

HICS FILE			MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO.			
1 1 1			RMC-6	37699	001	1
ED	STATE		STATE DIST.		COUNTY	
DN	ΤΕΧΑ	S	DALLAS	[DALLAS	
ED	CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.
DN	6376	ô	99	001	USOO	80

Texas Department of Transportation

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING

DocuSigned by: Aur U, P.E. 01F881A42AA240C ENGINEER	2/18/2021 20
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IMENDED FOR LETTING	
ned by:	2 (26 (2021
Morren, P.E.	2/26/2021 20
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ned by: ?REY BUSH 2	2/26/2021
EB03F406	20
CTOR OF OPERATIONS	



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6376-99-001

DISTRICT Dallas HIGHWAY US0080 **COUNTY** Dallas

QUANTITY SHEET

		CONTROL SECTIO	ON JOB	6376-99	-001		
	PROJECT ID			A00139872			
	COUNTY			Dallas		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US00	80		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	351-6044	FLEXIBLE PAV STR REPAIR 12"-TYPICAL A	SY	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	354-6003	PLAN & TEXT ASPH CONC PAV(0" TO 3")	SY	36,845.000		36,845.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	100.00%		100.00%	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	3.000		3.000	
	662-6109	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	EA	1,100.000		1,100.000	
	666-6029	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(090MIL)	LF	1,175.000		1,175.000	
	666-6035	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	2,410.000		2,410.000	
	666-6302	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	12,400.000		12,400.000	
	666-6305	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	3,200.000		3,200.000	
	666-6314	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	12,400.000		12,400.000	
	672-6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	750.000		750.000	
	3077-6021	SP MIXESSP-CPG70-22	TON	6,834.000		6,834.000	
	3077-6075	TACK COAT	GAL	4,200.000		4,200.000	
	6001-6001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	30.000		30.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	14.000		14.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	12.000		12.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Dallas	Dallas	6376-99-001	2

County: Dallas County

Control: 6376-99-001

Highway: US 80

GENERAL NOTES:

General:

This project consists of performing "Flexible Pavement Repair" on various roadways as detailed on the Location Sheet in the Southeast Dallas County Maintenance Section.

Sequence of work will be approved.

The Department reserves the right to revise schedule as it deems necessary.

Provide and maintain a dedicated email address for receipt of work orders and correspondence throughout the term of this contract. Acknowledgement of emailed work order/callouts is required no more than 12 hr. from notification.

Contractor's attention is called to the fact that all adjoining pavement sections will be protected during all phases of construction and any damages incurred due to Contractor's operation will be repaired and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts, must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time.

Coordinate work through:

Terry Blocker 4777 E. Hwy. 80 Mesquite, Texas 75150 214-320-6234

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individuals:

Terry Blocker	Terry.Blocker@txdot.gov
Nathan Petter	Nathan.Petter@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will only be accepted through email to the above individuals.

All Contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

Project Number: RMC-637699001

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All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Attention is directed to the possible presence of underground utilities owned by the Texas Department of Transportation (irrigation, signal, illumination and surveillance, communication, and control) on the right of way. Call the Department for locates at 214-320-6682 and 214-320-6205 48 hr. in advance of excavation. Contact the appropriate department of the local city or town a minimum of 48 hr. in advance of excavation.

If overhead or underground power lines need to be de-energized, contact the electrical service provider to perform this work. Cost associated with de-energizing the power lines or other protective measures required are at no expense to the Department.

If working near power lines, comply with the appropriate sections of Texas State Law and Federal Regulations relating to the type of work involved.

Item 2 – Instructions to Bidders:

This project includes plan sheets that are not part of the bid proposal.

Order plans from any Reproduction Company listed at:

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm

View or download plans at:

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/plansonline/plansonline.htm

Item 3 – Award and Execution of Contract:

This contract is Site Specific.

After written notification, work will be continuously prosecuted to completion.

Mobilize within 7 calendar days of written notification to begin Site Specific locations.

The work order letter will include all roadways contained on the Summary sheet.

Notification to perform "Non-Site Specific" work at locations not presented on the Summary Sheet will be in writing.

General Notes

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"Non-Site Specific" minimum quantity is 100 SY per written notification.

Re-mobilize within 30 calendar days of written notification when Non-Site Specific locations are requested.

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own, and as such, is separate from other contracts. A contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process and/or execute all contracts at the same time.

Item 7 – Legal Relations and Responsibilities:

Pre-construction safety meeting will be conducted with Contractor's personnel prior to work beginning on a continuously prosecuted contract or before each callout work request.

Attendance of this meeting will not be paid directly but considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

Roadway closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited.

Holiday restrictions – the Engineer may decide that no lane closures or construction operations will be allowed during the restricted periods listed in the following holiday schedule. TxDOT has the right to lengthen, shorten, or otherwise modify these restricted periods as actual, or expected, traffic conditions may warrant. Working days will not be charged for these restricted periods. No additional compensation will be allowed for these restricted closures (i.e., overhead, delays, stand-by, barricades or any other associated cost impacts).

- New Year's Eve and Day (noon on December 31 thru 10 P.M. January 1)
- Easter Holiday weekend (noon on Friday thru 10 P.M. Sunday)
- Memorial Day weekend (noon on Friday thru 10 P.M. Monday)
- Independence Day (noon on July 3 thru 10 P.M. on July 5)
- Labor Day weekend (noon on Friday thru 10 P.M. Monday)
- Thanksgiving Holiday (noon on Wednesday thru 10 P.M. Sunday)
- Christmas Holiday (noon on December 23 thru 10 P.M. December 26)

Holiday restrictions for Independence Day, Thanksgiving Holiday, and the Christmas Holiday may be extended for the "week of" due to the nature of work being performed and the work location at the discretion of the Engineer for safety of the traveling public.

Event Restrictions – No Lane Closures that restricts or interferes with traffic will be allowed for the regional events set forth below. This affects SH352 and IH45. TxDOT has the right to lengthen, shorten, or otherwise modify these restrictions as actual traffic conditions may warrant. TxDOT also has the right to modify the list of major events as they are added, renamed, rescheduled, or as warranted.

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- day).
- and ending 2 hr. following the event completion).
- hr. following event completion).
- following event completion).
- hr. following event completion).
- hr. following event completion).
- considered until 2 hr. following event completion).
- marathons.

Item 8 – Prosecution and Progress:

Working days will be charged in accordance with Section 8.3.1.5., "Calendar Day".

The response time specified in this contract is an essential element. Liquidated damages will be assessed when the Contractor fails to begin work within the specified response time and/or the Contractor does not have all of the personnel and pieces of equipment necessary to fulfill the requirement of the item(s). The dollar amount specified in this contract will be deducted from any money due or to become due for any Item(s) and will continue to be deducted for each day until work begins. This amount will be assessed not as a penalty, but as liquidated damages.

The continuous prosecution of each callout work request is an essential element of the contract. Failure to respond to a callout work request in the time frame allowed or discontinuance of the prosecution of work on any callout work request without the Engineer's approval will result in

General Notes

Sheet 3C

Highway: US 80

• State Fair of Texas (no lane closures after 6 A.M. on Fridays through 9 P.M. on Sundays; no full closures for any direction of any facility from opening day through the closing

• The University of Texas vs. University of Oklahoma football game (no lane closures beginning 4 hr. prior to the event and ending 3 hr. following event completion).

• First Responder Bowl or its successor (no lane closures beginning 3 hr. prior to the event

• Dallas Mavericks Home Games (no lane closure beginning 2 hr. prior to the event and ending $\frac{1}{2}$ hr. following event commencement with no full lane closures considered until 2

• Dallas Stars Home Games (no lane closure beginning 2 hr. prior to the event and ending $\frac{1}{2}$ hr. following event commencement with no full lane closures considered until 2 hr.

• Texas Rangers Home Games (no lane closure beginning 2 hr. prior to the event and ending $\frac{1}{2}$ hr. following event commencement with no full lane closures considered until 2

• Dallas Cowboys Home Games (no lane closure beginning 2 hr. prior to the event and ending $\frac{1}{2}$ hr. following event commencement with no full lane closures considered until 2

• Major Events at the American Airline Center, Globe Life Park in Arlington, AT&T Stadium with expected attendance exceeding 15,000 (no lane closures beginning 2 hr. prior to event and ending 1/2 hr. following event commencement with no full closures

Major Downtown Dallas Events (restrictions will be considered on a case-by-case basis). This category could include, but is not limited to, parades for sports championships, major political events, major Art District Events, and large athletic events such as

General Notes

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liquidated damages being charged each working day that the callout work request remains incomplete. The dollar amount specified in the contract will be deducted from any money due or to become due the Contractor. This amount will be assessed not as a penalty but as liquidated damages.

The continuous prosecution to completion is an essential element of the contract. Failure to continuously prosecute the work without the Engineer's approval will result in liquidated damages being charged each working day until work commences. The dollar amount specified in the contract will be deducted from any money due or to become due the Contractor. This amount will be assessed not as a penalty but as liquidated damages.

When a minimum production rate is shown in the plans, liquidated damages will be charged for each working day the minimum production rate is not met.

The Lane Closure Assessment Fee is shown on the following table. The fee applies to the Contractor for closures or obstructions that overlap into restricted hour traffic for each hour or portion thereof, regardless of the duration of the lane closure or obstruction.

Table 1

Lan	Lane Closure Assessment Fee Table					
	Roadway	Amount Per Lane Per Hour				
	BI 45J	\$100				
	IH 20	\$2,500				
	IH 45	\$1,500				
	IH 635	\$4,000				
	US 80	\$1,500				
	US 175	\$2,000				
	SH 310	\$400				
	SH 342	\$400				
	SH 352	\$500				
	SL 12	\$500				

Notify the TxDOT office a minimum of 24 hr. before beginning striping operations.

Contractor will submit a bar chart or CPM chart for progress of schedule. Present work to begin no later than 7 calendar days from the work order letter unless otherwise approved.

Perform work during the shaded months presented in the "Schedule of Work" Table.

Project Number: RMC-637699001

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	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
Site Specific Work												
Non-Site Specific Work												

For Site Specific items, work will begin no later than 7 calendar days from issuance of the work order letter and continuously processed to completion unless otherwise approved.

For Site Specific items, it is of utmost importance that work be prosecuted to completion within the timeframe noted in the contract. Liquidated Damages will be assessed for work performed outside the identified Site Specific Schedule of Work.

For Non-Site Specific items, Contractor may prosecute work at any time only if locations are known and approved by the Engineer. Otherwise, work for Non-Site Specific locations is expected to take place within the identified timeline shown on this "Schedule of Work" Table.

Item 9 – Measurement and Payment:

Do not obtain law enforcement personnel without requesting in writing 48 hr. prior to need and the Engineer's written approval. The Department may compensate the Contractor for providing full time, off-duty, uniformed, law enforcement personnel, and patrol car. The law enforcement personnel may be required for assistance with traffic control for lane or ramp closures or other situations that dictate the need for law enforcement officers as directed. Off-duty law enforcement personnel will have transportation jurisdiction and full police powers. Law enforcement personnel will show proof of certification by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE). This will be paid under "Force Account - Law Enforcement Personnel". TxDOT Form 318 will be utilized.

Payment for police officer hours under force account method will not exceed the duration of the lane closure. Time will begin when set up operations commence and end when the closure is removed.

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TABLE 2 **SCHEDULE OF WORK**

County: Dallas County

Control: 6376-99-001

Highway: US 80

Item 351 – Flexible Pavement Structure Repair:

A shuttle bug will be used to transfer material.

Minimum production rate is 250 SY per day.

Existing asphalt to be removed will be sawed full depth along neat lines where portions are to be left in place temporarily or permanently.

Do not expose any location that cannot receive, at a minimum, a single surface treatment or the final pavement surface in any one day."

Coarse aggregates to be used in the surface course will have a minimum surface aggregate classification of "B".

Cutouts must have Superpave SP-B SAC-B PG 64-22, Cement Stabilized Base, or Flexible Base TY "D" placed by the end of each day with proper slope protection.

Furnish MS-2 or SS-1 Emulsified Asphalt in accordance with Item 300, "Asphalt, Oils and Emulsions," for tack coat.

Provide surface course Superpave SP-C SAC-A PG 70-22 when hot mix is specified, 1 Course Surface Treatment or a 2 Course Surface Treatment as shown in the plans. Asphalt edges will be beveled to eliminate pavement drop offs.

Slope any vertical or near vertical longitudinal face exceeding 1 1/4 in. in height in the pavement surface open to traffic at the end of a work period to a minimum of 1:1. Taper transverse faces in a manner acceptable to the Engineer.

The surface of the pavement after compaction will be smooth and true to the established line, grade, and cross section. When tested with a 10 ft. straight edge placed parallel to the centerline of the roadway or tested by other equivalent means, the maximum deviation will not exceed 1/8 in. within 10 ft., unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Occasional repair requests for various areas may arise.

Begin "Finishing" as soon as possible behind surface course operations.

Provide Short Term Work Zone Pavement Markings or tabs where striping is eliminated.

The new pavement structure shall be placed with a lay-down machine. Pneumatic-rollers and a flat wheel are required for this contract.

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Item 354 – Planing and Texturing Pavement:

All reclaimed asphaltic material will become property of the Contractor to be removed and recycled properly.

Properly dispose of unsalvageable material at Contractor's own expense.

During the planing operation, maintain the existing centerline stripe for overnight traffic operations unless full width planing is accomplished in one day. Plane all vertical longitudinal faces with a 3:1 slope to meet Edge Condition I as shown on sheet "Worksheet for Edge Condition Treatment Types".

Maintain the surface of planed surfaces prior to HMAC operations.

The planing operation will be followed closely by the hot-mix asphalt (HMA) overlay operation unless otherwise approved. Vacuum loose fines immediately after the milling operation and prior to overlaying with HMA. If inclement weather or other unexpected factors do not allow planed areas to be overlaid as described above, warning signs per Standard Sheet WZ(UL)-13 will be maintained until the hot-mix asphalt overlay operation is completed.

If unstable material is observed after initial milling, plane additional material to a depth that will support traffic.

Use a minimum 30 ft. ski on the planing machine.

Item 500 – Mobilization:

Mobilization is lump sum.

Item 502 – Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling:

Provide traffic control in compliance with the latest edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), the "Traffic Control Standard Sheets" (TCSS), and as directed.

All work on traveled roadways surfaces will generally be performed at night.

All work requiring lane closures on a controlled access facility will be performed Sunday through Thursday between 9 P.M. and 5 A.M., unless otherwise approved. If daytime lane closures are approved, work will be Monday through Thursday between 9 A.M. and 3:30 P.M. and Friday between 9 A.M. and 3:30 P.M., unless otherwise approved.

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Close no more than one lane at a time, unless otherwise approved. Provide proposed lane closure information to the Engineer by 1 P.M. on the day prior to the proposed closures. Furnish information for Monday closures or closures following a national or state holiday on the last office workday prior to the closures. Do not close lanes if the above reporting requirements have not been met.

Maximum length of lane closure will be 2 miles.

Traffic Control Plans with a lane closure causing backups of 20 minutes or greater in duration will be modified by the Engineer.

Erect barricades and signs in locations not obstructing the traveling public's view of the normal roadway signing or necessary sight distance.

Provide sufficient and qualified staff and equipment to revise the traffic control as directed.

Trailer all slow moving vehicles (designed to operate 25 mph or less) crossing freeway main lanes.

When moving unlicensed equipment on or across any pavement or public highways, protect the pavement from all damage using an acceptable method.

Equipment and materials will not be left within 30 ft. of the travel lane during non-working hours.

The work performed, materials furnished and all labor, tools, and equipment necessary to complete the work for Non-Site Specific locations under this Item will not be measured or paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of this contract.

The "Force Account – Safety Contingency" has been established for this project and is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Item 506 – Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls:

Take all practicable precautions to prevent debris from being discharged into the Waters of Texas or a designated wetland. Install Best Management Practices before demolition begins and maintain them during the demolition. Remove any debris or construction material that escapes containment devises and are discharged into the restricted areas before the next rain event or within 24 hr. of the discharge. This work will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

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Item 585 – Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces:

Provide a 10 ft. straightedge at all times. Measure and evaluate ride quality of repairs as directed by using Surface Test Type A. Correct surface areas as required.

Item 662 – Work Zone Pavement Markings:

Appropriate work zone short term tabs will be placed side to side to indicate the beginning and ending of no passing zones presently in place on the road in accordance with standard sheet WZ(STMP)-13.

Item 3077 – Superpave Mixtures:

Design and produce the mixture with a gradation that passes below the reference zone as shown in Table 9 for Item 3077.

Engineer will determine length of overlay in the field. Unless otherwise approved, depth will be as shown in plans.

Tack coat is required. Dilution of tack is not allowed.

Pavement must be dry from milling operations prior to overlaying with HMA.

Use aggregate that meets the Surface Aggregate Classification (SAC) requirement of Class A.

Asphalt edges will be beveled to eliminate pavement drop offs.

An approved anti-stripping agent will be required.

All mixing, placing, and compacting will be completed during daylight hours only. Unless otherwise approved, dumping of the asphalt mixture in a windrow and then placing the mixture in the finishing machine will not be permitted.

Storing the completed mix on the ground will not be permitted at the mixing plant or the job site. Any mix that comes in contact with the earth or other objectionable foreign matter will be rejected.

Provide Short Term Work Zone Pavement Markings where striping is eliminated.

Item 6001 – Portable Changeable Message Sign:

Provide Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) units as approved.

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PCMS will be placed as directed prior to the ramp/lane closures.

Item 6185 – Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA):

The total number of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) required when utilizing the traffic control standards are shown in the tables below.

TCP 1 Series	Scenario	Required TMA		
(1 2) 19	A	1		
(1-3)-18	В	2		
(1-4)-18		1		
(1-5)-18		1		
(1-6)-18		1		

TCP 2 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(2-1)-18	All	1
(2-2)-18	All	1
(2, 2), 18	А	1
(2-3)-18	В	2
(2-4)-18	All	1
(2-5)-18	All	1
(2-6)-18	All	1

TCP 3 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(3-1)-13	All	2
(3-2)-13	All	3
	А	2
(2, 2), 14	В	2
(3-3)-14	С	3
	D	2

TCP 5 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(5 1) 10	А	1
(5-1)-18	В	2

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County: Dallas County

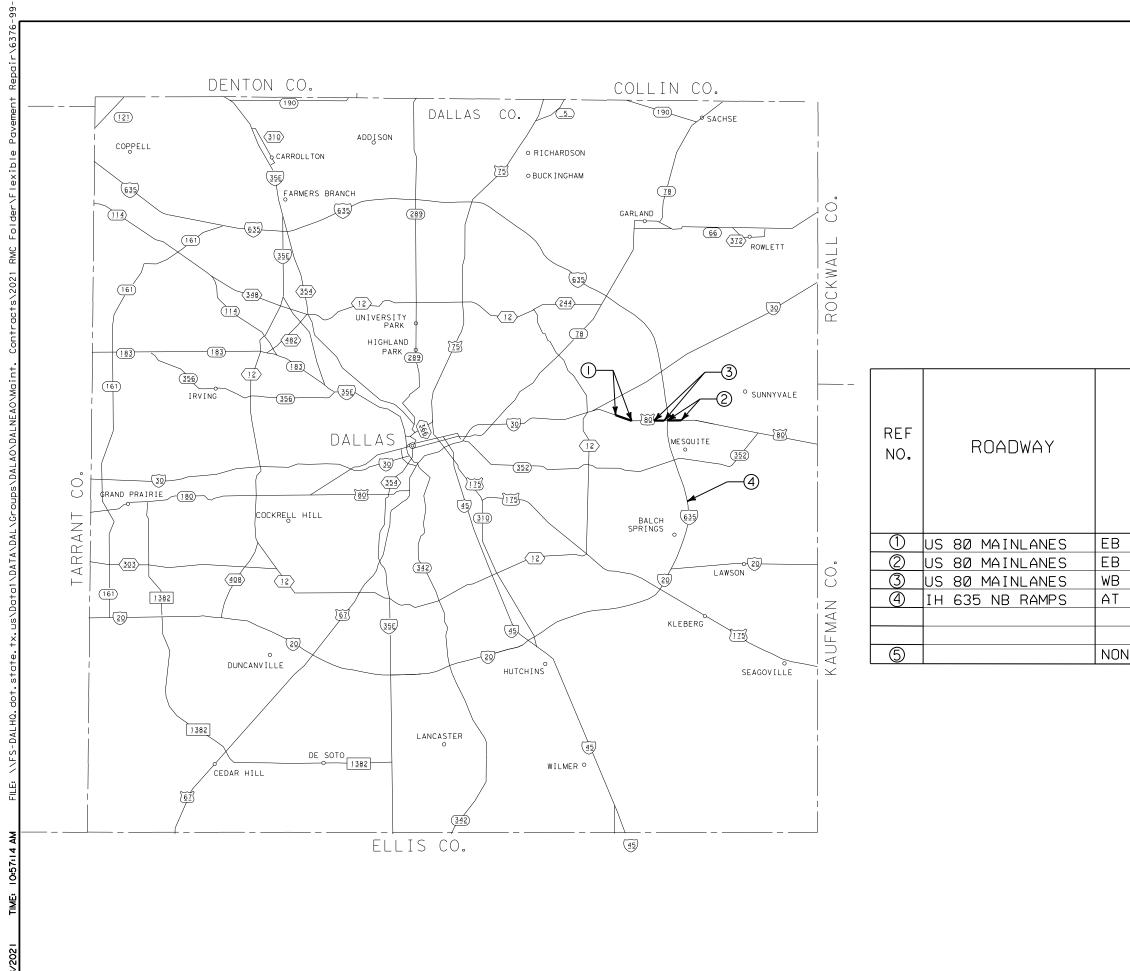
TCP 6 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(6,1), 12	А	1
(6-1)-12	В	2
(6-2)-12	All	1
(6-3)-12	All	1
(6.4) 12	А	1
(6-4)-12	В	2
(6-5)-12	А	1
(0-3)-12	В	2
(6-8)-14	All	1
(6-9)-14	All	1

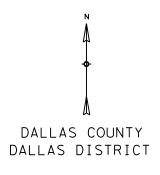
Shadow vehicles equipped for truck mounted attenuators (TMA) for mobile and stationary operations must be available for use at any time as determined by the Engineer.

The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA needed for the project for those times per plan requirements. Additional TMAs used that are not specified in the plans in which the Contractor expects compensation will require prior approval from the Engineer.

Control: 6376-99-001







LIMITS

EB FROM BIGTOWN TO TOWN EAST(INCLUDES RAMP) EB FROM IH635 TO GALLOWAY WB FROM GROSS RD TO S. MESQUITE CREEK AT BRUTON RD (RT SHOULDER)

NON-SITE SPECIFIC LOCATIONS

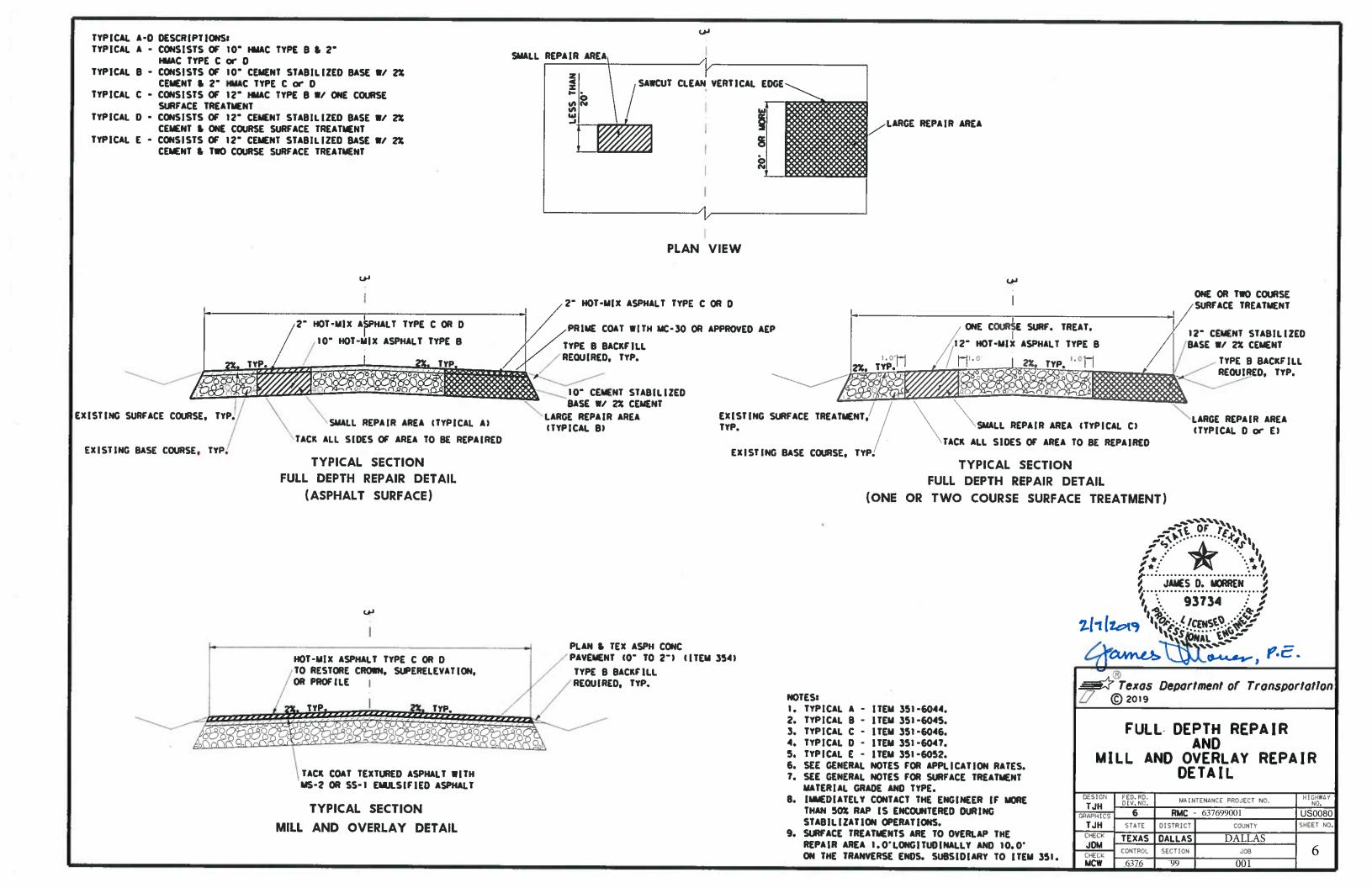
7	© 2021		nent of Transpor	tation
DESIGN NP	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	MAI	NTENANCE PROJECT	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	6	RM	C-637699001	US0080
NP	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK DN	TEXAS	DALLAS	DALLAS	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	4
DN	6376	99	001	

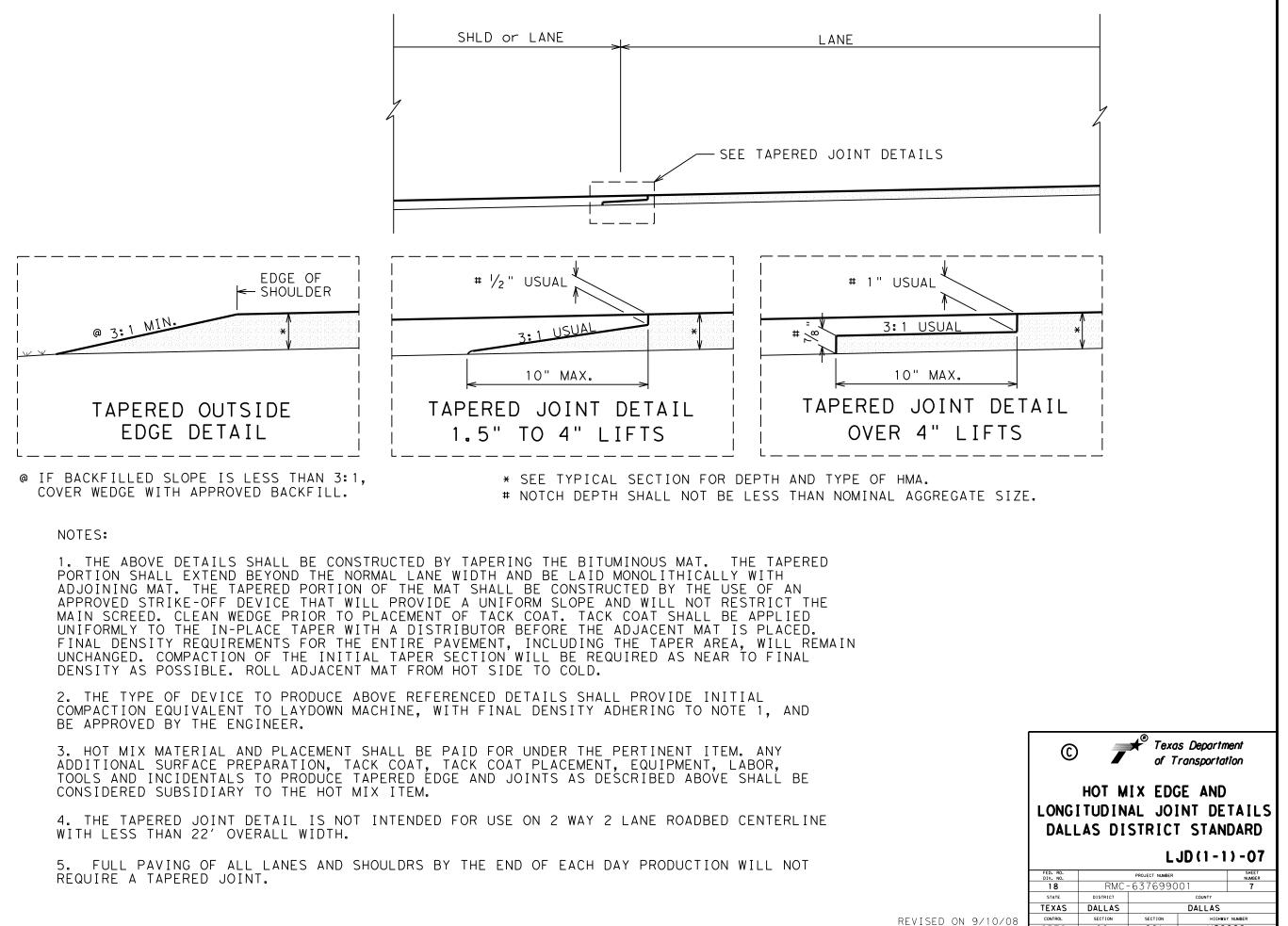
r \6376-								
REF	LOCATION	REFERENCE MARKERS	ADT	3077 602 I	35 I 6044	354 600		600 I 600 I
Folder/Flexible Pavement				SUPERPAV MIXTURES SP-C PG70-22		IR 🛛 ASPH C	CONC CHAI	RTABLE NGEABLE ESSAGE SIGN
der / F				TON	SY	SY		DAY
	US 80: EASTBOUND MAINLANES- BIGTOWN TO TOWN EAST*	661-662	80583	3060		1407	70	
2	US 80: EASTBOUND MAINLANES- IH 635 TO GALLOWAY	664-665	90563	1600		960	0	
<u>s</u> 3	US 80: WESTBOUND MAINLANES- GROSS RD TO S. MESQUITE CREEK	664-663	91608	1950		1182	20	
3 4 4	IH 635: NB RAMP TO BRUTON RD (RT RAMP SHOULDER)	3	168685	224		35	5	
Contro								
± 5	NON-SITE SPECIFIC LOCATIONS				1000			30
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	PROJECT TOTALS			6834	1000	3684	15	30
*	INCLUDES ENTRANCE RAMP							
REF	LOCATION	REFERENCE MARKERS	ADT	662 6109	666 6302	666 6314	666 6305	666 6035
				WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(O 90MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(O 90MIL)	RE PM W/RET REC TY I (W)6"(BRK)(090MIL)	REFL F MRK T (W)8''(SL 90MII
				EA	LF	LF	LF	LF
	US 80: EASTBOUND MAINLANES- BIGTOWN TO TOWN EAST*	661-662	80583	450	5100	5100	1300	1550
<u>s 2</u>	US 80: EASTBOUND MAINLANES- IH 635 TO GALLOWAY	664-665	90563	300	3300	3300	900	430
¥ <u>3</u>	US 80: WESTBOUND MAINLANES- GROSS RD TO S. MESQUITE CREEK	664-663	91608	300	4000	4000	1000	430
state.	IH 635: NB RAMP TO BRUTON RD (RT RAMP SHOULDER)	3	168685					
2. dot.								
DALHO	NON-SITE SPECIFIC LOCATIONS			50				
T	PROJECT TOTALS			1100	12400	12400	3200	2410
*	INCLUDES ENTRANCE RAMP				12100	12100	0200	
2:25:15 PM FILE:								

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66)35	666 6029	672 6010
- PAV TY I SLD)(O MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8''(DOT)(090MIL)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
<u> </u>	LF	EA
50	1100	400
30	75	250
30		100
10	1175	750

7	© 2021							
	SUM	IMAR	Y SHEET					
DESIGN NP	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	MAI	NTENANCE PROJECT	HIGHWAY NO.				
GRAPHICS	6	RMO	2-637699001	US0080				
NP	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
CHECK DN	TEXAS	DALLAS	DALLAS					
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	5				
		99	001					





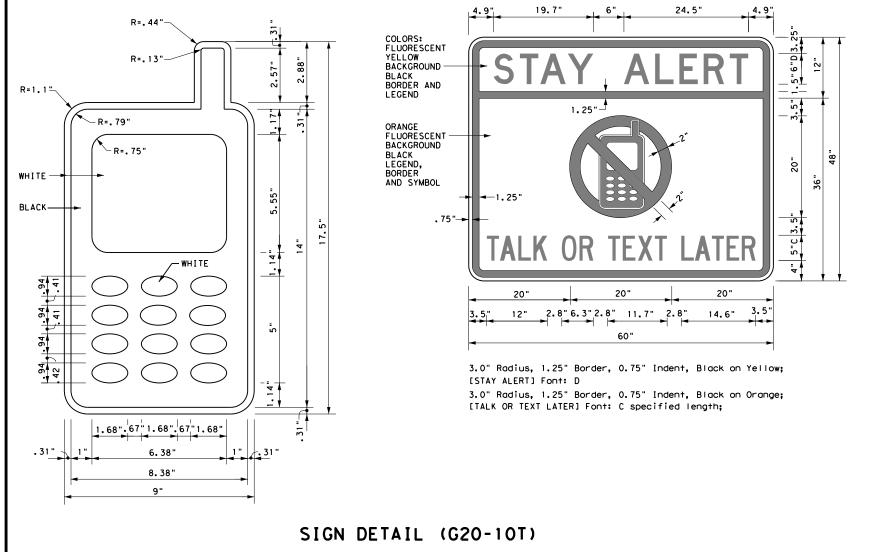
US0080

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended 1. to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the 2. responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop. sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



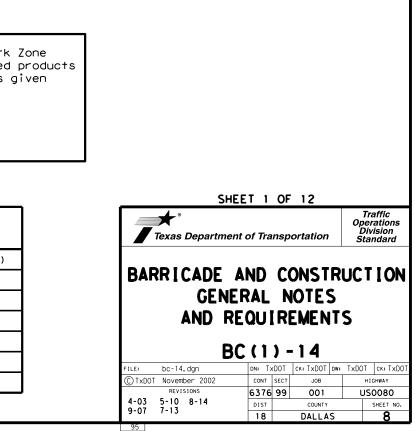
Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118

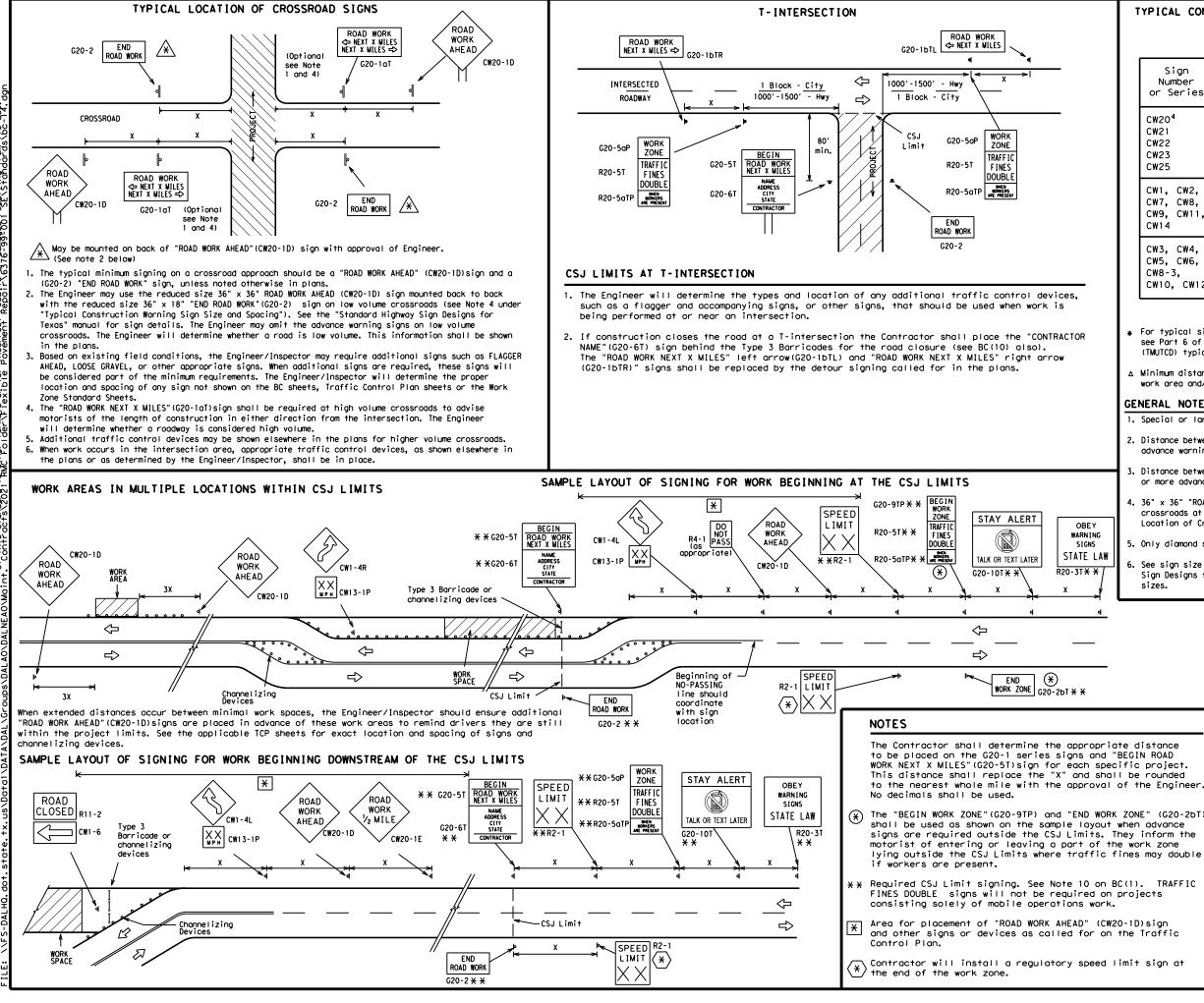
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TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

SPACING							
Posted Speed	Sign ^A Spacing "X"						
МРН	Feet (Apprx.)						
30	120						
35	160						
40	240						
45	320						
50	400						
55	500 ²						
60	600 ²						
65	700 ²						
70	800 ²						
75	900 ²						
80	1000 ²						
*	* 3						

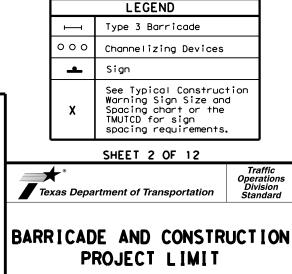
* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

△ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

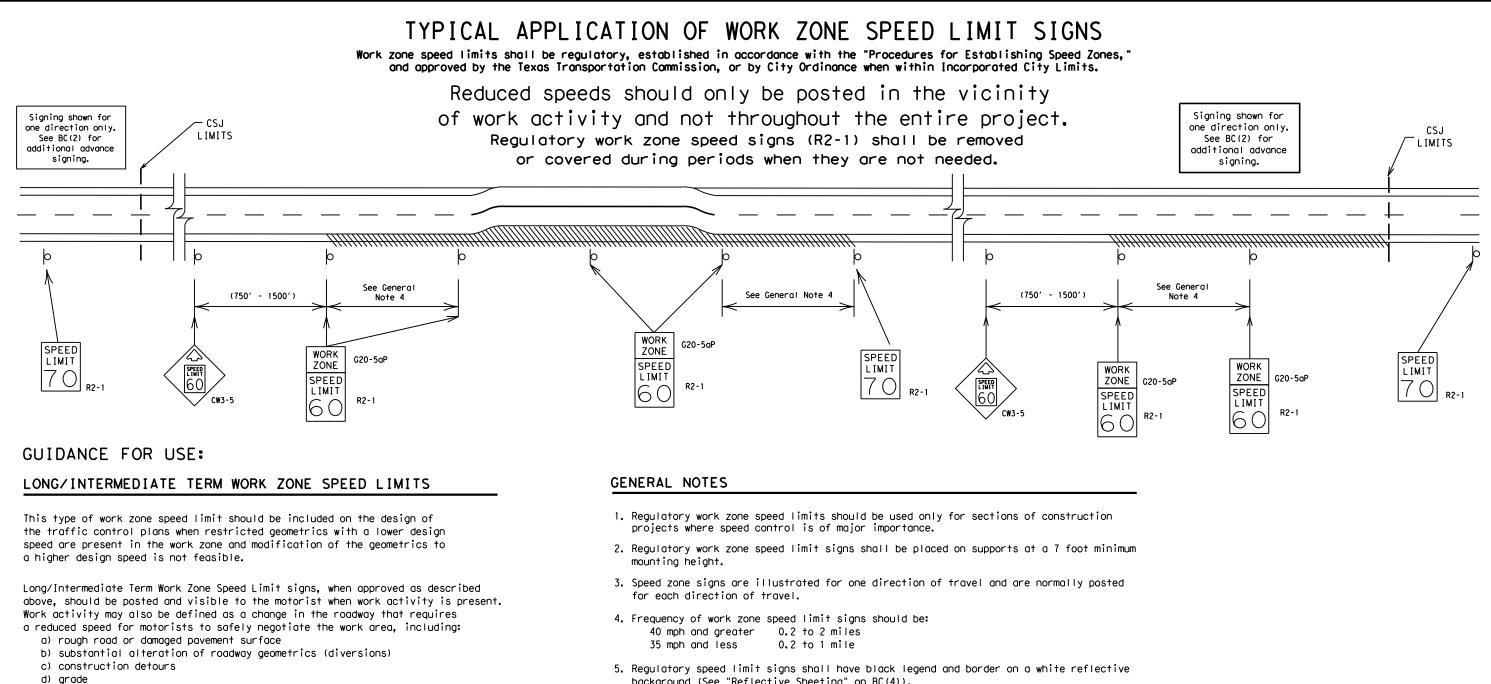
GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

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- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

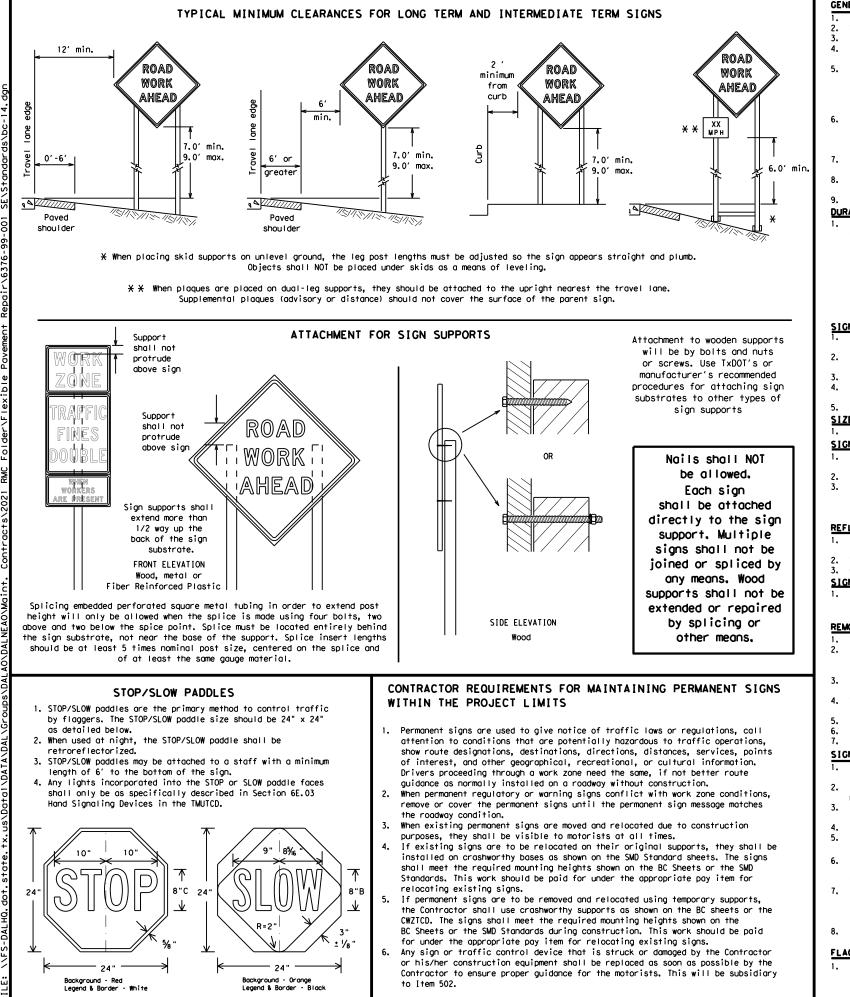
SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

- background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

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GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- auide the travelina public safely through the work zone.
- the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes
- verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- for identification shall be 1 inch.

The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

- regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements. Long-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. d.

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- the around.
- Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- SIZE OF SIGNS

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face, REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.

SIGN LETTERS

first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the
- Burlop shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
- The sandbaas will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact, Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbaas shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

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Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can

The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except

The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.

fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6"

All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type BFL or Type CFL, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any

entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.

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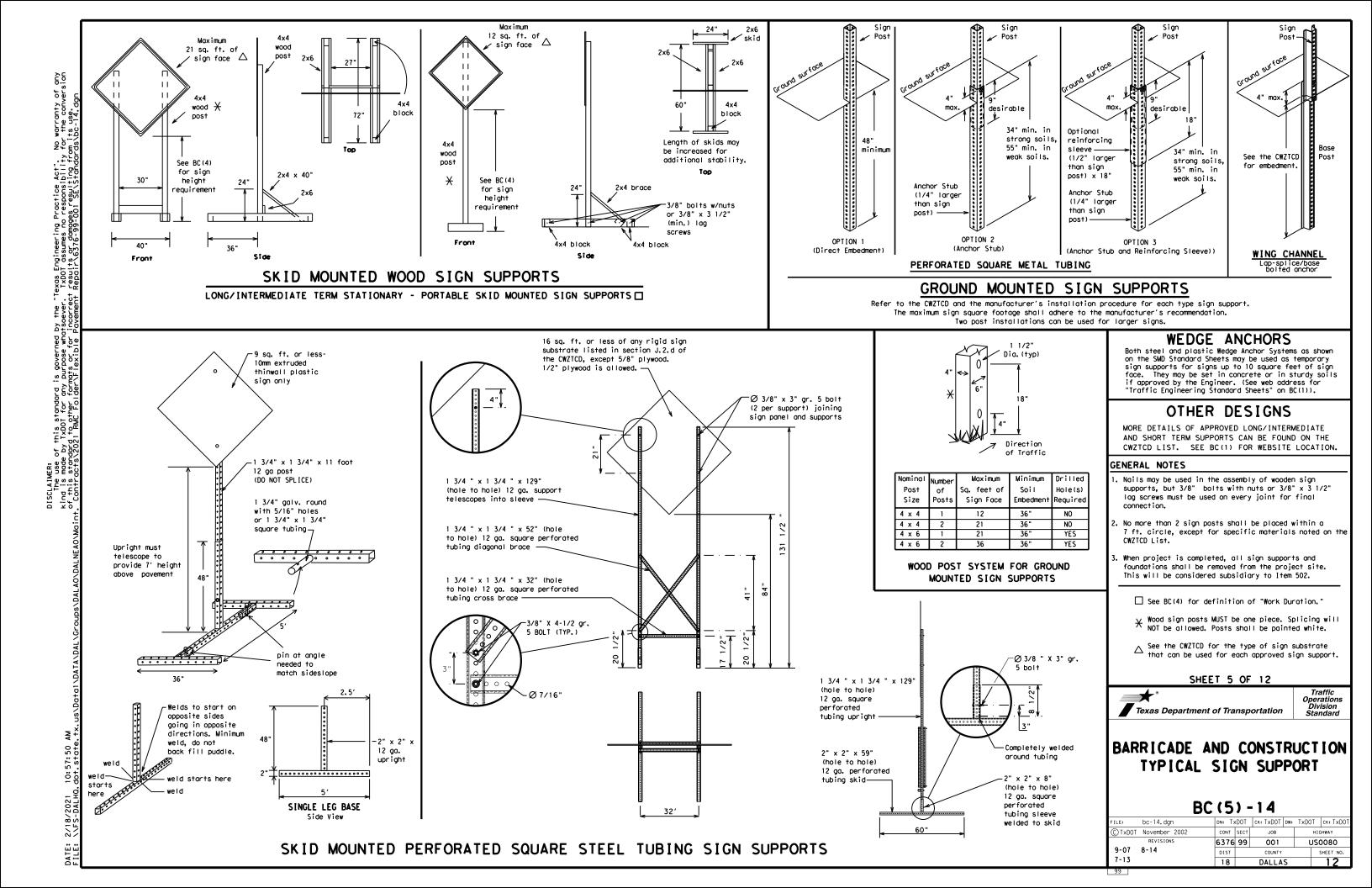
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Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operation Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to 2. eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) 5. along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to 7. start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are avail-8. able for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together, Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	Ν
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PKING RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RTLN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WTLIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES (The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

MERGE

RIGHT

DETOUR

NEXT

X EXITS

USE

EXIT XXX

STAY ON

US XXX

SOUTH

TRUCKS

USE

US XXX N

WATCH

FOR

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

REDUCE

SPEED

XXX FT

USE

OTHER

ROUTES

STAY

ΤN

I ANF

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Action to Take/Effect on Travel

List

FORM

X LINES

RIGHT

USE

XXXXX

RD EXIT

USE EXIT

I-XX

NORTH

USE

I-XX F

TO I-XX N

WATCH

FOR

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

PREPARE

то

STOP

END

SHOULDER

USE

WATCH

FOR

WORKERS

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

		Unier
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWOF XXX FI
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGE XXXX F
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT L NARROW XXXX F
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGIN TRAFFI XXXX F
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX F
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWOF PAST SH XXX
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX F
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFI SIGNAL XXXX F
XXXXXXXX BL VD	V AND CULT	n Phase 1 must be use

Other Co	ndition List
ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	L ANE S SHIFT

sed with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- appropriate. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can
- be interchanged as appropriate. 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed. 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a
- location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT FACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

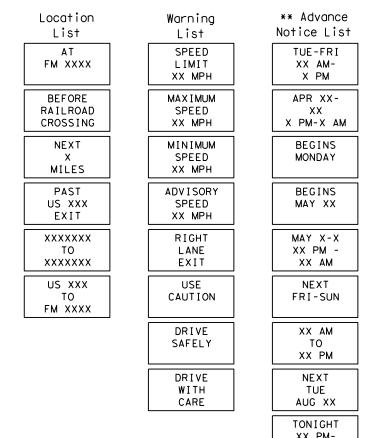
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the some size arrow.

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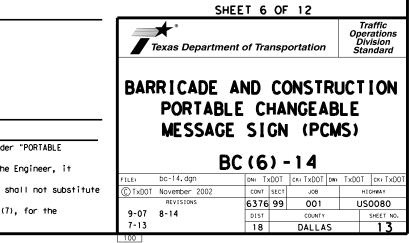
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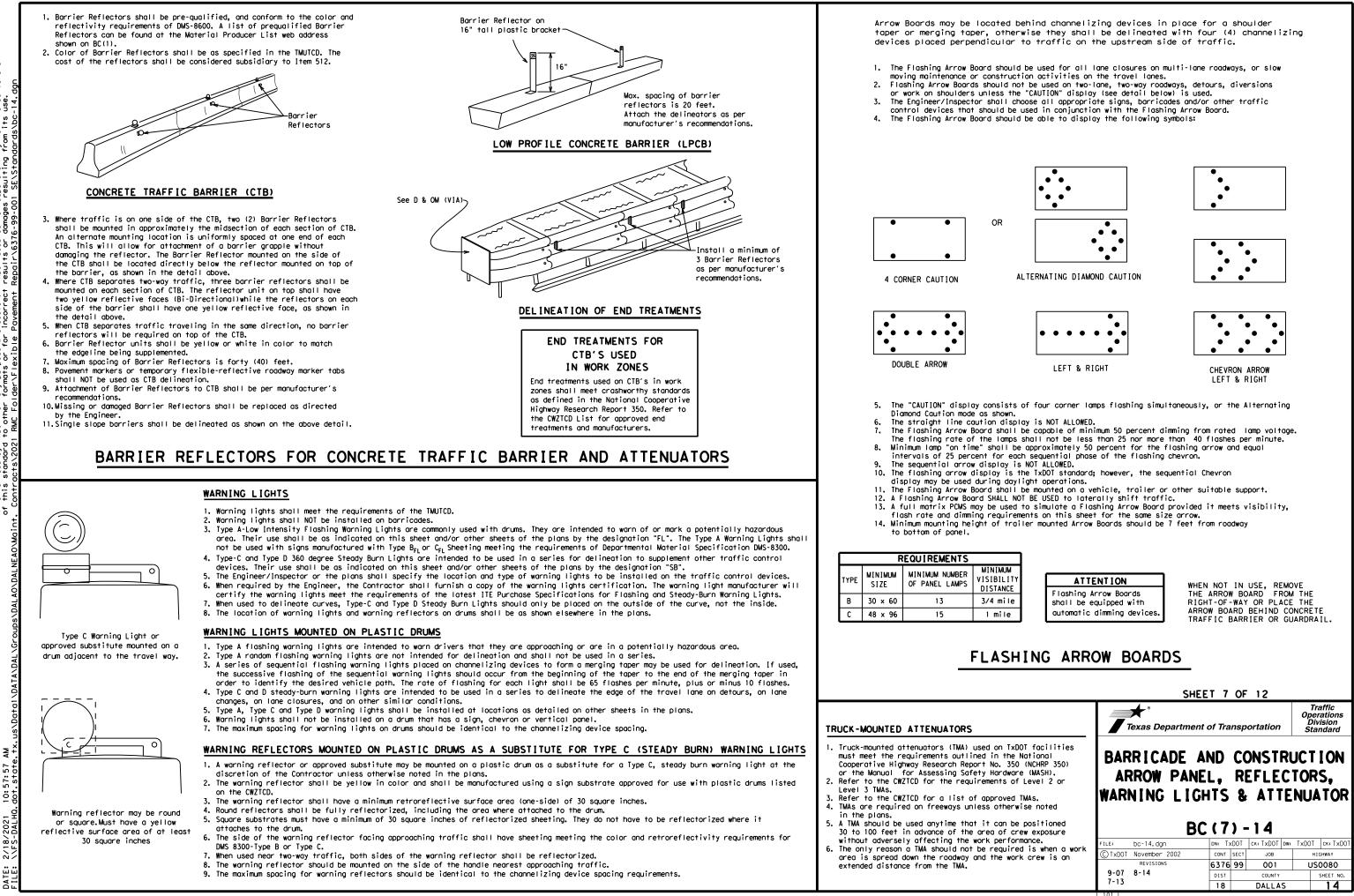
Phase 2: Possible Component Lists



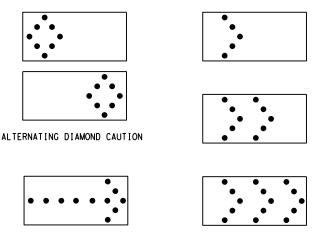
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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

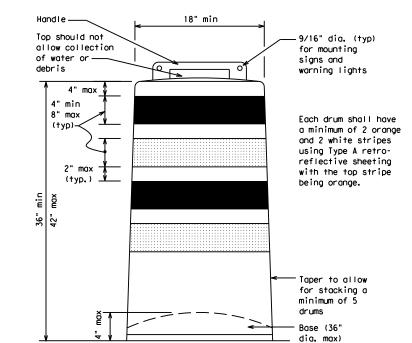
- Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

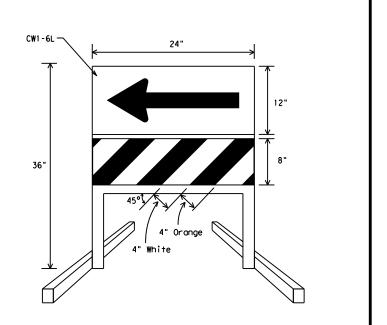
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials," Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be subplied unless otherwise spectrue in the plans.
 The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

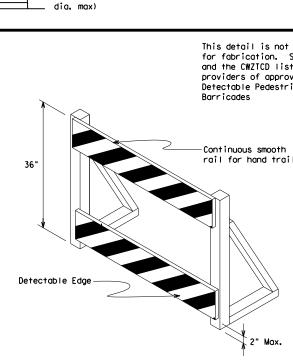
- Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional auidance to drivers is necessary.
- guidance to drivers is necessary.If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B_{FL}or Type C_{FL}Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- 4. Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- 5. Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZICD List. Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



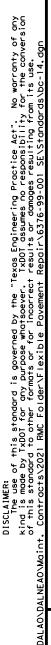
DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, cl relocated in a TIC zone, the temporary facilities sha detectable and include accessibility features consist the features present in the existing pedestrian facil
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a per with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a shall be placed across the full width of the closed s
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concr barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a cont detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a ped path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices of detectable, do not comply with the design standards "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guide for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable p barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for t trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

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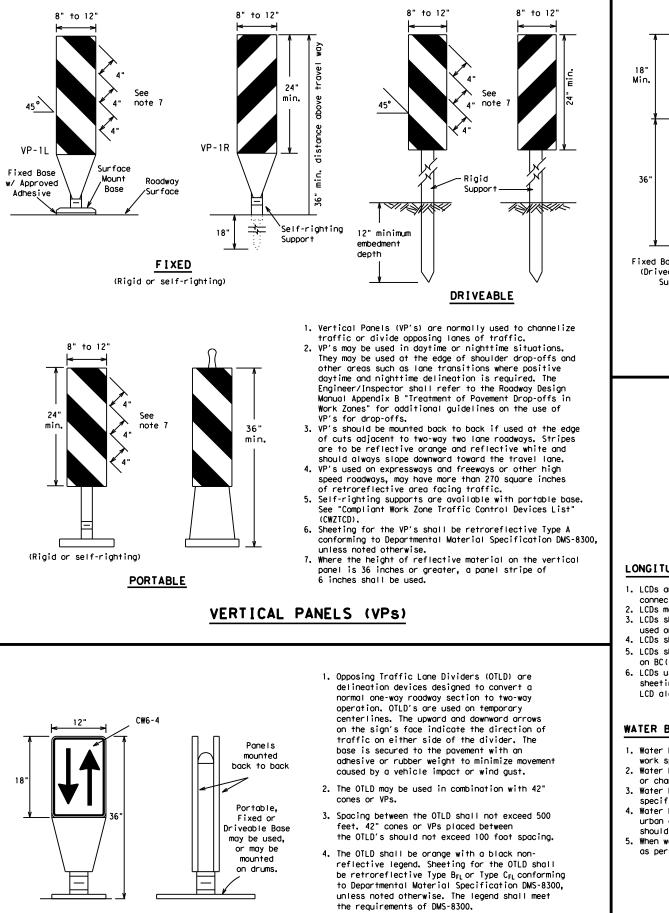
See note 3 if for oved Substrates fished on the CM/LUL. Start or oved Start or over and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be monufactured with Type B ₁ , or Type C ₁ , Orange sheeting meeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300. Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall be monufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300. Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane. 9. Upt the sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below. 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two woshers, and one locking washer for each connection. 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts. 7. Chevrons may be placed on druns on the autside of curves, on merging topers or on shifting topers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drun or spaced not more than on every third drun. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans. 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer. Pilong cone sidewalk. ShEET 8 OF 12 Intent with tits we the or other is the dot for the plans. 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer. <		
substrates listed on the CWZTCD. Substrates listed on the CWZTCD. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an arange background shall be manufactured with type B ₁ or Type C ₁ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans. Comparison of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans. Comparison of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans. Comparison of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans. Comparison of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans. Comparison of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane. Comparison of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane. Comparison of the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed a noncetion. Comparison of the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed a noncetion. Comparison of the Bolew. Comparison of th		(Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED
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OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a 12" minimum size of 12 by 18 inches. 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway. 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need. 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet. 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300. 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible transitions on freeways and divided highways Support can be used) self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums. CHEVRONS ' 9 Q LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD) 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact. 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums. 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers. 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes. 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device. WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application. 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings. 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone. If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height. HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30		150'	1651	180'	30′	60 <i>'</i>	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	
60	L - # 3	600 <i>'</i>	660′	720′	60 <i>'</i>	120′	
65		650′	715′	780'	65 <i>'</i>	130'	
70		700′	770'	840'	70′	140'	
75		750'	8251	900′	75′	150'	
80		800'	880'	960′	80 <i>'</i>	160'	

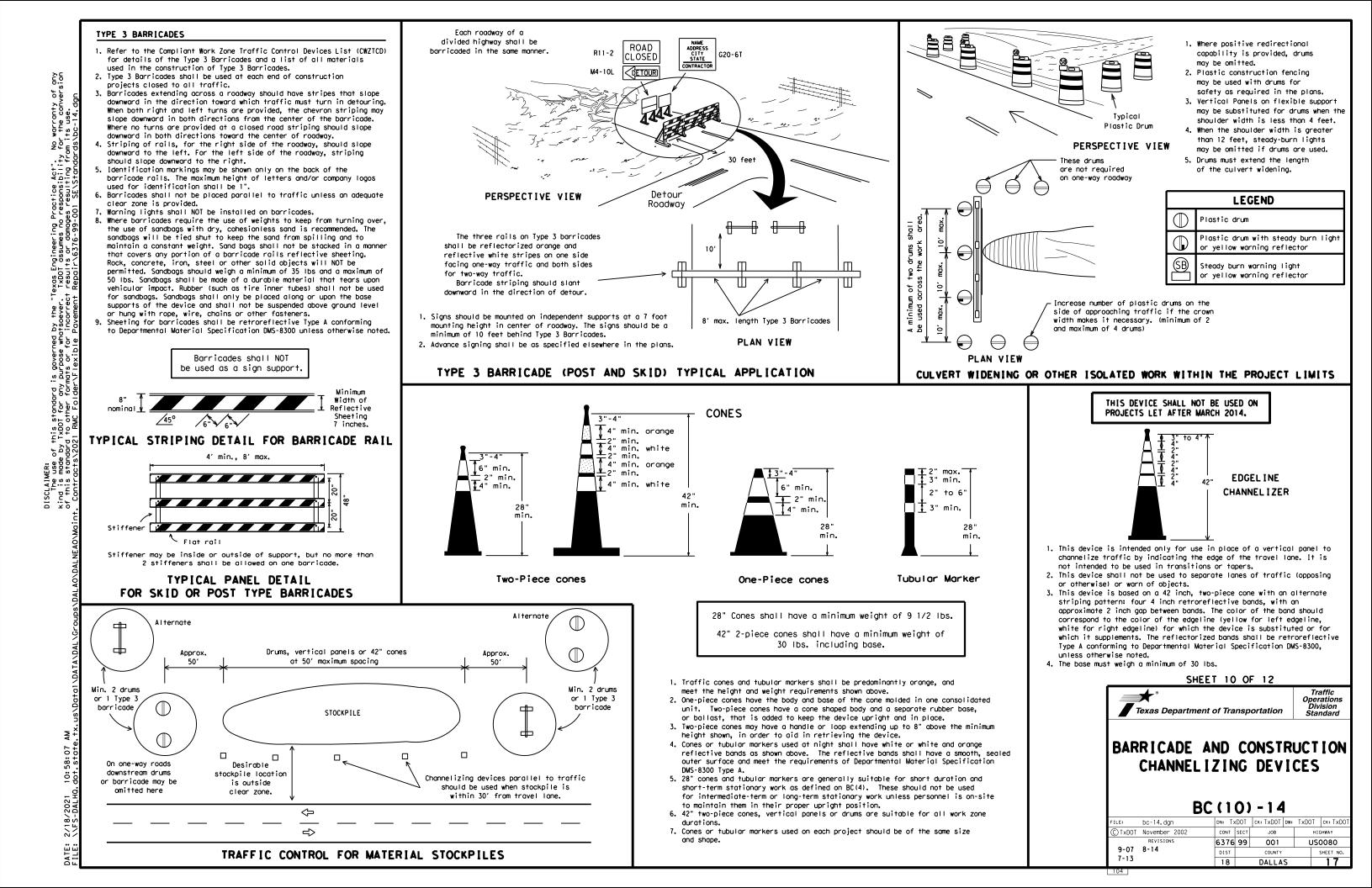
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12 Traffic **∳*** Operations Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

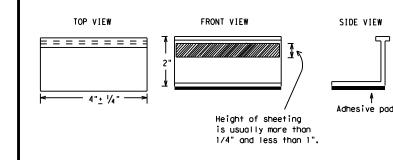
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200,
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:

YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

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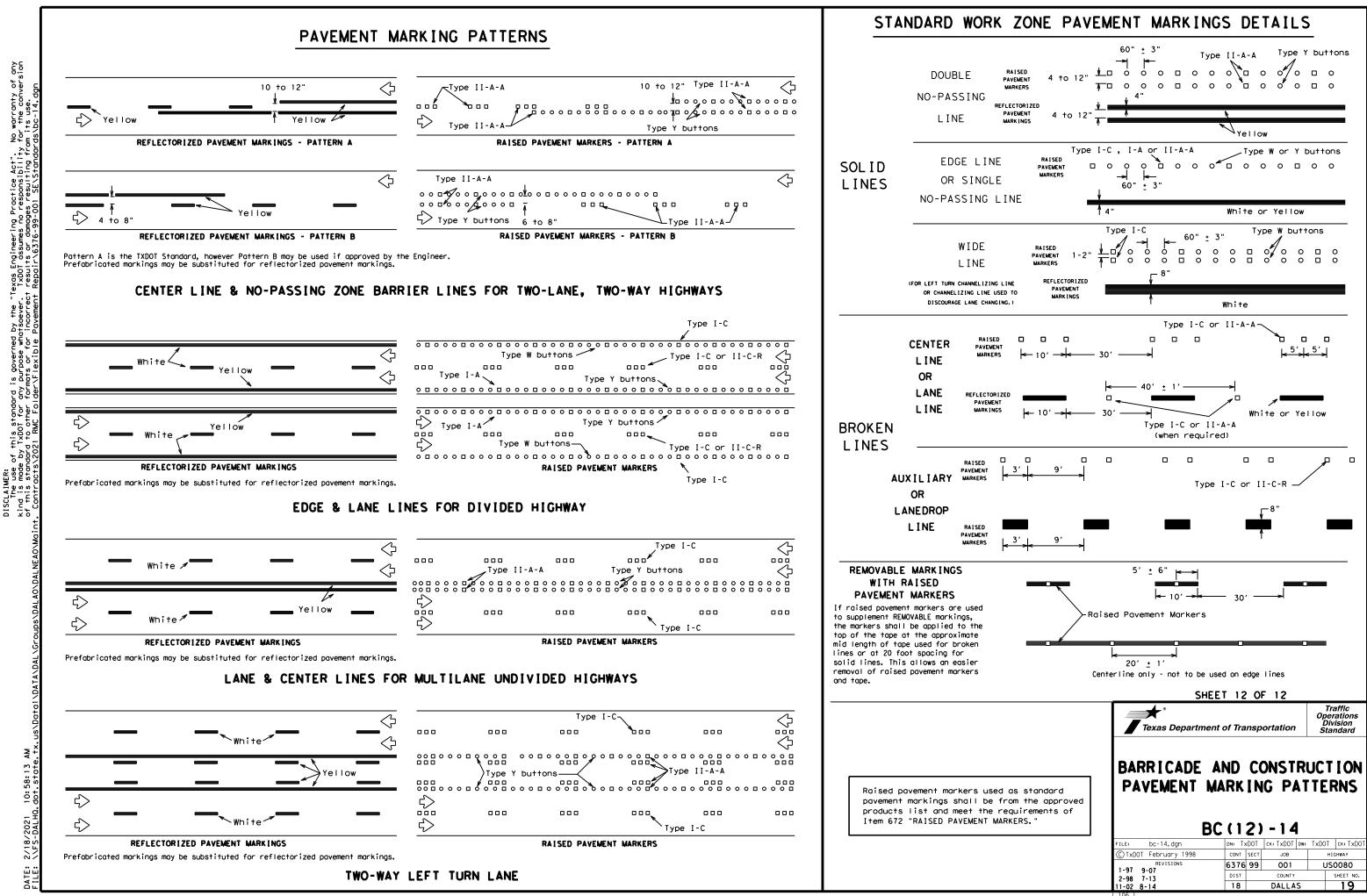
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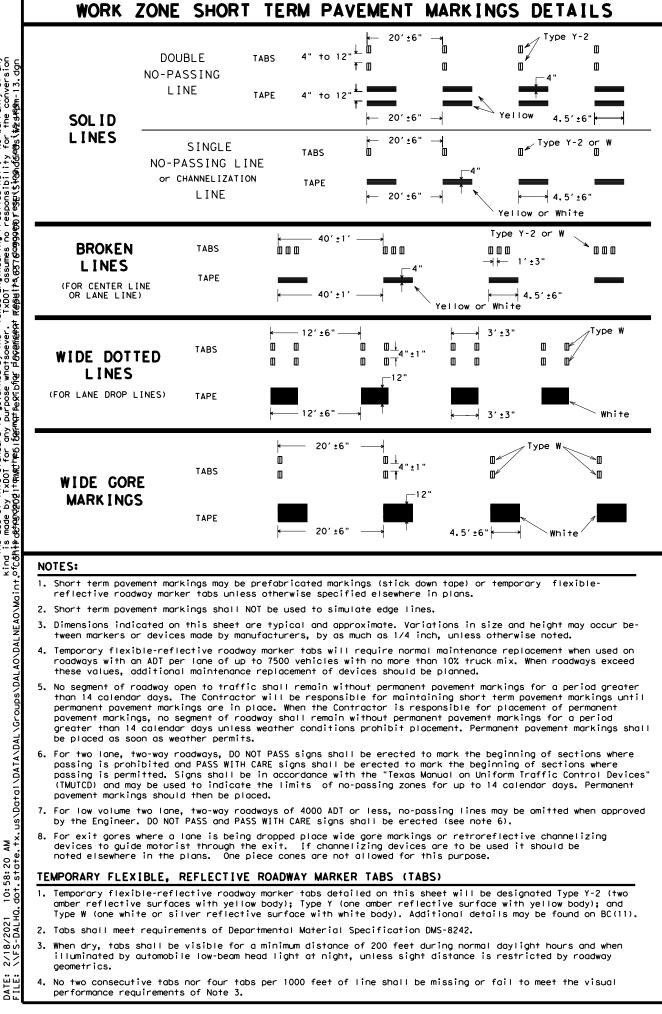
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

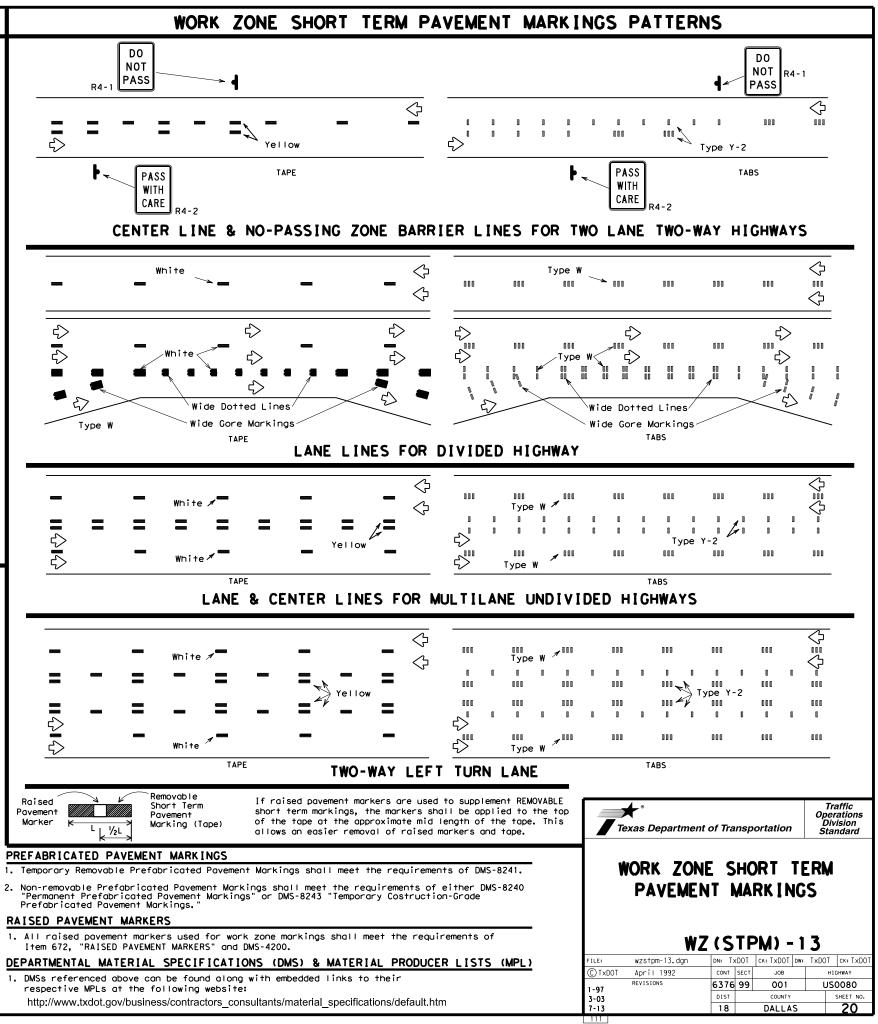
A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).



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				BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS				
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FILE: bc-14.dgn	BC (11)) - 1 4 ск: ТхDOT DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT				
		CK: TxDOT DW:		ck: TxDOT ghway				
FILE: bc-14.dgn CTxDOT February 1998 REVISIONS	DN: TXDOT	СК: TxDOT Dw: JOB	нI					
FILE: bc-14.dgn ©TxDOT February 1998	DN: TXDOT	СК: TxDOT Dw: JOB	нI	GHWAY				

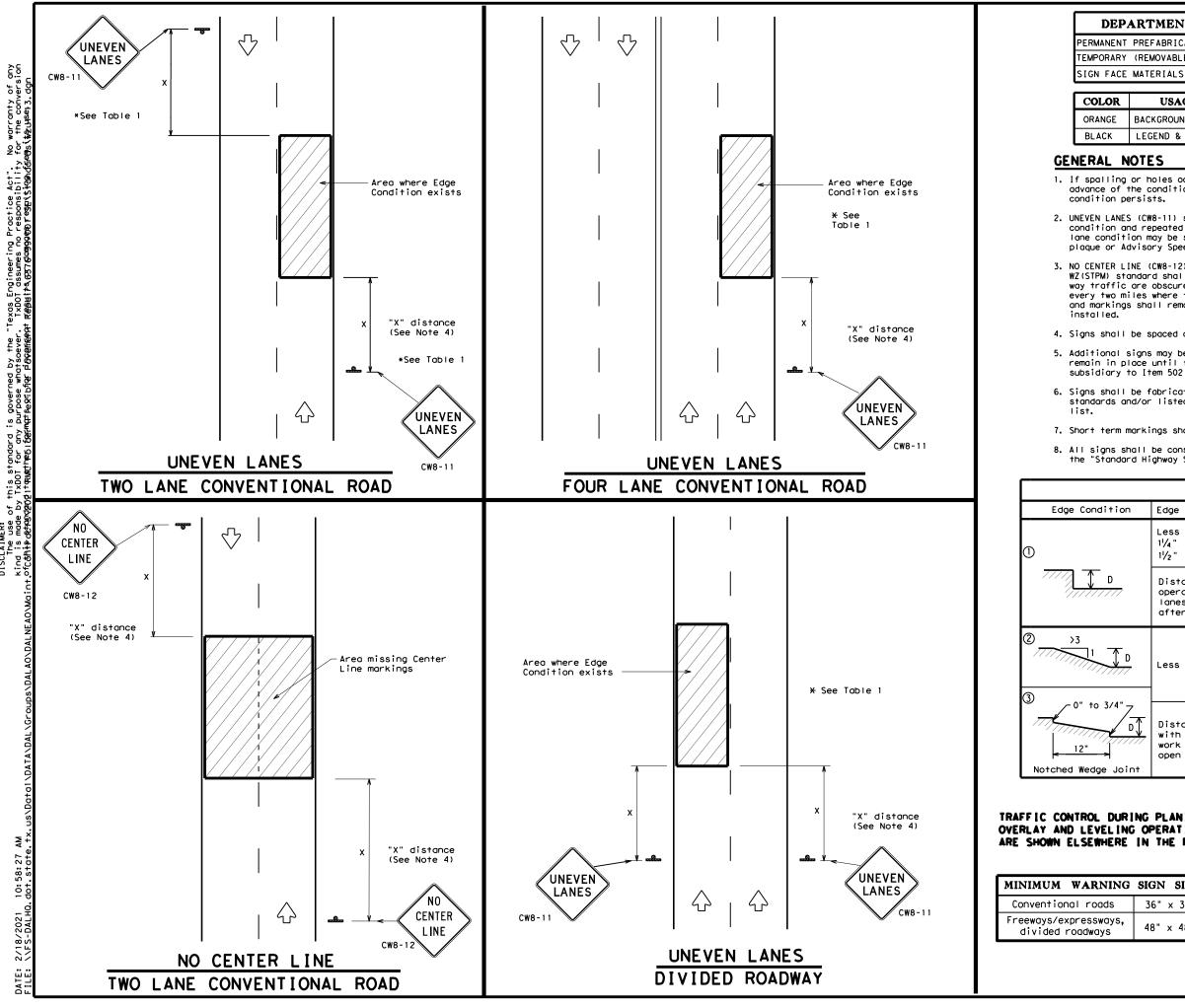






Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

- 1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

DMS-8240

DMS-8300

PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS DMS-8241

USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the

 UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.

3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are

4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.

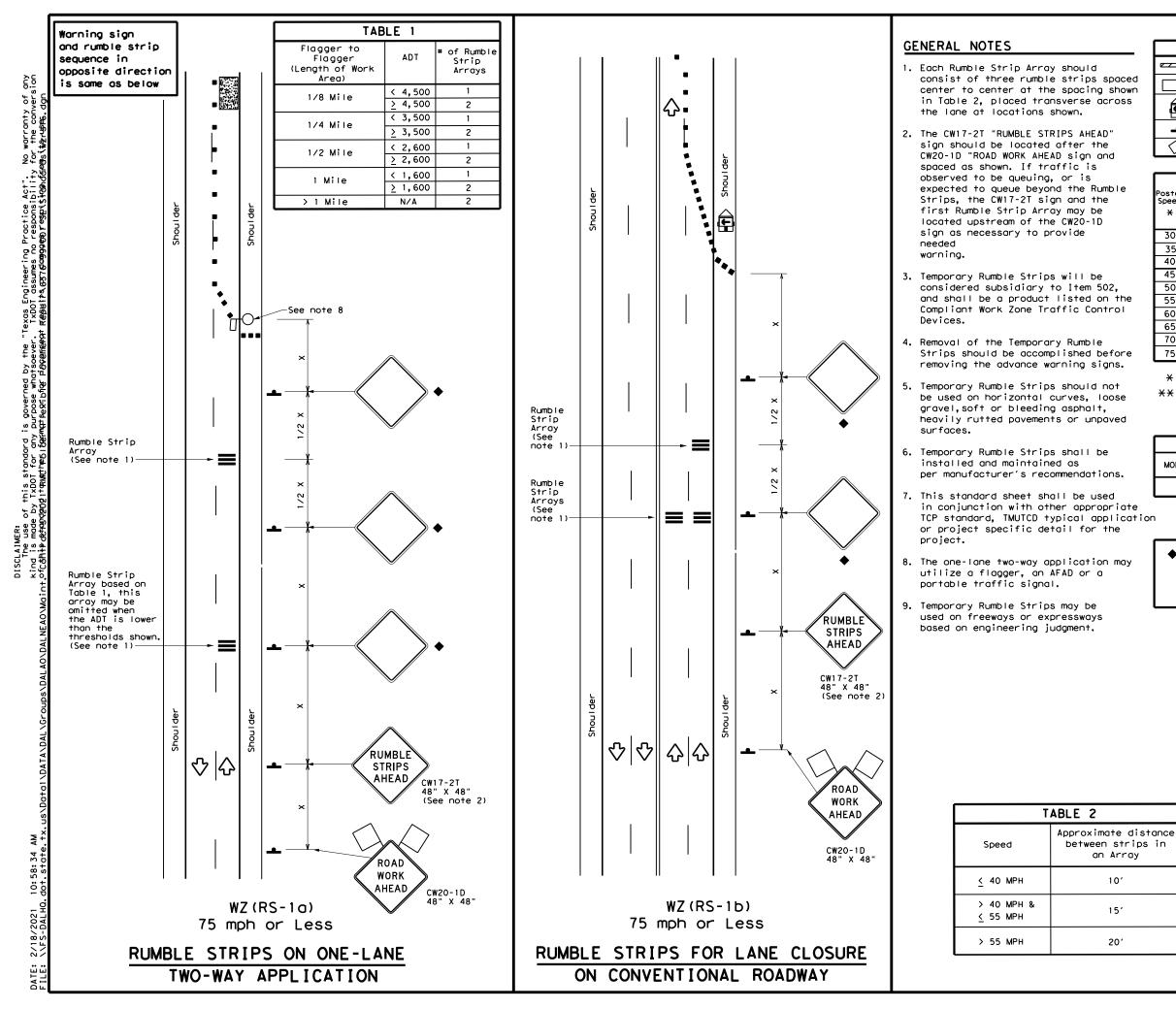
5. Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."

6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"

7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.

All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

	Т	ABLE 1					
ion	Edge Height (D)	* Warnir	ng Devic	es		
	Less than or $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical)	planing)	Sig	n: CW8-	11		
7	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.						
, D	Less than or equal to 3" Sign: CW8-11						
	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".						
ING O	PLANING, PERATIONS THE PLANS,	Texas	SIGN			Ope Div	raffic rations vision andard
	SIGN SIZE UNEVEN LANES						
<u>د</u>	48" x 48" WZ (UL) - 1 3						
		C TxDOT Ap	zul-13.dgn pril 1992 ISIONS 13	DN: TxDOT CONT SECT 6376 99 DIST 18	JOB	H	CK: TXDOT IGHWAY 50080 SHEET NO. 21
		112					



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LEGEND				
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices	
□‡	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)	
4	Sign	\Diamond	Traffic Flow	
Ś	Flag	ц	Flagger	

he	

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Špaci: Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>ws</u> ²	150'	1651	180'	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	2051	225'	245'	35′	70′	1601	120′
40	80	265'	295′	320'	40′	80 <i>'</i>	240'	155′
45		450 <i>'</i>	495′	540'	45′	90 <i>'</i>	320'	195′
50		500'	550'	600′	50'	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55′	110'	500'	295′
60	L - 11 S	600 <i>'</i>	660′	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′
70		700′	770'	840′	70'	140'	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only

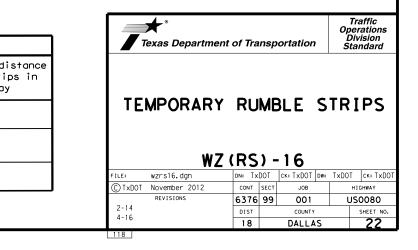
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

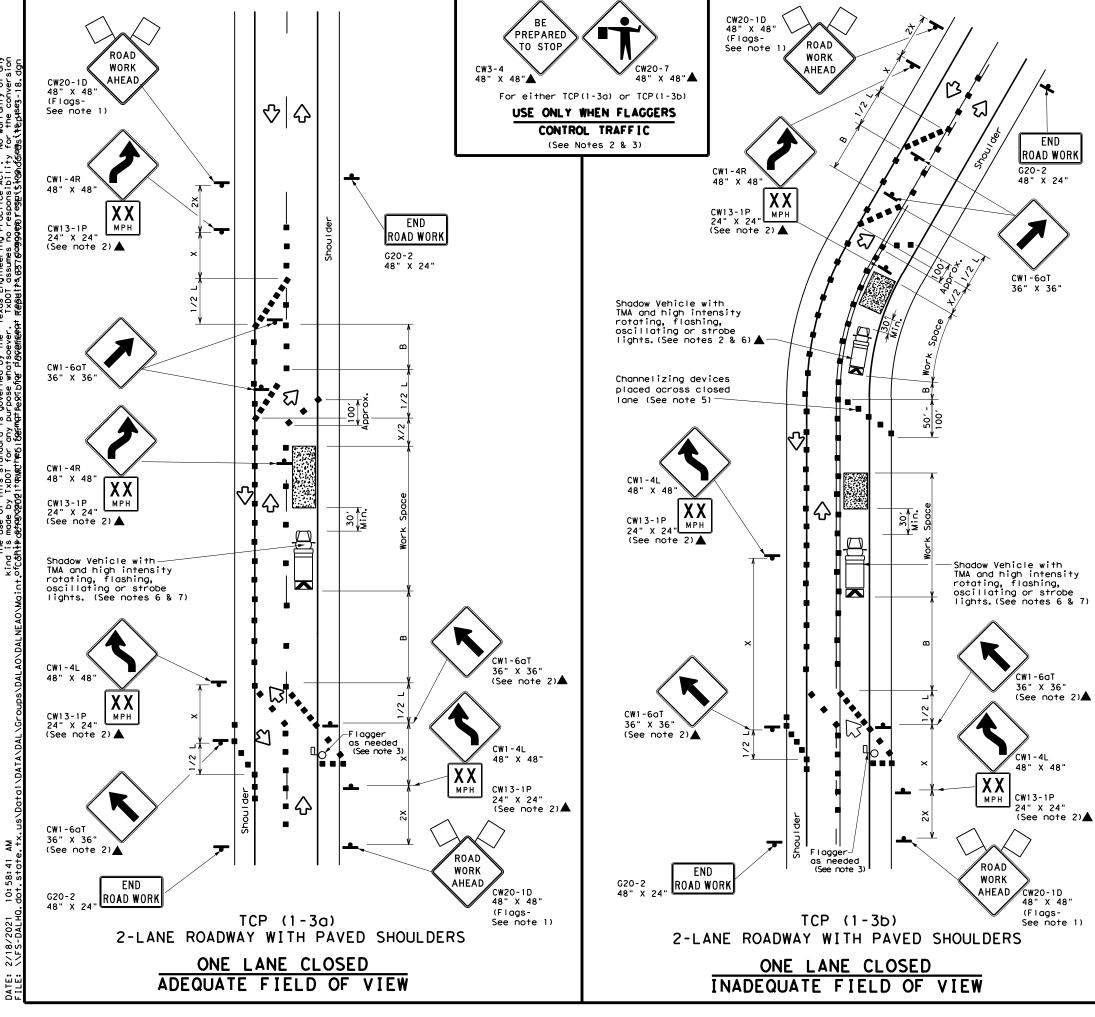
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)

S=Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1								

♦ Signs are for illustrative purposes only, Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.





ç a d No warranty of for the convers 08sitec4se3-18.c DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". Kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility of Abis.etandand:textihe5[fermathe8ngfer PGGefferrat Regelt14.637[gamg9ger]resp(\$frandand

	LEGEND									
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow							
\bigtriangleup	Flag	٩	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150′	165'	180′	30′	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600 <i>'</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295'
60		600′	660′	720'	60′	120'	600′	350'
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700'	410′
70		700′	770'	840′	70'	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

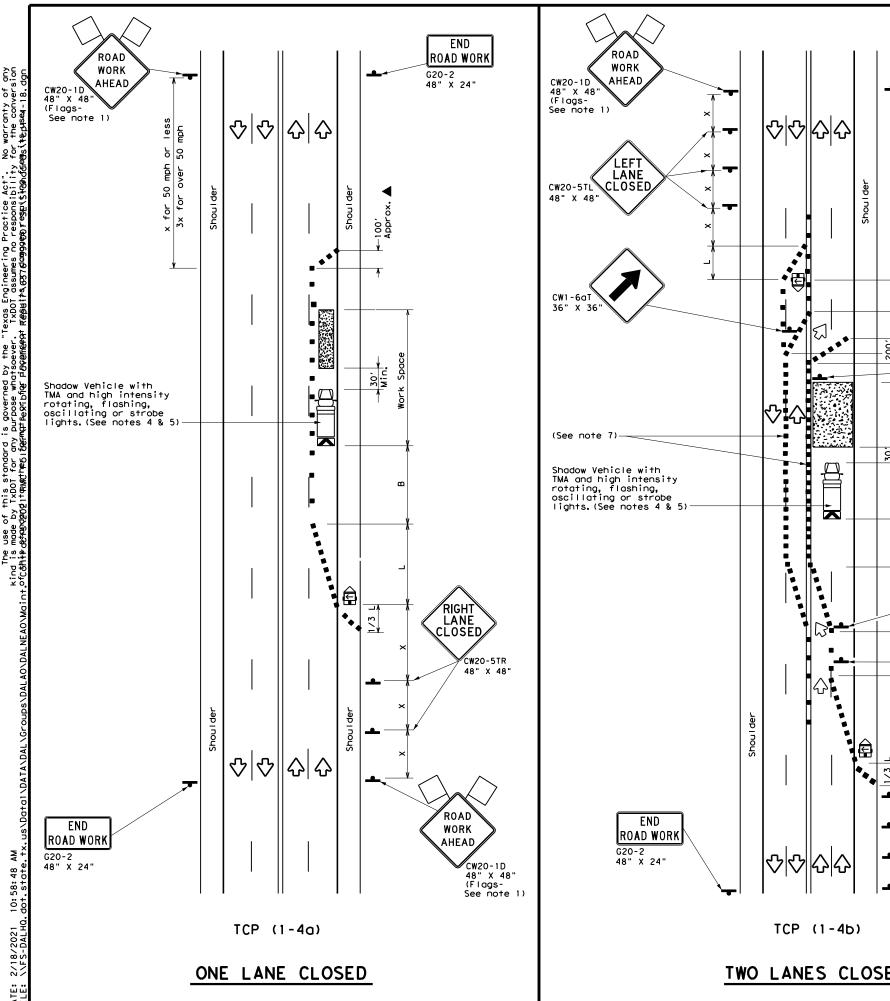
	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

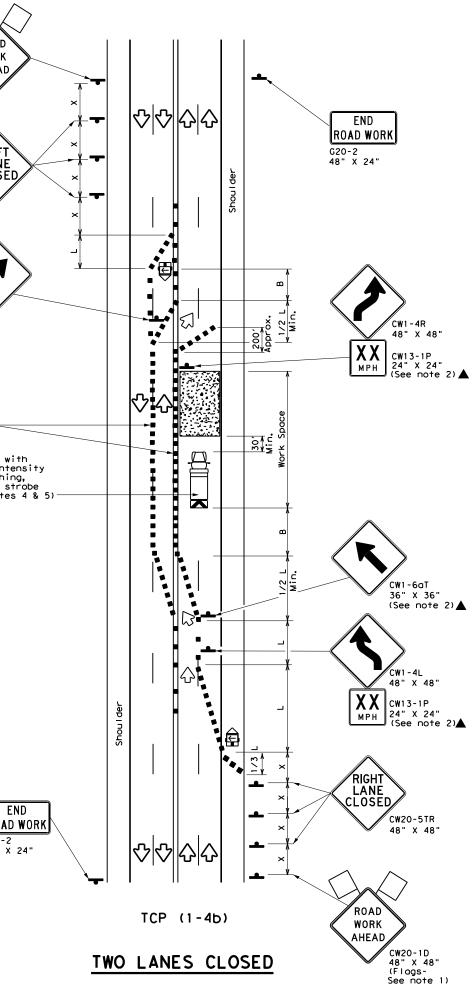
GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

Traffic Operations Division Standard								
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS								
TCP				-				
			-18	-	Ск:			
TCP	(1-		- 18		CK: HIGHWAY			
FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn CTxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	(1 –	3)	- 1 8					
FILE: tcp1-3-18, dgn © TxDOT December 1985	(1 – DN: CONT	3)	- 1 8 ск: јов		HIGHWAY			







	LEGEND									
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
Ē	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
(L)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	٩	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
•	Sign	\langle	Traffic Flow							
\bigtriangleup	Flog	LO	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Leng X X	le	Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30′	60 <i>'</i>	1201	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - W S	600′	660′	720'	60′	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350 <i>'</i>
65		650′	715′	780'	65′	130'	700′	410'
70		700'	770'	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540 <i>′</i>

* Conventional Roads Only

★ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1							

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet. 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

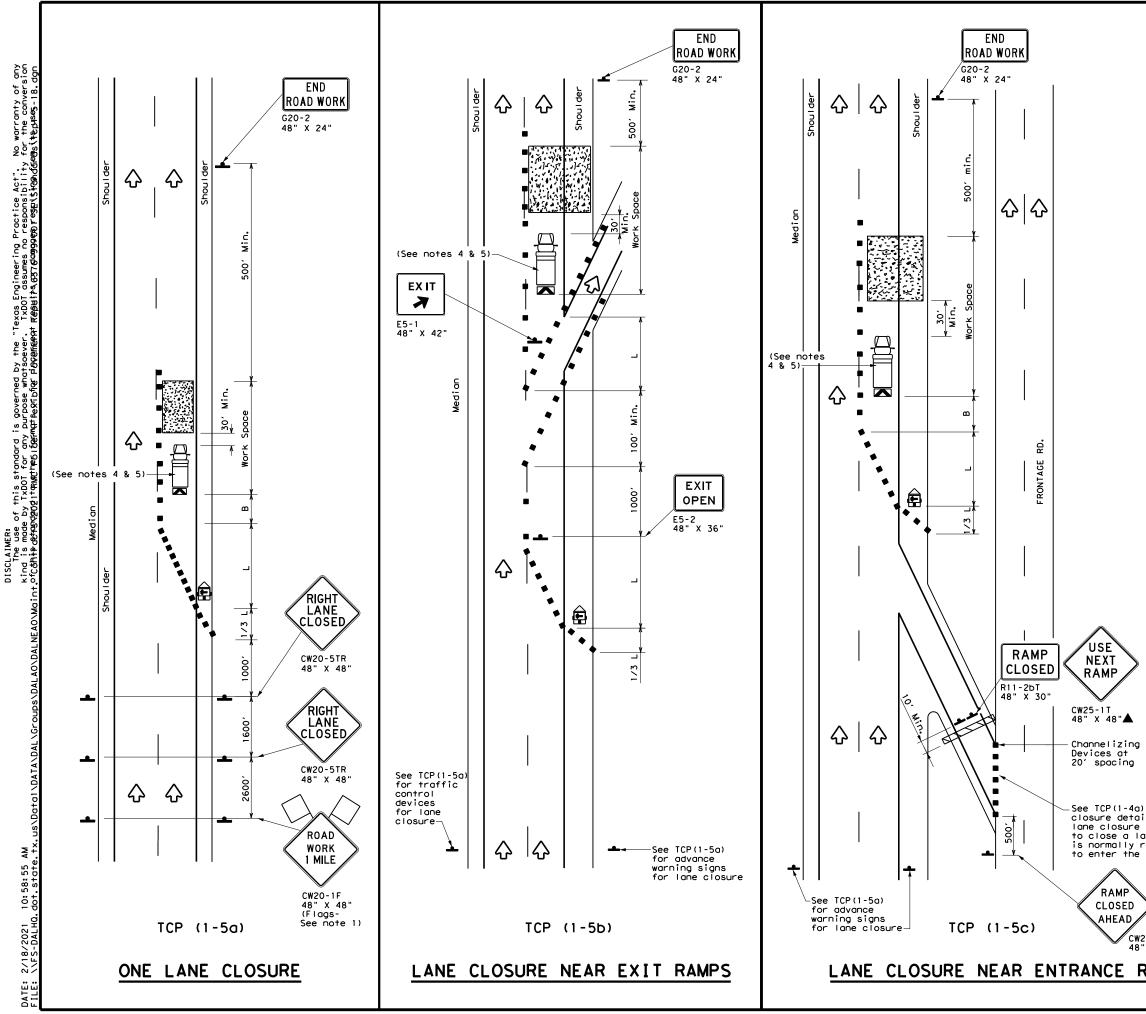
TCP (1-4a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Texas Department of Transportation Standard									
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS									
ТСР	(1-	4) - 18	5					
FILE: tcp1-4-18. dgn	(1 –	4:) W:	CK:				
-	-	4			CK: HIGHWAY				
FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn CTxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	DN:	SECT	CK: D	W:	*				
FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn CTxDOT December 1985	DN: CONT	SECT	CK: D	W:	HIGHWAY				



LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
□þ	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	Ś	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow							
\bigtriangleup	Flag	ЦO	Flagger							

Posted Speed X	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina) Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150'	165'	180'	30′	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	80	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495 <i>'</i>	540'	45′	90′	320'	1951
50		500'	550ʻ	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500'	295′
60	L #3	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700'	410′
70		700′	770'	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

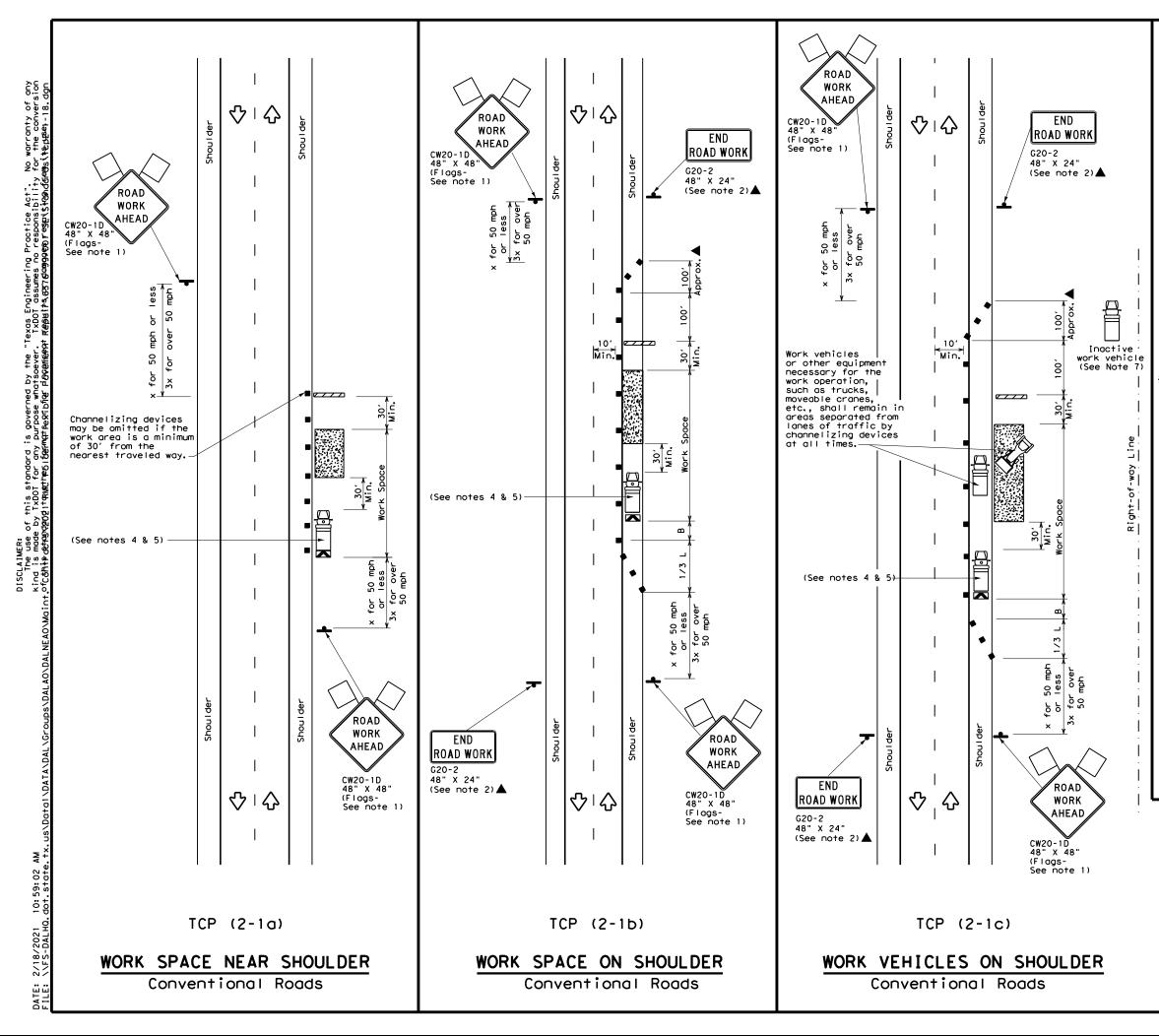
		TYPICAL U	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		1		

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

) for lone is if o is needed one which required	portation	Traffic Operations Division Standard
roguirod		
TRAFFIC CONT LANE CLOSUL DIVIDED HI	RES FO	OR
ZORP-3D TCP (1-5) - 18	
FILE: tcp1-5-18.dgn DN:	CK: DW:	CK:
RAMPS	T JOB	HIGHWAY
2-18 REVISIONS 6376 99	001	US0080
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
18	DALLAS	25



LEGEND								
<u>~ ~ ~ ~ ~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	\Diamond	Traffic Flow					
$\langle \rangle$	Flag	۵	Flagger					

Posted Speed X	Formula	D Tap	Minimur esirab er Leng X X	le gths	Spacin Channe Dev	līzing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>ws</u> ²	150'	1651	180'	30′	60'	1201	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155'
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600 <i>'</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L-#5	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650'	715′	780 <i>'</i>	65′	130'	700'	410′
70		700'	770′	840′	70'	140'	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540'

X Conventional Roads Only

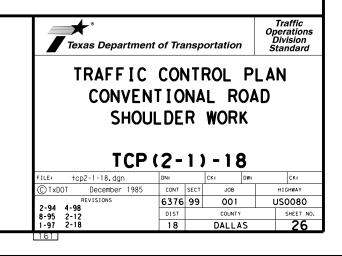
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

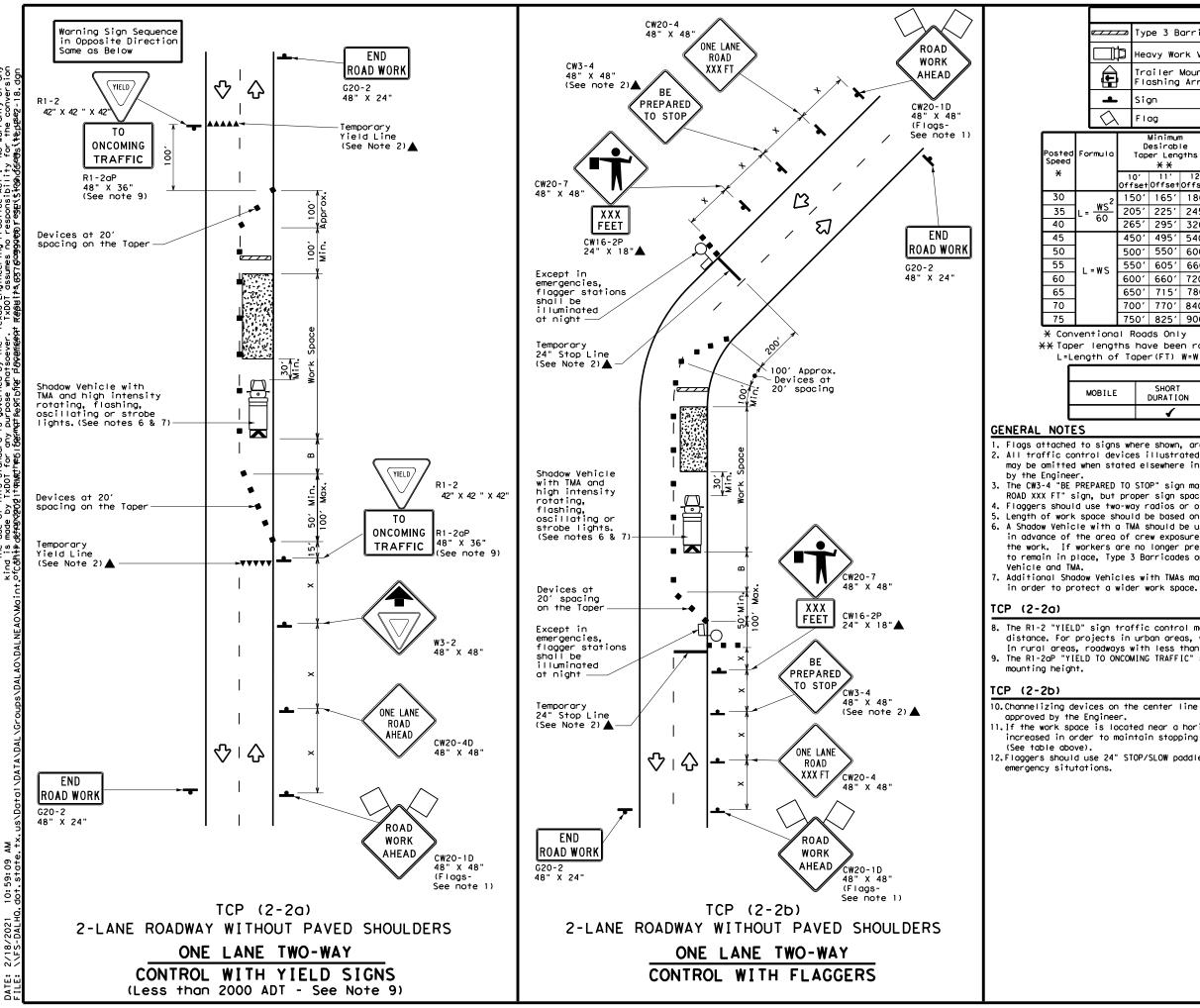
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	1	4			

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.
 Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freeways. 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder. 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW21-1D
- "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.





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LEGEND										
_	📼 Type 3 Barricade					pe 3 Barricade 🛛 🗖 Channelizing Devices				
ľ	þ	Нес	Work Vehicle							
	,		iler i shing		ed v Board	oard M Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
L		Siç	jn			\langle	T	raffic F		
λ		FI	g			٩	F	lagger		
2	De		Minimum Desirable aper Lengths XX		Spact: Channe	sted Maximum acing of anelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
		0' set	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangen	t	Distance	"B"	
2	15	50'	165'	180′	30′	60′		120'	90'	200'
-	20)51	225′	245'	35′	70′		160'	120'	250 <i>'</i>
	26	551	295′	320'	40'	80′		240′	1551	305′
	45	50'	495′	540'	45'	90′		320′	195′	360′
	50)0ʻ	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′		400′	240′	425′
	55	50'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′		500 <i>'</i>	295 <i>'</i>	495′
	60)0 <i>'</i>	660'	720′	60′	120′		600′	350'	570′
	65	50'	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'		700′	410′	645′
	70	0,00	770'	840′	70'	140′		800'	475′	730′
	75	601	825'	900'	75'	150′		900'	540 <i>′</i>	820′

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL U	ISAGE	
E	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	√	4	

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained. 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow

7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown

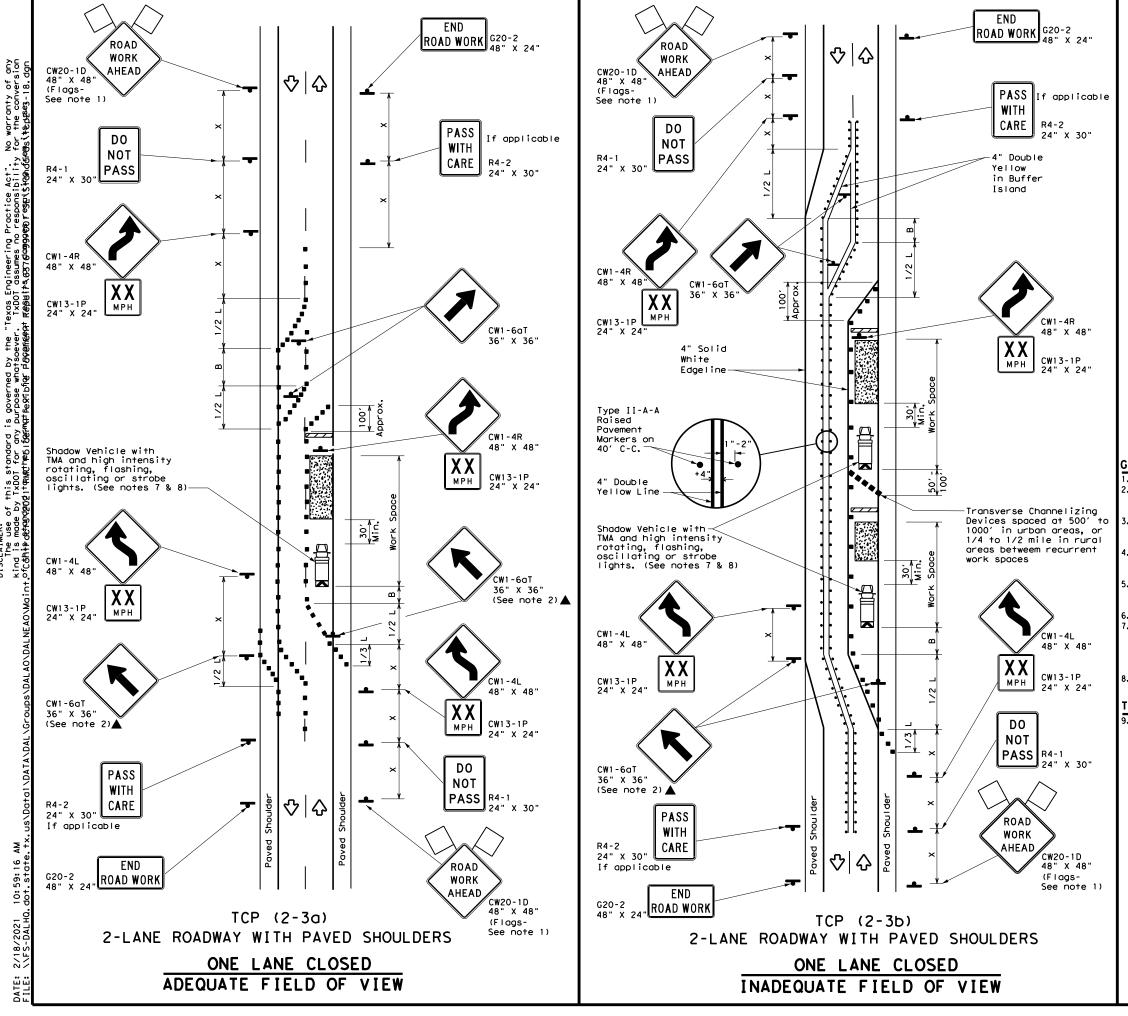
8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet. 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum

10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and

11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.

12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to

Texas Department	nt of Tra	nsp	ortation	,	Traffic Operations Division Standard
TRAFFIC ONE-L	ANE	T	WO-W	/AY	
			•		
TCF	P (2) - 1	8	
TCP	P (2 ·	-2) – 1 ск:		CK:
FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn © TxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	DN: CONT	- 2	ск:	8	HIGHWAY
FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn © TxDOT December 1985	P (2 ·	- 2) – 1 ск:	8	•



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LEGEND									
<u>e 7 7 7 7</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
Ē	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA						
4	Sign	2	Traffic Flow						
$\langle \rangle$	Flag	Ц	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirab er Leng X X	le	Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150'	165′	180'	30'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225′	245′	35′	70'	160'	120′
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450 <i>'</i>	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600 <i>'</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550ʻ	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L "J	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700′	410′
70		700'	770'	840'	70′	140'	800 <i>'</i>	475′
75		750'	8251	900 <i>'</i>	75′	150'	900'	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
				TCP (2-3b) ONL Y				
			✓	√				

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.

Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction

regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.

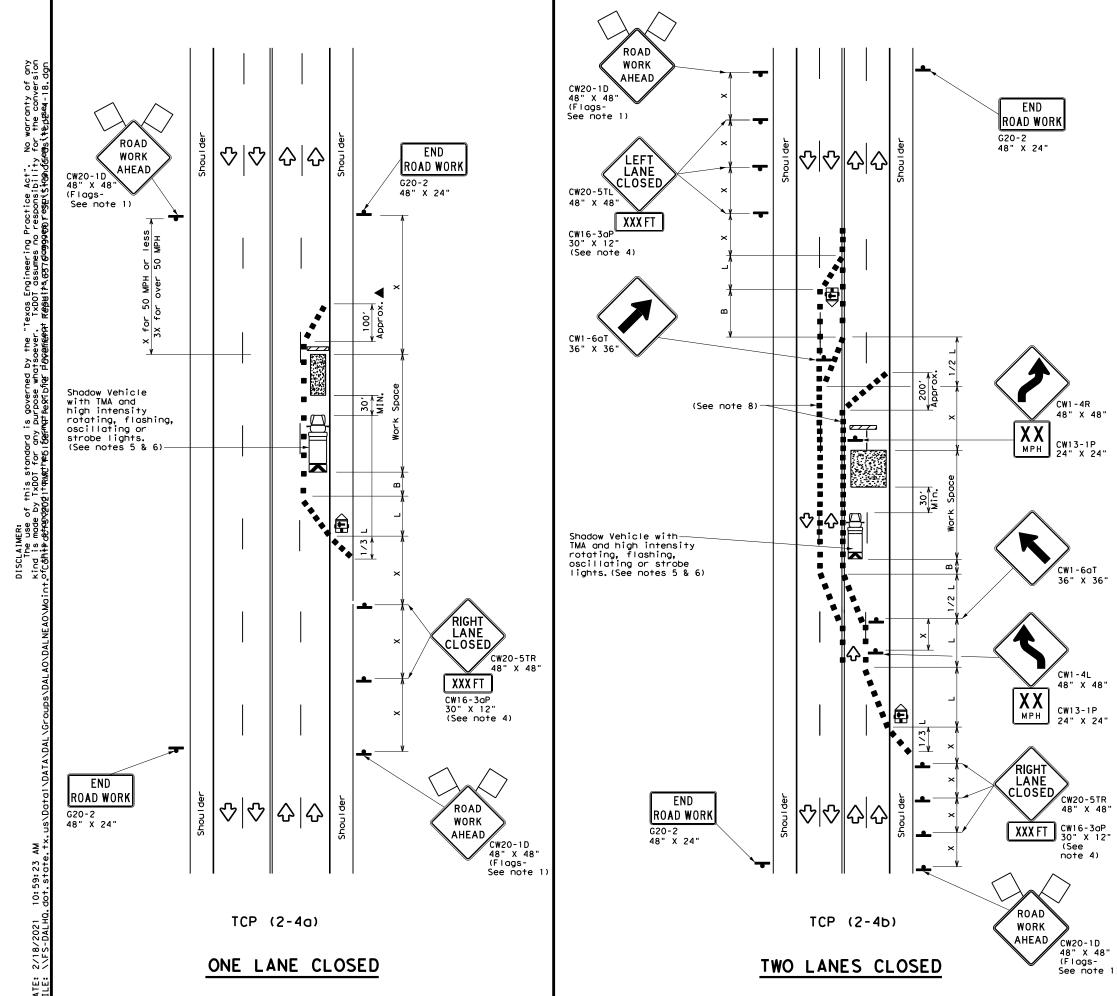
Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.

A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

[CP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Texas Department	t of Tra	nsp	ortation		Traffic Operations Division Standard
TRAFFIC TRAFFI TWO-L	C S		FTS	0)S	
	12	- 3	1 - 1	0	
		-			
FILE: tcp(2-3)-18.dgn	DN:	-	CK:	DW:	CK:
	DN: CONT	SECT	CK: JOB	DW:	CK: HIGHWAY
FILE: tcp(2-3)-18.dgn CTxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS				DW:	
FILE: tcp(2-3)-18.dgn (C) TxDOT December 1985 8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	CONT		JOB		HIGHWAY
FILE: tcp(2-3)-18.dgn (C) TxDOT December 1985 8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	CONT 6376		JOB 001		HIGHWAY USO080



DATE:

1	LEGEND												
	D	Type 3 Barricade						0 0		Channelizing Devices			
		Heavy Work Vehicle					K		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board				'n				ole Chang ge Sign (
		Le Sign					Ŷ		Traffic Flow				
	<	Flag					۵C)	F I agge	er			
Spee	osted Formu Speed		۱a	D	Minimur esirab er Leng X X	le		Suggested Maxin Spacing of Channelizing Devices		of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Sugges Longitud Buffer S	inal
×				10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset)n a aper	т	On a angent	Distance	"B"	
30)		.2	150'	165'	180′		30′		60 <i>'</i>	120'	90′	
35	5	L = <u>W</u>	5	2051	225′	245'		35′		70'	160'	120	'
40)	60		265′	295'	320'		40′		80'	240′	155	,
45	Ś			450 <i>'</i>	495′	540'		45′		90'	320'	195	·
50)	L=WS		500'	550'	600ʻ		50 <i>'</i>		100′	400′	240	·
55	\$			550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>		55′		110′	500 <i>'</i>	295	·
60)			600′	660 <i>'</i>	720'		60′		120′	600 <i>'</i>	350	·
65	5			650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′		65 <i>'</i>		130′	700′	410	<i>'</i>
70)			700′	770'	840′		70′		140′	800'	475	,
75	ò			750'	825′	900'		75′		150′	900ʻ	540	·

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
		1	1				

GENERAL NOTES

 Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.

A. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.

5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

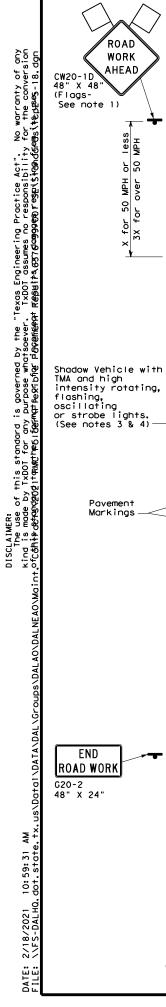
TCP (2-4a)

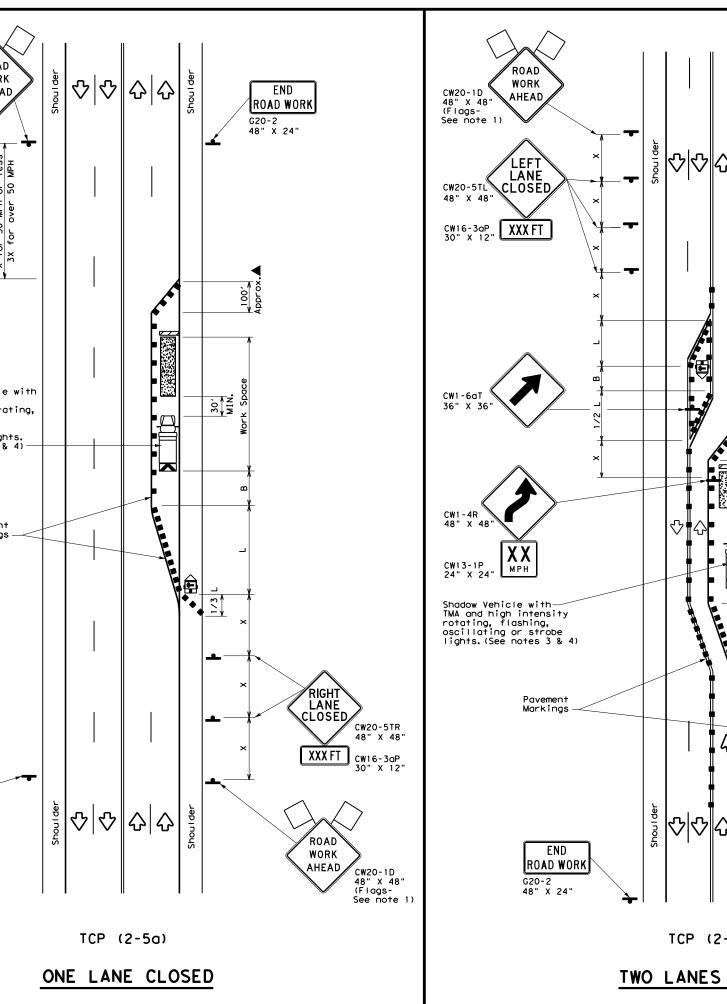
7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

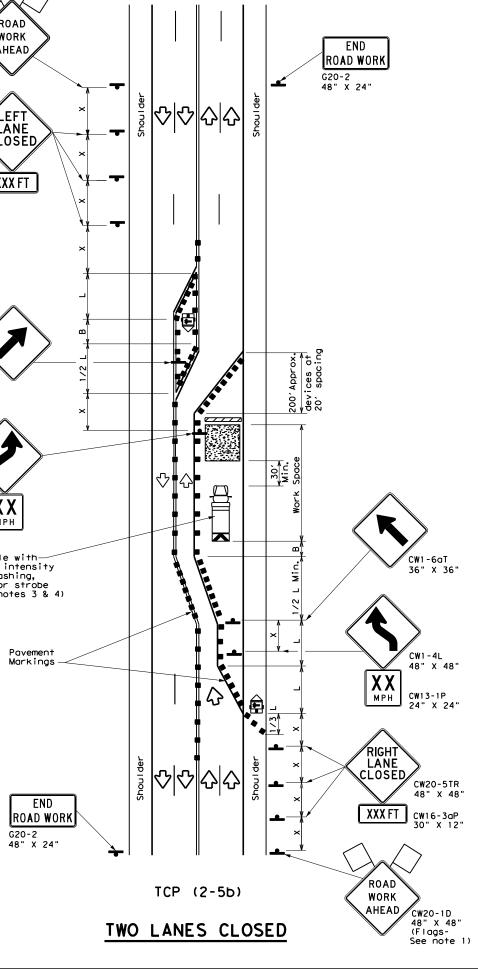
[CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Texas Department		Traffic Operations Division Standard						
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS TCP (2-4)-18								
FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:			
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
8-95 3-03	6376	99	001		US0080			
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			







LEGEND								
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	< Z	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
4	Sign	2	Traffic Flow					
\langle	Flag	Ŀ	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150'	1651	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240'	155'
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90 <i>'</i>	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L 113	600 <i>'</i>	660′	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700'	410′
70		700'	770′	840'	70′	140'	800 <i>'</i>	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150'	900'	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
			✓	1				

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

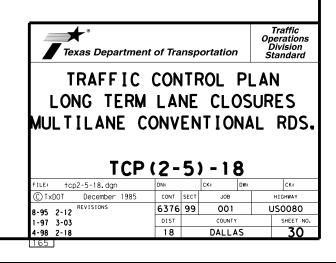
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work.
- If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substitutued for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
 Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those
- shown in order to protect a wider work space.5. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

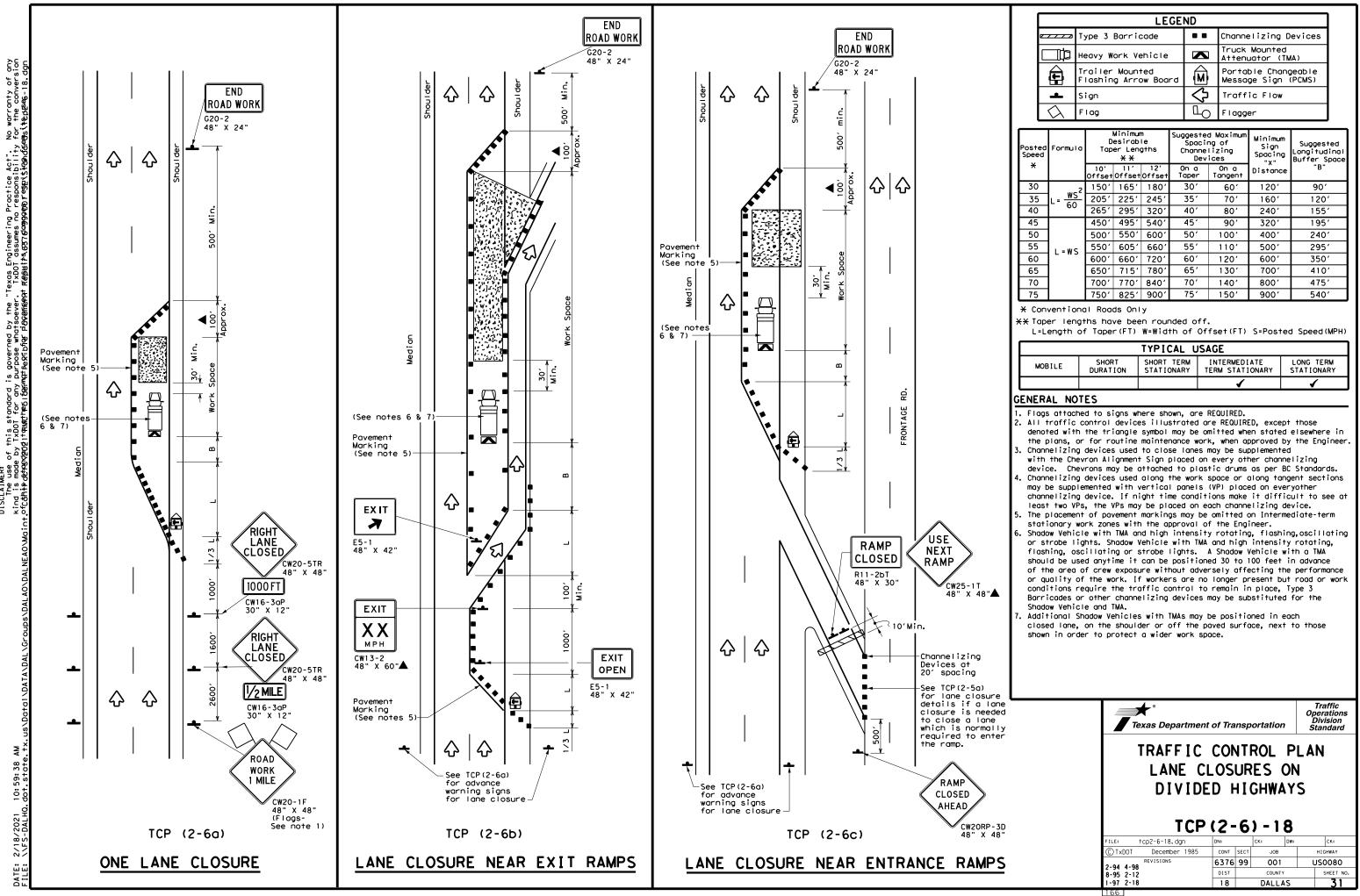
TCP (2-5a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.

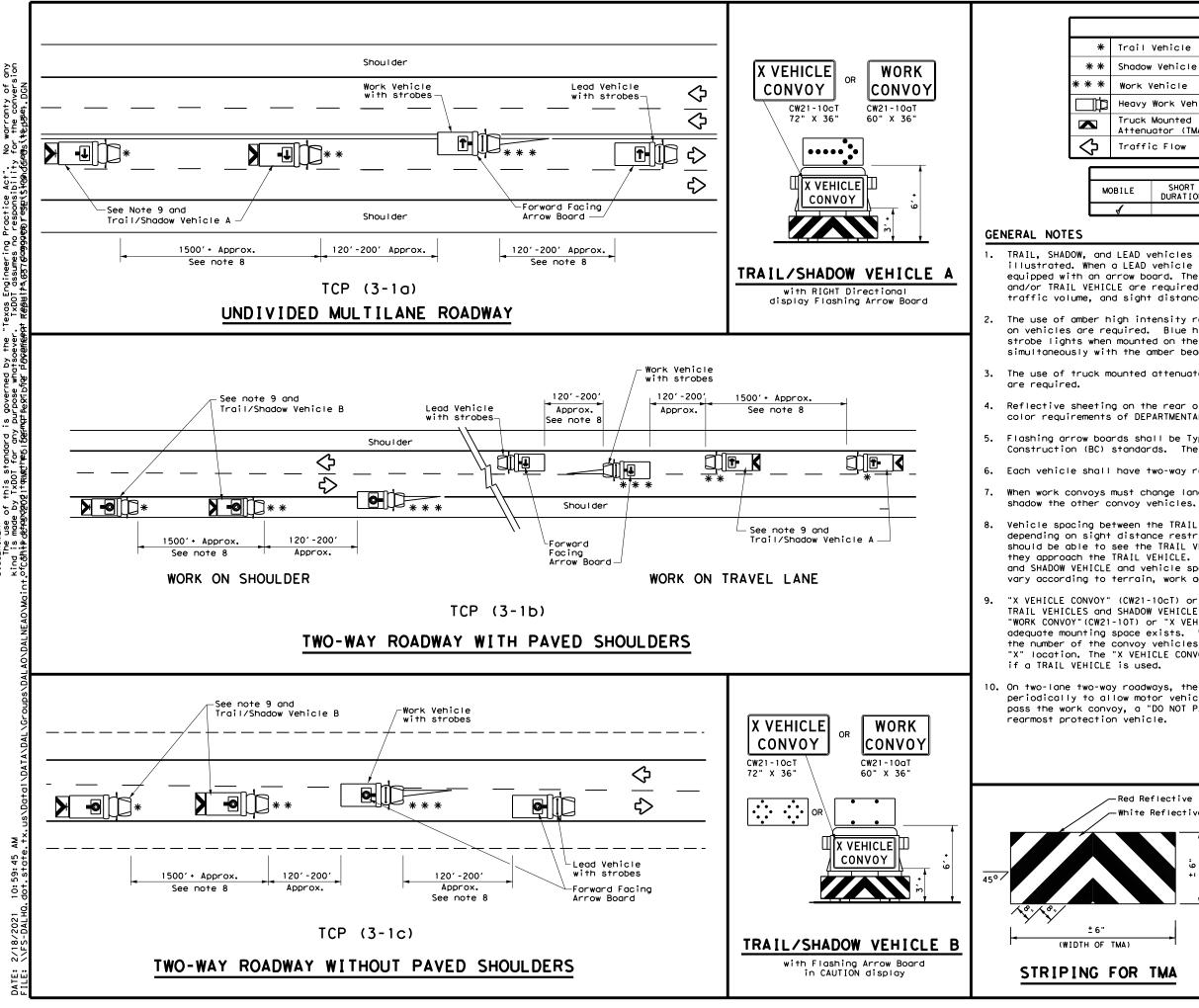




LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
µ́p	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	LO	Flagger					

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30		150'	165'	180'	30′	60 <i>'</i>	120'	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45 <i>′</i>	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500'	295′
60	L - 11 3	600 <i>'</i>	660'	720′	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650′	715′	780'	65 <i>'</i>	130′	700′	410′
70		700'	770′	840′	70′	140'	800 <i>'</i>	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540′

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
			✓	✓				



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LEGEND								
Trail Vehicle								
ARROW BOARD DISPLAY Shodow Vehicle					ISPLAT			
Work Vehicle				RIGHT Directio	onal			
Heavy Work Vehicle			-	LEFT Directional				
Truck Mounted			÷	Double Arrow				
Traffic Flow			0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)				
		ŤYF	PICAL U	ISAGE				
ILE	SHORT DURATION			INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			

TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.

2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.

3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE

Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.

Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.

Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

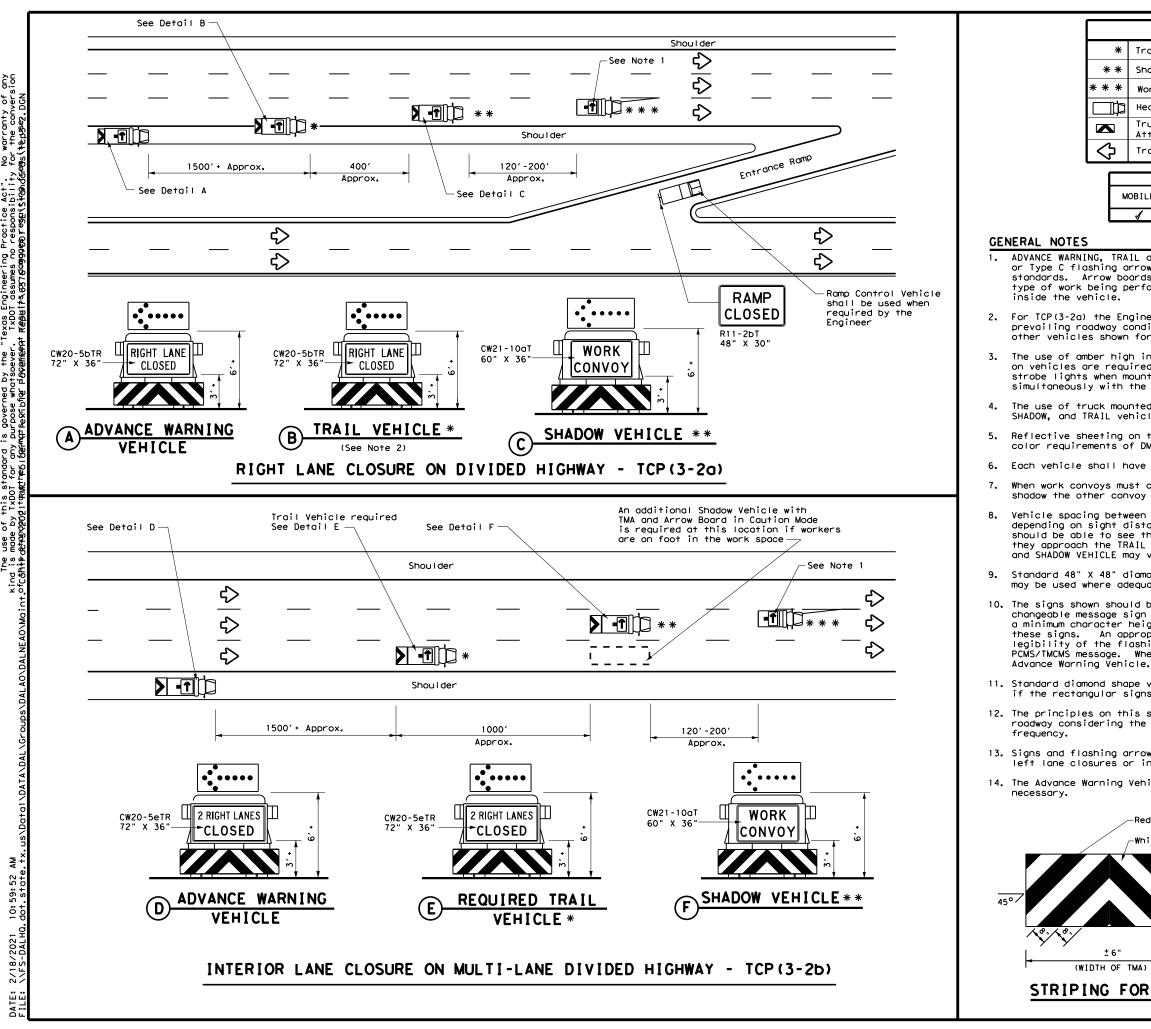
When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to

Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

"X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY"(CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE

10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the

Red Reflective White Reflective	Texas Departme	nt of Transporta	ntion	Traffic Operations Division Standard
1 0F TMA)		CONTRO		
		DED HIG		-
		DED HIG CP(3-1		-
		<u>CP(3-1</u>		-
	т	<u>CP(3-1</u>) - 1	3
	FILE: tcp3-1.dgn CTxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	СР (3-1 DN: TXDOT ск: Т солт sect) - 1	3 TxDOT CK: TxDOT
	FILE: top3-1.dgn © TxDOT December 1985	CP (3-1 DN: TXDOT CK: T CONT SECT 6376 99) – 1 IxDOT DW: JOB	3 TxDOT ck: TxDOT HIGHWAY



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(WIDTH OF TMA) STRIPING FOR TMA

± 6'

LEGEND					
Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY			
Shadow Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAT			
Work Vehicle	† -	RIGHT Directional			
Heavy Work Vehicle	-	LEFT Directional			
Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	₽	Double Arrow			
Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)			
TY	PICAL L	JSAGE			

OBILE	SHORT	SHORT TERM	INTERMEDIATE	LONG TERM
	DURATION	STATIONARY	TERM STATIONARY	STATIONARY
4				

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 \Diamond

ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from

2. For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.

The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.

The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.

Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.

Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.

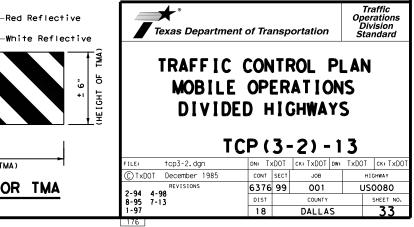
10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the

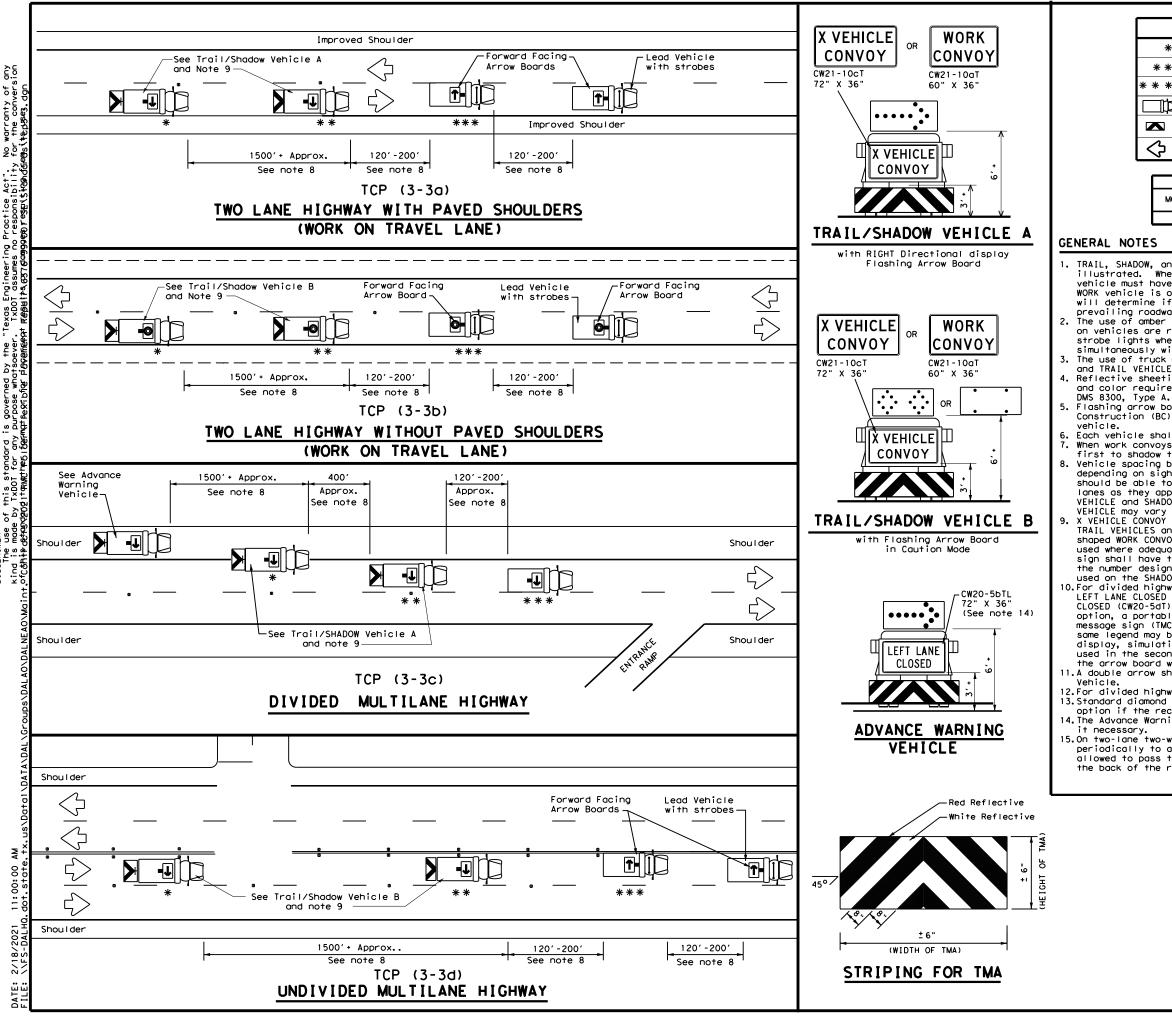
11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.

12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp

13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.

14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it





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LEGEND						
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY				
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAT				
* * *	Work Vehicle		RIGHT Directional			
þ	Heavy Work Vehicle	F	LEFT Directional			
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	₽	Double Arrow			
\Diamond	Traffic Flow	Q	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)			

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
4									

1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as

illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING

and TRAIL VEHICLE are required. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity

and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary

depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used. 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an

option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.

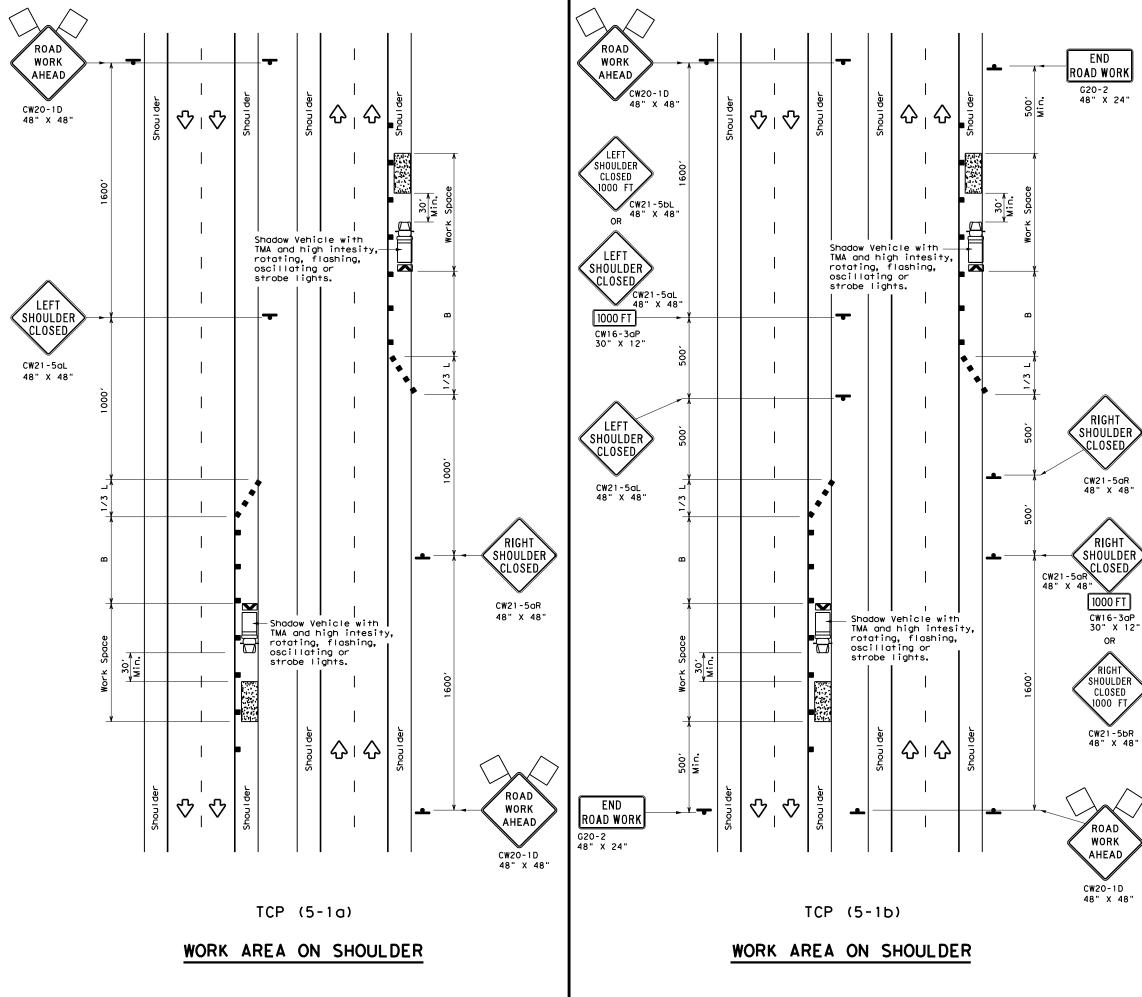
11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning

12.For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13.Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available. 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes

15.0n two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

Texas Department	nt of Trans	portation	Ope Div	affic rations ⁄ision ndard
MARKER	OPER D PAN	RATION /EMEN LLATI	IS I	
FILE: tcp3-3, dgn	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT DW	: TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
©TxDOT September 1987	CONT SECT	JOB	н	GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	6376 99	001	US	0080
2-94 4-98 8-95 7-13	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	18	DALLAS		34





LEGEND							
<u>e </u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
4	Sign	\langle	Traffic Flow				
\Diamond	Flag	۵	Flagger				

Posted Speed X			Desirable Taper Lengths X X			ted Maximum cing of nelizing evices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
Â		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
30	<u>ws</u> ²	150'	1651	180'	30'	60 <i>'</i>	90,
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70 <i>'</i>	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40'	80′	155'
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90'	195'
50		500'	550 <i>'</i>	600′	50'	100′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55′	110′	295 <i>'</i>
60	L-45	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	350'
65		650'	715′	780'	65′	130′	410′
70		700'	770'	840'	70′	140′	475′
75		750ʻ	825′	900 <i>'</i>	75′	150′	540 <i>'</i>
80		800 <i>'</i>	880'	960'	80'	160′	615′

X Conventional Roads Only

**Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

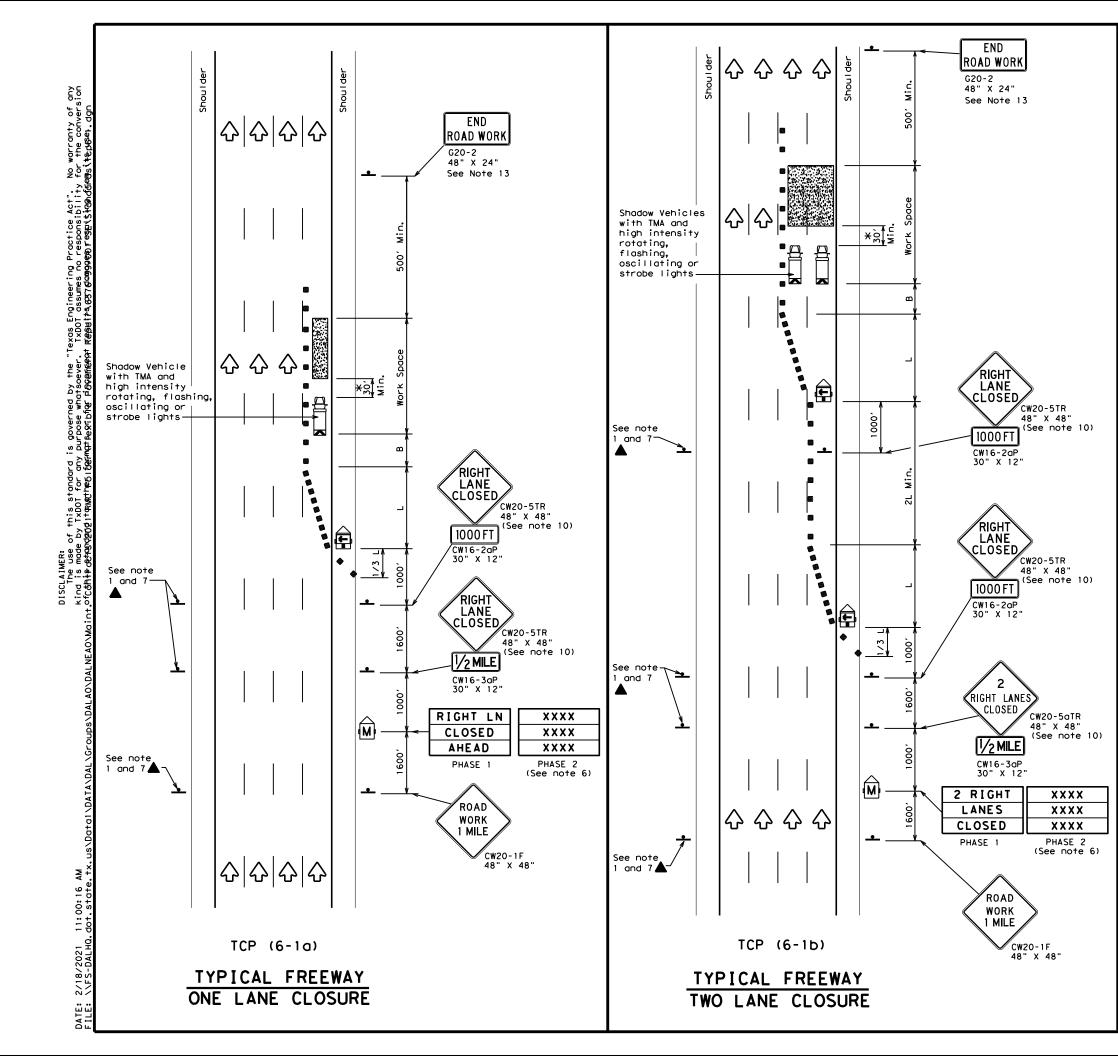
TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	TCP (5-1a)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-1b)					

GENERAL NOTES

- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece cones.

\swarrow	Те	xas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortatio	n	Traffic Operations Division Standard	
AD RK AD - 1D x 48"	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHOULDER WORK FOR FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS							
		TCP (5-1)	- 18	•		
	FILE: †C	p5-1-18.dgn	DN:		СК:	DW:	CK:	
	C TxDOT	February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
		REVISIONS	6376	99	001		US0080	
	2-18		DIST		COUNT	Y	SHEET NO.	
	1901		18		DALL	AS	35	

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- GENERAL NOTES

- bottom of the sign.

¥A shadow ver a Truck Mour typically re vehicle equi be used if 30' to 100' area of crew adversely af performance.

LEGEND									
	z Туре 3	3 Barr	icade			C٢	Channelizing Devices		
] Неалу	Work	Vehic	le			ruck Mour Htenuator		
Ē		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		M		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)			
-	Sign	Sign		\Diamond	Т	raffic Flow			
\Diamond	Flag	Flag		LO	Flagger				
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" X X			ncir ne	d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offse	On a t Taper		On a Tangent	"B"	
45		450′	495′	540'	45	,	90′	1951	
50		500'	550'	600	50'	'	100'	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660	′ 55 <i>'</i>	'	110'	295′	
60	L-W3	600'	660′	720'	60	'	120'	350'	

80 800' 880' 960' 80' 160' 615' XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

650' 715' 780

700' 770' 840'

750' 825' 900'

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

65*'*

70'

75′

130'

140'

150'

410'

475'

540'

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1	4							

65

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75

1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

2. Drums or 42" cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer. 3. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.

4. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction. 5. Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.

6. Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.

7. Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing. 8. The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD. 9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the

10.Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.

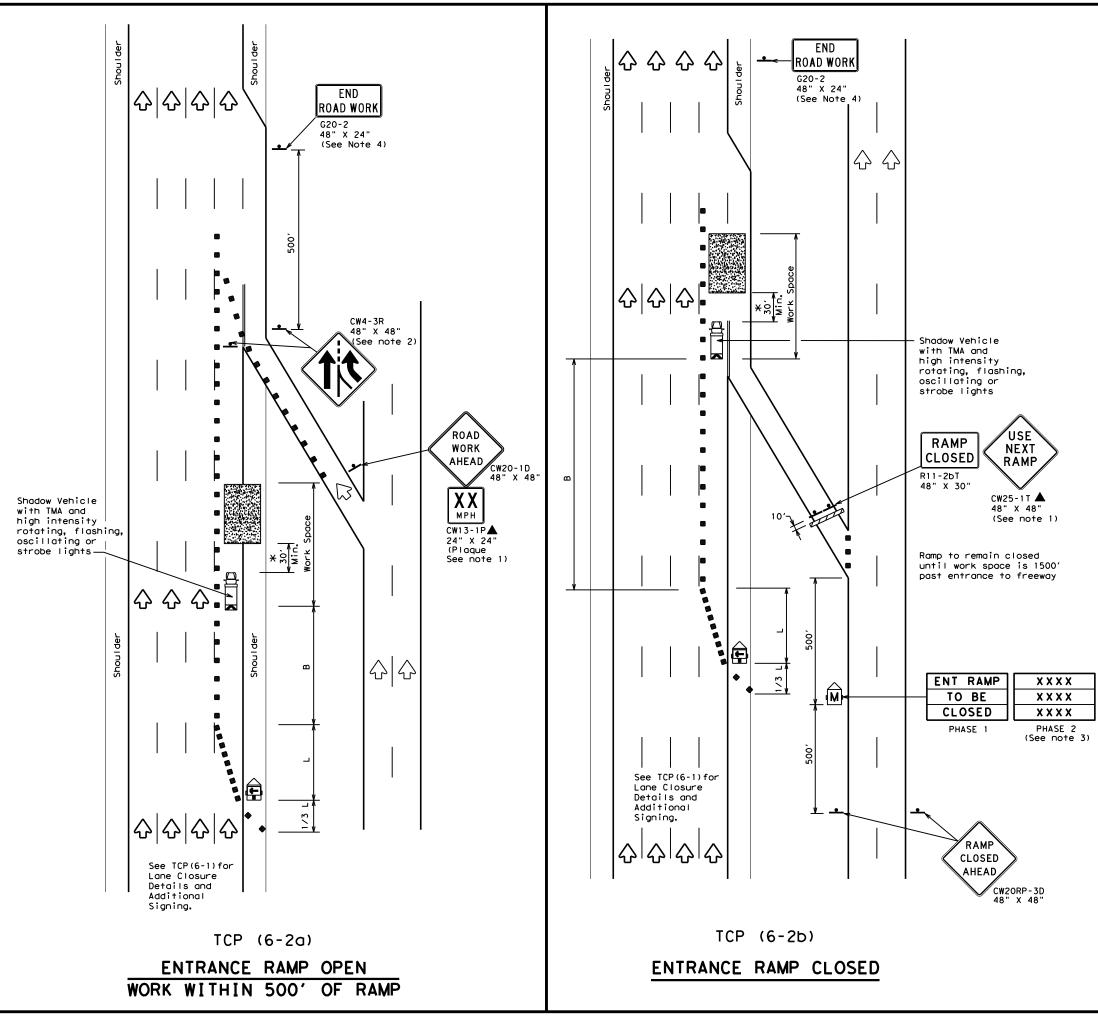
11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion. 12.For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.

13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

nicle equipped with ted Attenuator is equired. A shadow pped with a TMA shall t can be positioned in advance of the v exposure without fecting the work		Texas Depa Traffic Opera IRAFFIC REEWAY L	CON	nvisi UTI E	ion Standa ROL	PL A SUR	N E S	
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	(C) TxDOT	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		нI	GHWAY
	8-12	REVISIONS	6376	99	001		US	0080
	8-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
			18		DALLA	S		36

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	LEGEND								
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow						
$\langle \lambda \rangle$	Flag	۵ ₀	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" XX		Špacii Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	1951
50		500'	550′	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	295′
60	L-#3	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60 <i>'</i>	120'	350'
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>1</i>	130′	410′
70		700′	770'	840 <i>'</i>	70′	140'	475′
75		750'	825 <i>'</i>	900ʻ	75′	150'	540'
80		800'	880′	960'	80'	160'	615'

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1	4							

GENERAL NOTES

 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

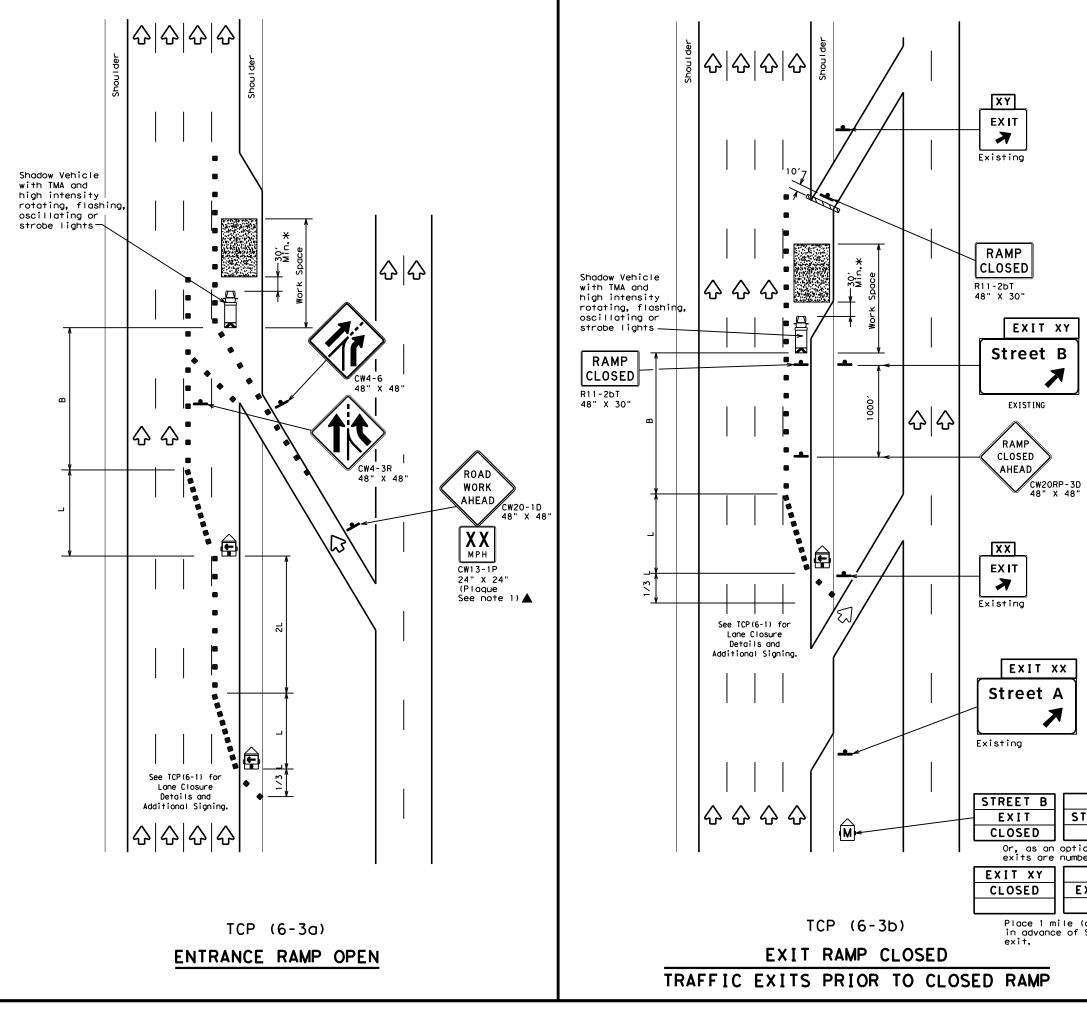
- ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.
 See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date
- See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
 The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it
- conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Deg Traffic Oper	cartmen i ations Divi	t of Trans µ ision Standard	portation
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TC	:P (6	-2) - 1	2
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FILE: top6-2.dgn © TxDOT February 1994	DN: TxD0	-2)-1	2 TxDOT ck: TxDOT HIGHWAY





	LEGEND								
<u>~ ~ ~ ~ ~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
4	Sign	\diamondsuit	Traffic Flow						
$\langle \rangle$	Flag	ЦО	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" X X		Spacir Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"В"
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>′</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	295′
60	L-#5	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>′</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	410′
70		700'	770'	840'	70′	140′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	540 <i>′</i>
80		800'	880'	960'	80 <i>'</i>	160′	615′

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1	4						

GENERAL NOTES:

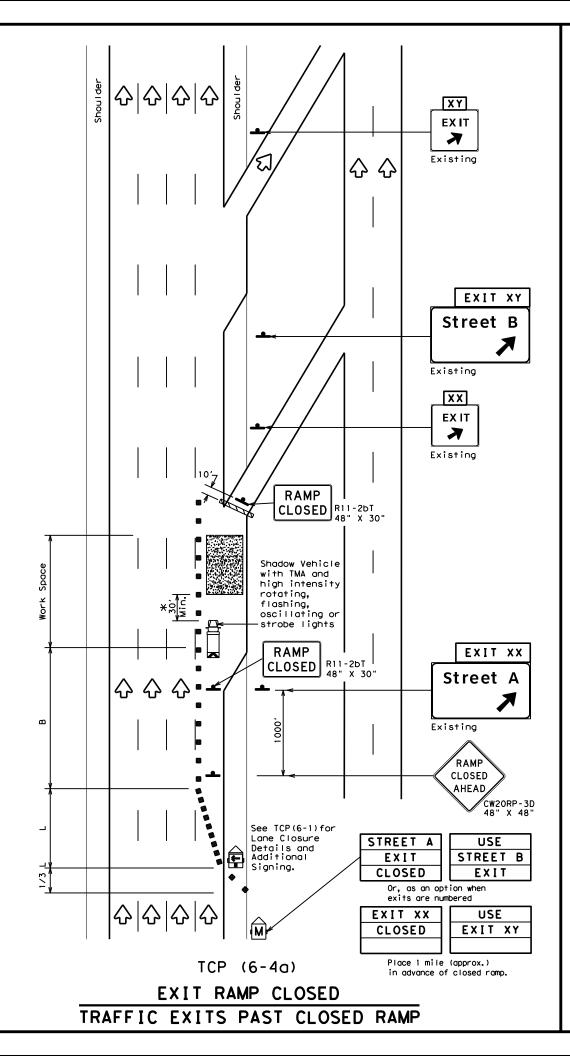
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

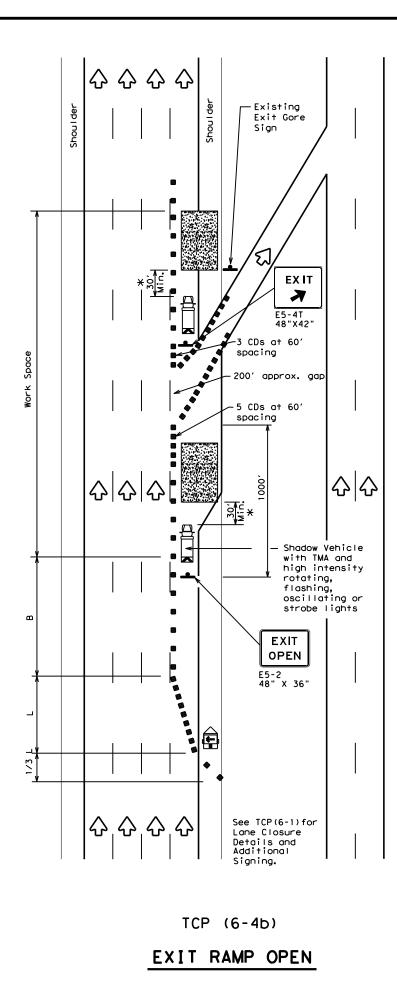
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Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

USE TREET A EXIT	Traffic Oper			portati	on
on when ered	TRAFFIC	CONT	ROL P	LAN	
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approx.)	FILE: tcp6-3.dgn © TxD0T February 1994	P (6	- 3) - 1	2 Т×DOT нтсн USO	ck: T×DOT hway

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				LE	GENC)			
	⊐ Type :	Type 3 Barricade					nannelizing Device: CDs)		
) Heavy	Heavy Work Vehicle					ruck Mour ttenuator		
Ē		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board			Ŵ		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)		
-	Sign				\Diamond	Т	raffic F	low	
\Diamond	Flag	Flag				F	lagger		
Posted Speed	Formula	D Taper 10'	Minimun esirab Length X X 11' Offset	le ns "L" 12'	Cr	spaci nanne	d Maximum ng of lizing ices On a Tangent	Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space "B"	
45		450'	495'		_	15'	90'	195'	
50		500'	550'	600	1 5	50 <i>1</i>	100'	240′	
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660	1 5	5 '	110'	295′	
60		600′	660'	720	_	50 <i>'</i>	120'	350′	
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780	′ e	65 <i>1</i>	130'	410′	
70		700′	770'	840		'0 <i>'</i>	140'	475′	
75		750′	825′	900	_	′5 <i>′</i>	150'	540'	
80		800 <i>'</i>	880'	960	΄ Ι ε	30'	160'	615'	

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1	4							

GENERAL NOTES

1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

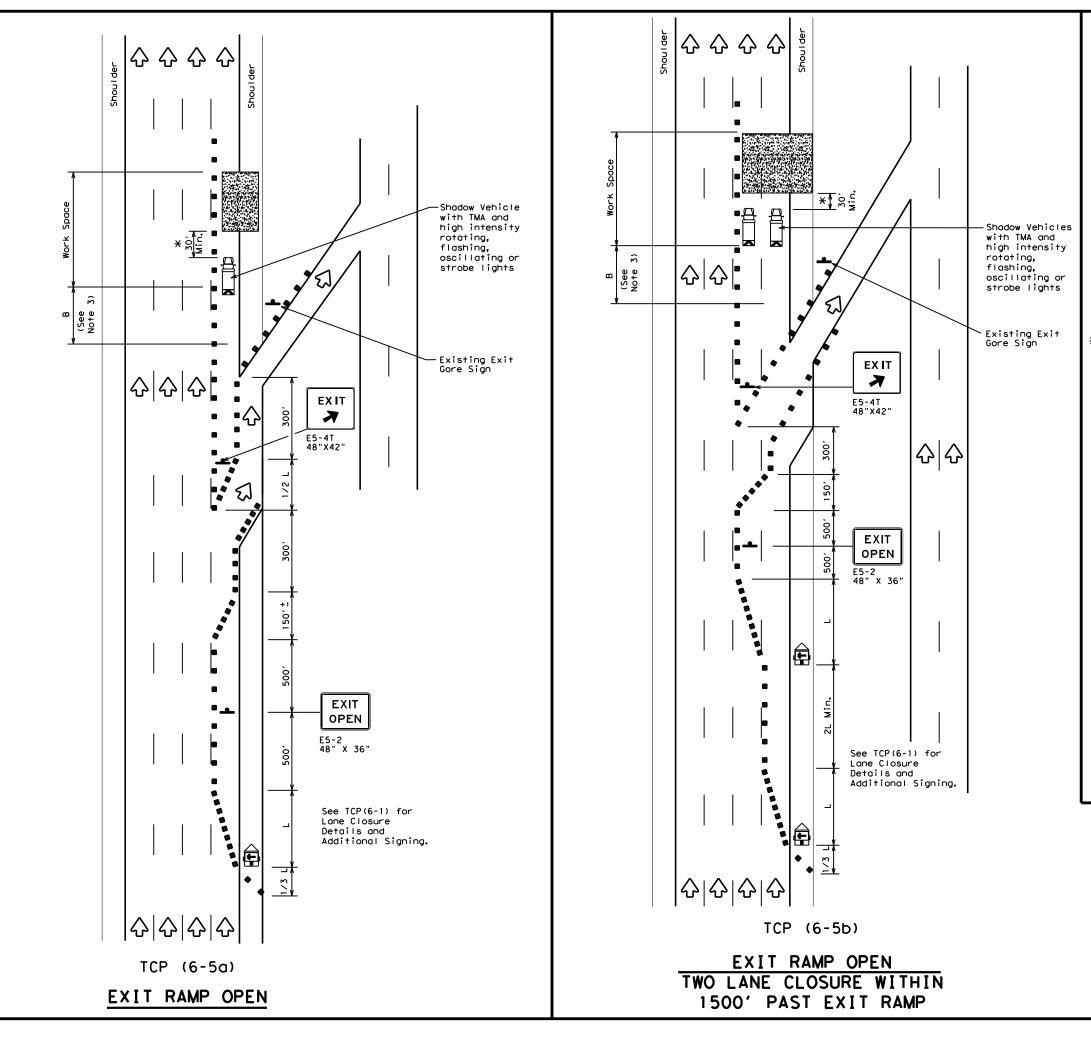
XA shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard					
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WORK AREA	- A I				/12
		_	-4) - 1		,
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^{2.} See BC Standards for sign details.





LEGEND					
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices		
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)		
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)		
+	Sign	2	Traffic Flow		
$\langle \lambda \rangle$	Flag		Flagger		

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" X X			Spaci Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90'	1951
50		500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	295′
60	L-#J	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60′	120'	350'
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	410'
70		700′	770'	840 <i>′</i>	70′	140'	475′
75		750'	825 <i>'</i>	900ʻ	75′	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960 <i>'</i>	80'	160'	615'

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1					

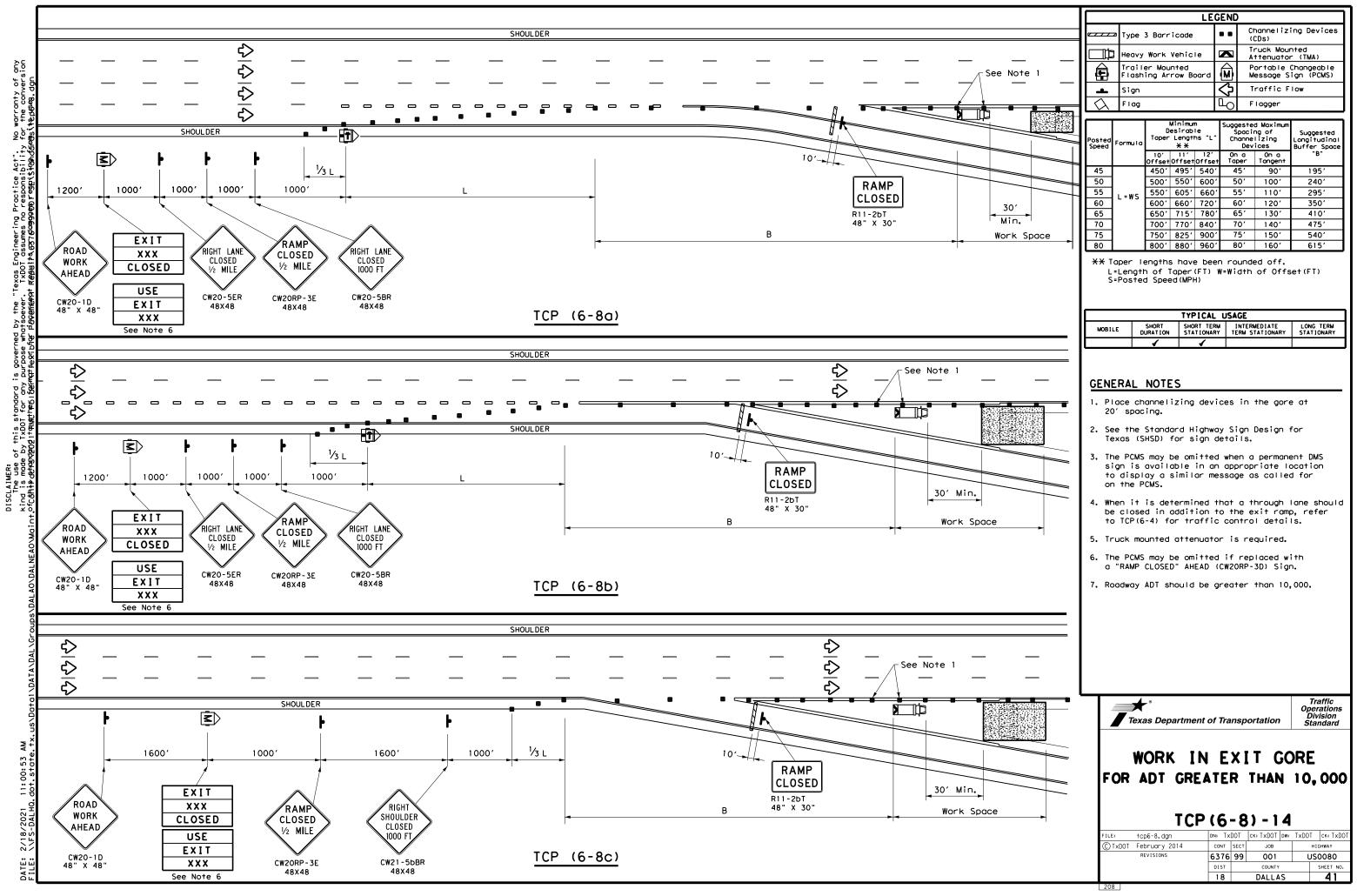
GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing the ramp.

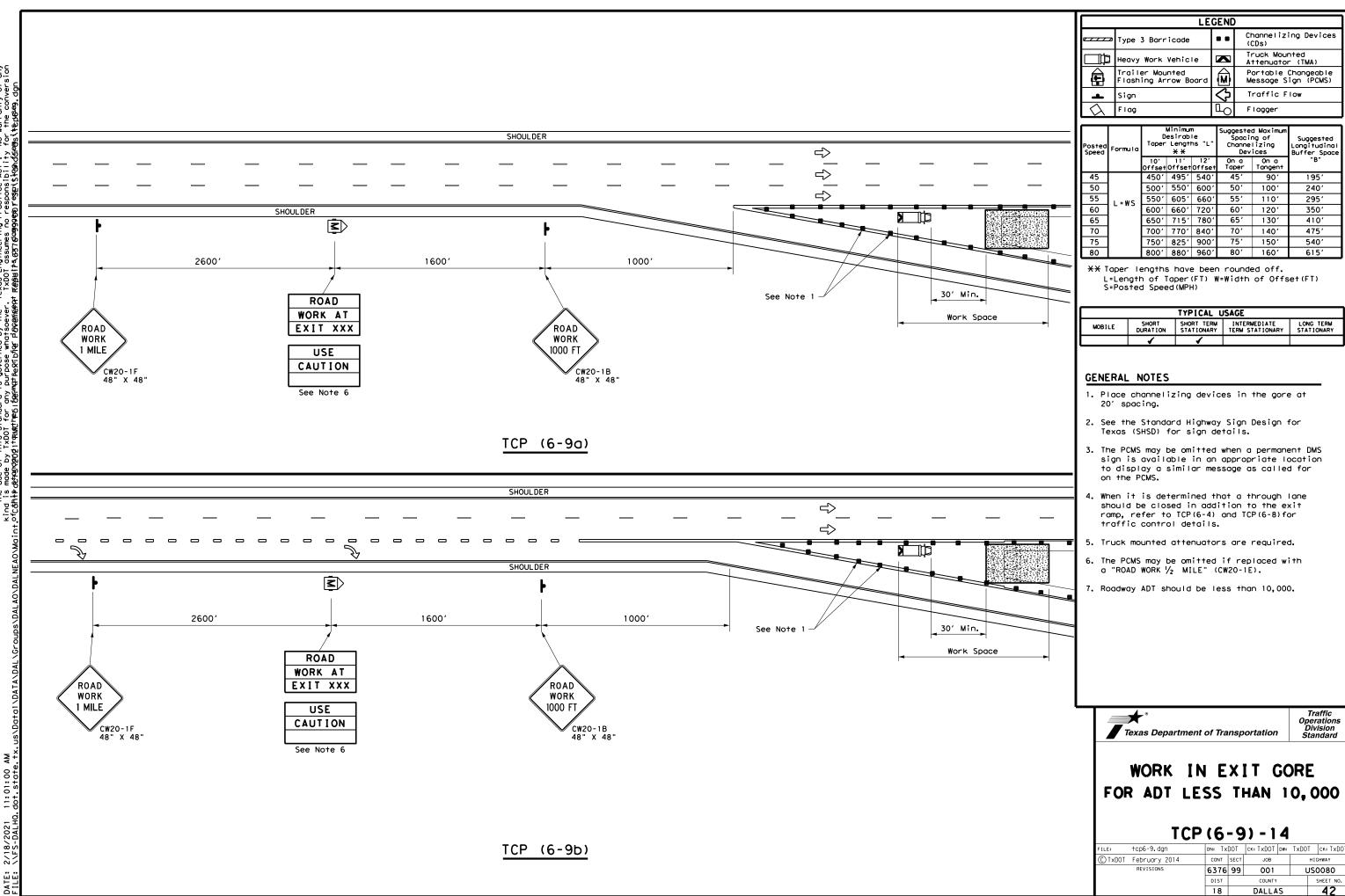
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Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard					
TRAFFIC		•		_	•
WORK AREA B	EYC)N	DEXI	ΤI	RAMP
					RAMP
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FILE: tcp6-5.dgn © TxD0T Feburary 1998	P (6 -	-5) - 1 ck: TxDOT dw: job	2 T×D0 ⁻	I ck: TxDOT HICHWAY



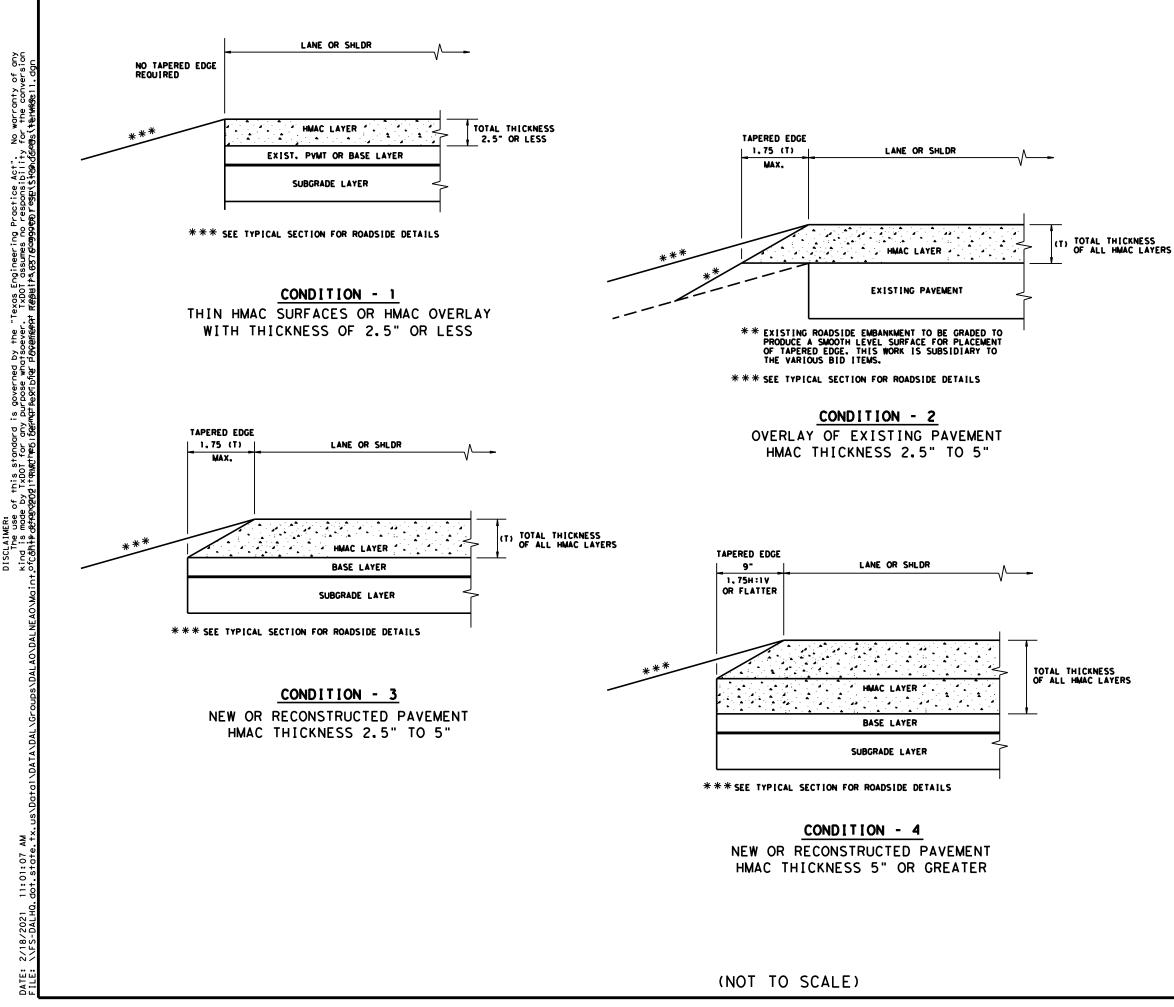
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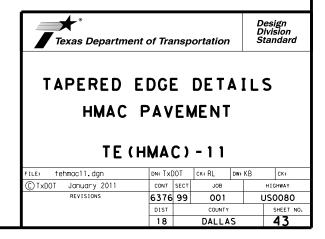


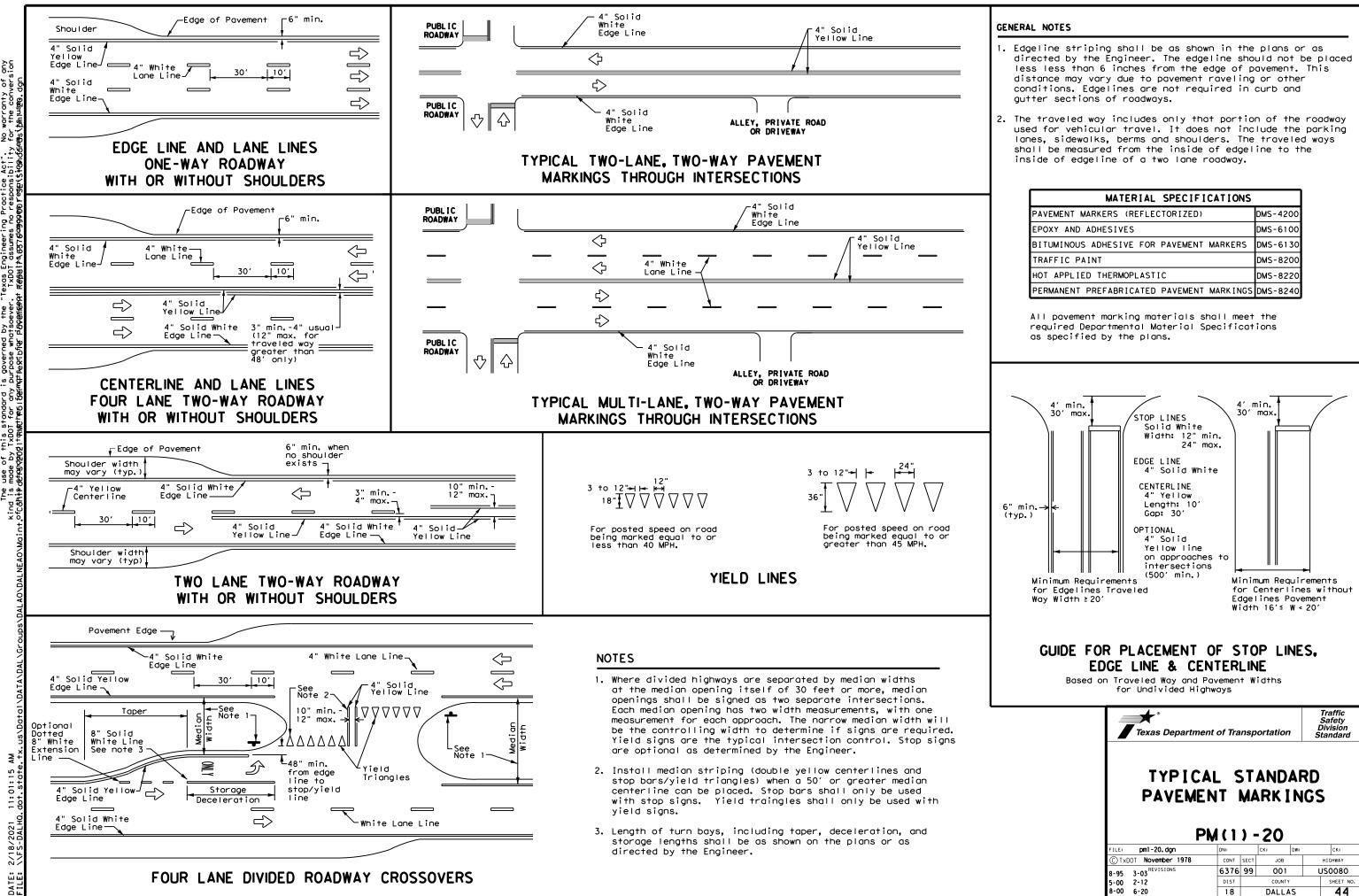
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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5"
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- 3. PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.





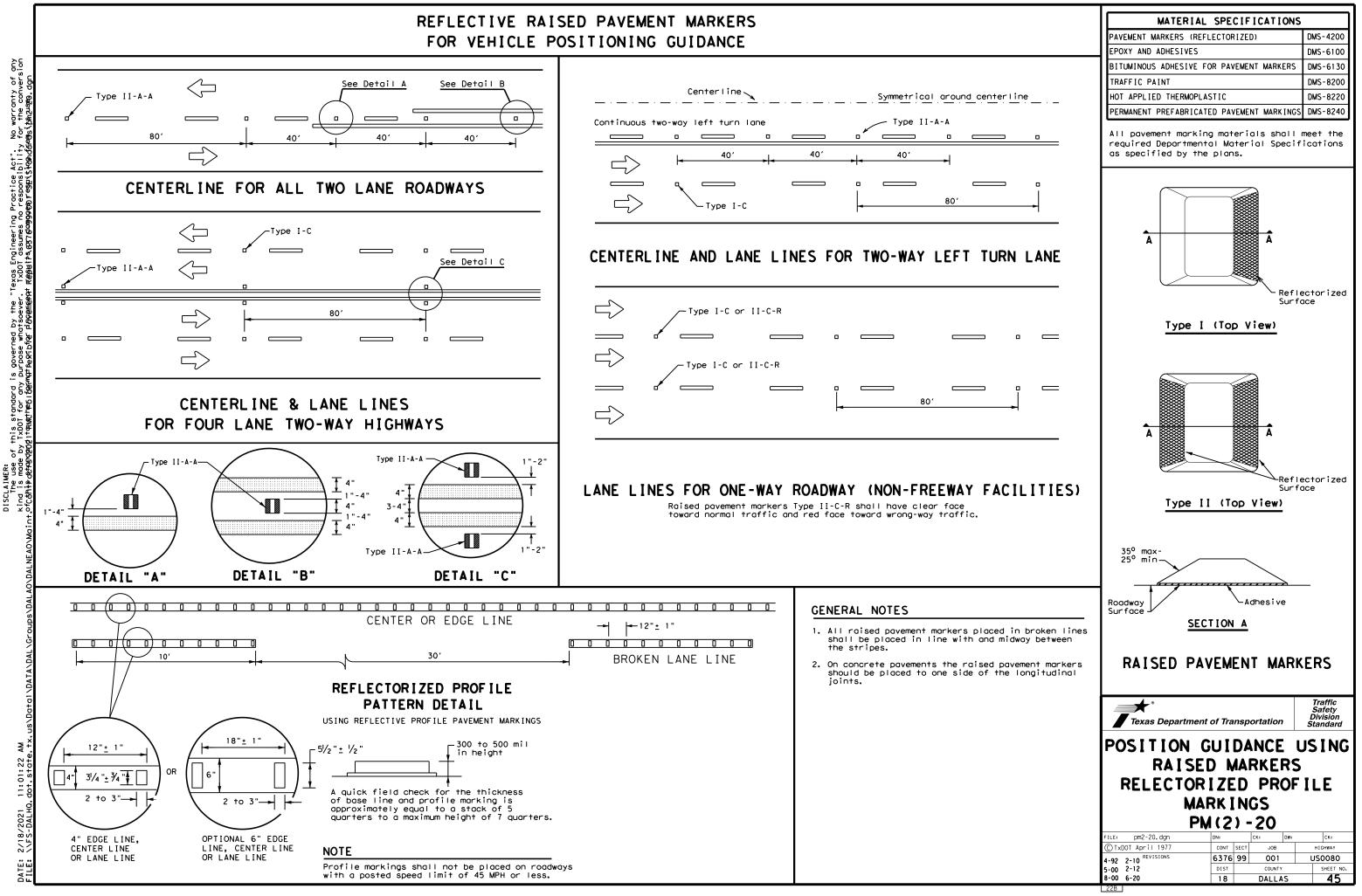
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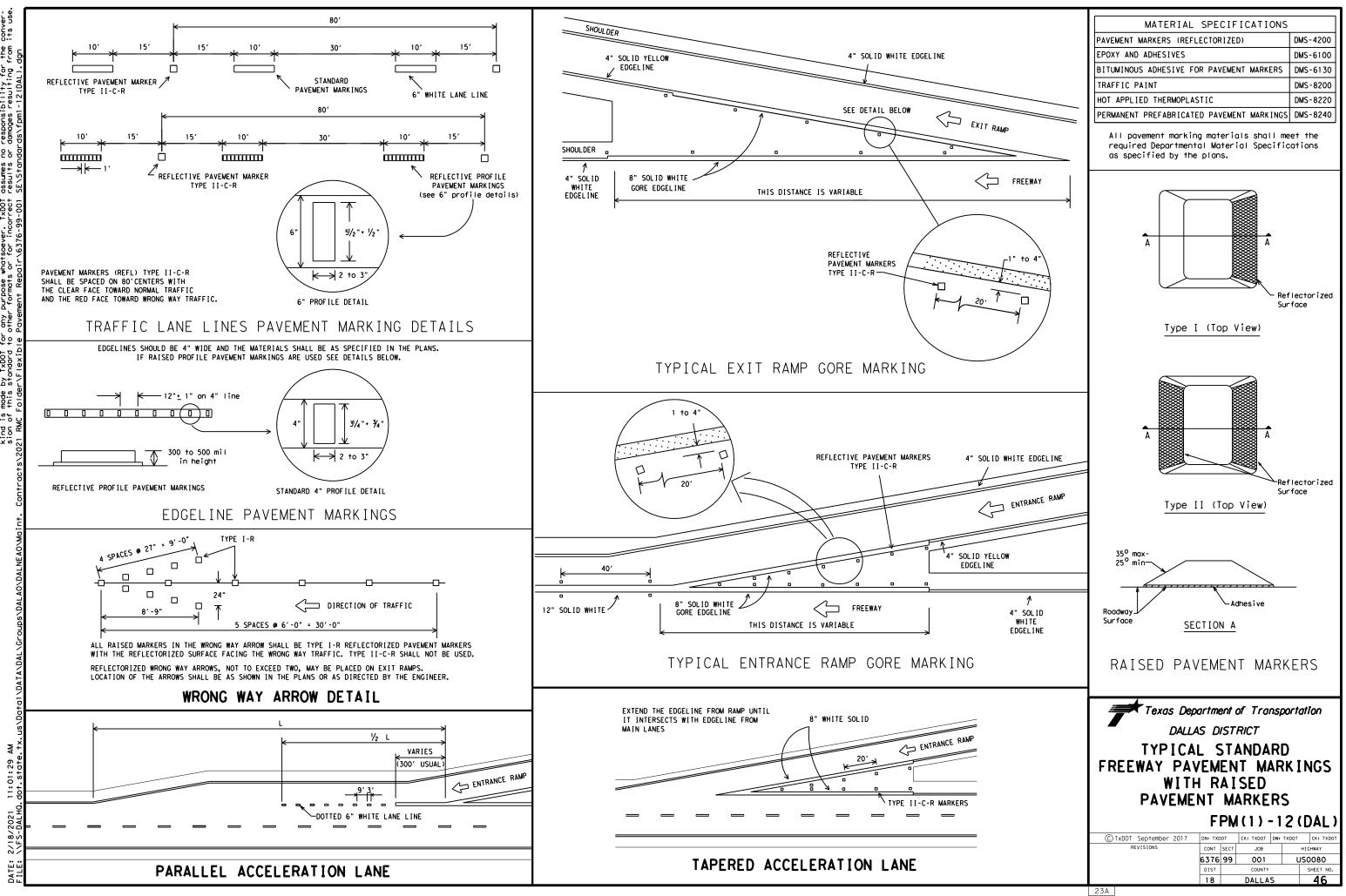
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MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

Texas Departme	ent of Transpo	ortation	Traffic Safety Division Standard
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FILE: pm1-20. dgn (C) TxDOT November 1978	PM (1) -	20	Ск:
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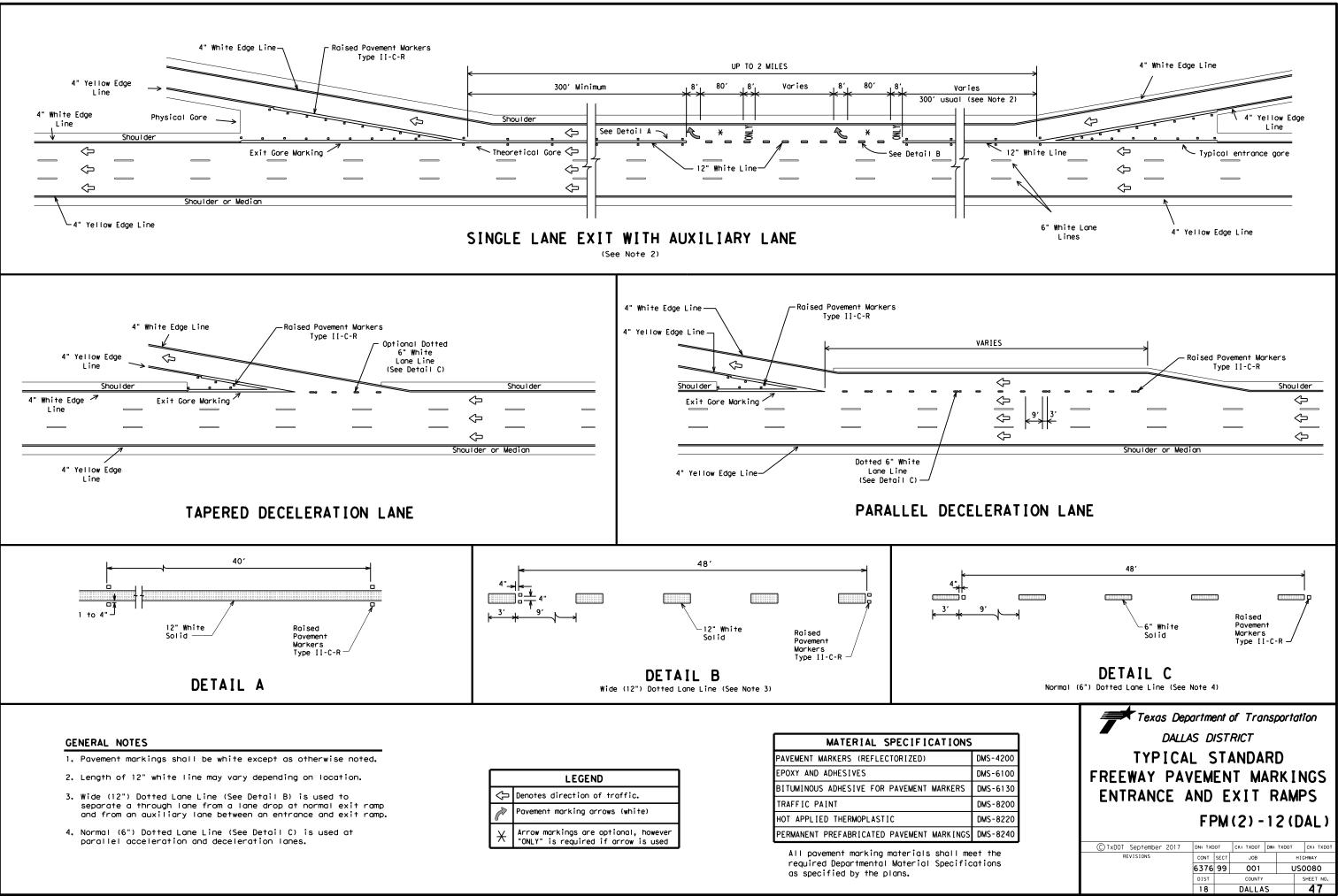
FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE





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DATE: FIIF:



LEGEND				
Ŷ	Denotes direction of traffic.			
P	Pavement marking arrows (white)			
¥	Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used			

PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	C
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	۵
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	۵
TRAFFIC PAINT	
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	0
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	۵
All pavement marking materials shall me	et

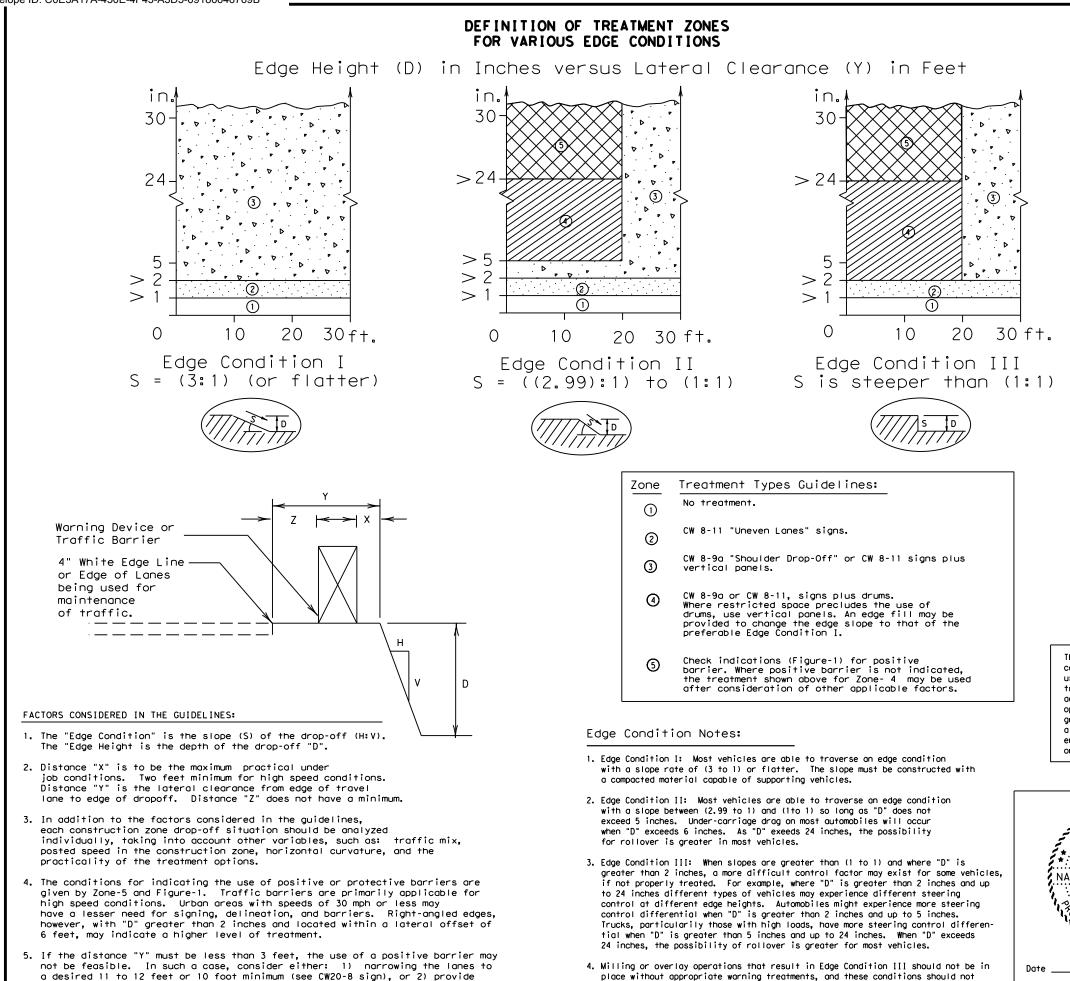
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