INDEX OF SHEETS

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED

HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

TYPE OF WORK:

TYPE I STRIPING

PROJECT NO. : RMC 6327-80-001 HIGHWAY: IH 30, ETC. LIMITS OF WORK : VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN THE PARIS DISTRICT

GRAPHICS FILE		MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO.					SHEET NO.		
		RMC 6372-80-001						1	
CHECKED	STATE	STATE		TE ST.		r			
	TEXAS		PAR		HUNT, ETC.				
CHECKED	CONT.		SECT.		900	HIC	HWAY	NO.	
2000 30	637	6372		0	001 IH 30		О.	ETC.	

GRAPHICS FILE

SHEET NO	<u>.</u>	DESCRIPTION
1		TITLE SHEET
2A-2B		GENERAL NOTES
3		ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY SHEET
4-9		LOCATION MAPS & SUMMARIES
10	>	TCP (3-1)-13
11	>	TCP (3-2)-13
12-24	>	BC (1 THRU 12)-14
25	>	PM(1)-20
26	>	PM(3)-20
27	>	FPM(1)-12
28	>	FPM(2)-12
29	>	FPM(3)-12
30	>	FPM(4)-12
31	>	CPM(1)-14

BARRICADES AND WARNING SIGNS

EPIC

32

PROJECT LIMIT BARRICADES WILL NOT BE REQUIRED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND ERECT WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRICADE & CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS, TCP STANDARDS, THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" AND AS DIRECTED.



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE, AS MARKED WITH (>) HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR LINDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT. SEE LOCATION MAPS

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1) - 14 THRU BC (12) - 14 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

Texas Department of Transportation

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING

LE 12/7 20 20 DISTRICT MAINTENANCE ENGINEER

APPROVED FOR LETTING

Jes 1. m. , 5. 13/7 2020

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

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Project Number: RMC 6372-80-001 Sheet

County: Hunt, Etc. Control: 6372-80-001

Highway: IH 30, Etc.

GENERAL:

PROJECT DESCRIPTION – The purpose of this contract is to Install Type I Pavement Markings along various highways in the Paris District.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individuals:

District Traffic Office

Darius Samuels, P.E. - <u>Darius.Samuels@txdot.gov</u>

Doug Miller - Doug.Miller@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the District Traffic Engineer and District Striping Coordinator. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

TXDOT PROJECT SUPERVISOR – All work on this contract will be scheduled and directed by the District Striping Coordinator in the Paris District Traffic Office. Payment will be made on a monthly basis for work completed and accepted according to specifications. Direct payment request and questions will be referred to:

Darius Samuels, P.E.

Traffic Engineer 1365 N. Main St.

Paris, Texas 75460 Phone: (903) 737-9498 Doug Miller

District Striping Coordinator

1365 N. Main St

Paris, Texas 75460 Office: (903) 737-9333

Mobile: (903) 517-5854

ITEM 2 – INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

View plans online or download from the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/repro-companies.html

Project Number: RMC 6372-80-001 Sheet

County: Hunt, Etc. Control: 6372-80-001

Highway: IH 30, Etc.

ITEM 4 – SCOPE OF WORK

Accomplish work in accordance with the latest reflectorized Pavement Markings standards.

Repair or replace signs, delineators, or mailboxes damaged by operations at no expense to the Department.

ITEM 5 – CONTROL OF THE WORK

The work performed, equipment used and materials furnished for a complete project shall be paid for directly as indicated elsewhere in the plans and specifications. Payment for completed work shall be made upon acceptance of the work by the Texas Department of Transportation.

ITEM 7 – LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No significant traffic generator events identified.

ITEM 8 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Time will be computed in accordance with Section 8.3.1.4, Standard Workweek. Work on Saturdays, Sundays, and National or State Holidays will not be permitted without written permission of the Engineer.

Provide a Bar Chart progress schedule for this project.

The number of working days for this project shall be 60 days.

Notify the District Traffic Office by e-mail, at least one (1) work day before beginning striping operations. Provide location of work and schedule for the week. Leaving a recorded message does not meet the requirements.

ITEM 502 – BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor's personnel shall be dressed in approved safety attire while outside vehicles and/or while performing work on the highway right of way. For daytime and nighttime activity, flaggers shall wear high-visibility safety apparel that meets the Performance Class 2 or 3 requirements of the ANSI/ISEA 107–2004 publication entitled "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel and Headwear".

The method of handling traffic will conform to that set forth in the plans and as directed. Restrict the movement across traffic lanes to an absolute minimum.

No more than one lane shall be blocked at any time on any highway.

Project Number: RMC 6372-80-001 Sheet

County: Hunt, Etc. Control: 6372-80-001

Highway: IH 30, Etc.

All flaggers are required to wear a white hard hat while performing flagging operations. No equipment will be left overnight within 30 feet of the travel way.

Provide for traffic safety and for the ingress and egress to public and private property in work areas at all times during the construction of this project.

ITEM 666 - REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Equipment used for the contract shall be equipped with footage counters capable of measuring the linear footage placed. Counters must be calibrated prior to the beginning of striping operations.

Use a double-drop bead system with Type II and Type III beads. Truck speed shall be slow enough to ensure that the beads drop onto the stripe and do not roll in the paint film.

No-passing zones will be re-established by District Striping Technicians.

Due to problems in traffic handling do not place a dash center stripe and edge line at the same time on highways unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer.

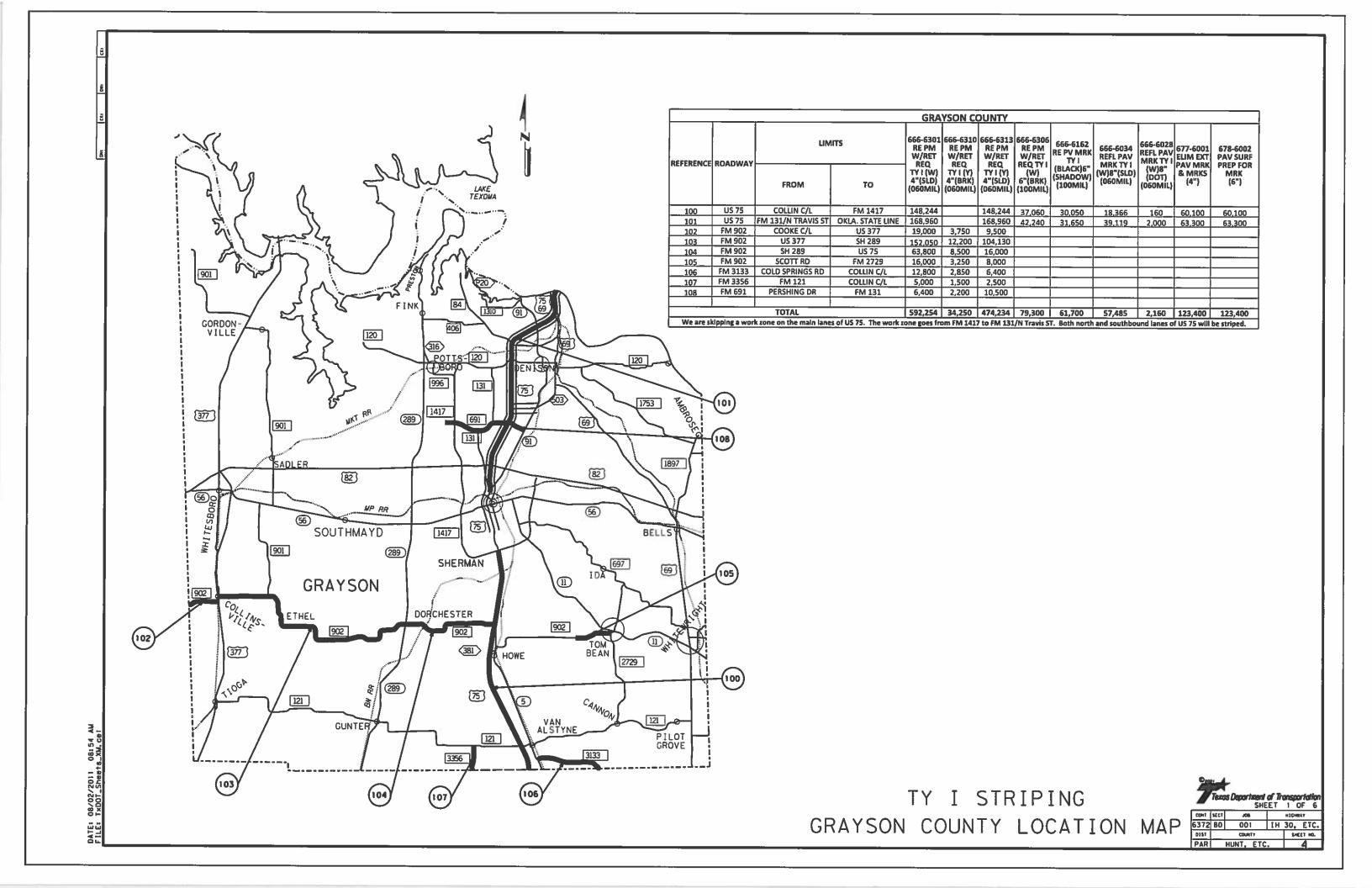
Apply all stripes in one coat.

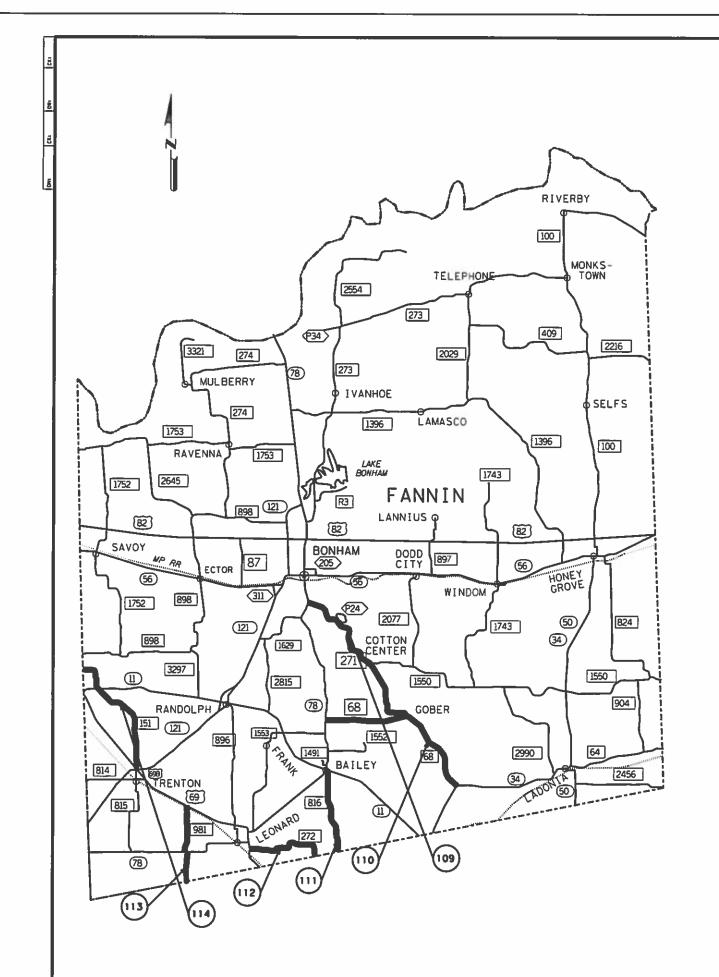
Placement of markings in proper alignment will be strictly enforced. Irregular lines placed on both sides of the existing markings will not be accepted.

Estimate Sheet

							ESTIMATE SU	JMI	MARY						
						CONTROL 6372- IH0030	80-001	A L T		CODE		DESCRIPTION		тот	'AL
EST	FINAL	EST	FINAL	EST	FINAL	EST	FINAL	Ĺ	ITEM CODE	DESC CODE	SP NO			EST	FINAL
						1.000			500	6001	j	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000	
						4.000			502	6001	008	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	4.000	
						2360.000		Ш	666		007	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8*(DOT)(060MIL)	LF	2360.000	
		ļ				124171.000		Щ	666	6034		REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(060MIL)	LF	124171.000	
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						2205567.000	1	Щ	666			RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(060MIL)	LF	2205567.000	
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						212710.000		Щ	666			RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK)(060MIL)	LF	212710.000	
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DIST	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
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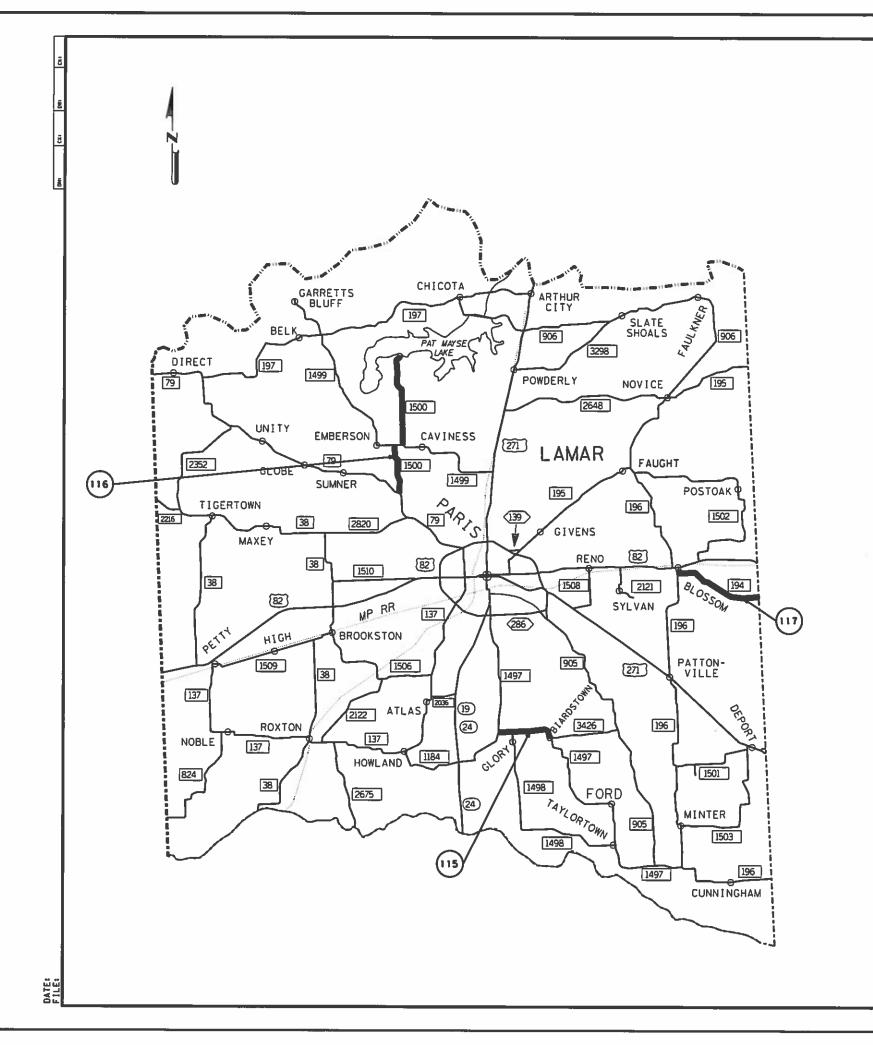


FANNIN COUNTY											
REFERENCE	DOADWAY	LIN	NITS	RE PM W/RET	666-6310 RE PM W/RET	RE PM W/RET					
	ROADWAY	FROM	то	REQ TY I (W) 4"(SLD) (060MIL)	REQ TY I (Y) 4"(BRK) (060MIL)	REQ TY I (Y) 4"(SLD) (060MIL)					
109	FM 271	SH 78	FM 68	90,150	29,000	57,250					
110	FM 68	SH 78	SH 34		41,350	39,250					
111	FM 816	SH 78	FANNIN C/L	25,000	18,650	23,750					
112	FM 272	US 69	FANNIN C/L	46,300	6,600	39,000					
113	FM 981	US 69	FANNIN C/L	40,200	15,400	20,700					
114	FM 151	GRAYSON C/L	US 69	66,900	19,800	45,200					
		TOTAL	<u> </u>	268,550	130,800	225,150					

TY I STRIPING
FANNIN COUNTY LOCATION MAR

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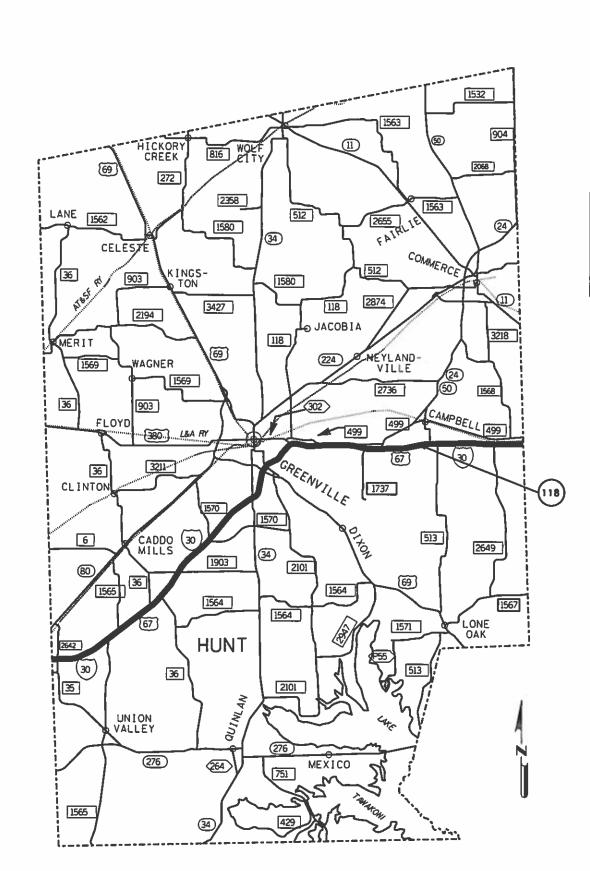
DATE



LAMAR COUNTY											
REFERENCE	POADWAY	им	BITS	RE PM W/RET	666-6310 RE PM W/RET	RE PM W/RET					
	ROADWAY	FROM	то	REQ TY I (W) 4"(SLD) (060MIL)	REQ TY I (Y) 4"(BRK) (060MIL)	REQ TY I (Y) 4"(SLD) (060MIL)					
115	FM 1497	FM 1184	FM 3426	32,546	2,740	22,300					
116	FM 1500	FM 79	LAMAR POINT	71,236	5,420	18,627					
117	FM 194	FM 196	RED RIVER C/L	36,404	4,250	23,000					
		140,186	12,410	63,927							

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LAMAR COUNTY LOCATION MAR

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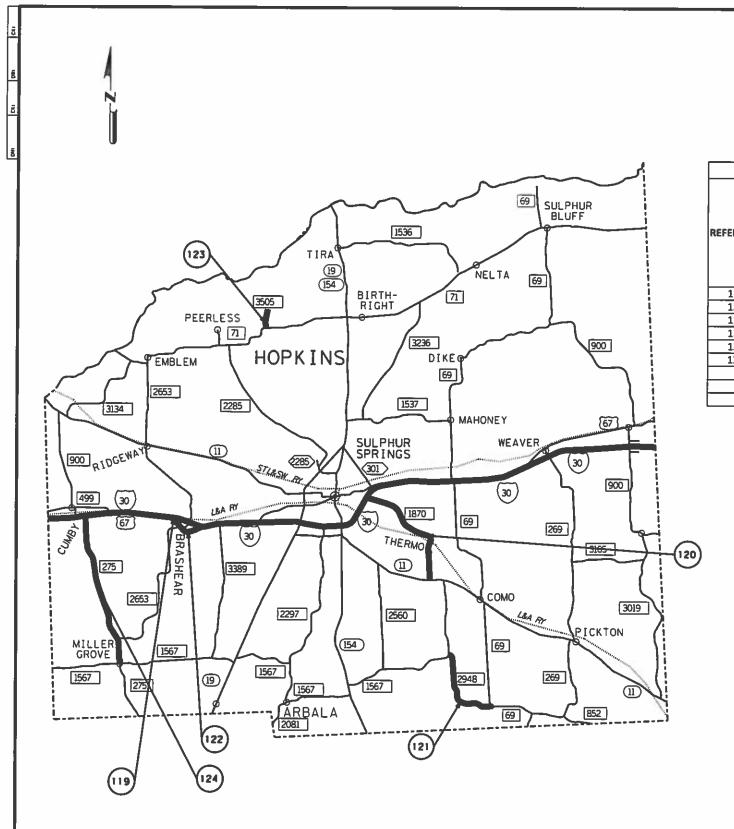


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REFERENCE RO	ROADWAY	LIM	nits	666-6301 RE PM W/RET REQ	666-6313 RE PM W/RET REQ	DE DIA	RE PV MRK	666-6034 REFL PAV MRK TY I	I DURK I I I	ELIM EXT	678-6002 PAV SURF
	ROADWAT	FROM	то	TY I (W) 4"(SLD)	TY I (Y) 4"(SLD)	(W) 6"(BRK)	(BLACK)6" (SHADOW) (100MIL)	(W)8"(SLD) (060MIL)	(W)8" (DOT) (060MIL)	PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	PREP FOR MRK (6")
118	IH 30	ROCKWALL C/L	HOPKINS C/L	314,177	319,509	52,930	2,100	26,618	200	4,200	4,200
_		TOTAL		314,177	319,509	52,930	2,100	26,618	200	4,200	4,200

TY I STRIPING
HUNT COUNTY LOCATION MAP

Texas Department of Transportation SHEET 4 OF
COMT SECT JOB HIGHBAY
6372 80 001 IH 30, ETC
DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.
PAR HUNT, ETC. 7

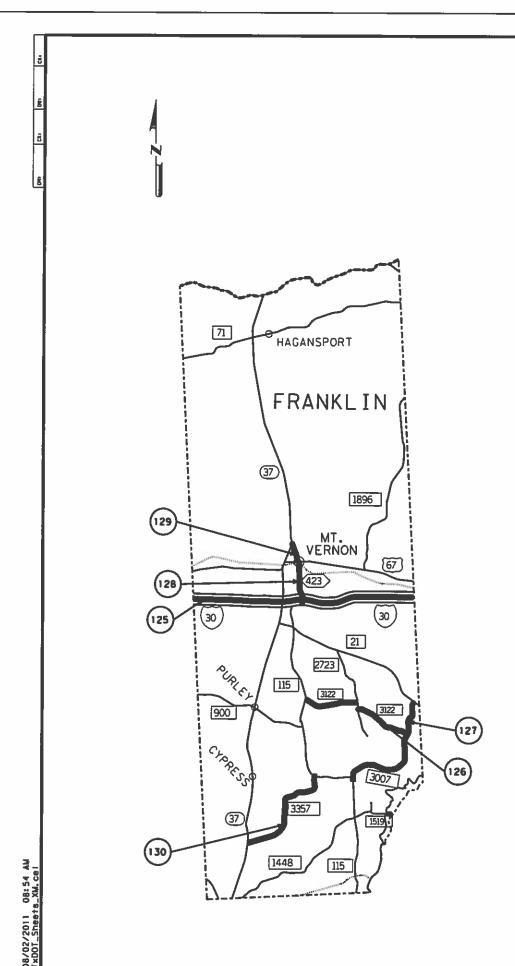
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	HOPKINS COUNTY												
REFERENCE R	POADWAY	LIN	IITS	RE PM W/RET	RE PM W/RET	RE PM W/RET	666-6306 RE PM W/RET	666-6162 RE PV MRK TY I	666-6034 REFL PAV	677-6001 ELIM EXT	678-6002 PAV SURF		
	ROADWAT	FROM	то	REQ TY I (W) 4"(SLD) (060MIL)	REQ TY I (Y) 4"(BRK) (060MIL)	REQ TY I (Y) 4"(SLD) (060MIL)	REQ TY I (W) 6"(BRK) (100MIL)	(BLACK)6" (SHADOW) (100MIL)	MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD) (060MIL)	PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	PREP FOR MRK (6")		
119	IH 30	HUNT C/L	FRANKLIN C/L	365,288		354,840	87,430	36,900	31,344	73,800	73,800		
120	FM 1870	SH 11	IH 30	73,920	6,260	34,014			·				
121	FM 2948	FM 1567	FM 69	52,800	3,120	30,051							
122	US 67	IH 30 SFR	IH 30 SFR	21,120	1,200	10,302					-		
123	FM 3505	STATE PARK	FM 71	21,120	1,100	8,328							
124	_FM 275	IH 30 SFR	FM 1567	73,920	8,460	31,728					-		
		TOTAL		608,168	20,140	469,263	87,430	36,900	31,344	73,800	73,800		
ı	Reference :	<u> 122 - US 67 goes fro</u>	m IH 30 South Fron	trage Road	through E	Brashear a	ll the way	back to IH 30	South Front	tage Road			

TY I STRIPING
HOPKINS COUNTY LOCATION MAP

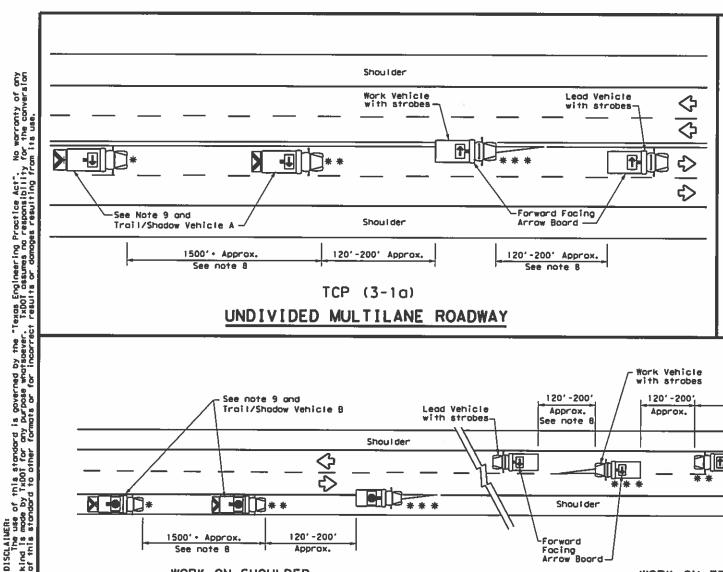
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FRANKLIN COUNTY											
REFERENCE	REI W/I		RE PM W/RET		RE PM RE PM W/RET W/RET W/RET		RE PM RE PM RE PM W/RET W/RET W/RET W/RET		RE PM W/RET	RE PM W/RET	666-6034 REFL PAV
KEFEKENLE	ROADWAY	FROM	то	TY I (W) 4"(SLD) (060MIL)	REQ TY 1 (Y) 4"(BRK) (060MIL)	REQ TY I (Y) 4"(SLD) (060MIL)	REQ TY I (W) 6"(BRK) (100MIL)	MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD) (060MIL)			
125	IH 30	HOPKINS C/L	TITUS C/L	105,600		105,600	26,400	8,724			
126	FM 3122	FM 115	FM 3007	30,532	4,170	31,764					
127	FM 3007	FM 21	FM 115	62,850	4,770	39,943					
128	SPUR 423	US 67	IH 30	19,980	1,580	10,816					
129	BU 37	SH 37	US 67	11,390	1,140	5,841					
130	FM 3357	FM 115	SH 37	51,880	3,450	45,390					
		TOTAL		282,232	15,110	239,354	26,400	8,724			

TY I STRIPING
FRANKLIN COUNTY LOCATION MAP

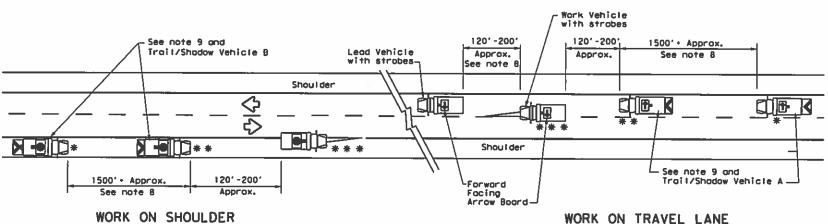
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X VEHICLE WORK CONVOY CONVOY CW21-10cT CW21-10aT 72" X 36" 60" X 36" ***** X VEHICLE CONVOY

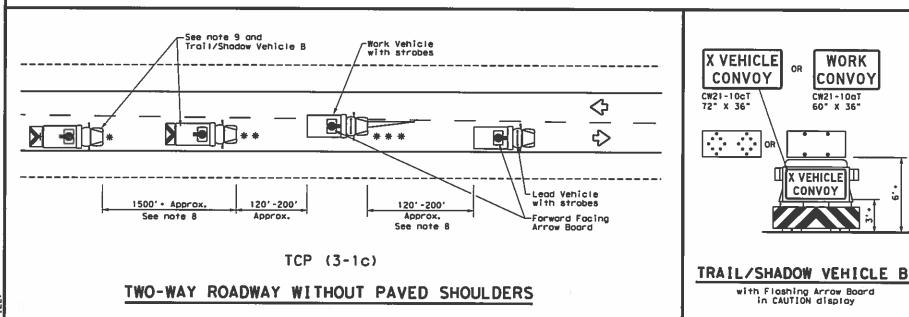
TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS

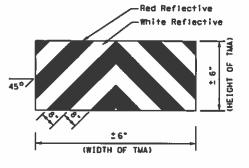


	LEGEND					
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY			
**	Shadow Vehicle	ARNOW BOARD DISPLAY				
* * *	Work Vehicle	-	RIGHT Directional			
	Heavy Work Vehicle	LEFT Directional				
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	F	Double Arrow			
₽	Traffic Flow		CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)			

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE			INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
1					

GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevaiting roadway conditions, traffic valume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of omber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where odequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "BO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



STRIPING FOR TMA

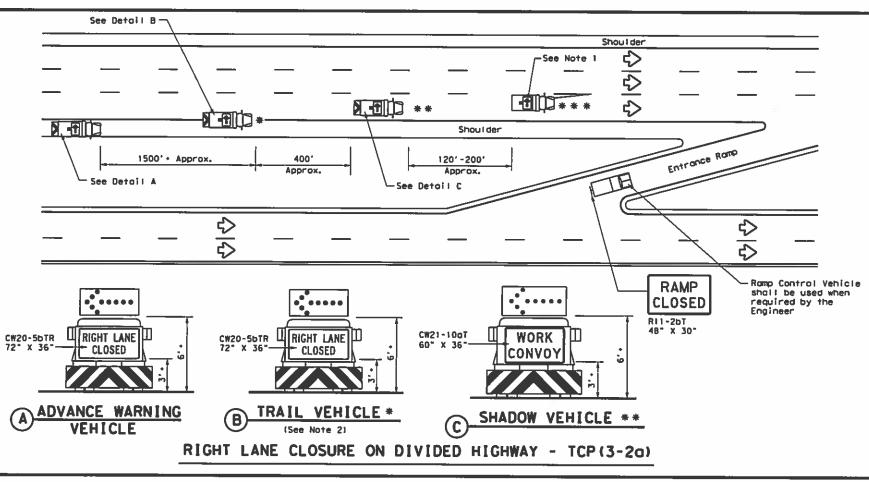
Texas Department of Transportation

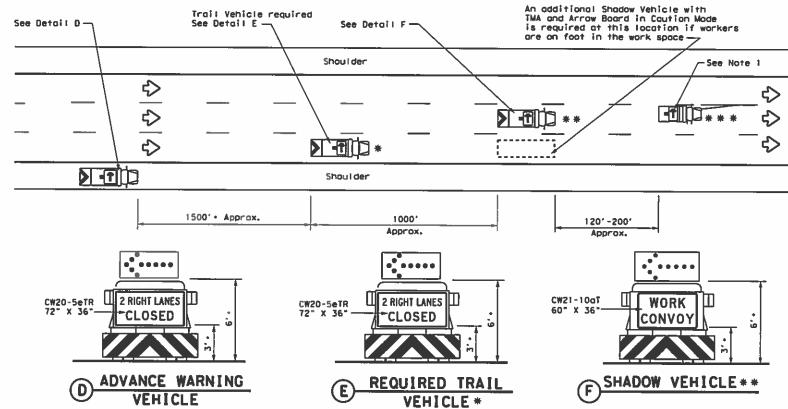
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-1)-13

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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT SECT	JOB	H	CHRAT
2-94 4-98	6372 80	001	IH 3	O, ETC
8-95 7-13	0157	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97	PAR	HUNT, ETC		10
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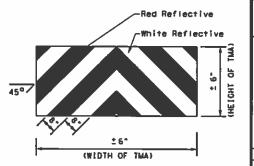
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP (3-2b)

LEGEND * Troil Vehicle ARROW BOARD DISPLAY Shadow Vehicle Work Vehicle RIGHT Directional Heavy Work Vehicle Œ LEFT Directional Truck Mounted Double Arrow Attenuator (TMA) CAUTION (Alternating Traffic Flow Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE			INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
1	<u> </u>				

GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic valume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of omber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING. SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shodow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Materials approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lones as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary occording to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Worning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lones from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lone closures or interior closures which close the left lones.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessory.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

Texas Department of Transportation

TCP (3-2) - 13

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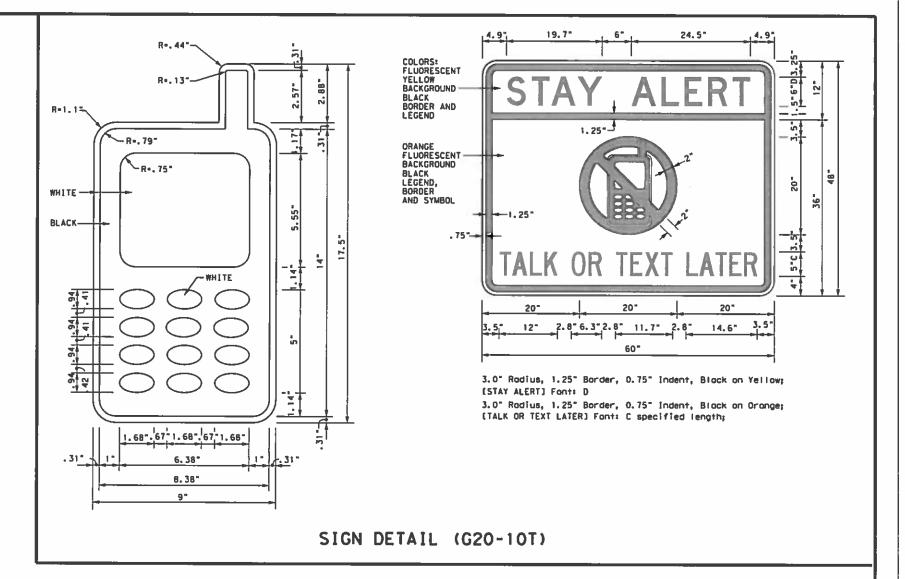
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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction povement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting salely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at an near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

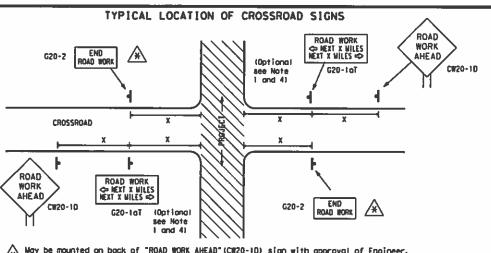
Texas Department of Transportation

RUCTION

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

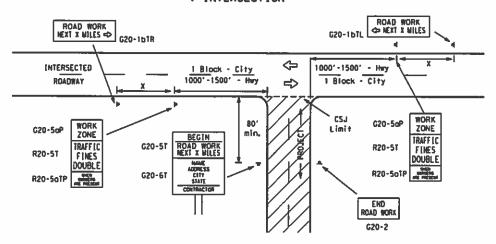
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May be mounted on book of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-10) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Worning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may amit the advance warning signs on low valume crossroods. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other oppropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-toT) sign shall be required at high valume crossroods to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roodway is considered high valume.
- . Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroods. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T-INTERSECTION



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-61) sign behind the Type 3 Borricodes for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 15,6

SIZE

	3125					
Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway				
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"				
CW1, CW2, CW7, CWB, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"				
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" x 48"				

SPACING

Posted Speed	Sign ^Δ Spacing "X"			
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)			
30	120			
35	160			
40	240			
45	320			
50	400			
55	500 ²			
60	600 ²			
65	700 ²			
70	B00 ²			
75	900 ²			
80	1000 ²			
*	* 3			

- for typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCO) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- A Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroods at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossrood Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped worning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 DO NOT PASS ROAD LIMIT OBEY R20-5T# # * * G20-5T WARNING FINES CW1 - 4L SIGNS R20-SoTPX X STATE LAW CW13-1P * *R2-1 TALK OR TEXT LATER ROAD WORK * *G20-61 CWI-4R CW20-10 R20-31 X X WORK AHEAD G20-10T X XX NP E CW13-1P AHEAD Type 3 Borricode or CW20-1D channelizing devices **(** Φ \Diamond \Leftrightarrow ➾ ➾ SPEED R2-1 LIMIT \Rightarrow \Rightarrow Beginning of -END (*) WORK ZONE G20-25T * * NO-PASSING line should CSJ Limit END ROAD WORK $\langle * \rangle | X X$ men extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign G20-2 X X NOTES

"ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

WORK ¥ ¥ G20-5cP STAY ALERT SPEED OBEY TRAFFI ROAD WORK WARNENG ROAD CLOSED LIMIT ROAD ROAD X X R20-5T FINES WORK WORK R11-2 STATE LAW 1/2 MILE XΧ AHEAD TALK OF TEXT LATER * * R20-5cTP Type 3 Barricade or G20-6T * ×82-1 G20-10T R20-31 XX CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizing devices -CSJ Limit \Rightarrow 13 SPEED R2-1 END ROAD WORK LIMIT (X) G20-2 * *

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES (G20-51) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Enginee No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- ** Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work
- Ared for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for an the Traffic Control Plan
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND					
⊢⊣ Type 3 Borricode					
000 Channelizing Devices					
 	Sign				
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.				

SHEET 2 OF 12

Traffic

Operation: Division Standard

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project. Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.

See General Note 4

Signing shown for one direction only. See BC(2) for additional advance signing.

See General

G20-5aP

R2-1

(750" - 1500")

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

16 C

WORK

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

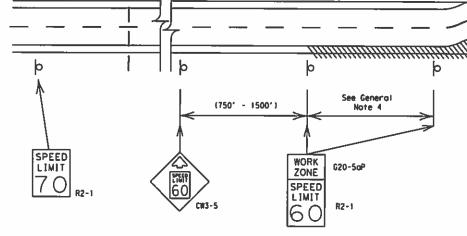
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G20-5aP

R2-1

CSJ LIMITS

SPEED



LIMITS

GUIDANCE FOR USE:

Signing shown for

See BC(2) for

additional advance

signing.

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver
- As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

WORK ZONE

SPEED

16 C

G20-5aP

R2-1

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum

SPEED LIMIT

- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
 - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 mph and less
 - 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiory to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Low enforcement.
- B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) rodor transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

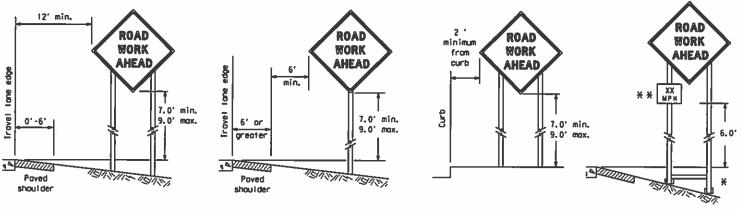
Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

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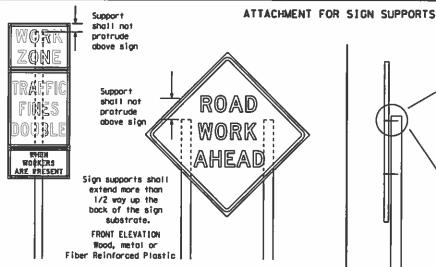
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When piggues are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



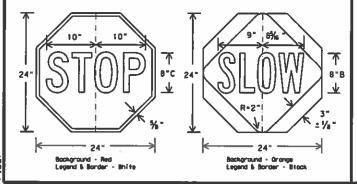
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four balts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times naminal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attochment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- i. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- 2. When used at might, the STOP/SLOW poddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- 1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic lows or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roodway without construction.
- When permonent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permonent signs until the permonent sign message matches the roodway condition.
- then existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to materists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocatina existina sians.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Borricodes shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in occordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the IMUICD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diory and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer con verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or domoged or morred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK tas defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 61

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in report to proshworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than I hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately (5 minutes,)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs,
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the payement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- Long-term/intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
 - Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to oppropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration,
- SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign
- support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. "Mesh" type materials are NOT on approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- At1 wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully ocross the sign. The clear shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web oddress for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
 White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.

3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds. SIGN LETTERS

 All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway
Administration (FHMA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
 - Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roodway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opoque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlop shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tope or other adhesive material shall NULL be attitled to a large room.
 7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and hales backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
 The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.

 Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or taid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above around level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fosteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skild and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

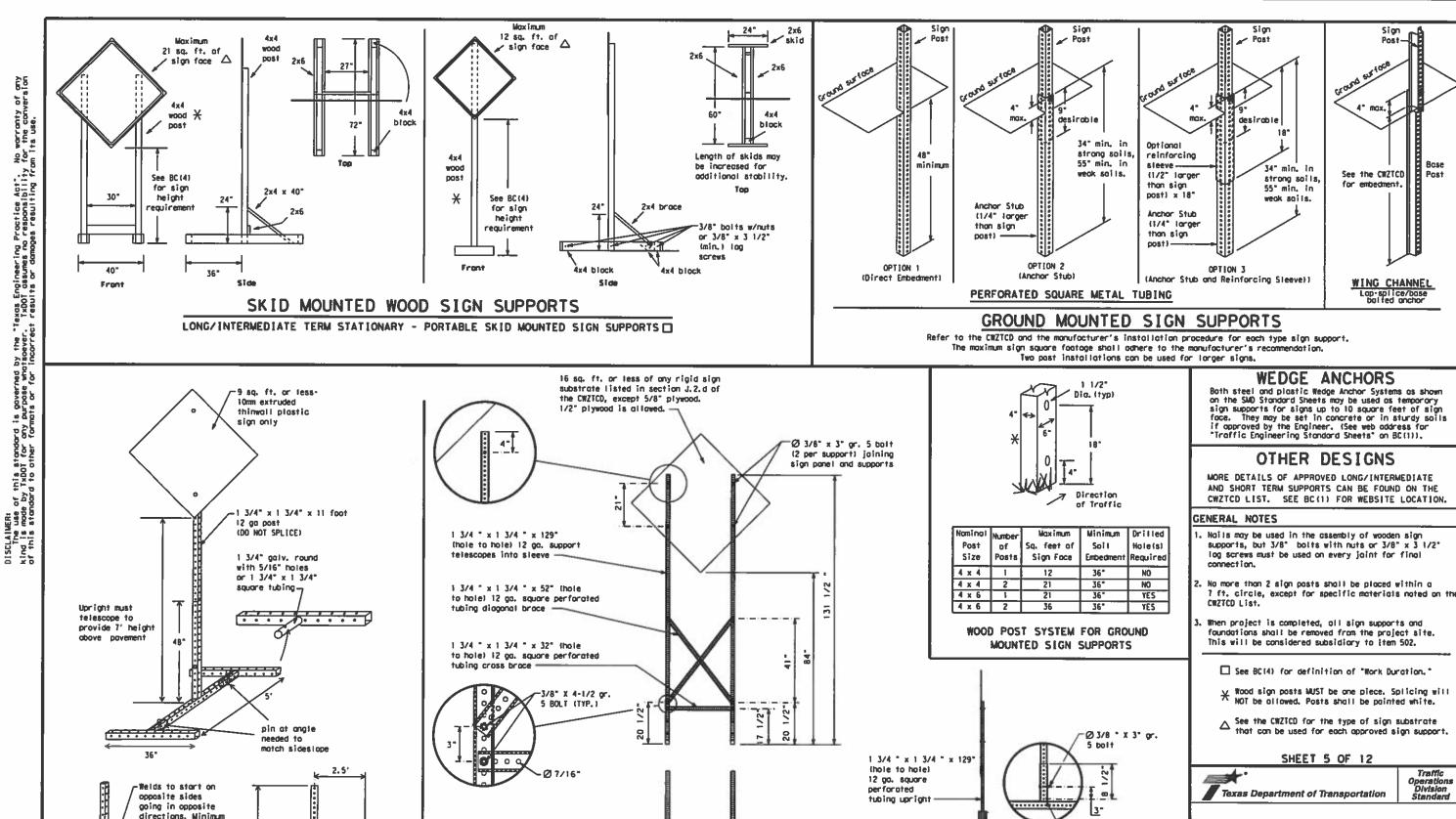
1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) - 14

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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY		SMEET NO.
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32'

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

·2° × 2°

12 ga.

SINGLE LEG BASE

Side View

upright

weld, do not

weld

storts

bock fill puddle.

weld storts here

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

Completely welded

around tubing

2" x 2" x 8"

perforated

(hole to hole) 12 gg. square

tubing sleeve

2" x 2" x 59"

(hole to hole)

12 ga. perforated

SHEET 5 OF 12

Traffic Operations Division Standard

34" min.

strong soils

55° min. in

weak sails.

WEDGE ANCHORS

OTHER DESIGNS

See the CWZTCD

WING CHANNEL

Lap-splice/base balted anchor

for embedment.

Post

BC(5)-14

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200							

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on partiable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words labout four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Donger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scrall harizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disobled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bors is oppropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	M
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MMR
Boulevord	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BROG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK ING
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Rood	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) 5
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lone	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expresswoy	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Troffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Trovelers	TRYLAS
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	H0Y	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WEO
<u>It is </u>	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
<u>Junction</u>	JCT	West	A. CIMI.
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Povement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level Maintenance	LWR LEVEL	L	E mAil41

designation * 1H-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	o Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	1-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT	RIGHT LN	BUMP	US XXX

EXIT RIGHT LN **CLOSED** TO BE CLOSED MALL X LANES DRIVEWAY CLOSED TUE - FRI CLOSED

XXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

TRAFFIC LANES SIGNAL SHIFT XXXX FT

EXIT

X MILES

* LANES SHIFT in Phase I must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

XXXX FT

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

	Effect on Trovel	Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE		* * Sec	e Application Guidelines N	ote 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phose (or both) should be selected from the
- "Rood/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List". 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Worning, or Advance Notice
- Phose Lists". 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- appropriate. 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH for abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
 ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as neede
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE WESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flogger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimning requirements on BC171, for the some size orrow

SHEET 6 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

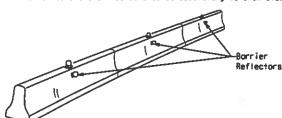
Traffic Operation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-14

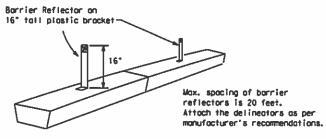
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- Borrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address
- 2. Color of Borrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

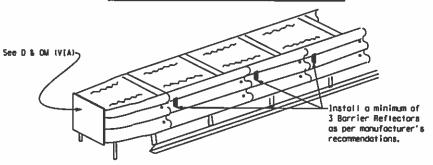


CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgetine being supplemented.
- 7. Moximum spocing of Borrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attochment of Borrier Reflectors to CTB shott be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- II. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

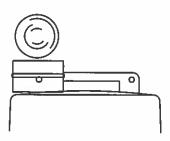


DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

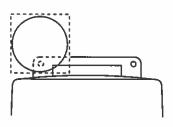
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for opproved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Worning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
 2. Worning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Floshing Marning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Marning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "58".

 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of worning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices. 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will
- certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Worning Lights. 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

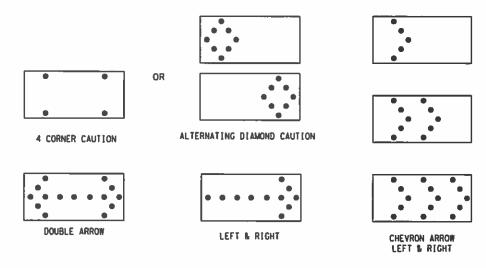
- 1. Type A floshing worning lights are intended to worn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing worning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential worning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detaurs, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the pions.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The worning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drams listed
- The worning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum,
- The side of the worning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Floshing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
 Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Array Board.
- The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Coution made as shown.
- The straight line coution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Floshing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The floshing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 floshes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
- 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
- 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.

 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roodway to battom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS							
TYPE	PE MINIMUM MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS		MINIMA VISIBILITY DISTANCE				
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile				
С	48 x 96	15	1 mite				

Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National

Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hordware (MASH). Refer to the CMZICD for the requirements of Level 2 or

3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.

4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted

5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned

30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work

oreo is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

extended distance from the TMA.

in the plans.

ATTENTION
Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with
andit be equipped with automatic dimming device:

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-14

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7-13		PAR		HUNT, ET	c.	18

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMUTCD).
- Orums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, arange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
 Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

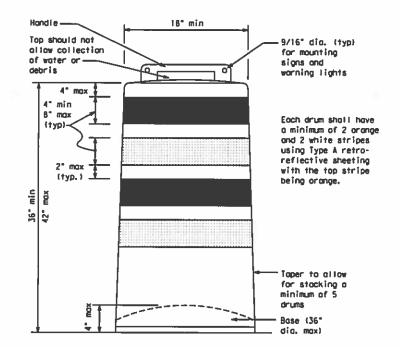
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

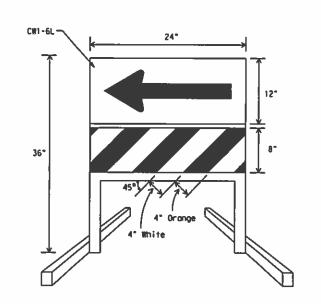
- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials," Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plane.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to obrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- I. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand, This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, and in a sand-filled plostic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above powement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
 Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid number base.
- a solid rubber base.

 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballost shall not be heavy objects, water, or ony material that would become hazordous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- i. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

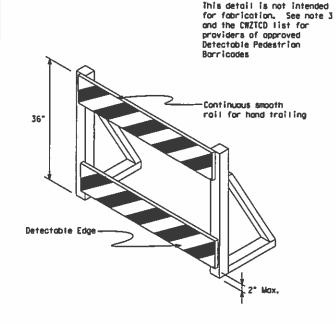




DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Borricode may be used in topers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional
- guidance to drivers is necessary.

 2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arraw (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arraw on a background of Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rall with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per SMS 8300.
- 4. Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be
- Approved monufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List,
 Ballost shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
 Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewolk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cone shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
 Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured
- doove, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- as a control for pedestrian movements.

 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barriandes.
- Detectable pedestrion barricades may use 8° nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) pravided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CM1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12° x 24°
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an arange background shall be manufactured with Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the pions.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with aronge and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each reconstition.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and odequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three [3] should be used of each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

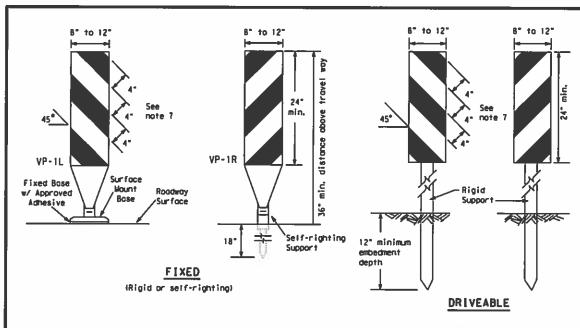
Traffic Operations Division Standard

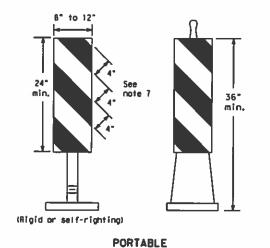
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.

3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes ore to be reflective pronge and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.

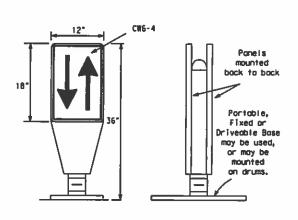
4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roodways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD)

6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.

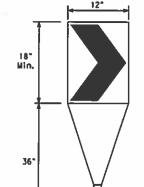
7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical ponel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot specing.
- 4. The OTLO shall be aronge with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



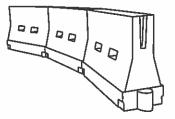
Fixed Bose w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveoble Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roodway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the for side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spocing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retrareflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on topers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or law speed roodways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by erront vehicles or vehicle related wind ousts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain prope device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the achesives, the fixed mount bases and the payement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are croshworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact. 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCOs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCOs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective Sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water bollosted systems used as barriers shall not be used safely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
- work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.

 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retrareflective delineation. or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with payement markings,
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in law speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize rood user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flored to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballosted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
*		10' Offset	Il' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150'	1651	1801	30'	601	
35	L = WS2	205'	225'	245'	35'	701	
40	80	2651	2951	320'	401	801	
45		4501	4951	540'	45'	90'	
50		5001	5501	600'	501	100'	
55	L=WS	5501	6051	6601	551	110'	
60	- ""	6001	660'	7201	601	120'	
65		650'	715'	7801	65'	130'	
70		7001	7701	8401	701	140'	
75	,	7501	B25'	9001	751	1501	
80		8001	8801	9601	801	1601	
	MMa.						

** Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Comptiont Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Borricodes.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Borricodes extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roodway,
- 4. Striping of rolls, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downword to the left. For the left side of the roodway, striping should slope downword to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the borricode rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Worning tights shall NOT be installed on barricodes.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over. the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, Iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level
- or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.

 Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless atherwise noted.

Borricodes shall NOT be used as a sign support.



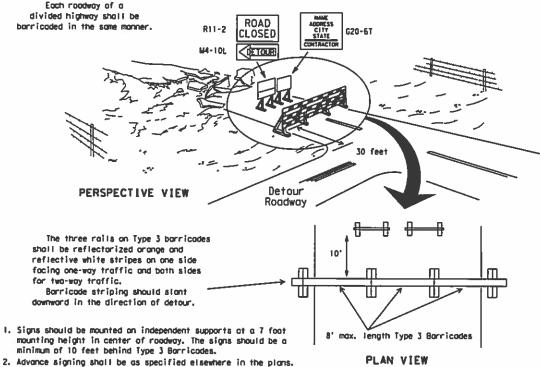
Minimum Width of Reflective

TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

4' min., 8' max. Flot roil

Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

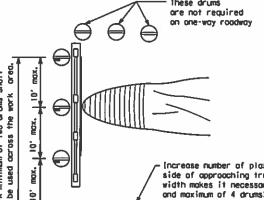


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



Typical Plostic Drum PERSPECTIVE VIEW

These drums



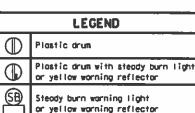
1. Where positive redirectional copobility is provided, drums may be amitted.

2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans,

3. Vertical Panels on flexible aupport may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet.

When the shoulder width is greater thon 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be amitted if drums are used.

5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.



increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. Iminimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)

◒ Θ PLAN VIEW

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

CONES 1 4" min. orange min. min. white min. 1 4" min. oronge [6" min. <u>-</u>2" min. 2" min. \T4" min. 4" min. white min. 2B" min.

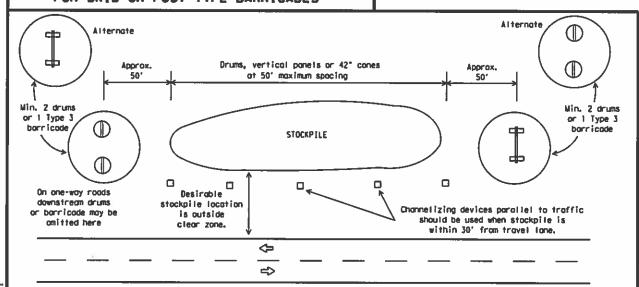
Two-Piece cones

6" min. <u>∓</u> 2° min. 4" min. 28" min.

One-Piece cones

2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6' E 3° min. 28" min.

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

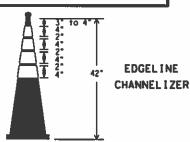
42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly arange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece comes have the body and base of the come molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.

3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.

- 4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and arange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Comes or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size

THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



- 1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travet lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or topers.
- 2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic topposing or otherwise) or worn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an atternate striping patterns four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted,
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

SHEET 10 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing powement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Workings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised povement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated povement markings shall meet the requirements of DWS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240,

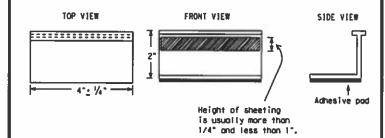
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone povement markings shall be inspected in occordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roodway geometrics.
- Workings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Povement markings that are no tanger applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obtiterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Etiminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of payement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roodway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- Blost cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-pointing of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be poid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAYEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Block-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tobs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the aption of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - 8. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new payements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Roised povement marker's used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised povement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemorks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - thwo amber reflective surfaces with yellow body), WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body),

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	ONS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised povement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Standard

Standard

Traffic peration

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

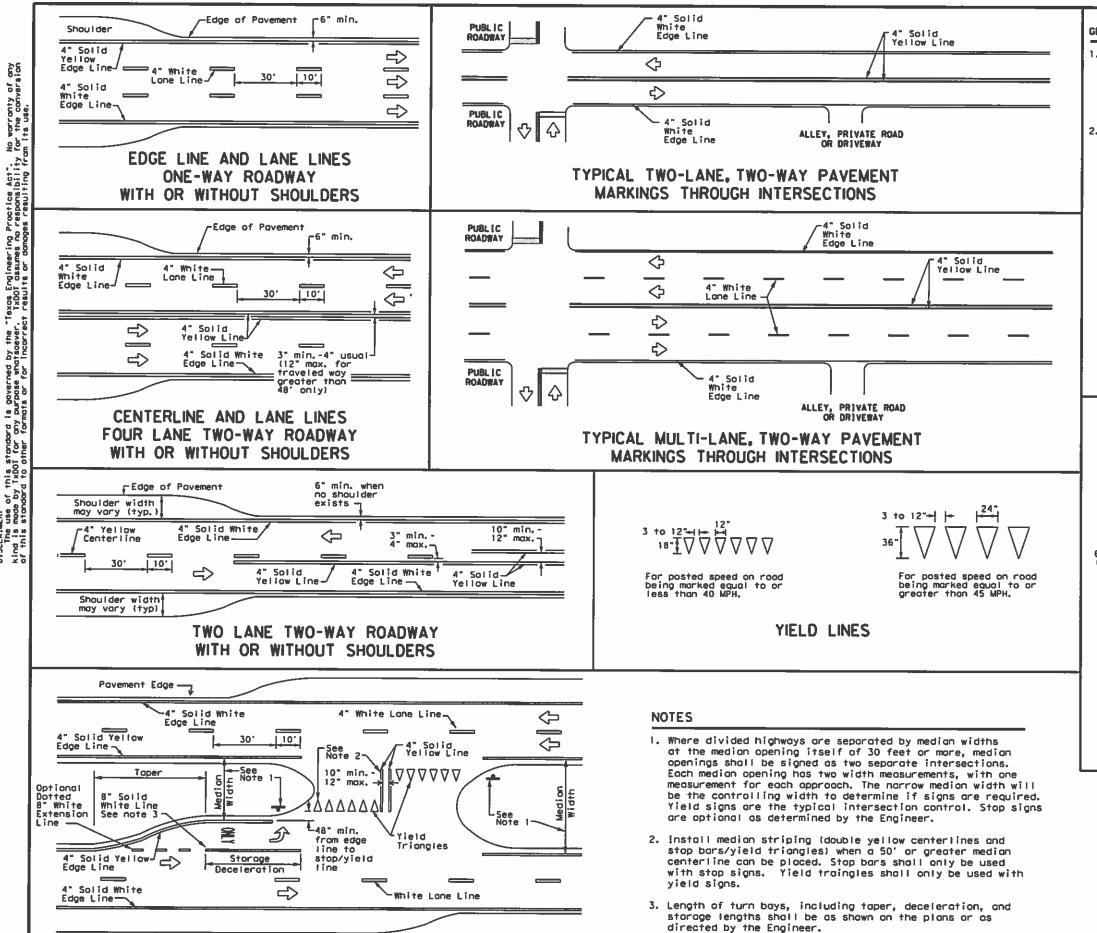
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PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-A 10 to 12" Type II-A-A 006 <>> Yellow ♦ Type II-A-A-Type Y buttons REFLECTORIZED PAVENENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A \Diamond 0000000000000000 0000000000 000 \$\frac{1}{4 \tau 8"} 'ellow Type Y buttons Type II-A-A-/ 6 to B REFLECTORIZED PAYEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pottern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pottern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type [-C Type W buttons ~ Type I-C or II-C-R White 000 000 000 Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons. Type I-A ❖ Type I-A 000 000 000 ♦ ₹> Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. Type I-C EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY \Diamond Type I-C \Diamond Type II-A-A 000 000 000 000 <>> Type Y buttons _ Yellow 000 000 000 000 ❖ Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVENENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type I-C-000 000 000 000 `White' 200 YDE II-A-A Type Y buttons-♦ $\langle \rangle$ 000 800 000 ♦ Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS Type 11-A-A Type Y buttons 000/000 DOUBLE 0 PAVENENT MARKERS 10 NO-PASSING REFLECTOR (ZED PAYEMENT LINE MARK INCS Yellow Type I-C , I-A or II-A-A Type W or Y buttons EDGE LINE RAISED SOL ID 0 0 0 0 0 PAVEMENT MARKERS D 0 0 0 0 OR SINGLE LINES 60" NO-PASSING LINE White or Yellow Type I-C Type W buttons 60" WIDE PAVEMENT LINE REFLECTOR12ED IFOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANGELIZING LINE USED TO DISCOURAGE LAME CHANGING. 1 White Type I-C or II-A-A-RAISED 0 0 0 0 0 CENTER LINE OR 40' : 1'-LANE REFLECTOR (ZED PAVEMENT LINE White or Yellov Type 1-C or II-A-A BROKEN (when required) LINES 0 0 RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS AUXILIARY OR LANEDROP LINE MAISED PAYEMENT REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5' ± 6" WITH RAISED **PAVEMENT MARKERS** If raised pavement markers are used Raised Pavement Markers to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tope used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for salid lines. This allows an easier 20' ± 1' removal of raised pavement markers Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines SHEET 12 OF 12 Traffic Operations Division Standard ■ Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Raised pavement markers used as standard povement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS." BC(12)-14 Des TXDOT | CK: TXDOT Des: TXDOT | CK: TXDO filti bc=14.dgn © Tx00T February 1998 CONT SECT JOS HEGHEAT 6372 01 001 IH 30, ETC. 1-97 9-07 D157 COUNTY SHEET NO. PAR HUNT, ETC. 23

ATE



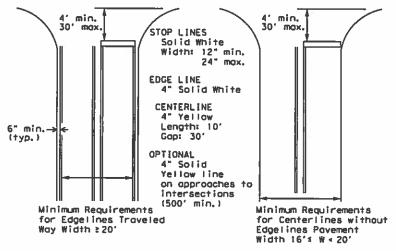
FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

GENERAL NOTES

- Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of povement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DM5-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



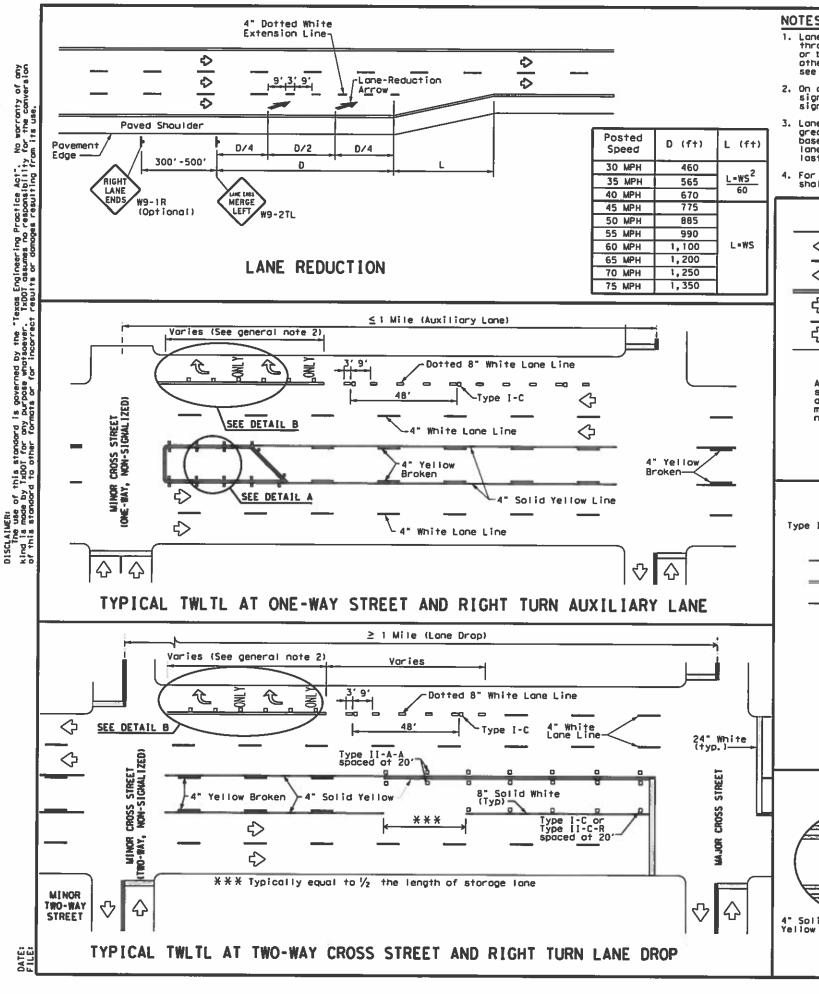
GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES, EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways

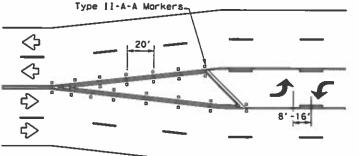


PM(1)-20

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© 1×DOT November 1978	CONT	SECT	J08		HIGHBAY		
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8-00 6-20	PAR		HUNT,	ETC	24		
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- Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lones is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- On divided highways, an additional W9-1R "RIGHT LANE ENDS" sign may be installed in the median oligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lone reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lone reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lone reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow povement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

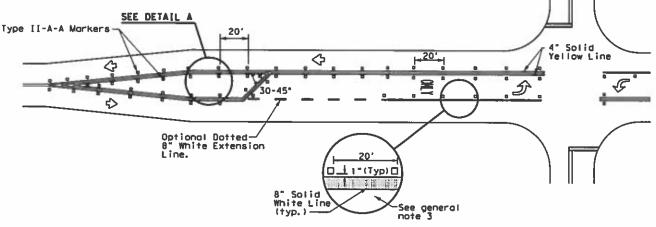
TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

GENERAL NOTES

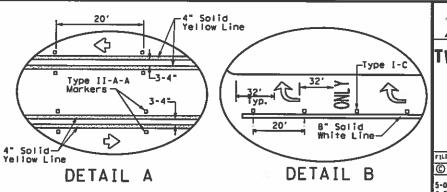
- 1. Lane use word and arrow morkings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow morkings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texos.
- 2. When lane-use words and orrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lone use arrow or word and arrow morking is used for a short turn lone, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use roised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- Length of turn boys, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



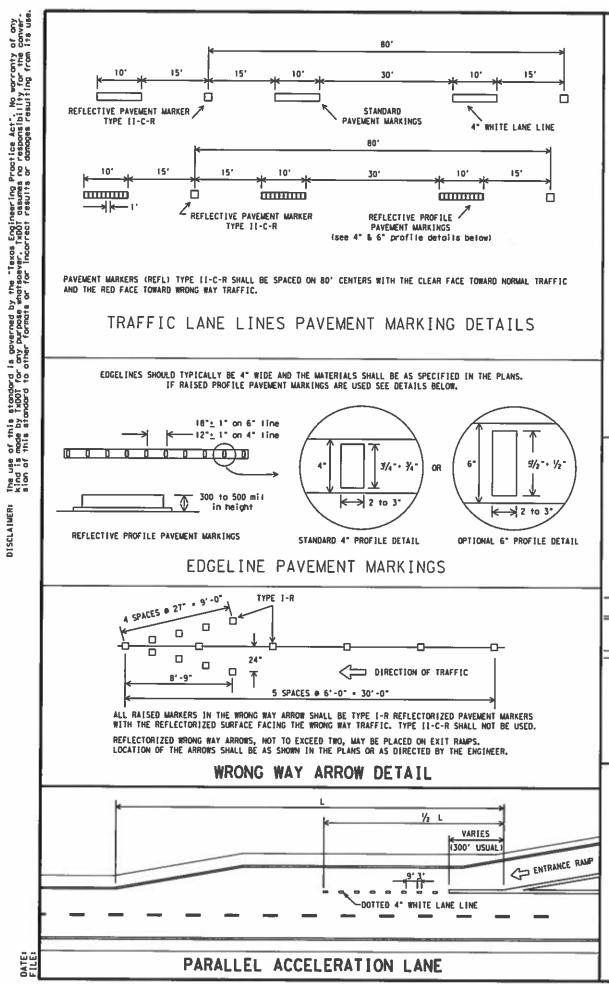
TYPICAL TWO-LANE HIGHWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS

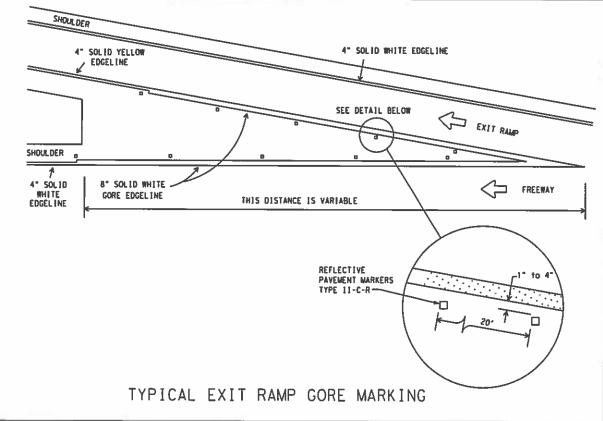


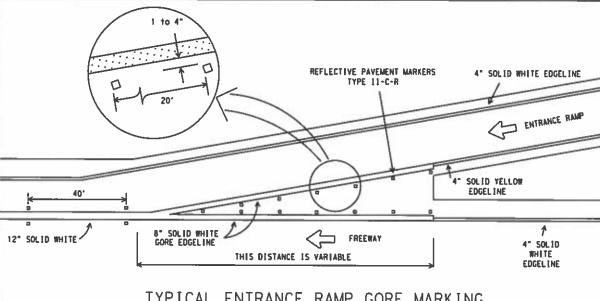
Taxas Department of Transportation

WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES, RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS, AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3)-20

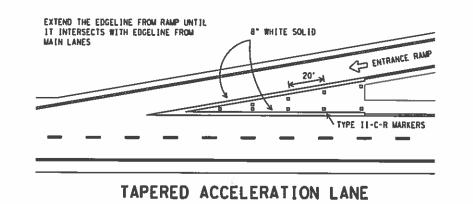
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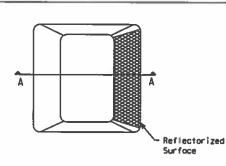




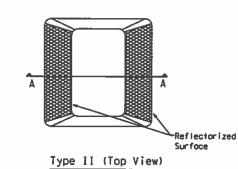


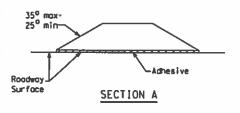
I	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
I	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
I	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
1	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
۱	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
I	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
ı	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All povement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

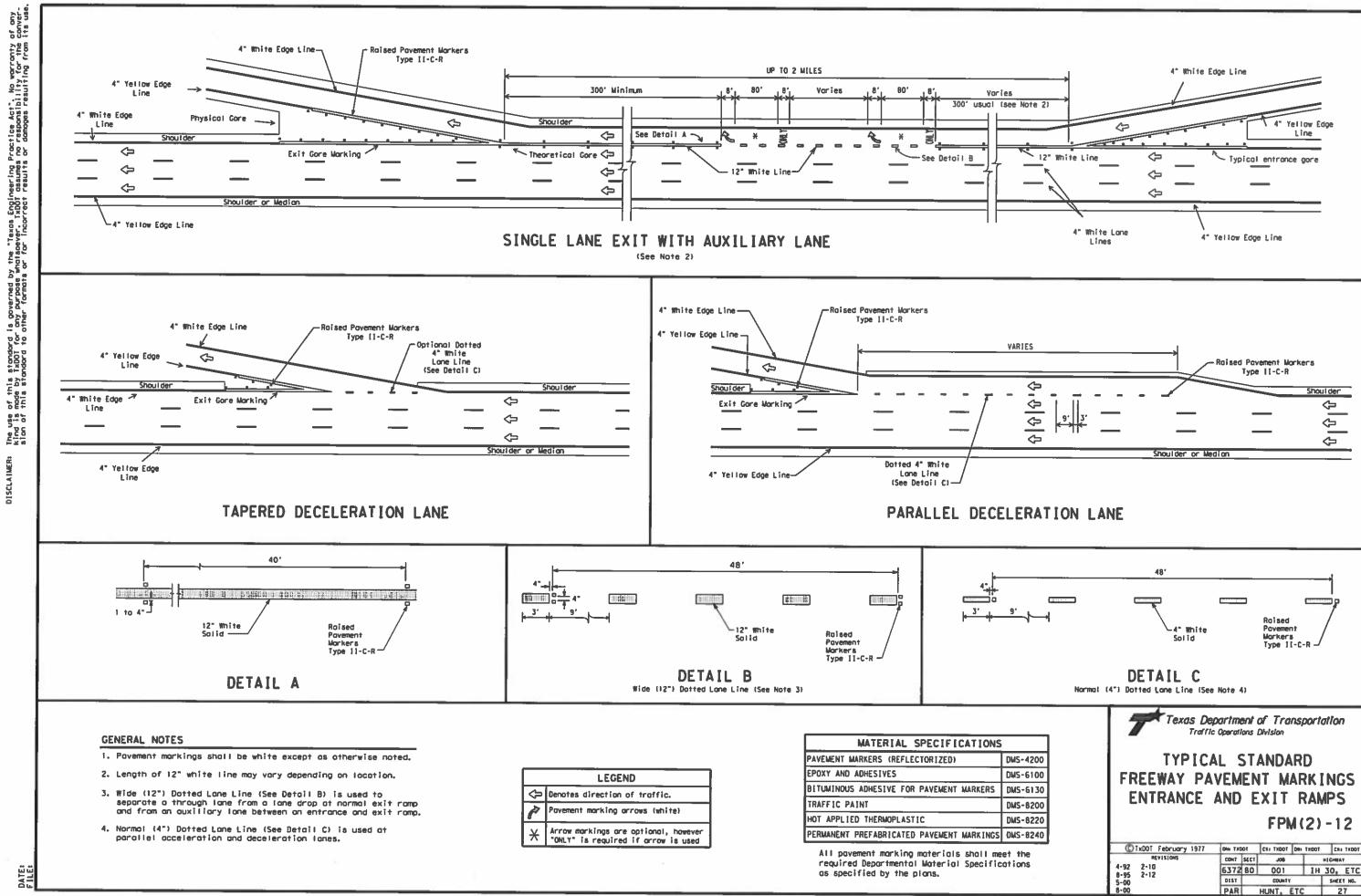


Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

FPM(1)-12

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4-92 2-10 5-00 2-12	6372	80	001	IH	30, ETC
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2-08	PAR		HUNT, E	TC	26
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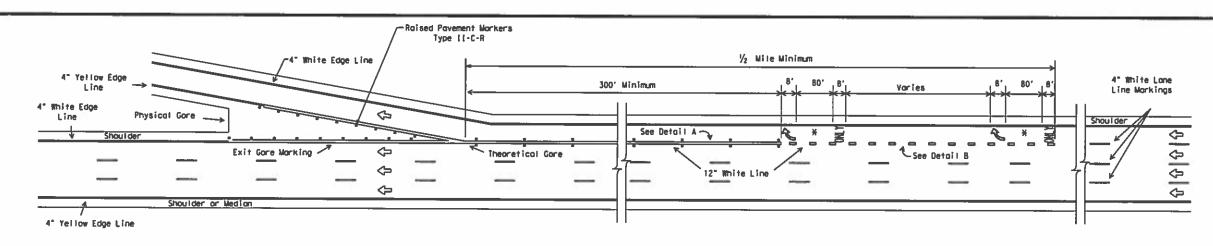


SHEET NO. 27

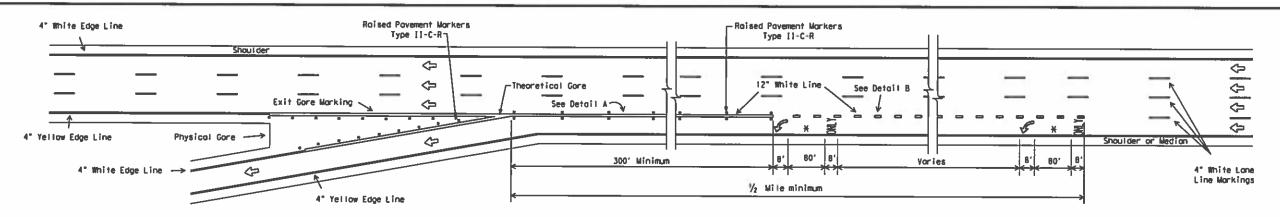
PAR

238

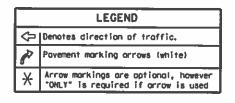
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SINGLE LANE EXIT - LANE DROP OR EXIT ONLY

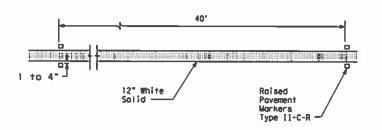


SINGLE LANE EXIT - LANE DROP OR EXIT ONLY (LEFTHAND)

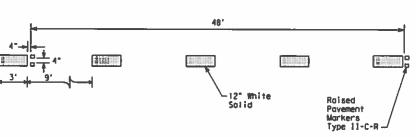


GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Detail B) is used to separate a through lane from a lane drop at normal exit ramp and from an auxiliary lane between an entrance and exit ramp.



DETAIL A



DETAIL B

Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Note 3)

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS				
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200			
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100			
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130			
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200			
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220			
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240			

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications os specified by the plans.

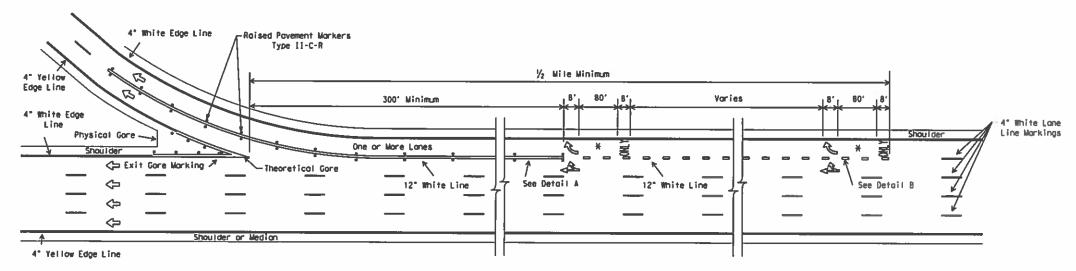


Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

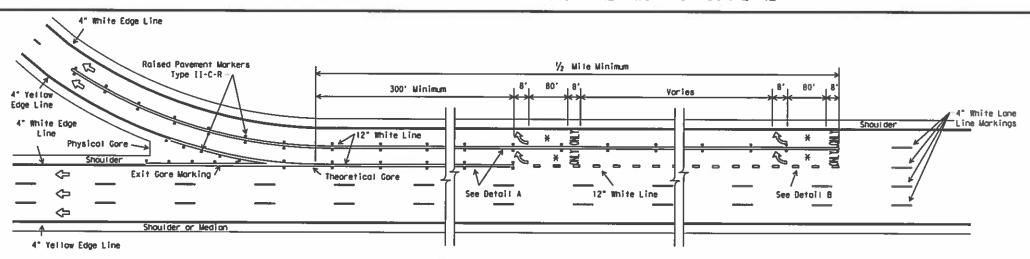
TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS LANE DROP (EXIT ONLY) EXIT RAMPS

FPM(3)-12

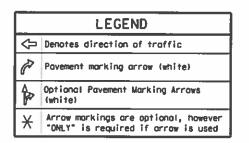
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MULTIPLE LANE EXIT - EXIT ONLY WITH OPTION LANE

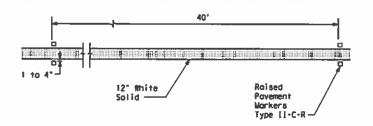


MULTIPLE LANE EXIT ONLY

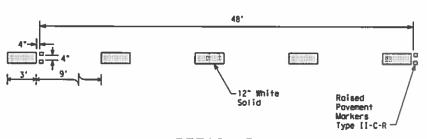


GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Povement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Detail B) is used to separate a through lane from a lane drop at normal exit ramp and from an auxiliary lane between an entrance and exit ramp.



DETAIL A



DETAIL B Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Note 3)

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS				
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200			
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100			
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130			
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200			
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220			
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240			

All payement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

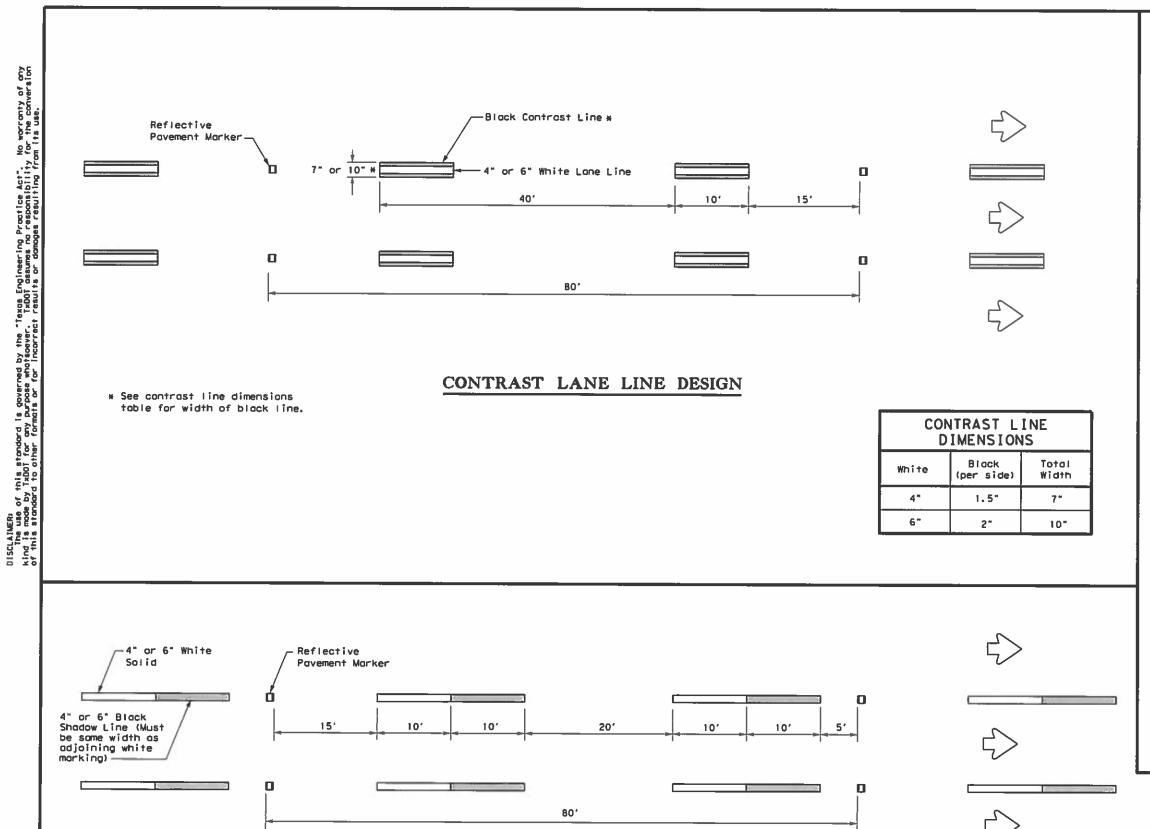


Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS LANE DROP (EXIT ONLY) DETAILS

FPM(4) - 12

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SHADOW LANE LINE DESIGN

GENERAL NOTES

- Contrast and Shadow markings may only be used on concrete pavements.
- Contrast and Shadow markings shall not be used on edge lines.
- Contrast lane lines shall be permanent prefabricated pavement markings meeting DMS 8240.
- Shodow lane line designs shall be a liquid markings system approved by TxDOT.
- All raised reflective pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the white stripes.
- See PM(2) for raised reflective pavement markings installation details.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

Texas Department of Transportation

CONTRAST AND SHADOW PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

CPM(1)-14

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I.	STORMWATER POLLUTION	PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER	ACT SECTION 402	III. CULTURAL RESOURCES		VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OF	R CONTAMINATION ISSUES
	required for projects with disturbed soil must protect Item 506.	er Discharge Permit or Const 1 or more acres disturbed s t for erosion and sedimentat may receive discharges from	soil. Projects with any ion in accordance with	archeological artifacts are foun	ations in the event historical issues or d during construction. Upon discovery of burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease ontact the Engineer immediately.	General (applies to all pro Comply with the Hazard Communica hazardous materials by conductin making workers aware of potentia	
		ed prior to construction oct		No Action Required	Required Action	Obtain and keep on-site Material used on the project, which may i Paints, ocids, solvents, asphalt compounds or additives. Provide	Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products nelude, but are not limited to the following categories: products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.
		Required Action	n and sedimentation in	1. 2. 3.		Maintain on adequate supply of a In the event of a spill, take a in accordance with safe work pro	on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. Itions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, letices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator I be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup
	required by the Engineer	d revise when necessory to c		4. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES		Contact the Engineer if any of t Dead or distressed vegetat Trash piles, drums, canist Undesirable smells or odor Evidence of leaching or se	ion (not identified as normal) er, barrels, etc. s
	4. When Contractor project	the public and TCEQ, EPA or specific locations (PSL's), submit NOI to TCEQ and the	increase disturbed soil	164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 75	e extent practical. uction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 2 in order to comply with requirements for dscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.	replacements (bridge class s	bridge class structure rehabilitation or tructures not including box culverts)?
11.	WORK IN OR NEAR STRE	AMS, WATERBODIES AND W	ETLANDS CLEAN WATER	No Action Required	Required Action		tion is required. Asible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection. tos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?
		filling, dredging, excavati eks, streams, wetlands or we		Action No.		Yes No	etain a DSHS licensed asbestas consultant to assist with
	The Contractor must adher the following permit(s):	e to all of the terms and co	onditions associated with	2.		the natification, develop abo	ptement/mitigation procedures, and perform management e notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least
	No Permit Required			3.		If "No", then TxDOT is still scheduled demolition.	required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any
	wetlands offected)	PCN not Required (less than		4.		activities and/or demolition	or is responsible for providing the date(s) for obatement with careful coordination between the Engineer and
	Nationwide Permit 14 - Individual 404 Permit F Other Nationwide Permit		ocre, 1/3 in tidal waters)	V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED I CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LI AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.	HREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, STED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES	Any other evidence indicating	to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims. possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project: Required Action
		ers of the US permit applied Practices planned to control		☐ No Action Required	Required Action	Action No.	Li hegotted Rollon
	1.			Action No.		2.	
	2.			1,		3.	
	3.			2.		VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL 1	
	4,			3.		_	such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)
		ary high water marks of any ers of the US requiring the Bridge Layouts.		4.		No Action Required Action No.	☐ Kedried WC110U
	Best Management Practic	ces:			served, cease work in the immediate area, nd contact the Engineer immediately. The	2.	
	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	l · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	om bridges and other structures during ted with the mests. If caves or sinkholes	3.	
	☐ Temporary Yegetation ☐ Blankets/Matting	Silt Fence Rock Berm	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips ☐ Retention/Irrigation Systems	are discovered, cease work in the in Engineer immediately.		3.	Texas Department of Transportation Design Division Standard
	☐ Mulch ☐ Sodding	Triongular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin				ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS.
	Interceptor Swale	Sand Bog Berm Straw Bale Dike	Constructed Wetlands Wet Basin	LIST OF ABI	 		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
	Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost	BMP: Best Management Practice CCP: Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Service	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SWSP: Stam Water Pollution Prevention Plan BPDN: Pre-Construction Natification		
	Erosion Control Compost Mutch Filter Berm and Socks	Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks	FHMA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement	PSL: Project Specific Location TCEO: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality		EPIC
	_	s Compost Filter Berm and Sock		MOUX Memorandum of Understanding MS4: Municipal Separate Stammater Sewer System			FILE: epic. dgn ONITYDOT CXI RG ONITYP CXI AR (C) TXDOT: February 2015 CONT SECT JOB HIDWAY
		Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sediment Basins	Sand Filter Systems Grassy Swales	NBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOT: Notice of Termination NMP: Noticevide Permit NOT: Notice of Intent	TADOT: Texas Department of Transportation TAGE: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	ii a	12-12-1911 1033 1034 1121 1