# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

	_	SHEET NO					
RMC 636835001							
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	TEXAS	W	WACO		BOSOUE		
DRAFT	CONTROL	SECT	70	ð	HIGHWAY N	10.	
	6368	35	00	1	SH 22.ET	C.	

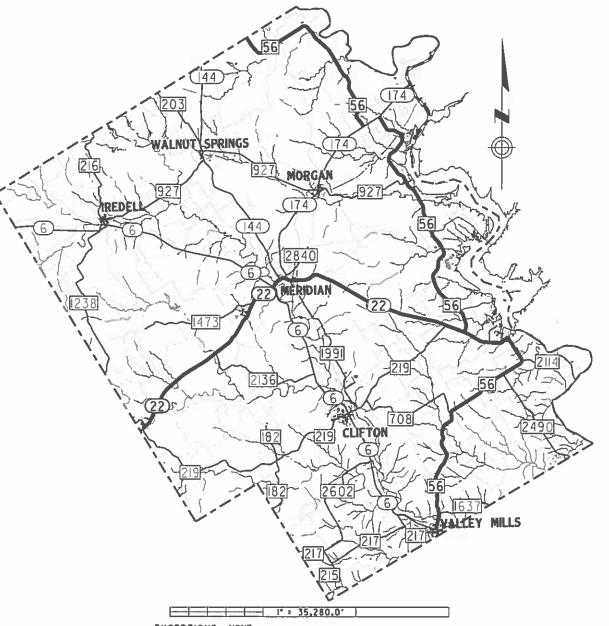
# PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

# TYPE OF WORK

BRIDGE PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

PROJECT NO: HIGHWAY:

RMC 6368-35-001 SH 22. etc. LIMITS OF WORK: BOSQUE COUNTY



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS. WILL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL - AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS ( FORM FHWA 1273, MAY 2012).

EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE RR CROSSINGS: NONE SCALE: I" = 35,280.0"

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Texas Department of Transportation

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

William H. Banglam P. C.

11/16/2020

AREA ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS

11-20-2020

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

11/23/2020

DISTRICT ENGINEER

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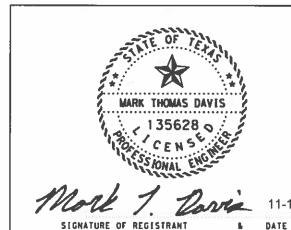
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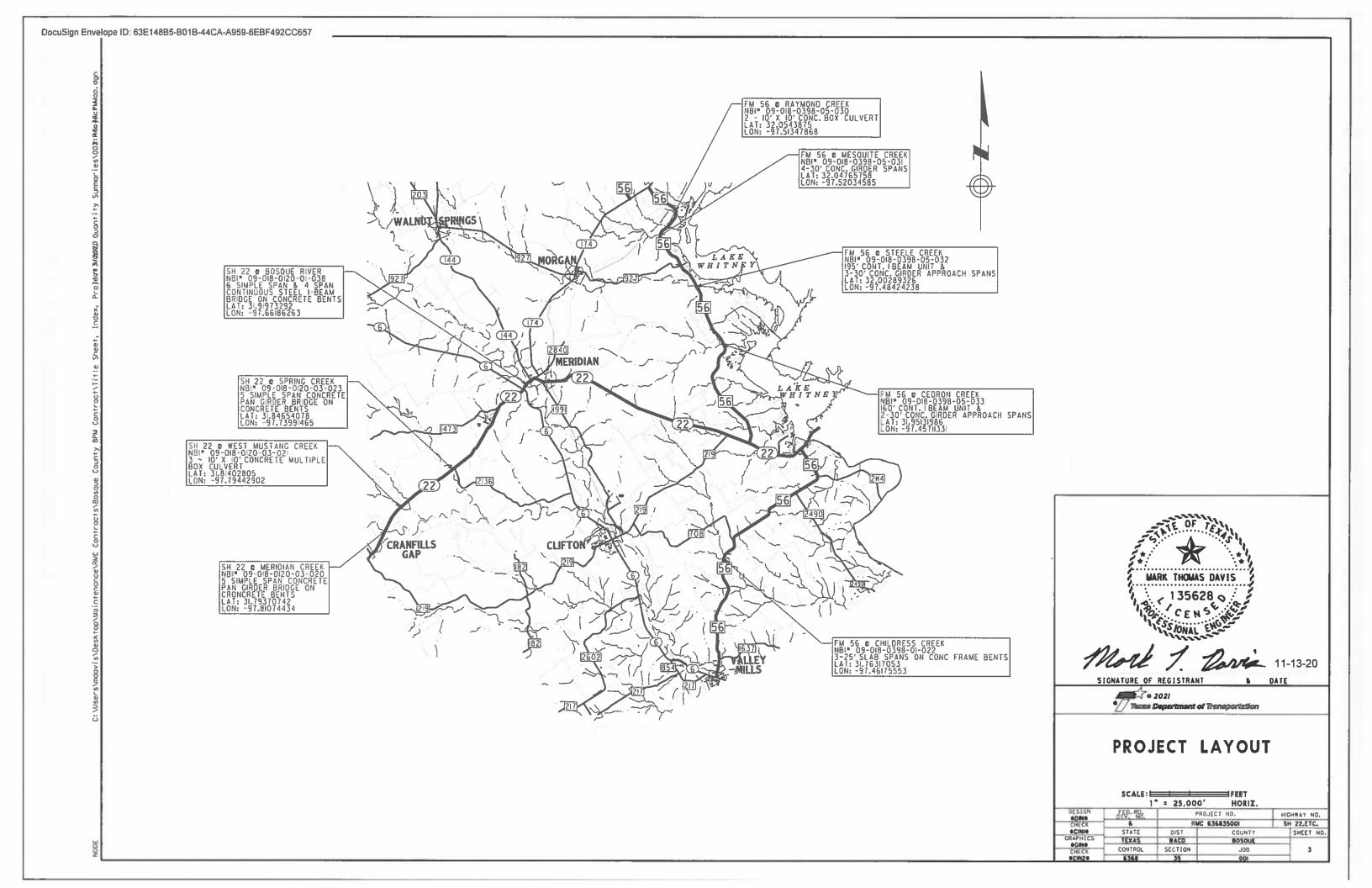
\* THE STANDARD SHEET SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



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GRAPHICS	TEXAS	WACD	BOSOUE				
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1 - 0.04	6368	35	001				



HIGHWAY: SH 22, ETC. RMC 6368-35-001

# **GENERAL**

Contract for bridge maintenance consisting of bridge scour, embankment, riprap and bridge joints according to the standard specifications or as modified in the general specifications listed below.

The Contractor will make an examination of the project site and completely familiarize himself with the nature of the work and allow for any work made necessary by unusual conditions and/or obstacles encountered during the progress of the work.

# Quantities as shown on the plans are estimated quantities only. The actual quantities may vary. Contractor should verify all quantities in the field.

Office of record: For this contract, the office of record will be the Texas Department of Transportation office listed below. Questions concerning this proposal after the award of the contract will be directed to that office and to the attention of the Maintenance Supervisor.

Maintenance Supervisor	Telephone Number	Maint Office Location
Chris Niedorf	254.435.2258	9167 SH 6
Bosque County		Clifton, TX 76634

The Contractor will have a Standard Specification book on the project at all times. The Standard Specification book may be viewed and downloaded at http://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/txdot-specifications.html

The construction, operation and maintenance of the proposed project will be consistent with the state implementation plan as prepared by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

The disturbed area for this project, as shown on the plans is \_\_\_\_\_0.14\_\_\_\_acres. However, the Total Disturbed Area (TDA) will establish the required authorization for storm water discharges. The TDA of this project will be determined by the sum of the disturbed area in all project locations in the contract, and all disturbed area on all Project-Specific Locations (PSL) located in the project limits and/or within 1 mile of the project limits. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction site as shown on the plans, according to the TDA of the project. The contractor will obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for the discharge of storm water from any PSL for construction support activities on or off of the project row according to the TDA of the project. When the TDA for the project exceeds 1 acre, provide a copy of the appropriate application of permit (NOI, or Construction Site Notice) to the engineer, for any PSL located in the project limits or within 1 mile of the project limits. Follow the directives and adhere to all requirements set forth in the TCEQ, Texas Pollution Discharge Elimination System, Construction General Permit (TPDES, CGP).

COUNTY: BOSQUE SHEET 4A

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Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the Waco District at the following address:

Bill Compton - <u>Wacoprebid@txdot.gov</u>, 254-867-2707, 100 S. Loop Dr., Waco, TX Carmen Chau - Wacoprebid@txdot.gov, 254-867-2794, 100 S. Loop Dr., Waco, TX

Or Via phone or in person to the following individual(s):

Area Engineer's: 254 865 7115

Assistant Area Engineer's: 254.865.7115

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Area Engineer or Assistant Area Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: <a href="https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/">https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/</a>

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

# **GENERAL NOTES**

# **ITEM 5: CONTROL OF THE WORK**

Underground utilities owned by the Texas Department of Transportation may be present within the Right-Of-Way on this project. For signal, illumination, surveillance, and communications & control maintained by TxDOT, call the TxDOT Traffic Signal Office (254)867-2808 for locates a minimum of 48 hours in advance of excavation. For irrigation systems, call TxDOT Landscape Office (254)867-2726 for locates a minimum of 48 hours in advance of excavation. If city or town owned irrigation facilities are present, call the appropriate department of the local city or town a minimum of 48 hours in advance of excavation. The Contractor is liable for all damages when utilities are damaged due to Contractor's negligence including, but not limited to, repair or replacement at the Contractor's expense.

# **ITEM 6: CONTROL OF MATERIALS**

References to manufacturer's trade name or catalog numbers are for the purpose of identification only and the contractor will be permitted to furnish like materials of other manufacturers provided they are of equal quality and comply with specifications for this project.

# ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No significant traffic generator events identified.

If utilizing private property for waste disposal sites, field office sites, equipment storage sites or for any other purpose involved with this project, provide to the Engineer written proof of the property owner's approval of the use of this property. This proof may be in the form of a letter or agreement signed by the property owner or other documents acceptable to the Engineer.

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Personal vehicles of the contractor's employees will not be parked within the right of way at any time including any section closed to public traffic, unless the vehicle is being utilized for construction procedures. However, the contractor's employees may park on the right of way at the sites where the contractor has his office, equipment and materials storage yard.

The contractor is alerted to the possible presence of swallows under the existing bridges or culverts. Because the migratory bird treaty act prohibits harm to swallows, their eggs or their nestlings, the contractor will not begin potentially disturbing activities on or near the bridge until the birds have abandoned any occupied nests (approximately September 1). Active nests may not be removed regardless of the date.

Prior to the swallows returning to the nests (approximately March 1), abandoned nests will be removed from the bridge. The contractor will prevent the establishment of new nests on any portion of the structure. Methods for preventing the establishment of new nests must be approved by the project Engineer. Examples of acceptable nest prevention methods are bird-deterrent netting and bird-repelling sprays and/or gels to be applied to the structure. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

The Contractor will submit detailed site-specific plans for work in each "water of the United States" designated on the EPIC sheet. These plans must be approved by the TxDOT Engineer prior to starting any work in these areas. The plans must also describe facilities and work activities adjacent the Ordinary High-Water Marks. The plan must show actual dimensions and materials for:

- Proposed construction roads and work areas leading to or in close proximity to the Ordinary High-Water Marks
- Temporary material or equipment storage areas in close proximity to the Ordinary High-Water Marks
- Locations of proposed sediment and erosion control devices
- Identification of construction equipment and construction techniques to accomplish the work

Once this drawing and supporting information is reviewed and approved by TxDOT, all construction workers should be made aware of the limits designated on the drawings by the Contractor's supervision. Work in all waters of the US will be limited to the minimum necessary required to construct the bridge, culvert or roadway fills. Work will also include all activities needed for bridge and culvert demolitions. Working or disturbing soil in the stream channel outside the limits of the work plan will not be allowed. Orange fencing will be provided and maintained to establish the TxDOT approved boundaries in which work may be conducted between the Ordinary High-Water Marks. Orange fencing will not be paid for but will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling".

GENERAL NOTES SHEET C

COUNTY: BOSQUE SHEET 4B

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# **ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS**

This Project will be a Standard Workweek in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4.

Prior to beginning work, the State will schedule a conference with the Contractor and/or a representative and representatives of the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT). The Contractor will outline the proposed work procedures and equipment to perform the work, give his/her plan for performing the work while providing for safe traffic control at all times. Plans, specifications, traffic control, and unusual conditions and other pertinent items regarding the contract will also be discussed.

Meet bi-weekly or at intervals as agreed upon with the engineer to notify him or her of planned work for the upcoming 3-week period.

For this project, provide a Bar Chart progress schedule.

All general tree trimming and tree removal work for this contract will be completed no later than March 1, 2021. Trimming and/or removal tasks will be allowed after March 1, 2021 only at the direction of the Engineer.

# Sequence of Operation

Roadways and bridges will be open to traffic at all times unless otherwise approved. Access to all driveways, side roads, both public and private is to be maintained at all times.

Work will not be permitted when, in the opinion of the Engineer, impending bad or inclement weather may impair quality of work

Any equipment or materials that are stored on state right of way during non-working hours will be located at least thirty (30) feet from the edge of pavement. The Contractor will not repair or service any equipment or perform other operations on the right of way which will in any way mar the landscape by rendering the soil sterile, damage existing vegetation, or which may have an adverse effect on the proposed use of the land.

# **Workers and Equipment**

At all times Contractor's personnel will be dressed in approved safety attire while outside vehicles and/or while performing work on the highway right of way. This will include but is not limited to hard hats and safety vests.

All equipment will be approved prior to use and will be able to efficiently produce the desired results.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET D

HIGHWAY: SH 22, ETC.

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# Clean-up

The Contractor will clean up and remove from all work areas all loose material resulting from the Contract operations each day before work is suspended. No loose material will remain at the Work site overnight.

The Contractor will be responsible for leaving the project site clean and neat in appearance upon completion and before final acceptance.

# Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Barricades will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

All project limit and traffic control signing may be mounted on skid mounted supports in lieu of ground mounted supports.

Only install project barricades on locations when active work activities are taking place.

Provide written proposed lane closure information by 1:00 pm on the business day prior to the proposed closures. Do not close lanes when this requirement is not met.

When excavation is required next to a pavement lane carrying traffic and the widening is not completed by the end of the work day, backfill against the edge of the pavement with at least a 3:1 slope using an acceptable material to support vehicular traffic. Carefully remove and dispose of this material when work resumes. Backfilling pavement edges, and the materials required for the work will be subsidiary to this item.

Place barricades and signs in locations that do not obstruct the sight distance of drivers entering the highway from driveways or side streets.

The Contractor Responsible Person(s) (CRP) for Work Zone Traffic Controls will inspect and ensure any deficiencies are corrected each and every day throughout the duration of this contract. Any misaligned or damaged traffic control devices will be repaired as soon as practical after deficiency is discovered.

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee(s) available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within One (1) Hour.

# **ITEM 132: EMBANKMENT**

Type D embankment will be used from the project sites if available and Type B will be used when supplies are depleted or not available.

COUNTY: BOSQUE SHEET 4C

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# **ITEM 420 CONCRETE SUBSTRUCTURES**

# **BENT NUMBERING:**

For bridges with four or more spans, number every third bent (counting the abutments) on the upstation and down-station faces of the outside column(s) at approximately the mid height of the column. For structures with three columns or less per bent, place numbers on column A. Where there are four or more columns per bent, place numbers on both outside columns. Bent numbers shall be as shown on the bridge layout.

Provide block numbers with a height of 6". Place numbers using appropriate die cut stencils and black paint. All materials, labor and incidentals associated with placing bent numbers are subsidiary to the various bid items.

For bridges with aesthetic treatments, the numbering will be incorporated into the aesthetics package.

# NATIONAL BRIDGE INVENTORY NUMBERS:

Provide  $\underline{N}$ ational  $\underline{B}$ ridge  $\underline{I}$ nventory (NBI) numbers on all bridge structures and bridge class culverts.

Where beam types allow access to the face of abutment backwall, place NBI numbers on the face of each abutment backwall using 3" block numbers. Locate NBI numbers between the outside beams at opposite corners of the bridge.

Where beam types do not allow access to the face of abutment backwall, place NBI numbers on the face of each abutment cap using 3" block numbers. Locate NBI numbers below the outside beams at opposite corners of the bridge.

Where a bridge begins, ends or contains a bent common to multiple structures, place NBI numbers on both faces near both ends of the common bent cap. The number placed at each of the four locations will correspond to the NBI number assigned to the bridge immediately above the number. Locate NBI numbers below the outside beam. Place using 3" Block Numbers.

For Bridge Class Culverts, place National Bridge Inventory numbers at the middle of the downstream headwall using 3" block letters.

For all conditions, use appropriate die cut stencils and black paint for placement. All materials, labor and incidentals associated with placing NBI numbers are subsidiary to the various bid items.

Reduce headwall heights, if necessary, to provide a maximum of three (3) inches projection above the roadway slope. No increase or decrease will be made in plan quantities of concrete or reinforcing steel for this work.

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# **ITEM 421: HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE**

Furnish mix designs to the Engineer in a format compatible to the latest version of the Department's Construction Management System (Site Manager). Mix Design templates will be provided by the Engineer.

Supply the Engineer with a list of certified personnel and copies of their current ACI certificates before beginning production and when personnel changes are made. Supply hard copies of calibration reports for testing equipment when required by the Engineer.

# **ITEM 500: MOBILIZATION**

Material On Hand (MOH) will not be used in calculating partial payments for Mobilization.

# ITEM 506: TEMPROARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Take all practicable precautions to prevent debris from being discharged into the Waters of Texas or a designated wetland. Install Best Management Practices before demolition begins and maintain them during the demolition. Remove any debris or construction material that escapes containment devices and are discharged into the restricted areas, before the next rain event or within 24 hours of the discharge.

Provide SW3P Signs. Obtain from the Engineer a copy of the project's completed TPDES Storm Water Program Construction Site Notice and Contractor Site Notice. Laminate the sheets and bond with adhesive to 36" X 36" plywood sign blanks. Ensure the sheets remain dry. Apply Type C Blue reflective sheeting as the background and add the text "SW3P" in 5" white lettering, centered at the top. Attach the signs to approved temporary mounts and locate at each of the project limits just inside the right of way line at a readable height or as directed by the Engineer. If the sign cannot be placed outside the clear zone, it must adhere to the TMUTCD. SW3P signs, maintenance, and reposting (for replacement or as needed to ensure readability) will be subsidiary to various the various bid items.

Leave all right of way areas undisturbed until actual construction is to be performed in said areas.

No soil disturbing activities will begin on any section of TxDOT ROW without adequate sedimentation controls first being installed and functioning at adjacent drainage outfalls. Begin and continuously prosecute the repairs, additions and maintenance of erosion and sedimentation control devices within seven days after the Contractor receives each Form 2118, Field Inspection and Maintenance Report, from the Engineer. Failure of the Contractor to fulfill either of the above requirements places TxDOT in potential non-compliance with permit requirements and may result in withholding estimates or stopping work or both until all environmental permit requirements are fulfilled.

Concrete Washouts are required per the CGP. The Concrete Washout Area(s) structural controls must consist of temporary berms, temporary shallow pits, and/or temporary storage tanks to prevent contaminated runoff and must be lined as to prevent contamination of underlying soil. Ensure pits properly maintained including removal of concrete as not to allow over flow. The

COUNTY: BOSQUE SHEET 4D

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location(s) of washout area will be approved by the Engineer. When washout pits are no longer needed, they will be removed and area will be restored to original condition. This work, materials and labor will not be measured or paid for directly but will be subsidiary to Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls."

Cleaning and sweeping of open roadways due to material spillage or loss from Contractor equipment or tires will be the responsibility of the Contractor at no cost to TxDOT. This work will not be charged as Item 738, "Cleaning and Sweeping Highways". Cleaning and sweeping of roadways will be completed as directed, including multiple times per day if necessary, to maintain acceptable roadways for the traveling public and to meet environmental regulations. Construction activities will cease when material deposited on the roadway is not properly removed or when equipment is not available as needed. Adequate construction exits will be planned, constructed and maintained by the Contractor per Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls".

# ITEM 752: TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

The Contractor will take precautions to avoid harm to any wildlife encountered during the project; this includes active nests or burrows.

All Oak Tree Species:

- 1. To avoid the spread of Oak Wilt or other disease, all species of oak trees that are damaged or cut (branches, roots and/or stumps) for any reason during this contract, must be treated with a commercial wound dressing within 20 minutes of causing the damage or cut.
- 2. To prevent the spread of infection from tree to tree when pruning oak trees (all species), the Contractor must disinfect all pruning tools with a solution of 70% isopropyl alcohol after all cutting is complete on each oak tree.
- 3. Potentially dangerous trees or limbs will be removed as soon as possible.
- 4. The Engineer can stop all Work operations if the dressing, cut and removal requirements are not followed.
- Pruning shall be in accordance with ANSI A300 pruning standard.

The Contractor will be responsible for leaving the project site clean and neat in appearance upon completion and before final acceptance by the Engineer.

Limits as shown in the plans are approximate. Actual limits may vary.

Remove and dispose of cuttings within five (5) calendar days after cutting.

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Material will be disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. No material will be placed on private property unless otherwise approved in writing by the Engineer. The Contractor will provide sufficient documentation to verify proper disposal.

Wood chips may be left on the right of way no deeper than two (2) inches. Do not trespass on private property while perform work on this contract. Do not cut or damage timber outside the right-of-way lines.

Remove all fallen parts of trees, damaged limbs, and dead limbs. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Stump removal is subsidiary to this bid item for trees removed by Contractor.

# **ITEM 6185: TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATORS**

The total number of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) required when utilizing the traffic control standards are shown in the tables below.

TCP 1 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(1-1)-18 / (1-2)-18		1

TCP 2 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(2-1)-18 / (2-2)-18	All	1

TCP 3 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(3-1)-13	All	2

Shadow vehicles equipped for truck mounted attenuators (TMA) for stationary operations will be paid for by the day and must be available for use at any time as determined by the Engineer.

Mobile operations will be paid for by the hour, per specifications. For mobile operations, payment will be made only while the TMA is in use.

For mobile operations requiring multiple TMA's, judgement may be applied in lower speed, urban / in town traffic environments to reduce the numbers of TMA in use where the added TMA may pose a hazard for traffic entering and exiting driveways, side streets, etc.

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA needed for the project for those times per plan requirements. Additional TMAs used that are not specified in the plans in which the contractor expects compensation will require prior approval from the Engineer.

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# ITEM 7000: REMOVAL AND PROPER DISPOSAL OF DRIFTWOOD AND DEBRIS

All quantities are estimated and subject to change at the discretion of the Engineer.

Work shall be paid for by the CY of removed material.

Equipment may include but is not limited to dragline, front-end loader, backhoe, hydraulic excavator, dozer, track loader, dump trucks, etc.

Limits for the removal of driftwood and debris shall typically include the width of the right of way (upstream and downstream) for the length of the structure.

Debris shall consist of all foreign material within the work area including trash, tires, etc.

Contractor shall cut and remove abandoned timber bridge piles. This shall not be paid for directly, but considered subsidiary to various bid items.

Cut driftwood as required, load, haul and dispose of driftwood and debris off the right of way in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, small items (less than 24 inches in diameter) may be chipped on site and spread on the ROW above the ordinary high-water mark as approved by the Engineer. No debris, whole or chipped will be deposited in a floodplain area.

Disposal sites must be permitted by State and Local Government.

# **Estimate Sheet**

							ESTIMATE SI	JMI	MARY						
						CONTROL 6368-3 SH0022	35-001	AL		ITEM CODE		DESCRIPTION	UNIT	тот	'AL
EST	FINAL	EST	FINAL	EST	FINAL.	EST	FINAL.		CODE	DESC	SP NO			EST	FINAL
						12.900			104	6009		REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	SY	12.900	
						1250.000			110	6002		EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	1250.000	
						45.000			132	6019		EMBANKMENT (VEHICLE)(ORD COMP)(TY B)	CY	45.000	
						3.000			150	6001		BLADING	STA	3.000	
						1500.000			160	6003		FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	SY	1500.000	
						1500.000			164	6003		BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	SY	1500,000	
						15.000			168	6001		VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	15.000	
						24.000			401	6001		FLOWABLE BACKFILL	CY	24.000	
						7.500			432	6002		RIPRAP (CONC)(5 IN)	CY	7.500	
						70.400			432	6031		RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(12 IN)	CY	70.400	
						530.000			432	6033		RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	530,000	
						11.000			432	6038		BEDDING MATERIAL (3 IN)	CY	11,000	
						13.500			432	6044		RIPRAP (CONC)(FLUME)	CY	13.500	
						22.000			432	6055		RIPRAP (STONE TY F)(DRY)(18")	CY	22.000	
						1.000			500	6001		MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000	
						100.000			506	6001		ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	LF	100.000	
						100.000			506	6011		ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	100.000	
						1500.000			506	603B		TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	1500.000	
						1500.000			506	6039		TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	1500.000	
			-14			6.000			752	6005		TREE REMOVAL (4" - 12" DIA)	EA	6.000	
						50.000			6185	•	002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	50.000	
						10.000			7000	6001		REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS	CY	10.000	
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ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET	<b>ESTIMATE</b>	& QUANTITY	SHEET
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DIST	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
09	BOSQUE	6368-35-001	5

# PROJECT SUMMARY

					104	110	132	150	40	432	432	432	432	432	432	F00	350	7000
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					6009	6002	6019	6001	6001	6002	6031	6033	6038	6044	6055	6001	6005	6001
HWY	NBI	STRUCTURE .	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	EMBANKMENT (VEHICLE) (ORD COMP) (TY B)	BL ADING	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	RIPRAP (CONC) (5 IN)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (12 IN)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (18 IN)	BEDDING MATERIAL (3_IN)	RIPRAP (CONC) (FLUME)	RIPRAP (STONE TY F) (DRY) (18 IN)	MOBILIZATION	TREE REMOVAL (4"-12" DIA.)	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS
					SY	CY	CY	STA	CY	CY	CY	CY	CY	CY	CY	LS	EA	CY
	09-018-0-0120-03-020	SH 22 @ MERIDIAN CREEK	31.79371	-97.81074								125						
SH 2:	09-0 8-0-0 20-03-02	SH 22 @ WEST MUSTANG CREEK	31.81403	-97.79443							42							10
2H 2/		SH 22 D SPRING CREEK BRIDGE	31.84654	-97.73991					3			264	··-					
	09-018-0-0120-03-03B	SH 22 0 NORTH BOSQUE RIVER	31.91973	-97.66186				3			4			4.7	22		6	
	09-018-0-0398-01-02/20	56 CHILDRESS CREEK BR.	31.76317	-97.46176					18									
	09-018-0-0398-05-030	FM 56 @ RAYMOND CREEK	32.0544	-97.51348							18.4					1		
FM 5	09-0 8-0-0398-05-03	FM 56 @ MESQUITE CREEK	32.04766	-97.52035	12.9				3		6			8.8				
	09-018-0-0398-05-032	FM 56 © STEEL CREEK	32.00289	-97.48424			45					36	11					
	09-018-0-0398-05-033	FM 56 © CEDRON CREEK	31.95132	-97.4571		1250				7.5		105						
		(42)								11:								
				TOTALS	12.9	1250	45	3	24	7.5	70.4	530	И	13.5	22	1	6	10

QUANTITIES ARE FOR ESTIMATION AND MAY VARY, CONTRACTOR SHOULD VERIFY ALL QUANTITIES IN THE FIELD.

# SW3P SUMMARY

	160	164	168	506	506	506	506
	6003	6003	6001	6001	6011	6038	6039
PROJECT TOTALS	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY I)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	MG	LF	LF	LF	LF
TOTALS	1,500	1,500	15	100	100	1,500	1,500

QUANTITIES ARE FOR ESTIMATION AND MAY VARY. CONTRACTOR SHOULD VERIFY ALL QUANTITIES IN THE FIELD.

# TRAFFIC CONTROL SUMMARY

	6185
	6002
PROJECT TOTALS	TMA (STATIONARY)
	DAY
TOTALS	50



# CONSOLIDATED SUMMARIES

SHEET I OF I

DESIGN	DIV. NO.	P	ROJECT NO.	HHC	HWAY NO.
CHECK	6	RI	IC 636835001	SI	1_22.ETC.
	STATE	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS	TEXAS	WACO	BOSQUE		
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	6	
	6368	35	001		

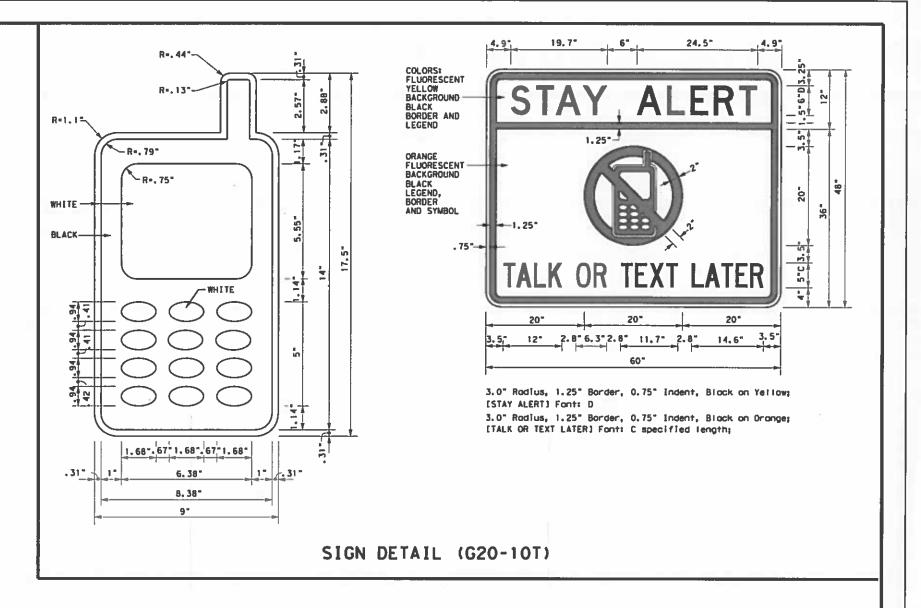
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# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the inecessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at an near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

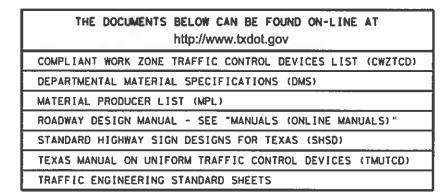
# WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety appared meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Appared," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118



SHEET 1 OF 12

Traffic Operations Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

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#### T-INTERSECTION ROAD WORK ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES ↔ CHEXT I WILES $\Leftrightarrow$ INTERSECTED I Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1000' -1500' - Hey 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ WORK G20-5aP WORK G20-5aP Limit TRAFFI G20-5T TRAFF R20-5T FINES R20-5T FINES DOUBLE DOUBLE R20-SaTP G20-61 R20-SaTP END ROAD WORK G20-2

# CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

STAY ALERT

LIMIT (X)

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING LS.6

SIZE

Sign onventions Expressway/ Number Road Freeway or Series CW204 CW21 CW22 48" x 48" 48" x 48" **CW23** CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 36" x 36" 48" x 48" CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4. CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" × 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12

Sian <sup>Δ</sup> Posted Spacina "X" Feet pprx.

SPACING

- For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- A. Winimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign negrest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-10) signs may be used on low volume crossroods at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped worning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD". Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas' manual for complete list of available sign design

				·		×	SPEE	G20-9TP X X BEGIN	STAY ALERT	
^			\frac{1}{5}	* * G20-5T BEGIN ROAD WORK WEXT X MILES	CW1-4L	R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate	ROAD LIMI WORK AHEAD	TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE	SIAI ALEAI	OBEY BARNING SIDES
ROAD WORK	CW20-1D WORK AREA	ROAD WORK AHEAD	CW1-4R	* * * G20-6T ALEMENTS CITY STATE	CW13-1P XX	appropriate)	CW20-1D X X R2-		TALK OR TEXT LATER	STATE LAW
AHEAD	AREA 3X	CW20-1D	CM12-1P	Type 3 Barricode or channelizing devices	l <del>a</del> x	x	* * *	х	X (50%)	×
	<= //								<b>\( \( \)</b>	
7	⇒ //	Yes	<b>*</b>	# 4					-> -	
)* 	<del> </del>	Channel lizing Devices	➾	WORK SPACE CSJ Limit	ENO	Beginning of — NO-PASSING Line should coordinate	R2-1 SPEED LIMIT	<b>*</b>	MONK SOME CSG	*) 0-261 * *
ROAD WOR	K AHEADT (CW20-1D) signs ore:	placed in advance	of these work oreo:	Inspector should ensure additional s to remind drivers they are still ion and spacing of signs and	G20-2 * *	with sign location		NOTES		
	a project timits. 366 the G	Philopia ich sies	TA TOT BAGET TOCOT	TOTI GIG SPOCITY OF STORE GIG						

OBEY

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the necrest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-26T shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Pion.
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign of the end of the work zone.

- 1	LEGEND						
	⊢⊣ Type 3 Barricade						
	OOO Channelizing Devices						
	<b>-≗</b> Sign						
	x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

LECEND

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-14

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channelizing devices.

SPEED ROAD WORK \* # G20-51 WARNING LIMIT ROAD ROAD ROAD \* X R20-51 SIGKS CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW 1/2 MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD \* \* R20-5oTP Type 3 G20-61 (m)-6 \* \*R2-1 R20-11 CW20-10 G20-10T Borricade or C#13-16 CW20-1E channel izing devices  $\Leftrightarrow$ -CSJ Limit Channel izing  $\Rightarrow$ SPEED R2-1

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 \* \*

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

WORK

AHEAD

C#20-10

Signing shown for

one direction only.

See BC(2) for

additional advance

signing.

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project. Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.

See General Note 4

Signing shown for one direction only. See BC(2) for

> WORK ZONE

SPEED

60

G20-5aP

(750' - 1500')

ZONE

SPEED LIMIT

620-56P

R2-1

# LIMITS additional advance signing. See General

SPEED LIMIT

70

# See General (750' - 1500') Note 4 SPEED G20-5aP LIMIT ZONE SPEED LIMIT

LIMITS

# GUIDANCE FOR USE:

# LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged povement surface
- b) substantial attenuation of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

# SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or octually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

# **GENERAL NOTES**

WORK ZONE

SPEED LIMIT

160

G20-5aP

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum

SPEED LIMIT

- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 moh and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective bockground (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fobrication, erection and maintenance of the ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Partable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

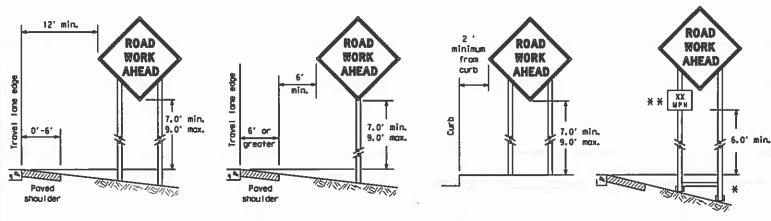


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-14

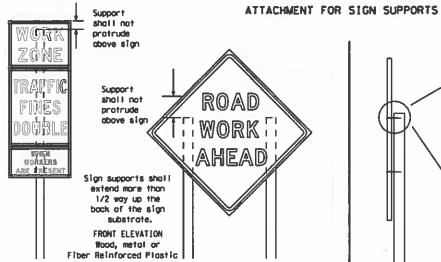
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# TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

₹ ¥ When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



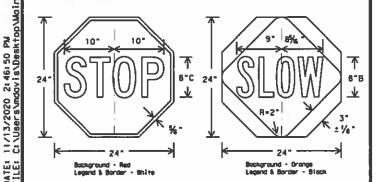
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four balts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times naminal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attochment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed, Each sian shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means,

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW poddles are the primary method to control traffic by floggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- 2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW poddle foces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCO.



# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are patentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other association, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roodway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permonent signs until the permonent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SWD Standard sheets. The slans shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SWD Standards. This work should be poid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's Tx00T diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor Initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be I inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

# DURATION OF BORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work tasting more than one hour.
  - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daytight period.
  - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the payed surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground,
  - Lang-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height. 5. Requiatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

# SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer,

# SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. "Mesh" type materials are NOI on approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat. 1/2" thick by 6" wide. fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The clear shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

# REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DAS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web oddress for DAS specifications is shown on BC(1).

  2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type BFL or Type CFL, shall be used for rigid signs with arange backgrounds.

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. Then sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roodway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- Then signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlop shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tope or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
   Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

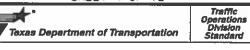
#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over,
- the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
  Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impoct. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for bollast on portable sion supports. Sion supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skild and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

# FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flogs may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flog shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

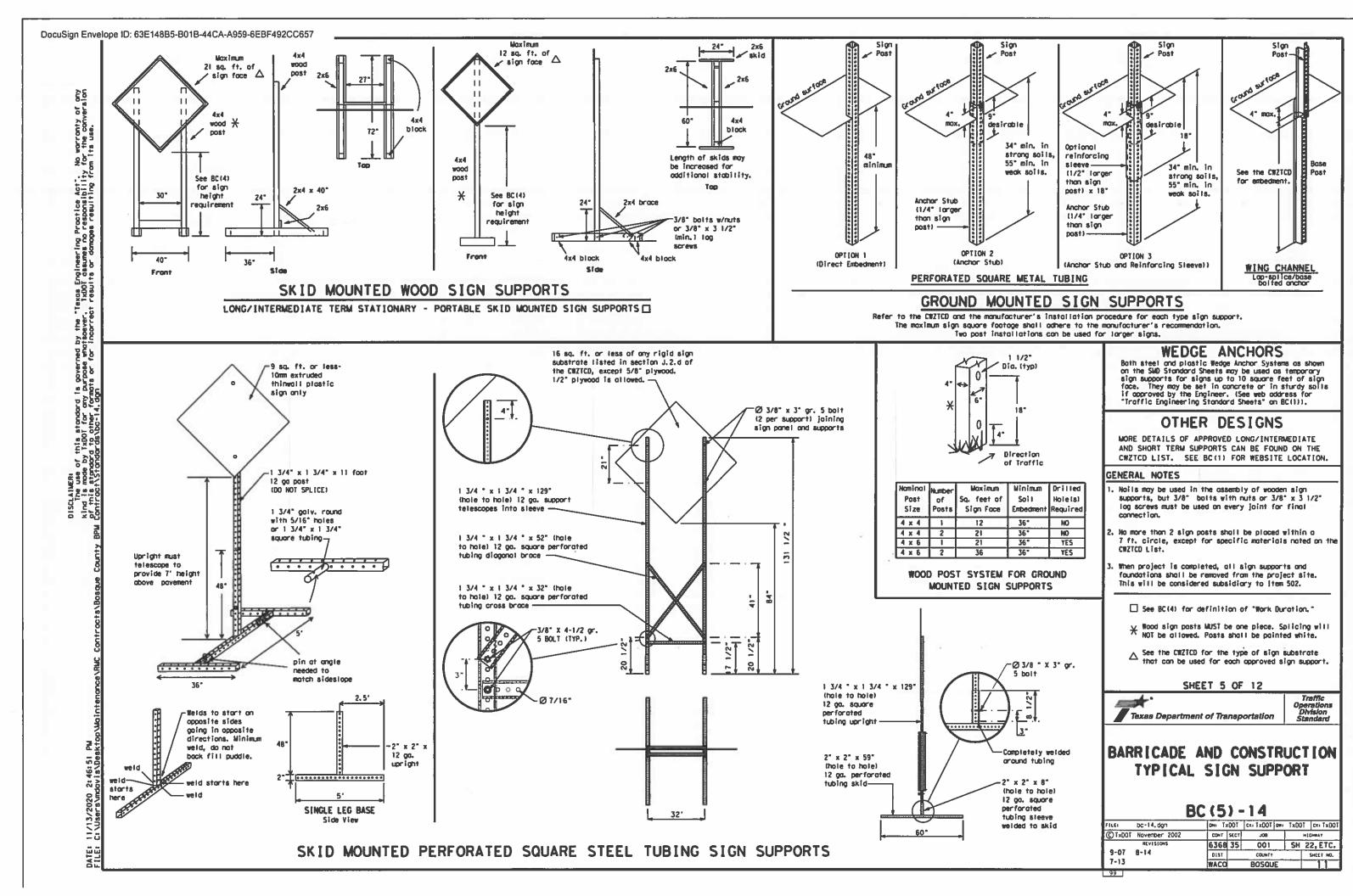
SHEET 4 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words labout four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO,"
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When In use the bottom of a stationary POWS message panel should be g minimum 7 feet above the roodway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "NEEKENO" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday marning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message: i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line. 11. Do not use the word "Donger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll harizontally or vertically across
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that ore acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCO.
- 15. PCMS character belight should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCNS should default to an illegible display that will not alorm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bors is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenge	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	LAR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MOH
Bridge	₽RDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction	CONST AHD	Parking	PK ING
Ahead		Rood	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entronce, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPO
Express Lone	EXP LN	Street	ŠĪ
Expresswoy	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Tellephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Troffic	TRAF
Hazardous Briving		Travelers	TRYLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Yehicle	HILL	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	***************************************	Venicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Worning	WARM
Information	INFO	Wednesday	MED
It is	175	Weight Limit	WE LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Povement	WET PYMT
Lone Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	L Marri (1994	1 2 411

designation \* IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ra	Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List Other Condition List								
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT						
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT						
ROAD	RIGHT LN	RIGHT LN	TWO-WAY						
CLSD AT	CLOSED	NARROWS	TRAFFIC						
FM XXXX	XXX FT	XXXX FT	XX MILE						
RIGHT X	RIGHT X	MERGING	CONST						
LANES	LANES	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC						
CLOSED	OPEN	XXXX FT	XXX FT						
CENTER	DAYTIME	LOOSE	UNEVEN						
LANE	LANE	GRAVEL	LANES						
CLOSED	CLOSURES	XXXX FT	XXXX FT						
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT						
VARIOUS	EXIT XXX	ROADWORK	ROADWORK						
LANES	CLOSED	PAST	NEXT						
CLOSED	X MILE	SH XXXX	FRI-SUN						
EXIT	RIGHT LN	BUMP	US XXX						
CLOSED	TO BE	XXXX FT	EXIT						

\* LAMES SHIFT in Phose 1 must be used with STAY IN LAME in Phose 2.

TRAFFIC

SIGNAL

XXXX FT

# APPLICATION GUIDELINES

CLOSED

X LANES

CLOSED

TUE - FRI

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phose (or both) should be selected from the
- "Rood/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List". 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location
- is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

ion to Take/E Li	ffect on Travel st	Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE		* * Sea	Application Guidelines N	ote 6.

# WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations 1H, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH for abbreviations E, W, N and SI can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- FT and M1, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST Interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

X MILES

LANES

SHIFT

# FULL MATRIX POMS SIGNS

MALL

DRIVEWAY

CLOSED XXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE WESSAGE SIGNS" obove.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the

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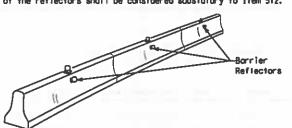


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

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2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCO. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiory to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

3. Where traffic is an one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Borrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.

4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective foces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.

5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.

6. Borrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to motch the edgeline being supplemented.

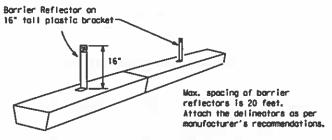
7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.

8. Payement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs

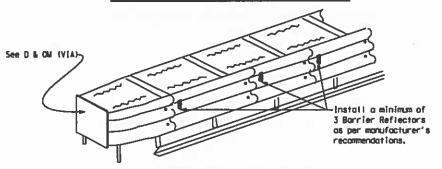
9. Attochment of Borrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.

10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed

by the Engineer. 11. Single stope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



# LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

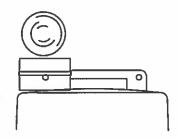


# DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

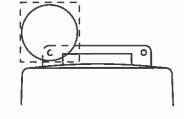
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for opproved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Worning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Worning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

# WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Worning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Worning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B<sub>FL</sub> or C<sub>FL</sub> Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are Intended to be used in a series for defineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "58".

  5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.

  6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing worning lights are intended to worn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.

  2. Type A random flashing worning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential worning lights should occur from the beginning of the toper to the end of the merging toper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn worning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detaurs, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A. Type C and Type D worning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

# WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

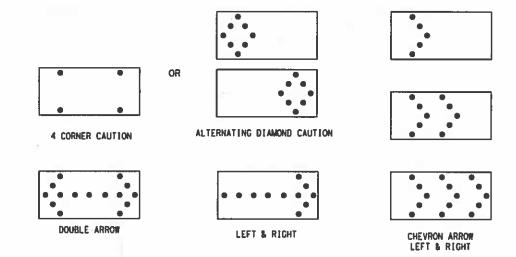
- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- . The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum,
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The worning reflector should be mounted on the side of the hondle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum specing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device specing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channellizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.

  The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- The Floshing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Courtion mode as shown.
The straight line courtion display is NOT ALLOWED.

The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron

display may be used during daylight operations.

11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.

13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow. 14. Minimum mounting height of traiter mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway

to bottom of ponel.

	REQUIREMENTS							
Ţ	YPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	WINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE				
	8	30 x 60	13	3/4 mile				
	С	48 × 96	15	1 mile				

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boords shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

# TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350)
- or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZYCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TWAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs. 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work arew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operation: Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, **WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR** 

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# GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42° two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related Items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

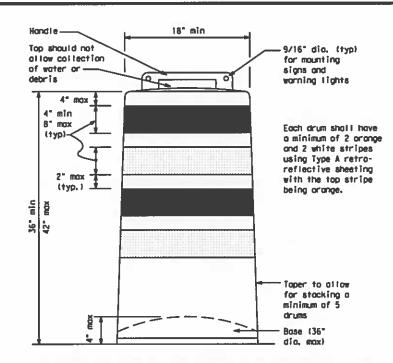
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents occidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shalt present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch helight when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4
  inches, and a minimum of two footbalds of sufficient size to allow base
  to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
  10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

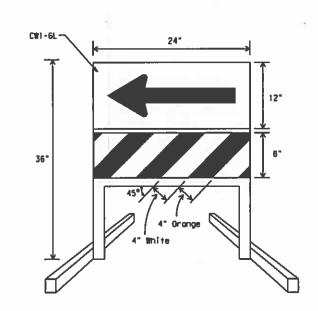
# RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials," Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to obrasion of the sheeting surface.

# BALLAST

- 1. Unboliasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stocking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags obove povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in bollast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
   Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid nubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballost on drums opproved for this type of ballost on the CWZTCD list.
- The bollost shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to materists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Bollost shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Achesīves may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

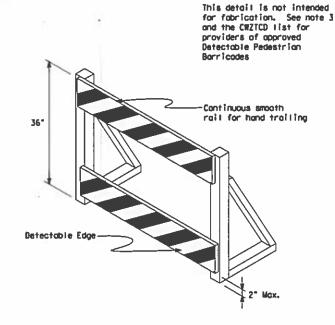




#### DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Borricode may be used in topers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional
- guidance to drivers is necessary.

  2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Borricode shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CRI-6) sign in the size snown with a black arrow on a background of Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and arrange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as app DMS 8300.
- 4. Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricode will not be allowed.
- 5. Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List. Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- Where pedestrions with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cone shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrets barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- Tope, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrion movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricodes.
- Detectable pedestrian barricodes may use 8" nominal barricode rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or shorp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lone Bivider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



Tall x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED
ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an arange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{\rm FL}$  or Type  $C_{\rm FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with aronge and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the Intended traveled Jane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bott (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

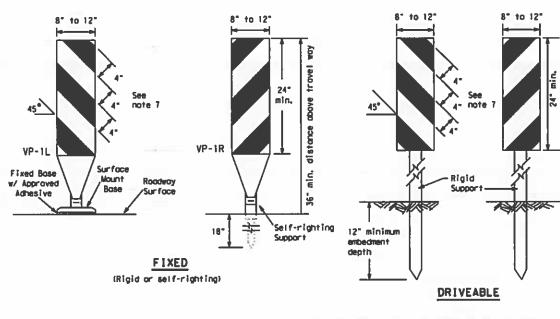
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

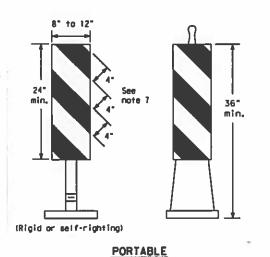
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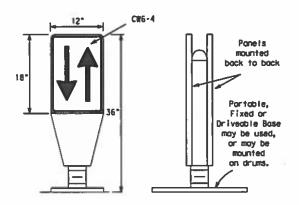




1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

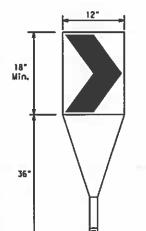
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other greas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roodway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roodways. Stripes are to be reflective arange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lone. 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high
- speed roodways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic. 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- (CW7TCD). 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- unless noted otherwise. 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used an temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an achesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42°
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42° cones or VPs placed between the OTLB's should not exceed 100 foot spocing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be aronge with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



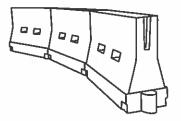
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveoble Bose, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give natice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with report to changes in horizontal alignment of the roodway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the for side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Specing should be such that the materiat always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be arange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on topers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# **CHEVRONS**

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that specing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channellizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by erront vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace domoced, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device specing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final payement surfaces, including payement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



# LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are croshworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.

  2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for borricode rolls as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD glong the full length of the device.

# WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used salely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application. 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retrareflective delineation
- or channelizing devices to improve daytims/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings. 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. Then used on a taper in a law speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize rood user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flored to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long cones and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

	Speed	Formula	D	esirob er Len	le	Suggested Maximum Specing of Channelizing Devices		
Н	*		10° Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	
П	30	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	1501	1651	1801	30′	60'	
П	35		2051	2251	245"	35′	70'	
П	40		265'	2951	320'	40′	801	
П	45		450'	4951	5401	45'	90,	
	50		500'	5501	6001	50'	1001	
Н	55	L-WS	550'	6051	6601	55	1101	
Н	60	C-113	6001	6601	720'	60′	120'	
Ш	65		650'	7151	7801	651	130'	
Ш	70		7001	7701	840'	70'	140'	
	75		7501	8251	900'	75′	150'	
	80		800,	8801	960'	80'	160'	
	- 1/	V 1						

\*\* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

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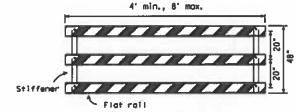
# TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricodes and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Borricodes.
- 2. Type 3 Borricodes shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may sions downword in both directions from the center of the borricode. Where no turns are provided at a closed rood striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roodway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roodway, striping should alone downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricode rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricodes shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Worning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stocked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricode rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbons shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for borricodes shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DNS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Borricades shall NOT be used as a sign support



# TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

Desiroble

stockpile location

is outside

clear zone.

Alternate

Min. 2 drums

or 1 Type 3

barricade

On one-way roads

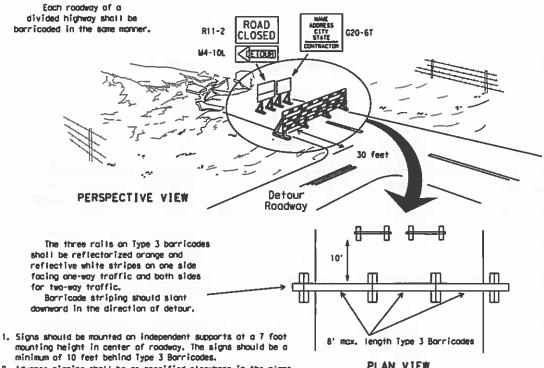
downstream drums

or barricade may be

amitted here

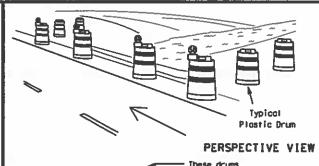
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Approx.



PLAN VIEW 2. Advance signing shall be as specified elsewhere in the plans.

TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



are not required on one-way roodway

minimum of two drums used ocross the work ✐ 1. Where positive redirectional copobility is provided, drums may be amitted.

2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans.

3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet.

4. When the shoulder width is greater thon 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be amitted if drums are used.

5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

LEGEND

Plastic drum

Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector

Steady burn warning light

or yellow worning reflector

Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary, Iminimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)

PLAN VIEW

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

CONES 4" min. oronge 2" min. 4" min. white 14° min. orange Î6" min. <u>\*</u>2" min. 2" min. 1 4" min. white 6" min. 42" 1 2" min. min. [4" min. min,

Two-Piece cones

Atternate

Approx.

50'

Channelizing devices parallel to traffic

within 30' from travel tone.

should be used when stockpile is

One-Piece cones

2" to 6" □ 🗓 3° min. min.

Tubular Marker

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

1. Traffic comes and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and Min. 2 drums meet the height and weight requirements shown above. or 1 Type 3 2. One-piece comes have the body and base of the come molded in one consolidated

borricode

unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place. 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8° above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.

4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and arange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, securer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.

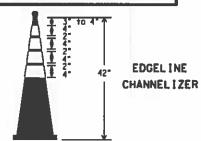
5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.

6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.

7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON

PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



- 1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or topers.
- 2. This device shall not be used to separate lones of traffic (apposing or otherwise) or worn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping patterns four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bonds shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 tbs.

SHEET 10 OF 12



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Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-14

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TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

**()** 

Drums, vertical panels or 42° cones

STOCKPILE

at 50° maximum spacing

# 2: 46: 54 dov [ 8\Des

# WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

# **GENERAL**

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ (STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to troffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where possing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where possing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Markings,"

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated povement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Hon-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

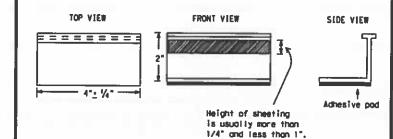
# MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone povement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminoted by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

# REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Povement markings that are no longer applicable, could greate confusion. or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadwa shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detaurs in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channellzing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Povement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal cogting portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type payement may be used.
- 6. Blost cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically
- 7. Over-pointing of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in occordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stoted in the plans.
- 10.Block-out marking tope may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tobs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tobs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Moterials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic povement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tob manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPW) for tab placement on new payements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tob placement on seal coat work.

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised payement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemorks shall be bituminous material hat applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two order reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION	MS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DWS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised povement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, randway marker tabs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

**SHEET 11 OF 12** 



Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

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Type Y buttons

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0 0 0 0 0 0

White or Yellow

Type W or Y buttons

Type W buttons

0 0 0

000

Traffic

HIGHRAT

18

White or Yellow

Vellow

White

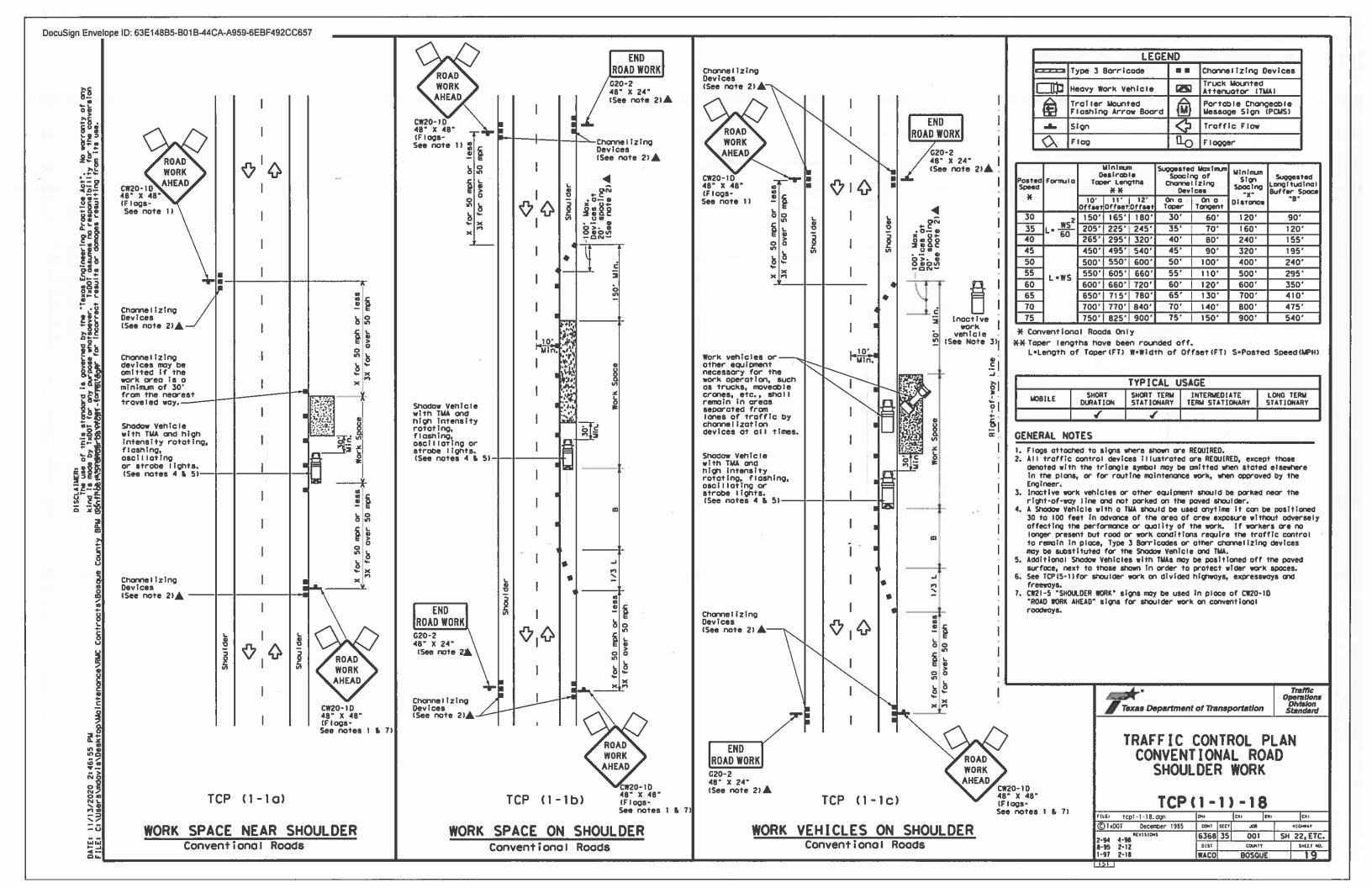
BC(12)-14

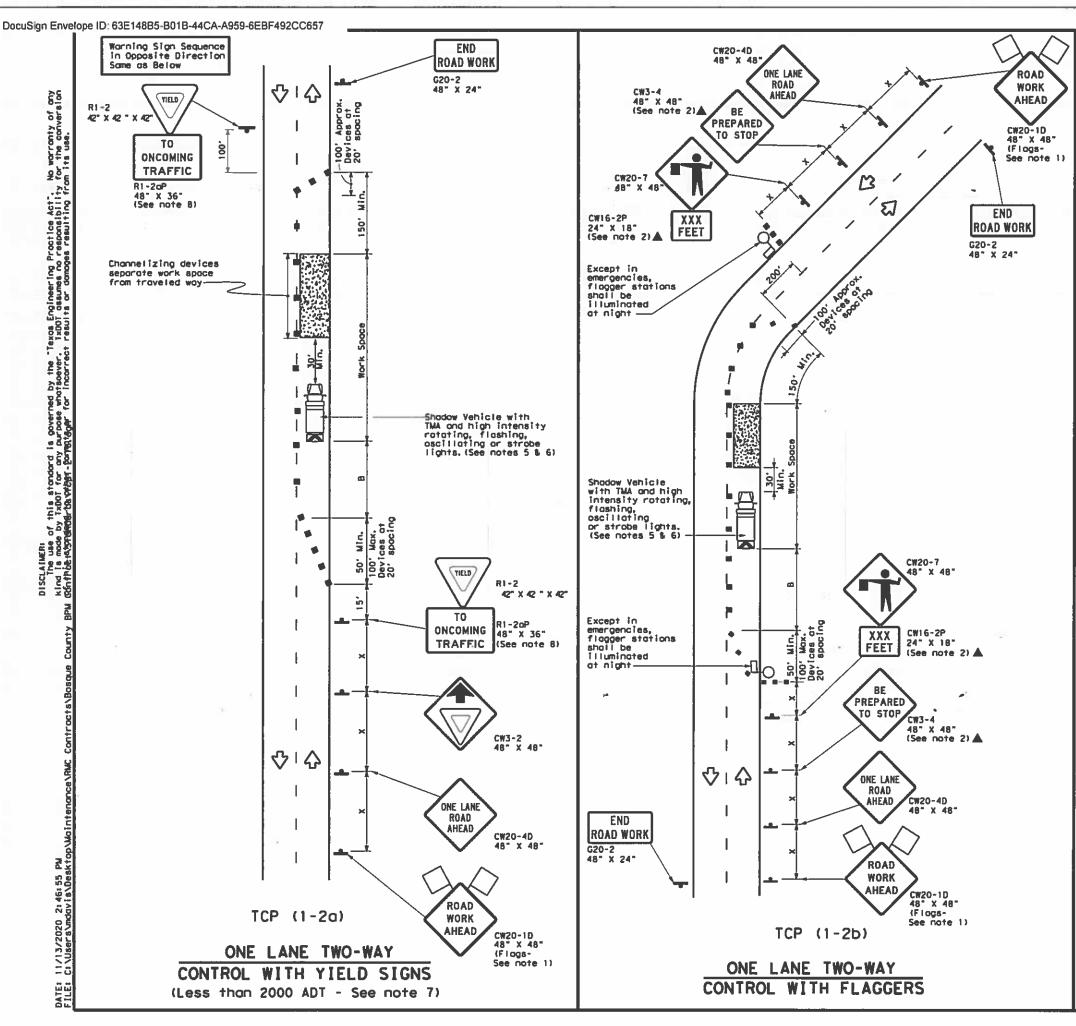
DN: TXDOT CE:TXDOT DW: TXDOT CE:TXDO

6368 35 001 SH 22, ETC.

.109

BOSQUE





	LEGE	ND	
	Type 3 Borricode		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Floshing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
1	Sign	4	Traffic Flow
a	Flog	ПO	Flagger

Speed	Formula	**		Spociti Channe	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longituding! Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-8-	
30	2	1501	1651	1801	301	60'	120'	901	2001
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	225'	245"	35′	701	160'	120'	2501
40	40	265'	295'	320'	401	80'	240'	155'	3051
45		450'	4951	5401	451	901	3201	195'	3601
50		500"	550'	6001	501	1001	4001	240'	4251
55	L-WS	5501	605'	660'	55'	110'	5001	2951	4951
60	- "3	6001	660,	720"	60'	120'	600,	350'	570'
65		6501	715'	7801	651	1301	7001	410'	645'
70		7001	770'	8401	701	1401	800'	4751	730'
75		7501	825"	9001	75'	150'	900'	540'	8201

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
1		1								

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flogs attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. Atl traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine
- maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

  3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained,
- 4. Sign specing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning cheed of the flogger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers one no longer present but rood or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Yehicle and TMA.
- 6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

# TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- B. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

# TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way rodios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- ). Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be amitted when a pilat car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flaggers should use 24° STOP/SLOW poddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

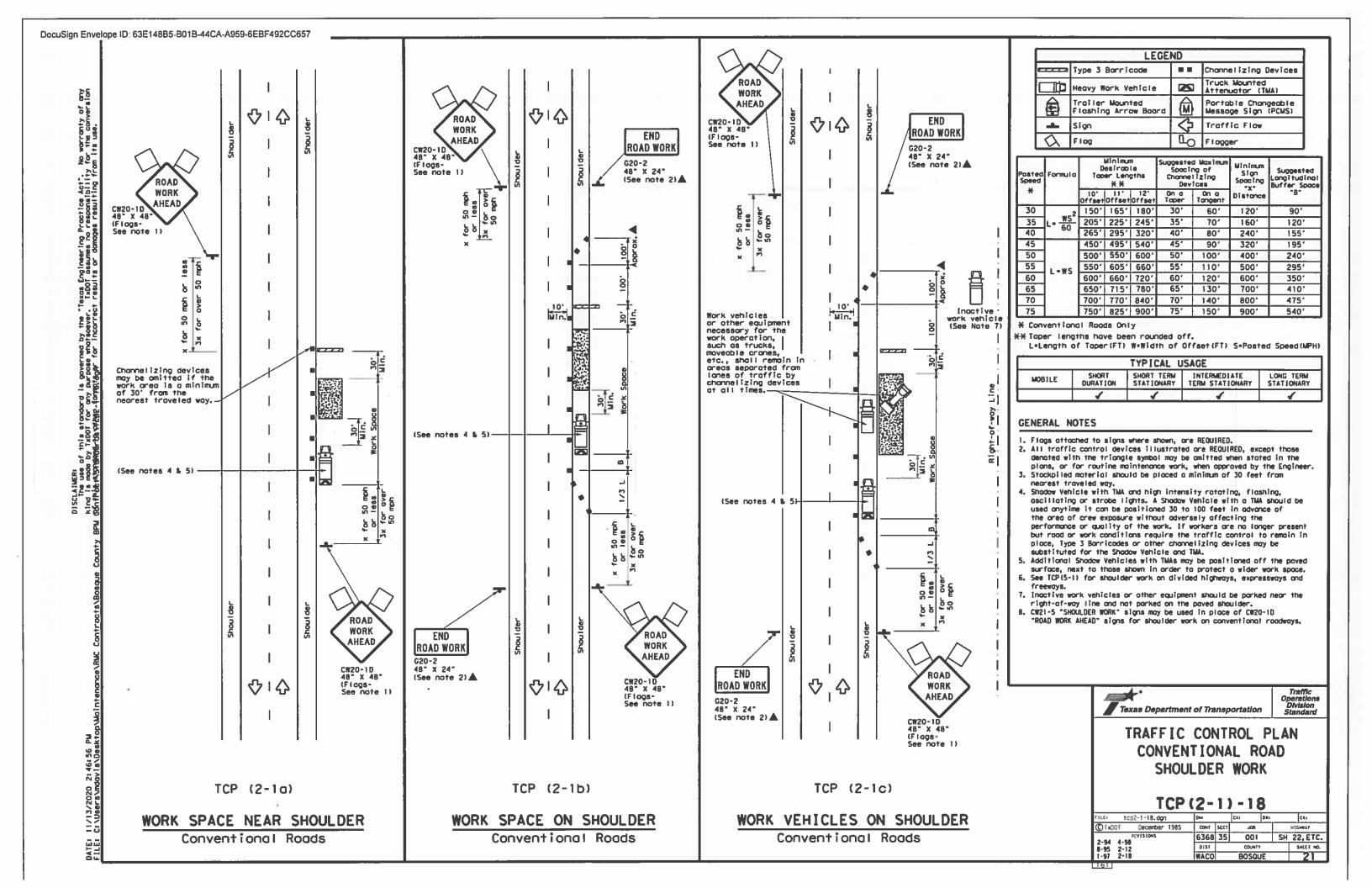


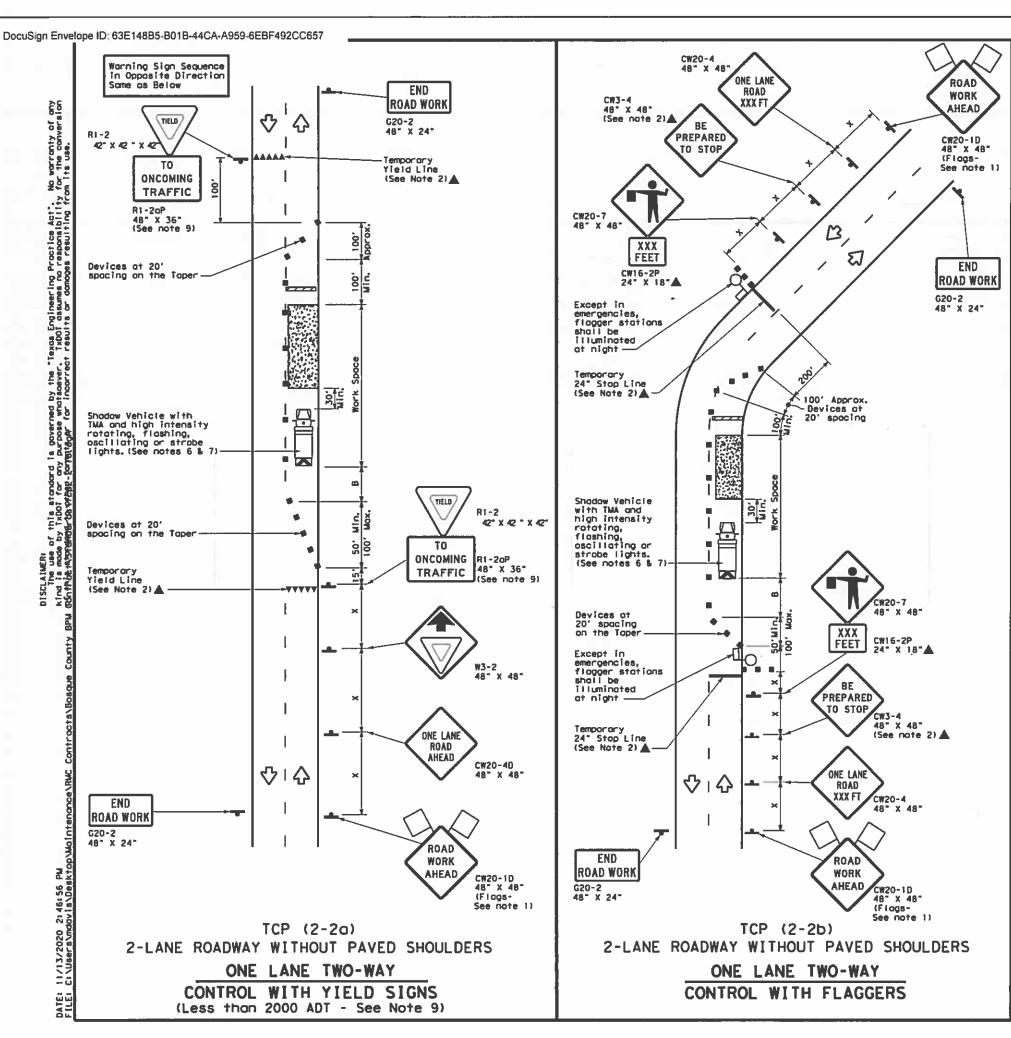
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: fcpl-2-18.dgn	SNE		CKI	D#s		CEI	_
© TxD01 December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHNAY	
4-90 4-96 REVISIONS	6368	35	001		SH	22, E	TC.
2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET	NO.
1-97 2-16	WACO		BOSQU	E		20	$\sum$





LEGEND Type 3 Borricode Channelizing Devices ruck Mounted Heavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Portoble Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Floshing Arrow Board <>→ 4 Traffic Flow Sign Q Flog Flogger

Speed	Formula	0	Minimur esirob er Len **	le	Spacin		Minimum Sign Specing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		IO' Offaet	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	.8.	
30	. 2	1501	1651	1801	30'	601	120'	90'	200'
35	L= WS2	2051	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	90	2651	2951	3201	40'	801	240'	155'	305'
45		450'	4951	540'	451	90.	3201	195'	360'
50		500'	5501	6001	50'	1001	400'	2401	425'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55'	110'	500'	2951	4951
60	F-42	600.	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	570'
65		650'	7151	7801	65'	130'	700'	410'	6451
70		700'	770'	840'	701	1401	800,	4751	730'
75		750'	825'	9001	751	1501	900'	540'	8201

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	1	1	1		

# GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE

ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign specing shall be maintained.

4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.

5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate,

- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet In advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

# TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The Ri-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roodways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-20P "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

# TCP (2-2b)

- 10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be amitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and opproved by the Engineer.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
- 12.Flaggers should use 24° STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be Ilmited to emergency situations.

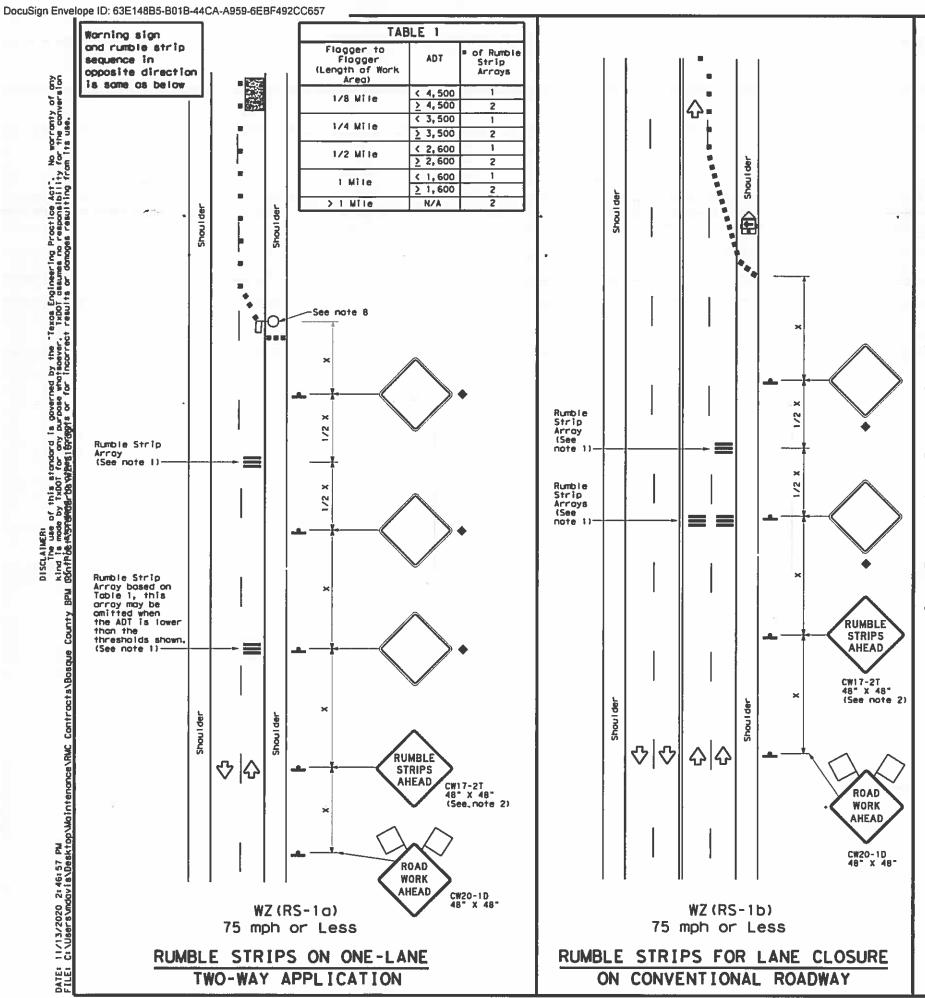


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(2-2)-18

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© TxD01 December 1985	CONT	SECT	J05		HICHBAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	6368	35	001	SH	22, ETC.
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	WACO		BOSQL	E	22



# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lone at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiory to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Removal of the Temporory Rumble Strips should be accomplished before removing the advance warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per monufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical opplication or project specific detail for the
- B. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an AFAD or a portable traffic signal.
- 9. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment.

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Borricode		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	۲۸۱	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Troiler Mounted Floshing Arrow Ponel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow					
Q	Flag	ГO	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Winimur esirob er Len **	le :	Spaci i		Minimum Sign Specing	Suggested Longituding) Buffer Space
*		10' Offsat	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	Distance	•в•
30	2	150'	1651	1801	301	60'	120'	90'
35	L= WS2	2051	225'	245"	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	80	2651	295'	3201	401	80'	2401	155'
45		450'	4951	5401	451	90'	3201	195'
50		5001	5501	6001	50'	1001	400'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	6601	551	110'	500'	295'
60	E-113	600'	660'	720'	60,	120'	6001	350'
65	1	650'	715'	780'	65'	1301	7001	410'
70		7001	770'	840"	701	140'	800'	475'
75		7501	8251	900,	751	150'	900'	540'

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
R	✓	1					

Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

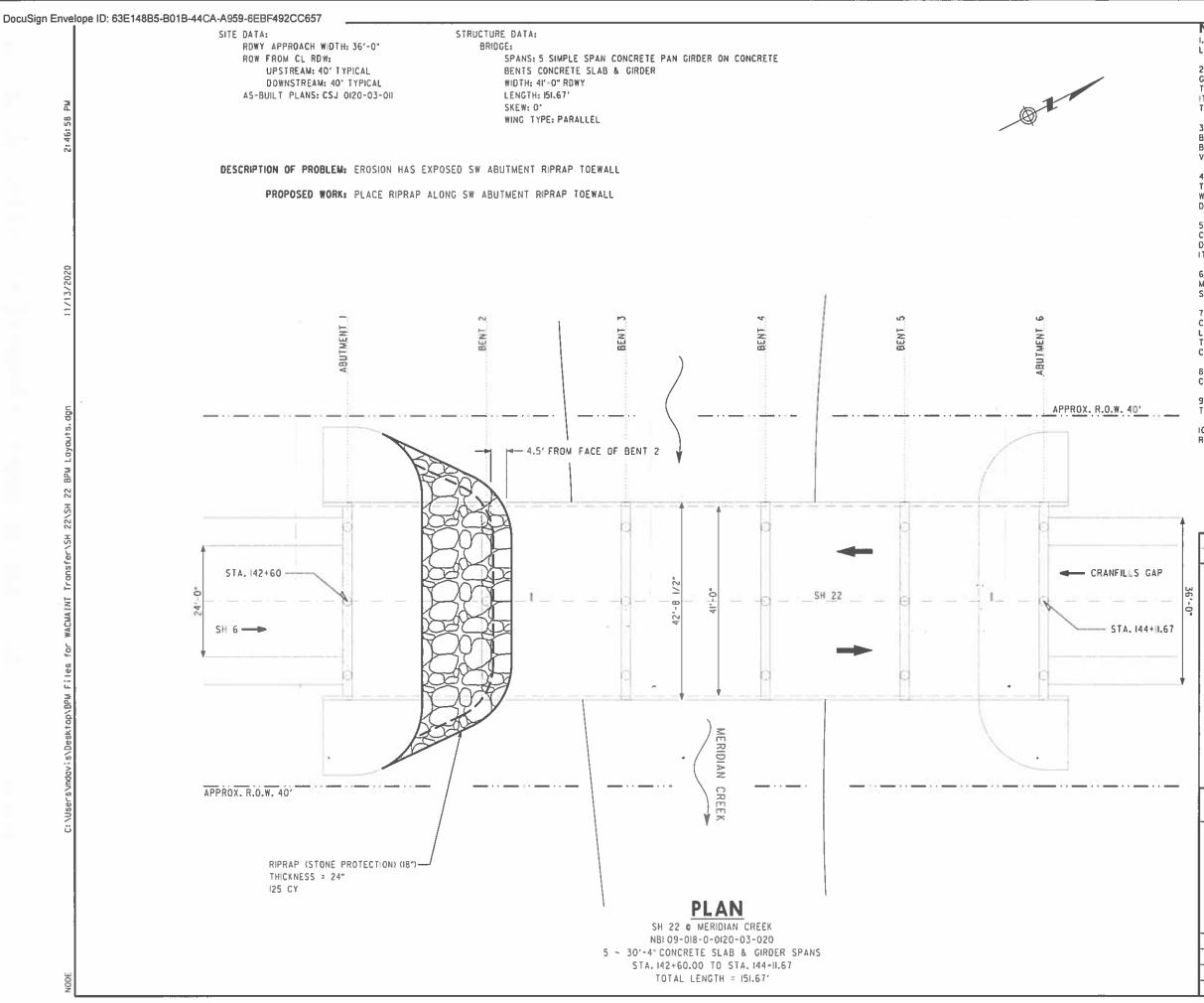
TABLE 2					
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an Array				
< 40 MPH	10'				
> 40 MPH & < 55 MPH	15'				
> 55 MPH	20*				

Texas Department of Transportation	Traffic Operations Division Standard

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ (	RS	) -	16			
gn	ON: Tx	DOT	cx: TxDOT	DIFE	TxDOT	_
2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	11
	6368	35	001		SH 2	?

wzrs16.do CTxDOT November 2, ETC. SHEET NO. 4-16



#### NOTES

I. WHEN DIRECTED SURPLUS MATERIAL ESTIMATED AT INDIVIDUAL LOCATIONS MAY BE USED AT OTHER CONTRACT SITES.

2. THE DETAILS SHOWN ARE PROVIDED AS AN APPROXIMATE GUIDE FOR INSTALLATION OF RIPRAP STONE PROTECTION.
THE CONTRACTOR WILL DETERMINE THE LIMITS OF THESE ITEMS AS DICTATED BY FIELD CONDITIONS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO MATERIAL PURCHASE AND DELIVERY.

3. IF NO PAY ITEM FOR DEBRIS REMOVAL IS NOTED; DEBRIS WILL BE REMOVED AS NEEDED TO PLACE RIPRAP. THIS WORK WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY, BUT CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

4. THE CONTRACTOR WILL LIMIT CHANNEL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES TO THE VICINITY OF STRUCTURE AND TXDOT ROW. CONSTRUCTION WILL HAVE EROSION CONTROL BMP'S IN PLACE DURING ANY SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.

5. IF NO PAY ITEM FOR BRUSH REMOVAL IS NOTED: BRUSH CLEARING FOR EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT WILL NOT BE PAID DIRECTLY, BUT CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

6. THIS SECTION IS TO BE USED AS AN APPROXIMATE GUIDE FOR MAINTENANCE WORK TO BE PERFORMED IN THE VICINITY OF THIS STRUCTURE.

7. LOCATIONS WHERE FENCING MUST BE ALTERED: AT ALL TIMES CONTRACTOR WILL MAINTAIN ADEQUATE BARRIER TO KEEP LIVESTOCKFROM ENTERING ROW. WHEN POSSIBLE REPLACE FENCING TO MATCH ORIGINAL. THIS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY, BUT CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

8. STONE RIPRAP SHOULD BE FLUSH WITH THE FLOWLINE OF DITCH/CHANNEL.

9. IF BEDROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE TOEWALL, BEGIN TOEWALL ON THE BEDROCK OR AS DIRECTED.

IO. CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE BACKFILL MATERIALS IN STAGES TO REDUCE THE LIKELIHOOD OF RIPRAP BLOWOUT.





More 1. Paris

SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT &

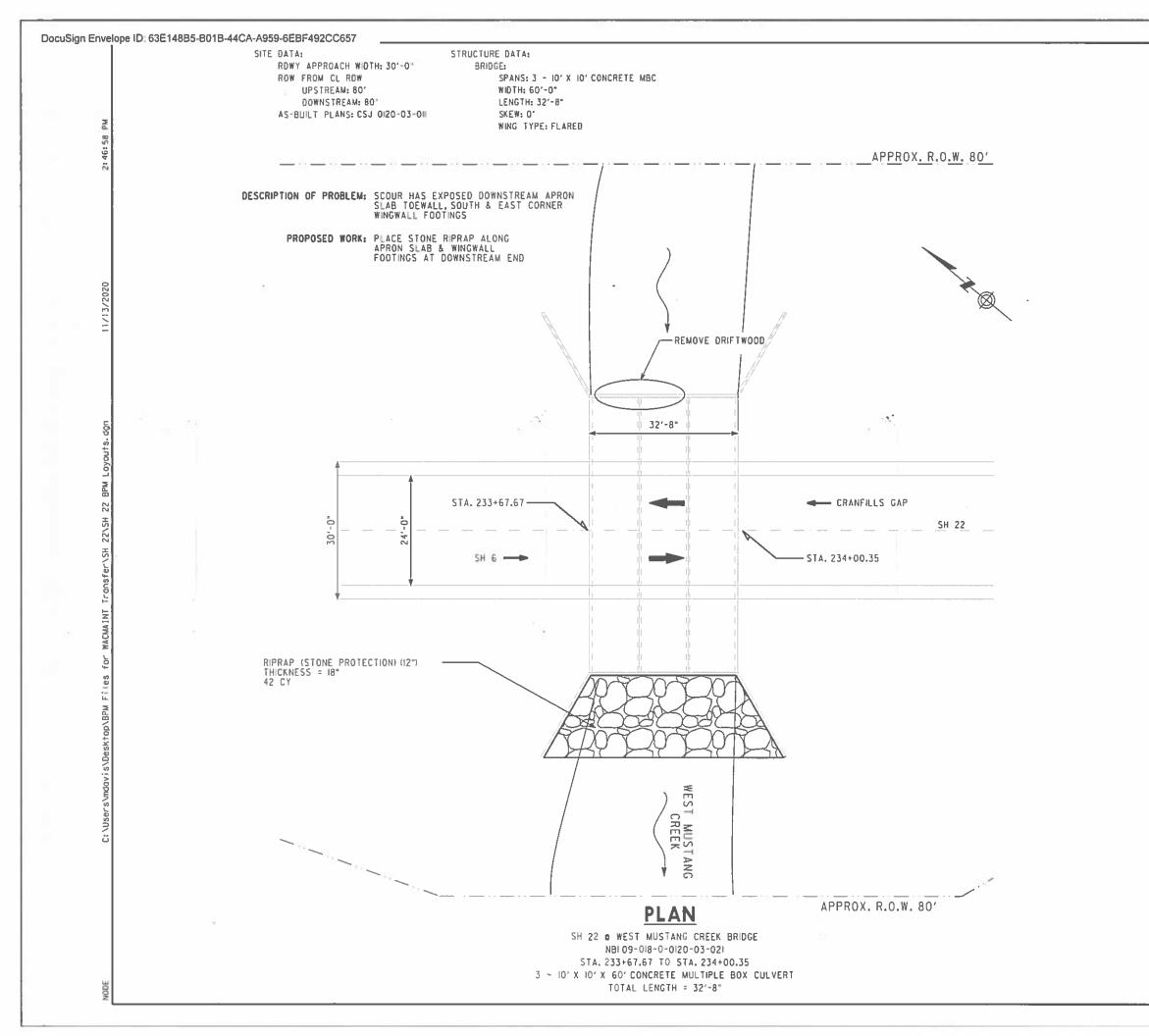
2021
Texas Department of Transportation

NBI 09-018-0-0120-03-020

SH 22 @ MERIDIAN CREEK

SCALE:								
1"	=	20'	HORIZ.	SHE	ΕT	1	0F	9
FFV: 786.			PROJECT NO.		Г	HIGI	HWAY	N

DESIGN	FED. RD.	PROJECT NO.			HWAY NO.
CHECK	6	RI	SH 22.ETC.		
	STATE	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS	TEXAS	WACO	BOSOUE		
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	108		24
	6368	35	001		



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4. THE CONTRACTOR WILL LIMIT CHANNEL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES TO THE VICINITY OF STRUCTURE AND TXDOT ROW. CONSTRUCTION WILL HAVE EROSION CONTROL BMP'S IN PLACE DURING ANY SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.

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B. STONE RIPRAP SHOULD BE FLUSH WITH THE FLOWLINE OF DITCH/ CHANNEL.

9. IF BEDROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE TOEWALL, BEGIN TOEWALL ON THE BEDROCK OR AS DIRECTED.

IO. CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE BACKFILL MATERIALS IN STAGES TO REDUCE THE LIKELIHOOD OF RIPRAP BLOWOUT.

ITEM	ITEM DESCRIPTION				
432 6031	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (12")	CY	42		
7000 6001	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS	CY	10		



11-13-20

SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT

DATE

© 2021
Texas Department of Transportation

NBI 09-018-0-0120-03-021

SH 22 0 WEST MUSTANG CREEK

SCALE:

1" = 20' HORIZ.

SHEET 2 OF 9

DESIGN PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO. SH ZZ,ETC. CHECK COUNTY SHEET NO. GRAPHICS TEXAS WACO BOSOUE CONTROL SECTION 25 CHECK 6368

# PLAN

RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)) (187) -

5' MIN.

THICKNESS = 24"

SH 22 @ SPRING CREEK BRIDGE NBI 09-018-0120-03-023 5 ~ 30'-4" CONCRETE SLAB & GIRDER SPANS STA. 440+70 TO STA. 442+21.57 TOTAL LENGTH = 151.67'

NOTES:

FLOWABLE BACKFILL

→ CRANFILLS GAP

STA. 442+21.67

SH 22 1

I. WHEN DIRECTED SURPLUS MATERIAL ESTIMATED AT INDIVIDUAL LOCATIONS MAY BE USED AT OTHER CONTRACT SITES.

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THE CONTRACTOR WILL DETERMINE THE LIMITS OF THESE
ITEMS AS DICTATED BY FIELD CONDITIONS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO MATERIAL PURCHASE AND DELIVERY.

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4. THE CONTRACTOR WILL LIMIT CHANNEL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES TO THE VICINITY OF STRUCTURE AND TXDOT ROW, CONSTRUCTION WILL HAVE EROSION CONTROL BMP'S IN PLACE DURING ANY SOIL

5. IF NO PAY ITEM FOR BRUSH REMOVAL IS NOTED: BRUSH CLEARING FOR EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT WILL NOT BE PAID DIRECTLY, BUT CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID

G. THIS SECTION IS TO BE USED AS AN APPROXIMATE GUIDE FOR MAINTENANCE WORK TO BE PERFORMED IN THE VICINITY OF THIS

7. LOCATIONS WHERE FENCING MUST BE ALTERED: AT ALL TIMES CONTRACTOR WILL MAINTAIN ADEQUATE BARRIER TO KEEP LIVESTOCKFROM ENTERING ROW, WHEN POSSIBLE REPLACE FENCING TO MATCH ORIGINAL. THIS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY, BUT CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

8. STONE RIPRAP SHOULD BE FLUSH WITH THE FLOWLINE OF DITCH/ CHANNEL.

9. IF BEDROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE TOEWALL, BEGIN TOEWALL ON THE BEDROCK OR AS DIRECTED.

IO. CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE BACKFILL MATERIALS IN STAGES TO REDUCE THE LIKELIHOOD OF RIPRAP BLOWOUT.

ITEM DESCRIPTION UNIT OTY 401 6001 FLOWABLE BACKFILL CY 3 432 6033 RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (18") CY 264



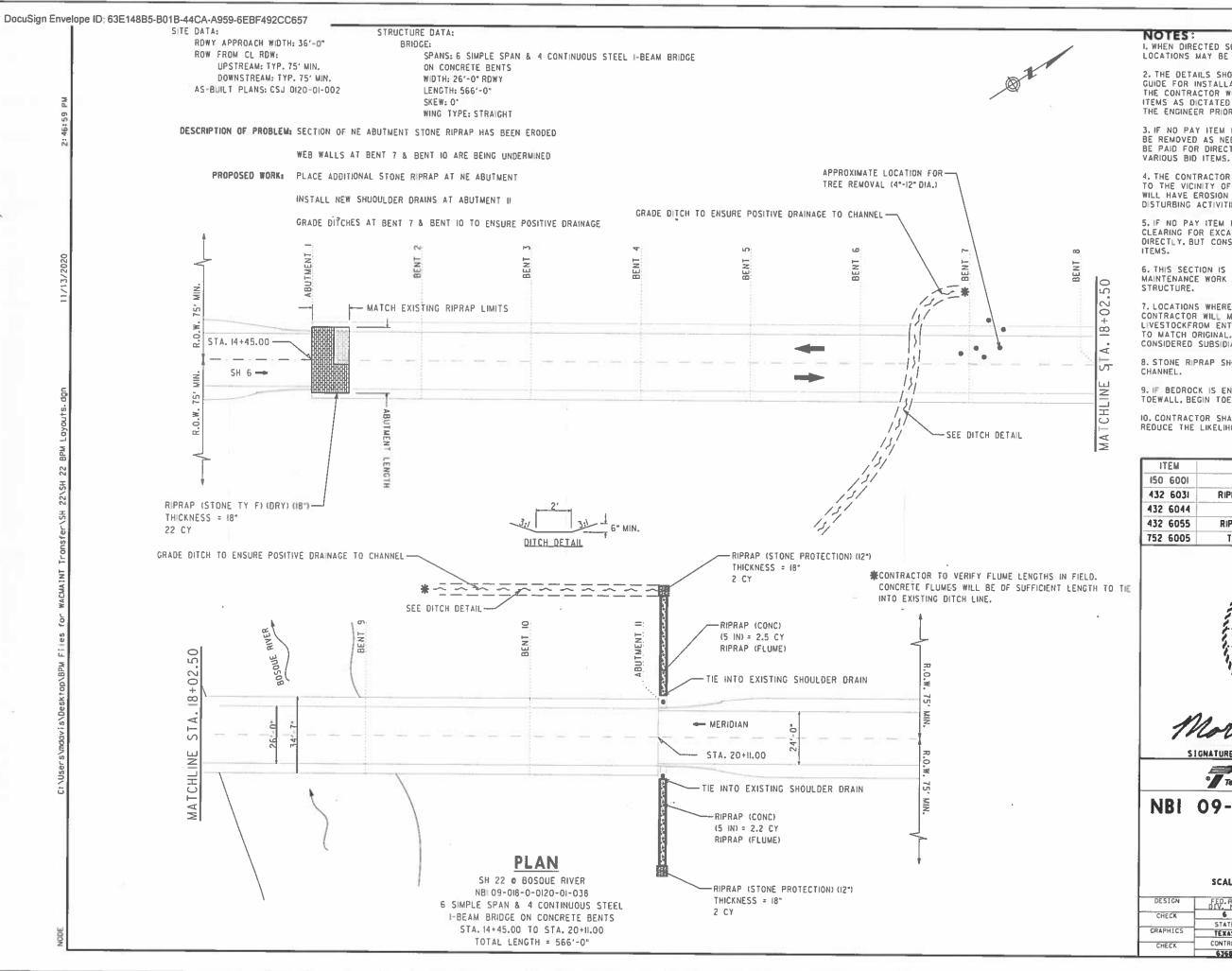
SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT

@ 2021 Texas Department of Transportation

NBI 09-018-0-0120-03-023

SH 22 @ SPRING CREEK BRIDGE

1	SCALE:		FEET			
1	1"	= 20'	HORIZ.	SHEET	3 OF	9
DESIGN	FED. FD.		PROJECT NO.	in	HIGHWAY	NO.
CHECK	6	R	MC 63683500I		SH 22.E	TC.
	STATE	DIST	COUNT	Y.	SHEE	T NO
GRAPHICS	TEXAS	WACO	BOSOL	IÉ.		
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		2	26



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ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QT1	
150 6001	BLADING	STA	3	
432 6031	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (12")	CY	4	
432 6044	RIPRAP (CONC) (FLUME)	CY	4.7	
432 6055	RIPRAP (STONE TY F) (DRY) (18")	CY	22	
752 6005	TREE REMOVAL (4" - 12" DIA.)	EA	6	



Mork 1. Paris

SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT

DATE

2021
Texas Department of Transportation

NBI 09-018-0-0121-01-038

SH 22 0 BOSQUE RIVER

SCALE:		FEET				
1"	= 40'	HORIZ.	SHEET	4	OF	9
FED. RO.		PROJECT NO.		HtG	HWAY	ND.
6		RMC 636835001		SH	22.E	TC.

SITE DATA:
RDWY APPROACH WIDTH: 24-0\*
ROW FROM CL RDW:
UPSTREAM: 75' MIN
DOWNSTREAM: 75' MIN.
AS-BUILT PLANS: CSJ 0398-01-002

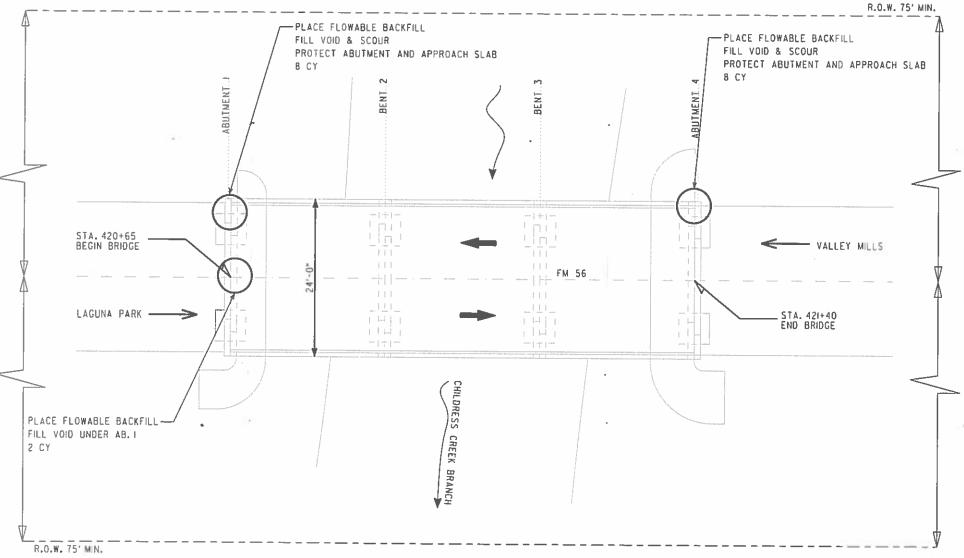
STRUCTURE DATA:
BRIDGE:
SPANS: 3 ~ 25' SLAB SPANS
WIDTH: 24' RDWY
LENGTH: 75'
SKEW: 0'

WING TYPE: NONE

DESCRIPTION OF PROBLEM: EMBANKMENTS ERODED AT BRIDGE CORNERS WITH APPROACH SLABS UNDERMINED UP TO 2' AT EAST AND WEST BRIDGE CORNERS

---

PROPOSED WORK: BACKFILL AROUND SLABS AND ABUTMENTS



# PLAN

FM 56 @ CHILDRESS CREEK BRANCH
NBI 09-018-0-0398-01-022
3 ~ 25' SLAB SPANS ON CONC FRAME BENTS
TOTAL LENGTH = 85'

# NOTES:

I. WHEN DIRECTED SURPLUS MATERIAL ESTIMATED AT INDIVIDUAL LOCATIONS MAY BE USED AT OTHER CONTRACT SITES.

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5. IF NO PAY ITEM FOR BRUSH REMOVAL IS NOTED: BRUSH CLEARING FOR EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT WILL NOT BE PAID DIRECTLY, BUT CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

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8. STONE RIPRAP SHOULD BE FLUSH WITH THE FLOWLINE OF DITCH/CHANNEL.

9. IF BEDROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE TOEWALL, BEGIN TOEWALL ON THE BEDROCK OR AS DIRECTED.

IO. CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE BACKFILL MATERIALS IN STAGES TO REDUCE THE LIKELIHOOD OF RIPRAP BLOWOUT.

DESCRIPTION UNIT OTY

401 6001 FLOWABLE BACKFILL CY 18

MARK THOMAS DAVIS

135628

CENS

ONAL ENG.

11-13-20

SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT

CONTROL SECTION

DESIGN

GRAPHICS

**11-13-2** 

202!
 Texas Department of Transportation

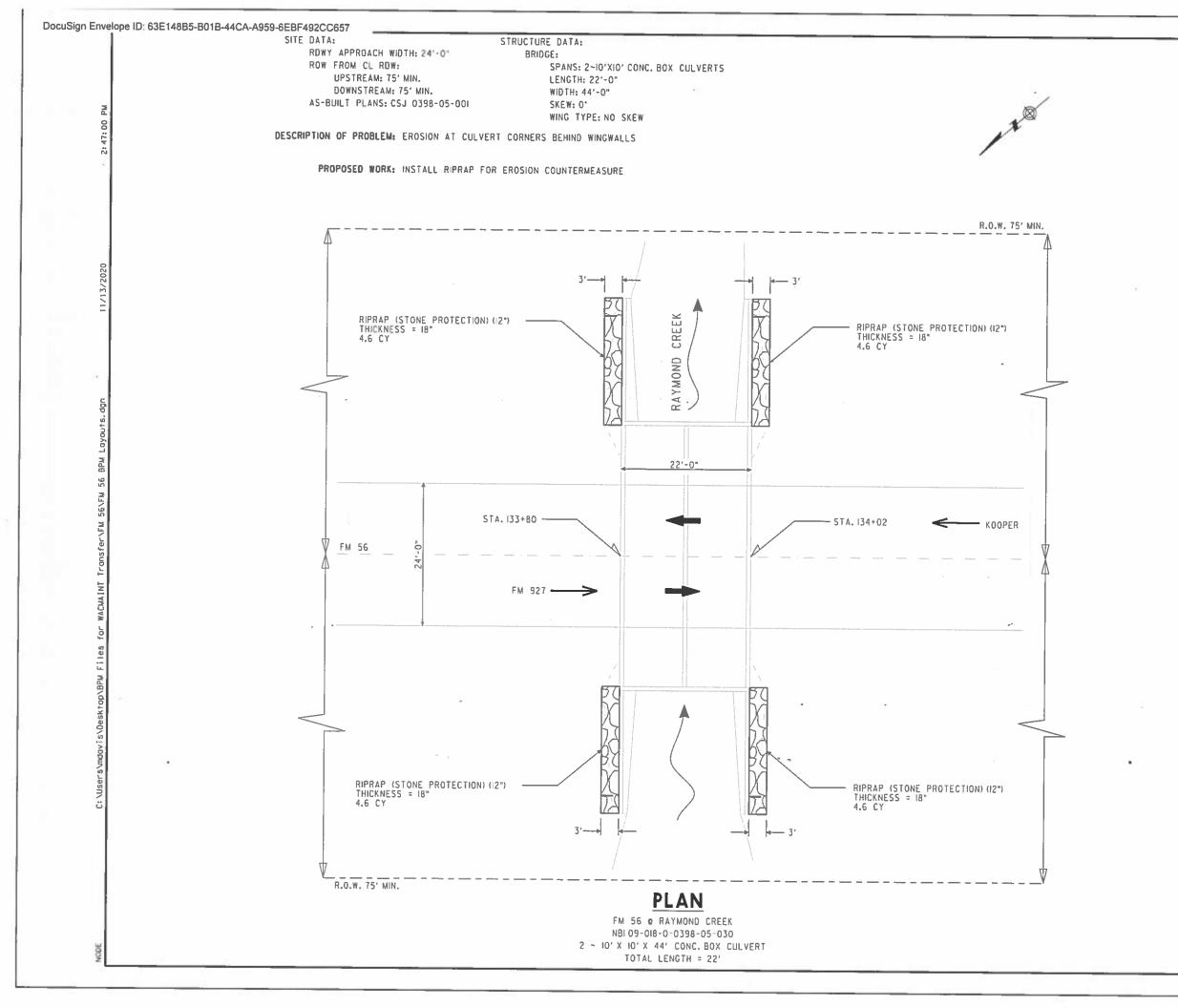
NBI# 09-018-0398-01-022

FM 56 @ CHILDRESS CREEK BRANCH

SCALE:	_	FEET				
1"	= 15'	HORIZ.	SHEET	5	QF	9
FED- RD.		PROJECT NO.		HIG	HWAY	NO.
6		RMC 636835001		SH	22,E	TC.
STATE	DIST	COUNT	Y		SHEE	T NO.
TEXAS	WACD	BOSOL	ΙE			

JOB

28



NOTES

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L	ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
L	432 6031	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (12")	CY	18.4



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NBI 09-018-0-0398-05-030

FM 56 AT RAYMOND CREEK

SCALE						
1"	= 15'	HORIZ.	SHEET	6	0F	9
DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.		HICH	YAW	NO.

STRUCTURE DATA: BRIDGE:

SPANS: 4~30' CONC. GIRDER SPANS WIDTH: 26' RDWY LENGTH: 120'

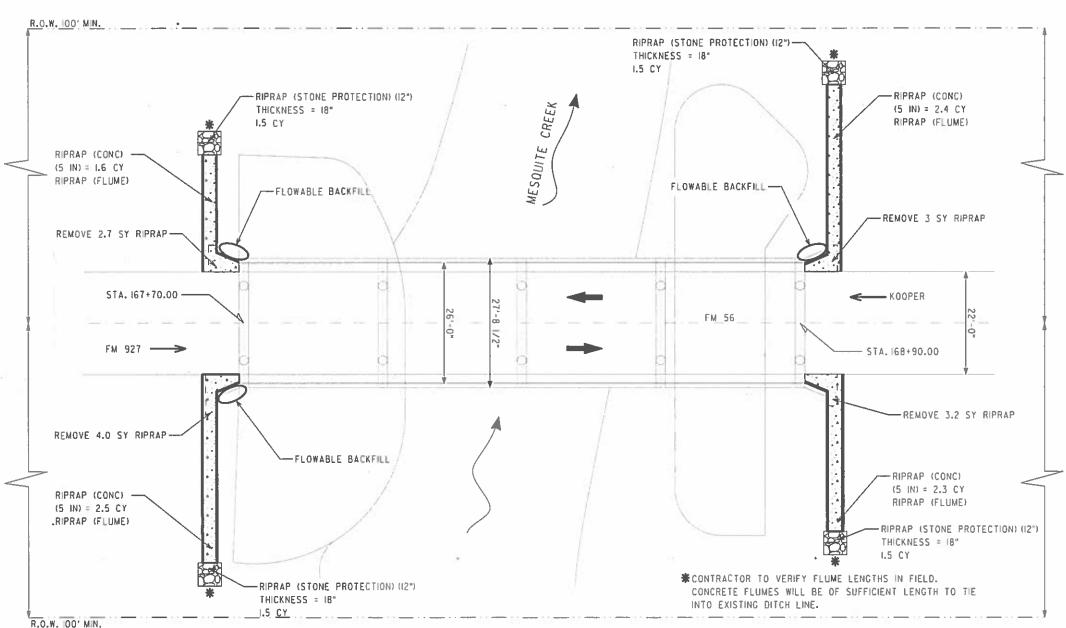
SKEW: 0°

WING TYPE: SKEWED

- DESCRIPTION OF PROBLEM: EROSION AT BRIDGE CORNERS HAS UNDERMINED CONCRETE DRAINAGE FLUMES CAUSING THEM TO SETTLE AND CRACK

PROPOSED WORK: BACKFILL ERODED AREAS AT BRIDGE CORNERS & INSTALL NEW DRAINAGE FLUMES





# PLAN

FM 56 @ MESQUITE CREEK BRIDGE NBI 09-018-0-0398-05-030 4-30' CONC. GIRDER SPANS TOTAL LENGTH = 120'

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ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	OTY
104 6009	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	SY	12.9
401 6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	CY	3
432 6031	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (12")	CY	6
432 6044	RIPRAP (CONC) (FLUME)	CY	8.8



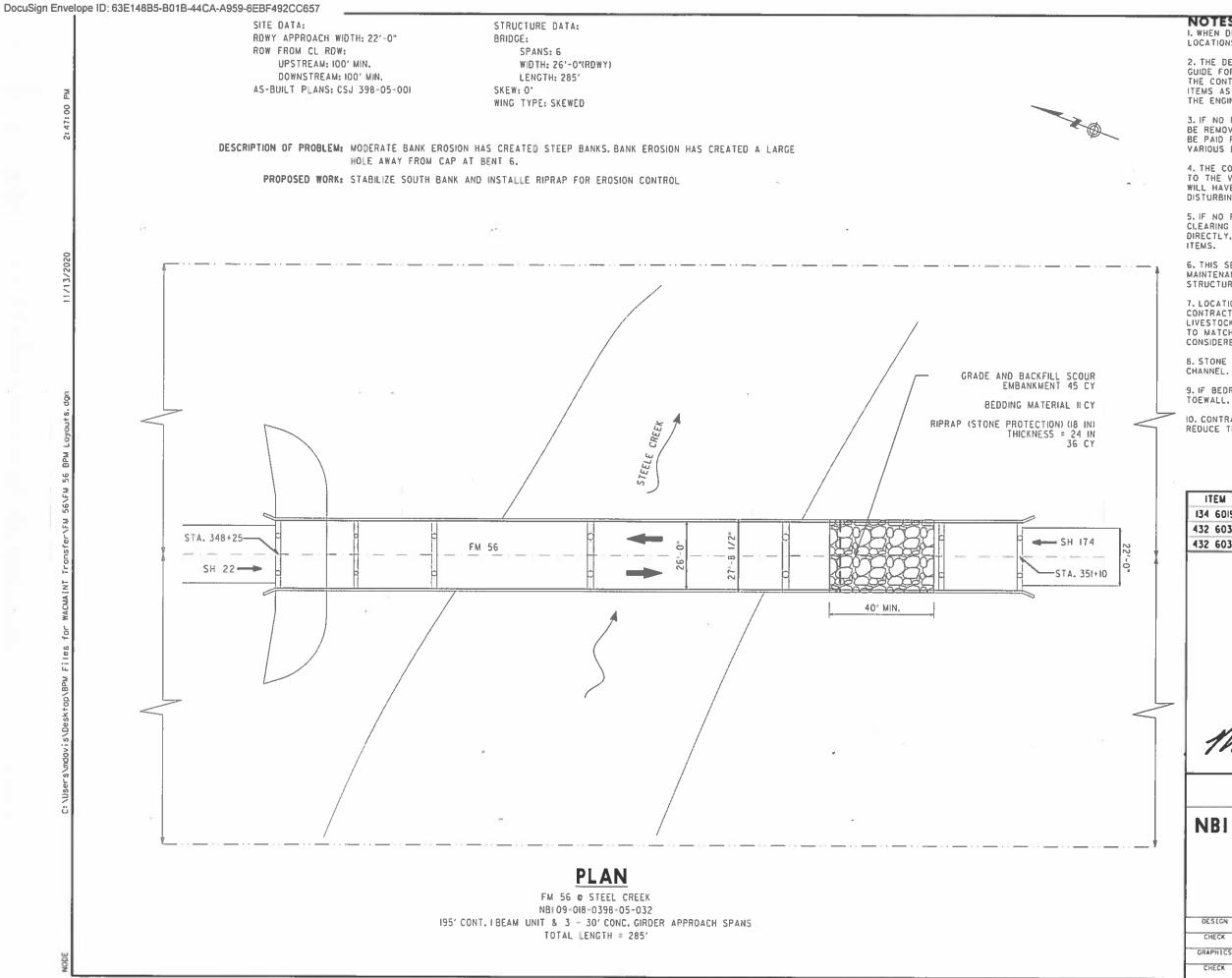
11-13-20
SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT & DATE



NBI 09-018-0-0398-05-031

FM 56 e MESOUITE CREEK

	SCALE:		FEET		
	1"	= 20'	HORIZ. SHEE	T 7	OF 9
DESIGN	FED. PD.	l l	PROJECT NO.	HIC	HWAY NO.
CHECK	6	RMC 636835001			1 22,ETC.
	STATE	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
GRAPH LCS	TEXAS	WACD	BOSQUE		
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		30
	6368	35	001		1



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ITEM		DESCRIPTION	UNIT	OTY
134 6	019	EMBANKMENT (VEHICLE) (ORD COMP) (TY B)	CY	45
432 6	033	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (IBIN)	CY	36
432 6	038	BEDDING MATERIAL (3 IN)	CY	-11-



SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT o 2021

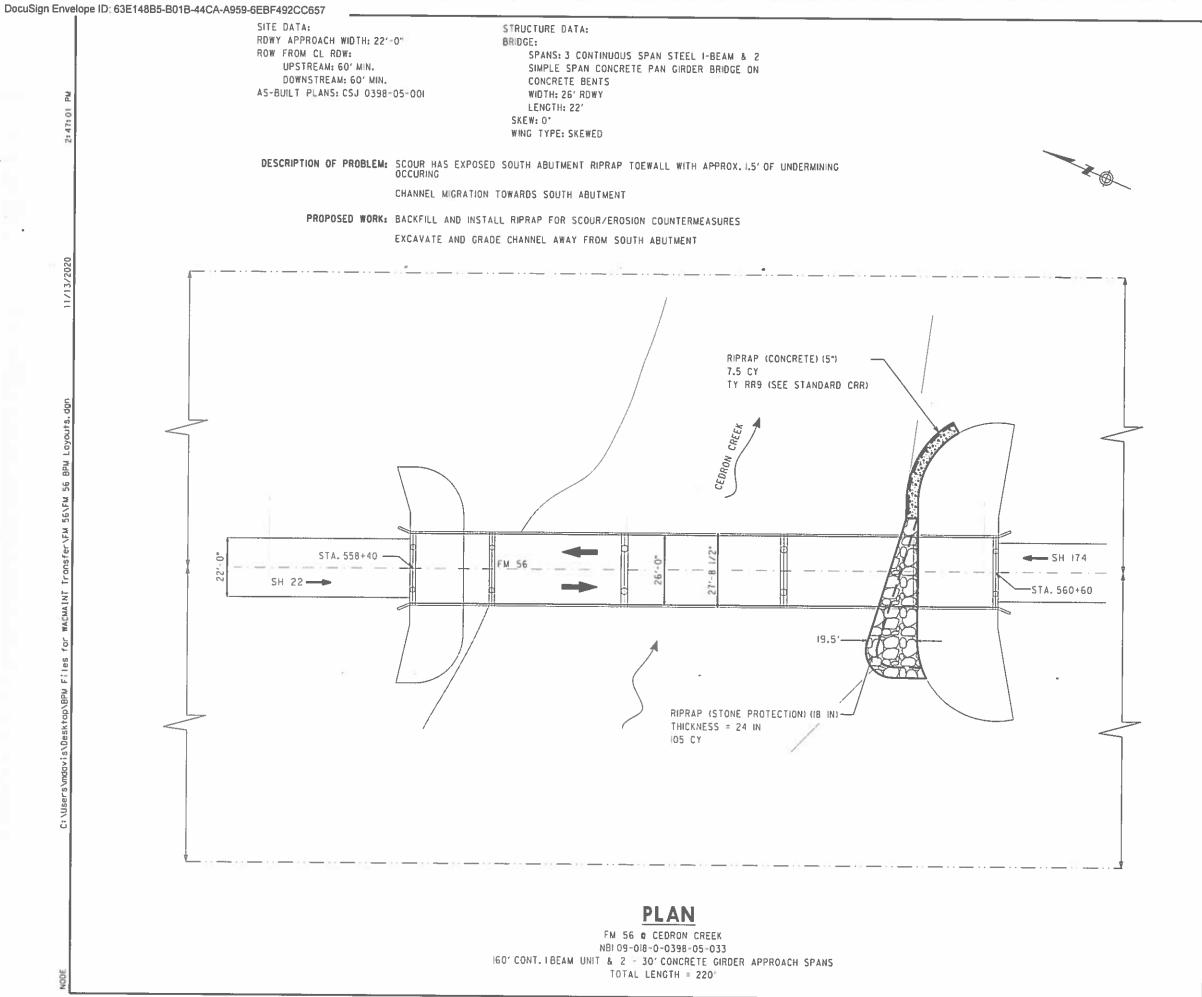
Texas Department of Transportation

NBI 09-018-0-0398-05-032

FM 56 @ STEEL CREEK

SCALE:		FEET				
1"	= 35'	HORIZ.	SHEET	8	0F	9
FED. RD.		PROJECT NO.		HIGH	WAY	NO.
6		RMC 636835001		SH	22.Ę	TC.

DESIGN STATE DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. GRAPHICS TEXAS WACO
CONTROL SECTION BOSOUE 31 CONTROL DOF



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ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	OTY	
110 6002	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	1250	
432 6002	RIPRAP (CONC) (5 IN)	CY	7.5	
432 6033	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (18IN)	CY	105	



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SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT

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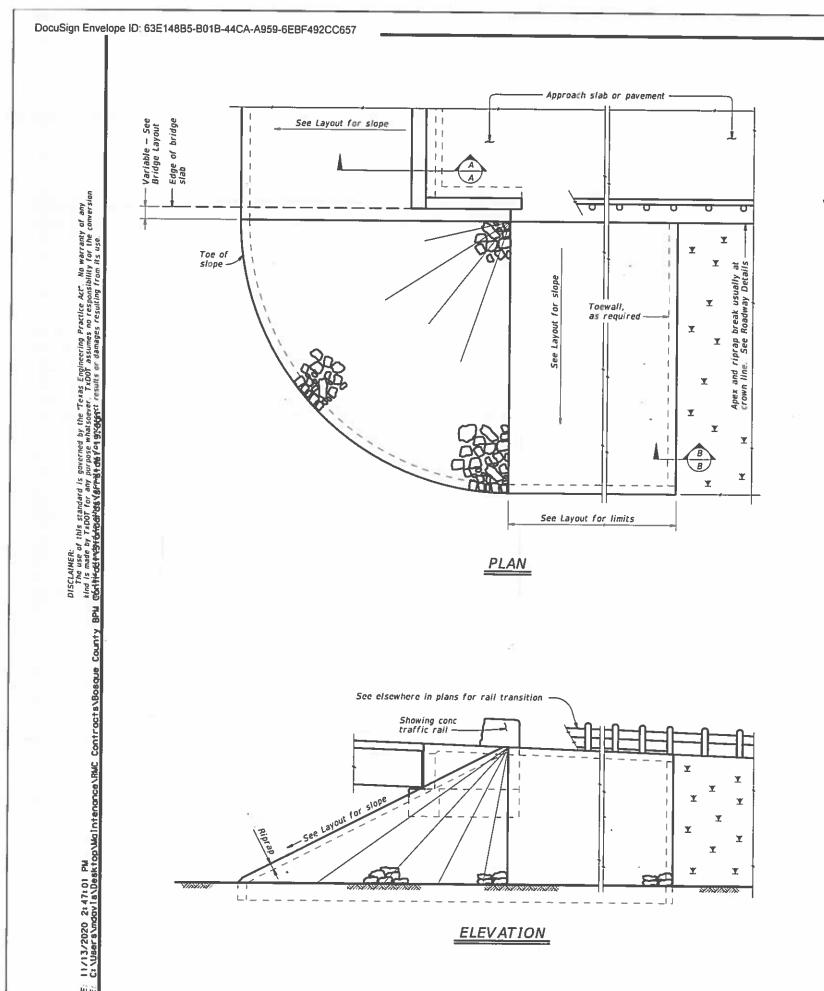
Texas Department of Transportation

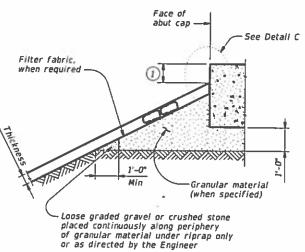
NBI 09-018-0-0398-05-033

FM 56 e CEDRON CREEK

	SCALE: FEET										
		1"	=	35"	HORIZ.	SHEE	T	9	0F	9	
Г	FED. RO.				PROJECT NO		_	mei		417	_

DESIGN CHECK RMC 636835001 SH 22,ETC. STATE DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. GRAPHICS TEXAS WACD BOSQUE 32 CHECK CONTROL SECTION 801

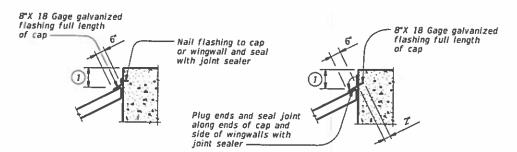




SECTION A-A AT CAP

## Type R, Type F, Common 1'-0" Protection Thickness SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".



#### CAP OPTION A

#### CAP OPTION B

#### DETAIL C

GENERAL NOTES:
Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for Ilmits and thickness of riprap specified.
See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of shoulder drains.

1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer, Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.

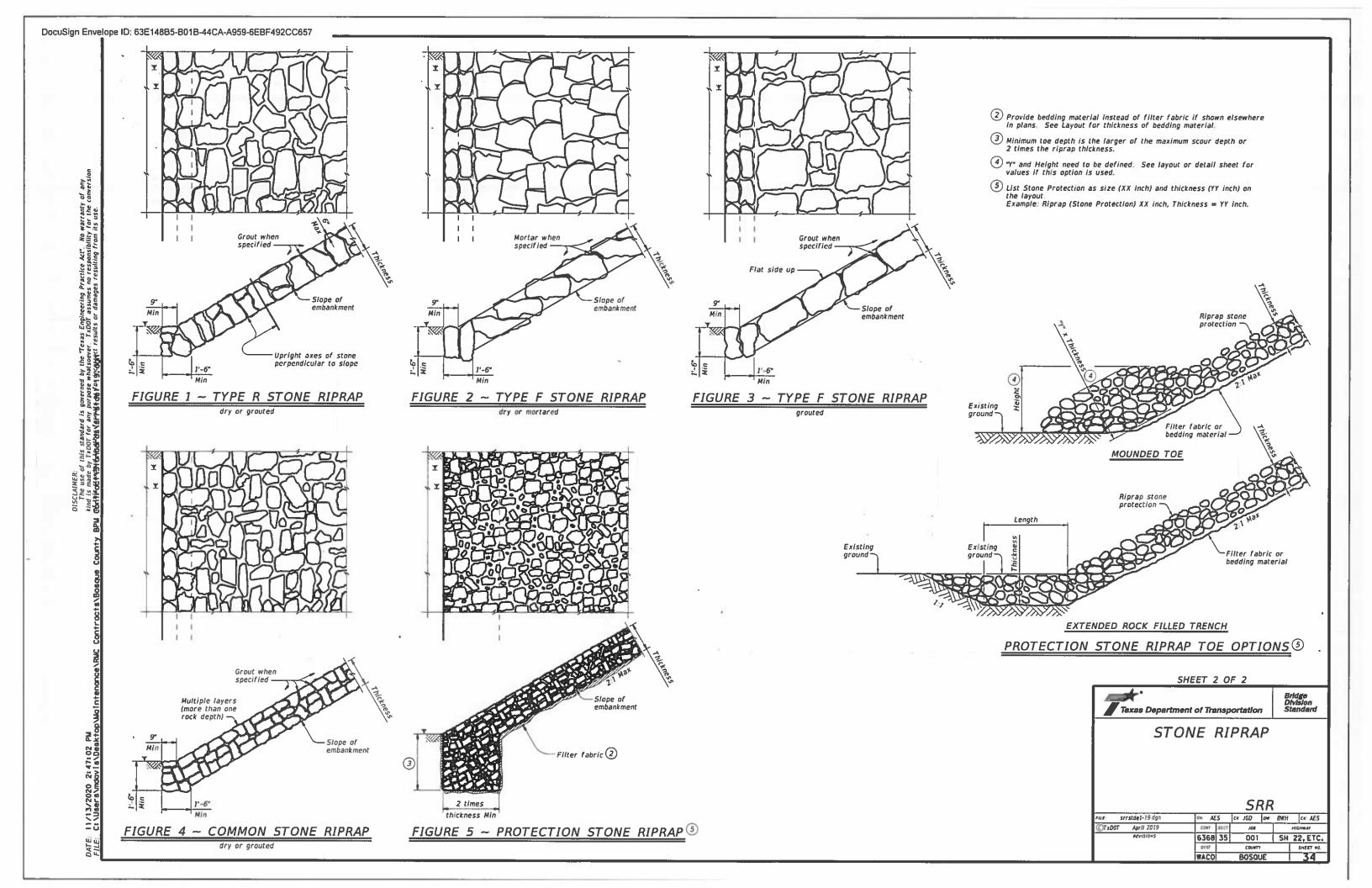


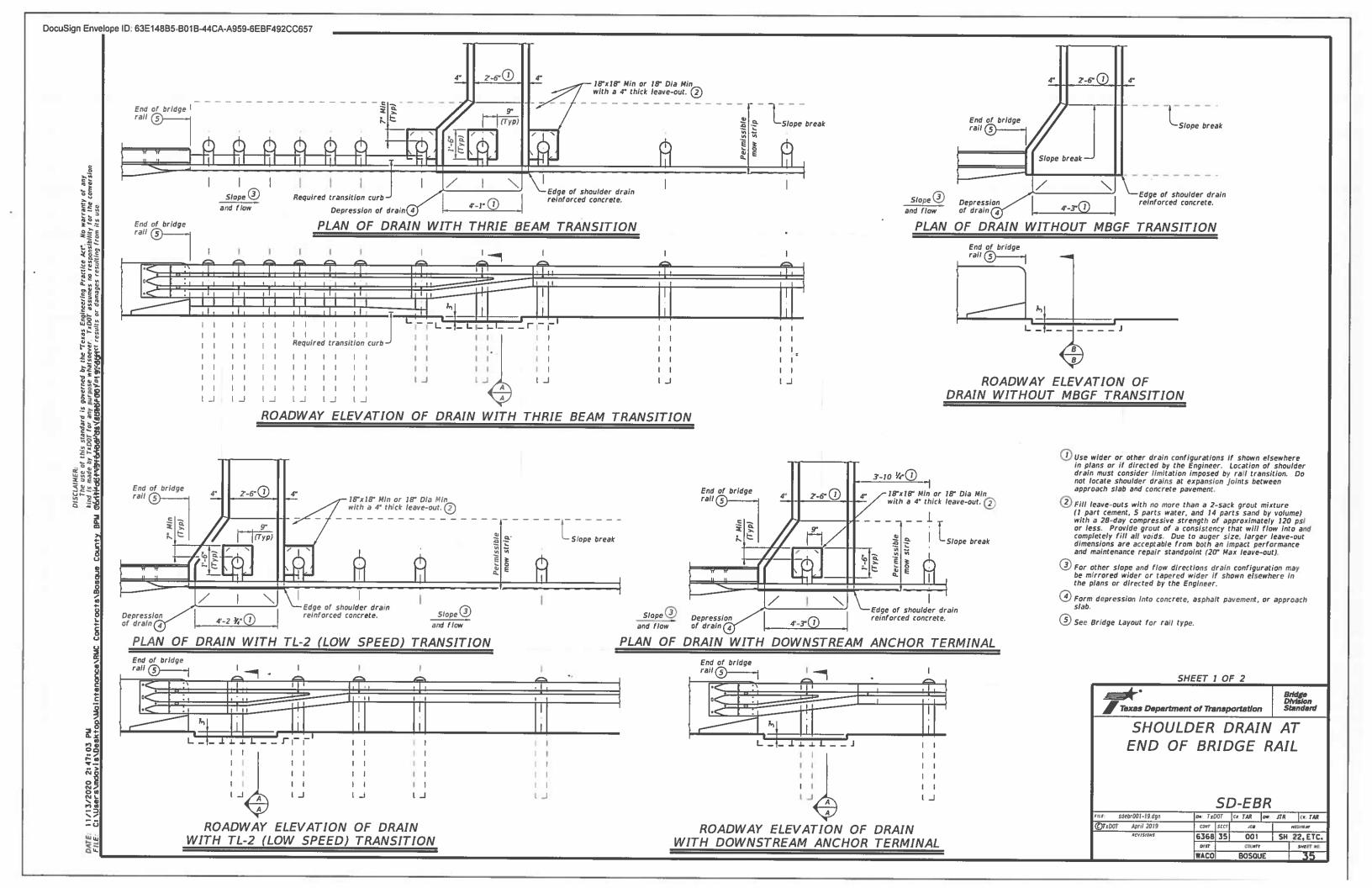
Texas Department of Transportation

STONE RIPRAP

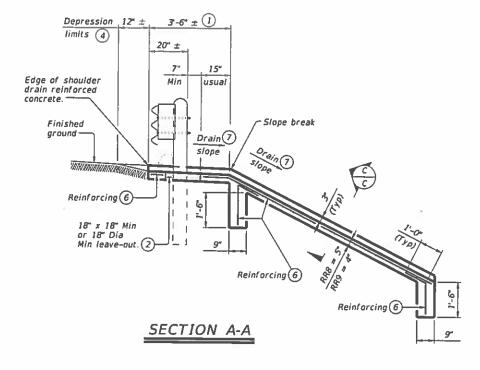
SRR

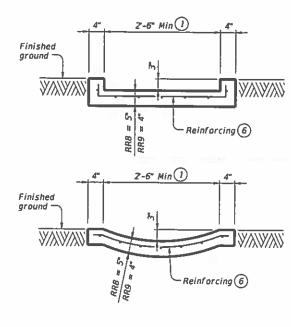
on: AES	CK JGD DW-	BWH CK: AES						
CONT SECT	,08	HIGHWAY						
6368 35	001	SH 22, ETC.						
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.						
WACO	BOSQUE	3.3						
	6368 35 DIST	6368 35 001  DIST COUNTY						



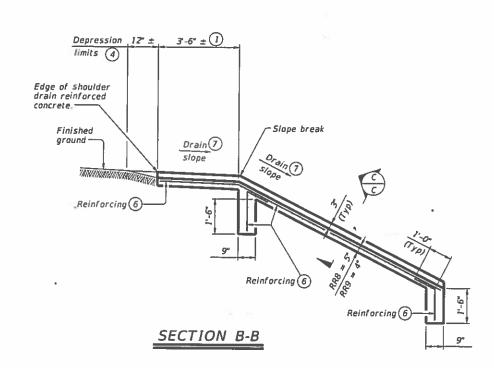


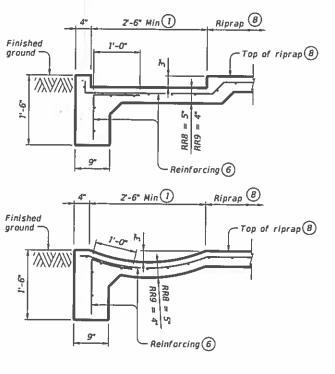
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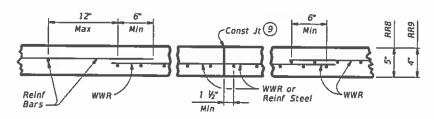


SECTION C-C Sections shown without integrated riprap.





SECTION C-C Sections shown with integrated riprap.



### REINFORCEMENT DETAILS @

See General Notes for optional synthetic fiber reinforcement.

- Use wider or other drain configurations if shown elsewhere in plans or if directed by the Engineer. Location of shoulder drain must consider limitation imposed by rail transition. Do not locate shoulder drains at expansion joints between approach slab and concrete pavement.
- 2) Fill leave-outs with no more than a 2-sack grout mixture (1 part cement, 5 parts water, and 14 parts sand by volume) with a 28-day compressive strength of approximately 120 psi or less. Provide grout of a consistency that will fill all volds. Due to auger size, larger that will flow into and completely fill all voids. Due to auger size, larger leave-out dimensions are acceptable from both an impact performance and maintenance repair standpoint (20" Max leave-out).
- 4 Form depression into concrete, asphalt pavement, or approach slab.
- 6 Provide (#3) reinforcing bar at 18' spacing c-c or welded wire reinforcement (WWR) as 6x6-D2.9xD2.9 or D3xD3. Combinations of WWR and reinforcing bars may be used if both are permitted. Use lap splices of a minimum 6 inches, measured from the transverse wire of WWR, and the ends of reinforcing bars, unless shown otherwise.
- See elsewhere in plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- 8 See CRR standard for details and notes not shown.
- www. or reinforcing steel is continuous through riprap construction joints.
   Provide WWR or reinforcing steel that extends 1'-1" minimum into adjacent riprap on each side of construction joint even if synthetic fiber is utilized.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Provide Class "B" concrete with a minimum compressive strength of 2,000 psi unless noted elsewhere in plans. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting ASTM A1064, unless otherwise shown.

Provide reinforcing bars, deformed WWR, or any suitable combination of both types for riprap reinforcing, unless specified elsewhere in the Optionally synthetic fibers may be used if approved by the Engineer

Provide synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concete" Material Producer List (MPL) in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete. See Metal Beam Guard Fence (Mow Strip) standard for details and notes not shown,

Payment for furnishing and placing 2-sack grout mixture will be

subsidiary to shoulder drain.

Payment for shoulder drain will be as per Item 420, "CI B Conc (Flume)". All details shown herein are subsidiary to shoulder drain. See Layout for limits of shoulder drain, RR8 is to be used on stream crossings.

RR9 is to be used on other embankments

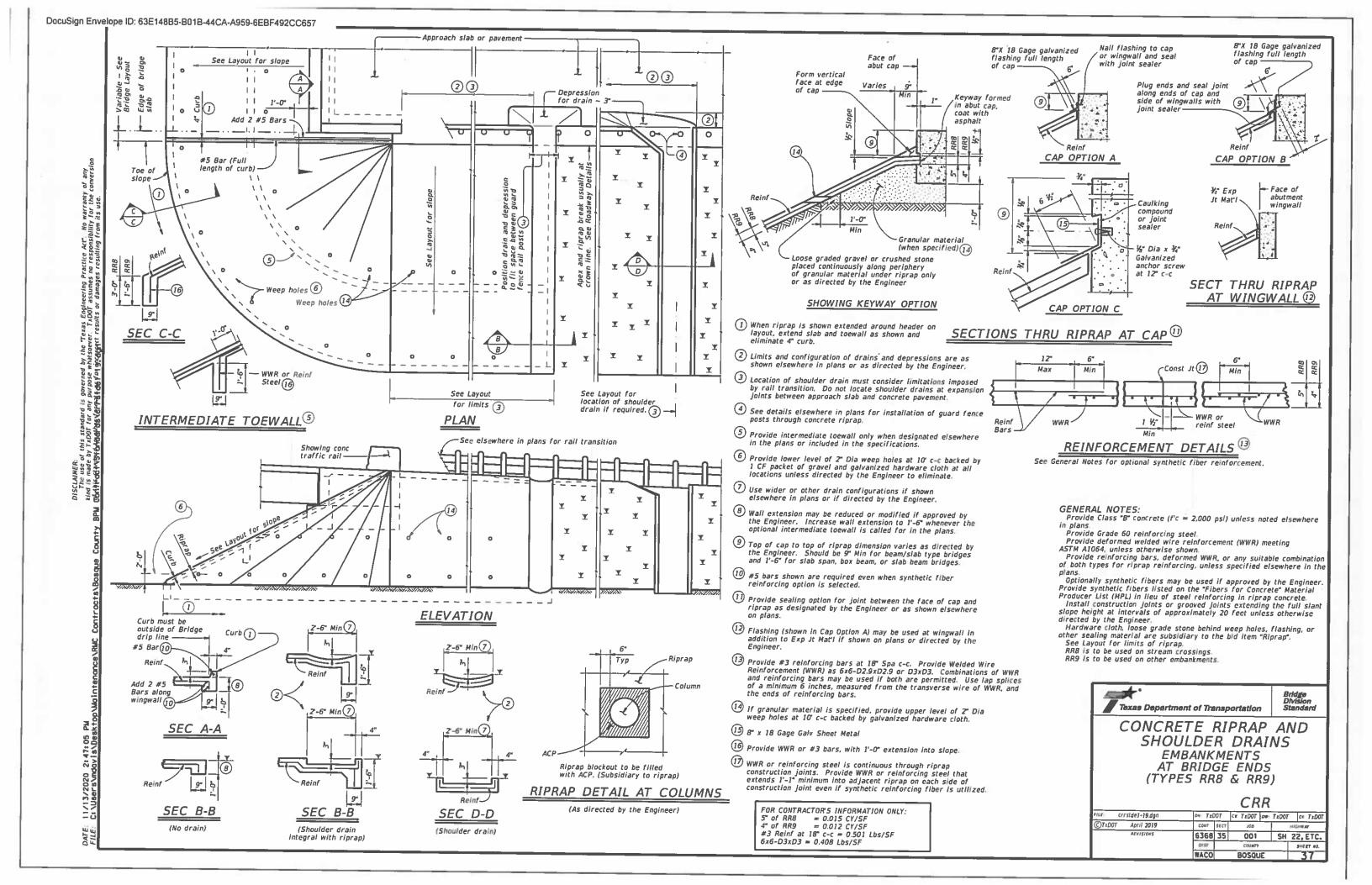
SHEET 2 OF 2



SHOULDER DRAIN AT END OF BRIDGE RAIL

SD ERD

FRE: SO	ebr001-19.dgm	DH: TX	700	CK TAR	DW-	STR	EX TAR
©Tx00T	April 2019	CONT	SECT	108			HIGHWAY
}	REVISIONS	6368	35	001		SH	22, ETC.
		D157		COURT	7		SHEET NO.
		WACO		BOSQ	UE		36



#### SITE DESCRIPTION

#### **EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS**

#### PROJECT LIMITS:

Various locations in Basque County

#### LOCATION MAPS:

Refer to the Title Sheet and Project Layout Sheet

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

RMC 6368-35-001:

For the construction of Bridge Preventative Maintenance.

#### MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES:

The major solidisturbing activities for this project Will consist of preserving structure with riprop.

#### TOTAL PROJECT AREA:

TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBEDS

2.4I AC OJ4 AC

#### EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE COVER AND Z OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVER:

RMC 6368-35-001:

Predominate soil type is nearly level and gentle sloping. clayey and lomy solls. Vegetative cover is in average or good condition with 70% coverage.

#### NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS: RMC 6368-35-001

NBI 09-018-0-0120-03-020 Meridian creek eventual drains into North Bosque River (Segment 1226) NBI 09-018-0-0120-03-021 & NBI 09-018-0-0120-03-023 Eventually drains into Maridian Creek, which eventually drains into North Bosque River (Segment 1226) NBI 09-018-0120-01-038 North Bosque River (Segment 1226)

NBI 09-018-0-0398-01-022 Childress Creek eventually drains into the Brazos River below Lake Whitney (Segment 1257) NBI 09-018-0-0398-05-030, NBI 09-018-0-0398-05-031, NBI 09-018-0-0398-05-032, & NBI 09-018-0398-05-033 drain Into Whitney Lake (Segment 1203)

#### SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES:

TEMPORARY SEEDING PERMANENT PLANTING, SODDING, OR SEEDING MULCHING

X SOIL RETENTION BLANKET
X NATURAL BARRIERS OR BI NATURAL BARRIERS OR BUFFER ZONES PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Disturbed areas on which construction activity has ceased (temporarily or primedinently) shall be stabilized within 14 days unless activities are scheduled to resume and do within 21 days.

#### STRUCTURAL PRACTICES: (Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, As Applicable)

T SILT FENCES TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT HAY BALES CHANNEL LINERS SANDBAG OR ROCK BERMS SEDIMENT TRAPS DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES SEDIMENT BASINS DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES PIPE SLOPE DRAINS CURBS AND GUTTERS PAVED FLUMES STORM SEWERS ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES P RIPRAP STONE

#### NARRATIVE-SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES:

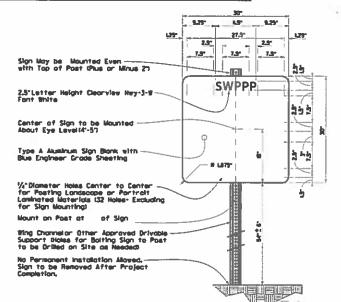
The order of activities Willbe as follows:

- I. Preserve existing vegetative cover as much as possible.
- 2. Install temporary sediment control fencing, rock berms and other items as shown on plans prior to any solidisturbing activities.
- 3. Complete the "Scope of Work" as shown in plans.
- 4. Place SW3P measures as shown in the plans and/or as directed by the engineer.
- 5. Complete finalclean up.

#### STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:

Storm water will be carried to cross drainage structures by side road ditches and culverts which willempty into the various natural runoff channels.

#### STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN PERMIT POSTING



#### OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

#### MAINTENANCE:

All erosion and sediment best management practices (BMPs) Will be maintained in good working order per the environmental notes, details and standards included as part of the project plans and contract documents. BMP repairs Will be made at the earliest possible date, but no later than seven calendar days after the inspection report has been completed and immediately after the ground has dried sufficiently to allow equipment access. BMPs damaged by the Contractor Wilbe repaired or replaced immediately. The installation and repair of BMPs at creeks and outfalls Willbe given priority.

#### INSPECTION:

A TxDOT inspector will perform a regularly scheduled SW3P inspection in accordance with Item 506 Special Provisions.

#### WASTE MATERIALS:

Any waste materials generated during construction Willbe disposed of in accordance with existing federal, state, and locallaws.

#### HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING):

At a minimum, any products in the following categories are considered to be hazardous: Fuels, Lubricating products, Asphalt products, or Concrete curing compounds and any additives in the event of a spik which may be hazardous, clean-up Willbe done in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. The Contractor Will maintain a list of all chemicals and wastes required for the project; including chemicals used by sub-contractors, and Will implement written spill prevention and clean-up plans.

#### SANITARY WASTE:

Sanitary waste, from portable units Will be collected by a licensed sanitary waste monagement contractor.

#### OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

X HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL X LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN X EXCESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

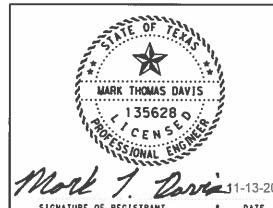
#### REMARKS:

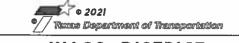
Disposal areas, stockpiles, and houlroads Will be constructed in a manner that Will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters, Disposal greas Will not be located in any watland, waterbody or streambed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenance area Willbe constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the runoff pollutants.

Furnish one SW3P permit posting sign and sign support as detailed on the SW3P Sheet. install this sign in a location selected by the Engineer. The sign and support should be removed upon completion of the project and is the property of the Contractor. The purchase of the sign and support, installation, relocation(s) if determined necessary by the Engineer and removal at project end Will be subsidiary to Item 506.

#### SEDIMENTATION BASINS:

Since the area disturbed is less than 10 acres, per outfall location, a sedimentation basin is not required.





## WACO DISTRICT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

(SW3P

STATE CONT SECT BOL HIGHWAY TEXAS 6368 35 001 SH 22,ETC. DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. WACO BOSQUE CALE: NA

SHEET I OF I

SIGNATURE OF REGISTRANT

DATE

TRE:

Nationvide Permit

NO1: Notice of Intent

Threatened and Endangered Species

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

12-12-2011 (BS) REVISIONS

5-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION 1V.

01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANCED ITEM 1122 TO TTEM 506, ADDED CRASSY SHALES.

6368 35 001 SH 22, ETC.

Bosque

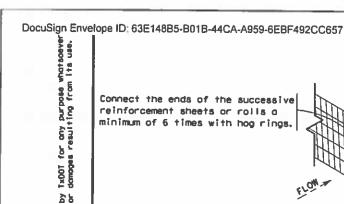
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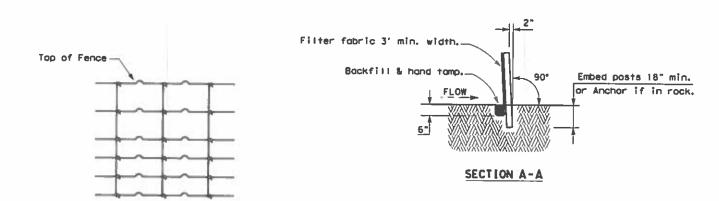
Sediment Basins

Grossy Swales



4' minimum steel or wood posts spaced at 6' to 8'. Softwood posts shall be 3" minimum in diameter or nominal 2"  $\times$  4". Hardwood posts shall have a minimum cross section of 1.5" x 1.5" Fasten fabric to the top strand of the wire using hog rings or cord at a maximum spacing of 15". Attach the wire mesh and fabric on end posts using 4 evenly spaced staples for wooden posts (or 4 T-Clips or sewn vertical pockets for steel posts). Golvonized welded wire mesh (W.W.M.) (12.5 GA. SWG Min.) with a maximum opening size of 2"x 4"or Woven Mesh (W.M.) (See woven mesh option detail) Woven filter fabric -FLON Place 4" to 6" of fabric against the trench side and approximently 2" across the trench bottom in the upstream direction. Minimum trench size shall be 6° square. Bockfill and hand tamp.

### TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE



#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

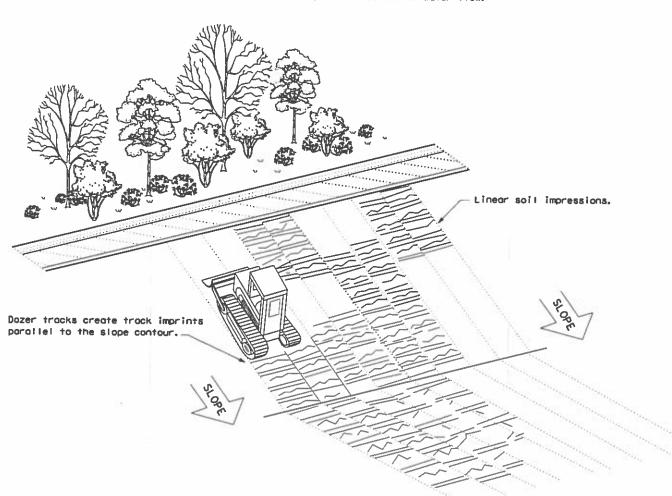
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT<sup>2</sup>. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

#### LEGEND

SCF)-

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have accurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" tength impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1) - 16

FILE: ec116 DN: TXDOT CR: KM DN: VP DN/CR: LS CTxDOT: JULY 2016 6366 35 001 SH 22, ETC. BOSQUE

Sediment Control Fence

- 1. Prior to TxDOT allowing the Contractor to start construction, the Contractor will provide the required storm water and 404 permit documentation and support activities, including but not
  - Provide a list of all chemicals, construction and waste products that will be generated, stored or brought upon TxDOT ROW. The list includes expected construction debris, sanitary and clean up procedures that will include each of these chemical products ar generated waste.
  - - Provide in the construction schedule the necessary line items that will comply with the schedule and planning requirements of the storm water permit.
  - Post the TxDOT storm water permit and any Contractor permits, per permit requirements.
  - Provide copies of storm water permits for Contractor PSL(s). As new PSL(s) may be obtained for the project, provide copies of new or amended permits to TxDOT. The Contractor will
  - Provide scale drawings of off ROW PSL's within one mile of the project, for field offices, borrow sources, plant sites or other uses.
  - Provide permit information on any Contractor batch plants or concrete crushing plants to be located at a Contractor PSL(s) within one mile of the project limits or boundaries. Copies of the air and water permits are to be provided to TxDOT before materials will be used on the project. No asphalt or concrete batch plants or concrete crushing plants will be
  - Provide a letter indicating a Contractor Responsible Person for environmental compliance (CRP) for the project, and maintain a CRP throughout the project duration.
  - Provide all environmental documentation including certification of compliance and EMS training documents/certificates prior to starting work. The Contractor is to provide daily BMP inspection reports that document all field BMPs needing repair or replacement. The Contractor is to clearly document specific BMPs needing repair and location each work day.

    The Contractor is encouraged to be proactive in fixing BMPs without TxDOI direction.
  - Provide documentation required for Waters of the US. Note =3 and submittals for Item 496 bridge removal. Bridge removal methods submitted will follow all Waters of the US note requirements. The Contractor is not to start construction within the Ordinary High Water Marks of any stream until receiving approval for stream channel construction methods from IxDOI.
  - Provide a written procedure for managing all chemicals and construction items placed in vertical containment structures. Also, provide methods to be used for the treatment, disposal, collection or release of storm water.
  - Provide an estimated date by letter, for the submittal of marked up bridge drawings, indicating cut locations for any structural steel requiring cutting or torching of steel, coated with lead containing paints.
- 2. Place and maintain trash cans and portable sanitary facilities at locations where there is active construction. Worker generated trash and construction debris will be kept from being transported by storm water and will be collected daily from the ground and routinely houled from the work area.
- 3. Contractor will provide TxDOT copies of all carrespondence with MS4s, TCEQ, EPA, DSHS and Corps of Engineers regarding activities on this project.
- 4. Contractor to conduct storm water inspections and develop SWPPP documents to support Contractor permits obtained for the project including PSL(s).
- 5. Contractor will maintain written documentation of locations of all portable sanitary facilities. The Contractor is required to document the location and disposition of all spills and cleanups from portable sanitary facilities.
- 6. Contractor will not store chemicals on TxDOT ROW, unless chemicals are stored following all environmental and safety regulations. Fuels for construction equipment will not be stored on TxDOT ROW.
- 7. The Contractor will store fuels and bulk chemicals on Contractor PSE(s) using a secondary containment method, such as double lined tanks and/or free standing containment reservoirs made of plastic or steel designed to hold bulk chemicals or drums.
- 8. The Contractor will not remove sediment controls without the prior approval of IxDOT, except for a sediment control that may back up water and cause safety or traffic problems.

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Texas Department of Transportation
Was District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

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- 9. Any sediment controls removed by the Contractor must be re-installed before the next rainfall event or by the end of day, as approved in advance.
- 10. Vegetative buffer strips may be used in place of temporary sediment controls such as silt fences and rack filter dams. The amount of disturbed soil area will be limited to 1/3 of an acre or less for a minimum of 50 feet of grassed ditch.
- 11. Construction equipment found to be leaking oil, fuel or coolant will be immediately stopped, the leaking fluid collected and the equipment fixed. Equipment continuing to leak will be removed from the project at no cost to TxDOI. Leaking fluids from equipment will be collected and removed from the project or PSL.
- 12. Earth berms or mounds typically used to stockpile topsoil and used in place of boundary silt fence will be seeded upon being constructed. Long term use of earth berms or mounds will not be continued without establishing grass on the control.
- 13. The Contractor will inform TxDOT of new areas where soil will be disturbed to facilitate planning for new sediment controls. Areas of vegetated soil will not be disturbed by the contractor, unless adequate sediment controls can be installed before the next rainfall event. The Contractor will assist TxDOT in keeping an accurate set of working SWPPP drawings
- 14. The Contractor will maintain an adequate amount of temporary sediment controls on hand at the field office or project staging area for critical SMPPP maintenance, including silt fence (minimum of 200 feet) and rock / fabric for rock filter dams (minimum for 100 feet of Type III dams).

The requirement for BMP rock quantities on hand is waived for small projects for on and off system bridge installations. The Contractor having a BMP Subcontractor does not eliminate the requirement for the Contractor to have the required silt fence and rock on hand, typically stored at the Contractor PSL.

- 15. Failure of a sub-contractor to complete storm water work on time will require the Contractor to start storm water sediment control work immediately and complete the work with high
- 16. Earth materials on roads as a result of sail tracking will not be allowed to be transported off ROW in storm water. Soil or rock material found on roadways deposited from Contractor equipment will be removed daily.
- 17. Unless approved, completed concrete curb inlets will not be blacked by sediment controls. The contractor will frequently sweep the completed or partially completed roadway to keep sediment out of drainage pipes.
- 18. The Contractor will be responsible for proper dust control and will route construction traffic in a manner that minimizes dust generation.
- 19. Water for dust control will contain no pollutants, but may be non-potable from upland stack pands. No quantity of water to be used for construction purposes may be taken from a 404 stream, prior to the proper authorizations or permits being obtained by the Contractor.
- 20. Contractor is to direct workers and sub-contractors to use portable sanitary facilities provided by the Contractor and not to tresposs off ROW.
- 21. Contractor will provide written verification to TxDOT that earth borrow pits and disposal sources meet environmental and regulatory requirements, prior to use. Excavations will meet
- 22. Boundary silt fences that are terminated down slope, with one end being at the lowest elevation, will be installed with an L hook to contain sediment. Boundary silt fences that are installed on flat ground will have L-hooks on both ends.
- 23. Rock filter dams across ditches will be constructed where the rock filter dam ends are embedded within the ditch side slopes and ditch bottom. The top center elevation of the rock filter dam will be at least 6 inches lower than the elevations on the rock filter dam ends.
- 24. Silt fence will be constructed in a U or V pattern across ditch lines and up the ditch side stope to keep storm water from flowing around the ends of the silt fence. Small silt fences sediment collection and sediment removal with equipment.
- 25. Sediment controls (RFDs or silt fences) will be located along road ditches as marked on the SWPPP drawings. Modifications to the sediment control spacing will be adjusted during the project based on sediment control effectiveness. The installation and maintenance of sediment controls at or near outfalls, where storm water leaves TxDOT ROW, takes persistent over

SCALE = NTS SHEET 2 OF 10

Texas Department of Transportation

Waco District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
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- 26. Storm water draining sheet flow over disturbed soil sloped towards the ROW property line, will be intercepted by a boundary silt fence typically installed with L-shaped ends.
- 27. For ditch grading and shoulder up work, the Contractor is limited during good weather to remove up to one mile (limited to five acres of disturbed soil) of ditch line sediment controls; on one side of the roadway. Outfall controls cannot be removed during this activity. Ditch line controls must be replaced upon completion of work and before the next rain event.
- 28. Sediment controls domaged by the Controctor, as defined by permit, must be fixed or replaced immediately upon discovery.
- 29. Notches in silt fences are not typically allowed. Specific silt fences that back up water onto lanes of traffic may be notched if approved.
- 30. For silt fence maintenance, the Contractor will leave approximately 4 inches of deposited sediment up stream of silt fences and not over excavate around silt fences or rock filter dams.
- 31. The Contractor will inform TxDOT of new construction areas and where soil is planned to be disturbed. Sediment controls will be installed at outfalls prior to the Contractor beginning soil disturbing activities up slope from the outfall.
- 32. Water from concrete saw cutting, concrete grinding and concrete coring activities; or fine materials from concrete chipping and salvage will not be allowed to enter storm drains or enter streams.
- 33. Storm water containing suspended sediment and turbidity needing to be removed from excavations or low areas will be pumped or gravity drained through vegetated buffer strips (50 foot minimum) or placed in ditches with temporary sediment controls, prior to the water being discharged into a stream.
- 34. Uncontaminated water from natural groundwater seepage, springs, foundations and drains that does not contain suspended sediment or any pollutants may be discharged without storm water controls.
- 35. Lime or cement if spilled in ditches or outside the defined limits of application is considered a pollutant and will be excavated and removed the same day, to avoid contaminating streams.
- 36. If located along the project ROW, RAP stockpiles will be located where there is a minimum 100 feet of vegetative buffer strip before storm water will reach a stream. RAP will not be used as a construction material within the Ordinary High Water Marks of a stream channel of a 404 designated stream.
- 37. If allowed on the project, concrete truck wash out areas will have adequate volume to allow 12 inch freeboard for rain and will be lined with 6 mils of plastic. No concrete will be stored higher than the 12 inch freeboard. Cleaning of truck chutes and equipment does not constitute concrete truck wash out and this activity may be completed at the concrete placement location. Wash out areas will not be located closer than 50 ft from down slope inlets or stream channels.
- 38. For outfalls near stock pands closer than 50 foot from disturbed soil at the ROW line, redundant sediment controls will be provided, typically a combination of rock filter dam and a silt fence constructed in line of the flow.
- 39. Earth stockpiles will utilize silt fence sediment controls, positioned on the low end of the stockpile drainage area with L-hooks or silt fence installed around the entire stockpile.
- 40. Sediment controls including rock filter dams and silt fences will not be installed across any 404 streams. Sediment controls at 404 streams will be positioned to limit sediment entering the stream from the banks and around structures/culverts, and will allow free flow of storm water to pass through the ROW without being dammed by any sediment controls. Remove loose materials from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 41. Sediment controls for non-404 streams may be constructed across the drainage channel in unlimited locations. It is appropriate to use sediment control details typically used for 404 streams for non-404 streams when flow velocities are high. Remove loose material from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 42. Incomplete drainage pipe installation across the roadway does not remove the requirement for having sediment controls around the ends of the pipe. To stay within permit requirements, sediment controls should be installed over and ground the terminated end and along each side of the banks as soon as construction on the pipe has been completed. Remove loose material from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 43. Safety end / headwall construction temporarily will require the removal of part of the sediment control placed over and around the pipe end. Retain in place as much functioning sediment control as passible. Replace the silt fence over and around the top of the pipe, immediately upon concrete placement and form removal. Bo not remove culvert sediment controls that cannot be replaced before the next rain event. Sediment control at the ends of culverts must be in place and available for any rain event until the disturbed soil areas are re-vegetated.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 3 OF 10

Texas Department of Transportation

Waco District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
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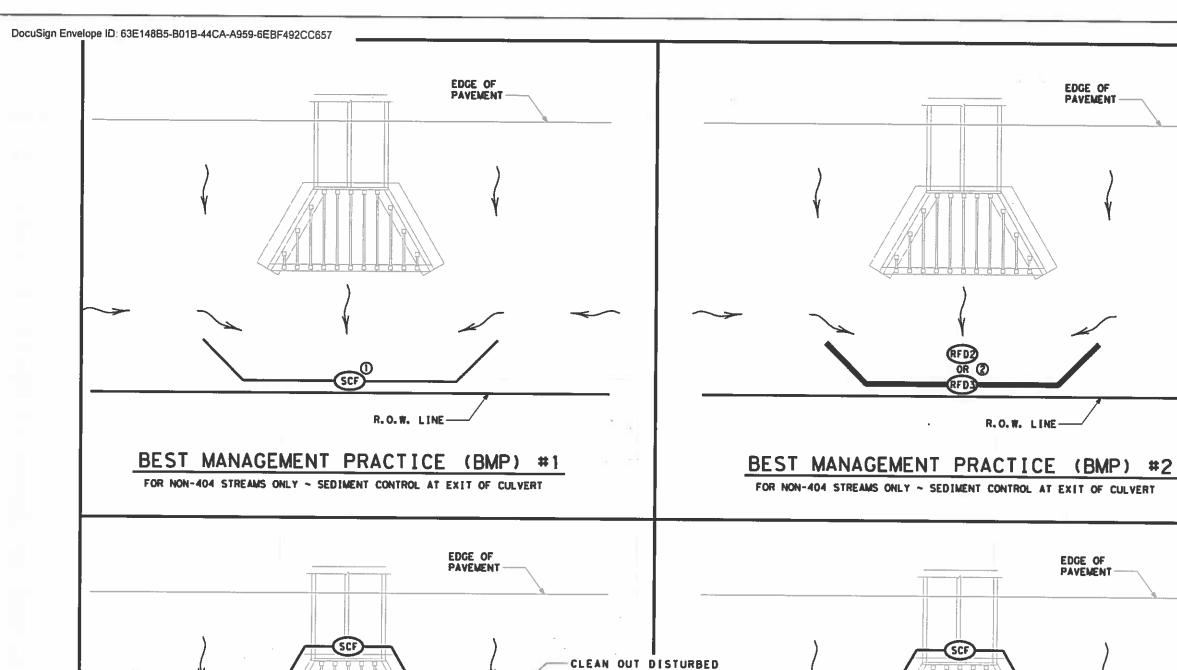
- 44. Between the Ordinary High Water Works of a 404 stream channel, the Contractor will disturb only the minimum amount of stream channel that is necessary to complete the work.
- 45. Rock riprop for erosion control does not replace the requirements to maintain sediment control until vegetation is re-established. Replace sediment controls immediately after
- 46. At the direction of TxDOT, sediment deposited into existing and new culverts will be removed subsidiary to 1tem 506. Sediment to be removed is either pre-existing material before construction starts or sediment generated as a part of this project.
- 47. Provide treated 2X4 cross bracing for rectangular inlet silt fence, subsidiory to item 506.
- 48. Loose or granular earth materials will not be used to repair silt fence undercuts. Silt fence undercut repairs will be conducted with well compacted soils or the silt fence will be reset in a nearby location.
- 49. Silt fence steel T posts of approximately 1.25 pounds per foot are allowed at a spacing of 8 feet or less. Silt fence steel T posts between approximately 1.25 pounds per foot and 0.85 pounds per foot are allowed for T post spacing of 5 feet or less.
- 50. Silt fence to be used to slow the flow of storm water down slopes will be positioned approximately harizontal (on the contour) with L hooks on the ends and limited to approximately 200 feet in length. Multiple sections and levels of silt fence may be required in addition to temporary / permanent erosion control flumes.
- 51. Soil retention blankets will be installed rolled down the slope with the small dimension side embedded at the top of slope, unless recommended otherwise by the manufacturer. Excess equipment, including tractor mowers will be kept off areas with soil retention blankets until the grass is established.

SCALE = NTS SHEET 4 OF 10



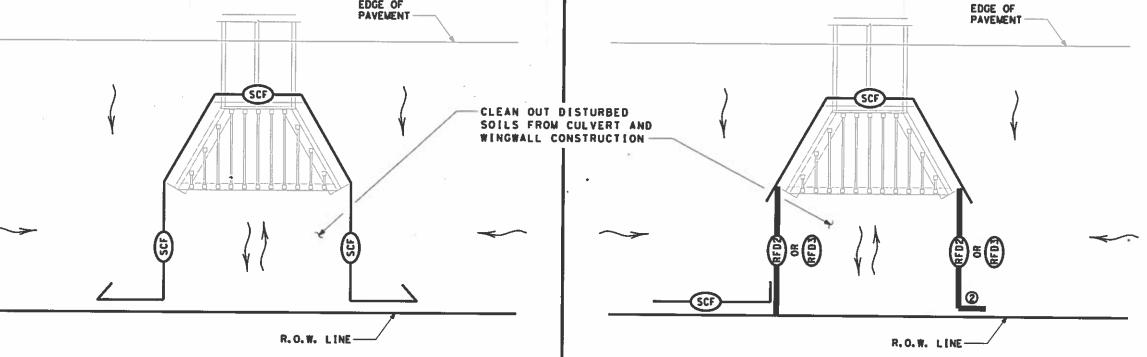
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BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #3

FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS - SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OR ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #4

FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS - SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OR ENTRANCE OF CULVERT

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NOTES

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)

ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)

DIRECTION OF FLOW

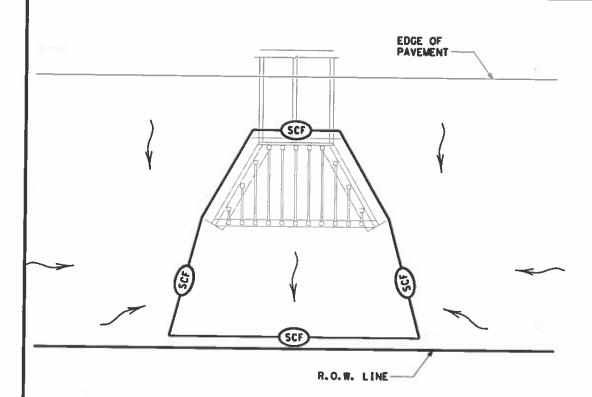
① EXTEND SILT FENCE SO STORM WATER DOES NOT GO AROUND THE ENDS. USE L-HOORS ON ENDS AS REQUIRED.

② EXTEND ROCK FILTER DAM SO STORM WATER DOES NOT GO AROUND THE ENDS.



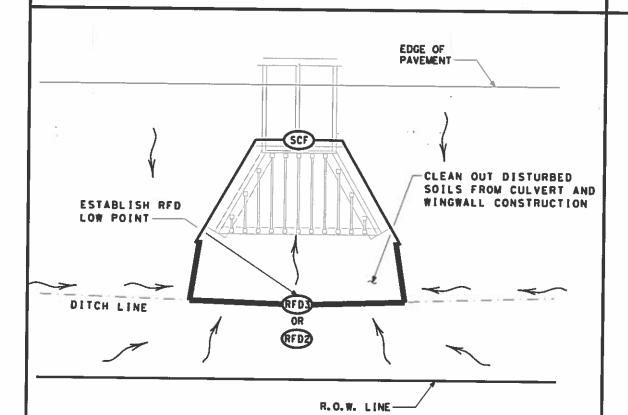
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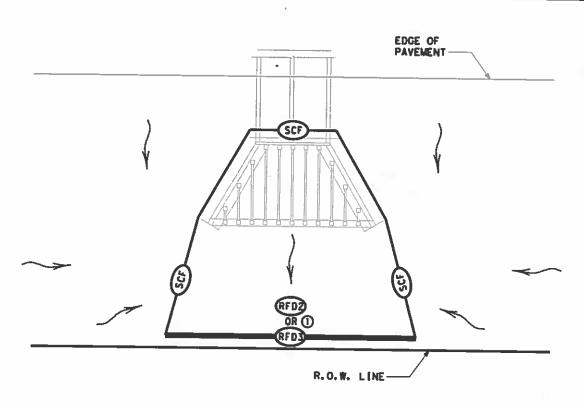
## BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #5

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY - SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



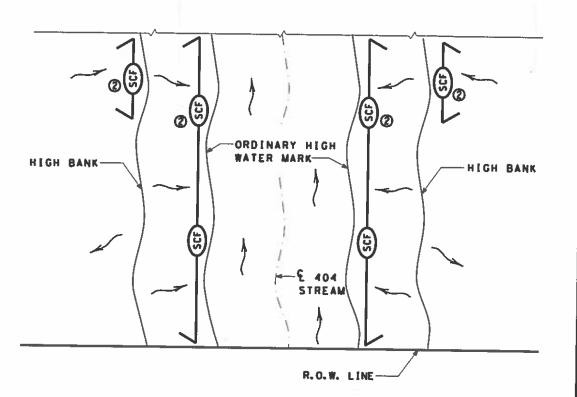
## BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #7

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY - SEDIMENT CONTROL AT ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



## BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #6

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY - SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



## BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #8

FOR 404 STREAMS - SEDIMENT CONTROL DURING PROJECT CLEARING AND GRUBBING

	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)
	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)
~	DIRECTION OF FLOW

#### NOTES:

- 1 PROVIDE OVERLAP OF SILT FENCE WITH ROCK FILTER DAM.
- ② USE SILT FENCE L-HOOKS ON ENDS TO BLOCK STORM WATER SEDIMENT

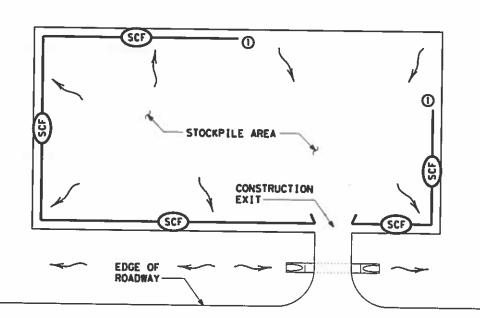
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Texas Department of Transportation

Waco District Standard

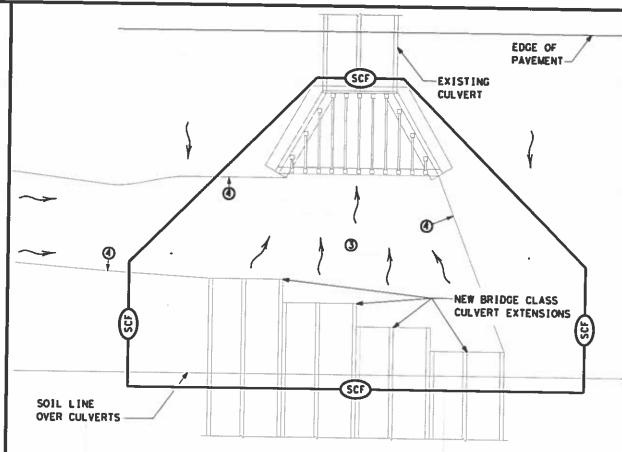
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
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## BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #9

STOCKPILE SEDIMENT CONTROL



## BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #10

FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT PHASED CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE CLASS CULVERTS

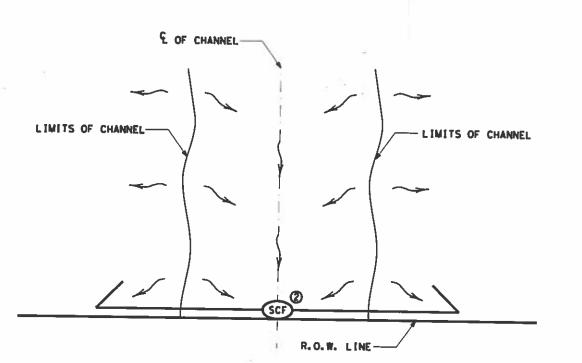
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TOP OF BACK SLOPE

## BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #11

R.O.W. LINE-

BOUNDRY SEDIMENT CONTROL - BOTH ENDS OF CONTROL TERMINATED UP SLOPE



## BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #12

BOUNDRY SEDIMENT CONTROL - BOTH ENDS OF CONTROL TERMINATED DOWN SLOPE

-®-	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)
	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)
~	DIRECTION OF FLOW

#### NOTES:

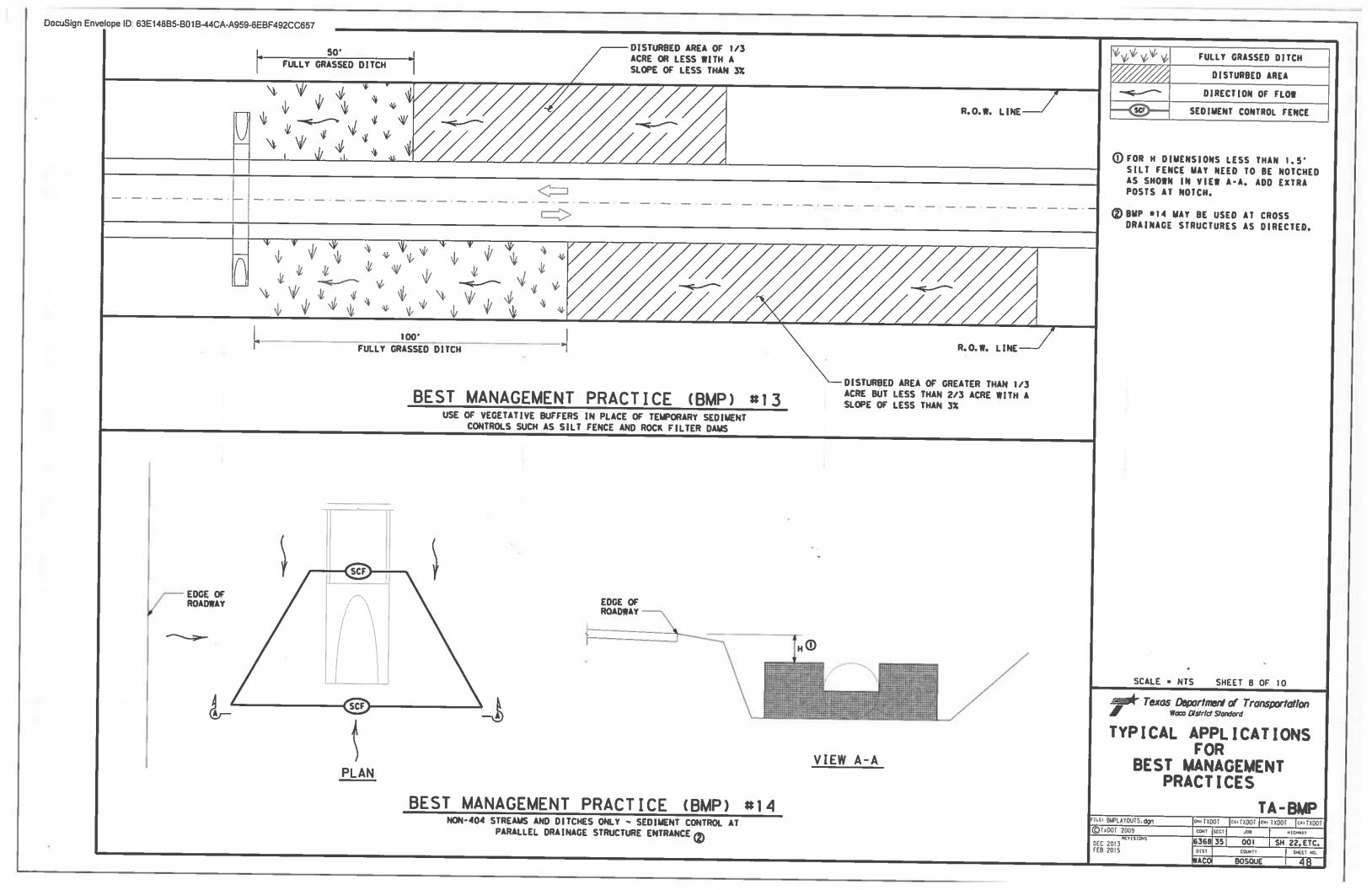
- ① START SEDIMENT CONTROL AT LOCATION SO ALL STORM WATER WITH SEDIMENT IS COLLECTED
- ② ROCK FILTER DAMS OR EARTH/GRASSED EMBANKWENTS CAN BE SUBSTITUTED AS DIRECTED.
- ③ PROVIDE A SMOOTH TRANSITION FROM THE INVERT ELEVATIONS BETWEEN CULVERTS. REMOVE LOOSE SOIL FROM EXCAVATED AREA BETWEEN CULVERTS.
- PROVIDE AND INSTALL PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE ON THE DITCH BOTTOM AND SIDE SLOPES BETWEEN TEMPORARY TERMINATIONS BETWEEN OLD AND NEW CULVERTS. PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE WILL BE PLACED TO THE HEIGHT OF THE LARGEST CULVERT ON THE DITCH SIDE SLOPES; AND TO A LIMIT TO FEET OUTSIDE THE LOCATION OF BMPS ALONG THE DITCH BOTTOM. CEMENT STABILIZED SAND MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE, IN AREAS WHERE INSTALLATION WORKS AND AT THE OPTION OF TXDOT.

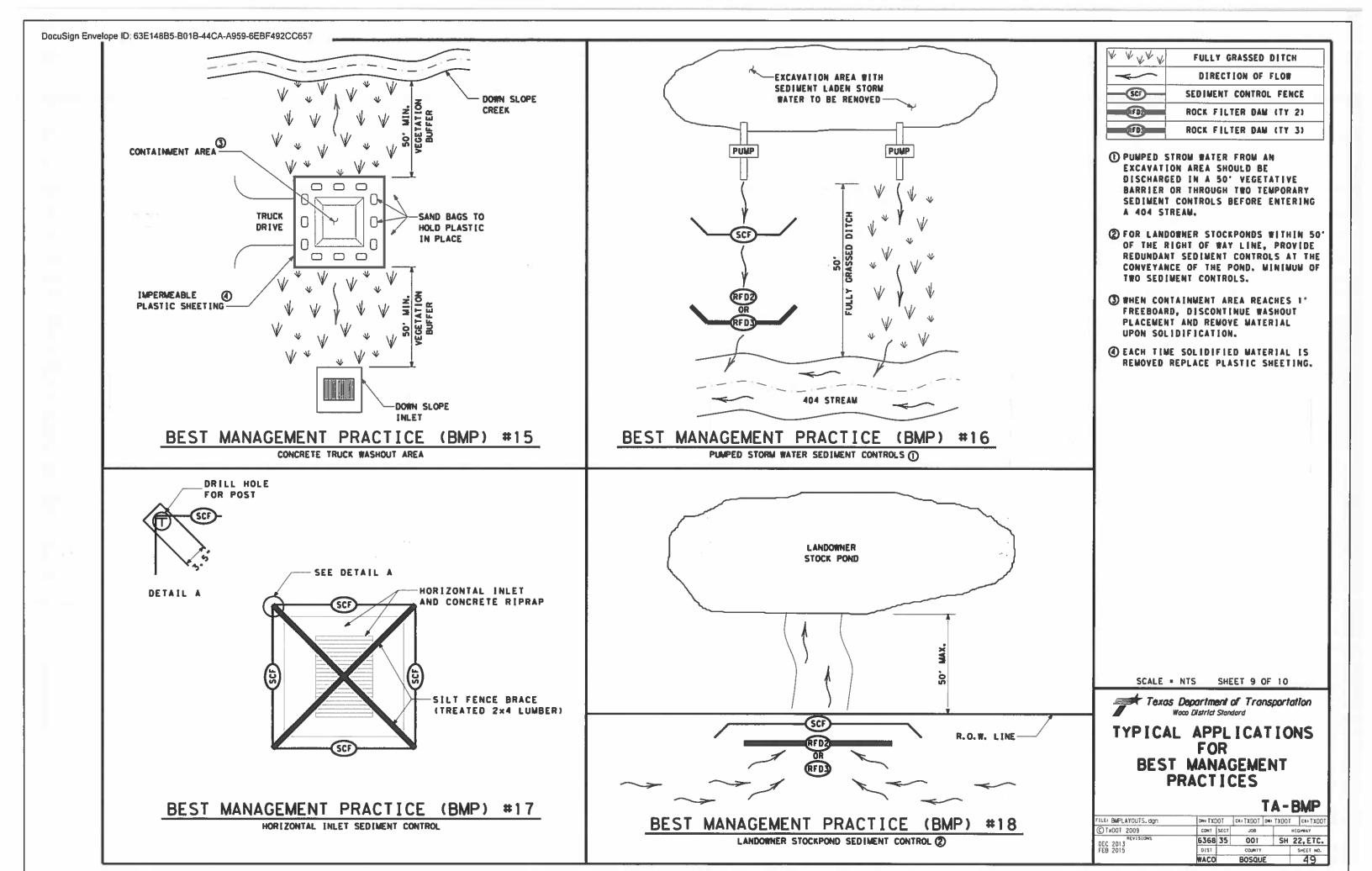
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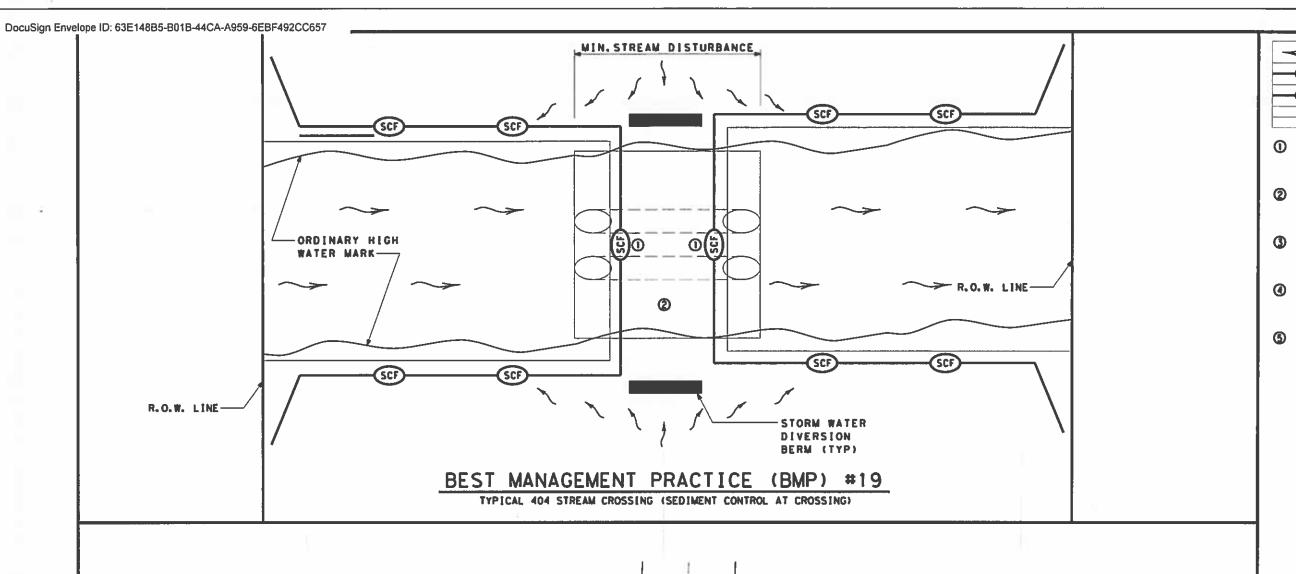


# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

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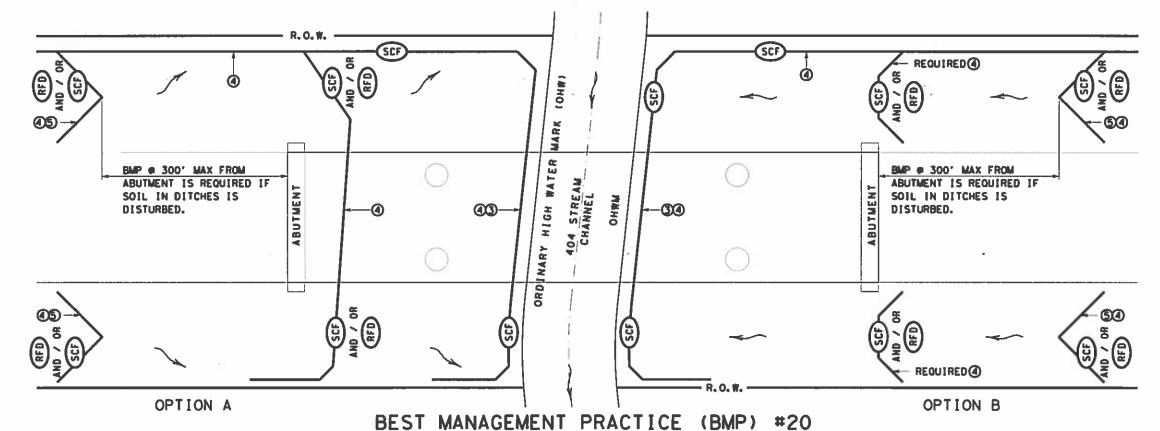








- (1) HAY BALES MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR SILT FENCE OVER THE STREAM CROSSING.
- 2 CROSSING WILL BE AS PER REQUIREMENTS OF THE WATERS OF THE US GENERAL NOTES.
- (3) INSTALL SILT FENCE SLIGHTLY UP FROM OHW MARK FROM R.O.W. TO R.O.W.
- USE SILT FENCE L-HOOKS ON LEVEL OR DOWN SLOPING ENDS TO BLOCK STORM WATER SEDIMENT
- (5) INSTALL LARGE V OR U SHAPED BMP'S FROM ABUTMENT AS SHOWN. IF THERE IS STEEP DITCH CONDITIONS DECREASE SPACING AND CONSIDER RFD'S. ADD ADDITIONAL BMP'S IF GRADE IS STEEP OR IF FLOW IS HIGH.



FOR 404 STREAMS - BMP'S AT BRIDGES

SCALE = NTS SHEET 10 OF 10

Texas Department of Transportation
Waso District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

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