INDEX OF SHEETS	STATE OF TEXAS
SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
1 TITLE SHEET	PLANS OF PROPOSED
2 INDEX OF SHEETS	STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT
INDEX OF LOCATIONS	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER STP 2B23(008)HESG, ETC.
FREDDY GONZALEZ DR AT MONMACK RD HIDALGO COUNTY CSJ 0921-02-500 IMPROVE TRAFFIC SIGNAL	CSJ 0921-02-500, ETC. Net length of project = various locations HIDALGO COUNTY
"M" RD AT MILE 17 1/2 N. RD	FREDDY GONZALEZ DR, ETC.
HIDALGO COUNTY	LIMITS: VARIOUS LOCATIONS
CSJ 0921-02-489	FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF: TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS SAFETY ILLUMINATION
IMPROVE TRAFFIC SIGNAL	CONSISTING OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL AND PEDESTRIAN HEAD UPGRADES
	FM 1925

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ON NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 2022).



LOCATION MAP N. T. S. OVERALL NUMBER OF LOCATIONS: 2 DESIGN SPEED VARIES EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

 TEDSI INFRASTRUCTURE GROUP

 Consulting Engineers

 1201 E. Interstate Highway 2

 40

 Mission, Texas 78572

 (956) 424-7898

TEDSI

TBPE F-1640

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

5/25/







DATE:

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SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1 2	TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS
2 3, 3A - 3F	GENERAL NOTES
4 - 5	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET
	TRAFFIC SIGNAL LAYOUTS
6	FREDDY GONZALEZ DR AT MONMACK RD EXISTING CONDITIONS
7 - 8	FREDDY GONZALEZ DR AT MONMACK RD PROPOSED SIGNAL LAYOUT
9	FLASHING BEACON MILE 17.5 RD & M RD EXISTING CONDITIONS
10	FLASHING BEACON MILE 17.5 RD & M RD PROPOSED SITE LAYOUT
	TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS
44.00	
	BC(1)-21 THRU BC(12)-21 WZ(BTS-1)-13 THRU WZ(BTS-2)-13
23-24 *	WZ(BIS-1)-13 INKO WZ(BIS-2)-13
	TRAFFIC SIGNAL STANDARDS
25 - 30 😽	ED(1)-14, ED(3)-14 THRU ED(6)-14, ED(8)-14
	RID(1)-20
32 - 33 😽	SP-100(1)-12 THRU SP-100(2)-12
34 😽	LUM-A-12
35 *	CFA-12
36 😽	TS-FD-12
37 😽	TS-BP-20
38 😽	ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESIGN WITH SIGNAL CONTROLLER
39 - 41 🛛 😽	TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
	SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS LAYOUTS
42	FREDDY GONZALEZ DR AT MONMACK RD SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS
	SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS STANDARDS
43 - 44 🛛 😽	TSR(3)-13 THRU TSR(4)-13
45 🗶	SMD(GEN)-08
	SMD(SLIP-1)-08 THRU SMD(SLIP-3)-08
49 - 52 *	PM(1)-22 THRU PM(4)-22A
	ENVIROMENTAL ISSUES
53	ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC)
54 - 56	EPIC SHEET SUPPLEMENTALS TPWD BMPs
57	STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH A " * " SYMBOL HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



NO.	DATE			REVISION			APP.
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2014 SPECS GENERAL NOTES:

General Requirements and Covenants to ITEMS 1 thru 9:

For all pits or quarries, comply with the "Texas Aggregate Quarry and Pit Safety Act."

Provide on a weekly basis a list of equipment, including idle equipment, utilized on the project that week.

The 1-800 call services for utility locations do not include TxDOT facilities. Contact the Pharr District Signal Section (956-702-6225) for coordination regarding TxDOT underground lines.

ITEM 2: Instructions to Bidders

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Hector Siller, P.E., Pharr Area Engineer; Jesus Noriega, P.E., Assist. Area Engineer;

Hector.Siller@txdot.gov Jesus.Noriega@txdot.gov

Control: 0921-02-500, Etc.

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals. Questions may also be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

ITEM 5: Control of the Work

The responsibility for the construction surveying on this contract will be in accordance with Article 5.9.3., "Method C."

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ITEM 6: Control of Materials

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classificationsheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

ITEM 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

Roadway or Lane closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited:

- National Holidays
- The day before a National Holiday
- Local Special Event

ITEM 8: Prosecution and Progress

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4. Standard Workweek.

The Contractor shall begin work as per the contract within 120 days as delineated by the Special Provision 008---004 and shall continuously prosecute the work thereafter. The contractor shall complete the work within the time limit specified. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 24 hours before beginning work and any new operation. The Contractor shall not start new operations to the detriment of work already begun. The prosecution of the work shall be conducted in such a manner as to impose minimum inconvenience to the traveling public.

Prepare progress schedules as a Bar Chart.

Control: 0921-02-500, Etc.

• During emergency events such as natural disasters or as directed by the Engineer

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ITEM 400: Excavation and Backfill for Structures

If the Contractor elects to cut pavement (existing/detour) for structural work beyond that required by the construction phasing shown in the plans and approved by the Engineer, it shall be restored at his expense and backfilled to its original condition or better in accordance with Item 400.

Control: 0921-02-500, Etc.

ITEM 416: Drilled Shaft Foundations

Payment for furnishing and installing anchor bolts mounted in drill shafts will be included in the unit price bid for the various diameter drill shafts.

The Contractor shall coordinate with the utility companies to verify utility locations before drilling foundations.

The Contractor shall form, or provide a smooth finish, the portions of drilled shaft that project above the ground line. Place a ³/₄ inch chamfer on the top edge of each pole foundation. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this bid Item.

All drilled shaft foundations will be based on the lengths shown on the plans or those established in writing. Adequate calculations for measurements of foundations have been made in accordance with Article 9.1. of the Standard Specifications. Increases or decreases in the quantities required by change in design will be measured as specified and the revised quantities will be the basis for payment.

In the presence of excess ground water and/or unstable conditions in sub-grade soils prevents excavation to the line and depths indicated on the plans for "Drilled Shaft Foundation", other proposed methods of foundation installation such as casing, etc. shall be submitted for review and approved by the Engineer.

ITEM 421: Hydraulic Cement Concrete

Provide Sulfate Resistant Concrete for all concrete piling and drilled shafts.

Provide equipment at the batch plant for determining the free moisture and/or absorption of aggregates in accordance with applicable TXDOT Test.

Provide the following items for concrete batch inspection in accordance with specifications outlined in DMS-10101, "Computer Equipment":

(1) One Desktop Microcomputer or One Laptop Microcomputer

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(2) One Integrated Printer/Scanner/Copier/Fax Unit (3) Contractor-Furnished Software

(4) Hardware

Submit to the Engineer for approval the project locations for all Portland Cement concrete washout areas prior to starting any concrete work.

Fiber Reinforced Concrete is not permitted.

ITEM 502: Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Shadow vehicles equipped with Truck-Mounted Attenuators are required for traffic handling. See notes for Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator/Trailer Attenuator, for additional references pertaining to the TMAs.

Replace/relocate all regulatory signs removed due to construction operations with the same sign on fixed support(s) immediately upon its removal. First obtain Project Engineer approval before removing any regulatory roadway sign. Required flaggers are to be available to direct traffic during sign intermediate down time.

Relocate any Directional Sign Assemblies removed during construction operations immediately upon their removal.

These signs shall be relocated to a location in accordance with the Latest Version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices". In no case will a sign be removed without a replacement sign and support(s) being readily available and a location established. Removal and relocation of these signs required for traffic control will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

From the beginning to the end of the project, all traffic control devices need to be in acceptable condition as per the Texas Quality Guidelines for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The "Safety Contingency" is not intended to be used in lieu of bid Items established by the contract.

Remove and dispose of all litter, debris, objectionable material, excess materials that accumulate at the base of all traffic control devices as directed by the Engineer.

County: Hidalgo

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ITEM 504: Field Office and Laboratory

For this project a field office will not be required at the project site.

Laboratory room:

The other room of this building will be used as a laboratory and will include access to a bathroom facility from the interior. The laboratory and bathroom facility will have the walls, ceiling and floor insulated such that the air temperature can always be maintained at 76 degrees Fahrenheit.

Control: 0921-02-500, Etc.

Furnish for the Department's use in the asphalt laboratory one (1) desktop computer.

ITEM 506: Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

Due to the nature of this project, it is unlikely a significant amount of soil will be disturbed. However, if erosion control logs are needed; it shall be placed as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor Force Account "Erosion Control Maintenance" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone Best Management Practice (BMP) maintenance, to improve the effectiveness of the Environmental Controls that may need maintenance attention and/or require replacement while the project is still under the construction stage. These procedures will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent BMP management reviews on the project. The "Erosion Control Maintenance" is not intended to be used in lieu of bid Items established by the contract.

ITEM 531: Sidewalks

Construct ¹/₄-inch thick score joints at a maximum 6-foot spacing and expansion joints at a maximum 18 foot spacing. Construct a joint in the center of the sidewalk if it is over 15-feet wide. For steel reinforcement, use 6x6-inch spacing with #3 bars or 6x6 – D6 welded wire fabric.

ITEM 610: Roadway Illumination Assemblies

Luminaires shown on the proposed Traffic Signal installation layout sheets may be shown at an angle for clarity. All luminaires shown shall be installed perpendicular to the main roadway under construction.

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In addition to ED (3)-14, each cable for luminaires shall be identified in each ground box, pole base, or other accessible location with yellow electrical tape wrapped around the cable. The tape marking shall be at least 2 inches.

All luminaires on traffic signal poles shall be rated for 240 vac. All safety lighting poles shall be serviced for 480 vac.

Luminaires installed on traffic signal poles will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid Items of the project.

ITEM 618: Conduit

All conduit ends in pole bases, controllers and ground boxes shall be plugged with 4 to 6 inches of polyurethane sealant or its equivalent after cables are in place.

Conduit shall be placed in a straight line not to exceed 2.0 feet in any direction. The depth of the conduit shall be 2.0 feet except when crossing a roadway where the depth shall not be more than 3.0 feet nor less than 1.0 foot below the bottom of the base material in the roadway when placed by the jacking or boring method. Any evidence of damage to the roadway during the jacking or boring operation shall be sufficient grounds to stop the method being used.

Conduit runs under paved roadways or driveways shall be jacked or bored and then pushed across. At these locations, galvanized rigid metal may be used. All other runs shall be made by trenching. Existing pavement which will be removed, reconstructed, or overlaid with new pavement may be trenched across. Trenches for conduit runs shall be a minimum 2 feet deep and 4 inches wide. The conduit shall be placed on a 2-inch sand cushion and then backfilled with a minimum of 6 inches sand fill. The remainder of the trench shall be backfilled with flexible base, soil or two-sack concrete as required by location of conduit on the project or as directed. The top 3 inches shall match the existing surface material.

All conduit elbows and rigid extensions required to be installed on PVC conduit systems will not be paid for separately but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid Items.

Use materials from prequalified Material Producer List as shown on the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) - Construction Division's (CST) Material Producer List. Category is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies."

ITEM 620: Electrical Conductors

For Flashing Beacons (Item 685) and Ped poles (Item 687) within the project, provide singlepole breakaway disconnects.

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Use Bussman HEBW, Littelfuse LEB, Ferraz-Shawmut FEB, or equal on ungrounded conductors.

Control: 0921-02-500, Etc.

For all grounded conductors use Bussman HET, Littelfuse LET, Ferraz-Shawmut FEBN, or equal on ungrounded conductors. For all grounded conductors use Bussman HET, Littelfuse LET, Ferraz Shawmut FEBN, or equal. These breakaway connectors have a white colored marking and a permanently installed solid neutral.

ITEM 621: Tray Cable

Connect luminaires on traffic signal poles using a 4-conductor tray cable with conductor colors of red, black, and green #12 AWG (XHHW). The white (neutral) conductor will not be needed and will be capped.

ITEM 628: Electrical Services

Arrange for and cooperate with the utility company to provide electrical power for the service(s) shown and as required by the plans. A meter will be required on all electrical services.

ITEMS 636: Signs

Complete sign blanks and panels shall be handled and stored at the job site in such a manner that corners, edges and faces are not damaged. Finished sign blanks shall be stored in either a weatherproof warehouse or outside and off the ground in a vertical position. All paper, cardboard and chemically treated separators and packaging shall be removed prior to outside storage.

ITEM 644: Small Roadside Sign Assemblies

All signs shall be installed as shown in the plans and in accordance with the current edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" and the "Sign Crew Field Book" (SCFB).

All signs shall be erected according to the locations shown on the signing layout sheets except that a sign may be shifted in order to secure a more desirable location. All sign locations will be staked as shown in the plans and as approved. It is the intent of the plans to erect all roadside traffic signs with the sign edge a minimum of 6 feet from the edge of the shoulder, or if none, 12 feet from the edge of the travel lane. In curb and gutter sections, the sign edge shall be a minimum of 2 feet from the face of the curb.

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For this project, aluminum type sign blanks as provided for under Item 636 will be required for all proposed signing installed under Item 644. Aluminum sign blanks less than 7.5 square feet shall be 0.08-inch-thick, sign blanks 7.5 to 15 square feet shall be 0.100-inch-thick and sign blanks greater than 15 square feet shall be 0.125 inch thick.

All excess excavation shall be spread uniformly inside the right of way as directed and shall be included in the price of these Items.

Sign types which design details are not shown on the plans shall conform with the latest edition of the Department's "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" Manual.

Signs shown to be removed shall include the complete sign installation and separate the sign post at the concrete foundation. The concrete foundation shall be disposed in accordance with this bid Item. Except for concrete foundations, all removed sign panels, sign posts, and hardware shall remain then property of the Department. All removed sign installations shall be completely disassembled. All salvageable sections of sign panels shall be recycled by TxDOT. The removed sign material will be required to be hauled to the maintenance yard closest to the project. No signs shall be removed without prior approval.

ITEM 656: Foundations for Traffic Control Devices

The dimensions shown on the plans for location of signal pole foundations, conduit and other items may be varied to meet existing conditions as approved.

The work area shall be cleaned up and all loose material resulting from the contract operations shall be removed from the work area each day before work is suspended.

No traffic signal pole shall be placed on the foundations prior to seven (7) days following placement of concrete.

Markings

All permanent pavement markings and work zone pavement markings for this project under these Items shall be 0.100 inches (100 mil) thick thermoplastic.

Any permanent pavement markings or non-removal work zone pavement markings lacking reflectivity in accordance with the requirements of Tex 828-B, or that fail to meet minimum retro reflectivity requirements for longitudinal pavement markings when required, will be addressed per the requirements of the specification. The roadway will be re-striped at no additional compensation.

ITEMS 662 and 666: Work Zone Pavement Markings and Retroreflectorized Pavement

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Pavement surface preparation for markings and markers will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 666.

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Prior to any striping operations, an on-site coordination meeting between all the parties involved will be required to review striping details and requirements to ensure quality work.

The beads used on this project shall meet the requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8290, Glass Traffic Beads Texas Type II & III. Use a 50% Type II/ 50% Type III mix utilizing a double drop system with Type III beads dropped first.

ITEM 677: Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers

Asphalt and aggregate types and grades shall be as approved in writing when a surface treatment is used to eliminate existing pavement markings.

ITEM 680: Highway Traffic Signals

The installation of highway traffic signals shall consist of the following principal Items:

- 1. Furnishing and installing 16-phase full traffic actuated controllers, base mounted cabinets, conflict monitors, load switches and loop amplifiers.
- 2. Furnishing and installing post mounted flashing beacon controllers and cabinets.
- 3. Furnishing and installing either, steel strain and/or mast arm poles, electrical service, luminaires, signal heads and cables, pedestrian heads and push buttons with signs that meet the "Americans with Disabilities Act" Standards, galvanized steel span wire, loop detectors, ground boxes, conduit runs and controller foundations.
- 4. Removal and disposal of existing signal material specified in the plans.
- 5. All other Items not listed above which are needed to provide for complete traffic signal installations and for proper signal operation as called for in the plans and specifications shall be furnished and installed.

Any deviation of location for proposed signal work shall be as approved.

Signal controller

The signal installations shall be wired in accordance with the phase diagrams in the plans. The proposed base mounted cabinets shall contain 16-phase conflict monitors, which display the "R-Y-G" and "Walk" phases. In addition to detecting phasing conflicts, the Conflict monitors shall also be able to detect multiple signal head indications within every phase. The conflict monitors shall continue to operate in the event of a power supply failure in the timer and shall be able to retain in memory the time and date of the failure detection. Time changes shall be programmable

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in the field without replacing components or use of external devices. The full-actuated controllers shall meet N.E.M.A. Specifications. The flasher Controllers shall be solid state.

A controller manufacturer's technician shall be required to load initial timing programs into the controllers as called for in the plans. Once the traffic signals are turned on, the same technician shall monitor the signal operation and traffic movement and shall adjust settings for best signal operation. The technician shall provide the State with a certification that the timing plan and coordination has been established according to the plans. This certification shall include a record showing all settings and functions programmed into the timer and any related units.

The controller must be delivered with two sets of wiring diagrams and operating manuals enclosed in a weatherproof bag.

All wiring not covered by the plans and specifications shall be in accordance with the latest edition of the National Electrical Code.

Under this Item, the proposed cabinets shall be base mounted or as shown in the plans.

Existing utilities

The exact location of existing underground utilities shall be verified with the utility companies prior to construction to avoid conflict with or damage to these utilities.

The coordination with the utility companies will be required to make any adjustments, due to utility conflicts, as defined in the specifications or deemed necessary.

Uniformity in equipment

- 1. All traffic signal controllers furnished shall be by the same manufacturer.
- 2. All flashing beacon controllers furnished shall be by the same manufacturer.
- manufacturer.
- same design and manufacturer.
- 5. All traffic signal poles furnished shall be by the same manufacturer.
- type.

Handling of traffic

Roads and streets shall always be kept open to traffic. The setting of loop detectors shall be arranged so as to close only one lane of a roadway at a time. The installation of signal heads,

3. All traffic signal heads, and flashing beacon heads furnished shall be by the same

4. All signal fittings and pipe brackets shall be of an approved metallic material and of the

6. All loop detector amplifiers furnished shall be by the same manufacturer and of the same

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poles and conduit shall also be arranged so as to permit the continuous movement of traffic in both directions at all times.

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All construction operations shall be conducted to provide the least possible interference to traffic as shown on the plans, as provided for in the specifications and/or as directed. All signing, barricading, and handling of traffic shall conform to the current edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices".

Sequence of work

- 1. The existing traffic signal installations and/or flashing beacon installations shall always remain in operation during construction of the proposed traffic signal and/or flashing beacon installations or modifications.
- 2. The complete removal of the specified existing traffic signal and/or flashing beacon installations or specified Items when the proposed traffic signal and/or flashing beacon installations are in place and operational.
- 3. All labor, tools, and materials used to remove the specified existing traffic signal material shall not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to the various items of work.
- 4. Final inspection shall be performed in conjunction with the district signal shop.

Contractor shall coordinate with the City of Edinburg prior to the start of any construction work. To reach the City of Edinburg please dial 956-388-8204.

ITEM 682: Vehicle and Pedestrian Signal Heads

All signal heads shall be covered with burlap from the time of installation until the signal is placed in operation. All signal heads shall be of polycarbonate material and yellow in color. Signal heads shall have standard detachable visors. LEDs shall be furnished for all traffic signal heads.

Signal heads shall be positioned carefully to provide the best view of signal indications to motorists. All signal heads shall be installed to a neat overall appearance. Nominal height for signal heads above pavement surface shall be 18 feet 6 inches, plus/minus 3 inches.

Pedestrian signal heads shall be positioned carefully to provide the best view to pedestrians.

ITEM 684: Traffic Signal Cables

All signal cable shall be #12 AWG; 2/c loop. Lead-In shall be #14 AWG shielded and loop wires in pavement.

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ITEM 686: Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)

The locations for the proposed traffic signal poles are approximate. The exact locations will be determined in the field in coordination with the District Signal Shop.

Erection and/or removal of poles and luminaries located near any overhead electrical power lines shall be accomplished using established industry and utility safety practices. The appropriate utility company shall be consulted with prior to beginning such work.

ITEM 688: Pedestrian Detectors and Vehicle Loop Detectors

The Contractor shall install loop vehicle detectors in accordance with the Intersection layouts in the plans or as directed. Each loop detector Lead-In cable shall be tagged inside the controller cabinet with its loop number. The loop amplifiers shall indicate the loop and phase of control or direction of control. Loop wires in street shall be #14 AWG. Pedestrian detectors shall meet the minimum requirements called for by the "Americans with Disabilities Act".

Loop detector lead-in cable shall be continuous from ground box to the controller.

Splices for loop wire will be permitted only at ground boxes or pole base with approved weatherproof splice kits.

A minimum length of 2.0 feet for each cable shall be left in each ground box.

ITEM 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator/Trailer Attenuator

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for the project, provide 0 additional shadow vehicle(s).

Therefore, 2 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required on this project for the type of work as shown on the plans. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of his construction operations will be ongoing at the same time and thus determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

ITEM 6292: Radar Vehicle Detection System for Signalized Intersection Control

Radar presence detection device must utilize true-presence detection. Systems using locking algorithms to attempt presence detection will not be accepted. In addition, radar systems will not be allowed to use extensions/delays or place the controller on locking detection to aid in the presence detection.

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The radar presence detection device must be able to detect up to 10 lanes with a minimum offset of 6' and have at least 16 zones and channels per unit.

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The radar presence detection device software must not require internet for configuration

Radar advance detection device must continuously track vehicle speed, distance, and estimated time of arrival.

Radar presence detection devices and radar advance detection devices must be compatible with each other and from the same manufacturer.

Communication and power to the radar devices shall be via continuous cable run of up to 1,000 feet without the use of repeaters.

Final placement of radar devices to be approved by the Engineer.

Project Number:

County: Hidalgo

Highway: Freddy Gonzalez Dr., Etc.

Control: 0921-02-500, Etc.



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0921-02-500

Estimate & Quantity Sheet

DISTRICT Pharr

HIGHWAY FREDDY GONZALEZ DR, M RD

COUNTY Hidalgo

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0921-02	-489	0921-02	2-500		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00176	907	A00184	4391		
		C	OUNTY	Hidal	go	Hidal	go	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		ніс	HWAY	MR	-)	FREDDY GON	-		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.			
	416-6030	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (24 IN)	LF			6.000		6.000	
	416-6032	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (36 IN)	LF	28.000		56.000		84.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS			1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	2.000		4.000		6.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	40.000		120.000		160.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	40.000		120.000		160.000	
	531-6001	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY			6.000		6.000	
	618-6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF			47.000		47.000	
	618-6033	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (4")	LF	8.000		62.000		70.000	
	620-6007	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE	LF	10.000		75.000		85.000	
	620-6009	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) BARE	LF			53.000		53.000	
	620-6010	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) INSULATED	LF	12.000		90.000		102.000	
	621-6005	TRAY CABLE (4 CONDR) (12 AWG)	LF	73.000		281.000		354.000	
	624-6002	GROUND BOX TY A (122311)W/APRON	EA			1.000		1.000	
	624-6008	GROUND BOX TY C (162911)W/APRON	EA			1.000		1.000	
	625-6003	ZINC-COAT STL WIRE STRAND (3/8")	LF	100.000		1,124.000		1,224.000	
	628-6301	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(L)TS(O)	EA	1.000		1.000		2.000	
	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA			4.000		4.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA			2.000		2.000	
	666-6230	PAVEMENT SEALER 24"	LF	24.000				24.000	
	668-6076	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (24") (SLD)	LF	24.000		172.000		196.000	
	678-6008	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	LF	24.000				24.000	
	680-6001	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (FLASH BEACON)	EA	1.000				1.000	
	680-6002	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (ISOLATED)	EA			1.000		1.000	
	682-6001	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN)	EA			9.000		9.000	
	682-6002	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN ARW)	EA			1.000		1.000	
	682-6003	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	EA	4.000		9.000		13.000	
	682-6004	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL ARW)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	682-6005	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED)	EA	4.000		9.000		13.000	
	682-6006	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED ARW)	EA			1.000		1.000	
	682-6018	PED SIG SEC (LED)(COUNTDOWN)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	682-6054	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(3 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA			4.000		4.000	
	684-6010	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(5 CONDR)	LF	180.000		1,586.000		1,766.000	
	684-6012	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(7 CONDR)	LF			500.000		500.000	
	686-6007	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY B)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	686-6008	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY B)LUM	EA	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	687-6001	PED POLE ASSEMBLY	EA			1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Pharr	Hidalgo	0921-02-500, Etc.	4



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

DISTRICT Pharr

COUNTY Hidalgo

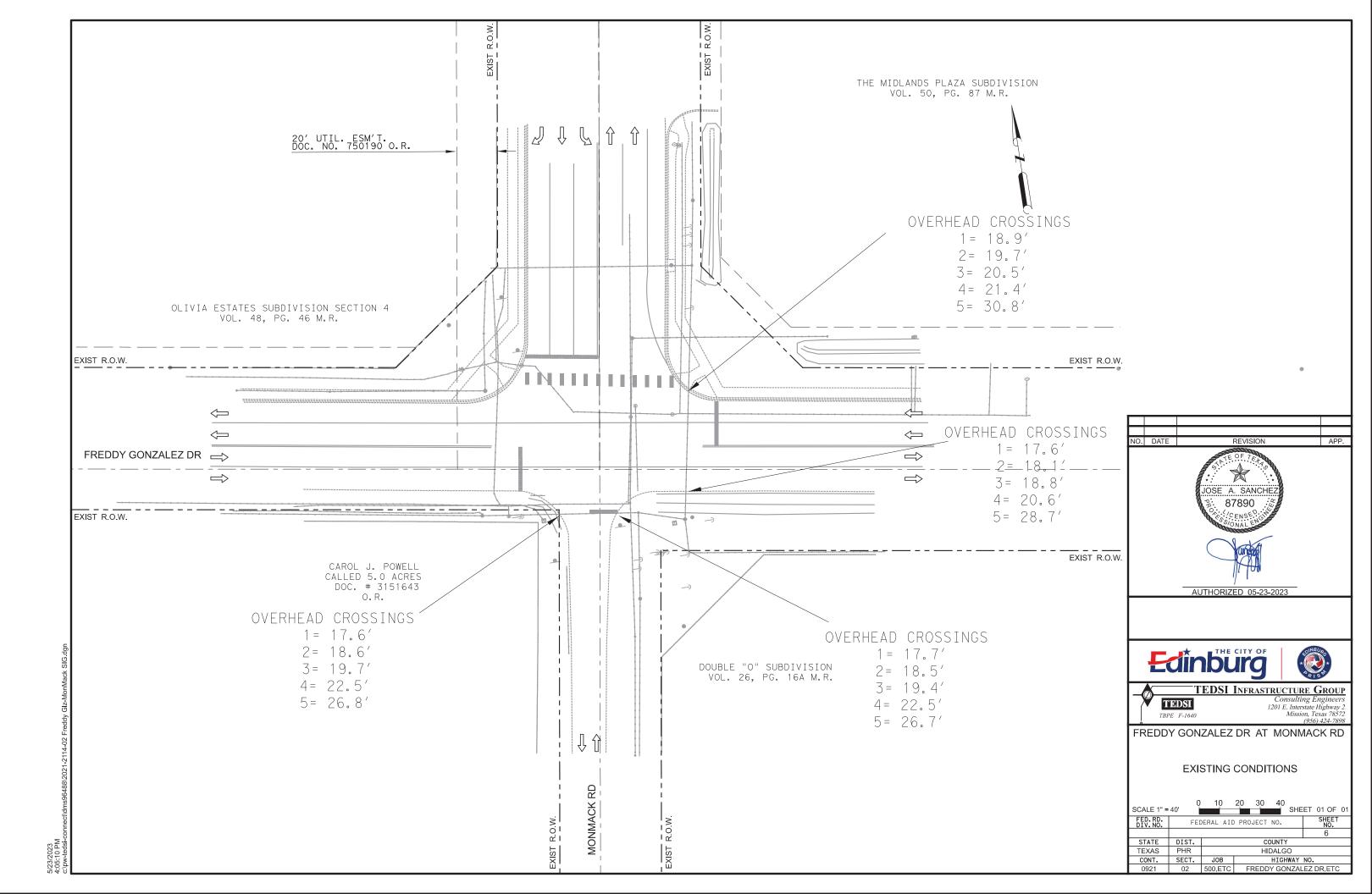
HIGHWAY FREDDY GONZALEZ DR, M RD

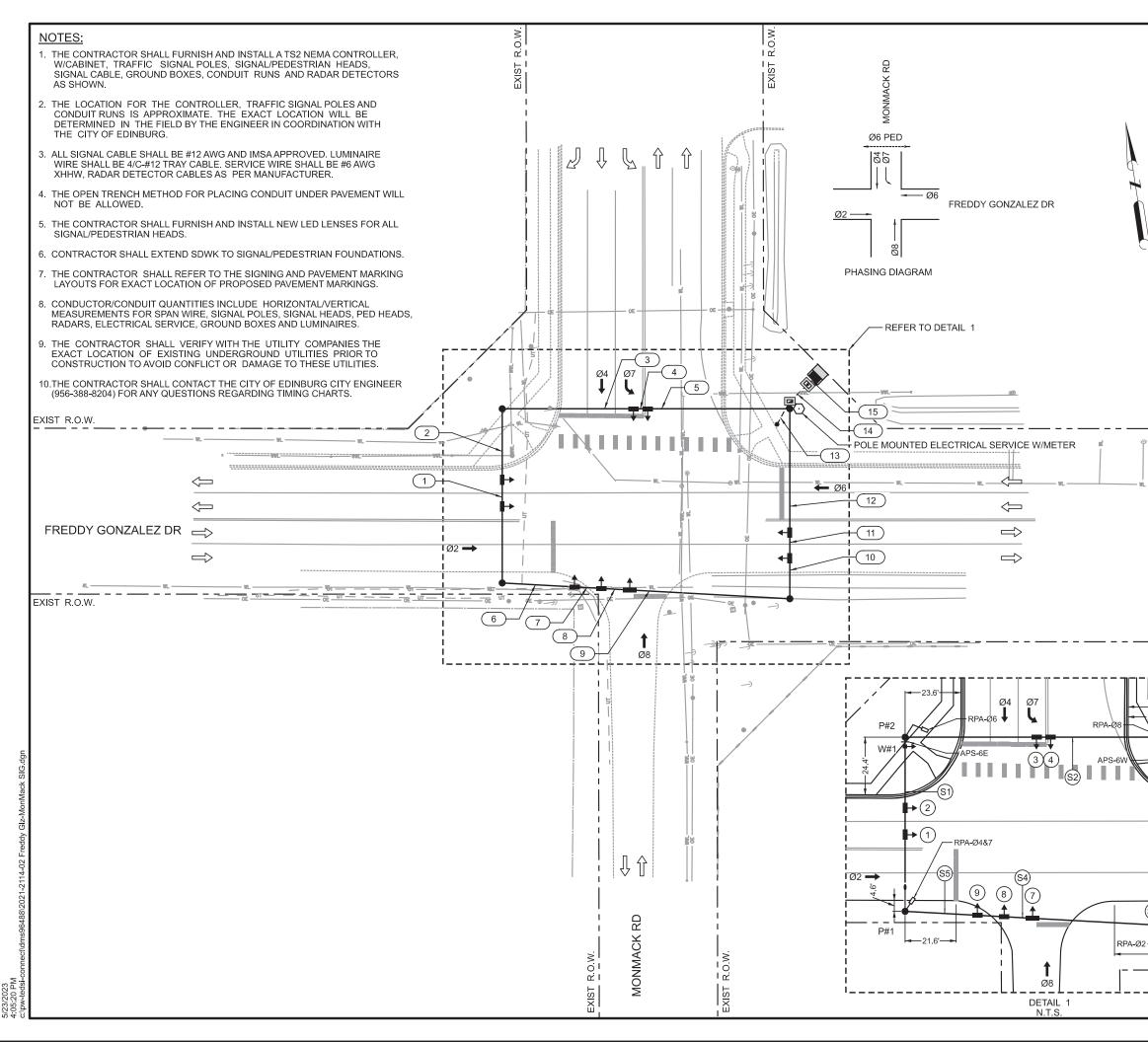
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		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	0921-0	2-489	0921-0	2-500		
		PROJI	ECT ID	A0017	6907	A0018	4391		
		co	Hida	lgo	Hida	lgo	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL	
		HIG	MF	RD	FREDDY GO	NZALEZ DR			
ALT	BID CODE	ODE DESCRIPTION UNIT		EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	688-6001	PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (APS)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	32.000		64.000		96.000	
	6292-6003	RVDS(PRESENCE AND ADVANCE DET)	EA			4.000		4.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS			1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS			1.000		1.000	

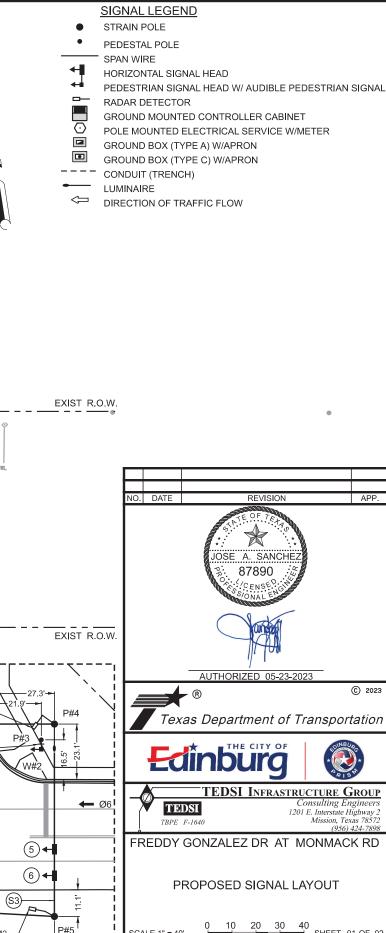
CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0921-02-500



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Pharr	Hidalgo	0921-02-500, Etc.	5







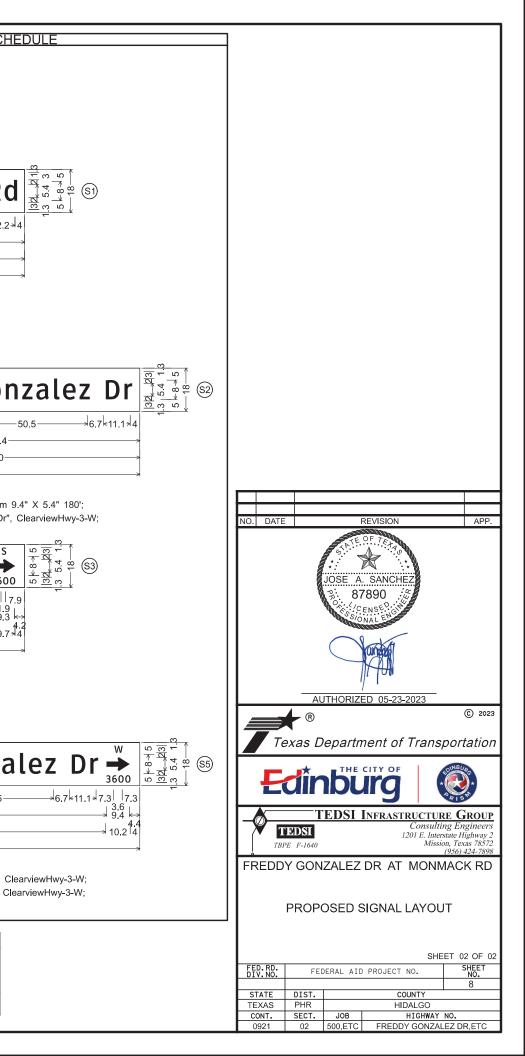
SCALE 1" =	40'	10	20 30	40	SHE	ET	01 OF	02
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FE	DERAL AID	PROJECT	NO.			SHEET NO.	
							7	
STATE	DIST.		C	OUNTY	, · · ·			
TEXAS	PHR		H	DALG	0			
CONT.	SECT.	JOB		HIGH	WAY	NO.		
0921	02	500,ETC	FREDD	Y GO	NZAL	ΕZ	DR,ETC)

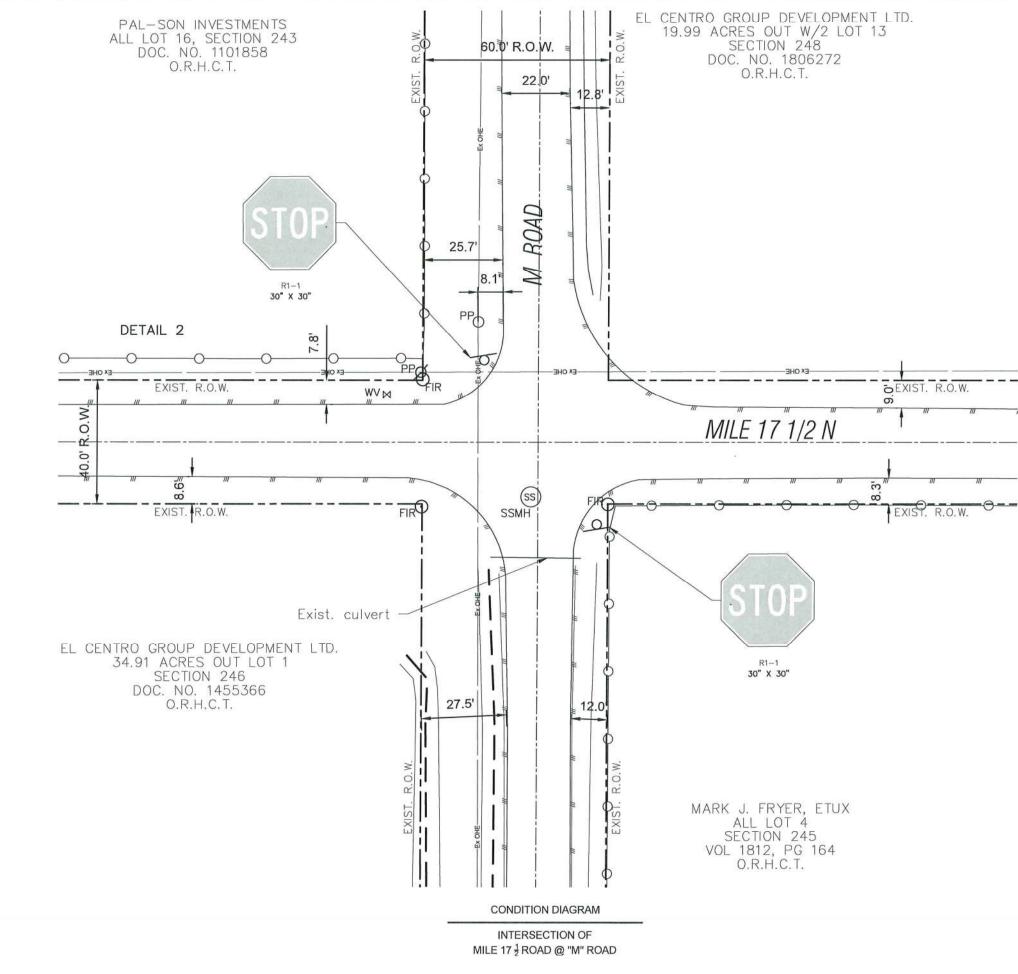
- 33

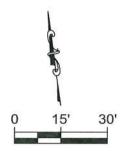
ELECTRICAL SCH		E TOTAL		NNUMBER	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1 12	2 13	11	15			1		SIGN SC	<u>)H</u>
ITEM	NOTE	QTY			2' 30'	_	6'		31'	- ·			18' 1				6'		[LEFT TURN YIELD			
POWER	1	90'	1/C - #6 INSULATED													2	2			DN FLASHING (S4)		
LUMINAIRE	1	281'	4/C - #12 TRAY CBL						1	1	1	1	1	1 1						YELLOW ARROW	-		
ILSN			4/C - #12 TRAY CBL																	R10-17T			
GROUND	1	53' 75'	1/C - #6 BARE 1/C - #8 BARE												1	1	1			36"X42"			
PEDESTRIAN HEADS	1	260'	2/C - #12 4/C - #12 7/C - #12			1	1	1								2	2			▲ МО	nMa	ck R	d
SIGNAL HEADS	1	1586' 240'	5/C - #12 7/C - #12		1 2	2	3	4		1	2	2 1	2 1	3 4 1 1		8 1	8		←1	25			
RADARS	1	735'	COMMUNICATION/PC	WER CBL		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2 2		4	4		8.	.8 9.4 k	77.8		
OPTICOM			OPTICOM CABLE																8.	7 \$9.7*	77.6		
CCTV CAMERA			ETHERNET CBL POWER CBL																k— No	border, White on,	96 Green;		
CONDUIT	1 1 1	47' 62'	1" PVC 2" PVC 2" PVC BORE 4" PVC 4" PVC BORE												1	1	1		Sta "16	", ClearviewHwy-3- andard Arrow Cust 500", ClearviewHwy onMack Rd", Clear	om 9.4" X 5. y-3-W;	,	
			RAIN/PEDESTAL POLES, ROUND BOXES/CABINET			ÀRM, A	ND/O	R RAD	DAR,				•	I	•	-							
RAD	ARDE	TECTO	OR SCHEDULE				TR			SIGN]				euu	y 60	1
RADAR SI	ETTING		FUNCTION	N		POL	E NO.	SI DE	IGNA ESIGI		E	MAS DESIC	ST ARN GNATIO	I FC DN TY	DUNDA	TION EPTH			-	17.2	— 37.6——	**	
RPA-2 PRESEN	ICE/ADVA		LL AND EXTEND PH 2		=		1	SPL 3					N/A		36" - A /				← 1	14.3→ ^{3.5} k		6.1 ————————————————————————————————————	.4-
RPA - 4&7 PRESEN	ICE/ADVA	NCE CAL	LL AND EXTEND PH 4, 7 LL AND EXTEND PH 6	•			2	SP 30	0 D - 1	100	_		N/A N/A	3	36" - A / 24" - A	/ 14'			<-1	3.8→ 10.2 ←		12	0—
			LL AND EXTEND PH 8		_		3 4	SPL 3		L POLE - 100	-		N/A N/A		24 - A 36" - A /				←			144	
							5	SP 30	0 B - 1	100			N/A	3	36" - A /	/ 14'				border, White on, /", ClearviewHwy-3		Arrow Custo	
DETECTION AREAS AS FO	OLLOWS:																			500", ClearviewHwy-3			
T THE INTERSECTION/P	RESENC	E																					
6' X 40' MIN FOR EACH 6' X 60' MIN FOR LEFT																				MonM	1ack	Rd -	S
			4			S	SIGN	IAL I	HEA	AD SO	CHE	DUL	.E						8.	.7 k	*		7.
FREDDY GONZALEZ DF 6' X 20' MIN AT 175' FF 6' X 20' MIN AT 290' FF	ROM THE	STOP BA	AR								г		FY	ิล					←		82.5	5.4 j	1.9 9.3 1
FREDDY GONZALEZ DF						RA 2" SIG	NALS					010									82.3—— ——96———	*	9.7×
6' X 20' MIN AT 175' FF 6' X 20' MIN AT 290' FF)2(3)				9				7)						No	border, White on,			
MONMACK RD - NB APP		TOP	2																	onMack Rd", Clear	•	/;	
6' X 6' MIN AT 110' FRO		STOP BAR	t.							START CROSSING Webch For Vehicles				<u>START CROSSII</u> Welch For Volicla						", ClearviewHwy-3- andard Arrow Cust		4" 0';	
MONMACK RD - SB APP 6' X 20' MIN AT 175' FF	ROM THE				18"x	:16"			業	<u>DON'T START</u> Finish Crossing If Started	1		ji ji	<u>DON'T START</u> Finish Crossing If Startad						500", ClearviewHwy			
6' X 20' MIN AT 290' FF	IN THE	STOP BA	.R		M	VV				TIME REMAINING To Finish Crossing	1			TIME REMAININ To Finish Crossin	-								
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				l W	ESTRIA //COUN	TDOW	/N			TO CROSS	IJ		Ľ	TO CROSS	J						~) (-
					W1 THE	τŪ W2		W/		APS 3eR, 9"	'X15"	,	W/ R10	APS -3eL, 9	9"X15"				←1	13.8 🖌 37.6-	k 6,1	50.5	5—
					. -					6E				6W					←		1	130.2	
				NOTES						NSTALI HEADS				HEADS	s (1)(2)(5)(6)		←		1	29.8	
																			<u></u>	bordon MILL	Crosse	144	
																			"Fr	border, White on, reddy Gonzalez Dr andard Arrow Cust	", ClearviewH	•	
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							EOT	-10	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			TA										
			SERVICE	SERVICE		EL SAFET				SER		E DA /0 PO		P	ANEL	BD	BRANCH			BRANCH	BRANCH	KVA	
ELECTRICAL S	ERVICE T	TYPE	SERVICE CONDUIT SIZE	SERVICE			-ү :Н	N	/IAIN T BR	к	TV CON		LE FOR	LO	PANEL ADCEN	NTER	BRANCH CIRCUIT	vo	DLTS	BRANCH CKT BKR POLE/AMPS	BRANCH CIRCUIT AMPS	KVA LOAD]

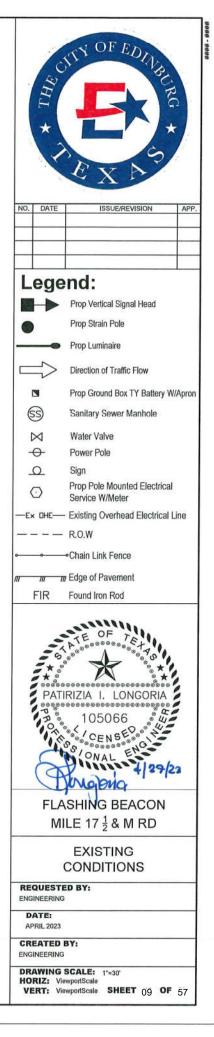
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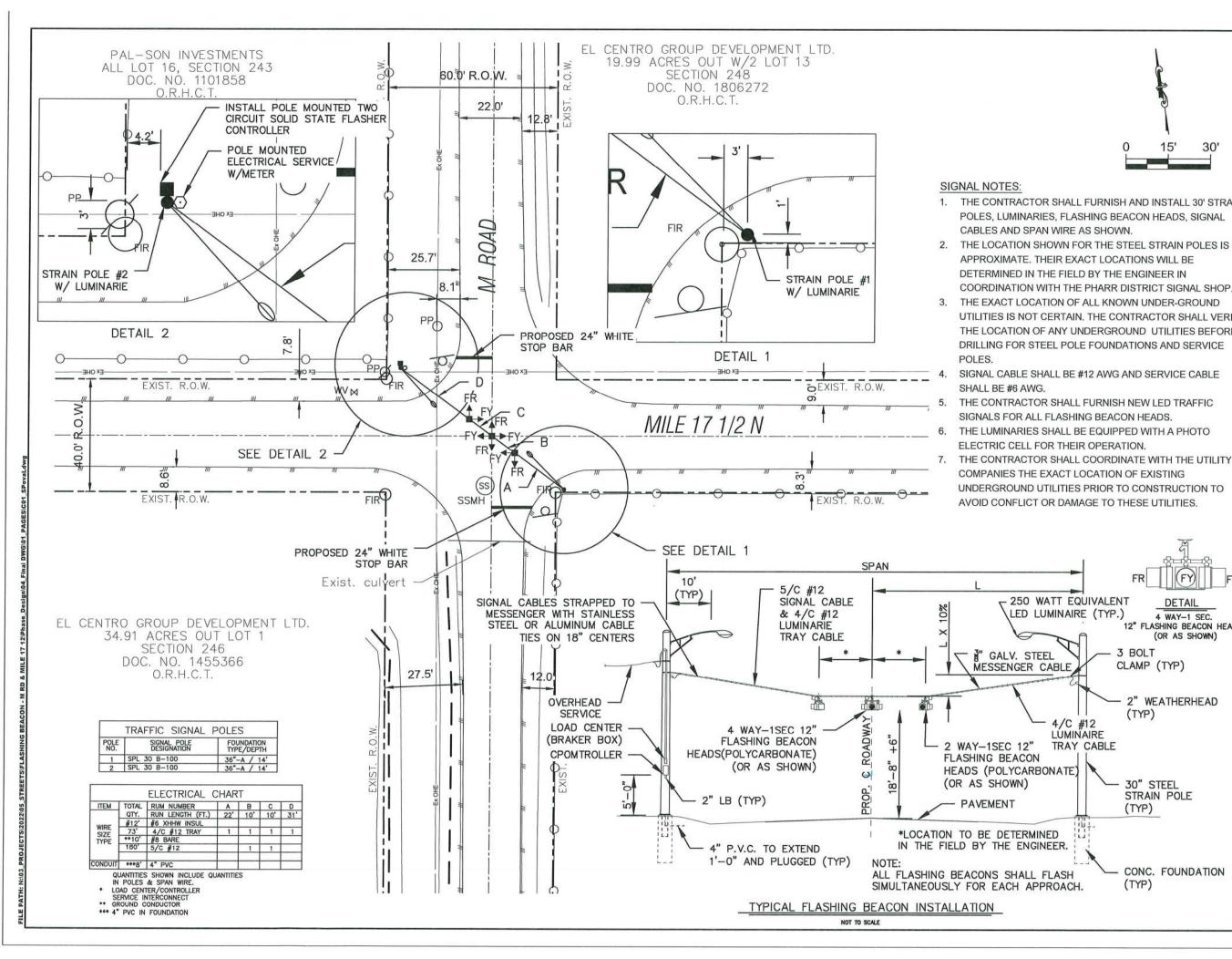
ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA											
	SERVICE	SERVICE	SAFETY	MAIN	TWO POLE	PANELBD	BRANCH		BRANCH	BRANCH	KVA
ELECTRICAL SERVICE TYPE	CONDUIT	CONDUCTORS	SWITCH	CKT BRK	CONTACTOR	LOADCENTER	CIRCUIT	VOLTS	CKT BKR	CIRCUIT	LOAD
	SIZE	NO. / SIZE	AMPS	POLE/AMPS	AMPS	AMP RATING			POLE/AMPS	AMPS	
ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000 (NS)GS(L)TS(O)	2"	3 / #6	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	TS	120	1P/50	3	0.72
	2	57#0	IN/A	N/A	IN/A	100	LUM	240	2P/20	1.5	0.72
TS - TRAFFIC SIGNAL, LUM - LUMINAIRE											













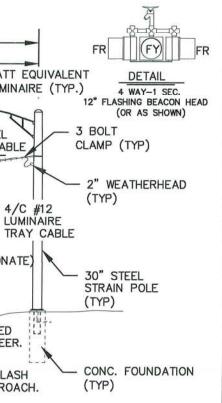
1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AND INSTALL 30' STRAIN POLES, LUMINARIES, FLASHING BEACON HEADS, SIGNAL

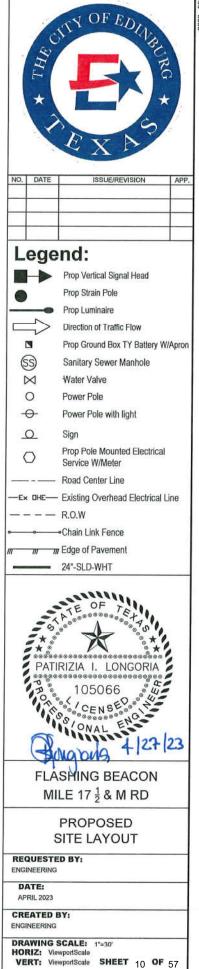
COORDINATION WITH THE PHARR DISTRICT SIGNAL SHOP. THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL KNOWN UNDER-GROUND UTILITIES IS NOT CERTAIN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE LOCATION OF ANY UNDERGROUND UTILITIES BEFORE DRILLING FOR STEEL POLE FOUNDATIONS AND SERVICE

SIGNAL CABLE SHALL BE #12 AWG AND SERVICE CABLE

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH NEW LED TRAFFIC THE LUMINARIES SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH A PHOTO

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE UTILITY





BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the 2. responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

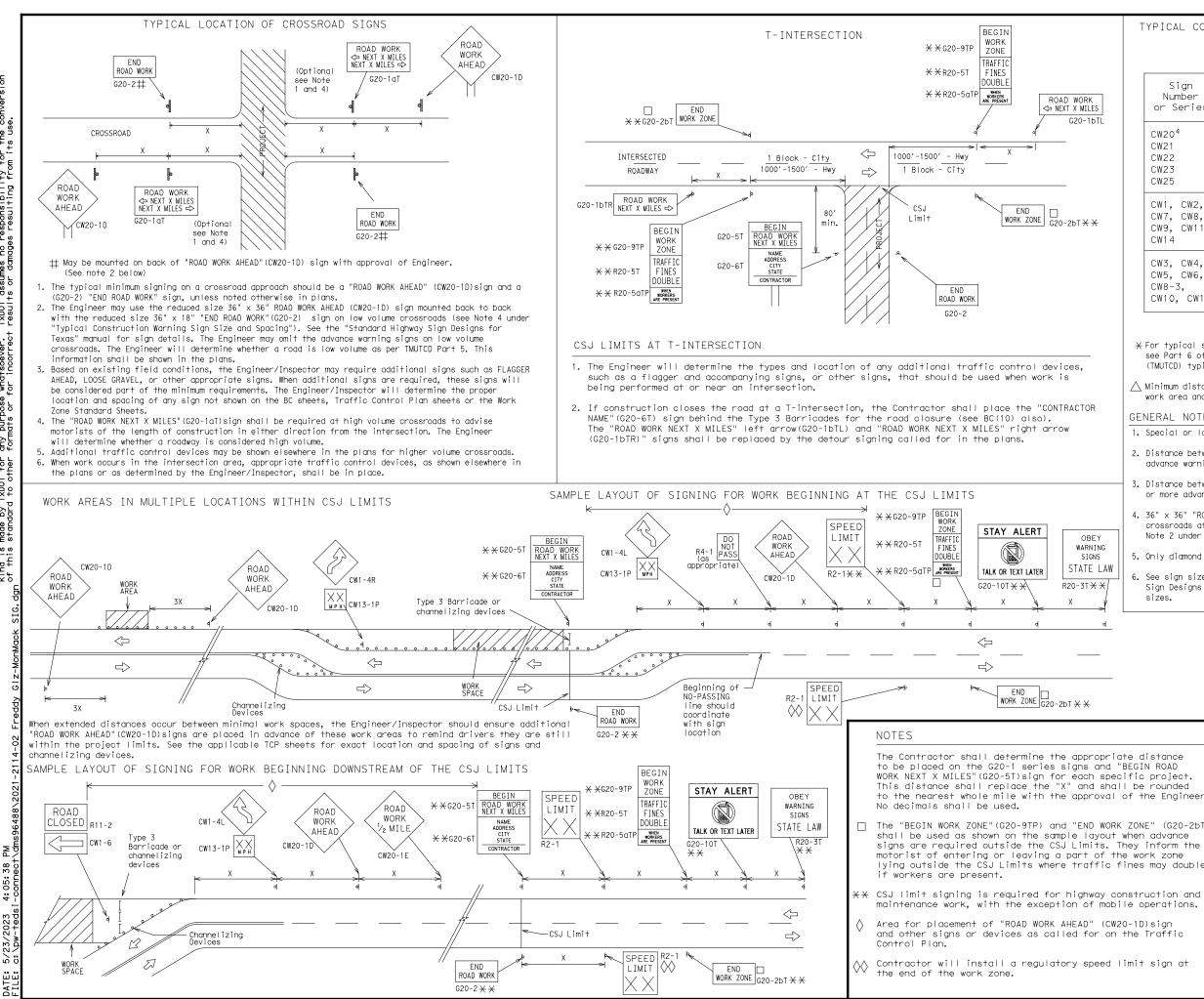
COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LI
http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LI
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE M
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

NE AT
IST (CWZTCD)
MANUALS)"
ES (TMUTCD)

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Safety Division Standard BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS
BC(1)-21
FILE: bc-21.dgn DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXD
C TXDOT November 2002 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY
4-03 7-13 0921 02 500, ETC FREDDY GONZALEZ DR,
9-07 8-14 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO
5-10 5-21 PHR HIDALGO 11



PM 4:05:38 5

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

C	т	7	E
J	Ŧ	2	E

SPACING

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 ²
60	600 ²
65	700 ²
70	800 ²
75	900 ²
80	1000 ²
*	* 3

X For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

ightarrow Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" \times 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.

7-13 5-21

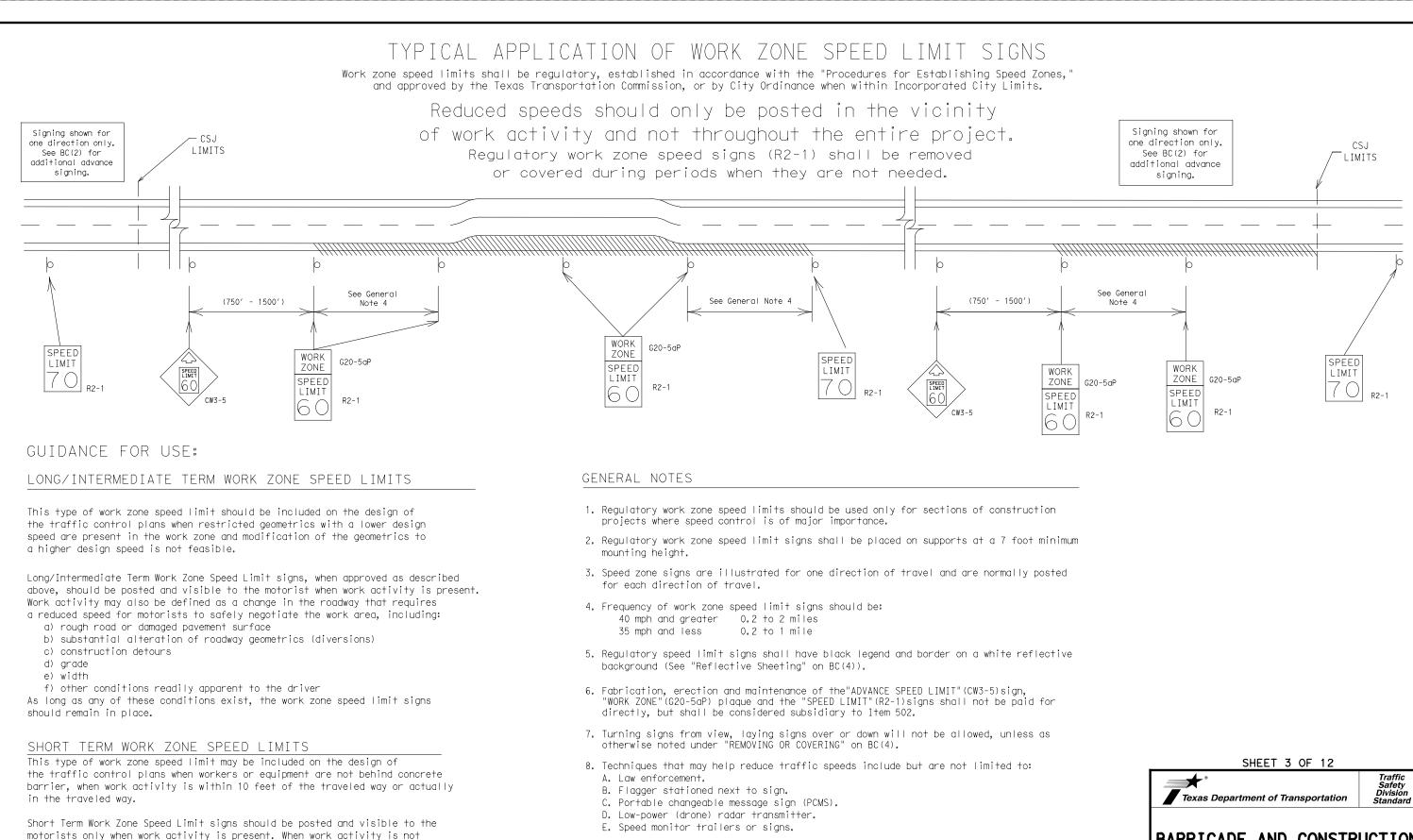
6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

						_
		LE	GEND			
	—	Type 3	Barri	cade		
	000	Channe	lizing	Devices		
	_	Sign				
]	X	Warnin Spacin TMUTCD	g Sigr g char for s	Construct Size and t or the sign uirements.	d	
		SHEET	2 OF	12		_
					_	
	🖈 ° exas Depa	rtment of	Transp	ortation	Sa Di	raffic afety vision andard
	RICAD		D C(ONSTR	Sa Di Sta	afety vision indard
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BAR FILE	RICAD PI	DE AN ROJEC BC (D C(CT L (2) -	DNSTR IMIT -21	UCT	afety vision indard TION
BAR	RICAD Pi	DE AN ROJEC BC (D C(CT L (2)-	DNSTR IMIT -21 		afety vision indard

PHR

HIDALGO

12



No warranty of any for the conversion om its use.

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". Kind is made by TXDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOT assumes no responsibility of this standard to other forments or for incorrect results or damages resulting fro

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5/23/2023

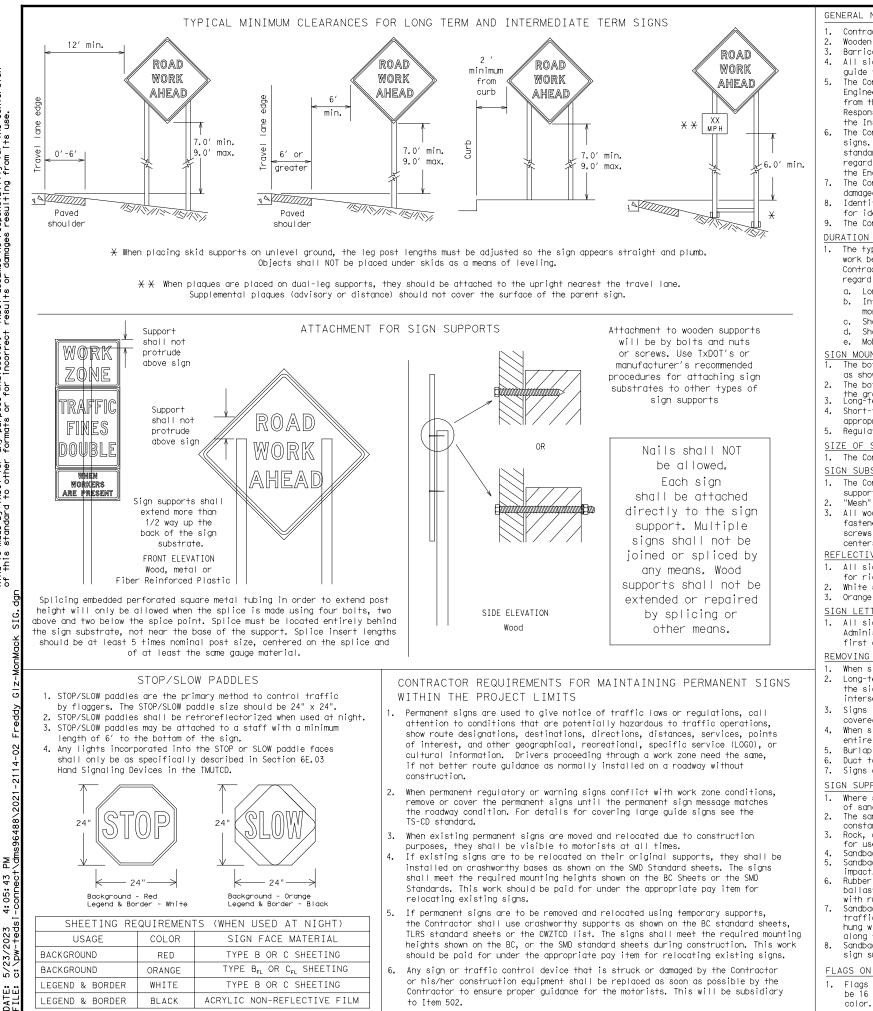
DATE:

present, signs shall be removed or covered.

(See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10.For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

	SHEE	T 3	OF	12					
	★ [®] ēxas Department (of Tra	nsp	ortation		È	Traff Safe Divisi tanda	ty on	
	BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT BC (3) -21								
FILE:	bo-21.dgn	dn: Tx[DOT	ск: ТхDОТ	DW:	TxD0	Т ск	: TxDOT	
C TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW/	λΥ	
0.07	REVISIONS	0921	02	500,ET	C	FREDDY	GONZAL	EZ DR, ETC	
9-07		DIST		COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.	
7-13	5-21	PHR		HIDALC	30		1	र	
		1		TITUALC	<u> </u>			5	



GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white, Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.
- DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6) regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - more than one hour. Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. e. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)
- SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT
- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. SIGN SUBSTRATES

- centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face. REFLECTIVE SHEETING
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).

SIGN LETTERS

first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic. 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- covered when not required.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the
- traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a auestion regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so

The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except

The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave. 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6"

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any

When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.

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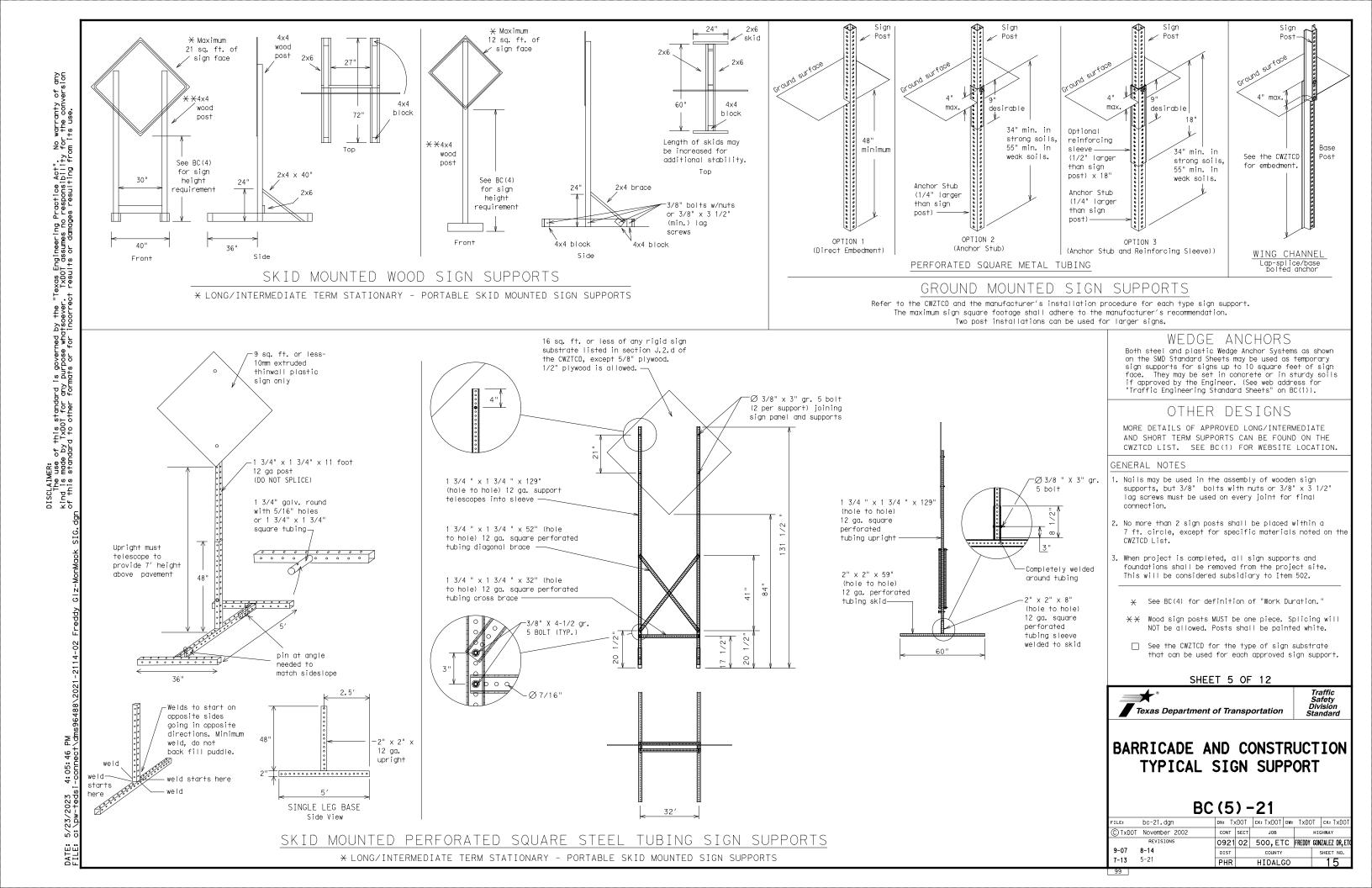
SHEET 4 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO,' "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., 4. "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to 7. start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are avail-8. able for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line. 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

		1	1
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction		Parking	PKING
Ahead	CONST AHD		
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN EXPWY	Street	ST
Expressway		Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
I† Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Lef†	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES (The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

		011101 0011	
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT X
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	Ӿ LANES SHIFT in Phase	1 must be used wit	h STAY IN LANE in Pha

Other Condi	tion List
ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List MERGE FORM X LINES RIGHT RIGHT DETOUR USE XXXXX NEXT X EXITS RD EXIT USF USE EXIT EXIT XXX I-XX NORTH STAY ON USE I-XX E US XXX SOUTH TO I-XX N WATCH TRUCKS USE FOR US XXX N TRUCKS WATCH EXPECT FOR DELAYS TRUCKS PREPARE EXPECT DELAYS ΤO STOP REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE USE WATCH OTHER FOR ROUTES WORKERS STAY ΤN LANE

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a
- location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 und CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of t shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC same size arrow

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5/23/2023 DATE:

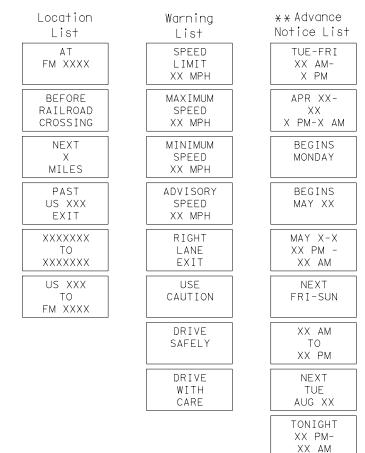
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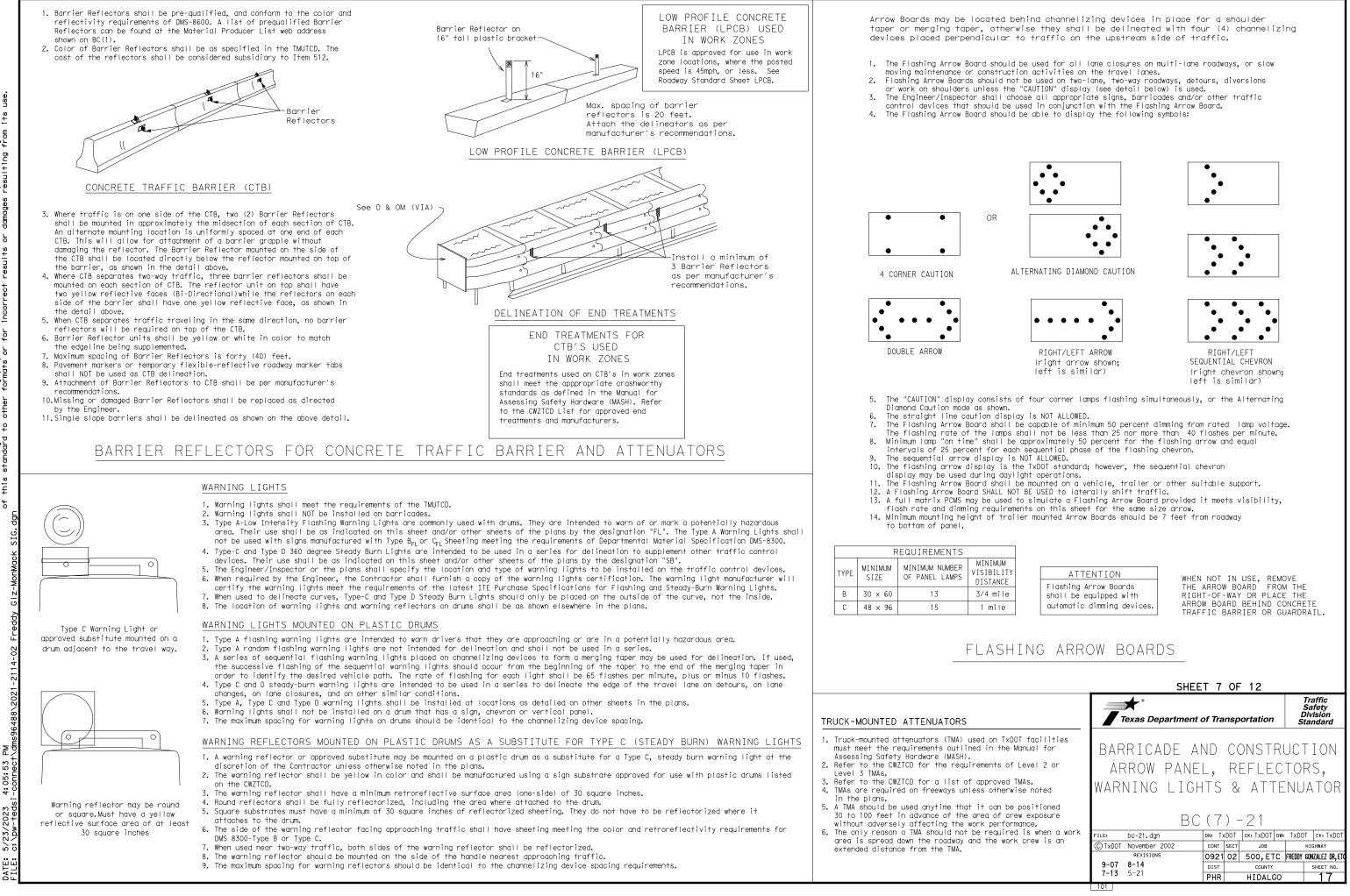
Phase 2: Possible Component Lists



 $X \times See$ Application Guidelines Note 6.

2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as

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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

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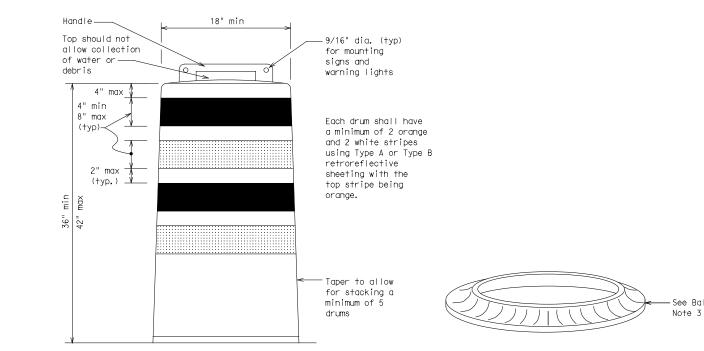
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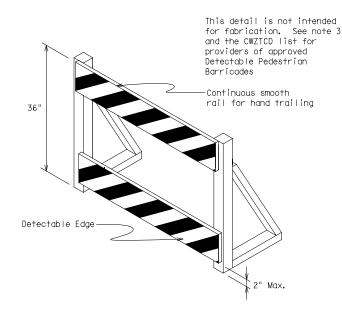
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DATE:

- Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.



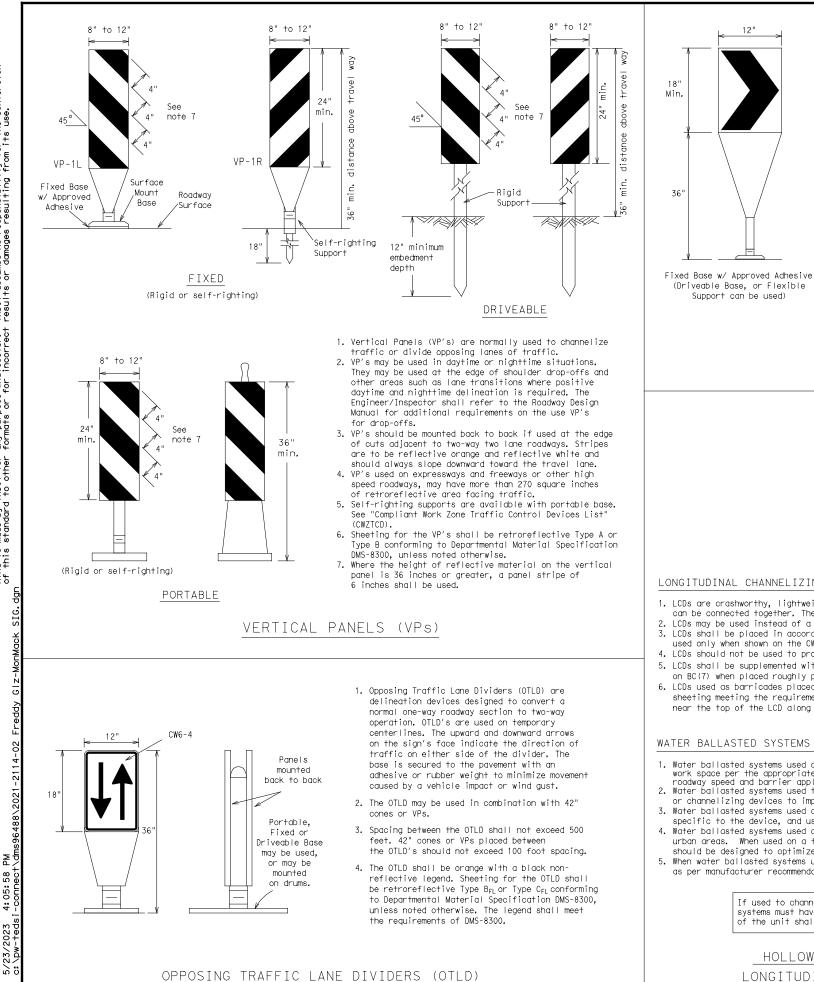


DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

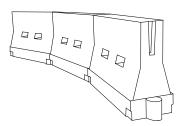
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	18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign DT0a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way
	Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums
last	SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS
	1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using
	substrates listed on the CWZTCD. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
	3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
	4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
	 Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
	 Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
	7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
	 R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.
	SHEET 8 OF 12
	Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Safety Division Standard BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
	CHANNELIZING DEVICES
	BC (8) -21
	FILE: Dc-21.dgn DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT
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- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type Br or Type Cr conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact. 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness required and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation
- or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings. 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

DATE:

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Leng X X	le	Spacir Channe	ested Maximum bacing of unnelizing Devices		
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30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′		
35		205′	225′	245′	35′	70′		
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′		
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

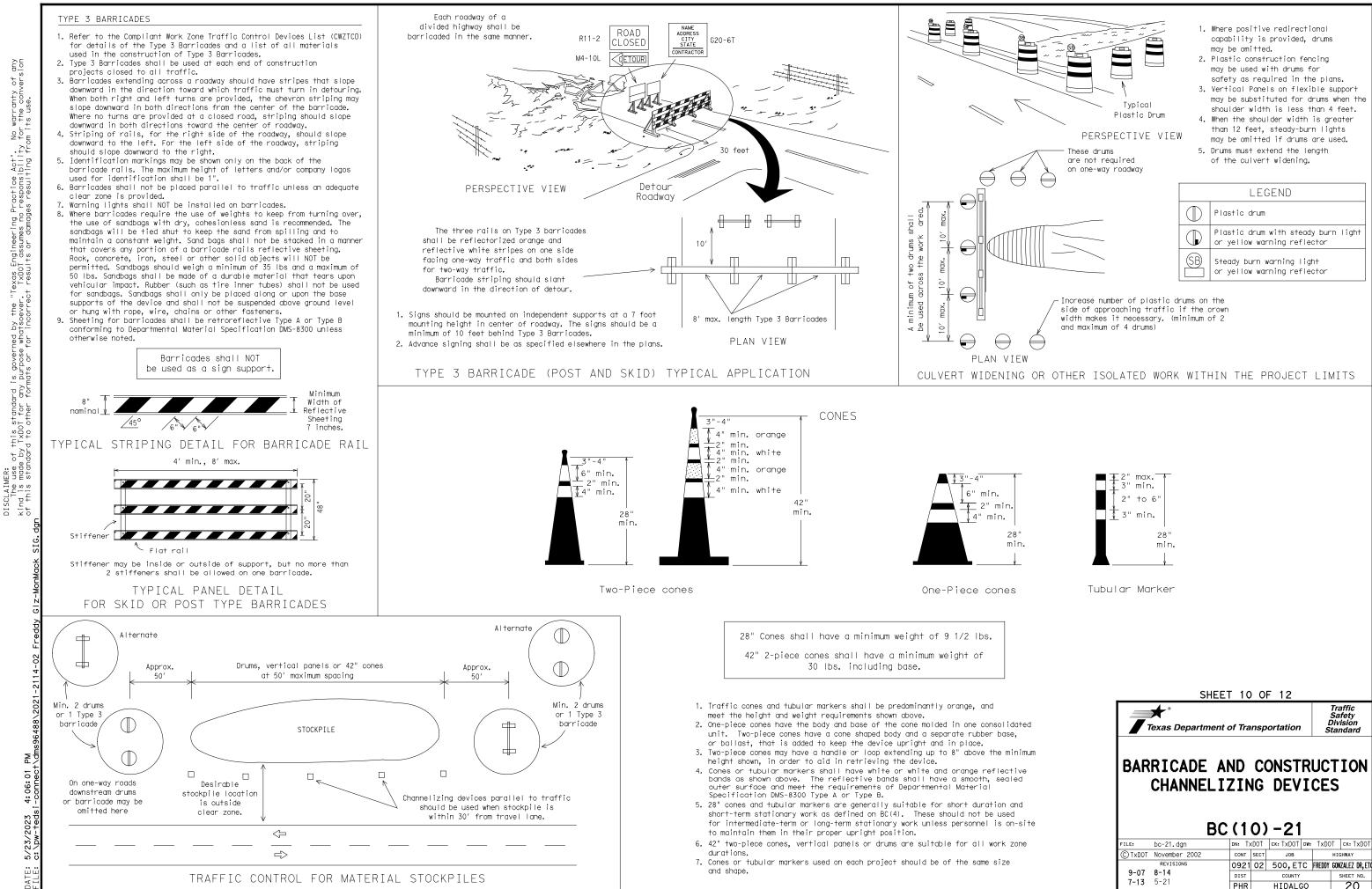
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L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH) SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNEL TZING DEVICES AND

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SHEET 9 OF 12	
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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs

FRONT VIEW

GENERAL

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- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Height of sheeting is usually more than 1/4" and less than 1".

TOP VIEW

STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECU TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARK TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidem shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is r normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement or roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or sh and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pay Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pi run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a sp of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each directi more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARK

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the ap product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applic butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concret surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:

YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

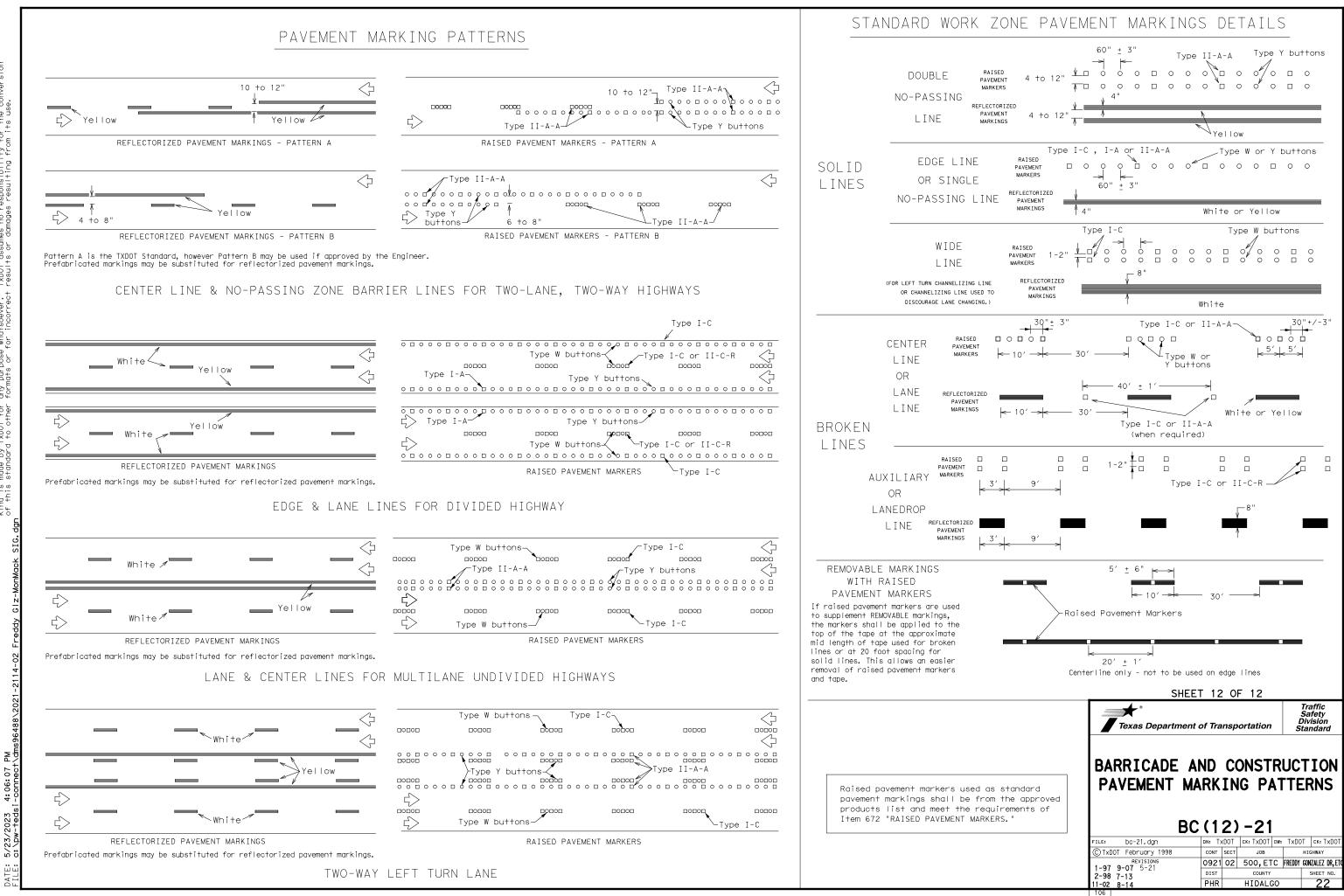
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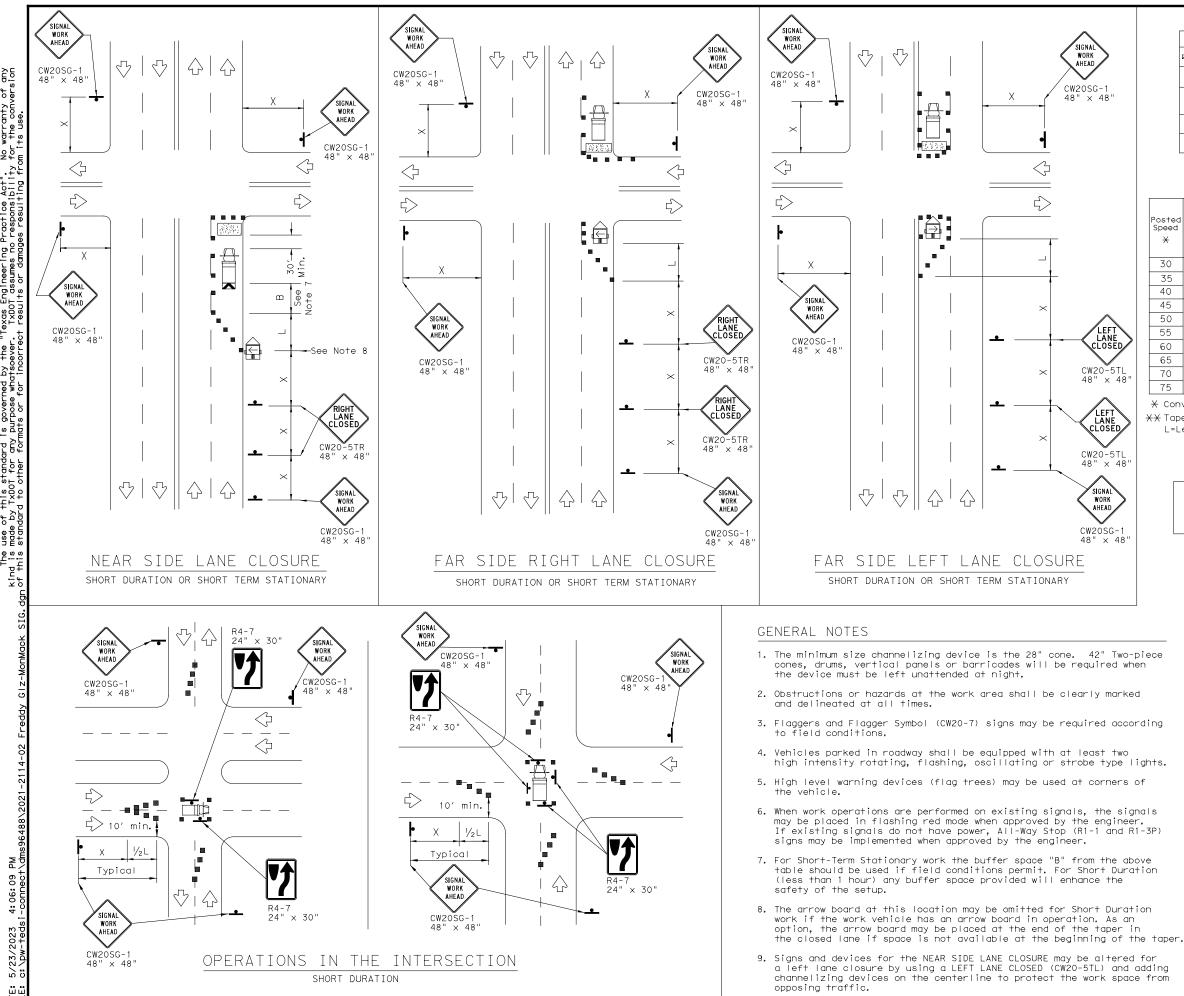
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	DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIE	
	MENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	IC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
	AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	INOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	NENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	
	RARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED MENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
	RARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE MAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242
URE	- of prequalified reflective raised p eflective traffic buttons, roadway mar nt markings can be found at the Mater idress shown on BC(1).	rker tabs and other
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LEGEND								
~ / / / / /	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
•	Sign	\bigcirc	Traffic Flow					
\bigtriangleup	Flag		Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	0n a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30	ws^2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	00	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	1957	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	I=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60		600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

X Conventional Roads Only

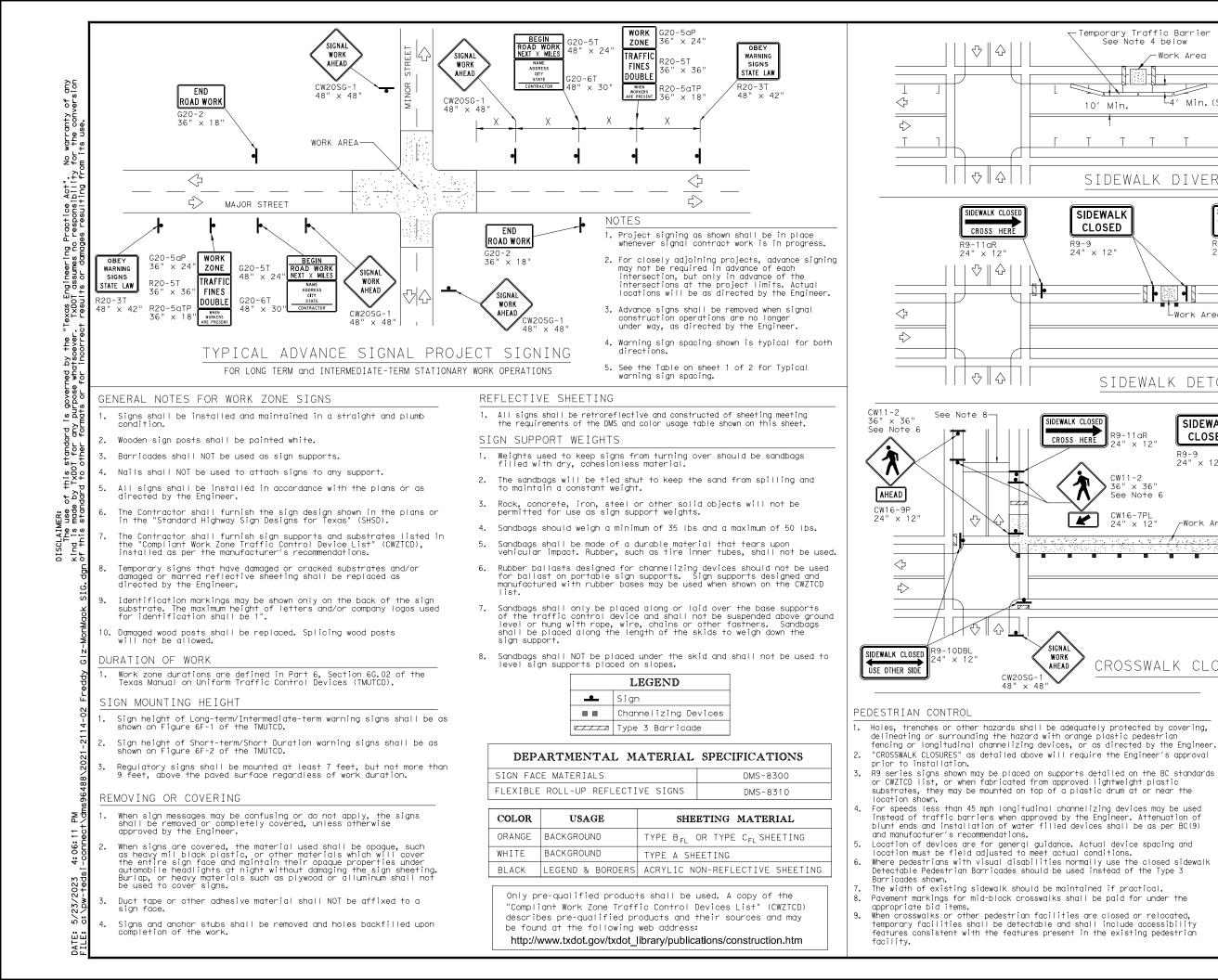
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

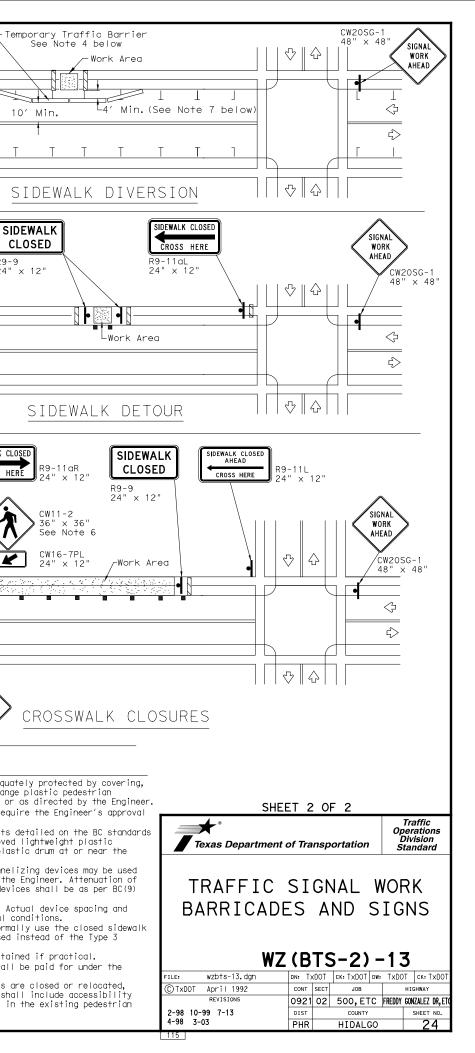
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

WORKERS IN BUCKET TRUCKS SHALL NOT WORK ABOVE OPEN LANES OF TRAFFIC.

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GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- 1. The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered ar acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is $\frac{1}{2}$ in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

CONDUIT

A. MATERIALS

- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- 2. Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in 3. the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

	-		-
AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" × 10" × 4"	12" × 12" × 4"	16" × 16" × 4"
#2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	12" × 12" × 4"
#4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"
#6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"
#8	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in. and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- 5. Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plo a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductor the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically co the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., groun elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedu size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requ except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. M the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provi and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at al foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrica properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff s the service riser conduit.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In a and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized s externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 15 requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification shee joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of det amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- 2. Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit space attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mou on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and condui
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams exce specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath ex driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Bu compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tu or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenche material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the su new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requ Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 " Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special St
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched cond
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and r after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by install hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted saf cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Groundintight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fitt install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same s grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are betwee from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other meth-the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor instal tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use sili conduit sealant.
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up o as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized materic paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.

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ans. Use only ors through alled for in nd the RMC of the rigid of 2 in. of elbows. RMC or		
y installed internal and with approval by 40 or schedule 80 PVG 11e 40 and of the same uirements of Item 622, lake the transition of de conduit of the size ground boxes or 1 ground boxes and	,	
I service poles, traps are allowed on		
ed conduits at Iddition, provide teel RMC conduit 0 ft. When t for expansion not allow for ermining the s a substitute		
acers when nting Options" t terminations.		
pt as shown		
isting roadways, ackfill and unneling Pipe connections.		
s with excavated ub-base of irements of Flowable horing."		
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ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS

A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt 4. adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical 3. enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- 4. Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- 5. Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- 9. Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a sinale connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

- 12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.
- C. TEMPORARY WIRING
- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of the following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- 3. Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved.
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- 5. Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NĔC.

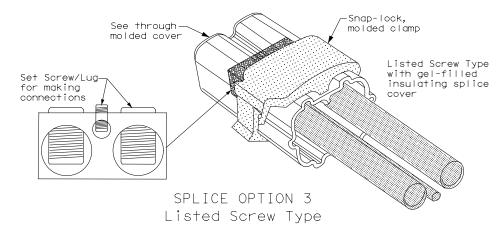
GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

1. Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide around rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade.
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- 3. Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- 5. Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect arounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.



1/8" to 1/4

Seal between conductors with tape. Tape to extend past end of tubing by 1/8" to 1/4

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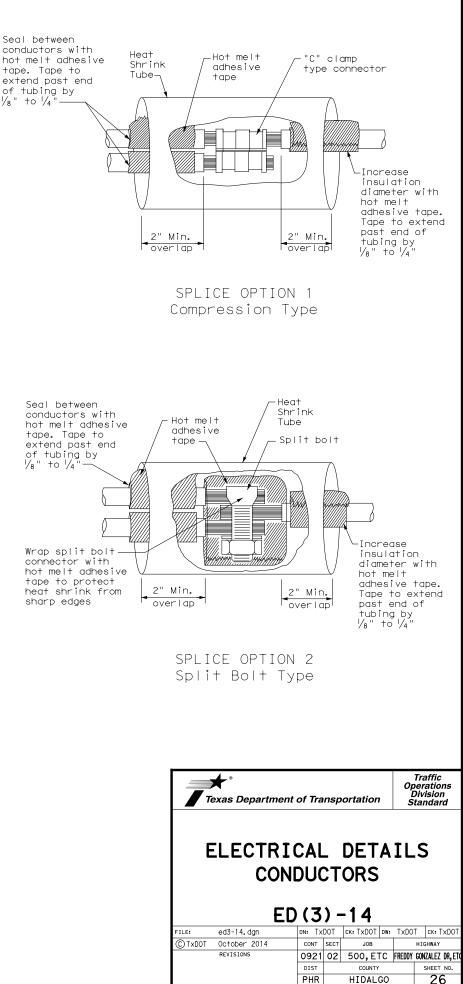
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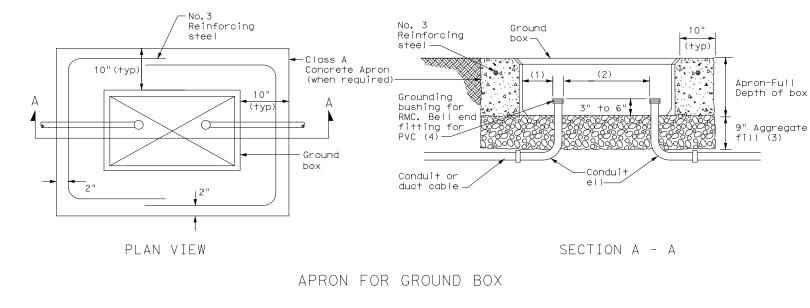
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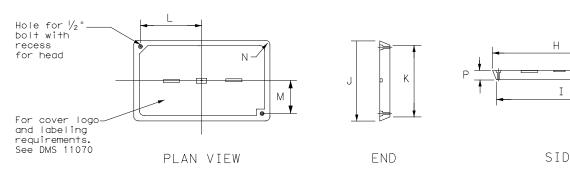




- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittinas.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

GROU	ND BOX DIMENSIONS
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)
А	12 X 23 X 11
В	12 X 23 X 22
С	16 X 29 X 11
D	16 X 29 X 22
E	12 X 23 X 17

	GROL	JND BO	ох со	ver d	IMENS	IONS		
TYPF			DIMEN	SIONS	(INCH	ES)		
TIFE	Н	Ι	J	K	L	М	Ν	Ρ
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 3⁄4	13 ½	9 7/8	5 1/ ₈	1 3/8	2
C & D	30 ½	30 /4	17 ½	17 /4	13 /4	6 ³ ⁄4	1 3/8	2



GROUND BOX COVER

GROUND BOXES

A. MATERIALS

- Item 624 "Ground Boxes."

- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- aggreaate.
- boxes.

- Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- below arade.
- fully describing the work required.

DATE: FTI E:

1. Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and

2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.

3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.

4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.

1. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of

2. Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.

3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground

4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.

5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.

6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant.

7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors

8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches

9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes

10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.

11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.

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ELECTRICAL DETAILS GROUND BOXES ED(4)-14								
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ELECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES

1. Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.

2. Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services, "DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Perducers list (MPL) on the Department web site under "Beadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.

3. Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.

- 4.Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5. The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed #2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock #2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock #2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6.Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- 7.When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8. Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red. black. and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9.All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately
- 0.Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the γ_2' in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that particular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- I.Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- 2. Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 3.For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to $8 \frac{1}{2}$ in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating. 22
 - 4.When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to $8 \frac{1}{2}$ in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket.
- 5.Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

1. Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure.

- 2. Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3. Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not paint stainless steel.
- 4. Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

			* ELE	CTRICAL	SERV	ICE DAT,	4					
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number	Electrical Service Description	Service Conduit **Size	Service Conductors No./Size	Safety Switch Amps	Main Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Branch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	KVA Load
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/#2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1
									Lighting SB	2P/40	25	
									Underpass	1P/20	15	
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(0)	1 1/4 "	3/#6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3
							30		Luminaires	2P/20	9	
									CCTV	1P/20	3	
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(0)	1 1/4 "	3/#6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0
									Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4	

* Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.

** Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National ELectrical Code.

EXPLANATION OF ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTIVE CODE

ELEC SERV TY X XXX/XXX XXX (XX) XX (X) XX	(X)
Schematic Type	
Service Voltage V / V	
Disconnect Amp Rating 000 indicates main lug only/ Typically Type T	
(SS)= Safety Switch Ahead of Meter-Check with Utility (NS)= No safety Switch Ahead of Meter-Check with Utility	
Enclosure Type GS= Galvanized steel("off the shelf") SS= Stainless steel(Custom Enclosure)See MPL AL= Aluminum (Custom Enclosure)See MPL	
Photocell Mounting Location (E) = Inside Service/Enclosure Mounted (T) = Top of pole (L) = Luminaire mounted (N) = None/No Photocell or Lighting Contactor Required	
Service Support Type GC= Granite concrete OC= Other concrete TP= Timber pole SP= Steel pole SF= Steel frame OT= Pole by others or paid for separately EX= Existing pole TS= Service on traffic signal pole PS= Pedestal Service	
O= Overhead Service Feed from Utility U= Underground Service Feed from Utility	

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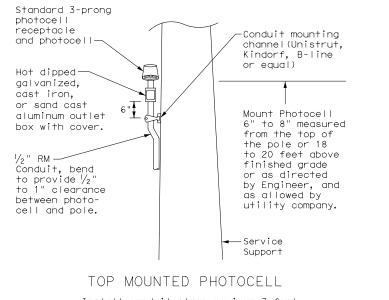
MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

1. Field drill flange-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions.

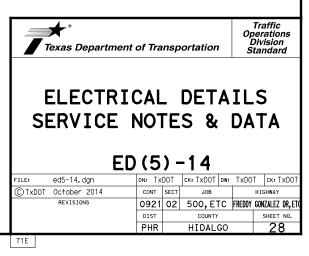
2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA. verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

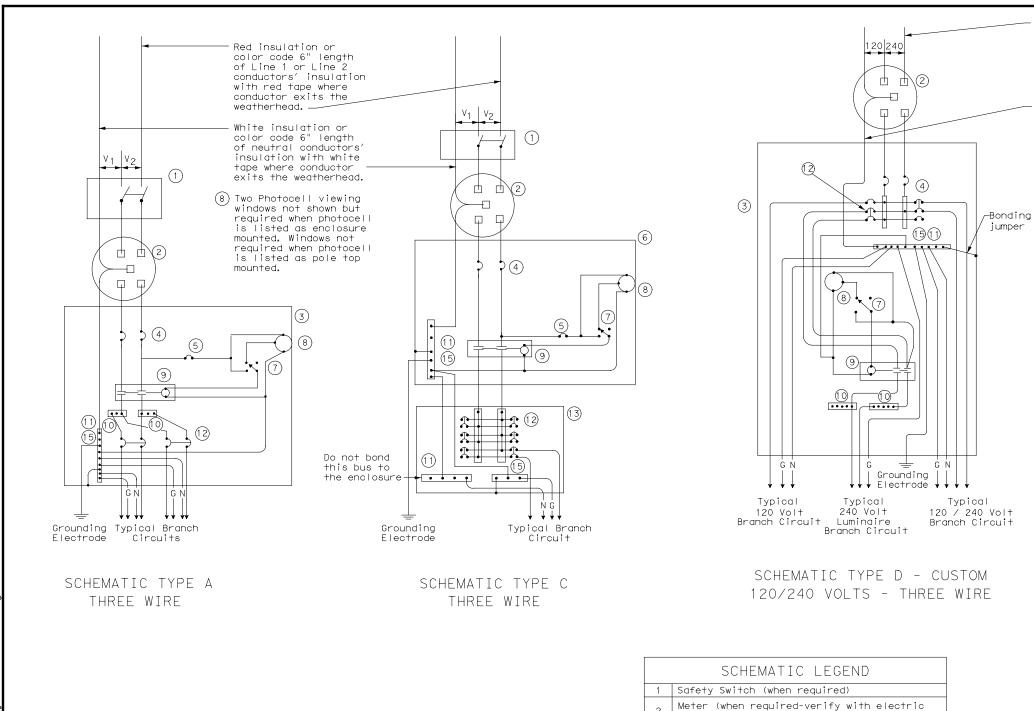
PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

1. Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.



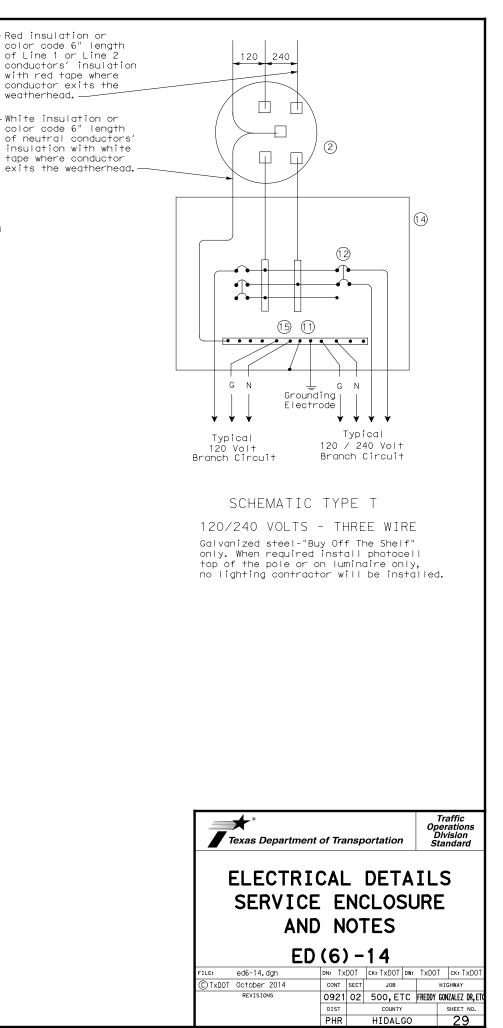
Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.



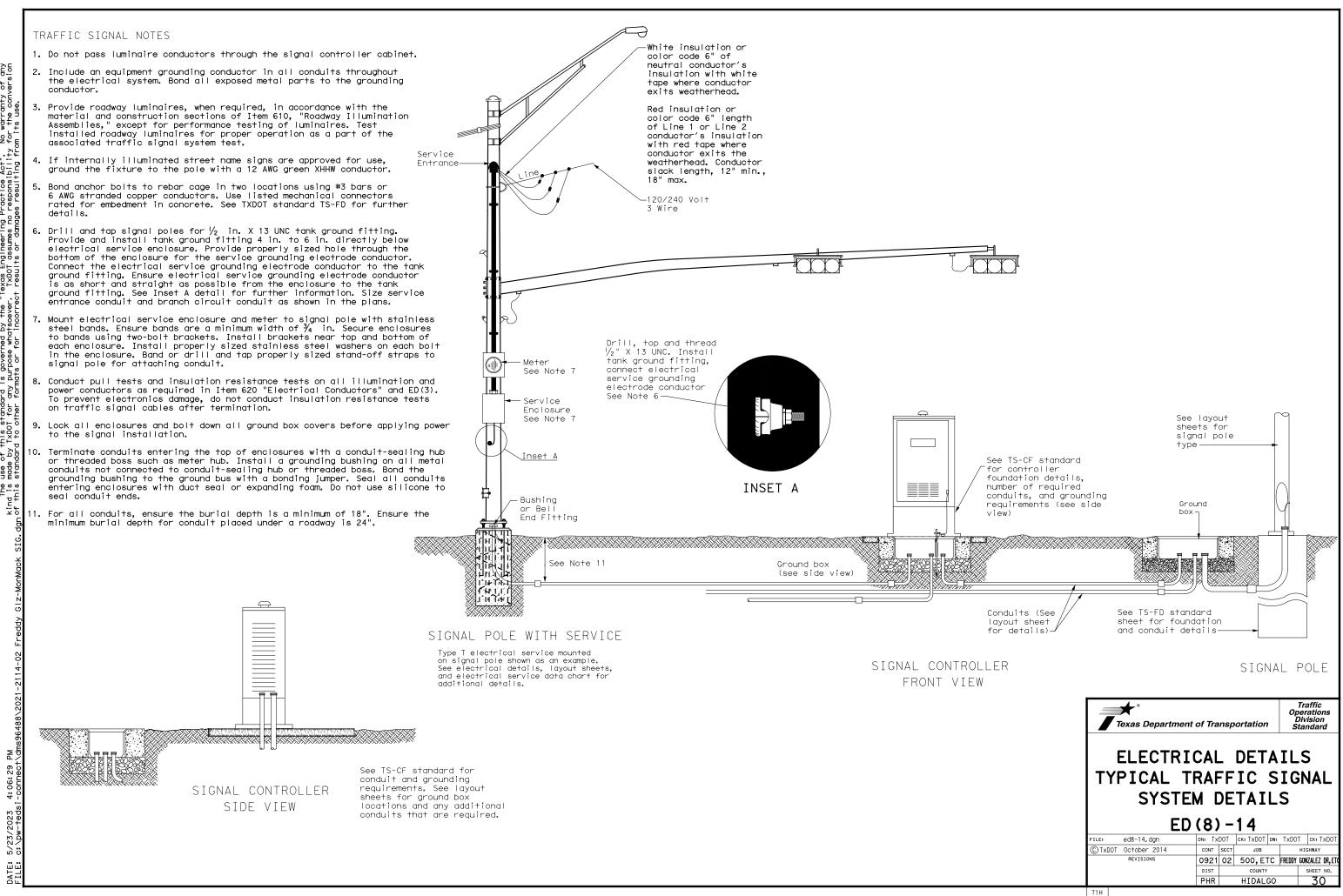


	WIRING LEGEND
	Power Wiring
	Control Wiring
— N —	Neutral Conductor
G	Equipment grounding conductor-always required

	SCHEMATIC LEGEND
1	Safety Switch (when required)
2	Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider)
3	Service Assembly Enclosure
4	Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
5	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit)
6	Auxiliary Enclosure
7	Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)
8	Photo Electric Control (enclosure- mounted shown)
9	Lighting Contactor
10	Power Distribution Terminal Blocks
11	Neutral Bus
12	Branch Circuit Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
13	Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard
14	Load Center
15	Ground Bus



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ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY NOTES

- 1. Details apply to roadway lighting installations bid or referenced under Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies." Provide, furnish, and install all other materials not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper construction. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the State such warranties or guarantees.
- 2. The locations of poles and fixtures may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TXDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association, Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection.
- 4. Provide Roadway Illumination Light Fixtures as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11010, Item 610, and as shown on the Material Producers List (MPL) for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies.
- 5. Fabricate steel roadway illumination poles in accordance with Roadway Illumination Poles (RIP) standards and Item 610. Poles fabricated according to RIP standards do not require shop drawing submittals.
 - a. Alternate designs to RIP standards or the use of aluminum to fabricate poles will require the submission of shop drawings electronically. For instructions on submitting shop drawings electronically see "Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal" on the TxDOT web site.
 - b. Limitations on use of the RIP standard: The RIP standard details were developed for installations in locations where the 3-second gust basic maximum wind speed is 110 mph, and where the elevation of the base of the pole is less than (i.e. not more than) 25' above the elevation of the surrounding terrain, in accordance with the "AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals," 6th Edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For poles to be installed in regions where the maximum basic wind speed exceeds 110 mph or to be mounted more than 25' above the surrounding terrain, provide poles meeting the following requirements:
 - i. Submittals. Following the electronic shop drawing submittal process (see Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal on the TxDOT web site), submit to the Engineer for approval fabrication drawings and calculations for the poles, sealed by a Texas licensed professional engineer (P.E.).
 - ii. Luminaire Structural Support Requirements. Provide light poles, arms, and anchor bolt assemblies with a 25 year design life to safely resist dead loads, ice loads and the required basic wind speeds at the location of installation in accordance with the 6th edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For transformer base poles, include transformer base and connecting hardware in calculations and shop drawing submittals. Structurally test all transformer bases to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Submit certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished with the shop drawings. Show breakaway base model number, manufacturer's name, and logo on shop drawings. Include on manufacturer's shop drawings the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.
- 6. For both transformer and shoe-base type illumination poles, provide and install double-pole breakaway fuse holders as specified by DMS-11040. Breakaway fuse holders are listed on the MPL for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies under Items 610 & 620. Provide 10 amp time delay fuses for breakaway connectors in light poles, or inside the light fixture for underpass luminaires. In each pole, connect luminaires to the breakaway connector with continuous stranded 12 AWG copper conductors as listed on the MPL. Bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground lug in the transformer base or hand hole.
- 7. Tighten anchor bolts for shoe base, concrete traffic barrier base, and bridge mount roadway illumination poles, in accordance with Item 449.
- 8. Install T-Base with following procedure:
 - a. Anchor Bolt Tightening.
 - i. Coat the threads of the anchor bolts with electrically conductive lubricant.
 - ii. Place the T-base over the anchor bolts. Foundation must be level and flat. The maximum permissible gap under any one corner of the t-base is 1/8" before nuts are tightened.
 - iii.Coat the bearing surfaces of the nuts and washers with electrically conductive lubricant. Install (1) 1/2" hold down washer, (1) lock washer, and (1) nut on each anchor bolt. Turn the nuts onto the bolts so that each is hand-tight against the washer.
 - iv. Using a torque wrench, tighten each nut to 150 ft-lb. Uniform contact is required between the foundation and the T-base in the corner regions of the T-base, and all corner gaps must be closed after applying torque. If a gap still exists after torquing to 150 ft-lbs, continue torquing each bolt incrementally until gap is closed or maximum allowable torque of 250 ft. pound is reached, whichever comes first. If 250 ft-lbs is not enough to close the gap the foundation must be leveled. Gaps along the straight sides of the T-bases and the foundation are permissible. Ensure that no high point of contact occurs between the straight sides of the T-base and the foundation.
 - v. Check top of T-base for level. If not level then foundation must be leveled.
 - b. Top Bolt Procedure
 - i. Erect pole over T-base with crane. Coat bolts, nuts, washers, and lock washers with electrically conductive lubricant.

- "Structural Bolting."
- iii.Tighten each nut to 150 ft-lb. using a torque wrench.
- c. Level and Plumb
 - dearees.
- standard sheet RID(2).
- RID(3). Typical luminaire size for underpass luminaires is 150W HPS or 150W EQ LED.
- 11. Mount luminaires on arms level as shown by the luminaire level indicator.

Wiring Diagram Notes:

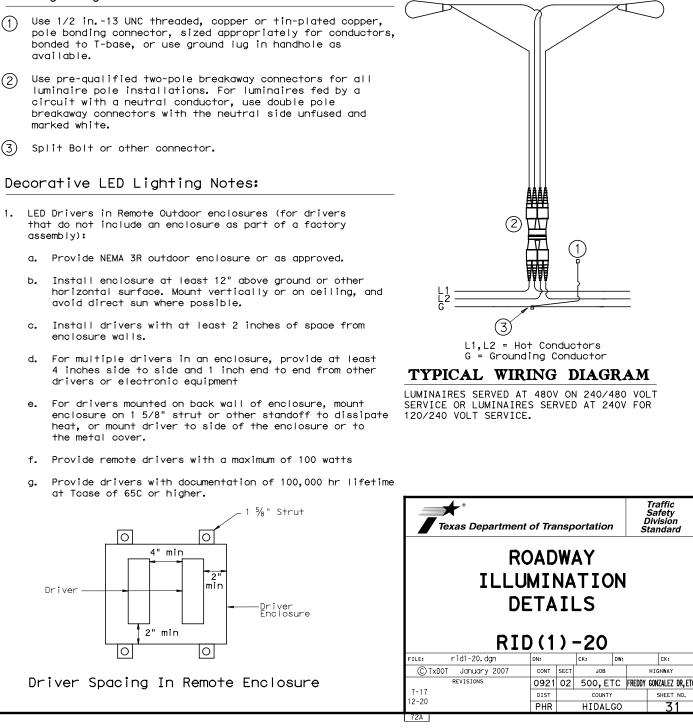
- (1)available.
- (2)marked white.
- Split Bolt or other connector. (3)

Decorative LED Lighting Notes:

- assembly):

 - avoid direct sun where possible.
 - enclosure walls.
 - drivers or electronic equipment
 - the metal cover.

 - at Tcase of 65C or higher.



ц Б С

ii. Install bolts and 1/2" connecting washers from the inside of the T-base, thread up through the pole base. Install flat washers, lock washers and nuts snug tight according to Item 447,

i. Ensure pole is plumb and mast arm is perpendicular to the roadway according to plans to within 5 9. Construct luminaire pole foundations in accordance with Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations," and TxDOT

10. Provide and install underpass luminaires in accordance with Item 610, DMS-11010, and TxDOT standard sheet

12. Orient luminaires perpendicular to the roadway intended to be lit unless otherwise shown on the plans.

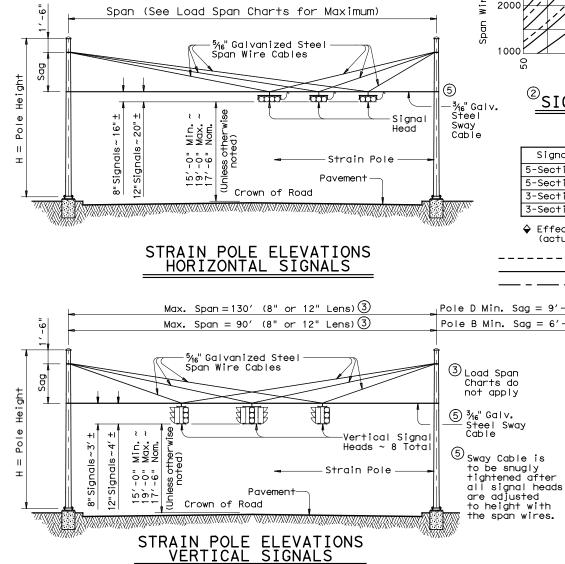
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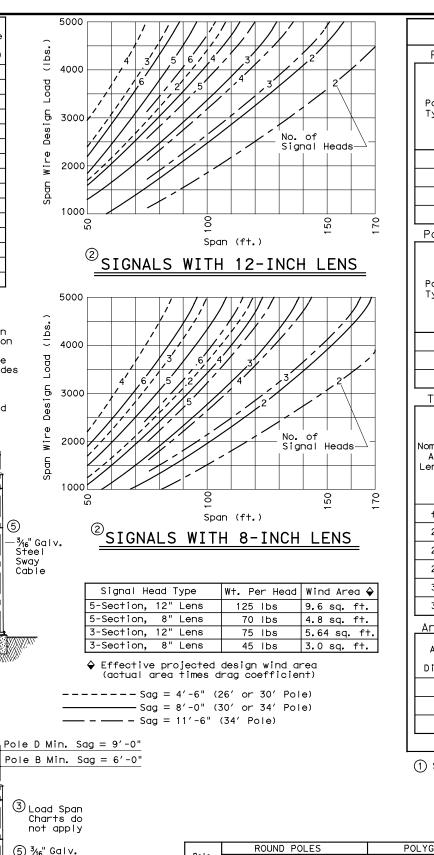
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STRAIN POLE DESCRIPTION	Pole Type	Found- ation Type	Maximum Permissible Span Wire Load (lbs.)
26' Pole	A	36-A	4900
30' Pole	В	36-A	4300
30' Pole with Lum.	В	36-A	4000
30' Pole with 20' Mast Arm	С	36-B	4400
30' Pole with 24' Mast Arm	С	36-B	4000
30' Pole with 28' Mast Arm	С	36-B	3600
30' Pole with 32' Mast Arm	С	36-B	3300
30' Pole with 36' Mast Arm	С	36-B	2900
30' Pole with 20' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	4100
30' Pole with 24' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	3800
30' Pole with 28' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	3400
30' Pole with 32' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	3000
30' Pole with 36' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	2500
34' Pole	D	36-B	5200
34' Pole with Lum.	D	36-B	4900

2 Numbers on Load Span Charts indicate the number of signal heads on the span. The total span wire design load is based on one 5-section head and one or more additional 3-section head(s). Design wind pressures on cables are assumed as 1.6 lb/ft. Weight of span wire cables (one per signal head) is assumed as 0.65 lb/ft which includes an allowance for conductor cables and miscellaneous hardware. The effect of the sway cable on load distribution is ignored as it is assumed to break at design wind conditions. When a pole supports 2 spans, the span wire design loads for both spans should be added vectorially to determine the design load for that pole.



(Mast arms are not used with vertical signals)



				S
Pole	s	(Without	Traffi	c Signa
		Strain po	les with	Luminair
Pole Type		Ship each hardware handhole a simplex an	attached at base,	; pole cap,
		Descript	ion	Design
Α				
В		30' Strain	Pole	SPL 30 6
D		34′ Strain	Pole	SPL 34 (
oles	(With Traf	fic Si	gnal Arı
		Strain	poles w	/ith Lumin
ole Type		hardware handhole simplex a	attached at base, Ind 3 pip	pole cap
		Descripti	on	Designo
-				
С		30' SPw/TS	Arm	SPL 30
Traff	ic	Signal A		
		Type I Arm	(I SIGN	
minal Arm ength	-	Ship each Ty the followir attached: 2 CGB Connec with bolts c	ng hardwo ctors, 1	are clamp
ft.	D	esignation	Que	antity
20		20I-100		
24		24I-100		
28		28I-100		
32				
36				
nchor	- B	olt Assem	blies	(1 per
Anchor Bolt iamete		Anchor Bolt Length	for sh	tes may be ipment. Quantity
1 3⁄4"		3'-10"		6
2"		4'-3"		
See S	hee	t "DMA-100"		

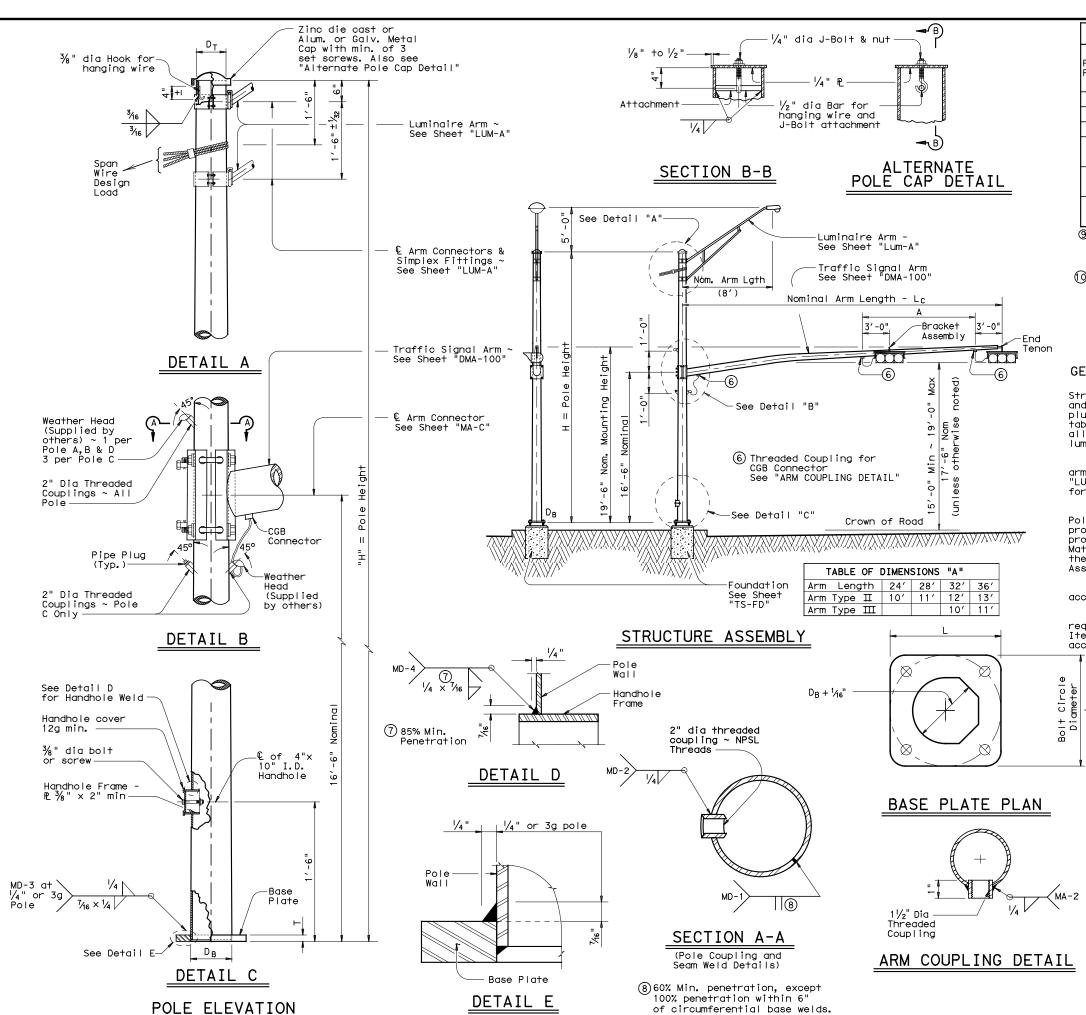
		ROUND	POLES		F	OLYGON	AL POLES	5	
Pole Type	De	DT	(4)thk	H	DB	DT	(4)thk	Н	
1 Jpc	in.	in.	in.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	ft.	(4) Thickness show
Α	12.5	8,9	.239	26	13.0	9.0	.239	26	are minimum,
В	13.5	9.3	.239	30	14.0	9.0	.239	30	thicker materi may be used.
С	15.5	11.3	.239	30	16.0	11.0	.239	30	
D	15.5	10.7	.239	34	16.0	11.0	.239	34	
D _B = P	ole Ba	se 0.[).	DT = P	ole Top	0.D.	H = P	ole Hei	ght

S	HIPPI	NG PA	RTS	LIST						
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inair						thout Lum				
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-	ation	Quant	i+y	Descrip	otion	Designat	tion	Quantity		
				26′ Strai	n Pole	SP 26 A	-100			
L 30	B-100	4		30' Strai	n Pole	SP 30 B-	-100	2		
L 34	D-100			34′ Strai	n Pole	SP 34 D-	-100			
l Ar	m)			-		·		·		
Lumir	naire			Strai	n poles w	ithout Lum	inaire)		
	ollowing o, clamp	-		hard hand	ware attac	e with the ched: ise, pole (
esign	ation	Quant	ity	Descrip	otion	Designa	tion	Quantity		
PL 30	C-100			30' SPw/1	「S Arm	SP 30 C	-100			
уре	C pol	es)								
	Тур	be II Arm	(2	Signals)	Тур	e III Arm (3 Sign	nals)		
th mp	the f attac 1 Bra Conne	ollowing hed:	; har sembl nd 1	y ¹ , 3 CGB clamp	the fo attach 2 Brack Connec	Ship each Type III Arm with the following hardware attached: 2 Bracket Assemblies, 4 CG Connectors and 1 clamp with bolts and washers				
ty	Desig	nation		Quantity	Desig	nation	Q	uantity		
	24 🏾	-100								
		-100								
		:-100			32 111	-100				
		-100				-100				
Der	pole)		ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	uminaire /			I			
may b	e remov			Nominal Arm L			Quan	tity		
nt. tity				8' Arm				4		
		Top and 8 flat w	Bott ashe	Bolt Assemble om templates ers, and 4 nu	, 4 anchor t anchor d	- bolts, 8 devices	ollowi nuts,	ng:		
		(Type 2)	per	· Standard Dr	awing "TS-	-FD".				
							SHEE	T 1 OF :		
					Texas Dec	artment of	Tran	sportation		
					Traffic	Operations Div	rision			
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showr	٦			SUF	PORT	STRU	JCTI	JRES		
um, iterio	als							MBLIES		

(100 MPH WIND ZONE) SP-100(1)-12 CK: JSY DW: BR ©TxDOT March 1996 DN: MS CK: JSY REVISION CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 6-96 1-12 0921 02 500, ETC FREDDY GONZALEZ DR, ET DIST SHEET NO PHR HIDALGO 32

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	MATERIALS
ound Shafts or olygonal Shafts⑨	ASTM A595 Gr.A, A588, A1008 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A1011 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A572 Gr.50 or A1011 SS Gr.50 ())
Plates (9)	ASTM A36, A588, or A572 Gr.50
Connection Bolts	ASTM A325 except where noted
Pin Bolts	ASTM A325
Pipe)	ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50, A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50
Steel Cable	ASTM A475, 7 Wire Utilities Grade
Misc. Hardware	Galvanized steel or stainless steel or as noted

@ ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS, A1011 HSLAS, A1008 HSLAS-F, A1011 HSLAS-F, or A1011 SS may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.

ASTM A1011 SS Gr.50 shall also have a minimum elongation of 18 percent in 8 inches or 23 percent in 2 inches. Material thickness in excess of those stipulated under A1011 SS will be acceptable providing the material meets all other A1011 SS requirements and the requirements of this item.

GENERAL NOTES

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 100 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. The maximum permissible span wire design loads tabulated are calculated at a stress load of 1.4 times the basic allowable stress. A simultaneous wind on the pole, mast arm, and luminaire is also included.

See standard sheet "DMA-100" for details of clamp-on traffic signal arms, sheet "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, sheet "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, and sheet "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details.

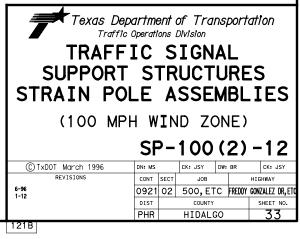
Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

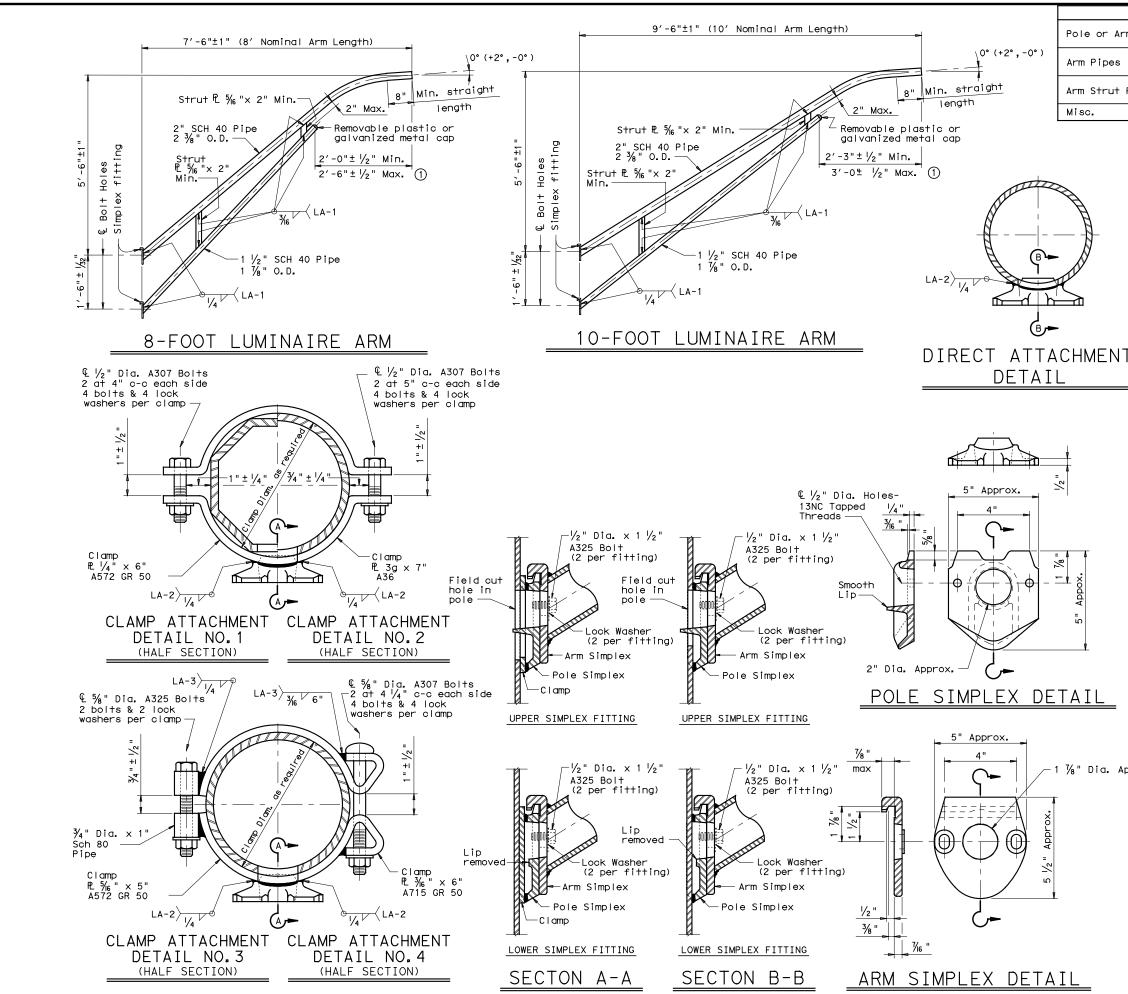
Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Foundation Type	BOLL	Bolt Hole Diameter	Bolt Circle Diameter	Base PL Dim. L x T
36-A	1 3⁄4 "	2"	19"	19" × 1 ¾"
36-B	2"	2 1/4 "	21 "	21" × 2"

SHEET 2 OF 2





	MATERIALS
le or Arm Simplex	ASTM A27 Gr.65-35 or A148 Gr.80-50, A576 Gr.1021③, or A36 (Arm only)
m Pipes	ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50 ④, or A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50 ④
m Strut Plates (2)	ASTM A36, A572 Gr.50 ④, or A588
sc.	ASTM designations as noted

- Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.
- (2) Any of the materials listed for plates may be used where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM designation.
- (3) A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.
- (4) ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 90 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Arms are designed to support a 60 lb. luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of 1.6 sq. ft.

Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absense of specified Fabricaton tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

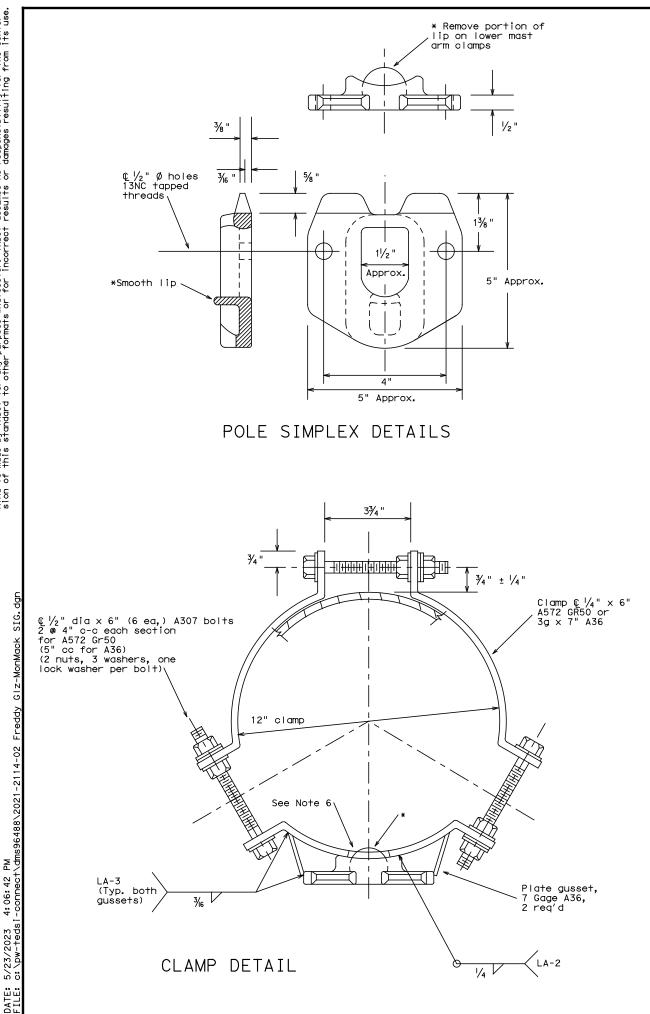
Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 bolts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans. When clamp attachment is specified, the Fabricator to the pole at the location shown on the plans.

If clamp assemblies are ordered without poles, the Fabricator shall ship one upper and one lower clamp assembly together in a single package, including all nuts and washers required for the clamps and simplex fittings.

1 1/8" Dia. Approx.

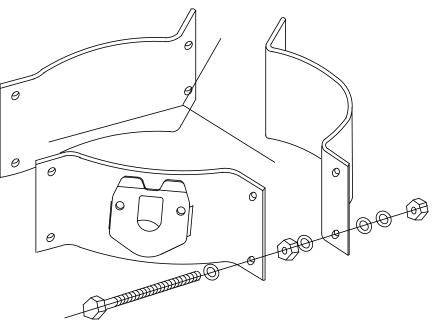
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OTHER MATERIALS:

GENERAL NOTES:

- galvanizing process.
- 1.6 sq.ft.,12 ft. maximum arm length.



PROJECTION

1. Pole simplex shall be ASTM A27 GR65-35 or A148 GR80-50 or A576 GR1021. ASTM A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile of 65ksi, minimum yield of 35ksi, and a minimum elongation of 22 percent in 2 inches.

2. Welded tabs and backplates shall be ASTM A-36 steel or better.

3. Nylon insert locknuts shall conform to ASTM A563.

1. Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Standard Sheet "MA-C" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absence of specified fabrication tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

2. All parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". The throat of the Simplex shall be made free of all rough or sharp edges resulting from the

3. Each simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 bolts, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. X $\frac{1}{2}$ in. and 2 lock washers. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the clamp with the other hardware items. The Fabricator shall ship clamp assembly together in a single package, including all bolts, nuts, and washers required for the clamp and simplex fitting.

4. Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals" and interim revisions thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Clamps are designed to support a 60 lb. luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of

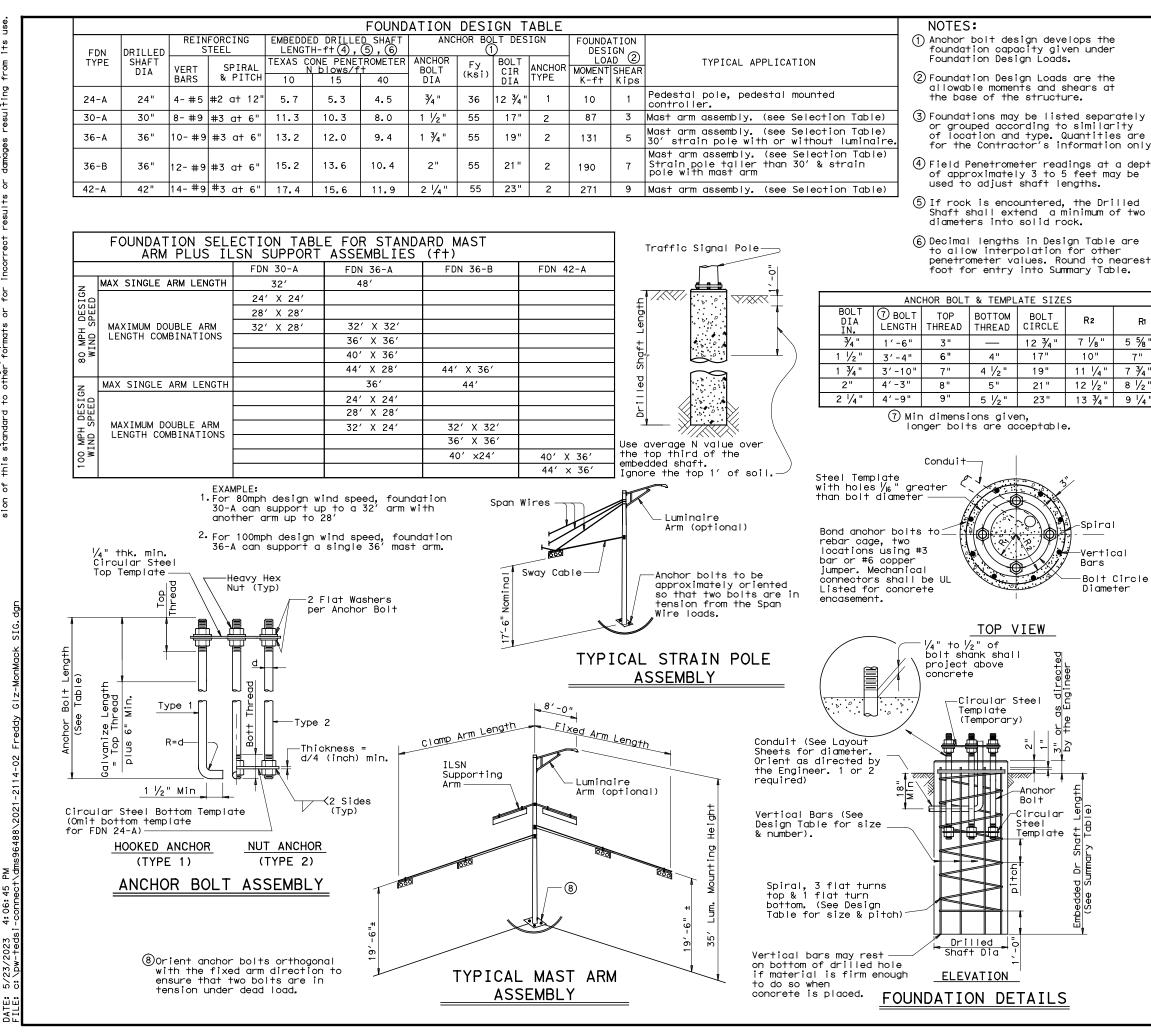
5. Each assembly shall consist of one upper piece simplex fitting having a smooth lip and one lower piece simplex fitting with the lip removed.

6. Approximately 2 in. diameter hole in upper mast arm clamp.



For 8.9 - 12 inch diameter Signal Poles (Two req'd for each mast arm)

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division									
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LOCATION	AVG. N BLOW	FDN	NO.		RILLED		LENGTH	6
IDENTIFICATION	/ft.	TYPE	EA	24-A	30-A	36-A	36-B	42
FREDDY GONZALE	ZDR							
POLE 1	10	36-A	1				14	
POLE 2	10	36-A	1				14	
POLE 3	10	24-A	1	6				
POLE 4	10	36-A	1				14	
POLE 5	10	36-A	1				14	
M RD								
POLE 1	10	36-A	1				14	
POLE 2	10	36-A	1				14	

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and interim revisions thereto.

Reinforcing steel shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel".

Concrete shall be Class "C".

Threads for anchor bolts and nuts shall be rolled or cut threads of 8UN series up to 2" in diameter or UNC series for all sizes. Bolts and nuts shall have Class 2A and 2B fit tolerances. Galvanized nuts shall be tapped after galvanizing.

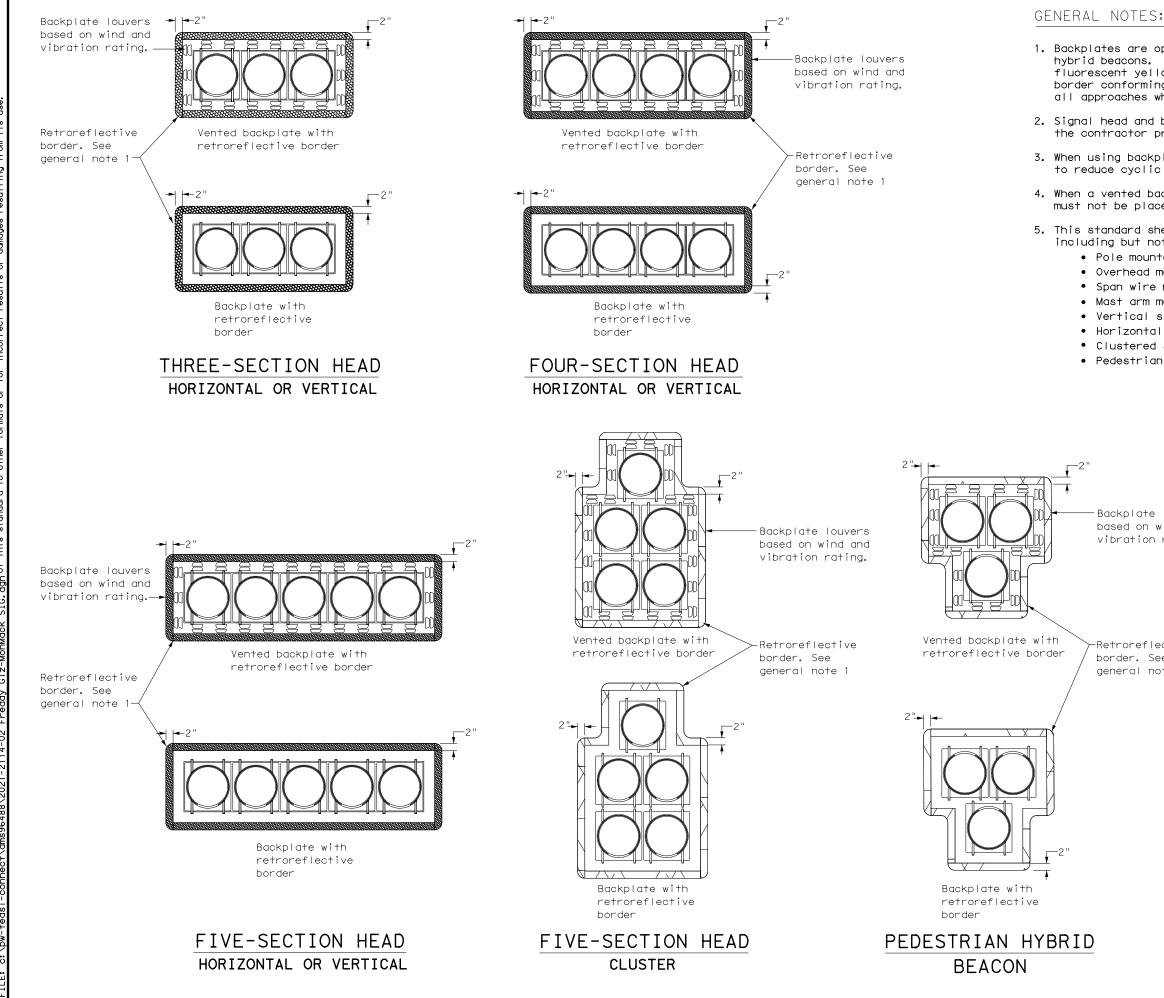
Anchor bolts that are larger than 1" in diameter shall conform to "alloy steel" or "medium-strength mild steel" per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts". Anchor bolts that are 1" in diameter or less shall conform to ASTM A36. Galvanize a minimum of the top end thread length plus 6" for all anchor bolts unless otherwise noted. Exposed washers and exposed nuts shall be galvanized. All galvanizing shall be in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Templates and embedded nuts need not be galvanized. Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts when erecting the structure in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

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7"



1. Backplates are optional for traffic signals and pedestrian hybrid beacons. When backplates are used, a 2-inch wide fluorescent yellow AASHTO Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} retroreflective border conforming to TxDOT DMS-8300 is required. Place on all approaches when used. 2. Signal head and backplate compatability must be verified by the contractor prior to installation.

3. When using backplates on signal heads, venting is preferred to reduce cyclic vibration stress.

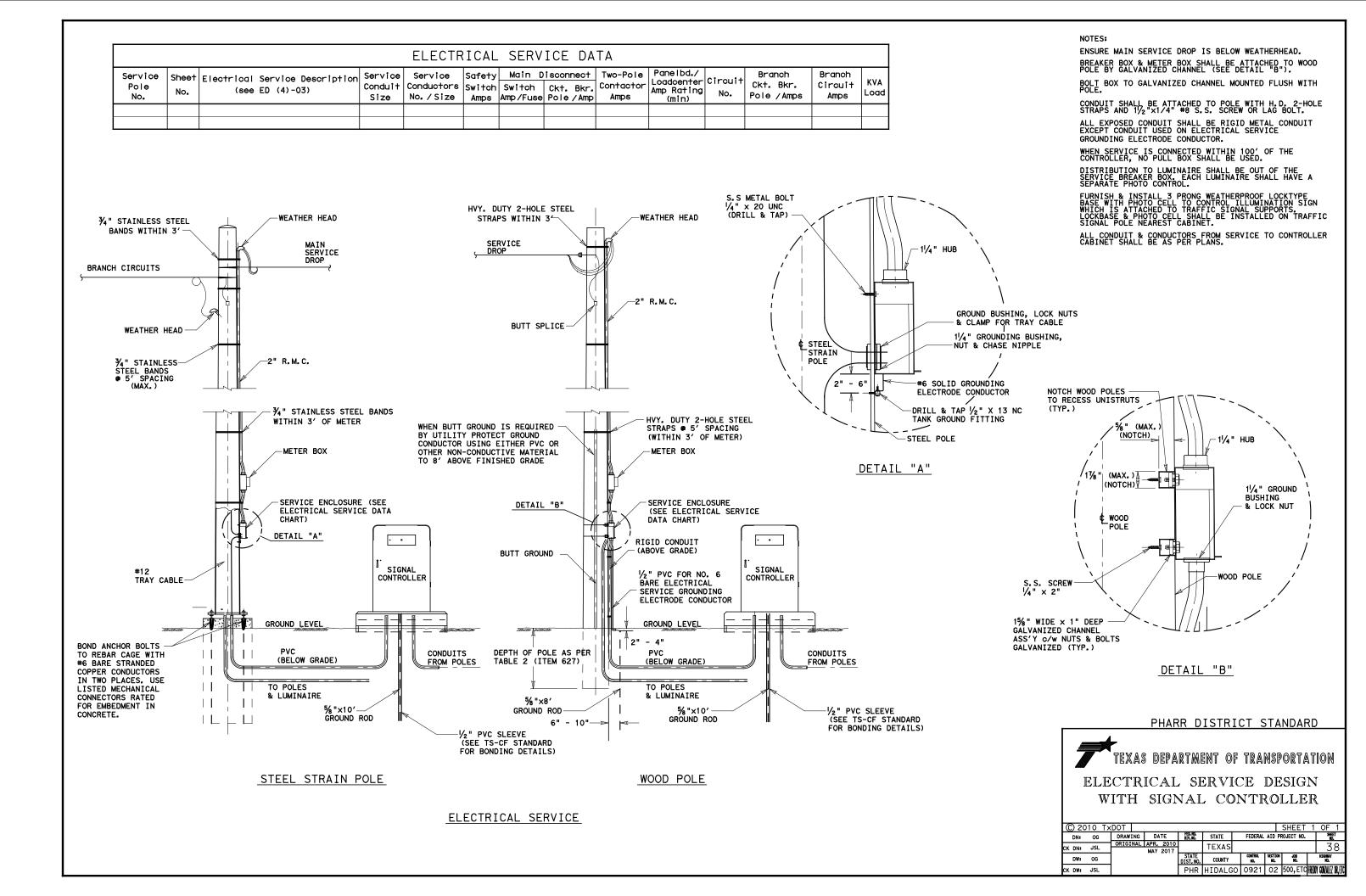
4. When a vented backplate is used, the retroreflective border must not be placed over the louvers.

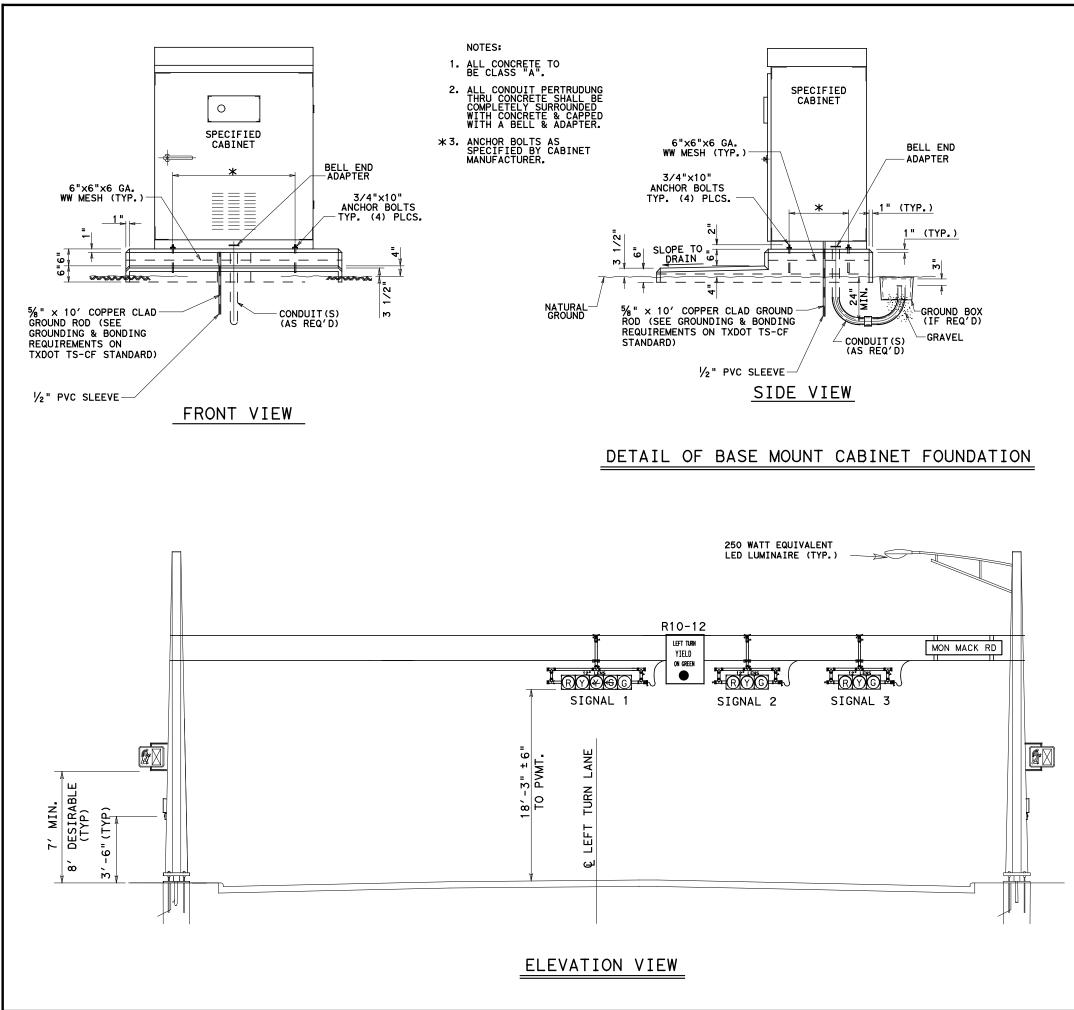
5. This standard sheet applies to all signal heads with backplates, including but not limited to: • Pole mounted • Overhead mounted • Span wire mounted • Mast arm mounted • Vertical signal heads • Horizontal signal heads • Clustered signal heads • Pedestrian hybrid beacons

> Backplate louvers based on wind and vibration rating.

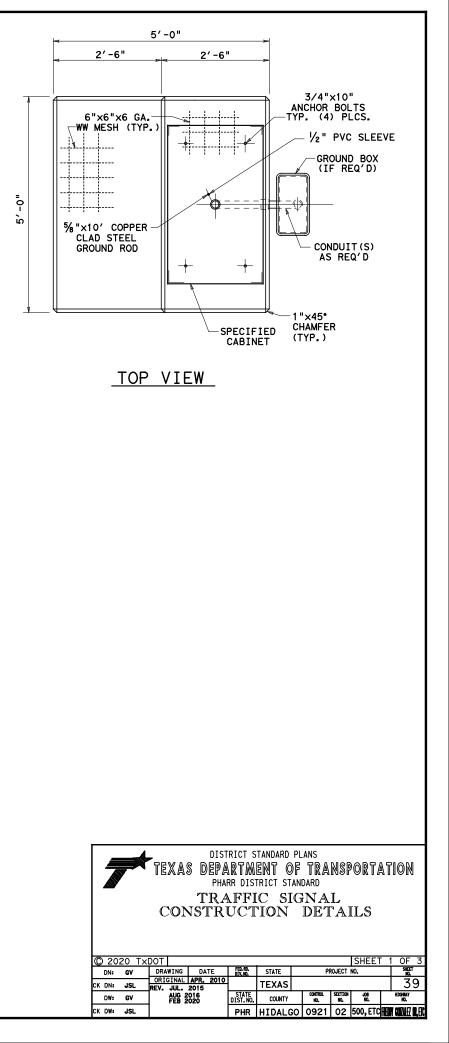
-Retroreflective border. See general note 1

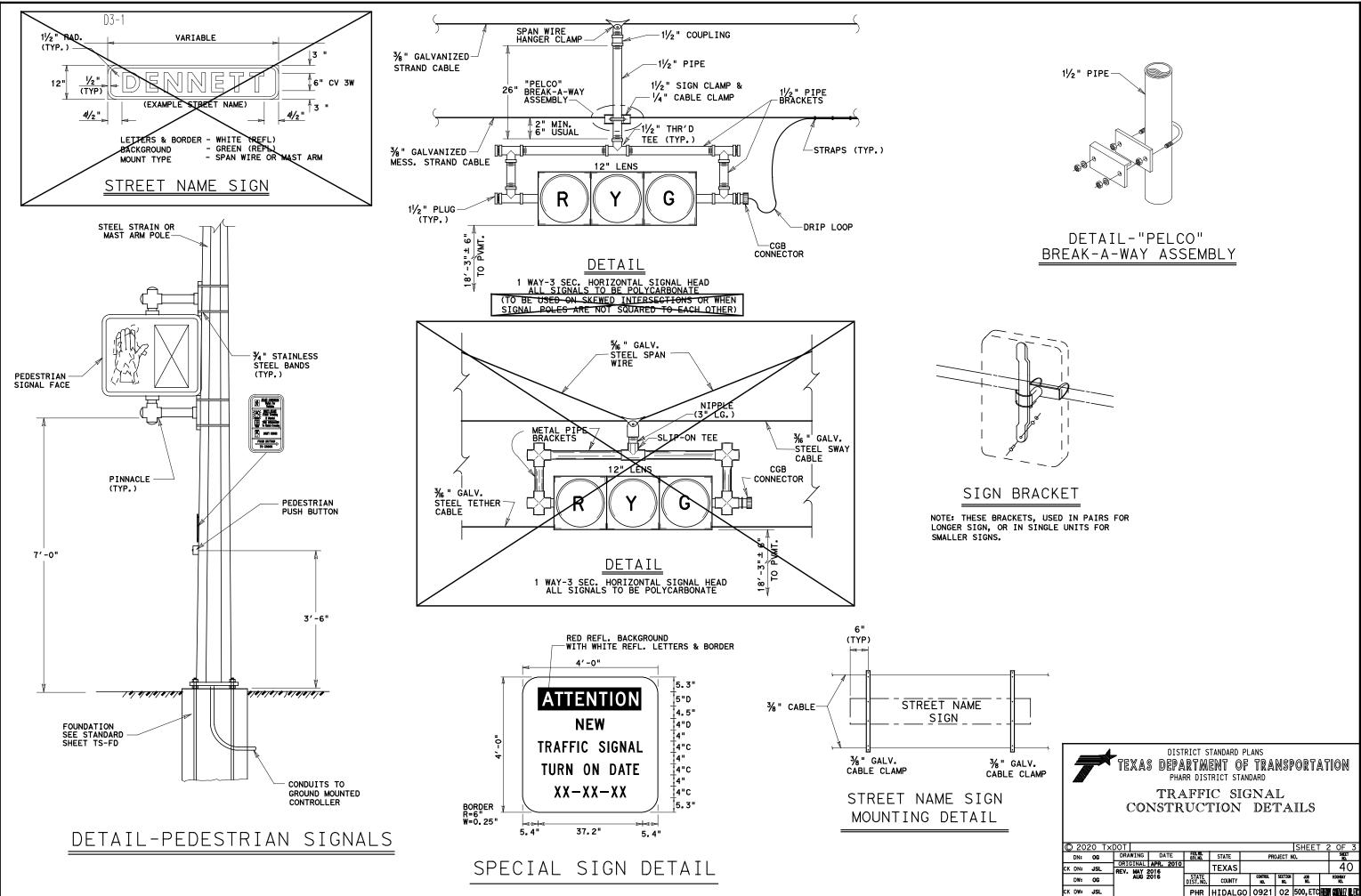
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TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEAD WITH BACKPLATE										
TS	-Bł		20							
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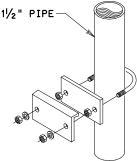


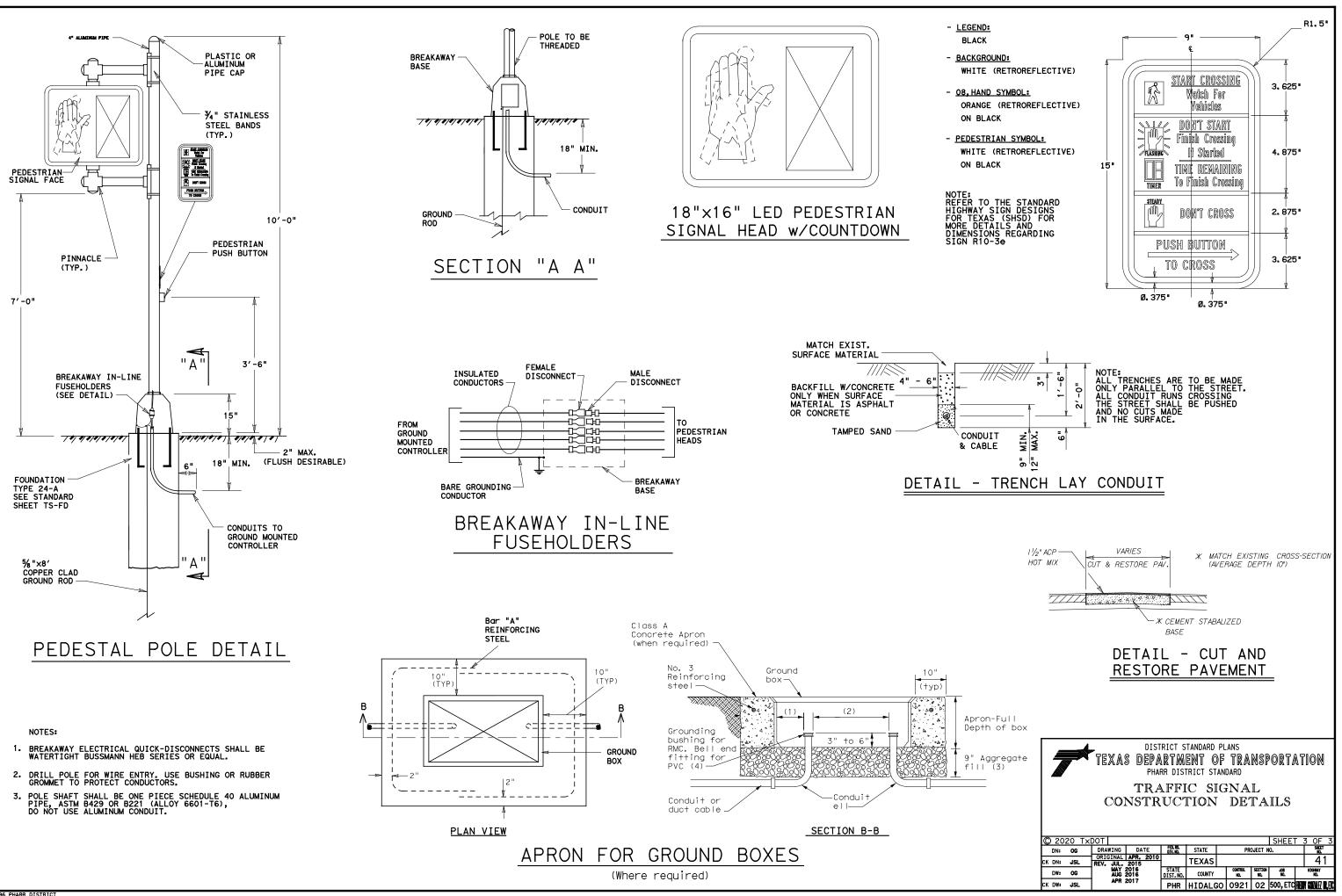


4-96 PHARR DISTRICT

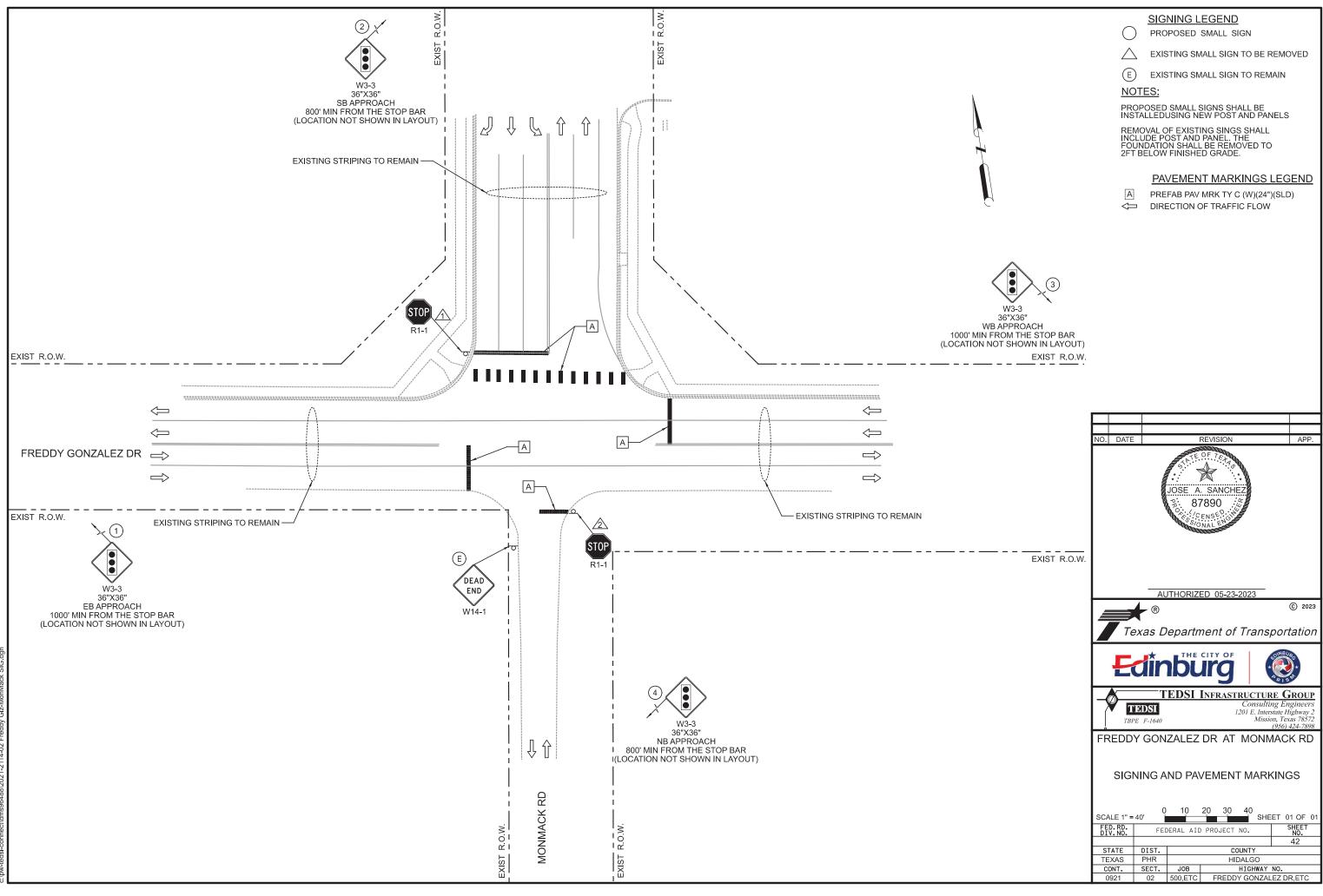








4-96 PHARR DISTRIC



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REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING			



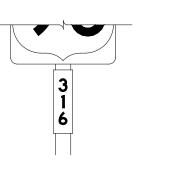




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING			
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

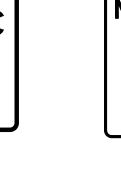






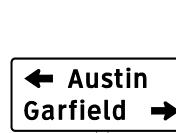












TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

plans.

or E).

1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).

2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the

CV-1W
CV-2W
CV-3W
CV-4W
CV-5WR
CV-6W

3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod

4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.

5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.

6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as $% \left(1/2\right) =0$ 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.

7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.

8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS				
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness			
Less than 7.5	0.080			
7.5 to 15	0.100			
Greater than 15	0.125			

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

Texas Department	of Transı	portation	Traffic Operations Division Standard			
TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS						
	<u>R (3)</u>	-13				
FILE: tsr3-13.dgn	DN: TXDOT	ск: TxDOT dw:	TxDOT CK: TxDO			
©TxDOT October 2003	CONT SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0921 02	500,ETC	FREDDY GONZALEZ DR,E			
12-03 7-13	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
9-08	PHR	HIDALGO	43			
3						

REGULATORY SIGNS (stop, yield, do not enter and wrong way signs)	REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS (excluding stop, yield, do not enter and wrong way signs)
STOP VIELD	
ENTER WRONG WAY	TYPICAL EXAMPLES
SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY	SHEETING REQUIREMENTS
SHEETING REQUIREMENTS	USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL	BACKGROUND WHITE TYPE A SHEETING BACKGROUND ALL OTHERS TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND RED TYPE B OR C SHEETING BACKGROUND WHITE TYPE B OR C SHEETING	
LEGEND & BORDERS WHITE TYPE B OR C SHEETING	AND SYMBOLS BLACK ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
LEGEND RED TYPE B OR C SHEETING	AND SYMBOLS ALL OTHER TYPE B OR C SHEETING
REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS	REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS
TYPICAL EXAMPLES	SCHOOL SPEED LIMIT QQO WHEN FLASHING TYPICAL EXAMPLES
	SCHOOL SPEED LIMIT 20 WHEN FLASHING
TYPICAL EXAMPLES	SCHOOL SPEED Dimit Dimit
VICTOR VICTOR SHEETING REQUIREMENTS	SCHOOL SPEED Divide Divide Divide Color SIGN FACE MATERIAL BACKGROUND WHITE TYPE A SHEETING
VIEW VIEW SHEETING REQUIREMENTS USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL BACKGROUND FLOURESCENT TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING	SCHOOL SPEED LIMIT ZQO WHEN FLASHINC TYPICAL EXAMPLES SHEETING REQUIREMENTS USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL
Image: Non-State of the state of the st	SCHOOL SPEED SPEED SUBJECT FLASHING TYPICAL EXAMPLES SHEETING REQUIREMENTS USAGE COLOR SHEETING REQUIREMENTS USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL BACKGROUND WHITE TYPE & SHEETING BACKGROUND FLOURESCENT TYPE & OR C SHEETING

NOTES

o be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as n sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).

gend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) d Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).

spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide ced appearance when spacing is not shown.

egend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination

egend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.

legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ansparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background g, or combination thereof.

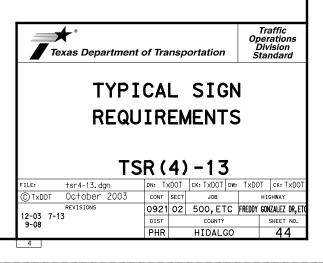
bstrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material cation requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.

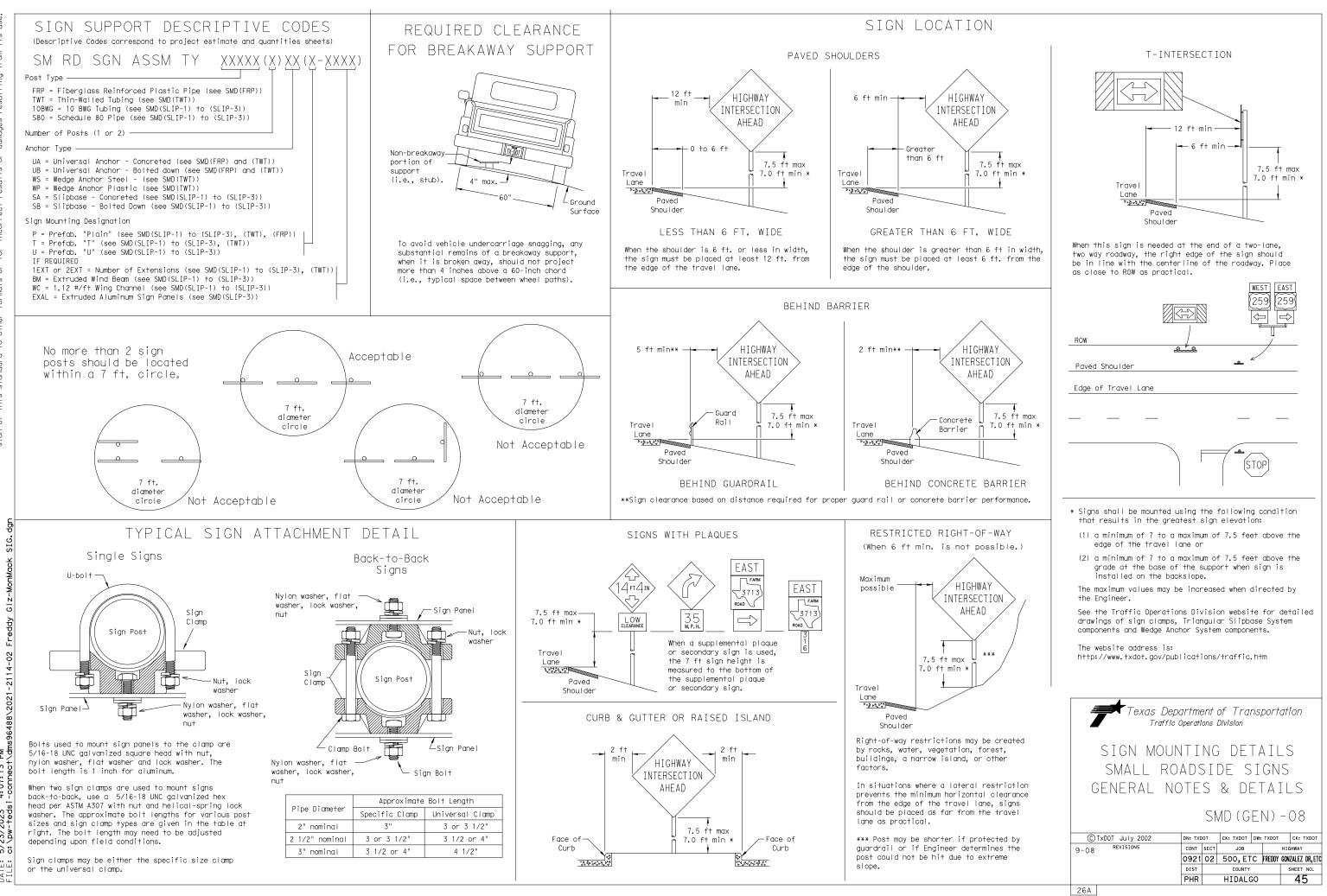
details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

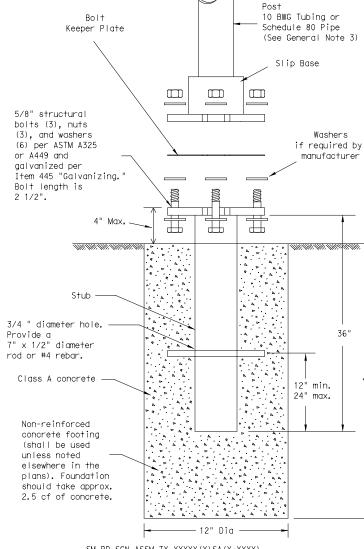
The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/





TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

42



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X) SA(X-XXXX)

NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)
 - 0.134" nominal wall thickness
 - - 55,000 PSI minimum yield strength
 - 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength 20% minimum elongation in 2"
- Schedule 80 Pipe (2,875" outside diameter)
- 0.276" nominal wall thickness Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C
- 46,000 PSI minimum yield strength
- 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength 21% minimum elongation in 2"

- Galvanization per ASTM A123

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

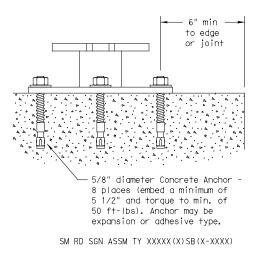
- Foundation

- direction.

Support

- straight.
- clearances based on sign types.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively. 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer. 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications: Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008 Other steels may be used if they meet the following: Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883" Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833. Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following: Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895" 3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm 4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

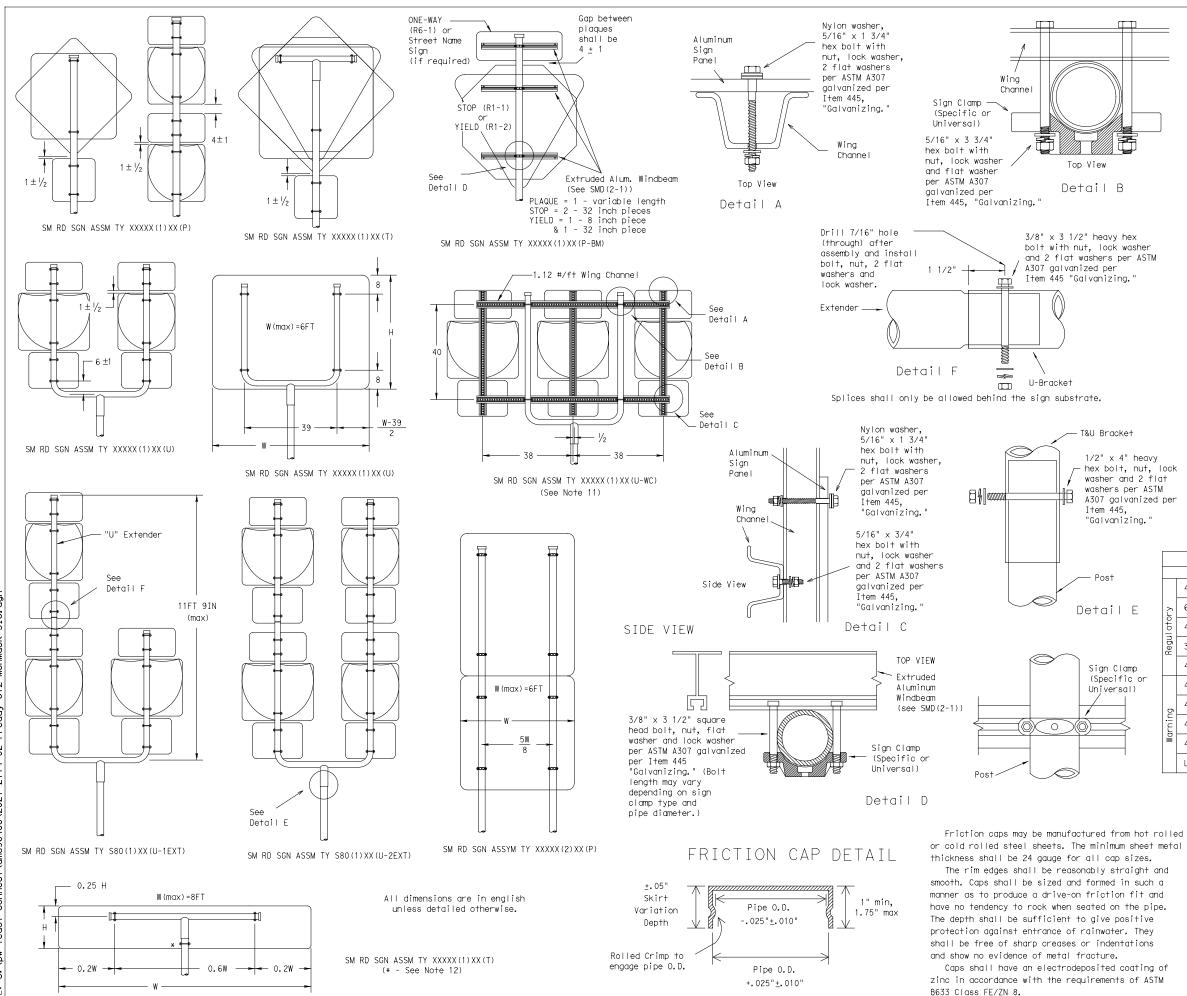
1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock. 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable. motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A. 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground. 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any

1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and

2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division						
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM SMD(SLIP-1)-08						
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26B						







1/2" x 4" heavy hex bolt, nut, lock washer and 2 flat washers per ASTM A307 galvanized per "Galvanizing.

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

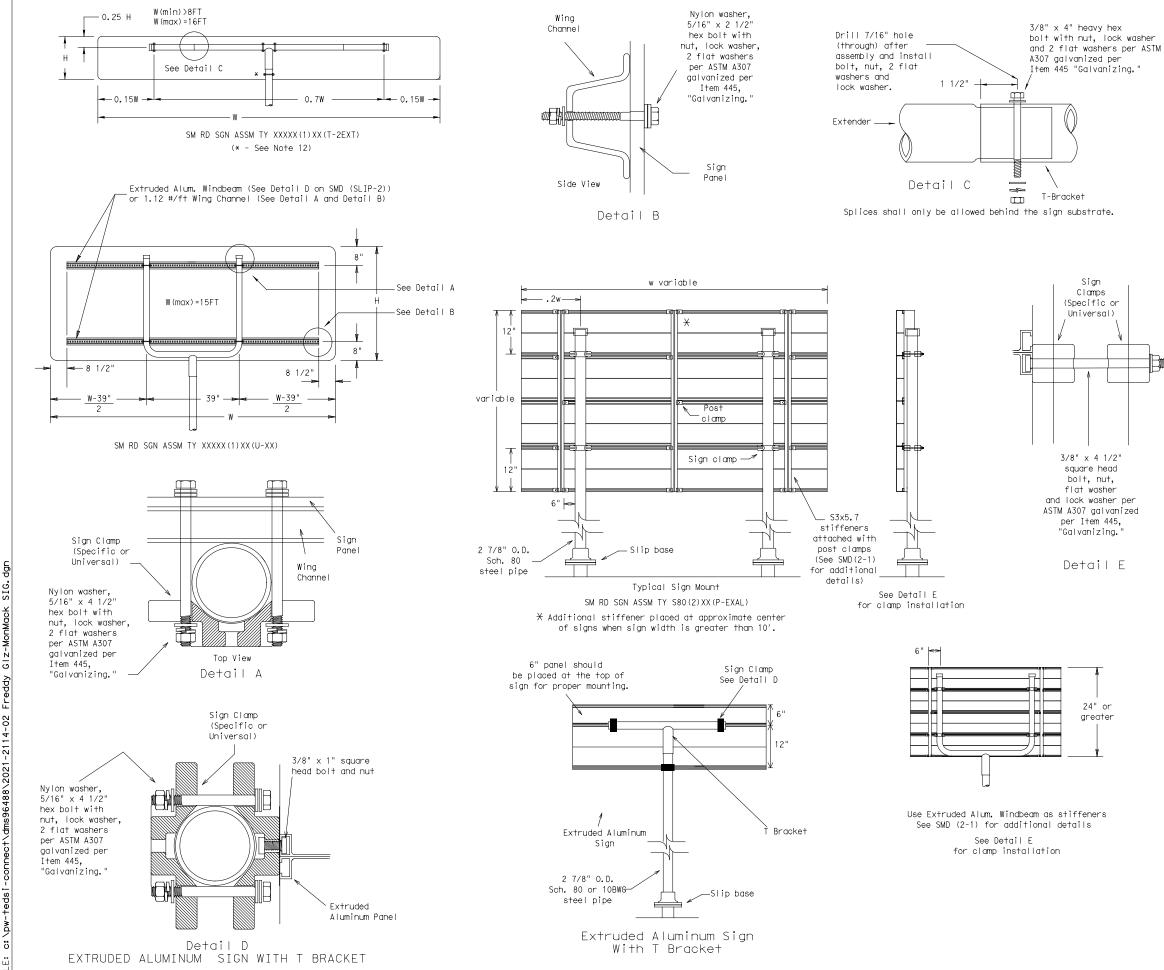
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced. 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental
- Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.
- 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- 8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- 11 Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12.Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.
- 13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

Γ	REQUIRED SUPPORT					
		SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT			
		48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)			
2	Ž	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)			
	Regulatory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)			
	Regu	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)			
		48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)			
pr [48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)			
	b	48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)			
ŀ	Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)			
	Ň	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)			
		Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)			

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

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GENERAL NOTES:

1.

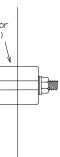
SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
10 BWG	1	16 SF
10 BWG	2	32 SF
Sch 80	1	32 SF
Sch 80	2	64 SF

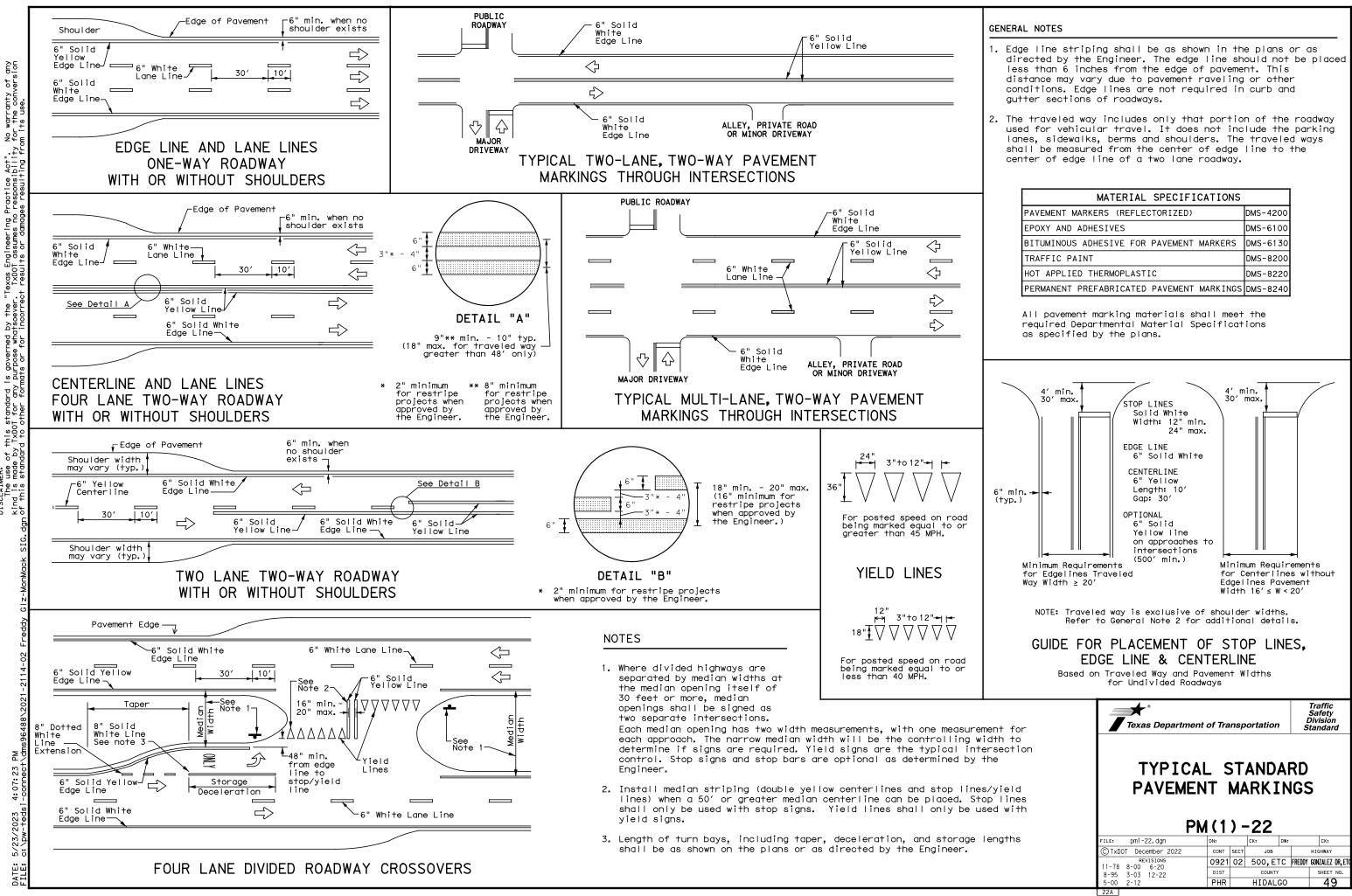
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- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced. 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental
- Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
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- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- 8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
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- (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10.Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT						
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT					
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
ry	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
Regulatory	48×16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
Regu	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)					
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
đ	48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)					
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
Wo	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division							
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM SMD(SLIP-3)-08							
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	DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.						
	PHR HIDALGO 48						
26D							



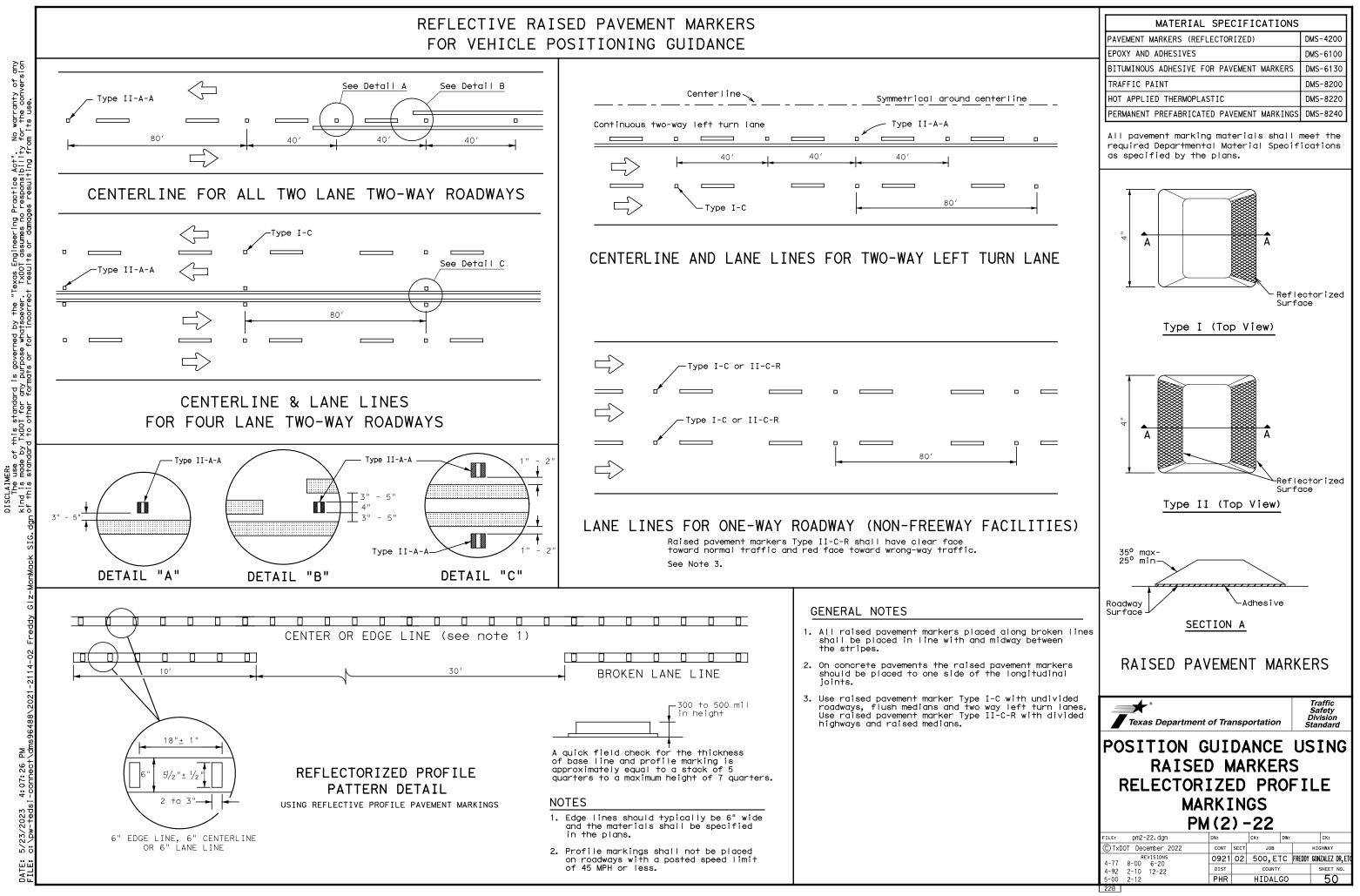


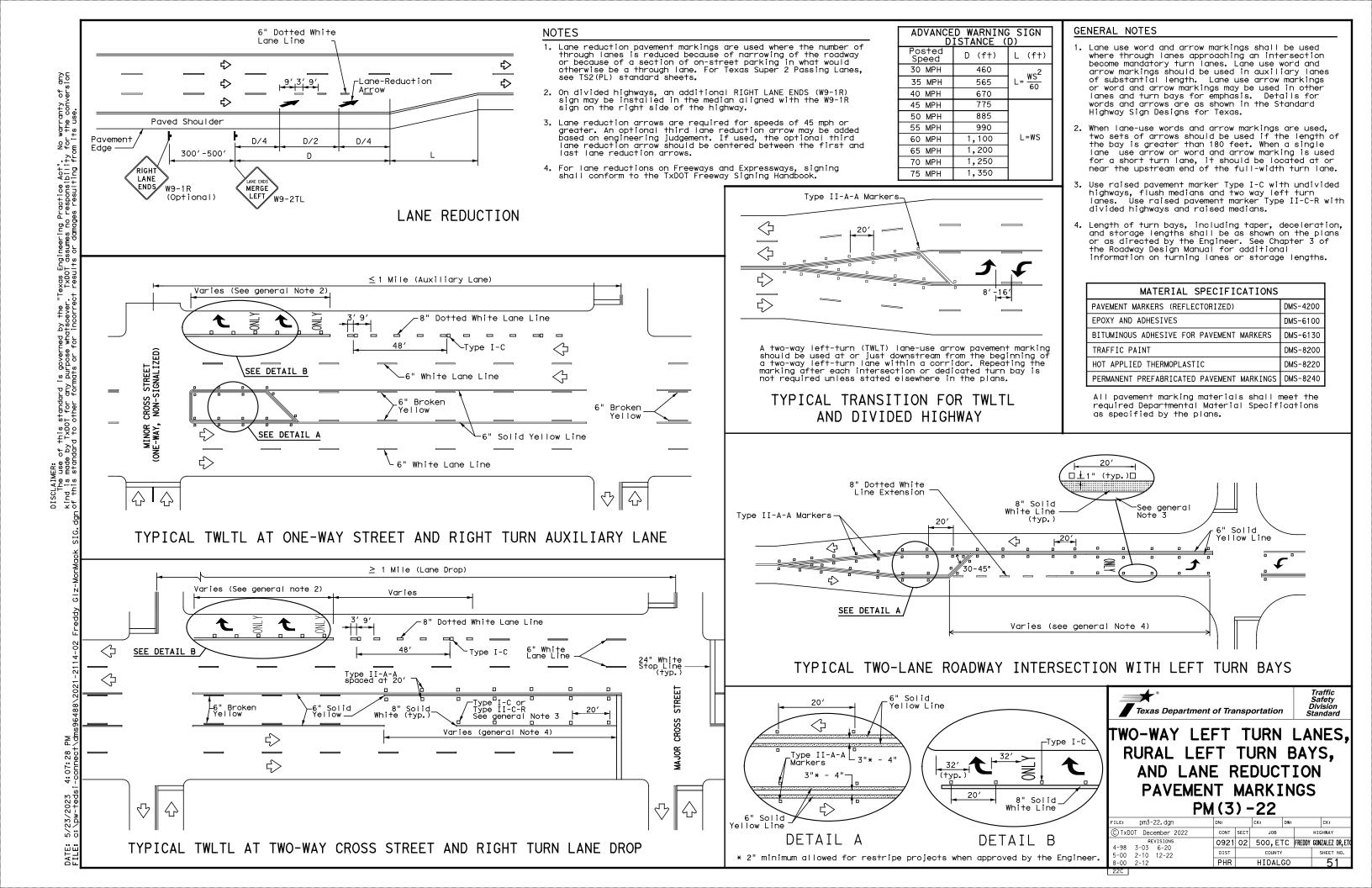
governed by the "Texas Engineering irpose whatsoever. TXDOT assumes no ° nd DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard kind is made by TXDOT for any of this standard to other forr

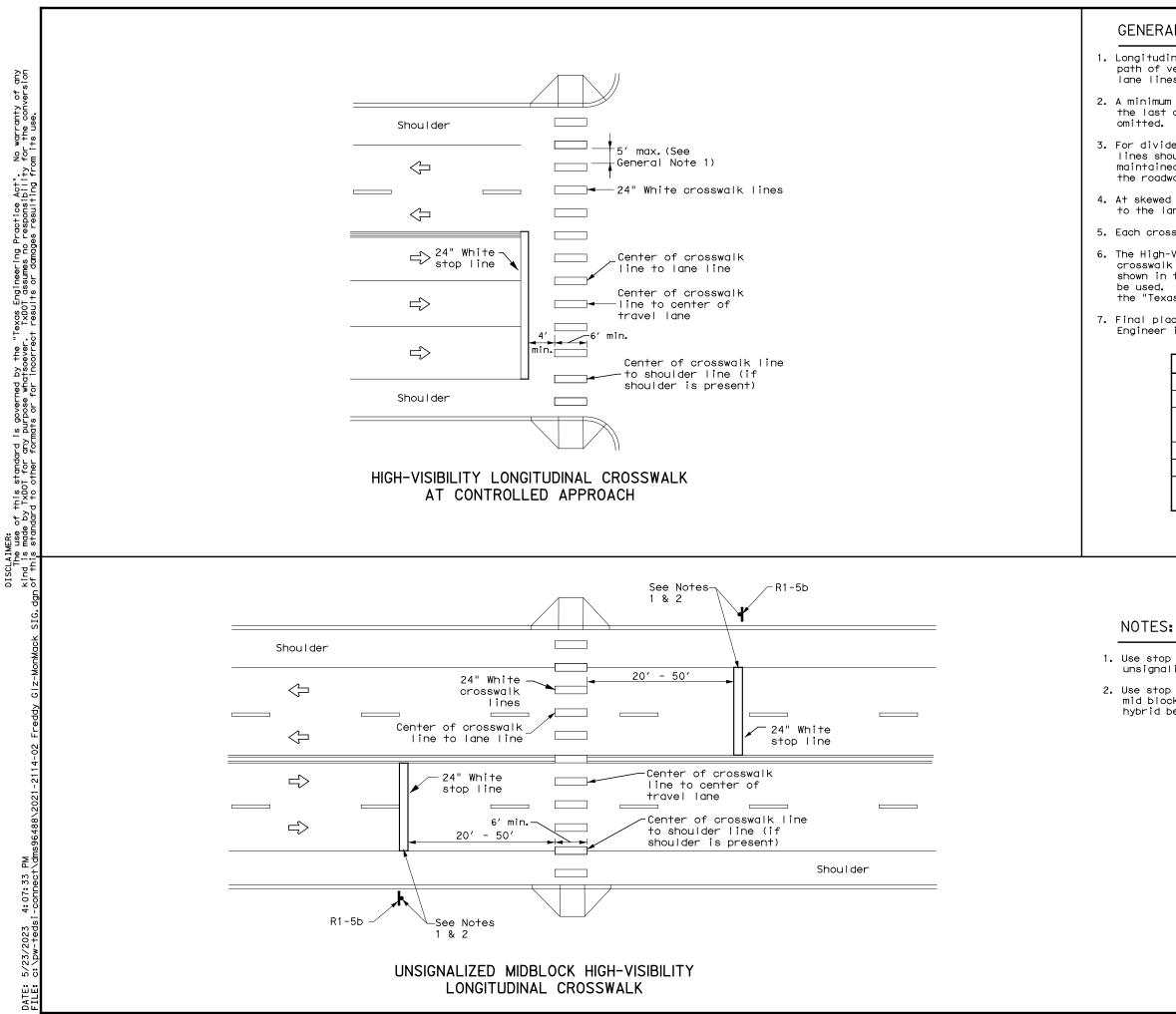
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MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE







GENERAL NOTES

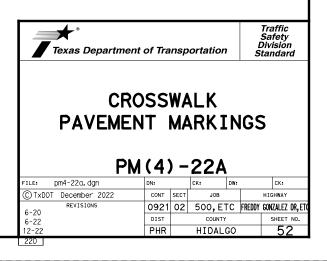
- 1. Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes, lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- 2. A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be
- 3. For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- 4. At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.

as specified by the plans.

- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices."
- 7. Final placement of Stop Bar and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications					

- 1. Use stop bars with Stop Here For Pedestrians (R1-5b) signs at unsignalized midblock cross walks.
- 2. Use stop bars with STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6 or R10-6a) signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.



I. STORMWATER POLLUTIO	N PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER	ACT SECTION 402	III.	CULTURAL RESOURCES		VI. <u>HAZARDOUS</u>
required for projects wi disturbed soil must prot Item 506. List MS4 Operator(s) the	rater Discharge Permit or Const th 1 or more acres disturbed s ect for erosion and sedimentat at may receive discharges from	oil. Projects with any ion in accordance with this project.		archeological artifacts are found	tions in the event historical issues or during construction. Upon discovery of urnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease ntact the Engineer immediately.	General (app Comply with the H hazardous materia making workers aw provided with per-
	ified prior to construction act	ivities.		🛛 No Action Required	Required Action	Obtain and keep o used on the proje
1.				Action No.		Paints, acids, so compounds or addi
2. No Action Require	ed 🛛 Required Action			1.		products which ma Maintain an adequ
Action No. 3				2.		In the event of a in accordance wit
	ollution by controlling erosion	and sedimentation in		3.		immediately. The of all product sp
accordance with TPDES	S Permit TXR 150000			4.		Contact the Engin
Comply with the SW3P required by the Engin	and revise when necessary to c neer.	ontrol pollution or		т.		* Dead or dis * Trash piles
3. Post Construction Sit	e Notice (CSN) with SW3P infor	mation on or near	IV.	VEGETATION RESOURCES		* Undesirable * Evidence of
	to the public and TCEQ, EPA or act specific locations (PSL's)				extent practical. otion Specification Requirements Specs 162, in order to comply with requirements for	Does the proje replacements
· · ·	pre, submit NOI to TCEQ and the			invasive species, beneficial lands	scaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.	Yes
II. WORK IN OR NEAR ST ACT SECTIONS 401 A	REAMS, WATERBODIES AND W	ETLANDS CLEAN WATER		🛛 No Action Required	Required Action	If "No", ther If "Yes", ther Are the result
USACE Permit required	for filling, dredging, excavat			Action No.		Yes
, ,	creeks, streams, wetlands or we nere to all of the terms and co			1.		If "Yes", the the notificati
the following permit(s)):			2.		activities as 15 working day
🛛 No Permit Required				3.		If "No", then
Nationwide Permit 14 wetlands affected)	4 - PCN not Required (less than	1/10th acre waters or		4.		scheduled demo In either case activities and
	4 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2	acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)				asbestos consu Any other evid
│ Individual 404 Permi │ Other Nationwide Per			V.		REATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, STED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES	on site. Haza
	waters of the US permit applied nt Practices planned to contro				🛛 Required Action	No Acti Action No.
1.				Action No.		2.
2.				1. Refer to Plan sheets EPIC SHE	EET SUPPLEMENTALS TPWD BMPs	3.
3.				2.		VII. OTHER ENV
4.				3,		(includes r
	dinary high water marks of any waters of the US requiring the the Bridge Layouts.			4.		Action No.
Best Management Prac	tices:				erved, cease work in the immediate area, d contact the Engineer immediately. The	1. 2.
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	wo	rk may not remove active nests from	ed with the nests. If caves or sinkholes	
Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	Vegetative Filter Strips	ar	e discovered, cease work in the imm gineer immediately.		3.
Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems				
Mulch Sodding	Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin				4
	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands		LIST OF ABBR	REVIATIONS	
Interceptor Swale	🗌 Straw Bale Dike	Wet Basin		Best Management Practice	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure	
Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost	DSHS:	Construction General Permit Texas Department of State Health Services		
Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	1.0.	Federal Highway Administration Memorandum of Agreement	PSL: Project Specific Location TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality	
Mulch Filter Berm and Soc Compost Filter Berm and S	ocks 🗌 Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Socks 🗍 Compost Filter Berm and Sock	Compost Filter Berm and Socks s Vegetation Lined Ditches	MOU: MS4:	Memorandum of Understanding Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System n TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department	
	Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	Sand Filter Systems	MBTA:	Migratory Bird Treaty Act Notice of Termination	TXDOT: Texas Department of Transportation T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species	
	Sediment Basins	Grassy Swales	NWP:	Nationwide Permit Notice of Intent	USACE: III edited and Elidargered species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	_

DATE: 5/23/202

MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

lies to all projects):

azard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with Is by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and are of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are sonal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. n-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products ct, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: lvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing tives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for y be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.

ate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, h safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup ills.

eer if any of the following are detected: tressed vegetation (not identified as normal) drums, canister, barrels, etc. smells or odors

leaching or seepage of substances

ect involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or

(bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

No No

no further action is required.

TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

s of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

No No

en TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with ion, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least ys prior to scheduled demolition.

TXDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any lition.

e, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement d/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and ultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

ence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered rdous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

on Required 🛛 🗌 Required Action

IRONMENTAL ISSUES

egional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

on Required

Required Action



Design Division Standard ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS EPIC

FILE: epic.dgn	dn: TxDOT d		ск: RG	k⊧RG dw⊧VP		ск: AR		R
© TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS 12-12-2011 (DS)	0921	02	500,ET	С	FREDDY	GONZA	LEZ (DR, ETC
05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	PHR	R HIDALGO				53		

TPWD BMPs

Under Section 12.0011 of the Texas Parks and Wildlife Code, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) is charged with "providing recommendations that will protect fish and wildlife resources to local, state, and federal agencies that approve, permit, license, or construct developmental projects" and "providing information on fish and wildlife resources to any local, state, and federal agencies or private organizations that make decisions affecting those resources."

The purpose of this section is to provide beneficial management practices (BMP) that should be implemented during construction, and maintenance activities statewide for transportation projects with the goal of avoidance and minimization of impacts to natural resources. Statewide Standard BMP pertain to all fish and wildlife species, including state-listed species and other Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN). Implementing the recommendations as outlined below will improve conservation of species and their habitat.

General Design/Construction BMPs

- Prior to start of construction, information will be provided to personnel of the potential for all state-listed threatened species or other SGCN to occur within the project area and should be advised of relevant rules and regulations to protect plants, fish, and wildlife.
- Contractor should avoid harming all wildlife species if encountered and allow them to safely leave the project site. Due diligence should be used to avoid killing or harming any wildlife species in the implementation of transportation projects.
- Contractors should install wildlife exclusion fencing and should examine the inside of the exclusion area daily to determine if any wildlife species have been trapped inside the area of impact and provide safe egress opportunities prior to initiation of construction activities.
- Apply hydromulching and/or hydroseeding in areas for soil stabilization and/or revegetation of disturbed areas around wetlands and in riparian areas.
- Contractor should use woven natural fiber netting in which the mesh design allows the threads to move, therefore allowing expansion of the mesh openings. Plastic netting should be avoided.
- Project staging areas, stockpiles, temporary construction easements, and other project related sites should be situated in previously disturbed areas to avoid or minimize impacts to sensitive or unique habitats including intact native vegetation, floodplains, riparian corridors, wetlands, playa lakes, and habitat for wildlife species.
- When lighting is added, consider wildlife impacts from light pollution and incorporating dark-sky practices into design strategies. Minimize sky glow by focusing light downward, with full cutoff luminaries to avoid light emitting above the horizontal. The minimum amount of night-time lighting needed for safety and security should be used.

Vegetation BMPs

- Minimize the amount of vegetation cleared. Removal of native vegetation, particularly mature native trees and shrubs should be avoided. Impacted vegetation should be replaced with in-kind on-site replacement /restoration of native vegetation. It is strongly recommended that trees greater than 12 inches in
- diameter at breast height (DBH) that are removed be replaced. TPWD $_{32}$ s experience indicates that for ecologically effective replacement, a ratio of three trees for every one (3:1) lost should be provided to either on-site or off-site. Trees less than 12 inches DBH should be replaced at a 1:1 ratio.
- The use of any non-native vegetation in landscaping and revegetation is discouraged. Locally adapted native species should be used.
- \square The use of seed mix that contains seeds from only regional ecotype native species is recommended

Invasive Species BMPs

- \Box For all work in water bodies designated as $\frac{3}{32}$ infested $\frac{5}{32}$ /32 positive5/32 for invasive zebra (Dreissena polymorpha) OR quagga mussels (Dreissena bugensis) as well as waters downstream of these lakes, all machinery, equipment, vessels, or vehicles coming in contact with such waters should be cleaned prior to leaving the site to remove any mud, plants, organisms, or debris, water drained (if applicable), and dried completely before use in another water body to prevent the potential spread of invasive mussels.
- Care should be taken to prevent the spread of aquatic and \square terrestrial invasive plants during construction activities.
- Care should be taken to avoid the spread of aquatic invasive plants such as giant Salvinia (Salvinia molesta), common salvinia (Salvinia minima), hydrilla (Hydrilla verticillata), water hyacinth (Eichhornia spp.), Eurasian watermilfoil (Myriophyllum spicatum), water lettuce (Pistia stratiotes), and alligatorweed (Alternanthera philoxeroides) from infested water bodies into areas not currently infested. All machinery, equipment, vessels, boat trailers, or vehicles coming in contact with waters containing aquatic invasive plant species should be cleaned prior to leaving the site to remove all aquatic plant material and dried completely before use on another water body to prevent the potential spread of invasive plants. Removed plants should be transported for disposal in a secure manner to prevent dispersal.
- \square Only native or non-invasive plants should be planted. Care should be taken to avoid mowing invasive giant reed (Arundo donax), which spreads by fragmentation, and to clean equipment if inadvertently mowed to prevent spread. If using hay bales for sediment control, use locally grown weed-free hay to prevent the spread of invasive species. Leave the hay bales in place and allow them to break down, as this acts as mulch assisting in revegetation.

Stream Crossings BMPs

□ Riparian buffer zones should remain undisturbed.

Dewatering BMPs

Impact avoidance measures for aquatic organisms, including all native fish and freshwater mussel species, regardless of state-listing status, should be considered during project planning and construction activities.

□ Wildlife Crossing BMPs

Incorporate wildlife crossings with fencing, particularly in areas that bisect wildlife travel corridors or seasonal movement routes to avoid further habitat fragmentation and minimize wildlife-vehicle interactions.

□ Rare Plant BMPs

BMP: Best Management Practic CGP: Construction General Pe CRPe: Contractor Responsible DSHS: Texas Department of Sta FEMA: Federal Emergency Manag FHWA: Federal Highway Adminis

MOU: Memorandum of Understan

MS4: Municipal Separate Stor

Memorandum of Aareement

Avoid impac locations s fencing and protected c growing sec is the preplant popu project re plant popu herbicide u hand-held : on still or

	SVONAL EN
2-6100	AUTHORIZED 05
	TOEO: Toyas Commissi

acts and minimize unavoidable impacts. Plant should be protected with temporary barrier nd contractors should be instructed to avoid areas. Conducting construction outside of the eason or after a plant has produced mature fruit eferred way to avoid/minimize impacts to SGCN ulations. Staging areas, stockpiles, and other elated sites on TxDOT ROW should not impact SGCN	JOSE A. SANCHEZ B. 87890	© 201	" PHA	Pepartment of Transpo RR DISTRICT T SUPPLEMEN	
ulations. After construction begins, minimize use near SGCN plant populations (if possible, use spot sprayers, several meters from rare plants, or days with little wind). Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100	AUTHORIZED 05-23-2023 Revised 02/24/2022	_		D BMPs	IIALS
List of Abbreviations	AUTIONIZED 00-20-2020			SHEET 1	OF 3
ice MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic Permit MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act Person Environmental NOI: Notice of Intent NoI: Notice of Intent NOI: Notice of Intent	TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality THC: Texas Historical Commission TPDES:Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department	FED. RD. DIV. NO. 6		PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO. FREDDY GONZALEZ
	TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	DR, ETC
agement Agency NWP: Nationwide Permit istration PCN: Pre-Construction Notification nt PSL: Project Specific Location	T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE:U.S. Army Corp of Engineers	TEXAS	PHR	HIDALGO	SHEET
anding SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure	USFWS:U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.
ormwater Sewer System SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan		0921	02	500,ETC	54

Rare Plants BMPs (Continued)

Bird BMPs

 \boxtimes

If there are unintended impacts to SGCN populations, these impacts should be reported to TPWD Transportation Staff. During project period, conduct work during times of the year when plants are dormant and/or conditions minimize disturbance of the habitat.

Avoid vegetation clearing activities during the general bird nesting season, February 15th to October 1st to minimize adverse impacts to birds.

Do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds,

eggs, young, or active nests without a permit. Minimize extended human presence near nesting birds during construction and maintenance activities. Protect sensitive habitat areas with temporary barriers or fencing to limit human foot- traffic and off-road vehicle use to alert and discourage contractors from causing any unintentional impacts.

Minimize construction noise above ambient levels during general bird nesting season to minimize adverse impacts on birds.

Minimize construction lighting during the general bird nesting season by scheduling work activities between dawn and dusk.

□ Rookeries BMPs

In general, nesting dates for herons and egrets range from early February to late August in Texas, depending on the species. Great blue herons (GBHE) (Ardéa herodis) are usually the first to nest. When GBHE get disrupted from the nest and abandon nesting, then the other species of herons and egrets may not attempt to nest at the colony that year. If rookeries are encountered, avoid and minimize disturbance during nesting to protect rookery species and their habitat.

Vegetation clearing in a primary buffer area of 300 meters (984 feet) from a rookery or heronry periphery should be avoided. Utilizing areas that have already been cleared within this buffer area may be acceptable depending on site-specific characteristics. Additionally, human foot-traffic or machinery use should not occur within this buffer area during the nesting season.

Clearing activities or construction using heavy machinery in a secondary buffer area of 1000 meters (3281 feet) from the heronry periphery should be avoided during the breeding season (courting and nesting).

🗌 Fish BMPs

- The following Fish BMP apply to projects for all fish species in waters of the state to minimize impacts to water quality and aquatic passage from transportation projects.
- \square For projects in waters of the state and work is adjacent to
- water: follow Water Quality and Stream Crossing BMPs. For projects in waters of the state and work is in the water: follow Water Quality, Stream Crossing, and Dewatering BMP. \square

□ Aquatic Invertebrate BMPs

- For projects within the range of a SGCN or state-listed species and work is adjacent to water: Water Quality and Stream Crossing BMP
- For projects within the range of a SGCN or state-listed species and work is in the water: Water Quality, Stream Crossing, and Dewatering BMP.
- For spring-seep associated caddisflies (Cheumatopsyche morsei, Chimarra holzenthali, and Hydroptila ouachita): Avoid or minimize impacts to the natural riparian buffer along stream channel including native shrubs and trees.

Crayfish BMP

- For projects within the range of a SGCN or state-listed species and work is adjacent to water: Water Quality and Stream Crossing BMP.
- For projects within the range of a SGCN or state-listed species and work is in the water: Water Quality, Stream Crossing, and Dewatering BMP.
- Avoid or minimize impacts to the natural riparian buffer that provides terrestrial and aquatic plant matter for the diet of most crayfish species.

Freshwater Mussel BMP

- In addition to Water Quality and Stream Crossing BMP, follow the most recent, ¹/₃₂ TPWD³/₃₂ TxDOT Annual Work Plan for Pre-Construction Surveys, Aquatic Resources Relocations, and Other Best Management Practices to Avoid, Minimize, and
- Mitigate Impacts to Freshwater Resources. 1/32 When work is adjacent to the water: Water Quality BMP implemented as part of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for a construction general permit or any conditions of the 401 Water Quality Certification for the project will be implemented.

□ Insect Pollinator BMP

- Deep soil disturbances, such as, tilling or deep disking in areas that host aggregations of ground- nesting bees should be avoided. Tilling and disking also may promote the invasion or germination of non-native plants. Different species of native ground-nesting bees prefer different soil conditions, although research suggests that many ground nesting bees prefer sandy, loamy sand or sandy loam soils. In areas with these soil types consider leaving open patches of soil.
- Allow dead trees to stand (so long as they do not pose a risk to property or people) and protect shrubs and herbaceous plants with pithy or hollow stems (e.g., cane fruits, sumac, elderberry), as these provide nesting habitat for tunnel-nesting native bees. Retain dead or dying branches whenever it is safe and practical at the edges of the ROW. Wood- boring beetle larvae often fill dead trees and branches with narrow tunnels into which tunnel- nesting bees will establish nests. Additionally, bumble bees may choose to nest in wood piles.
- \square Retain rotting logs at edges of the ROW where some bee species may burrow tunnels in which to nest.

□ Insect Pollinator BMP (Continued)

- Protect sloped or well-drained ground sites where plants are sparse and direct access to soil is available. These are the areas where ground-nesting bees may dig nests. Turning the soil destroys all ground nests that are present at that depth and hinders the emergence of bees that are nesting deeper in the around.
- \square Protect grassy thickets, or other areas of dense, low cover from mowing or other disturbance. These are the sites where bumble bees might find the nest cavities they need, as well as annual and perennial wildflowers that can provide important food resources.
- Where available and economical, native plants and seed should be procured from local eco-type providers. Seed mixes should be diverse and include as many ecoregion natives as possible ensuring full season floral resources. Species by Texas coregion can be found in the Texas Management Recommendations for Native Insect Pollinators in Texas document:
- https://tpwd.texas.gov/publications/pwdpubs/media/pwd*bk*w7000*1813.pdf Planting at least three different native flowering plants within each of three blooming periods are recommended (spring, summer, early fall) in high rainfall regions of Texas. In drier regions of the state, a target of three native flowering plants wiťhin each of two bĺooming periods can be used.

Small Mammal BMP

For Coues' rice rat (Oryzomys couesi aquaticus):

- Minimize impacts to wetland, resaca, oxbow Conversion of property containing cave or cliff features to transportation purposes should be avoided.lake, and marsh habitats
- Water Quality BMP

Fossorial Mammal BMP

- When a construction zone is adjacent to active BTPD burrows or pocket gopher mounds, erect barriers to discourage individuals moving through or into the construction area.
- When seeding or revegetation is planned in an area adjacent to BTPD burrows or pocket gopher mounds, a vegetative barrier should be considered in the planting to discourage dispersal into the ROW

🗌 Bat BMP

BMP:

MQU:

Best Management Practice

Memorandum of Aareement

FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency FHWA: Federal Highway Administration

Memorandum of Understanding

- For activities that have the potential to impact structures, cliffs or caves, or trees; a qualified biologist will perform a habitat assessment and occupancy survey of the feature(s) with roost potential as early in the planning process as possible or within one year before project letting.
- For roosts where occupancy is strongly suspected but unconfirmed during the initial survey, revisit feature(s) at most four weeks prior to scheduled disturbance to confirm absence of bats.
- □ If bats are present or recent signs of occupation (i.e., piles of guano, distinct musky odor, or staining and rub marks at potential entry points) are observed, take appropriate measures to ensure
- entry points) are observed, take appropriate measures to ensure that bats are not harmed, such as implementing non-lethal exclusion activities or timing or phasing of construction. Exclusion devices can be installed by a qualified individual between September 1 and March 31. Exclusion devices should be used for a minimum of seven days when minimum nightime temperatures are above 50° 5. AND minimum daytime temperatures are above 70° 5 are above 50°F AND minimum daytime temperatures are above 70°F. Prior to exclusion, ensure that alternate roosting habitat is available in the immediate area. If no suitable roosting habitat is available, installation of alternate roosts is recommended to replace the loss of an occupied roost. If alternate roost sites are not provided, bats may seek shelter in other inappropriate sites, such as buildings, in the surrounding area.

Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100 AUTHORIZED 05-2

List of Abbreviations MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic TCEQ: Texas Commissior MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOI: Notice of Intent NOI: Notice of Termination CCP: Construction General Permit CRPe: Contractor Responsible Person Environmental THC: Texas Historica TPDES:Texas Pollutant DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services TPWD: Texas Parks and NWP: Nationwide Permit PCN: Pre-Construction Notification TxDOT:Texas Departmer T&E: Threatened and PSL: Project Specific Location SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure USACE:U.S. Army Corp of Engineers USFWS:U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

□ Bat BMP (Continued)

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□ If feature(s) used by bats are removed as a result of construction, replacement structures should incorporate bat-friendly design or artificial roosts should be constructed to replace these features.

Avoid unnecessary removal of dead fronds on native and ornamental palm trees in south Texas (Cameron, Hidalgo, Willacy, Kenedy, Brooks, Kleberg, Nueces, and San Patricio counties) from April 1 through October 31. If removal of dead fronds is necessary at other times of the year, limit frond removal to extended warms periods (nighttime temperatures = 55°F for at least two consecutive nights), so bats can move away from the disturbance and find new roosts.

Large hollow trees, snags (dead standing trees), and trees with shaggy bark should be surveyed for colonies and, if found. should not be disturbed until the bats are no longer occupying these features. Post-occupancy surveys should be conducted by a qualified biologist prior to tree removal from the landscape.

Retain mature, large diameter hardwood forest species and native/ornamental palm trees.

In all instances, avoid harm or death to bats. Bats should only be handled as a last resort and after communication with TPWD.

Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP

For projects within existing right-of-way (ROW) when work is in water or will permanently impact a water feature and potential habitat exists for the target species complete the following:

- □ Minimize impacts to wetlands, temporary and permanent open water features, including depressions, and riverine habitats.
 - Maintain the existing hydrologic regime and any connections
 - between wetlands and other aquatic features. Use barrier fencing to direct animal movements away from construction activities and areas of potential
 - wildlife-vehicle collisions in construction areas directly adjacent, or that may directly impact, potential habitat for the target species.
- Apply hydromulching and/or hydroseeding in areas for soil stabilization and/or revegetation of disturbed areas around wetlands and in riparian areas. If erosion control blankets or mats will be used, the product should not contain netting, but should only contain loosely woven natural fiber netting in which the mesh design allows the threads to move, therefore allowing expansion of the mesh openings. Plastic netting should be avoided.
- Project specific locations (PSLs) proposed within state-owned ROW should be located in uplands away from aquatic features.
 - When work is directly adjacent to the water, minimize impacts to shoreline basking sites (e.g., downed trees, sand bars, exposed bedrock) and refugia/overwinter sites (e.g., brush and debris piles, crayfish burrows, aquatic ogiams, and leaf packs).

* %								
CHEZ	Texas Department of Transportation							
	© 2017 PHARR DISTRICT							
A A	EPIC SHEET SUPPLEMENTALS							
	TPWD BMPs							
-23-2023 Revised 02/24/2022								
			SHEET 2	OF 3				
on on Environmental Quality al Commission	FED.RD. DIV.NO.		PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.				
+ Discharae Elimination System	6			- FREDDY - GONZALEZ				
d Wildlife Department nt of Transportation	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	DR. ETC				
Endangered Species	TEXAS	PHR	HIDALGO	SHEET				
of Engineers Wildlife Service	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.				

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<pre> Acuatic Amphibian and Reptile BMF -Continued: If gurters and curbs are part of the roadway design, install gurters that do not include the slde box shift and animals to leave roadway. If this modification to the animals to leave roadway. If this modification to the animals to leave roadway. If this modification to the animals to leave roadway. If this modification to the animals to leave roadway. If this modification to the animals to leave roadway. If this modification to the animals to leave roadway. Animal animals to leave the roadway animals to leave the roadway. Animal animals to leave the roadway design animals to readway. Animal animals to leave the roadway design animals to the same leave to will permanently impact a water teature, implement BMP for projects within existing ROW above plus house the same leave to animal water the road. The barriers animals to account the same leave to animals to account the the and leave the road. for sections of roadway adjacent to wetlends or other agant to features, install wildlife barriers that prevent or ally retrements on an outwert replacement/installation, incorporate measures to funct animals to water the same leave to a contribution of weefficient and feature the wild water the novement advate the same leave to accounted on access for frame animals to water the same leave to account and and the novement advate the infinite disturbed on the road leave the access are necessary, their placement should not imped the novement animals to access and the same leave to a substall access the same descess wild the prior to backfilling world arminize disturbing or removing cover objects, such an and event sequent to access the road and anothis in advate minimize disturbing or removing cover objects, such as downed treas, roating the project access the road and anothis the object access the reave and anothis in avoled an mini</pre>	□ Intrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP (Continued) □ After project is complete, revegetote disturbed areas with an appropriate load by sourced native seed mix. If erosion control blanks or mats will be used, the product Shuld net control hower sources and the product Shuld net control hower with the product Shuld net control hower therefore collowing evolusion of the nesh openings. Plastic netting shuld be avoided. □ Black-spotted net/Mexican Burrowing tood/ Mexican treefrog/ Sirecker's charus frag/Mhile-lipped frag/Modenuss's load □ Aputio Amphibian and Reptile BMP □ Aputio Amphibian and Reptile BMP □ Mininize disturbance to burrows or downed woody debris □ Aputio Amphibian and Reptile BMP □ Wrinize disturbance to burrows or downed woody debris □ Aputio Amphibian and Reptile BMP □ Verter Quality BMP □ Verter Quality BMP □ Wrinize disturbance to burrows or downed woody debris □ Aputio Amphibian and Reptile BMP □ Wrinize disturbance is burrows or downed woody debris □ Aputio Amphibian and Reptile BMP □ Submet Field □ Submet Field □ Submet Field □ Submet Field □ Aputio Amphibian and Reptile BMP □ Submet Field □ Submet Field □ Wrinize Impacts to warm, shallow waters with vegetative cover such apophibity BMP □ Subme	
	FHWA: Federal Highway Administration PCN: Pre-Construction Notification MOA: Memorandum of Agreement PSL: Project Specific Location MOU: Memorandum of Understanding SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan	T&E: Threatened and Endange USACE:U.S. Army Corp of Engi USFWS:U.S. Fish and Wildlife

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CHEZ	PHARR DISTRICT					
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• -23-2023 Revised 02/24/2022		ΙΡW	D BMPs			
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on on Environmental Quality al Commission	FED.RD. DIV.NO.		HIGHWAY NO.			
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Endangered Species	TEXAS	PHR	HIDALGO	SHEET		
of Engineers' Wildlife Service	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.		
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SITE DESCRIPTION	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS	
PROJECT LIMITS:	SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES: (Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, as applicable)	OTHER EROS MAINTENANCE: repair is days after from heav followed t
	STRUCTURAL PRACTICES: (Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, as applicable)	INSPECTION: <u>f</u> storage of site, pers areas at l end of a
PROJECT DESCRIPTION:	SILT FENCES BIODEGRADABLE EROSION CONTROL SOCKS HAY BALES ROCK FILTER DAMS DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES	WASTE MATERI <u>Alltrash</u> <u>No constr</u>
MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES:	DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS PIPE SLOPE DRAINS PAVED FLUMES ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT	HAZARDOUS WA categories <u>Asphalt pro</u> additives. Immediatel concrete fi
TOTAL PROJECT AREA:	PIPE MATTING OR EQUAL AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT CHANNEL LINERS SEDIMENT TRAPS SEDIMENT BASINS STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP	<u>non-storm</u> <u>drains or</u>
WEIGHTED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT:	Image: Stone outlet structures Image: Curbs and gutters Image: Storm sewers Image: Velocity control devices Image: Other: (Specify Practice)	required i OFFSITE VEHI <u>directed t</u>
EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE	STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:	<u>and to rei</u> ———— MANAGEMENT P <u>I. Dispose</u> minimiz
from ditches or curb and gutter to outfall	Storm water drainage will be provided by storm sewer networks. This storm drain system will carry drainage within the row to low points in the highway where cross drainage may occur and ultimately to the designated outfall.	<u>areas</u> <u>2. Constru</u> <u>Contrac</u> <u>3. All wat</u> <u>bridges</u> <u>constru</u>
ENDANGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT AND HISTORICAL PROPERTY: A. No Endangered Species. Designated Critical Habitat or Historic Property has been found on this project site.	STORM WATER MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES:	OTHER: <u>Contra</u> <u>I. Constru</u> <u>2. The pr</u> <u>mobile c</u> <u>Certific</u> <u>Permit</u>
	NON-STORM WATER MANAGEMENT DISCHARGES:	
	allowed to mix with storm water. These discharges consist of non-polluted ground water, spring water, foundation and/or footing drain water; and water used for dust control, pavement washing and vehicle wastewater containing no detergents.	

OTHER REQUIREMENTS & PRACTICES

ON AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

erosion and sediment controls will be maintained in good working order. If a cessary, It will be done at the earliest date possible, but no later than 7 calendar he surrounding exposed ground has dried sufficiently to prevent further damage equipment. The areas adjacent to creeks and drainage ways shall have priority devices protecting storm sewer inlets.

areas of the construction site that have not been finally stabilized, area used for naterials, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles enter or exit the nel provided by the permittee and familiar with the SW3P must inspect disturbed t once every fourteen (14) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the orm event 0.5 Inches or greater.

.S: <u>All waste materials will be collected and stored in a securely lidded dumpster.</u> construction debris from the site will be deposited as necessary at a local dump. tion waste material will be buried on site.

(INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): <u>At a minimum, any products in the following</u> be hazardous: Paints, Acids for cleaning masonry surfaces, Cleaning Solvents, ucts, Chemical additives for soil stabilization, or Concrete curing compounds and the event of a spill which may be hazardous, the spill Coordinator should be contacted Emptying of excess concrete should not be allowed on site. Likewise, washout of ks should not be performed on site. These discharges are considered non-allowable nter discharges. Concrete trucks should never be allowed to dump into storm initary sewers.

All sanitary waste will be collected from the portable units as necessary or as local regulation by a licensed sanitary waste management contractor.

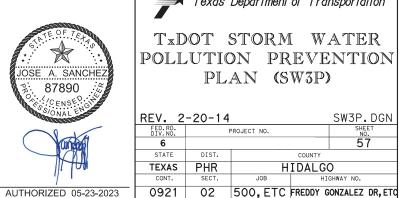
E TRACKING: <u>The Contractor shall be rquired, on a regular basis or as may be</u> the Engineer, to dampen haul roads for dust control, stabilize construction entrances ve excess dirt from the roadway.

CTICES:

areas, stockpiles, and haul roads shall be constructed in a manner that will and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal all not be located in any wetland, water body or stream bed. tion staging areas and vehicle maintenance areas shall be constructed by the in a manner to minimize the runoff of pollutants. ways shall be cleared as soon as practicable of temporary embankment, temporary matting, falsework, piling, or debris or other obstructions placed during ion operations that are not a part of the finished work.

or shall adhere to the following:

on Materials List of materials stored on job site to be provided by Contractor. ect SW3P File shall be located at the project field office or within the Contractor's ice at all times and shall contain the Small Site Construction Notice, CGP, Signature Authorization, ion/Qualification Statements, Inspection Reports, Required Maps, and the TPDES Part II. This File to be persented to authorized State and Federal Agents upon request.



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TxDOT STORM WATER							
POLLUTION PREVENTION							
PLAN (SW3P)							
REV. 2-20-14 SW3P.DGN							
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	F	PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.					
6		57					
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY					
TEXAS	PHR	HIDALGO					
CONT.	SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.					
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