# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO. 6 RMC 637447001 STATE TEXAS MIDLAND, ETC. ODA CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO. 6374 47 001 IH 20, ETC.

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	AN ASTERISK (*) DENOTES TxDOT STANDARD SHEET

# PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

0

TYPE OF WORK:

STREET SWEEPING

PROJECT NO. : RMC 637447001

HIGHWAY: IH 20, ETC.

LIMITS OF WORK: VARIOUS LOCATIONS

SEE LOCATION MAP FOR PROJECT LIMITS

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE WITH AN (\*) HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Maylon C. Windpam, \$12./8/2020



EXCEPTIONS: NONE

EQUATIONS: NONE RR CROSSINGS: NONE

12/8/2020 SUBMITTED 12/
FOR LETYING DocuSigned by:

12/8/2020 APPROVED FOR LETT PROUSigned by: DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

This is a one (1) year contract. When mutually agreed in writing this contract may be extended for an additional period of 1 year.

Multiple work orders may be executed throughout this contract.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the following individual(s):

David Alvarez

David Alvarez@txdot.gov

Sergio Miranda

Sergio Miranda@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will only be accepted through email to the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Area Engineer or Assistant Area Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, 

The Area Engineer (or Engineers) listed below will be responsible for oversight of this project once the project has been awarded:

Jennifer Chavarria, P.E., Assistant Area Engineer 5100 W. IH 20 Midland, Texas 79703 Phone (432) 694-2195 Fax (432) 694-3259 (Midland Area Office)

If the bidder has any questions concerning preparation and submission of the proposal forms, contact:

David Alvarez, Contract Administrator 3901 E. Highway 80 Odessa, Texas 79761 Phone (432) 498-4640 Fax (432) 498-4680 (Odessa District Office)

The Maintenance Supervisor's listed below will be the Engineer's representative in charge of the inspection of all work done in this contract. The Midland Maintenance office shall certify all requests for payment.

Eric Lopez, Roadway Maintenance Supervisor 1000 S Main Andrews, Texas 79714 Phone (432) 523-3010 Fax (432) 524-7906 (Andrews Maintenance Office) (Andrews County)

John Carrasco, Roadway Maintenance Supervisor 5100 W. IH 20 Midland, Texas 79703 Phone (432) 694-7951 Fax (432) 694-6164 (Midland Maintenance Office) (Midland County)

James Jenkins, Roadway Maintenance Supervisor 2213 SH 137 Stanton, Texas 79782 Phone (432) 756-2140 Fax (432) 756-2239 (Stanton Maintenance Office) (Martin County)

Juan Rodriguez, Roadway Maintenance Supervisor P.O. Box 949 McCamey, Texas 79752 Phone (432) 652-8951 Fax (432) 652-8711 (McCamey Maintenance Office) (Upton County)

The Midland Maintenance Office shall certify all requests for payment. Designate in writing the "On The Job Superintendent" authorized to act on behalf of the Contractor. Perform contract work only when the "On The Job Superintendent" is on the job site.

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A contractor awarded multiple contracts, must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time.

Notify the responsible TxDOT office by telephone by 8:15 A.M. each morning that work is scheduled. Provide work location and time of arrival or reason for not working that day.

**GENERAL** NOTES

SHEET 1 OF 2

6374 47 001 IH 20, ETC COUNTY SHEET NO. ODA MIDLAND, ETC.

Texas Department of Transportation

### **GENERAL NOTES: (Cont'd.)**

Restore surrounding site features which are damaged during construction operations to a condition as good as or better than that which previously existed. This work is at the Contractor's expense.

Minimize vehicles and equipment in construction areas to lessen the impact on existing vegetation. The intent of the plans is to prepare only that portion of the right-of-way necessary for construction. Excess damage to the vegetation in the right-of-way will be repaired at the Contractor's expense as directed.

Written notice of when to begin street sweeping will be given. The written notification will include the number of centerline miles, the number of working days, and the date time charges will start. The number of working days allowed will be determined by dividing the total number of miles by the centerline miles required per normal working day. A fraction of a day will be rounded up to the next whole number. The required centerline miles per normal working day are 15 miles.

# Liquidated damages will be charged for each work order if the sweeping is not completed in the number of days stated in the work order for each cycle.

### Item 7. Legal Relations and Responsibilities

Restrict storage of equipment and materials to approved areas. The Engineer will not approve storage in any TxDOT yard.

Dispose of waste generated from servicing equipment on the project properly.

## Item 502. Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Stop equipment for traffic when crossing any traffic lanes. Furnish flaggers to warn equipment operators of approaching traffic, unless otherwise directed.

Item 738. Cleaning and Sweeping Highways

All sweeping operations shall be done in the direction of travel.

A trail vehicle with a Truck Mounted Attenuator and Flashing Arrow Panel as shown on TCP(3-1), TCP(3-2) & (TCP-4) will be required.

Six cycles will be scheduled, and three cycles will be as directed by the Engineer.

All work at each location must be fully completed and accepted by the Engineer before that location is paid for.

If nighttime work is requested, Contractor shall submit a proposal for Engineer approval showing locations requested along with plan to safely light the roadway for the contractor and traveling public.

### Item 6185. Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Work site is defined as the locations presented on the callout work request.

The total number of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) required for the traffic control standards are shown in the table below.

TCP 3 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(3-1)-13	All	2
(3-2)-13	All	3
(3-4)-13	All	1, unless working inside a twltl, then 2

Shadow vehicles equipped for truck mounted attenuators (TMA) for stationary operations will be paid for by the day and must be available for use at any time as determined by the Engineer.

When TMAs are specified by the DAY, the unit of measure is for each day required

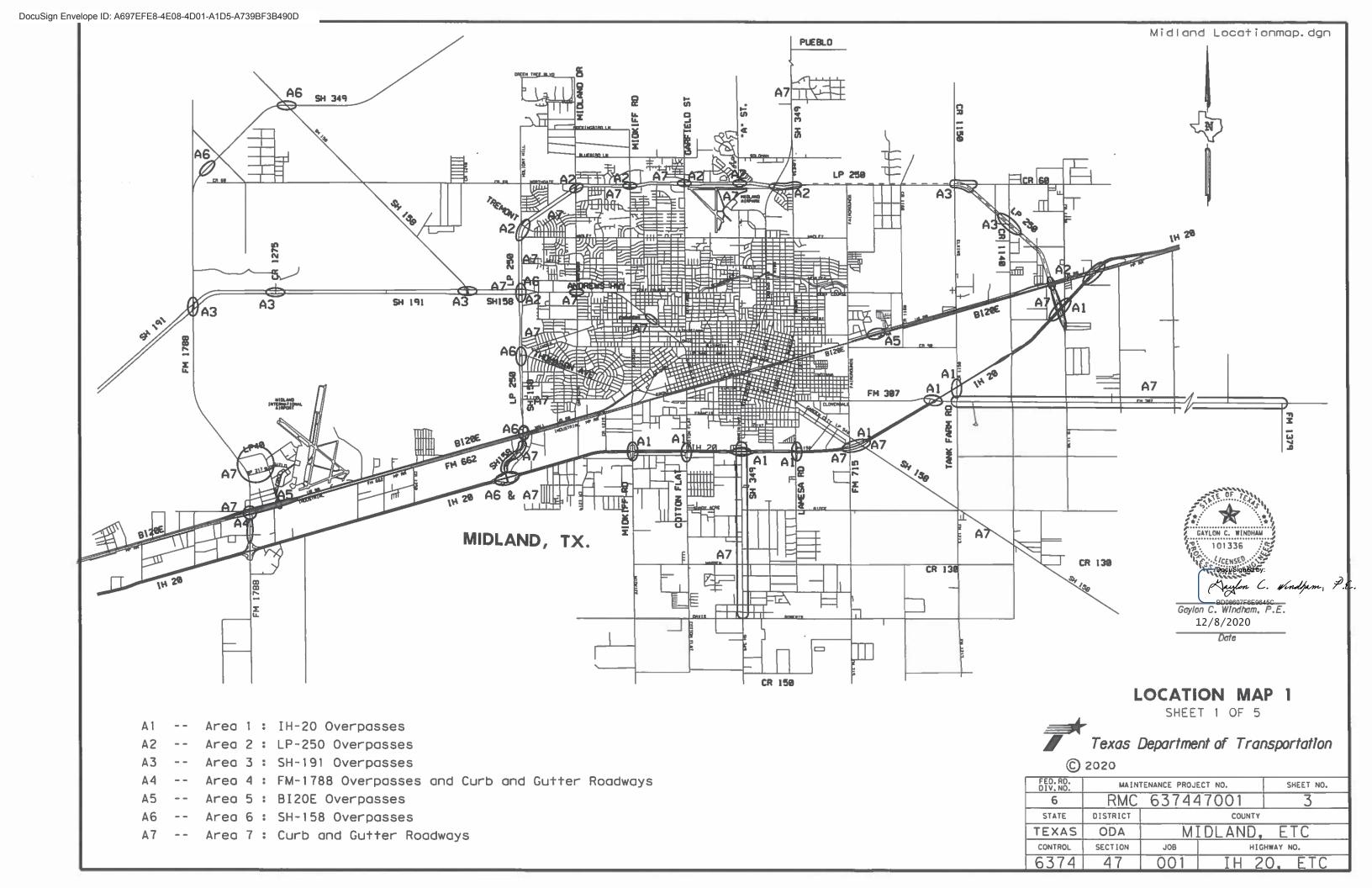
by the contract.

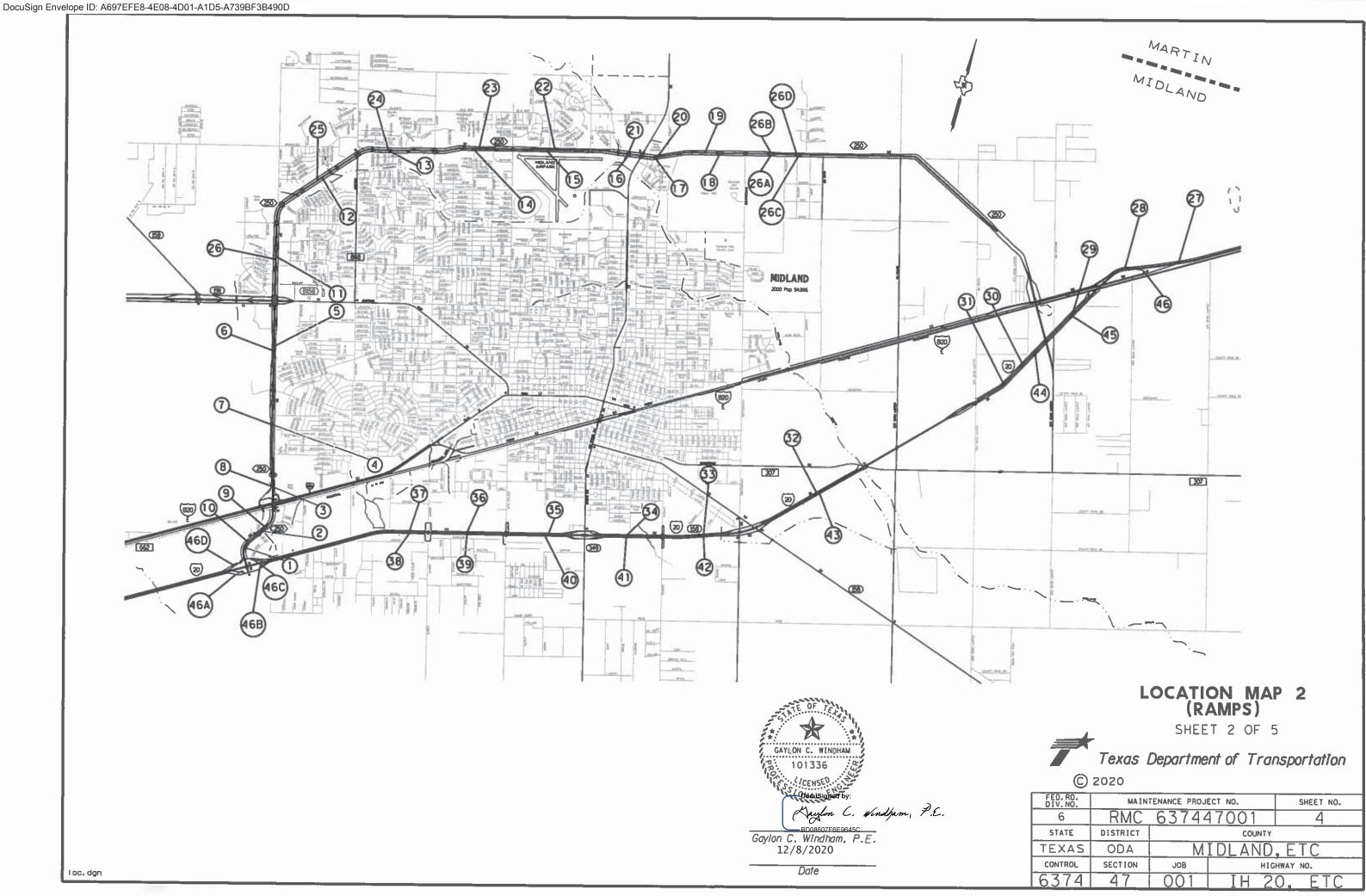
Therefore, 3 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA needed for the project for those times per plan requirements. Additional TMAs used that are not specified in the plans in which the Contractor expects compensation will require prior approval from the Engineer. Additional TMA's approved by the Engineer will be paid for under Item 6185-6005 TMA (Mobile Operation) by the day.



Texas Department of Transportation

CONT	г	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
637	4  47		4 47 001 IH		20, ETC.
DIST			COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
ODA	M:	IDL.	AND, E	2A	





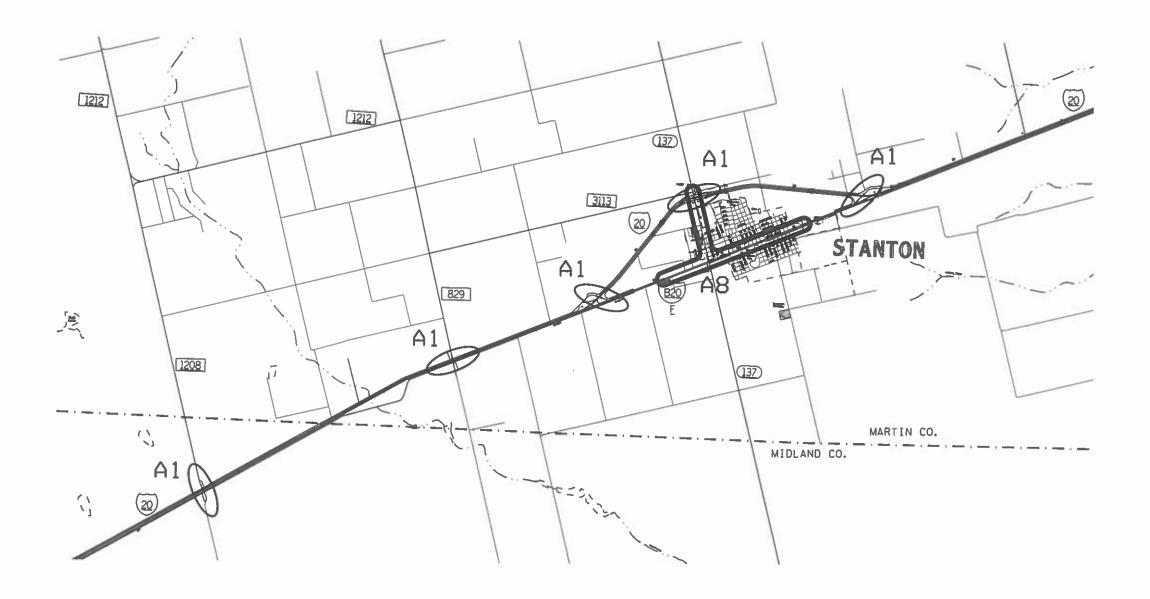
Area 4: FM 1788 & SH 176 Overpasses and Curb and Gutter Roadways

Area 8 : Curb and Gutter Roadways

**LOCATION MAP 3** 

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	MAIN	SHEET NO.					
6	RMC	63744	47001	5			
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY				
TEXAS	ODA	M:	IDLAND,	ETC			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIG	HWAY NO.			
6374	47	001	IH 2	O. ETC			







Area 1: IH-20 Overpasses

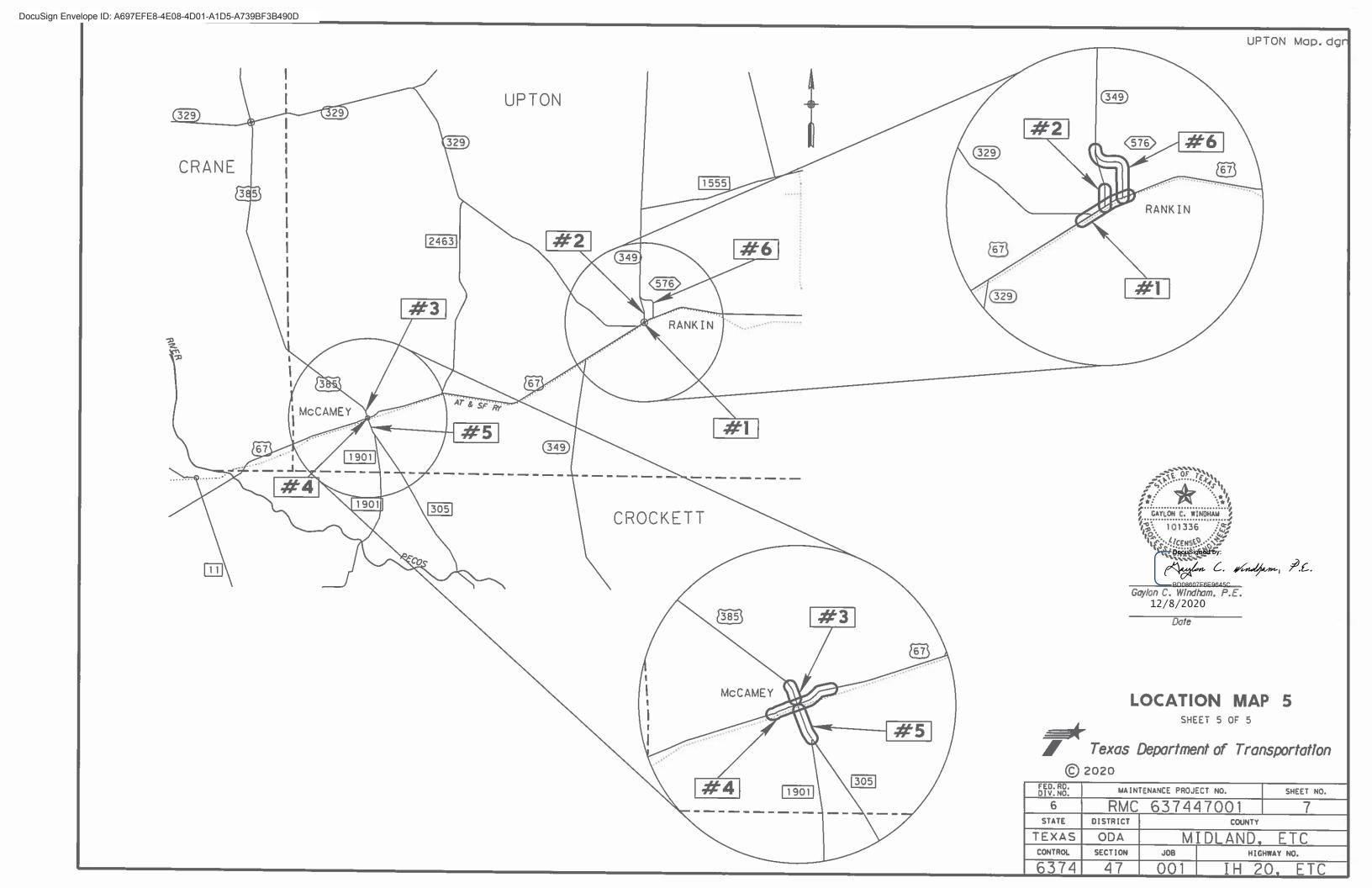
Area 8 : Curb and Gutter Roadways

# **LOCATION MAP 4**

SHEET 4 OF 5

Texas Department of Transportation

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	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	MAIN'	TENANCE PROJ	ECT NO.	SHEET	NO.
	6	RMC	63744	17001	6	
	STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY		
	TEXAS	ODA	M.	[DLAND,	ETC	
	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIG	HWAY NO.	
	6374	47	001	TH 2	O FI	



		AREA 1 (IH-20 OVERPASSES)				
			738-6002	738-6004	738-6006	738-6008
_	IH-20 OVERPASS LOCATION:	LIMITS	CLEANING/ SWEEPING (CENTER	OUTSIDE MAIN LANE UNIT(MI)	FRONTAGE ROAD UNIT(MI)	ENTER / EXIT RAMP UNIT (MI)
	MIDKIFF RD	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
	RM: 134-135 MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00
	COTTON FLAT RD	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
	RM: 135-136 MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.00	0. 25	0.00	0.00
	SH-349	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
-	RM: 136-137 MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.54	0.54	0.00	0.00
ايه	LAMESA RD	FROM: END OF BRIDGE (ROAD TO IH-20)				
MAP	RM: 137-138 MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF BRIDGE ENTRANCE TO IH-20	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.00
3	FM-715 / SH-158	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
Ĭ	RM: 138-139 MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.70	0.70	0.00	0.00
LOCATION	FM-307	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
의	RM: 140-141 MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00
	TANK FARM RD (CR1150)	FROM: BEGINNING OF CURB NORTH SIDE				
	RM: 140-141 MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF CURB SOUTH SIDE	0.00	0.51	0.00	0.00
	BI-20 EAST INTERCHANGE	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
	RM: 144-145 MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	1.05	1.05	0.00	0.00
	LP-250 EAST	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
	RM: 143-144 MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.20	0.89	0.00	0.00
	MIDLAND QUANTITY		2.59	4.59	0	0
	81-20 WEST INTERCHANGE	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
4	RM: 154 MARTIN CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.00	0.60	0.00	0.00
- 1	BI-20 EAST INTERCHANGE	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
MAP	RM: 159 MARTIN CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.00	0.60	0.00	0.00
	SH-137	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
읨	RM: 156 MARTIN CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.40	0.60	0.00	0.00
LOCATION	FM-829	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
	RM: 152 MARTIN CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.00	0.60	0.00	0.00
7	FM-1208	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
	RM: 148 MARTIN CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.00	0.60	0.00	0.00
	STANTON QUANTITY		0.40	3.00	0	0
	SHEET TOTAL		2. 99	7.59	0	0



Gaylon C. Windham, P.E. 12/8/2020

Date

# SUMMARY OF STREET SWEEPING

SHEET 1 OF 9



Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	MAIN	TENANCE PROJ	ECT NO.	SHEET NO.
6	RMC	63744	17001	8
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXAS	ODA	_ M	IDLAND	, ETC
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	ні	GHWAY NO.
6374	47	001	IH 2	O, ETC

AREA	2	(LP	-250	OVERE	'ASSES)

			ANEA 2 (El 250 OVERI A33E3)				
_	LP-250 OVERPASS LOC	CATION:	LIMITS	738-6002 CENTER MEDIAN UNIT (MI)	738-6004 OUTSIDE MAIN LANE UNIT(MI)	738-6006 FRONTAGE ROAD UNIT(MI)	738-6008 ENTER / EXIT RAMP UNIT(MI)
	SH-158 (ANDREWS HWY)		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL		0.70		
1	RM: 274-275	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.39	0.39	0.00	0.00
1	WADLEY AND TREMONT		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL AT WADLEY	0.65	0.05		1
l	RM: 275-276	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL AT TREMONT	0.65	0.65	0.00	0.00
	MIDLAND DRIVE		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
	RM: 276-277	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0, 61	0.61	0.00	0.00
	MIDKIFF RD		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				1
-	RM: 277-278	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.30	0.30	0.00	0.00
	GARFIELD ST		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				+
1	RM: 278-279	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.31	0.31	0.00	0.00
	"A" STREET		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL		<del> </del>		
	RM: 279-280	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.54	0.54	0.00	0.00
	SH-349 PAST LAMESA RD (EAST)		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL		<del>                                     </del>		
l	RM: 280-282	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.81	0.81	0.00	0.00
	FAIRGROUNDS RD		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
	RM: 281-282	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.19	0.73	0.00	0.00
ı	BI-20 EAST		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
ı	RM: 285-286	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	1.60	1.60	0.00	0.00
ı	SL-250 & CR'S 1150/60						<del>                                     </del>
l	RM: 283-284 (INCLUDING U-TURNS)	MIDLAND CO.	AREA AROUND OVERPASS	0.60	2.50	0.27	0.00
	SL-250 & CR'S 1140				<u> </u>		<del></del>
	RM: 284 (INCLUDING U-TURNS)	MIDLAND CO.	AREA AROUND OVERPASS	0.54	2.65	0.24	0.00
	RDWY TOTALS			6.54	11.09	0.51	+
				0.54	11.09	0.51	0

### AREA 3 (SH-191 OVERPASSES)

			AREA 3 (3H-131 OVERPASSES)				
	SH-191 OVERPASS LOCAT	ION:	LIMITS	738-6002 CENTER MEDIAN UNIT(MI)	738-6004 OUTSIDE MAIN LANE UNIT(MI)	738-6006 FRONTAGE ROAD UNIT (MI)	738-6008 ENTER / EXIT RAMP UNIT (MI)
-	SH-191 OVER FM-1788 RM: 271-272	MIDLAND CO.	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	1.40	1.40	0.00	0.00
ION MAP	FM-1788 & SH-191 (AREA UNDER BRIDGE) RM: 334A-335A (INCLUDING U-TURNS)	MIDLAND CO.	FROM: STRIPES DRVWY. TO: PILOT DRVWY.	0.82	1.30	0.00	0.00
	SH-191 OVER CR 1275 RM: 272-273	MIDLAND CO.	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	1.20	1,20	0.00	0.00
OCAT	SH-191 OVER SH-158 RM: 277-278	MIDLAND CO.	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.80	0.80	0.00	0.00
	SH-191 & SH-158 (AREA UNDER BRIDGE) RM: 276-277 (INCLUDING U-TURNS)	MIDLAND CO.	FROM: NORTH SH-191 FTG. RD. TO: SOUTH SH-191 FTG. RD.	0.00	0.58	0.00	0.00
	RDWY TOTALS			4. 22	5.28	0	0
	SHEET TOTALS			10.76	16.37	0.51	0



Gaylon C. Windham, P.E. 12/8/2020

Date

# SUMMARY OF STREET SWEEPING

SHEET 2 OF 9

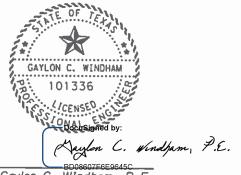


Texas Department of Transportation

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FED. RD. DIV. NO.	MAIN	TENANCE PROJ	ECT NO.	SHEET NO.
6	RMC	63744	17001	9
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNT	Υ
TEXAS	ODA	M	IDLAN	D. ETC
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	H	IGHWAY NO.
6374	47	001	IH:	20. ETC

### AREA 4 (FM-1788 OVERPASSES AND CURB AND GUTTER ROADWAYS)

		71167 1 1		DWATSI			
	FM-1788 OVERPASS LOCAT	ION:	LIMITS	738-6002 CENTER MEDIAN UNIT (MI)	738-6004 OUTSIDE MAIN LANE UNIT (MI)	738-6006 FRONTAGE ROAD UNIT(MI)	738-6008 ENTER / EXIT RAMP UNIT (MI)
	FM-1788 OVER IH-20		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
MAP	RM: 327-328	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.30	0.60	0.00	0.00
≥	FM-1788 OVER BI-20		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
200	RM: 327-328	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.80	0.80	0.00	0.00
Š	FM-1788 OVER BI-20		FROM: NORTH INTERSECTION				
	RM: 327-328 (MIDDLE LEVEL)	MIDLAND CO.	TO: SOUTH INTERSECTION	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00
m	SH-115 OVER FM-1788		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
	RM: 315-316	ANDREWS CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.00
MAP	SH-176 OVER SH-349		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
	RM: 276-277	ANDREWS CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.00
	RDWY QUANTITY			1.10	3. 20	0	0
	FM-1788 CURB AND GUTTER ROADWAY	LOCATIONS:	LIMITS				
-	FM-1788		FROM: IH 20 NFR				
MAP	RM: 327-328	MIDLAND CO.	TO: FM 662	0.40	0.60	0.00	0.00
	IH-20 SFR RAMP AT FM 1788		FROM: INTERSECTION OF RAMP AND WEST END OF SERVICE ROAD	0.00			
징		MIDLAND CO.	TO: INTERSECTION OF RAMP AND EAST END OF SERVICE ROAD	0.00	0.51	0.00	0.00
OCATION	IH-20 NFR RAMP AT FM 1788		FROM: INTERSECTION OF RAMP AND EAST END OF SERVICE ROAD	0.00	0.44	0.00	
\delta	5	MIDLAND CO.	TO: INTERSECTION OF RAMP AND WEST END OF SERVICE ROAD	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.00
Ŏ	FM-1788		FROM: N ENTRANCE TO SL 40	0.00	0.70	0.00	
	RM: 337-338	MIDLAND CO.	TO: S ENTRANCE TO SL 40	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.00
	RDWY QUANTITY			0.40	1.85	0	0
	SHEET QUANTITY			1.50	5.05	0	0



Gaylon C. Windham, P.E. 12/8/2020

Date

SUMMARY OF STREET SWEEPING

SHEET 3 OF 9



Texas Department of Transportation

	2020						
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	MAIN	TENANCE PROJ	ECT NO.	SHEET NO.			
6	RMC	63744	17001	10			
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY				
TEXAS	ODA	M	IDLAND	.ETC			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIG	HWAY NO.			
6374	47	001	IH 2	O. ETC			

AREA 5 (BI 20 E OVERPASSES	AREA	5 (	BT	20	F	OVER	PΔ	SSES
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		TWILL BY TO I DO E OVER ASSEST				
_	BI 20 E OVERPASS LOCATION:	LIMITS	738-6002 CENTER MEDIAN UNIT (MI)	738-6004 OUTSIDE MAIN LANE UNIT (MI)	738-6006 FRONTAGE ROAD UNIT(MI)	738-6008 ENTER / EXIT RAMP UNIT(MI)
-	LA FORCE BLVD. RM: 310-312 MIDLAND CO.	FROM: NORTH INTERSECTION TO: SOUTH INTERSECTION	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00
>1	BI-20 EAST EXHIBIT BUILDING RM: 323-324 (MIDLAND DRAW CULVERT) MIDLAND CO.	FROM: INTERSECTION TO: INTERSECTION	0.40	0.40	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL QUANTITY		0.40	0.55	0	0

		AREA 6 (SH-0158 OVERPASSES)			A 1 YEAR CONT	RACT
SH-0158(LP-250) OVERPASS LO	OCATION:	LIMITS	738-6002 CENTER MEDIAN UNIT (MI)	738-6004 OUTSIDE MAIN LANE UNIT(MI)	738-6006 FRONTAGE ROAD UNIT(MI)	738-6000 ENTER / EXIT RAM UNIT (MI
SH-158 (LP 250) OVER IH-20		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				
RM: 282-283	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.17	0.17	0.00	0.00
		FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL				_
SH-158 (LP 250) &BI-20 OVERPASS & UN	H-158 (LP 250) &BI-20 OVERPASS & UNDERPASS	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	1.04		0.00	
RM: 281-282		FROM: WEST FTG. RD INTERSECTION	1.94	1.94	0.00	0.00
ED CU ATO TUTO	MIDLAND CO.	TO: EAST FTG. RD. INTERSECTION				
SB SH-158 ENTRANCE RAMP AT BI-20	*****	FROM: INTERSECTION OF B1-20 N. FTG. RD.	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RM: 281 - 282	MIDLAND CO.	TO: SOUTHBOUND SH-158	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20
NB SH-158 ENTRANCE RAMP TO EB BI-20		FROM: BEGINNING OF CONCRETE BRIDGE RAIL	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15
RM: 281-282	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF CONCRETE BRIDGE RAIL	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15
NB SH-158 EXIT RAMP AT BI-20	11701 1110 00	FROM: NORTHBOUND SH 158	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15
RM: 281-282	MIDLAND CO.	TO: INTERSECTION OF BI-20 N. FTG. RD.		0.00	0.00	0.15
SH-158 OVER THOMASON	117D1 111D 00	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL	0. 35	0.35	0.00	0.00
RM: 279-280	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	0.33	0.33		0.00
		FROM: NORTH INTERSECTION				
SH-158 & BS-158 (MIDDLE LEVEL) RM: 274		TO: SOUTH INTERSECTION	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00
144	MIDLAND CO.	FROM: WEST INTERSECTION	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
SH-349 OVER SH-158	MIDLAND CO.	TO: EAST INTERSECTION (PLUS U-TURNS)				
RM: 273	MIDLAND CO.	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00
SH-349 RELF RT OVER DRAW	WIDEAND CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL				
RM: 321	MIDLAND CO.	FROM: BEGINNING OF GUARDRAIL	0.00	0, 26	0.00	0.00
TOTAL QUANTITY	- INTEGRATE CO.	TO: END OF GUARDRAIL				
OARTITI			2.46	3.59	0.90	0.50
SHEET QUANTITY			2.86	4.14		



Gaylon C. Windham, P.E. 12/8/2020

Date

# SUMMARY OF STREET SWEEPING

SHEET 4 OF 9



Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RO. DIV. NO.	MAIN'	TENANCE PROJ	ECT NO.	SHEET NO.
6	RMC	63744	17001	11
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	<u> </u>
TEXAS	ODA	M	IDLAND	, ETC
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIG	HWAY NO.
6374	47	001	IH 2	O. FTC

	_					
AREA	7	(CURB	AND	GUTTER	ROADWAYS)	
				LIMITS		

	SH-158(LP-250) FRONTAGE ROAD LOCATION:	LIMITS	738-6002 CENTER MEDIAN UNIT(MI)	738-6004 OUTSIDE MAIN LANE UNIT (MI)	738-6006 FRONTAGE ROAD UNIT(MI)	738-6008 ENTER / EXIT RAMP UNIT (MI)
	SH-158(LP 250) INCLUDING U-TURNS AND INTERSECT RM: 281-283 MIDLAND CO.	IONS FROM: IH-20 NORTH FTG. RD. TO: FM-662 SOUTH FTG. RD.	0.00	0.00	1.60	0.00
	SH-158(LP 250) INCLUDING U-TURNS AND INTERSECT RM: 278-281 MIDLAND CO.	IONS FROM: BI-20 SOUTH FTG. RD.  TO: BS-158 NORTH FTG. RD.	0.00	0.00	5.24	0.00
	SH -158 RM: 278-279 MIDLAND CO.	FROM: SH-191&SH-158 OVERPASS TO: LP-250 FTG. RD.	0.00	0.00	1.88	0.00
	BS-158 UNDERPASS (BOTTOM LEVEL) LP-250 RM: 274-275 MIDLAND CO.	FROM: BEGINNING OF LANDSCAPE RETAINING WALL TO: END OF GUARDRAIL	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
	SH-349 NORTH RM: 323-326 MIDLAND CO.	FROM: LP-250 FTG. RD. TO: PUEBLO ST.	0.00	2.83	0.00	0.00
	SH-349 SOUTH RM: 330-334 MIDLAND CO.	TO: COUNTY RD. 140	3. 26	3.26	0.00	0.00
	SH-158 EAST RM: 288-292 MIDLAND CO.	FROM: FM 715 (INCLUDE UNDER IH 20 BRIDGE) TO: EAST COUNTY RD. 130	4. 43	4. 43	0.00	0.00
MAP	LP-250 INCLUDING U-TURNS AND INTERSECTIONS RM: 274-286 MIDLAND CO.	FROM: SH-158 NORTH FTG. RD. TO: EAST BI-20 NORTH FTG. RD.	0.00	0.00	25. 27	0.00
5	BI-20 CONCRETE BARRIER MIDLAND CO. RM: 310-312 (AIRPORT EXIT TO WEST OF FM 1788)	FROM: BEGINNING OF CONCRETE BARRIER TO: END OF CONCRETE BARRIER PAST FM 1788	2.70	2.70	0.00	0.00
LOCALION	LP-40 MIDLAND CO. RM: 268-270 PLUS ISLANDS AT BOTH ENTRANCES	FROM: FM 1788 NORTH LP-40 ENTRANCE TO: FM 1788 SOUTH LP-40 ENTRANCE	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00
	IH-20/SH-158 (GARDEN CITY EXIT) MIDLAND CO. RM: 138-139	FROM: IH-20 EAST EXIT RAMP TO: IH-20 EAST ENTRANCE RAMP FROM: IH-20 WEST EXIT RAMP TO: IH-20 WEST ENTRANCE RAMP	0.00	0.00	2.86	0.00
	FM-715 (UNDER IH 20 OVERPASS) RM: 322-324 MIDLAND CO.	FROM: SH-158 TO: IH-20 SOUTH FTG. RD.	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00
	IH-20 (CONC BARR & W LP 250 OVERPASS) RM: 131-132 MIDLAND CO.	FROM: BEGIN OF BARRIER TO: END OF BARRIER	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
	BI-158B (ANDREWS HWY . MIDLAND DR) (ENTIRE INTER RM: 275 MIDLAND CO.		0.21	0.21	0.00	0.00
	BI-158B (ANDREWS HWY @ CUTHBERT AVE) (ENTIRE INT RM: 276-277 MIDLAND CO.	ERSCT) FROM: DRIVEWAY TO: DRIVEWAY	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.00
	SL 250 E RM: 286-287 MIDLAND CO.	FROM: N SIDE OF BI 20 OVERPASS TO: CR 1130	1.20	1.20	0.00	0.00
	SHEET TOTAL		14.12	17.05	36.85	0



Gaylon C. Windham, P.E. 12/8/2020

Date

# SUMMARY OF STREET SWEEPING

SHEET 5 OF 9



Texas Department of Transportation

FED.RO.	MAIN	TENANCE PROJ	SHEET NO.				
6	RMC	63744	17001	12			
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY				
TEXAS	ODA	M	IDLAND	, ETC			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIG	HWAY NO.			
6374	47	001	IH 2	O, ETC			

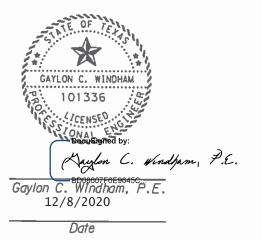
AREA 7 (CURB AND GUTTER ROADWAYS - 9 CYCLES)

MidlandSum.dgn

	ANGA					
LOCATION		LIMITS	738-6002 CENTER MEDIAN UNIT(MI)	738-6004 OUTSIDE MAIN LANE UNIT (MI)	738-6006 FRONTAGE ROAD UNIT(MI)	738-6008 ENTER / EXIT RAMI UNIT (MI)
IH 20 N & S FR RDS & CTR MED A	T W LP 250	FROM: BEG C&G SECT				
RM: 131-132	MIDLAND CO.	TO: END C&G SECT	0.10	0.00	0.28	0.00
IH 20 N FR RD AT SH 349		FROM: COTTON FLAT RD				
RM: 135-136	MIDLAND CO.	TO: BAIRD ST	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00
IH 20 S FR RD AT SH 349		FROM: W OF EXIT RAMP				
RM: 135-136	MIDLAND CO.	TO: ENTRANCE RAMP	0.10	0.00	0.44	0.00
IH 20 N FR RD AT E LP 250		FROM: ENTRANCE RAMP				<del>                                     </del>
RM: 142-144	MIDLAND CO.	TO: BI 20 FR RD	0.00	0.00	1.60	0.00
IH 20 S FR RD AT E LP 250		FROM: W OF EXIT RAMP (INCL. TURNAROUNDS & UNDER BRIDGE)		-		
RM: 142-144	MIDLAND CO.	TO: BI 20 FR RD	0.00	0.00	1.80	0.00
AREA 7 TOTAL Q	UANTITY		0.20	0	5.38	0

# AREA 7 (CURB AND GUTTER ROADWAYS - 6 CYCLES PER YEAR)

FM 307	FROM: BEGINNING OF CURB (TANK FARM RD.)				
RM: 381-388 MIDLAND CO.	TO: END OF CURB (FM 1379)	0.00	14.20	0.00	0.00
AREA 7 TOTAL QUANTITY		0	14.20	0	0



# SUMMARY OF STREET SWEEPING

SHEET 6 OF 9



Texas Department of Transportation

FED.RD. DIV.NO.	MA IN	TENANCE PROJ	ECT NO.	SHEET NO.			
6	RMC	63744	17001	13			
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY				
TEXAS	ODA	М	IDLAND	.ETC			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB					
6374	47	001	IH 2	O. ETC			

### AREA 8 (CURB AND GUTTER ROADWAYS)

			AREA O TOURD AND GUITER RUADWATS)				
				738-6002	738-6004	738-6006	738-6008
_		LOCATION:	LIMITS	CENTER MEDIAN UNIT(MI)	OUTSIDE MAIN LANE UNIT(MI)	FRONTAGE ROAD UNIT (MI)	ENTER / EXIT RAMP UNIT(MI)
m		SH 176 - ANDREWS	FROM: SH 115 (INCLUDE ALL THE ISLANDS LOCATED AT THE INTERSECTION ON THE WEST END OF TOWN) (BEGINNING OF CURB)	0.00	3. 90	0.00	0.00
MAP		RM: 253-256 ANDREWS CO	TO: .523 MI EAST OF MUSTANG DR (END OF CURB)				
2		US 385 - ANDREWS	FROM: CR 2000 (BEGINNING OF CURB)				
-0C	-	RM: 318-322 ANDREWS CO	TO: SOUTH MUSTANG DR (END OF CURB)	0.00	4.60	0.00	0.00
긔		US 385 E FR RD - ANDREWS	FROM: CR 1000 (BEGINNING OF CURB)				
		RM: 318-322 ANDREWS CO	TO: MITCHELL RD (END OF CURB)	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00
4		BI 20E - STANTON	FROM: BEGINNING OF CURB				
		RM: 339.3 - 341.5 MARTIN CO	TO: END OF CURB	0.00	4.40	0.00	0.00
MAP	-	SH 137 - STANTON	FROM: BI 20E				
<sup>2</sup>	_	RM: 319.7 - 320.8 MARTIN CO	TO: FM 3113	0.00	2.20	0.22	0.00
	Į	TOTAL QUANTITY		0	15.30	0.22	0

NOTE: AREA 8 BOUNDARIES WILL BE DESIGNATED ON THE GROUND BY THE ENGINEER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE.



SUMMARY OF STREET SWEEPING

SHEET 7 OF 9

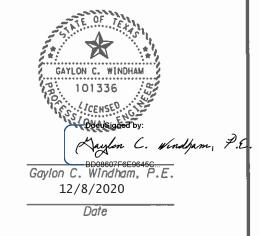


Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	MAIN'	MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO.		
6	RMC	63744	17001	14
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXAS	ODA	M	IDLAND	, ETC
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIG	HWAY NO.
6374	47	001	IH 2	O. ETC

							738-6004 CLEANING/ SWEEPING	738-6008 CLEANING SWEEPING (ENTRANCE/	738-6010*
1	10	RDWY	DIR	DESCRIPTION		MRKR	(OUTSIDE MAIN LANE)	EXIT RAMP)	(SPOT)
	-	CU 150	ND	EVIT DANO TO DDC	BEG	END	MI	MI	MI
$\vdash$	_	SH 158 SH 158	NB NB	EXIT RAMP TO DPS ENTR RAMP TO DPS	282+.10		16	0.10	
-		SH 158	NB	EXIT RAMP TO FR RD	281+.90		70"	0.20	
	4	SH 158	NB	ENTR RAMP TO EXIT RAMP AT THOMASON + MAINLN SHLDR	280+.90	280+.30	0.45	0.10	
<u> </u>		SH 158	NB	ENTR RAMP AT THOMASON TO EXIT RAMP AT SH 191+ MAINLN SHLDR		279+.20	0. 45	0.30	
$\vdash$	$\rightarrow$	SH 158	SB	ENTR RAMP AT SH 191 TO EXIT RAMP AT THOMASON+ MAINLN SHLDR		279+.70	0.40	0.35	
-	7	SH 158	SB	ENTR RAMP AT THOMASON TO EXIT RAMP + MAINLN SHLDR	280+.30		0.40	0.30	
	_	SH 158	SB	ENTR RAMP TO SL 250	281+.10	280*.90	0.40	0.15	-
		SH 158	SB	EXIT RAMP FROM SL 250	281+.85			0.10	
	$\overline{}$	SH 158	SB	ENTR RAMP TO SL 250	282+.00			0.10	
		Y TOTAL	20	ENTR TRAME TO SE 250	2024.00		1.60	2.00	
	_	SL 250	NB	ENTR RAMP AT SH 191 TO EXIT RAMP AT WADLEY+ MAINLN SHLDR	274+ 20	274+.70	0.25	0.35	
	-	SL 250	NEB	ENTR RAMP AT TREMONT TO EXIT RAMP AT MIDLAND + MAINLN SHLDR	275+.50	276A	0.35	0.35	
1-		SL 250	EB	ENTR RAMP AT MIDLAND TO EXIT RAMP AT MIDLAND + MAINLN SHLDR		277+.20	0.30	0.35	
_		SL 250	EB	ENTR RAMP AT MIDKIFF TO EXIT RAMP AT GARFIELD + MAINLN SHLDR		278+.15	0.40	0.30	
		SL 250	EB	ENTR RAMP AT GARFIELD TO EXIT RAMP AT A ST + MAINLN SHLDR		279+.25	0.40	0.25	
	$\overline{}$	SL 250	EB	EXIT RAMP TO A ST	279+.80	213.123	0,40	0.15	
_	_	SL 250	EB	EXIT RAMP TO LAMESA RD	280+.30			0.20	
_		SL 250	EB	EXIT RAMP TO FAIRGROUNDS RD	281+.10		•	0.30	
— i—		SL 250	WB	ENTR RAMP TO SL 250 TO EXIT AT LAMESA RD + MAINLN SHLDR		280+.90	0.10	0.30	
		SL 250	WB	ENTR RAMP TO SL 250 AT LAMESA RD	280+.25	2001.30	0.10	0.20	
		SL 250	WB	ENTR RAMP TO SL 250 AT SH 349	279+.90			0.15	
		SL 250	WB	ENTR RAMP AT A ST TO EXIT RAMP AT GARFIELD + MAINLN SHLDR		278+.65	0,30	0.15	
	23	SL 250	WB	ENTR RAMP AT GARFIELD TO EXIT RAMP AT MIDKIFF + MAINLN SHLDR		277+.70	0.25	0.30	
		SL 250	WB	ENTR RAMP AT MIDKIFF TO EXIT RAMP AT MIDLAND + MAINLN SHLDR		276+.70	0.40	0.30	
_		SL 250	SWB	ENTR RAMP AT MIDLAND TO EXIT RAMP AT TREMONT + MAINLN SHLDR	276A	275+.40	0.40	0.40	
	26	SL 250	SB	ENTR RAMP AT WADLEY TO EXIT RAMP AT SH 191 + MAINLN SHLDR		274+.70	0.15	0.35	
	_	SL 250	EB	ENTR RAMP FROM FAIRGROUNDS RD SL 250	281+.50	2144.10	0,13	0.35	
		SL 250	WB	EXIT RAMP FROM SL 250 TO FAIRGROUNDS RD	281+.50			0.15	
	_	SL 250	EB	EXIT RAMP FROM SL 250 TO TODD RD	282+.00			0.20	
		SL 250	WB	ENTR RAMP FROM TODD RD SL 250	282+.00			0.22	
		Y TOTAL		CHITA THANK THOM TOOD NO SE 250	202 . 00		3.30	5.32	
		IH 20	WB	ENTR RAMP	145+.10	1	3.30	0.20	
	28	IH 20	WB	EXIT 144 RAMP TO BI 20	144+.55			0.75	
-	29	IH 20	WB	EXIT 143	143+.80	-		0.20	
		IH 20		ENTR RAMP	142+.50			0.30	
	31	IH 20	WB	ENTR RAMP	142 • . 25			0.20	
	32	IH 20	WB	ENTR RAMP AT FM 307 TO EXIT RAMP AT SH 158 + MAINLN SHLDR		138+.70	1,00	0.35	
_	33	IH 20	WB	ENTR RAMP AT FM 715 TO EXIT RAMP AT LAMESA + MAINLN SHLDR		137+.60	0.40	0.35	
	34	IH 20	WB	ENTR RAMP AT LAMESA TO EXIT RAMP AT SH 349 + MAINLN SHLDR		136+.50	0,40	0.40	
	35	IH 20	WB	ENTR RAMP AT SH 349 TO EXIT RAMP AT COTTONFLAT + MAINLN SHLDR		135+.65	0.20	0.40	
	36	IH 20	WB	ENTR RAMP AT COTTONFLAT TO EXIT RAMP AT MIDKIFF + MAINLN SHLDR		134+.60	0.20	0.25	
	37	IH 20	WB	ENTR RAMP AT MIDKIFF	134+.10	127.00		0.15	
- I-	38	IH 20	EB	EXIT RAMP AT MIDKIFF	134+.10	1		0.15	
	39	IH 20	EB	ENTR RAMP AT MIDKIFF TO EXIT RAMP AT COTTONFLAT + MAINLN SHLDR		135+.00	0.25	0.25	
_	40	IH 20	EB	ENTR RAMP AT COTTONFLAY TO EXIT RAMP AT SH 349 + MAINLN SHLDR		136+.10	0.20	0.25	
	41	IH 20	EB	ENTR RAMP AT SH 349 TO EXIT RAMP AT LAMESA + MAINLN SHLDR		137+.00	0.35	0.35	
	42	IH 20	EB	ENTR RAMP AT LAMESA TO EXIT RAMP AT FM 715 + MAINLN SHLDR		138+.15	0.45	0.30	
	43	IH 20	EB	ENTR RAMP AT SH 158 TO EXIT RAMP AT FM 307 + MAINLN SHLDR		139+.75	0, 90	0.35	
	44		EB	EXIT 143	142+.30			0. 25	
-	45	IH 20	EB	ENTR RAMP	143+,60			0.25	
<b>⊢</b>	46	IH 20	EB	EXIT 144 THRU CURVE	144+,50	1		0. 25	
_	6A		EB	EXIT RAMP & TURNAROUND	131+.00	<del>+                                    </del>		0.40	
	6B	IH 20	EB	ENTR RAMP & TURNAROUND	131+.00			0.55	
	6C		WB	EXIT RAMP & TURNAROUND	131+.00			0.40	
		IH 20	WB	ENTR RAMP & TURNAROUND	131+.00		T	0.55	
	RDY	WY TOTAL					4.35	7.85	10.00

<sup>\*</sup> THIS ITEM WILL BE USED ON AN AS-NEEDED OR EMERGENCY BASIS, AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.



# SUMMARY OF STREET SWEEPING (RAMPS)

SHEET 8 OF 9



Texas Department of Transportation

	•				
	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	MAIN'	MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO.		
	6	RMC	63744	47001	15
	STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
İ	TEXAS	ODA	М	IDLAND	,ETC
	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	ні	GHWAY NO.
	6374	47	001	IH 2	O. ETC

# UPTON COUNTY ROADWAYS (6-CYCLES/YR)

	TRACTS	MAINT. SECT.	HIGHWAY	COUNTY	REF NO.	LIMITS	738-6002 CENTER MEDIAN CENTER LINE MILES	738-6004 OUTSIDE MAINLANES CENTER LINE MILES	738-6008 ENTER/EXIT RAMP MILES
	1	5	US 67	UPTON	773 774	STARTING AT RANKIN E. CITY LIMIT TO W. CITY LIMIT		1.40	
σ.	2	5	SH 349	UPTON	392 392	STARTING AT RANKIN N. CITY LIMIT TO US 67		0.40	
NO MA	3	5	US 385	UPTON	410 411	STARTING AT McCAMEY N. CITY LIMIT TO US 67		0.40	
ATIO	4	5	US 67	UPTON	792 793	STARTING AT McCAMEY E. CITY LIMIT TO W. CITY LIMIT		1.10	
100	5	5	FM 305	UPTON	378 379	STARTING AT US 67 TO FM 1901 INT.		1.05	
	6	5	LP 576	UPTON	374 376	STARTING AT US 385 TO US 67 INT. (IN RANKIN)		1.00	
						TOTAL QUANTITY		5.35	



# SUMMARY OF STREET SWEEPING

SHEET 9 OF 9



Texas Department of Transportation

FED.RD. DIV.NO.	MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.
6	RMC	6374	47001	16
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXAS	ODA	M	IDLAND.	ETC
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIG	HWAY NO.
6374	47	001	IH 2	O. ETC

# PROJECT SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

	738-6002	738-6004	738-6006	738-6008	738-6010
SUMMARY SHEET	CLEANING/SWEEPING (CENTER MEDIAN)	CLEANING/SWEEPING (OUTSIDE MAIN LANE)	CLEANING/SWEEPING (FRONTAGE ROAD)	CLEANING/SWEEPING (ENTRANCE/EXIT RAMP)	CLEANING/SWEEPING (SPOT)
1	MI	MI	MI	MI	MI
2	2.99	7.59 16.37	0.51		
3	1.50	5.05			
<u>4</u> 5	2.86 13.79	3.88	0.90	0.50	
6	0.20	16.81	36.85 5.38		
7		15.30	0.22		
SHEET TOTALS	32.10	9. 25	47.00	12.35	
JILLI TOTALS	52.10	94. 25	43.86	12.85	
X 9 CYCLES/YR*	288.90	848.25	394.74	115.65	
8		14.20			10.00
9		5.35			10.00
SHEET TOTALS		19.55			
X 6 CYCLES/YR**		117.30			60.00
PROJECT TOTAL	288, 90	965.55	394.74	115.65	60.00

<sup>\*</sup>SIX CYCLES WILL BE SCHEDULED AND THREE CYCLES WILL BE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER \*\*SIX CYCLES ONLY WILL BE SCHEDULED FOR THIS PORTION OF THE PROJECT

# SUMMARY OF TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATORS (TMA'S)

NO. OF CYCLES	DAYS/CYCLE	SUBTOTAL	NO. OF TMA'S/TCP	TOTAL DAYS
9	5	45	3 TMA'S/TCP(3-2)	135
6	2	12	2 TMA'S/TCP(3-1)	24
TOTAL		144		159

# PROJECT SUMMARY

Gaylon C. Windham, P.E. 12/8/2020

Texas Department of Transportation

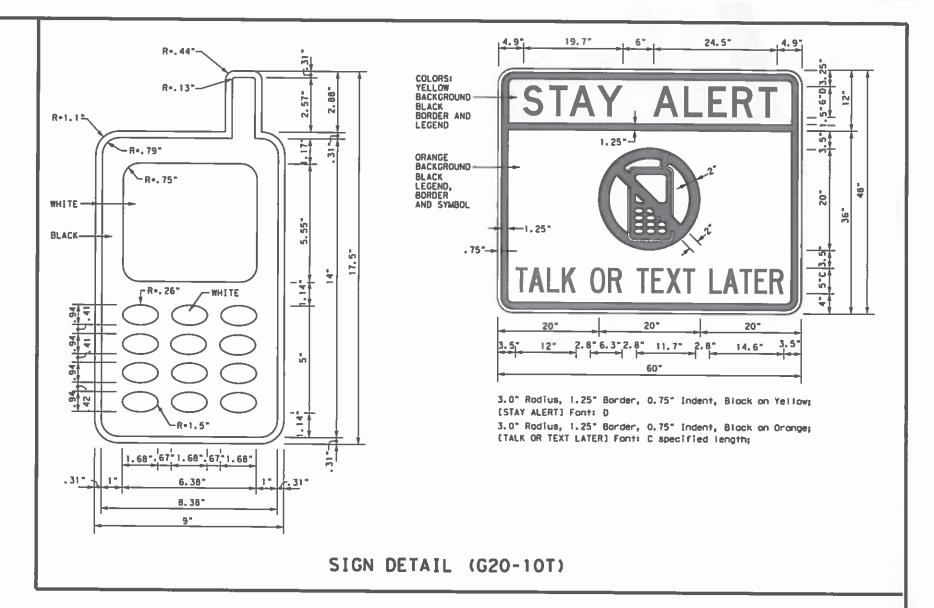
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	MAIN	TENANCE PROJ	ECT NO.	S	HEET NO.	
.E. 6	RMC	63744	47001		17	
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	1		
TEXAS	ODA	M	IDLAND	, E	TC	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HI	GHWAY N	10.	
6374	47	001	IH 2	20.	ETC	

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

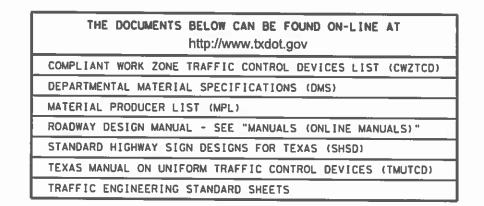
### WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118



SHEET 1 OF 12

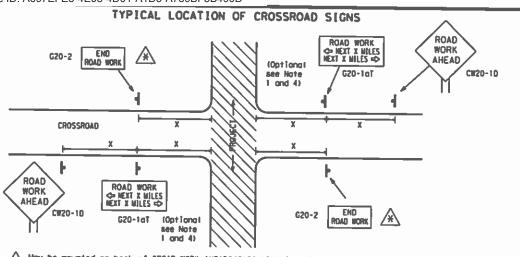
Texas Department of Transportation

Operations
Division
Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

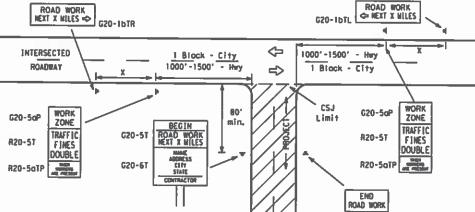
### DE-14.dgn | DNN TXD0T | CSTTXD0T | DNN TXD0T | CSTTXD0T | CSTT



May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Worning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may amit the advance warning signs on law volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-10T) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher valume crossroods. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

# T-INTERSECTION 1 Block - City



### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.

G20-2

If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME (G20-61) sign behind the Type 3 Borricodes for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 15,6

### SIZE

	3126	
Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 <sup>4</sup> CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

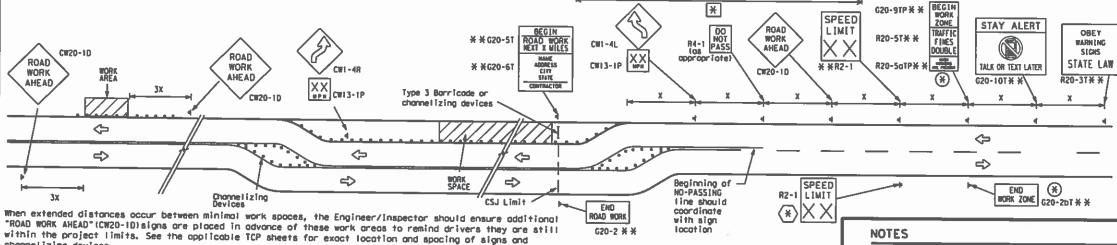
SPAC	ING	

Posted Speed	Sign <sup>Δ</sup> Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 ²
60	600 <sup>2</sup>
65	700 2
70	800 2
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	10002
*	+ 3

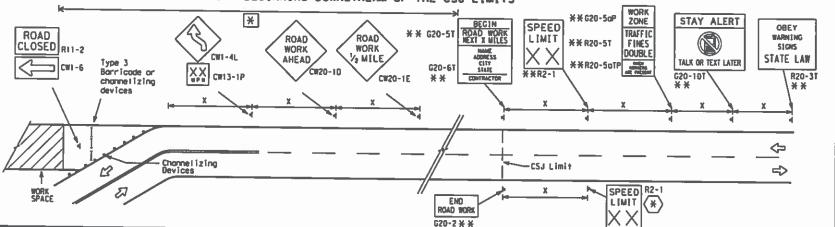
- a For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- A Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shoped worning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

# WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



### NOTES

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (620-51) sign for each specific project.
This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the negrest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double
- X X Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND				
$\vdash$	⊢ Type 3 Borricode				
000	000 Channelizing Devices				
-4-	-≛ Sign				
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.				

### SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Operation:

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

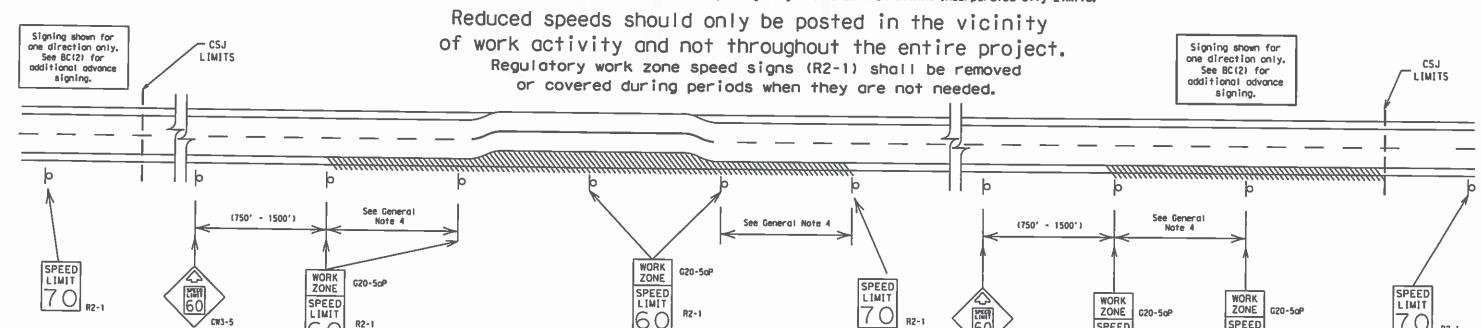
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channelizing devices.

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones." and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



### **GUIDANCE FOR USE:**

## LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

R2-1

160

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or octually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 moh and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have block legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Low enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) rodgr transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

Traffic

SPEED

LIMIT

16 C

SPEED

16 C

R2-1

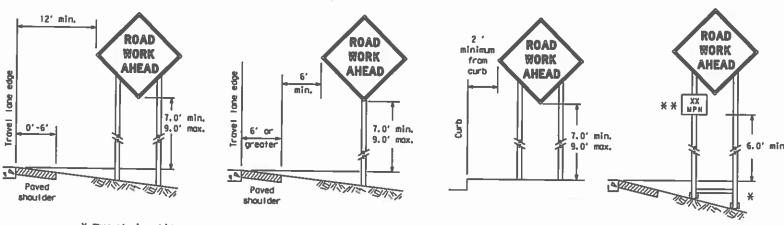
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC (3) -14

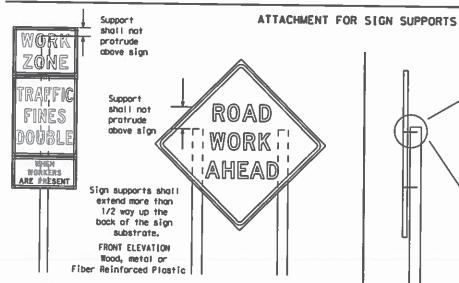
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## TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

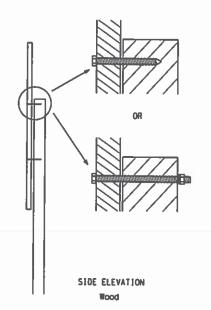


\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times naminal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.



Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign Support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by ony means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or

other means.

Attochment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

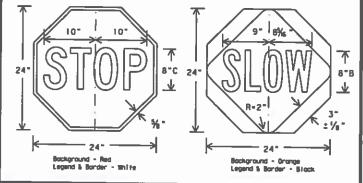
procedures for attaching sign

substrates to other types of

sign supports

### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by floggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24"  $\times$  24" as detailed below,
- 2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW poddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6" to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCO.



### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call. attention to conditions that are patentially hazardous to traffic operations. show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions. remove or cover the permonent signs until the permonent sign message motches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMO Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCO. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Borricodes shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCO but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer con verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

### DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the oppropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- The battom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental ploques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the povement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- Long-term/intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

### SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2° thick by 6° wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The clear shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web oddress for DMS specifications is shown on 8C(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background,
- Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type BFL or Type CFL, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds. SIGN LETTERS
- 1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely cavered.

  Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlop shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tope or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and hales backfilled upon completion of work.

### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

  The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skild and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

### FLAGS ON SIGNS

Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flogs shall not be allowed to cover any portion of

SHEET 4 OF 12

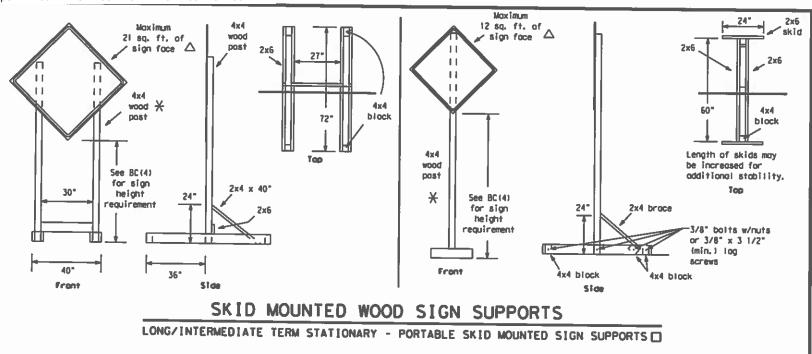
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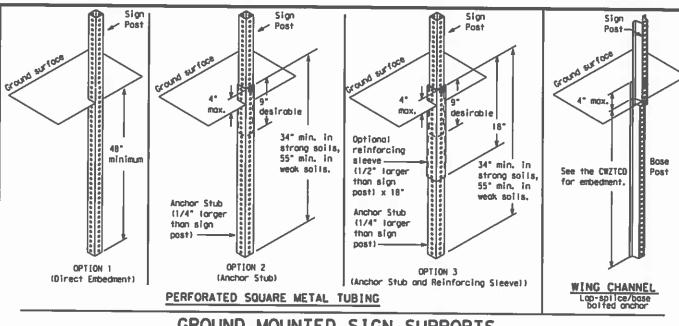
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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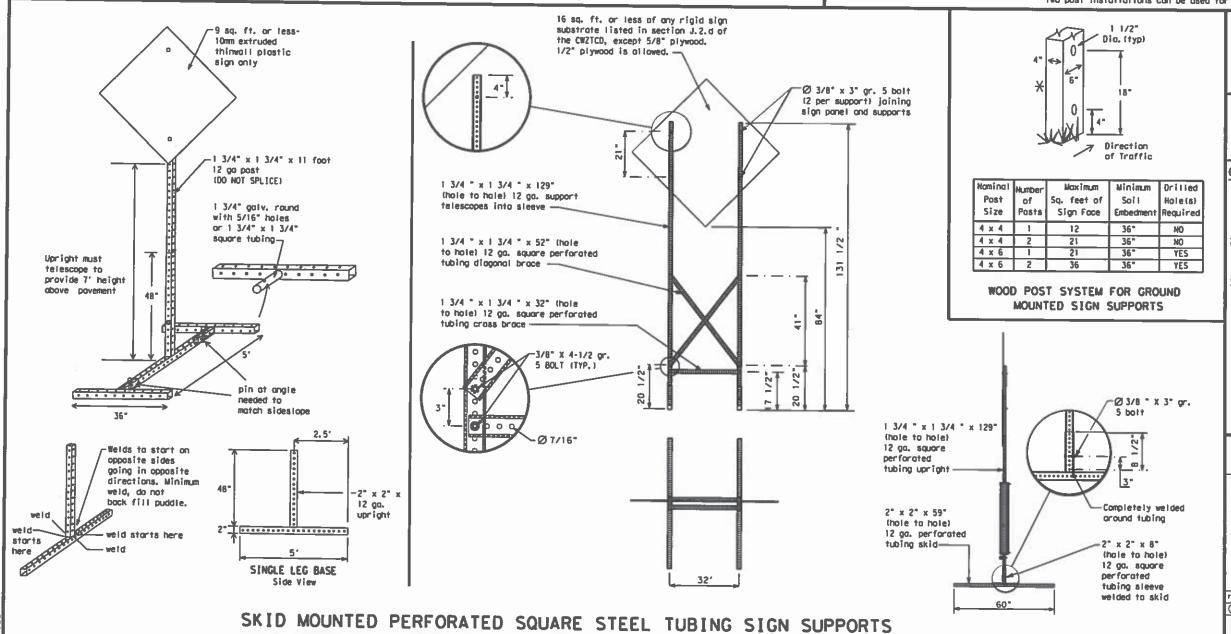


# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZICO and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footoge shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



### WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soits if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE
AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE
CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used an every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials nated on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
   This will be considered subsidiory to Item 502.
  - ☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - $\triangle$  See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

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### WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on partiable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words labout four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR, " "AT. " etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roodway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Manday marning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two aptions which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scrall horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign,
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCO.
- 15. POIS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should defoult to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of harizontal solid bors is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Rood	ACCS RO	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	LINE
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Br i dge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Connot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Rood	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
Egst	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Stippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) 5
Express Lone	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG ARD	Tellephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY. FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hozordous Oriving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesdoy	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR. HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	IIS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LET	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lone Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Povement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

### Roodway designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

MERGE

RIGHT

**DETOUR** 

X EXITS

US XXX

SOUTH

**TRUCKS** 

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

### Phase 1: Condition Lists

### Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

**FRONTAGE** 

ROAD

CLOSED

SHOULDER

CLOSED

XXX FT

RIGHT LN

CLOSED

XXX FT

RIGHT X

LANES

OPEN

DAYTIME

LANE

**CLOSURES** 

I-XX SOUTH

EXIT

CLOSED

EXIT XXX

CLOSED

X MILE

RIGHT LN

TO BE

CLOSED

X LANES

CLOSED

TUE - FRI

FREEWAY

CLOSED

X MILE

ROAD

CLOSED

AT SH XXX

ROAD

CLSD AT

FM XXXX

RIGHT X

LANES

CLOSED

CENTER

LANE

CLOSED

NIGHT

LANE

CLOSURES

**VARIOUS** 

LANES

CLOSED

EXIT

CLOSED

MALL

DRIVEWAY

CLOSED

XXXXXXX

BLVD

CLOSED

Other Condition List

ROADWORK XXX FT

FLAGGER XXXX FT RIGHT LN

NARROWS XXXX FT MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT

LOOSE GRAVEL LANES XXXX FT

**DETOUR** X MILE

ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX

BUMP XXXX FT **EXIT** 

TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel

List FORM X LINES RIGHT

USE XXXXX RD EXIT

USE EXIT XXX STAY ON

CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT UNEVEN

ROAD

REPAIRS

XXXX FT

LANE

**NARROWS** 

XXXX FT

TWO-WAY

TRAFFIC

XX MILE

XXXX FT ROUGH ROAD

XXXX FT ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN

US XXX X MILES

LANES SHIFT

STAY IN

Location List

FM XXXX

BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING

US XXX

EXIT

XXXXXXX

TO

XXXXXXX

US XXX

TO

FM XXXX

USE EXIT NEXT F-XX NORTH MILES PAST

USE I-XX E TO I-XX N WATCH

**PREPARE** 

TO

STOP

END

SHOULDER

USE

WATCH

FOR

WORKERS

USE US XXX N TRUCKS WATCH **EXPECT** FOR DELAYS **TRUCKS** 

**EXPECT** DELAYS

REDUCE **SPEED** XXX FT

USE OTHER ROUTES

LANF

Warning

List SPEED LIMIT XX MPH

> MAX I MUM SPEED XX MPH

MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH

**ADVISORY** 

SPEED

BEGINS

XX MPH RIGHT LANE EXIT

USE CAUTION

DRIVE SAFELY

DRIVE WITH CARE

XX AMх Рм APR XX-

XX X PM-X AM

\*\* Advance

Notice List

TUE-FRI

BEGINS MONDAY

MAY XX

MAY X-X XX PM -XX AM

NEXT FRI-SUN

XX AM TO XX PM

> **NEXT** TUE AUG XX

> > TONIGHT XX PM-XX AM

\* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6.

### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phoses are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- 'Rood/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List". 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance natice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work

### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed. 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST Interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" obove.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute
- for, or replace that sion, 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the

SHEET 6 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

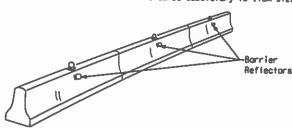
Traffic

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) -14

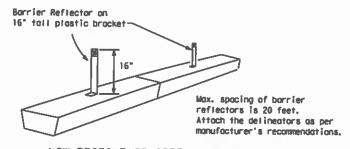
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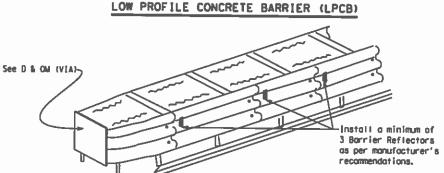
- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCO. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CIB. An olternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Borrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective foces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Borrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Povement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roodway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attochment of Borrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per monufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope borriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



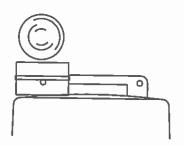


### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

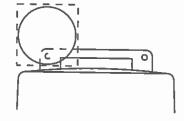
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350, Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum odjecent to the travel way.



Worning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Worning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCO.
- 2. Worning lights shall NOT be installed on barricodes.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Marning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B<sub>FL</sub>or C<sub>FL</sub> Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.

  4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "58".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of worning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices. 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the worning lights certification. The worning light manufacturer will certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the latest LTE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Worning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type B Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

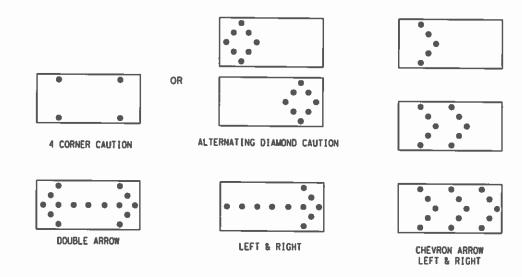
- 1. Type A flashing worning lights are intended to worn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential worning lights should occur from the beginning of the toper to the end of the merging toper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

# WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A worning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn worning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The worning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the worning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Floshing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roodways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lone, two-way roodways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
   The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, borricades and/or other traffic
- control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Coution mode as shown.
- The straight line coution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
- The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.

  8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.

  11. The flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

  12. A flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
- 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roodway to bottom of namel.

REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 x 60	13	3/4 mi le							
С	48 x 96	15	1 mile							

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

extended distance from the TMA

Level 3 TMAs.

in the plans.

1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350)

or the Monual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).

2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or

4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted

5. A TMA should be used onytime that it can be positioned

without adversely affecting the work performance.

30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure

6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an

3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.

ATTENTION
Flashing Arrow Boards
shall be equipped with
automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

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9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

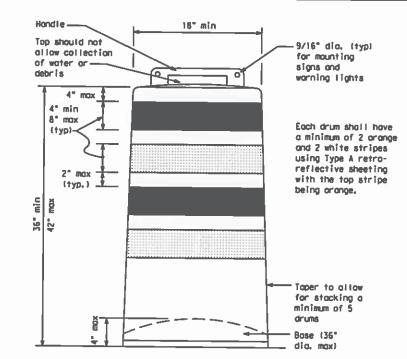
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Boses shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4
  inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base
  to be held down white separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, arange, high-density polyethylene (HOPE) or other approved material.
   Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

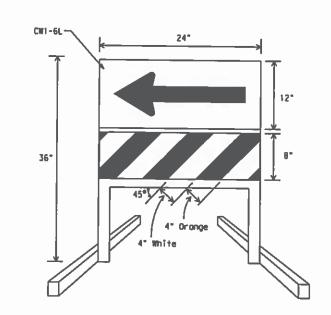
### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retrareflectivity other than that loss due to obrasion of the sheeting surface.

### BALLAST

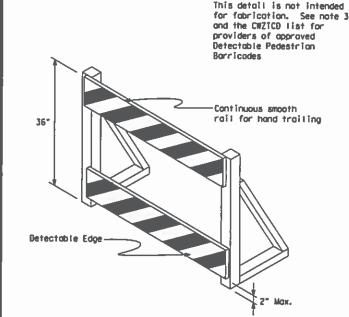
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs, of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stocking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
   Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to materists, pedestrions, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage hales in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballost shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





### DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional guidance to drivers is necessary.
- If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricode shall consist of One-Direction Lorge Arrow (CWI-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and arrange stripes slaping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- Approved manufacturers are shown on the GWZTCD List.
  Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrion focilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TIC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrion facility.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cone shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian noth.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not camply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAC)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Worning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailling with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED
ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{\rm FL}$  or Type  $C_{\rm FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retrareflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DWS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as opproved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (naminal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting botts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Botts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging topers or on shifting topers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

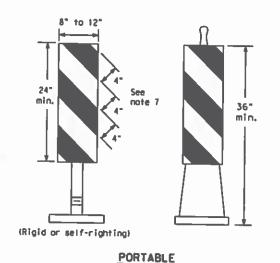
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-14

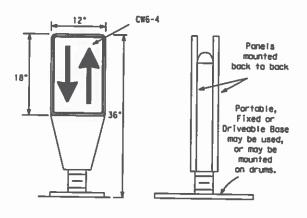
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1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

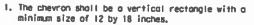
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive doytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roodway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Povement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective arange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roodways, may have more than 270 square Inches of retroreflective area facing traffic. 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

## VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement coused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42° cones or VPs.
- 3. Specing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be arange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type BFL or Type CFL conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

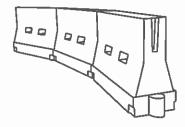


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roodway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be arange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# **CHEVRONS**

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or law speed roodways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCO and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device specing and atlanment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Oriveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveoble Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCOs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one raw of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to pratect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application,
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging toper except in law speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length
- should be designed to optimize rood user operations considering the available geometric conditions. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flored to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable battom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble Toper Lengths  **X**			Spociii Channe	
		10' Offset	ll' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On g Tangent
30	2	1501	1651	1801	301	60'
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	2451	351	70'
40	- 60	2651	2951	320'	40'	80'
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90'
50		5001	550′	6001	50'	1001
_55	L=WS	5501	605'	6601	551	1101
60		600'	6601	7201	60'	1201
65		650'	7151	7801	65'	1301
70		700'	7701	8401	701	1401
75		750'	8251	9001	75'	150'
80		8001	880'	9601	80'	160'

\*\*XToper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.) S\*Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -14

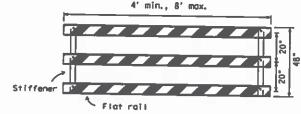
DN: TXDOT CE:TXDOT DN: TXDOT CE:TXDOT bc-14, dan © TxDOT November 2002 JOB HIGHWAY REVISIONS 001 IH 20, ETC 6374 47 9-07 8-14 7-13 ODAL MIDLAND, ETC. 26

### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Borricodes and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Borricodes.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricodes extending across a roadway should have stripes that slape downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricode. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roodway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roodway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roodway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Worning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where borricodes require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesianless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stocked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting.
  Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricodes shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise nated.

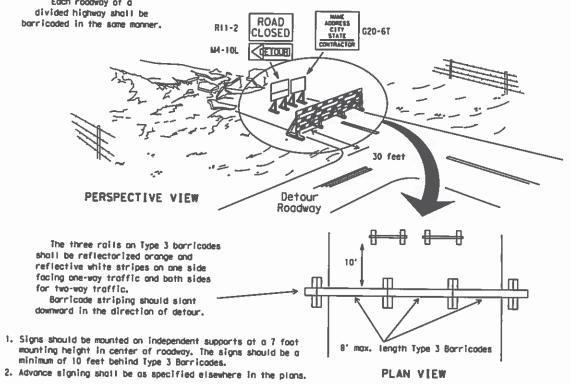
Borricodes shall NOT be used as a sign support. Minimum Width of Reflective 45°

## TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

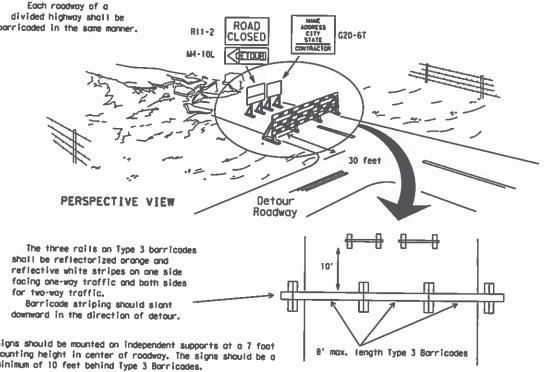


Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

### TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



6

10,

Tubular Marker

side of approaching traffic if the crawn width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)  $\Theta$ PLAN VIEW

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Increase number of plastic drums on the

Typical

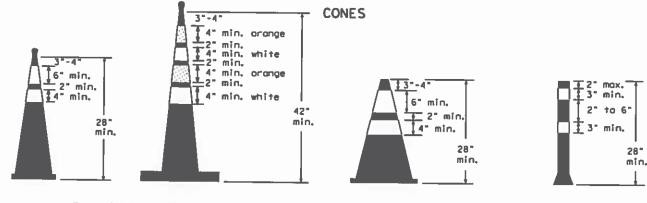
PERSPECTIVE VIEW

These drums

one not required

on one-way roadway

Plastic Drum

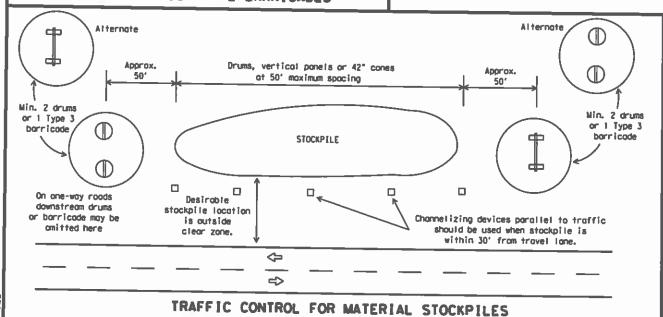


Two-Piece cones

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of

30 lbs. including base.



1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly arange, and

meet the height and weight requirements shown above. 2. One-piece comes have the body and base of the come molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.

3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to old in retrieving the device.

One-Piece cones

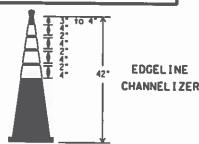
4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and arange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification

5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.

6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.

7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

### THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



1. Where positive redirectional

2. Plastic construction fencing

may be used with drums for

may be omitted.

capability is provided, drums

safety as required in the plans.

3. Vertical Panels on flexible support

4. When the shoulder width is greater

than 12 feet, steady-burn lights

may be amitted if drums are used.

5. Orums must extend the length

LEGEND

or yellow warning reflector

Steady burn warning light

or yellow worning reflector

Plastic drum with steady burn light

of the culvert widening.

Plestic drum

may be substituted for drums when the

shoulder width is less than 4 feet.

- 1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or topers.
- 2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic topposing or otherwise) or worn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted,
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 ths.

SHEET 10 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL 12 ING DEVICES

BC(10)-14

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7-13	0-14	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
7-13		ODA	-M	DLAND.	ETC	27

### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Powement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard powement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised povement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on 8C(12).
- All relied pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated povement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prafabricated povement markings (fail back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

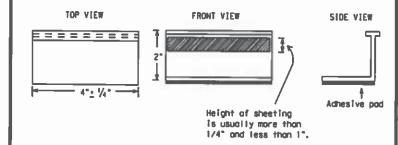
### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roodway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 552.

### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Povement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where floggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised povement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing powement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Block-out marking tope may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tobs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - 8. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tob manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hat applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemorks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body), WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION	SK
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roodway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Operations Division



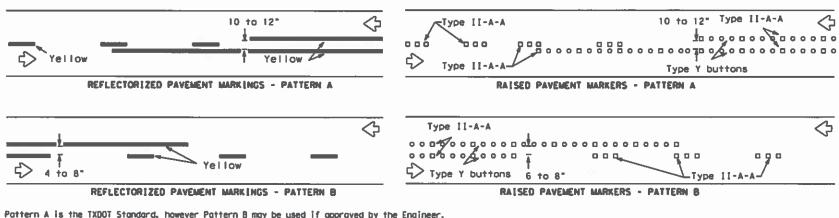
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-14

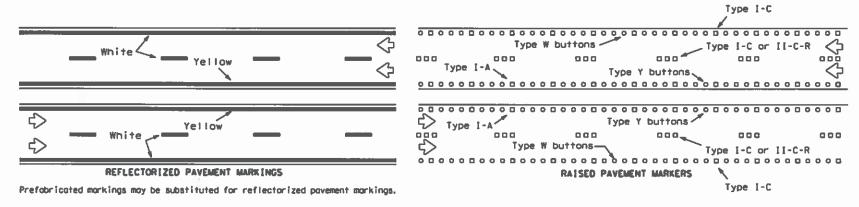
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## PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

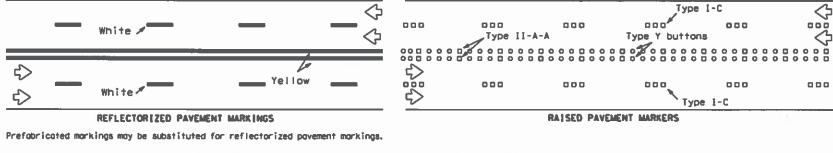


Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings.

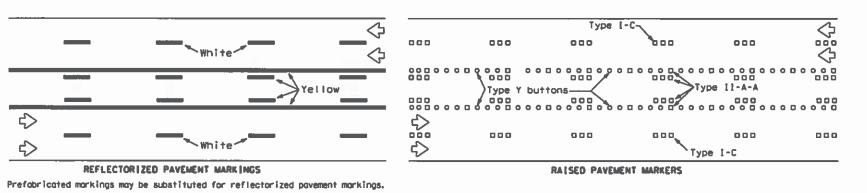
### CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



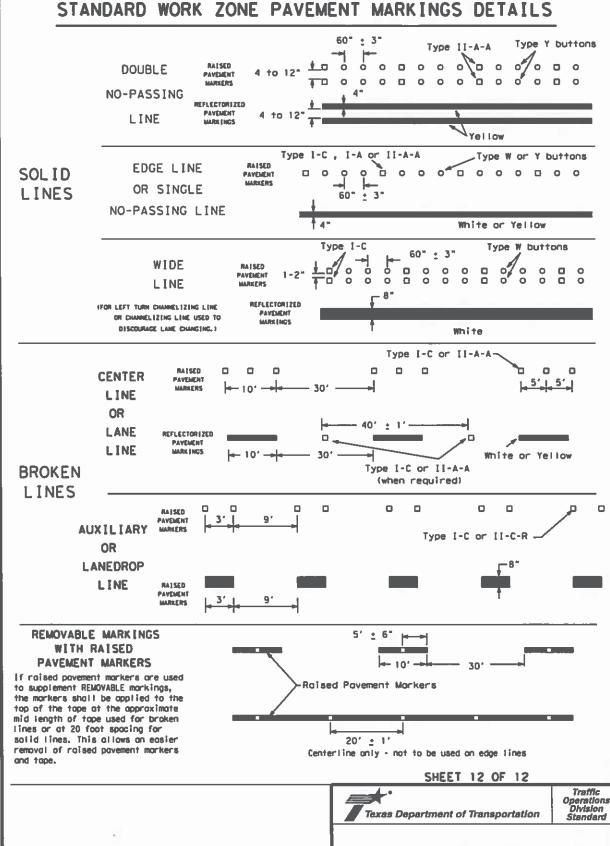
### EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



### LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



Raised pavement markers used as standard

Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

povement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of

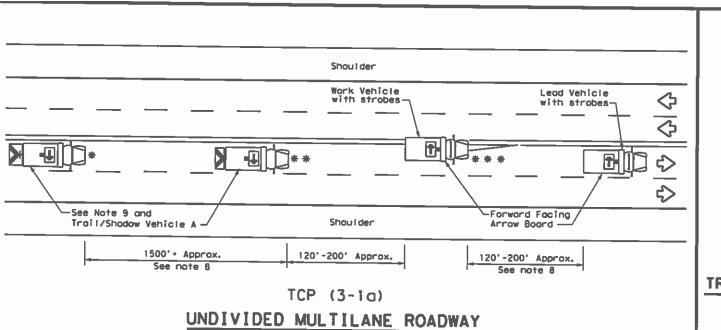
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

BC (12) - 14

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ATER

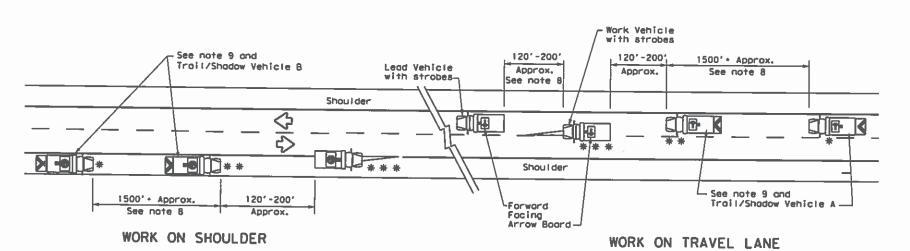




X VEHICLE WORK OR CONVOY CONVOY CW21-10cT CW21-10aT 72" X 36" 60" X 36" .... X VEHICLE CONVOY

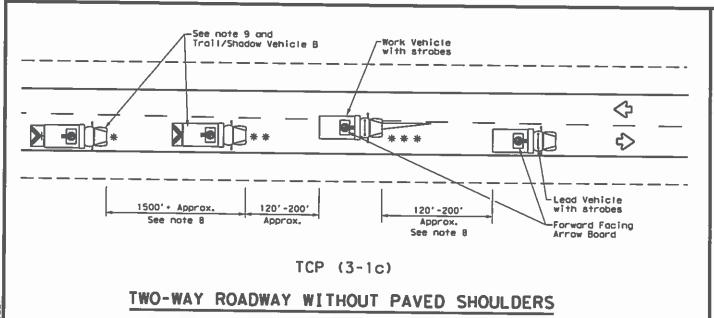
### TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

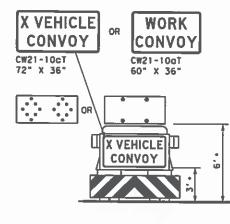
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

# TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

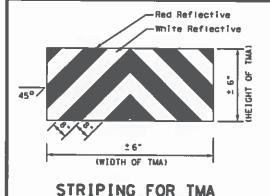
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

LEGEND							
*	Trail Vehicle		ADDOM SOADD DIEDLAY				
**	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* * *	Work Vehicle RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	Ę.	LEFT Directional				
Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)		4	Double Arrow				
♦	Traffic Flow		CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flosh)				

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, ascillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE ore required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they opproach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



TCP (3-1)-13

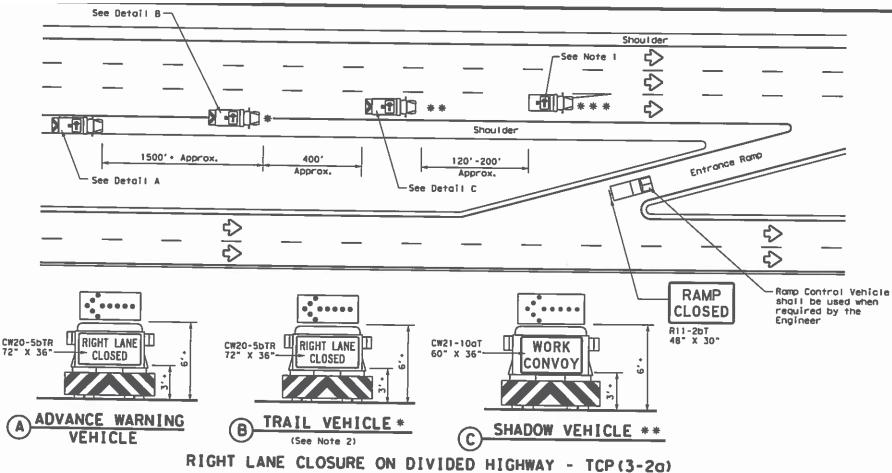
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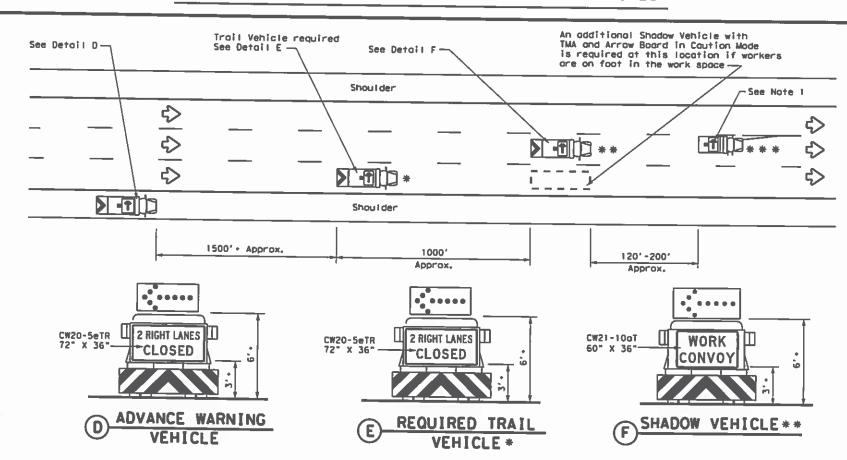
Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

DHI TXDOT CK: TXDOT DWI TXDOT CK: TXDOT

tcp3-1, dgn H 20. ETC ODAL MIDLAND, ETC 30





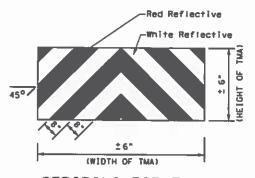
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP (3-2b)

**LEGEND** \* Trail Vehicle ARROW BOARD DISPLAY Shadow Vehicle Work Vehicle RIGHT Directional Heavy Work Vehicle LEFT Directional Truck Mounted Double Arrow Attenuator (TMA) CAUTION (Alternating Traffic Flow Diamond or 4 Corner Flosh)

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- 2. For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic valume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 4. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Materists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for the same legend may these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roodway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp frequency.
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessory.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS

Texas Department of Transportation

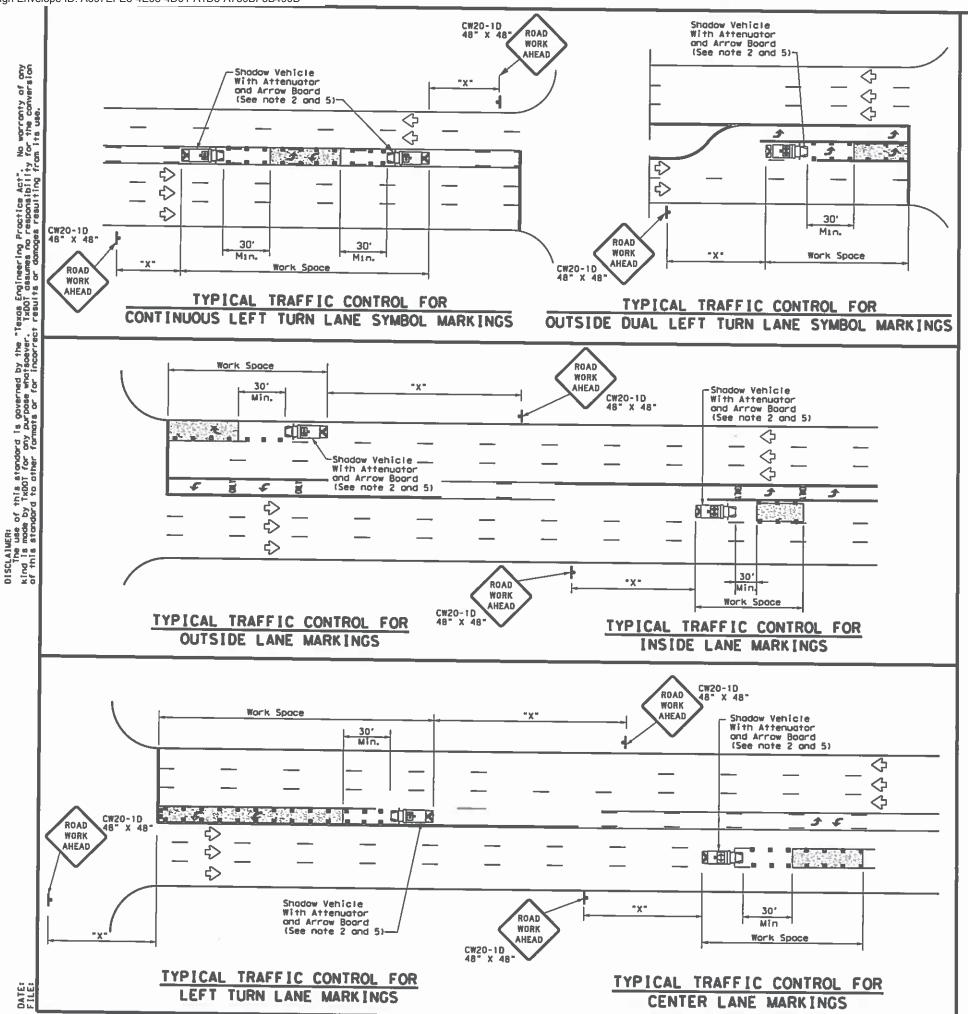
TCP (3-2) -13

Traffic

tcp3-2.dgn DHI TXDOT CES TXDOT DWS TXDOT CES TXDO © TxDOT December 1985 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 001 IH 20, ETC 6374 47 2-94 4-98 8-95 7-13 1-97 SHEET NO. ODA MIDLAND, ETC 31

DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

STRIPING FOR TMA



	LEGEND							
*	Troil Vehicle		ADDOM DOLDO DIEDI AM					
**	Shodow Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* * *	Work Vehicle	中	RIGHT Directional					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		LEFT Directional					
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)		Double Arrow					
♦	Traffic Flow		Channelizing Devices					

Posted Formula Speed		Desiroble Toper Lengths ***			Spoc to Channe		Minimum Sign Specing "X"	Suggested Longituding I Buffer Space	
	Offset Offset Offset					On a Tangent	Distance	-8-	
30	ws²	1501	165'	180'	30'	601	120'	90'	
35	L= #5	2051	225'	2451	351	70'	160'	120'	
40	00	2651	295'	3201	40'	80'	240'	155'	
45		450'	4951	540'	45'	90'	320'	1951	
_ 50		5001	550	600'	501	1001	400'	240'	
_ 55	L=WS	5501	6051	6601	551	110'	500'	295'	
60		6001	660	7201	60'	120'	600'	350'	
65		6501	715'	780'	651	130'	7001	410'	
70		7001	7701	840'	701	140'	8001	475'	
75		750'	8251	900'	751	1501	900'	540'	

\* Conventional Roads Only

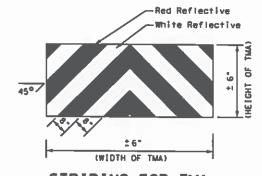
\*\* Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOSILE	SHORT DURAT (ON	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			

### GENERAL NOTES

- This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take langer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.
- 2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Striping on the back panel of all truck mounted attenuators shall be 8" red and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification OMS-8300, Type A.
- All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- 4. The use of yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Stondards. The arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.



Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
MOBILE OPERATIONS FOR
ISOLATED WORK AREAS
UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

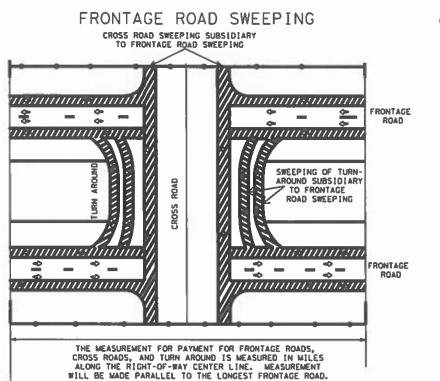
TCP (3-4) -13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

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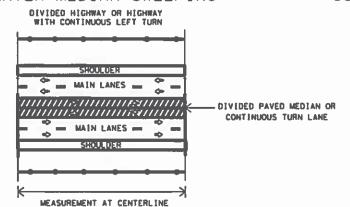
STRIPING FOR TMA



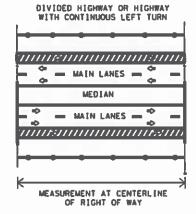


### CENTER MEDIAN SWEEPING

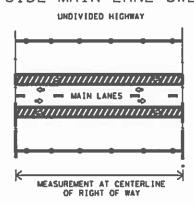
OF RIGHT OF WAY

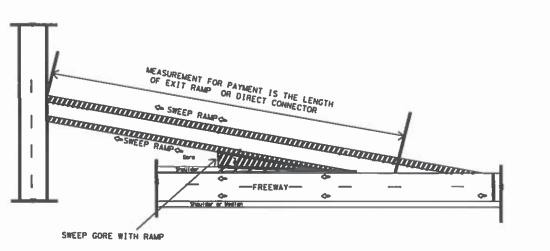


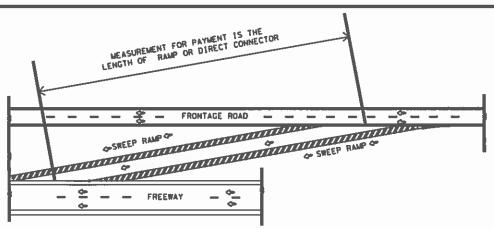
### OUTSIDE MAIN LANE SWEEPING



### OUTSIDE MAIN LANE SWEEPING

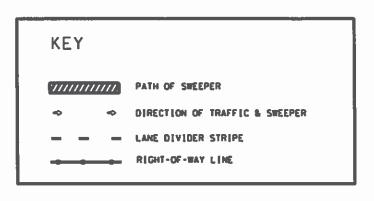






### RAMPS OR DIRECT CONNECTORS

PAYMENT ITEM	NORMAL NUMBER OF PASSES OF THE SWEEPER	MEASUREMENT OF CENTER LINE MILES	OTHER AREAS SUBSIDARY TO PAYMENT ITEM
SWEEPING (CENTER MEDIAN)	S	OF RIGHT OF WAY	NONE
SWEEPING (OUTSIDE MAIN LANE)	2	OF RIGHT OF WAY	NONE
SWEEPING (ONE FRONTAGE ROAD)	2	OF RIGHT OF WAY	CROSS ROADS & TURN AROUNDS
SWEEPING (TWO FRONTAGE ROADS)	4	OF RIGHT OF WAY	CROSS ROADS & TURN AROUNDS
SWEEPING (RAMP)	2	OF RAMP	GORE AREA
SWEEPING (DIRECT CONNECTOR)	2	OF CONNECTOR	GORE AREA



Texas Department of Transportation

Maintenance Division Standard Plans

SWEEPING HIGHWAYS

SHEET LOFT SWEEP - 04
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	NOT TO	SCALE
:-	NEG NO.:	
PROJECT	•	SHEET

FILE: SWEEPO4.DGN	DNs	LJB	a: JG	DW:- CX:- MEG NO.:						
©TxDOT MAY 2004	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL REGION		FEDERAL AID PROJECT •					SHEET	
REVISED:		ODA 06 RMC 63			37447001			33		
REVISED:		COUNTY			CONTROL	SECTION	308	HIGH	WAY	
REVESEDI		MIDLAND, ETC			6374	47	001	ΙH	20	