# STATE OF TEXAS TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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\* THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Digitally signed by Peter C, Jungen, P.E. on-FDOT, ou email-Peter Jungen, P.E. on-FDOT ou email-Peter Jungen, P.E. on-FDOT ou email-Peter Jungen, P.E. on-FDOT ou email-Peter Jungen, P.E. of State 201 01 01 12-3312 - 0000

1/5/2021



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND ERECT BARRICADES AND CONSTRUCTION SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS AND THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, AT POINTS AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

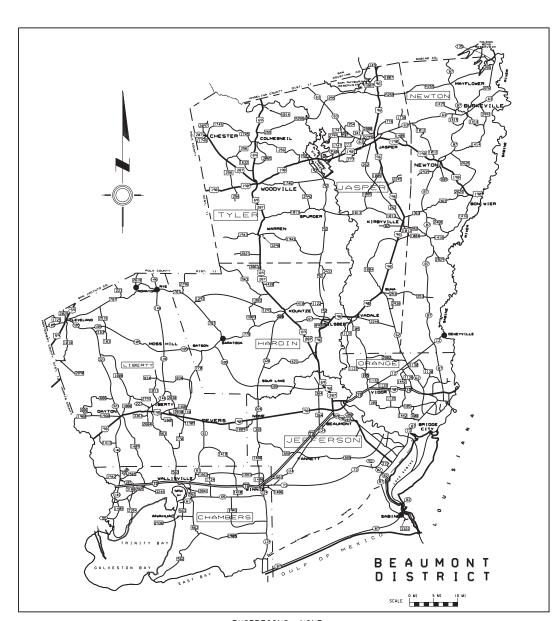
## PLANS OF PROPOSED

## ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

 $\bigcirc$ 

PROJECT NO: RMC 637523001 CSJ: 6375-23-001
HIGHWAY: FM 562, ETC.
BEAUMONT DISTRICT - CHAMBERS, ETC.
NET LENGTH OF PROJECT: 89.999 MILES

### CONSISTING OF THE PLACING OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS



EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE

RAILROADS: 1-RAILROAD CROSSING, SH 146 DOT NO. 450635U @ RM 446+0.150



| DIV.NO. |   | PROJECT NO.        |     |        |         |      |  |  |
|---------|---|--------------------|-----|--------|---------|------|--|--|
| 6       | F | RMC 6375-23-001    |     |        |         |      |  |  |
| STATE   |   | STATE<br>DIST. NO. |     | COUNTY |         |      |  |  |
| TEXAS   |   | BMT                | СН  | AMBI   | ERS, E  | TC.  |  |  |
| CONT.   |   | SECT.              | JOB |        | HIGHWAY | NO.  |  |  |
| 637     | 5 | 23                 | 001 | FM     | 562.    | ETC. |  |  |

MGR. NO. 775 DESIGN SPEED N/A AREA OF DISTURBED SOIL = Q.O ACRES

| FINAL PLANS                                      |
|--|
| DATE LET:  |
| DATE WORK BEGAN:                                 |
| DATE WORK COMPLETED:                             |
| CONTRACTOR:                                      |
| USED OF DAYS ALLOTTED                            |
| PROJECT COST:                                    |
| PROJECT CONSTRUCTED AND FINAL PLANS PREPARED BY: |
| DATE   |

### TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

Digitally signed by Peter C. Jungen, P.E.
Disc mapeter C. Jungen, P.E., ca TxDOT, ou,
email=Peter Jungen gived Logov, c=US
Date: 2021.01.05 125.351-06'00'

1/5/2021

DISTRICT TRAFFIC ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

Docusigned by:

Madie M. Grib, N.C.

1/5/2021

DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

Docusigned by:
Und Boun

1/5/2021

DISTRICT ENGINEER

Project Number: RMC 6375-23-001

County: Chambers, Etc. Control: 6375-23-001

Highway: FM 562, ETC.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individuals:

Peter Jungen, P.E. Peter.Jungen@txdot.gov

Zheng Tan, P.E. Zheng.Tan@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All Contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20 Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Ensure the capability of supplying enough crews to install long line striping, hand striping, and raised pavement marker placement for the duration of the project. Ensure the ability to work in separate locations at one time.

Verify all striping location needs for work requested.

Perform layout work.

Begin to replace the requested pavement markings within seven calendar days of verbal notification. Written notification will immediately follow verbal notification by email, if available, and then by mail. Complete each location in a timely manner.

Ensure notice is given the day before concerning intentions of work commencement, in order for the inspection arrangements to be made.

General Notes

Sheet A

Obtain approval 48 hours prior to actual pavement marking operations.

Obtain permission in writing for working on Saturday.

Equip all arrow boards with LED lamps.

Project Number: RMC 6375-23-001

County: Chambers, Etc. Control: 6375-23-001

Highway: FM 562, ETC.

Provide lead and trail vehicles on all operations.

Ensure signs mounted on vehicles are securely attached to prevent the signs from moving during operation of the vehicle.

Equip all vehicles, including brooms and vehicles with advance warning signs with two-way communication.

Law enforcement assistance will be required for this project and is expected to be required for major traffic control changes and lane closures. Full-time, off-duty uniformed officers, with transportation jurisdiction and full police powers in the county or city in which the project is located, will be provided by the Contractor during construction as directed. The officer(s) must be able to show proof of certification by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Officers Standards. Officer(s) will be paid by force account and must be approved by the Engineer. The vehicle used must be a marked law enforcement vehicle in the city or county where the project is located. Complete the daily tracking form provided by the Department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided.

Law enforcement will be considered for this Contract under the following conditions directed:

- Work as directed involving controlled access facilities, US 69, US 96, IH 10, US 59.
- Night work operations that create substantial traffic safety risks for workers and road users
- Major traffic shifts involving high speed (greater than 55 MPH) and high volume roadways (ADT exceeds 10,000),
- · Traffic shifts at intersections where unexpected or sudden queuing is anticipated,
- Complex intersections where flaggers may not be able to maintain adequate traffic control.

### **Item 6: Control of Materials**

Flammable/combustible materials must be stored at a designated location as approved by the Engineer. Do not store flammable/combustible materials under or adjacent to Bridge class structures. Daily removal of these materials will be considered incidental work.

### Item 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events have been identified in the project limits.

General Notes Sheet B



|          | PRO      | SHEET<br>NO.             |            |   |  |  |  |
|----------|----------|--------------------------|------------|---|--|--|--|
| DIVISION |          |                          |            |   |  |  |  |
|          | DISTRICT |                          |            |   |  |  |  |
| S        | ВМТ      | CHAN                     | TC.        |   |  |  |  |
| L        | SECTION  | JOB                      | H I GHWAY  | NO.   |  |  |  |
| 5        | 23       | 001                      | FM 562     | ,ETC  |  |  |  |
|          | _        | DISTRICT S BMT L SECTION | S BMT CHAN | DISTRICT COUNTY  S BMT CHAMBERS, E  SECTION JOB HIGHBAY |  |  |  |

Project Number: RMC 6375-23-001

County: Chambers, Etc. Control: 6375-23-001

Highway: FM 562, ETC.

### Item 8: Prosecution and progress

Time charges for work will be in accordance with Section 8.3.1.4, "Standard Workweek".

Adjoining projects may be in progress during the construction of a portion of this project. Plan and prosecute the sequence of construction and the traffic control plan with adjacent construction of all phases to minimize disruption to traffic.

Work will not be permitted when impending bad weather may impair the quality of work.

### Item 9: Measurement and Payment

The monthly estimate will end two working days prior to the end of the month. Payment for work on the last two working days of each month will be paid on the next month's estimate.

It is not anticipated that any erosion, sedimentation, or environmental control devices will be needed on this project. In the event that such controls are necessary, the SW3P for this project will consist of the use of any temporary erosion control measures deemed necessary by the Engineer. Payment for the work will be determined in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment of Extra Work and Force Account Method."

The Contractor may request Material on Hand (MOH) in accordance with Standard Specification Article 9.7 based on invoices for the amount of materials needed to stripe the quantities shown for the following Items:

Item 666-6300 RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(BRK)(100MIL) Qty: 14,321 LF

Item 666-6303 RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4" (SLD) (100MIL) Qty: 951,272 LF

Item 666-6312 RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL) Qty: 88,037 LF

Item 666-6315 RE PM W/RETREQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL) Qty: 376,730 LF

Payment of Material on Hand for other Items a part of this Contract will be considered on a case by case basis.

Submit the approved forms to request compensation for material on hand (MOH) at least two working days prior to the end of the month.

### Item 502: Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

Ensure flashing beacon lights are installed on all vehicles and equipment that are used during any construction phase of this project.

Project Number: RMC 6375-23-001

County: Chambers, Etc. Control: 6375-23-001

Highway: FM 562, ETC.

All Truck Mounted Attenuators will be certified.

All flaggers will be certified and properly attired. Orange or fluorescent type III vests and white hard hats are required. Proper flagging procedures must be demonstrated by all workers in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device." A list of all qualified flaggers will be furnished by the Contractor before beginning work. This list will be updated as flaggers become qualified.

### **Item 666: Reflectorized Pavement Markings**

The mil thickness specified is the method of determining pavement markings acceptance. Measurement is from the top surface of the thermoplastic material, not partially immersed beads.

Furnish all materials.

Furnish Type II drop on glass beads.

Provide an approved acrylic sealing material for all TY I markings that require a sealer. Unless specified, water-based paint will not be used as a sealer.

Air blowing is subsidiary to this Item.

### **Item 668: Prefabricated Pavement Markings**

Removal of existing shields, if necessary, will be subsidiary to this bid Item

### **Item 672: Raised Pavement Markers**

Place RPM'S as vehicle positioning guidance.

### Item 677: Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers

Removal of existing shields, all contaminates and loose material is subsidiary to this Item.

Any accumulation of removed material will be removed from the pavement within the same day after removal and disposed of off the project limits as directed by the Engineer.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D



| FHBA<br>TEXAS |   | PROJECT NO. |      |            |      |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|---|-------------|------|------------|------|--|--|--|--|
| DIVESSON      |   |             |      |            |      |  |  |  |  |
| STATE         |   | DISTRICT    |      |            |      |  |  |  |  |
| TEXA          | S | ВМТ         | CHAM | BERS, ETC. |      |  |  |  |  |
| CONTRO        | L | SECTION     | JOB  | H I GHWAY  | NO.  |  |  |  |  |
| 637           | 5 | 23          | 001  | FM 562     | ,ETC |  |  |  |  |

Project Number: RMC 6375-23-001

County: Chambers, Etc. Control: 6375-23-001

Highway: FM 562, ETC.

### **Item 678: Pavement Surface Preparation for Markings**

Broom the surface prior to the actual pavement marking application to remove all foreign materials.

Blast clean, if directed that additional cleaning is necessary.

Other approved Pavement Surface Prep Methods are Abrasive Blast Cleaning and Water Blast Cleaning.

### Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

In addition to the shadow and lead vehicles with truck mounted attenuators (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for this project, provide 1 additional shadow vehicles with TMA for TCP (3-2)-13 as detailed on General Note 2 of TCP (3-2)-13 and (3-3)-14. Therefore, 2 total shadow vehicles with TMA and 1 lead vehicle with TMA will be required for this type of work. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

General Notes Sheet E



| FHRA<br>TEXAS | PRO      | SHEET<br>NO.   |                 |     |  |  |  |
|---------------|----------|----------------|-----------------|-----|--|--|--|
| DIVISION      | 3        |                |                 |     |  |  |  |
| STATE         | DISTRICT |                |                 |     |  |  |  |
| TEXAS         | BMT      | CHAMBERS, ETC. |                 |     |  |  |  |
| CONTROL       | SECTION  | JOB            | JOB HIGHWAY NO. |     |  |  |  |
| 6375          | 27       | 001            | EM 562          | ETC |  |  |  |



## **QUANTITY SHEET**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 6375-23-001

**DISTRICT** Beaumont **HIGHWAY** FM0562

**COUNTY** Chambers

|     | -          | CONTROL SECTION                         | ON JOB | 6375-23     | -001  |             |       |
|-----|------------|---|--------|-------------|-------|-------------|-------|
|     | PROJECT ID |   |        |             | 352   |             |       |
|     | CO         |   | OUNTY  | Chamb       | ers   | TOTAL EST.  | TOTAL |
|     |            | ніс                                     | HWAY   | FM05        |       | -           | FINAL |
| ALT | BID CODE   | DESCRIPTION                             | UNIT   | EST.        | FINAL | -           |       |
|     | 500-6001   | MOBILIZATION                            | LS     | 100.00%     |       | 100.00%     |       |
| •   | 502-6001   | BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING  | МО     | 6.000       |       | 6.000       |       |
| •   | 666-6030   | REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(100MIL)    | LF     | 532.000     |       | 532.000     |       |
|     | 666-6036   | REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)    | LF     | 2,372.000   |       | 2,372.000   |       |
|     | 666-6123   | REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)4"(DOT)(100MIL)    | LF     | 82.000      |       | 82.000      |       |
|     | 666-6162   | RE PV MRK TY I(BLACK)6"(SHADOW)(100MIL) | LF     | 14,081.000  |       | 14,081.000  |       |
|     | 666-6224   | PAVEMENT SEALER 4"                      | LF     | 253,909.000 |       | 253,909.000 |       |
|     | 666-6226   | PAVEMENT SEALER 8"                      | LF     | 9,462.000   |       | 9,462.000   |       |
|     | 666-6228   | PAVEMENT SEALER 12"                     | LF     | 184.000     |       | 184.000     |       |
|     | 666-6229   | PAVEMENT SEALER 18"                     | LF     | 79.000      |       | 79.000      |       |
|     | 666-6230   | PAVEMENT SEALER 24"                     | LF     | 1,839.000   |       | 1,839.000   |       |
|     | 666-6231   | PAVEMENT SEALER (ARROW)                 | EA     | 24.000      |       | 24.000      |       |
|     | 666-6300   | RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(BRK)(100MIL) | LF     | 14,321.000  |       | 14,321.000  |       |
|     | 666-6303   | RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL) | LF     | 951,272.000 |       | 951,272.000 |       |
|     | 666-6312   | RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL) | LF     | 88,037.000  |       | 88,037.000  |       |
|     | 666-6315   | RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL) | LF     | 376,730.000 |       | 376,730.000 |       |
|     | 668-6072   | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (8") (SLD)      | LF     | 9,440.000   |       | 9,440.000   |       |
|     | 668-6074   | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (12") (SLD)     | LF     | 184.000     |       | 184.000     |       |
|     | 668-6075   | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (18") (SLD)     | LF     | 79.000      |       | 79.000      |       |
|     | 668-6076   | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (24") (SLD)     | LF     | 2,461.000   |       | 2,461.000   |       |
|     | 668-6077   | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)         | EA     | 130.000     |       | 130.000     |       |
|     | 668-6078   | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (DBL ARROW)     | EA     | 4.000       |       | 4.000       |       |
|     | 668-6080   | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (UTURN ARROW)   | EA     | 4.000       |       | 4.000       |       |
|     | 668-6085   | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD)          | EA     | 5.000       |       | 5.000       |       |
|     | 668-6089   | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (RR XING)       | EA     | 2.000       |       | 2.000       |       |
|     | 668-6092   | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (36")(YLD TRI)  | EA     | 174.000     |       | 174.000     |       |
|     | 668-6108   | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (Y) (24") (SLD)     | LF     | 380.000     |       | 380.000     |       |
|     | 672-6006   | REFL PAV MRKR TY I-A                    | EA     | 317.000     |       | 317.000     |       |
|     | 672-6007   | REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C                    | EA     | 176.000     |       | 176.000     |       |
|     | 672-6009   | REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A                 | EA     | 8,961.000   |       | 8,961.000   |       |
|     | 672-6010   | REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R                 | EA     | 1,506.000   |       | 1,506.000   |       |
|     | 677-6001   | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")            | LF     | 15,661.000  |       | 15,661.000  |       |
|     | 677-6003   | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")            | LF     | 558.000     |       | 558.000     |       |
|     | 677-6005   | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (12")           | LF     | 184.000     |       | 184.000     |       |
|     | 677-6006   | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (18")           | LF     | 79.000      |       | 79.000      |       |
|     | 677-6007   | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")           | LF     | 342.000     |       | 342.000     |       |
|     | 677-6008   | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ARROW)         | EA     | 108.000     |       | 108.000     |       |



| DISTRICT | COUNTY   | CCSJ        | SHEET |
|----------|----------|-------------|-------|
| Beaumont | Chambers | 6375-23-001 | 4     |



## **QUANTITY SHEET**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 6375-23-001

**DISTRICT** Beaumont HIGHWAY FM0562

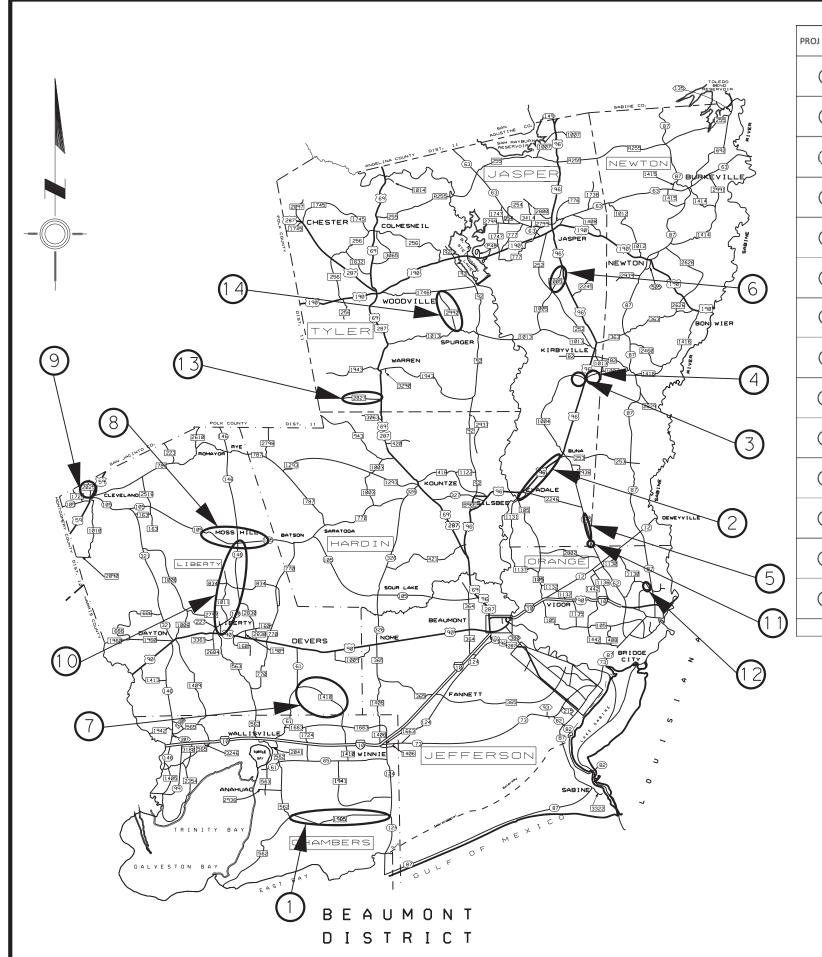
**COUNTY** Chambers

|     |           | CONTROL SECTIO                         | N JOB   | 6375-23-001 |       |            |                |
|-----|-----------|--|---------|-------------|-------|------------|----------------|
|     |           | PROJE                                  | CT ID   | A0013       | 9352  |            |                |
|     |           | cc                                     | COUNTY  |             | bers  | TOTAL EST. | TOTAL<br>FINAL |
|     |           | HIG                                    | HIGHWAY |             | 562   |            |                |
| ALT | BID CODE  | DESCRIPTION                            | UNIT    | EST.        | FINAL |            |                |
|     | 677-6009  | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (DBL ARROW)    | EA      | 4.000       |       | 4.000      |                |
|     | 677-6019  | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (36")(YLD TRI) | EA      | 150.000     |       | 150.000    |                |
|     | 677-6036  | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (UTURN ARROW)  | EA      | 4.000       |       | 4.000      |                |
|     | 6185-6005 | TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)                 | DAY     | 30.000      |       | 30.000     |                |



| DISTRICT | COUNTY   | CCSJ        | SHEET |
|----------|----------|-------------|-------|
| Beaumont | Chambers | 6375-23-001 | 5     |

Report Created On: Dec 31, 2020 10:17:23



| PROJ REF NO. | CS          | HWY        | COUNTY   | LEN       | GTH    | REF       | MK        | STA NO. BEGINNING AND END OF PROJECT LIMITS  |
|--------------|-------------|------------|----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--|
|              |             |            | 223.,    | FEET      | MILES  | BEGIN     | END       | The state of the s |
| 1            | 0242-06     | FM 1985    | CHAMBERS | 77679.36  | 14.712 | 726-0.112 | 740+0.600 | FROM FM 562, TO SH 124   |
| 2            | 0065-04     | US 0096    | JASPER   | 57863.52  | 10.959 | 428+0.751 | 438+1.710 | FROM FM 1004, TO NECHES RIVER BRIDGE   |
| 3            | 0947-03     | FM 1004    | JASPER   | 13184.16  | 2.497  | 410+0.821 | 412+1.318 | FROM US 96, TO 2.5 MILES WEST  |
| 4            | 0947-03     | FM 1004    | JASPER   | 31078.08  | 5.886  | 420+0.100 | 424+1.986 | FROM 6 MILES NORTH OF US 96, TO US 96  |
| (5)          | 0243-01     | SH 0062    | JASPER   | 22070.40  | 4.18   | 426+1.820 | 432+0.000 | FROM 1.596 MILES SOUTH OF FM 2246, TO NEWTON COUNTY LINE   |
| 6            | 1275-01     | FM 1005    | JASPER   | 21120.00  | 4.000  | 396+0.000 | 400+0.000 | FROM US 96, TO FM 252  |
| 7            | 1420-01     | FM 1410    | LIBERTY  | 53328.00  | 10.100 | 456-0.100 | 466+0.000 | FROM SH 61, TO CHAMBERS COUNTY LINE  |
| 8            | 0951-01     | SH 0105    | LIBERTY  | 57900.48  | 10.966 | 734+1.034 | 746+0.000 | FROM TRINITY RIVER BRIDGE, TO 0.62 MILES WEST OF HARDIN COUNTY LINE  |
| 9            | 1459-03     | FM 2025    | LIBERTY  | 10950.72  | 2.074  | 428+0.000 | 430+0.074 | FROM SAN JACINTO COUNTY LINE, TO LP 573  |
| 10           | 0388-03     | SH 0146    | LIBERTY  | 74242.08  | 14.061 | 438+1.250 | 452+1.311 | FROM SH 105, TO US 90  |
| (1)          | 0243-02     | SH 0062    | NEWTON   | 10560.00  | 2.000  | 432+0.000 | 434+0.000 | FROM NEWTON COUNTY LINE, TO ORANGE COUNTY LINE   |
| 12           | 1284-01     | FM 1130    | ORANGE   | 5121.60   | 0.970  | 778+0.700 | 778+1.670 | FROM LITTLE CYPRESS DRIVE, TO FM 3247  |
| 13           | 2889-02     | FM 2827    | TYLER    | 29367.36  | 5.562  | 728-0.012 | 732+1.550 | FROM US 69, TO END OF MAINTENANCE  |
| 14)          | 3043-01     | FM 2992    | TYLER    | 35608.32  | 6.744  | 396-0.027 | 402+0.717 | FROM FM 1746, TO FM 1013   |
|              | BASE BID SE | HEET TOTAL |          | 500074.08 | 81.999 |           |           |  |

Texas Department of Transportation

PROJECT LOCATION MAP

| FHRA     | FHRA PROJECT NO. |                 |     |         |      |  |  |  |
|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----|---------|------|--|--|--|
| DIVISION | DIVISION         |                 |     |         |      |  |  |  |
| STATE    |                  | DISTRICT        |     | COUNTY  |      |  |  |  |
| TEXA     | S                | BMT CHAMBERS, E |     |         |      |  |  |  |
| CONTROL  |                  | SECTION         | JOB | HIGHWAY | NO.  |  |  |  |
| 637      | 5                | 23              | 001 | FM 562, | ETC. |  |  |  |

|     |      |   |        |      |         | . , , , , |       |       | SUMM.   | ROJECT REF | FERENCE N | Ο.    |        |       |       |         |       |                   |
|-----|------|---|--------|------|---------|-----------|-------|-------|---------|------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------------------|
|     |      |   |        | 1    | 2       | 3         | 4     | 5     | 6       | 7          | 8         | 9     | 10     | 11    | 12    | 13      | 14    | PROJECT TOTALS    |
|     |      |   |        | 1985 | US 0096 |           |       |       | FM 1005 | FM 1410    |           |       |        | _     |       | FM 2827 |       | - I KOJECI TOTALS |
|     | 6030 | REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(100MIL)      | LF     |      | 532     |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       |       |         |       | 532               |
|     | 6036 | REFL PAVMRK TY I(W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)        | LF     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       | 2372   |       |       |         |       | 2,372             |
|     | 6123 | REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)4"(DOT) (100MIL)     | LF     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 82    |         |       | 82                |
|     | 6162 | RE PV MRK TY I (BLACK) 6"(SHADOW)(100MIL) | LF     |      | 14081   |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       |       |         |       | 14,081            |
|     | 6224 | PAVEMENT SEALER 4"                        | LF     |      | 238248  |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 15661 |         |       | 253,909           |
|     | 6226 | PAVEMENT SEALER 8"                        | LF     |      | 8904    |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 558   |         |       | 9,462             |
|     | 6228 | PAVEMENT SEALER 12"                       | LF     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 184   |         |       | 184               |
| 666 | 6229 | PAVEMENT SEALER 18"                       | LF     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 79    |         |       | 79                |
|     | 6230 | PAVEMENT SEALER 24"                       | LF     |      | 1497    |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 342   |         |       | 1,839             |
|     | 6231 | PAVEMENT SEALER (ARROW)                   | EA     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 24    |         |       | 24                |
|     | 6300 | RE PM W/RET REQ TY I(W)4"(BRK)(100MIL)    | LF     |      | 14081   |           |       |       |         |            |           |       | 240    |       |       |         |       | 14,321            |
|     | 6303 | RE PM W/RETREQ TY I(W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)     | LF 156 | 5226 | 110446  | 26149     | 61989 | 23256 | 42240   | 106656     | 100067    | 21270 | 148227 | 22885 | 1910  | 58735   | 71216 | 951,272           |
|     | 6312 | RE PM W/RETREQ TY I(Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL)     | LF 19  | 380  | 2475    | 3160      | 6250  | 2030  | 1170    | 10280      | 11890     |       | 17358  | 2720  | 2064  | 5370    | 3890  | 88,037            |
|     | 6315 | RE PM W/RETREQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)    | LF 96  | 538  | 111246  | 1870      | 29394 |       | 38501   | 8820       | 12581     | 22246 | 45883  | 2513  | 11687 | 31533   | 50818 | 376,730           |
|     | 6072 | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (8")(SLD)         | LF     |      | 8372    |           |       |       |         |            |           | 510   |        |       | 558   |         |       | 9,440             |
| -   | 6074 | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (12")(SLD)        | LF     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 184   |         |       | 184               |
|     | 6075 | PREFAB PAVMRK TY C (W) (18")(SLD)         | LF     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 79    |         |       | 79                |
|     | 6076 | PREFAB PAVMRK TY C (W) (24")(SLD)         | LF 2   | 24   | 1247    | 55        | 96    | 36    |         | 14         | 131       | 178   | 278    | 28    | 240   | 42      | 92    | 2,461             |
|     | 6077 | PREFAB PAVMRK TY C (W)(ARROW)             | EA     |      | 84      |           |       |       |         |            |           | 5     | 17     |       | 24    |         |       | 130               |
| 668 | 6078 | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (DBL ARROW)       | EA     |      | 4       |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       |       |         |       | 4                 |
|     | 6080 | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (UTURN ARROW)     | EA     |      | 4       |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       |       |         |       | 4                 |
|     | 6085 | PREFAB PAVMRK TY C (W)(WORD)              | EA     |      | 2       |           |       |       |         |            |           |       | 3      |       |       |         |       | 5                 |
|     | 6089 | PREFAB PAVMRK TY C (W)(RR XING)           | EA     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       | 2      |       |       |         |       | 2                 |
|     | 6092 | PREFAB PAVMRK TY C(W) (36")(YLD TRI)      | EA     |      | 150     |           |       |       |         |            |           |       | 24     |       |       |         |       | 174               |
|     | 6108 | PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (Y)(24") (SLD)        | LF     |      | 250     |           |       |       |         |            | 28        |       |        |       | 102   |         |       | 380               |
|     | 6006 | REFL PAV MRKR TY I-A                      | EA     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            | 317       |       |        |       |       |         |       | 317               |
|     | 6007 | REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C                      | EA     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           | 27    | 125    |       | 24    |         |       | 176               |
| 672 | 6009 | REFL PAVMRKR TY II-A-A                    | EA 10  | 067  | 770     | 178       | 711   | 102   | 538     | 623        | 695       | 169   | 1806   | 168   | 600   | 692     | 842   | 8,961             |
|     | 6010 | REFL PAV MRKR TYII-C-R                    | EA     |      | 1500    |           |       |       |         |            |           |       | 6      |       |       |         |       | 1,506             |
|     | 6001 | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")              | LF     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 15661 |         |       | 15,661            |
|     | 6003 | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")              | LF     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 558   |         |       | 558               |
|     |      | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (12")             | LF     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 184   |         |       | 184               |
|     |      | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (18")             | LF     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 79    |         |       | 79                |
| 677 | 6007 | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")             | LF     |      |         |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 342   |         |       | 342               |
|     |      | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ARROW)           | EA     |      | 84      |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       | 24    |         |       | 108               |
|     |      | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (DBL ARROW)       | EA     |      | 4       |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       |       |         |       | 4                 |
|     |      | ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (36")(YLD TRI)    | EA     |      | 150     |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       |       |         |       | 150               |
|     |      |   | EA     |      | //      |           |       |       |         |            |           |       |        |       |       |         |       | 4                 |

## QUANTITY SUMMARY



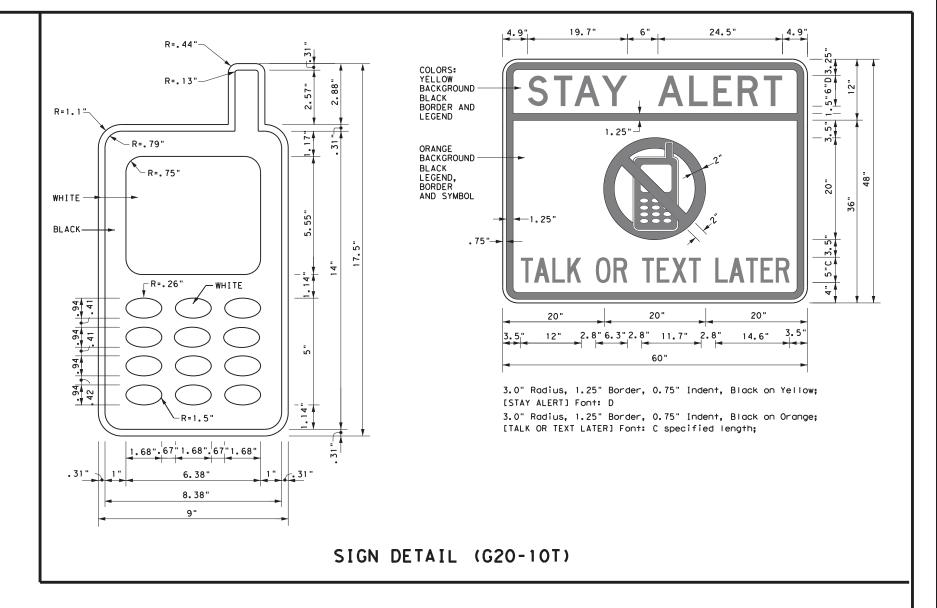
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|            |      | COUNTY  |      | CONTROL  | SECT  | JOB  | HIGHWAY |
|            | CHAN | MBERS,  | ETC. | 6375     | 23    | 001  | FM 562  |

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

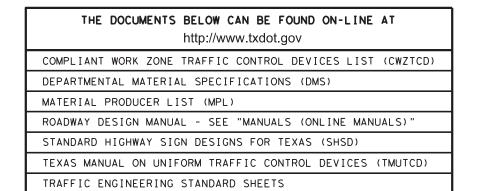
### WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118



SHEET 1 OF 12

Traffic Operations

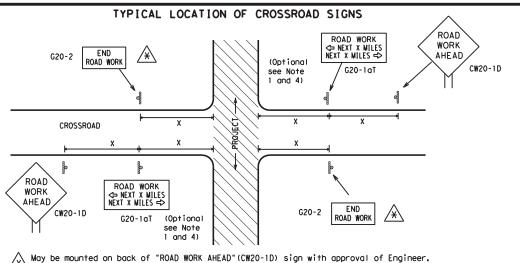
Texas Department of Transportation

Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

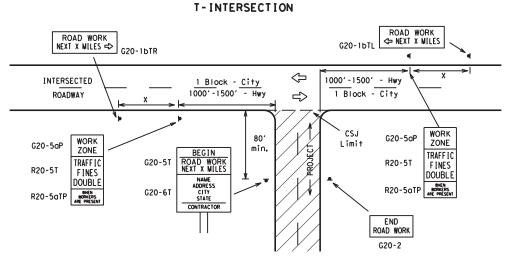
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| TxDOT      | November 2002     | CONT   | SECT  | JOB       |     | HI           | GHWAY     |  |
|            | REVISIONS         | 6375   | 23  | 001       |     | FM 562, ETC. |           |  |
| -03<br>-07 | 5-10 8-14<br>7-13 | DIST   |   | COUNTY    |     |              | SHEET NO. |  |
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- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.



### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices. such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

### SIZE

## onventional Expressway/ Freeway 48" × 48' 48" x 48" 36" × 36' 48" x 48' 48" x 48" 48" x 48"

### SPACING

| Posted<br>Speed | Sign <sup>Δ</sup><br>Spacing<br>"X" |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| MPH             | Feet<br>(Apprx.)                    |
| 30              | 120                                 |
| 35              | 160                                 |
| 40              | 240                                 |
| 45              | 320                                 |
| 50              | 400                                 |
| 55              | 500 <sup>2</sup>                    |
| 60              | 600 <sup>2</sup>                    |
| 65              | 700 2                               |
| 70              | 800 <sup>2</sup>                    |
| 75              | 900 <sup>2</sup>                    |
| 80              | 1000 <sup>2</sup>                   |
| *               | * 3                                 |

- \* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- $\Delta$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

### **GENERAL NOTES**

Sign

Number

or Series

CW204 CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7, CW8,

CW9, CW11

CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6,

CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS G20-9TP \* \* SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 PASS appropriate ROAD LIMIT OBEY BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES TRAFFIC R20-5T\* \* WORK FINES WARNING \* \* G20-5 CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS XX CW20-1D R20-5aTPX X ME PRESENT ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER \* \*R2-CW13-1P ROAD \* \*G20-6 WORK R20-3T\* WORK G20-10T \* \* AHEAD CONTRACTOR XX AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or MPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Leftrightarrow$ Beginning of — NO-PASSING $\Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ SPEED END (\*) WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* R2-1 LIMIT line should 3 X FND $\langle * \rangle | \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still location **NOTES** G20-2 X ) within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

WOD!

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- ackslash Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

|     | LEGEND  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| I   | Type 3 Barricade  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 000 | Channelizing Devices  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4   | Sign  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| x   | See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

SHEET 2 OF 12



Operation: Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-14

|         |               | -     | •    |           |       |                                      |           |
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|         | REVISIONS     | 6375  | 23   | 001       | F     | FM 56                                | 62, ETC   |
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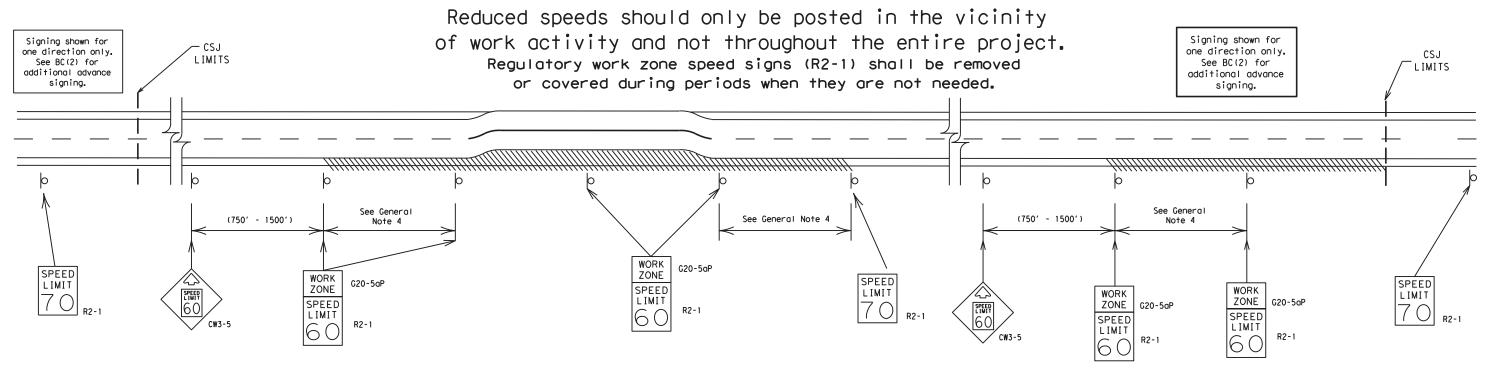
| ROAD<br>CLOSED R11-2  CW1-6  Type 3  Barricade or channelizing devices | ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D X X X | * * G20-5T    BEGIN   ROAD WORK   NEXT x MILES | SPEED LIMIT  ***R20-50P  RAFFIC FINES DOUBLE  ***R20-50TP  ***R20-50TP  X  X  X | TALK OR TEXT LATER  G20-10T  X  X  X  X  A  G20-3T  X  X  X  X  X  X  X  X  X  X  X  X  X |
|--|-------------------------------|--|---|---|
|  | Channelizing Devices          |  |   | <br>  |
| WORK SPACE   |                               | END ROAD WORK                                  | X SPEED R2-1  |   |

ROAD WORK

G20-2 \* \*

## TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

Traffic Operations Division Standard

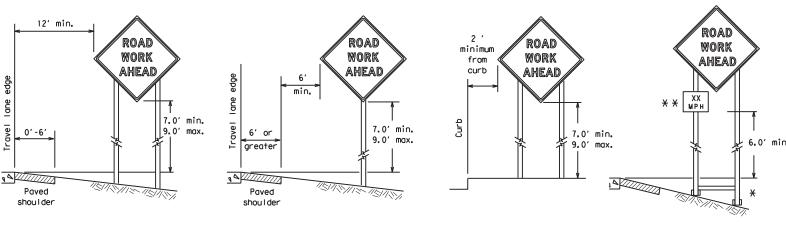
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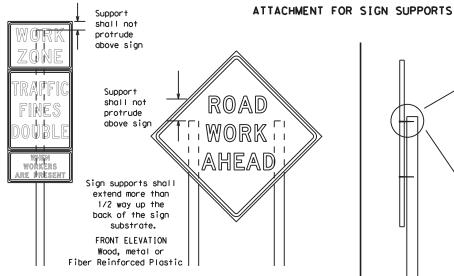
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### TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



- \* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
  - \* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



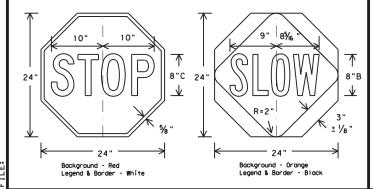
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- 2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and auide the travelina public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
  - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes,)

### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the payed surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1). White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlon shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over,
- the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

### FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

Operation: Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) - 14

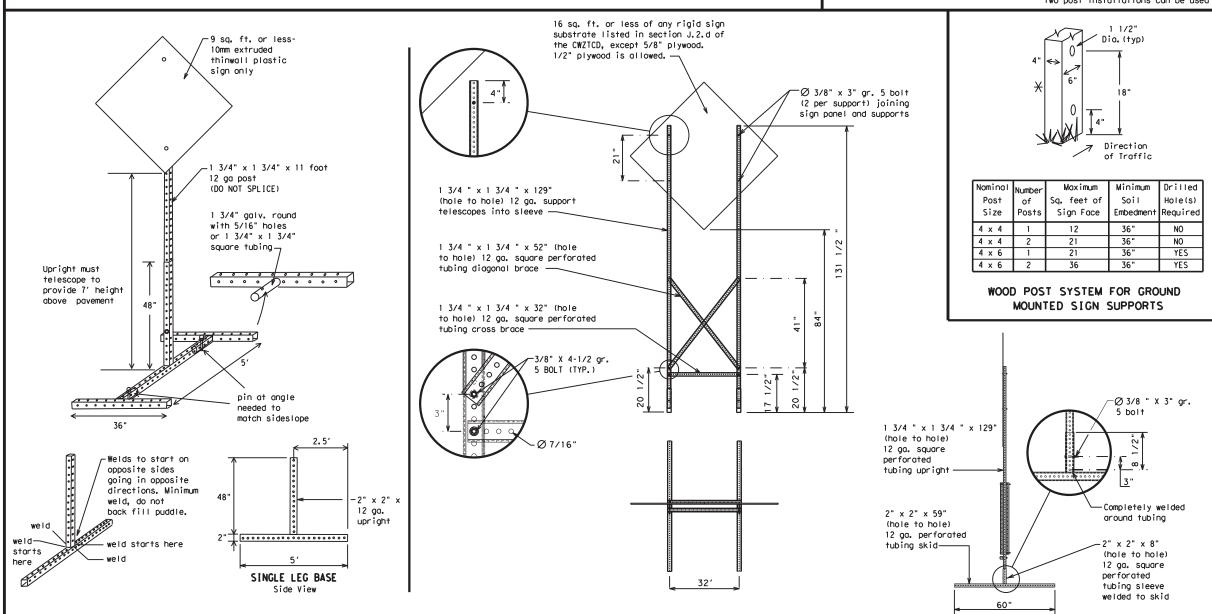
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| TxD0T | November 2002 | CONT  | SECT | JOB       |     |      | H]GHWAY |       |
|       | REVISIONS     | 6375  | 23   | 001       |     | FM : | 562, I  | ETC.  |
| 9-07  | 8-14          | DIST  |      | COUNTY    |     |      | SHEET   | NO.   |
| 7-13  |               | RMT   | Cho  | mbers.    | Fte | C    | 11      |       |

#### Post Post Post Post max. desirable desirable 34" min. in Optional strong soils, 48" reinforcing 55" min. in minimum sleeve -34" min. in See the CWZTCD weak soils. (1/2" larger strong soils for embedment than sian 55" min. in post) x 18' weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) -OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) WING CHANNEL PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

### GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

### **WEDGE ANCHORS**

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- . No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - $\times$  Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - $\triangle$  See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

## BC(5)-14

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| © TxD0T | November 2002 | CONT  | SECT   | JOB       |     | Н     | 1 GHWAY   |
| 9-07    | REVISIONS     | 6375  | 23   | 001       |     | FM    | 562, ETC  |
|         | 8-14          | DIST  | COUNTY   |           |     |       | SHEET NO. |
| 7-13    |               | BMT   | Cho  | mbers.    | Etc |       | 12        |

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit romp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

| WORD OR PHRASE        | ABBREVIATION | WORD OR PHRASE | ABBREVIATION |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| Access Road           | ACCS RD      | Major          | MAJ          |
| Alternate             | ALT          | Miles          | MI           |
| Avenue                | AVE          | Miles Per Hour | MPH          |
| Best Route            | BEST RTE     | Minor          | MNR          |
| Boulevard             | BLVD         | Monday         | MON          |
| Bridge                | BRDG         | Normal         | NORM         |
| Cannot                | CANT         | North          | N            |
| Center                | CTR          | Northbound     | (route) N    |
| Construction<br>Ahead | CONST AHD    | Parking        | PKING        |
| CROSSING              | XING         | Road           | RD           |
| Detour Route          | DETOUR RTE   | Right Lane     | RT LN        |
| Do Not                | DONT         | Saturday       | SAT          |
| East                  | F            | Service Road   | SERV RD      |
| Eastbound             | (route) E    | Shoulder       | SHLDR        |
|                       | EMER         | Slippery       | SLIP         |
| Emergency             |              | South          | S            |
| Emergency Vehicle     | EMER VEH     | Southbound     | (route) S    |
| Entrance, Enter       | ENT          | Speed          | SPD          |
| Express Lane          | EXP LN       | Street         | ST           |
| Expressway            | EXPWY        | Sunday         | SUN          |
| XXXX Feet             | XXXX FT      | Telephone      | PHONE        |
| Fog Ahead             | FOG AHD      | Temporary      | TEMP         |
| Freeway               | FRWY, FWY    | Thursday       | THURS        |
| Freeway Blocked       | FWY BLKD     | To Downtown    | TO DWNTN     |
| Friday                | FRI          | Traffic        | TRAF         |
| Hazardous Driving     |              | Trovelers      | TRVLRS       |
| Hazardous Material    |              | Tuesday        | TUES         |
| High-Occupancy        | HOV          | Time Minutes   | TIME MIN     |
| Vehicle               | HWY          | Upper Level    | UPR LEVEL    |
| Highway               |              | Vehicles (s)   | VEH. VEHS    |
| Hour(s)               | HR, HRS      | Warning        | WARN         |
| Information           | INFO         | Wednesday      | WED          |
| It Is                 | ITS          | Weight Limit   | WT LIMIT     |
| Junction              | JCT          | West           | W            |
| Left                  | LFT          | Westbound      | (route) W    |
| Left Lane             | LFT LN       | Wet Pavement   | WET PVMT     |
| Lane Closed           | LN CLOSED    | Will Not       | WONT         |
| Lower Level           | LWR LEVEL    |                | 1 11/11/1    |
| Maintenance           | MAINT        |                |              |

### Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

## RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

### Phase 1: Condition Lists

| Road/Lane/Ram               | o Closure List                 | Other Cond                     | lition List                   |   |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| FREEWAY<br>CLOSED<br>X MILE | FRONTAGE<br>ROAD<br>CLOSED     | ROADWORK<br>XXX FT             | ROAD<br>REPAIRS<br>XXXX FT    |   |
| ROAD<br>CLOSED<br>AT SH XXX | SHOULDER<br>CLOSED<br>XXX FT   | FLAGGER<br>XXXX FT             | LANE<br>NARROWS<br>XXXX FT    |   |
| ROAD<br>CLSD AT<br>FM XXXX  | RIGHT LN<br>CLOSED<br>XXX FT   | RIGHT LN<br>NARROWS<br>XXXX FT | TWO-WAY<br>TRAFFIC<br>XX MILE |   |
| RIGHT X<br>LANES<br>CLOSED  | RIGHT X<br>LANES<br>OPEN       | MERGING<br>TRAFFIC<br>XXXX FT  | CONST<br>TRAFFIC<br>XXX FT    |   |
| CENTER<br>LANE<br>CLOSED    | DAYTIME<br>LANE<br>CLOSURES    | LOOSE<br>GRAVEL<br>XXXX FT     | UNEVEN<br>LANES<br>XXXX FT    |   |
| NIGHT<br>LANE<br>CLOSURES   | I-XX SOUTH<br>EXIT<br>CLOSED   | DETOUR<br>X MILE               | ROUGH<br>ROAD<br>XXXX FT      |   |
| VARIOUS<br>LANES<br>CLOSED  | EXIT XXX<br>CLOSED<br>X MILE   | ROADWORK<br>PAST<br>SH XXXX    | ROADWORK<br>NEXT<br>FRI-SUN   |   |
| EXIT<br>CLOSED              | RIGHT LN<br>TO BE<br>CLOSED    | BUMP<br>XXXX FT                | US XXX<br>EXIT<br>X MILES     |   |
| MALL<br>DRIVEWAY<br>CLOSED  | X LANES<br>CLOSED<br>TUE - FRI | TRAFFIC<br>SIGNAL<br>XXXX FT   | LANES<br>SHIFT                | × |
| xxxxxxx                     |                                |                                |                               |   |

## Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

| Action to Take/E <sup>.</sup><br>Lis |                            | Location<br>List               | Warning<br>List             | ** Advance<br>Notice List   |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| MERGE<br>RIGHT                       | FORM<br>X LINES<br>RIGHT   | AT<br>FM XXXX                  | SPEED<br>LIMIT<br>XX MPH    | TUE-FRI<br>XX AM-<br>X PM   |
| DETOUR<br>NEXT<br>X EXITS            | USE<br>XXXXX<br>RD EXIT    | BEFORE<br>RAILROAD<br>CROSSING | MAXIMUM<br>SPEED<br>XX MPH  | APR XX-<br>XX<br>X PM-X AM  |
| USE<br>EXIT XXX                      | USE EXIT<br>I-XX<br>NORTH  | NEXT<br>X<br>MILES             | MINIMUM<br>SPEED<br>XX MPH  | BEGINS<br>MONDAY            |
| STAY ON<br>US XXX<br>SOUTH           | USE<br>I-XX E<br>TO I-XX N | PAST<br>US XXX<br>EXIT         | ADVISORY<br>SPEED<br>XX MPH | BEGINS<br>MAY XX            |
| TRUCKS<br>USE<br>US XXX N            | WATCH<br>FOR<br>TRUCKS     | XXXXXXX<br>TO<br>XXXXXXX       | RIGHT<br>LANE<br>EXIT       | MAY X-X<br>XX PM -<br>XX AM |
| WATCH<br>FOR<br>TRUCKS               | EXPECT<br>DELAYS           | US XXX<br>TO<br>FM XXXX        | USE<br>CAUTION              | NEXT<br>FRI-SUN             |
| EXPECT<br>DELAYS                     | PREPARE<br>TO<br>STOP      |                                | DRIVE<br>SAFELY             | XX AM<br>TO<br>XX PM        |
| REDUCE<br>SPEED<br>XXX FT            | END<br>SHOULDER<br>USE     |                                | DRIVE<br>WITH<br>CARE       | NEXT<br>TUE<br>AUG XX       |
| USE<br>OTHER<br>ROUTES               | WATCH<br>FOR<br>WORKERS    |                                |                             | TONIGHT<br>XX PM-<br>XX AM  |
| STAY<br>IN<br>LANE                   |                            | * * Se                         | e Application Guidelines N  | ote 6.                      |

### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
  8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR
CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)
PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE
UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION
OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS

SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

Operation: Division Standard

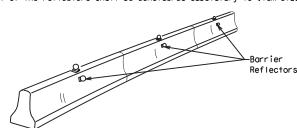


## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-14

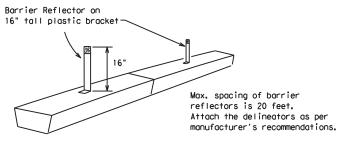
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| © TxD0T | November 2002 | CONT  | SECT   | JOB       |        | Н         | GHWAY     |
|         | REVISIONS     | 6375  | 23 001 |           | 001 FN |           | 562,ETC.  |
| 9-07    | 8-14          | DIST  | COUNTY |           |        | SHEET NO. |           |
| 7-13    |               | BMT   | Cho    | ombers,   | Etc    | ·.        | 13        |

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

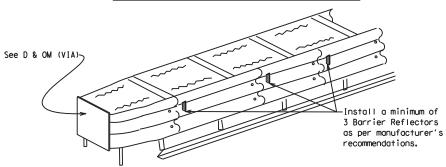


### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

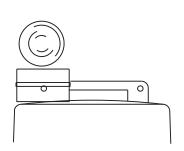


### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

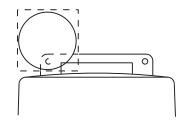
### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

## BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

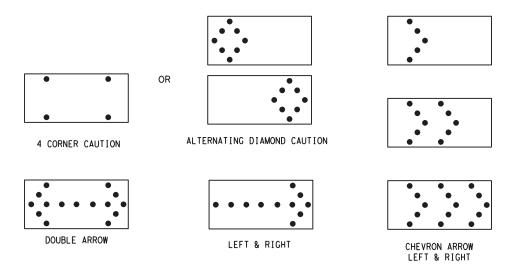
### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

|      | REQUIREMENTS    |                                  |                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| TYPE | MINIMUM<br>SIZE | MINIMUM NUMBER<br>OF PANEL LAMPS | MINIMUM<br>VISIBILITY<br>DISTANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| В    | 30 × 60         | 13                               | 3/4 mile                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| С    | 48 × 96         | 15                               | 1 mile                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

## FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Operation Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 14

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| © TxD0T   | November 2002 | CONT SECT |        | JOB       |     | н           | H]GHWAY   |  |
|           | REVISIONS     | 6375      | 23     | 001       |     | FM 562,ETC. |           |  |
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### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

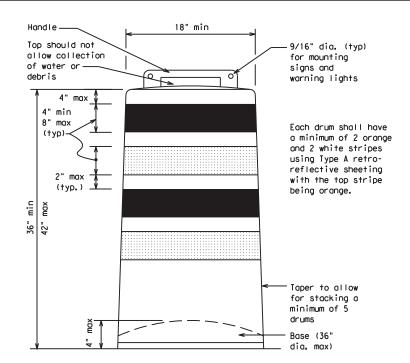
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be need down while separating the arum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

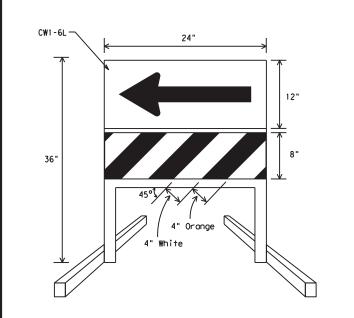
### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
   The ballast shall not be begun splicets water or any material that
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

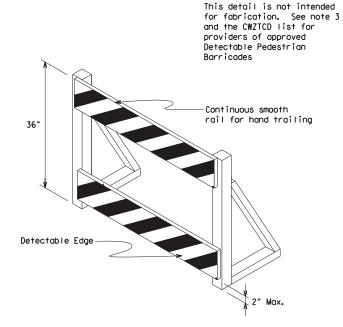




### DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional
- guidance to drivers is necessary.

  2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B<sub>FL</sub>or Type C<sub>FL</sub> Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List. Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{\rm FL}$  or Type  $C_{\rm FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

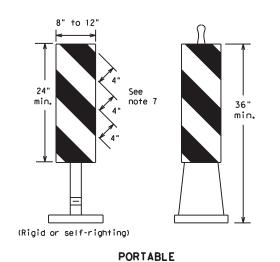
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-14

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| © TxD0T | November 2002 | CONT  | SECT | JOB       |     |       | H]GHWAY   |
|         | REVISIONS     | 6375  | 23   | 001       |     | FM 5  | 62, ETC   |
| 4-03 7  |               | DIST  |      | COUNTY    |     |       | SHEET NO. |
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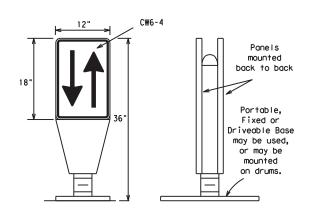


- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge
  of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes
  are to be reflective orange and reflective white and
  should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
   VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high
- speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic. 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- (CWZTCD).

  6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300,
- unless noted otherwise.

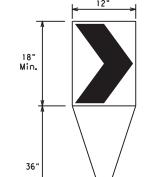
  7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

### VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



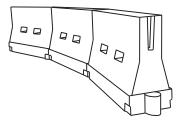
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

### **CHEVRONS**

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final powement surfaces, including powement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final powement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
  work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective defineation
  or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings.
   Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

| Posted<br>Speed | Formula               | D             | esirab<br>er Len<br>** | le            | Suggested Maximum<br>Spacing of<br>Channelizing<br>Devices |                 |  |
|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|---------------|--|-----------------|--|
| *               |                       | 10'<br>Offset | 11'<br>Offset          | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper  | On a<br>Tangent |  |
| 30              | 2                     | 150′          | 165′                   | 180′          | 30'  | 60′             |  |
| 35              | $L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$ | 2051          | 2251                   | 2451          | 35′  | 70′             |  |
| 40              | 80                    | 2651          | 295′                   | 3201          | 40'  | 80′             |  |
| 45              |                       | 450′          | 495′                   | 540'          | 45′  | 90′             |  |
| 50              |                       | 5001          | 550′                   | 600'          | 50′  | 100′            |  |
| 55              | L=WS                  | 550′          | 6051                   | 6601          | 55′  | 110′            |  |
| 60              | - 1, 5                | 600'          | 660′                   | 720′          | 60′  | 120′            |  |
| 65              |                       | 650′          | 715′                   | 7801          | 65′  | 130'            |  |
| 70              |                       | 700′          | 770′                   | 840′          | 70′  | 140′            |  |
| 75              |                       | 750′          | 825′                   | 9001          | 75′  | 150′            |  |
| 80              |                       | 800′          | 880′                   | 960′          | 80′  | 160′            |  |

\*\*X\*Taper lengths have been rounded off, L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

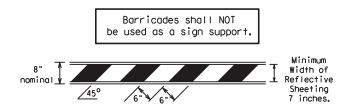
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -14

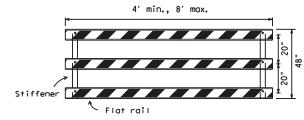
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| FILE:   | bc-14.dgn     | DN: T | <dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDO</td></dot<> | ck: TxDOT | DW: | TxDOT     | ck: TxDO |
| © TxD0T | November 2002 | CONT  | SECT   | JOB       |     | Н         | 1 GHWAY  |
|         | REVISIONS     | 6375  | 23   | 001       |     | FM 5      | 62, ETC. |
|         | 8-14          | DIST  | COUNTY   |           |     | SHEET NO. |          |
| 7-13    |               | BMT   | Cho  | mbers.    | Eto | o.        | 16       |

## TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

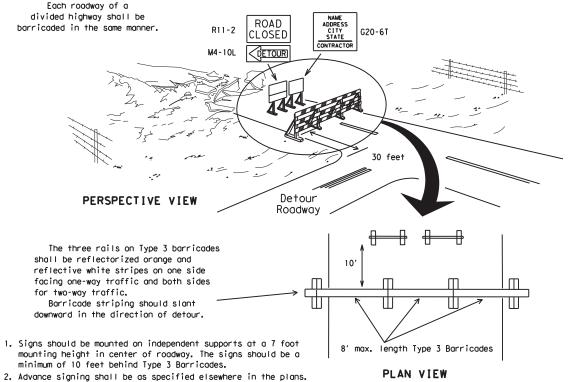


### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

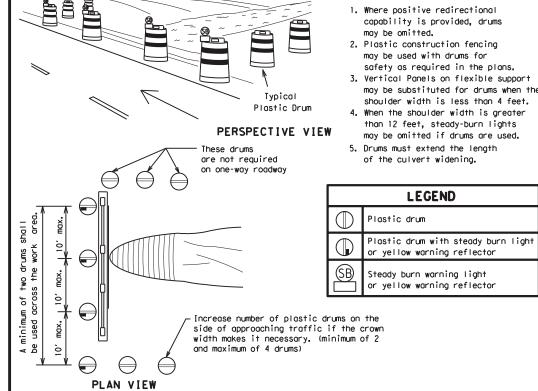


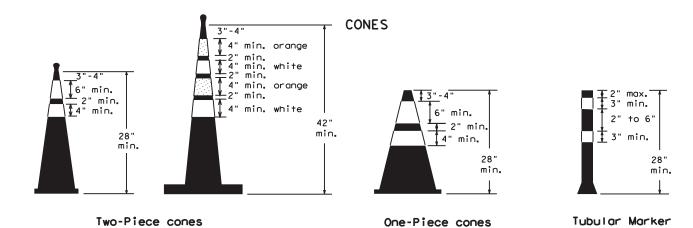
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

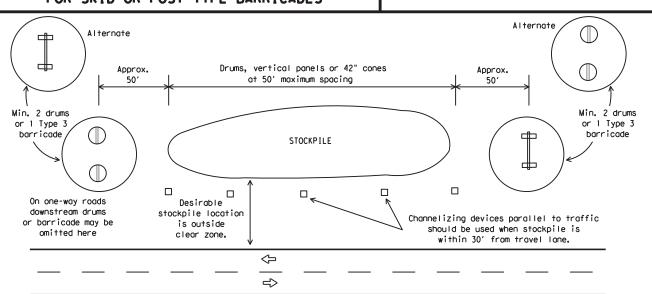
## TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



### TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION







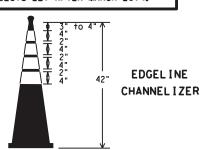
TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.
42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of

30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

## THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



- This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.
- This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

### SHEET 10 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

## BC(10)-14

| ILE:     | bc-14.dgn     | DN: T | OOT           | ck: TxDOT | DW:  | TxDC | T    | ск: TxDOT |
|----------|---------------|-------|---------------|-----------|------|------|------|-----------|
| C) TxDOT | November 2002 | CONT  | SECT          | JOB       |      |      | HIGH | HWAY      |
| 9-07     | REVISIONS     | 6375  | 23            | 001 FM    |      |      | 562  | 2, ETC.   |
|          | 8-14          | DIST  | COUNTY        |           |      |      | ŞI   | HEET NO.  |
| 7-13     |               | BMT   | Chambers, Etc |           | . 17 |      |      |           |

DATE:

### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

### **GENERAL**

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

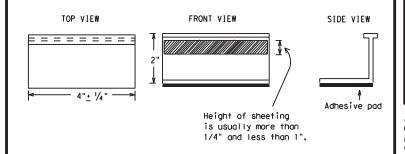
### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200,
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

| DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO                   | NS       |
|--|----------|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)                     | DMS-4200 |
| TRAFFIC BUTTONS                                      | DMS-4300 |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES                                  | DMS-6100 |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS             | DMS-6130 |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS            | DMS-8240 |
| TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8241 |
| TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS   | DMS-8242 |

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Operation: Division Standard



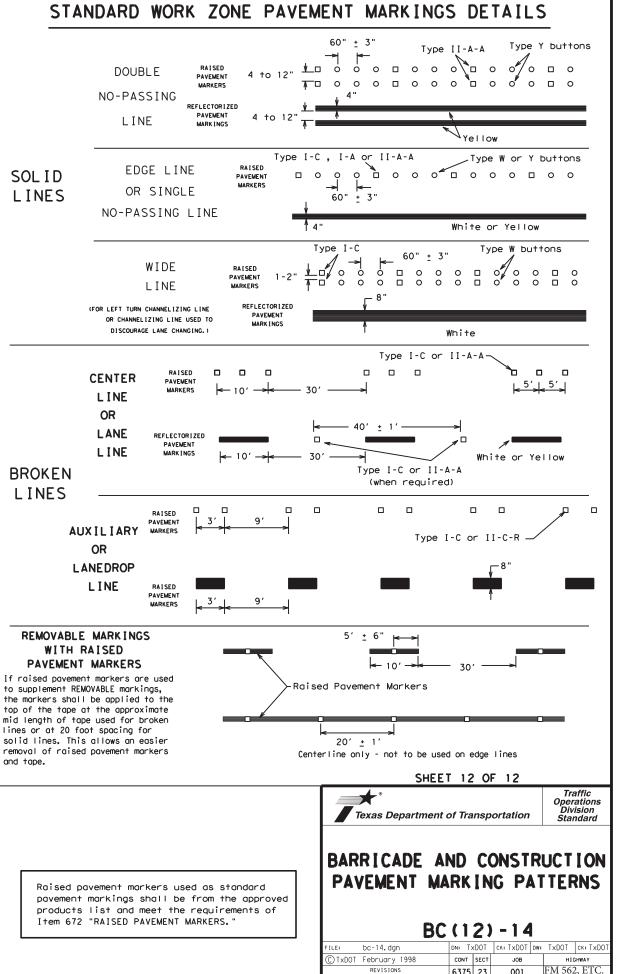
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-14

|           |               | -     |   |           | •    |       |           |       |
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| C) TxDOT  | February 1998 | CONT  | SECT  | JOB       |      | H     | I GHWAY   |       |
| 2-98 9-07 |               | 6375  | 23  | 001       |      | FM    | 562,      | Etc.  |
|           | · 13          | DIST  | COUNTY  |           |      |       | SHEET NO. |       |
| 11-02 8-  |               | BMT   | Ch  | ambers,   | Etc. |       | 18        | }     |

#### PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-A 10 to 12" Type II-A-A 100000000000 ₹> `Yellow Type II-A-Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A 00 □400 □,000 □ 010 0 □ 000 □ 000 □ 000 □ 00000000000 4 to 8" 与 Type Y buttons Type II-A-A-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons -Type I-C or II-C-R 000 000 000 000 Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons ₹> ₹> Type Y buttons Type I-A Yellow White 000 Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Type I-C Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY $\Diamond$ 000 000 000 White ↗ Type II-A-A Type Y buttons 0000000 <> $\langle \rangle$ 000 000 Type I-C RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type I-C-000 Туре $\langle \rangle$ ➪ 000 000 000 000 000 Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

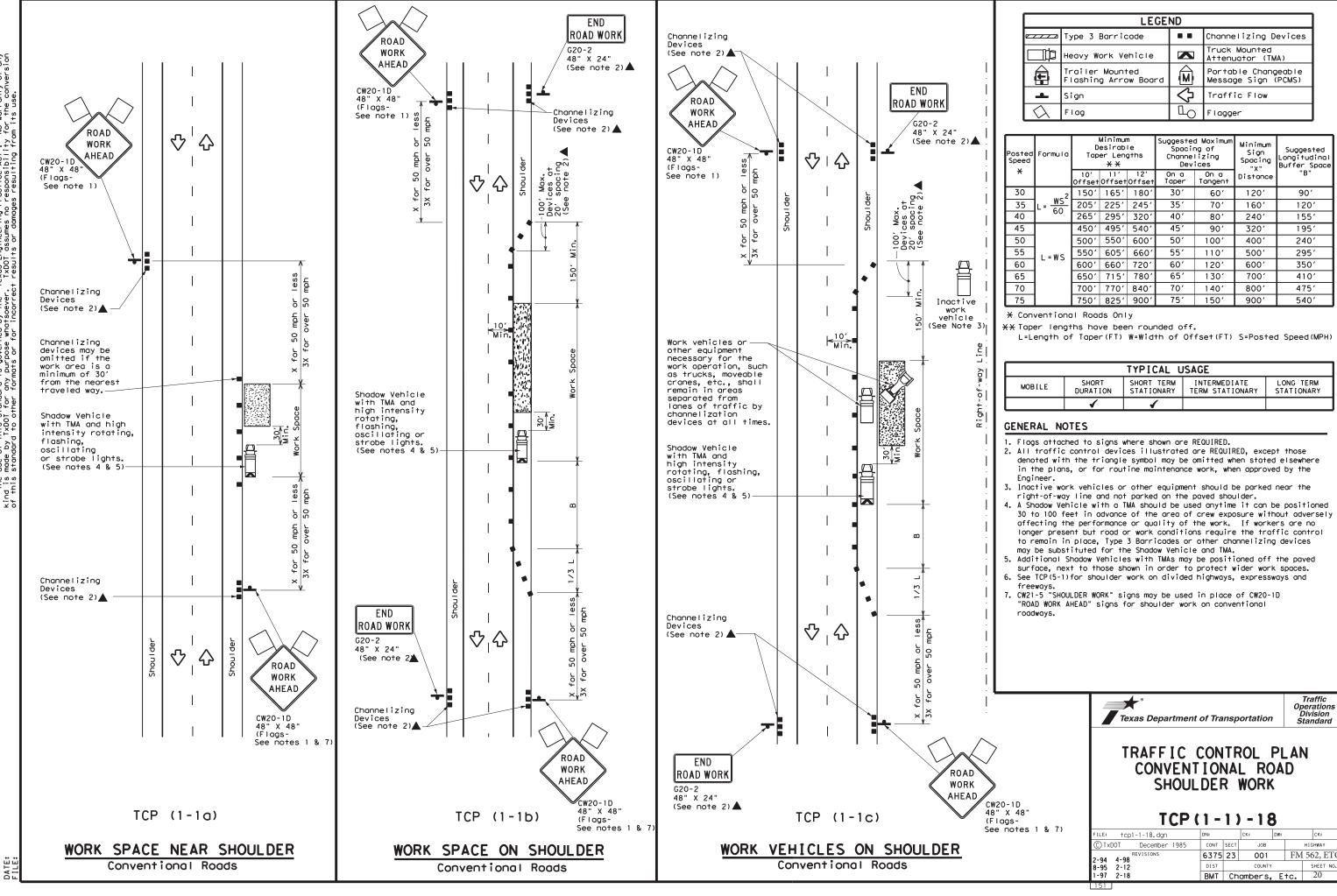


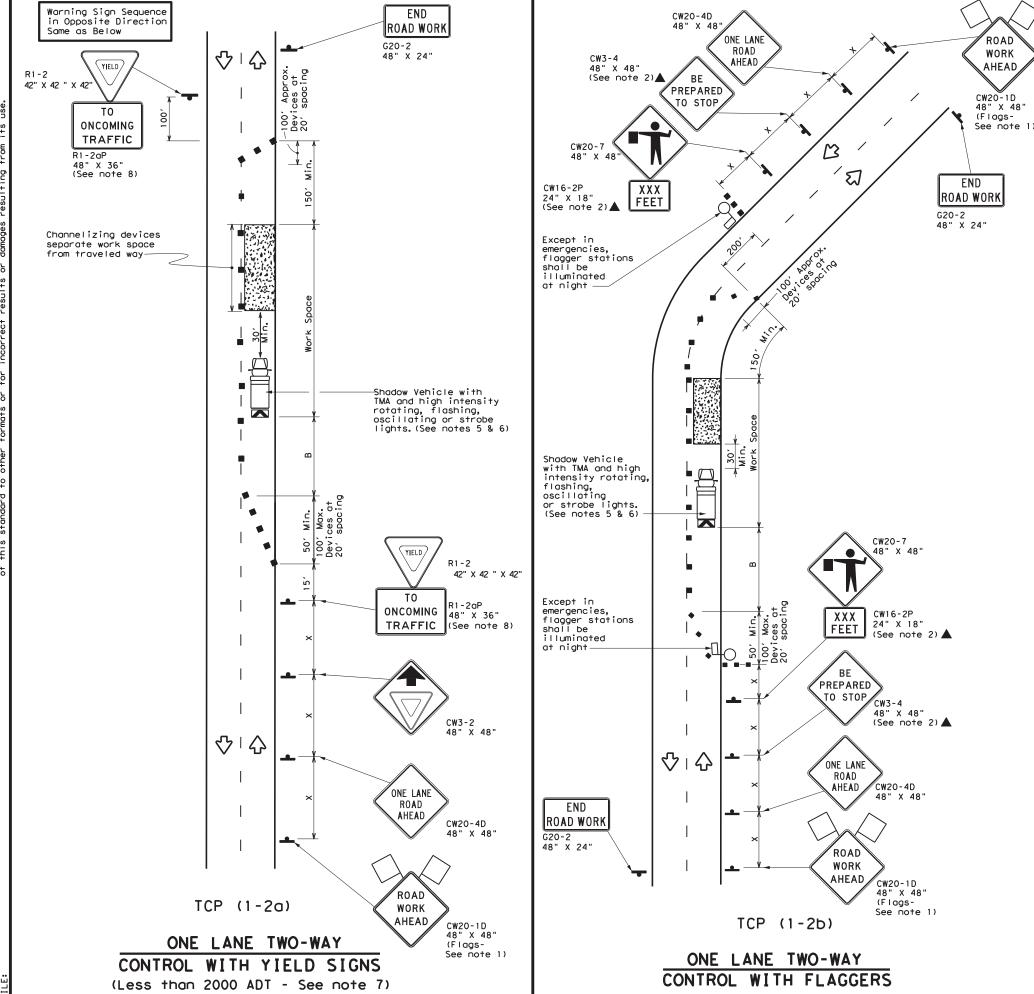
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BMT Chambers, Etc.





|   |            | LEGEND                                  |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|------------|---|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| I | ////       | Type 3 Barricade                        | • • | Channelizing Devices                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |            | Heavy Work Vehicle                      |     | Truck Mounted<br>Attenuator (TMA)          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |            | Trailer Mounted<br>Flashing Arrow Board | M   | Portable Changeable<br>Message Sign (PCMS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | <b>þ</b>   | Sign                                    | ♡   | Traffic Flow                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | $\Diamond$ | Flag                                    | ПО  | Flagger                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Posted<br>Speed | Formula               | D             | Minimum<br>esirab<br>er Lend<br>** | le            | Spacii<br>Channe |                 | Minimum<br>Sign<br>Spacing<br>"x" | Suggested<br>Longitudinal<br>Buffer Space | Stopping<br>Sight<br>Distance |
|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| *               |                       | 10'<br>Offset | 11'<br>Offset                      | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper    | On a<br>Tangent | Distance                          | "B"                                       |                               |
| 30              | 2                     | 150′          | 1651                               | 1801          | 30'              | 60′             | 120′                              | 90′                                       | 200'                          |
| 35              | $L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$ | 2051          | 225'                               | 245'          | 35′              | 70′             | 160′                              | 120′                                      | 250′                          |
| 40              | 80                    | 2651          | 2951                               | 3201          | 40′              | 80'             | 240′                              | 155′                                      | 305′                          |
| 45              |                       | 450′          | 4951                               | 540′          | 45′              | 90'             | 320′                              | 195′                                      | 360′                          |
| 50              |                       | 5001          | 550′                               | 600,          | 50′              | 100′            | 4001                              | 240′                                      | 425′                          |
| 55              | L=WS                  | 550′          | 6051                               | 660′          | 55′              | 110'            | 500′                              | 295′                                      | 495′                          |
| 60              | - " -                 | 6001          | 660'                               | 720′          | 60'              | 120'            | 600′                              | 350′                                      | 570′                          |
| 65              | 1                     | 650′          | 715′                               | 7801          | 651              | 130'            | 700′                              | 410′                                      | 645′                          |
| 70              |                       | 700′          | 7701                               | 840′          | 701              | 140′            | 800′                              | 475′                                      | 730′                          |
| 75              |                       | 750′          | 8251                               | 900′          | 75′              | 150′            | 900′                              | 540′                                      | 820′                          |

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE        | MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | 1   | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

### TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2oP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

### TCP (1-2b

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

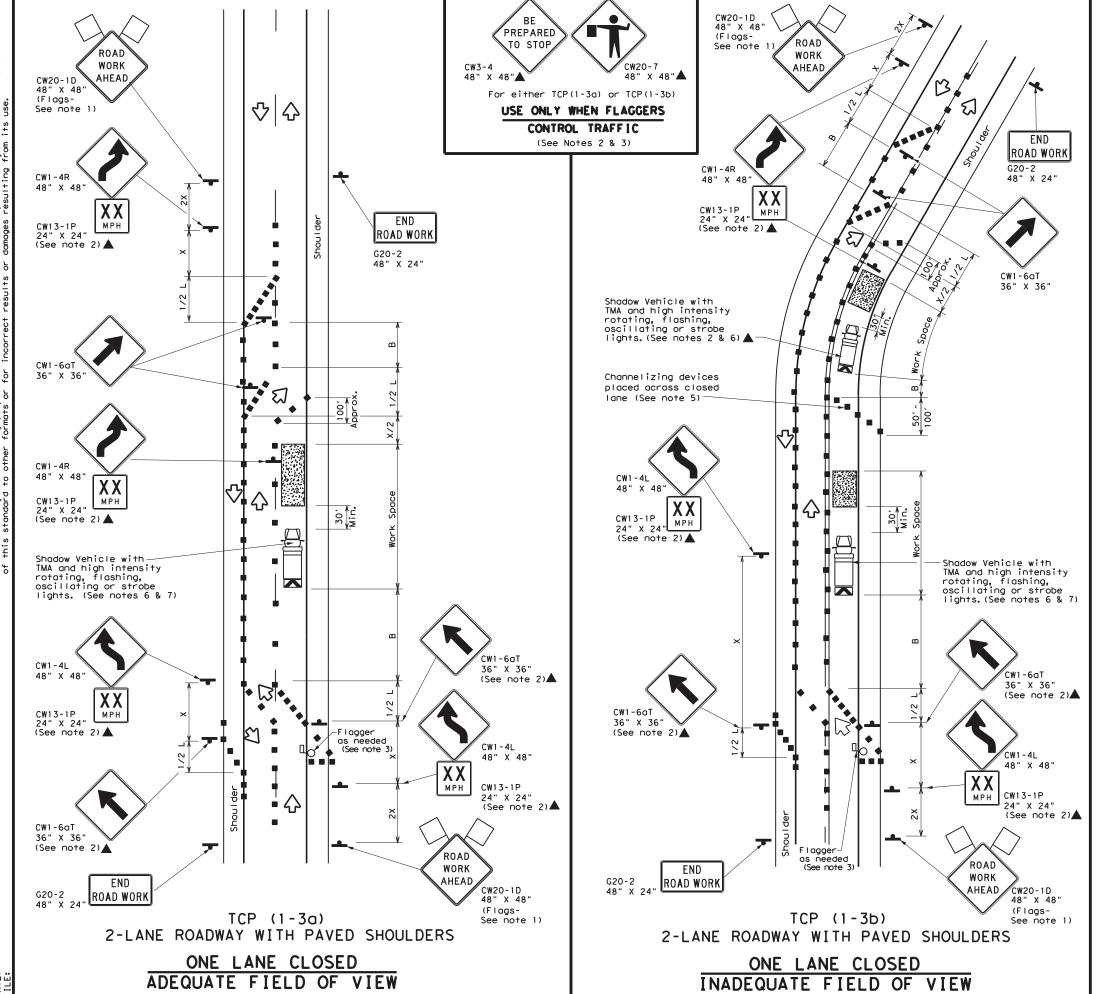


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

| FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn    | DN:  |      | CK:     | DW:  | CK:       |
|------------------------|------|------|---------|------|-----------|
| © TxDOT December 1985  | CONT | SECT | JOB     |      | HIGHWAY   |
| REVISIONS<br>4-90 4-98 | 6375 | 23   | 001     | FM   | 562, ETC. |
| 2-94 2-12              | DIST |      | COUNTY  |      | SHEET NO. |
| 1-97 2-18              | ВМТ  | Ch   | ambers, | E†c. | 21        |



|            | LEGEND                                  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ~~~        | Type 3 Barricade                        |    | Channelizing Devices                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | Heavy Work Vehicle                      |    | Truck Mounted<br>Attenuator (TMA)          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | Trailer Mounted<br>Flashing Arrow Board | M  | Portable Changeable<br>Message Sign (PCMS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -          | Sign                                    | ♡  | Traffic Flow                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\Diamond$ | Flag                                    | ПO | Flagger                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Posted<br>Speed | Formula         | D             | Minimur<br>esirab<br>er Len<br>* * | le            | Spaci:<br>Channe |                 | Minimum<br>Sign<br>Spacing<br>"X" | Suggested<br>Longitudinal<br>Buffer Space |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| *               |                 | 10'<br>Offset | 11'<br>Offset                      | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper    | On a<br>Tangent | Distance                          | "B"                                       |
| 30              | WS <sup>2</sup> | 150′          | 165′                               | 1801          | 30′              | 60′             | 120′                              | 90′                                       |
| 35              | L = WS          | 2051          | 2251                               | 2451          | 35′              | 70′             | 160′                              | 120′                                      |
| 40              | 80              | 2651          | 295′                               | 3201          | 40′              | 80′             | 240′                              | 155′                                      |
| 45              |                 | 450'          | 4951                               | 540'          | 45′              | 90′             | 320′                              | 195′                                      |
| 50              |                 | 500′          | 550′                               | 6001          | 50′              | 1001            | 400'                              | 240′                                      |
| 55              | L=WS            | 550′          | 605′                               | 6601          | 55′              | 110'            | 500′                              | 295′                                      |
| 60              | L 113           | 600′          | 660′                               | 720′          | 60′              | 120'            | 600′                              | 350′                                      |
| 65              |                 | 650′          | 715′                               | 780′          | 65′              | 130′            | 7001                              | 410′                                      |
| 70              |                 | 700′          | 770′                               | 840′          | 70'              | 140′            | 800'                              | 475′                                      |
| 75              |                 | 750′          | 825′                               | 9001          | 75′              | 150′            | 900′                              | 540′                                      |

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 1   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

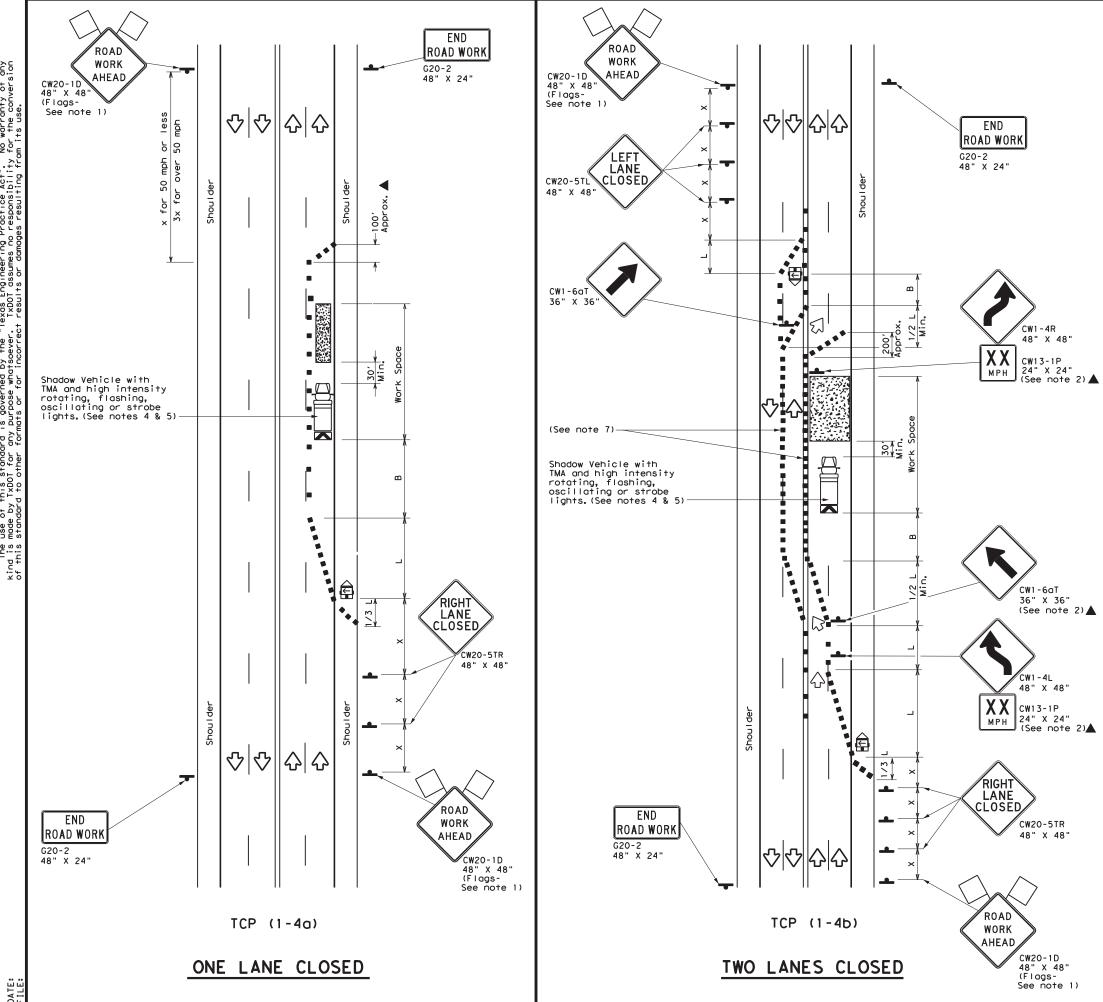


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

| FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn    | DN:  |      | CK:     | DW: |        | CK:       |
|------------------------|------|------|---------|-----|--------|-----------|
| © TxDOT December 1985  | CONT | SECT | JOB     |     | HIC    | HWAY      |
| REVISIONS<br>2-94 4-98 | 6375 | 23   | 001     | F   | FM 562 | 2, ETC.   |
| 8-95 2-12              | DIST |      | COUNTY  |     |        | SHEET NO. |
| 1-97 2-18              | ВМТ  | Ch   | ambers, | E+  | c.     | 22        |



|            | LEGEND                                  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ~~~        | Type 3 Barricade                        |    | Channelizing Devices                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | Heavy Work Vehicle                      |    | Truck Mounted<br>Attenuator (TMA)          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b></b>    | Trailer Mounted<br>Flashing Arrow Board | M  | Portable Changeable<br>Message Sign (PCMS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -          | Sign                                    | ♦  | Traffic Flow                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\Diamond$ | Flag                                    | ПО | Flagger                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Posted<br>Speed | Formula                 | D    | Minimur<br>esirab<br>er Lend<br>** | le            | Spacir<br>Channe |                 | Minimum<br>Sign<br>Spacing<br>"X" | Suggested<br>Longitudinal<br>Buffer Space |  |  |
|-----------------|-------------------------|------|------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| *               | *                       |      | 11'<br>Offset                      | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper    | On a<br>Tangent | Distance                          | "B"                                       |  |  |
| 30              | <u>  WS<sup>2</sup></u> | 150′ | 1651                               | 180′          | 301              | 60′             | 120′                              | 90′                                       |  |  |
| 35              | L = WS                  | 2051 | 225′                               | 245'          | 35′              | 70′             | 160′                              | 120′                                      |  |  |
| 40              | 60                      | 265′ | 295′                               | 3201          | 40′              | 80′             | 240'                              | 155′                                      |  |  |
| 45              |                         | 450′ | 495′                               | 540′          | 45′              | 90′             | 320′                              | 195′                                      |  |  |
| 50              |                         | 5001 | 550′                               | 600′          | 50'              | 100′            | 400′                              | 240′                                      |  |  |
| 55              | L=WS                    | 550′ | 605′                               | 660′          | 55′              | 110'            | 500′                              | 295′                                      |  |  |
| 60              | L - W 3                 | 600′ | 660′                               | 720′          | 60′              | 120'            | 600′                              | 350′                                      |  |  |
| 65              |                         | 650′ | 715′                               | 780′          | 65′              | 130′            | 700′                              | 410′                                      |  |  |
| 70              |                         | 700′ | 770′                               | 840′          | 70′              | 140′            | 800'                              | 475′                                      |  |  |
| 75              |                         | 750′ | 825′                               | 9001          | 75′              | 150′            | 900′                              | 540′                                      |  |  |

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- ₩ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE        | MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | 1   | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.

  4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

 Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

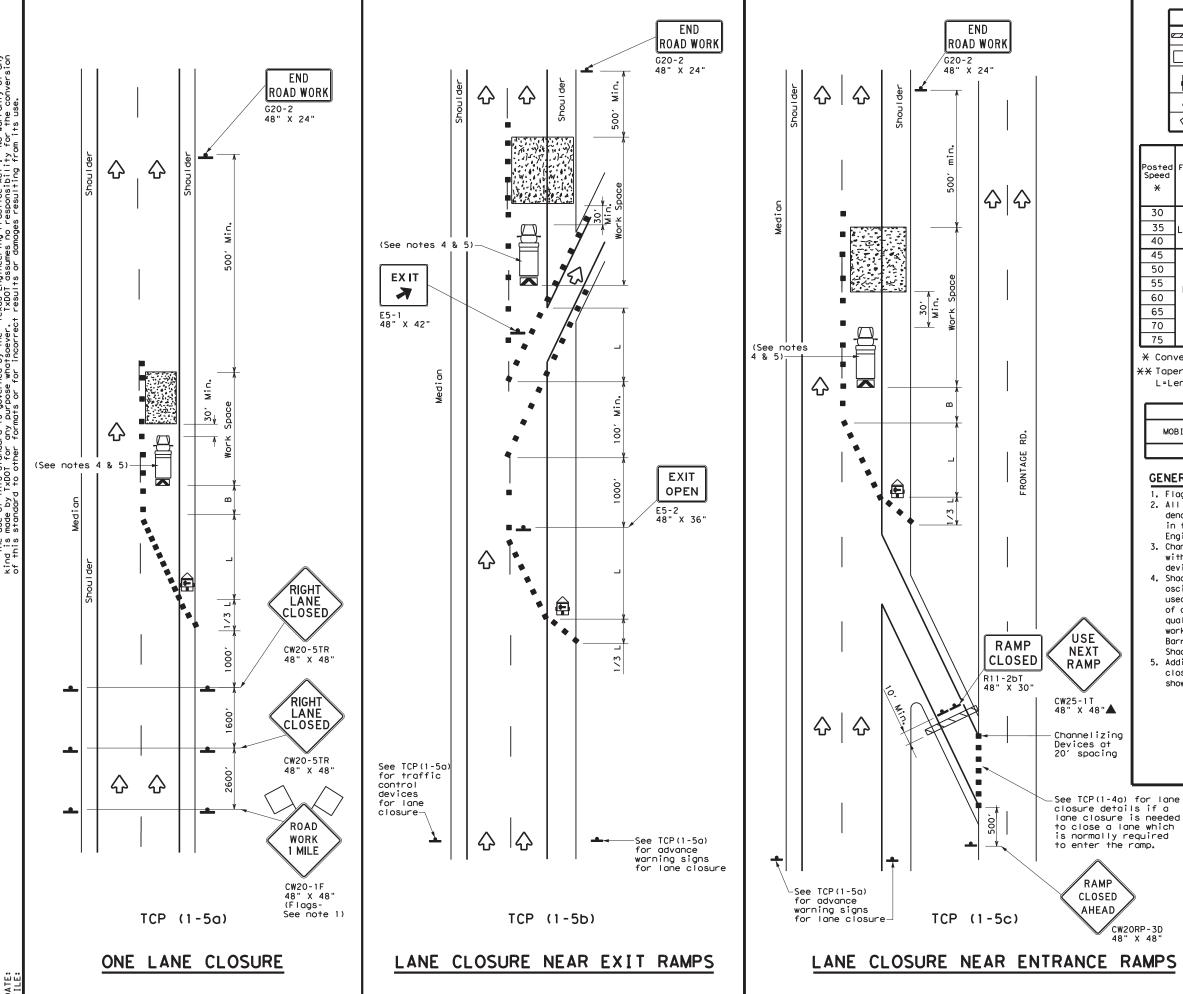


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

| FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn   | DN:  |      | CK:     | DW:      |       | CK:       |
|-----------------------|------|------|---------|----------|-------|-----------|
| © TxDOT December 1985 | CONT | SECT | JOB     | JOB HIGH |       | GHWAY     |
| 2-94 4-98 REVISIONS   | 6375 | 23   | 001     |          | FM 56 | 2, ETC.   |
| 8-95 2-12             | DIST |      | COUNTY  |          |       | SHEET NO. |
| 1-97 2-18             | ВМТ  | Ch   | ambers, | E+       | с.    | 23        |



|            | LEGEND                                  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ~~~        | Type 3 Barricade                        |    | Channelizing Devices                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | Heavy Work Vehicle                      |    | Truck Mounted<br>Attenuator (TMA)          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>E</b>   | Trailer Mounted<br>Flashing Arrow Board | M  | Portable Changeable<br>Message Sign (PCMS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4          | Sign                                    | ♡  | Traffic Flow                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\Diamond$ | Flag                                    | LO | Flagger                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            |   |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|                 | ,                 | - U   |               |               |  |                 |                                   |   |
|-----------------|-------------------|---|---------------|---------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
|                 |                   |   |               |               |  |                 |                                   |   |
| Posted<br>Speed | Formula           | Minimum<br>Desirable<br>Taper Lengths<br>** |               |               | Suggested Maximum<br>Spacing of<br>Channelizing<br>Devices |                 | Minimum<br>Sign<br>Spacing<br>"X" | Suggested<br>Longitudinal<br>Buffer Space |
| *               |                   | 10'<br>Offset                               | 11'<br>Offset | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper  | On a<br>Tangent | Distance                          | "B"                                       |
| 30              | = WS <sup>2</sup> | 150′  | 165′          | 1801          | 30′  | 60′             | 120′                              | 90′                                       |
| 35              | L = WS            | 2051  | 225′          | 245′          | 35′  | 70′             | 160′                              | 120′                                      |
| 40              | 80                | 265′  | 295′          | 3201          | 40′  | 80′             | 240'                              | 155′                                      |
| 45              |                   | 450′  | 495′          | 540′          | 45′  | 90′             | 3201                              | 195′                                      |
| 50              |                   | 500′  | 550′          | 600'          | 50′  | 100′            | 400′                              | 240′                                      |
| 55              | L=WS              | 550′  | 605′          | 660′          | 55′  | 110′            | 500′                              | 295′                                      |
| 60              | _ "3              | 600′  | 660′          | 7201          | 60′  | 120′            | 600′                              | 350′                                      |
| 65              |                   | 650′  | 715′          | 7801          | 65′  | 130′            | 700′                              | 410′                                      |
| 70              |                   | 700′  | 770′          | 840'          | 70′  | 140′            | 800′                              | 475′                                      |
| 75              |                   | 750′  | 825′          | 900′          | 75′  | 150′            | 900′                              | 540′                                      |

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE |                   |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE        | SHORT<br>DURATION | SHORT TERM<br>STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE<br>TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM<br>STATIONARY |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | 1                 |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

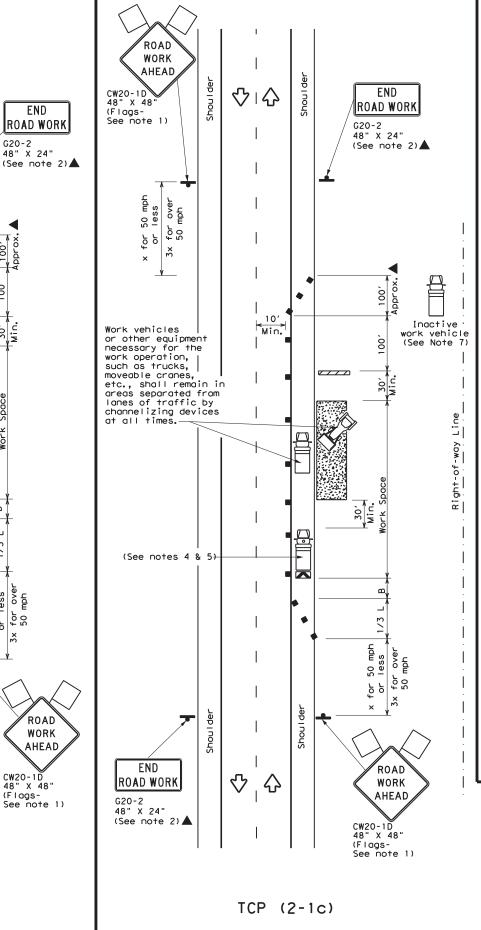
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(1-5)-18

| ILE: †   | cp1-5-18.dgn  | DN:  |      | CK:     | DW: |     |     | CK:  |      |
|----------|---------------|------|------|---------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| C) TxDOT | February 2012 | CONT | SECT | JOB     |     |     | HIC | HWAY | ,    |
| 2-18     | REVISIONS     | 6375 | 23   | 001     |     | FM  | 56  | 2,   | Etc. |
| 2-10     |               | DIST |      | COUNTY  |     |     | 5   | HEET | NO.  |
|          |               | ВМТ  | Ch   | ambers. | Е   | tc. |     | 2.   | 4    |



WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

END

ROAD WORK

ROAD

WORK **AHEAD** 

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

(Flags-See note 1)

G20-2

48" X 24"

LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board M Traffic Flow Sign  $\Diamond$ Flag Flagger

| Posted<br>Speed |                       |               | Minimum<br>Desirable<br>Taper Lengths<br>** |               | Spacii<br>Channe |                 | Minimum<br>Sign<br>Spacing<br>"X" | Suggested<br>Longitudinal<br>Buffer Space |  |
|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|---|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| *               |                       | 10'<br>Offset | 11'<br>Offset                               | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper    | On a<br>Tangent | Distance                          | "B"                                       |  |
| 30              | 2                     | 150′          | 1651  | 1801          | 30′              | 60′             | 120′                              | 90'                                       |  |
| 35              | $L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$ | 2051          | 225′  | 245'          | 35′              | 70′             | 160′                              | 120'                                      |  |
| 40              | 80                    | 2651          | 2951  | 3201          | 40'              | 80′             | 240′                              | 155′                                      |  |
| 45              |                       | 4501          | 4951  | 540′          | 45′              | 90′             | 320′                              | 195′                                      |  |
| 50              |                       | 500′          | 550′  | 6001          | 50′              | 100′            | 400′                              | 240′                                      |  |
| 55              | L=WS                  | 550′          | 605′  | 660′          | 55′              | 110'            | 500′                              | 295′                                      |  |
| 60              | - " -                 | 600′          | 660′  | 720′          | 60′              | 120'            | 600′                              | 350′                                      |  |
| 65              |                       | 650′          | 715′  | 7801          | 65′              | 130′            | 700′                              | 410′                                      |  |
| 70              |                       | 7001          | 770′  | 840′          | 701              | 140′            | 800′                              | 475′                                      |  |
| 75              |                       | 750′          | 8251  | 900'          | 75′              | 150'            | 900′                              | 540′                                      |  |

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE        | MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | 1 1 1   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

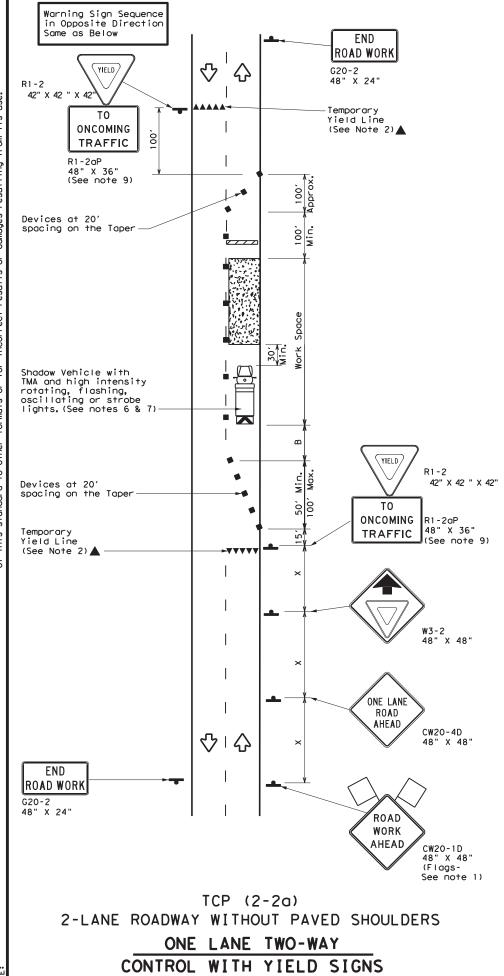
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

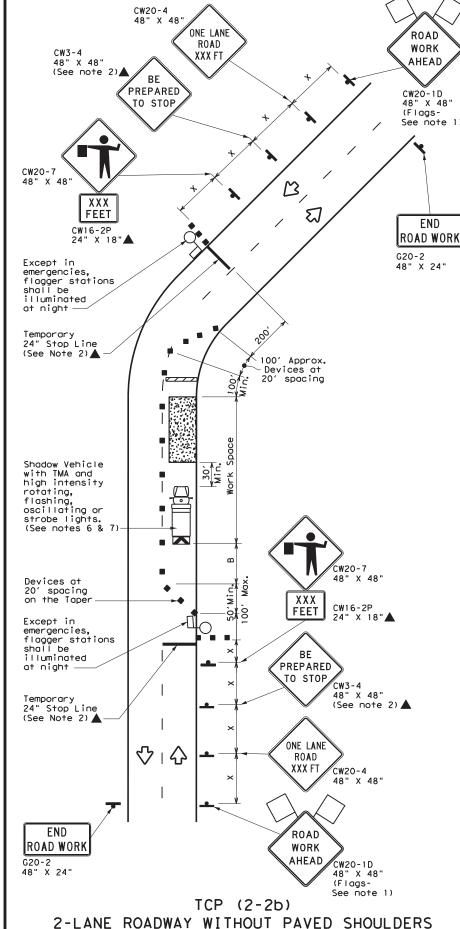
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

|                       | _    | - •  |           |      |       |           |
|-----------------------|------|------|-----------|------|-------|-----------|
| LE: tcp2-1-18.dgn     | DN:  |      | CK:       | DW:  |       | CK:       |
| TxDOT December 1985   | CONT | SECT | JOB       |      | ніс   | SHWAY     |
| REVISIONS<br>-94 4-98 | 6375 | 23   | 001       | F    | M 562 | e, Etc.   |
| -94 4-96<br>-95 2-12  | DIST |      | COUNTY    |      |       | SHEET NO. |
| -97 2-18              | ВМТ  |      | Chambers, | E†c. |       | 25        |



(Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)



ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

| LEGEND     |   |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|            | Type 3 Barricade                        | • • | Channelizing Devices                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | Heavy Work Vehicle                      |     | Truck Mounted<br>Attenuator (TMA)          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b></b>    | Trailer Mounted<br>Flashing Arrow Board | M   | Portable Changeable<br>Message Sign (PCMS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4          | Sign                                    | ♡   | Traffic Flow                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\Diamond$ | Flag                                    | ПО  | Flagger                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            |   | ,   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Posted<br>Speed | Formula         | <b> </b> D    | Minimur<br>esirab<br>er Len<br>** | le            | Suggested Maximum<br>Spacing of<br>Channelizing<br>Devices |                 | Minimum<br>Sign<br>Spacing<br>"X" | Suggested<br>Longitudinal<br>Buffer Space | Stopping<br>Sight<br>Distance |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| *               |                 | 10'<br>Offset | 11'<br>Offset                     | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper  | On a<br>Tangent | Distance                          | "B"                                       |                               |
| 30              | ws <sup>2</sup> | 150′          | 1651                              | 180′          | 30'  | 60′             | 120'                              | 90′                                       | 200′                          |
| 35              | L = WS          | 2051          | 2251                              | 2451          | 35′  | 70′             | 160′                              | 120′                                      | 250′                          |
| 40              | 80              | 265′          | 295′                              | 3201          | 40'  | 80'             | 240'                              | 1551                                      | 305′                          |
| 45              |                 | 450′          | 4951                              | 540'          | 45′  | 90′             | 320′                              | 195′                                      | 360'                          |
| 50              |                 | 5001          | 550′                              | 6001          | 50′  | 100′            | 400′                              | 240′                                      | 425′                          |
| 55              | L=WS            | 550′          | 6051                              | 660′          | 55′  | 110′            | 500′                              | 295′                                      | 495′                          |
| 60              | - "3            | 600′          | 660′                              | 720′          | 60′  | 120'            | 600'                              | 350'                                      | 570′                          |
| 65              |                 | 650′          | 715′                              | 780′          | 65′  | 130′            | 700′                              | 410′                                      | 645'                          |
| 70              |                 | 700′          | 770′                              | 840'          | 70′  | 140′            | 8001                              | 475′                                      | 730'                          |
| 75              |                 | 750′          | 825′                              | 9001          | 75′  | 150′            | 900′                              | 540′                                      | 820′                          |

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE |                   |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE        | SHORT<br>DURATION | SHORT TERM<br>STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE<br>TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM<br>STATIONARY |  |  |  |  |  |
|               |                   |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol
  may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
  by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

### TCP (2-2b)

- 10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

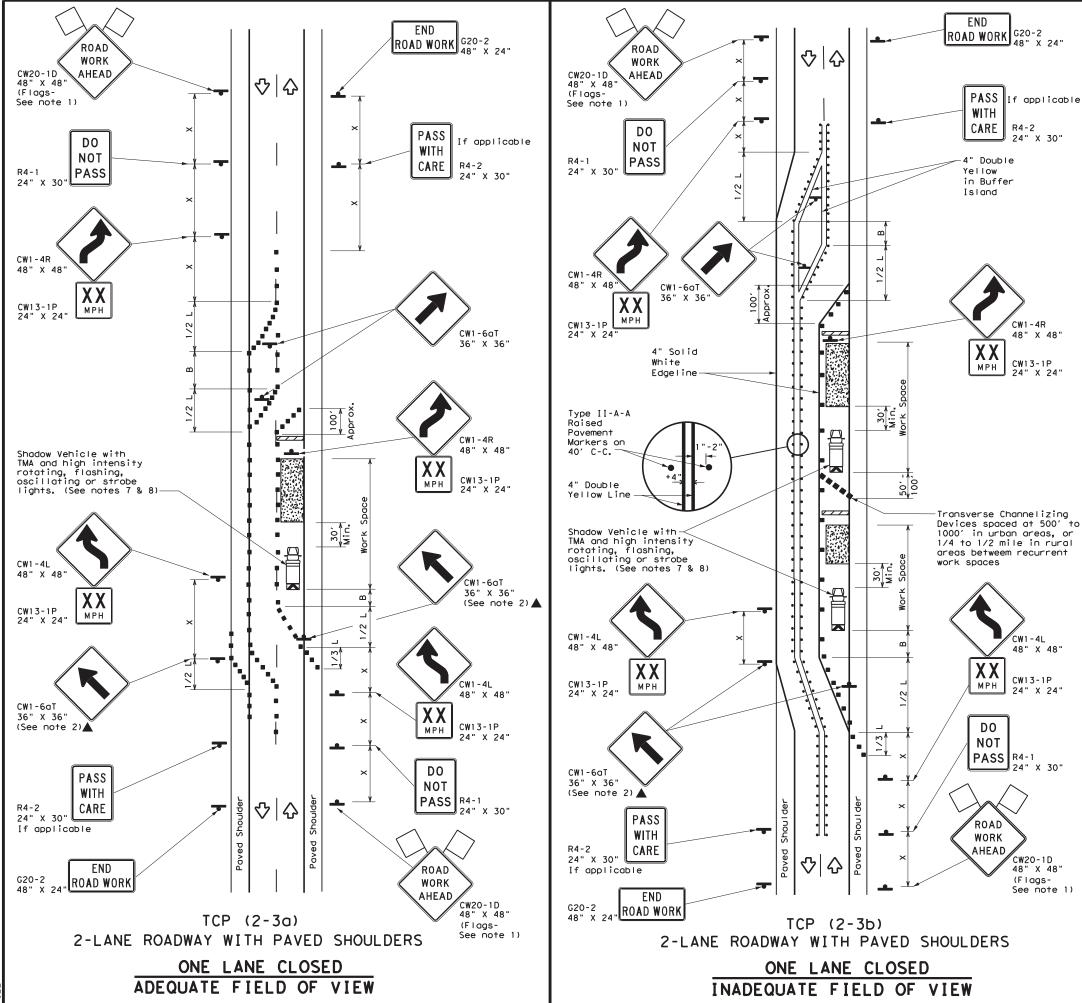


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

| ILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn   | DN:  |      | CK:       | DW:  | CK:         |
|----------------------|------|------|-----------|------|-------------|
| ①TxDOT December 1985 | CONT | SECT | JOB       |      | H]GHWAY     |
| 8-95 3-03            | 6375 | 23   | 001       | F    | M 562, E†c. |
| 1-97 2-12            | DIST |      | COUNTY    |      | SHEET NO.   |
| 4-98 2-18            | ВМТ  |      | Chambers, | Etc. | 26          |



| LEGEND     |   |      |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| ~~~        | Type 3 Barricade                        |      | Channelizing Devices                |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | Heavy Work Vehicle                      |      | Truck Mounted<br>Attenuator (TMA)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>E</b>   | Trailer Mounted<br>Flashing Arrow Board | •••• | Raised Pavement<br>Markers Ty II-AA |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4          | Sign                                    | ∿    | Traffic Flow                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\Diamond$ | Flag                                    | ПО   | Flagger                             |  |  |  |  |  |

| Posted<br>Speed | Formula | * *           |               |               | Spacir<br>Channe |                 | Minimum<br>Sign<br>Spacing<br>"X" | Suggested<br>Longitudinal<br>Buffer Space |
|-----------------|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| *               |         | 10'<br>Offset | 11'<br>Offset | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper    | On a<br>Tangent | Distance                          | "B"                                       |
| 30              | ws²     | 150′          | 1651          | 180′          | 30'              | 60′             | 120'                              | 90′                                       |
| 35              | L = WS  | 2051          | 225′          | 245'          | 35′              | 70′             | 160′                              | 120′                                      |
| 40              | 60      | 265′          | 295′          | 3201          | 40′              | 80′             | 240'                              | 155′                                      |
| 45              |         | 450′          | 495′          | 540'          | 45′              | 90′             | 3201                              | 195′                                      |
| 50              |         | 500′          | 5501          | 6001          | 50′              | 100′            | 400′                              | 240′                                      |
| 55              | L=WS    | 550′          | 605′          | 660′          | 55′              | 110′            | 500′                              | 295′                                      |
| 60              | L - W 3 | 600'          | 660′          | 7201          | 60′              | 120′            | 600′                              | 350′                                      |
| 65              |         | 650′          | 715′          | 7801          | 65′              | 1301            | 700′                              | 410′                                      |
| 70              |         | 700′          | 770′          | 840′          | 70′              | 140′            | 800′                              | 475′                                      |
| 75              |         | 750′          | 8251          | 900'          | 75′              | 150′            | 900'                              | 540′                                      |

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE |                   |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE        | SHORT<br>DURATION | SHORT TERM<br>STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE<br>TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM<br>STATIONARY |  |  |  |  |
|               |                   |                          |                                 | TCP (2-3b) ONLY         |  |  |  |  |
| 1 1           |                   |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |

### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing povement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue.
  The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- i. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- 6. Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### TCP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(5) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO-LANE ROADS

TCP(2-3)-18

| F | ILE:     | tcp(2-3)-18.dgn | DN:  |      | CK:       | DW: |     | CK:       |
|---|----------|-----------------|------|------|-----------|-----|-----|-----------|
| ( | C) TxDOT | December 1985   | CONT | SECT | JOB       |     |     | HIGHWAY   |
|   | 8-95 3-  | REVISIONS       | 6375 | 23   | 001       |     | FM  | 562, ETC. |
|   | 1-97 2-  |                 | DIST |      | COUNTY    |     |     | SHEET NO. |
| 1 | 4-98 2-  | 18              | ВМТ  |      | Chambers, | E†  | ·c. | 27        |

|            | LEGEND                                  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ~~~        | Type 3 Barricade                        |    | Channelizing Devices                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | Heavy Work Vehicle                      |    | Truck Mounted<br>Attenuator (TMA)          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>₽</b>   | Trailer Mounted<br>Flashing Arrow Board | M  | Portable Changeable<br>Message Sign (PCMS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| •          | Sign                                    | ∿  | Traffic Flow                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\Diamond$ | Flag                                    | ПО | Flagger                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| _               | V \             |   |               |               |                                  |                 |                                   |   |
|-----------------|-----------------|---|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Posted<br>Speed | Formula         | Minimum<br>Desirable<br>Taper Lengths<br>** |               |               | esirable Spacing of Channelizing |                 | Minimum<br>Sign<br>Spacing<br>"X" | Suggested<br>Longitudinal<br>Buffer Space |
| *               |                 | 10'<br>Offset                               | 11'<br>Offset | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper                    | On a<br>Tangent | Distance                          | "B"                                       |
| 30              | WS <sup>2</sup> | 150′  | 1651          | 180'          | 30'                              | 60′             | 120'                              | 90'                                       |
| 35              | L = WS          | 2051  | 2251          | 2451          | 35′                              | 701             | 160′                              | 120′                                      |
| 40              | 80              | 265′  | 2951          | 320′          | 40′                              | 80'             | 240'                              | 155′                                      |
| 45              |                 | 450′  | 4951          | 540'          | 45′                              | 90'             | 320'                              | 195′                                      |
| 50              |                 | 500′  | 550′          | 6001          | 50′                              | 100′            | 400'                              | 240′                                      |
| 55              | L=WS            | 550′  | 6051          | 660′          | 55′                              | 110'            | 500′                              | 295′                                      |
| 60              | - ""            | 600′  | 660′          | 720′          | 60′                              | 120'            | 600'                              | 350′                                      |
| 65              |                 | 650′  | 715′          | 780′          | 65′                              | 130′            | 700′                              | 410′                                      |
| 70              |                 | 700′  | 770′          | 840'          | 70′                              | 140′            | 8001                              | 475′                                      |
| 75              |                 | 750′  | 8251          | 900′          | 75′                              | 150′            | 900'                              | 540′                                      |

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

|        | TYPICAL USAGE     |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |
|--------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| MOBILE | SHORT<br>DURATION | SHORT TERM<br>STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE<br>TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM<br>STATIONARY |  |  |  |
|        |                   | ✓                        | ✓                               |                         |  |  |  |

### GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- 1. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

### TCP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

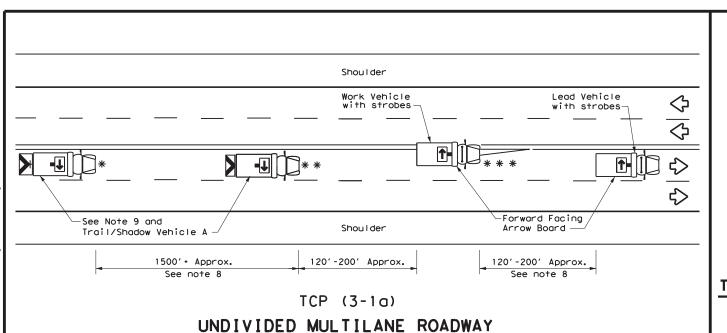


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

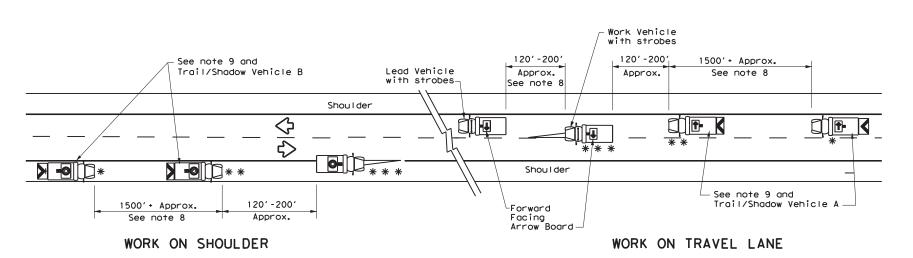
| FILE: tcp2- | -4-18.dgn     | DN:  |      | CK:       | DW:  |       | CK:       |
|-------------|---------------|------|------|-----------|------|-------|-----------|
| © TxDOT     | December 1985 | CONT | SECT | JOB       |      | HIO   | GHWAY     |
| 8-95 3-03 F | REVISIONS     | 6375 | 23   | 001       | I    | FM 56 | 2, ETC.   |
| 1-97 2-12   |               | DIST |      | COUNTY    |      |       | SHEET NO. |
| 4-98 2-18   |               | ВМТ  |      | Chambers, | Etc. | .   : | 28        |



## X VEHICLE WORK CONVOY CONVOY CW21-10cT CW21-10aT 72" X 36" •••••• X VEHICLE CONVOY

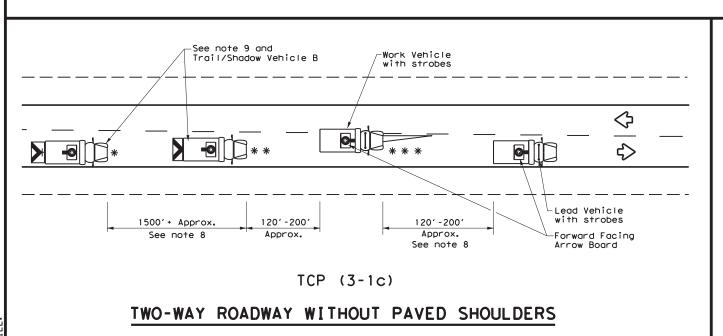
## TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

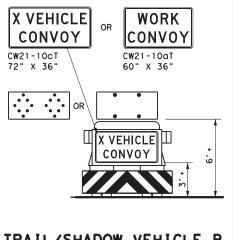
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

## TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





## TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

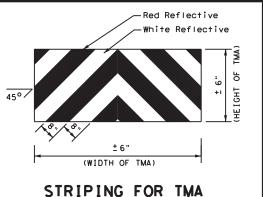
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

|       | LEGEND                            |          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-----------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| *     | Trail Vehicle                     |          | ARROW BOARD DISPLAY                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * *   | Shadow Vehicle                    |          | ANNOW BOAND DISIEAT                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * * * | Work Vehicle                      |          | RIGHT Directional                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | Heavy Work Vehicle                | <b>—</b> | LEFT Directional                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | Truck Mounted<br>Attenuator (TMA) | <b>#</b> | Double Arrow                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ⟨→    | Traffic Flow                      | 0        | CAUTION (Alternating<br>Diamond or 4 Corner Flash) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|        | TYPICAL USAGE     |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE | SHORT<br>DURATION | SHORT TERM<br>STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE<br>TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM<br>STATIONARY |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1      |                   |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |

### GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL. SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



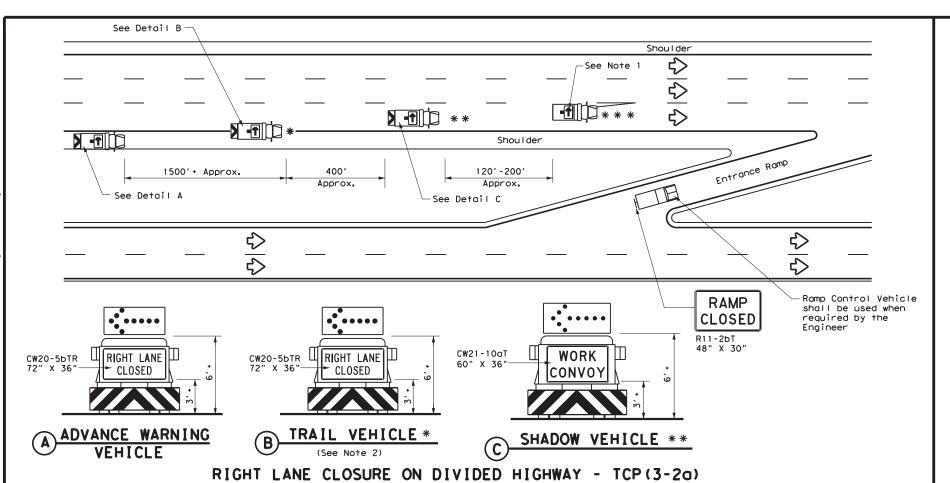


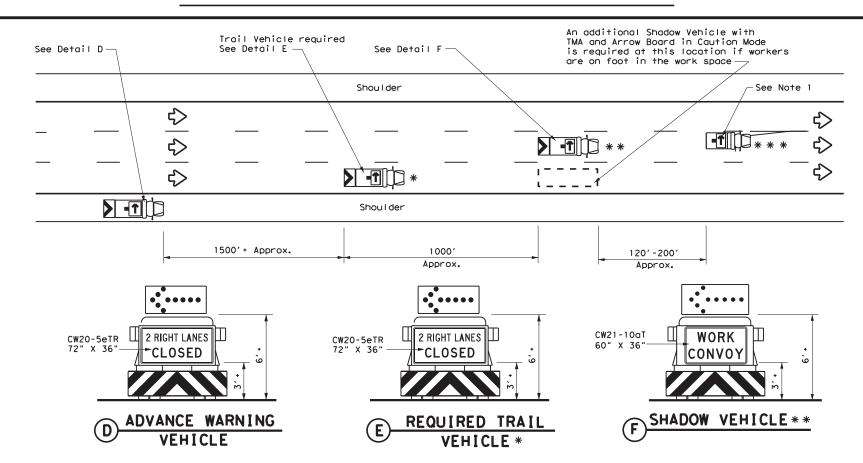
## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-1)-13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

| FILE: tcp3-1.dgn       | DN: T: | xDOT | ck: TxDOT | DW:  | TxDOT | ck: TxDOT |
|------------------------|--------|------|-----------|------|-------|-----------|
| © TxDOT December 1985  | CONT   | SECT | JOB       |      | HI(   | GHWAY     |
| REVISIONS<br>2-94 4-98 | 6375   | 23   | 001       |      | FM 56 | 52, ETC.  |
| 2-94 4-98<br>8-95 7-13 | DIST   |      | COUNTY    |      |       | SHEET NO. |
| 1-97                   | ВМТ    |      | Chambers, | Etc. |       | 29        |





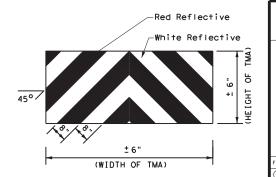
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)

**LEGEND** Trail Vehicle ARROW BOARD DISPLAY Shadow Vehicle  $\Box$ Work Vehicle RIGHT Directional Heavy Work Vehicle LEFT Directional Truck Mounted Double Arrow Attenuator (TMA) CAUTION (Alternating Traffic Flow Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)

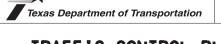
| TYPICAL USAGE |                   |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE        | SHORT<br>DURATION | SHORT TERM<br>STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE<br>TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM<br>STATIONARY |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1             |                   |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from
- 2. For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



STRIPING FOR TMA



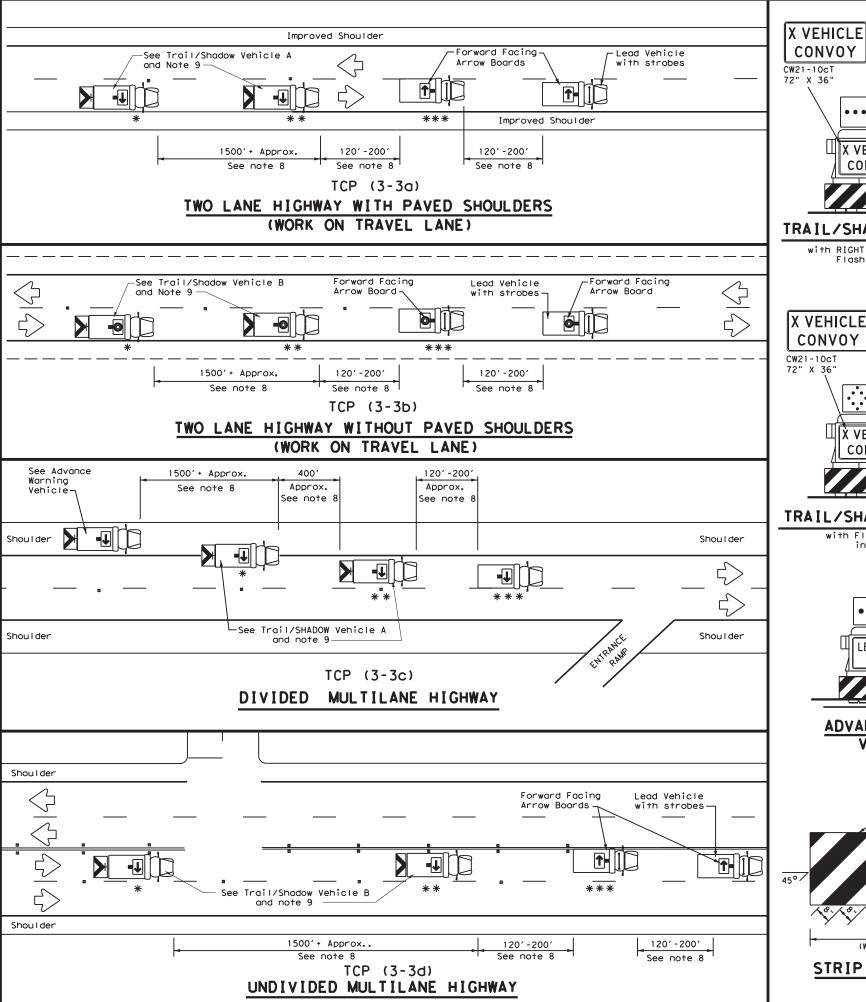
## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-2)-13

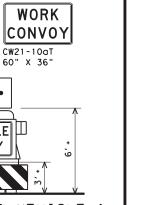
Traffic Operations

Division Standard

|         |               | - •   | _    |           | -   | _     |           |
|---------|---------------|-------|------|-----------|-----|-------|-----------|
| LE:     | tcp3-2.dgn    | DN: T | ×DOT | ck: TxDOT | DW: | TxDOT | ck: TxDOT |
| TxDOT   | December 1985 | CONT  | SECT | JOB       |     | Н     | I GHWAY   |
| -94 4-9 | REVISIONS     | 6375  | 23   | 001       |     | FM 5  | 562, ETC. |
| -95 7-1 |               | DIST  |      | COUNTY    |     |       | SHEET NO. |
| -97     |               | BMT   |      | Chambers, | Eto | с.    | 30        |



warranty of any the conversion



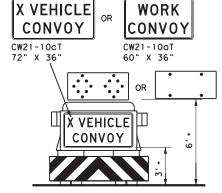
### TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

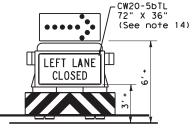
CONVOY

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

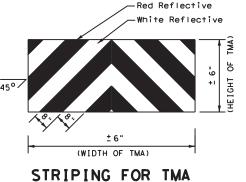


### TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



|       | LEGEND                            |          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-----------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| *     | Trail Vehicle                     |          | ARROW BOARD DISPLAY                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * *   | Shadow Vehicle                    |          | ARROW BOARD DISPLAT                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * * * | Work Vehicle                      | <b>₽</b> | RIGHT Directional                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | Heavy Work Vehicle                | <b>—</b> | LEFT Directional                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | Truck Mounted<br>Attenuator (TMA) | <b></b>  | Double Arrow                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ⟨ ⟩   | Traffic Flow                      | 0        | CAUTION (Alternating<br>Diamond or 4 Corner Flash) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| TYPICAL USAGE |                   |  |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE        | SHORT<br>DURATION |  | INTERMEDIATE<br>TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM<br>STATIONARY |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4             |                   |  |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes
- first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

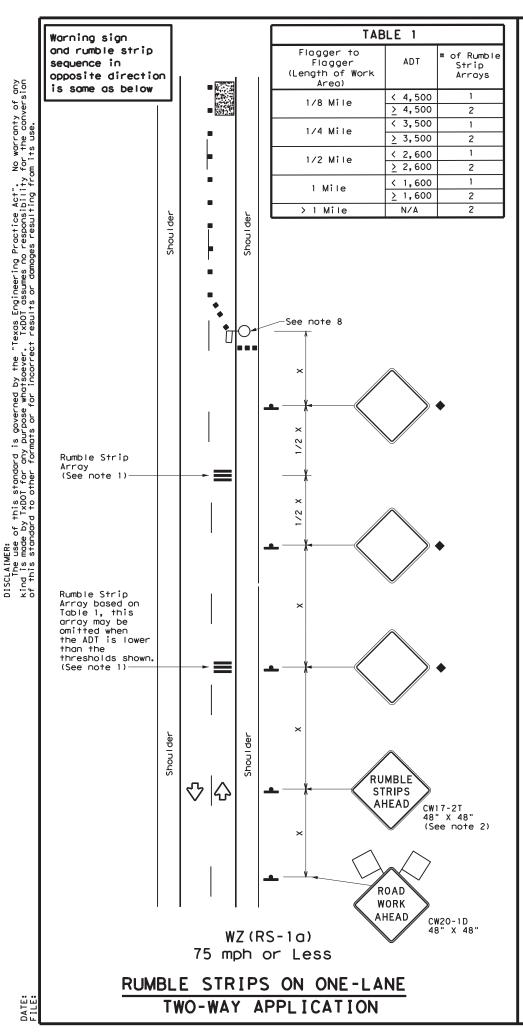
  Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2).
- 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available. 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

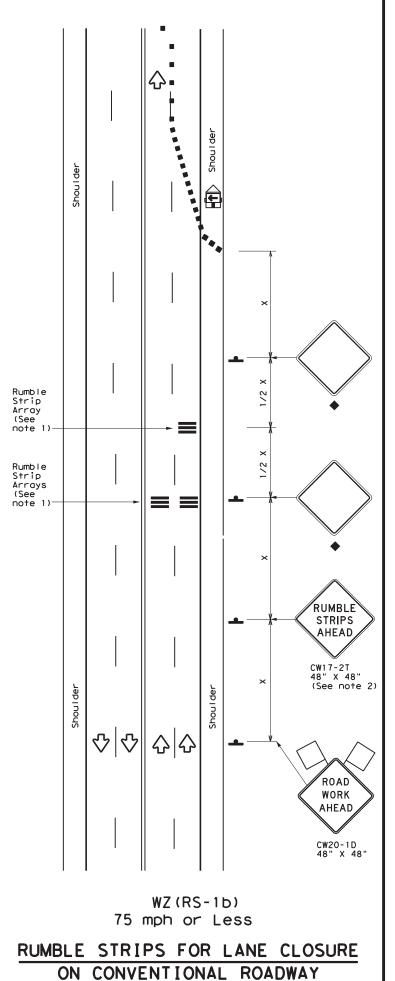


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP (3-3) -14

|  | REVISIONS<br>2-94 4-98<br>8-95 7-13<br>1-97 7-14 |                | BMT   | (   | chambers, | Etc. |       | 31          |
|--|--|----------------|-------|---|-----------|------|-------|-------------|
|  |  |                | DIST  |   | COUNTY    |      |       | SHEET NO.   |
|  |  |                | 6375  | 23  | 001 FA    |      | FM 5  | И 562, ETC. |
|  | © TxDOT  | September 1987 | CONT  | SECT  | JOB       |      | HI    | SHWAY       |
|  | FILE:  | tcp3-3.dgn     | DN: T | <dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<> | ck: TxDOT | DW:  | TxDOT | ck: TxDOT   |





### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Removal of the Temporary Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- 9. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

| LEGEND     |   |    |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|
|            | Type 3 Barricade                        |    | Channelizing Devices                       |  |  |  |  |
|            | Heavy Work Vehicle                      |    | Truck Mounted<br>Attenuator (TMA)          |  |  |  |  |
|            | Trailer Mounted<br>Flashing Arrow Panel | M  | Portable Changeable<br>Message Sign (PCMS) |  |  |  |  |
| •          | Sign                                    | Ŷ  | Traffic Flow                               |  |  |  |  |
| $\Diamond$ | Flag                                    | ПО | Flagger                                    |  |  |  |  |

| Posted<br>Speed | Formula         | Minimum Suggested Maximum Spacing of Spacing of Channelizing   **  Minimum Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices |               |               | Minimum<br>Sign<br>Spacing<br>"x" | Suggested<br>Longitudinal<br>Buffer Space |          |      |  |  |
|-----------------|-----------------|--|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|---|----------|------|--|--|
| *               |                 | 10'<br>Offset  | 11'<br>Offset | 12'<br>Offset | On a<br>Taper                     | On a<br>Tangent                           | Distance | "B"  |  |  |
| 30              | WS <sup>2</sup> | 1501   | 1651          | 1801          | 30′                               | 60′                                       | 120'     | 90′  |  |  |
| 35              | L = WS          | 2051   | 2251          | 245'          | 35′                               | 701                                       | 160′     | 120′ |  |  |
| 40              | 80              | 265'   | 2951          | 3201          | 40'                               | 80'                                       | 240'     | 155′ |  |  |
| 45              |                 | 4501   | 495′          | 540'          | 45′                               | 90'                                       | 320'     | 195′ |  |  |
| 50              |                 | 500′   | 550′          | 600'          | 50′                               | 100′                                      | 400′     | 240′ |  |  |
| 55              | L=WS            | 550'   | 605′          | 660′          | 55′                               | 110′                                      | 500′     | 295′ |  |  |
| 60              | - 113           | 600'   | 660′          | 720′          | 60′                               | 120′                                      | 600′     | 350′ |  |  |
| 65              |                 | 650′   | 715′          | 7801          | 65′                               | 130′                                      | 700′     | 410′ |  |  |
| 70              |                 | 700′   | 770′          | 8401          | 701                               | 140′                                      | 800′     | 475′ |  |  |
| 75              | 75              |  | 825′          | 900'          | 75′                               | 150′                                      | 900′     | 540′ |  |  |

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE |                   |                          |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOBILE        | SHORT<br>DURATION | SHORT TERM<br>STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE<br>TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM<br>STATIONARY |  |  |  |  |  |
|               | ✓                 | ✓                        |                                 |                         |  |  |  |  |  |

♦ Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details

| TABLE 2                |   |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Speed                  | Approximate distance<br>between strips in<br>an Array |  |  |  |  |
| ≤ 40 MPH               | 10′   |  |  |  |  |
| > 40 MPH &<br>< 55 MPH | 15′   |  |  |  |  |
| > 55 MPH               | 20′   |  |  |  |  |

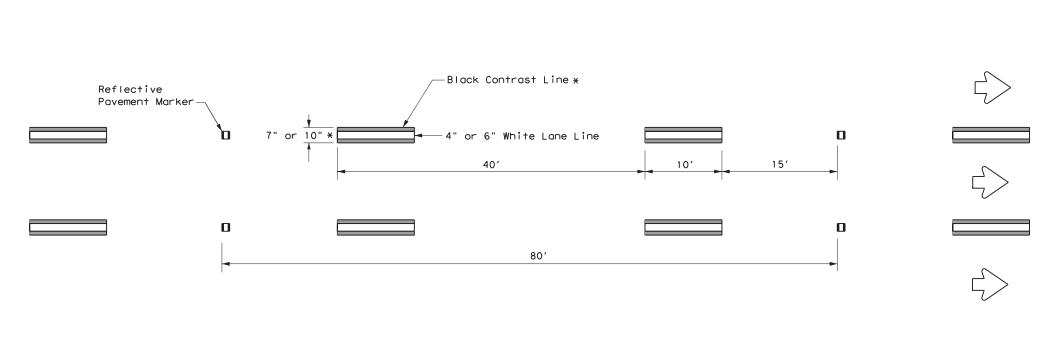
Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ (RS) -16

| 4-10         |               | BMT    | Chambers, Etc. |           |     |           | 32        |
|--------------|---------------|--------|----------------|-----------|-----|-----------|-----------|
| 2-14<br>4-16 |               | DIST   | COUNTY         |           |     | SHEET NO. |           |
|              | REVISIONS     | 6375   | 23             | 001       |     | FM 50     | 52, ETC.  |
| C) TxDOT     | November 2012 | CONT   | SECT           | JOB       |     | ŀ         | IGHWAY    |
| ILE:         | wzrs16.dgn    | DN: Tx | DOT            | ck: TxDOT | DW: | TxDOT     | ck: TxDOT |



### CONTRAST LANE LINE DESIGN

20'

80′

\* See contrast line dimensions table for width of black line.

4" or 6" White

Solid

4" or 6" Black Shadow Line (Must

be same width as adjoining white marking)

Reflective

15'

Pavement Marker

10'

| CONTRAST LINE<br>DIMENSIONS |       |                     |                |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|-------|---------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                             | White | Black<br>(per side) | Total<br>Width |  |  |  |  |  |
|                             | 4"    | 1.5"                | 7"             |  |  |  |  |  |
|                             | 6"    | 2"                  | 10"            |  |  |  |  |  |







GENERAL NOTES

on edge lines.

on concrete pavements.

installation details.

1. Contrast and Shadow markings may only be used

2. Contrast and Shadow markings shall not be used

prefabricated pavement markings meeting DMS 8240.

5. All raised reflective pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and

6. See PM(2) for raised reflective pavement markings

3. Contrast lane lines shall be permanent

markings system approved by TxDOT.

midway between the white stripes.

4. Shadow lane line designs shall be a liquid

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

## CONTRAST AND SHADOW PAVEMENT MARKINGS

CPM(1)-14

|       | _            | -      |                  |                |        |           |           |
|-------|--------------|--------|------------------|----------------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| E:    | CPM(1)14.dgn | DN: Tx | DOT              | ck: TxDOT      | DW:    | TxDOT     | ck: TxDOT |
| TxDOT | May 2014     | CONT   | IT SECT JOB HIGH |                | IGHWAY |           |           |
|       | REVISIONS    | 6375   | 23               | 001            |        | FM 5      | 62, ETC.  |
|       |              | DIST   | COUNTY           |                |        | SHEET NO. |           |
|       |              | BMT    |                  | Chambers. Etc. |        | с.        | 33        |

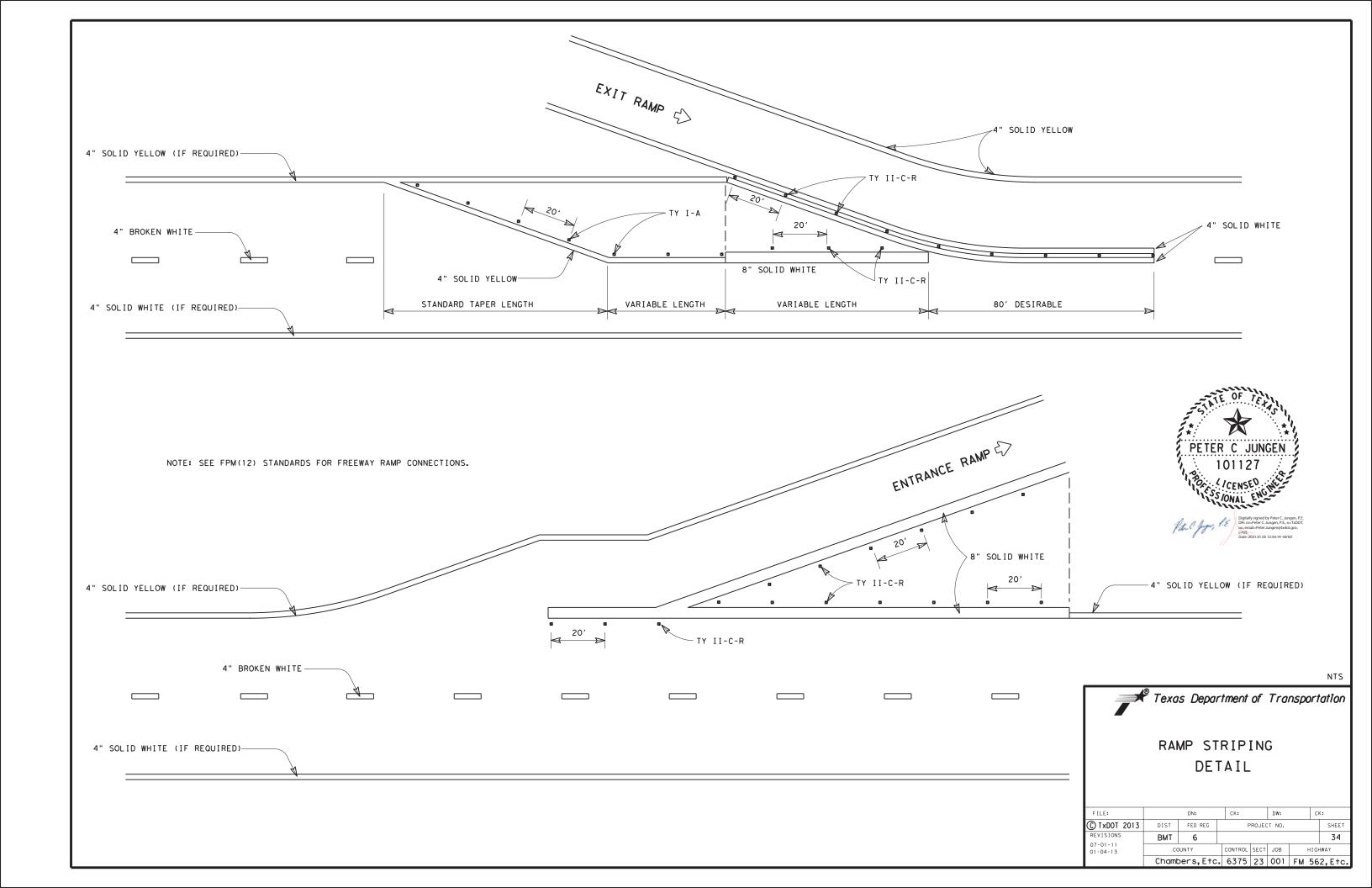
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)          | DMS-4200 |
|---|----------|
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES                       | DMS-6100 |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS  | DMS-6130 |
| TRAFFIC PAINT                             | DMS-8200 |
| HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC                 | DMS-8220 |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 |

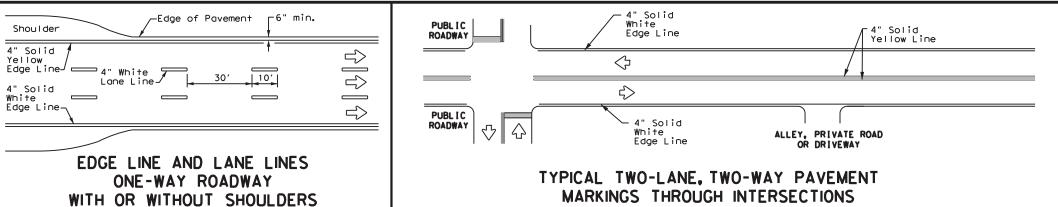
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

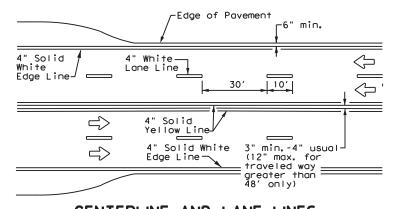
SHADOW LANE LINE DESIGN

10'





# MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

Pavement Edge

8" Solid White Line

See note 3

4" Solid Yellow

Edge Line -

Edge Line

Edge Line —

4" Solid White

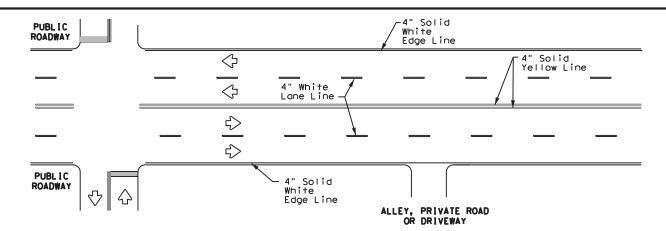
Optional

Dotted 8" White

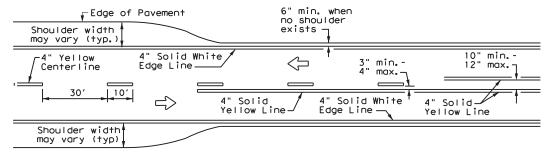
Extension

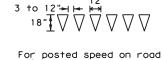
4" Solid White

Edge Line

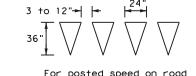


### TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS





being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.



being marked equal to or

greater than 45 MPH.

YIELD LINES

### TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

10′



NOTES

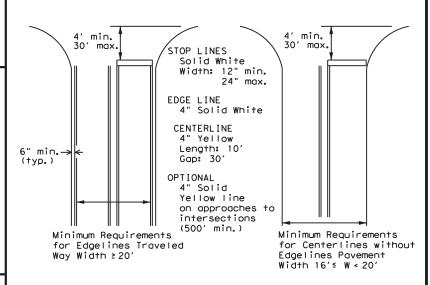
 $\langle \neg$ 

- 1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop bars/yield triangles) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop bars shall only be used with stop signs. Yield traingles shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

- **GENERAL NOTES**
- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

| MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS                   | ·        |
|---|----------|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)          | DMS-4200 |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES                       | DMS-6100 |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS  | DMS-6130 |
| TRAFFIC PAINT                             | DMS-8200 |
| HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC                 | DMS-8220 |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 |

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



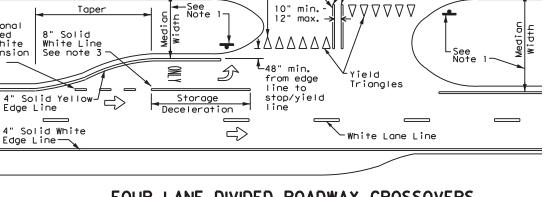
### GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



PM(1)-20

| FILE: pm1-20. dgn     | DN:  |      | CK:       | DW:  | CK:         |
|-----------------------|------|------|-----------|------|-------------|
| © TxDOT November 1978 | CONT | SECT | JOB       |      | HIGHWAY     |
| 8-95 3-03 REVISIONS   | 6375 | 23   | 001       | FN   | w 562, ETC. |
| 5-00 2-12             | DIST |      | COUNTY    |      | SHEET NO.   |
| 8-00 6-20             | ВМТ  |      | CHAMBERS, | ETC. | 35          |

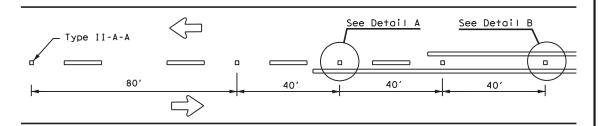


4" White Lane Line\_

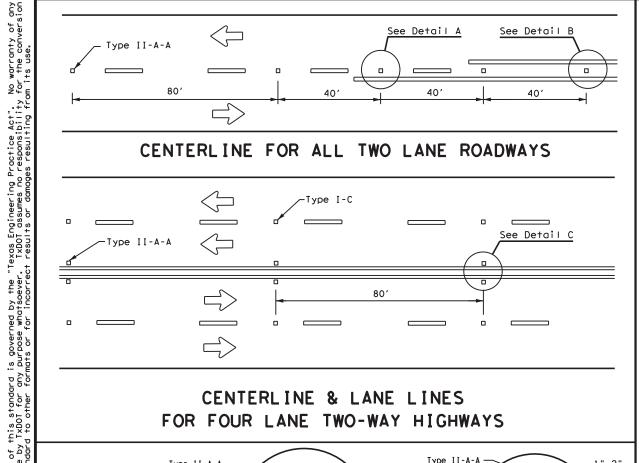
-4" Solid Yellow Line

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

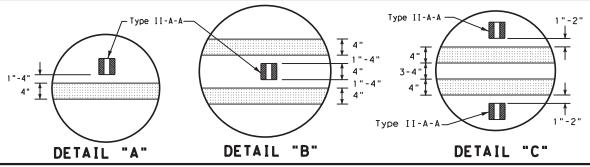
-See Note 2-



### CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS

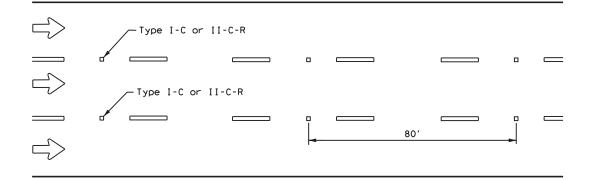


## CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



## Centerline Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A Type I-C

### CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

### CENTER OR EDGE LINE **←**12"<u>+</u> 1" 10' 30' BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 18"<u>+</u> 1" -300 to 500 mil in height 12"<u>+</u> 1" 51/2" ± 1/2" 31/4 "± 3/4 "\$ A quick field check for the thickness 2 to 3"—► of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. 2 to 3"--OPTIONAL 6" EDGE 4" EDGE LINE. CENTER LINE LINE, CENTER LINE NOTE OR LANE LINE OR LANE LINE

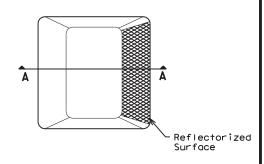
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

### GENERAL NOTES

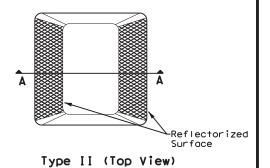
- All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

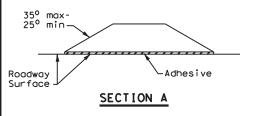
|   | MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS                   |          |
|---|---|----------|
|   | PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)          | DMS-4200 |
| _ | EPOXY AND ADHESIVES                       | DMS-6100 |
|   | BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS  | DMS-6130 |
|   | TRAFFIC PAINT                             | DMS-8200 |
|   | HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC                 | DMS-8220 |
|   | PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 |

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)





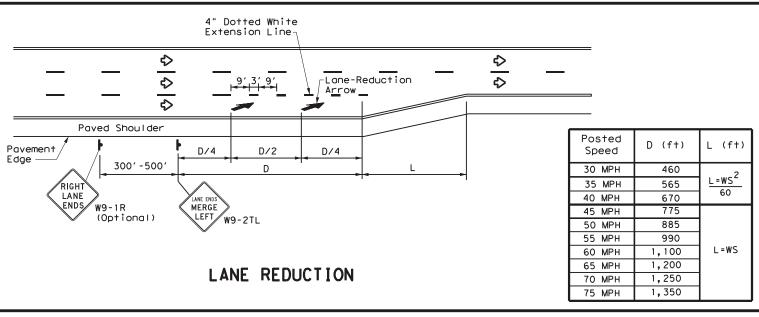
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

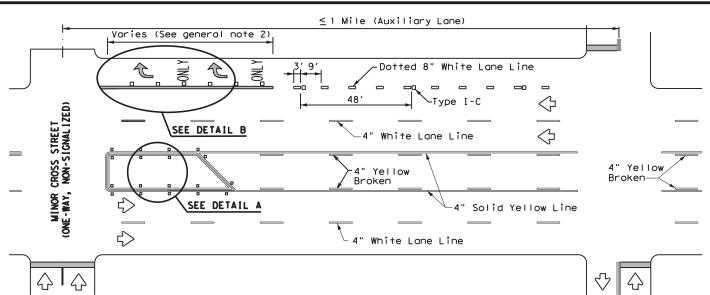


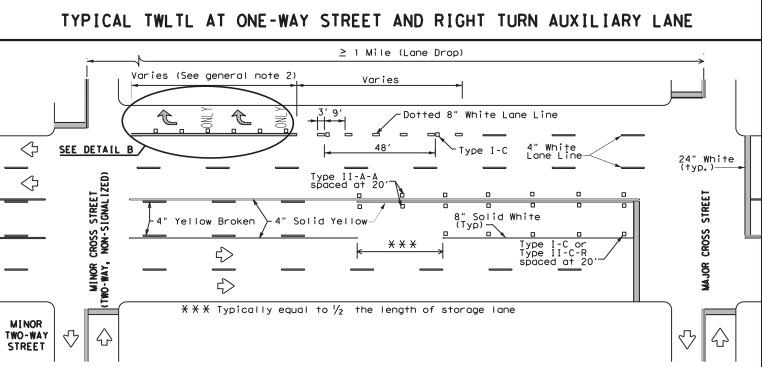
Traffic Safety Division Standard

## POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 20

| ILE: pm2-20, dgn   | DN:  |        | CK:            | DW: |         | CK:       |
|--------------------|------|--------|----------------|-----|---------|-----------|
| C)TxDOT April 1977 | CONT | SECT   | JOB            |     | HIGHWAY |           |
| -92 2-10 REVISIONS | 6375 | 23     | 001 FM         |     | FM 5    | 62, ETC.  |
| -00 2-12           | DIST | COUNTY |                |     |         | SHEET NO. |
| -00 6-20           | ВМТ  |        | CHAMBERS, ETC. |     |         | 36        |



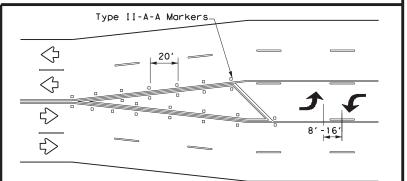




TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

### NOTES

- Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- 2. On divided highways, an additional W9-1R "RIGHT LANE ENDS" sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

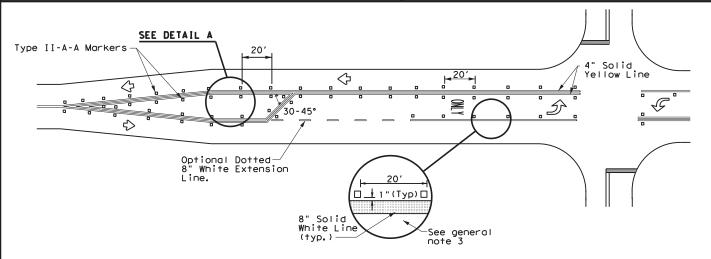
## TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

### GENERAL NOTES

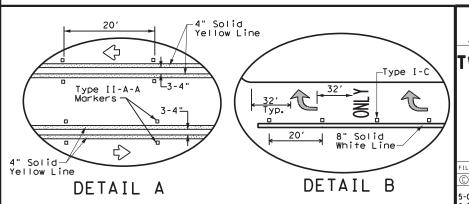
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- 3. Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

| MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS                   |          |  |  |  |
|---|----------|--|--|--|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)          | DMS-4200 |  |  |  |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES                       | DMS-6100 |  |  |  |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS  | DMS-6130 |  |  |  |
| TRAFFIC PAINT                             | DMS-8200 |  |  |  |
| HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC                 | DMS-8220 |  |  |  |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 |  |  |  |

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



## TYPICAL TWO-LANE HIGHWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS



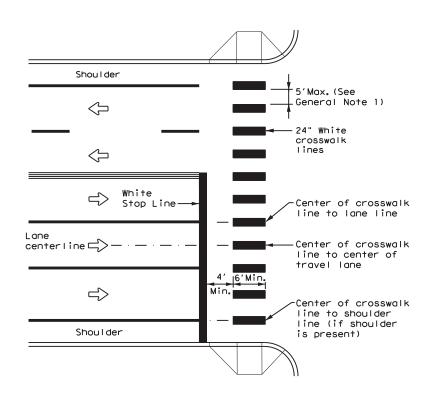


Traffic Safety Division Standard

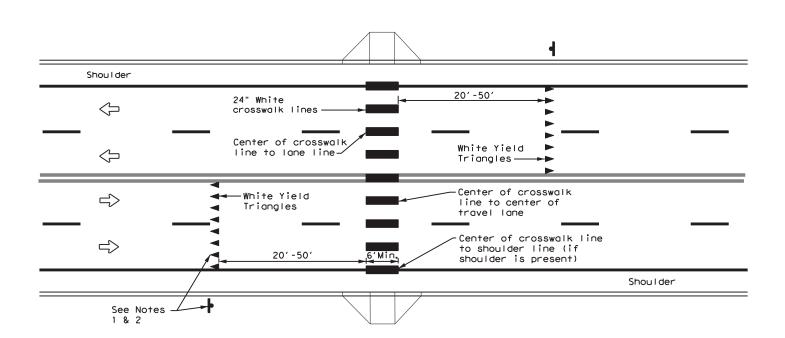
TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES, RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS, AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3)-20

| FILE: pm3-20, dgn   | DN:  |      | CK:    | DW:    |      | CK:       |
|---------------------|------|------|--------|--------|------|-----------|
| © TxDOT April 1998  | CONT | SECT | JOB    |        | HI   | SHWAY     |
| 5-00 2-10 REVISIONS | 6375 | 23   | 001    | ]      | FM 5 | 62, ETC.  |
| 8-00 2-12           | DIST |      | COUNTY |        |      | SHEET NO. |
| 3-03 6-20           | BMT  | CF   | HAMBER | RS, ET | C.   | 37        |

22C



HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK AT CONTROLLED APPROACH



UNSIGNALIZED MID BLOCK HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes, lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- 2. A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be
- 3. For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- 4. At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.
- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices."
- 7. Final placement of Stop Bar/Yield Triangles and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

| MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS                   |          |
|---|----------|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)          | DMS-4200 |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES                       | DMS-6100 |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS  | DMS-6130 |
| TRAFFIC PAINT                             | DMS-8200 |
| HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC                 | DMS-8220 |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 |

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

### NOTES

- 1. Use yield triangles with "Yield Here to Pedestrians" signs at unsignalized mid block crosswalks.
- 2. Use stop bars with "Stop Here on Red" signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.

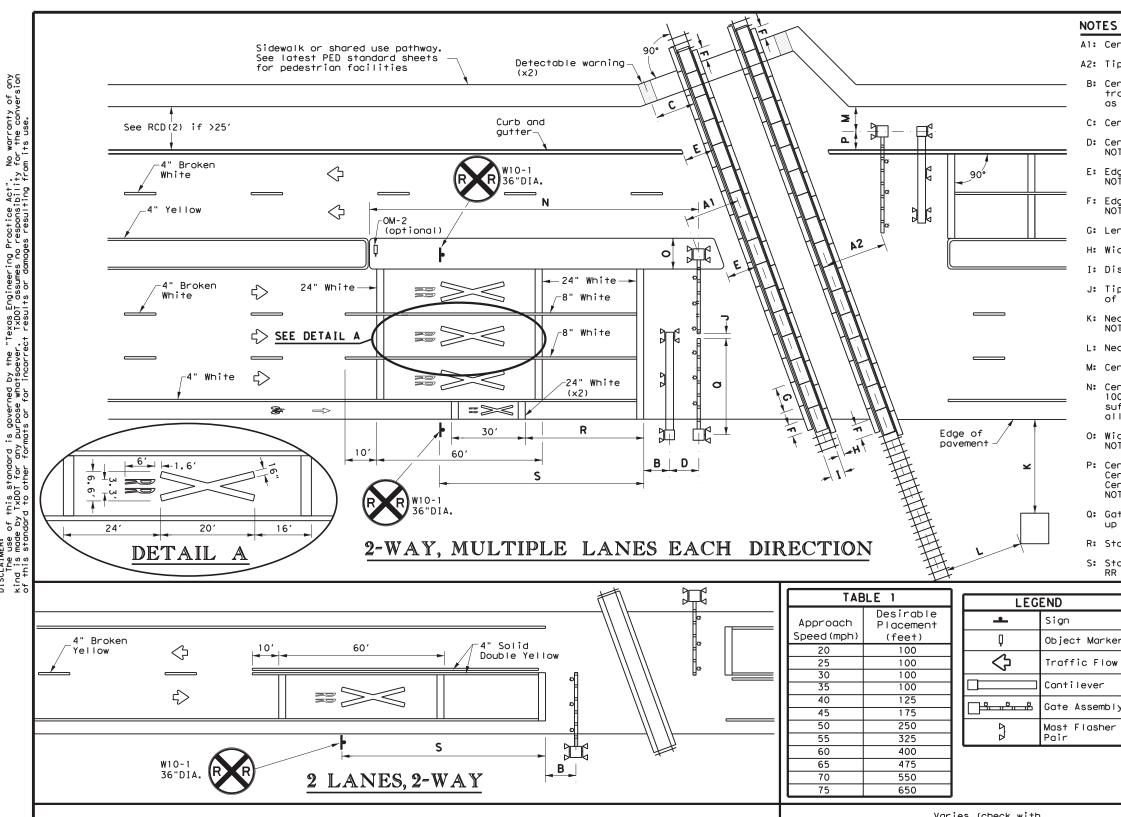


Traffic Safety Division Standard

## CROSSWALK PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PM(4) - 20

| •               |      | -    |                       |           |         |           |  |
|-----------------|------|------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--|
| E: pm4-20.dgn   | DN:  |      | CK:                   | DW:       |         | CK:       |  |
| TxDOT June 2020 | CONT | SECT | JOB                   |           | HIGHWAY |           |  |
| REVISIONS       | 6375 | 23   | 001                   | 1 FM 562, |         | 52, ETC.  |  |
|                 | DIST |      | COUNTY CHAMBERS, ETC. |           |         | SHEET NO. |  |
|                 | ВМТ  |      |                       |           |         | 38        |  |



NOTES

泔

1-WAY STREET WITH CURB

locations

locations.

T: Tip of gate to edge of curb:

by gates for all other

U: Non-traversable curb length from gate: 100' min. for a Quiet Zone SSM,

10' min for all other

max for Quiet Zone SSM,

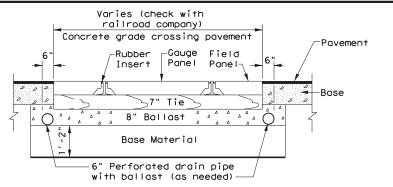
90% of traveled way covered

### **NOTES**

- Al: Center of RR mast to center of rail: 12' minimum, 15' typical.
- A2: Tip of gate to center of rail: 12' minimum, 15' typical.
- B: Center of mast (cantilever, gate, or mast flasher) of nearest active traffic control device to stop line: 8' (NOTE: Stop line may be moved as needed, but should be at least 8' back from gates, if present).
- C: Center of detectable warning device to nearest rail: 6' minimum
- D: Center of gate mast to center of cantilever mast: 6' typical. NOTE: Cantilever may be located in front or behind gates.
- E: Edge of median or curb to nearest rail: 10' typical. NOTE: Design median edge to be parallel with rail.
- F: Edge of planking panel from edge of pavement or sidewalk: 3' minimum. NOTE: Field panels need not be in line with gauge panels.
- G: Length of panels along rail: 8' typical.
- H: Width of field panel: 2' typical (check with railroad company).
- I: Distance between rails: 4'-8.5".
- J: Tip of gate to tip of gate: 2' maximum for Quiet Zone SSM or 90% of traveled way covered by gates for all other locations.
- K: Nearest edge of RR cabin from edge of pavement: 30' typical. NOTE: Cabinet not required to be parallel to edge of pavement.
- L: Nearest edge of RR cabin from nearest rail: 25' typical.
- M: Center of RR mast to edge of sidewalk: 6' minimum.
- N: Center of gate most to leading edge of non-traversable median: 100' minimum to qualify as a Quiet Zone SSM. NOTE: 60'will suffice if there is a street intersection within the 100' and all street intersections within 60' are closed.
- O: Width of median: 8'-6" minimum, 10' typical when using median gates. NOTE: Center of gate mast minimum 4'-3" from face of curb.
- P: Center of RR mast to face of curb: 4'-3" minimum. Center of RR mast to edge of povement (with shoulder): 6' minimum Center of RR mast to edge of povement (no shoulder): 8'-3" minimum NOTE: BNSF prefers 5'-3", 7', and 9'-3" minimums, respectively.
- Q: Gate length: 28' or less typical, but railroad company may allow up to 32'under special circumstances.
- R: Stop line to first RR Crossing transverse line (bike lane): 50' typical
- S: Stop line to GRADE CROSSING ADVANCE WARNING (W10-1) sign and adjacent RR Crossing pavement markings. See Table 1. See RCD(2) for other signs.

### GENERAL NOTES

- Medians and curbs must be non-traversable to qualify as a Quiet Zone Supplementary Safety Measure (SSM). Non-traversable curbs in Quiet Zones are 6" tall minimum and used on roadways where speed does not exceed 40 mph.
- 2. Raised pavement markers may be used to supplement striping. See PM(2) and PM(3) standard sheets.
- 3. Medians preferred whenever possible to prevent vehicles from driving around gates.
- Longitudinal edge striping may be continued thru crossing as needed. Illumination may also be considered for nighttime visibility.
- 5. See SMD standard sheets for sign mounting details.
- See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) manual for sign and pavement marking details.



CROSSING SURFACE CROSS SECTION

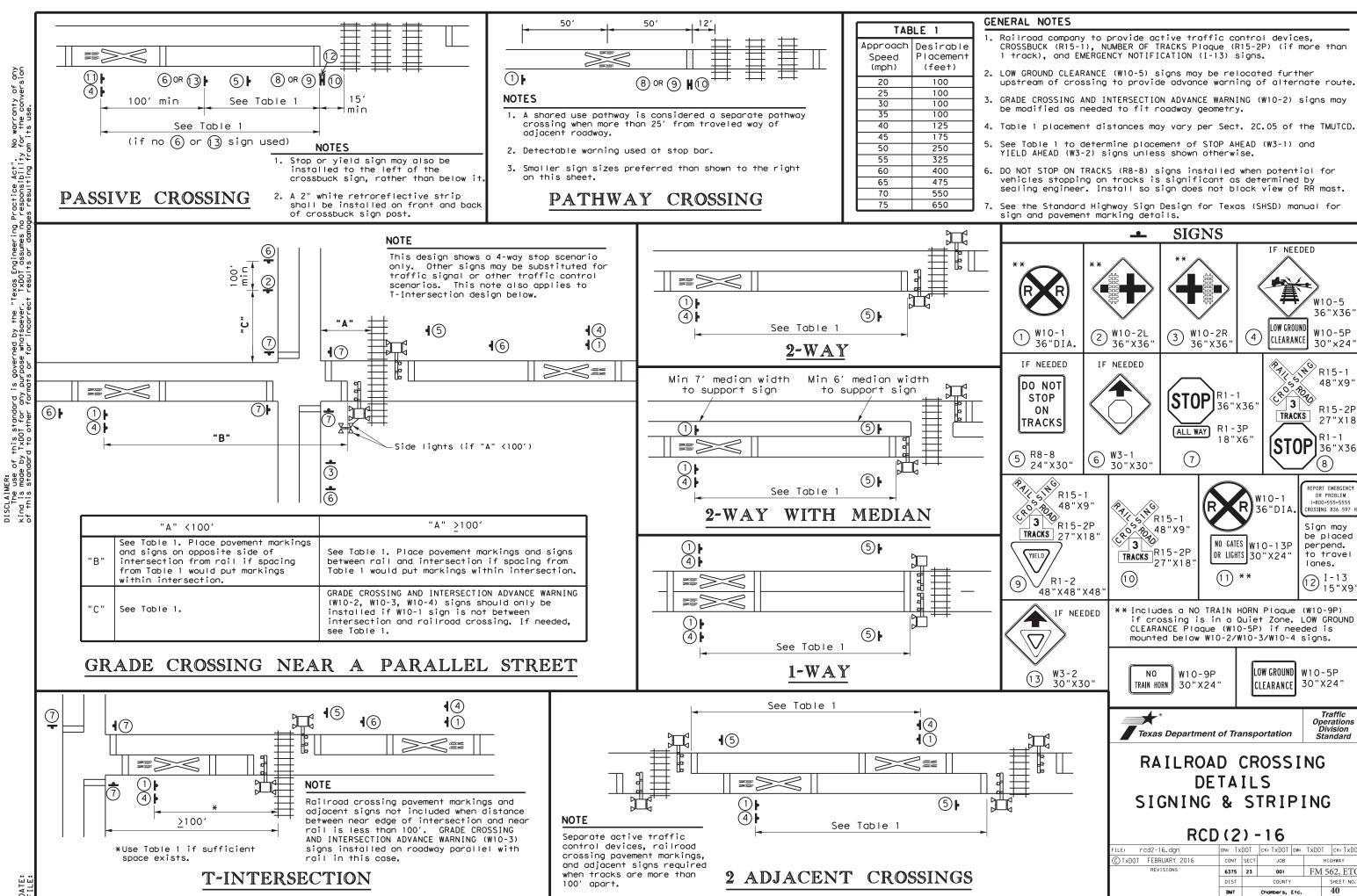
Texas Department of Transportation

RAILROAD CROSSING DETAILS SIGNING, STRIPING, AND DEVICE PLACEMENT RCD(1) - 16

Traffic Operations Division Standard

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO C) TxDOT FEBRUARY 2016 JOB 6375 23 001 FM 562, ETC

36"DIA



IF NEEDED

LOW GROUND

CLEARANCE

R15-1 48"X9

POND

ົ] 3 [

TRACKS

STOP

LOW GROUND

CLEARANCE

JOB

001

W10-5

36"X36

W10-5P

30"x24"

48"X9'

R15-2P

27"X18

36"X36

REPORT EMERGENC OR PROBLEM

1-800-555-555

ROSSING 836 597

Sign may

perpend.

lanes.

W10-5P

30"X24"

Traffic Operations Division Standard

FM 562, ETG

40

to travel

12 I-13 15"X9

be placed

| Ι. | STORMWATER POLITION I                                | PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER  | ACT SECTION 402               |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------|
| •• |  | er Discharge Permit or Const  | <del></del>                   |
|    | required for projects with                           | 1 or more acres disturbed s<br>for erosion and sedimentat                     | soil. Projects with any       |
|    |  | may receive discharges from<br>ed prior to construction ac                    |                               |
|    | 1.   |   |                               |
|    | 2.   |   |                               |
|    | No Action Required                                   | Required Action   |                               |
|    | Action No.   |   |                               |
|    | Prevent stormwater pollu<br>accordance with TPDES Pe | ution by controlling erosion<br>ermit TXR 150000                              | n and sedimentation in        |
|    | 2. Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer | d revise when necessary to a  | control pollution or          |
|    |  | Notice (CSN) with SW3P infor<br>the public and TCEQ, EPA or                   |                               |
|    | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                | specific locations (PSL's) submit NOI to TCEQ and the                         |                               |
| ΙI | WORK IN OR NEAR STRE                                 | T_  | VETLANDS CLEAN WATER          |
|    |  | filling, dredging, excavat<br>eks, streams, wetlands or w                     | -                             |
|    | The Contractor must adher the following permit(s):   | e to all of the terms and c   | onditions associated with     |
|    | No Permit Required                                   |   |                               |
|    | Nationwide Permit 14 - wetlands affected)            | PCN not Required (less than   | n 1/10th acre waters or       |
|    | Nationwide Permit 14 -                               | PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2  | acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)    |
|    | ☐ Individual 404 Permit R                            | Required  |                               |
|    | Other Nationwide Permi                               | Required: NWP#  |                               |
|    |  | ers of the US permit applie<br>Practices planned to contro                    |                               |
|    | 1.   |   |                               |
|    | 2.   |   |                               |
|    | -  |   |                               |
|    | 3.   |   |                               |
|    | 4.   |   |                               |
|    |  | ary high water marks of any<br>ers of the US requiring the<br>Bridge Layouts. |                               |
|    | Best Management Practi                               | ces:  |                               |
|    | Erosion  | Sedimentation   | Post-Construction TSS         |
|    | Temporary Vegetation                                 | ☐ Silt Fence  | ☐ Vegetative Filter Strips    |
|    | Blankets/Matting                                     | Rock Berm   | Retention/Irrigation System   |
|    | Mulch  | ☐ Triangular Filter Dike  | Extended Detention Basin      |
|    | Sodding  | Sand Bag Berm   | Constructed Wetlands          |
|    | ☐ Interceptor Swale                                  | Straw Bale Dike   | ☐ Wet Basin                   |
|    | ☐ Diversion Dike                                     | Brush Berms   | ☐ Erosion Control Compost     |
|    | Erosion Control Compost                              | Erosion Control Compost   | ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks |
|    | ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks                        | ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks   | Compost Filter Berm and Soc   |
|    | Compost Filter Borm and Sook                         | s Compost Filter Berm and Soci  | ks   Vegetation Lined Ditabes |

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

Grassy Swales

Sediment Basins

|  | III.   | CULTURAL R  |
|--|--|---|
| t<br>ny<br>h                           |  | Refer to TxDO<br>archeological<br>archeological<br>work in the i  |
|  |  | No Acti   |
|  |  | Action No.  |
|  |  | 1.  |
|  |  | 2.  |
| 1                                      |  | 3.  |
|  |  | 4.  |
|  | IV.  | VEGETATION  |
| oi I                                   |  | Preserve nati<br>Contractor mu<br>164, 192, 193<br>invasive spec  |
| ER                                     |  | No Acti   |
|  |  | Action No.  |
| any                                    |  | 1.  |
| with                                   |  | 2.  |
|  |  | 3.  |
| or                                     |  | 4.  |
| iters)                                 |  |   |
|  | ٧.   | FEDERAL LI<br>CRITICAL H<br>AND MIGRAT  |
| ject<br>ion                            |  | No Acti   |
|  |  | Action No.  |
|  |  | 1.  |
|  |  | 2.  |
|  |  | 3.  |
|  |  | 4.  |
|  |  |   |
| n TSS<br>rips<br>Systems<br>Basin      | do<br>wo<br>ne<br>ar                           | any of the li<br>not disturb s<br>rk may not ren<br>sting season d<br>e discovered,<br>gineer immedid   |
| oost<br>od Socks<br>and Socks<br>oches | CGP:<br>DSHS:<br>FHWA:<br>MOA:<br>MOU:<br>MS4: | Best Management I<br>Construction Gen<br>Texas Department<br>Federal Highway<br>Memorandum of Ag<br>Memorandum of Un<br>Municipal Separa<br>Migratory Bird Ti |

## RESOURCES OT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease mmediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. Required Action on Required **RESOURCES** ive vegetation to the extent practical. ust adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 33, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for ecies, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. ion Required Required Action STED. PROPOSED THREATENED. ENDANGERED SPECIES. HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES TORY BIRDS. Required Action ion Required isted species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The move active nests from bridges and other structures during of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes cease work in the immediate area, and contact the ately. LIST OF ARREVIATIONS

|       | LIST OF ADDRE                              | VIAII  | OM2                                       |
|-------|--|--------|---|
| BMP:  | Best Management Practice                   | SPCC:  | Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasu |
| CGP:  | Construction General Permit                | SW3P:  | Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan     |
| DSHS: | Texas Department of State Health Services  | PCN:   | Pre-Construction Notification             |
| FHWA: | Federal Highway Administration             | PSL:   | Project Specific Location                 |
| MOA:  | Memorandum of Agreement                    | TCEQ:  | Texas Commission on Environmental Quality |
| MOU:  | Memorandum of Understanding                | TPDES: | Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination Sys |
| MS4:  | Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System | TPWD:  | Texas Parks and Wildlife Department       |
| MBTA: | Migratory Bird Treaty Act                  | TxDOT: | Texas Department of Transportation        |
| NOT:  | Notice of Termination                      | T&E:   | Threatened and Endangered Species         |
| NWP:  | Nationwide Permit                          | USACE: | U.S. Army Corps of Engineers              |
| NOI:  | Notice of Intent                           | USFWS: | U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service            |

### VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- \* Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- \* Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- \* Undesirable smells or odors
- \* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

No No Yes

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then  $\mathsf{TxDOT}$  is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

| No Action Required | Required Action |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| Action No.         |                 |
| 1.                 |                 |

### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

2.



## ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

| FILE: epic.dgn   | DN: Tx[ | T0(  | ck: RG         | DW: | VP   | ck: AR    |
|--|---------|------|----------------|-----|------|-----------|
| © TxDOT: February 2015   | CONT    | SECT | JOB            |     | Н    | GHWAY     |
| REVISIONS<br>12-12-2011 (DS)   | 6375    | 23   | 001            |     | FM 5 | 62, ETC.  |
| 05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.  | DIST    |      | COUNTY         |     |      | SHEET NO. |
| 01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122<br>TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES. | BMT     | (    | Chambers, Etc. |     |      | 41        |