SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS
DESCRIPTION

SEE SHEET NO. 2

STATE OF TEXAS TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

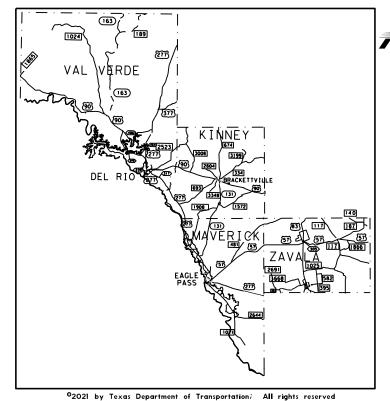
DIV. NO.	FEC	RAL AID PROJECT NO. NO.		
6	RM	C: 63759	3001	1
STATE	STATE DIST. NO		COUNTY	
TEXAS	22	٧/	L VERDE	
CONT.	SECT.	J08	HIGHMAT	NO.
6375	93	001	VAI	

PLANS OF PROPOSED
HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT
PROJECT NO. RMC: 637593001
PROJECT LENGTH: VARIOUS
PROJECT LIMITS: VARIOUS

PROJECT LIMITS: VARIOUS COUNTY: VALVERDE, etc. HIGHWAY: US 277, etc.

CCSJ# 6375-93-001 FOR GUARDRAIL REPAIRS

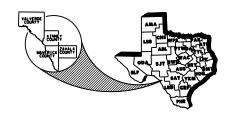
!	FINAL PLANS
Letting Date	<u>:</u>
Work Began	1
Date Accepted	<u>:</u>
Contractor	<u> </u>
Total Cost	<u>:</u>



TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

RECOMMENDED 1/28/2021 FOR LETTING:2021
DocuSigned by:
Luis Castillo Jr. Luis Castillo Jr. TRANSPORTATION, ENGINEER D11800AC2279497

APPROVED FOR LETTING:	1/28/2021	2021
DocuSigned by		
CYNTHIA 2M SALE DIRECTOR OF MA	MMA, P.E. INTENANCE	



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS

LUIS COCIS LO ASTÁLLO JA

LUIS CASTILLO JR.

SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS DESCRIPTION

1	TITLE SHEET
2	INDEX OF SHEETS
3-4	GENERAL NOTES
5-7	ESTIMATE & QUANTITIES

TRAFFIC STANDARDS

8-11 LOCATION MAP-UPPER COUNTIES

		TRAFFIC STANDARDS
*	12-23	BC (1)-14 THRU BC (12)-14
*	24	D & OM (1)-20
*	25	D & OM (2)-20
*	26	D & OM (3)-20
*	27	D & OM (4)-20
*	28	D & OM (5)-20
*	29	D & OM (6)-20
*	30	D & OM (VIA)-20
*	31	TCP (1-1)-18
*	32	TCP (1-2)-18
*	33	TCP (1-3)-18
*	34	TCP (1-4)-18
*	35	TCP (2-1)-18
*	36	TCP (2-2)-18
*	37	TCP (2-3)-18
*	38	TCP (2-4)-18
*	39	TCP (2-6)-18
*	40	TCP (5-1)-18
*	41	TCP (6-1)-12
*	42	TCP (6-2)-12
*	43	TCP (6-3)-12
*	44	TCP (6-4)-12
*	45	TCP (6-5)-12
*	46	TCP (6-6)-12
*	47	TCP (6-7)-12
*	48	WZ(RS)-16
*	49	RS-TCP-05

* 50-51 * 52 * 53 * 54 * 55 * 56	ROADWAY STANDARDS BED-(28)-19, 14 MBGF-19 MBGF-19, HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT A MBGF-19, HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT B MBGF (MS)-19 MBGF (SR)-19	* 9 * 9 * 10 * 10	90-91 92-93 94-97 98-101 92-104 95-106	BRIDGE STANDARDS TYPE PR11 - 19 TYPE PR22 - 19 TYPE C1W - 19 TYPE T1W - 19 TYPE C221 - 19 TYPE T551 - 19
^ 57 * 58 * 59 * 60	MBGF (TL2)-19 MBGF (TR)-19 MBGF (T101)-19 GF (31) DAT-19	* 10	07-108	TYPE SSTR -19 MISCELLANEOUS
* 61 * 62 * 63 * 64 * 65 * 66-67 * 68	GF (31) LS-19 GF (31) LS-19 GF (31) MS-19 GF (31) T101-19 GF (31) TL2-19 GF (31) TL3-20 GF (31) TR-14	* 11 * 11 * 11 * 11	09-110 11-112 13-114 16-118 19-120 21-123	TRAFFIC RAIL TYPE T631LS -20 TRAFFIC RAIL TYPE T631 -20 RETROFIT GUIDE-TYPE CGRAD -18 RETROFIT GUIDE-TYPE T131RC -19 RETROFIT GUIDE-TYPE RAC-R -20 RETROFIT GUIDE-C-RAIL-R -20
68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81-82 83-84 85 86-87	GF (31) TR-14 GF (31) -19 SGT (10S) 31-16 SGT (11S) 31-18 SGT (12S) 31-18 SGT (12S) 31-18 SGT (14W) 31-18 SGT (15) 31-20 ABSORB (M) -19 HEART -16 REACT(N) -16 QGUELITE (M10) (N) -20 CCCG-12 LPCB-13 CSB (1)-10 CSB (8)-10 SSCB -P (XB1) -20	*	124	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES EPIC

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Texas Department of Transportation

Laredo District

State ato Proceed to Section 1988.

U ZUZ					
FED. RD. DEV. NO.	STATE AID PROJECT NO. SHEET			SHEET NO.	
6		63759300	37593001		
STATE	DIST.		COUNTY		
TEXAS	22		VARIOUS		
CONT.	SECT.	J08	HIG	MAY NO.	
6375	93	001	US27	7.ETC.	

GENERAL NOTES:

The contract becomes effective upon receipt of the work authorization letter and covers a one (1) year period. Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the following individual(s):

sergio.revna@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will only be accepted through email to the above individuals. All contactor questions will be reviewed by the area engineer or the assistant area engineer. Once a response is developed. It will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-Info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by: District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name

Plans may be reviewed at the Laredo District Office of the Texas Department of Transportation, 1817 Bob Bullock Loop, Laredo, Texas 78043. The contact person is Sergio Revna at sergio.revna@txdot.gov

Questions concerning the specifications, work requirements, etc. of this contract should be directed to Sergio Reyna, Contract Specialist, at sergio.reyna@txdot.gov

This project consists of Guardrail Repair on various roadways in ValVerde, Kinney, Maverick, and Zavala.

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A contractor awarded multiple contracts, must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time.

All work on this contract is callout work and a written work order will be issued as work is needed. A work order will consist of the location(s) of each repair, the bid item for the repairs and the approximate quantity of work to be paid. Each work order is required to be completed with all of its location(s), in order be defined as a completed work order repaired. Any additional work performed not specified in the work order will require prior approval.

When notified by work order of emergency repair, begin physical work within 48 hours of notification and complete within 96 hours, unless otherwise approved.

Notify the maintenance office(s) of cancellation of work activities, and provide a minimum of 48 hours advance notice prior to beginning work.

Remove materials or debris within the construction limits not incorporated in the project.

Liquidated damages will be assessed in accordance with Article 6 "Failure to Complete Work on Time". The working days allowed for each work order shall be as outlined

- 1. When identified as "Emergency Repairs", the work shall be completed within 96 hours.
- 2. When identified as "Specialty Rail Repairs" the repairs shall be completed within 90 calendar days from the issuance date of the work order.
- 3. All other work orders, not identified as emergency or specialty, shall be completed within 20 calendar days from the issuance date of the work order.

SUPERVISION:

For this project, the Maintenance Supervisors in charge are:

Kinney County	Maverick County	Val Verde County	Zavala County
Anthony Aldaco	Charles Fite	Francis Schell, Jr.	Alejandro Alvarez
anthony aldaco@txdot.gov	charles fite@txdot.gov	francis a schell@txdot.gov	aleiandro.alvarez@txdot.go

SCOPE OF WORK:

If agreed upon in writing by both parties to the Contract, the Contract may be extended for an additional period of time not to exceed the original Contract time period. The extended Contract shall be for the original bid quantities, terms and conditions plus any approved, applicable change orders.

When the Contract is extended by agreement, a performance and/or payment bond, if required shall be executed in the amount of the extension before the additional work

CONTROL OF MATERIALS

Contractor will furnish all necessary materials and deliver salvageable materials to the designated maintenance office.

Materials that are determined unsalvageable by the Engineer shall become property of the Contractor and shall be disposed in accrdance with federal, state, and local regulations

PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 3.1.5 "Calendar Day." Working hours will be between 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. No work will be performed on Saturdays, Sundays, or national holidays without prior approval.

ITEM 7 - LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Roadway closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited; January1, the last Monday in May, July 4, the first Monday in September, the fourth Thursday In November, and December 24 or 25.

ITEM 421-HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE

Sulfate resistant concrete shall be used in all situations where structural elements are in contact with the natural ground. These includes, but are not limited to, all reinforced concrete pipe, concrete box culverts, drill shafts, bridge columns, bridge abutments, wing walls, approach slabs, inlets, manholes, junction boxes, ground boxes and all

ITEM 432 -RIPRAP
When placing Concrete Riprap, use Class B Concrete.

Contractor is responsible for field verifying measurements for pedestrian rail in radius. Removal of the existing pedestrian rail shall be subsidiary to Items 450-6042 and 450-6043. This work shall be considered as Specialty Rail Repairs.

ITEM 502 -BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

Barricades, signs, and traffic handling (including truck mounted attenuators) shall not be paid for directly but shall be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract. Furnish and install all signs, barricades and other incidentals necessary for proper traffic control, in accordance the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, the Department's Compilant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List, and the Department's traffic control standards

When shadow vehicles are called for in the standards, they shall be equipped with Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA).

Lane closures will require prior approval from the Department and a minimum of 48 hours of advance notice. Immediately notify th Department of changes in schedule.

Limit lane closures to a maximum of 2 miles. If more than one lane closure location is desired, provide a minimum of a 2 mile pasing zone between locations. Provide a separate sign set up for each location. When arrow boards are required, provide a standby unit in good working condition at the jobsite ready for immediate use.

Rumble strips shall be required as per standard WZ(RS)-16, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

ITEM 512 - PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER

Do not use different types of Portable Traffic Barriers in a single continuous installation.

ITEM 544 -GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

ET-PLUS or X-Lite systems shall not be utilized for new installations, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

After installation of new SGT, repair all galvanized parts on which the galvanizing has become scratched, chipped, or otherwise damaged. Repair in accordance with Item 445.3.5, "Repairs". This work is subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

Posts height will vary and dimensions will be provided by the Engineer.

ITEM 545 -CRASH CUSHION ATTENUATORS:

A MASH compliant crash cushion attenuator is required for every temporary and permanent installation.

ITEM 658 -DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER ASSEMBLIES:

Remove damaged delineators and replace with either a new metal delineator (TY-C)(GF1) or install as directed by the engineer.

Delineators are to be placed at 25 foot spacing on the entire side of the repaired railing. A minimum of 3 delineators are to be installed whenever the approach or departure is less than 100 foot in length.

One delineator per rail is to be installed except on SGT-Railing.

ITEM 770 -GUARD FENCE REPAIR

Contractor shall furnish all materials and hardware as per Item 770.

Furnish and place topsoil to repair areas disturbed by construction operations, as approved. The topsoil and placement will notbe paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

After guardrall repair is complete, repair all galvanized parts on which the galvanizing has become scratched, chipped or otherwise damaged. Repair galvanizing in accordance with Item 445.3.D. "Repairs". This work is subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

If only the W-beam rail element of a bridge rail is damaged, the rail shall be repaired in accordance with Item 770-6001.

Different terminal connectors are required to attach rail to concrete bridge rail and TxDOT will provide a site specific design for Contractor to install the terminal connection assembly. This work will be subsidiary to the bid item specified.

When repairing rail element attached to a concrete bridge rail, remove expansion anchors and drill holes (to provide a snug fit for 7/8 inch diameter bolts) completely through the parapet wall with a masonry bit or core drill. Do not use percussion drilling in concrete walls. Mount guardrail to the parapet wall with 7/8 inch diameter bolts that extend completely through the parapet wall. This work is subsidiary to these items, depending on type of rail elements used.



Texas Department of Transportation Laredo District STATE ALD PROJECT NO. 637593001 STATE TEXAS 22 VARIOUS CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHBAY NO US277.ETC

ITEM 770 -GUARD FENCE REPAIR (CONT.)

When timber or steel posts are encountered in concrete riprap without an existing leave-out, the contractor will remove existing post, saw cut 18"X18" square leave out hole and replace post, backfill, and compact with sultable material to the bottom of existing adjoining riprap and fill leave out area with grout.

Timber/steel post with concrete foundation will be defined as a post in which the entire foundation is completely encapsulated in concrete. This work will be paid for under this Item 770-6011. All other posts, including those in riprap and mow strip will be paid for under Item 770-6010 "Remove/Replace Timber/Steel Post without Concrete Foundation".

Repair damaged steel post by exposing the post twelve inches below the damaged area. Cut post a minimum of six inches below the damaged area and weld a new post to the existing portion of post using full depth groove weld all the way around the post. Back/ill will consist of grout.

When field welding is required, provide a "qualified" person, capable of making welds of sound quality in accordance with Item 448.4.2, "Welder Qualification".

Do not damage existing posts when realigning posts, drill new post holes and reset existing posts as directed.

If an SGT post must be realigned, removal and resetting of supported elements will be necessary to complete the realignment of the post. This removal and resetting of the supporting elements will be subsidiary to Item 770-6017. Concrete/grout work may be necessary to perform the realignment of posts and shall will be subsidiary to this item.

When a curved rail is required to be replaced, the contractor shall field verify radius and provide materials to repair the location. The removal and replacement of the existing rail type will be subsidiary to this item.

MISCELLANEOUS

Certain standard sheets in the miscellaneous tab will be used as a guide for retrofitting existing structures with rails listed on those sheets. Details with appropriate notes from these guides should be prepared for the specific application. Dimensions of existing slab thickness, curb widths, heights, etc., should be shown. In some cases, particular care should be taken in identifying the bridge abutment wing wall conditions and providing for proper reinforcement anchorage and approach guard fence post postllonling. These sheets may not be used without modification.

The details shown may need to be amended if the exact existing condition is not covered. In all cases, details and notes not required must be crossed out or eliminated, "(MOD)"added, and the phrase "(Not to be used as a standard)" removed, and the sheet signed and sealed.

GENERAL NOTES

—	Texas	Department of Trai	sportation			
C) 2021	Loredo Districi					
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FED. RD. STATE AID PROJECT NO. SMEET NO.					
6		637593001				
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS	22	VARIO	ıs			



QUANTITY SHEET

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6375-93-001

DISTRICT Laredo **HIGHWAY** US0090

COUNTY Val Verde

		CONTROL SECTION	ои јов	6375-93	3-001		
	PROJECT ID		A00139603				
	COUNTY		OUNTY	Val Verde		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		ніс	GHWAY	US0090			FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	104-6028	REMOVING CONC (MISC)	SY	50.000		50.000	
	132-6001	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY A)	CY	10.000		10.000	
	401-6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	CY	10.000		10.000	
	420-6074	CL C CONC (MISC)	CY	5.000		5.000	
	429-6007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SF	10.000		10.000	
	429-6009	CONC STR REPAIR (STANDARD)	SF	10.000		10.000	
	432-6001	RIPRAP (CONC)(4 IN)	CY	10.000		10.000	
	432-6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	10.000		10.000	
	451-6003	RETROFIT RAIL (TY T1W)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	451-6004	RETROFIT RAIL (TY T131RC)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	451-6030	RETROFIT RAIL (TY C1W)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	451-6066	RETROFIT RAIL (TY PR11)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	451-6067	RETROFIT RAIL (TY PR22)	LF	30.000		30.000	
	500-6033	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	15.000		15.000	
	500-6034	MOBILIZATION (EMERGENCY)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	510-6002	ONE-WAY TRAF CONT (PILOT CAR)	HR	50.000		50.000	
	512-6072	PTB (FRN&INSTL)(SGL SLP)(TY 1) OR (STL)	LF	100.000		100.000	
	512-6074	PTB (MOVE)(SGL SLP)(TY 1) OR (STL)	LF	100.000		100.000	
	512-6076	PTB (REMOVE)(SGL SLP)(TY 1) OR (STL)	LF	100.000		100.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	800.000		800.000	
	540-6002	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	LF	25.000		25.000	
	540-6003	MTL THRIE-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	16.000		16.000	
	540-6005	TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	EA	2.000		2.000	
	540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	540-6009	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (T6)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	540-6015	DRIVEWAY TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	EA	2.000		2.000	
	540-6016	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	EA	2.000		2.000	
	540-6017	MTL BM GD FEN (LONG SPAN SYSTEM)	LF	100.000		100.000	
	540-6018	MTL BM GD FEN TRANS (NON - SYM)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	540-6019	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (SPECIAL)	LF	100.000		100.000	
	540-6035	MTL BM GD FEN TRANS (31"-28")	EA	20.000		20.000	
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	100.000		100.000	
	542-6002	REMOVE TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	EA	2.000		2.000	
	544-6006	GDRAIL END TRT(INST)(WOOD POST)(TY III)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	545-6003	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (MOVE & RESET)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	545-6005	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (REMOVE)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	545-6019	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL)(S)(N)(TL3)	EA	2.000		2.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Laredo	Val Verde	6375-93-001	



QUANTITY SHEET

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6375-93-001

DISTRICT Laredo **HIGHWAY** US0090

COUNTY Val Verde

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	6375-93	3-001		
		ECT ID	A00139603				
	CO			Val Ve	rde	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
			HWAY	US00	90		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	658-6015	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)GF1	EA	50.000		50.000	
	658-6016	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)GF1 (BI)	EA	50.000		50.000	
	658-6028	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ (BRF)GF1	EA	100.000		100.000	
	770-6001	REPAIR RAIL ELEMENT (W - BEAM)	LF	2,000.000		2,000.000	
	770-6002	REPAIR RAIL ELEMENT (THRIE - BEAM)	LF	25.000		25.000	
	770-6003	REP RAIL ELMNT(THRIE-BM TRANS TO W -BM)	LF	25.000		25.000	
	770-6004	REPAIR RAIL ELEMENT (CURVED RAIL)	LF	25.000		25.000	
	770-6006	RAISE RAIL ELEMENT	LF	100.000		100.000	
	770-6010	REM / REPL TIMBER/STL POST W/O CONC FND	EA	150.000		150.000	
	770-6011	REM / REPL TIMBER / STL POST W/CONC FND	EA	50.000		50.000	
	770-6017	REALIGN POSTS	EA	100.000		100.000	
	770-6019	REMOVE & REPLACE BLOCKOUT	EA	150.000		150.000	
	770-6021	REPLACE SINGLE GDRAIL TERMINAL RAIL	LF	300.000		300.000	
	770-6022	REPLACE SINGLE GDRAIL TERMINAL POST	EA	100.000		100.000	
	770-6023	REPAIR OF TERMINAL ANCHORS POSTS	EA	10.000		10.000	
	770-6027	REMOVE GDRAIL END TRT / REPL WITH SGT	EA	25.000		25.000	
	770-6028	REPL SINGLE GDRAIL TERM IMPACT HEAD	EA	10.000		10.000	
	770-6029	REM & RESET SGT IMPACT HEAD	EA	2.000		2.000	
	770-6030	REPLACE SGT CABLE ASSEMBLY	EA	10.000		10.000	
	770-6031	REPLACE SGT CABLE ANCHOR	EA	10.000		10.000	
	770-6032	REPLACE SGT STRUT	EA	10.000		10.000	
	770-6033	REPLACE SGT OBJECT MARKER	EA	10.000		10.000	
	770-6052	REPAIR STEEL POST WITH BASE PLATE	EA	2.000		2.000	
	771-6002	REPLACE POSTS (TL-4)	EA	50.000		50.000	
	771-6004	CABLE SPLICE / TURNBUCKLE (TL-4)	EA	10.000		10.000	
	771-6008	REPR OR REPLC CABLE BARR TERM SEC(TL-4)	EA	3.000		3.000	
	771-6010	REPLACE CABLE (TL-4)	LF	200.000		200.000	
	771-6012	REPLACE POST HARDWARE (TL-4)	EA	40.000		40.000	
	772-6003	POST AND CABLE FENCE (NEW INSTALLATION)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	772-6009	POST AND CABLE FENCE (REPAIR)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	774-6058	REPAIR (BEAT - SSCC)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	776-6001	REPAIR (STEEL POST W/ W-BEAM - T101)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	776-6004	REPAIR (STL POST W/ DOUBLED W-BEAMS-T6)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	776-6009	REPAIR (STL PIPE PEDESTRIAN RAIL - PR1)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	776-6011	REP METAL POST W/ BASE PLATE(T101 RAIL)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	776-6014	REP METAL POST W/ BASE PLATE (T6 RAIL)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	776-6021	REPAIR (TY T1 - 101R)	LF	50.000		50.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Laredo	Val Verde	6375-93-001	



QUANTITY SHEET

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6375-93-001

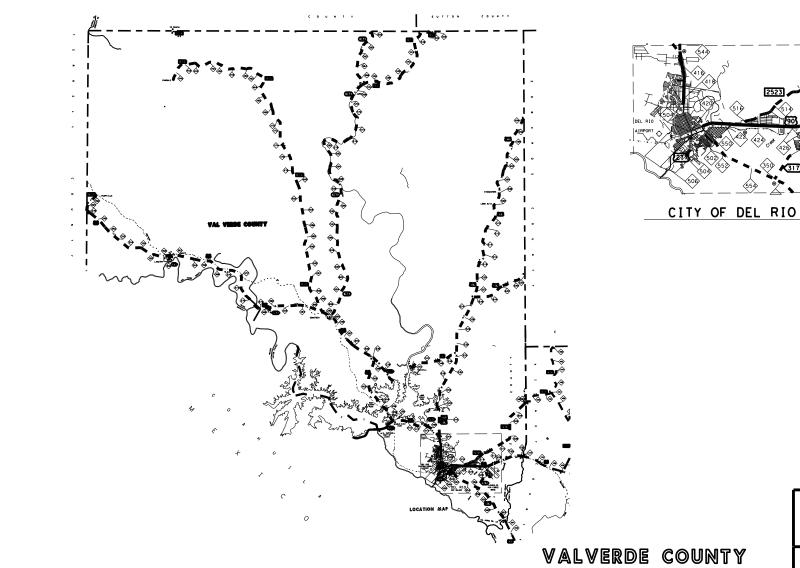
DISTRICT Laredo **HIGHWAY** US0090

COUNTY Val Verde

		CONTROL SECT	ON JOB	6375-93-001 A00139603 Val Verde			
		PRO	JECT ID				
			COUNTY			TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		н	GHWAY	US0090			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	EST. FINAL		
	776-6035	REPAIR (W-BEAM - T101 RAIL)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	50.000		50.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Laredo	Val Verde	6375-93-001	

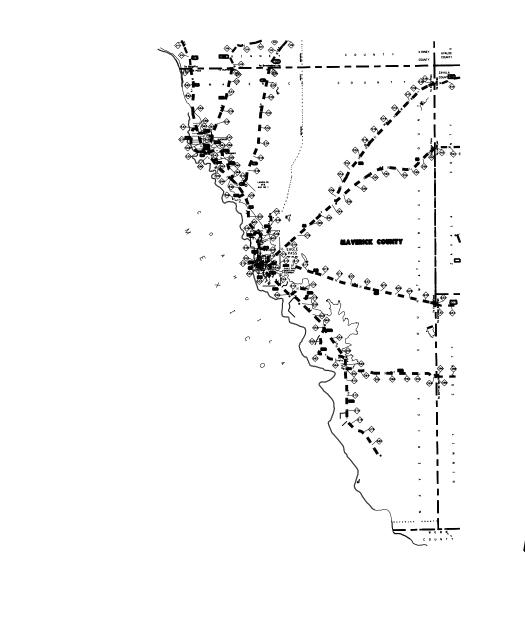


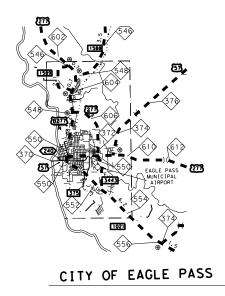
VAL VERDE COUNTY LOCATION MAP

Texas Department of Transportation

Loredo District

	Loredo District					
STA	ATE AID PROJECT NO. SHEE					
	37593001					
DIST.	COUNTY					
22		VARIOUS				
SECT.	JOB	B MIGHBAY NO.				
93	001	US27	7.ETC.			
	DIST. 22 SECT.	STATE AID PROJEC 637593001 DIST. 22 SECT. JOB	DIST. COUNTY			

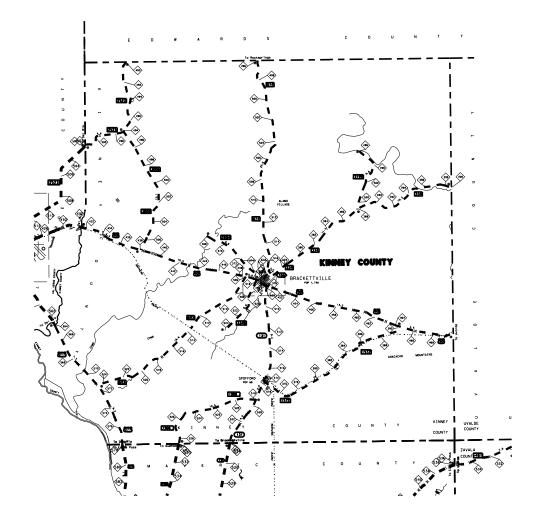


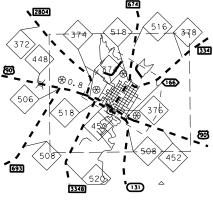


MAVERICK COUNTY

MAVERICK COUNTY LOCATION MAP

⇒ ★*	Texas i	Departme	nt of Trai	nsportation			
(C) 2021			District				
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STA	TE AID PROJEC	AID PROJECT NO. SH				
6		637593001	537593001				
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY					
TEXAS	22	VARIOUS					
CONT.	SECT.	JOB MIGHRAY NO.					
6375	93	001	11527	7. FTC.			



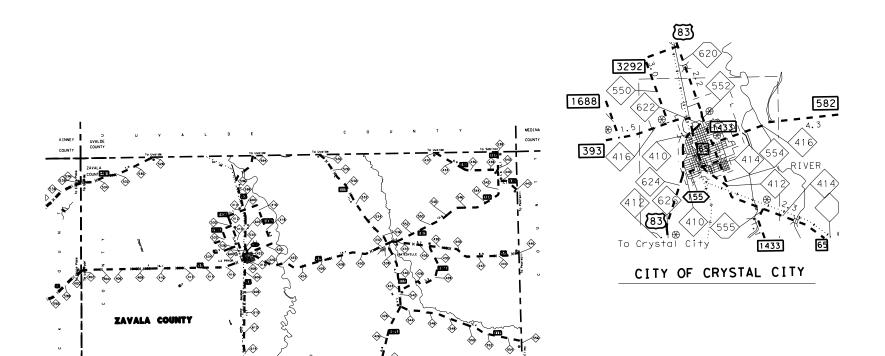


CITY OF BRACKETTVILLE

KINNEY COUNTY

KINNEY COUNTY LOCATION MAP

		Texos i		nt of Tro District	nsportation		
	C 2021 FED. RD. DIV. NO.	ED. RD. STATE AID PROJECT NO.					
ı	6		63759300				
ı	STATE	DIST.	COUNTY				
ı	TEXAS	22		VARIO	US		
ı	CONT.	SECT.	JOB HIGHBAY NO.				
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ZAVALA COUNTY

ZAVALA COUNTY LOCATION MAP

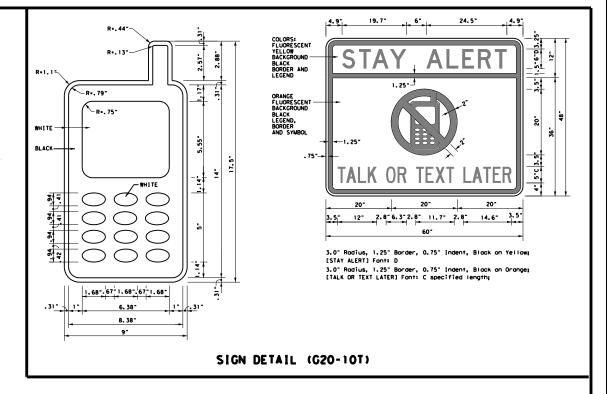
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DIV.NO.	STA	STATE AID PROJECT NO. SHEET					
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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessory warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-101) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

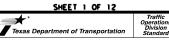
Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment
within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting
the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility
Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard
performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be
considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work,



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

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		6375	93	001		US277, ETC.	
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the end of the work zone.

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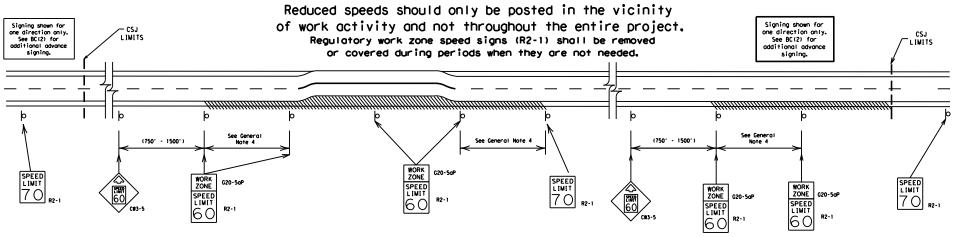
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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Nork zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered.

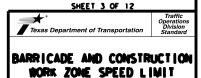
(See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-50P) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to 1tem 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 - A. Law enforcement.
 B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only, Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TXD0T form #1204 in the TXD0T e-form system.



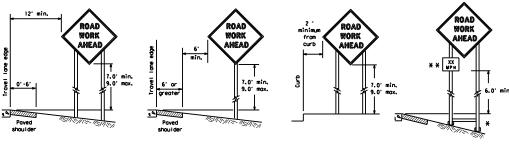
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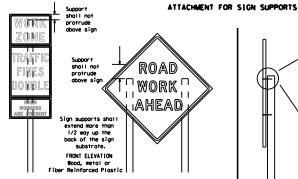
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
 - * * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

SIDE ELEVATION

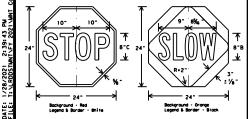
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Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support, Multiple sions shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- 2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any Lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW poddle foces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other aeographical, recreational, or cultural information, Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction
- purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs
- shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to I tem 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR BORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white,
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
 - All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and quide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- Guice the traveling pourie sure; incough the work zone.

 The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SMSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person, All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can erify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF BORK top defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 61

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The ingineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting helph and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements. Long-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting
- more than one hour. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period,
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- SICN MOUNTING MEIGHT

 The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the payed surface, except shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing,
 Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the payed surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer,

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CMZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. "Wesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6° may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1),
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FMBA) and as published in the "Standord Highway Sign besign for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standords and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

 Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic,
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be oppose. Such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT MEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
- The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed
- along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slapes.

FLACS ON SIGNS

Flogs may be used to drow attention to warning signs. When used the flog shall be 15 inches square or larger and shall be arange or flourescent red-orange in color. Flogs shall not be allowed to cover any portion of

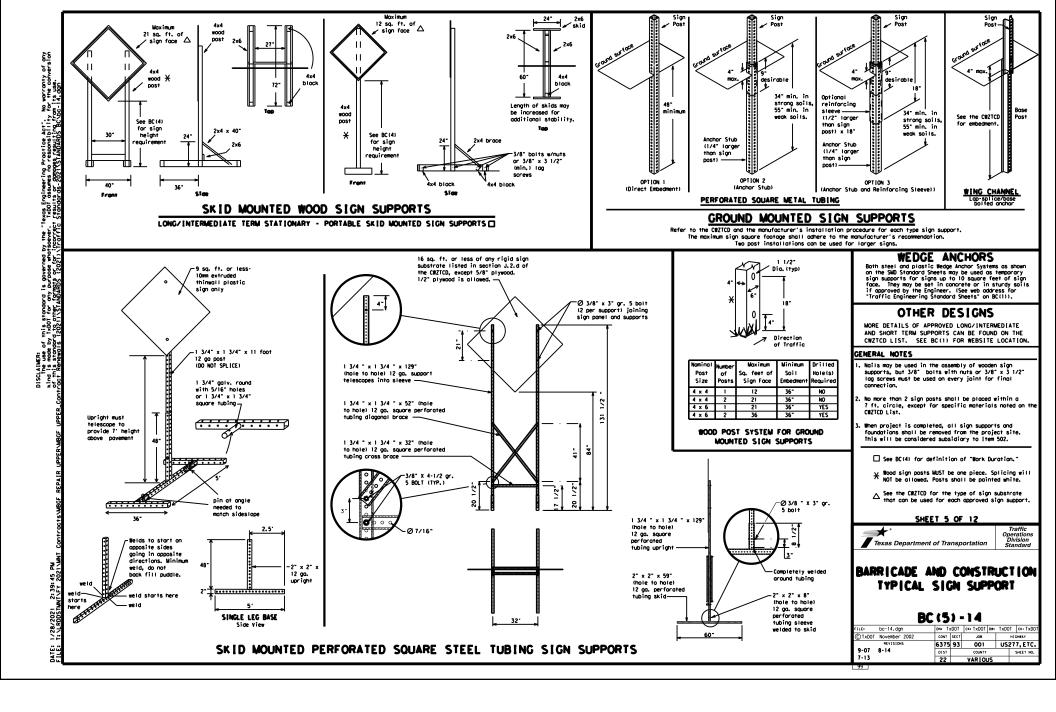
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Operation: Division Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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PORTABLE CHANGEABLE WESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," FOR, " AT, " etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCNS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message: i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be obbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PK ING
CROSSING	XING	Road	
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lone	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Express Luie	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Trovelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME WIN
	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway Hour (s)	HR. HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
Intermetion It is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
	LFT	West	W
Left Left Lone	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) #
Lett Lone Lone Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Povement	WET PVMT
		Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # [H-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	p Closure List	Other Condition List			
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT		
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT		
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE		
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT		

CENTER DAYTIME LOOSE UNEVEN I ANF LANE GRAVEL LANES CLOSED CLOSURES XXXX FT XXXX FT NIGHT I-XX SOUTH DETOUR ROUGH LANE EXIT X MILE ROAD CLOSURES CLOSED XXXX FT VARIOUS EXIT XXX ROADWORK ROADWORK LANES CLOSED CLOSED X MILE SH XXXX FRI-SUN

CLOSED CLOSED MALL X LANES DRIVEWAY CLOSED CLOSED TUE - FRI

EXIT

XXXXXXX

BLVD

CLOSED

XXXX FT * LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

RIMP

XXXX FT

TRAFFIC

SIGNAL

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

	Effect on Travel st	Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOUL DER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER	WATCH FOR			TONIGHT XX PM-

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

RIGHT LN

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location
- is not included in the first phase selected. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

MORDING ALTERNATIVES

ROUTES

STAY

LANE

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- appropriate. 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can
- be interchanged as appropriate. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.

WORKERS

- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
 7. FT and Mi, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

US XXX

X MILES

LANES

SHIFT

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

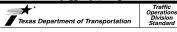
for, or replace that sign,

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CN20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it
- shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the

SHEET 6 OF 12

* * See Application Guidelines Note 6.

XX AM



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

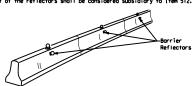
BC (6) -14

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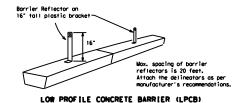
- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

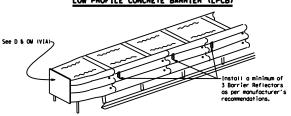


CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs
- shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.

 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- by the Engineer.
 11.Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.





DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{TL} or C_{TL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.

 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.

 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will
- certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside. 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans,

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- A series of sequential flashing worning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delinection. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential worning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The worning reflector shall be vellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The worning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the arum.
 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum,
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized. 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle negrest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

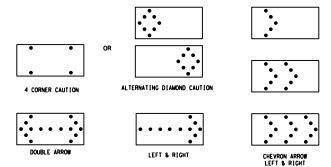
Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lone closures on multi-lone roodways, or slow
- in the flashing arrow board should be used for all falle closures on wintiff lare footneys, or so moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUITON" display (see detail below) is used.

 The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.

 The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
 The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.

1 mile

- The Floshing Arrow Board shall be copoble of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The floshing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 floshes per minute. Minimum lamp on time shall be approximately 50 percent for the floshing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the floshing arrow and equal

- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLONED.

 10. The floshing arrow display is NOT ALLONED.

 11. The floshing arrow display is the TXDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.

 11. The floshing Arrow Board shall NOT BUT USED to laterally shift traffic.

 12. A floshing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BUT USED to laterally shift traffic.

 13. A full matrix POUS may be used to simulate a Floshing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flosh can define to environments on this Power for the seme alter arrow.
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.

 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway.
- to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS							
YPE	MINIMUM Size	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	WINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE				
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile				

15

ATTENTION
Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with
shall be equipped with
automatic dimming devices

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

C 48 x 96

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs. 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- in the plans. 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.

The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work

Operation: Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

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© 1×DOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY	
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- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal
- handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles. 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or
- single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports. 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width, Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.

9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.

10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

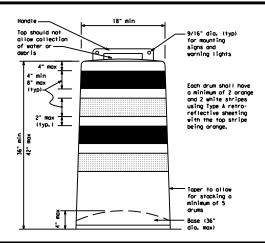
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

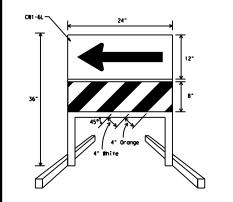
- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the pians.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall aghere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.

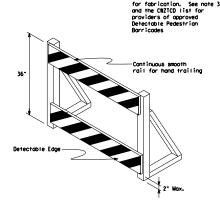
 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved
- this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- 1. The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers.
- guidance to drivers is necessary.
 If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rall with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4 white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List. Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



This detail is not intended

DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1, When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with
- the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.

 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the **Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)* and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



(Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8. Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ 0 range sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

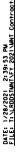
Texas Department of Transportation

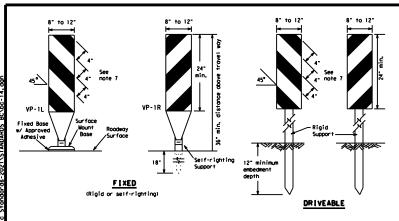
Operations Division

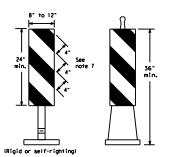
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

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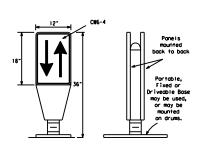




PORTABLE

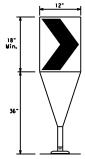
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize
- traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other greas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Payement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective arange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic. 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A
- conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of troffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the payement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spocing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



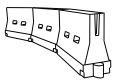
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveoble Bose, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Specing should be such that the materist always has three in view, until the change in alignment
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be grange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type Brt or Type Crt conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind austs making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the payement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final payement surfaces, including payement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list,
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers
- on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

LCD along the full length of the device.

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
- work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective defineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings,
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. Then used on a toper in a low speed urban area, the toper shall be delineated and the toper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available generic conditions. Then used build be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available generic conditions.
- as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Speed	Formula	lo	Minimu esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30'	60'	
35	L: WS2	2051	2251	2451	35′	70'	
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80'	
45		450'	4951	5401	45'	90'	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	
55	L-WS	550'	6051	660,	55'	110'	
60	L-#3	600,	660,	720'	60,	120'	
65		650'	715	780'	65'	130'	
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	
75		750'	825'	900,	75'	150'	
80		800,	880,	960'	80,	160'	
VV*							

** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND <u>MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS</u>

SHEET 9 OF 12

Operations Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

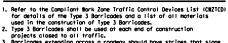
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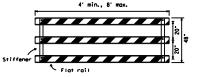
- Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope
- downward in both directions toward the center of roadway. 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manne that covers any partian of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbass. Sandbass shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.



TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



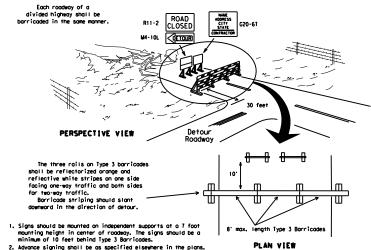
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

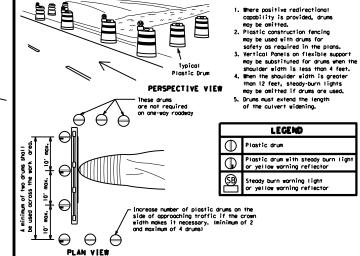
clear zone.

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TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



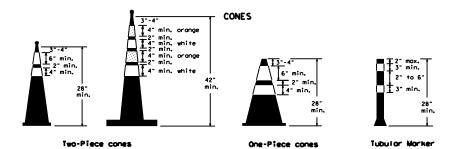


CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Alternate

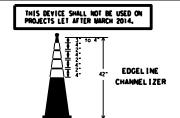
within 30' from travel lane.



28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs. 42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

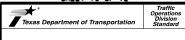
- Ф Drums, vertical panels or 42" cones Approx. Approx. at 50' maximum spacina 50' 50' Min. 2 drums Min. 2 drums or 1 Type : or 1 Type 3 barricade barricade STOCKPUE _ _ On one-way roads Desiroble downstream drums stockpile location Channelizing devices parallel to traffic or barricade may be is outside should be used when stockpile is
 - TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly arange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base. or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to gid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size



- 1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is
- not intended to be used in transitions or topers. 2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (apposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern; four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.





BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roodways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans,
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet #Z(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised payement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised payement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated povement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated payement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

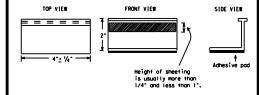
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement markings within the work limits,
- 2. Work zone payement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Payement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Payement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible. so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised povement markers shall be as directed by the
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roodway Worker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tobs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative, Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic povement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall he lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturer
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised payement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised payement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two omber reflective surfaces with yellow body), WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATI	ONS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and othe pavement markinas can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

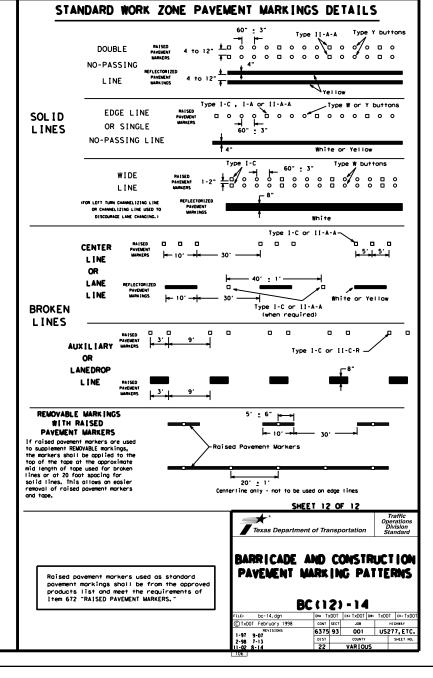
SHEET 11 OF 12

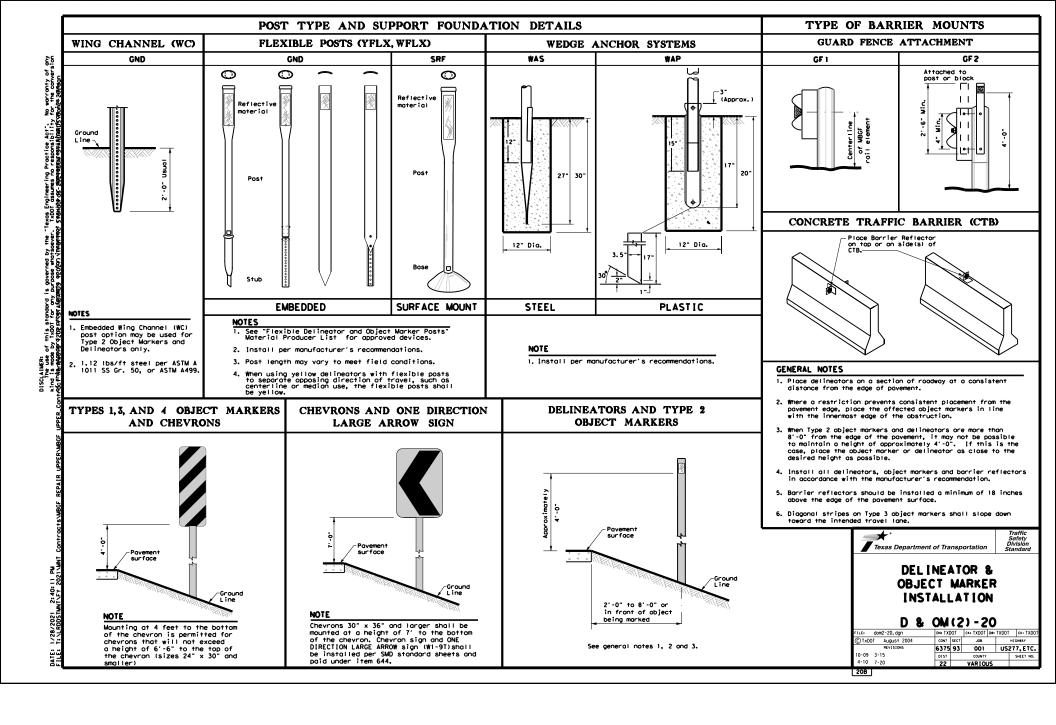


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVENENT MARKINGS

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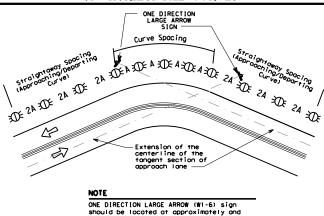


MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed				
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)			
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	RPMs			
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.			
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction	RPMs and Chevrons			

SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles preventhe installation of chevrons

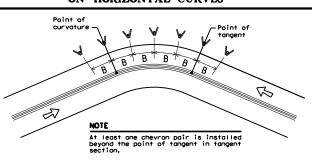


SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.

perpendicular to the extension of the

centerline of the tangent section of



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN					
			FEET		
Degree of Curve	Rodius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve	
		A	2A	В	
1	5730	225	450		
2	2865	160	320		
3	1910	130	260	200	
4	1433	110	220	160	
5	1146	100	200	160	
6	955	90	180	160	
7	819	85	170	160	
8	716	75	150	160	
9	637	75	150	120	
10	573	70	140	120	
11	521	65	130	120	
12	478	60	120	120	
13	441	60	120	120	
14	409	55	110	80	
15	382	55	110	80	
16	358	55	110	80	
19	302	50	100	80	
23	249	40	80	80	
29	198	35	70	40	

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

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DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Chevron Spacing Advisory Spacing Spacing in Speed in in (MPH) Curve Straightaway Curve 2xA 130 260 200 65 110 220 160 100 160 55 200 50 85 170 160 45 75 150 120 40 70 140 120 35 60 120 120 30 55 110 80 25 50 100 80 20 40 80 80 15 35 70

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING						
CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING				
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets				
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table				
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)				
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))				
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet				
Bridge Rail (steel or concreteland Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators				
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max				
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)				
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and deporture end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)				
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)				
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge		Requires reflective sheeting provided by monufacturer per D & CM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (CM-3) in front of the terminal end				
		See D & OM (5)				
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)				
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)				
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet				
NOTES						

NOTES

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform
 to the color of the povement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators
 or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

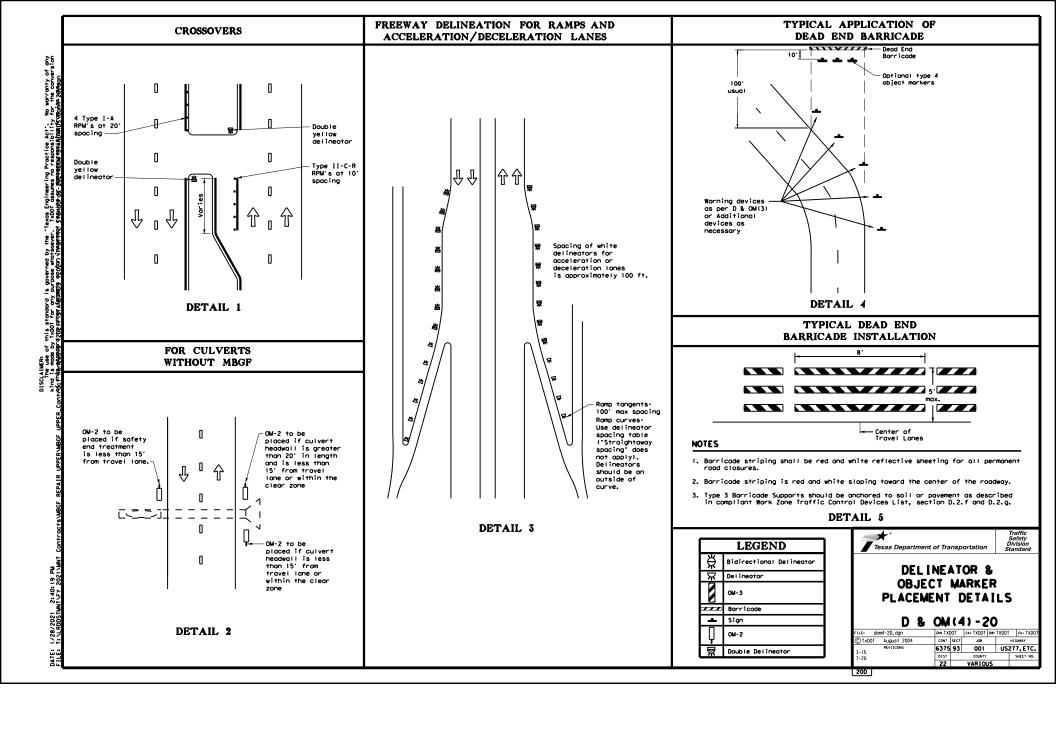
	LEGEND						
₩	Bi-directional Delineator						
X	Delineator						
1	Sign						

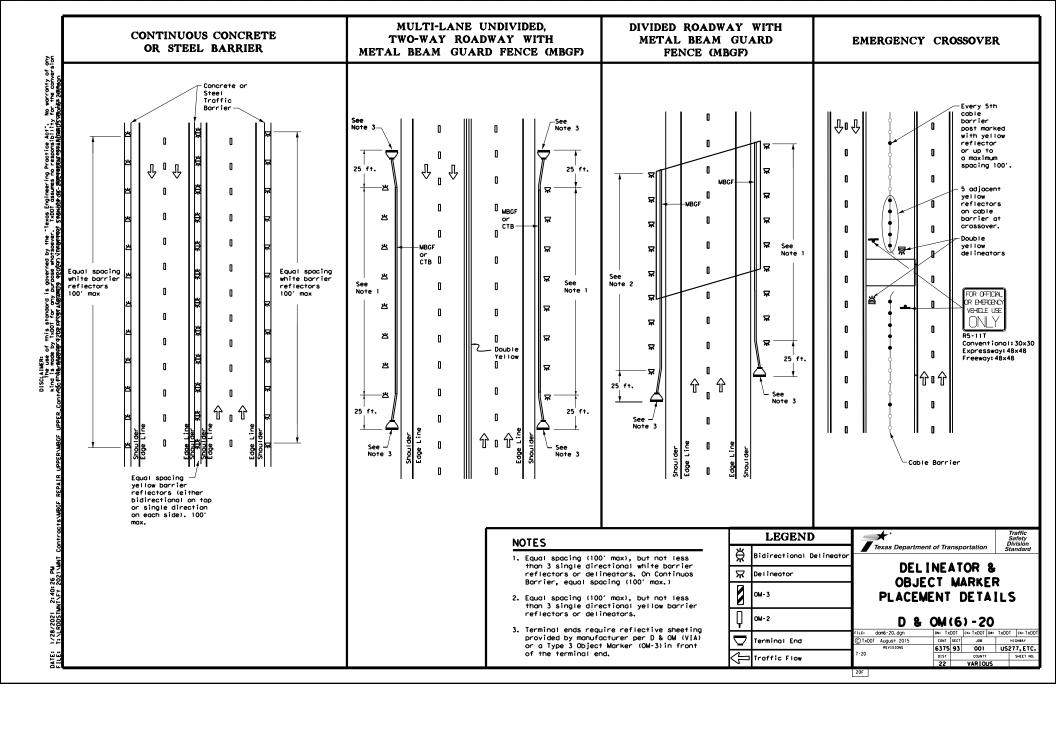
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PLACEMENT DETAI	LS

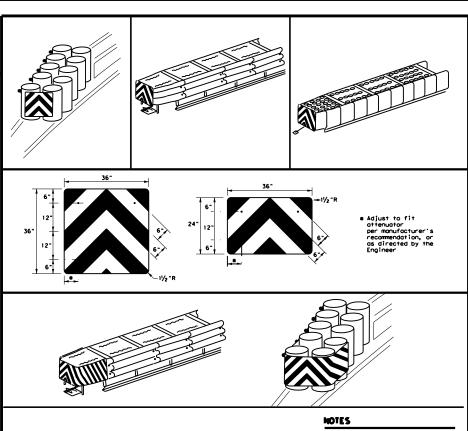
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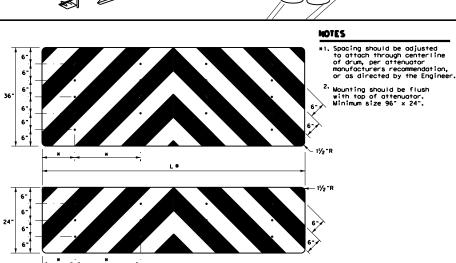
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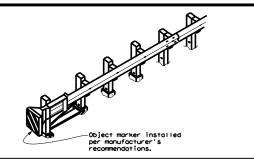
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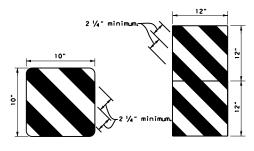




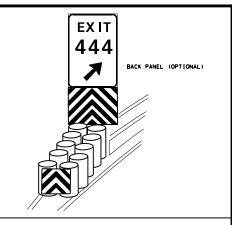


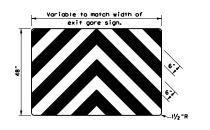






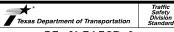
OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT





NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300, Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cop" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6°. Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 V_4 .
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow coble or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA) -20

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	CONT 6375 DIST	6375 93 DIST	CONT SECT JOB 6375 93 OO1 DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB HI 6375 93 OO1 US27 DIST COUNTY

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END ROAD WORK Channelizing Devices (See note 2) Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices ROAD G20-2 ruck Mounted WORK version den Heavy Work Vehicle 48" X 24" Attenuator (TMA) AHEAD (See note 2)▲ Ê Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) M CW20-1D END ♦ _ Sign Traffic Flow 48" X 48" (Flogs-ROAD ROAD WORK $\overline{\Delta}$ ☐ Flagger Flag Channelizing WORK ě Devices AHEAD G20-2 (See note 2)▲ ROAD 48" X 24" 유명 (See note 2) uggested Maximu Spacing of Channelizing Devices ⇩ WORK Desiroble CW20-1D Sign Spacing AHEAD for 50 mph 3x for over Posted Speed Taper Lengths Longitudina Buffer Space "B" 48" x 48" (Flags-CW20-1D 48 X 48 On a On a Taper Tangen See note 11 (Flags-Distance 办 ↔ See note 1) 50 mph or over 50 r 30 30, 90' 1201 150' 165' 180' 60 Sec. 1 35 205' 225' 245' 35' 70' 1601 1201 40 265' 295' 320' 40' 80' 240' 1551 45 450' 495' 540' 90' 3201 1951 50 500, 220, 600, 50' 1001 400' 240' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110' 5001 2951 60 600' 660' 720' 60' 120' 600' 350' 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 1301 7001 410' 70' 140' 70 700' 770' 840' 8001 475 Channelizing Devices mph or over 50 i 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' 900, 540' Inactive work vehicle (See note 2)▲ * Conventional Roads Only ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. for 50 a L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH) Work vehicles or — other equipment necessary for the work operation, such as trucks, moveable Channelizing devices may be omitted if the work area is a minimum of 30' TYPICAL USAGE cranes, etc., shall remain in areas separated from SHORT TERM STATIONARY INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY LONG TERM STATIONARY from the negrest SHORT MOBILE traveled way. DURATION Shadow Vehicle with TMA and lanes of traffic by channelization devices at all times. high intensity Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights, (See notes 4 & 5) æ GENERAL NOTES flashing, oscillating 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those or strobe lights. denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 4 & 5)— (See notes 4 & 5)in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder. A Shadow Vehicle with a IMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no 유요 longer present but road or work conditions require the troffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Whicle and TMA. x for 50 . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and Channelizing freeways.
7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D Devices (See note 2) "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional END Channelizing Devices ROAD WORK 少 (See note 2) A ዏ ℴℴ G20-2 48" X 24" ♡ ₯ (See note 2 ROAD WORK AHEAD Operations Division Standard Channelizing CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flogs-Texas Department of Transportation TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ROAD END CONVENTIONAL ROAD WORK ROAD ROAD WORK AHEAD. SHOULDER WORK WORK G20-2 48" X 24" AHEAD CW20-1D CW20-1D (See note 2) A 48" X 48" (Flags-TCP (1-10) 48" X 48" (Flags-TCP (1-1b) TCP (1-1c) TCP(1-1)-18 See notes 1 & 7) CK: DW: LE: tcp1-1-18,dgn (C) TxD0T CONT SECT WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER December 1985 JOB HIGHWAY WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER 6375 93 001 US277, ETC. 2-94 4-98 8-95 2-12 1-97 2-18 Conventional Roads Conventional Roads Conventional Roads DIST SHEET NO. VARIOU

LEGEND

Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction END CW20-4D 48" X 48 ROAD WORK Same as Below ONE LANE G20-2 48" X 24" ROAD ♡ 1 公 CW3-4 48" x 48" lexas Engineering Practice Act.. No warranty of any TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion ୧ ମୁକ୍ୟାଧିୟ ପ୍ର-ଅଫୁମ୍ବସ୍କେଟ ସ୍ନଧ୍ଧନାଧିୟ ସିମ୍ୟେନ୍ଧ୍ୟର, ପ୍ର AHEAD (See note 2) BE 42" X 42 " X 42 PREPARED TO STOP TO 중출일 ONCOMING TRAFFIC C#20-7 13 R1-2aP 48" X 36" (See note 8) ี่ผ END CW16-2P XXX ROAD WORK 24" X 18" (See note 2) FEET G20-2 48" X 24" 200 Channelizing devices Except in separate work space from traveled way emergencies, flagger stations shall be illuminated at night Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6) Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6) CW20-7 R1-2 42" x 42 " x 42" TO Except in R1-2aP 48" X 36" emergencies, flagger stations shall be illuminated at night ONCOMING XXX FEET CW16-2P TRAFFIC (See note 8) (See note 2) 🛦 BE PREPARED TO STOP CW3-4 48" X 48" (See note 2) ♡□分 ♡□◆ ONE LANE ROAD CW20-4D AHEAD ONE LANE ROAD END AHEAD ROAD WORK CW20-4D G20-2 48" X 24" ROAD 1/28/2021 2:40:39 T:\LRDDSTMNT\FY 202 WORK AHEAD CW20-1D ROAD 48" X 48" (Flags-TCP (1-2a) WORK See note 1) AHEAD TCP (1-2b) CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-ONE LANE TWO-WAY See note 1) ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS (Less than 2000 ADT - See note 7)

	LEGEND							
•	Type 3 Barricade	• •	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	❖	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	3	Flagger					

Speed			linimum esiroble er Lengths **		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11 Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-	
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30,	60'	120'	90 <i>,</i>	500,
35	L = WS2	205	2251	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	80	2651	295'	3201	40'	80'	240'	155'	305
45		450'	495	5401	45'	90,	320'	195'	360'
50		200,	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55	L = WS	550'	6051	660	55'	110'	500°	295'	495'
60	L-#3	600,	660'	720'	60,	120'	600,	350'	570'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800,	475°	730'
75		750'	8251	900'	75'	150'	900 ,	540°	820'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L*Length of Taper(FT) W*Width of Offset(FT) S*Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	

GENERAL NOTES

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" x 48"

(Flags-See note 1:

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine
- triongle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for four ine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

 3. The CM3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CM20-4D "ONE LAME ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shoul be maintained.

 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CM20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning sheed of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.

 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet
- in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work, if workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices
- may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
 Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces,

TCP (1-20)

- 7. RI-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work
- spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
 R1-2 "IELD" sign with R1-20" "10 ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.

 13. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be



ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK: DA		DW: CK:	
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB	П	HI	GHWAY
4-90 4-98 REVISIONS	6375	93	001 US		US27	7, ETC.
2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		$\neg \Gamma$	SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	22		VARIO	JS		

152

of any version Taxas Engineering Practice Act.. No worranty TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the con รี ริศิลิฟป์ปริเศร ซูบิซิจิจิจิจิริ ซิริริพิธ์ปริเริษิสิริ เ of this standard is governed by the 'Te by TxDOI for any burpose whatsoever, iderq2Dg pptggfAK@ARAD\$ @20207 \tageFFRQ2

BE CW20-1D 48" X 48" PREPARED (Flags-See note 1) ROAD TO STOP WORK WORK CW20-7 CW3-4 AHEAD AHEAD 48" X 48"A 48" x 48"▲ CW20-1D For either TCP(1-3a) or TCP(1-3b) (Flags-See note 1) ♦♦ USE ONLY WHEN FLAGGERS CONTROL TRAFFIC END (See Notes 2 & 3) ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" CW1 - 4R XX XX CW13-1P END 24" x 24" MPF CW13-1P MP 24" X 24" (See note 2) ROAD WORK ध्य G20-2 48" X 24" CW1-6aT 36" × 36" Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 2 & 6) CW1 - 6aT Channelizing devices placed across closed lane (See note 5) CW1-4R 48" X 48" XX CW13-1P 24" X 24" (See note 2) S F CW13-1P MPH 24- x 24-L (See note 2) Shadow Vehicle with— TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights, (See notes 6 & 7) -Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights, (See notes 6 & 7) \mathbf{A} CW1 - 6aT 36" × 36" CW1-6aT 36" x 36" (See note 2)▲ (See note 2)▲ X X MPH CW13-1P MP 24" X 24" (See note 2) CW1 - 6aT Flagger as needed (See note 3) CW1 - 4L CW1 - 41 48" × 48" ХХ CW13-1P CW13-1P 24" x 24" (See note 2) • 🗘 24" X 24" (See note 2) CW1-6aT 36" x 36" (See note 2)▲ Flagger J as needed ROAD ROAD WORK END 2:40:4 WORK AHEAD ROAD WORK CW20-1D 48" x 48" AHEAD CW20-1D 48" x 48" G20-2 48" X 24" ROAD WORK (Flogs-See note 1) (Flags-See note 1) TCP (1-3a) TCP (1-3b) 2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS 2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS ONE LANE CLOSED ONE LANE CLOSED ADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW INADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW

	LEGEND									
•	Type 3 Barricade	• •	Channelizing Devices							
□₽	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(3	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	3	Flagger							

Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spac in Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-	
30	2	1501	1651	180'	30,	60'	120'	90 <i>,</i>	
35	L = WS2	2051	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'	
40	9	265'	295'	3201	40'	80,	240'	155'	
45		450'	4951	540'	45'	90,	350,	195'	
50		200,	550'	600,	50,	100'	400'	240'	
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55,	110'	500'	295'	
60	L-113	600,	6601	720'	60,	120'	600,	350°	
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	
70		700'	770'	8401	70'	140'	800,	475'	
75		750°	825'	900'	75'	150'	900,	540'	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 - L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	√	1						

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans,
- or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roodway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed
- zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs. 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000
- feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.

 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved
- surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on topers at 20°, or 15° if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

Operations Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON

TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	D#:	CK:
© TxD0T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-98	6375	93	001 US		S277, ETC.
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	22		VARIO	US	

"Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any into I subsumes no responsibility for the conversion let speakly 66- #004998Er 5944A60 GSTRCb18 4488, gan

END ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK WORK G20-2 48" X 24" CW20-1D 48" x 48" (Flags-See note 1) AHEAD AHFAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) x for 50 mph or less 3x for over 50 mph END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" LANE CW20-5TL **√CLOSED** ฝ CW1-4R 48" X 48" ХΧ CW13-1P 24" x 24" Win. Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights, (See notes 4 & 5) (See note 7)-왕류상 Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights, (See notes 4 & 5): CW1-6aT RIGHT LANE CLOSED 36" X 36" (See note 2)▲ C#20-5TR 48" X 48" XX CW13-1P 24" X 24" (See note 2) RIGHT LANE CLOSED ROAD END END WORK CW20-5TR ROAD WORK ROAD WORK AHEAD G20-2 G20-2 48" X 24" 48" X 24" CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) 1/28/2021 2:40:47 T:\LRDDSTMNT\FY 202 ROAD TCP (1-40) TCP (1-4b) WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) ONE LANE CLOSED TWO LANES CLOSED

	LEGEND									
•	Type 3 Barricade	• •	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
4	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	4	Flagger							

_									
Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10" Offset	11' Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-	
30	<u>ws²</u>	1501	1651	1801	30,	60,	120'	90,	
35	L = WS	2051	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'	
40	80	2651	2951	320'	40'	80,	240'	155'	
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90,	320'	195'	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	605'	660'	55′	110'	500°	295'	
60	L-W3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600,	350'	
65	l	650'	715'	7801	65′	130'	700'	410'	
70	l	7001	770'	840'	70'	140'	800,	475'	
75		750'	8251	900'	75′	150'	900,	540'	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- * Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, with the triangle symbol may be anitred ament store elsewhere in the plo or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

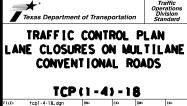
 3. The CR20-1D TROAD WORK AREAD's sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.

 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned

- 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain i place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure . CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



	5p1-4-16.0ç	,,,	J		cn.	Ju.,		l
© T×D0T	December	1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS		6375	93 001 US			US27	7, ETC.
8-95 2-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-18			22		VARIO	US		
154								

ROAD of any dension WORK AHEAD ♡□む ROAD CW20-1D 48" x 48" ♡ WORK END (Flags-See note 1) AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) ROAD WORK 48" X 24" (See note 2) 50 mph less or over AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) 50 mpt less Šç ទីខ្មី ১ ১ ž ي 5 Š P Work vehicles Min. or other equipment necessary for the work operation, | work operation, such as trucks, moveable cranes, etc., shall remain in areas separated from lanes of traffic by channelizing devices at all times. Channelizing devices may be omitted if the work area is a minimum of 30' from the nearest traveled way. (See notes 4 & 5)-(See notes 4 & 5) 50 mph less r over (See notes 4 & 5)-50 es ROAD WORK ROAD END AHEAD ROAD WORK WORK AHEAD G20-2 CW20-1D 48" x 48" (Flags-See note 1) 48" X 24" END (See note 2)▲ CW20-1D 48" x 48" ◇Ⅰ◆ **ひい** ROAD WORK 亽 (Flags-See note 1) G20-2 48" X 24" (See note 2) CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) 1/28/2021 2:40:50 PM T:\LRDDSTMNT\FY 2021\MNT TCP (2-1a) TCP (2-1b) TCP (2-1c) WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads Conventional Roads Conventional Roads

LEGEND Type 3 Barricade . . Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Trailer Mounted M Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Flashing Arrow Board • Sign Traffic Flow Q Flag ď Flagger

Speed			Desirable Taper Lengths **			d Maximum ng of Lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-	
30	ws²	150'	165"	1801	30,	60,	120'	90 <i>,</i>	
35	L • WS	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'	
40	80	265'	295'	3201	40'	80,	240'	155'	
45		450'	495'	540'	45′	90'	320'	195'	
50		5001	550'	600,	50′	100'	400'	240'	
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660,	55′	110'	500'	295'	
60	L-#3	600,	660'	720'	60'	120'	600,	350′	
65		650'	7151	7801	65'	130'	7001	410'	
70		7001	770'	840'	70'	140'	800,	475′	
75		750'	8251	900'	75'	150'	900`	540'	

* Conventional Roads Only

END

ROAD WORK

Inactive work vehicle

(See Note 7)

G20-2 48" X 24" (See note 2)▲

50 mph less

ည်င္တ

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	√	√	√	1			

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated in the
- plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.
 Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the payed shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP (2-1)-18

	DN:		CK: DW:			CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
	6375	93	001		US277, ETC.	
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-16	22	VARIOUS				

CW20-4 Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction Same as Below ONE LANE END ROAD CW3-4 ROAD WORK Texas Engineering Practice Act.. No warranty of any TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion ? SP&HUCH GS-200PPRREFFSWAhiGB GSCPICADS 245R8, agn 48" X 48" (See note 2)▲ ♡ ⇩ G20-2 48" X 24 R1-2 PREPARED 42" x 42 TO STOP Temporary TΩ Yield Line (See Note 2) ONCOMING TRAFFIC R1-20P 48" X 36" (See note 9) 13 XXX ี่ FEET Devices at 20° CW16-2P spacing on the Taper Except in emergencies, flagger stations shall be illuminated at night Temporary 24" Stop Line (See Note 2) 100' Approx. Devices at Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights, (See notes 6 & 7 • **×** Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, R1-2 ξŠ Devices at 20' spacing on the Taper 42" X 42 " X 42" ┇ flashing, oscillating or strobe lights, (See notes 6 & 7: TΟ ONCOMING RI-20P Temporary TRAFFIC Yield Line (See Note 2) (See note 9) CW20-7 48" X 48" Devices at 20' spacing on the Taper XXX CW16-2P Except in emergencies, flagger stations shall be illuminated W3-2 48" x 48" BE PREPARED at night TO STOP C₩3-4 48" X 48" (See note 2) ▲ Temporary 24" Stop Line (See Note 2)▲ ONE LANE ROAD CW20-4D ♡□☆ ONE LANE 48" X 48" ψ ı � ROAD XXX FT. /cw20-4 END 48" X 48" ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" ROAD END ROAD WORK ROAD WORK AHEAD WORK CW20-1D AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flogs-G20-2 48" X 24" 1/28/2021 2:40:54 T:\LRDDSTMNT\FY 202 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) See note 1) TCP (2-2a) TCP (2-2b) 2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS 2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS ONE LANE TWO-WAY ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS (Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)

LEGEND Type 3 Barricade •• Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted leavy Work Vehicle ttenuator (TMA) Trailer Mounted Portable Changeable Flashing Arrow Board Message Sign (PCMS) ♦ Sign Traffic Flow Flag Flagger

Speed	Formula	D	Minimu esirab er Len **	ie	Spacia		Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Langitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30,	60'	120'	90 <i>,</i>	200'
35	L= WS2	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	60	265'	2951	3201	40'	80'	240'	155'	305
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90,	320'	1951	360'
50		500'	550'	600'	20,	100'	400'	240'	425'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	6601	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500°	295′	495'
60	L-#3	600'	660'	720'	60,	120'	600'	3501	570'
65		650'	7151	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800,	475′	730′
75		750'	825'	900,	75′	150'	900,	540°	820'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Toper lengths have been rounded off.
- L*Length of Taper (FT) W*Width of Offset (FT) S*Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1	1						

GENERAL NOTES

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" x 48"

(Flags-See note 1)

END

ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24"

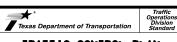
- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CB3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CB20-4 "ONE LAME
 RODA XXX F1" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
 RODA XXX F1 sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
 RODA STA
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space,

TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city black. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum

TCP (2-2b)

- 10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) - 18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK: DW:			CK:	
© TxD0T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY	
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	6375	93	001 U		US2	JS277, ETC.	
1-97 2-12	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
4-98 2-18	22		VARIO	US			

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LEGEND END ROAD WORK G20-2 Type 3 Barricade •• Channelizing Devices ROAD WORK G20-2 ROAD ROAD Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) ♡ ◇ WORK WORK Heavy Work Vehicle CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-CW20-1D 48" x 48" (Flags-See note 1) AHEAD AHEAD Raised Pavement Trailer Mounted **少** | **ひ** lashing Arrow Board Markers Ty II-AA PASS If applicable Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty TxDDI assumes no responsibility for the con ? SPEHOLD AS-20049999.P.SPHANGO-650900.DS 34598. See note 1) ♦ Traffic Flow Sign WITH $\overline{\Delta}$ <u>L</u>O Flag CARE Flagger R4-2 DO 24" X 30" DO If applicable NOT WITH uggested Maxi Spacing of NOT Desirable Taper Lengths PASS 4" Double Suggested CARE Sign Spacing "x" Channelizing ongitudina Buffer Spac B R4-1 24" X 30 PASS 24" X 30 Yellow in Buffer 24" X 30" Devices On a On a Taper Tangen Distanc ffset Offset Offset 30 150' 165' 180' 30, 1201 90' 60, <u>WS</u> 35 205' 225' 245 35' 70' 160' 1201 40 265' 295' 320' 40' 80, 240' 1551 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90' 3201 1951 1/2 L CW1 - 4R 50 500, 220, 600, 50' 100' 400' 240' 55 550' 605' 660 55' 110' 500' 2951 CW1-6aT 60 60' 120' 600' 660' 720' 600' 350' XX 65' 130' 65 650' 715' 780' 700' 410' CW13-1P 24" X 24" CW13-1P MPH 24" x 24" 70 70' 140' 8001 700' 770' 840' 475' CW1 - 4R 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' 900, 540' CW1 - 6aT 48" X 48" ХΧ * Conventional Roads Only 4" Solid White CW13-1P ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. Edgeline L*Length of Taper (FT) W*Width of Offset (FT) S*Posted Speed (MPH) TYPICAL USAGE SHORT TERM STATIONARY LONG TERM STATIONARY SHORT DURATION INTERMEDIATE
TERM STATIONARY Type II-A-A Raised Pavement Markers on 40' C-C. MOBILE . 2 TCP (2-3b) ONLY Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights, (See notes 7 & 8) 48" X 48" XX MPH GENERAL NOTES CW13-1P . Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. 4" Double All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted Yellow Line with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement Transverse Channelizina Devices spaced at 500' t 1000' in urban areas, or 9 Shadow Vehicle with
TMA and high intensity
rotating, flashing,
oscillating or strobe
lights, (See notes 7 & 8) markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural traffic. areas betweem recurrent Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic CW1 -4L volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should 48 be positioned at end of traffic queue. CW1 - 6aT The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS, " R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction 36" X 36" (See note 2) ▲ The Mart DV NUT HASS, MAY 2 ASS WITH LANG CARD CONSTRUCTION TREAT TO THE MART MAY BE ASSET TO THE CONTINUE OF THE MART MAY BE ASSET TO THE MAY BE ASSET TO THE MART MAY BE ASSET TO THE MAY BE ASSET TO THE MART MAY BE ASSET TO THE MART MAY BE ASSET TO THE MAY BE ASSET CW13-1P 24" X 24" MPH CW1-4L 48" X 48" 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely 48" X 48" affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain 2 XX in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted. CW13-1P CW13-1P 24" X 24" Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, CW1 - 41 MPH next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 48" X 48" CW1-6aT XX Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.
 For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline. CW13-1P DO (See note 2) MPH 24" X 24" NOT channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on topers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or stower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(5) where 5 is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone. PASS R4-1 24" x 30" DO CW1 - 6aT PASS 36" X 36" (See note 2) NOT WITH **PASS** R4-1 ♦ R4-2 CARE ₽ Operations Division Standard 24" × 30" 24" X 30" PASS Texas Department of Transportation ROAD If applicable WITH WORK TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN R4-2 CARE AHEAD 24" X 30" CW20-1D 48" x 48" END ROAD TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON If applicable 48" x 24" ROAD WORK (Flags-WORK 2:40: See note 11 TWO-LANE ROADS AHEAD END CW20-1D 48" x 24- ROAD WORK 48" x 48" TCP (2-3a) TCP (2-3b) (Flags-See note 1) TCP (2-3) -18 2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS 2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS tcp (2-3) -18, dan ONE LANE CLOSED ONE LANE CLOSED C) TxDOT December 1985 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 6375 93 001 US277, ETC. 8-95 3-03 1-97 2-12 ADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW INADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW D1ST SHEET NO. VARIOU

of this standard is governed by the "letas Engineering Practice Act". No narranty of any by 1,000 for any business and responsibility for the conversion by 1,000 for any Standard Stan

ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" x 48" (Flags-See note 1) END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" | ଫ|ଫ|ଫ|ଫ|ଫ<mark>ୁ</mark> WORK ROAD WORK AHEAD LÄNE CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-CLOSED G20-2 48" X 24" CW20-5TL See note 1) XXX FT CW16-30F X for 50 MPH or less 3X for over 50 MPH 30" x 12" (See note 4) Approx. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 % 6)— S ₹ 8 (See note 8) ХХ CW13-1P 24" X 24" Shadow Vehicle with— TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights, (See notes 5 & 6) CW1-6aT x 36" RIGHT LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR 48" X 48 CW1 - 4L XXX FT CW16-3oP 30" x 12" CW13-1P RIGHT LANE END CLOSED ROAD WORK CW20-5TR 48" x 48 END $| \diamondsuit | \diamondsuit | \diamondsuit | \diamondsuit |$ ROAD G20-2 48" X 24" ROAD WORK WORK CW16-3aP 30" x 12" G20-2 48" X 24" XXX FT AHEAD CW20-1D (See note 4) 48" X 48" (Flags-ROAD TCP (2-4a) TCP (2-4b) WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1: ONE LANE CLOSED TWO LANES CLOSED

L	LEGEND										
2		Type 3 Barricade	• •	Channelizing Devices							
		Heavy Work Vehicle	N	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
I	Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(N)	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
Γ	┡	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow							
[\Diamond	Flag	3	Flagger							
-	_	Wales									

Speed	Minimu Destrob ed Formula Taper Len **			le	Spac 1 Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing -x-	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-в-
30	<u>ws²</u>	1501	165'	180'	30,	60,	120'	90,
35	L = WS	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	8	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495′	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		200,	550'	600,	50,	100'	400'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	- "3	600,	660'	720'	60,	120'	600,	350′
65		650'	715	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800,	475'
75		750'	8251	900,	75'	150'	900,	540'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
			1						

GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for cutting maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Snodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, type 3 Borricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lone, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

CP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lone closure, CM20-5TL "LEFT LAME CLOSED" signs shall be used and channel izing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lone near the end of the merging taper.

CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on topers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(5) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP (2-4) -18

	DN:		CKI	DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	CONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY	
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	6375	93	001		US277, ETC.	
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
4-98 2-18	22		VARIO	US		

"Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any . TxDDI assumes no responsibility for the conversion OF SFRHAMP OR-EMPROREEF FEWARNOR OF OTTO DE BURB, GOT Pavement Marking (See note (See notes 6 & 7)

�│ ↔

♦ ✧

END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24"

RIGHT LANE CLOSED

1000 FT

CW16-3aP 30" x 12

RIGH

LANE

1/2 MILE

CW16-3oP 30" X 12"

ROAD

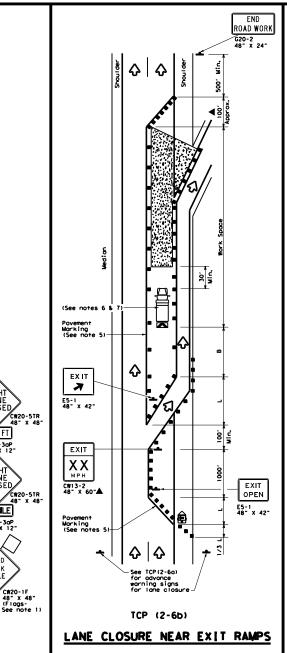
WORK

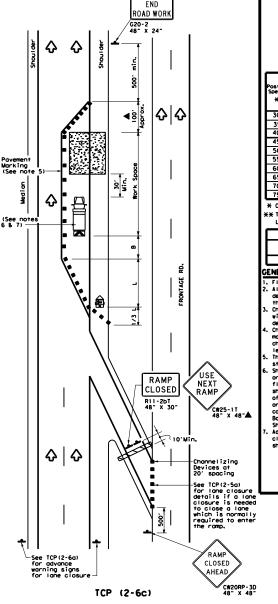
TCP (2-6a)

ONE LANE CLOSURE

CW20-1F

48" X 48"





LANE CLOSURE NEAR ENTRANCE RAMPS

	LEGEND											
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices									
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)									
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)									
-	Sign	❖	Traffic Flow									
\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger									

Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spac i		Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-в-
30	<u>ws²</u>	150'	1651	1801	30,	60'	120'	90,
35	L • WS	2051	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	8	2651	2951	320'	40'	80,	240'	155'
45		450'	4951	540'	45'	90,	320'	195'
50		5001	550′	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605'	660,	55,	110'	500,	295'
60] - " "	600,	660,	720'	60,	120'	600,	350′
65		650'	7151	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800,	475′
75		750'	8251	900'	75′	150'	900,	540'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
			1	1							

GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- Channelizing devices used to close lones may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channel zing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be amitted on Intermediate-term
- Stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
 Snadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Snadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating. flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON

Operations Division Standard

DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (2-6) -18

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©1×D01	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
2.04 4.0	REVISIONS	6375	93	93 001 US			7, ETC.
2-94 4-9 8-95 2-1 1-97 2-1	2	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-1	8	22	VARIOUS				
166							

ROAD DISCLAINER: The second of this standard is governed by the "lexas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any Kind is made by 1,000 for any purpose who seever. 1,000 assumes no responsibility for the conversion Fráctifikenékedker (2,000 physikalmanny) egyban (tregerede 5,6846)66-58944888; respektive busse, again WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" x 48" ↔ ♦ **少·少** Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intesity,— rotating flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. LEFT SHOULDER CLOSED CW21-5aL 48" x 48" RIGHT SHOULDER CLOSED CW21-5aR Shadow Vehicle with
TMA and high intesity,
rotating, flashing,
oscillating or
strobe lights. 48" X 48" . . . **♦**। ROAD ♡ WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" TCP (5-1a) WORK AREA ON SHOULDER

	ROAD	, -			I	L	_			I				END
	AHEAD CW20-1D 48" x 48-		Shoulder	❖	ı ı ♡	Shoulder		Shoulder	٠	ነ ጐ	Shoulder	_	500' Min.	ROAD WORK G20-2 48" x 24"
	LEFT SHOULDER CLOSED 1000 FT CW21-5bL OR 48" x 48"	008			 					 		Nin.	Nork Space	
	CLOSED CW21-5oL 48" x 48"				 	L	Shadow TMA and rotatin oscillo strobe	thig ng, f otino	n inte Tashir Tor	ith — esity, ng,			*	
	CW16-3oP 30" x 12"	000			 					 	_	•	1/3 [
	LEFT SHOULDER CLOSED	<u> </u>			' 					 			200,	RIGHT SHOULDER CLOSED CW21-5oR 48" x 48"
	CW21-5GL - 48" x 48"	1			<u> </u> 					l I			.000.	RIGHT
	į	+			 		Show TMA rot osc str	dow and atin illa obe	Vehicl high g, fla ting o lights	l	†y,		.0091	W21-50R 8* x 48* 1000 FT CW16-30P 30* x 12* OR RIGHT SHOULDER CLOSED
•	Š	Min.			 			Shoulder	٠	। ૄ	Shoulder			CW21-5bR 48" x 48"
	END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" x 24"	<u> </u>	Shoulder	❖	Ċ	Shoulder	•			<u> </u>		-		ROAD WORK AHEAD
					,	TCF	(5	-16)					CW20-1D 48" x 48"

WORK AREA ON SHOULDER

	LEGEND											
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices									
	Heavy Work Vehicle	A	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)									
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)									
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow									
α	Flag	Д	Flagger									

Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spa	ted Maximum cing of nelizing levices	Suggested Longituding: Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	-B-
30	L - WS2	150'	1651	1801	30,	60,	90'
35		205'	225'	2451	35'	70'	120'
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40' 80'		1551
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90,	1951
50		500'	550'	600'	20,	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605	660	55'	110'	295'
60	- "3	600'	660'	720'	eo,	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	7801	65'	130′	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	8251	900,	75'	150'	540'
80		800,	8801	960'	80,	160'	615'

* Conventional Roads Only

**Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
	TCP (5-10)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-1b)								

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used onytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. 28 toll or tailer one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices puright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Druins, Vertical Panels or 42* toll two-piece

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHOULDER WORK FOR FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP(5-1)-18

FILE: tcp5-1-18.dgn		DN:		CK:	D#:		CK:	
© TxD0T	February	2012	CONT	SECT	JOB	\neg	HI	CHNAY
REVISIONS		6375	93	001 US		US27	7, ETC.	
2-18			DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
			22		VARIO	US		

Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of SPEHULDF OG-2020 ASSUMENT SPHANDE GGMCDES NASSUMENT OF A SPEHULDF ASSUMENT OF A SPEHULDF ASSUMENT OF A SPHANDE ASS END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" See Note 13 Shadow Vehicles with TMA and high intensity פi rotating, flashing, oscillating or Shadow Vehicle nigh intensity *% rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights-See note and 7 CW20-5TR 48" X 48" (See note 10) 1000 FT CW16-20P 2 See note 1 and 7 ŔIGHŤ LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR 48" x 48" 1/2 MILE CW16-3aP 30" X 12" 1 and 7 RIGHT LN XXXX CLOSED XXXX AHEAD XXXX See note PHASE 2 (See note 6) PHASE 1 M ROAD $\phi \phi \phi \phi$ WORK 1 MILE CW20-1F 48" x 48 See note TCP (6-1b) TCP (6-1a) TYPICAL FREEWAY
ONE LANE CLOSURE TYPICAL FREEWAY
TWO LANE CLOSURE

	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow							
Δ	Flag	3	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	_ 0	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"  **X*  Suggested Maximu Spacing of Channelizing Devices			ng of Lizing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	-B-		
45		450'	495'	540'	45′	90'	195'		
50		200,	550'	600'	50'	1001	240'		
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'		
60		600,	660'	720'	60`	120'	3501		
65		650'	7151	780	65′	130"	410'		
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475°		
75		750°	8251	900,	75′	150'	540'		
80		800,	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'		

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	<b>√</b>	1	<b>√</b>						

### GENERAL NOTES

END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" x 24"

See Note 13

LANE

1000 FT

CW16-20P

RIGHT LANE CLOSED

1000 FT

CW16-2aP 30" x 12"

2

RIGHT LANES

CLOSED

1/2 MILE

CW16-3aP 30" x 12"

ROAD

WORK

1 MILE

CW20-1F

2 RIGHT

LANES

CLOSED

PHASE 1

CW20-5TR 48" X 48" (See note 10)

CW20-5TR

48" X 48" (See note 10)

CW20-5aTR

48" X 48" (See note 10)

XXXX

XXXX

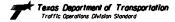
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PHASE 2 (See note 6)

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42"cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer.
- 3. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain
- in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.

  1. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific wornings.
- Duplicate construction worning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- Where medical warm with permit of the track of the specing of traffic control devices, toper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the bottom of the sign.
- 10. Norning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lone closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SMSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 11. Then possible, PCUS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be
- relocated to improve advance worning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion. 12.for Intermediate Irem Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disobling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

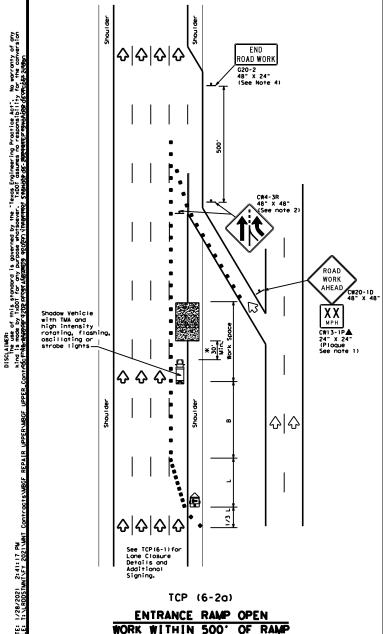
*A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA sholl be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of cree exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

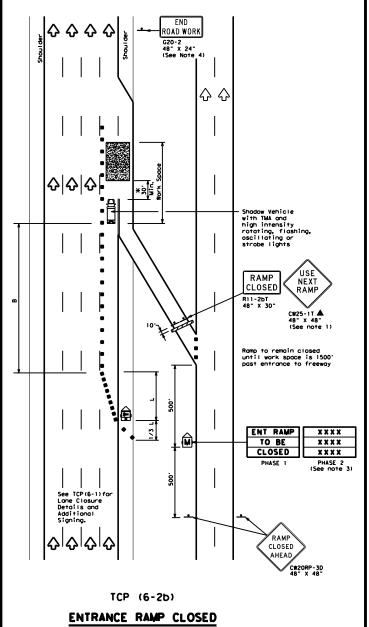


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP(6-1)-12

FILE:	tcp6-1.dgn	DN: T:	xD0T	ck: TxDOT	D#:	TxDOT	ck: TxD0
C TxD0T	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
8-12	REVISIONS	6375	93	001		US27	7, ETC.
8-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		22		VARIO	US		





	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	Ŵ	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	S	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	-B-
45		450'	4951	540'	45'	90,	195'
50		500'	550'	6001	50'	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605	660'	55'	110'	295'
60	L-#3	600'	6601	720'	60,	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	7801	65'	130′	410'
70		700'	770'	8401	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	8251	900,	75′	150'	540°
80		800,	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1	1					

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated
- ADDED LANE Symbol (CN4-3) sign may be omitted when sign between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.
 See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date.
- and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.

 4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be amitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

XA shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer

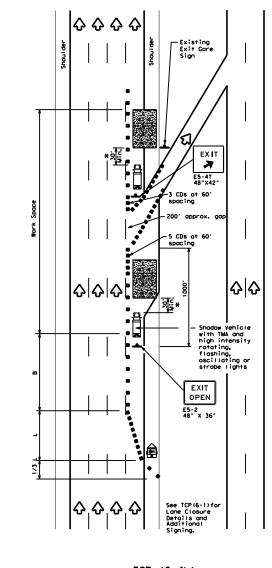


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP (6-2) -12

	ILE:	tcp6-2.agn		DN: I	וטטו	CK: IXDUI	D#:	1 x00 1	CKITADOL
- 1	© 1×D01	February 1	1994	CONT	SECT	J08		HI	SHWAY
- 1					93 001			US277, ETC.	
	1-97 8-98 4-98 8-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
				22	VARIOUS				

 $\Phi|\Phi|\Phi|\Phi$ DISCLAINÉR. In the second of this standard is governed by the "levas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any Kind is made by 11,001 for any burpose wholsoever. 10,001 assumes no responsibility for the conversion redcrinks-reference of the manual specifical viregerrence schedules des preparences respectables destructions XY EXIT A Existing EXIT XY Street B Existing XX EX IT A Existing RAMP CLOSED R11-2bT Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights RAMP EXIT XX CLOSED R11-2bT Street A Existing RAMP CLOSED AHEAD CW2ORP-3D 48" x 48" See TCP(6-1) for Lane Closure STREET A USE Details and Additional Signing, STREET B EXIT 1/28/2021 2:41:23 PM T:\LRDDSTMNT\FY 2021\MNT CLOSED EXIT Or, as an option when exits are numbered EXIT XX USE EXIT XY CLOSED Place 1 mile (approx.) TCP (6-4a) EXIT RAMP CLOSED TRAFFIC EXITS PAST CLOSED RAMP



TCP (6-4b)

EXIT RAMP OPEN

	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices (CDs)						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	€	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
4	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	3	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Desirable Spac Taper Lengths "L" Chann ## De			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a On a Taper Tangent		-в-	
45		450'	4951	540'	45'	90,	195'	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	605	660'	55'	110'	295'	
60	L-#3	600,	6601	720'	60,	120'	350'	
65		650'	715'	7801	65'	130'	410'	
70		700'	770'	8401	70'	140'	475'	
75		750°	825'	900'	75′	150'	540′	
80		800,	8801	960'	80'	160'	615'	

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere
- 2. See BC Standards for sign details.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

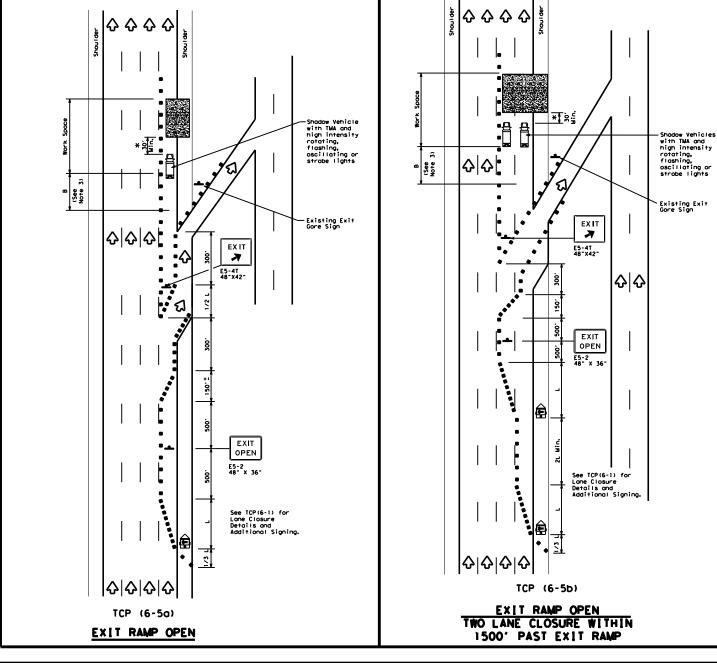
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

> Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-4) -12

FILE	tcp6-4. dgn	DN: T:	xD0T	cx: TxDOT	D#:	TxDOT	cx: TxDOT
© TxD0T	Feburary 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS 1-97 8-98 4-98 8-12		6375	93	001		US277, ETC.	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		22	VARIOUS				
207							



	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
Ħ	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	Ŵ	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow					
Δ	Flag	3	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths "L" **		Spac i		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	-B-
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90,	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55'	110'	295'
60	L-#3	600'	660'	720'	60,	120'	350′
65		650'	715	780'	65'	130′	410'
70		700'	770'	8401	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75′	150'	540'
80		800,	880'	960'	80,	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
 - If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing the ramp.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

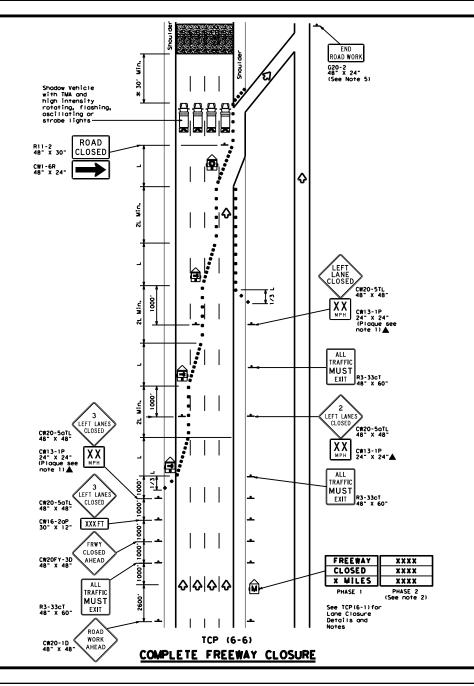
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-5) -12

FILE:	tcp6-5.dgn	DN: T:	xD0T	ck: TxDOT	D#:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© T×D0T	Feburary 1998	CONT	SECT	J08		HI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS 1-97 8-98 4-98 8-12		93	001 US		US27	7, ETC.
				COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 8-			VARIOUS				
705							



	LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
(3)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	Ŵ	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
©	Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode	❖	Traffic Flow				
-	Sian						

Posted Speed	Formula	D			Destrable Taper Lengths "L" **			ng of Lizing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	-B-		
45		450'	4951	540'	45'	90,	195'		
50		500'	550'	600,	50'	100'	240'		
55	L-WS	550'	6051	660,	55′	110'	295'		
60	L-#3	600'	660'	720'	60,	120'	350′		
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'		
70		7001	770'	8401	70'	140'	475′		
75		750'	8251	900,	75'	150'	540'		
80		800,	880'	9601	80,	160'	615'		

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
			1			

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE RIGHT," recommended speed, delay, exit information, or other specific warnings.
- there queuing is anticipated beyond signing shown, additional PCMS signs, other worning signs, devices or Low Enforcement Officers should be available to worn approaching high speed traffic of the end of the queue, as directed by the Engineer.
- Entrance ramps located from the advance warning area to the exit ramp should be closed whenever possible.
- 5. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

*A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the orea of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



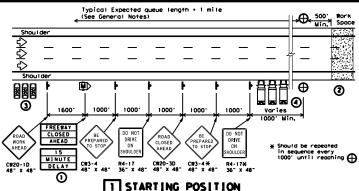
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY CLOSURE

TCP (6-6) -12

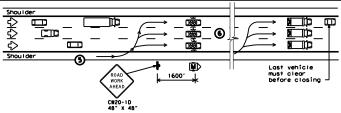
FILE: tcp6-6.dgn	DN: T:	xD0T	cx: TxDOT D	w: TxD0	T ck: TxDOT
©1x001 February 1994	CONT	SECT	J08		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6375	93	001	US	277, ETC.
1-97 8-98	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 8-12	22		VARIOUS	3	







- 1 Traffic control devices should be installed or located near their intended position prior to beginning temporary roadway closure sequence. Duplicate signs should be erected on the median side of the roadway when median width permits. Marning signs should not be placed on the paved shoulders that will be used by the MARNING LEOV, or where movement of the LEOVs or barrier vehicles will be impeded.
- (2) Prior to beginning the roadway closure sequence, all equipment, materials, personnel, and other items necessary to complete the work should be gathered near the work area. Entrance ramps located in the area where a queue is expected to build should be closed.
- There should be one LEOV for every lane to be controlled, plus a minimum of one to warn traffic approaching a queue. An additional lead law enforcement officer is desirable to remain with the Engineer's or Contractor's point of contact (POC) during the operation in order to improve mmunication with all LEOVs involved.
- One borrier vehicle with a Truck Mounted Attenuator and amber or blue and amber high intensity flashing/oscillating/strobe lighting shall be used for each lane to be closed.



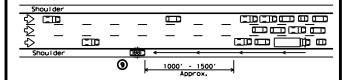
2 REDUCING SPEED OPERATION

- Starting position of the LEOVs should be in advance of the most distant warning signs.
- 6 Once the LEOVs have achieved an abreast blocking formation while traveling toward the CP, emergency lights and headlights should be turned "ON". The LEOVs should maintain formation, not allow traffic to pass, and begin to decelerate. The LEOVs should continue to decelerate, giving the barrier vehicles opportunity to be staged upstream of the work space after traffic has cleared. The LEOVs should then continue to decelerate slowly until bringing traffic to a stop near the barrier vehicles.

	⊕ 500' Min.	→ Work Space
Shoulder		3.3
Shoulder		
	ക്ത	

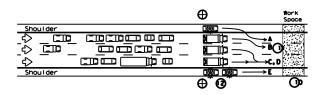
3 ALL TRAFFIC STOPPED AT CP

- (7) Once traffic is stopped the LEOVs should park on the shoulders with emergency lighting "ON" in order to provide law enforcement presence at the closure and keep shoulders blocked ahead of the work space. They should stay in radio contact with the WARNING LEOV.
- The barrier vehicles should be parked, one in each lane, the parking broke set, with the high visibility flashing/oscillating/strobe lighting "ON," and the transmission in gear.



WARNING THE TRAFFIC QUEUE

The WARNING LEOV should proceed to the right shoulder of the roadway, with emergency lights on approximately 1000' in advance of the traffic queue (stopped traffic) as the queue develops. When determined that limited sight distance situations (crest of hills, sharp roadway curvature, etc.) may occur to motorists approaching the queue, the WARNING LEOV may proceed 1/4 mile or more in advance of the queue.



5 RELEASING STOPPED TRAFFIC

- MII equipment, materials, personnel, and other items should be removed from the roadway and maintain an adequate clear zone.
- (1) When the roodway is clear for traffic, the LEOV should proceed forward from the left shoulder followed by the barrier vehicles, from left to right, as shown alphabetically in the plan view.
- (2) The LEOV or LEOVs on the right shoulder may remain on the shoulder until satisfied that traffic is moving satisfactorily before merging or proceeding.
- (3)LEOVs and barrier vehicles should re-group at their respective starting

LEGEND							
••	Channelizing Devices	Φ	Control Position (CP)				
	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)		Barrier Vehicle with Truck Mounted Attenuator				
	Law Enforcement Officer's Vehicle(LEOV)	❖	Traffic Flow				

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	4					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1.All traffic control devices shall conform with the latest edition of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD). Additional quidelines for traffic control devices may be found in the TMUTCD. Signs conflicting with the roadway closure sequence should be completely removed or covered. Additional traffic control devices may be required for closure of access roads, cross streets, exit and entrance romps as directed by the
- 2.Law enforcement officers and all workers involved should review and understand all procedures before the roadway closure sequence begins. Pre-work meetings may be held for this purpose. Local emergency services and media should have advance notification of roadway closure, expected dates and approximate times of closures.
- 3. Law enforcement officers shall be in uniform and have jurisdiction in the locale of the work area. An additional WARNING Law Enforcement Officer's Vehicle (LEOV) may be used on the median side of the roadway where median shoulder width permits (See sequence =9).
- 4. The roadway closure should be during off-peak hours, as shown in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- 5. Work should be limited to approximately 15 minutes maximum duration unless otherwise directed by the Engineer based on existing roadway conditions. If the work is not complete within 15 minutes, or if the end of the traffic queue extends post the most distant advance warning signs, the work area should be cleared of all equipment, materials, personnel, and other items, and the roadway reopened. When the queue has dissipated and the traffic flow appears normal the roadway closure sequence may be repeated.
- 6. For traffic valumes greater than 1000 Passenger Cars Per Hour Per Lane (PCPHPL), or for roadway closures that exceed 15 minutes, see details elsewhere in the plan.
- 7. If traffic queues beyond the advance warning signs during one road closure sequence, the advance warning should be extended prior to repeating the road closure sequence. When possible, PCMS signs should be located in advance of the last available exit prior to the closure to allow motorists the choice of an alternate route.

THIS PLAN IS INTENDED TO BE USED AT LOCATIONS/TIMES WHEN TRAFFIC VOLUMES ARE LESS THAN 1000 PASSENGER CARS PER HOUR PER LANE.

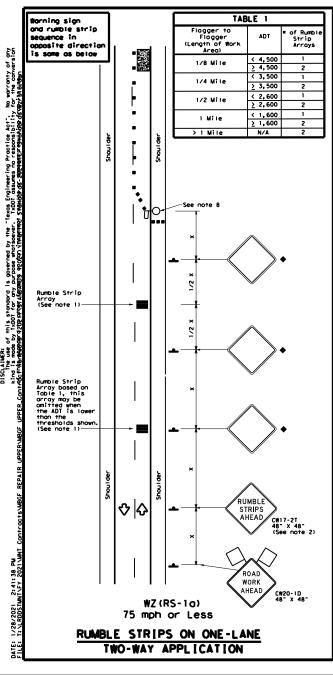


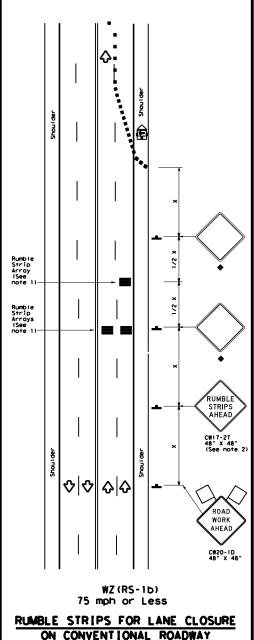
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHORT DURATION FREEWAY CLOSURE SEQUENCE

TCP (6-7)-12

	•	- •		_	
DN: T>	kD0T	ck: TxDOT	D#:	TxDOT	cx: TxDOT
CONT	SECT	J08		н	CHWAY
6375	93	001		US27	77, ETC.
DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
22		VARIO	JS		
	CONT 6375 DIST	CONT SECT 6375 93 DIST	CONT SECT JOB 6375 93 001 DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB 6375 93 OO1 DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB H. 6375 93 OO1 US27 DIST COUNTY





GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown,
- The CMIT-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located ofter the CM20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CMIT-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CM20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate ICP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal,
- Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

	LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices								
팊	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
(Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
ŀ	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow								
\triangle	Flag	3	Flagger								

Speed	Formula	**			Spacin		f Sign Suggeste Spacing Longitudi Spacing Buffer Sp		
*		10" Offset	11' Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-в-	
30	2	1501	1651	180'	30'	60,	120'	90,	
35	L WS2	2051	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'	
40	- 60	265'	2951	320'	40°	80,	240'	1551	
45		450'	4951	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	
50	'	500'	550'	600'	50°	100'	400'	240'	
55	L-ws	550'	6051	660'	55'	110'	500'	295 °	
60	- " -	600,	6601	720'	60,	120'	600,	350°	
65	1	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700°	410'	
70	1	700'	770'	840'	70°	140'	800,	475'	
75		750°	8251	9001	75'	150'	900'	540'	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off, L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY								
	1	1										

 Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

•	TABLE 2								
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array								
< 40 MPH	10'								
> 40 MPH & < 55 MPH	15*								
> 55 MPH	50,								

*	Tra Oper
Texas Department of Transportation	Divi Stan

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ (RS) -16

FILE:	wzrs16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	D#:	TxDOT	cx: TxDO
C TxD0T	November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	6375	93	001		US27	7, ETC.
2-14 4-16		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-10		22		VARIO	US		
110							

approved

substrate Δ

ROAD

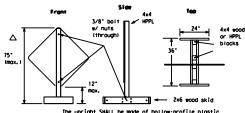
WORK

Flags as required by Engineer

or as shown on plans

24" max.

See the CRIZICD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support. SHORT TERM DURATION, DAYTINE USE ONLY PORTABLE SIGN SUPPORTS



lumber (HPPL). Wood or metal shall NOT be used.

1 Foot Mounting Height

substrates to other types of sign supports.

NGIIS WILL NOT

Attochment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

procedures for attaching sign

_{kid} Nails will N _{assic} be allowed,

C#21-9 •C#21 - SPECIA C#20-1B C#20-10 ROAD MOWER WORKER WORK PICKUP AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD 48" X 48" 48" X 48" 48" X 48" 48" X 48"

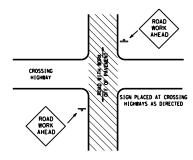
SIGN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND HIGHWAYS

MOMERS AHEAD SIGNS ARE USED FOR MOMING OPERATIONS.

LITTER PICKUP AMEAD, ROAD WORK AMEAD AMD WORKER AMEAD SIGNS ARE USED AS DIRECTED FOR OTHER MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS WHEN ALL WORK OCCURS OFF OF THE PAVED HIGHWAY SURFACE.

ROLL-UP SIGNS CONFORMING TO DWS-8310 AND THE CWZTCD ALLOWED

*Letter dimensions and spacing for "CM21-SPECIAL" is the same as C20-1D>



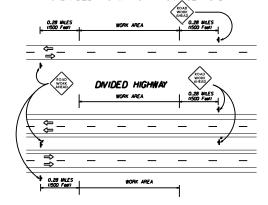
TYPICAL LOCATION OF SIGNS AT HIGHWAY CROSSING

WORK AREA IS A MAXIMUM OF 2.0 MILES UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED. SIGNS MAY REWAN IN PLACE ONLY DURING DAYLIGHT HOURS. SIGNS ARE TO BE PLACED 6'TO 12'OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED.

ROAD WORK AHEAD SIGNS SHOWN AS EXAMPLES, ONE OF THE FOUR TYPE SIGNS WILL BE USED AS DIRECTED.

* SIGNS IN THE WEDIAN ARE REQUIRED WHEN WORK OCCURS IN WEDIAN

UNDIVIDED HIGHWAY OR FRONTAGE ROAD



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR WORK OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE.

GENERAL MOTES FOR NORK ZONE SIGNS

- 1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. Noils shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and quide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 6. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Besigns for Texas" (SISB). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are soon in the RMUICD but may have been emitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented, in list can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's 1x00T clory and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. The additional signs requested by the Engineer/Inspector shall not be westifier.
- requested by the Engineer/Inspector shall not be subsidiary.

 7. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Nork Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CNZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so that the Engineer
- can verify the correct procedures are being followed.

 8. The Contractor is responsible for sign installations and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1°.
- 10. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

Duration of Work tas defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part VI)

- The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support and substrate meets crashworthiness. For mowing operation all signs and supports are Short-term Duration for daytime work.
- 2. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on this sheet or as directed by the Engineer.

SICH SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure that the sign substrate is allowed for the type of sign support that is being used. The CMZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.

 2. "Wesh" type materials are NOT on approved sign substrate.
- "Wesh" type moterials are NOT on approved sign substrate.
 All wooden individual sign panels forbricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fostened to the book of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The clear shall be attached to the book of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the foce of the sign ponel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spoced at 6"

scress that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The scress shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6 centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign faces. #EFICELIES SECTION.

- Reflectorized signs shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 or DMS-8310.
 The DMS specifications can be accessed from the following web address:
- http://monuals.dot.state.tx.usi80/dynameb/colmates/@Generic_CollectionView.cs-default;ts-default

 1. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type C (Righ Specific Intensity), shall be used for signs with white background and channelizion devices.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type E (Fluorescent Prismatic), shall be used for signs with arange backgrounds. SIGN LETIERS
- All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FMRA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanhip in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- Signs should be removed or completely covered when not mowing.
 Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 3. Signs and supports shall be removed by the end of the day.

SIGN SUPPORT MEIGHT

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sondbags with dry cohesionless sand is recommended.
- 2. The sandbags will be fied shuf to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- 4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- 5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact.
- 6. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used for sandbags.
- 7. Rubber ballasts (such as those used with cones or edgeline channelizers) shall NOT be used as sign support weights.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign supports.
- 9. Sandboas shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Any sign, sign support or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced or repaired as soon as possible by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.

SHEET 1 OF 1

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compilant than Zone Traffic Control Bevices List" (CRITCH) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contactings

Standards Engineer
Iroffic Operations Bivision - IE
lease Beartment of Ironapartation
125 East 11 in Street
Austin, Tenas 18701-2463
Phone 15121 416-3129
Fax 15121 416-3299

Instructions to locate the "CRZICD" on 1:001 sebsite area

Stort at measite - man, dot, state, tr., us Click on "Apout TaBDI", Click on "Organizational Chart", Click on Iraffic Operations Box,

Click on "Compare tops fore Zone Troffic Control Devices", Click on "View PDF",

Inis site is printable

Texas Department of Transportation

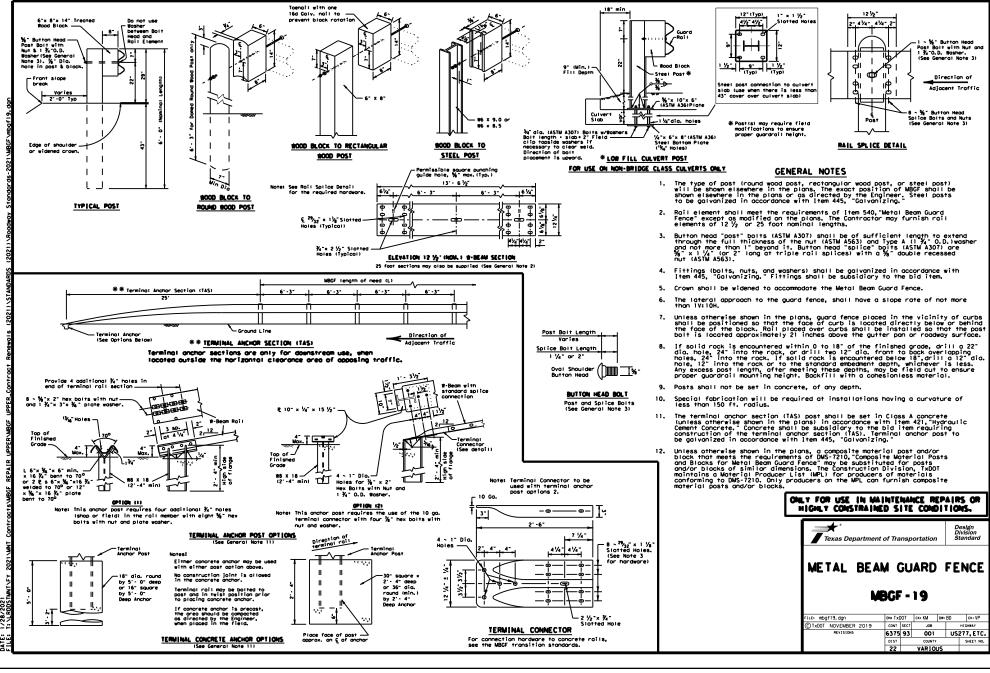
Maintenance Division Standard Plans

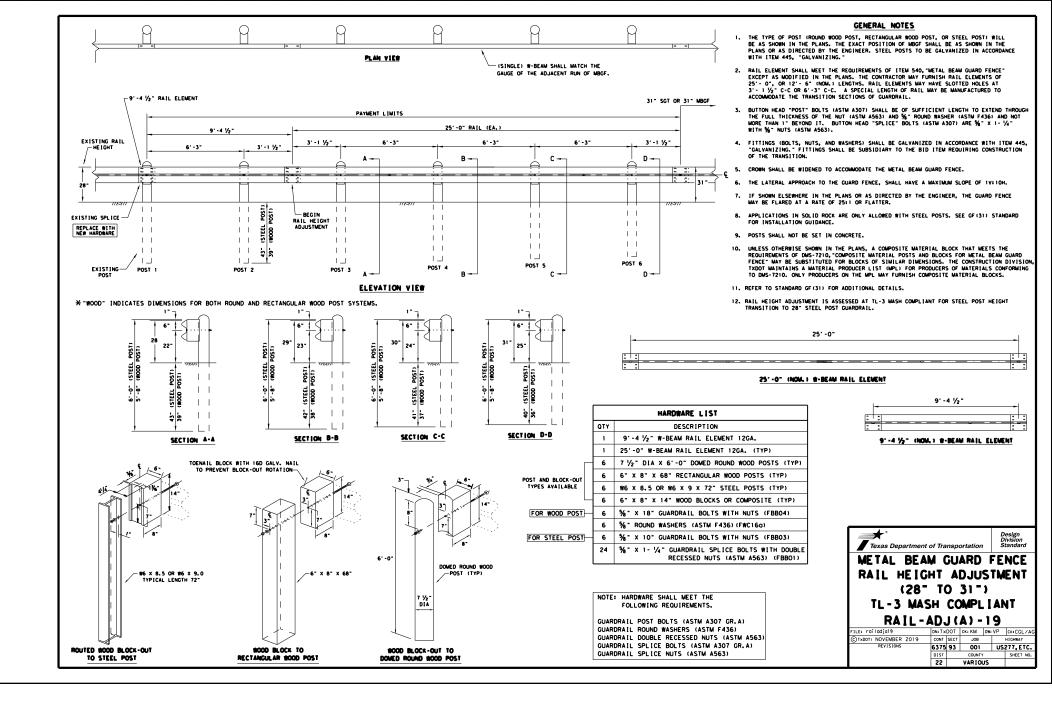
NOT TO SCALE

ROADSIDE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

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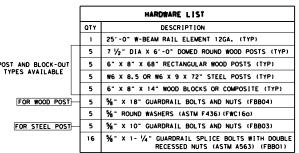
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GENERAL NOTES

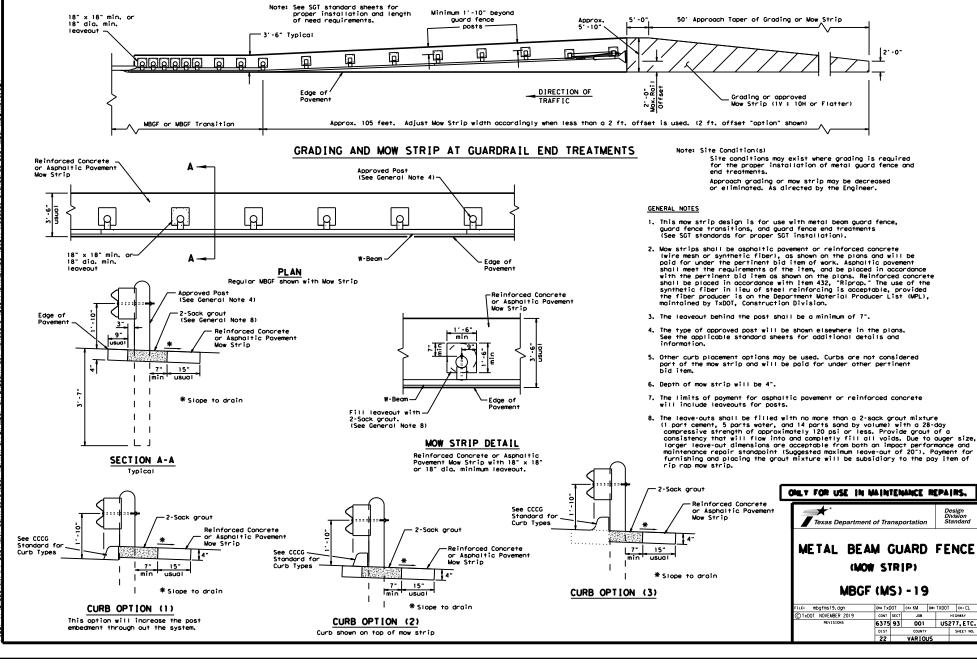
- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS, THE EXACT POSITION OF MBGF SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE
- RAIL ELEMENT SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 25'-0", OR 12'-6" (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT 3'-1 ½" C-C OR 6'-3" C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO ACCOMMODATE THE TRANSITION SECTIONS OF GUARDRAIL.
- BUTTON HEAD "POST" BOLTS (ASTM A307) SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE MUT (ASTM A563) AND % ROUND WASHER (ASTM F436) AND NOT MORE THAN I" BEYOND IT. BUTTON HEAD "SPLICE" BOLTS (ASTM A307) ARE % " X 1- 1/4" WITH % " NUTS (ASTM A563).
- 4. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING." FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM
- 5. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.
- THE LATERAL APPROACH TO THE GUARD FENCE. SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 1V: 10H.
- IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE GUARD FENCE MAY BE FLARED AT A RATE OF 25:1 OR FLATTER.
- APPLICATIONS IN SOLID ROCK ARE ONLY ALLOWED WITH STEEL POSTS. SEE GF (31) STANDARD
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONTROL TON DIVISION, YOUNG MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL MAY
- REFER TO STANDARD GF (31) FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 12. RAIL HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT IS ASSESSED AT TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT FOR STEEL POST HEIGHT TRANSITION TO 28" STEEL POST GUARDRAIL.



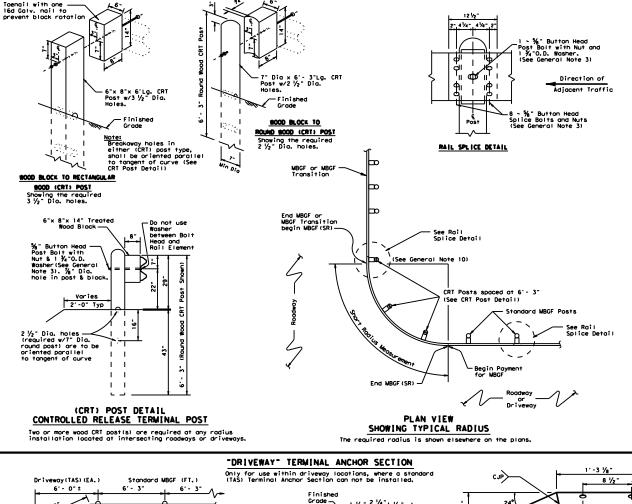
Texas Department of Transportation

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE RAIL HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT (28" TO 31") TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT **RAIL-ADJ(B)-19**

FILE: railadjb19	DN: Tx	DOT	CK: KM DW:		VP	CK:CGL/AG	
©TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		H1GHWAY		
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	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO		
	22		VARIOU	JS			



18"dia.



GENERAL NOTES

- The type of (CRT) post (round wood post, or rectangular wood post) will be shown elsewhere in the plans. The exact position of MBGF shall be shown elsewhere in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Steel posts are not permitted at CRT post positions.
- Rail element shall meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified on the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 12 ½ or 25 foot naminal lengths.
- . Button head "post" boits (ASTM A307) shall be of sufficient length to extend through the full thickness of the nut (ASTM A563) and Type A (1 ½" 0, D.) washer and not more than 1" beyond it. Button head "splice" boits (ASTM A307) are 1½" to 2" long at triple rail splices) with a ½" double recessed nut (ASTM A563).
- Fittings (bolts, nuts, and washers) shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing." Fittings shall be subsidiary to the bid item.
- 6. Crown shall be widened to accommodate the Metal Beam Guard Fence.
- The lateral approach to the guard fence, shall have a slope rate of not more than 19:10H.
- 8. Unless otherwise shown in the plans, guard fence placed in the vicinity of curbs shall be positioned so that the face of curb is located directly below or behind the face of the block, Rall placed over curbs shall be installed so that the post boll is located approximately 21 inches above the gutter pan or roadway surface.
- 9. If solid rock is encountered within 0 to 18° of the finished grade, drill a 22° dia, hole, 24° into the rock, or drill two 12° dia, front to back overlapping holes, 24° into the rock. If solid rock is encountered below 18°, drill a 12° dia, hole, 12° into the rock or to the standard embedment depth, whichever is less. Any excess post length, after meeting these depths, may be field cut to ensure proper guardrall mounting height. Backfill with a cohesionless material.
- 10. Guardrail posts shall not be set in concrete, of any depth,
- Special rail fabrication will be required at installations having a curvature of less than 150 ft. radius. The required radius shall be shown on the plans.
- 12. The terminal anchor section (TAS) post shall be set in Class A concrete (unless otherwise shown in the pions) in accordance with Item 421, "Hydraulic Cement Concrete." Concrete shall be subsidiary to the bid item requiring construction of the terminal anchor section (TAS). Terminal anchor post to be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 13. Unless otherwise shown in the plans, a composite material post and/or block that meets the requirements of DMS-7210, "Composite Material Posts and Blocks for Metal Beam Guard Fence" may be substituted for posts and/or blocks of similar dimensions. The Construction Division, IxDDI maintains a Material Producer List (MPL) for producers of materials conforming to DMS-7210. Only producers on the MPL can furnish composite material posts and/or blocks.



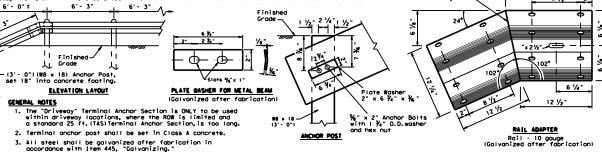


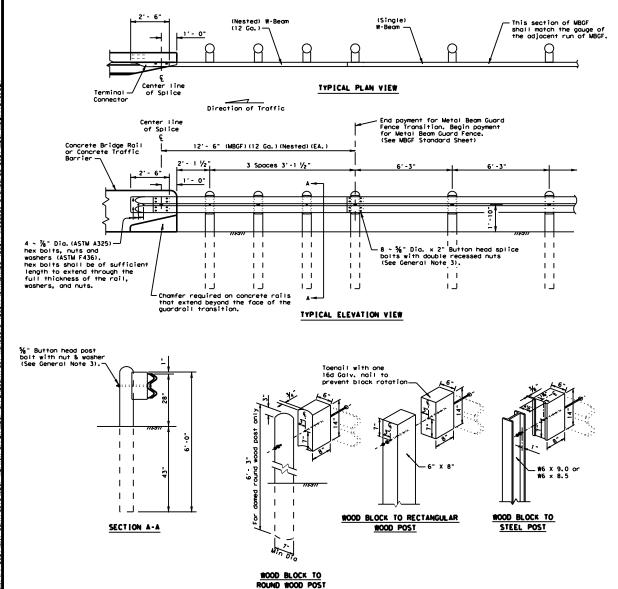
Texas Department of Transportation



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (SHORT RADIUS) MBGF (SR) - 19

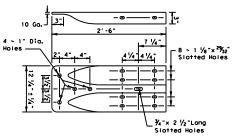
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GENERAL NOTES

- The type of post (round wood post, rectangular wood post, or steel
 post) will be shown elsewhere in the plans. The exact position of
 transitions shall be shown elsewhere in the plans or as directed by
 the Engineer.
- Rail element shall meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified on the plans.
- Button head "post" bolts (ASTM A307) shall be of sufficient length to extend through the full thickness of the nut and Type A 1 ¾," O.D. wosher and not more than 1" beyond it. Button head "splice" bolts (ASTM A307) ore ¾ " x 2"(at triple rail splices) with ¾ " double recessed nuts (ASTM A563).
- Fittings (bolts, nuts, and washers) shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing." Fittings shall be subsidiary to the bid item requiring construction of the transition.
- 5. Crown will be widened to accommodate transitions.
- If solid rock is encountered. See the MBGF standard sheet for the proper installation guidance.
- 7. Posts shall not be set in concrete.
- 8. Unless otherwise shown in the plans, a composite material post and/or block that meets the requirements of DMS-7210, "Composite Material Posts and Blocks for Metal Beam Guard Fence" may be substituted for posts and/or blocks of similar dimensions. The Construction Division, TxDDT, maintains a Material Producer List (MPL) for producers of materials conforming to DMS-7210, Only producers on the MPL can furnish composite material posts and/or blocks.
- 9. Refer to MBGF standard sheet for additional details.



TERMINAL CONNECTOR

FOR USE WITH MBGF CONNECTIONS TO CONCRETE BRIDGE RAILS AND TRAFFIC BARRIERS



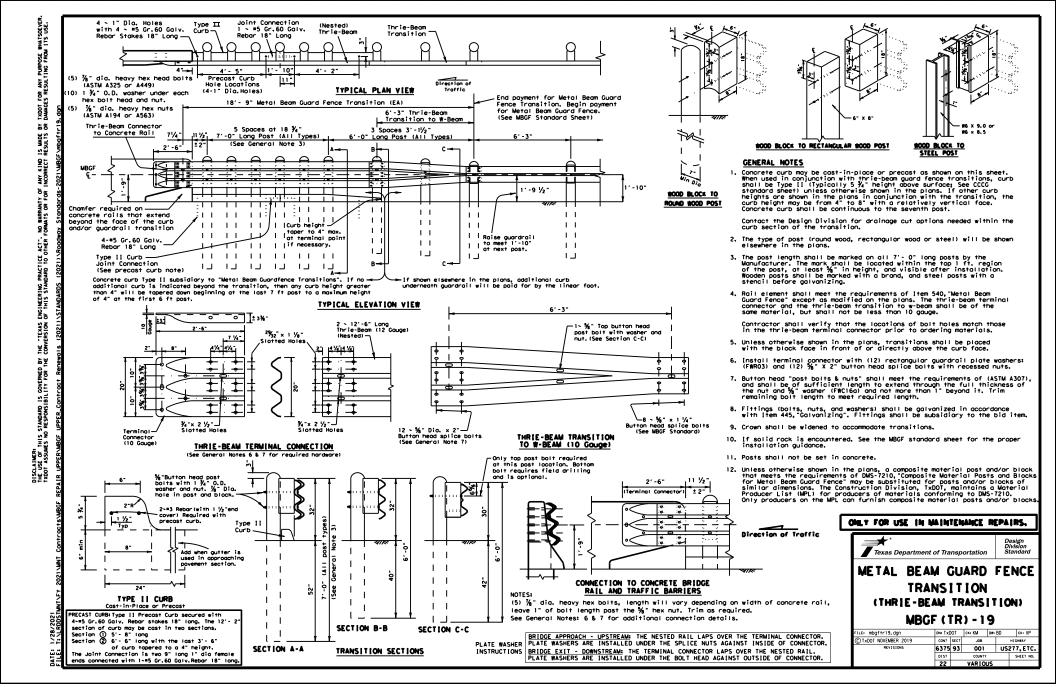


METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION (TL2)

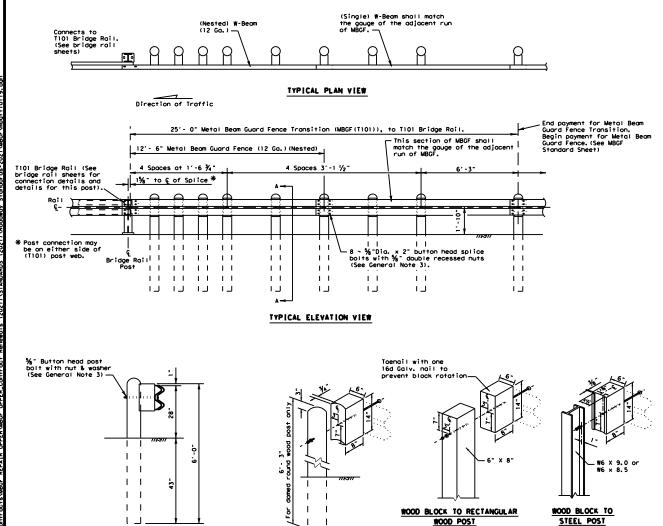
(Low Speed Transition)

MBGF (TL2) - 19

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© TxDOT NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT JOB			H)	HIGHWAY		
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SECTION A-A



WOOD BLOCK TO

ROUND WOOD POST

GENERAL NOTES

- The type of post (round wood post, rectangular wood post, or steel post) will be shown elsewhere in the plans. The exact position of transitions shall be shown elsewhere in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- Rail element shall meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified on the plans.
- Button head "post" boits (ASTM A307) shall be of sufficient length to extend through the full thickness of the nut (ASTM A563) and the Type A 1 %" 0.b wosher and not more than 1" beyond it. Button head "solice" boits (ASTM A307) are %" x 2" (at triple rail splices) with a %" double recessed nuts (ASTM A563).
- Fittings (bolts, nuts, and washers) shall be galvanized in accordance with 1tem 445, "Galvanizing." Fittings shall be subsidiary to the bid item requiring construction of the transition.
- 5. Crown will be widened to accommodate transitions.
- If solid rock is encountered. See the MBGF standard sheet for proper installation guidance.
- 7. Posts shall not be set in concrete.
- 8. Unless otherwise shown in the plans, a composite material post and/or block that meets the requirements of DMS-7210, "Composite Material Posts and Blocks for Metal Beom Guard Fence" may be substituted for posts and/or blocks of similar dimensions. The Construction Division, TxDOT, maintains a Material Producer List (MPL) for producers of materials conforming to DMS-7210. Only producers on the MPL can furnish composite material posts and/or blocks.
- 8. Refer to MBGF Standard Sheet for additional details.

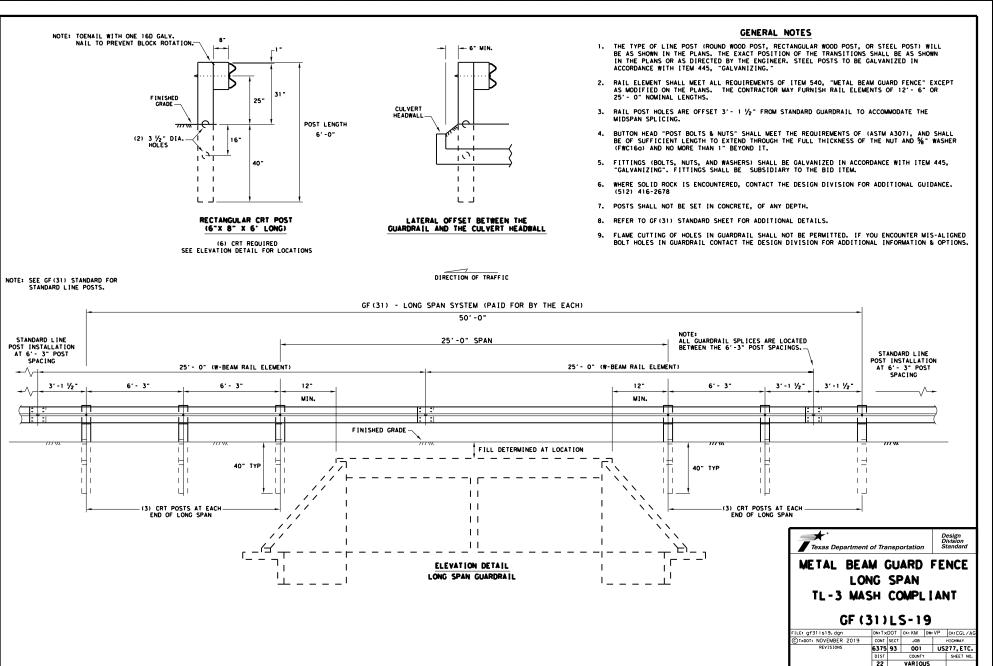




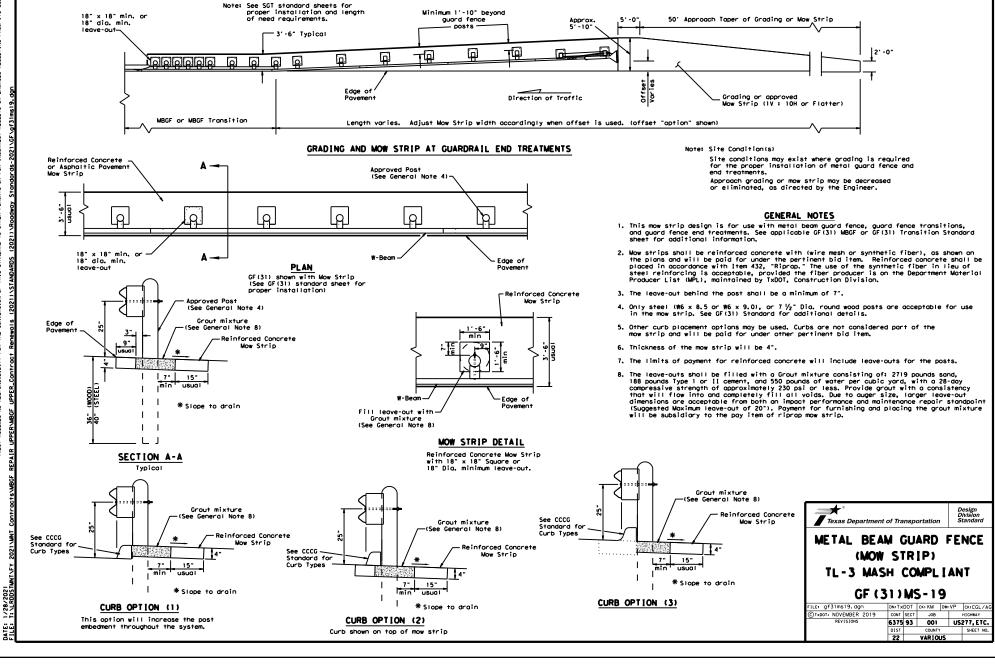
METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION (T101) (T101 BRIDGE RAIL)

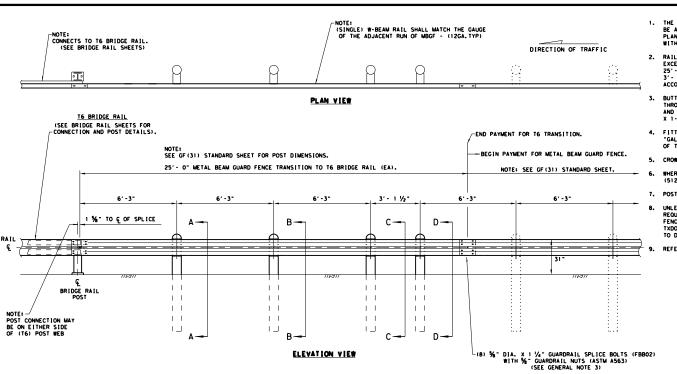
MBGF (T101) - 19

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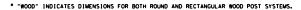
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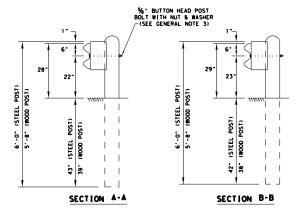


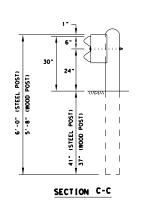


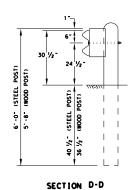
GENERAL NOTES

- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF MBGF SHALL BE SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445. "GALVANIZING."
- RAIL ELEMENT SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE"
 EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF
 25'-0", OR 12'-6" (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT
 3'-1 ½" C-C OR 6'-3" C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO
 ACCOMMODATE THE TRANSITION SECTIONS OF GUARDRAIL.
- 3. BUTTON HEAD "POST" BOLTS (ASTM A307 GR.A) SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT (ASTM A563) AND %" ROUND WASHER (ASTM F436) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. BUTTON HEAD "SPLICE" BOLTS (ASTM A307) ARE %" X 1 ' ½" WITH %" NUTS (ASTM A363).
- FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445,
 "GALVANIZING." FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM REQUIRING CONSTRUCTION
 OF THE FRANSITION.
- 5. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.
- WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED. CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- B. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210, ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL MAY FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.
- REFER TO STANDARD GF (31) & APPLICABLE BRIDGE RAILING STANDARD FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.







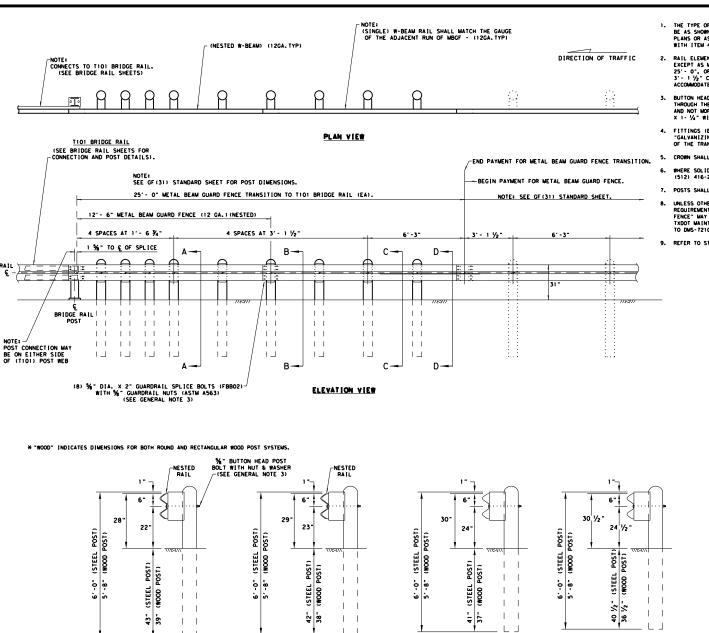


METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION (T6)

Texas Department of Transportation

GF (31) T6-19

FILE: gf31+619.dgn	DN: T x	DOT	CK: KM	DW: VP		CK:CGL/AG	
©TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB	П		H1GHWAY	
REVISIONS	6375	93	001	Т	US277, ETC.		
	DIST		COUNTY	_		SHEET NO.	
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SECTION B-B

SECTION C-C

SECTION D-D

SECTION A-A

GENERAL NOTES

- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF MBGF SHALL BE SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445. "GALVANIZING."
- RAIL ELEMENT SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 25'- 0', OR 12'- 6' (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT 3'- 1 ½" C-C OR 6'-3' C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO ACCOMMODATE THE TRANSITION SECTIONS OF GUARDRAIL.
- 3. BUTTON HEAD "POST" BOLTS (ASTM A307 OR.A) SMALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT (ASTM A563) AND \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ROUND WASSHER (ASTM F436) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. BUTTON HEAD "SPLICE" BOLTS (ASTM A307) ARE \$\frac{1}{2}\$.

 X 1 '\frac{1}{2}\$ "RITH \$\frac{1}{2}\$" NUTS (ASTM A507) ARE \$\frac{1}{2}\$.
- 4. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445,
 "GALVANIZING." FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM REQUIRING CONSTRUCTION
 OF THE TRANSITION.
- . CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.
- WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED. CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- B. UNLESS OTHERRIES SWORN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT WEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM QUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL MAY FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.
- 9. REFER TO STANDARD GF (31) AND APPLICABLE BRIDGE RAILING STANDARD FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.



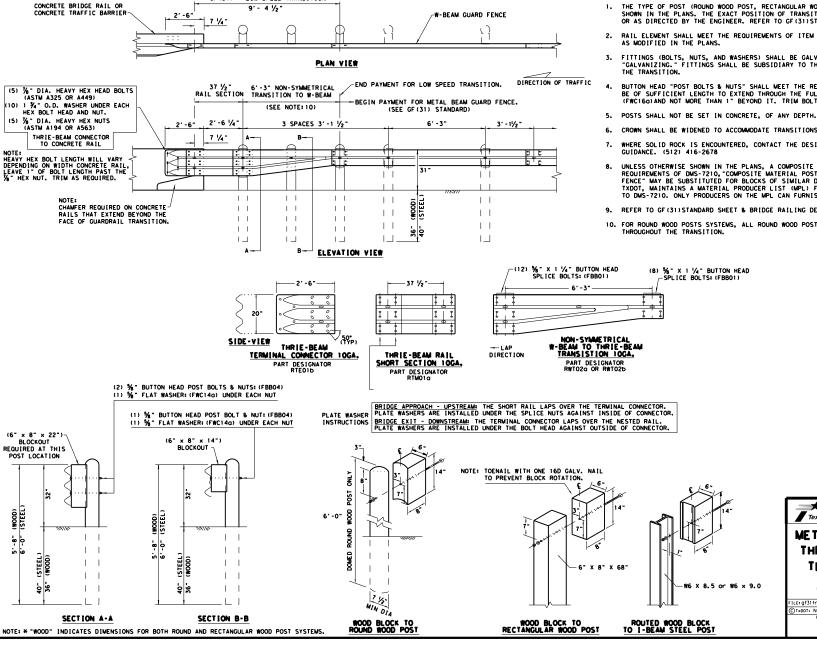
Design Division Standard

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION (T101)

GF (31) T101-19

FILE: gf31+10119	DN: T x	DOT	CK: KM	DW:	VP	CK:CGL/AG	
©TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB	П		11 CHWAY	
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GF (31) - LOW SPEED TRANSITION

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF TRANSITIONS SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.
- 2. RAIL ELEMENT SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540. "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT
- FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING." FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM REQUIRING CONSTRUCTION OF
- BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND %" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT, MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210, ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS,
- 9. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 10. FOR ROUND WOOD POSTS SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7 1/2" DIA. MINIMUM





©TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019

CONT SECT

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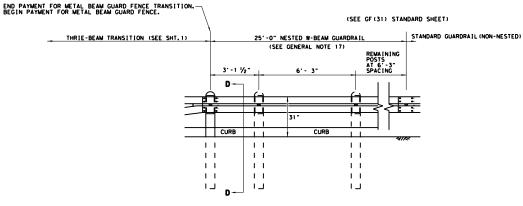
COUNTY

VARIOUS

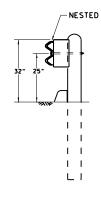
6375 93 001 US277, ETC.

H1CHWAY

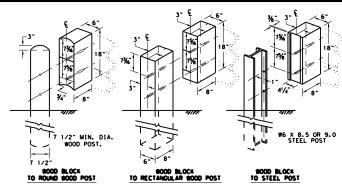
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ELEVATION VIEW



SECTION D-D



THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

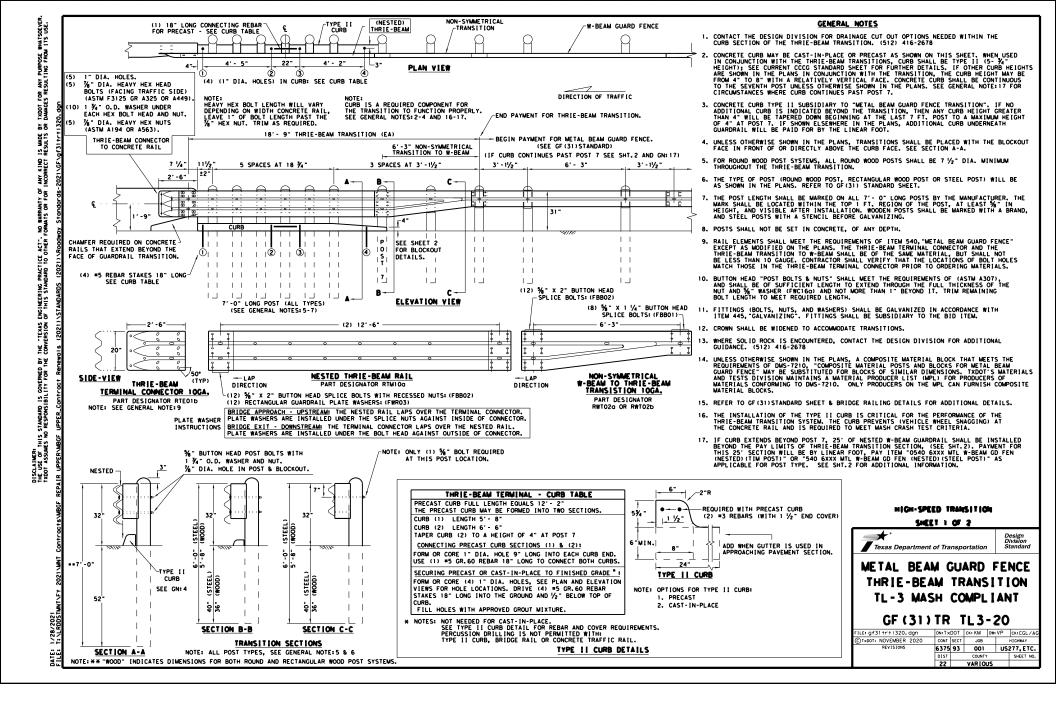
SHEET 2 OF 2

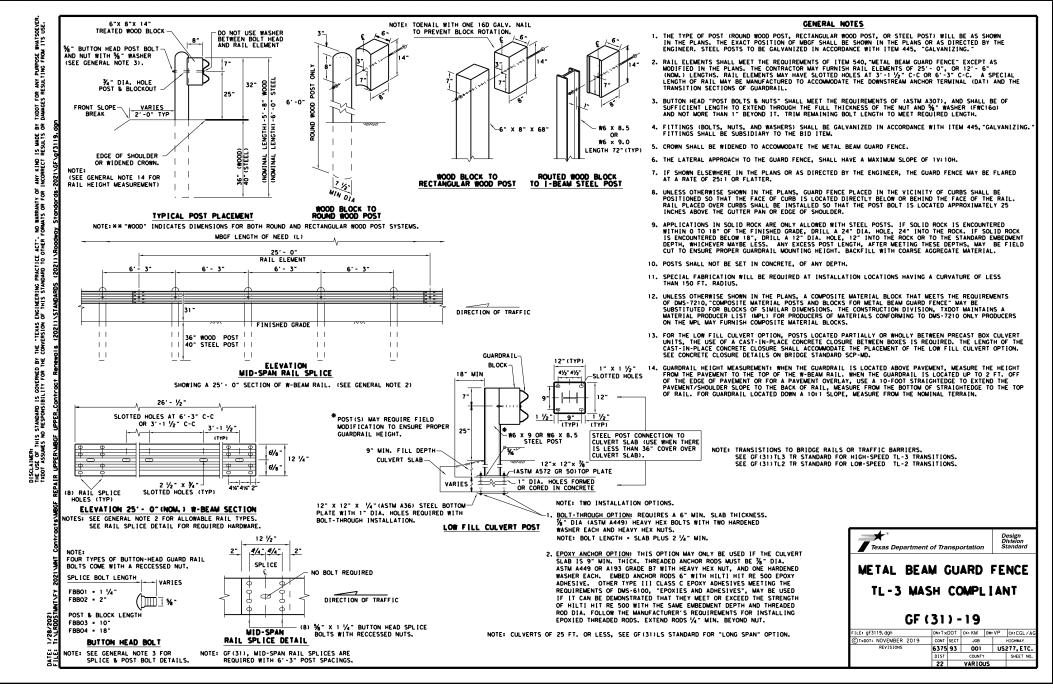


METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL3-20

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REVISIONS	6375	93	93 001			US277, ETC.		
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
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STEEL I-BEAM POST #6 x 8.5 (6'-0") PN:533G STANDARD WOOD BLOCKOUTS (6"X8"X14") PN:4076B AT (POSTS 2 THRU 8) %" × 10" HGR BOLT PN: 3500G LINE AT THE BACK OF POST =2 THRU =8 FROM THE CENTERLINE OF POST(1) & POST(0) FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHMAY AT 1 (888) 323-6374.
 STEMAONS FREEMY, DALLAS, TX 75207 HGR NUT PN: 3340G ANCHOR PADDLE ANGLE STRUT-PN: 15202G FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE: SOftStop END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. PN:620237B 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD. POST (4) POST (R) POST (7) POST (6) POST (5) POST (3) 훒 ANCHOR RAIL TO - POST (2) BETAIL 1 POST (0) PLAN VIEW BEGIN LENGTH OF NEED MASH TEST LEVEL 3 (TL-3) LENGTH OF SoftStop TERMINAL (50'-9 1/5") TRAFFIC FLOR 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD. 50'-9 1/2" STANDARD INSTALLATION LENGTH (MASH TL-3 SoftStop 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445. "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM. 3'-1 1/2" 6'-3" BEGIN STANDARD END PAYMENT FOR SGT 6. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DWS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCER) ANCHOR RAIL WITH SLOTS - (THREADED THRU HEAD)
SEE SOFTSTOP MANUAL FOR COMPLETE DETAILS δá -- 2021\SGT\sg+10s311 MIDDLE SLOT CUTOUT OUTSIDE SLOTS CUTOUTis mode l 7. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE SOFTSTOD FACE MBGF LAPPED IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW SEE GN (3) & NOTE:B 25'-0" DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PN: 61C SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) PN: 15215G 8. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE. --¬A 5<u>·-8</u>-9. IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFFSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT. rec d 3'-1 1/2 (+/-) ¬В ANCHOR PADDLE N: 15204A 61-3-61-3-6'-3" 61-3-61 - 31 4'-7 6' - 3" 10. DO NOT ATTACH THE SOFFSTON SYSTEM DIRECTLY TO A RIGID BARRIER. SEE MOTESC END OF ANCHOR RAIL PN: 15215G 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOFTSTOP SYSTEM BE CURVED. POST 32 12, A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. DO NOT BOLT HE LIGHT RAIL 25' -0-SEE, A _ RAIL 25'-0" PN: 15215G SEE 2 \YY/ (8) %"-x 1- 1/4"
HGR BOLTS
PN: 3360G
%" HEX NUTS
PN: 3340G %"DIA.-MOTE1A THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL VARY FROM 3-1/4" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE. HE I CHT HE I GHT (8) % "x 1 - 1/4"
GR BOLTS
PN: 3360G
% " HEX NUTS
PN: 3340G 울 YIELDING VIEL DING POST 40 HOLES NOTE: PART PN: 5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING PART PN: 5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING) (TYP 1-8) DETAIL 3 MOTESC W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST (4) AND LINE POST (5) GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN: 61G POST (1) POST (8) POST (7) POST (6) POST (5) POST (4) POST (3) POST (2) 6'-0" (SYTP) PN: 150000 4'-9 1/2" SYTP PN: 15203G ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN: 15215G ELEVATION VIEW HARDWARE FOR POST (2) THRU POST (8) LAP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW. (1) %-x 10" HGR BOLT PN: 3500G HGR HEX NUT PN: 3340G PART QTY MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS NOTE: DO NOT BOLT ANCHOR RAIL PANEL TO POST (2) -PN: 15202G PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.) 620237R I Engineer of this HEX HD BOLT SOFTSTOP HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH) PN 33916 15208A 1 PN: 152054 ALTERNATE BLOCKOUT SOFTSTOP ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS 15215G SEE GENERAL NOTE: 6 (2) % - WASHERS PN 4372G SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25' - 0") 6" x 8" x 14" ANCHOR PLATE WASHER (1) %-HGR HEX NUT PN 3340G -dlb BLOCKOUT WOOD PN: 4076B POST =0 - ANCHOR POST (6'- 5 %") the Texas ANCHOR KEEPER 15203G POST =1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 1/2") COMPOSITE PN: 6777B PLATE (24 GA) 1" ROUND WASHER F463 PN: 4902G 15000G 1 POST #2 - (SYTP) (6' - 0") PN: 15207G DETAIL 1 533G POST =3 THRU =8 - 1-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6'- 0") (2) % " x 2 1/2" HEX HD BOLT GR-5 6" X 8" X 14" BLOCKOUT WOOD SHOWN AT POST(1) NEAR GROUND 4076B BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14")
BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" x 7 1/2" x 14") 6777R 3 5 W-REAM RATE 6" X 8" X 14" BLOCKOUT WOOD PN: 105285G SEE GENERAL NOTE: DETAIL 2 W-BEAM RAIL ANCHOR PADDLE 15204A %" X 10" OR POST BOLT PN: 3500G 25. -0. ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA) 15207G %" HGR NUT PN: 3340G -SHOWN AT POST (1) %" X 10" HGR POST BOLT PN: 3500G ANCHOR PLATE WASHER (1/2" THICK) HGR POST BOLT PN: 3500G (2) % " ROUND WASHER 15206G ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG) (WIDE) PN: 3240G 15202G ANGLE STRUT %" HGR NUT PN: 3340G %" HGR NUT PN: 3340G HARDWARE POST HE I GHT POST 32* ANCHOR PADDLE--1" NUT PN:390BG SHALL BE SECURELY TIGHTENED AFTER FINAL ASSEMBLY, 31 RAIL 31" RAIL (2) % " HEX NUT-1" ROUND WASHER F436 "%"DIAMETER YIELDING HOLES LOCATED IN FLANGES 4902G HEIGHT HEIGH 3908G " HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH BUT NOT DEFORMING THE KEEPER PLATE. W-BEAM FLATTENED 3717G 4" × 2 1/2" HEX BOLT A325 this s 3701G ROUND WASHER F436 POST 17 - 1/2 -HEIGHT CHOLES APROXIMATELY CENTERED %" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH FINISHED □ AT FINISHED GRADE) **−FINISHED FINISHED** 15202G 3360G 16 % × 1 1/4" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR 3340G 25 %- W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR 3500G " × 10" HGR POST BOLT A307 (2) 1/4" x 2 1/2" HEX BOLT Y I ELD ING 3391G " x 1 34" HEX HD BOLT A325 4'-91/2 POST (2) LINE POST 4489G 1 * 9" HEX HD BOLT A325 4372G 4 (4) 1/4" FLAT WASHER (TYP) PN: 3701G % - WASHER F436 105285G 2 % " x 2 1/2" HEX HD BOLT GR-5 05286C (2) ¾ THEX NUT (TYP) PN: 3704G POST (1) %-POST DEPTH ROUND WASHER (WIDE) 3245G 3 % " HEX NUT A563 GR. DH
5852B 1 HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE: B ISOMETRIC VIEW SECTION VIEW B-B SECTION VIEW A-A (2) ANCHOR POST ANGLE PN: 15201G POST (1 & 2) 6'-0" (W6 X 8.5) 6'-0" (W6 X 8.5) W6 X 8.5 I-BEAM POST SHOWING (SYTP) 1-BEAM POST PN: 15000G I-REAM POST PN: 533G FRONT VIEW POST(1) STANDARD WOOD BLOCKOUT NOTE: DO NOT BOLT ANCHOR RAIL PANEL TO POST (2) Texas Department of Transportation 4'-9 1/5" (W6 X 8.5) NOTE: NO BLOCKOUT INSTALLED AT POST(1) (SYTP) 1-BEAM POST PN: 15203G NOTE: NO BLOCKOUT INSTALLED AT POST(1) DETAIL 3 TRINITY HIGHWAY AT POST (O) 50' APPROACH GRADING APPROX 5'-10" SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL 6'-5 %" (#6 x 15) STANDARD I-BEAM POST PN: 15205A MASH - TL-3 TRAFFIC FLOR APPROACH GRADING SGT (10S) 31-16 FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE EDGE OF PAVEMENT NOTE: ADJUST WIDTH ACCORDINGLY WHEN OFFSET IS USED. (OFFSET "OPTION" SHOWN) ILE: sgt10s3116 DN: TXDOT CK: KM DW: VP CK: MB/V C)TxDOT: JULY 2016 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. 001 US277, ETC. 6375 93 APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS SHEET NO. 22 VARIOUS

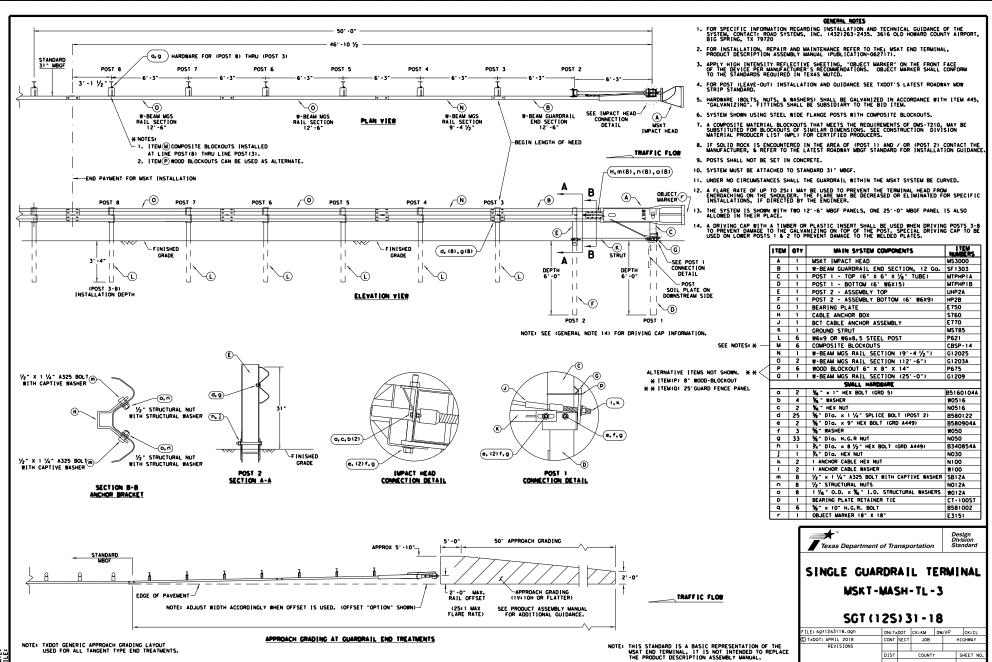
GENERAL NOTES

POST 1 OFFSET DISTANCE MEASURED

GENERAL NOTES

(SEE GN NOTE 15)

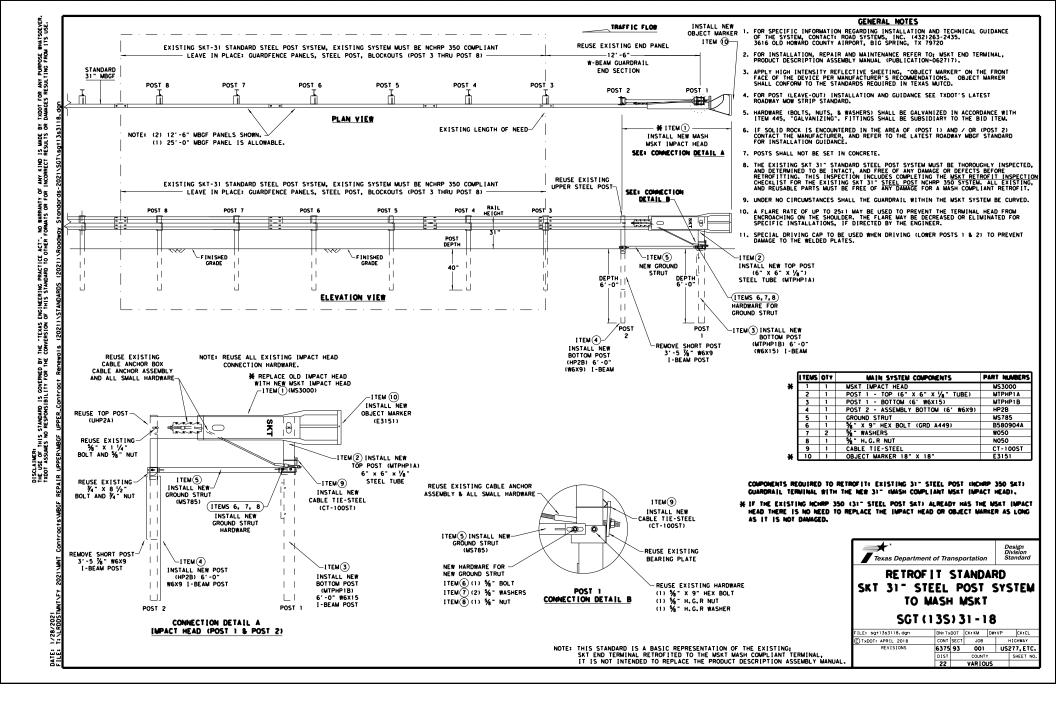
STANDARD 31" MBGF



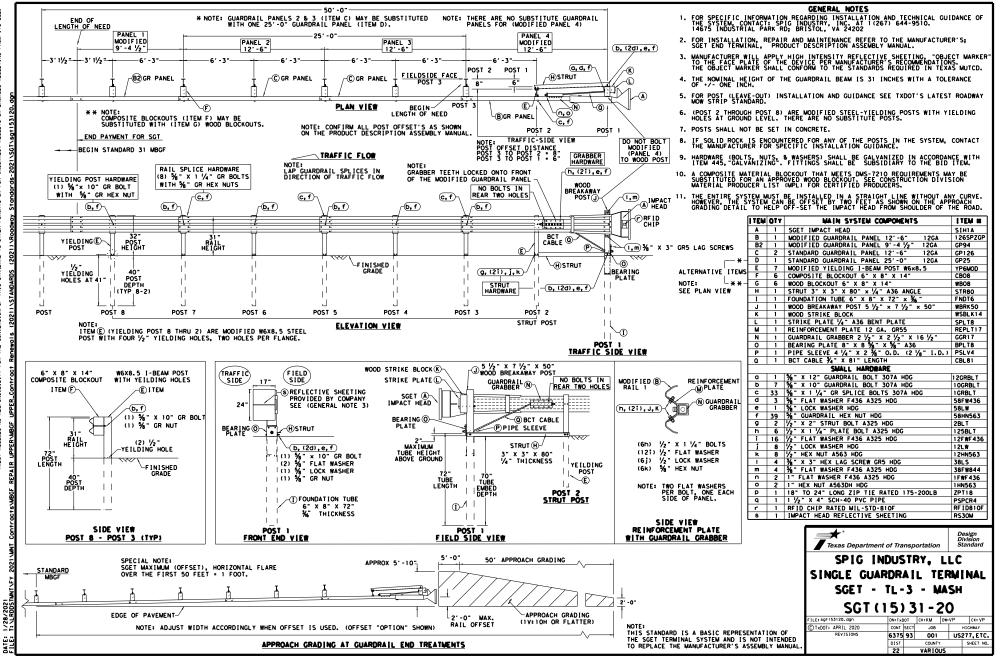
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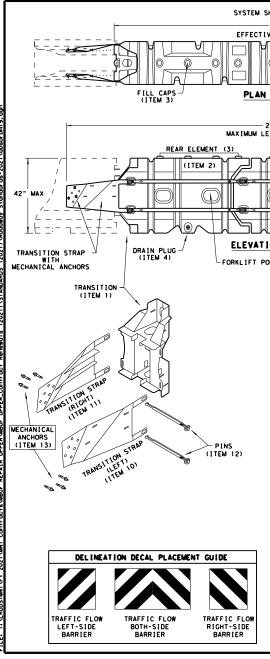
COUNTY

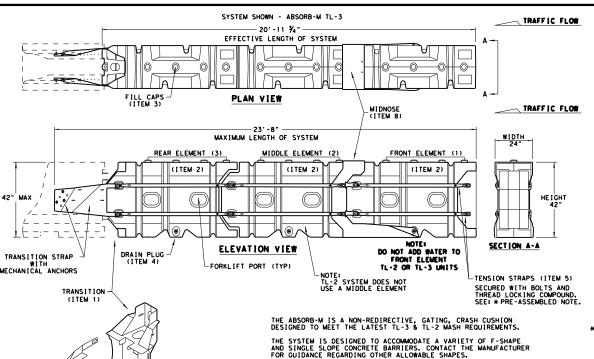
SHEET NO



TXDOT FOR ANY PURPOSE DAMAGES RESULTING FROM **≧**8 IS MADE I ICE ACT". NO WARRANTY OF TO OTHER FORMATS OR FOR ENCINEERING PRACT OF THIS STANDARD THE "TEXAS 鱼鱼 DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR I







TEST LEVEL	NUMBER OF ELEMENTS	EFFECTIVE LENGTH	MAXIMUM LENGTH
TL-2	2	14' - 7 ¾"	17' - 4"
TL - 3	3	20' - 11 ¾"	23' - 8"

CROSS SLOPES OF UP TO 8% (OR 1:12 SLOPE) CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH STANDARD HARDWARE SHOWN WITHIN THE INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL. FOR SLOPES WITH EXCESS OF 8% (OR 1:12) CONTACT, LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING THE INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE. CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800. 180 RIVER ROAD, RIO VISTA, CA 94571
- 2. THE ABSORB-M SYSTEM IS ONLY APPROVED FOR USE IN (TEMPORARY WORK ZONE) LOCATIONS.
- 3. THE ABSORB-M IS A WATER FILLED NON-REDIRECTIVE, GATING CRASH CUSHION THAT DOES NOT NEED TO BE ATTACHED TO A FOUNDATION AND CAN BE INSTALLED ON TOP OF CONCRETE. ASPHALT, OR ANY SURFACE CAPABLE OF BEARING THE WEIGHT OF THE SYSTEM.
- 4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS-SLOPE IS 8%.
- 5. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 6. THE ABSORB-M SHOULD BE LOCATED APPROXIMATELY PARALLEL WITH THE BARRIER.
- 7. THE USE OF THE ABSORB-M IS RESTRICTED TO A BARRIER HEIGHT OF UP TO 42 INCHES.
- 8. DO NOT ADD WATER TO FRONT ELEMENT (TL-2 OR TL-3 UNIT).

Γ		BILI	OF MATERIALS	(BOM) ABSORB-M TL-3 & TL-2 SYSTEMS	QTY	QTY
ī	TEM	1#	PART NUMBER	PART DESCRIPTION	TL-2 SYSTEM	TL-3 SYSTEM
	1		BSI-1809036-00	TRANSITION- (GALV)	1	1
Г	2	1	BSI-1808002-00	PRE-ASSEMBLED ABSORBING (ELEMENTS)	2	3
	3		BSI-4004598	FILL CAPS	8	12
	4		BSI-4004599	DRAIN PLUGS	2	3
	5		BSI-1809053-00	TENSION STRAP- (GALV)	8	12
	6		BSI-2001998	C-SCR FH 3/8-16 X 1 1/2 GR5 PLT	8	12
	7		BSI-2001999	C-SCR FH 3/8-16 X 1 GR5 PLT	8	12
	8		BSI-1809035-00	MIDNOSE - (GALV)	1	1
	9		BSI-1808014-00	NOSE PLATE	1	1
	10)	BSI-1809037-00	TRANSITION STRAP (LEFT-HAND) - (GALV)	1	1
	11		BSI-1809038-00	TRANSITION STRAP (RIGHT-HAND) - (GALV)	1	1
	12	:	BSI-1808005-00	PIN ASSEMBLY	8	10
Г	13	i	BSI -2002001	ANC MECH 5/8-11X5 (GALV)	6	6
	14		ABSORB-M	INSTALLATION AND INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL	1	1

^{*}COMPONENTS PRE-ASSEMBLED WITH ELEMENT ASSEMBLY



APPLY A HIGH REFLECTIVE DECAL TO THE NOSE PLATE. DELINEATION DECAL ORIENTATION IS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLAN SET AND SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MUTCD FOR (TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES). DECALS ARE AVAILABLE FOR TRAFFIC FLOW ON THE LEFT-SIDE, BOTH -SIDES AND RIGHT-SIDE.

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE ABSORB-M. IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL.

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.E: absorbm19	DN: Tx	DOT	CK: KM	DV	I: VP	CK:
TxDOT: JULY 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6375	93 001		US277, ETC.		
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO	
	22		VARIOU	JS		

Texas Department of Transportation

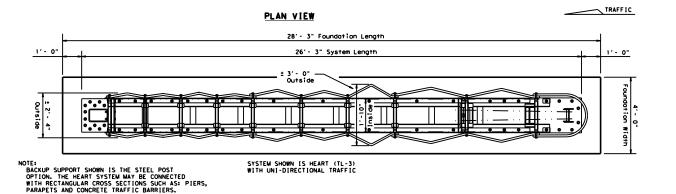
LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

CRASH CUSHION (MASH TL-3 & TL-2)

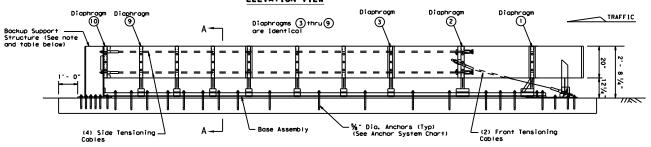
TEMPORARY - WORK ZONE

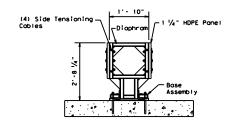
ABSORB (M) - 19

SACRIFICIAL



ELEVATION VIEW





SECTION A-A

ANCHOR	SYSTEM	CHART
On Concrete:		

10" Bolts used on base rails, 7 1/2" Boits used on base plates.

18" Bolts used on base rails and base plates.

HEART	(NARROW)	SYSTEM
TEST LEVEL	SYSTEM LENGTH	PAD LENGTH
TL-2	13' - 9 1/2"	15' - 9 1/2"
TL-3	26' - 3"	28' - 3"
70	28' - 9"	30' - 9"

CONCRETE PAD LENGTH ON THE HEART SYSTEM DEPENDS ON BACKUP TYPE. (MINIMUM LENGTH SHOWN)

	FOUNDATION OPTIONS			
6" Reinforced Concrete				
8"	8" Unreinforced Concrete			
8	8" Minimum Asphalt			
For	asphalt overlays on concrete,			

FOR STEEL PLACEMENT IN CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS (SEE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL)

BACKUP SUPPORT OPTIONS

Steel Post Backup (Shown) Rectangular Concrete Backup (18" Width Max.)

Concrete Barrier (CTB) Backup Single Slope Concrete Barrier (SSCB)

TRANSITION OPTIONS

THE HEART SYSTEM IS APPROVED FOR USE AT BI-DIRECTIONAL SITES, ADDITIONAL HARDWARE IS REQUIRED. (SEE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL)

BACKUP AND TRANSITION TYPES ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE ON THE PLANS. (I.E. ATTENUATOR LOCATION DETAILS OR IN THE GENERAL NOTES)

GENERAL NOTES

- For specific information regarding installation and technical guidance of the system, contact: Trinity Highway at 1 (888) 323-6374. 2525 N. Stemmons Freeway, Dallas, TX 75207
- 2. For bi-directional traffic, appropriate transition panels will
- 3. Details of components for the HEART and backups and reinforcing details will be shown on the manufacturer's shop drawings furnished to the Engineer.
- 4. Concrete shall be class "S" with a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 p.s.i.
- 5. If the cross-slope varies more than 2% over the length of the system, the concrete pad will require levelling. Maximum permissible cross-slope is 8%.
- 6. The installation area should be free from curbs, elevated objects, or depressions.
- 7. The HEART system should be approximately parallel with the barrier or (of merging barriers.

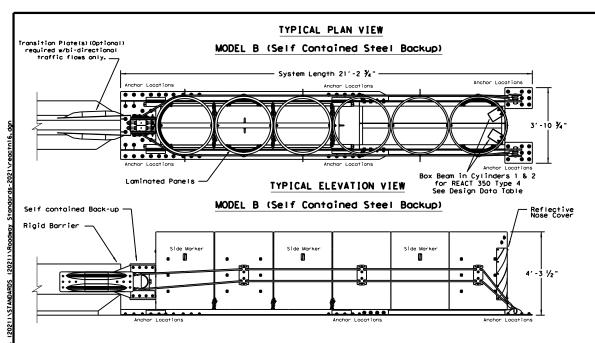


HEART HYBRID **ENERGY ABSORBING** TERMINAL

HEART-16

FILE: heart16.dgn	DN: Tx[OOT	CK: KM	D#: VP		ck: VP
© TxD0T: March 2010	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HMAY
REVISIONS REVISED 06, 2013 (VP) REVISED 03, 2016 (VP)	6375	93	001	U	S277	7, ETC.
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LOW MAINTENANCE

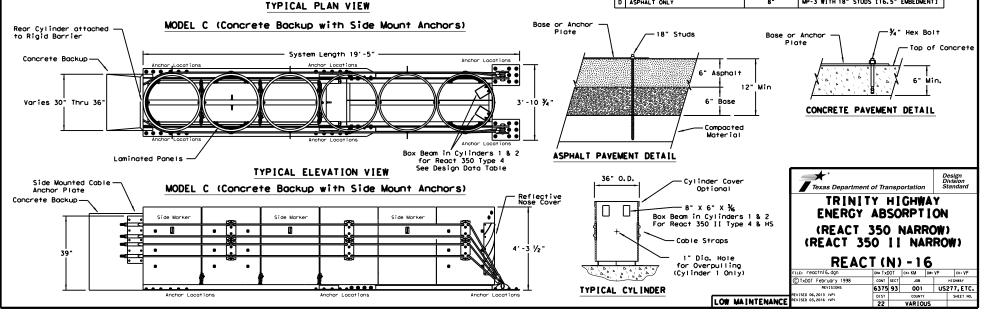


GENERAL NOTES

- For specific information regarding installation and technical guidance of the system, contact: Trinity Highway - Energy Absorption at 18881323-6374. 70 W. Modison St. Suite 2350. Chicago, IL 60602
- The nose of the REACT 350 shall be clad with a plastic wrap with standard delineation adhered to the wrap and shall have a series of side marker reflectors on both sides of the unit. See site plan views for marker and plastic wrap color orientation.
- All steel components to be not dipped galvanized except stakes, drive spikes, threaded bolts in backup unit, and wedge fittings on cables.
- The installation area should be free from curbs, elevated objects, or depressions. If the REACT system is to span expansion joints contact the manufacturer.
- The REACT system should be approximately parallel with the barrier or © of merging barriers. The maximum permissible cross-slope is 8%.
- 6. REACT 350 II has laminated panels in cyliners 1, 5, & 6.

DESIGN DATA TABLE FOR REACT 350 AND REACT 350 II						
TYPE	REACT 350 4-B	REACT 350 4-C	REACT 350 II 6-B	REACT 350 II 6-C		
Test Level	TL-2	TL-2	TL-3	TL-3		
OVERALL LENGTH	15"-3"	13' -9"	21'-3"	19"-5"		

	FOUNDATION AND ANCHORA	REACT 350 AND REACT 350 II			
FOUNDATION TYPE MINIMUM THICKNESS			ANCHORAGE		
A	CONCRETE PAD OR ROADWAY	6"	MP-3 WITH 7" STUDS [5.5" EMBEDMENT]		
В	ASPHALT OVER CONCRETE PAVEMENT	6" CONCRETE PAVEMENT	ANCHOR LENGTH REQUIRED IS 7" STUD PLUS ASPHALT THICKNESS		
С	ASPHALT OVER BASE	6" ACP • 6" BASE	MP-3 WITH 18" STUDS [16.5" EMBEDMENT]		
D	ASPHALT ONLY	8"	MP-3 WITH 18" STUDS [16.5" EMBEDMENT]		



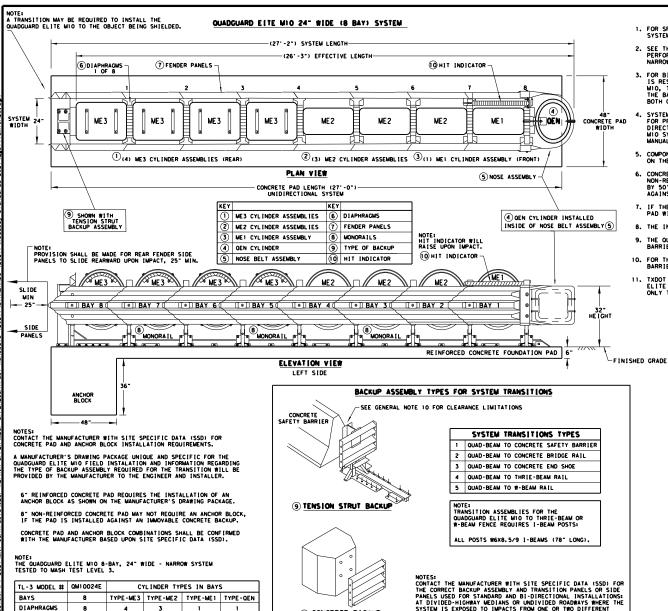
WIDTH

24"

REAR

FRONT

NOSE

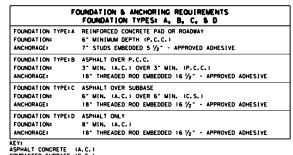


(9) CONCRETE BACKUP

DIRECTIONS OF TRAFFIC FLOW.

GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY ENERGY ABSORPTION INC. AT 1(888) 323-6374.
- 2. SEE THE RECENT QUADQUARD ELITE MID PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL FOR IMPACT PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS AND DESIGN LIMITATIONS AND THE DRAWING PACKAGE FOR THE NARROW 24" SYSTEM BEFORE INSTALLING THE QUADQUARD ELITE MID AT ANY GIVEN LOCATION.
- 3. FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC: THE LOCATION AND OR WIDTH OF THE QUADGUARD ELITE MID IS RESTRICTED. AS BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC APPROACHES THE REAR OF THE QUADGUARD ELITE MID, THE QUADGUARD ELITE MID SHOULD NOT EXTEND FURTHER INTO THE TRAFFIC-SIDE OF THE BARRIER THAN THE OBSTACLE. ANY TRANSITION INSTALLED MUST EITHER BE TANGENT TO BOTH QUADGUARD ELITE MID AND OBSTACLE OR MUST ANGLE TOWARD FIELD SIDE OF THE BARRIER.
- 4. SYSTEM TRANSITION: APPROPRIATE TRANSITION PANELS OR SIDE PANELS WILL BE REQUIRED FOR PROPER IMPACT PERFORMANCE, THE CORRECT PANELS TO USE WILL DEPEND ON THE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW AND WHAT TYPE OF BARRIER OR ROAD FEATURE THE QUADGUARD ELITE MIO SYSTEM IS SHIELDING. SEE THE QUADGUARD ELITE MIO PRODUCT DESCRIPTION & ASSEMBLY MANUAL FOR FURTHER DETAILS.
- COMPONENTS FOR THE QUADGUARD ELITE (MIO) BACKUP AND REINFORCING DETAILS ARE SHOWN ON THE QUADGUARD ELITE MIO PRODUCT DESCRIPTION & ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
- CONCRETE PAD SHALL BE 6" MIN. REINFORCED 28MPg [4,000 PSI] (P.C.) OR 8" MIN. NON-REINFORCED 28MPg [4,000 PSI] CONCRETE ROADWAY MEASURING AT LEAST 12'-0" WIDE 50'-0" LONG. ANCHOR BLOCK IS NOT REQUIRED WHEN USING 8" CONCRETE PAD INSTALLED AGAINST AN IMMOVABLE STRUCTURE. E.G. CONCRETE WALL.
- 7. IF THE CROSS-SLOPE VARIES MORE THAN 2% OVER THE LENGTH OF THE SYSTEM, THE CONCRETE PAD WILL REQUIRE LEVELING, MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS-SLOPE IS 8%.
- 8. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE OF CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 9. THE QUADGUARD ELITE MIO SYSTEM SHOULD BE INSTALLED APPROXIMATELY PARALLEL WITH THE
- 10. FOR THE TENSION STRUT BACKUP THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE BACK OF BACKUP AND THE BARRIER WALL SHOULD NOT EXCEED 7" IN ANY CASE.
- 11. TXDOT HAS ONLY APPROVED THE 24" WIDE QUADGUARD ELITE MIO SYSTEM, THE QUADGUARD ELITE MIO PRODUCT DESCRIPTION AND ASSEMBLY MANUAL INCLUDES SYSTEM WIDTH OF 24". ONLY THE 24" SYSTEM IS ALLOWED TO BE INSTALLED ON TEXAS ROADWAYS.



COMPACTED SUBBASE (C.S.)
PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (P.C.C.)

NOTE: SEE TRINITY'S PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL FOR THE APPROVED ADHESIVE.

IF THE UNIT IS ANCHORED TO ASPHALTIC CONCRETE, IT SHOULD BE RELOCATED TO FRESH, UNDISTURBED ASPHALT AND RE-ANCHORED AFTER EACH IMPACT TO ENSURE ADEQUATE FUTURE PERFORMANCE.

TENSION STRUT BACKUP MAY BE USED IN CONSTRUCTION ZONES ON ASPHALT CONCRETE (A.C.) FOR TEMPORARY USE ONLY.

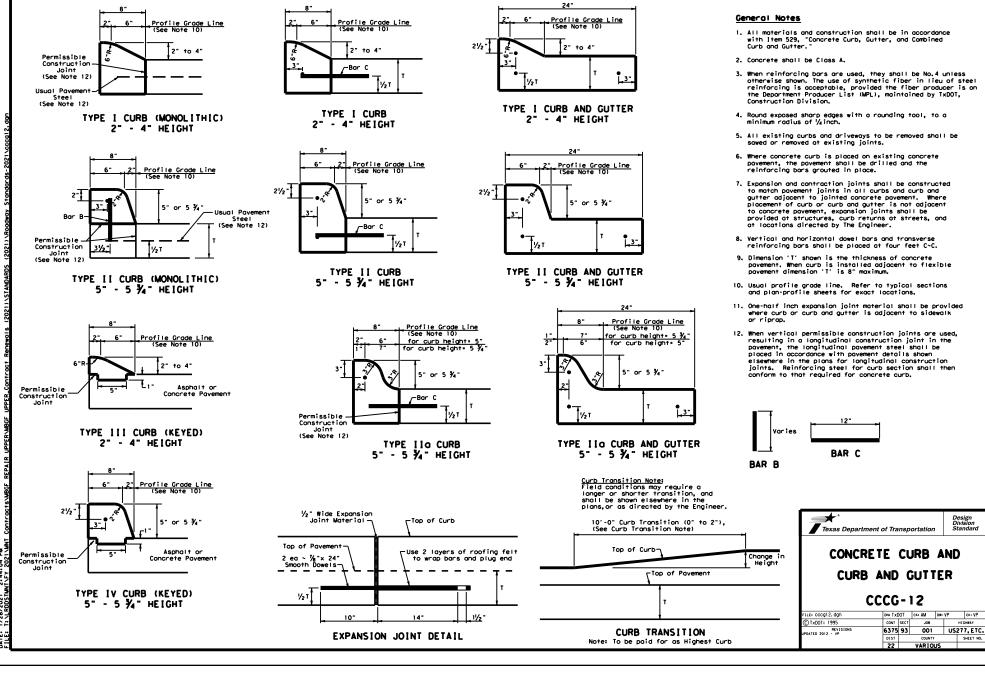


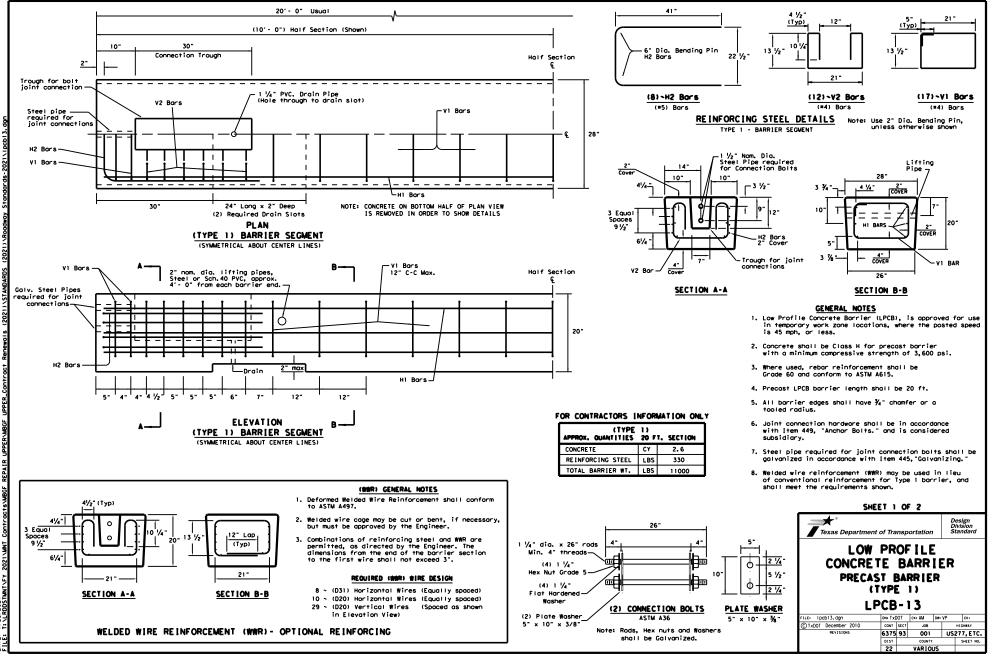
OGELITE (M10) (N) -20

ILE: qgelitem10n20.dgn	DN: Tx(TOO	CK: KM	DW:	۷P	CK: AG
CTxDOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	11CHWAY
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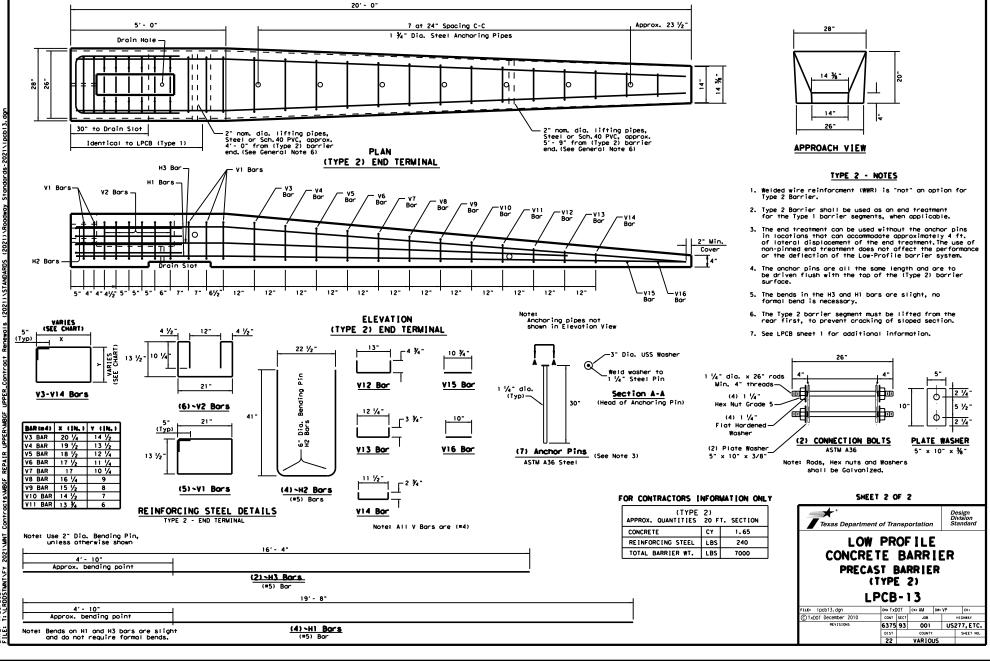
THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE QUADGUARD ELITE MIO SYSTEM AND IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL

LOW MAINTENANCE





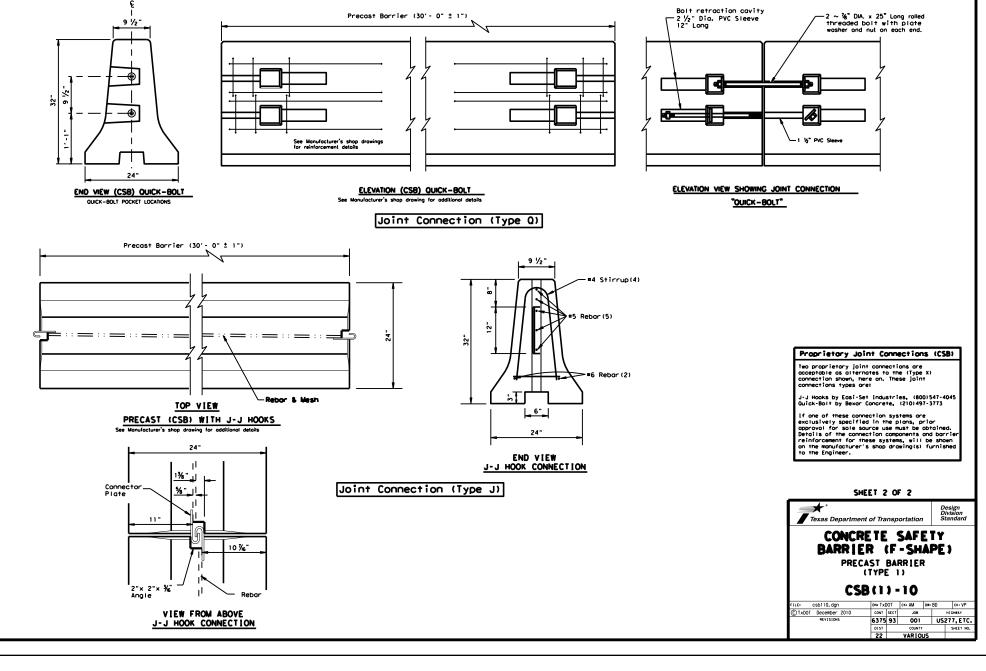
1xDOI for any purpose whatsoever damages resulting from its use. δâ ony kind is mode incorrect results Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of of this standard to other formats or for i the Texas I DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by IXDOI assumes no responsibility for the

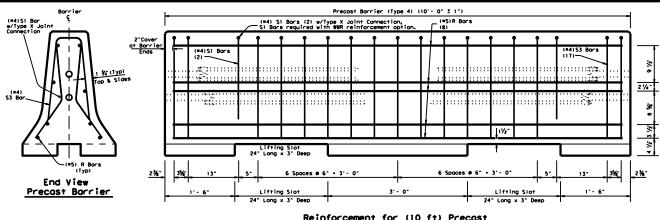


DIST 22

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SHEET NO.



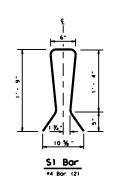


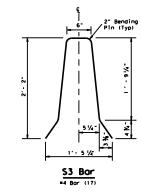
Reinforcement for (10 ft) Precast Concrete Safety Barrier (Type 4)

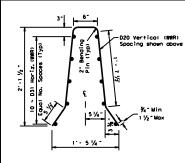
Schedule of reinforcement for each 10 foot precast section.

BAR	SIZE	QUANT TY
\$ 1	=4	2
R3	=4	17
R	= 5	8

Two SI Bars are required with the use of WMR reinforcement option.
The SI Bars may need a slight
modification to fit within the
WWR cage, as directed by the Engineer.



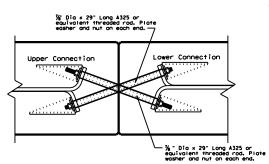




Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) Option for Bars R and S3

(WWR) General Notes

- Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) shall conform to ASTM A497.
- Welded wire cage may be cut or bent to accommodate the Type X joint connection and drainage slots, as directed by the Engineer.
- 3. All reinforcement shall comply with Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel."
- 4. Combinations of reinforcing steel and WWR will be permitted, as directed by the Engineer. The dimension from the end of the barrier section to the first wire shall not exceed 3".

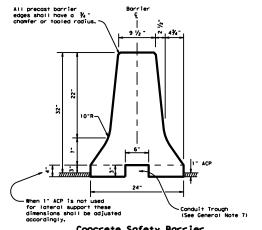


Top view showing Joint Connection Type X

Joint Type X Connection Required with (10 foot) barrier length, See CSB(1), sheet 1 of 2 for Joint Type X details.

Approxim	ote Per	L.F.	Ouantities
			Precast
Concrete	CY.		0.108
Rebor	LB.		14.8

For Contractor's information only Weight of one Precast 10 ft. unit = Approx. 2 Tons



Concrete Safety Barrier

General Notes

- 1. The 10 foot barrier is intended for maintenance applications of short duration periods. The 10 foot barrier is limited to use in temporary work zone conditions not to exceed 2 calendar months, unless approved in writing by the TxDOT engineer, noting the duration and location of the barrier placement in the written approval.
- 2. 30 ft. (Type 1) barrier and 10 ft. (Type 4) barrier sections shall not be mixed in a single run of
- 3. Barrier lengths other than 10 ft. for (Type 4) barrier are not allowed.
- 4. Concrete shall be Class H, with a minimum compressive strength of 3,600 psi.
- Where used, rebar reinforcement shall be Grade 60 and conform to ASTM A615.
- 6. Only the Type X joint connection system is to be used with Type 4 barrier and is considered subsidiary. See CSB(1), Sheet 1 of 2 , for (Type X) connection
- Conduit trough may be omitted, as shown elsewhere or as directed by the Engineer.

USAGE OF THE 10 FT (TYPE 4) CSB BARRIER REQUIRES A MINIMUM OF 100 LINEAR FEET.

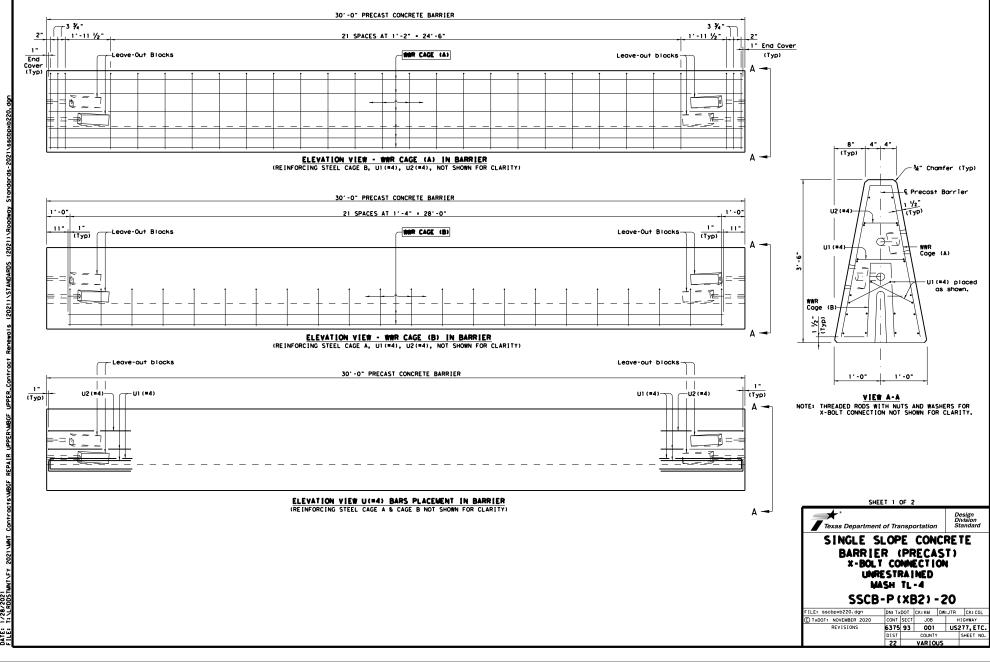
SHORTER LENGTHS THAN THESE SHOULD BE DISCUSSED WITH THE DESIGN DIVISION.

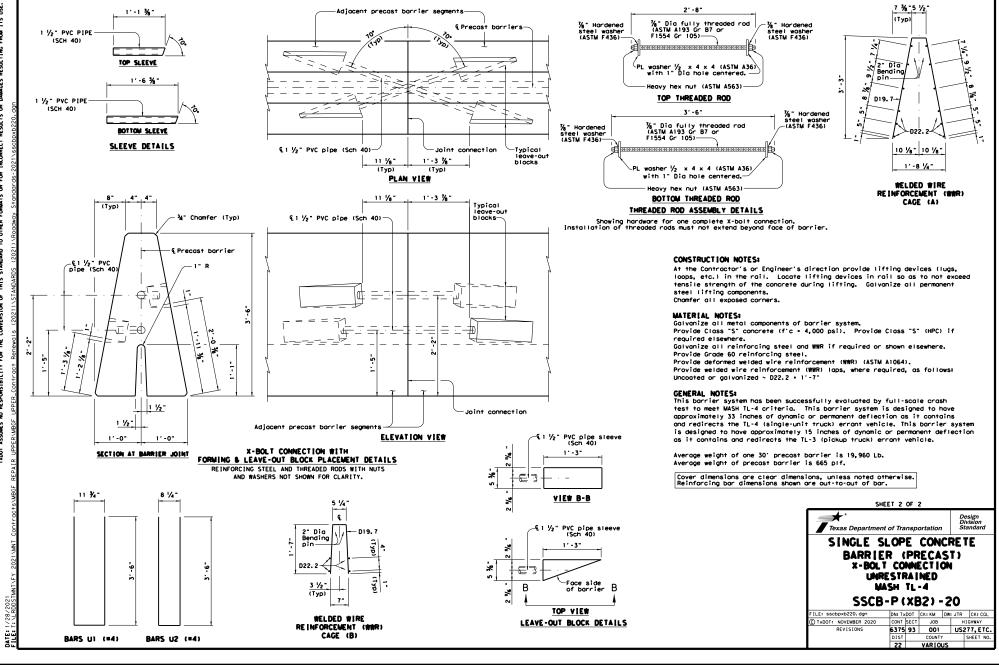


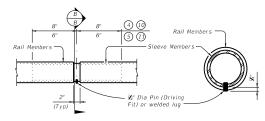
BARRIER (F-SHAPE) PRECAST BARRIER (TYPE 4)
(10 FOOT, BARRIER SEGMENT)

CSB(8)-10

FILE: csb810.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	CK: AM	D#: BD		CK:
© TxDOT December 2010	CONT	SECT JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	6375	93 001		U	US277, ETC.	
	DIST	IST COUNTY		s	HEET NO.	
	22		VARIO	JS		



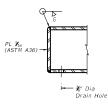




AT SPLICES OR EXP JTS

SECTION B-B

PIPE SPLICE DETAIL



RAIL CAP DETAIL

bolt or threaded rod (ASTM A307 Gr A) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) placed under each hex nut (ASTM A563). One additional hex nut must be furnished and tack welded for each threaded rod. Tack

CAST-IN-PLACE & FORMED HOLE ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

4 HSS 3.500 x 0.216 (Rail Member)

(5) HSS 2.375 x 0.154 (Rail Member)

10 HSS 2.875 x 0.203 (Sleeve Member)

① HSS 1.900 x 0.145 (Sleeve Member)

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Panel lengths of railing must be attached to a minimum of three posts except at abutment wingwalls.

At the Contractor's option anchor holts may be an adhesive anchorage system. See "Material Notes".

System. See "material worse in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

Face of rail and posts must be vertical transversely unless otherwise approved. Posts must be perpendicular to adjacent roadway grade. Use Type VIII epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than Vie" exist.

For curved railing applications, fabricate the HSS rail to the radius when the radius is 600 or less. Submit shop drawings for approval when tubes are required to be fabricated to a radius. Shop drawings must be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

Round or chamfer all exposed edges of steel components Y_{16} " by

grinding prior to galvanizing.

MATERIAL NOTES: Provide ASTM A500 Gr B, A1085 or A53 Gr B for all HSS. Galvanize all metal components of steel rail system. Apply additional coatings when shown elsewhere on the plans. When plans require paint coatings with shown elsewhere on the pians, when pians require paint over galvanizing, follow the requirements for painting galvanized steel in Item 445, "Galvanizing" and when field painting, Item 446, "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel". Sleeve members and anchor bolts must receive galvanization prior to installation and only field paint after installation unless directed otherwise by Engineer.

Anchor bolts must be 🕷 Dia ASTM A307 Gr A with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) placed under each hex nut or ASTM A307 Gr A threaded rods with one tack welded hex nut each and with one hex nut with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) each. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563

Optional adhesive anchorage system must be %" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A fully threaded rods with one hex nut and one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436, Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rods into slab, wingwalls, or culvert curbs using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F, anchor adhesive. Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension, Ma, of a single anchor of 10 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing".

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.

Mail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.
For all rails, submit erection drawings showing section lengths,

splice locations, rail post spacing and anchor bolt setting for approval.

Average weight of railing is 30 plf.

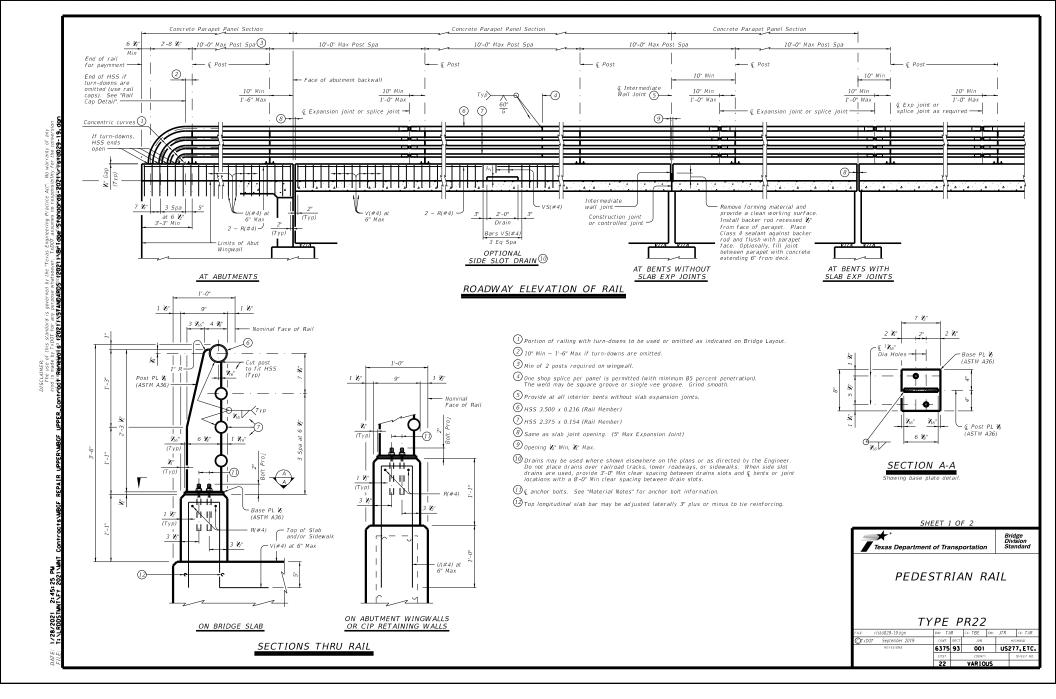
SHEET 2 OF 2

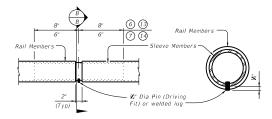


PEDESTRIAN RAIL

TYPE PR11

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©FxD0T September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6375	93	001		US	277, ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	22		VARIO	US		

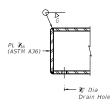




AT SPLICES OR EXP JTS

SECTION B-B

PIPE SPLICE DETAIL

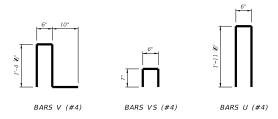


6 HSS 3.500 x 0.216 (Rail Member) 7 HSS 2.375 x 0.154 (Rail Member)

13 HSS 2.875 x 0.203 (Sleeve Member)

13 HSS 1.900 x 0.145 (Sleeve Member)

RAIL CAP DETAIL



€ %" Dia hex head anchor bolt or threaded rod (ATSM A307 Gr A) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) placed under each hex nut (ASTM A563). One additional hex nut must be furnished and tack welded for each threaded rod. Tack

CAST-IN-PLACE ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

This rail may be slip-formed if approved by the Engineer when epoxy adhesive anchor bolts are used.

Slip-forming parapet is not allowed if anchor bolts are cast with parapet wall. If rail is slip-formed, apply an heavy epoxy bead 1" behind toe of traffic side

of rail to concrete deck just prior to slip forming. Provide a $rac{H}{N}$ width x $rac{H}{N}$ tall heavy epoxy bead with Type III, Class C or a Type V epoxy.

At the Contractor's option anchor bolts may be cast with the parapet. See "Material Notes".

Panel lengths of railing must be attached to a minimum of three posts except on abutment wingwalls.

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

Face of rail, posts and parapet must be vertical transversely unless otherwise approved. Rail posts must be perpendicular to top of adjacent concrete parapet grade. Use Type VIII epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than Via" exist.

For curved railing applications, fabricate the HSS rail to the radius when the radius is 600° or less. Submit shop drawings for approval when tubes are required to be fabricated to a radius. Shop drawings must be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

Round or chamfer all exposed edges of steel components V₆" by grinding prior to galvanizing.

Chamfer all exposed concrete corners.

MATERIAL NOTES: Provide ASTM A500 Gr B, A1085 or A53 Gr B for all HSS. Galvanize all metal components of steel rail system. Apply additional coatings when shown elsewhere on the plans. When plans require paint over galvanizing, follow the requirements for painting galvanized steel in Item 445, "Galvanizing" and when field painting, Item 446, "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel". Sleeve members and anchor bolts must receive galvanization prior to installation and only field paint after installation unless directed otherwise by Engineer.

Anchor bolts must be %" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A fully threaded rods with one hex nut and one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436). Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rods into parapet using a ASI'M ABO' requirements. Eliment for the properties of the propert manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing".

Optional cast-in-place anchor bolts must be &" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) placed under each hex nut or ASTM A307 Gr A threaded rods with one tack welded hex nut each and with one hex nut with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) each. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere. Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing if slab bars are epoxy coated or

galvanized.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and

spacing may be substituted for Bars U, and V unless noted otherwise. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-7"

Epoxy coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

For all rails, submit erection drawings showing section lengths, splice locations, rail post spacing and anchor bolt setting for approval. Average weight of railing: 146 plf ~ total 122 plf ~ Conc (with no Overlay)

24 plf ~ Steel

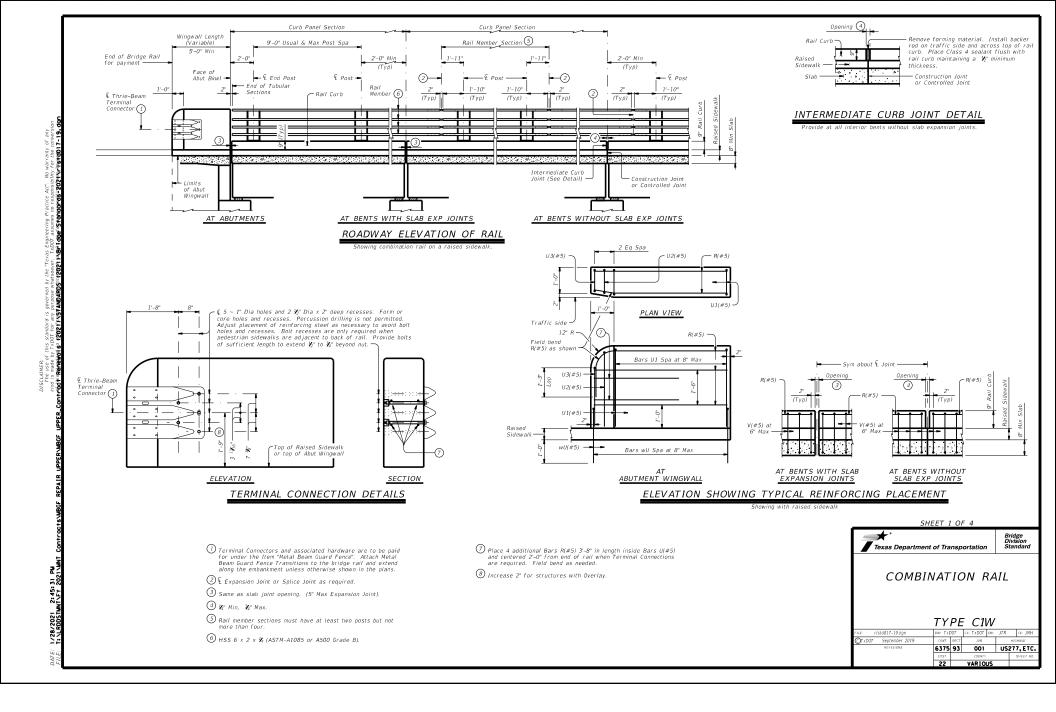
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

SHEET 2 OF 2 Texas Department of Transportation

PEDESTRIAN RAIL

TYPE PR22

FILE: ristd029-19.dgn	DN: TA	IR	ck: TBE	DW:	JTR	ck: TAR
○TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	108		н	/GHWAY
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	22		VARIO	US		



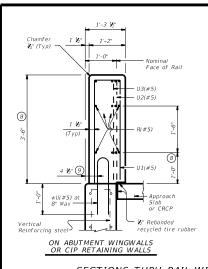
Chamfer

¾" (Typ)

13

wU(#5) at

ON ABUTMENT WINGWALLS OR CIP RETAINING WALLS



1'-3 1/2"

Nominal Face of Rail

Approach

recycled tire rubber

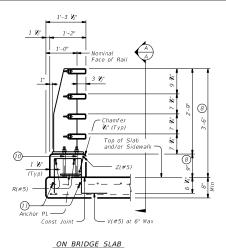
Slab or CRCP

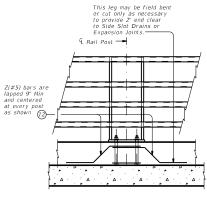
V" Rebonded

U3(#5)

· U2(#5)

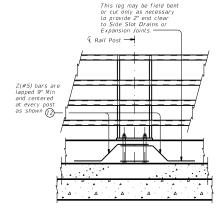
1 %"





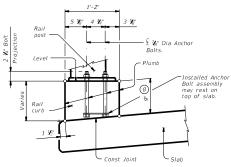
VIEW A-A

Showing without raised sidewalk.

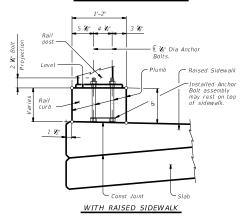


VIEW B-B

Bars V and R omitted for clarity



WITHOUT RAISED SIDEWALK



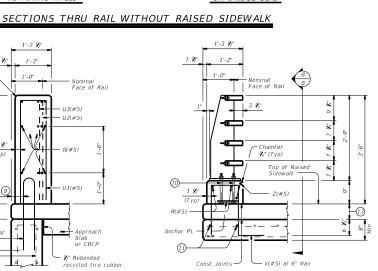
RAIL CURB FORMING DETAIL

Reinforcing steel and rail curb chamfers not shown for clarity.

SECTIONS THRU RAIL WITH RAISED SIDEWALK

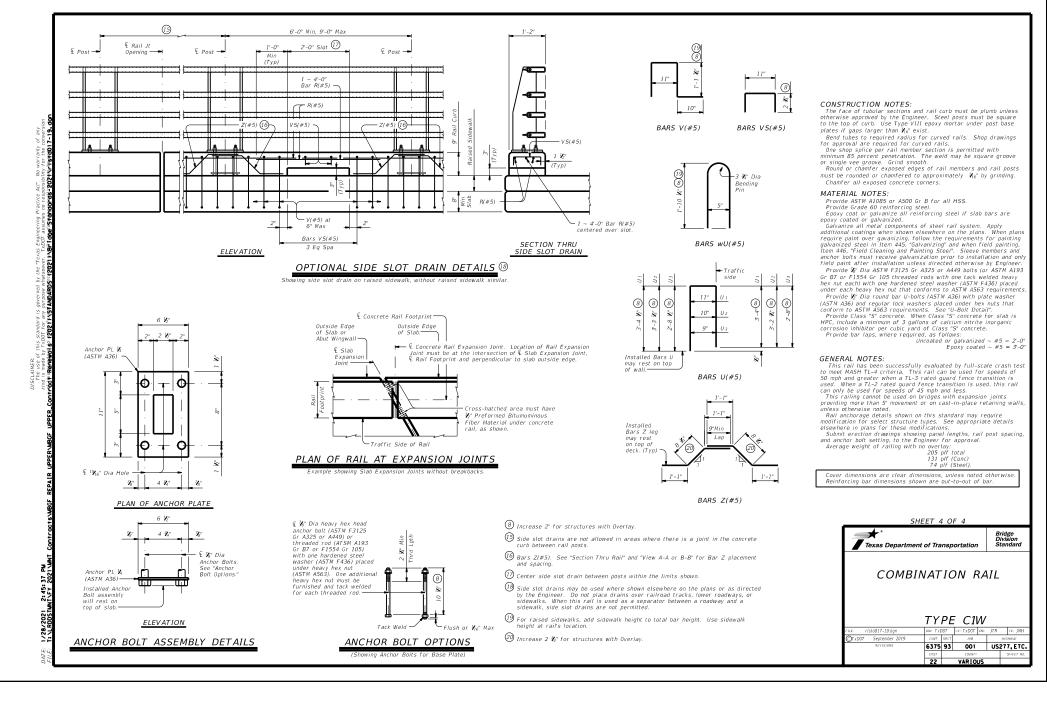
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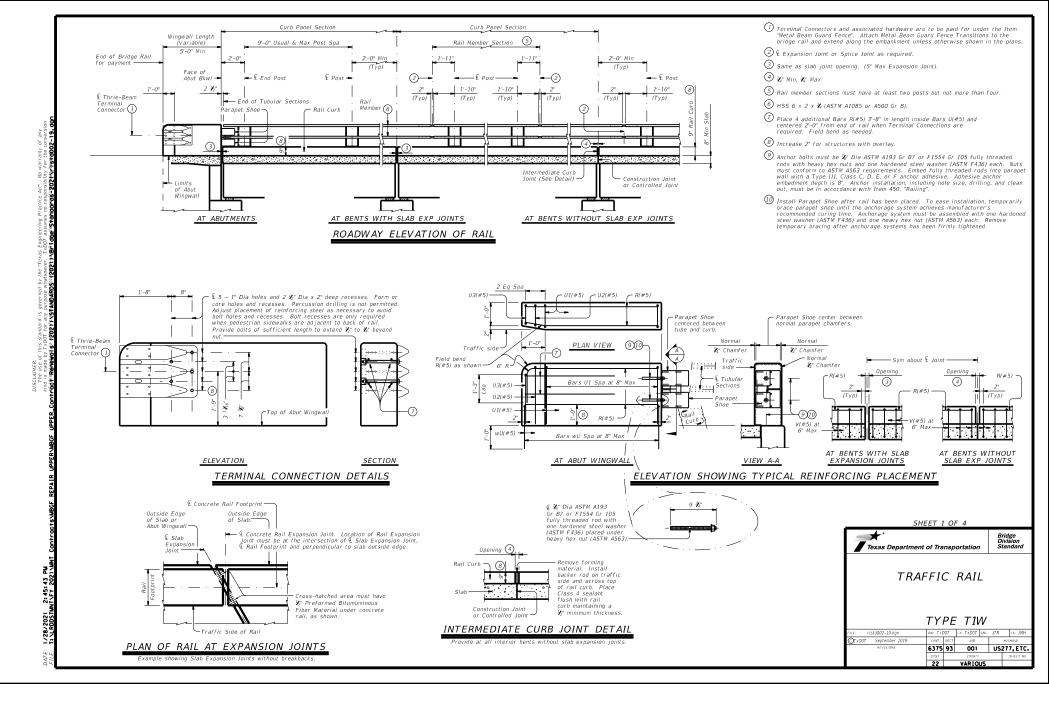


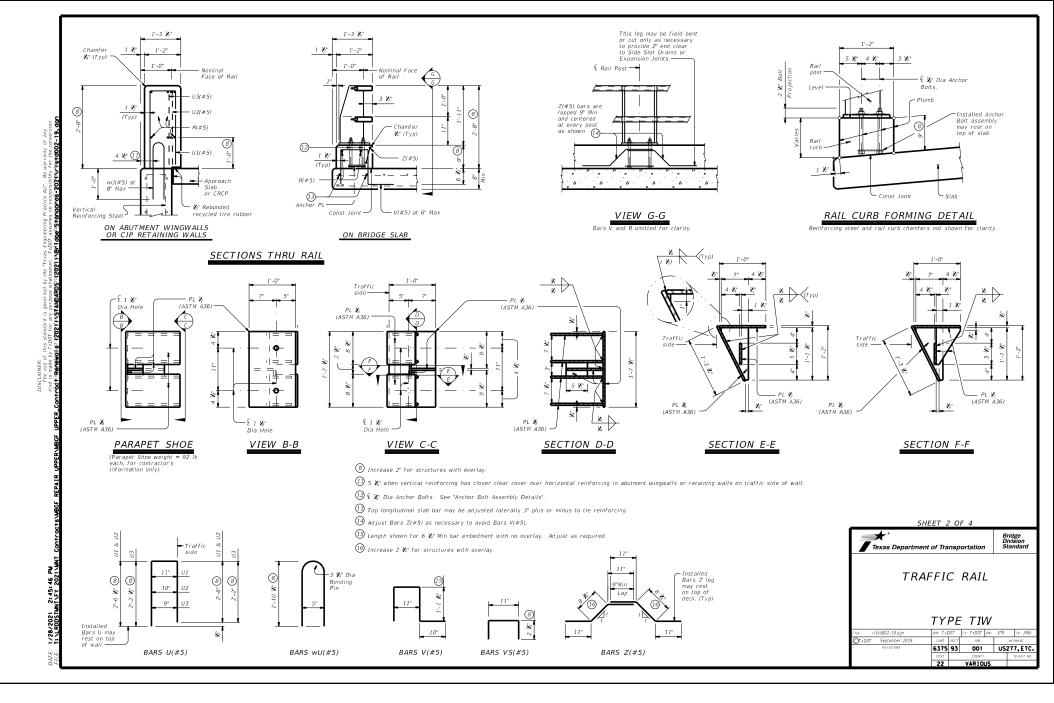


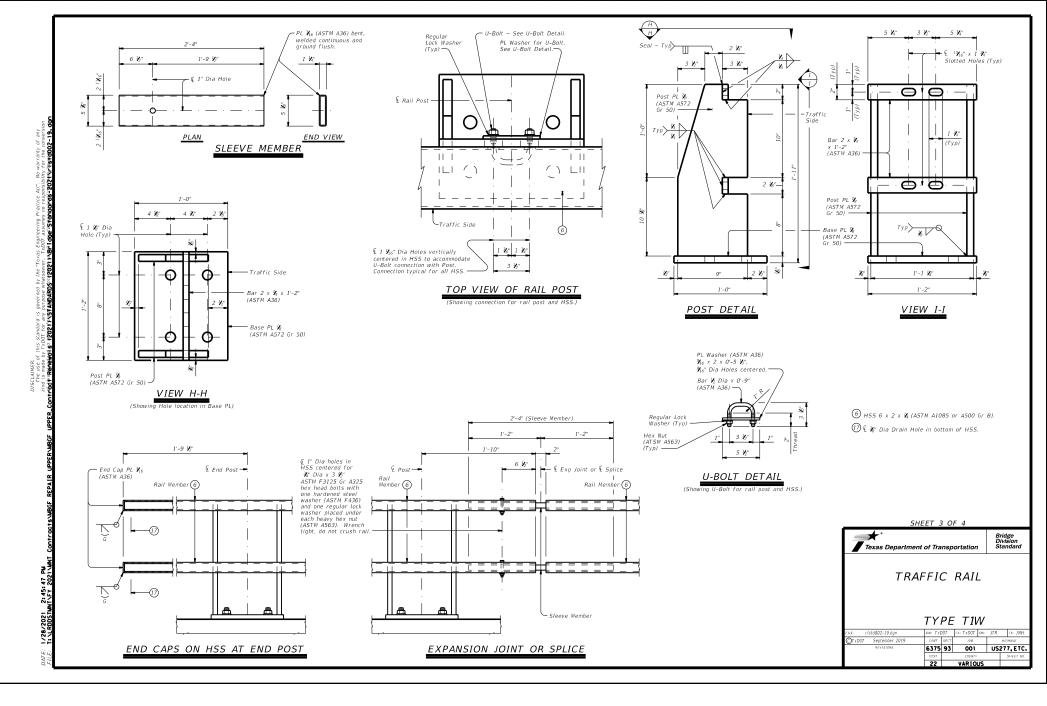


- 8 Increase 2" for structures with Overlay.
- horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls or retaining walls on traffic side of wall.
- 10 4 %" Dia Anchor Bolts. See "Anchor Bolt Assembly Details".
- 1 Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcing.
- (2) Adjust Bars Z(#5) as necessary to avoid Bars V(#5).
- 13 Raised Sidewalk

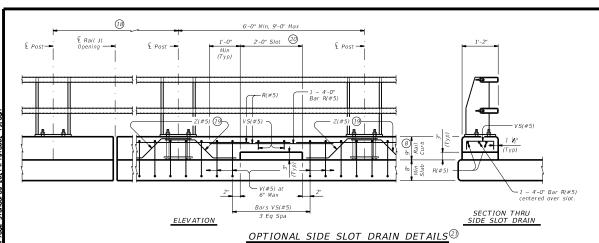


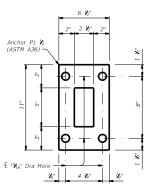












8 Increase 2" for structures with Overlay.

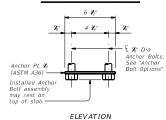
18 Side slot drains are not allowed in areas where there is a joint in the concrete

9 Bars Z(#5). See "Section Thru Rail" and "View G-G" for Bar Z placement and spacing.

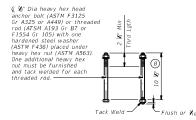
@ Center side slot drain between posts within the limits shown.

② Side slot drains may be used where shown elsewhere on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Do not place drains over railroad tracks, lower roadways, or sidewalks. When this rail is used as a separator between a roadway and a sidewalk, side slot drains are not permitted.

PLAN OF ANCHOR PLATE



ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY DETAILS



ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

(Showing Anchor Bolts for Base Plate)

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

The face of tubular sections and rail curb must be plumb unless otherwise approved. Steel posts must be square to the top of curb. Use Type VIII epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than 1/16" exist. Bend tubes to required radius for curved rails. Shop drawings for

approval are required for curved rails.

One shop splice per rail member section is permitted with minimum 85

percent penetration. The weld may be square groove or single vee groove. Grind smooth. Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail members and rail posts to

approximately V₁₆" by grinding.

Chamfer all exposed concrete corners.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide ASTM A1085 or A500 Gr B for all HSS. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized.

Galvanize all metal components of steel rail system. Apply additional coatings when shown elsewhere on the plans. When plans require paint coatings when shown eisewhere on the plans. When plans require paint over gavanizing, follow the requirements for painting galvanized steel in Item 445, "Galvanizing" and when field painting, Item 446, "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel". Sleeve members and anchor bolts must receive galvanization prior to installation and only field paint after installation. unless directed otherwise by Engineer.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be 1/8" Dia ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

requirements.
Provide X: Dia x 3 X: hex head bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr A325) for expansion or splice joints in HSS with one regular washer and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Provide 12" Dia round bar U-bolts (ASTM A36) with plate washer (ASTM A36)

and regular lock washers placed under hes but with place washer (ASIM and regular lock washers placed under hes nuts that conform to ASTM AS63 requirements. See "U-Bolt Detail".

Provide Class "S" concrete. When Class "S" concrete for slab is HPC, include a minimum of 3 gallons of calcium nitrite inorganic corrosion inhibitor per cubic yard of Class" "S" concrete.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0" Epoxy coated ~ #5 = 3'-0"

GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.
This railing cannot be used on bridges with expansion joints providing

more than 5" movement or on cast-in-place retaining walls, unless otherwise noted.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

Submit erection drawings showing panel lengths, rail post spacing, and anchor bolt setting, to the Engineer for approval.

Average weight of railing with no overlay: 17.3 plf total

131 plf (Conc)

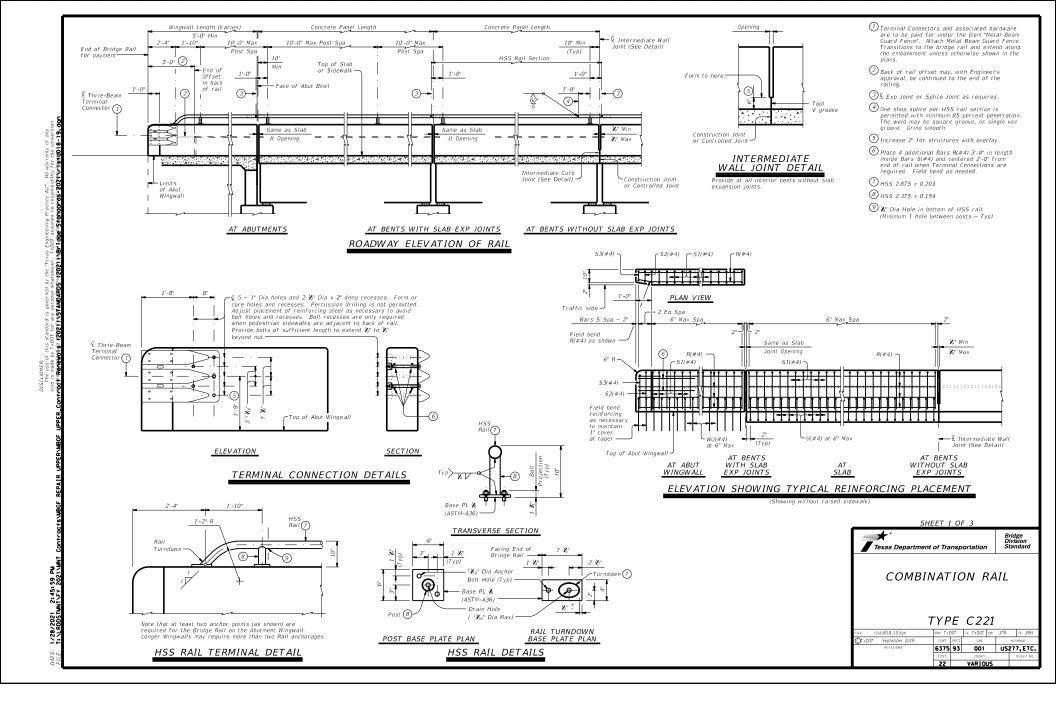
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

SHEET 4 OF 4



TYPE T1W

FILE: rlstd002-19.dgn	on: Txl	70T	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ок: ЈМН
©FxD0T September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			H/GHWAY
REVISIONS	6375	93	001		US2	77, ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	22		VARIO	US		



Chamfer (Typ) —

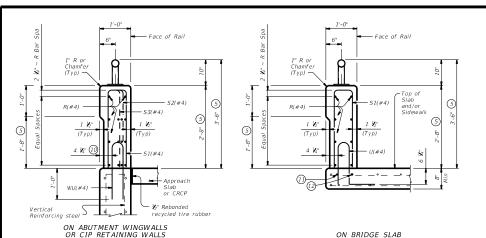
R(#4)

WU(#4)

ON ABUTMENT WINGWALLS

13

vertical Reinforcing steel



SECTIONS THRU RAIL WITHOUT RAISED SIDEWALK

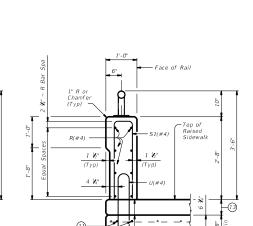
Face of Rail

(Typ)

Annroach

or CRCP

½" Rebonded recycled tire rubber



- Const Joints

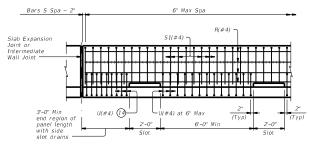
ON BRIDGE SLAB

ON BRIDGE SLAB

SECTIONS THRU RAIL WITH RAISED SIDEWALK

R(#4) Adjust bottom bars R(#4) as required to maintain 2" cover over slots. cut bars S(#4) as required at slots.

SECTION THRU OPTIONAL SIDE SLOT DRAIN



OPTIONAL SIDE SLOT DRAIN DETAIL

Note: Side Slot Drains may be used where shown elsewhere on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Drains should not be placed over railroad tracks, lower roadways, or sidewalks. When this rail is used as a separator between a roadway surface and a sidewalk surface, side drain slots will not be permitted.

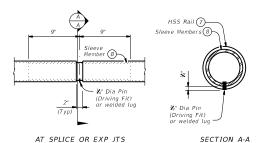
3 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.

 $105~V_4^{\prime\prime}$ when vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls or retaining walls on traffic side of wall.

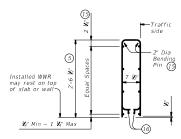
- (i) As an aid in supporting reinforcement, additional longitudinal bars may be used in the slab with the approval of the Engineer. Such bars must be furnished at the Contractors expense.
- Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcing.
- 13 Raised Sidewalk
- (4) Space U(#4) bars at 4" Max when end region of panel length is less than 6-0" to side slot drain. Space U(#4) bars at 6" Max when end region of panel length is 6-0" and greater to side slot drain.



	RAIL DATA FOR HORIZONTAL CURVES							
	RADIUS TO FACE OF RAIL	MAX CHORD LENGTH	CONSTRUCT OR FABRICATE					
	Over 2800'	29'-0"	Straight rail panels					
Rail	Over 1400' thru 2800'	14'-6"	To required radius					
HSS	Over 700' thru 1400'	7'-3"	or to chords shown					
Ĭ	Thru 700'	Zero	To required radius					

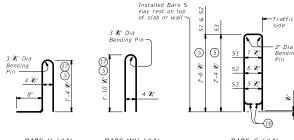


PIPE SPLICE DETAILS

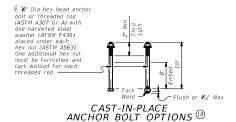


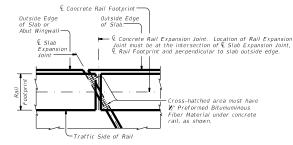
OPTIONAL WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT (WWR)

DESCRIPTION	LONGITUDINAL WIRES	VERTICAL WIRES			
Minimum (Cumulative Total) Wire Area	1.067 Sq In.	0.267 Sq In. per Ft			
	No. of Wires	Spacing			
Minimum	8	4"			
Maximum	10	8"			
Maximum Wire Size Differential	The smaller wire must have an area of 40% or more of the larger wire.				



BARS U (#4) BARS WU (#4) BARS S (#4)





PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS Example showing Slab Expansion Joints without breakbacks.

5 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.

(7) HSS 2.875 x 0.203

8 HSS 2.375 x 0.154

15 No longitudinal wires may be in top center of cage.

16 Bend or cut as required to clear drain slots.

For raised sidewalks, add sidewalk height to total bar height

18 See "Material Notes" for anchor bolt information.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

This railing may be constructed by the slipform process when approved by the Engineer, with equipment approved by the Engineer and when adhesive anchor bolts are used. Slipforming parapet is not allowed if anchor bolts are cast with parapet wall. Provide sensor control for both line and grade. Tack welding to provide bracing for slipform operations is acceptable. Welding may be performed at a minimum spacing of 3 ft between the cage and the anchorage. It is permissible to weld to bars U, WU and S at any location on the cage. If increased bracing is needed, provide additional anchorage devices and weld in the upper two thirds of the cage. Paint welded areas on epoxy coated and/or galvanized reinforcing with an organic zinc rich paint in accordance with Item 445 "Galvanizing".

If rail is slipformed, apply an heavy epoxy bead 1" behind toe of traffic side of rail to concrete deck just prior to slip forming. Provide a 🐉 width x 🚜 tall heavy epoxy bead with Type III, Class C or a Type V epoxy.

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

At the Contractor's option anchor bolts may be cast with the parapet. See "Material Notes".

Face of rail, parapet must be plumb unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. HSS rail posts must be square to the top of parapet. Use epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger

Round or chamfer exposed edges of HSS rail and HSS rail posts to approximately $V_{16}{}^{\prime\prime}$ by

HSS rail sections must not include less than two posts, and no more than four (except at

Chamfer all parapet exposed corners.

MATERIAL NOTES:

PRICEIAL NOT Concrete. Povide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere. Provide Crade 60 reinforcing steel. Epoxy cost or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized. Provide ASTM A1085 or A500 Gr B or A53 Gr B for all HSS. Galvanize all metal components of steel rail system. Apply additional coatings when shown elsewhere on the plans. When plans require paint over gavanizing, follow the requirements for ersewhere on the praiss, when plais regular pains over gavanizing, notion are requirements to painting galvanized steel in Item 445, "Galvanizing" and when field painting, Item 446, "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel". Sleeve members and anchor bolts must receive galvanization prior to installation and only field paint after installation unless directed otherwise by Engineer. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be

substituted for Bars U and WU unless noted otherwise. Deformed WWR (ASTM 1064) may be substituted for Bars R and S, as shown. Combinations of reinforcing steel and WWR or configurations of WWR other that shown are permitted if conditions in the table are satisfied. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing bars.

Anchor bolts must be %" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A fully threaded rods with one hex nut and one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) each. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rods into parapet wall with a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 3°. Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 5 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including holé size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450,

Optional cast-in-place anchor bolts must be 3/4" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A bolts (or threaded rods with one tack welded hex nut each) with one hex nut and one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) at each bolt. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been evaluated and accepted to be of equal strength to railings with like geometry, which have been crash tested to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement. Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications

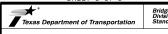
Submit erection drawings showing panel lengths, rail post spacing, and anchor bolt setting to the Engineer for approval.

Average weight of railing with no overlay: 380 plf (total)

370 off (Conc) 10 plf (Steel)

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

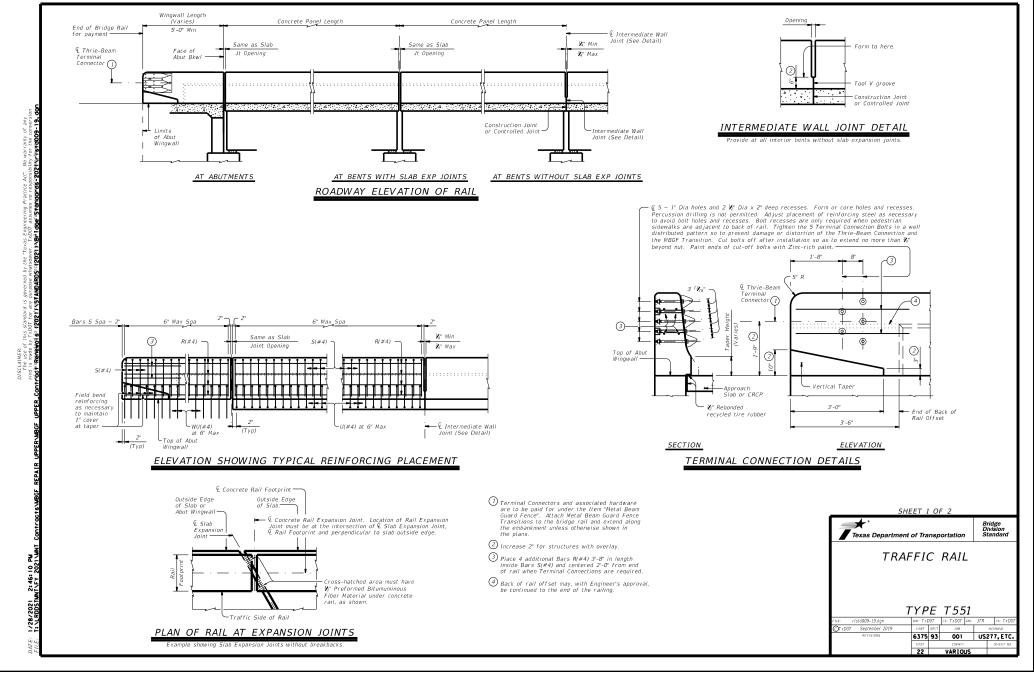
SHEET 3 OF 3



COMBINATION RAIL

TYPE C221

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	22		VARIO	US		

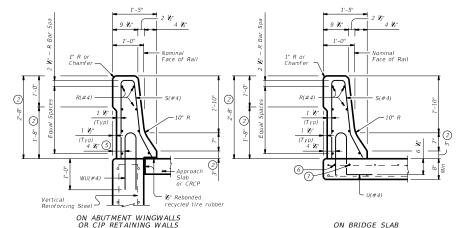




Installed bar may rest on top

of slab or wall

(2)1



BARS U (#4)

2 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.

 \bigcirc 5 V_4 " when vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls or retaining walls on traffic side of wall.

(6) As an aid in supporting reinforcement, additional longitudinal bars may be used in the slab with the approval of the Engineer. Such bars will be furnished at the Contractor's expense.

Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcing.

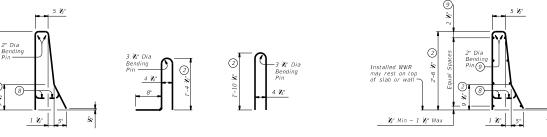
Bend or cut as required to clear drain slots.

No longitudinal wires may be in top center of cage.

10 Space U(#4) bars at 4" Max when end region of panel length is less than 6'-0" to side slot drain. Space U(#4) bars at 6" Max when end region of panel length is 6'-0" and greater to side slot drain.

ON BRIDGE SLAB

SECTIONS THRU RAIL



BARS WU (#4)

R(#4

OPTIONAL WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT (WWR)

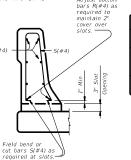
DESCRIPTION	LONGITUDINAL WIRES	VERTICAL WIRES		
Minimum (Cumulative Total) Wire Area	1.067 Sq In.	0.267 Sq In. per Ft		
	No. of Wires	Spacing		
Minimum	8	4"		
Maximum	10	8"		
Maximum Wire Size Differential	The smaller wire must have an area of 40% or more of the larger wire.			

Bars S Spa ~ 2 6" Max Spa (Typ) R(#4) Slab Expansion Joint or Intermediate 3'-0" Min end region of panel length (Typ) with side slot drains

BARS S (#4)

OPTIONAL SIDE SLOT DRAIN DETAIL

Note: Side Slot Drains may be used where shown elsewhere on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. If continuous slots at 8 ft c-c are required, then details as on standard Type T552 should apply. Do not place drains over railroad tracks, lower roadways, or sidewalks. When this rail is used as a separator between a roadway surface and a sidewalk surface, side drain slots will not be permitted.



Adjust bottom

SECTION THRU OPTIONAL SIDE SLOT DRAIN

CONSTRUCTION NOTES: This railing may be constructed by the slipform process when approved by the Engineer, with equipment approved by the Engineer. Provide sensor control for both line and grade. Tack welding to provide bracing for slipform operations is acceptable. Welding may be performed at a minimum spacing of 3 ft between the cage and the anchorage. It is permissible to weld to bars U, WU and S at any location on the cage. If increased bracing is needed, provide additional anchorage devices and weld in the upper two thirds of the cage. Paint welded areas on epoxy coated and/or galvanized reinforcing with an organic zinc rich paint in accordance with Item 445 "Galvanizing".

If rail is slipformed, apply an heavy epoxy bead I" behind toe of traffic side of rail to concrete deck just prior to slip forming. Provide a 🔏 width x 🚜 tall heavy epoxy bead with Type III, Class C or a Type V epoxy.
The back of railing must be vertical unless otherwise shown

on the plans or approved by the Engineer.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized.

are epoxy coated or gaivanzed.
Deformed Weided Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064)
of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U and
WU unless noted otherwise. Deformed WWR (ASTM A1064) may
be substituted for Bars R and S, as shown. Combinations of reinforcing steel and WWR or configurations of WWR other than shown are permitted if conditions in the table are

satisfied. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: $Uncoated or galvanized \sim \#4 = 1'-7"$ $Epoxy coaled \sim \#4 = 2'-5"$

GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been evaluated and accepted to be of equal strength to railings with like geometry, which have been crash tested to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints

providing more than 5" movement.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

Shop drawings will not be required for this raise Average weight of railing with no overlay is 382 plf.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

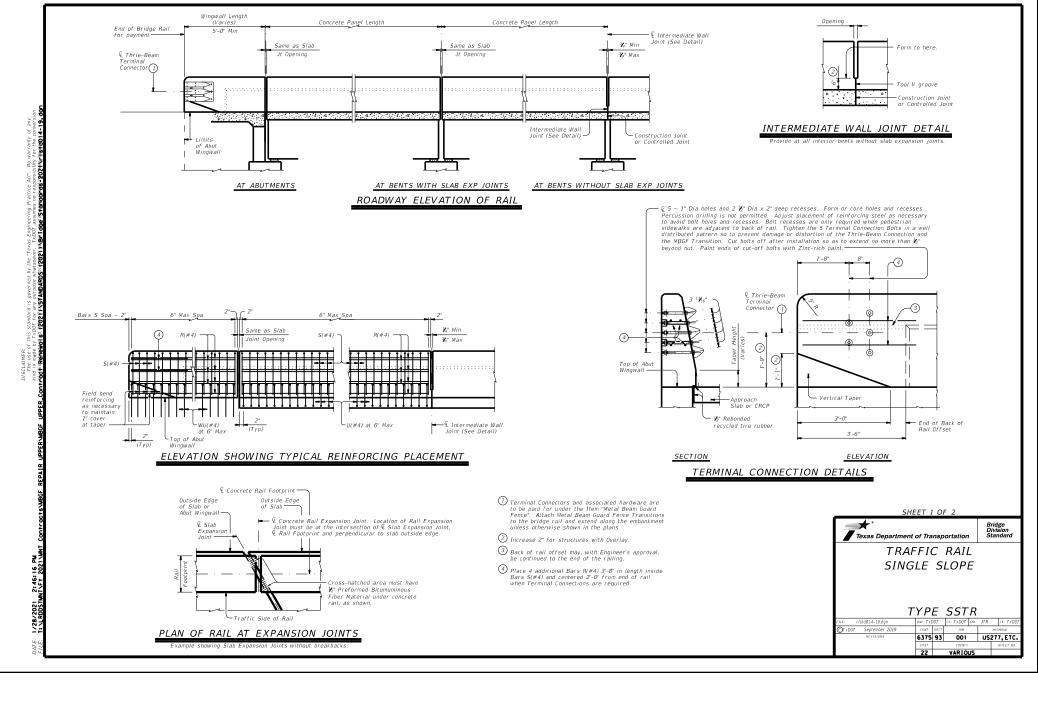
SHEET 2 OF 2

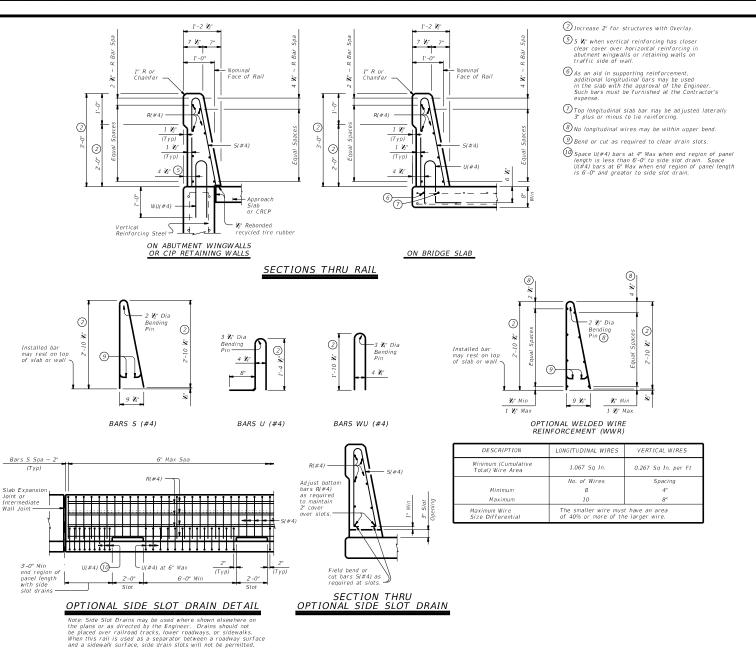


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CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

This railing may be constructed by the slipform process when approved by the Engineer, with equipment approved by the Engineer. Provide sensor control for both line and grade. Tack welding to provide bracing for slipform operations is acceptable. Welding may be performed at a minimum spacing of 3 ft between the cage and the anchorage. It is permissible to weld to bars U, WU and S at any location on the cage. If increased bracing is needed, provide additional anchorage devices and weld in the upper two thirds of the cage. Paint welded areas on epoxy coated and/or galvanized reinforcing with an organic zinc rich paint in accordance with Item 445 "Galvanizing".

If rail is slipformed, apply an heavy epoxy bead 1" behind

toe of traffic side of rail to concrete deck just prior to slip forming. Provide a 🕷 width x 🕊 tall heavy epoxy bead with Type III, Class C or a Type V epoxy.

The back of railing must be vertical unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars
are epoxy coated or galvanized.

Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064)

of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U and WU unless noted otherwise. Deformed WWR (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars R and S, as shown. Combinations of reinforcing steel and WWR or configurations of WWR other than shown are nermitted if conditions in the table are satisfied. Provide the same

laps as required for reinforcing bars. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL NOTES:
This rail has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-4 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for

speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require

modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

Shop drawings will not be required for this rail. Average weight of railing with no overlay is 376 plf

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

SHEET 2 OF 2

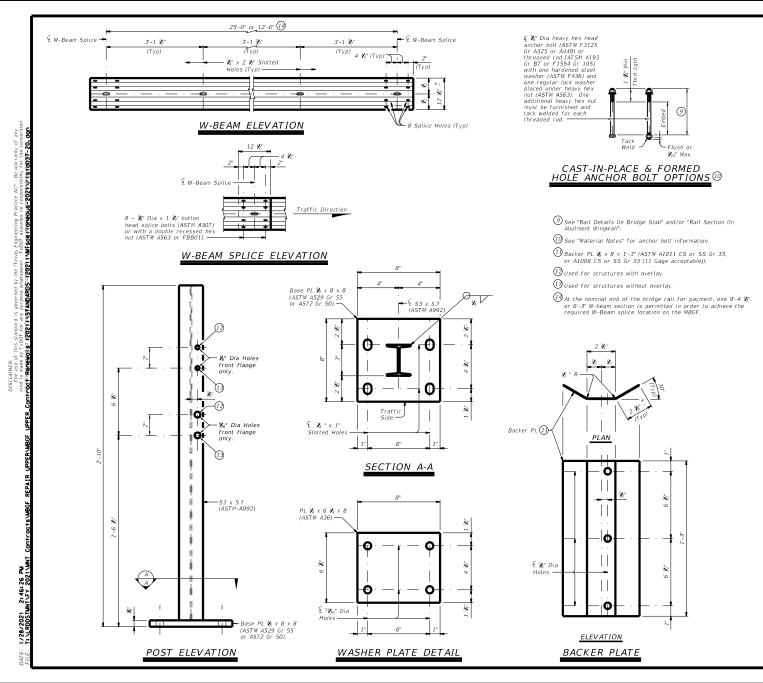
SINGLE SLOPE



TYPE SSTR

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○TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6375	93	001		US2	77, ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	22		VARIO	US		

VARIOU



MBGF AND END TREATMENT NOTES:

This traffic railing must be anchored by metal beam guard fence (MBGF) and/or guard fence end treatments. Determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual, unless otherwise specified. The minimum MBGF length of need required for anchoring the railing is: SGT or DAT plus 12.5 of MBGF, as applicable. Provide CRT posts as shown in "Roadway Elevation of Rail."

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Face of rail post must be plumb unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Post must be perpendicular to adjacent roadway grade. Use epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than 'M'_o' exist.

Fully anchored guardrail must be attached to each end of rail. A metal beam guard fence transition is not used with this rail. At the Contractor's option anchor bolts may be an adhesive anchor system. See "Material Notes".

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests" Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

It is recommended to show a Rail Layout with rail posts and W-beam splices. Fabricator must submit erection drawings to the Engineer for approval.

Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail post and backer plate

Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail post and backer plato approximately \mathbf{V}_{16} by grinding.

Shop drawings are not required for this rail

MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components.

Anchor boils for base plate must be # Dia ASTM F3125 (F A325 or A449 boils for ASTM A193 of R8 or F1554 Gr 105 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

W-beam must meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Gaurd Fence" except as modified in the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 25-0" or 12-6" (Nominal) lengths and a single rail element of 9-4 ½" or 6-3" (Nominal) length. W-Beam must have slotted holes at 3-1 ½".

Some part numbers from the "Task Force 13" Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware have been furnished for quick reference.

GENERAL NOTES:

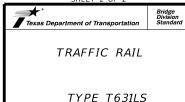
This railing has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-2 criteria. This railing can be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Justices to a significant respective to the contractive of the contrac

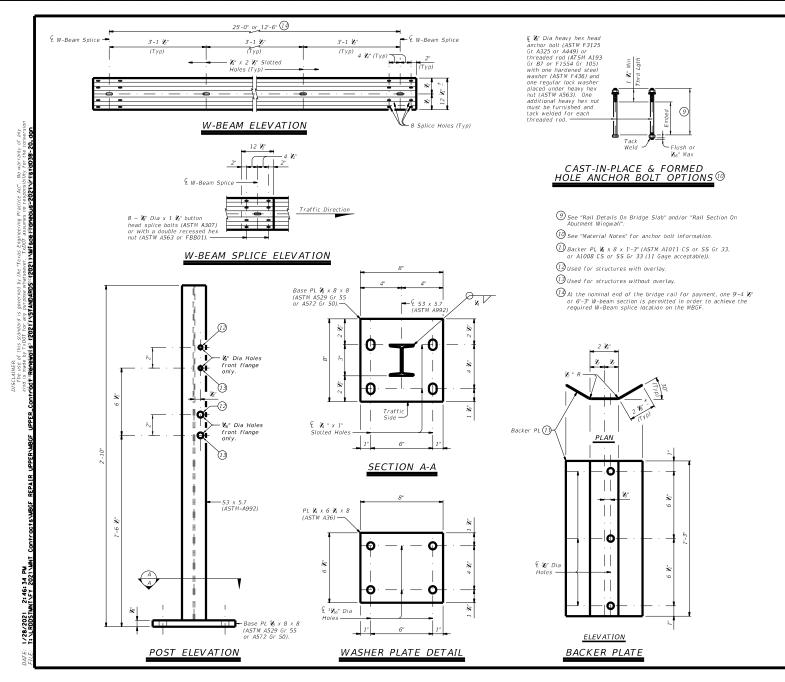
Repairs to impact-damaged post and base plate unit are not permitted. Replace all impact-damaged posts with a new post and base plate unit.

permitted. Replace all impact-damaged posts with a new po and base plate unit. Average weight of railing with no overlay: 13 plf total.

SHEET 2 OF 2



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TXDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		Ь	HIGHWAY	
	6375	93	001		US2	US277, ETC.	
07-20: Allowing 9'-4 by or 6'-3' W-Beam sections.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	22		VARIO				



MBGF AND END TREATMENT NOTES:

This traffic railing must be anchored by metal beam guard fence (MBGF) and guard fence end treatments. Determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual, unless otherwise specified. The minimum MBGF length of need required for anchoring the railing is 25' of MBGF plus the appropriate end treatment.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Face of rail post must be plumb unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Post must be perpendicular to adjacent roadway grade. Use epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than V16" exist.

Fully anchored guardrail must be attached to each end of rail. A metal beam guard fence transition is not used with this rail. At the Contractor's option anchor bolts may be an adhesive anchor system. See "Material Notes".

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests".

Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

It is recommended to show a Rail Layout with rail posts and W-beam splices. Fabricator must submit erection drawings to

Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail post and backer plate to approximately \$16" by grinding.

Shop drawings are not required for this rail.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be ¾" Dia ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Optional adhesive anchorage system must be & Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed steer washer (ASIM P-430) all one regular lock washer praceu under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutmen wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 \mathbb{X}. Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength aurisive choisem must be aurise to achieve a holiman obtaining in tension of a single anchor, Na. of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approva prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing."

W-beam must meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified in the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 25'-0" or 12'-6" (Nominal) lengths and a single rail element of 9'-4 12" or 6'-3" (Nominal) length. W-Beam must have slotted holes at 3'-1 &".

Some part numbers from the "Task Force 13" Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware have been furnished for quick reference.

GENERAL NOTES:
This railing has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This railing can be used

for speeds of 50 mph and greater.
This rail is designed to deflect approximately 4 to 4-6" as it contains and redirects the errant vehicle. This rail may not be installed on top of or behind curbs that project above finished grade, on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement, on retaining walls, or on grade separations and interchanges.

Repairs to impact-damaged post and base plate unit are not permitted. Replace all impact-damaged posts with a new post

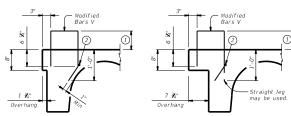
and base plate unit.

Average weight of railing with no overlay: 20 plf total.

SHEET 2 OF 2

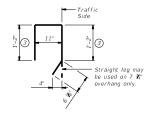


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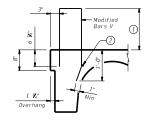


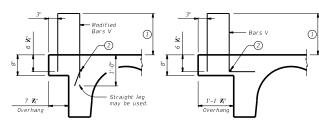
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T1F, T1W, T2P, C1W & C2P RAILS

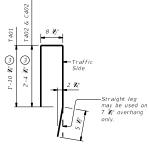


MODIFIED BARS V FOR TIF, TIW, T2P, CIW & C2P RAILS AT 1 ¾" & 7 ¾" OVERHANGS ④

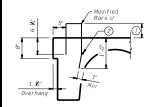


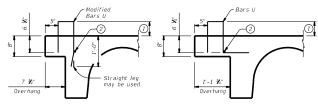


T401, T402 & C402 RAILS



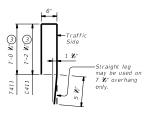
MODIFIED BARS V FOR T401, T402 & C402 RAILS AT 1 1/4" & 7 1/4" OVERHANGS (4)





T411 & C411 RAILS

TYPICAL ANCHORAGE PLACEMENT



MODIFIED BARS U FOR T411 & C411 RAILS AT 1 ¾" & 7 ¾" OVERHANGS ④

 $\widehat{\mathbb{O}}$ See Rail standard for projection from finished grade or top of sidewalk

2) Place additional #4 longitudinal bar. Bar embedded in slab must be provided by the contractor, included as part of railing reinforcement. Bar shown is required to control alignment of rail anchorage steel. Bar shown may be placed outside of slab at the contractor's option and removed after slab has

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \mathfrak{Z} Length shown for 6 $\mathcal{U}_{\!\!\!4}''$ Min bar embedment with no overlay or raised sidewalk. Adjust as required. \\ \end{tabular}$

(4) See Rail standard for Bar size.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Rail anchorage bars may be field bent as required to clear rail reinforcing or to provide minimum cover shown on standard rail detail sheets.

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing.

Cast-in-place anchor system for T631LS and T631 Rail must be **%** Dia Cast-in-place anchor system for T631LS and T631 Rail must be **%** Dia String F312S Gr A32S or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 Abreaded rods with one tardened steel than the system of th washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Adhesive anchors for T631LS and T631 Rail must be ¾" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 of 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM ASG requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 %". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer. published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." Epoxy coat or galvanize reinforcing steel shown on this standard if rail

reinforcement is epoxy coated or galvanized.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. The rail anchorage details shown on this standard are only applicable for 8" deep overhangs with the following overhang widths: 1 %", 7 %" and 1'-1 %".

This standard only applies to rails at the outside edge of the bridge, and not in

conditions where interior rails and median barriers are used. This standard does not support the use of Type T66, T224, T80HT, T8055, C412, C66, PR11, PR22 and PR3 Rail on C6 Span bridges.

See Rail standard sheets for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.



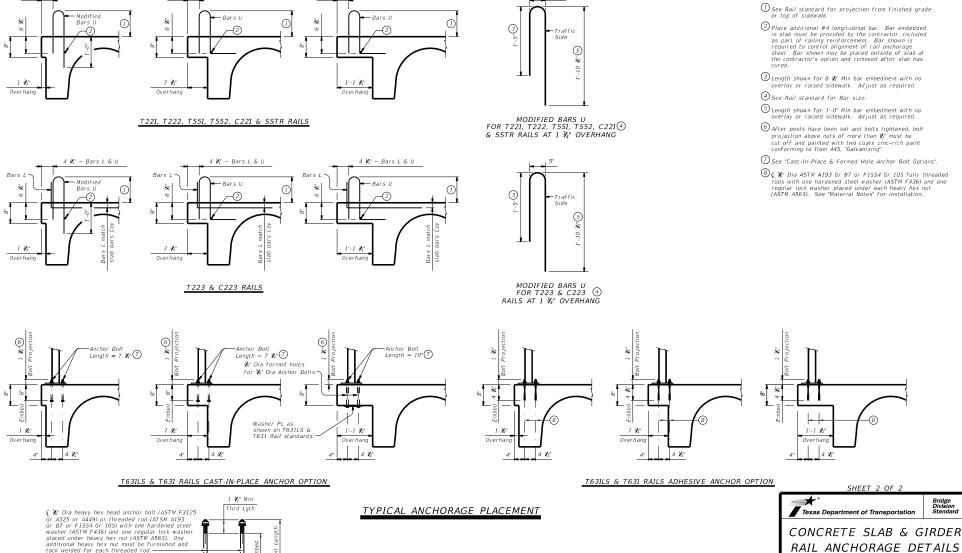


RAIL ANCHORAGE DETAILS

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07-14: Removed T101 & T6. Added T631: 03-16: T224 in general notes.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
03-18; Adhesive anchorage option for 7631.	22		VARIO	US			





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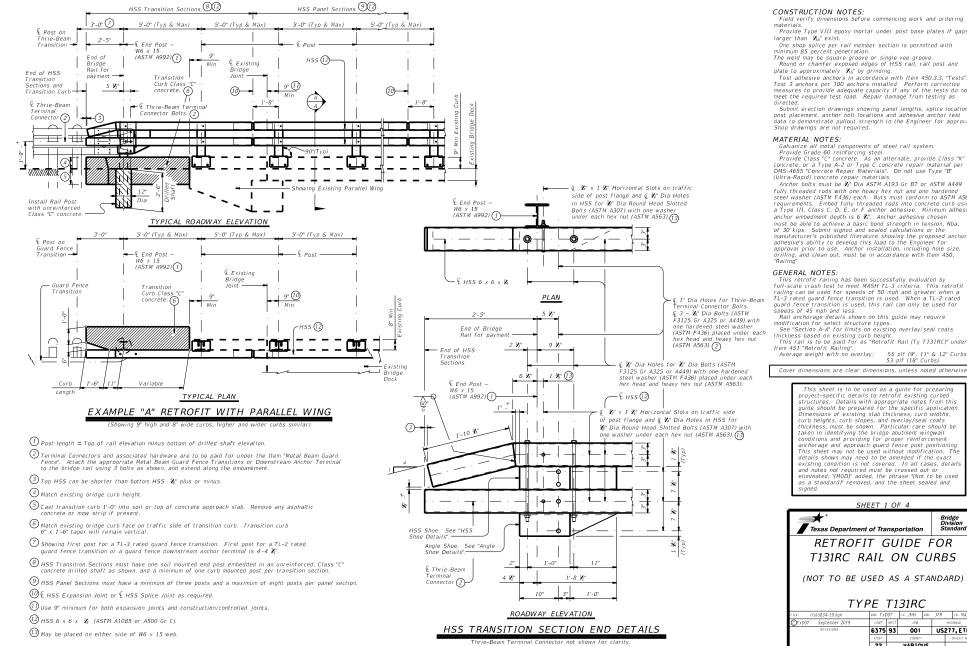
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Flush or

Weld

CAST-IN-PLACE & FORMED HOLE ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

Applies to T631LS and T631 traffic rails.



Field verify dimensions before commencing work and ordering

Provide Type VIII epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps

One shop splice per rail member section is permitted with

Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as

Submit erection drawings showing panel lengths, splice locations post placement, anchor bolt locations and adhesive anchor test data to demonstrate pullout strength to the Engineer for approva. Shop drawings are not required.

DMS-4655 "Concrete Repair Materials". Do not use Type "B" (Ultra-Rapid) concrete repair materials.

fully threaded rods with one heavy hex nut and one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) each. Nuts must conform to ASTM A56 requirements. Embed fully threaded rods into concrete curb usin a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesiv anchor embedment depth is 6 %. Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 30 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450,

This retrofit railing has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This retrofit railing can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for

modification for select structure types. See "Section A-A" for limits on existing overlay/seal coats

thickness based on existing curb height. This rail is to be paid for as "Retrofit Rail (Ty T131RC)" under Item 451 "Retrofit Railing".

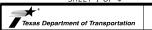
55 plf (9", 11" & 12" Curbs)

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

53 plf (18" Curbs)

This sheet is to be used as a guide for preparing project-specific details to retrofit existing curbed structures. Details with appropriate notes from this guide should be prepared for the specific application guide shourd be prepared for the specific application Dimensions of existing slab thickness, curb widths, curb heights, curb slopes, and overlay/seal coats thickness, must be shown. Particular care should be taken in identifying the bridge abutment wingwall conditions and providing for proper reinforcement anchorage and approach guard fence post positioning. This sheet may not be used without modification. The details shown may need to be amended if the exact existing condition is not covered. In all cases, details and notes not required must be crossed out or eliminated, "(MOD)" added, the phrase "(Not to be used as a standard)" removed, and the sheet sealed and

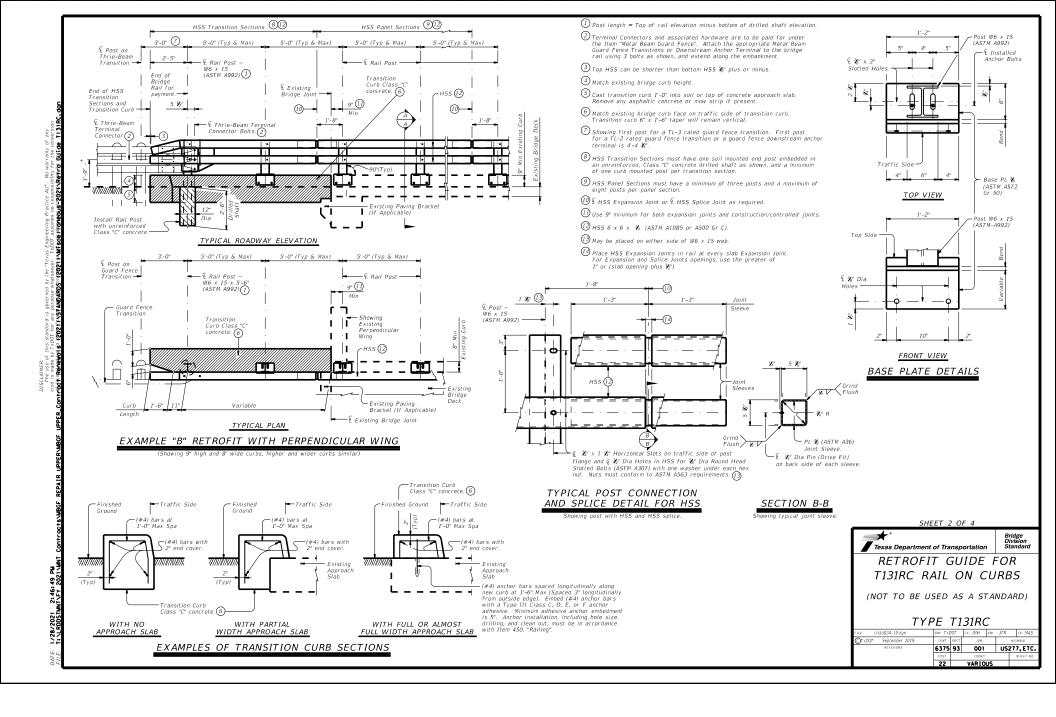
SHEET 1 OF 4

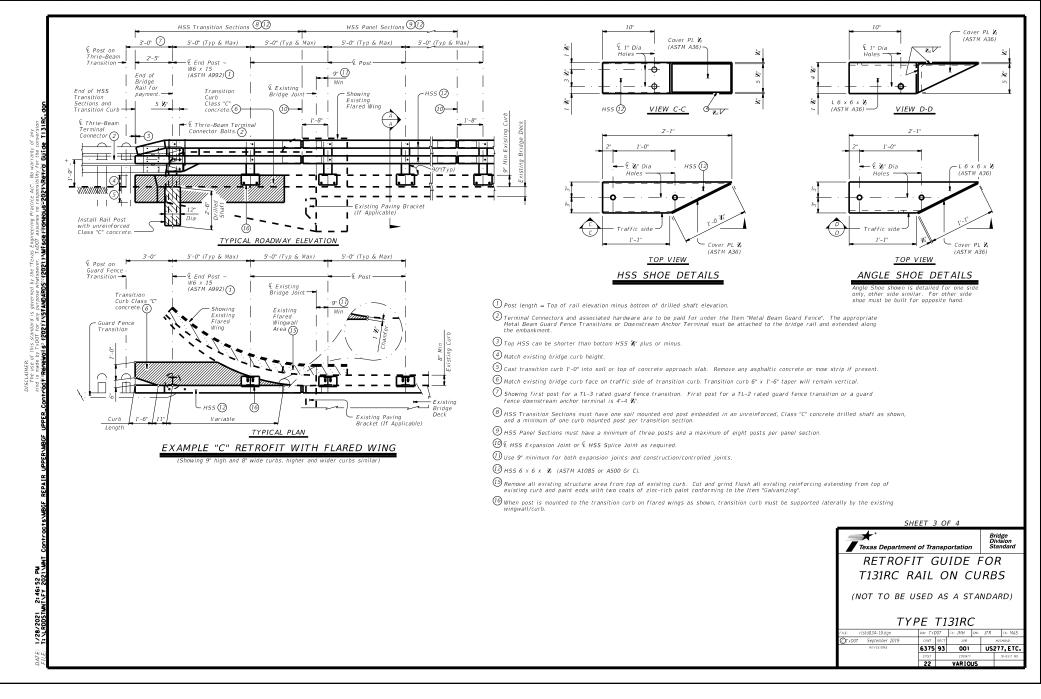


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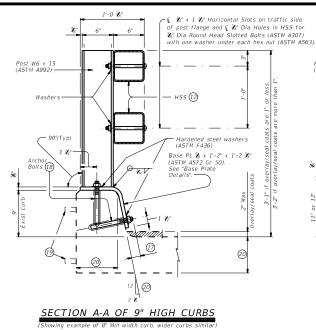
TYPE T131RC

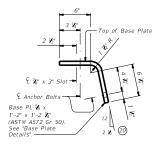
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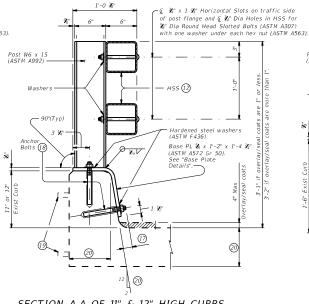




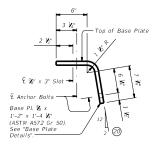




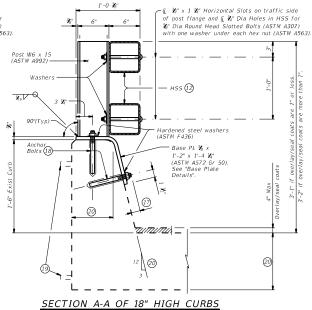
9" HIGH CURB BASE PLATE DETAIL

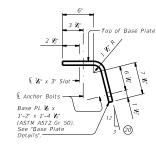


SECTION A-A OF 11" & 12" HIGH CURBS



11" & 12" HIGH CURB BASE PLATE DETAIL





18" HIGH CURB BASE PLATE DETAIL



1 1 H" Bolt Projection (Typ).

18 See "Material Notes" for anchor Bolt information.

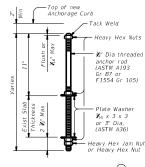
(9) Remove existing railing (including posts), cut and grind anchor bolts flush and paint ends with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item "Galvanizing".

See elsewhere in plans for dimensions (curb width and height, slab and overlay thickness). Slope of curb may differ from what is shown. Adjust base plate as necessary to conform to curb face geometry.

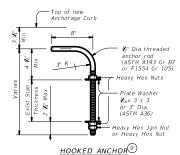


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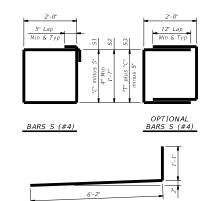
TYPE T131RC										
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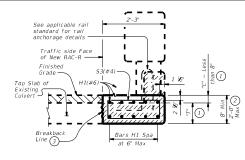
STRAIGHT ANCHOR®



ANCHOR DETAILS



BARS L (#5)



TYPICAL SECTION ~ TYPE 1

Used when the top of the Retrofit Curb is less than 8" above existing slab. Showing T223 Rail other rails similar. (Bars L(#5) on T223 and C223 Rails are not used for this structure). Bars RH(#5) required on standards T80HT, T805S and T224 are not required when used with the RAC-R standard

(1) "T" is equal to the existing culvert top slab thickness. If "T" is less than 6" a special design will be required C" is equal to the Retrofit Rail Anchorage Curb thickness

2 The total thickness ("T" plus "C") must be 8" minimum in order to properly install the railing anchorage reinforcing.

3 Remove shaded portion of existing concrete to Breakback Line shown. Care must be taken so as to not damage existing reinforcing. Replace damaged reinforcing with new, like reinforcing. Clean existing reinforcing and incorporate into new concrete construction.

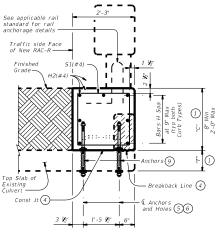
4 Saw cut (score) 1" deep flush with top of existing culvert slab, on the field side face of existing curb, if present.

After scoring, remove shaded portion of existing concrete to Breakback Line shown. Do not damage existing reinforcing. Clean, bend and incorporate existing reinforcing into new concrete construction. Note that new anchors, as shown in the detail, are required even when existing reinforcing remains in use. Remove existing overlay and/or base material to flush with top of culvert in areas of new construction. Care must be taken to not damage the existing slab. In order to prevent existing asphalt remnants from acting as a bond breaker between the exposed, existing concrete and the retrofitted concrete curb, clean the newly exposed concrete with abrasive blasting or shot blasting. Remove all loose debris prior to placing new anchorage curb.

(5) Core drill 1" diameter holes through existing slab. Percussion drilling is not permitted. Patch spalls, when directed by the Engineer, in accordance with Item 429, "Concrete Structure Repair", at the Contractor's expense. Tighten nuts snug tight

6 Space field side anchors at 36" maximum. Space traffic side anchors at 11" maximum. Do not align field side and traffic side anchors transversely.

Retrofit Wingwall Anchorage Curb must always be 2'-0" in height. Breakback existing wingwall as needed in order to properly align the wingwall Anchorage Curb with that placed on the existing culvert. Saw cut (score) I" deep on field side face of the existing wingwall prior to breakback. Care must be taken so as to not damage existing reinforcing. Clean and extend existing reinforcing into new construction. Note that new Bars D(#6), as shown in the detail, are required even when existing reinforcing remains in use.



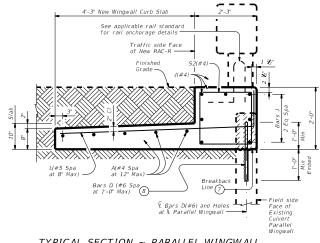
TYPICAL SECTION ~ TYPE 2

Used when the Retrofit Curb is 8" in height or greater. Showing T223 Rail, other rails similar. (Bars L(#5) on T223 and C223 Rails are not used for this structure). Bars RH(#5) required on standards T80HT, T80SS and T224 are not required when used with the RAC-R standard.

> 8 Embed bars D(#6) into existing wingwall with a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 12". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 26 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prio. to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." If existing parallel wingwall thickness is less than 8", a special

 Use straight anchors if retrofit anchorage curb is 1'-2" or greater in thickness. Use hooked anchors for retrofit anchorage curb less than I'-2" thick.

This sheet is intended to be used as a guide for retrofitting existing box culverts with traffic railing. Details with appropriate notes taken from this quide should be prepared for the specific application. Dimensions of existing culvert top slab thickness, wingwall thickness, fill height at traffic side face of rail anchorage curb retrofit etc. should be shown. Particular care should be taken in identifying the box culvert wingwall conditions, and providing for proper railing post anchorage and approach guard fence post positioning. This sheet may not be used without modification. The details shown may need to be amended if the exact existing condition is not covered. In all cases details and notes not required must be crossed out or eliminated. "(MOD) added, the phrase "(Not to be used as a standard)" removed and the sheet sealed and signed



TYPICAL SECTION ~ PARALLEL WINGWALL

Wingwall Anchorage Curb is required on Parallel Wingwalls only. Omit Wingwall Anchorage Curb on Flared and Straight Wingwalls. Showing T223 Rail, other rails similar. (Bars L(#5) on T223 and C223 Rails are not used for this structure). Bars RH(#5) required on standards T80HT, T80SS and T224 are not required when used with RAC-R standard.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Field verify dimensions before commencing work and ordering materials.

Provide Class "C" concrete (f'c=3,600 psi). Provide Class "C" (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Chamfer all exposed corners %" unless shown otherwise.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Galvanize all reinforcing steel if required elsewhere.

Provide bar Japs, where required, as follows: Uncoated or galvanized — #4 = 1'-11"

Galvanize $eals^{\prime\prime\prime}$ Dia threaded rods, heavy hex nuts and plate washers, unless otherwise shown

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

The rail anchorage curb details have sufficient strength for use with all standard rail types.

See appropriate rail standard for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown.

For vehicle safety, the top of the new curb must be flush with the finished grade. These details are for use with curbs with a maximum height of 2'-0" only. Curb heights greater than 2'-0" will require special design.

Removal and replacement of backfill, subgrade, and asphalt or concrete pavement necessary for this installation is considered subsidiary to the rail anchorage curb.

Payment for rail anchorage curb (including wingwall curb slab) will be by CY of Class "C" or Class "C" (HPC) concrete.

Not all possible combinations of existing box culverts, curbs, wingwalls etc. have been shown on this sheet. Other combinations and reinforcement arrangements are permissible if they mee the same strength requirements as indicated on this sheet

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise

SHEET 1 OF 2

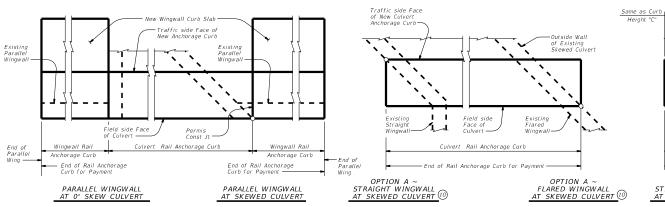


RETROFIT GUIDE BOX CULVERT RAIL MOUNTING DETAILS (CURBS 2'-0" TALL AND LESS ONLY) (NOT TO BE USED AS A STANDARD)

RAC-R

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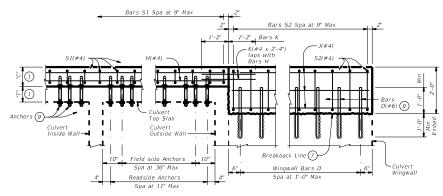
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Note that Wingwall Rail Anchorage Curb is used only at culverts with parallel wingwalls.

TYPICAL CURB PLANS

Reinforcing, Curb Anchors, and Railing not shown for clarity.

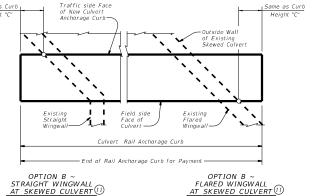


SHOWING CULVERT ANCHORAGE CURB Showing Anchorage Curb Type 2. Anchor and Bars S spacing are the same for Anchorage Type 1.

SHOWING WINGWALL ANCHORAGE CURB

Curb Slab and Slab reinforcing

TYPICAL ELEVATIONS OF INSTALLATION



- T" is equal to the existing culvert top slab thickness. If "T" is less than 6", a special design will be required. "C" is equal to the Retrofit Rail Anchorage Curb thickness.
- Retrofit Wingwall Anchorage Curb must always be 2'-0" in height. Breakback existing wingwall as needed in order to properly align the wingwall Anchorage Curb with that placed on the existing culvert. Saw cut (score) 1" deep on field side face of the existing wingwall prior to breakback. Care must be taken so as to not damage existing reinforcing. Clean and extend existing reinforcing into new construction. Note that new Bars D(#6), as shown in the detail, are required even when existing reinforcing remains in use.
- 8 Embed bars D(#6) into existing wingwall with a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 12". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 26 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." If existing parallel wingwall thickness is less than 8", a special design will be required.
- (9) Use straight anchors if retrofit anchorage curb is I'-2" or greater in thickness. Use hooked anchors for retrofit anchorage curb less than 1'-2" thick.
- 10 Use Option A if finished grade at face of rail anchorage curb remains unchanged, or if both wingwalfs and rail anchorage curb will be vertically raised. Existing wingwalfs must be checked for suitability of vertically raising.
- ① Use Option B if wingwalls will not be vertically raised when the curb height is increased. Verify adequacy of existing or proposed finished grade between end of rail anchorage curb and wingwall. Extension of rail anchorage curb beyond wingwall may need to be greater than "C" depending on side slope conditions.



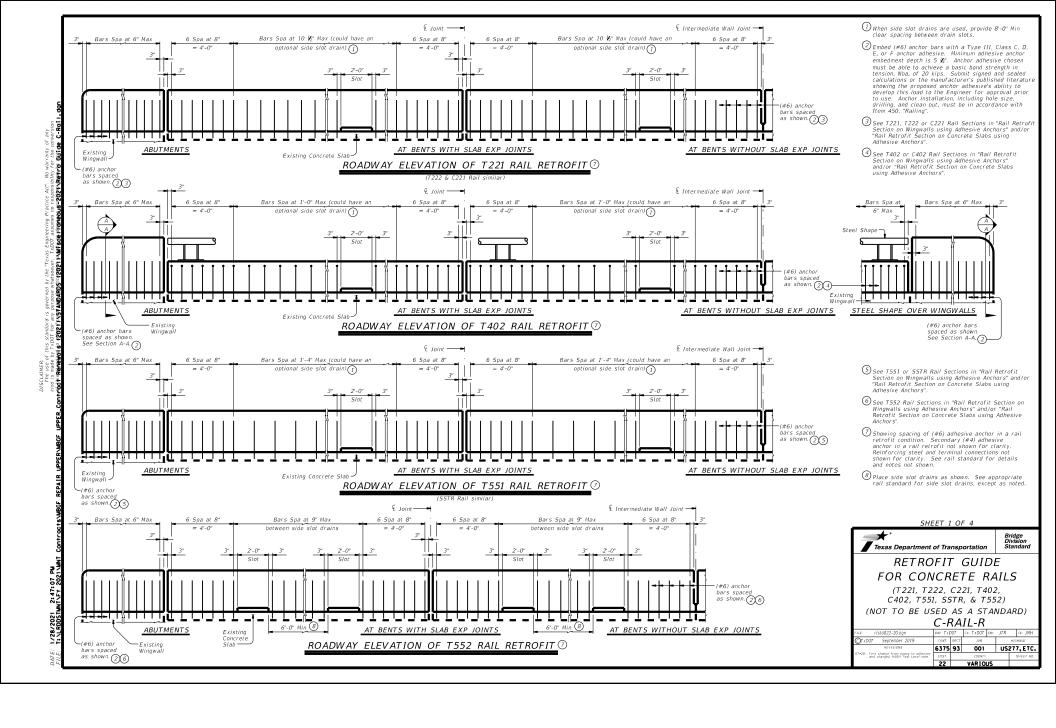
RETROFIT GUIDE BOX CULVERT RAIL MOUNTING DETAILS

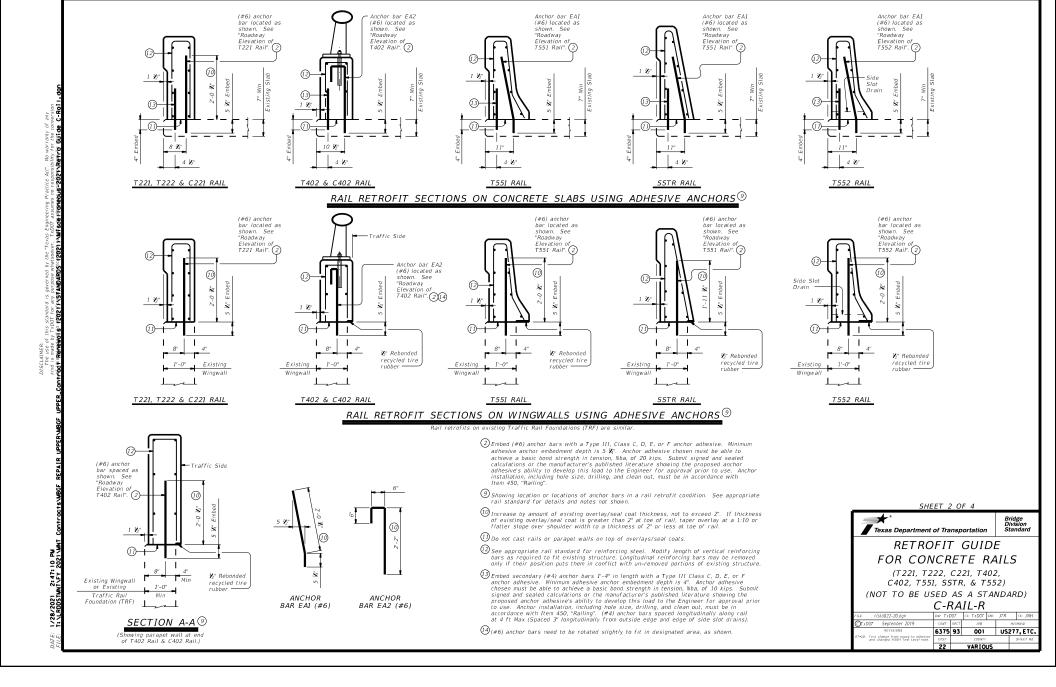
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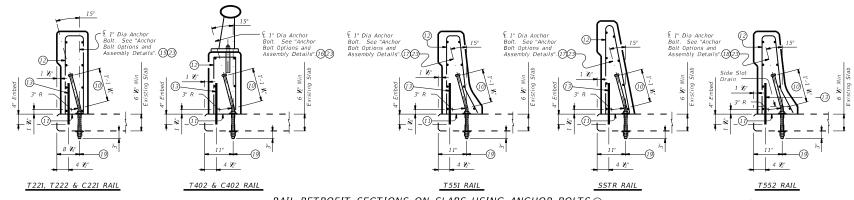
RAC-R

Same as Curb

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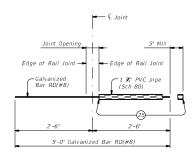




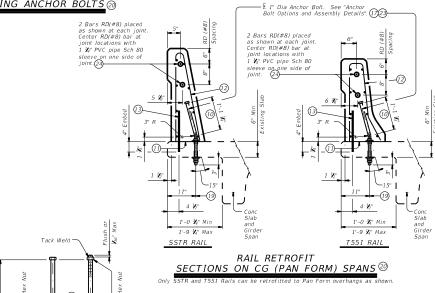
RAIL RETROFIT SECTIONS ON SLABS USING ANCHOR BOLTS 20

- ① Increase by amount of existing overlay/seal coat thickness, not to exceed 2". If thickness of existing overlay/seal coat is greater than 2" at toe of rail, taper overlay at a 1:10 or flatter slope over shoulder width to a thickness of 2" or less at toe of rail.
- ① Do not cast rails or parapet walls on top of overlays/seal coats.
- Dee appropriate rail standard for reinforcing steel. Modify length of vertical reinforcing bars as required to fit existing structure.

 Longitudinal reinforcing bars may be removed only if their position puts them in conflict with un-removed portions of existing structure.
- Embed secondary (#4) anchor bars 1-4" in length with a Type III Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 10 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesives ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing". (#4) anchor bars spaced longitudinally along rail at 4 If Max (Spaced 3" longitudinally from outside edge and edge of side slot drains).
- (§ 1" Dia Anchor Bolt Spaced longitudinally along rail at 18" Max (Spaced 6" longitudinally from outside edge and edge of optional side slot drains, if required).
- 6 1" Dia Anchor Bolt Spaced longitudinally along rail at 21" Max (Spaced 6" longitudinally from outside edge and edge of optional side slot drains, if required).
- ① £ 1" Dia Anchor Bolt Spaced longitudinally along rail at 24" Max (Spaced 6" longitudinally from outside edge and edge of optional side slot drains, if required).
- 1" Dia Anchor Bolt Spaced longitudinally along rail at 20" Max (Spaced 6" longitudinally from outside edge and edge of side slot drains).
- 1 Y₆" to 1 Y₆" to 1 Y₆" from edge of holes will be patched in accordance with Item 429, "Concrete Structure Repair" at the Contractor's expense.
- Showing location of anchor bars and anchor bolts in a rail retrofit condition. See appropriate rail standard for details and notes not shown.
- ② 1" Dia ASTM F1554 Gr 55 Anchor Bolt or Threaded Rod. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.
- ② Plate Washer ¾ x 3 x 3 ASTM A36 with 1 ¾₆" Dia Hole centered.
- @ Galvanize anchor bolts, nuts and plate washers.
- 24 See "Bar RD(#8) Assembly Detail".
- $\@ifnextchar[{\@model{1}}{\@model{1}}$ Tape ends of 1 $\@ifnextchar[{\@model{1}}{\@model{1}}$ PVC pipe Sch 80 to prevent concrete or mortar from seeping in.



BAR RD(#8) ASSEMBLY DETAIL



ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

AND ASSEMBLY DETAILS

SHEET 3 OF 4

RETROFIT GUIDE

FOR CONCRETE RAILS
(T221, T222, C221, T402,
C402, T551, SSTR, & T552)
(NOT TO BE USED AS A STANDARD)

C-RAIL-R

VARIOU

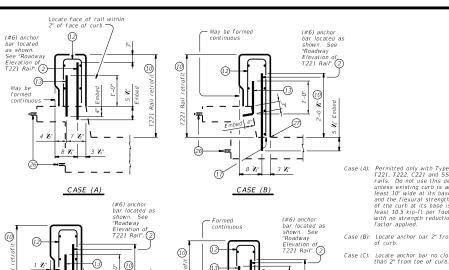
001 US277, ETC.

6375 93

Texas Department of Transportation

TXDOT September 2019

*=20: Text change from epoxy to and changed MASH Test Le



T221, T222, C221 and SSTR rails. Do not use this detail unless existing curb is at least 10" wide at its base and the flexural strength, Mn, of the curb at its base is at least 10.5 kip-ft per foot, with no strenath reduction factor applied.

Case (B): Locate anchor bar 2" from toe

Case (C): Locate anchor bar no closer than 2" from toe of curb.

Case (D): Do not remove any part of curb unless it has been determined to not be a structural element Locate anchor bar 2" from toe

T221 RAIL RETROFIT EXAMPLES 9

(2) Embed (#6) anchor bars with a Type III, Class C. D. E. or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 5 🕊 Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 20 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing".

(10)

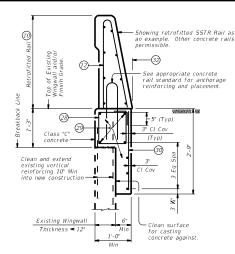
3 **%**"

- ② Showing location or locations of anchor bars in a rail retrofit condition. See appropriate rail standard for details and notes not shown
- 10 Increase by amount of existing overlay/seal coat thickness, not to exceed 2". If thickness of existing overlay/seal coat is greater than 2" at toe of rail, taper overlay at a 1:10 or flatter slope over shoulder width to a thickness of 2" or less at toe of rail.
- 1 Do not cast rails or parapet walls on top of overlays/seal coats.

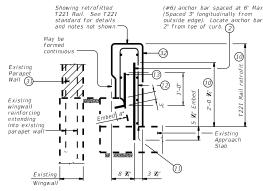
3 V4"

CASE (C)

- ② See appropriate rail standard for reinforcing steel. Modify length of vertical reinforcing bars as required to fit existing structure. Longitudinal reinforcing bars may be removed only if their position puts them in conflict with un-removed portions of existing structure.
- (3) Embed secondary (#4) anchor bars 1'-4" in length with a Type III Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba. of 10 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesives ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing". (#4) anchor bars spaced longitudinally along rail at 4 ft Max (Spaced 3" longitudinally from outside edge and edge of side slot drains).
- 🐵 Remove existing rail, cut and grind anchor bolts flush, and paint ends with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item "Galvanizing".
- Ovoid out area in rail retrofit to accommodate existing drain holes in deck.
- Space (#4) stirrups at 8" Max. (Spaced 3 1/2" longitudinally from retrofitted ends of wingwall).
- 29 7 ~ (#5) bars with 3" end cover.
- 30 Space (#4) bars at 8" Max with 3" end cover, spaced with (#4) stirrups.
- (3) Remove all concrete and reinforcing steel from existing parapet wall. Existing reinforcing cut off from existing wingwall must be painted with two coats of a zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item "Galvanizing".
- Face of rail and/or toe of rail. Location or placement of rail retrofit must match face of rail and/or toe of rail on bridge.



SECTION OF EXISTING PARALLEL WINGWALLS LESS THAN 12" THICK



SECTION OF EXISTING PARALLEL OR FLARED WINGWALLS WITH APPROACH SLAB 9

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Field verify dimensions before commencing work and ordering

By adding additional anchorage, welding can be performed at By adding additional anchorage, weiging can be performed a a minimum spacing of 3 ft between the cage and additional anchorage. By satisfying additional anchorage requirements slip forming is allowed. Do not weld to the required anchorage. Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests".

Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if required

(#6) and (#4) anchor bars used for the adhesive anchorage system must not be epoxy coated within the required embedment

GENERAL NOTES:

Use of these retrofit details will result in a railing acceptable for the MASH Test Level indicated on the applicable rail standard Rail anchorage details shown on this guide may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications. Not all possible combinations of existing railing, curbs, parapets etc. have been shown on this sheet. Other combinations and reinforcement arrangements are permissible if they meet the same strength

requirements as indicated on this guide.

Do not remove any part of a curb until it has been evaluated to not be a load-carrying structural component.

Removal and replacement of backfill, subgrade, and asphalt of concrete pavement necessary for this installation is considered subsidiary to the retrofit railing.

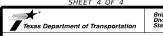
Payment for a rail retrofit will be as per Item 451, "Retrofit

Railing", by the type of the rail retrofit. All details shown herein are subsidiary to rail retrofit. Examples are "Retrofit Rail (Ty T551)", "Retrofit Rail (Ty SSTR)", etc.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

This sheet is to be used as a guide for retrofitting existing structures with rails listed on this sheet. Details with appropriate notes from this guide should be prepared for the specific application. Dimensions of existing slab thickness, curb widths, heights, etc., should be shown. Particular care should be taken in identifying the bridge abutment wingwall conditions and providing for proper reinforcement anchorage and approach guard fence post positioning. This sheet may not be used without modification. The details shown may need to be amended if the exact existing condition is not covered. In all cases, details and notes not required must be crossed out or eliminated, "(MOD)" added, the phrase "(Not to be used as a standard)" removed, and the sheet sealed and signed.

SHEET 4 OF 4



RETROFIT GUIDE FOR CONCRETE RAILS

(T221, T222, C221, T402, C402, T551, SSTR, & T552)

(NOT TO BE USED AS A STANDARD) C-RAIL-R

16E: 115(0022-20.09)	DW2 131	DUT CX: TXDGT DW:		JIA	CKS JAM		
OTXDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	J08		Н	NGHWAY	
	6375	93	001		US277, ETC.		
17-20: Text change from epoxy to adhesive and changed WASH Test Level note.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	22		VARIO	US			

ever.		ı.	STORMWATER POLLUTION P	REVENTION-CLEAN WATER	ACT SECTION 402
purpose whatsoever.			TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater required for projects with disturbed soil must protect Item 506.	l or more acres disturbed so	il. Projects with o
resulting				ay receive discharges from t d prior to construction act	
TxDOT for o			1,		
			2.	□ Bearing testes	
5 5 9 9			☐ No Action Required Action No.	Required Action	
od is mode	uđp			tion by controlling erosion rmit TXR 150000	and sedimentation in
ony kind incorrect	\epic.		2. Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer		ontrol pollution or
onty of or for i	us-2021			otice (CSN) with SW3P inform the public and TCEQ, EPA or	
No warr formats	1 I aneous			specific locations (PSL's) i submit NOI to TCEQ and the	
ice Act to other) \Miscel	11.	WORK IN OR NEAR STREAT ACT SECTIONS 401 AND		TLANDS CLEAN WAT
Practic ndard to	(202)		USACE Permit required for water bodies, rivers, cree	filling, dredging, excavations, streams, wetlands or we	ng or other work in a
jineering P this stand	ANDARDS		The Contractor must adhere the following permit(s):	e to all of the terms and co	nditions associated
2,2	\STA		☐ No Permit Required		
the Texas conversion	(202)		Nationwide Permit 14 - wetlands affected)	PCN not Required (less than	1/10th acre waters o
ŧ Ś	s lo		☐ Nationwide Permit 14 -	PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 (ocre, 1/3 in tidal wa
Ď.	Renewol		☐ Individual 404 Permit R ☐ Other Nationwide Permit		
s governed	ö		Required Actions: List water	ers of the US permit applies	
standard is responsibil	ER_Contr		and post-project TSS.	Practices planned to control	erosion, sedimentat
is stor	ā		1,		
£ 5	MBGF		2.		
use of th	UPPER		3.		
The T×DOT			4.		
i e e	BGF REPAIR			ory high water marks of any ers of the US requiring the Bridge Layouts.	
	Contracts\MBGF		Best Management Practic	es:	
	700		Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction
	Š		☐ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter St
			Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation
	2021 \MNT	1	Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention E
			Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands
	WNT\FY	1	Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin
	Ĭ	1	Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Comp
5		l	Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm or
2	\LRDDS1		_	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	_
2	1	1	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	S ☐ Vegetation Lined Dit

St. Morr gard	TPDES TXR 1500001 Stormwater required for projects with i disturbed soil must protect Item 506. List MS4 Operator(s) that many They may need to be notified.	for erosion and sedimentation of receive discharges from	oil. Projects with any ion in accordance with this project.	archeological artifacts are fou archeological artifacts (bones,	ications in the event historical issues or und during construction. Upon discovery of burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease contact the Engineer immediately.	hazardous materials by conducti making workers aware of potenti provided with personal protecti	rojects): action Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with ing safety meetings prior to beginning construction and ial hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are ive equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. b) Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products
near safound	1.	o prior to construction act	1411163.	☐ No Action Required Action No.	Required Action	used on the project, which may Paints, acids, solvents, asphal compounds or additives. Provide	include, but are not limited to the following categories: the products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing protected storage, off bore ground and covered, for Maintain product tabelling as required by the Act.
	☐ No Action Required Action No.	Required Action		2.		In the event of a spill, take of in accordance with safe work pr	on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, actices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator
5	Prevent stormwater pollu accordance with TPDES Per	tion by controlling erosion	and sedimentation in	3.		of all product spills.	oll be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup
Nepic. d	Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer.	revise when necessary to co	ontrol pollution or	4.		 Trash piles, drums, canis 	ation (not identified as normal) ster, barrels, etc.
5 5	3. Post Construction Site N	otice (CSN) with SW3P infor	mation on or near	IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES		 Undesirable smells or odd Evidence of leaching or s 	
- S7		the public and TCEQ, EPA or			truction Specification Requirements Specs 162	Does the project involve an	y bridge class structure rehabilitation or structures not including box culverts)?
1 I onec	 When Contractor project area to 5 acres or more, 	specific locations (PSL's) submit NOI to TCEQ and the	increase disturbed soil Engineer.		752 in order to comply with requirements for andscaping, and tree/brush removal commitment		
Misce	II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREA	MS, WATERBODIES AND W	ETLANDS CLEAN WATER	☐ No Action Required	Required Action	If "Yes", then TxDOT is res	ponsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.
اَيُّ اِ	·	filling, dredging, excavati	ing or other work in any	Action No.		Yes No	stos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?
S (20	water bodies, rivers, cree	eks, streams, wetlands or we to all of the terms and co	et areas.	1.			retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with batement/mitigation procedures, and perform management
NDARD	the following permit(s):			2.			he notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least
ST.	No Permit Required			3,		If "No", then TxDOT is sti scheduled demolition,	II required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any
(2021	Nationwide Permit 14 - 1 wetlands affected)	PCN not Required (less than	1/10th acre waters or	4.		In either case, the Contrac	tor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement n with careful coordination between the Engineer and
Š Š	☐ Nationwide Permit 14 -	PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2	acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)			asbestos consultant in orde	r to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.
or the Renewo	☐ Individual 404 Permit R			CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE I	THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES		ng possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered is or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:
8 2				AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.		☐ No Action Required	Required Action
Contr		ers of the US permit applies Practices planned to control		☐ No Action Required	Required Action	Action No.	
E E	1.			Action No.		2.	
e ig	2.			1.		3.	
	1			,		VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL	ISSUES
8 8				"		(includes regional issue:	s such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)
A R	4.			3.		☐ No Action Required	Required Action
GF REP		ary high water marks of any ers of the US requiring the Bridge Layouts.		4.		Action No.	
#s/ME	Best Management Practic	es:			observed, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. The	2.	
, r	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS		from bridges and other structures during lated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes	3,	
ঠ	☐ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips	are discovered, cease work in the Engineer immediately,	immediate area, and contact the		Texas Department of Transportation Design Division Standard
ξ	Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems	Linguiser inmediately.			rexas Department of Transportation Standard
Ę	Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin			\dashv	ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,
8	Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands	LIST OF A	BOREVIATIONS		· ·
ᆁ	Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin	BMP: Best Management Practice	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasur	e	ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
_\ <u>\</u>	Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost	CGP: Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Servi			EPIC
1/28/2021 T: \LRDDST	_	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement	PSL: Project Specific Location TCEO: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality		2710
28 F.R.	=	=	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	MOU: Memorandum of Understanding MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer Sy:	TPDESt Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination Syst	em	FILE: epic.dgn DN:TXDOT CK:RG DN:VP CK:AR
2#	Compost Filter perm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Sock		MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOT: Notice of Termination	TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation		© TxDOT: February 2015 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY
ËË		Sediment Basins	Grossy Swales	NOT: Notice of Termination NMP: Nationwide Permit NOI: Notice of Intent	T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service		05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV. DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.
ا تات				INUTA NOTICE OF INTENT	OSHASE OF 2" FIRE OLD MINDING SELVICE	1	01-23-2015 SECTION 1 (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SHALES. 22 VARIOUS

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES