INDEX OF SHEETS

SEE SHEET 2 FOR INDEX OF SHEETS AND SHEETS 3-4 FOR LOCATION MAP

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FHWA TEXAS				NO.
DIVISION				1
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXAS	PAR	HUI	NT, ET	С.
CONTROL	SECT10N	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.
0901	22	122. ETC.	CS, ET	с.

# PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL AID PROJECT.

BR 2023(660), ETC.

SHELBY AVE, ETC. HUNT COUNTY, ETC.

CSJ 0901-22-122 LIMITS: SHELBY AVENUE AT FARBER CREEK BRANCH CSJ 0901-29-097 LIMITS: CR 28100 AT BLEDSOE CREEK

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF: BRIDGE REPLACEMENT

CONSISTING OF: BRIDGE REPLACEMENT

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LETTING DATE: DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK: DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED: DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED: ORIGINAL CONTRACT WORKING DAYS: OF WORKING DAYS NO. OF CHANGE ORDERS: FINAL CONTRACT COST: PERCENT OVER/UNDER RUN:

NAME BEGIN END FEET MILES FEET MILES MPH CLASSIFICATION	ROAD	LOCATION	CCI	DDO IECT NO	COLINITY	STATI	ONING	BRIDGE	LENGTH	ROADWAY	LENGTH	TOTAL	LENGTH	DESIGN SPEED	ADT	ADT YEAR	FUNCTIONAL
	NAME	LOCATION	C30	PROJECT NO.	COONTT	BEGIN	END	FEET	MILES	FEET	MILES	FEET	MILES	MPH	ADI	ADI ILAK	CLASSIFICATION
CR 28100 BLEDSOE CREEK 0901-29-097 BR 2023(660) LAMAR 14+07.50 18+02.50 95 0.018 300 0.057 395 0.075 MOEE 35/35 2021/2041 LOCAL	SHELBY AVENUE	FARBER CREEK BRANCH	0901-22-122	BR 2023(660)	HUNT	13+54	16+59	40	0.008	265	0.050	305	0.058	MOEE	490/686	2018/2041	LOCAL
	CR 28100	BLEDSOE CREEK	0901-29-097	BR 2023(660)	LAMAR	14+07.50	18+02.50	95	0.018	300	0.057	395	0.075	MOEE	35/35	2021/2041	LOCAL

I CERTIFY THAT THIS PROJECT WAS BUILT IN ACCORDANCE WITH PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

AREA ENGINEER

DATE

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1) - 21 THRU BC (12) - 21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

BRIDGEFARMER & ASSOCIATES, INC.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

TBPE REGISTRATION NO. 264

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

CONSULTANT DESIGN ENGINEER OR PROJECT MANAGER

5/5/2023 CONCURRENCE:

& Ranson Love

72AF345/CITY OF GREENVILLE MAYOR CONCURRENCE:

5/8/2023

5/4/2023

CONTRACTOR:

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 5/8/2023 18841028B1974ECTP&D DIRECTOR

5/8/2023 RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: Jesse Herrera 9FA6E70E83E0467AREA ENGINEER

5/9/2023 APPROVED FOR LETTING:

—AF7AF41AFE6049E...DISTRICT ENGINEER

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS
LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED
CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 5, 2022)

BY TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

EXCEPTIONS: N/A

EQUATIONS: N/A

c:\bms\bridgefar 5/4/2023 4:10

RAILROAD CROSSINGS: N/A

Brandon Bell 7FB477... LAMAR COUNTY JUDGE

# INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION **GENERAL** TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS SHELBY AVE LOCATION MAP CR 28100 LOCATION MAP 5,5A - 5C GENERAL NOTES ESTIMATE & QUANTITY TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHELBY AVE ROAD CLOSURE PLAN CR 28100 ROAD CLOSURE PLAN TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS \* BC(1)-21 THRU BC(12)-21 9 - 20 \* TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS 21 \* WZ (RCD) -13 ROADWAY DETAILS STANDARDS \* GF(31)-19 23 OMITTED 24 25 \* SGT(12S)31-18 26 \* SGT(15S)31-20 27 OMITTED SHELBY AVE AT FARBER CREEK BRANCH SURVEY CONTROL INDEX SHEET HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL CONTROL SHEET 29 30 HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA 31 TYPICAL SECTIONS SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES 33 ROADWAY PLAN & PROFILE LAYOUT 34 - 35 HYDRAULIC DATA SHEETS 36 SHELBY AVE AT FARBER CREEK BRANCH BRIDGE LAYOUT SHELBY AVE AT FARBER CREEK BRANCH CAP ELEVATION PLAN 37 38 SHELBY AVE AT FARBER CREEK BRANCH BRIDGE QUANTITIES & BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS CR 28100 AT BLEDSOE CREEK SURVEY CONTROL INDEX SHEET 39 HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL CONTROL SHEET 40 41 HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA 42 TYPICAL SECTIONS 43 SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES 44 ROADWAY PLAN & PROFILE LAYOUT 45 - 46 HYDRAULIC DATA SHEETS 47 CR 28100 AT BLEDSOE CREEK BRIDGE LAYOUT 48 CR 28100 AT BLEDSOE CREEK BRIDGE QUANTITIES CR 28100 AT BLEDSOE CREEK ABUTMENT CAP ELEVATIONS 50 - 50A BORING LOGS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

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# TRAFFIC STANDARDS

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# ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

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81 - 82 CR 28100 SWP3
83 SHELBY AVE EPIC
84 CR 28100 EPIC
85 SHELBY AVE SW3P LAYOUT
86 CR 28100 SW3P LAYOUT

# ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES STANDARDS

87 \* EC(1)-16 88 \* EC(2)-16 89 \* EC(3)-16 THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE BY A  $\star$  HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE BY A # HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.





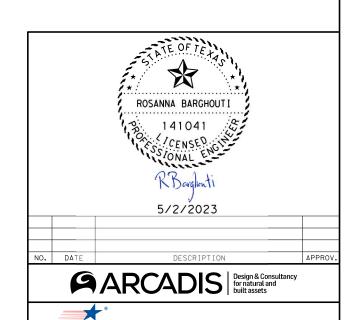
BRIDGEFARMER & ASSOCIATES, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. 264



# INDEX OF SHEETS

				SHEET 1 OF 1
ESIGN ZJB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	V. NO. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.		HIGHWAY NO.
APHICS	6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS, ETC.
CT	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
снеск АТ	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	2
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
ZJB	0901	22	122. ETC.	





SHELBY AVE

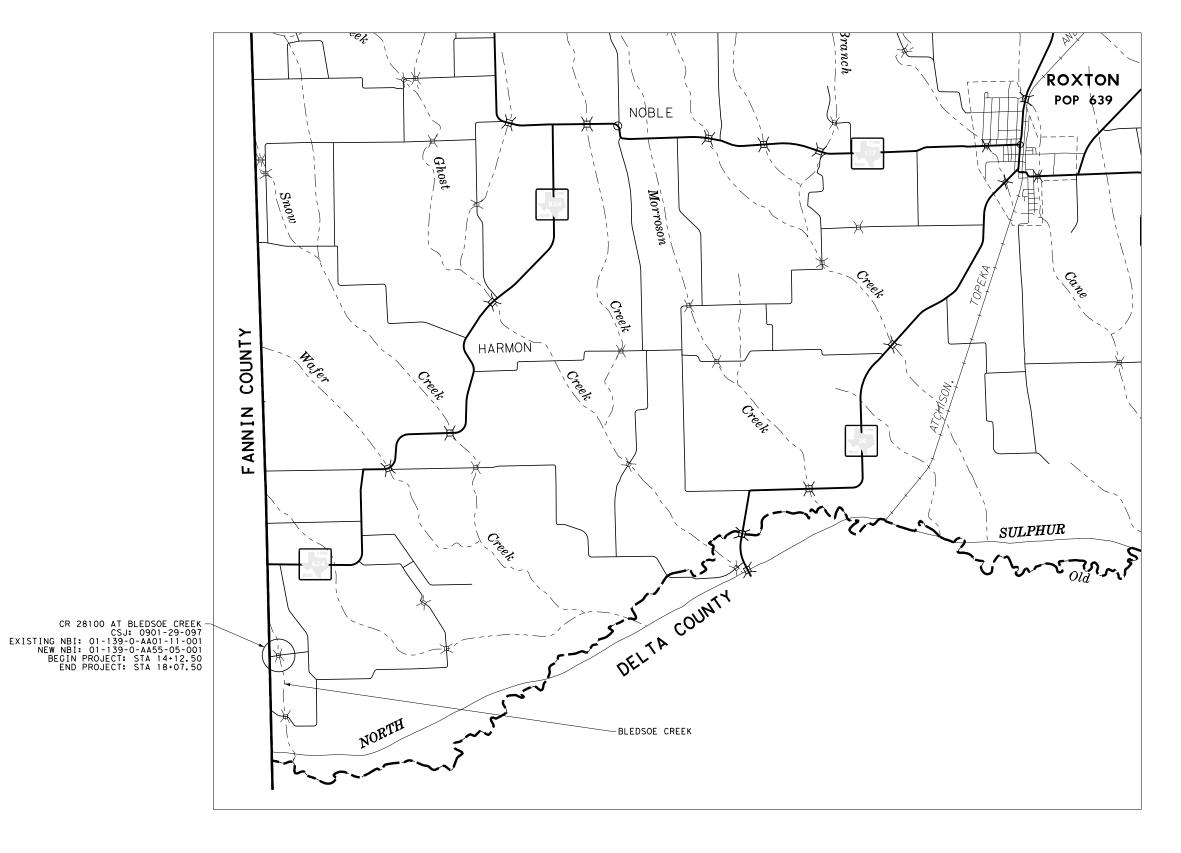
Texas Department of Transportation ©2023

# LOCATION MAP

				1 OF 1
DESIGN RB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	X	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS,ETC.
XX	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK	TEXAS		HUNT, ETC.	3
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
OS	0901	22	122,ETC.	









47	AND BRIDGEFARMER & ASSOCIATES INC							
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	APPROV.					





# LOCATION MAP

SCALE:	N. T. S.			SHEET 1 OF 1
DESIGN ZJB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS, ETC.
UΙ	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK AT	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	4
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
ZJB	0901	22	122, ETC.	

County: Hunt, Etc. Control: 0901-22-122, Etc.

Highway: CS, Etc. Sheet:

# **GENERAL NOTES**

# General:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Sulphur Springs Area Office

Jesse Herrera, P.E. – <u>Jesse.Herrera@txdot.gov</u>

Dustin Lyday, P.E. - <u>Dustin.Lyday@txdot.gov</u>

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

On Contractor request, earthwork cross sections and construction timelines will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Dispose of waste materials at an approved site. Furnish written approval from the property owner before disposal of waste materials.

Locate equipment a minimum of 30 feet from roadway when possible. Place signs and barricades as approved.

Stockpile sites for construction materials must be approved. Give at least 48 hours notification prior to stockpiling material.

# Item 5 Control of the Work:

The responsibility for the construction surveying on this contract will be in accordance with Section 5.9.3, Method C.

County: Hunt, Etc. Control: 0901-22-122, Etc.

Highway: CS, Etc. Sheet: 5

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4 Standard Work Week.

Right and left are determined based upon the forward direction of stationing in the specific control section.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/highway/bridge/bridge-publications.html#design. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

# **Item 6 Control of Materials:**

The existing bridge at Bledsoe Creek has lead-containing paint. Provide a demolition plan to the Engineer three weeks in advance of lead paint disturbance to allow lead paint removal by TxDOT on-call contractor before Contractor bridge demolition.

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

 $\underline{https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-\underline{sheet.html}}$ 

# **Item 7 Legal Relations and Responsibilities:**

No significant traffic generator events identified.

# **Item 8 Prosecution and Progress:**

Before beginning work on this project submit in writing, for approval, a plan of construction operations outlining in detail a sequence of work to be followed.

Provide a Bar Chart progress schedule for this project.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: Hunt, Etc. Control: 0901-22-122, Etc.

Highway: CS, Etc. Sheet:

# **Item 9 Measurement and Payment:**

Items of work for the Monthly Estimate will be cut off on the 25<sup>th</sup> of each month. Items of work performed after the 25<sup>th</sup> will be processed and paid on the following month's estimate. Material On Hand (MOH) will cut off on the 20<sup>th</sup> of each month. Special circumstances will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

# **Item 100 Preparing Right of Way:**

Remove all trees 25 foot from centerline on both sides of roadway. At cross structures, remove trees to ROW line and within 100' of the structure, parallel to the roadway. Remove underbrush and neatly trim trees and overhanging branches to produce a 60' vertical clear area within the limits of Prep ROW. Remove any trees or underbrush that interferes with any construction operation, including relocation of ditches or other drainage elements. Receive approval of equipment used to trim limbs. A boom axe will not be allowed. Remove all trimmed debris from the ROW or mulch all debris and incorporate into the topsoil on State ROW to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The County Commissioner will be responsible to relocate existing gates and rebuild livestock fences as necessary, including temporary fences when required. The Contractor shall coordinate Prep ROW operations with the County Commissioner for gate and fence relocation. The Contractor shall coordinate with the County Commissioner eight weeks in advance of necessary gate/fence relocation.

Removal/relocation and disposal of existing road and bridge signs shall be subsidiary to this item.

# **Item 105 Removing Treated and Untreated Base and Asphalt Pavement:**

TxDOT will retain salvaged material. Stockpile salvage material at an approved location. Process salvage material into pieces not larger than 2". Construct separate stockpiles for asphaltic surfacing material and flexible base material.

# **Item 110 Excavation:**

Material below finished subgrade elevation suspected of containing sulfates will be tested in accordance with Tex-145-E by the Department. Treat subgrade material to the required depth and width in accordance with the Soil Sulfates Mitigation General Notes.

Before excavation operations the existing topsoil shall be salvaged in a manner to preserve the vigor of the existing Bermuda grass sod per Item 160.

County: Hunt, Etc. Control: 0901-22-122, Etc.

Highway: CS, Etc. Sheet: 5A

# **Item 132 Embankment:**

Test potential embankment sources using Tex-145-E to determine the presence and concentration of sulfates. Do not bring soil with greater than 3000 ppm sulfates into project.

Embankment sources containing sulfates that meet specification requirements may be used as fill material provided it is placed with at least one foot of separation from materials to be treated with lime, cement, or other calcium-based stabilizers. When soils are to be placed with less than one foot of separation from material to be treated with lime, cement, or other calcium-based stabilizers, process and treat such soils according to the Soil Sulfates Mitigation General Notes.

Excavation pits for project embankment made within 250 feet of State Right of Way must be approved.

Before embankment operations the existing topsoil shall be salvaged in a manner to preserve the vigor of the existing Bermuda grass sod per Item 160.

# **Item 164 Seeding for Erosion Control, 166 Fertilizer:**

Apply fertilizer with a ratio of 3-1-2 (N-P-K) over the areas to be seeded. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary.

# **Item 168 Vegetative Watering:**

Use water trucks equipped with a sprinkler system adequate to permit coverage of the entire seeded area from the roadbed. This equipment must be available to perform watering throughout the duration of vegetative establishment.

Water all seeded areas the day seed is applied. Thereafter, maintain the seeded areas in a well-watered condition throughout the duration of vegetative establishment.

# **Item 247 Flexible Base:**

Grading requirements
Tests to be in accordance with TxDOT Standard Test Methods

	Soil C	Constants		
Item Desc.	Linear Shrinkage	LL	Wet Ball	WBMV (incr. passing #40 sieve)
Item 247 Flex Bas	e 6.0 max.	40 max.	40 max.	20% max.
PERCENT RETA	INED ON SIEVE:			

1-3/4"	7/8"	3/8"	No. 4	No. 40
0	10-35	30-50	45-65	70-85

Flexible Base will not contain more than 1% by weight of clay balls.

Place blue top hubs for alignment and elevations of new base at centerline and edge of pavement.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

County: Hunt, Etc.

Control: 0901-22-122, Etc.

Highway: CS, Etc.

Sheet:

# Item 247 Flexible Base (Cont.):

Salvage existing road gravel/flex base to use as subbase for proposed flex base. Spread and compact salvaged gravel/flex base using ordinary compaction. This work shall be subsidiary to this item.

# **Item 251 Reworking Base Courses:**

Full depth HMAC patching and stabilized areas of various depths are to be expected and are to be reworked into existing base. Stabilized areas may include but are not limited to cement, fly ash, or asphalt treated base.

Areas with deep asphaltic patching or widening will require processing and relocation operations to incorporate additional flex base to reduce the asphaltic material ratio to a 50% maximum by volume. This work will be subsidiary to this Item.

The finished roadway must match existing grades at project limits, highway intersections and bridges. In these areas, salvage existing base and remove sufficient subgrade material to construct the full-depth proposed pavement section, according to the transition details shown in the plans. This removal will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items. Excess subgrade material generated by these transitions may be utilized to construct slopes or wasted as approved by the Engineer.

# **Item 400 Excavation and Backfill for Structures:**

Excavation and backfill for bridge construction will be subsidiary to the project bid items.

# **Item 416 Drill Shaft Foundations:**

One core hole per bent/abutment required.

# **Item 420 Concrete Structures:**

Do not use membrane curing for structural elements.

# **Item 421 Hydraulic Cement Concrete:**

Ground contacting concrete shall be sulfate resistant mix design.

Type A bridge expansion joints shall be subsidiary to Item 421

# **Item 422 Concrete Superstructures:**

Saw-cut grooves on bridge deck are not required.

County: Hunt, Etc. Control: 0901-22-122, Etc.

Highway: CS, Etc. Sheet: 5B

# Item 432 Riprap:

The Engineer may adjust placement of riprap in the field

Filter fabric is required for stone riprap.

Bridge demolition waste concrete may be used for stone rip rap. Cut protruding rebar within 2" of concrete surface. Maximum waste concrete cobble size shall match proposed stone rip rap Dmax size.

# **Item 454 Bridge Expansion Joint:**

Materials used are to be approved by the Engineer before installation begins.

# **Item 496 Removing Structure:**

The Contractor shall coordinate with the county commissioner for transferring salvageable materials such as wood/steel beams, piling, etc. The Contractor shall dispose of remaining materials.

# Item 502 Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling:

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

The following items will be required for flagger on this project:

- 1. Flaggers are required to wear a white hard hat while performing flagging operations.
- 2. Flaggers will be required at the intersection of all State maintained roadways.
- 3. Flaggers may be required at other high traffic generating intersections as deemed necessary by the Area Engineer.

The traffic control plan for this contract consists of the installation and maintenance of warning signs and other traffic control devices shown in the plans, specification data which may be included in the general notes, applicable provisions of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD), traffic control plan sheets included in the plans, standard BC sheets and Item 502 of the Standard Specifications.

Do not begin Item 502, Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling, on the roadway until both of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The work schedule is approved.
- 2. No more than 5 workdays will pass between the beginning of Item 502 and the actual commencement of roadway work bid items.

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

County: Hunt, Etc. Control: 0901-22-122, Etc.

Highway: CS, Etc. Sheet:

# Item 502 Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling (Cont.):

The final estimate will be withheld until all disturbed areas are covered with at least 70% perennial vegetative cover.

Correct all deficiencies within the time frame noted on the Traffic Control Device Inspection Form 599. Failure to make corrections within time frame specified may result in no payment for this Item for the month of the noted deficiency.

Road closures must be approved by the Engineer. Provide a two-week advance notice to the Engineer prior to desired roadway closure period. Begin display of closure information on PCMBs ten days prior to roadway closure.

# **Item 506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation & Environmental Controls:**

The Temporary Erosion Control measures for this project will consist of using the following items, as directed:

- 1. Temporary Silt Fence
- 2. Rock Filter Dams: All rock filter dams shall be installed with 6:1 slopes regardless of their location on the project. Failure to do so will result in no payment for the dam. Silt fences will remain the property of the Contractor upon completion of the project. The final estimate will not be released until all silt fences have been properly removed, or as directed and 70% establishment of vegetative cover is obtained.

Acquire approval for any change to the location of temporary sediment fence, as shown in the plans, prior to installation. Placement of erosion protection devices may be altered, as directed, to satisfy the requirements of the SW3P.

The pay item to remove rock filter dams will require only a partial removal after 70 percent perennial vegetation has been established and approved. When removing the rock filter dams, leave the lower layer of rock adjacent to the ground in place so as not to disturb the soil.

Refer to the SW3P sheet for the total disturbed area for the project.

The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and Contractor project specific locations (PSLs) within one mile of the project limits will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. Obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off ROW. When the total area disturbed for all projects in the Contract and PSLs within one mile of the project limits exceeds five acres, provide a copy of the Contractors NOI for PSLs on the ROW (to the appropriate MS4 operator when on an off-system route).

County: Hunt, Etc. Control: 0901-22-122, Etc.

Highway: CS, Etc. Sheet: 5C

# **Item 540 Metal Beam Guard Fence:**

MBGF delineation shall be installed within ten (10) working days of the completion of each MBGF section. Concrete mow strip is not considered to be a part of this work.

# **Item 3076 Dense-Graded Hot-Mix Asphalt:**

Use a self-propelled wheel mounted MTV capable of receiving mix from the haul trucks, separate from the paver. It shall have a minimum storage capacity of approximately 25 tons. It shall be equipped with a pivoting discharge conveyor and shall completely and thoroughly remix the material prior to placement. The effectiveness of the MTV's remixing ability is subject to the approval of the Engineer. In addition, the paver shall have a surge storage insert with a minimum capacity of 20 tons.

Specify Hot Mix Asphalt Concrete (HMAC) or Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA) at the time of design submittal. After design submittal, continue producing the chosen design unless otherwise approved.

RAP from contractor owned sources may be used if the RAP is fractionated. The course fraction of contractor owned RAP will not be allowed if it consists primarily of siliceous aggregates.

A tack coat is required for all overlay areas and for all longitudinal joints unless otherwise directed.

Evaluation of the mixture for moisture susceptibility will be performed by using test method TEX 530-C (boil test) and there shall be no evidence of stripping during design verification or at any time during production.

The maximum nighttime paved surface vertical differential will be limited to two inches. Prevent ponding of water on any travel ways that are exposed to traffic.

Perform all sampling for aggregate quality testing on stockpiles at the HMAC plant. Mixture sampling for QC/QA testing will typically be taken from the truck at the plant; however, the Engineer may direct that a sample be taken at any point or location of mixture during production, delivery or placement.

Preparation and construction of permanent / temporary transitions, terminations of mix courses and transitions to driveways and intersecting roadways is subsidiary to Item 341. This includes all labor, machinery, materials and incidentals to complete the work including planing, removal, hauling and stockpiling of materials and necessary clean-up.

# Item 3096 Asphalts, Oils, and Emulsions:

Provide 1L (1qt.) clean and dry screw top or friction-lid sampling cans as directed.

Furnish at least one sample of each type of asphalt used on the project for QA/QC purposes.

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0901-22-122

**DISTRICT** Paris **HIGHWAY** CR 5505, SHELBY AVE

**COUNTY** Hunt, Lamar

Report Created On: May 5, 2023 12:48:08 PM

	of Transport	ation			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	7.100	
	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	336.000	
	110-6002	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	532.000	
	132-6003	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY B)	CY	316.000	
	164-6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	1,856.000	
	164-6011	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	1,856.000	
	164-6023	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURAL)(CLAY)	SY	3,712.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	12.000	
	247-6064	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY A GR 4) (6")	SY	433.000	
	251-6026	REWORK BS MTL (TY B) (8") (ORD COMP)	SY	662.000	
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	98.000	
	416-6002	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	LF	294.000	
	416-6003	DRILL SHAFT (30 IN)	LF	216.000	
	420-6013	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CY	54.000	
	422-6001	REINF CONC SLAB	SF	1,040.000	
	422-6005	REINF CONC SLAB (BOX BEAM)	SF	2,486.000	
	422-6023	SHEAR KEY	CY	25.400	
425-6005 425-6006 425-6010		PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM (4B34)	LF	378.000	
		PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM (5B34)	LF	189.000	
		PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB12)	LF	197.500	
	432-6033	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	597.000	
	450-6019	RAIL (TY T631LS)	LF	338.000	
	454-6021	TYPE A JOINT	LF	53.000	
496-6009		REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	EA	2.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	13.000	
	506-6001	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	LF	108.000	
	506-6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	54.000	
	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	162.000	
	506-6020	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	312.000	
	506-6024	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	312.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	1,013.000	
506-6039 540-6002		TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	1,013.000	
		MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	LF	200.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	8.000	
	658-6061	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2	EA	10.000	
	3076-6015	D-GR HMA TY-C PG64-22	TON	146.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000	

# **ESTIMATE & QUANTITY**

DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Paris	Hunt	0901-22-122	6





- REFER TO BC (1)-21 THTOUGH BC (12)-21 STANDARDS AND THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) FOR GUIDENCE ON TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND WARNING SIGNS.
  - REFER TO TXDOT STANDARDS AND THE TMUTCD FOR SIGNS AND DEVICES SIZE AND SPACING.
- 3. SIGNS AND DEVICES SPACING ARE NOT TO SCALE.







SHELBY AVE

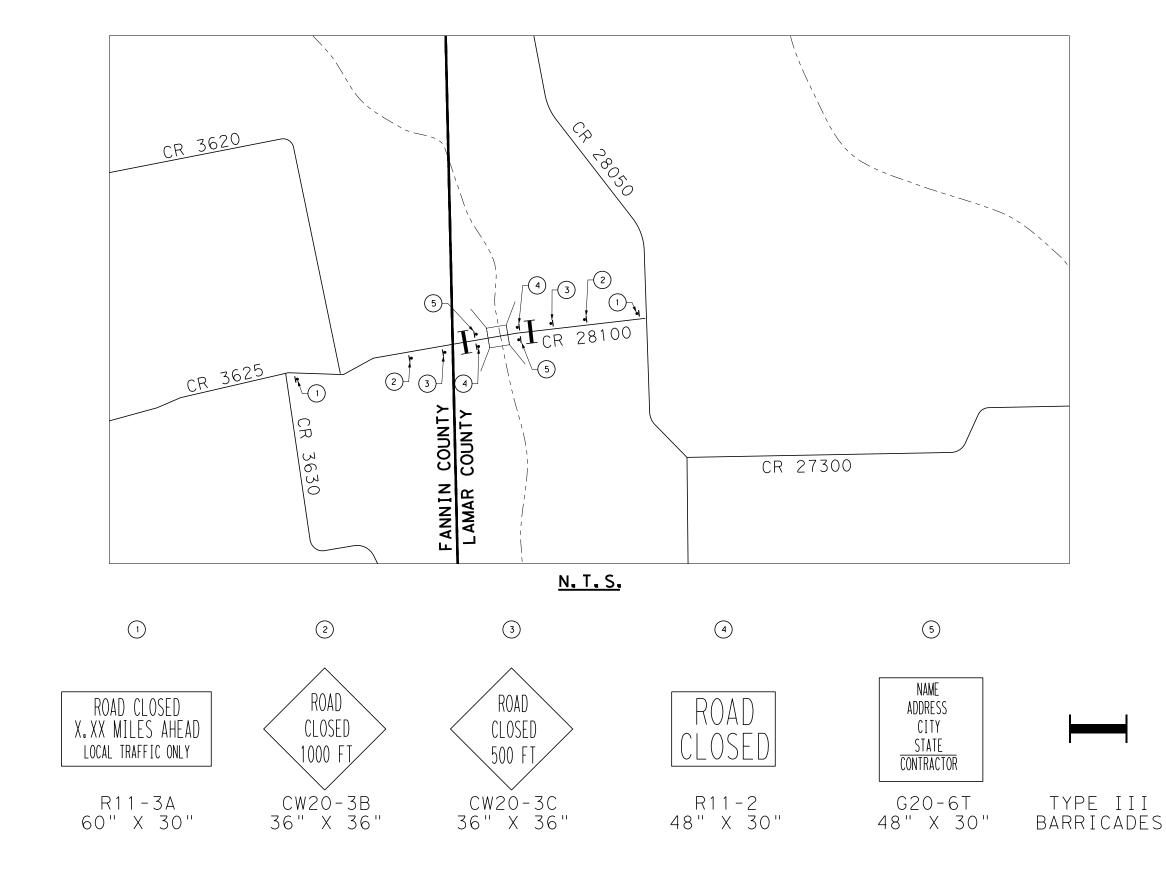
# ROAD CLOSURE PLAN

				1 OF 1
DESIGN RB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	X	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS,ETC.
XX	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK	TEXAS		HUNT, ETC.	7
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
OS	0901	22	122,ETC.	





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- NOTES:

  1. REFER TO BC(1)-21 THROUGH BC(12)-21 STANDARDS
  AND THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL
  DEVICES (TMUTCD) FOR GUIDANCE ON TRAFFIC CONTROL
  DEVICES AND WARNING SIGNS.

  2. REFER TO TXDOT STANDARDS AND THE TMUTCD FOR
  SIGNS AND DEVICES SIZE AND SPACING.

  3. SIGNS AND DEVICES SPACING ARE NOT TO SCALE.



NO. DATE DESCRIPTION	APPROV.

BRIDGEFARMER & ASSOCIATES, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. 264



CR 28100

# ROAD CLOSURE PLAN

				SHEET 1 OF 1
DESIGN ZJB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS, ETC.
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK AT	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	8
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
ZJB	0901	22	122, ETC.	

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 3. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

# WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

# COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

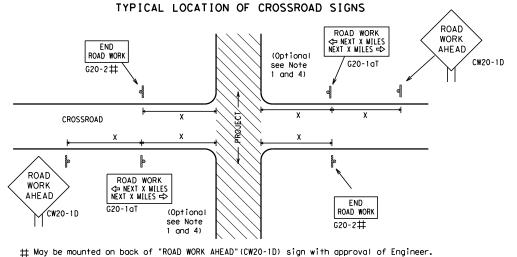


Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

ILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>T×DOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
DIxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
4-03 7-13	0901	22	122, ET	С.	CS,	ETC.
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
5-10 5-21	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		9



- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

Channelizing Devices

B

- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

## BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE **X X** G20-9TP **X X** R20-5T FINES I DOLIRI I X X R20-5aTP WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES END \* \* G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI $\triangleleft$ INTERSECTED 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES => 801 WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* Limit BEGIN G20-5T WORK \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE **X** ★ R20-5aTP ROAD WORK G20-2

# CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices. such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

# TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

# SIZE

## Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW204 CW21 48" × 48" CW22 48" x 48" CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 36" x 36" 48" x 48' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

Posted Speed	Sign△ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 <sup>2</sup>
60	600 <sup>2</sup>
65	700 <sup>2</sup>
70	800 <sup>2</sup>
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
*	* 3

SPACING

- \* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD". Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

ı	WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	A	DEGINATING AT THE COO ETWITO	
		** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	X X R20-5T FINES DOUBLE SIGNS STATE L.	5. Only diamo
5		ddd	4 4 4 4	<u>!</u>
			<b>(</b> -	
7 2			<u> </u>	
010000	Channelizing Devices	"CSJ Limit FEND coordinate (	SPEED WORK ZONE G20-2bT **	_
-	When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspec		NOTES	
3	"ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to r within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location ar	. Similar di Tyong Thoy di G CTTTT GEG E X X	NOTES	
3	channelizing devices.		The Contractor shall determine the approp	
ž	SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF	THE CSJ LIMITS BEGIN	to be placed on the G20-1 series signs an	

-CSJ Limit

SPEED R2-1

★ ★G20-9TP ZONE STAY ALERT BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFIC **X X** G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD X XR20-5T FINES WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK ½ MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHFAD X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT \* \*G20-6T Type 3 CW13-1P XX R2-1 G20-10 CW20-1D Barricade or CONTRACTOR CW20-1E channelizing devices

No decimals shall be used. SIGNS STATE LAW The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance R20-3 signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.  $\Diamond$ 

 $\Rightarrow$ 

 $\star\star$  CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.

WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project.

This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded

to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at  $\Diamond \Diamond$ the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND						
	I	Type 3 Barricade					
0.0	000 Channelizing Devices						
	Г	Sign					
х		See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

# SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

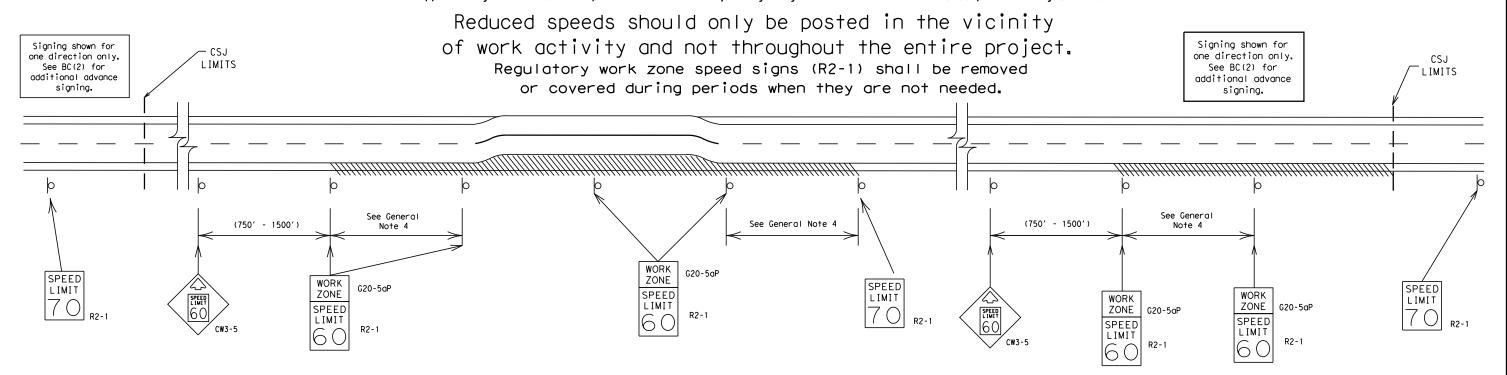
BC(2)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	(DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	с.	CS	, ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		10

END ROAD WORK END G20-2bT X X LIMIT G20-2 \* \*

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



# GUIDANCE FOR USE:

# LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

# SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present. signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

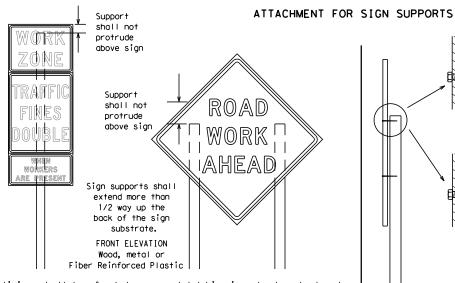
BC(3)-21

E:	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT Dw:		: TxDOT ck: TxD	
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	ONT SECT JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS 8-14 5-21	0901	22	122,	ETC.	CS,	ETC.
9-07 7-13		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		PΔR		HUNT.	FTC.		1 1

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12′ min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. \* \* XX 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 0'-6' 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. 9.0' max. greater 10/1/1/1/1/1/ Paved Paved shou I der shou I dei

\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



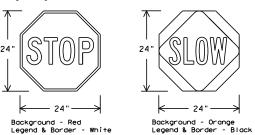
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support, Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

# STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

# GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

# DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- 1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

# SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

# SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

# SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6' centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

# REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.

# 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type $B_{FL}$ or Type $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS 1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

# SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

# FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(4) - 21

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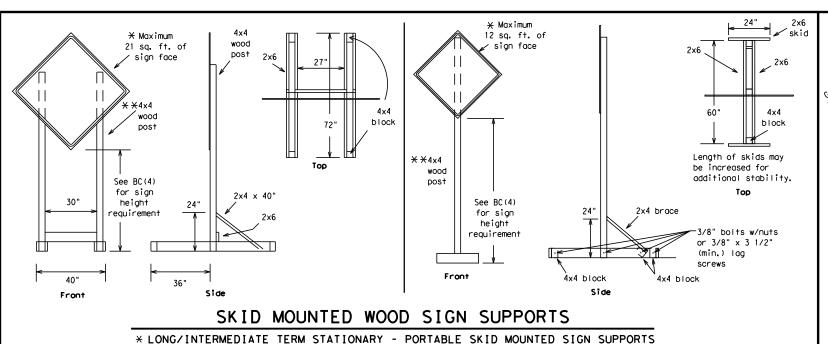


Welds to start on

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum weld, do not



-2" × 2"

12 ga. upright

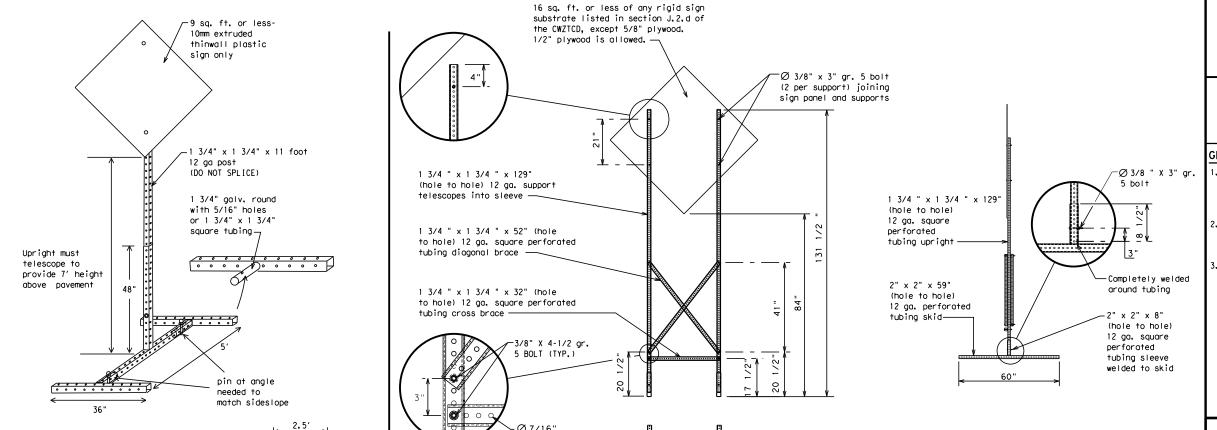
SINGLE LEG BASE

Post / Post Post max. desirable max. desirable 34" min. in Optional strong soils, 48" reinforcing 55" min. in minimur sleeve -34" min. in weak soils. (1/2" larger strona soils than sian 55" min, in post) x 18" weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

# Post See the CWZTCD for embedment WING CHANNEL

# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



# WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

# OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

# GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- \*\* Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

# SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

# BC(5)-21

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7-13 5-21	PAR	HUNT, ETC.				13

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

# PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message. 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT"
- on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message. 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be
- abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD. 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Emergency Vehicle		South	S
	EMER VEH ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter		Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN EXPWY	Street	ST
Expressway		Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phase Lists".

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

"Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases.

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

## ĪΝ \* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2. LANE

STAY

- WORDING ALTERNATIVES 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

# FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

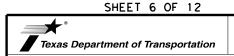
BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

	Æffect on Travel	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM



\* X See Application Guidelines Note 6.

Traffic Safety

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	(DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD01	CK: TxDOT
© T×DOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		-	HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	С.	C:	S, ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		14

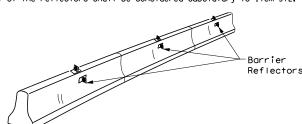
Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

drum adjacent to the travel way.

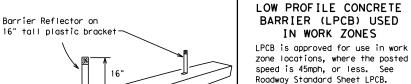
# 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-auglified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



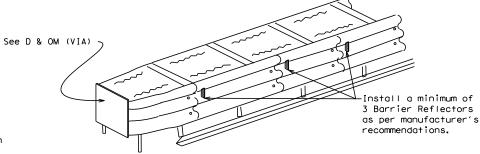
# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

# LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



# DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

# END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

# WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights. 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

# WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

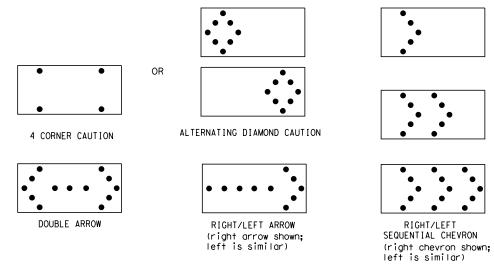
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

# WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS							
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE					
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile					
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile					

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

# TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs. 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure
- without adversely affecting the work performance. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	kDOT.	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	с.	CS,	ETC.
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	PAR		HUNT. F	TC.		15

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as
- the primary channelizing device. 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

# GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.

10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

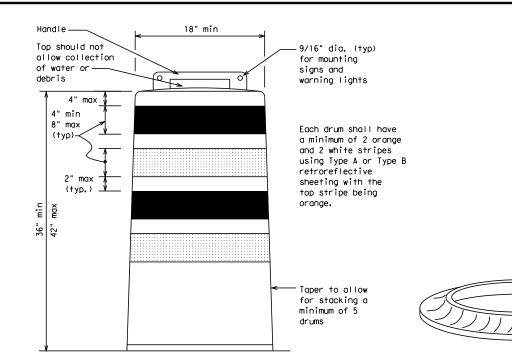
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.

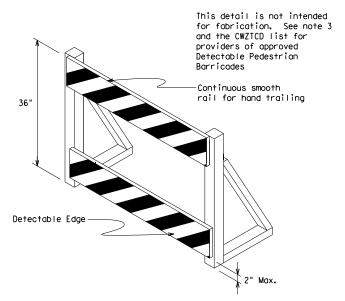
# RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

# BALLAST

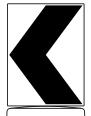
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to payement.





# DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{Fl}$  or Type  $C_{Fl}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves. on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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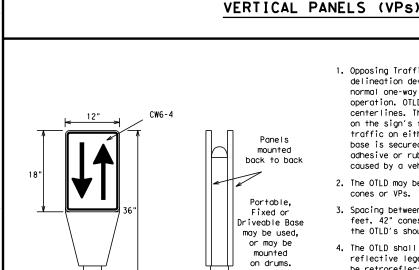
8" to 12"

VP - 1

Fixed Base

w/ Approved

Adhesive



(Rigid or self-righting)

- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{\mathsf{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\mathsf{FL}}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

Panels

mounted

back to back

Portable,

Fixed or

Driveable Base

may be used.

or may be

mounted

on drums

8" to 12"

36"

VP-1R

Roadway

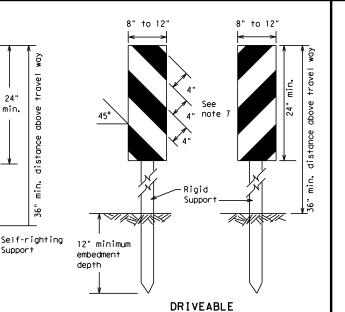
Surface

FIXED

(Rigid or self-righting)

PORTABLE

Base



1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize

3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge

should always slope downward toward the travel lane. 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification

7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical

panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of

DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.

6 inches shall be used.

of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and

2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's

traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

for drop-offs.

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

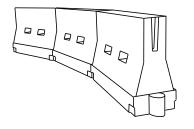
36"

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type BFL or Type CFL conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# **CHEVRONS**

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



# LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

# WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Lend **	Spacir Channe	gested Maximum Spacing of nannelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50°	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

★ Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

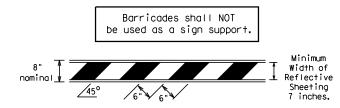
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# 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials

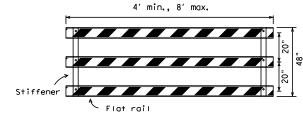
used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

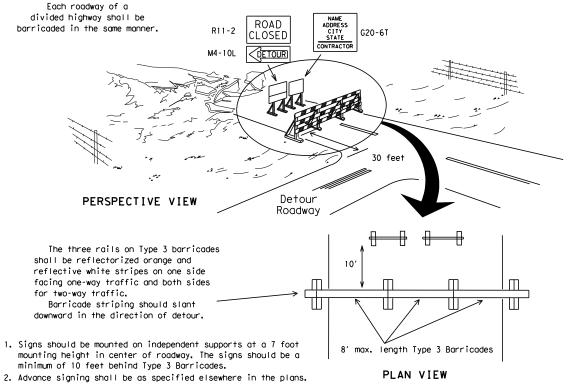


# TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

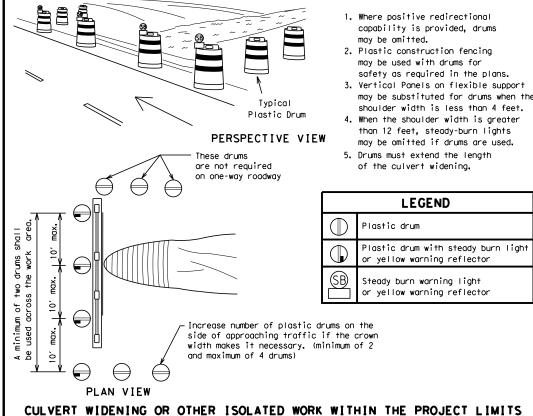


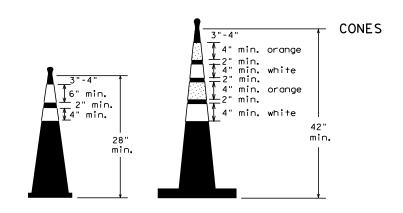
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

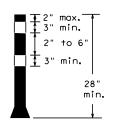




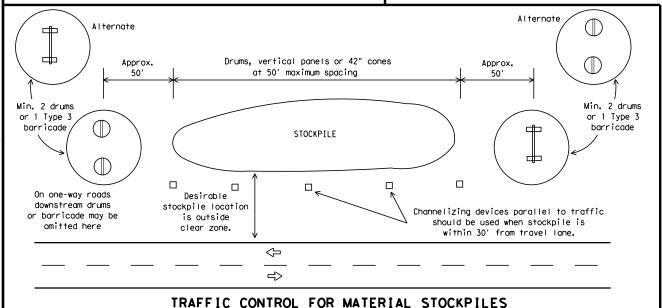
Two-Piece cones

 2" min. 4" min.

One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base. or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNEL IZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BC(10)-21

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7-13	5-21	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		18

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# WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

# **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

# PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

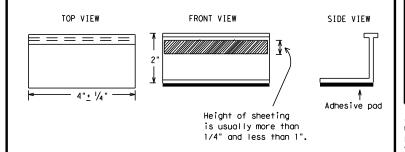
# MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

# REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

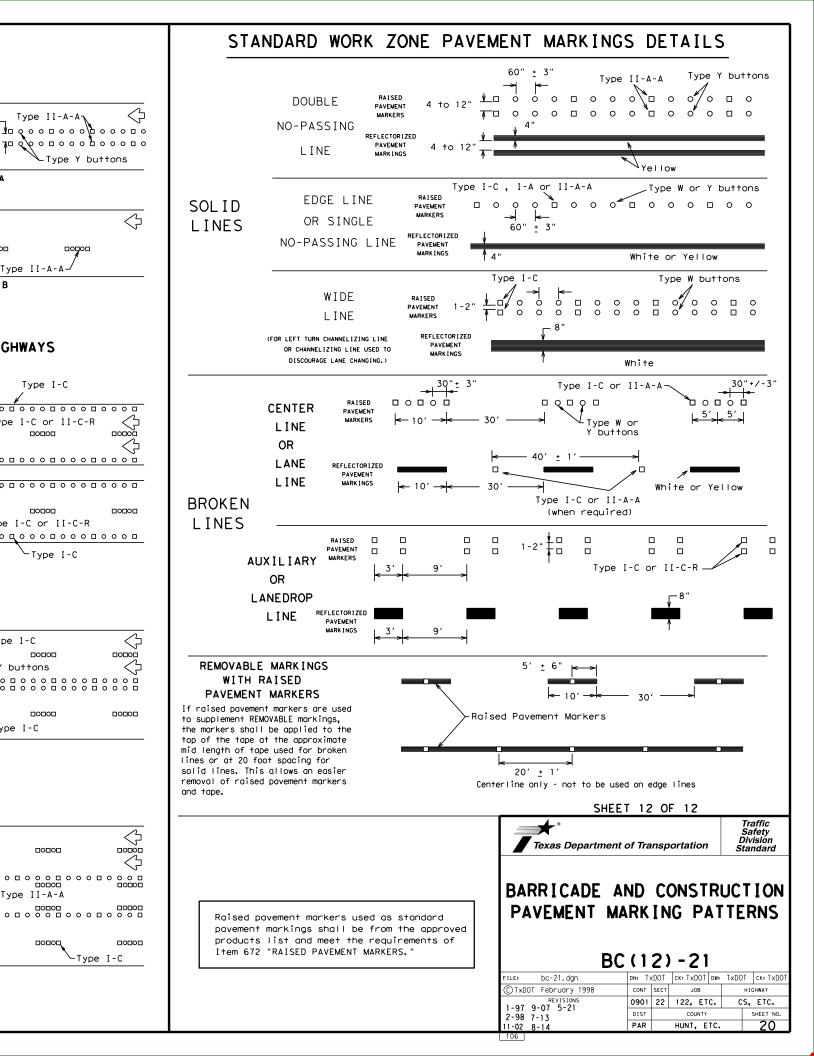
Traffic Safety

BC(11)-21

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E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ск: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
REVISIONS 98 9-07 5-21	0901	22	122, ET	С.	CS,	ETC.
·98 9-07 5-21 02 7-13	DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
02 8-14	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		19

105

DATE:



Type II-A-A

Type II-A-A-

Type I-C

-Type I-C or II-C-R

LTvbe I-C

Type II-A-A

└Type I-C or II-C-R

-Type I-C

Type Y buttons

0000**0** 

Type I-C-

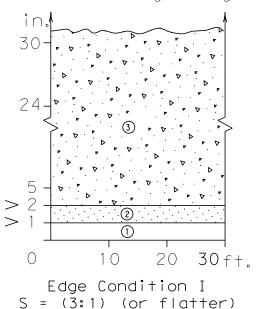
TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

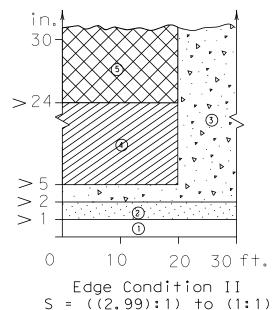
порог

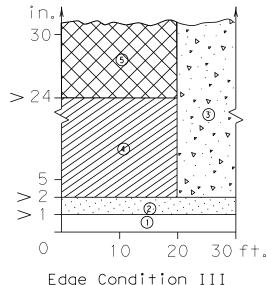
Type Y buttons

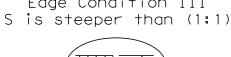
# DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

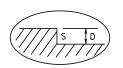
Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet

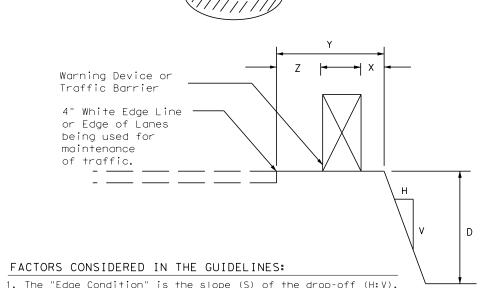












The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".

job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions.

each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed

individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix,

4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are

given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for

have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges,

however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of

5. If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may

not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to

a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide

posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the

high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may

Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.

3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines,

6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.

2. Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under

practicality of the treatment options.

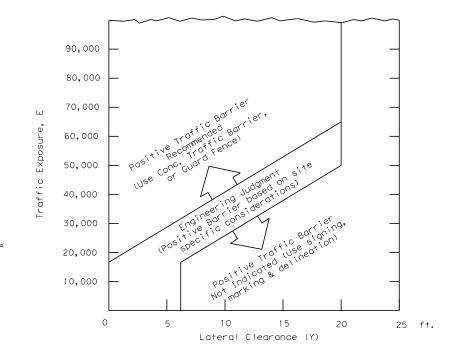
an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.

(1)No treatment CW 8-11 "Uneven Lanes" signs. CW 8-9a Shoulder Drop-Off" or CW 8-11 signs plus vertical panels. CW8-9a or CW 8-11, signs plus drums. Where restricted space precludes the use of drums, use vertical panels. An edge slope to that of the profered Edge Condition I. Check indications (Figure-1) for possitive barrier. Where positive barrier is not indicated, the treatment shown above for Zone-4 may be used after consideration of other applicable factors.

Treatment Types Guidelines:

- 1. Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not

# FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 ( XXX )

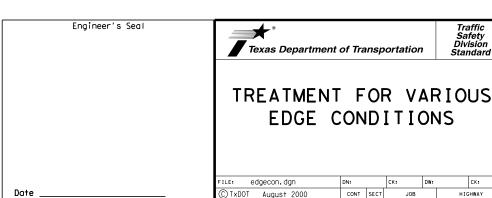


- 1.  $E = ADT \times \overline{\phantom{a}}$ Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- 3. An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's

# Edge Condition Notes:

- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition
- greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles,
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in be left in place for extended periods of time.

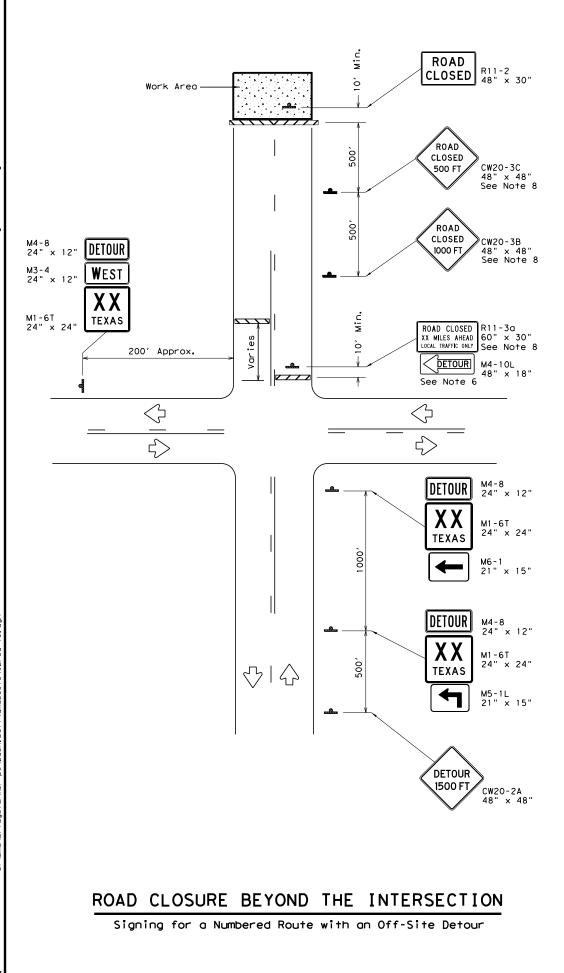


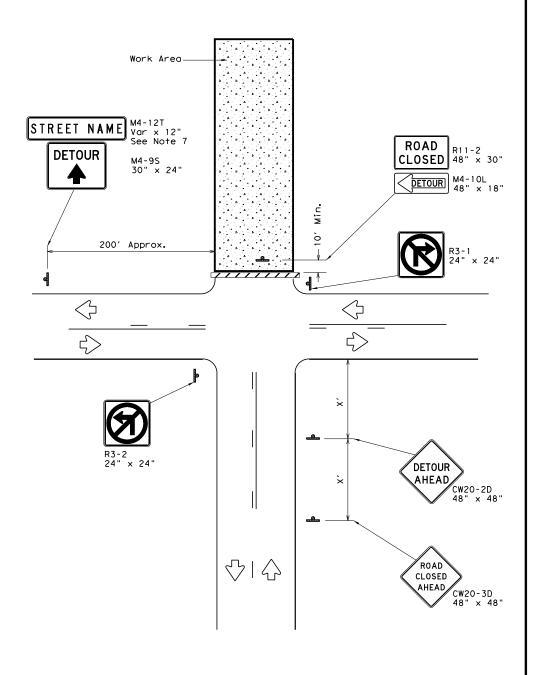
0901 22 122, ETC.

HUNT, ETC.

CS, ETC.







ROAD CLOSURE AT THE INTERSECTION

Signing for an Un-numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour

LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade					
-	Sign					

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

\* Conventional Roads Only

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This sheet is intended to provide details for temporary work zone road closures. For permanent road closure details see the NAOM standards
- Barricades used shall meet the requirements shown on Barricade and Construction Standard BC(10) and listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices list (CWZTCD).
- Stockpiled materials shall not be placed on the traffic side of barricades.
- 4. Barricades at the road closure should extend from pavement edge to pavement edge.
- 5. Detour signing shown is intended to illustrate the type of signing that is appropriate for numbered routes or un-numbered routes as labeled. It does not indicate the full extent of detour signing required. Detour routes should be signed as shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 6. If the road is open for a significant distance beyond the intersection or there are significant origin/destination points beyond the intersection, the signs and barricades at this location should be located at the edge of the traveled way.
- 7. The Street Name (M4-12T) sign is to be placed above the DETOUR (M4-9S) sign.
- 8. For urban areas where there is a shorter distance between the intersection and the actual closure location, the ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD (R11-3a) sign may be replaced with a ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign. If adequate space does not exist between the intersection and the closure a single ROAD CLOSED AHEAD (CW20-3D) sign spaced as per the table above may replace the ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT (CW20-3B) and ROAD CLOSED 500 FT (CW20-3C) signs.
- Signs and barricades shown shall be subsidiary to Item 502. Locations where these details will be required shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

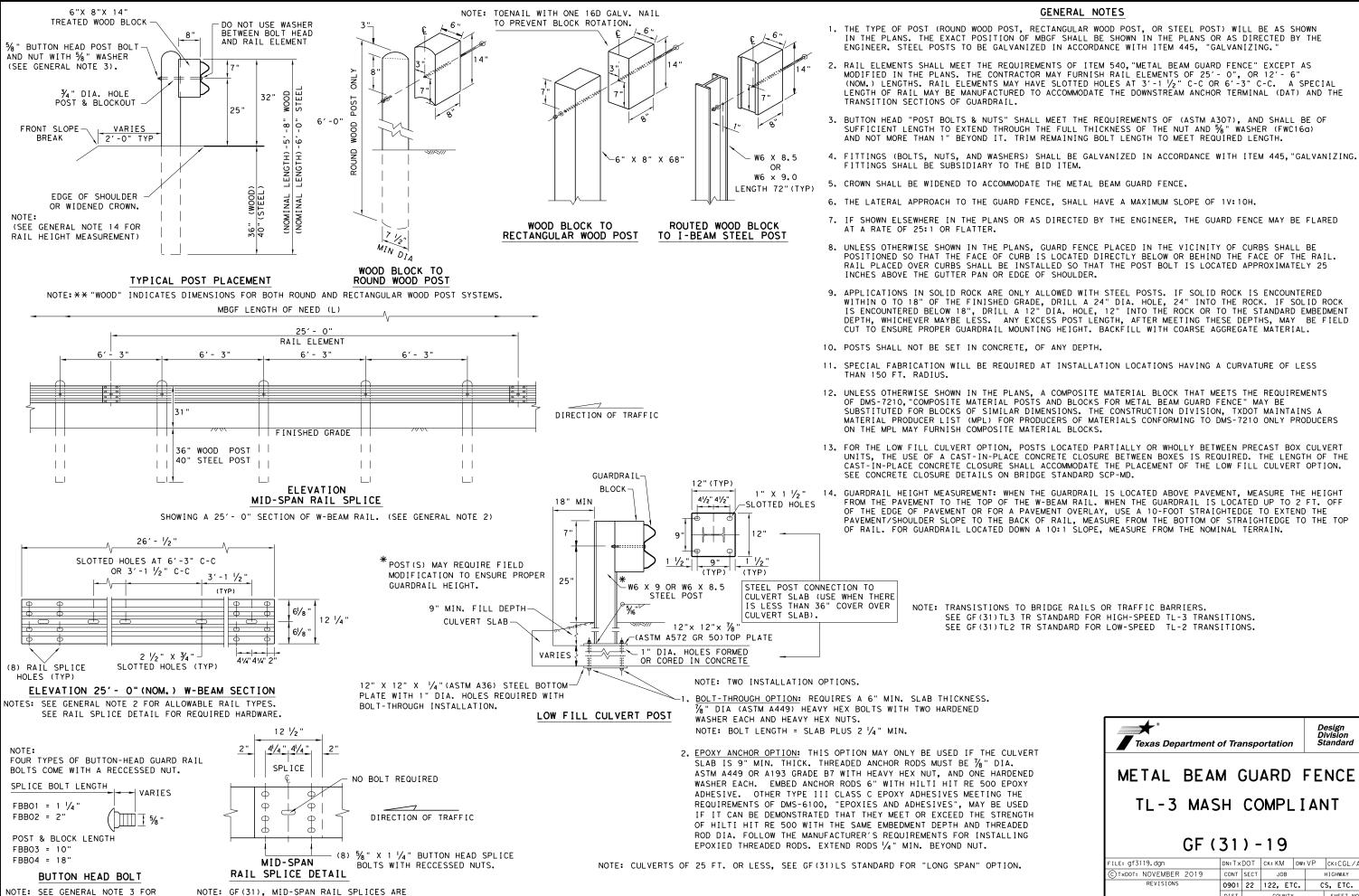


Traffic Operations Division Standard

WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE DETAILS

WZ(RCD) - 13

					_		
FILE:	wzrod-13.dgn	DN: T	<b>KDOT</b>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT	August 1995	CONT	SECT	JOB		НI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	с.	CS,	ETC.
1-97 4-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
2-98 3-03		PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		22



NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

B OR

MADE SUL TS

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ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER

"TEXAS /ERSION

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SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

HIGHWAY 0901 22 122, ETC. CS, ETC.

HUNT. ETC

NOTE: THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE MSKT END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

REVISIONS

0901 22 122, ETC.

HUNT. ETC.

SHEET NO. **25** 

DIST

FOR ANY PURPOSE RESULTING FROM

MADE BY TXDOT TS OR DAMAGES

OF ANY KIND IS INCORRECT RESUL

. NO WARRANTY FORMATS OR FOR

THE "TEXAS ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT" CONVERSIONOF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER

GOVERNED BY ITY FOR THE

DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS TXDØ73ÆJØMES NO?RESPØNSMBIL

NOTE: TXDOT GENERIC APPROACH GRADING LAYOUT USED FOR ALL TANGENT TYPE END TREATMENTS.

HUNT. ETC

TXDOT FOR ANY PURPOSE DAMAGES RESULTING FROM

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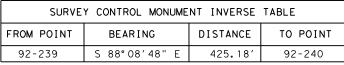
ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER

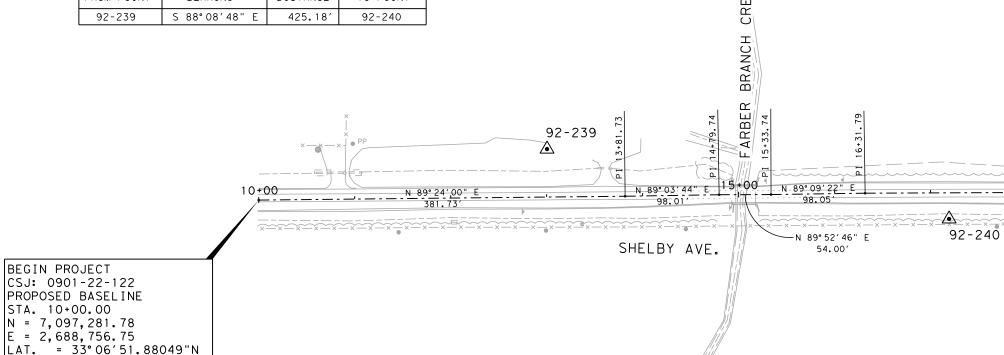
THE "TEXAS I

	CONTROL MONUMENTATION TABLE								
NO.	STATION	OFFSET	NORTHING (Y)	EASTING (X)	ELEVATION	DESCRIPTION			
92-239	13+00.89	-49.97′	7,097,334.91	2,689,057.10	550.73′	5/8" I.R. W/ TxDOT ALUMINUM CAP IN CONCRETE			
92-240	17+19.19	27.18′	7,097,262.15	2,689,476.01	551.21′	5/8" I.R. W/ TxDOT ALUMINUM CAP IN CONCRETE			

(-) DENOTES OFFSET LEFT

LONG. = 96°08′54.16224"W





END PROJECT CSJ: 0901-22-122 PROPOSED BASELINE STA. 20+12.00 N = 7,097,290.60 E = 2,689,768.70 LAT. = 33°06′51.74340"N LONG. = 96°08′42.26561"W

SCALE IN FEET 100

NOTES:

- 1. ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE (4202), NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD 83), 2011 ADJUSTMENT, EPOCH 2010.00. ALL DISTANCES AND COORDINATES SHOWN ARE SURFACE VALUES AND MAY BE REDUCED TO GRID VALUES BY DIVIDING BY THE TXDOT SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR HUNT COUNTY, TEXAS: 1.000120.
- 2. HORIZONTAL CONTROL WAS DERIVED FROM MULTIPLE GPS OBSERVATIONS UTILIZING TXDOT RTN (VRS) NETWORK. HORIZONTAL SURVEY METHOD: TXDOT RTN
- 3. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88).
- 4. VERTICAL CONTROL WAS DERIVED FROM TXDOT RTN (VRS) USING MULTIPLE GPS OBSERVATIONS. VERTICAL CONTROL SURVEY METHOD: DIGITAL LEVELING.
- 5. UNIT OF MEASURE: U.S. SURVEY FEET.
- 6. FIELD SURVEYS WERE PERFORMED BETWEEN MARCH, 2023 AND APRIL, 2023.

THIS SURVEY INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED INTO THIS PS&E

# LANDTECH

2525 North Loop West, Suite 300, Houston, Texas 77008 T: 713-861-7068 F: 713-861-4131 TBPELS Registration No. 10019100



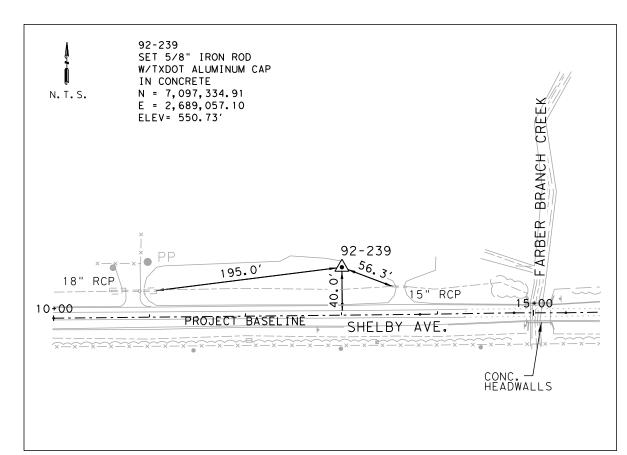
JACOB J. LUPHER 4/28/2023 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR TEXAS REGISTRATION NO. 6606



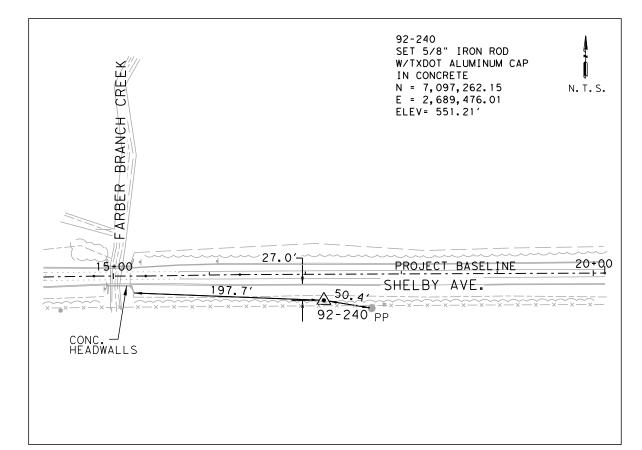


# SURVEY CONTROL INDEX SHEET (CSJ 0901-22-122) (SHELBY AVE.@ FARBER BRANCH)

CALE:	AS NOTED	ı		1 OF 1
JL	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
RAPHICS	6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	SHELBY AVE.
FS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CK1	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT	28
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
CK2	0901	22	122	



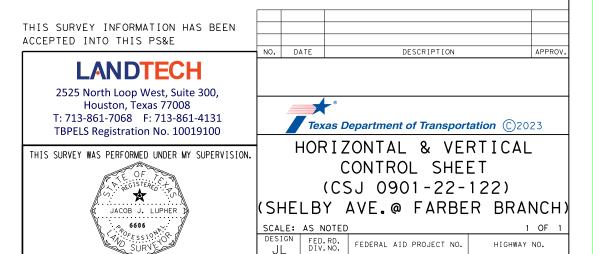
FROM THE INTERSECTION OF THE CENTERLINE OF SHELBY AVENUE AND FARBER BRANCH CREEK, GO WEST 204 FEET, THEN NORTH 49 FEET, 92-239 IS NORTH FROM THE NORTH EDGE OF PAVEMENT 40 FEET.



FROM THE INTERSECTION OF SHELBY AVENUE AND FARBER BRANCH CREEK, GO EAST 217 FEET, THEN SOUTH 27 FEET, 92-240 IS SOUTH FROM THE SOUTH EDGE OF PAVEMENT, 27 FEET.

# NOTES:

- 1. ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE (4202), NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD 83), 2011 ADJUSTMENT, EPOCH 2010.00. ALL DISTANCES AND COORDINATES SHOWN ARE SURFACE VALUES AND MAY BE REDUCED TO GRID VALUES BY DIVIDING BY THE TXDOT SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR HUNT COUNTY, TEXAS: 1.000120.
- 2. HORIZONTAL CONTROL WAS DERIVED FROM MULTIPLE GPS OBSERVATIONS UTILIZING TXDOT RTN (VRS) NETWORK. HORIZONTAL SURVEY METHOD: TXDOT RTN
- 3. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88).
- 4. VERTICAL CONTROL WAS DERIVED FROM TXDOT RTN (VRS) USING MULTIPLE GPS OBSERVATIONS. VERTICAL CONTROL SURVEY METHOD: DIGITAL LEVELING.
- 5. UNIT OF MEASURE: U.S. SURVEY FEET.
- 6. FIELD SURVEYS WERE PERFORMED BETWEEN MARCH, 2023 AND APRIL, 2023.



FS

CK1

CHECK CK2

JACOB J. LUPHER 4/28/2023 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR

TEXAS REGISTRATION NO. 6606

6

STATE

TEXAS

CONTROL

0901

SEE TITLE SHEET

COUNTY

HUNT

JOB

122

DISTRICT

PAR

SECTION

22

SHELBY AVE.

SHEET NO.

29

# € SHELBY

# Beginning chain CL\_SHELBY description

Ending chain CL\_SHELBY description

N 7,097,281.7834 E 2,688,756.7511 Sta 10+00.00 Point 1 Course from 1 to 2 N 89° 24′ 00.25" E Dist 381.7274 N 7,097,285.7803 E 2,689,138.4576 Sta 13+81.73 Point 2 Course from 2 to 3 N 89° 03′ 44.46" E Dist 98.0091 Point 3 N 7,097,287.3841 E 2,689,236.4536 Sta 14+79.74 Course from 3 to 4 N 89° 52′ 45.83" E Dist 54.0000 Point 4 N 7,097,287.4978 E 2,689,290.4535 Sta 15+33.74 Course from 4 to 5 N 89° 09′ 21.84" E Dist 98.0493 Point 5 N 7,097,288.9420 E 2,689,388.4921 Sta 16+31.79 Course from 5 to 6 N 89° 45′ 03.01" E Dist 380.2134 Point 6 N 7,097,290.5954 E 2,689,768.7020 Sta 20+12.00

ROSANNA BARGHOUTI

141041

CENSED

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FRANCE

5/2/2023

NO. DATE DESCRIPTION APPROV.

PARCADIS Design & Consultancy for natural and built assets



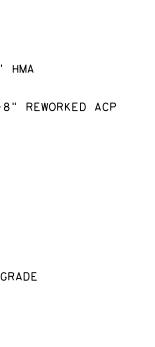
# SHELBY AVE HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

				1 OF 1
DESIGN RB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	X	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS,ETC.
XX	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK XX	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	30
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
OS	0901	22	122,ETC.	

EXISTING ROADWAY STA 13+54.00 TO STA 14+94.60 STA 15+18.60 TO STA 16+59.00

EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION

EXISTING BRIDGE STA 14+94.60 TO STA 15+18.60

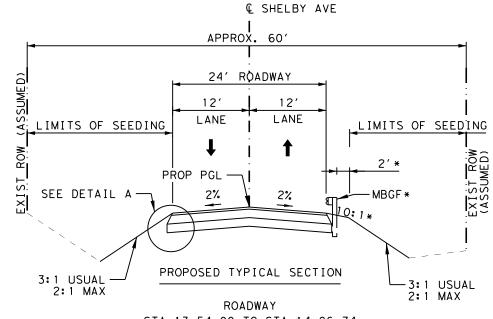


4" HMA

-SUBGRADE

DETAIL A

N.T.S.

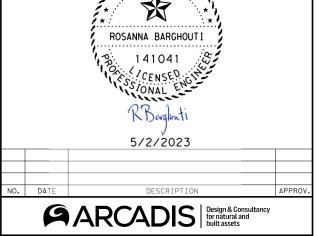


STA 13+54.00 TO STA 14+86.74 STA 15+26.74 TO STA 16+59.00

TRANSITION FROM EXIST TO PROPOSED STA 13+54.00 TO STA 14+04.00 STA 16+09.00 TO STA 16+59.00

PROPOSED BRIDGE STA 14+86.74 TO STA 15+26.74

\*2' 10:1 SLOPE WILL BE REQUIRED AT MBGF LOCATIONS. SEE ROADWAY PLAN & PROFILE LAYOUT FOR MBGF LIMITS







# TYPICAL SECTIONS

sc	ALE:	N.T.S.			1 OF 1
	SIGN RB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	HIGHWAY NO.	
	PHICS	X	SEE TITL	LE SHEET	CS,ETC.
	XX	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
-	HECK XX	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	31
CI	HECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
	os	0901	22	122,ETC.	

	SUMMARY OF REMOVALS ITEMS		
ITEM NO.		100	496
DESCRIPTION CO	ODE	6002	6009
	LOCATION	PREPARING ROW	REMOV STR (BRIDGE O - 99 FT LENGTH
		STA	EA
SHEET	STATION		
1 OF 1	SHELBY AVE STA 13+54 TO STA 16+59	3.1	1
CSJ: 0901-22-122	PROJECT TOTAL	3, 1	1

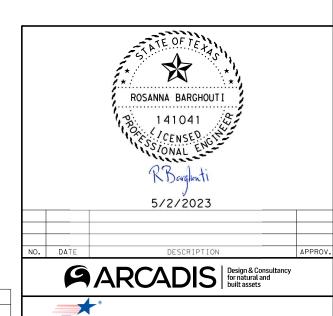
	SUMMAR	Y OF ROADWAY 1	TEMS			
ITEM NO.		110	110	132	251	3076
DESCRIPTION CO	DDE	6001	6002	6003	6026	6015
	LOCATION	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (ORD COMP) (TY B)	REWORK BS MTL (TY B) (8") (ORD COMP)	* D-GR HMA TY-C PG64-22
		CY	CY	CY	SY	TON
SHEET	STATION		•		•	•
1 OF 1	SHELBY AVE STA 13+54 TO STA 16+59	222	144	84	662	146
CSJ: 0901-22-122	PROJECT TOTAL	222	144	84	662	146

\* HMA TY-C BASED ON 110 LBS/SY/IN @ 4 IN

CSJ: 0901-22-122	PROJECT TOTAL	100	4	4
1 OF 1	SHELBY AVE STA 13+54 TO STA 16+59	100	4	4
SHEET	STATION		·	
		LF	EΑ	EA
	LOCATION	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	INSTL DEI ASSM (D-SW) SZ 1 (BRF) GF:
DESCRIPTION CO	DDE	6002	6001	6061
ITEM NO.		540	544	658
	SUMMARY OF MBGF IT	EMS		

				SUMMARY C	F SW3P ITEMS							
ITEM NO.		164	164	164	168	506	506	506	506	506	506	IZER -2
DESCRIPTION CO	DDE	6009	6011	6023	6001	6001	6011	6020	6024	6038	6039	
	LOCATION	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (PERM) ( RURAL) (CLAY)	* VEGETATIVE WATERING	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	** FERTIL 3-1
		SY	SY	SY	MG	LF	LF	SY	SY	LF	LF	LBS
SHEET	STATION							•				
1 OF 1	SHELBY AVE STA 13+54 TO STA 16+59	789	789	1578	5	108	108	156	156	458	458	155.
SJ: 0901-22-122	PROJECT TOTAL	789	789	1578	5	108	108	156	156	458	458	155.

- \* WATERING BASED ON 2 APPLICATIONS, 0.5" RAINFALL EQUIVALENT = 0.003 MG/SY/CYCLE
  \*\* FOR CONTRACTOR INFORMATION ONLY: 2 CYCLES AT 50 LBS. NITROGEN PER ACRE AT 21-7-14 (NPK) ANALYSIS = 0.0492 LBS/SY/CYCLE



# SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

Texas Department of Transportation ©2023 SHELBY AVE

				1 OF 1
DESIGN RB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	X	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS,ETC.
XX	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	32
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
OS	0901	22	122,ETC.	

HEC-RAS 25 YEAR FLOOD EVENT									
RIVER STATION	EXISTING WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)	PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)	DIFFERENCE (FT)	EXIST CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	PROPOSED CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	DIFFERENCE (FT)			
16583	556.15	556.15	0	1.08	1.08	0			
16129	555.14	555.14	0	1.18	1.18	0			
15554	553.83	553.82	-0.01	1.43	1.43	0			
15086	552.89	552.86	-0.03	1.25	1.28	0.03			
14443	552.11	552	-0.11	0.96	1.01	0.05			
14182	551.58	551.44	-0.14	2.66	2.55	-0.11			
BRIDGE									
14086	549.99	549.94	-0.05	5.9	5.45	-0.45			
13637	548.58	548.58	0	3.18	3.18	0			
13233	547.42	547.42	0	4.04	4.04	0			
12819	546.56	546.56	0	0.93	0.93	0			
12307	546.08	546.08	0	1.59	1.59	0			

HEC-RAS 100 YEAR FLOOD EVENT						
RIVER STATION	EXISTING WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)	PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)	DIFFERENCE (FT)	EXIST CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	PROPOSED CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	DIFFERENCE (FT)
16583	556.65	556.65	0	1.17	1.17	0
16129	555.66	555.66	0	1.3	1.3	0
15554	554.36	554.36	0	1.53	1.53	0
15086	553.5	553.5	0	1.25	1.25	0
14443	552.89	552.89	0	0.9	0.9	0
14182	552.72	552.46	-0.26	1.02	2.72	1.7
BRIDGE						
14086	550.48	550.44	-0.04	7.18	6.49	-0.69
13637	548.89	548.9	0.01	3.58	3.6	0.02
13233	547.79	547.79	0	4.05	4.05	0
12819	546.99	546.99	0	0.99	0.99	0
12307	546.52	546.52	0	1.74	1.74	0

# CROSS-SECTION LAYOUT ENGINEERING) 18523 16123 12307

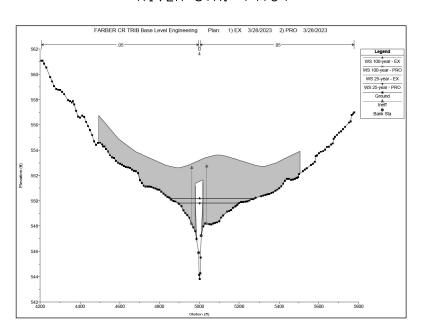
# WATER SURFACE PROFILES

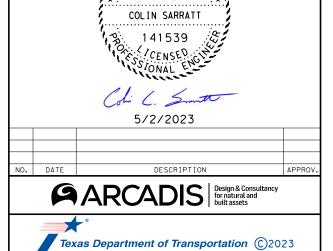
# NOTES:

- 1. THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS WERE COMPUTED USING HEC-RAS 6.3.
- 2. THE NATURAL GROUND, EXISTING BRIDGE, AND PROPOSED BRIDGE CONDITIONS WERE MODELED IN HEC-RAS USING THE ENERGY (STANDARD STEP) METHOD. THE REACH BOUNDARY CONDITIONS WERE OBTAINED FROM FEMA USING NORMAL DEPTH WITH A CHANNEL SLOPE OF 0.0025 FT/FT AT THE FARTHEST DOWNSTREAM CROSS SECTION.
- 3. THIS SITE LIES WITHIN A ZONE AE FLOOD HAZARD AREA AS SHOWN ON FEMA FLOOD INSURANCE MAP NO. 48231C0360G EFFECTIVE 1/6/2012.
- 4. THE EFFECTIVE FEMA MODEL FOR FARBER CREEK WAS WAS REQUESTED FROM FEMA ON FEBUARY 16TH, 2023. THE REQUESTED DATA WAS DEVELOPED FOR THE 10/20/1998 COUNTYWIDE STUDY AND WAS NOT RESTUDIED AS PART OF THE 1/6/2012 UPDATE NOR HAS ANY REVISIONS AFFECTED THE 1998 DATA. ON MARCH 23RD, THE PROJECT TEAM WAS NOTIFIED THAT FEMA COULD NOT LOCATE THE EFFECTIVE DATA AND THE BACKUP DATA FROM USAGE COULD NOT BE ACQUIRED. THEREFORE, THE EFFECTIVE FEMA MODEL WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE FOR THIS LOCATION.

# FARBER CR TRIB Base Level Engineering Plan: 1) PRO 3/28/2023 2) EX 3/28/2023 FARBER CR TRIB Readn-1 Lagend WS 100-year - EX WS 100-year - EX WS 100-year - EX WS 20-year - EX Sociand Ground State State

# SECTION AT DOWNSTREAM BRIDGE FACE RIVER STA. 14134

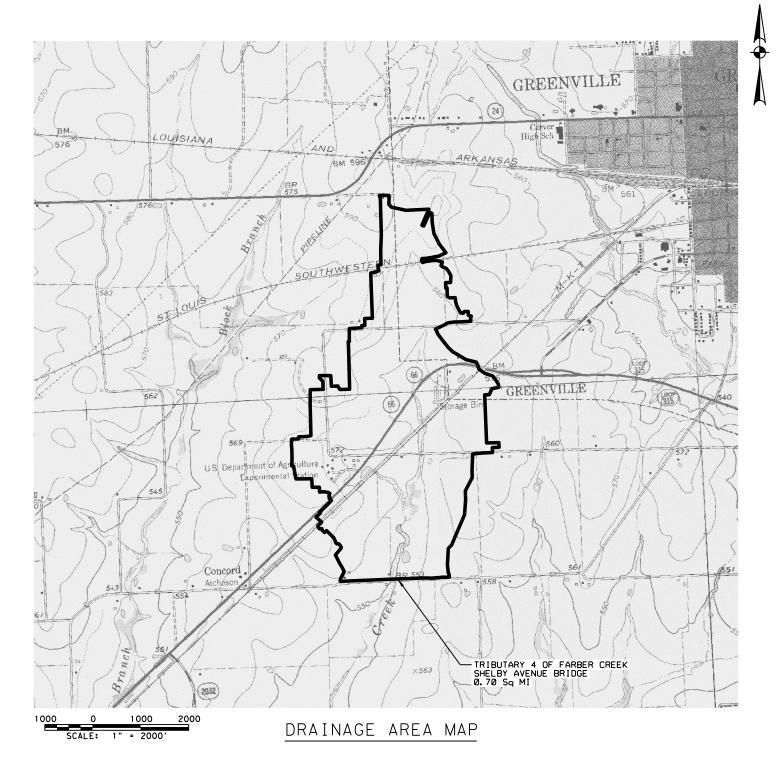




ATE OF TEX

SHELBY AVE
HYDRAULIC
DATA SHEETS

				1 OF 2	
DESIGN	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.	
GRAPHICS	Х	SEE TITLE SHEET		CS, ETC.	
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
CHECK	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	34	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		
	0901	22	122,ETC.		



# HYDROLOGIC METHOD AND REFERENCES

DRAINAGE AREAS WERE DETERMINED BY USGS LIDAR DATA.

PEAK FLOWS WERE FROM FEMA'S BASE LEVEL ENGINEERING STUDY FOR REGION 6 OBTAINED USING THE ESTIMATED BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (es+BFE) VIEWER

Frequency (year)	Flow (cfs)
10	564
25	735
50	869
100	1020



DESCRIPTION





SHELBY AVE HYDRAUL I C DATA SHEETS

2 OF 2

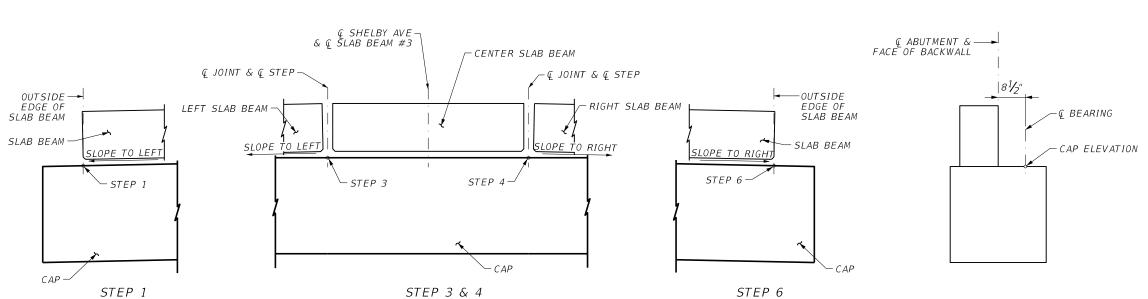
				j
DESIGN	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	Х	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS,ETC.
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	35
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
0.120.1	0901	22	122,ETC.	

REFER BRIDGE QUANTITIES SHEET FOR TOP OF CAP ELEVATIONS

# CAP ELEVATION PLAN

TRANSVERSE SECTION AT STEP LOCATIONS

NOT TO SCALE





OSAMA A. SHAHAWY

88476

# SHELBY AVE AT FARBER CREEK BRANCH CAP ELEVATION PLAN

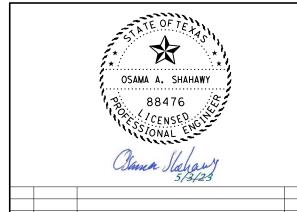
SECTION A-A

NOT TO SCALE

	CAI	CAL ELEVATION LEAN						
SCALE: 1	" = 10'			01 OF 01				
DESIGN SD	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.				
GRAPHICS	X	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS,ETC.				
SD	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
CHECK KS	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	37				
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB					
05	0901	22	122,ETC.					

MARY OF SHELBY AVE BRIDGE ITEMS		NBI # 01-117-0-L	B002-28-001				
	400 6005	416 6002	420 6013	422 6001	425 6010	432 6033	450 6019
LOCATION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	REINF CONC SLAB	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB12)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (18 IN)	RAIL (TY T631LS)
	СҮ	LF	CY	SF	LF	СҮ	LF
AT FARBER CREEK BRANCH BRIDGE	25	294	19.6	1040	197.5	193	104
CSJ: 0901-22-122 TOTALS		294	19.6	1040	197.5	193	104

	CAP ELEVATIONS					
	STEP 1	STEP 3	STEP 4	STEP 6		
ABUT 1 (FWD)	551.319	551.526	551.526	551.319		
ABUT 2 (BK)	551.049	551.256	551.256	551.049		









SHELBY AVE
AT FARBER CREEK BRANCH
BRIDGE QUANTITIES
& BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS

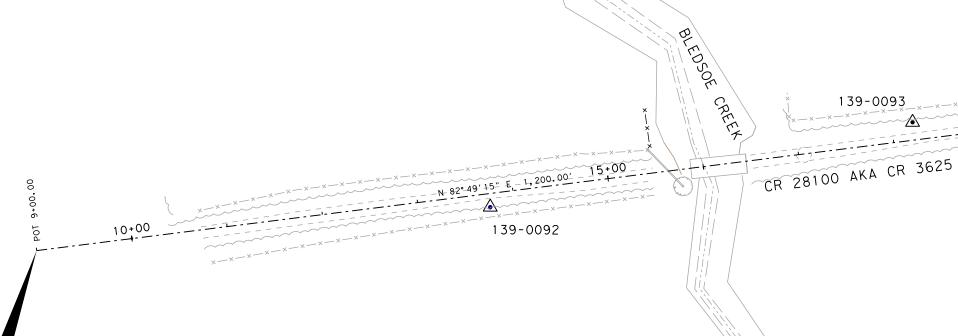
01 OF

				01 0, 01
DESIGN KS	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS KS	X	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS,ETC.
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK SD	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	38
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
05	0901	22	122,ETC.	

	CONTROL MONUMENTATION TABLE								
NO.	NO. STATION OFFSET NORTHING (Y) EASTING (X) ELEVATION DESCRIPTION								
139-0092	13+74.54	14.09′	7,231,146.74	2,774,779.46	507.78′	5/8" I.R. W/ TxDOT ALUMINUM CAP IN CONCRETE			
139-0093	18+22.10	-18.59′	7,231,235.10	2,775,219.44	506.64′	5/8" I.R. W/ TxDOT ALUMINUM CAP IN CONCRETE			

(-) DENOTES OFFSET LEFT

SURVEY CONTROL MONUMENT INVERSE TABLE						
FROM POINT	BEARING	DISTANCE	TO POINT			
139-0092	N 78° 38′ 41" E	448.76′	139-0093			



BEGIN PROJECT CSJ: 0901-29-097 PROPOSED BASELINE STA. 9+00.00 N = 7,231,101.41E = 2,774,306.89

LAT. = 33°28′35.33035″N LONG. =  $95^{\circ}51'29.12273"W$ 

### NOTES:

- 1. ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE (4202), NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD 83), 2011 ADJUSTMENT, EPOCH 2010.00. ALL DISTANCES AND COORDINATES SHOWN ARE SURFACE VALUES AND MAY BE REDUCED TO GRID VALUES BY DIVIDING BY THE TXDOT SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR LAMAR COUNTY, TEXAS: 1.000120.
- 2. HORIZONTAL CONTROL WAS DERIVED FROM MULTIPLE GPS OBSERVATIONS UTILIZING LEICA IMAX NETWORK. HORIZONTAL SURVEY METHOD: TXDOT RTN
- 3. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88).
- 4. VERTICAL CONTROL WAS DERIVED FROM LEICA IMAX NETWORK. USING MULTIPLE GPS OBSERVATIONS. VERTICAL CONTROL SURVEY METHOD: DIGITAL LEVELING.
- 5. UNIT OF MEASURE: U.S. SURVEY FEET.
- 6. FIELD SURVEYS WERE PERFORMED BETWEEN MARCH, 2023 AND APRIL, 2023.

THIS SURVEY INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED INTO THIS PS&E

139-0093

# LANDTECH

2525 North Loop West, Suite 300, Houston, Texas 77008 T: 713-861-7068 F: 713-861-4131 TBPELS Registration No. 10019100

THIS SURVEY WAS PERFORMED UNDER MY SUPERVISION.



JACOB J. LUPHER 4/28/2023 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR TEXAS REGISTRATION NO. 6606



END PROJECT CSJ: 0901-29-097 PROPOSED BASELINE STA. 22+00.00 N = 7,231,263.88

E = 2,775,596.69

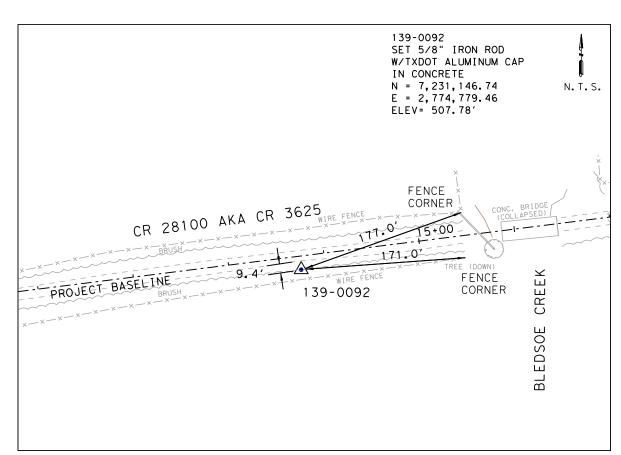
LAT. = 33°28′36.61607"N LONG. =  $95^{\circ}51'13.85290"W$ 

SCALE IN FEET 100

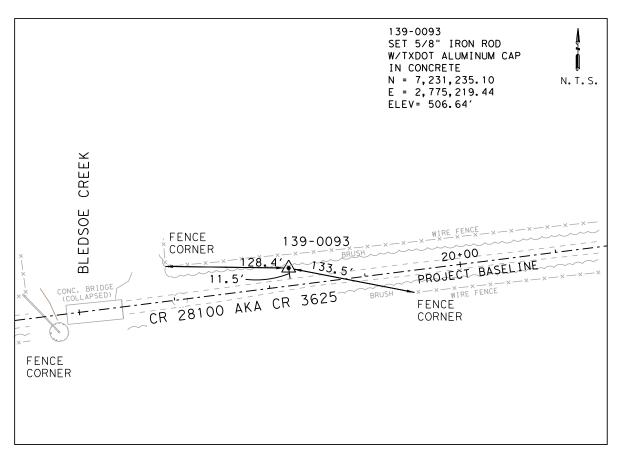


SURVEY CONTROL INDEX SHEET (CSJ 0901-29-097) (CR 28100 @ BLEDSOE CREEK)

CALE:	AS NOTED			1 OF 1
JESIGN JL	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
RAPHICS	6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CR 28100
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CK1	TEXAS	PAR	LAMAR	39
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
JL FS FS CHECK CK1	0901	29	097	



FROM THE INTERSECTION OF THE CENTERLINE OF CR 28100 AND BLEDSOE CREEK, GO WEST 240 FEET, THEN SOUTH 14 FEET, 139-0092 IS SOUTH FROM THE SOUTH EDGE OF GRAVEL 9 FEET.



FROM THE INTERSECTION OF THE CENTERLINE OF CR 28100 AND BLEDSOE CREEK, GO EAST 210 FEET, THEN NORTH 19 FEET, 139-0093 IS NORTH FROM THE NORTH EDGE OF GRAVEL, 12 FEET.

### NOTES:

- 1. ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE (4202), NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD 83), 2011 ADJUSTMENT, EPOCH 2010.00. ALL DISTANCES AND COORDINATES SHOWN ARE SURFACE VALUES AND MAY BE REDUCED TO GRID VALUES BY DIVIDING BY THE TXDOT SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR LAMAR COUNTY, TEXAS: 1.000120.
- 2. HORIZONTAL CONTROL WAS DERIVED FROM MULTIPLE GPS OBSERVATIONS UTILIZING LEICA IMAX NETWORK. HORIZONTAL SURVEY METHOD: TXDOT RTN
- 3. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88).
- 4. VERTICAL CONTROL WAS DERIVED FROM LEICA IMAX NETWORK. USING MULTIPLE GPS OBSERVATIONS. VERTICAL CONTROL SURVEY METHOD: DIGITAL LEVELING.
- 5. UNIT OF MEASURE: U.S. SURVEY FEET.
- 6. FIELD SURVEYS WERE PERFORMED BETWEEN MARCH, 2023 AND APRIL, 2023.



CHECK CK2 SECTION

29

JOB

097

CONTROL

0901

JACOB J. LUPHER 4/28/2023 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR TEXAS REGISTRATION NO. 6606

# <u>CR 28100</u>

Beginning chain CR28100 description

Point 001 N 7,231,101.4148 E 2,774,306.8862 Sta 9+00.00

Course from 001 to 002 N 82° 49′ 14.51" E Dist 1,300.0000

Point 002 N 7,231,263.8821 E 2,775,596.6941 Sta 22+00.00

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Ending chain CR28100 description



417								
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	APPROV.					

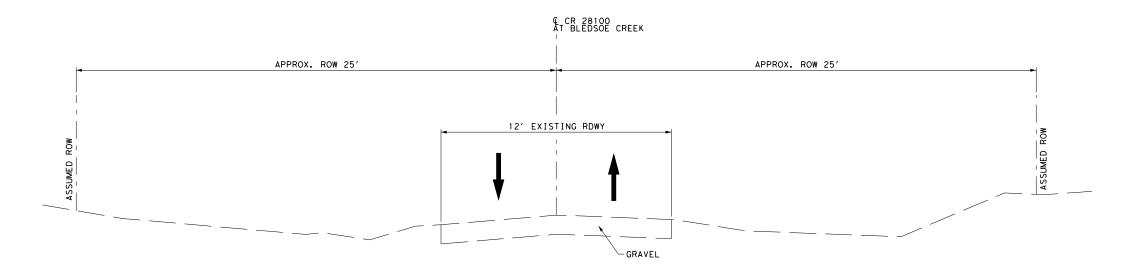




# CR 28100

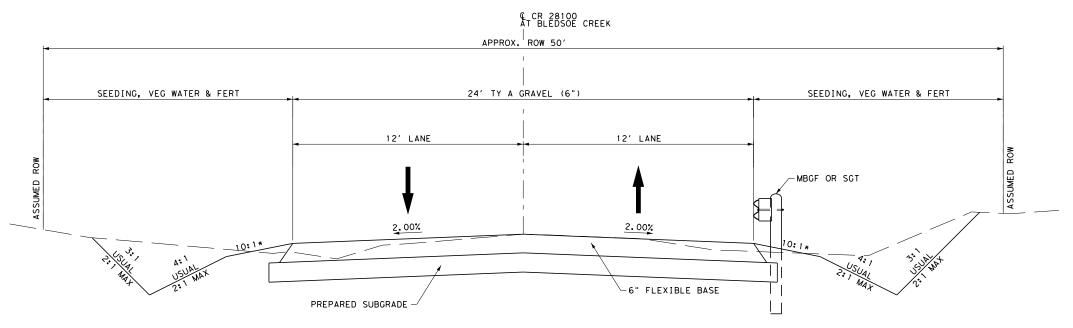
# HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

				SHEET 1 OF 1
DESIGN ZJB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
RAPHICS	6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS, ETC.
ZJB DIV.NO.  APHICS 6 CT STATE  HECK AT CONTROL	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
СНЕСК ДТ	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	41
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
ZJB	0901	22	122, ETC.	



# EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION

STA 14+07.50 TO STA 15+86.88 STA 16+45.20 TO STA 18+02.50 EXISTING BRIDGE: STA 15+86.88 TO STA 16+45.20 NOT TO SCALE



# PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

STA 14+07.50 TO STA 15+57.50 STA 16+52.50 TO STA 18+02.50 PROPOSED BRIDGE: STA 15+57.50 TO STA 16+52.50 NOT TO SCALE

TRANSITION FROM EXISTING TO PROPOSED STA 14+07.50 TO STA 14+72.50 TRANSITION FROM 12FT TO 24FT STA 17+37.50 TO STA 18+02.50 TRANSITION FROM 12FT TO 24FT

\* 10:1 MOW STRIP ONLY REQUIRED WHERE MBGF IS PROPOSED ADJACENT TO RAODWAY. SEE ROADWAY PLAN & PROFILE SHEET FOR MBGF LOCATIONS.

### NOTES:

- 1. SEE BRIDGE LAYOUT SHEET FOR BRIDGE
  TYPICAL SECTION.
  2. SEE PLAN & PROFILE SHEET FOR TRANSITION
  LOCATIONS AND LIMITS OF GUARD FENCE.
  3. LIMITS OF SEEDING AND WATERING. SEE
  EROSION CONTROL LAYOUT.



NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	APPROV.				

BRIDGEFARMER & ASSOCIATES, INC.
C O N S U L T I N G E N G I N E E R S
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. 264



CR 28100

# TYPICAL SECTIONS

				SHEET 1 OF 1
DESIGN ZJB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS, ETC.
СТ	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK AT	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	42
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
ZJB	0901	22	122, ETC.	

ROADWAY SUMMARY								
ITEM	100	110	110	132	247	540	544	658
CODE	6002	6001	6002	6003	6064	6002	6001	6061
DESCRIPTION	PREPARING ROW	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (ORD COMP) (TY B)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A GR 4) (6")	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW) SZ 1 (BRF) GF2
	STA	CY	CY	CY	SY	LF	EA	EA
CR 28100-CSJ: 0901-29-097 STA 14+07,50 TO 18+02,50	4.0	114	388	232	433	100	4	6
TOTALS	4.0	114	388	232	433	100	4	6

SW3P SUMMARY											
ITEM	164	164	164	168	506	506	506	506	506	506	
CODE	6009	6011	6023	6001	6002	6011	6020	6024	6038	6039	
DESCRIPTION	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) WARM	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) COOL	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (PERM) (RURA L) (CLAY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY	CONSTRUCTION	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	FERTILIZER 3-1-2(3) *
	SY	SY	SY	MG	LF	LF	SY	SY	LF	LF	LBS
CR 28100-CSJ: 0901-29-097 STA 14+07.50 TO 18+02.50	1067.00	1067.00	2134.00	7	54	54	156	156	555	555	209.99
TOTALS	1067.00	1067.00	2134.00	7	54	54	156	156	555	555	209.99

1. WATERING BASED ON 2 APPLICATIONS, 0.5" RAINFALL EQUIVALENT = 0.003 MG/SY/CYCLE 2. FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY: 2 CYCLES AT 50 LBS NITROGEN PER ACRE AT 21-7-14 (NPK) ANALYSIS = 0.0492 LBS/SY/CYCLE

REMOVAL SUMMARY	
ITEM	496
CODE	6009
DESCRIPTION	REMOV STR (BRIDGE O - 99 FT LENGTH)
	EA
CR 28100-CSJ: 0901-29-097 STA 14+07.50 TO 18+02.50	1
TOTALS	1

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	APPROV.			
AND DDIDCEPADMED O ACCOCIATEC						

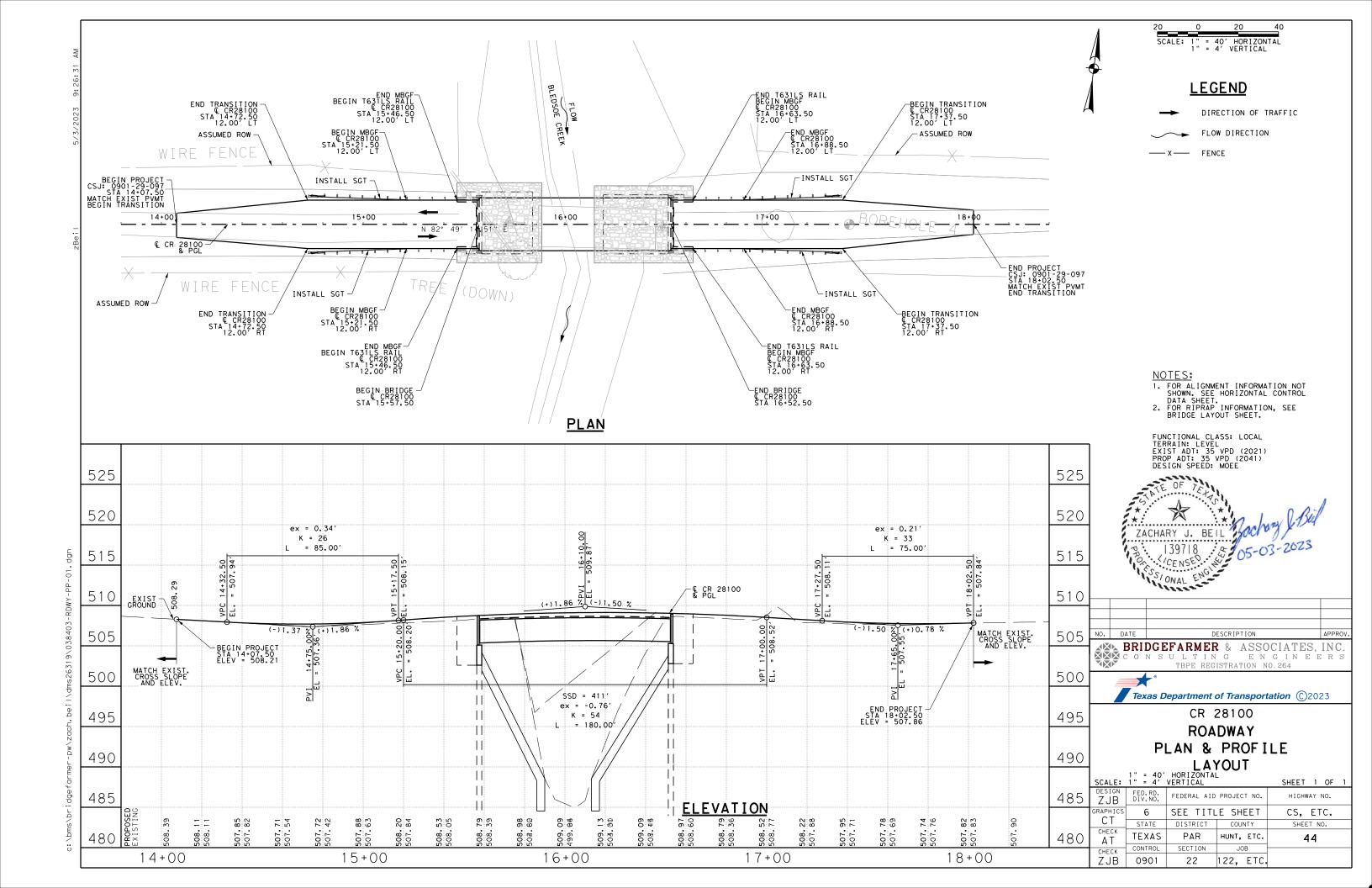
BRIDGEFARMER & ASSOCIATES, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. 264

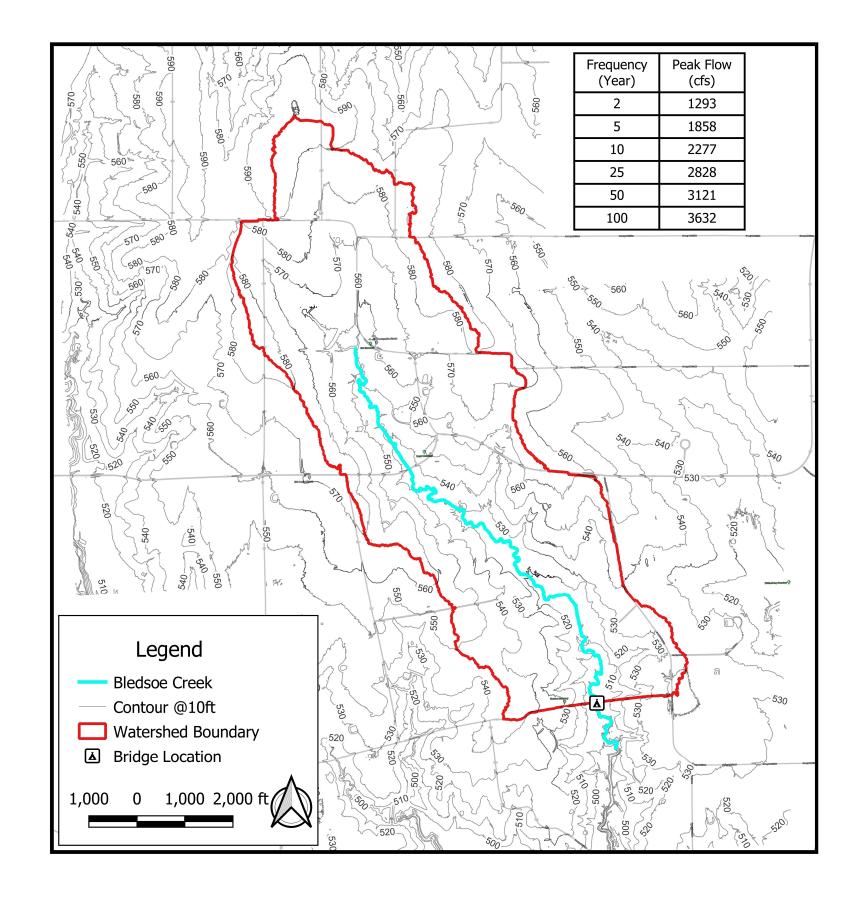


CR 28100

# SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

				SHEET 1 OF 1
DESIGN ZJB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS, ETC.
СТ	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK AT	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	43
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
ZJB	0901	22	122, ETC.	





HYDROLOGIC METHOD
DRAINAGE AREAS WERE DETERMINED BY SURVEY DATA, USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS, DIGITAL ELEVATION MODELS, AND FIELD OBSERVATIONS.

PEAK FLOWS WERE DETERMINED USING A FREQUENCY STORM RAINFALL DISTRIBUTION UTILIZING THE NRCS (SCS) CURVE NUMBER LOSS METHOD AND NRCS (SCS) UNIT HYDROGRAPH.

100% SUBMITTAL

# **PRELIMINARY** FOR REVIEW ONLY

AARON DEMARAY TAINTER, P.E., 105733 5/3/2023

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	APPROV.				
DDIDGERADVED A ACCOSTABLE I							

BRIDGEFARMER & ASSOCIATES, INC.
C O N S U L T I N G E N G I N E E R S
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. 264



CR 28100

# HYDRAULIC DATA SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 2

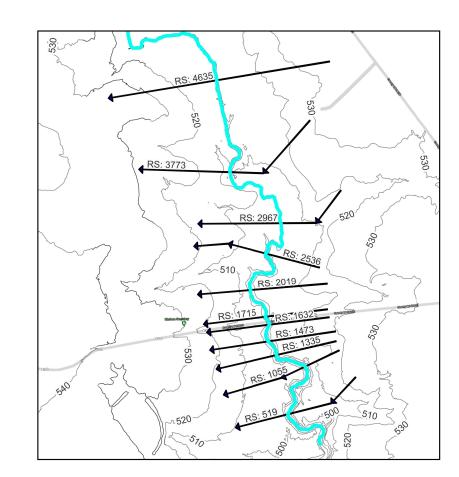
DESIGN DG	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	0   300   11   00   31   00			CS, ETC.
СТ	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
снеск <b>А</b> Т	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	45
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
ZJB	0901	22	122, ETC.	

DRAINAGE AREA MAP

	EXISTING WATER SURFACE	PROPOSED WATER SURFACE		EXISTING CHANNEL	PROPOSED CHANNEL				
<b>RIVER STATION</b>	ELEVATION (FT)	ELEVATION (FT)	DIFFERENCE (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/S)	VELOCITY (FT/S)	DIFFERENCE (FT/S)			
4635	516.81	516.81	0.00	3.74	3.74	0.00			
3773	513.62	513.62	0.00	2.02	2.02	0.00			
2967	511.46	511.47	0.01	3.36	3.35	-0.01			
2536	509.60	509.61	0.01	3.38	3.27	-0.11			
2019	507.01	506.89	-0.12	3.97	4.05	0.08			
1693	505.85	505.68	-0.17	4.32	4.39	0.07			
1690			BRIDGE L	OCATION					
1647	505.09	505.09	0.00	5.79	5.79	0.00			
1473	504.45	504.45	0.00	3.54	3.54	0.00			
1335	503.73	503.73	0.00	4.38	4.38	0.00			
1055	502.15	502.15	0.00	4.18	4.18	0.00			
519	499.39	499.39	0.00	4.10	4.10	0.00			
		H	IEC-RAS 25 YEAR FLOOD EVEN	Т					

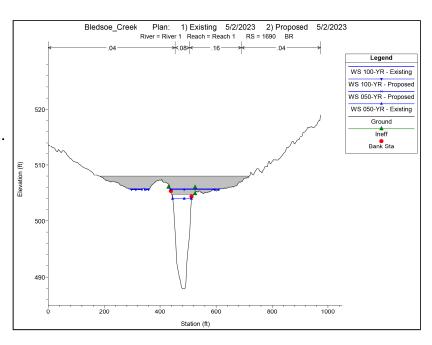
HEC-RAS 100 YEAR FLOOD EVENT

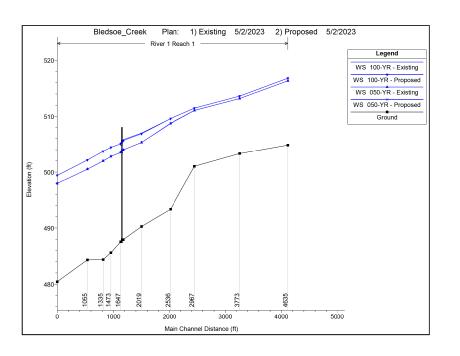
	HEC-RAS 25 YEAR FLOOD EVENT										
	EXISTING WATER SURFACE	PROPOSED WATER SURFACE		EXISTING CHANNEL	PROPOSED CHANNEL						
RIVER STATION	ELEVATION (FT)	ELEVATION (FT)	DIFFERENCE (FT)	VELOCITY (FT/S)	VELOCITY (FT/S)	DIFFERENCE (FT/S)					
4635	516.11	516.11	0.00	3.80	3.79	-0.01					
3773	512.95	512.95	0.00	1.80	1.80	0.00					
2967	510.85	510.86	0.01	3.31	3.29	-0.02					
2536	508.20	508.26	0.06	4.28	4.09	-0.19					
2019	504.48	504.49	0.01	4.23	4.23	0.00					
1693	503.14	503.14	0.00	4.35	4.35	0.00					
1690			BRIDGE L	OCATION							
1647	502.68	502.68	0.00	5.53	5.53	0.00					
1473	501.91	501.91	0.00	3.62	3.62	0.00					
1335	501.12	501.12	0.00	4.47	4.47	0.00					
1055	499.66	499.66	0.00	4.14	4.14	0.00					
519	497.12	497.12	0.00	3.88	3.88	0.00					



- NOTES:

  1. THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS WERE COMPUTED USING HEC-RAS 6.1.
- 2. THE REACH BOUNDARY CONDITION OF NORMAL DEPTH OF 0.005 FT/FT WAS ASSUMED AT THE FARTHEST DOWNSTREAM CROSS-SECTION (ESTIMATED FROM THE SLOPE OF THE CHANNEL).
- 3. THIS SITE LIES WITHIN THE 'ZONE A'
  FLOOD HAZARD AREA AS SHOWN ON FEMA
  FLOOD INSURANCE MAP NO. 48147C0600C
  EFFECTIVE ON 02/18/2011, AND MAP
  NO. 48277C0525C EFFECTIVE ON 08/16/2011.
- COORDINATION WITH THE LAMAR COUNTY FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR WAS COMPLETED ON 04/28/2023.





100% SUBMITTAL

# **PRELIMINARY** FOR REVIEW ONLY

AARON DEMARAY TAINTER, P.E., 105733 5/4/2023

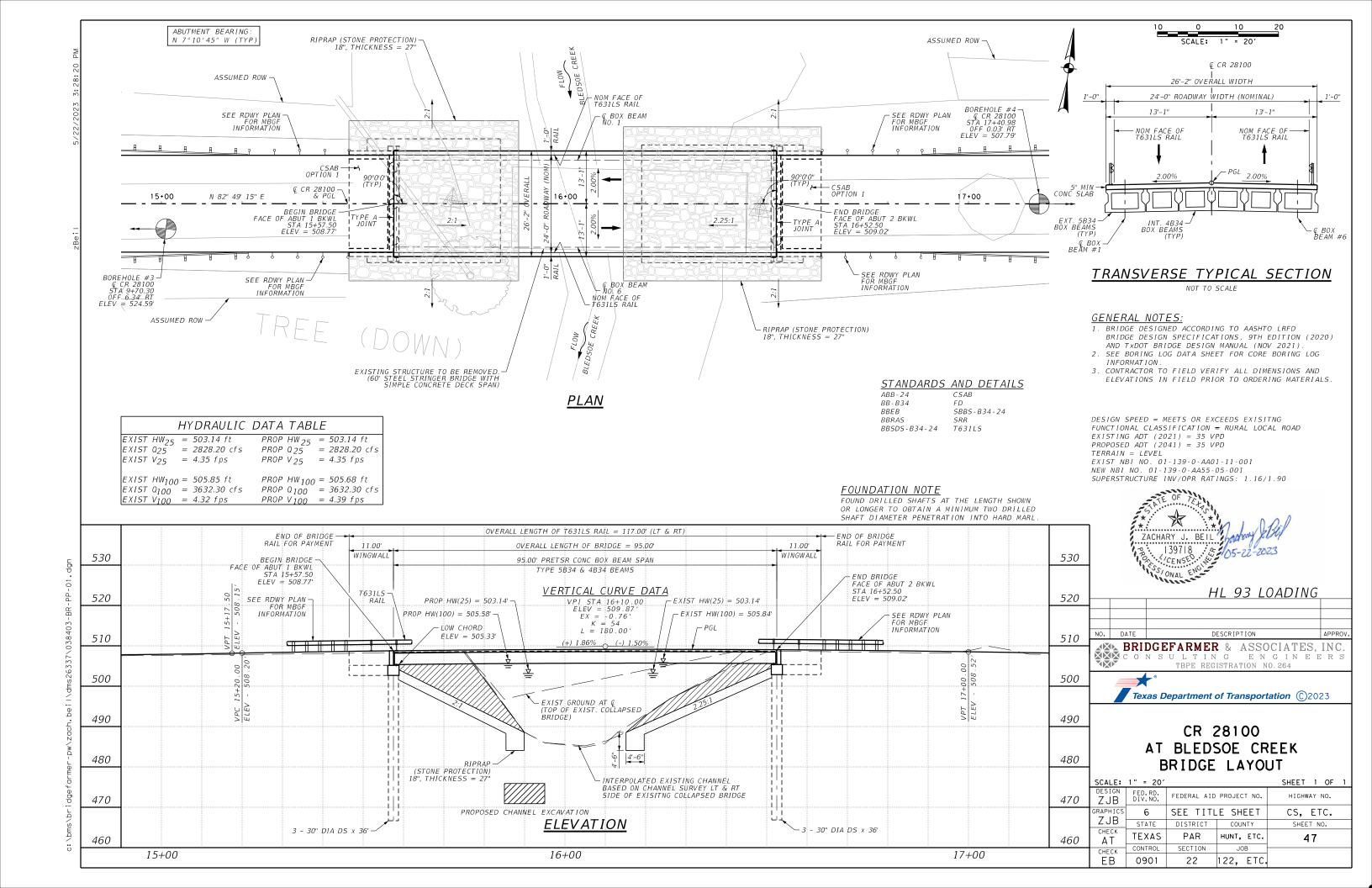




CR 28100

# HYDRAULIC DATA SHEETS

				SHEET 2 OF 2
DESIGN DG	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CS, ETC.
СТ	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK AT	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	46
CHECK ZJB	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
	0901	22	122, ETC.	



ITEM	400	416	420	422	422	425	425	432	450	454
CODE	6005	6003	6013	6005	6023	6005	6006	6033	6019	6021
BID ITEM DESCRIPTION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (30 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	REINF CONC SLAB (BOX BEAM)	SHEAR KEY	PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM (4B34)	PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM (5B34)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	RAIL (TY T631LS)	TYPE A JOINT
BRIDGE ELEMENT	CY	LF	CY	SF	CY	LF	LF	CY	LF	LF
2 ~ ABUTMENTS	73	216	34.4					404	44.0	53
1 ~ 95.00' PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM SPAN				2,486	25.4	378.00	189.00		190.0	
NBI: 01-139-0-AA55-05-001 0901-29-097 TOTALS	70	216	34.4	2.486	25.4	378.00	189.00	404	234.0	53

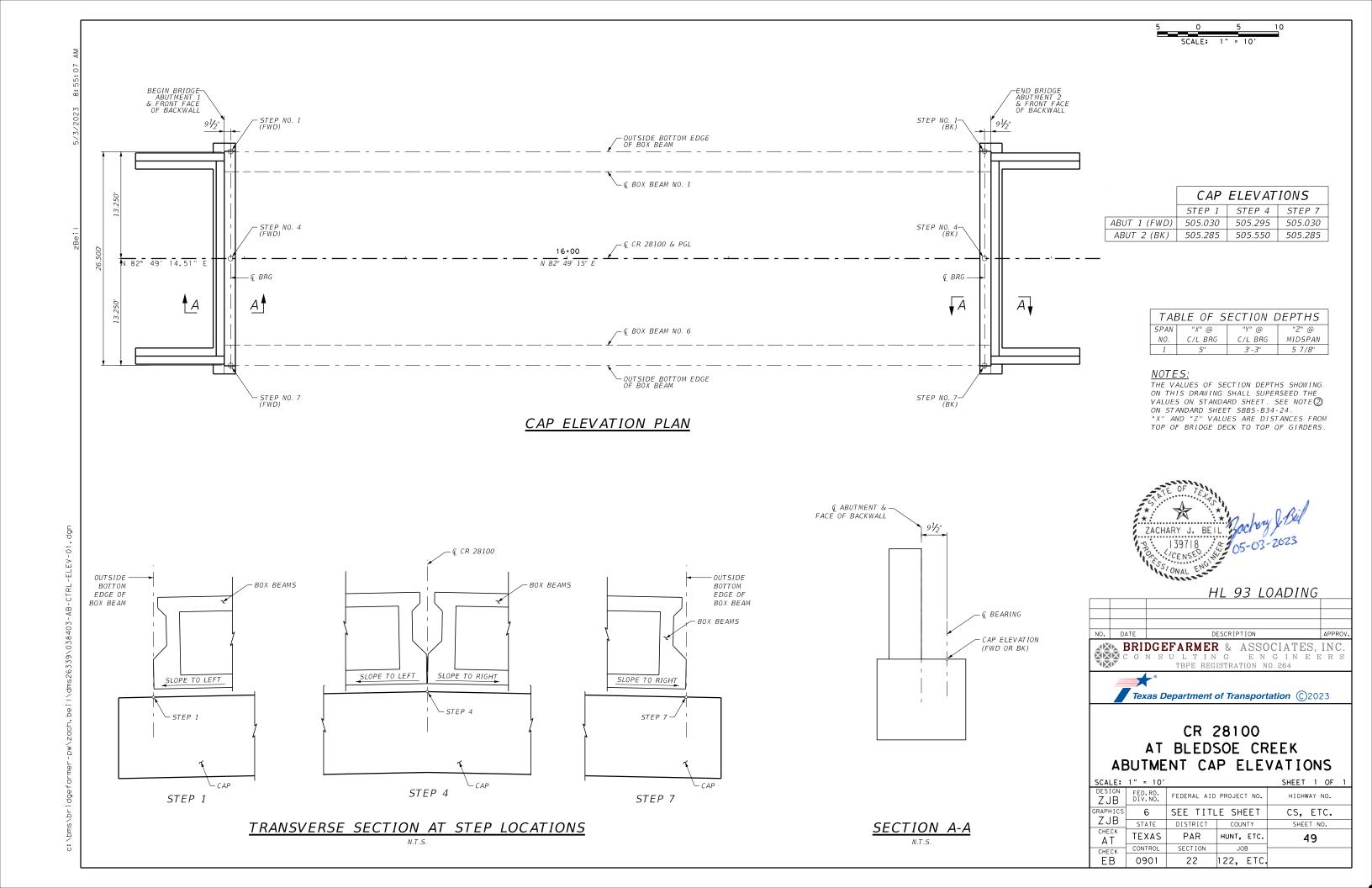






# CR 28100 AT BLEDSOE CREEK BRIDGE QUANTITES

				SHEET 1 OF 1
ZJB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	6	SEE TITL	LE SHEET	CS, ETC.
ZJB	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK AT	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	48
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
EB	0901	22	122, ETC.	



Version 3.3

# DRILLING LOG

Hole

Structure

Station

Offset

County Lamar

Highway CR 28100

0901-29-097

District Paris 2023

1 of 2

B-03	District	Paris
Bridge	Date	3/21/20
	Grnd. Elev.	0.00 ft
	GW Elev.	N/A

		L	Tayaa Cana			al Test		Prop	ertie		
El-	ev. t)	O G	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	мс	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
	-			CLAY, Fat, stiff, moist, light brown to 12.9', brown and gray below 16.3' (CH)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					,,	PTS@2', PP=4.5+
	5 -		16 (6) 19 (6)								SSS@6.4', N=29
-9.	10 -		25 (6) 31 (6)	CLAY, Fat, very stiff, moist, brown and gray (CH)	-						SSS@11.4', N=26
	15 - - -	/////	28 (6) 37 (6)								SSS@16.3', N=24
	20 -		26 (6) 34 (6)								SSS@21.3', N=27
-24.	25 - -		50 (4.25) 50 (4.75	CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, brown and gray to dark gray, trace gypsum (CH)							SSS@25.9', N=63
	30 -	////	50 (4.5) 50 (3.25)								SSS@30.8', N=51
-34.	35 -		50 (1.5) 50 (1)	MARL, hard, dark gray							SSS@35.4', N=66
	40 -		50 (1.5) 50 (2.25)								

Remarks: LAT: 33.476611, LONG: -95.856537. Drill Rig: CME-75 with TxDOT 170-pound Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; PTS: Push Tube Sample; PP: Pocket Penetrometer (tsf). Drilling Method: Continuous Flight Auger to 30', Mud Rotary thereafter. Boring coordinates were determined with a handheld GPS and should be considered approximate.

The ground water elevation was not determined during the course of this boring.

Driller: Beyond Engineering and Testing, LLC Logger: RM

Organization: Foresight PES, LLC

C:\Users\JoeKrusee\Foresight Planning & Engineering Services, LLC\FPES - Geotechnical\Projects\23-003 BF Paris WA3\Logs\30%\B-03.CLG

# DRILLING LOG

County Lamar Highway CR 28100 0901-29-097

Structure Bridge Station Offset

District Paris Date 3/21/2023 Grnd. Elev. 0.00 ft GW Elev. N/A

2 of 2

	L	Texas Cone		Triaxial Test		FIUP	ertie		
Elev. (ft)	O G	Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Deviator Press. Stress (psi) (psi)	мс	LL	PI		Additional Remarks
_			MARL, hard, dark gray	(psi) (psi)				(pcf)	SSS@40.3', N=70
45 - -		50 (1) 50 (0.75)							SSS@45.2', N=31,39,50/5.75
50 <b>-</b>		50 (1) 50 (0.25)							SSS@50.7', N=28,43,50/5.75
55 <b>-</b>		50 (1.5) 50 (1.25)							SSS@55.3', N=28,42,50/5"
60 <del>-</del>		50 (0.75) 50 (0.75	,						SSS@60.2', N=28,46,50/5"
5.2 65 –		50 (1) 50 (0.5)							Boring Terminated at 65.2'
70 –									
75 –									
- - 80 <b>-</b>									

Remarks: LAT: 33.476611, LONG: -95.856537. Drill Rig: CME-75 with TxDOT 170-pound Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample PTS: Push Tube Sample; PP: Pocket Penetrometer (tsf). Drilling Method: Continuous Flight Auger to 30', Mud Rotary thereafter. Boring coordinates were determined with a handheld GPS and should be considered approximate.

The ground water elevation was not determined during the course of this boring.

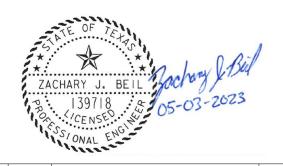
Driller: Beyond Engineering and Testing, LLC Logger: RM

Organization: Foresight PES, LLC

C:\Users\JoeKrusee\Foresight Planning & Engineering Services, LLC\FPES - Geotechnical\Projects\23-003 BF Paris WA3\Logs\30%\B-03.CLG

### NOTES:

BORING LOG DATA FROM: EMAIL RECEIVED ON 05/03/2023 FROM JOE KRUSEE FORESIGHT PLANNING & ENGINEERING SERVICES, LLC TBPE REGISTRATION NO. 17373 CR 28100 OVER BLEDSOE CREEK CSJ: 0901-29-097 TXDOT CONTRACT NO. 36-01DP5103 LAMAR COUNTY, TEXAS



DATE	DESCRIPTION	APPROV.
	DATE	DATE DESCRIPTION

BRIDGEFARMER & ASSOCIATES, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. 264



CR 28100 BORING LOGS

				SHEET 1 OF 1
DESIGN ZJB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
GRAPHICS	6	SEE TITLE SHEET		CS, ETC.
ZJB	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK AT	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	50
снеск ЕВ	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	
	0901	22	122, ETC.	

# WinCore Version 3.3

County Lamar

Highway CR 28100

0901-29-097

# **DRILLING LOG**

Structure

Station

Offset

B-04

Bridge

17+40.98

0.03' RT

Paris District

1 of 2

			G	ate rnd. Elev. W Elev.	4/16/2023 507.79 ft 490.79 ft
	Prop	ertie	es		
2	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Ado	litional Rem

		L	T C			al Test		Prop	ertie	es	
Elev (ft)	<i>i</i> .	Ö G	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
	-			SAND, Clayey with Gravel, moist, dark brown, fine to coarse grained (SC)			13	41	25		PTS@2', PP=3.5, #200=39.2%
503.8	5 — —		6 (6) 7 (6)	CLAY, Lean, soft, moist, dark brown (CL)							
1	10 —		5 (6) 7 (6)		0	28.2	21	43	28	127.5	PTS@8', PP=1.5, -#200=98.7%
495.8	-			CLAY, Fat, soft, moist, brown (CH)	0	22.4	24	56	38	123.5	PTS@13', PP=1, -#200=92.7%
1	- 15 — -		7 (6) 8 (6)								
487.8 2	-		50 (4) 50 (3)				21	72	50		PTS@18', PP=4.5+, #200=97.6% Sulfate Content=640ppm
407.0 2	- - -			CLAY, Fat, hard, moist, dark gray (CH)			19				SSS@20.8', N=55
2	25 — —		50 (3) 50 (3)				21	71	46		SSS@25.7', N=57, #200=98.4%
478.8	30 — —		50 (1) 50 (0.5)	MARL, hard, dark gray			20				SSS@30.3', N=26, 37, 50/5.5"
3	35 — —		50 (1) 50 (0.5)				20	65	42		SSS@35.2', N=87, #200=98.5%
	+0		50 (1) 50 (0.5)	18, Easting: 2775141.28. Drill Rig: CME-	75 with T	VDOT 470	) no	ud Av	ıtom	atic Use	nmar: SSS: Salit Spaan Sample:

Remarks: Northing: 7231206.48, Easting: 2775141.28. Drill Rig: CME-75 with TxDOT 170-pound Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample PTS: Push Tube Sample; PP: Pocket Penetrometer (tsf). Drilling Method: Continuous Flight Auger to 20', Mud Rotary thereafter.

Any ground water elevation information provided on this boring log is representative of conditions existing on the day and for the specific location where this information was collected. The actual groundwater elevation may fluctuate due to time, climatic conditions, and/or construction activity.

Organization: Foresight PES, LLC Driller: Beyond Engineering and Testing, LLC Logger: CO

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## **DRILLING LOG**

Version 3.3

County Lamar Highway CR 28100 0901-29-097

Structure Bridge 17+40.98 Station Offset 0.03' RT

Paris District Date 4/16/2023 Grnd. Elev. 507.79 ft GW Elev. 490.79 ft

2 of 2

	L	Texas Cone		Triaxi	al Test		Prop			
Elev. (ft)	Ō G	Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press.	Deviator Stress (psi)	мс	LL	ΡI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
-			MARL, hard, dark gray	(poi)	(рог/	20			(рог)	SSS@40.3', N=29, 41, 50/5"
45 —		50 (0.5) 50 (1)				20	63	39		SSS@45.3', N=90, #200=98.2%
50 —		50 (1) 50 (0)				21				SSS@50.3', N=89
55 —		50 (0.5) 50 (1)				21				SSS@55.2', N=91
60 —		50 (1) 50 (1)				20				SSS@60.3', N=90
<sub>5</sub> 65 –		50 (1) 50 (1)	-							Boring Terminated at 65.3'
70 -										
75 —										
80 —										

Remarks: Northing: 7231206.48, Easting: 2775141.28. Drill Rig: CME-75 with TxDOT 170-pound Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; PTS: Push Tube Sample; PP: Pocket Penetrometer (tsf). Drilling Method: Continuous Flight Auger to 20', Mud Rotary thereafter.

Any ground water elevation information provided on this boring log is representative of conditions existing on the day and for the specific location where this information was collected. The actual groundwater elevation may fluctuate due to time, climatic conditions, and/or construction activity.

Driller: Beyond Engineering and Testing, LLC Logger: CO

Organization: Foresight PES, LLC

C:\Users\JoeKrusee\Foresight Planning & Engineering Services, LLC\FPES - Geotechnical\Projects\23-003 BF Paris WA3\Logs\90%\B-04.CLG

### NOTES:

BORING LOG DATA FROM: EMAIL RECEIVED ON 05/03/2023 FROM JOE KRUSEE FORESIGHT PLANNING & ENGINEERING SERVICES, LLC TBPE REGISTRATION NO. 17373 CR 28100 OVER BLEDSOE CREEK CSJ: 0901-29-097 TXDOT CONTRACT NO. 36-01DP5103 LAMAR COUNTY, TEXAS



NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	APPROV.	

BRIDGEFARMER & ASSOCIATES, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
TBPE REGISTRATION TO THE ERS CONSULTING ENGINEERS
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. 264



CR 28100 BORING LOGS

SHEET	2	OF	
HIGHW.	AΥ	NO.	•

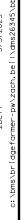
ZJB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.		
GRAPHICS	6	SEE TITLE SHEET		CS, ETC.		
ZJB	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
CHECK	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	50A		
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB			
EB	0901	22	122, ETC.			

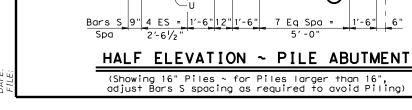


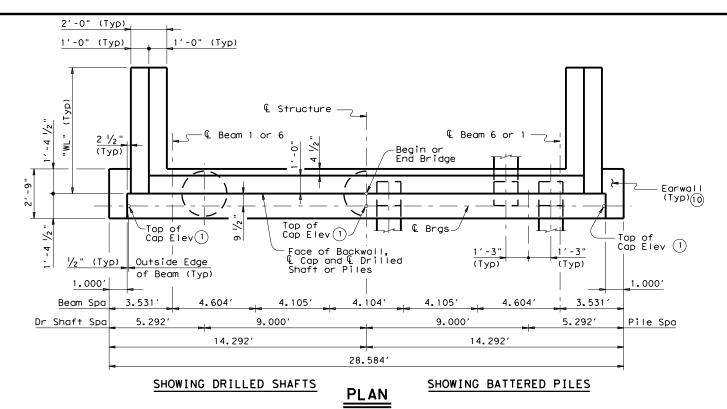
Parallel to Roadway Surface

Parallel to Roadway Surface









See Layout for Slope

Symmetrical about & Structure

Symmetrical about € Structure

Uniform Slope

between Cap Elevation points

-Const Jt (Typ)

-Uniform Slope between Cap Elevation points

Const

See Layout for Slope

Parallel to

Roadway

J+ (Typ)

Parallel to

Roadway

Surface

Bars V

(Typ)

Bars S 9" 5 ES = 2'-6" 9 Eq Spa = 6'-6" Spa 3'-3  $\frac{1}{2}$ " (Typ)

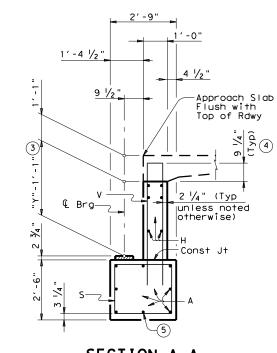
(Тур)

HALF ELEVATION ~ DRILLED SHAFT ABUTMENT

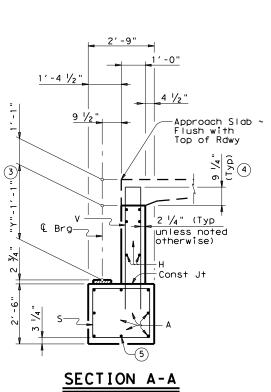
Bars V ~

Spa at 12" Max

Spa at 12" Max



(Showing Approach Slab) (2)





W∟							
Beam Type	"₩∟"						
B20	8.000′						
B28	10.000′						
R34	11 000′						

FOUNDATION LOADS ®								
Span Length	Drilled Shaft Load	Battered Pile Load						
F†	Tons/DS	Tons/Pile						
30	50	38						
35	55	41						
40	60	43						
45	64	45						
50	68	47						
55	73	50						
60	77	52						
65	81	54						
70	85	56						
75	89	58						
80	93	60						
85	97	62						
90	101	64						
95	105	66						

TABLE OF

(Slope top of earwall away from beams)

Const Jt

-Backwal

EARWALL ELEVATION DETAIL 10

Roadway

Surface

-Const Jt

(2) See Bridge Layout for Joint type and to determine if Approach Slab is present.

(1) Top of Cap Elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.

- 3 See Span details for "Y" value.
- $^{igg(4)}$  Increase as required to maintain 3  $rac{3}{4}$ " from Finished Grade.
- $^{\left(5\right)}$  With pile foundations, replace Bar A, located at bottom centerline of cap with 2  $\sim$  #11 x 5'-0" bars placed between pile groups. Deduct 93 Lbs from reinforcing steel total.
- $^{\mbox{\Large (6)}}\mbox{\rlap/}_2"$  Preformed Bituminous Fiber material between beam and earwall. Bond to beam with an approved adhesive. Inside face of earwall to be cast with
- $\ensuremath{\overline{0}}$  Surface finish for the top of Cap will be a textured wood float finish. The surface must be level in the direction of the centerline of Beams.
- $\fbox{8}$  Foundation loads are based on B34 beams.
- 9 Use 2 Eq Spa for B28 and B34 beams. Use 1 space for B20 beams.
- $\stackrel{ ext{(1)}}{ ext{0}}$  Do not cast earwalls until beams are erected in their final position.
- (1) This set of Bars L only required for B28 and B34 beams.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications.

Concrete strength f'c = 3,600 psi. All reinforcing must be Grade 60.

Designed for normal embankment header slope of 3:1 or 2:1. See Bridge Layout for beam type and foundation type, size and lenath.

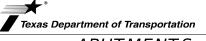
See standard FD for all foundation details and notes. See applicable rail details for rail anchorage cast in

HL93 LOADING

See standard CRR for riprap attachment details, if applicable. These abutment details may be used only with the following

SHBS-B20-24 or SBB0-B20-24 SBBS-B28-24 or SBB0-B28-24 SBBS-B34-24 or SBB0-B34-24

SHEET 1 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard **ABUTMENTS** 

PRESTR CONC BOX BEAMS 24' RDWY

**ABB-24** 

FILE: bbstde17.dgn	DN: TXDOT		ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T		
©TxD0T December, 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		H.	GHWAY		
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	C.	CS, ETC.			
04-11: Span length.	DIST	COUNTY SHE		SHEET NO.				
	PAR	PAR HUNT, ETC.			.51			

BACKWALL DETAIL

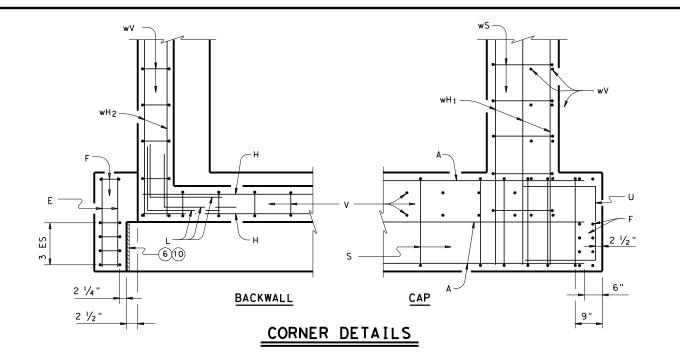
(Without Approach Slab)(2)



3,4 " 2

BARS F

€ Brg-



#### TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES (TYPE B20 BEAMS)12 NO. SIZE LENGTH BAR WEIGHT 8 #11 27' - 7" 4 # 5 2' - 5" 10 # 5 6' - 1" 4 | # 6 25'-10" 12 # 6 4'- 0" 32 9'-8" # 4 4 # 6 7'- 3"

1,172

10

63

155

72

207

44

191

189

138 93 145

2,479

12.6

12.3

wS	18	# 4	7'- 9	)"	
w۷	18	# 5	7' - 9		
Reinford	Lb				
Class "C	" Conc	rete	(w/Slab)	CY	
Class "C	" Conc	rete	(w/ACP)	CY	

# 5

# 6

12 # 6

7' - 6"

9'- 0"

7' - 8"

25

14

wH 1

wH 2

2 ¼" (Typ unless noted

Const Jt

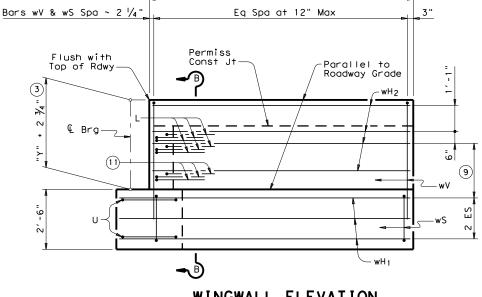
# TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES (TYPE B28 BEAMS)(2)

				-1171-5	• -
BAR	NO.	SIZE	LENGT	.н	WEIGHT
A (5)	8	#11	27' - 7	,	1,172
E	4	# 5	2' - 5	5"	10
F	10	# 5	6′ - 1		63
Н	6	# 6	25′-10	)"	233
L	18	# 6	4'- 0	)"	108
S	32	# 4	9′ - 8	3"	207
U	4	# 6	7′ - 3	3 "	44
٧	25	# 5	8′- 9	)"	226
wH 1	14	# 6	11'- C	)"	231
wH 2	16	# 6	9′ - 8	3"	232
wS	22	# 4	7′- 9	)"	114
wV	22	# 5	9′- 0	)"	207
Reinforci	ing St	ee l		Lb	2,847
Class "C	" Conc	rete	(w/Slab)	CY	14.7
Class "C'	" Conc	rete	(w/ACP)	CY	14.4

### TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES (TYPE B34 BEAMS)(2)

	<b>\ \ 1</b>		יכם	י טבה				
Т	BAR	NO.	SIZE	LENGT	T.	WEIGHT		
72	A (5)	8	#11	27' - 7	' "	1,172		
10	E	4	# 5	2' - 5	, "	10		
63	F	10	# 5	6′ - 1	ii .	63		
33	Н	6	# 6	25′-10	)"	233		
80	L	18	# 6	4' - C	)"	108		
07	S	32	# 4	9′ - 8	; "	207		
44	U	4	# 6	7′ - 3	, "	44		
26	٧	25	# 5	9′-10	)"	254		
31	wH 1	14	# 6	12'- 0	"	252		
32	wH 2	16	# 6	10'- 8	"	256		
14	wS	24	# 4	7′- 9	) "	124		
07	wV	24	# 5	10'- 1	=	252		
47	Reinforc	ing St	ee I		Lb	2 <b>,</b> 975		
. 7	Class "C	" Conc	rete	(w/Slab)	CY	16.2		
. 4	Class "C	" Conc	rete	(w/ACP)	CY	15.9		

- 3 See Span details for "Y" value.
- $^{\left(5\right)}$  With pile foundations, replace Bar A, located at bottom centerline of cap, with 2  $\sim$  #11 x 5'-0" bars placed between pile groups. Deduct 93 Lbs from reinforcing steel total.
- $\stackrel{\textbf{(6)}}{}_{2}$  " Preformed Bituminous Fiber material between beam and earwall. Bond to beam with an approved adhesive. Inside face of earwall to be cast with vertical side of beam.
- $^{igg(9)}$  Use 2 Eq Spa for B28 and B34 beams and 1 space for B20 beams.
- ${\color{blue} {0}}$  Do not cast earwalls until beams are erected in their final position.
- 1) This set of Bars L only required for B28 and B34 beams.
- $\stackrel{\hbox{\scriptsize (12)}}{}$  Quantities shown are for one Abutment only (with Approach Slab). With no Approach Slab, add 1.0 CY Class "C" concrete and 78 Lb reinforcing steel for 2 additional Bars H.



"WL"

WINGWALL ELEVATION

(Earwall omitted for clarity)

2'-4 1/2"

(Typ)

BARS S

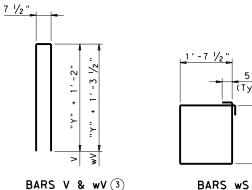
2'-0"

BARS L



2'-6"

BARS U



1'-7 1/2" (Typ)

SECTION B-B

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

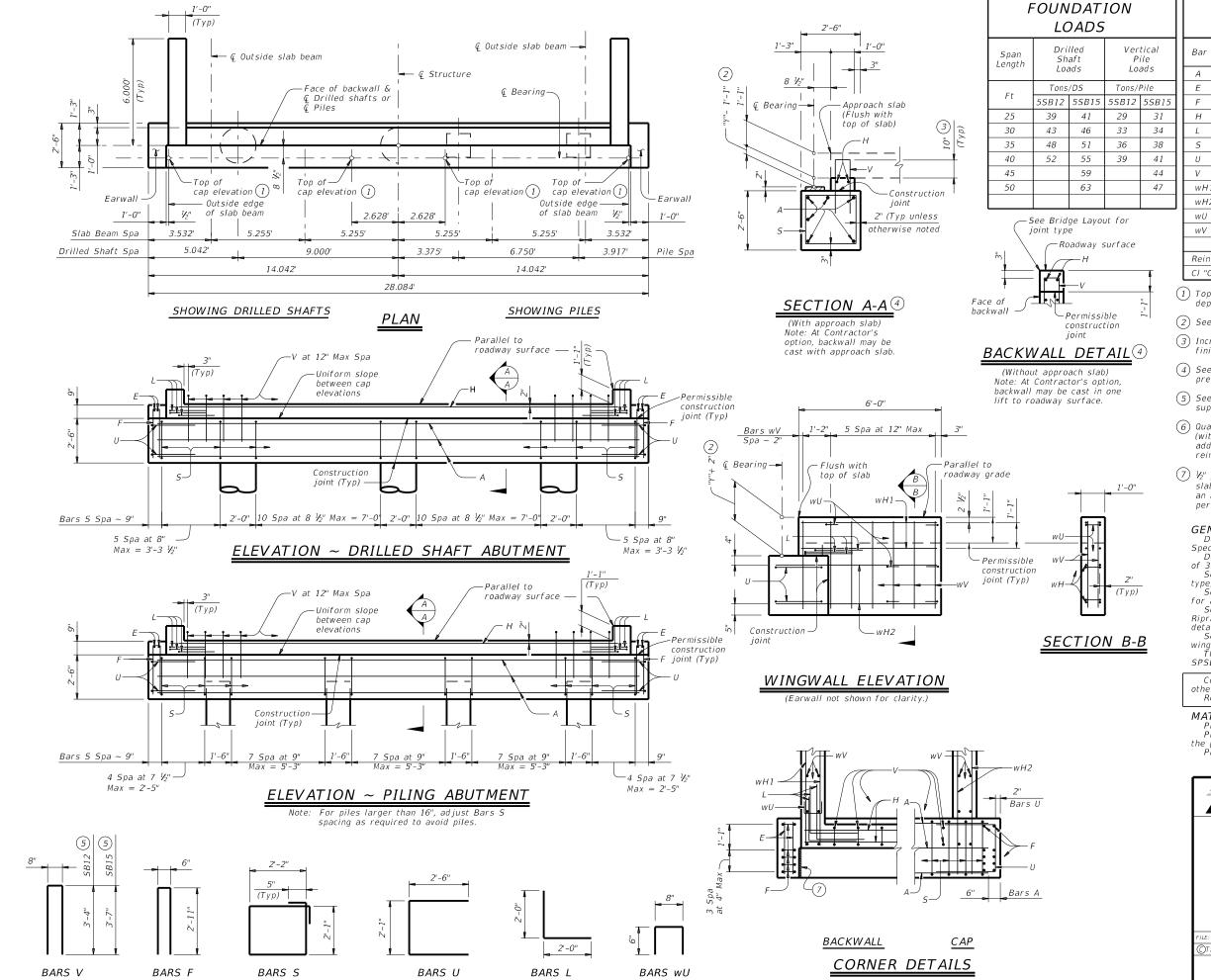
Bridge Division Standard



*ABUTMENTS* PRESTR CONC BOX BEAMS 24' RDWY

**ABB-24** 

		, ,,	<i></i>	•		
FILE: bbstde17.dgn	DN: TXE	DOT	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
©TxDOT December, 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	С.	CS, ETC.	
REVISIONS  04-11: Span length.	DIST		COUNTY SHEET NO		SHEET NO.	
	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		52



# TABLE OF ESTIMATED 6 **QUANTITIES**

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	43,111,123									
A       6       #11       27'-1"       27'-1"       863       863         E       4       #4       2'-2"       2'-2"       6       6         F       10       #4       6'-4"       6'-4"       43       43         H       2       #5       25'-8"       25'-8"       54       54         L       6       #6       4'-0"       4'-0"       36       36       36         S       34       #4       9'-4"       9'-4"       212       212       212         U       4       #6       7'-1"       7'-1"       43       43       43         V       25       #5       7'-4"       7'-10"       191       204         wH1       8       #6       5'-8"       5'-8"       68       68         wH2       8       #6       6'-11"       6'-11"       83       83         wU       12       #4       1'-8"       1'-8"       14       14         wV       28       #5       3'-10"       4'-1"       112       119         Reinforcing Steel	Par	No	Cizo	Length	(5		Weight	(5)		
E       4       #4       2'-2"       2'-2"       6       6         F       10       #4       6'-4"       6'-4"       43       43         H       2       #5       25'-8"       25'-8"       54       54         L       6       #6       4'-0"       4'-0"       36       36         S       34       #4       9'-4"       9'-4"       212       212         U       4       #6       7'-1"       7'-1"       43       43         V       25       #5       7'-4"       7'-10"       191       204         wH1       8       #6       5'-8"       5'-8"       68       68         wH2       8       #6       6'-11"       6'-11"       83       83         wU       12       #4       1'-8"       1'-8"       1'-8"       14       14         wV       28       #5       3'-10"       4'-1"       112       119         Reinforcing Steel	Баі	NO.	3126	5SB12	5SE	315	5SB12	5SB15		
F         10         #4         6'-4"         6'-4"         43         43           H         2         #5         25'-8"         25'-8"         54         54           L         6         #6         4'-0"         4'-0"         36         36           S         34         #4         9'-4"         9'-4"         212         212           U         4         #6         7'-1"         7'-1"         43         43           V         25         #5         7'-4"         7'-10"         191         204           wH1         8         #6         5'-8"         5'-8"         68         68           wH2         8         #6         6'-11"         6'-11"         83         83           wU         12         #4         1'-8"         1'-8"         1'-8"         14         14           wV         28         #5         3'-10"         4'-1"         112         119           Reinforcing Steel         Lb         1,725         1,745	Α	6	#11	27'-1"	2.	7'-1"	863	863		
H     2     #5     25'-8"     25'-8"     54     54       L     6     #6     4'-0"     4'-0"     36     36       S     34     #4     9'-4"     9'-4"     212     212       U     4     #6     7'-1"     7'-1"     43     43       V     25     #5     7'-4"     7'-10"     191     204       wH1     8     #6     5'-8"     5'-8"     68     68       wH2     8     #6     6'-11"     6'-11"     83     83       wU     12     #4     1'-8"     1'-8"     14     14       wV     28     #5     3'-10"     4'-1"     112     119       Reinforcing Steel     Lb     1,725     1,745	Ε	4	#4	2'-2"		2'-2"	6	6		
L     6     #6     4'-0"     4'-0"     36     36       S     34     #4     9'-4"     9'-4"     212     212       U     4     #6     7'-1"     7'-1"     43     43       V     25     #5     7'-4"     7'-10"     191     204       wH1     8     #6     5'-8"     5'-8"     68     68       wH2     8     #6     6'-11"     6'-11"     83     83       wU     12     #4     1'-8"     1'-8"     14     14       wV     28     #5     3'-10"     4'-1"     112     119       Reinforcing Steel       Lb     1,725     1,745	F	10	#4	6'-4"		6'-4"	43	43		
S     34     #4     9'-4"     9'-4"     212     212       U     4     #6     7'-1"     7'-1"     43     43       V     25     #5     7'-4"     7'-10"     191     204       wH1     8     #6     5'-8"     5'-8"     68     68       wH2     8     #6     6'-11"     6'-11"     83     83       wU     12     #4     1'-8"     1'-8"     14     14       wV     28     #5     3'-10"     4'-1"     112     119       Reinforcing Steel       Lb     1,725     1,745	Н	2	#5	25'-8"	2.	5'-8"	54	54		
U     4     #6     7'-1"     7'-1"     43     43       V     25     #5     7'-4"     7'-10"     191     204       wH1     8     #6     5'-8"     5'-8"     68     68       wH2     8     #6     6'-11"     6'-11"     83     83       wU     12     #4     1'-8"     1'-8"     14     14       wV     28     #5     3'-10"     4'-1"     112     119       Reinforcing Steel       Lb     1,725     1,745	L	6	#6	4'-0"		4'-0"	36	36		
V     25     #5     7'-4"     7'-10"     191     204       wH1     8     #6     5'-8"     5'-8"     68     68       wH2     8     #6     6'-11"     6'-11"     83     83       wU     12     #4     1'-8"     1'-8"     14     14       wV     28     #5     3'-10"     4'-1"     112     119       Reinforcing Steel     Lb     1,725     1,745	S	34	#4	9'-4"		9'-4"	212	212		
wH1     8     #6     5'-8"     5'-8"     68     68       wH2     8     #6     6'-11"     6'-11"     83     83       wU     12     #4     1'-8"     1'-8"     14     14       wV     28     #5     3'-10"     4'-1"     112     119       Reinforcing Steel       Lb     1,725     1,745	U	4	#6	7'-1"	7'-1"		43	43		
wH2     8     #6     6'-11"     6'-11"     83     83       wU     12     #4     1'-8"     1'-8"     14     14       wV     28     #5     3'-10"     4'-1"     112     119       Reinforcing Steel       Lb     1,725     1,745	V	25	#5	7'-4"	7'	-10"	191	204		
wU     12     #4     1'-8"     1'-8"     14     14       wV     28     #5     3'-10"     4'-1"     112     119       Reinforcing Steel     Lb     1,725     1,745	wH1	8	#6	5'-8"		5'-8"	68	68		
wV     28     #5     3'-10"     4'-1"     112     119       Reinforcing Steel     Lb     1,725     1,745	wH2	8	#6	6'-11"	6'	-11"	83	83		
Reinforcing Steel Lb 1,725 1,745	wU	12	#4	1'-8"		1'-8"	14	14		
3	wV	28	#5	3'-10"		4'-1"	112	119		
3										
CI "C" Conc (Abut) CY 8.8 9.2	Reinfo	rcing St	eel			Lb	1,725	1,745		
	CI "C"	Conc (Al	but)			CY	8.8	9.2		

- (1) Top of cap elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.
- (2) See Span Details for "Y".
- ③ Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.
- 4) See Bridge Layout to determine if approach slab is present.
- 5 See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure.
- 6) Quantities shown are for one abutment only (with approach slab). Without approach slab, add 1.0 CY Class "C" concrete and 54 Lb reinforcing steel for 2 additional Bars H.
- 7) ½" preformed bituminous fiber material between slab beam and earwall. Bond to earwall with an approved adhesive. Cast inside face of earwall perpendicular to cap. (Typ)

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Designed for a normal embankment header slope

Designed for a normal embankment header slope of 3:1 and a maximum span length of 50 feet. See Bridge Layout for header slope and foundation type, size, and length. See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all foundation details and notes. See Concrete Riprap (CRR) standard sheet or Stone Riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment

details, if applicable.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in wingwalls.
These abutment details may be used with standard

SPSB-24 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).
Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

# HL93 LOADING



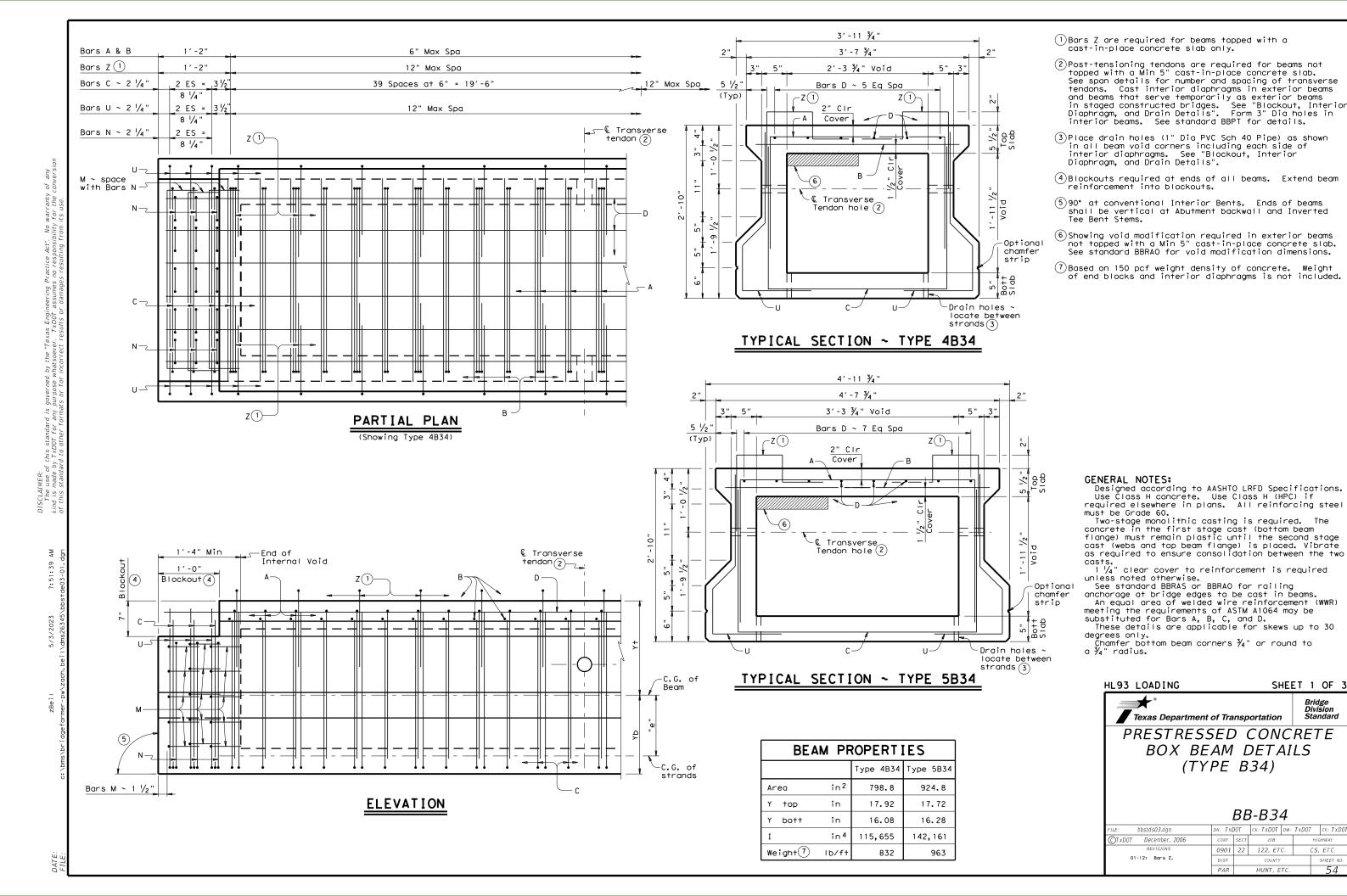
**ABUTMENTS** PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM

24' ROADWAY

APSB-24

Bridge Division Standard

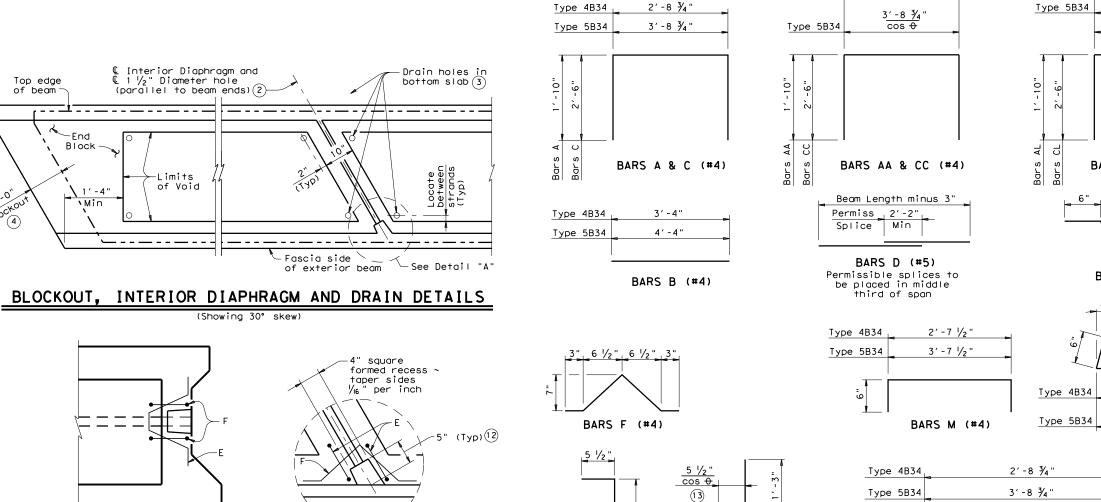
ILE: psbste09-17.dgn	DN: Tx	D0T	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
C)TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	C.	CS	, ETC.	
	DIST		COUNTY SHEET		SHEET NO.		
	PAR		HUNT, ETC.			5.3	



CS. ETC.







BARS N (#4)

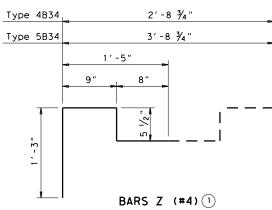
- (1) Bars Z are required for beams topped with a cast-in-place concrete slab only.
- 2 Post-tensioning tendons are required for beams not topped with a Min 5" cast-in-place concrete slab. See span details for number and spacing of transverse tendons. Cast interior diaphragms in exterior beams and beams that serve temporarily as exterior beams in staged constructed bridges. Form 3" Dia holes in interior beams. See "Blockout, Interior Diaphragm, and Drain Details". See standard BBPT for details.
- 3 Place drain holes (1" Dia PVC Sch 40 Pipe) as shown in all beam void corners including each side of interior diaphragms. See "Blockout, Interior Diaphragm, and Drain Details".
- (4) Blockouts required at ends of all beams. Extend beam reinforcement into blockouts.
- (8) Cut as required to maintain one inch clear between bars.

DETAIL A 12

**POST-TENSION** 

ANCHORAGE DETAIL

- $\stackrel{ ext{(12)}}{ ext{5}}$ 5" (Typ) or sufficient depth to provide 1" Cover on cut-off tendon. See BBPT for details.
- (3) Dimension will vary slightly with skew. Adjust as necessary.



 $\frac{2'-8 \frac{3}{4}}{\cos \theta}$ 

<u>Type 4B</u>34

(13)

1'-1 1/2"

BARS U (#4)

At fabricator's option, Bars Z pairs may be fabricated using one continuous bar. If this option is used, Bars B at Bar Z locations (only) may be omitted.



Type 4B34 2'-8 ¾" (Max)

1′-6" (Min)

3′-8 ¾" (Max)

BARS AL & CL (#4)

BARS E (#4)

2'-7 1/2"

BARS MM (#4)

 $\frac{\cos \theta}{\cos \theta}$   $\frac{3' - 7 \frac{1}{2}}{\cos \theta}$ 

SHEET 3 OF 3



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BOX BEAM DETAILS (TYPE B34)

BB-B34

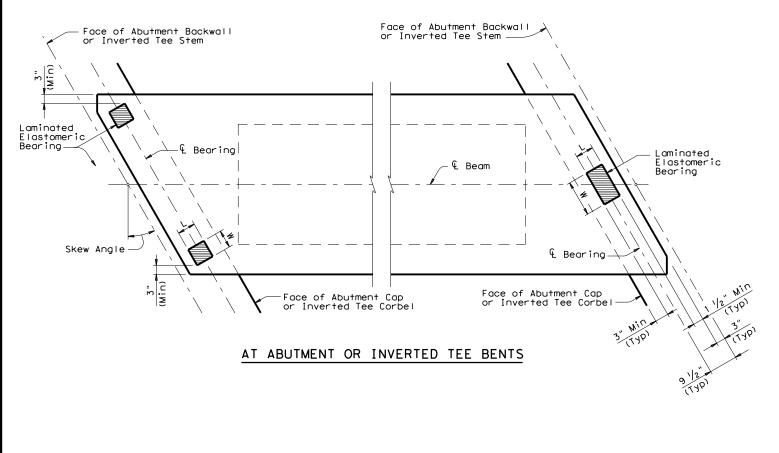
FILE: bbstds03.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
©TxD0T December, 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY	
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	c.	CS, ETC.		
01-12: Bars Z.	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	PAR	HUNT, ETC. 5			56		

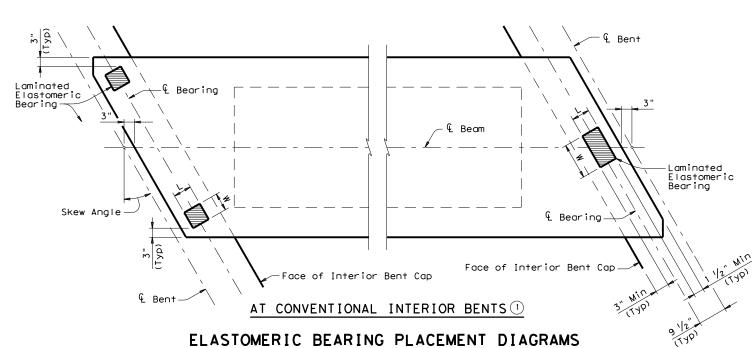












The Forward Station Beam End will have one bearing and the Back Station Beam End will have two bearings.

tomer Thickn Req'd at 1/4" INTERIOR Place 0.105" thick steel laminates parallel to the bottom surface of the pad. except the top laminate(s) may be sloped to satisfy maximum and minimum thickness criteria for 9 tapered elastomeric top layers. Bevel to match Beam Slope 2 3/4" 4 Length = L3/6 A I ELEVATION (50 DUROMETER) **ELASTOMERIC BEARING SECTION** 

①For Transition Bents with backwall, beams and elastomeric bearings will receive the same treatment as shown for Abutment Bents.

The use of Polyisoprene (natural rubber), for the manufacture of bearing pads, is not permitted.

- ②Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered layers.
- 3 Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, BEARING TYPE will be located on the high side. The Fabricator will include the value of "N" (amount of taper in ½" increments) in this mark. Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper)

  N=1, (for ½" taper)

  N=2, (for ¼" taper)

(etc.) Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan beam slope by more than / 0.0625" \ IN/IN. Length

4)Locate Permanent Mark here.

## ELASTOMETRIC BEARING DIMENSIONS

					_	
BEARING	BEAM	ONE BI	EARING	TWO BEARINGS		
TYPE	TYPE	L	w	١	w	
D00    11	4B20	6"	12"	6"	6"	
B20-"N"	5B20	6"	12"	6"	6"	
B28-"N"	4B28	6"	14"	6"	7"	
DZ0- N	5B28	6"	14"	6"	7"	
B34-"N"	4B34	6"	16"	6"	8"	
D34- N	5B34	6"	16"	6"	8"	
B40-"N"	4B40	6"	20"	6"	10"	
D4O- N	5B40	6"	20"	6"	10"	

GENERAL NOTES:

Set beams on elastomeric bearings of the dimensions shown. Center bearings as near nominal £ bearing as possible within limits

Constant thickness bearings may be used for moderate beam slopes up to 0.0113 ft/ft. For skewed supports, Bearings beveled for beam slope may not provide uniform contact. However, predicted contact is considered within allowable tolerances.

Shop drawings for approval are required.

A bearing layout which identifies location and orientation of all bearings will be developed by the bearing fabricator. Permanently mark each bearing in accordance with the bearing layout. A copy of the bearing layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

Cost of furnishing and installing elastomeric bearings is to be included in unit price bid for "Prestressed Concrete Box Beams".

Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual direction. These details are applicable for skews up to



30 degrees only.

Texas Department of Transportation

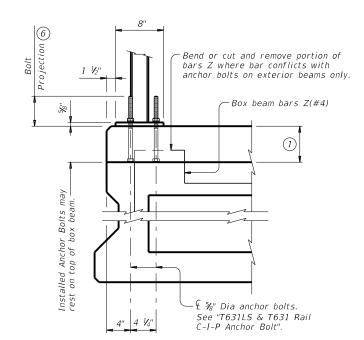
**ELASTOMERIC** BEARING DETAILS PRESTR CONC BOX BEAMS

**BBEB** 

						_		
FILE:	bbstde08.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
©TxD0T	December, 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		H.	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0901	9901 22 122, ETC. CS, ETC.			, ETC.		
	CTxDOT December, 2006	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		57	

HL93 LOADING



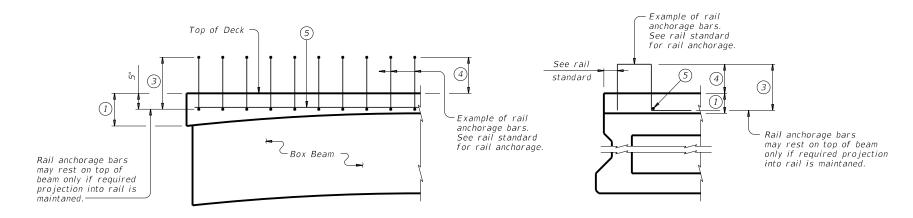


1 ⅓" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut

CAST-IN-PLACE ANCHORAGE OPTION

#### ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE OPTION

# T631LS & T631 RAIL ANCHORAGE PLACEMENT (2)(7)

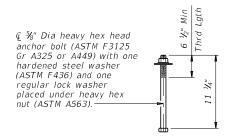


### PART SPAN ELEVATION

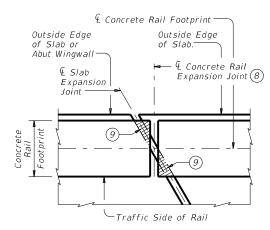
### SECTION

### TYPICAL CONCRETE RAIL ANCHORAGE

(Showing typical concrete rail anchorage)



T631LS & T631 RAIL C-I-P ANCHOR BOLT



(ASTM A563). See "Material Notes" for installation.

PLAN OF CONCRETE RAILS AT EXPANSION JOINTS

- (1) Cast-in-place slab thickness varies due to beam camber (5" minimum)
- 2 Replace cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on T631LS or T631 Rail standard with an adhesive anchor system or cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on
- ${rac{3}{3}}$  Bar length shown on rail standard, minus 1  ${rac{1}{4}}$ ". Adjust bar length for a raised sidewalk.
- 4 See Rail standard for projection from finished grade or top of sidewalk.
- 5 Place additional (#5) longitudinal bar.
- 6 Excess bolt length has been provided to accommodate a variable slab thickness due to beam camber. If slab thickness on span details exceed 10", bolt length must be increased accordingly. After posts have been set and bolts tightened, bolt projection above nuts of more than  $lam{1}{2}$ " must be cut off and painted with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item 445 "Galvanizing".
- Distance from end of top outside edge of slab to center of first bolt group can not be less than 9", except: 15° Skew: 1'-0" (acute corner only) 30° Skew: 1'-3" (acute corner only)
- 8 Location of Rail Expansion Joint must be at the intersection of Q Slab Expansion Joint, & Rail Footprint and perpendicular to slab outside edge.
- ${rac{9}{2}}$  Cross-hatched area must have  ${rac{1}{2}}$ " Preformed Bitumuminous Fiber Material under concrete rail, as shown.

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Rail anchorage bars may be field bent as required to clear rail reinforcing or provide minimum cover shown on standard rail detail sheets.

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Cast-in-place anchorage system for T631LS and T631 Rail must be ¾" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr 325 or A449) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed anchor bolts 4 1/2" minimum.

Adhesive anchors for T631LS and T631 Rail must be 5/8" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4  $rac{3}{4}$ ". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." Epoxy coat or galvanize reinforcing steel shown on this standard if rail

reinforcement is epoxy coated or galvanized.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. This standard is for use with structures with a 5" minimum cast-in-place concrete slab.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

This standard may require modification for interior rails. This standard does not apply to median barriers.

This standard does not provide details for Type T221P, T224, T80HT, T80SS, C412, PR11, PR22 and PR3 rails on box beam bridges.

See rail standards for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown.



Bridge Division Standard

RAIL ANCHORAGE **DETAILS** PRESTR CONC BOX BEAMS (WITH SLAB)

### **BBRAS**

FILE: bbstde09-18.dgn	DN: TxL	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ck: JMH
C)TxD0T December 2006	CONT	SECT	J0B			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS Q4-9Q: Updated for new rails.	0901	22	122, ET	C.	CS, ETC.	
01-12: rails anchor bars. 07-14: Removed T101 & T6. Added T631. 03-16: Class D, E, or F epoxy in material	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
notes. T221P & T224 in general notes. 03-18: Updated adhesive anchor notes.	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		58

STANDARD

SBBS-B34-24

24' Roadway

5" Slab

REAM

NO.

1&6 2 - 5

1&6 2-5

1&6 2 - 5

1&6 2 - 5

1&6

2 - 5

1&6

2 - 5

1&6 2 - 5

1&6 2 - 5

1&6 2 - 5

1&6 2 - 5

2 - 5

2 - 5

1&6

1&6 2-5

TYPE

4B34

5B34

4B34

5B34

4B34

5B34

4B34

5B34

4B34

4B34

5B34

4B34

LENGTH

30 30

40 40

45 45

50 50

55 55

65 65

70 70

75 75

80 80

85 85

90

95 95

NON-STD

STRAND PATTERN

TOTAL

SIZE

0.6

0.6 270 0.6 270

0.6 270 0.6 270

270

270

270

270

270

16

18

22 22

<b>←</b>	
14.5 12.5 10.5 8.5 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 0	144.11

DESIGNED BEAMS (STRAIGHT STRANDS)

"e" END

13.58

13.58

13.58

13.58

DEB

DEBONDED STRAND PATTERN PER ROW

DEBONDED TO

12

NO.OF STRANDS

TOTAL

10

10

10 10

12 10

12 10

12 12

14 14

16 16

18 18

22 22

24 22

28 22

DE-BONDED

DIST FROM BOTTOM

2.50 2.50

2.50

2.50

2.50

2.50

2.50 2.50

2.50 2.50

2.50 2.50

2.50 2.50

2.50 2.50

2.50 2.50

2.50 2.50

2.50 2.50

2.50 2.50

2.50

2.50 2.50

CONCRETE

28 DAY

COMP STRGTH

5.000

5.000

5.000

5 000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.000

5.400

5 000

5.000

2.479

STRESS

(TOP Q) (SERVICE I)

RELEASE

STRGTH

1

4.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4 000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

1.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4.000

4 000

4.200

0 2

0 4.000

0 4.000

PRESTRESSING STRANDS

STRGTH

270

270

270 270

13.58

13.78

13.58

13 78

13.58

13.78 13.58

| 270 | 13.78 | 13.78 | 270 | 13.58 | 13.58

| 270 | 13.78 | 13.78 | 270 | 13.58 | 13.58

270 | 13.58 | 13.58

270 | 13.78 | 13.78 270 | 13.58 | 13.58

 13.78
 13.78

 13.58
 13.58

13.58 | 13.58

13.58 | 13.58

13.78 | 13.78

13.15 | 13.04

13.78

13.36

13.78

13.42

0.6 | 270 | 13.78 | 13.78 0.6 | 270 | 13.58 | 13.58

### TXDOT 4B34 BOX BEAM

# — € 5B34 12.5 -- 10.5 8.5 - 6.5 4.5 <del>}</del> 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 1 3 5 7 9 11 13 14 12 10 8 6 4 2 13 Spa at 2" 13 Spa at 2"

# TXDOT 5B34 BOX BEAM

### **DESIGN NOTES:**

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Prestress losses for the designed beams have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform. Beam designs are applicable for 5" concrete slabs without overlay and 0 degree

#### **FABRICATION NOTES:**

Provide Class H concrete.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.

Use low relaxation strands each pretensioned to 75 percent of four When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either

the designed beam or an approved optional beam design. All optional design submittals and shop drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas.

Locate strands for the designed beam as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard stand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc. Place strands within a row as follows:

1) Locate a strand in each "1" position.

2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of box.

3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width. Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4.

Do not debond strands in position "1". Distribute debonded strands equally about the vertical centerline. Decrease debonded lengths working inward, with debonding staggered in each row.

Full-length debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked  $\Delta$ .

(1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension =  $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$ 

Optional designs must likewise conform.

(2) Portion of full HL93.

### HL93 LOADING



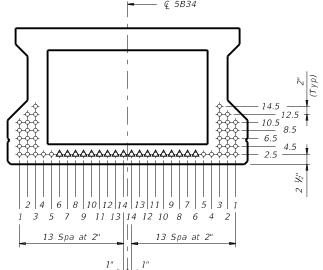
PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM

STANDARD DESIGNS TYPE B34 24' RDWY

(WITH SLAB)

BBSDS-B34-24

FILE: bbstds15.dgn	DN: SF	RW	ск: ВМР	DW:	SF5	ck: SDB
©TxD0T December 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	C.	С	S, ETC.
04-11: f'ci and LLDF. 01-16: Notes, 0.6" stand designs.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		59



OPTIONAL DESIGN

(SERVICE II

-0.428

-0.509

-0.551

-0 637

-0.692

-0.852

-0.948

-1.036

-1.128 -1.234

-1.319 -1.448

-1.525

-1.680

-1.743 -1.932

-1.973

-2.200

-2.483

-2.783

-2.745

-3.099

-3.028

-3.431

MINIMUM

ULTIMATE MOMENT

CAPACITY

673

838

1165

1401

1240

1488

1559

2218 2002

2486

2264

2539

2827

3129

3444

LIVE LOAD DISTRIBUTION

FACTOR

2

Moment Shear

0.465 0.704

0.522

0.693

0 683

0.499

0.675

0.491

0.668

0.486

0.661

0.481

0.655

0.477

0.650

0.473

0.645 0.469

0.640

0.466

0.636

0.463

0.632

0.460

0.457

0.625

0.455

0.370 0.629

0.395

0.450

0.376

0 438

0.366

0.427

0.357

0.349

0.342

0.402

0.336

0.396

0.333

0.390 0.333

0.384

0.333

0.333

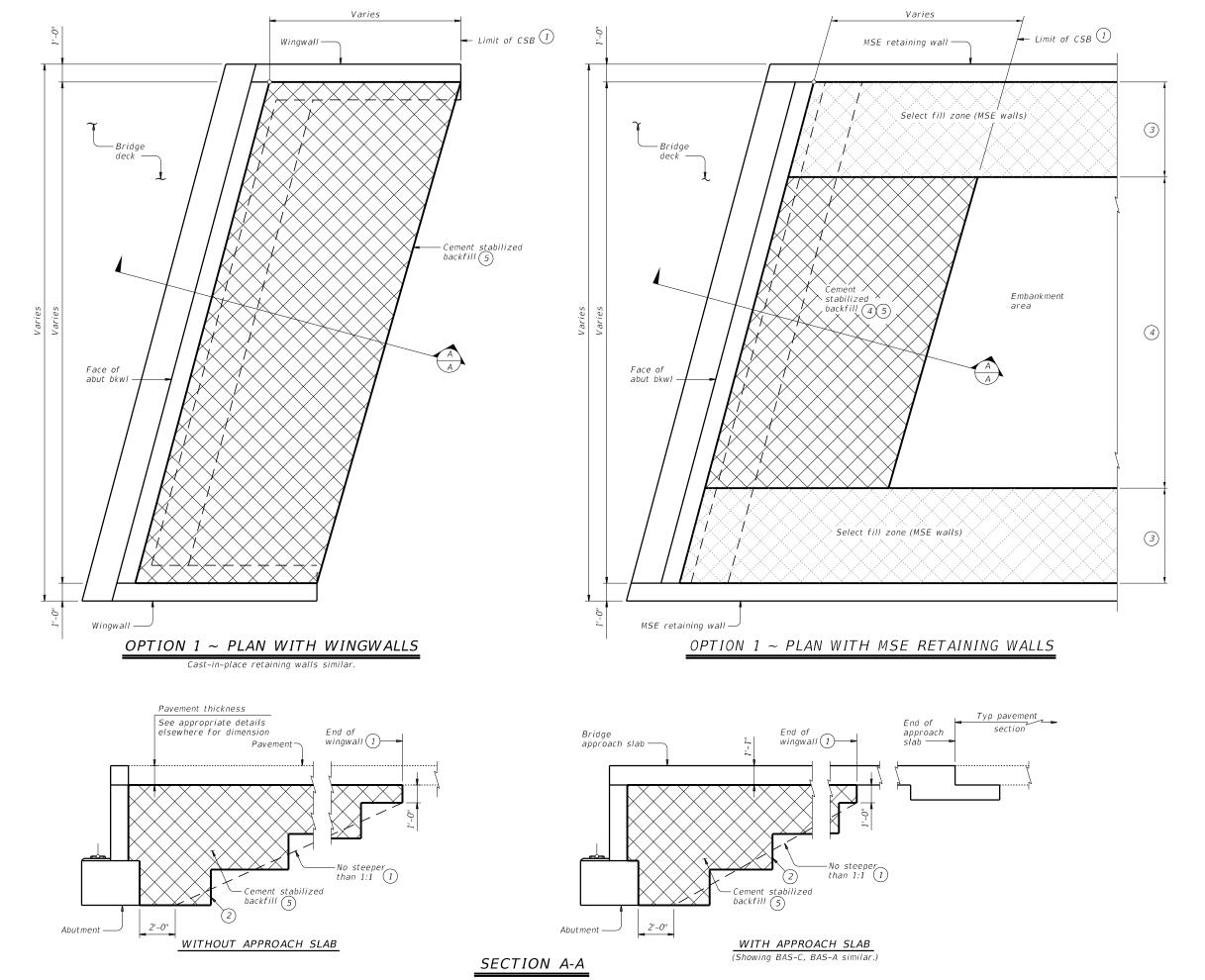
0.375

0.333

0.333

0 366

0.333



1 Usual limit of Cement Stabilized Backfill is at end of wingwall. Extend CSB limits as required to maintain a slope no steeper than 1:1 at bottom of backfill.

Bench backfill as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.

(3) Where MSE retaining walls are present, adjust CSB limits to accommodate the select fill zone. See retaining wall details for additional information.

4 When distance between select fill zones is less than 5'-0", MSE select fill may be substituted for cement stabilized backfill with approval from the Engineer.

(5) If shown in the plans, flowable backfill can be used as a substitute for cement stabilized backfill with the following constraints:

constraints:
a). If flowable backfill is to be placed over MSE backfill, then a filter fabric will be placed over the MSE backfill prior to placement of the flowable fill; and

b). Place flowable fill in lifts not exceeding 2 feet in height. Place each successive lift when the previous lift has stiffened/hardened (i.e. has lost its flowability).

### GENERAL NOTES:

See the Bridge Layout for selected Option. Option 1 is intended for construction only requiring plasticity index (PI) controlled embankment fill or excavation in competent soils/rocks in order to construct the abutment. Option 2 is intended for new construction requiring high plasticity embankment fill with a PI greater than 30 or pavement built in poor native soil. Poor soils are defined as high plasticity clays or expansive clays.

Construct abutment backfill in accordance with Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Provide Cement Stabilized Backfill (CSB) meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.

If required elsewhere in the plans, provide Flowable Backfill meeting the requirements of Item 401, "Flowable Backfill", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.

Details are drawn showing left forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction. These details do not apply when Concrete Block

These details do not apply when Concrete B retaining walls are used in lieu of wingwalls.

### SHEET 1 OF 2

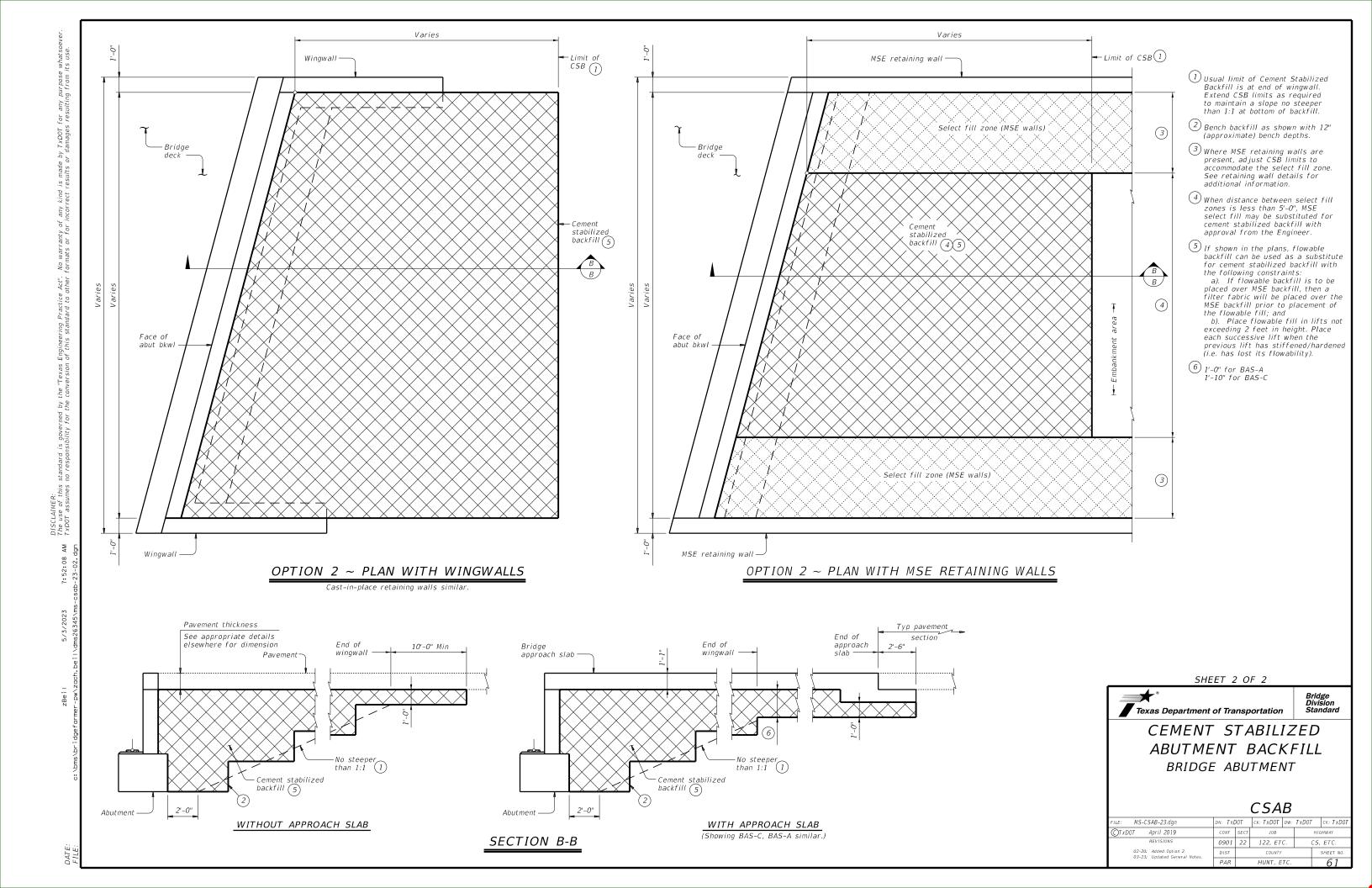


Bridge Division Standard

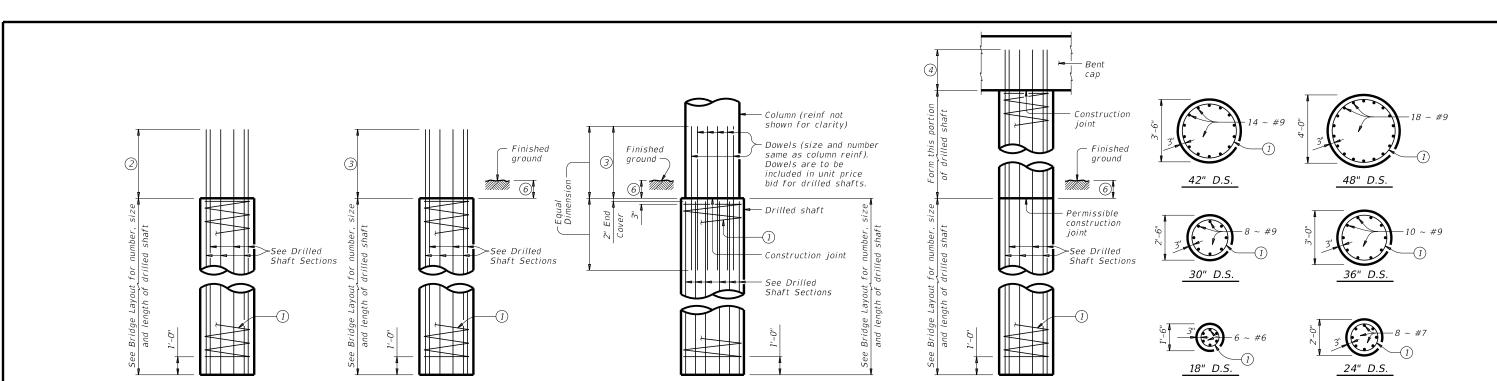
CEMENT STABILIZED
ABUTMENT BACKFILL
BRIDGE ABUTMENT

CSAB

			00,	_		
.E: MS-CSAB-23.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT.	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	С.	CS	, ETC.
02-20: Added Option 2. 03-23: Updated General Notes.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
05-25. Opulica deneral Notes.	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		60





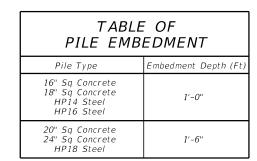


# DRILLED SHAFT DETAILS

INTERIOR BENTS

DRILLED SHAFT DIA

GREATER THAN COLUMN DIA



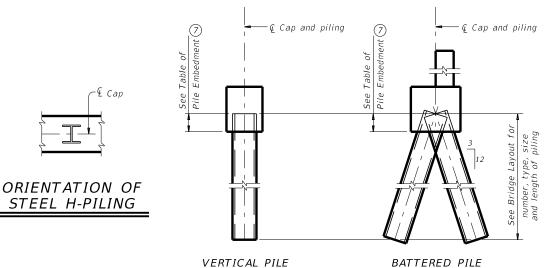
ABUTMENTS, WINGWALLS

AND MULTI-DRILLED

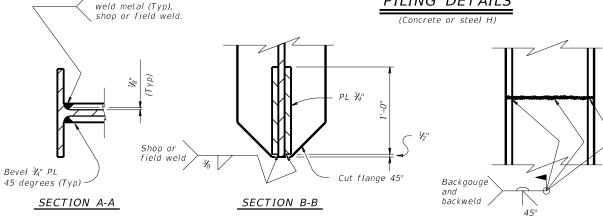
SHAFT FOOTINGS

See Prestressed Concrete Piling (CP) standard for additional details on concrete pile embedment

ELEVATION







INTERIOR BENTS

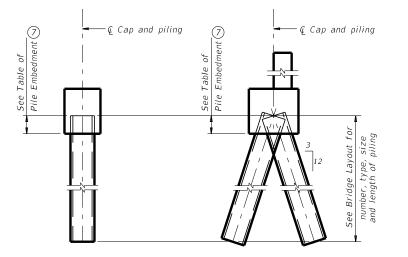
DRILLED SHAFT DIA

EQUAL TO COLUMN DIA

STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT

Fill flush with

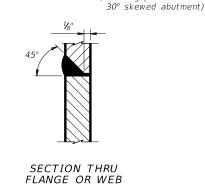
See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement is required and for options to the details shown.



DETAIL "A" (Showing plan view of a

Normal 3:12

battered pile



OPTIONAL

INTERIOR BENT DRILLED SHAFT DETAIL (5)

If unable to avoid

conflict with wingwall

group regardless of

which pile would be battered back, one

pile in group may be

vertical

Piling \_

group

piling at exterior pile

STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL

Use when required.

### DRILLED SHAFT SECTIONS

- 1 #3 spiral at 6" pitch (one and a half flat turns top and bottom).
- 2 Min extension into supported element: #6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-0" #9 Bars = 2'-3"
- 3 Min lap with column reinf: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9"  $#11 \; Bars = 4'-8''$
- 4 Min extension into supported element: #6 Bars = 1'-11"  $\#7 \; Bars = 2'-3''$  $#9 \ Bars = 2'-9"$
- 5 Drilled shafts may extend to the bottom of bent caps for "H" heights of 6 ft and less (as shown on the Bridge Layout), if approved. This option can only be used when the drilled shaft diameter equals the column diameter. Obtain approval of the forming method above the ground line prior to construction. No adjustments in payment will be made if this option is used.
- 6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- 7 Or as shown on plans.

SHEET 1 OF 2

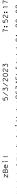


# COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

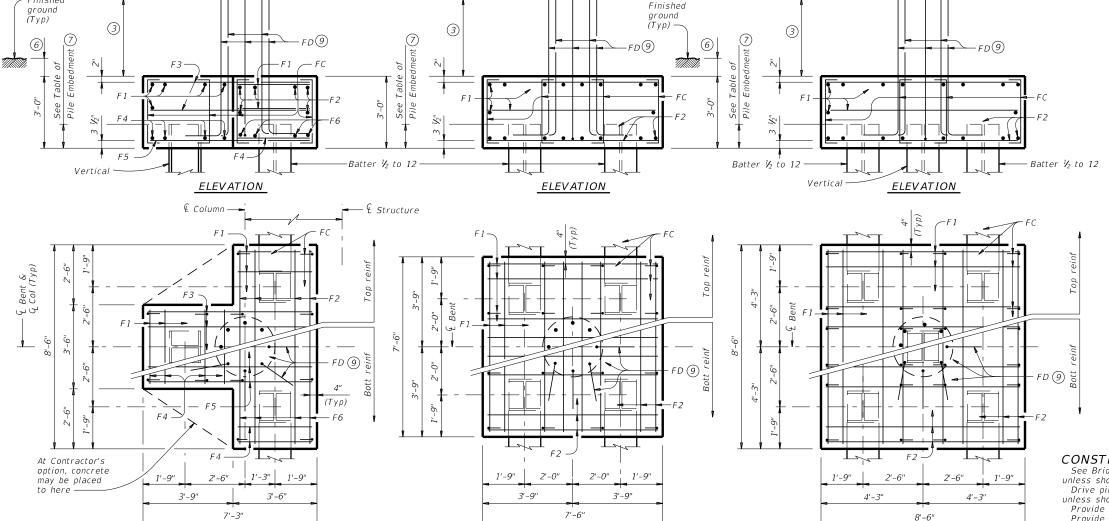
FD

FILE: fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	C.	CS	, ETC.
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		62



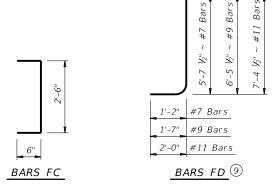






PLAN

FOUR PILE FOOTING®



PLAN

THREE PILE FOOTING®

- Min lap with column reinforcing: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9" #11 Bars = 4'-8"
- 6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- 7 Or as shown on plans.
- 8 See Bridge Layout for type, size and length of piling.
- Number and size of FD bars must match column reinforcing. Tie FD bars to the top of the bottom reinforcing mat.
- 10 Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

### TABLE OF FOOTING QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLLIMNS

		30" (	COLUM	1NS	
		ONE 3	PILE FOOT	「ING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	h	Weight
F 1	11	#4	3'- 2	"	23
F2	6	#4	8'- 2	"	33
F3	6	#4	6'- 11	!"	28
F4	8	#9	3'- 2	"	86
F5	4	#9	6'- 11	"	94
F6	4	#9	8'- 2	"	111
FC	12	#4	3'- 6	"	28
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	623
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	4.8
		ONE 4	PILE FOOT	ING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight
F 1	20	#4	7'- 2		96
F2	16	#8	7'- 2	"	306
FC	16	#4	3'- 6	"	37
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	659
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	6.3
		ONE 5	PILE FOOT	ING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight
F 1	20	#4	8'- 2	"	109
F2	16	#9	8'- 2	"	444
FC	24	#4	3'- 6	"	56
FD 🔟	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	829
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	8.0

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6" Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11" Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

PLAN

FIVE PILE FOOTING  $^{ ext{(8)}}$ 

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:
Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns

120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2

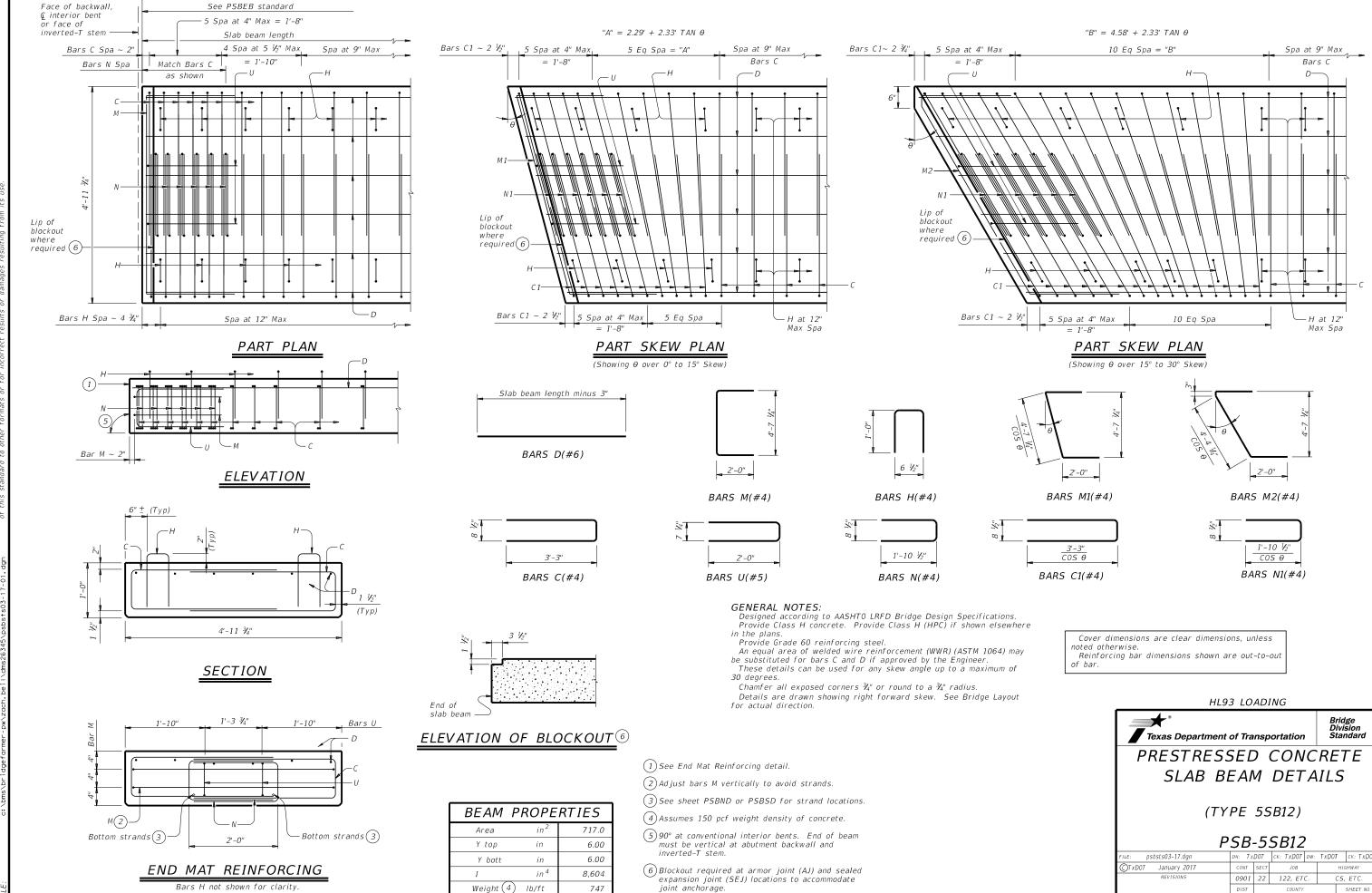


Bridge Division Standard

# COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FD

FILE: fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	С.	CS	5, ETC.
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		63

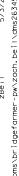


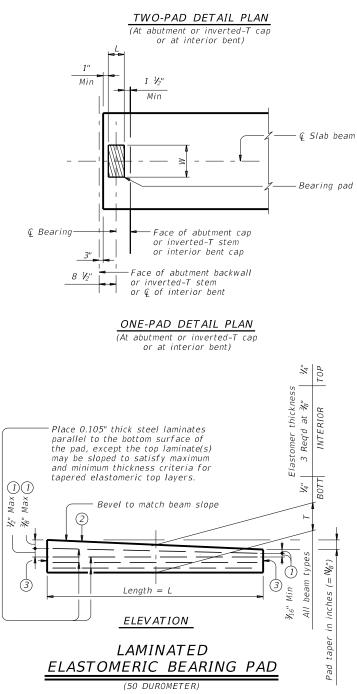
CS, ETC.

64









€ Bearing-

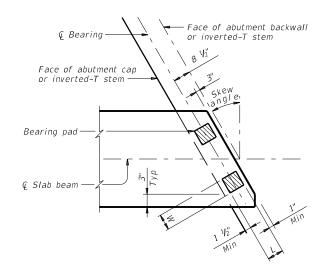
1 1/2" Min

Face of abutment cap or inverted-T stem

or interior bent cap-

Bearing pad-

€ Slab beam



Face of abutment backwall

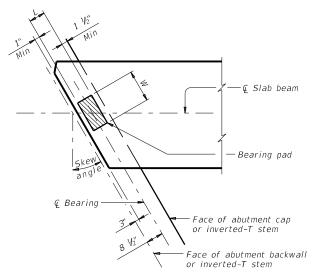
or inverted-T stem or

© of interior bent

1 1 8 1/2"

Min

### TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN (At abutment or inverted-T cap)



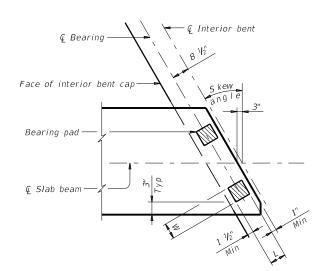
### ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap)

### ELASTOMERIC BEARING PAD PLACEMENT AND BEAM END DIAGRAMS

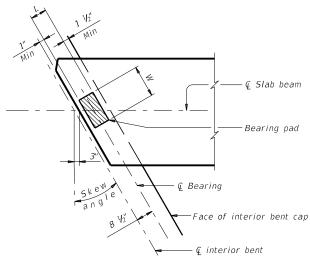
Place one bearing pad at forward station beam end. Place two bearing pads at back station beam end.

- 1 Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered
- 2 Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in 1/8" increments) in this mark. Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper) N=1, (for  $\frac{1}{8}$ " taper) N=2, (for  $\frac{1}{4}$ " taper) (etc.) Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan beam slope by more than  $\frac{0.0625"}{\text{Length}} ) IN/IN.$
- (3) Locate permanent mark here.



## TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At interior bent)



ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN (At interior bent)

### TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS (ALL PRESTR CONC SLAB BM TYPES)

0ne-Pa	d (Ty SB1	-"N") (2)	Two-Pa	nd (Ty SB2	'-"N") (2)
W	L	T	W	L	T
14"	7"	2"	7"	7"	2"

Pad sizes shown are applicable for the following conditions:

- (1) All one, two and three span units where the minimum span length is not less than 25' and the maximum span is not more than 50'.

  (2) Skews less than or equal to 30°.

# GENERAL NOTES:

These details accommodate skew angles up to 30°.

Shop drawings for approval are required. A bearing layout which identifies location and orientation of all bearings must be developed by the bearing fabricator. Permanently mark each bearing in accordance with the bearing layout. A copy of the bearing layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

Cost of furnishing and installing elastomeric bearings must be included in unit price bid for "Prestressed Concrete Slab Beams".

HL93 LOADING



Texas Department of Transportation

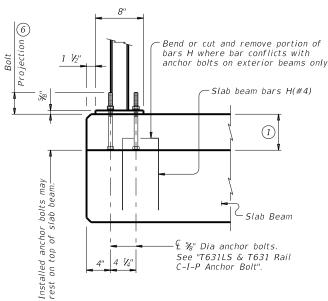
ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND BEAM END DETAILS

PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM

PSRFR

		,	JUL	ט		
LE: psbste06-17.dgn	DN: TX	D0T	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		H.	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	C.	CS	, ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	0.40		LUINT C	TC		C E





(1) Slab Beam Ç %" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one 4" 4 1/4" regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). See "Material Notes" for installation.

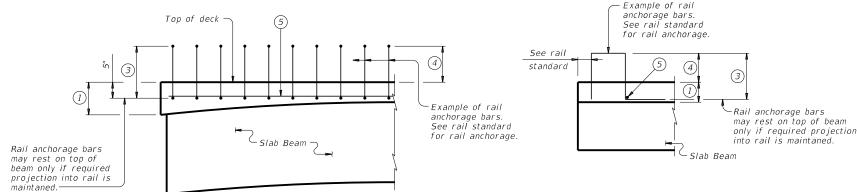
CAST-IN-PLACE ANCHORAGE OPTION

PART SPAN ELEVATION

ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE OPTION

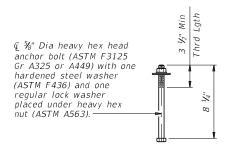
SECTION

# T631LS & T631 RAIL ANCHORAGE PLACEMENT 200

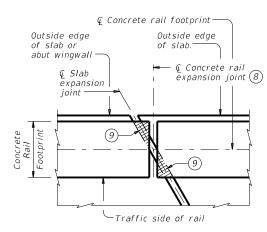


## TYPICAL CONCRETE RAIL ANCHORAGE

(Showing typical concrete rail anchorage)



T631LS & T631 RAIL C-I-P ANCHOR BOLT



PLAN OF CONCRETE RAILS AT EXPANSION JOINTS

- (1) Cast-in-place slab thickness varies due to beam camber (5" minimum).
- 2) Replace cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on T631LS and T631 Rail standard with an adhesive anchor system or cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on
- ${rac{3}{3}}$  Bar length shown on rail standard, minus 1  ${rac{1}{4}}$ ". Adjust bar length for a
- 4) See rail standard for projection from finished grade or top of sidewalk.
- 5 Place additional (#5) longitudinal bar.
- 6 Excess bolt length has been provided to accommodate a variable slab thickness due to beam camber. If slab thickness on span details exceed 7", bolt length must be increased accordingly. After posts have been set and bolts tightened, bolt projection above nuts of more than  $\frac{1}{2}$ " must be cut off and painted with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item 445 "Galvanizing".
- Distance from end of top outside edge of slab to center of first bolt group can not be less than 9", except: 15° Skew: 1'-0" (acute corner only) 30° Skew: 1'-3" (acute corner only)
- 8 Location of rail expansion joint must be at the intersection of & slab expansion joint, & rail footprint and perpendicular to slab outside edge.
- (9) Cross-hatched area must have 1/2" preformed bitumuminous fiber material under concrete rail, as shown.

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Rail anchorage bars may be field bent as required to clear rail reinforcing or provide minimum cover shown on standard rail detail sheets.

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Cast-in-place anchorage system for T631LS and T631 Rail must be ⅓" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr 325 or A449) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed anchor bolts 4 1/2" minimum.

Adhesive anchors for T631LS and T631 Rail must be 7/8" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4  $rac{3}{4}$ ". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." Epoxy coat or galvanize reinforcing steel shown on this standard if rail

reinforcement is epoxy coated or galvanized.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. This standard is for use with structures with a 5" minimum cast-in-place concrete slab.

This standard may require modification for interior rails. This standard does not apply to median barriers.

This standard does not provide details for Type T221P, T224, T80HT, T80SS, C412, PR11, PR22 and PR3 rails on slab beam bridges.

See rail standards for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



Bridge Division Standard

# RAIL ANCHORAGE **DETAILS**

PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAMS

**PSBRA** 

FILE: psbste07-18.dgn	DN: TXE	DOT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ск: ЈМН
©TxD0T January 2017	CONT	SECT	J0B			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	C.	(	CS, ETC.
03-18: Updated adhesive anchor notes.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		66

ש ווסוו וגא מאפי	STRUCTURE
uamayes resurin	24' ROADWAY SB12 BEAM
ווורסו ו ברו ו באחווא מו יו	24' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM
ו טו זוומנג טו ז טו	28' ROADWAY SB12 BEAM
נוווא אנשוומשו עו נס טנוופן	28' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM
the conversion of this standar	30' ROADWAY SB12 BEAM
no responsibility rol t	30' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM
rxbur assumes c:\bms\bridgefarmer-pw\zach.beil\dms26345\psbsts08-21-01.dgn	2 1/2"  Z 1/2"  Z 1/2"  Z 1/2"

					I	DESIG	NED I	BEAMS (	(STRAIG	iHT S	STRAND	S)										OPTION	AL DESIGI	V			DAD RA	
					F	PRESTRE	ESSING	STRANDS				DEBONDED STRANDS PER ROW			CONC		DESIGN LOAD	DESIGN	REQUIRED	LIVE			FACTO	DRS				
STRUCTURE	SPAN LENGTH	BEAM NO.	BEAM TYPE	NON- STD STRAND	TOTAL NO.	SIZE	STRGTH	"e" {L	"e" END	TOT NO. DEB	DIST FROM BOTTOM		. OF ANDS	N		R OF S BONDE from	D TO	) <i>S</i>	RELEASE STRGTH	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP STRGTH	COMP STRESS (TOP Q)	LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT @)	MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY	DISTRI FAC	TOR	STRE	NGTH I	SERVICE III
	(ft)			PATTERN		(in)	f pu (ksi)	(in)	(in)	DEB	(in)	TOTAL	DE- BONDED	3	6	9	12	15	f'ci (ksi)	f'c (ksi)	(SERVICE I) fct (ksi)	(SERVICE III) fcb (ksi)	(STRENGTH I) (kip-ft)	Moment	Shear	Inv	Opr	Inv
	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.914	-1.217	448	0.450	0.450	1.40	1.82	1.71
24' ROADWAY	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.292	-1.685	530	0.450	0.450	1.25	1.62	1.29
SB12 BEAM	35	ALL	5SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.730	-2.219	675	0.450	0.450	1.33	1.73	1.23
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.218	-2.796	820	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.74	1.12
	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.725	-0.897	551	0.450	0.450	1.77	2.29	2.41
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.020	-1.244	574	0.450	0.450	1.23	1.59	1.45
24' ROADWAY	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.361	-1.640	708	0.450	0.450	1.15	1.49	1.14
SB15 BEAM	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.739	-2.068	864	0.440	0.440	1.32	1.71	1.19
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.179	-2.574	1054	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.73	1.08
	50	ALL	5SB15		24	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	8	2.5	24	8	4	4	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.680	-3.153	1276	0.440	0.440	1.33	1.72	1.11
28' ROADWAY	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.903	-1.184	444	0.430	0.430	1.47	1.91	1.80
SB12 BEAM	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.276	-1.639	508	0.430	0.430	1.32	1.71	1.37
	35	ALL	5SB12		12	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.708	-2.159	647	0.430	0.430	1.18	1.53	1.02
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.200	-2.744	799	0.430	0.430	1.37	1.78	1.17
	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.716	-0.874	529	0.430	0.430	1.85	2.40	2.53
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.007	-1.212	570	0.430	0.430	1.29	1.67	1.53
28' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.343	-1.598	680	0.430	0.430	1.21	1.57	1.22
3013 0270	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.725	-2.032	842	0.430	0.430	1.36	1.76	1.24
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.149	-2.508	1013	0.420	0.420	1.41	1.82	1.16
	50	ALL	5SB15		22	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	6	2.5	22	6	4	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.643	-3.073	1227	0.420	0.420	1.33	1.72	1.01
	25	ALL	4SB12		6	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.904	-1.187	341	0.340	0.340	1.38	1.79	1.67
30' ROADWAY	30	ALL	4SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.277	-1.646	407	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.37
SB12 BEAM	35	ALL	4SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.711	-2.169	518	0.340	0.340	1.24	1.60	1.08
	40	ALL	4SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.205	-2.758	640	0.340	0.340	1.34	1.73	1.11
	25	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.723	-0.888	431	0.350	0.350	1.69	2.19	2.32
	30	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.017	-1.231	438	0.350	0.350	1.16	1.50	1.37
30' ROADWAY	35	ALL	4SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.346	-1.605	545	0.340	0.340	1.21	1.57	1.21
SB15 BEAM	40	ALL	4SB15		12	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.729	-2.043	675	0.340	0.340	1.47	1.91	1.38
	45	ALL	4SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	14	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.166	-2.542	823	0.340	0.340	1.33	1.73	1.06
	50	ALL	4SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	4	2.5	18	4	2	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.665	-3.115	998	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.02

1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension =  $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$ 

Optional designs must likewise conform.

2 Portion of full HL93.

### **DESIGN NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.

Prestress losses for the designed beams have been calculated for a

relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

### FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of fpu. Full-length debonded strands are not permitted in positions "A" and "B". Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4.

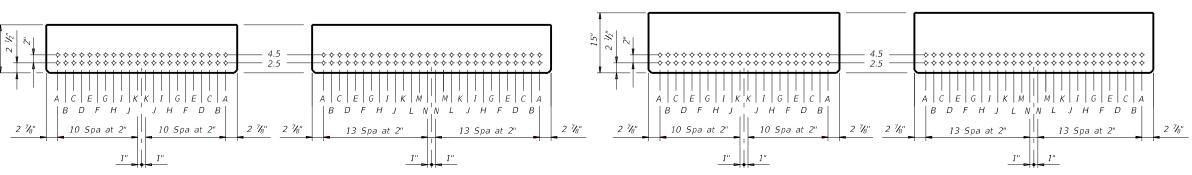
When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed beam or an approved optional beam design. All optional design submittals and shop drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas.

Locate strands for the designed beam as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5". Place strands within a row as follows:

1) Locate a strand in each "A" position.

2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of beam.

3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width. Do not debond strands in position "A". Distribute debonded strands symmetrically about the vertical centerline. Increase debonded lengths working outward, with debonding staggered in each row.



DOT 4SB12 SLAB BEAM

TXDOT 5SB12 SLAB BEAM

TXDOT 4SB15 SLAB BEAM

TXDOT 5SB15 SLAB BEAM

Texas Department of Transportation

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM STD DESIGNS (TY SB12 OR SB15)

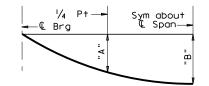
HL93 LOADING

24', 28' & 30' ROADWAY

*PSBSD* 

E: psbsts08-21.dgn	DN: SF	RW	ск: ВМР	DW:	SF5	ck: SDB	
TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		ŀ	IIGHWAY	ı
REVISIONS 1-21: Added load rating.	0901	22	122, ET	C.	С	S, ETC.	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	ı
	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		67	ı





Face of Bkwl or & Bent —

End Diaphragm ~ See TYPICAL END DIAPHRAGM SECTIONS for\_

DT and H placement

Outside top edge

of beam and slab

Layout for Joint and location (g)

See L type

2 3/4"

Note: Deflections shown are due to shear key and concrete slab only, (E c =  $5 \times 10^3$  ksi). Calculated deflections shown are theoretical and actual dimension may be less. Deflections may be adjusted based on field observation.

# DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

BAR	TABLE							
BAR	SIZE							
Α	#4							
DT	#4							
Н	#5							
T	#4							

AND SECTION DEPTHS										
SPAN DE			DEAD LOA	D DEFLECT	SECTION DEPTHS					
LENGTH (FT)	BE AM NO.	BEAM NO.			POINT	SHEAR KEY	SLAB	TOTAL	"X" AT & BRG 2	"Y" AT © BRG
30	ALL	"A" "B"	0.000 0.000	0.000 0.001	0.000 0.001	5"	3′-3"			
35	ALL	"A" "B"	0.000 0.001	0.001 0.001	0.001 0.002	5 1/4"	3'-3 1/4"			
40	ALL	"A" "B"	0.001 0.001	0.001 0.002	0.002 0.003	5 1/4"	3′-3 1/4"			
45	ALL	"A" "B"	0.002 0.002	0.002 0.003	0.004 0.005	5 1/4"	3′-3 1/4"			
50	ALL	"A" "B"	0.002 0.003	0.003 0.005	0.005 0.008	5 1/4"	3′-3 1/4"			
55	ALL	"A" "B"	0.003 0.005	0.005 0.007	0.008 0.012	5 1/4"	3′-3 1/4"			
60	ALL	"A" "B"	0.005 0.007	0.007 0.009	0.012 0.016	5 1/4"	3′-3 1/4"			
65	ALL	"A" "B"	0.007 0.010	0.009 0.013	0.016 0.023	5 ½"	3′-3 ½"			
70	ALL	"A" "B"	0.009 0.013	0.013 0.018	0.022 0.031	5 ¾"	3′-3 ¾"			
75	ALL	"A" "B"	0.012 0.017	0.017 0.024	0.029 0.041	5 ¾"	3′-3 ¾"			
80	ALL	"A" "B"	0.016 0.023	0.022 0.031	0.038 0.054	6"	3′-4"			
85	ALL	"A" "B"	0.021 0.029	0.028 0.039	0.049 0.068	6 ½"	3'-4 1/2"			
90	ALL	"A" "B"	0.026 0.037	0.035 0.050	0.061 0.087	6 ¾"	3'-4 3/4"			
95	ALL	" A "	0.033	0.044	0.077	7"	3′-5"			

0.062

TABLE OF DEFLECTIONS

1 If multi-span units (with slab continuous over Interior Bents) are indicated on the Bridge Layout, Bars T must be continuous through joint. See Continuous Slab Detail.

- Based on theoretical beam camber, dead load deflections of 5" Cast-in-place slab, shear key dead load and a constant grade. The contractor must adjust these values for any vertical curve.
- $\overline{\ \ \ \ }$  Slab thickness at midspan of Beams may not exceed 7 inches.
- $\stackrel{ullet}{ ext{4}}$  This standard does not provide for changes in roadway cross slopes within the structure.
- $^{f{5}}$  If using Type A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100 feet.
- $^{f{(6)}}$  Form bottom of shear keys with foam backer rod or other material acceptable to the Engineer.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications.

Provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi) for slab and shear key. Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans. All reinforcing must be Grade 60.

Two-span or three-span units, with the slab continuous over Interior Bents, may be formed with the details on this standard. Unit Length cannot exceed 3.5 times length of the shortest end span.

Bar laps, where required, will be as follows:
Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-5"
Epoxy coated ~ #4 = 2'-1"

It is recommended, with crown cross-slope, to erect beams adjacent to crown point first. For structures without a crown point, it is recommended to erect beams on the high side of cross-slope first and progress to the low side.

This sheet does not support the use of Transition Bents.

See railing details and standard BBRAS for rail anchorage.



SHEET 1 OF 2

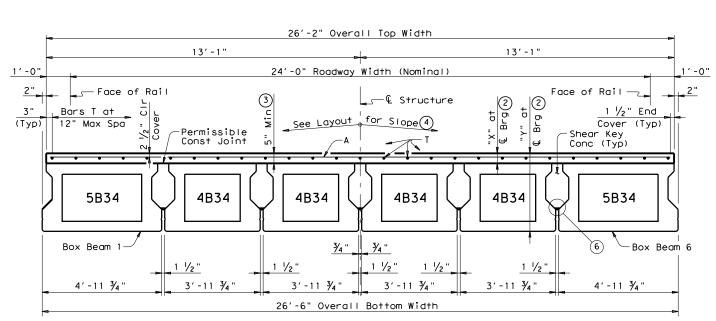
Bridge Division Standard



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE **BOX BEAM SPANS** TYPE B34 24' RDWY (WITH SLAB)

SBBS-B34-24

bbstds23.dgn	DN: TXE	DOT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0t	ck: TxD0t
TxDOT December, 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS -11: Span length.	0901	22	122, ETC. CS, ETC.		, ETC.	
-11: Spair rength. -12: Cover. -15: Table of Est Quantities.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
Notes.	PAR	HUNT, ETC.				68



PLAN

30.000' thru 95.000' Spans

Outside top edge of beam and slab

- T (1)

–⊈ Structure

Outside bottom edge of beam —

-C Box Beam 1

-Face of Bkwl or & Bent

2" End Cover (1)

(Typ)

End Diaphragm ~ See TYPICAL END DIAPHRAGM SECTIONS for

DT and H placemen

Outside bottom edge of beam

<u>R</u>

of

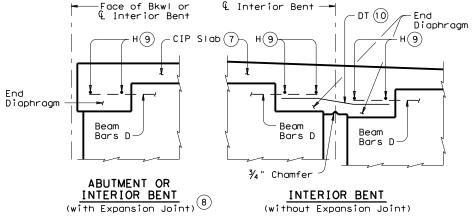
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for ocat:

Layout and Ic

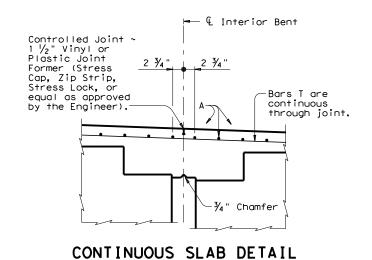
# TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION



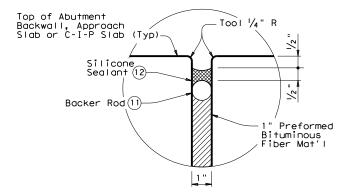


# TYPICAL END DIAPHRAGM SECTIONS

(along centerline of Box Beam)



(Diaphragm reinforcing not shown for clarity)



TYPE A JOINT DETAIL 5

- TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES PRESTR CONCRETE BOX BEAMS (TY 5B34) PRESTR CONCRETE TOTAL REINF STEEL REINF CONC BOX BEAMS TY 4B34) SPAN LENGTH SHEAR SLAB (BOX BEAM) 14 (13) (13) FΤ SF LF 1 F CY Lb 30 7.9 785 118.00 59.00 1,570 35 9.3 916 138.00 69.00 1,832 10.6 40 1,047 158.00 79.00 2,094 45 12.0 1,177 178.00 89.00 2,354 50 13.3 1,308 198.00 99.00 2,616 55 14.7 1,439 218.00 109.00 2,878 60 16.0 1,570 238.00 119.00 3,140 65 258.00 17.4 1,701 129.00 3,402 70 1,832 278.00 139.00 3,664 18.7 75 20.0 1,962 298.00 149.00 3,924 80 21.4 2,093 318.00 159.00 4,186 338.00 85 22.7 2,224 169.00 4,448 90 24.1 2,355 358.00 179.00 4,710 95 378.00 25.4 2,486 189.00 4,972
- $^{f{5}}$  If using Type A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100 ft.
- Slab reinforcing omitted for clarity.
- 8 See Bridge Layout for Joint type.
- $^{(9)}$  Provide 1  $1\!\!/_{\!2}$  " end cover to Bars H. After all beams have been placed, weld one Bar H to two Bars D at each end of all beams.
- (10) Lap Bars DT 9" Min with each Beam Bar D at Interior Bents without Expansion Joints. Bars DT shown bent for clarity only.
- (1) Backer rod must be 25% larger than joint opening and must be compatible with the sealant.
- $^{(12)}$  Use Class 7 silicone sealant. Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints".
- ${}^{\scriptsize{\scriptsize{\scriptsize{\scriptsize{13}}}}}}$  Fabricator must adjust beam lengths for beam slopes as required.
- $^{oxed{(4)}}$  Reinforcing steel weight is based on an approximate factor of 2.0 lbs per square foot of slab.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

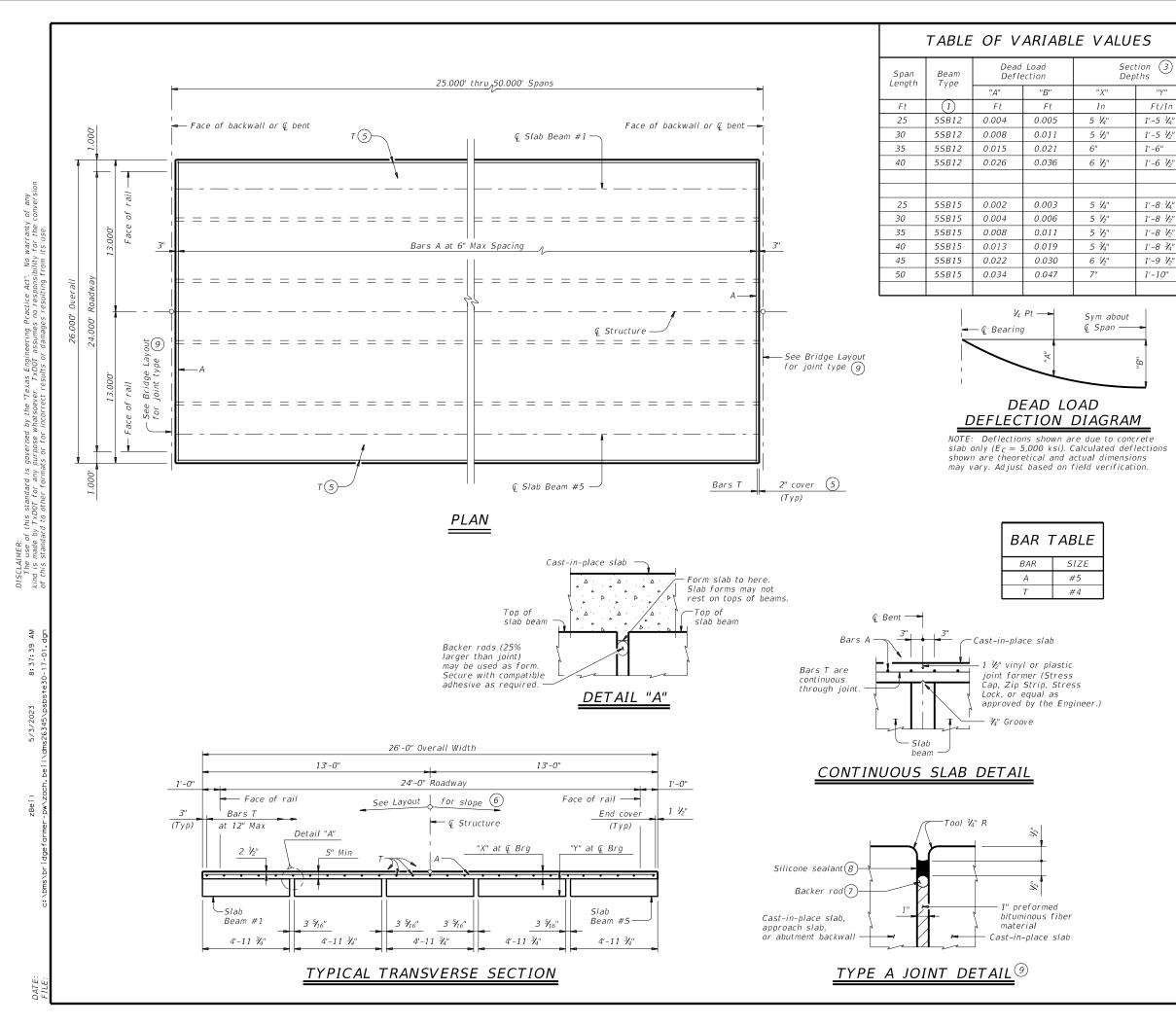
Texas Department of Transportation

Bridge Division Standard PRESTRESSED CONCRETE

**BOX BEAM SPANS** TYPE B34 24' RDWY (WITH SLAB)

SBBS-B34-24

000		_					
E: bbstds23.dgn	DN: TXE	DOT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
TxDOT December, 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS -11: Span length.	0901	22	122, ETC.		CS.	ETC.	
-12: Cover. -12: Table of Est Quantities.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
Notes.	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		69	



### TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

l							
SPAN	REINF CONCRETE SLAB	(5S	TOTAL (2) REINF				
LENGTH	(SLAB (SLAB BEAM)	ABUT TO INT BT	INT BT TO INT BT	ABUT TO ABUT	STEEL		
Ft	SF	LF 4	LF 4	LF (4)	Lb		
25	650	122.50	122.50	122.50	1,820		
30	780	147.50	147.50	147.50	2,180		
35	910	172.50	172.50	172.50	2,550		
40	1,040	197.50	197.50	197.50	2,910		
45	1,170	222.50	222.50	222.50	3,280		
50	1,300	247.50	247.50	247.50	3,640		

- 1) See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure. These standards do not provide for the use of both SB12 and SB15 beams within the same structure.
- (2) Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.8 Lbs/SF.
- (3) Based on theoretical beam camber, dead load deflections of 5" cast-in-place concrete slab and a constant grade. The Contractor will adjust these values for any vertical curve.
- 4 Fabricator will adjust beam lengths for beam slopes as required
- (5) Where slab is continuous over Interior Bents, Bars T are continuous through Joint. See "Continuous Slab Detail".
- (6)This standard does not provide for changes in roadway cross-slopes within the structure.
- (7) 1  $V_4$ " backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- (8) Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- 9 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type
  A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100
  feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

  10 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type
  A expansion joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

  11 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type
  A expansion joint locations. If using Type
  A expansion joint locations. If using Type
  A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100
  feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

  12 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type
  A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100
  feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

  13 See Bridge Layout for expansion joints is 100
  feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

  14 See Bridge Layout for expansion joints is 100
  feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

  15 See Bridge Layout for expansion joints is 100
  feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

  16 See Bridge Layout for expansion joints is 100
  feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

  17 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations is 100
  feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

  18 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations is 100
  feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

  18 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations is 100
  feet. Type A joint location joint locati Superstructures".

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Two- or three-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents. may be formed with the details shown on this sheet.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in slab. This standard does not support the use of transition bents.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"

~ #5 = 2'-0"

Epoxy coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5'$  $\sim #5 = 3'-0'$ 

Deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A or T unless noted otherwise.

### HL93 LOADING



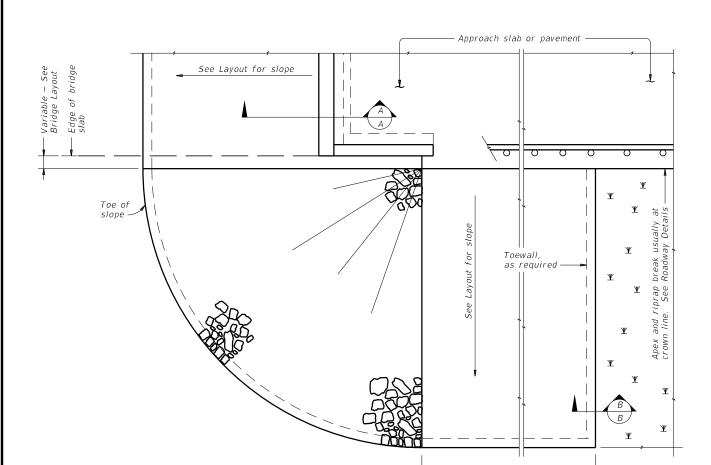
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM SPANS (TY SB12 OR SB15)

24' ROADWAY

SPSB-24

		_					
LE: psbste30-17.dgn	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT	DW:	TxD0T	ck:TxD0T	
TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB		НІ	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ETC. CS,		, ETC.		
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	PAR	HUNT, ETC.				70	





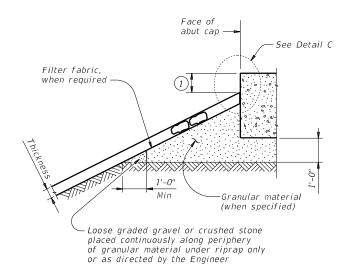
See Layout for limits

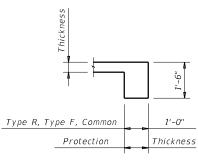
<u>PLAN</u>

ELEVATION

See elsewhere in plans for rail transition

traffic rail -

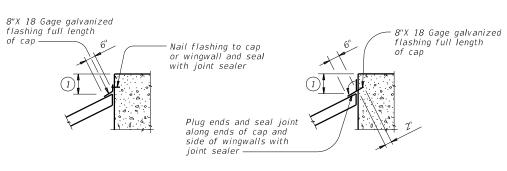




## SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

### SECTION A-A AT CAP



#### CAP OPTION A

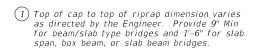
#### CAP OPTION B

#### DETAIL C

GENERAL NOTES: Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified.

See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.

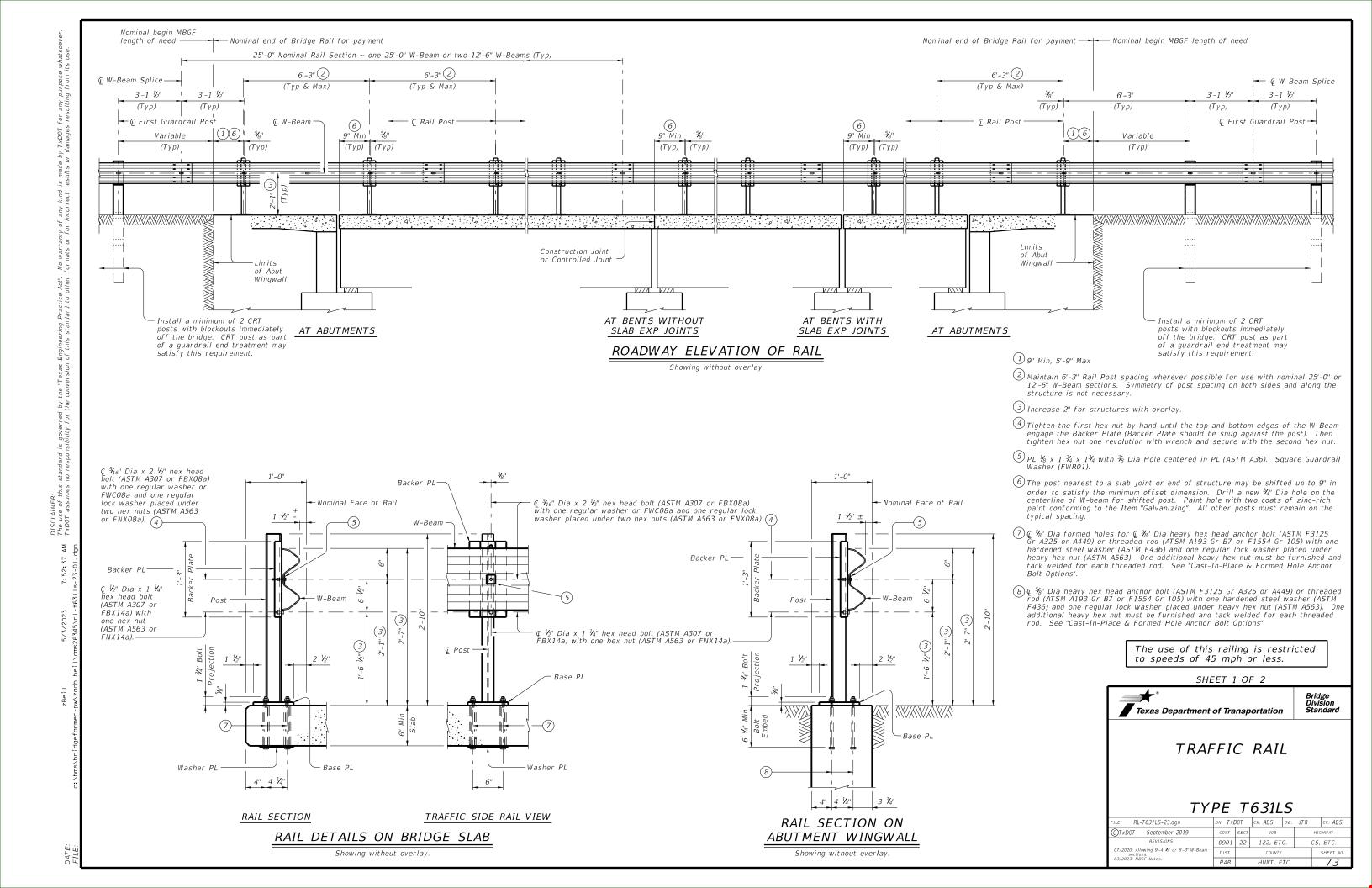


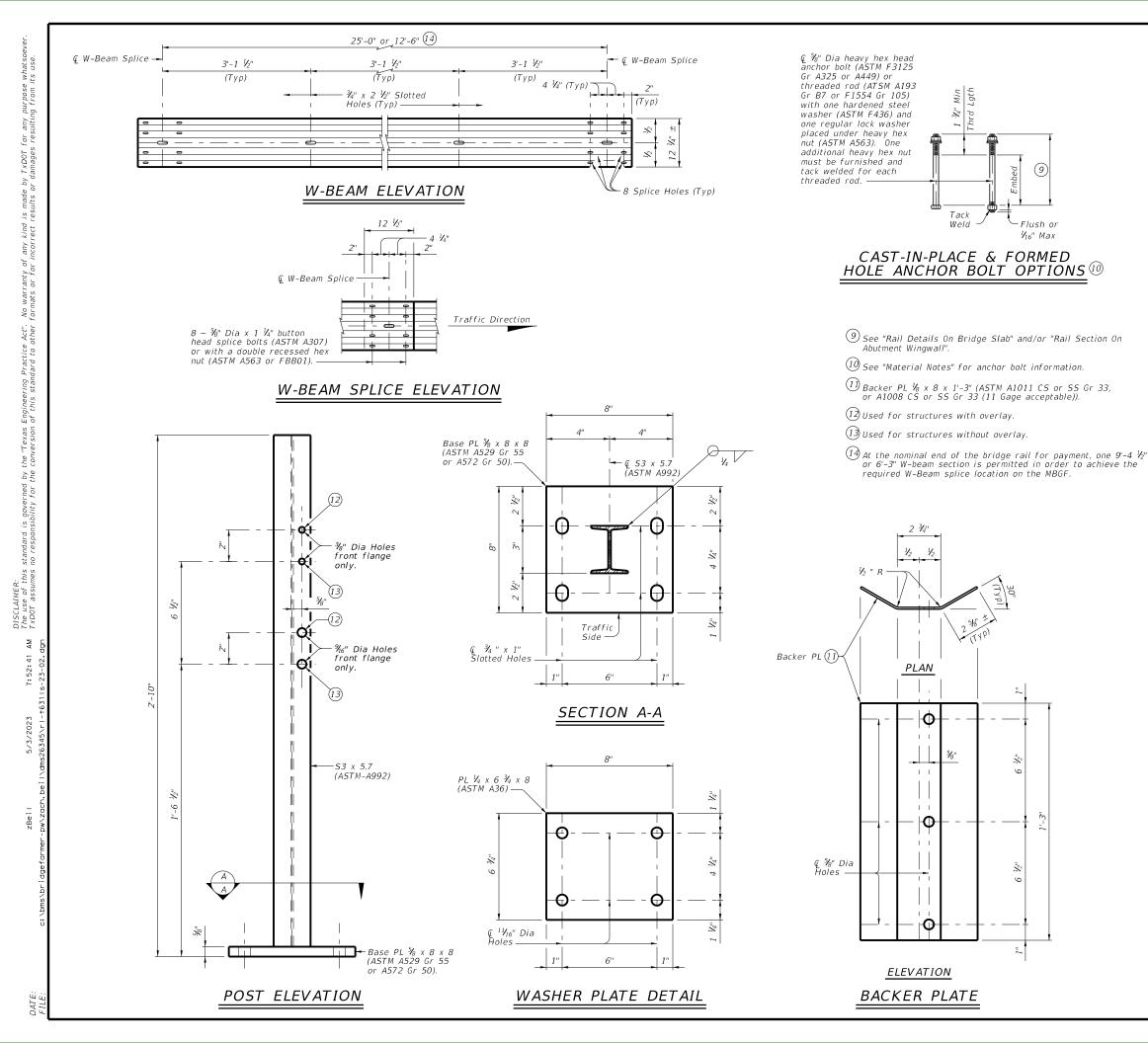




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©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT JOB HIGHWAY		IGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ETC. (		CS	S, ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PAR		HUNT. F	TC.		7 1





#### MBGF AND END TREATMENT NOTES:

This traffic railing must be anchored by metal beam guard fence (MBGF) and/or guard fence end treatments. Determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual, unless otherwise specified. The minimum MBGF length of need required for anchoring the railing is: SGT; or DAT plus 12.5 of MBGF, as applicable. Provide CRT posts as shown in "Roadway Elevation of Rail." The SGT and DAT plus 12.5' MBGF must be installed tangent to primary roadway.

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Face of rail post must be plumb unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Post must be perpendicular to adjacent roadway grade. Use epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than  $V_{16}$ " exist.

Fully anchored guardrail must be attached to each end of rail. A metal beam guard fence transition is not used with this rail.

At the Contractor's option anchor bolts may be an adhesive

anchor system. See "Material Notes". Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests".

Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed. It is recommended to show a Rail Layout with rail posts and

W-beam splices. Fabricator must submit erection drawings to the Engineer for approval.

Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail post and backer plate to approximately  $\mathcal{N}_{16}$ " by grinding. Shop drawings are not required for this rail.

MATERIAL NOTES: Galvanize all steel components.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be  $\frac{7}{8}$ " Dia ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Optional adhesive anchorage system must be  $\frac{5}{6}$ " Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 ¾". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing."

W-beam must meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified in the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 25'-0" or 12'-6" (Nominal) lengths and a single rail element of 9'-4  $\frac{1}{2}$ " or 6'-3" (Nominal) length. W-Beam must have slotted holes at 3'-1  $\frac{V_2}{2}$ ".

Some part numbers from the "Task Force 13" Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware have been furnished for quick reference.

GENJERANingNAIESS an successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-2 criteria. This railing can be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

This rail is designed to deflect approximately 2' to 2'-6" as it contains and redirects the errant vehicle. This rail may not be installed on top of or behind curbs that project above finished grade, on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement, on retaining walls, or on grade separations and interchanges

Repairs to impact-damaged post and base plate unit are not permitted. Replace all impact-damaged posts with a new post and base plate unit.

Average weight of railing with no overlay: 13 plf total.

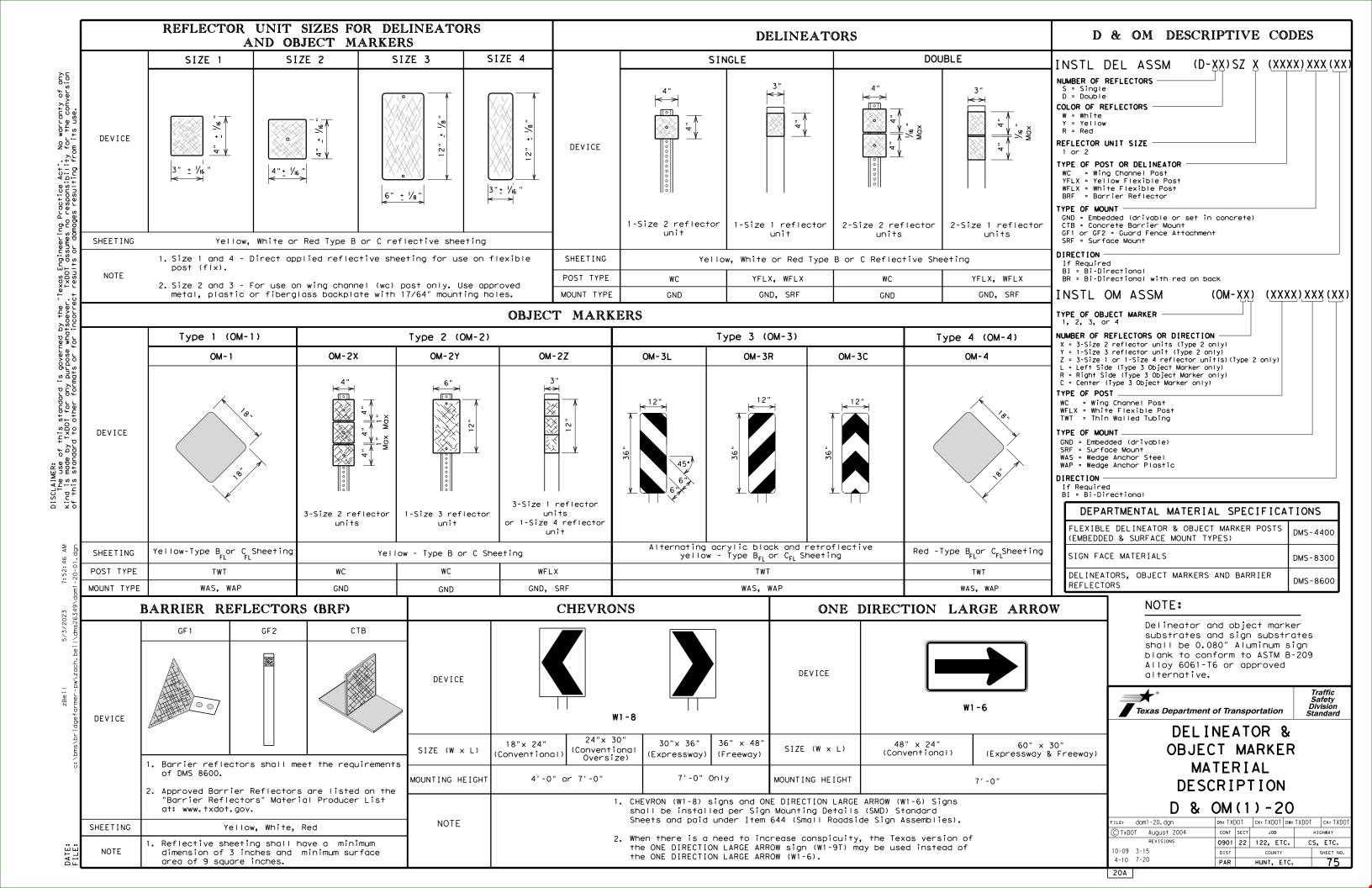
#### SHEET 2 OF 2

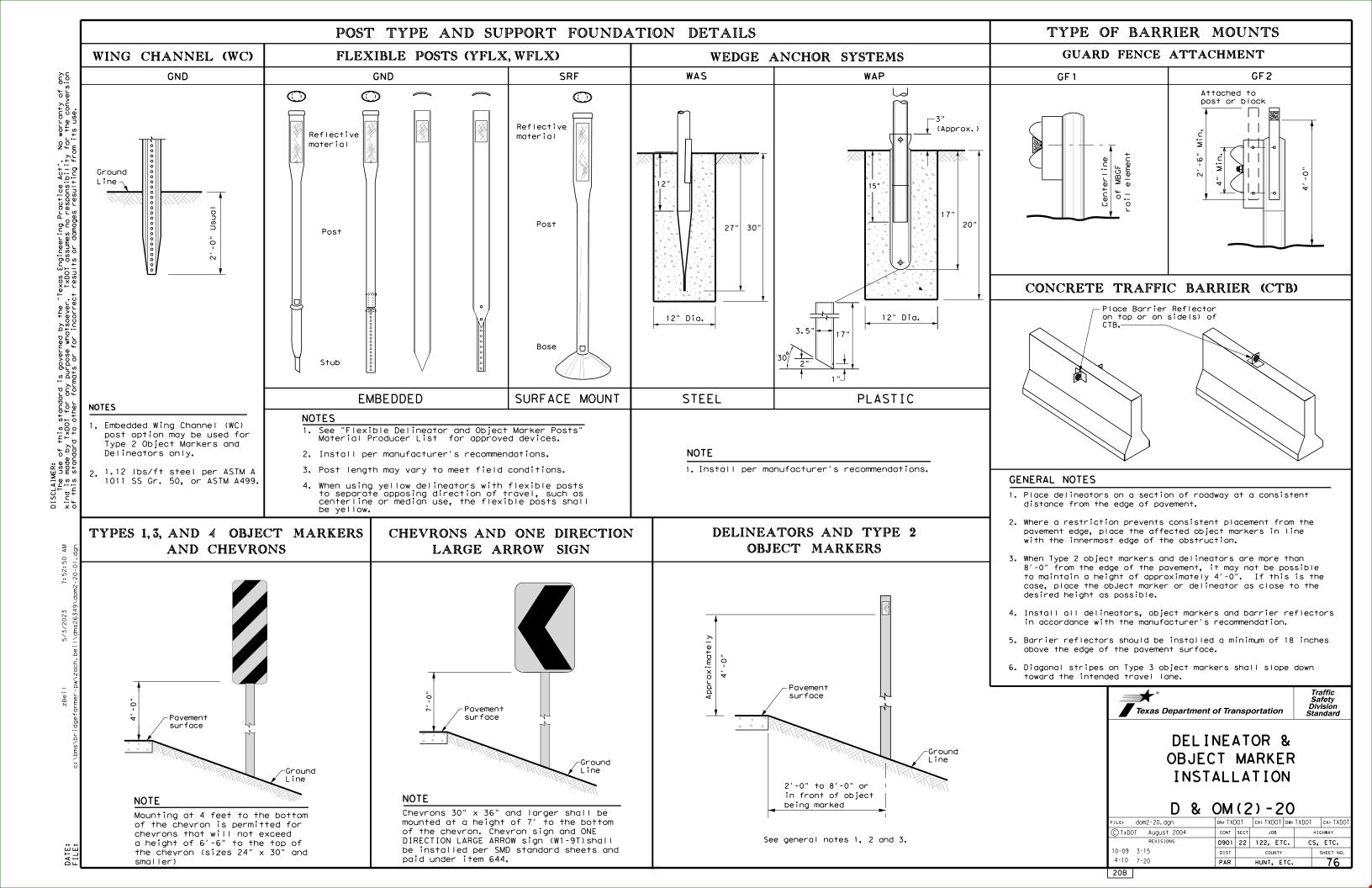


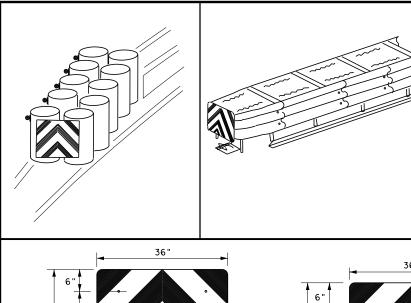
TRAFFIC RAIL

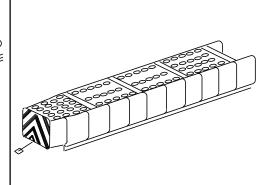
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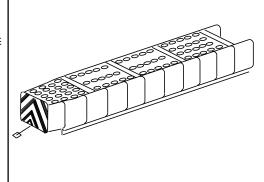
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FILE: RL-T631LS-23.dgn	DN: TXDOT CK: AES DW: JTR CK: AES					ck: AES
©TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT JOB HIGHWAY			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	С.	4	CS, ETC.
07/2020: Allowing 9'-4 "½" or 6'-3" W-Beam sections.	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
03/2023: MBGF Notes.	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		74

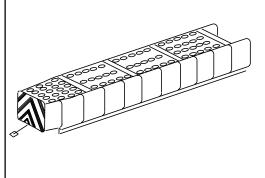








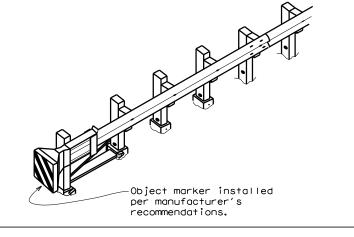


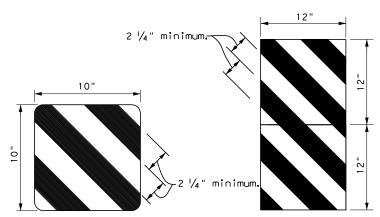


\* Adjust to fit

Engineer

recommendation, or







**EXIT** 

444

BACK PANEL (OPTIONAL)



- \*1. Spacing should be adjusted to attach through centerline of drum, per attenuator manufacturers recommendation, or as directed by the Engineer.
- Mounting should be flush with top of attenuator. Minimum size 96" x 24".
- 1½ "R

applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.

2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting

- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2  $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT **ATTENUATORS** 

D & OM(VIA)-20

FILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TX[	XDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT		ck: TXDOT		
CTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ETC	С. С	S, ETC.	
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
4-98 7-20	PAR		HUNT, E1	rc.	78	

attenuator per manufacturer's as directed by the OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2 NOTES 1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept at the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0901-22-122

#### 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: 0.03 MI WEST OF FARBER CREEK BRANCH

To: 0.03 MI EAST OF FARBER CREEK BRANCH

#### **1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:**

BEGIN: (Lat) 33° 6'51.89"N ,(Long) 96° 8'50.05"W

END: (Lat) 33° 6'51.85"N ,(Long) 96° 8'46.48"W

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 0.56 AC

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.52 AC

#### 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

BRIDGE REPLACEMENT AND APPROACHES.

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
KAUFMAN CLAY	0 TO 1 PERCENT SLOPES, FREQUENTLY FLOODED
LESON CLAY	1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

☐ PSLs determined during construction

X No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

X Mobilization

X Install sediment and erosion controls

X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

X Remove existing pavement

X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina

Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail

X Install proposed pavement per plans

X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

☐ Place flex base

X Rework slopes, grade ditches

Blade windrowed material back across slopes

X Revegetation of unpaved areas

X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other: \_

Other:			
Other:			

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- □ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste - Othor

_ Other.			
☐ Other:			

L	Other:	

#### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies	s with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Other:			

☐ Other:	

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

□ Other

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

_ 0			_
□ Othor:			



0901-22-122 SHELBY AVE AT FARBER CREEK BRANCH

## STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 1 of 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.					
		(SEE TITLE SHEET)					
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXA	s	PAR	HUNT, ETC.				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.				
0901	ı	22	122, ETC.	CS, ETC.			

#### 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
□ X Protection of Existing Vegetation   □ Vegetated Buffer Zones   □ Soil Retention Blankets   □ Geotextiles   □ Mulching/ Hydromulching   □ Soil Surface Treatments   □ Temporary Seeding   X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding   □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs   X Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams   □ Vertical Tracking   □ Interceptor Swale   □ Riprap   □ Diversion Dike   □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain   □ Embankment for Erosion Control   □ Paved Flumes   □ Other:   □ Other:
□ □ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T / P  □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls □ Inlet Protection  X □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
<ul> <li>☐ Sandbag Berms</li> <li>X ☐ Sediment Control Fence</li> <li>X ☐ Stabilized Construction Exit</li> <li>☐ ☐ Floating Turbidity Barrier</li> </ul>
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
☐ ☐ Other:
Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Stationing		
Туре	From	То	

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily

X Haul roads dampened for dust control

X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin

X Stabilized construction exit

☐ Other: _	
☐ Other: _	
□ Other:	
Other:	

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control
- X Sanitary Facilities

☐ Other: _			
☐ Other: _			
 □ Other: _			

#### **2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:**

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing		
Туре	From	То	

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3

#### 2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

5/2/2023

ROSANNA BARGHOUTI

0901-22-122 SHELBY AVE AT FARBER CREEK BRANCH

STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 2 of 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.				SHEET NO.		
		(SEE TITLE SHEET) 80					
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXA	S	PAR	HUNT, ETC.				
CONT.	CONT. SECT.		JOB HIGHWAY NO.		٧0.		
0901	0901 22		122. ETC. CS. ETC.		c.		

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept at the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0901-29-097

#### **1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:**

From: 0.04 MI WEST OF BLEDSOE CREEK

To: 0.04 MI EAST OF BLEDSOE CREEK

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres):

#### **1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:**

BEGIN: (Lat) 33°28'35.33"N ,(Long) 95°51'29.12"W END: (Lat) 33°28'36.62"N ,(Long) 95°51'13.85"W 0.51 AC

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.06 AC

#### 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

ROADWAY, BRIDGE, EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
Ozan Formation (Ko)	Consists of clay with some fine sand. Clay is generally calceous, gray with marine megafossils.

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

X No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s		

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

- X Mobilization
- X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- X Remove existing pavement
- X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- Install proposed pavement per plans
- ☐ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- X Place flex base
- X Rework slopes, grade ditches
- ☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- X Revegetation of unpaved areas
- X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:			

Other.			
Other:			

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction activities
- ▼ Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- ▼ Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- □ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

□ Other:				
☐ Other:				

#### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
North Sulphur River	Freshwater Stream
* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies	s with pollutant in ()

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Perform SWP3 inspections
- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Other	
☐ Other:	

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

- X Day To Day Operational Control
- X Maintain schedule of major construction activities
- X Install, maintain and modify BMPs □ Other: \_\_\_\_

□ Other:			



0901-29-097 CR 28100 AT BLEDSOE CREEK

STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 1 of 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.	
		SEE TITLE SHEET 81			
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY		
TEXA	S	PAR	HUNT, ETC.		
CONT.		SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.		NO.
0901		22	122, FIC. CS. FIC.		C-

#### 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

# 

T/P	
	Protection of Eviating Vagetation
	Protection of Existing Vegetation Vegetated Buffer Zones
	Soil Retention Blankets
	Geotextiles
	Mulching/ Hydromulching
	Soil Surface Treatments
	Temporary Seeding
	Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
	Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
	Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
	Vertical Tracking
	Interceptor Swale
	Riprap
	Diversion Dike
	Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
	Embankment for Erosion Control Paved Flumes
	Other:
	Other:
	Other:
	Other:
	EDIMENT CONTROL DMD-
	EDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P	
	Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
	Dewatering Controls
	Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection
	Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
	Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Sandbag Berms
	Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
	Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Sandbag Berms Sediment Control Fence
X X X	Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Sandbag Berms Sediment Control Fence Stabilized Construction Exit Floating Turbidity Barrier
X X X	Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Sandbag Berms Sediment Control Fence Stabilized Construction Exit Floating Turbidity Barrier Vegetated Buffer Zones
X X X	Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Sandbag Berms Sediment Control Fence Stabilized Construction Exit Floating Turbidity Barrier Vegetated Buffer Zones Vegetated Filter Strips
X X X X X X	Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Sandbag Berms Sediment Control Fence Stabilized Construction Exit Floating Turbidity Barrier Vegetated Buffer Zones Vegetated Filter Strips Other:
X X X X X X	Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Sandbag Berms Sediment Control Fence Stabilized Construction Exit Floating Turbidity Barrier Vegetated Buffer Zones Vegetated Filter Strips Other:Other:
X X	Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Sandbag Berms Sediment Control Fence Stabilized Construction Exit Floating Turbidity Barrier Vegetated Buffer Zones Vegetated Filter Strips Other:

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Typo	Stationing			
Туре	From	То		
Refer to the Environmental Layo	ut Sheets/ SWP3	Layout Sheets		

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily

X Haul roads dampened for dust control

X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin

X Stabilized construction exit

Other:

□ Otner: _	
 □ Other: _	
 □ Other: _	

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control

□ Other:

X Sanitary Facilities

□ Other: ַ	
☐ Other: _	
☐ Other:	
=	

#### 2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing		
Туре	From	То	

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

#### 2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

> 0901-29-097 CR 28100 AT BLEDSOE CREEK

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 2 of 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.	
		SEE TITLE SHEET			82
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY		
TEXA	S	PAR	HUNT, ETC.		
CONT.		SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.		NO.
0901		22	122, ETC. CS, ETC.		с.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402 III. CULTURAL RESOURCES TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506. List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities. No Action Required Action No. ☐ No Action Required Required Action ያ ዖ 1. Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000 kind rect 2. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or  $\,$ required by the Engineer. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES y for 3. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors. 4. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS. WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER No Action Required ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 Action No. USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s): 3. No Permit Required Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected) Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) ☐ Individual 404 Permit Required Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to. location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation Required Action No Action Required and post-project TSS. Action No. The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts. Best Management Practices: Erosion Sedimentation Post-Construction TSS ☐ Temporary Vegetation Silt Fence Vegetative Filter Strips ☐ Blankets/Matting Rock Berm Retention/Irrigation Systems Engineer immediately. Mulch ☐ Triangular Filter Dike Extended Detention Basin Sand Bag Berm Sodding Constructed Wetlands LIST OF APPREVIATIONS ☐ Interceptor Swale Straw Bale Dike Wet Basin ☐ Diversion Dike ☐ Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

Grassy Swales

NOI: Notice of Intent

Sediment Basins

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. Required Action Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. Required Action V. FEDERAL LISTED. PROPOSED THREATENED. ENDANGERED SPECIES.

CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the

	LIST OF ADDRE	VIAII	<u> </u>
P:	Best Management Practice	SPCC:	Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure
P:	Construction General Permit	SW3P:	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
HS:	Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN:	Pre-Construction Notification
WA:	Federal Highway Administration	PSL:	Project Specific Location
A:	Memorandum of Agreement	TCEQ:	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
U:	Memorandum of Understanding	TPDES:	Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
4:	Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	TPWD:	Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
TA:	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT:	Texas Department of Transportation
T:	Notice of Termination	T&E:	Threatened and Endangered Species
P:	Nationwide Permit	USACE:	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

#### VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.

Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- \* Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- \* Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- Undesirable smells or odors
- \* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

X Yes ☐ No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then  $\mathsf{TxDOT}$  is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required	Required	Action
Action No.		
1.		

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

0901-22-122 SHELBY AVE AT FARBER CREEK BRANCH

<b>≠</b> *
Texas Department of Transportation

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,

ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

FILE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT CK: RO		ck: RG	DW: VP	ck: AR
ℂTxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 12-12-2011 (DS)	0901	22	122, ET	c. (	CS, ETC.
05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST		COUNT	Y	SHEET NO.
01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.	83

I.	STORMWATER POLLUTION P	REVENTION-CLEAN WATER	ACT SECTION 402
	TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater required for projects with 1 disturbed soil must protect Item 506.	or more acres disturbed so	oil. Projects with any
	List MS4 Operator(s) that m They may need to be notified		
	1.		
	2.		
	☐ No Action Required	Required Action	
	Action No.	_ ,	
	Prevent stormwater pollu- accordance with TPDES Per		and sedimentation in
	<ol><li>Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer.</li></ol>	•	ontrol pollution or
	3. Post Construction Site No the site, accessible to	otice (CSN) with SW3P inform the public and TCEQ, EPA or	
	4. When Contractor project area to 5 acres or more,	specific locations (PSL's) submit NOI to TCEQ and the	
II.	. WORK IN OR NEAR STREA ACT SECTIONS 401 AND	•	ETLANDS CLEAN WATER
		filling, dredging, excavati ks, streams, wetlands or we	
	The Contractor must adhere the following permit(s):	to all of the terms and co	nditions associated with
	☐ No Permit Required		
		PCN not Required (less than	1/10th acre waters or
	☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - I	PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2	acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)
	Individual 404 Permit Re	equired	
	Other Nationwide Permit	Required: NWP#	
	Required Actions: List water and check Best Management Pand post-project TSS.	ers of the US permit applies ractices planned to control	
	1.		
	2.		
	3.		
	4.		
		ery high water marks of any ers of the US requiring the Bridge Layouts.	· -
	Best Management Practic	es:	<del></del>
	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS
	☐ Temporary Vegetation	⊠ Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips
	☐ Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation System
	Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin
	Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands
	☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	Wet Basin
	Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost
	Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks
	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Soc
	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	=	Vegetation Lined Ditches
		Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	Sand Filter Systems

☐ Sediment Basins

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. Required Action No Action Required Action No. 4. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. Required Action No Action Required Action No. V. FEDERAL LISTED. PROPOSED THREATENED. ENDANGERED SPECIES. CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. No Action Required Required Action Action No. If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area. do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. vstems LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification FHWA: Federal Highway Administration Project Specific Location MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCFO: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality nd Socks TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System MOU: Memorandum of Understanding Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Threatened and Endangered Species

MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act

NOT: Notice of Termination

NOI: Notice of Intent

Grassy Swales

Nationwide Permit

#### VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- \* Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- \* Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- \* Undesirable smells or odors
- \* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ No X Yes

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then  $\mathsf{TxDOT}$  is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

1. Lead inspection reports for the Bledsoe Cr bridge indication that paint on the steel structure contains lea Any coatings, paint, or other items at this location shall be treated as lead containing paint (LCP). For tasks that expose an employee to lead above the permissible exposure limit (PEL), the contractor shall be responsible for providing exposure assessment and worker protection as required under OSHA 1926.62 (Lead In Construction). When stripping back of lead paint is preformed as a protective measure, strip back sufficient LCP to facilitate the project work.

LCP inspection reports are available for review at the Paris District Office. For additional information contact TxDOT's District Environmental Coordinator at 903-737-9300.

#### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

0901-29-097 CR 28100 AT BLEDSOE CREEK



ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

ILE: epic.dgn	DN: Tx[	OT CK: RG DW: VP		VP CK: AR			
TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB HI		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS -12-2011 (DS)	0901	22	122, ET	С.	. CS, ETC.		
-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
-23-2015 SECTION [ (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	PAR		HUNT, E	TC.		84	

LEGEND

SEEDING

EXISTING DITCH

CONSTRUCTION EXIT



ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 1)

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

PROPOSED TRAFFIC DIRECTION EXISTING TRAFFIC DIRECTION

- REFER TO TYPICAL SECTION SHOWN ON SW3P SUMMARY SHEET FOR LIMITS OF PROPOSED SEEDING.
- LOCATIONS OF DEVICES ARE FOR GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION ONLY. OBTAIN ENGINEERS APPROVAL PRIOR TO INSTALLATIONS.
- CONSTRUCTION EXITS SHOWN CAN BE RELOCATED AS REQUIRED WITH APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.



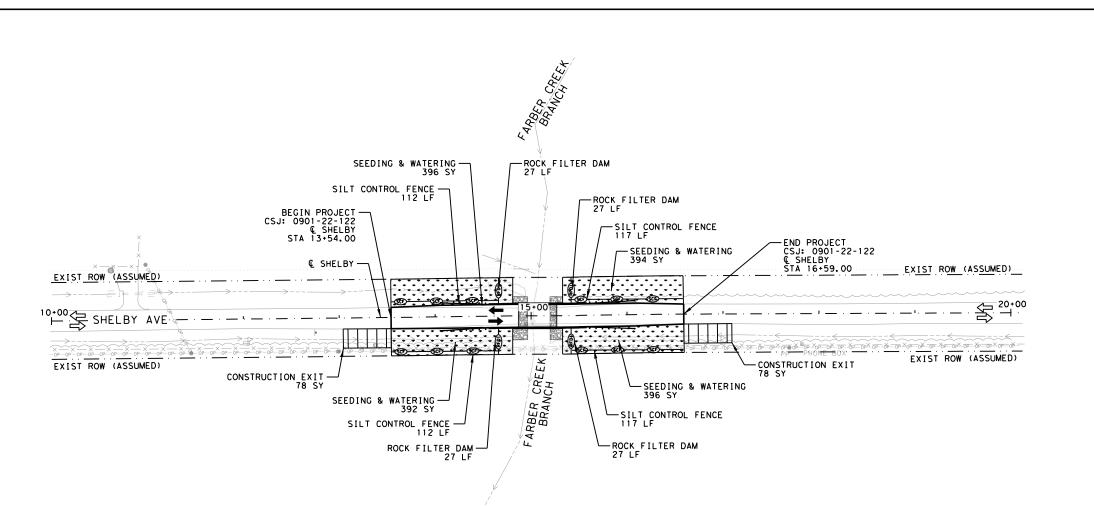


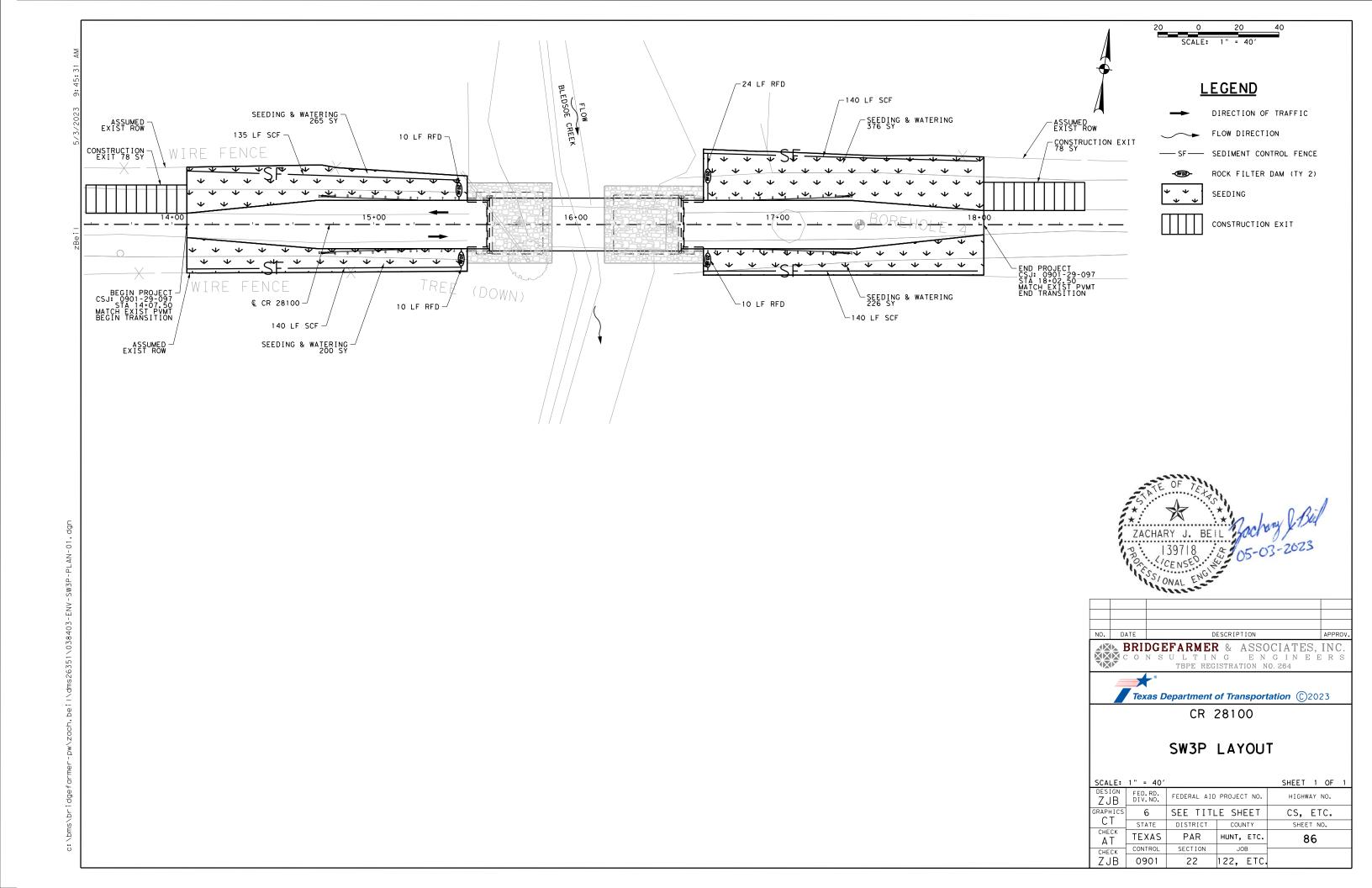


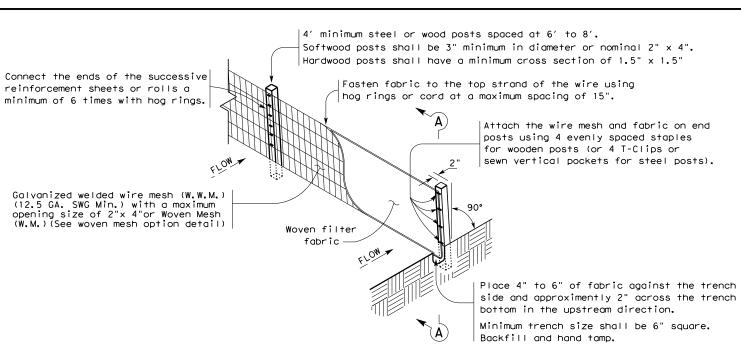
SHELBY AVE

#### SW3P LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100' 1 OF 1									
DESIGN RB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.					
GRAPHICS	X	SEE TITL	CS,ETC.						
XX	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
CHECK	TEXAS	PAR	HUNT, ETC.	85					
CHECK CONTROL SECTION		JOB							
os	0901	22	122,ETC.						

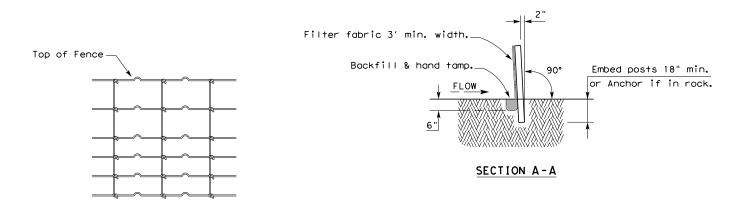






#### TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

\_\_\_\_\_(SCF)\_\_\_\_



#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

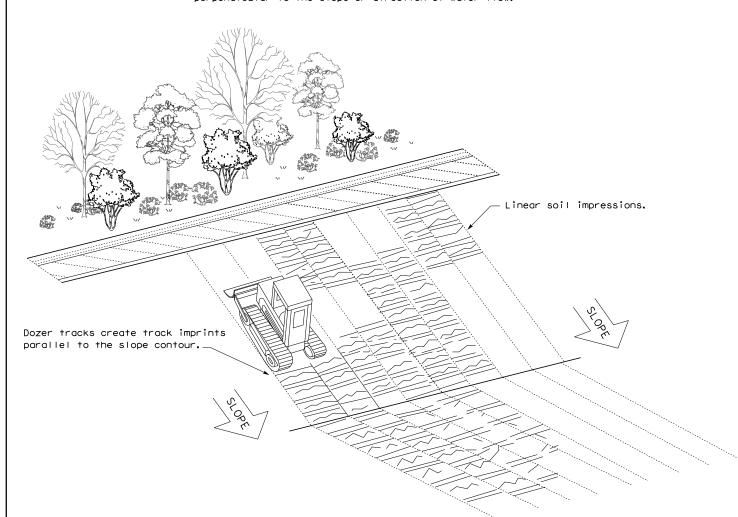
A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

#### LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

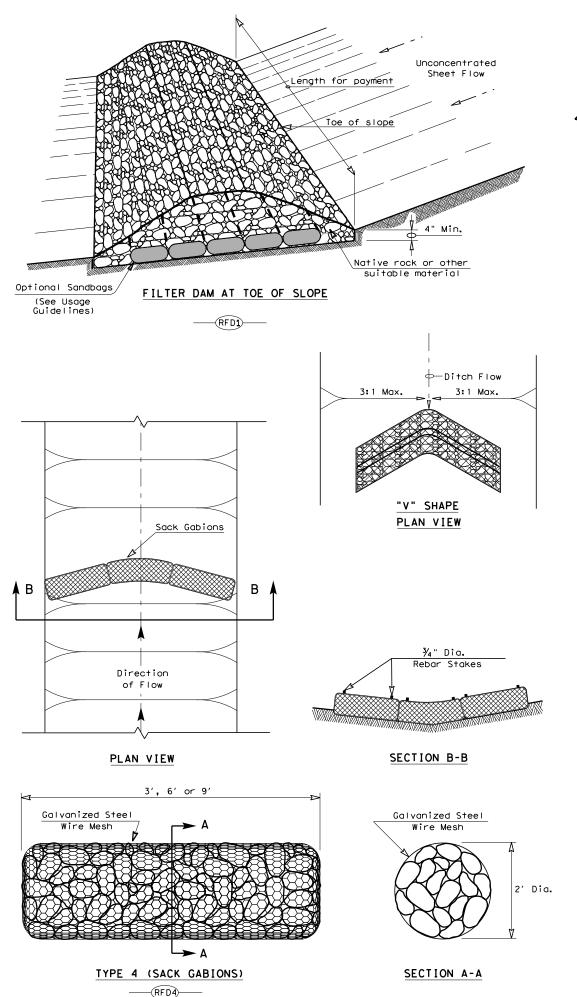
ILE: ec116	DN: TxD	N:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VF		VP DN/CK: LS			
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0901	22	2 122, ETC. C		CS	ETC.	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	PΔR	HUNT FTC		9.7			

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

ment from overland ulate the flow rate

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100  ${\sf GPM/FT^2}$ . Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

—SCF



TxDOT for any purpose what: damages resulting from its

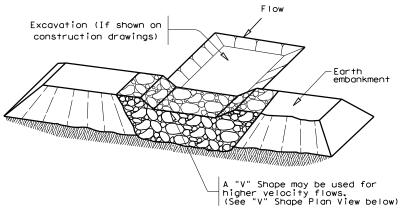
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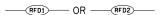
"Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind ersion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect

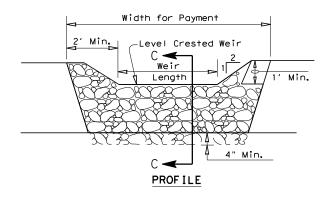
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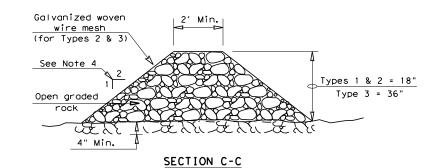
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by XXD01 assumes no responsibility for the 2023



#### FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







#### ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

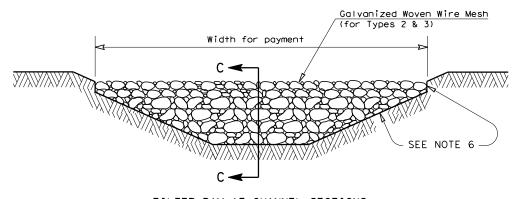
Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 GPM/FT  $^2$  of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



#### 

#### GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

#### PLAN SHEET LEGEND





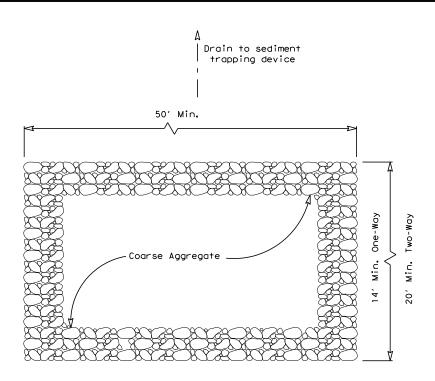
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

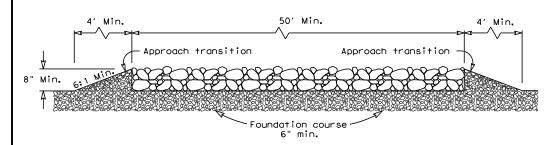
ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2)-16

ILE: ec216	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW: \	: VP   DN/CK: LS	
C) TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ET	С.	CS, ETC.	
	DIST		COUNTY SHEET I		SHEET NO.	
	PAR	HUNT, ETC.		88		



#### PLAN VIEW



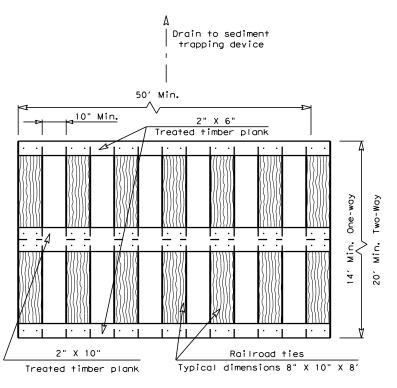
#### ELEVATION VIEW

#### CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 1)

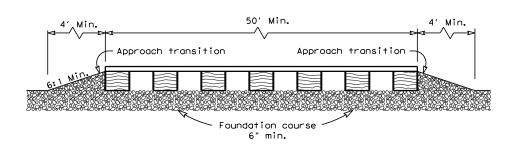
#### ROCK CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

#### GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 1)

- 1. The length of the type 1 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than  $50^{\prime}$  .
- 2. The coarse aggregate should be open graded with a size of 4" to 8".
- The approach transitions should be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 4. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other materialas approved by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit shall be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- 6. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 7. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.



#### PLAN VIEW



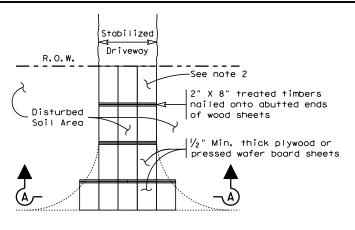
#### ELEVATION VIEW

#### CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 2)

#### TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

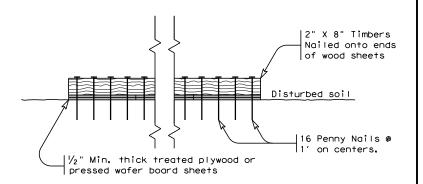
#### GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 2)

- The length of the type 2 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- 2. The treated timber planks shall be attached to the railroad ties with  $\frac{1}{2}$ "x 6" min. lag bolts. Other fasteners may be used as approved by the Engineer.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The approach transitions shall be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.
- The construction exit should be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 8. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the



#### Paved Roadway

#### PLAN VIEW



#### SECTION A-A

# CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 3) SHORT TERM

#### GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 3)

- The length of the type 3 construction exit shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- The type 3 construction exit may be constructed from open graded crushed stone with a size of two to four inches spread a min. of 4" thick to the limits shown on the plans.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.



# TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES CONSTRUCTION EXITS

EC	(3	) - 1	6	
	DN:	TYDOT	CK: KM	DW: VP

FILE: ec316	DN: Tx[	DOT CK: KM DW: V		Dw: VP	DN/CK: LS	
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0901	22	122, ETC. CS		S, ETC.	
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	PΔR	PAR HUNT ETC		TC-	20	