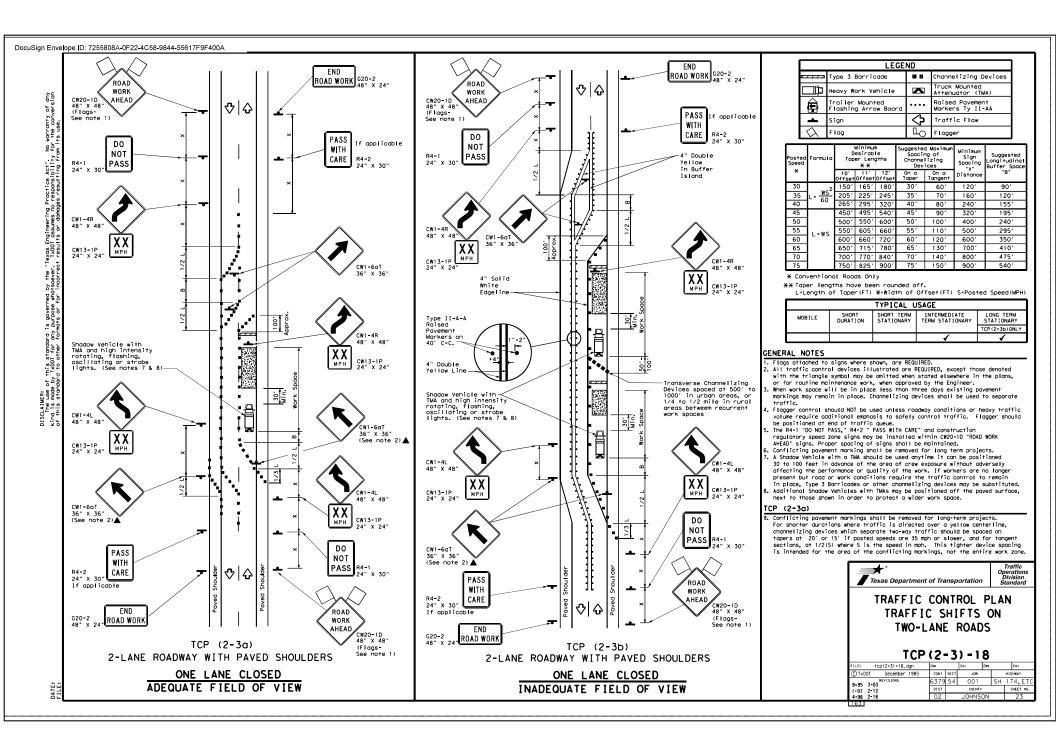


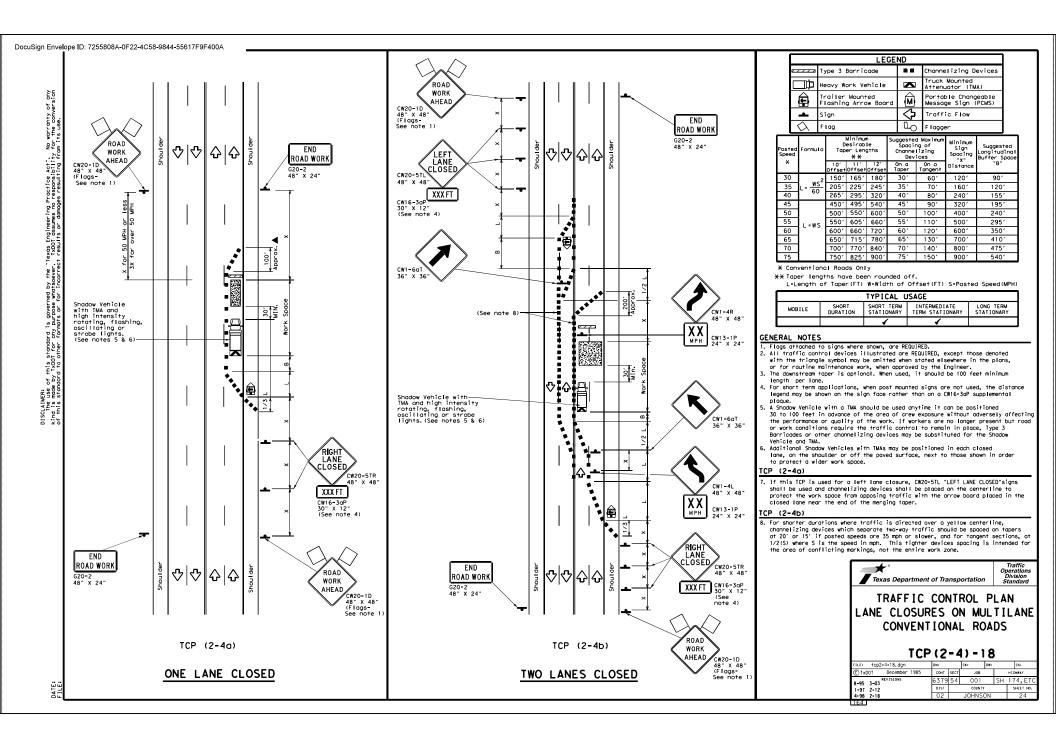
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H1GHWAY
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8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	02		JOHNSON		19

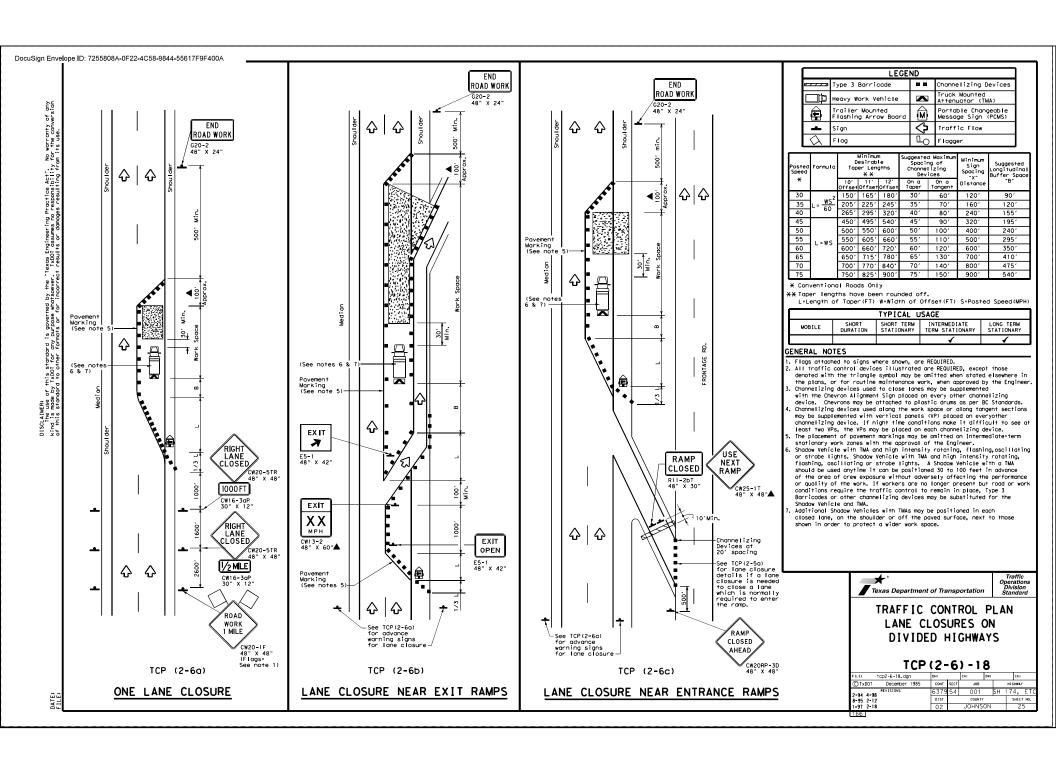


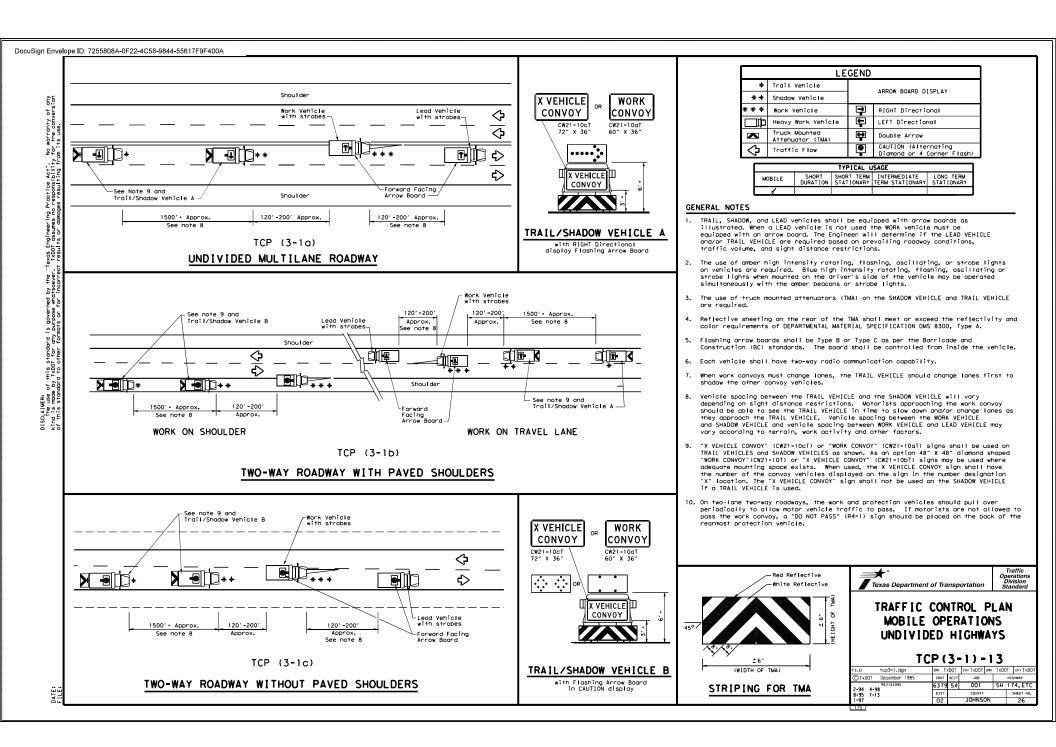


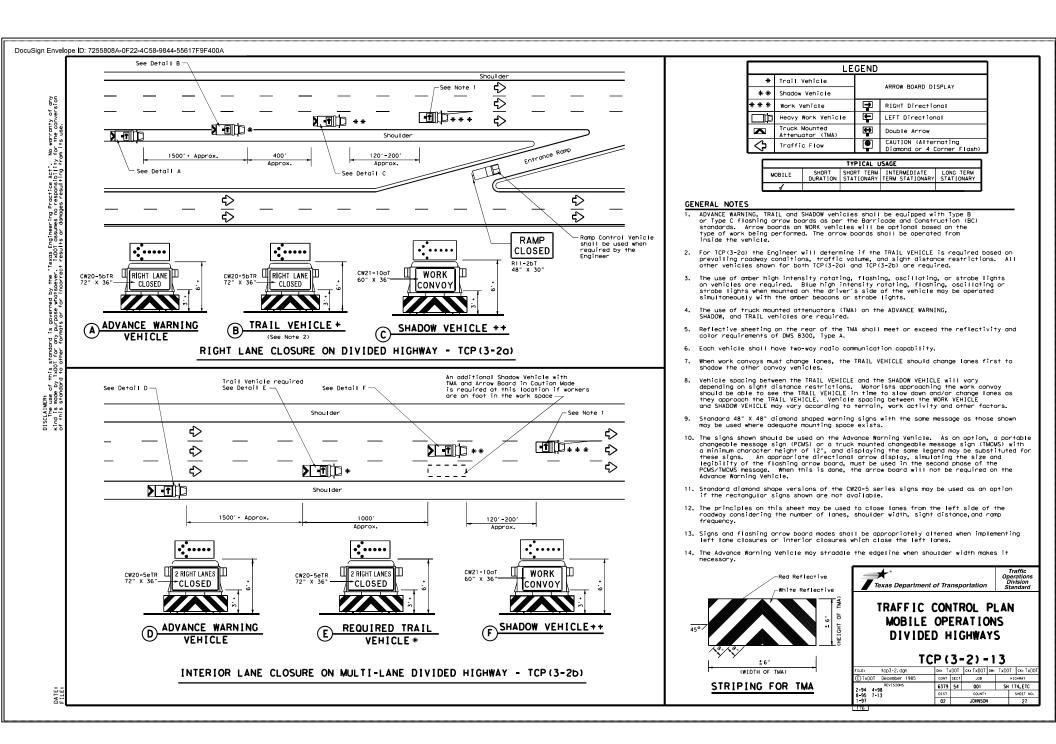


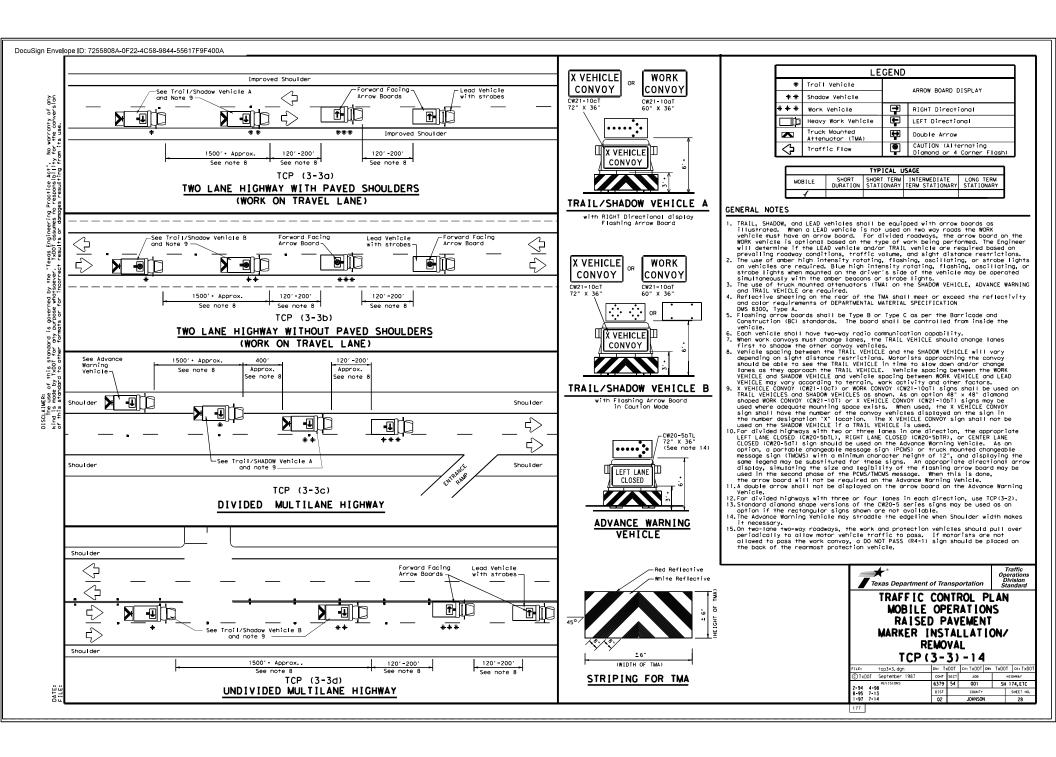


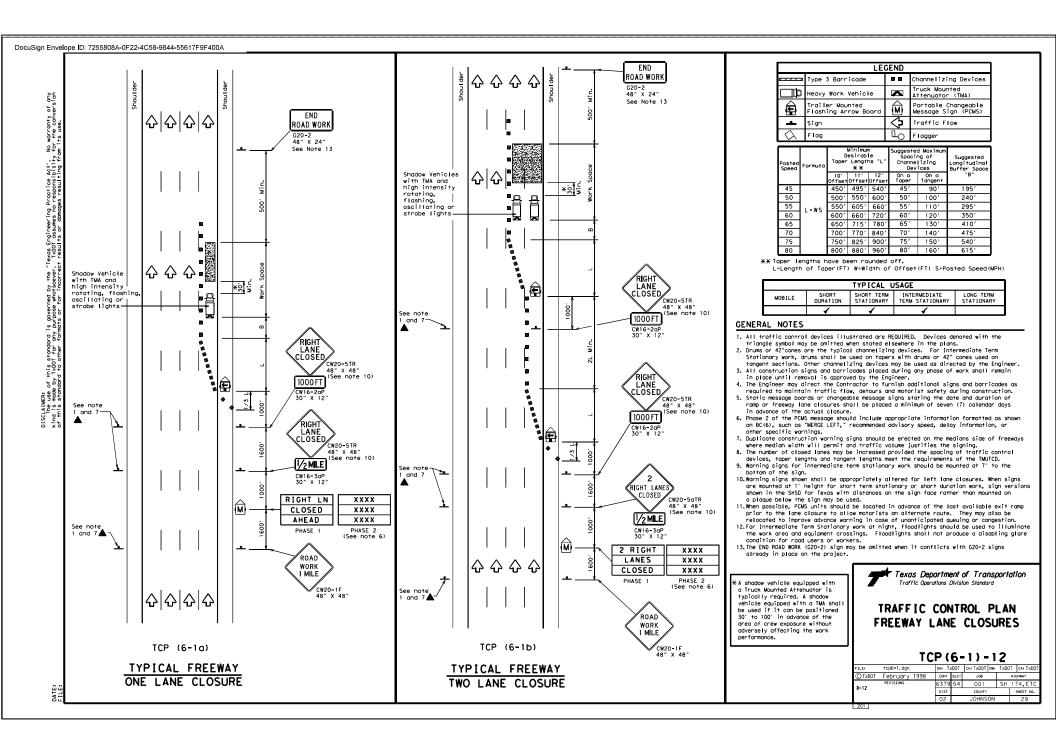


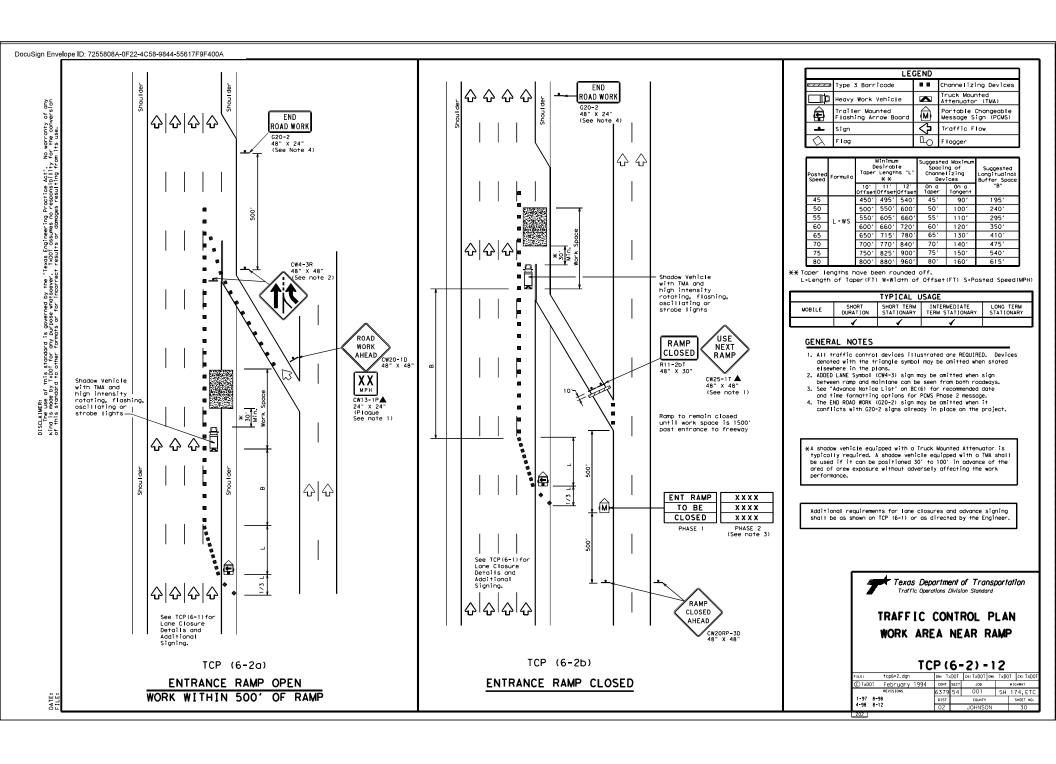


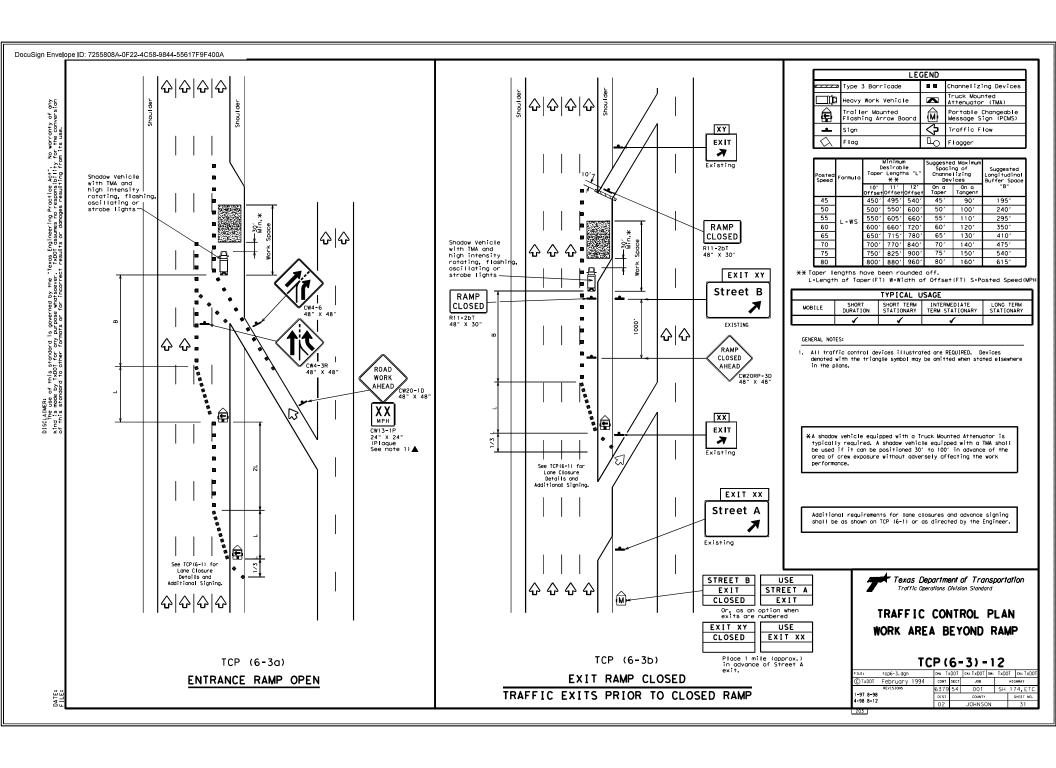


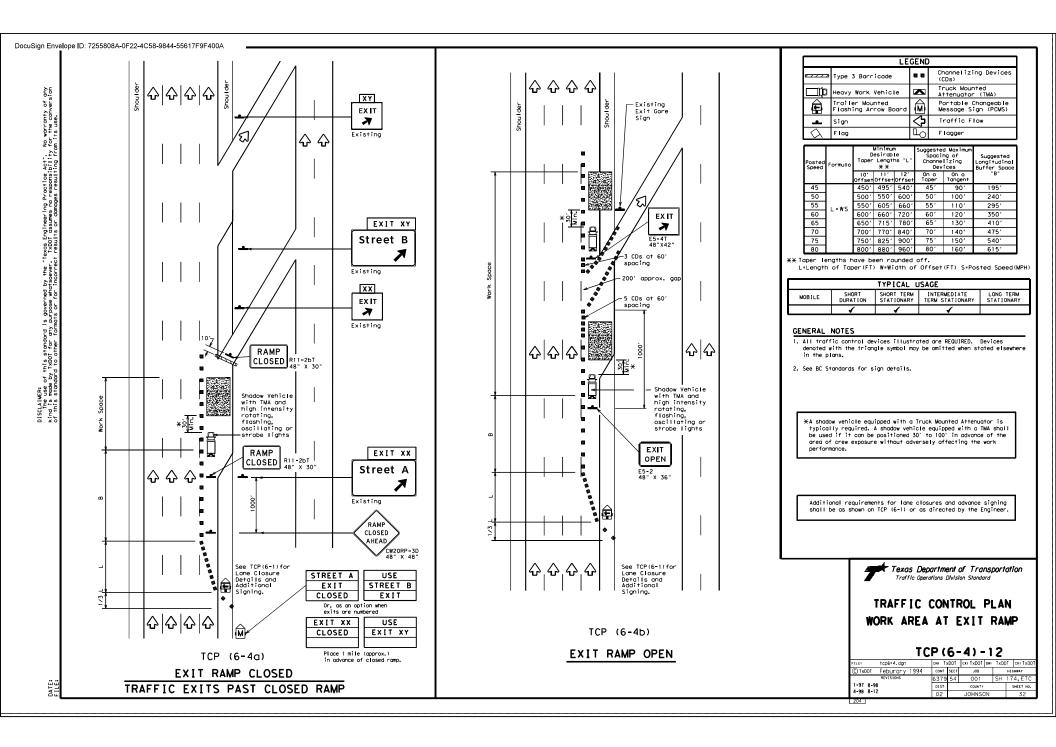










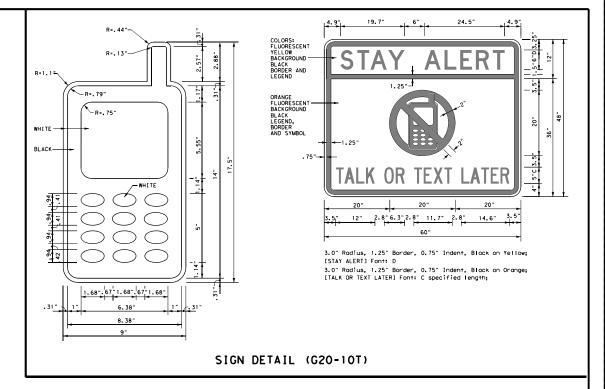


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-101) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

# WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment
within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting
the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility
Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard
performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be
considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

Traffic Operations Division Standard

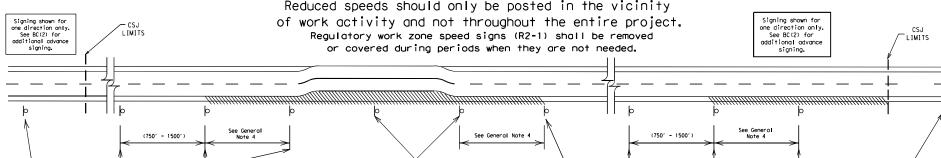
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

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# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



# GUIDANCE FOR USE:

# LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

WORK

ZONE

SPEED

G20-5aF

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade

LIMIT

- e) widt
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

# SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered.

(See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

# GENERAL NOTES

WORK ZONE

SPEEL

G20-5aP

R2-

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

SPEED LIMIT

- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (C20-50P) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
   A. Law enforcement.
- B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter,
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

SPEED LIMIT

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC (3) -14

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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	J08		HI	GHWAY
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WORK ZONE

SPEED LIMIT G20-50P

R2-1

ZONE G20-5aF

SPEED

LIMIT

60

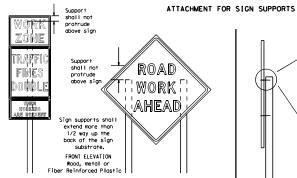
R2-1

ATE:

#### TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AMEAD AHEAD curb AMEAD min. XX MPH 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 0'-6' 9.0' max. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' mir 9.0' max. areate 00/11/11/11/04 ATTIMIZE Paved shoul der shoul de

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

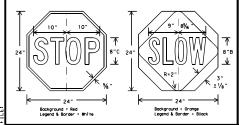
H SIDE FLEVATION Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sian shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

# STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- 2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any Lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW goddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information, Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route
- guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
  When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motor ists at all times.

  If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be
- installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer,
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and
- quide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
  The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The
  Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be accumented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TXDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can
- verify the correct procedures are being followed.

  The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.

  Identification markings may be shown only on the book of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used
- for identification shall be 1 inch.

# 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

- DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6) The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets mountacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.

  - Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.

    Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour
  - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than I hour in a single daylight period.
  - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
  - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT 1. The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in Lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration. SIZE OF SIGNS
- The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

# SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CMZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
  "Wesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- weesn type materials are Nul on approved sign substrate, regarciess or the tightness of the weave.

  All wooden individual sign ponels fabricated from 2 or more piecess shall have one or more pipwood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the book of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleaf shall be attached to the book of the sign using screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign ponel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spoced to 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

# REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(I). White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white bockground. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{\rm R}$  or Type  $C_{\rm R}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

## SIGN LETTERS

All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
  Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
  the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any
  intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- covered when not required. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.

  Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work,

# SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight.
  Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- mpact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above around level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

# FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

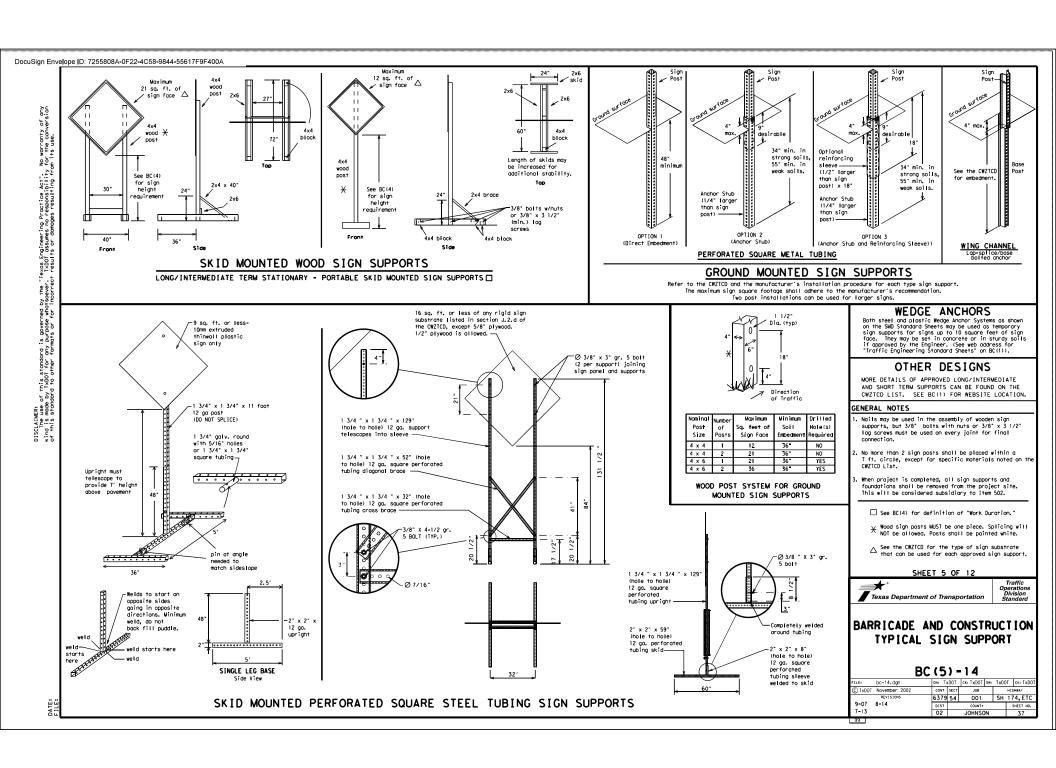
Traffic

Texas Department of Transportation

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4) - 14

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WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE POMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE POMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

# PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO,"
  "FOR," "AT," etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the nessage should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "MEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.

  12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT"
- on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.

  13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be
- observated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.

  PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	M1
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK ENG
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SL IP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FR]	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Irquelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
lt Is	ITS .	Weight Limit	WT L[M]T
Junction	JCT	West	MI CIMII
Lef <del>†</del>	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	L WILL NOT	HON
Maintenance	MAINT		

Roadway

designation = IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

CLOSED

AT SH XXX

ROAD

CLSD AT

FM XXXX

RIGHT X

LANES

CLOSED

FXIT

CLOSED

MALL

DRIVEWAY

CLOSED

xxxxxxx

BLVD

CLOSED

FRFFWAY FRONTAGE CLOSED ROAD X MILE CLOSED ROAD

SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT RIGHT LN

CLOSED XXX FT RIGHT X LANES

CLOSED OPEN CENTER DAYTIME LANE CLOSED CLOSURES

NIGHT I-XX SOUTH CLOSURES CLOSED VARIOUS FXIT XXX CLOSED

X MILE RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED

X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI

TRAFFIC SIGNAL

SHIFT

Other Condition List

ROADWORK

XXX FT

FLAGGER

XXXX FT

RIGHT LN

NARROWS

XXXX FT

MERGING

TRAFFIC

XXXX FT

LOOSE

GRAVEL

XXXX FT

DETOUR

ROADWORK

SH XXXX

XXXX FT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List MERGE FORM RIGHT X LINES RIGHT

NORTH

USE

I-XX E

TO I-XX N

WATCH

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

PREPARE

STOP

FND

SHOULDER

USE

WATCH

WORKERS

USF DETOUR xxxxxX EXITS RD FXIT USE EXIT EXIT XXX I-XX

STAY ON

US XXX

SOUTH

TRUCKS

US XXX N

WATCH

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

REDUCE

SPEED

XXX FT

USF

TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE TRAFFIC

REPAIRS

XXXX FT

I ANF

NARROWS

XXXX FT

XXX FT UNEVEN XXXX FT ROUGH

ROAD XXXX FT ROADWORK FRI-SUN

US XXX FXIT X MILES

LANES

ROUTES STAY LANE

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Location List List ΔΤ FM XXXX LIMIT YY MPH MAX TMUM BEFORE RAILROAD SPEED CROSSING XX MPH NEXT MINIMUM SPEED MILES XX MPH PAST US XXX SPEED FXIT XX MPH xxxxxx RIGH. LANE XXXXXXX EXIT US XXX CAUTION FM XXXX DRIVE SAFELY

TUE-FRI XX AM-APR XX-X PM-X AM MONDAY ADVISORY MAY XX MAY X-X XX PM -

DRIVE

CARE

NEXT TUF AUG XX

** Advance

Notice List

X PM

BEGINS

BEGINS

XX AM

FRI-SUN

XX AM

XX PM

то

TONIGHT XX PM-XX AM

* * See Application Guidelines Note 6.

# APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Romp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location
- is not included in the first phase selected. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,
- and should be understandable by themselves. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

# WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
   Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.

- pe interchanged as appropriare.

  Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.

  ROD, HIGHMAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.

  AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.

  If and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.

  AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS

## FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.

SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

- . "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

# SHEET 6 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

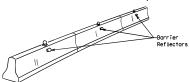
BC (6) -14

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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	J08		HI:	GHWAY
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		02		JOHNSON	1		38

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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

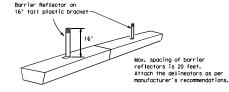
  2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The
- cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



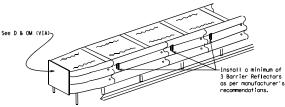
# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown the detail above.
- When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- Novement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
   Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- by the Engineer.

  11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



# LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

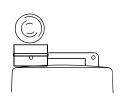


# DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

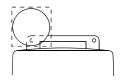
# END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350, Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

# WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning Lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous orea. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other steets of the plans by the designation "FL". The type A florning Lights shall not be used with signs namufactured with 15 yes B₁ or C₁₁ Sheet ing meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification 30%-6300.

  4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- which can be used explored and related to the second of the plans be the plans by the designation "SB".

  5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of worning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.

  6. When required by the Engineer, the Controctor shall furnish a copy of the worning lights certification. The worning light manufacturer will
- certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside. 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

# WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- Type A roosing worning lights are not intended for delinection and shall not be used in a series.
   Type A room floshing worning lights are not intended for delinection and shall not be used in a series.
   A series of sequential floshing worning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delinection. If used, the successive floshing of the sequential worning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of floshing for each light should be 65 floshes per minute, plus or minus 10 floshes.
   Type C and D steady-burn worning lights are intended to be used in a series to delinecte the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lone
- changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D worning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
   The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

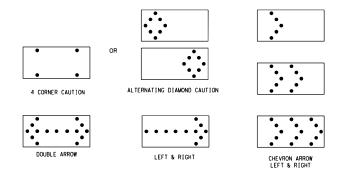
# WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the
  discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the orea where attached to the drum.
  5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- attaches to the drum.

  The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for
- DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
   The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
   Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way coolways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
   The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, borricodes and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
   The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Coution mode as shown.
  6. The straight line coultion display is NOT ALLOWED.
  7. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
  8. Winimum lamp on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- Minimum lomp 'on time' shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
  intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chervan.
   The sequential arrow display is NoT ALLOWED.
   The flashing arrow display is the INDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron
  display may be used during daylight operations.
   The flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
   A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
   A full matrix POMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,

- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.

  14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS							
TYPE SIZE OF PANEL LAMPS DIS							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile				
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile				

ATTENTION
Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with
automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

Traffic

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

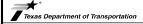
SHEET 7 OF 12

# TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).

Refer to the CMZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or

- Level 3 TMAs. 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work
- area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 14

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	REVISIONS	6379	54 001 SH 174		174,ETC		
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
7-13		02	JOHNSON		39		

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.

  6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic
- drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

# GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design: the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footbolds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

# RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

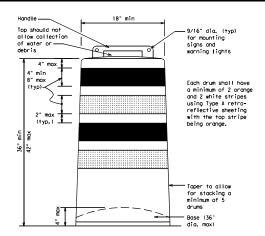
- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMs-3800, "Sing Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
  2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall admere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

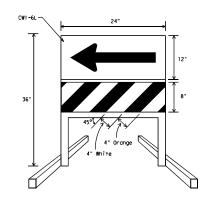
## BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer, Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavemer surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or
- a solid rubber base.

  Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the
- would become inductious to install size, peacestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.

  5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to payement.



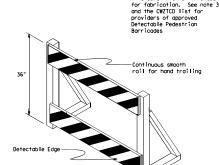


# DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional guidance to drivers is necessary.

  If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended trayel lane.

  The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction.
- line the first indicator pair todge shall consist of wheelineth of the consist of the electrical consists of the electrical consi shall be as per DMS 8300.
- Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be
- Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List.
- Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



This detail is not intended

# DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be
- detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person
- with a visual disability traveling with the ald of a long cone shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk. Detectable pedestrian barricodes similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete observers and wood or choin link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- porn.
  Tope, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines americans with Disabilities acracessioning orderines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAGO) and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.

  Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" naminal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" v 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" v 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{\rm FL}$  or Type  $C_{\rm FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and idequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with

SHEET 8 OF 12

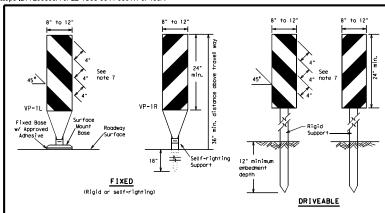
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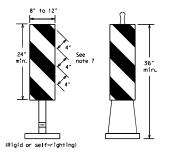
Texas Department of Transportation

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

BC(8)-14

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PORTABLE

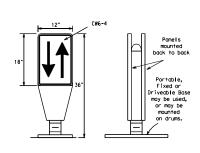
1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

- VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other greas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roodway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.

  4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high
- speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

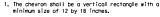
  5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation, OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be aronge with a black non-The OTLD shall be orange with a block non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{\rm FL}$  or Type  $C_{\rm FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic.

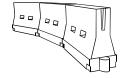
  Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflec-tive legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# CHEVRONS

# GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind austs making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the IMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.

  5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The
- portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



# LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and
- used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.

  4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers
- on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes. 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective
- sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

# WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 330 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and borrier application.

  2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retrareflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve delytime/injettime visibility. They may also be supplemented with powement markings.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH)
- under but lost set systems used us but lets should not be used for a liet gring typer except in 10% speed tribes find it when a read on a typer in a low speed urban area, the toper shall be delineated and the toper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
   5. When water bollosted systems used as borriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated. as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrions, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long comes and the top of the unit shall not be less than \$2 inches in helpit.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30′	60′	
35	L= WS2	2051	225'	245′	35′	70′	
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	801	
45		450'	4951	540'	45'	90'	
50		5001	550'	600'	50′	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660'	55′	110'	
60	L-#3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120'	
65		650'	7151	7801	65′	1301	
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	
80		8001	880'	960′	80′	160′	

**X*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
ength of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Operation Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

BC (9) -14

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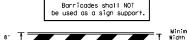
#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.

  4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope
- downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.

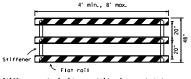
  5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the
- barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.

  7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sondbogs should weigh a minimum of 35 bbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbogs shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. . Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming
- to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.



Minimum Width of Reflective 6 6

# TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

Desirable

stockpile location

is outside

clear zone,

Alternate

 $\bigcirc$ 

Min. 2 drums

or 1 Type 3

barricad

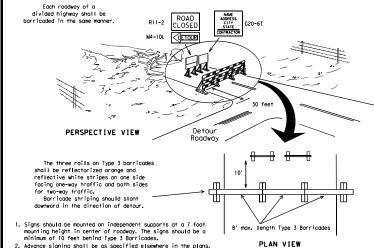
On one-way roads

downstream drums

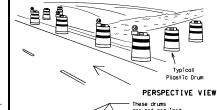
or barricade may be

omitted here

Approx



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



are not required SE Y  $\leftarrow$ ă, minimum of used acros ,0, € ЩX, and maximum of 4 drums) ò  $\Theta$  $\Theta$  $\Theta$ 

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted.

2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support

may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet. 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.

5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.



Plastic drum

Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector

Steady burn warning Light or yellow warning reflector

ncrease number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2

PLAN VIEW CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Alternate

Approx

50

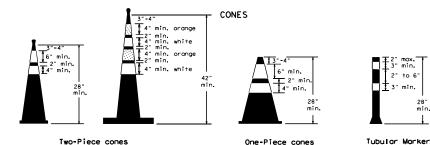
Channelizing devices parallel to traffic

should be used when stockpile is

within 30' from travel lane.

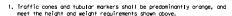
Min. 2 drums

or 1 Type 3



28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.



- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base.
- or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place. 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum
- height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.

  4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, secouter surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

# THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014. EDGEL I NE CHANNEL IZER

- 1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.
- 2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern; four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

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TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

Drums, vertical panels or 42" cones

at 50' maximum spacing

STOCKPILE

# WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

### GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD),
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans,
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised payement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

# PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated payement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated payement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

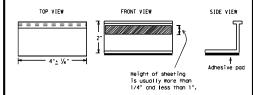
# MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone payement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

# REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Payement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible. so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type payement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks hall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A, Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tobs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup. run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for quidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION	NS
	DMS-4200
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other payement markings can be found at the Material Producer List

SHEET 11 OF 12

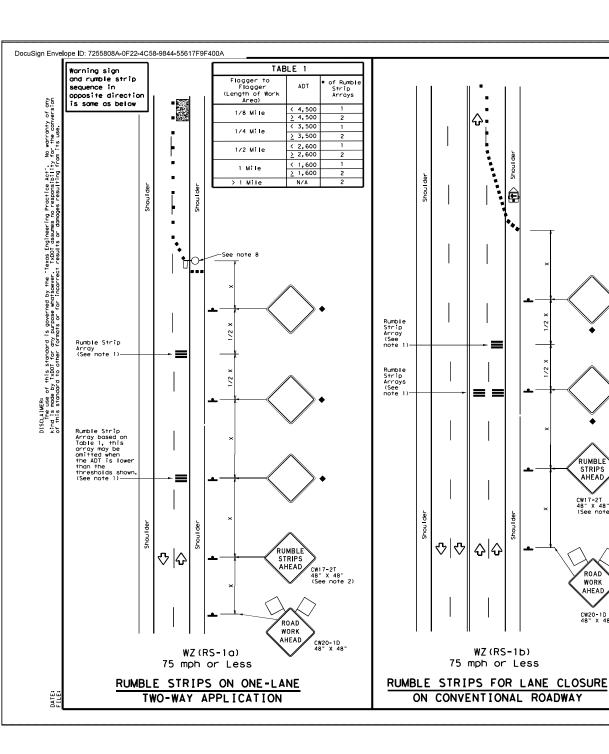
Traffic



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

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# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- 9. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

RUMBLE

STRIPS AHEAD. CW17-2T 48" X 48" (See note 2

> ROAD WORK AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48'

LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
1	Sign	Ą	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	S	Flagger				

Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spac II Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30	2	150'	1651	1801	301	60'	120'	90′	
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	701	160'	1201	
40	60	265'	2951	320'	40′	801	240'	1551	
45		4501	4951	5401	45′	90′	320'	1951	
50		5001	5501	600'	501	100'	400'	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55′	110'	500'	2951	
60	L - 11 3	600'	660'	720'	601	120'	600'	350′	
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	130′	7001	410'	
70		7001	770′	8401	701	1401	800′	475′	
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	900′	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG							
	1	1					

Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

TABLE 2							
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array						
< 40 MPH	10′						
> 40 MPH & < 55 MPH	15′						
> 55 MPH	20′						

<b>=</b> ★'	
Texas Department of Transportation	

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ(RS) = 16

ILE:	wzrs16.dgn	on: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxD0T	November 2012	CONT SECT		J08		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	6379	54	001		SH 1	74,ETC
2-14 4-16		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-16		02		JOHNS	NC		45