

FHWA TEXAS DIVISION		SHEET NO. 1	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	
TEXAS	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.

INDEX OF SHEETS

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SHEET 3 FOR LOCATION MAP

**STATE OF TEXAS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**PLANS OF PROPOSED
STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT**

FEDERAL AID PROJECT.
BR 2022 (837), Etc.

**CR 26320, ETC.
LAMAR COUNTY, ETC.**

LIMITS: CR 26320 AT MORRISON CREEK
LIMITS: FM 2068 AT E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF: BRIDGE REPLACEMENT
CONSISTING OF: REPLACE EXISTING BRIDGE AND APPROACHES

FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE: _____
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK: _____
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED: _____
DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED: _____
ORIGINAL CONTRACT WORKING DAYS: _____
USED _____ OF _____ WORKING DAYS
NO. OF CHANGE ORDERS: _____
FINAL CONTRACT COST: _____
PERCENT OVER/UNDER RUN: _____
CONTRACTOR: _____

ROAD NAME	LOCATION	CSJ	PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	STATIONING		BRIDGE LENGTH		ROADWAY LENGTH		TOTAL LENGTH		DESIGN SPEED	ADT	ADT YEAR	FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION
					BEGIN	END	FEET	MILES	FEET	MILES	FEET	MILES	MPH			
FM 2068	E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK	1097-05-009	BR 2023(930)	DELTA	24+59	37+16	90	0.017	1167	0.221	1257	0.238	55 MPH ROADWAY	164 230	2021 2041	MINOR COLLECTOR
CR 26320	MORRISON CREEK	0901-29-092	BR 2022(837)	LAMAR	2+62	6+20	50	0.009	308	0.058	358	0.068	20 MPH ROADWAY	35 35	2021 2041	LOCAL

I CERTIFY THAT THIS PROJECT WAS BUILT IN ACCORDANCE WITH PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

AREA ENGINEER _____ DATE _____

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)- 21 THRU BC (12)- 21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".



SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: March 31, 2023

Monte R. Pater P.E.
DESIGN ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 3/31/2023

DocuSigned by:
Amiel H. Taylor, P.E.
AREA ENGINEER

APPROVED FOR LETTING: 3/31/2023

DocuSigned by:
Noel Paramanathan
DISTRICT ENGINEER

EXCEPTIONS: N/A
EQUATIONS: N/A
RAILROAD CROSSINGS: N/A

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SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 5, 2022)

FILE: \$FILE\$
DATE: \$DATE\$
\$TIME\$

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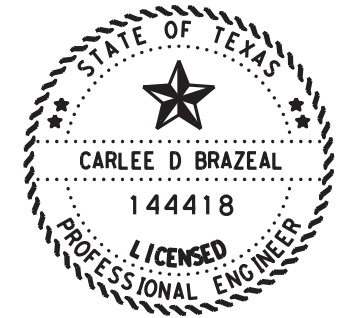
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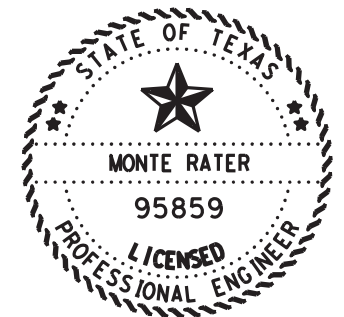
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THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH A "#" HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Carlee D. Brazeal, P.E. 04/04/2023
 NAME DATE



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH A "*" HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Monte R. Rater P.E. April 3, 2023
 NAME DATE

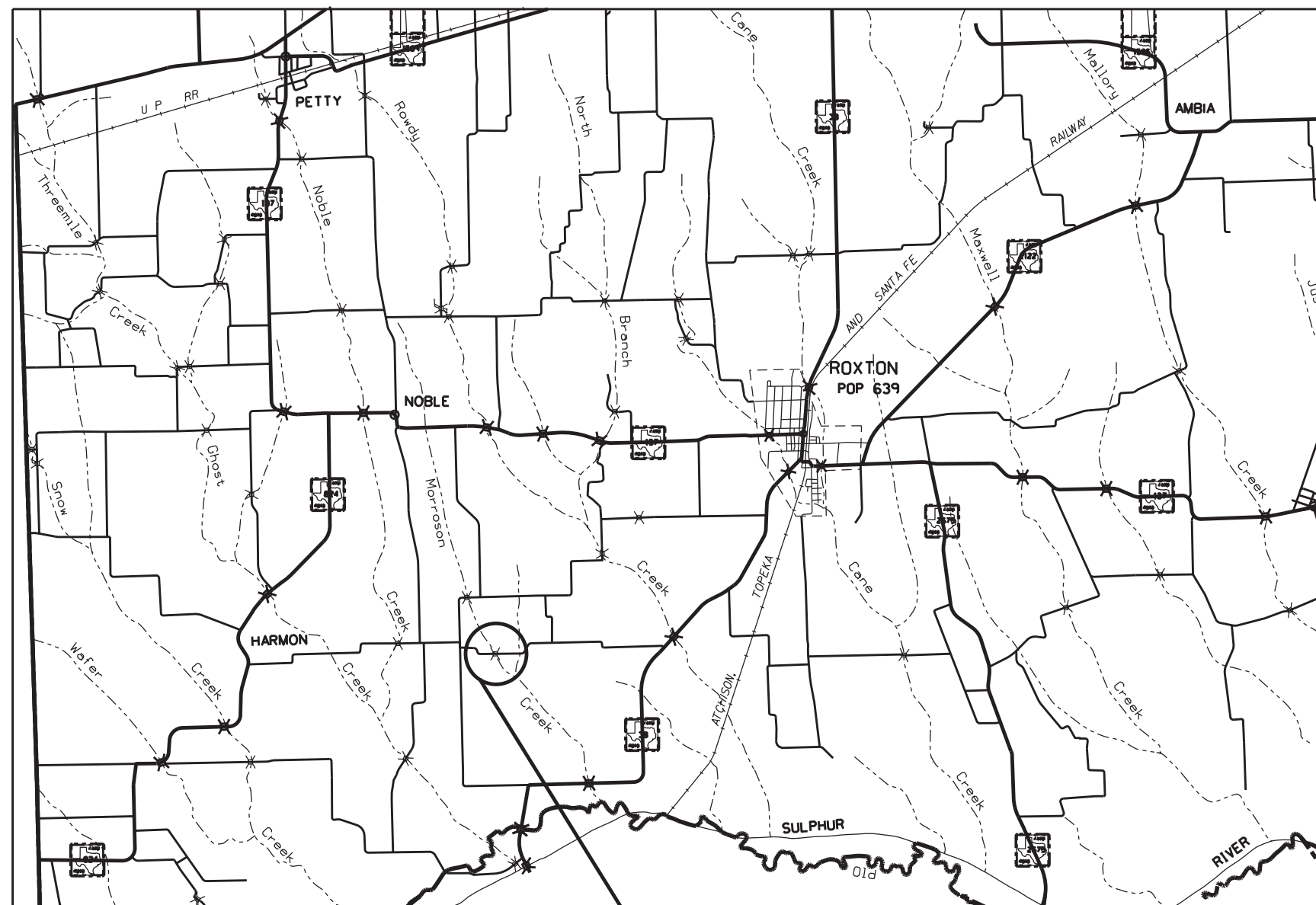


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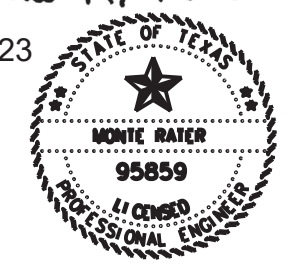
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CSJ:0901-29-092
 CR 26320 BRIDGE AT MORRISON CREEK
 EXISTING NBI:01-139-0-AA05-77-001
 PROPOSED NBI:01-139-0-AA26-32-001
 BEGIN STA.:2+62.00
 END STA.:6+20.00



Monte R. Pater P.E.
 04.03.23



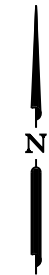
CR 26320 AT
 MORRISON CREEK
 LOCATION MAP

NOT TO SCALE

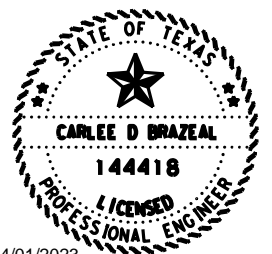
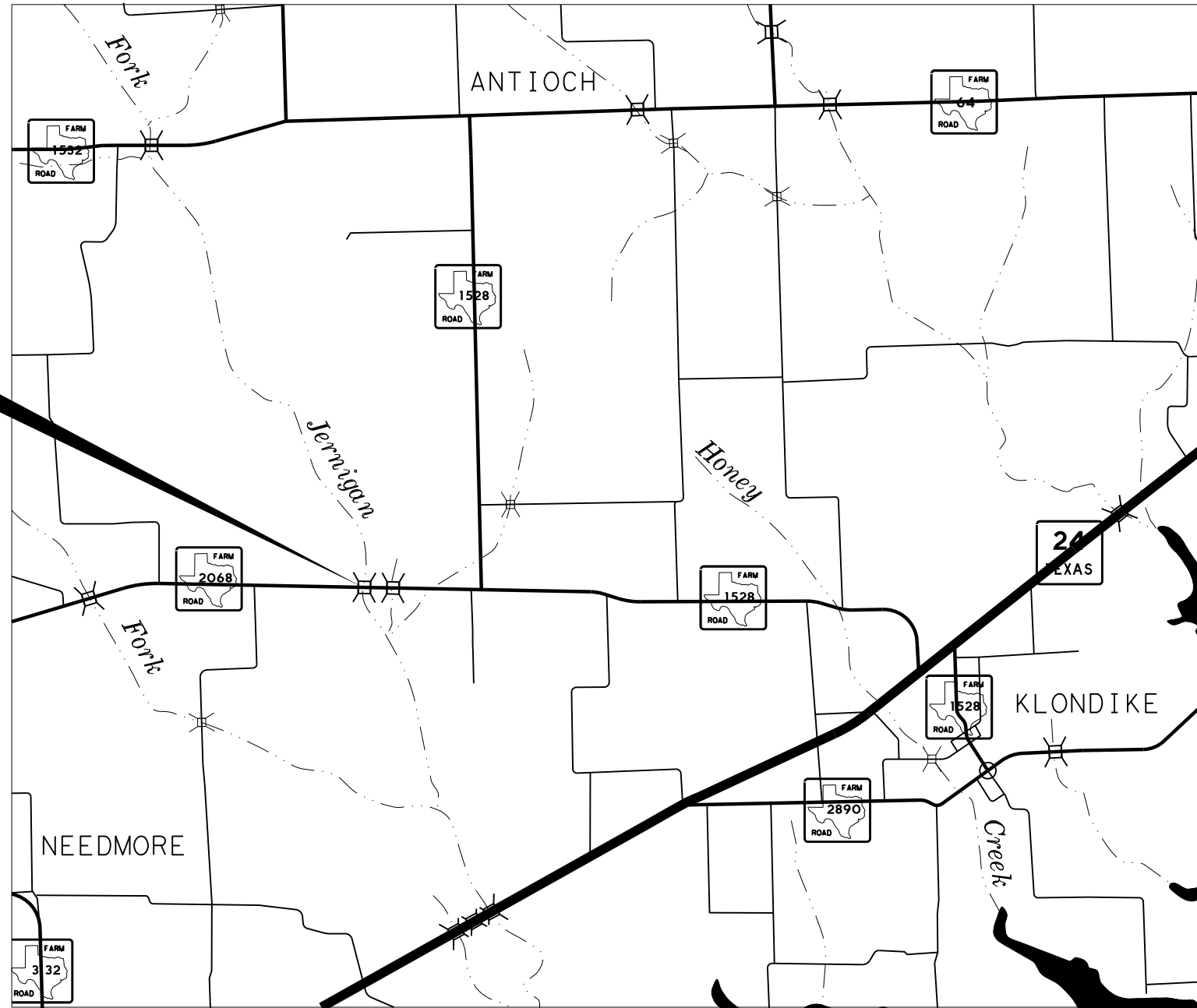
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DWG: C&G DWG: C&G



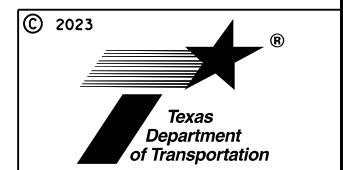
CSJ 1097-05-009
FM 2068 AT E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK
EXISTING NBI: 01-060-0-1097-05-014
PROPOSED NBI: 01-060-0-1097-05-021
BEGIN CSJ: STA 24+59
END CSJ: STA 37+16



04/01/2023
Carlee D. Brazeal, P.E.

**FM 2068
LOCATION MAPS**

NOT TO SCALE



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GENERAL NOTES

General:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Paris Area Office

Daniel Taylor, P.E. - Daniel.Taylor@txdot.gov

Zachary Smith, P.E. - Zachary.Smith@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: <https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors>

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

On Contractor request, earthwork cross sections and construction timelines will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

<https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/>

The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Dispose of waste materials at an approved site. Furnish written approval from the property owner before disposal of waste materials.

Locate equipment a minimum of 30 feet from roadway when possible. Place signs and barricades as approved.

Stockpile sites for construction materials must be approved. Give at least 48 hours notification prior to stockpiling material.

Soil Sulfates Mitigation- The following notes are referenced hereafter by Items 110, 132 & 260:

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Subgrade Sulfate Testing ~ Once proposed subgrade elevations are obtained TXDOT may test subgrade using an in-field continuous conductivity machine to determine where necessary soil samples will be collected for laboratory testing. Laboratory testing will determine necessary high sulfate mitigation techniques.

0 – 3,000 ppm of sulfates - no restrictions.

3,001 – 7,000 ppm of sulfates - In a single application, add the prescribed total amount of lime. Uniformly mix the lime into the soil being treated. Lightly compact the mixture to seal and minimize carbonation. Maintain moisture content above optimum. Three days after initial addition of lime, determine soluble sulfate concentration sampled at locations as directed using Tex-145-E, and if the sulfate measurement has been reduced to 3,000 ppm or less, then no additional lime or mellowing time is necessary; however, if sulfate measurement has not been reduced to 3,000 ppm or less, then add 4% additional lime. Uniformly mix the lime into the pretreated soil. Lightly compact the mixture to seal and minimize carbonation and mellow an additional 7 days while maintaining moisture content above optimum. Reprocess the soil-lime mixture to meet the gradation requirements in Item 260, Table 1, and compact it at the optimum moisture content.

Greater than 7,000 ppm of sulfates - Do not bring this soil onto project. Remove or process as directed.

The Department will pay for additional lime treatment of material originating in TxDOT right-of-way when sulfate concentrations are greater than 3,000 ppm and such material is required to be used as shown in the plans. No additional compensation will be made for stabilizing and treating embankment material obtained outside TxDOT right-of-way which has a sulfate concentration exceeding 3,000 ppm.

Item 5 Control of the Work:

The responsibility for the construction surveying on this contract will be in accordance with Section 5.9.3, Method A.

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4 Standard Work Week.

Right and left are determined based upon the forward direction of stationing in the specific control section.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at <https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/highway/bridge/bridge-publications.html#design>. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

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Item 6 Control of Materials:

The existing bridges at FM 2068 at East Fork Jernigan Creek and CR 26320 at Morrison Creek has lead-containing paint. Provide a demolition plan to the Engineer three weeks in advance of lead paint disturbance to allow lead paint removal by TxDOT on-call contractor before Contractor bridge demolition.

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

<https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html>

Item 7 Legal Relations and Responsibilities:

No significant traffic generator events identified.

Item 8 Prosecution and Progress:

Before beginning work on this project submit in writing, for approval, a plan of construction operations outlining in detail a sequence of work to be followed.

Provide a Bar Chart progress schedule for this project.

Item 9 Measurement and Payment:

Items of work for the Monthly Estimate will be cut off on the 25th of each month. Items of work performed after the 25th will be processed and paid on the following month's estimate. Material On Hand (MOH) will cut off on the 20th of each month. Special circumstances will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

Item 100 Preparing Right of Way:

Remove all trees to ROW line on both sides of roadway. Remove underbrush and neatly trim trees and overhanging branches to produce a 60' vertical clear area within the limits of Prep ROW. Remove any trees or underbrush that interferes with any construction operation, including relocation of ditches or other drainage elements. Receive approval of equipment used to trim limbs. A boom axe will not be allowed. Remove all trimmed debris from the ROW or

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mulch all debris and incorporate into the topsoil on State ROW to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Item 110 Excavation:

Material below finished subgrade elevation suspected of containing sulfates will be tested in accordance with Tex-145-E by the Department. Treat subgrade material to the required depth and width in accordance with the Soil Sulfates Mitigation General Notes.

Before excavation operations the existing topsoil shall be salvaged in a manner to preserve the vigor of the existing Bermuda grass sod per Item 160.

Item 132 Embankment:

Test potential embankment sources using Tex-145-E to determine the presence and concentration of sulfates. Do not bring soil with greater than 3000 ppm sulfates into project.

Embankment sources containing sulfates that meet specification requirements may be used as fill material provided it is placed with at least one foot of separation from materials to be treated with lime, cement, or other calcium-based stabilizers. When soils are to be placed with less than one foot of separation from material to be treated with lime, cement, or other calcium-based stabilizers, process and treat such soils according to the Soil Sulfates Mitigation General Notes.

Excavation pits for project embankment made within 250 feet of State Right of Way must be approved.

Before embankment operations the existing topsoil shall be salvaged in a manner to preserve the vigor of the existing Bermuda grass sod per Item 160.

Item 164 Seeding for Erosion Control, 166 Fertilizer:

Apply fertilizer with a ratio of 3-1-2 (N-P-K) over the areas to be seeded. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary.

Item 168 Vegetative Watering:

Use water trucks equipped with a sprinkler system adequate to permit coverage of the entire seeded area from the roadbed. This equipment must be available to perform watering throughout the duration of vegetative establishment.

Water all seeded areas the day seed is applied. Thereafter, maintain the seeded areas in a well-watered condition throughout the duration of vegetative establishment.

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Item 275 Cement Treatment (Road Mixed):

Microcracking is required where flexible base widths accept full roller width. When temperatures during curing period average below 60 degrees F, perform microcracking operations between 48 and 72 hours.

Subgrade, embankment or backfill suspected of containing sulfates will be tested in accordance with Tex-145-E by the Department. Subgrade, embankment or backfill material within one foot of any area to be treated using cement is subject to the following restriction:

Greater than 7,000 ppm sulfates – Do not treat with any cement or other calcium-based stabilizers. Material within one foot of any area to be treated with cement or other calcium-based stabilizers must be removed or processed as directed.

Item 400 Excavation and Backfill for Structures:

Excavation and backfill for bridge construction will be subsidiary to the project bid items.

Item 416 Drill Shaft Foundations:

One core hole per bent/abutment required.

Item 420 Concrete Structures:

Do not use membrane curing for structural elements.

Item 421 Hydraulic Cement Concrete:

Type A bridge expansion joints shall be subsidiary to Item 422.

Item 432 Riprap:

The Engineer may adjust placement of riprap in the field.

Filter fabric is required for stone riprap.

Bridge demolition waste concrete may be used for stone rip rap. Cut protruding rebar within 2” of concrete surface. Maximum waste concrete cobble size shall match proposed stone rip rap Dmax size.

Item 496 Removing Structure:

For County Road Bridge - The Contractor shall coordinate with the county commissioner for transferring salvageable materials such as beams, piling, and concrete riprap. The Contractor shall dispose of remaining materials.

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Item 502 Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling:

The Contractor Force Account “Safety Contingency” that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor’s Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

The following items will be required for flagger on this project:

1. Flaggers are required to wear a white hard hat while performing flagging operations.
2. Flaggers will be required at the intersection of all State maintained roadways.
3. Flaggers may be required at other high traffic generating intersections as deemed necessary by the Area Engineer.

The traffic control plan for this contract consists of the installation and maintenance of warning signs and other traffic control devices shown in the plans, specification data which may be included in the general notes, applicable provisions of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD), traffic control plan sheets included in the plans, standard BC sheets and Item 502 of the Standard Specifications.

Do not begin Item 502, Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling, on the roadway until both of the following conditions are met:

1. The work schedule is approved.
2. No more than 5 workdays will pass between the beginning of Item 502 and the actual commencement of roadway work bid items.

The final estimate will be withheld until all disturbed areas are covered with at least 70% perennial vegetative cover.

Correct all deficiencies within the time frame noted on the Traffic Control Device Inspection Form 599. Failure to make corrections within time frame specified may result in no payment for this Item for the month of the noted deficiency.

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Item 506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation & Environmental Controls:

The Temporary Erosion Control measures for this project will consist of using the following items, as directed:

1. Temporary Silt Fence
2. Rock Filter Dams: All rock filter dams shall be installed with 6:1 slopes regardless of their location on the project. Failure to do so will result in no payment for the dam.

Silt fences will remain the property of the Contractor upon completion of the project. The final estimate will not be released until all silt fences have been properly removed, or as directed and 70% establishment of vegetative cover is obtained.

Acquire approval for any change to the location of temporary sediment fence, as shown in the plans, prior to installation. Placement of erosion protection devices may be altered, as directed, to satisfy the requirements of the SW3P.

The pay item to remove rock filter dams will require only a partial removal after 70 percent perennial vegetation has been established and approved. When removing the rock filter dams, leave the lower layer of rock adjacent to the ground in place so as not to disturb the soil.

Refer to the SW3P sheet for the total disturbed area for the project.

The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and Contractor project specific locations (PSLs) within one mile of the project limits will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. Obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off ROW. When the total area disturbed for all projects in the Contract and PSLs within one mile of the project limits exceeds five acres, provide a copy of the Contractors NOI for PSLs on the ROW (to the appropriate MS4 operator when on an off-system route).

Item 542 Removing Metal Beam Guard Fence:

Removed MBGF rail shall be retained by the Contractor.

Item 585 Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces:

Use Surface Test Type A to evaluate ride quality of the final pavement surface on travel lanes and shoulders in accordance with Item 585, "Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces."

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Item 666 Reflectorized Pavement Markings:

No stripe will be placed unless the inspector is present and at least 24 hours advance notice has been given by the Contractor.

Lay out pilot lines for approval 24 hours prior to all final pavement marking applications.

Use equipment with footage counters capable of measuring the linear footage placed. Calibrate counters prior to the beginning of striping operations.

Reduce truck speed enough to ensure that the beads drop onto the stripe and do not roll in the paint film.

Due to problems in traffic handling, do not place a dash center stripe and edge line at the same time.

Contact the Engineer 7 days before pavement marking placement for re-establishment of no-pass zones.

Item 3076 Dense-Graded Hot-Mix Asphalt:

All surface mixes are to be SAC A.

The use of PG 64-22 asphalt is required.

Use a self-propelled wheel mounted MTV capable of receiving mix from the haul trucks, separate from the paver. It shall have a minimum storage capacity of approximately 25 tons. It shall be equipped with a pivoting discharge conveyor and shall completely and thoroughly remix the material prior to placement. The effectiveness of the MTV's remixing ability is subject to the approval of the Engineer. In addition, the paver shall have a surge storage insert with a minimum capacity of 20 tons.

Specify Hot Mix Asphalt Concrete (HMAC) or Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA) at the time of design submittal. After design submittal, continue producing the chosen design unless otherwise approved.

RAP from contractor owned sources may be used if the RAP is fractionated. The course fraction of contractor owned RAP will not be allowed if it consists primarily of siliceous aggregates.

A tack coat is required for all overlay areas and for all longitudinal joints unless otherwise directed.

Evaluation of the mixture for moisture susceptibility will be performed by using test method TEX 530-C (boil test) and there shall be no evidence of stripping during design verification or at any time during production.

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Item 3076 Dense-Graded Hot-Mix Asphalt (Cont.):

The maximum nighttime paved surface vertical differential will be limited to two inches. Prevent ponding of water on any travel ways that are exposed to traffic.

Perform all sampling for aggregate quality testing on stockpiles at the HMA plant. Mixture sampling for QC/QA testing will typically be taken from the truck at the plant; however, the Engineer may direct that a sample be taken at any point or location of mixture during production, delivery or placement.

Preparation and construction of permanent / temporary transitions, terminations of mix courses and transitions to driveways and intersecting roadways is subsidiary to Item 341. This includes all labor, machinery, materials and incidentals to complete the work including planing, removal, hauling and stockpiling of materials and necessary clean-up.

Item 3096 Asphalts, Oils, and Emulsions:

Provide 1L (1qt.) clean and dry screw top or friction-lid sampling cans as directed.

Furnish at least one sample of each type of asphalt used on the project for QA/QC purposes.

Item 6001 Portable Changeable Message Board:

Two (2) portable changeable message boards are required for advance warning.

Item 6185 Truck Mounted Attenuators:

Shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) are required on the traffic control plan and TCP standards for this project. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these traffic control operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0901-29-092

DISTRICT Paris
HIGHWAY CR 2632, FM 2068

COUNTY Delta, Lamar

Estimate & Quantity Sheet

ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	17.000	
	105-6038	REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV (11")	SY	789.000	
	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	221.000	
	110-6002	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	556.000	
	132-6003	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY B)	CY	4,144.000	
	164-6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	8,610.000	
	164-6011	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	8,610.000	
	164-6015	STRAW/HAY MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURAL)(CLAY)	SY	16,760.000	
	164-6023	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURAL)(CLAY)	SY	460.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	105.000	
	247-6064	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY A GR 4) (6")	SY	820.000	
	247-6096	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY D GR 4)	TON	763.000	
	251-6280	REWORK BS MTL (TY A)(11")(ORD COMP)	STA	12.000	
	275-6001	CEMENT	TON	28.000	
	275-6003	CEMENT TREAT (NEW BASE) (6")	SY	3,582.000	
	316-6029	ASPH (RC-250)	GAL	1,003.000	
	316-6403	AGGR (TY-B GR-5 OR TY-L GR-5)	CY	27.000	
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	105.000	
	416-6001	DRILL SHAFT (18 IN)	LF	172.000	
	416-6002	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	LF	108.000	
	416-6004	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	LF	344.000	
	420-6013	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CY	73.600	
	422-6001	REINF CONC SLAB	SF	3,240.000	
	422-6007	REINF CONC SLAB (SLAB BEAM)	SF	1,300.000	
	422-6015	APPROACH SLAB	CY	48.000	
	425-6012	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB15)	LF	247.500	
	425-6037	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX40)	LF	447.500	
	432-6033	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	539.000	
	450-6006	RAIL (TY T223)	LF	240.000	
	450-6019	RAIL (TY T631LS)	LF	128.000	
	454-6003	ARMOR JOINT	LF	68.000	
	496-6009	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	EA	2.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	MO	8.000	
	506-6001	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	LF	200.000	
	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	200.000	
	506-6020	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	250.000	
	506-6024	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	250.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	2,095.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	2,095.000	
	540-6002	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	LF	900.000	

ESTIMATE & QUANTITY



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Paris	Lamar	0901-29-092	6



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0901-29-092

DISTRICT Paris
HIGHWAY CR 2632, FM 2068

COUNTY Delta, Lamar

Estimate & Quantity Sheet

ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	500.000	
	542-6003	REMOVE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL	EA	8.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	12.000	
	552-6003	WIRE FENCE (TY C)	LF	493.000	
	552-6008	WIRE FENCE (WATER GAP)	LF	40.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	24.000	
	666-6305	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	2,514.000	
	666-6317	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	310.000	
	3076-6016	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-A PG64-22	TON	592.000	
	3084-6001	BONDING COURSE	GAL	179.000	
	5001-6002	GEOGRID BASE REINFORCEMENT (TY II)	SY	3,582.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	73.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000	

ESTIMATE & QUANTITY



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Paris	Lamar	0901-29-092	6A

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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:


1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

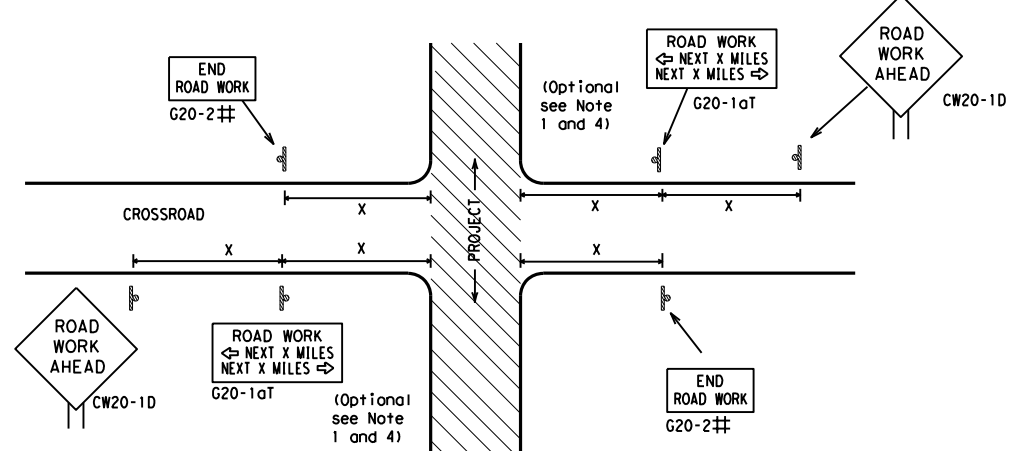
THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

 Texas Department of Transportation		Traffic Safety Division Standard	
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS			
BC (1) - 21			
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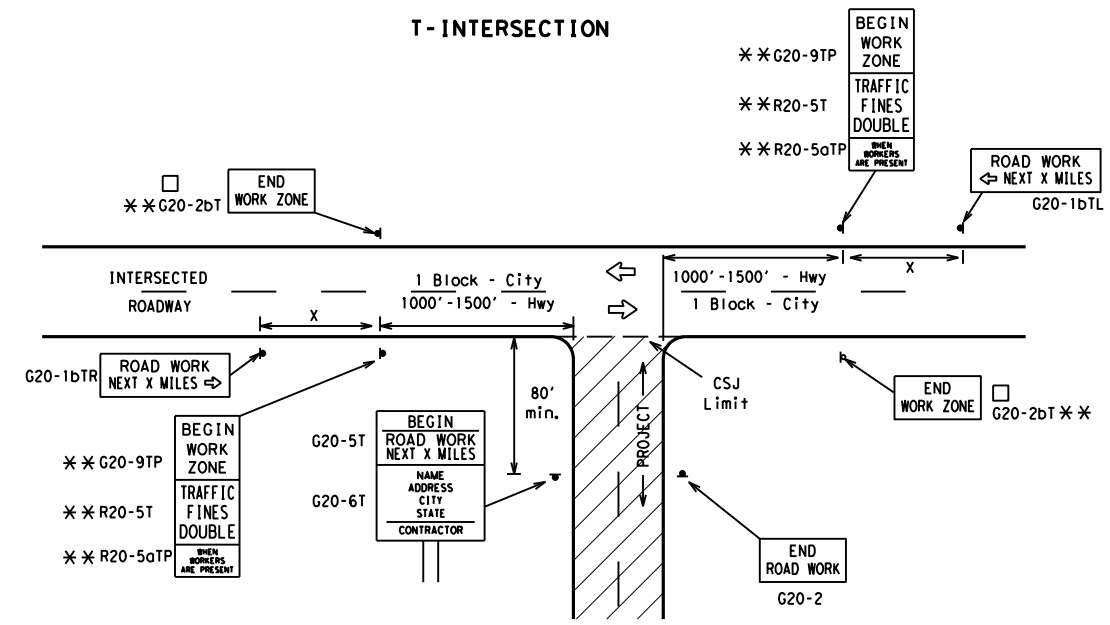
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TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS



- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
 - The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
 - Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
 - The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
 - Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
 - When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T-INTERSECTION



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow (G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR) signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING^{1,5,6}

Sign Number or Series	SIZE		SPACING	
	Conventional Road	Expressway/Freeway	Posted Speed MPH	Sign Δ Spacing "x" Feet (Apprx.)
CW20 ⁴	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	30	120
CW21			35	160
CW22			40	240
CW23			45	320
CW25			50	400
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" x 36"	48" x 48"	55	500 ²
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	60	600 ²
			65	700 ²
			70	800 ²
			75	900 ²
			80	1000 ²
*			*	* ³

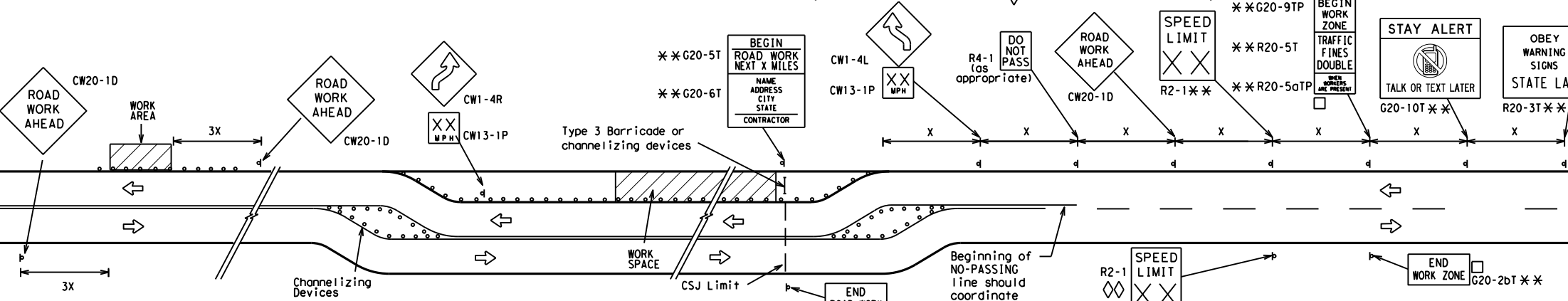
* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

Δ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

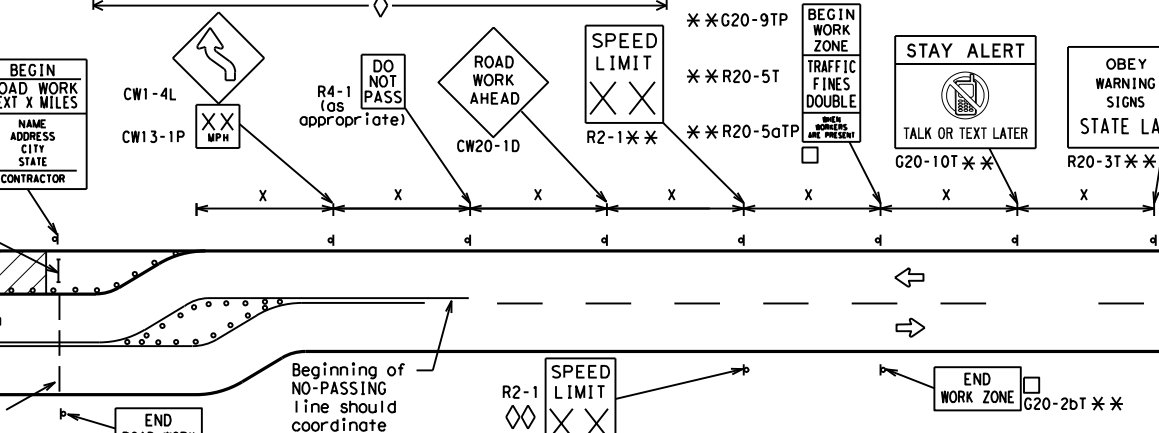
- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

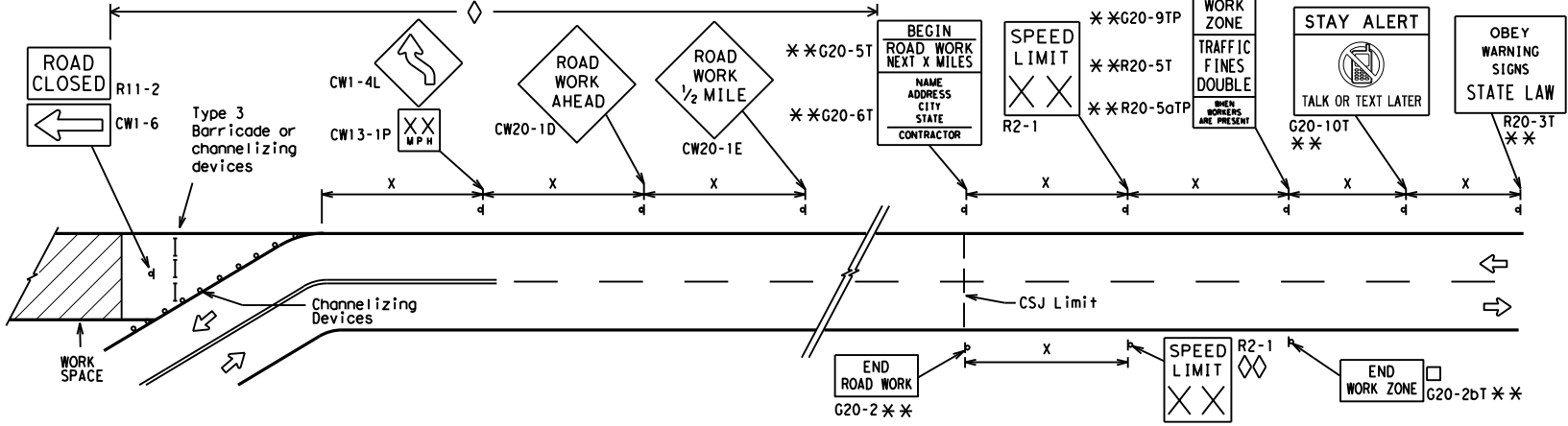


When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



NOTES

- The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "x" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.
- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
 - CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
 - Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.
 - Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND

—	Type 3 Barricade
○ ○ ○	Channelizing Devices
■	Sign
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

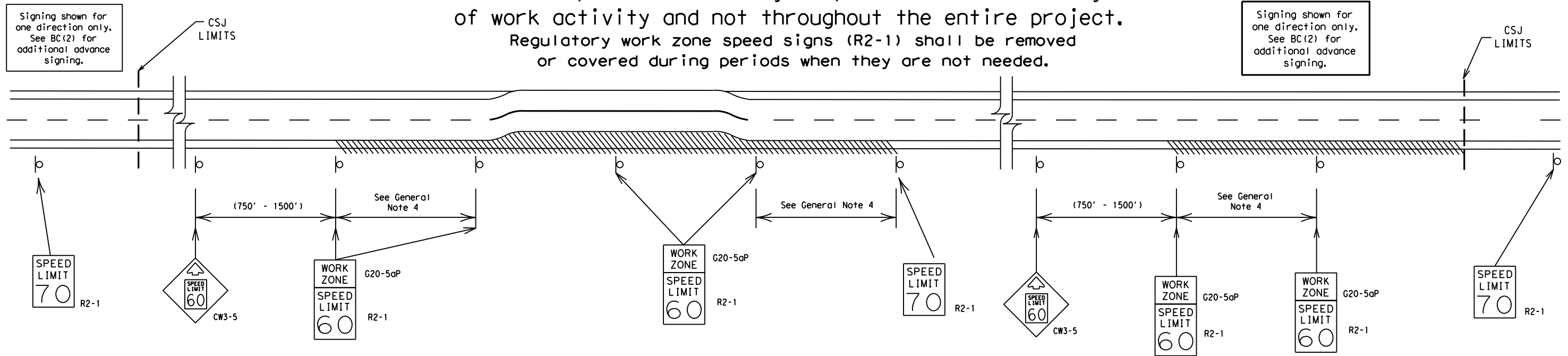
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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project. Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- rough road or damaged pavement surface
- substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- construction detours
- grade
- width
- other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater	0.2 to 2 miles
35 mph and less	0.2 to 1 mile
- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 - Law enforcement.
 - Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

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SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

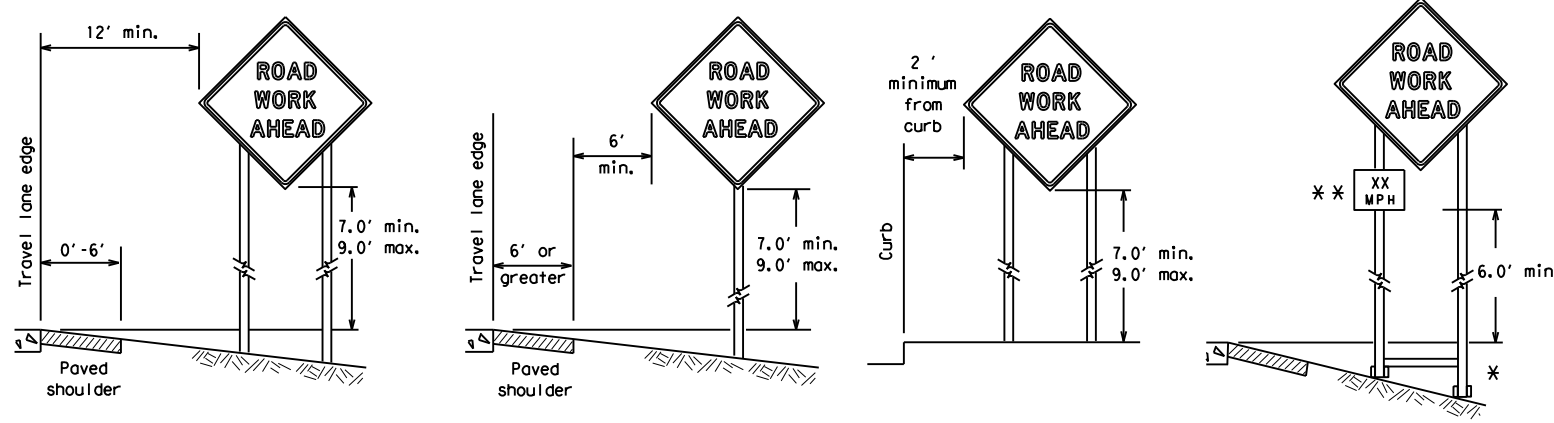
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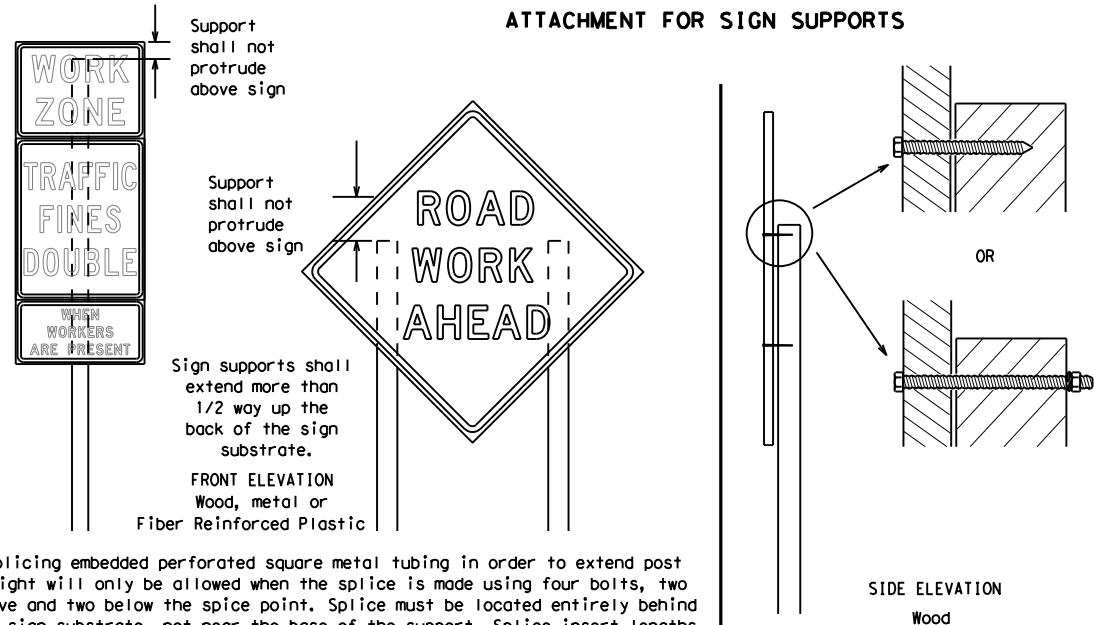
TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

** When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.

ATTACHMENT FOR SIGN SUPPORTS



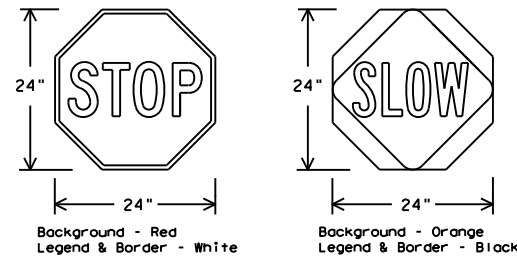
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed.
 Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the splice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
2. STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectORIZED when used at night.
3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
3. When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
5. If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRs standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
6. Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - b. Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - c. Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - d. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - e. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
6. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

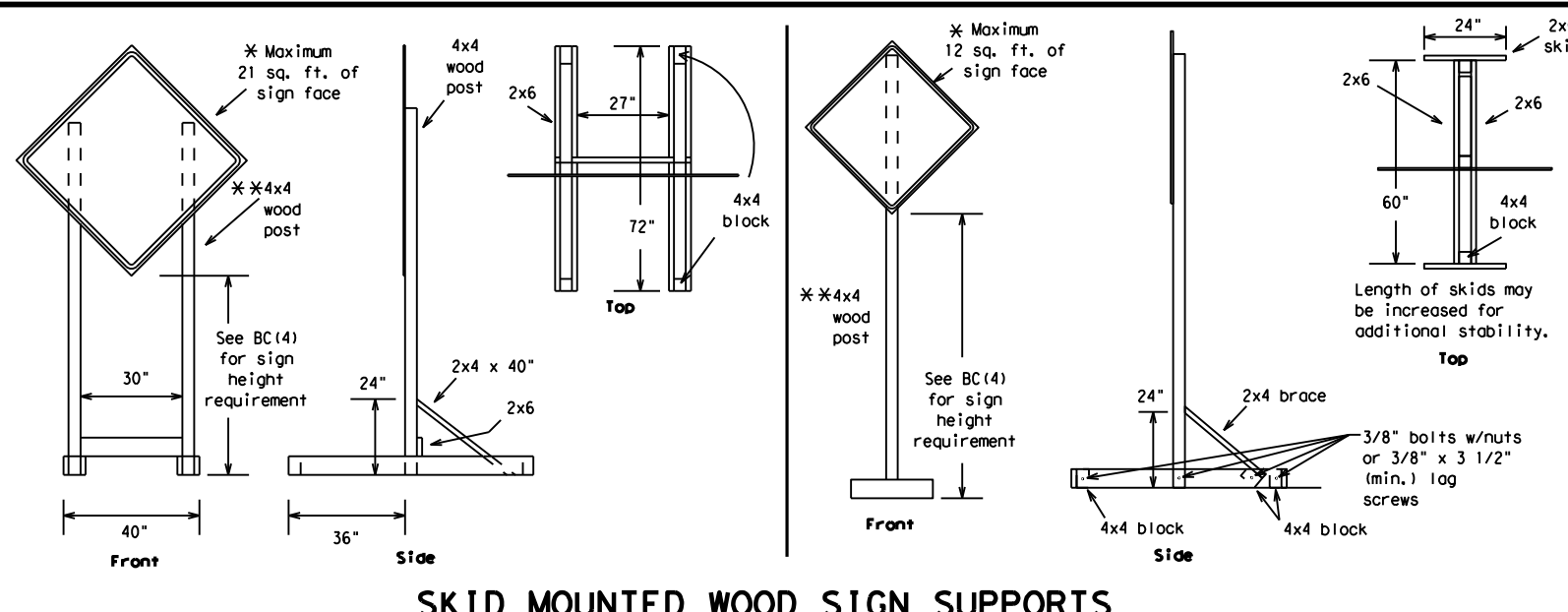
1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

		Traffic Safety Division Standard	
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES			
BC (4) - 21			
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN:	TxDOT
© TxDOT	November 2002	CR:	TxDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB
9-07 8-14	0901 29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
7-13 5-21	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	10

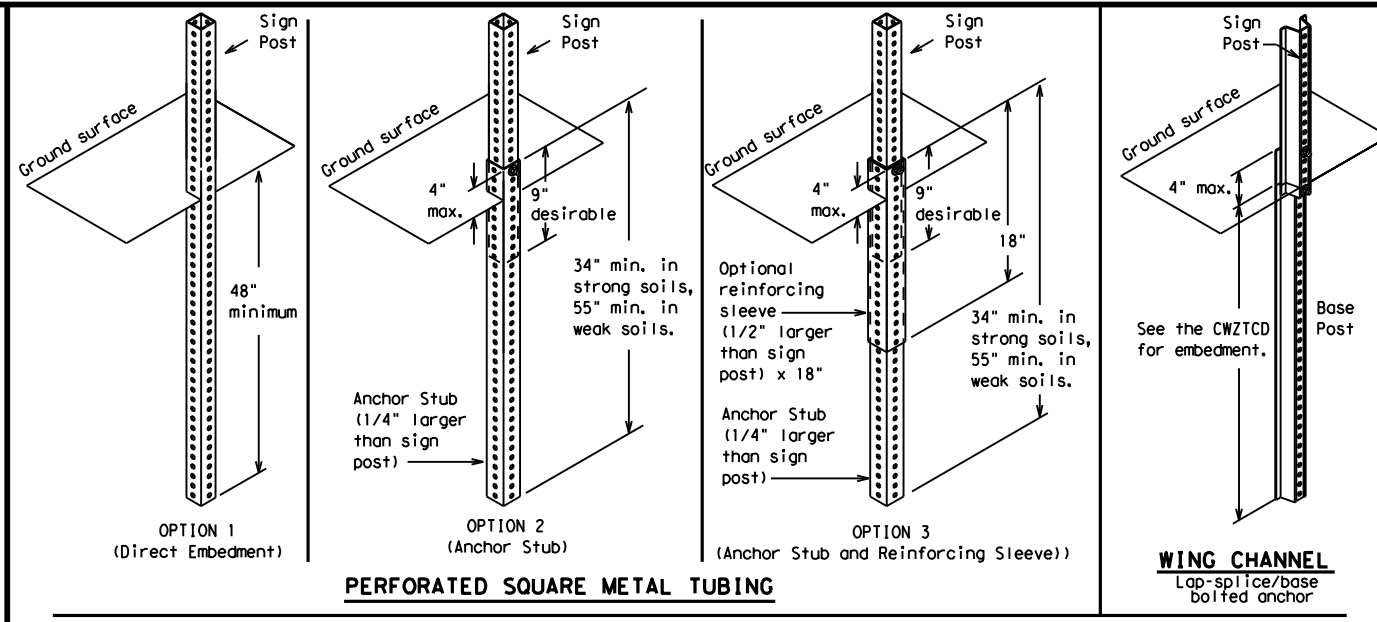
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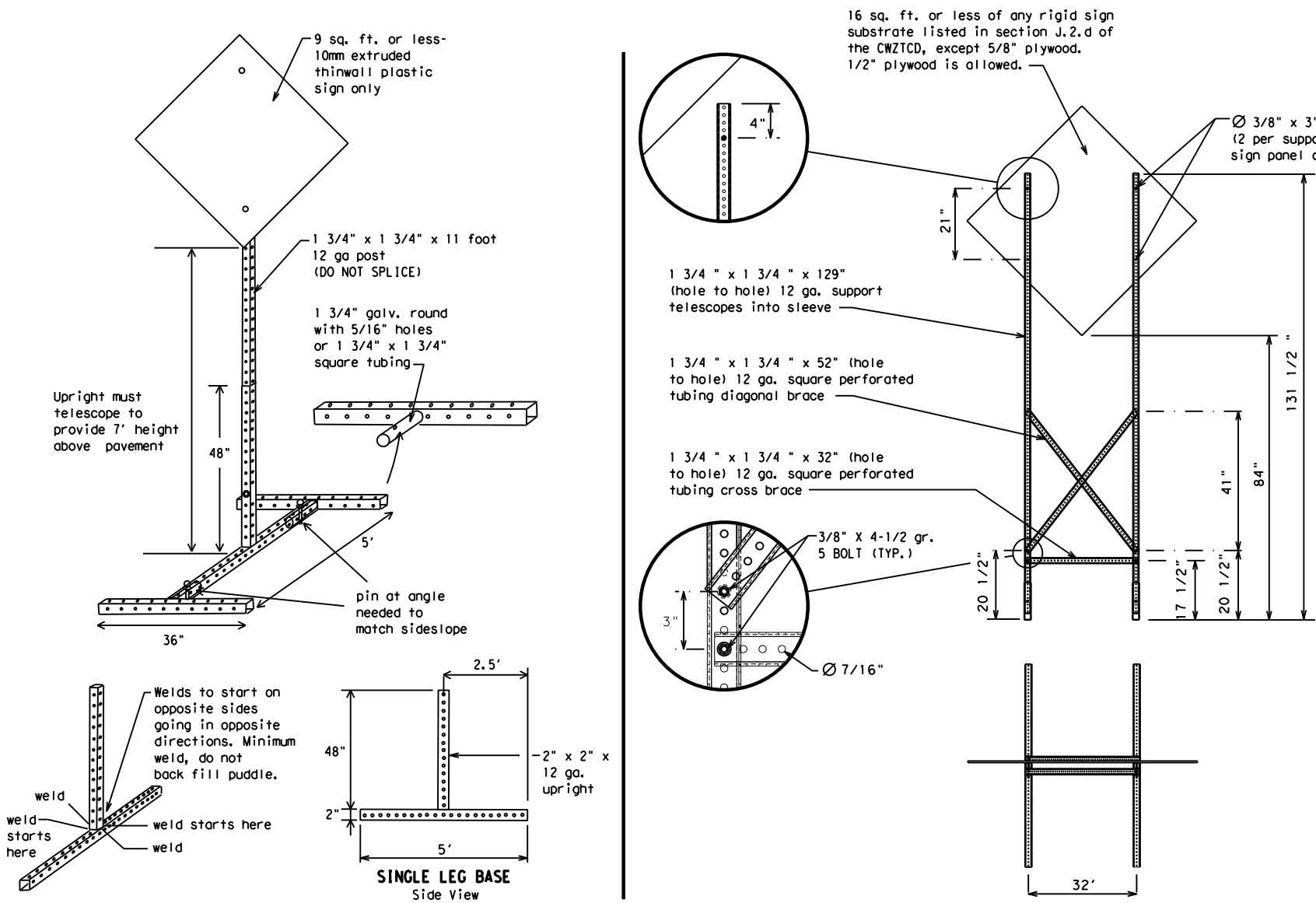
SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

- * See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5) - 21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CR: TxDOT
©TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
7-13 5-21	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	11	

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

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WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Canot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Travelers	TRVLRs
High-Occupancy Vehicle	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Highway	Hwy	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Information	INFO	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
It Is	ITS	Warning	WARN
Junction	JCT	Wednesday	WED
Left	LFT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left Lane	LFT LN	West	W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Westbound	(route) W
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Maintenance	MAINT	Will Not	WONT

Roadway designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED
CENTER LANE CLOSED
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED
EXIT CLOSED
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED

Other Condition List

FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED
SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT
RIGHT X LANES OPEN
DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES
I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED
EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE
RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED
X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List

MERGE RIGHT
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS
USE EXIT XXX
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH
TRUCKS USE US XXX N
WATCH FOR TRUCKS
EXPECT DELAYS
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT
USE OTHER ROUTES
STAY IN LANE

Location List

AT FM XXXX
BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING
NEXT X MILES
PAST US XXX EXIT
XXXXXXXX TO XXXXXX
US XXX TO FM XXXX

Warning List

SPEED LIMIT XX MPH
MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH
MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH
ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH
RIGHT LANE EXIT
USE CAUTION
DRIVE SAFELY
DRIVE WITH CARE

** Advance Notice List

TUE-FRI XX AM-X PM
APR XX-XX X PM-X AM
BEGINS MONDAY
BEGINS MAY XX
MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
NEXT FRI-SUN
XX AM TO XX PM
NEXT TUE AUG XX
TONIGHT XX PM-XX AM

** See Application Guidelines Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

<h3>BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)</h3>			
<h2>BC (6) - 21</h2>			
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN:	TxDOT
© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT:	SECT:
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.
9-07	8-14	DIST:	COUNTY:
7-13	5-21	PAR:	Lamar, Etc.
		SHEET NO.:	12

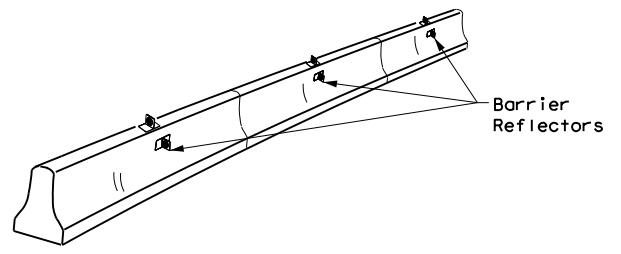
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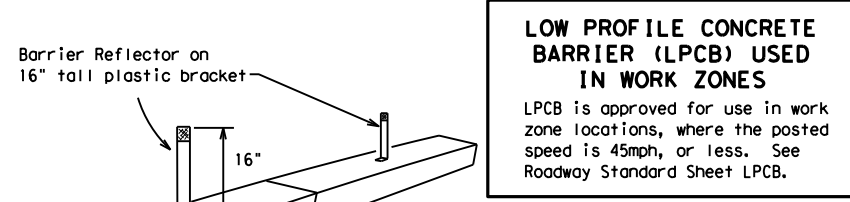
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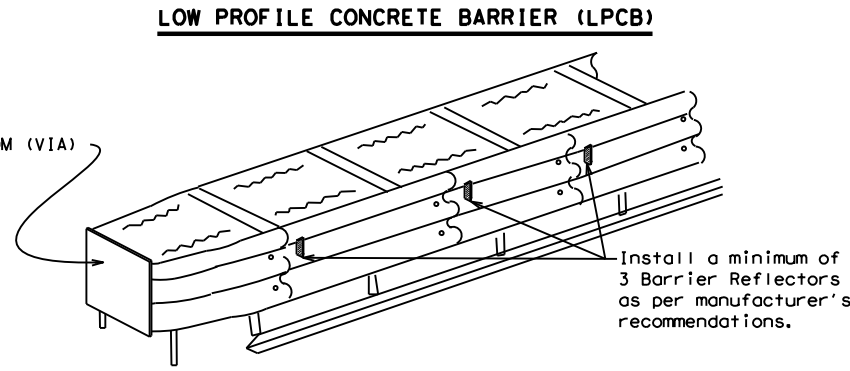
- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.



BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

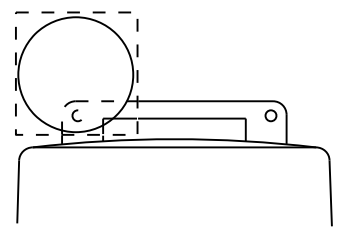
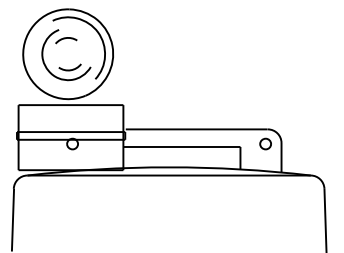
- Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

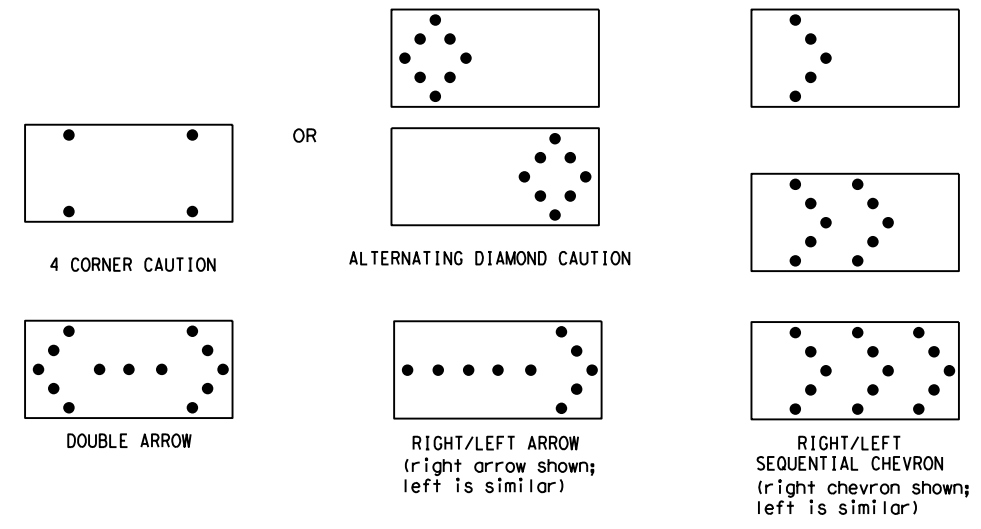
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed on the CWZTCD.
- The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.



Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
- A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
- A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS			
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE
B	30 x 60	13	3/4 mile
C	48 x 96	15	1 mile

ATTENTION

Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC (7) -21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN:	TxDOT	CR:	TxDOT	OW:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT
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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

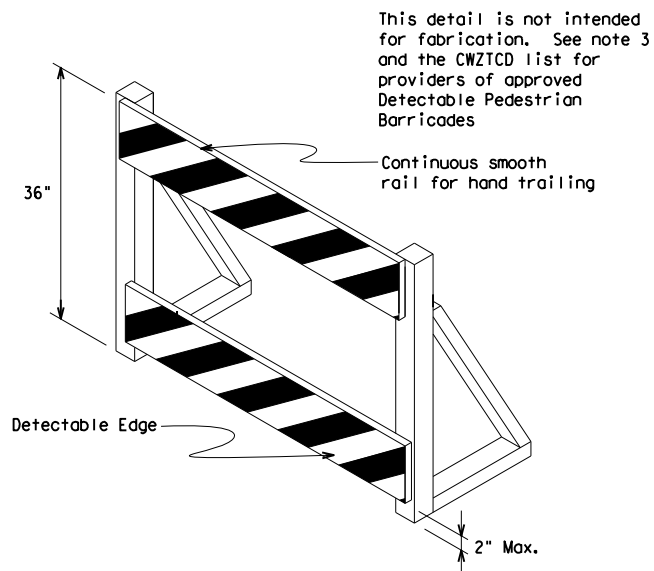
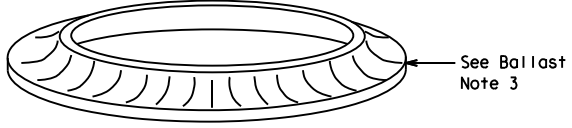
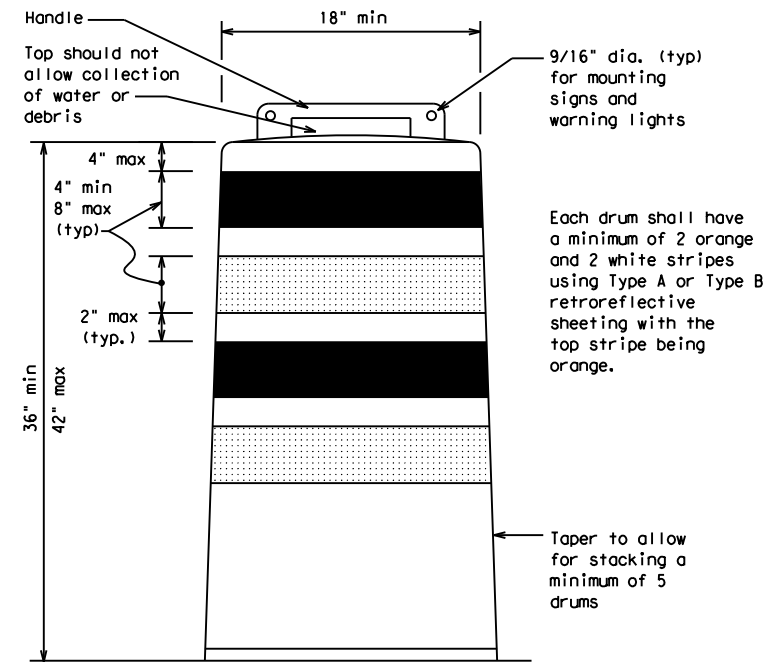
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectORIZED space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

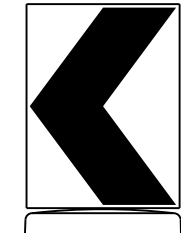
BALLAST

- Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

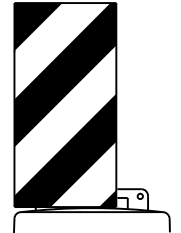


DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24" Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

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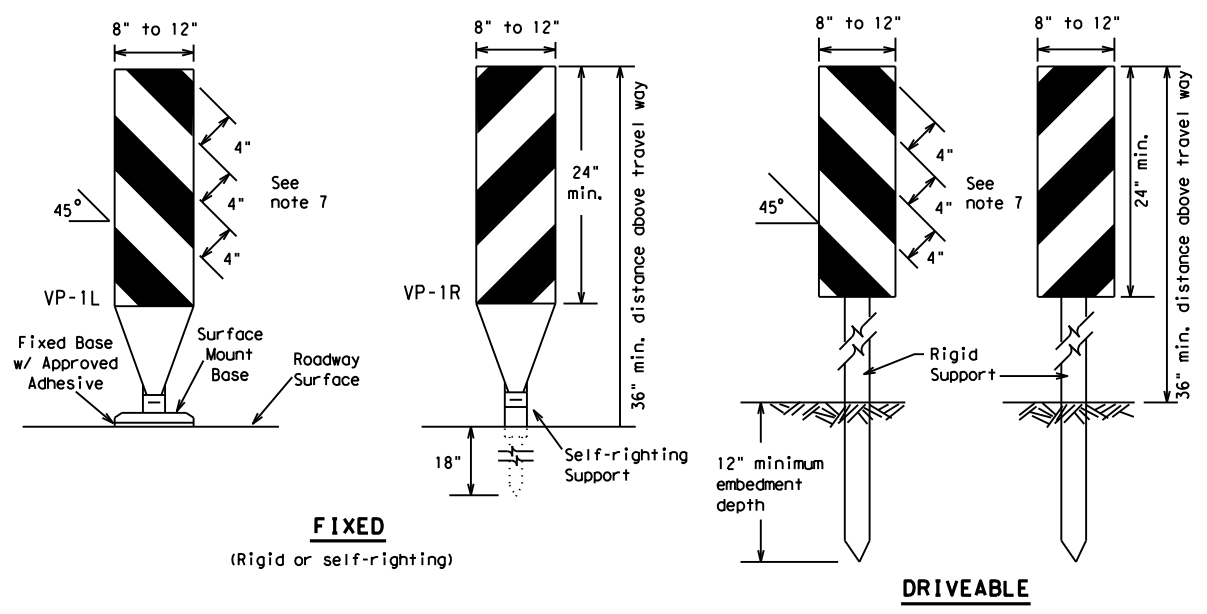
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8) - 21

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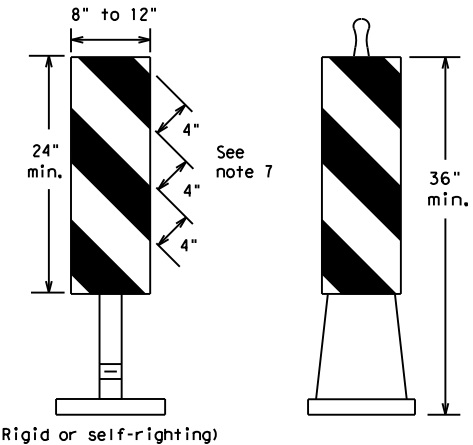
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FIXED
(Rigid or self-righting)

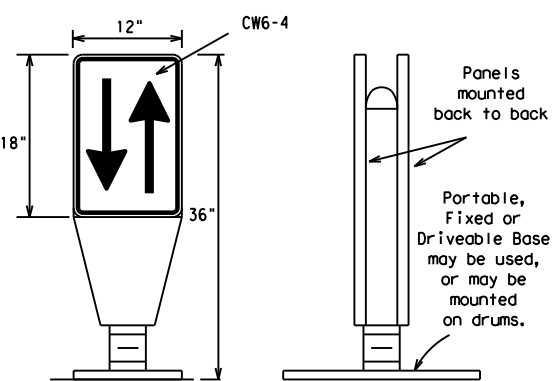
DRIVEABLE



PORTABLE

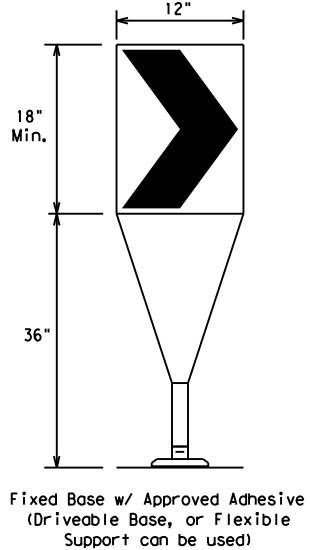
VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.



OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

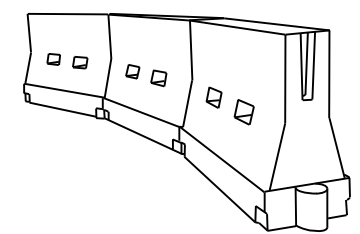
- Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.



Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * *			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30	L = WS ² / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'

* * * Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
 S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

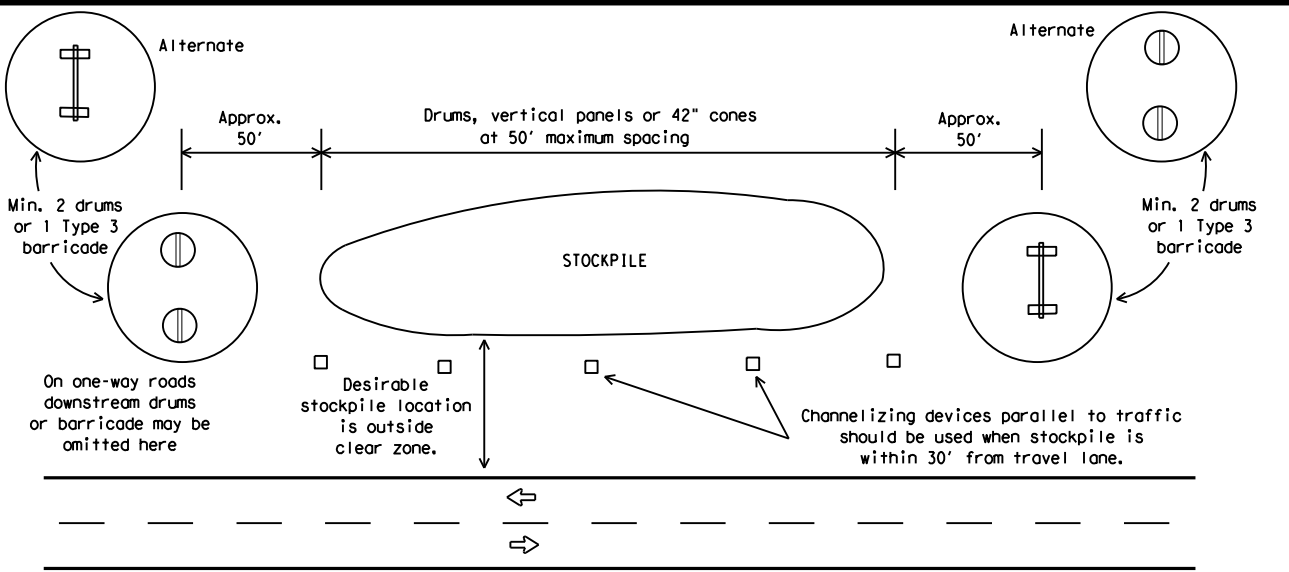


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



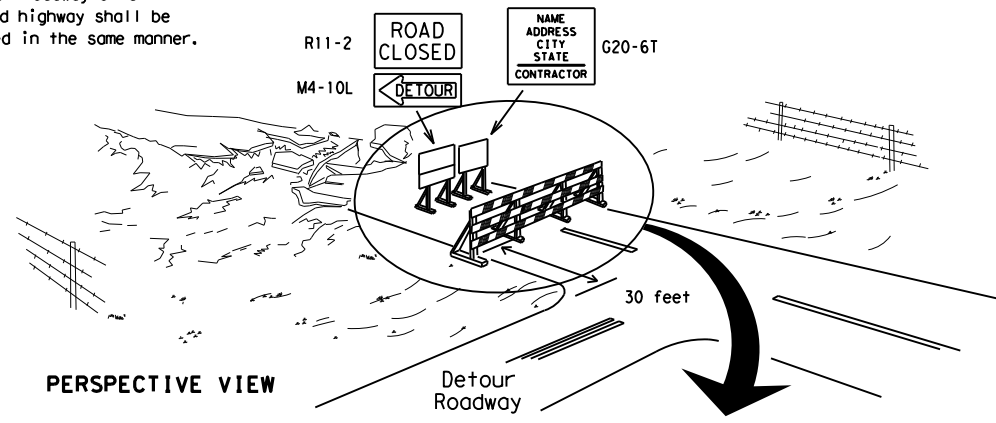
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



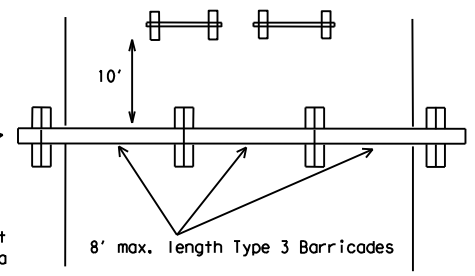
TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

Each roadway of a divided highway shall be barricaded in the same manner.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

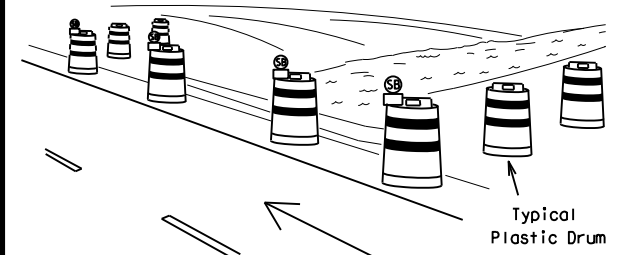
The three rails on Type 3 barricades shall be reflectorized orange and reflective white stripes on one side facing one-way traffic and both sides for two-way traffic. Barricade striping should slant downward in the direction of detour.



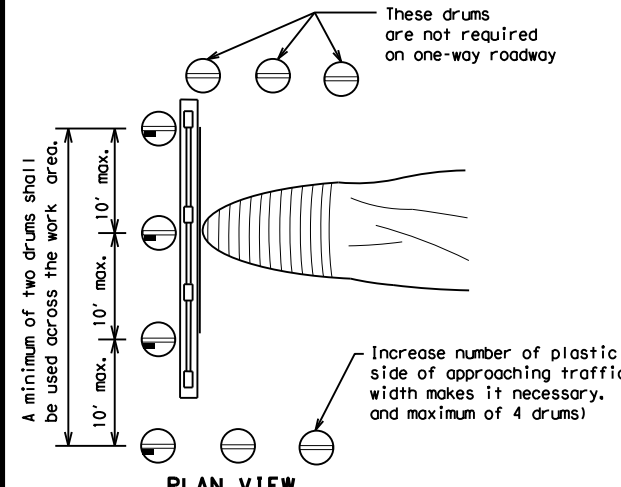
PLAN VIEW

1. Signs should be mounted on independent supports at a 7 foot mounting height in center of roadway. The signs should be a minimum of 10 feet behind Type 3 Barricades.
2. Advance signing shall be as specified elsewhere in the plans.

TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



PERSPECTIVE VIEW



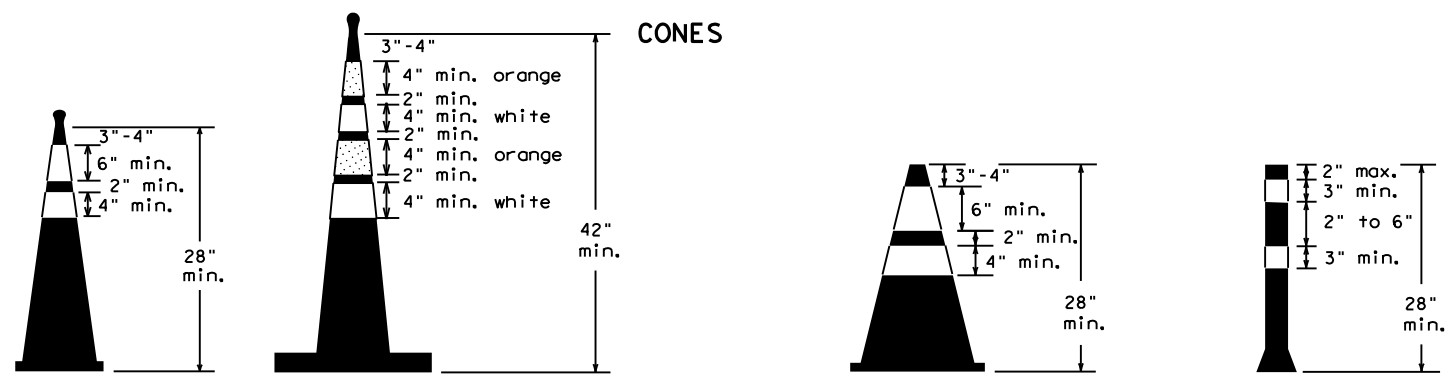
PLAN VIEW

Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)

1. Where positive redirection capability is provided, drums may be omitted.
2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans.
3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet.
4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.
5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

LEGEND	
	Plastic drum
	Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector
	Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.
 42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

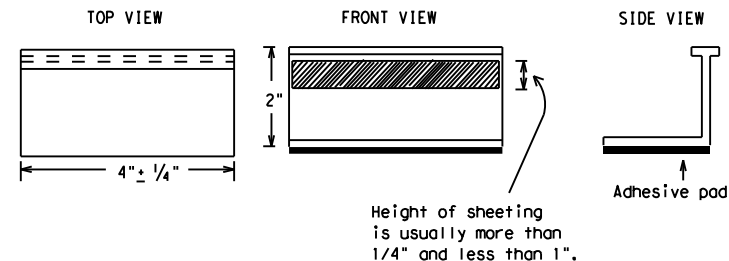
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



**STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER
TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE**

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
 YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
 WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

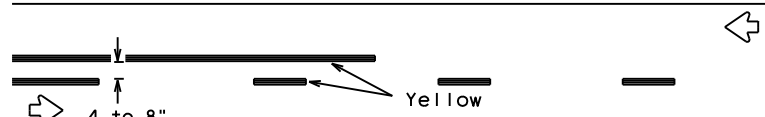
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1-02	7-13				
11-02	8-14				
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	PAR	Lamar, Etc.		17	

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PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

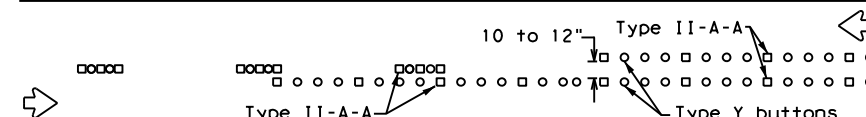


REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A

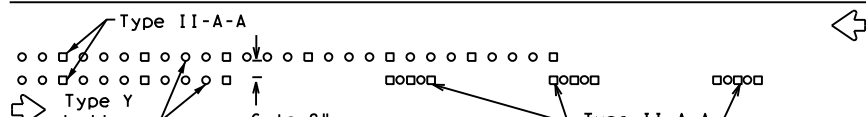


REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B

Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectORIZED pavement markings.



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B

CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



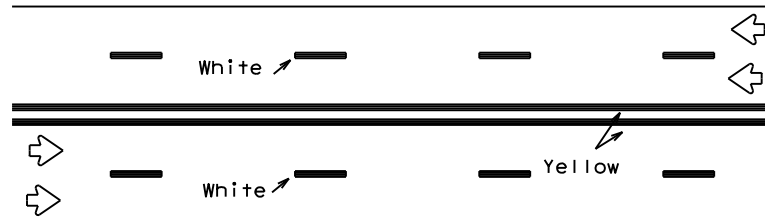
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectORIZED pavement markings.



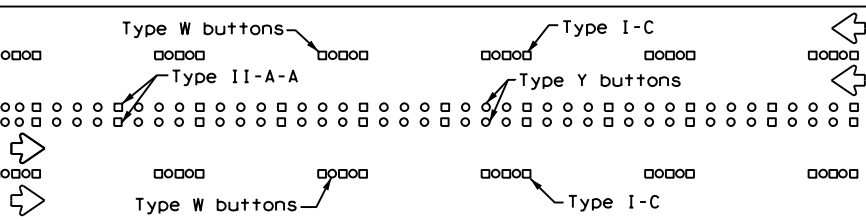
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



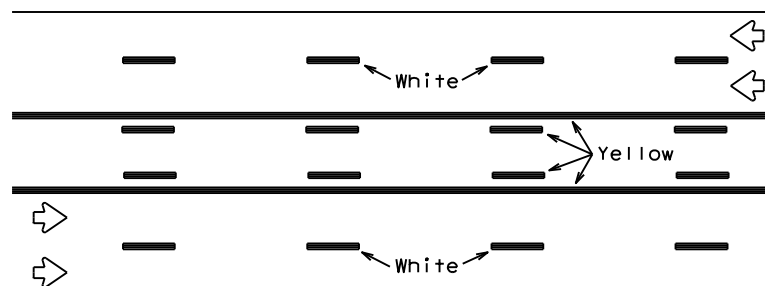
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectORIZED pavement markings.



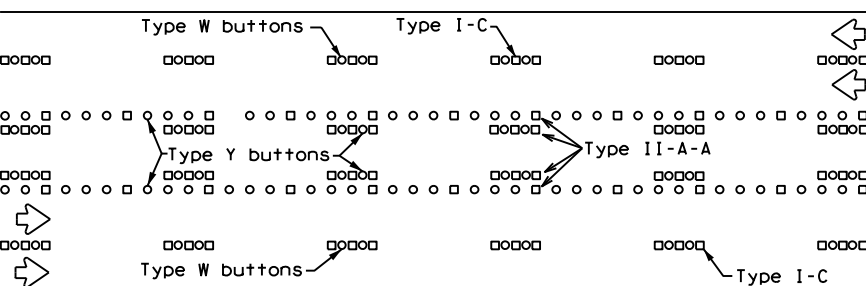
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectORIZED pavement markings.



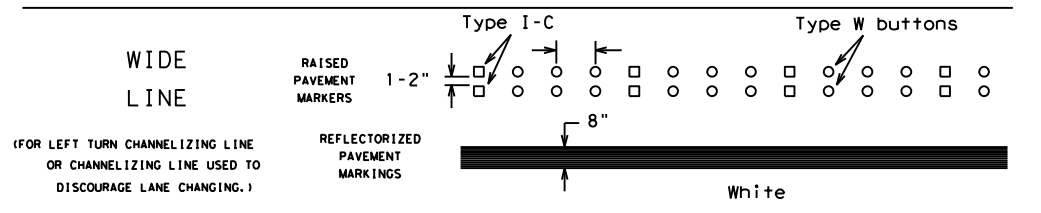
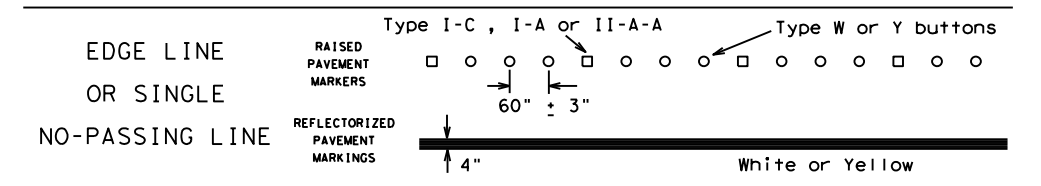
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

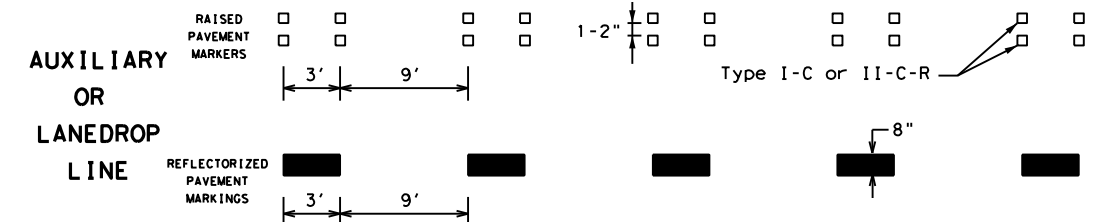
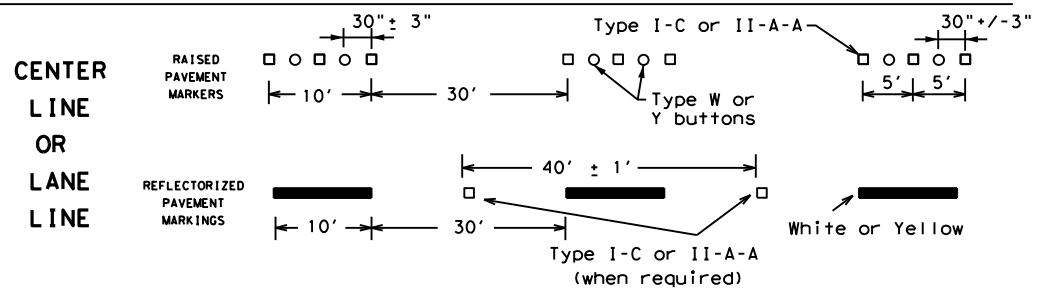
STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS



SOLID LINES

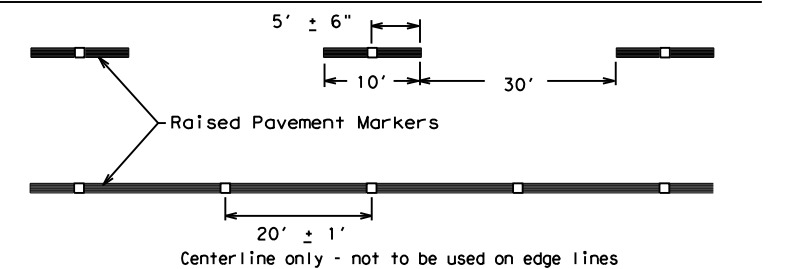


BROKEN LINES



REMOVABLE MARKINGS WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier removal of raised pavement markers and tape.



SHEET 12 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

BC(12)-21

Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

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11-02 8-14				

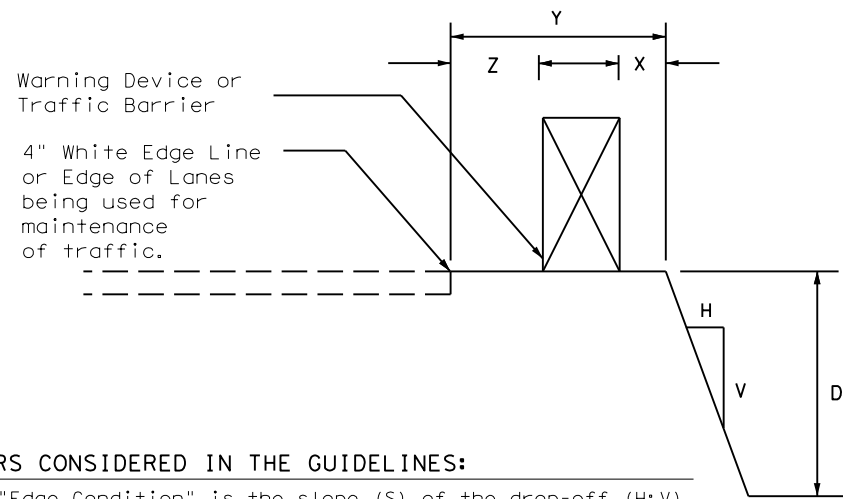
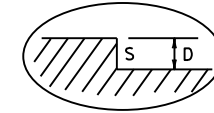
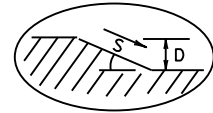
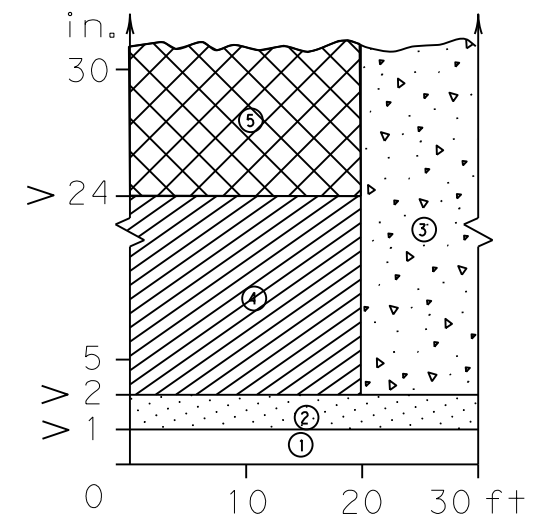
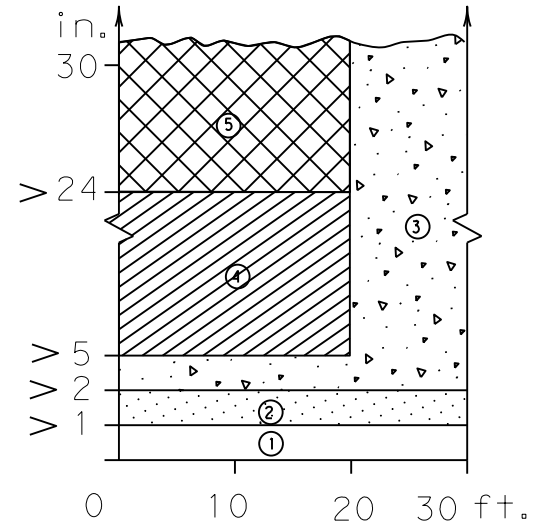
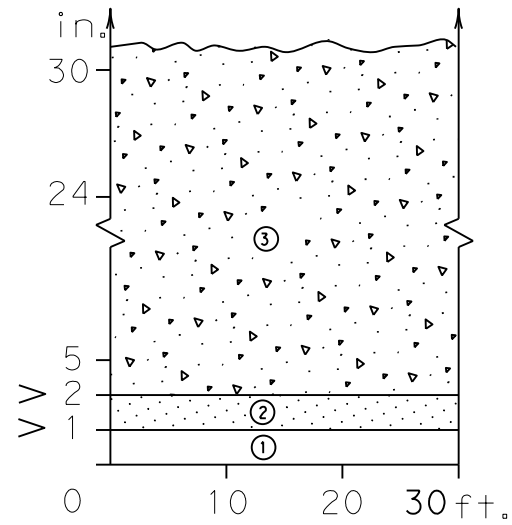
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DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet



FACTORS CONSIDERED IN THE GUIDELINES:

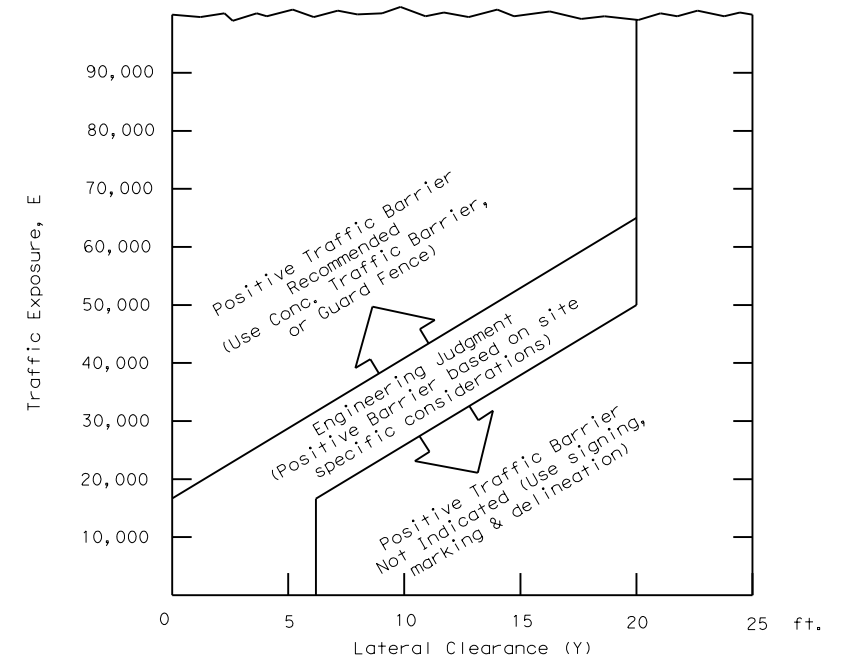
- The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V). The "Edge Height" is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.

Zone	Treatment Types Guidelines:
①	No treatment
②	CW 8-11 "Uneven Lanes" signs.
③	CW 8-9a Shoulder Drop-Off" or CW 8-11 signs plus vertical panels.
④	CW8-9a or CW 8-11, signs plus drums. Where restricted space precludes the use of drums, use vertical panels. An edge slope to that of the profered Edge Condition I.
⑤	Check indications (Figure-1) for possitive barrier. Where positive barrier is not indicated, the treatment shown above for Zone-4 may be used after consideration of other applicable factors.

Edge Condition Notes:

- Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularly those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 ([Cross-hatched])



- $E = ADT \times T$
 Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface, or at the edge of pavement. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's on-line manuals.

Engineer's Seal

04/04/2023
 Dr. Carlee D. Brazel, P.E.

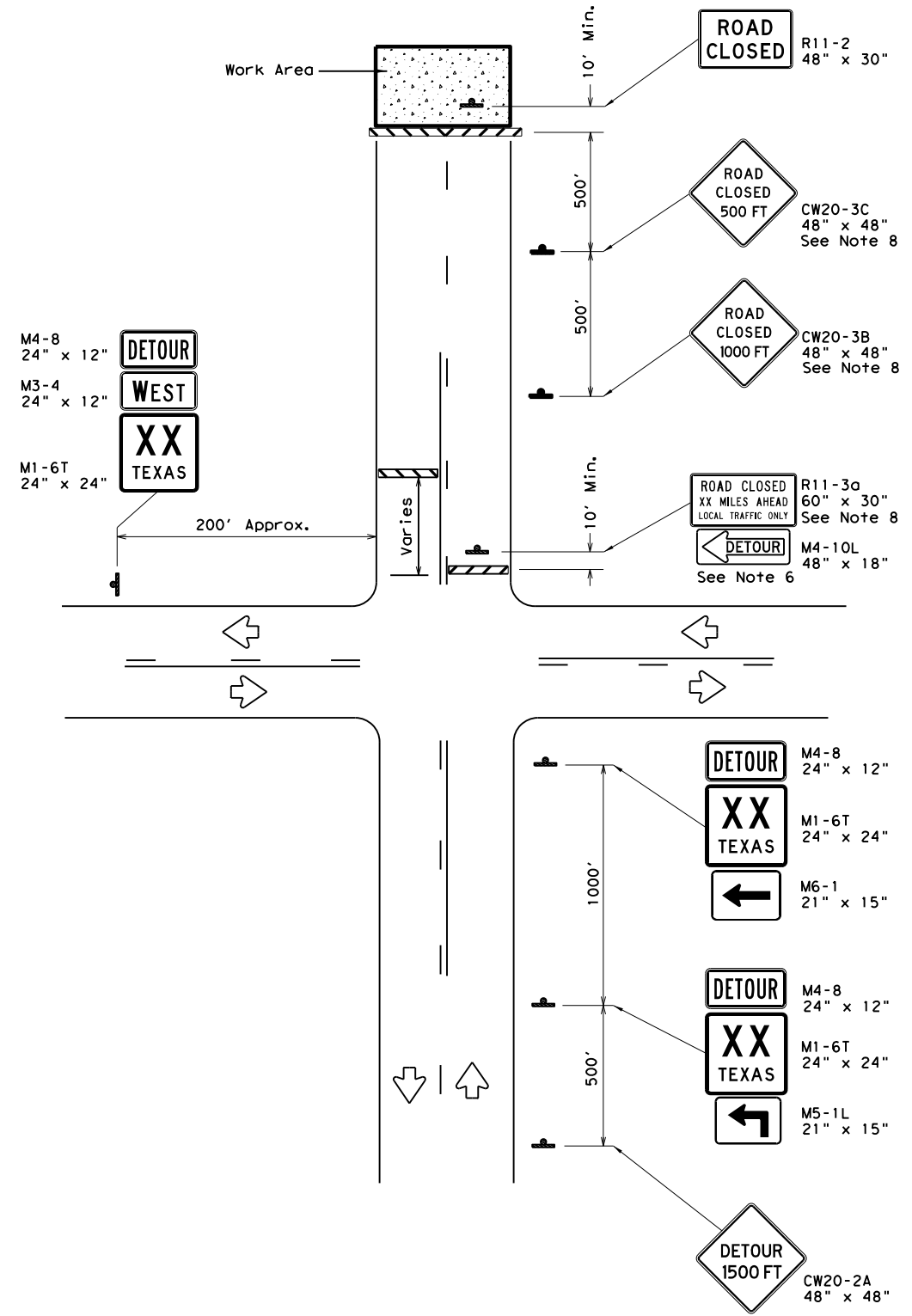
Texas Department of Transportation

TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

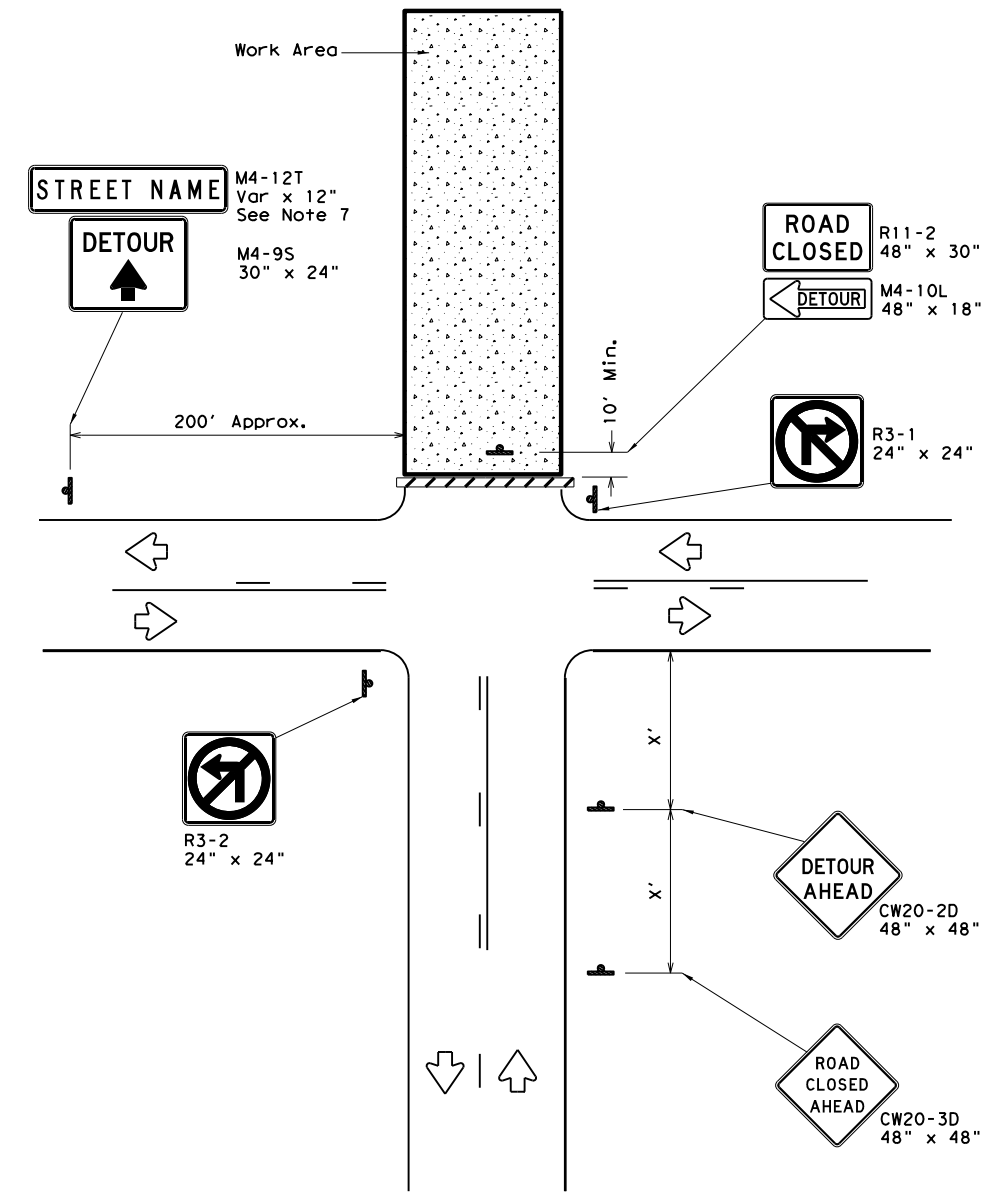
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9-21				

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ROAD CLOSURE BEYOND THE INTERSECTION
Signing for a Numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour



ROAD CLOSURE AT THE INTERSECTION
Signing for an Un-numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour

LEGEND	
	Type 3 Barricade
	Sign

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "x" Distance
30	120'
35	160'
40	240'
45	320'
50	400'
55	500'
60	600'
65	700'
70	800'
75	900'

* Conventional Roads Only

GENERAL NOTES

1. This sheet is intended to provide details for temporary work zone road closures. For permanent road closure details see the D&OM standards.
2. Barricades used shall meet the requirements shown on Barricade and Construction Standard BC(10) and listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD).
3. Stockpiled materials shall not be placed on the traffic side of barricades.
4. Barricades at the road closure should extend from pavement edge to pavement edge.
5. Detour signing shown is intended to illustrate the type of signing that is appropriate for numbered routes or un-numbered routes as labeled. It does not indicate the full extent of detour signing required. Detour routes should be signed as shown elsewhere in the plans.
6. If the road is open for a significant distance beyond the intersection or there are significant origin/destination points beyond the intersection, the signs and barricades at this location should be located at the edge of the traveled way.
7. The Street Name (M4-12T) sign is to be placed above the DETOUR (M4-9S) sign.
8. For urban areas where there is a shorter distance between the intersection and the actual closure location, the ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD (R11-3a) sign may be replaced with a ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign. If adequate space does not exist between the intersection and the closure a single ROAD CLOSED AHEAD (CW20-3D) sign spaced as per the table above may replace the ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT (CW20-3B) and ROAD CLOSED 500 FT (CW20-3C) signs.
9. Signs and barricades shown shall be subsidiary to Item 502. Locations where these details will be required shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

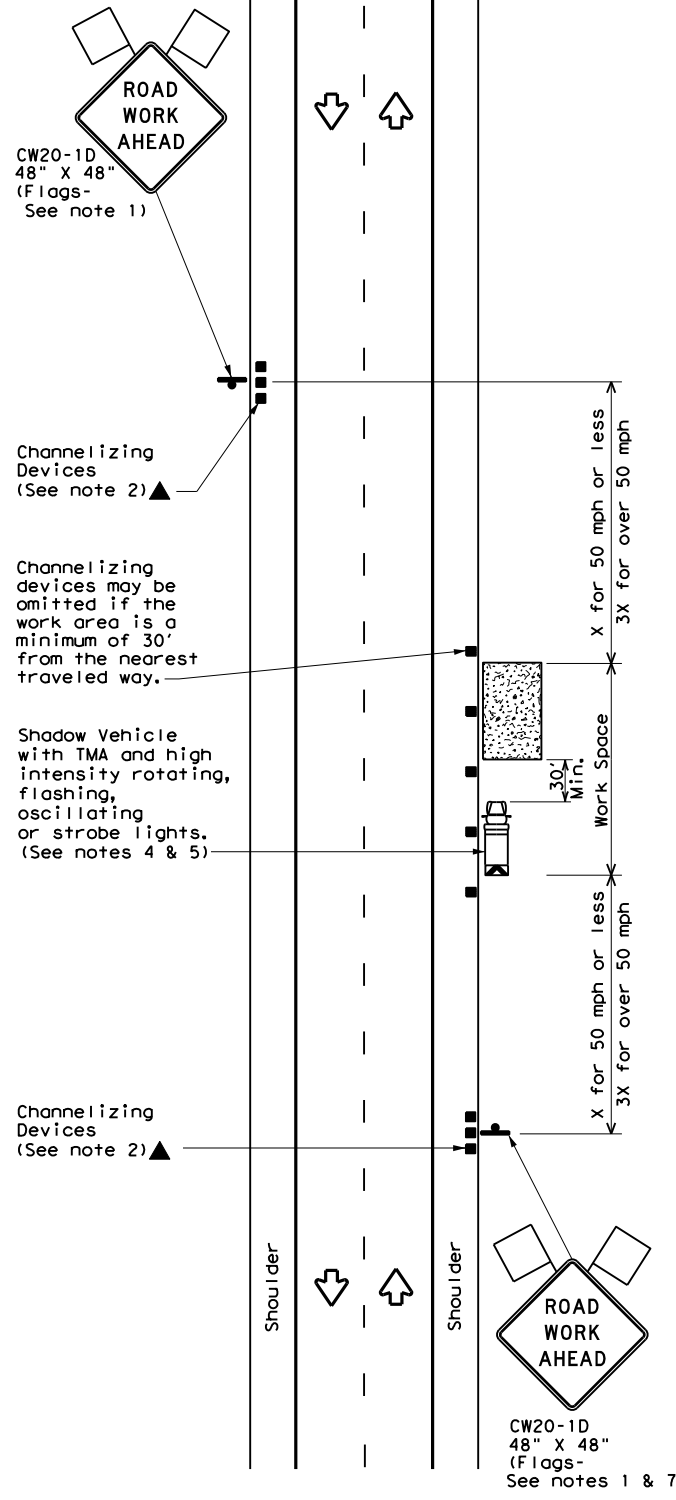
WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE DETAILS

WZ (RCD) - 13

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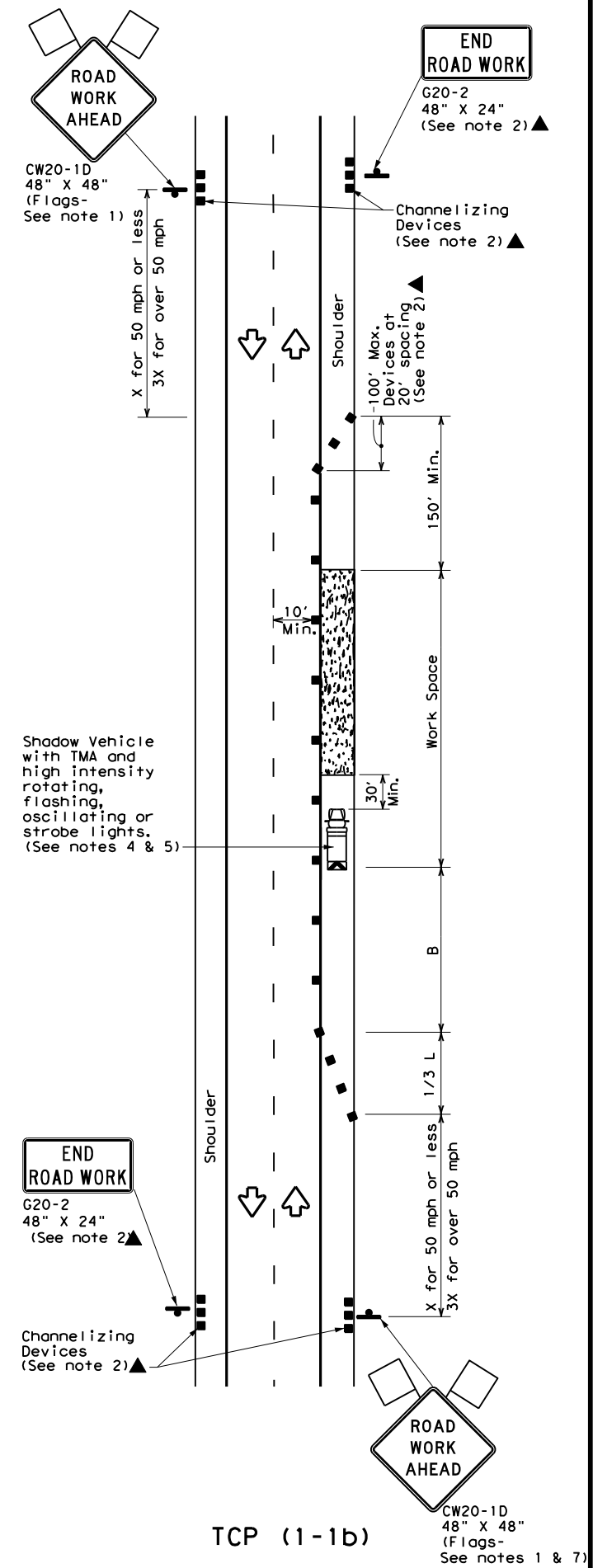
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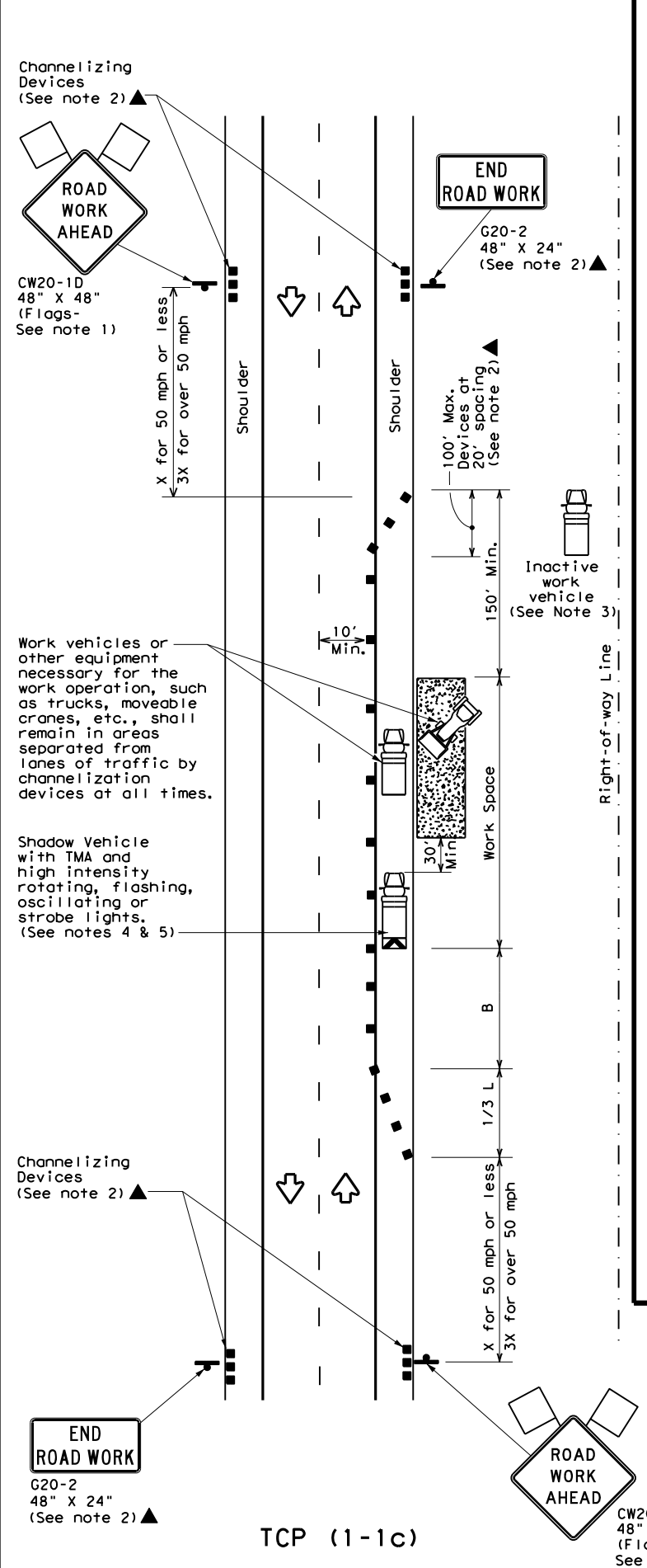
TCP (1-1a)

WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER
 Conventional Roads



TCP (1-1b)

WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER
 Conventional Roads



TCP (1-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER
 Conventional Roads

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed * S	Formula L = WS / 60	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30		150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only
 ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
 - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 - Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
 - A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
 - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
 - See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
 - CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.



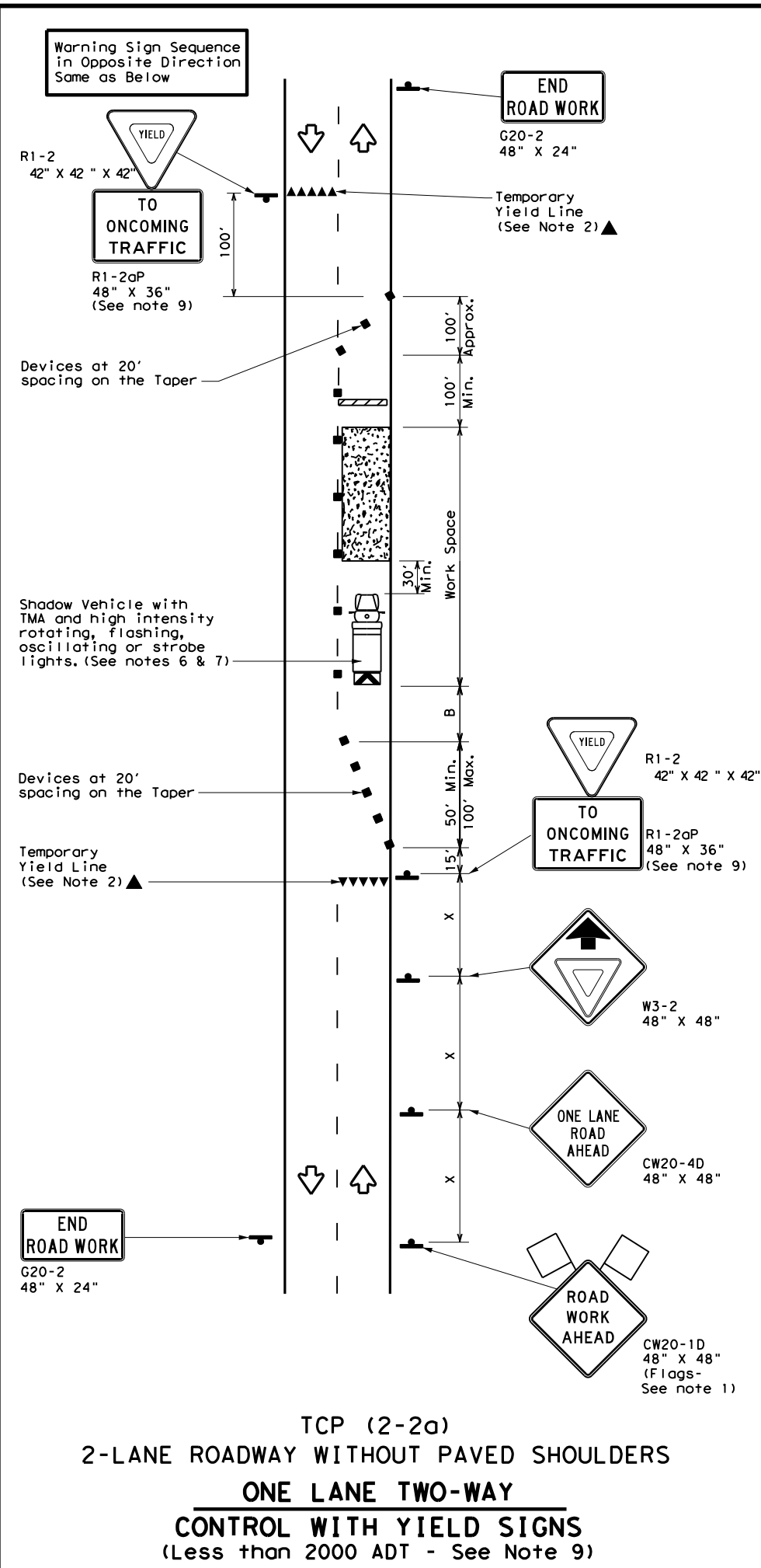
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
CONVENTIONAL ROAD
SHOULDER WORK

TCP (1-1) - 18

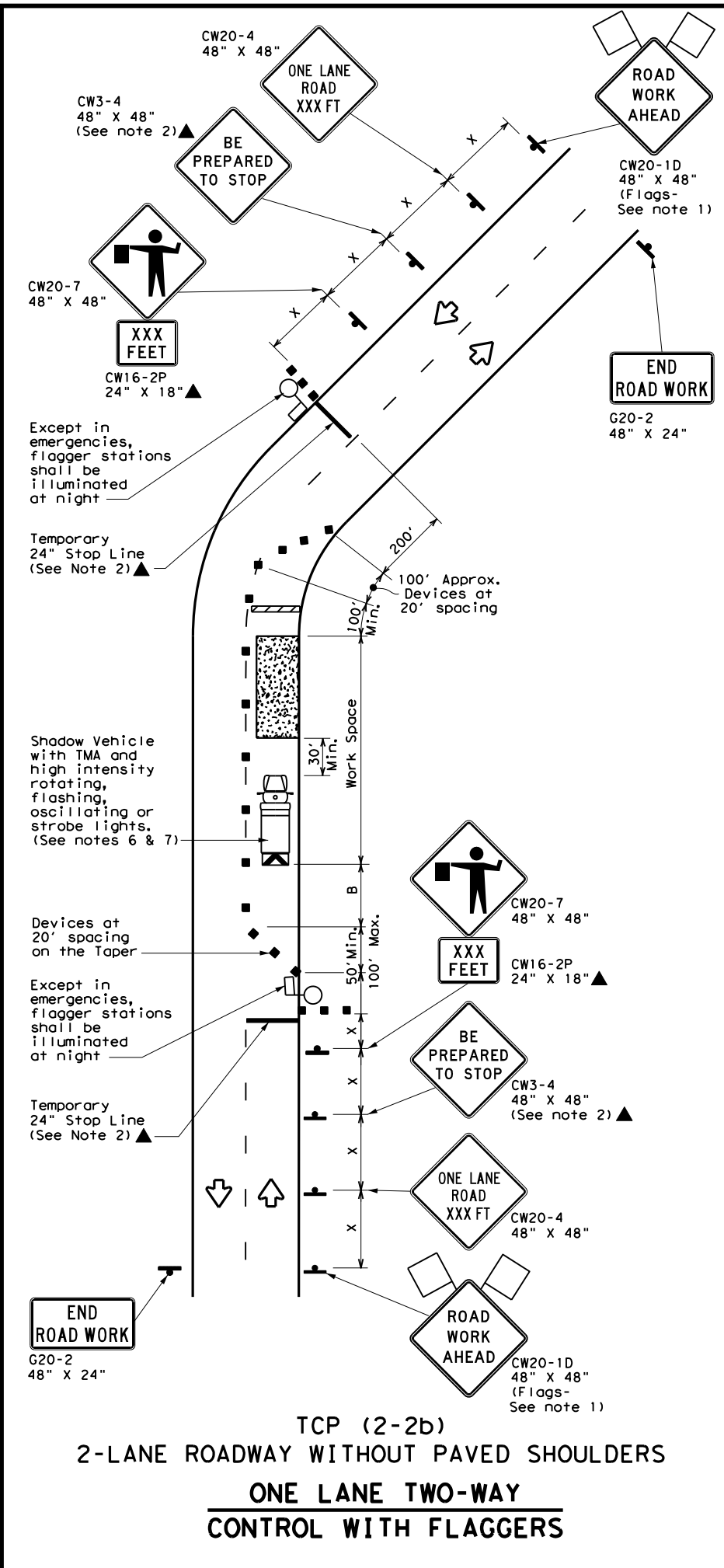
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1-97 2-18				

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TCP (2-2a)
 2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS
 ONE LANE TWO-WAY
 CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS
 (Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)



TCP (2-2b)
 2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS
 ONE LANE TWO-WAY
 CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	Stopping Sight Distance
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent			
30	L = WS ² / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	200'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	305'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	495'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	570'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	820'

* Conventional Roads Only
 ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

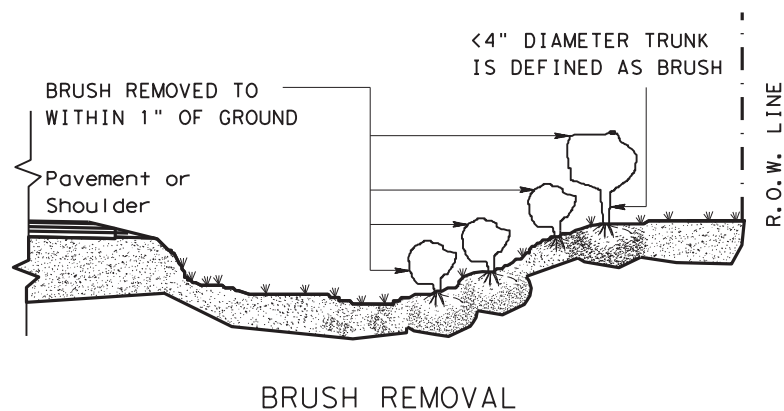
TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES

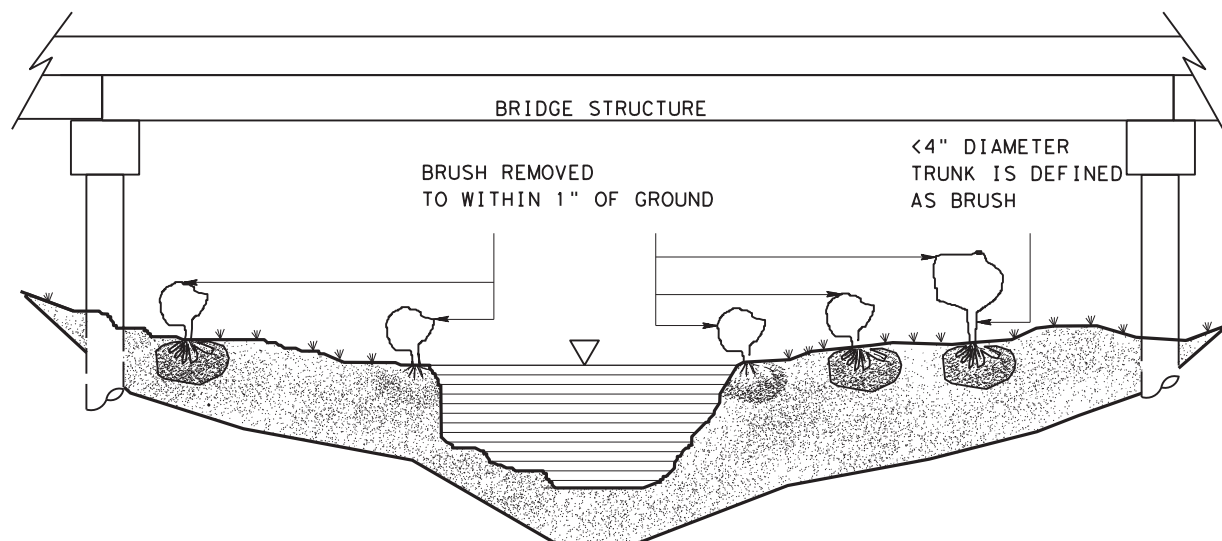
- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 - The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
 - Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
 - Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
 - A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
 - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- TCP (2-2a)**
- The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
 - The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- TCP (2-2b)**
- Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
 - If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
 - Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

		Traffic Operations Division Standard	
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL			
TCP (2-2) - 18			
FILE:	tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:	CK:
© TxDOT	REVISIONS	CON:	SECT:
8-95	3-03	0901	29
1-97	2-12	092, Etc. CR, Etc.	
4-98	2-18	DIST:	COUNTY:
		PAR	Lamar, Etc.
		SHEET NO.	20C

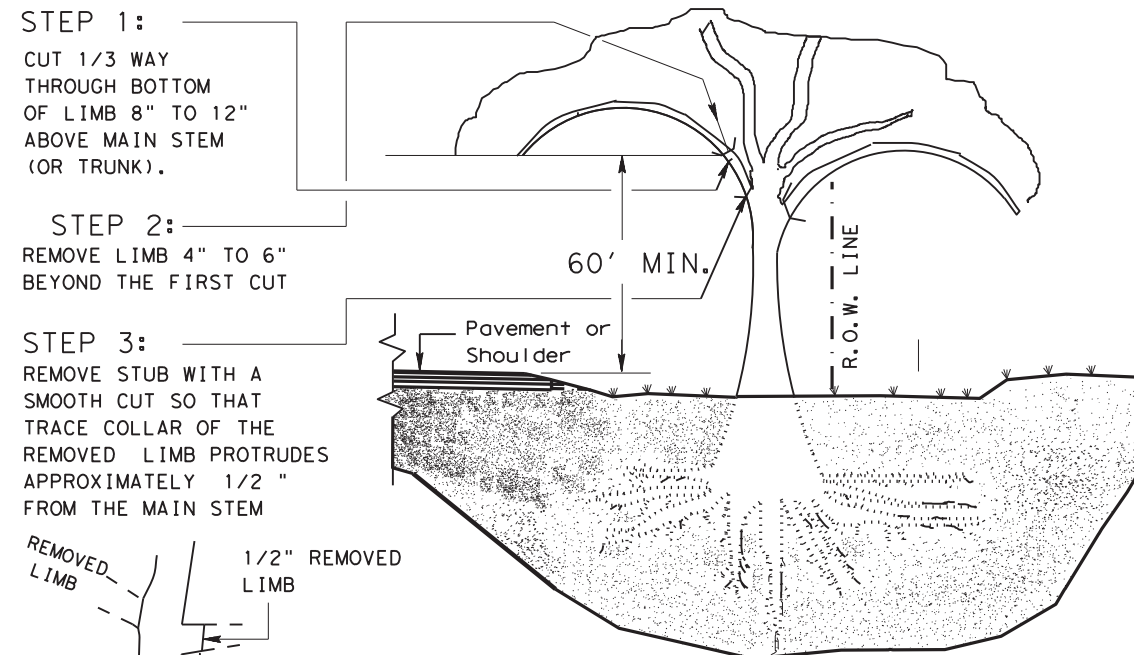
DATE: 4/4/2023 10:20:28 AM
 FILE: I:\PARTPDD\FM 2068-1097-05-009-Bridge Replacement\Design\CAD Plan Sheets\021 TREE TRIMMING & BRUSH REMOVAL.dgn



BRUSH REMOVAL



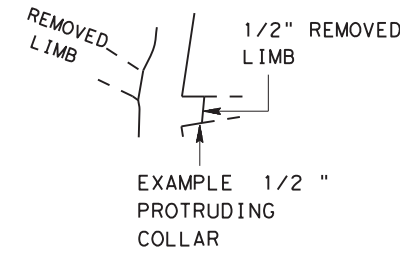
BRUSH REMOVAL UNDER BRIDGE AND IN CHANNEL



STEP 1:
 CUT 1/3 WAY THROUGH BOTTOM OF LIMB 8" TO 12" ABOVE MAIN STEM (OR TRUNK).

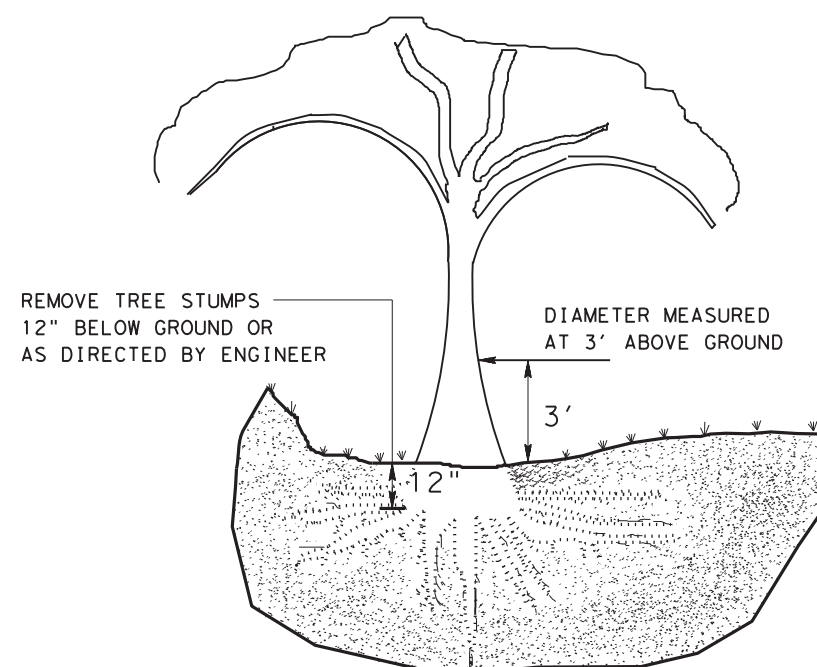
STEP 2:
 REMOVE LIMB 4" TO 6" BEYOND THE FIRST CUT

STEP 3:
 REMOVE STUB WITH A SMOOTH CUT SO THAT TRACE COLLAR OF THE REMOVED LIMB PROTRUDES APPROXIMATELY 1/2" FROM THE MAIN STEM



STEPS 1, 2 AND 3 APPLY WHEN REMOVING LIMBS 2" IN DIAMETER OR LARGER.

TREE TRIMMING



TREE REMOVAL
 SPECIFIC LOCATION SPECIFIED IN PLANS

04/04/2023
Carlee D. Brazeal, P.E.

 CARLEE D BRAZEAL
 144418
 LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

CR 26320 AT MORRISON CREEK
 0901-29-092, ETC
 TREE TRIMMING AND BUSH REMOVAL

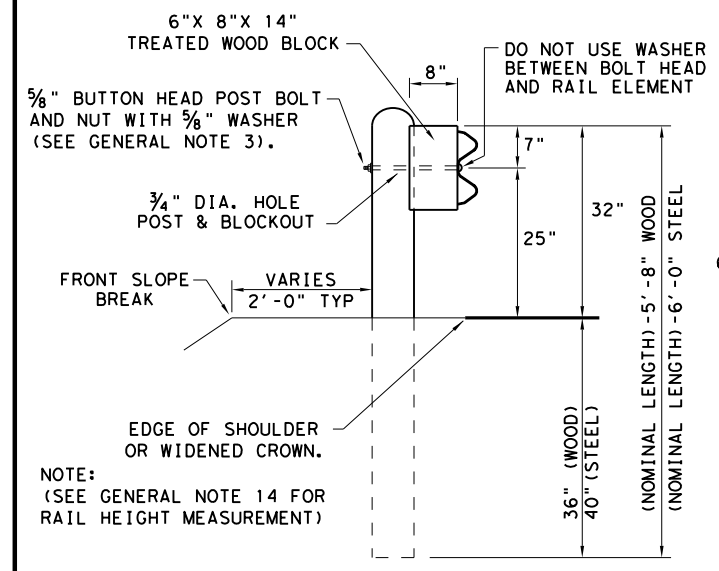
NOT TO SCALE

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 Texas Department of Transportation

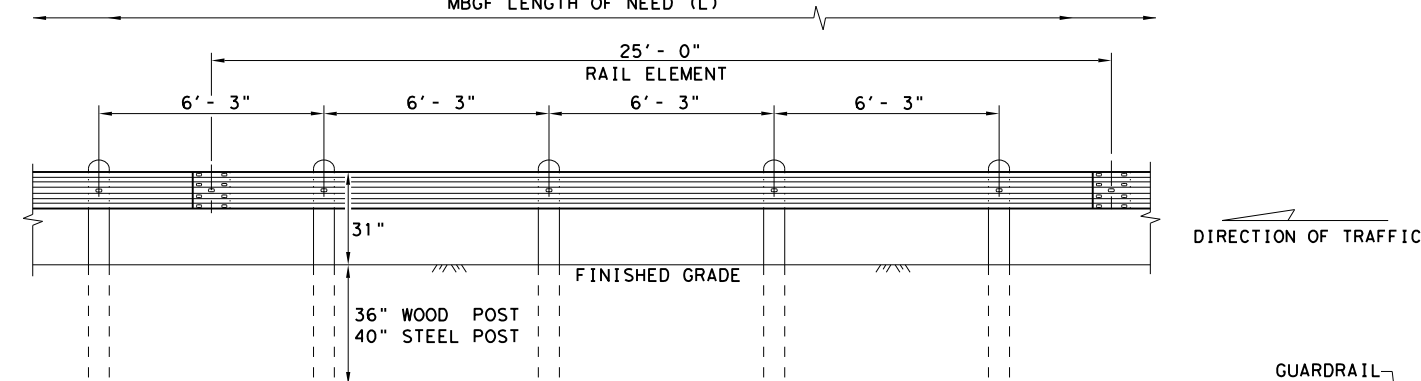
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092, ETC	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		21

DATE: 4/3/2023
 FILE: T:\PARTPDD\FM 2068-1097-05-009-Bridge Replacement\Design\CAD Plan Sheets\022 GF (31) -19.dgn
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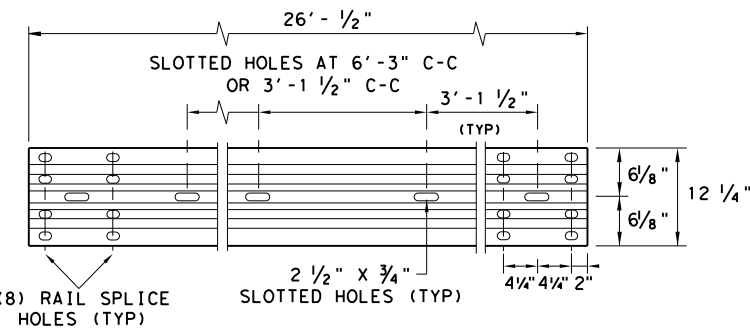
TYPICAL POST PLACEMENT

NOTE: ** "WOOD" INDICATES DIMENSIONS FOR BOTH ROUND AND RECTANGULAR WOOD POST SYSTEMS.



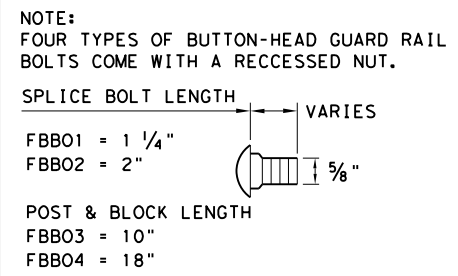
ELEVATION MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICE

SHOWING A 25' - 0" SECTION OF W-BEAM RAIL. (SEE GENERAL NOTE 2)



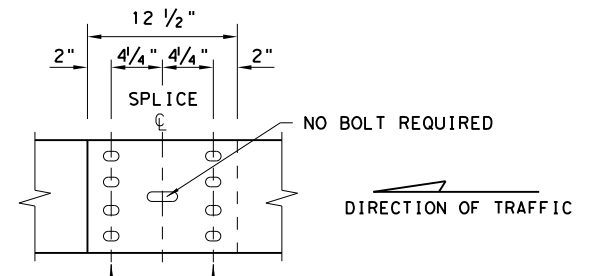
ELEVATION 25' - 0" (NOM.) W-BEAM SECTION

NOTES: SEE GENERAL NOTE 2 FOR ALLOWABLE RAIL TYPES. SEE RAIL SPLICE DETAIL FOR REQUIRED HARDWARE.



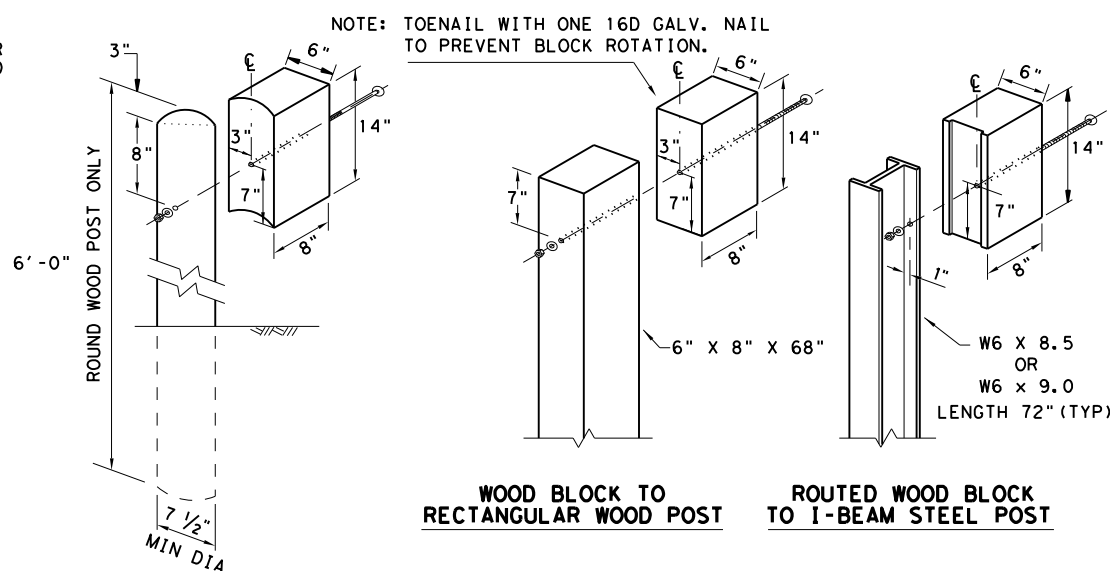
BUTTON HEAD BOLT

NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.



MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

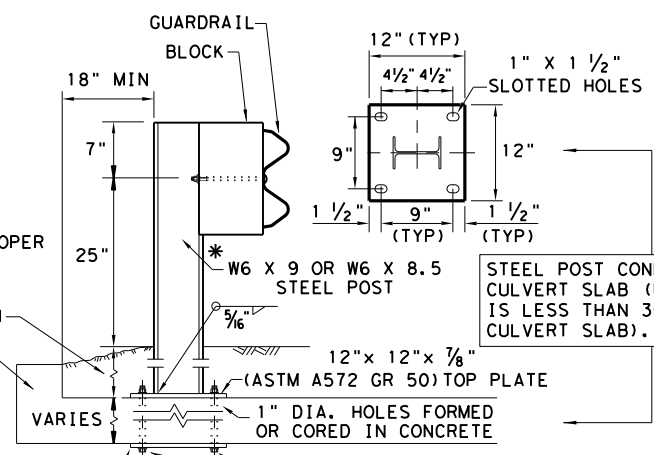
NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.



WOOD BLOCK TO ROUND WOOD POST **ROUTED WOOD BLOCK TO I-BEAM STEEL POST**

WOOD BLOCK TO ROUND WOOD POST

NOTE: ** "WOOD" INDICATES DIMENSIONS FOR BOTH ROUND AND RECTANGULAR WOOD POST SYSTEMS.



LOW FILL CULVERT POST

12" x 12" x 1/4" (ASTM A36) STEEL BOTTOM PLATE WITH 1" DIA. HOLES REQUIRED WITH BOLT-THROUGH INSTALLATION.

NOTE: TWO INSTALLATION OPTIONS.

- BOLT-THROUGH OPTION:** REQUIRES A 6" MIN. SLAB THICKNESS. 7/8" DIA (ASTM A449) HEAVY HEX BOLTS WITH TWO HARDENED WASHER EACH AND HEAVY HEX NUTS. NOTE: BOLT LENGTH = SLAB PLUS 2 1/4" MIN.
- EPOXY ANCHOR OPTION:** THIS OPTION MAY ONLY BE USED IF THE CULVERT SLAB IS 9" MIN. THICK. THREADED ANCHOR RODS MUST BE 7/8" DIA. ASTM A449 OR A193 GRADE B7 WITH HEAVY HEX NUT, AND ONE HARDENED WASHER EACH. EMBED ANCHOR RODS 6" WITH HILTI HIT RE 500 EPOXY ADHESIVE. OTHER TYPE III CLASS C EPOXY ADHESIVES MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-6100, "EPOXIES AND ADHESIVES", MAY BE USED IF IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT THEY MEET OR EXCEED THE STRENGTH OF HILTI HIT RE 500 WITH THE SAME EMBEDMENT DEPTH AND THREADED ROD DIA. FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLING EPOXIED THREADED RODS. EXTEND RODS 1/4" MIN. BEYOND NUT.

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

GENERAL NOTES

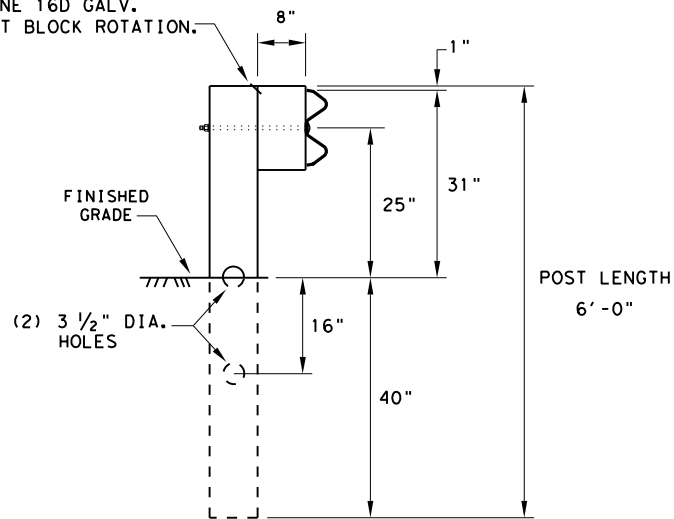
- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF MBGF SHALL BE SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING."
- RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 25' - 0", OR 12' - 6" (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT 3'-1 1/2" C-C OR 6'-3" C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO ACCOMMODATE THE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL (DAT) AND THE TRANSITION SECTIONS OF GUARDRAIL.
- BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 3/8" WASHER (FWC16G) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING." FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.
- THE LATERAL APPROACH TO THE GUARD FENCE, SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 1V:10H.
- IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE GUARD FENCE MAY BE FLARED AT A RATE OF 25:1 OR FLATTER.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, GUARD FENCE PLACED IN THE VICINITY OF CURBS SHALL BE POSITIONED SO THAT THE FACE OF CURB IS LOCATED DIRECTLY BELOW OR BEHIND THE FACE OF THE RAIL. RAIL PLACED OVER CURBS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THAT THE POST BOLT IS LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 25 INCHES ABOVE THE GUTTER PAN OR EDGE OF SHOULDER.
- APPLICATIONS IN SOLID ROCK ARE ONLY ALLOWED WITH STEEL POSTS. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN 0 TO 18" OF THE FINISHED GRADE, DRILL A 24" DIA. HOLE, 24" INTO THE ROCK. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED BELOW 18", DRILL A 12" DIA. HOLE, 12" INTO THE ROCK OR TO THE STANDARD EMBEDMENT DEPTH, WHICHEVER MAYBE LESS. ANY EXCESS POST LENGTH, AFTER MEETING THESE DEPTHS, MAY BE FIELD CUT TO ENSURE PROPER GUARDRAIL MOUNTING HEIGHT. BACKFILL WITH COARSE AGGREGATE MATERIAL.
- POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- SPECIAL FABRICATION WILL BE REQUIRED AT INSTALLATION LOCATIONS HAVING A CURVATURE OF LESS THAN 150 FT. RADIUS.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210 ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL MAY FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.
- FOR THE LOW FILL CULVERT OPTION, POSTS LOCATED PARTIALLY OR WHOLLY BETWEEN PRECAST BOX CULVERT UNITS, THE USE OF A CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE CLOSURE BETWEEN BOXES IS REQUIRED. THE LENGTH OF THE CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE CLOSURE SHALL ACCOMMODATE THE PLACEMENT OF THE LOW FILL CULVERT OPTION. SEE CONCRETE CLOSURE DETAILS ON BRIDGE STANDARD SCP-MD.
- GUARDRAIL HEIGHT MEASUREMENT: WHEN THE GUARDRAIL IS LOCATED ABOVE PAVEMENT, MEASURE THE HEIGHT FROM THE PAVEMENT TO THE TOP OF THE W-BEAM RAIL. WHEN THE GUARDRAIL IS LOCATED UP TO 2 FT. OFF OF THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT OR FOR A PAVEMENT OVERLAY, USE A 10-FOOT STRAIGHTEDGE TO EXTEND THE PAVEMENT/SHOULDER SLOPE TO THE BACK OF RAIL, MEASURE FROM THE BOTTOM OF STRAIGHTEDGE TO THE TOP OF RAIL. FOR GUARDRAIL LOCATED DOWN A 10:1 SLOPE, MEASURE FROM THE NOMINAL TERRAIN.

NOTE: TRANSITIONS TO BRIDGE RAILS OR TRAFFIC BARRIERS. SEE GF(31)TL3 TR STANDARD FOR HIGH-SPEED TL-3 TRANSITIONS. SEE GF(31)TL2 TR STANDARD FOR LOW-SPEED TL-2 TRANSITIONS.

		Design Division Standard	
METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT GF (31) - 19			
FILE: gf3119.dgn	DN: TXDOT	CK: KM	DW: VP
© TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	22

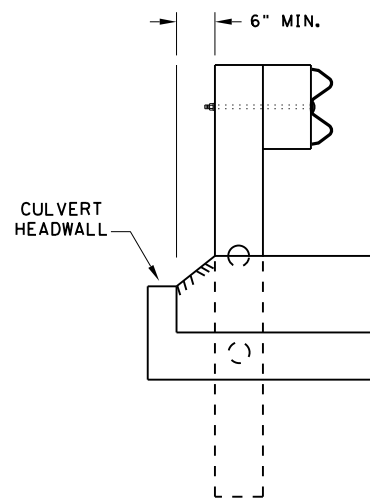
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 DATE: 4/3/2023
 FILE: T:\PARTPDD\FM 2068-1097-05-009-Bridge Replacement\Design\CAD Plan Sheets\022A_GF(31)LS-19.dgn

NOTE: TOENAIL WITH ONE 16D GALV. NAIL TO PREVENT BLOCK ROTATION.



**RECTANGULAR CRT POST
(6" X 8" X 6' LONG)**

(6) CRT REQUIRED
SEE ELEVATION DETAIL FOR LOCATIONS



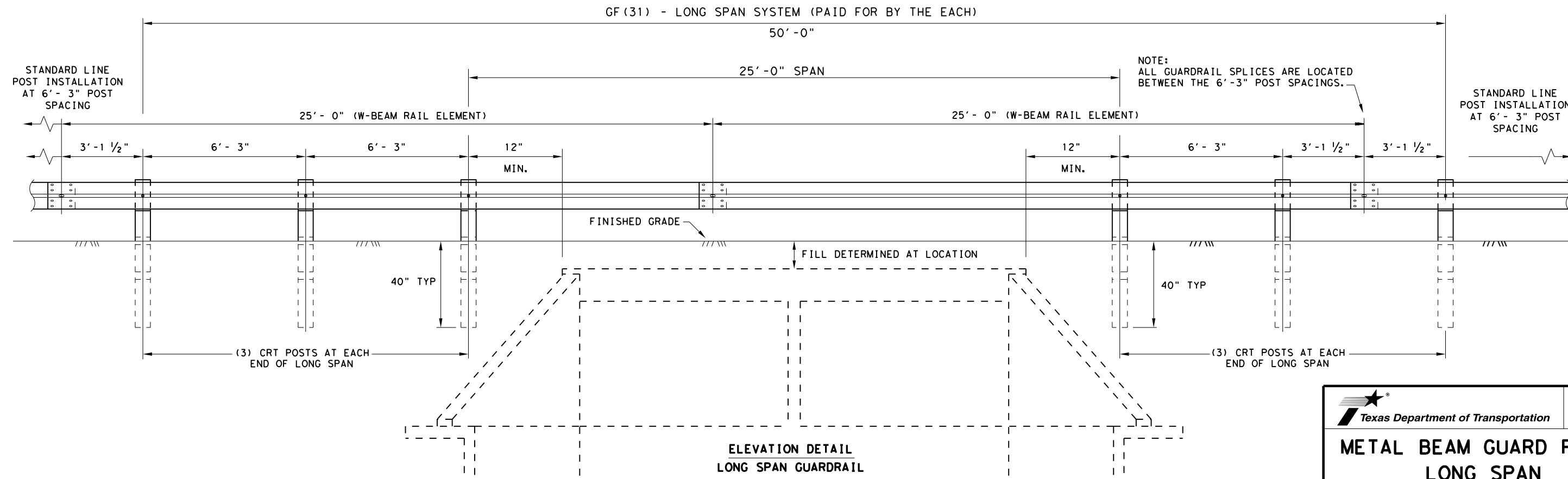
**LATERAL OFFSET BETWEEN THE
GUARDRAIL AND THE CULVERT HEADWALL**

GENERAL NOTES

1. THE TYPE OF LINE POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF THE TRANSITIONS SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING."
2. RAIL ELEMENT SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 12'-6" OR 25'-0" NOMINAL LENGTHS.
3. RAIL POST HOLES ARE OFFSET 3'-1 1/2" FROM STANDARD GUARDRAIL TO ACCOMMODATE THE MIDSPAN SPLICING.
4. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5/8" WASHER (FWC160) AND NO MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT.
5. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
6. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
8. REFER TO GF(31) STANDARD SHEET FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
9. FLAME CUTTING OF HOLES IN GUARDRAIL SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED. IF YOU ENCOUNTER MIS-ALIGNED BOLT HOLES IN GUARDRAIL CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION & OPTIONS.

NOTE: SEE GF(31) STANDARD FOR STANDARD LINE POSTS.

DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC



**ELEVATION DETAIL
LONG SPAN GUARDRAIL**

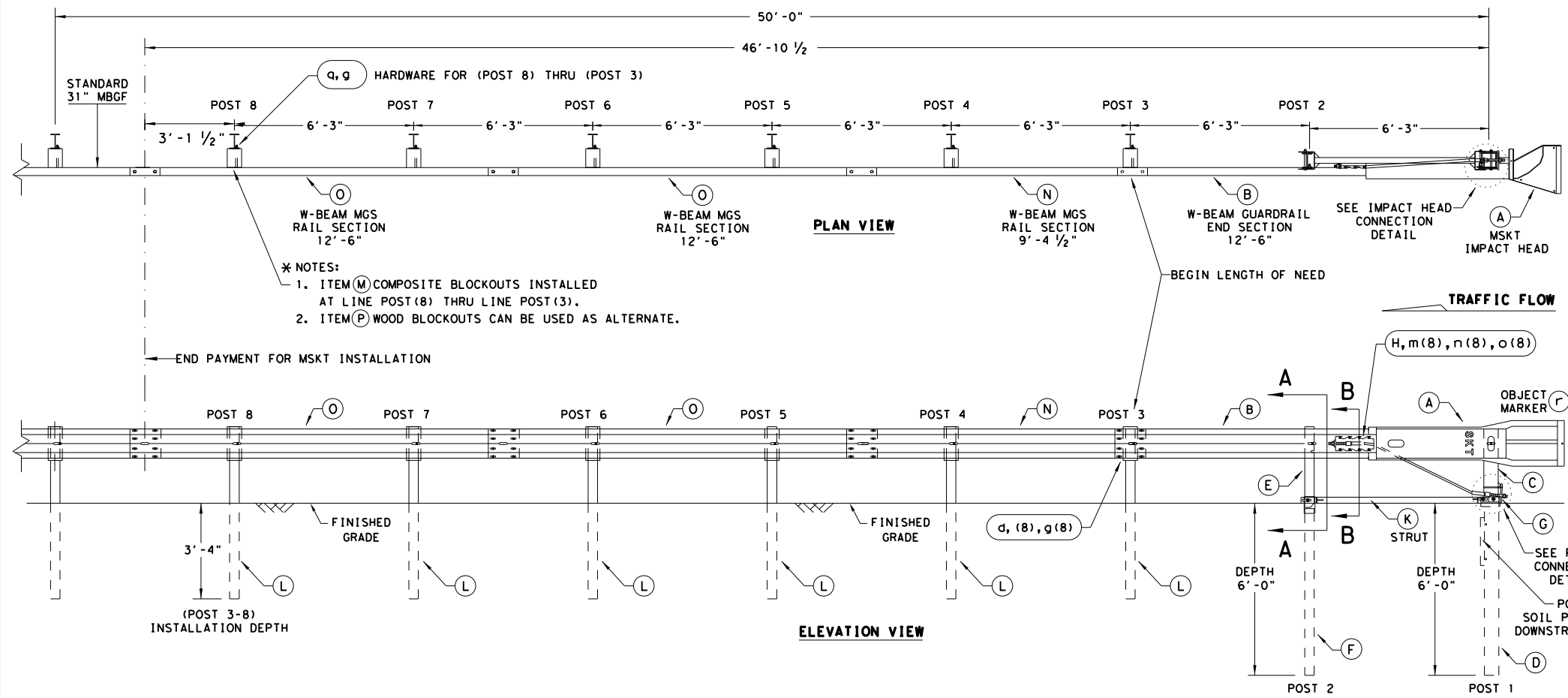


**METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE
LONG SPAN
TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT**

GF(31)LS-19

FILE: gf31ls19.dgn	DN: TXDOT	CK: KM	DW: VP	CK: CGL/AG
©TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	22A	

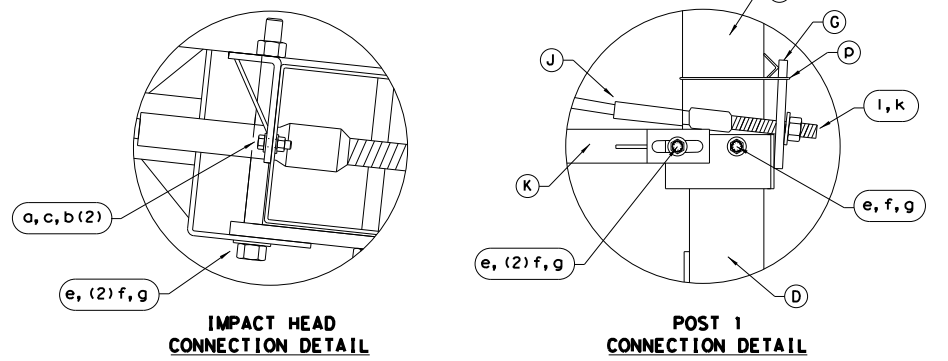
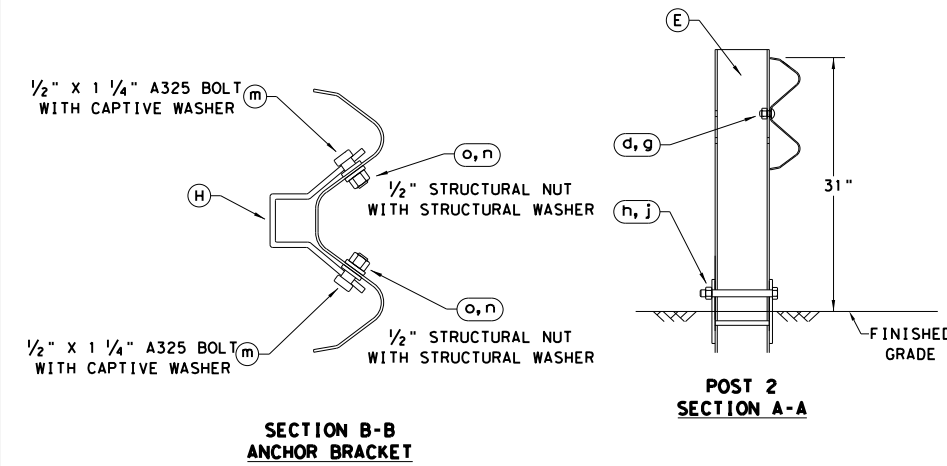
DATE: 4/3/2023
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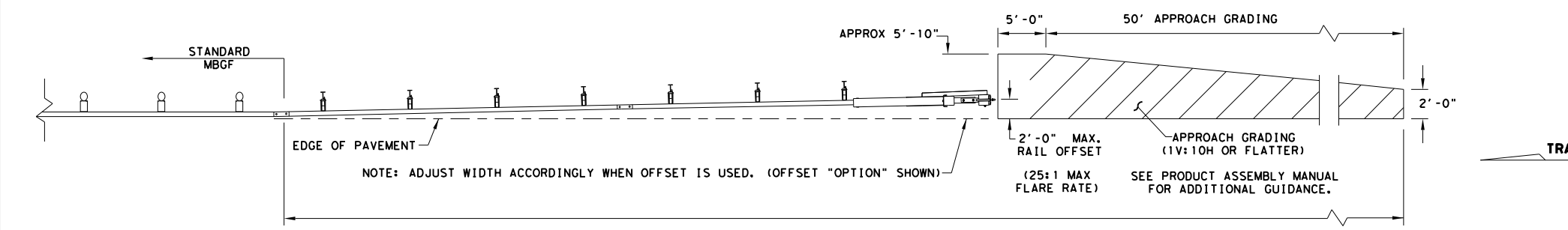
- * NOTES:**
- ITEM (M) COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS INSTALLED AT LINE POST (8) THRU LINE POST (3).
 - ITEM (P) WOOD BLOCKOUTS CAN BE USED AS ALTERNATE.

- GENERAL NOTES**
- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: ROAD SYSTEMS, INC. (432)263-2435. 3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT, BIG SPRING, TX 79720
 - FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE: MSKT END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (PUBLICATION-062717).
 - APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
 - FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
 - HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
 - SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
 - A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
 - IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
 - POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
 - SYSTEM MUST BE ATTACHED TO STANDARD 31" MBGF.
 - UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED.
 - A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCRoACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
 - THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN ITS PLACE.
 - A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.

ITEM	QTY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS	ITEM NUMBERS
A	1	MSKT IMPACT HEAD	MS3000
B	1	W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 Go.	SF1303
C	1	POST 1 - TOP (6" x 6" x 1/8" TUBE)	MTPHP1A
D	1	POST 1 - BOTTOM (6' W6X15)	MTPHP1B
E	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY TOP	UHP2A
F	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9)	HP2B
G	1	BEARING PLATE	E750
H	1	CABLE ANCHOR BOX	S760
J	1	BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY	E770
K	1	GROUND STRUT	MS785
L	6	W6X9 OR W6X8.5 STEEL POST	P621
M	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS	CBSP-14
N	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2")	G12025
O	2	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6")	G1203A
P	6	WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	P675
Q	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0")	G1209
SMALL HARDWARE			
o	2	5/8" x 1" HEX BOLT (GRD 5)	B5160104A
b	4	5/8" WASHER	W0516
c	2	5/8" HEX NUT	N0516
d	25	5/8" Dia. x 1 1/4" SPLICE BOLT (POST 2)	B580122
e	2	5/8" Dia. x 9" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B580904A
f	3	5/8" WASHER	W050
g	33	5/8" Dia. H.G.R NUT	N050
h	1	3/4" Dia. x 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B340854A
j	1	3/4" Dia. HEX NUT	N030
k	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT	N100
i	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE WASHER	W100
m	8	1/2" x 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER	SB12A
n	8	1/2" STRUCTURAL NUTS	N012A
o	8	1 1/8" O.D. x 3/8" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS	W012A
p	1	BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE	CT-100ST
q	6	5/8" x 10" H.G.R. BOLT	B581002
r	1	OBJECT MARKER 18" x 18"	E3151



ALTERNATIVE ITEMS NOT SHOWN. *
 * ITEM (P) 8" WOOD-BLOCKOUT
 ** ITEM (Q) 25' GUARD FENCE PANEL



NOTE: TXDOT GENERIC APPROACH GRADING LAYOUT USED FOR ALL TANGENT TYPE END TREATMENTS.

NOTE: THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE MSKT END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

Design Division Standard

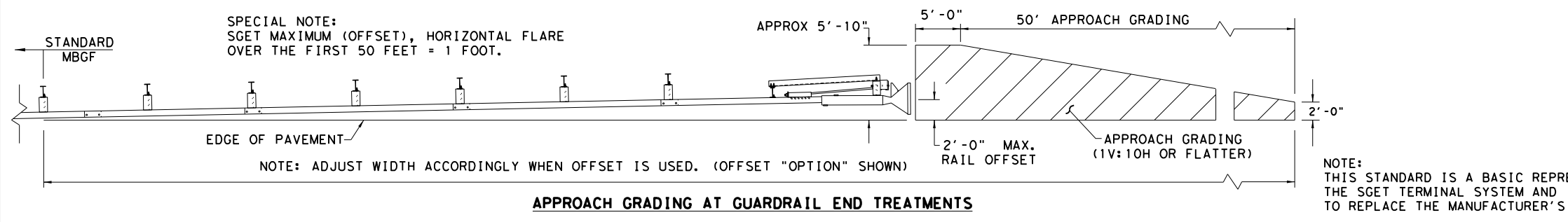
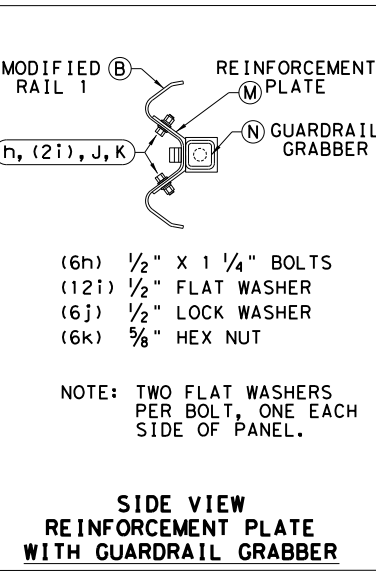
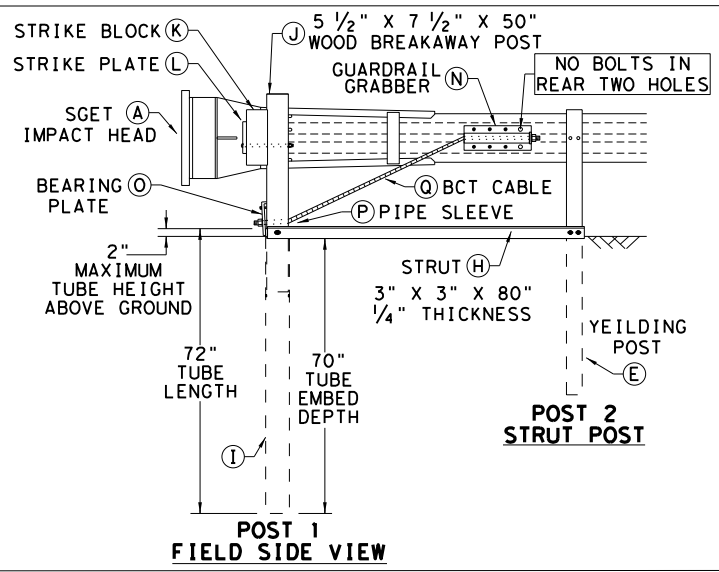
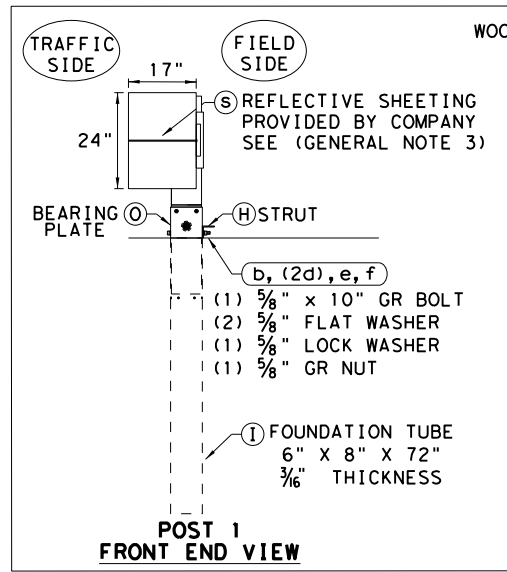
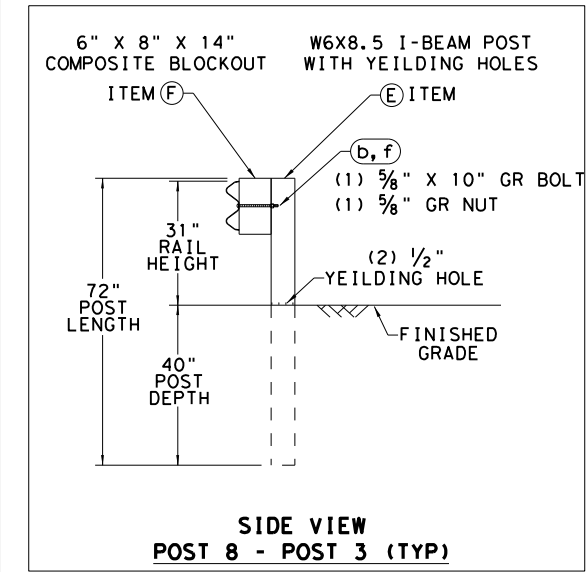
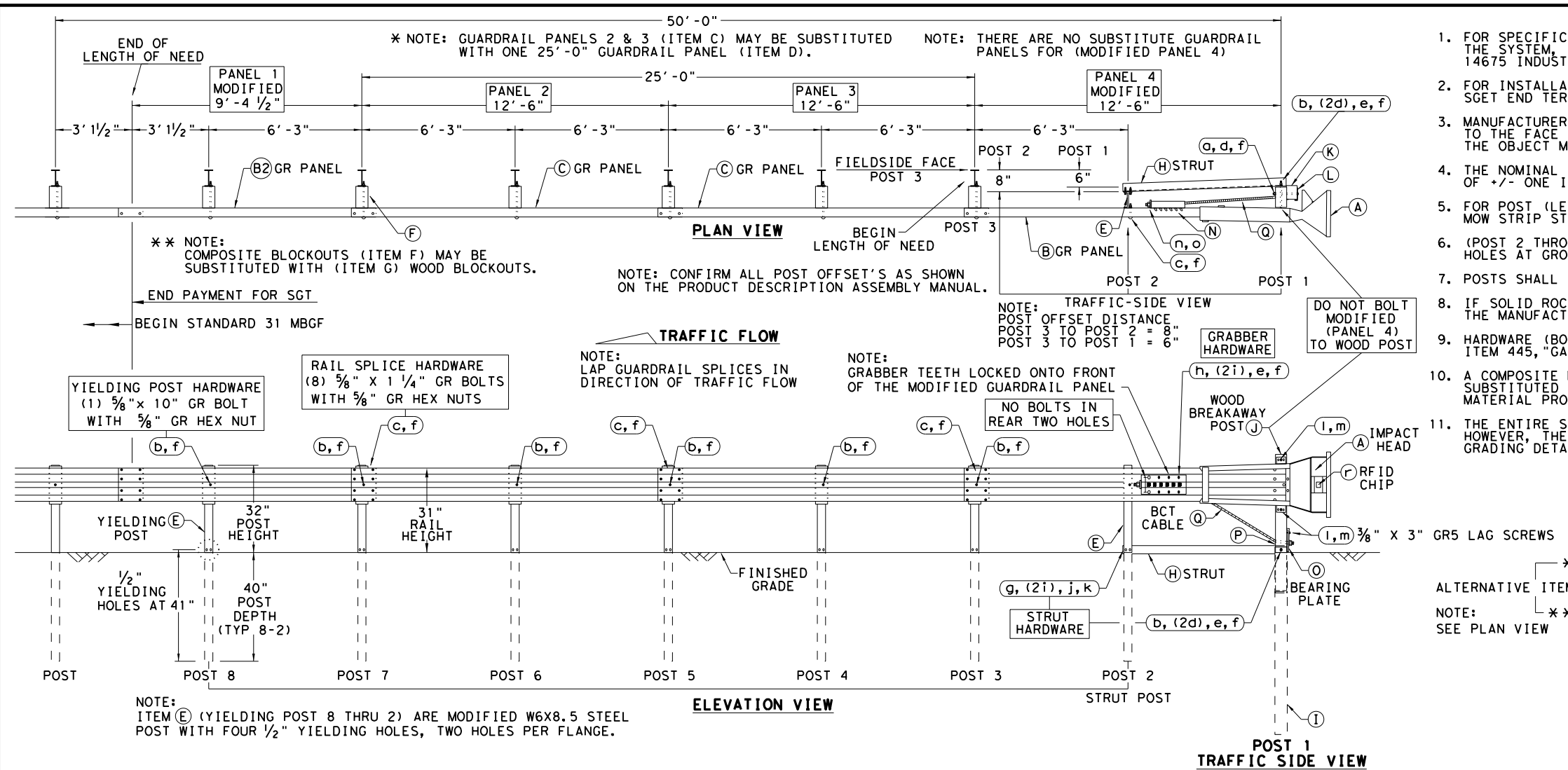
SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL

MSKT-MASH-TL-3

SGT (12S) 31-18

FILE: sgt12s3118.dgn	DN: TXDOT	CK: KM	DW: VP	CK: CL
© TXDOT: APRIL 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS		0901	29 092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
PAR	Lamar, Etc.			23

4/3/2023 DATE: 4/3/2023
 FILE: T:\PARTPDD\FM 2068-1097-05-009-Bridge Replacement\Design\CAD Plan Sheets\024_SGT (15)31-20.dgn
 DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED BY THE "TEXAS ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND IS MADE BY TXDOT FOR ANY PURPOSE WHATSOEVER. TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONVERSION OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER FORMATS OR FOR INCORRECT RESULTS OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ITS USE.



- ### GENERAL NOTES
- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: SPIG INDUSTRY, INC. AT 1(267) 644-9510. 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD; BRISTOL, VA 24202
 - FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S; SGET END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
 - MANUFACTURER WILL APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" TO THE FACE PLATE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. THE OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
 - THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF +/- ONE INCH.
 - FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
 - (POST 2 THROUGH POST 8) ARE MODIFIED STEEL-YIELDING POSTS WITH YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL. THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE POSTS.
 - POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
 - IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED FOR ANY OF THE POSTS IN THE SYSTEM, CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
 - HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
 - A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS DMS-7210 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN APPROVED WOOD BLOCKOUT. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
 - THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE OFFSET BY TWO FEET AS SHOWN ON THE APPROACH GRADING DETAIL TO HELP OFF-SET THE IMPACT HEAD FROM SHOULDER OF THE ROAD.

ITEM	QTY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS	ITEM #
A	1	SGET IMPACT HEAD	SIH1A
B	1	MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL 12'-6" 12GA	126SPZGP
B2	1	MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL 9'-4 1/2" 12GA	GP94
C	2	STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL 12'-6" 12GA	GP126
D	1	STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" 12GA	GP25
E	7	MODIFIED YIELDING I-BEAM POST W6x8.5	YP6MOD
F	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	CBO8
G	6	WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	WBO8
H	1	STRUT 3" X 3" X 80" X 1/4" A36 ANGLE	STR80
I	1	FOUNDATION TUBE 6" X 8" X 72" X 3/8"	FNDT6
J	1	WOOD BREAKAWAY POST 5 1/2" X 7 1/2" X 50"	WBRK50
K	1	WOOD STRIKE BLOCK	WSBK14
L	1	STRIKE PLATE 1/4" A36 BENT PLATE	SPLT8
M	1	REINFORCEMENT PLATE 12 GA. GR55	REPLT17
N	1	GUARDRAIL GRABBER 2 1/2" X 2 1/2" X 16 1/2"	GGR17
O	1	BEARING PLATE 8" X 8 5/8" X 5/8" A36	BPLT8
P	1	PIPE SLEEVE 4 1/4" X 2 3/8" O.D. (2 1/8" I.D.)	PSLV4
Q	1	BCT CABLE 3/4" X 81" LENGTH	CBL81
SMALL HARDWARE			
a	1	5/8" X 12" GUARDRAIL BOLT 307A HDG	12GRBLT
b	7	5/8" X 10" GUARDRAIL BOLT 307A HDG	10GRBLT
c	33	5/8" X 1 1/4" GR SPlice BOLTS 307A HDG	1GRBLT
d	3	5/8" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	58FW436
e	1	5/8" LOCK WASHER HDG	58LW
f	39	5/8" GUARDRAIL HEX NUT HDG	58HN563
g	2	1/2" X 2" STRUT BOLT A325 HDG	2BLT
h	6	1/2" X 1 1/4" PLATE BOLT A325 HDG	125BLT
i	16	1/2" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	12FWF436
j	8	1/2" LOCK WASHER HDG	12LW
k	8	1/2" HEX NUT A563 HDG	12HN563
l	4	3/8" X 3" HEX LAG SCREW GR5 HDG	38LS
m	4	3/8" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	38FW844
n	2	1" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	1FWF436
o	2	1" HEX NUT A563DH HDG	1HN563
p	1	18" TO 24" LONG ZIP TIE RATED 175-200LB	ZPT18
q	1	1 1/2" X 4" SCH-40 PVC PIPE	PSPCR4
r	1	RFID CHIP RATED MIL-STD-810F	RFID810F
s	1	IMPACT HEAD REFLECTIVE SHEETING	RS30M

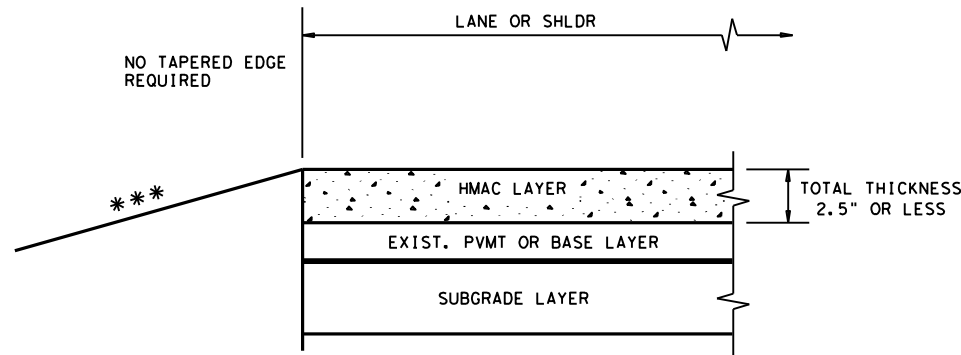
SPIG INDUSTRY, LLC
SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL
SGET - TL-3 - MASH
SGT (15)31-20

FILE: sg153120.dgn	DN: TXDOT	CK: KM	DW: VP	CK: VP
© TXDOT: APRIL 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
PAR	Lamar, Etc.	24		

NOTE: THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SGET TERMINAL SYSTEM AND IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE MANUFACTURER'S ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

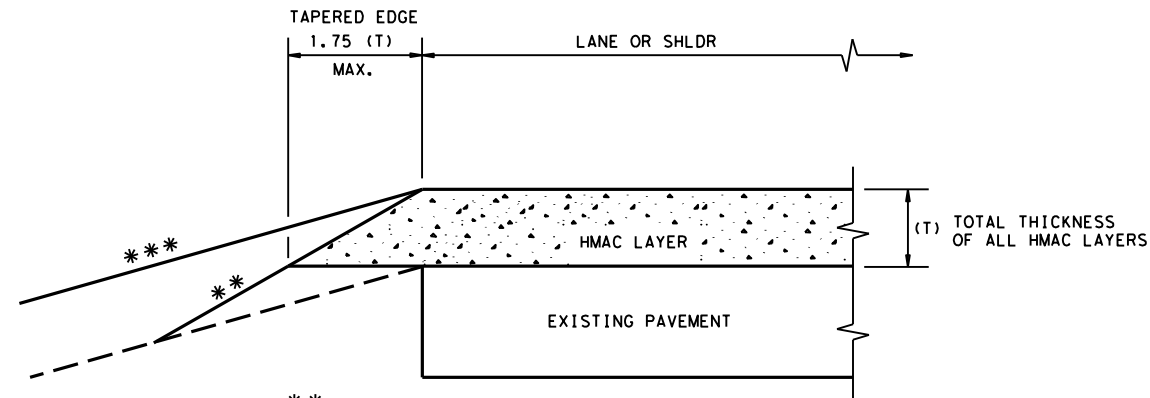
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DATE: 4/3/2023
 FILE: T:\PARTPDD\FM 2068-1097-05-009-Bridge Replacement\Design\CAD Plan Sheets\025 TE (HMAC) - 11.dgn



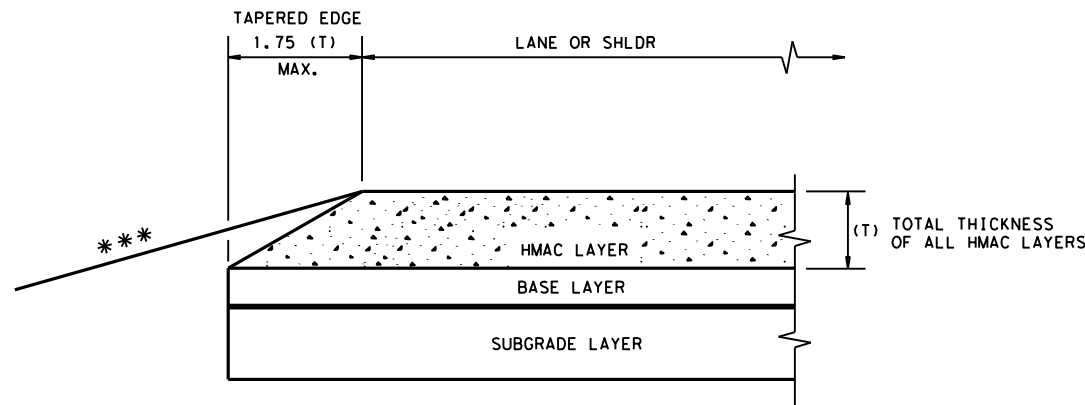
*** SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR ROADSIDE DETAILS

CONDITION - 1
 THIN HMAC SURFACES OR HMAC OVERLAY
 WITH THICKNESS OF 2.5" OR LESS



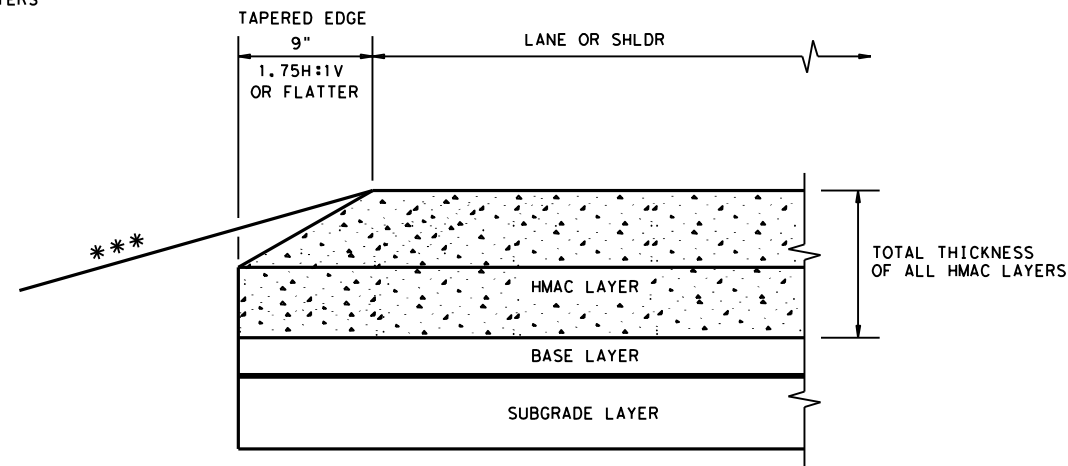
*** SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR ROADSIDE DETAILS

CONDITION - 2
 OVERLAY OF EXISTING PAVEMENT
 HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



*** SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR ROADSIDE DETAILS

CONDITION - 3
 NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT
 HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



*** SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR ROADSIDE DETAILS

CONDITION - 4
 NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT
 HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

GENERAL NOTES

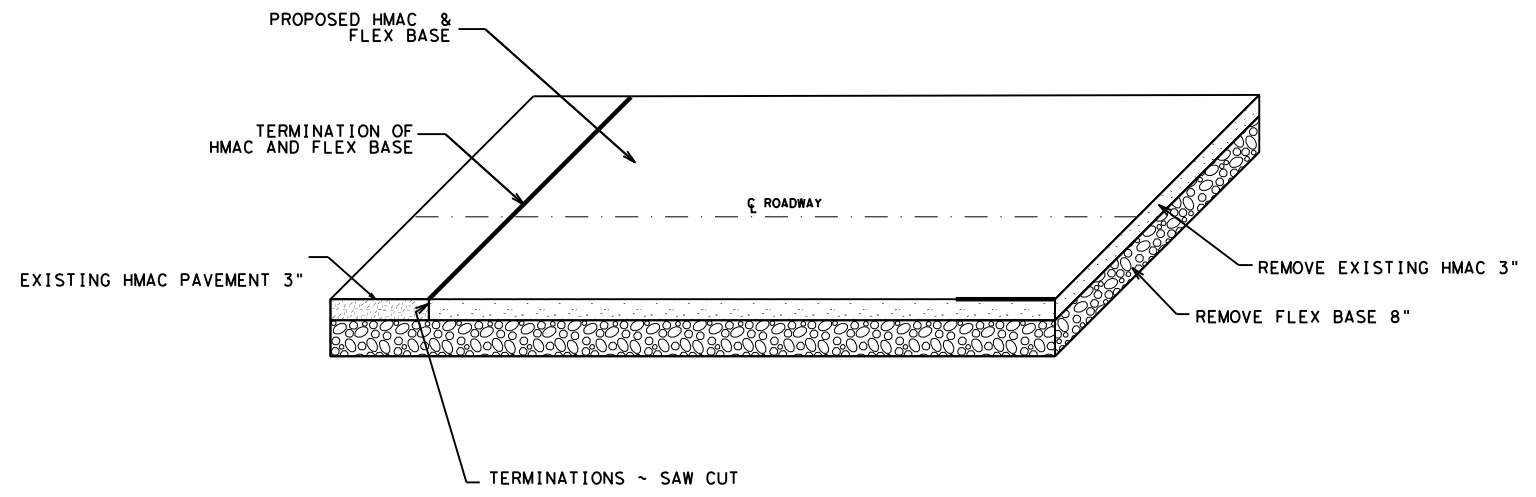
1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5".
2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
3. PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.

(NOT TO SCALE)

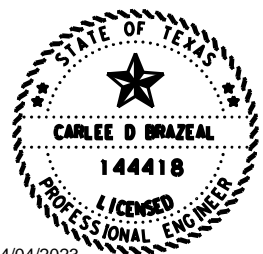
					Design Division Standard
TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT					
TE (HMAC) - 11					
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© TxDOT January 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS		0901 29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.	
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.		25	

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DW: C&S DM: C&S



REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV
 ISOMETRIC VIEW
 NOT TO SCALE



04/04/2023
 Carlee D. Brazeal, P.E.

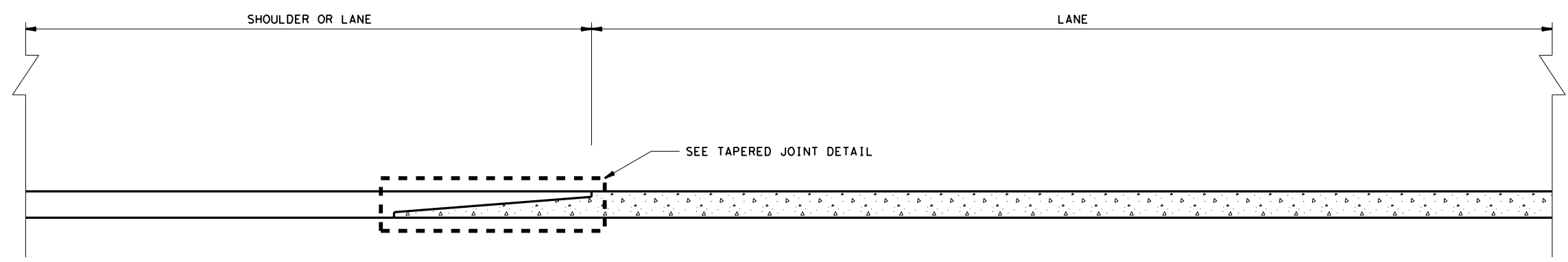
FM 2068
 MISCELLANEOUS
 DETAILS

SHEET 1 OF 1

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		25A

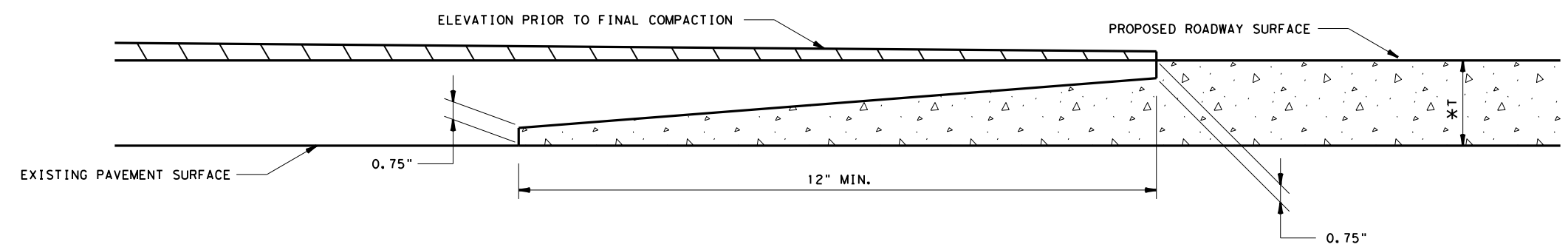
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DWG: CKS: DMF: CKS: DNF: CKS:



CROSS-SECTIONAL VIEW OF LONGITUDINAL JOINT

* T = THICKNESS OF PREVIOUSLY PLACED, COMPACTED HMA MAT.

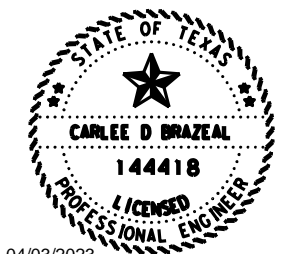


SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR DEPTH AND TYPE OF HMA

TAPERED JOINT DETAIL

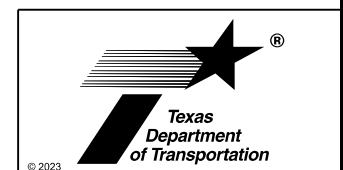
NOTES:

- EXTEND THE TAPERED PORTION OF THE MAT BEYOND THE NORMAL LANE WIDTH.
- CONSTRUCT THE TAPERED PORTION OF THE MAT USING AN APPROVED STRIKE-OFF DEVICE THAT WILL PROVIDE A UNIFORM SLOPE AND WILL NOT RESTRICT THE MAIN SCREED.
- APPLY TACK COAT TO THE IN-PLACE TAPER BEFORE THE ADJACENT MAT IS PLACED.
- FINAL DENSITY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE ENTIRE PAVEMENT, INCLUDING THE TAPER AREA, WILL NOT CHANGE.
- COMPACTION OF THE INITIAL TAPER SECTION WILL BE REQUIRED TO BE AS NEAR TO FINAL DENSITY AS POSSIBLE.



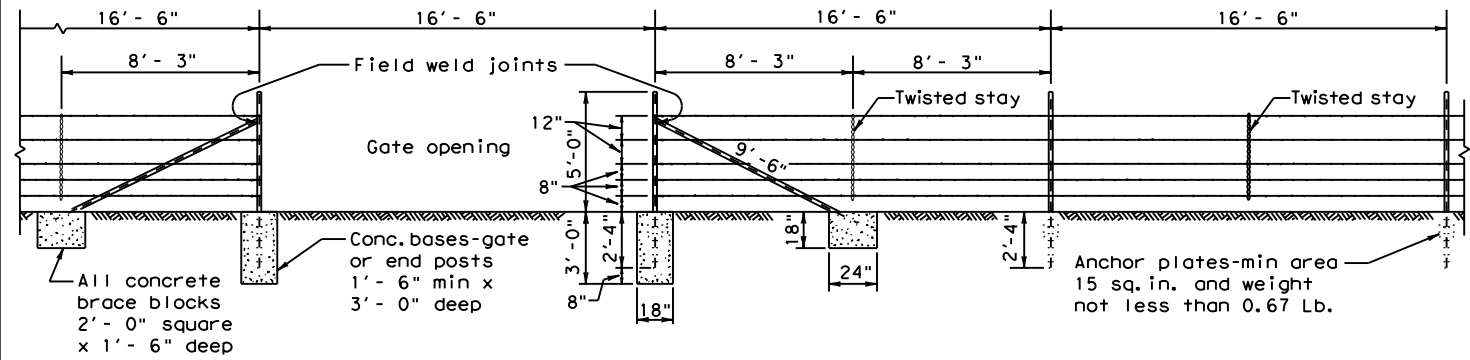
04/03/2023
 Carlee D. Brazeal, P.E.

**FM 2068
 HOTMIX
 LONGITUDINAL
 JOINT
 DETAIL**

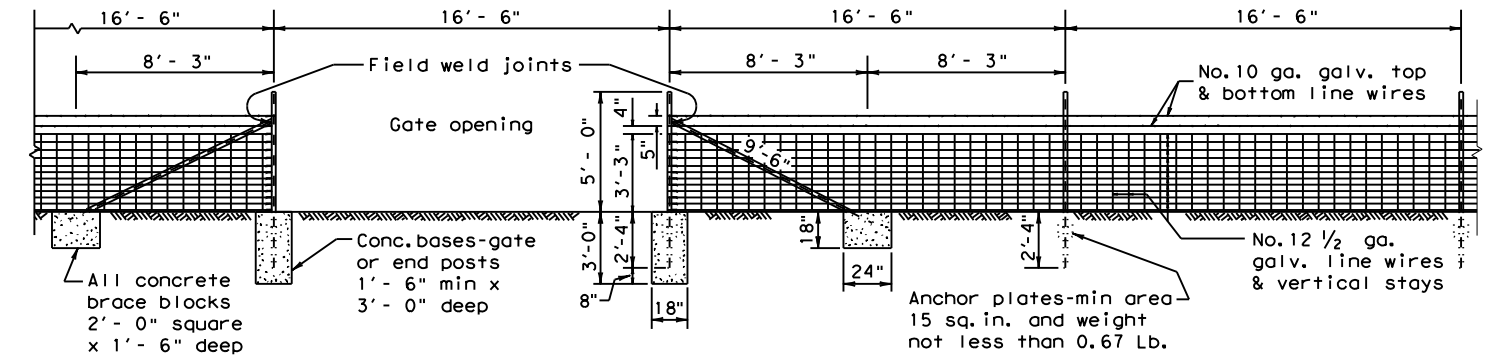


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DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		25B

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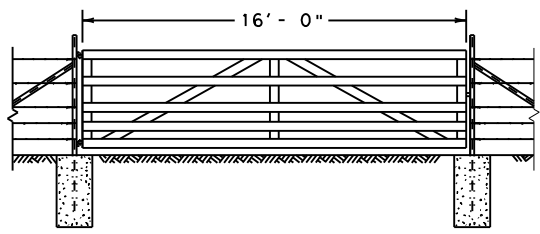
SECTION GALVANIZED BARBED WIRE FENCE WITH METAL POSTS
 BRACING DETAIL USED AT ENDS AND GATES
TYPE "C" FENCE
 (See General Note 8)



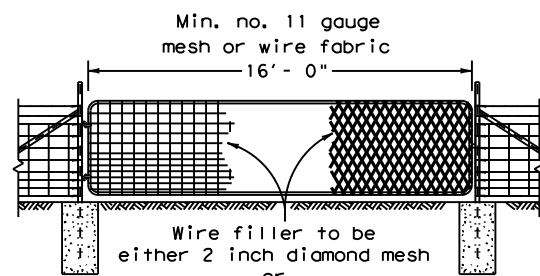
SECTION GALVANIZED WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH METAL POSTS
 BRACING DETAIL USED AT ENDS AND GATES
TYPE "D" FENCE
 (See General Note 8)

Note:
 For Steel pipe and
 T-Post requirements.
 (See General Notes 6 & 7)

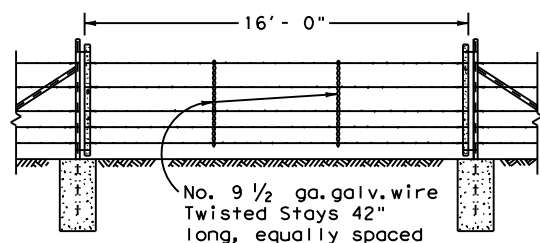
Metal gate shall consist of 5 panels not less than 4'-4" high and shall be aluminum or galvanized metal and of good quality. Gate and hardware shall meet the approval of the engineer.



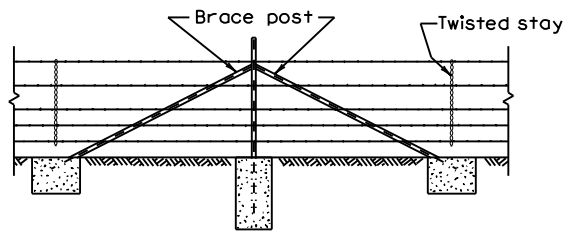
DETAIL TYPE 1 GATE



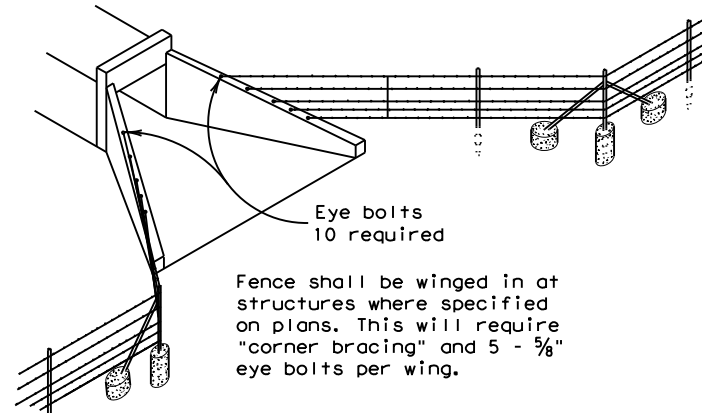
DETAIL TYPE 2 GATE



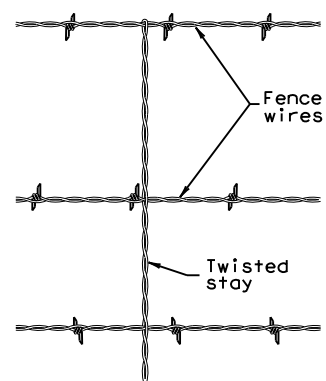
DETAIL TYPE 3 GATE



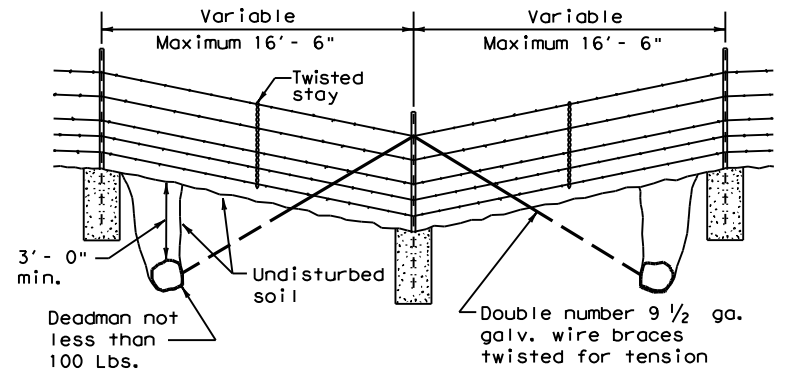
CORNER OR PULL POST ASSEMBLY



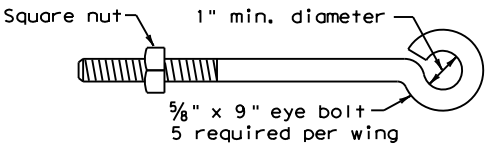
DETAIL OF FENCE TREATMENT AT STRUCTURES



DETAIL OF STAY (Barbed Wire Fence)



DETAIL OF FENCE SAG

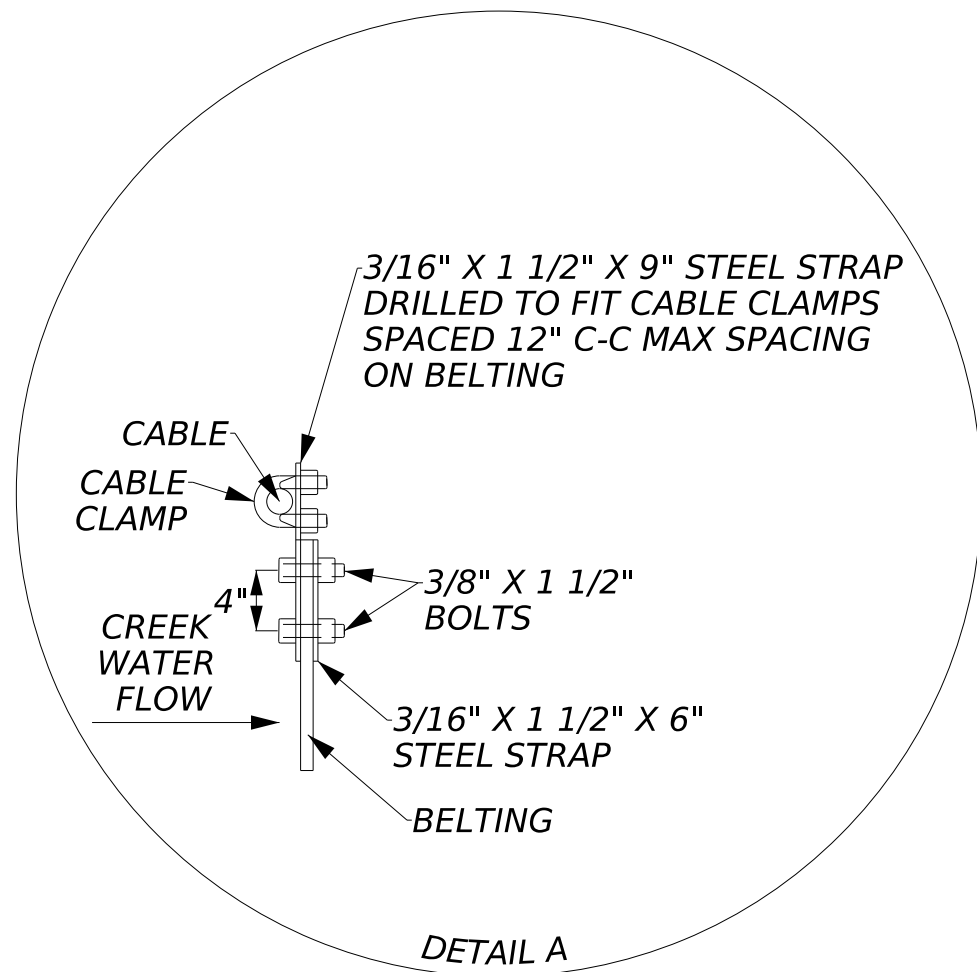
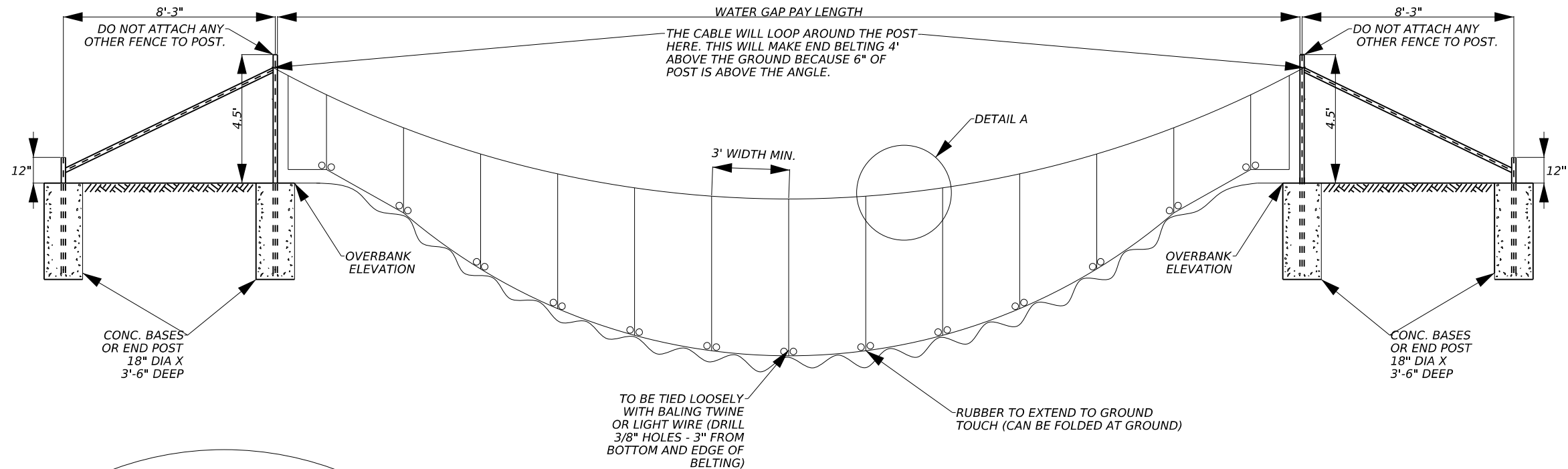


DETAIL OF EYE BOLT

GENERAL NOTES

- Any high point which interferes with the placing of wire mesh shall be excavated to provide a 2 inch clearance.
 - Latches for Type 1 and Type 2 gates shall be good commercial quality and design latch of the spring, fork or chain type. All latches shall be suitable to the gate and shall be approved by the Engineer.
 - Hinges for Type 2 gates shall be a commercial design approved by the Engineer suitable for post and gate.
 - Concrete shall be of the design and consistency approved by the Engineer and shall contain not less than 4 sacks of cement per cubic yard. Concrete footings are to be crowned at the top to shed water.
 - Steel anchor plates shall be of a design and thickness sufficient to prevent turning of the post in firm soil.
 - Steel pipe end posts, corner and pull posts shall be a minimum of 2" Std. pipe (2.375" O.D., 0.154" wall thickness) with a 1/4" Std. pipe brace (1.660" O.D., 0.140" wall thickness), with a 2"x2"x1/4" angle, or other as approved by the Engineer. Fasteners for securing barbed wire or woven wire fence to metal posts shall be a minimum of 11 gauge galvanized steel wire. Tubular posts shall be fitted with water malleable iron caps.
 - If Steel pipe is used for posts and braces, use standard pipe in accordance with ASTM A 53, Class B or A 501. For T-Posts use steel that meets ASTM A 702. Metal line posts shall be not less than 6'-6" in length and shall weigh not less than (1.33 lbs./lin.ft.). These items shall be in accordance with Item 552, "Wire Fence."
 - Barbed Wire shall be in accordance with ASTM A 121, Class 1 Design designation 12-2-4-1 4R or 12-2-5-1 4R, or as approved by the Engineer.
- Woven Wire Fence (Type D) shall be in accordance with ASTM A 116, Class 1 No. 12-1/2 Grade 60 (See Table 1 ASTM A 116) to the height and design shown on the plans, or as approved by the Engineer.
- The location of gates and corner posts will be as indicated elsewhere in these plans.

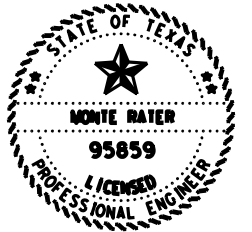
		Design Division Standard	
BARBED WIRE AND WOVEN WIRE FENCE (STEEL POSTS) WF (2)-10			
FILE: wf210.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: AM	DW: VP
© TxDOT 1996	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	26



NOTES:

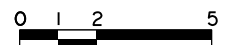
- 1 - ADJOINING FENCE NOT TO BE TIED TO WATER GAP H-BRACE TO PREVENT FENCE DAMAGE IN CASE OF WATER GAP WASHOUT.
- 2 - H-BRACE CONSTRUCTED OF 2 7/8" O.D. SCH. 40 PIPE FREE OF DEFECTS, POST LENGTHS SHALL BE 8' WITH 3.5' POST EMBEDMENT. ALL POST TO BE CAPPED.
- 3 - BELTING 1/4" - 1/2" NEOPRENE OR NITRILE RUBBER BELTING WITH 1-3 PLYS OF FABRIC REINFORCEMENT, MINIMUM 3' BELTING WIDTH.
- 4 - BELTING MAY BE NEW OR SERVICEABLE USED BELTING THAT MEETS ENGINEERS APPROVAL.
- 5 - ENSURE LOWER LIMIT OF CABLE IS ABOVE OVERBANK ELEVATION.
- 6 - H-BRACES, H-BRACE FOUNDATIONS, TREE & BRUSH CLEARING, INCIDENTAL MATERIALS, ETC. ARE SUBSIDIARY TO THE WATER GAP PAY LENGTH.

Monte R. Peter P.E.
4.03.23



0901-29-092
CR 26320
AT MORRISON CREEK
WATER GAP

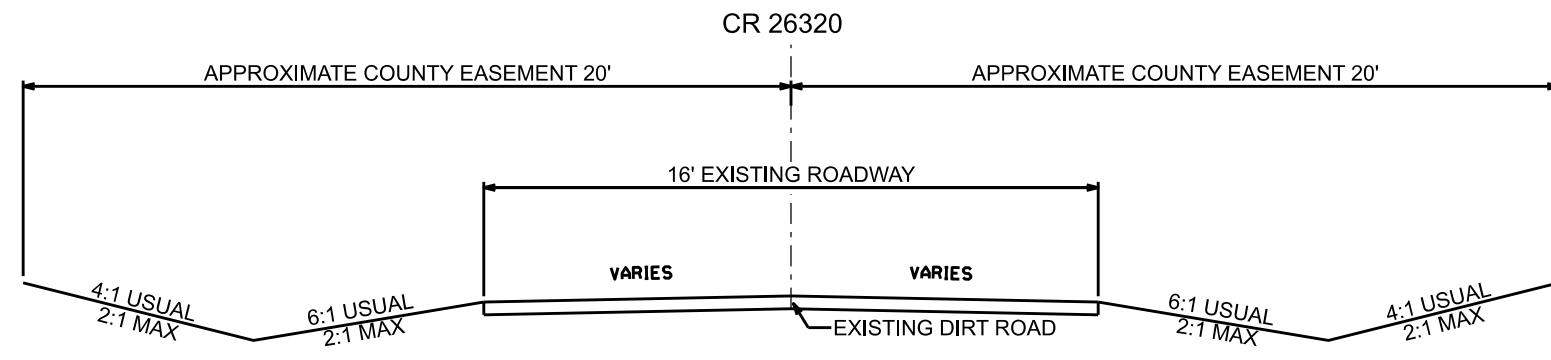
SCALE (FEET):



Texas Department of Transportation
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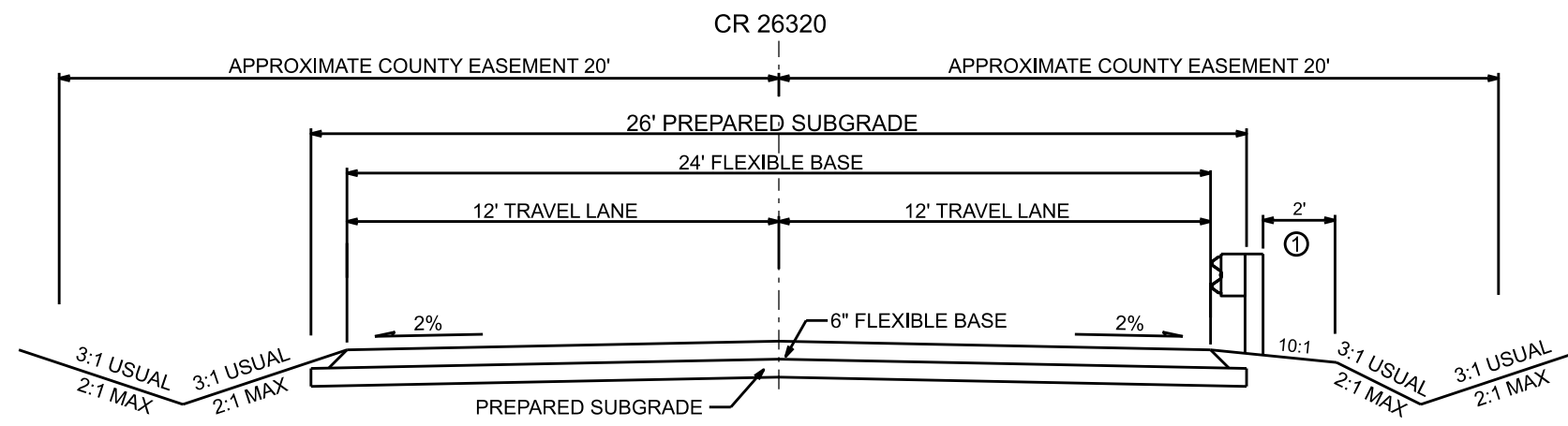
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EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION

STA 2+62 - STA 4+32
 STA 4+72 - STA 6+20
 EXISTING BRIDGE STA 4+32 - STA 4+72



PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

STA. 2+62 - STA. 4+25
 STA. 4+75 - STA. 6+20
 PROPOSED BRIDGE STA. 4+25 - STA. 4+75

TRANSITION FROM EXISTING TO PROPOSED
 STA. 2+62 - 3+12 Transition from 16' to 24'
 STA. 5+70 - STA. 6+20 Transition from 24' to 16'

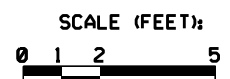
① THE 2' 10:1 SLOPE WILL BE REQUIRED ONLY AT LOCATIONS WHERE MBGF IS PROPOSED ADJACENT TO THE ROADWAY. REFER TO PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS FOR MBGF LOCATIONS.

Monte R. Pater P.E.

April 1, 2023

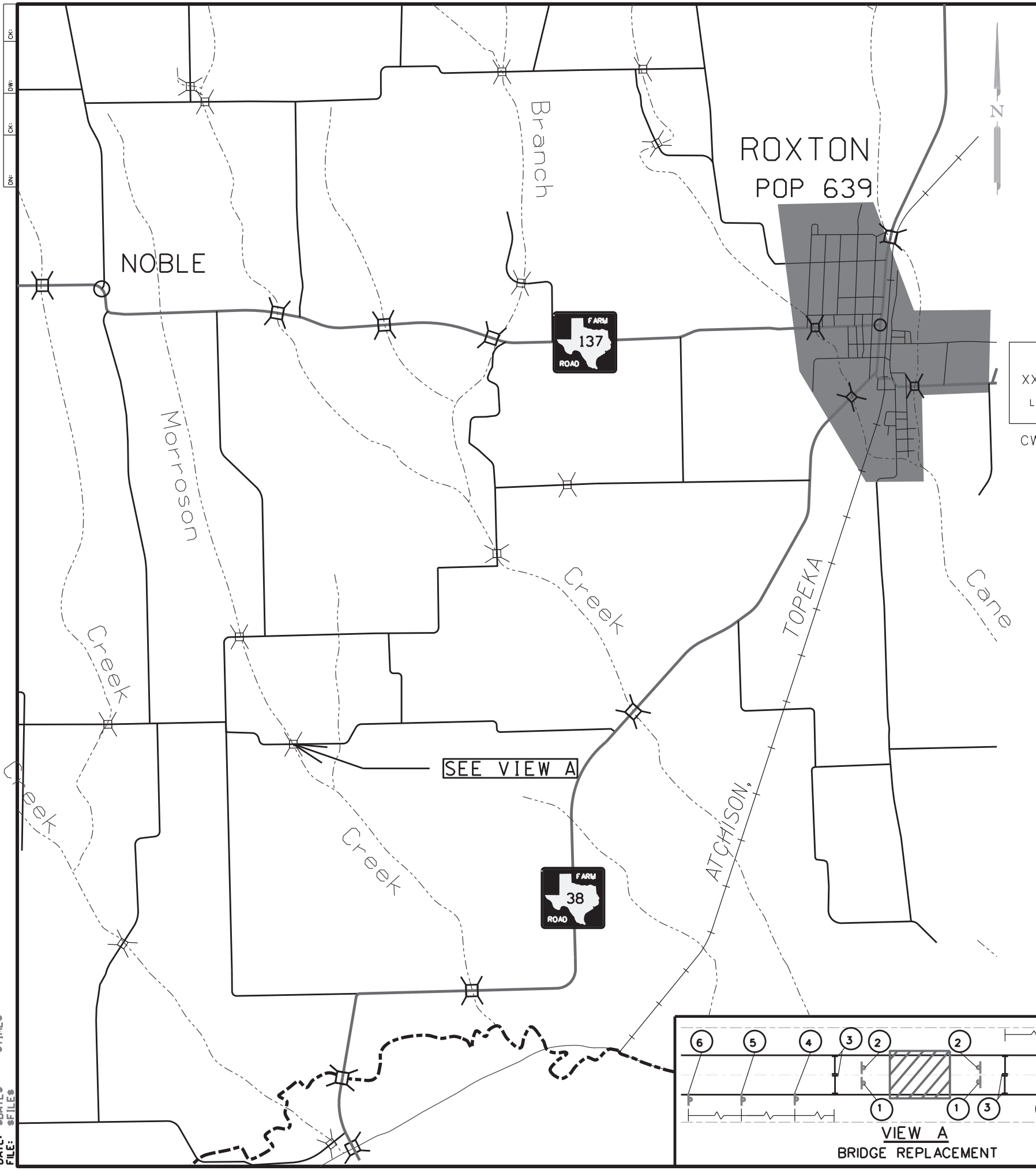


0901-29-092
 CR 26320
 AT MORRISON CREEK
 TYPICAL SECTION



CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092	CR, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
PAR	LAMAR	28	

DATE: \$DATE\$ TIME: \$TIME\$
 FILE: \$FILE\$

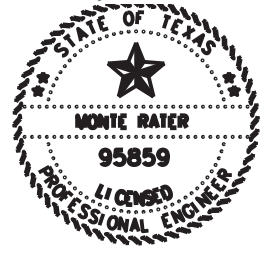


- 1 ROAD CLOSED R11-2 48 x 30
- 2 NAME ADDRESS CITY STATE CONTRACTOR G20-6T 48" x 30"
- 3 TYPE III BARRICADE (X2)
- 4 ROAD CLOSED 500 FT CW20-3C 48 x 48
- 5 ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT CW20-3B 48 x 48
- 6 ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY CW11-3a SPECIAL 60 x 30

NOTES:
 UTILIZE THE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES ON THIS PAGE WITH THOSE REQUIRED ON WZ(RCD) AND BC(1)-21 THROUGH BC(12)-21 WITH SUPPORT FROM THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD).

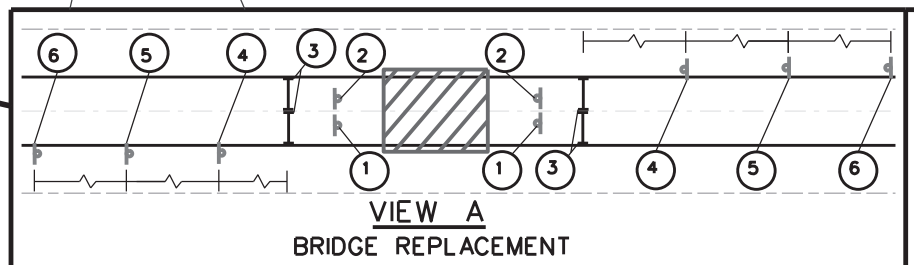
 SIGN SPACING NOT TO SCALE UTILIZE TXDOT STANDARDS OR THE TMUTCD FOR APPROPRIATE SIGN/DEVICE SIZE AND SPACING.

Monte R. Rater P.E.
 04.03.23



CR 26320
 MORRISON CREEK
 0901-29-092
 ROAD CLOSURE PLAN

NOT TO SCALE



- LEGEND**
- TYPE III BARRICADES (SKID MOUNT)
 - TRAFFIC MOUNT AND POST
 - CONSTRUCTION AREA

© 2023

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092	CR, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
PAR	LAMAR	29	

CK: _____
 DW: _____
 CK: _____
 DW: _____

LOCATION		LENGTH	EXISTING WIDTH	PROPOSED WIDTH	100 6002	110 6001	110 6002	132 6003	247 6064	540 6002	544 6001	658 6062
FROM	TO	LF	LF	LF	PREPARING ROW	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY B)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A GR 4)	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)GF2(BI)
					STA	CY	CY	CY	SY	LF	EA	EA
2+62	3+12	50	16	24	0.5	10		0	133	100	4	12
3+12	4+25	113	16	24	1.13	35		18	301			
4+25	4+75	50	16	24	0.5		106					
4+75	5+70	95	16	24	0.95	25		53	253			
5+70	6+20	50	16	24	0.5	32		5	133			
CSJ 0901-29-092 TOTALS					4	102	106	76	820	100	4	12

* AVERAGE WIDTH

LOCATION	LT/RT	WIDTHS	164 6009	164 6011	164 6023	168 6001	FERTILIZER 3-1-2 (G)
			BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURAL)(CLAY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING (2)	
			SY	SY	SY	MG	LBS
2+62 - 4+25	LT	8**	72	72	144	1	15
2+62 - 4+25	RT	8**	72	72	144	1	15
4+75 - 6+20	LT	8**	43	43	86	1	9
4+75 - 6+20	RT	8**	43	43	86	1	9
CSJ 0901-29-092 TOTALS			230	230	460	4	48

(2) WATERING BASED ON 2 APPLICATION, 0.5" RAINFALL EQUIVALENT = 0.003 MG/SY/CYCLE
 (3) FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY: 2 CYCLES AT 50 LBS NITROGEN PER ACRE AT 21-7-14 (NPK) ANALYSIS = 0.0492 LBS/SY/CYCLE
 ** AVERAGE WIDTH

LOCATION		496 6009
FROM	TO	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)
		EA
4+32	4+72	1
CSJ 0901-29-092 TOTALS		1


LOCATION	LT/RT	506 6001	506 6011	506 6020	506 6024	506 6038	506 6039
		ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
		LF	LF	SY	SY	LF	LF
2+62 - 4+25	LT					75	75
2+62 - 4+25	RT						
4+25	LT	10	10				
4+25	RT	10	10				
4+75	LT	10	10				
4+75	RT	10	10				
4+75 - 6+20	LT						
4+75 - 6+20	RT						
2+62 - 6+20				100	100		
PROJECT TOTALS		40	40	100	100	75	75

LOCATION			552 6003	552 6008
Begin	END	RT/LT	WIRE FENCE (TY C)	WIRE FENCE (WATER GAP)
			LF	LF
2+62	4+36	RT	174	
2+62	4+36	LT	174	
4+35	4+75	RT		40
4+75	6+20	RT	145	
CSJ 0901-29-092 TOTALS			493	40

CR 26320
AT
MORRISON CREEK
0901-29-092
QUANTITY SUMMARIES

DATE: \$DATE\$ \$TIME\$
 FILE: \$FILE\$

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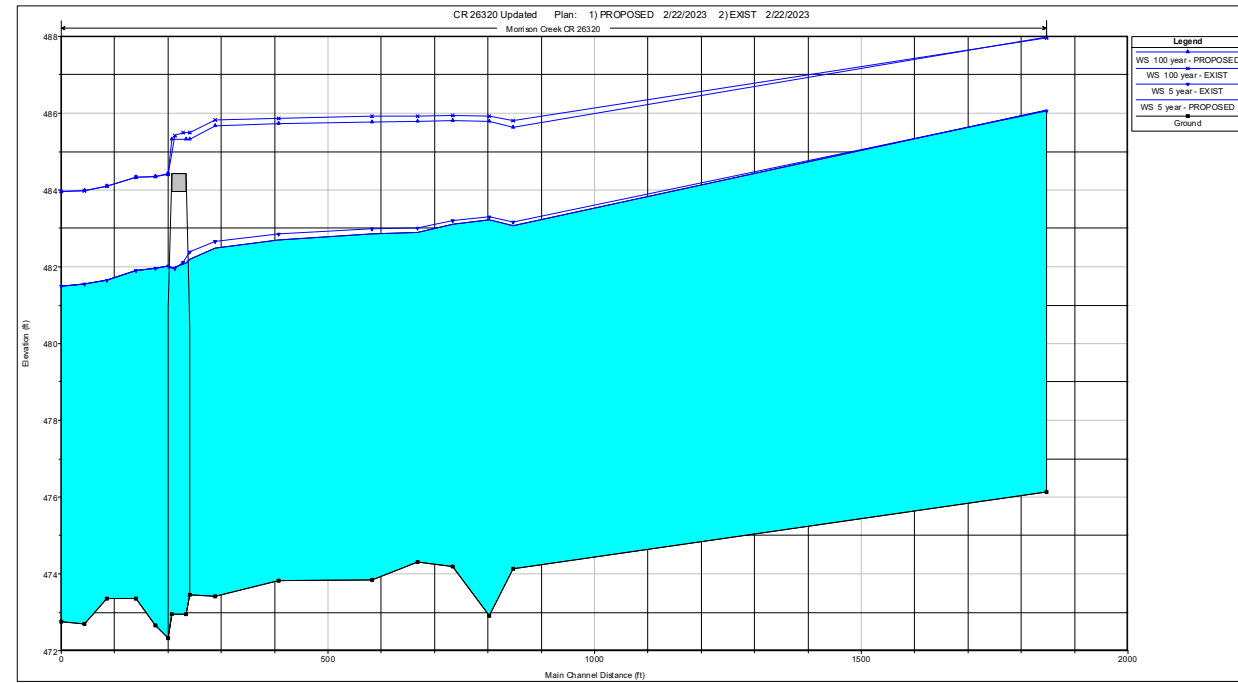
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092	CR, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
PAR	LAMAR		30

CK: _____
 DW: _____
 CK: _____
 DN: _____

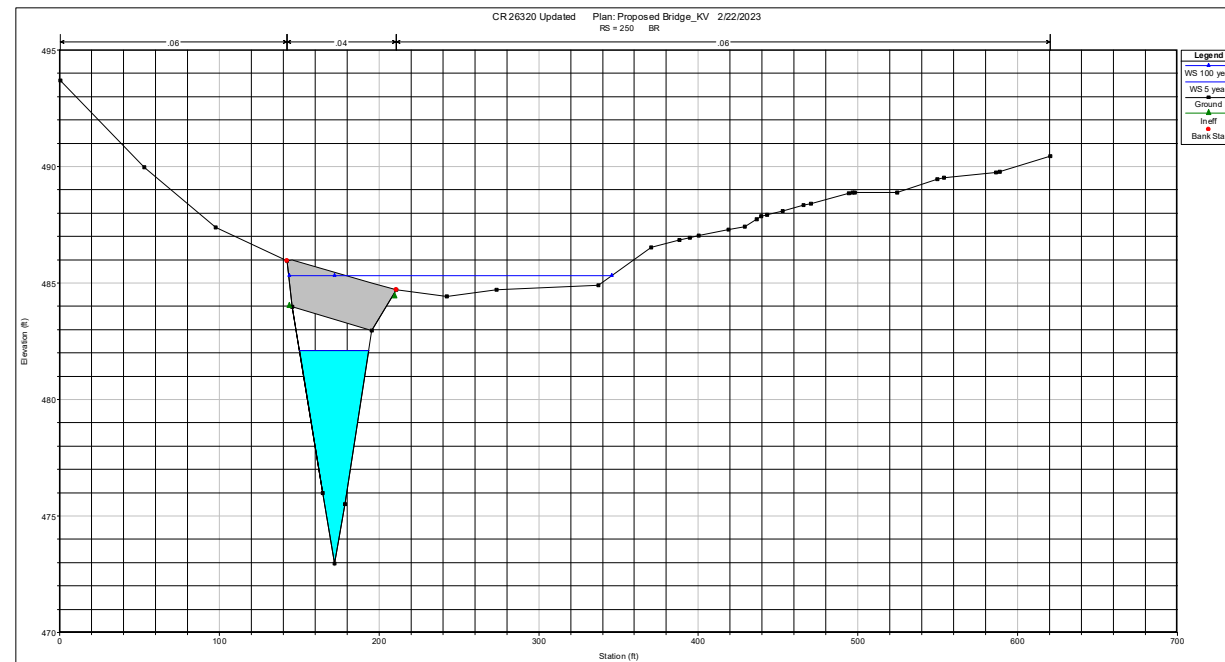
	EXISTING	PROPOSED
LOW CHORD (FT)	483.01	482.97
LOWEST ROAD ELEVATION (FT)	484.46	484.42

HEC-RAS 5 YEAR FLOOD EVENT						
RIVER STATION	EXISTING WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)	PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)	DIFFERENCE (FT)	EXISTING CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	PROPOSED CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	DIFFERENCE (FT/S)
1876	486.06	486.07	0.01	4.48	4.47	-0.01
876	483.16	483.07	-0.09	5.70	5.84	0.14
831	483.30	483.22	-0.08	3.64	3.70	0.06
763	483.20	483.11	-0.09	3.83	3.92	0.09
697	483.00	482.89	-0.11	5.00	5.19	0.19
612	482.99	482.86	-0.13	3.89	4.12	0.23
437	482.86	482.70	-0.16	3.56	3.79	0.23
318	482.66	482.49	-0.17	4.03	4.20	0.17
271	482.38	482.20	-0.18	5.03	5.22	0.19
250	BRIDGE					
230	482.02	482.02	0.00	4.93	4.93	0.00
206	481.96	481.96	0.00	5.04	5.04	0.00
170	481.90	481.90	0.00	4.86	4.86	0.00
115	481.65	481.65	0.00	5.62	5.62	0.00
72	481.55	481.55	0.00	5.70	5.70	0.00
29	481.50	481.50	0.00	5.38	5.38	0.00

HEC-RAS 100 YEAR FLOOD EVENT						
RIVER STATION	EXISTING WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)	PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)	DIFFERENCE (FT)	EXISTING CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	PROPOSED CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)	DIFFERENCE (FT/S)
1876	487.95	487.98	0.03	5.62	5.59	-0.03
876	485.80	485.64	-0.16	5.89	6.18	0.29
831	485.92	485.78	-0.14	4.17	4.34	0.17
763	485.95	485.81	-0.14	3.15	3.29	0.14
697	485.92	485.78	-0.14	3.52	3.67	0.15
612	485.91	485.77	-0.14	2.75	2.88	0.13
437	485.87	485.73	-0.14	2.45	2.56	0.11
318	485.82	485.67	-0.15	2.84	2.97	0.13
271	485.49	485.32	-0.17	5.11	5.27	0.16
250	BRIDGE					
230	484.41	484.43	0.02	6.40	6.36	-0.04
206	484.36	484.36	0.00	6.49	6.49	0.00
170	484.32	484.32	0.00	6.11	6.11	0.00
115	484.09	484.09	0.00	6.89	6.89	0.00
72	483.99	483.99	0.00	7.08	7.08	0.00
29	483.96	483.96	0.00	6.62	6.62	0.00



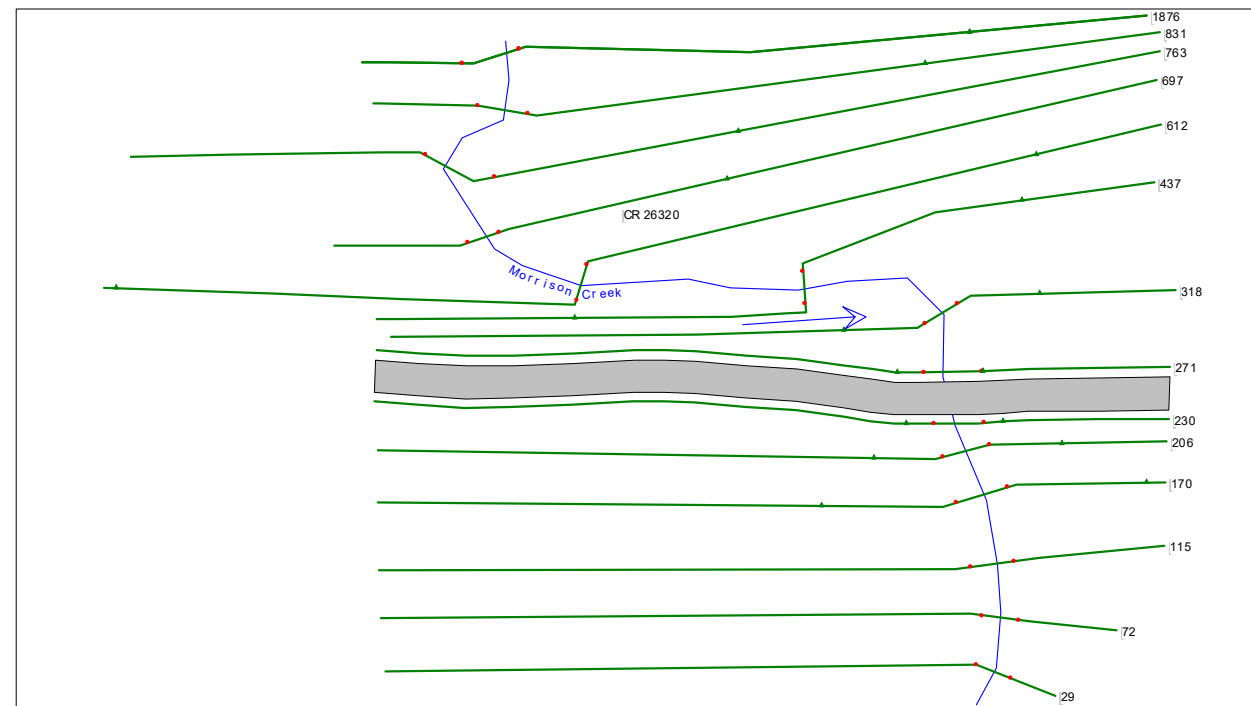
WATER SURFACE PROFILES



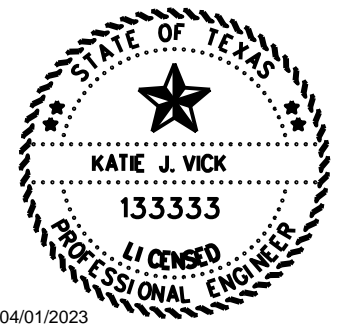
SECTION AT UPSTREAM BRIDGE FACE
RIVER STA. 250

NOTES:

1. THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS WERE COMPUTED USING HEC-RAS 6.2.
2. NORMAL DEPTH COMPUTATIONS WERE USED FOR UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS. A SLOPE OF 0.002 WAS UTILIZED FOR THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM CONDITIONS.
3. THIS SITE LIES IN FEMA FLOOD ZONE X, (FIRM PANEL NO. 48277C.)



CROSS-SECTION LAYOUT



04/01/2023

Katie J. Vick, P.E.



CR 26320
AT MORRISON CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA

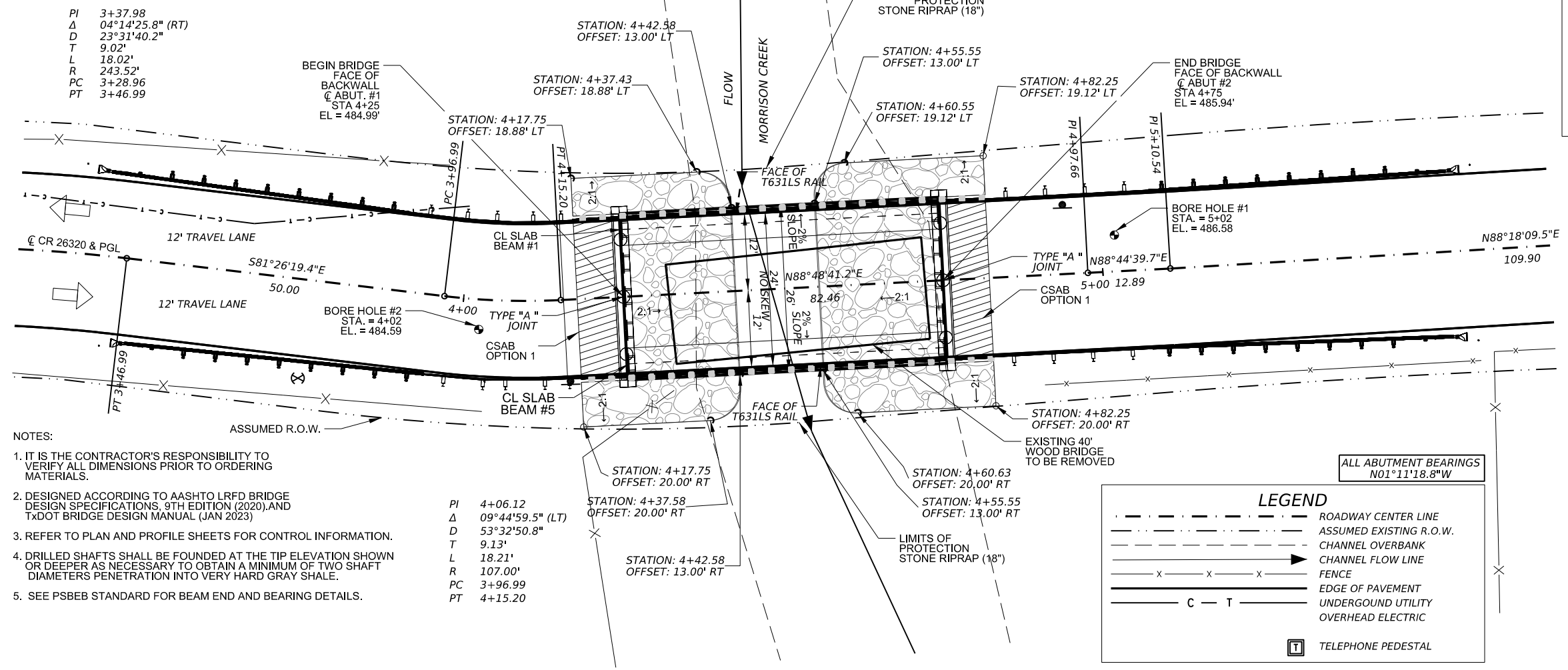
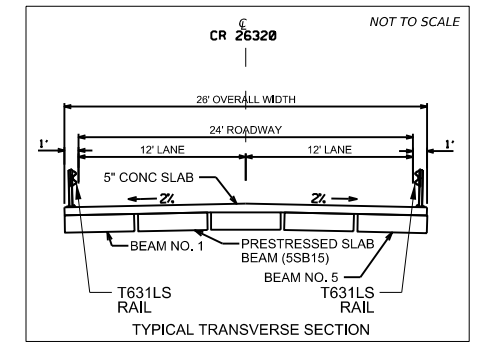
©TxDOT 2023		SHEET 1 OF 1	
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092	CR, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
PAR	LAMAR	33	

DATE: \$DATE\$
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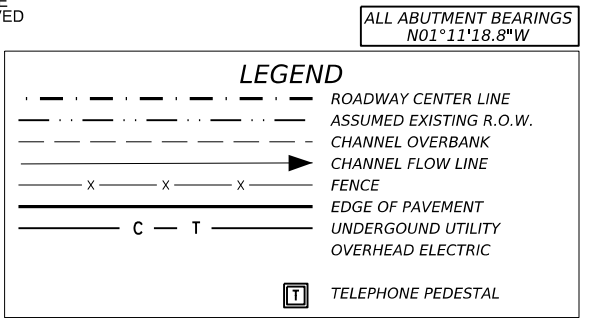
PI 3+37.98
 Δ 04°14'25.8" (RT)
 D 23°31'40.2"
 T 9.02'
 L 18.02'
 R 243.52'
 PC 3+28.96
 PT 3+46.99



NOTES:

- IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- DESIGNED ACCORDING TO AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, 9TH EDITION (2020), AND TXDOT BRIDGE DESIGN MANUAL (JAN 2023)
- REFER TO PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS FOR CONTROL INFORMATION.
- DRILLED SHAFTS SHALL BE FOUNDED AT THE TIP ELEVATION SHOWN OR DEEPER AS NECESSARY TO OBTAIN A MINIMUM OF TWO SHAFT DIAMETERS PENETRATION INTO VERY HARD GRAY SHALE.
- SEE PSBEB STANDARD FOR BEAM END AND BEARING DETAILS.

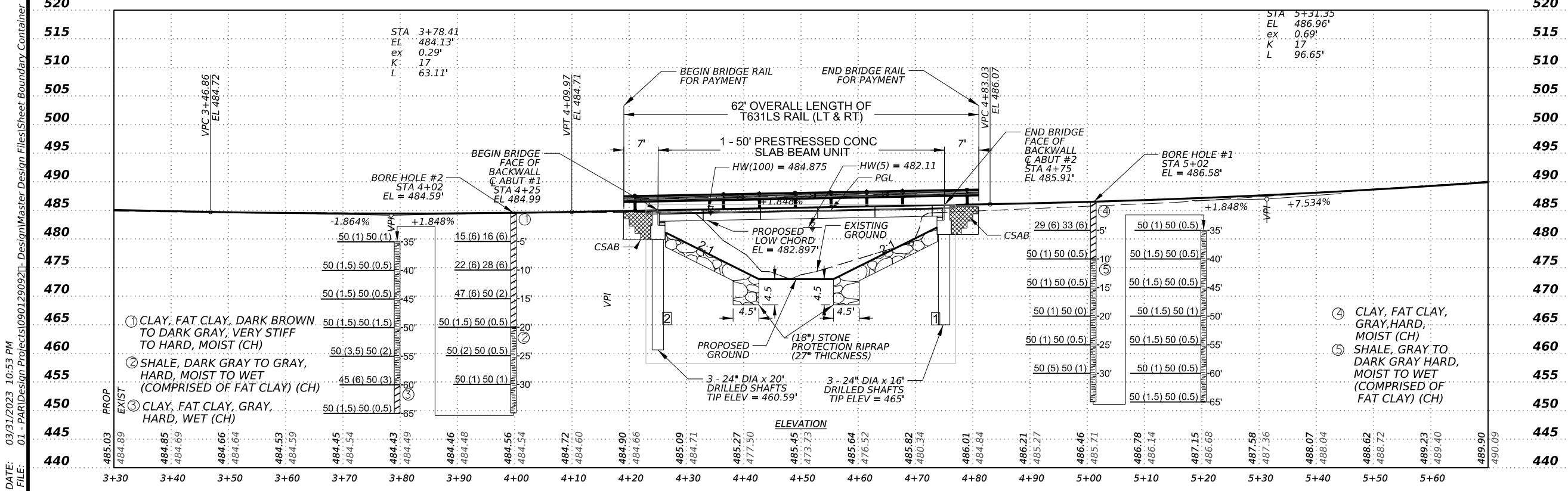
PI 4+06.12
 Δ 09°44'59.5" (LT)
 D 53°32'50.8"
 T 9.13'
 L 18.21'
 R 107.00'
 PC 3+96.99
 PT 4+15.20



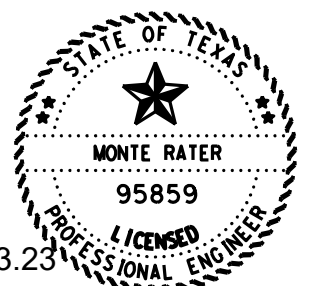
BRIDGE DATA

DESIGN SPEED: MEETS OR EXCEEDS EXISTING
 FUNCTIONAL CLASS: LOCAL RURAL
 LEVEL: TERRAIN
 ADT(2021) = 35
 ADT(2041) = 35
 EXISTING STRUCTURE:
 STA 4+32 - 4+72
 40' WOOD BRIDGE
 NBI # 01-139-0-AA05-77-001
 PROPOSED STRUCTURE:
 STA 4+25 - 4+75
 50' PRESTRESSED SLAB BEAM
 NBI # 01-139-0-AA26-32-001
 Q(25) = 1450 CFS
 Q(100) = 1923 CFS
 V(25) = 6.47 FT/S
 V(100) = 6.57 FT/S

REFER TO PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS FOR CONTROL POINTS



HL93 LOADING:
 SUPERSTRUCTURE INV/OPR RATINGS: 1.33/1.72



Monte R. Rater P.E.



CR 26320
 BRIDGE LAYOUT
 AT
 MORRISON CREEK

SCALE
 HORIZONTAL: 1" = 20'
 VERTICAL: 1" = 20'

SHEET 1 OF 1			
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092	CR, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
PAR	LAMAR	34	

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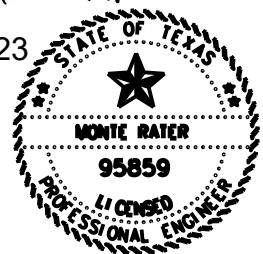
DW:
 CK:
 DW:
 CK:

SUMMARY OF MORRISON CREEK BRIDGE ITEMS							
	400 6005	416 6002	420 6013	422 6007	425 6012	432 6033	450 6019
LOCATION NBI # 01-139-0-AA26-32-001	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	REINF CONC SLAB (SLAB BEAM)	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB15)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	RAIL (TY T631LS)
	CY	LF	CY	SF	LF	CY	LF
STA 4+25 - 4+75	35	108	20.4	1300	247.5	137	128
CSJ 0901-29-092 TOTALS	35	108	20.4	1300	247.5	137	128

CAP ELEVATIONS (FT)

	STEP 1 (RIGHT)	STEP 3 (LT.SIDE) (RT.SIDE)	STEP 4 (LT.SIDE) (RT.SIDE)	STEP 6 (LEFT)
ABUT 1 (FWD)	482.743	482.951 482.951	482.951 482.951	482.743
	STEP 1 (RIGHT)	STEP 3 (LT.SIDE) (RT.SIDE)	STEP 4 (LT.SIDE) (RT.SIDE)	STEP 6 (LEFT)
ABUT 2 (BK)	483.638	483.846 483.846	483.846 483.846	483.638

Monte R. Rater P.E.
 04.03.23

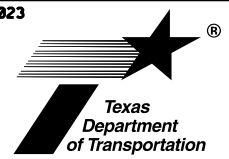


0901-29-092
 CR 26320 AT
 MORRISON CREEK

BRIDGE
QUANTITIES AND
BEARING SEAT
ELEVATIONS

DATE: \$DATE\$ \$TIME\$
 FILE: \$FILE\$

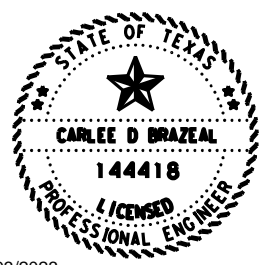
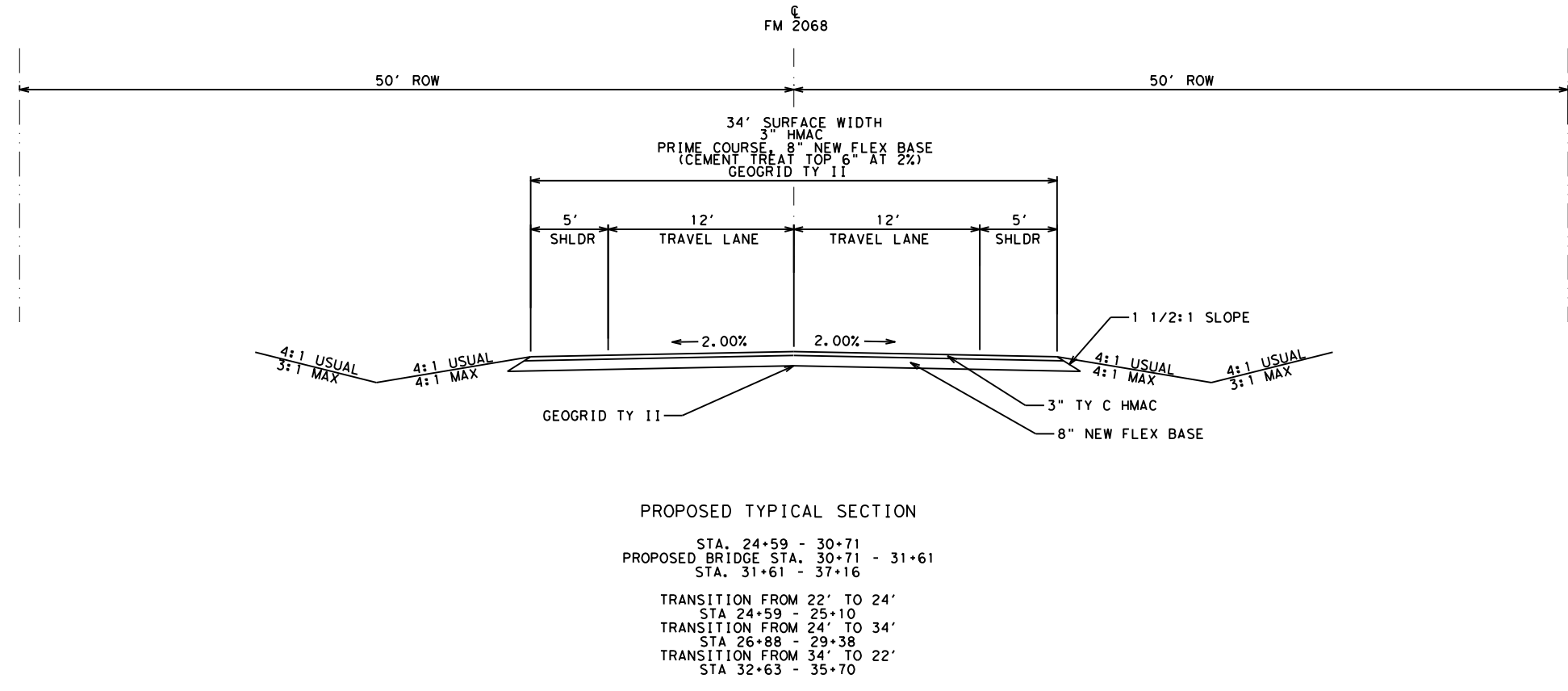
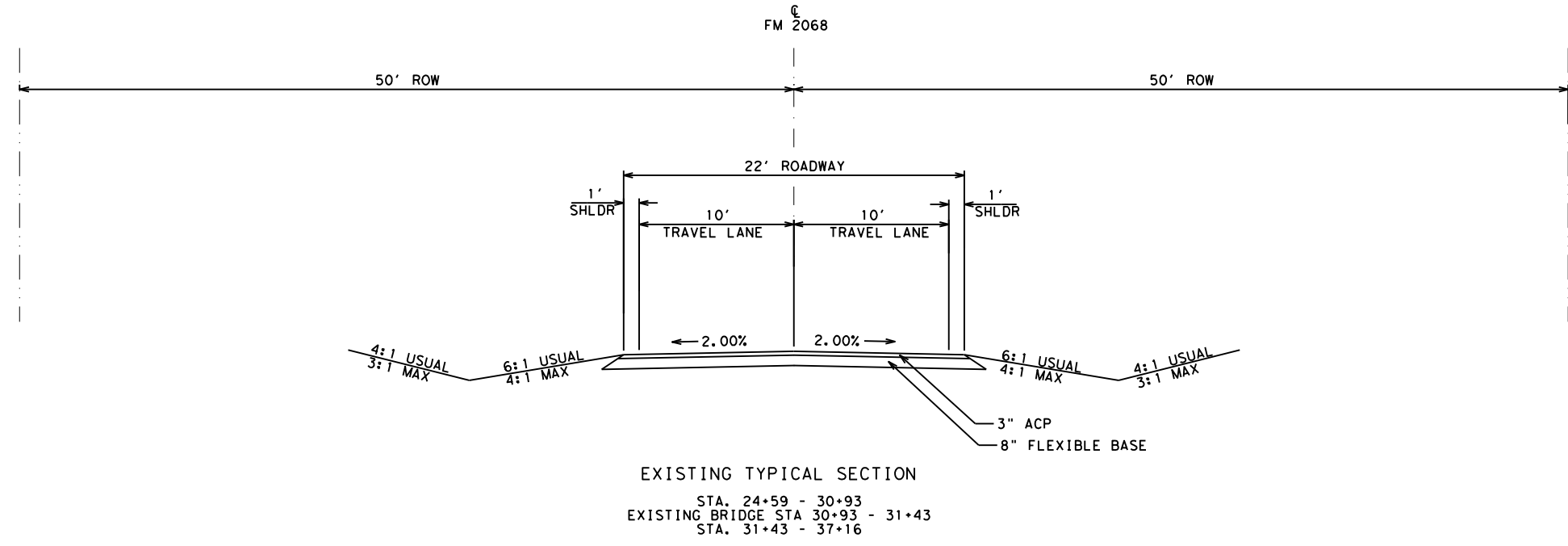
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CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092	CR, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
PAR	LAMAR	35	

CK: DW: CK: DW:

DATE: 4/3/2023 3:01:27 PM
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04/03/2023
 Carlee D. Brazel, P.E.

SCALE
 HORIZONTAL: 1"=10'
 VERTICAL: 1"=10'



**FM 2068 AT
 E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK
 TYPICAL SECTION**

© 2023		SHEET 1 OF 1	
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
PAR		Lamar, Etc.	36

CK: DW: CK: DW:

PAVEMENT CORE DATA

C - 01 (EB)	3" ASPHALT 8" FLEXBASE	APPROX. 2.91 MI EAST OF FM 904 33.344616, -95.810415
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CORES PROVIDED BY EST, 2022

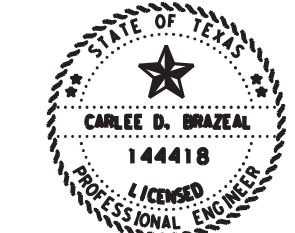
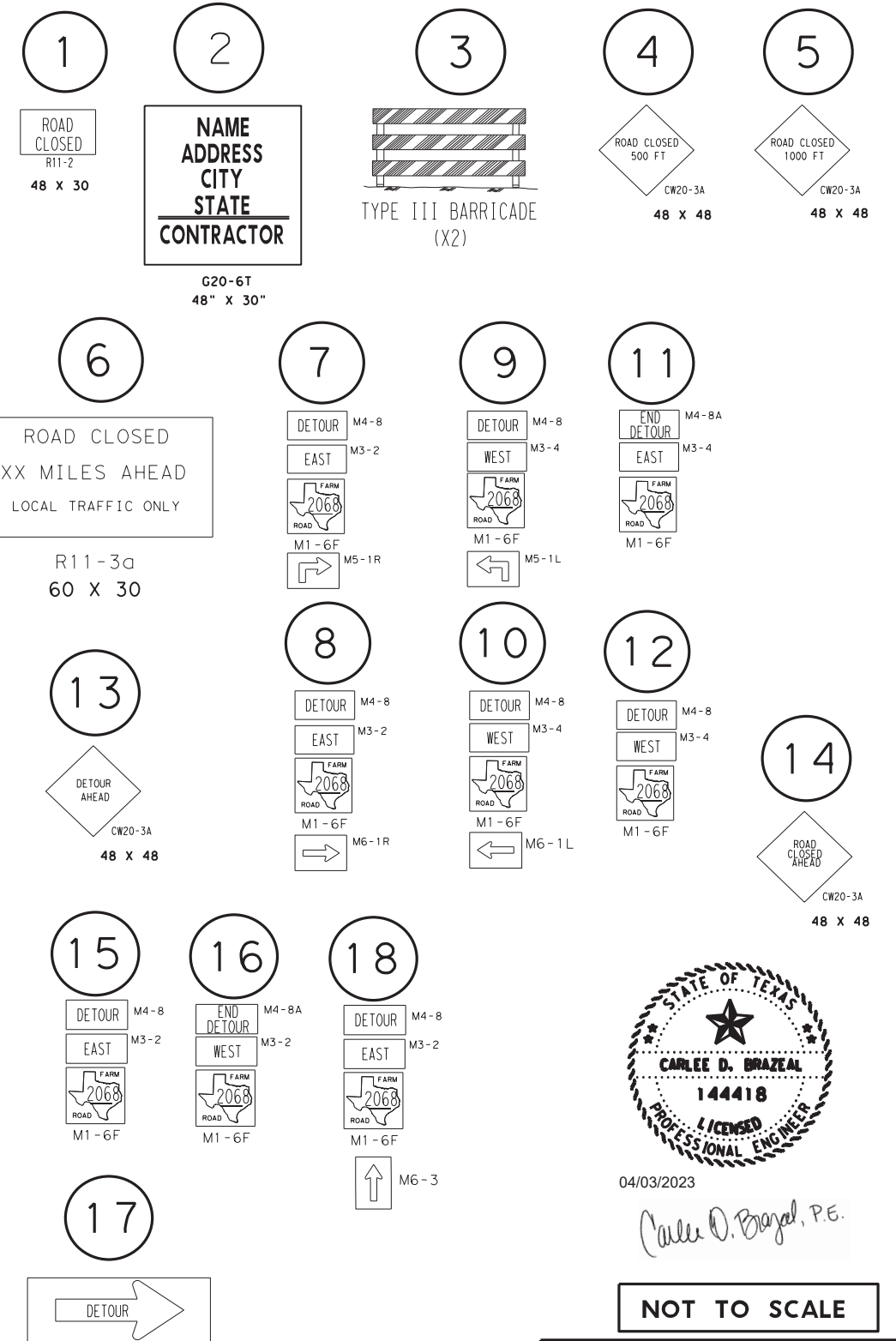
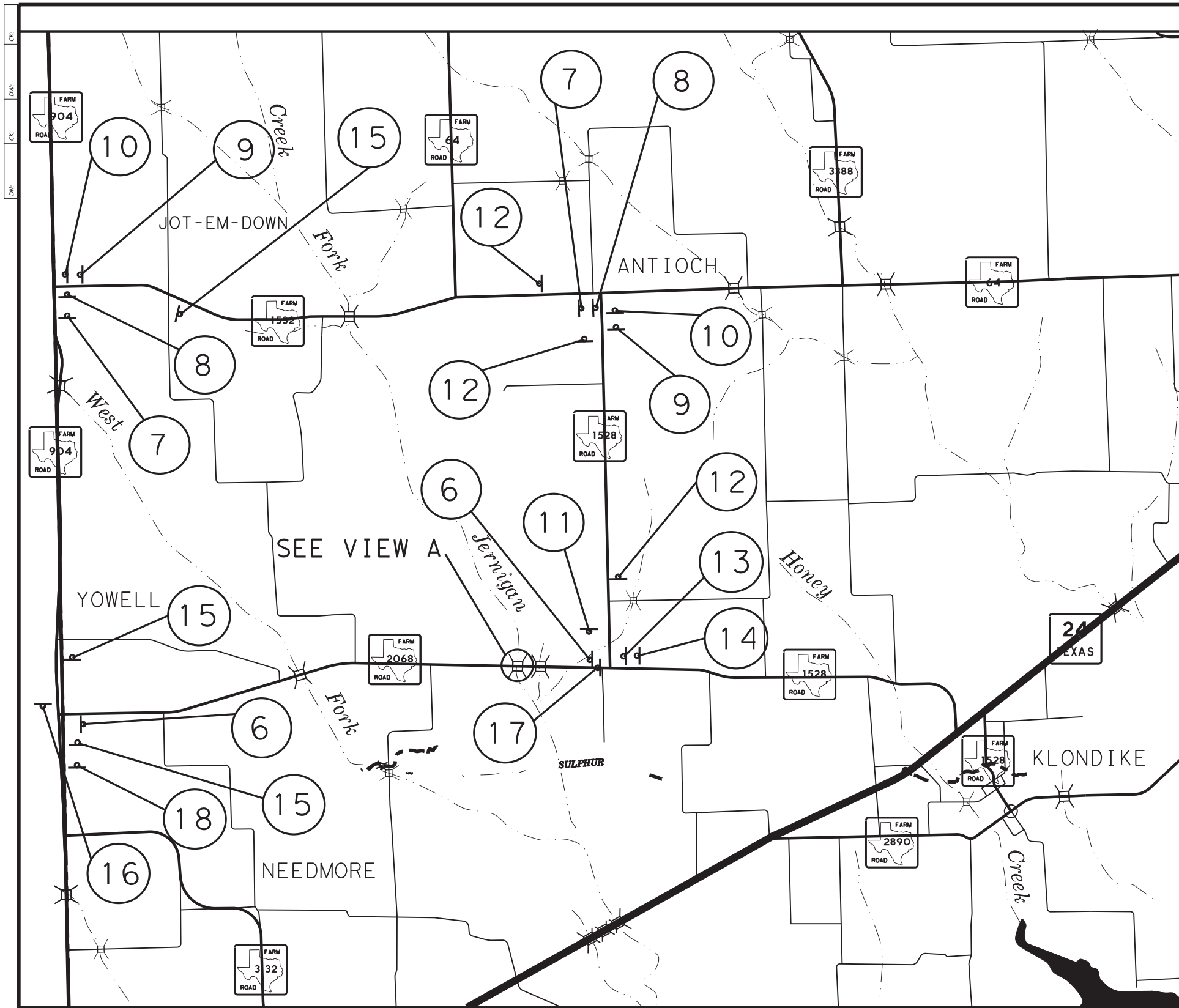
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FM 2068 AT
E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK
PAVEMENT CORE DATA

©2023 SHEET 1 OF 1

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
PAR	Lamar, Etc.	37	



04/03/2023
Carlee D. Brazeal, P.E.

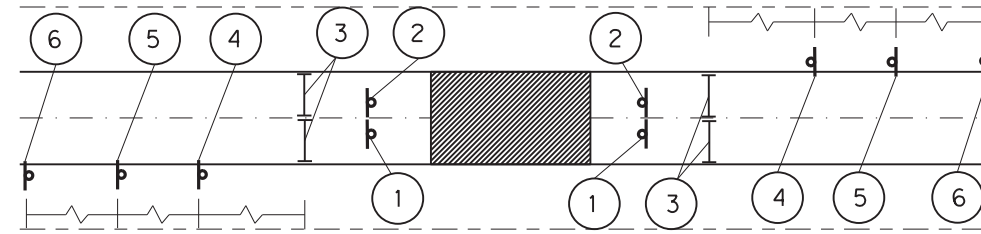
NOT TO SCALE

Texas Department of Transportation

**FM 2068 AT
E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK
ROAD CLOSURE PLAN**

SHEET		OF	
0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
PAR		Lamar, Etc.	38

DATE: \$DATES\$
FILE: \$FILES\$



**VIEW A
BRIDGE REPLACEMENT**

LOCATIONS

LOCATION A - STA. 30+71 - 31+61 (BRIDGE)

LEGEND:

- TYPE III BARRICADES (SKID MOUNT)
- TRAFFIC SIGN AND POST
- CLOSED WORK AREA

NOTES:

UTILIZE THE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES ON THIS PAGE WITH THOSE REQUIRED ON WZ(RCD) AND BC(1)-21 THROUGH BC(12)-21 WITH SUPPORT FROM THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD).

SIGN SPACING NOT TO SCALE UTILIZE TXDOT STANDARDS OR THE TMUTCD FOR APPROPRIATE SIGN/DEVICE SIZE AND SPACING.

DATE: 4/3/2023 4:02:01 PM
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SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS

LOCATION		LENGTH	WIDTH	100 6002	110 6001	110 6002	132 6003	275 6003	3076 6016	422 6015	251 6280	275 6001	3084 6001	316 6029	316 6403
FROM	TO	LF	LF	PREPARING ROW	EXCAVATIO N (ROADWAY)	EXCAVATIO N (CHANNEL)	EMBANKMEN T (FINAL) (ORD COMP)(TY B)	CEMENT TREAT (NEW BASE)(6")	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-A PG64-22 (1)	APPROACH SLAB	REWORK BS MTL (TY A)(11") (ORD COMP)	CEMENT (2)	BONDING COURSESE	ASPH (RC-250)	AGGR (TY-B GR-5 OR TY-L GR-5)
FROM	TO	LF	LF	STA	CY	CY	CY	SY	TON	CY	STA	TON	GAL	GAL	CY
24+59	25+10	51	23	1	57		2	130	22		1	1	6	36	1
25+10	26+88	178	24	2	16		263	475	78		2	4	24	133	3
26+88	29+38	250	28	3			884	778	128		3	6	39	218	6
29+38	30+71	133	34	1			904	502	83		1	4	25	141	4
30+71	31+61	90	34	1		450				48					
31+61	32+63	102	34	1			956	385	64		1	3	19	108	3
32+63	35+70	307	28	3	25		965	955	158		3	7	48	267	7
35+70	37+16	146	22	1	21		94	357	59		1	3	18	100	3
CSJ 1097-05-009 TOTALS				13	119	450	4068	3582	592	48	12	28	179	1003	27

* AVERAGE WIDTH
 (1) BASED ON 110 LBS/SY/IN

(2) CEMENT BASED ON AN ASSUMED DRY COMPACTED
 UNTI WEIGHT OF 110 LBS/CF @ 2% BY WEIGHT

PRIME COURSE:
 ASPH: RC-250 @ 0.28 GAL/SY
 AGGR: GR 5 OR MOD 5 B OR L @ 1:140 CY/SY

SUMMARY OF GUARD FENCE ITEMS

LOCATION		LT/RT	540 6002	544 6001	542 6001	542 6003	658 6062
FROM	TO		MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	REMOVE DOWNSTRE AM ANCHOR TERMINAL	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF 2(BI)
FROM	TO		LF	EA	LF	EA	EA
25+63	25+86	LT	200	2	100	2	3
25+63	25+86	RT	200	2	100	2	3
30+71	31+61	LT	200	2	150	2	3
30+71	31+61	RT	200	2	150	2	3
CSJ 1097-05-009 TOTALS			800	8	500	8	12

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS

LOCATION		LENGTH	WIDTH	5001 6002	105 6038	247 6096
FROM	TO	LF	LF	GEOGRID BASE REINFORC EMENT (TY II)	REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV (11")	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY D GR 4)
FROM	TO	LF	LF	SY	SY	TON
24+59	25+10	51	23	130		53
25+10	26+88	178	24	475		192
26+88	29+38	250	28	778		315
29+38	30+71	133	34	502		203
30+71	31+61	90	34			
31+61	32+63	102	34	385		156
32+63	35+70	307	28	955		387
35+70	37+16	146	22	357		145
24+59	26+33	174	24		464	
35+94	37+16	122	24		325	
CSJ 1097-05-009 TOTALS				3582	789	763



FM 2068 AT
 E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK
 QUANTITY SUMMARIES

CK
DW
CK
DW

DATE: 4/3/2023 4:02:38 PM
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SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL ITEMS							
LOCATION	LT/RT	506 6001	506 6011	506 6038	506 6039	506 6020	506 6024
		ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCT ION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	CONSTRUCT ION EXITS (REMOVE)
		LF	LF	LF	LF	SY	SY
24+59 - 25+55	LT			96	96		
24+59 - 25+55	RT			96	96		
25+55	LT	20	20				
25+55	RT	20	20				
26+00	LT	20	20				
26+00	RT	20	20				
26+00 - 30+63	LT			463	463		
26+00 - 30+63	RT			463	463		
30+71	LT	20	20				
30+71	RT	20	20				
31+61	LT	20	20				
31+61	RT	20	20				
31+69 - 36+20	LT			451	451		
31+69 - 36+20	RT			451	451		
30+71 - 31+61						150	150
PROJECT TOTALS		160	160	2020	2020	150	150


SUMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKING ITEMS		
LOCATION	666 6305	666 6317
	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BR K)(090MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BR K)(090MIL)
	LF	LF
24+59-37+16	2514	310
CSJ 1097-05-009	2514	310

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEMS		
LOCATION	6001 6002	6185 6002
	PORTABLE CHANGEAB LE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATION ARY)
	EA	DAY
24+59 - 37+16	2	73
CSJ 1097-05-009	2	73

SUMMARY OF LANDSCAPE ITEMS					
LOCATION	164 6009	164 6011	164 6015	168 6001	FERTILIZER (3)
	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	STRAW/HAY MLCH SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING (2)	
	SY	SY	SY	MG	
24+59 - 37+16	8380	8380	16760	101	1650
CSJ 1097-05-009	8380	8380	16760	101	1650

SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEMS		
LOCATION		496 6009
FROM	TO	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)
30+93	31+43	1
CSJ 1097-05-009 TOTALS		1

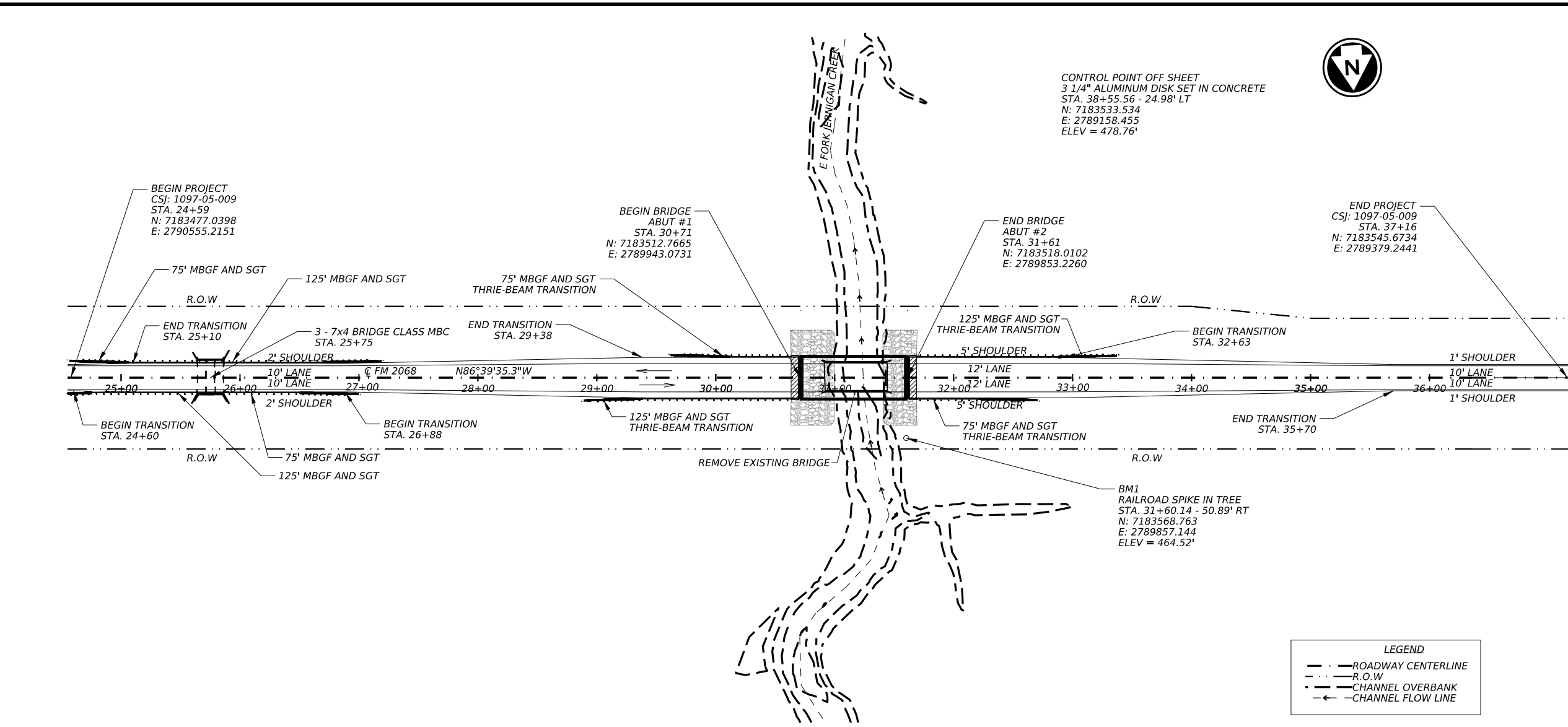
(2) WATERING BASED ON 2 APPLICATION, 0.5" RAINFALL EQUIVALENT = 0.0028 MG/SY/CYCLE
 (3) FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONNLY: 2 CYCLES AT 50 LBS NITROGEN PER ACRE AT 21-7-14
 (NPK) ANALYSIS = 0.0492 LBS/SY/CYCLE


**FM 2068 AT
 E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK
 QUANTITY SUMMARIES**

©2023 SHEET 2 OF 2

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
PAR	Lamar, Etc.	40	

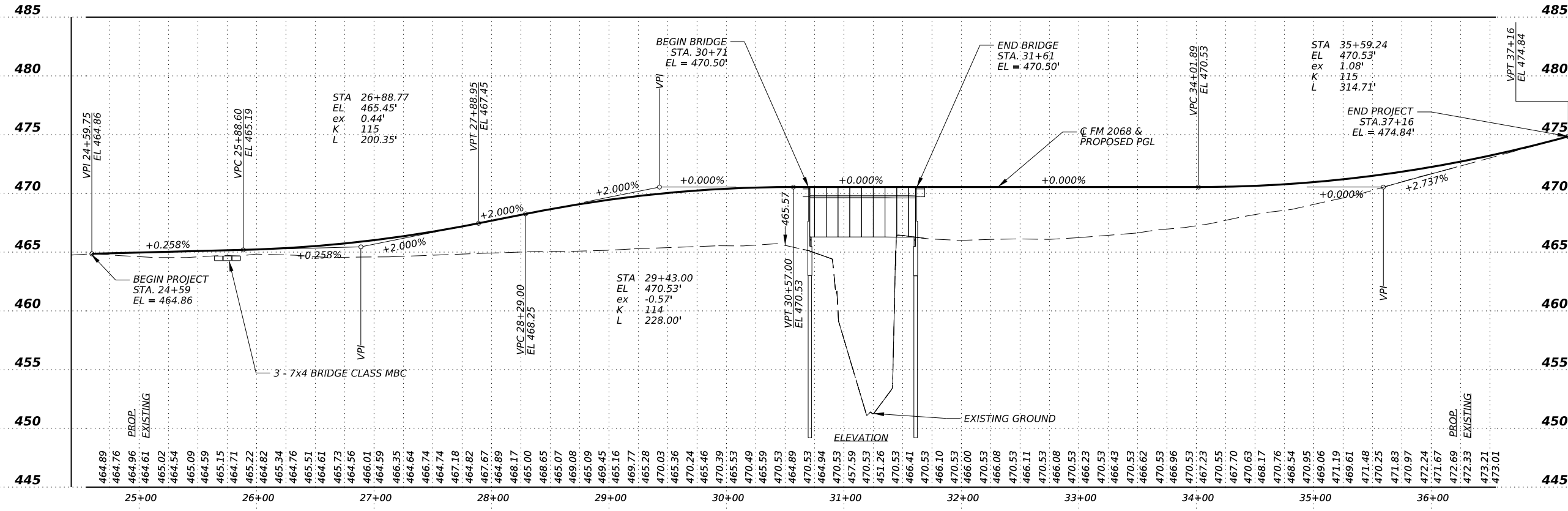
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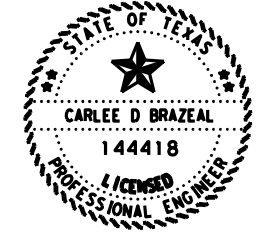
DESIGN SPEED: 55 MPH
 AADT: 164(2021) 230(2041)
 FUNCTIONAL CLASS: MINOR COLLECTOR

EXISTING STRUCTURE:
 STA. 30+93 - 31+43
 2 - 25'-0" SLAB SPANS

PROPOSED STRUCTURE:
 STA. 30+71 - 31+61
 90' SINGLE SPAN
 Tx40 GIRDER
 0° SKEW



SCALE
 HORIZONTAL: 1" = 100'
 VERTICAL: 1" = 10'



04/04/2023
 Carlee D. Brazeal, P.E.



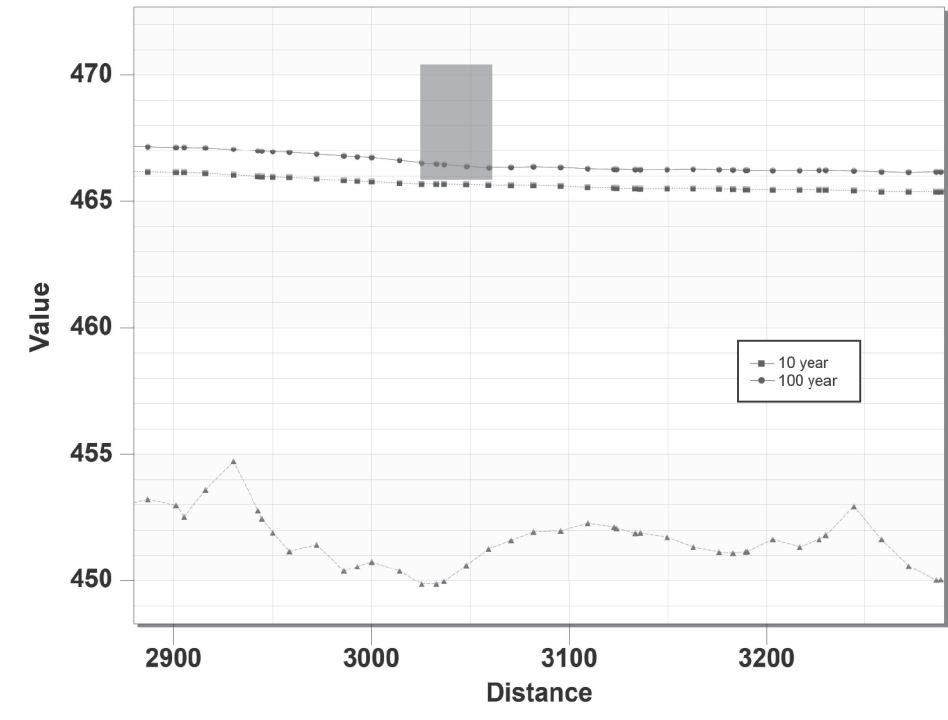
FM 2068 AT
 E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK
 PLAN AND PROFILE

© 2023 SHEET 1 OF 1

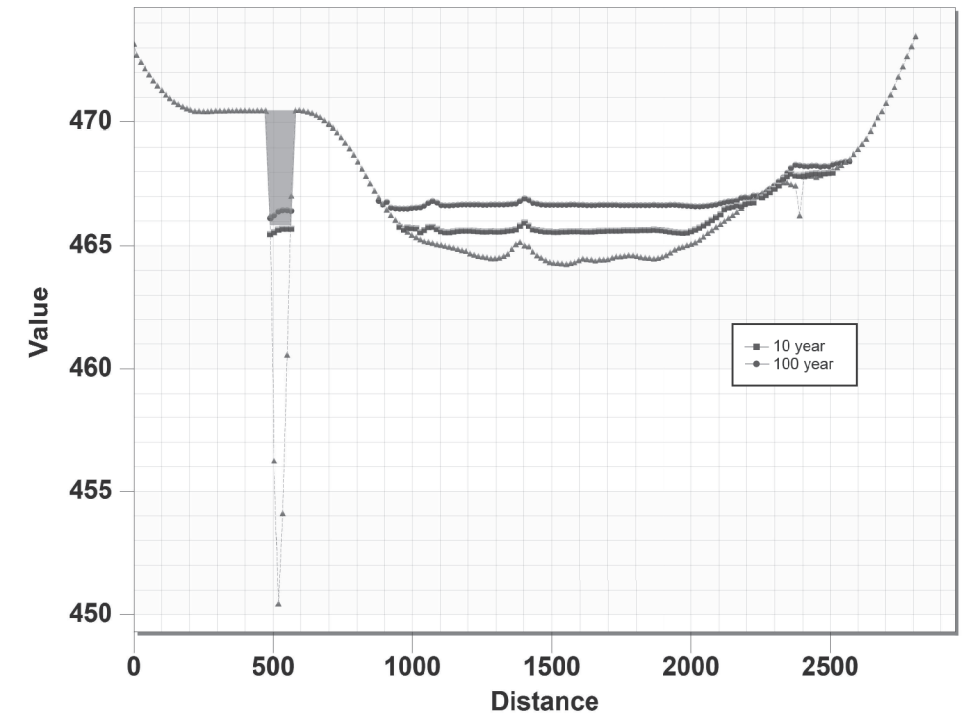
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
PAR	Lamar, Etc.	41	

CK: DW: CK: DW:

MONITOR POINT LOCATIONS



SMS PROFILE PLOT



SMS BRIDGE CROSS-SECTION

LOW CHORD (FT)	465.87
LOWEST ROAD ELEVATION (FT)	463.13

10 YEAR FLOOD EVENT		
MONITOR LOCATION	PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)	PROPOSED CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)
1	469.05	4.3
2	465.82	5.03

BRIDGE		
3	465.59	5.1
4	464.67	4.1

100 YEAR FLOOD EVENT		
MONITOR LOCATION	PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)	PROPOSED CHANNEL VELOCITY (FT/S)
1	469.98	4.1
2	466.8	5.03

BRIDGE		
3	466.33	6.15
4	465.5	4.11

NOTES:

1. THE PROPOSED WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS WERE COMPUTED USING SMS 13.2.10.
2. DELTA COUNTY DOES NOT PARTICIPATE IN FEMA.
3. THE SURVEYED VERTICAL DATUM IS NAV88. NO ADJUSTMENTS TO VERTICAL DATUM WERE MADE.



04/01/2023

Katie J. Vick, P.E.



FM 2068 AT
E FORK JERNIGAN
CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA

© TxDOT 2023		SHEET 1 OF 1	
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092, ETC.	CR, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
PAR	LAMAR, ETC.	43	

DATE: \$DATE\$
FILE: \$FILE\$

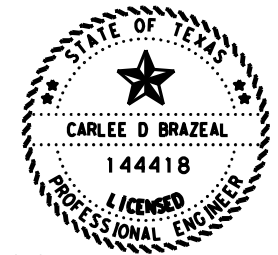
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SUMMARY OF E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK BRIDGE ITEMS									
	400 6005	416 6004	420 6013	422 6001	425 6037	432 6033	450 6006	416 6001	454 6003
LOCATION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	REINF CONC SLAB	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX40)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTI ON)(18 IN)	RAIL (TY T223)	DRILL SHAFT (18 IN)	ARMOR JOINT
NBI# 01-060-0-1097-05-021	CY	LF	CY	SF	LF	CY	LF	LF	LF
STA 30+71 - 31+61	70	344	53.2	3240	447.5	402	240	172	68
CSJ 1097-05-009 TOTALS	70	344	53.2	3240	447.5	402	240	172	68

(1) 0.4 CY ADDED FOR SHEAR KEY

Bearing Seat Elevations

	GIRDER 1	GIRDER 2	GIRDER 3	GIRDER 4	GIRDER 5
ABUT 1 (FWD)	465.468	465.618	465.768	465.618	465.468
ABUT 1 (BK)	465.468	465.618	465.768	465.618	465.468



04/20/2023

Carlee D. Brazeal, P.E.

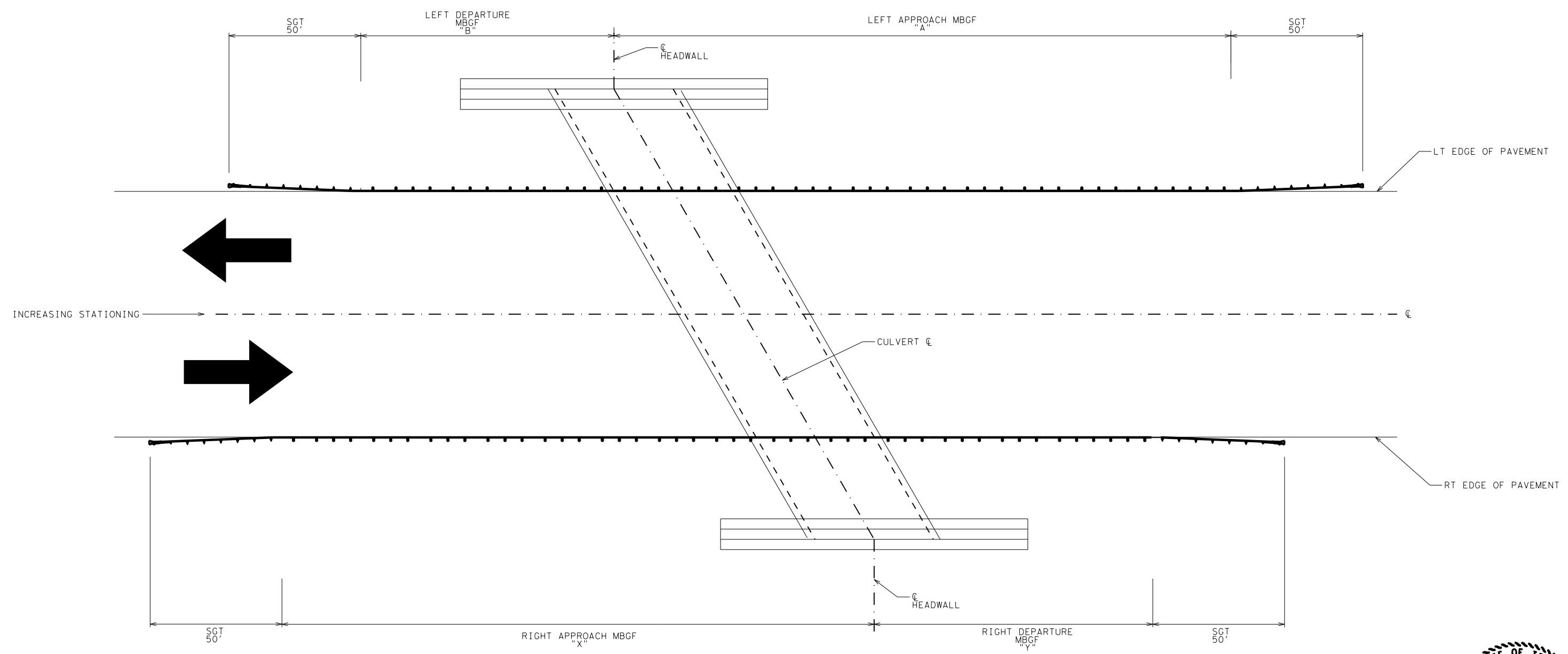


FM 2068 AT
E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK
BRIDGE QUANTITIES
AND BEARING
SEAT ELEVATIONS

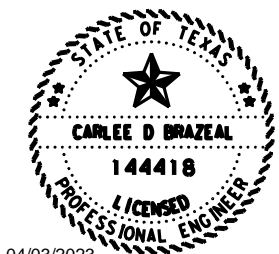
©2023		SHEET 1 OF 1	
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
PAR		Lamar, Etc.	45

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Cks:
 DWF:
 Cks:
 DWF:



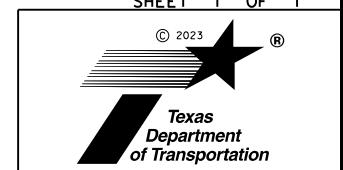
BRIDGE CULVERTS	CULVERT START	CULVERT END	A	B	X	Y
CSJ 1097-05-009						
DRAIN	STA. 25+63.5	STA. 25+86.5	125	75	125	75



04/03/2023
 Carlee D. Brazeal, P.E.

FM 2068
MBGF DETAILS
FOR CULVERTS

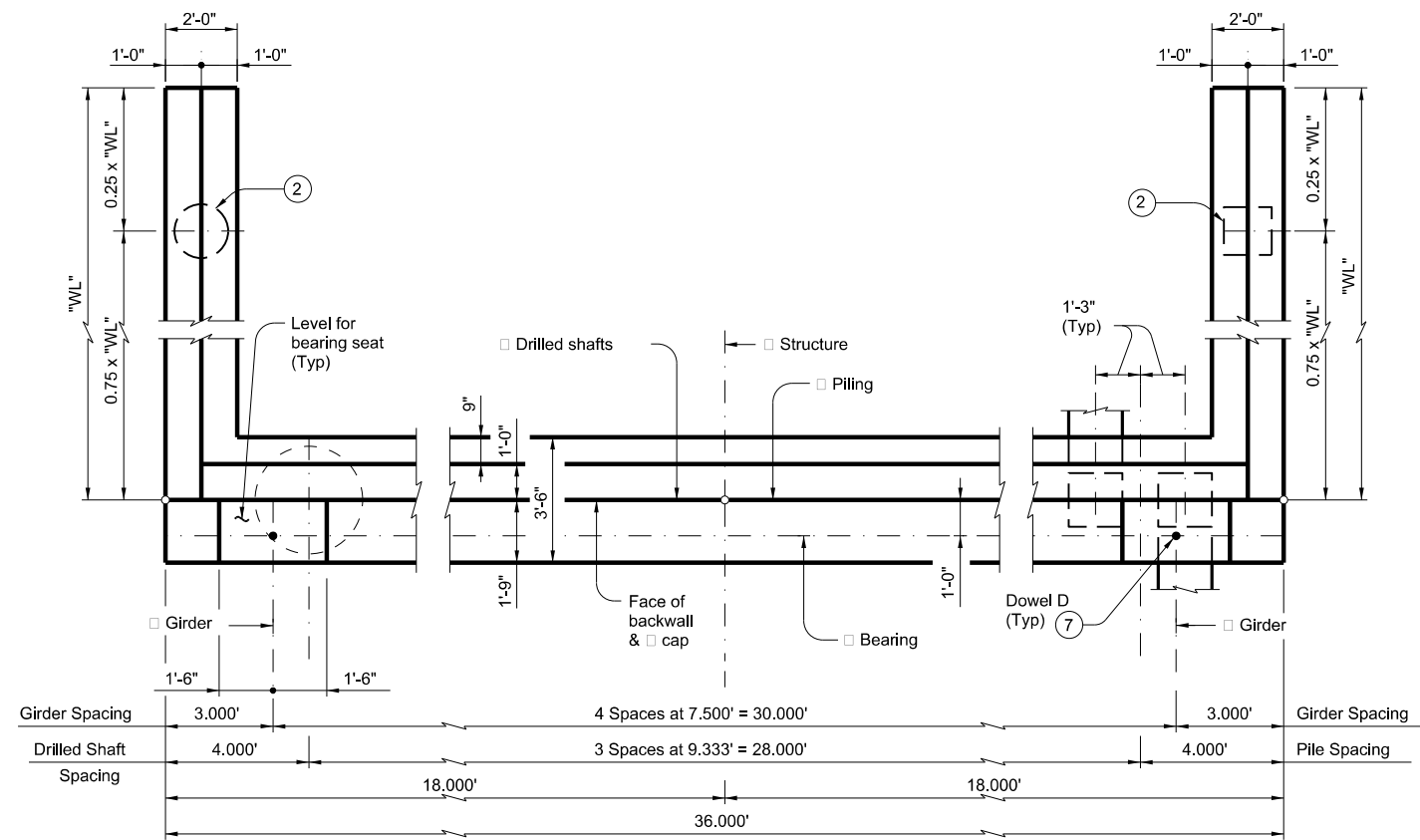
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 SHEET 1 OF 1



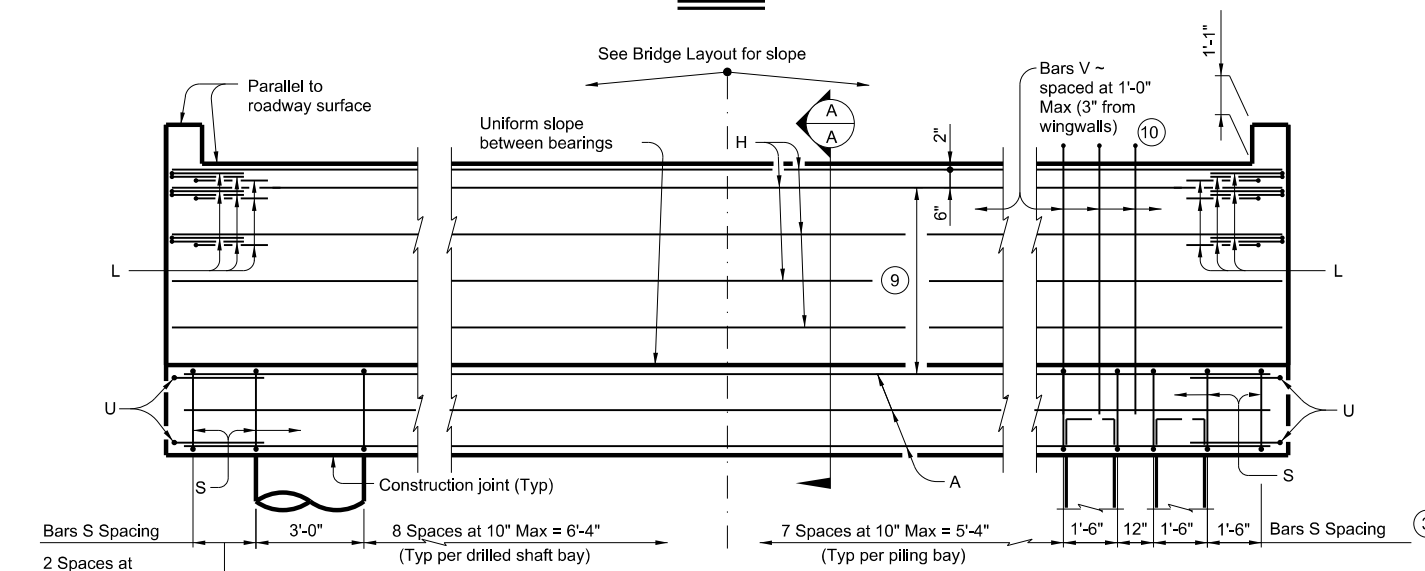
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		46

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DATE: FILE:

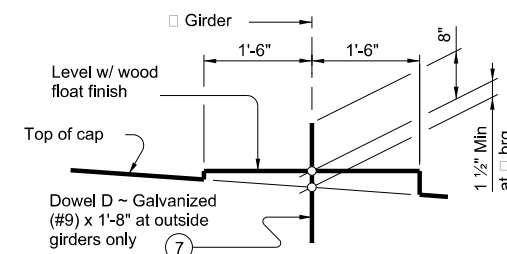


PLAN 1



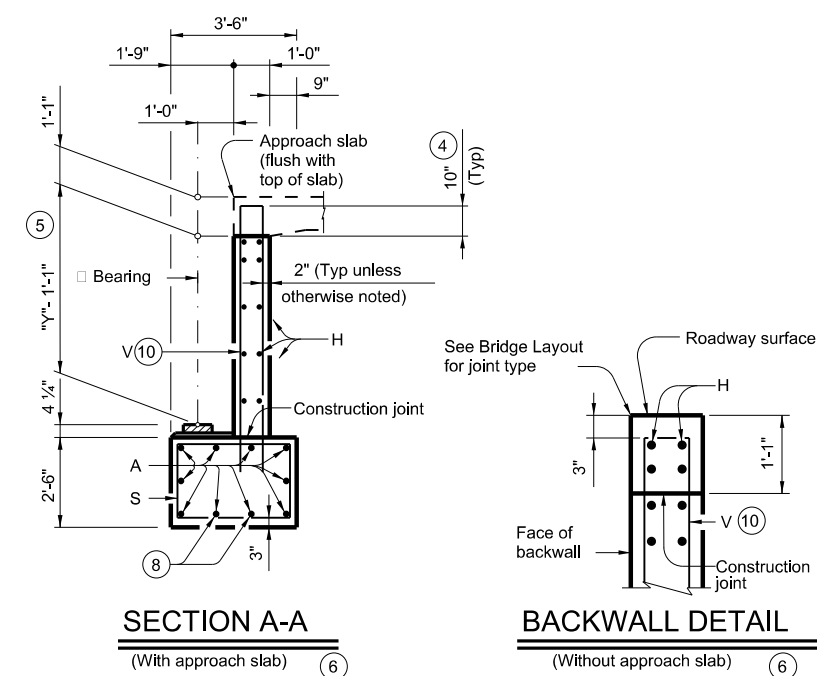
ELEVATION

Header Slope	Girder Type	Wingwall Type	Wingwall Lgth "WL"
2:1	Tx28	Cantilevered	8.000'
	Tx34	Cantilevered	9.000'
	Tx40	Cantilevered	10.000'
	Tx46	Cantilevered	11.000'
	Tx54	Cantilevered	12.000'
3:1	Tx28	Cantilevered	12.000'
	Tx34	Founded	13.000'
	Tx40	Founded	15.000'
	Tx46	Founded	16.000'
	Tx54	Founded	18.000'



BEARING SEAT DETAIL

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad.)



SECTION A-A

BACKWALL DETAIL

- See Table A for variable dimensions based on header slope and girder type.
- See Table A to determine if this wingwall foundation is required.
- For piling larger than 16" adjust Bars S spacing as required to avoid piling.
- Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.
- See Span details for "Y" value.
- See Bridge Layout to determine if approach slab is present.
- Omit Dowels D at end of multi-span unit. Adjust reinforcing steel total accordingly.
- With pile foundations, move Bars A shown to clear piles.
- Spacing based on girder type:
Tx28 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max
Tx34 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max
Tx40 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max
Tx46 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max
Tx54 ~ 5 spaces at 1'-0" Max
- Field bend as needed to clear piles.

MATERIAL NOTES:
Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).
Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.
Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
Galvanize dowel bars D.

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
See Bridge Layout for header slope and foundation type, size and length.
See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all foundation details and notes.
See Concrete Riprap (CRR) standard sheet or Stone Riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment details, if applicable.
See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in wingwalls.
These abutment details may be used with standard SIG-34 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.
Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

Span Length	All Girder Types	
	Tons/Shaft	Tons/Pile
40	61	53
45	65	56
50	69	58
55	73	60
60	77	62
65	81	64
70	84	65
75	88	67
80	92	69
85	96	71
90	99	73
95	103	75
100	107	77
105	110	79
110	114	81
115	117	82
120	121	84
125	125	86

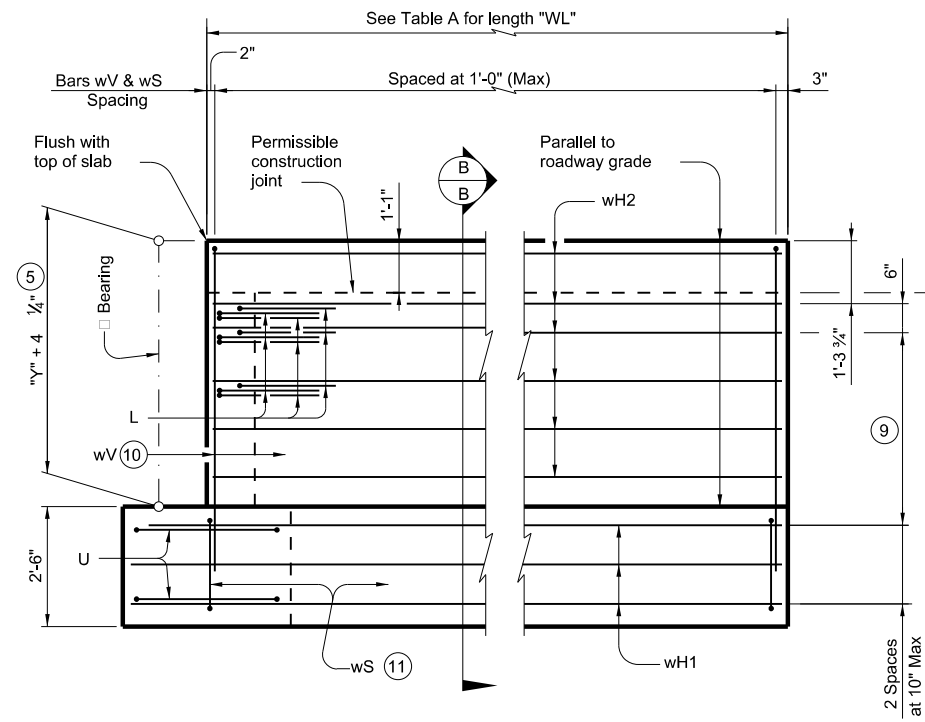
Texas Department of Transportation Bridge Division Standard

ABUTMENTS
TYPE TX28 THRU TX54
PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS
34' ROADWAY

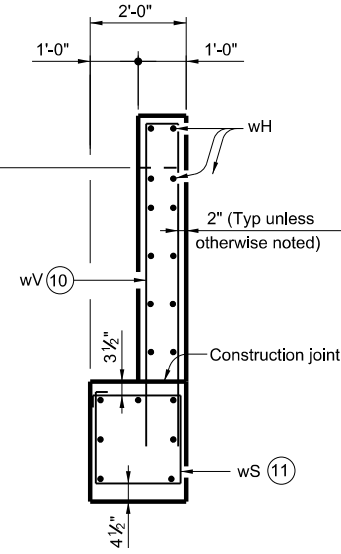
AIG-34

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REVISIONS	0901 29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.	
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
PAR	Lamar, Etc.			47

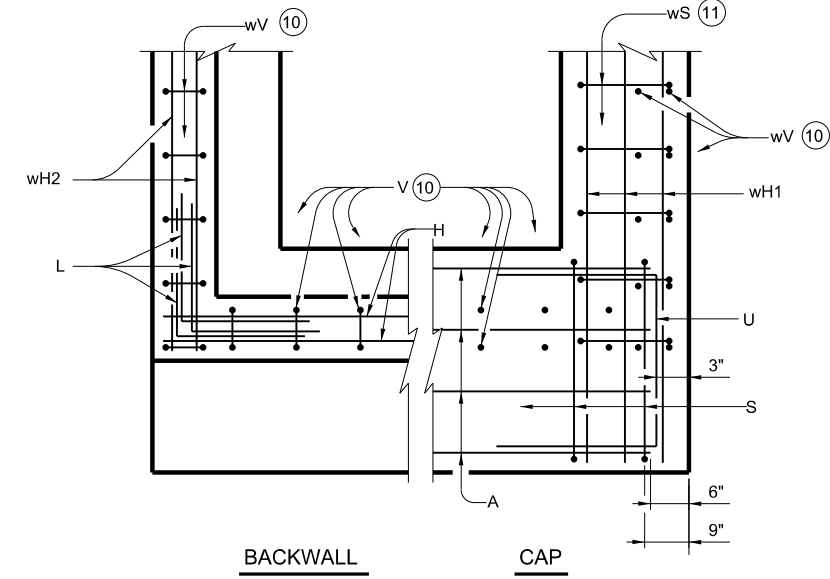
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WINGWALL ELEVATION

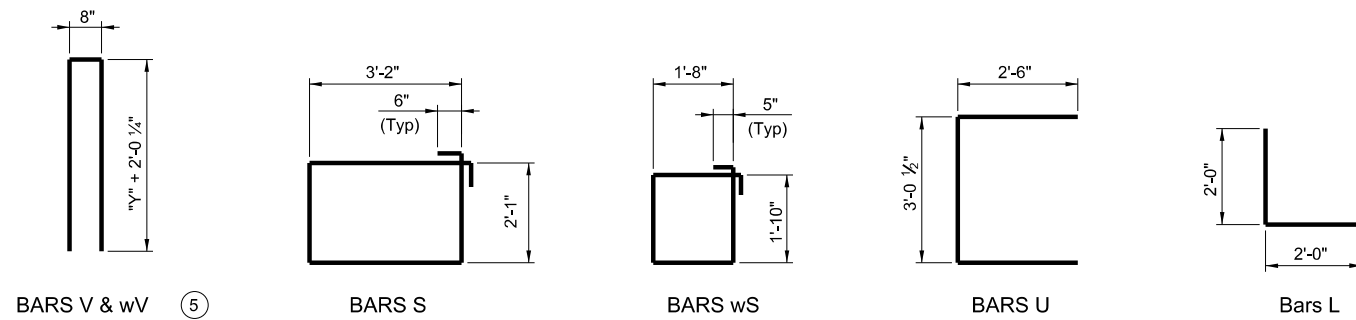


SECTION B-B



CORNER DETAILS

- ⑤ See Span details for "Y" value.
- ⑨ Spacing based on girder type:
Tx28 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max
Tx34 ~ 3 spaces at 1'-0" Max
Tx40 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max
Tx46 ~ 4 spaces at 1'-0" Max
Tx54 ~ 5 spaces at 1'-0" Max
- ⑩ Field bend as needed to clear piles.
- ⑪ Adjust as required to avoid piling.



DATE:
FILE:

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 3



ABUTMENTS
TYPE TX28 THRU TX54
PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS
34' ROADWAY

AIG-34

FILE: IG-AIG3400-23.dgn	DN: TAR	CK: VC	DW: SFS	CK: TAR
©TxDOT January 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		48	

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TABLES OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES WITH 2:1 HEADER SLOPE

(12)

TYPE Tx28 Girders				
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight
A	10	#11	35'-0"	1,860
D (7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11
H	8	#6	35'-8"	429
L	18	#6	4'-0"	108
S	33	#5	11'-6"	396
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49
V	35	#5	11'-4"	414
wH1	14	#6	9'-5"	198
wH2	20	#6	7'-8"	230
wS	18	#4	7'-10"	94
wV	18	#5	11'-4"	213
Reinforcing Steel				Lb 4,002
Class "C" Concrete				CY 19.6

TYPE Tx34 Girders				
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight
A	10	#11	35'-0"	1,860
D (7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11
H	8	#6	35'-8"	429
L	18	#6	4'-0"	108
S	33	#5	11'-6"	396
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49
V	35	#5	12'-4"	450
wH1	14	#6	10'-5"	219
wH2	20	#6	8'-8"	260
wS	20	#4	7'-10"	105
wV	20	#5	12'-4"	257
Reinforcing Steel				Lb 4,144
Class "C" Concrete				CY 21.2

TYPE Tx40 Girders				
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight
A	10	#11	35'-0"	1,860
D (7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11
H	10	#6	35'-8"	536
L	18	#6	4'-0"	108
S	33	#5	11'-6"	396
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49
V	35	#5	13'-4"	487
wH1	14	#6	11'-5"	240
wH2	24	#6	9'-8"	348
wS	22	#4	7'-10"	115
wV	22	#5	13'-4"	306
Reinforcing Steel				Lb 4,456
Class "C" Concrete				CY 22.9

TYPE Tx46 Girders				
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight
A	10	#11	35'-0"	1,860
D (7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11
H	10	#6	35'-8"	536
L	18	#6	4'-0"	108
S	33	#5	11'-6"	396
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49
V	35	#5	14'-4"	523
wH1	14	#6	12'-5"	261
wH2	24	#6	10'-8"	385
wS	24	#4	7'-10"	126
wV	24	#5	14'-4"	359
Reinforcing Steel				Lb 4,614
Class "C" Concrete				CY 24.6

TYPE Tx54 Girders				
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight
A	10	#11	35'-0"	1,860
D (7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11
H	12	#6	35'-8"	643
L	18	#6	4'-0"	108
S	33	#5	11'-6"	396
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49
V	35	#5	15'-8"	572
wH1	14	#6	13'-5"	282
wH2	28	#6	11'-8"	491
wS	26	#4	7'-10"	136
wV	26	#5	15'-8"	425
Reinforcing Steel				Lb 4,973
Class "C" Concrete				CY 26.8

TABLES OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES WITH 3:1 HEADER SLOPE

(12)

TYPE Tx28 Girders				
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight
A	10	#11	35'-0"	1,860
D (7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11
H	8	#6	35'-8"	429
L	18	#6	4'-0"	108
S	33	#5	11'-6"	396
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49
V	35	#5	11'-4"	414
wH1	14	#6	13'-5"	282
wH2	20	#6	11'-8"	350
wS	26	#4	7'-10"	136
wV	26	#5	11'-4"	307
Reinforcing Steel				Lb 4,342
Class "C" Concrete				CY 22.1

TYPE Tx34 Girders				
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight
A	10	#11	35'-0"	1,860
D (7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11
H	8	#6	35'-8"	429
L	18	#6	4'-0"	108
S	33	#5	11'-6"	396
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49
V	35	#5	12'-4"	450
wH1	14	#6	14'-5"	303
wH2	20	#6	12'-8"	381
wS	28	#4	7'-10"	147
wV	28	#5	12'-4"	360
Reinforcing Steel				Lb 4,494
Class "C" Concrete				CY 23.9

TYPE Tx40 Girders				
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight
A	10	#11	35'-0"	1,860
D (7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11
H	10	#6	35'-8"	536
L	18	#6	4'-0"	108
S	33	#5	11'-6"	396
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49
V	35	#5	13'-4"	487
wH1	14	#6	16'-5"	345
wH2	24	#6	14'-8"	529
wS	32	#4	7'-10"	167
wV	32	#5	13'-4"	445
Reinforcing Steel				Lb 4,933
Class "C" Concrete				CY 26.4

TYPE Tx46 Girders				
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight
A	10	#11	35'-0"	1,860
D (7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11
H	10	#6	35'-8"	536
L	18	#6	4'-0"	108
S	33	#5	11'-6"	396
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49
V	35	#5	14'-4"	523
wH1	14	#6	17'-5"	366
wH2	24	#6	15'-8"	565
wS	34	#4	7'-10"	178
wV	34	#5	14'-4"	508
Reinforcing Steel				Lb 5,100
Class "C" Concrete				CY 28.4

TYPE Tx54 Girders				
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight
A	10	#11	35'-0"	1,860
D (7)	2	#9	1'-8"	11
H	12	#6	35'-8"	643
L	18	#6	4'-0"	108
S	33	#5	11'-6"	396
U	4	#6	8'-1"	49
V	35	#5	15'-8"	572
wH1	14	#6	19'-5"	408
wH2	28	#6	17'-8"	743
wS	38	#4	7'-10"	199
wV	38	#5	15'-8"	621
Reinforcing Steel				Lb 5,610
Class "C" Concrete				CY 31.6

(7) Omit Dowels D at end of multi-span unit. Adjust reinforcing steel total accordingly.

(13) Quantities shown are for one abutment only (with approach slab). With no approach slab, add 1.4 CY Class "C" concrete and 214 lbs reinforcing steel for 4 additional Bars H.



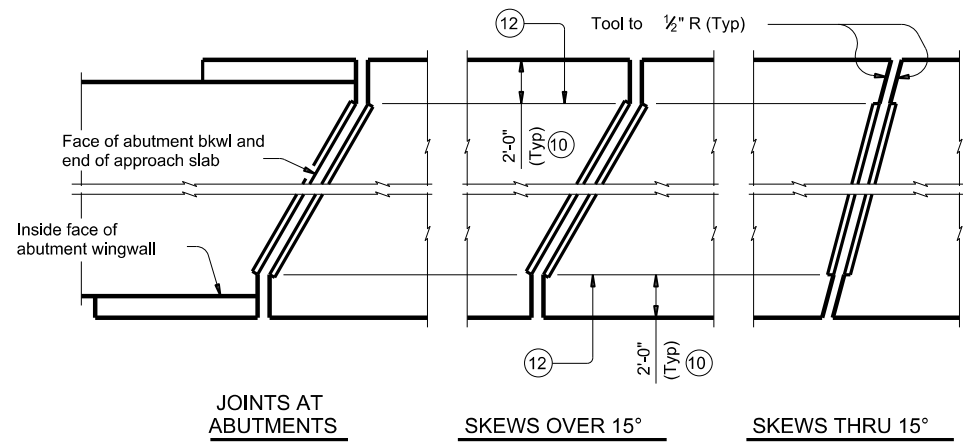
ABUTMENTS
TYPE TX28 THRU TX54
PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS
34' ROADWAY

AIG-34

FILE: IG-AIG3400-23.dgn	DN: TAR	CK: VC	DW: SFS	CK: TAR
©TxDOT January 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		49	

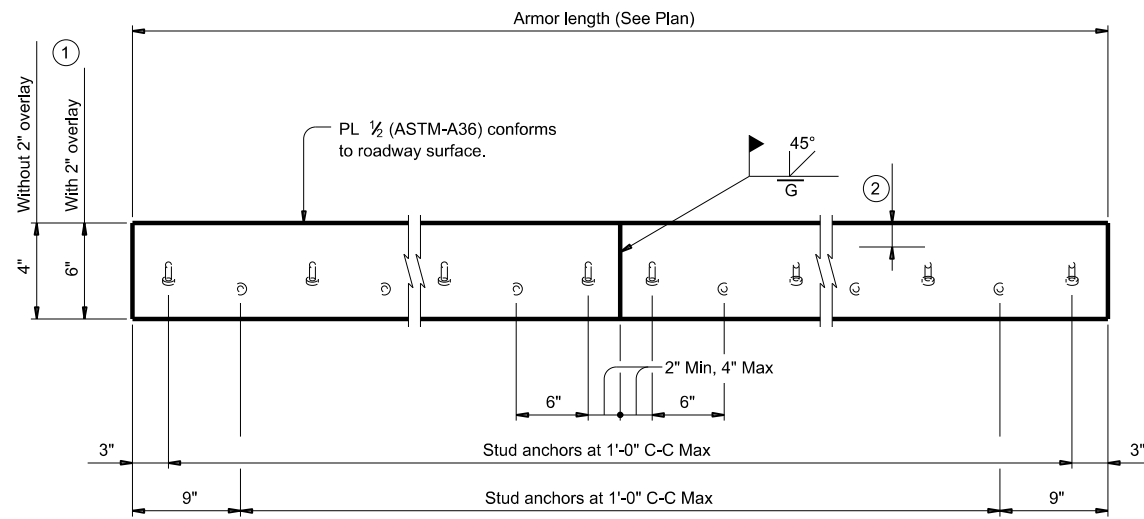
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DATE: 4/3/2023 7:06:49 PM
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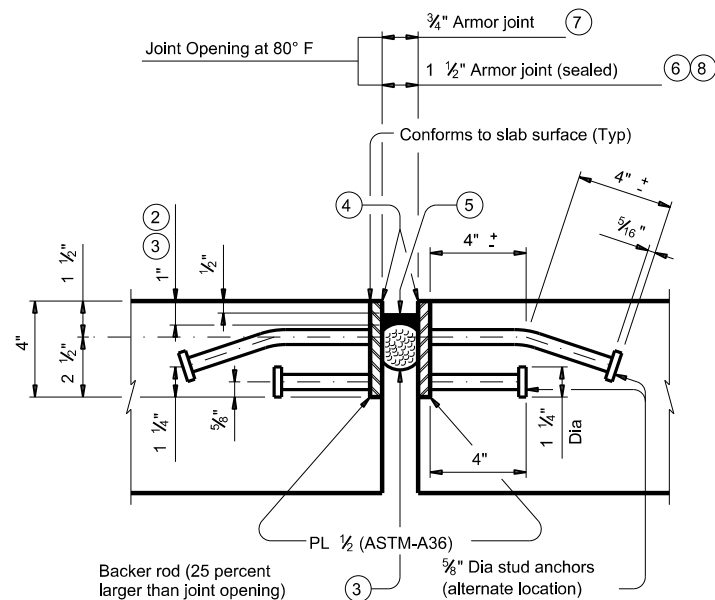
JOINTS AT ABUTMENTS SKEWS OVER 15° SKEWS THRU 15°

PLANS OF ARMOR PLATES

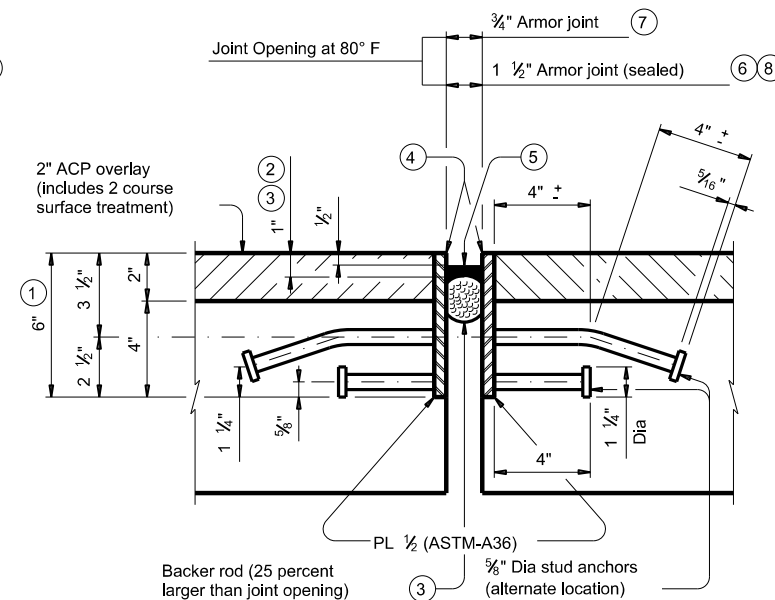


ELEVATION OF BASIC ARMOR PLATE

- ① Adjust 6" plate height for overlay thicknesses other than the 2" shown. Adjust weight by 1.70 plf for each 1/2" variation in thickness.
- ② Do not paint top 1/2" of plate if using sealed armor joint.
- ③ Set top of backer rod 1" below top of armor plate. Backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- ④ Blast clean entire contact area between sealant and plate (SSPC-SP10) before installing sealant. Light brush blast and thoroughly clean all dust and debris from concrete surfaces in contact with joint sealant before application of silicone seal.
- ⑤ Use Class 7 joint sealant that conforms to DMS-6310.
- ⑥ Place sealant while ambient temperature is between 55°F and 80°F and is rising.
- ⑦ Armor joint does not include joint sealant or backer rod.
- ⑧ Armor joint (sealed) includes Class 7 joint sealant and backer rod.
- ⑨ Form vertical leg of seal as per the Manufacturer's recommendations. Use Class 4 joint sealant if Class 7 cannot be installed correctly. Install according to Manufacturer's recommendations.
- ⑩ Unless shown otherwise, terminate armor plate at slab break point if break is more than 2'-0" from slab edge.
- ⑪ See "Plans of Armor Plates".
- ⑫ At Fabricator's option, armor plate may extend up to 6" beyond this point for skews through 15°.
- ⑬ Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.



SHOWN WITHOUT 2" OVERLAY AT JOINT LOCATION



SHOWN WITH 2" OVERLAY AT JOINT LOCATION

ARMOR JOINT SECTIONS

Showing Armor Joint (Sealed)

FABRICATION NOTES:

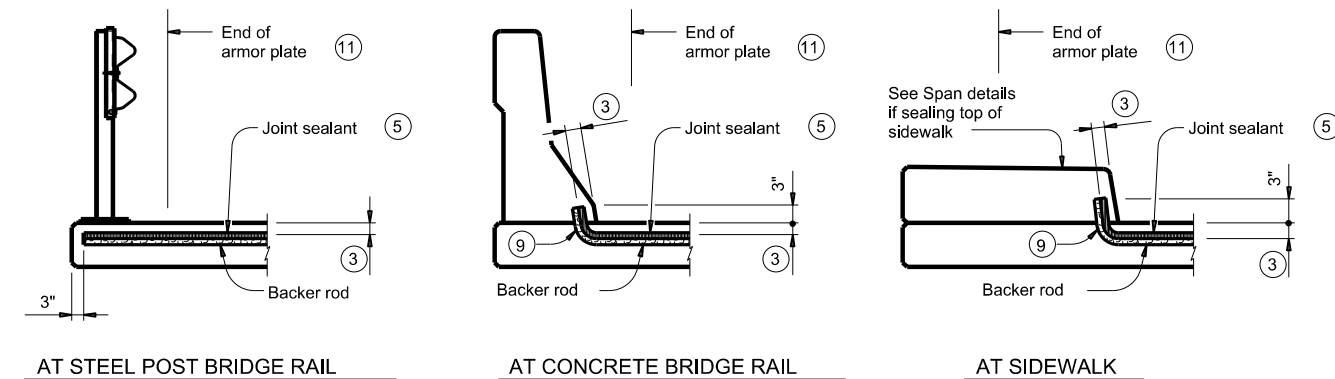
Match mark corresponding plate sections and secure together for shipment with shipping angle. Do not use erection bolts. Ship armor joints in convenient lengths of 10'-0" Min and 24'-0" Max unless necessary for stage construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2'-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max. Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1. Use groove welds for all shop and field butt splices. Grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations in the shop. Paint the entire steel section, except as stated in Note 2, with System II or IV primer in accordance with Item 446 "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel." Provide paints in accordance with Item 446.2. Prepare steel and apply paint in accordance with Items 446.4.7.3 and 446.4.7.4. Shop drawings for the fabrication of armor joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Secure armor joints in position and place to proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel, to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for Armor Joint. Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint.

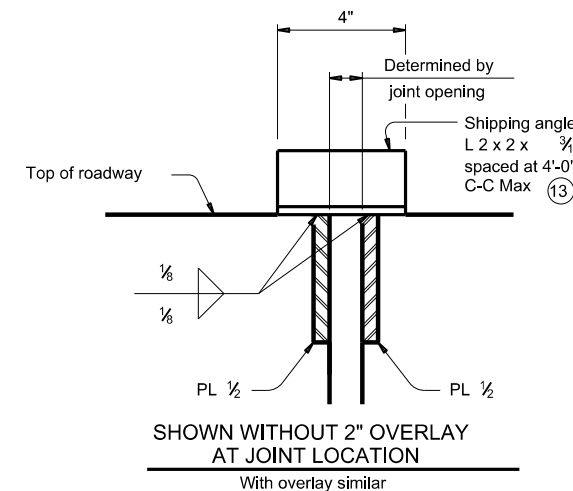
GENERAL NOTES:

Provide armor joints at locations shown on the plans. Provide the seal when "Armor Joint (Sealed)" is noted on the plans. These joint details accommodate a joint movement range of 1 3/8" (3/8" opening movement and 5/8" closure movement). Payment for armor joint, with or without seal, is based on length of armor plate.



JOINT SEALANT TERMINATION DETAILS

Armor joint (sealed) only. Armor plate is not shown for clarity.



SHOWN WITHOUT 2" OVERLAY AT JOINT LOCATION

With overlay similar

SHIPPING ANGLE

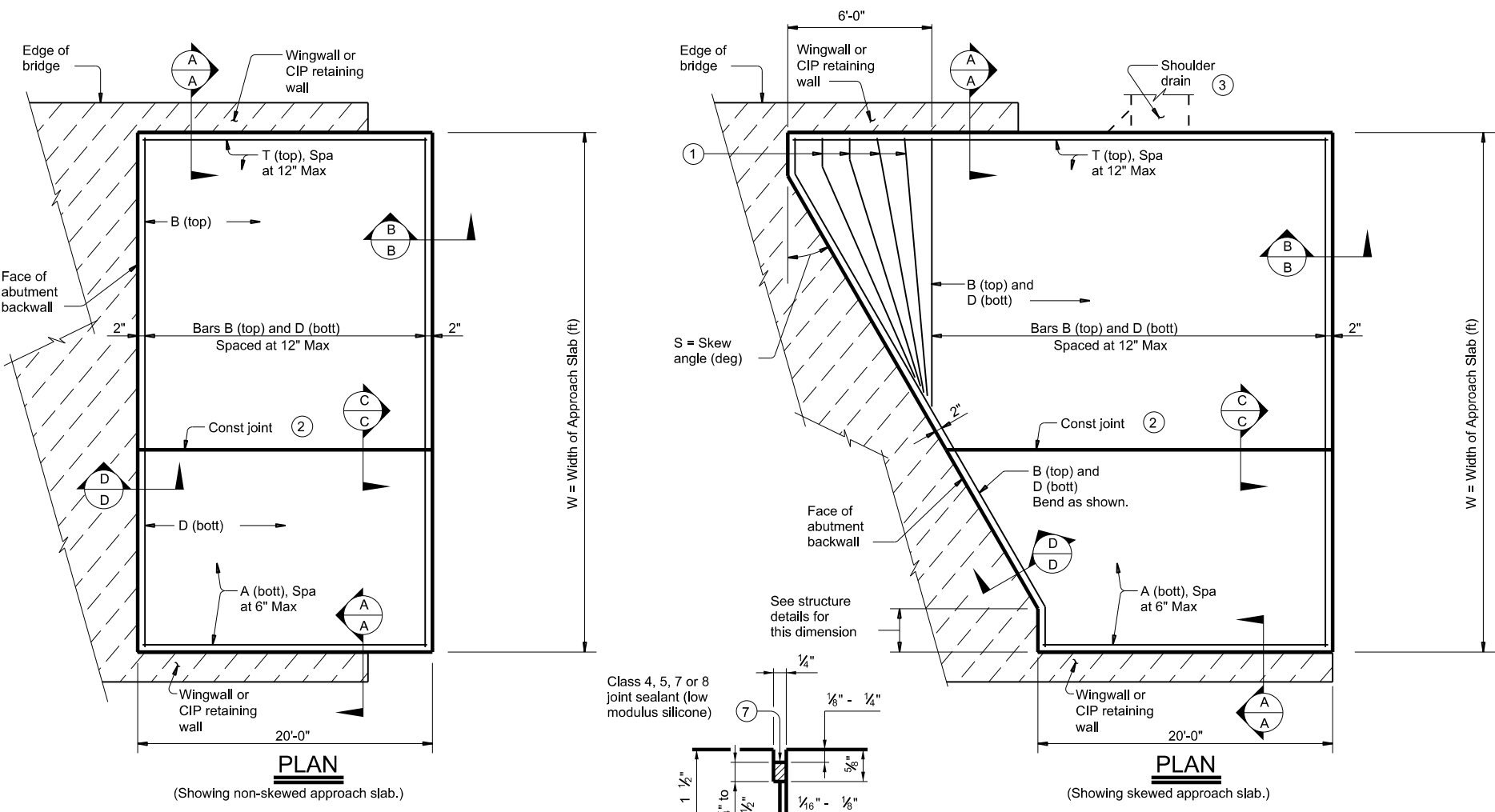
An alternate method of securing joint sections may be used if approved by the Bridge Division. Erection bolts are not allowed.

WEIGHTS FOR ONE ARMOR JOINT (2 PLATES)	
WITHOUT OVERLAY	16.10 plf
WITH 2" OVERLAY ①	22.90 plf

				Bridge Division Standard	
ARMOR JOINT DETAILS					
AJ					
FILE: ajslide01-19.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CR: TxDOT	
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.	
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	50		

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DATE: 4/3/2023 7:06:51 PM
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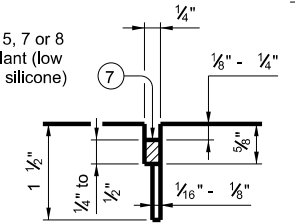


BAR TABLE	
BAR	SIZE
A	#8
B	#5
D	#5
T	#5

APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES ④	
Reinf steel weight = 8.5 Lbs/SF of Approach Slab	
Volume of Appr Slab Conc (CY) = 0.802W + 0.02W ² Tan S	
W = Width of Approach Slab (ft)	
S = Skew Angle (deg)	

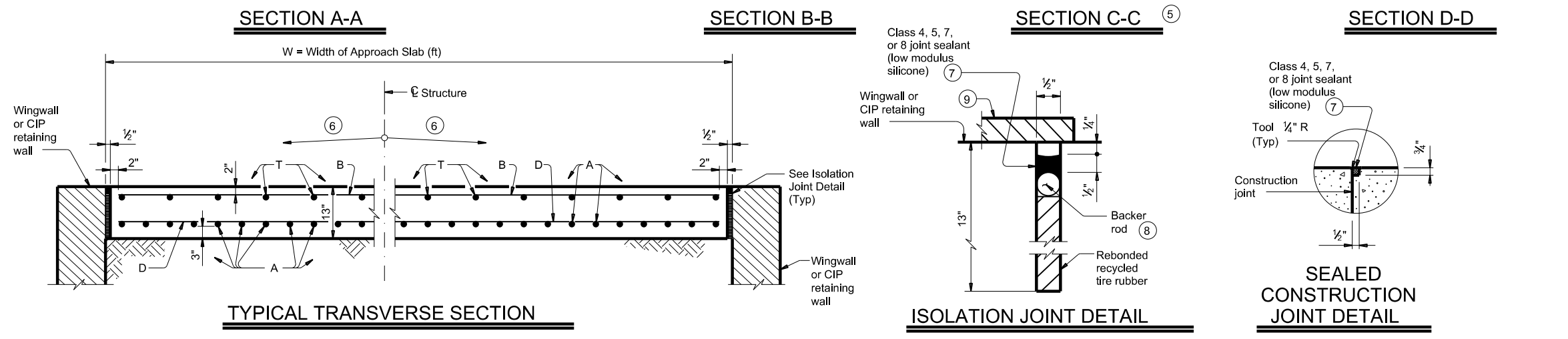
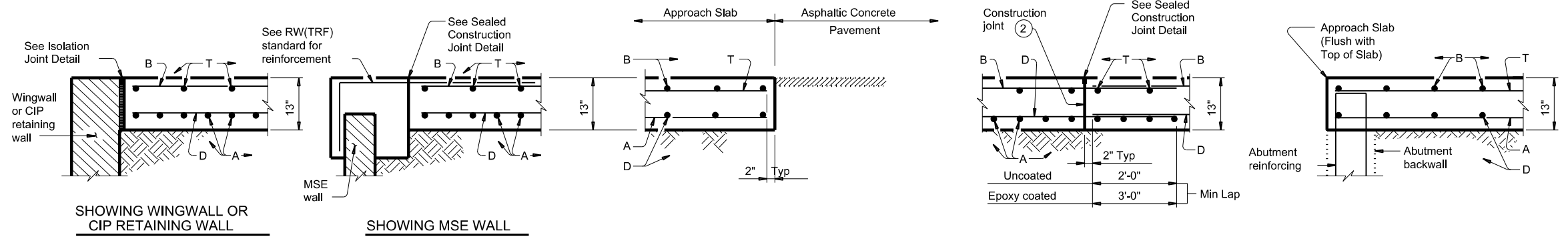
- ① Flare Bars B and D in this region (1'-6" Max Spa, 3" Min Spa). Minimum flared bar length = 2'-6". Bend bars as necessary.
- ② Provide longitudinal construction joints that align with longitudinal construction joints in the bridge slab with bridges built in stages. Other longitudinal construction joints must receive approval of the Engineer.
- ③ See details elsewhere in plans for shoulder drain location and details.
- ④ For Contractor's information only. Quantities shown are for one approach slab.
- ⑤ Multiple piece tie bars are acceptable at longitudinal construction joints provided minimum laps shown are achieved.
- ⑥ See details elsewhere in plans for required cross-slope.
- ⑦ Place in accordance with Item 438.
- ⑧ Provide backer rod that is 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with the sealant.
- ⑨ If bridge rail is present at the wingwall or CIP retaining wall, place recycled tire rubber between concrete railing and top of approach slab as shown 1/2" rebonded

LONGITUDINAL SAW CUT JOINT DETAIL



GENERAL NOTES:
 Construct approach slab in accordance with Item 422. Provide Class "S" concrete with a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide longitudinal joints as shown on the Longitudinal Saw Cut Joint Detail at lane lines and shoulders when width between longitudinal construction joints or edges of approach slab exceeds 16 feet. Saw cut joints within 24 hours of concrete placement to a depth of 1 1/2" and seal in accordance with Item 438. Alternately, provide a controlled joint consisting of 1 1/2" vinyl or plastic joint former (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.) Provide rebonded recycled tire rubber joint filler that meets the requirements of DMS-6310. "Joint Sealants and Fillers." Construct the subgrade or subbase away from the bridge for a minimum distance of 100 feet prior to the approach slab, unless otherwise indicated on the plans. Compact and finish the subgrade or foundation for the approach slab to the typical cross-section and to the lines and grades shown on the plans. Cure for 4 days using water or membrane curing per Item 422. All details shown herein are subsidiary to bridge approach slab.

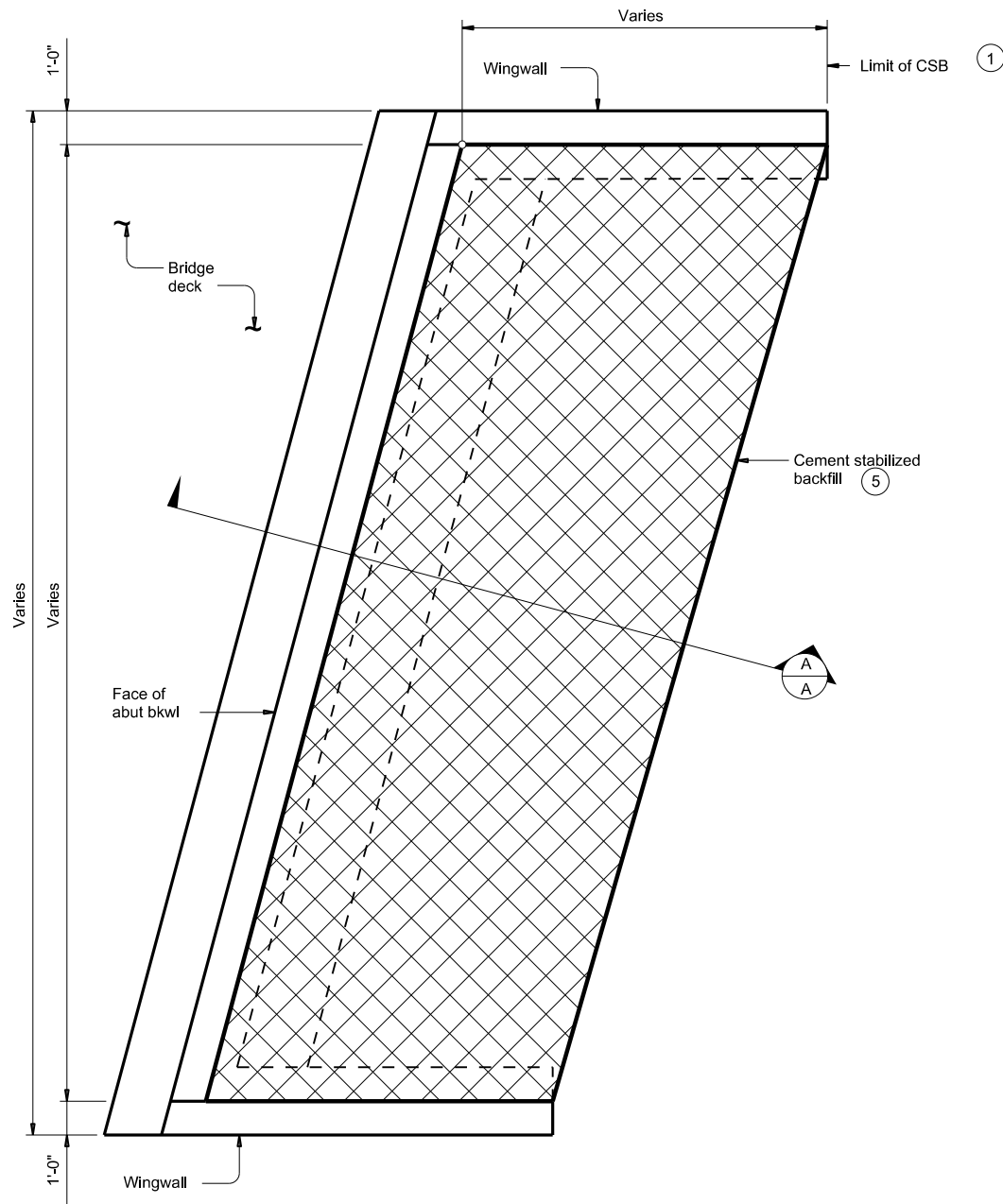
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



		Bridge Division Standard	
BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB			
ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT			
BAS-A			
FILE: basaste1-20.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		51

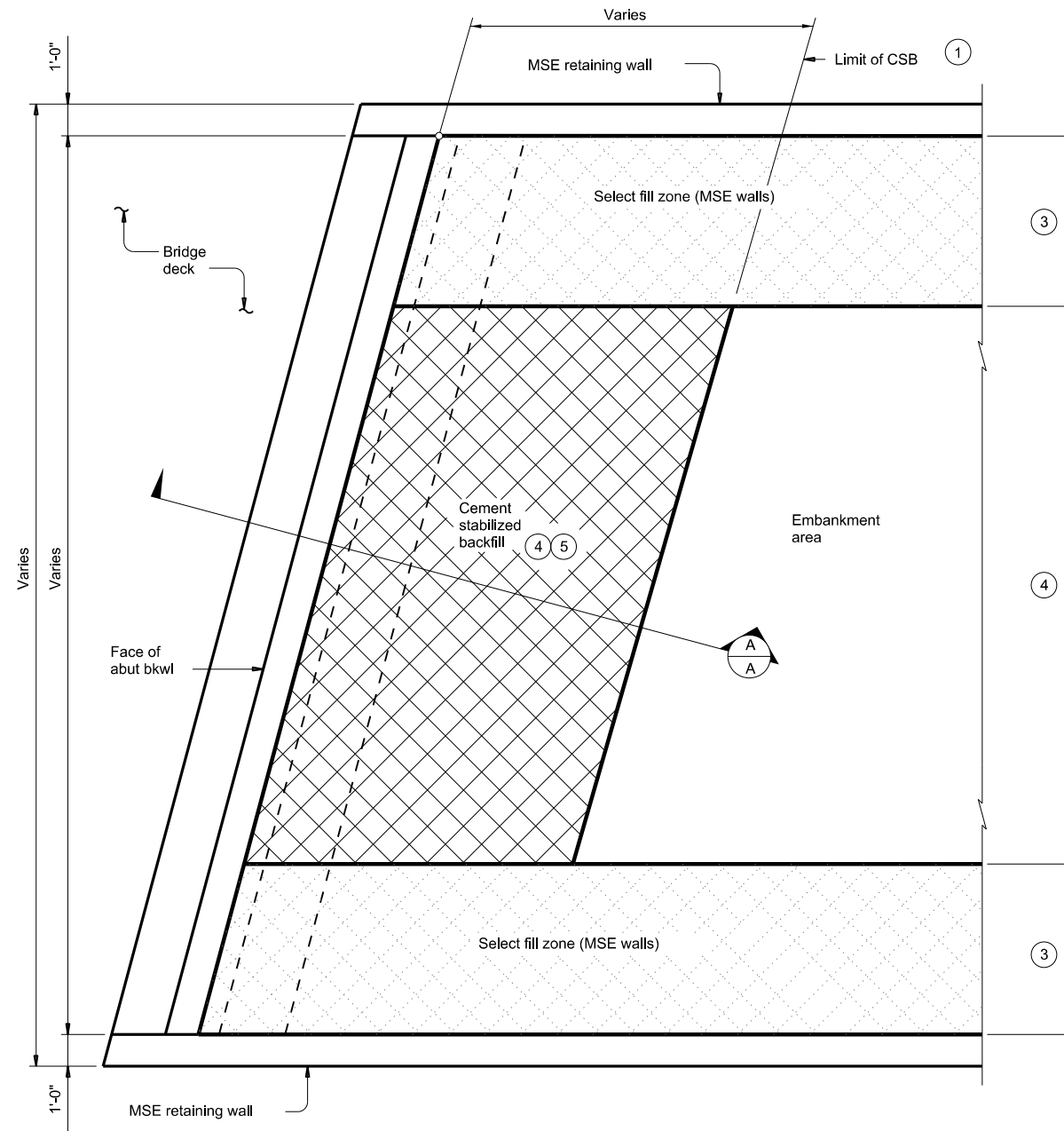
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DATE: 4/3/2023 7:06:54 PM
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OPTION 1 ~ PLAN WITH WINGWALLS

Cast-in-place retaining walls similar.



OPTION 1 ~ PLAN WITH MSE RETAINING WALLS

- ① Usual limit of Cement Stabilized Backfill is at end of wingwall. Extend CSB limits as required to maintain a slope no steeper than 1:1 at bottom of backfill.
- ② Bench backfill as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.
- ③ Where MSE retaining walls are present, adjust CSB limits to accommodate the select fill zone. See retaining wall details for additional information.
- ④ When distance between select fill zones is less than 5'-0", MSE select fill may be substituted for cement stabilized backfill with approval from the Engineer.
- ⑤ If shown in the plans, flowable backfill can be used as a substitute for cement stabilized backfill with the following constraints:
 - a). If flowable backfill is to be placed over MSE backfill, then a filter fabric will be placed over the MSE backfill prior to placement of the flowable fill; and
 - b). Place flowable fill in lifts not exceeding 2 feet in height. Place each successive lift when the previous lift has stiffened/hardened (i.e. has lost its flowability).

GENERAL NOTES:

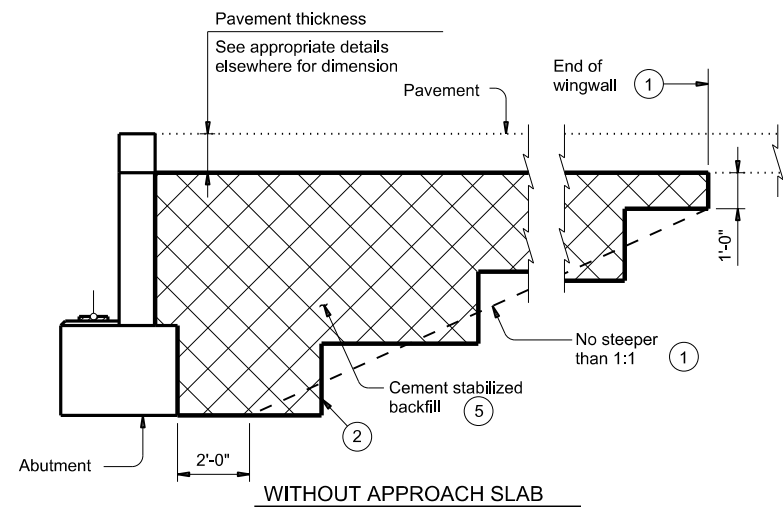
See the Bridge Layout for selected Option. Option 1 is intended for construction only requiring plasticity index (PI) controlled embankment fill or excavation in competent soils/rocks in order to construct the abutment. Option 2 is intended for new construction requiring high plasticity embankment fill with a PI greater than 30 or pavement built in poor native soil. Poor soils are defined as high plasticity clays or expansive clays.

Construct abutment backfill in accordance with Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Provide Cement Stabilized Backfill (CSB) meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.

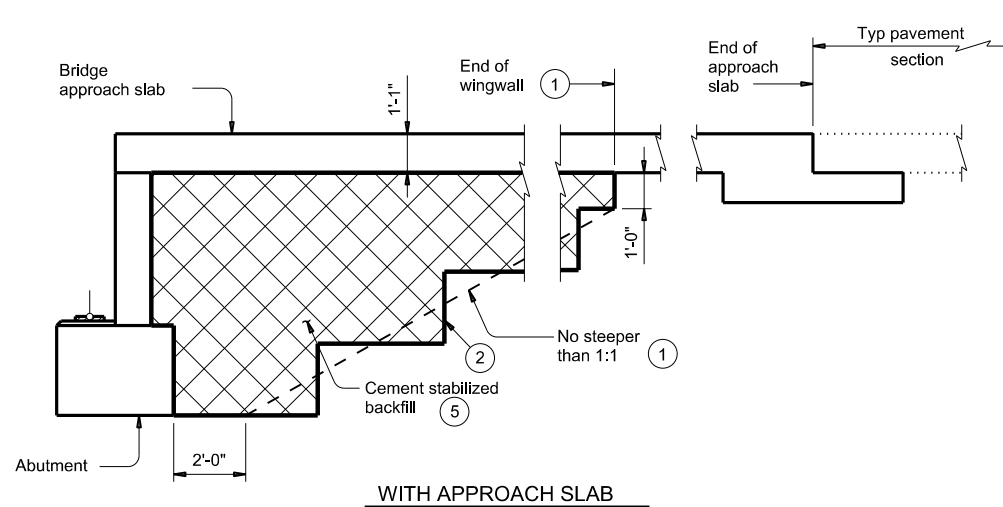
If required elsewhere in the plans, provide Flowable Backfill meeting the requirements of Item 401, "Flowable Backfill", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.

Details are drawn showing left forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.

These details do not apply when Concrete Block retaining walls are used in lieu of wingwalls.



WITHOUT APPROACH SLAB



SECTION A-A

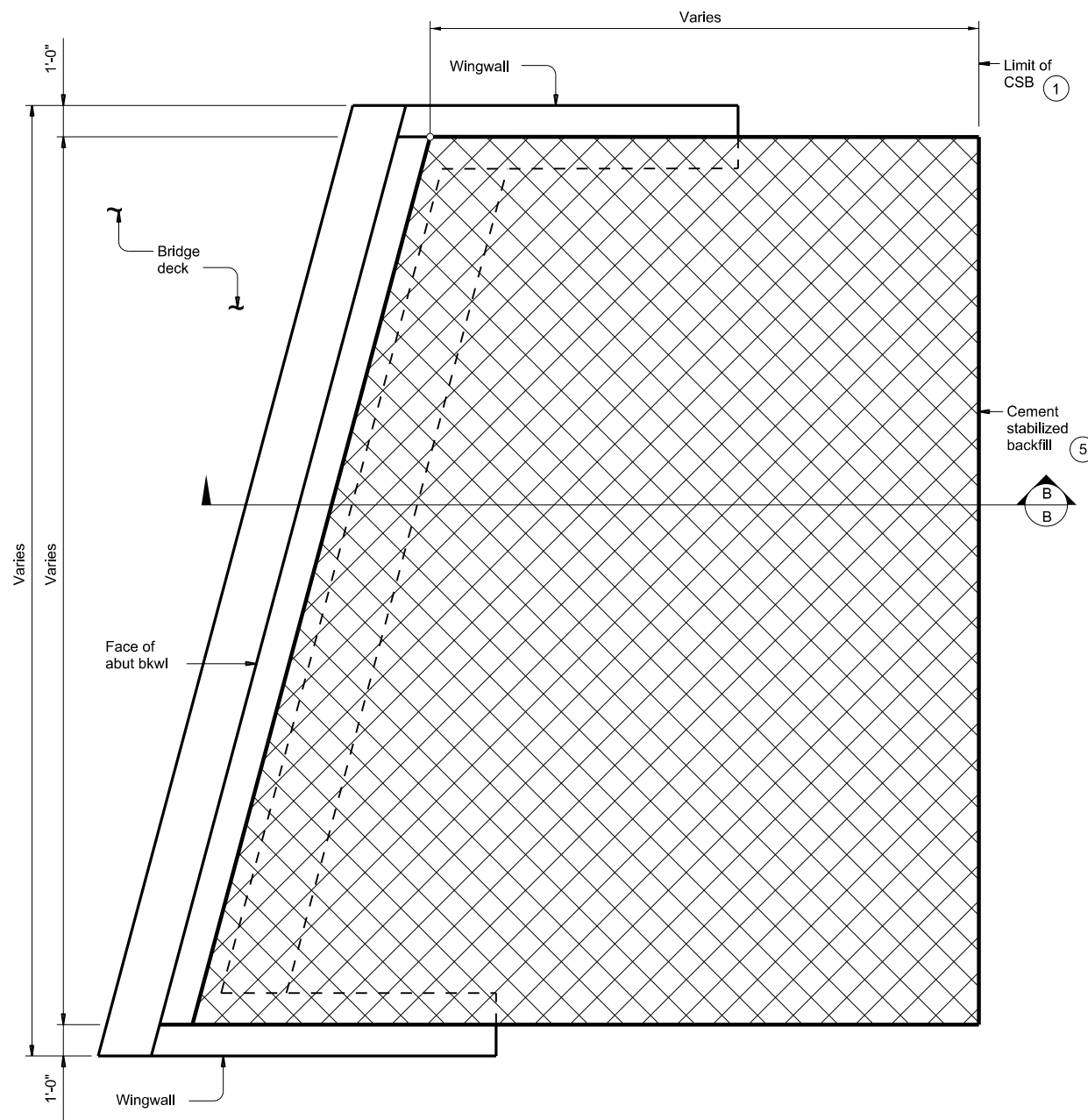
WITH APPROACH SLAB
 (Showing BAS-C, BAS-A similar.)

SHEET 1 OF 2

		Bridge Division Standard	
CEMENT STABILIZED ABUTMENT BACKFILL BRIDGE ABUTMENT			
CSAB			
FILE: MS-CSAB-23.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT
©TxDOT	REVISIONS	CONTRACT NO.	JOB NO.
02-20: Added Option 2.	0901 29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
03-23: Updated General Notes.	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	53

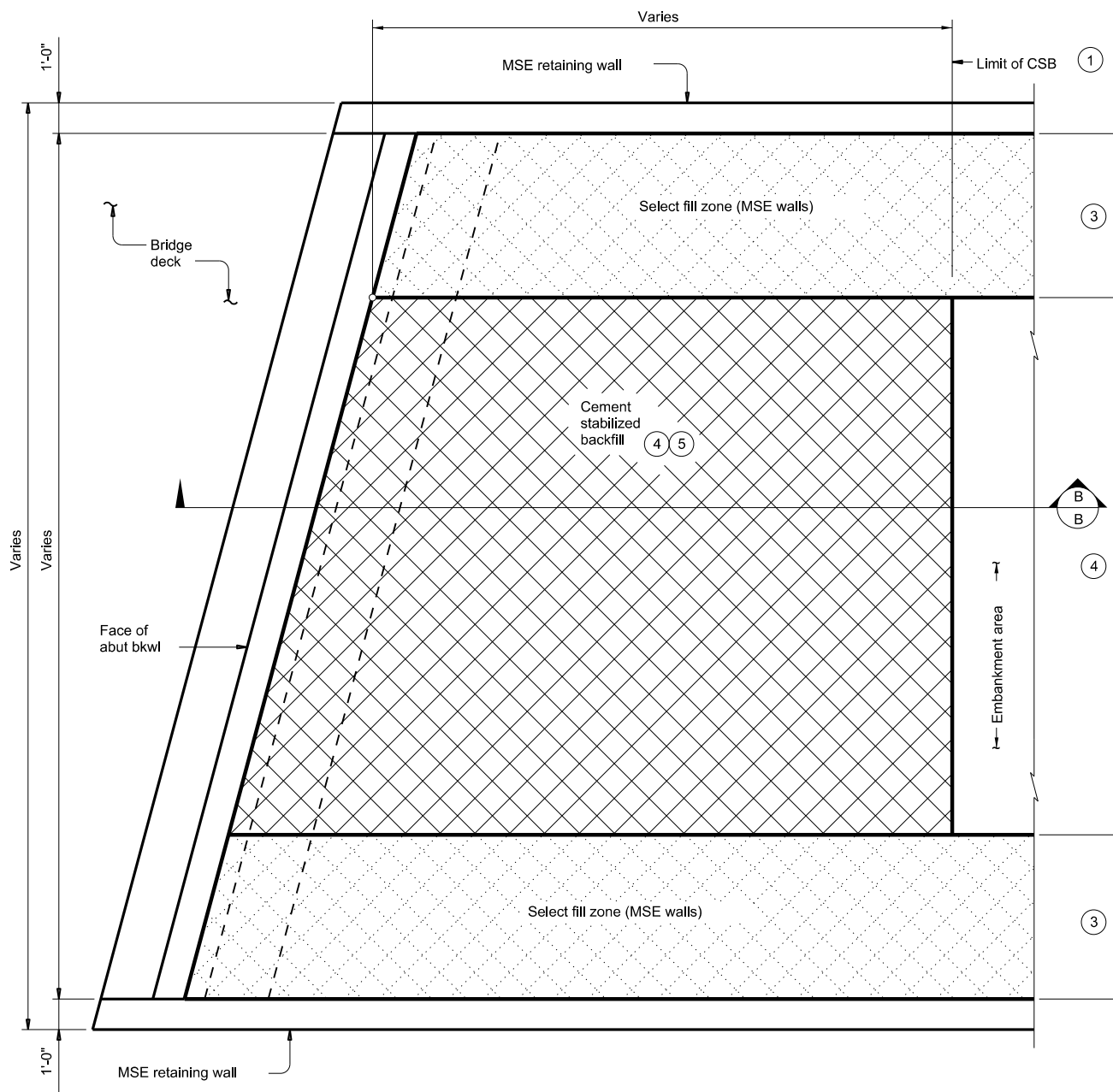
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DATE: 4/3/2023 7:06:55 PM
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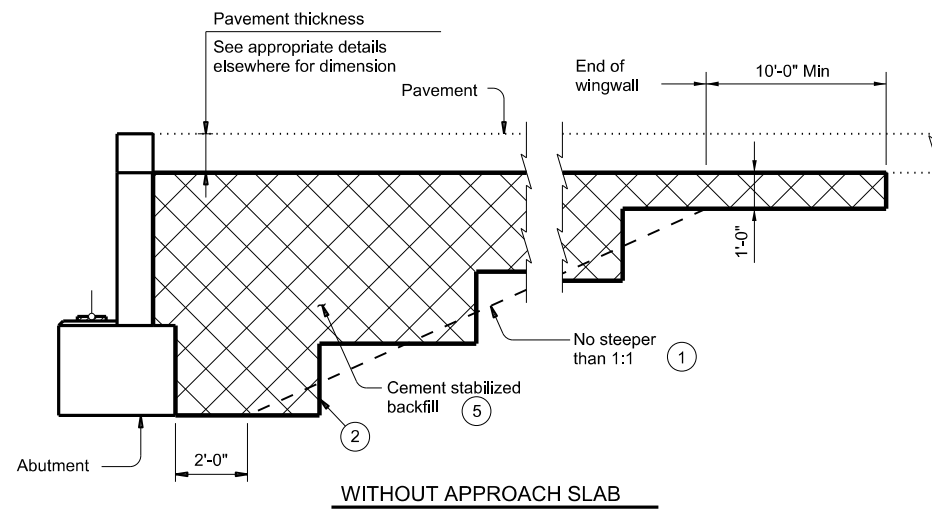
OPTION 2 ~ PLAN WITH WINGWALLS

Cast-in-place retaining walls similar.

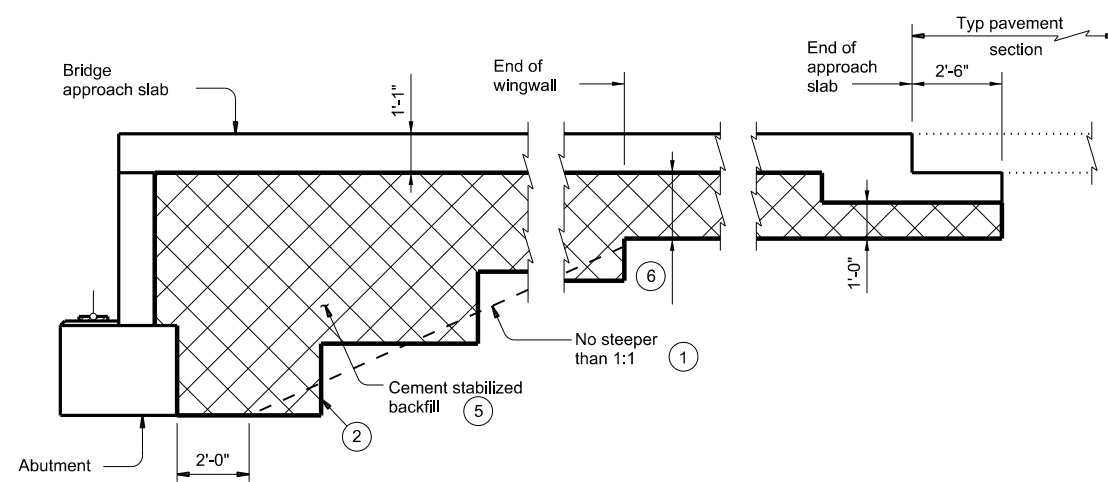


OPTION 2 ~ PLAN WITH MSE RETAINING WALLS

- ① Usual limit of Cement Stabilized Backfill is at end of wingwall. Extend CSB limits as required to maintain a slope no steeper than 1:1 at bottom of backfill.
- ② Bench backfill as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.
- ③ Where MSE retaining walls are present, adjust CSB limits to accommodate the select fill zone. See retaining wall details for additional information.
- ④ When distance between select fill zones is less than 5'-0", MSE select fill may be substituted for cement stabilized backfill with approval from the Engineer.
- ⑤ If shown in the plans, flowable backfill can be used as a substitute for cement stabilized backfill with the following constraints:
 - a). If flowable backfill is to be placed over MSE backfill, then a filter fabric will be placed over the MSE backfill prior to placement of the flowable fill; and
 - b). Place flowable fill in lifts not exceeding 2 feet in height. Place each successive lift when the previous lift has stiffened/hardened (i.e. has lost its flowability).
- ⑥ 1'-0" for BAS-A
1'-10" for BAS-C



WITHOUT APPROACH SLAB



SECTION B-B

WITH APPROACH SLAB
 (Showing BAS-C, BAS-A similar.)

SHEET 2 OF 2



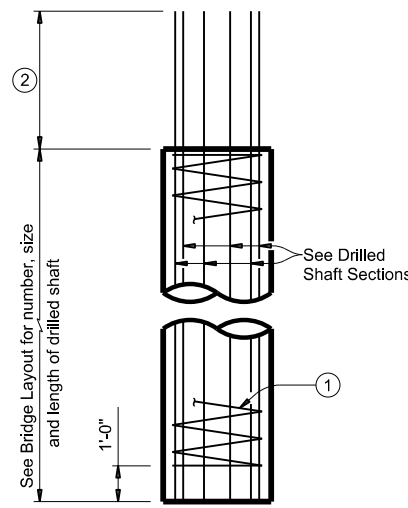
**CEMENT STABILIZED
 ABUTMENT BACKFILL
 BRIDGE ABUTMENT**

CSAB

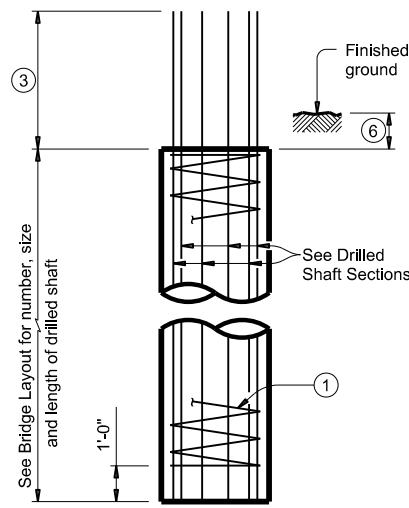
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©TxDOT	CON: 0901	SECT: 29	JOB: 092, Etc.	HIGHWAY: CR, Etc.
REVISIONS	DIST: PAR	COUNTY: Lamar, Etc.	SHEET NO. 54	
02-20: Added Option 2. 03-23: Updated General Notes.				

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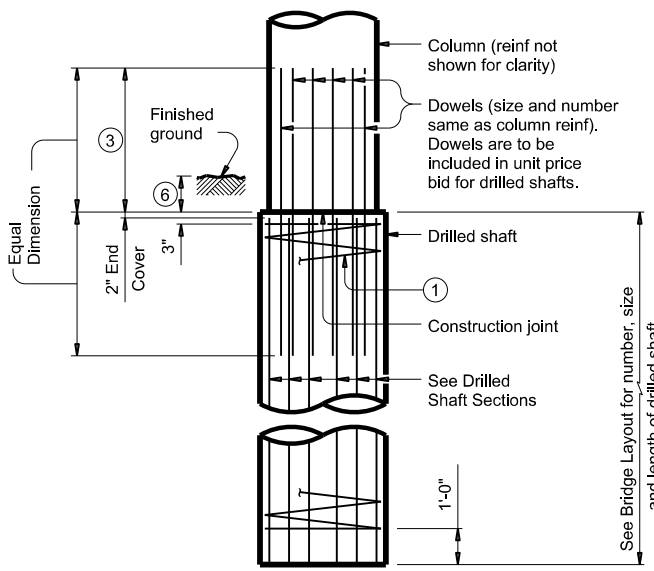
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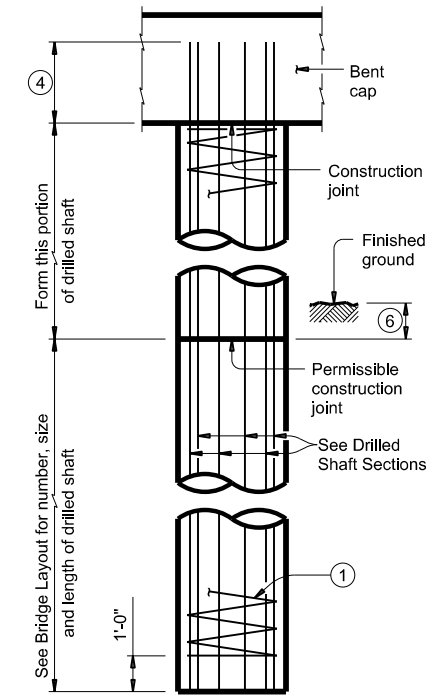
ABUTMENTS, WINGWALLS AND MULTI-DRILLED SHAFT FOOTINGS



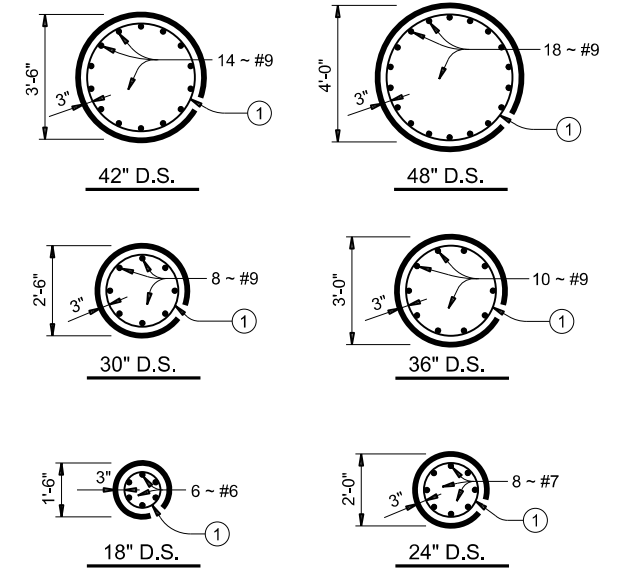
INTERIOR BENTS DRILLED SHAFT DIA EQUAL TO COLUMN DIA



INTERIOR BENTS DRILLED SHAFT DIA GREATER THAN COLUMN DIA



OPTIONAL INTERIOR BENT DRILLED SHAFT DETAIL

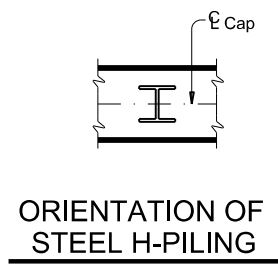


DRILLED SHAFT SECTIONS

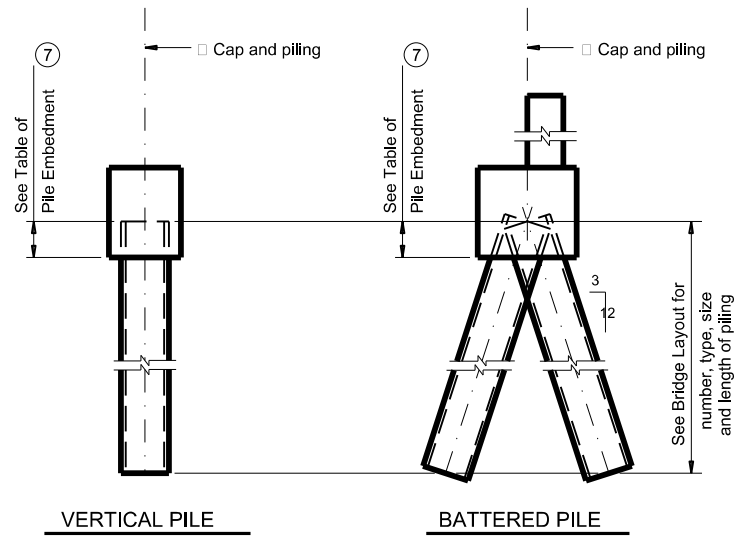
DRILLED SHAFT DETAILS

TABLE OF PILE EMBEDMENT	
Pile Type	Embedment Depth (Ft)
16" Sq Concrete 18" Sq Concrete HP14 Steel HP16 Steel	1'-0"
20" Sq Concrete 24" Sq Concrete HP18 Steel	1'-6"

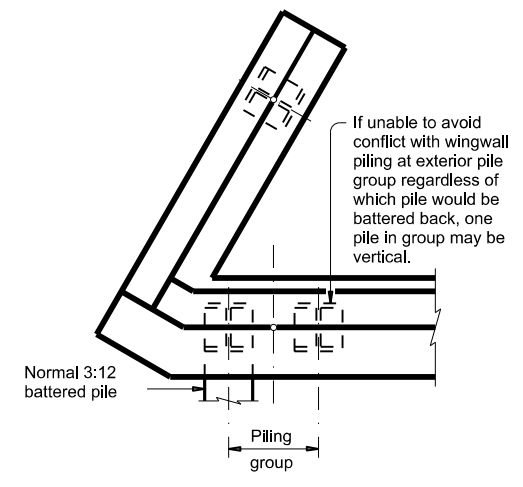
See Prestressed Concrete Piling (CP) standard for additional details on concrete pile embedment.



ORIENTATION OF STEEL H-PILING

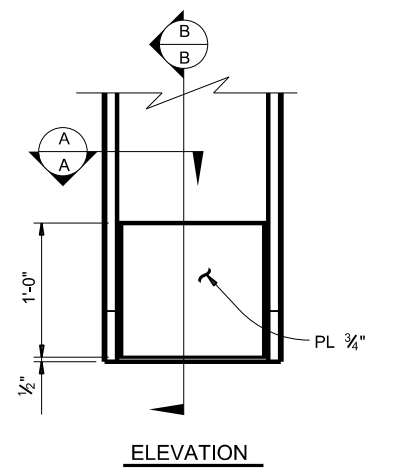


PILING DETAILS
(Concrete or steel H)

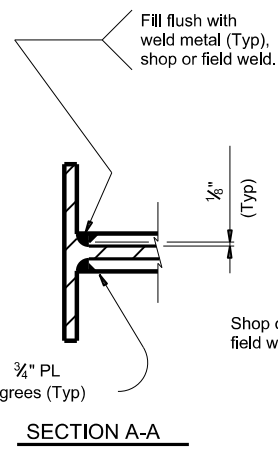


DETAIL "A"
(Showing plan view of a 30° skewed abutment)

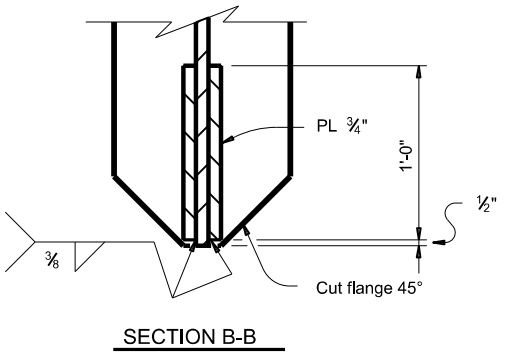
- ① #3 spiral at 6" pitch (one and a half flat turns top and bottom).
- ② Min extension into supported element:
#6 Bars = 1'-11"
#7 Bars = 2'-0"
#9 Bars = 2'-3"
- ③ Min lap with column reinf:
#7 Bars = 2'-11"
#9 Bars = 3'-9"
#11 Bars = 4'-8"
- ④ Min extension into supported element:
#6 Bars = 1'-11"
#7 Bars = 2'-3"
#9 Bars = 2'-9"
- ⑤ Drilled shafts may extend to the bottom of bent caps for "H" heights of 6 ft and less (as shown on the Bridge Layout), if approved. This option can only be used when the drilled shaft diameter equals the column diameter. Obtain approval of the forming method above the ground line prior to construction. No adjustments in payment will be made if this option is used.
- ⑥ 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- ⑦ Or as shown on plans.



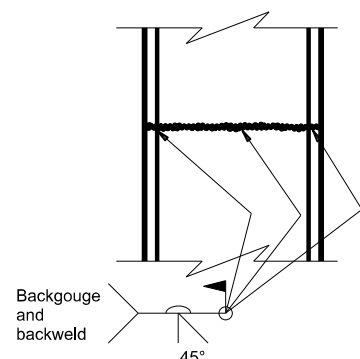
ELEVATION



SECTION A-A

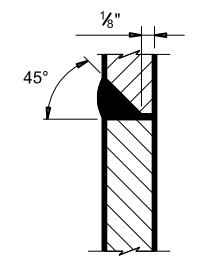


SECTION B-B



STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL

Use when required.



SECTION THRU FLANGE OR WEB

STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT

See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement is required and for options to the details shown.

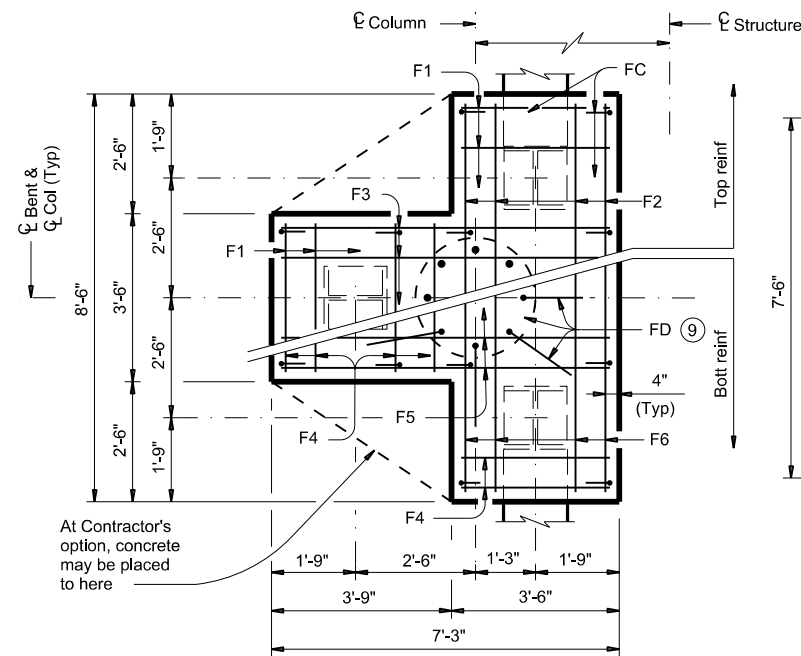
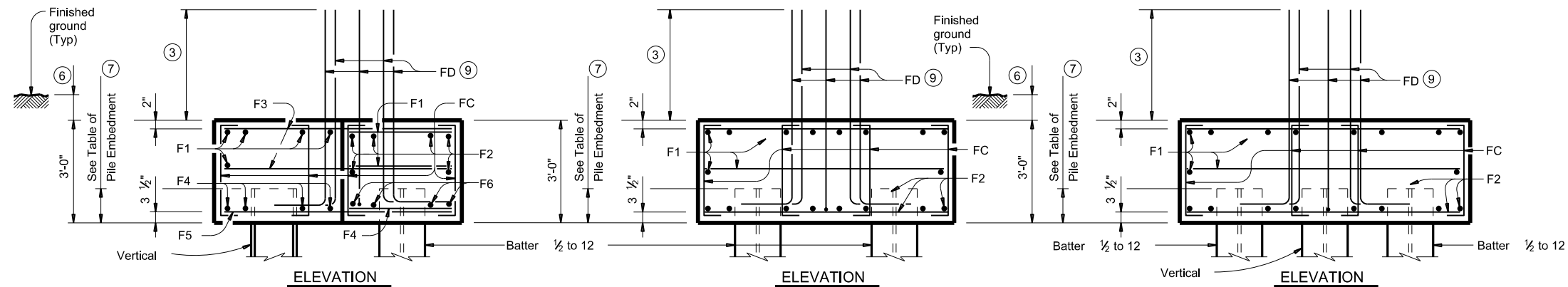
SHEET 1 OF 2

		Bridge Division Standard	
COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS			
FD			
FILE: fdsde01-20.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT
©TxDOT April 2019	CON: TxDOT	SECT: TxDOT	JOB: TxDOT
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST: PAR	COUNTY: Lamar, Etc.	SHEET NO.: 55

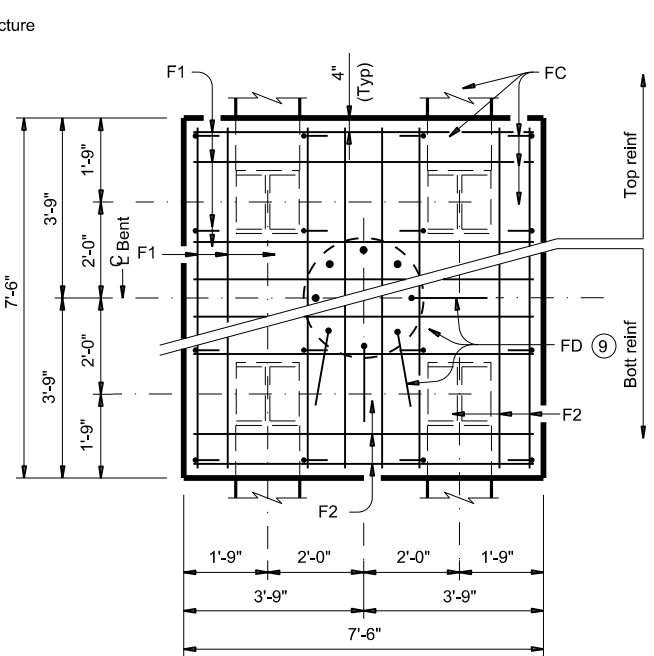
DATE: 4/3/2023 7:06:57 PM
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DISCLAIMER:

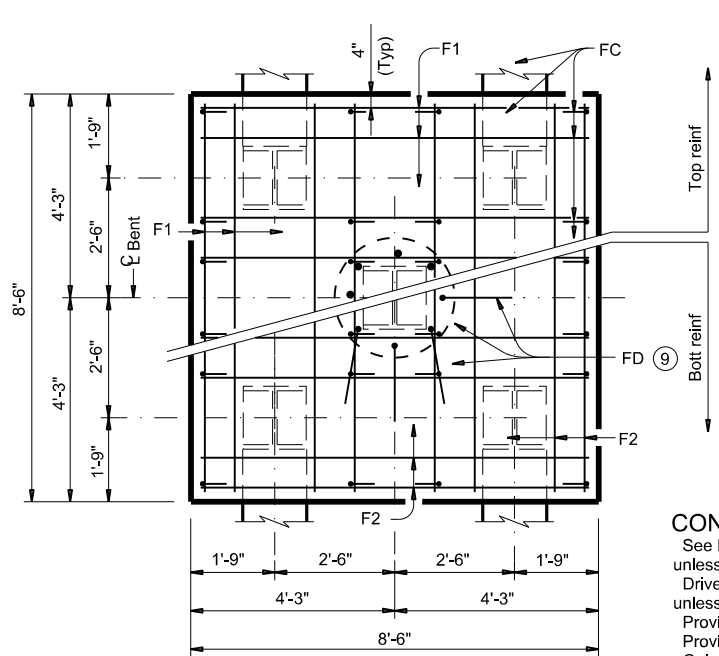
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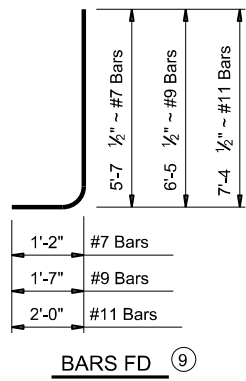
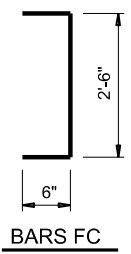
THREE PILE FOOTING ⑧
 For 36" Dia and smaller columns.



FOUR PILE FOOTING ⑧
 For 42" Dia and smaller columns.



FIVE PILE FOOTING ⑧
 For 42" Dia and smaller columns.



- ③ Min lap with column reinforcing:
 #7 Bars = 2'-11"
 #9 Bars = 3'-9"
 #11 Bars = 4'-8"
- ⑥ 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- ⑦ Or as shown on plans.
- ⑧ See Bridge Layout for type, size and length of piling.
- ⑨ Number and size of FD bars must match column reinforcing. Tie FD bars to the top of the bottom reinforcing mat.
- ⑩ Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

TABLE OF FOOTING QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS

ONE 3 PILE FOOTING					
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight	
F1	11	#4	3'- 2"	23	
F2	6	#4	8'- 2"	33	
F3	6	#4	6'- 11"	28	
F4	8	#9	3'- 2"	86	
F5	4	#9	6'- 11"	94	
F6	4	#9	8'- 2"	111	
FC	12	#4	3'- 6"	28	
FD ⑩	8	#9	8'- 1"	220	
Reinforcing Steel				Lb	623
Class "C" Concrete				CY	4.8
ONE 4 PILE FOOTING					
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight	
F1	20	#4	7'- 2"	96	
F2	16	#8	7'- 2"	306	
FC	16	#4	3'- 6"	37	
FD ⑩	8	#9	8'- 1"	220	
Reinforcing Steel				Lb	659
Class "C" Concrete				CY	6.3
ONE 5 PILE FOOTING					
Bar	No.	Size	Length	Weight	
F1	20	#4	8'- 2"	109	
F2	16	#9	8'- 2"	444	
FC	24	#4	3'- 6"	56	
FD ⑩	8	#9	8'- 1"	220	
Reinforcing Steel				Lb	829
Class "C" Concrete				CY	8.0

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
 See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.
 Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.
 Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise.
 Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
 Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.
 Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:
 Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6"
 Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11"
 Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

GENERAL NOTES:
 Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.
 Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:
 Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall, noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.
 Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.
 Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
 72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
 80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
 100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns
 120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2



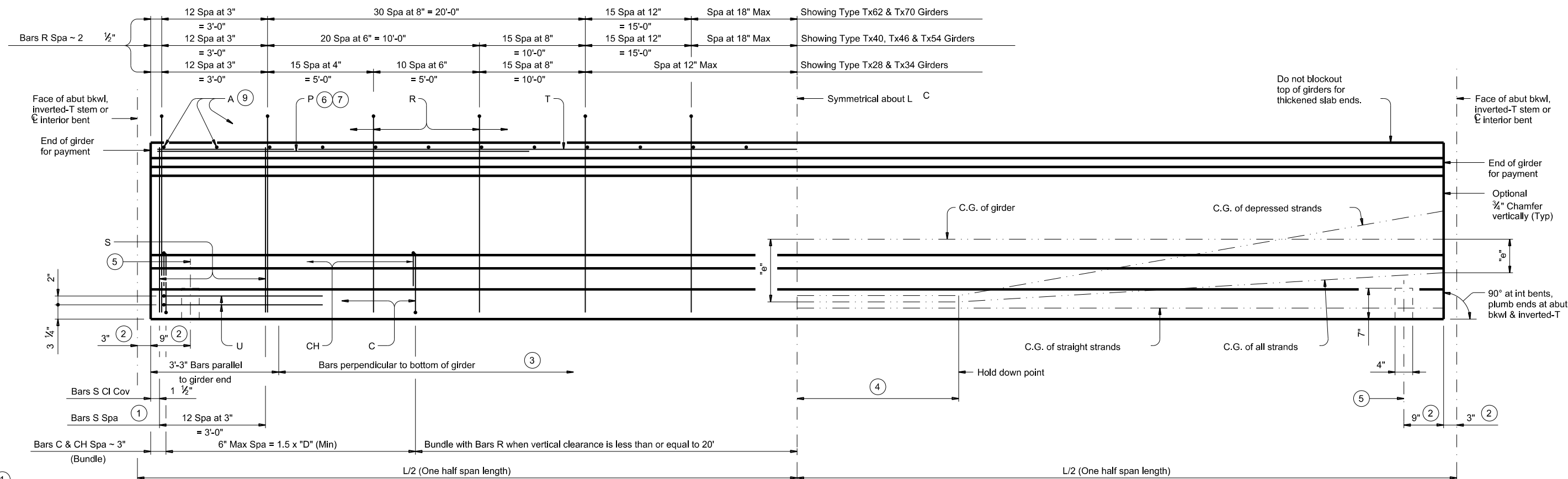
COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS

FD

FILE: fdsIde01-20.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT	CON: April 2019	SECT:	JOB:	HIGHWAY:
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST: PAR	COUNTY: Lamar, Etc.	SHEET NO.:	56

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- ① Bundle with Bars R.
- ② Measured along \square Girder at interior bents; perpendicular to abutment bkwl or inverted-T stem.
- ③ The average of the top and bottom spacing of Bars R cannot exceed the required spacing.
- ④ L/20, but not less than 5'-0" (-0,+2').

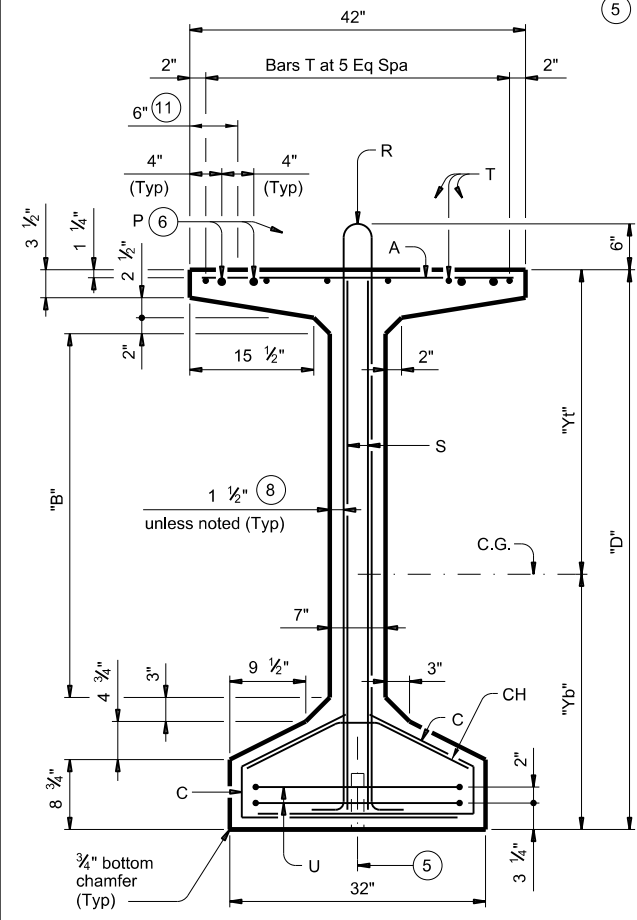
GIRDER ELEVATION

- ⑥ Bars P (#6 x 15'-0") required in Tx62 and Tx70 girders. At the fabricator's option bars larger than #6 may be used. When L is less than 50 ft, Bars P are to be the same length as Bars T.
- ⑦ Bars P (#6 x 15'-0") are only required in Tx28, Tx34, Tx40, Tx46, and Tx54 girders when "e" at girder ends exceeds 0.25 x "D". At the fabricator's option bars larger than #6 may be used. When L is less than 50 ft, Bars P are to be the same length as Bars T.
- ⑧ 1 3/8" Clear Cover to Bars S.
- ⑨ Space Bars A at 6" Max for girders requiring overhang bracket hangers. Space at 12" Max for all other girders. Tie to Bars R as necessary. See standard IGMS for "Deck Forming Notes".
- ⑩ Based on 155 pcf total weight of concrete and reinforcing steel.
- ⑪ Smooth trowel finish on the slab overhang side of exterior girder.

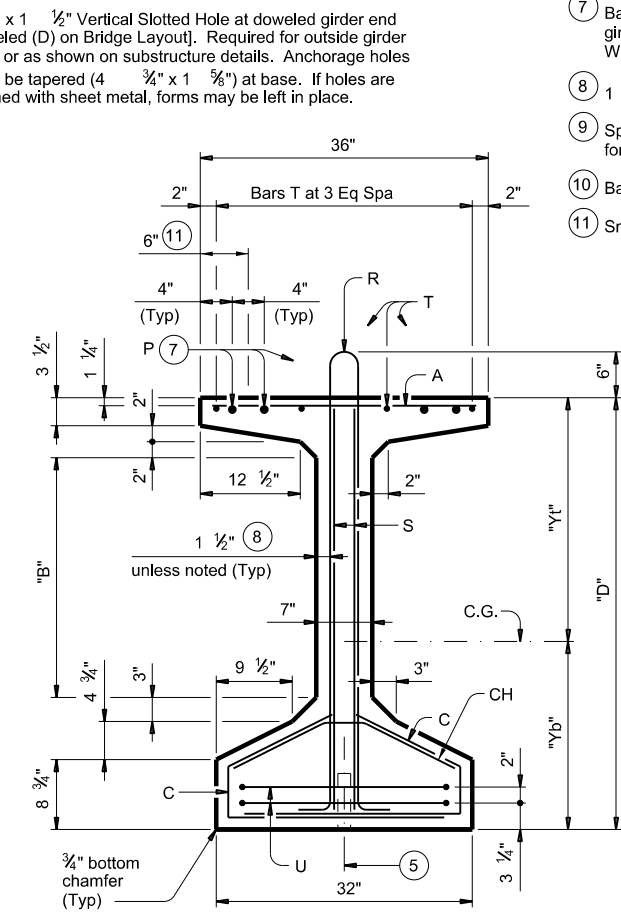
GIRDER DIMENSIONS AND SECTION PROPERTIES								
Girder Type	"D" (in.)	"B" (in.)	"Yt" (in.)	"Yb" (in.)	Area (in. ²)	"Ix" (in. ⁴)	"Iy" (in. ⁴)	Weight (10) (plf)
Tx28	28	6	15.02	12.98	585	52,772	40,559	630
Tx34	34	12	18.49	15.51	627	88,355	40,731	675
Tx40	40	18	21.90	18.10	669	134,990	40,902	720
Tx46	46	22	25.90	20.10	761	198,089	46,478	819
Tx54	54	30	30.49	23.51	817	299,740	46,707	880
Tx62	62	37 1/2"	33.72	28.28	910	463,072	57,351	980
Tx70	70	45 1/2"	38.09	31.91	966	628,747	57,579	1,040

GENERAL NOTES:
 Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
 Provide Class H concrete.
 Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
 An equal area of deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars A, C, R or T unless otherwise noted.
 It is permissible for bars or strands to come in contact with materials used in forming anchor holes.
 When vertical clearance of the span is less than or equal to 20', provide additional Bars C and CH in every girder of that span.

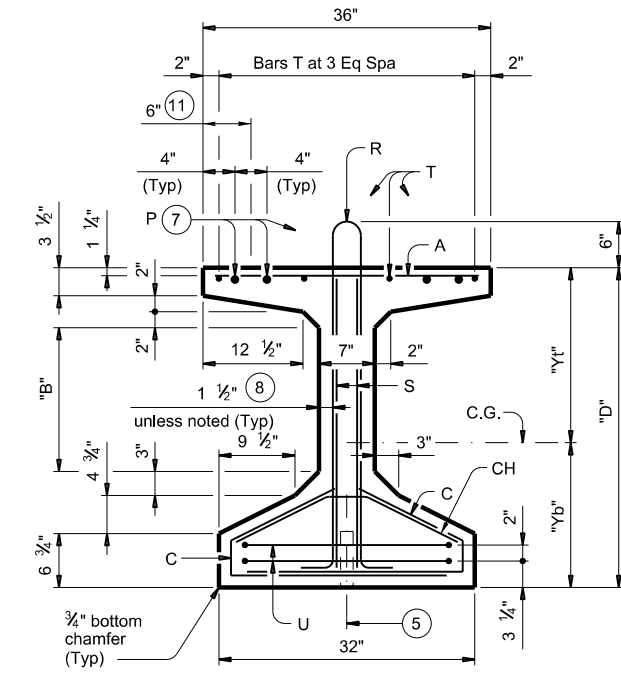
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.
 Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.



TYPE Tx62 & Tx70



TYPE Tx46 & Tx54



TYPE Tx28, Tx34 & Tx40

HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2



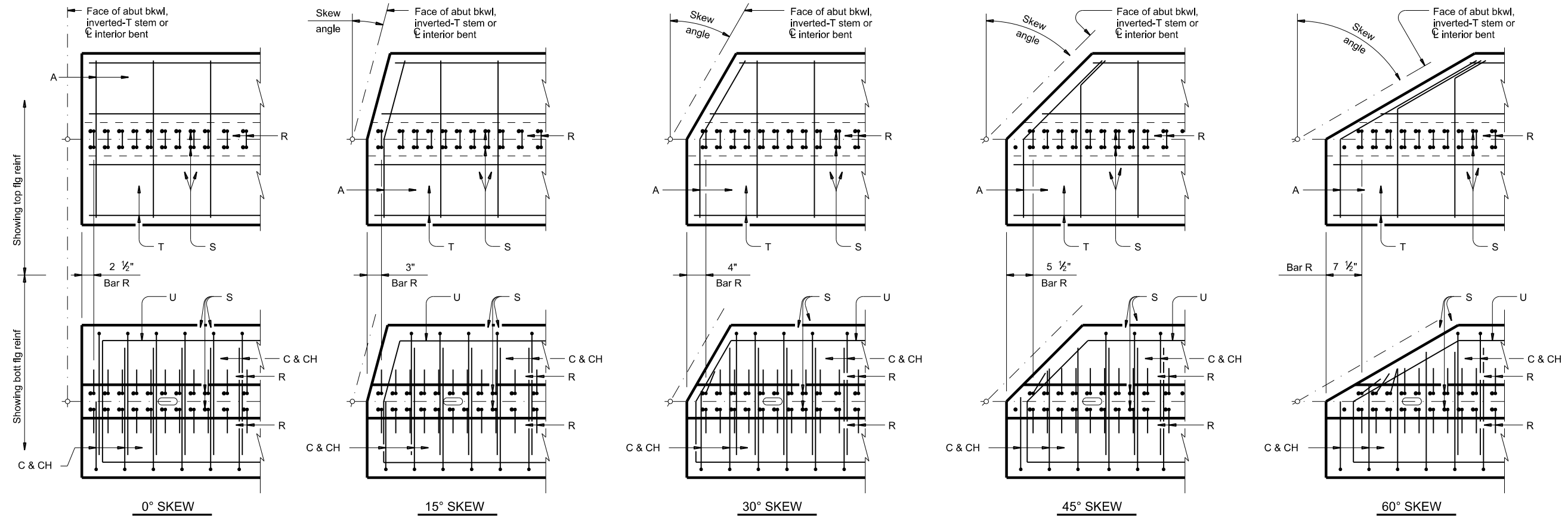
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER DETAILS

IGD

FILE: IG-IGD-23.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: JMH	DW: JTR	CK: TAR
©TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
10-19: Added Bars C and CH full length for VC=20'	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
3-23: Clarified C and CH requirement	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.		57

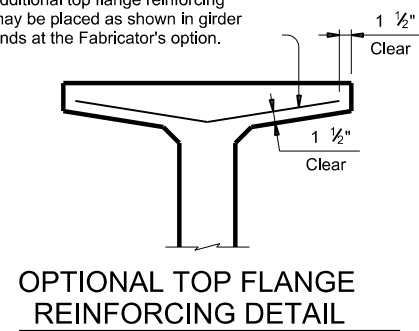
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

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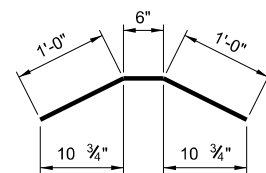


PLAN OF GIRDER ENDS (12)

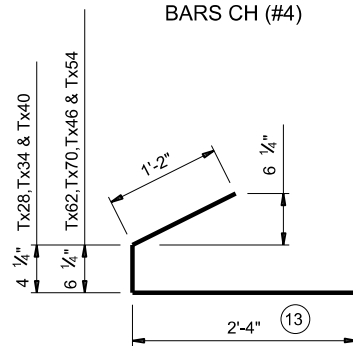
To control top flange cracking that may occur during form removal, additional top flange reinforcing may be placed as shown in girder ends at the Fabricator's option.



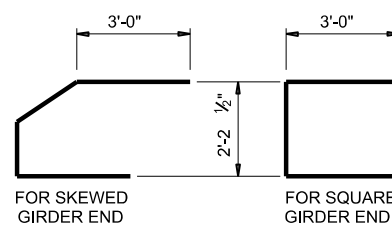
OPTIONAL TOP FLANGE REINFORCING DETAIL



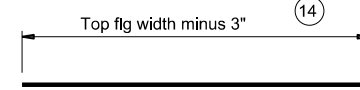
BARS CH (#4)



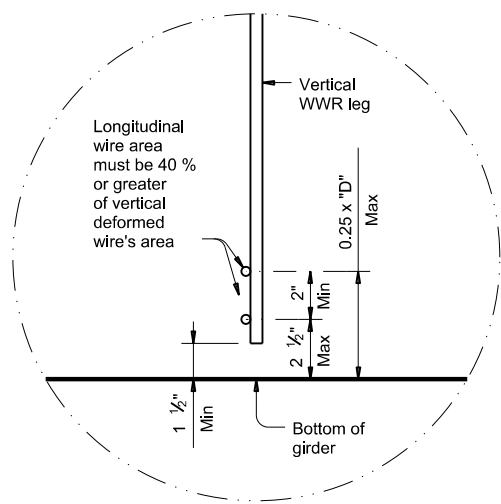
BARS C (#4)



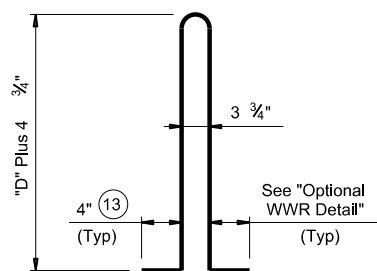
BARS U (#5)



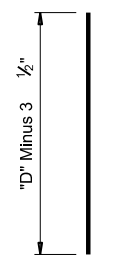
BARS A (#3)



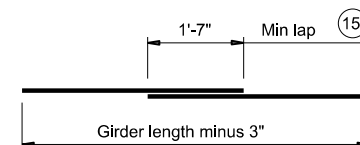
OPTIONAL WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT (WWR) DETAIL



BARS R (#4)



BARS S (#6)



BARS T (#4)

- (12) Reinforcing patterns shown are provided as guides to determine reinforcement placement in skewed ends. Place Bars S as close to girder end as cover requirements permit, which may prevent them to be bundled with Bars R.
- (13) Bars may be cut or bent at skewed end as required.
- (14) Increase as necessary for bars at skewed end.
- (15) No portion of bar less than 10 ft.
- (16) For Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) option, area of Bars R may be reduced in proportion to the increase in reinforcement yield strength over 60 ksi. Yield strength of WWR is limited to 75 ksi.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 2



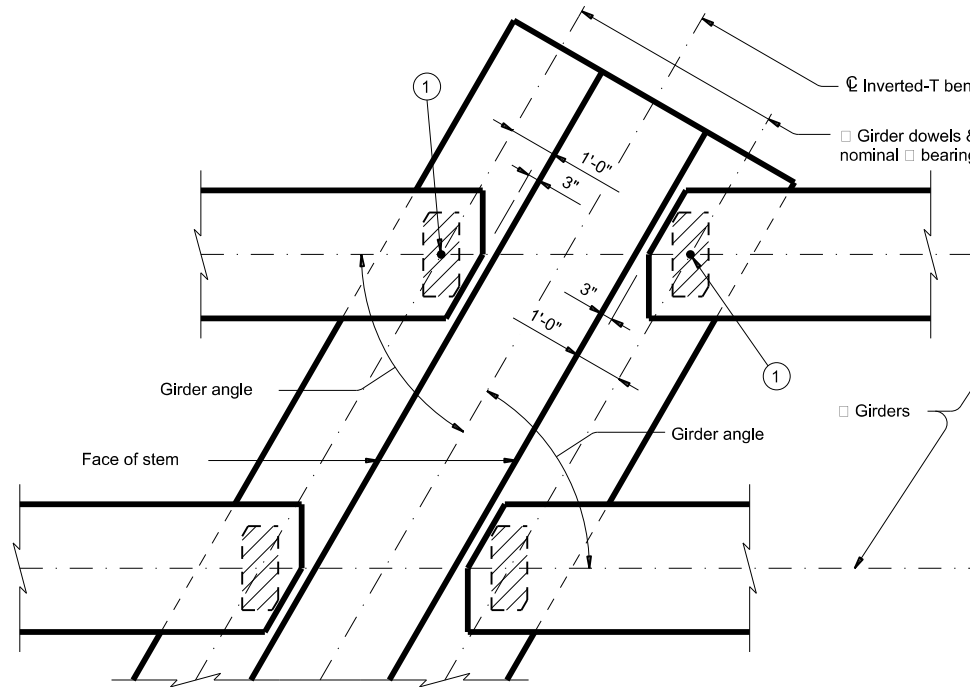
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER DETAILS

IGD

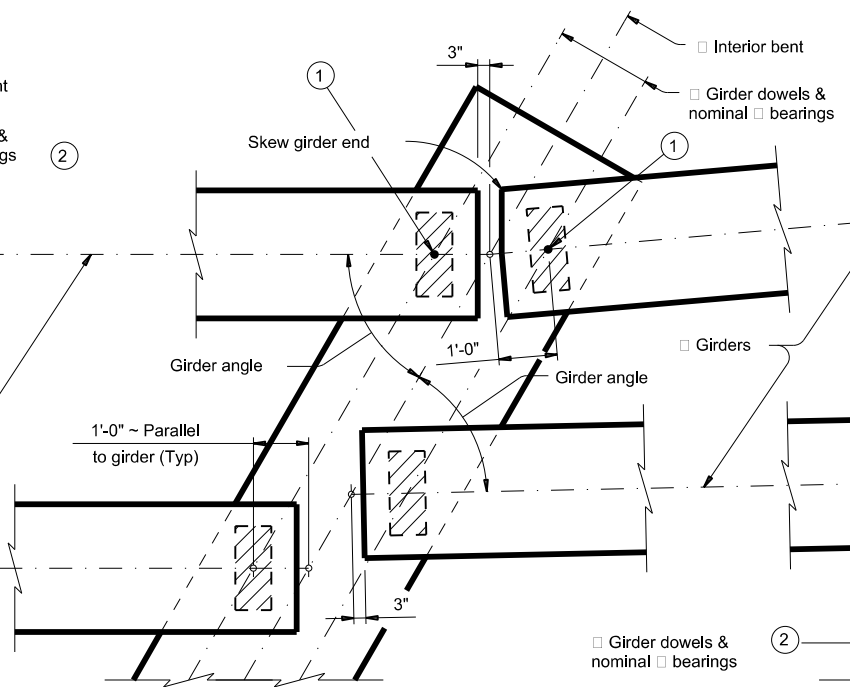
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©TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
10-19: Added Bars C and CH full length for VC=20'	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
3-23: Clarified C and CH requirement	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	58	

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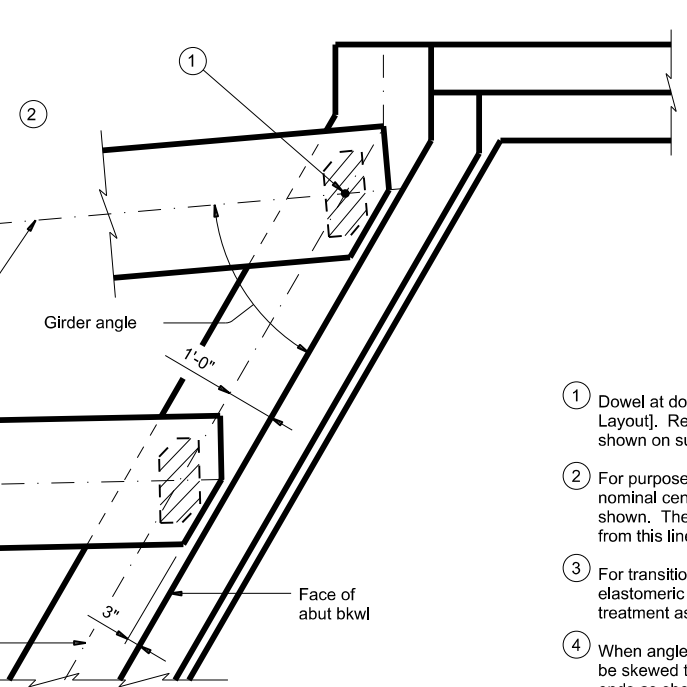
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AT INVERTED-T BENT W/SKEW

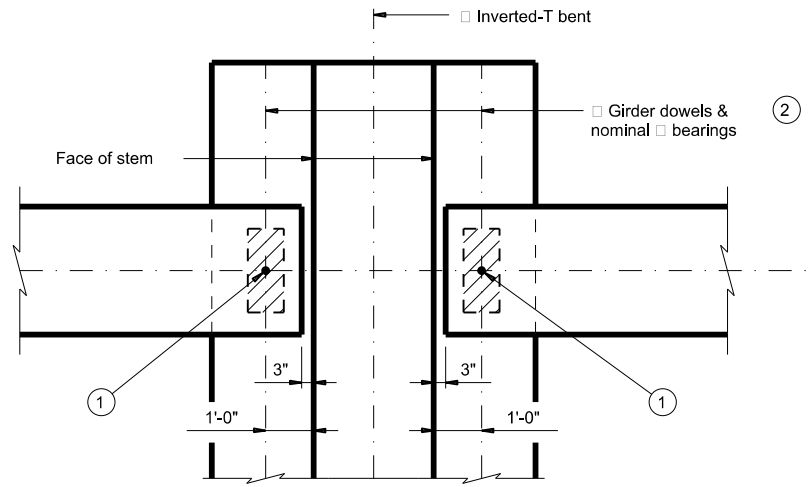


AT CONVENTIONAL INTERIOR BENT W/SKEW

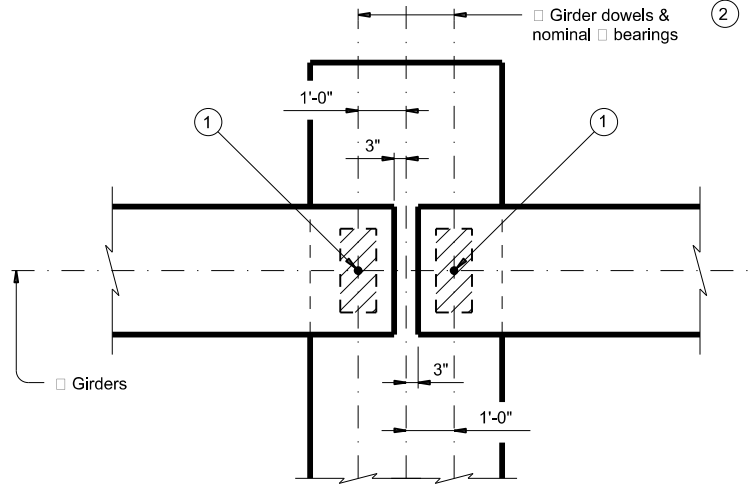


AT ABUTMENT W/SKEW

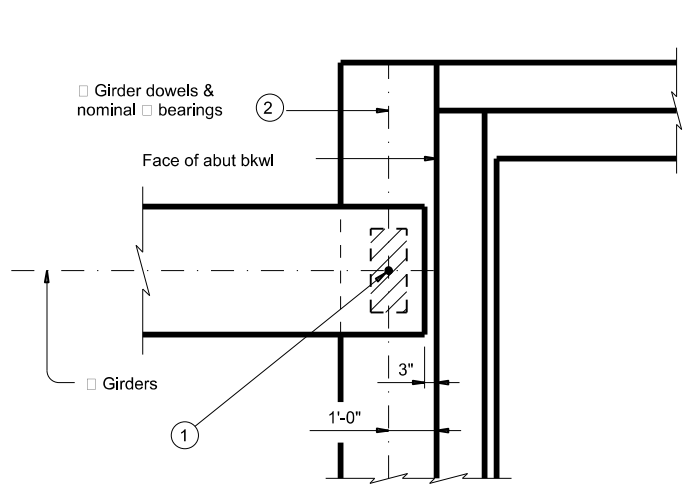
- ① Dowel at doweled girder end [labeled (D) on Bridge Layout]. Required for outside girder only or as shown on substructure details.
- ② For purposes of computing bearing seat elevations, nominal centerline of bearing must be defined as shown. The actual center of bearing pad may vary from this line.
- ③ For transition bents with backwall, girder and elastomeric bearings must receive the same treatment as shown for abutments.
- ④ When angle exceeds 0°, one or both girders ends must be skewed to maintain the clearance between girder ends as shown in view.
- ⑤ See Table of Bearing Pad Dimensions for bearing size. Girder end skew angles in Table not applicable for this situation. Table reflects girder conflicts of this type on radial bents only.



AT INVERTED-T BENT



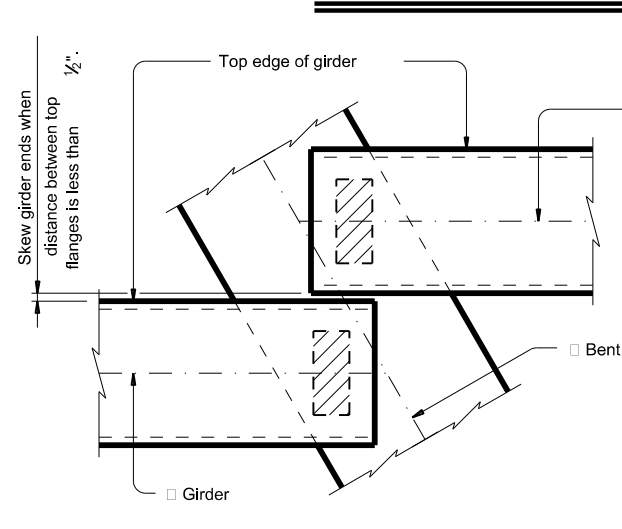
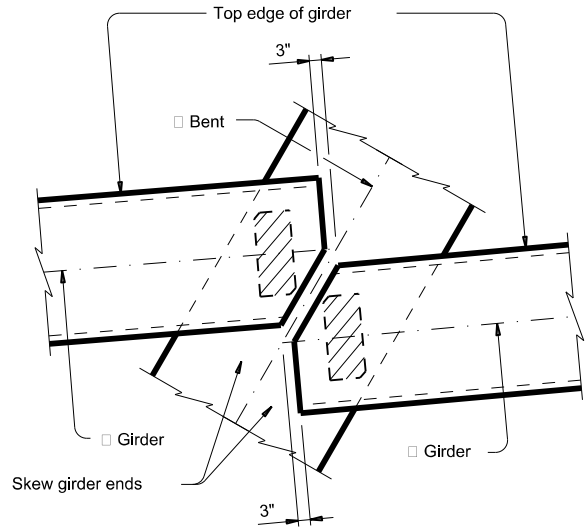
AT CONVENTIONAL INTERIOR BENT



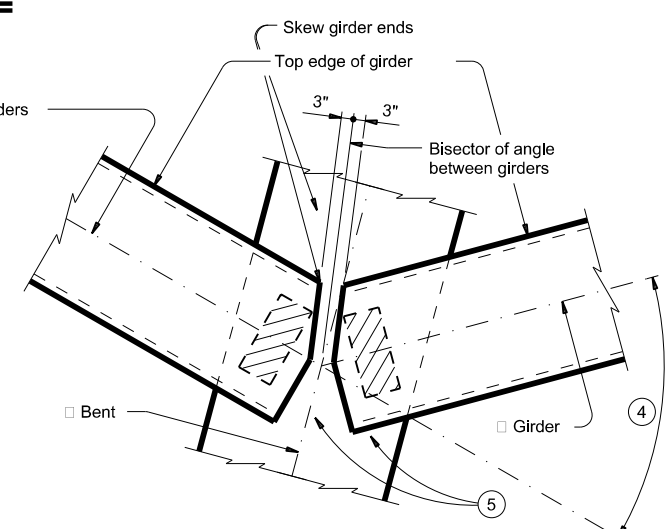
AT ABUTMENT

GIRDER END DETAILS

GENERAL NOTES:
 These details accommodate skew angles up to 60°. Shop drawings for approval are required. A bearing layout which identifies location and orientation of all bearings must be developed by the bearing fabricator. Permanently mark each bearing in accordance with the bearing layout. A copy of the bearing layout is to be provided to the Engineer. Cost of furnishing and installing elastomeric bearings, including beveled and embedded steel plates, must be included in unit price bid for "Prestressed Concrete Girders".



GIRDER CONFLICT DETAILS



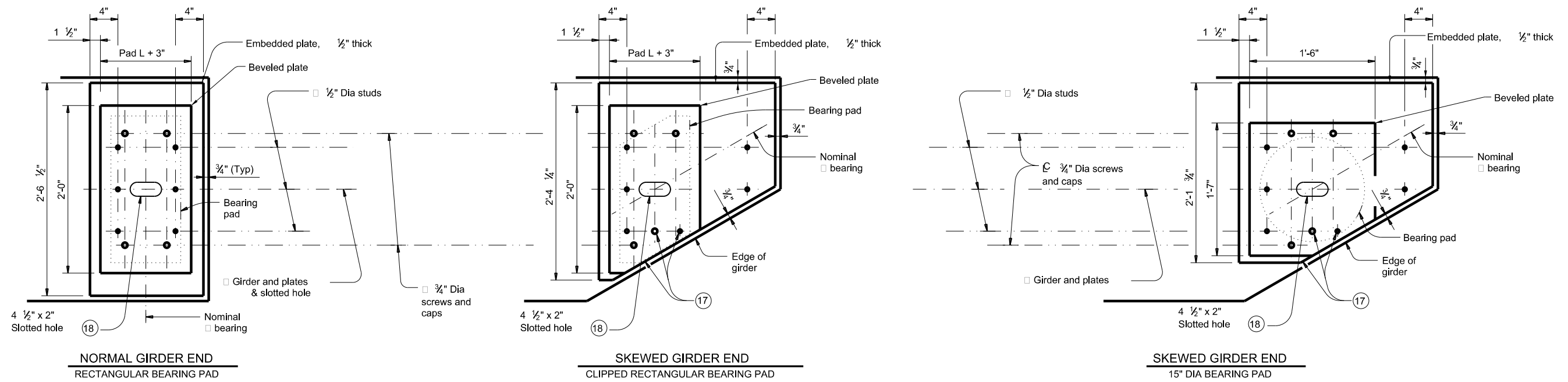
ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS
 PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

IGEB

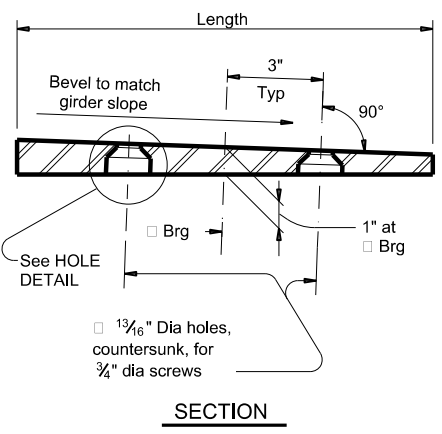
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©TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		59	

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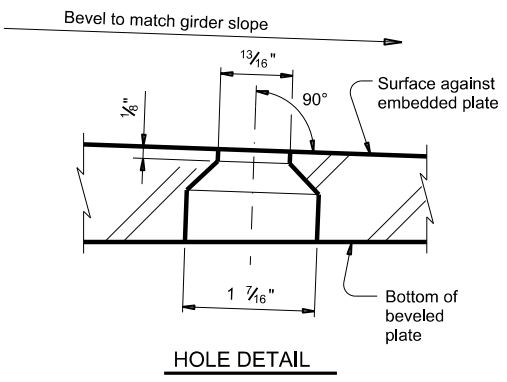
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PLAN VIEW OF SOLE PLATE DETAILS

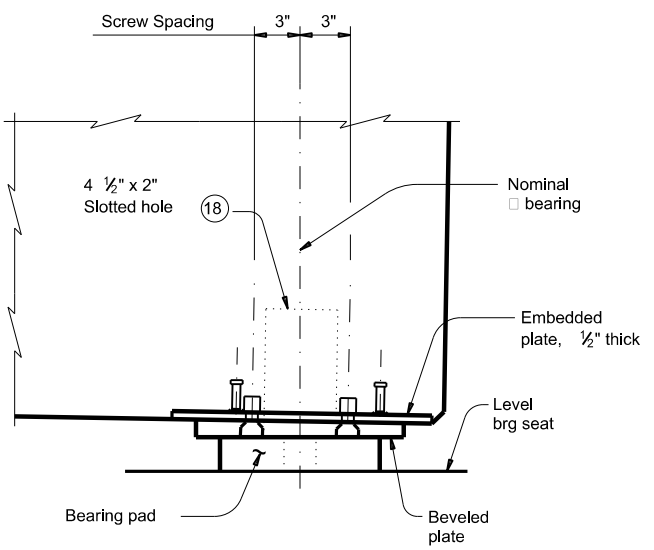


BEVELED PLATE DETAILS

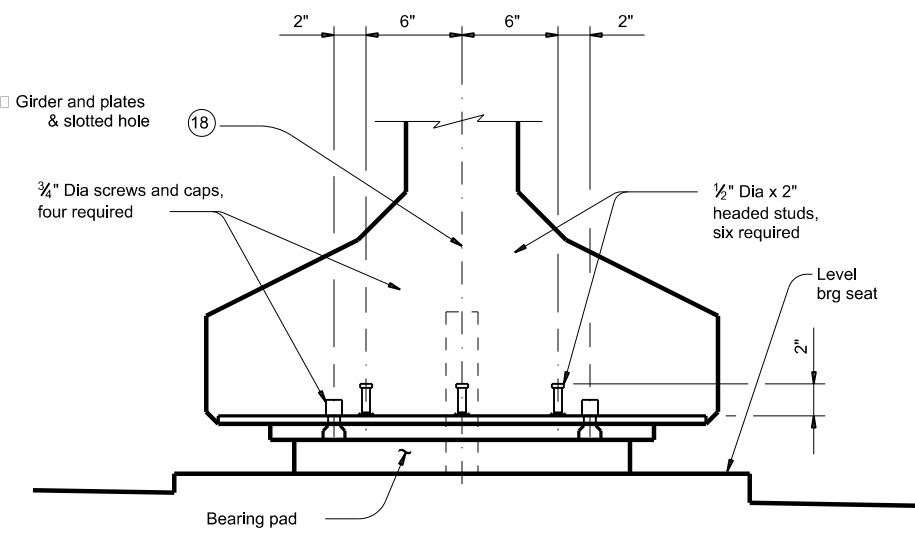


HOLE DETAIL

- 17 Cut beveled and embedded plates to match girder end skew. Adjust location of screw and stud as shown when necessary.
- 18 Slotted hole is required at doweled girder end locations.



SIDE ELEVATION



END ELEVATION
 Showing normal girder end.

GIRDER DETAILS

SOLE PLATE NOTES:

Provide constant thickness elastomeric bearings with beveled and embedded steel sole plates in accordance with these details when the girder slope exceeds 5 percent or if otherwise required in the plans. Provide for all girders in the span.

On the shop drawings, dimension sole plates to the nearest 1/16" based on required thickness at centerline of bearing and slope of girder. Thickness tolerance variation from the approved shop drawings is except variation from a plane parallel to the theoretical top surface can not exceed 1/16" total. Bearing surface tolerances listed in Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates.

Steel plate must conform to ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50, or A709 Gr 36 or Gr 50. Hot dip galvanize both the embedded plate and beveled sole plate after fabrication. Seal weld caps to embedded plate before galvanizing.

When determining if relocation of screw holes and studs are necessary for skewed girder ends, minimum clearance from screw or stud centerline to plate edge is 1.25".

Tap threads in the embedded plate only. Drill and tap prior to galvanizing.

3/4" Dia screws must be electroplated, socket flat head countersunk cap screws conforming to ASTM F835. Electroplating must conform to ASTM B633, SC 2, Type I. Provide screws long enough to maintain a minimum embedment into the embedded plate and galvanized cap. Provide galvanized steel caps (16 ga Min) with a nominal 1" inside diameter and deep enough to accommodate the screws, but not less than 1/2" deep or deeper than 1".

Install beveled sole plates prior to shipping girders. Installed screw heads must not protrude below the bottom of the beveled plate.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 3 OF 3



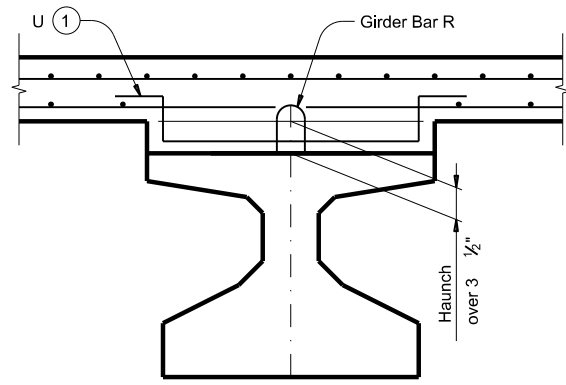
ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS
PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

IGEB

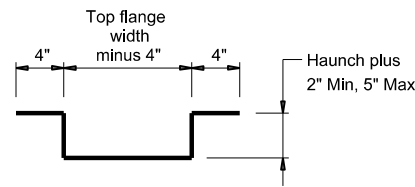
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©TxDOT	REVISIONS	CONTRACT NO. 090129	SECTION 29	JOB NO. 092, Etc.
		DIST. PAR	COUNTY. Lamar, Etc.	SHEET NO. 60A

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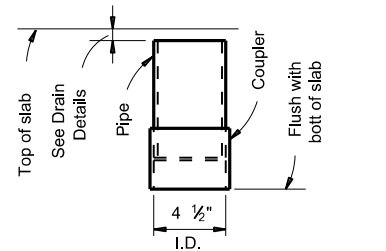
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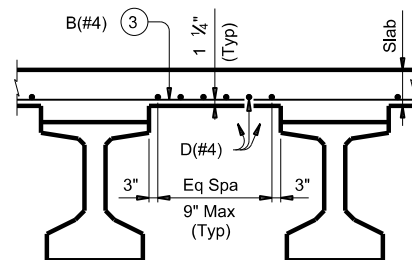
HAUNCH REINFORCING DETAIL



BARS U (#4)

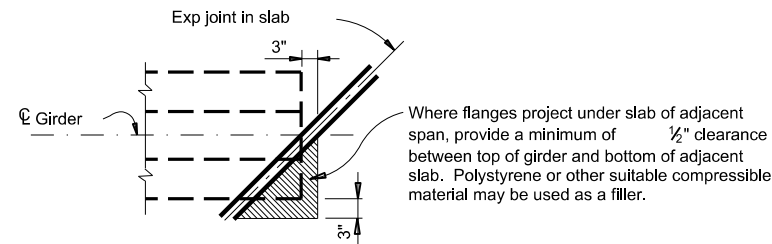


C-I-P DRAIN DETAIL

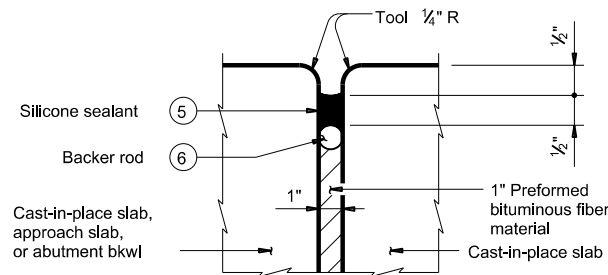


TYPICAL PART TRANSVERSE SLAB SECTION WITHOUT PCP

Top reinforcing steel not shown for clarity.

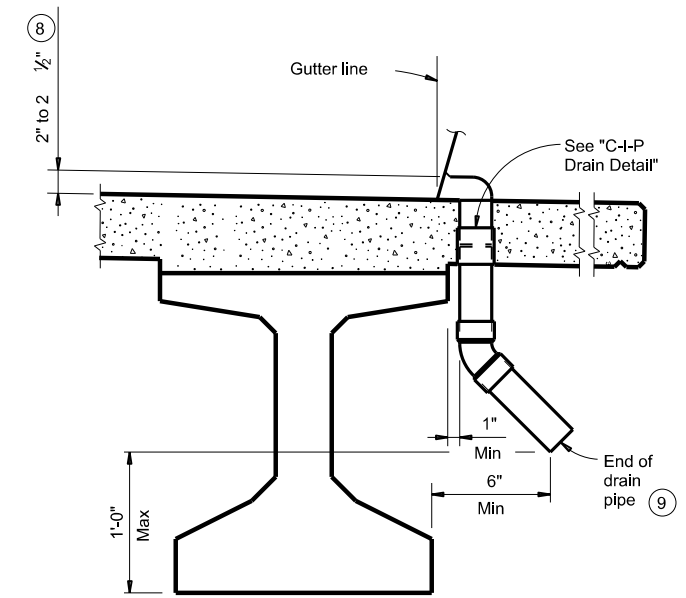


TREATMENT AT GIRDER END FOR SKEWED SPANS



TYPE A JOINT DETAIL

- ① Space Bars U with girder Bars R in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 1/2".
- ② Roughen outside of PVC with coarse rasp or equal to ensure bond with cast-in-place concrete.
- ③ Bars B(#4) spaced at 9" Max with 2" end cover. Overhang option, Contractor's may end alternating bars B(#4) at centerline outside girder.
- ④ Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:
 Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"
 Epoxy coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"
- ⑤ Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- ⑥ 1 1/4" backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- ⑦ The maximum distance between Type A expansion joints is 100'. See Bridge Layout for location of joints.
- ⑧ Drain entrance formed in rail or sidewalk.
- ⑨ Water may not be discharged onto girders.
- ⑩ All drain pipe and fittings to be 4" diameter (Sch 40) PVC. See Item 481 "Pipe for Drains" for pipe, connections and solvent welding. Bend reinforcing steel to clear PVC 1". Drain length and location is as directed by the Engineer. Drains are not permitted over roadways or railways, or within 10'-0" of bent caps. Degrease outside of exposed PVC, apply acrylic water base primer, then coat with same surface finishing material as used for outside girder face. Variations of the above designs, as required for the type of rail used and its location on the structure, may be installed with the approval and direction of the Engineer.



DRAIN DETAIL

GENERAL NOTES:
 Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
 Payment for Type A joint will be as per Item 454, "Bridge Expansion Joints."
 All other items (reinforcing steel, drains, etc.) shown on this sheet are subsidiary to other bid items.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.
 Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

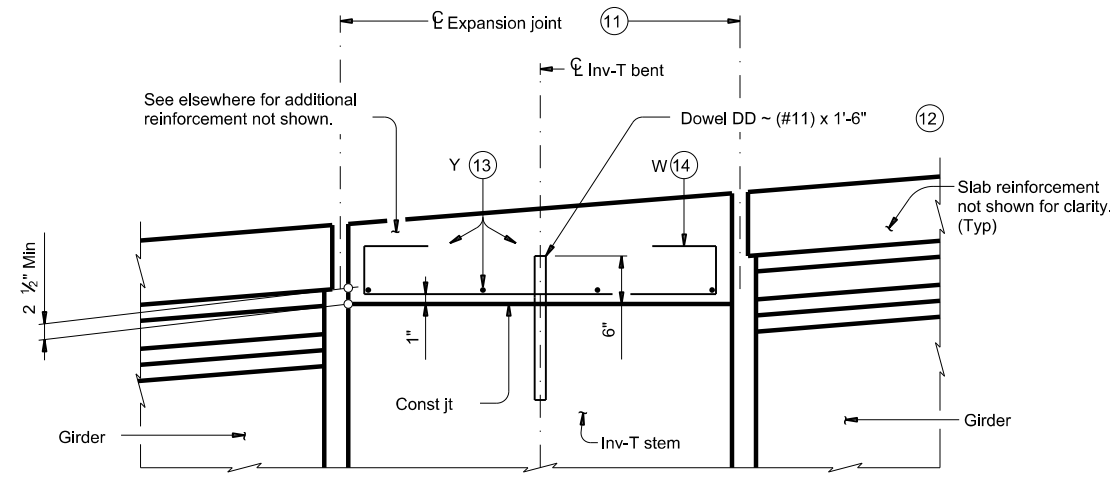
DECK FORMWORK NOTES:
 Overhang bracket hangers are limited to a safe working load of 3,600 lbs, applied to and along the axis of a coil rod at 45 degrees from vertical, regardless of higher loads permitted by hanger manufacturers. Do not place a hanger less than 12" from girder end. Space hangers accordingly.

SHEET 1 OF 2

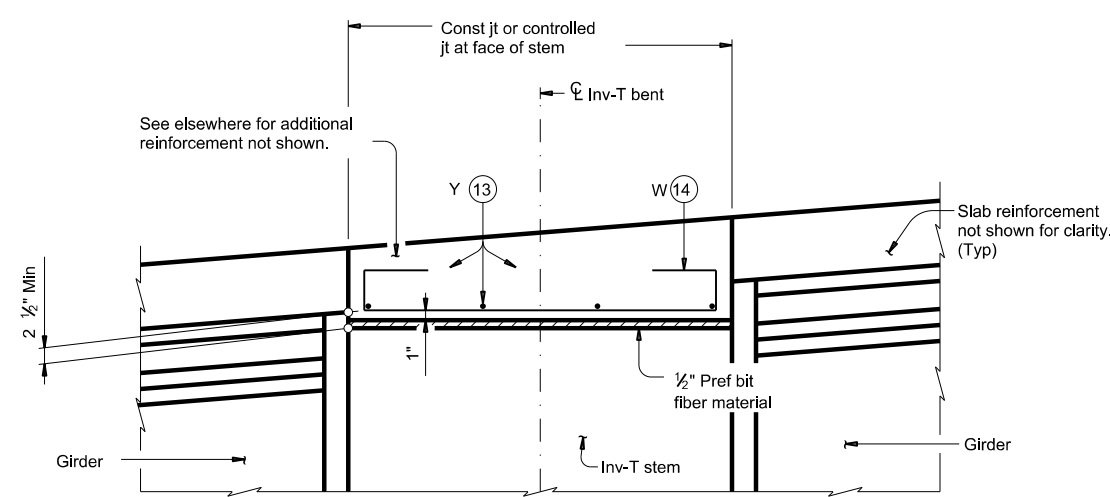
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MISCELLANEOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS			
IGMS			
FILE: igmssls1-19.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: JTR
©TxDOT August 2017	CON: 0901	SECT: 29	JOB: 092, Etc.
REVISIONS	0901 29		CR, Etc.
10-19: Modified Note 7. Type A now a pay item.	DIST: PAR	COUNTY: Lamar, Etc.	SHEET NO.: 61

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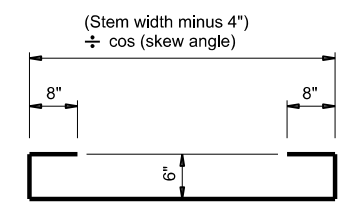
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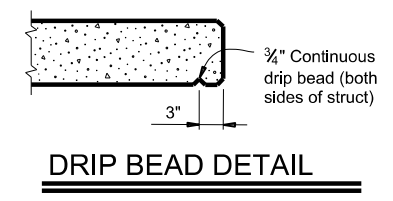
SHOWING EXPANSION JOINTS



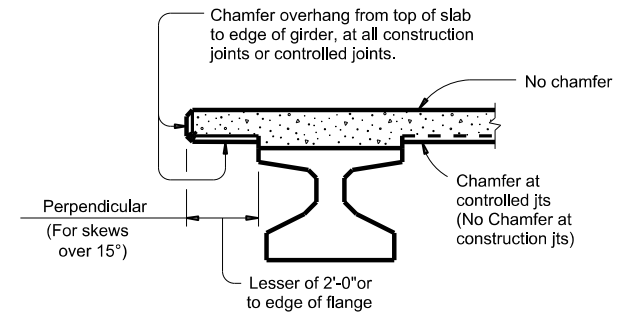
SHOWING CONST JTS OR CONTROLLED JTS
 REINFORCEMENT OVER INV-T BENTS



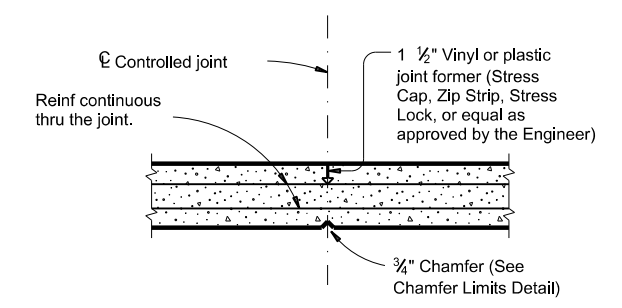
BARS W (#4)



DRIP BEAD DETAIL



CHAMFER LIMITS DETAIL



CONTROLLED JOINT DETAIL
 (Saw-cutting is not allowed)

- ⑪ See Layout for joint type.
- ⑫ Dowels DD (#11) spaced at 5 Ft Max. See Inv-T bents for quantity and location.
- ⑬ Space Bars Y (#4) at 12" Max. Use 2" end cover. Number of Bars Y must satisfy spacing limit. Place parallel to bent.
- ⑭ Space Bars W at 12" Max (3" from end of cap). Tilt if necessary to maintain cover requirements. Place parallel to longitudinal slab reinforcement.
- ⑮ See Span details for type of joint and joint locations.

		Bridge Division Standard	
MISCELLANEOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS			
IGMS			
FILE: igmss1-19.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: JTR
©TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.
10-19: Modified Note 7. Type A now a pay item.	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	62

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DATE: 4/3/2023 7:07:08 PM
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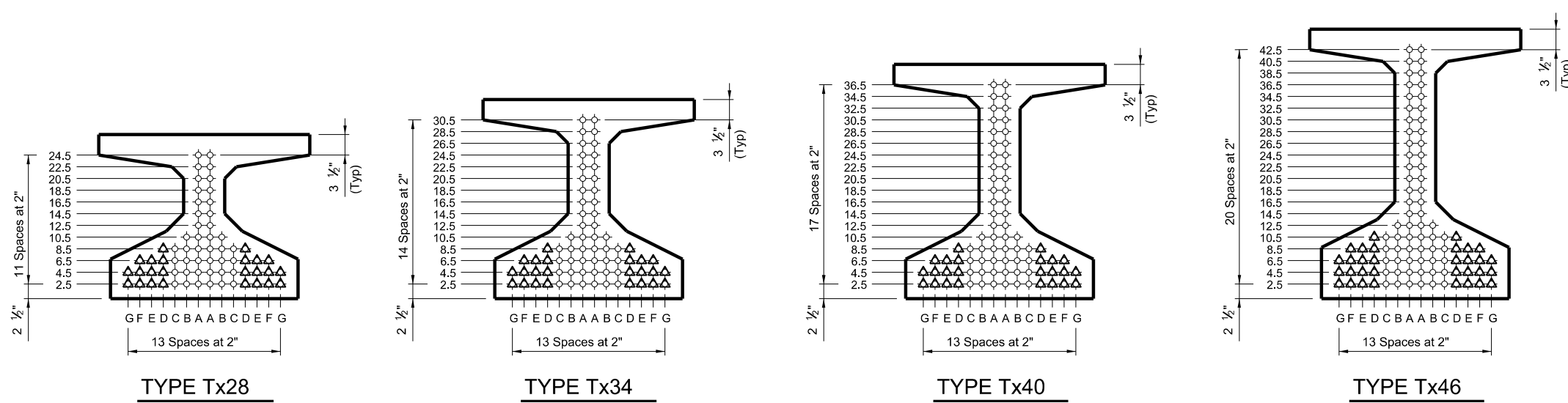
STRUCTURE	DESIGNED GIRDERS									DEPRESSED STRAND PATTERN		CONCRETE		OPTIONAL DESIGN				LOAD RATING FACTORS			
	SPAN NO.	GIRDER NO.	GIRDER TYPE	PRESTRESSING STRANDS					NO.			TO END (in)	RELEASE STRGTH (1) f'c (ksi)	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP STRGTH f'c (ksi)	DESIGN LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP) (SERVICE I) f _c (ksi)	DESIGN TENSILE STRESS (BOTTOM) (SERVICE III) f _{cb} (ksi)	REQUIRED MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY (STRENGTH I) (klp-ft)	LIVE LOAD DISTRIBUTION FACTOR (2)		STRENGTH I	
				NON-STD STRAND PATTERN	TOTAL NO.	SIZE (in)	STRGTH f _{pu} (ksi)	"e" (in)		"e" END (in)	Moment							Shear	Inv	Opr	Inv
Type Tx28 Girders 34' Roadway 8.5' Slab	40	ALL	Tx28		12	0.6	270	10.48	10.48			4.700	5.000	1.095	-1.501	1584	0.730	0.920	1.78	2.31	2.23
	45	ALL	Tx28		12	0.6	270	10.48	10.48			4.500	5.000	1.382	-1.829	1527	0.700	0.920	1.46	1.89	1.65
	50	ALL	Tx28		14	0.6	270	10.48	10.19			5.300	5.300	1.693	-2.204	1753	0.680	0.930	1.42	1.84	1.49
	55	ALL	Tx28		16	0.6	270	10.23	9.23			4.000	5.300	2.049	-2.615	2038	0.660	0.930	1.38	1.78	1.18
	60	ALL	Tx28		20	0.6	270	9.88	6.28			4.000	6.100	2.418	-3.048	2343	0.650	0.940	1.48	1.99	1.16
	65	ALL	Tx28		24	0.6	270	9.65	6.31			4.700	6.200	2.807	-3.485	2633	0.630	0.940	1.44	1.97	1.17
	70	ALL	Tx28		26	0.6	270	9.56	7.10			5.400	6.700	3.254	-3.985	2964	0.620	0.950	1.20	1.84	1.02
	75	ALL	Tx28		32	0.6	270	9.11	5.73			5.900	7.000	3.734	-4.513	3306	0.610	0.950	1.27	1.71	1.05
Type Tx34 Girders 34' Roadway 8.5' Slab	40	ALL	Tx34		10	0.6	270	13.01	13.01			4.000	5.000	0.863	-1.147	1714	0.750	0.900	1.70	2.20	2.38
	45	ALL	Tx34		12	0.6	270	13.01	13.01			4.000	5.000	1.088	-1.403	1917	0.730	0.910	1.73	2.24	2.18
	50	ALL	Tx34		14	0.6	270	13.01	13.01			5.100	5.100	1.342	-1.699	2123	0.710	0.910	1.68	2.18	2.01
	55	ALL	Tx34		14	0.6	270	13.01	13.01			4.900	5.000	1.607	-2.002	2116	0.690	0.910	1.40	1.81	1.52
	60	ALL	Tx34		14	0.6	270	13.01	12.44			4.000	5.000	1.907	-2.333	2420	0.670	0.920	1.16	1.50	1.06
	65	ALL	Tx34		18	0.6	270	12.57	11.23			4.000	5.000	2.216	-2.680	2747	0.660	0.920	1.31	1.75	1.12
	70	ALL	Tx34		22	0.6	270	12.28	7.92			4.000	5.600	2.565	-3.062	3093	0.650	0.930	1.36	1.93	1.13
	75	ALL	Tx34		24	0.6	270	12.18	9.51			4.700	5.700	2.921	-3.436	3414	0.630	0.930	1.23	1.89	1.04
	80	ALL	Tx34		28	0.6	270	12.01	8.30			5.100	6.000	3.303	-3.843	3772	0.620	0.930	1.30	1.96	1.04
	85	ALL	Tx34		32	0.6	270	11.64	7.89			5.700	6.500	3.721	-4.282	4149	0.610	0.930	1.35	1.85	1.01
Type Tx40 Girders 34' Roadway 8.5' Slab	40	ALL	Tx40		10	0.6	270	15.60	15.60			4.000	5.000	0.719	-0.935	1780	0.780	0.890	1.93	2.50	2.89
	45	ALL	Tx40		12	0.6	270	15.60	15.60			4.000	5.000	0.894	-1.130	2096	0.750	0.890	2.00	2.60	2.74
	50	ALL	Tx40		12	0.6	270	15.60	15.60			4.000	5.000	1.102	-1.367	2286	0.730	0.900	1.61	2.08	2.09
	55	ALL	Tx40		14	0.6	270	15.60	15.60			4.300	5.000	1.329	-1.619	2488	0.710	0.900	1.63	2.12	1.95
	60	ALL	Tx40		14	0.6	270	15.60	15.60			4.200	5.000	1.565	-1.886	2511	0.700	0.900	1.35	1.75	1.50
	65	ALL	Tx40		16	0.6	270	15.35	15.35			5.000	5.000	1.828	-2.166	2835	0.680	0.910	1.37	1.77	1.42
	70	ALL	Tx40		18	0.6	270	15.16	14.27			4.000	5.000	2.115	-2.473	3194	0.670	0.910	1.35	1.76	1.20
	75	ALL	Tx40		20	0.6	270	15.00	13.40			4.000	5.000	2.396	-2.767	3521	0.650	0.910	1.31	1.76	1.09
	80	ALL	Tx40		24	0.6	270	14.77	9.43			4.000	5.100	2.718	-3.103	3899	0.640	0.920	1.37	1.96	1.10
	85	ALL	Tx40		26	0.6	270	14.68	9.76			4.400	5.300	3.034	-3.435	4273	0.630	0.920	1.29	1.92	1.01
	90	ALL	Tx40		30	0.6	270	14.40	9.20			4.900	5.600	3.407	-3.814	4683	0.620	0.920	1.41	1.98	1.01
	95	ALL	Tx40		34	0.6	270	14.07	9.13			5.500	6.300	3.770	-4.184	5085	0.610	0.920	1.41	1.90	1.04
Type Tx46 Girders 34' Roadway 8.5' Slab	40	ALL	Tx46		10	0.6	270	17.60	17.60			4.000	5.000	0.632	-0.746	1857	0.810	0.880	2.14	2.78	3.45
	45	ALL	Tx46		10	0.6	270	17.60	17.60			4.000	5.000	0.791	-0.908	2196	0.780	0.880	1.77	2.29	2.76
	50	ALL	Tx46		12	0.6	270	17.60	17.60			4.000	5.000	0.966	-1.093	2608	0.760	0.880	1.79	2.32	2.54
	55	ALL	Tx46		12	0.6	270	17.60	17.60			4.000	5.000	1.163	-1.296	2737	0.740	0.890	1.48	1.92	2.00
	60	ALL	Tx46		12	0.6	270	17.60	17.60			4.000	5.000	1.367	-1.502	2690	0.720	0.890	1.23	1.60	1.56
	65	ALL	Tx46		12	0.6	270	17.60	17.60			4.000	5.000	1.598	-1.735	2973	0.710	0.890	1.01	1.31	1.16
	70	ALL	Tx46		14	0.6	270	17.60	17.60			4.000	5.000	1.843	-1.972	3322	0.690	0.900	1.08	1.40	1.11
	75	ALL	Tx46		16	0.6	270	17.35	16.85			4.000	5.000	2.100	-2.225	3704	0.680	0.900	1.11	1.44	1.02
	80	ALL	Tx46		20	0.6	270	17.00	15.40			4.000	5.000	2.372	-2.489	4098	0.670	0.900	1.32	1.72	1.13
	85	ALL	Tx46		22	0.6	270	16.88	15.06			4.000	5.000	2.668	-2.773	4510	0.660	0.900	1.32	1.71	1.01
	90	ALL	Tx46		26	0.6	270	16.68	12.07			4.000	5.000	2.964	-3.046	4885	0.640	0.900	1.47	1.93	1.05
	95	ALL	Tx46		30	0.6	270	16.40	9.20			4.100	5.000	3.298	-3.369	5363	0.640	0.910	1.50	2.05	1.02
	100	ALL	Tx46		34	0.6	270	16.07	9.72			4.700	5.400	3.628	-3.680	5800	0.630	0.910	1.48	1.99	1.07
	105	ALL	Tx46		38	0.6	270	15.81	10.13			5.300	6.100	3.988	-4.013	6260	0.620	0.910	1.44	1.94	1.10
	110	ALL	Tx46		40	0.6	270	15.70	11.50			5.900	6.900	4.364	-4.359	6732	0.610	0.910	1.35	1.90	1.02

- ① Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):
 Compression = 0.65 f_{ci}
 Tension = 0.24 f_{ci} √[]
 Optional designs must likewise conform.
- ② Portion of full HL93.

DESIGN NOTES:
 Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
 Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.
 Optional designs for girders 120 feet or longer must have a calculated residual camber equal to or greater than that of the designed girder.
 Prestress losses for the designed girders have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

FABRICATION NOTES:
 Provide Class H concrete.
 Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.
 Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of f_{pu}.
 Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.4. Full-length debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked . Double wrap full-length debonded strands in outer most position of each row.
 When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed girder or an approved optional design. All optional design submittals must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas.
 Seal cracks in girder ends exceeding 0.005" in width as directed by the Engineer. The fabricator is permitted to decrease the spacing of Bars R and S by providing additional bars to help limit crack width provided the decreased spacing results in no less than 1" clear between bars. The fabricator must take an approved corrective action if cracks greater than 0.005" form on a repetitive basis.

DEPRESSED STRAND DESIGNS:
 Locate strands for the designed girder as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc., beginning each row in the "A" position and working outward until the required number of strands is reached. All strands in the "A" position must be depressed, maintaining the 2" spacing so that, at the girder ends, the upper two strands are in the position shown in the table.



HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2

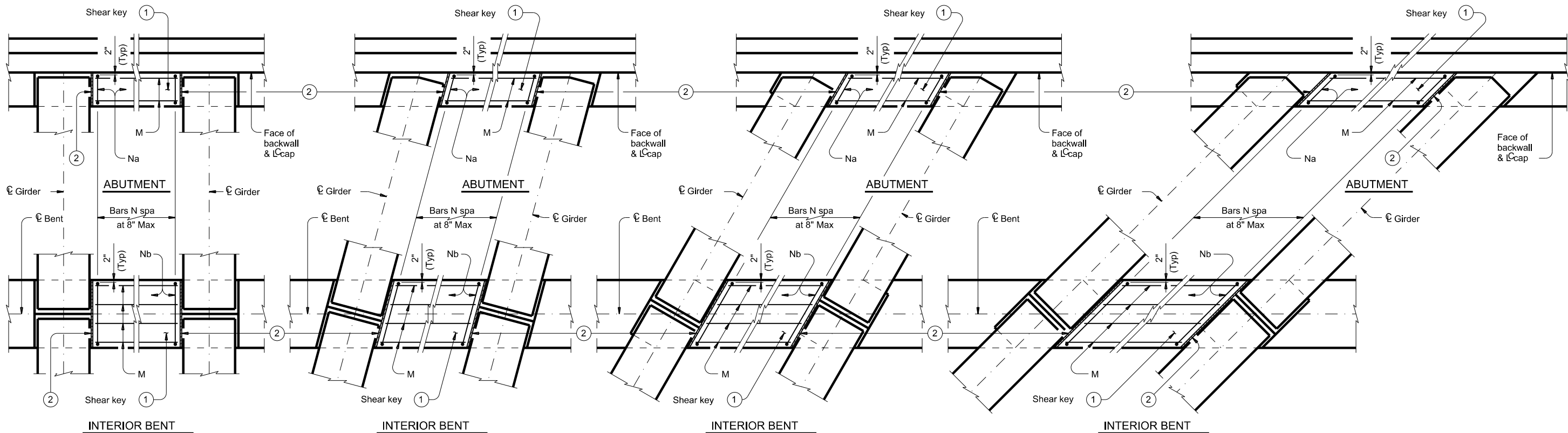
Texas Department of Transportation
 Bridge Division Standard

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER STANDARD DESIGNS
 34' ROADWAY

IGSD-34

FILE: IGSD34-23.dgn	DN: VC	CK: TAR	DW: SFS	CK: TAR
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REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	PAR	COUNTY	Lamar, Etc.	SHEET NO. 63

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PARTIAL PLANS WITH NO SKEW

Showing shear keys on 3'-6" wide caps. 4'-0" caps similar.

PARTIAL PLANS WITH 15° SKEW

Showing shear keys on 3'-6" wide caps. 4'-0" caps similar.

PARTIAL PLANS WITH 30° SKEW

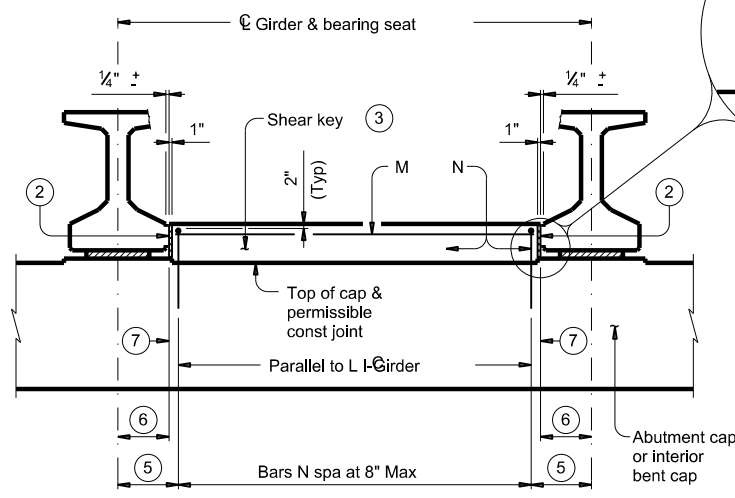
Showing shear keys on 3'-6" wide caps. 4'-0" caps similar.

PARTIAL PLANS WITH 45° SKEW

Showing shear keys on 3'-6" wide caps. 4'-0" caps similar.

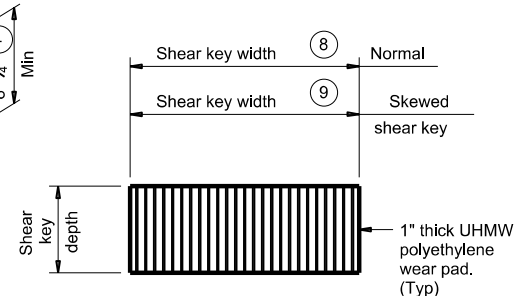
- ① Place shear keys on the upstream side of structure between outside girder and next adjacent girder, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- ② UHMW polyethylene wear pad. (Typ)
- ③ Leave a 1/4" gap plus or minus between girder and face of wear pad. Cast wear pad with shear key, smooth side facing girder. Care must be taken to keep concrete from flowing under girder. Slope top of shear keys in accordance with Item 420.4.9, "Treatment and Finishing of Horizontal Surfaces."
- ④ Measure at higher bearing seat elevation forward or back. Dimension based on typical bearing pad and bearing seat. Increase as necessary to maintain 5" overlap.
- ⑤ With No Skew = 1'-8" 1/4", measured along L cap.
With Skew = 1'-8" 1/4" Cos Skew, measured along L cap. C

- ⑥ With No Skew = 1'-4" 1/4", measured along L cap.
With Skew = 1'-4" 1/4" Cos Skew, measured along L cap. C
- ⑦ Face of UHMW polyethylene wear pad. Smooth side of pad facing girder.
- ⑧ Abutments = 1/2 Cap width.
Interior bents = Cap width.
- ⑨ Abutments = 1/2 Cap width Cos Skew.
Interior bents = Cap width Cos Skew.

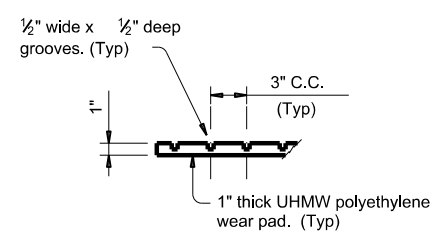


PARTIAL ELEVATION OF ABUTMENT OR INTERIOR BENT CAP

Showing shear key with girder Type Tx46. Other I-Girder types similar.

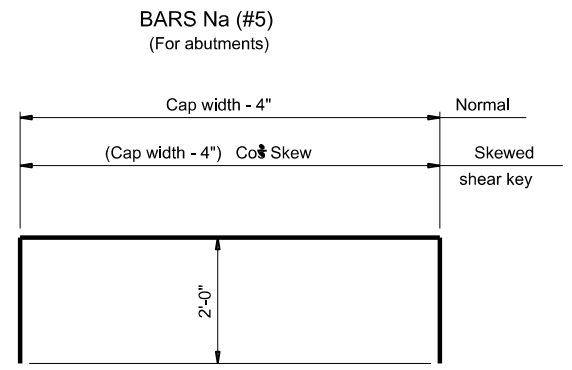
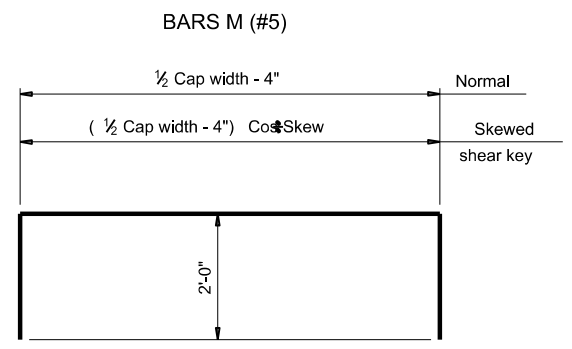
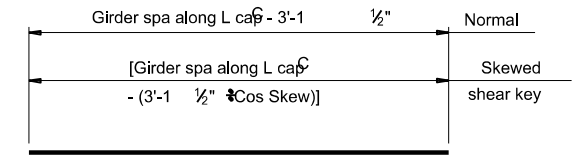


ELEVATION



PART SECTION

ULTRA HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT (UHMW) POLYETHYLENE WEAR PAD DETAILS



CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
 Provide Class "C" concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi). Provide Class "C" (HPC) if shown elsewhere on the plans.
 Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
 Provide epoxy coated reinforcing steel for shear key if abutment or interior bent reinforcing steel is epoxy coated.
 Provide Ultra High Molecular Weight (UHMW) polyethylene wear pads in accordance with ASTM D6712.

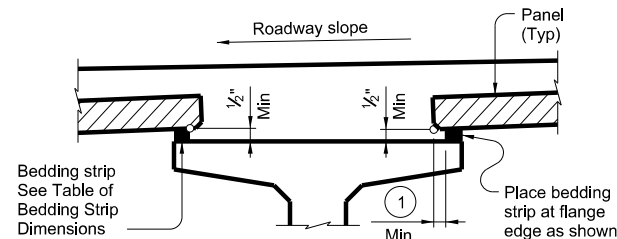
GENERAL NOTES:
 Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Details showing skew are drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.
 These details are limited to bridges skewed 45 degrees and less. This standard is only applicable for I-Girders.
 Modify details for bearing conditions, and girder spacing not shown on this standard. Details do not account for sole plate or pedestal bearing seat.
 Include shear key concrete in abutment or bent concrete for payment.
 UHMW polyethylene wear pads are subsidiary to Class "C" concrete.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

		Bridge Division Standard	
SHEAR KEY DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS			
IGSK			
FILE: igskstds-17.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: JTR
©TxDOT August 2017	CON: 0901	SECT: 29	JOB: 092, Etc.
REVISIONS	DIST: PAR	COUNTY: Lamar, Etc.	CR, Etc.
		SHEET NO.	65

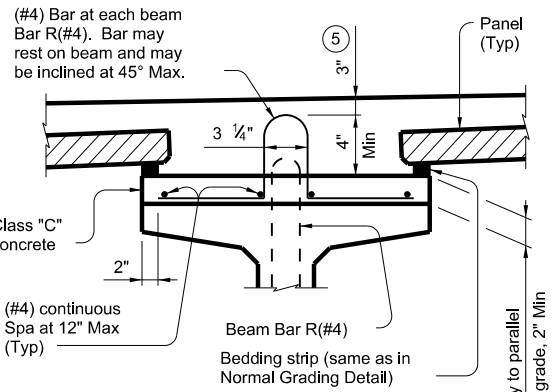
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DATE: 4/3/2023 7:07:25 PM
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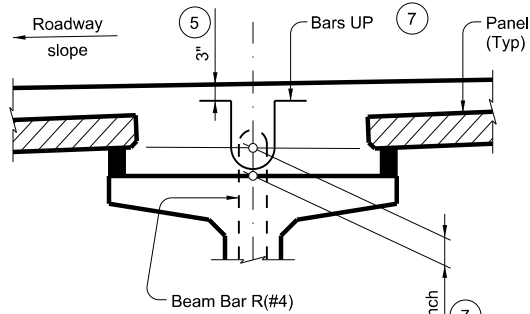
NORMAL GRADING DETAIL

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders.
 (Other beam types similar)



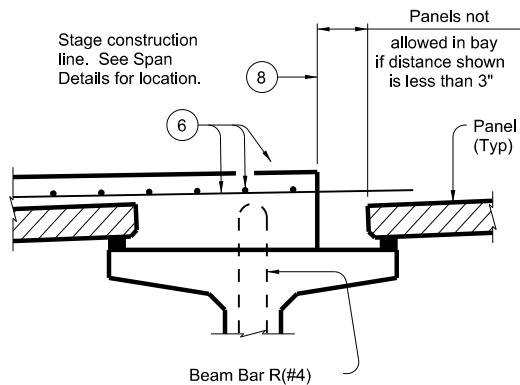
SPECIAL GRADING DETAIL FOR CONCRETE BEAMS

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders.
 (Other beam types similar)

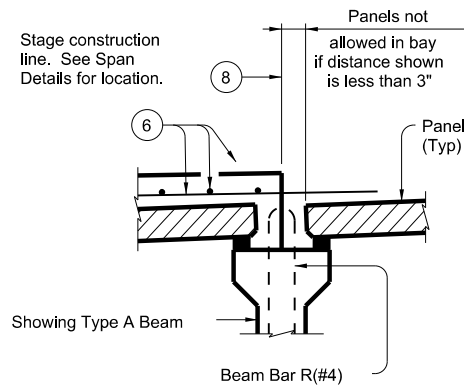


HAUNCH REINFORCING DETAIL

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders.
 (Other beam types similar)



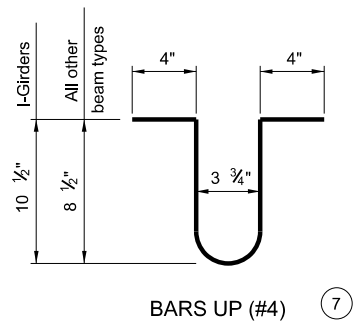
PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS



PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS

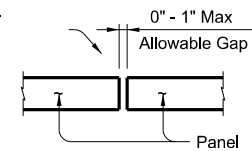
WIDTH	HEIGHT (4)	
	Min	Max
1" (Min)	1/2"	2"
1 1/4"	1/2"	2 1/2"
1 1/2"	1/2"	3"
1 3/4"	1/2"	3 1/2"
2"	1/2"	4"
2 1/4"	1/2"	4 1/2"
2 1/2"	1/2"	5"
2 3/4"	1/2"	5 1/2"
3" (Max)	1/2"	6"

- 2" Min for I-girders, 1 1/2" Min for all other beam types.
- Allowed for prestressed concrete I-girders, not allowed on other beam types.
- To reduce the quantity of cast-in-place concrete, bedding strip thickness may be increased in 1/4" increments. Bedding strips must be comprised of one layer. Bond bedding strips to the beams with an adhesive compatible with bedding strips. Bedding strips over 2.5" high may need to be bonded to panels. The same thickness strip must be used under any one panel edge and the maximum change in thickness between adjacent panels is 1/4". Alternatively, bedding strips may be cut to grade. Panels may be supported by an alternate method, using a commercial product, if approved by the Engineer of Bridge Design, Bridge Division. If bedding strips exceed 6" high for I-Girders, 4" high for all other beam types, use Special Grading Detail for Concrete Beams or submit an alternate method to the Bridge Division for approval.
- Height must not exceed twice the width.
- Provide clear cover as indicated unless otherwise shown on Span Details.
- See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.
- Space Bars UP(#4) with Beam Bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 1/2" with I-girders, and 3" for all other beam types. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required.
- Do not locate construction joints on top of a panel.
- Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8' o.c..



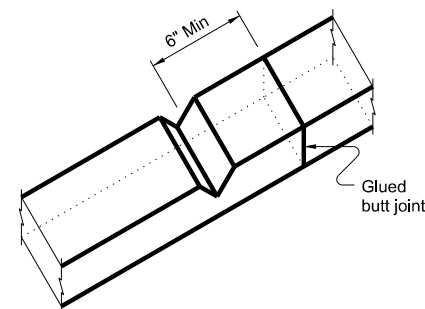
BARS UP (#4)

Seal joint between panels when gap exceeds 1/4" with polyurethane sealant or expanding foam sealer. Make seal flush with top of panel.



PANEL JOINTS

(Panel reinforcing not shown for clarity. The gap cannot be considered as a panel fabrication tolerance. Adjust panel placement to minimize joint openings.)



BEDDING STRIP DETAIL

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Erected panels must bear uniformly on bedding strips of extruded polystyrene placed along top flange edges. Placing panels to minimize joint openings is recommended. If additional blocking is needed, special grading details for supporting the panels and extra reinforcing between beam and slab will be considered subsidiary to deck construction.

Bars U, shown on PCP-FAB, may be bent over or cut off if necessary.

Care must be taken to ensure proper cleaning of construction debris and consolidation of concrete material under the edges of the panels. Bedding strips must be placed at beam flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of 1 1/2" under the panels as the slab concrete is placed.

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between beam and panel, the minimum vertical opening must be at least 1/2". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Bedding strips varying in thickness across the beam are therefore required.

For clear span between U-beams less than or equal to 18", see Permissible Slab Forming Detail on Miscellaneous Slab Detail sheets, UBMS.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in the cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing of reinforcement.

If the top and bottom layer of reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then the D, E, P, & Z bars must be epoxy coated.

Provide bar Laps, where required, as follows:

- Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"
- Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Panel placement may follow either Option 1 or Option 2 except Option 1 must be used if the skew exceeds 45 degrees.

Use of Prestressed Concrete Panels is not permitted for horizontally curved steel plate or tub girders. See Span Details for other possible restrictions on their use.

These details are to be used in conjunction with the Span Details, PCP-FAB and other applicable standard drawings.

When panel support (bedding strips) deviates from what is shown herein, provide details signed and sealed by a professional Engineer.

Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on this standard is considered subsidiary to the bid item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

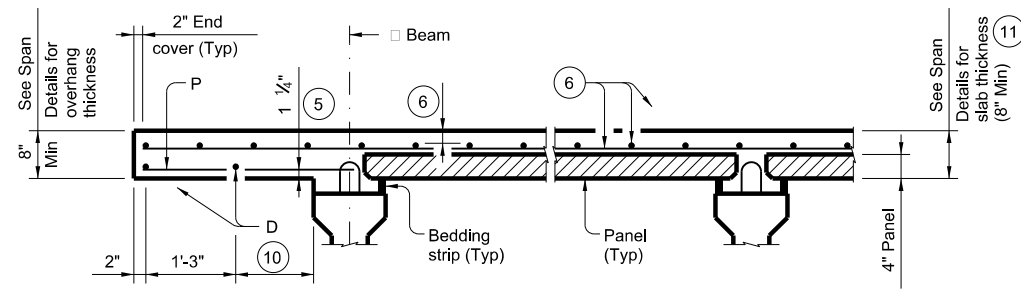
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.
 Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 4

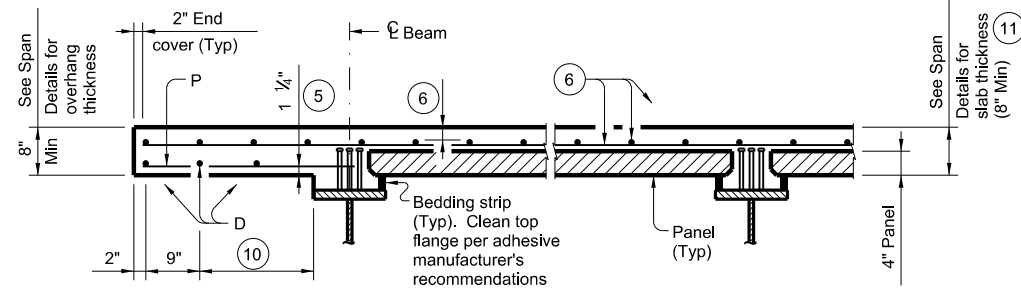
		Bridge Division Standard	
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS			
PCP			
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©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB
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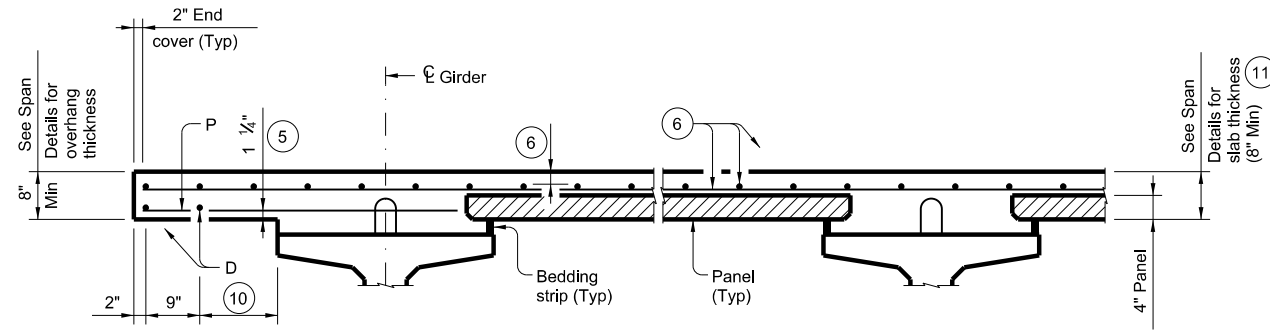
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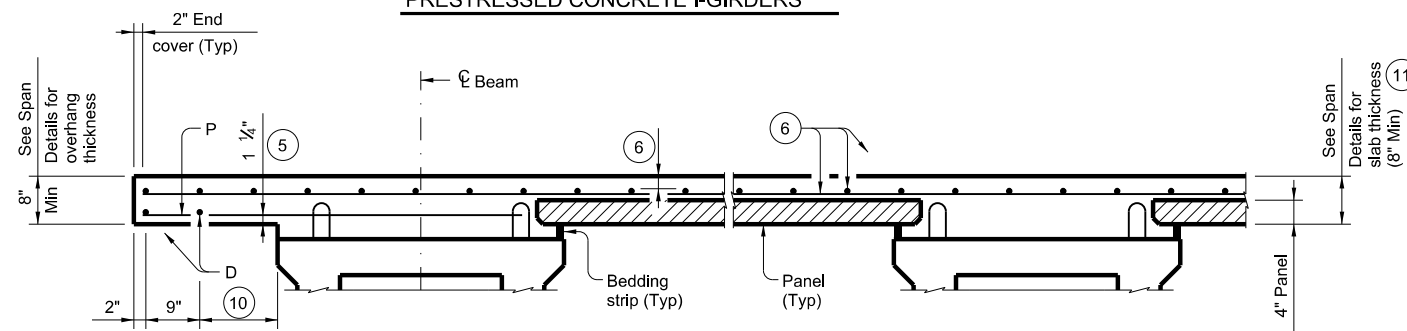
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-BEAMS



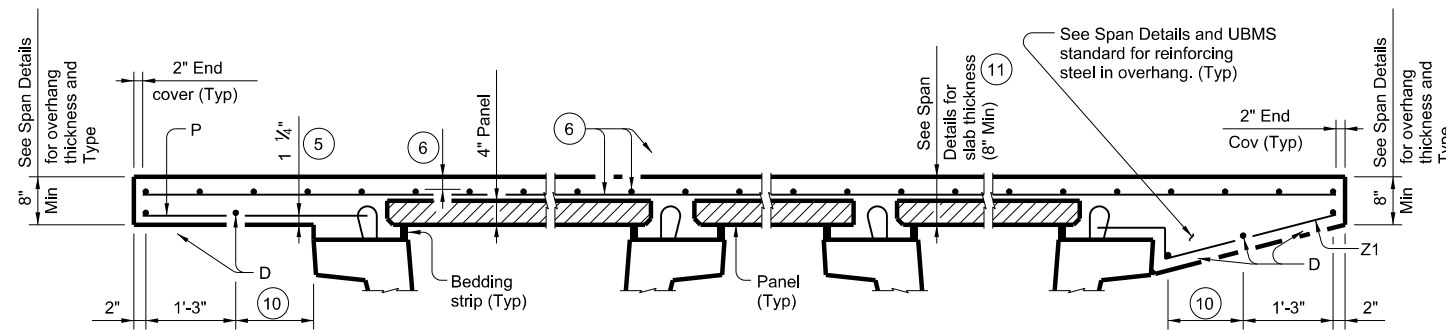
STEEL BEAMS 13



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

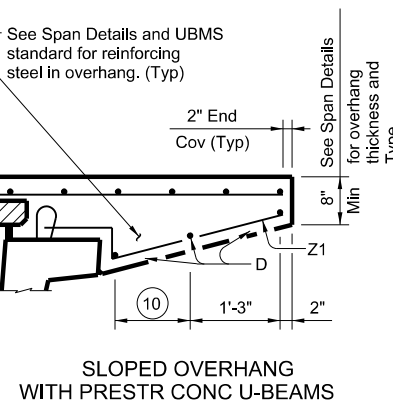


PRESTRESSED CONCRETE X-BEAMS

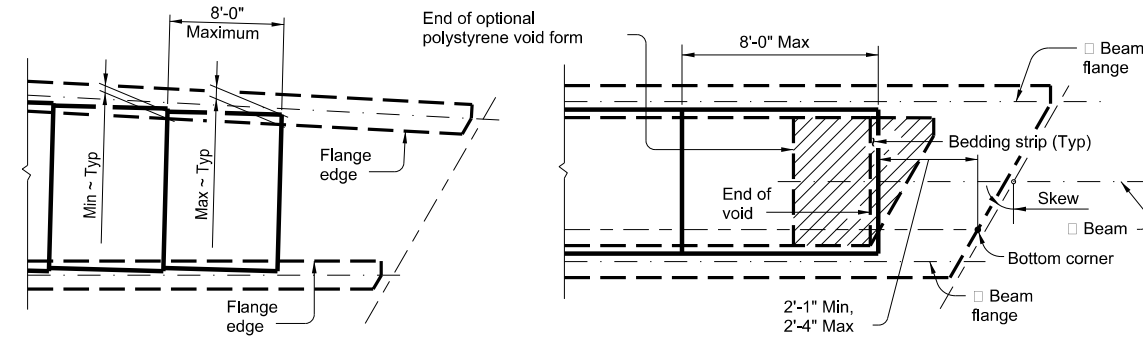


NORMAL OVERHANG WITH PRESTR CONC U-BEAMS

TYPICAL PART TRANSVERSE SECTIONS



SLOPED OVERHANG WITH PRESTR CONC U-BEAMS



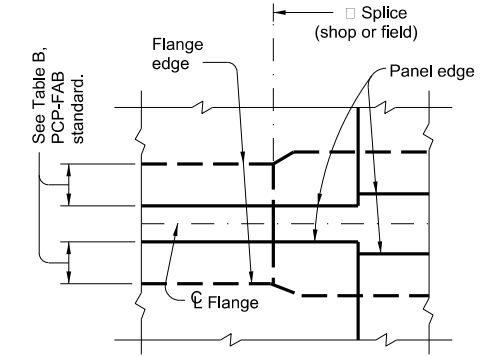
AT FLARED BEAMS OR GIRDERS

OVER CONC U-BEAMS

See PCP-FAB standard for Min and Max dimensions based on beam/girder type.

PART PLANS OF PANEL PLACEMENT

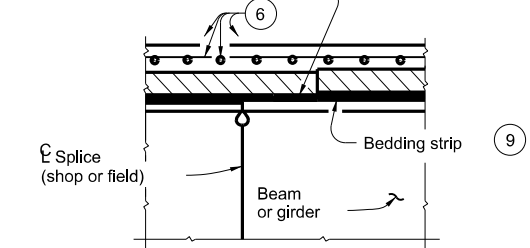
- 5 Provide clear cover as indicated unless otherwise shown on Span Details.
- 6 See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.
- 9 Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx 1/4" deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8' o.c..
- 10 Equally space additional bar if more than 1'-3" Max.
- 11 The actual thickness constructed may exceed the slab thickness shown on the Span Details but the extra thickness may be no more than 2" (1" for prestressed concrete U-beams and steel beams). Bearing seat elevations or finished grade may be adjusted.
- 12 Field adjust Bars Z1(#4) to match actual slope of slab overhangs. Width of slab overhang will vary along span with curved slab edges. Adjust Bar Z1(#4) dimensions to maintain proper cover. Bars Z2(#4) are located at Inverted-Tee stems only.
- 13 Panels are allowed over top tension flanges, as approved by the Engineer. See Span Details for additional top mat reinforcement required in tension zones. Location of concrete placement sequence boundaries and bolted field splices should be considered by the contractor in determining panel limits.



PLAN AT SPLICE

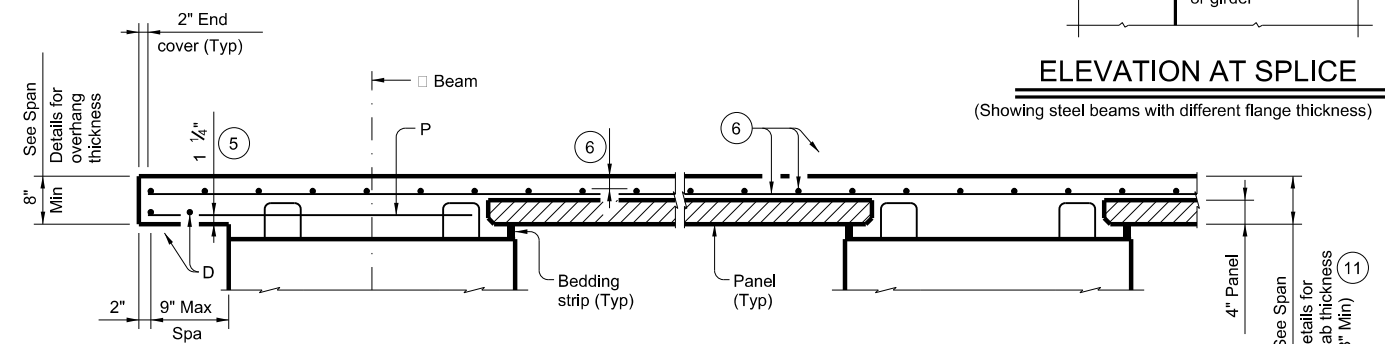
(Showing steel beams with flange width transition)

Cut bedding strip to adjust for difference in flange thickness.



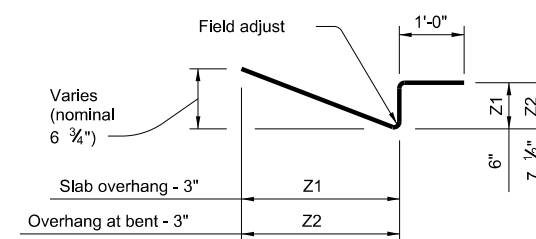
ELEVATION AT SPLICE

(Showing steel beams with different flange thickness)



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SPREAD SLAB BEAMS

Bars P over exterior beams are still required when no overhang is used. In this case, only one Bar D, 2" from slab edge, is required.



BARS Z (#4) 12

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 4



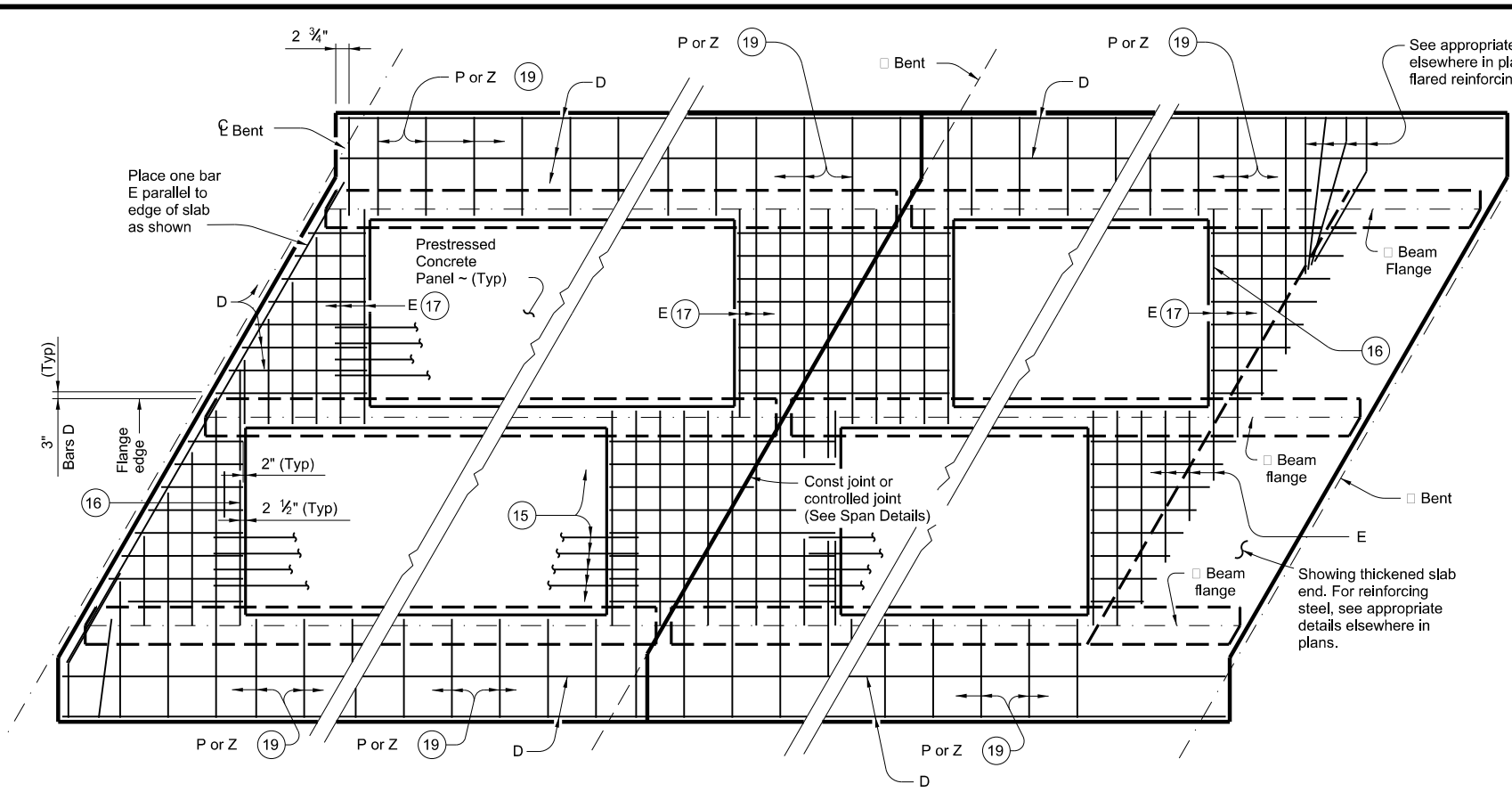
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

PCP

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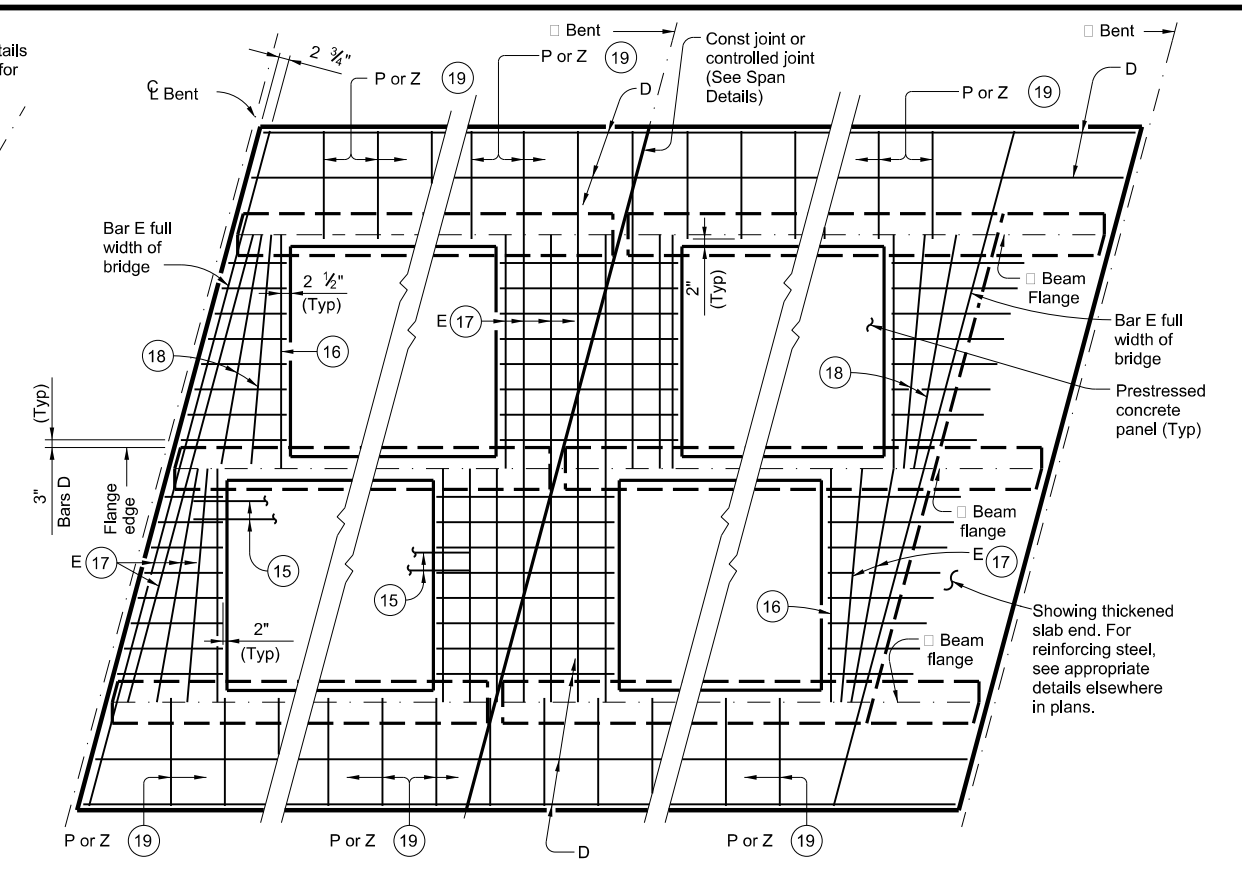
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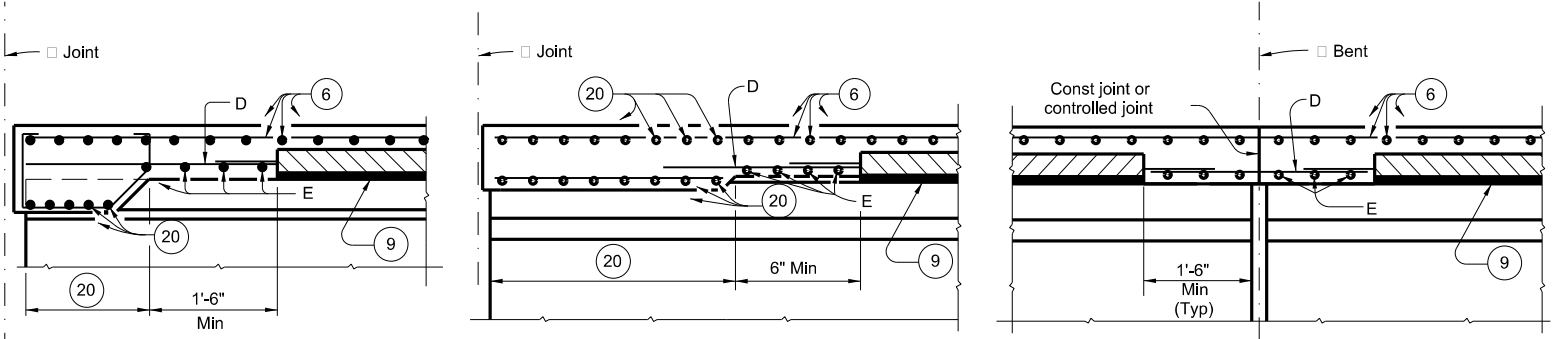
AT ALL SPAN ENDS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE AT INTERIOR BENTS AT THICKENED END SLABS

OPTION 1 ~ PLAN OF SLABS WITH NORMAL REINFORCEMENT

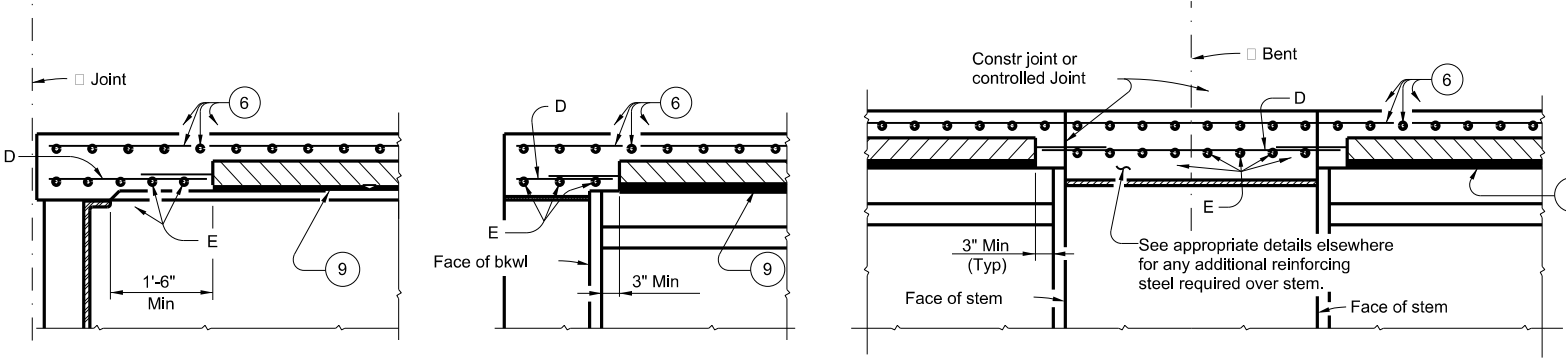


AT ALL SPAN ENDS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE AT INTERIOR BENTS AT THICKENED END SLABS

OPTION 1 ~ PLAN OF SLABS WITH SKEWED REINFORCEMENT



AT THICKENED SLAB ENDS FOR PRESTR CONC U-BMS AT THICKENED SLAB ENDS FOR PRESTR CONC I-BMS AND STEEL BMS AT SLAB CONTINUOUS OVER CONVENTIONAL INTERIOR BENTS FOR ALL SIMPLE SPAN BMS



AT CONVENTIONAL END DIAPHRAGMS FOR STEEL BMS AT SLAB OVER ABUTMENT BACKWALL FOR ALL BMS AT SLAB CONTINUOUS OVER INVERTED-T BENTS FOR ALL BMS

OPTION 1 ~ ELEVATIONS AT BEAM ENDS

- 6 See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.
- 9 Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx 1/4" deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8' o.c.
- 14 Max Spacing as listed unless otherwise shown.
- 15 At connection with cast-in-place slab, extend longitudinal panel reinforcement. See PCP-FAB for details.
- 16 Maintain one Bar E(#4) parallel to panel ends (Typ).
- 17 Bars E(#4) not continuous over beam flanges must overlap beam flange 6" Min.
- 18 Add flared Bars E(#4) (Min Spa = 6", Max Spa = 12") as required at panel ends.
- 19 Where possible, Bars E(#4) may be extended into overhangs to replace Bars P(#4). Bars Z(#4) are required for sloped overhangs with U-Beams.
- 20 See appropriate thickened slab end details for reinforcing and limits of thickened slab end.

TABLE OF REINFORCING STEEL (14)		
BAR	SIZE	Max Spa (in.)
D	#4	9
E	#4	9
P	#4	18
UP	#4	~
Z	#4	18

HL93 LOADING SHEET 3 OF 4

Bridge Division Standard

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

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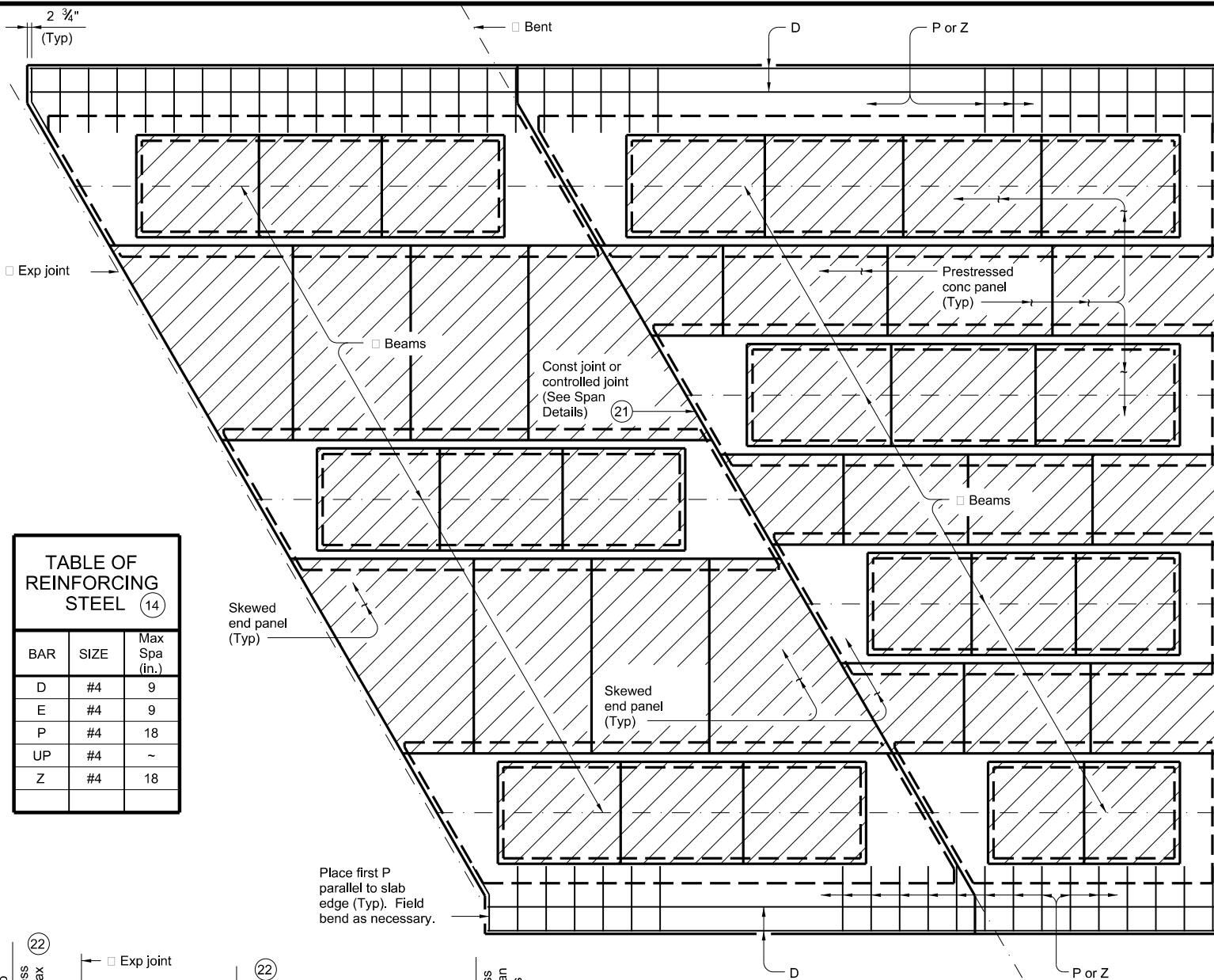
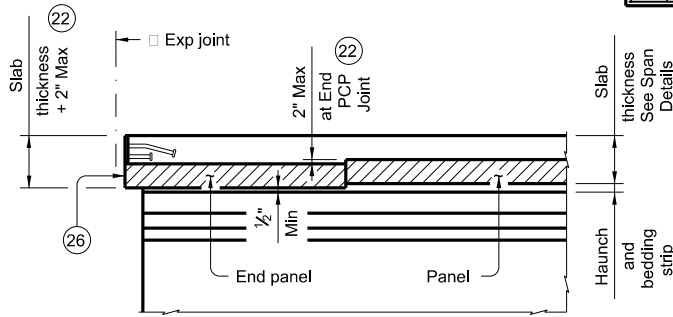
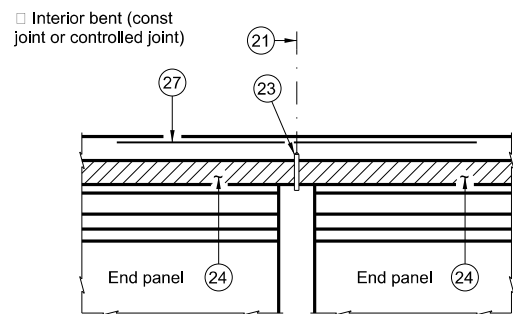


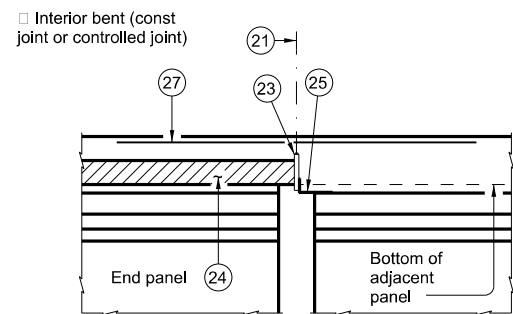
TABLE OF REINFORCING STEEL (14)		
BAR	SIZE	Max Spa (in.)
D	#4	9
E	#4	9
P	#4	18
UP	#4	~
Z	#4	18



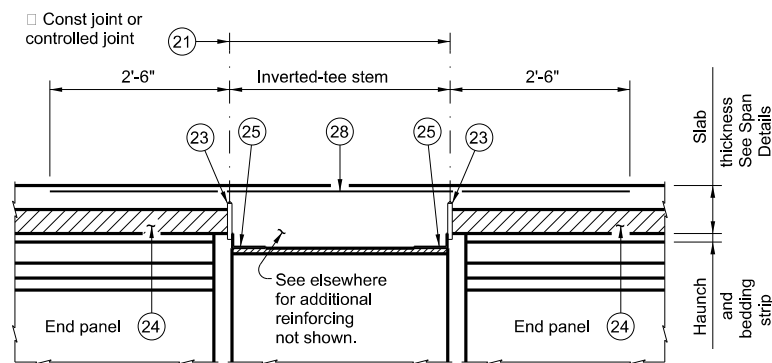
JOINTS (BETWEEN BEAMS/GIRDERS OR AT INV-T STEM)
 For SEJ-B, SEJ-M, SEJ-S(O), AJ, and Type A expansion joints only.



CONVENTIONAL INTERIOR BENT
 Panel against panel between beams/girders.



CONVENTIONAL INTERIOR BENT
 Panel against beam/girder end in adjacent span.



INVERTED-T BENT
 Panels against inverted-tee stem

OPTION 2 ~ ELEVATIONS AT BEAM ENDS (6)

ELEVATION EXAMPLE OF END PANEL AND TIMBER BOARD (23)

See "Option 2 ~ Elevation At Beam Ends".

(6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.

(14) Max Spacing as listed unless otherwise shown.

(21) 1 1/2" Vinyl or plastic joint former at controlled joints (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.)

(22) End panel may be set up to 2" lower to accommodate expansion joint hardware, provided bedding strip is not less than 1/2" thick.

(23) 3/4" thick redwood timber board, leave in place. Redwood timber board placed flush with top of panel or within 1/4" Max above panel. Place 3/4" pyramid shape chamfer along top of timber board. See "Elevation Example of End Panel and Timber Board". Place straight, within 1/4" of centerline of bent or face of inverted-tee, across bridge width and end board at exterior flange edge of fascia beams/girders. Do not extend into overhang.

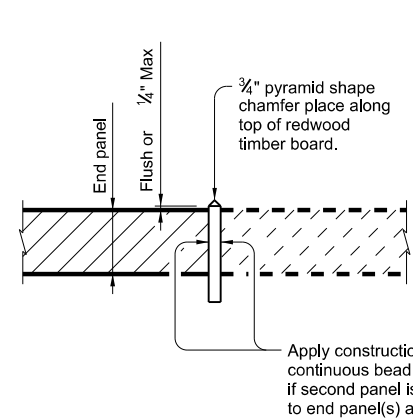
(24) Place panel within 1/2" of 3/4" thick board.

(25) Permanent galvanized steel sheet form. Removable formwork is acceptable.

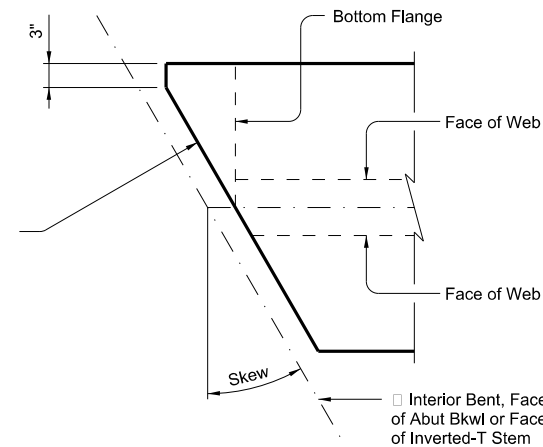
(26) Place end panel within 1/2" of expansion joint opening. End panel cannot encroach on required expansion joint opening.

(27) Place additional (#4) bar 5'-0" in length between every slab Bars T. Center (#4) bar on Joint.

(28) Place additional (#4) bar continuous 2'-6" beyond each side of Inverted-T Stem between every slab bars T.



Skew top flange of Bms/Girders as shown for flange edge supporting a panel. Not applicable to flange edges on exterior side of fascia Bms/Girders.



OPTION 2 ~ SHOWING MODIFICATION TO BEAM/GIRDER TOP FLANGE FOR SKEWS OVER 5°

Showing I-Beam/I-Girder, U-Beams and Steel Beams similar.

SPECIAL OPTION 2 CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

When Option 2 is chosen bottom mat of thickened end slab reinforcing is not required. Use the same top mat as shown on the Thickened Slab End Details sheet.

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended. Saw cutting panels to fit is acceptable when approved by the Engineer. Minimum distance from a saw cut edge to a panel strand is 1 1/2". Do not extend the longitudinal panel reinforcement into the cast-in-place slab.

Top flanges of beams and girders on skewed bridges must be modified as shown on this drawing. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating this modification with the beam fabricator prior to submitting shop drawings for approval.

Fabricator may optionally skew the whole end. When electing to skew whole end, girder end details and bearing type at conventional interior bent must be changed to use condition at abutment. Fabricator must coordinate change in bearing type, bearing centerline location, and dowel location with Engineer and Contractor. Show appropriate changes on girder and bearing shop drawings.

Bending of anchor studs of expansion joints shown on standards AJ, SEJ-B, SEJ-M, and SEJ-S(O) is permissible if necessary to clear top of end panels. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating modifications with the joint fabricator. Submit shop drawings for approval when modifications to expansion joint hardware are made.

Bedding strips under skewed end panels must conform to the requirements of Item 422 except their minimum compressive strength must be 60 psi.

Provide Bars AA, G, K and OA from standard IGTS in the slab.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 4 OF 4

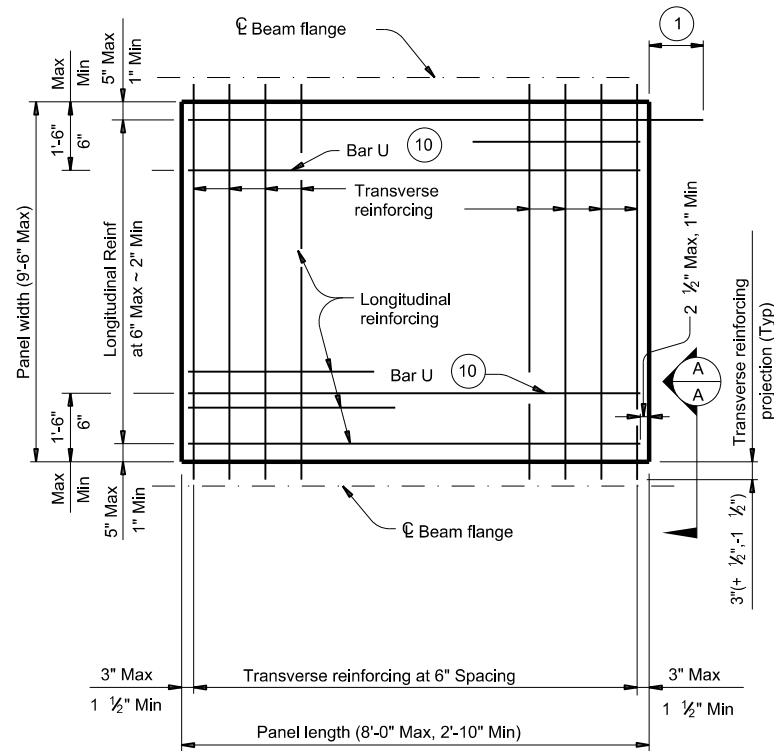


PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

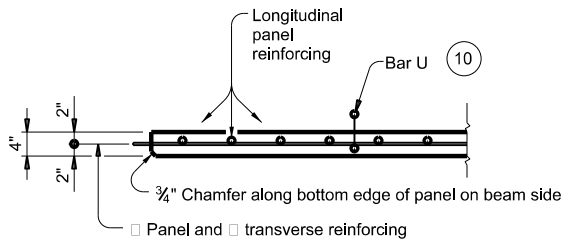
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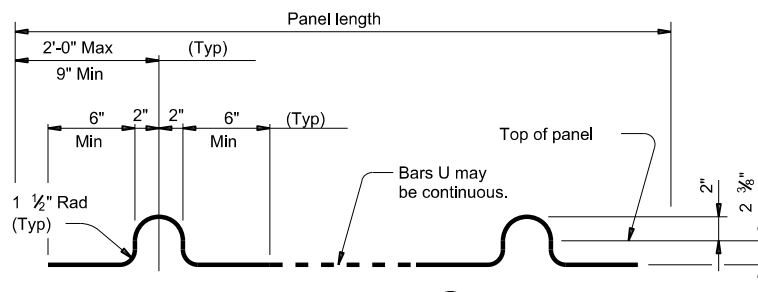


TYPICAL NON-SKEWED PANEL PLAN

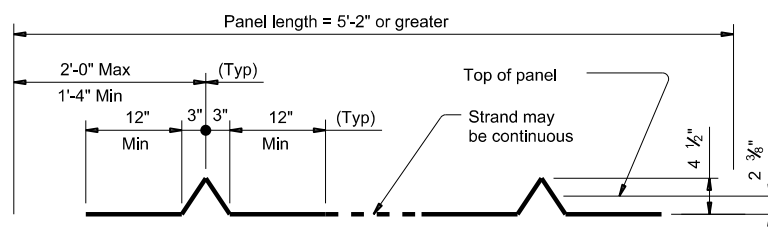


SECTION A-A

(Not showing supplemental #4 bars for skewed end panels.)



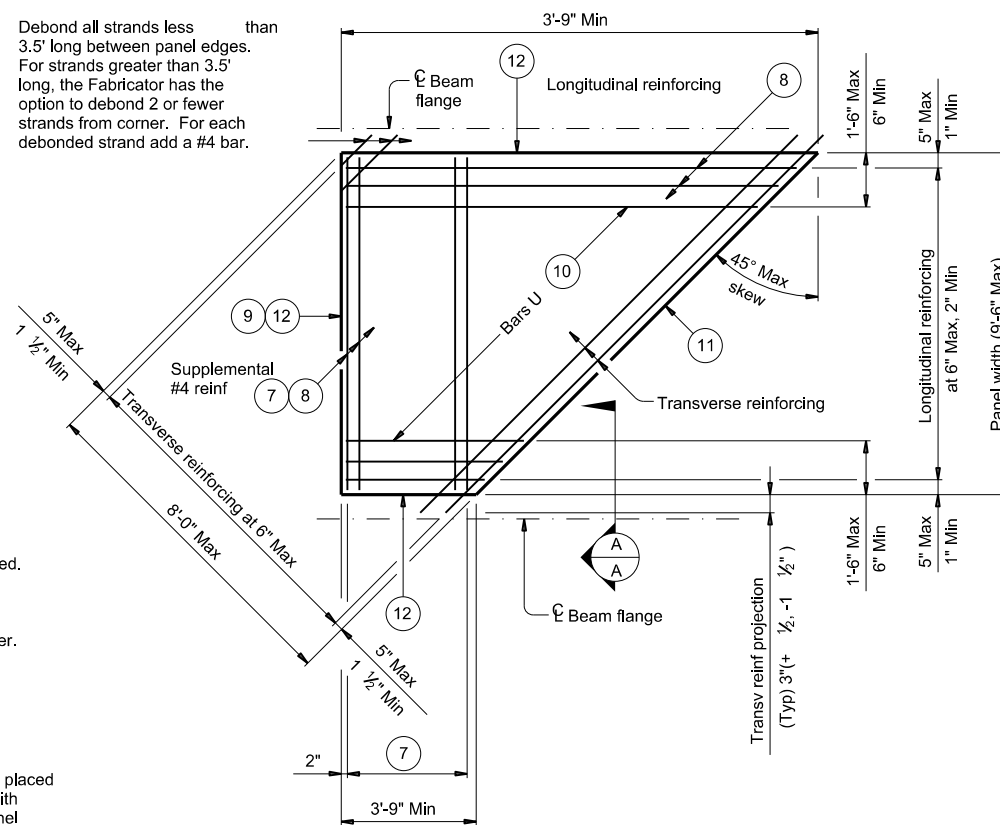
BARS U (#3)



OPTIONAL STRAND FOR BARS U

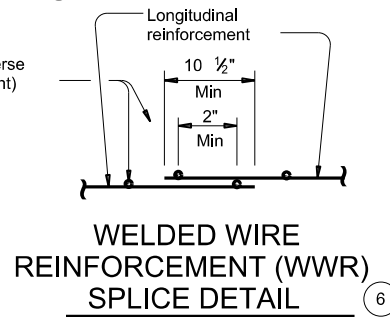
- 1 At connection with cast-in-place slab, extend longitudinal panel reinforcement 1'-0" (+2", -0") past panel end. Alternatively, provide (#3) x 2'-0" dowels at 6" Max Spacing and extend dowels 1'-0" past panel end.
- 2 Four loops required per panel.
- 3 Four loops required per panel. 3/8" or 1/2" strands may be used.
- 4 Normal dimensions must be used on spans with parallel beams. Maximum and Minimum dimensions apply only to spans with flared beams.
- 5 See Normal Grading Detail on PCP standard for lap requirements and bedding strip dimensions. Some laps shown in tables cannot utilize all bedding strip widths.
- 6 One Splice allowed per panel. No more than two sheets of WWR are allowed.
- 7 Provide (#4) bars under transverse reinforcing, 10 Spaces at 4" = 3'-4". Omit for 5 degree (1:12) skew and smaller.
- 8 End Cover 2 1/2" Max, 1" Min.
- 9 Recess strands on indicated panel edge in accordance with Item 424.
- 10 At the fabricator's option, Bars U may be placed parallel to transverse panel reinforcing with horizontal legs in plane of transverse panel reinforcing.
- 11 Use length of indicated panel edge as panel width for purpose of determining type of transverse reinforcing.
- 12 Timber form work permissible this edge.

Debond all strands less than 3.5' long between panel edges. For strands greater than 3.5' long, the Fabricator has the option to debond 2 or fewer strands from corner. For each debonded strand add a #4 bar.

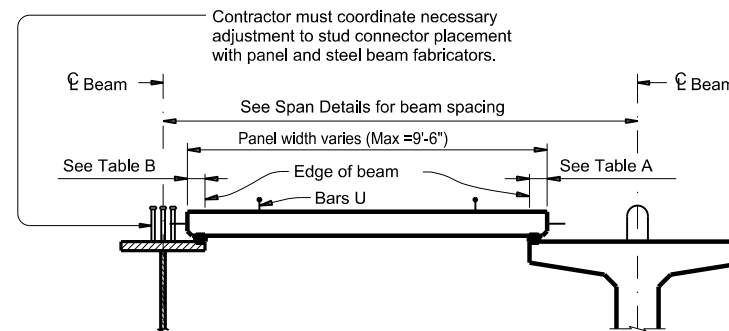


TYPICAL SKEWED END PANEL PLAN

(Only to be used with details shown elsewhere in the plans.)



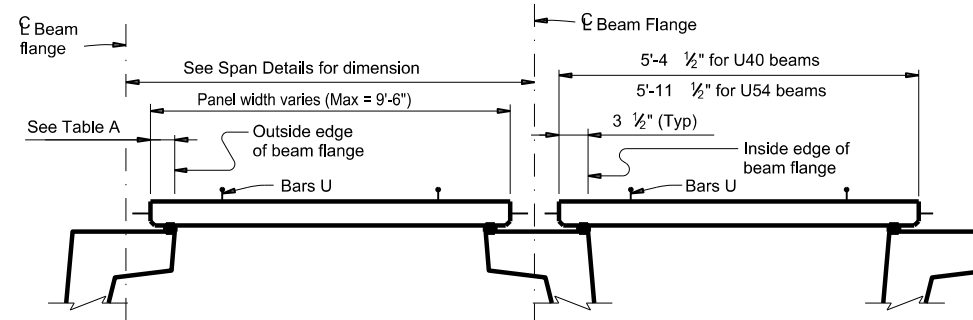
WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT (WWR) SPLICE DETAIL



STEEL BEAMS

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BEAMS OR GIRDERS

Typ unless noted otherwise



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE U-BEAMS

TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR DETERMINING PANEL WIDTH

TABLE A		4	5
Beam Type	Normal (In.)	Min (In.)	Max (In.)
A	3	2 1/2	3 1/2
B	3	2 1/2	3 1/2
C	4	3	4 1/2
IV	6	4	7 1/2
VI	6 1/2	4 1/2	8 1/2
U40 - 54	5 1/2	5 1/2	7
Tx28-70	6	5	7 1/2
XB20 - 40	4	3	4 1/2
XSB12 - 15	4	3	4 1/2

TABLE B		4	5
Top Flange Width	Normal (In.)	Min (In.)	Max (In.)
11" to 12"	2 3/4	2 1/2	2 3/4
Over 12" to 15"	3 1/4	3	3 1/4
Over 15" to 18"	4	3	4 1/4
Over 18"	5	3 1/2	6 1/4

GENERAL NOTES:

- Provide Class H concrete for panels. Release strength f_{ci} =3,500 psi. Minimum 28 day strength f_c =5,000 psi.
- Provide 3/4" chamfer along bottom edge of panel on beam side.
- Do not use epoxy-coated reinforcing steel bar or strand in panels. Remove laitance from top panel surface.
- Finish top of panel to a roughness between a No. 6 and No. 9 concrete surface profile, inclusive, as specified by the International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI).
- Shop drawings for the fabrication of panels will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.
- A panel layout which identifies location of each panel must be developed by the Fabricator. Permanently mark each panel in accordance with the panel layout. A copy of the layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

TRANSVERSE PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

- For panel widths over 5', use 3/8" or 1/2" Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kips per strand.
- For panel widths over 3'-6" up to and including 5', use 3/8" or 1/2" Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kip per strand. Optionally, (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars may be used in lieu of prestressed strands.
- For panel widths up to 3'-6", use (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars (prestressed strands alone are not allowed).
- Place transverse panel reinforcement at panel centroid and space at 6" Max.

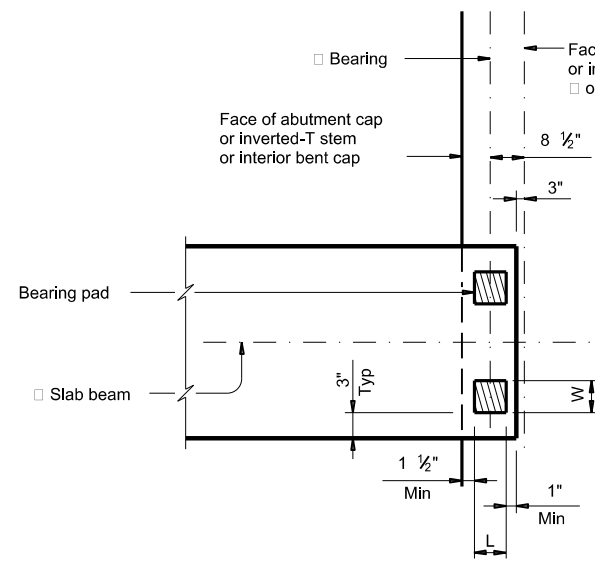
LONGITUDINAL PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

- Any of the following options may be used for longitudinal panel reinforcement:
 1. (#3) Grade 60 reinforcing steel at 6" Max Spacing. No splices allowed.
 2. 3/8" Dia prestressing strands at 4 1/2" Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
 3. 1/2" Dia prestressing strands at 6" Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
 4. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) providing 0.22 sq in per foot of panel width. Wires larger than D11 not permitted. Provide transverse wires to ensure proper handling of reinforcing. One splice per panel is allowed. See WWR Splice Detail.
- No combination of longitudinal reinforcement options in a panel is allowed.
- Place longitudinal panel reinforcement above or below transverse panel reinforcement. Must be placed above transverse panel reinforcement for skewed end panels with supplemental (#4) reinforcement.

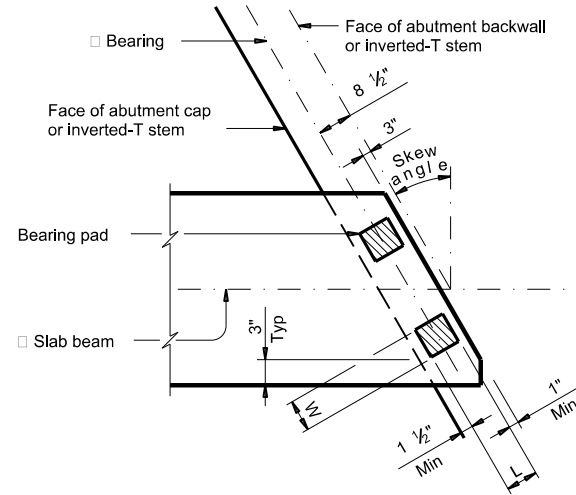
HL93 LOADING

		Bridge Division Standard	
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANEL FABRICATION DETAILS			
PCP-FAB			
FILE: pcpstd2-19.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: JTR
©TxDOT April 2019	CON: 0901	SECT: 29	JOB: 092, Etc.
REVISIONS	DIST: PAR	COUNTY: Lamar, Etc.	CR, Etc.
		SHEET NO. 72	

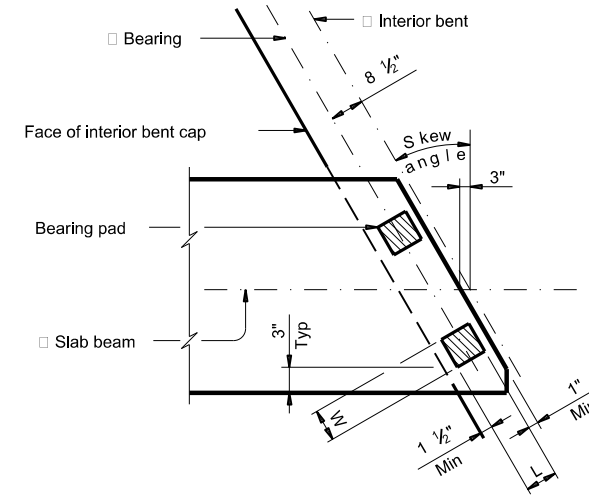
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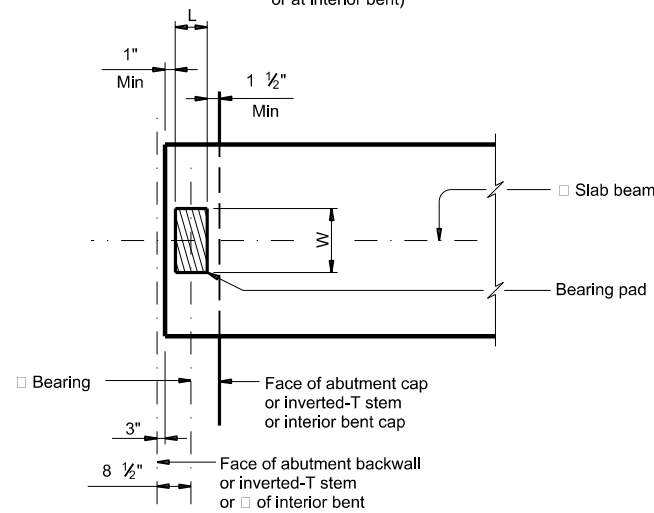
TWO-PAD DETAIL PLAN
(At abutment or inverted-T cap or at interior bent)



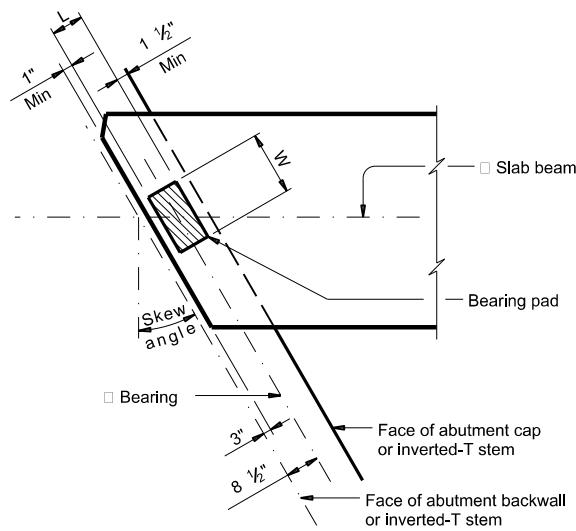
TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN
(At abutment or inverted-T cap)



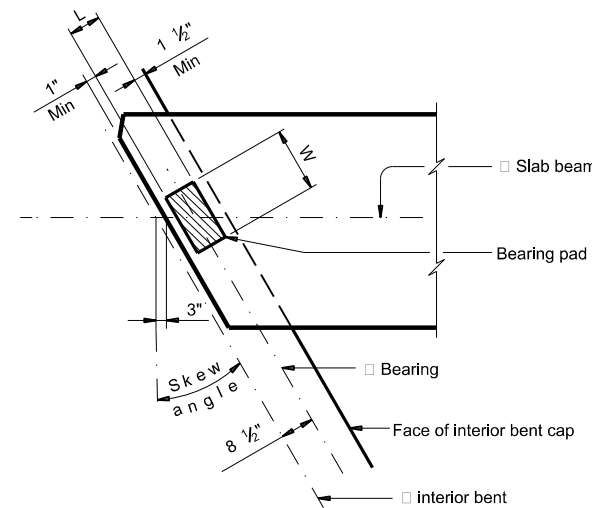
TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN
(At interior bent)



ONE-PAD DETAIL PLAN
(At abutment or inverted-T cap or at interior bent)



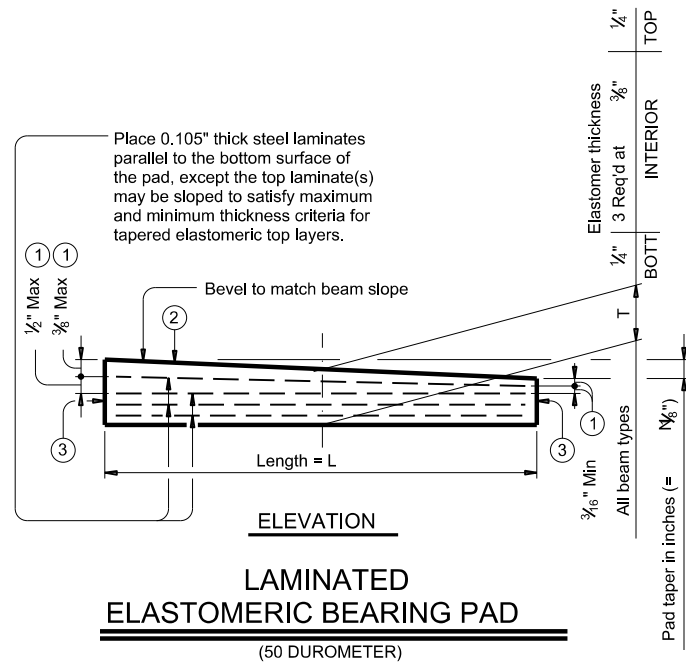
ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN
(At abutment or inverted-T cap)



ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN
(At interior bent)

ELASTOMERIC BEARING PAD PLACEMENT AND BEAM END DIAGRAMS

Place one bearing pad at forward station beam end.
Place two bearing pads at back station beam end.



LAMINATED ELASTOMERIC BEARING PAD
(50 DUROMETER)

- ① Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered layers.
- ② Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in increments) in this mark. Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper)
N=1, (for 1/8" taper)
N=2, (for 1/4" taper)
(etc.)
Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan beam slope by more than $\left(\frac{0.0625N}{\text{Length}}\right)$
- ③ Locate permanent mark here.

TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS (ALL PRESTR CONC SLAB BM TYPES)

One-Pad (Ty SB1-"N")			Two-Pad (Ty SB2-"N")		
W	L	T	W	L	T
14"	7"	2"	7"	7"	2"

Pad sizes shown are applicable for the following conditions:

- (1) All one, two and three span units where the minimum span length is not less than 25' and the maximum span is not more than 50'.
- (2) Skews less than or equal to 30°.

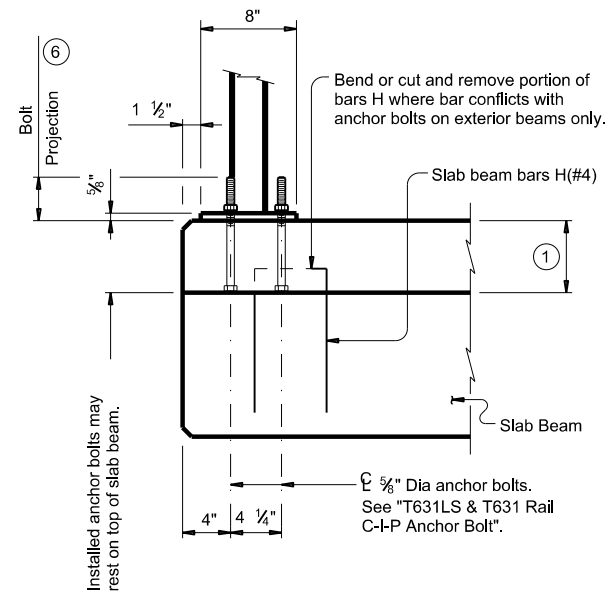
GENERAL NOTES:

These details accommodate skew angles up to 30°. Shop drawings for approval are required. A bearing layout which identifies location and orientation of all bearings must be developed by the bearing fabricator. Permanently mark each bearing in accordance with the bearing layout. A copy of the bearing layout is to be provided to the Engineer. Cost of furnishing and installing elastomeric bearings must be included in unit price bid for "Prestressed Concrete Slab Beams".

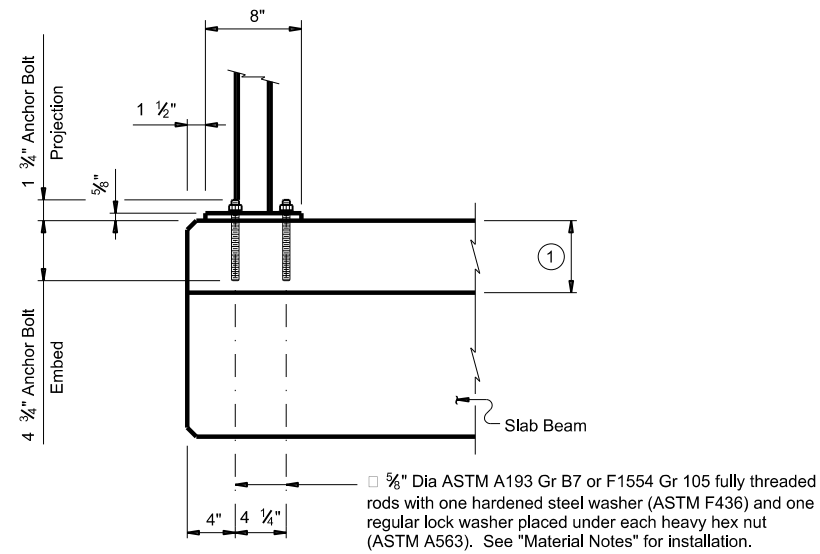
HL93 LOADING

		Bridge Division Standard	
ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND BEAM END DETAILS			
PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM			
PSBEB			
FILE: psbste06-17.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT
©TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		74

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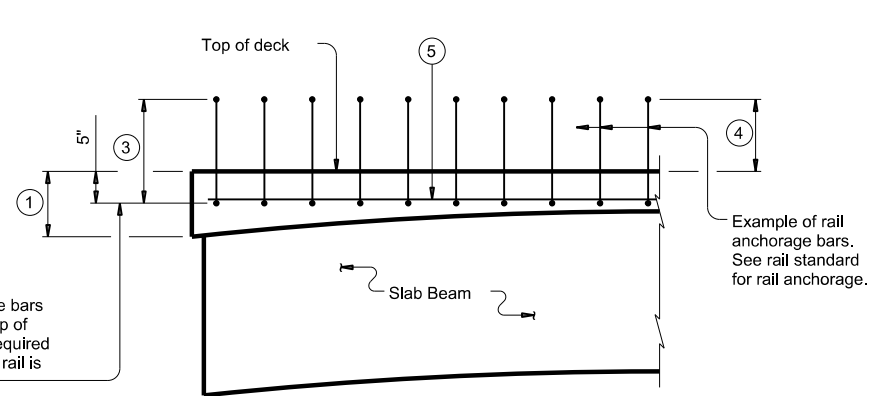
CAST-IN-PLACE ANCHORAGE OPTION



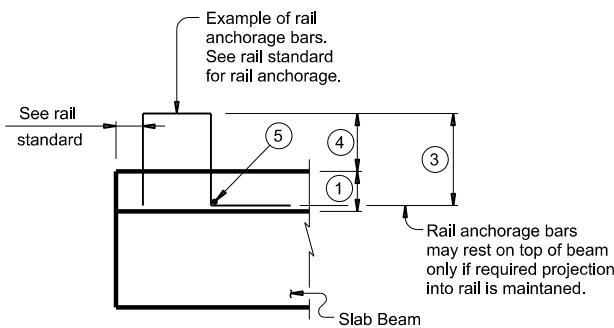
ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE OPTION

T631LS & T631 RAIL ANCHORAGE PLACEMENT

(2) (7)



PART SPAN ELEVATION

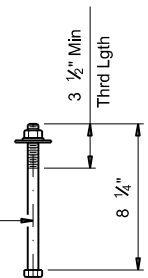


SECTION

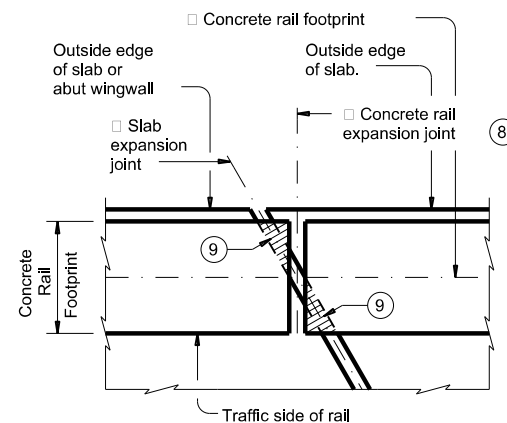
TYPICAL CONCRETE RAIL ANCHORAGE

(Showing typical concrete rail anchorage)

5/8" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolt (ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut (ASTM A563).



T631LS & T631 RAIL C-I-P ANCHOR BOLT



PLAN OF CONCRETE RAILS AT EXPANSION JOINTS

- 1 Cast-in-place slab thickness varies due to beam camber (5" minimum).
- 2 Replace cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on T631LS and T631 Rail standard with an adhesive anchor system or cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on this sheet.
- 3 Bar length shown on rail standard, minus 1 1/4". Adjust bar length for a raised sidewalk.
- 4 See rail standard for projection from finished grade or top of sidewalk.
- 5 Place additional (#5) longitudinal bar.
- 6 Excess bolt length has been provided to accommodate a variable slab thickness due to beam camber. If slab thickness on span details exceed 7", bolt length must be increased accordingly. After posts have been set and bolts tightened, bolt projection above nuts of more than 1/2" must be cut off and painted with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item 445 "Galvanizing".
- 7 Distance from end of top outside edge of slab to center of first bolt group can not be less than 9", except: 15° Skew: 1'-0" (acute corner only) 30° Skew: 1'-3" (acute corner only)
- 8 Location of rail expansion joint must be at the intersection of slab expansion joint, rail footprint and perpendicular to slab outside edge.
- 9 Cross-hatched area must have 1/2" preformed bituminous fiber material under concrete rail, as shown.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Rail anchorage bars may be field bent as required to clear rail reinforcing or provide minimum cover shown on standard rail detail sheets.
 Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
 Cast-in-place anchorage system for T631LS and T631 Rail must be 5/8" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr 325 or A449) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed anchor bolts 4 1/2" minimum.
 Adhesive anchors for T631LS and T631 Rail must be 5/8" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 3/4". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing."
 Epoxy coat or galvanize reinforcing steel shown on this standard if rail reinforcement is epoxy coated or galvanized.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. This standard is for use with structures with a 5" minimum cast-in-place concrete slab. This standard may require modification for interior rails. This standard does not apply to median barriers. This standard does not provide details for Type T221P, T224, T80HT, T80SS, C412, PR11, PR22 and PR3 rails on slab beam bridges. See rail standards for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

		Bridge Division Standard	
<h2>RAIL ANCHORAGE DETAILS</h2>			
<h3>PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAMS</h3>			
<h3>PSBRA</h3>			
FILE: psbste07-18.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: JTR
©TxDOT January 2017	CON: 0901	SECT: 29	JOB: 092, Etc.
REVISIONS	DIST: PAR		COUNTY: Lamar, Etc.
03-18: Updated adhesive anchor notes.	SHEET NO. 75		CR, Etc.

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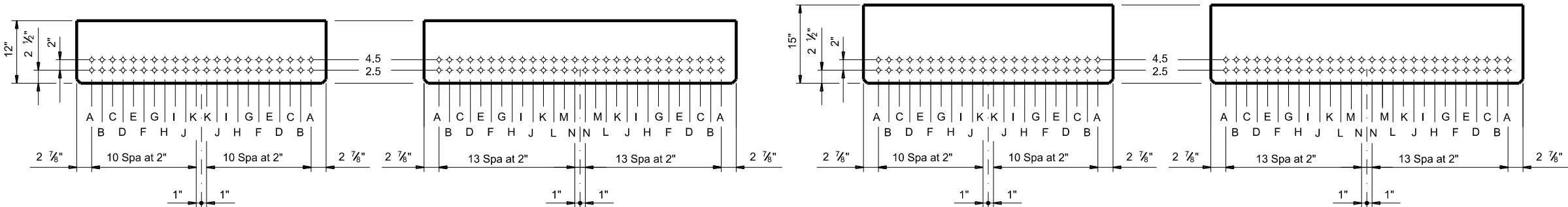
DATE: 4/3/2023 7:07:37 PM
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STRUCTURE	DESIGNED BEAMS (STRAIGHT STRANDS)																	OPTIONAL DESIGN					LOAD RATING FACTORS					
	SPAN LENGTH (ft)	BEAM NO.	BEAM TYPE	PRESTRESSING STRANDS							DEBONDED STRANDS PER ROW							CONCRETE		DESIGN LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP σ) (SERVICE I)	DESIGN LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT σ) (SERVICE III)	REQUIRED MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY (STRENGTH I)	LIVE LOAD DISTRIBUTION FACTOR		STRENGTH I			SERVICE III
				NON-STD STRAND PATTERN	TOTAL NO.	SIZE (in)	STRGTH (ksi)	"e" ϕ (in)	"e" END (in)	TOT NO. DEB	DIST FROM BOTTOM (in)	NO. OF STRANDS		NUMBER OF STRANDS DEBONDED TO (ft from end)					RELEASE STRGTH (1) f_d (ksi)				MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP STRGTH f_c (ksi)	Moment	Shear	Inv	Opr	Inv
												TOTAL	DE-BONDED	3	6	9	12	15										
24' ROADWAY SB12 BEAM	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.914	-1.217	448	0.450	0.450	1.40	1.82	1.71
	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.292	-1.685	530	0.450	0.450	1.25	1.62	1.29	
	35	ALL	5SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.730	-2.219	675	0.450	0.450	1.33	1.73	1.23	
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.218	-2.796	820	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.74	1.12	
24' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.725	-0.897	551	0.450	0.450	1.77	2.29	2.41	
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.020	-1.244	574	0.450	0.450	1.23	1.59	1.45	
	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.361	-1.640	708	0.450	0.450	1.15	1.49	1.14	
	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.739	-2.068	864	0.440	0.440	1.32	1.71	1.19	
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.179	-2.574	1054	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.73	1.08	
28' ROADWAY SB12 BEAM	50	ALL	5SB15		24	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	8	2.5	24	8	4	4	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.680	-3.153	1276	0.440	0.440	1.33	1.72	1.11	
28' ROADWAY SB12 BEAM	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.903	-1.184	444	0.430	0.430	1.47	1.91	1.80	
	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.276	-1.639	508	0.430	0.430	1.32	1.71	1.37	
	35	ALL	5SB12		12	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.708	-2.159	647	0.430	0.430	1.18	1.53	1.02	
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.200	-2.744	799	0.430	0.430	1.37	1.78	1.17	
28' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.716	-0.874	529	0.430	0.430	1.85	2.40	2.53	
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.007	-1.212	570	0.430	0.430	1.29	1.67	1.53	
	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.343	-1.598	680	0.430	0.430	1.21	1.57	1.22	
	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.725	-2.032	842	0.430	0.430	1.36	1.76	1.24	
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.149	-2.508	1013	0.420	0.420	1.41	1.82	1.16	
28' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM	50	ALL	5SB15		22	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	6	2.5	22	6	4	2	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.643	-3.073	1227	0.420	0.420	1.33	1.72	1.01	
30' ROADWAY SB12 BEAM	25	ALL	4SB12		6	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.904	-1.187	341	0.340	0.340	1.38	1.79	1.67	
	30	ALL	4SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.277	-1.646	407	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.37	
	35	ALL	4SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.711	-2.169	518	0.340	0.340	1.24	1.60	1.08	
	40	ALL	4SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.205	-2.758	640	0.340	0.340	1.34	1.73	1.11	
30' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM	25	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.723	-0.888	431	0.350	0.350	1.69	2.19	2.32	
	30	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.017	-1.231	438	0.350	0.350	1.16	1.50	1.37	
	35	ALL	4SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.346	-1.605	545	0.340	0.340	1.21	1.57	1.21	
	40	ALL	4SB15		12	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.729	-2.043	675	0.340	0.340	1.47	1.91	1.38	
	45	ALL	4SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	14	2	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.166	-2.542	823	0.340	0.340	1.33	1.73	1.06	
30' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM	50	ALL	4SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	4	2.5	18	4	2	2	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.665	-3.115	998	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.02	

① Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):
 Compression = 0.65 f_{ci}
 Tension = 0.24 $f_{ci} \sqrt{\quad}$
 Optional designs must likewise conform.
 ② Portion of full HL93.

DESIGN NOTES:
 Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation. Prestress losses for the designed beams have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

FABRICATION NOTES:
 Provide Class H concrete. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of f_{pu} . Full-length debonded strands are not permitted in positions "A" and "B". Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.4. When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed beam or an approved optional beam design. All optional design submittals and shop drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas. Locate strands for the designed beam as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5". Place strands within a row as follows:
 1) Locate a strand in each "A" position.
 2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of beam.
 3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width. Do not debond strands in position "A". Distribute debonded strands symmetrically about the vertical centerline. Increase debonded lengths working outward, with debonding staggered in each row.



TxDOT 4SB12 SLAB BEAM

TxDOT 5SB12 SLAB BEAM

TxDOT 4SB15 SLAB BEAM

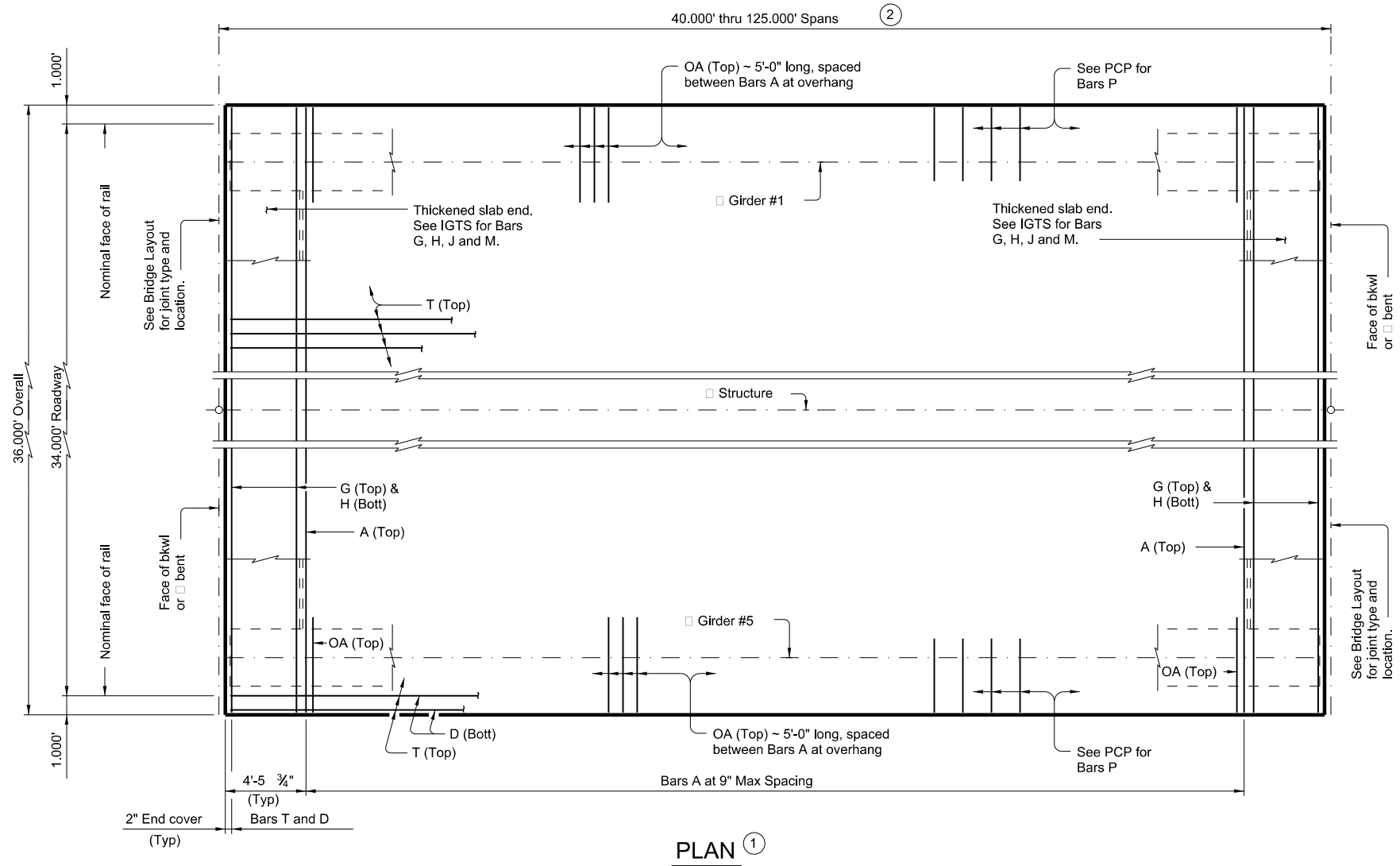
TxDOT 5SB15 SLAB BEAM

HL93 LOADING

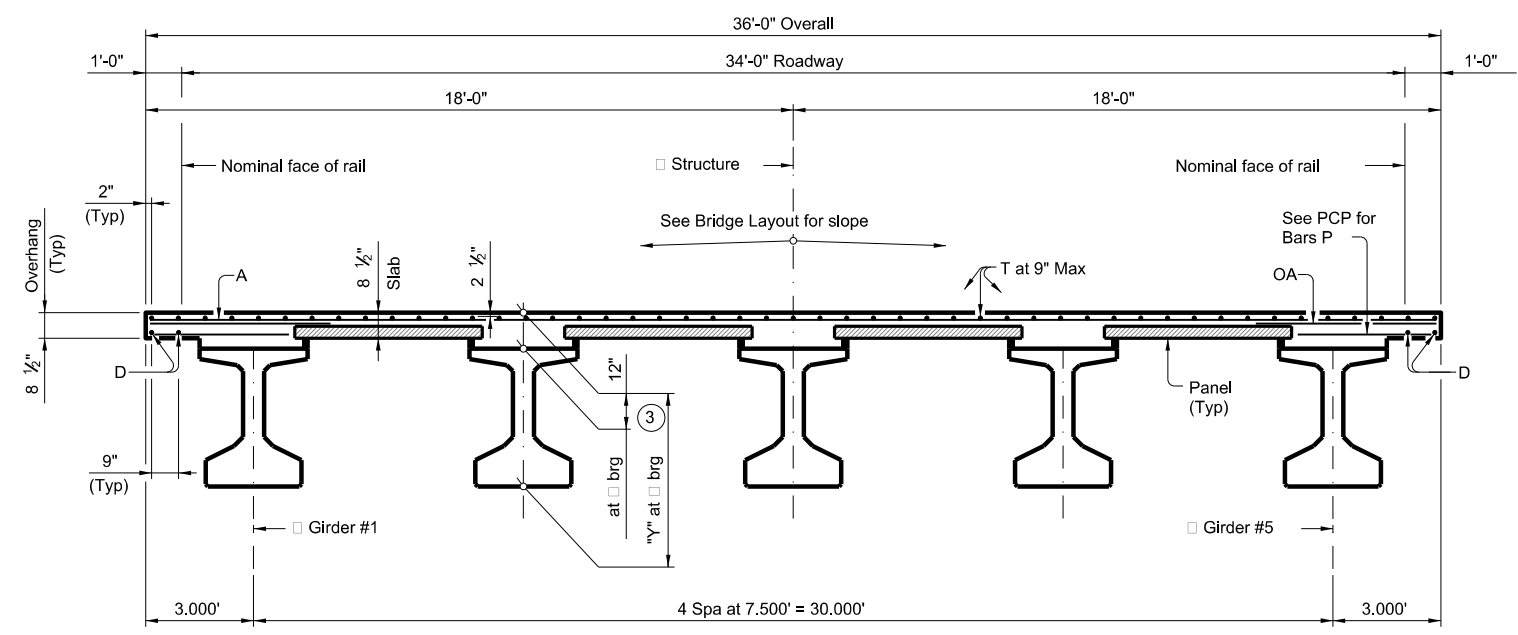
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PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM STD DESIGNS (TY SB12 OR SB15) 24', 28' & 30' ROADWAY			
PSBSD			
FILE: psbsts08-21.dgn	DN: SRW	CK: BMP	DW: SFS
©TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.
1-21: Added load rating.	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	76

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PLAN 1



TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION
 (Showing girder type Tx46)

TABLE OF SECTION DEPTHS	
GIRDER TYPE	"Y" AT BRG (3)
	Ft/In
Tx28	3'-4"
Tx34	3'-10"
Tx40	4'-4"
Tx46	4'-10"
Tx54	5'-6"

BAR TABLE	
BAR	SIZE
A	#4
D	#4
G	#4
H	#4
J	#4
M	#4
OA	#5
P	#4
T	#4

- ① If multi-span units (with slab continuous over interior bents) are indicated on the Bridge Layout, see standard IGCS for adjustment to slab reinforcement and quantities.
- ② Span lengths for prestressed concrete I-Girder type:
 Type Tx28 for spans lengths 40,000' thru 75,000'.
 Type Tx34 for spans lengths 40,000' thru 85,000'.
 Type Tx40 for spans lengths 40,000' thru 95,000'.
 Type Tx46 for spans lengths 40,000' thru 110,000'.
 Type Tx54 for spans lengths 40,000' thru 125,000'.
- ③ "Y" value shown is based on theoretical girder camber, dead load deflection from an 8 1/2" concrete slab, a constant roadway grade, and using precast panels (PCP). The Contractor will adjust this value as necessary for any roadway vertical curve.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER SPANS
 (TYPE Tx28 THRU Tx54)
 34' ROADWAY

SIG-34

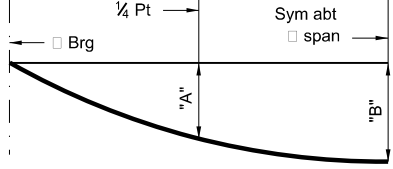
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©TxDOT January 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		77	

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TABLE OF DEAD LOAD DEFLECTIONS

TYPE Tx28 GIRDERS			TYPE Tx34 GIRDERS			TYPE Tx40 GIRDERS			TYPE Tx46 GIRDERS			TYPE Tx54 GIRDERS		
SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"	SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"	SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"	SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"	SPAN LENGTH	"A"	"B"
Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft	Ft
40	0.008	0.012	40	0.005	0.007	40	0.003	0.005	40	0.002	0.003	40	0.001	0.002
45	0.014	0.019	45	0.008	0.012	45	0.005	0.008	45	0.004	0.005	45	0.002	0.003
50	0.021	0.030	50	0.013	0.018	50	0.008	0.012	50	0.006	0.008	50	0.004	0.005
55	0.031	0.045	55	0.019	0.027	55	0.012	0.017	55	0.008	0.012	55	0.006	0.008
60	0.045	0.064	60	0.027	0.038	60	0.018	0.025	60	0.012	0.017	60	0.008	0.011
65	0.063	0.089	65	0.037	0.053	65	0.025	0.035	65	0.017	0.024	65	0.011	0.016
70	0.085	0.121	70	0.051	0.073	70	0.033	0.047	70	0.023	0.032	70	0.015	0.021
75	0.113	0.161	75	0.068	0.096	75	0.044	0.063	75	0.030	0.043	75	0.020	0.028
			80	0.088	0.125	80	0.058	0.082	80	0.039	0.056	80	0.026	0.037
			85	0.113	0.161	85	0.074	0.105	85	0.050	0.072	85	0.033	0.047
						90	0.093	0.133	90	0.064	0.090	90	0.042	0.060
						95	0.117	0.166	95	0.079	0.113	95	0.052	0.075
									100	0.098	0.139	100	0.065	0.092
									105	0.119	0.170	105	0.079	0.112
									110	0.144	0.205	110	0.095	0.136
									115			115	0.114	0.163
									120			120	0.136	0.193
									125			125	0.161	0.228



DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

Calculated deflections shown are due to the concrete slab on interior girders only (Ec = 5000 ksi). Adjust values as required for exterior girders and if optional slab forming is used. These values may require field verification.

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

SPAN LENGTH	REINF CONCRETE SLAB	Prestressed Concrete Girders			TOTAL REINF STEEL
		ABUT TO INT BT	INT BT TO INT BT	ABUT TO ABUT	
Ft	SF	LF	LF	LF	Lb
40	1,440	197.50	197.50	197.50	3,312
45	1,620	222.50	222.50	222.50	3,726
50	1,800	247.50	247.50	247.50	4,140
55	1,980	272.50	272.50	272.50	4,554
60	2,160	297.50	297.50	297.50	4,968
65	2,340	322.50	322.50	322.50	5,382
70	2,520	347.50	347.50	347.50	5,796
75	2,700	372.50	372.50	372.50	6,210
80	2,880	397.50	397.50	397.50	6,624
85	3,060	422.50	422.50	422.50	7,038
90	3,240	447.50	447.50	447.50	7,452
95	3,420	472.50	472.50	472.50	7,866
100	3,600	497.50	497.50	497.50	8,280
105	3,780	522.50	522.50	522.50	8,694
110	3,960	547.50	547.50	547.50	9,108
115	4,140	572.50	572.50	572.50	9,522
120	4,320	597.50	597.50	597.50	9,936
125	4,500	622.50	622.50	622.50	10,350

- 4 Fabricator will adjust lengths for girder slopes as required.
- 5 Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.3 lbs/SF.

MATERIAL NOTES:
 Provide Class S concrete (fc = 4,000 psi).
 Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.
 Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
 Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:
 Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"
 Epoxy coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"
 Deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A, D, OA, P or T unless noted otherwise.

GENERAL NOTES:
 Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
 Multi-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents, may be formed with the details shown on this sheet and the I-Girder Continuous Slab Detail (IGCS) standard.
 See I-Girder Thickened Slab End Details (IGTS) standard for details and quantity adjustments.
 See Prestressed Concrete Panels (PCP) standard and Prestressed Concrete Panel Fabrication Details (PCP-FAB) standard for panel details not shown.
 See I-Girder Miscellaneous Slab Details (IGMS) standard for miscellaneous details.
 See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in slab.
 See Permanent Metal Deck Forms (PMDF) standard for details and quantity adjustments if this option is used.
 This standard does not support the use of transition bents.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Bridge Division Standard

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER SPANS
 (TYPE Tx28 THRU Tx54)
 34' ROADWAY

SIG-34

FILE: IG-SIG3400-23.dgn	DN: TAR	CK: VC	DW: SFS	CK: TAR
©TxDOT January 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		78	

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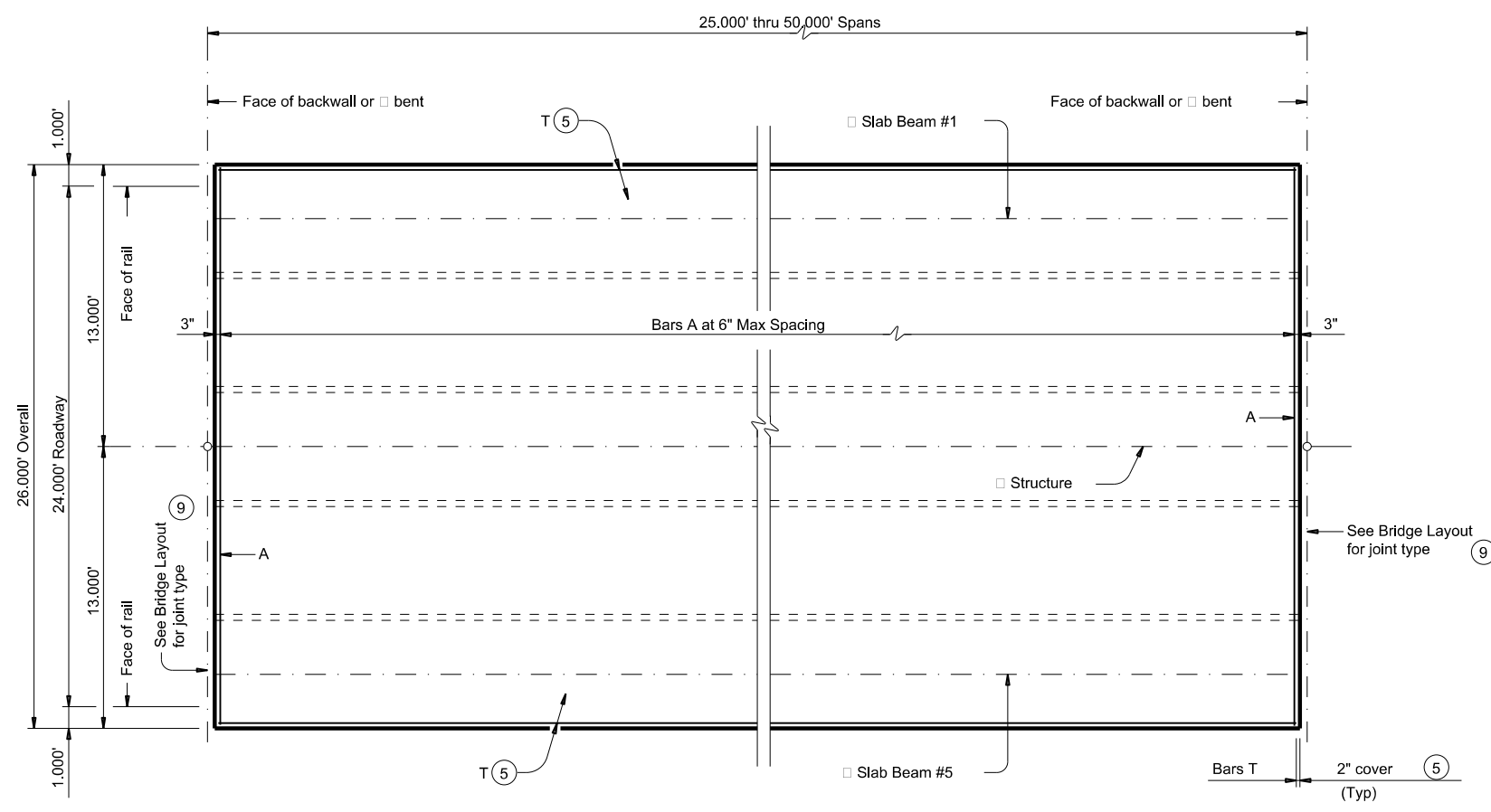
TABLE OF VARIABLE VALUES

Span Length	Beam Type	Dead Load Deflection		Section Depths ⁽³⁾	
		"A"	"B"	"X"	"Y"
Ft	(1)	Ft	Ft	In	Ft/In
25	5SB12	0.004	0.005	5 1/4"	1'-5 1/4"
30	5SB12	0.008	0.011	5 1/2"	1'-5 1/2"
35	5SB12	0.015	0.021	6"	1'-6"
40	5SB12	0.026	0.036	6 1/2"	1'-6 1/2"
25	5SB15	0.002	0.003	5 1/4"	1'-8 1/4"
30	5SB15	0.004	0.006	5 1/2"	1'-8 1/2"
35	5SB15	0.008	0.011	5 1/2"	1'-8 1/2"
40	5SB15	0.013	0.019	5 3/4"	1'-8 3/4"
45	5SB15	0.022	0.030	6 1/2"	1'-9 1/2"
50	5SB15	0.034	0.047	7"	1'-10"

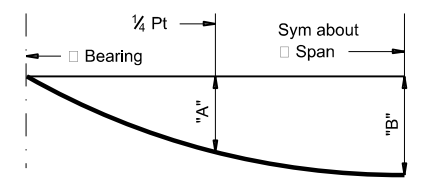
TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

SPAN LENGTH	REINF CONCRETE SLAB (SLAB BEAM)	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB12 OR 5SB15) ⁽¹⁾			TOTAL REINF STEEL ⁽²⁾
		ABUT TO INT BT	INT BT TO INT BT	ABUT TO ABUT	
Ft	SF	LF ⁽⁴⁾	LF ⁽⁴⁾	LF ⁽⁴⁾	Lb
25	650	122.50	122.50	122.50	1,820
30	780	147.50	147.50	147.50	2,180
35	910	172.50	172.50	172.50	2,550
40	1,040	197.50	197.50	197.50	2,910
45	1,170	222.50	222.50	222.50	3,280
50	1,300	247.50	247.50	247.50	3,640

- See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure. These standards do not provide for the use of both SB12 and SB15 beams within the same structure.
- Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.8 Lbs/SF.
- Based on theoretical beam camber, dead load deflections of 5" cast-in-place concrete slab and a constant grade. The Contractor will adjust these values for any vertical curve.
- Fabricator will adjust beam lengths for beam slopes as required.
- Where slab is continuous over Interior Bents, Bars T are continuous through joint. See "Continuous Slab Detail".
- This standard does not provide for changes in roadway cross-slopes within the structure.
- 1 1/4" backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete Superstructures".



PLAN

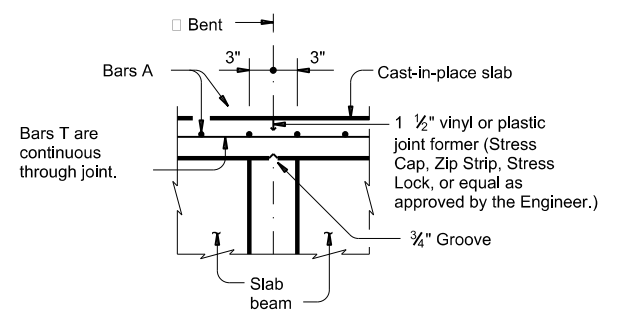
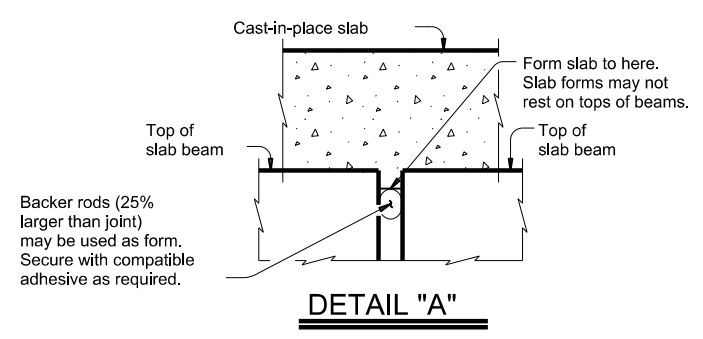


DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

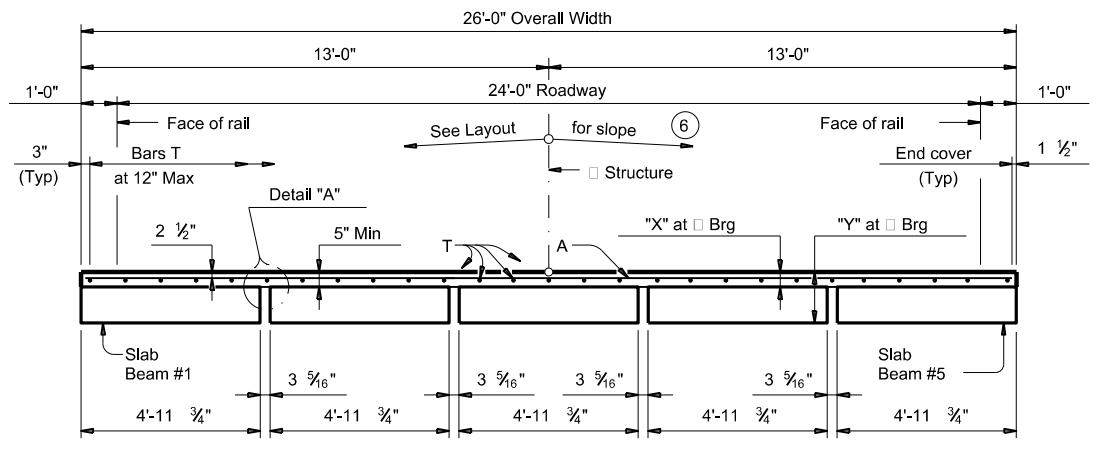
NOTE: Deflections shown are due to concrete slab only (E = 5,000 ksi). Calculated deflections shown are theoretical and actual dimensions may vary. Adjust based on field verification.

BAR TABLE

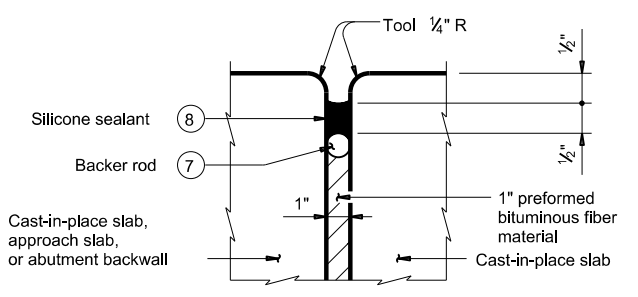
BAR	SIZE
A	#5
T	#4



CONTINUOUS SLAB DETAIL



TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION



TYPE A JOINT DETAIL

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Two- or three-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents, may be formed with the details shown on this sheet. See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in slab. This standard does not support the use of transition bents.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:
 Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"
 ~ #5 = 2'-0"
 Epoxy coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"
 ~ #5 = 3'-0"
 Deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A or T unless noted otherwise.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

HL93 LOADING

Texas Department of Transportation
 Bridge Division Standard

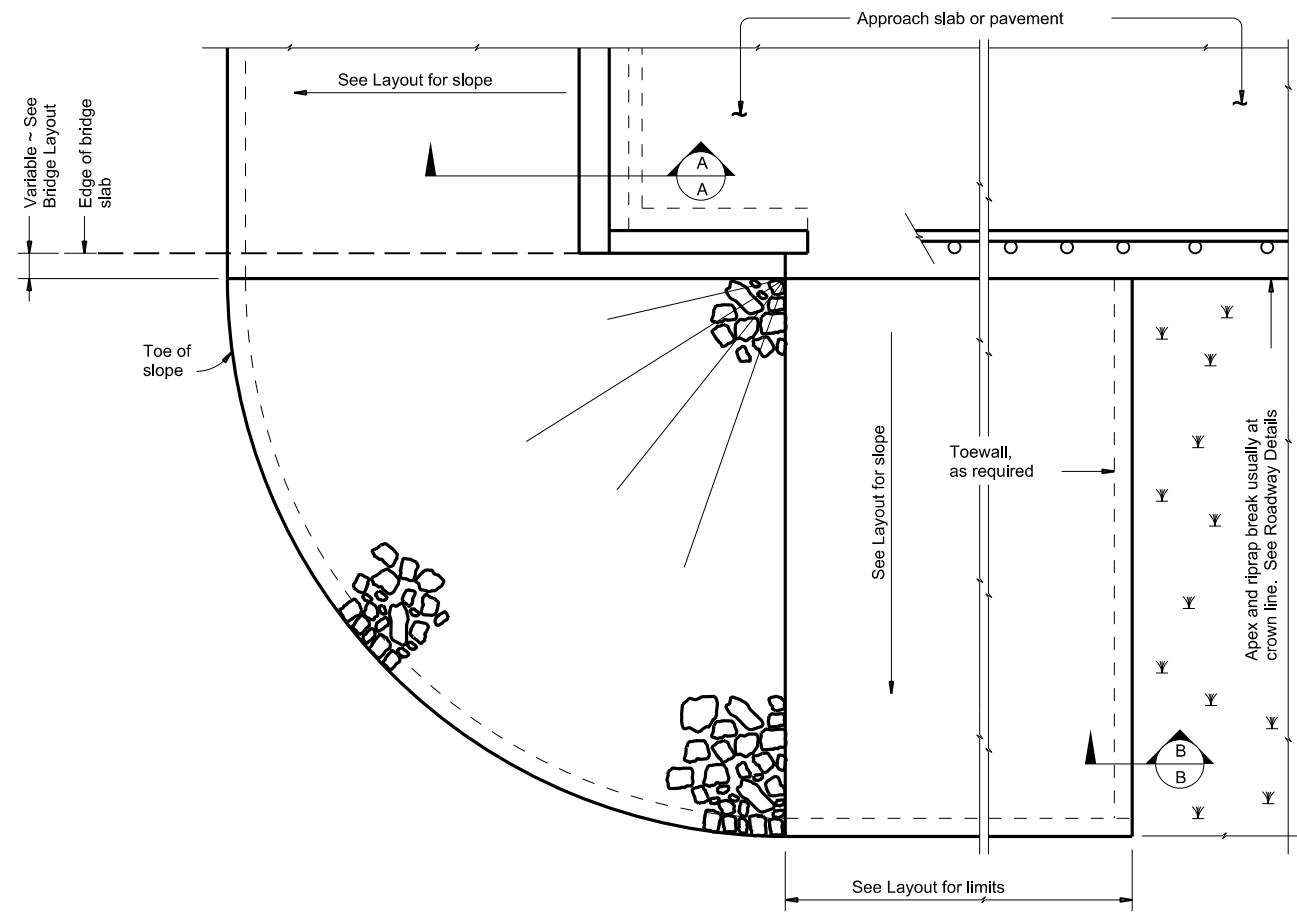
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM SPANS (TY SB12 OR SB15) 24' ROADWAY

SPSB-24

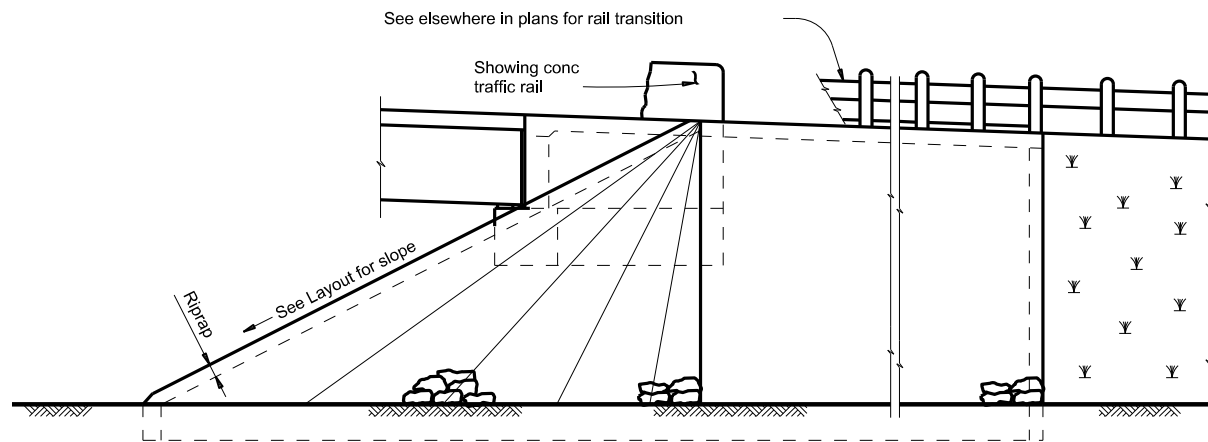
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REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
PAR	Lamar, Etc.	79		

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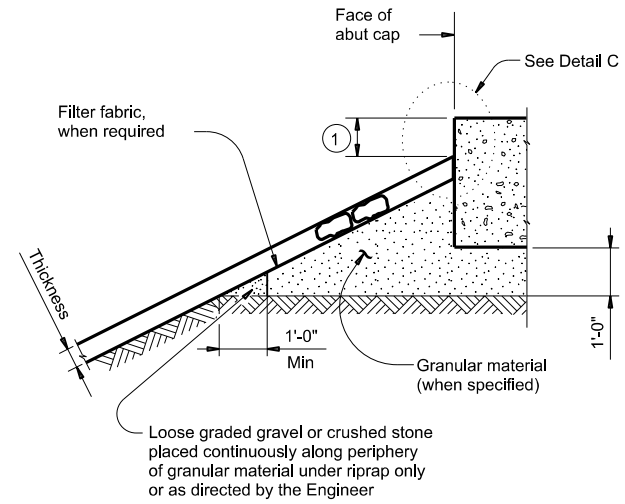
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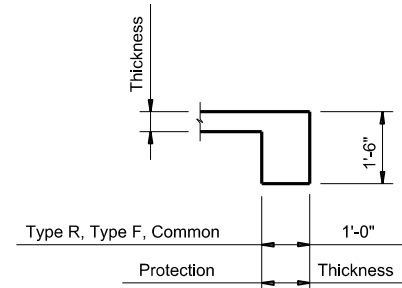
PLAN



ELEVATION



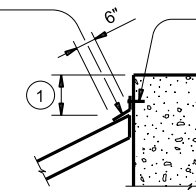
SECTION A-A AT CAP



SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

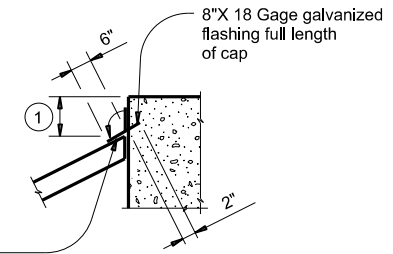
8"X 18 Gage galvanized flashing full length of cap



CAP OPTION A

Nail flashing to cap or wingwall and seal with joint sealer

Plug ends and seal joint along ends of cap and side of wingwalls with joint sealer



CAP OPTION B

DETAIL C

① Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.

GENERAL NOTES:

Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified.
 See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of shoulder drains.

SHEET 1 OF 2

		Bridge Division Standard	
<h2>STONE RIPRAP</h2>			
<h3>SRR</h3>			
FILE: srrstd1-19.dgn	DN: AES	CK: JGD	DW: BWH
©TxDOT April 2019	CONTRACT: 0901 29	SECTION: 092, Etc.	HIGHWAY: CR, Etc.
DIST: PAR	COUNTY: Lamar, Etc.	SHEET NO. 80	

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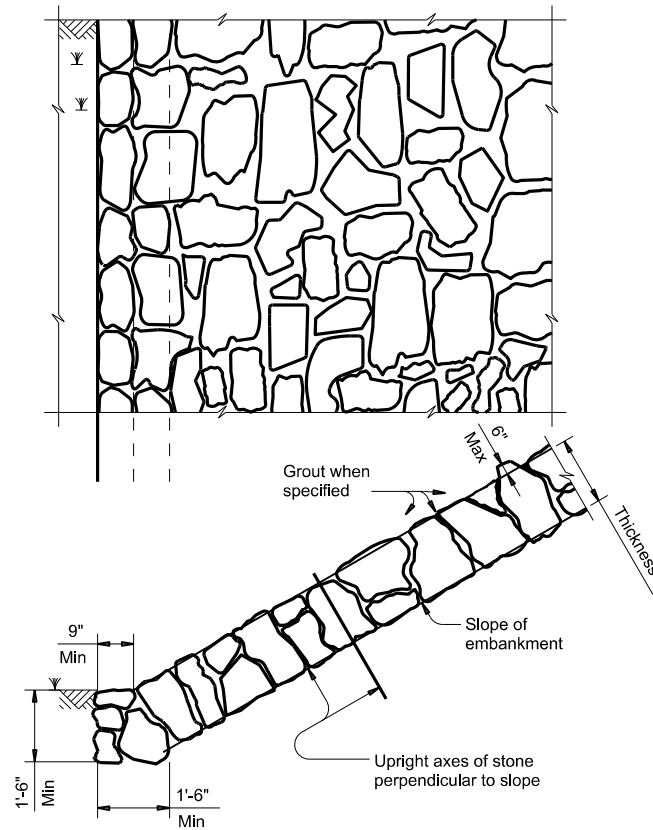


FIGURE 1 ~ TYPE R STONE RIPRAP

dry or grouted

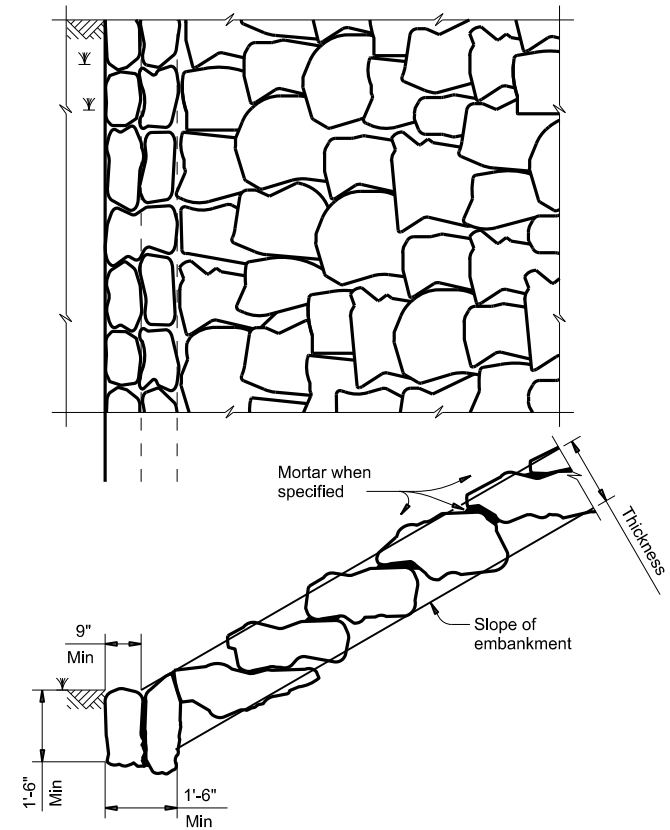


FIGURE 2 ~ TYPE F STONE RIPRAP

dry or mortared

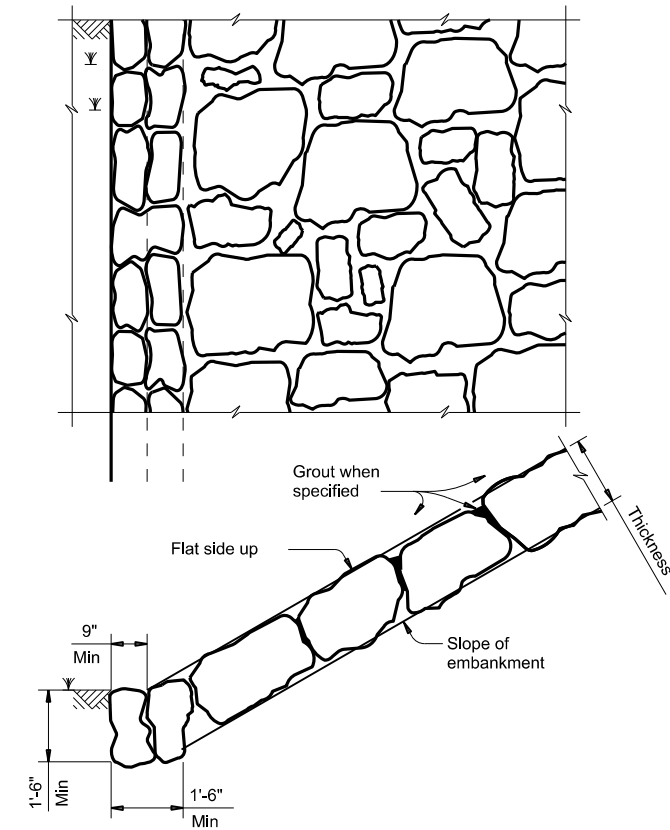
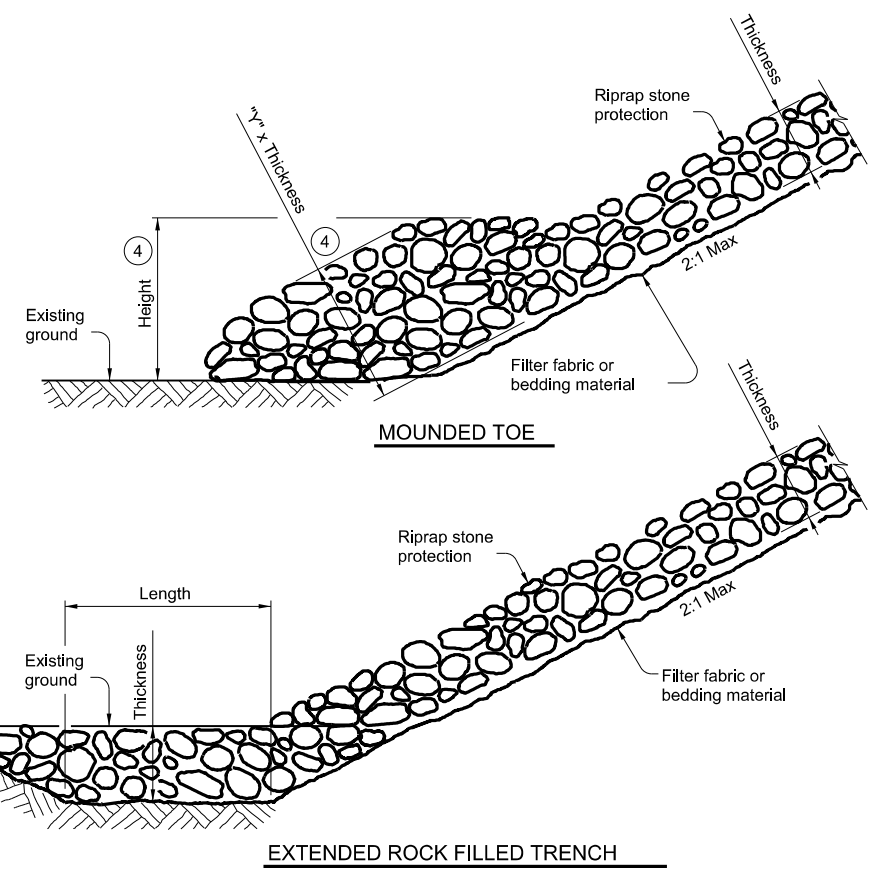


FIGURE 3 ~ TYPE F STONE RIPRAP

grouted

- ② Provide bedding material instead of filter fabric if shown elsewhere in plans. See Layout for thickness of bedding material.
- ③ Minimum toe depth is the larger of the maximum scour depth or 2 times the riprap thickness.
- ④ "Y" and Height need to be defined. See layout or detail sheet for values if this option is used.
- ⑤ List Stone Protection as size (XX inch) and thickness (YY inch) on the layout.
 Example: Riprap (Stone Protection) XX inch, Thickness = YY inch.



PROTECTION STONE RIPRAP TOE OPTIONS

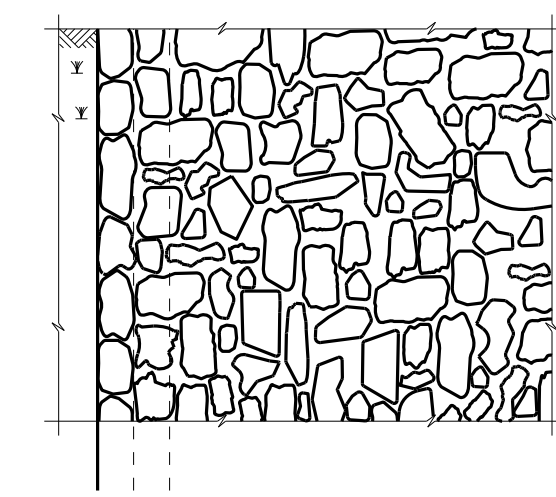


FIGURE 4 ~ COMMON STONE RIPRAP

dry or grouted

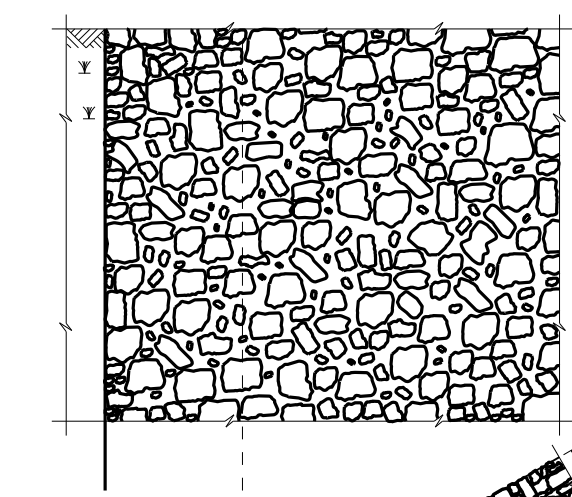


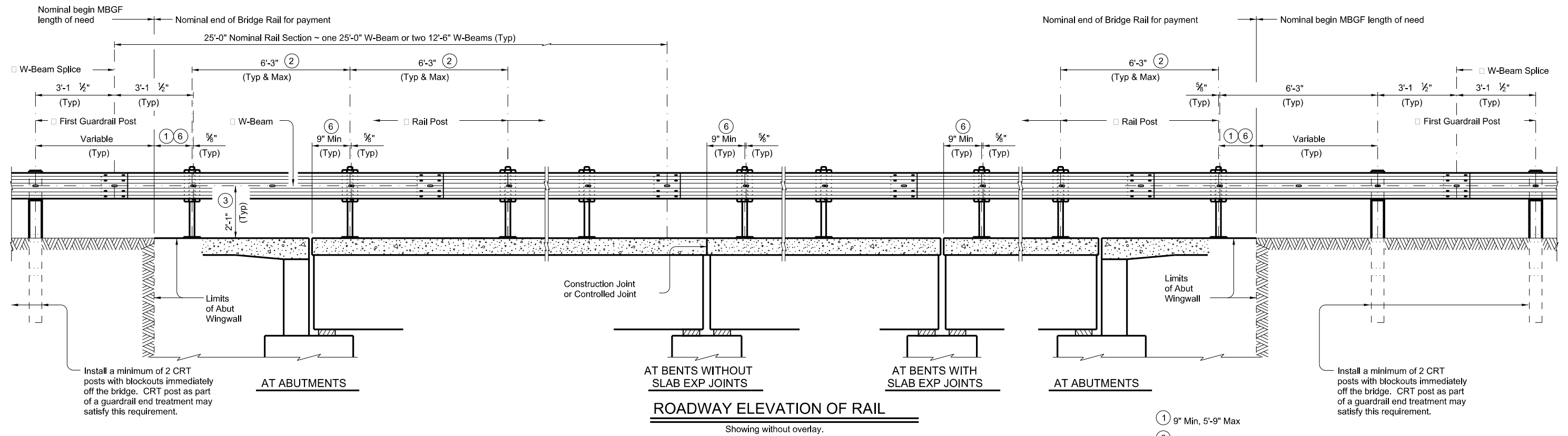
FIGURE 5 ~ PROTECTION STONE RIPRAP

SHEET 2 OF 2

		<i>Bridge Division Standard</i>	
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©TxDOT	APR 2019	CONT SECT	JOB HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901 29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		81

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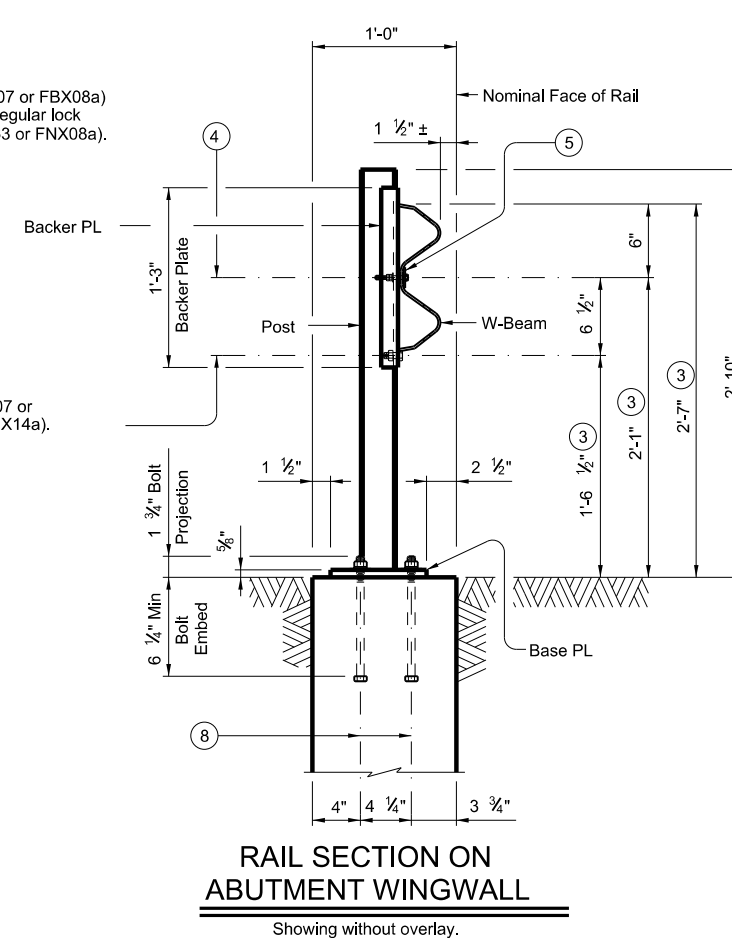
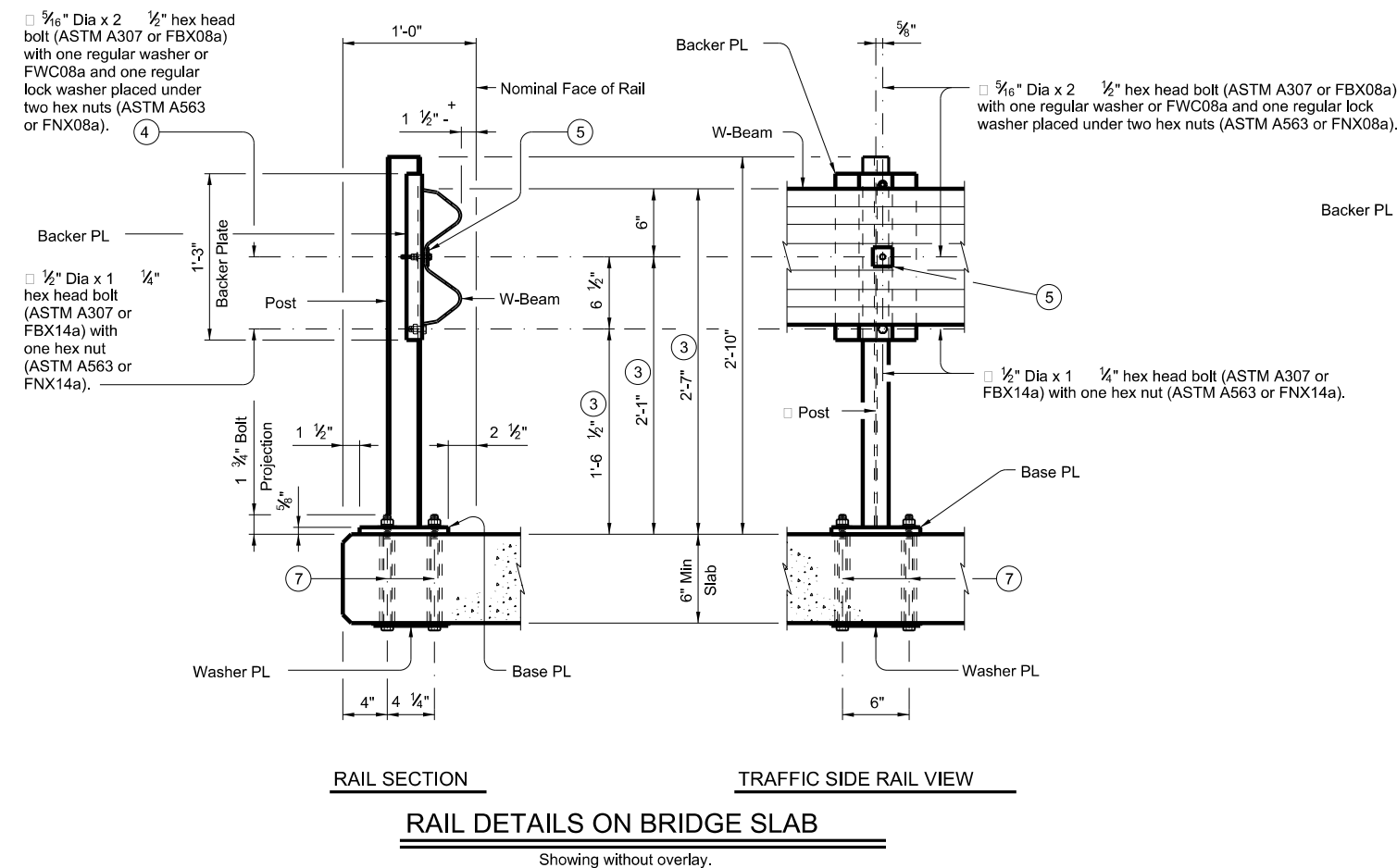
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Install a minimum of 2 CRT posts with blockouts immediately off the bridge. CRT post as part of a guardrail end treatment may satisfy this requirement.

Install a minimum of 2 CRT posts with blockouts immediately off the bridge. CRT post as part of a guardrail end treatment may satisfy this requirement.

- ① 9" Min, 5'-9" Max
- ② Maintain 6'-3" Rail Post spacing wherever possible for use with nominal 25'-0" or 12'-6" W-Beam sections. Symmetry of post spacing on both sides and along the structure is not necessary.
- ③ Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- ④ Tighten the first hex nut by hand until the top and bottom edges of the W-Beam engage the Backer Plate (Backer Plate should be snug against the post). Then tighten hex nut one revolution with wrench and secure with the second hex nut.
- ⑤ PL 1/8" x 1 3/4" x 1 3/4" with 3/8" Dia Hole centered in PL (ASTM A36). Square Guardrail Washer (FWR01).
- ⑥ The post nearest to a slab joint or end of structure may be shifted up to 9" in order to satisfy the minimum offset dimension. Drill a new 3/4" Dia hole on the centerline of W-beam for shifted post. Paint hole with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item "Galvanizing". All other posts must remain on the typical spacing.
- ⑦ 7/8" Dia formed holes for 3/4" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolt (ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449) or threaded rod (ATSM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). One additional heavy hex nut must be furnished and tack welded for each threaded rod. See "Cast-In-Place & Formed Hole Anchor Bolt Options".
- ⑧ 3/4" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolt (ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449) or threaded rod (ATSM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). One additional heavy hex nut must be furnished and tack welded for each threaded rod. See "Cast-In-Place & Formed Hole Anchor Bolt Options".



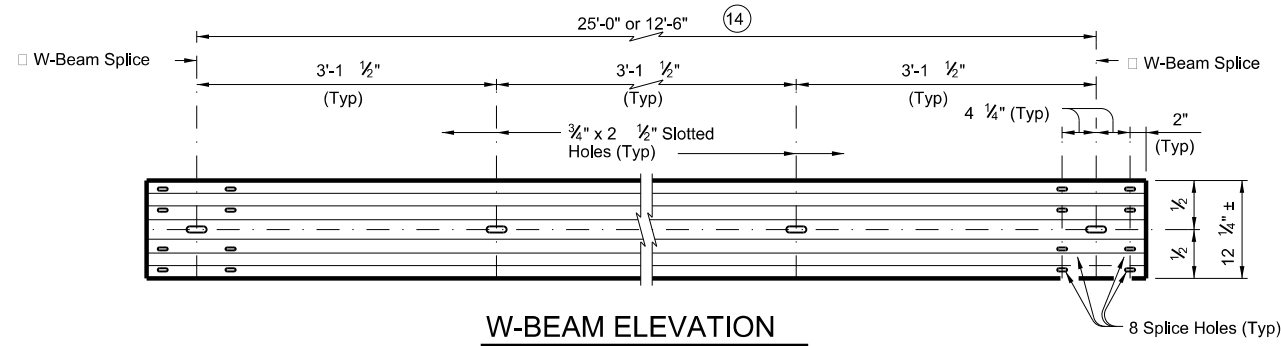
The use of this railing is restricted to speeds of 45 mph or less.

SHEET 1 OF 2

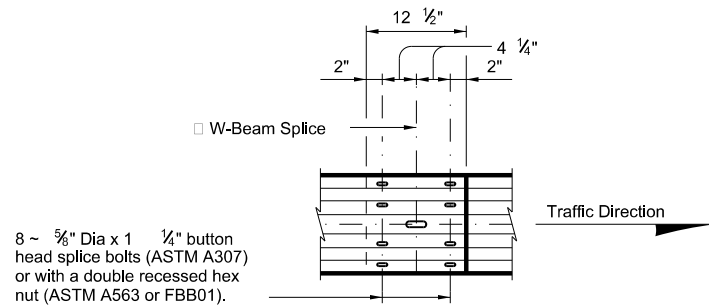
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<h2>TYPE T631LS</h2>			
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©TxDOT September 2019	CON: 0901	SECT: 29	JOB: 092, Etc.
REVISIONS	0901 29 092, Etc.		CR, Etc.
07/2020: Allowing 9'-4" sections	DIST: PAR	COUNTY: Lamar, Etc.	SHEET NO. 82
03/2022: MBGF Notes			

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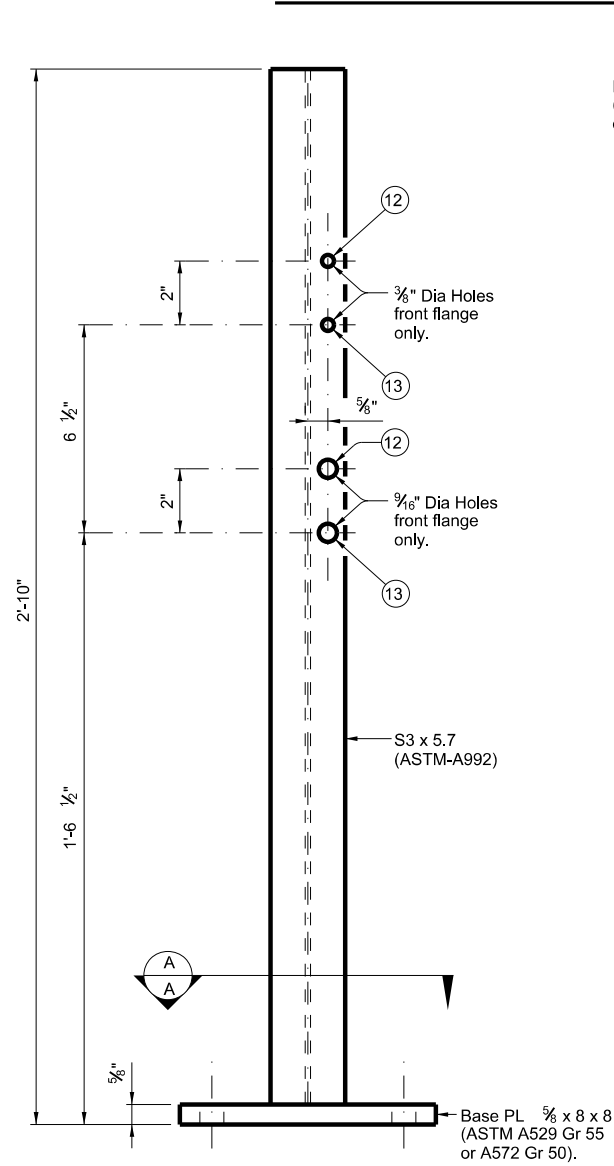
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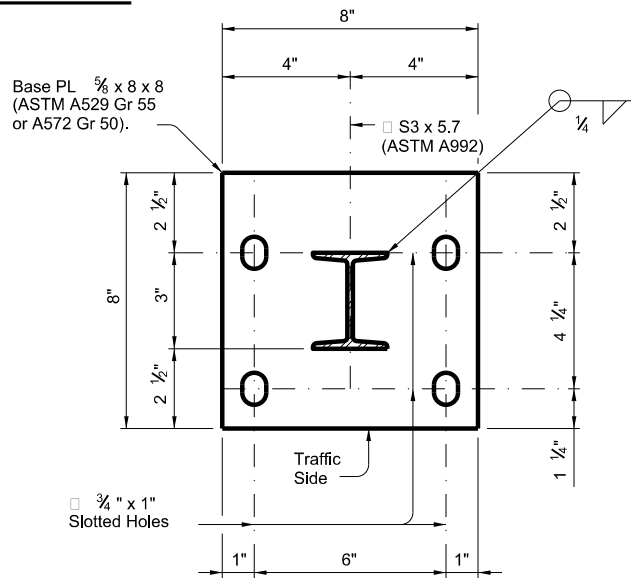
W-BEAM ELEVATION



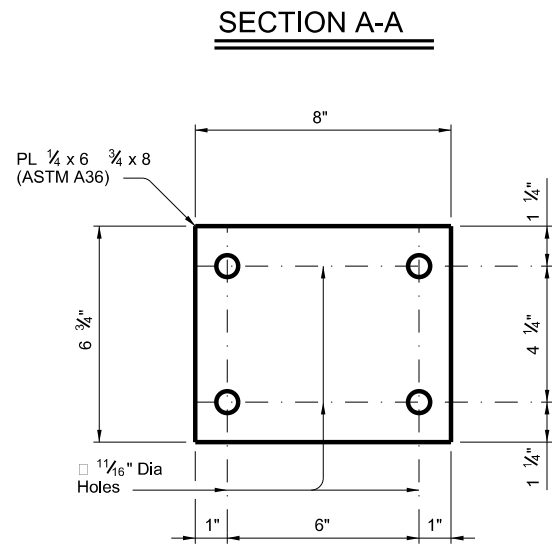
W-BEAM SPLICE ELEVATION



POST ELEVATION

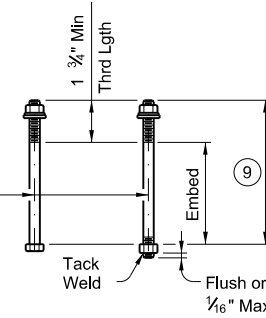


SECTION A-A



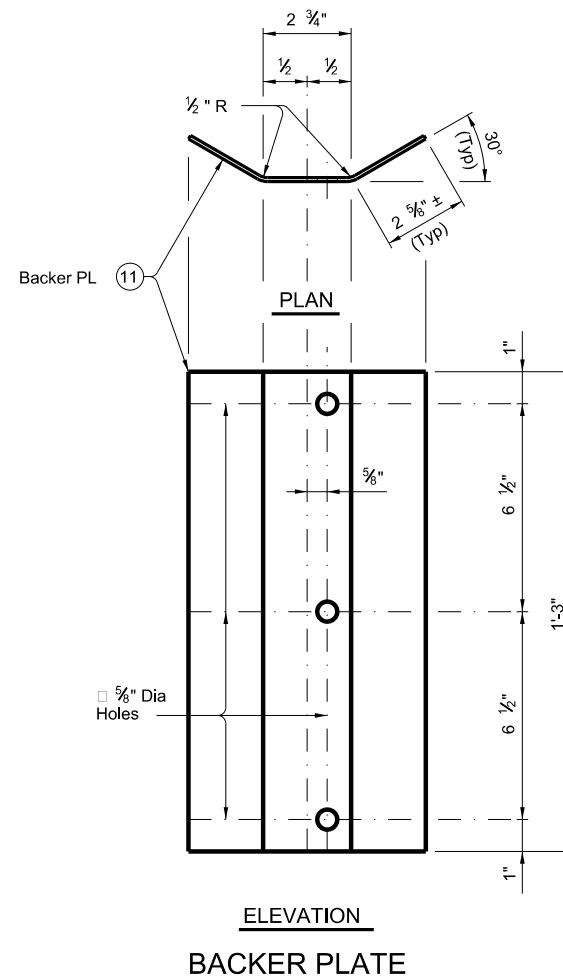
WASHER PLATE DETAIL

5/8" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolt (ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449) or threaded rod (ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). One additional heavy hex nut must be furnished and tack welded for each threaded rod.



CAST-IN-PLACE & FORMED HOLE ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

- 9 See "Rail Details On Bridge Slab" and/or "Rail Section On Abutment Wingwall".
- 10 See "Material Notes" for anchor bolt information.
- 11 Backer PL 1/4 x 8 x 1'-3" (ASTM A1011 CS or SS Gr 33, or A1008 CS or SS Gr 33 (11 Gage acceptable)).
- 12 Used for structures with overlay.
- 13 Used for structures without overlay.
- 14 At the nominal end of the bridge rail for payment, one 9'-4 or 6'-3" W-beam section is permitted in order to achieve the required W-Beam splice location on the MBGF.



ELEVATION

BACKER PLATE

MBGF AND END TREATMENT NOTES:
 This traffic railing must be anchored by metal beam guard fence (MBGF) and/or guard fence end treatments. Determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual, unless otherwise specified. The minimum MBGF length of need required for anchoring the railing is: SGT; or DAT plus 12.5' of MBGF, as applicable. Provide CRT posts as shown in "Roadway Elevation of Rail." The SGT and DAT plus 12.5' MBGF must be installed tangent to primary roadway.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
 Face of rail post must be plumb unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Post must be perpendicular to adjacent roadway grade. Use epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than 1/16" exist.
 Fully anchored guardrail must be attached to each end of rail. A metal beam guard fence transition is not used with this rail.
 At the Contractor's option anchor bolts may be an adhesive anchor system. See "Material Notes".
 Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.
 It is recommended to show a Rail Layout with rail posts and W-beam splices. Fabricator must submit erection drawings to the Engineer for approval.
 Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail post and backer plate to approximately 1/16" by grinding.
 Shop drawings are not required for this rail.

MATERIAL NOTES:
 Galvanize all steel components.
 Anchor bolts for base plate must be 5/8" Dia ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.
 Optional adhesive anchorage system must be 5/8" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 3/4". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing."
 W-beam must meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified in the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 25'-0" or 12'-6" (Nominal) lengths and a single rail element of 9'-4 1/2" or 6'-3" (Nominal) length. W-Beam must have slotted holes at 3'-1 1/2".
 Some part numbers from the "Task Force 13" Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware have been furnished for quick reference.

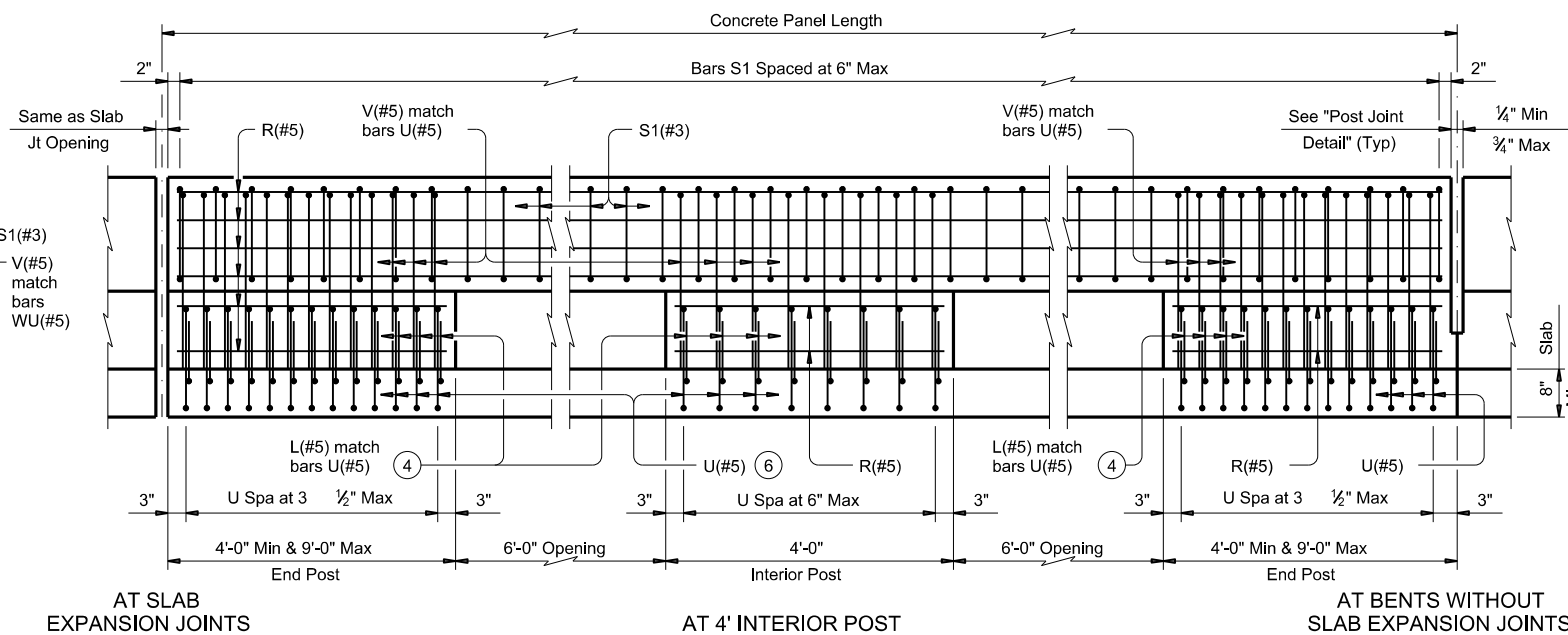
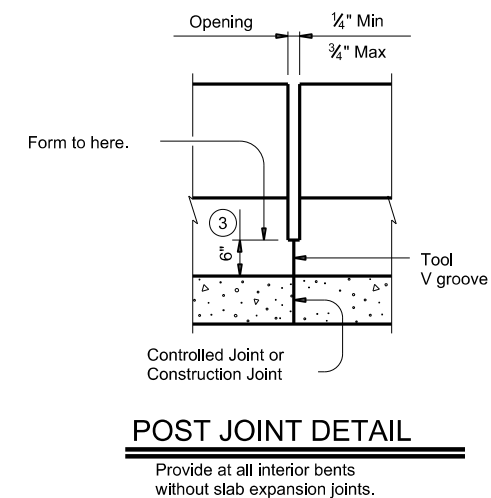
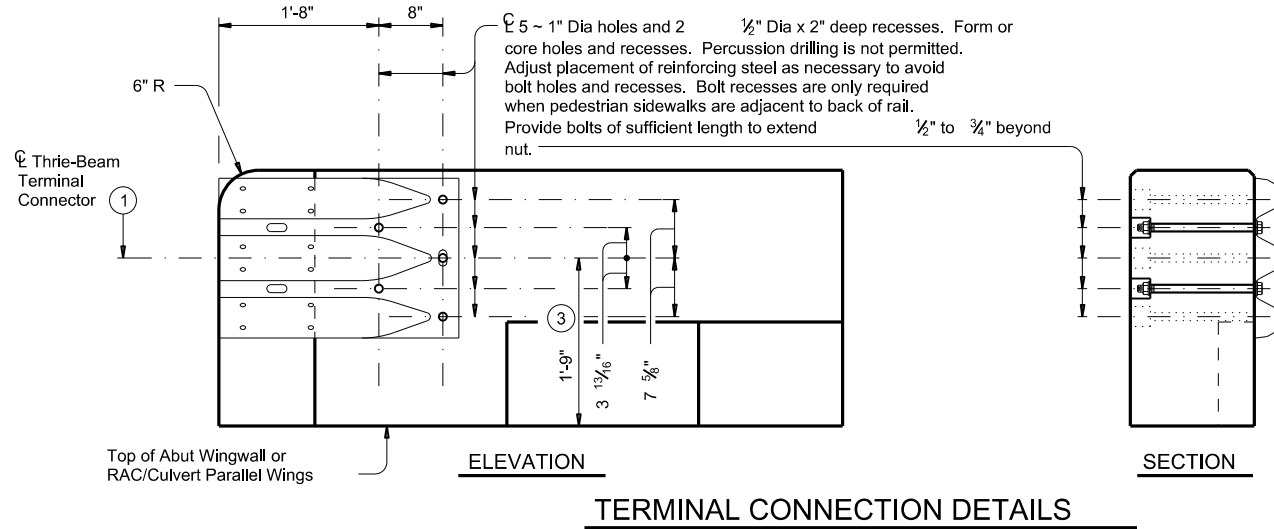
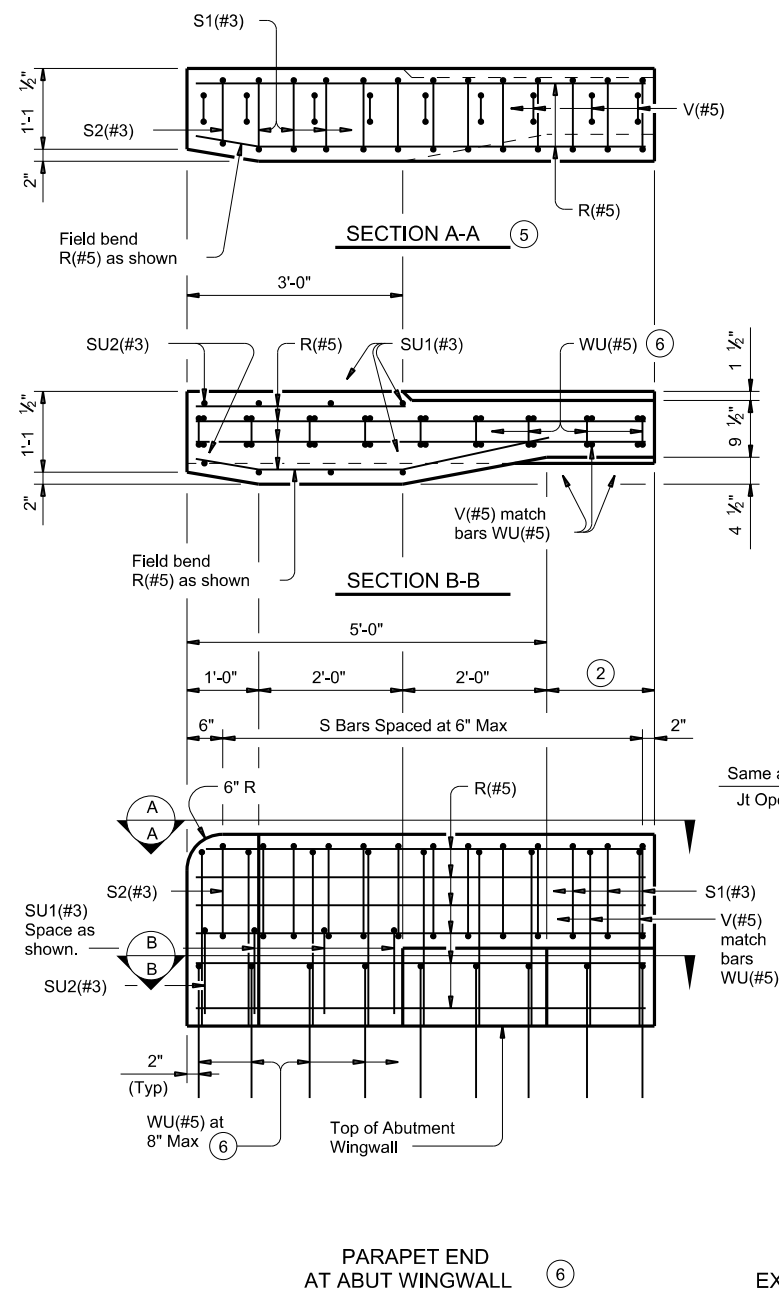
GENERAL NOTES:
 This railing has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-2 criteria. This railing can be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.
 This rail is designed to deflect approximately 2' to 2'-6" as it contains and redirects the errant vehicle. This rail may not be installed on top of or behind curbs that project above finished grade, on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement, on retaining walls, or on grade separations and interchanges.
 Repairs to impact-damaged post and base plate unit are not permitted. Replace all impact-damaged posts with a new post and base plate unit.
 Average weight of railing with no overlay: 13 plf total.

SHEET 2 OF 2

		Bridge Division Standard	
<h1>TRAFFIC RAIL</h1>			
<h2>TYPE T631LS</h2>			
FILE: RL-T631LS-23.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: AES	DW: JTR
©TxDOT September 2019	CON: 0901	SECT: 29	JOB: 092, Etc.
REVISIONS	DIST: PAR	COUNTY: Lamar, Etc.	SHEET NO: 83
07/2020: Allowing 9'-4 section			
03/2022: MBGF Notes			

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DATE: 4/3/2023 7:07:50 PM
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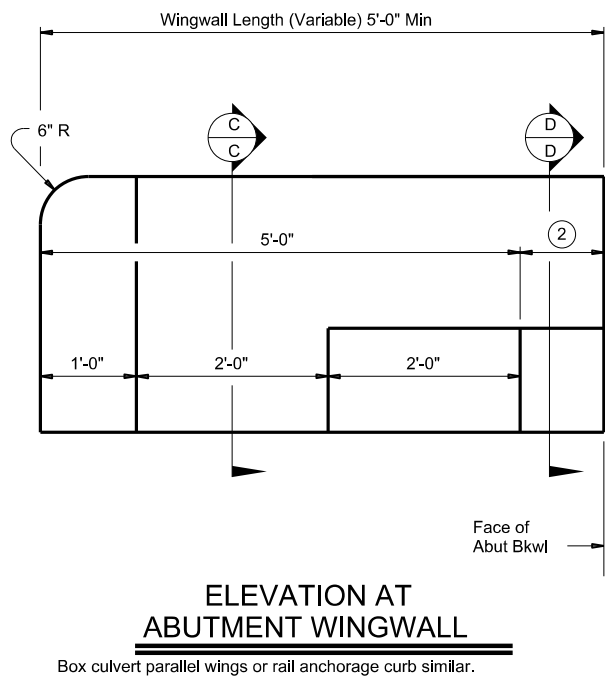
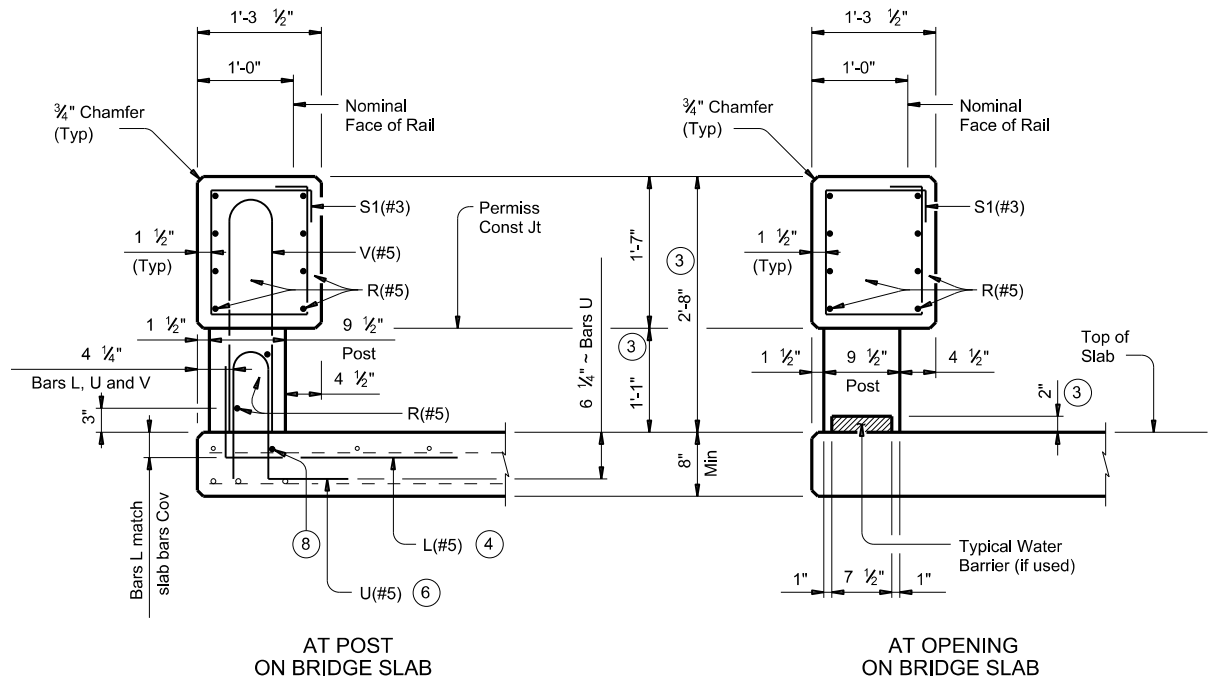
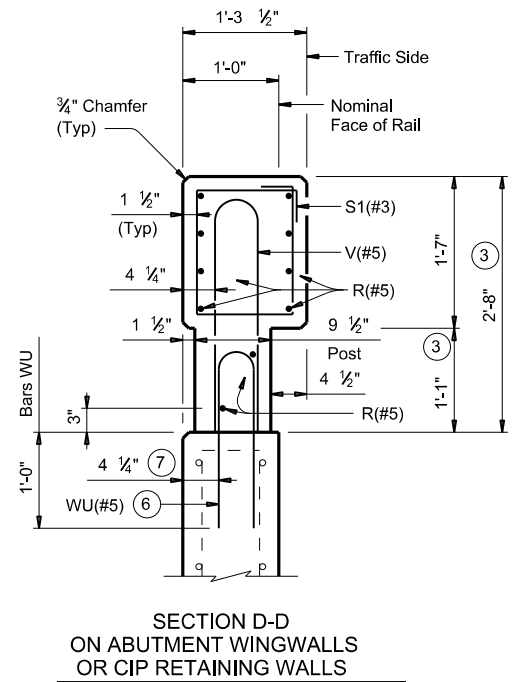
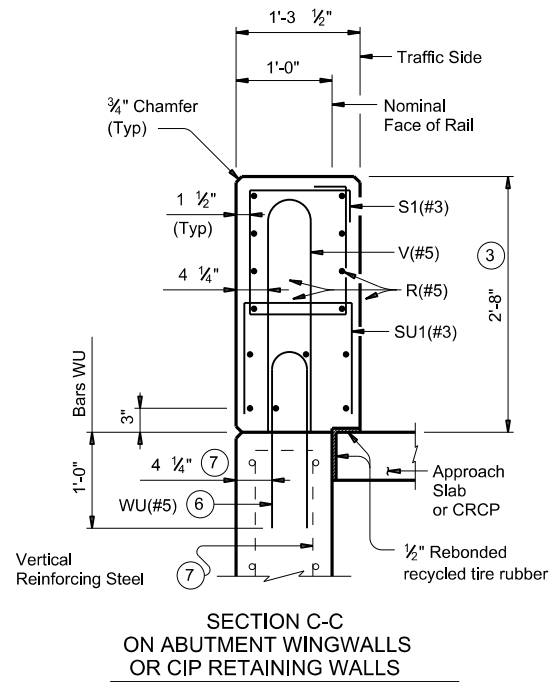
- ① Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- ② Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- ③ Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- ④ Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- ⑤ Bars SU1(#3), SU2(#3) and WU(#5) not shown for clarity.
- ⑥ Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.

SHEET 2 OF 3

		Bridge Division Standard	
<h1>TRAFFIC RAIL</h1>			
<h2>TYPE T223</h2>			
FILE: rstd005-19.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: JTR
©TxDOT September 2019	CON: 0901	SECT: 29	JOB: 092, Etc.
REVISIONS	DIST: PAR	COUNTY: Lamar, Etc.	HIGHWAY: CR, Etc.
		SHEET NO.	85

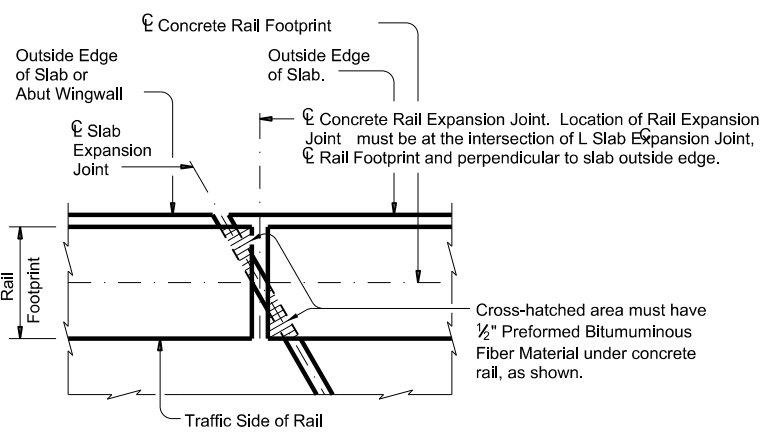
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units or for the accuracy of the information or for the results or damages resulting from its use.

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SECTIONS THRU RAIL
 Sections on box culverts similar.

- ② Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- ③ Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- ④ Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- ⑥ Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.
- ⑦ When vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls on traffic side of wall, move the horizontal wingwall/retaining wall reinforcing to the inside of Bars WU where bars conflict.
- ⑧ Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcing.
- ⑨ At the Contractor's option, Bars V may be replaced by extending Bars U to 2'-5 1/4" above the roadway surface without overlay.



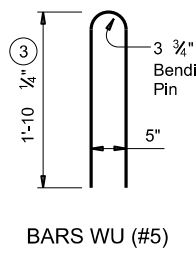
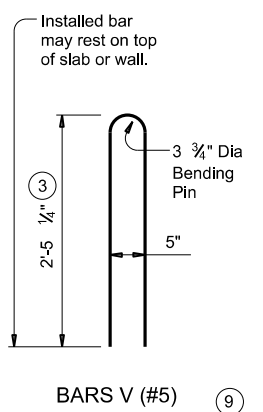
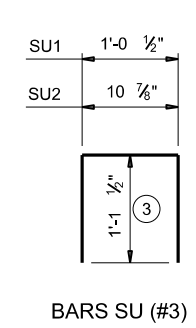
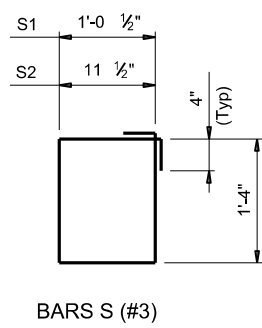
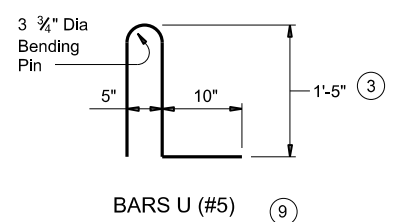
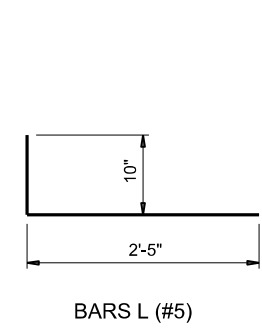
PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS
 Example showing Slab Expansion Joints without breakbacks.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
 Face of rail and parapet must be vertical transversely unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.
 Provide water barriers at openings draining onto undercrossing roadways and sidewalks. They may be cast-in-place or precast in convenient lengths and bonded to the bridge deck with an approved epoxy cement.
 Chamfer all exposed corners.

MATERIAL NOTES:
 Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.
 Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
 Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized.
 Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U, V, and WU unless noted otherwise. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing bars.
 Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:
 Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0"
 Epoxy coated ~ #5 = 3'-0"

GENERAL NOTES:
 This rail has been evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.
 Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.
 Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.
 Shop drawings are not required for this rail.
 Average weight of railing with no overlay is 358 plf.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.
 Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.



		Bridge Division Standard	
<h1>TRAFFIC RAIL</h1>			
<h2>TYPE T223</h2>			
FILE: tstd005-19.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: JTR
©TxDOT	REVISIONS	CONTRACT NO. 090129	SECTION 29
		JOB NO. 092, Etc.	
		COUNTY CR, Etc.	
		DIST. PAR	COUNTY Lamar, Etc.
			SHEET NO. 86

DATE: 4/3/2023 7:07:52 PM
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REFLECTOR UNIT SIZES FOR DELINEATORS AND OBJECT MARKERS				DELINEATORS				D & OM DESCRIPTIVE CODES	
DEVICE	SIZE 1	SIZE 2	SIZE 3	SIZE 4	DEVICE	SINGLE	DOUBLE	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-XX)SZ X (XXXX)XXX (XX)	
								NUMBER OF REFLECTORS S = Single D = Double COLOR OF REFLECTORS W = White Y = Yellow R = Red REFLECTOR UNIT SIZE 1 or 2 TYPE OF POST OR DELINEATOR WC = Wing Channel Post YFLX = Yellow Flexible Post WFLX = White Flexible Post BRF = Barrier Reflector TYPE OF MOUNT GND = Embedded (drivable or set in concrete) CTB = Concrete Barrier Mount GF1 or GF2 = Guard Fence Attachment SRF = Surface Mount	
SHEETING: Yellow, White or Red Type B or C reflective sheeting				SHEETING: Yellow, White or Red Type B or C Reflective Sheeting				DIRECTION: If Required BI = Bi-Directional BR = Bi-Directional with red on back	
POST TYPE: WC, YFLX, WFLX				MOUNT TYPE: GND, SRF				INSTL OM ASSM (OM-XX) (XXXX)XXX (XX)	

OBJECT MARKERS								D & OM DESCRIPTIVE CODES		
DEVICE	Type 1 (OM-1)	Type 2 (OM-2)			Type 3 (OM-3)			Type 4 (OM-4)	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-XX) (XXXX)XXX (XX)	
									TYPE OF OBJECT MARKER 1, 2, 3, or 4 NUMBER OF REFLECTORS OR DIRECTION X = 3-Size 2 reflector unit (Type 2 only) Y = 1-Size 3 reflector unit (Type 2 only) Z = 3-Size 1 or 1-Size 4 reflector unit(s) (Type 2 only) L = Left Side (Type 3 Object Marker only) R = Right Side (Type 3 Object Marker only) C = Center (Type 3 Object Marker only) TYPE OF POST WC = Wing Channel Post WFLX = White Flexible Post TWT = Thin Walled Tubing TYPE OF MOUNT GND = Embedded (drivable) SRF = Surface Mount WAS = Wedge Anchor Steel WAP = Wedge Anchor Plastic DIRECTION: If Required BI = Bi-Directional	
SHEETING: Yellow-Type B _{FL} or C _{FL} Sheeting		SHEETING: Yellow - Type B or C Sheeting			SHEETING: Alternating acrylic black and retroreflective yellow - Type B _{FL} or C _{FL} Sheeting			SHEETING: Red -Type B _{FL} or C _{FL} Sheeting		
POST TYPE: TWT		POST TYPE: WC			POST TYPE: WFLX			POST TYPE: TWT		
MOUNT TYPE: WAS, WAP		MOUNT TYPE: GND			MOUNT TYPE: GND, SRF			MOUNT TYPE: WAS, WAP		

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
FLEXIBLE DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER POSTS (EMBEDDED & SURFACE MOUNT TYPES)	DMS-4400
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
DELINEATORS, OBJECT MARKERS AND BARRIER REFLECTORS	DMS-8600

BARRIER REFLECTORS (BRF)			CHEVRONS				ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW		NOTE: Delineator and object marker substrates and sign substrates shall be 0.080" Aluminum sign blank to conform to ASTM B-209 Alloy 6061-T6 or approved alternative.
DEVICE				DEVICE W1-8				DEVICE W1-6	
SHEETING: Yellow, White, Red			SIZE (W x L): 18"x 24" (Conventional), 24"x 30" (Conventional Oversize), 30"x 36" (Expressway), 36" x 48" (Freeway)				SIZE (W x L): 48" x 24" (Conventional), 60" x 30" (Expressway & Freeway)		
NOTE: 1. Barrier reflectors shall meet the requirements of DMS 8600. 2. Approved Barrier Reflectors are listed on the "Barrier Reflectors" Material Producer List at: www.txdot.gov.			MOUNTING HEIGHT: 4'-0" or 7'-0"				MOUNTING HEIGHT: 7'-0"		
NOTE: 1. Reflective sheeting shall have a minimum dimension of 3 inches and minimum surface area of 9 square inches.			NOTE: 1. CHEVRON (W1-8) signs and ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW (W1-6) Signs shall be installed per Sign Mounting Details (SMD) Standard Sheets and paid under Item 644 (Small Roadside Sign Assemblies). 2. When there is a need to increase conspicuity, the Texas version of the ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW sign (W1-9T) may be used instead of the ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW (W1-6).						

Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Safety Division Standard

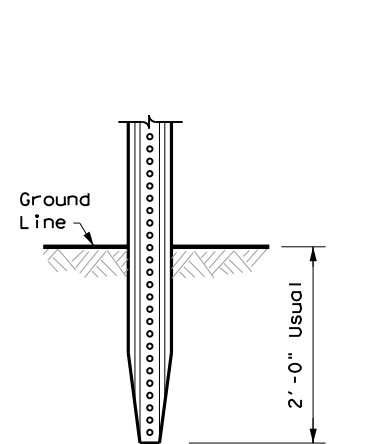
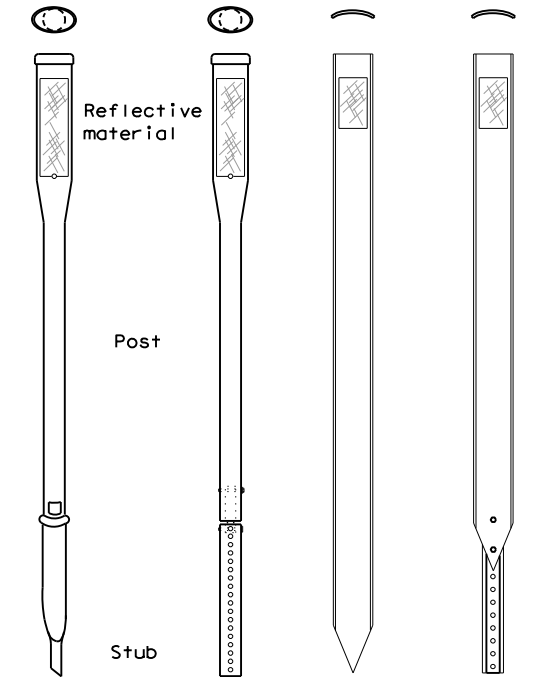
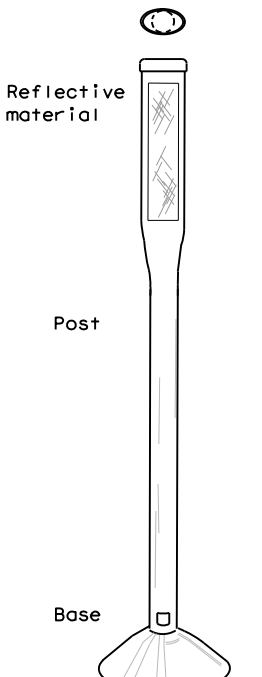
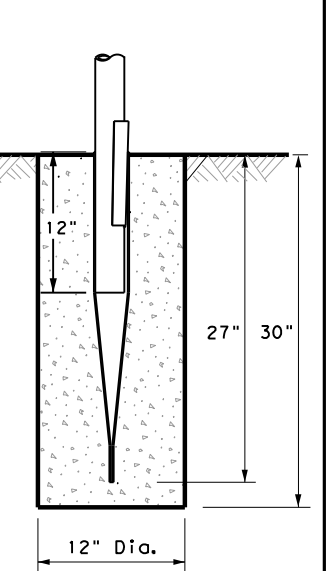
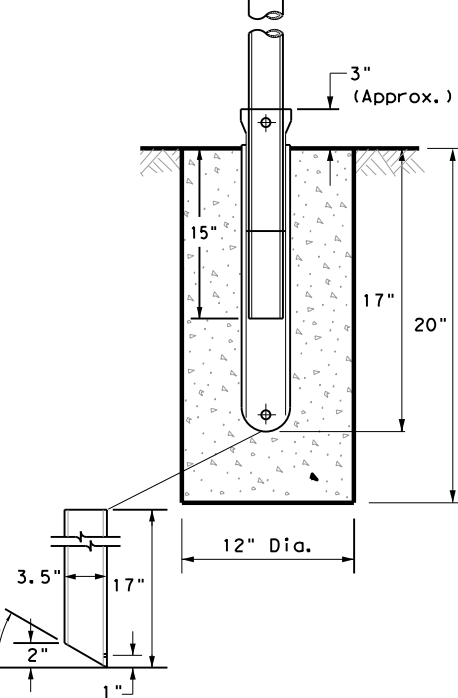
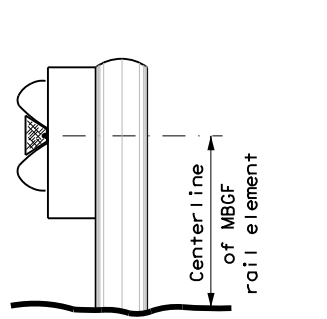
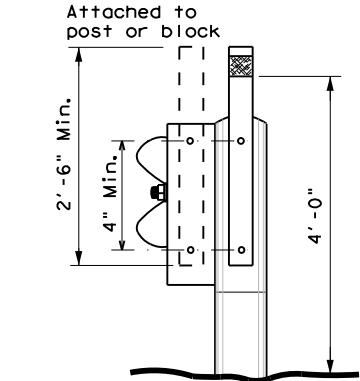
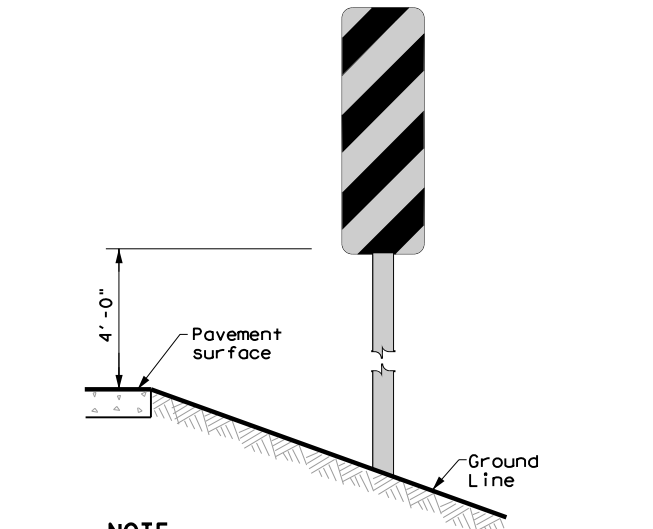
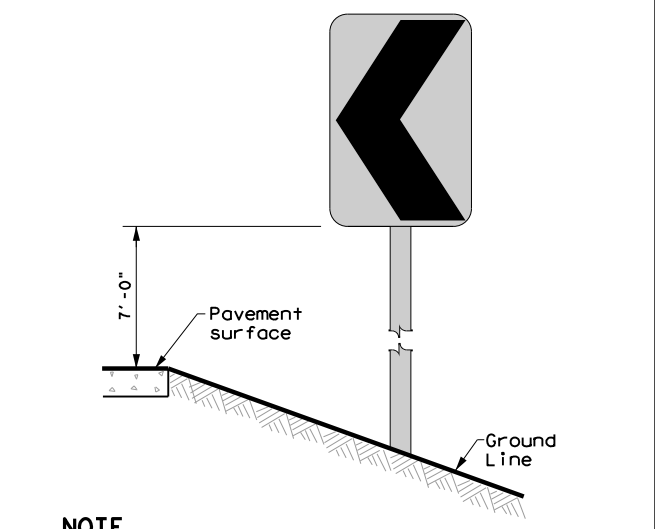
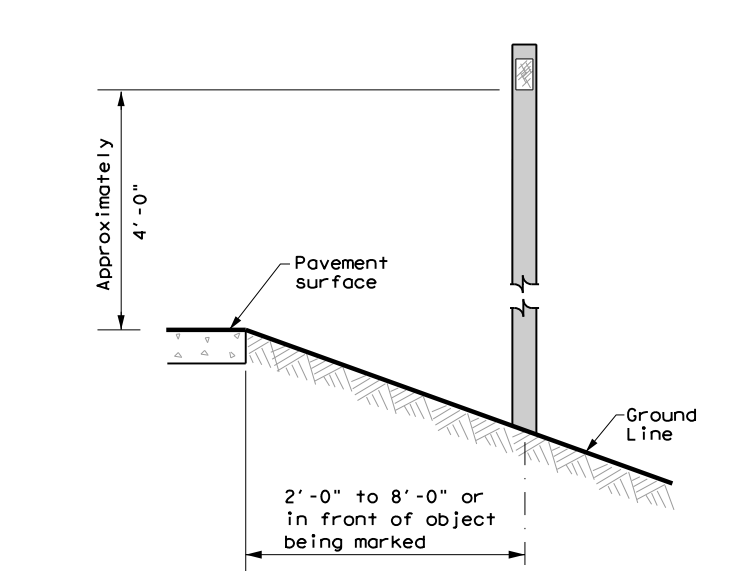
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER MATERIAL DESCRIPTION


D & OM(1)-20

FILE: dom1-20.dgn	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CR: TXDOT
© TXDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
10-09 3-15	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
4-10 7-20	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.		87

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POST TYPE AND SUPPORT FOUNDATION DETAILS				TYPE OF BARRIER MOUNTS		
WING CHANNEL (WC)	FLEXIBLE POSTS (YFLX, WFLX)		WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEMS		GUARD FENCE ATTACHMENT	
GND	GND	SRF	WAS	WAP	GF 1	
						
	EMBEDDED	SURFACE MOUNT	STEEL	PLASTIC	CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)	
NOTES 1. Embedded Wing Channel (WC) post option may be used for Type 2 Object Markers and Delineators only. 2. 1.12 lbs/ft steel per ASTM A 1011 SS Gr. 50, or ASTM A499.			NOTES 1. See "Flexible Delineator and Object Marker Posts" Material Producer List for approved devices. 2. Install per manufacturer's recommendations. 3. Post length may vary to meet field conditions. 4. When using yellow delineators with flexible posts to separate opposing direction of travel, such as centerline or median use, the flexible posts shall be yellow.		GENERAL NOTES 1. Place delineators on a section of roadway at a consistent distance from the edge of pavement. 2. Where a restriction prevents consistent placement from the pavement edge, place the affected object markers in line with the innermost edge of the obstruction. 3. When Type 2 object markers and delineators are more than 8'-0" from the edge of the pavement, it may not be possible to maintain a height of approximately 4'-0". If this is the case, place the object marker or delineator as close to the desired height as possible. 4. Install all delineators, object markers and barrier reflectors in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation. 5. Barrier reflectors should be installed a minimum of 18 inches above the edge of the pavement surface. 6. Diagonal stripes on Type 3 object markers shall slope down toward the intended travel lane.	
TYPES 1,3, AND 4 OBJECT MARKERS AND CHEVRONS		CHEVRONS AND ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW SIGN		DELINEATORS AND TYPE 2 OBJECT MARKERS		
						
NOTE Mounting at 4 feet to the bottom of the chevron is permitted for chevrons that will not exceed a height of 6'-6" to the top of the chevron (sizes 24" x 30" and smaller)		NOTE Chevrons 30" x 36" and larger shall be mounted at a height of 7' to the bottom of the chevron. Chevron sign and ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW sign (W1-9T) shall be installed per SMD standard sheets and paid under item 644.		NOTE See general notes 1, 2 and 3.		



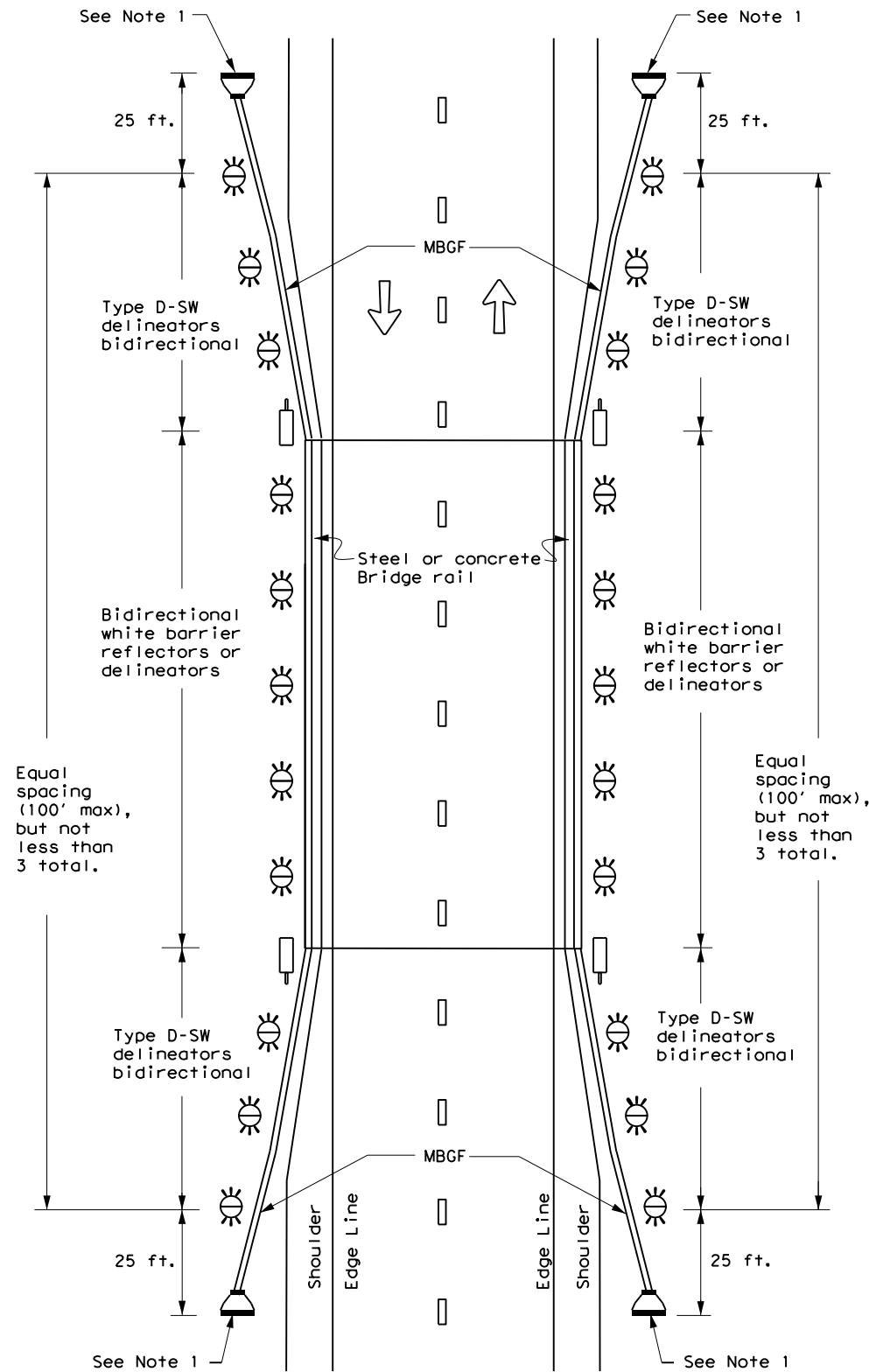
Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER INSTALLATION

D & OM(2)-20

FILE: dom2-20.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CR: TxDOT
© TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
10-09 3-15	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
4-10 7-20	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	88	

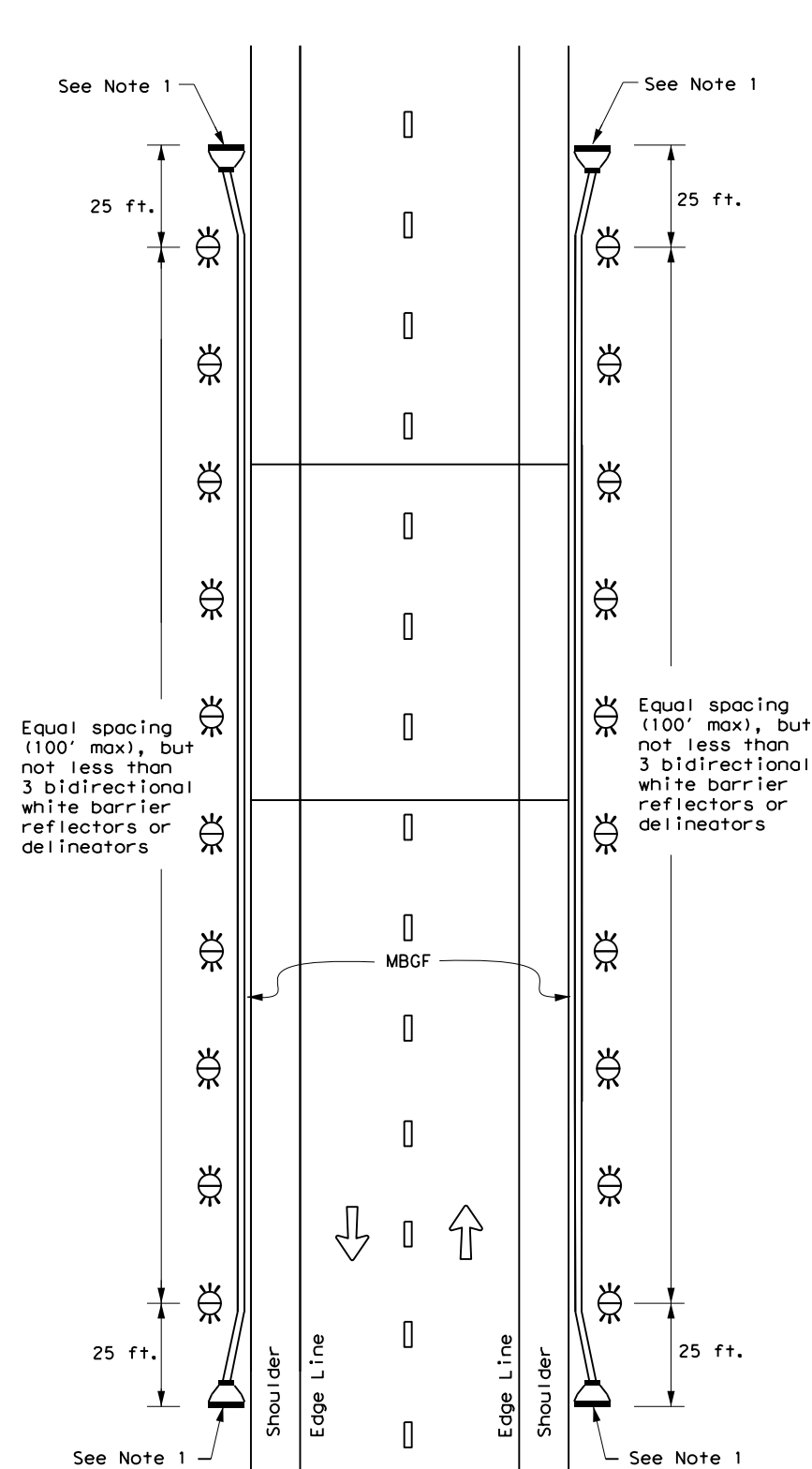
**TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY
WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL**



NOTE:

1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end.

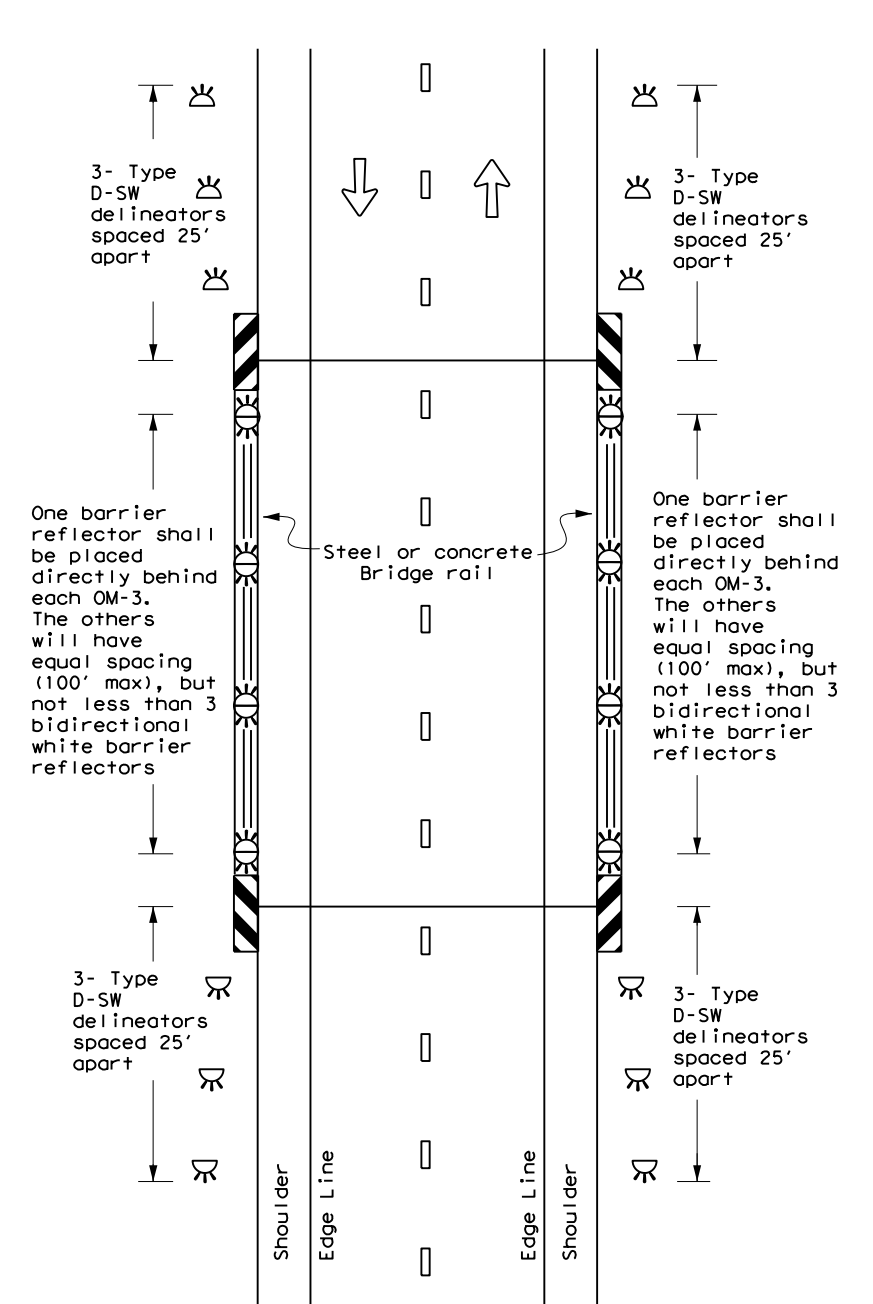
**TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY
WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF)**



NOTE:

1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end.

**TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY
BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL**



LEGEND

	Bidirectional Delineator
	Delineator
	OM-3
	OM-2
	Terminal End
	Traffic Flow



**DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
PLACEMENT DETAILS**

D & OM(5) - 20

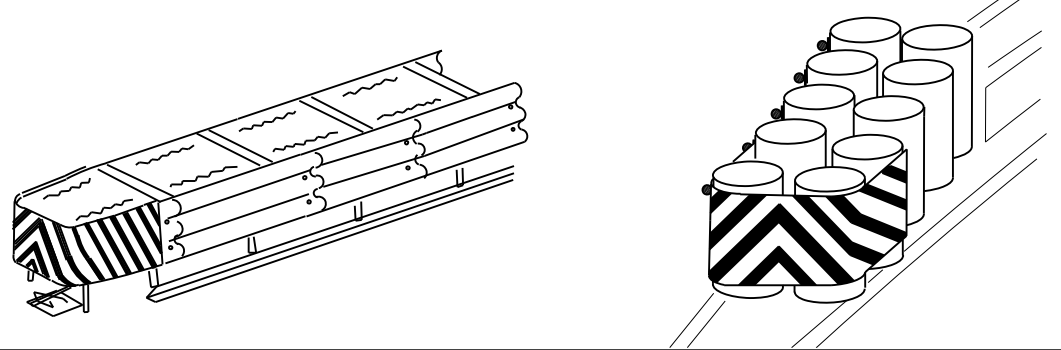
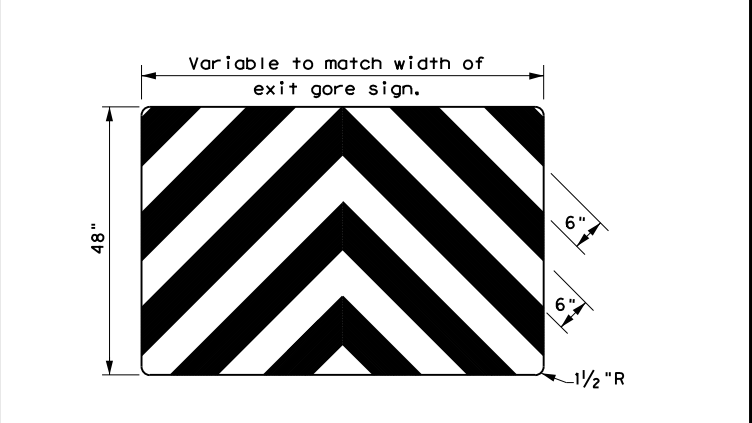
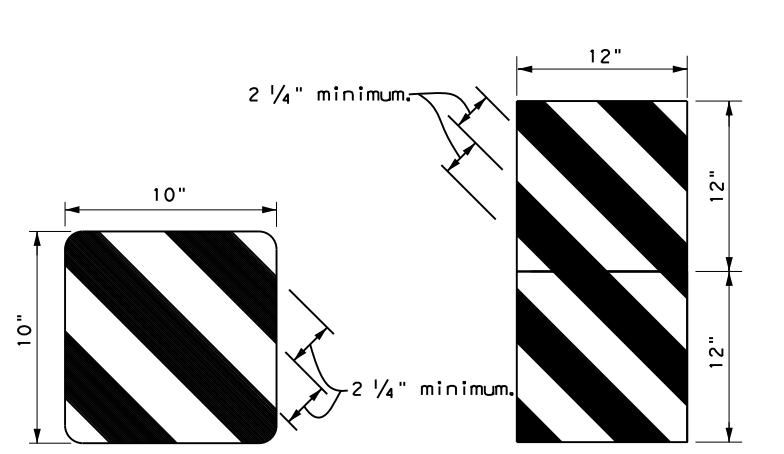
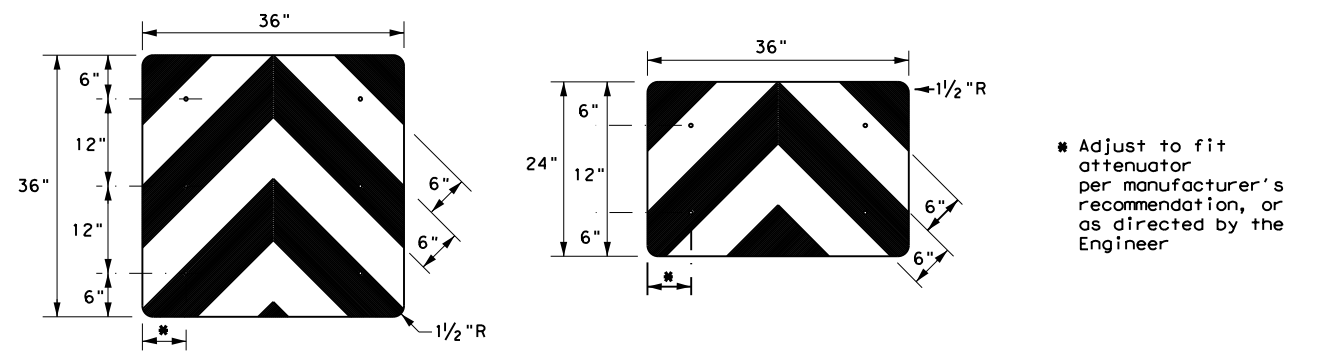
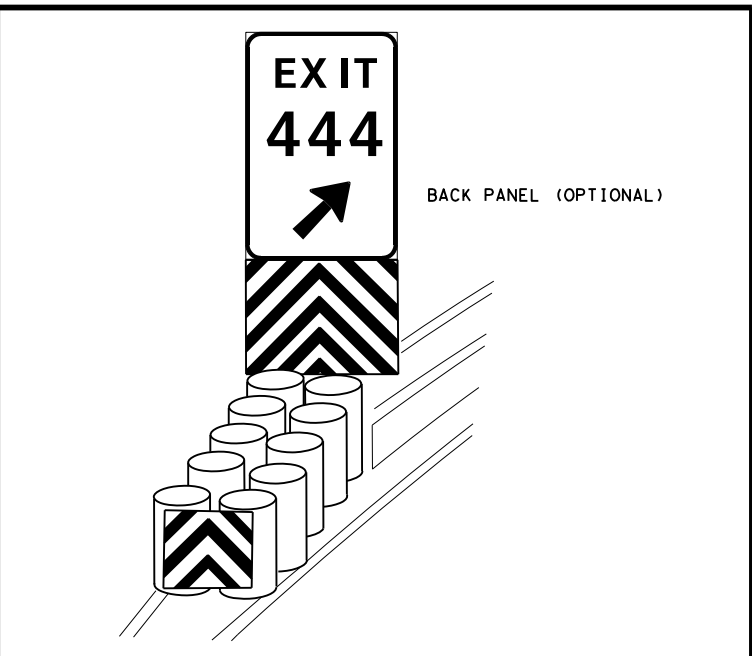
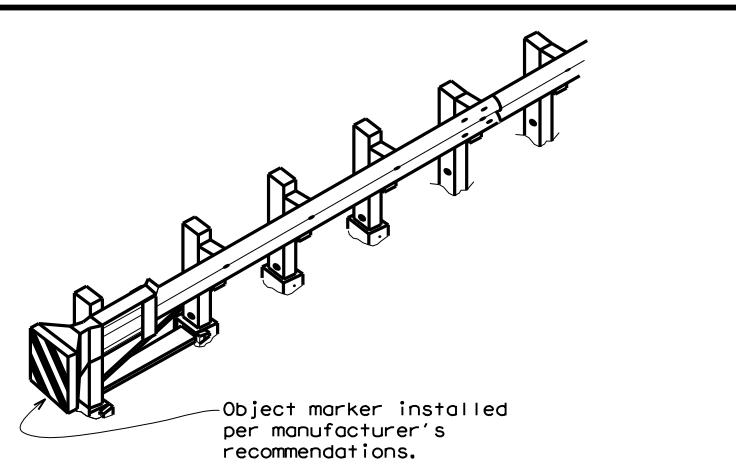
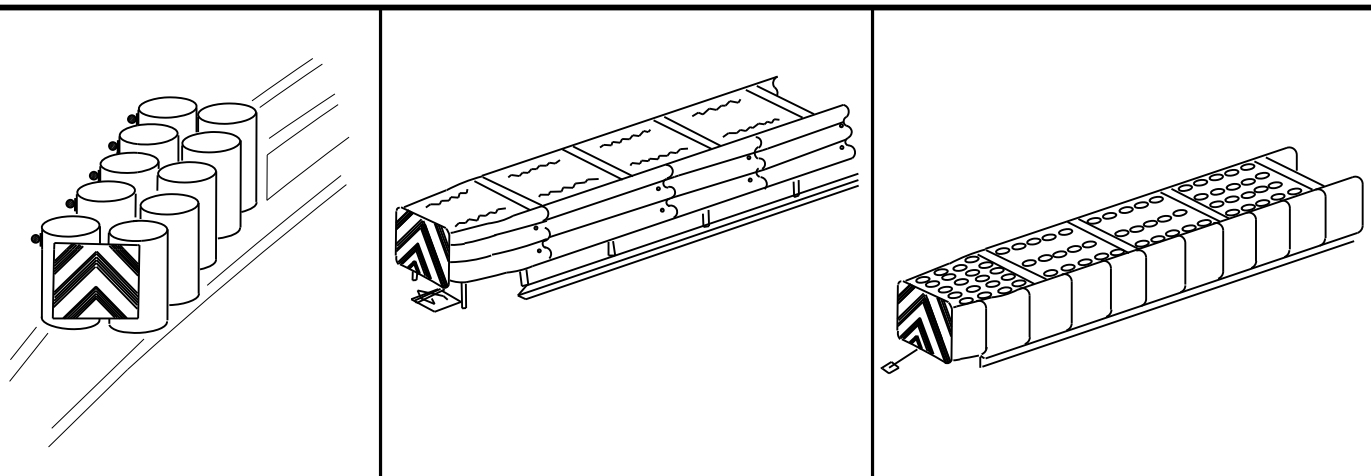
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© TxDOT August 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
7-20	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	89	

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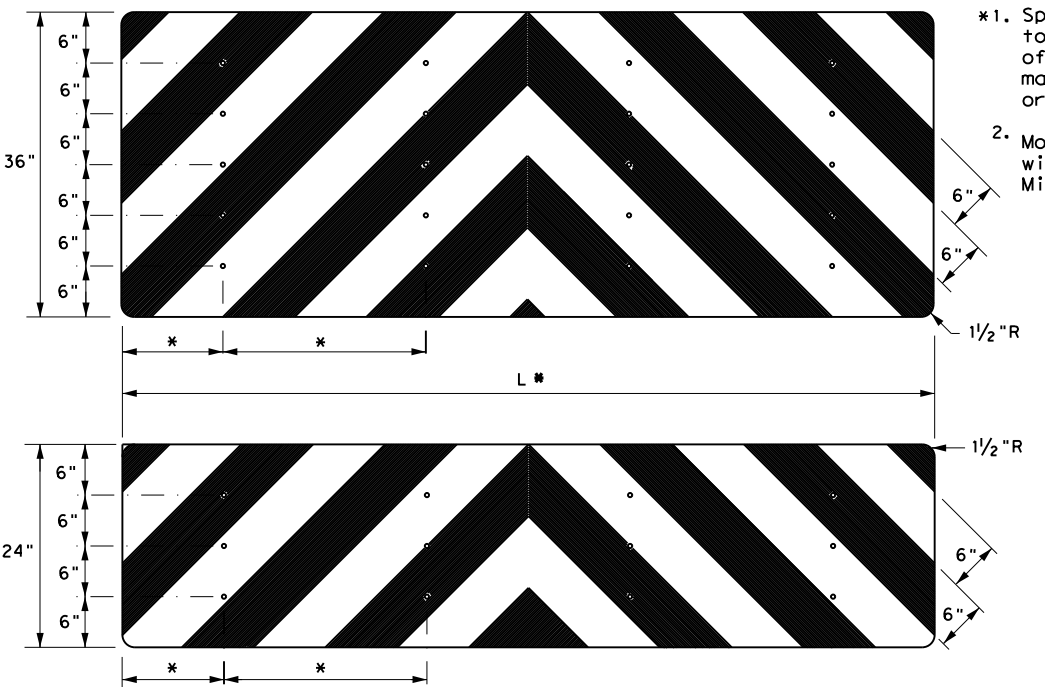
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DATE: 4/3/2023 7:07:56 PM
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OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT²



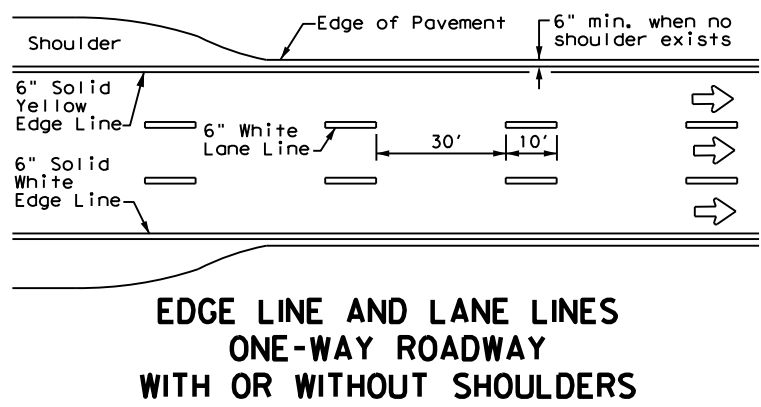
- NOTES**
1. Spacing should be adjusted to attach through centerline of drum, per attenuator manufacturer's recommendation, or as directed by the Engineer.
 2. Mounting should be flush with top of attenuator. Minimum size 96" x 24".

NOTES

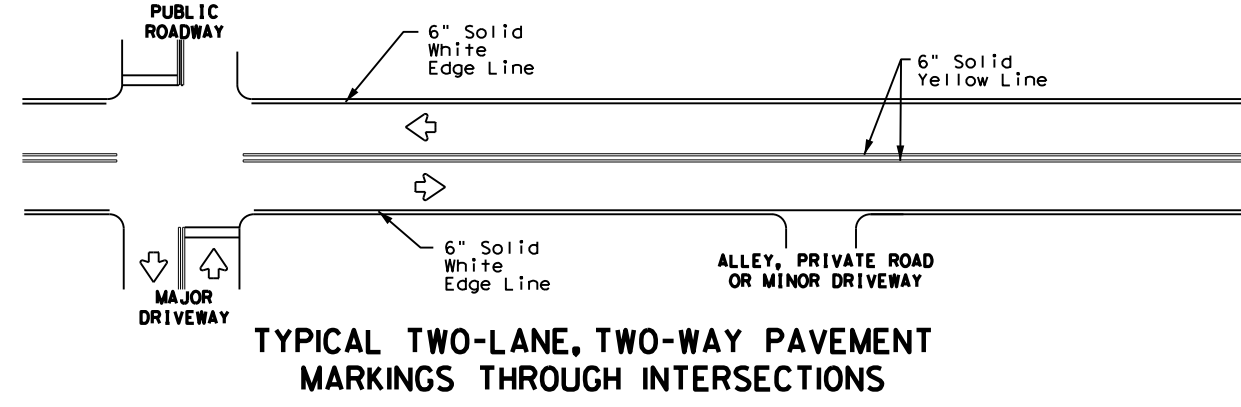
1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 1/4".
4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.

		Traffic Safety Division Standard	
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT ATTENUATORS D & OM(VIA) -20			
FILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	OW: TXDOT
© TXDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS		0901 29	092, Etc. CR, Etc.
4-92 8-04	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
8-95 3-15	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	90
4-98 7-20			
20G			

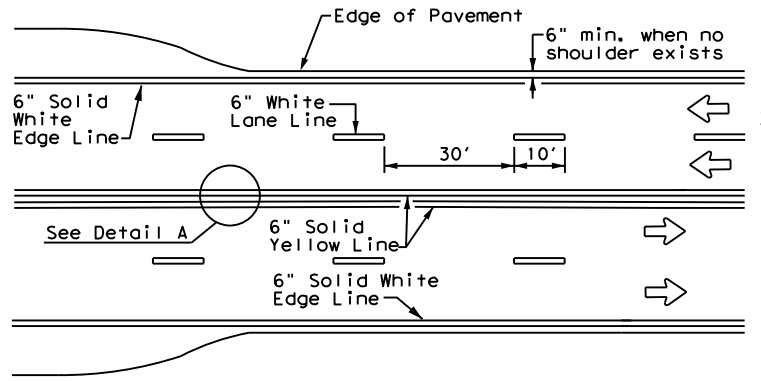
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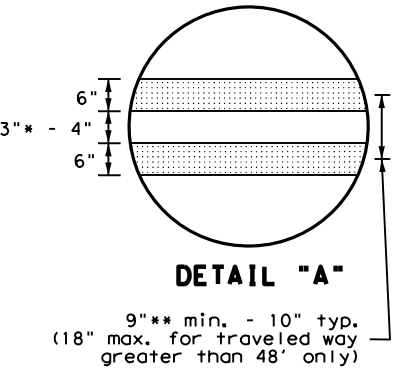
**EDGE LINE AND LANE LINES
ONE-WAY ROADWAY
WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS**



**TYPICAL TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT
MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS**

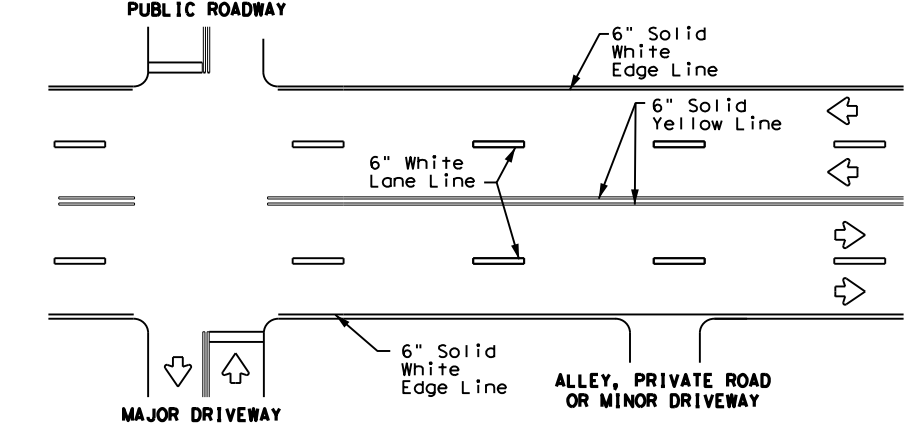


**CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES
FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY
WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS**

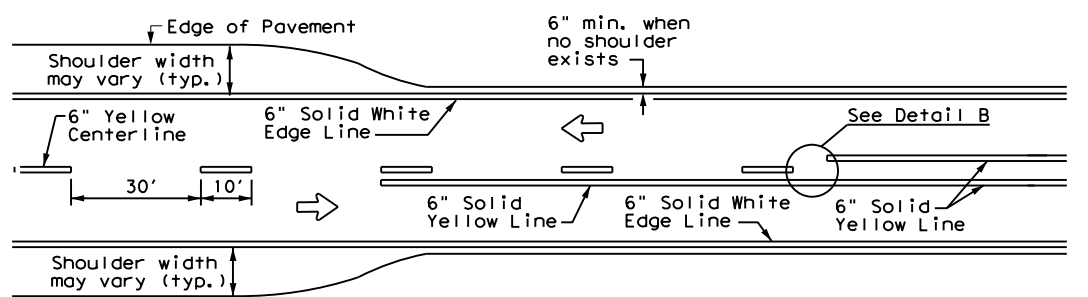


DETAIL "A"

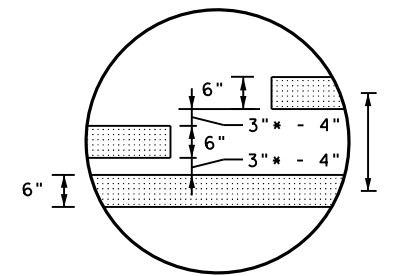
* 2" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.
 ** 8" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.



**TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT
MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS**

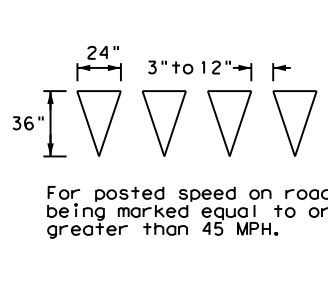


**TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY
WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS**

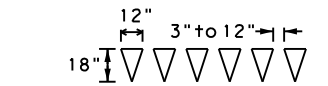


DETAIL "B"

* 2" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.



YIELD LINES

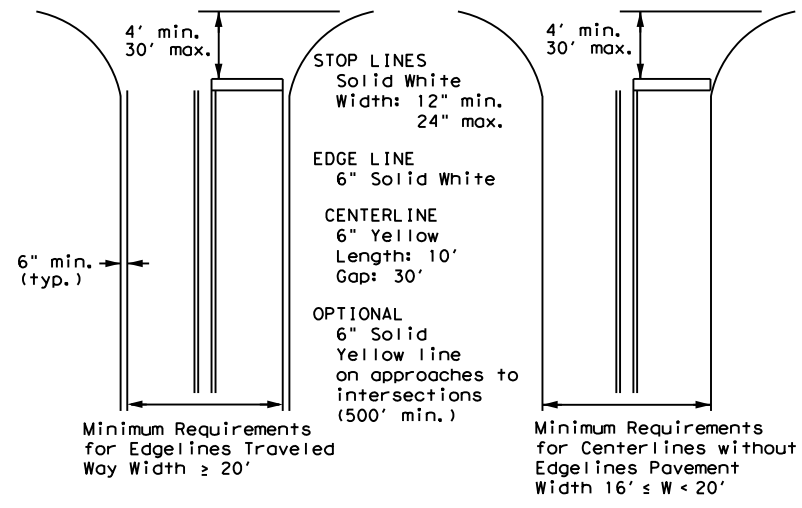


For posted speed on road being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
 - The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

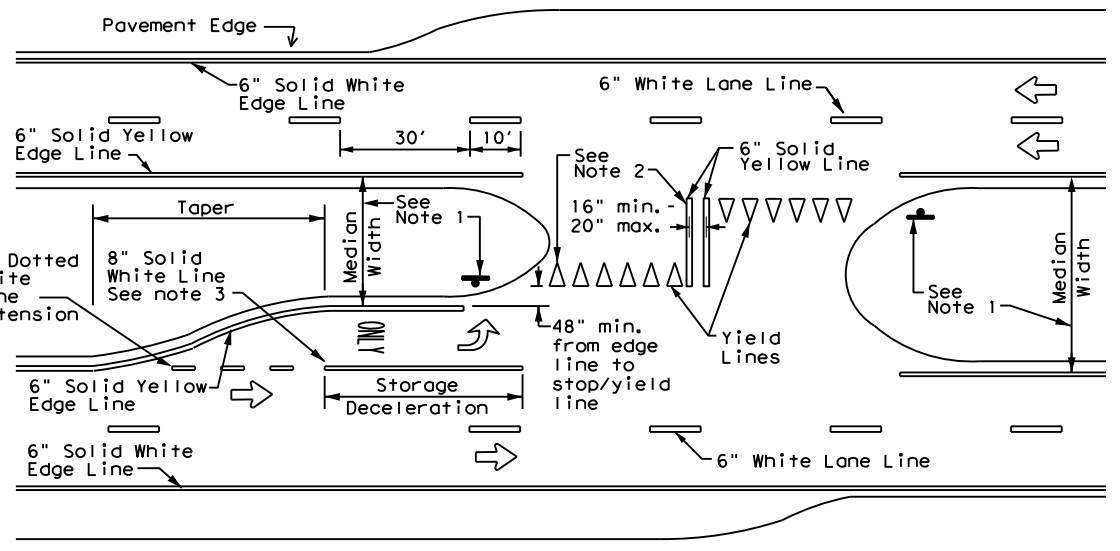
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

**GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES,
EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE**
Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

NOTES

- Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with yield signs.
- Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

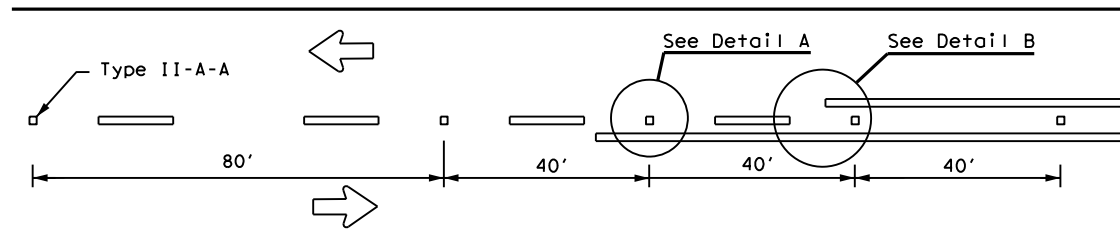
**TYPICAL STANDARD
PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

PM(1) - 22

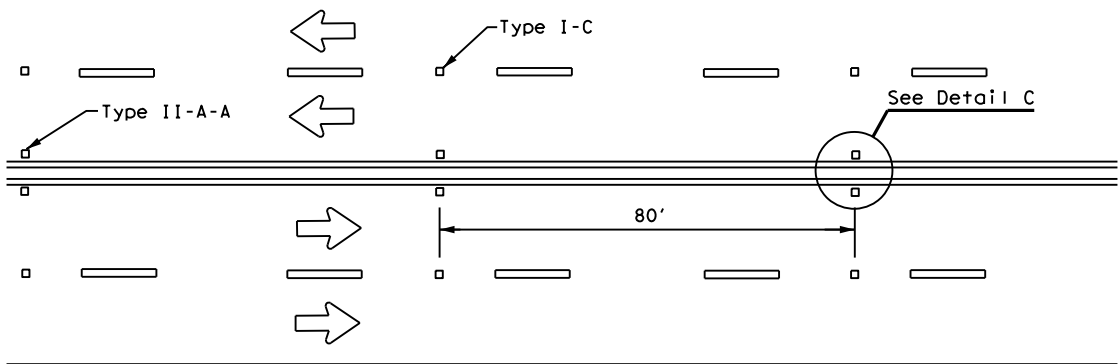
FILE: pm1-22.dgn	DN:	CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
11-78 8-00 6-20	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
8-95 3-03 12-22	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	91	
5-00 2-12				

REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

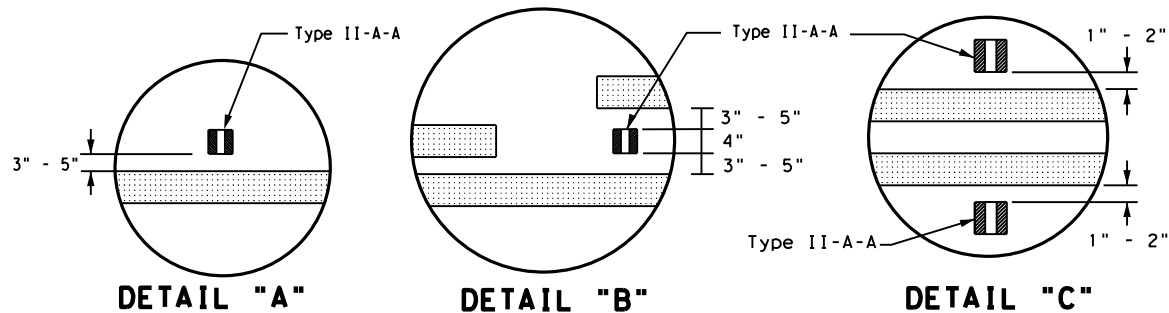
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CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



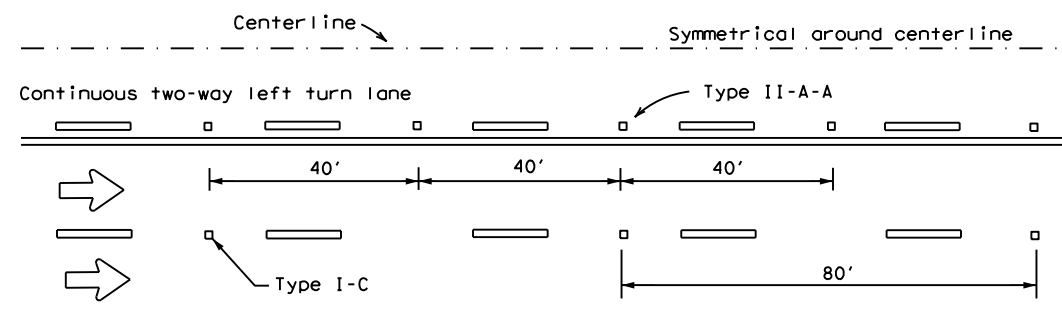
**CENTERLINE & LANE LINES
FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS**



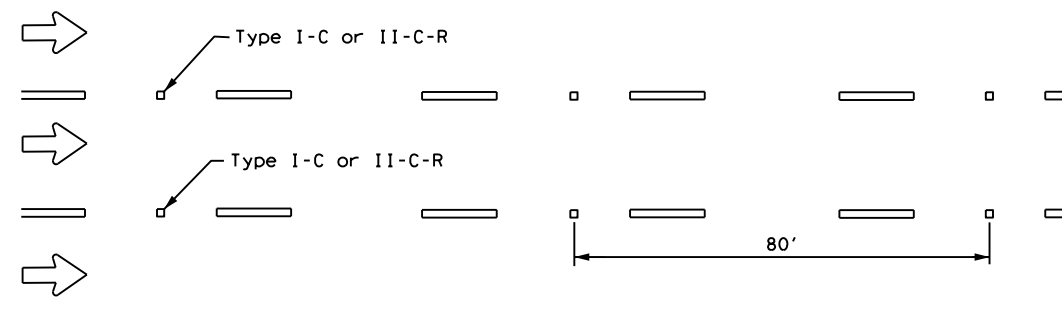
DETAIL "A"

DETAIL "B"

DETAIL "C"

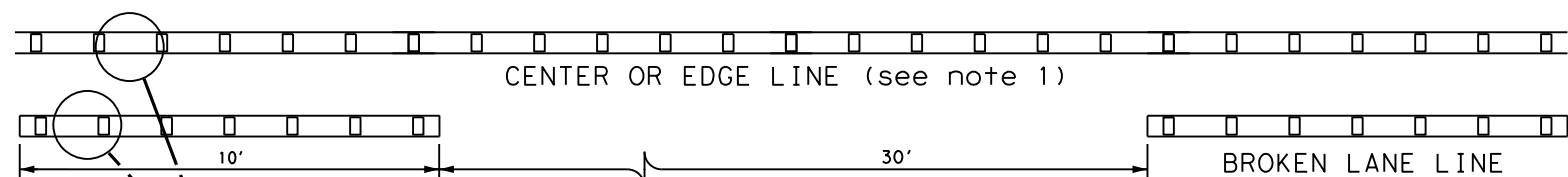


CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.
 See Note 3.



**REFLECTORIZED PROFILE
PATTERN DETAIL**

USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

6" EDGE LINE, 6" CENTERLINE
 OR 6" LANE LINE

NOTES

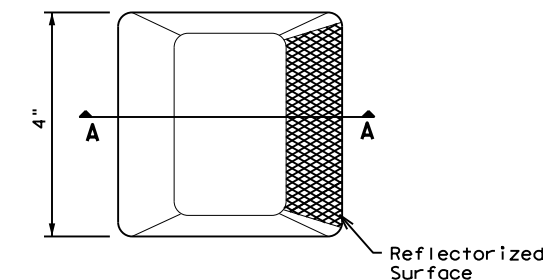
1. Edge lines should typically be 6" wide and the materials shall be specified in the plans.
2. Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

GENERAL NOTES

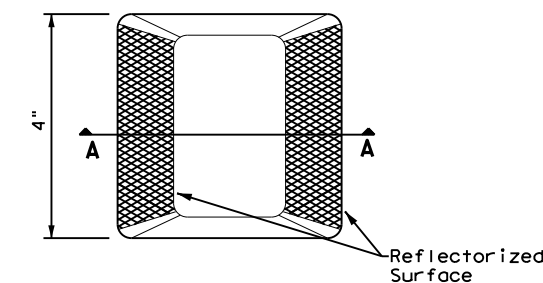
1. All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the stripes.
2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal joints.
3. Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

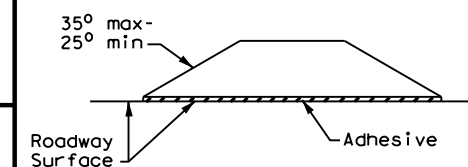
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



SECTION A

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



**POSITION GUIDANCE USING
RAISED MARKERS
REFLECTORIZED PROFILE
MARKINGS
PM(2) - 22**

FILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:	CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
4-77 8-00 6-20	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
4-92 2-10 12-22	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	92	
5-00 2-12				

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept at the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION
BRIDGE REPLACEMENT

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0901 - 29 - 092

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: SOUTHWEST OF THE CITY OF ROXTON ON COUNTY ROAD (CR26320) AT MORRISON CREEK

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 33°31'0.37"N ,(Long) 95°46'42.89"W

END: (Lat) 33°31'0.15"N ,(Long) 95°46'38.68"W

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): .32

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): .01 (31%)

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

INCLUDES PREP ROW, EMBANKMENT FOR FILL, ROAD GRADING, DITCH GRADING, EROSION AND SEDIMENTARY CONTROLS, EXCAVATION, AND TOPSOIL WORK FOR FINAL SEEDING.

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
NAHATCHE	CONSISTING OF CLAY LOAM

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

- PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting
- PSLs determined during construction
- No PSLs planned for construction

Type	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

- Mobilization
- Install sediment and erosion controls
- Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- Remove existing pavement
- Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- Install proposed pavement per plans
- Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- Place flex base
- Rework slopes, grade ditches
- Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- Revegetation of unpaved areas
- Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction activities
- Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out water
- Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
MORRISON CREEK	NORTH SULPUR RIVER 0305

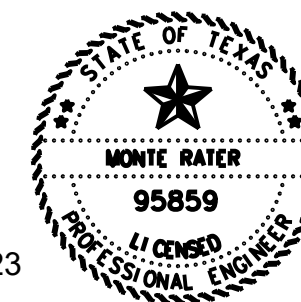
* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- Development of plans and specifications
- Perform SWP3 inspections
- Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

- Day To Day Operational Control
- Maintain schedule of major construction activities
- Install, maintain and modify BMPs
- Other: _____
- Other: _____



04.03.23

Monte R. Rater P.E.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)
(Less Than 1 Acre)

FED. RD. DIV. NO.				SHEET NO.
				93
STATE	STATE DIST.	COUNTY		
TEXAS	PAR	LAMAR		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
0901	29	092	CR, ETC.	

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:

T / P

- Protection of Existing Vegetation
- Vegetated Buffer Zones
- Soil Retention Blankets
- Geotextiles
- Mulching/ Hydromulching
- Soil Surface Treatments
- Temporary Seeding
- Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
- Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
- Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
- Vertical Tracking
- Interceptor Swale
- Riprap
- Diversion Dike
- Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
- Embankment for Erosion Control
- Paved Flumes
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:

T / P

- Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
- Dewatering Controls
- Inlet Protection
- Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
- Sandbag Berms
- Sediment Control Fence
- Stabilized Construction Exit
- Floating Turbidity Barrier
- Vegetated Buffer Zones
- Vegetated Filter Strips
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Stationing	
	From	To

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- Haul roads dampened for dust control
- Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- Stabilized construction exit
- Other: _____

- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- Chemical Management
- Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- Debris and Trash Management
- Dust Control
- Sanitary Facilities
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing	
	From	To

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

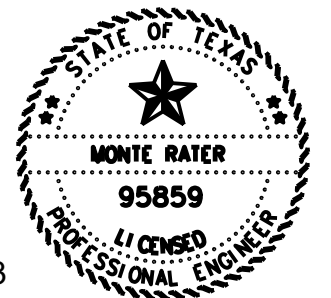
- Fire hydrant flushings
- Irrigation drainage
- Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- Potable water sources
- Springs
- Uncontaminated groundwater
- Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3 .

2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.



04.03.23

Monte R. Rater P.E.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.
				94
STATE	STATE DIST.	COUNTY		
TEXAS	PAR	LAMAR		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
0901	29	092	CR, ETC.	

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept in the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):
1097-05-009

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: At E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 33.3468575°, (Long) -95.8076573°

END: (Lat) 33.3471289°, (Long) -95.8115013°

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 3.24

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.91 (28.1%)

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

BRIDGE REPLACEMENT

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
TRINITY CLAY, 0-1% SLOPES	CLAY, MODERATELY WELL DRAINED, HIGH RATE OF RUNOFF, SLIGHT EROSION POTENTIAL
WILSON SILT LOAM, 0-2% SLOPES	SILT LOAM, MODERATELY WELL DRAINED, VERY HIGH RATE OF RUNOFF, MODERATE EROSION POTENTIAL
DEPORT CLAY, 1-3% SLOPES	CLAY, SOMEWHAT POORLY DRAINED, VERY HIGH RATE OF RUNOFF, MODERATE EROSION POTENTIAL

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

- PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting
- PSLs determined during construction
- No PSLs planned for construction

Type	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

- Mobilization
- Install sediment and erosion controls
- Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- Remove existing pavement
- Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- Install proposed pavement per plans
- Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- Place flex base
- Rework slopes, grade ditches
- Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- Revegetation of unpaved areas
- Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction activities
- Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out water
- Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
EAST FORK JERNIGAN CREEK, 0307D	JIM CHAPMAN LAKE, 0307

* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

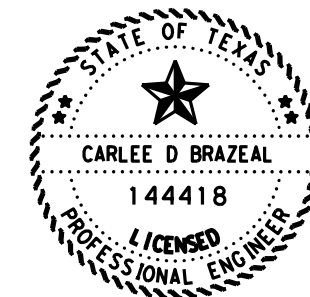
- Development of plans and specifications
- Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- Post Construction Site Notice
- Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- Perform SWP3 inspections
- Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

- Day To Day Operational Control
- Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- Post Construction Site Notice
- Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- Maintain schedule of major construction activities
- Install, maintain and modify BMPs
- Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

1.14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:

MS4 Entity



04/03/2023

Carlee D. Brazeal, P.E.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)



Sheet 1 of 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.
	0901-29-092, Etc.			95
STATE	STATE DIST.	COUNTY		
TEXAS	PAR	Lamar, Etc.		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.	

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:

T / P

- Protection of Existing Vegetation
- Vegetated Buffer Zones
- Soil Retention Blankets
- Geotextiles
- Mulching/ Hydromulching
- Soil Surface Treatments
- Temporary Seeding
- Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
- Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
- Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
- Vertical Tracking
- Interceptor Swale
- Riprap
- Diversion Dike
- Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
- Embankment for Erosion Control
- Paved Flumes
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:

T / P

- Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
- Dewatering Controls
- Inlet Protection
- Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
- Sandbag Berms
- Sediment Control Fence
- Stabilized Construction Exit
- Floating Turbidity Barrier
- Vegetated Buffer Zones
- Vegetated Filter Strips
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

T / P

- Sediment Trap
 - Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
 - 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
- Sedimentation Basin
 - Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
 - Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
 - Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
 - 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
 - Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
 - Available area/Site geometry
 - Site slope/Drainage patterns
 - Site soils/Geotechnical factors
 - Public safety
 - Other: _____

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Stationing	
	From	To

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- Haul roads dampened for dust control
- Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- Stabilized construction exit
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- Chemical Management
- Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- Debris and Trash Management
- Dust Control
- Sanitary Facilities
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____
- Other: _____

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing	
	From	To

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

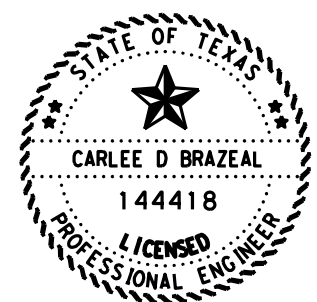
- Fire hydrant flushings
- Irrigation drainage
- Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- Potable water sources
- Springs
- Uncontaminated groundwater
- Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3 .

2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.



04/03/2023

Carlee D. Brazeal, P.E.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)



Sheet 2 of 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.
	0901-29-092, Etc.			96
STATE	STATE DIST.	COUNTY		
TEXAS	PAR	Lamar, Etc.		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.	

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402

TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506.

List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities.

- 1.
2. No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

1. Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000
2. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or required by the Engineer.
3. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors.
4. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer.

II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404

USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas.

The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s):

- No Permit Required
- Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected)
- Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)
- Individual 404 Permit Required
- Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# _____

Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS.

1. CR 1137 at Mitcham Branch (CSJ 0901-28-103) in Southern Hopkins County
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts.

Best Management Practices:

Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Temporary Vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Silt Fence	<input type="checkbox"/> Vegetative Filter Strips
<input type="checkbox"/> Blankets/Mulching	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock Berm	<input type="checkbox"/> Retention/Irrigation Systems
<input type="checkbox"/> Mulch	<input type="checkbox"/> Triangular Filter Dike	<input type="checkbox"/> Extended Detention Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Sodding	<input type="checkbox"/> Sand Bag Berm	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Wetlands
<input type="checkbox"/> Interceptor Swale	<input type="checkbox"/> Straw Bale Dike	<input type="checkbox"/> Wet Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Diversion Dike	<input type="checkbox"/> Brush Berms	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosion Control Compost
<input type="checkbox"/> Erosion Control Compost	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosion Control Compost	<input type="checkbox"/> Mulch Filter Berm and Socks
<input type="checkbox"/> Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	<input type="checkbox"/> Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	<input type="checkbox"/> Compost Filter Berm and Socks
<input type="checkbox"/> Compost Filter Berm and Socks	<input type="checkbox"/> Compost Filter Berm and Socks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vegetation Lined Ditches
	<input type="checkbox"/> Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	<input type="checkbox"/> Sand Filter Systems
	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Basins	<input type="checkbox"/> Grassy Swales

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

- No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

- No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

- No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BMP: Best Management Practice	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure
CGP: Construction General Permit	SWP: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN: Pre-Construction Notification
FHWA: Federal Highway Administration	PSL: Project Specific Location
MOA: Memorandum of Agreement	TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
MOU: Memorandum of Understanding	TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
MSA: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
MTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation
NOT: Notice of Termination	T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species
NWP: Nationwide Permit	USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
NOI: Notice of Intent	USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.

Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labeling as required by the Act.

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- Undesirable smells or odors
- Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

- Yes No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

- Yes No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

- No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

1. LEAD INSPECTION REPORTS FOR THE MORRISON CREEK BRIDGE INDICATE THAT PAINT ON THE STEEL STRUCTURES CONTAINS LEAD. ANY COATINGS, PAINT, OR OTHER ITEMS AT THIS LOCATION SHALL BE TREATED AS LEAD CONTAINING PAINT (LCP). FOR TASKS THAT EXPOSE AN EMPLOYEE TO LEAD ABOVE THE PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT (PEL), THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT AND WORKER PROTECTION AS REQUIRED UNDER OSHA 1926.62 (LEAD IN CONSTRUCTION). WHEN STRIPPING BACK OF LEAD PAINT IS PERFORMED AS A PROTECTIVE MEASURE, STRIP BACK SUFFICIENT LCP TO FACILITATE THE PROJECT WORK. LCP INSPECTION REPORTS ARE AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW AT THE PARIS DISTRICT OFFICE. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONTACT TxDOT'S DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL COORDINATOR AT 903-737-9300.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

- No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

0901-29-092
CR 26320
AT MORRISON CREEK

Design Division Standard

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

FILE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: RG	DW: VP	CK: AR
© TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
12-12-2011 (DS) REVISIONS	0901	29	092	CR, ETC.
05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
01-23-2015 SECTION I CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	PAR	LAMAR	97	

DATE: FILE:

DATE: 4/3/2023
 FILE: p:\t\tdot\projectwiseonline.com\TxDOT2\Documents\01 - PAR\Design Projects\109705009\4 - Design\Master Design Files\Sheet Boundary Container\epic.dgn
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List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities.

-
- No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

- Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000
- Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or required by the Engineer.
- Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors.
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- Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)
- Individual 404 Permit Required
- Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# _____

Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS.

- FM 2068 AT EAST FORK JERNIGAN CREEK (CSJ 1097-05-009) IN DELTA COUNTY**
-
-
-

The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts.

Best Management Practices:

Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Temporary Vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Silt Fence	<input type="checkbox"/> Vegetative Filter Strips
<input type="checkbox"/> Blankets/Matting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock Berm	<input type="checkbox"/> Retention/Irrigation Systems
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mulch	<input type="checkbox"/> Triangular Filter Dike	<input type="checkbox"/> Extended Detention Basin
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- No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

-
-
-
-

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

- No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

-
-
-
-

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

- No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

-
-
-
-

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

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MOU: Memorandum of Understanding	TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
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NWP: Nationwide Permit	USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
NOI: Notice of Intent	USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
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- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

- Yes No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

- Yes No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

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Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

- No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

- LEAD INSPECTION REPORTS FOR THE FM 2068 AT EAST FORK JERNIGAN CREEK INDICATE THAT PAINT ON THE STEEL STRUCTURES CONTAINS LEAD. ANY COATINGS, PAINT, OR OTHER ITEMS AT THIS LOCATION SHALL BE TREATED AS LEAD CONTAINING PAINT (LCP). FOR TASKS THAT EXPOSE AN EMPLOYEE TO LEAD ABOVE THE PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT (PEL), THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT AND WORKER PROTECTION AS REQUIRED UNDER OSHA 1926.62 (LEAD IN CONSTRUCTION). WHEN STRIPPING BACK OF LEAD PAINT IS PERFORMED AS A PROTECTIVE MEASURE, STRIP BACK SUFFICIENT LCP TO FACILITATE THE PROJECT WORK. LCP INSPECTION REPORTS ARE AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW AT THE PARIS DISTRICT OFFICE. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONTACT TxDOT'S DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL COORDINATOR AT 903-737-9300.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

- No Action Required Required Action


Action No.

-
-
-

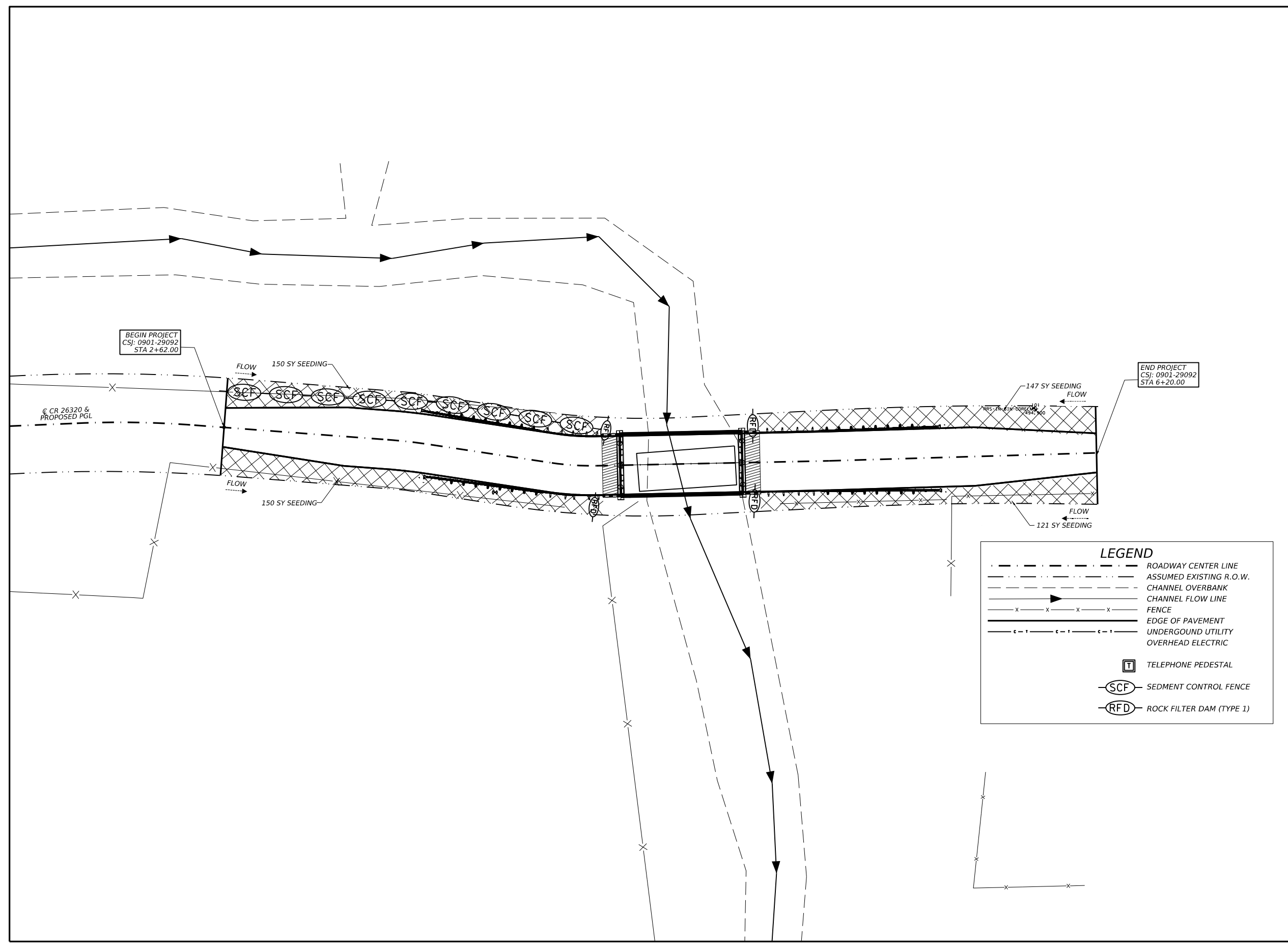
1097-05-009

FM 2068

AT E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK

 Texas Department of Transportation		Design Division Standard		
<h2 style="margin: 0;">ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS</h2> <h3 style="margin: 0;">EPIC</h3>				
FILE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CR: RG	DW: VP	CK: AR
©TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
12-12-2011 (DS) REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	98	

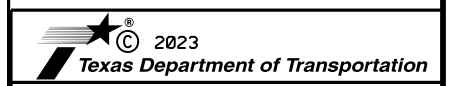
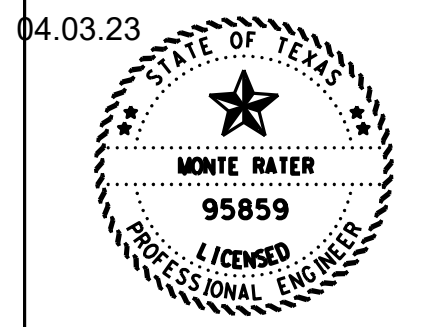
CK:
DW:
CK:
DN:



LEGEND

- ROADWAY CENTER LINE
- - - ASSUMED EXISTING R.O.W.
- - - CHANNEL OVERBANK
- - - CHANNEL FLOW LINE
- x - x - x - x - FENCE
- EDGE OF PAVEMENT
- - - UNDERGROUND UTILITY
- - - OVERHEAD ELECTRIC
- [T] TELEPHONE PEDESTAL
- (SCF) SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
- (RFD) ROCK FILTER DAM (TYPE 1)

Monte R. Rater P.E.



CR 26320
AT MORRISON CREEK
SWP3 LAYOUT

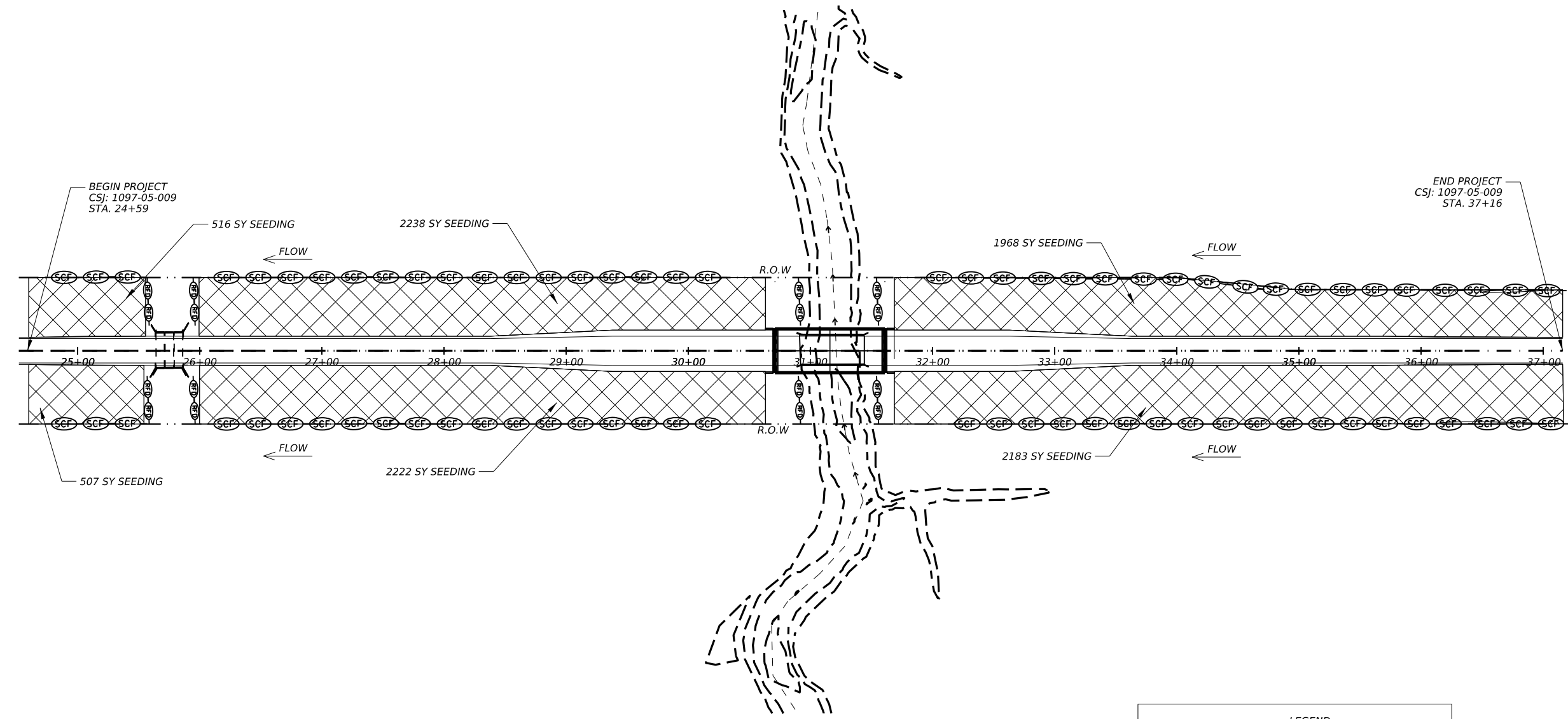
SHEET 1 OF 1

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0901	29	92	CR, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
PAR	LAMAR	99	

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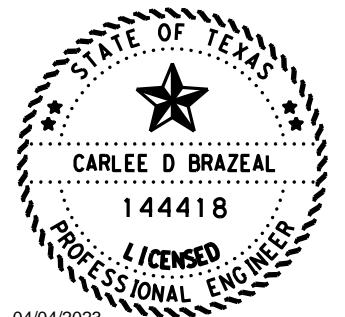
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DW: CK: DN:



LEGEND

- ROADWAY CENTERLINE
- - - ASSUMED EXISTING R.O.W.
- CHANNEL OVERBANK
- - - CHANNEL FLOW LINE
- ← FITCH FLOW ARROW
- SCF- ○ SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
- RFD- ○ ROCK FILTER DAM (TYPE 1)



04/04/2023

Carlee D. Brazeal, P.E.

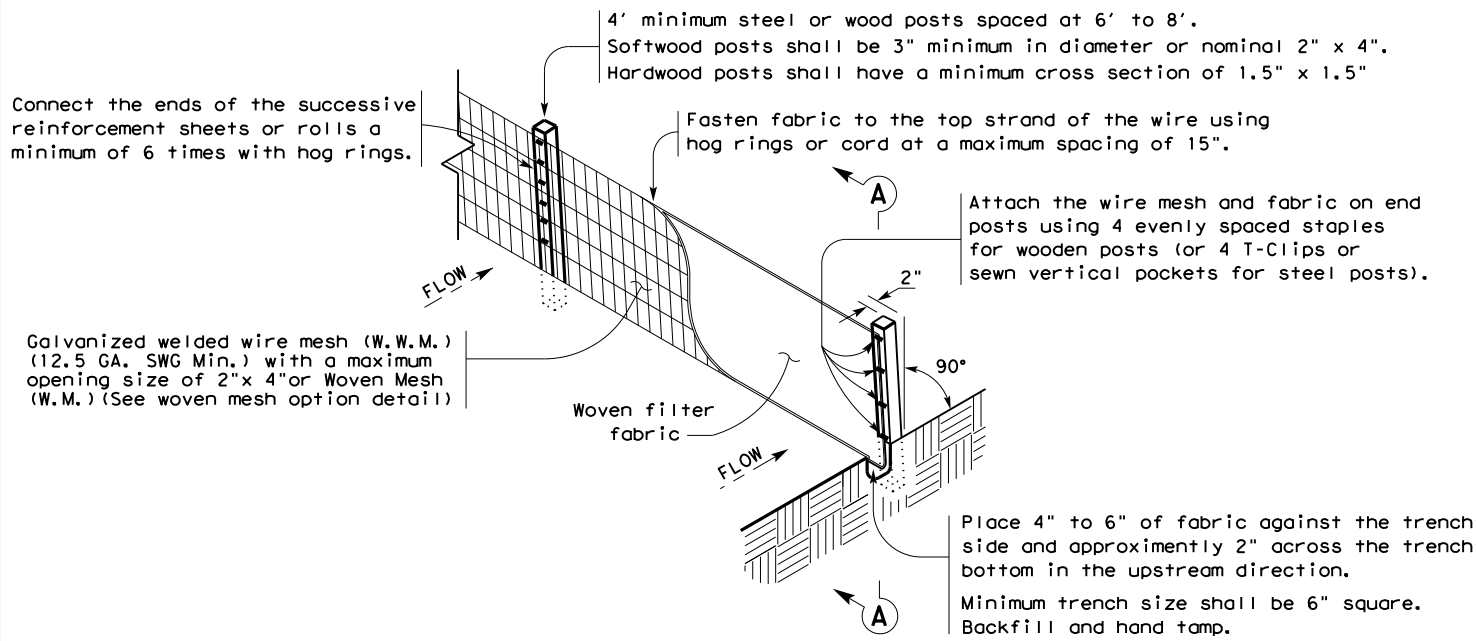


**FM 2068 AT
 E FORK JERNIGAN CREEK
 SWP3 LAYOUT**

© 2023 SHEET 1 OF 1

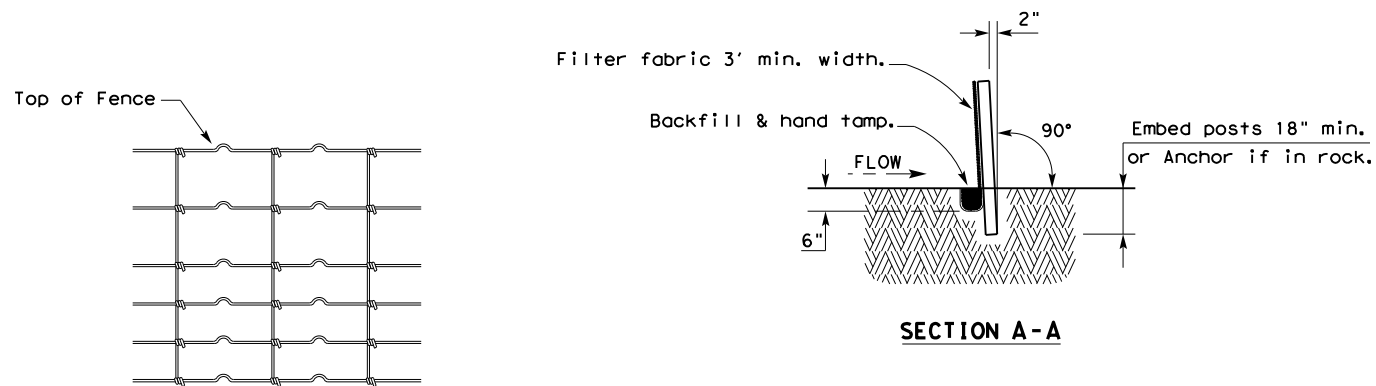
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DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
PAR	Lamar, Etc.	100	

40372023
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TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

SCF



HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA. SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

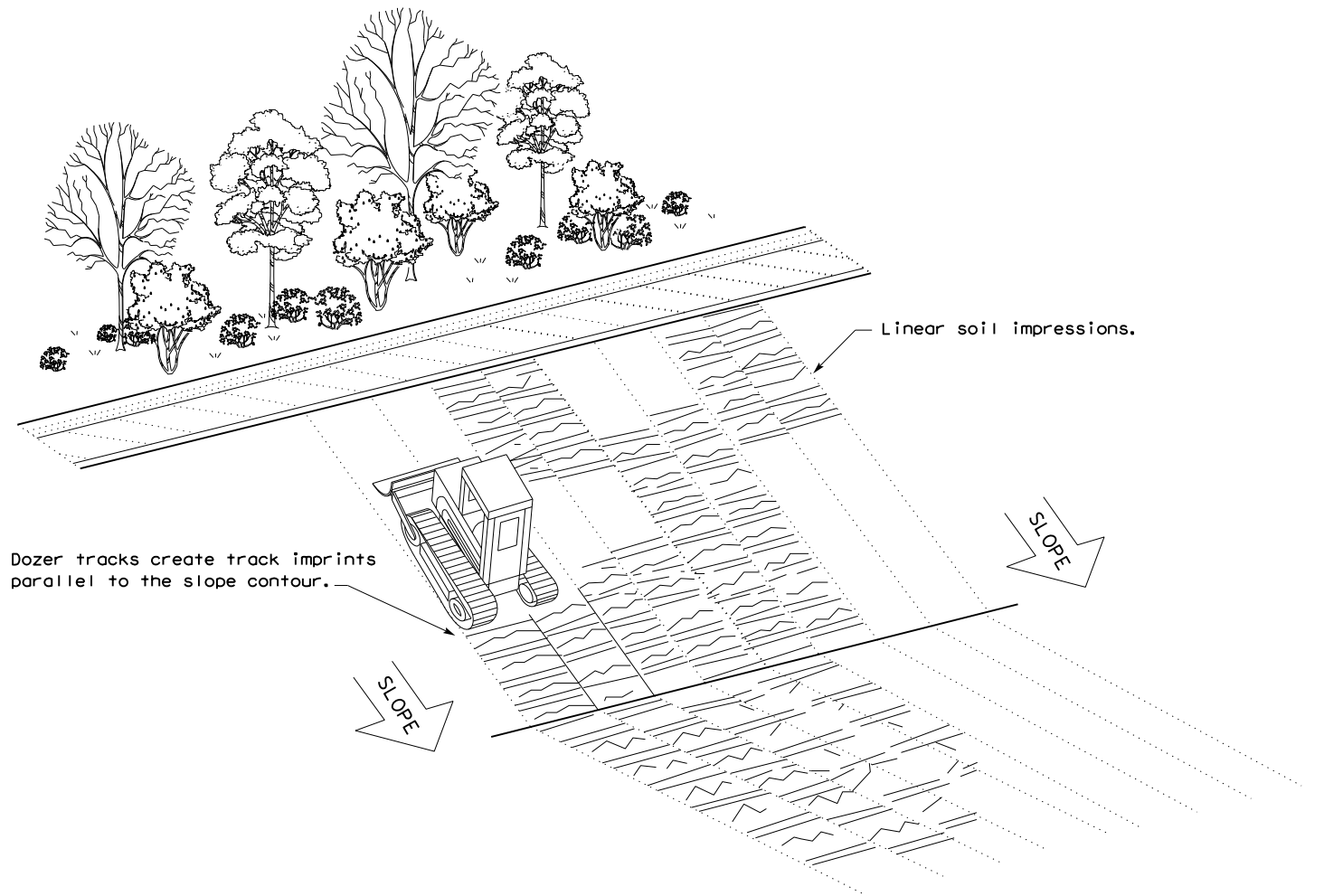
LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence

SCF

GENERAL NOTES

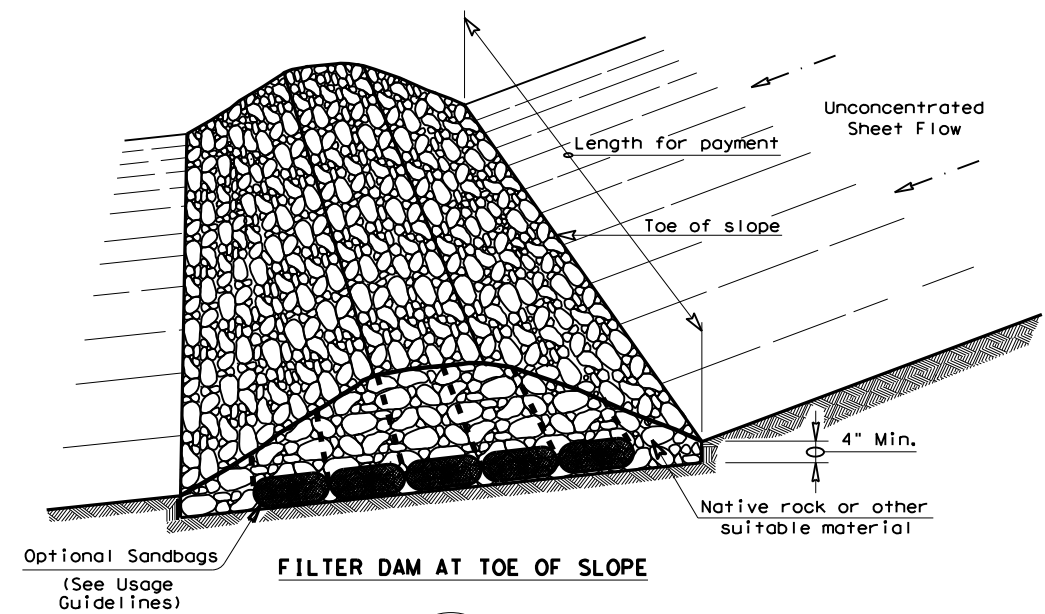
1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
5. Install continuous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING

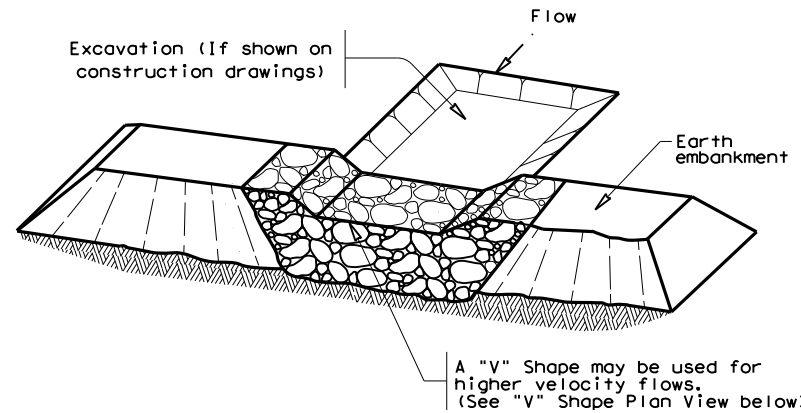
				Design Division Standard	
TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING EC(1)-16					
FILE: ec116	DN: TxDOT	CK: KM	DW: VP	DN/CK: LS	
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS		0901 29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.	
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.		101	

DATE: 4/3/2023
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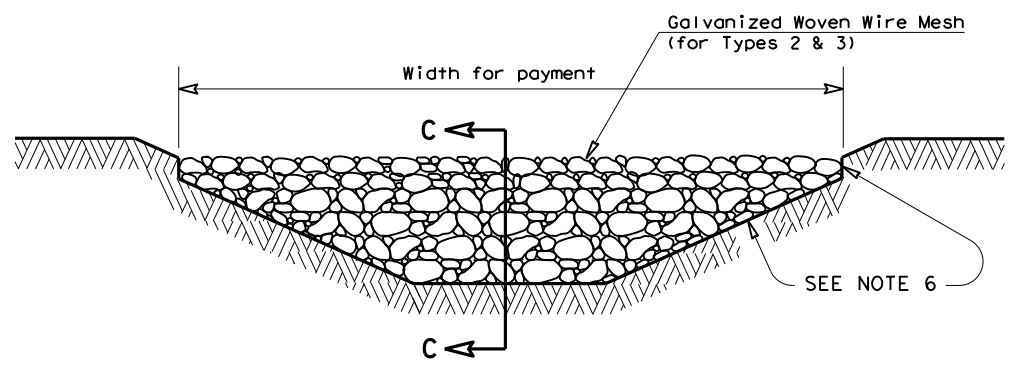
FILTER DAM AT TOE OF SLOPE

(RFD1)



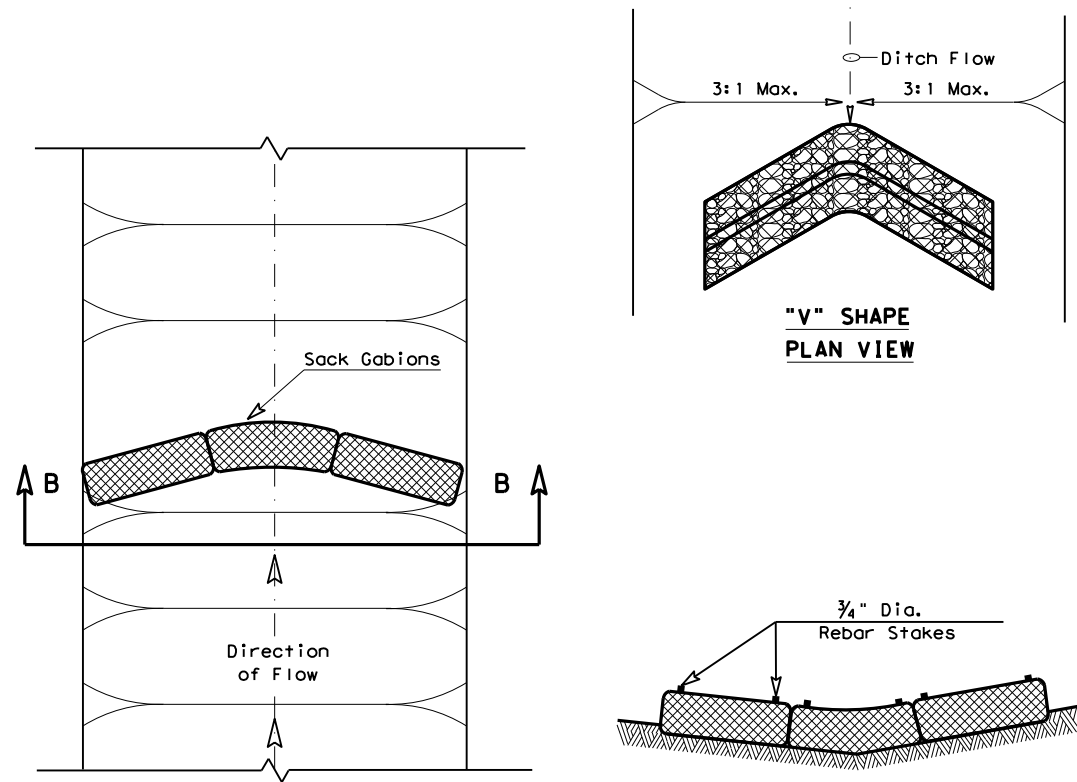
FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP

(RFD1) OR (RFD2)

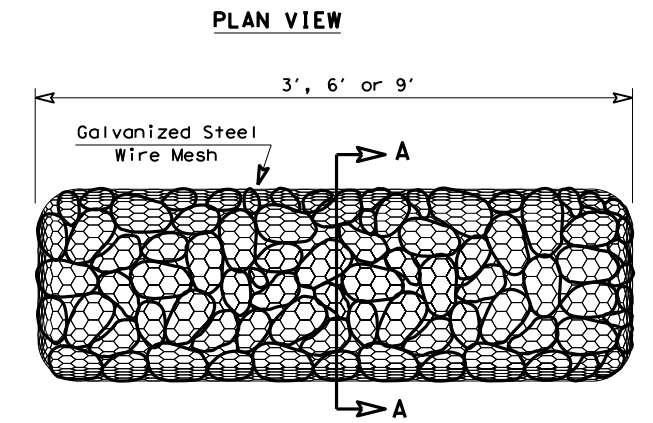


FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

(RFD1) OR (RFD2) OR (RFD3)

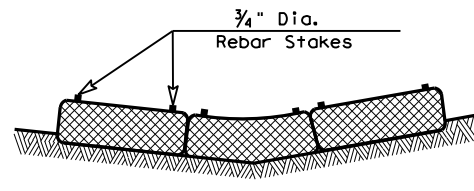


"V" SHAPE PLAN VIEW

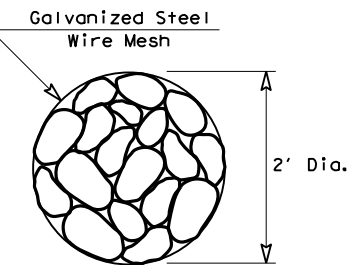


TYPE 4 (SACK GABIONS)

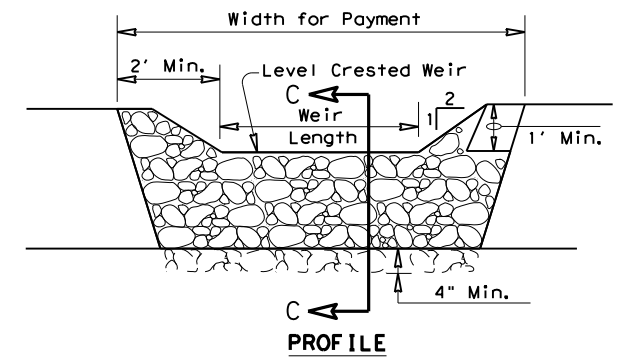
(RFD4)



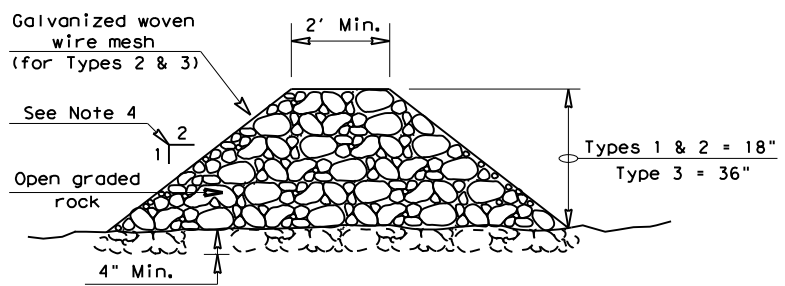
SECTION B-B



SECTION A-A



PROFILE



SECTION C-C

ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 GPM/FT² of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximately 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.

GENERAL NOTES

1. If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
2. Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
4. Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with 3/4" dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 1/2" x 3 1/4".
10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

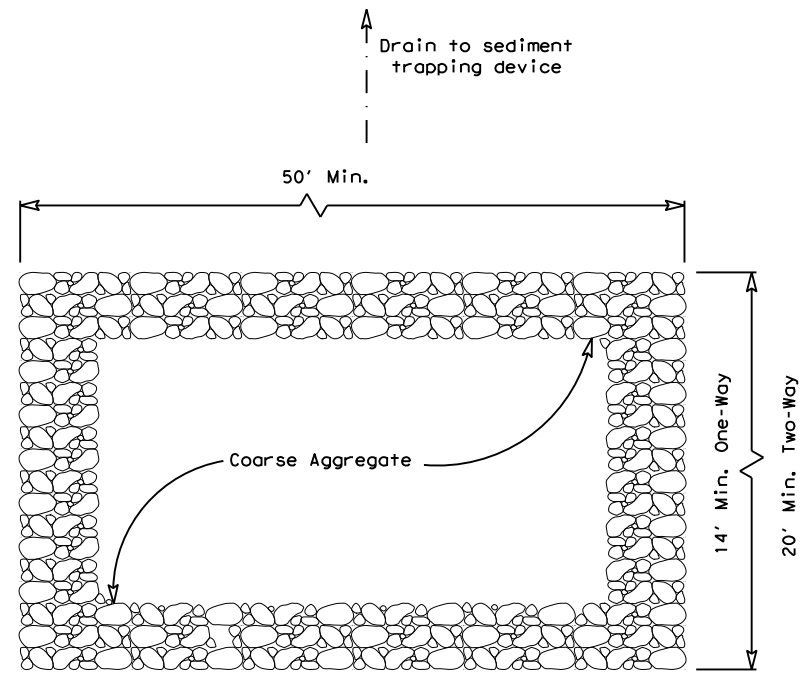
PLAN SHEET LEGEND

- Type 1 Rock Filter Dam (RFD1)
- Type 2 Rock Filter Dam (RFD2)
- Type 3 Rock Filter Dam (RFD3)
- Type 4 Rock Filter Dam (RFD4)

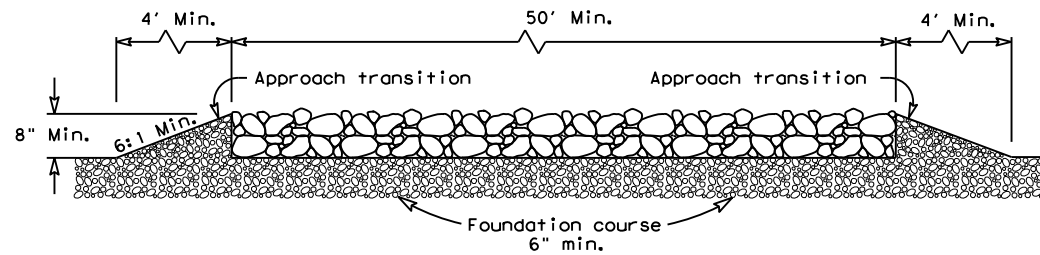
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TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES ROCK FILTER DAMS EC(2)-16			
FILE: ec216	DN: TxDOT	CK: KM	DW: VP
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS	0901	29	092, Etc.
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	PAR	Lamar, Etc.	102

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PLAN VIEW

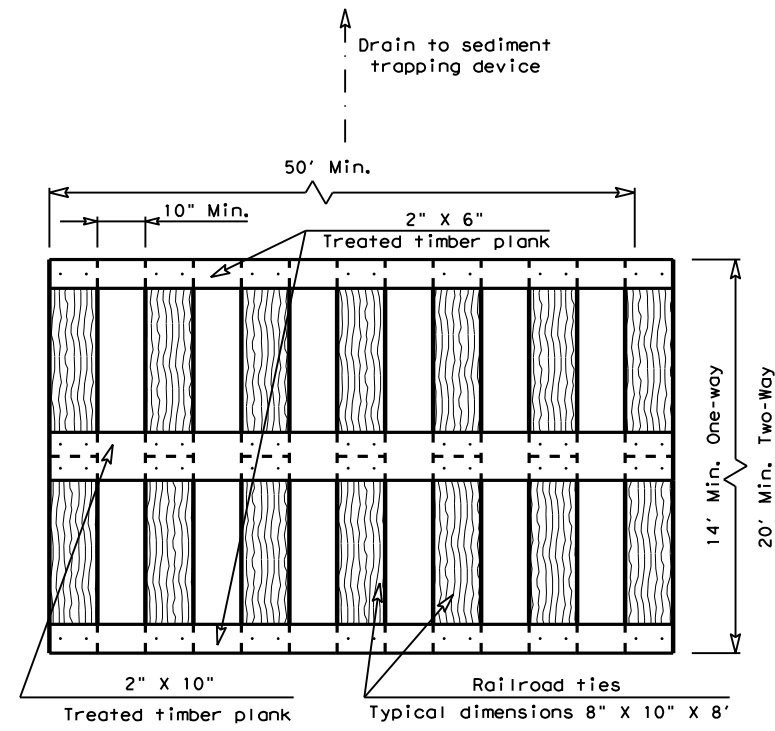


ELEVATION VIEW

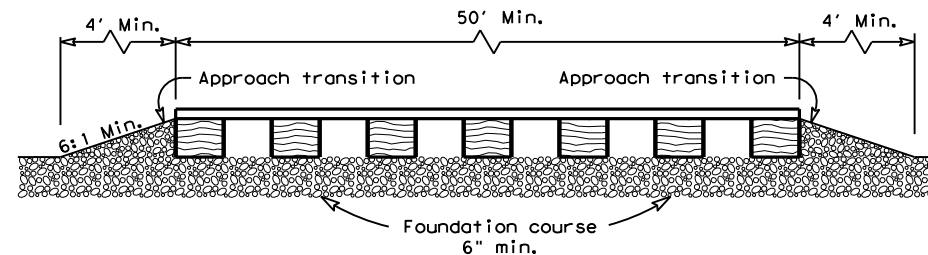
CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 1)
 ROCK CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 1)

1. The length of the type 1 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
2. The coarse aggregate should be open graded with a size of 4" to 8".
3. The approach transitions should be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
4. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other materials approved by the Engineer.
5. The construction exit shall be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
6. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
7. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.



PLAN VIEW

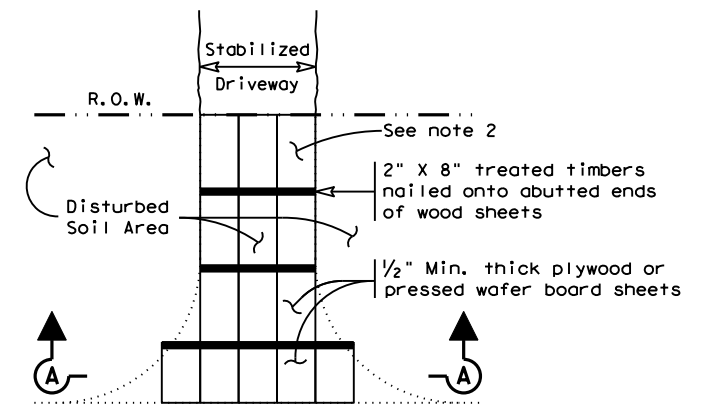


ELEVATION VIEW

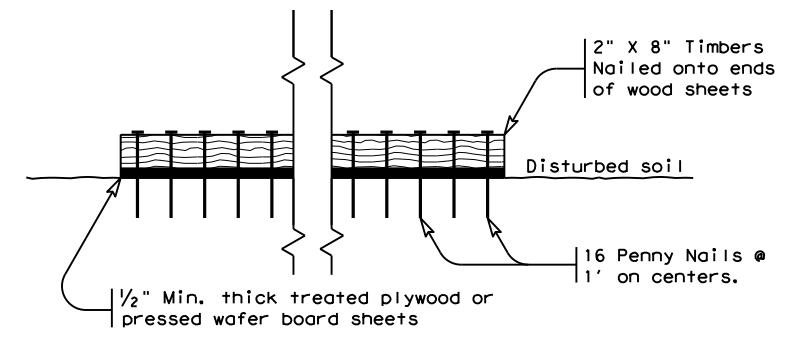
CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 2)
 TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 2)

1. The length of the type 2 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
2. The treated timber planks shall be attached to the railroad ties with 1/2" x 6" min. lag bolts. Other fasteners may be used as approved by the Engineer.
3. The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
4. The approach transitions shall be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
5. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.
6. The construction exit should be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
7. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
8. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.



PLAN VIEW



SECTION A-A
 CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 3)
 SHORT TERM

GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 3)

1. The length of the type 3 construction exit shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
2. The type 3 construction exit may be constructed from open graded crushed stone with a size of two to four inches spread a min. of 4" thick to the limits shown on the plans.
3. The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
4. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

		Design Division Standard	
TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES CONSTRUCTION EXITS EC(3)-16			
FILE: ec316	DN: TxDOT	CK: KM	DW: VP
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REVISIONS	0901 29	092, Etc.	CR, Etc.
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
PAR	Lamar, Etc.		103