INDEX OF SHEETS

SEE SHEET NO 2

#### STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

	F	2B23 (017)	, E	TC.
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0462	03	048,ETC.	S	Н 315
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
ATL		PANOLA		1

A.D.T.(2021) = 7,533 A.D.T.(2041) = 9,341

#### FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE: DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:\_ DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:\_ FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$\_\_ CONTRACTOR : CONTRACTOR ADDRESS:\_ LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHANGES:

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

> SH 315 PANOLA COUNTY

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. STP 2B23(019) HES

CSJ: 0462-03-050

NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY= 32,657.50 FT.= 6.185 MI.
NET LENGTH OF PROJECT= 32,657.50 FT.= 6.185 MI.

LIMITS: FM 1970 TO 0.5 MI W OF FM 348

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS CONSISTING OF RESURFACING, PROFILE CENTERLINE MARKINGS, PROFILE EDGELINE MARKINGS

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS CONSISTING OF RESURFACING, PROFILE EDGELINE MARKINGS, PROFILE CENTERLINE MARKINGS

LIMITS: 0.5 MI W OF FM 348 TO RUSK C/L

NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY= 12,924.50 FT.= 2.447 MI.
NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE = 240.00 FT.= 0.045 MI.
NET LENGTH OF PROJECT= 13,164.50 FT.= 2.493 MI.

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. F 2B23(017)

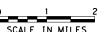
CSJ: 0462-03-048

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE HIS OWN INVESTIGATIONS AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR DELIVERY OF MATERIALS.

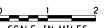
REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION OR BC SHEETS AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

> BEGIN PROJECT STA: 13+50.00 CSJ: 0462-03-050 RM: 732+0.708 =STA: 13+50.00 CONT: 0462-03-020 END PROJECT STA: 340+00.00 CSJ: 0462-03-050 348 RM: 726+0.493 BEGIN PROJECT STA: 340+00.00 CSJ: 0462-03-048 RM: 726+0.493 END PROJECT STA: 471+64.50 CSJ: 0462-03-048 RM: 724+0.024 =STA: 471+64,50 CONT: 0462-03-020

> > EXCEPTIONS: N/A EQUATIONS: STA. 239+68.40 (BK) = STA. 239+75.90 (AH) (+7.50') RAILROAD CROSSINGS: N/A



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS
LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 2022)



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Texas Department of Transportation

THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PREFORMED IN SUBSTANTIAL

P.E.

DATE

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: \_\_6/1/2023

DocuSigned by: Low K. Markin, PE. -3B337C5031074A4

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONTRACT.

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

\_6/1/2023 APPROVED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by Rebusca Llulls, PE -23686C08B28F4A0..

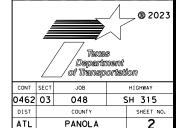
DISTRICT ENGINEER

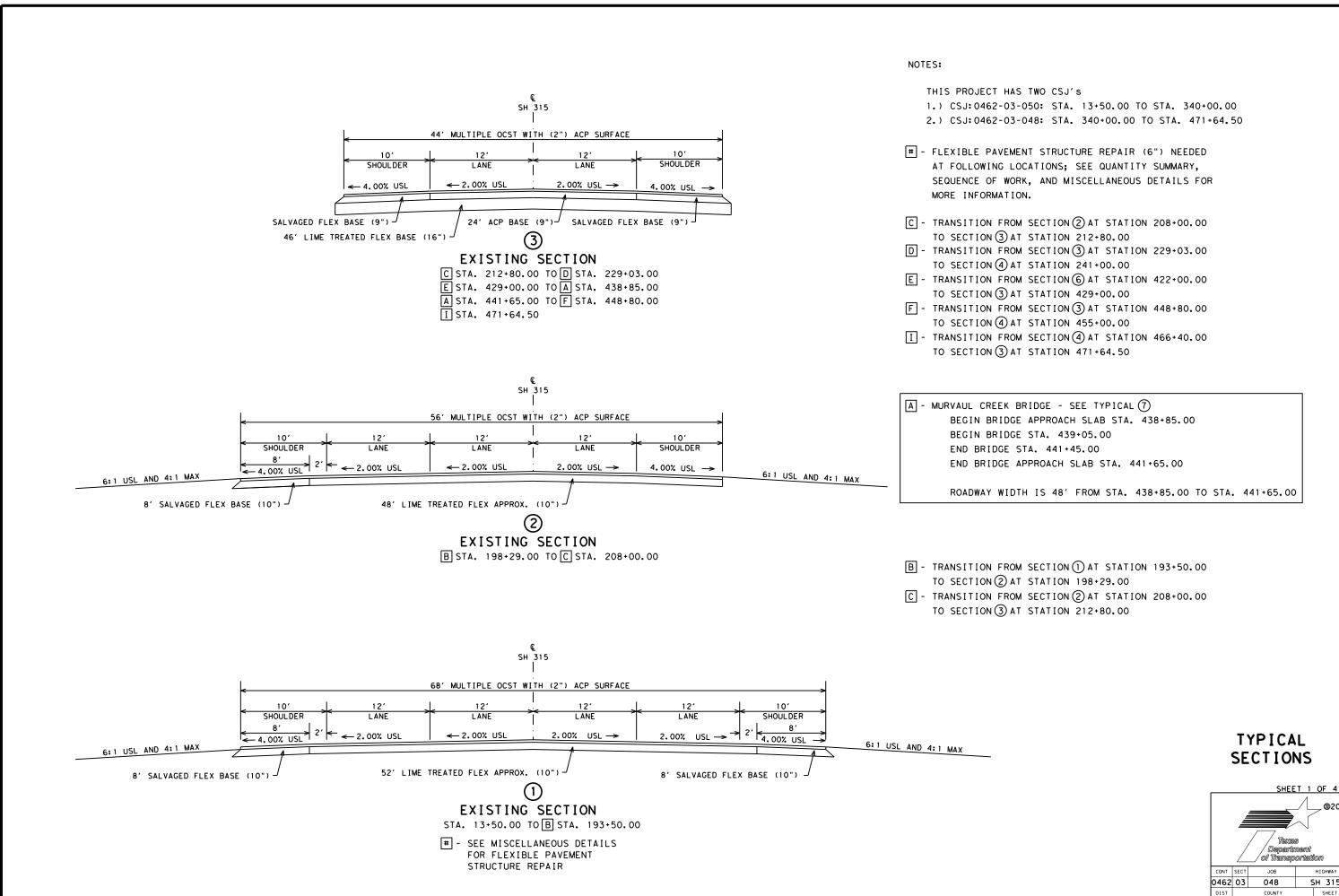
<u>s</u>	HEET	DESCRIPTION			
		GENERAL			ROADWAY AND BRIDGE DETAILS
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	2	INDEX OF SHEETS		56	BRIDGE ARMOR JOINT DETAIL
	3-6	TYPICAL SECTIONS		57	MBGF LAYOUT
	7, 7A-7E	GENERAL NOTES	#	58	SGT(10S)31-16
	8, 8A	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY	#	59	SGT(11S)31-18
	9-15	MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARIES	#	60	SGT(12S)31-18
	16-20	SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS	#	61	SGT(15S)31-20
			#	62	GF(31)-19
			#	63-64	GF(31)TR TL3-20
		TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN	#	65	GF(31)MS-19
	21	SEQUENCE OF WORK		66-68	C-RAIL-R (MOD)
	22	TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS	#	69-70	TYPE SSTR
	23	CRASH CUSHION SUMMARY SHEET			
	24	BRIDGE RAIL REPLACEMENT TCP			
#	25-36	BC(1)-21 THRU BC(12)-21			TRAFFIC ITEMS
#	37	TCP(ATL-11)-14		71-74	PAVEMENT MARKING AND PAVEMENT REMOVAL LAYOUTS
#	38	TCP(ATL-12)-14		75	SIGN DETAIL
#	39	TCP(ATL-14)-15	#	76	RS(2)-23
#	40-41	TCP(ATL-17)-15	#	77	RS(3)-23
#	42	TCP(2-1)-18	#	78	RS(4)-23
#	43	TCP(2-3)-23	#	79	D & OM(1)-20
#	44	TCP(2-4)-18	#	80	D & OM(2)-20
#	45	TCP(3-1)-13	#	81	D & OM(3)-20
#	46	TCP(3-3)-14	#	82	D & OM(5)-20
#	47	WZ(STPM)-23	#	83	D & OM(VIA)-20
#	48	WZ(UL)-13	#	84	PM(1)-22
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#	50-51	SSCB(2)-10	#	86	PM(3)-22
#	52	ABSORB(M)-19	#	87	SMD(GEN)-08
#	53	SLED-19	#	88	SMD(SLIP-1)-08
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			#	90	SMD(SLIP-3)-08
			#	91	SMD(TWT)-08
				00	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES
			#	92	ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC)
			#	93	EC(1)-16
			#	94	EC(2)-16



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH A POUND "#" HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME, OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

# INDEX OF SHEETS





NOT TO SCALE

PANOLA

€ SH 315

NOTES:

THIS PROJECT HAS TWO CSJ's

- 1.) CSJ:0462-03-050: STA. 13+50.00 TO STA. 340+00.00
- 2.) CSJ:0462-03-048: STA. 340+00.00 TO STA. 471+64.50

A - MURVAUL CREEK BRIDGE - SEE TYPICAL (7)

BEGIN BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB STA. 438+85.00

BEGIN BRIDGE STA. 439+05.00

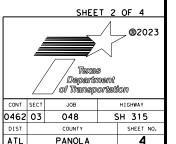
END BRIDGE STA. 441+45.00

END BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB STA. 441+65.00

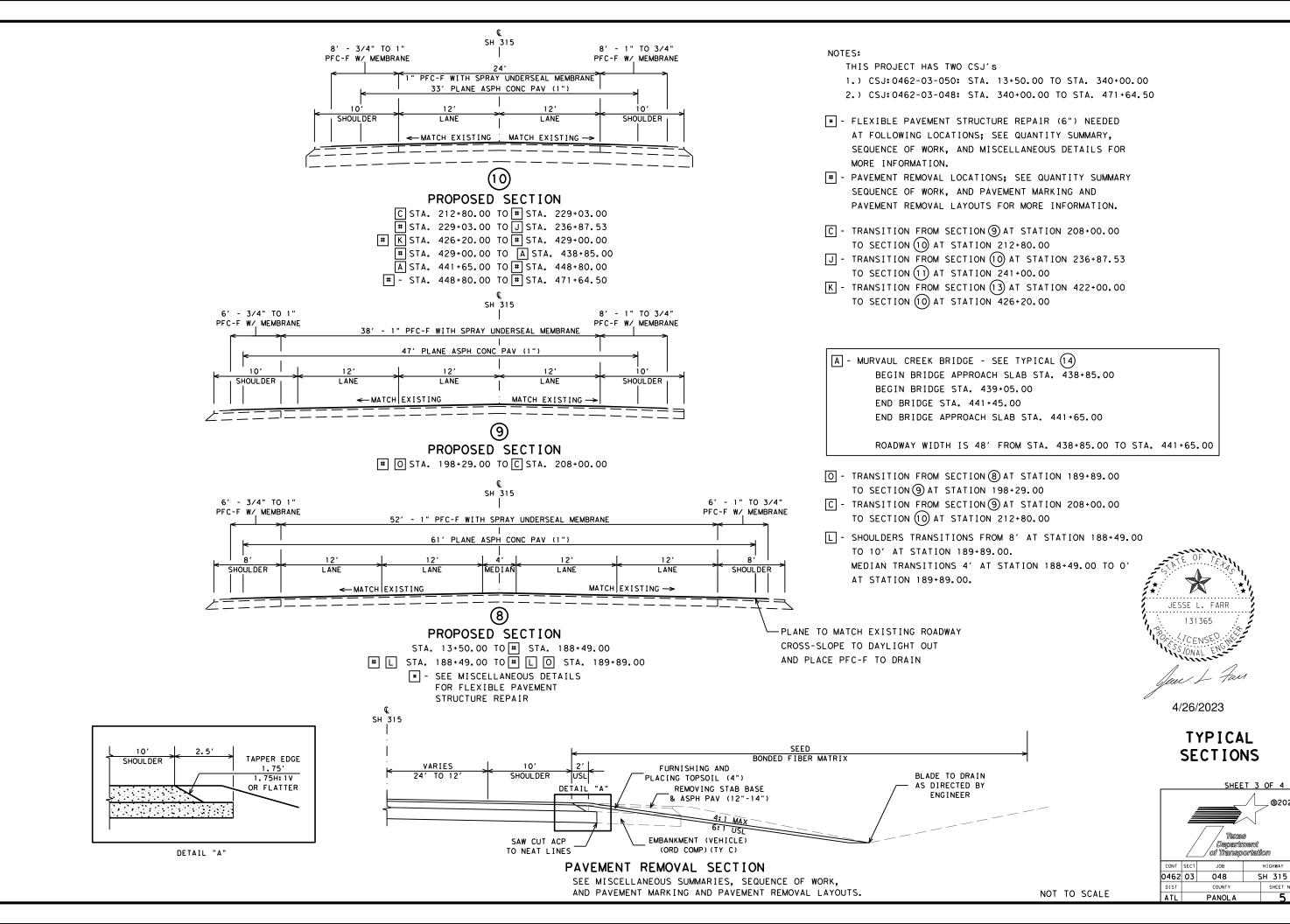
ROADWAY WIDTH IS 48' FROM STA. 438+85.00 TO STA. 441+65.00

- D TRANSITION FROM SECTION (3) AT STATION 229+03.00
  TO SECTION (4) AT STATION 241+00.00
- E TRANSITION FROM SECTION 6 AT STATION 422+00.00 TO SECTION 3 AT STATION 429+00.00
- F TRANSITION FROM SECTION (3) AT STATION 448+80.00 TO SECTION (4) AT STATION 455+00.00
- G TRANSITION FROM SECTION (4) AT STATION 257+98.00 TO SECTION (5) AT STATION 263+00.00
- H TRANSITION FROM SECTION (5) AT STATION 408+00.00 TO SECTION (6) AT STATION 418+00.00
- I TRANSITION FROM SECTION (4) AT STATION 466+40.00 TO SECTION (3) AT STATION 471+64.50

# TYPICAL SECTIONS



NOT TO SCALE



PROPOSED SECTION

# J STA. 241+00.00 TO # M STA. 257+98.00

NOTES:

THIS PROJECT HAS TWO CSJ's

- 1.) CSJ:0462-03-050: STA. 13+50.00 TO STA. 340+00.00
- 2.) CSJ:0462-03-048: STA. 340+00.00 TO STA. 471+64.50
- \* FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR (6") NEEDED
  AT FOLLOWING LOCATIONS; SEE QUANTITY SUMMARY,
  SEQUENCE OF WORK, AND MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR
  MORE INFORMATION.
- # PAVEMENT REMOVAL LOCATIONS; SEE QUANTITY SUMMARY SEQUENCE OF WORK, AND PAVEMENT MARKING AND PAVEMENT REMOVAL LAYOUTS FOR MORE INFORMATION.



A - MURVAUL CREEK BRIDGE - SEE TYPICAL (14)

BEGIN BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB STA. 438+85.00

BEGIN BRIDGE STA. 439+05.00

END BRIDGE STA. 441+45.00

END BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB STA. 441+65.00

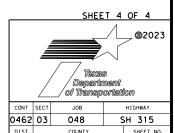
ROADWAY WIDTH IS 48' FROM STA. 438+85.00 TO STA. 441+65.00

- J TRANSITION FROM SECTION (10) AT STATION 236+87.53
  TO SECTION (11) AT STATION 241+00.00
- M TRANSITION FROM SECTION (1) AT STATION 257+98.00 TO SECTION (12) AT STATION 266+38.00
- H TRANSITION FROM SECTION (12) AT STATION 408+00.00
  TO SECTION (13) AT STATION 418+00.00
- K TRANSITION FROM SECTION (13) AT STATION 422+00.00
  TO SECTION (10) AT STATION 426+20.00
- N SHOULDER TRANSITIONS FROM 10' AT STATION 266+38.00 TO 8' AT STATION 267+78.00.

  MEDIAN TRANSITIONS O' AT STATION 266+38.00 TO 4'

  AT STATION 267+78.00.

# TYPICAL SECTIONS



NOT TO SCALE

Sheet:

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

#### **General Requirements and Covenants:**

Note the Hazardous Materials Report for this bridge is available upon request at the Atlanta District HO.

An inspection to determine the presence of asbestos was performed on Murvaul Creek bridge structure with the following results: None found

An inspection to determine the presence of lead-based paint was performed on Murvaul Creek bridge structure with the following results: Lead based paint was found on steel expansion joint plates

The following standard detail sheets have been modified: *C-RAIL-R (MOD)* 

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individuals:

Jacob Vise – Area Engineer

Jacob. Vise (a) Txdot.gov

Ryan Griffin – Assistant Area Engineer

Ryan. Griffin (a) Txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Control: 0462-03-048 County: PANOLA Highway: SH 315

#### **ITEM 5 – Control of the Work:**

Place construction points, stakes, and marks at intervals of no more than 100 ft., or as directed. Place stakes and marks so as not to interfere with normal maintenance operations.

Sheet: 7

#### **ITEM 6 - Control of Material:**

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

#### ITEM 7 – Legal Relations and Responsibilities:

This project is considered a maintenance activity and is exempt from the Construction General Permit (CGP) coverage.

The Contractor will not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests.

No significant traffic generator events.

#### ITEM 8 – Prosecution and Progress:

Working days will be charged in accordance with Section 8.3.1.4, "Standard Workweek".

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Control: 0462-03-048 County: PANOLA

Highway: SH 315

#### ITEM 132 – Embankment:

Furnish material with an organic content less than 1.0%. The Engineer will test using UV-VIS equipment and procedure determined by TxDOT. Allow two weeks for testing.

**Sheet:** 

Compact subgrade in earth cut sections, in accordance with section 132.3.4.1 Ordinary Compaction.

Test borrow sources and furnish results to the Engineer.

Remove deleterious material, organic matter, and sediment, etc., from all ponds, lakes, sloughs, channels, and existing roadway ditches prior to placement of embankment. This work will be subsidiary to this item.

Drill or dig one or more holes for thickness measurement, refill, and re-compact material at the location and frequency as directed. This work is considered subsidiary to this item.

#### ITEM 150 - Blading:

Compact subgrade in accordance with Section 132.3.4.1 Ordinary Compaction.

Excavate to facilitate drainage as directed.

#### ITEM 160 – Topsoil:

Finish slopes with a tracked vehicle running vertically up and down the slope.

General Notes Sheet C

Control: 0462-03-048 Sheet: 7A

County: PANOLA Highway: SH 315

#### **ITEM 164 – Seeding for Erosion Control:**

#### PERMANENT PLANTING MIXTURE

Species and Rates (lb. PLS/ac.)

(Season: February 1 to May 15)
Green Sprangletop 0.4
Bermudagrass 2.4
Sand Lovegrass 1.0
Lance-Leaf Coreopsis 1.25

(Season: September 1 to November 30)

Bermuda (Unhulled) 12 Crimson Clover 10

#### TEMPORARY SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL

Warm Season (Season: May 15 to August 31)

Bermudagrass 6 Foxtail Millet 34

Cool Season

(Season: September 1 to November 30)

Tall Fescue 4.5 Oats 24 Wheat 34

Adjust the seeding mixture and rates if directed.

Inoculate crimson clover seed with a legume inoculant. Sow inoculated seed dry, with either hand operated or mechanical equipment, after the fertilizer is placed.

Do not use Bahia grass.

Use broadcast seeding for temporary erosion control, when and as directed. This will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to the various bid items.

Use additional temporary seeding if permanent seeding is placed outside the optimum growing season shown for this item, if directed.

Finish slopes with a tracked vehicle running vertically up and down the slope.

General Notes Sheet D

Mow tall growing vegetation as directed, to provide optimum growing conditions for temporary or permanent seeded areas in accordance with Item 730 "Roadside Mowing" except for measurement and payment. This work will be subsidiary to pertinent bid items.

**Sheet:** 

Repair mulch sod, damaged by causes other than the Contractor's operations, as directed using mulch sod, seeding, and fertilizer. This work will be measured and paid for in accordance with the applicable bid items of the contract.

#### **ITEM 166 - Fertilizer:**

When seeding between September 1 and January 1, place one-half of the amount of fertilizer specified for seeding with the seeds and place the remainder the following spring unless otherwise directed. When seeding is placed between January 1 and June 1, place one-half the amount of fertilizer specified for seeding with the seeds and place the remainder 30 days later unless otherwise directed.

Apply fertilizer (13-13-13) at a rate of 300 lbs. /5000 sq. yds.

#### **ITEM 354 – Planing and Texturing Pavement:**

Allow traffic to run on milled surface of shoulders for 1 week prior to the placement of the final layer of 1" PFC-F from Sta. 263+00.00 to Sta. 408+00.00 - both sides.

#### ITEM 420 – Concrete Substructures:

Chamfer or tool exposed edges or joints of concrete as directed.

#### ITEM 421 – Hydraulic Cement Concrete:

The Department will furnish and maintain concrete compressive strength testing equipment.

Elevate beam tanks as directed.

When a curing tank is provided the following information must be provided. All items must always be clearly legible and visible from all directions.

- Post and maintain the message "Caution Lime Solution, Eye and Skin Irritant".
- Provide a copy of the SDS sheet for the lime in use.

Control: 0462-03-048 Sheet: 7B

County: PANOLA Highway: SH 315

• Provide the personal protective equipment (PPE) listed below for Department use only: Face shield, a pair of chemical gloves at least 18 inches in length and a chemical apron. Store the SDS sheet and PPE in a clean dry location adjacent to the curing tank.

• Provide an eye wash station capable of providing a 15-minute flush as required by the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). The eye wash station shall be located within ten feet of the curing tank. When a tank heater is required ensure that all electrical wiring, receptacles, and devices meet National Electrical Code and Underwriters Laboratories Inc. requirements.

#### ITEM 427 – Surface Finishes for Concrete:

Provide a rub finish for surface area III.

#### ITEM 432 - Riprap:

Provide ½" expansion joint material with an area equal to the area of contact between the two concrete surfaces. The joint material will be visually inspected for approval.

#### ITEM 440 – Reinforcement for Concrete:

All bridge rail reinforcing steel shall be epoxy coated except for (#6) and (#4) anchor bars used for the adhesive anchorage system as stated on sheet C-RAIL-R (MOD).

#### ITEM 502 – Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling:

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Install temporary rumble strips in accordance with WZ(RS) wherever short duration or short-term stationary lane closures are in place and workers are present.

The Contractor's responsible person (CRP) will be responsible for ensuring that the signs and traffic control devices are in place and functioning properly.

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

The CRP will inspect and ensure any deficiencies are corrected each and every day throughout the duration of this contract. Notify the Engineer in writing of the name, address, and telephone number of this employee or these employees.

**Sheet:** 

No partial lane widths are to remain unplaned at the end of each day's planing operations. Plane only a length of roadway that can be completed a full lane width by the end of the working day.

Begin ACP laydown operations after the planing operations as soon as it is feasible. At no time will the length of exposed planed pavement exceed 2 miles beyond the ACP laydown operation. The distance that the planing operation is ahead of the ACP laydown operation may be adjusted by the Engineer.

Length of lane closures will be as directed based on the demonstrated ability to prosecute the work within the closed section.

Plan and coordinate ACP placements so that traffic lanes will not be left with open longitudinal joints for more than 2 days placement.

Maintenance of driveways and intersections will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to the pertinent bid items.

Restrict the movement of equipment across traffic lanes to an absolute minimum.

Use strobe lights or rotating beacons on all motorized equipment, operating on or adjacent to the road surface.

Place and maintain U.S. mailboxes within project limits in such a manner as to ensure continuous mail service. See BC Standard for more information.

#### <u>ITEM 506 – Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental</u> Controls:

Sprinkle water for dust control. Meet the requirements of Item 204, "Sprinkling" except for measurement and payment. Sprinkling will be considered subsidiary to this Item.

Provide the following Item(s), as directed, to be used for erosion and water pollution control measures and any additional erosion or water pollution control measure deemed necessary by the Engineer:

Temporary sediment control fence

Provide and install additional erosion or water pollution control measures deemed necessary by the Engineer as prescribed by this item and in accordance with the appropriate specification. Payment for erosion control measures for which applicable pay items are not included in the Control: 0462-03-048 Sheet: 7C

County: PANOLA Highway: SH 315

Contract shall be made in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method".

#### ITEM 512 – Portable Traffic Barrier:

Replace any traffic barrier which, in the opinion of the engineer, is damaged to the extent that it is no longer serviceable. This work will be measured and paid for in accordance with item 512, "Portable Concrete Traffic Barrier."

#### ITEM 540 – Metal Beam Guard Fence:

Furnish round timber posts unless otherwise shown.

Place sufficient dry batch concrete mix in holes to ensure minimum of 2-inch embedment of tubes and posts.

#### <u>ITEM 544 – Guardrail End Treatments:</u>

Place sufficient dry batch concrete mix in holes to ensure minimum of 2-inch embedment of tubes and posts.

#### ITEM 585 – Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces:

Use surface test Type B pay adjustment schedule 3 to evaluate ride quality of the travel lanes in accordance with this Item.

#### <u> ITEM 644 – Small Road Sign Assemblies:</u>

Type A signs will be made of flat aluminum.

Existing sign assemblies will be removed after the proposed sign is installed. Contractor will leave existing sign in place while proposed sign goes up. The existing sign will be removed immediately after the proposed sign is installed.

For this project, the standard triangular slip base two bolt casting will be used. This casting must be furnished from an approved manufacturer.

Erect the proposed signs an appropriate distance from adjacent signs in accordance with the Texas MUTCD, as directed and as shown on the plans.

General Notes Sheet G Sheet H

**Sheet:** 

Verify the elevation difference between the edge of the travel lane and bottom of the sign.

Do not remove existing sign assemblies until signs are ready to be installed on new mounts.

#### ITEM 658 – Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies:

Install only round posts meeting the requirements of DMS-4400 or as directed.

#### **ITEM 662 – Work Zone Pavement Markings:**

Non-removable pavement markings may be paint and beads.

#### ITEM 677 – Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers:

Furnish a high-pressure water blasting system for removing paint, thermoplastic, epoxy, and preformed tape materials from the following surfaces without causing any grooves or trenching of that surface, including asphalt, concrete, friction coarse asphalt, grooved asphalt, and grooved concrete.

Use a high-pressure water blasting system that consist of a vacuum recovery system that must provide for a nearly dry surface eliminating the possibility of uncontained run-off blasting water and debris.

All components required for the complete operation of the water blasting system – Ultra High Pressure (UHP) pump, vacuum system, clean water supply, vacuum recovery storage, blasting components will be mounted and transported on a single, fully self-contained and supporting truck chassis, thereby eliminating the need for any additional water, vacuum, or other transport vehicles.

#### **ITEM 3082 – Thin Bonded Friction Courses:**

Notify the pavement Engineer within two weeks in order to coordinate testing related to tack coat pull – off strength for bridge deck.

Control: 0462-03-048 Sheet: 7D

**County: PANOLA** Highway: SH 315

#### ITEM 6001 – Portable Changeable Message Sign:

Portable Changeable Message signs will be used on this contract. The Portable Changeable Message Signs will be used in advance of signal work where changing conditions may warrant the use of message boards. They may also be required at other locations as directed by the Engineer. The Engineer will provide the Contractor with the location and the messages to be displayed for each specific event. The Engineer or his representative will inspect each location once the Contractor has placed the message boards to verify that the placement and message is correct. The Contractor will change the message board location and modify the message being displayed as directed before leaving the location to the satisfaction of the Engineer or his representative. The Portable Changeable Message Signs will be paid for by the day after installed and fully operational. All locations that the Contractor will be called upon to use the Portable Changeable Message Signs will be for a minimum of 10 days. The Engineer will notify the Contractor when the Portable Changeable Message Signs are needed, and the Contractor will have the Portable Changeable Message Signs on location and fully operational in 5 working days. In cases of emergency the Contractor will have the Portable Changeable Message Signs on location and fully operational in 3 working days. Refer to traffic control plan sheets for typical temporary portable changeable message sign layout.

#### ITEM 6056 – Preformed In-Lane (Transvers)/Centerline Rumble Strips:

Supply all equipment and materials necessary for placement of In-Lane or Transverse Rumble

Use transverse rumble strips as centerline rumble strips and edge line rumble strips. The rumble strips will be black in color.

Place rumble strips as 12-inch segments centered on 5-foot spacings as shown on the In-Lane or Transverse Rumble Strip Details Sheet.

Ensure strict placement for centering and aligning all centerline transverse rumble strips. Placement of material will be strictly enforced. Irregular bars not centered or aligned properly will not be accepted.

Do not place pavement markings until rumble strips are accepted by written acceptance.

Provide a 90-day performance period that begins the day following written acceptance for each separate location. The written acceptance does not constitute final acceptance.

Replacement of all In-Lane or Transverse Rumble Strips within in a separate location will be required when 30% loss of an individual rumble strips exists on 20% of the length of a location or when 500 mil thickness is not maintained. Visual evaluation will be used for these determinations. Upon request, the Engineer will allow a Contractor representative to accompany the Engineer on these evaluations.

General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J Control: 0462-03-048

County: PANOLA Highway: SH 315

Replace all In-Lane or Transverse Rumble Strips identified during the performance period within 30 days after notification. The end of the performance period does not relive the Contractor from the performance deficiencies requiring corrective action identified during the performance period.

**Sheet:** 

No additional payment will be made for replacement of In-Lane or Transverse Rumble Strips failing to meet the performance requirements.

#### ITEM 6149 – All-Weather Thermoplastic Pavement Markings:

Atlanta District – Traffic Engineer will determine passing and no-passing zones.

A mobile unit will be required to take reflectivity readings, readings will be taken on all lines in both directions. The mobile reflectivity readings will not be paid for separately but will be subsidiary to this bid item. Strict compliance with report output will be exercised in accordance to this general note. Information for each road must be together in the same file and submitted on a USB thumb drive. Submit a table of contents for each USB thumb drive. Each thumb drive will contain a customer interactive report that generates a color-coded map where the user can verify passing and failing sections of roadway. The color-coded map should match the color-coded graphs generated by the data in the computer. The graphs should have a color-coded portion or shaded area representing failing and passing. The map should be standard Google earth maps or equal. Reports need to be in numerical order by reference number, concurrent with direction, labeled and separated by color, and include the posting date. The format will require prior acceptance by the Engineer.

Use a mobile retroreflectometer that is prequalified at the Texas A&M Transportation Institute test facility. The prequalification is at the contractor's expense.

The required values of wet and dry readings will be strictly measured within this contract as per manufacturer's recommendations.

Adjustments to locations of no passing zones will be determined by the Department.

Install a seal coat RPM cover or any other method approved on any line having Raised Pavement Markers. Remove and dispose of the covers after the stripe is complete.

Placement of markings in proper alignment will be strictly enforced. Irregular lines placed on both sides of the existing markings or pilot line will not be accepted.

Control: 0462-03-048 Sheet: 7E

County: PANOLA Highway: SH 315

ITEM DESCRIPTION

Embankment (Type C)

132

#### ITEM 6185-Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA):

The shadow vehicle with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) will not be optional but will be required as shown on the appropriate traffic control plan sheets.

A total of one (1) shadow vehicle with TMA will be required for work. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA's needed for the project.

A total of two (2) shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for Pavement Marking Operations.

# SPECIFICATION DATA TEST TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TEST METHODS

GRADING REQUIREMENTS
PERCENT RETAINED - SIEVES SOIL CONSTANTS
L.L P.I.
2-1/2" 1-3/4" No. 4 No. 40 MAX. MAX. MIN.
50 25 4

General Notes Sheet K General Notes Sheet L



## **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0462-03-048

**DISTRICT** Atlanta **HIGHWAY** SH 315

**COUNTY** Panola

Report Created On: May 31, 2023 10:32:44

		CATEGORY OF	CATEGORY OF WORK Roadway Barricades Mobilization Bridge 191830040		ades	zation	Bridge 19183004	e NBI: 16203020	Force A	Account	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	] ESI.	FINAL
	104-6054	REMOVING CONCRETE(MOW STRIP)	LF	500.000										500.000	
	105-6095	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (12"-14")	SY	3,295.000										3,295.000	
	132-6021	EMBANKMENT (VEHICLE)(ORD COMP)(TY C)	CY	1,230.000										1,230.000	
	150-6001	BLADING	STA	61.200										61.200	
	160-6003	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	SY	23,649.000										23,649.000	
	164-6001	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (SANDY)	SY	1,140.000										1,140.000	
	164-6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	12,396.000										12,396.000	
	164-6011	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	12,396.000										12,396.000	
	164-6054	BOND FBR MTRX SEED (PERM)(RURAL)(SAND)	SY	23,649.000										23,649.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	792.000										792.000	
	351-6002	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(6")	SY	2,796.000										2,796.000	
	354-6043	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1")	SY	277,216.000										277,216.000	
	354-6134	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (0" TO 1/2" MICRO)	SY	1,493.000										1,493.000	
	432-6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	54.000										54.000	
	438-6004	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS(CL7)	LF							350.000				350.000	
	438-6005	CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS	LF							335.000				335.000	
	451-6024	RETROFIT RAIL (TY SSTR)	LF							506.000				506.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS					1.000						1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО			13.000								13.000	
	506-6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	80.000										80.000	
	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	80.000										80.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	2,530.000										2,530.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	2,530.000										2,530.000	
	512-6001	PORT CTB (FUR & INST)(SGL SLOPE)(TY 1)	LF	660.000										660.000	
	512-6025	PORT CTB (MOVE)(SGL SLP)(TY 1)	LF	660.000										660.000	
	512-6049	PORT CTB (REMOVE)(SGL SLP)(TY 1)	LF	660.000										660.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	500.000										500.000	
	540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	4.000										4.000	
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	300.000										300.000	
	544-6003	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	EA	4.000										4.000	
	544-6004	GDRAIL END TRT(INST)(WOOD POST)(TY I)	EA	4.000										4.000	
	545-6003	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (MOVE & RESET)	EA	2.000										2.000	
	545-6005	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (REMOVE)	EA	2.000										2.000	
	545-6019	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL)(S)(N)(TL3)	EA	2.000										2.000	
	644-6007	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(U)	EA	1.000										1.000	
	644-6027	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P)	EA	1.000										1.000	
	644-6060	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(P)	EA	42.000										42.000	
	644-6061	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(T)	EA	2.000										2.000	
	644-6071	RELOCATE SM RD SN SUP&AM TY TWT	EA	1.000										1.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	41.000										41.000	





## **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0462-03-048

**DISTRICT** Atlanta **HIGHWAY** SH 315

**COUNTY** Panola

CATEGORY OF		F WORK Roadway		<i>ı</i> ay	Barr	icades	Mobilization		Bridge NBI: 191830046203020		Force Account		TOTAL	TOTAL FINAL	
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL
	658-6014	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	EA	4.000										4.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	6.000										6.000	
	662-6005	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)6"(BRK)	LF	51,820.000										51,820.000	
	662-6008	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	LF	314,260.000										314,260.000	
	662-6035	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(BRK)	LF	3,010.000										3,010.000	
	662-6037	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	481,960.000										481,960.000	
	662-6064	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(BRK)	LF	7,749.000										7,749.000	
	662-6096	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(BRK)	LF	20,880.000										20,880.000	
	668-6077	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	EA	8.000										8.000	
	668-6108	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (Y) (24") (SLD)	LF	94.000										94.000	
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	862.000										862.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	2,588.000										2,588.000	
	677-6002	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (6")	LF	66,590.000										66,590.000	
	3082-6001	TBPFC (MEMBRANE)	GAL	83,697.000										83,697.000	
	3082-6002	TBPFC PG76-22 SAC-A	TON	13,810.000										13,810.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000										2.000	
	6056-6001	PREFORMED IN-LANE(TRANS) RUMBLE STRIP	LF	18,330.000										18,330.000	
	6056-6002	PREFORMED CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIP	LF	15,556.000										15,556.000	
	6149-6004	REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	LF	91,650.000										91,650.000	
-	6149-6005	REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (BRK) (100MIL)	LF	17,190.000										17,190.000	
	6149-6010	REFL PAV MRK AWT (Y) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	LF	146,200.000										146,200.000	
	6149-6011	REFL PAV MRK AWT (Y) 6" (BRK) (100MIL)	LF	1,180.000										1,180.000	
(	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	125.000										125.000	
(	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	57.000										57.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)										1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)										1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Atlanta	Panola	0462-03-048	8A

PAVEMENT REPAIR SUMMARY										
			351							
STA	STATION TO STATION									
			SY							
CSJ:0	462-03-050 - PHA	ASE I								
1 210+75.00	TO	221+50.00	1,496							
CSJ '	TOTAL: 0462-03-	050	1,496							
CSJ:0	462-03-048 - PHA	ASE I								
1 384+75.00	TO	394+50.00	1,300							
CSJ	1,300									
PF	2,796									

<sup>1.</sup> SP-C PG70-22 - SEE EXISTING TYPICAL SECTIONS, SEQUENCE OF WORK, AND MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR MORE INFORMATION.

					PAVEM	ENT REMOVA	L SUMMAR	Υ					
			105	132	150	160	164	164	164	506	506	506	506
			6095	6021	6001	6003	6009	6011	6054	6002	6011	6038	6039
STATION TO STATION			REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (12"- 14")	STAB BASE & (VEHICLE)(ORD ASPH PAV (12"-		FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	BOND FBR MTRX SEED (PERM)(RURAL) (SAND)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
			SY	CY	STA	SY	SY	SY	SY	LF	LF	LF	LF
CSJ:	:0462-03-050 - Ph	HASE II											
189+89.00	TO	198+29.00	241	87	8.90	2,021	1,011	1,011	2,021	10	10	15	15
4 229+03.00	TO	4 241+00.00	489	177	12.55	6,541	3,271	3,271	6,541	10	10	170	170
257+98.00	TO	266+38.00	224	81	8.90	3,241	1,621	1,621	3,241	10	10	15	15
CS	J TOTAL: 0462-0	3-050	954	-	30.35	11,803	-	-	11,803	30	30	12 -	12 -
CSJ:	:0462-03-048 - Ph	HASE II											
422+00.00	TO	429+00.00	186	67	7.50	2,020	1,010	1,010	2,020	10	10	780	780
448+80.00	TO	460+00.00	1,041	376	11.45	5,312	2,656	2,656	5,312	20	20	200	200
460+00.00	TO	471+64.50	1,114	402	11.90	4,514	2,257	2,257	4,514	20	20	1,050	1,050
CS.	CSJ TOTAL: 0462-03-048		2,341	-	30.85	11,846	-	-	11,846	50	50	12 -	12 -
F	PROJECT TOTALS:			-	61.20	23,649	-	-	23,649	80	80	-	-

- 2. ALL QUANTITES HAVE A BULKING (SWELL) FACTOR OF 30%.
- 3. SEE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND EROSION CONTROL SUMMARY FOR PROJECT TOTALS.
- 4. EQUATION AT LOCATION STA. 239+68.40 (BK) = STA. 239+75.90 (AH) (+7.50 FT).
- 7. ADDITIONAL 25 LF OF BLADING WAS ACCOUNTED FOR BOTH SIDES OF STATION LIMITS.
- 8. SEE BRIDGE SUMMARY FOR PROJECT TOTALS.
- 12. SEE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND EROSION CONTROL SUMMARY FOR ADDITION QUANTITIES.

				ROA	ADWAY SUMI	MARY					
			3082	30	82	354	354	6001	6185	6185	
			6001	60	02	6043	6134	6002	6002	6005	
STA	ATION TO STA	TION	TBPFC (MEMBRANE)	TBPFC PG7	6-22 SAC-A	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1")	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (0" TO 1/2" MICRO)	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	
			GAL	TON	TON	SY	SY	EA	DAY	DAY	
	RATE		0.28 GAL/SY	95.00 LB/SY	83.13 LB/SY						
CSJ:0	CSJ:0462-03-050 - PHASE VI										
13+50.00	TO	188+49.00	34,843	4,803	970	118,604					
188+49.00	TO	189+89.00	279	38	8	949					
189+89.00	TO	198+29.00	1,516	200	50	5,040					
198+29.00	TO	208+00.00	1,571	195	63	5,071					
208+00.00	TO	212+80.00	687	79	33	2,133					
212+80.00	TO	229+03.00	2,020	206	120	5,951		1	38	28	
229+03.00	TO	236+87.53	976	99	58	2,877					
4 236+87.53	TO	4 241+00.00	601	67	31	1,820		1			
241+00.00	TO	257+98.00	2,747	323	126	8,490		1			
257+98.00	TO	266+38.00	1,516	195	54	4,947					
266+38.00	TO	340+00.00	14,659	2,021	408	49,898					
CSJ	TOTAL: 0462-	03-050	61,415	8,226	1,921	205,780	0	1	38	28	
CSJ:0-	462-03-048 - P	HASE VI									
340+00.00	TO	408+00.00	13,540	1,866	377	46,089					
408+00.00	TO	418+00.00	1,804	232	65	5,889					
418+00.00	TO	422+00.00	647	76	30	2,000					
422+00.00	TO	426+20.00	601	67	31	1,820					
426+20.00	TO	429+00.00	348	36	21	1,027		1	87	29	
429+00.00	TO	438+85.00	1,226	125	73	3,612					
6 438+85.00	TO	6 441+65.00	383	41	21		9 1,493				
441+65.00	TO	448+80.00	890	91	53	2,622					
448+80.00	TO	471+64.50	2,843	289	169	8,377					
CSJ	TOTAL: 0462-	03-048	22,282	2,823	840	71,436	1,493	1	87	29	
PI	PROJECT TOTALS:			13,	810	277,216	1,493	2	125	57	

- 4. EQUATION AT LOCATION STA. 239+68.40 (BK) = STA. 239+75.90 (AH) (+7.50 FT).
- 5. PG 76 MIXTURES TO BE FINE (PFC-F).
- 6. MURVAUL CREEK BRIDGE; SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 9. PHASE IV
- 10. TO BE USED FOR BOTH PROJECTS.
- 11. THIS QUANTITY IS FOR TWO TMA'S SEE GENERAL NOTES FOR MORE INFORMATION.



		SHEET	1	OF	7
CONT	SE	CT	JC	)B	HIGHWAY
0462	0	3	04	18	SH 315
DIST	RICT	C	OUNTY		SHEET
A <sup>-</sup>	ΓL	P/	NOLA		9

BRIDGE SUMMARY													
	104	132	432	438	438	451	540	540	542	544	544	658	658
	6054	6021	6045	6004	6005	6024	6001	6006	6001	6003	6004	6014	6062
STATION TO STATION	REMOVING CONCRETE (MOW STRIP)	EMBANKMENT (VEHICLE)(ORD COMP)(TY C)	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS(CL7)	CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS		MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE- BEAM)	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	GDRAIL END TRT(INST) (WOOD POST)(TY 1)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)
	LF	CY	CY	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA
CSJ:0462-03-050 - PHASE II													
PAVEMENT REMOVAL SUMMARY		345											
CSJ TOTAL: 0462-03-050	0	345	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CSJ:0462-03-048 - PHASE II													
PAVEMENT REMOVAL SUMMARY		845											
CSJ:0462-03-048 - PHASE III				PHASE V	PHASE VII								
435+99.75 TO 436+54.75													
436+54.75 TO 438+85.00	250	20	27				250	2	150	2	2		
438+85.00 TO 439+05.00	200					13	200	_		_	_	_	_
1 439+05.00 TO 1 441+45.00				350	335	480						4	6
441+45.00 TO 441+65.00 441+65.00 TO 444+15.25	250	20	27			13	250	2	150	2	2		
444+15.25 TO 444+70.25													
CSJ TOTAL: 0462-03-048	500	885	54	350	335	506	500	4	300	4	4	4	6
PROJECT TOTALS:	500	1,230	54	350	335	506	500	4	300	4	4	4	6

- 1. MURVUAL CREEK BRIDGE SEE TYPICALS SECTIONS AND MBGF LAYOUT FOR MORE INFORMATION.
  2. QUANTITY IS FOR GRADING APPROACH TAPER AND FOR ADDITONAL BACKFILLING OF MOWSTRIP; SEE GF(31)MS-19 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

TRAFFIC BARRIER AND EROSION CONTROL SUMMARY													
	164	164	164		168	506	506	512	512	512	545	545	545
	6001	6009	6011		6001	6038	6039	6001	6025	6049	6019	6003	6005
STATION TO STATION	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (SANDY)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	3 FERTILIZER	VEGETATIVE WATERING	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	SLOPE)(TY 1)	PORT CTB (MOVE)(SGL SLP)(TY 1)	PORT CTB (REMOVE)(SGL SLP)(TY 1)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL)(S)(N)(TL3)	-	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	SY	TON	MG	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA
RATE				300 LB PER 5,000 SY	80 MG PER 5,000 SY								
CSJ:0462-03-050 - PHASE II													
PAVEMENT REMOVAL SUMMARY		5,903	5,903	5 6 0.71	5 6 377	200	200						
CSJ TOTAL: 0462-03-050	0	5,903	5,903	0.71	377	200	200	0	0	0	0	0	0
CSJ:0462-03-048 - PHASE II													
PAVEMENT REMOVAL SUMMARY		5,923	5,923	5 6 0.71	5 6 379	2,030	2,030						
CSJ:0462-03-048 - PHASE III													
435+99.75 TO 436+54.75 436+54.75 TO 438+85.00 438+85.00 TO 439+05.00	570	285	285	5 0.03	18	4 150	4 150				1	1	1
1 439+05.00 TO 1 441+45.00								660	660	660			
441+45.00 TO 441+65.00													
441+65.00 TO 444+15.25	570	285	285	5 0.03	18	4 150	4 150						
444+15.25 TO 444+70.25											1	1	1
CSJ TOTAL: 0462-03-048	1,140	6,493	6,493	0.77	415	2,330	2,330	660	660	660	2	2	2
PROJECT TOTALS:	1,140	12,396	12,396	1.48	792	2,530	2,530	660	660	660	2	2	2

- 1. MURVUAL CREEK BRIDGE SEE TYPICALS SECTIONS AND BRIDGE RAIL REPLACEMENT TCP FOR MORE INFORMATION. 3. FOR CONTRACTOR INFORMATION ONLY.
- 4. QUANTITY IS FOR MBGF REPLACEMENT AT MURVUAL CREEK BRIDGE.
- 5. QUANTITY IS NOT SHOWN ON THE PAVEMENT REMOVAL SUMMARY.
- 6. QUANTITY HAS BEEN INCREASE FOR BID ITEM 164-6054 SEE PAVEMENT REMOVAL SUMMARY FOR MORE INFORMATION.
  7. SEE ROADWAY SUMMARY FOR ADDITIONAL QUANITITES.



	SHEET 2	OF /	
CONT	SECT	JOB	SHEET
0462	03	048	
DISTRICT	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	10
ATL	PANOLA	SH315	

						PAVEMENT N	IARKING SU	MMARY					
				662	662	662	662	662	662	668	668	672	672
STAT	ION TO STA	ATION	LENGTH	6005  WK ZN PAV  MRK NON-  REMOV  (W)6"(BRK)	6008  WK ZN PAV  MRK NON-  REMOV  (W)6"(SLD)	6035 WK ZN PAV MRK NON- REMOV (Y)6"(BRK)	6037  WK ZN PAV  MRK NON-  REMOV  (Y)6"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(BRK)	3 WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(BRK)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	6108  PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (Y) (24") (SLD)	6007 REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	6009 REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A- A
			FT	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	LF	EA	EA
0.0	10400 00 4	250											
	SJ:0462-03-0	PAV REPAIR											
210+75.00	TO	221+50.00	1,075.00		1,075	540							
	OTAL - PH		1,010.00	_								•	_
	J:0462-03-0			0	1,075	540	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SJ:0462-03-0												
PHASE I - I 384+75.00	FLEXIBLE F	2AV REPAIR 394+50.00	975.00	250	975								
	OTAL - PH		975.00										
	J:0462-03-0			250	975	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SJ:0462-03-0		i I	I	i	I	i	I	ī	i	· I		
	II - PAV RE												
189+89.00	TO	198+29.00	840.00		840								
1 229+03.00	TO	1 241+00.00	1 1,204.53		1,205								
257+98.00	TO	266+38.00	840.00		840								
	OTAL - PH/ J:0462-03-0			0	2,885	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CS	SJ:0462-03-0	)48											
	II - PAV RE												
422+00.00	TO	429+00.00	700.00		700								
448+80.00	TO OTAL - PHA	471+64.50	2,284.50		2,285								
	J:0462-03-0			0	2,985	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SJ:0462-03-0												
PHASE III -													
4 412+10.00	TO	4 463+50.00	5,140.00		10,280		12,070						302
DUASE III I	BDIDGE DA	IL (RT SIDE)											
4 417+00.00		4 468+40.00	5,140.00		20,560	1,290	12,070						367
	OTAL - PHA		0,110.00	_				_	_	_			
	J:0462-03-0			0	30,840	1,290	24,140	0	0	0	0	0	669
CS	SJ:0462-03-0	)48											
		NE BRIDGE											
4 438+85.00		4 441+65.00	280.00		560		560		126				7
	OTAL - PHA J:0462-03-0			0	560	0	560	0	126	0	0	0	7
CS	SJ:0462-03-0	050											
PHASE VI - F			1	2	2		2		1				
13+50.00	TO	187+00.00	17,350.00	17,160	69,400		138,800						
187+00.00	TO	200+00.00	1,300.00	740	5,200		6,360						
200+00.00	TO	215+00.00	1,500.00	400	6,000		6,000						
1 215+00.00	TO	1 241+00.00	1 2,607.53	4.000	10,430		10,430						
241+00.00 268+00.00	TO TO	268+00.00 340+00.00	2,700.00 7,200.00	1,380 7,200	10,800 28,800		11,450 57,600		-				
SUB-TO	OTAL - PHA 5J:0462-03-0	SE IV -	1,200.00	26,880	130,630	0	230,640	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SUB-TOT	AL: 0462-03-050		26,880	134,590	540	230,640	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SUB-TOT	AL: 0462-03-048		250	35,360	1,290	24,700	0	126	0	0	0	676

- 1. EQUATION AT LOCATION STA. 239+68.40 (BK) = STA. 239+75.90 (AH) (+7.50 FT). 2. QUANTITYS ARE DOUBLED FOR PHASE VI PLANING OPERATION AND PFC-F PLACEMENT
- 3. SEE WZ(STPM)-23 FOR MORE INFORMATION.
  4. MURVAUL CREEK BRIDGE BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB STA. 438+85.00 TO BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB STA. 441+65.00



5	SHEET 3	OF 7	
CONT	SECT	JOB	SHEET
0462	03	048	
DISTRICT	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	11
ATL	PANOLA	SH315	

					PAVEM	ENT MARKIN	G SUMMAR	Y (CONTINUE	D)				
				662	662	662	662	662	662	668	668	672	672
				6005	6008	6035	6037	6064	6096	6077	6108	6007	6009
STAT	ION TO STA	ATION	LENGTH	WK ZN PAV MRK NON- REMOV (W)6"(BRK)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON- REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON- REMOV (Y)6"(BRK)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON- REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(BRK)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(BRK)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (Y) (24") (SLD)	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A A
			FT	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	LF	EA	EA
CONT.	- CSJ:0462	-03-048											
PHASE VI - F	PLANING EX	KISTING PAV		2	2		2						
340+00.00	TO	418+00.00	7,800.00	7,300	31,200		58,960						
418+00.00	TO	430+00.00	1,200.00	200	4,800		4,800						
430+00.00	TO	4 448+00.00	1,800.00		7,200		7,200						
448+00.00	TO	460+00.00	1,200.00		4,800		4,800						
460+00.00	TO	471+64.50	1,164.50		4,660		4,660	1			<del> </del>		
	OTAL - PHA 5J:0462-03-0			7,500	52,660	0	80,420	0	0	0	0	0	0
	33.0402-03-0	740						<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
CS	SJ:0462-03-0	)50	1				T .	1		T .	I	l .	
		ROADWAY											
13+50.00	TO	187+00.00	17,350.00	8,580	34,700		69,400	3,861	7,929	2	94	430	880
187+00.00	TO	200+00.00	1,300.00	370	2,600		3,180	171	585	2	-	19	42
200+00.00	TO	215+00.00	1,500.00	200	3,000	60	2,560	90	675			10	35
215+00.00	TO	1 241+00.00	1 2,607.53		5,220	550	840		1,179				40
241+00.00	TO	268+00.00	2,700.00	690	5,400		5,730	315	1,215			35	76
268+00.00	TO	340+00.00	7,200.00	3,600	14,400		28,800	1,620	3,240	2			
SUB-T	OTAL - PHA	SE IV -		13,440	65,320	610	110,510	6,057	14,823	6	94	494	1,073
	J:0462-03-0			13,440	03,320	010	110,510	0,037	14,023	Ů	34	434	1,073
	SJ:0462-03-0												
		ROADWAY											
340+00.00	TO	418+00.00	7,800.00	3,650	15,600		29,480	1,647	3,510	2		363	730
418+00.00	TO	430+00.00	1,200.00	100	2,400	100	1,640	45	540		<u> </u>	5	27
430+00.00	TO	448+00.00	1,800.00		3,600	450	0.040		810				23
448+00.00 460+00.00	TO TO	460+00.00 471+64.50	1,200.00		2,400 2,330	20	2,240 2,330		540 531				29 30
	OTAL - PHA		1,164.50		2,330		2,330	<u> </u>	531				30
	SJ:0462-03-(			3,750	26,330	570	35,690	1,692	5,931	2	0	368	839
		-	II.				I					I.	
SUB-TOTAL -		050	CSJ:0462-03-	13,440	65,320	610	110,510	6,057	14,823	6	94	494	1,073
SUB-TOTAL -		048	CSJ:0462-03-	11,250	78,990	570	116,110	1,692	5,931	2	0	368	839
SUB-TOTAL - FRO	•	3 OF 7) 03-050	CSJ:0462	26,880	134,590	540	230,640	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUB-TOTAL - FRO	OM (SHEET		CSJ:0462-	250	35,360	1,290	24,700	0	126	0	0	0	676
	CSJ TOTA	AL: 0462-03-050		40,320	199,910	1,150	341,150	6,057	14,823	6	94	494	1,073
	CSJ TOTA	AL: 0462-03-048		11,500	114,350	1,860	140,810	1,692	6,057	2	0	368	1,515
	DDO IE	CT TOTALS:		51,820	314,260	3,010	481,960	7,749	20,880	8	94	862	2,588
	FRUJE	OT TOTALS.		01,020	314,200	3,010	401,300	1,143	20,000	°	34	002	2,508

- 1. EQUATION AT LOCATION STA. 239+75.93 (BK) = STA. 239+68.40 (+7.53 FT).
- 2. QUANTITYS ARE DOUBLED FOR PHASE VI PLANING OPERATION AND PFC-F PLACEMENT
- 3. SEE WZ(STPM)-23 FOR MORE INFORMATION.

  4. MURVAUL CREEK BRIDGE BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB STA. 438+85.00 TO BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB STA. 441+65.00



	SHEET 4	OF /	
CONT	SECT	JOB	SHEET
0462	03	048	
DISTRICT	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	12
ATL	PANOLA	SH315	

	P	AVEMENT M	ARKING SUMM	ARY (CONTINU	ED)			
		677	6056	6056	6149	6149	6149	6149
		6002	6001	6002	6004	6005	6010	6011
STATION TO STATION	LENGTH	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (6")	PREFORMED IN- LANE(TRANS) RUMBLE STRIP	PREFORMED CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIP	AWT (W) 6"	REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (BRK) (100MIL)	AWT (Y) 6"	AWT (Y) 6"
	FT	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF
			5 FT SPACING	5 FT SPACING				
CSJ:0462-03-050								
PHASE I - FLEXIBLE PAV REPAIR 210+75.00 TO 221+50.00	1,075.00	3,225						
SUB-TOTAL - PHASE I -	1,073.00	,	_	_	_	_	_	
CSJ:0462-03-050		3,225	0	0	0	0	0	0
CSJ:0462-03-048								
PHASE I - FLEXIBLE PAV REPAIR	075.00	4.005						
384+75.00 TO 394+50.00  SUB-TOTAL - PHASE I -	975.00	1,225						
CSJ:0462-03-048		1,225	0	0	0	0	0	0
CSJ:0462-03-050	<u>.</u> T	<u>.</u> T			<u>.                                    </u>		<u>.                                    </u>	
PHASE II - PAV REMOVAL								
189+89.00 TO 198+29.00	840.00	840						
1 229+03.00 TO 1 241+00.00	1 1,204.53	1,205						
257+98.00 TO 266+38.00	840.00	840						
SUB-TOTAL - PHASE II -		2,885	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>CSJ:0462-03-050</b> CSJ:0462-03-048								
PHASE II - PAV REMOVAL								
422+00.00 TO 429+00.00	700.00	700						
2 448+80.00 TO 2 471+64.50	2,284.50	2,285						
SUB-TOTAL - PHASE II -		2,985	0	0	0	0	0	0
CSJ:0462-03-048		2,000			, The state of the		, The state of the	
CSJ:0462-03-048								
PHASE III - BRIDGE RAIL (RT SIDE)								
2 412+10.00 TO 2 463+50.00	5,140.00	11,570						
PHASE III - BRIDGE RAIL (LT SIDE)								
2 417+00.00 TO 2 468+40.00	5,140.00	44,700						
SUB-TOTAL - PHASE III -		56,270	0	0	0	0	0	0
CSJ:0462-03-048		30,270	U	U	U	Ū	U	
CSJ:0462-03-050								
PHASE VI - PROPOSED ROADWAY								
13+50.00 TO 187+00.00	17,350.00		6,940	6,940	34,700	8,580	69,400	
187+00.00 TO 200+00.00 200+00.00 TO 215+00.00	1,300.00 1,500.00	<u> </u>	520 600	320 300	2,600 3,000	370 200	3,180 2,560	60
1 215+00.00 TO 1 241+00.00	1,500.00		1,044	522	5,000	200	2,560 840	550
241+00.00 TO 268+00.00	2,700.00		1,080	573	5,400	690	5,730	300
268+00.00 TO 340+00.00	7,200.00		2,880	2,880	14,400	3,600	28,800	
SUB-TOTAL - PHASE VI -		0	13,064	11,535	65,320	13,440	110,510	610
CSJ:0462-03-050	1		,007	,000		,	,	3.0
CSJ:0462-03-048 PHASE VI - PROPOSED ROADWAY	1							
340+00.00 TO 418+00.00	7,800.00		3,120	2,948	15,600	3,650	29,480	
418+00.00 TO 430+00.00	1,200.00		480	240	2,400	100	1,640	100
2 430+00.00 TO 2 448+00.00	1,800.00		720	360	3,600			450
448+00.00 TO 460+00.00	1,200.00		480	240	2,400		2,240	20
460+00.00 TO 471+64.50	1,164.50		466	233	2,330		2,330	
SUB-TOTAL - PHASE VI - CSJ:0462-03-048		0	5,266	4,021	26,330	3,750	35,690	570
CSJ TOTAL: 0462-03-050		6,110	13,064	11,535	65,320	13,440	110,510	610
CSJ TOTAL: 0462-03-048		60,480	5,266	4,021	26,330	3,750	35,690	570
PROJECT TOTALS:		66,590	18,330	15,556	91,650	17,190	146,200	1,180

- 1. EQUATION AT LOCATION STA. 239+68.40 (BK) = STA. 239+75.90 (AH) (+7.50 FT).
  2. MURVAUL CREEK BRIDGE BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB STA. 438+85.00 TO BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB STA. 441+65.00



	ס וששת	Ur /	
CONT	SECT	JOB	SHEET
0462	03	048	
DISTRICT	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	13
ATL	PANOLA	SH315	

		SIG	N SUMMARY				
		644	644	644	644	644	644
		6007	6027	6060	6061	6071	6076
STATION	STATION LANE DIRECTION		IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(P)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(T)	RELOCATE SM RD SN SUP&AM TY TWT	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM
	2	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
·							
CSJ:0462-03-05							
SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS							
1 2+70	WB			1			1
1 7+90	WB			1			1
1 8+50	WB	4		1			1
14+90 18+35	EB EB	1	1				1
18+70	EB		ı				1
21+90	EB						1
25+70	EB			1			1
26+50	WB			1			1
29+15	EB			1			
38+50	WB			1			1
39+00	EB			1			1
SOSS (SHEET 1 OF 5) - SUB-TOTA	AL - CSJ:0462-03-050	1	1	8	0	0	10
CSJ:0462-03-05							
SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS							
51+25	EB			1			
54+50	EB			1			1
55+10	WB			1			
62+15	WB			1			
68+30	WB EB			1			1
74+40 120+10	WB			1			1
135+10	WB			1			1
142+00	EB			1			1
179+80	WB			1			1
182+30	WB			1			1
185+10	WB			1			1
SOSS (SHEET 2 OF 5) - SUB-TOTA	L - CSJ:0462-03-050	0	0	12	0	0	9
, ,							
CSJ:0462-03-05							
SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS							
190+10	EB			1			1
203+60	WB			1			1
202+60	EB			1		1	
211+00	EB			1			1
229+00 236+50	WB EB			1			1
250+50	WB			1			1
271+00	EB			1			1
275+90	EB			1			1
278+00	EB			1			1
295+50	WB			1			1
310+80	WB			1			1
SOSS (SHEET 3 OF 5) - SUB-TOTA	L - CSJ:0462-03-050	0	0	12	0	1	11
CSJ:0462-03-05							
SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS							ļ
310+90	EB			1			1
318+90	WB			1			
332+40	EB			1			1
SOSS (SHEET 4 OF 5) - SUB-TOTA	L - CSJ:0462-03-050	0	0	3	0	0	2
CSJ TOTAL: 0462-0	3-050	1	1	35	0	1	32
333 TOTAL: 0402-0		<u>'</u>	'	J0	J	'	32

<sup>1.</sup> THIS WILL BE CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL WORK.



		SHEET	6	OF	7
CONT	SE	СТ	JC	)B	HIGHWAY
0462	0	3	04	18	SH 315
DIST	RICT	С	OUNTY		SHEET
A <sup>-</sup>	TL	P	ANOLA		14

<sup>2.</sup> LANE DIRECTION WB - WESTBOUND OR EB - EASTBOUND.

		SIGN SUM	MARY (CONT	INUED)			
		644	644	644	644	644	644
		6007	6027	6060	6061	6071	6076
STATION	LANE DIRECTION	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(U)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(P)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(T)	RELOCATE SM RD SN SUP&AM TY TWT	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM
	2	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
CSJ:0462-0	3-048						
SUMMARY OF SMALL SIG	INS (SHEET 4 OF 5)						
356+90	WB			1			1
363+80	EB			1			1
386+20	WB			1			1
391+70	EB			1			1
397+50	WB			1			1
402+60	WB			1			1
439+05	WB			1			
471+30	EB						1
3 471+65	WB				1		1
SOSS (SHEET 4 OF 5) - SUB-T	OTAL - CSJ:0462-03-048	0	0	7	1	0	8
CSJ:0462-03 SUMMARY OF SMALL SIG							
3 471+65	EB				1		1
SOSS (SHEET 5 OF 5) - SUB-T	OTAL - CSJ:0462-03-048	0	0	0	1	0	1
CSJ TOTAL: 04	62-03-048	0	0	7	2	0	9
	·						
(SHEET 6 OF 7) CSJ TO	TAL: 0462-03-050	1	1	35	0	1	32
GRAND TO	1	1	42	2	1	41	

<sup>1.</sup> THIS WILL BE CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL WORK.



	SHEET	7	OF 7
CONT SE	CT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0462 0	3	048	SH 315
DISTRICT	C	YTNUC	SHEET
ATL	P/	NOLA	15

<sup>2.</sup> LANE DIRECTION WB - WESTBOUND OR EB - EASTBOUND.

<sup>3.</sup> STATION HAS BEEN ROUNDED - SHOULD BE END OF PROJECT STA. 471+64.5.

							₹	G	SM R[	) SGN	ASSM TY XX	(XXX (X)	$\overline{XX}$ ( $\overline{X} - \overline{XXXX}$ )	BRIDGE
							(TYPE				_			MOUNT CLEARANCI
PLAN									POST TYPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE	MOUN	ITING DESIGNATION	SIGNS
NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE		SIGN		DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM		FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	1 or 2	UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel	PREFABRICATED  P = "Ploin"  T = "T"  U = "U"	1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign	(See Note 2 TY = TYF TY N
							╫	۳			WP=Wedge Plastic		Pane I s	TY S
	1	M3-4	NEW	WEST	WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L	24X12	X		TiteT		1415			
13	2	M1-6T	NEW	315 TEXAS	APPROXIMATE STA. 2+70 INCIDENTAL CONSTRUCTION	24X24	X		TWT	<u>'</u>	WS	Р		
13	3	R2-1	NEW	SPEED	WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA, 7+90 INCIDENTAL CONSTRUCTION	30×36	X		TWT	1	WS	P		
				55	INCIDENTAL CONSTRUCTION  NOTE: PLACE SIGN 400' WEST OF WEST SH 315 SIGN (SIGN NO. 1 & 2)					-		-		
					WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L									
13	4	D20-1R	NEW	CO RD 152 ⇒	APPROXIMATE STA, 8+50 INCIDENTAL CONSTRUCTION	24X24	X		TWT	1	WS	Р		
		200 11	NEW	CORD JCT		04904	<u> </u>		. 000					
13	5 6	D20-1L M2-1	NEW NEW	152 FARW	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE  APPROXIMATE STA. 14+90	24X24 21X15	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	U		
	7	M1 -6F	NEW	ROAD		24X24	X							
13	8	W2-1aT	NEW	HIGHWAY	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA, 18:35 NOTE: POLE NEEDS TO EXTEND 2' PAST	48X48	X		\$80	1	SA	Р		
				INTERSECTION AHEAD	NOTE: POLE NEEDS TO EXTEND 2' PAST THE TOP OF THE SIGN TO ACCOMMODATE THE BEACON. COORDINATE WITH TRAFFIC TO GET THE BEACON PLACED AFTER THE SIGN AND POST IS IN PLACE		+							
				JCT										
13	9 10	M2-1 M1-6F	REMOVE	1970	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA, 18+70									
13	11	W2-1aT	REMOVE	ROAD			+							
13		W2 101	NEWOYE	INTERSECTION AHEAD	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE_STA: 21.90									
13	12	W9-2TR	NE <b>W</b>	LIME DIRS MERGE RIGHT	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA, 25-70	36×36	X		TWT	1	WS	Р		
							+	H						
13	13	R2-1	NEW	SPEED	WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA, 26+50	30X36	X		TWT	1	₩S	Р		
				[70]			$\pm$							
13	14	W9-1L	NEW	LEFT	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE  APPROXIMATE STA, 29+15	36×36	x		TWT	1	WS	Р		
				ENDS			-	$\vdash$						
13	15	M2 - 1	NEW	JCT FARM	WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA, 38-50	21X15	X		TWT	1	WS	P		
	16	M1 - 6F	NEW	1971 ROAD	n+++tVA+##4+E_3+A,30*3V	24X24	X							
13	17	W3-5	NEW		EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA, 39+00	36×36	x		TWT	1	WS	Р		
				SPEED LIMIT 55	NOTE: PLACE SIGN 1,250' WEST OF RED BORDER 55 MPH SIGN									

ALUMINUM SIGN BI	LANKS THICKNESS				
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness				
Less than 7.5	0.080"				
7.5 to 15	0.100"				
Greater than 15	0.125"				

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

#### NOTE:

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

SHEET 1 OF 5



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

ILE:	sums16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) T×DOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH	315
4-16 8-16		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
0 10		ATL		PANOL	Α.		16

								3	SM RI	) SGN	ASSM TY X	$\overline{X}\overline{X}\overline{X}\overline{X}$ $(X)$	$\overline{XX}$ ( $\overline{X} - \overline{XXXX}$ )	BRIDGE
PLAN							(TYPE	(TYPE	2007 7:25		1 410105 7105	1 4011		MOUNT CLEARAN
	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE		SIGN		DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM	ALUMINUM	POST TYPE  FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE  UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel		Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign	SIGNS (See Note 2  TY = TYP
13	18	R2-1	NEW	SPEED		30X36	X	П	TWT	1	WP=Wedge Plastic	P	Pane I s	TY S
				70	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA, 51+25									
13	19 20 21 22	M3-2 M1-6T D10-7aT D10-7aT	NEW NEW NEW NEW	EAST 3 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA, 54+50	24X12 24X24 3X10 3X10	X X X		TWT	1	WS	P		
	23	M1-6F	NEW	FARN 1971	WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L	24X24	x	П						
13	24	M6 - 1	NEW	<del></del>	APPROXIMATE STA, 55+10	21X15	x		T₩T	1	WS	Р		
13	25	R2-1	NEW	SPEED LIMIT 70	WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA. 62*15  NOTE: PLACE SIGN 325' WEST OF EXISTING WEST 315 SIGN	30×36	X		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	26	D20-1R	NEW	CO RO 1531 ←	WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE-STA, 68*30	24X24	X		TWT	1	WS	Р		
13	27	D20-1L	NEW	CO RD 1531 ←	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA. 74:40	24X24	X		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	28	\$3-1	NEW		WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE_STA. 120+10	36×36	x		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	29	D20-1R	NEW	CO RD 153 □	WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA. 135+10	24X24	x		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	30	D20-1L	NEW	CO RD 153 ←	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE_STA, 142+00	24X24	X		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	31	W9-1R	NEW	RICHT LANE ENDS	WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA, 179+80	36×36	X		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	32	D20-2T	NEW	CO RD 158	WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA, 182*30	24X24	X		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	33	W9-2TL	NEW	LAR DOS MERGE	WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA, 185×10	36×36	x		TWT	1	WS	P		

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS

Square Feet Minimum Thickness

Less than 7.5 0.080"

7.5 to 15 0.100"

Greater than 15 0.125"

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SHEET 2 OF 5

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

#### SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

ILE:	sums16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	Ск:	TxDOT
TxDOT May 1987		CONT	SECT	JOB			H I GHWA	Y.
4-16 8-16	REVISIONS	0462	03	048		S	H 31	15
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEE	T NO.
0 10		ATL		PANOL	Α.		1	7

Paul   SIGN	Beam Note 2) TY = TYPE
13   34   D20-2T   MEW	SIGNS   (See   Note 2)
13   34   D20-2T   NEW   10   DS   DS   DS   DS   DS   DS   DS   D	Ext (See Note 2)  TY = TYPE  TY N
13   34   D2O-2T   NEW   194	
13 35 D20-1L NEW 10 B ESIGNAP LINE TOWNS CHEMICAL THREE DISTING SIGN LINE TOWNS CHEMICAL THREE D	
13   36   R4-3   RELOCATED   SLOWER	
13 40 D20-2T NEW  CO RD  WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA. 268+20  13 41 W9-2TL  NEW  LINE TOWARD CARTHACE APPROXIMATE STA. 271+00  APPROXIMATE STA. 271+00  APPROXIMATE STA. 271+00	
13 37 D20-1R NEW 0.10 EASTERNOOT LINE TOWNOOT CARTINAGE APPROCITIANT S.TA. 201-00 APPROCITIANT S	
13 38 D2O-1R NEW	
13 39 D20-1L NEW 00 80 EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA. 236-50  13 40 D20-2T NEW 00 80 EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA. 236-20  13 41 W9-2TL NEW EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA. 271-00 APPROXIMATE STA.	
13 40 D20-2T NEW CORD INSTRUCTIONARD CANTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA. 236*20  13 41 W9-2TL NEW  LASTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA. 268*20  13 41 W9-2TL NEW  LASTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA. 268*20  24X24 X TWT 1 WS P  LASTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE STA. 268*20  13 41 W9-2TL NEW  LASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CANTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA. 271*00  LASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CANTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA. 271*00	
13 41 W9-2TL NEW  LANGUAGE EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L APPROXIMATE_STA_ 268*20  36X36 X TWT 1 WS P  EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE_STA_ 271*00	
LAMETOWS EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE  MERGE APPROXIMATE STA 271+00	
13 42 D20-2T NEW CO RD 24X24 X TWT 1 WS P	
162 EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA. 275*90	
13 43 W9-1R NEW  RIGHT EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE LANE APPROXIMATE STA. 278+00  RIGHT EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE LANE APPROXIMATE STA. 278+00	
44   M2-1   NEW	
13 46 D20-1L NEW 00 RD 24X24 X TWT 1 WS P	
163 WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD RUSK C/L  APPROXIMATE STA, 310±80	<i>,</i>

# ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS Square Feet Minimum Thickness Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"

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SHEET 3 OF 5



Traffic Operations Division Standard

#### SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

:	sums16.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	May 1987	CONT SECT		JOB		H]	GHWAY
REVISIONS		0462	03	048		SH	315
16 16		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ATL		PANOL	Α.		18

						TYPE A)	(TYPE G)	SM RI	D SGN	I ASSM TY X		<u>XX (X-XXXX)</u>	BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANG
PLAN SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE		SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM C	ALUMINUM	POST TYPE  FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE  UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic		D 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext  BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL = Extruded Alum Sign Panels	SIGNS (See Note 2
13	47	D20-1R	NEW	CO RD 163 EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD  ⇒ APPROXIMATE STA. 3	24X24 CARTHAGE 10+90	x		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	48	R2-1	NEW	SPEED APPROXIMATE STA. 3 LIMIT NOTE: PLACE SIGN 325' WE EXISTING WEST 315 SIG		x		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	49	M2 - 1 M1 - 6F	NEW	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD 348 APPROXIMATE STA. 3	21 X 1 5  CARTHAGE 32×40 24 X 24	x		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	51	D20-1R	NEW	CO RD 1554 WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD  ⇒ APPROXIMATE STA. 3	RUSK C/L 56±90	x		TWT	1	ws	P		
13	52	D20-1L	NEW	CO RD 1554 EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD APPROXIMATE STA. 3	24×24  CARTHAGE 63+80	x		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	53	D20-2T	NEW	CO RD 1552 WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD APPROXIMATE STA. 3	RUSK C/L 86+20	x		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	54	D20-2T	NEW	CO RD 1552 EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD APPROXIMATE_STA, 3		x		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	55	W9-1R	NEW	RIGHT WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD LANE FOR APPROXIMATE STA. 3		x		тwт	1	WS	P		
13	56	W9-2TL	NEW	WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD MERGE LEFT MESTBOUND LANE TOWARD APPROXIMATE STA. 4		x		тwт	1	WS	P		
13	57 58	I-3 I-3	NEW	MURYAUL CREEK WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD APPROXIMATE STA, 4	36X18 RUSK C/L 39±05 36X18	x		TWT	1	WS	P		
13	59	R2-1	REMOVE	SPEED LIMIT EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD APPROXIMATE STA, 4									
13	60	I - 2dT	NEW	RUSK WESTBOUND LANE TOWARD	48X24	x		TWT	1	WS	Т		

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Square Feet Minimum Thickness

Less than 7.5 0.080"

7.5 to 15 0.100"

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SHEET 4 OF 5

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

#### SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

ILE:	sums16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	CK: TXDOT
C) T×DOT	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
4-16 8-16	REVISIONS	0462	03	048		S	H 315
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
0 10		ATL		PANOL	Α.		19

							PE A)	PE G)	SM RI	O SGN	I ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	<u>xx</u> (x- <u>xxxx</u> )	BR I DGE MOUNT
PLAN SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE		SIGN		DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM (TY	ALU	POST TYPE  FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	POSTS			NTING DESIGNATION  D 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL = Extruded Alum Sign Panels	CLEARANC SIGNS (See Note 2  TY = TYF  TY N TY S
13	61	I-2dT	NEW	PANOLA	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE	54X24	x		TWT	1	WS	Т		
				COUNTY LINE	EASTBOUND LANE TOWARD CARTHAGE APPROXIMATE STA, 471+64.5									
							+							

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS Square Feet Minimum Thickness Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"

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SHEET 5 OF 5

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

#### SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

ILE: sums16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		H.	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH	1 315
4-16 3-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ATL		PANOL	Α		20

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN NARRATIVE

#### GENERAL

WORK ZONE CHANNELIZATION DEVICES SHALL BE PER THE TEXAS MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD), STANDARDS, AND BC SHEETS.

#### INITIAL TRAFFIC CONTROL

INSTALL PROJECT LIMIT TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES PER THE BC STANDARDS. UTILIZE THE APPLICABLE TCP'S PROVIDED IN THIS PLAN SET AS PER THE TYPE OF WORK TO BE DONE. ENSURE THAT AT LEAST ONE TRAVEL LANE IS OPEN IN THE EASTBOUND AND WESTBOUND LANES AT ALL TIMES. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING ACCESS TO ALL FARM TO MARKET ROADS, COUNTY ROADS, AND DRIVEWAYS.

#### ROADWAY PHASING

PHASE I: FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR 6" NEEDED AT TWO LOCATIONS:

USE TCP(ATL-14)-15, TCP(ATL-17)-15, TCP(2-3)-18, AND TCP(2-4)-18.

- 1.) STA. 210+75.00 TO STA. 221+50.00 EASTBOUND OUTSIDE LANE ONLY.
- 2.) STA. 384+75.00 TO STA. 394+50.00 WESTBOUND OUTSIDE LANE ONLY.

PHASE II: PAVEMENT REMOVAL LOCATIONS: (SEE PAVEMENT MARKING AND PAVEMENT REMOVAL LAYOUT SHEETS) USE TCP(ATL-12)-14, TCP(2-1)-18, AND TCP(2-4)-18.

- 1.) STA. 189+89.00 TO STA. 198+29.00 RIGHT SIDE OF ROADWAY.
- 2.) STA. 229.03.00 TO STA. 241+00.00 RIGHT SIDE OF ROADWAY.
- 3.) STA. 257+98.00 TO STA. 266+38.00 LEFT SIDE OF ROADWAY.
- 4.) STA. 422+00.00 TO STA. 429+00.00 LEFT SIDE OF ROADWAY.
- 5.) STA. 448+80.00 TO STA. 471+64.50 RIGHT SIDE OF ROADWAY.

PHASE III: REPLACE BRIDGE RAIL AND METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE FOR THE STAGE I EASTBOUND AND THEN THE STAGE II WESTBOUND LANES USING BRIDGE RAIL REPLACEMENT TCP (ONE SIDE AT A TIME). CONSTRUCT MOW STRIP AFTER FINAL PFC SURFACE IS IN PLACE.

PHASE IV: MICRO PLANE MURVAUL CREEK DECK IN ORDER TO START PHASE V "CLEAN AND SEAL EXISTING JOINTS"; USING TCP(2-3)-18. NOTE THAT TRAFFIC WILL BE ALLOWED TO RIDE ON MICRO MILLED BRIDGE DFCK.

PHASE V: CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING JOINTS CL7 ON MURVAUL CREEK BRIDGE; USING TCP(2-3)-18 OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PHASE VI: PLANE AND OVERLAY ROADWAY AS DIRECTED IN TYPICALS SECTIONS USING TCP(ATL-14)-15, TCP(ATL-17)-15, TCP(2-3)-18, OR TCP(2-4)-18.

DURING CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC IS NOT ALLOWED TO RUN ON SHOULDER AT THESE LOCATIONS:

- 1). EASTBOUND SHOULDER STA. 211+30 TO STA. 213+50
- 2). WESTBOUND SHOULDER STA. 451+50 TO STA. 454+70
- 3). WESTBOUND SHOULDER STA. 467+50 TO STA. 470+90

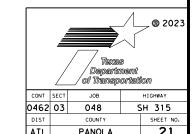
TRAFFIC WILL BE REQUIRED TO RUN ON MILLED SHOULDERS FOR 1 WEEK AT FOLLOWING LOCATION:

1). EASTBOUND/WESTBOUND SHOULDERS STA. 263+00 TO STA. 408+00

PHASE VII: CLEAN AND SEAL JOINTS ON MURVAUL CREEK BRIDGE AFTER OVERLAY (PHASE VI) HAS BEEN COMPLETED; USING TCP(2-3)-18.

PHASE VIII: PLACE PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND SIGNING IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARDS.

#### SEQUENCE OF WORK

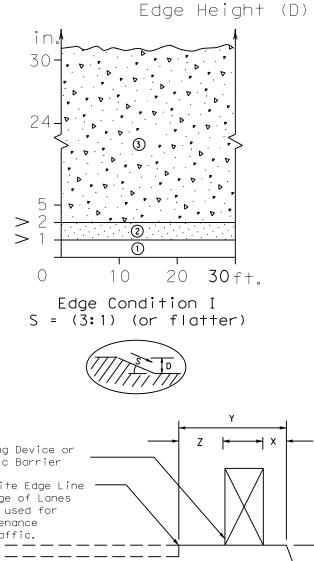


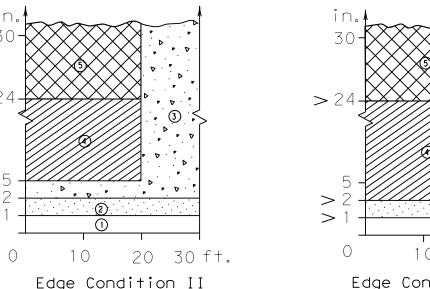
#### DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

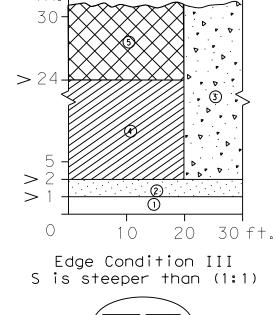
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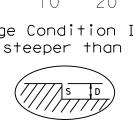
Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet

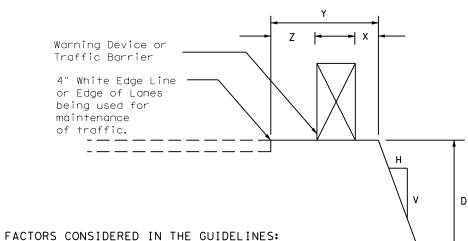
S = ((2.99):1) + 0 (1:1)











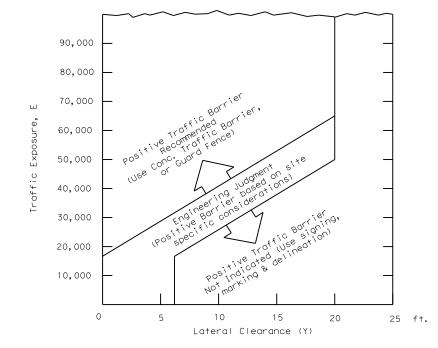
- 1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V). The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- 2. Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- 4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.

#### Treatment Types Guidelines: (1) No treatment CW 8-11 "Uneven Lanes" signs. CW 8-9a Shoulder Drop-Off" or CW 8-11 signs plus vertical panels. CW8-9a or CW 8-11, signs plus drums. Where restricted space precludes the use of drums, use vertical panels. An edge slope to that of the profered Edge Condition I. Check indications (Figure-1) for possitive barrier. Where positive barrier is not indicated, the treatment shown above for Zone-4 may be used after consideration of other applicable factors.

#### Edge Condition Notes:

- 1. Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

#### FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 ( XXX )



- 1.  $E = ADT \times T$ Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- 3. An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's





#### TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

FILE: ed	gecon, dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:				
(C) TxDOT	August 2000	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY				
07-01	REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH	315				
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	tandard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whats	responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting fram its
DISCLAIMERS	The use of this stan	TxDOT assumes no resp

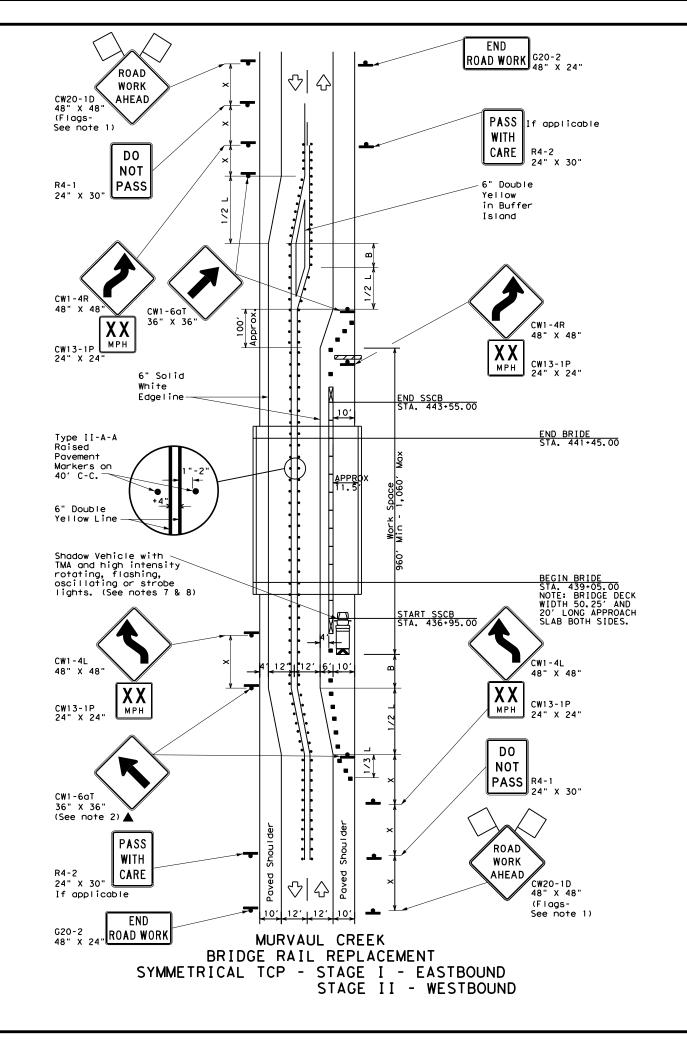
															CR	ASH CUSHI	ON				
	100	PLAN			TEGT	DIRECTION OF	FOUNDAT	TION PAD	BACKUP SUPPOR	т		AVAILABLE SITE			MOVE /	RESET	L	L	R R	S	s
LOC NO.	TCP PHASE	SHEET NUMBER	LOCATION	STA	TEST LEVEL	TRAFFIC (UNI/BI)	PROPOSED MATERIAL	PROPOSED THICKNESS	DESCRIPTION	WIDTH	HEIGHT	LENGTH	INSTALL	REMOVE	MOVE/ RESET	FROM LOC.#	N	w	N W	N	w
	PHASE III	10	WESTBOUND LANE	APPROX STA. 440+25.00	TL-3	BI	CONCRETE	6"	SINGLE SLOPE CONCRETE BARRIER	24"	42"		2							х	
	PHASE III	10	EASTBOUND LANE	APPROX STA. 440+25.00	TL-3	BI	CONCRETE	6"	SINGLE SLOPE CONCRETE BARRIER	24"	42"				2					x	
	PHASE III	10	EASTBOUND LANE	APPROX STA. 440+25.00	TL-3	BI	CONCRETE	6"	SINGLE SLOPE CONCRETE BARRIER	24"	42"			2						x	
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												1	1	1	1						

LEGEND: L=LOW MAINTENANCE R=REUSABLE S=SACRIFICIAL N=NARROW W=WIDE

FOR DEFINITIONS SEE THE "CRASH CUSHION CATEGORIZATION CHART.PDF" AT THE DESIGN DIVISION (ROADWAY STANDARDS) WEBSITE, USE QUICK LINKS TO ACCESS ATTENUATORS / CRASH CUSHIONS SECTION. http://www.dot.state.tx.us/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/rdwylse.htm

#### CRASH CUSHION SUMMARY SHEET

ILE: CCSS. dgn	DN: T×DOT		CK:		CK:	
T×DOT	CONT SEC		СТ	JOB	HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0462 03		3 048		SH	315
	DIST	DIST		COUNTY		
	ATL	ATL		ANOLA		
	FEDERA	FEDERAL AID		PROJECT	SHEE	T NO.
					Ź	23



LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
$\Diamond$	Flag	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA						
ŀ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
CRASH CUSHION SSCB									

Posted Speed	Formula	* *		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265'	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	3201	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - # 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120'	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		7501	8251	900'	75′	150'	900'	540′

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
				TCP (2-3b) ONLY					
			<b>√</b>	✓					

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 8. When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue.

  The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- 5. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- 6. Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- 7. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.
  For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



#### BRIDGE RAIL REPLACEMENT TCP

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© TxD0	T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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ROAD

11:30:14

CLOSED R11-2

Type 3

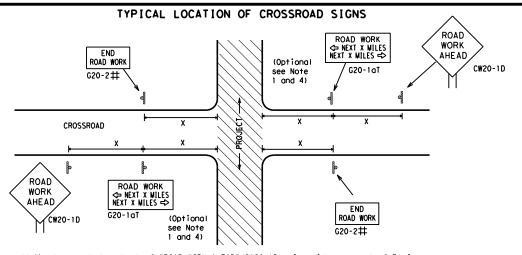
devices

Barricade or

channelizina

CW13-1P

Channelizing Devices



 $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN G20-5T \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

#### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

#### SIZE

SPACING

pressway/ Freeway	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
8" × 48"	30	120
0 7 10	35	160
	40	240
	45	320
8" × 48"	50	400
	55	500 <sup>2</sup>
	60	600 <sup>2</sup>
	65	700 <sup>2</sup>
8" × 48"	70	800 <sup>2</sup>
0 X 40	75	900 <sup>2</sup>
	80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
	*	* 3

Sign onventional Ex Number or Series CW20' CW21 CW22 48" x 48" CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 36" x 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK WARNING \* \* G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS \* \* R20-5aTP ME PRESENT CW20-1D ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK WORK G20-10T \* \* R20-3T \* \* AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Leftrightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-2bt \* \* R2-1 LIMIT line should $\langle \rangle \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X location NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

SPEED

LIMIT

-CSJ Limi

R2-1

BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES

× + G20-5T

\* \*G20-6T

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 \* \*

ROAD

WORK

√2 MILE

CW20-1E

★ ★G20-9TP

¥ ¥R20-5T

X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT

ZONE

TRAFFI

FINES

DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

END |

WORK ZONE G20-26T \* \*

G20-10

OBEY

SIGNS

STATE LAW

 $\Rightarrow$ 

R20-3T

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

L	LEGEND						
	Ι	Type 3 Barricade					
	000 Channelizing Devices						
	₽	Sign					
	Х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12



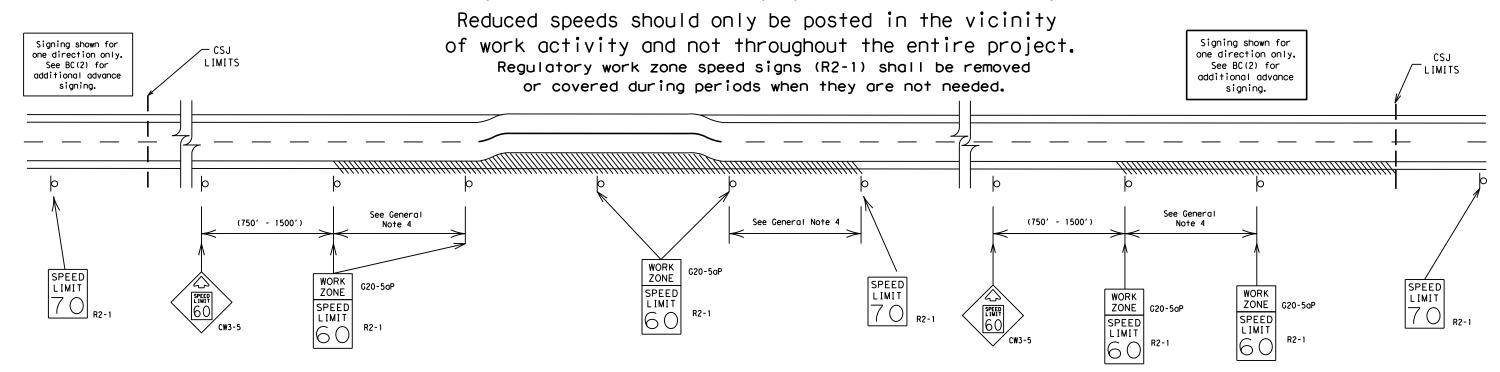
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

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#### TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

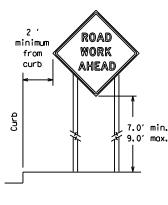
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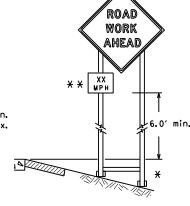
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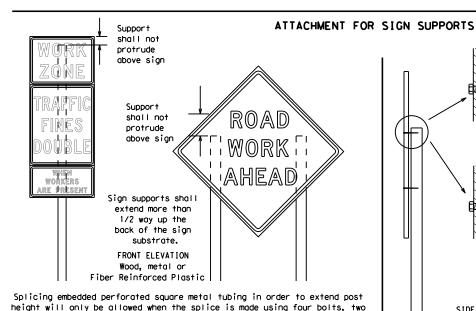
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\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.

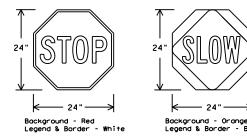
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12



#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(4)-21

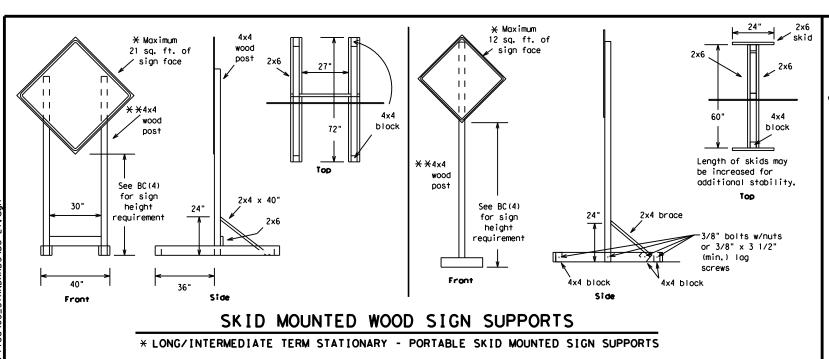
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opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

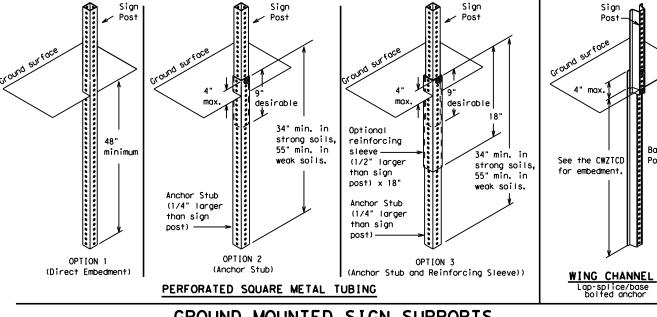


-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

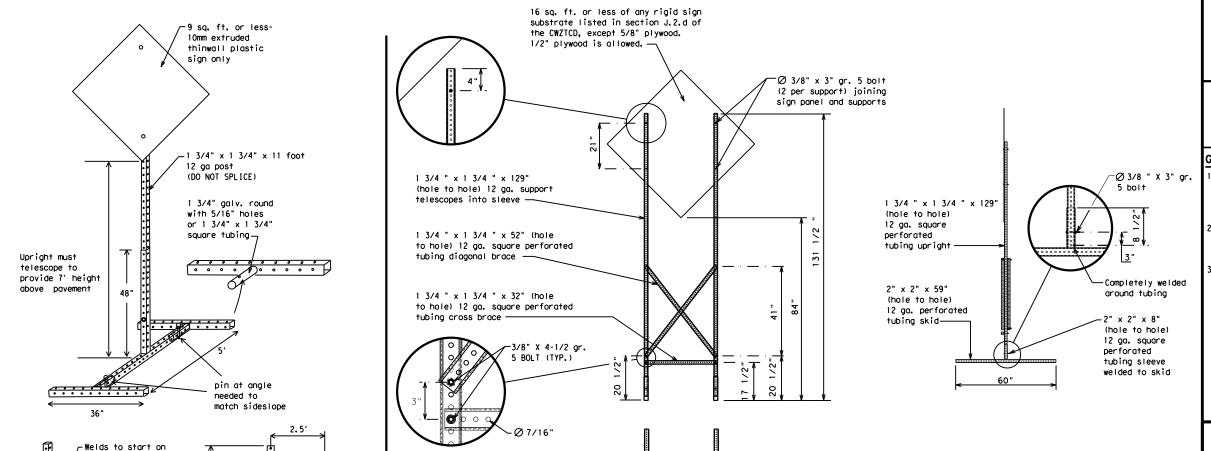
2"

SINGLE LEG BASE



#### GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



#### **WEDGE ANCHORS**

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

#### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

#### BC (5) -21

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#### SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

No warranty of any for the conversion om its use.

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ	
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI	
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH	
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR	
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON	
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM	
Cannot	CANT	North	N	
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N	
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING	
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD	
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN	
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT	
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD	
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR	
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP	
Emergency Vehicle		South	S	
	ENT	Southbound	(route) S	
Entrance, Enter Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD	
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST	
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN	
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE	
	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP	
Freeway Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS	
	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN	
Friday		Traffic	TRAF	
Hazardous Driving Hazardous Material	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS	
	HOV	Tuesday	TUES	
High-Occupancy Vehicle	HUV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN	
	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL	
Highway	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS	
Hour(s)		Warning	WARN	
Information	INFO ITS	Wednesday	WED	
It Is		Weight Limit	WT LIMIT	
Junction	JCT	West	W	
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W	
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT	
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT	
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		•	
Maintenance	MAINT			

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

#### RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

			dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

#### Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

action to Take/Effect on Travel List		Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOUL DER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE *		<b>*</b> * Se	ee Application Guidelin	nes Note 6.

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.

9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

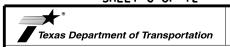
#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

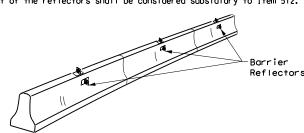


Traffic Safety Division Standard BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE

#### MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS) BC (6) -21

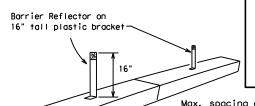
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



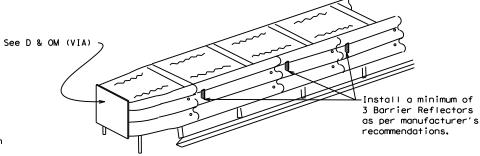
### BARRIER (LPCB) USED IN WORK ZONES LPCB is approved for use in work

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE

zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



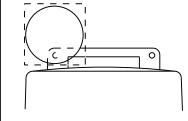
### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

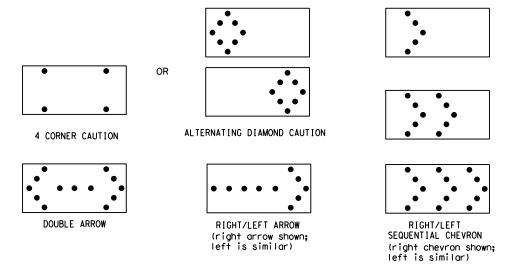
### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.

5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved

4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.

holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.

6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.

7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.

# 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.

- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.

10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.

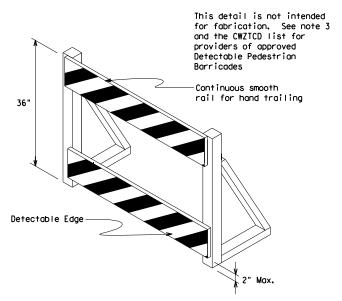
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or
- for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage

18" min Handle — Top should not 9/16" dia. (typ) allow collection for mounting of water or signs and debris warning lights 4" max 4" min 8" max Each drum shall have (typ)-< a minimum of 2 orange and 2 white stripes using Type A or Type B retroreflective 2" max sheeting with the (typ.) top stripe being orange. 42 36 Taper to allow for stacking a minimum of 5 drums



### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.

2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{\text{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\text{FL}}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.

3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.

- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum, A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

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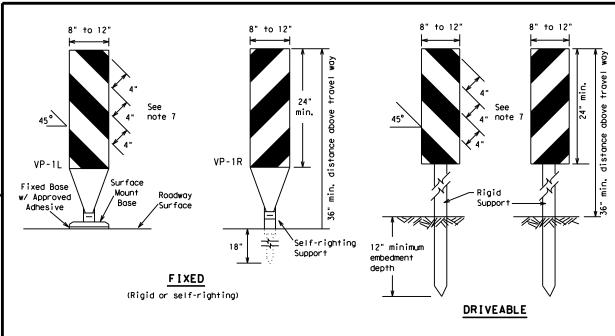


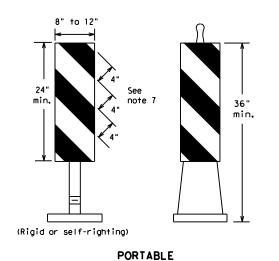
Traffic Safety

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

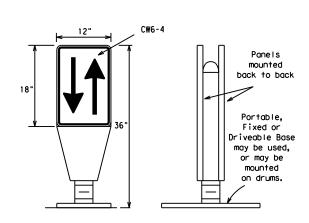
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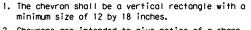
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

### VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

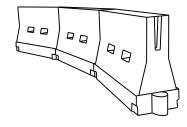


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

### **CHEVRONS**

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36'

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′	
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55 <i>°</i>	110′	
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140'	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

### SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

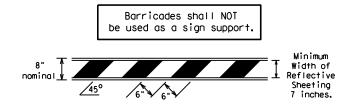
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

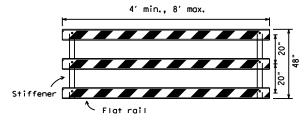
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### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- . Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

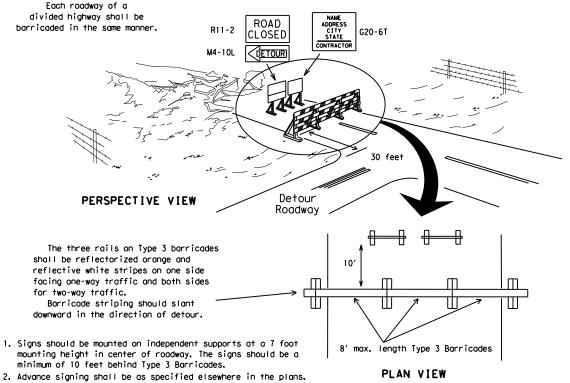


### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones

3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet. steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s coross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

4" min. orange

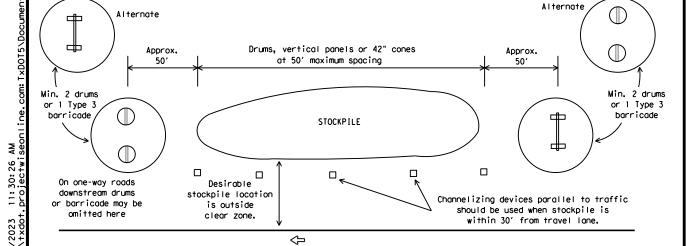
3"-4" 6" min. 2" min. 4" min.

2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

➾

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

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1. Where positive redirectional

2. Plastic construction fencing

may be used with drums for

may be omitted.

capability is provided, drums

safety as required in the plans.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

### **GENERAL**

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

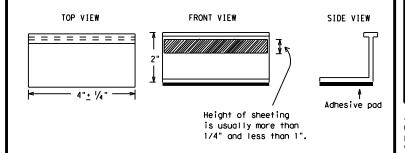
### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Traffic Safety

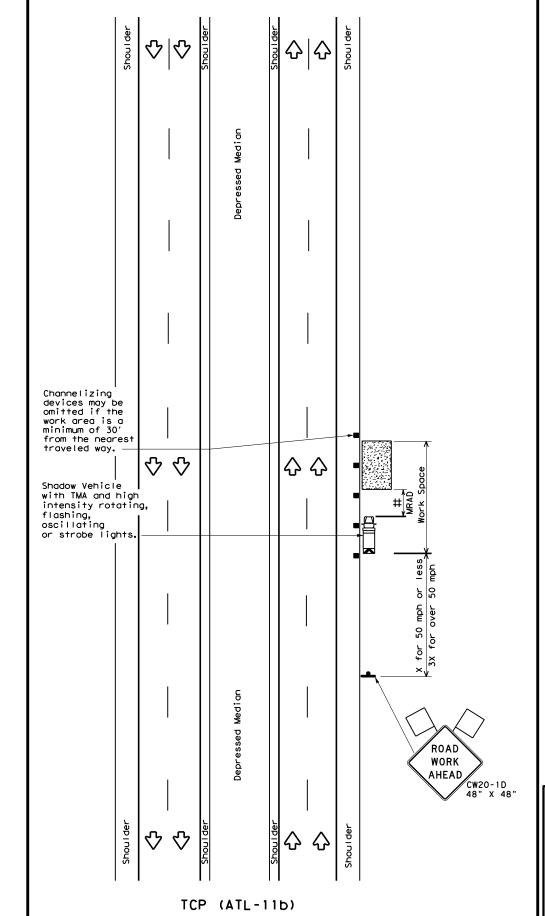
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	CHWAY
REVISIONS 98 9-07 5-21	0462	03	048		SH	315
98 9-07 5-21 02 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
02 8-14	ATL		PANOL	Α		35

#### STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS Type Y buttons Type II-A-A 000/100// DOUBLE PAVEMENT NO-PASSING REFLECTOR 17FD PAVEMENT LINE Type I-C, I-A or II-A-A Type W or Y buttons RAISED EDGE LINE SOL I D PAVEMENT OR SINGLE LINES 60" REFLECTORIZED NO-PASSING LINE PAVEMENT White or Yellow Type I-C Type W buttons WIDE RAISED PAVEMENT LINE REFLECTOR 17FD (FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO MARKINGS DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING, ) White 30"<u>+</u> 3' 30"+/-3" Type I-C or II-A-A 0 Q 0 9 0 RAISED **CENTER** PAVEMENT | 5' | 5' | MARKERS √Type W or Y buttons LINE OR LANE REFLECTORIZED LINE MARKINGS White or Yellow Type I-C or II-A-A **BROKEN** (when required) LINES RAISED п \_ ‡8 п П 1-2" \_ MARKERS **AUXILIARY** Type I-C or II-C-OR LANEDROP REFLECTORIZED LINE PAVEMENT REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5′ <u>+</u> 6" WITH RAISED **PAVEMENT MARKERS** If raised pavement markers are used Raised Pavement Markers to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier 20' ± 1' removal of raised pavement markers Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines **SHEET 12 OF 12** Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS." BC(12)-21 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO ©⊺xDOT February 1998 0462 03 048 SH 315 1-97 9-07 5-21 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 PANOLA

WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" Channelizing devices may be omitted if the work area is a from the nearest traveled way. ♡ ♡ ♥ ◊ Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. ROAD AHEAD / CW20-1D 48" X 48" TCP (ATL-11a) TYPICAL UNDIVIDED OR FLUSH MEDIAN WORK NEAR SHOULDER



TYPICAL DEPRESSED MEDIAN

WORK NEAR SHOULDER

	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
4	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	•	Drum						

Posted Speed	Formula	* * Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	. <u>ws²</u>	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L #3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	1301	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1	1	1					

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain
  in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
   The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as
- required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.

  4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime
- operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
  6. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 7. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 8. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.

#A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK NEAR SHOULDER

TCP (ATL-11)-14

atl-11.dgn		DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: 1		T×DOT	ck: TxDOT				
×D0T	January	2014	CONT	SECT	CT JOB		H	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS		0462	03	048		SI	H 315	
			DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
			ATL		PANOL	Α		37	

ROAD

WORK AHEAD

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and

high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or

strobe lights.

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

TCP (ATL-12a)

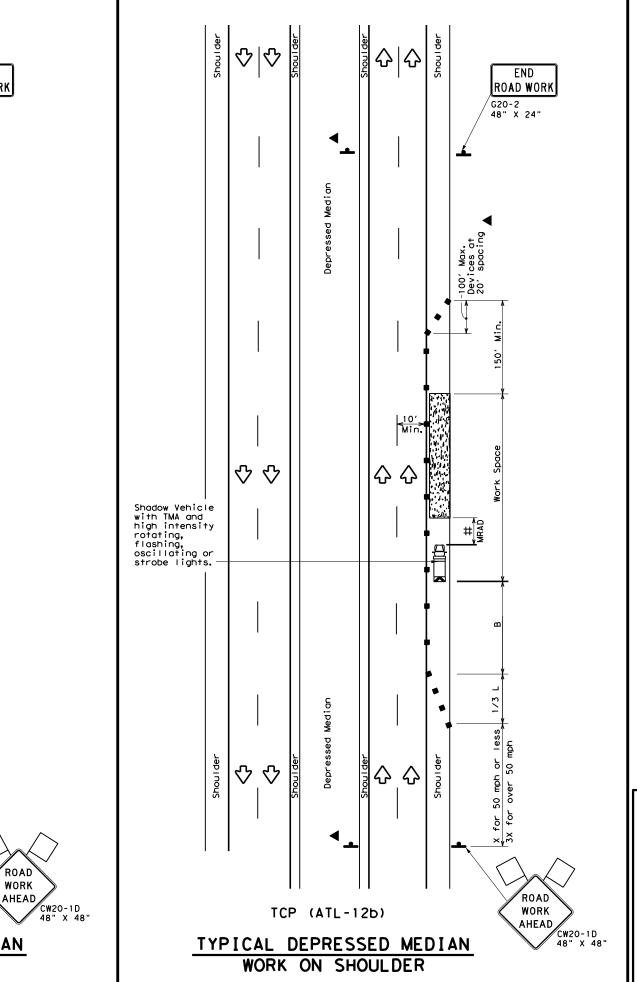
TYPICAL UNDIVIDED OR FLUSH MEDIAN WORK ON SHOULDER

ROAD WORK

ROAD

G20-2 48" X 24"

-100' Max. Devices at 20' spacing



	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	•	Drum					

Posted Formula Speed		**			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset			On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	1551
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	1951
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-W3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		7501	8251	900,	75′	150′	900'	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain
  in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
   The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as
- required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the median side where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- 6. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 7. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 8. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 9. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 10. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

#A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

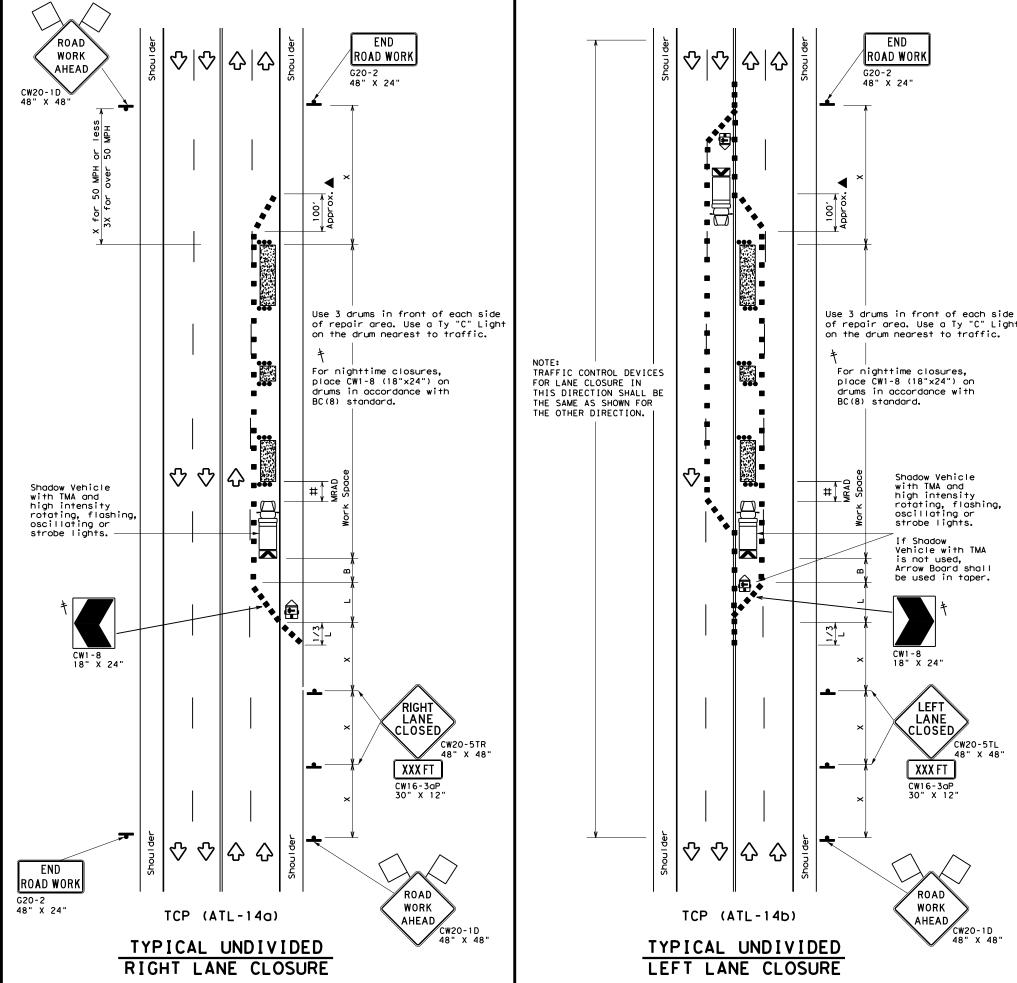
If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK ON SHOULDER

TCP (ATL-12)-14

:	atl-12.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	January 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH	315
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ΔΤΙ		PANOL	٨		<b>7</b> Q



	LEGEND						
~~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
•	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	•	Drum				

Posted Speed	Formula	* * Devices			ng of Lizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90,	
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	8	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		4501	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L-W3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′	
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′	

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
		1	1					

### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 8. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

#A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

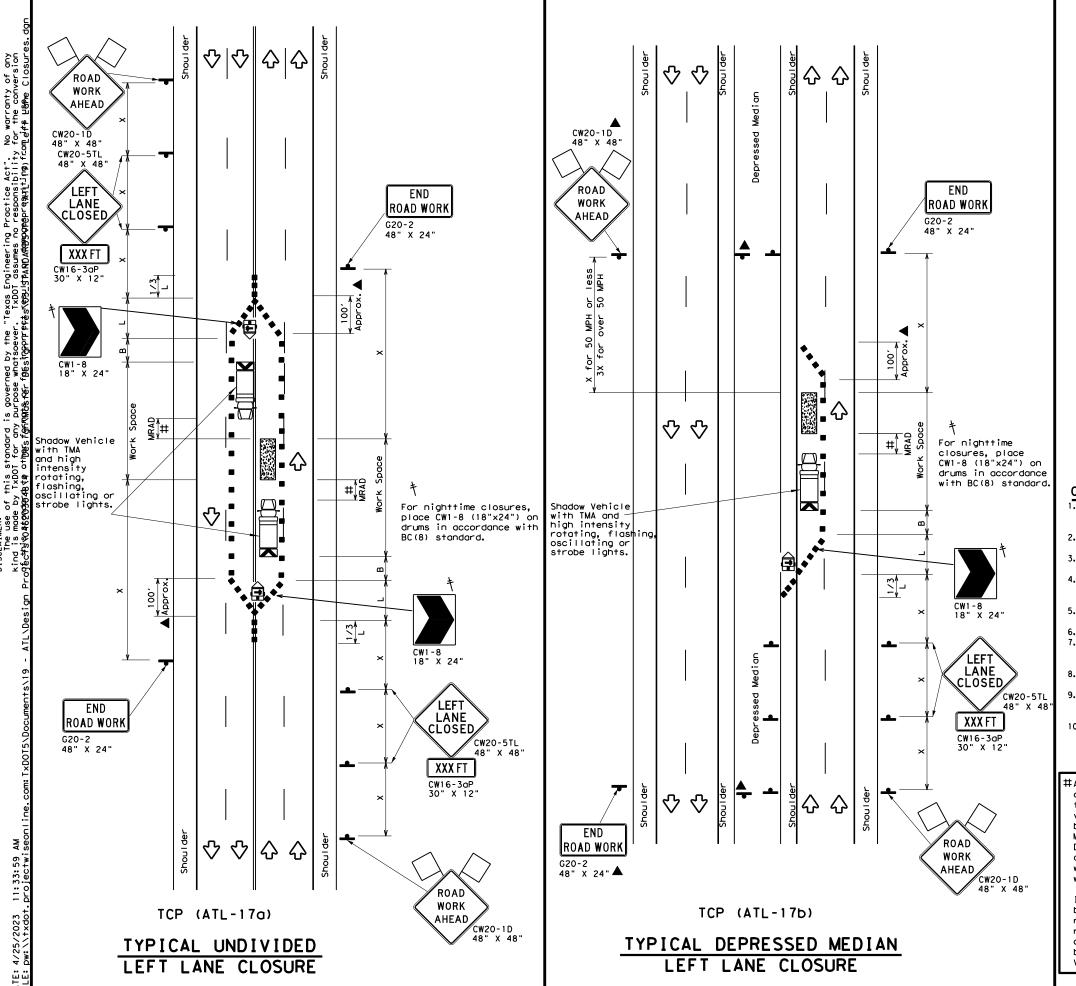
If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PAVEMENT REPAIRS (UNDIVIDED)

TCP (ATL-14)-15

FILE:	atl-14.dgn	DN: T	<b>KDOT</b>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	January 2014	CONT	CONT SECT JOB		H]GHWAY		
4 15	REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH	315
4-15		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ΔTI		PANOI	٨		<b>3</b> 0



	LEGEND						
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	•	Drum				

Posted Formula Speed *		**			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	1551
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	1951
50		500'	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
  - L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
		1	1				

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the median side where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing. 6. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 7. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES.
- 8. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur
- When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque
- 10. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

Sheet 1 of 2

#A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow

Texas Department of Transportation Atlanta District Standard

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LEFT LANE CLOSURE

TCP (ATL-17)-15

.E:	at I - 17. dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
)TxDOT	January 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH	315
-15		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ΔΤι		PANOI	Δ		40

 $\Diamond$ 

TCP (ATL-17c)

TYPICAL FLUSH MEDIAN
LEFT LANE CLOSURE

┇╬

ROAD WORK

AHEAD

Notes 5 & 11

 $\Phi |\Phi\rangle$ 

CW20-1D 48" X 48'

LEFT LANE CLOSED

XXX FT CW16-3aP 30" X 12"

CW20-5TL

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity

rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights.

MRAD #

For nighttime closures, place CW1-8 (18"x24") on

drums in accordance with

WHEN WORKERS ARE NO LONGER PRESENT BUT ROAD

OR WORK CONDITIONS REQUIRE THE TRAFFIC CONTROL TO REMAIN IN

PLACE AND WHEN APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER, TRAFFIC

THE CONTINUOUS

IN INSIDE LANE.

CONTROL DEVICES MAY

BE SET TO ONLY CLOSE

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE,

ALLOWING TRAFFIC IN THIS DIRECTION TO TRAVEL

BC(8) standard.

END Road Work

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and

strobe lights.

CW16-3aP 30" X 12"

ROAD WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or

G20-2 48" X 24"

	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	•	Drum						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Suggested Maximum Desirable Spacing of Channelizing **			Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	_ "3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
<u> </u>		✓	✓							

### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. Duplicate construction warning signs shall be erected on the median side.
- 6. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 7. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 8. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 10. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- 11. For TCP (ATL-17c) Flush Median, median side signs shall be mounted at 7' height.

Sheet 2 of 2

#A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

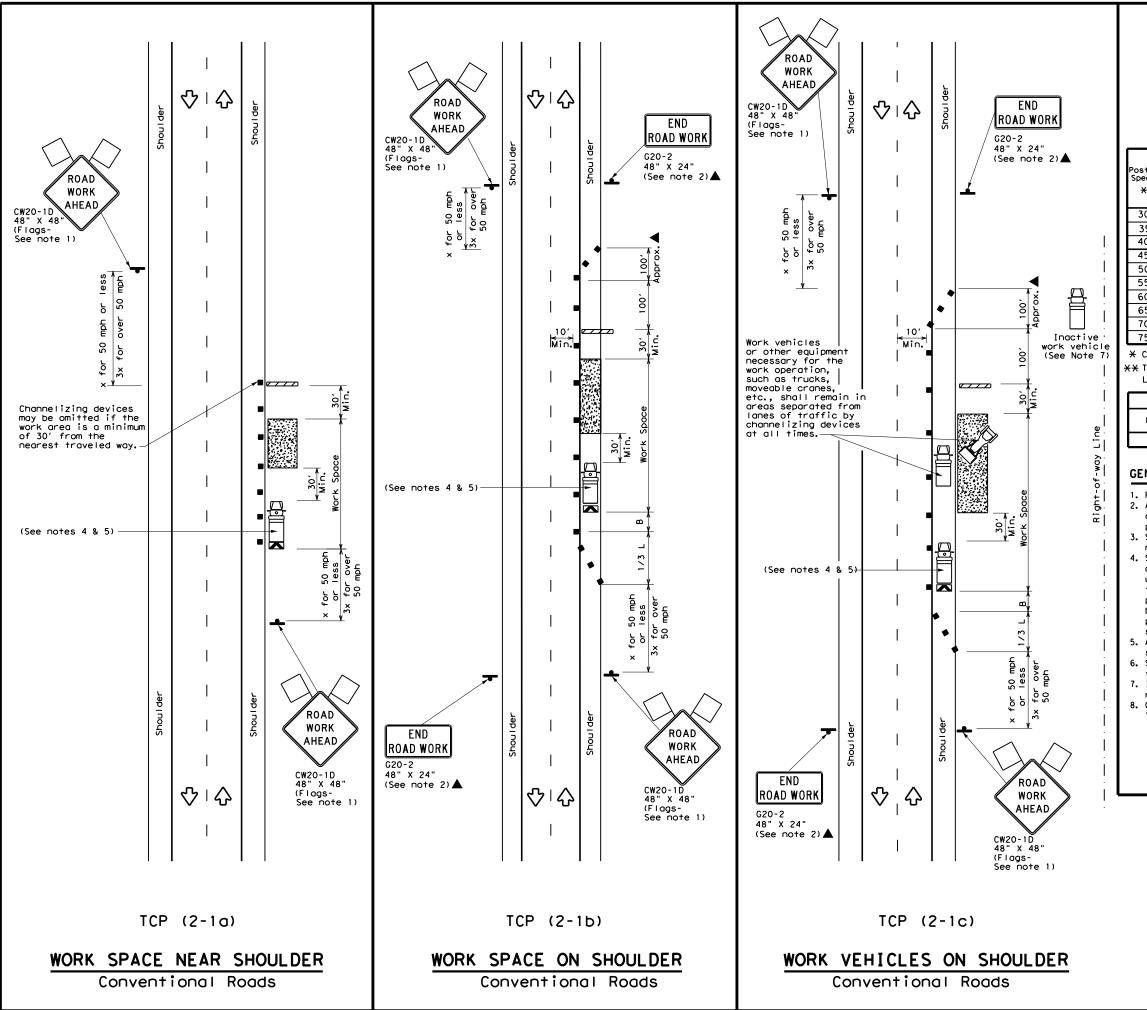
w vehicle equipped with
Mounted Attenuator is
ly required. A shadow
equipped with a TMA shall
and positioned per the

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LEFT LANE CLOSURE

TCP (ATL-17)-15

FILE:	atl-17.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	January 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH	315
4-15		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ΔΤΙ		PANOI	Δ		<b>4</b> 1

01



	LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
Flag Lo Flagger											
Minimum Consected Novimum											

_	V \					, , ,,		
Posted Formula Speed		Desirable Taper Lengths XX			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	1501	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550′	600,	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- "3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900'	540'

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

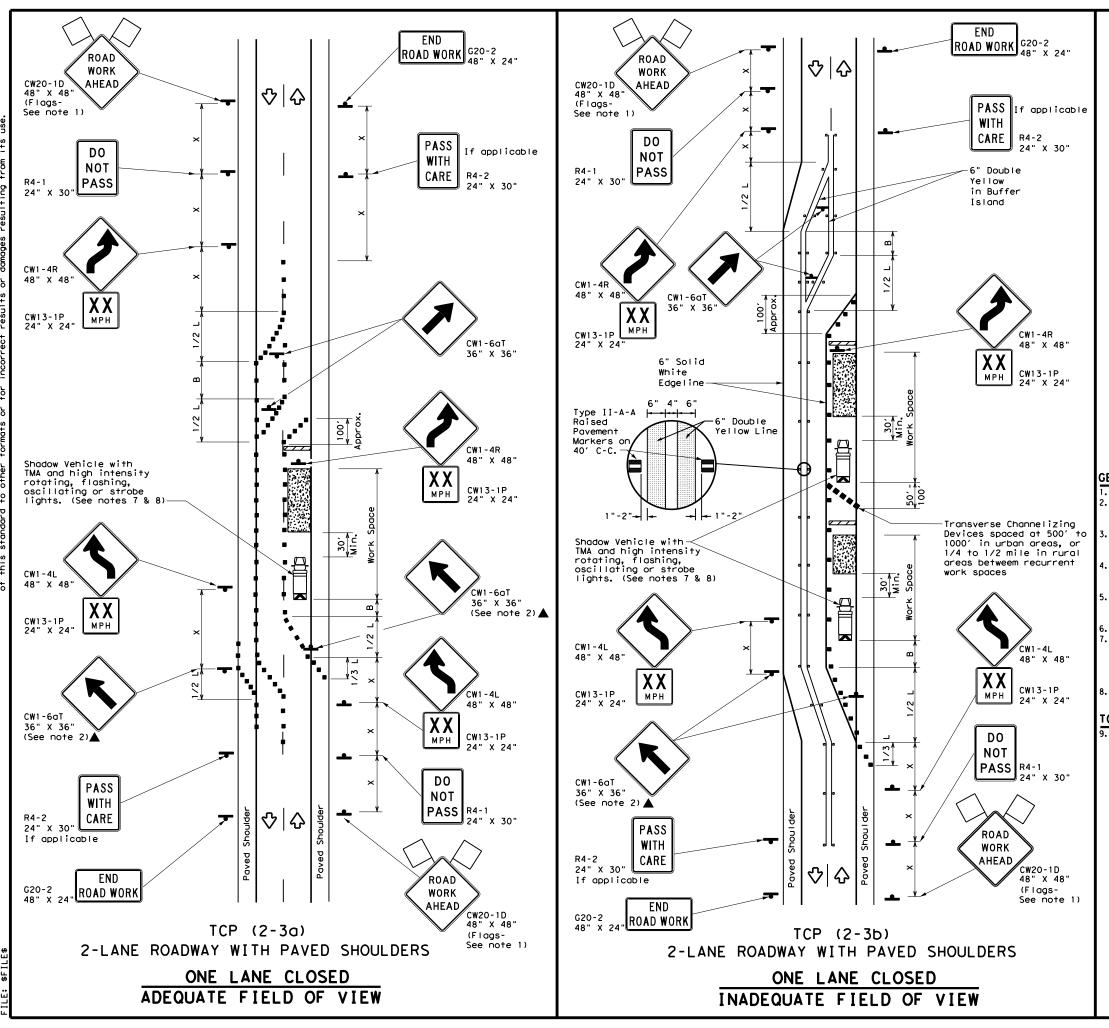
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

	_			_	
LE: †cp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS -94 4-98	0462	03	048	9	SH 315
-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	ATL		PANOL	Α	42





	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>F</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA							
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	3	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	* * *		le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90′
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	b	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550'	6001	50°	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600'	660′	7201	60`	120'	600,	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	1301	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
				TCP (2-3b) ONL Y							
			<b>√</b>	✓							

### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue.
  The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- . The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- . Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- 7. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### TCP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(5) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO-LANE ROADS

TCP (2-3) -23

FILE: tcp(2-3)-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 12-85 4-98 2-18	0462	03	048	9	SH 315
8-95 3-03 4-23	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-12	ATL		PANOL	Α	43

163

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and MIN 30 high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights.
(See notes 5 & 6) RIGHT LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR 48" X 48' XXX FT CW16-3aP 30" X 12" (See note 4) END ROAD WORK  $| \heartsuit | \diamondsuit | \diamondsuit | \diamondsuit |$ ROAD G20-2 48" X 24" WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note TCP (2-4a) ONE LANE CLOSED

WORK

AHEAD

for 50 MPH or less 3x for over 50 MPH

CW20-1D

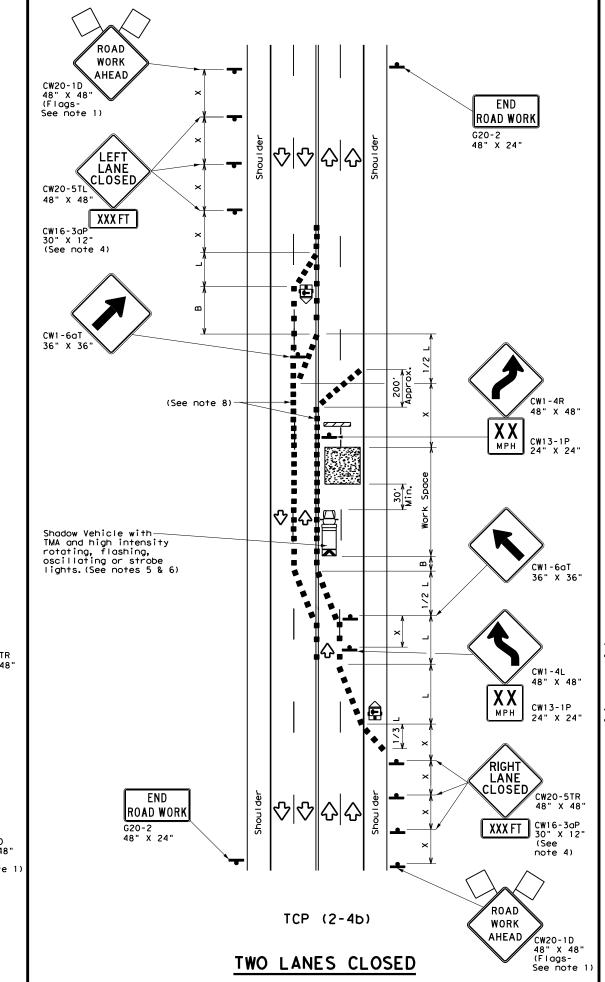
48" x 48" (Flags-See note 1)

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

100' pprox.



	LEGEND						
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
<b>₽</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
•	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger				

	<u> </u>	. 09				, , , , , , ,		
Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Leng†hs **		Spacir Channe Dev		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
_ *		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	180'	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	2951	320′	40`	80'	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90'	320'	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	1001	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	- ""	600′	660′	720′	60`	120'	600,	350′
65		650′	7151	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	8401	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
		✓	✓			

### GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- 1. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### CP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

### CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

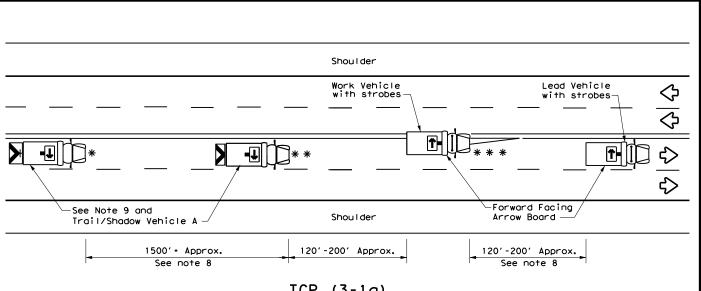


Traffic Operations Division Standard

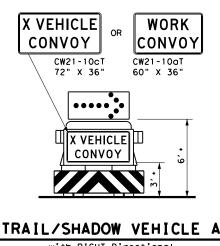
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

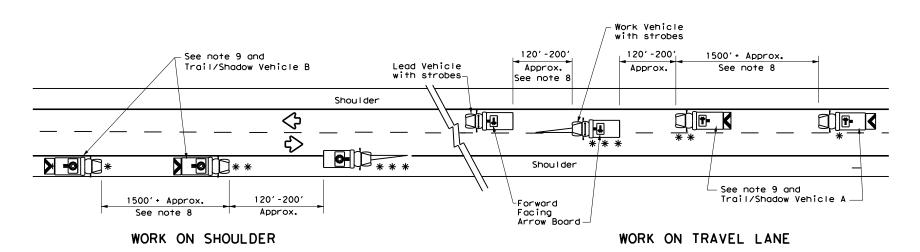
FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0462	03	048	9	SH 315
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	ATL		PANOL	Α	44



# TCP (3-1a) UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY

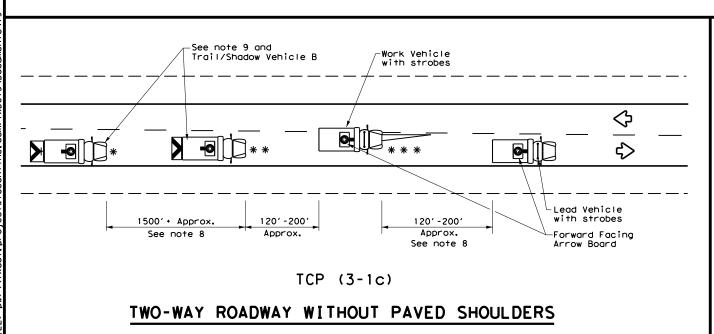


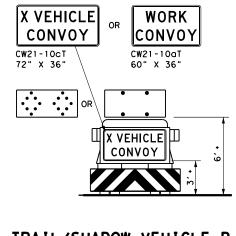
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

# TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

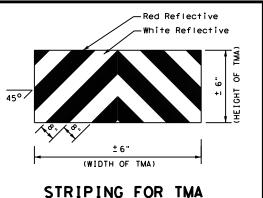
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND							
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* * *	Work Vehicle		RIGHT Directional					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>-</b>	LEFT Directional					
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>#</b>	Double Arrow					
♦	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)					

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
4							

### GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



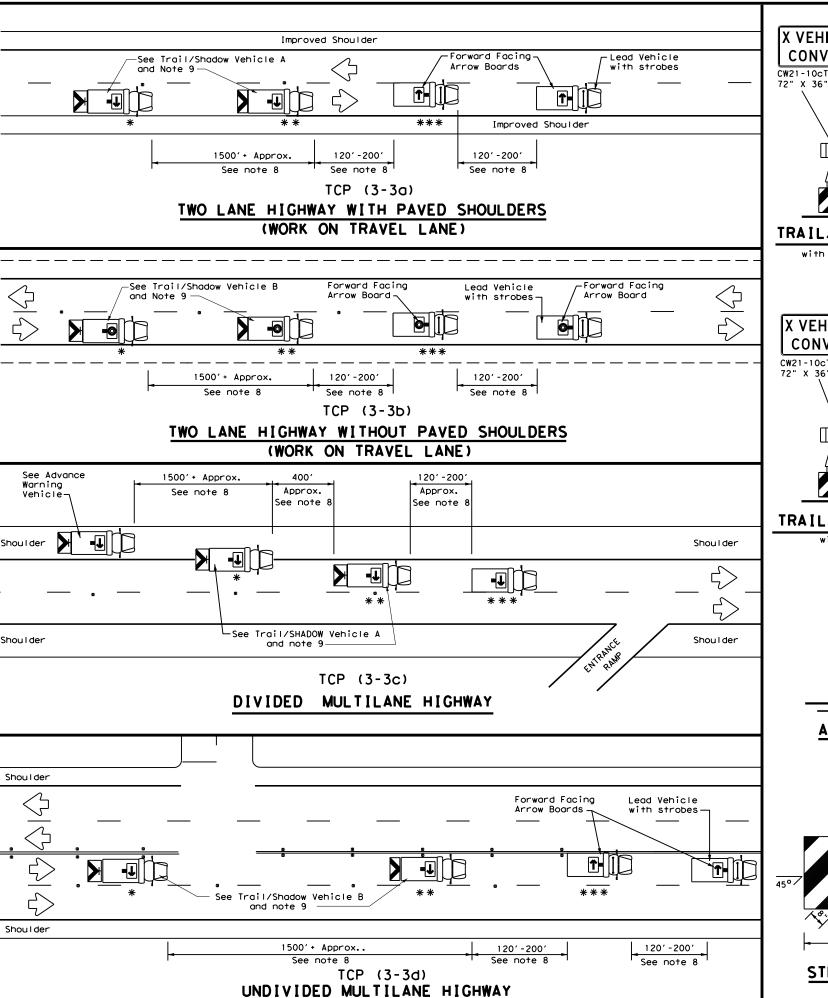


Traffic Operations Division Standard

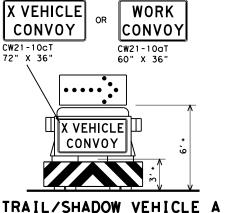
# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-1)-13

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C TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
2-94 4-9	REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH	315
8-95 7-1		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97		ATL		PANOL	A		45

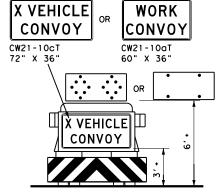


warranty of any the conversion



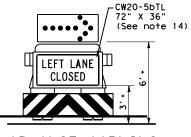
# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

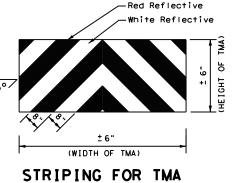


### TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



LEGEND						
*	* Trail Vehicle ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY				
* * *	Work Vehicle	<b></b>	RIGHT Directional			
	Heavy Work Vehicle	4	LEFT Directional			
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>‡</b>	Double Arrow			
♡	Traffic Flow	0-	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)			

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
  Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary
- depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

	•	•				
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© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0462	03	048		SH	315
8-95 7-13	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
1-97 7-14	ATL		PANOL	A		46

- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.

DOUBLE

NO-PASSING

LINE

SINGLE

NO-PASSING LINE

or CHANNELIZATION

LINE

**TABS** 

TAPE

TABS

**TAPE** 

**TABS** 

TAPE

SOLID

**LINES** 

**BROKEN** 

LINES

(FOR CENTER LINE

OR LANE LINE)

**WIDE DOTTED** LINES (FOR LANE DROP LINES)

WIDE GORE

**MARKINGS** 

**TABS** 

TAPE

TABS

3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS

40' ± 1

----12' ± 6"

—12' ± 6"

20' ± 6"

20' ± 6"

20' ± 6"

20' ± 6"

Type Y-2 or W

White

Yellow or White

Type Y-2 or W

→ 4.5' ± 6"

 $\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{m}$ 

Yellow or White

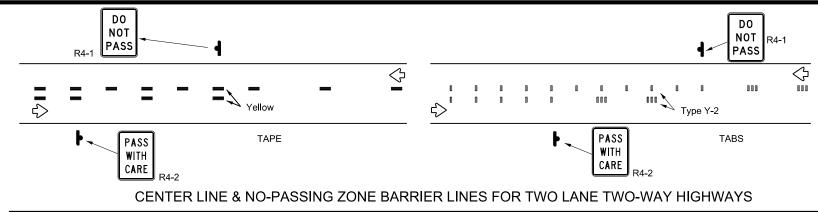
→ 1' ± 3"

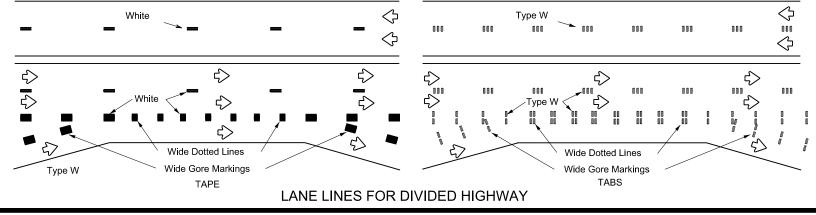
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

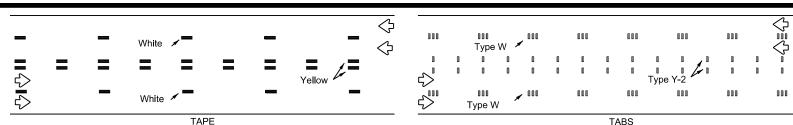
### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

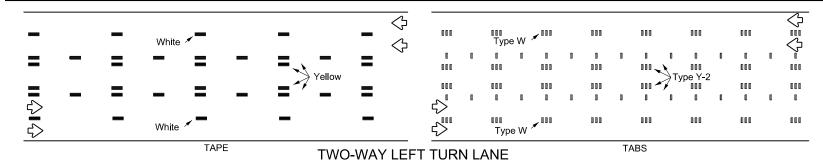
# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

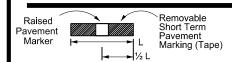






## LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS





If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

# Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm

# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ(STPM)-23

FILE: WZ	stpm-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
C) TxDOT	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS		0462	03	048		SH 315
-92 7-13 -97 2-23		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-03		ATL		PANOL	A	47

TWO LANE CONVENTIONAL ROAD

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC  $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

	TABLE 1						
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices					
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11					
7/// 🛧 D							
② >3	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11					
③0" to 3/4"							
D D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".						
Notched Wedge Joint							

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	nal roads	36" >	∢ 36"
Freeways/ex divided	kpressways, roadways	48" ×	48"

# SIGNING FOR

Texas Department of Transportation

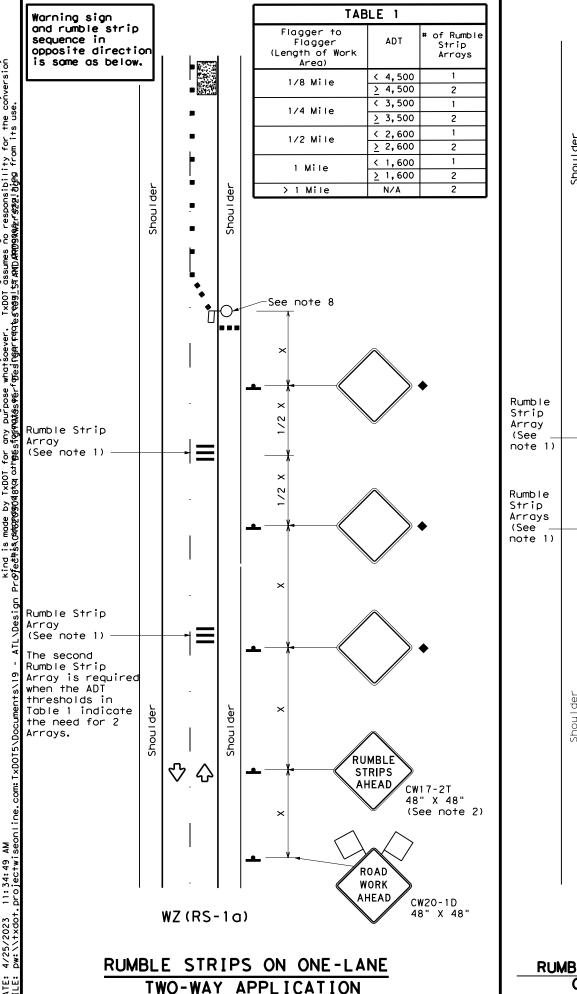
WZ (UL) -13

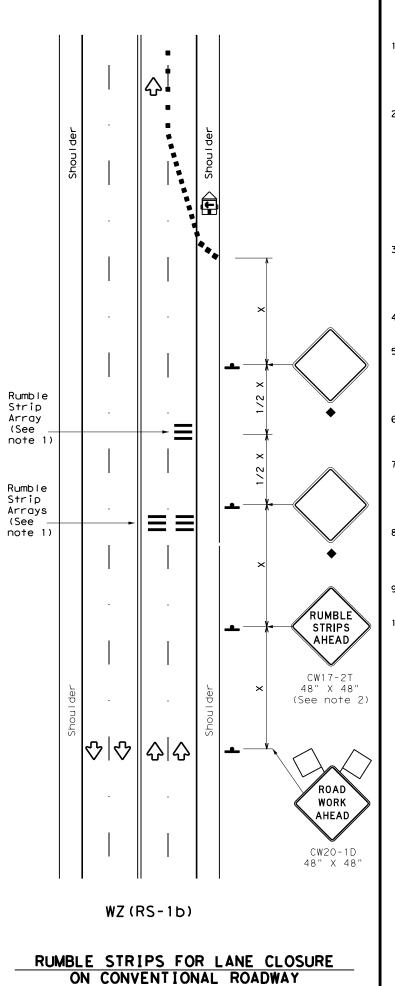
Traffic Operations Division Standard

FILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th colspan="3">TxDOT CK: TxDO</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT CK: TxDO		
C TxD0T	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0462	03	048		S	H 315	
8-95 2-98	7-13	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
1-97 3-03		ATL	L PANOLA 4				48	

No warranty of any for the conversion

UNEVEN LANES





### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 3. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПO	Flagger					

Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Suggested Maximum Desiroble Spacing of  aper Lengths Channelizing  X X Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	2451	35′	701	160′	120′
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	6601	55`	110′	500′	295′
60	L - # 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
   L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
   S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	✓					

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2				
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array			
≤ 40 MPH	10′			
> 40 MPH & <u>&lt;</u> 55 MPH	15′			
= 60 MPH	20′			
<u>&gt;</u> 65 MPH	<b>*</b> 35′+			

Texas Department of Transportation

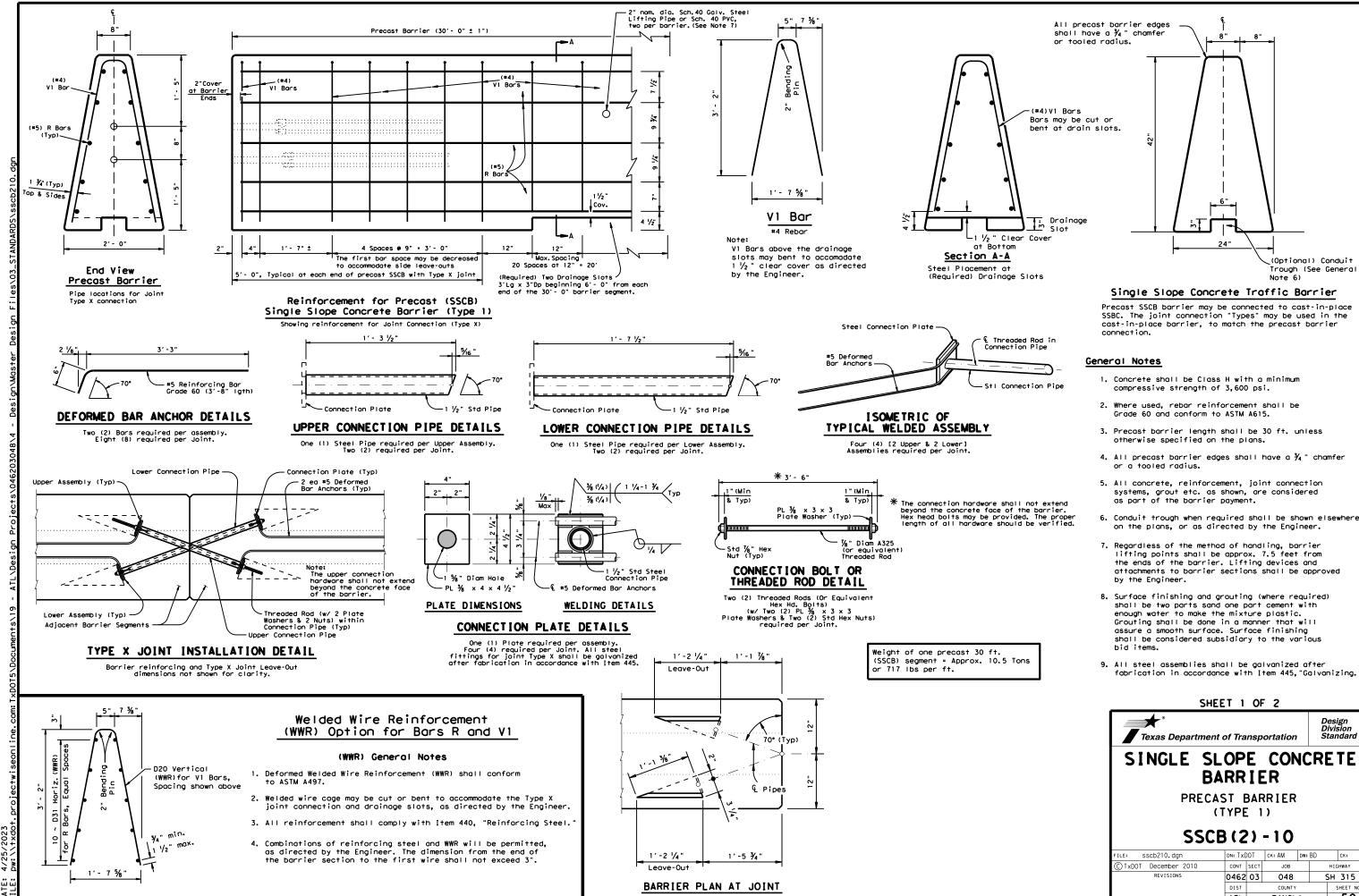
TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

ILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C)TxDOT November 2	012 CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH	315
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-10	ATL		PANOL	Α.		49

11



(Optional) Conduit

Trough (See General

SHEET 1 OF 2

BARRIER

PRECAST BARRIER

SSCB(2)-10

CONT SECT

0462 03

DN: TxDOT CK: AM DW: BD

JOB

048

PANOLA

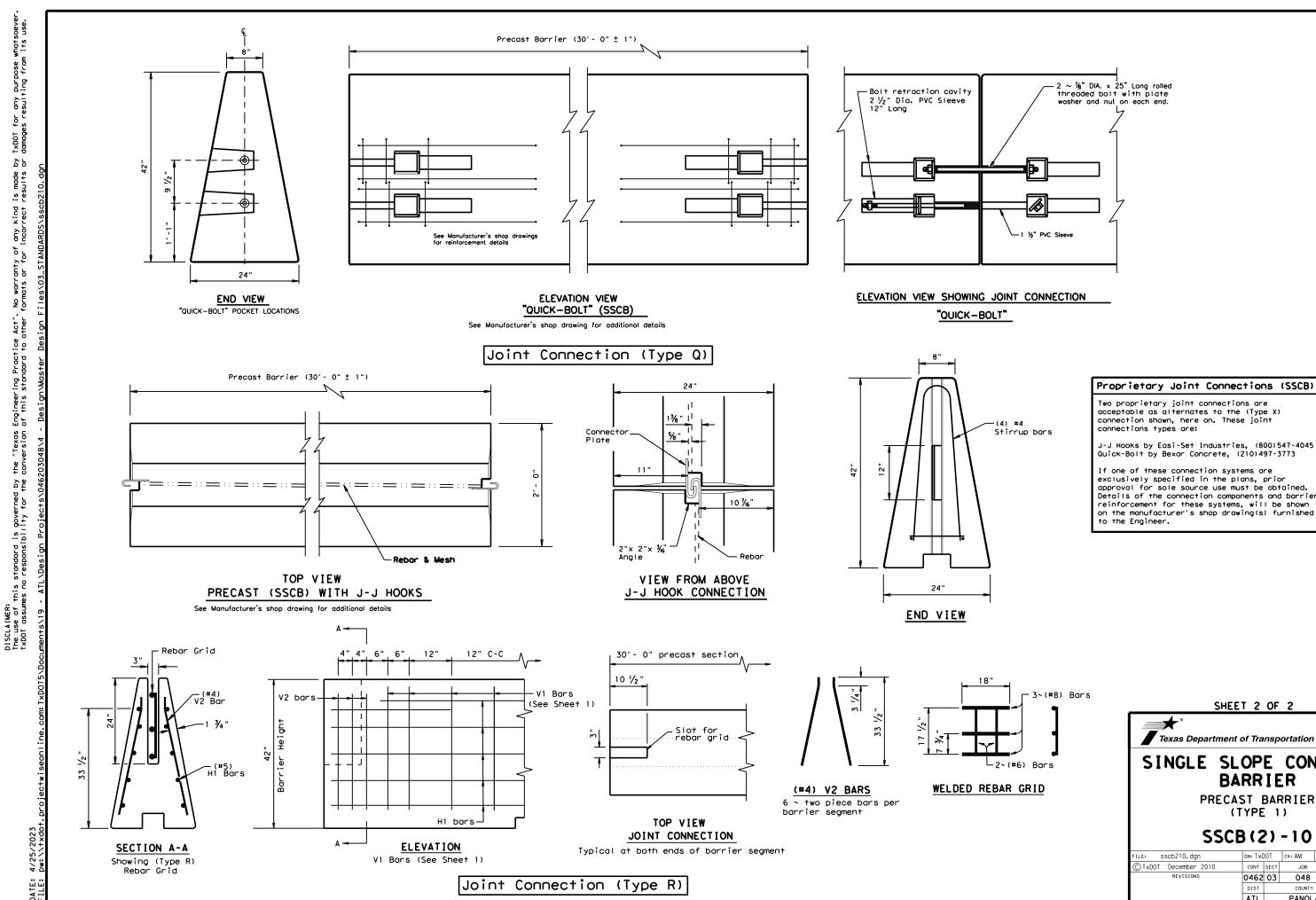
HIGHWAY

SH 315

50

(TYPE 1)

Şρ is made results kind rect or for Engineering Practice Act". of this standard to other e t this standard is gove es no responsibility



DN: TxDOT CK: AM DW: VP CTxDOT December 2010 CONT SECT JOB SH 315 0462 03 048 PANOLA

SHEET 2 OF 2

SINGLE SLOPE CONCRETE

BARRIER

PRECAST BARRIER

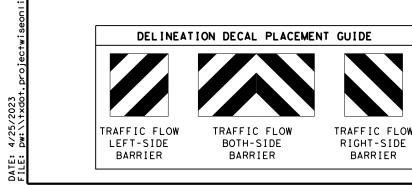
SSCB(2)-10

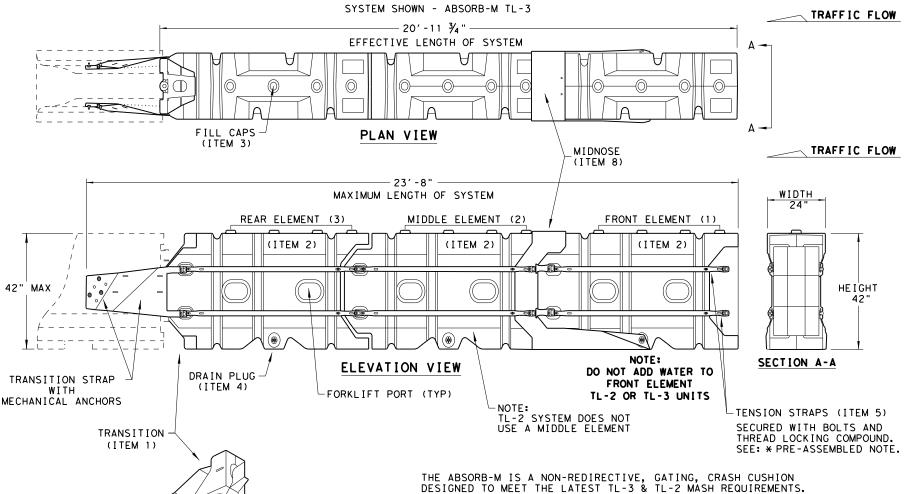
(TYPE 1)

Texas Department of Transportation

MECHANICAL

ANCHORS (ITEM 13)





PINS

(ITEM 12)

THE SYSTEM IS DESIGNED TO ACCOMMODATE A VARIETY OF F-SHAPE AND SINGLE SLOPE CONCRETE BARRIERS. CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR GUIDANCE REGARDING OTHER ALLOWABLE SHAPES.

TEST LEVEL	NUMBER OF ELEMENTS	EFFECTIVE LENGTH	MAXIMUM LENGTH
TL-2	2	14' - 7 3/4"	17'- 4"
TL-3	3	20' - 11 ¾"	23' - 8"

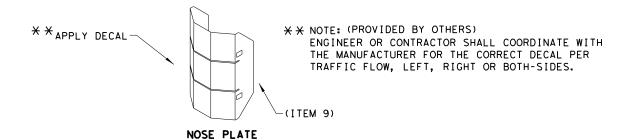
CROSS SLOPES OF UP TO 8% (OR 1:12 SLOPE) CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH STANDARD HARDWARE SHOWN WITHIN THE INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL. FOR SLOPES WITH EXCESS OF 8% (OR 1:12) CONTACT, LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS.

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING THE INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800. 180 RIVER ROAD, RIO VISTA, CA 94571
- 2. THE ABSORB-M SYSTEM IS ONLY APPROVED FOR USE IN (TEMPORARY WORK ZONE) LOCATIONS.
- 3. THE ABSORB-M IS A WATER FILLED NON-REDIRECTIVE, GATING CRASH CUSHION THAT DOES NOT NEED TO BE ATTACHED TO A FOUNDATION AND CAN BE INSTALLED ON TOP OF CONCRETE. ASPHALT, OR ANY SURFACE CAPABLE OF BEARING THE WEIGHT OF THE SYSTEM.
- 4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS-SLOPE IS 8%.
- 5. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 6. THE ABSORB-M SHOULD BE LOCATED APPROXIMATELY PARALLEL WITH THE BARRIER.
- 7. THE USE OF THE ABSORB-M IS RESTRICTED TO A BARRIER HEIGHT OF UP TO 42 INCHES.
- 8. DO NOT ADD WATER TO FRONT ELEMENT (TL-2 OR TL-3 UNIT).

	В	ILL OF MATERIALS	(BOM) ABSORB-M TL-3 & TL-2 SYSTEMS	QTY	QTY
	ITEM:	# PART NUMBER	PART DESCRIPTION	TL-2 SYSTEM	TL-3 SYSTEM
	1	BSI-1809036-00	TRANSITION- (GALV)	1	1
Г	2	BSI-1808002-00	PRE-ASSEMBLED ABSORBING (ELEMENTS)	2	3
	3	BSI-4004598	FILL CAPS	8	12
×	4	BSI-4004599	DRAIN PLUGS	2	3
~	5	BSI-1809053-00	TENSION STRAP-(GALV)	8	12
	6	BSI-2001998	C-SCR FH 3/8-16 X 1 1/2 GR5 PLT	8	12
L	7	BSI-2001999	C-SCR FH 3/8-16 X 1 GR5 PLT	8	12
	8	BSI-1809035-00	MIDNOSE - (GALV)	1	1
	9	BSI-1808014-00	NOSE PLATE	1	1
	10	BSI-1809037-00	TRANSITION STRAP (LEFT-HAND)-(GALV)	1	1
	11	BSI-1809038-00	TRANSITION STRAP (RIGHT-HAND) - (GALV)	1	1
	12 BSI-1808005-00		PIN ASSEMBLY	8	10
	13	BSI-2002001	ANC MECH 5/8-11X5 (GALV)	6	6
	14	ABSORB-M	INSTALLATION AND INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL	1	1

\*COMPONENTS PRE-ASSEMBLED WITH ELEMENT ASSEMBLY



APPLY A HIGH REFLECTIVE DECAL TO THE NOSE PLATE. DELINEATION DECAL ORIENTATION IS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLAN SET AND SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MUTCD FOR (TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES). DECALS ARE AVAILABLE FOR TRAFFIC FLOW ON THE LEFT-SIDE, BOTH -SIDES AND RIGHT-SIDE.

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL.

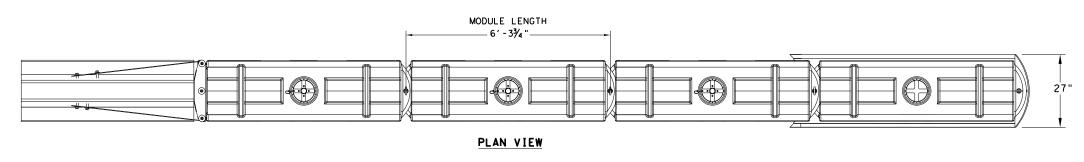
THE ABSORB-M, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE

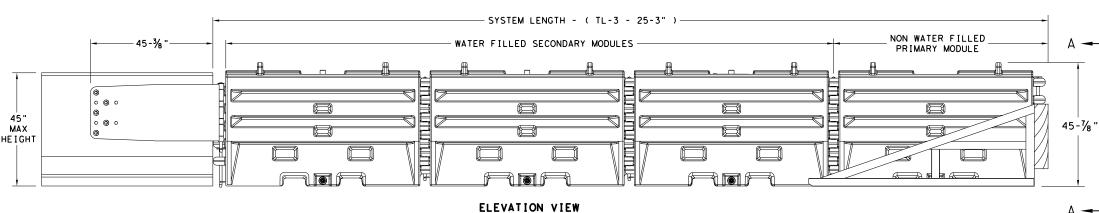


LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS CRASH CUSHION (MASH TL-3 & TL-2) TEMPORARY - WORK ZONE ABSORB (M) - 19

FILE: absorbm19 DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP CK: C) TxDOT: JULY 2019 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0462 03 048 SH 315 PANOLA

SACRIFICIAL







SECTION A-A



TRAFFIC FLOW ON

BOTH SIDES OF





TRAFFIC FLOW ON

RIGHT-SIDE OF

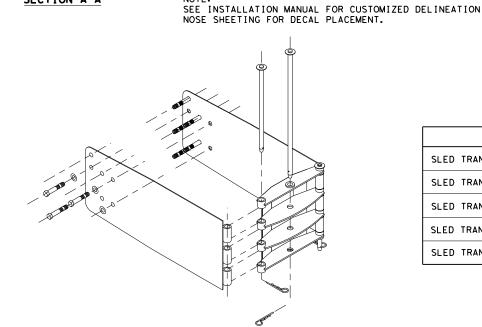


TRAFFIC FLOW ON

LEFT-SIDE OF

ROTATED 90 DEGREES

NOSE SHEETING PANEL DELINEATION



TRANSITION OPTIONS	
SLED TRANSITION TO CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT)	
SLED TRANSITION TO STEEL TRAFFIC BARRIER (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TRANSITION)	
SLED TRANSITION TO PLASTIC TRAFFIC BARRIER (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TRANSITION)	
SLED TRANSITION TO W-BEAM OR THRIE BEAM GUARD RAIL (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TRANSI	T I ON )
SLED TRANSITION TO CONCRETE BRIDGE ABUTMENT	

TEST LEVEL

TL-3

NUMBER OF

SECONDARY MODULES

SYSTEM LENGTH

25' 3"

### SLED TRANSITION COMPONENTS FOR ATTACHMENT TO CMB

SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SLED, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL.

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. REFER TO THE INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC SYSTEM ASSEMBLY AND MODULE ORIENTATION. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, CONTACT TRAFFIX, INC. AT (949) 361-5663.
- 2. THE SLED SYSTEM IS A MASH APPROVED TEST LEVEL 3 (TL-3) CRASH CUSHION APPROVED FOR USE IN TEMPORARY WORK ZONES. THE SLED SYSTEM IS A NON-REDIRECTIVE, GATING CRASH CUSHION THAT DOES NOT NEED TO BE ATTACHED TO THE GROUND AND CAN BE INSTALLED ON CONCRETE, ASPHALT, GRAVEL OR COMPACTED SOIL.
- 3. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS SLOPE IS 8° (DEGREES) (14%).
- 4. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 5. THE SLED SYSTEM CAN BE ATTACHED TO:
  - CONCRETE BARRIER, TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT, 45" MAXIMUM HEIGHT
  - STEEL BARRIER
  - . PLASTIC BARRIER CONCRETE BRIDGE ABUTMENTS
  - .W-BEAM GUARD RAIL
  - THRIE BEAM GUARD RAIL

	BILL OF MATERIAL						
PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY: TL-3					
45131	TRANSITION FRAME, GALVANIZED	1					
45150	TRANSITION PANEL, GALVANIZED	2					
45147-CP	TRANSITION SHORT DROP PIN W/ KEEPER PIN, GALVANIZED	2					
45148-CP	TRANSITION LONG DROP PIN W/ KEEPER PIN, GALVANIZED	1					
45050	ANCHOR BOLTS	9					
12060	WASHER, 3/4" ID X 2" OD	9					
45044-Y	SLED YELLOW WATER FILLED MODULE	3					
45044-YH	SLED YELLOW "NO FILL" MODULE	1					
45044-S	CIS (CONTAINMENT IMPACT SLED), GALVANIZED	1					
45043-CP	T-PIN W/ KEEPER PIN	4					
18009-B-I	FILL CAP W/ "DRIVE BY" FLOAT INDICATOR	3					
45033-RC-B	DRAIN PLUG	3					
45032-DPT	DRAIN PLUG REMOVAL TOOL	1					

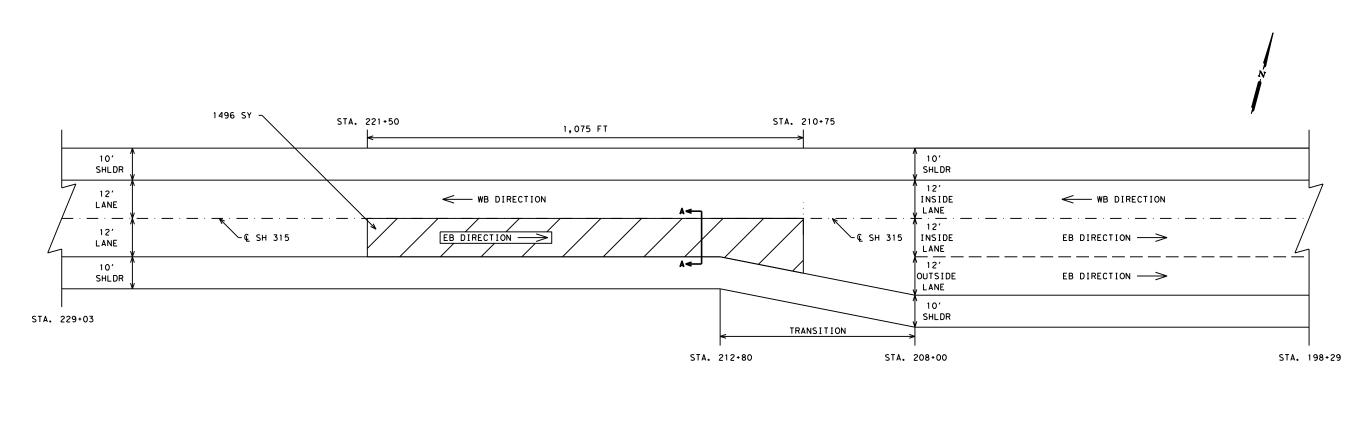


SLED CRASH CUSHION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT (TEMPORARY, WORK ZONE)

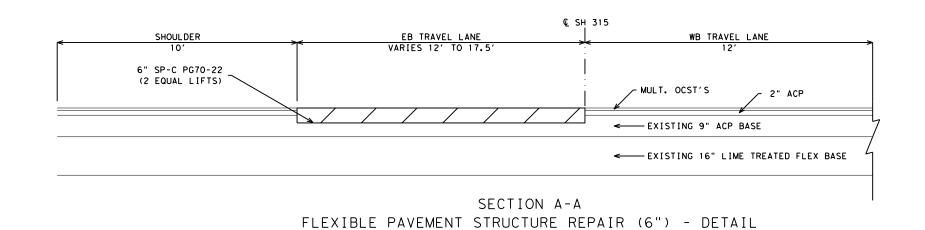
SLED-19

FILE: Sled19.dgn	DN: Tx[	TO	ck: KM	DW:	VP	CK:
C TxDOT: DECEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH	315
	DIST		COUNTY		1	SHEET NO.
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SACRIFICIAL



LAYOUT #1
FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR (6") - PLAN VIEW



# MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

NOTF:

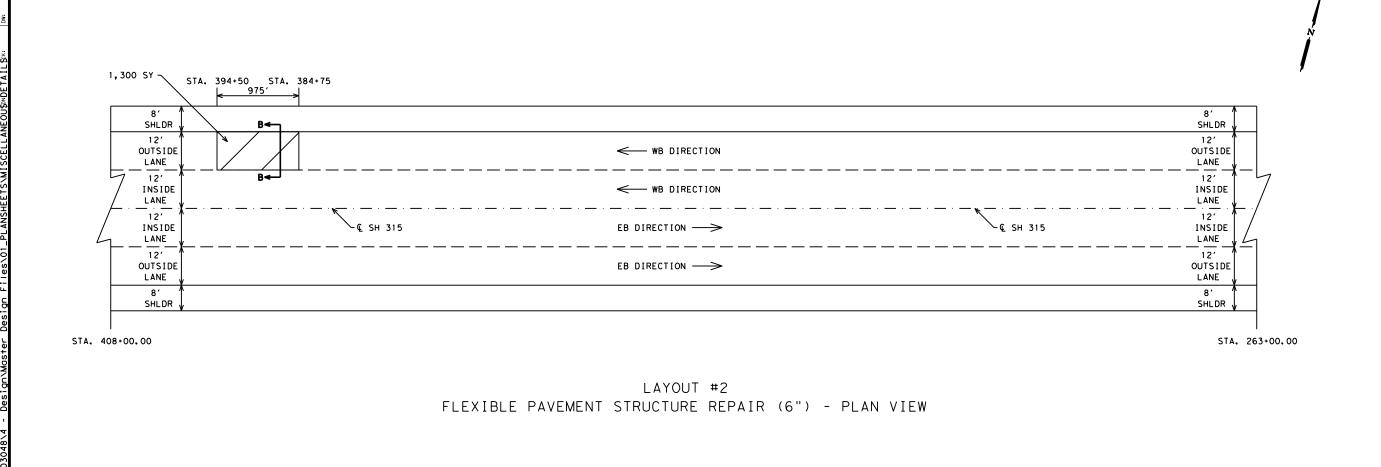
PLEASE SEE EXISTING TYPICAL SECTIONS, QUANTITY SUMMARIES, AND SEQUENCE OF WORK FOR MORE INFORMATION.

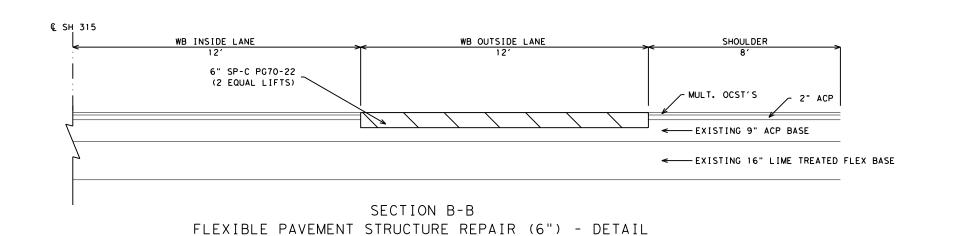
		SHEE	T 1	OF 2				
Texas Department of Transportation								
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY				
0462	03	048	5	SH 315				
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				

ATL PANOLA

NOT TO SCALE

DATE: 4/25/2023 11:10:09 AM FILE: pw:\\txOT5\Documents





# MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

NOTF:

PLEASE SEE EXISTING TYPICAL SECTIONS, QUANTITY SUMMARIES, AND SEQUENCE OF WORK FOR MORE INFORMATION. SHEET 2 OF 2

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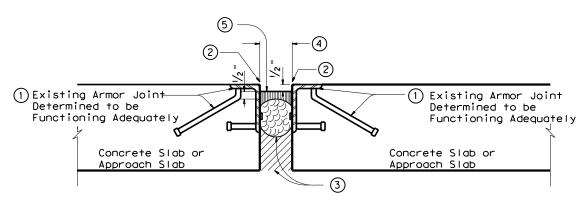
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O480203

NOT TO SCALE

JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL (used without ACP Overlay)

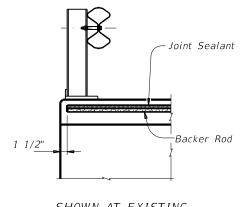
# EXISTING CONCRETE SLAB & GIRDER JOINT REPAIR



DETAIL "A" - PHASE I

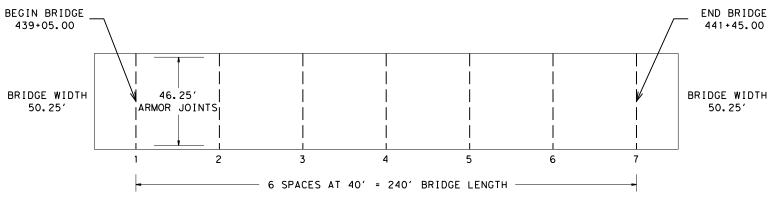
PHASE I - NOTES:

- 1 Condition of existing steel angle and plate shall be determined prior to placing backer rod and silicone seal. The entire length of existing joint shall be checked and any portion that is determined unsound by the Engineer shall be removed as directed by the Engineer.
- 2 Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with ITEM 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Existing Joints (CL7)". Clean joint out full depth of the joint.
- 3 Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. The backer rod must be 25% larger than the joint opening and compatible with the sealant. Fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam.
- 4 It will be the Contractors responsibility to field verify joint sizes prior to ordering backer rods and joint sealants.
- 5 Seal when required as Directed by the Engineer, using Class 7 Silicone sealant. Prepare joint and seal in accordance with ITEM 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Existing Joints(CL7)". Recess seal 1/2" below top of concrete in travel lanes and 1/8" below top of concrete in shoulders. See armor joint section and armor joint seal termination detail for more information.



SHOWN AT EXISTING STEEL RAIL

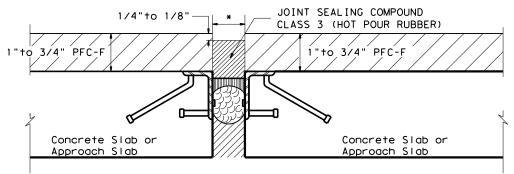
JOINT SEALANT TERMINATION DETAILS



SH 315 MURVAUL CREEK BRIDGE

CLEAN AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS(CL7) "PHASE V" AND CLEAN AND SEALING JOINTS "PHASE VII"

\* - Match existing joint sizes as PHASE I.



PHASE II TRANSVERS EXPANSION JOINT DETAIL (ABOVE PHASE I - AFTER PFC-F OVERLAY)

PHASE II - NOTES:

- 1 Saw cut overlay to the top of the existing armor joint (as not to damage steel) to expose existing joint.
- 2 The joints shall be cleaned in accordance with ITEM 438 and prior to beginning operations, the contractor shall submit a statement from the sealant manufacturer showing the recommended equipment and installation procedured to be used.

### GENERAL NOTES

Cleaning existing joint opening (full depth) of all debris, providing and placing backer rod, saw-cutting asphalt overlay, and sealing joint is paid for by Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints" and measured by the linear foot.

Obtain approval for all tools, equipment, materials and techniques proposed for use to prepare the joint. Provide Class 7 silicone sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers" for joints in concrete.

Extend sealant up into rail or curb 1 1/2 inches on low side or sides of deck. If the Class 7 Sealant cannot be effectively placed in the vertical position, a Class 4 Sealant compatible with the Class 7 sealant is allowed for the extension of the seal into the curb or rail. Prepare surfaces where sealant is to be placed in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.

NOT TO SCALE

# BRIDGE ARMOR JOINT DETAIL



0462 03 048 SH 315 PANOLA

Texas

SH 315

57

048

PANOLA

0462 03

NOT TO SCALE

NOTE: STEEL I-BEAM POST W6 X 8.5 (6'-0") PN:533G STANDARD WOOD BLOCKOUTS (6"X8"X14") PN:4076I

POST (7)

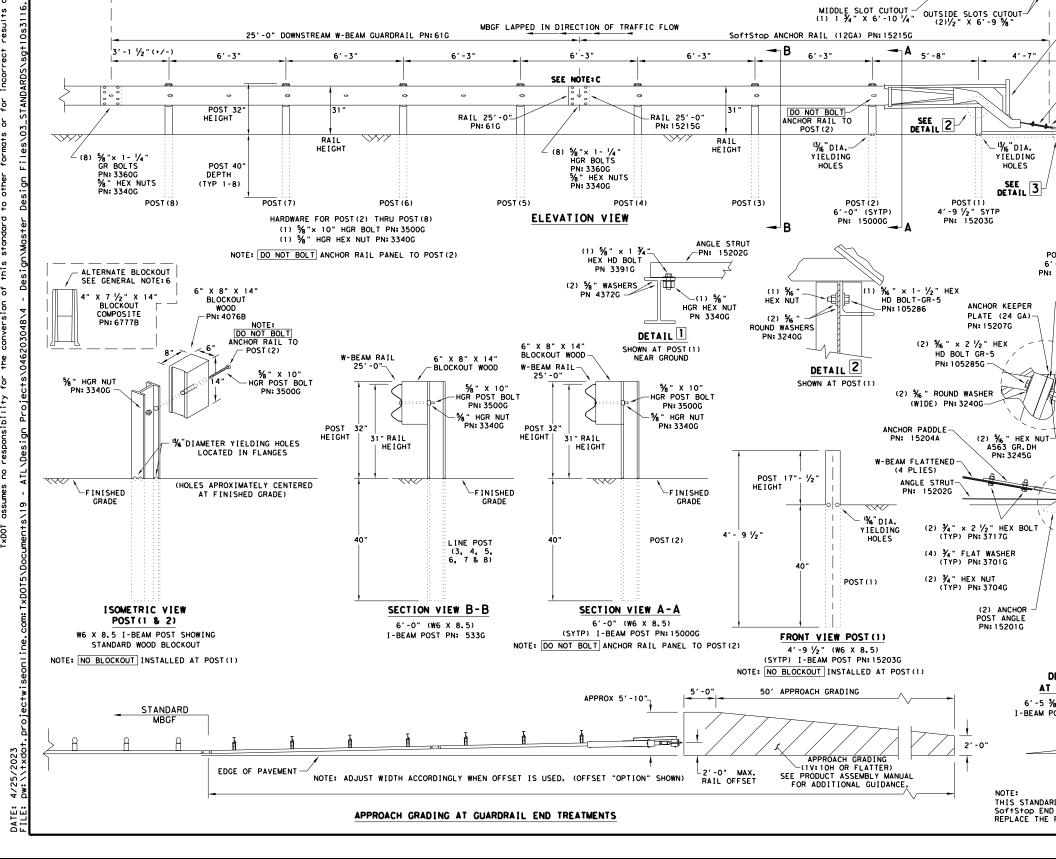
MASH TEST LEVEL 3 (TL-3) LENGTH OF SoftStop TERMINAL (50'-9 1/2")

AT (POSTS 2 THRU 8)

POST(8)

END PAYMENT FOR SGT

BEGIN STANDARD



%" X 10" HGR BOLT PN: 3500G

POST (5)

PLAN VIEW

50'-9 1/2" STANDARD INSTALLATION LENGTH (MASH TL-3 SoftStop)

HGR NUT PN: 3340G

ANCHOR RAIL WITH SLOTS - (THREADED THRU HEAD)
SEE SoftStop MANUAL FOR COMPLETE DETAILS

LINE AT THE BACK OF POST #2 THRU #8

DO NOT BOLT

ANCHOR RAIL TO - POST (2)

POST (3)

BEGIN LENGTH OF NEED

FROM THE CENTERLINE OF POST(1) & POST(0)

ANGLE STRUT

PN: 15202G

SEE DETAIL 1 POST (1)

ANCHOR PADDLE

PN: 15204A-

13% DIA. YIELDING

HOLES

SEE 3

POST(0)

TRAFFIC FLOW

SEE GN(3)

& NOTE:B

ANCHOR PADDLE -PN: 15204A

END OF ANCHOR RAIL PN: 15215G

SEE A

ANCHOR PLATE WASHER

1/2" THICK PN: 15206G

1" ROUND WASHER F463 PN: 4902G

-1" NUT PN:3908G SHALL BE SECURELY TIGHTENED

AFTER FINAL ASSEMBLY

6'- 1 3% " POST DEPTH

TRAFFIC FLOW

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SOf+S+op END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

DETAIL 3

AT POST (0)

6'-5 38" (W6 X 15) I-BEAM POST PN: 15205A

KEEPER PLATE.

BUT NOT DEFORMING THE

6'-1%"

POST (0) 6' -5 3/8"

PN: 152054

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY AT 1 (888) 323-6374. 2525 N. STEMMONS FREEWAY, DALLAS, TX 75207
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE: SOf+S+op END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. PN:620237B
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WIT ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 8. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.

- IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFTSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT.
- 10. DO NOT ATTACH THE SOFTSTOP SYSTEM DIRECTLY TO A RIGID BARRIER.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOF†S†op SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

NOTE: A	THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL
	VARY FROM 3-¾" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE.
NOTE: B	PART PN: 5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)
	PART PN: 5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)
NOTE: C	W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST(4) AND LINE POST(5)
	GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN: 61G
	ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN: 15215G
	LAP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW.

	PART	QTY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS
	620237B	1	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.)
	15208A	1	SoftStop HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH)
	15215G	1	SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS
LATE WASHER	61G	1	SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25'- 0")
K PN: 15206G	15205A	1	POST #0 - ANCHOR POST (6' - 5 1/8")
ND WASHER	15203G	1	POST #1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 1/2")
PN: 4902G	15000G	1	POST #2 - (SYTP) (6'- 0")
	533G	6	POST #3 THRU #8 - I-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6'- 0")
ALTERNATE	4076B	7	BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14")
BLOCKOUT SEE	6777B	7	BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" x 7 1/2" x 14")
GENERAL NOTE: 6	15204A	1	ANCHOR PADDLE
	15207G	1	ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA)
	15206G	1	ANCHOR PLATE WASHER ( 1/2" THICK )
	15201G	2	ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG)
	15202G	1	ANGLE STRUT
PN: 3908G SHALL			HARDWARE
URELY TIGHTENED	4902G	1	1" ROUND WASHER F436
FINAL ASSEMBLY, T DEFORMING THE	3908G	1	1" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH
PLATE.	3717G	2	3/4" × 2 1/2" HEX BOLT A325
	3701G	4	¾ " ROUND WASHER F436
SEE A	3704G	2	¾" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH
	3360G	16	%" × 1 1/4" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR
T VVV	3340G	25	% W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR
	3500G	7	%" × 10" HGR POST BOLT A307
	3391G	1	%" × 1 ¾" HEX HD BOLT A325
	4489G	1	%" × 9" HEX HD BOLT A325
	4372G	4	%" WASHER F436
	105285G	2	%6" × 2 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5
<u> </u>	105286G	1	%6" × 1 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5
1 3% " POST	3240G	6	% " ROUND WASHER (WIDE)
DEPTH	3245G	3	% " HEX NUT A563 GR. DH
	5852B	1	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE: B
1			

Texas Department of Transportation

TRINITY HIGHWAY SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (10S) 31-16

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TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH	1 315
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ATL		PANOL	Α		58

### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	%" x 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	3/4" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	%" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR. 2) MGAL	48
18	2001840	5/8" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	%" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	%" RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	%" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

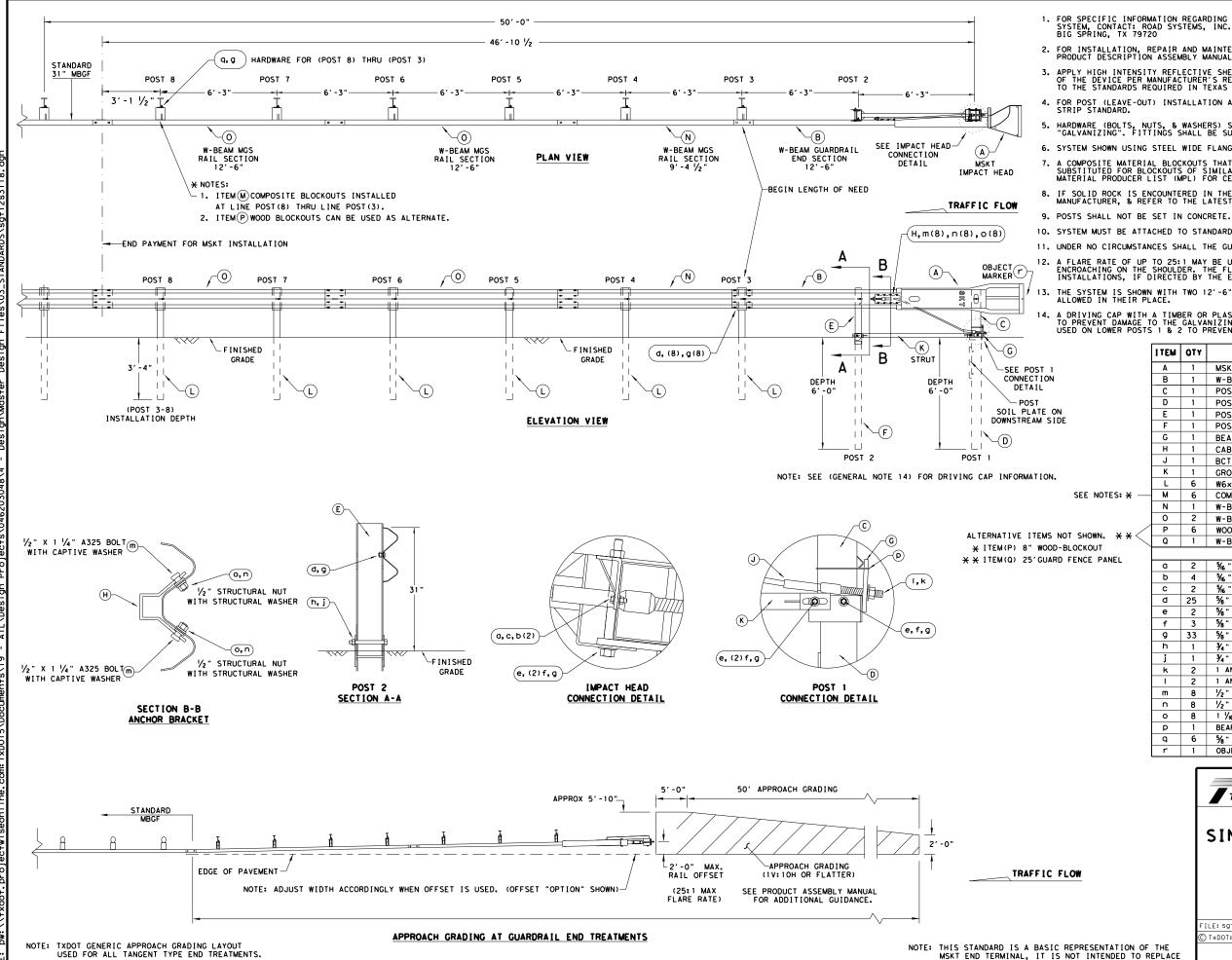
Design Division Standard

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

TILE: sg+11s3118.dgn	DN: Tx0	от	ck: KM	DW:	T×DOT	CK: CL
TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	0462	03	048		9	SH 315
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ATL		PANOL	A		59



- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: ROAD SYSTEMS, INC. (432)263-2435. 3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT, BIG SPRING, TX 79720
- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MSKT END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (PUBLICATION~062717).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE
- 10. SYSTEM MUST BE ATTACHED TO STANDARD 31" MBGF.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 13. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN THEIR PLACE.
  - A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.

		144 11 3 3 1 2 1 CONT CONT. 13	NUMBERS
Α	1	MSKT IMPACT HEAD	MS3000
В	1	W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 Ga.	SF 1 303
С	1	POST 1 - TOP (6" X 6" X 1/8" TUBE)	MTPHP1A
D	1	POST 1 - BOTTOM (6' W6X15)	MTPHP1B
Ε	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY TOP	UHP2A
F	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9)	HP2B
G	1	BEARING PLATE	E750
Н	1	CABLE ANCHOR BOX	S760
J	1	BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY	E770
K	1	GROUND STRUT	MS785
L	6	W6×9 OR W6×8.5 STEEL POST	P621
М	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS	CBSP-14
N	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2")	G12025
0	2	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6")	G1203A
Р	6	WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	P675
Q	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0")	G1209
		SMALL HARDWARE	
a	2	%" × 1" HEX BOLT (GRD 5)	B5160104A
b	4	% " WASHER	W0516
С	2	% " HEX NUT	N0516
đ	25	%" Dia. × 1 ¼" SPLICE BOLT (POST 2)	B580122
е	2	%" Dia. x 9" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B580904A
f	3	%" WASHER	W050
g	33	%" Dia. H.G.R NUT	N050
h	1	¾" Dio. × 8 ½" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B340854A
j	1	¾" Dia. HEX NUT	N030
k	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT	N100
- 1	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE WASHER	W100
m	8	1/2" x 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER	SB12A
n	8	√2" STRUCTURAL NUTS	N012A
0	8	1 1/6" O.D. × 16" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS	W012A
P	1	BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE	CT-100ST
	6	%" × 10" H.G.R. BOLT	B581002
q		OBJECT MARKER 18" X 18"	E3151

MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

Texas Department of Transportation

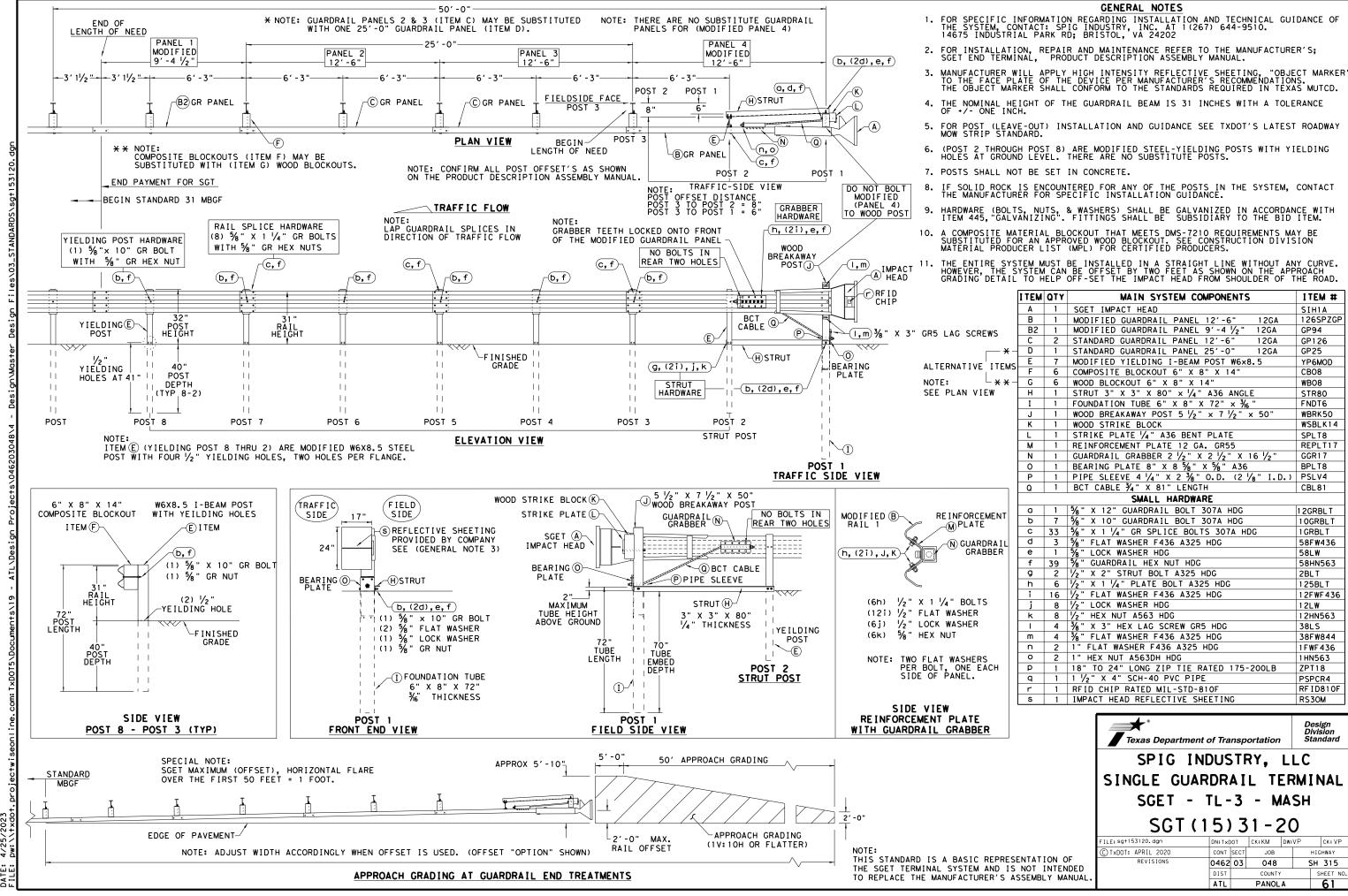
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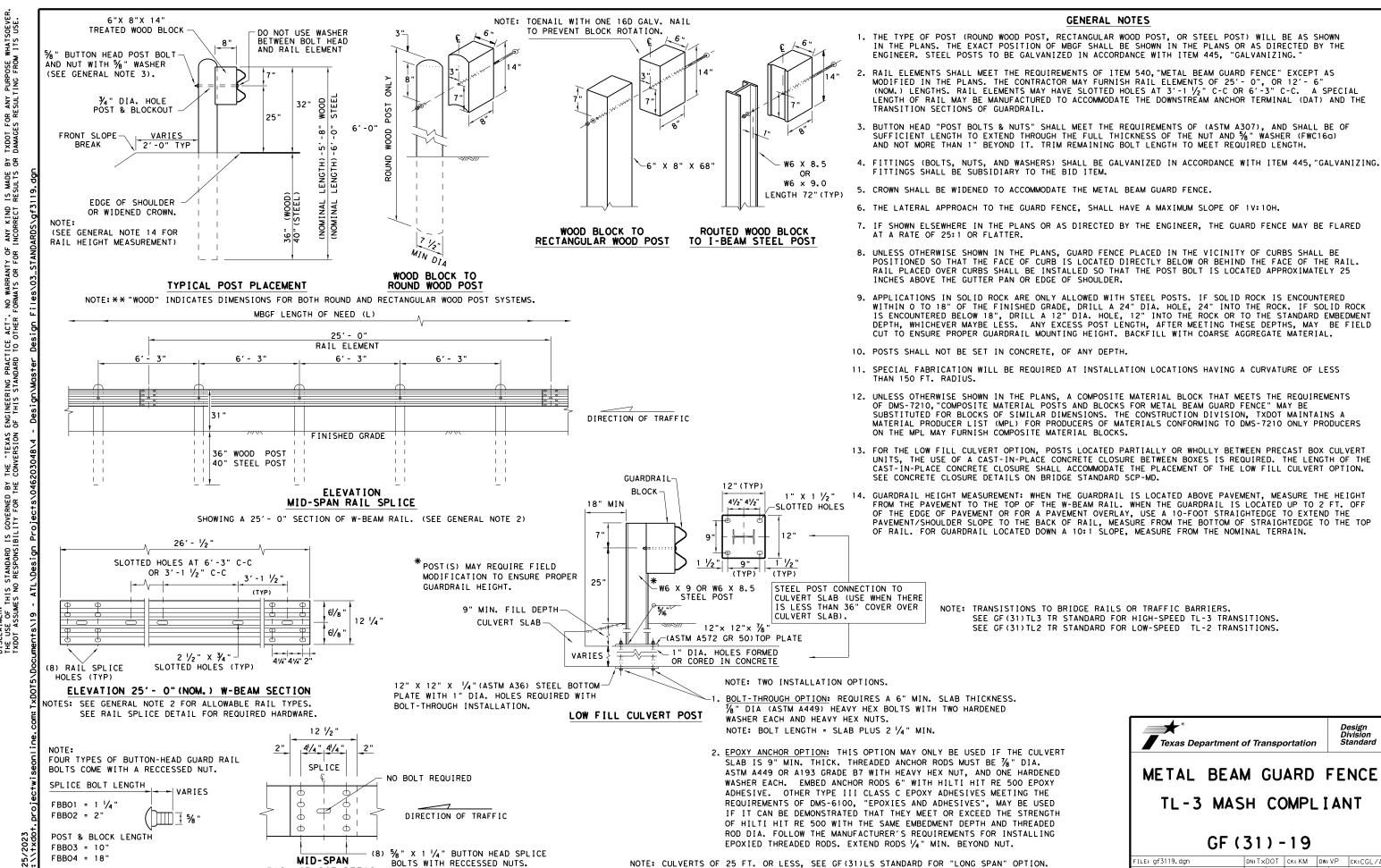
SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

SGT (12S) 31-18

ILE: sg+12s3118.dgn	DN:Tx	DOT	ск:км	DW:	VP	CK: CL
TxDOT: APRIL 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0462	03	048		S	H 315
	DIST		COUNTY	,		SHEET NO.
	ATL		PANOL	A		60

NOTE: THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE MSKT END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.





BUTTON HEAD BOLT

NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

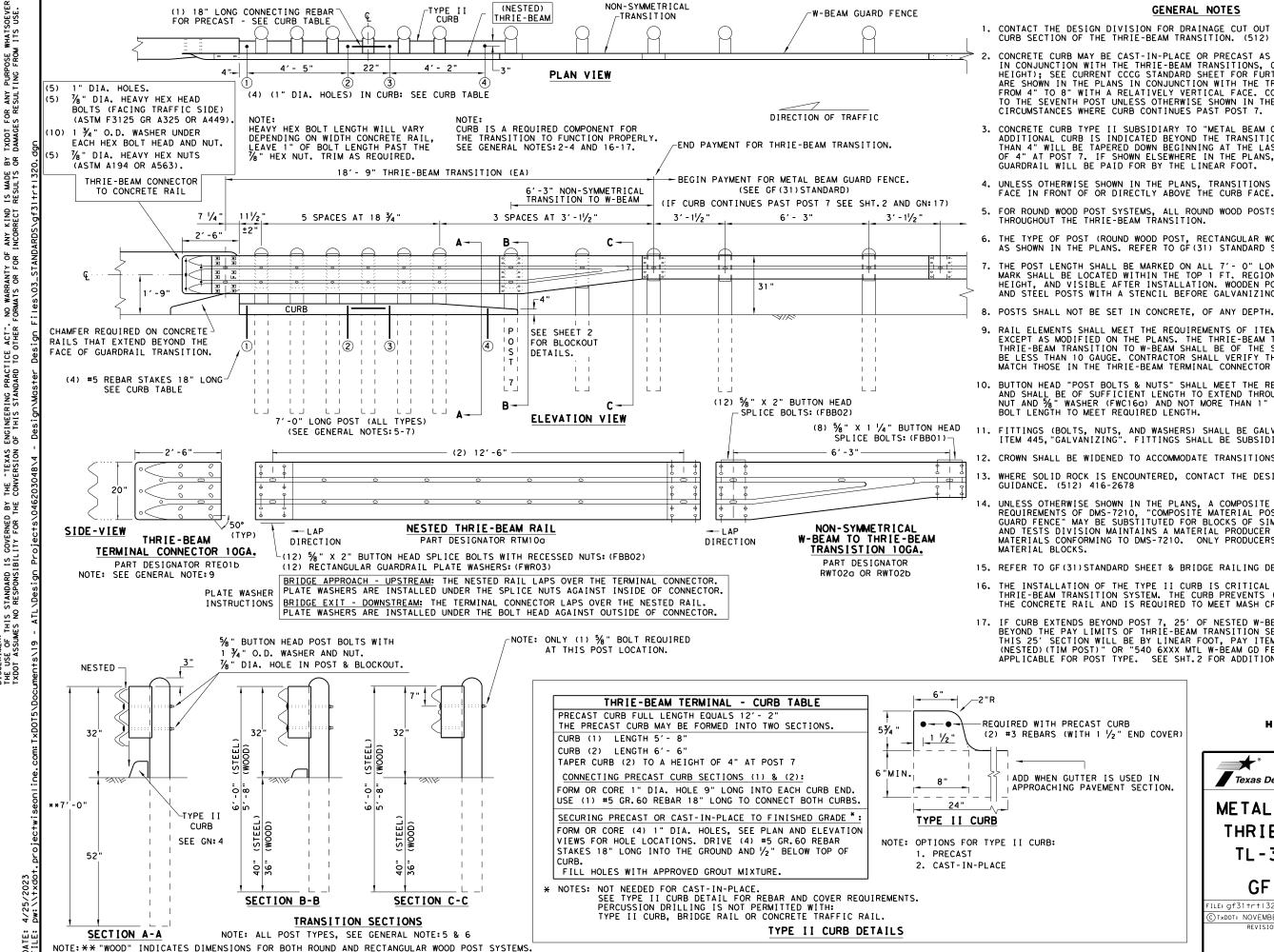
RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

ILE: gf3119.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: KM	DW: VP	ck:CGL/AG
CT×DOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0462	03	048	9	SH 315
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	ATL		PANOL	A	62



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### GENERAL NOTES

- CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- ¾" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH GUARDRAIL WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE LINEAR FOOT.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7  $\frac{1}{2}$ " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST  $\frac{1}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STEEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5/6" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING
- 11. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

# HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION SHEET 1 OF 2



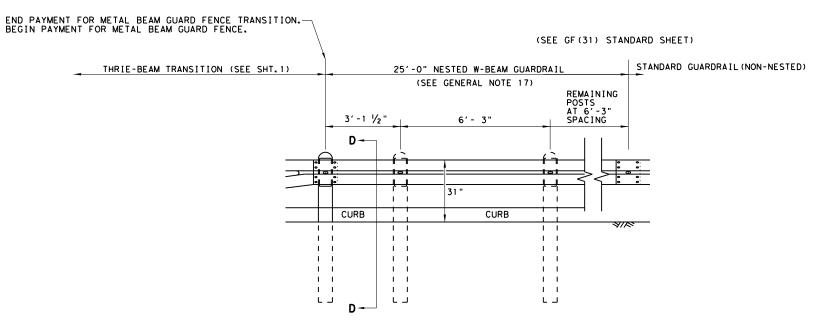
METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION

GF (31) TR TL3-20

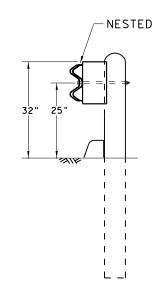
TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

ILE: gf31trtl320.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: KM	KM Dw: VP		ck:CGL/AG
TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH 315	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ATL		PANOL	Α		63

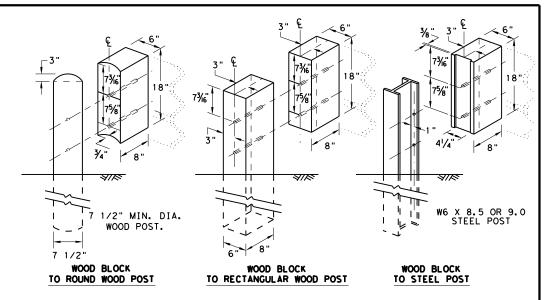
REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)



ELEVATION VIEW



SECTION D-D



### THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

### HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

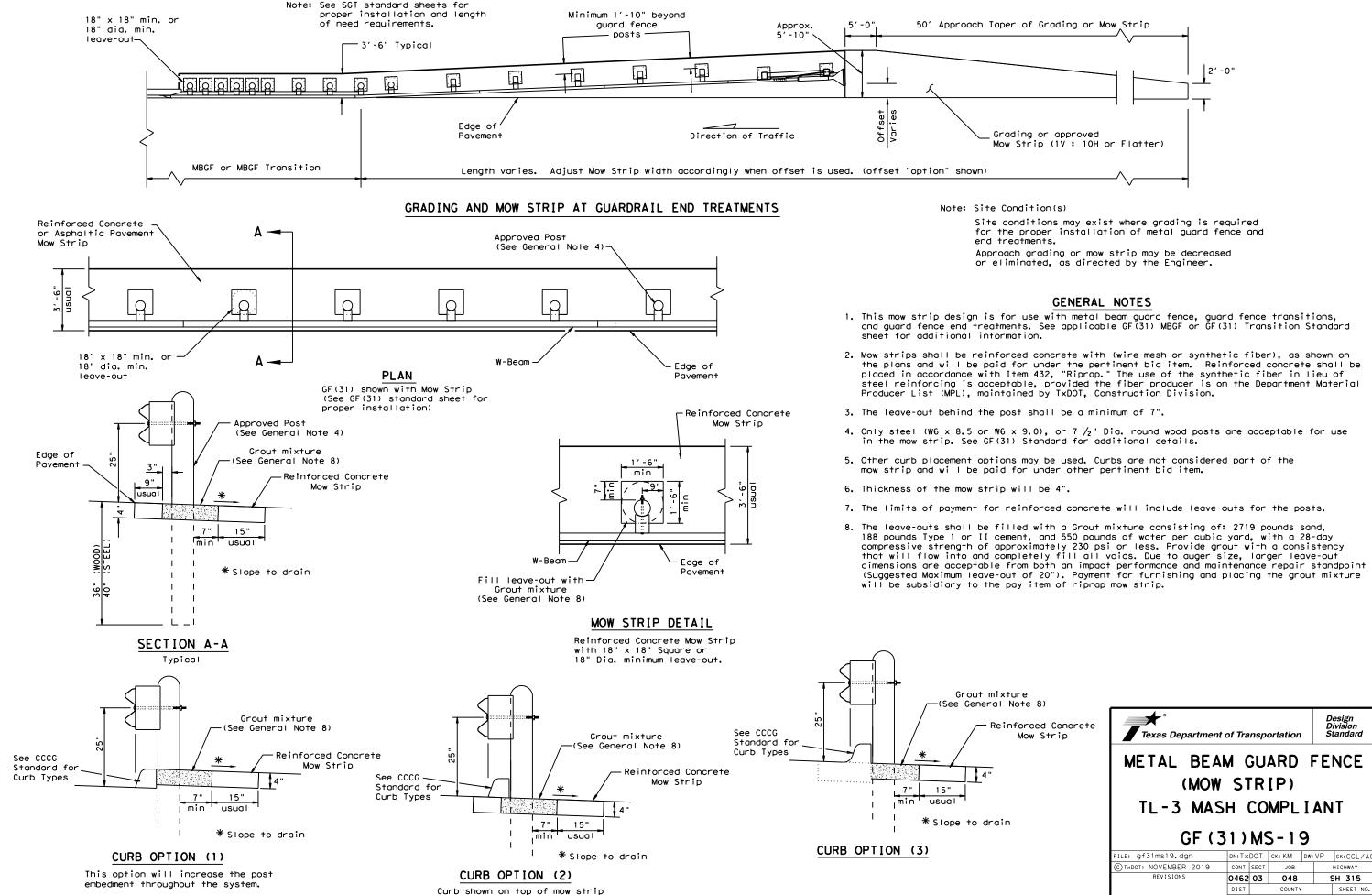
SHEET 2 OF 2



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

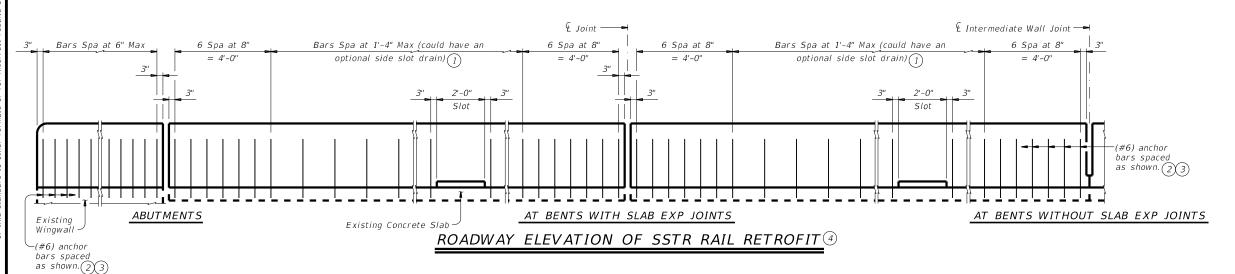
GF (31) TR TL3-20

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ice. graffi frazo, ugir	DIN I X	וטטו	CK: KIVI	DM: VIVI		CK-COL/ AO	
TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0462	462 03 048 DIST COUNTY			SH 315		
	DIST					SHEET NO.	
	ATL		PANOL	Α		64	



ATL

PANOLA



### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Field verify dimensions before commencing work and ordering

materials.

By adding additional anchorage, welding can be performed at a minimum spacing of 3 ft between the cage and additional anchorage. By satisfying additional anchorage requirements slip forming is allowed. Do not weld to the required anchorage. Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if required

elsewhere. (#6) and (#4) anchor bars used for the adhesive anchorage system must not be epoxy coated within the required embedment.

### GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL NOIES:

Use of these retrofit details will result in a railing acceptable for the MASH Test Level indicated on the applicable rail standard. Rail anchorage details shown on this guide may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications. Not all possible combinations of existing railing, curbs, parapets etc. have been shown on this sheet. Other combinations and reinforcement arrangements are permissible if they meet the same strength requirements as indicated on this guide.

Removal and replacement of backfill, subgrade, and asphalt or concrete pavement necessary for this installation is considered subsidiary to the retrofit railing.
Payment for a rail retrofit will be as per Item 451, "Retrofit Railing", SSTR. All details shown herein are subsidiary to rail retrofit including abutment concrete and approach slabs.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

1) When side slot drains are used, provide 8'-0" Min clear spacing between drain slots.

2 Embed (#6) anchor bars with a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 5  $\frac{1}{4}$ ". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 20 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing".

3 See SSTR Rail Sections in "Rail Retrofit Sections on Wingwalls using Adhesive Anchors" and/or "Rail Retrofit Sections on Concrete Slabs using Adhesive Anchors".

4 Showing spacing of (#6) adhesive anchor in a rail retrofit condition. Secondary (#4) adhesive anchor in a rail retrofit not shown for clarity. Reinforcing steel and terminal connections not shown for clarity. See rail standard for details and notes not shown.

SHEET 1 OF 3



RETROFIT GUIDE FOR CONCRETE RAILS

SSTR

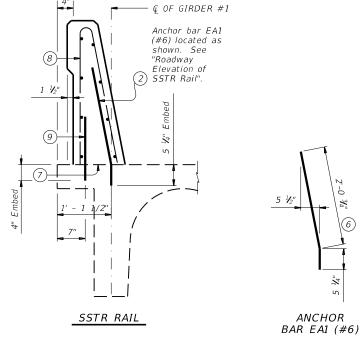
C-RAIL-R (MOD)

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-SSTR RAIL - SEE RAIL RETROFIT SECTIONS ON CONCRETE SLABS USING ADHESIVES ANCHORS AND TYPE SSTR STANDARD FOR MORE INFORMATION G OF GIRDER #1 © OF MURVAUL CREEK BRIDGE © OF GIRDER #2 © OF GIRDER #3 © OF GIRDER #4 € OF GIRDER #5 ₹ OF GIRDER #6 € OF GIRDER #7 © OF GIRDER #8 © OF GIRDER #9 25' - 1 1/2' 6" - EXISTING SLAB

# TRANSVERSE SECTION OF MURVAUL CREEK BRIDGE



RAIL RETROFIT SECTIONS
ON CONCRETE SLABS USING ADHESIVE ANCHORS (5)

- 2 Embed (#6) anchor bars with a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 5  $V_4$ ". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 20 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing".
- (5) Showing location or locations of anchor bars in a rail retrofit condition. See appropriate rail standard for details and notes not shown.
- 6 Increase by amount of existing overlay/seal coat thickness, not to exceed 2". If thickness of existing overlay/seal coat is greater than 2" at toe of rail, taper overlay at a 1:10 or flatter slope over shoulder width to a thickness of 2" or less at toe of rail.
- 7) Do not cast rails or parapet walls on top of overlays/seal coats.
- 8 See appropriate rail standard for reinforcing steel. Modify length of vertical reinforcing bars as required to fit existing structure. Longitudinal reinforcing bars may be removed only if their position puts them in conflict with un-removed portions of existing structure.
- 9 Embed secondary (#4) anchor bars 1'-4" in length with a Type III Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 10 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing". (#4) anchor bars spaced longitudinally along rail at 4 ft Max (Spaced 3" longitudinally from outside edge and edge of side slot drains).

SHEET 2 OF 3

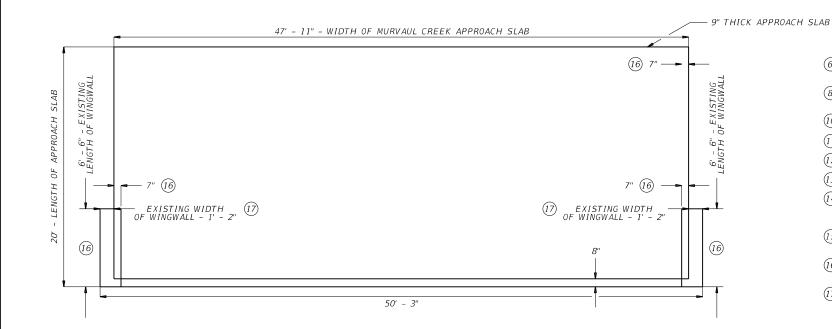


RETROFIT GUIDE FOR CONCRETE RAILS

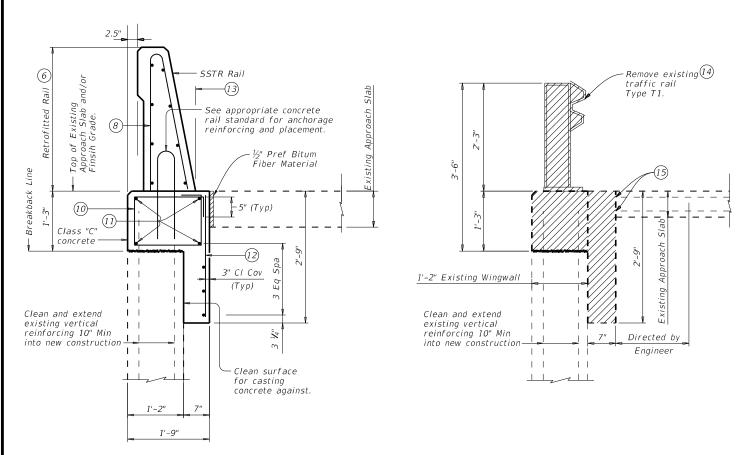
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# ABUTMENT CONCRETE AND APPROACH SLAB DETAILS FOR MURVUAL CREEK BRIDGE



RAIL RETROFIT SECTIONS ON WINGWALLS

EXISTING WINGWALL REMOVAL

- (6) Increase by amount of existing overlay/seal coat thickness, not to exceed 2". If thickness of existing overlay/seal coat is greater than 2" at toe of rail, taper overlay at a 1:10 or flatter slope over shoulder width to a thickness of 2" or less at toe of rail.
- (8) See appropriate rail standard for reinforcing steel. Modify length of vertical reinforcing bars as required to fit existing structure. Longitudinal reinforcing bars may be removed only if their position puts them in conflict with un-removed portions of existing structure.
- 10 Space (#4) stirrups at 8" Max. (Spaced 3  $V_4$ " longitudinally from retrofitted ends of wingwall).
- 11 7 ~ (#5) bars with 3" end cover.
- ② Space (#4) bars at 8" Max with 3" end cover, spaced with (#4) stirrups.
- [3] Face of rail and/or toe of rail. Location or placement of rail retrofit must match face of rail and/or toe of rail on bridge.
- (14) Remove shaded protion of existing type t1 rail, existing wingwall, existing wearing surface, and existing approach slab as shown.

  Take care not to damage existing wingwall or abutment reinforcing. Clean and extend existing wingwall reinforcing into new rail foundation reconstruction.
- Cut and grind flush all existing existing reinforcing extending from edge of existing approach slab and paint ends with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item 445, "Galvanizing". Payment for coating bar ends will be subsidiary to Item 451, "Retrofit Railing".
- 7" of the approach slab to be removed for 6.5' length of the approach slab, see "ABUTMENT CONCRETE AND APPROACH SLAB DETAILS FOR MURVUAL CREEK BRIDGE".
- (17) Abutment concrete to be removed as necessary to construct detail "Rail Retrofit Sections on Wingwalls".

SHEET 3 OF 3



Bridge Division Standard

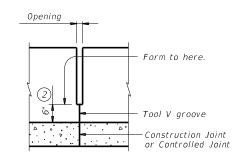
RETROFIT GUIDE FOR CONCRETE RAILS

SSTR

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Wingwall Length Concrete Panel Length Concrete Panel Length (Varies) End of Bridge Rail 5'-0" Min for payment £ Intermediate Wall Joint (See Detail) Same as Slab Same as Slab Jt Opening Jt Opening & Thrie-Beam ¾" Max Terminal Connector 1 Intermediate Wall Joint (See Detail) Construction Joint Limits or Controlled Joint of Abut Wingwall



# INTERMEDIATE WALL JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

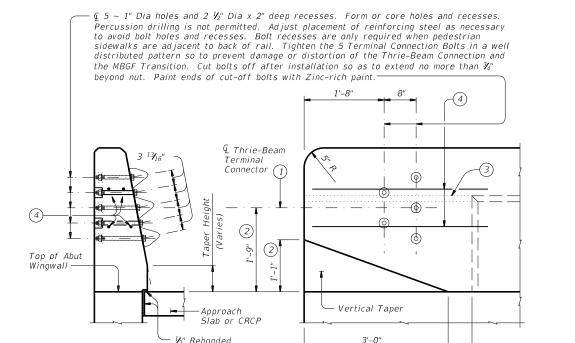
AT ABUTMENTS

AT BENTS WITH SLAB EXP JOINTS

AT BENTS WITHOUT SLAB EXP JOINTS

# ROADWAY ELEVATION OF RAIL

Bars S Spa ~ 2" 6" Max Spa 6" Max Spa 1/4" Min Same as Slab R(#4) S(#4) R(#4) Joint Opening **¾**" Max Field bend reinforcing as necessar to maintain 1" cover at taper - WU(#4) -£ Intermediate Wall -U(#4) at 6" Max (Typ) Joint (See Detail) at 6" Max Top of Abut (Typ)



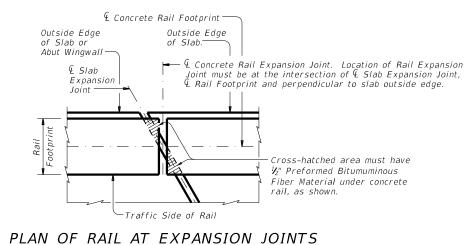
# SECTION

ELEVATION

3'-6"

# TERMINAL CONNECTION DETAILS

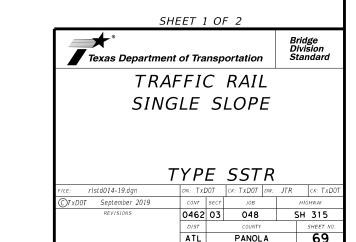
recycled tire rubber



ELEVATION SHOWING TYPICAL REINFORCING PLACEMENT

- 1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.

- (4) Place 4 additional Bars R(#4) 3'-8" in length inside Bars S(#4) and centered 2'-0" from end of rail when Terminal Connections are required.

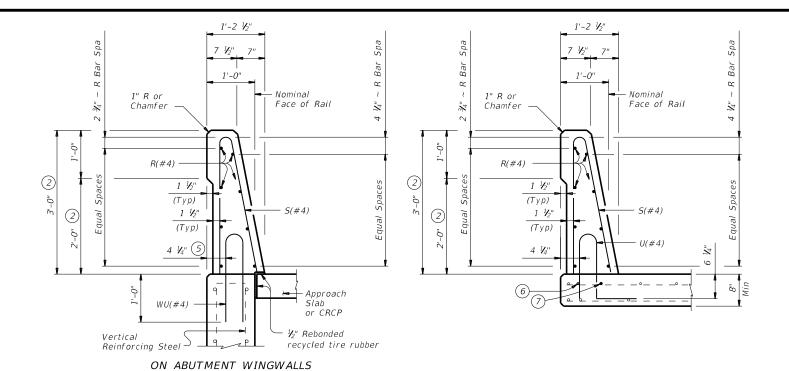


End of Back of

Rail Offset

2 Increase 2" for structures with Overlay.

Back of rail offset may, with Engineer's approval, be continued to the end of the railing.



2 Increase 2" for structures with Overlay.

 $\bigcirc$  5  $V_4$ " when vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls or retaining walls on traffic side of wall.

(6) As an aid in supporting reinforcement, additional longitudinal bars may be used in the slab with the approval of the Engineer Such bars must be furnished at the Contractor's

(7) Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcing.

8 No longitudinal wires may be within upper bend.

9 Bend or cut as required to clear drain slots.

10 Space U(#4) bars at 4" Max when end region of panel length is less than 6'-0" to side slot drain. Space U(#4) bars at 6" Max when end region of panel length is 6'-0" and greator to side slot drain.

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

This railing may be constructed by the slipform process when approved by the Engineer, with equipment approved by the Engineer. Provide sensor control for both line and grade. Tack welding to provide bracing for slipform operations is acceptable. Welding may be performed at a minimum spacing of 3 ft between the cage and the anchorage. It is permissible to weld to bars U, WU and S at any location on the cage. If increased bracing is needed at any location on the cage. If increased bracing is needed, provide additional anchorage devices and weld in the upper two thirds of the cage. Paint welded areas on epoxy coated and/or galvanized reinforcing with an organic zinc rich paint in accordance with Item 445 "Galvanizing".

If rail is slipformed, apply an heavy epoxy bead 1" behind toe of traffic side of rail to concrete deck just prior to slip forming. Provide a  $\frac{3}{8}$ " width x  $\frac{1}{4}$ " tall heavy epoxy bead with Type III, Class C or a Type V epoxy.

The back of railing must be vertical unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U

and WU unless noted otherwise. Deformed WWR (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars R and S, as shown. Combinations of reinforcing steel and WWR or configurations of WWR other than shown are permitted if conditions in the table are satisfied. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing bars.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$ 

# GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-4 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints

providing more than 5" movement. Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

etails eisewiele in plans für these mournteatolis. Shop drawings will not be required for this rail. Average weight of railing with no overlay is 376 plf.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

# SHEET 2 OF 2

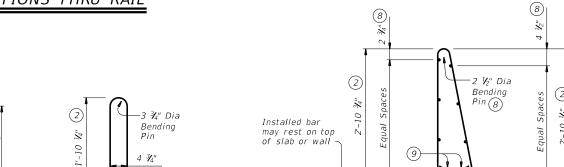


Bridge Division Standard

TRAFFIC RAIL SINGLE SLOPE

TYPE SSTR

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©TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	SHWAY
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¾" Min

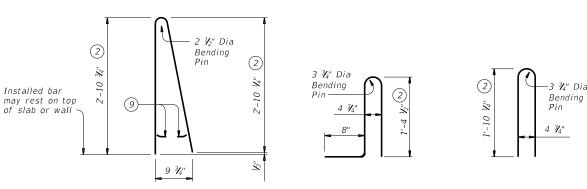
1 1/2" Max

ON BRIDGE SLAB

### OPTIONAL WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT (WWR)

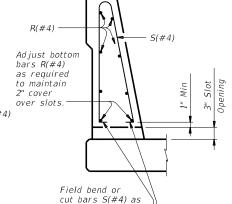
DESCRIPTION	LONGITUDINAL WIRES	VERTICAL WIRES		
Minimum (Cumulative Total) Wire Area	1.067 Sq In.	0.267 Sq In. per Ft		
	No. of Wires	Spacing		
Minimum	8	4"		
Maximum	10	8"		
Maximum Wire Size Differential	The smaller wire must have an area of 40% or more of the larger wire.			

# SECTIONS THRU RAIL



OR CIP RETAINING WALLS

BARS S (#4) BARS U (#4)



required at slots.

BARS WU (#4)

SECTION THRU OPTIONAL SIDE SLOT DRAIN

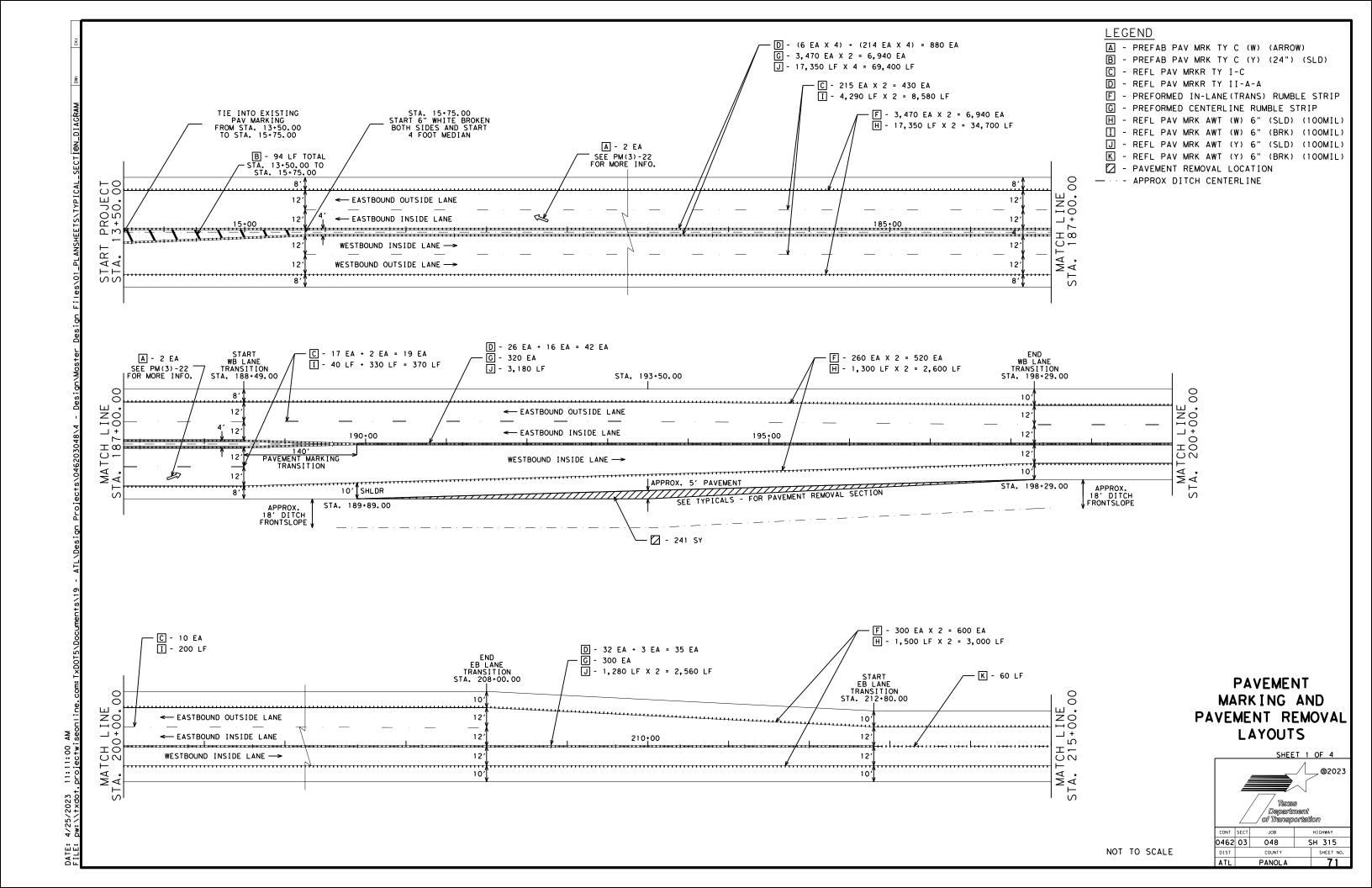
### Bars S Spa ~ 2' 6" Max Spa (Typ)R(#4)Slab Expansion Intermediate Wall Joint ----╽╽╽╽╽<del>┆</del> 3'-0" Min U(#4) (10)-U(#4) at 6" Max end region of (Typ) panel length 6'-0" Min with side Slot Slot slot drains

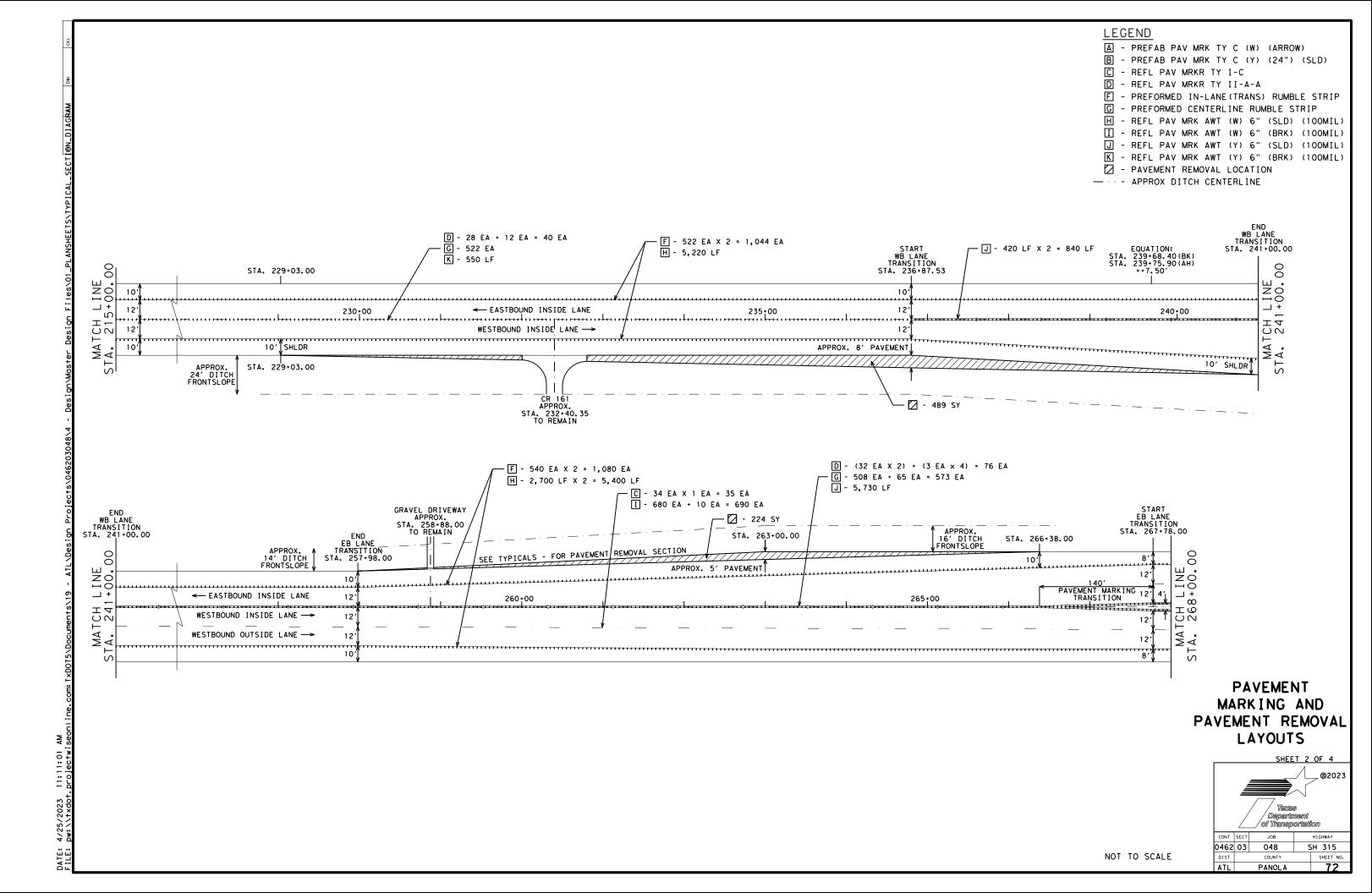
# OPTIONAL SIDE SLOT DRAIN DETAIL

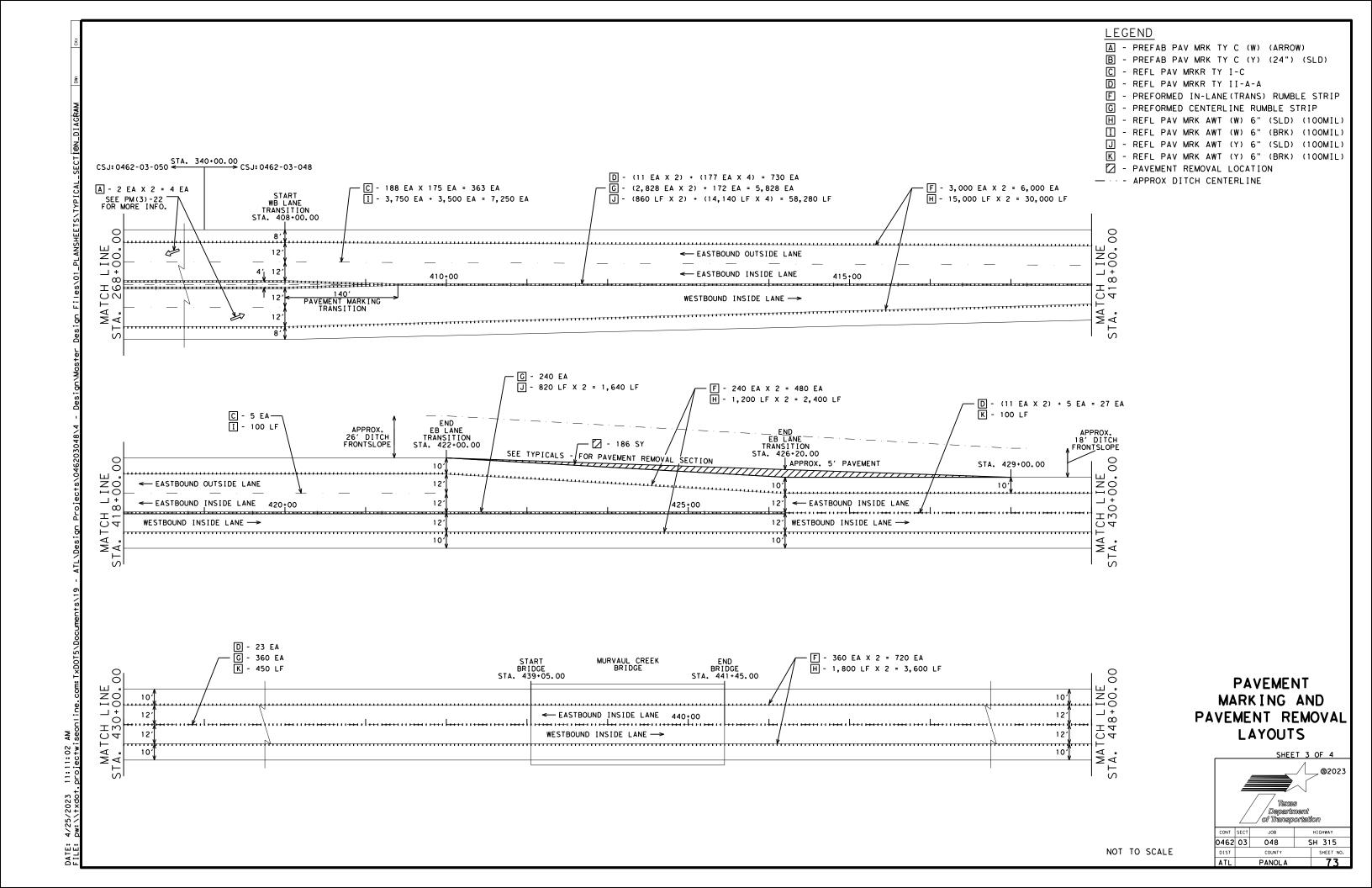
Note: Side Slot Drains may be used where shown elsewhere on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Drains should not be placed over railroad tracks, lower roadways, or sidewalks. When this rail is used as a separator between a roadway surface and a sidewalk surface, side drain slots will not be permitted.

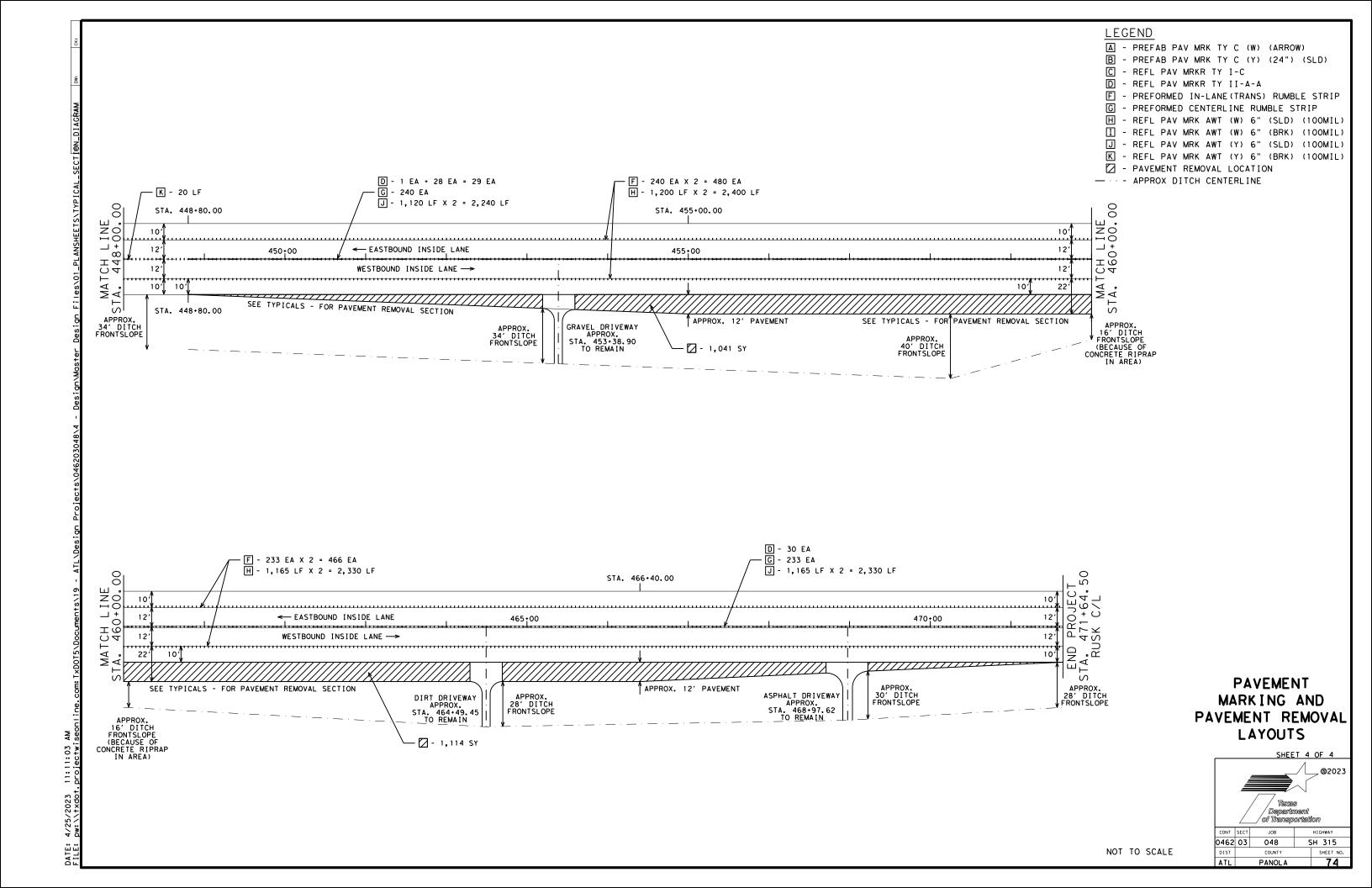
¾" Min

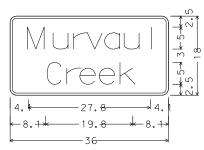
1 1/2" Max



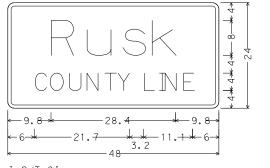




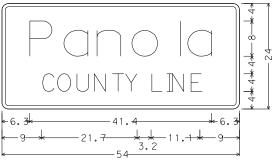




I-3 5in;
1.5" Radius, 0.5" Border, White on Green;
"Murvaul", ClearviewHwy-3-W;
"Creek", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

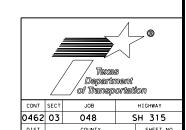


I-2dT 8in;
1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green;
"Rusk", ClearviewHwy-5-W-R;
"COUNTY LINE", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

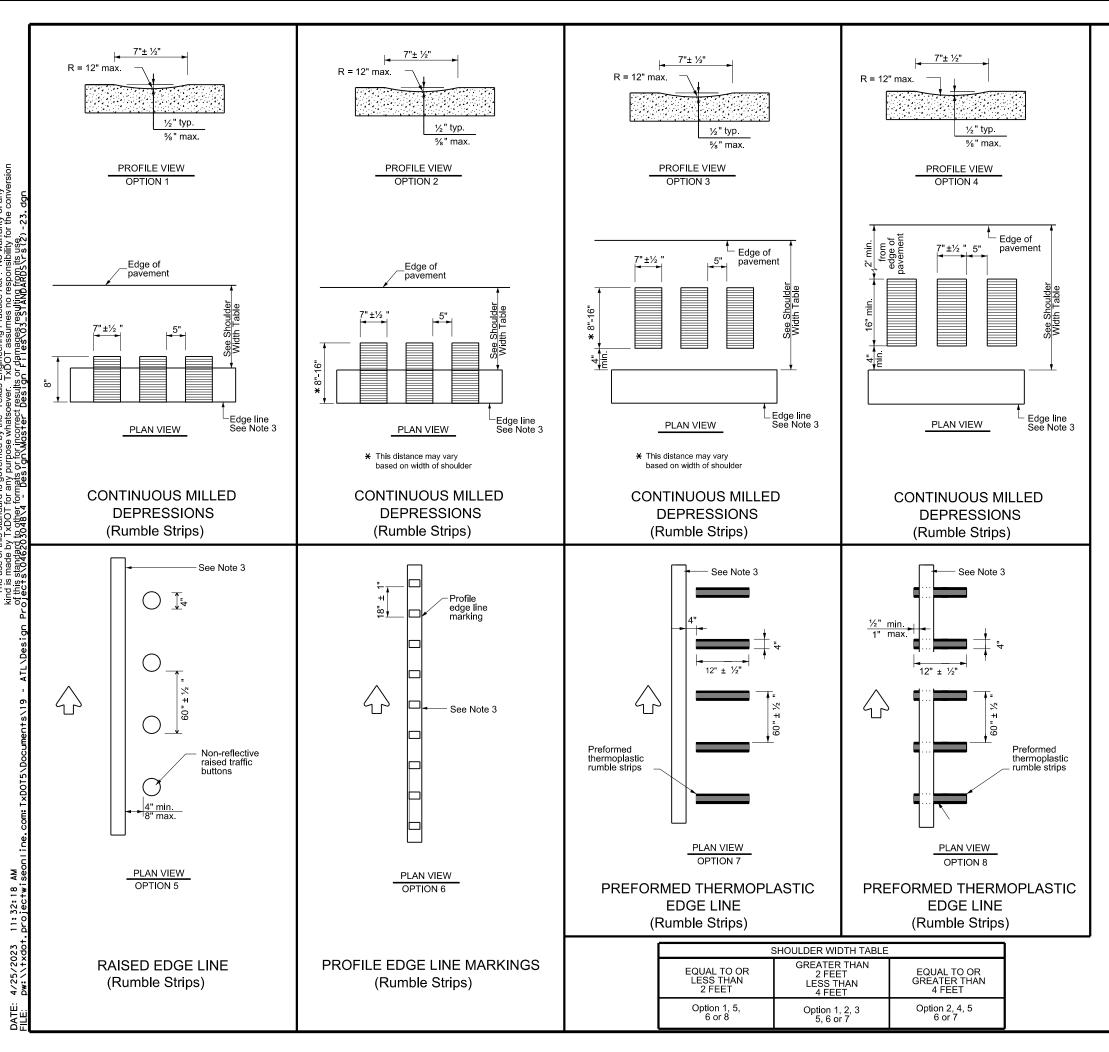


I-2dT 8in;
1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green;
"Panola", ClearviewHwy-5-W-R;
"COUNTY LINE", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

# SIGN DETAIL



PANOLA



### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- Use Standard Sheet PM(2) and FPM(1) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing
  of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile
  markings.
- See the Shoulder Width Table below for determining what options may be used for edge line rumble strips.
- Breaks in edge line rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections, or driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration or deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas, or intersections with other roadways.
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

### WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edge line rumble strip.

### WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edge line when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edge line marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. The minimum distance between the edge line and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edge lines may substitute for buttons.



OR TWO LANE HIGHWAYS RS(2)-23

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© TxDOT	January 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
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10-13 1-23		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ATL	PANOLA			76	

91

CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS 1. This standard sheet provides guidelines for installing centerline rumble strips on multilane undivided highways. 24" ±1/2" 60" ±½" 60" ±½" 18" ±1" 2. Centerline and edge line rumble strips or profile markings shall not be placedon roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less. 3. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is -500 mil - 3/4" ± 1/8" - ½" ± 1/8" available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed PROFILE VIEW PROFILE VIEW PROFILE VIEW PROFILE VIEW 4. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division. 5. Breaks in milled centerline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and nomore than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossing, 4<sup>L</sup>O intersections ordriveways with high usage of large trucks. Centerline Profile centerline Centerline markings 6. Use standard sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of markings markings all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings and profile 0 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when centerline rumble \_\_1" Min. 2" Max. strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas 8. Pavement markings must be applied over milled centerline rumble strips for normal centerline spacing. For wider medians, specify in the 0  $\circ$ -See Note 6 plans the exact placement of the rumble strips. Place the rumble strips See Note 6 See Note 6 under each centerline marking or centered in the middle of the median. Ħ 闰 闰 - RPM (reflectorized) WHEN INSTALLING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS: RPM (reflectorized) See Note 6 (reflectorized) 0 0 9. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per manufacturer's oxdivRPM recommendations. (reflectorized) 10. When using non-reflective raised traffic buttons as a centerline rumble 0 0 strip, the button shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the centerline. The color of the button should be yellow for 16" ±½" a continuous no passing roadway. The button will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300. 12" ±½" 11. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6). 0 Preformed Non-reflective thermoplastic WHEN INSTALLING EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS WITH OR WITHOUT CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS: raised traffic rumble strips buttons (yellow) 12. See standard sheet RS(2). 0 0 0 Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation 0 0 **CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS** ON MULTILANE PLAN VIEW PLAN VIEW PLAN VIEW PLAN VIEW OPTION 1 OPTION 2 OPTION 3 OPTION 4 **UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS** MULTILANE UNDIVIDED RS(3)-23 **HIGHWAY WITH** MILLED CENTERLINE PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC PROFILE CENTERLINE RAISED CENTERLINE SHOULDER **RUMBLE STRIPS RUMBLE STRIPS MARKINGS** DN: TXDOT |CK:TXDOT|DW: TXDOT |CK:TXDO RUMBLE STRIPS FILE: rs(3)-23.dgn © TxDOT January 2023 JOB 0462 03 048 SH 315 77

CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS **GENERAL NOTES** 24" ±½" 18"±½" PROFILE VIEW PROFILE VIEW PROFILE VIEW PROFILE VIEW bridge decks. <u>4</u> raised traffic Centerline centerline markings or black) markings Centerline markings markings 0 O 60" ±1/2" 10 See Note 6 -See Note 6 RPM □--See Note 6 RPM (reflectorized) 0 (reflectorized) (reflectorized) recommendations. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons (black) 16" ±1/2" 13. See standard sheet RS(2). -Preformed Preformed thermonlastic thermoplastic ♡ | 0 PLAN VIEW PLAN VIEW PLAN VIEW PLAN VIEW OPTION 4 OPTION 1 OPTION 2 OPTION 3 PROFILE CENTERLINE MARKINGS MILLED CENTERLINE PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC TWO LANE TWO-WAY RAISED CENTERLINE AND PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC **RUMBLE STRIPS HIGHWAYS RUMBLE STRIPS RUMBLE STRIPS RUMBLE STRIPS** 

- 1. This standard sheet provides guidelines for installing centerline rumble strips on two-lane highways with or without shoulders.
- 2. Centerline and edge line rumble strips or profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 3. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into
- 4. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 5. Breaks in milled centerline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections or driveways with high usage of large trucks.
- 6. Use standard sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings and profile
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when centerline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these
- 8. Pavement markings must be applied over milled centerline rumble strips.

### WHEN INSTALLING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per manufacturer's
- 10. When using non-reflective raised traffic buttons as a centerline rumble strip, the button shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the centerline. The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 11. The color of the button should be yellow for a continuous no passing roadway. Black buttons should be used in areas where passing is allowed.
- 12. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

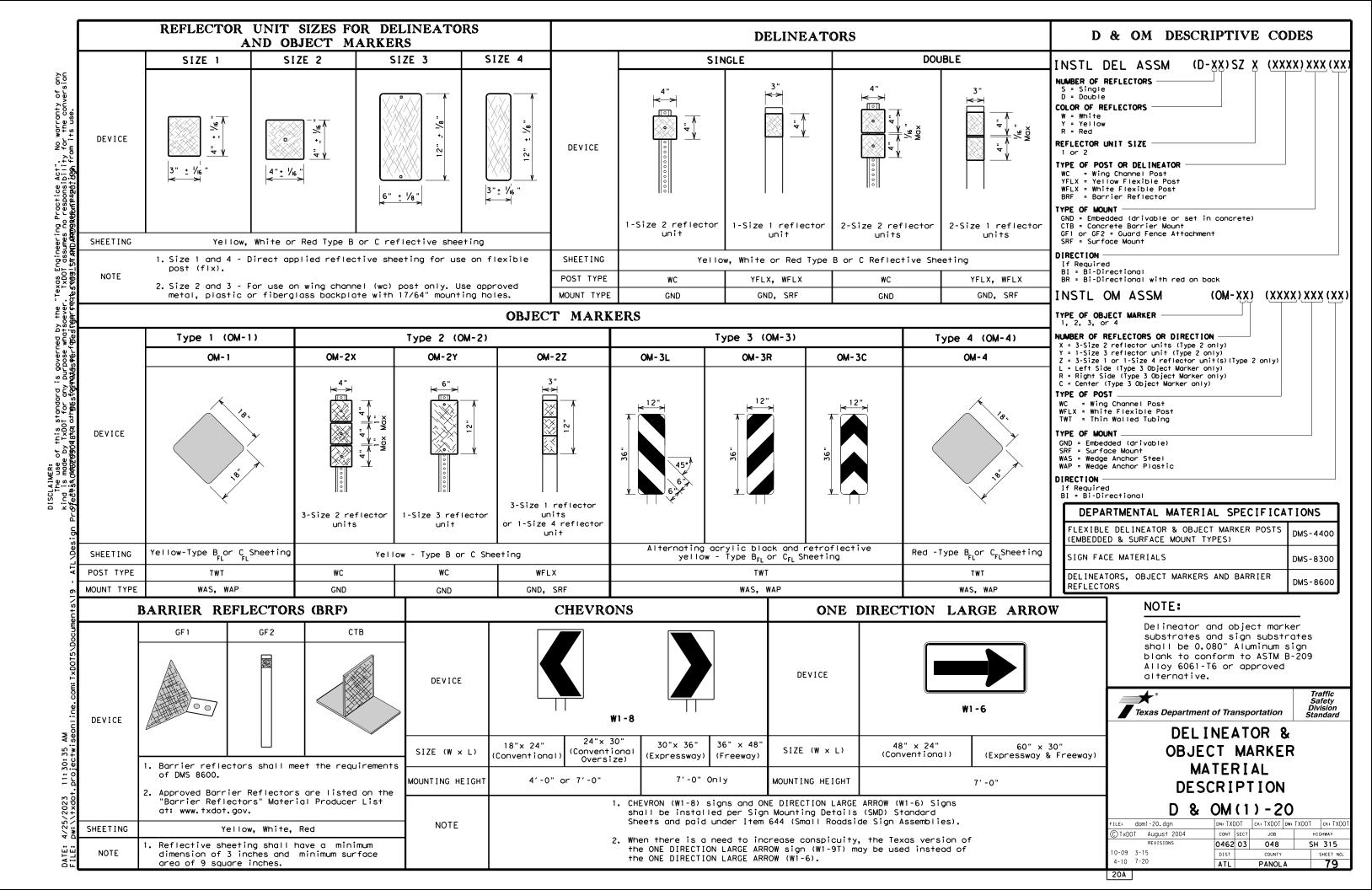
WHEN INSTALLING EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS WITH OR WITHOUT CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS:

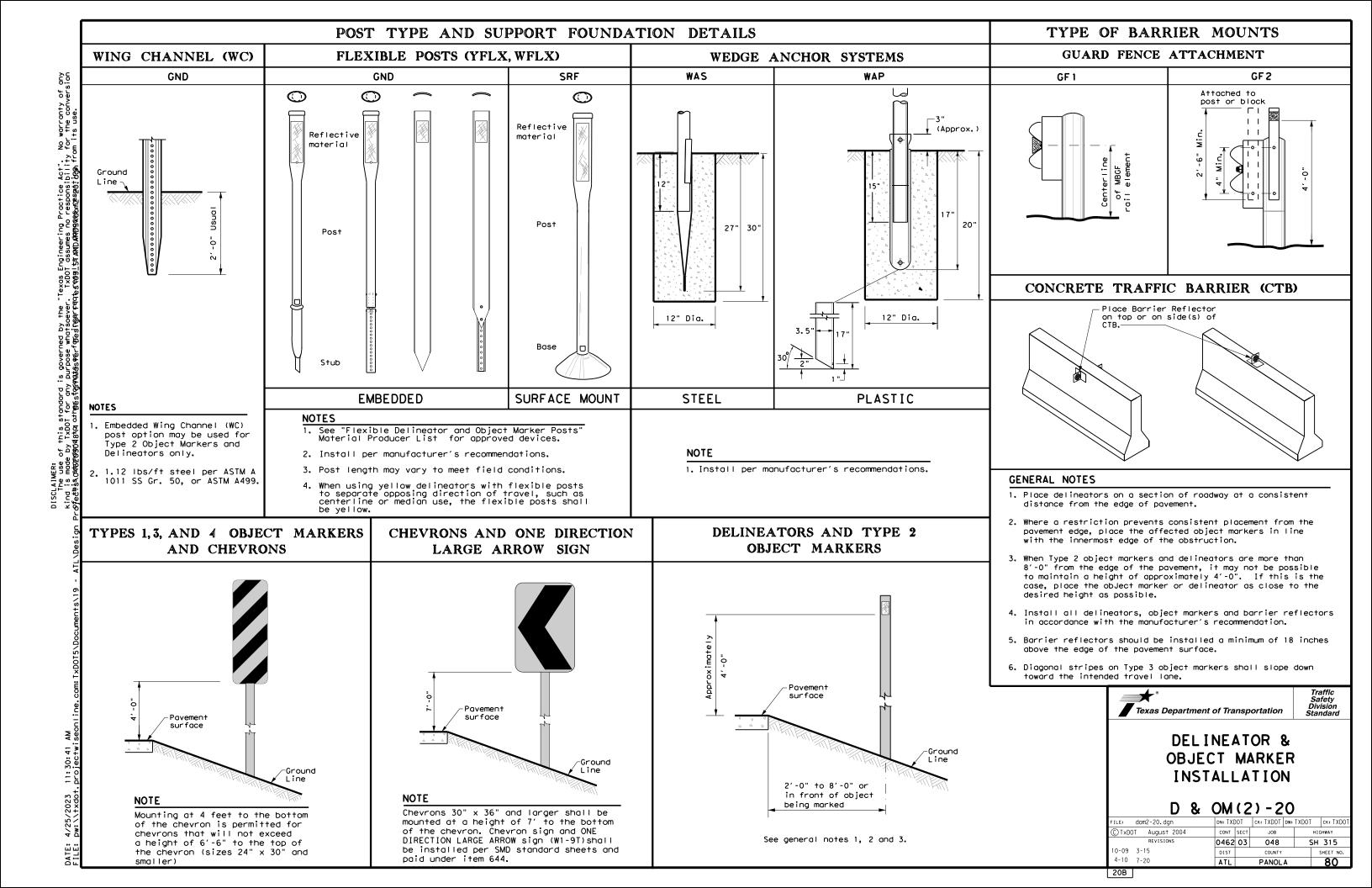


Traffic Safety Division Standard

CENTERLINE **RUMBLE STRIPS** ON TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS RS(4)-23

	,	. /					
LE:	rs(4)-23.dgn	DN: Tx[	ТОС	ск:ТхDОТ	DW:	TxDOT	ск:TxDOT
TxDOT	January 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	GHWAY
40	REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH	1 315
-13 -23		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ATL		PANOL	Α		78



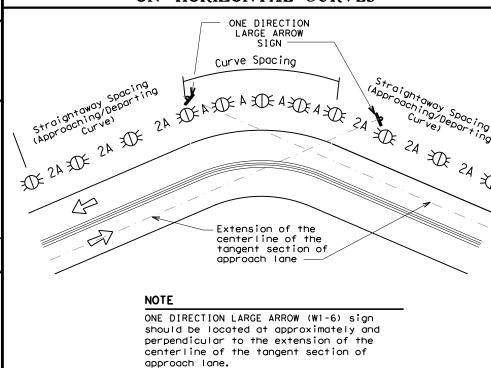


# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

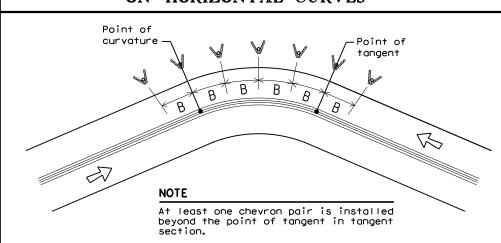
Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed				
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)			
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs			
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.</li> </ul>			
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of	• RPMs and Chevrons			

# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

chevrons



# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

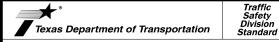
DELINEATOR	AND	OBJECT	MARKER	APPLICATION	AND SPACING	

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rai∣ Terminus/Impac† Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end  Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
		See D & OM (5)
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet

# NOTES

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND					
<b>₩</b>	Bi-directional Delineator				
X	Delineator				
4	Sign				



**DELINEATOR &** OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

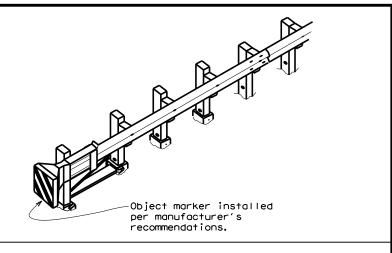
D & OM(3) - 20

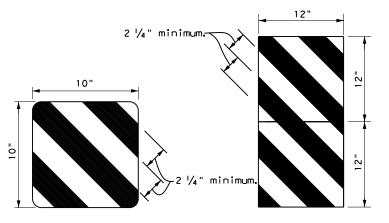
ILE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[	TO(	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		H)	GHWAY
	0462	03	048		SH	315
15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-15 7-20	ATL		PANOL	A		81

### TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 出 出 25 ft. 25 ft. 3- Type D-SW 3- Type D-SW /₩ 25 ft. delineators delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ apart apart 出 出 **MBGF** Type D-SW Type D-SW delineators delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ bidirectional bidirectional One barrier $\stackrel{\star}{\bowtie}$ One barrier reflector shall reflector shall be placed $\stackrel{\ \ \, }{\bowtie}$ Steel or concrete-П be placed directly behind Bridge rail directly behind each OM-3. each OM-3. The others The others $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\Leftrightarrow}$ will have -Steel or concrete will have equal spacing Bridge rail equal spacing (100' max), but (100' max), but not less than 3 Bidirectional white barrier not less than 3 bidirectional Bidirectional bidirectional white barrier white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal spacing (100' max), but reflectors reflectors or delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ reflectors Equal spacing delineators not less than (100' max), but 3 bidirectional not less than 3 bidirectional white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ delineators Equal reflectors or spacina spacing delineators (100' max), (100' max), but not but not less than less than 3 total. 3- Type $\mathbf{x}$ $\mathbf{x}$ $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ 3 total. 3- Type $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ D-SW D-SW delineators MBGF delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' apart $\mathbf{R}$ $\mathbf{x}$ apart $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ Type D-SW <u>↓</u> ѫ ヌ 土 Edge Line Shoulder Type D-SW delineators delineators bidirectional Edge bidirectional $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\Re$ **MBGF** $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Traffic Safety Division Standard **LEGEND** 25 ft. 25 ft. 25 ft. Texas Department of Transportation $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Shoul Bidirectional Delineator DELINEATOR & $\mathbf{x}$ Delineator See Note See Note 1 **OBJECT MARKER** PLACEMENT DETAILS NOTE: NOTE: OM-2 D & OM(5) - 201. Terminal ends require reflective 1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer sheeting provided by manufacturer DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO dom5-20.dgn per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Terminal End © TxDOT August 2015 JOB Object Marker (OM-3) in front of Object Marker (OM-3) in front SH 315 0462 03 048 the terminal end. of the terminal end. raffic Flow PANOLA 82

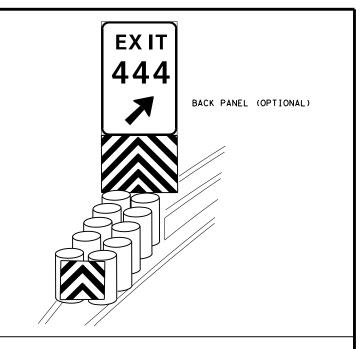
20E

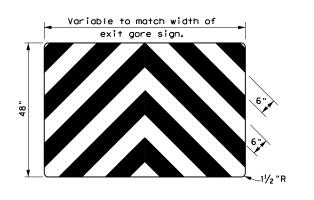
SCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any Ind is made by IxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. IxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion ectss(afapagadata athgesfajraids)seperfagestagartadassepenssepoitign from its use.











### NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2  $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

D 0.	<b>V.</b> V	• •	~ /		
FILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TX[	TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
CTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0462	03	048		SH 315
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 7-20	ATL		PANOL	A	83

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

### **GENERAL NOTES**

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3"to 12"+| |+

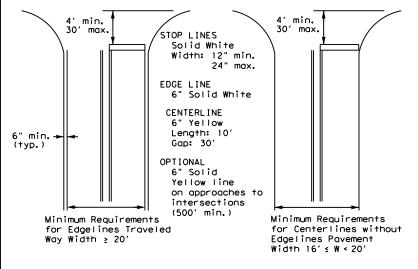
3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

ف

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

# GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



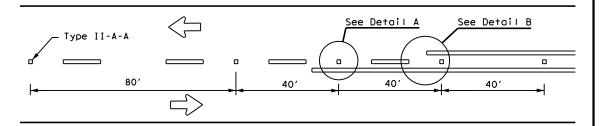
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(1) - 22

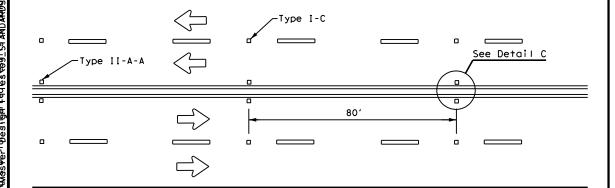
		•			
E: pm1-22,dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS -78 8-00 6-20	0462	03	048	5	SH 315
95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
00 2-12	ATL		PANOL	A	84

# REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

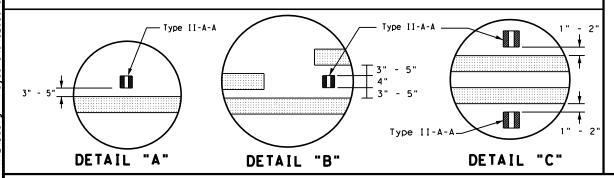


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# CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

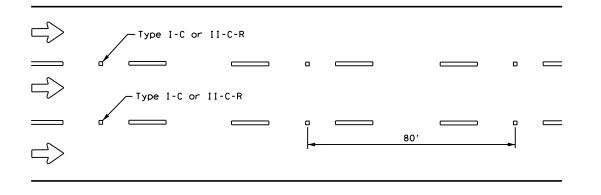


# CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



# Centerline \ Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 40 80' Type I-C

# CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

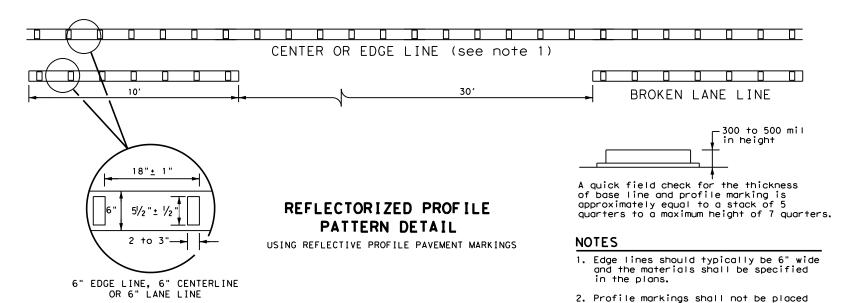


# LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

on roadways with a posted speed limit

of 45 MPH or less.

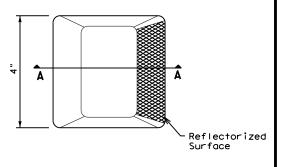


# GENERAL NOTES

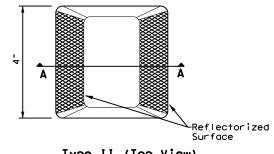
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				

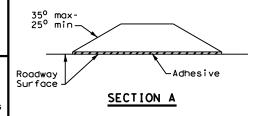
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



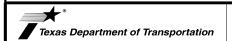
Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

FILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
ℂTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20	0462	03	048		SH	315
4-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		5	SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	ATL		PANOL	Α		85

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MER: nose of this standard is governed nose by TxDOT for any purpose who nomemodand sta offesignity. Westerfore

### NOTES

- Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- 4. For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

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	ADVANCED WARNING SIGN DISTANCE (D)						
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (f+)					
30 MPH	460	<sub>wc</sub> 2					
35 MPH	565	L = WS <sup>2</sup>					
40 MPH	670	00					
45 MPH	775						
50 MPH	885						
55 MPH	990						
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS					
65 MPH	1,200						
70 MPH	1,250						
75 MPH	1,350						

Type II-A-A Markers

20'

3 8'-16'

A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

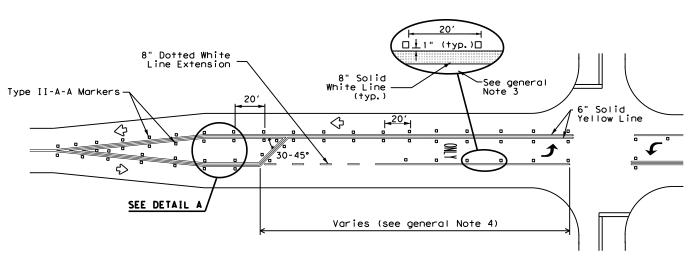
# TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

# GENERAL NOTES

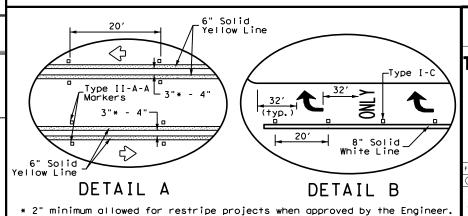
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



# TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS

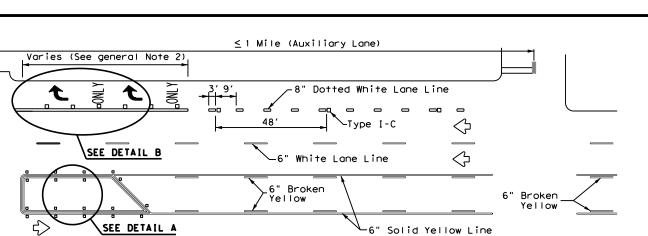


Traffic Safety Division Standard

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES,

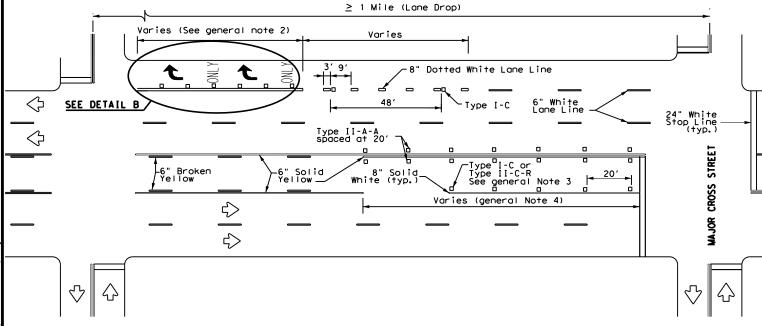
# RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS, AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3)-22

ILE: pm3-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
CTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
REVISIONS 4-98 3-03 6-20	0462	03	048		SH	315
5-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
8-00 2-12	ATL		PANOL	Α		86
22C						



6" White Lane Line

# TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

# SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

# Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

### Number of Posts (1 or 2)

### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

- WS = Wedge Anchor Steel (see SMD(TWT))
- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

### Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) IF REQUIRED

No more than 2 sign

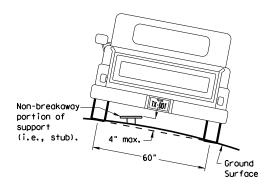
posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

# REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



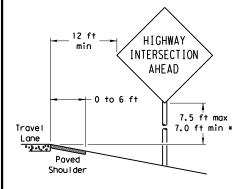
To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

> 7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

**PAVED SHOULDERS** 



# LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

# HIGHWAY 6 ft min INTERSECTION AHEAD Greater than 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min \* Lane Paved Shou I der

SIGN LOCATION

### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

# two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place

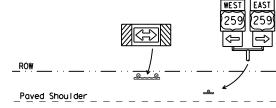
as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

Travel

Lane



When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane,

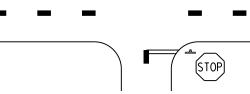
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

← 6 ft min ·

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*



### \* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:

- edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System

The website address is:

# Edge of Travel Lane



# (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the

components and Wedge Anchor System components.

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

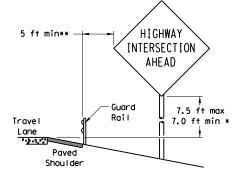
# Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

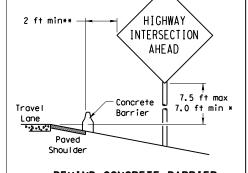
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# BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

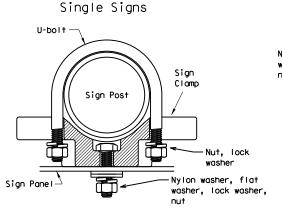
(When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

Not Acceptable  $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$ circle

# TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle



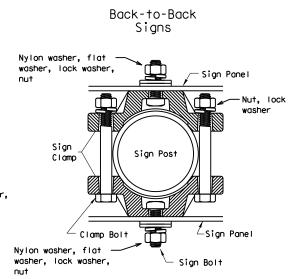
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



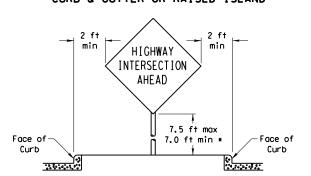
Acceptable

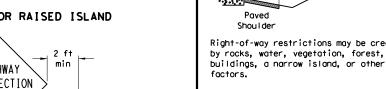
diameter

	Approximate Bolt Length					
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp				
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"				
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"				
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"				

# **EAST** 7.5 ft max 7.0 ft min \* When a supplemental plaque Travel or secondary sign is used, the 7 ft sign height is measured to the bottom of the supplemental plaque Payed or secondary sign.

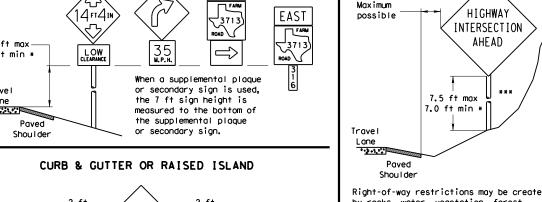
SIGNS WITH PLAQUES





In situations where a lateral restriction should be placed as far from the travel

\*\*\* Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme



Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest,

prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs lane as practical.



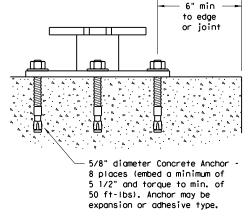
# 10 BWG Tubing or Keeper Plate Schedule 80 Pipe (See General Note 3) Slip Base $\Box$ 5/8" structural bolts (3), nuts (3), and washers Washers (6) per ASTM A325 if required by or A449 and manufacturer galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." Bolt length is 2 1/2". 3/4 " diameter hole. 36" Provide a 7" x 1/2" diameter rod or #4 rebar. Class A concrete 42 12" min. 24" max. Non-reinforced concrete footing (shall be used unless noted elsewhere in the plans). Foundation should take approx. 2.5 cf of concrete. 12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

### NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

# CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

### Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable. motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lame) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.

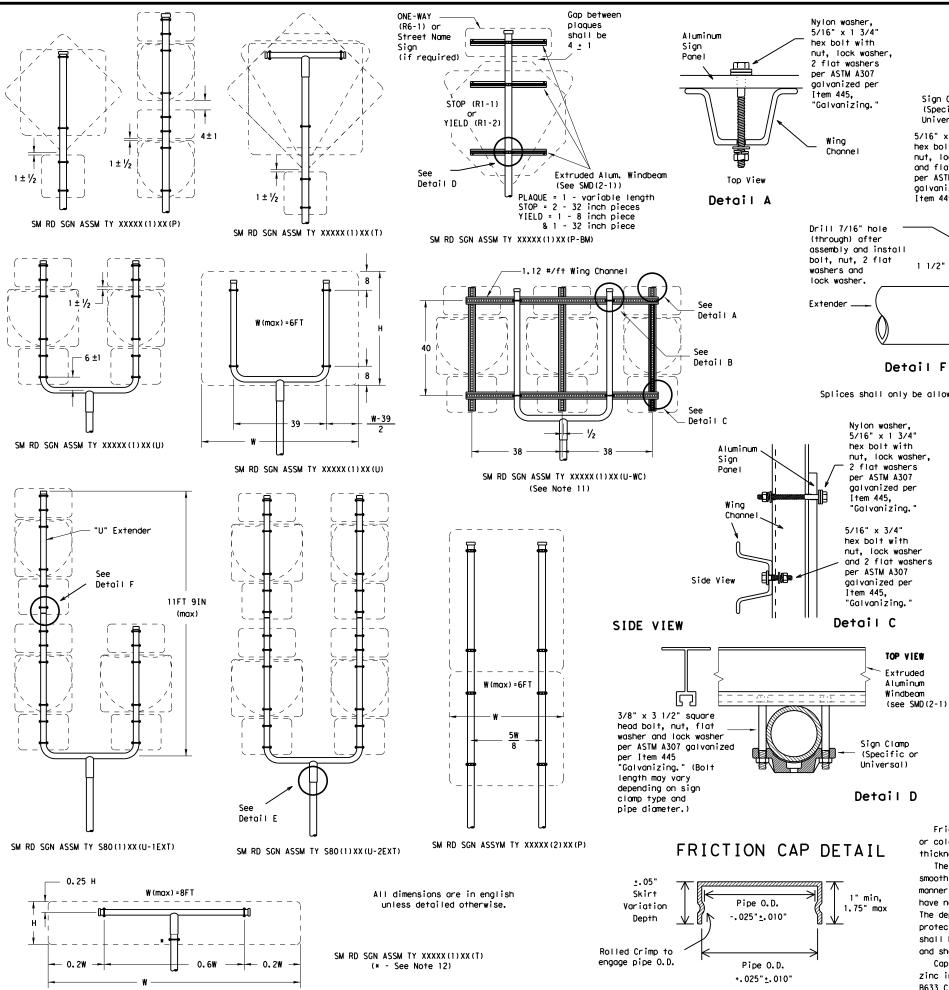


# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

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Wing Channe Sign Clamp -(Specific or Universal) 5/16" x 3 3/4" hex bolt with nut. lock washer Top View and flat washer per ASTM A307 Detail B

aalvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex bolt with nut, lock washer and 2 flat washers per ASTM A307 galvanized per 1 1/2" Item 445 "Galvanizing." 11 1.1 1.1

Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

> T&U Bracket 1/2" x 4" heavy hex bolt, nut, lock washer and 2 flat washers per ASTM A307 galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing.

> > Detail E

Sign Clamp

Universal)

(Specific or

U-Bracket

and 2 flat washers

TOP VIEW Extruded Aluminum Windbeam (see SMD(2-1))

0 Detail D

> Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

 Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to

support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently

when impacted by an errant vehicle.

8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible. 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

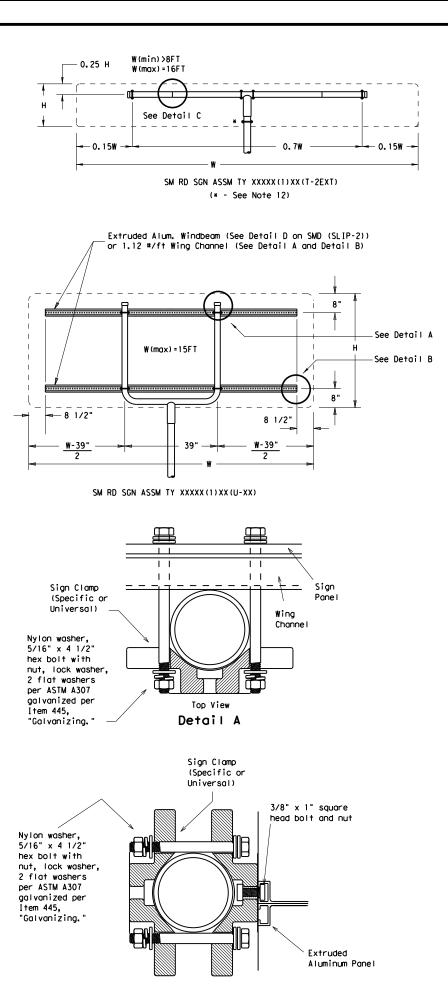
	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
ry	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regulatory	48×16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regu	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
ᅙ	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
Marning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
¥	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)



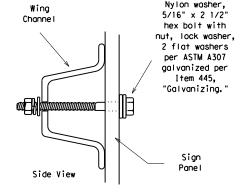
# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

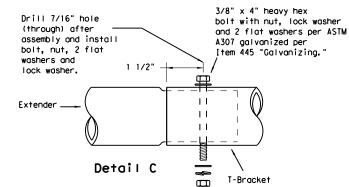
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EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET



Detail B



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

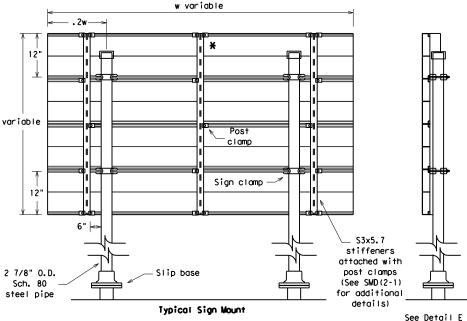
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

ASTM A307 galvanized

per Item 445.

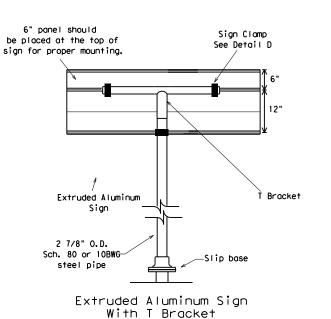
"Galvanizina.

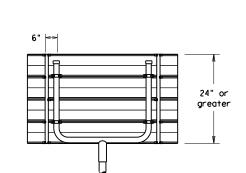
Detail E



SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

f X Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.





for clamp installation

Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details

See Detail E for clamp installation

### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
  7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT						
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT					
( :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
:	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					

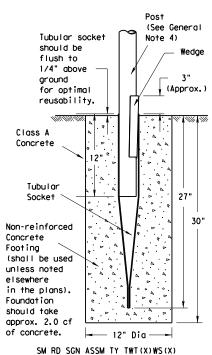


# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

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# Wedge Anchor Steel System



# Wedge Anchor High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) System

Concrete

Footing

elsewhere

Foundation

should take

of concrete.

(shall be used

unless noted

in the plans).

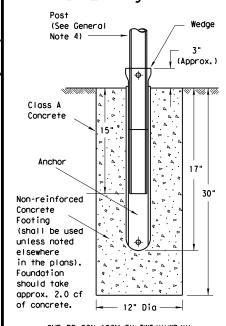
approx. 2.0 cf

Friction Cap

or Plug. See

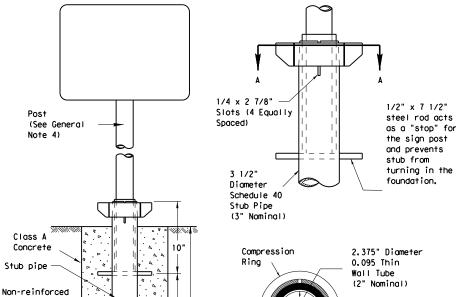
(Slip-2)

detail on SMD



SMD RD SGN ASSM TY TWT(X)WP(X)

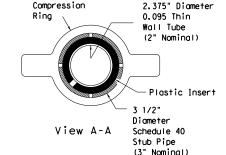
# Universal Anchor System with Thin-Walled Tubing Post



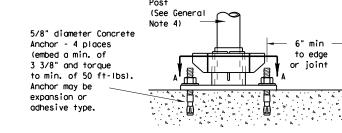
30"

-12" Dia

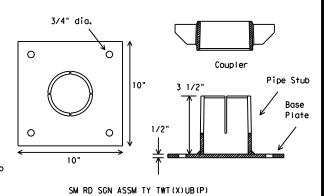
SM RD SGN ASSM TY TWT(X)UA(P)



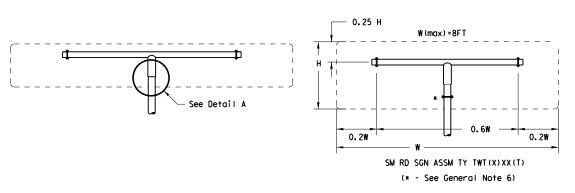
Plastic insert must be used when using the TWT with either the Universal Anchor System or the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System. The insert should be approx. 10" long and cover the tubing from just above the top of the stub pipe to the bottom of the sign post when using the Universal Anchor System. The insert should be cut to approx. 4 1/2" when used with the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System.

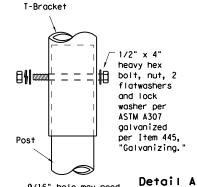


Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.



### Sign Installation Using a Prefabricated T-Bracket for Thin-Wall Tubing Post





9/16" hole may need to be drilled through post to accommodate bolt.

NOTE

The devices shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

### GENERAL NOTES:

- The Wedge Anchor System and the Universal Anchor System with thin wall tubing post may be used to support up to 10 square feet of sign area.
- The tubular socket, wedge and prefabricated T-bracket shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to the approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
  3. Except for posts (13 BWG Tubing), clamps, nuts and bolts, all components shall be prequalified. A list of prequalified vendors may be obtained from the Material Producer List web page. The website address is:
- http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm

  4. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:
  13 BWG Tubing (2.375" outside diameter) (TWT)

0.095" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008 Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

18% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of .083" to .099"
Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.369" to 2.381"
Galvanization per ASTM 123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

- 5. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- 6. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24" high signs. Place clamp at least 3" above bottom of sign when possible.
- Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Wedge Anchor System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

# WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Place concrete into hole until it is approximately flush with the ground. Concrete shall be Class A.
- Insert tubular socket into concrete until top of socket is approximaely 1/4 " above the concrete footing.
- Plumb the socket. Allow a minimum 4 days for concrete to set, unless otherwise directed by Engineer..
- 5. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 6. Insert the sign post into socket and align sign face with roadway.
- Drive the wedge into the socket to secure post. This will leave approximately 3 inches of the wedge exposed.

### UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. Insert base post in hole to depths shown and backfill hole with concrete.
- 3. Level and plumb the base post using a torpedo level and allow concrete adequate time to set. The bottom of the slots provided in the stub pipe shall remain above the top of the concrete foundation.
- 4. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 5. Install plastic insert around bottom of post.
- 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on steel rod. 7. Seat compression ring using a hammer. Typically, the top of compression ring
- will be approximately level with top of stub post when optimally installed.

  8 Check sign post by hand to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose increase t
- Check sign post by hand to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose, increase the tightening of the compression ring.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS WEDGE & UNIVERSAL ANCHOR WITH THIN WALL TUBING POST SMD(TWT)-08

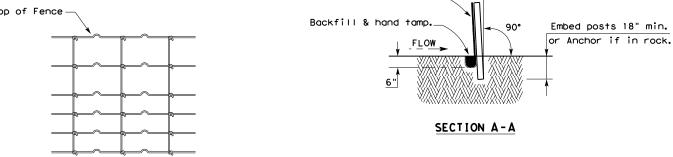
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I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402

results or damages resulting from its use.	required for projects with disturbed soil must protect Item 506.  List MS4 Operator(s) that makes the project is not located with the project is considered and action No.  1. This project is considered and of TPDES TXR 150000.  Commitment No.  1. Refer to the SWP3 Plan S	er Discharge Permit or Constituted some for erosion and sedimentate may receive discharges from ed prior to construction act thin the boundary of an MS4.  Required Action  maintenance activity and is exempted to the construction act	oil. Projects with any ion in accordance with this project. vivities.  pt from the requirements  will address sweeping,	archeological artifacts are found archeological artifacts (bones, bu work in the immediate area and cor	tions in the event historical issues or during construction. Upon discovery of urnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease stact the Engineer immediately.  Required Action	hazardous materials by conducting making workers aware of potential provided with personal protective Obtain and keep on-site Material Sused on the project, which may inceed the project, which may inceed the project, which may be compounds or additives. Provide proproducts which may be hazardous. Maintain an adequate supply of online the event of a spill, take action accordance with safe work practimediately. The Contractor shall of all product spills.  Contact the Engineer if any of the project involve any boses the project involve any boses.	ion Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with safety meetings prior to beginning construction and hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products clude, but are not limited to the following categories: products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing rotected storage, off bare ground and covered, for Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.  -site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS ions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, tices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup e following are detected: on (not identified as normal) r, barrels, etc.
her formats or for incorrec	water bodies, rivers, cre		ing or other work in any et areas.	164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 invasive species, beneficial land:	extent practical.  ction Specification Requirements Specs 162, in order to comply with requirements for scaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.  Required Action	Are the results of the asbesto  Yes No  If "Yes", then IxDOT must retainence to a necessary. The state of the notification of the second of th	asible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.  as inspection positive (is asbestos present)?  ain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with ement/mitigation procedures, and perform management notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least
f this standard to or	wetlands affected)	·		1.  2.  V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED TH CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LIS AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.	REATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, TED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES	activities and/or demolition w asbestos consultant in order to Any other evidence indicating p	is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement with careful coordination between the Engineer and o minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.  possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:    Required Action
Ö	•	ers of the US permit applies Practices planned to contro		No Action Required Action No. 1.	Required Action	Action No.  1. LEAD BASED PAINT ON STEEL  2.  3.  VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL IS	
		• •	· · ·	I	erved, cease work in the immediate area,	(includes regional issues su  No Action Required  Action No.	uch as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)  Required Action
	Erosion  Temporary Vegetation Blankets/Matting Mulch	Sedimentation  Silt Fence  Rock Berm  Triangular Filter Dike	Post-Construction TSS  Vegetative Filter Strips Retention/Irrigation Systems Extended Detention Basin	work may not remove active nests from	ed with the nests. If caves or sinkholes	2. 3.	Texas Department of Transportation  Design Division Standard  ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,
FILE:		Sand Bag Berm Straw Bale Dike Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Sock Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sediment Basins	<b>—</b>	EMP: Best Management Practice CCP: Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement MOU: Memorandum of Understanding MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOT: Notice of Termination NWP: Noticewide Permit NOI: Notice of Intent	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan PCN: Pre-Construction Notification PSL: Project Specific Location TCEQ: Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS   EPIC

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES



## HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

# SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT<sup>2</sup>. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

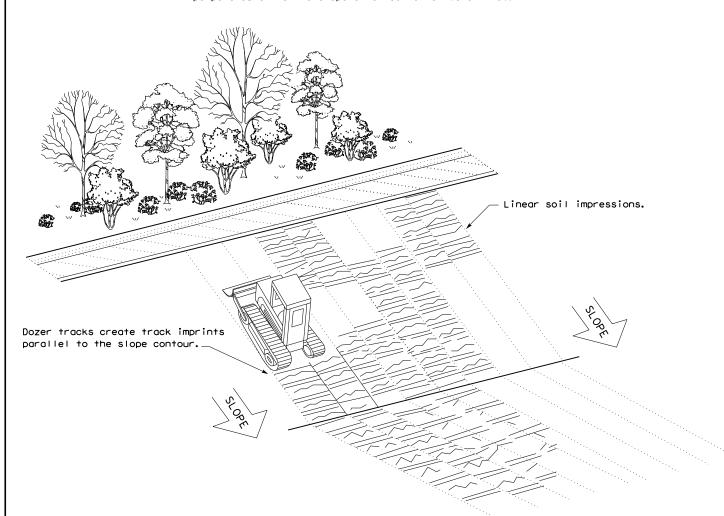
### **LEGEND**

Sediment Control Fence



### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

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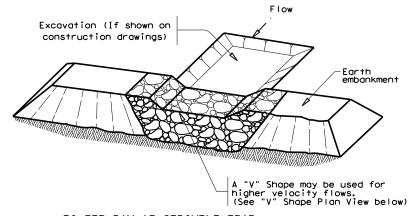
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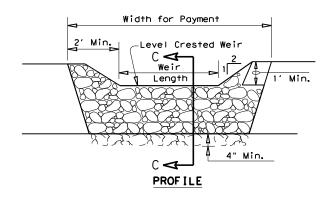
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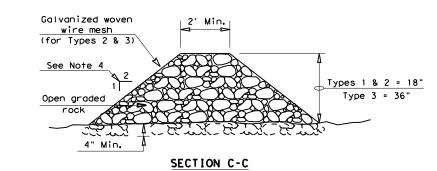
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# FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







### ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60  $\mbox{CPM/FT}^2$  of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

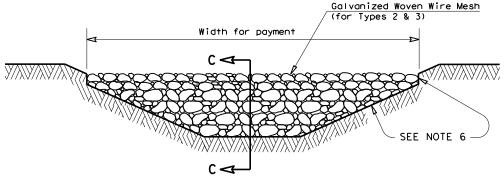
Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

 $\underline{\text{Type 5:}} \ \ \text{Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.}$ 



# FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

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## GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified.

  The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by

### PLAN SHEET LEGEND





Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

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