SEE SHEET 2 FOR INDEX OF SHEETS

SEE SHEET 3
FOR PROJECT LOCATION MAP

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIV. NO.					NO.
6		BR 2023(763)			
STATE		STATE COUNTY			
TEXA	S	BRY	ROBERTSO		N
CONT.		SECT.	JOB H [ GH#AY		NO.
038	2	04	022	SH	7

DESIGN SPEED:

SH 7: 70 MPH

FUNCTIONAL CLASS:

MINOR ARTERIAL

FINAL PLANS

CONTRACTOR:

LETTING DATE:

DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:

DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED:

DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED:

FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$

### PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

PROJECT NUMBER: BR 2023 (763)

# SH 7 ROBERTSON COUNTY

TOTAL LENGTH OF PROJECT = 1,100.00 FT = 0.208 MILES

# FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACE EXISTING BRIDGE

LOCATION	HIGHWAY	CONTROL NO.	LIMITS	ADT	STAT	ΓΙΟΝ	REFERENCI	E MARKERS	TOTAL LENGTH	BRIDGE LENGTH	RDWY LENGTH
NO.		PROJECT NO.			FROM	TO	BEGIN	END	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)
1	SH 7	0382-04-022	AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF BRIDGE NO. 2	2025: 3,700 VPD	944+00.00	955+00.00	RM 618+0.606 MI	RM 618+0.814 MI	1,100.00	465.00	635.00
		BR 2023(763)		2045: 5,000 VPD	944+00.00	955+00.00	(MP 8.544)	(MP 8.752)	1,100.00	465.00	035.00





SUBMITTED 3/21/2023
FOR LETTING:

Bric Botche

PROJECT MANAGER

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBMITTED 3/30/2023
FOR Dequipmed by:

BRIDGE ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED 3/30/2023
FOR Pequiliped by:

DAA3B0024EE3419...
DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION

DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED 3/30/2023
FOR Perhipped by:

DISTRICT ENGINEER

EXCEPTIONS: NONE
EQUATIONS: NONE
R.R. CROSSINGS: NONE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT:

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 5, 2022)

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-022 FILENAME: c:\pw\kh1\d0128740\SH7\_G

J: 0382-04-022 FILEN

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PROJECT LAYOUT
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TYPICAL SECTIONS (PROPOSED)
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CONSOLIDATED SUMMARY (ROADWAY)
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\*SMD(SLIP-1)-08 THRU SMD(SLIP-3)-08 144 147 148 149 150 151 153 154 - 146

BRIAN C. BOECKER

94886

CENSSONAL

\* STATE STANDARD

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Bric Bolca FE

BRIAN C. BOECKER, P.E. 3/27/2023

94886

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Texas Department of Transportation

SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

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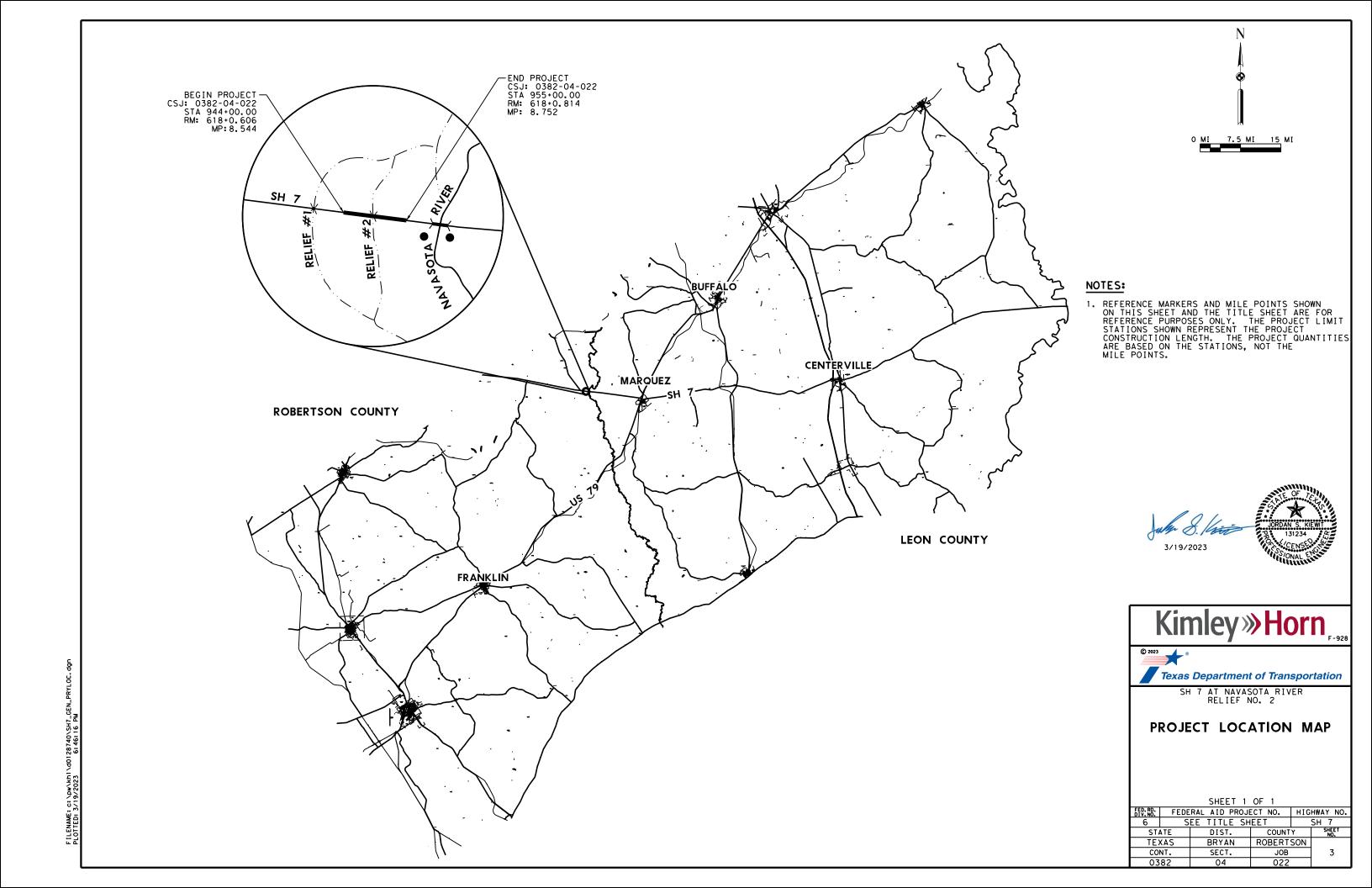


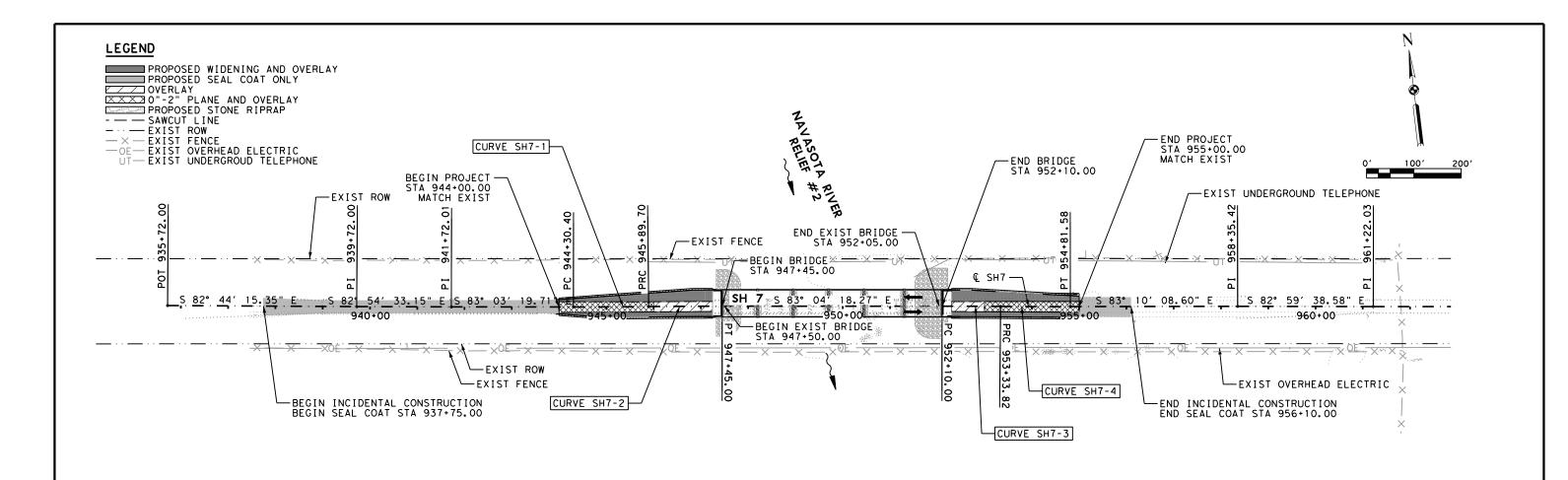
\*THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

RYAN C. LAURENT, P.E. 3/27/2023

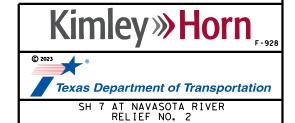
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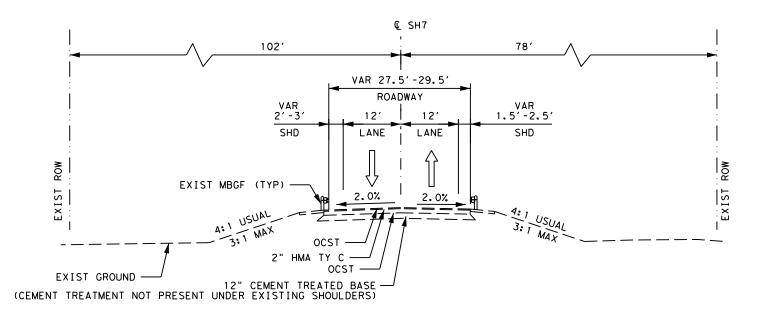




PROJECT LAYOUT

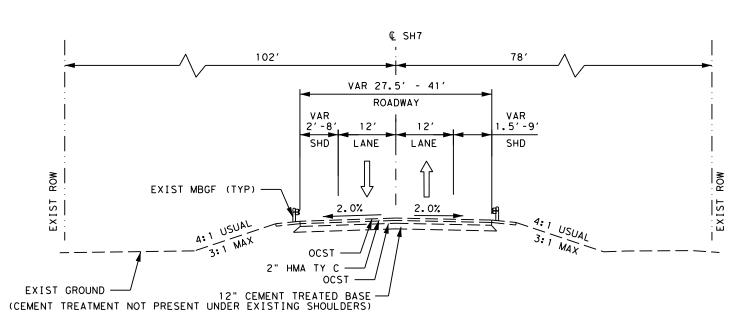
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6	S	SH 7			
STA	ATE.	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.
TE>	(AS	BRYAN	ROBERTSON		
COI	NT.	SECT.	JOB		4
03	82	04	022		
		•			



#### **EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION**

© SH 7 STA 944+00.00 TO STA 947+50.00 EXIST BRIDGE STA 947+50.00 TO 952+05.00



#### **EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION**

© SH 7 952+05.00 TO STA 955+00.00







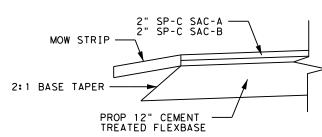
TYPICAL SECTIONS

# (EXISTING)

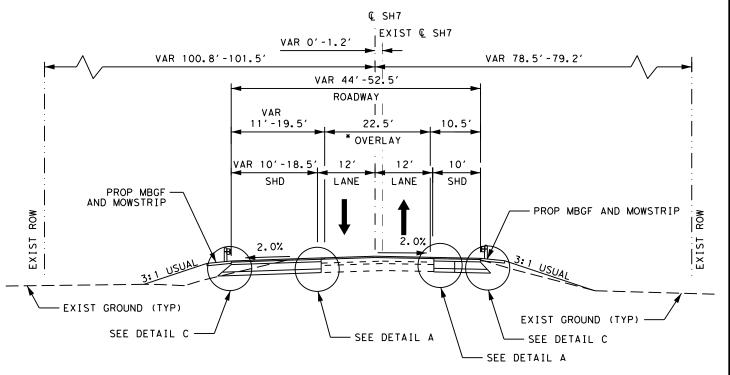
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		OF I	2HEE I			
HWAY NO.	HIG	ECT NO.	RAL AID PROJI	FEDE	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	
SH 7		SEE TITLE SHEET				
SHEET NO.	Υ	COUNT	DIST.	ATE	ST	
	SON	ROBERT	BRYAN	XAS	TE	
5		JOB	SECT.	NT.	CO	
		022	04	82	0.3	

- PROPOSED BRIDGE © SH7 STA 947+45.00 TO © SH7 STA 952+10.00. REFER TO BRIDGE PLANS FOR BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE AND PRIOR TO OPENING TRAFFIC UNRESTRICTED, A SEAL COAT IS TO BE UTILIZED TO ELIMINATE WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS FROM STATION 937+75.00 TO STA 944+00.00 AND STATION 955+00.00 TO STA 956+10.00.

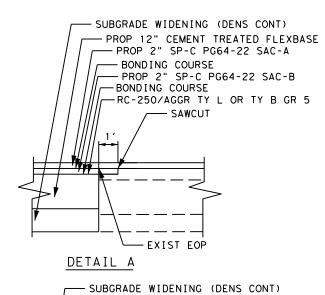


DETAIL C



#### PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

€ SH7 STA 953+50.00 TO STA 955+00.00 \*€ SH7 STA 953+00.00 TO STA 955+00.00 0"-2" PLANE AND VARIABLE DEPTH OVERLAY



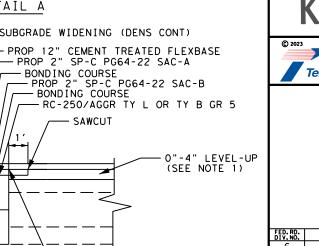
- PROP 2" SP-C PG64-22 SAC-A

– EXIST ĖOP

DETAIL B

- BONDING COURSE

— BONDING COURSE —— PROP 2" SP-C PG64-22 SAC-B







SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

TYPICAL SECTIONS (PROPOSED)

		SHEET 1	OF 1		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDE	RAL AID PROJI	ECT NO.	HIG	HWAY NO.
6	S	EE TITLE SH	IEET		SH 7
STA	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.
TEX	XAS	BRYAN	ROBERT	SON	
CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		6
03	82	04	022		

Sheet: 7

Highway: SH 7 Control: 0382-04-022

**County:** Robertson

	BASIS OF ESTIMATE						
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	COURSE	RATE	AMOUNT	QUANTITY		
168- 6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING (1)		30 GAL/SY	7,177 SY	215.3 MG		
275- 6001	CEMENT	12" NEW BASE 3% 135 LBS/CF	0.0182 TON/SY	1,731 SY	32 TON		
316- 6029	ASPH (RC-250)	PRIME	0.25 GAL/SY	1,731 SY	433 GAL		
316- 6403	AGGR (TY-B GR-5 OR TY-L GR-5)	PRIME	1 CY/135 SY	1,731 SY	13 CY		
316- 6014	ASPH (AC-10-2TR)	SEAL COAT	0.38 GAL/SY	2,509 SY	953 GAL		
316- 6224	AGGR (TY-PB GR-4 SAC-B)	SEAL COAT	1 CY/125 SY	2,509 SY	20 CY		
3076- 6018	D-GR HMA TY-C PG64-22 (LEVEL-UP)	VAR DEPTH LEVEL-UP	108 LB/SY (AVG)	519 SY	28 TON		
3077- 6012	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-A PG64-22	2"	220 LB/SY	3,259 SY	358 TONS		
3077- 6012	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-A PG64-22	RUMBLE STRIP REMOVAL	220 LB/SY	253 SY	28 TON		
3077- 6013	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG64-22	2"	220 LB/SY	1,833 SY	202 TON		
3077- 6013	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG64-22	0"-2" TEMPORARY TRANSITION	113.3 LB/SY (AVG)	512 SY	29 TON		
3084- 6001	BONDING COURSE	PAVEMENT	0.10 GAL/SY	4,996 SY	500 GAL		
3084- 6001	BONDING COURSE	RUMBLE STRIP REMOVAL	0.10 GAL/SY	253 SY	25 GAL		

(1) Based on 3 applications of 10 GAL/SY

	BASIS OF ESTIMATE							
	* for contractor's information only							
ITEM	TTEM DESCRIPTION COURSE RATE AMOUNT QUANTITY							
166- 6002*	FERTILIZER **		60 LB/AC	1.483 AC	0.044 TON			

Note: Rates are for estimating purposes only. Actual Rates will be determined in the field.

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Highway: SH 7 Control: 0382-04-022

**County:** Robertson

#### **GENERAL:**

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individuals: James Robbins, P.E., A.E., <u>James.Robbins@txdot.gov</u>
Joseph Greive, P.E., A.A.E., <u>Joseph.Greive@txdot.gov</u>

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: <a href="https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors">https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors</a>

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

For non-bridge items, send eligible shop plan submittals with PDF attachments directly to the reviewing office. Submit bridge, retaining wall, and structural item shop drawings following the directions described at

http://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/specifications/shop-drawings.html

#### ITEM 5 "CONTROL OF THE WORK"

Prior to letting, earthwork construction cross-section data is available at the Area Engineer's office in *Bryan* for inspection by prospective bidders. In addition, bidders may request electronic earthwork construction cross-section data by sending an email to: *James.Robbins@txdot.gov*.

Earthwork files will be provided by email or by using TxDOT's pre-bid FTP Service. These cross-sections are for non-construction purposes only, and it is the responsibility of the prospective bidder to validate the data for this project.

After letting, the Engineer will provide final earthwork construction cross-section data necessary for the contractor to establish and control the work.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design">https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design</a>. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Tonnage represents Nitrogen content only.

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Highway: SH 7 Control: 0382-04-022

**County:** Robertson

#### ITEM 6 "CONTROL OF MATERIALS"

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

#### ITEM 7 "LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES"

State contract mowers will mow the right of way during the growing season. The Contractor will be notified by the Engineer one week in advance of the anticipated time when mowers will be in the limits of the project. Clean the right of way to such a condition that allows the mowing contractors to safely mow.

This project is on a hurricane evacuation route. Furnish at the pre-construction meeting a written plan outlining procedures to suspend work, secure the job site and safely handle traffic through and across the project in the event of a hurricane evacuation.

During the hurricane season (June 1 through November 30), do not close any travel lanes except when the Contractor can demonstrate that he can provide labor, equipment, material, work plan, and quality of work to satisfactorily return all lanes to an open, all-weather travel surface within three days of receiving written or verbal notice but no later than 3 days prior to hurricane landfall. Construction of temporary lanes to an all-weather surface will be paid in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method".

In addition to lane closures, cease work 3 days prior to hurricane landfall on or near the roadway that adversely impacts the flow of traffic and reduces the capacity of the highway during an evacuation. Prohibit the Contractor's, sub-contractors' or material suppliers' vehicles from entering or exiting the stream of traffic including material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment. When directed, this prohibition will include a reasonable time period for the evacuees to return to their point of origin.

In the event of the declaration of a hurricane watch, warning, other severe weather warning or national or state emergency that requires the roadways in the vicinity be used as evacuation routes, cease all work that requires the Contractor's, sub-contractors' or material suppliers'

Sheet: 7A

Highway: SH 7 Control: 0382-04-022

**County:** Robertson

vehicles to enter the stream of traffic on these primary or secondary evacuation routes. This work includes material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment.

The following roadways are recognized evacuation routes in the Bryan District:

Primary Evacuation Routes: IH 45, US 290, SH 6, SH 36.

Secondary Evacuation Routes: US 79, US 84, SH 7, SH 30, SH 21, SH 105.

Other routes may be designated.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

#### ITEM 8 "PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS"

At the end of each work day, remove all grade differentials transverse to centerline.

At the end of each work day, provide 100 foot minimum grade tapers longitudinal to the centerline to transition differences in the profile grade line or roadway grade.

The following standard detail sheets have been modified.

IGND BAS-A

By noon of each Wednesday, provide the Engineer a written outline of the daily work schedule for the following week. Include in the outline the times and places for proposed traffic control changes, lane and shoulder closures, and moving operations or other operations that affect traffic on the roadway. Unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer, prosecute the work on this project in accordance with the sequence of work shown on the Traffic Control Plan Narrative sheet.

Some of the operations on the Traffic Control Plan Narrative sheet may be performed simultaneously.

Prepare Progress Schedule in Critical Path Method (CPM).

Equipment and material may be pre-staged at approved locations.

The 90-day delayed start allowed after authorization under SP008-003 is for Contractor time for material acquisition.

2023 General Notes Sheet C 2023 General Notes Sheet D

Sheet: 7B

Highway: SH 7 Control: 0382-04-022

**County:** Robertson

#### **MILESTONE 1:**

Milestone 1 is for Phase 3 construction of the proposed bridge and approaches.

Substantially complete Milestone 1 in 179 working days charged in accordance with article 8.3.1.1., Five-Day Workweek.

The time charges for Milestone 1 will begin upon the implementation of one-lane two-way traffic control as shown in Phase 3 of the traffic control plans.

The time charges for Milestone 1 will end when, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor has completed the following items of work, which define the term "substantially complete":

- 1. Complete Phase 3 work.
- 2. One-lane two-way traffic control is removed, and traffic is restored to one lane in each direction.

The road-user cost liquidated damages for Milestone 1 is \$4,195 per day.

The incentive rate for early substantial completion of Milestone 1 is \$4,195 per day.

The maximum number of working days for computing the Milestone 1 incentive is 30 days.

#### ITEM 100 "PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY"

During burn bans obtain written approval from the Commissioners Court prior to burning brush.

Prevent ashes from burned vegetation to be transported into any stream.

If burning is not allowed, all trees and brush will be disposed of by shredding, logging or other methods approved by the Engineer. Create a windrow, stockpile, or topdress biomass on disturbed areas along the project at locations approved by necessary permits and the Engineer.

#### **ITEM 132 "EMBANKMENT"**

Provide Embankment material for areas <u>within the limits of the Pavement Structure</u> that meet one of the following requirements:

- Sources outside the ROW provide material with a plasticity index between 10 and 25 and with less than 30% silt.
- Sources within the ROW provide material with a plasticity index between 10 and 25 <u>and</u> with less than 30% silt.

Sheet: 7B

Highway: SH 7 Control: 0382-04-022

**County:** Robertson

Provide Embankment material for areas <u>outside the limits of the Pavement Structure</u> with a plasticity index between 10 and 35.

#### ITEM 160 "TOPSOIL"

All slopes requiring topsoil will be tracked immediately upon final grading to prevent erosion per standard sheet EC(1)-16. Tracking slopes to prevent erosion will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Topsoil may be obtained from the right of way at sites of proposed excavation and embankment.

#### **ITEM 166 "FERTILIZER"**

Fertilize all areas of project that are being seeded or sodded.

#### **ITEM 168 "VEGETATIVE WATERING"**

Vegetative watering is required for all areas of the project that are being seeded or sodded.

#### ITEM 169 "SOIL RETENTION BLANKET"

Soil retention blankets made from Jute material will not be allowed.

#### **ITEM 247 "FLEXIBLE BASE"**

Place flexible base in equal lifts of 4 to 8 in. in depth unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

#### ITEM 275 "CEMENT TREATMENT (ROAD MIXED)"

Microcracking is required for this item.

Sheet: 7C

Highway: SH 7 Control: 0382-04-022

**County:** Robertson

#### ITEM 301 "ASPHALT ANTISTRIPPING AGENT"

When the Contractor adds lime as an anti-stripping agent (or an equivalent anti-stripping agent) the lime or equivalent shall be added to the asphaltic concrete in the methods specified in this item unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. If an alternate method is proposed, the Engineer's approval will be based on test method Tex-242-F performed on the asphaltic concrete produced through the plant.

#### **ITEM 316 "SEAL COAT"**

Sweep excess aggregate no sooner than 2 hours after rolling or as directed.

Vehicles used to haul aggregate from the stockpile to the chip spreader will not be overloaded. Any damage to the roadway caused by the vehicles will be repaired by the Contractor at his expense and subsequent loads will be reduced so as not to cause further damage.

Transverse variance rates shall be used as directed. The nozzles outside the wheel paths will output up to 20% more asphalt by volume than the nozzles over the wheel paths.

The Contractor may be required to furnish and set string line to insure straight and uniform alignment as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor may use other methods subject to approval of the Engineer.

Cure surface treatments placed with a cutback asphalt binder for 21 days before placing subsequent surface courses unless otherwise directed by the engineer.

Air and surface temperature for asphalt material application will be in accordance with the specification and the manufacturer's recommendation. However, the engineer may limit the use of an asphalt material due to the time of year.

#### ITEM 320 "EQUIPMENT FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT"

Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, provide a Material Transfer Device with remixing capabilities as specified in Item 320.2.3.3 Placement and Compaction Equipment for all asphaltic concrete pavement.

#### ITEM 354 "PLANING AND TEXTURING PAVEMENT"

Take ownership of reclaimed asphalt material.

Sheet: 7C

Highway: SH 7 Control: 0382-04-022

**County:** Robertson

Existing raised pavement markers in the proposed work area are to be removed prior to planing operations. This item will be considered subsidiary.

Construct a fine milling pattern by adjusting the speed of the drum and the machine, as approved by the Engineer.

#### ITEM 421 "HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE"

Optimized Aggregate Gradation is required for this project.

#### ITEM 432 "RIPRAP"

The fifty foot (50') approach taper to the MBGF end treatment will be concrete Mow Strip unless otherwise shown in the plans or otherwise directed by the Engineer.

#### **ITEM 496 "REMOVING STRUCTURES"**

Notify the Engineer of the exact date of bridge removal at least twenty (20) working days prior to the removal of the existing structure to allow for compliance with the Texas Department of State Health Services requirements for structural demolition. Bridge removal will not be allowed to take place until this notice is given.

The structure(s) to be removed have surface coatings which may contain hazardous materials. Provide for the safety and health of employees and abide by all OSHA Standards and Regulations.

Paint chips from the existing bridge on SH 7 at Navasota River Relief #2 was analyzed and found to exhibit a high probability of containing lead. Tests suggest that waste generated by the complete removal of this paint system will be classified as hazardous. The Department will provide for a separate contractor to remove paint prior to dismantling of the steel. The Contractor will coordinate with the Department the timing of the structure removal in order to allow the Department sufficient time to schedule work with the separate contractor. The Contractor will clearly indicate the locations on site that will require paint removal in accordance with Item 6. The Engineer may suspend work wholly or in part during the testing, removing, or disposing of hazardous materials, except in the case where hazardous materials are introduced by the Contractor.

Sheet: 7D

Control: 0382-04-022 Highway: SH 7

**County:** Robertson

#### ITEM 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING"

Where shown on applicable TCP standards, channelizing devices on the centerline are required at all times; including when a pilot vehicle is used to lead traffic. Mount a G20-4 sign at a conspicuous location on the rear of the vehicle. Traffic delays caused by one-lane, two-way traffic control, will not be allowed to exceed 5 minutes unless approved by the Engineer.

During one-way operations, station flaggers at all county roads and any other locations, such as private businesses, that may have traffic entering the work area.

Removal of ground mounted temporary signs and supports as specified on standard sheet BC(5), shall include the immediate backfilling of support holes with Type B embankment material and the compaction of the backfill material.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Law enforcement assistance will be required for this project and is expected to be required for major traffic control changes and lane closures. Coordinate with local law enforcement and arrange for law enforcement as directed or agreed by the Engineer. Complete the weekly tracking form provided by the department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided.

#### ITEM 504 "FIELD OFFICE AND LABORATORY"

Furnish a Type D Structure (Asphalt Mix Control Laboratory)

#### ITEM 512 "PORTABLE TRAFFIC BARRIER"

Do not pin PTB on the proposed bridge deck.

#### ITEM 540 "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE"

Furnish and Install only one type of timber post.

Control: 0382-04-022

Sheet: 7D

Highway: SH 7

**County: Robertson** 

#### ITEM 544 "GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS"

Furnish and install only MASH compliant guardrail end treatments.

#### ITEM 644 "SMALL ROADSIDE SIGN ASSEMBLIES"

Salvage and deliver all aluminum sign faces to the local TxDOT maintenance office.

#### ITEM 662 "WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS"

Paint and beads may be used for non-removable work zone pavement markings.

All striping limits must be approved by the Engineer before striping operations may begin.

#### ITEM 666 "RETROREFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS"

Unless authorized by the Engineer, the Contractor will not place the pavement markings on the resurfaced roadway until it has cured for 3 days.

All striping limits must be approved by the Engineer before striping operations may begin.

Use an acrylic sealer on concrete pavement.

#### ITEM 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS"

Use flexible bituminous adhesive for applications on all pavement types.

#### ITEM 3077 "SUPERPAVE MIXTURES"

Hydrated lime, commercial lime slurry or an equivalent anti-stripping agent may be used. If hydrated lime or commercial lime slurry is used up to 1.0 percent may be added. If an equivalent anti-stripping agent is used, add according to manufacturers recommendations. Provide hydrated lime or commercial lime slurry in accordance with DMS-6350, "Lime and Lime Slurry". Add hydrated lime, commercial lime slurry, or an equivalent anti-stripping agent in accordance with Section 301.4.2.

Apply tack coat through a distributor spray bar in accordance with Section 316.3.1. Distributor. If residual from emulsion tack is not tacky, then the Engineer can require the use of PG binder.

2023 General Notes 2023 General Notes Sheet I Sheet J Sheet: 7E

Highway: SH 7 Control: 0382-04-022

**County:** Robertson

RAS is not permitted in thin level-up courses.

#### ITEM 6001 "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN"

Furnish, install, and operate up to 2 Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) for this project. The signs can be used both on the project and within a ten (10) mile radius of the project. Locations, messages, and durations of use will be specified by the Engineer. The primary uses will be to inform the public of special events, lane and road closures, and changes in traffic control. Signs will be paid for only when used as directed by the Engineer.

## ITEM 6185 "TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)"

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan (TCP) for this project,

provide one (1) shadow vehicle with TMA for TCP(1-2)-18 as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet.

provide one (1) shadow vehicle with TMA for TCP(1-3)-18 as detailed on General Note 6 of this standard sheet.

provide one (1) shadow vehicle with TMA for TCP(1-6)-18 as detailed on General Note 8 of this standard sheet.

provide one (1) shadow vehicle with TMA for TCP(2-3)-18 as detailed on General Note 7 of this standard sheet.

provide two (2) (shadow and trail) vehicles with TMA for TCP(3-1)-13 as detailed on General Note 3 of this standard sheet.

provide two (2) (shadow and trail) vehicles with TMA for TCP(3-3)-14 as detailed on General Note 3 of this standard sheet.

provide one (1) shadow vehicle with TMA for TCP(S-1)-08A as detailed on General Note 4 of this standard sheet.

provide one (1) shadow vehicle with TMA for TCP(S-2)-08A as detailed on General Note 11 of this standard sheet.

Sheet: 7E

Highway: SH 7 Control: 0382-04-022

**County:** Robertson

Therefore, ten (10) total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

Two hundred sixty-seven (267) TMA days are provided in the project estimate for stationary operations.

Twenty-four (24) TMA days are provided in the project estimate for mobile operations.

2023 General Notes Sheet K 2023 General Notes Sheet L



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0382-04-022 DIS

**DISTRICT** Bryan HIGHWAY SH 7

**COUNTY** Robertson

of Transportation						
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	11.000		
	104-6010	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	CY	98.000		
	105-6026	REMOVE STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (13"-18")	SY	1,152.000		
	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	549.000		
	132-6006	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(DENS CONT)(TY C)	CY	2,018.000		
	160-6003	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	SY	7,177.000		
	164-6023	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURAL)(CLAY)	SY	7,177.000		
	164-6029	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(TEMP)(WARM)	SY	3,589.000		
	164-6031	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(TEMP)(COOL)	SY	3,589.000		
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	215.300		
	169-6001	SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS (CL 1) (TY A)	SY	2,824.000		
	247-6233	FL BS (CMP IN PLACE)(TY A GR 1-2)(12")	SY	1,731.000		
	275-6001	CEMENT	TON	32.000		
	275-6035	CEMENT TREAT (NEW BASE)(12")	SY	1,731.000		
	316-6014	ASPH (AC-10-2TR)	GAL	953.000		
	316-6029	ASPH (RC-250)	GAL	433.000		
	316-6224	AGGR(TY-PB GR-4 SAC-B)	CY	20.000		
	316-6403	AGGR (TY-B GR-5 OR TY-L GR-5)	CY	13.000		
	354-6021	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	SY	1,496.000		
	354-6045	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (2")	SY	253.000		
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	285.000		
	402-6001	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF	476.000		
	403-6001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	408.000		
	416-6001	DRILL SHAFT (18 IN)	LF	120.000		
	416-6004	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	LF	1,627.000		
	420-6013	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CY	77.600		
	420-6029	CL C CONC (CAP)	CY	129.000		
	420-6037	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	CY	76.500		
	422-6001	REINF CONC SLAB	SF	26,970.000		
	422-6015	APPROACH SLAB	CY	84.000		
	425-6036	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX34)	LF	3,234.000		
	432-6033	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	2,125.000		
	432-6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	53.000		
	450-6006	RAIL (TY T223)	LF	1,010.000		
	454-6018	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ - M)	LF	174.000		
	496-6010	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000		
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	15.000		
	506-6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	52.000		
	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	52.000		
	506-6020	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	240.000		



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Bryan	Robertson	0382-04-022	8



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**COUNTY** Robertson

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID0382-04-022DISTRICTBryanHIGHWAYSH 7

	of Transportation						
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	506-6024	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	240.000			
	506-6034	CONSTRUCTION PERIMETER FENCE	LF	551.000			
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	2,038.000			
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	2,038.000			
	510-6003	ONE-WAY TRAF CONT (PORT TRAF SIG)	МО	9.000			
	512-6001	PORT CTB (FUR & INST)(SGL SLOPE)(TY 1)	LF	1,170.000			
	512-6025	PORT CTB (MOVE)(SGL SLP)(TY 1)	LF	1,110.000			
	512-6049	PORT CTB (REMOVE)(SGL SLP)(TY 1)	LF	1,170.000			
	533-6001	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	LF	1,070.000			
	533-6002	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	LF	535.000			
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	1,025.000			
	540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	4.000			
	540-6035	MTL BM GD FEN TRANS (31"-28")	EA	2.000			
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	1,225.000			
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	2.000			
	544-6003	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	EA	2.000			
	545-6003	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (MOVE & RESET)	EA	4.000			
	545-6005	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (REMOVE)	EA	2.000			
	545-6019	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL)(S)(N)(TL3)	EA	2.000			
	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	1.000			
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	1.000			
	658-6014	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	EA	10.000			
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	12.000			
	662-6008	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	LF	3,112.000			
	662-6037	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	2,519.000			
	662-6067	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	LF	1,599.000			
	662-6075	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)24"(SLD)	LF	24.000			
	662-6098	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	8,750.000			
	662-6111	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	104.000			
	666-6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	19.000			
	666-6225	PAVEMENT SEALER 6"	LF	3,515.000			
	666-6309	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	3,807.000			
	666-6318	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	2,006.000			
	666-6321	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,457.000			
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	317.000			
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	2,513.000			
	678-6002	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	LF	3,515.000			
	3076-6018	D-GR HMA TY-C PG64-22 (LEVEL-UP)	TON	28.000			
	3077-6012	SP MIXESSP-CSAC-A PG64-22	TON	386.000			
	3077-6013	SP MIXESSP-CSAC-B PG64-22	TON	231.000			
	3084-6001	BONDING COURSE	GAL	525.000			



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Bryan	Robertson	0382-04-022	8A



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0382-04-022

**DISTRICT** Bryan HIGHWAY SH 7

**COUNTY** Robertson

Report Created On: Apr 25, 2023 9:09:26 AM

ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL
	4171-6001	INSTALL BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS	EA	2.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	267.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	24.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000	
		LAW ENFORCEMENT: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Bryan	Robertson	0382-04-022	8B

#### SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEMS

SCIVILVIAK I CI II	CALLE C	ON INCL I	1 E1410											
LOCATION	354 6045	403 6001	510 6003	512 6001	512 6025	512 6049	545 6003	545 6005	545 6019	662 6008	662 6037	662 6067	662 6075	662 6098
	# PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (2")	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	ONE-WAY TRAF CONT (PORT TRAF SIG)	PORT CTB (FUR & INST) (SGL SLOPE) (TY	PORT CTB (MOVE) (SGL SLP) (TY 1)	PORT CTB (REMOVE) ( SGL SLP) (TY 1)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (MOVE & RESET)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (REMOVE)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL) (S ) (N) (TL3)		WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y) 6" (SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV	WK ZN PAV	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV
	SY	SF	МО	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EΑ	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF
PHASE 1	253			450					2	700	1400	589		1086
PHASE 2		408		660			2							
PHASE 3			9	60	1110	1170	2	2		2412	1119	1010	24	7664
PHASE 4														
PROJECT TOTALS	253	408	9	1170	1110	1170	4	2	2	3112	2519	1599	24	8750

\*PLANE ASPHALT, BONDING COURSE, AND SP-C TO BE USED FOR THE REMOVAL OF EXISTING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS. SEE TCP MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR MORE INFORMATION.

#### SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEMS (CONTINUED)

LOCATION	662	672	677	3077	3077	3084	6001	6185	6185
	6111	6009	6001	6012	6013	6001	6002	6002	6005
				#	-	#			
	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-A PG64-22	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG64-22	BONDING COURSE	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)
	EA	EΑ	LF	* SY	* SY	* SY	EA	DAY	DAY
PHASE 1	27		1555	253		253	2	16	
PHASE 2	45							68	
PHASE 3	8	244	958		512			183	
PHASE 4	24								24
ROJECT TOTALS	104	244	2513	253	512	253	2	267	24

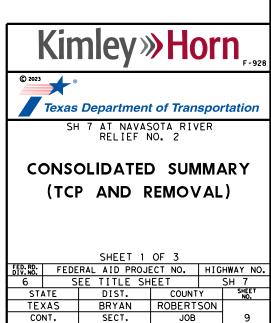
#PLANE ASPHALT, BONDING COURSE, AND SP-C SAC-A TO BE USED FOR THE REMOVAL OF EXISTING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS. SEE TCP MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR MORE INFORMATION.

\* FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY. SEE BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR APPLICATION RATES AND QUANTITIES.

■ SP-C SAC-B TO BE USED FOR TEMPORARY PAVEMENT TRANSITION. SEE TCP MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR MORE INFORMATION.

#### SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEMS

SOMINAR I OF REMOVE	AL IILIVIS					
LOCATION	104	105	354	496	542	544
	6010	6026	6021	6010	6001	6003
	REMOVING CONC (RIPRAP)	REMOVE STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (13"-18")	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)
	CY	SY	SY	EA	LF	EA
REMOVAL LAYOUT	98	1152	984	1	1225	2
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN	-		512			-
PROJECT TOTALS	98	1152	1 496	1	1225	2



04

#### SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS

LOCATION	100	110	132	247	275	275	316	316	316	316	432	540	540	540
	6002	6001	6006	6233	6001	6035	6014	6029	6224	6403	6045	6001	6006	6035
	PREPARING ROW	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (DENS CONT) (TY C)	FL BS (CMP IN PLACE) (TY A GR 1-2) (12")	CEMENT	CEMENT TREAT (NEW BASE) (12")	ASPH (AC-10-2TR)	ASPH (RC-250)	AGGR(TY-PB GR-4 SAC-B)	AGGR (TY-B GR-5 OR TY-L GR-5)	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP) (4 IN)	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BE AM)	MTL BM GD FEN TRANS (31"-28")
	STA	CY	CY	SY	* SY	SY	* SY	* SY	* SY	* SY	CY	LF	EA	EA
BEGIN TO STA 941+00							1070		1070					
STA 941+00 TO STA 947+00	3	151	190	789	789	789	929	789	929	789	26	625		2
STA 947+00 TO STA 953+00	6	76	938	356	356	356		356		356	8	100	4	
STA 953+00 TO END	2	322	890	586	586	586	510	586	510	586	19	300		
PROJECT TOTALS	11	549	2018	1731	1731	1731	2509	1731	2509	1731	53	1025	4	2

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS (CONTINUED)

SUMMARY OF ROADWA	Y IIEMS	(CON I INUE	:U)		
LOCATION	544 6001	3076	3077	3077	3084
	6001	6018	6013	6012	6001
	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	D-GR HMA TY-C PG64-22 (LEVEL-UP)	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG64-22	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-A PG64-22	BOND I NG COURSE
	EA	* SY	* SY	* SY	* SY
BEGIN TO STA 941+00					1
STA 941+00 TO STA 947+00		170	838	1556	2349
STA 947+00 TO STA 953+00		226	373	594	952
STA 953+00 TO END	2	123	622	1109	1695
PROJECT TOTALS	2	519	1833	3259	4996

\*FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY. SEE BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR APPLICATION RATES AND QUANTITIES.



Texas Department of Transportation

SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER
RELIEF NO. 2

CONSOLIDATED SUMMARY
(ROADWAY)

SHEET 2 OF 3

311221 2 01 3										
D. RD. V. NO.	FEDE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.								
6	SEE TITLE SHEET SH 7									
STA	ATE.	DIST.	COUNT	SHEET NO.						
TEXAS		BRYAN	ROBERT	SON						
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		10					
03	82	04	022							

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING ITEMS

LOCATION	533	533	644	644	658	658	666	666	666	666	666	672	678
	6001	6002	6001	6076	6014	6062	6048	6225	6309	6318	6321	6009	6002
	* RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	SIRIPS	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1) SA(P)	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW) SZ 1 (BRF) GF2 (B I)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24" (SLD) (100MIL)	PAVEMENT SEALER 6"	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")
	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EΔ	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	LF
BEGIN TO STA 941+00							19	1790	785	438	1457	23	1790
STA 941+00 TO STA 947+00	470	235				6			1201	150		8	
STA 947+00 TO STA 953+00	0	0			10	2		1137	1201	150		8	1137
953+00 TO END	600	300	1	1		4		588	620	1268		34	588
PROJECT TOTALS	1070	535	1	1	10	12	19	3515	3807	2006	1457	73	3515

<sup>\*</sup>OPTION 2 PER TXDOT STANDARD RS(2)-23

#### SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL ITEMS

SUMMART OF ERUSION	COMIKOL	I I LIVI 3												
LOCATION	160 6003	164 6023	164 6029	164 6031	166 6002	168 6001	169 6001	506 6002	506 6011	506 6020	506 6024	506 6034	506 6038	506 6039
	6003	6023	6029	6031	6002	8001	8001	6002	6011	6020	8024	8034	6038	6039
	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (PERM) ( RURAL) (CLAY)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(TEMP) (COOL)	* FERTILIZER	* VEGETATIVE WATERING	SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS (CL 1) (TY A)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCTION PERIMETER FENCE	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	SY	SY	SY	SY	SY	LF	LF	SY	SY	LF	LF	LF
BEGIN TO STA 941+00										120	120			
STA 941+00 TO STA 947+00	3888	3888	1944	1944	3888	3888	818						767	767
STA 947+00 TO STA 953+00	1180	1180	590	590	1180	1180	993	52	52			407	727	727
STA 953+00 TO END	2109	2109	1054.5	1054.5	2109	2109	1013			120	120	144	544	544
PROJECT TOTALS	7177	7177	3589	3589	7177	7177	2824	52	52	240	240	551	2038	2038

<sup>\*</sup>FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY, SEE BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR APPLICATION RATES AND QUANTITIES.





SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

# (SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING AND EROSION CONTROL)

SHEET 3 OF 3

311221 3 01 3									
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.							
9	S	SEE TITLE SHEET SH 7							
STA	STATE DIST. COUNTY								
TEX	XAS	BRYAN	ROBERT	SON					
CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		11				
03	82	04	022						

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DISCLAIMER:	The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engin	TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of th

															CR	ASH CUSHI	ON			
		PLAN				DIRECTION OF	FOUNDA	TION PAD	BACKUP SUPPORT			AVAILABLE			MOVE /	RESET	L	L F	R R	s s
LOC NO.	TCP PHASE	SHEET NUMBER	LOCATION	STA	TEST LEVEL	TRAFFIC (UNI/BI)	PROPOSED MATERIAL	PROPOSED THICKNESS	DESCRIPTION	WIDTH	HEIGHT	SITE LENGTH	INSTALL	REMOVE	MOVE/ RESET	FROM LOC.#	N	w	N W	N W
1	1	18	WB SHOULDER	947+52.00	TL-3	BI	EXIST HMAC	N/A	PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER	24"	32"	N/A	1							х
2	1	18	WB SHOULDER	952+02.00	TL-3	BI	EXIST HMAC	N/A	PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER	24"	32"	N/A	1							х
3	2	20	WB SHOULDER	943+62.00	TL-3	ВІ	EXIST HMAC	N/A	PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER	24"	32"	25FT			1	1				х
4	2	21	WB SHOULDER	954+72.00	TL-3	ВІ	EXIST HMAC	N/A	PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER	24"	32"	25FT			1	2				x
5	3	23	EB SHOULDER	943+50.00	TL-3	BI	EXIST HMAC	N/A	PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER	24"	32"	25FT		1	1	3				x
6	3	24	EB SHOULDER	955+20.00	TL-3	BI	EXIST HMAC	N/A	PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER	24"	32"	25FT		1	1	4				x
																				$\perp$
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												TOTALS	2	2	4					

LEGEND: L=LOW MAINTENANCE R=REUSABLE S=SACRIFICIAL N=NARROW W=WIDE

FOR DEFINITIONS SEE THE "CRASH CUSHION CATEGORIZATION CHART.PDF" AT THE DESIGN DIVISION (ROADWAY STANDARDS) WEBSITE. USE QUICK LINKS TO ACCESS ATTENUATORS / CRASH CUSHIONS SECTION. http://www.dot.state.tx.us/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/rdwylse.htm

#### CRASH CUSHION SUMMARY SHEET

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0382	0	4	022	SH	7
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BRY	BRY ROBERT		BERTSON		
FEDERAL AID PROJECT				SHEET	NO.
SEE TITLE SHEET			12		
	CONT 0382 DIST BRY FEDERA	CONT SE 0382 0 DIST BRY FEDERAL A	CONT SECT 0382 04 DIST C BRY ROE FEDERAL AID	CONT SECT JOB 0382 04 022 DIST COUNTY BRY ROBERTSON FEDERAL AID PROJECT	CONT SECT JOB HIGHW 0382 04 022 SH DIST COUNTY BRY ROBERTSON FEDERAL AID PROJECT SHEET

#### **GENERAL**

CONSTRUCTION BARRICADES, PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (PCTB) WORKZONE STRIPING, CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS SHALL BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TMUTCD, BC(1 THRU 12)-21, AND/OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

INSTALL ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS AND IN-LANE RUMBLE STRIPS AT PROJECT LIMITS OR AS DIRECTED BY ENGINEER.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE AT ALL TIMES FOR THE DURATION OF THE JOB. INSTALL APPROPRIATE SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES AS SHOWN ON THE EROSION CONTROL PLAN AND STANDARDS, OR AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ACCESS FOR ALL PROPERTY OWNERS AT ALL TIMES. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR COORDINATING ACCESS WITH ADJOINING PROPERTY OWNERS DURING PHASE/STEP CHANGES. CONSIDER THIS WORK TO BE SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.

ACCESS TO FM 937 AND COLE BRANCH ROAD MUST BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.

CONTRACTOR SHALL EVALUATE THE LOCATION OF EXISTING SIGNS TO ENSURE NO CONFLICTS WITH THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS. EXISTING SIGNS MAY BE ADJUSTED DUE TO FIELD CONDITIONS AND SAFETY TO TRAVELING PUBLIC. CONSIDER THIS WORK SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.

CHANNELIZING DEVICE LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHEETS ARE APPROXIMATE. ACTUAL LOCATIONS SHALL BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD USING SUGGESTED SPACING SHOWN ON THE TCP STANDARDS.

ADDITIONAL SIGNS, BARRICADES AND/OR OTHER CHANNELIZING DEVICES MAY BE NEEDED, REQUIRED AND/OR ADJUSTED TO MATCH FIELD CONDITIONS AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

NO EQUIPMENT OR MATERIALS SHALL BE STORED WITHIN THE CLEAR ZONE UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

THE ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION AND ASSOCIATED DESIGN ELEMENTS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN FOUR MAJOR PHASES.

ONE LANE TWO WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL UTILIZING FLAGGERS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.

#### CONSTRUCTION PHASE 1

PHASE 1 CONSTRUCTION WILL CONSIST OF PAVEMENT WIDENING ON THE NORTH SIDE SIDE OF SH 7.

PRIOR TO SHIFTING TRAFFIC FOR PHASE 1, UTILIZE ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS FOLLOWING STANDARD TCP(1-2b)-18 TO REMOVE EXISTING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS FROM STA 938+05.00 TO STA 956+00.00, EXCLUDING BRIDGE SURFACE. SEE TCP MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

PHASE 1 SHALL UTILIZE ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS DURING DAYTIME CONSTRUCTION. AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY CHANNELIZING DEVICES SHALL BE MOVED TO THE EDGE OF THE CONSTRUCTION ZONE AND SH 7 WILL BE OPENED TO TWO LANE TWO WAY TRAFFIC. SEE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TYPICAL SECTIONS PHASE 1 FOR MORE INFORMATION.

- INSTALL ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS AND CHANNELIZING DEVICES AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- PLACE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 3. INSTALL ONE LANE TWO WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARD TCP (1-2b)-18.
- 4. SHIFT TRAFFIC AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 5. PLACE CHANNELIZING DEVICES AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 6. INSTALL CRASH CUSHION ATTENUATORS AND PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 7. CONSTRUCT SH 7 PAVEMENT WIDENING (NOT INCLUDING FINAL SURFACE COURSE) FOR PHASE 1 AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.

#### CONSTRUCTION PHASE 2

PHASE 2 CONSTRUCTION WILL CONSIST OF CUTTING BACK THE EXISTING BRIDGE DECK, CONSTRUCTING THE NORTHERN 19 FEET OF THE PROPOSED BRIDGE, APPROACH SLAB AND GRADING.

- 1. INSTALL/ADJUST STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES AS SHOWN
- 2. INSTALL/ADJUST CRASH CUSHION ATTENUATORS AND PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 3. CONSTRUCT GRADING, GUARD FENCE AND ELEMENTS ON THE NORTH SIDE OF SH 7 AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 4. \*CUT BACK EXISTING BRIDGE DECK AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 5. INSTALL TEMPORARY SPECIAL SHORING AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 6. CONSTRUCT BRIDGE ELEMENTS, INCLUDING RAIL, APPROACH SLABS AND RIPRAP FOR NORTHERN 19' OF PROPOSED BRIDGE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.

#### CONSTRUCTION PHASE 3 (MILESTONE)

PHASE 3 CONSTRUCTION WILL CONSIST OF CONSTRUCTING THE REMAINING 39 FEET OF THE PROPOSED BRIDGE, GRADING, LEVEL-UP AND WIDENING THE PAVEMENT ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF SH 7.

- REMOVE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND WORK ZONE STRIPING FROM THE PREVIOUS PHASE AND INSTALL OR RELOCATE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND WORKZONE STRIPING REQUIRED FOR PHASE 3.
- 2. ADJUST/INSTALL STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 3. ADJUST CRASH CUSHION ATTENUATORS AND PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 4. SHIFT TRAFFIC AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 5. INSTALL ONE LANE TWO WAY PORTABLE TRAFFIC SIGNALS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARD TCP (2-8b)-18.
- 6.\*REMOVE THE REMAINING EXISTING SH 7 OVER NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF #2 STRUCTURE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- 7. CONSTRUCT BRIDGE ELEMENTS AND RIPRAP FOR REMAINING 39 FEET OF PROPOSED BRIDGE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 8. CONSTRUCT SH 7 PAVEMENT WIDENING (NOT INCLUDING FINAL SURFACE COURSE), APPROACH SLABS, RIPRAP, GRADING, MOW STRIP, GUARDFENCE AND ELEMENTS FOR SOUTHERN PORTION OF SH 7 AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED BRIDGE REFERENCED IN PHASE 3 STEP 7.
- 9. CONSTRUCT LEVEL-UP TO THE LIMITS SHOWN IN THE TCP LAYOUT.
- 10. REMOVE CRASH CUSHION ATTENUATORS AND PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER FROM THE SITE.

#### **CONSTRUCTION PHASE 4**

PHASE 4 CONSTRUCTION WILL INCLUDE THE SEAL COAT AND OVERLAY OF THE EXISTING PAVEMENT AND PLACING FINAL PAVEMENT MARKINGS, SIGNAGE AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES.

- ADJUST ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS AND STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES AS NECESSARY.
- 2. CONSTRUCT REMAINING LEVEL-UP AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS UTILIZING TCP (1-2b)-18 FOR DAILY LANE CLOSURE.
- 3. PLANE AND OVERLAY PAVEMENT AT TIE-INS AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS UTILIZING TCP (1-2b)-18 FOR DAILY LANE CLOSURE.
- 4. CONSTRUCT FINAL OVERLAY AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS UTILIZING TCP (1-2b)-18 FOR DAILY LANE CLOSURE.
- 5. CONSTRUCT SEAL COAT AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS TO ELIMINATE WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
- 6. PLACE FINAL PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND SIGNAGE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS UTILIZING TCP (3-1)-13 AND TCP(3-3)-14 FOR MOBILE OPERATIONS.
- 7. INSTALL PERMANENT TOP SOIL AND SEEDING AS SHOWN IN THE
- 8. REMOVE IN-LANE RUMBLE STRIPS AND ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS UPON PROJECT COMPLETION.
- 9. OPEN SH 7 TRAFFIC UNRESTRICTED.
- 10. PERFORM FINAL CLEANUP.

\*CONTRACTOR TO DEMOLISH THE EXISTING BRIDGE
IN SUCH A MANNER THAT WILL NOT ALLOW MATERIALS/
DEBRIS FROM DEMOLITION TO FALL IN AND IMPACT THE
THE WATERS OF NAVASOTA RIVER OR ITS RELIEFS.



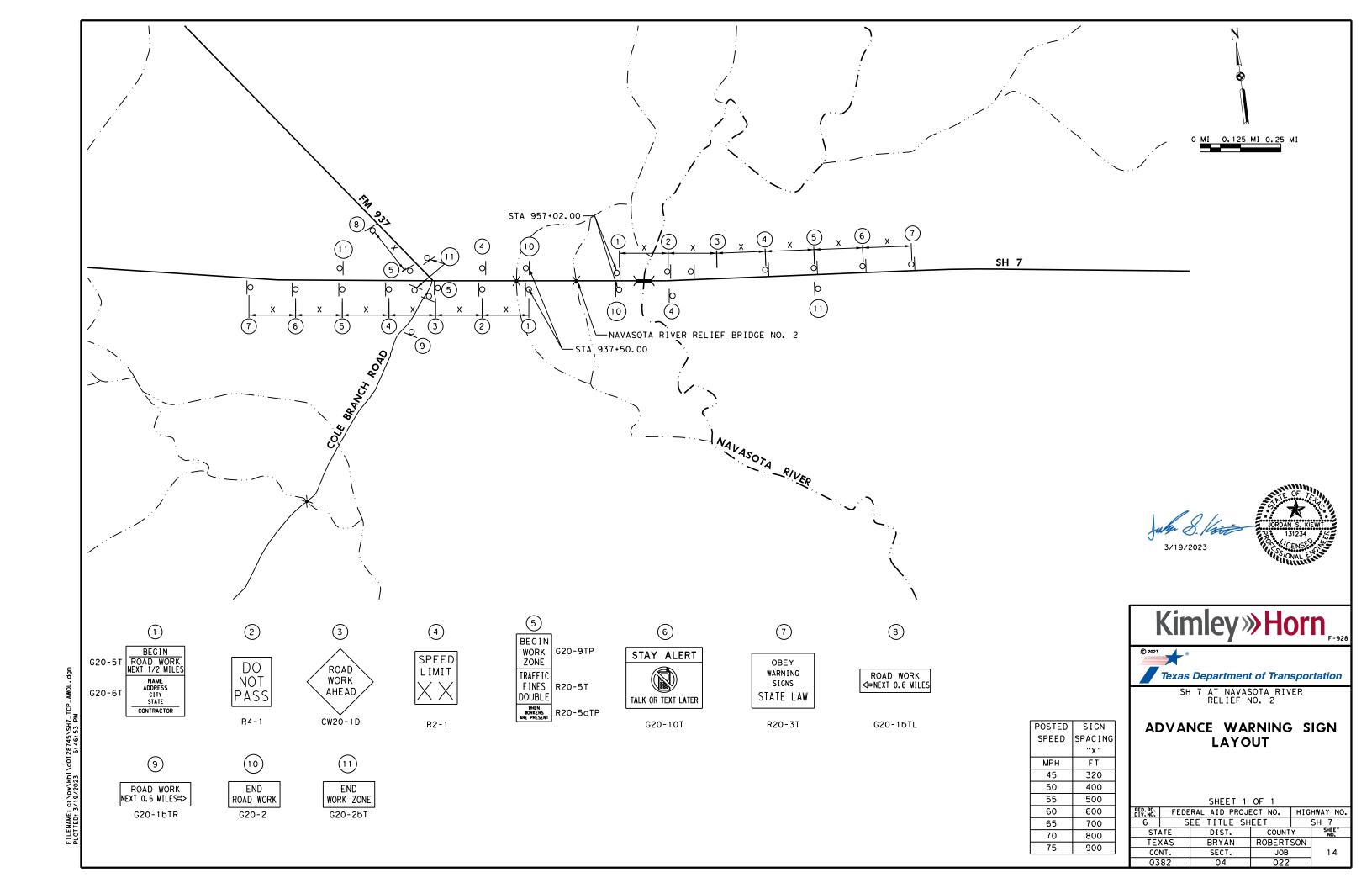




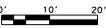
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
NARRATIVE

SHEET 1 OF 1

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FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIC					
6	S	SEE TITLE SHEET					
STATE		DIST.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
TEXAS		BRYAN	ROBERTSON				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		13		
0382		04	022				



€ SH7 STA 952+30.00 TO STA 955+00.00



#### LEGEND

CONSTRUCTION THIS PHASE

CONSTRUCTION PREVIOUS PHASE

PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER

PROPOSED TRAVEL LANE

PROPOSED BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW

CHANNELIZING DEVICE

WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W) 6" (SLD)

WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y) 6" (SLD)#

#### NOTES:

(A)

(B)

- REFER TO THE BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR TCP TYPICAL AND PHASE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED STRUCTURE.
   REFER TO TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHEETS FOR LOCATION OF PCTB AND CRASH CUSHIONS.

WK ZN PAV MRK NON REMOV SHALL BE USED FROM & SH7 STA 946+50.00 TO STA 953+50.00







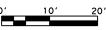
SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

TCP TYPICAL SECTIONS PHASE 1

(DAY CONFIGURATION)

SHEET 1 OF 2 FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO. SEE TITLE SHEET STATE DIST. COUNTY TEXAS ROBERTSON BRYAN CONT. SECT. JOB 04

€ SH7 STA 952+30.00 TO STA 955+00.00



#### **LEGEND**

(A)

(B)

CONSTRUCTION PREVIOUS PHASE

PROPOSED TRAVEL LANE

PROPOSED BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW

PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER

CHANNELIZING DEVICE

WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W) 6" (SLD)

WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y) 6" (SLD)#

#### NOTES:

- REFER TO THE BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR TCP TYPICAL AND PHASE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED STRUCTURE.
   REFER TO TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHEETS FOR LOCATION OF PCTB AND CRASH CUSHIONS.

WK ZN PAV MRK NON REMOV SHALL BE USED FROM & SH7 STA 946+50.00 TO STA 953+50.00







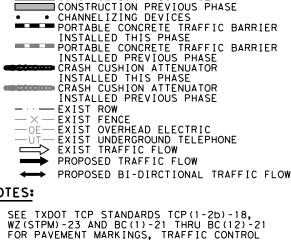
SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

TCP TYPICAL SECTIONS PHASE 1

(NIGHT CONFIGURATION)

SHEET 2 OF 2							
HWAY NO.	HIG	FED. RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HI					
SH 7		6 SEE TITLE SHEET					
SHEET NO.	ſΥ	COUNT	DIST.		STATE		
	SON	ROBERTSON		BRYAN		TEXAS	
16		JOB	SECT.		CONT.		
1		022		04	0382		

04



SCALE

1. SEE TXDOT TCP STANDARDS TCP(1-2b)-18, WZ(STPM)-23 AND BC(1)-21 THRU BC(12)-21 FOR PAVEMENT MARKINGS, TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, BARRICADE AND SIGN PLACEMENT INFORMATION.

2. FOR WARNING SIGN SPACING AND WORKZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS SEE TXDOT BC, WZ, AND TCP(2-3)-18 STANDARDS.

3. TEMPORARY STOP BAR AS ILLUSTRATED IN TXDOT TCP STANDARD (2-2)-18 SHALL BE OMITTED DURING PHASE 1 OF TRAFFIC CONTROL.

131234 CENSES 3/19/2023

WESTBOUND LANE AND SHOULDER TO BE OPENED AT THE END OF EACH WORKDAY.



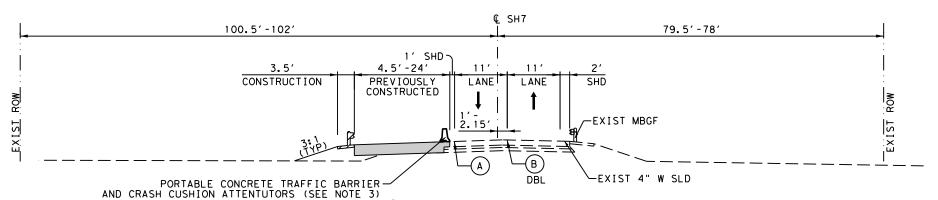


SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE 1 (DAYTIME)

€ SH7 STA 947+00 TO € SH7 STA 956+10

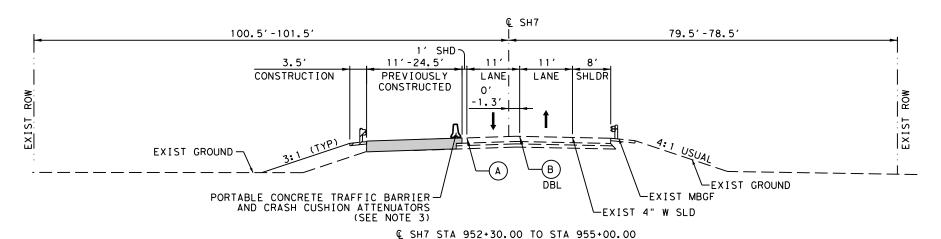
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STATE	DIST.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.						
TEXAS	BRYAN	ROBERTSON								
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0382	04	022								

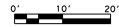


© SH7 STA 944+00.00 TO STA 947+25.00

PROPOSED BRIDGE AND APPROACH SLAB CONSTRUCTION © SH7 STA 947+25.00 TO STA 952+30.00

(PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER ACROSS EXISTING BRIDGE DECK TO HAVE DRAIN SLOTS AND BE PINNED IN PLACE)





#### LEGEND

CONSTRUCTION THIS PHASE

CONSTRUCTION PREVIOUS PHASE

PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER

PROPOSED TRAVEL LANE

PROPOSED BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW

CHANNELIZING DEVICE

(A) WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W) 6" (SLD)

) WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y) 6" (SLD)

#### NOTES:

- REFER TO THE BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR TCP TYPICAL AND PHASE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED STRUCTURE.
- 2. WORK ZONE STRIPING PLACED IN PREVIOUS PHASE.
- 3. REFER TO TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHEETS FOR LOCATION OF PCTB AND CRASH CUSHIONS.







SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

TCP TYPICAL SECTIONS
PHASE 2

SHEET 1 OF 1

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HI					
6	S		SH 7				
STATE		DIST.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
TEXAS		BRYAN	ROBERTSON				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		19		
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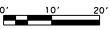
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CONT.

SECT.

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JOB



#### **LEGEND**

CONSTRUCTION THIS PHASE

CONSTRUCTION PREVIOUS PHASE

PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER

PROPOSED TRAVEL LANE

PROPOSED BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW

CHANNELIZING DEVICE

WK ZN PAV MRK NON REMOV (W) 4" (SLD)

WK ZN PAV MRK NON REMOV (Y) 4" (SLD)

#### NOTES:

- REFER TO THE BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR TCP TYPICAL AND PHASE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED STRUCTURE.
- 2. REMOVABLE PAVEMENT MARKING TYPE ACROSS THE PROPOSED BRIDGE DECK AND APPROACH SLABS SHALL BE TEMPORARY BUTTONS.
- 3. PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER IS NOT TO BE PINNED TO NEW BRIDGE DECK.







TCP TYPICAL SECTIONS
PHASE 3

SHEET 1 OF 1

	SHEET I OF I							
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	RD: FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIC							
6		SH 7						
STATE		DIST.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
TEXAS		BRYAN	ROBERTSON					
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		22			
0382		04	022					

SCALE

CONSTRUCTION THIS PHASE
CONSTRUCTION PREVIOUS PHASE
CONSTRUCTION PREVIOUS PHASE
CHANNELIZING DEVICES
PORTABLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER
INSTALLED THIS PHASE
ORACLE CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER
INSTALLED PREVIOUS PHASE

CRASH CUSHION ATTENUATOR INSTALLED THIS PHASE CRASH CUSHION ATTENUATOR INSTALLED PREVIOUS PHASE

OE—EXIST OVERHEAD ELECTRIC

OT—EXIST UNDERGROUND TELEPHONE

EXIST TRAFFIC FLOW

←→ PROPOSED BI-DIRCTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW LEVEL-UP PHASE 3

- 1. SEE TXDOT TCP STANDARDS TCP(2-8)-18, WZ(STPM)-23 AND BC(1)-21 THRU BC(12)-21 FOR PAVEMENT MARKINGS, TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, BARRICADE AND SIGN PLACEMENT INFORMATION.

  2. FOR WARNING SIGN SPACING AND WORKZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS SEE TXDOT BC, WZ, AND TCP(2-3)-18 STANDARDS.

  3. REMOVABLE PAVEMENT MARKING TYPE
- REMOVABLE PAVEMENT MARKING TYPE ACROSS THE PROPOSED BRIDGE DECK AND APPROACH SLABS SHALL BE TEMPORARY

131234 CENSED 4/16/2023

Kimley » Horn



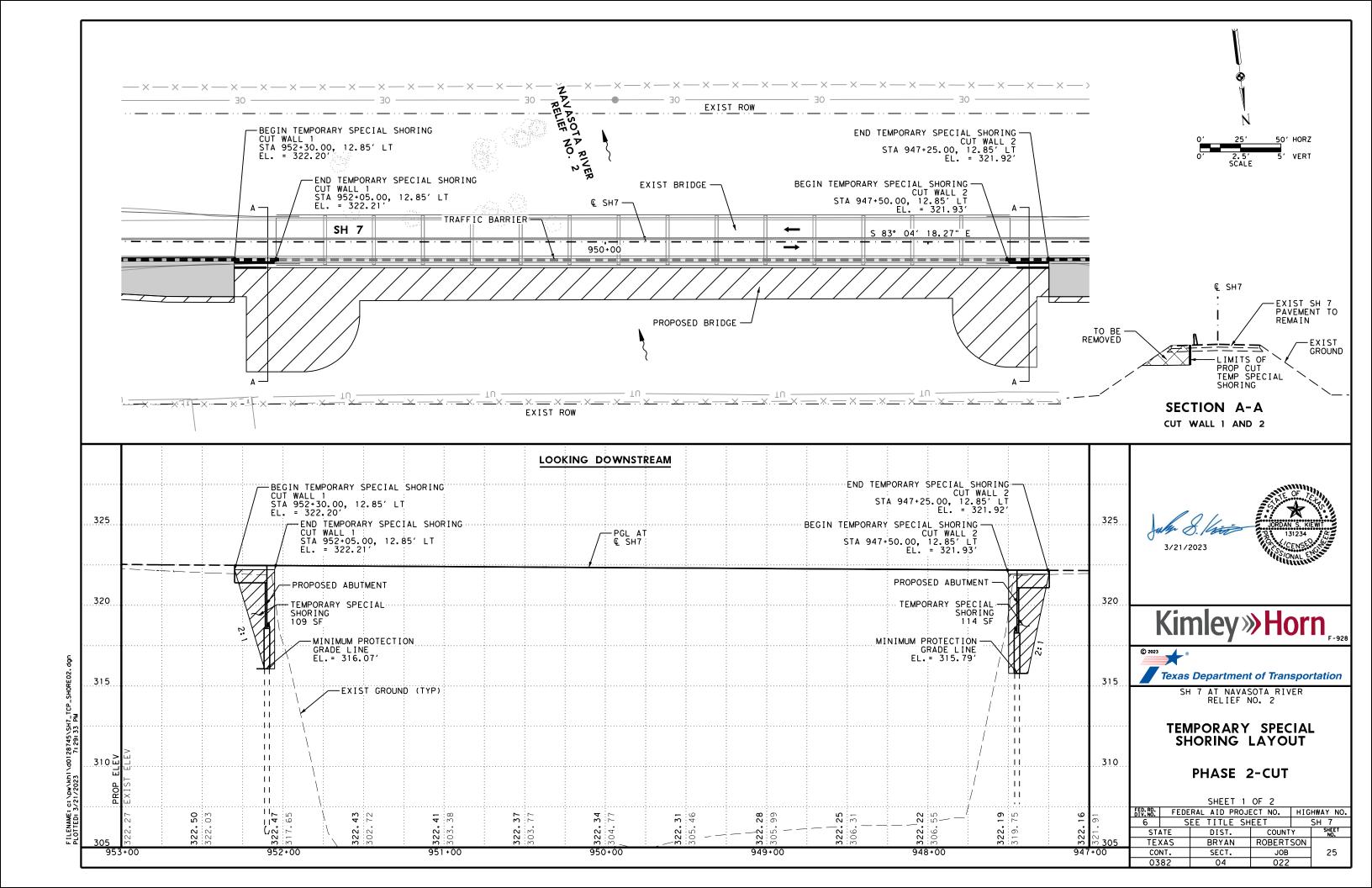
SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

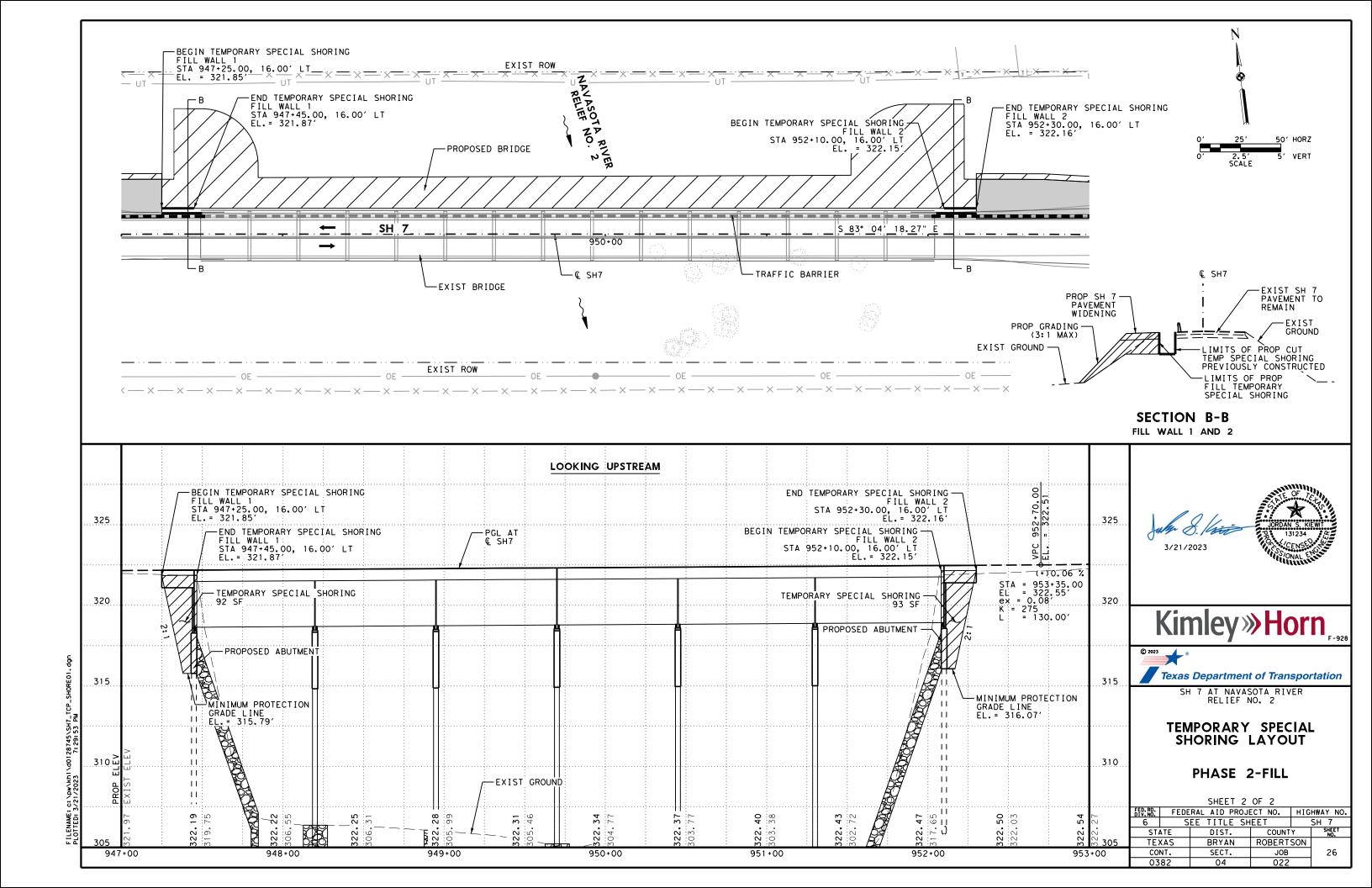
#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE 3

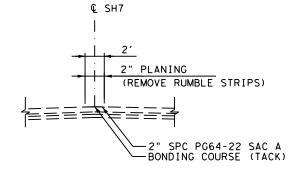
€ SH7 STA 937+94 TO © SH7 STA 947+00

	SHEET 1 OF 2							
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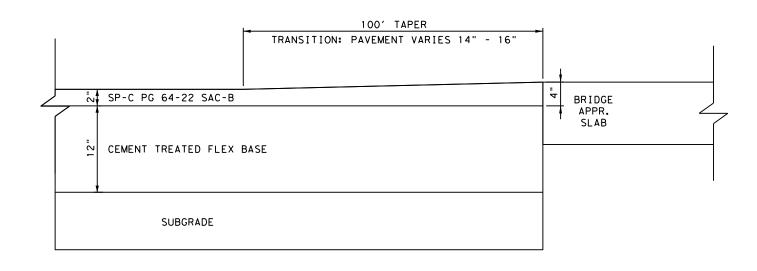
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#### CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIP REMOVAL AND INLAY



TEMPORARY PAVEMENT TRANSITION





SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

#### TCP MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

SHEET 1 OF 1

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#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



División Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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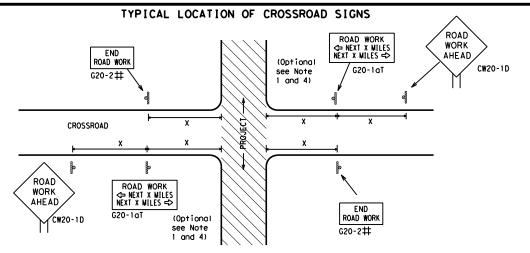
devices

Barricade or

channelizina

CW13-1P

Channelizing Devices



 $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN G20-5T \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFF G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

END |

WORK ZONE G20-26T \* \*

G20-101

OBEY

SIGNS

STATE LAW

 $\Rightarrow$ 

R20-3T

#### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

#### SIZE

onventional

Sign

Number

or Series

CW20' CW21

#### SPACING

Expressway/ Freeway	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
48" × 48"	30	120
70 / 70	35	160
	40	240
	45	320
48" × 48"	50	400
	55	500 <sup>2</sup>
	60	600 <sup>2</sup>
	65	700 <sup>2</sup>
48" × 48"	70	800 <sup>2</sup>
	75	900 <sup>2</sup>
	80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
	*	* 3

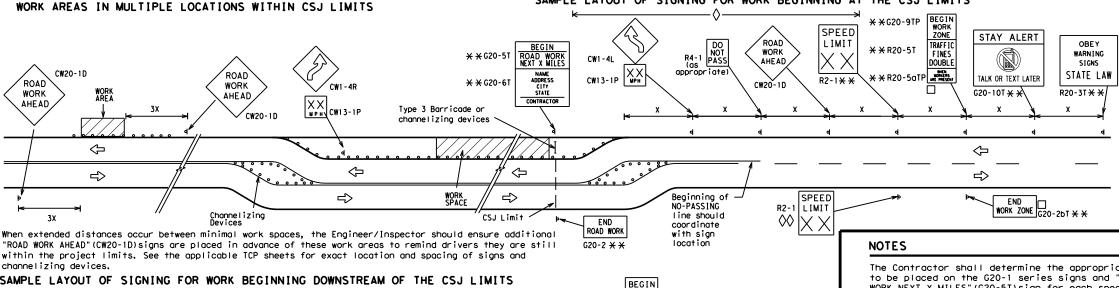
CW22 48" x 48" 48" x 48 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48 CW8-3, CW10, CW12

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SPEED

LIMIT

-CSJ Limi

R2-1

BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES

\* \*G20-5T

\* \*G20-6T

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 \* \*

ROAD

WORK

√2 MILE

CW20-1E

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

★ ★G20-9TP

¥ ¥R20-5T

X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT

ZONE

TRAFFIC

FINES

DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and
- and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- the end of the work zone.

LEGEND							
Ι	Type 3 Barricade						
000	Channelizing Devices						
۴	Sign						
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

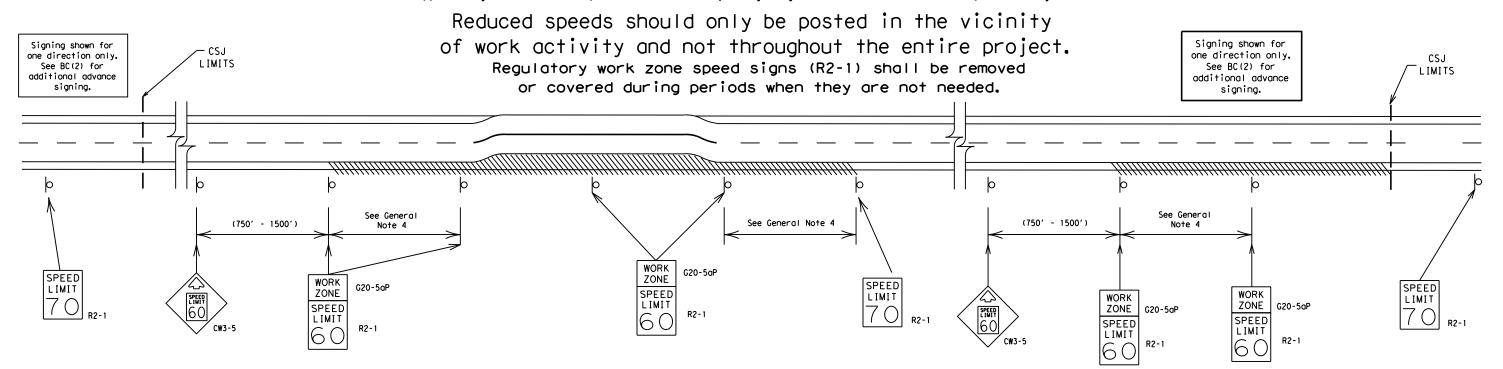
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9-07 7-13		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
		BRY	ROBERTSON				29	

maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations. Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

### GENERAL NOTES

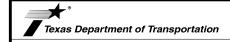
- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
   A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



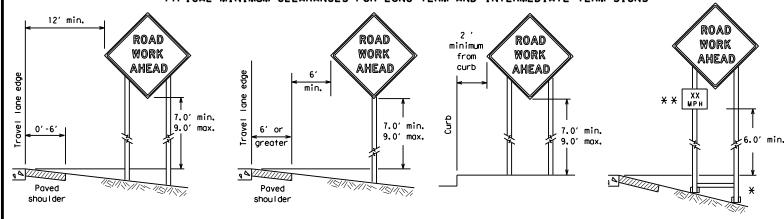
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(3)-21

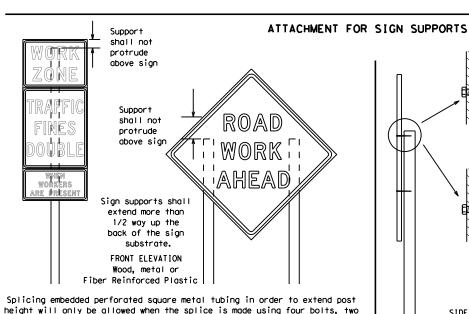
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## TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

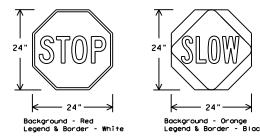
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum
- length of 6' to the bottom of the sign. 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
  - Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use

of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.

- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

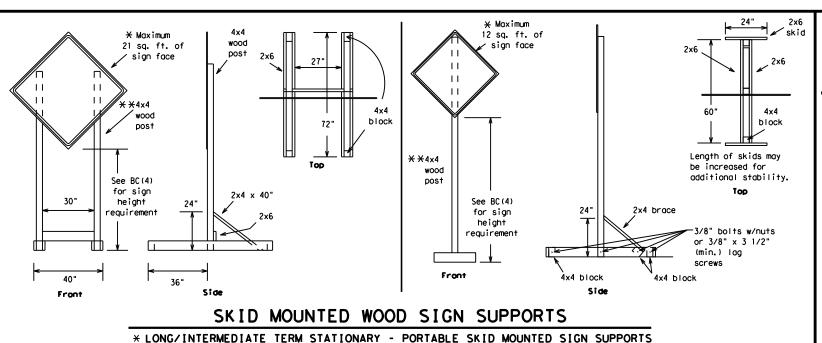
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	BRY	ROBERTSON			31	

directions. Minimum

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

weld, do not

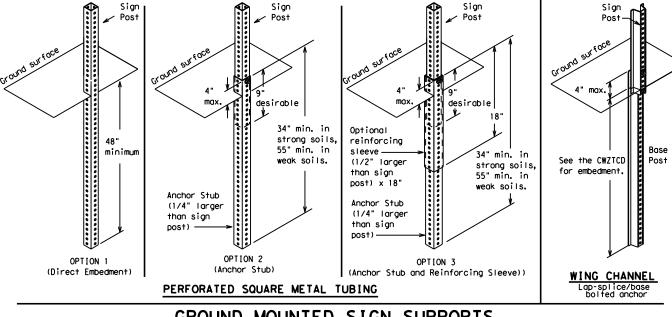


-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

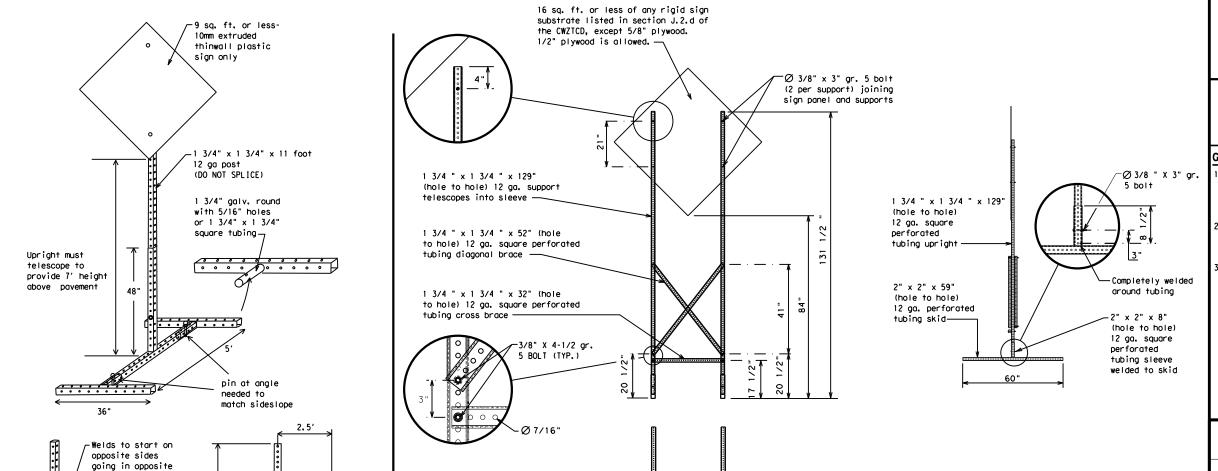
2"

SINGLE LEG BASE



## GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



## **WEDGE ANCHORS**

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

## OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
7-13 5-21	BRY		ROBERTS	SON		32

SKID MOUNTED	PERFORATED	SQUARE	STEEL	TUBING	SIGN	<u>SUPPORTS</u>	

32'

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS
BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bors is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY. FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway Hour(s)	HR. HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
	INFO	Warning	WARN
Information	ITS	Wednesday	WED
It Is	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	LFT	West	W
Left		Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT		

### Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

### Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
XXXXXXXX	IOE - FRI	^^^^ [	

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

A		e/E Lis	ffect on Trave st	e I	Location List		Warning List		* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT		AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT		BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH		NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N		PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS		XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS		US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP				DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOULDER USE				DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
	USE OTHER ROUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS						TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
e 2 <b>.</b>	STAY IN LANE	×			*	¥ See A∣	oplication Guide	elines M	lote 6.

### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)

PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

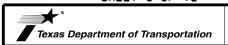
### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

### SHEET 6 OF 12



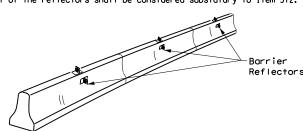
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

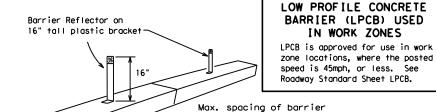
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

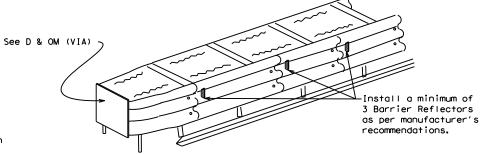


# LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

reflectors is 20 feet.

Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES



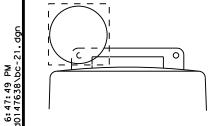
### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



₩ 6

Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

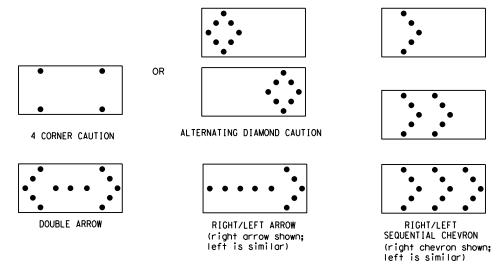
### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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# GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

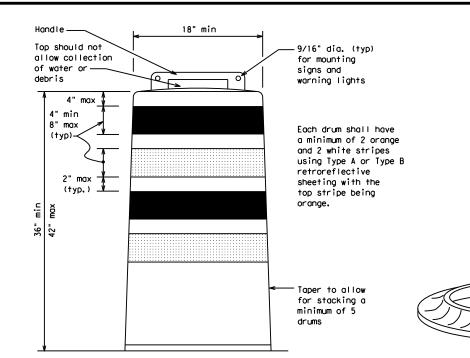
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be neid down while separating the drum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

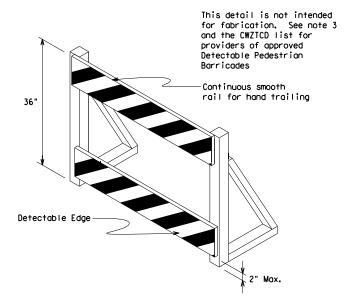
### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond puts
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



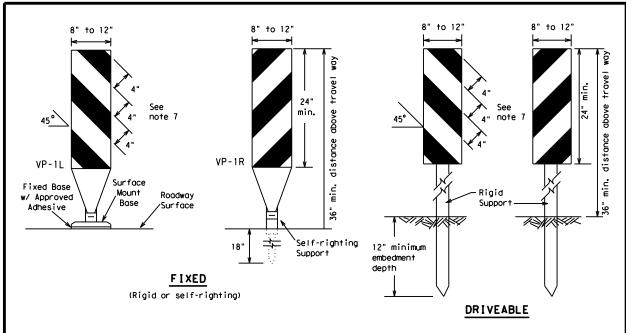
Traffic Safety Division Standard

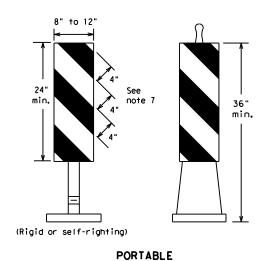
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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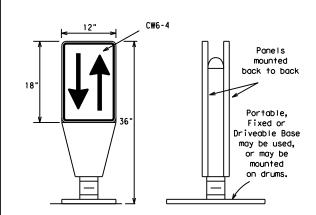
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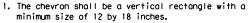
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Selfrighting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

### VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{\rm FL}$  or Type  $C_{\rm FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

## CHEVRONS

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
  work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
  roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len *	le gths	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	<u>ws²</u>	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55°	110′	
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	1301	
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

\*\*X\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

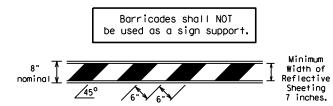
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

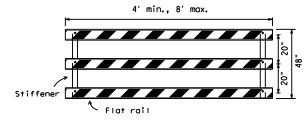
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### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solld objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

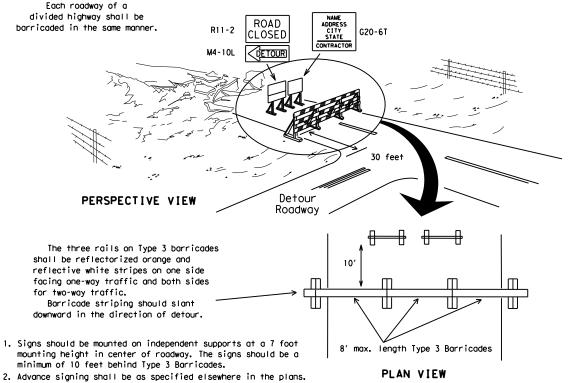


### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

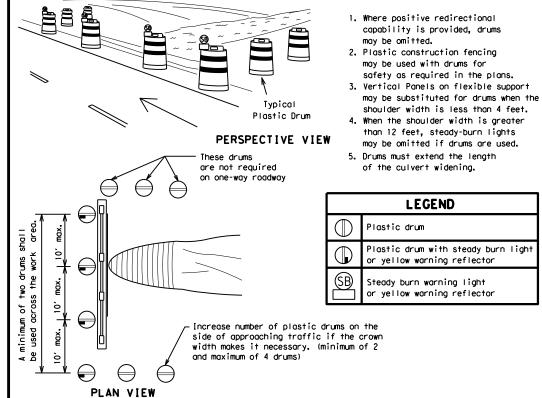


Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

4" min. orange

4" min. white

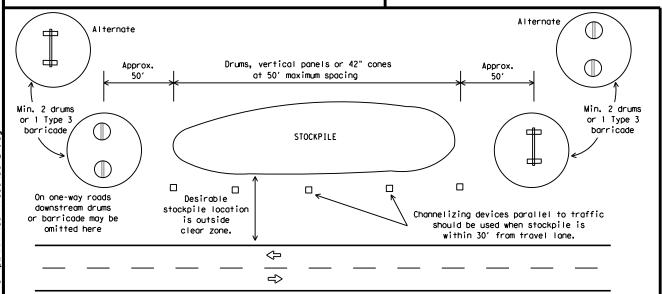
6" min. 2" min. 4" min. 2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

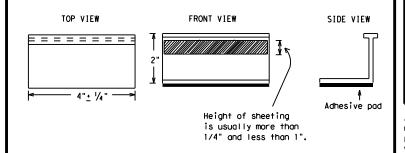
### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



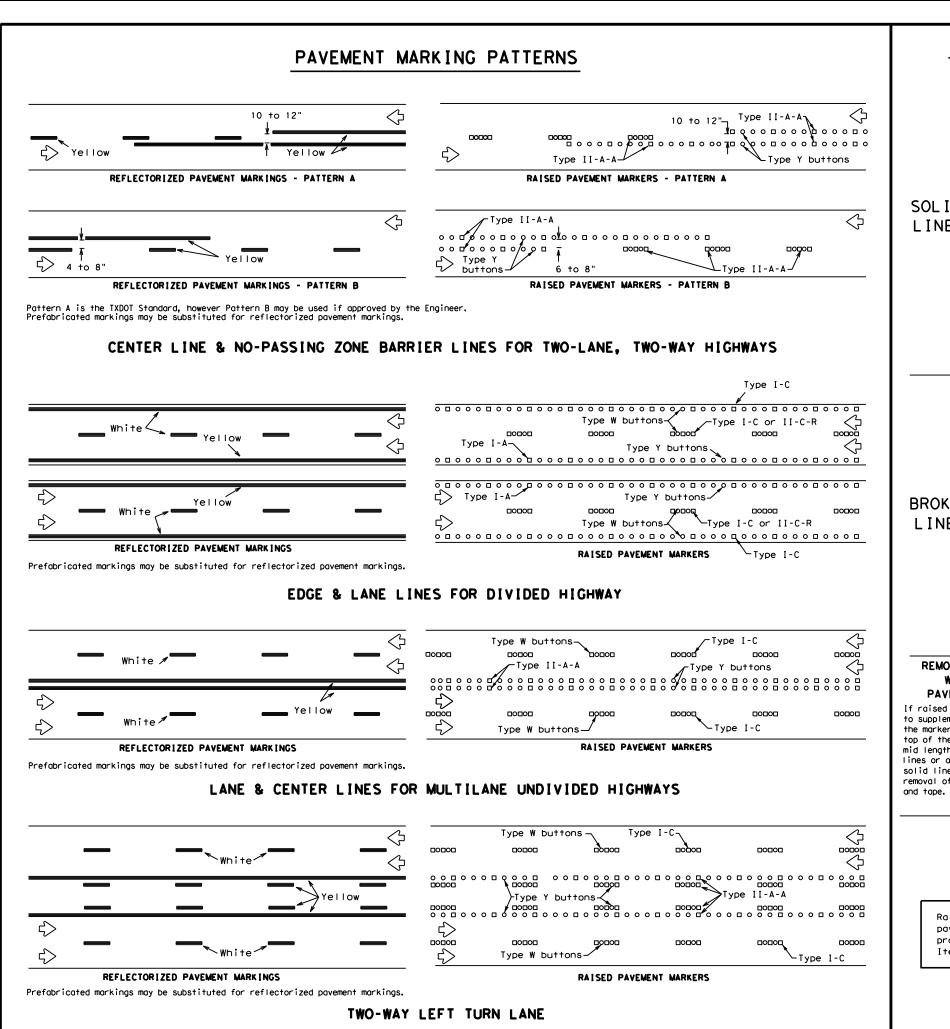
Traffic Safety Division Standard

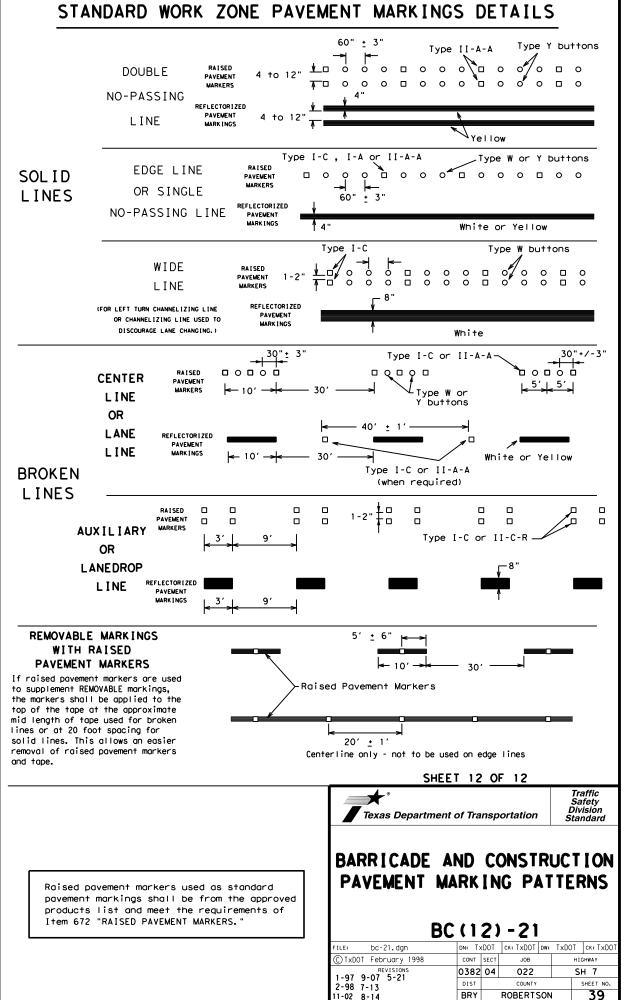
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

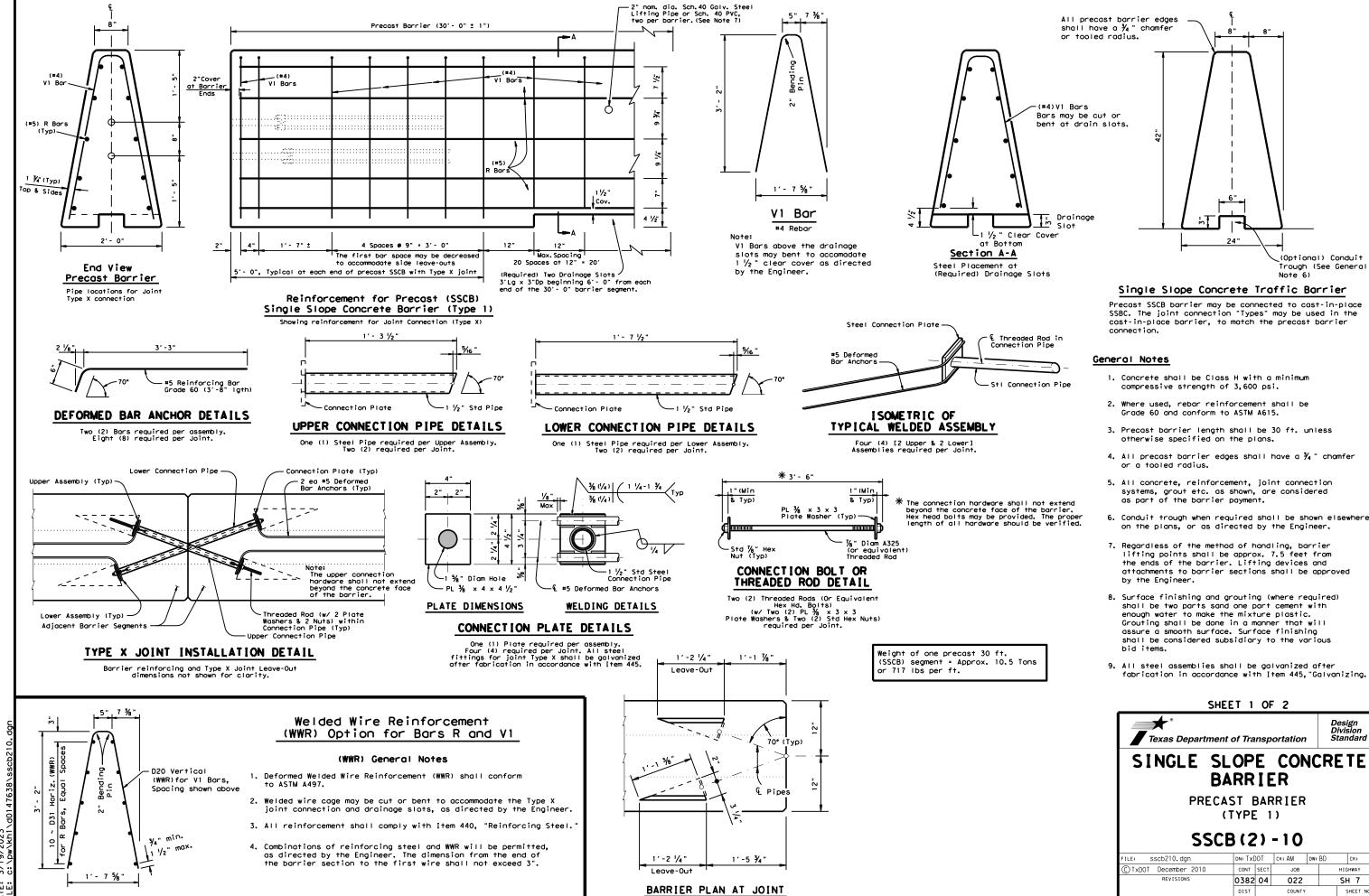
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SHEET 1 OF 2

SINGLE SLOPE CONCRETE

BARRIER

PRECAST BARRIER

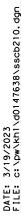
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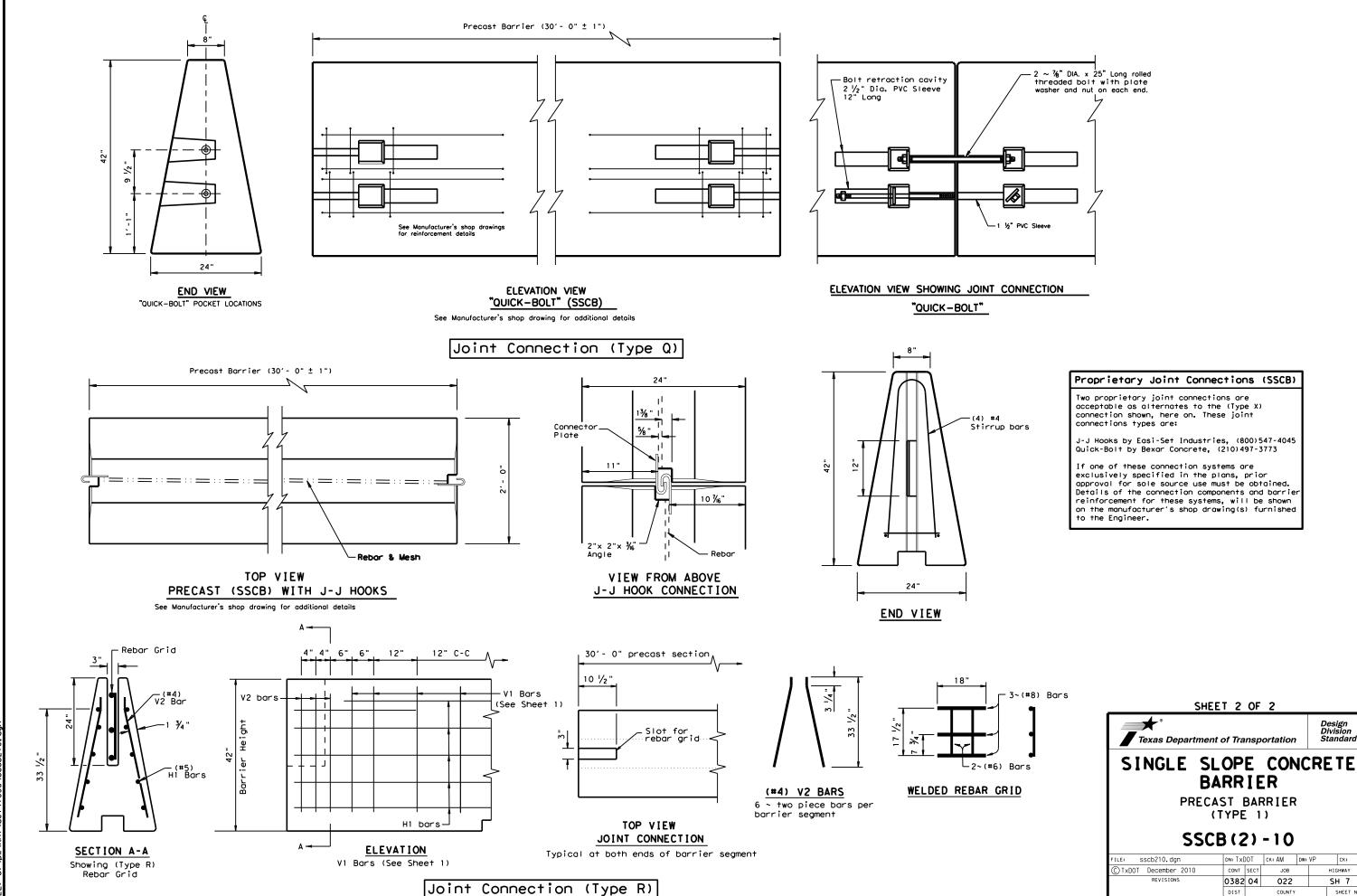
Texas Department of Transportation

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(Optional) Conduit

Trough (See General



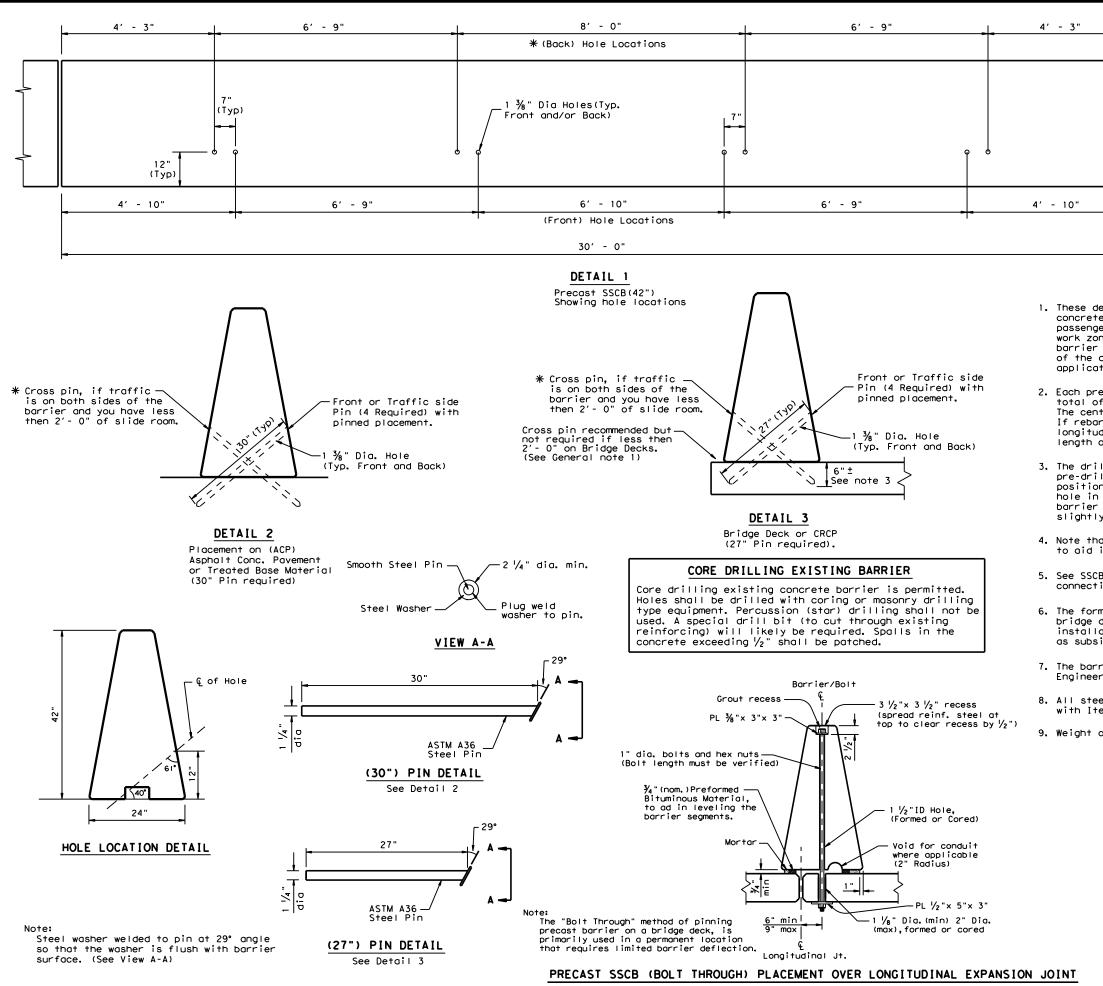


HIGHWAY SH 7

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022

ROBERTSON

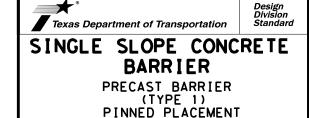


For bolt through locations, use the (Front) hole locations shown on Detail 1.

### GENERAL NOTES

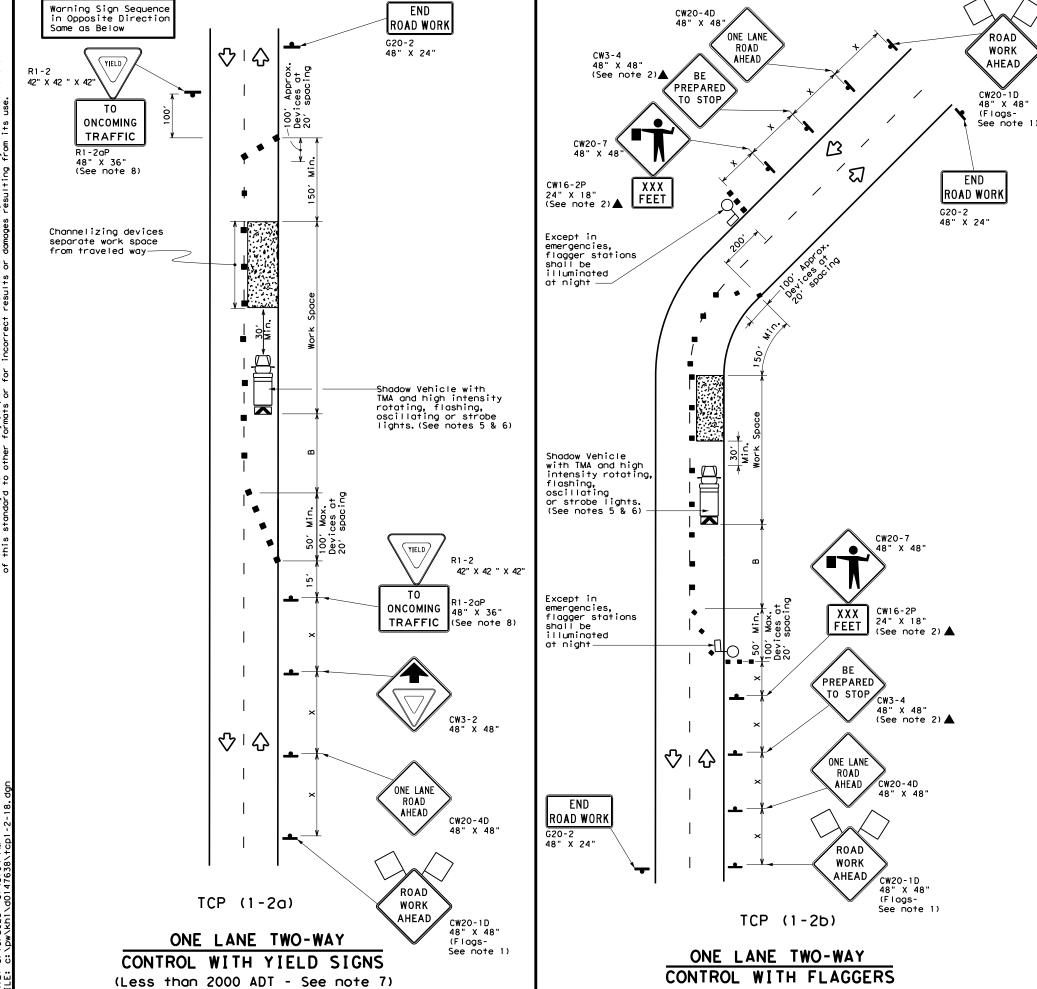
See General Note 5

- 1. These details provide a method of laterally restraining precast concrete barrier to limit deflections under normally expected passenger vehicle impacts. These details are intended for use in work zones, primarily on bridge decks, or pavement where temporary barrier must be placed less then 2 ft. from the longitudinal edge of the deck or dropoff and parallel to the direction of travel. Other applications of these details are acceptable as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Each precast concrete barrier section shall have a minimum of four or total of eight 1 ½ in. ID holes formed or cored through the barrier. The center lines of the holes are shown in the hole location detail. If rebar is encountered, the entry point may be shifted 2" plus or minus longitudinally along the barrier. The eight holes are spaced along the length of the barrier as shown in Detail 1.
- 3. The drilling of the travel surface is accomplished by placing the pre-drilled barrier section on the travel surface in the desired position. Then the hole is drilled with the bit passing though the hole in the barrier. The bit is to be inserted into the hole in the barrier so that the travel surface is drilled to a point which is slightly more than the pin length.
- 4. Note that steel washers have been welded to the top of the steel pins to aid in the removal of the pins, when the barrier is removed.
- See SSCB(2) standard sheet for reinforcement requirements and joint connection types.
- 6. The forming or coring of holes in the barrier, drilling of holes in bridge deck or pavement, fabrication and materials for the 1  $\frac{1}{4}$ in. pins, installation of pins, and any repair to the barrier shall be considered as subsidiary to the barrier bid items.
- 7. The barrier and travel surface will be repaired as directed by the Engineer in accordance with Item 429, "Concrete Structure Repair."
- All steel pins shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 9. Weight of barrier is approx. 700 lbs per foot.



SSCB(5)-10

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END

CW20-4D

١	LEGEND								
		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
	<b>þ</b>	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
ļ	$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirab er Leng **	le	Spacing of Channelizing Devices "X"		Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90′	200'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225'	245′	35′	70′	160'	120′	250′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	4001	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60		600'	660'	720′	60′	120'	600,	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130'	700′	410′	645′
70		7001	7701	840′	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900'	540'	820'

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

### GENERAL NOTES

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

48" X 48"

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2, All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

### TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with "R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

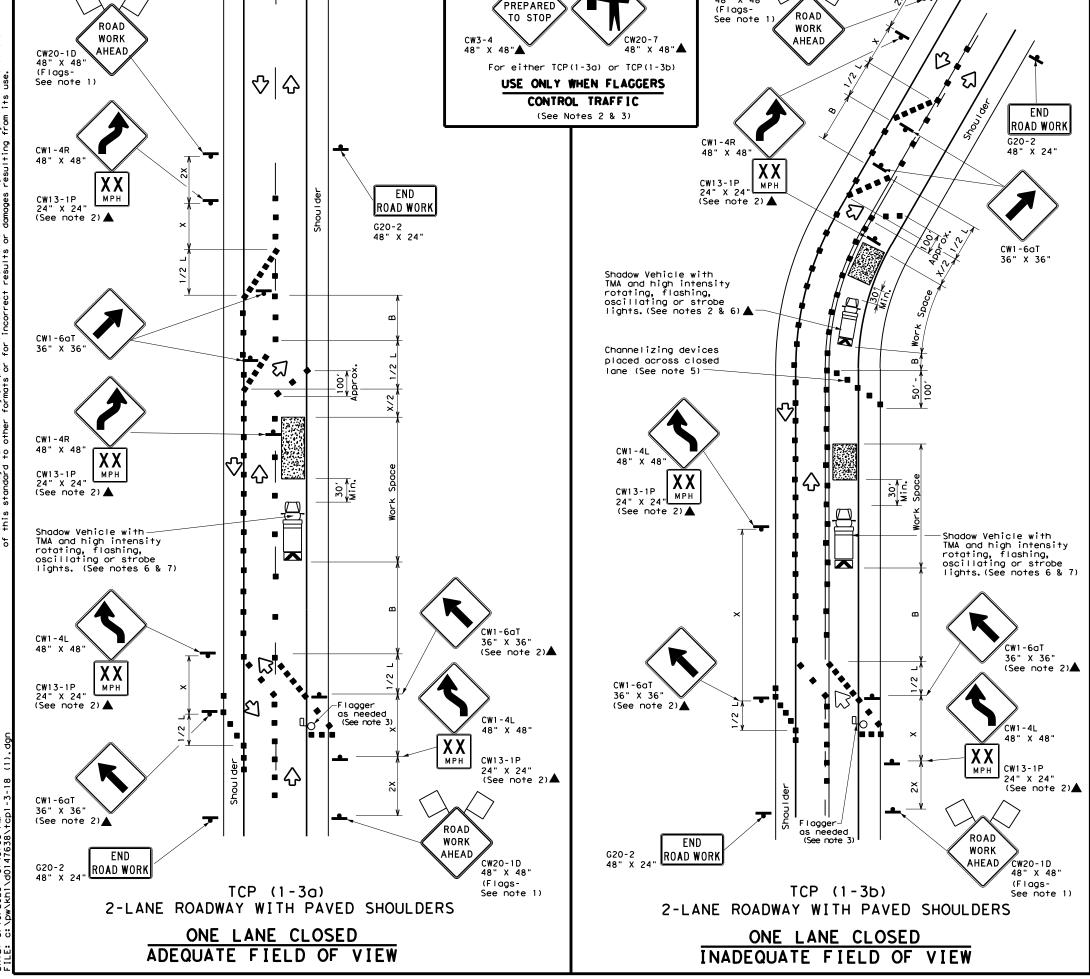


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN: CK:		DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-90 4-98	0382	04	022		SH 7
2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	BRY		ROBERT:	SON	43



PREPARED

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
_	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Posted Formula Speed		Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spaci: Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90,
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	4951	5401	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	- "	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′	7001	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70'	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
1 1								

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$  the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved
- surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces. 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2Swhere S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



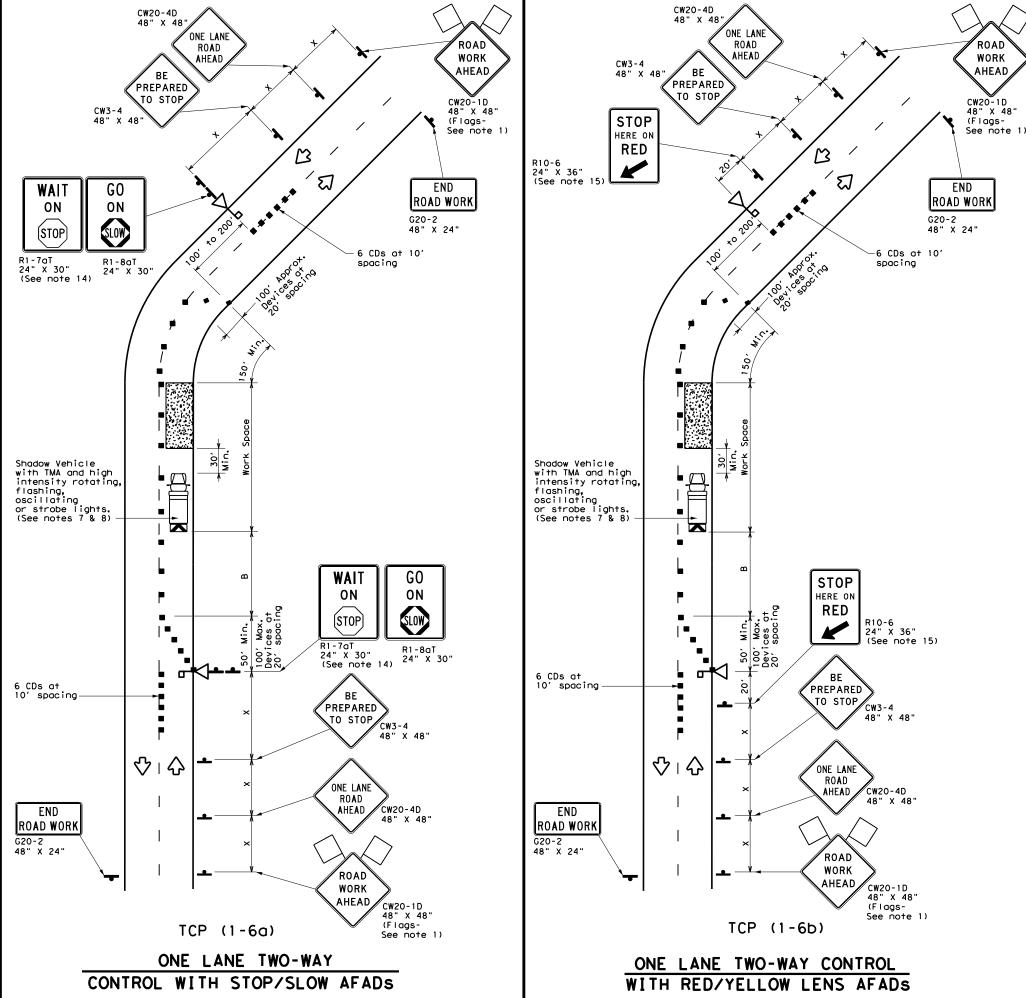
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-98 REVISIONS	0382	04	022		SH 7
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	BRY		ROBERT:	SON	44

SCLAIMER:
The use of this standard
The is made by TxDOI for any



	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices (CDs								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD)	(M)	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	ЦO	Flagger							

Posted Speed *	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend <del>X</del> X	le gths	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120'	90'	2001
35	L = WS 60	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'	250′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240'	155′	305′
45		450'	4951	540'	451	90′	320'	195′	360′
50		500'	550′	600'	50′	100′	4001	240′	425'
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L-#3	600'	660'	7201	60′	120'	600′	350′	570′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140'	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′	820′

- f X Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
	1	1						

### **GENERAL NOTES**

ROAD

WORK

**AHEAD** 

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. AFADs shall only be used in situations where there is one lane of approaching traffic in the direction to be controlled.
- 3. Adequate stopping sight distance must be provided to each AFAD location for approaching traffic. (See table above).
- 4. Each AFAD shall be operated by a qualified/certified flagger. Flaggers operating AFADs shall not leave them unattended while they are in use. 5. One flagger may operate two AFADs only when the flagger has an unobstructed view of
- both AFADs and of the approaching traffic in both directions.
- 6. When pilot cars are used, a flagger controlling traffic shall be located on each approach. AFADs shall not be operated by the pilot car operator.
- 7. All AFADs shall be equipped with gate arms with an orange or fluorescent red-orange flag attached to the end of the gate arm. The flag shall be a minimum of 16" square.
- 8. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 9. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 11. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 12. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances
- should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the AFAD. 13. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 14. The R1-7aT "WAIT ON STOP" sign and the R1-8aT "GO ON SLOW" sign shall be installed at the AFAD location on separate supports or they may be fabricated as one 48" x 30" sign. They shall not obscure the face of the STOP/SLOW AFAD.
- 15. The R10-6 "STOP HERE ON RED" arrow sign shall be offset so as not to obscure the lenses of the AFAD.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN AUTOMATED FLAGGER ASSISTANCE DEVICES (AFADS)

TCP(1-6)-18

FILE:	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:	
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2-18		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		BRY		ROBERT:	SON		45

ROAD

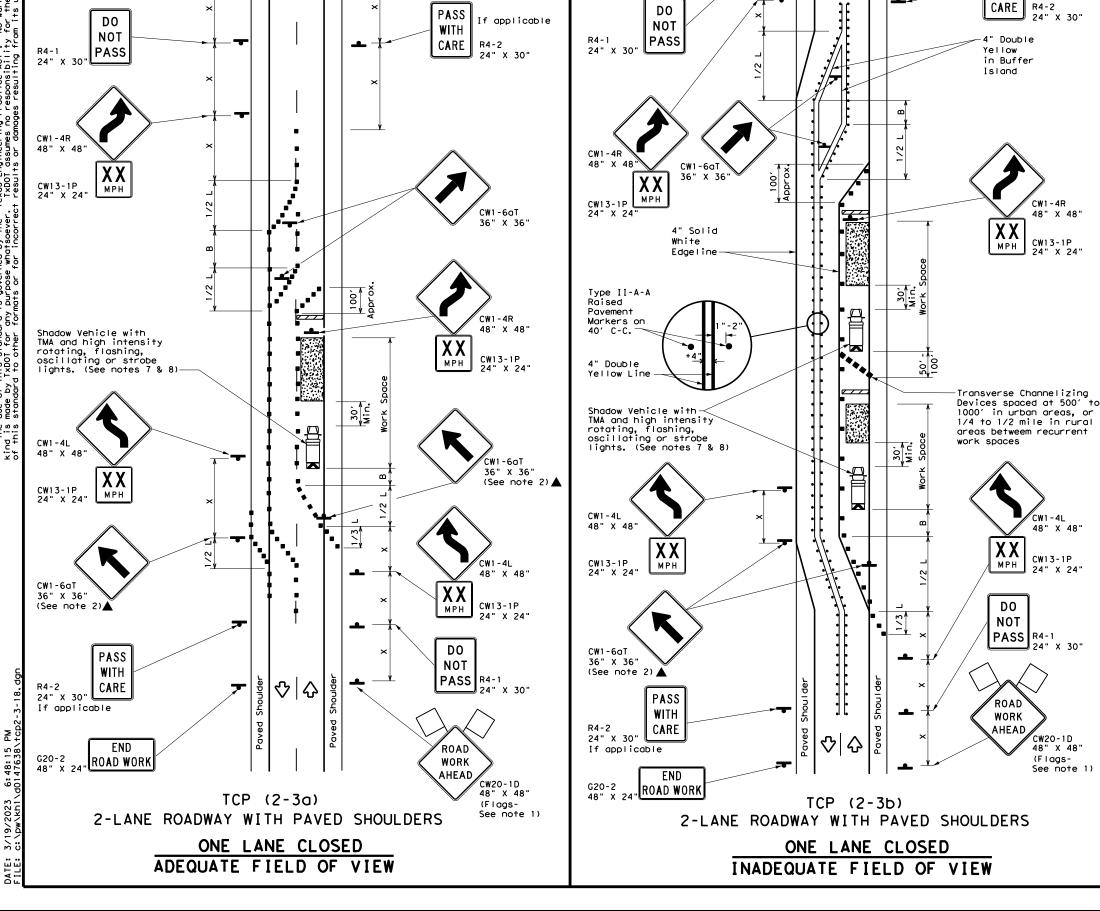
WORK

AHEAD

♡◇

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-

See note 1)



ROAD WORK | G20-2 48" x 24"

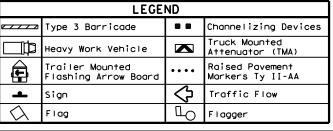
ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1)

♦♦



Posted Speed	Minimum Desirable Formula Taper Length **		le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	b	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550'	6001	50′	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
				TCP (2-3b) ONLY					
	<b>1 1</b>								

### GENERAL NOTES

ROAD WORK G20-2

If applicable

R4-2

24" X 30'

48" X 48"

CW13-1P

CW1-4L

CW13-1P

24" X 24"

24" X 30"

CW20-1D

(Flags-

48" X 48"

See note 1)

48" X 48"

**PASS** 

WITH

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned  $30\ \text{to}\ 100\ \text{feet}$  in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### TCP (2-3a)

 Conflicting povement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.
 For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

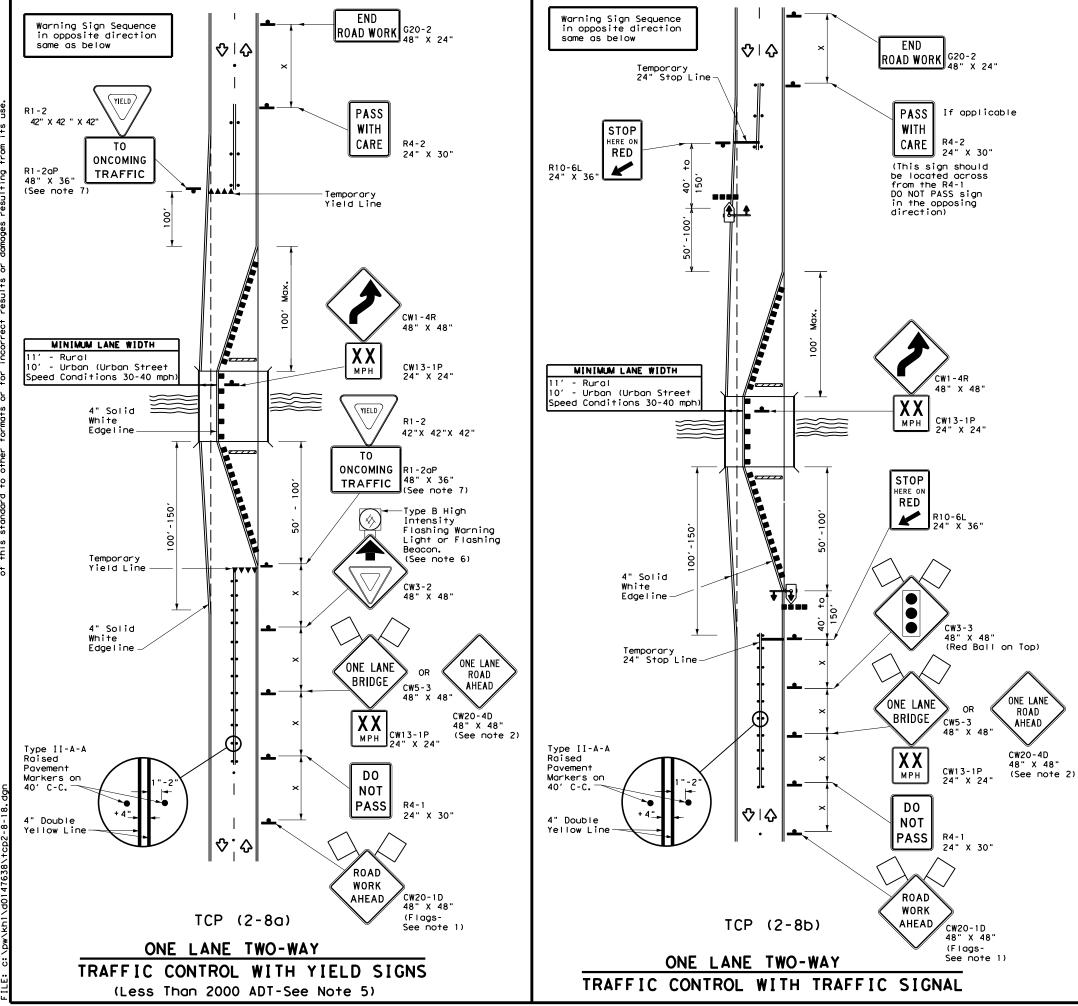


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO-LANE ROADS

TCP (2-3) -18

FILE: tcp(2-3)-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0382	04	022		SH 7
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	BRY		ROBERT:	SON	46



	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
-	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger						
••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA	₩	Temporary or Portable Traffic Signal						

Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Suggested Maximum esirable Spacing of Channelizing X X		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	J 10 1 G 110 5
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90,	2001
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600,	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L - W 5	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840'	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
<b>√ √</b>								

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. When this TCP is used at a location which does not involve a bridge, a 48" x 48" CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" signs should be used in lieu of the CW5-3 "ONE LANE BRIDGE" signs. The CW13-1P Advisory Speed Plaque is required with either warning sign.
- Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline between DO NOT PASS signs and stop or yield lines.
- For intermediate term situations, when it is not feasible to remove and restore pavement markings, the channelization must be made dominant by using a very close spacing. This is especially important in locations of conflicting information, such as where traffic is directed over a double yellow centerline. In such locations a maximum channelizing device spacing of 20 feet is recommended. The 20 foot channelizing device spacing recommendation is intended for the area of conflicting information and not the entire work zone.

### TCP (2-8a)

- 5. Traffic control by CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol signs for one lane two-way traffic control operations should be limited to work spaces less than 400 feet long and roadways with less than 2000 ADT. Otherwise, portable traffic signals should be used.
- If power is available, a flashing beacon should be attached to the CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol sign for emphasis.
- The R1-2 "YIELD" and R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" signs and other regulatory signs shall be installed at 7 foot minimum mounting height.

### TCD /2 0h

- 8. A list of approved Portable Traffic Signals can be found in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- Portable traffic signals should be located to provide adequate stopping sight distance for approaching motorist (See table above).

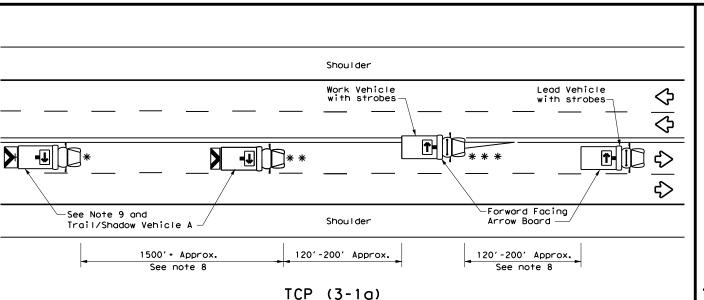


Traffic Operations Division Standard

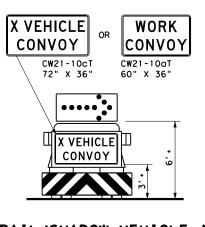
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LONG TERM ONE-LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL

TCP (2-8) -18

FILE: tcp2-8-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	0382	04	022		SH 7
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	BRY		ROBERT:	SON	47

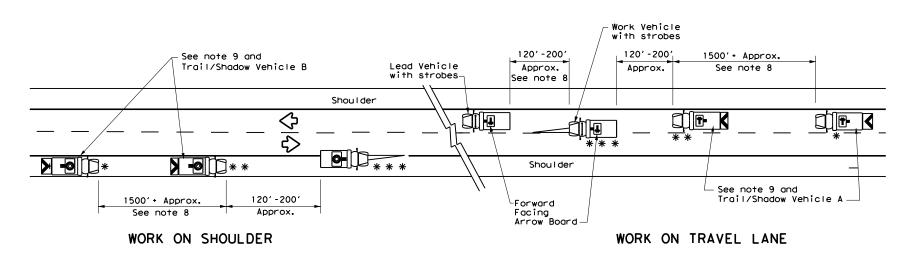


# TCP (3-1a) UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY



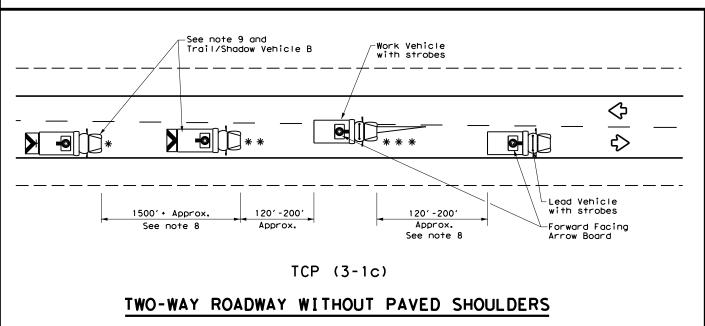
# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

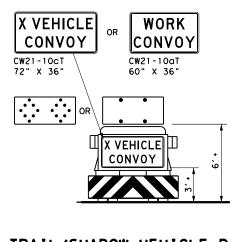
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

# TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

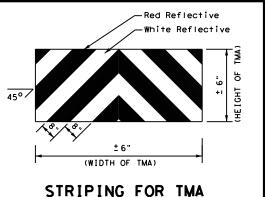
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAT							
* * *	Work Vehicle	<b>₽</b>	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>F</b>	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>₩</b>	Double Arrow						
♦	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY											
4											

### GENERAL NOTES

- . TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



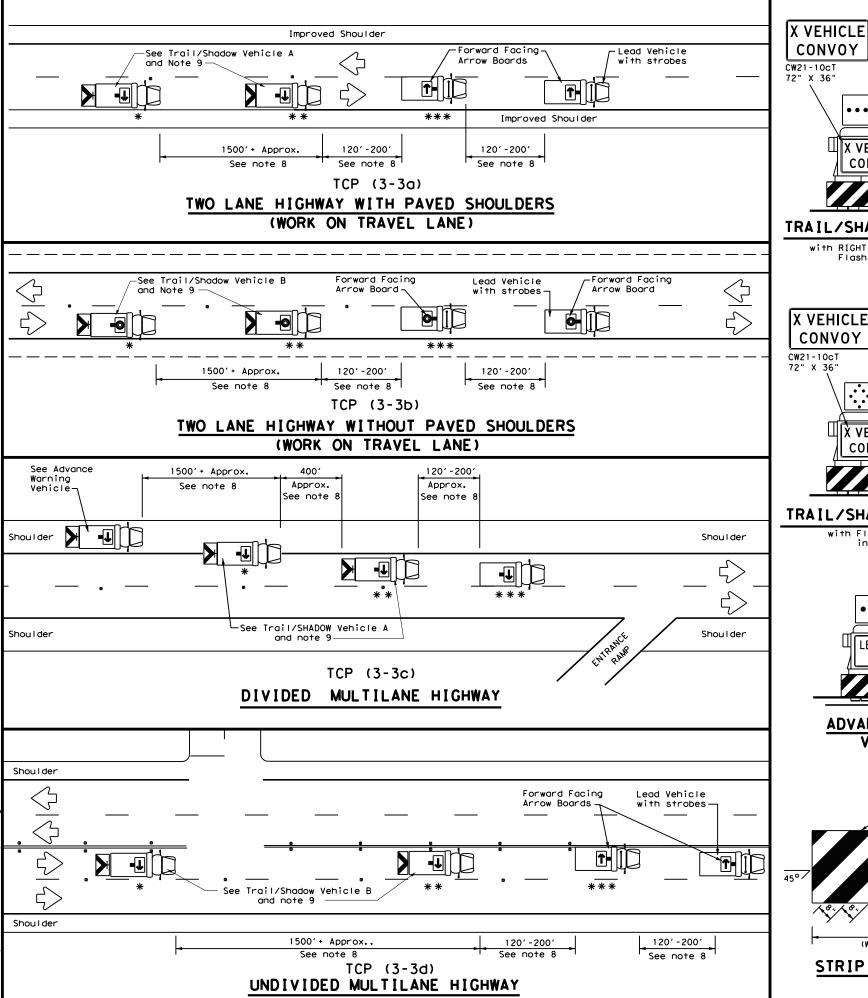


# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

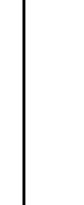
TCP(3-1)-13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

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)TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	GHWAY	
-94 4-9	REVISIONS 0	0382	04	022		SI	<b>⊣</b> 7	
-95 7-1		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
-97		BRY		ROBERTS	SON		48	



warranty of any the conversion



## TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

CONVOY

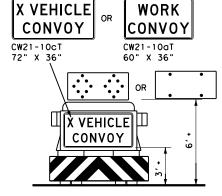
WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

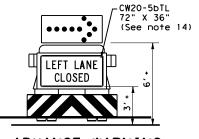
60" X 36"

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

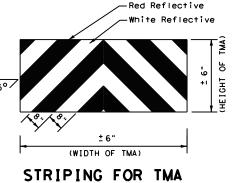


## TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle		ADDOW BOADD DISDLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	4	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	I ISSUE AF							
♦	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
1										

### GENERAL NOTES

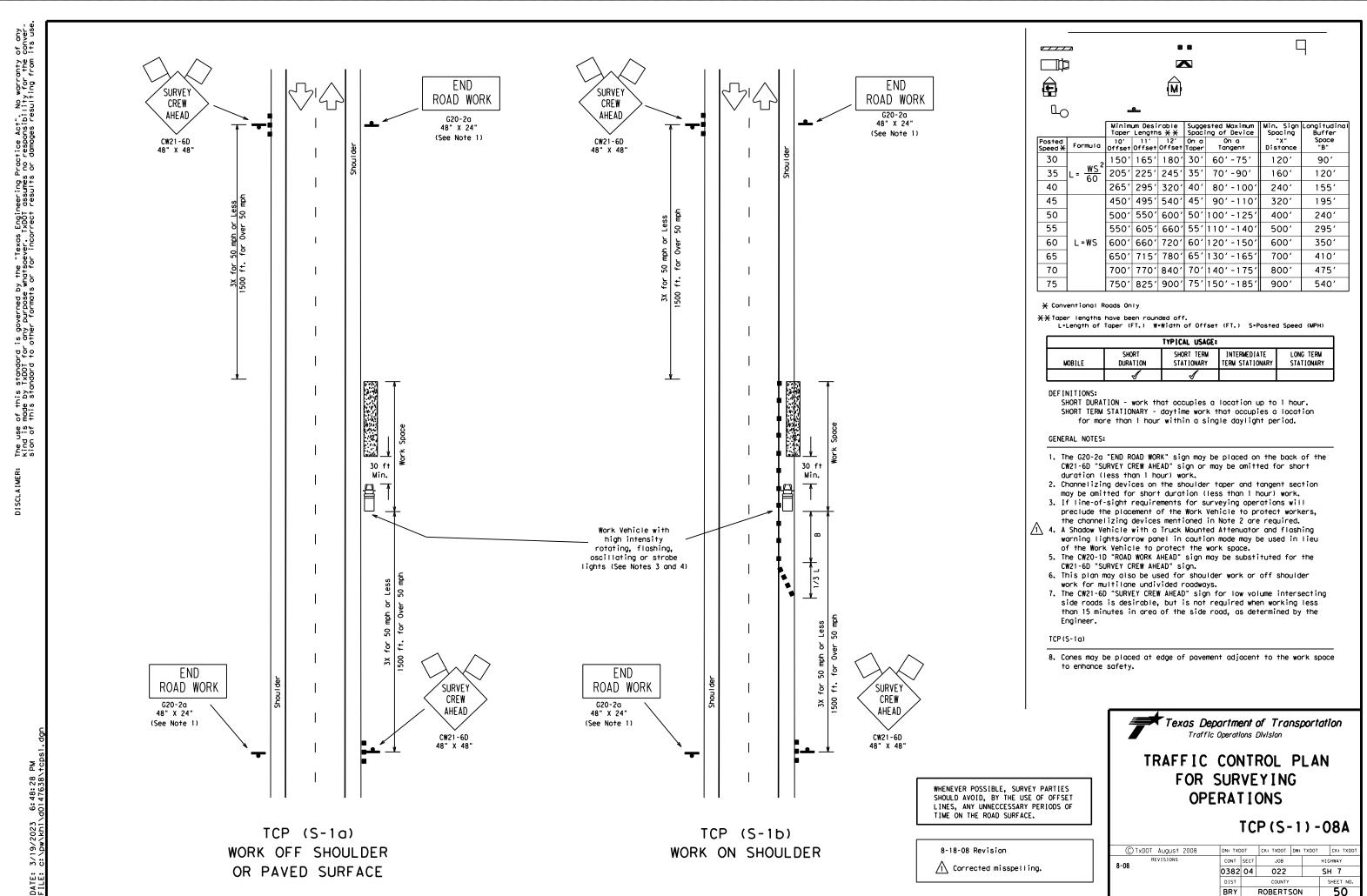
- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
  Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary
- depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



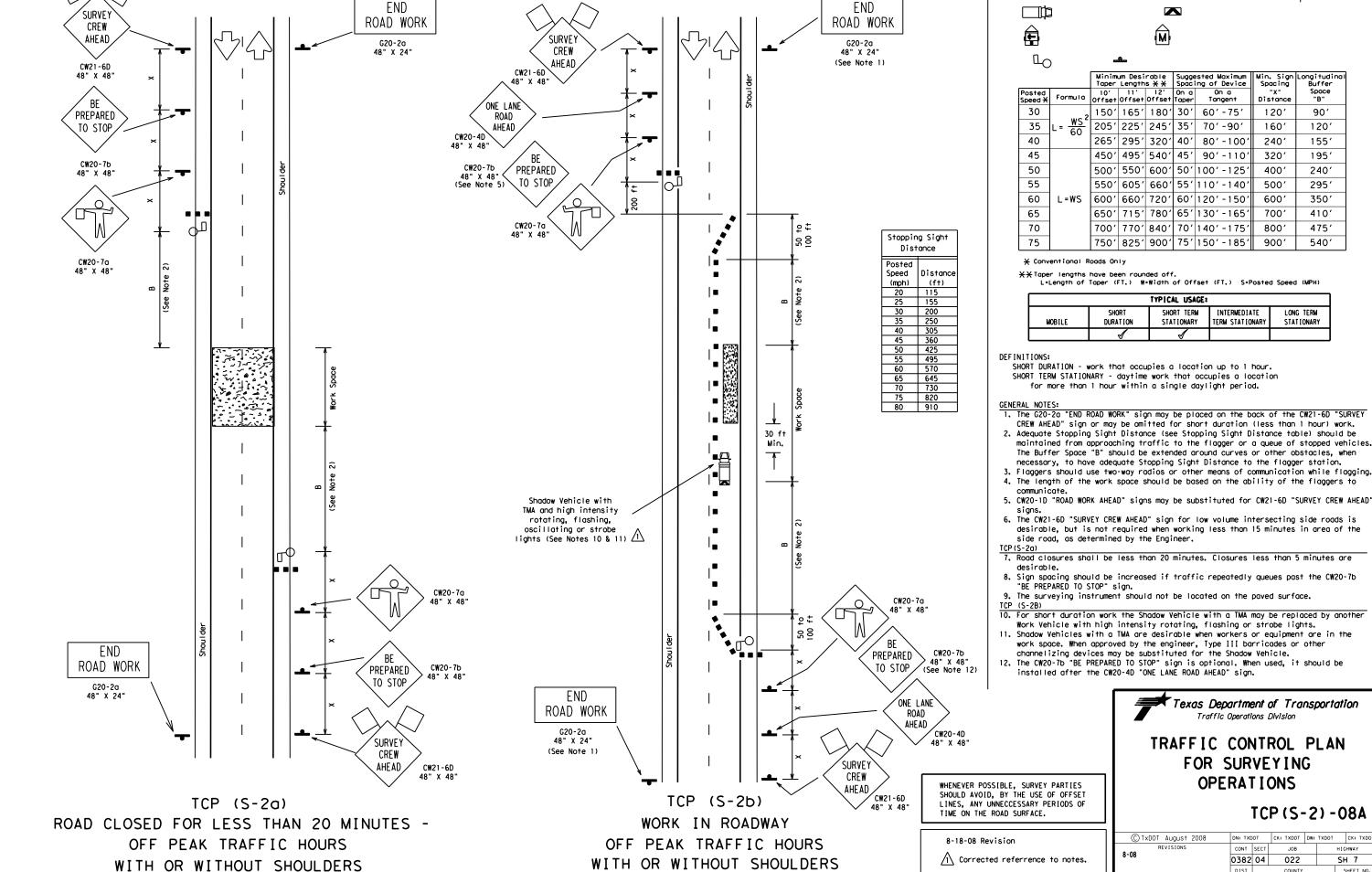
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

	_	•					
FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: TxDOT		tcp3-3.dgn DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW:		TxDOT CK: TxDOT		
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0382	04	022		SI	<b>7</b>	
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 7-14	BRY		ROBERTS	SON		49	







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		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths 💥 💥						Min. Sign Spacing	Longitudinal Buffer
Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	Space "B"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′-75′	120′	90′	
35	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′-90′	160′	120′	
40		2651	295′	320′	401	80′-100′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′-110′	320′	195′	
50		5001	550′	600′	501	100′ -125′	400′	240′	
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′-140′	500′	295′	
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′-150′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′-165′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′-175′	800′	475′	
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′ -185′	900′	540′	

X Conventional Roads Only

X\*Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Toper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE:										
	SHORT	SHORT TERM	INTERMEDIATE	LONG TERM							
MOBILE	DURATION	STATIONARY	TERM STATIONARY	STATIONARY							
	1	✓									

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

- The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Adequate Stopping Sight Distance (see Stopping Sight Distance table) should be maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger or a queue of stopped vehicles. The Buffer Space "B" should be extended around curves or other obstacles, when necessary, to have adequate Stopping Sight Distance to the flagger station.
- 4. The length of the work space should be based on the ability of the flaggers to
- 5. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD"
- 6. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads is desirable, but is not required when working less than 15 minutes in area of the side road, as determined by the Engineer.
- 7. Road closures shall be less than 20 minutes. Closures less than 5 minutes are
- 8. Sign spacing should be increased if traffic repeatedly queues past the CW20-7b "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign.
- 9. The surveying instrument should not be located on the paved surface.
- 10. For short duration work the Shadow Vehicle with a TMA may be replaced by another Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing or strobe lights.
- 11. Shadow Vehicles with a TMA are desirable when workers or equipment are in the work space. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other
- channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle.

  12. The CW20-7b "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign is optional. When used, it should be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign.

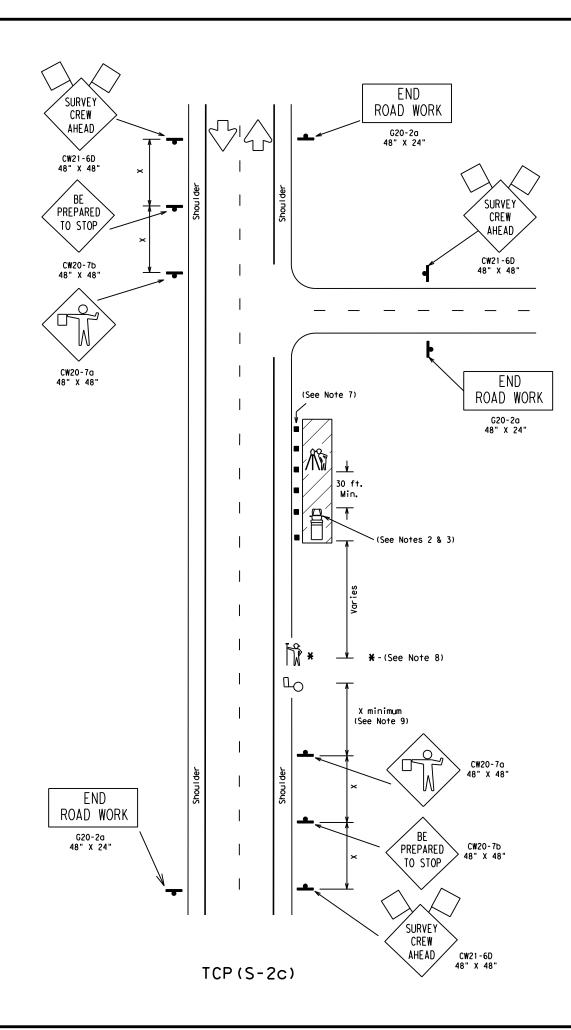


# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-2)-08A

C)TxDOT August 2008	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT		CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS 8	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
0	0382	04	022			SH	1 7
	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET NO.
	BRY		ROBERTS	SON			51





Stopping Sight Distance									
Posted									
Speed	Distance								
(mph)	(ft)								
20	115								
25	155								
30	200								
35	250								
40	305								
45	360								
50	425								
55	495								
60	570								
65	645								
70	730								
75	820								
80	910								

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			um Desi Length		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Device		Min. Sign Spacing	Longitudinal Buffer
Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	Space "B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	301	60′ - 75′	120′	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′-90′	160′	120′
40		2651	295′	320′	40′	80′ -100′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′-110′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	600′	50′	100′-125′	400′	240′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′-140′	500′	295′
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′ -150′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′-165′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	701	140′-175′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′ -185′	900′	540′

★ Conventional Roads Only

\*\*X\*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L\*Length of Taper (FT.) W\*Width of Offset (FT.) S\*Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	1	1			

MOBILE - work that moves continously or intermittently

(stopping up to approximately 15 minutes).

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.

SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights should be used to protect work space.
- 3. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Heavy Work Vehicle.
- 4. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" SIGNS.
- 5. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 6. The Surveying Instrument shall not be located on the paved surface.
- 7. Cones at edge of pavement adjacent to instrument person may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 8. Rodman may only enter roadway when accompanied by flagger and as traffic allows. 9. The distance between the advance warning signs and the work should not exceed a
- 10. Flaggers and Survey Crew should use two-way radios or other means of communication.
- 11. Survey Crew and Flaggers shall wear high-visibility apparel meeting the
- ANSI 107-2007 standard performance for Class 2 or Class 3 risk exposure. 12. Additional traffic control devices may be required to address local site
- 13. Stopping Sight Distance shall be maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger. See "Stopping Sight Distance" table.

SURVEY PARTIES SHOULD AVOID ANY UNNECCESSARY PERIODS OF TIME ON THE ROAD SURFACE.

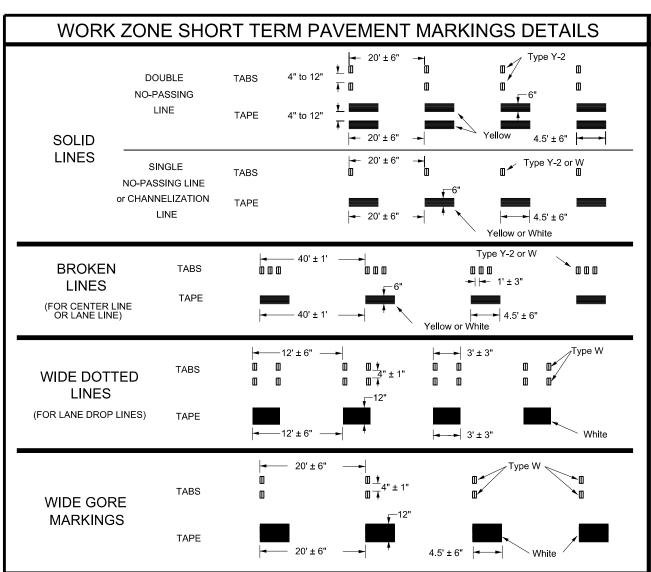
This TCP is to cover two lane rural type roadways as determined by the Engineer. All other type roadways will be covered by other established Survey TCP'S.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-2c)-10

© TxDOT January 2010	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
	0382	04	022		SH	H 7
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY		ROBERTS	SON		52



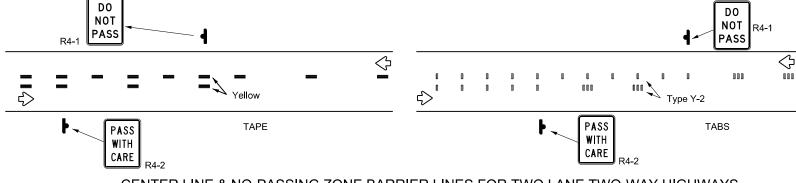
### NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

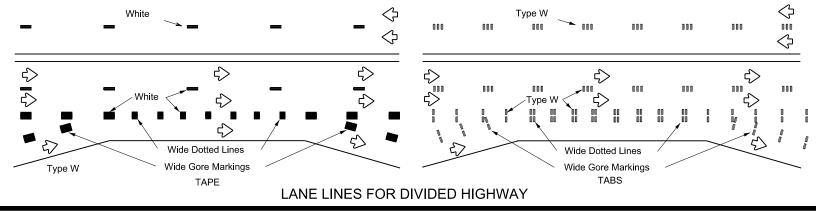
### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

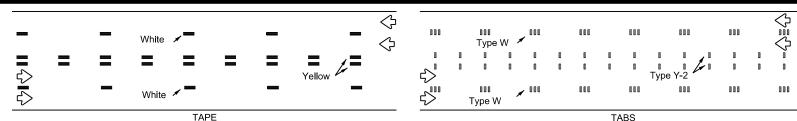
- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.



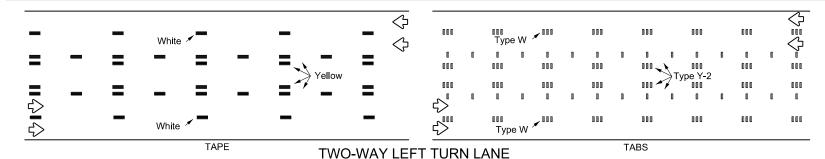


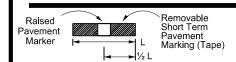






## LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS





If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

# Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

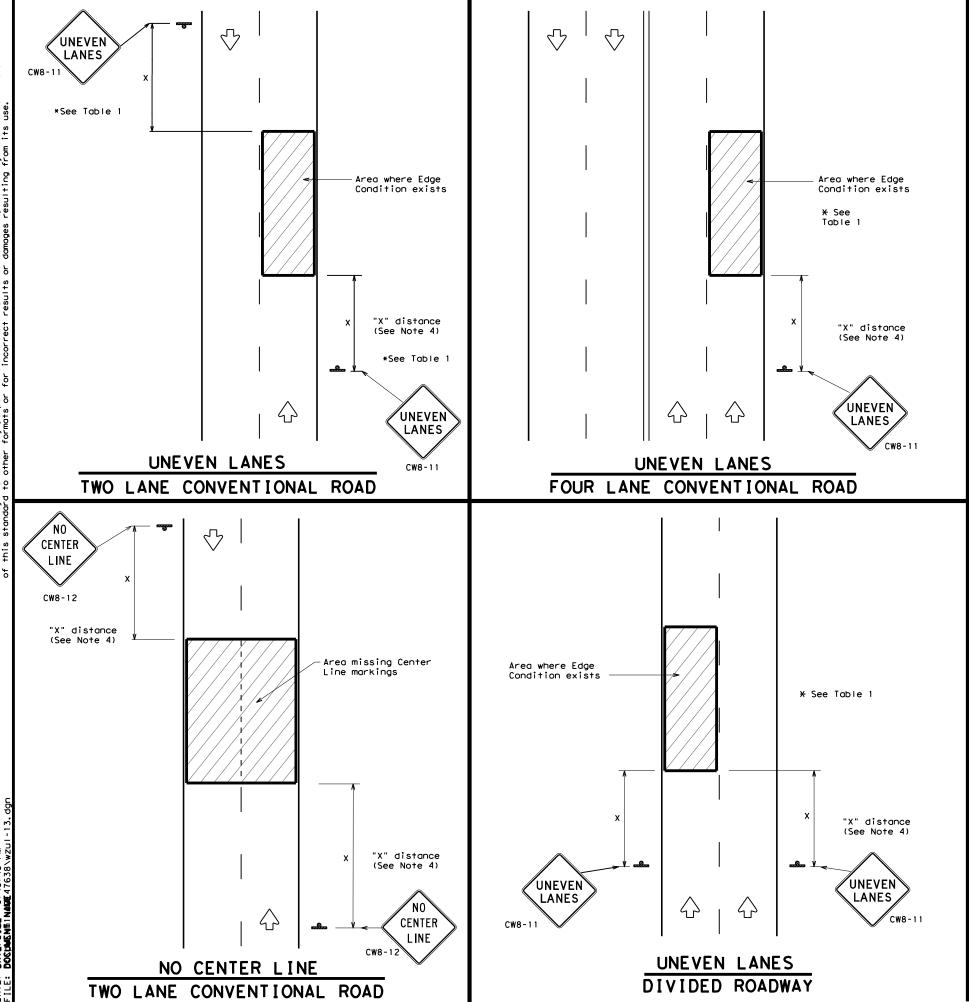
1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm

# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ(STPM)-23

FILE:	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
C) TXDOT	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS		0382	04	022		SH 7
I-92 7-1 I-97 2-1		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-03	-	BRY		ROBERTS	ON	53



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC  $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1							
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices					
①	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11					
Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.							
② >3	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11					
③0" to 3/4"							
12" D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven la with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic a work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".						
Notched Wedge Joint							

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	nal roads	36" >	< 36"
Freeways/ex divided	kpressways, roadways	48" >	48"

SIGNING FOR

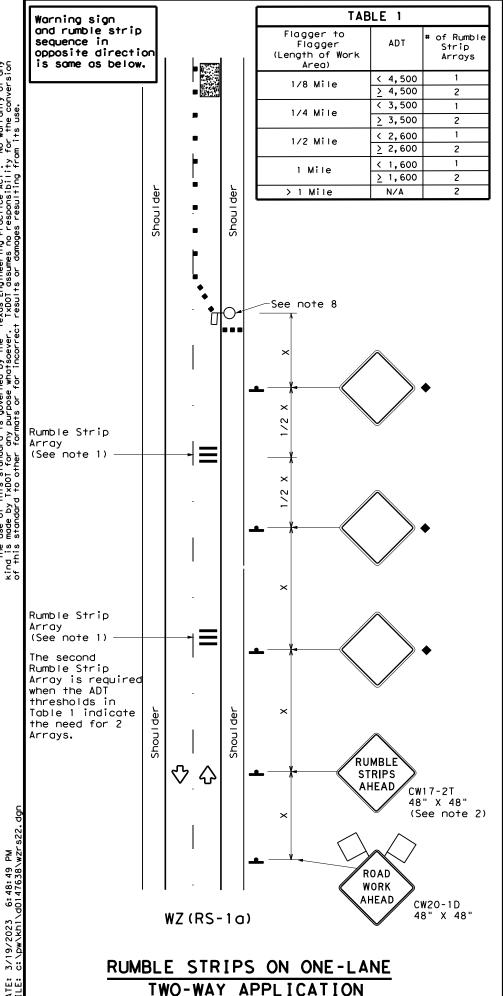
Texas Department of Transportation

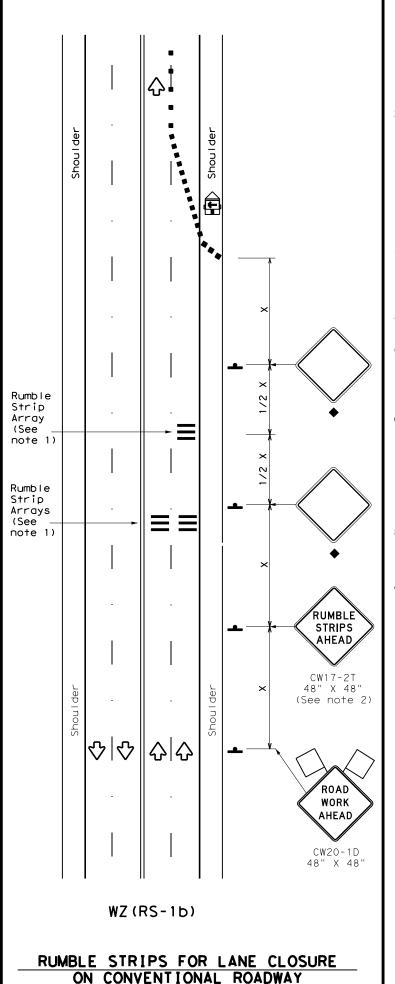
WZ (UL) -13

UNEVEN LANES

Traffic Operations Division Standard

		_	_	_			
ILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxD0T	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0382	04	022		SI	<b>7</b>
8-95 2-98	7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 3-03		BRY		ROBERTS	SON		54





### GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices			
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)			
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)			
ŀ	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow			
$\Diamond$	Flag	3	Flagger			

Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	6601	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L #13	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	7701	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off,
   L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
  S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	✓	✓			

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2				
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array			
<u>&lt;</u> 40 MPH	10′			
> 40 MPH & <u>&lt;</u> 55 MPH	15′			
= 60 MPH	20′			
<u>&gt;</u> 65 MPH	<del>*</del> 35′+			

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

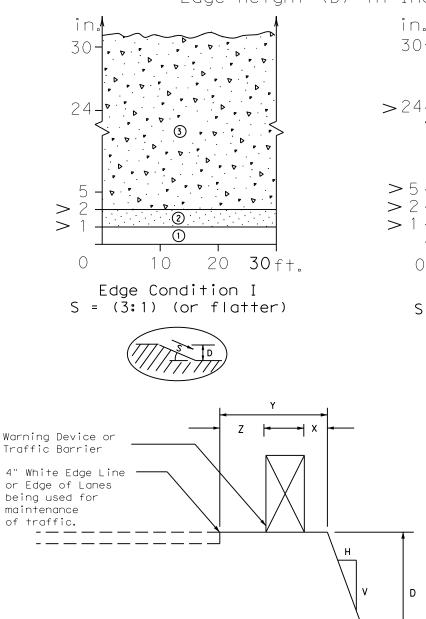
Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

ILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C)TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	CHWAY
REVISIONS	0382	04	022		S	H 7
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-16	BRY		ROBERTS	SON		55

# DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

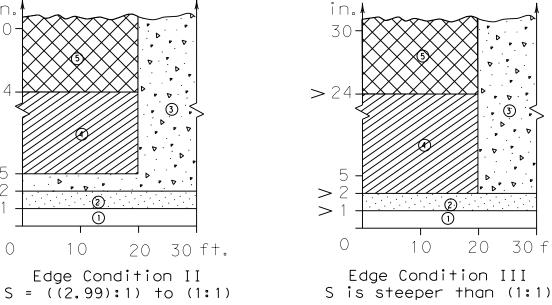
Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet

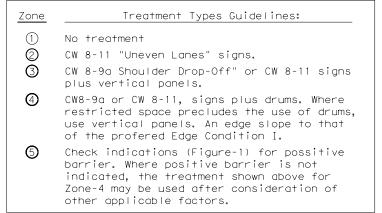


1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V). The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".

FACTORS CONSIDERED IN THE GUIDELINES:

- Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- 4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- 5. If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.

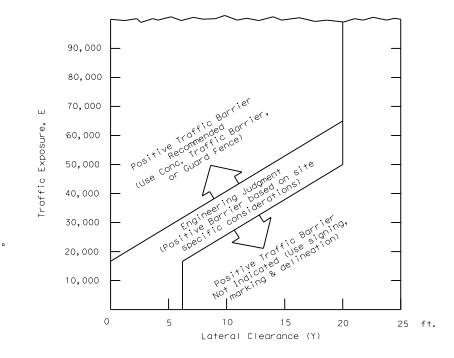




### Edge Condition Notes:

- 1. Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

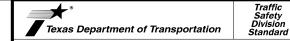
# FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 ( )



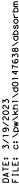
- E = ADT x T Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's and line manuals.





# TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS



DELINEATION DECAL PLACEMENT GUIDE

TRAFFIC FLOW

BOTH-SIDE

BARRIER

TRAFFIC FLOW

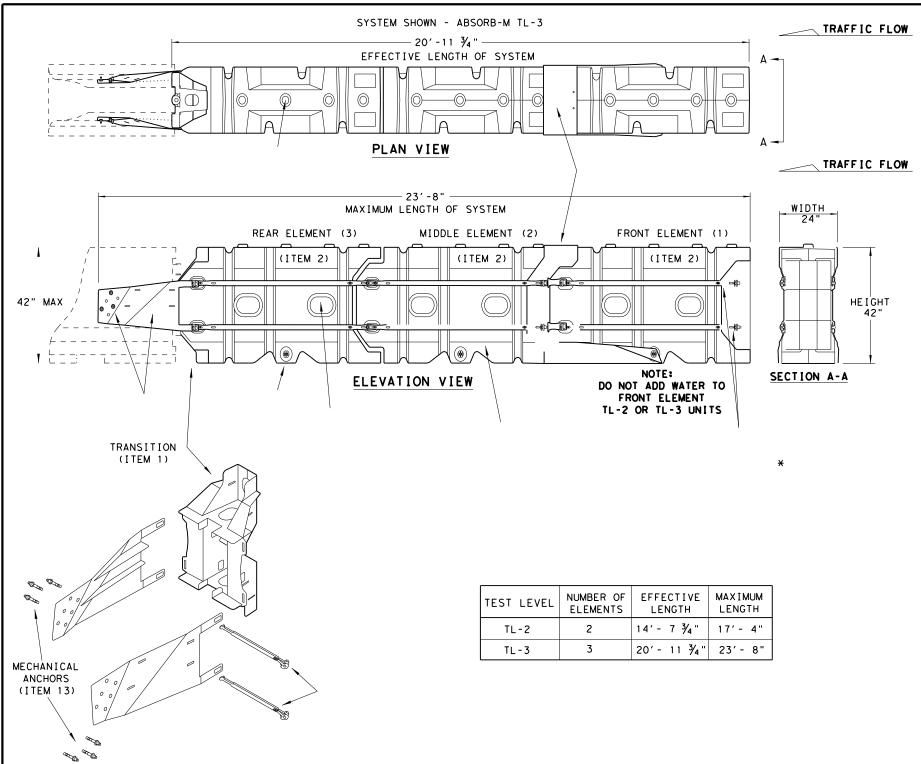
RIGHT-SIDE

BARRIER

TRAFFIC FLOW

LEFT-SIDE

BARRIER

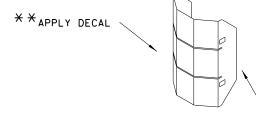


### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING THE INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800. 180 RIVER ROAD, RIO VISTA, CA 94571
- 2. THE ABSORB-M SYSTEM IS ONLY APPROVED FOR USE IN (TEMPORARY WORK ZONE) LOCATIONS.
- 3. THE ABSORB-M IS A WATER FILLED NON-REDIRECTIVE, GATING CRASH CUSHION THAT DOES NOT NEED TO BE ATTACHED TO A FOUNDATION AND CAN BE INSTALLED ON TOP OF CONCRETE. ASPHALT, OR ANY SURFACE CAPABLE OF BEARING THE WEIGHT OF THE SYSTEM.
- 4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS-SLOPE IS 8%.
- 5. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 6. THE ABSORB-M SHOULD BE LOCATED APPROXIMATELY PARALLEL WITH THE BARRIER.
- 7. THE USE OF THE ABSORB-M IS RESTRICTED TO A BARRIER HEIGHT OF UP TO 42 INCHES.
- 8. DO NOT ADD WATER TO FRONT ELEMENT (TL-2 OR TL-3 UNIT).

	BILL	OF MATERIALS	(BOM) ABSORB-M TL-3 & TL-2 SYSTEMS	QTY	QTY	
	ІТЕМ #	TL-2 SYSTEM	TL-3 SYSTEM			
	1	BSI-1809036-00	TRANSITION-(GALV)	1	1	
Г	2	BSI-1808002-00	PRE-ASSEMBLED ABSORBING (ELEMENTS)	2	3	
	3	3 BSI-4004598 FILL CAPS				
×	4	4 BSI-4004599 DRAIN PLUGS				
*	5	5 BSI-1809053-00 TENSION STRAP-(GALV)		8	12	
	6	BSI-2001998	C-SCR FH 3/8-16 X 1 1/2 GR5 PLT	8	12	
L	7	BSI-2001999		8	12	
	8	BSI-1809035-00 MIDNOSE-(GALV)			1	
	9	BSI-1808014-00	NOSE PLATE	1	1	
	10	BSI-1809037-00	TRANSITION STRAP (LEFT-HAND)-(GALV)	1	1	
	11	BSI-1809038-00	TRANSITION STRAP (RIGHT-HAND)-(GALV)	1	1	
	12	BSI-1808005-00	PIN ASSEMBLY	8	10	
	13	BSI-2002001	ANC MECH 5/8-11X5 (GALV)		6	
	14	ABSORB-M	INSTALLATION AND INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL	1	1	

\*COMPONENTS PRE-ASSEMBLED WITH ELEMENT ASSEMBLY



\* NOTE: (PROVIDED BY OTHERS) ENGINEER OR CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE MANUFACTURER FOR THE CORRECT DECAL PER TRAFFIC FLOW, LEFT, RIGHT OR BOTH-SIDES.

NOSE PLATE

APPLY A HIGH REFLECTIVE DECAL TO THE NOSE PLATE. DELINEATION DECAL ORIENTATION IS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLAN SET AND SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MUTCD FOR (TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES). DECALS ARE AVAILABLE FOR TRAFFIC FLOW ON THE LEFT-SIDE, BOTH -SIDES AND RIGHT-SIDE.

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE ABSORB-M, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL.

CRASH CUSHION (MASH TL-3 & TL-2) TEMPORARY - WORK ZONE

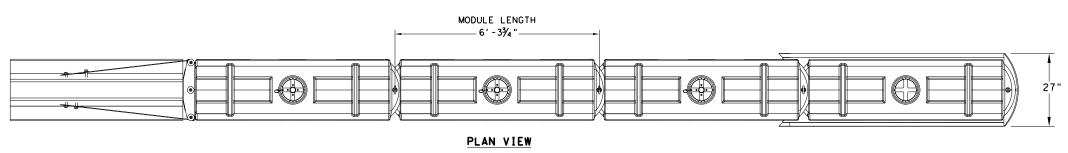
Texas Department of Transportation

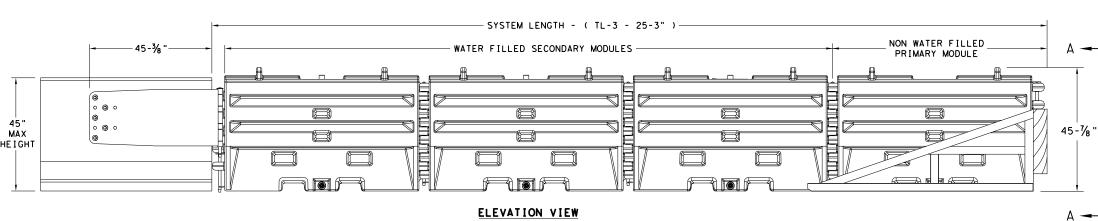
**ABSORB (M) - 19** 

LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP CK: FILE: absorbm19 C) TxDOT: JULY 2019 JOB HIGHWAY 0382 04 022 SH 7 ROBERTSON 57

SACRIFICIAL







SECTION A-A



TRAFFIC FLOW ON



TRAFFIC FLOW ON

RIGHT-SIDE OF

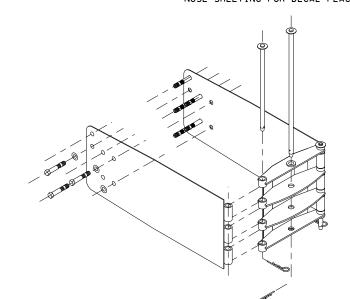


ROTATED

TRAFFIC FLOW ON

LEFT-SIDE OF

NOSE SHEETING PANEL DELINEATION 90 DEGREES SEE INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR CUSTOMIZED DELINEATION NOSE SHEETING FOR DECAL PLACEMENT.



TRANSITION OPTIONS
SLED TRANSITION TO CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT)
SLED TRANSITION TO STEEL TRAFFIC BARRIER (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TRANSITION)
SLED TRANSITION TO PLASTIC TRAFFIC BARRIER (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TRANSITION)
SLED TRANSITION TO W-BEAM OR THRIE BEAM GUARD RAIL (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TRANSITION)
SLED TRANSITION TO CONCRETE BRIDGE ABUTMENT

TEST LEVEL

TL-3

NUMBER OF

SECONDARY MODULES

SYSTEM LENGTH

25' 3"

### SLED TRANSITION COMPONENTS FOR ATTACHMENT TO CMB

SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SLED, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL.

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. REFER TO THE INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC SYSTEM ASSEMBLY AND MODULE ORIENTATION. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, CONTACT TRAFFIX, INC. AT (949) 361-5663.
- 2. THE SLED SYSTEM IS A MASH APPROVED TEST LEVEL 3 (TL-3) CRASH CUSHION APPROVED FOR USE IN TEMPORARY WORK ZONES. THE SLED SYSTEM IS A NON-REDIRECTIVE, GATING CRASH CUSHION THAT DOES NOT NEED TO BE ATTACHED TO THE GROUND AND CAN BE INSTALLED ON CONCRETE, ASPHALT, GRAVEL OR COMPACTED SOIL.
- 3. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS SLOPE IS 8° (DEGREES) (14%).
- 4. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 5. THE SLED SYSTEM CAN BE ATTACHED TO:
  - CONCRETE BARRIER, TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT, 45" MAXIMUM HEIGHT
  - STEEL BARRIER
  - . PLASTIC BARRIER
  - CONCRETE BRIDGE ABUTMENTS
  - W-BEAM GUARD RAIL
  - THRIE BEAM GUARD RAIL

BILL OF MATERIAL				
PART NUMBER	PART NUMBER DESCRIPTION			
45131	TRANSITION FRAME, GALVANIZED	1		
45150	TRANSITION PANEL, GALVANIZED	2		
45147-CP	TRANSITION SHORT DROP PIN W/ KEEPER PIN, GALVANIZED	2		
45148-CP	TRANSITION LONG DROP PIN W/ KEEPER PIN, GALVANIZED	1		
45050	ANCHOR BOLTS	9		
12060	WASHER, 3/4" ID X 2" OD	9		
45044-Y	45044-Y SLED YELLOW WATER FILLED MODULE			
45044-YH	SLED YELLOW "NO FILL" MODULE	1		
45044-S	CIS (CONTAINMENT IMPACT SLED), GALVANIZED	1		
45043-CP	T-PIN W/ KEEPER PIN	4		
18009-B-I	FILL CAP W/ "DRIVE BY" FLOAT INDICATOR	3		
45033-RC-B DRAIN PLUG		3		
45032-DPT	DRAIN PLUG REMOVAL TOOL	1		



SLED CRASH CUSHION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT (TEMPORARY, WORK ZONE)

SLED-19

ILE: sled19.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOO	ck: KM	DW: VP	CK:
CTxDOT: DECEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0382	04	022	SH 7	
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	BRY	PORERTSON		50	

### NOTES:

- 1. ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES ARE
  REFERENCED TO THE TEXAS COORDINATE
  SYSTEM OF 1983 CENTRAL ZONE (4203)
  (NAD83), 2011 ADJUSTMENT, ALL
  DISTANCES AND COORDINATES SHOWN ARE
  SURFACE VALUES AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO
  GRID BY DIVIDING BY A COMBINED
  ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00012, ALL
  MEASUREMENTS ARE IN US SURVEY FEET.
- 2. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON GPS
  DERIVED ELLIPSOID HEIGHTS AND ADJUSTED
  TO NAVD88 ELEVATIONS UTILIZING
  GEOID12B(CONUS).
- 3. FIELD SURVEYS WERE COMPLETED ON FEBRUARY 2021.

THIS SURVEY WAS PERFORMED ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.

OF

JAMES M. EWING

4892

SURVEY

SURVE

JAMES M. EWING
REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR
NO. 4892 TEXAS FIRM NO. 10106902

SURVEY DATE: FEB 2021 SIGNED DATE: JUNE 02, 2022

THIS SURVEY CONTROL INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THIS PS&E.





GORRONDONA & ASSOC., INC. 15710 JOHN F. KENNEDY BLVD., SUITE 200, HOUSTON, TEXAS 77032 TEXAS REGISTERED SURVEYING FIRM 10106902



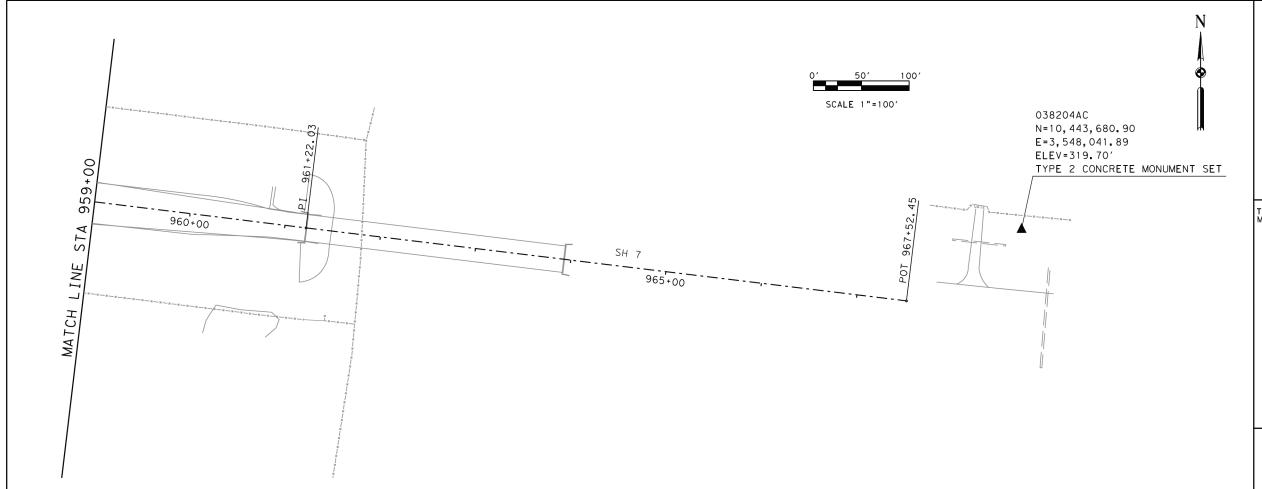


SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF #2

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL INDEX SHEET

SHEET 1 OF 2

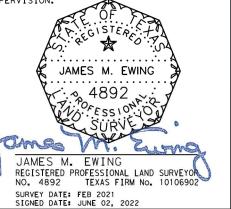
		OF 2	2HFF1 1				
HWAY NO.	HIG	FED.RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HI					
SH 7							
SHEET NO.	Ä	DIST. COUNTY		ATE	ST		
	SON	ROBERT	BRYAN	KAS	TEX		
59		CONT. SECT. JOB		СО			
		022	04	82	03		



### NOTES:

- 1. ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES ARE
  REFERENCED TO THE TEXAS COORDINATE
  SYSTEM OF 1983 CENTRAL ZONE (4203)
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  SURFACE VALUES AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO
  GRID BY DIVIDING BY A COMBINED
  ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1,00012, ALL
  MEASUREMENTS ARE IN US SURVEY FEET.
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  GEOID12B(CONUS).
- 3. FIELD SURVEYS WERE COMPLETED ON FEBRUARY 2021.

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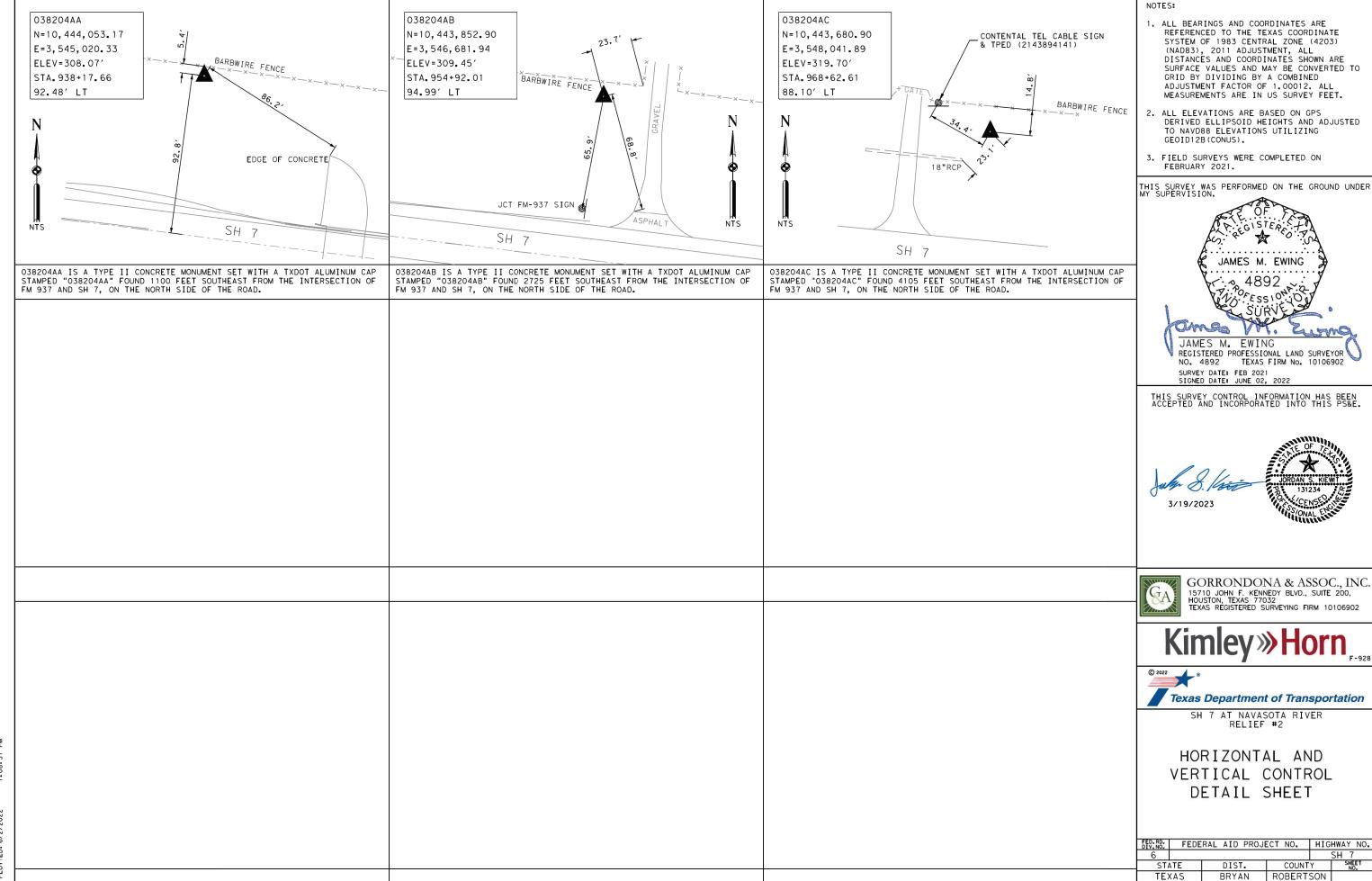


SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF #2

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL INDEX SHEET

SHEET 2 OF 2

		JIILLI Z	. 01 2		
ED.RD: FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY					
6 SH 7					
STA	\TE	DIST.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
TE>	(AS	BRYAN	ROBERTSON		
COI	NT.	SECT.	JOB		60
03	82	04	022		



CONT.

0382

SECT.

04

JOB

022

Chain SH7 contains: SH707 SH708 SH709 CUR SH7-1 CUR SH7-2 CUR SH7-3 CUR SH7-4 SH710	) SH711 SH712
Beginning chain SH7 description	
Point SH707 N 10,443,992.4837 E 3,544,764.9520 Sta	
Course from SH707 to SH708 S 82° 44′ 15.35" E Dist 400.0000  Point SH708 N 10,443,941.9182 E 3,545,161.7431 Sta	939+72.00
Course from SH708 to SH709 S 82° 54′ 33.15" E Dist 200.0100	333 12:00
Point SH709 N 10,443,917.2286 E 3,545,360.2233 Sta	941+72,01
Course from SH709 to PC SH71 S 83° 03′ 19.71" E Dist 258.3894	
Curve Data	
Delfa = 0° 38' 50.39" (LT) Degree = 0° 24' 22.87"  Tangent = 79.6521  Length = 159.3021  Radius = 14,100.0000  External = 0.2250  Long Chord = 159.3016	3,545,695.7848
Mid. Ord. = 0.2250 P.C. Station 944+30.40 N 10,443,885.9872 E P.T. Station 945+89.70 N 10,443,867.6199 E C.C. N 10,457,882.5451 E Ahead = S 83° 03′ 19.71" E Ahead = S 83° 42′ 10.10" E Chord Bear = S 83° 22′ 44.90" E	3,545,616.7171 3,545,774.9563 3,547,321.5239
Curve Data **	
Delta = 0° 37′ 51.83" (RT) Degree = 0° 24′ 22.87" Tangent = 77.6504 Length = 155.2989	3,545,852.1382
Radius = 14,100.0000 External = 0.2138 Long Chord = 155.2984 Mid. Ord. = 0.2138 P.C. Station 945+89.70 N 10,443,867.6199 E P.T. Station 947+45.00 N 10,443,849.7361 E C.C. N 10,429,852.6947 E Back = S 83° 42′ 10.10" E Ahead = S 83° 04′ 18.27" E Chord Bear = S 83° 23′ 14.18" E	3,545,774.9563 3,545,929.2216 3,544,228.3887
Course from PT SH72 to PC SH73 S 83° 04′ 18.27" E Dist 465.0043	
Curve Data **  Curve SH7-3  P.I. Station Delta = 0° 30′ 11.27" (RT) Degree = 0° 24′ 22.87"  Tangent = 123.8158 Radius = 14,100.0000	3,546,452.2868
External =	3,546,390.8304 3,546,513.6752 3,544,689.9975

Curve Data **	
Curve SH7-4       (Chord Definition)         P.I. Station       954+07.70 N 10,443,768.6134 E         Delta       = 0° 36′ 01.60" (LT)         Degree       = 0° 24′ 22.87"         Tangent       = 73.8826         Length       = 147.7636         Radius       = 14,100,0000	3,546,586.9373
External = 0.1936 Long Chord = 147.7632 Mid. Ord. = 0.1936 P.C. Station 953+33.82 N 10,443,778.1693 E P.T. Station 954+81.58 N 10,443,759.8258 E	3,546,513.6752 3,546,660.2954 3,548,337.3529
Course from PT SH74 to SH710 S 83° 10′ 08.60" E Dist 353.8388	
Point SH710 N 10,443,717.7401 E 3,547,011.6225 Sta	958+35.42
Course from SH710 to SH711 S 82° 59′ 38.58" E Dist 286.6065	
Point SH711 N 10,443,682.7820 E 3,547,296.0890 Sta	961+22.03
Course from SH711 to SH712 S 83° 04′ 18.27" E Dist 630.4242	
Point SH712 N 10,443,606.7362 E 3,547,921.9098 Sta	967+52.45
Ending chain SH7 description	





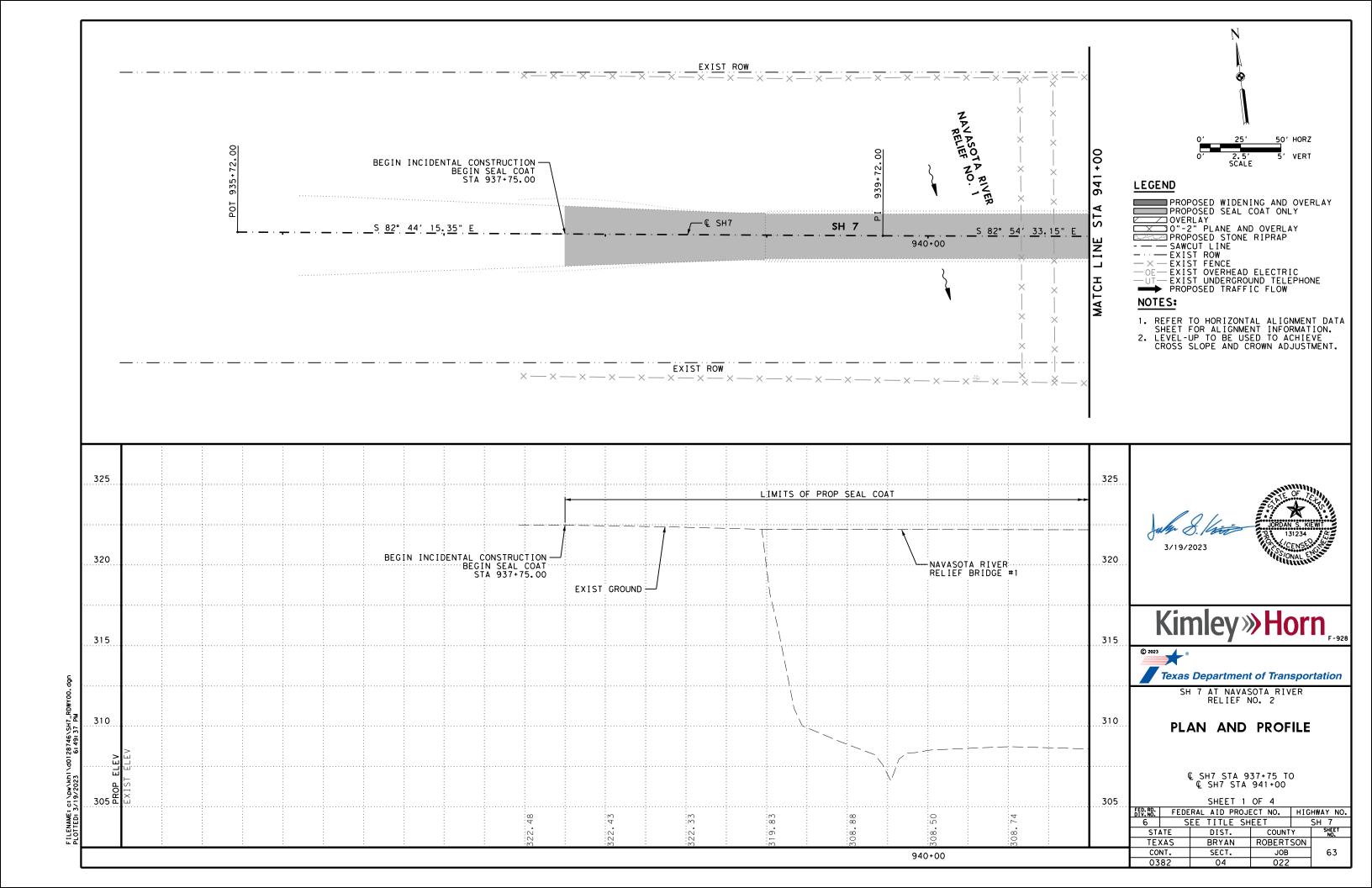
Texas Department of Transportation

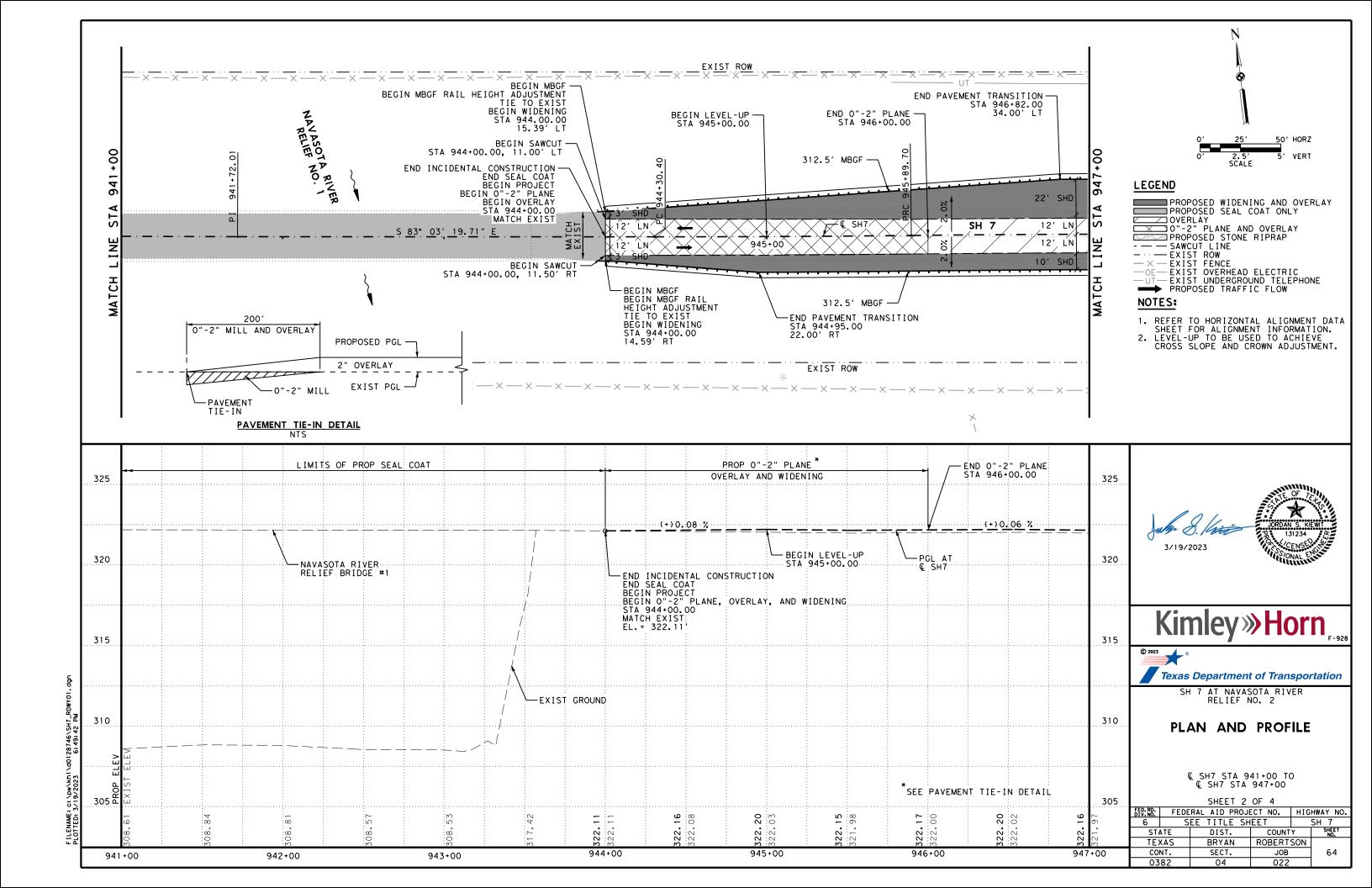
SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER
RELIEF NO. 2

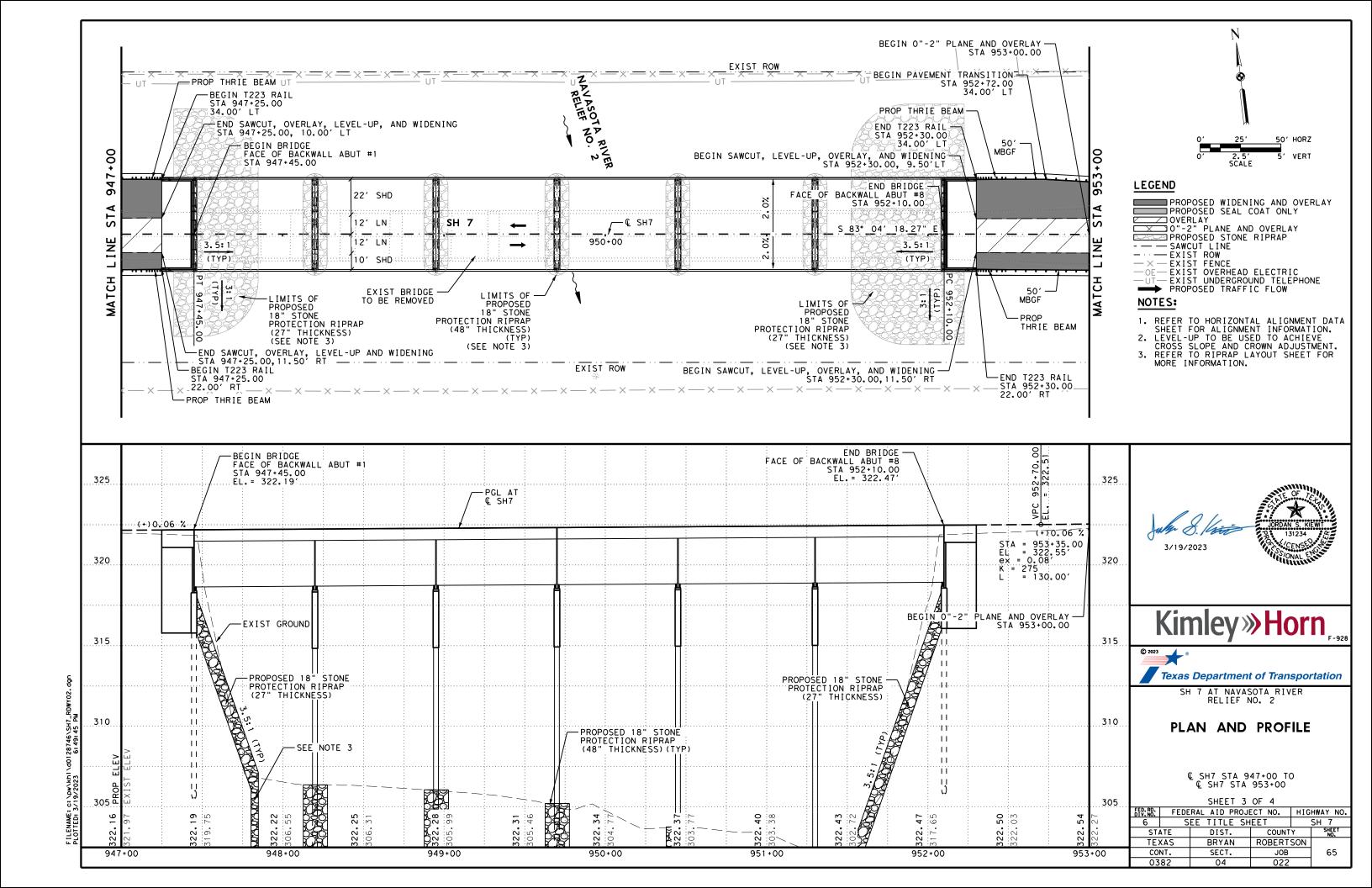
# HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

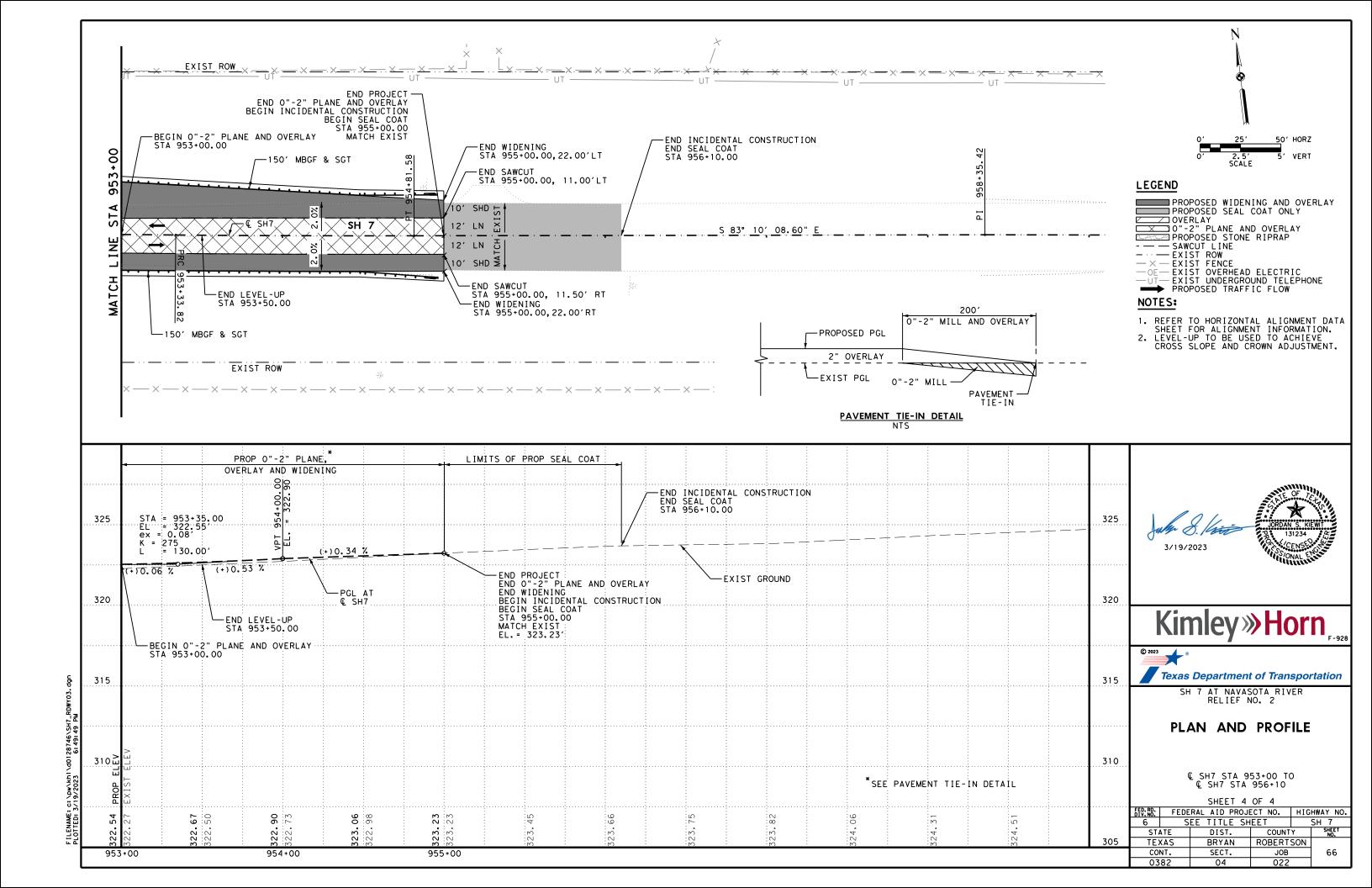
SHEET	1	OF	
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311221 1 31 1						
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.					
6	S	SEE TITLE SHEET SH 7				
ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
TE	XAS	BRYAN	ROBERTSON			
СО	NT.	SECT.	JOB		62	
03	82	04	022			









#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. For more detail: See GF(31), SGT()31, GF(31)TR, and GF(31)TL2 standard sheets.
- 2. Quantities of metal beam guard fence (MBGF) at individual bridge ends are as shown in the plans.
- 3. Use average daily traffic (ADT) for the current year to determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual unless otherwise specified. Where significant traffic volume growth is anticipated on low volume (0-750 ADT) highways, use length determinations for the higher volume
- 4. MBGF may not be required to shield departure end of bridge unless other obstacles within the horizontal clearance limits or opposing traffic indicate a MBGF consideration.
- 5. Downstream anchor terminals (DAT) are only for downstream end anchorage use, outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.
- 6. Direct connection of MBGF to concrete rails are only for downstream rail connections outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.

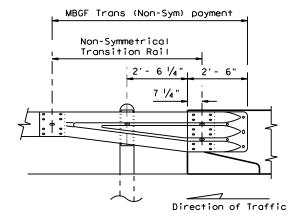
  (This requires a minimum of three standard line posts plus the DAT terminal,
- 7. The crown shall be widened to accommodate MBGF. Typically the "front slope" break should be 2'- 0" from the back of the MBGF post. This applies to new construction on new alignment or where existing roadway cross section is to be widened to increase roadway width. This does not apply to rehabilitation work where existing roadway crown width is to be retained (See Typical Cross Section at MBGF).
- 8. For restrictive bridge widths: The MBGF should be properly transitioned from the existing bridge rail to the adjoining MBGF (See MBGF Transition Standards). Metal beam guard fence at these bridge location(s) shall be flared at the rate of 25:1 or flatter, and be of the length necessary to locate the terminal end at the 2 ft. "maximum" offset from the shoulder edge in the approach direction.
- 9. Transition length and post spacing will vary depending on the transition type. Transition type will be shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 10. A minimum 25' length of MBGF will be required.

See GF(31) standard

for post types.

Edge of shoulder

widened crown



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AT MBGF

2'- 0" Typ.

(See note 7

All rail elements shall be lapped in the direction of adjacent traffic.

#### DETAIL A

Showing Downstream Rail Attachment

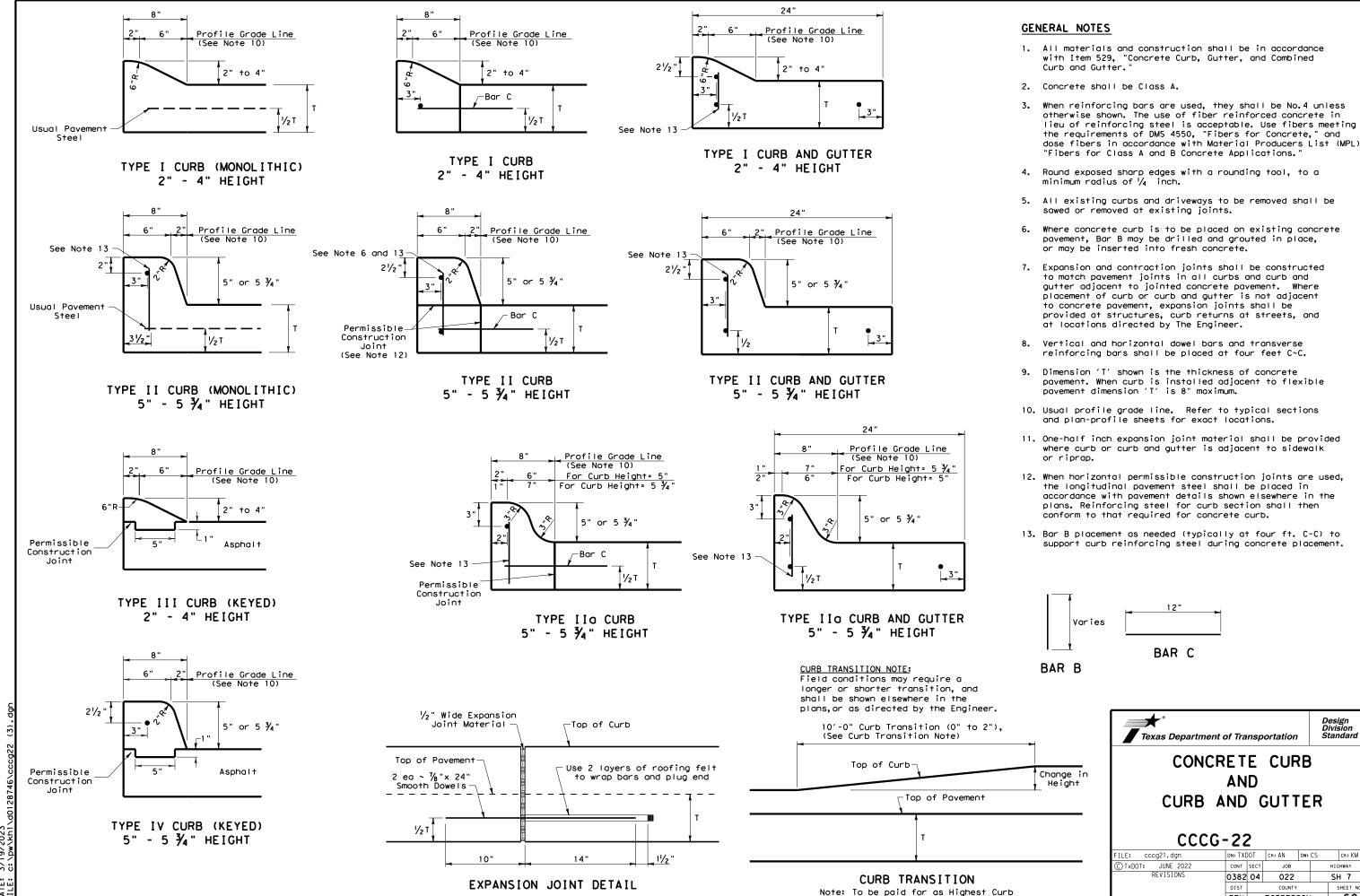


## BRIDGE END DETAILS

(METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE APPLICATIONS TO RIGID RAILS)

BED-14

FILE: bed14.dgn	DN: Tx[	)OT	ck: AM	DW: BD/VF	0	ck: CGL
CTxDOT: December 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		HWAY	
REVISIONS EVISED APRIL 2014	0382	04	022	SH	SH 7	
EE (MEMO 0414)	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET N	
	BRY	ROBERTSON				67



Design Division Standard

ск: КМ

68

HIGHWAY

SH 7

CONCRETE CURB

AND

CONT SECT

0382 04

DN: TXDOT CK: AN DW: CS

JOB

022

ROBERTSON

CCCG-22

DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC

% " X 1 ¼" BUTTON HEAD SPLICE BOLTS WITH RECCESSED NUTS.

FBB02 = 2" POST & BLOCK LENGTH FBB03 = 10" FBBO4 = 18'

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL BUTTON HEAD BOLT NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS. REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

MID-SPAN

Ф

**GENERAL NOTES** 

- 1. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF MBGF SHALL BE SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445. "GALVANIZING.
- RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 25'- 0", OR 12'- 6" (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT 3'-1 1/2" C-C OR 6'-3" C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO ACCOMMODATE THE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL (DAT) AND THE
- 3. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 3/4" WASHER (FWC160) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- 4. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING. FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 5. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.
- 6. THE LATERAL APPROACH TO THE GUARD FENCE, SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 1V:10H.
- 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE GUARD FENCE MAY BE FLARED
- 8. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, GUARD FENCE PLACED IN THE VICINITY OF CURBS SHALL BE POSITIONED SO THAT THE FACE OF CURB IS LOCATED DIRECTLY BELOW OR BEHIND THE FACE OF THE RAIL. RAIL PLACED OVER CURBS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THAT THE POST BOLT IS LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 25 INCHES ABOVE THE GUTTER PAN OR EDGE OF SHOULDER.
- 9. APPLICATIONS IN SOLID ROCK ARE ONLY ALLOWED WITH STEEL POSTS. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN 0 TO 18" OF THE FINISHED GRADE, DRILL A 24" DIA. HOLE, 24" INTO THE ROCK. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED BELOW 18", DRILL A 12" DIA. HOLE, 12" INTO THE ROCK OR TO THE STANDARD EMBEDMENT DEPTH, WHICHEVER MAYBE LESS. ANY EXCESS POST LENGTH, AFTER MEETING THESE DEPTHS, MAY BE FIELD CUT TO ENSURE PROPER GUARDRAIL MOUNTING HEIGHT. BACKFILL WITH COARSE AGGREGATE MATERIAL.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- 11. SPECIAL FABRICATION WILL BE REQUIRED AT INSTALLATION LOCATIONS HAVING A CURVATURE OF LESS
- 12. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210 ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL MAY FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.
- 13. FOR THE LOW FILL CULVERT OPTION, POSTS LOCATED PARTIALLY OR WHOLLY BETWEEN PRECAST BOX CULVERT UNITS, THE USE OF A CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE CLOSURE BETWEEN BOXES IS REQUIRED. THE LENGTH OF THE CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE CLOSURE SHALL ACCOMMODATE THE PLACEMENT OF THE LOW FILL CULVERT OPTION. SEE CONCRETE CLOSURE DETAILS ON BRIDGE STANDARD SCP-MD.
- 14. GUARDRAIL HEIGHT MEASUREMENT: WHEN THE GUARDRAIL IS LOCATED ABOVE PAVEMENT, MEASURE THE HEIGHT S FROM THE PAVEMENT TO THE TOP OF THE W-BEAM RAIL. WHEN THE GUARDRAIL IS LOCATED UP TO 2 FT. OFF OF THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT OR FOR A PAVEMENT OVERLAY, USE A 10-FOOT STRAIGHTEDGE TO EXTEND THE PAVEMENT/SHOULDER SLOPE TO THE BACK OF RAIL, MEASURE FROM THE BOTTOM OF STRAIGHTEDGE TO THE TOP OF RAIL. FOR GUARDRAIL LOCATED DOWN A 10:1 SLOPE, MEASURE FROM THE NOMINAL TERRAIN.

NOTE: TRANSISTIONS TO BRIDGE RAILS OR TRAFFIC BARRIERS. SEE GF (31) TL3 TR STANDARD FOR HIGH-SPEED TL-3 TRANSITIONS. SEE GF (31) TL2 TR STANDARD FOR LOW-SPEED TL-2 TRANSITIONS.

ASTM A449 OR A193 GRADE B7 WITH HEAVY HEX NUT, AND ONE HARDENED WASHER EACH. EMBED ANCHOR RODS 6" WITH HILTI HIT RE 500 EPOXY ADHESIVE. OTHER TYPE III CLASS C EPOXY ADHESIVES MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-6100. "EPOXIES AND ADHESIVES". MAY BE USED IF IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT THEY MEET OR EXCEED THE STRENGTH OF HILTI HIT RE 500 WITH THE SAME EMBEDMENT DEPTH AND THREADED ROD DIA. FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLING EPOXIED THREADED RODS. EXTEND RODS 1/4" MIN. BEYOND NUT.

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

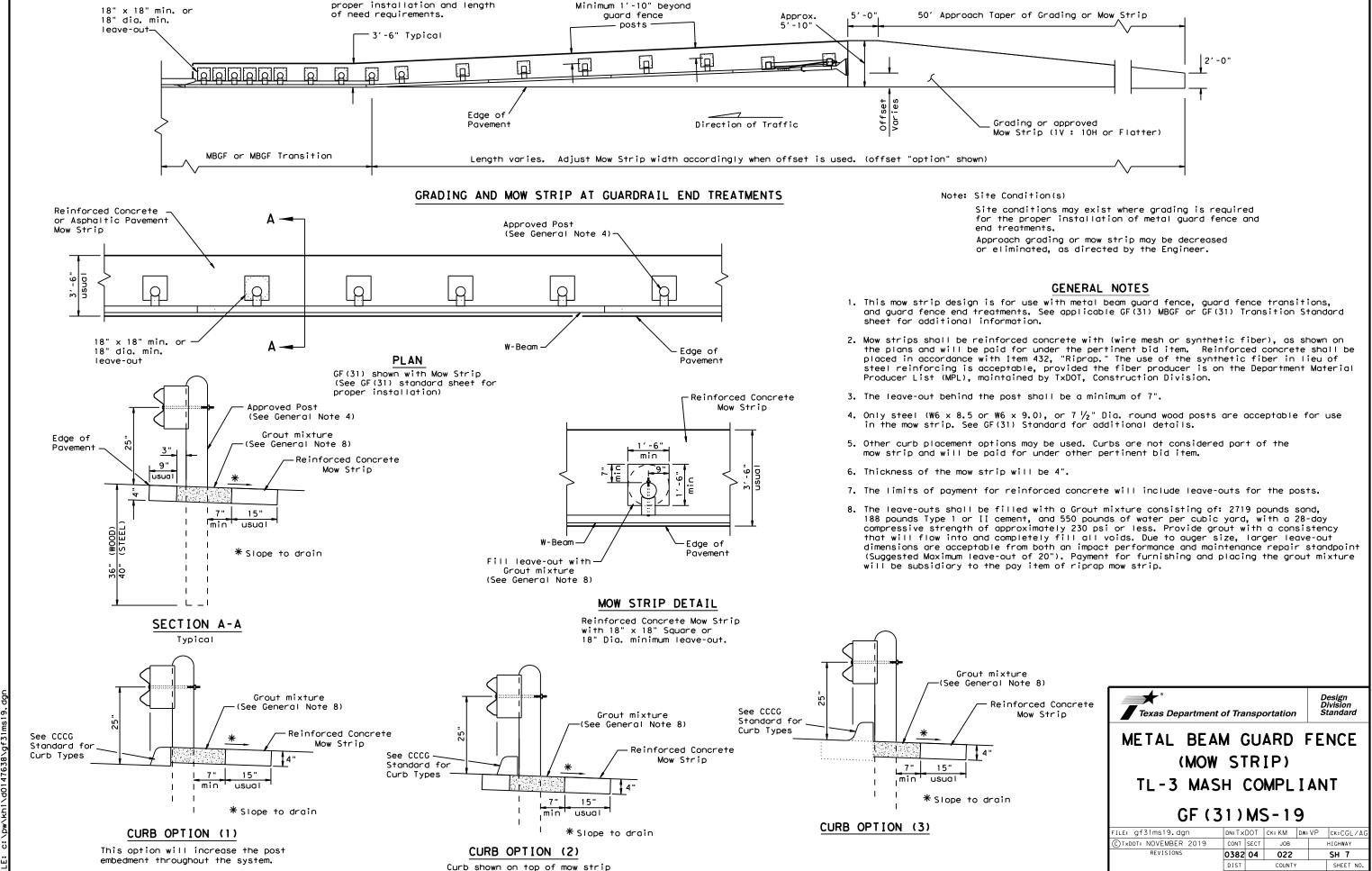
Texas Department of Transportation

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) - 19

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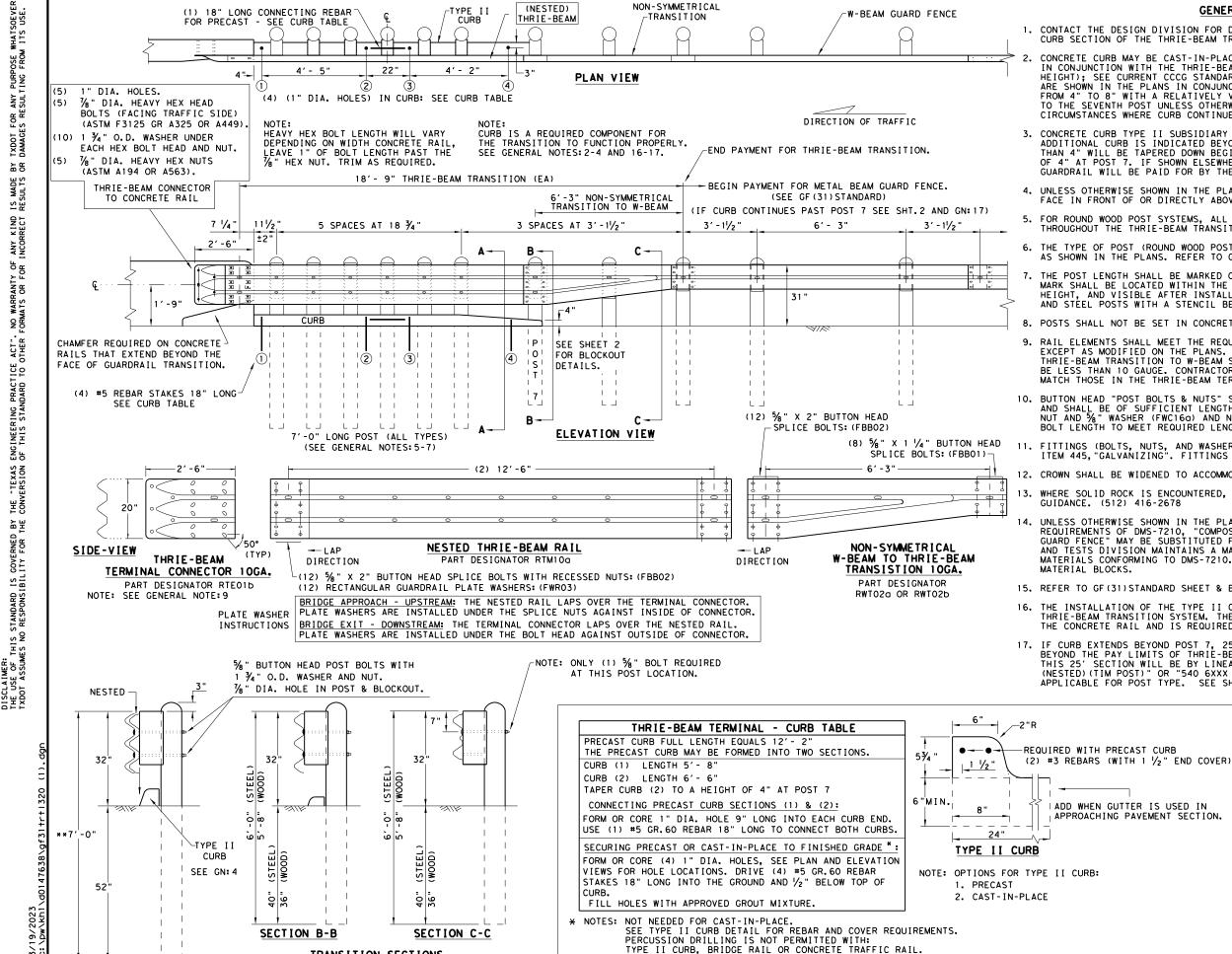


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Note: See SGT standard sheets for



TYPE II CURB DETAILS

TRANSITION SECTIONS

NOTE: ALL POST TYPES, SEE GENERAL NOTE: 5 & 6

NOTE: \*\* "WOOD" INDICATES DIMENSIONS FOR BOTH ROUND AND RECTANGULAR WOOD POST SYSTEMS.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- ¾" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- 3. CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7  $\frac{1}{2}$ " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST  $\frac{1}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STEEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5/6" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- 11. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

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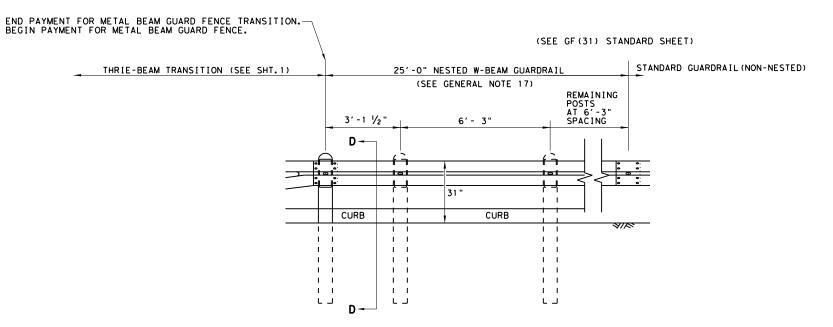
#### HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION SHEET 1 OF 2



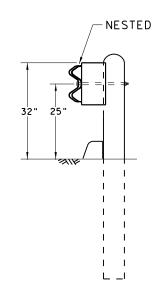
METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL3-20

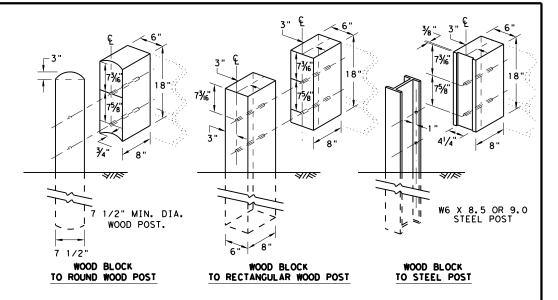
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ELEVATION VIEW



SECTION D-D



#### THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

#### HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

SHEET 2 OF 2

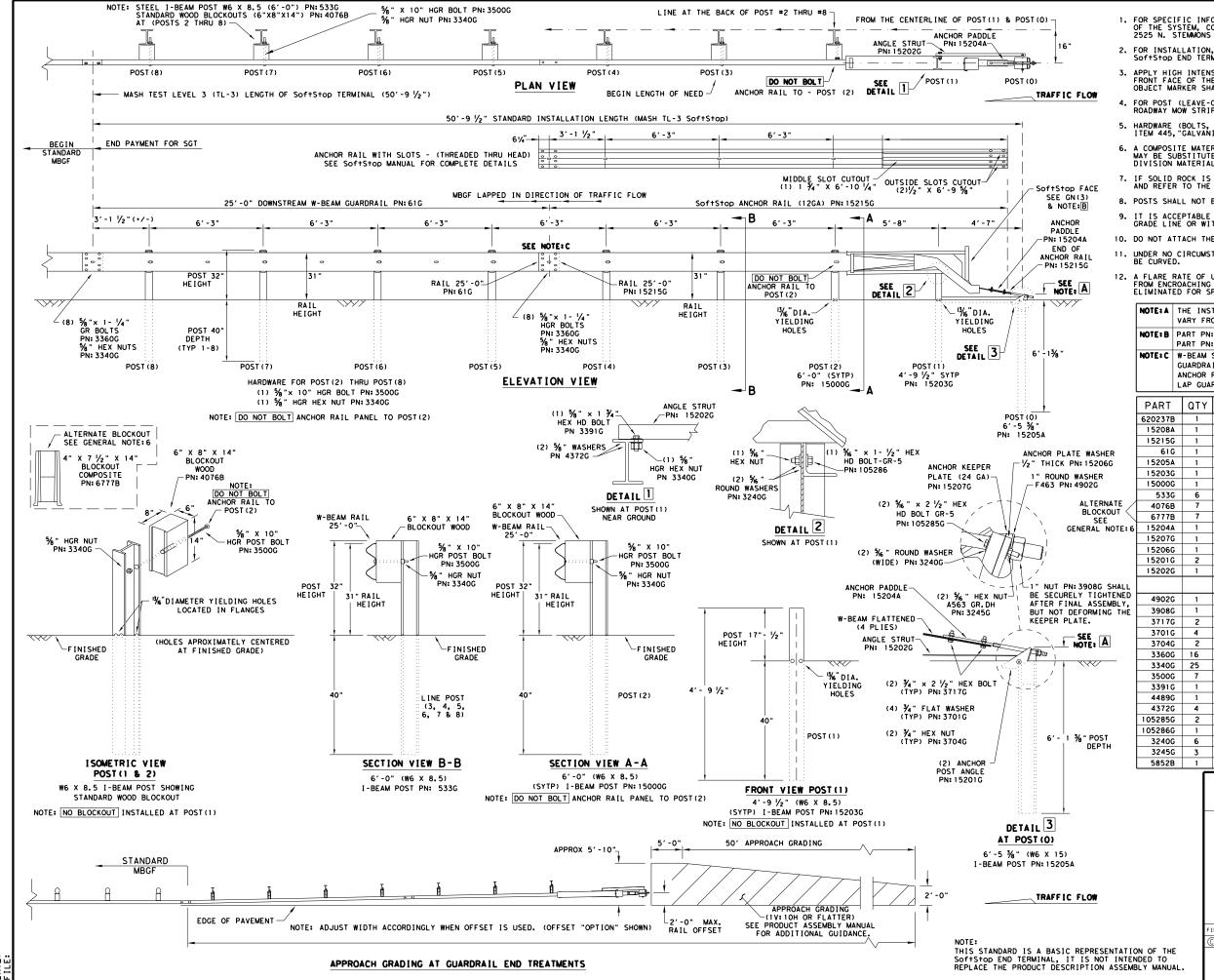


Design Division Standard

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL3-20

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	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	BRY		ROBERTS	102		72	



#### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY AT 1 (888) 323-6374. 2525 N. STEMMONS FREEWAY, DALLAS, TX 75207
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE: SOf+S+op END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. PN:620237B
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WIT ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 8. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFTSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT.
- 10. DO NOT ATTACH THE SOFTSTOP SYSTEM DIRECTLY TO A RIGID BARRIER.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOftStop SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

NOTE: A	THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL
	VARY FROM 3-¾" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE.
NOTE: B	PART PN: 5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)
	PART PN:5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)
NOTE: C	W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST (4) AND LINE POST (5)
	GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN: 61G
	ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN: 15215G
	LAP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW.

MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

620237B 1 15208A 1 15215G 1 61G 1		PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.) SoftStop HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH) SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS
15215G 1		
	-	SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS
616 1		
0.0		SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25'- 0")
15205A 1		POST #0 - ANCHOR POST (6'- 5 1/8")
15203G 1		POST #1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 1/2")
15000G 1		POST #2 - (SYTP) (6'- 0")
533G 6	5	POST #3 THRU #8 - I-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6'- 0")
4076B 7	7	BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14")
6777B 7	7	BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" x 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 14")
15204A 1		ANCHOR PADDLE
15207G 1		ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA)
15206G 1		ANCHOR PLATE WASHER ( 1/2" THICK )
15201G 2	? [	ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG)
15202G 1		ANGLE STRUT
		HARDWARE
4902G 1		1" ROUND WASHER F436
3908G 1		1" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH
3717G 2	?	¾" × 2 ½" HEX BOLT A325
3701G 4		¾" ROUND WASHER F436
3704G 2	?	¾" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR.DH
3360G 16	,	%" × 1 ¼" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR
3340G 25	5	%" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR
3500G 7		%" × 10" HGR POST BOLT A307
3391G 1		%" × 1 ¾" HEX HD BOLT A325
4489G 1		%" × 9" HEX HD BOLT A325
4372G 4		%" WASHER F436
105285G 2	?	% " × 2 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5
105286G 1		% " × 1 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5
3240G 6	, ]	% " ROUND WASHER (WIDE)
3245G 3		% " HEX NUT A563 GR.DH
5852B 1		HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE: B

Texas Department of Transportation

TRINITY HIGHWAY SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (10S) 31-16

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TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	0382	04	022		SH 7	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	BRY		ROBERTS	ON		73

#### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	% " x 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	34" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	5/8" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR. 2) MGAL	48
18	2001840	5/8" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	% " WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	% " RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	%" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

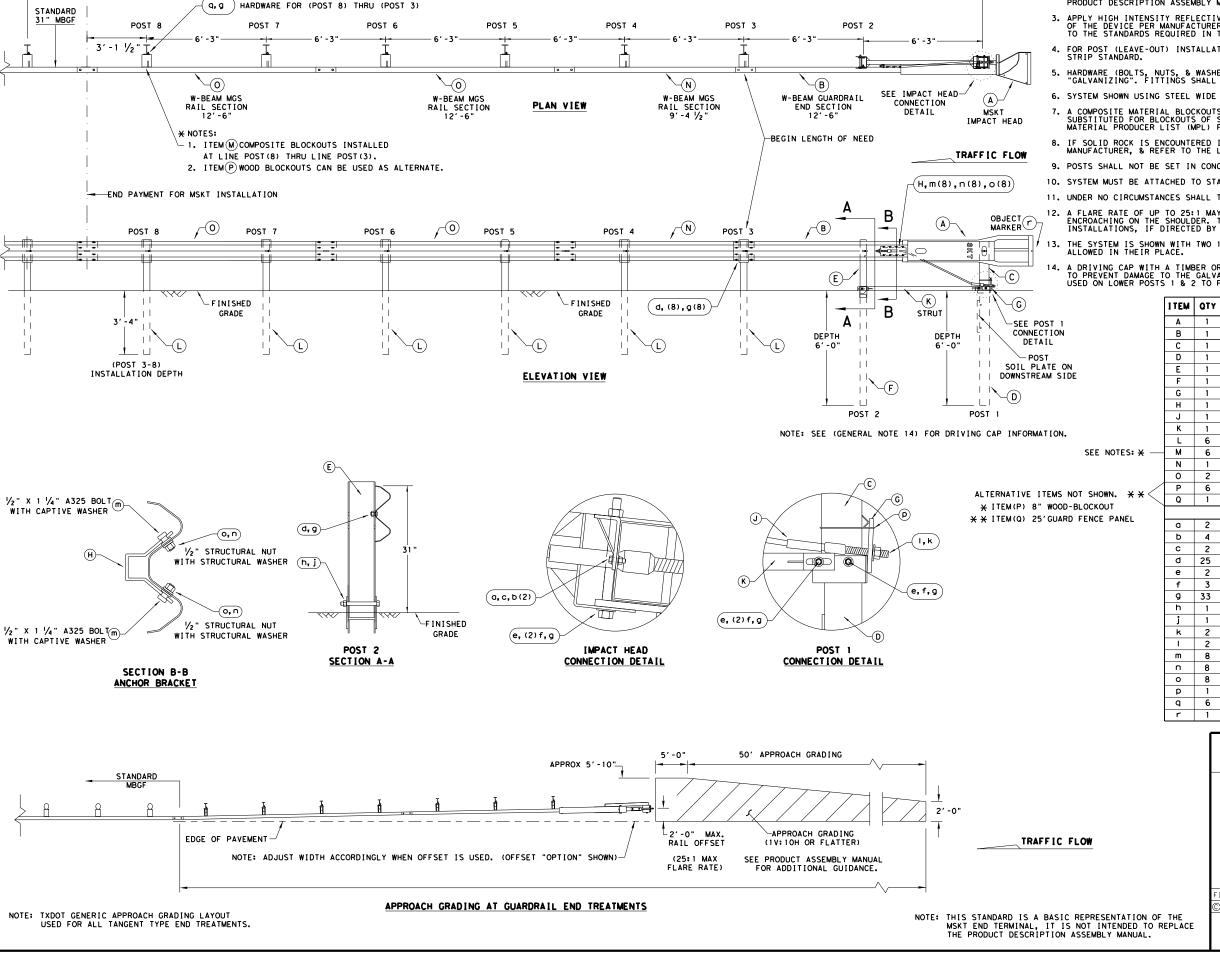
Design Division Standard

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

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- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: ROAD SYSTEMS, INC. (432)263-2435. 3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT, BIG SPRING, TX 79720
- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MSKT END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (PUBLICATION~062717).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE
- 9. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 10. SYSTEM MUST BE ATTACHED TO STANDARD 31" MBGF.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 13. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN THEIR PLACE.
  - A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.

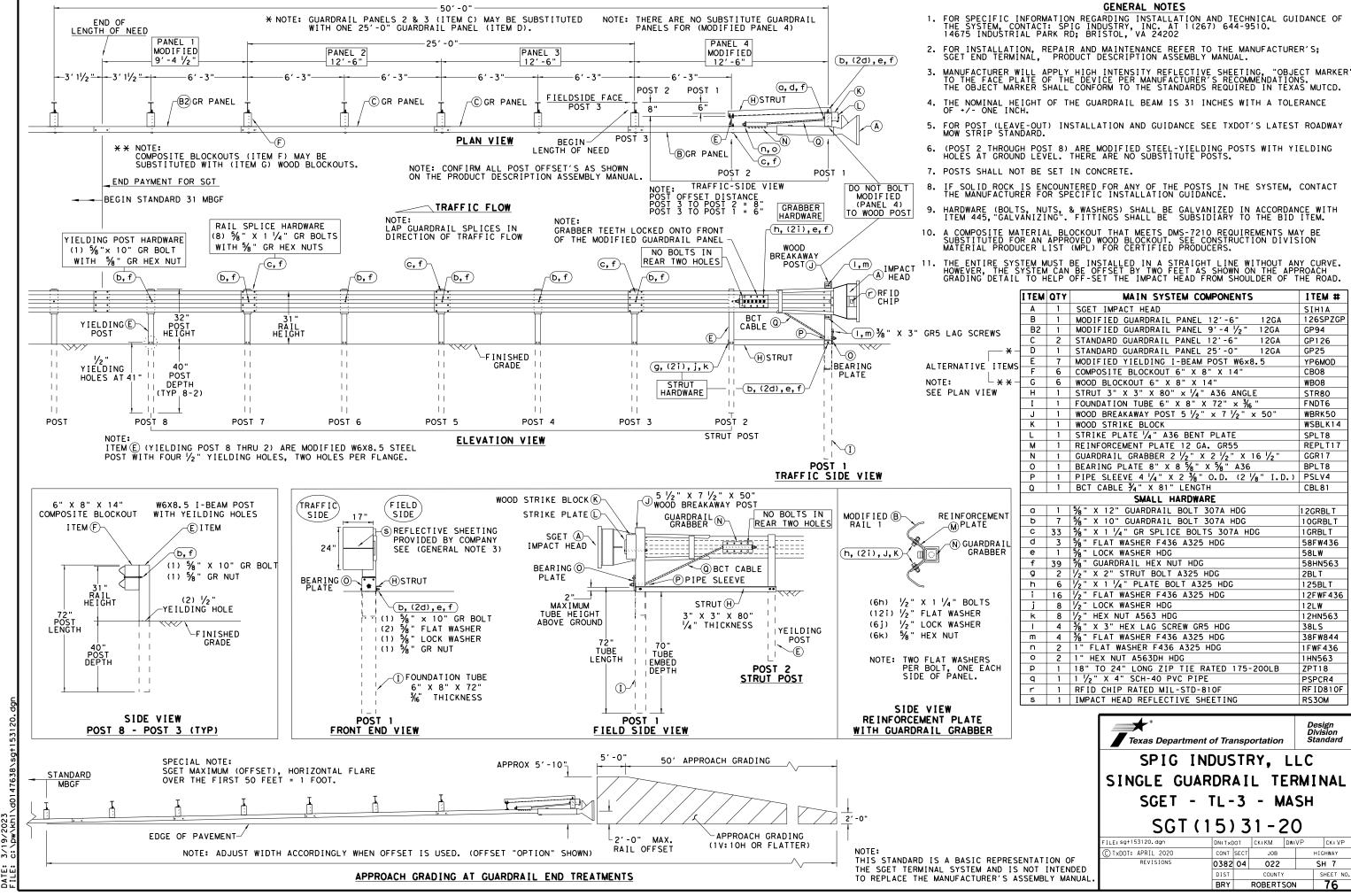
ITEM	QTY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS	I TEM NUMBERS
Α	1	MSKT IMPACT HEAD	MS3000
В	1	W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 Ga.	SF 1 3 0 3
С	1	POST 1 - TOP (6" X 6" X 1/8" TUBE)	MTPHP1A
D	1	POST 1 - BOTTOM (6' W6X15)	MTPHP1B
Ε	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY TOP	UHP2A
F	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9)	HP2B
G	1	BEARING PLATE	E750
Н	1	CABLE ANCHOR BOX	S760
J	1	BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY	E770
K	1	GROUND STRUT	MS785
L	6	W6×9 OR W6×8.5 STEEL POST	P621
М	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS	CBSP-14
N	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2")	G12025
0	2	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6")	G1203A
Р	6	WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	P675
a	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0")	G1209
		SMALL HARDWARE	
a	2	%6" × 1" HEX BOLT (GRD 5)	B5160104A
b	4	% " WASHER	W0516
С	2	% " HEX NUT	N0516
d	25	%" Dia. × 1 ¼" SPLICE BOLT (POST 2)	B580122
е	2	%" Dia. × 9" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B580904A
f	3	%" WASHER	W050
9	33	%" Dia. H.G.R NUT	N050
h	1	¾" Dia. × 8 ½" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B340854A
j	1	¾" Dia. HEX NUT	N030
k	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT	N100
- 1	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE WASHER	W100
m	8	1/2" × 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER	SB12A
n	8	√2" STRUCTURAL NUTS	N012A
0	8	1 1/6" O.D. × 16" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS	W012A
P	1	BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE	CT-100ST
q	6	%" × 10" H.G.R. BOLT	B581002
r	1	OBJECT MARKER 18" X 18"	E3151

Texas Department of Transportation

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

SGT (12S) 31-18

ILE: sg+12s3118.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	CK: KM	DW:	V:VP CK:		(: CL
TxDOT: APRIL 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB			YAW	
REVISIONS	0382	04	022		SH 7		7
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEE		ET NO.	
	BRY	ROBERTSON				-	75



ITEM #

SIH1A 126SPZGF

GP94

GP126

GP25

CB08

WBO8

STR80

FNDT6

WBRK50

WSBLK14

REPLT17

SPLT8

GGR17

BPLT8

CBL81

12GRBLT

1 OGRBL T

1 GRBL T

58FW436

58HN563

125BLT

12FWF436

12HN563

38FW844

1FWF436

1HN563

ZPT18

PSPCR4

RS30M

JOB

022

ROBERTSON

RF I D8 1 OF

HIGHWAY

SH 7

58LW

2BLT

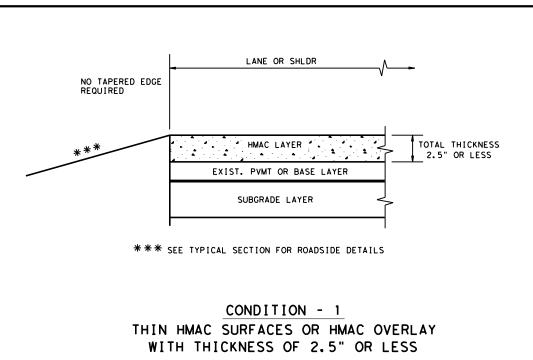
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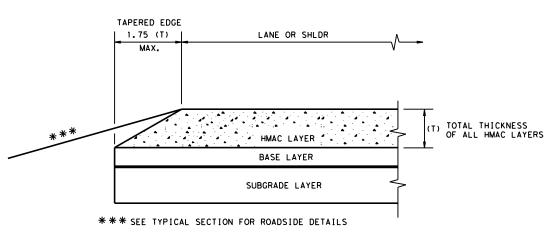
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YP6MOD

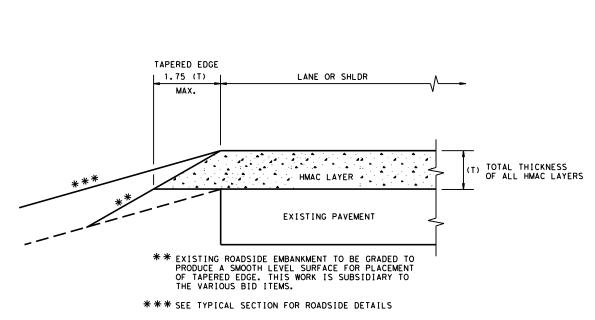
12GA

12GA



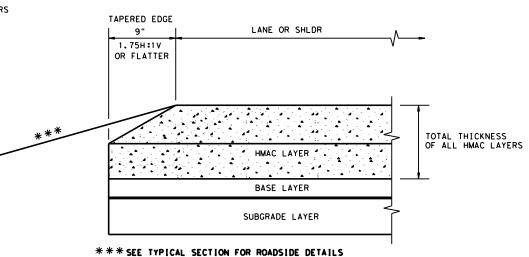


# CONDITION - 3 NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 2

OVERLAY OF EXISTING PAVEMENT
HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



#### CONDITION - 4

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

(NOT TO SCALE)

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5".
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.

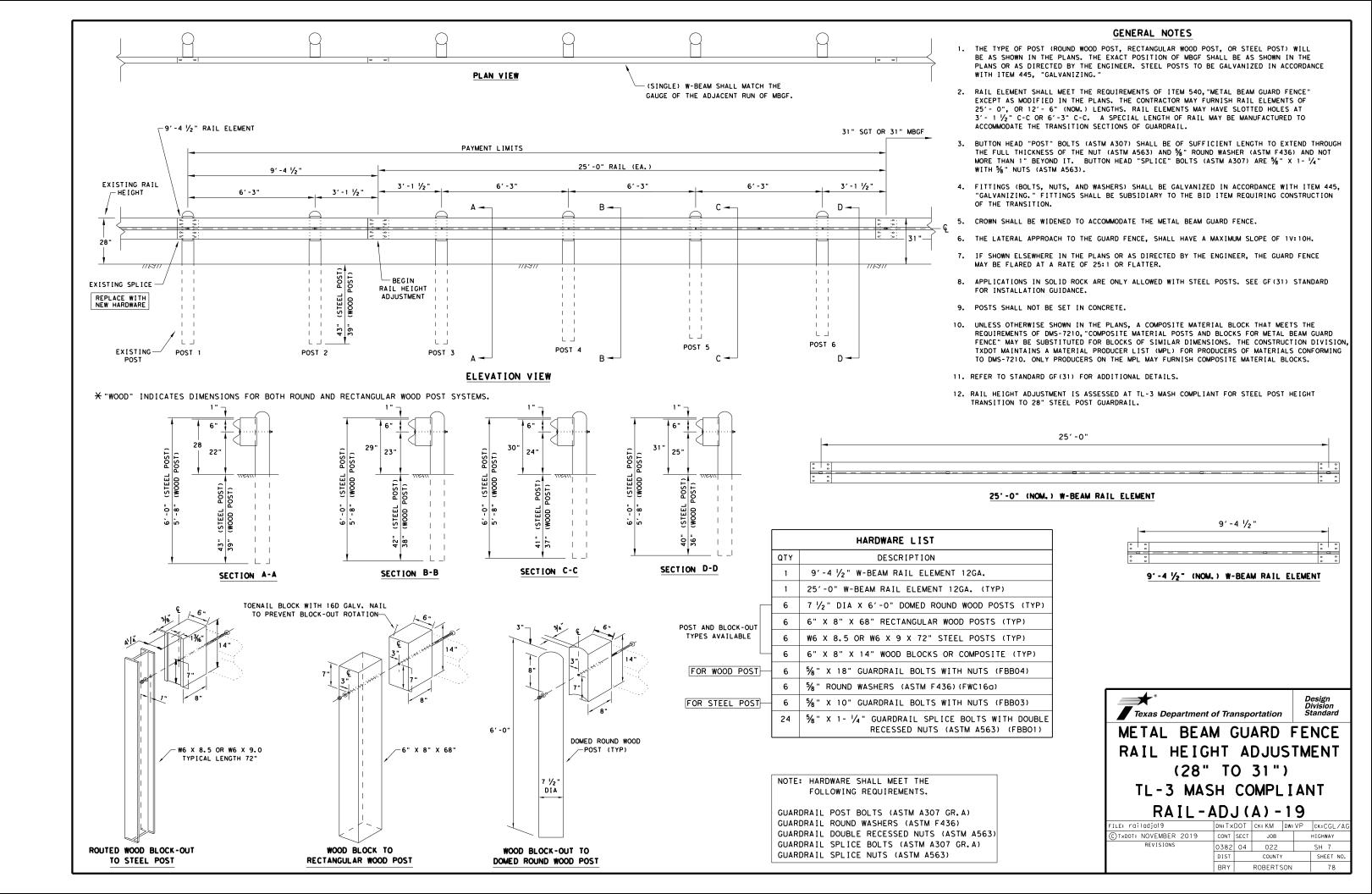


Design Division Standard

## TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT

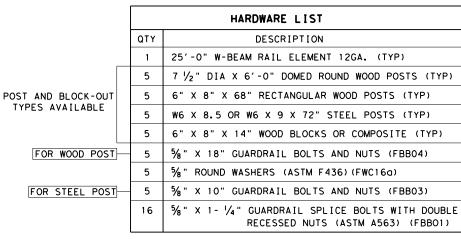
TE (HMAC) - 11

E: tehmac11.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOC	ck: RL	DW: KB	CK:
TxDOT January 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0382	04	022		SH 7
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY		ROBERTS	SON	77



#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF MBGF SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING.
- RAIL ELEMENT SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 25'- 0", OR 12'- 6" (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT  $3'-1\frac{1}{2}$ " C-C OR 6'-3" C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO ACCOMMODATE THE TRANSITION SECTIONS OF GUARDRAIL.
- BUTTON HEAD "POST" BOLTS (ASTM A307) SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT (ASTM A563) AND  $\frac{1}{6}$ " ROUND WASHER (ASTM F436) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. BUTTON HEAD "SPLICE" BOLTS (ASTM A307) ARE  $\frac{1}{6}$ " X 1-  $\frac{1}{4}$ " WITH  $\frac{1}{6}$ " NUTS (ASTM A563).
- FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING." FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM REQUIRING CONSTRUCTION OF THE TRANSITION.
- CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.
- THE LATERAL APPROACH TO THE GUARD FENCE, SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 1V:10H.
- IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE GUARD FENCE MAY BE FLARED AT A RATE OF 25:1 OR FLATTER.
- APPLICATIONS IN SOLID ROCK ARE ONLY ALLOWED WITH STEEL POSTS. SEE GF (31) STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIAL'S CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL MAY FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.
- 11. REFER TO STANDARD GF (31) FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 12. RAIL HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT IS ASSESSED AT TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT FOR STEEL POST HEIGHT TRANSITION TO 28" STEEL POST GUARDRAIL.



NOTE: HARDWARE SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS.

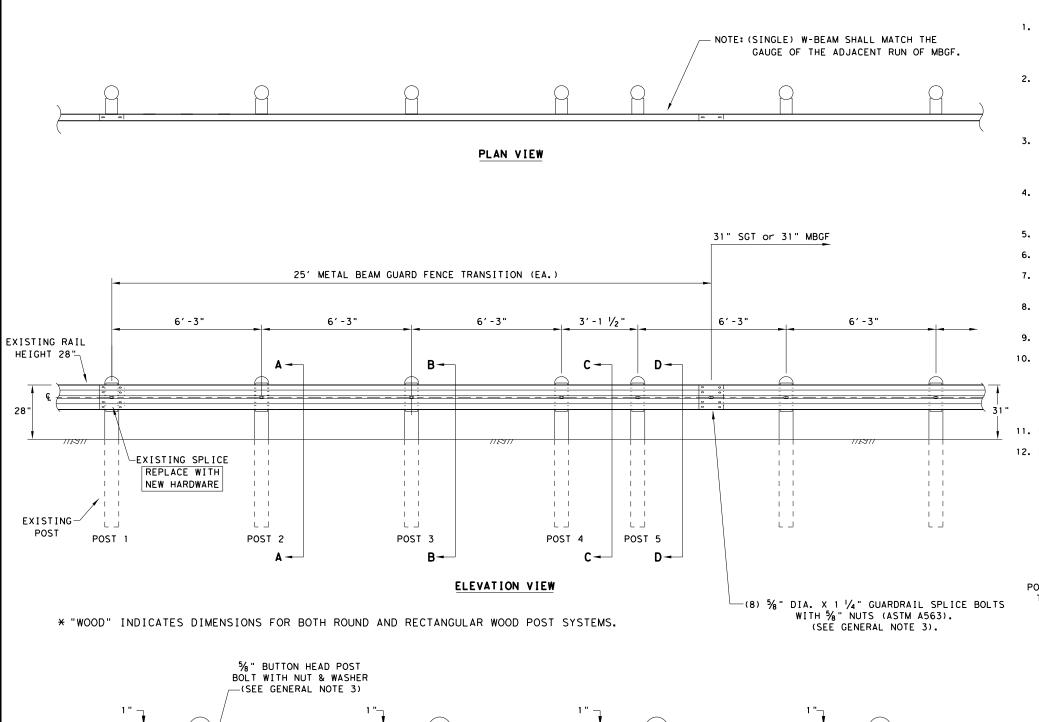
GUARDRAIL POST BOLTS (ASTM A307 GR.A) GUARDRAIL ROUND WASHERS (ASTM F436) GUARDRAIL DOUBLE RECESSED NUTS (ASTM A563) GUARDRAIL SPLICE BOLTS (ASTM A307 GR.A) GUARDRAIL SPLICE NUTS (ASTM A563)



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE RAIL HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT (28" TO 31") TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

RAIL-ADJ(B)-19

DN:TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP CK:CGL/A ILE: railadib19 TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY REVISIONS D38204| 022 SHEET NO DIST COUNTY ROBERTSON



28 29" 22 -0-0 8

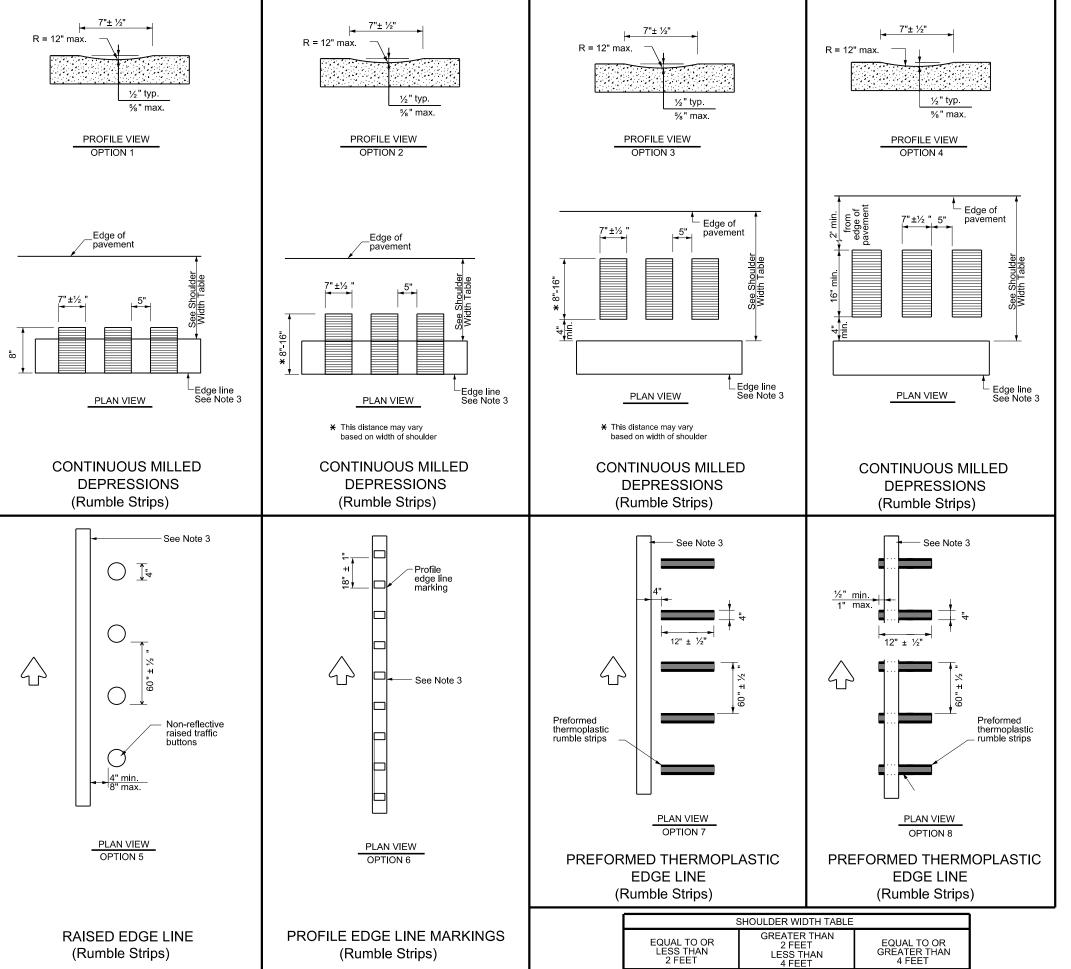
SECTION B-B

SECTION A-A

30 24" SECTION C-C

30 1/2 " 24 1/2 (STEEL (WOOD 2 2

SECTION D-D



Option 1, 5, 6 or 8 Option 2, 4, 5 6 or 7

Option 1, 2, 3 5, 6 or 7

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

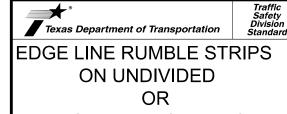
- Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- Use Standard Sheet PM(2) and FPM(1) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing
  of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile
  markings.
- See the Shoulder Width Table below for determining what options may be used for edge line rumble strips.
- Breaks in edge line rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections, or driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration or deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas, or intersections with other roadways.
- Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

#### WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edge line rumble strip.

#### WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edge line when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edge line marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. The minimum distance between the edge line and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edge lines may substitute for buttons.



TWO LANE HIGHWAYS RS(2)-23

` '							
FILE: rs(2)-23.dgn		DN: Tx	DOT	ск:TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск:TxDOT
© TxDOT	January 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS		0382	04	022 SH 7		H 7	
10-13 1-23		DIST	COUNTY SHE		SHEET NO.		
		BRY		ROBERTS	AO8		80

91

CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS **GENERAL NOTES** 1. This standard sheet provides guidelines for installing centerline rumble strips on two-lane highways with or without shoulders. 24" ±½" 18"±½" 2. Centerline and edge line rumble strips or profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less. 3. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into PROFILE VIEW PROFILE VIEW PROFILE VIEW PROFILE VIEW bridge decks. this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the convert to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. 4. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division. 5. Breaks in milled centerline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no <u>4</u> raised traffic more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections Centerline centerline or driveways with high usage of large trucks. or black) markings markings Centerline Centerline 6. Use standard sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all markings markings reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings and profile 0 O 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when centerline rumble 60" ±1⁄2" strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these 10 8. Pavement markings must be applied over milled centerline rumble strips. 国。 See Note 6 See Note 6 -See Note 6 RPM (reflectorized) □--See Note 6 RPM (reflectorized) 0 WHEN INSTALLING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS: (reflectorized) (reflectorized) 9. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per manufacturer's recommendations Non-reflective raised traffic 10. When using non-reflective raised traffic buttons as a centerline rumble buttons (black) strip, the button shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the centerline. The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300. 11. The color of the button should be yellow for a continuous no passing 16" ±1/2" roadway. Black buttons should be used in areas where passing is allowed. 12. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6). WHEN INSTALLING EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS WITH OR WITHOUT CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS: 13. See standard sheet RS(2). -Preformed Preformed thermonlastic thermoplastic ♡ | 0 Texas Department of Transportation CENTERLINE **RUMBLE STRIPS** ON TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS PLAN VIEW PLAN VIEW PLAN VIEW PLAN VIEW OPTION 4 OPTION 1 OPTION 2 OPTION 3 RS(4)-23 PROFILE CENTERLINE MARKINGS DN: TXDOT CK:TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK:TXDO FILE: rs(4)-23.dgn MILLED CENTERLINE PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC TWO LANE TWO-WAY RAISED CENTERLINE © TxDOT January 2023 AND PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC **RUMBLE STRIPS** 0382 04 **HIGHWAYS RUMBLE STRIPS RUMBLE STRIPS** 

**RUMBLE STRIPS** 

Traffic Safety Division Standard

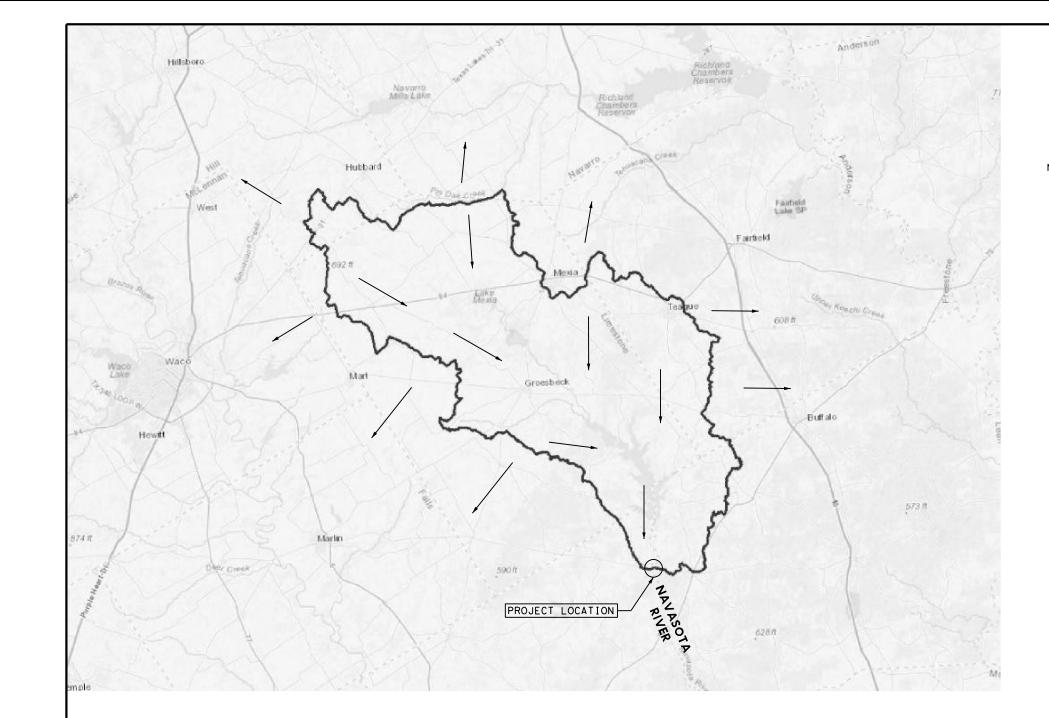
SH 7

81

JOB

022

ROBERTSON





#### NOTES:

- 1. PEAK FLOWS CALCULATED USING A STATISTICAL GAUGE ANALYSIS OF USGS GAUGE NUMBER 8110500 NEAR EASTERLY, TEXAS. FLOW DATA FROM AFTER DAM CONSTRUCTION (1961-PRESENT) WAS USED IN ANALYSIS.
- 2. PEAK FLOWS CALCULATED FOR THE ENTIRE SH 7 CROSSING (NAVASOTA RIVER, NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 1, AND NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2). SEE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET 3 OF 4 FOR FLOWS THROUGH NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO 2.
- 3. THE SH 7 CROSSING OF NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2 IS LOCATED IN A FEMA DESIGNATED FLOOD ZONE A IN ROBERTSON COUNTY ON MAP NUMBER 4839C0075C, EFFECTIVE JULY 18, 2011.





Kimley»Horn
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SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

DRAINAGE AREA MAP

SHEET 1	OF	1
---------	----	---

311221 1 31 1								
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.							
6	SEE TITLE SHEET SH 7							
STA	STATE DIST. COUNTY				SHEET NO.			
TEXAS		BRYAN	ROBERTSON					
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		82			
0382		04	022					

PE	AK FLOW CALCUL	ATIONS F	FROM STA	TISTICAL	GAUGE A	ANALYSIS	
CROSSING	DRAINAGE AREA	2-YR (CFS)	5-YR (CFS)	10-YR (CFS)	25-YR (CFS)	50-YR (CFS)	100-YR (CFS)
SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF #2	790	12935	29065	42173	60468	74854	89572
GAUGE	968	14318	32173	46683	66934	82859	99150



- 1. SEE THE DRAINAGE AREA MAP SHEET FOR PEAK FLOW CALCULATIONS. THE FLOWS CALCULATED USING A STATISTCAL ANALYSIS OF STREAM GAUGE DATA WERE USED IN THE HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS.
- 2. HYDRAULICS ANALYZED USING THE HEC-RAS VERSION 6.1 WITH STEADY FLOW ANALYSIS.
- CROSS SECTION DATA IS BASED ON EXISTING GROUND SURVEY, SUPPLEMENTED WITH LIDAR DATA RECIEVED FROM THE TEXAS NATURAL RESOURCES INFORMATION SYSTEM (TNRIS).
- 4. THE DESIGN STORM IS 50-YEAR. THE PROPOSED BRIDGE MEETS THIS REQUIREMENT.
- 5. DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITION WAS SET TO NORMAL DEPTH (SL=0.003 FT/FT).
- 6. THE SH 7 CROSSING OF NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2 IS LOCATED IN A FEMA DESIGNATED FLOOD ZONE A IN ROBERTSON COUNTY ON MAP NUMBER 4839C0075C, EFFECTIVE JULY 18, 2011.
- 7. COORDINATION WITH THE LOCAL FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR IN ROBERTSON COUNTY HAS BEEN INITIATED AND ALL PLANS HAVE BEEN PROVIDED FOR THEIR REVIEW ON 08/09/21.









SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

HYDRAULIC DATA

CHEET 4 OF 4

SHEET 1 OF 4								
HWAY NO.	HIG	FED.RD. DIV.NO.						
	SEE TITLE SHEET SH 7							
SHEET NO.	COUNTY		STATE DIST.					
	SON	ROBERT	BRYAN	TEXAS				
83		JOB	SECT.	CONT.				
		022	04	0382				

#### HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION SUMMARY - EXISTING VS PROPOSED

					COMPUTED		VELOC	ITIES	
HEC-RAS	DOWNSTREAM	FREQUENCY	FLOW*	WATER SURFCE ELEVATIONS (FT)				(FPS)	
STATION	REACH LENGTH		(CFS)	EXISTING	PROPOSED	DIFFERENCE	EXISTING	PROPOSED	
6687	116	50 YEAR	74854	318.18	318.17	-0.01	2.52	2.52	
U/S STATION	1 116	100 YEAR	89572	319.28	319.27	-0.01	2.62	2.63	
6571	153	50 YEAR	74854	318.15	318.14	-0.01	2.69	2.69	
U/S STATION	133	100 YEAR	89572	319.25	319.24	-0.01	2.78	2.78	
6418	217	50 YEAR	74854	318.12	318.12	0.00	2.59	2.60	
U/S STATION	217	100 YEAR	89572	319.23	319.22	-0.01	2.69	2.69	
6201	201	50 YEAR	74854	318.06	318.05	-0.01	2.94	2.94	
U/S STATION	201	100 YEAR	89572	319.16	319.15	-0.01	3.07	3.08	
6000	167	50 YEAR	74854	318.02	318.01	-0.01	2.90	2.90	
U/S STATION	167	100 YEAR	89572	319.12	319.11	-0.01	3.03	3.03	
5833	213	50 YEAR	74854	317.97	317.97	0.00	3.13	3.13	
U/S STATION	213	100 YEAR	89572	319.08	319.07	-0.01	3.27	3.28	
5620	128	50 YEAR	74854	317.92	317.91	-0.01	2.58	2.58	
U/S STATION	120	100 YEAR	89572	319.02	319.01	-0.01	2.68	2.68	
5492	164	50 YEAR	74854	317.88	317.87	-0.01	2.40	2.40	
U/S STATION	164	100 YEAR	89572	318.98	318.97	-0.01	2.46	2.46	
5328	142	50 YEAR	74854	317.84	317.83	-0.01	2.88	2.88	
U/S STATION		100 YEAR	89572	318.93	318.92	-0.01	3.05	3.05	
5186	214	50 YEAR	74854	317.70	317.7	0.00	3.35	3.35	
U/S STATION	214	100 YEAR	89572	318.79	318.78	-0.01	3.45	3.46	
4972	80	50 YEAR	74854	317.35	317.35	0.00	4.59	4.58	
U/S STATION	80	100 YEAR	89572	318.38	318.37	-0.01	4.78	4.79	
4892				SH 7	BRIDGE				
4801	112	50 YEAR	74854	316.54	316.54	0.00	5.27	5.23	
D/S STATION	112	100 YEAR	89572	317.42	317.42	0.00	5.55	5.51	
4689	103	50 YEAR	74854	316.44	316.44	0.00	5.22	5.22	
D/S STATION	103	100 YEAR	89572	317.33	317.33	0.00	5.62	5.62	
4586	194	50 YEAR	74854	316.37	316.37	0.00	4.14	4.14	
D/S STATION	134	100 YEAR	89572	317.27	317.27	0.00	4.49	4.49	
4392	166	50 YEAR	74854	316.29	316.29	0.00	3.76	3.76	
D/S STATION	100	100 YEAR	89572	317.20	317.20	0.00	4.01	4.01	
4226	655	50 YEAR	74854	316.22	316.22	0.00	3.20	3.20	
D/S STATION	000	100 YEAR	89572	317.12	317.12	0.00	3.46	3.46	
3571		50 YEAR	74854	315.96	315.96	0.00	4.01	4.01	
D/S STATION	]	100 YEAR	89572	316.84	316.84	0.00	4.32	4.32	

<sup>\*</sup>FLOWS IN THIS TABLE ARE FOR ENTIRE SH 7 CROSSING (NAVASOTA RIVER, NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 1 AND NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO.2).
SEE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET 3 OF 4 FOR FLOWS THROUGH NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF 2.

#### NOTES:

- 1. REFER TO THE DRAINAGE AREA MAP SHEET FOR CALCULATION NOTES.
- 2. THE SH 7 CROSSING OF NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2 IS LOCATED IN A FEMA DESIGNATED FLOOD AREA IN ROBERTSON COUNTY ON MAP NUMBER 4839C0075C, EFFECTIVE JULY 18, 2011.
- 3. COORDINATION WITH THE LOCAL FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR IN ROBERTSON COUNTY HAS BEEN INITIATED AND ALL PLANS HAVE BEEN PROVIDED FOR THEIR REVIEW ON 08/09/21.









HYDRAULIC DATA

SHEET 2 OF 4

SHEET E OF T								
ED. RD. I V. NO.	FEDE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.						
6	S	SEE TITLE SHEET SH 7						
ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
TE	TEXAS BRYAN RO		ROBERTSON					
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		84			
03	0382 04 022							

#### BRIDGE HYDRAULIC SUMMARY- EXISTING

50 YEAR

317.73	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
317.36	E.G. Elev (ft)	317.47	317.25
33060.96	W.S. Elev (ft)	316.53	316.56
33060.96	Crit W.S. (ft)	312.07	310.32
	Max Chi Dpth (ft)	11.80	15.59
	Vel Total (ft/s)	7.79	6.69
	Flow Area (sq ft)	4244.75	4940.55
	Froude # Chl	0.00	0.30
	Specif Force (cu ft)	30144.52	37586.59
323.73	Hydr Depth (ft)	10.01	11.69
319.56	W.P. Total (ft)	722.35	792.75
0.70	Conv. Total (cfs)	519304.8	642884.3
0.77	Top Width (ft)	423.96	422.58
5525.26	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.09	0.10
7.79	C & E Loss (ft)	0.12	0.12
	Shear Total (lb/sq ft	1.49	1.03
Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	11.58	6.89
	317.36 33060.96 33060.96 323.73 319.56 0.70 0.77 5525.26 7.79	317.36 E.G. Elev (ft)  33060.96 W.S. Elev (ft)  33060.96 Crit W.S. (ft)  Max Chl Dpth (ft)  Vel Total (ft/s)  Flow Area (sq ft)  Froude # Chl  Specif Force (cu ft)  323.73 Hydr Depth (ft)  319.56 W.P. Total (ft)  0.70 Conv. Total (cfs)  0.77 Top Width (ft)  5525.26 Frcth Loss (ft)  7.79 C & E Loss (ft)  Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	317.36 E.G. Elev (ft) 317.47  33060.96 W.S. Elev (ft) 316.53  33060.96 Crit W.S. (ft) 312.07  Max Chl Dpth (ft) 11.80  Vel Total (ft/s) 7.79  Flow Area (sq ft) 4244.75  Froude # Chl 0.00  Specif Force (cu ft) 30144.52  323.73 Hydr Depth (ft) 10.01  319.56 W.P. Total (ft) 722.35  0.70 Conv. Total (cfs) 519304.8  0.77 Top Width (ft) 423.96  5525.26 Freth Loss (ft) 0.09  7.79 C & E Loss (ft) 0.12  Shear Total (lb/sq ft 1.49

100 YEAR

TOO TEAR				
E.G. US. (ft)	318.83	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (f+)	318.38	E.G. Elev (ft)	318.52	318.28
*Q Total (cfs)	39200.74	W.S. Elev (ft)	317.4	317.44
*Q Bridge (cfs)	39200.74	Crit W.S. (ft)	312.8	311.06
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	12.67	16.47
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	8.49	7.38
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	4618.58	5313.32
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0	0.32
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	36373.71	44203.16
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	323.73	Hydr Depth (ft)	10.8	12.47
Min El Prs (ft)	319.56	W.P. Total (ft)	750.86	822.83
Delta EG (ft)	0.81	Conv. Total (cfs)	582053.6	707513.3
Delta WS (ft)	0.91	Top Width (ft)	427.48	426.09
BR Open Area (sq ft)	5525.26	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.1	0.11
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	8.49	C & E Loss (ft)	0.14	0.15
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (Ib/sq ft	1.74	1.24
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	14.78	9.13

<sup>\*</sup>FLOW FOR ONLY NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2.

#### BRIDGE HYDRAULIC SUMMARY- PROPOSED

50 YEAR

E.G. US. (ft)	317.71	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (f+)	317.31	E.G. Elev (ft)	317.46	317.2
*Q Total (cfs)	33975.81	W.S. Elev (ft)	316.5	316.46
*Q Bridge (cfs)	33975.81	Crit W.S. (ft)	312.22	310.45
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chi Dpth (ft)	11.77	15.52
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	7.85	6.76
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	4328.98	5027.47
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.40	0.30
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	30497.94	37869.39
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	324.14	Hydr Depth (ft)	9.63	11.21
Min El Prs (ft)	318.00	W.P. Total (ft)	579.22	593.02
Delta EG (ft)	0.69	Conv. Total (cfs)	634993.3	808824.1
Delta WS (ft)	0.75	Top Width (ft)	449.66	448.66
BR Open Area (sq ft)	4938.69	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.13	0.05
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	7.85	C & E Loss (ft)	0.12	0.13
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft	1.34	0.93
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	10.48	6.31

100 YEAR

TOU TEAR				
E.G. US. (f+)	318.81	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (f+)	318.34	E.G. Elev (ft)	318.51	318.23
*Q Total (cfs)	40573.27	W.S. Elev (ft)	317.37	317.36
*Q Bridge (cfs)	40573.27	Crit W.S. (ft)	312.99	311.23
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chi Dpth (ft)	12.64	16.39
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	8.6	7.49
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	4719.54	5414.77
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.43	0.33
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	36977.91	44678.01
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	324.14	Hydr Depth (ft)	10.49	12.03
Min El Prs (ft)	318.00	W.P. Total (ft)	589.34	604.39
Delta EG (ft)	0.80	Conv. Total (cfs)	709851.1	888624.9
Delta WS (ft)	0.89	Top Width (ft)	450	450
BR Open Area (sq ft)	4938.69	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.15	0.06
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	8.6	C & E Loss (ft)	0.14	0.15
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft	1.63	1.17
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	14.04	8.74





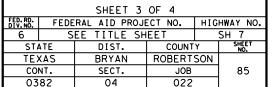




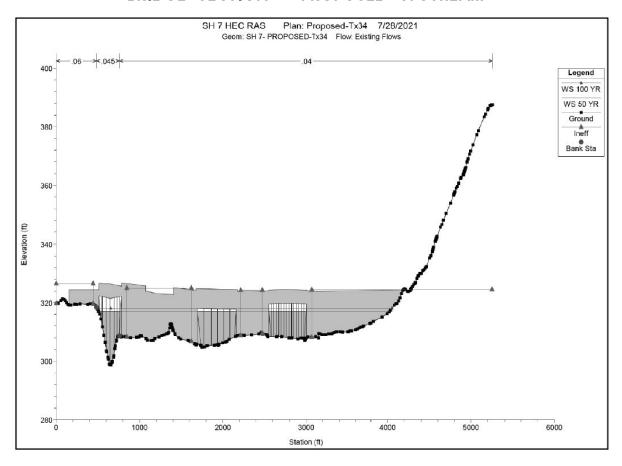
#### HYDRAULIC DATA

- 1. REFER TO THE DRAINAGE AREA MAP SHEET FOR CALCULATION NOTES.
- 2. THE SH 7 CROSSING OF NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2 IS LOCATED IN A FEMA DESIGNATED FLOOD ZONE A IN ROBERTSON COUNTY ON MAP NUMBER 4839C0075C, EFFECTIVE JULY 18, 2011.
- 3. COORDINATION WITH THE LOCAL FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR IN ROBERTSON COUNTY HAS BEEN INITIATED AND ALL PLANS HAVE BEEN PROVIDED FOR THEIR REVIEW ON 08/09/21.

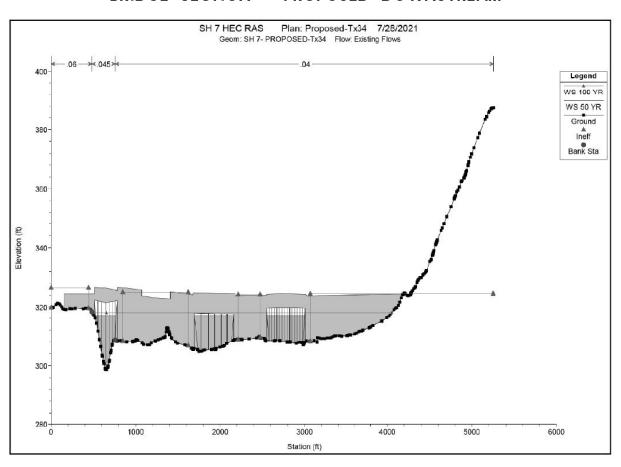
## NOTES:



#### **BRIDGE SECTION - PROPOSED UPSTREAM**



#### BRIDGE SECTION - PROPOSED DOWNSTREAM



#### NOTES:

- 1. REFER TO THE DRAINAGE AREA MAP SHEET FOR CALCULATION NOTES.
- 2. THE SH 7 CROSSING OF NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2 IS LOCATED IN A FEMA DESIGNATED FLOOD AREA IN ROBERTSON COUNTY ON MAP NUMBER 4839C0075C, EFFECTIVE JULY 18, 2011.
- 3. COORDINATION WITH THE LOCAL FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR IN ROBERTSON COUNTY HAS BEEN INITIATED AND ALL PLANS HAVE BEEN PROVIDED FOR THEIR REVIEW ON 08/09/21.





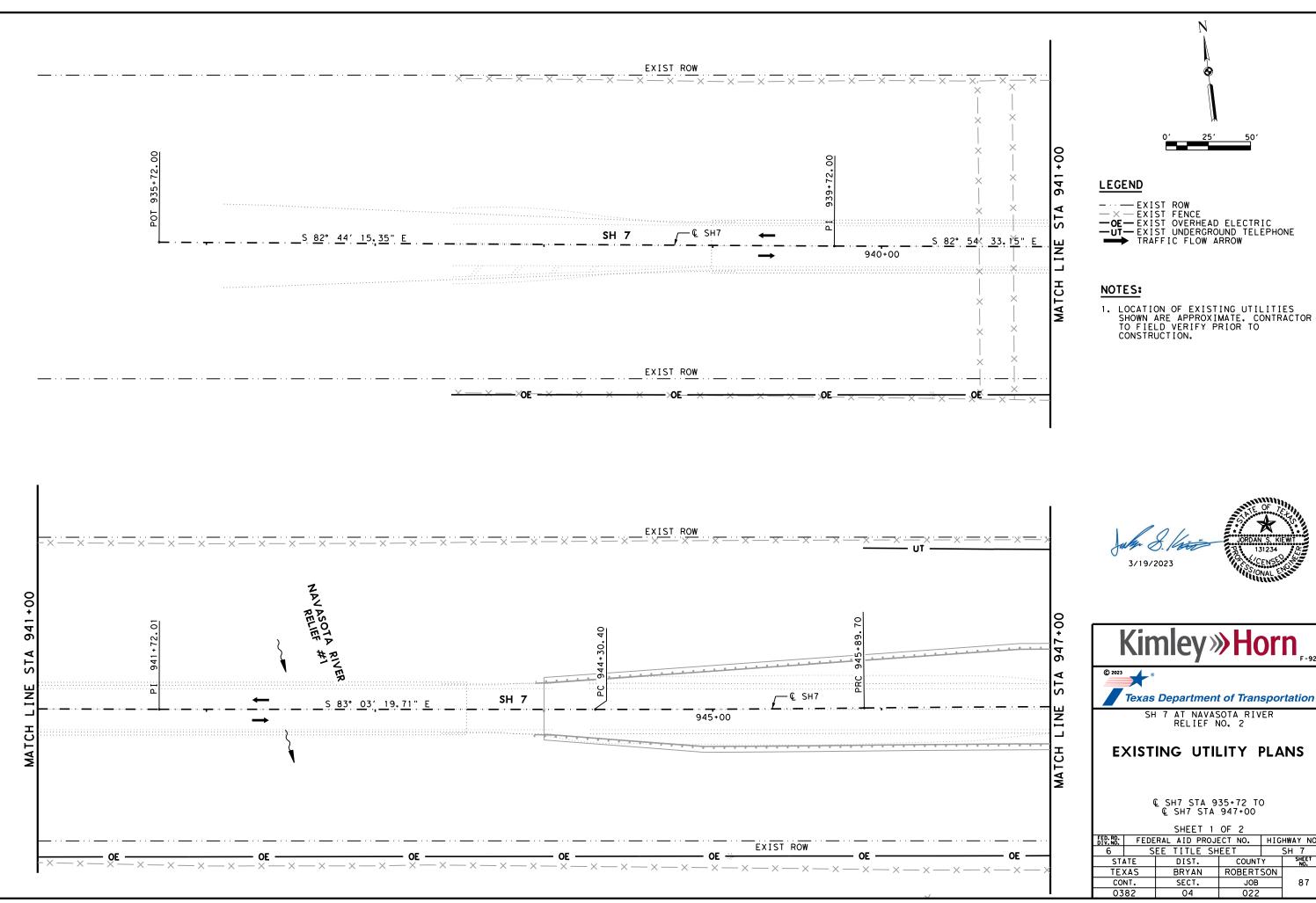


SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

HYDRAULIC DATA

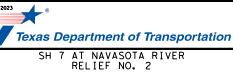
SHEET 4 OF 4
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311221 7 01 7									
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO							
6	S	SEE TITLE SHEET SH 7							
STA	ATE	DIST. COUNTY			SHEET NO.				
TEX	XAS	BRYAN	ROBERTSON						
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		86				
03	82	04	022						





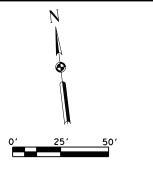
Kimley»Horn



**EXISTING UTILITY PLANS** 

© SH7 STA 935+72 TO © SH7 STA 947+00

		SHEET 1	OF 2		
ED. RD. IV. NO.	FEDE	RAL AID PROJ	ECT NO.	HIG	HWAY NO.
9	S	EE TITLE SH	IEET		SH 7
STA	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.
TEX	XAS	BRYAN	ROBERT	SON	
CO	NT.	SECT.		87	
03	82	04	022		



#### LEGEND

-·· — EXIST ROW
--- — EXIST FENCE
--- OE — EXIST OVERHEAD ELECTRIC
--- UT — EXIST UNDERGROUND TELEPHONE
TRAFFIC FLOW ARROW

LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.





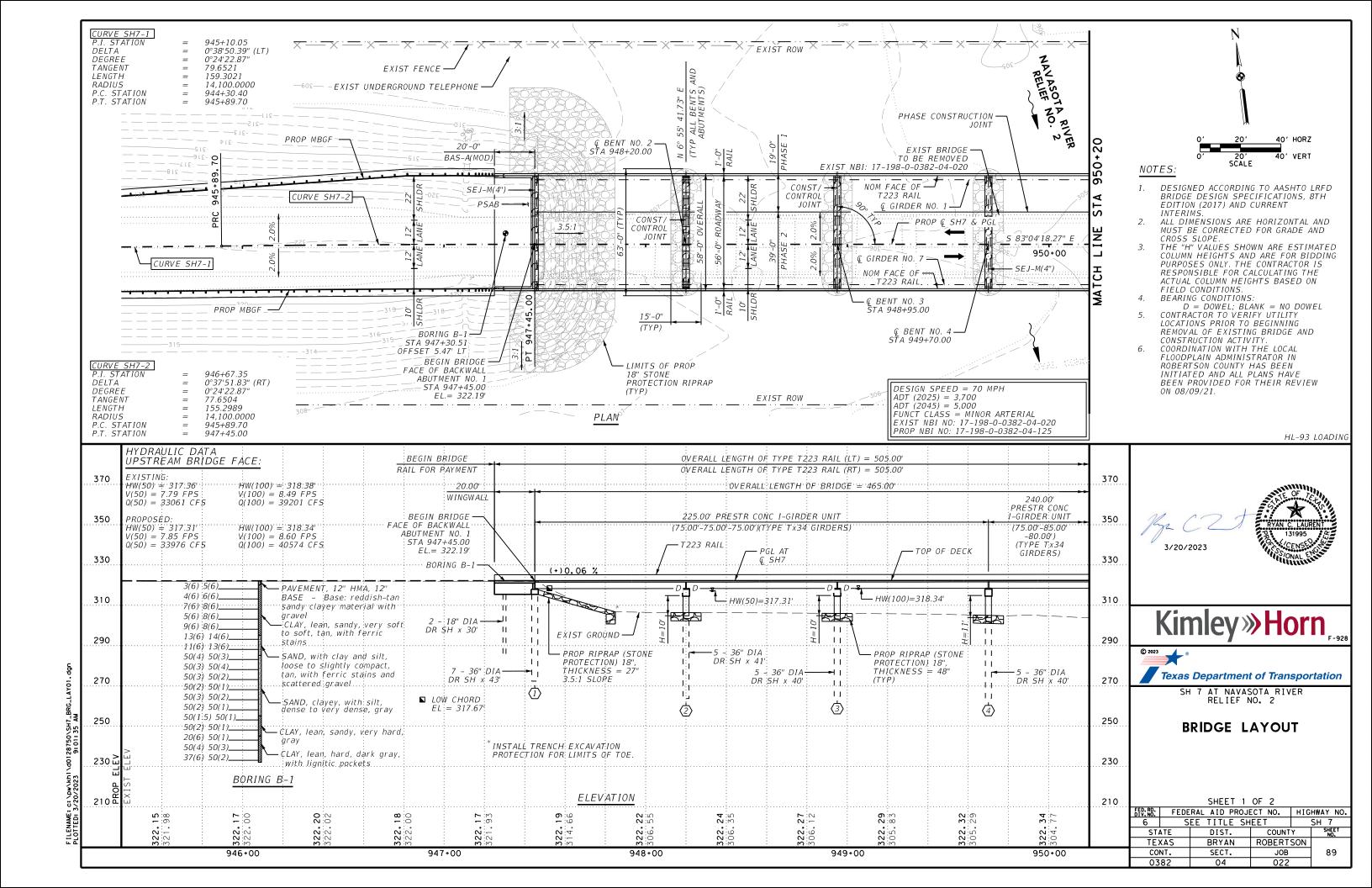


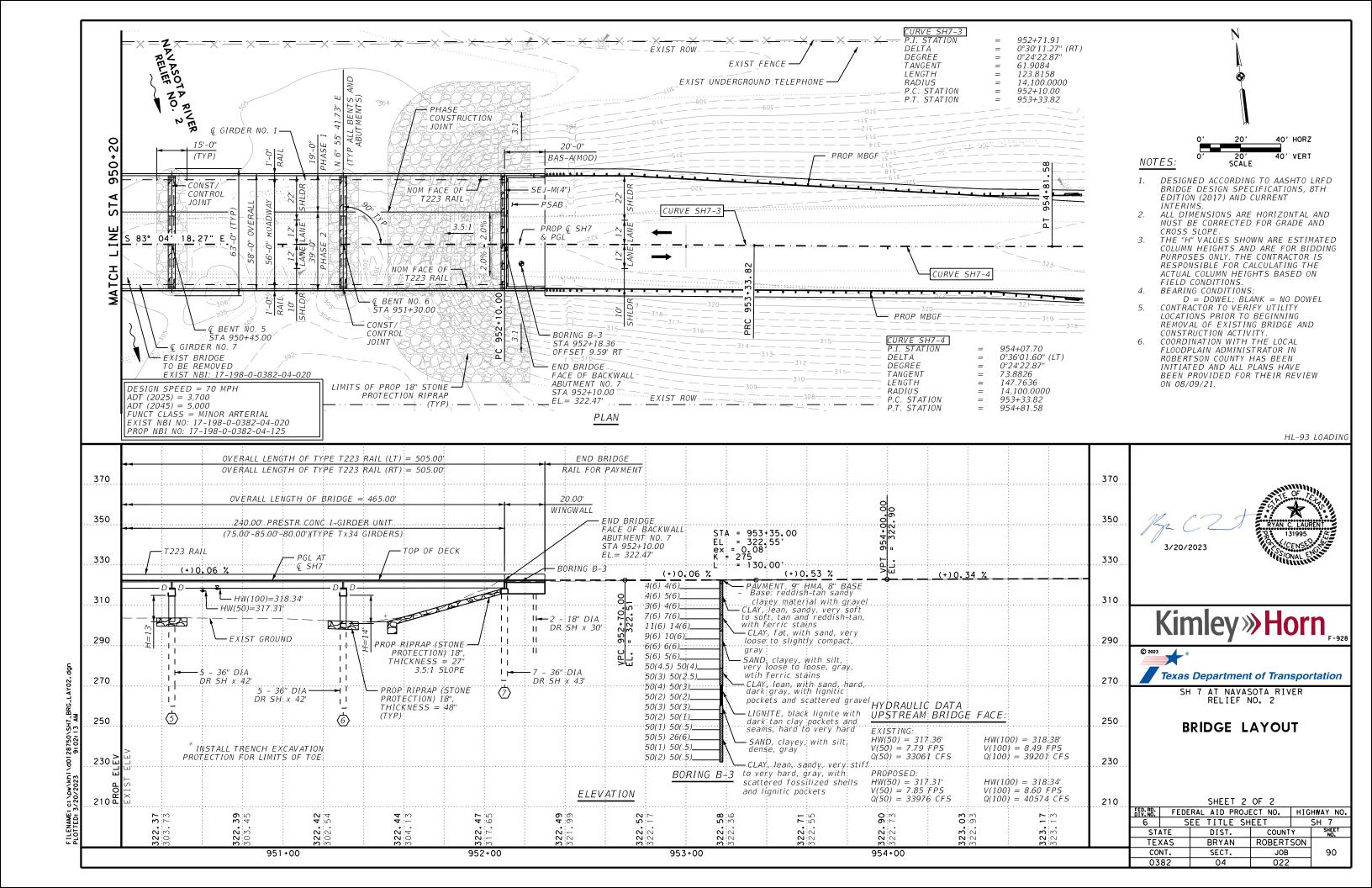
SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

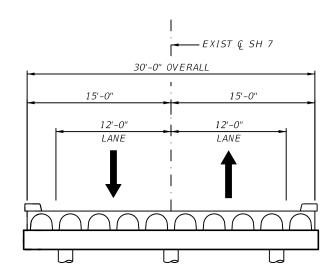
### **EXISTING UTILITY PLANS**

© SH7 STA 957+00 TO END PROJECT

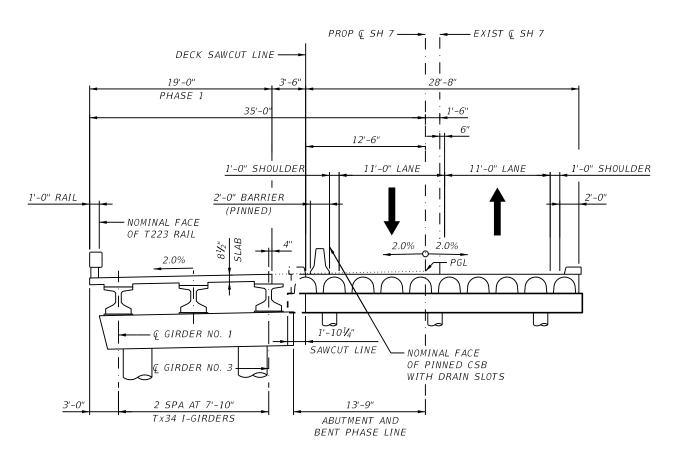
		SHEET 2	OF 2		
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDE	RAL AID PROJE	ECT NO.	HIG	HWAY NO.
6	S	EE TITLE SH		SH 7	
STATE DIST. COU			COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.
TE>	(AS	BRYAN	ROBERTSON		
CONT. SECT.		JOB 8		88	
03	0382 04 022				







EXISTING PAN GIRDER TYPICAL



PHASE 1 TYPICAL SECTION
(BENT SHOWN. ABUTMENT SIMILAR.)



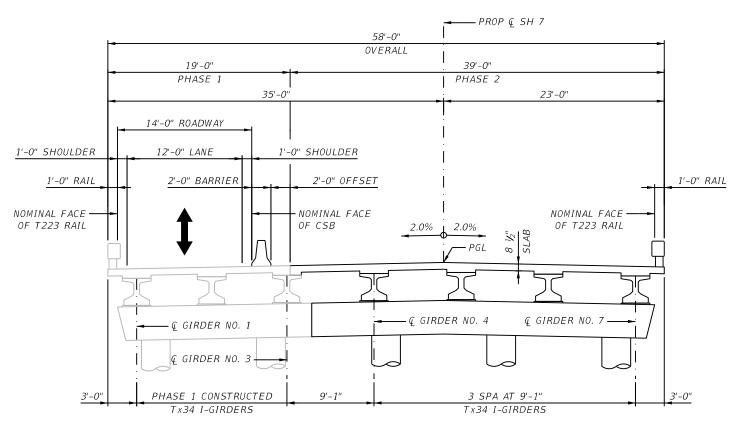




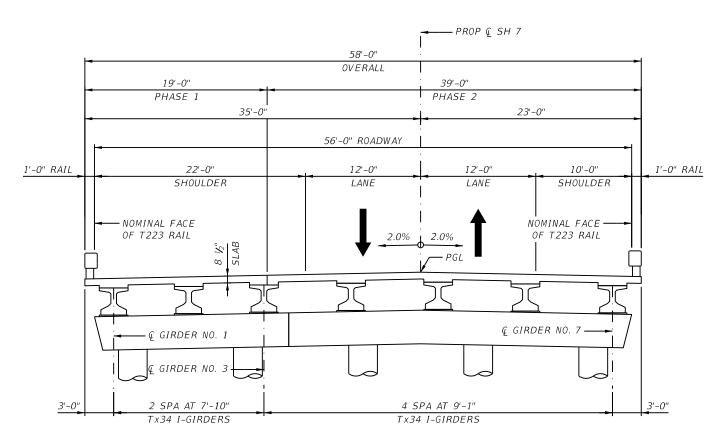
SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS

		SHEET	OF Z		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDE	HWAY NO.			
6	S	EE TITLE SH	EET		SH 7
ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.
TE	XAS	BRYAN	ROBERTSON		
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		91
03	82	04	022		



PHASE 2 TYPICAL SECTION
(BENT SHOWN. ABUTMENT SIMILAR.)



ULTIMATE TYPICAL SECTION
(BENT SHOWN. ABUTMENT SIMILAR.)







SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS

SHEET 2 OF 2

		0	· -					
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY						
6	S	SEE TITLE SHEET SH						
ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.			
TEXAS		BRYAN	ROBERTSON					
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		92			
03	82	04	022					



Texas Department of Transportation SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

BRIDGE **ESTIMATED QUANTITIES** 

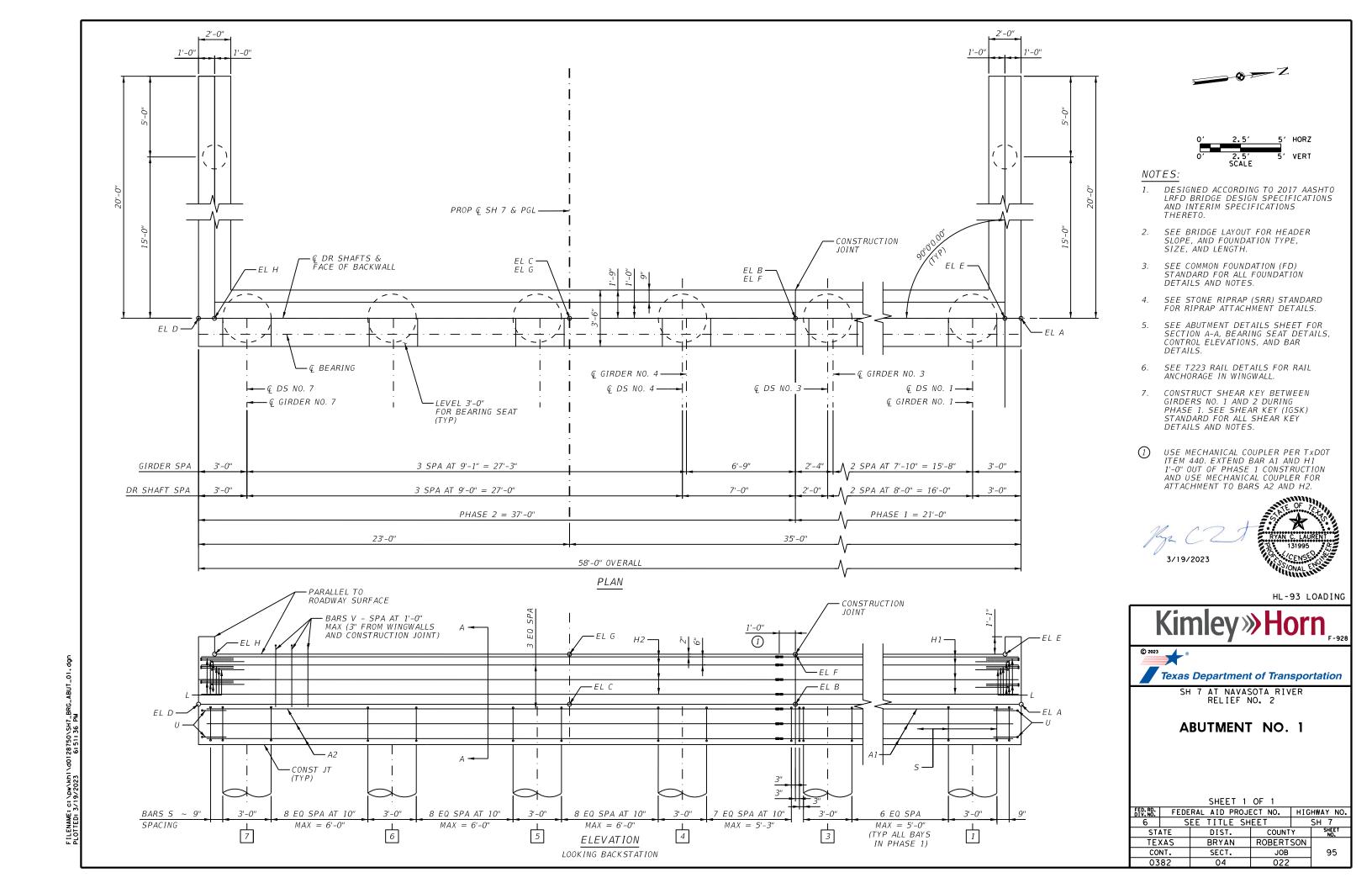
#### NOTES:

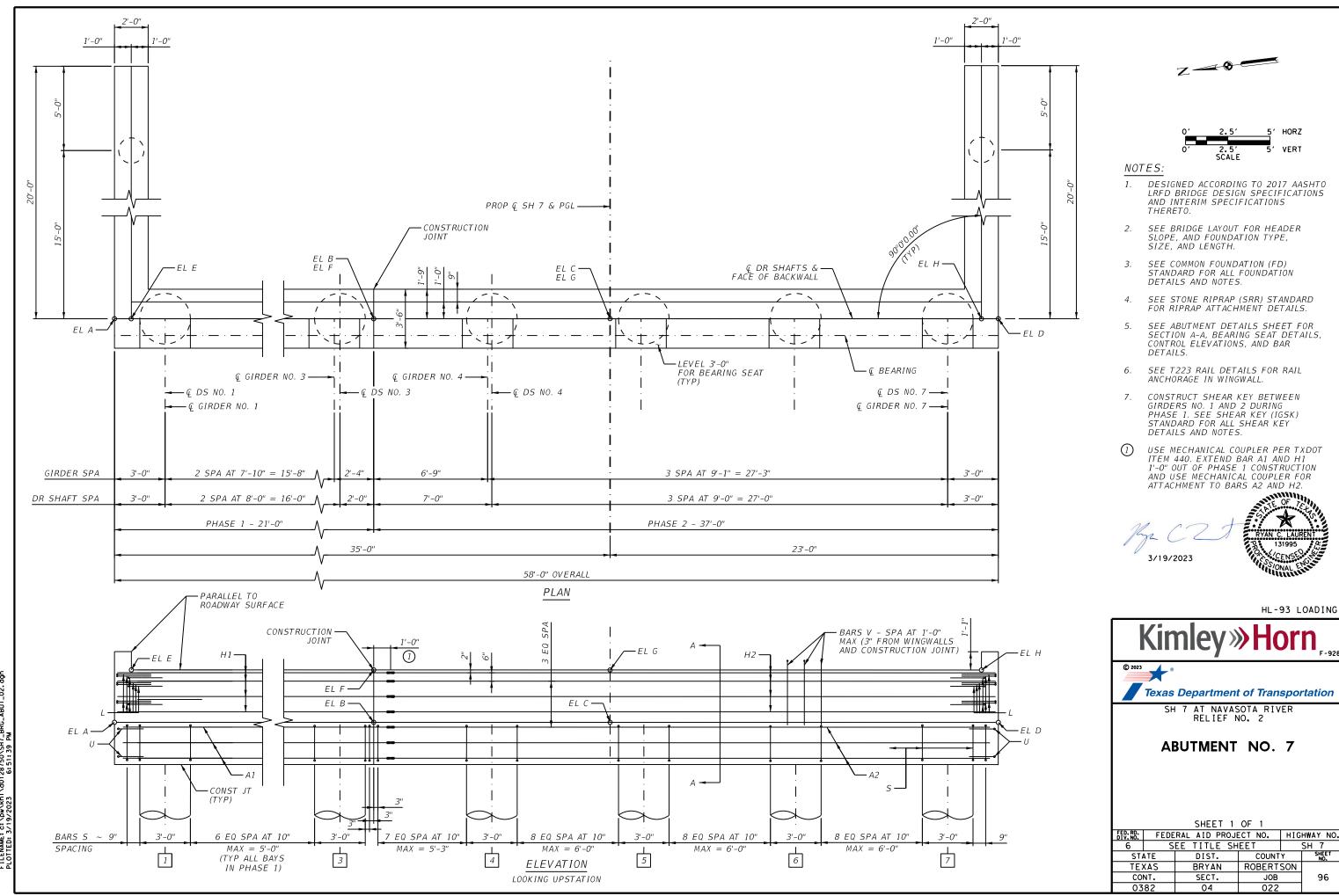
SHEAR KEY CONCRETE QUANTITY IS INCLUDED IN ABUTMENT AND CAP QUANTITIES. IT IS SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 0420 CL C CONC (ABUT) AND

SHEET 1 OF 1

FED.RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO. 6 SEE TITLE SHEET SH 7 STATE DIST. COUNTY TEXAS ROBERTSON BRYAN CONT. SECT. JOB 93 0382 04 022

04







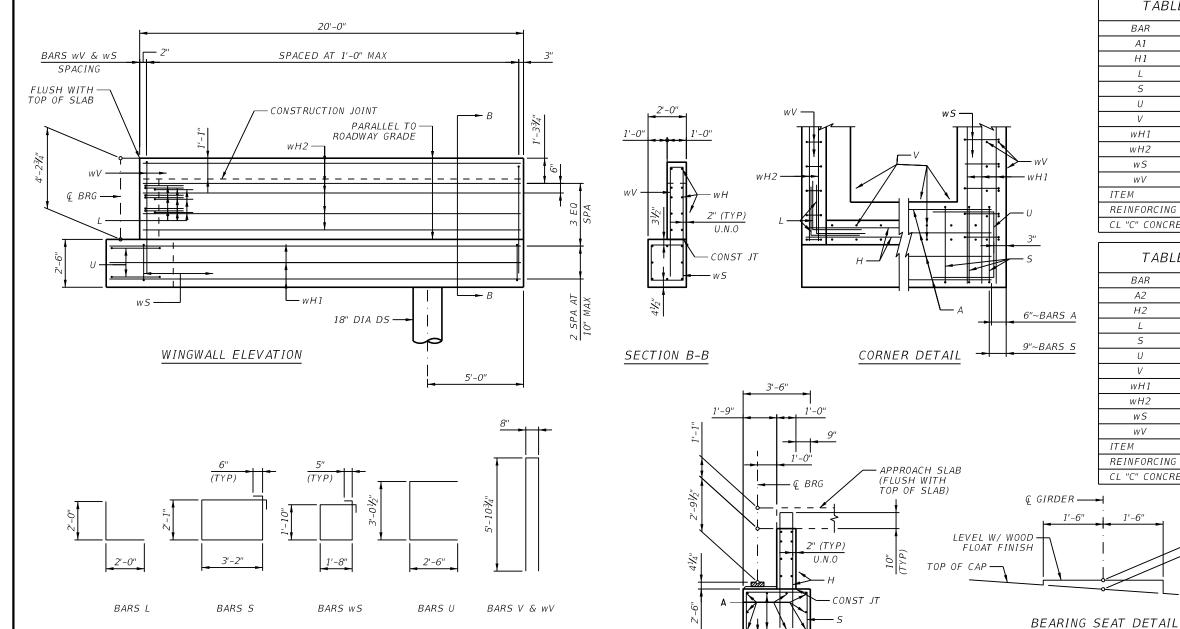


TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES - PHASE 1						
BAR	NO.	SIZE	LENGTH	WEIGHT		
A1	10	#11	21'-9"	1,156		
H1	8	#6	22'-1"	265		
L	9	#6	4'-0"	54		
S	18	#5	11'-6"	216		
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49		
V	57	#5	5'-11"	352		
wH1	14	#6	21'-5"	450		
wH2	20	#6	19'-8"	591		
w S	38	#4	7'-10"	199		
wV	38	#5	5'-11"	631		
ITEM		UNIT	QUANTITY			
REINFORCING	STEEL *	LB	3,962			
CL "C" CONCRE	TE (ABUT)		CY	16.0		

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES - PHASE 2						
BAR	NO.	SIZE	LENGTH	WEIGHT		
A2	10	#11	<i>35'-3</i> "	1,873		
H2	8	#6	35'-7"	428		
L	9	#6	4'-0"	54		
S	37	#5	11'-6"	444		
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49		
V	57	#5	5'-11"	352		
wH1	14	#6	21'-5"	450		
wH2	20	#6	19'-8"	591		
wS	38	#4	7'-10"	199		
wV	38	#5	5'-11"	631		
ITEM		UNIT	QUANTITY			
REINFORCING	STEEL *	LB	5,069			
CL "C" CONCRE	TE (ABUT)	CY	22.8			

\* FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY U.N.O - UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE HL-93 LOADING

7/32 C 2 RYAN 6 LAURENT 131995 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 131995 15 13199

CONTROL ELEVATIONS								
	TOP OF CAP				TOP OF L	BACKWALL		
	EL A	EL B	EL C	EL D	EL E	EL F	EL G	EL H
ABUT 1	317.256'	317.676'	317.956'	317.496'	320.422'	320.822'	321.102'	320.662'
ABUT 7	317.542'	317.962'	318.242'	317.781'	320.708'	321.108'	321.388'	320.948'

SECTION A-A

CONTROL ELEVATIONS									
		TOP OF DRILLED SHAFT**							
	DS 1	DS 2	DS 3	DS 4	DS 5	DS 6	DS 7		
ABUT 1	314.816'	314.976'	315.136′	315.316'	315.416'	315.236'	315.056'		
ABUT 7	315.102'	315.262'	315.422'	315.602'	315.702'	315.521'	315.341'		

\*\* ELEVATIONS AT Q OF DRILLED SHAFT

	BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS						
	GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4	GIRDER 5	GIRDER 6	GIRDER 7
ABUT 1 (FWD)	317.444'	317.601'	317.758'	317.939'	318.048'	317.866′	317.684'
ABUT 7 (BK)	317.728'	317.885'	318.042'	318.223'	318.332'	318.150'	317.968'

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

PROVIDE CLASS C CONCRETE, fc'=3,600 PSI. PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL. GALVANIZE DOWEL BARS D.

CALCULATED FOUNDATION LOAD: ABUTMENT 1 & 7 = 80 TONS/SHAFT.

(BEARING SURFACE MUST BE CLEAN AND FREE OF ALL LOOSE MATERIAL BEFORE PLACING BEARING PAD.)

> COVER DIMENSIONS ARE CLEAR DIMENSIONS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. REINFORCING BAR DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE OUT-TO-OUT OF BAR.

QUANTITIES SHOWN ARE PER ABUTMENT.

Kimley»	lorn F-928
© 2023 ®	



ABUTMENT DETAILS

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. H							
6	S	EE TITLE SH	IEET		SH 7				
ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.				
TE	XAS	BRYAN	ROBERT	SON					
CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		97				
03	82	04	022						

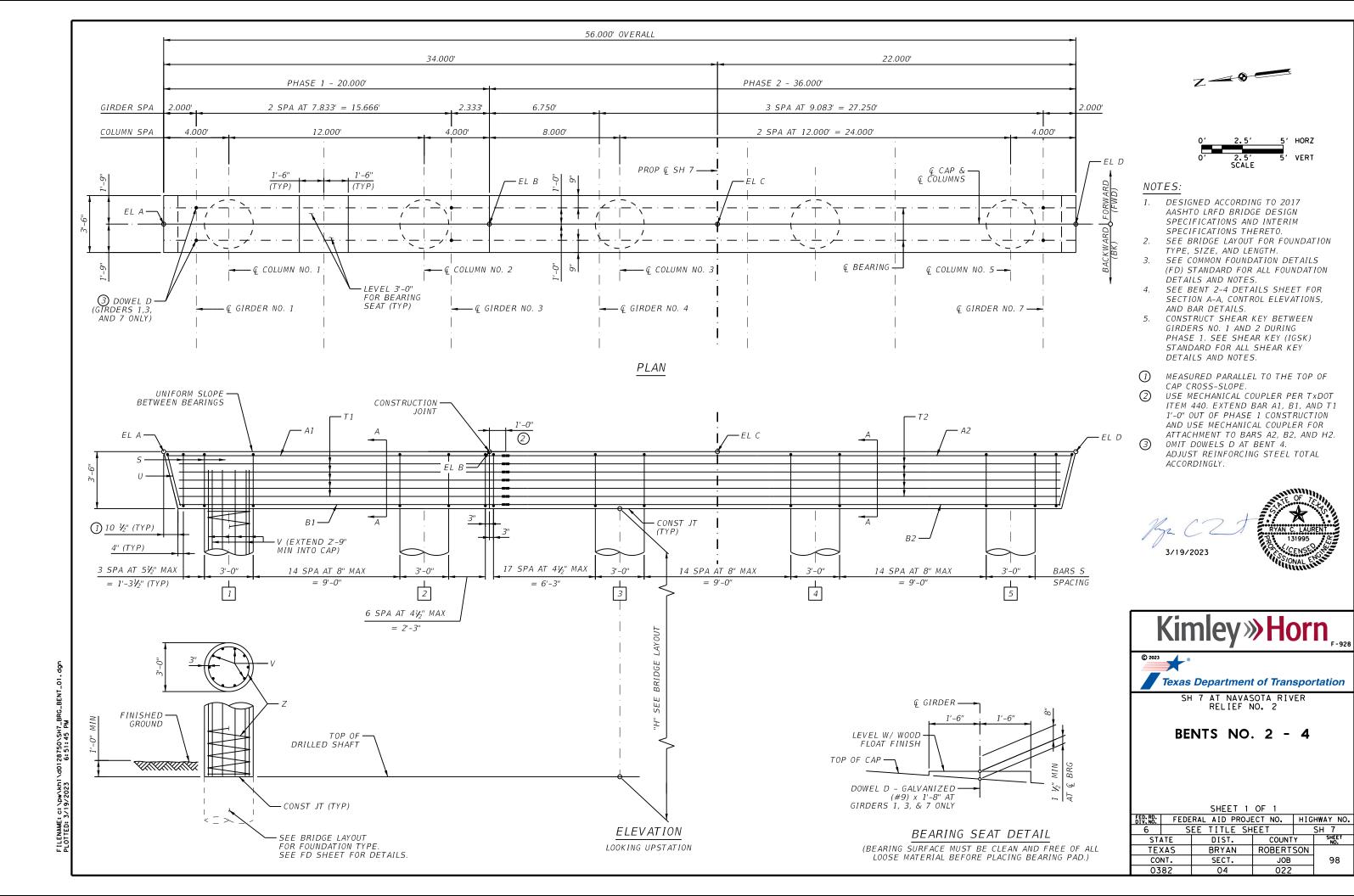


TABLE	OF ESTIMA	ATED QUANT	TITIES - PH.	ACE 1							
TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES - PHASE 1											
BAR	NO.	SIZE	LENGTH	WEIGHT							
Α	6	#11	20'-9"	111							
В	6	#11	20'-0"	638							
D	4	#9	1'-8"	23							
S	26	#5	13'-8"	371							
T	10	#5	20'-0"	209							
U	1	#5	9'-8"	10							
ITEM			UNIT	QUANTITY							
REINFORCING S	REINFORCING STEEL * LB 1,360										
CL "C" CONCRET.	E (CAP)		CY	9.5							

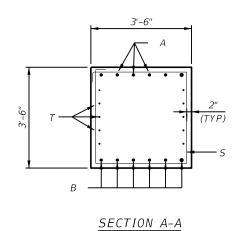
	TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES - PHASE 1											
			TABLE OF VAF	RIABLE BENT COLU	JMN QUANTITIES					TED BENT QUANTITIES		
	COL "H" BARS V #9 BARS Z #4									CL C CONC (COLUMN)		
		FT	NO.	LENGTH	WEIGHT	NO.	LENGTH	WEIGHT	LB	CY		
BENT 2	1-2	10	20	12'-9"	867	2	337'-9"	451	1,318	5.3		
BENT 3	1-2	10	20	12'-9"	867	2	337'-9"	451	1,318	5.3		
BENT 4	1-2	11	20	13'-9"	935	2	369'-2"	493	1,428	5.8		
								TOTAL	4,065	16.4		

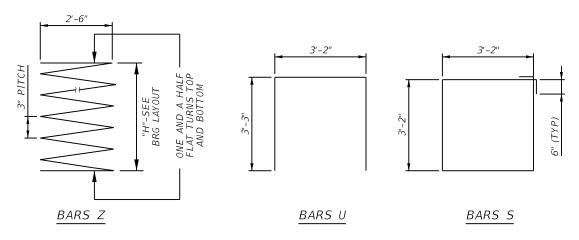
<sup>\*</sup> FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

TABLE	TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES - PHASE 2											
BAR	BAR NO. SIZE LENGTH WEIGHT											
Α	6	#11	34'-9"	185								
В	6	#11	34'-0"	1,084								
D	2	#9	1'-8"	11								
5	52	#5	13'-8"	741								
T	10	#5	34'-0"	355								
U	1	#5	9'-8"	10								
ITEM			UNIT	QUANTITY								
REINFORCING STEEL * LB 2,386												
CL "C" CONCRE	TE (CAP)		CY	16.3								

			TABL	E OF ESTIMA	ATED QUANT	ITIES - PH	HASE 2			
			TABLE OF VAF	RIABLE BENT COLU	MN QUANTITIES					ED BENT UANTITIES
	COL	"H"		BARS V #9			BARS Z #4			CL C CONC (COLUMN)
		FT	NO.	LENGTH	WEIGHT	NO.	LENGTH	WEIGHT	LB	CY
BENT 2	3-5	10	30	12'-9"	1,301	3	337'-9"	677	1,977	7.9
BENT 3	3-5	10	30	12'-9"	1,301	3	337'-9"	677	1,977	7.9
BENT 4	3-5	11	30	13'-9"	1,403	3	369'-2"	740	2,142	8.7
•		•	•	•	•		•	TOTAL	6,097	24.5

<sup>\*</sup> FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY





	CONTROL ELEVATIONS													
		TOP	OF CAP				TOP OF COLUMN**							
	EL A	EL B	EL C	EL D	COL 1	COL 2	COL 3	COL 4	COL 5					
BENT 2	317.301'	317.721'	318.001'	317.541'	313.901'	314.141'	314.381'	314.381'	314.141'					
BENT 3	317.348'	317.768'	318.048'	317.587'	313.948'	314.188'	314.428'	314.427'	314.187'					
RENT A	217 30/	217 91/1	318 004	217 633'	313 00/	21/1 22/1	211/17/	211/17/	21/1222					

\*\* ELEVATIONS AT Q OF COLUMN

;				DEADING CEAT	ELEVATIONS			
3				BEARING SEAT	ELEVATIONS			
ı		GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4	GIRDER 5	GIRDER 6	GIRDER 7
,	BENT 2 (BK)	317.489'	317.646'	317.802'	317.984'	318.092'	317.911'	317.729'
1	BENT 2 (FWD)	317.490'	317.647'	317.804'	317.985'	318.094'	317.912'	317.730'
١	BENT 3 (BK)	317.535'	317.692'	317.848'	318.030'	318.138'	317.957'	317.775'
1	BENT 3 (FWD)	317.536'	317.693'	317.850'	318.031'	318.140'	317.958'	317.776'
	BENT 4 (BK)	317.581'	317.738'	317.895'	318.076'	318.185'	318.003'	317.821'
	BENT 4 (FWD)	317.582'	317.739'	317.896'	318.077'	318.186'	318.004'	317.822'

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

PROVIDE CLASS C CONCRETE, fc'=3,600 PSI. PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL. GALVANIZE DOWEL BARS D.

CALCULATED FOUNDATION LOAD: BENT 2 - 4 = 185 TONS/SHAFT.

COVER DIMENSIONS ARE CLEAR DIMENSIONS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. REINFORCING BAR DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE OUT-TO-OUT OF BAR.

QUANTITIES SHOWN ARE PER BENT.





SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

BENTS NO. 2 - 4 DETAILS

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. H							
6	S	EE TITLE SH	IEET		SH 7				
ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.				
TE	XAS	BRYAN	ROBERT	SON					
CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		99				
03	82	04	022						

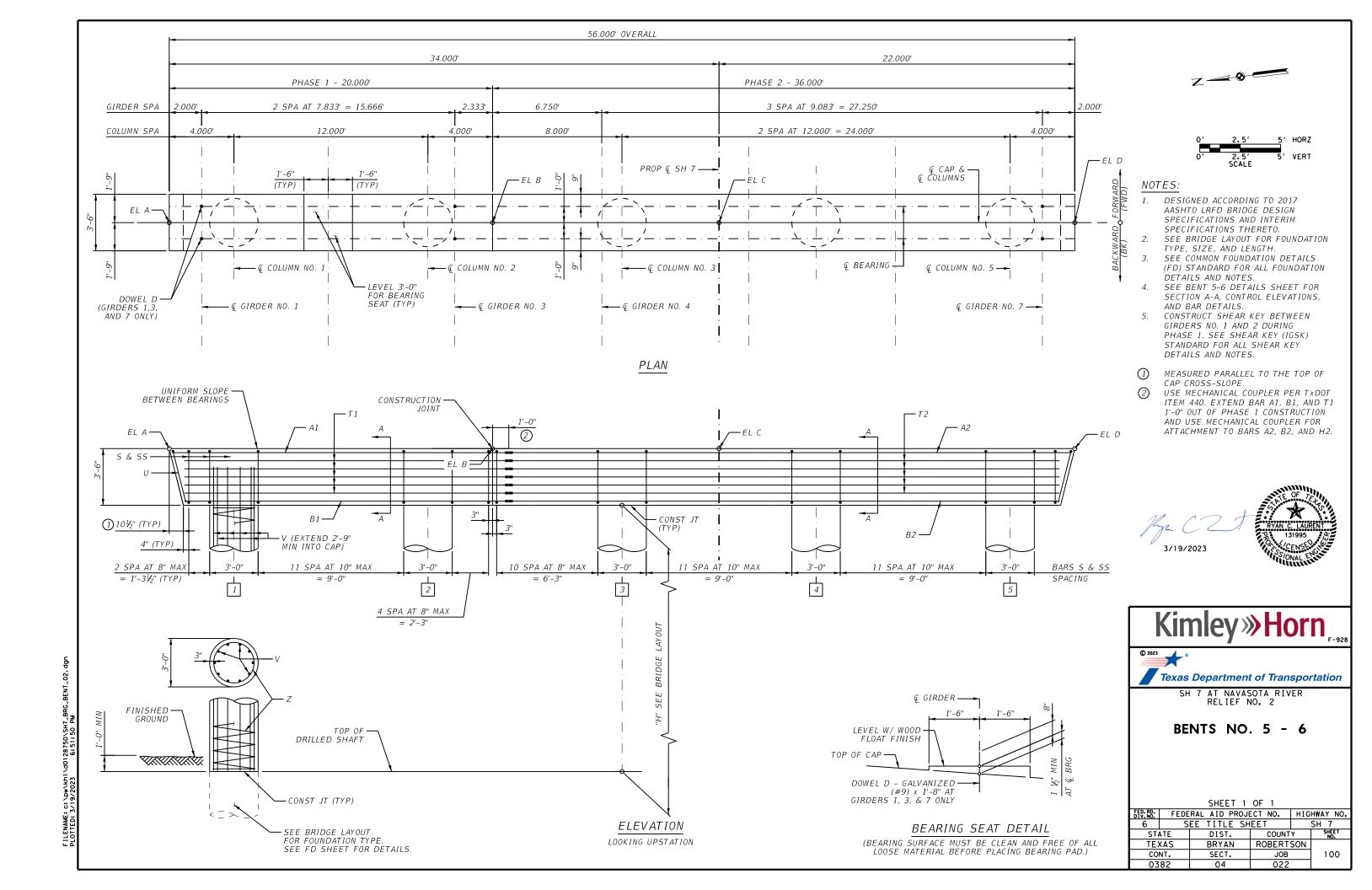


TABLE	OF ESTIM	ATED QUANT	ITIES - PH	ASE 1
BAR	NO.	SIZE	LENGTH	WEIGHT
Α	6	#11	20'-9"	111
В	6	#11	20'-0"	638
D	4	#9	1'-8"	23
S	20	#5	13'-8"	285
SS	40	#5	10'-4"	431
T	10	#5	20'-0"	209
U	1	#5	9'-8"	10
ITEM			UNIT	QUANTITY
REINFORCING	STEEL *		LB	1,706
CL "C" CONCRE	TE (CAP)		CY	9.5

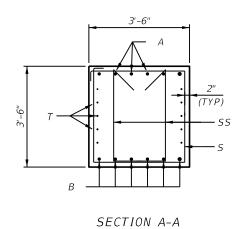
			TABI	LE OF ESTIM	ATED QUANT	ITIES - PI	HASE 1			
			TABLE OF VAF	RIABLE BENT COLU	JMN QUANTITIES					TED BENT QUANTITIES
	COL	"H"	BARS V #9			BARS Z #4			REINF*	CL C CONC (COLUMN)
		FT	NO.	LENGTH	WEIGHT	NO.	LENGTH	WEIGHT	LB	CY
BENT 5	1-2	13	20	15'-9"	1,071	2	432'-0"	577	1,648	6.9
BENT 6	1-2	14	20	20 16'-9" 1,139 2 463'-5" 619					1,758	7.4
				•			•	TOTAL	3,406	14.3

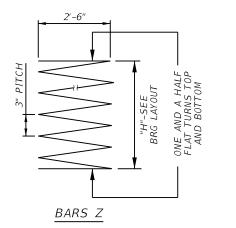
<sup>\*</sup> FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

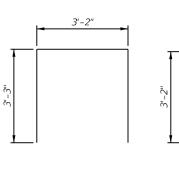
TABLE	OF ESTIMA	ATED QUANT	ITIES - PH	ASE 2								
BAR	BAR NO. SIZE LENGTH WEIGHT											
Α	6	#11	34'-9"	185								
В	6	#11	34'-0"	1,084								
D	2	#9	1'-8"	11								
S	38	#5	13'-8"	542								
SS	76	#5	10'-4"	819								
T	10	#5	34'-0"	355								
U	1	#5	9'-8"	10								
ITEM			UNIT	QUANTITY								
REINFORCING STEEL * LB 3,006												
CL "C" CONCRE	TE (CAP)		CY	16.3								

			TABL	E OF ESTIM	ATED QUANT	ITIES - PH	IASE 2			
			TABLE OF VAF	RIABLE BENT COLU	JMN QUANTITIES					ED BENT UANTITIES
	COL	"H"		BARS V #9			BARS Z #4			CL C CONC (COLUMN)
		FT	NO.	LENGTH	WEIGHT	NO.	LENGTH	WEIGHT	LB	CY
BENT 5	3-5	13	30	15'-9"	1,607	3	432'-0"	866	2,472	10.3
BENT 6	3-5	14	30	30 16'-9" 1,709 3 463'-5" 929						11.0
						-		TOTAL	5,109	21.3

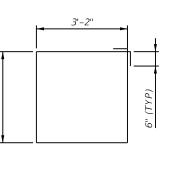
<sup>\*</sup> FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY



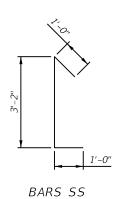




BARS U



BARS S



M CO t	A TOP
July Car	RYAN C. LAURENT
	131995
3/19/2023	CENS
	100NAL ELECT

CONTROL ELEVATIONS										
		TOP OF CAP				TOP OF COLUMN**				
		EL A	EL B	EL C	EL D	COL 1	COL 2	COL 3	COL 4	COL 5
В	BENT 5	317.440'	317.860'	318.140'	317.679'	314.040'	314.280'	314.520'	314.520'	314.279'
В	BENT 6	317.492'	317.912'	318.192'	317.732'	314.092'	314.332'	314.572'	314.572'	314.332'

\*\* ELEVATIONS AT Q OF COLUMN

BEARING SEAT ELEVATIONS							
	GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4	GIRDER 5	GIRDER 6	GIRDER 7
BENT 5 (BK)	317.627'	317.784'	317.941'	318.122'	318.231'	318.049'	317.867'
BENT 5 (FWD)	317.628'	317.785'	317.942'	318.123'	318.232'	318.050'	317.868'
BENT 6 (BK)	317.679'	317.836'	317.993'	318.174'	318.283'	318.101'	317.919'
BENT 6 (FWD)	317.681'	317.837'	317.994'	318.176′	318.284'	318.102'	317.921'

## MATERIAL NOTES:

PROVIDE CLASS C CONCRETE, fc'=3,600 PSI. PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL. GALVANIZE DOWEL BARS D.

CALCULATED FOUNDATION LOAD: BENT 5 & 6 = 198 TONS/SHAFT.

COVER DIMENSIONS ARE CLEAR DIMENSIONS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. REINFORCING BAR DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE OUT-TO-OUT OF BAR.

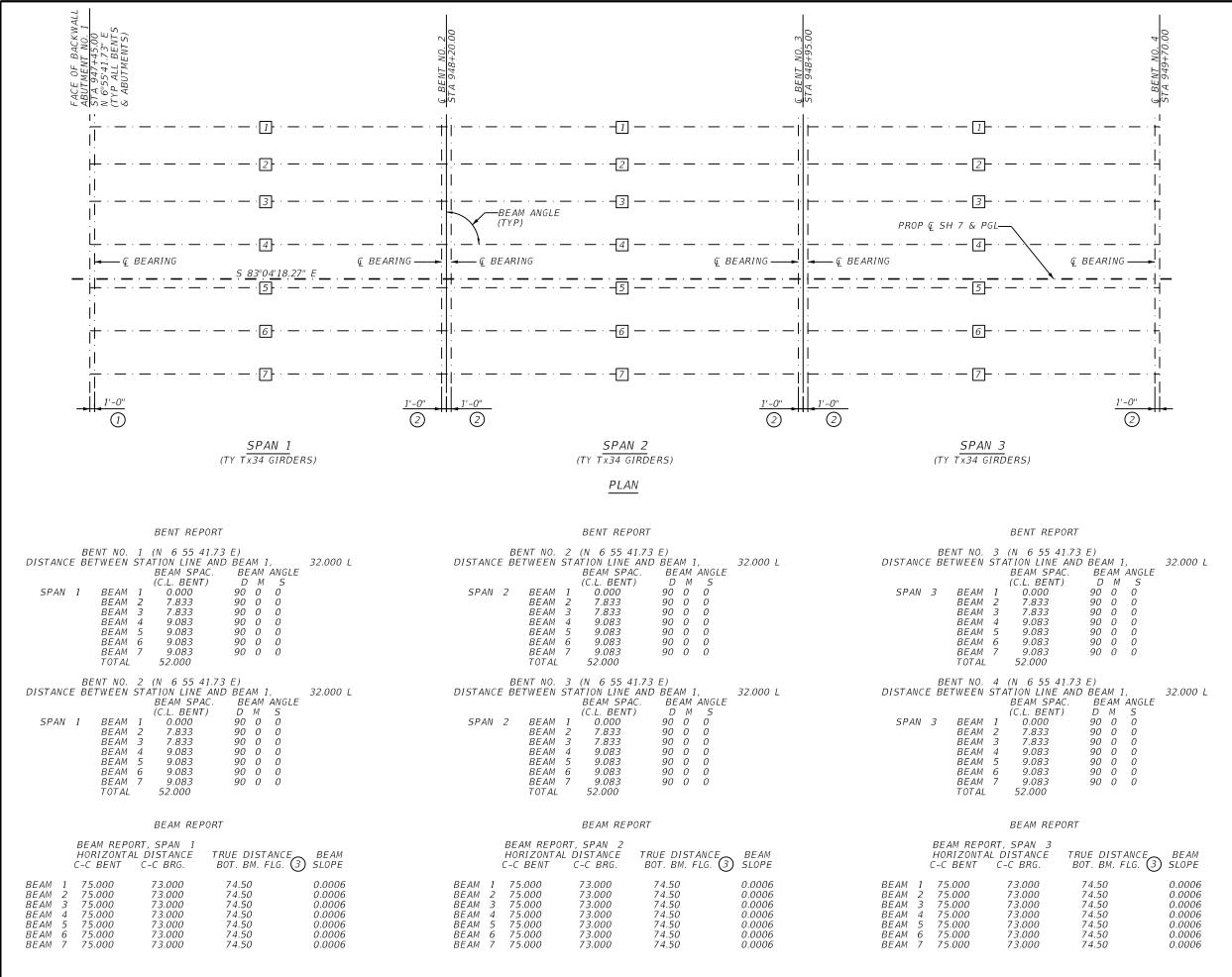
QUANTITIES SHOWN ARE PER BENT.

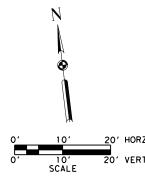
	Kimley»Horn	F-928
ſ	© 2023 ®	



BENTS NO. 5 - 6 DETAILS

D. RD. V. NO.	FEDE	RAL AID PROJ	ECT NO.	HIG	HWAY NO.
9	S	SH 7			
STA	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.
TE	(AS	BRYAN	ROBERTSON		
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		101
0382		04	022		





#### NOTES:

- MEASURED PERPENDICULAR TO FACE OF BACKWALL. SEE IGEB STANDARD FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- MEASURED PARALLEL TO GIRDER Q. SEE IGEB STANDARD FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- BEAM LENGTHS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM OF BEAM FLANGE LENGTHS WITH ADJUSTMENTS MADE FOR BEAM

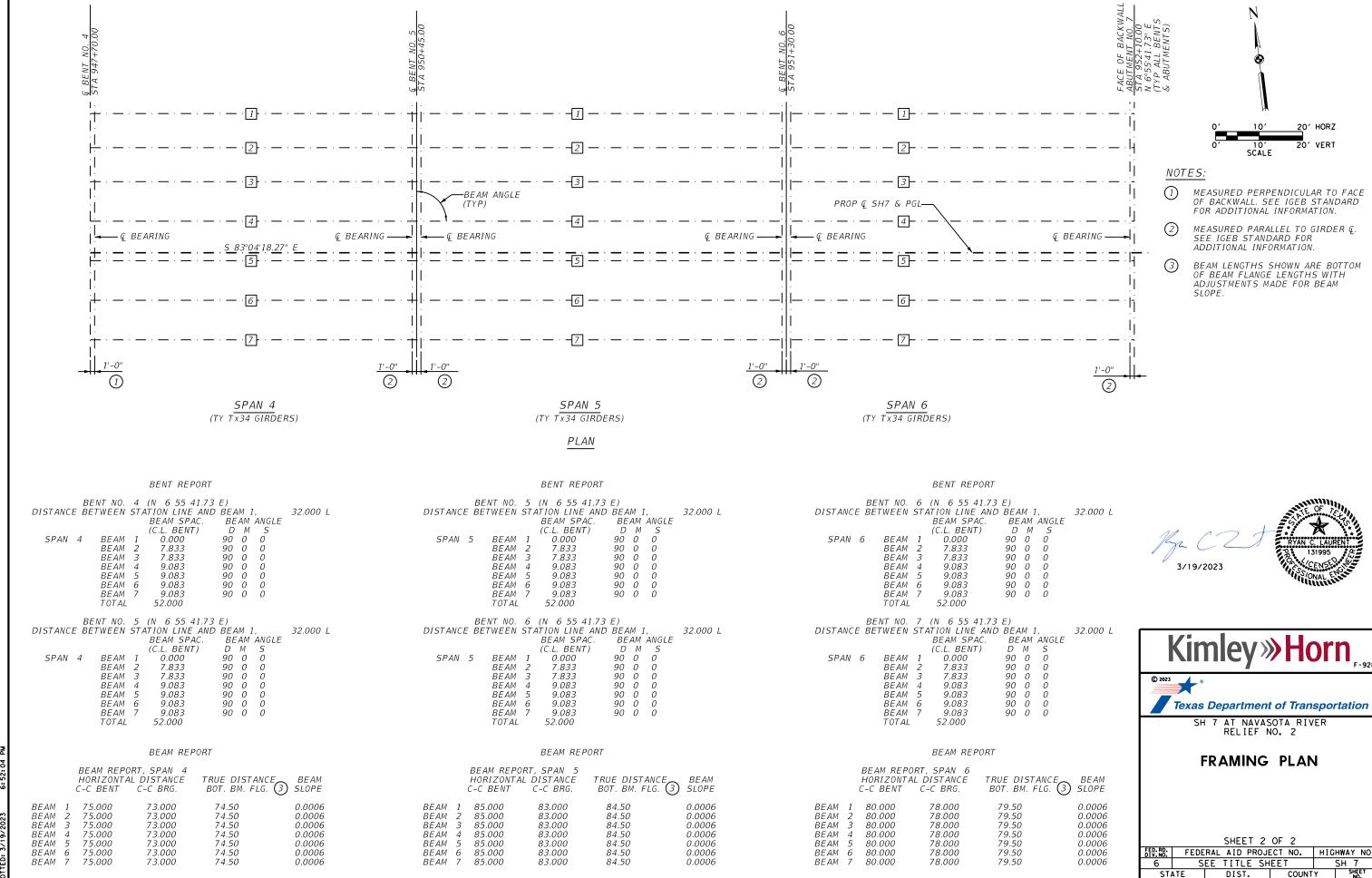






FRAMING PLAN

		SHEET 1	OF 2		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDE	RAL AID PROJI	ECT NO.	HIG	HWAY NO.
6	C				
ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
TE	XAS	BRYAN	ROBERTSON		
CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		102
03	82	04	022		



TEXAS

ROBERTSON

JOB

BRYAN SECT.

I. DESIGNED ACCORDING TO AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, 8TH EDITION (2017), AND INTERIM REVISIONS THERETO.

NOTES:

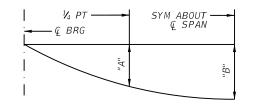
SCALE: 1"=20'

- 2. MULTI-SPAN UNITS, WITH SLAB CONTINUOUS OVER INTERIOR BENTS, SHALL BE FORMED USING TXDOT STANDARD IGCS.
- 3. SEE IGTS STANDARD FOR THICKENED SLAB END DETAILS AND QUANTITY ADJUSTMENTS.
- 4. SEE IGMS STANDARD FOR MISCELLANEOUS SLAB END DETAILS.
- 5. SEE PCP AND PCP-FAB STANDARDS FOR PANEL DETAILS NOT SHOWN.
- 6. SEE PCP(0) AND PCP(0) FAB STANDARDS FOR DETAILS AND QUANTITY ADJUSTMENTS IF THIS OPTION IS USED.
- 7. SEE PMDF STANDARD FOR DETAILS AND QUANTITY ADJUSTMENTS IF THIS OPTION IS USED.
- B. SEE T223 STANDARD FOR RAIL ANCHORAGE DETAILS IN THE SLAB.
- \* EXTEND BARS A, G, AND H 2'-0" OUT OF PHASE 1 CONSTRUCTION TO ALLOW FOR BAR LAP SPLICE.

COVER DIMENSIONS ARE CLEAR DIMENSIONS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.



#### PLAN - UNIT 1



#### <u>DEAD LOAD</u> <u>DEFLECTION DIAGRAM</u>

CALCULATED DEFLECTIONS SHOWN ARE DUE TO THE CONCRETE SLAB ONLY (Ec = 5000 KSI). ADJUST VALUES AS REQUIRED FOR EXTERIOR GIRDERS AND IF OPTIONAL SLAB FORMING IS USED. THESE VALUES MAY REQUIRE FIELD VERIFICATION.

DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION TABLE						
SPAN NO.	"A" (FT)	"B" (FT)				
1	0.072	0.101				
2	0.072	0.101				
3	0.072	0.101				

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES							
	REINF	REINF PRESTRESSED					
SPAN NO.	CONCRETE	CONCRETE	REINF				
SPAN NO.	SLAB	GIRDERS	STEEL **				
		(Tx34)					
	SF	LF	LB				
1	4,350	521.50	10,005				
2	4,350	521.50	10,005				
3	4,350	521.50	10,005				

#### NOTES:

- REINFORCING STEEL WEIGHT IS CALCULATED USING AN APPROXIMATE FACTOR OF 2.3 LBS/SF.
- \*\* QUANTITIES FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

BAR	ABLE
BAR	SIZE
А	#4
AA	#5
D	#4
G	#4
Н	#4
J	#4
М	#4
OA	#5
Р	#4
Τ	#4

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

PROVIDE CLASS S CONCRETE, f'c = 4,000 PSI.

PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL.

PROVIDE BAR LAPS, WHERE REQUIRED AS FOLLOWS: UNCOATED  $\sim \#4 = 1'-7''$ 

 $\sim #5 = 2'-0''$ 

LAPS IN BARS A AND T SHALL BE STAGGERED AND ALTERNATED TO MAXIMIZE THE DISTANCE BETWEEN ADJACENT SPLICES.



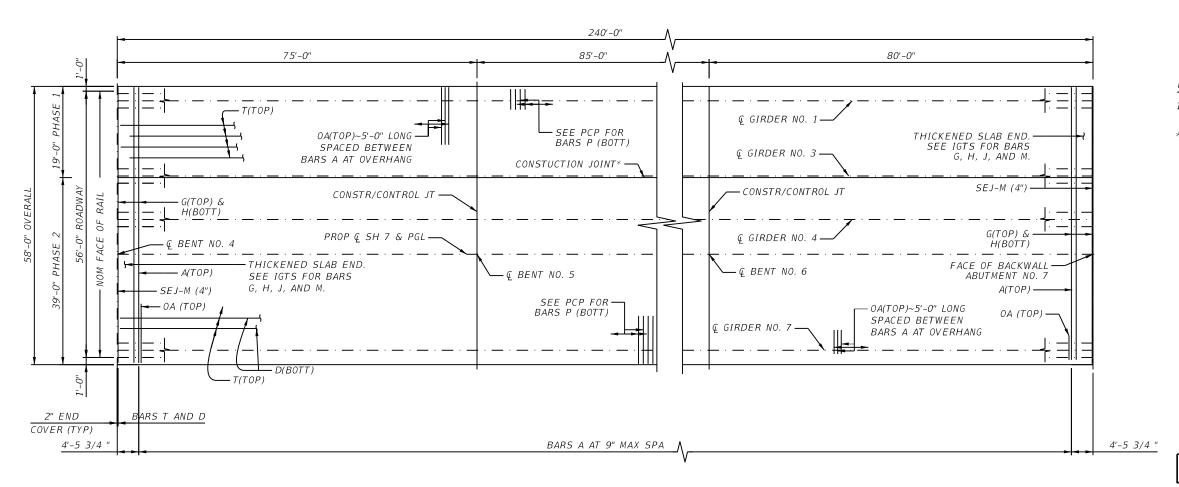
SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

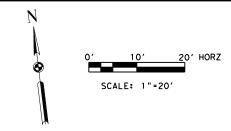
SLAB DETAILS UNIT NO. 1

SHEET 1 OF 1

FED. RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.							
FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.							
SEE TITLE SHEET SH 7							
STATE DIST. COUNTY							
BRYAN	ROBERTSON						
SECT.	JOB		104				
04	022						
	BERAL AID PROJI SEE TITLE SH DIST. BRYAN SECT.	BERAL AID PROJECT NO. SEE TITLE SHEET DIST. COUNT BRYAN ROBERT SECT. JOB	SEE TITLE SHEET  DIST. COUNTY  BRYAN ROBERTSON SECT. JOB				

FILENAME: c: \pw\khi\d0128750\SH7\_BRG\_SLB\_01.dgn PLOTTED: 3/19/2023 6:52:08 PM





#### NOTES:

- SEE SLAB DETAILS UNIT NO. 1 SHEET FOR NOTES.
- EXTEND BARS A, G, AND H 2'-0" OUT OF PHASE 1 CONSTRUCTION TO ALLOW FOR BAR LAP SPLICE.

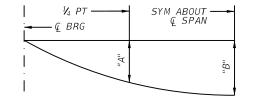
COVER DIMENSIONS ARE CLEAR DIMENSIONS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.



Kimley » Horn

Texas Department of Transportation

#### PLAN - UNIT 2



#### DEAD LOAD **DEFLECTION DIAGRAM**

CALCULATED DEFLECTIONS SHOWN ARE DUE TO THE CONCRETE SLAB ONLY (Ec = 5000 KSI). ADJUST VALUES AS REQUIRED FOR EXTERIOR GIRDERS AND IF OPTIONAL SLAB FORMING IS USED. THESE VALUES MAY REQUIRE FIELD VERIFICATION.

DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION TABLE					
SPAN NO.	"A" (FT)	"B" (FT)			
4	0.072	0.101			
5	0.120	0.169			
6	0.094	0.132			

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES							
	REINF	REINF PRESTRESSED					
SPAN NO.	CONCRETE	CONCRETE	REINF				
SPAN NO.	SLAB	GIRDERS	STEEL **				
		(Tx34)					
	SF	LF	LB				
4	4,350	521.50	10,005				
5	4,930	591.50	11,339				
6	4,640	588.00	10,672				

#### NOTES:

- REINFORCING STEEL WEIGHT IS CALCULATED USING AN APPROXIMATE FACTOR OF 2.3 LBS/SF.
- \*\* QUANTITIES FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

BAR TABLE					
BAR	SIZE				
Α	#4				
AA	#5				
D	#4				
G	#4				
Н	#4				
J	#4				
М	#4				
0A	#5				
Р	#4				
Τ	#4				
<u> </u>	<u> </u>				

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

PROVIDE CLASS S CONCRETE, f'c = 4,000 PSI.

PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL.

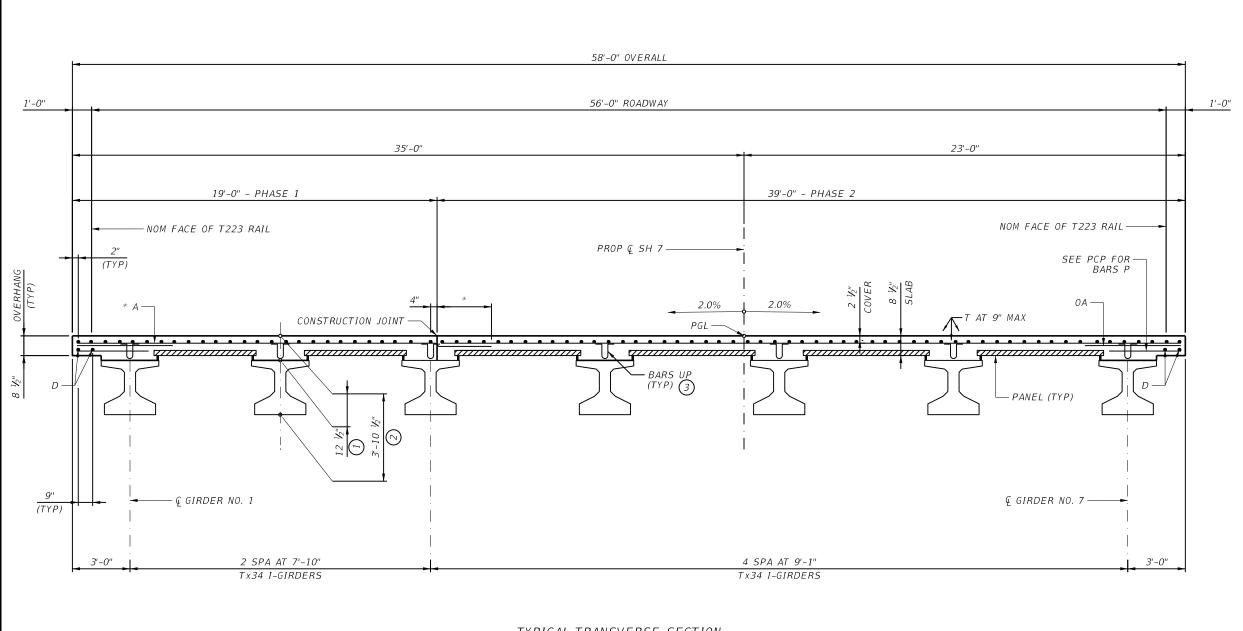
PROVIDE BAR LAPS, WHERE REQUIRED AS FOLLOWS: UNCOATED ~ #4 = 1'-7"  $\sim #5 = 2'-0''$ 

LAPS IN BARS A AND T SHALL BE STAGGERED AND ALTERNATED TO MAXIMIZE THE DISTANCE BETWEEN ADJACENT SPLICES.

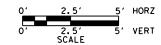
	SH	7			SOTA NO. 2		ER	
SLAB	D	E	TΑ	ILS	UN	IT	NO.	

SHEET 1 OF 1

HWAY NO	HIG	ECT NO.	RAL AID PROJI	FEDE	FED.RD. DIV.NO.
SH 7		IEET	EE TITLE SH	S	6
SHEET NO.	Y.	COUNT	DIST.	ATE	ST
	SON	ROBERT	BRYAN	XAS	TE
105		JOB	SECT.	NT.	CO
		022	04	82	03



TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION



#### NOTES:

- 1 VALUE IS MEASURED AT Q OF BEARING.
  - VALUE IS MEASURED AT Q OF BEARING AND IS BASED ON THEORETICAL GIRDER CAMBER, DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION FROM AN 8 1/2" CONCRETE SLAB, A CONSTANT ROADWAY GRADE, AND USING PRECAST PANELS (PCP). THE CONTRACTOR WILL ADJUST THIS VALUE AS NECESSARY FOR ANY ROADWAY VERITCAL CURVE AND/OR IF THE PRECAST OVERHANG PANEL (PCP(0)) OPTION IS USED.
- REFER TO 'HAUNCH REINFORCING DETAIL' ON THE PCP STANDARD FOR EXTRA HAUNCH REINFORCING DETAILS. EXTRA REINFORCING SHALL EXTEND FROM BOTH BEAM ENDS IN A SPAN AS FOLLOWS: SPANS 1-6: 10'
- EXTEND BARS A, G, AND H 2'-0" OUT OF PHASE 1 CONSTRUCTION TO ALLOW FOR BAR LAP SPLICE.







SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

#### TYPICAL TRANSVERSE **SECTION**

SHEET 1 OF 1

SHEET I OF I						
١0.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.					
	SEE TITLE SHEET SH 7					
Т	SHEET NO.	Y	STATE DIST. COUNTY			
		SON	TEXAS BRYAN ROBERTSON		TEX	
ô	106	JOB		SECT.	CONT.	
			022	04	0382	

*TYPE Tx28, Tx34 & Tx40* 

DESIGNED GIRDERS

STRANI

PATTERI

NO.

28

38

32

IRDER

1-7

1-7

1-7

SPAN

1-4

STRUCTURE

NAVASOTA RELIEF

GIRDEF TYPE

TX34

TX34

TX34

PRESTRESSING STRANDS

TRGTH

270

270

270

12.011

10.590

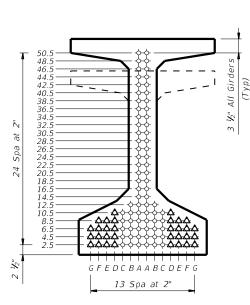
11.636

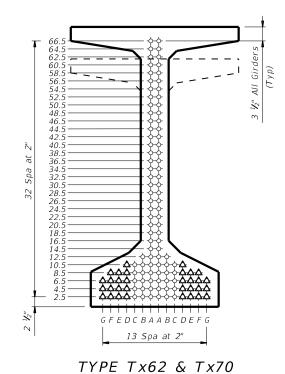
SIZE

0.6

0.6

0.6





NON-STANDARD STRAND PATTERNS STRAND ARRANGEMENT AT ⊈ OF GIRDER PATTERN 2.5(14), 4.5(14), 6.5(4), 8.5(2), 10.5(2), 12.5(2) (1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi): Compression = 0.65 f'ci Tension =  $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$ Optional designs must likewise conform. (2) Portion of full HL93.

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to

AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.
Optional designs for girders 120 feet or longer must have a calculated residual camber equal to or greater than that of the

for a relative humidity of \_\_ percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.

debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked  $\Delta$ . Double wrap full-length debonded strands in outer most position of each

by the Engineer. The fabricator is permitted to decrease the spacing of Bars R and S by providing additional bars to help limit crack width provided the decreased spacing results in no less than 1" clear between bars. The fabricator must take an approved corrective action if cracks greater than 0.005" form on a repetitive

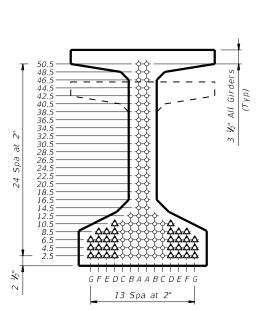
Locate strands for the designed girder as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc., beginning each row in the "A" position and working outward until the required number of strands is reached. All strands in the "A" position must be depressed, maintaining the 2" spacing so that, at the girder ends, the upper two strands are in the position shown in the table.





PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER DESIGNS (NON-STANDARD SPANS)

igndsts1-22.dgn	DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: E		EFC	CK: TAR			
xDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 19: Modified for depressed	0382	04	022		,	SH 7	
strands only. 22: Added Load Rating.	DIST	DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
22. Abbed Ebab Natriig.	BRY	ROBERTSON			107		



*TYPE Tx46 & Tx54* 

1.06

0.700 1.50 0.890 4534.61 0.676 0.890 1.44 4125.70 0.688 0.890 1.55 2.07

(2) STRENGTH (kip-ft) 3745.16

MINIMUM MOMENT

LIVE LOAD DISTRIBUTION FACTOR

PATTERN STRESS STRGTH (TOP Q) (SERVICE I NO. ĖND 28.5 5.500 6.000 3.167 -3.747 12 30.5 7.500 -4.654 6.000 4.026

6.500

DEPRESSED

STRAND

28.5

6.000

"e" END

8.583

4.906

7.511

OPTIONAL DESIGN CONCRETE DESIGN LOAD DESIGN LOAD 28 DA) STRESS (BOTT Q) (SERVICE II

-4.177

3.570

FACTORS

STRENGTH I

1.09

2.05 1.93

1.12

LOAD RATING

SERVICE III

**DESIGN NOTES:** 

Prestress losses for the designed girders have been calculated

FABRICATION NOTES: Provide Class H concrete.

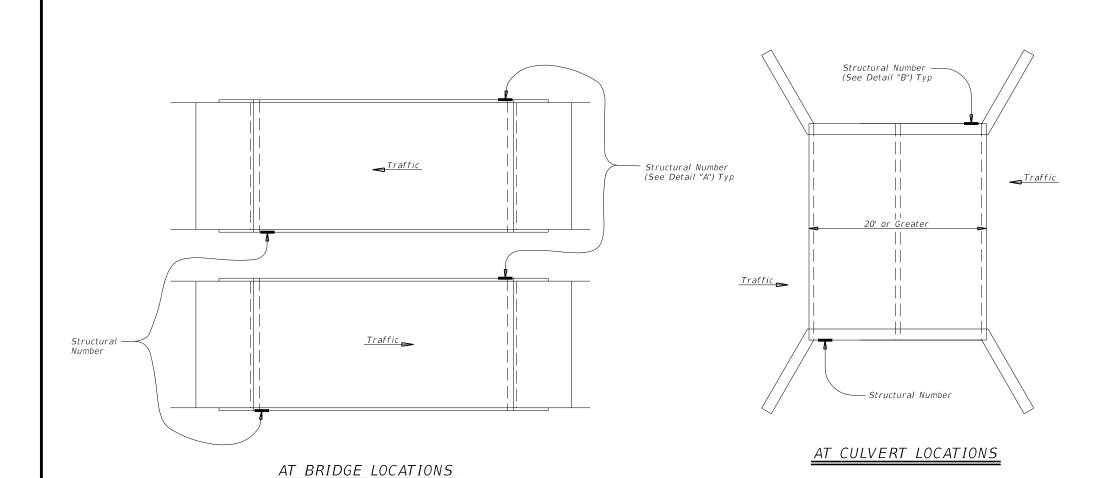
Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4. Full-length

When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed girder or an approved optional design. All optional design submittals must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas. Seal cracks in girder ends exceeding 0.005" in width as directed

DEPRESSED STRAND DESIGNS:

HL93 LOADING

IGND (MOD)





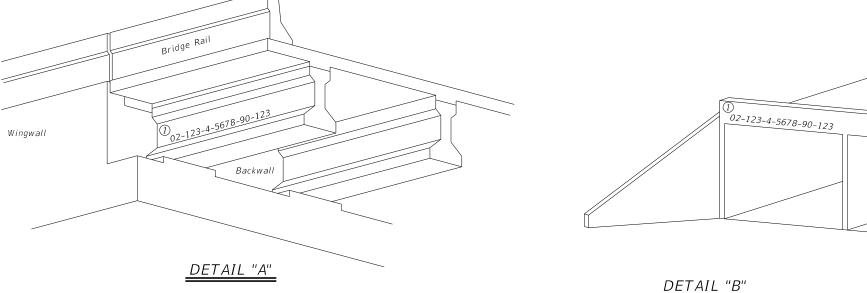
Structure Name	NBI Number to Apply
SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2	17-098-0-0382-04-125

#### DETAIL FOR NBI NUMBERS

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Cost of furnishing and painting NBI numbers, including paint and stencil plates shall be paid at the unit bid price for "Install Bridge Identification Numbers" under Item 4171.

Each structure shall have 2 (two) NBI numbers painted per structure.



① Apply NBI number on both sides of structure (once each side). Apply to outside beam close to abutment on the upstream traffic side at bridge locations. Apply to headwall adjacent to wingwall at culvert locations.

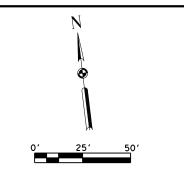
② Use brass stencil, 3 inch, numbers and letters, adjustable interlocking stencil set or equal of legend height 3 inches, symbol height 3 inches.

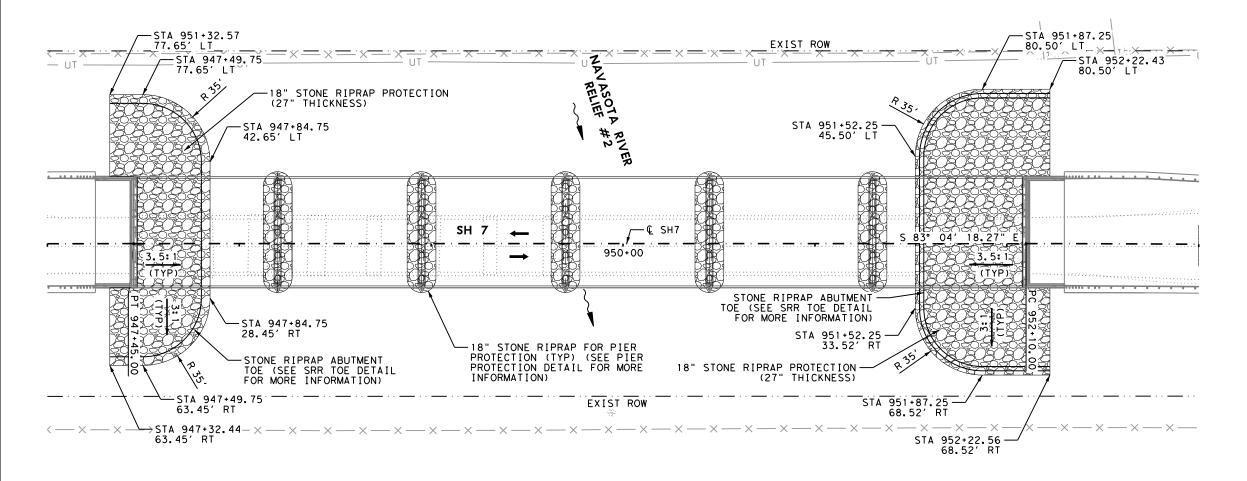


NBI DETAILS

CONTROL SECTION JOB SHEET NO. 04 022 0382 108 COUNTY HIGHWAY ROBERTSON SH 7

NOT TO SCALE



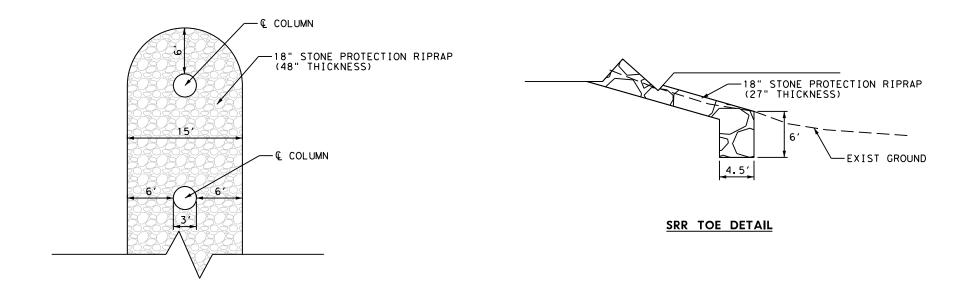




PROPOSED STONE RIPRAP

- XIST ROW
- X EXIST FENCE
- OE EXIST OVERHEAD ELECTRIC
- UT EXIST UNDERGROUND TELEPHONE
- PROPOSED TRAFFIC FLOW









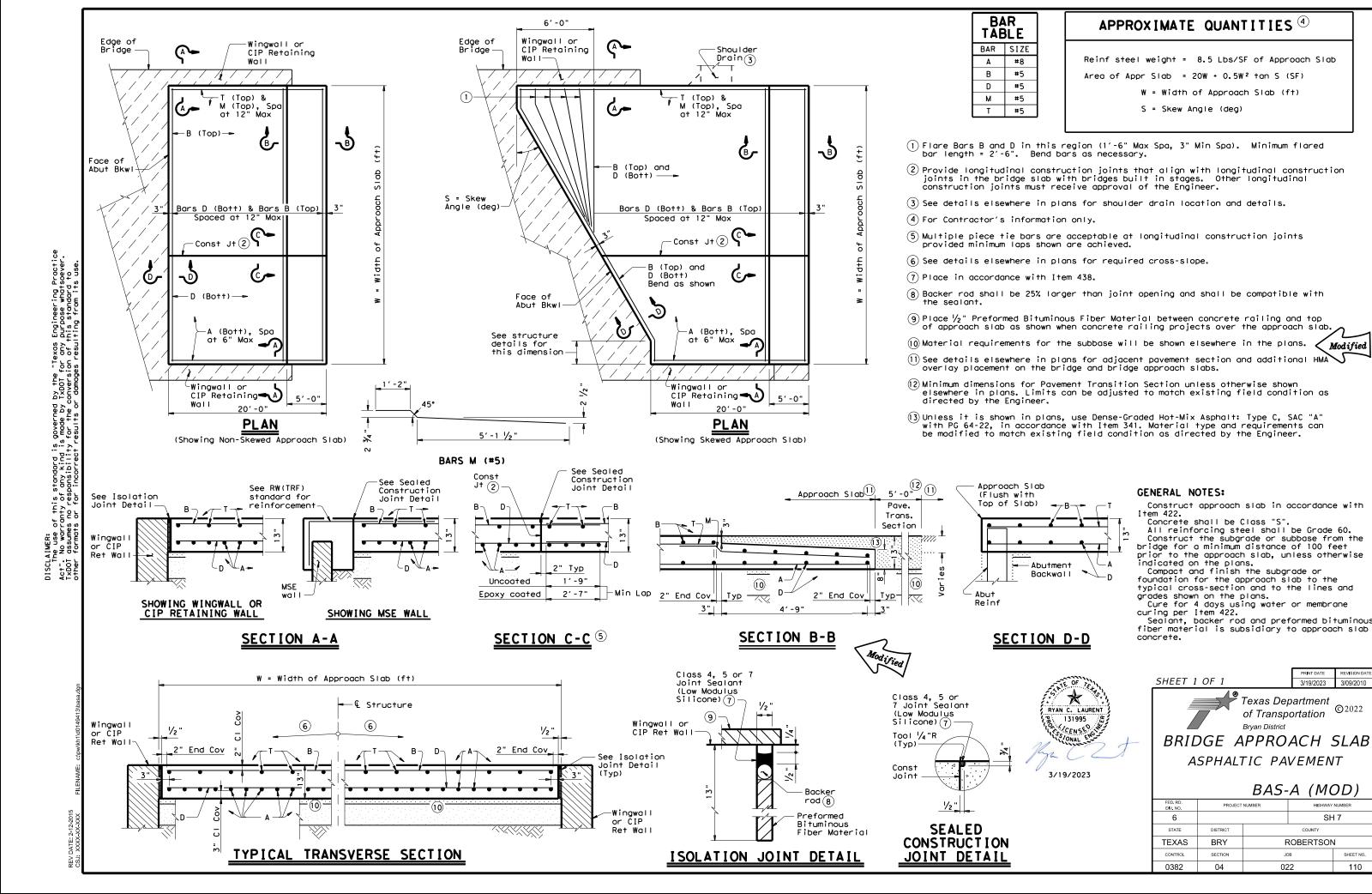
SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

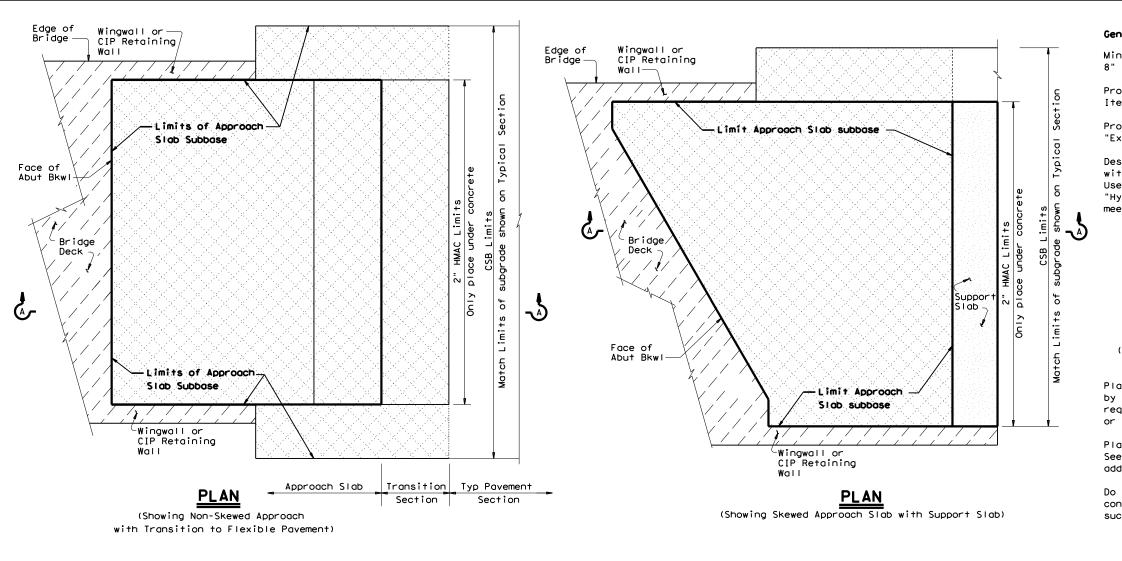
RIPRAP LAYOUT

SHEET 1 OF 1

SHEET TOP T							
D. RD. V. NO.	FEDE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGH					
6	S	SH 7					
ST	ATE	DIST.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
TE	XAS	BRYAN	ROBERTSON				
CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		109		
03	82	04	022				

PIER PROTECTION DETAIL





Slab End Area -See End Area Details On This Sheet

8" minimum depth (CSB)

End of

Approach

Typ Pavement Section

8" minimum Cement Stabilized

BAS END DETAIL FOR BAS-A

2" minimum HMAC

(Match End Detail) steeper than 1:1

Initial limits of excavation

to construct abutment.

#### General Notes:

Minimum Subbase for Approach Slab shall be 2" HMAC with 8" Cement Stabilized Backfill.

Provide Superpave Type C, PG 64-22 in accordance with Item 3077. Superpave is subsidiary to concrete approach slab.

Provide Cement Stabilized Backfill in accordance with Item 400, "Excavation and Embankment for Structures", to the Limits shown.

Design Cement Stabilized Backfill in accordance with Tex-120-E, with a minimum unconfined compressive strength of 175 psi. Use either Fine Aggregate meeting the requirements of Item 421, "Hydraulic Cement Concrete" or Type E Grade 4 flexible base meeting the following requirements:

Type E material is crushed stone produced and graded from oversize quarried aggregate that originates from a single, naturally occurring source. Do not use multiple sources. Master gradation, (Tex-110-E)

% Retained Sieve size 1 3/4" 0-10 No. 4 45-70 No. 40 50-85 Liquid limit, (Tex-104-E) 40 % max.

Plasticity index, (Tex-106-E) 12 max. (Determine plastic index in accordance with Tex-107-E when liquid limit is unattainable as defined in Tex-104-E.)

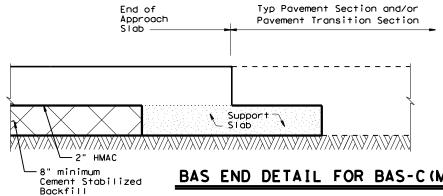
Place Cement Stabilized Backfill in uniform layers at 8 in. deep, by loose measurement. Compact each layer to meet the density requirements of the roadbed, retaining wall, embankment material, or as shown on the plans.

Plan views and BAS end details are drawn for general information. See Bridge Layout, BAS Standards, and typical sections for additional details.

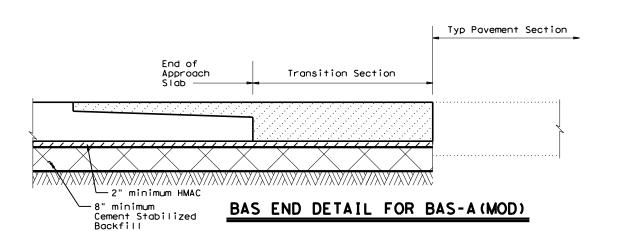
Do not place materials shown on this detail in locations that conflict with structural parts of a retaining wall, such as MSE Wall straps.

131995

3/19/2023



BAS END DETAIL FOR BAS-C(MOD) AND BAS(MOD)

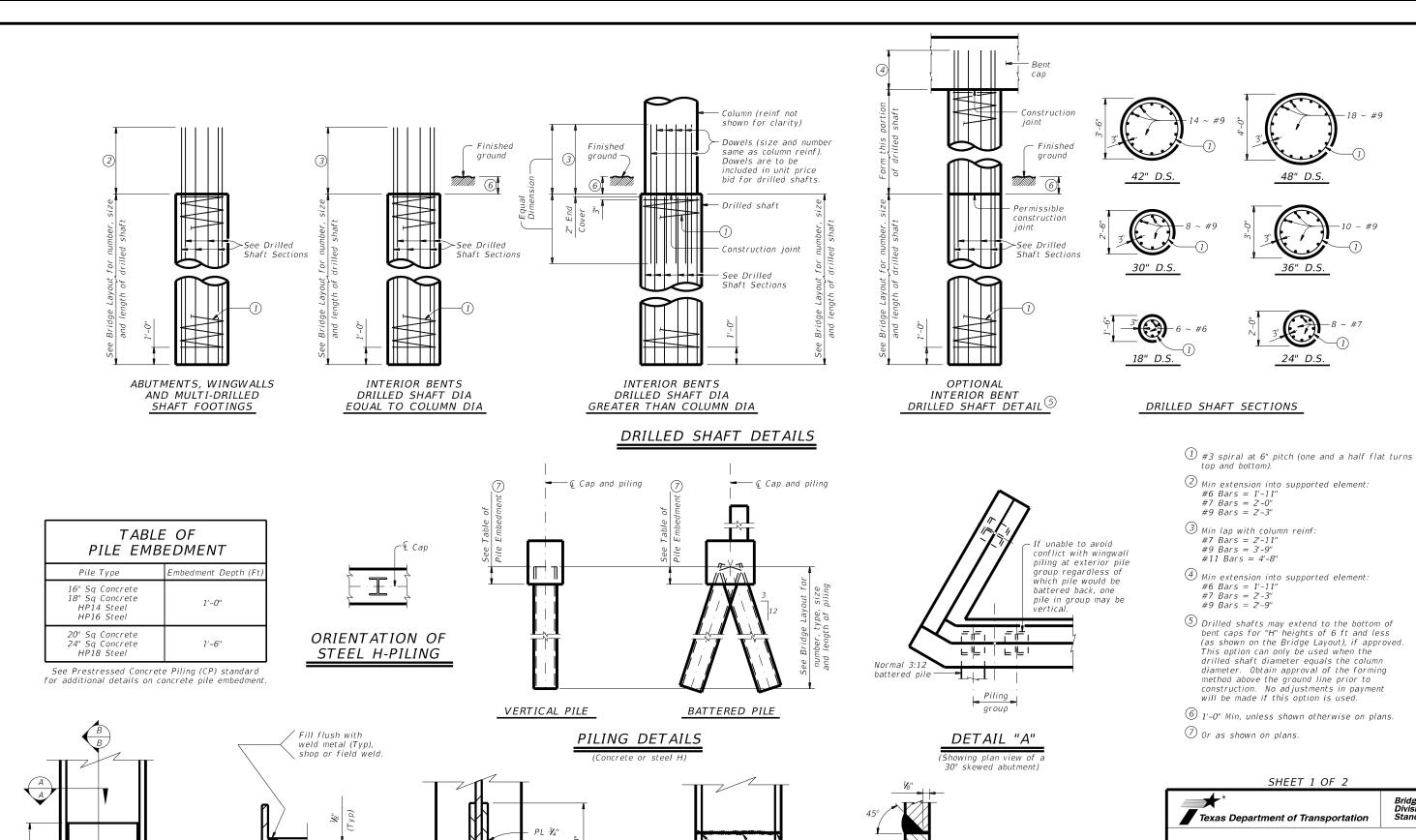




			PSAB		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY	NUMBER	
6			SH	17	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	F	ROBERTSON	١	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.	
0382	04	02	22	111	

AND ABUTMENT BACKFILL





Cut flange 45°

SECTION B-B

Backgouge

backweld



	FD						
: fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ск: ТхДОТ	
TXDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0382	04	022			SH 7	
1-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	BRY	ROBERTSON				112	

SECTION THRU
FLANGE OR WEB

STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL

STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT

See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement is required and for options to the details shown.

SECTION A-A

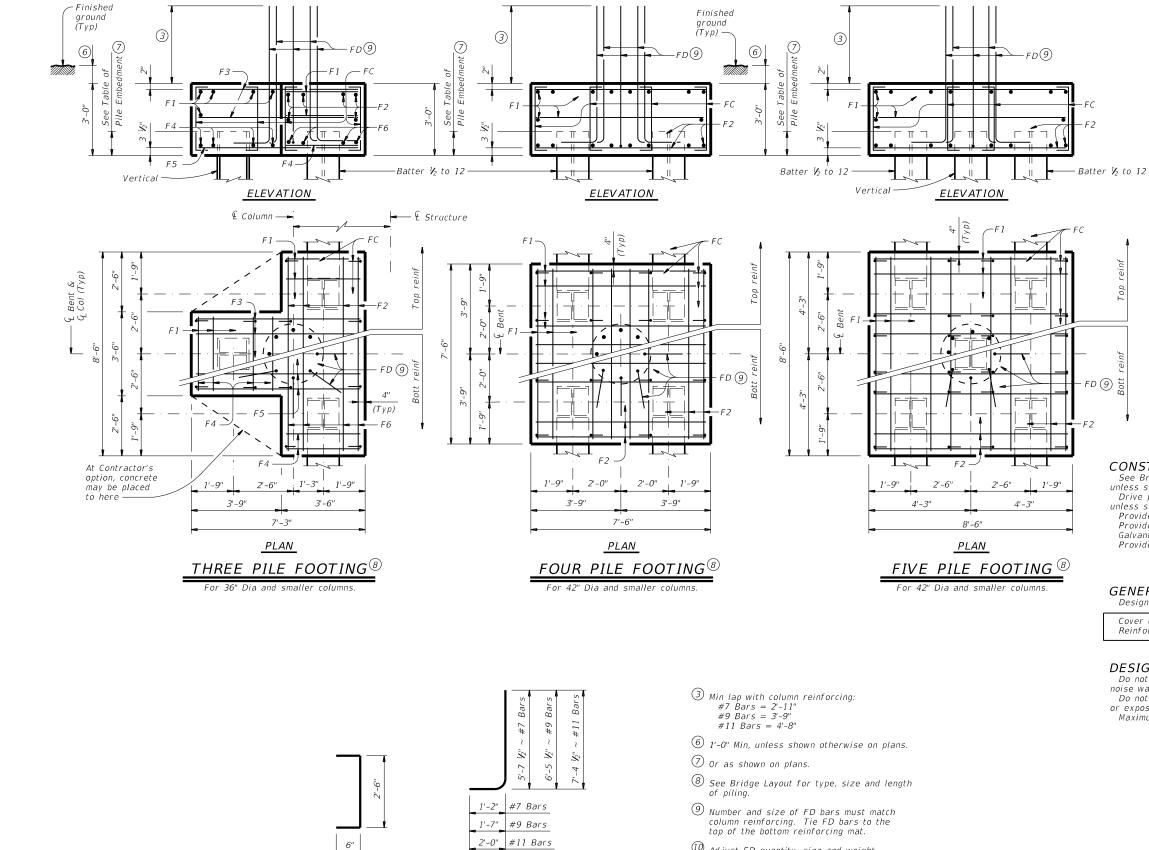
Bevel ¾" PL

ELEVATION

45 degrees (Typ) -

field weld

Use when required.



BARS FD 9

BARS FC

10 Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

#### TABLE OF FOOTING QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS

		<del></del>	CCLOT	,,,,	
		ONE 3	PILE FOOT	TING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight
F 1	11	#4	3'- 2	"	23
F2	6	#4	8'- 2	:	33
F3	6	#4	6'- 11	1"	28
F 4	8	#9	3'- 2	"	86
F5	4	#9	6'- 11	1"	94
F6	4	#9	8'- 2	"	111
FC	12	#4	3'- 6	"	28
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	623				
Class	4.8				
		ONE 4	PILE FOOT	「ING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight
F 1	20	#4	7'- 2	"	96
F2	16	#8	7'- 2	"	306
FC	16	#4	3'- 6	*	37
FD 🔟	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	659
Class	"C" C	ncrete		CY	6.3
		ONE 5	PILE FOOT	TING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight
F 1	20	#4	8'- 2	"	109
F2	16	#9	8'- 2	"	444
FC	24	#4	3'- 6	"	56
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	829
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	8.0

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

# Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6" Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11" Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:
Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
100 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns 120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

# COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FD

				_	_	
LE: fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TxE	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	BRY ROBERTSON		1	113		

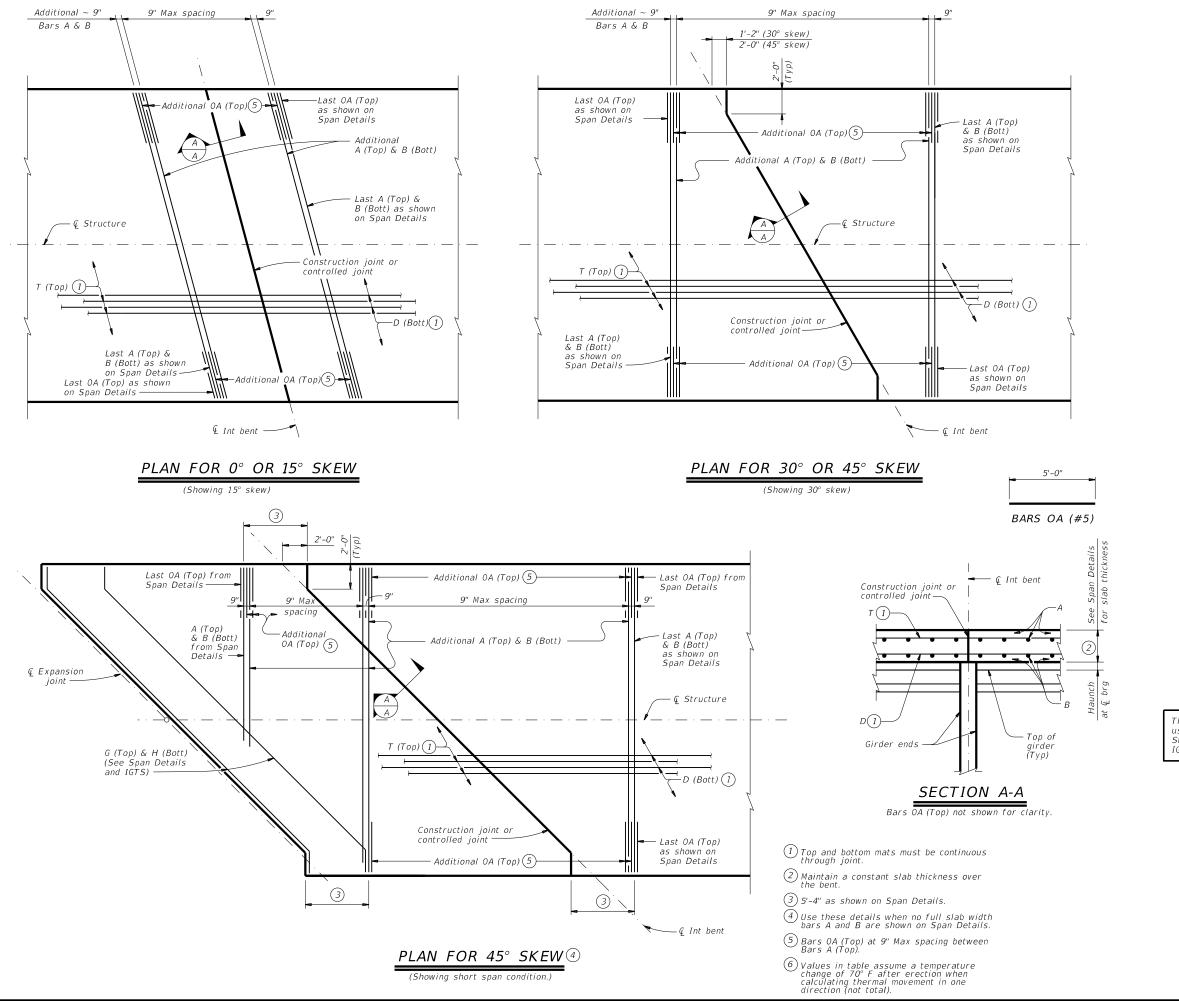


TABLE OF ALLOW ABLE UNIT LENGTH

ONT L	-1401
Max Rdwy Grade, Percent	Unit Lengti Factor
0.00	4.1
1.00	3.9
2.00	3.7
3.00	3.5
4.00	3.3
5.00	3.1

Unit length must not exceed the length of the shortest end span times the Unit Length Factor shown in table or 400', whichever is less.

BAR TABLE BAR SIZE #4 #4

> #4 #4

#5

D

0A

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for two and three span units comprised of the same girder type. Units may be comprised of different span lengths. See "Table of Allowable Unit Length".

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

This standard is drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew

# CONSTRUCTION NOTES: Where multi-span units are indicated on the

Bridge Layout, the thickened slab end details and reinforcement shown on IGTS standard (Bars AA, G, H, J, K, and M) and on the Span Details will be omitted where slabs are continuous over interior bents. At these locations, the slab details and reinforcement will be as shown on this sheet or on PCP standard (if using this option).

Thickened slab end reinforcement and details still apply at expansion joint locations (ends of units).

See Span Details for remainder of slab reinforcement and details.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide Class "S" concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class "S" (HPC) if shown elsewhere on the

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated  $\sim #4 = 1'-7''$ Epoxy Coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$ 

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for use only with the Prestressed Concrete I-Girder Standard Designs shown on standards IGSD-24, IGSD-28, IGSD-30, IGSD-32, IGSD-34, IGSD-38, IGSD-40 and IGSD-44

#### HL93 LOADING



CONTINUOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONC I-GIRDER SPANS

**IGCS** 

,	BRY	ROBERTSON				114
-19: Added bubble note 6. -23: Added 34' Rdwv.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
REVISIONS	0382	04	022	22 SH		SH 7
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
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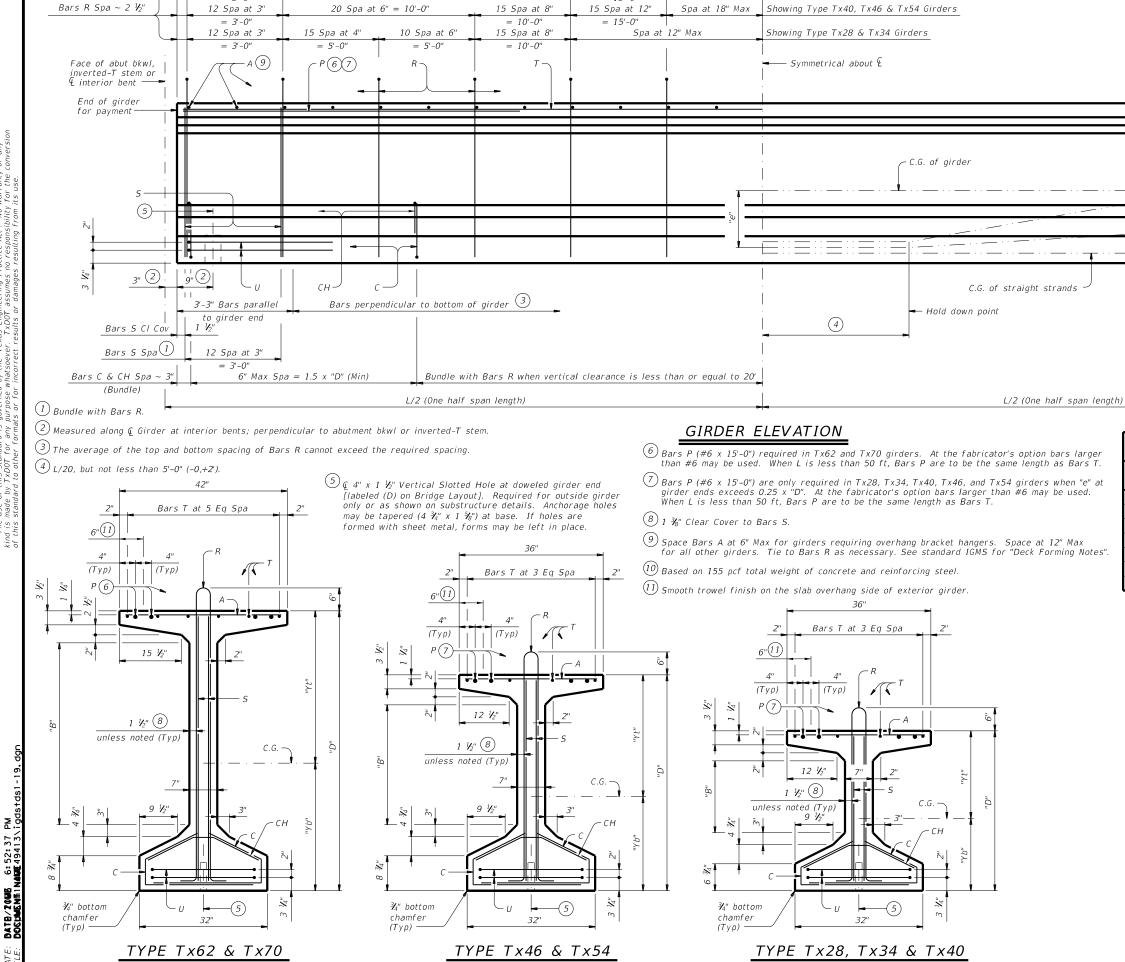


12 Spa at 3"

= 3'-0''

12 Spa at 3"

Bars R Spa ~ 2 1/3"



30 Spa at 8'' = 20'-0''

15 Spa at 12"

= 15'-0''

15 Spa at 8"

Spa at 18" Max

Spa at 18" Max

Showing Type Tx62 & Tx70 Girders

#### GIRDER DIMENSIONS AND SECTION PROPERTIES Girdei Type (in.2 (plf) (in. (in.) 630 Tx28 28 15.02 12.98 585 52.772 40.559 34 12 18.49 15.51 627 88,355 40,731 675 Tx34 18.10 720 T x 40 40 18 21.90 669 134.990 40.902 819 Tx46 46 22 25.90 20.10 761 198,089 46,478 880 Tx54 54 30 30.49 23.51 817 299,740 46,707 Tx62 62 37 1/2" 33.72 28.28 910 463,072 57,351 980 Tx70 70 45 ½" 38.09 31.91 966 628,747 57,579 1,040

9"(2)

Face of abut bkwl,

interior bent

inverted-T stem or

End of girder for payment Ontional ¾" Chamfer

vertically (Typ)

90° at int bents, plumb ends at abut bkwl & inverted-T

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Provide Class H concrete.

Do not blockout

C.G. of depressed strands

C.G. of all strands

top of girders for

thickened slab ends.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel

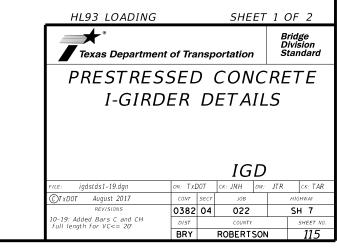
An equal area of deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars A, C, R or T unless otherwise noted.

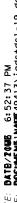
It is permissible for bars or strands to come in contact

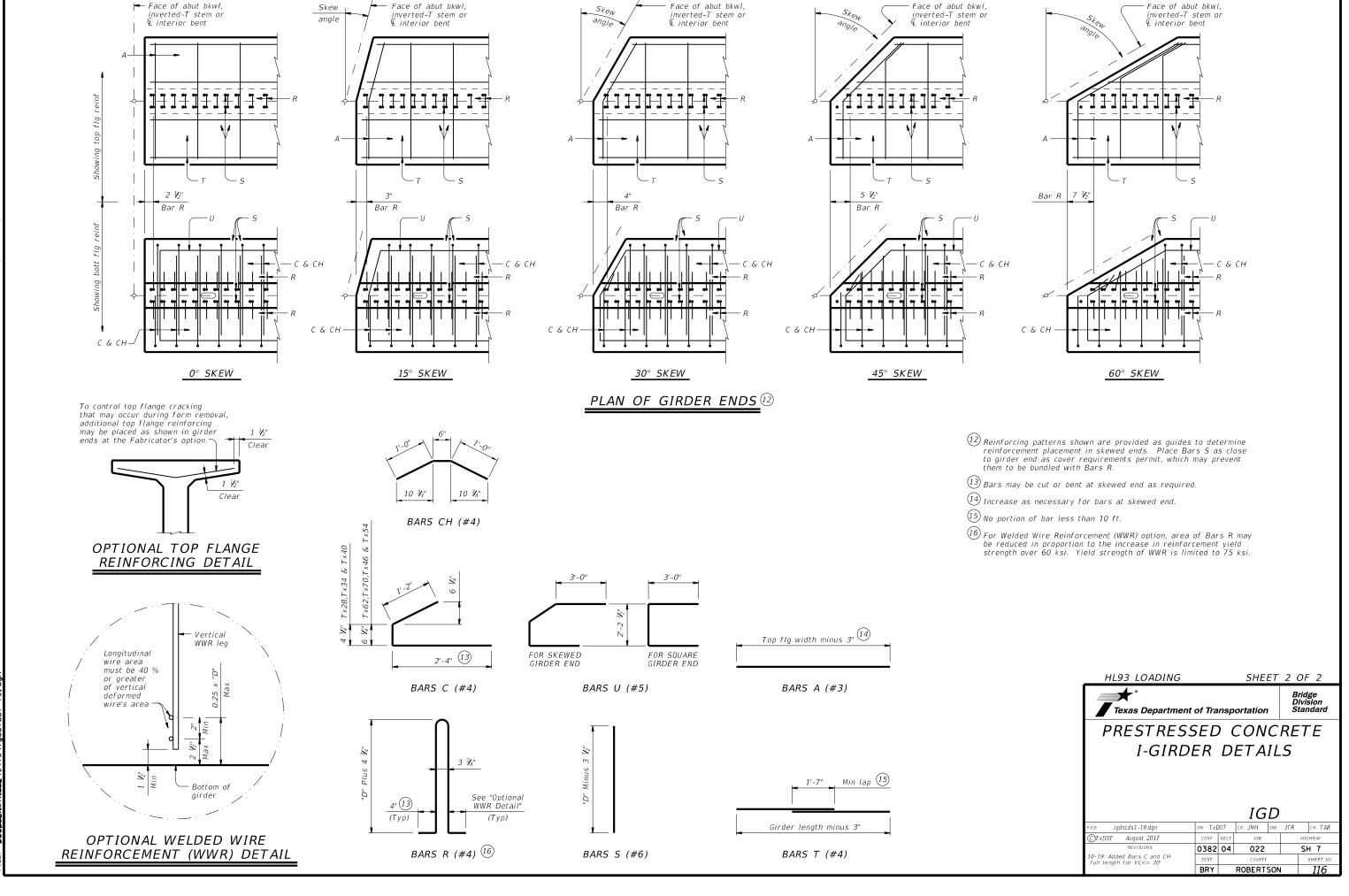
with materials used in forming anchor holes.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

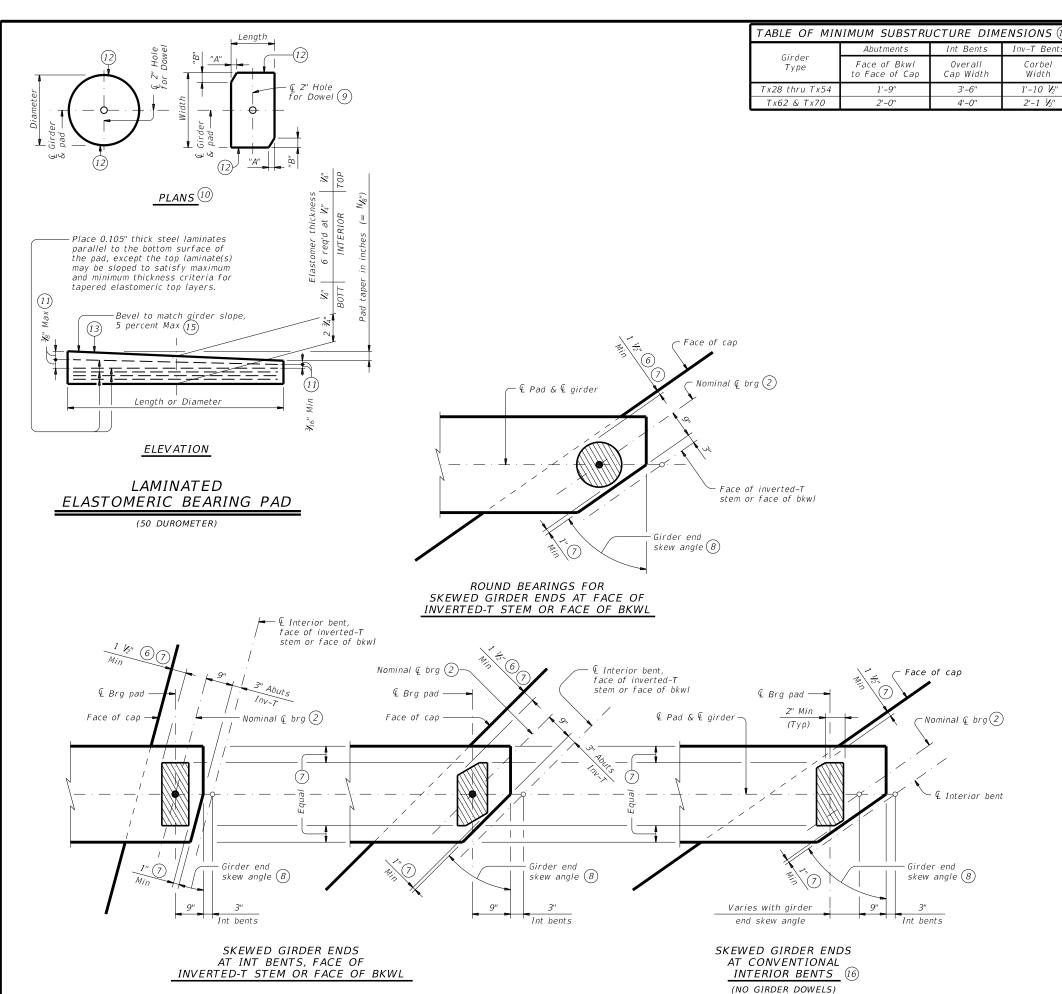
Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.



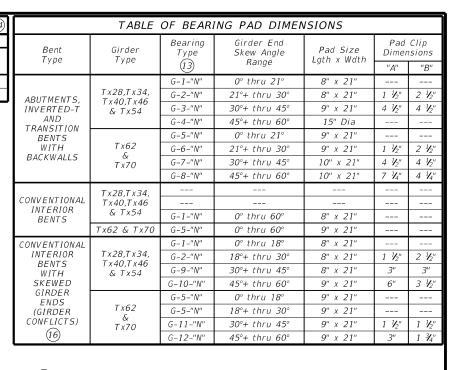




ROBERTSON



BEARING PAD PLACEMENT DIAGRAMS



- 2 For purposes of computing bearing seat elevations, nominal centerline of bearing must be defined as shown. The actual center of bearing pad may vary from this line.
- 6 3" for inverted-T.
- 7 Place centerline pad as near nominal centerline bearing as possible between limits shown.
- (8) Girder end skew angle is equal to 90° minus the girder angle except at some conflicting girders.
- (9) Provide 2" dia hole only at locations required. See Substructure details for location.
- (10) See Table of Bearing Pad Dimensions for dimensions.
- (1) Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered layers.
- (12) Locate Permanent Mark here.
- (13) Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in 1/6" increments) in this mark.

Examples: N=0, (for O'' taper) N=1, (for  $V_8''$  taper) N=2, (for  $V_4''$  taper)

Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan girder slope by more than  $\left(\begin{array}{c} 0.0625^{o}\\ \text{Loogth or Pia} \end{array}\right)^{IN/IN}$ .

- (4) Substructure dimensions must satisfy the minimums provided to accommodate the elastomeric bearings shown on this standard.
- 15 See sheet 3 of 3 for beveled plate use when slopes exceed 5 percent.
- (16) If girder end is skewed for a girder conflict at an interior bent and a beveled sole plate is required, use bearing type for abutments at this location. Location of bearing centerline is to be set as for abutments in this case.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 3



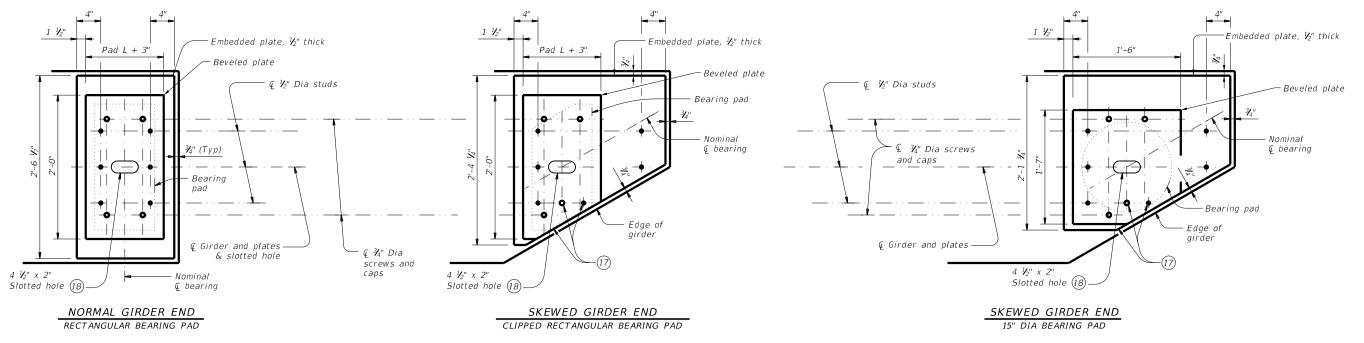
tion Standard

ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

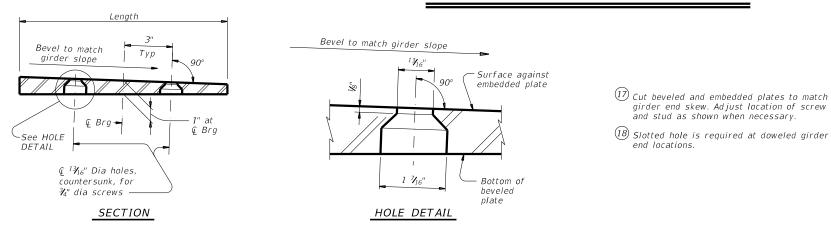
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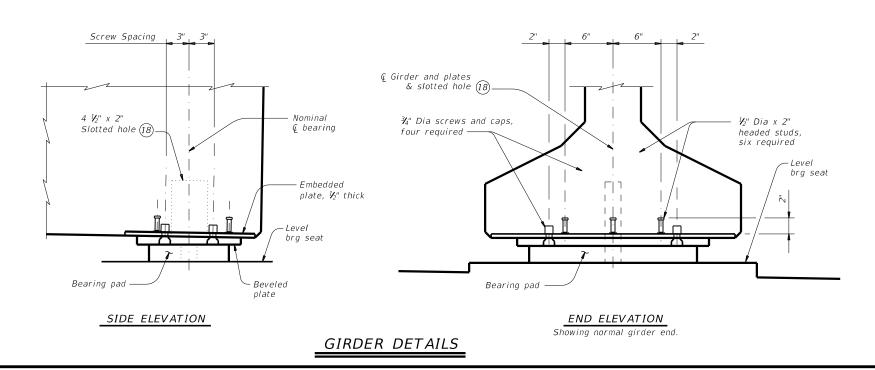




#### PLAN VIEW OF SOLE PLATE DETAILS



#### BEVELED PLATE DETAILS



#### SOLE PLATE NOTES:

Provide constant thickness elastomeric bearings with beveled and embedded steel sole plates in accordance with these details when the girder slope exceeds 5 percent or if otherwise required in the plans. Provide for all girders in the span.

On the shop drawings, dimension sole plates to the nearest  $N_6$ " based on required thickness at centerline of bearing and slope of girder. Thickness tolerance variation from the approved shop drawings is  $N_6$ "+/-, except variation from a plane parallel to the theoretical top surface can not exceed  $N_16$ " total. Bearing surface tolerances listed in Item 424 apply to embedded and beyeled plates

Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates.

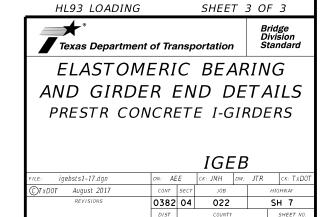
Steel plate must conform to ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50, or A709 Gr 36 or Gr 50. Hot dip galvanize both the embedded plate and beveled sole plate after fabrication. Seal weld caps to embedded plate before advantage.

When determining if relocation of screw holes and studs are necessary for skewed girder ends, minimum clearance from screw or stud centerline to plate edge is 1.25".

Tap threads in the embedded plate only. Drill and tap prior to galvanizing.

34" Dia screws must be electroplated, socket flat head countersunk cap screws conforming to ASTM F835. Electroplating must conform to ASTM B633, SC 2, Type 1. Provide screws long enough to maintain a 34" minimum embedment into the embedded plate and galvanized cap. Provide galvanized steel caps (16 ga Min) with a nominal 1" inside diameter and deep enough to accommodate the screws, but not less than 12" deep or deeper than 1".

Install beveled sole plates prior to shipping girders. Installed screw heads must not protrude below the bottom of the beveled plate.



ROBERTSON

Bundle Bars OA with

 $\overline{(Typ)}$ 

3.500' Max

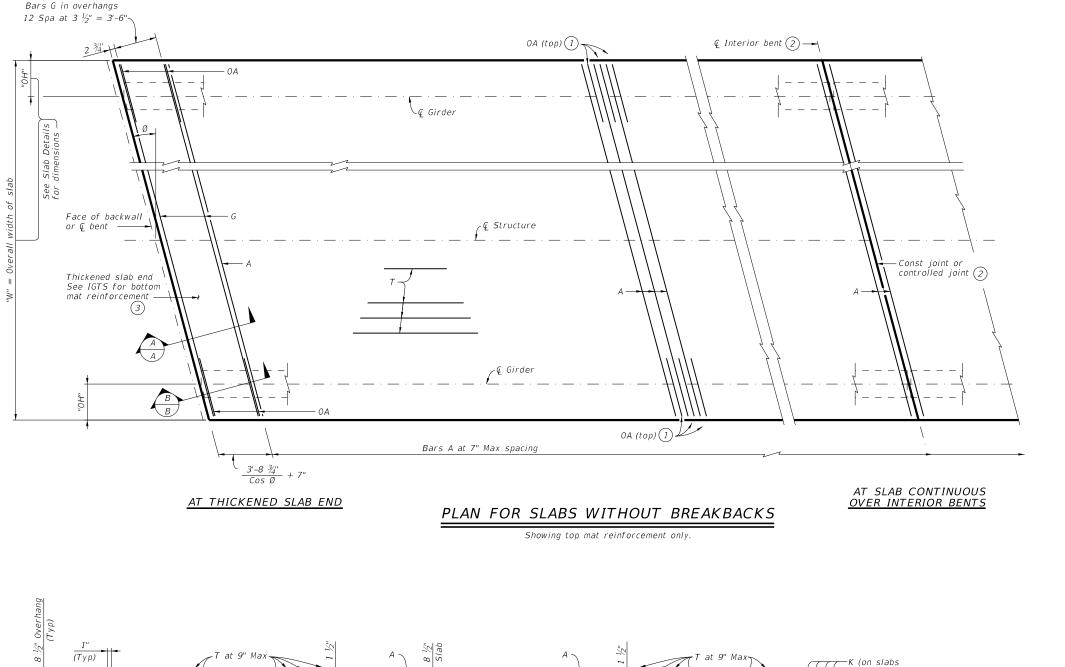
Panel (Typ)

Girder Spacing

See Slab Design Table

PARTIAL TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

See bottom mat details elsewhere in plans





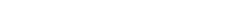
SECTION OF THICKENED SLAB END

3.500' Max

Showing PCP Option 1. Option 2 similar.

Girder Spacing

See Slab Design Table



(2) Bars are continuous through joint.

Bars G Spa ~ 2 3/4"

Bars G Spa  $\sim 2 \frac{3}{4}$ "

Face of abutment backwall, & interior bent or face of

inverted-T stem-

Face of abutment

backwall, © interior bent or face of inverted-T stem

12 Spa at  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " = 3'-6"

Thickened slab end. See IGTS for bottom mat reinforcement

12 Spa at 3  $\frac{1}{2}$ " = 3'-6"

Thickened slab end. See IGTS for bottom mat reinforcement -

SECTION B-B

Showing Thickened Slab End with

PCP Option 1. Option 2 similar.

SECTION A-A

Showing Thickened Slab End with PCP Option 1. Option 2 similar.

3 Thickened slab end dimensioned perpendicular to face of bkwl, centerline interior bent or face of inverted-T stem.



SHEET 1 OF 2

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specification.	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
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("B"- 0.125') x Sin Ø

BARS OA (#5)

(For slabs with breakbacks)

"0H" + 2.750"

BARS OA (#5)

5'-0"

BARS K (#5) 7

BAR TABLE

BAR	SIZE
А	#5
AA	#5
G	#5
Κ	#5
0A	#5
T	#5

- 1) Place Bars OA midway between Bars A at overhang.
- (2) Bars are continuous through joint.
- 3 Thickened slab end dimensioned perpendicular to face of bkwl, centerline interior bent or face of inverted-T stem.
- (4) Tie Bars AA to bottom of Bars G in this location.
- (5) A = ("0H" + 2.333' "B") x Tan Ø
- $6 C = \frac{3.729'}{Cos \emptyset} + "A" + Bar A spacing$
- (7) Only required on slabs with breakbacks.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications and AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Guide Specifications for GFRP-Reinforced Concrete, 2nd Edition. These details are restricted to Prestressed Concrete I-Girder spans with an 8  $\frac{1}{2}$ " slab and up to a 10'-0"

girder spacing.

These details are to be used in conjunction with the Span Details and PCP Standard (if prestressed concrete panels are used).

This standard provides Glass Fiber Reinforced Polymer (GFRP) reinforcement details for the top mat of slab reinforcement. The bottom mat reinforcement and other slab details are as shown elsewhere in the plans.

The Contractor has the option to provide GFRP reinforcement, in accordance with the details shown, when epoxy-coated steel bars are specified for the deck slab. The Contractor may provide an alternate GFRP slab design with calculations signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless

noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide GFRP bars, conforming to ASTM D7957/7957M, except provide a minimum modulus of elasticity of 7,500

Provide Grade 60 steel bars for all bottom mat reinforcement as shown elsewhere in plans. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: #5 GFRP bar = 2'-9"

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

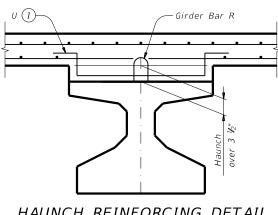


Bridge Division Standard

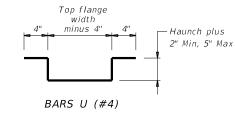
GFRP SLAB TOP MAT REINFORCEMENT PRESTRESSED CONC I-GIRDER **SPANS** 

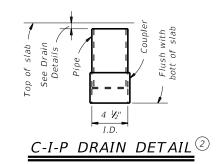
*IGFRP* 

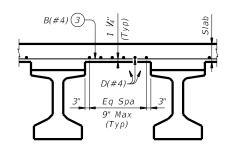
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specification.	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
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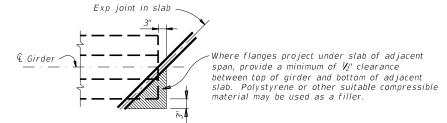
#### HAUNCH REINFORCING DETAIL



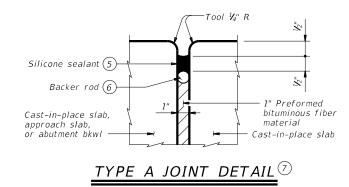




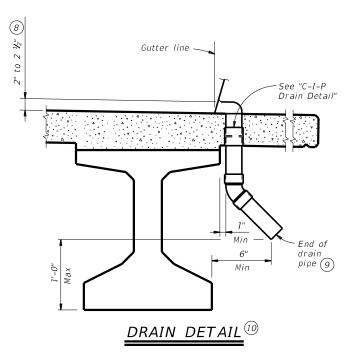
TYPICAL PART TRANSVERSE SLAB SECTION WITHOUT PCP



#### TREATMENT AT GIRDER END FOR SKEWED SPANS



- (1) Space Bars U with girder Bars R in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3  $lac{1}{2}$ ".
- 2 Roughen outside of PVC with coarse rasp or equal to ensure bond with cast-in-place concrete.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$  Bars B(#4) spaced at 9" Max with 2" end cover. Overhang option, Contractor's may end alternating bars B(#4) at centerline outside girder.
- 4 Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$
- 5 Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- $\stackrel{ullet}{(6)}$  1  $V_4$ " backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- The maximum distance between Type A expansion joints is 100'. See Bridge Layout for location
- 8 Drain entrance formed in rail or sidewalk.
- Water may not be discharged onto girders.
- All drain pipe and fittings to be 4" diameter (Sch 40) PVC. See Item 481 "Pipe for Drains" for pipe, connections and solvent welding. Bend reinforcing steel to clear PVC 1". Drain length and location is as directed by the Engineer. Drains are not permitted over roadways or railways, or within 10'-0" of bent caps. Degrease outside of exposed PVC, apply acrylic water base primer, then coat with same surface finishing material as used for outside girder face. Variations of the above designs, as required for the type of rail used and its location on the structure, may be installed with the approval and direction of the Engineer.



#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Payment for Type A joint will be as per Item 454, "Bridge Expansion Joints."
All other items (reinforcing steel, drains, etc.) shown on this sheet are subsidiary to other bid items.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

#### DECK FORMWORK NOTES:

Overhang bracket hangers are limited to a safe working load of 3,600 lbs, applied to and along the axis of a coil rod at 45 degrees from vertical, regardless of higher loads permitted by hanger manufacturers. Do not place a hanger less than 12" from girder end. Space hangers accordingly.

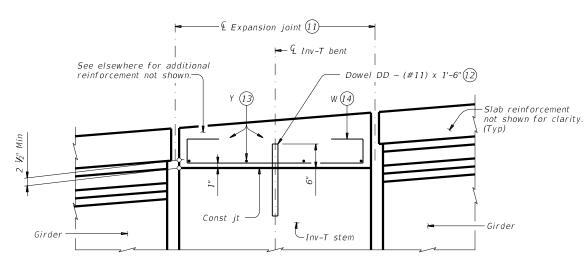
SHEET 1 OF 2



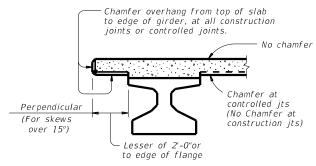
*MISCELLANEOUS* SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

*IGMS* 

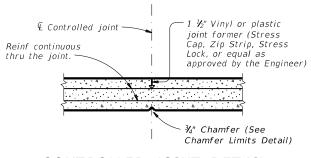
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TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		-	HIGHWAY	
	0382	04	022			SH 7	
-19: Modified Note 7. Type A now a pay item.	DIST	ST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
' *	BRY	ROBERTSON				122	



# ¾" Continuous drip bead (both sides of struct) DRIP BEAD DETAIL



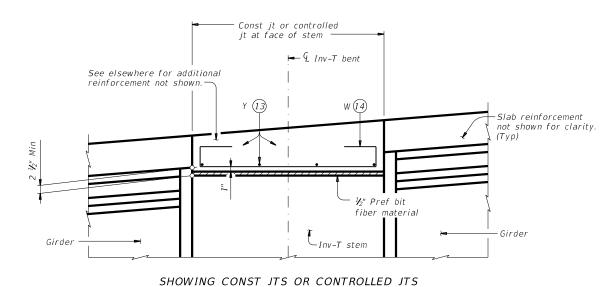
## CHAMFER LIMITS DETAIL (15)



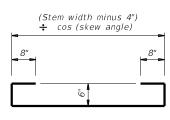
#### CONTROLLED JOINT DETAIL

(Saw-cutting is not allowed)

#### SHOWING EXPANSION JOINTS



# REINFORCEMENT OVER INV-T BENTS



BARS W (#4)

- 11) See Layout for joint type.
- $\widehat{\mathbb{Q}}$  Dowels DD (#11) spaced at 5 Ft Max. See Inv-T bents for quantity and location.
- 3 Space Bars Y (#4) at 12" Max. Use 2" end cover. Number of Bars Y must satisfy spacing limit. Place parallel to bent.
- (14) Space Bars W at 12" Max (3" from end of cap). Tilt if necessary to maintain cover requirements. Place parallel to longitudinal slab reinforcement
- 15 See Span details for type of joint and joint locations.



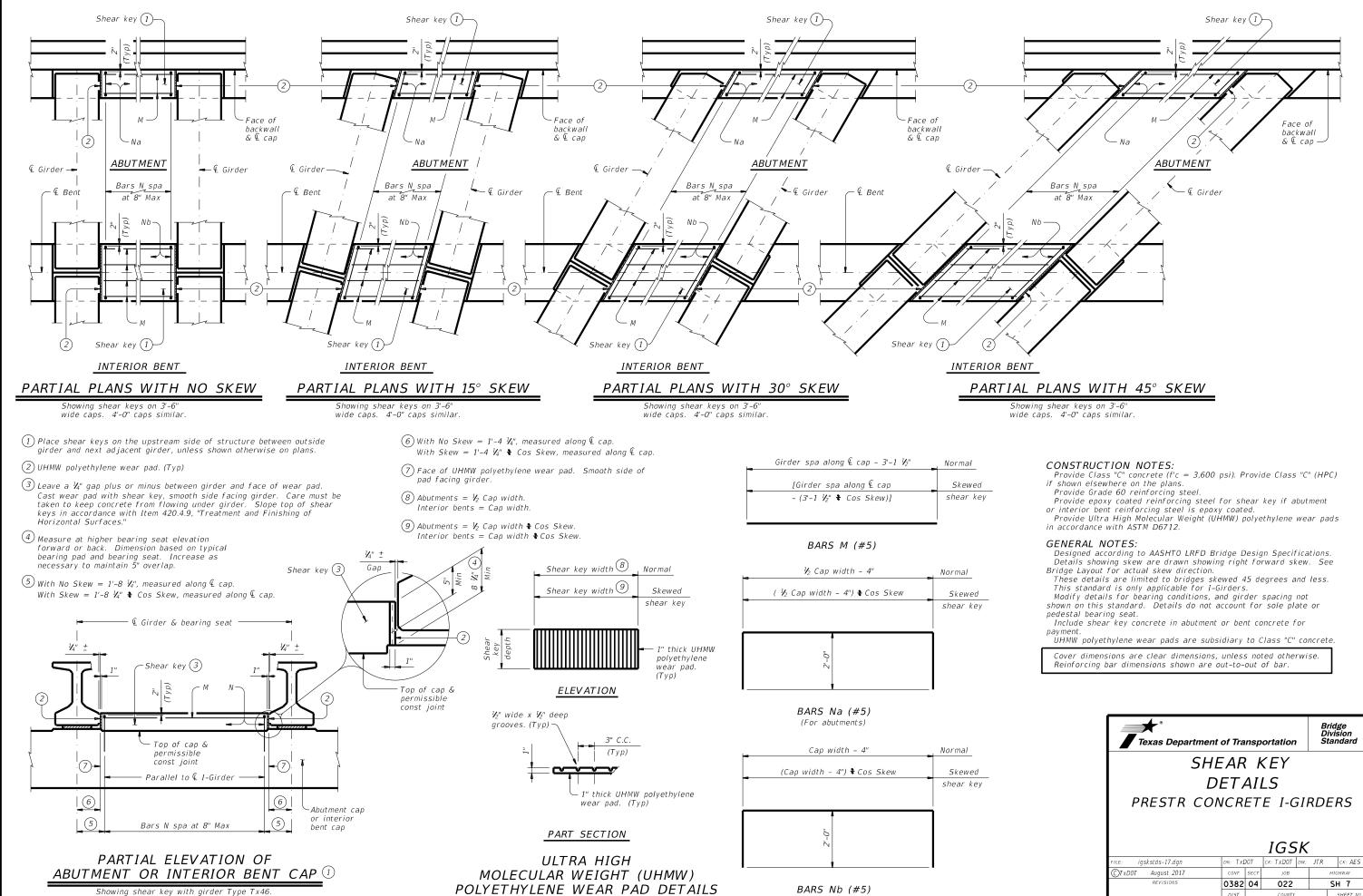
# MISCELLANEOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

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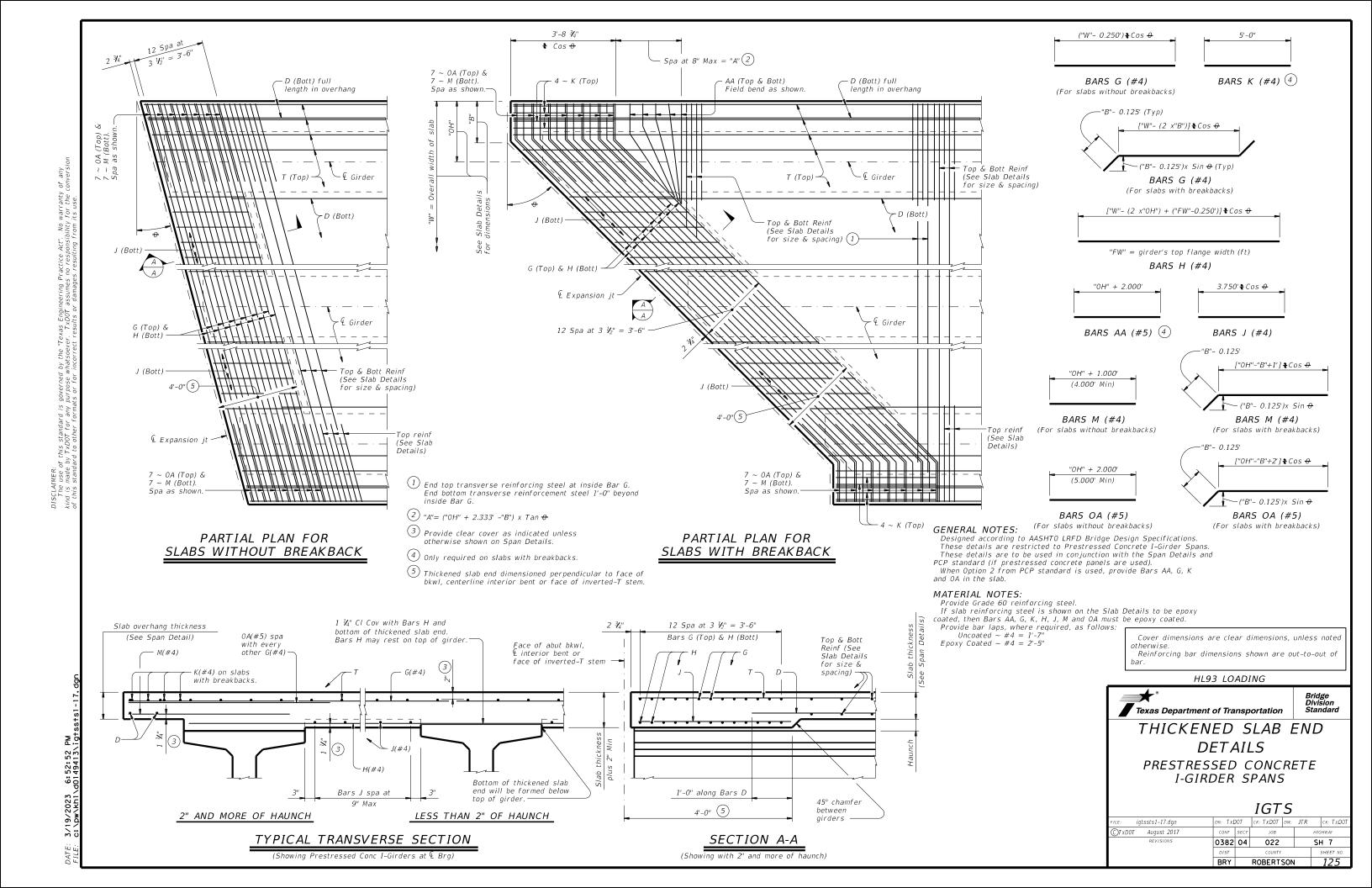


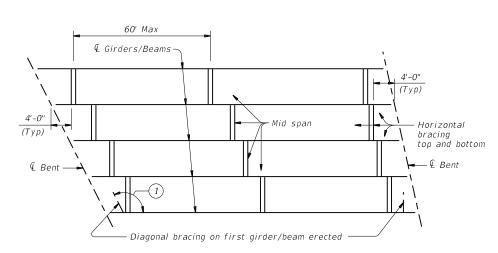
Other I-Girder types similar



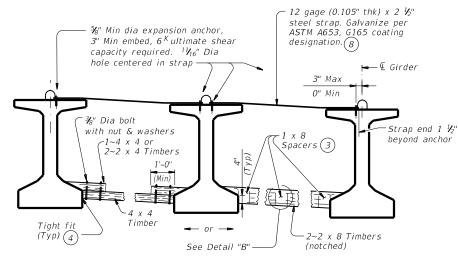
(For interior bents)

ROBERTSON



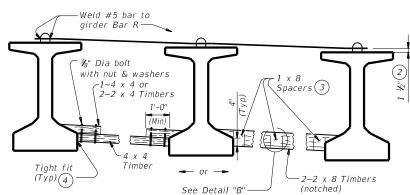


#### ERECTION BRACING



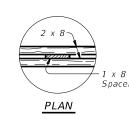
#### FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 1

(This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)



#### FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 2

#### HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS (5)



DETAIL "B"

½" General purpose Wood blocking as required wire rope, Min (6) to prevent breaking of flange edge. Girder Bar R Tiaht fit (Typ) (4)See Anale Brace Details -4 x 4 Timber Tx28 thru Tx54 and Ty A,B,C,IV 4 x 6 Timber Tx62,Tx70 and Ty VI (Min) Less than 45° 7/8" A193 Gr.B7 or END VIEW A449 anchor bolt (1'-2" Min embed) (9) DIAGONAL BRACING DETAILS (5) (To be used on both ends of the first girder/bean erected in the span in each phase.) ! %16" Dia hole for

(Typ)(7)

See Anale

Brace Details

Cable (with

come-along)

turnbuckle or

Timber (Notch

See Detail "A"

and brace against

corner of girder)

Attach to girder Bar R at nearest end of beam  $\{I-I\}$ 

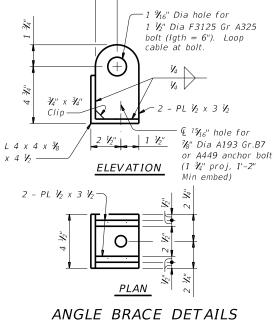
(Typ)(7)

PLAN

Edge of cap

**€** Anchor

bolt



#### HAULING & ERECTION:

The Contractor's attention is directed to the possible lateral instability of prestressed concrete girders and beams over 130' long, especially during hauling and erection. The use of the following methods to improve stability is encouraged: Locate lifting devices at the maximum practical distance from girder ends; use external lateral stiffening devices during hauling and erection; lift with vertical lines using two machines; and take care in handling to minimize inertial and impact forces.

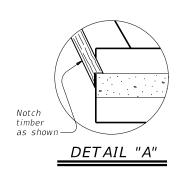
#### **ERECTION BRACING:**

Erection bracing details shown are considered the minimum for fulfilling the bracing requirements of Item 425.

Required erection bracing must be placed immediately after erection of each girder and remain in place until additional bracing as required for slab placement is in place. This standard is needed in all cases to meet requirements for Slab Placement Bracing.

#### PHASED CONSTRUCTION:

Place erection and slab placement bracing for all girders in a phase as shown in these details. For phases after first, also place erection and slab placement bracing between outer girder of completed phase and adjacent girder of current phase. When the phase construction joint is between girders, top bracing can be



- 1) If angle shown exceeds 120 degrees, move diagonal brace to other side of girder/beam and place square to girder/beam. This may prevent exterior girder from being erected first.
- 2) Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R (See Sheet 2 of 2).
- 3 Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.
- 4 Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges
- (5) Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 6 All hardware used with cable must be able to develop a minimum 25 kips breaking strength. Use thimbles at all loops in cable. Install cable clamps with saddles bearing against the live end and U-bolts bearing aginst the dead end.
- (7) It is acceptable to tie anchor bolts to cap reinforcement.
- 8 Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- (9) Anchor bolt may be drilled and epoxied in place. Provide 25k minimum pullout. Core drill hole

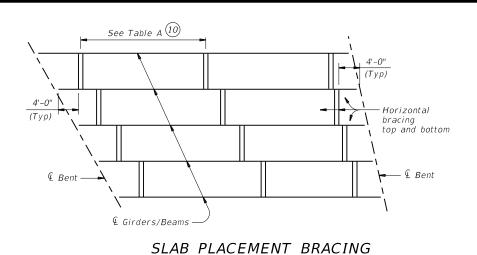
SHEET 1 OF 2



BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

MEBR(	C)
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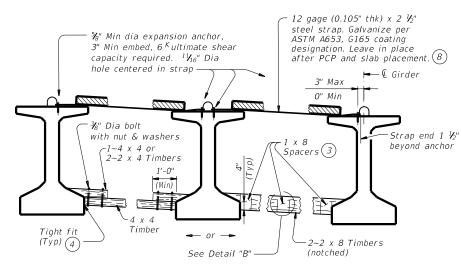
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OPTION 1-RI	GID BRACING (ST	EEL STRAP)							
Maximum Bracing Spacing									
Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0"	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)							
Tx28	$V_{\!\!4}$ points	${m V}_{\!\!4}$ points							
T x 34	$V_4$ points	${m V}_{\!\! 4}$ points							
T x 40	<b>¼</b> points	∜a points							
Tx46	$V_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 4}$ points	<b>½</b> points							
T x 54	V₄ points	$ oldsymbol{V}_{\!\!8}$ points							
Tx62	V₄ points	<b>½</b> points							
Tx70	$V_4$ points	$V_8$ points							
Α	V₀ points	$V_8$ points							
В	$V_8$ points	<b>½</b> points							
С	$V_8$ points	⅓ points							
IV	$V_{\!\!4}$ points	⅓ points							
VI	V₄ points	${m ec{v}}_{\!\!\!8}$ points							

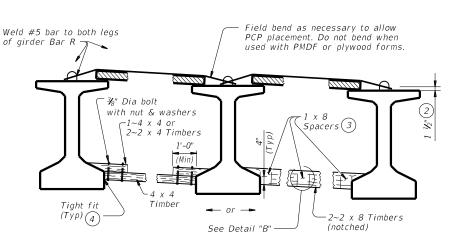
	OPTION 2-FLEXIBLE BRACING (NO. 5 OVER PCP)									
1	Maximum Bracing Spacing									
	Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0"	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)							
1	T x 28	$V_4$ points	$V_8$ points							
	Tx34	√₄ points	$V_8$ points							
1	T x 40	$V_4$ points	$V_8$ points							
1	Tx46	$V_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 4}$ points	$V_8$ points							
1	Tx54	$V_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 4}$ points	$V_8$ points							
1	Tx62	$V_{\!\!\!4}$ points	$V_{\!\scriptscriptstyle \partial}$ points							
	T x 7 0	$V_4$ points	$V_8$ points							
1	A	2.0 ft	1.5 ft							
1	В	3.0 ft	2.0 ft							
1	С	4.5 ft	2.0 ft							
	IV	$V_4$ points	4.0 ft							
1	VI	<b>¼</b> points	4.0 ft							

TABLE A



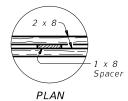
#### FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 1 - RIGID

(Showing slab formed with PCP. This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)



FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 2 - FLEXIBLE (Showing slab formed with PCP.)

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS (5)



DETAIL "B"

2) Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R.

(3) Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.

4 Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges to timbers.

(5) Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.

8 Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.

10 Bracing spacing (  $V_4$  and  $V_8$  points ) measured between first and last typical brace location.

(1) Measure slab overhang from centerline of girder or beam. When overhang varies in span, determine bracing spacing based on largest overhang.

#### SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING:

The details for slab placement bracing are considered minimum for fulfilling the requirements of Specification Items 422 and 425. Required slab placement bracing must remain in place until slab concrete has attained a compressive strength of 3000 psi.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Bracing details for spans longer than 150' are not provided. The Contractor must submit proposed bracing details for such conditions to the Engineer for approval prior to erection.

Systems equal to or better than those shown may be used provided details of such systems are submitted to and approved by the Engineer prior to erection.

Use of these systems or details does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the adequacy of the bracing and the safety of the structure.

Removal of bracing for short periods of time to align girders and beams is permissible.

All turn-buckles, come-alongs, anchors and other connections must be capable of developing the full strength of the cable

Furnish anchor bolts and nuts in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

SHEET 2 OF 2

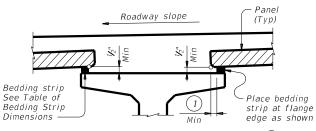


BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

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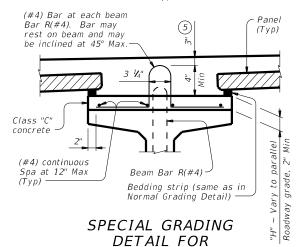
Bridge Division Standard

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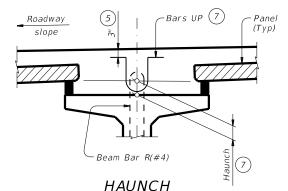
#### NORMAL GRADING DETAIL 3

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders (Other beam types similar)



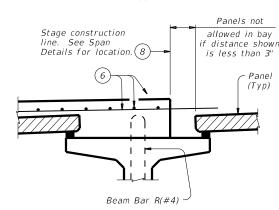
CONCRETE BEAMS

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders.
(Other beam types similar)



REINFORCING DETAIL

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders. (Other beam types similar)



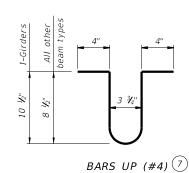


TABLE OF BEDDING STRIP

**DIMENSIONS** 

16

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/3

WIDTH

1" (Min

1 1/4

1 1/2"

1 3/4"

2 1/4"

2 1/2

2 3/4"

HEIGHT(4)

Мах

2 1/2"

3 1/2"

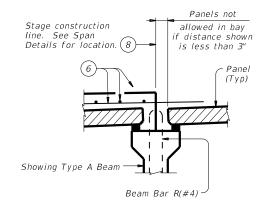
4"

4 1/2" (.

5" (2

5 1/2" (2

6"



PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS

STAGE CONSTRUCTION LIMITATIONS

(Other beam types similar)

# igg(1) 2" Min for I-giders, 1 $V_2$ " Min for all other beam types. igg(2) Allowed for I-girders, not allowed on other beam types.

(3) To reduce the quantity of cast-in-place concrete, bedding strip thickness may be increased in '\mathbb{\cappa}' increments. Bedding strips must be comprised of one layer. Bond bedding strips to the beams with an adhesive compatible with bedding strips. Bedding strips over 2.5" high may need to be bonded to panels. The same thickness strip must be used under any one panel edge and the maximum change in thickness between adjacent panels is '\mathbb{\cappa}'. Alternatively, bedding strips may be cut to grade. Panels may be supported by an alternate method, using a commercial product, if approved by the Engineer of Bridge Design, Bridge Division. If bedding strips exceed 6" high for I-Girders, 4" high for all other beam types, use Special Grading Detail for Concrete Beams or submit an alternate method to the Bridge Division for approval.

4 Height must not exceed twice the width.

(5) Provide clear cover as indicated unless otherwise shown on Span Details.

(6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.

7 Space Bars UP(#4) with Beam Bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 ½" with I-girders, and 3" for all other beam types. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.

(8) Do not locate construction joints on top of a panel.

(9) Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx 1/4" deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8° o.c..

Seal joint between panels when gap exceeds V," with polyurethane sealant or expanding foam sealer.

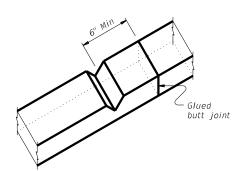
Make seal flush with top of panel.

Allowable Gap

#### PANEL JOINTS

(Panel reinforcing not shown for clarity.

The gap cannot be considered as a panel fabrication tolerance. Adjust panel placement to minimize joint openings.)



BEDDING STRIP DETAIL 9

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Erected panels must bear uniformly on bedding strips of extruded polystyrene placed along top flange edges. Placing panels to minimize joint openings is recommended.

If additional blocking is needed, special grading details for supporting the panels and extra reinforcing between beam and slab will be considered subsidiary to deck construction.

Bars U, shown on PCP-FAB, may be bent over or cut off if necessary.

Care must be taken to ensure proper cleaning of

Care must be taken to ensure proper cleaning of construction debris and consolidation of concrete material under the edges of the panels. Bedding strips must be placed at beam flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of  $1\ V_2$ " under the panels as the slab concrete is placed. To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between beam and panel, the minimum vertical opening must be at least ½". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Bedding strips varying in thickness across the beam are therefore required.

For clear span between U-beams less than or equal to 18", see Permissible Slab Forming Detail on Miscellaneous Slab Detail sheets, UBMS.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in the cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing of reinforcement.

If the top and bottom layer of reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then the D, E, P, & Z bars must be epoxy coated.

Provide bar Laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Panel placement may follow either Option 1 or Option 2 except Option 1 must be used if the skew exceeds 45 degrees.

Use of Prestressed Concrete Panels is not permitted for horizontally curved steel plate or tub girders. See Span Details for other possible restrictions on their use.

These details are to be used in conjunction with the Span Details, PCP-FAB and other applicable standard drawings.

When panel support (bedding strips) deviates from what is shown herein, provide details signed and sealed by a professional Engineer.

Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on this standard is considered subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted atherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of

HL93 LOADING

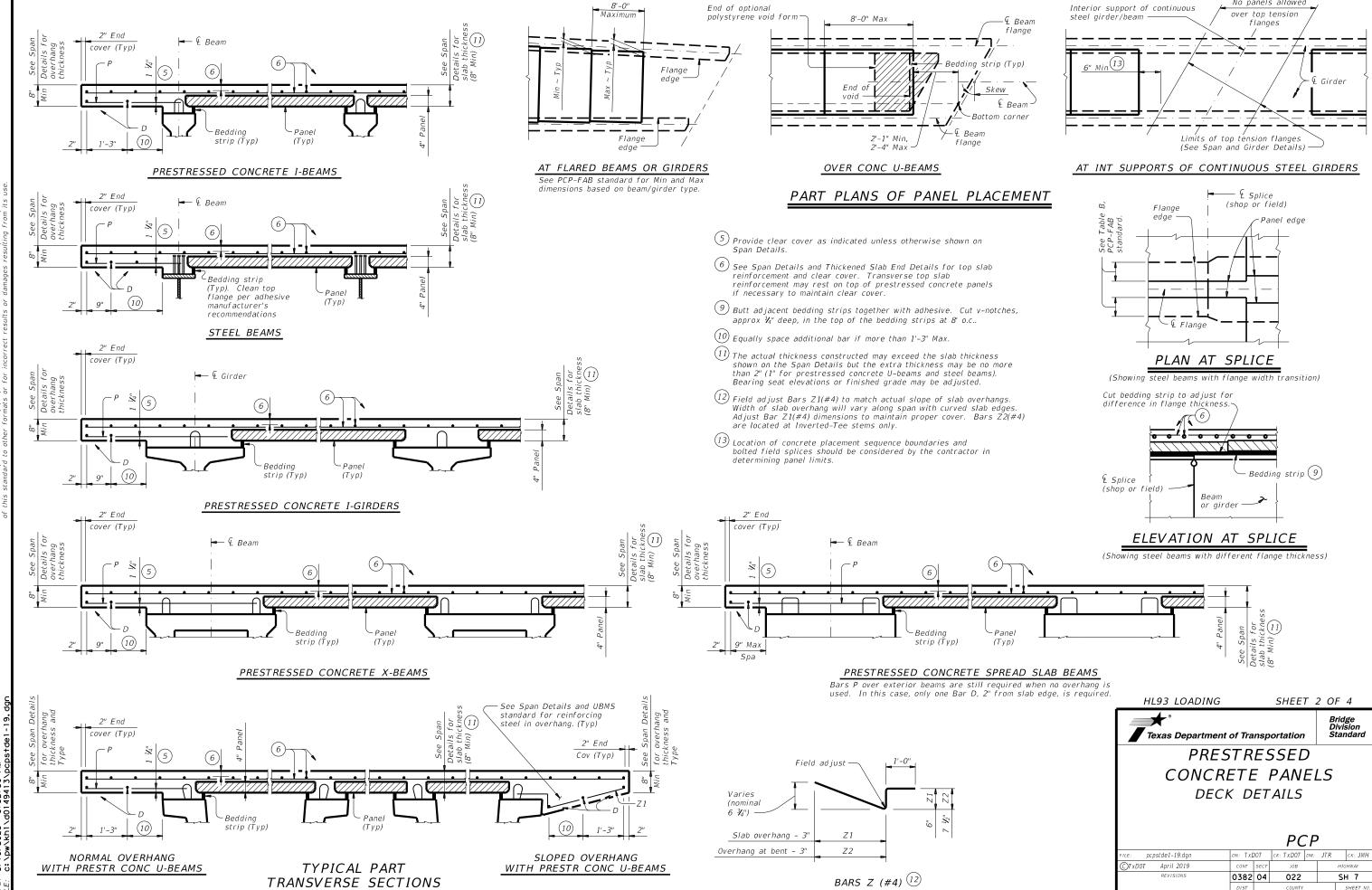
SHEET 1 OF 4



Bridge Division Standar

PRESTRESSED
CONCRETE PANELS
DECK DETAILS

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No panels allowed

ROBERTSON

& Bent-

Prestressed

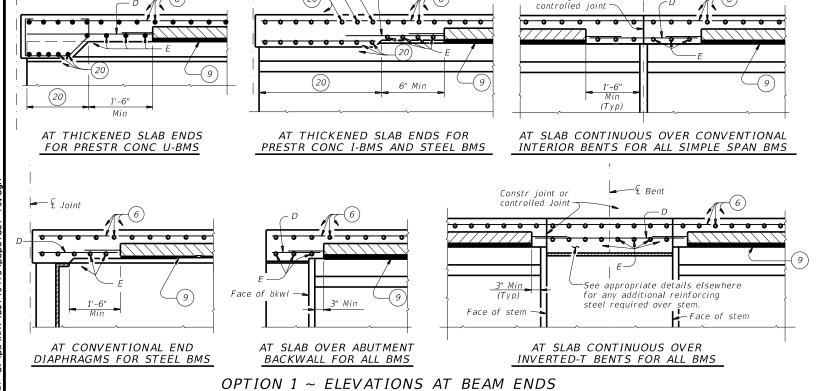
Panel ~ (Typ)

Concrete

Place one bar E parallel to edge of slab

AT ALL SPAN ENDS UNLESS

NOTED OTHERWISE



INTERIOR

**BENTS** 

OPTION 1 ~ PLAN OF SLABS WITH NORMAL REINFORCEMENT

P or Z (19)

controlled joint / (See Span Details)

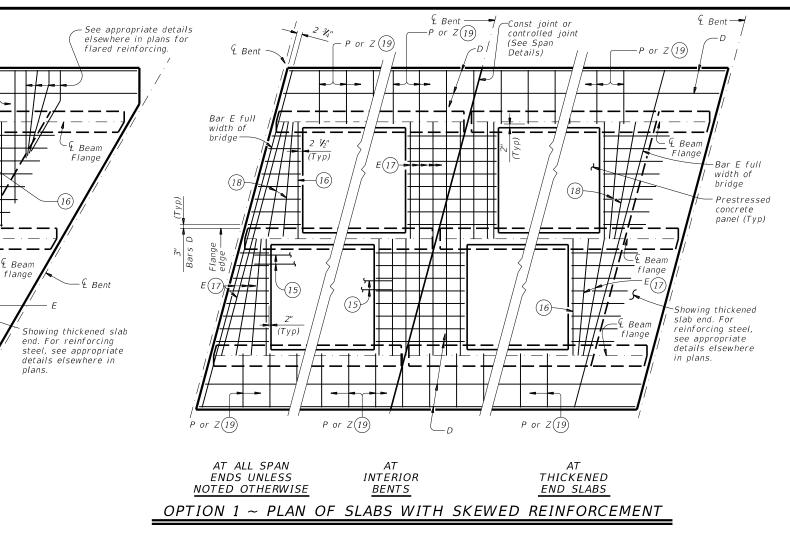
P or Z (19)-

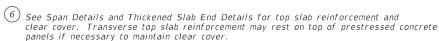
P or Z (19)

flange

THICKENED

END SLABS

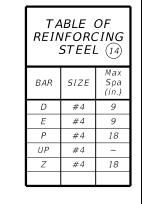


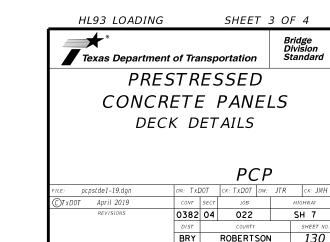


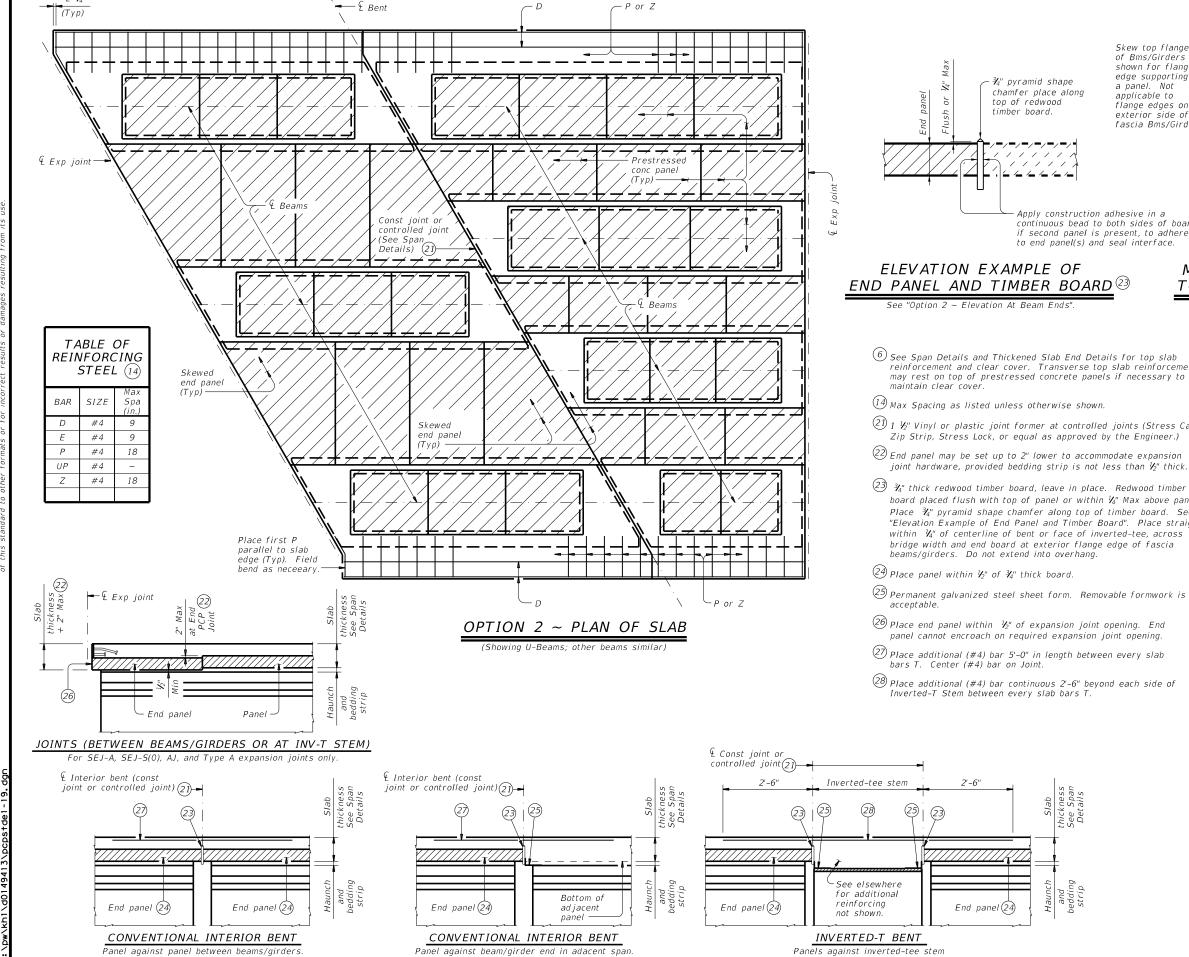
- 9 Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx  $V_4$ " deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8" o.c.
- (14) Max Spacing as listed unless otherwise shown.
- (15) At connection with cast-in-place slab, extend longitudinal panel reinforcement. See PCP-FAB for details.
- (16) Maintain one Bar E(#4) parallel to panel ends (Typ).
- 17) Bars E(#4) not continuous over beam flanges must overlap beam flange 6" Min.

Bars Z(#4) are required for sloped overhangs with U-Beams.

- (18) Add flared Bars E(#4) (Min Spa = 6", Max Spa = 12") as required at panel ends.
- 19 Where possible, Bars E(#4) may be extended into overhangs to replace Bars P(#4).
- 20) See appropriate thickened slab end details for reinforcing and limits of thickened slab end.







Skew top flange of Bms/Girders as shown for flange Face of Web edge supporting a panel. Not applicable to flange edges on exterior side of fascia Bms/Girders. Face of Web ¶ Interior Bent, Face of Abut Bkwl or Face continuous bead to both sides of board, of Inverted-T Stem

#### OPTION 2 ~ SHOWING MODIFICATION TO BEAM/GIRDER TOP FLANGE FOR SKEWS OVER 5°

Showing I-Bm/I-Girder, U-Bms and Steel Bms simila

- (6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to
- 2) 1 ½" Vinyl or plastic joint former at controlled joints (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.)
- 22) End panel may be set up to 2" lower to accommodate expansion joint hardware, provided bedding strip is not less than  ${1 \over 2}$ " thick.
- $\stackrel{\textstyle 2}{\cancel{3}}$   $\stackrel{\textstyle 3}{\cancel{4}}$ " thick redwood timber board, leave in place. Redwood timber board placed flush with top of panel or within  ${}^1\!\!Z$ " Max above panel. Place ¾" pyramid shape chamfer along top of timber board. See "Elevation Example of End Panel and Timber Board". Place straight, within  $V_4$ " of centerline of bent or face of inverted-tee, across bridge width and end board at exterior flange edge of fascia
- 25 Permanent galvanized steel sheet form. Removable formwork is
- (26) Place end panel within  $\frac{1}{2}$ " of expansion joint opening. End panel cannot encroach on required expansion joint opening.
- 27) Place additional (#4) bar 5'-0" in length between every slab

#### SPECIAL OPTION 2 CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- Bottom Flange

When Option 2 is chosen bottom mat of thickened end slab reinforcing is not required. Use the same top mat as shown on the Thickened Slab End Details sheet.

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended. Saw cutting panels to fit is acceptable when approved by the Engineer. Minimum distance from a saw cut edge to a panel strand is 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ ".

Do not extend the longitudinal panel reinforcement

into the cast-in-place slab.

Top flanges of beams and girders on skewed bridges must be modified as shown on this drawing. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating this modification with the beam fabricator prior to submitting shop drawings for approval.

Fabricator may optionally skew the whole end. When electing to skew whole end, girder end details and bearing type at conventional interior bent must be changed to use condition at abutment. Fabricator must coordinate change in bearing type, bearing centerline location, and dowel location with Engineer and Contractor. Show appropriate changes on girder and bearing shop drawings.

Bending of anchor studs of expansion joints shown on standards AJ, SEJ-A and SEJ-S(0) is permissible if necessary to clear top of end panels. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating modifications with the joint fabricator. Submit shop drawings for approval when modifications to expansion joint hardware are

Bedding strips under skewed end panels must conform to the requirements of Item 422 except their minimum compressive strength must be 60 psi.

Provide Bars AA, G, K and OA from standard IGTS in the slab.

> HL93 LOADING SHEET 4 OF 4

> > Bridge Division Standard



## **PRESTRESSED** CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

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 $P \subset P$ 

OPTION 2 ~ ELEVATIONS AT BEAM ENDS 6



4 Beam flange

Bar U (10)

Transverse

reinforcing

Longitudina reinforcing

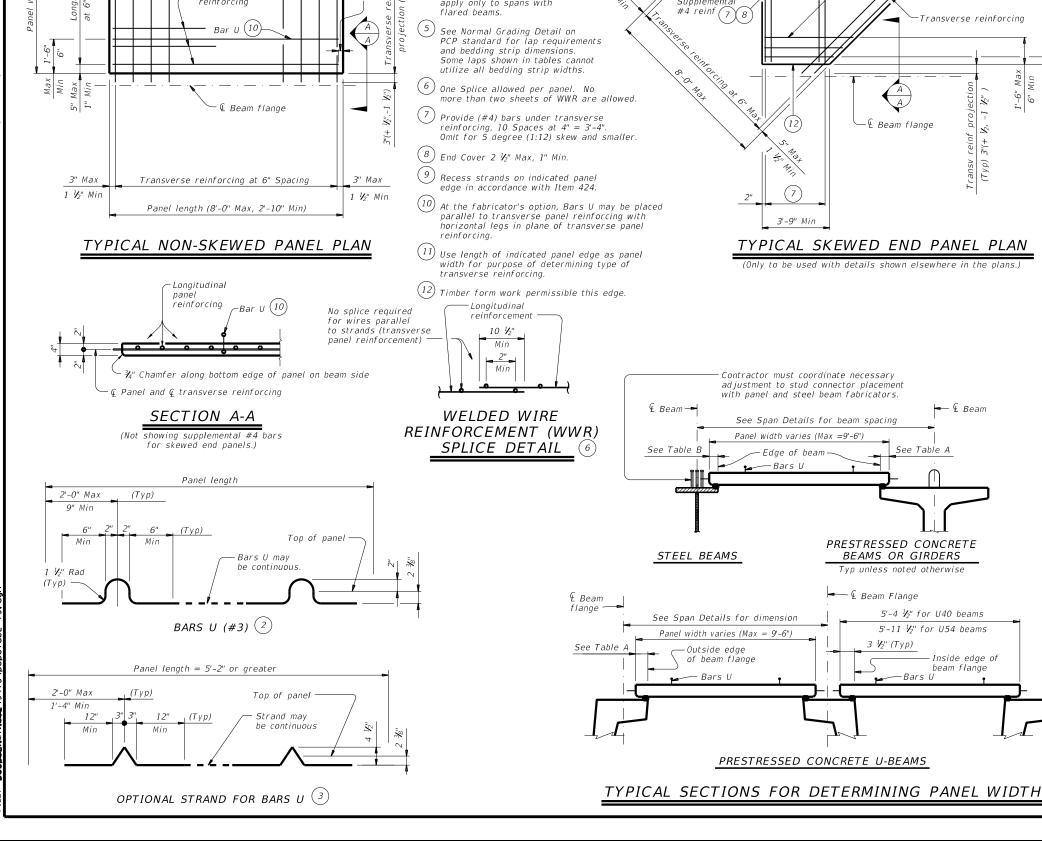


	TABLE	E A (4	1)(5)	TA	BLE B	(4)(5	5)
Beam Type	Normal (In.)	Min (In.)	Max (In.)	Top Flange Width	Normal (In.)	Min (In.)	Max (In.)
Α	3	2 1/2	3 ½	11" to 12"	2 ¾	2 1/2	2 ¾
В	3	2 1/2	3 ½	Over 12" to 15"	3 1/4	3	3 1/4
С	4	3	4 ½	Over 15" to 18"	4	3	4 ¾
IV	6	4	7 ½	Over 18"	5	3 ½	6 1/4
VI	6 ½	4 ½"	8 ½				
U40 - 54	5 ½	5 ½	7				
Tx28-70	6	5	7 ½				
XB20 - 40	4	3	4 ½				
XSB12 - 15	4	3	4 ½				
				•			

#### GENERAL NOTES:

3'-9" Min

Ream

flange

Longitudinal reinforcing (8)

Transverse reinforcing

➡ £ Beam

5'-4 ½" for U40 beams

5'-11 ½" for U54 beams

-Bars U

Inside edge of

Debond all strands less than

3.5' long between panel edges

For strands greater than 3.5

long, the Fabricator has the

option to debond 2 or fewer

strands from corner. For each

Supplementa

debonded strand add a #4 bar

1) At connection with cast-in-place

slab, extend longitudinal panel reinforcement 1'-0" (+2",-0")

past panel end. Alternatively,

at 6" Max Spacing and extend

Four loops required per panel.

 $\frac{3}{8}$ " or  $\frac{1}{2}$ " strands may be used.

 $^{(4)}$  Normal dimensions must be used on spans with parallel beam's. Maximum and Minimum dimensions

flared beams.

apply only to spans with

provide (#3) x 2'-0" dowels

dowels 1'-0" past panel end.  $\binom{2}{2}$  Four loops required per panel.

> Provide Class H concrete for panels. Release strength f'ci=3,500 psi. Minimum 28 day strength f'c=5,000 psi.

Provide ¾" chamfer along bottom edge of panel on beam side.

Do not use epoxy-coated reinforcing steel bar or strand in panels. Remove laitance from top panel surface.

Finish top of panel to a roughness between a No. 6 and No. 9 concrete surface profile, inclusive, as specified by the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI).

Shop drawings for the fabrication of panels will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this

A panel layout which identifies location of each panel must be developed by the Fabricator. Permanently mark each panel in accordance with the panel layout. A copy of the layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

#### TRANSVERSE PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

For panel widths over 5', use  $rac{N}{8}$ " or  $rac{N}{2}$ " Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kips per strand.

For panel widths over 3'-6" up to and including 5', use  $\frac{1}{8}$ " or  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kip per strand. Optionally, (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars may be used in lieu of prestressed strands. For panel widths up to 3"-6", use (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars (prestressed strands alone are not allowed).

Place transverse panel reinforcement at panel centroid and space at 6" Max.

#### LONGITUDINAL PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

Any of the following options may be used for longitudinal panel reinforcement

- 1. (#3) Grade 60 reinforcing steel at 6" Max Spacing. No splices allowed.
- 2. ¾" Dia prestressing strands at 4 ½" Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 3.  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia prestressing strands at 6" Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 4. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) providing 0.22 sq in per foot of panel width. Wires larger than D11 not permitted Provide transverse wires to ensure proper handling of reinforcing. One splice per panel is allowed. See WWR Splice Detail

No combination of longitudinal reinforcement options in a panel is allowed. Place longitudinal panel reinforcement above or below transverse panel reinforcement. Must be placed above transverse panel reinforcement for skewed end panels with supplemental (#4) reinforcement.

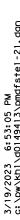


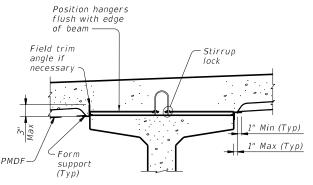


PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANEL FABRICATION **DETAILS** 

PCP-FAB

	•			_			
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TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0382	04	022			SH	7
	DIST		COUNTY			SF	HEET NO.
	BRY		ROBERT	SON		1	132





# PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS AND I-GIRDERS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS

flush with edge

1" Max (Typ)

1" Min (Typ)

of beam

Stirrup lock

– Form

support

U-BEAMS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS

- Form supports -

STEEL BEAMS

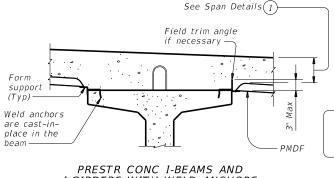
AT COMPRESSION FLANGES

Field trim angle

if necessary

Intermittent

weld



Slab thickness.

PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS AND I-GIRDERS WITH WELD ANCHORS

support

PMDF

cast-in-place

in the beam

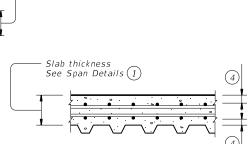
Weld anchors are

Slab thickness, See Span Details 1)-

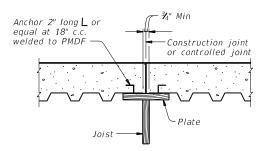
if necessary -

U-BEAMS WITH WELD ANCHORS

Field trim angle



# TYP LONGITUDINAL SLAB SECTION



Note: In spans where PMD forms are used, timber forms must be used at construction joints. Adequate provision must be made to support edge of metal form and to provide anchorage of metal form to slab concrete where joined to wood forms.

#### SECTION THRU CONSTRUCTION JOINT

#### FOR PRESTR CONC U-BEAM AND STEEL GIRDER BRIDGES:

Unless shown elsewhere in the plans, size, spacing, and orientation of bottom mat of slab reinforcement must match the top mat of reinforcing shown on the span details except all bottom mat bars are to be #5. Bottom mat reinforcement nd additional concrete is subsidiary to Item 422 "Concrete Superstructures." FOR PRESTR CONC TX-GIRDER BRIDGES:

See Miscellaneous Slab Details, Prestr Concrete I-Girders (IGMS) standard sheet for bottom mat reinforcing.

# Place concrete in direction of lap (3)—

SIDE LAP DETAILS

- (1) Slab thickness minus  $\frac{1}{8}$ " if corrugations match reinforcing bars.
- (2) Welding of form supports to tension flanges will not be permitted. Other methods of providing wind hold down resistance for PMDF in tension flange zones will be considered. At least one layer of sheet metal must be provided between the flange and the weld joint.
- 3 The direction of concrete placement will be such that the upper layer of the form overlap is loaded first.
- 4 See Span details for cover requirements.

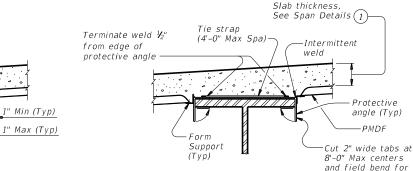
GENERAL NOTES: Steel for Permanent Metal Deck Forms (PMDF) and support angles shall conform to ASTM A653, structural steel (SS), with coating designation G165. Steel must have a minimum yield strength of 33 ksi. Minimum thickness of PMDF is 20 gage

and that of support angles and protective angles is 12 gage.
Submit two copies of forming plans for PMDF to the Engineer These plans must show all essential details of proposed form sheets, closures, fasteners, supports, connectors, special conditions and size and location of welds. These plans must clearly show areas of tension flanges for steel beams and provisions for protecting the tension flanges from welding notch effects by inclusion of separating sheet metal or other positive method. These plans must be designed, signed, and sealed by a licensed professional engineer. Department approval of these plans is not required, but the Department reserves the right to require modifications to the plans. The Contractor is responsible for the adequacy of these plans

The details and notes shown on this standard are to be used as a guide in preparation of the forming plans.

All material, labor, tools and incidentals necessary to form

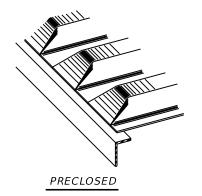
a bridge deck with Permanent Metal Deck Forms is considered subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete Superstructures".

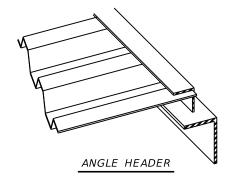


STEEL BEAMS AT TENSION FLANGES (2)

wind hold down

# TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTIONS





NOTE: This type is to be used for skewed ends only.

#### TYPES OF END CLOSURES

DESIGN NOTES:
As a minimum, PMDF and support angles must be designed for the dead load of the form, reinforcement and concrete plus 50 psf for construction loads. Flexural stresses due to these design loads must not exceed 75 percent of the yield strength of the steel. Allowable

stress for weld metal must be 12,400 psi.
Maximum deflection under the weight of forms reinforcement and concrete or 120 psf, whichever is greater, shall not exceed the following:

> 1/180 of the form design span, but not more than 0.50", for design spans of 10'

1/240 of the form design span, but not more than 0.75", for design spans greater

1/240 of the form design span, but not more than 0.75", for all design spans of railroad overpass bridge spans fully or partially over railroad right-of-way, and for all bridge spans of railroad underpass structures.

The form design span must not be less than the clear distance between beam flanges, measured parallel to the form flutes, minus 2".

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Form sheets must not be permitted to rest directly on the top of beam flanges. Form sheets must be securely fastened to form supports and must have a minimum bearing length of one inch at each end. Form supports must be placed in direct contact with beam flanges.

All attachments must be made by permissible welds, screws, bolts, clips or other means shown on the the forming plans. All sheet metal assembly screws must be installed with torque-limiting devices to prevent stripping. Only welds or bolts must be used to support vertical loads.

Welding and welds must be in accordance with the provisions of Item 448, "Structural Field Welding", pertaining to fillet welds. All welds must be made by a qualified welder

in accordance with Item 448. All permanently exposed form metal, where the galvanized coating has been damaged, must be thoroughly cleaned and repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Minor heat discoloration in areas of welds need not be touched up.

Flutes must line up uniformly across the entire width of the structure where main reinforcing steel is located in the flute.

Construction joints will not be permitted unless shown on the plans. The location of and forming details for any construction joint used must be shown on the forming plans. Forms below a construction joint must be removed after curing of the slab.
A sequence for uniform vibration of concrete

must be approved by the Engineer prior to concrete placement. Attention must be given to prevent damage to the forms, yet provide proper vibration to prevent voids or honeycomb in the flutes and at headers and/or construction joints.

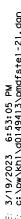
SHEET 1 OF 2

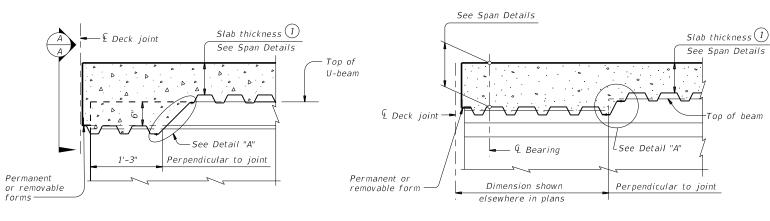


#### PERMANENT METAL DECK FORMS

#### **PMDF**

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TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0382	04	022		SI	+ 7	
-20 Modified box note by adding steel beams/girders and subsidiary.	DIST	ST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
-21: Updated max deflection for RR.	BRY	ROBERTSON				133	





€ Bent — •

Permanent or removable

Inverted tee

bent cap

#### AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR U-BEAMS

#### AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS, I-GIRDERS AND STEEL BEAMS

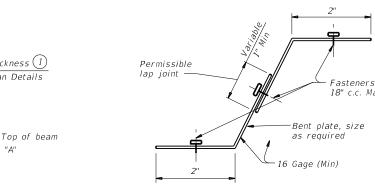
Showing I-beam block-out. No block-out for I-girders or steel beams.

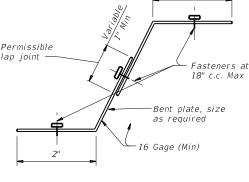
Slab thickness (1)

See Span Details

End diaphragm

AT SLAB OVER INV TEE STEM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END





Secure form support to

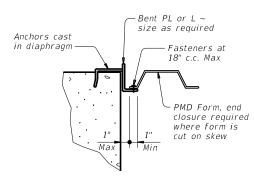
with beam flange

beam flange as necessary to ensure uniform contact

support

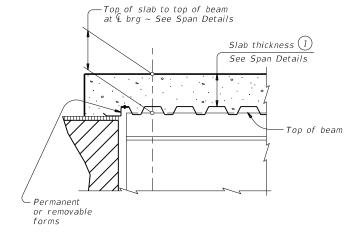
SECTION A-A

#### DETAIL "A"

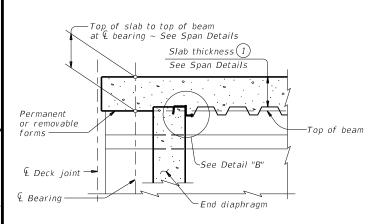


## DETAIL "B"

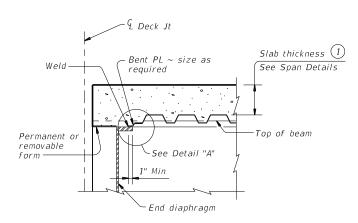
- 1) Slab thickness minus % if corrugations match reinforcing bars
- 5 Minimum yield stress of 12 gage bars shall be 40 ksi



AT SLAB OVER ABUT BKWL OR INV TEE STEM FOR CONC BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

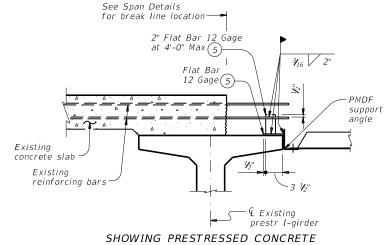


AT CONC END DIAPHRAGM FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS AND STEEL BEAMS

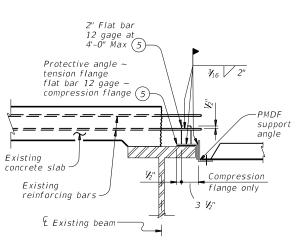


AT END DIAPHRAGM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

## DETAILS AT ENDS OF BEAMS

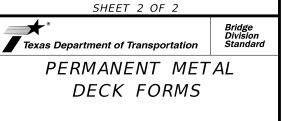


I-BEAMS, I-GIRDERS AND U-BEAMS



SHOWING STEEL BEAMS

## WIDENING DETAILS



1	PMD	F	
T	ck: TxD0T	DW:	Тх

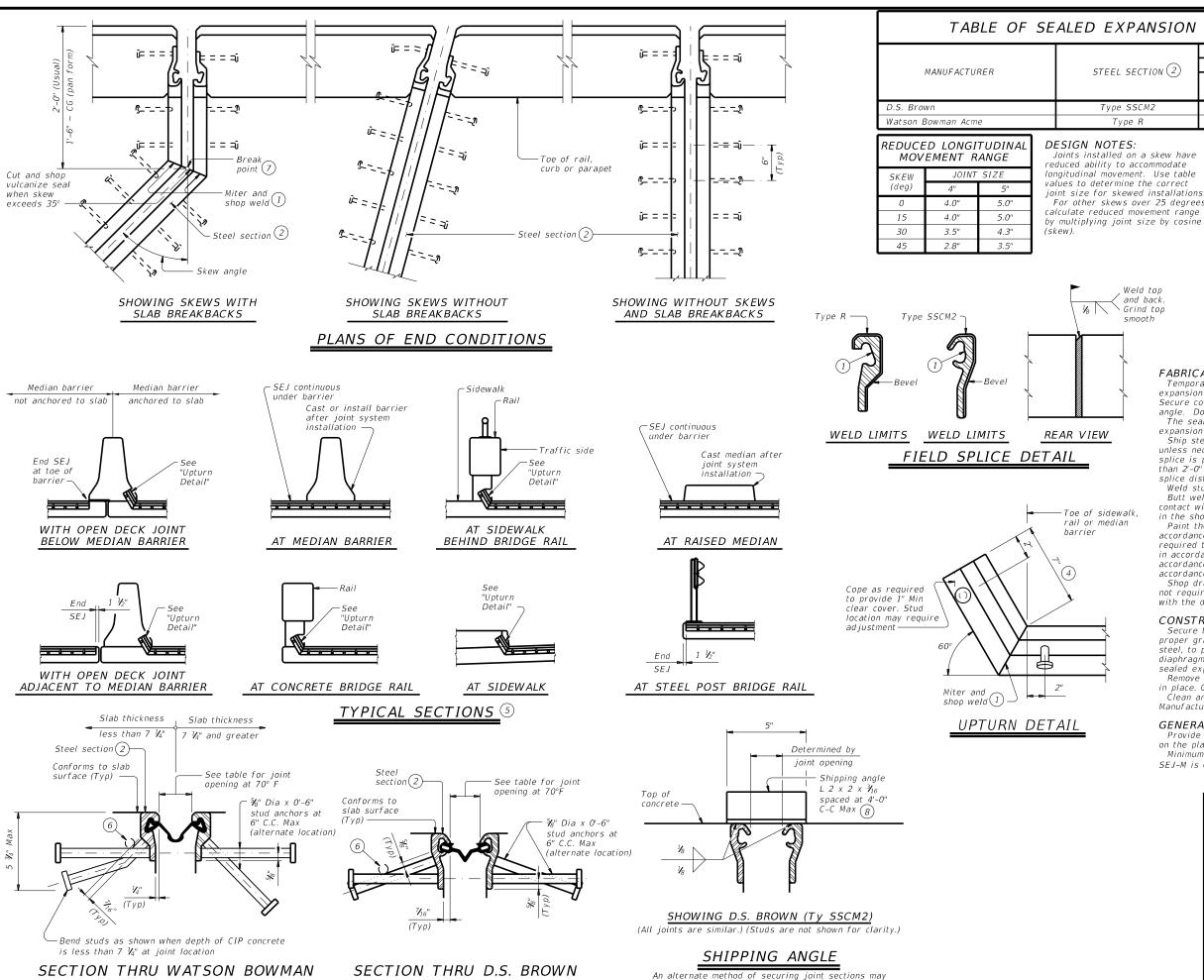
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©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
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02-20: Modified box note by adding steel beams/girders and subsidiary.	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
12-21: Updated max deflection for RR.	BRY		ROBERT:	SON		134	





6:53:08

ACME (SE-400 OR SE-500) JOINTS



be used if approved by the Bridge Division.

Erection bolts are not allowed.

(A2R-400 OR A2R-XTRA) JOINTS

TABLE OF SEALED EXPANSION JOINT INFORMATION Join Joint Opening (3 Type Opening (. Type A2R-400 A2R-XTRA SE-400 1 3/," SF-500

longitudinal movement. Use table

For other skews over 25 degrees, calculate reduced movement range by multiplying joint size by cosine

- (1) Remove all burrs which will be in contact with seal prior to making splice.
- $^{igl(2igr)}$  Shape of steel section shown is typical. Variations in sections must be approved by the Engineer.
- $\stackrel{ ext{ }}{ ext{ }}$  These openings are also the recommended minimum installation openings.
- $\stackrel{ ext{$(4)$}}{}$  Reduce for sidewalk or parapet heights less than 6".
- (5) Other conditions affecting the joint profile should be noted elsewhere.
- (6) Move transverse bars that are in conflict with SEJ studs, in either the bridge slab or approach slab, to rest at the junction of the studs.
- 7 See Span details for location of break point.
- 8 Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.

#### FABRICATION NOTES:

Temporarily shop assemble corresponding sections of sealed expansion joints (SEJ), check for fit, and match mark for shipment Secure corresponding sections together for shipment with shipping angle. Do not use erection bolts.

The seal must be continuous and included in the price bid for sealed expansion joint.

Ship steel sections in convenient lengths of 10'-0" Min and 24'-0" Max unles's necessary for staged construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2'-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max.

Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1.

Butt weld all shop and field splices and grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations in the shop.

Paint the entire steel section with System II or IV primer in accordance with Item 446, "Feild Cleaning and Painting Steel", unless required to galvanize when shown in the plans. Provide galvanizing in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Provide paints in accordance with Item 446.2. Prepare steel and apply paint in accordance with Item 446.4.7.3 and 446.4.7.4.

Shop drawings for the fabrication of sealed expansion joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Secure the sealed expansion joint in position and place to the proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel, to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for sealed expansion joint.

Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint. Clean and prepare seal cavity for seal installation as per the Manufacturer's installation procedures.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Provide sealed expansion joints in the size and at locations shown

Minimum slab and overhang thickness required for the use of SEJ-M is 6 1/2".

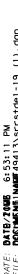


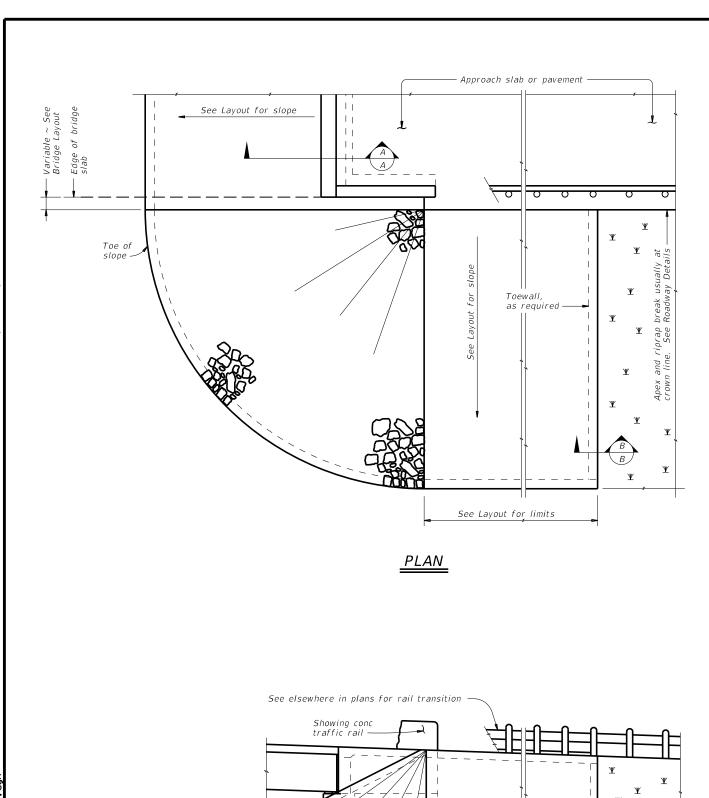
Bridge Division Standard

## SEALED EXPANSION JOINT TYPEMWITHOUT OVERLAY

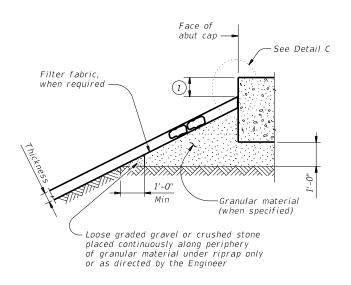
SEJ-M

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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
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ELEVATION

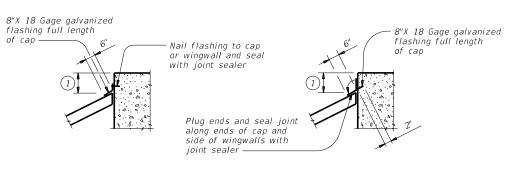


# Type R, Type F, Common 1'-0" Thickness Protection

# SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

#### SECTION A-A AT CAP



#### CAP OPTION A

CAP OPTION B

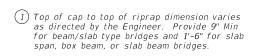
#### DETAIL C

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified.

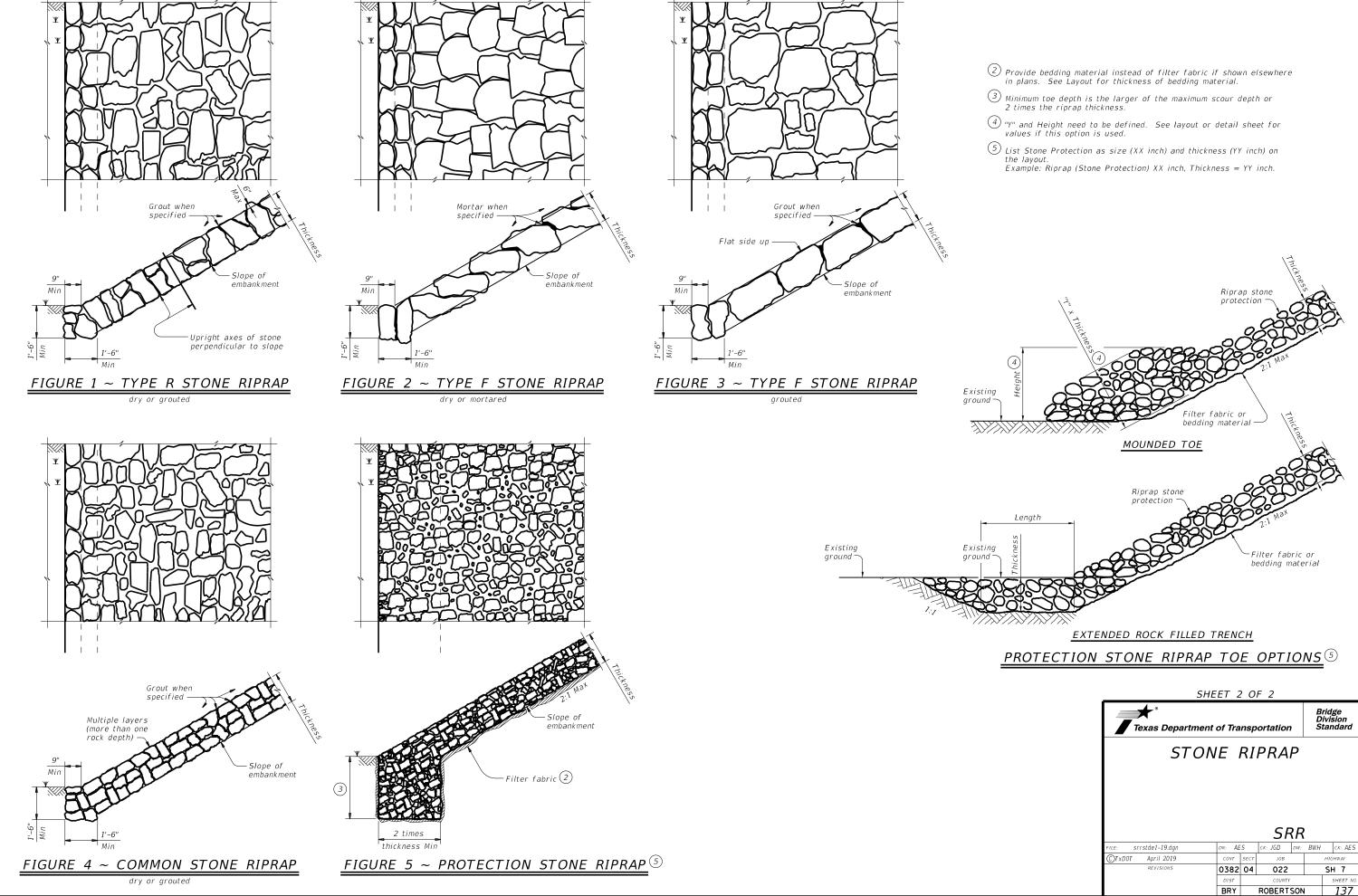
See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.

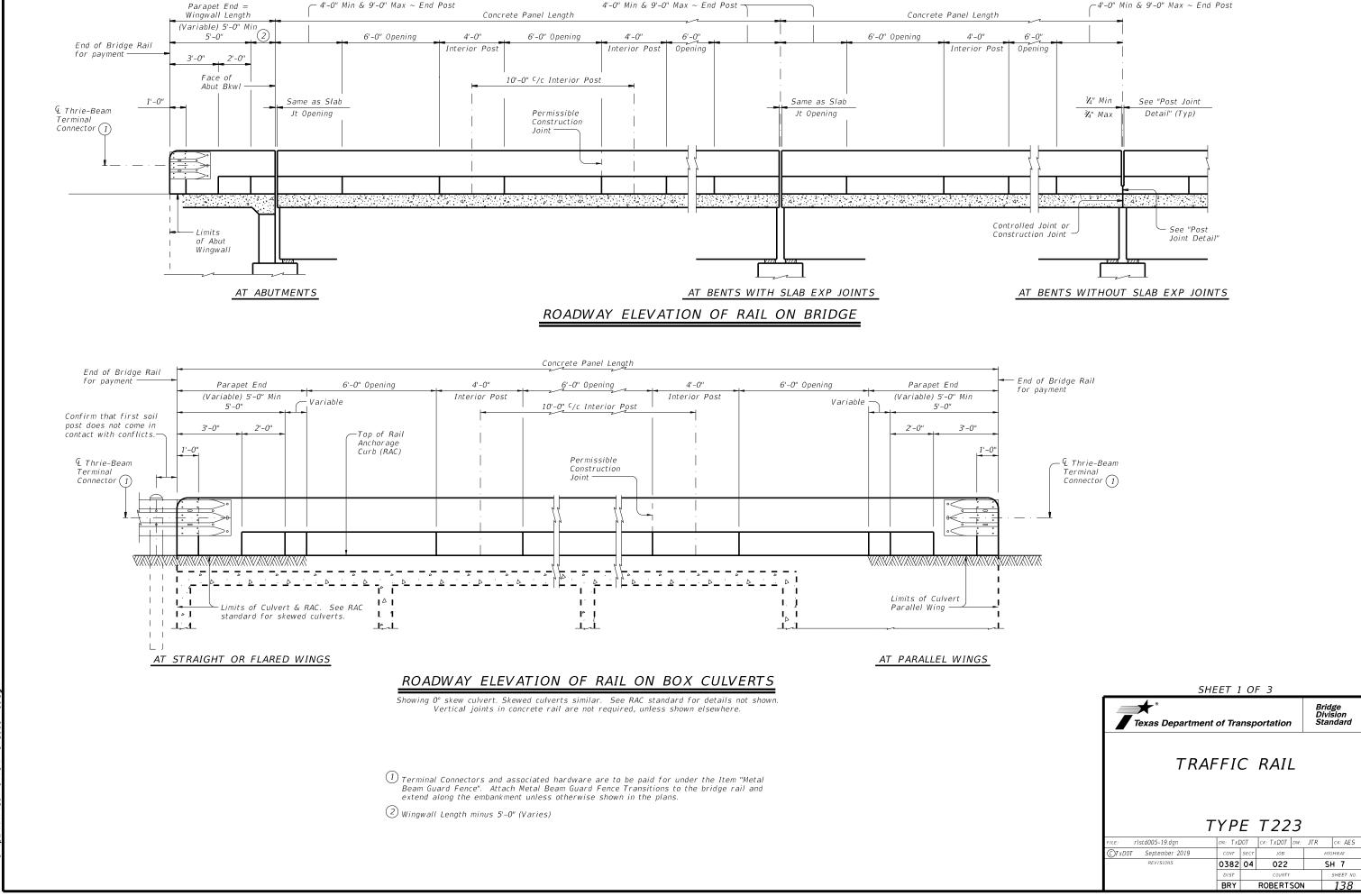


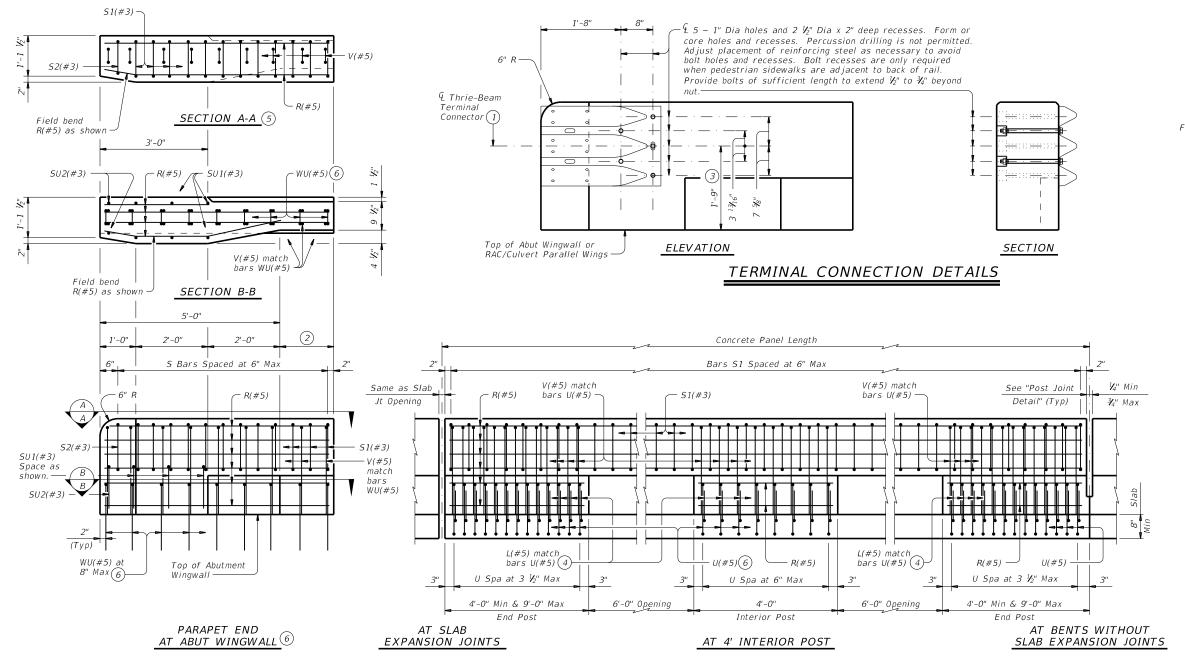








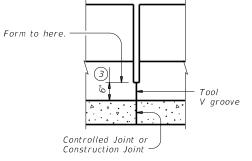




## ELEVATION SHOWING TYPICAL REINFORCING PLACEMENT

Showing rail on slab. Rail on box culvert similar

- 1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- 2 Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- ③ Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- Bars SU1(#3), SU2(#3) and WU(#5) not shown for clarity.
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on achorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.



¼" Min

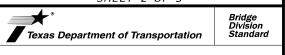
¾" Max

Opening

## POST JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

SHEET 2 OF 3

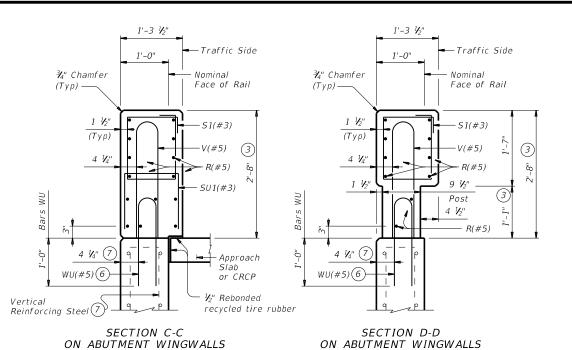


## TRAFFIC RAIL

## TYPE T223

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REVISIONS	0382	04	04 022		SH 7	
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	BRY	ROBERTSON				139

OR CIP RETAINING WALLS



¾" Chamfer Nominal Nominal ¾" Chamfer Face of Rail Face of Rail (Typ) -(Typ)S1(#3) S1(#3) Const Jt (3) (Typ) (Typ) Top of 4 1/1 Post 1 1/2" Slab 1 3 Bars L, U and V Pos L(#5) (4) ypical Water Barrier (if used) U(#5)(6)

ON BRIDGE SLAB SECTIONS THRU RAIL

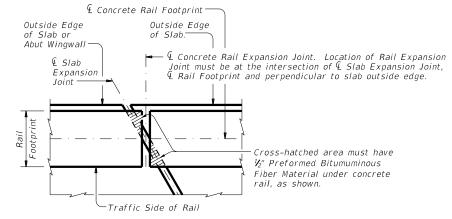
AT POST

Sections on box culverts similar

- (2) Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- 3 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.

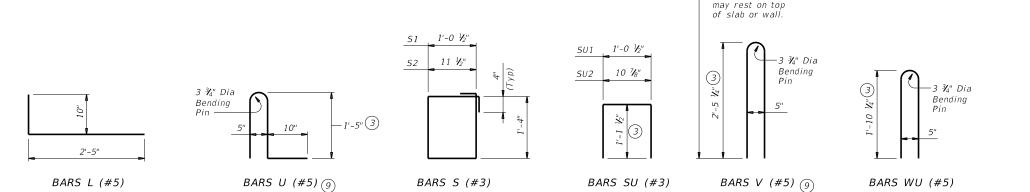
OR CIP RETAINING WALLS

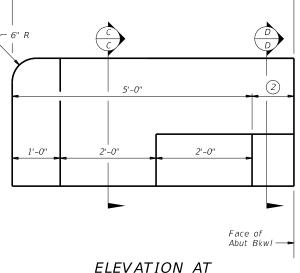
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bar's WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.
- (7) When vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls on traffic side of wall, move the horizontal wingwall/retaining wall reinforcing to the inside of Bars WU where bars conflict.
- $\fbox{8}$  Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcing.
- (9) At the Contractor's option, Bars V may be replaced by extending Bars U to 2'-5  $\frac{1}{4}$ " above the roadway surface without overlay.



## PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS

-Installed bar





Wingwall Length (Variable) 5'-0" Min

ABUTMENT WINGWALL

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
Face of rail and parapet must be vertical transversely unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Provide water barriers at openings draining onto undercrossing roadways and sidewalks. They may be cast-in-place or precast in convenient lengths and bonded to the bridge deck with an approved

Chamfer all exposed corners.

## MATERIAL NOTES:

AT OPENING

ON BRIDGE SLAB

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized.

Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U, V, and WU unless noted otherwise. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0" Epoxy coated  $\sim #5 = 3'-0''$ 

Bridge Division

Standard

#### GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications. Shop drawings are not required for this rail

Average weight of railing with no overlay is 358 plf

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.



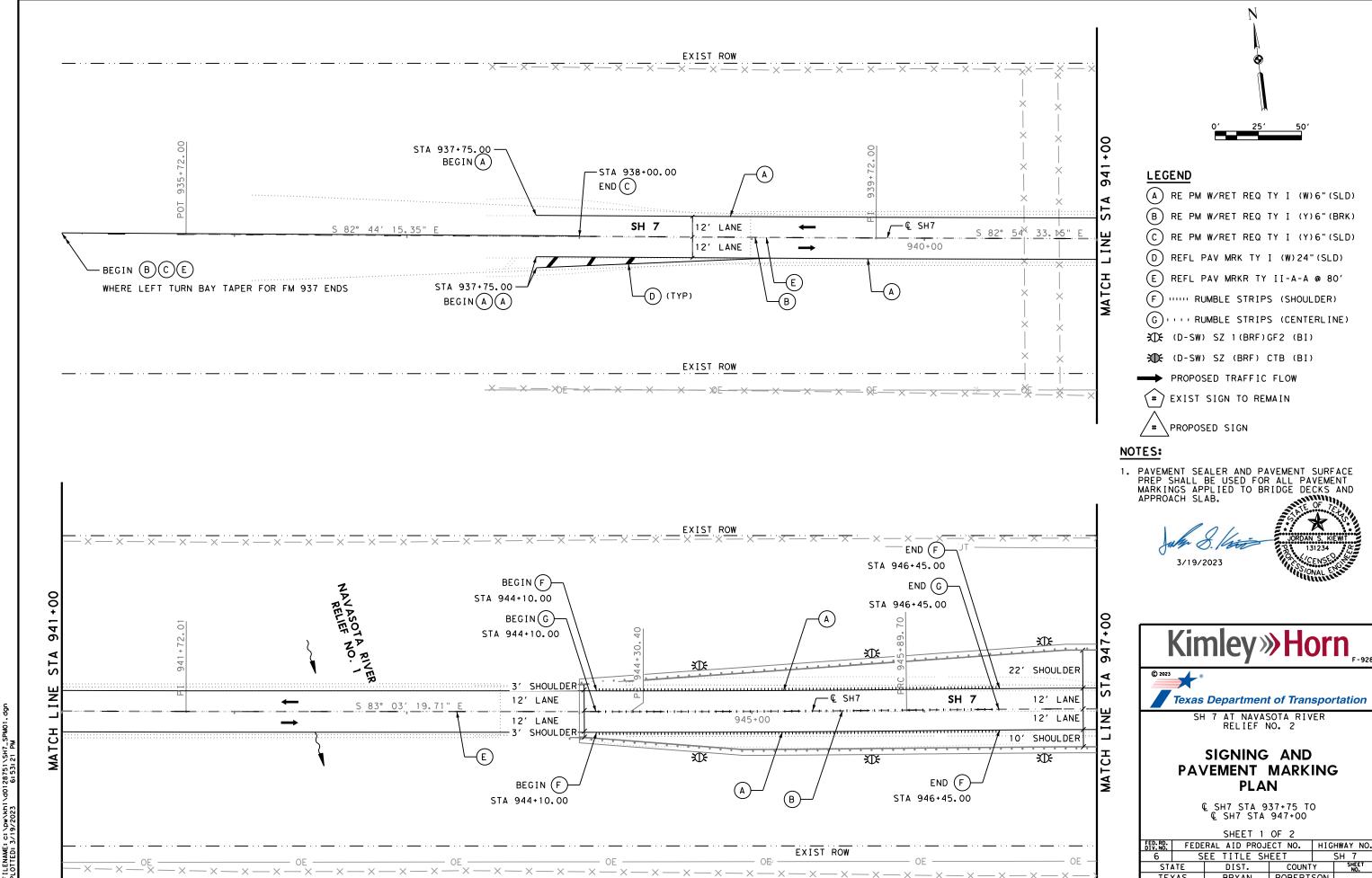


TRAFFIC RAIL

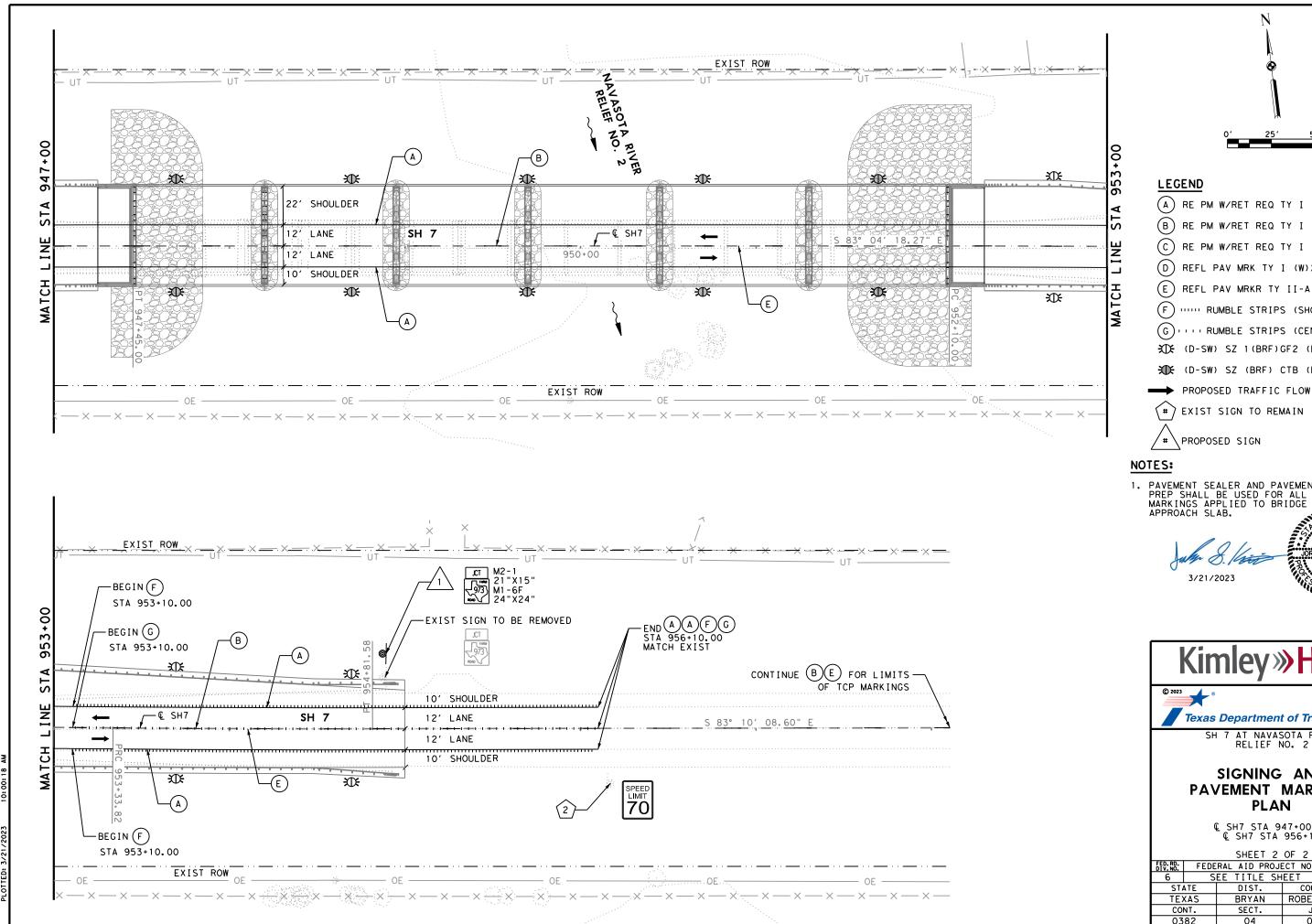
TYPE T223

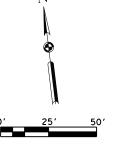
•				_			
FILE: rlstd005-19.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT .	CK: TXDOT	DW:	JTR	CF	C: AES
©TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		VAY
REVISIONS	0382	04	04 022 SF		SH	7	
	DIST	ST COUNTY			SH	EET NO.	
	BRY	BRY ROBERTSON			1	40	

			SUMMARY		(TYPE A)	SM F	D SGN	ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	<u>xx</u> (x- <u>xxxx</u> )	BRIDGE MOUNT	
PLAN HEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN Nomenclature	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	ALUMINUM	POST TYPE  FRP = Fiberglas: TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG 580 = Sch 80	POSTS 1 or 2		PREFABRICATED	ITING DESIGNATION  1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext  BM = Extruded Wind Beam  WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing  Channel  EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign  Panels	CLEARANCE SIGNS (See Note 2) TY = TYPE TY N TY S	
1 4 3	1	M2 - 1	JCT	21" X 15"		1 OBWG	1	SA	P			
		M1 - 6F	973 ROAD	24" X 24"								ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS  Square Feet Minimum Thickness  Less than 7.5 0.080"  7.5 to 15 0.100"  Greater than 15 0.125"
												The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.  http://www.txdot.gov/
												NOTE:
												1. Sign supports shall be located as shon the plans, except that the Engine may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary the secure a more desirable location or avoid conflict with utilities. Unles otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engin will verify all sign support locatio
												For installation of bridge mount cle signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
												<ol> <li>For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes &amp; Details SMD(GE</li> </ol>
												Texas Department of Transportation
												·
												SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS
												SOSS
												REVISIONS



SH 7 TEXAS ROBERTSON BRYAN 142 CONT. SECT. JOB 04





## LEGEND

- A RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)
- B) RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)
- (C) RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)
- (D) REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)
- E REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A @ 80'
- (F) ..... RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)
- (G) ... RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)
- ₩ (D-SW) SZ 1(BRF)GF2 (BI)
- \*DF (D-SW) SZ (BRF) CTB (BI)
- (#) EXIST SIGN TO REMAIN
- # \ PROPOSED SIGN

1. PAVEMENT SEALER AND PAVEMENT SURFACE PREP SHALL BE USED FOR ALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS APPLIED TO BRIDGE DECKS AND APPROACH SLAB.

3/21/2023

Kimley » Horn

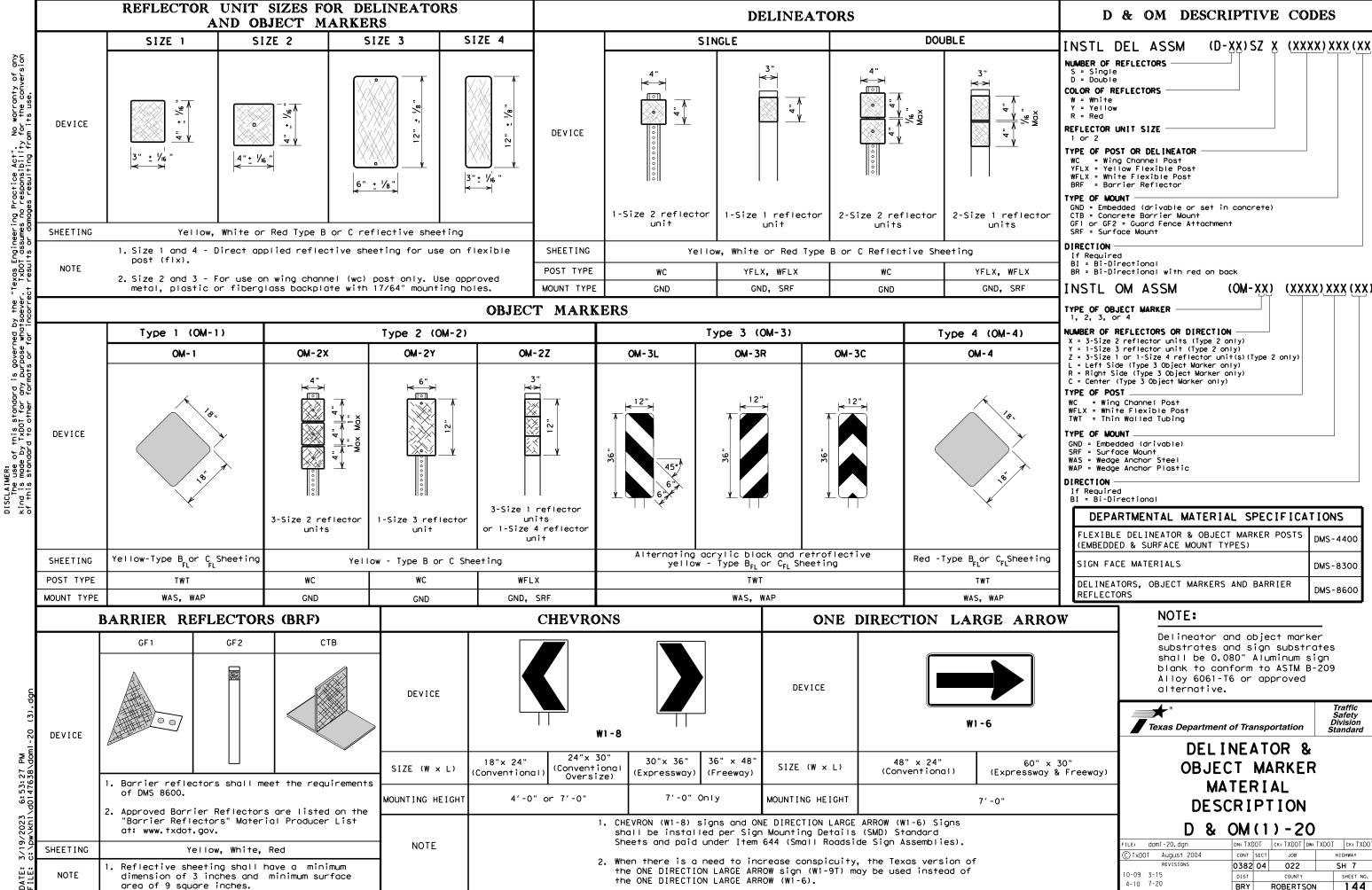


SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

## SIGNING AND **PAVEMENT MARKING PLAN**

© SH7 STA 947+00 TO © SH7 STA 956+10

		OF 2	SHEET 2			
HWAY NO.	HIG	ECT NO.	RAL AID PROJE	FEDE	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	
SH 7	SEE TITLE SHEET					
SHEET NO.	Υ	COUNT	STATE DIST. COU		ST	
	SON	ROBERT	BRYAN	XAS	TE	
143	JOB		SECT.	CONT.		
]		022	04	0382		

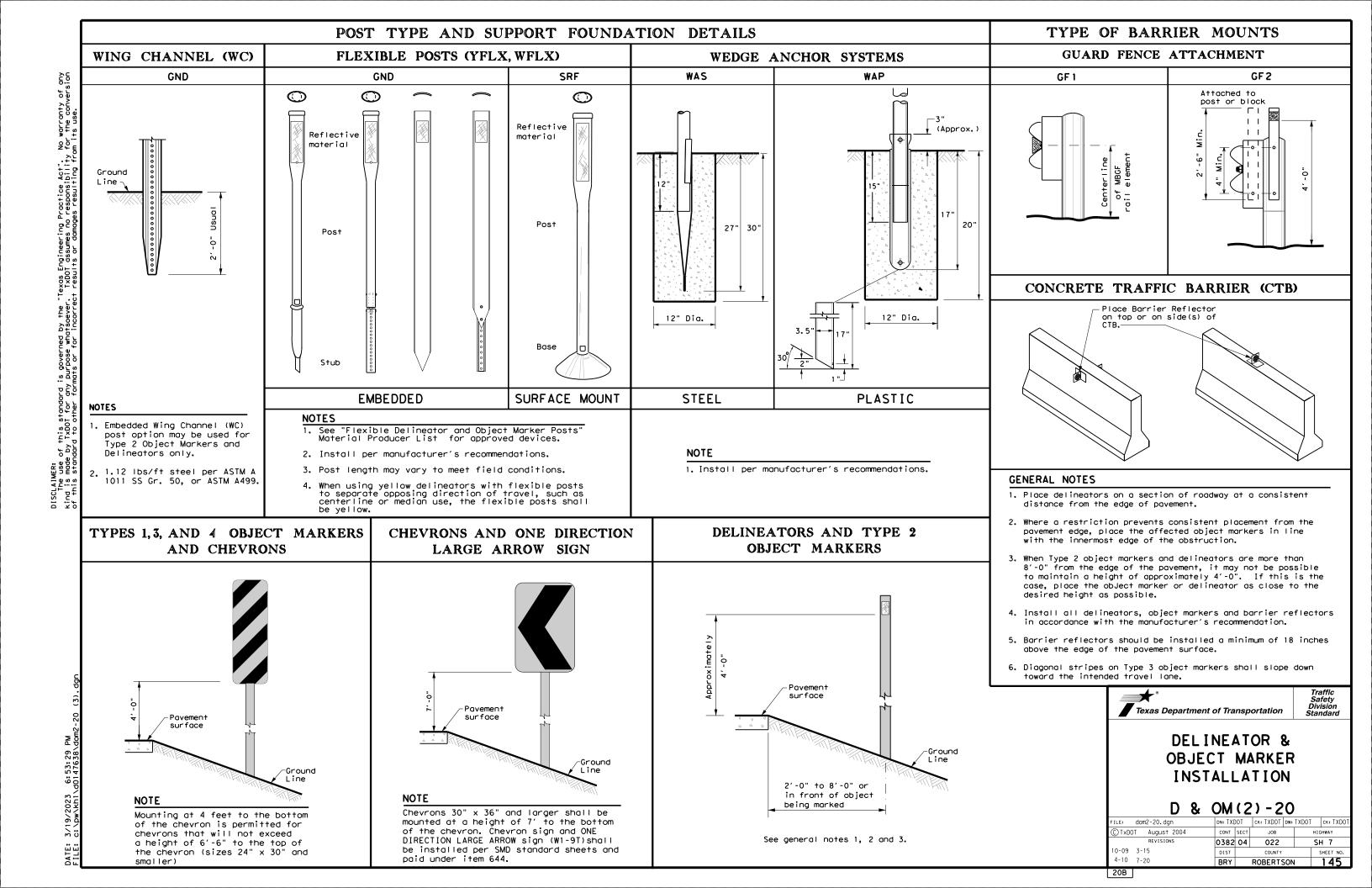


BRY

20A

(OM-XX) (XXXX)XXX(XX)

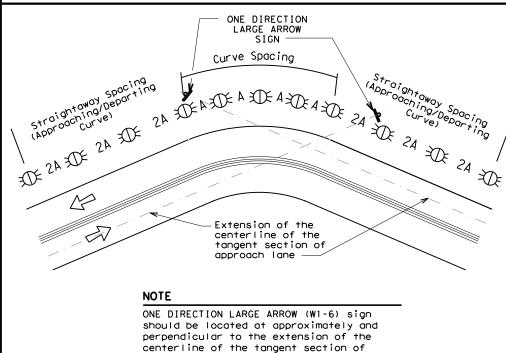
SH 7 ROBERTSON 144



## MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

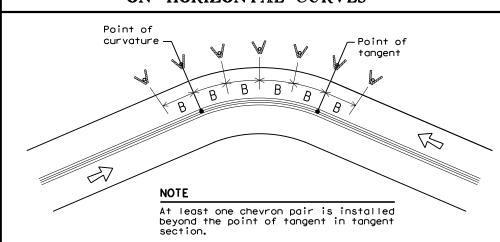
	Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed						
is less than Posted Speed		Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)					
	5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs					
	15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.</li> </ul>					
	25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of     chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons					

## SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



## SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



## DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40
_				

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

## DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end  See D & OM (5)
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Dt a OM (3)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

## NOTES

Pavement Narrowing

Freeways/Expressway

(lane merge) on

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.

Single delineators adjacent

to affected lane for full

length of transition

3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND					
<b>₩</b>	Bi-directional Delineator				
X	Delineator				
4	Sign				

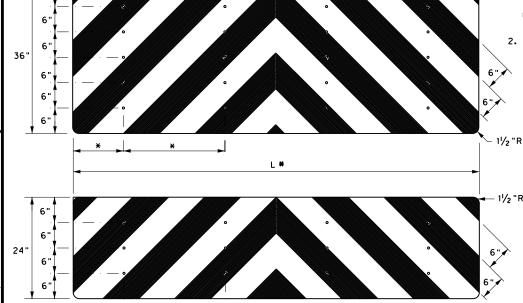


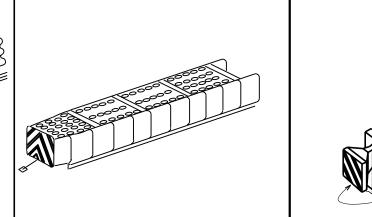
100 feet

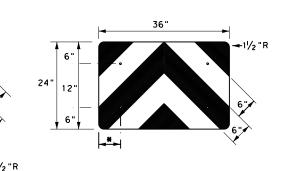
**DELINEATOR &** OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

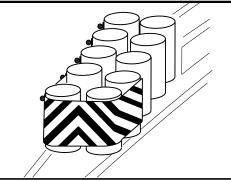
LE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[	TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
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-15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-15 7-20	BRY		ROBERTS	SON		146

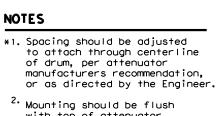




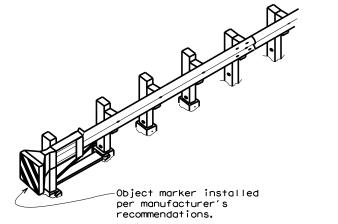


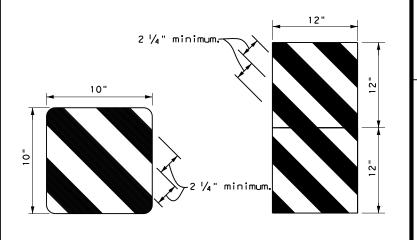
# Adjust to fit attenuator per manufacturer's recommendation, or as directed by the Engineer



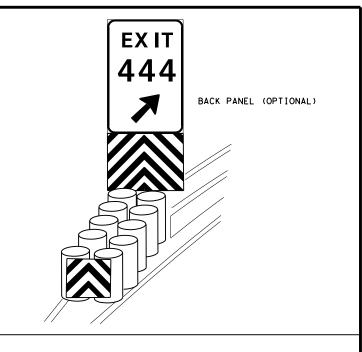


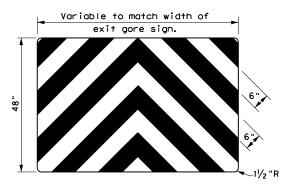
Mounting should be flush with top of attenuator. Minimum size 96" x 24".





OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2





## NOTES

- 1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of  $2\,\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

**DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER** FOR VEHICLE IMPACT **ATTENUATORS** 

D & OM(VIA) - 20

<b>D G O</b> .	٧. ٠	• •	• • •		
FILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TX[	)OT	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
CTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0382	04	022		SH 7
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST	IST COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 7-20	BRY		ROBERTS	SON	148

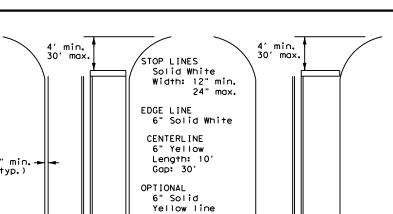
FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications



Texas Department of Transportation



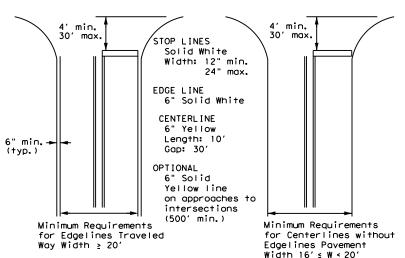
Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(1) - 22

		•				
: pm1-22, dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CI	<b>(:</b>
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	/AY
REVISIONS -78 8-00 6-20	0382	04	022		SH	7
95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHE	ET NO.
00 2-12	BRY		ROBERT:	SON	1	49

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

## GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways

Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the Engineer.

6" Solid Yellow Line

-6" Solid White

Edge Line

ALLEY, PRIVATE ROAD

OR MINOR DRIVEWAY

6" Solid Yellow Line

 $\Diamond$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

➾

➾

3"to 12"+| |+

For posted speed on road

being marked equal to or greater than 45 MPH.

YIELD LINES

12" 3" to 12" + 1 + 18" T V V V V V

For posted speed on road

being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.

ف

ALLEY. PRIVATE ROAD

OR MINOR DRIVEWAY

6" White Lane Line

Solid

TYPICAL MULTI-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT

MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS

18" min. - 20" max.

(16" minimum for

restripe projects when approved by

the Engineer.)

Edge Line

White

6" Solid White

Edge Line

Solid

MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS

**₽**  $\Diamond$ 

MAJOR DRIVEWAY

6"

DETAIL "B"

2" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.

1. Where divided highways are

separated by median widths at

the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median

openings shall be signed as

two separate intersections.

NOTES

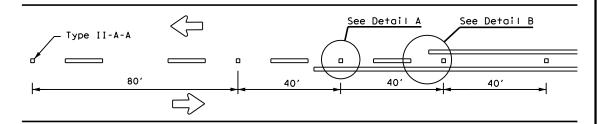
PUBLIC ROADWAY

Edge Line

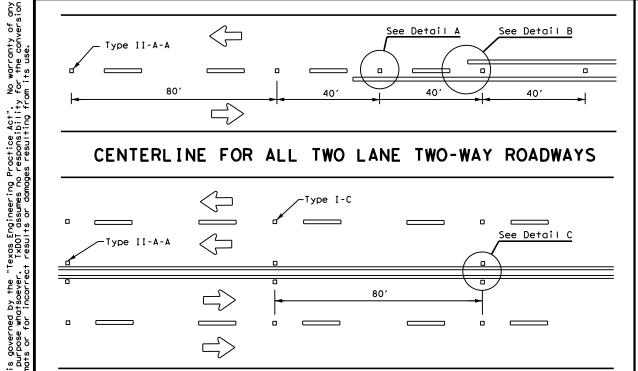
 $\langle \rangle$ 

₹>

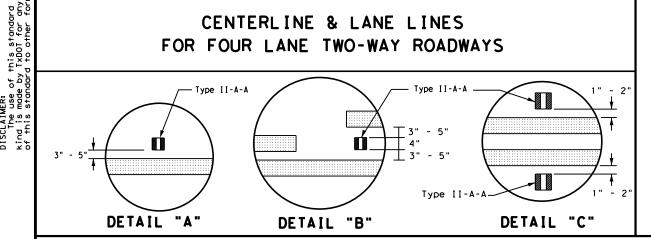
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.



## CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



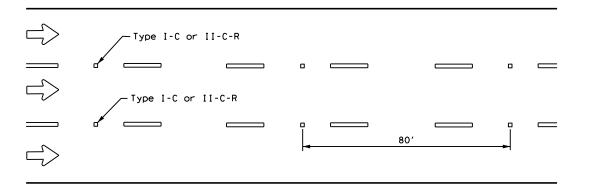
## CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



OR 6" LANE LINE

## Centerline -Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 40 80' Type I-C

## CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

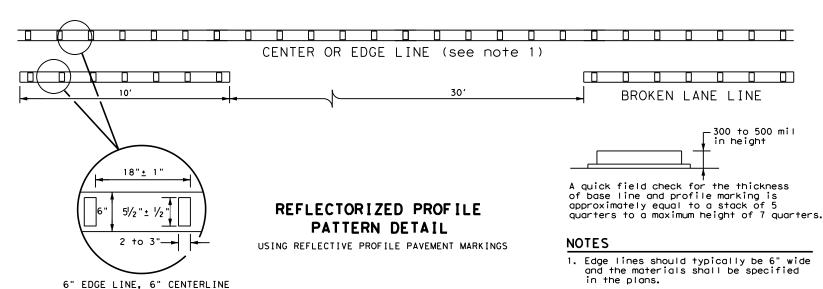


## LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

2. Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit

of 45 MPH or less.

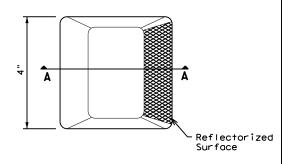


## GENERAL NOTES

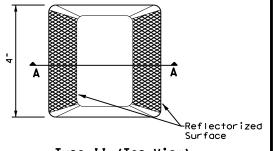
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

١	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
١	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
_	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
١	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
١	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
١	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
١	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

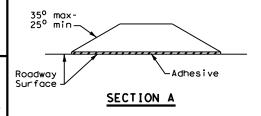
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



## RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

ILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
C)TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	GHWAY
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20	0382	04	022		SI	<b>⊣</b> 7
4-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	BRY		ROBERT:	SON		150
000						

Solid-White Edge Line

CROSSHATCH LENGTH (L)

-See Roadway Design Manual for minimum shoulder width

-Bridge Rail

or Face of Curb Guard Fence

Guard Fence

## NOTES

- Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 4 inches from the bridge rail or face of curb or 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions.
- 2. No-passing zone on bridge approach is optional. If used, the no-passing zone shall be a minimum 500 feet long from the beginning of the bridge.
- 3. The crosshatching should be required if the shoulder width in advance of the bridge is 4 feet or wider and a reduction of at least 3 feet in shoulder width across the bridge occurs.
- On divided highways, review both the right and left shoulder widths for the need for narrow bridge pavement markings.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

-Solid White Edge Line

-12" min. 24" typ.

> -Solid White Line

> > (See Note 3)

ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

⊢6" min.

Length of crosshatch area (L)
(See table below)

See latest MBGF and standard sheets for proper placement and allowable taper of MBGF and SGT.

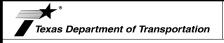
-See D&OM standard sheets

details.

for Bridge Rail Reflector,

Delineator, and Object Marker

L20' typ.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

PAVEMENT MARKINGS FOR ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

PM(5)-22

•		-				
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ℂTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY		ROBERT:	SON		151

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# REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING			



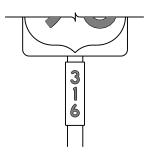




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

# REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING			
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

## GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(3)-13

	_		_	_			
FILE:	tsr3-13.dgn	DN: T:	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
12-03 7-13		0382	04	022		SI	+ 7
		DIST		COUNTY SHE		SHEET NO.	
9-08		BRY	RY ROBERTSON			152	

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

## SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

## Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Number of Posts (1 or 2)

#### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

## SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Sign Mounting Designation

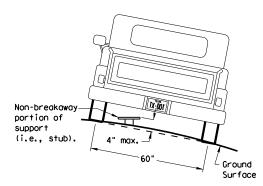
P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

IF REQUIRED 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

## REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

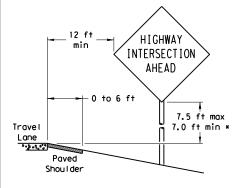
Not Acceptable

7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

**PAVED SHOULDERS** 



#### LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

## HIGHWAY 6 ft min INTERSECTION AHEAD Greater than 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min > Lane Paved Shou I der

SIGN LOCATION

#### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

#### When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

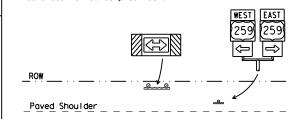
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

← 6 ft min ·

7.5 ft max

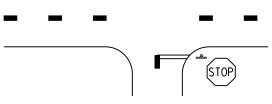
7.0 ft min \*



Edge of Travel Lane

Travel

Lane



- \* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

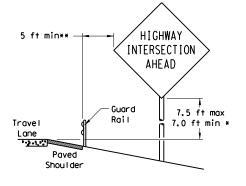
# Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division

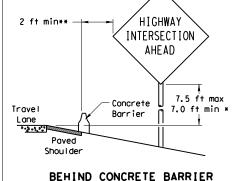
## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

© TxD	OT July 2002	DN: TXD	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDO	r
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
		0382	04	022		9	SH 7	1
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	1
		BRY		ROBERTS	102		153	

## BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL

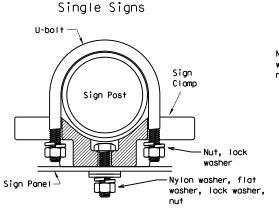


 $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$ 

## TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle



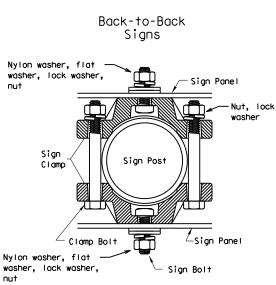
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



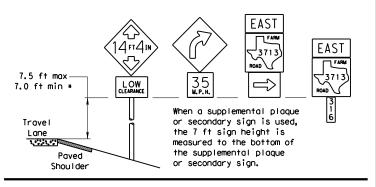
diameter

circle

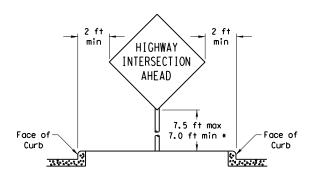
Acceptable

	Approximate Bolt Length					
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp				
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"				
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"				
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"				

## SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



#### CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



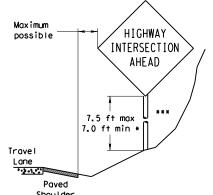
Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel

\*\*\* Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the

## (When 6 ft min, is not possible,) Maximum

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY



factors.

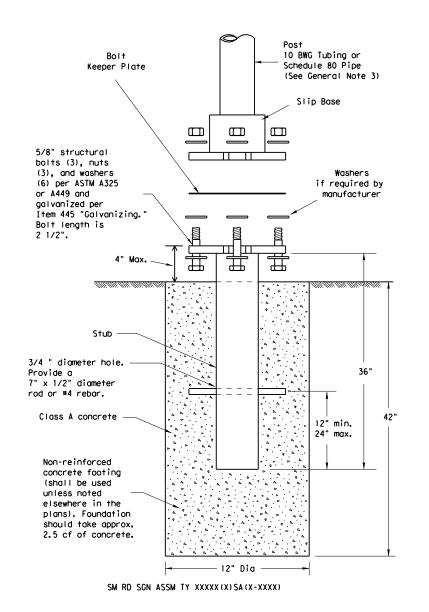
lane as practical.

post could not be hit due to extreme



SMD (GEN) - 08

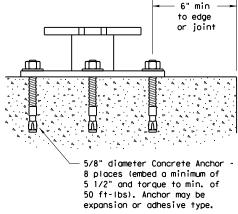
## TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



#### NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

## CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8"

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter) 0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

#### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

#### Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lame) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

	BRY	ROBERTSON				15/	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	0382	04	022		SH 7		
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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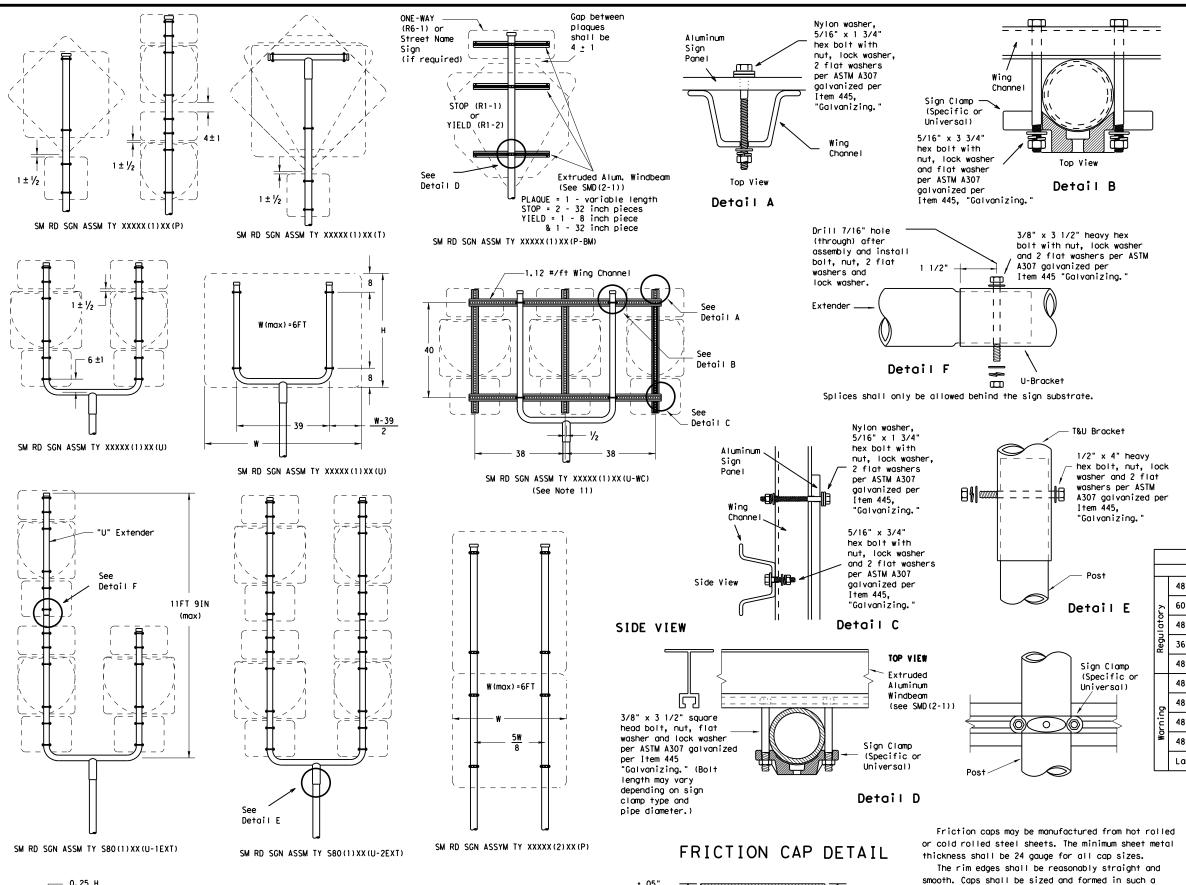


₹

6:53:55

0.25 H

W(max)=8FT



±.05"

Skirt

Variation

Depth

Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe 0.D.

Pipe O.D.

-.025"<u>+</u>.010"

Pipe O.D.

+. 025" +. 010"

1.75" max

All dimensions are in english

unless detailed otherwise.

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

(\* - See Note 12)

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

 Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of

greater height.
7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

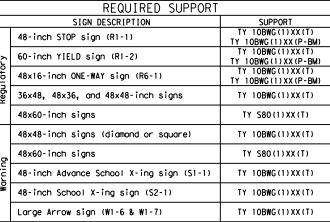
9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sian is viewed from the front,) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.



Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

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		0382	04	022		S	SH 7	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		BRY	ROBERTSON			155		

manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and

have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe.

The depth shall be sufficient to give positive

protection against entrance of rainwater. They

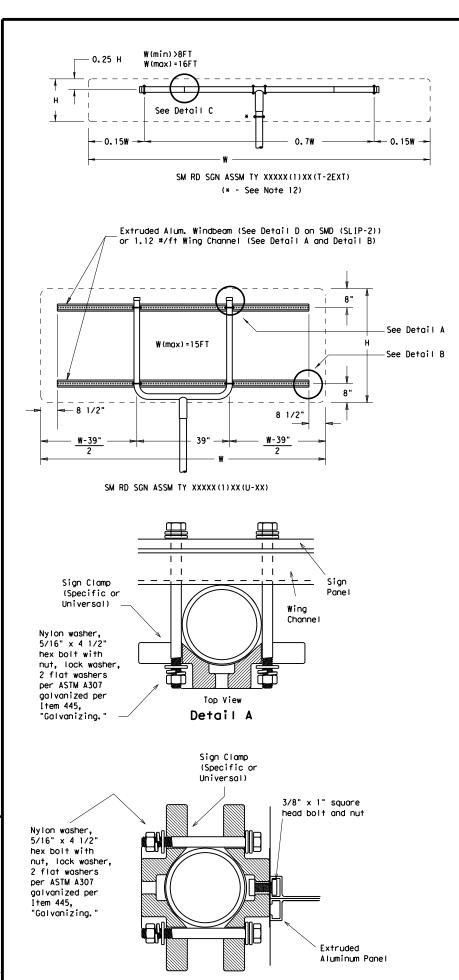
shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM

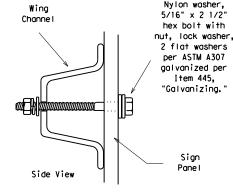
B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of

O							
0-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
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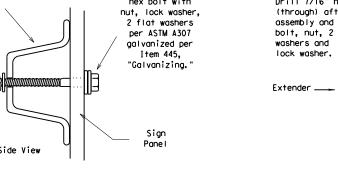


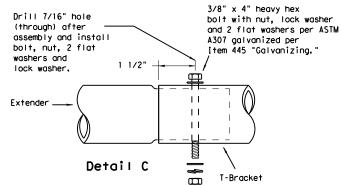
EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET



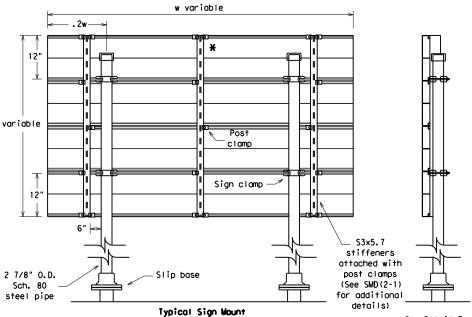
Detail B

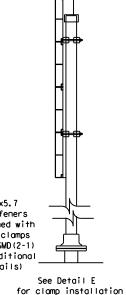
variable

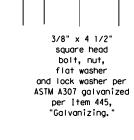




Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.







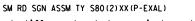
Sign

Clamps

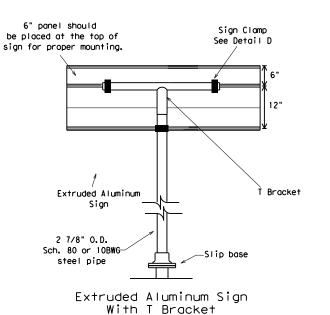
(Specific or

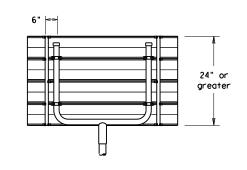
Universal)

Detail E



f X Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.





Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E

for clamp installation

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
  7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
,	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
•	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)



## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

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9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	0382	04	022		SH 7	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	BRY		ROBERTS	102		156

## STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept in the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

## 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

For the constructions of bridge replacement consisting of replace bridge and approaches

## 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ): 0382-04-022

## 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: at Navasota River Relief No. 2

## 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: 31°15'18.27" N. 96°20'11.57" W

END: 31°15'16.60" N, 96°19'59.03" W

## 1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 3.7 AC

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 2.3 AC

## 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

Grading, pavement widening, bridge structures, and riprap.

## 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
Zilaboy clay, 0 to 1% slopes	90% zilaboy clay and similar soils, moderately well drained, high
	rate of runoff

## 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction ⋈ No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs, The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

## 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

□ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening

□ Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

X Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail

X Install proposed pavement per plans

☐ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes

X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

□ Other:			
- Othor:			

## 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- ▼ Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- □ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

☐ Other:				
□ Other:				

	<b>~</b>			
_ (	( )tr	ωr.		

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS: Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody		
Navasota River	Navasota River below Lake Limestone (1209)		

\* Add (\*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

## 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Perform SWP3 inspections

Other:

- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- x Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

□ Other			
•			

□ Other: _			

## 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)

X Post Construction Site Notice

X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

X Maintain SWP3 records for 3 y	ears/
---------------------------------	-------

□ Other:		_
☐ Other:	·	

☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_\_

## 1.14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COOPDINATION

3131EW (W34) OFERATOR COORDINATION.						
MS4 Entity						
No MS4s recieve stormwater discharge from the site.						

## STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)



Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.			
6		SEE TITLE SHEET			
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY		
TEXAS		BRY	ROBERTSON		
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
0382	2	04	022	SH 7	7

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

## 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

## 2.4 EDOSION CONTROL AND SOIL

STABILIZATION BMPs:
T / P  X X Protection of Existing Vegetation  Vegetated Buffer Zones  Soil Retention Blankets  Geotextiles  Mulching/ Hydromulching  Soil Surface Treatments  Temporary Seeding  X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding  Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs  Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams  Vertical Tracking  Interceptor Swale  X Riprap  Diversion Dike  Temporary Pipe Slope Drain  Embankment for Erosion Control
□ Paved Flumes □ Other:
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ □ Dewatering Controls □ □ Inlet Protection  X □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ □ Sandbag Berms  X □ Sediment Control Fence  X □ Stabilized Construction Exit □ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier □ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

□ □ Other: \_\_\_\_\_ □ □ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

## T/P

□ □ Sediment Trap

<ul> <li>□ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area</li> <li>□ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained</li> </ul>
Sedimentation Basin
□ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
□ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storn for each acre of disturbed area
$\ \square$ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
□ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
☐ Available area/Site geometry
☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns
☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors
□ Public safety
□ Other:

## 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Stationing			
Туре	From	То		
No permanent	controls are plan	ned.		

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

## 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily ☐ Haul roads dampened for dust control X Stabilized construction exit Other:

□ Other:			
_			
Othor:			

Other:

## 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management

□ Other:

- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control
- X Sanitary Facilities

Other:	
Other:	
Othor	

## 2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Turns Stationing				
Туре	From	То		
Wetland- Place silt fence at toe of grading	STA 947+15.70	STA 954+39.85		

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

## 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

## 2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

#### 2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

## STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)**



Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.						
6		SEE TITLE SHEET						
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY					
TEXA:	5	BRY	ROBE	ERTSON				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.				
0382	2	04	022	SH 7	7			

SOIL RETENTION BLANKET (TY A)

-SCF- SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

PROPOSED RIPRAP







**EROSION CONTROL PLAN** 

© SH7 STA 944+00 TO © SH7 STA 947+00

		SHEET 1	OF 2		
ED.RD.	FEDE	RAL AID PROJE	ECT NO.	HIG	HWAY NO.
6	S	EE TITLE SH	EET		SH 7
STATE DIST.		COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.	
TEX	XAS	BRYAN	ROBERT	SON	
CO	NT.	SECT.	JOB		159
03	82	04	022		

PROP SEEDING AND TOPSOIL

-PROP SEEDING AND TOPSOIL (212 SY)

7.7.6 Project Specific Locations 496 Removing Structures 506 Temporary Erosion. Sedimentation and Environmental Controls 506.4.3.4 Restricted Activities and Required Precautions

During the planning phase of project development the following environmental permits, issues and commitments have been developed during coordination with resource agencies, local governmental entities and the general public. Any change orders and/or deviations from the final design must be reported to the Engineer prior to the commencement of construction activities. As additional environmental clearances may be required.	I
I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402	
TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506.	
Required Action	
Action No.	I١
Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000	1 \
<ol><li>Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or required by the Engineer.</li></ol>	
3. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors.	
4. If PSLs increase disturbance to 5 or more acres, the contractor shall submit NOI to TCEQ to the Engineer.	
Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: 7.7.2 Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) Permits and Storm Water Pollution Prevention PLans (SWP3) 506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation and Environmental Controls 734 Litter Removal 735 Debris Removal 738 Cleaning and Sweeping Highways	١
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATER BODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404	
USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas.  The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s):	
☐ No Permit Required	
☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected)	
◯ Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)	
☐ Individual 404 Permit Required	
Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP#	
Required Actions:	
1. List locations of waters of the US.	
Navasota River Below Lake Limestone (Segment ID: 1209)	
2. Work on wooden pads in wetland.	
Information regarding the USACE Nationwide Permit Program can be found at: http://www.swf.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory/Permitting/GeneralPermits.aspx  Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: 7.7.3 Work in Waters of the United States	

CULTURAL RESOURCES Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Item 7.7.1 Cultural Resources, in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) immediately cease work in the vicinity and contact the Engineer. No Action Required Required Action V. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. ☐ No Action Required Required Action Action No. 1. Tree removal to be done in accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (See Section V) Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: 160 Topsoil 730 Roadside Mowing 161 Compost 751 Landscape Maintenance 162 Sodding for Erosion Control 752 Tree and Brush Removal 164 Seeding for Erosion Control 166 Fertilizer 168 Vegetative Watering 169 Soil Retention Blankets 170 Irrigation System 180 Wildflower Seeding 192 Landscape Plantina 193 Landscape Establishment 506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. ☐ No Action Required Required Action Action No. 1. Do not kill snakes or other animals! 2. Do not destroy nests on structures within the project limits. Temporarily prevent the building of nests on any structures that require work within the project limits during the construction timeframe. This can be accomplished by application of bird repellant gel, netting, or removal by hand every 3-4 days. The nesting/breeding season for migratory birds is March 1 - September 1. Under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), it is unlawful by any means or manner, to pursue, hunt, take, capture, [or] kill any migratory birds except as permitted by regulation (16 U.S.C. 703-704). Neither the statute nor its implementing regulations (Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 10, 13, 21) exempt unintentional take of migratory birds. The unauthorized take (e.g. killing, capturing, or collecting) of migratory birds is a strict liability criminal offense that does not require knowledge or specific intent on the part of the offender. Even when engaged in an otherwise lawful activity for which the intent is not the killing of migratory birds, a violation 3. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area to verify the presence or absence of wildlife. 4. BMPs for T and E species will be discussed at the preconstruction meeting. The Bryan District Environmental Section can be contacted at (979) 778-9766 to assist with the removal of wildlife that will not leave on their own with gentle persugaion.

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Item:

7.7.6 Project Specific Locations

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES General (applies to all projects): Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the Engineerimmediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product Contact the Engineer if any of the follwing are detected: \* Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal) Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc. Undesirable smells or odors \* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)? X Yes ☐ No If "No", then no further action is required. If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection. Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)? If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition. If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notifiy DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition. In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims. Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discoverd on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project: Required Action No Action Required Action No. 1. The Clean Water Act, in part, requires that any spill of oil that could enter a waterway, as defined by the Act, and that violates applicable water quality standards or causes a film or sheen on water require reporting to the TCEQ and local authorities. Contact the Bryan District Environmental Section at 979-778-9766. If potentially hazardous material and/or contaminated media (i.e. soil, groundwater, surface water, sediment, building materials) are unexpectedly encountered during construction, immediately cease work in the vicinity and contact the Engineer. Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: 6.10 Hazardous Materials 7.12 Responsibility for Hazardous Materials VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES Required Action No Action Required Drawings Not To Scale Action No. /19/2023 Texas Department Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: of Transportation 7.7.6 Project Specific Locations 751 Landscape Maintenance Brvan District Contacts: Mr. John D. Moravec Environmental Coordinator (EPIC) Texas Department of Transportation

Bryan District 2591 N. Earl Rudder Freeway Bryan, TX 77803 Phone: (979) 778-9766 Fax: (979) 778-9702

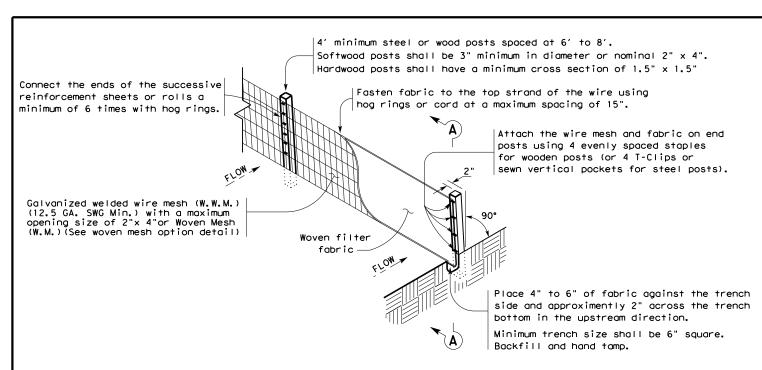
e-mail: John.Moravec@txdot.gov

**ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS** ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

02/12/2015

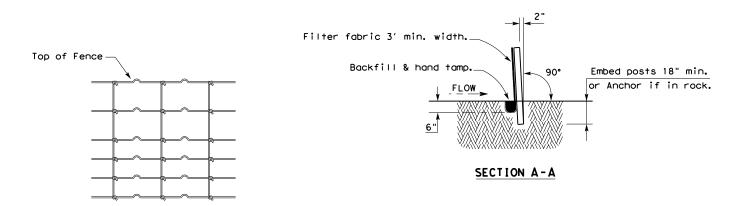
©2021

PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER DIV. NO SH 7 6 STATE COLINTY DISTRICT **TEXAS** BRY ROBERTSON SECTION 0382 04 022 161



## TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

\_\_\_\_\_\_SCF\_\_\_\_\_



## HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

## SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

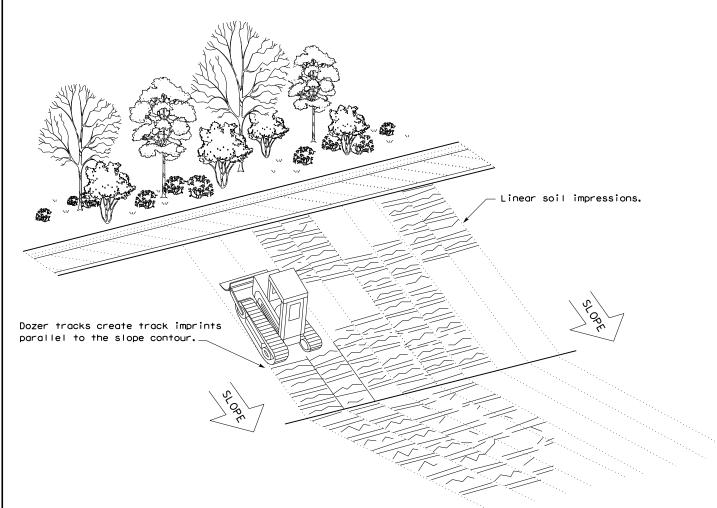
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100  ${\sf GPM/FT}^2$ . Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

## **LEGEND**

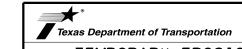
Sediment Control Fence

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING

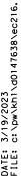


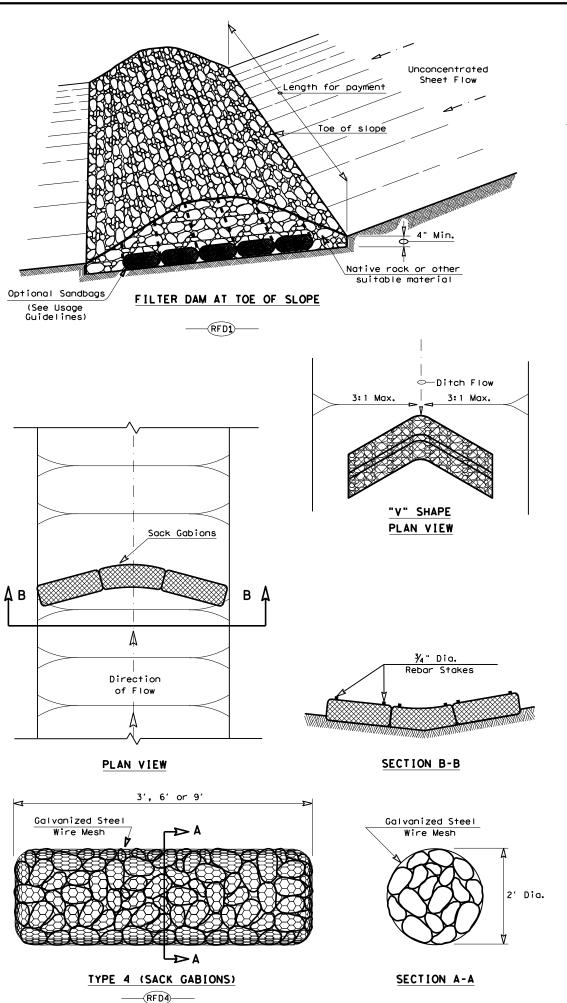
Design Division Standard

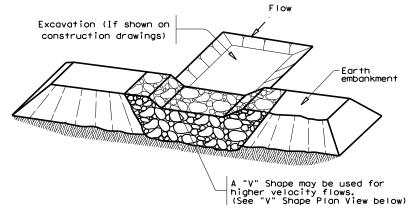
TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

ILE: ec116	DN: TxD	xDOT ck: KM dw: VP dn/ck		DN/CK: LS		
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0382	04	022 SH 7		SH 7	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	BRY	ROBERTSON			162	

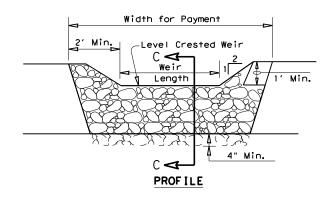


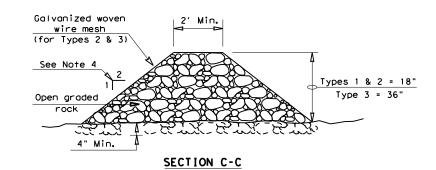




## FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







## ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60  $\mbox{CPM/FT}^2$  of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

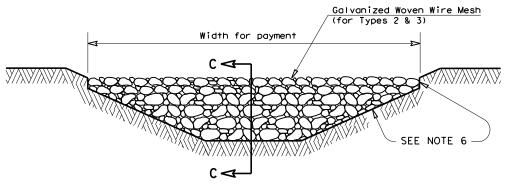
Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



## FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

## 

## GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified.

  The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by

#### PLAN SHEET LEGEND

Type 1 Rock Filter Dam RFD1

Type 2 Rock Filter Dam RFD2

Type 3 Rock Filter Dam RFD3



Type 4 Rock Filter Dam RFD4

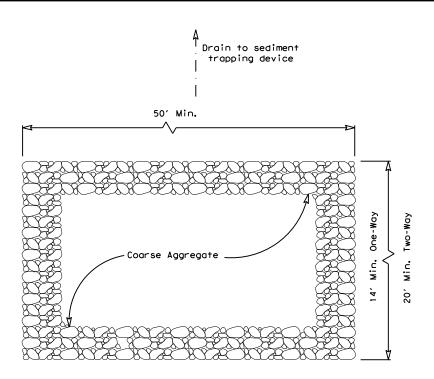
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

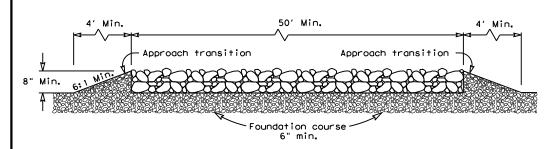
ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2)-16

FILE: ec216	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW: VP	DN/CK: LS
C TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0382	04	022		SH 7
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BRY ROBERTSON		SON	163	



## PLAN VIEW



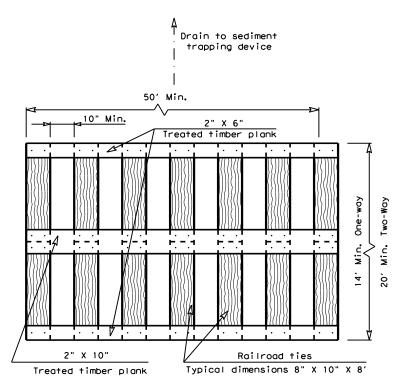
## **ELEVATION VIEW**

## CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 1)

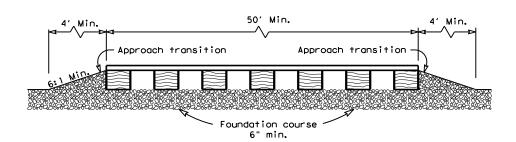
## ROCK CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

#### GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 1)

- 1. The length of the type 1 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than  $50^{\circ}$ .
- 2. The coarse aggregate should be open graded with a size of 4" to 8".
- The approach transitions should be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other materials approved by the Engineer.
- The construction exit shall be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 7. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.



## PLAN VIEW



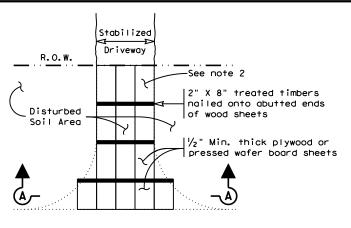
## **ELEVATION VIEW**

## CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 2)

## TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

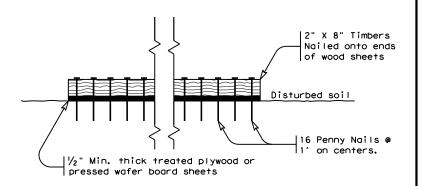
#### GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 2)

- The length of the type 2 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- 2. The treated timber planks shall be attached to the railroad ties with  $\frac{1}{2}$  "x 6" min. lag bolts. Other fasteners may be used as approved by the Engineer.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The approach transitions shall be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.
- The construction exit should be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 8. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the



Paved Roadway

#### PLAN VIEW



# SECTION A-A CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 3)

SHORT TERM

## **GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 3)**

- The length of the type 3 construction exit shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- The type 3 construction exit may be constructed from open graded crushed stone with a size of two to four inches spread a min. of 4" thick to the limits shown on the plans.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.



TEMPORARY EROSION,

SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
CONSTRUCTION EXITS

EC(3)-16						
FILE: ec316	DN: Tx[	TOC	ck: KM	DW: VP	DN/CK: LS	
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0382	04	022		SH 7	
	DIST COUNTY S		SHEET NO.			
	BRY		ROBERT:	SON	164	

## LEGEND



1) REMOVE STR (BRIDGE 100-499')



(2) REMOVE STAB BASE & ASPH



(3) PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (0"-2")



4) REMOVE CONCRETE RIPRAP





SH 7 AT NAVASOTA RIVER RELIEF NO. 2

REMOVAL LAYOUT

SHEE	T 1	OF	1
A I D	PRA I	FCT	NΩ

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDE	RAL AID PROJE	ECT NO.	HIG	HWAY NO.
6	S		SH 7		
STA	ATE	DIST.	COUNT	Υ	SHEET NO.
TEXAS		BRYAN	ROBERTSON		
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		165
03	82	04	022		

## NOTES:

- 1. CONTRACTOR TO DEMOLISH THE EXISTING BRIDGE IN SUCH A MANNER THAT WILL NOT ALLOW MATERIALS/ DEBRIS FROM DEMOLITION TO FALL IN AND IMPACT THE WATERS OF NAVASOTA RIVER OR ITS RELIEFS.
- 2. TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO PREP ROW UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.