FINAL PL	ANS
DATE OF LETTING:	
DATE WORK BEGAN:	
DATE WORK COMPLETED:	
DATE WORK ACCEPTED:	
FINAL CONTRACT COST:	
CONTRACTOR:	
LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHAN & SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEN	NGES, CHANGE ORDERS WENTS:
HIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT ALL CONST ORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE PECIFICATIONS AND CONTRACT, ALL ONSTRUCTION WAS COMPLETED UNLESS	WITH THE PLANS PROPOSED
HECTOR SILLER, P.E. Pharr Area Engineer	DATE

# NO TDLR INSPECTION REQUIRED

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ON NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATIONS ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON. THIS PROJECT. REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FROM FHWA 1273, JULY 2022).

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# PLANS OF PROPOSED

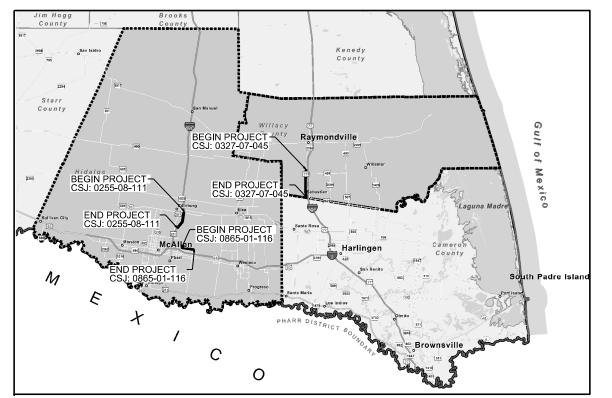
# STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL-AID PROJECT NUMBER F 2023(908), Etc. CSJ: 0255-08-111, ETC. NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 5.122 MILES

# HIDALGO COUNTY, ETC. IH 69C FR., ETC.

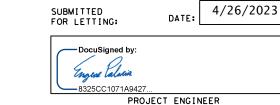
LIMITS: VARIOUS LOCATIONS

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF: PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE CONSISTING OF MILLING, OVERLAY, & PAVEMENT MARKINGS



LOCATION MAP NOT TO SCALE

EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE





	SHEET NO.			
F 2023(908), Etc.				1
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
TX	PHR	HIDALGO, ETC.		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	H ] GHWAY	NO.
0255	08	111,ETC.	IH 69C FF	R,ETC.

# INDEX OF SHEETS SEE SHEET No. 2

LOCATION #1 ADT: 15,542 (2021) 95,363 (2041) FUNCTION CLASSIFICATION: MAJOR COLLECTOR LOCATION #2 ADT: 1,931 (2021) 2,703 (2041) FUNCTION CLASSIFICATION: MAJOR COLLECTOR LOCATION #3 ADT: 10,203 (2021) 14,284 (2041) FUNCTION CLASSIFICATION: MAJOR COLLECTOR

APPROVED FOR LETTING:	DATE:	4/26/2023
DocuSigned by: FLAVO K. UNAP EABA335C2DAA48C	rz	
DISTRIC	T ENGI	NEER
RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:	DATE:	4/26/2023
DocuSigned by: Juan A. Su E353D62C01B2433	rstort	is fr
 DIRECTOR C	F MAIN	TENANCE

-	Sheet NO.	DESCRIPTION			
		GENERAL			
	1	TITLE SHEET			
	2	INDEX OF SHEETS			
	3	DISTRICT LAYOUT			
	4-5	LOCATION MAPS			
	6	I-69C FR LOCATION #1 TYPICAL SECTIONS			
	7	BU77W LOCATION #2 TYPICAL SECTIONS			
	8	SH 495 LOCATION #3 TYPICAL SECTIONS			
	9, 9A-9D	GENERAL NOTES			
	10-11	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET			
	12-15	BASIS OF ESTIMATE			
	16	PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR SUMMARY SHEET			
		TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS			
*	17-28	[S] BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21			
¥	29	[S] TCP (1-1)-18			
*	30	[S] TCP (1-3)-18			
*	31	[S] TCP (1-4)-18			
*	32	[S] TCP (1-5)-18			
¥	33	[S] TCP (2-1)-18			
¥	34	[S] TCP (2-3)-18			
*	35	[S] TCP (2-4)-18			
¥	36	[S] TCP (2-6)-18			
¥	37	[S] TCP (3-1)-13			
¥	38	[S] TCP (3-2)-13			
×	39	[S] TCP (3-3)-14			
×	40	[S] TCP (6-2)-12			
×	41	[S] TCP (6-3)-12			
	42	[S] TCP (6-4)-12			
×	43	[S] TCP (6-5)-12			
×	44	[S] TCP (6-8)-14			
¥	45	[S] WZ (STPM)-13			

TRAFFIC ITEMS STANDARDS           [S] PM(1)-22           [S] PM(2)-22
[S] PM(2)-22
[S] PM(3)-22
[S] PM(4)-22A
[S] BLPM-10
[S] LD (1)-03
[S] LD (2)-03
ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES
ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC
TWPD BMPS
TXDOT STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)

#### LEGEND

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×

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110

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[S] STATE STANDARDS [D] DISTRICT STANDARDS

[D] TECL-17 (PHR)

#### ROADWAY DETAILS

46-49	IH 69C FR LOCATION #1 PAVING PLAN LAYOUT
50-62	BU77W LOCATION #2 PAVING PLAN LAYOUT
63-66	SH 495 LOCATION #3 PAVING PLAN LAYOUT

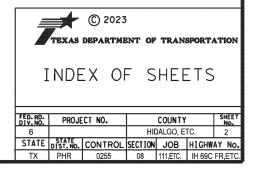
#### TRAFFIC ITEMS

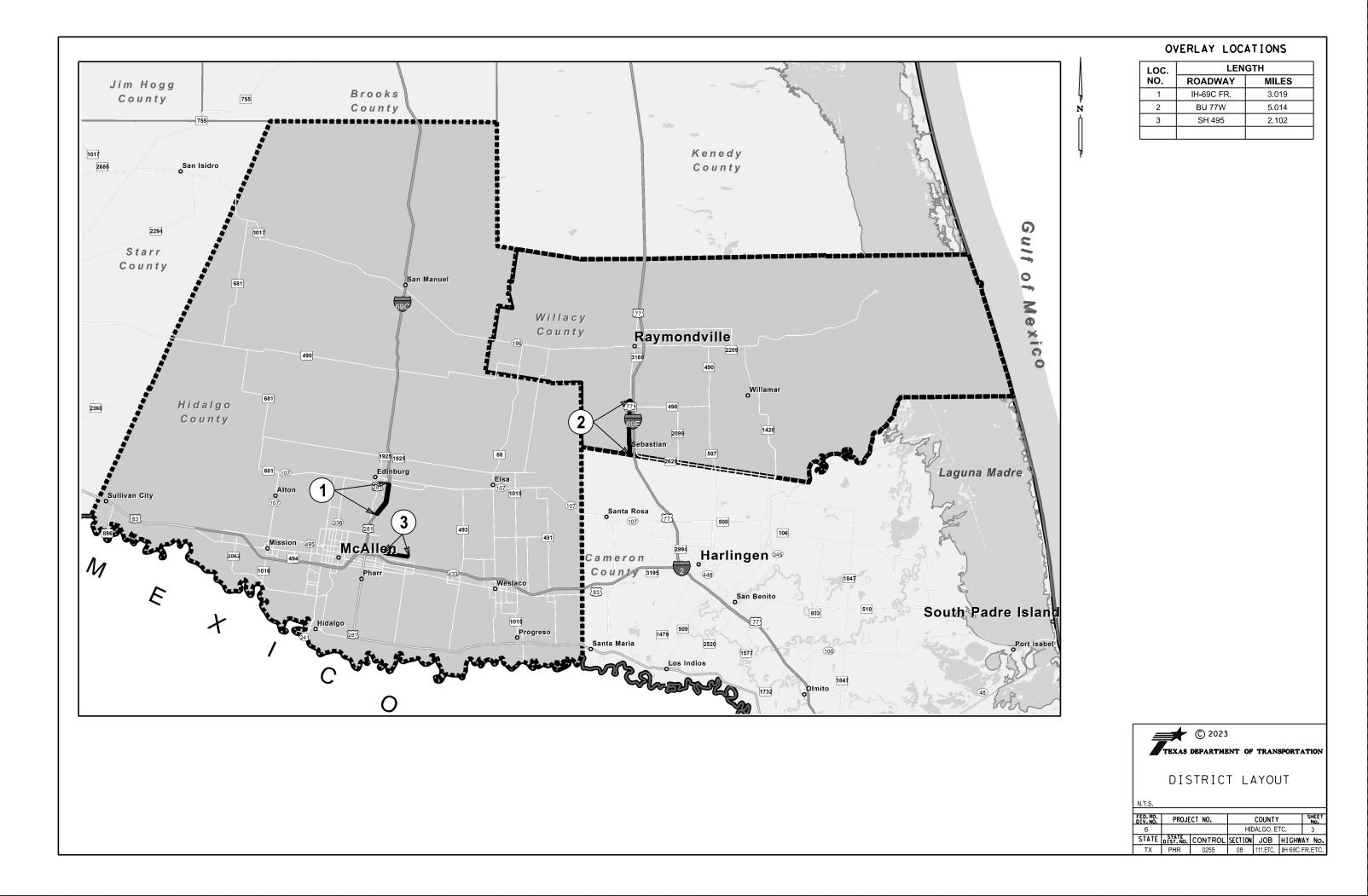
67-77	IH 69C FR LOCATION #1 PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT
78-91	BU77W LOCATION #2 PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT
92-96	SH 495 LOCATION #3 PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT



\*THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".



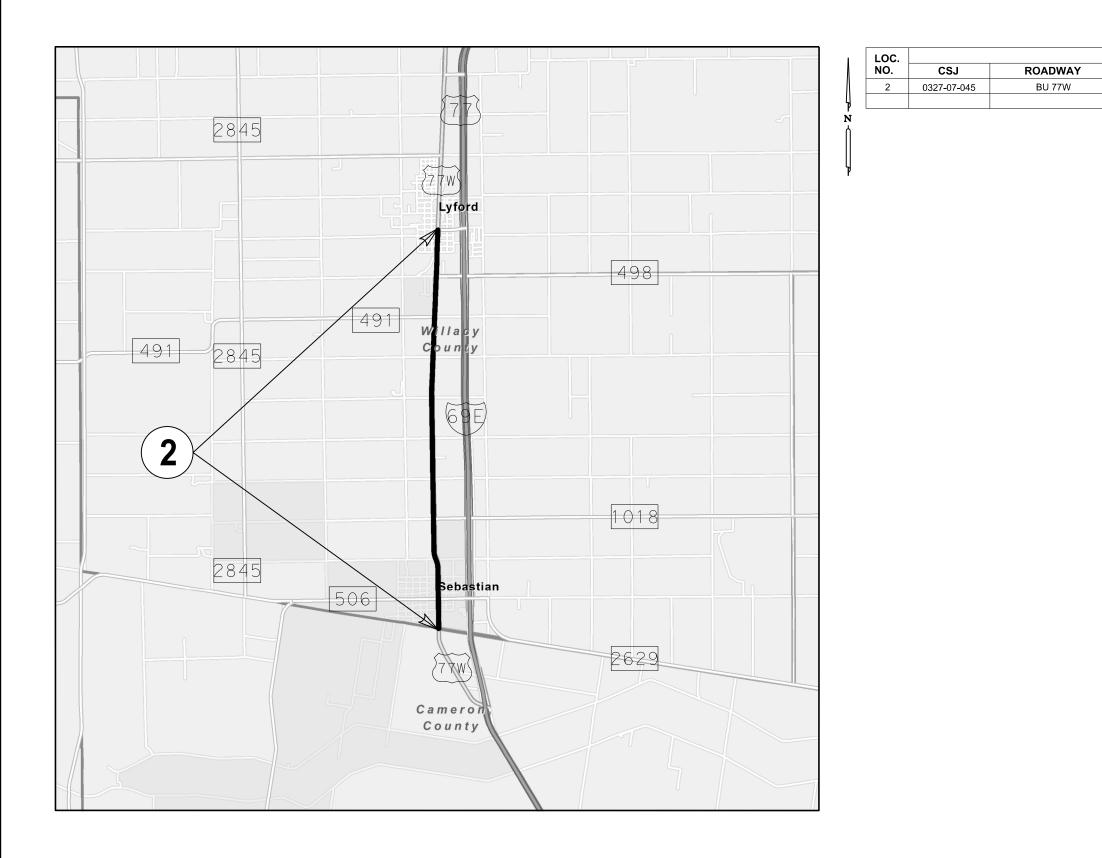




LOC.					
NO.	CSJ	ROADWAY	FROM	то	LENGTH (MI)
1	0255-08-111	IH-69C FR	Trenton Rd.	SH 107	3.019
3	0865-01-116	SH 495	FM 1426	FM 907	2.102

# LOCATION MAPS

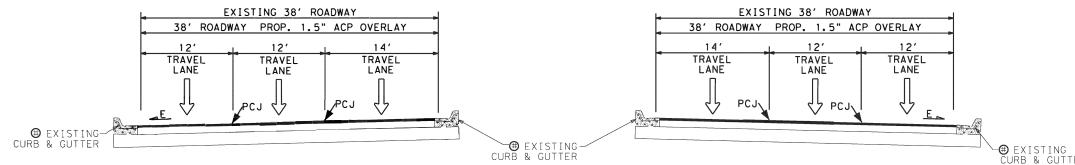
<b>C</b> 2023							
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION							
LOCATION MAPS- HIDALGO COUNTY							
N.T.S. SHEET 1 OF 2							
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJ	ECT NO.		COUNTY		SHEET No.	
6			HIDALGO, ETC.		TC.	4	
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHW	AY No.	
ТХ	PHR	0255	08	111.ETC.	IH 69C I	FR.ETC.	



# LOCATION MAPS

FROM	FROM TO	
SS 112	Willacy/Cameron CL	5.014

🚅 C 2023							
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION							
LOCATION MAPS- WILLACY COUNTY							
N.T.S. SHEET 2 OF 2							
FED. RD. PROJECT NO. COUNTY SHEET NO.							
6			HIC	IDALGO, ETC.		5	
STATE	STATE DIST, NO.	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHW	AY No.	
ΤX	PHR 0255		08	111,ETC.	IH 69C	FR,ETC.	



# NB IH 69C FR. PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

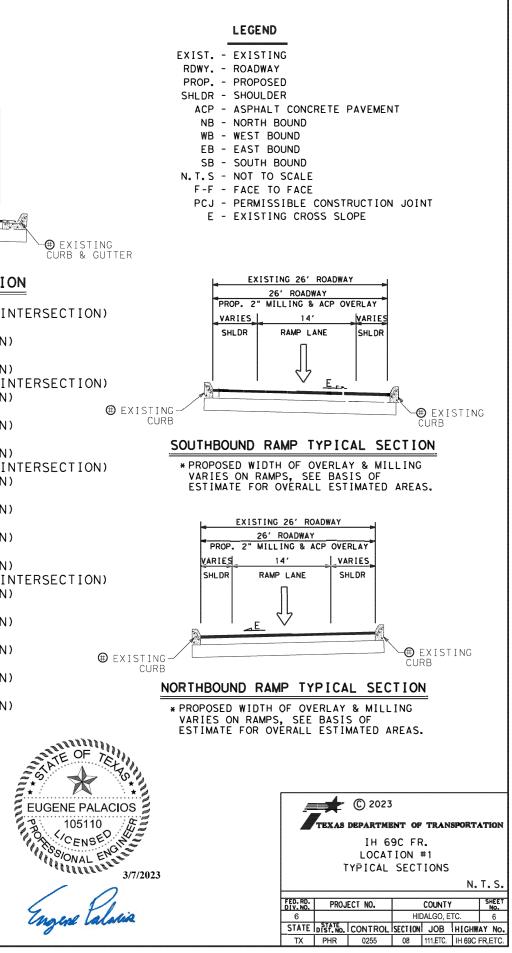
STA. STA.	105+33		TA.	105+33 107+54	(CONCRETE INTERSECTION) (TRANSITION)
STA. STA. STA.	107+54 109+00 114+26		TA. TA. TA.	109+00 114+26 123+53	(TRANSITION)
STA.	123+53		TA.	127+01	(TRANSITION)
STA.	127+01			131+63	(CONCRETE INTERSECTION)
STÁ. STA.	131+63 134+11		TA.	134+11 146+95	(TRANSITION)
STA.	146+95	TO S		151+20	(TRANSITION)
STA.	151+20		TA.	154+00	
STA.	154+00	TO S	-	158+62	(CONCRETE INTERSECTION)
STA.	158+62	TO S	TA.	161+10	(TRANSITION)
STA.	161+10	TO S	TA.	168+88	
STA.	168+88	TO S	-	172+81	(TRANSITION)
STA.	172+81			178+00	
STA.	178+00		TA.	182+13	(TRANSITION)
STA.	182+13			190+61	
STA.	190+61	-	TA.	194+08	(TRANSITION)
STA.	194+08		TA.	199+68	(CONCRETE INTERSECTION)
STA.	199+68		TA.	203+41	(TRANSITION)
STA.	203+41	TO S		204+93	
STA.	204+93	TO S		209+93	(CONCRETE INTERSECTION)
STA.	209+93 210+27		TA.	210+27	(TRANSITION)
STA. STA.	221+41		TA.	221+41 227+46	(TRANSITION)
	227+46			237+40	(TRANSITION)
STA.	237+41		TA.		(TRANSITION)
STA.	242+74		-	251+81	
STA.	251+81	TO S	-	· ·	(TRANSITION)

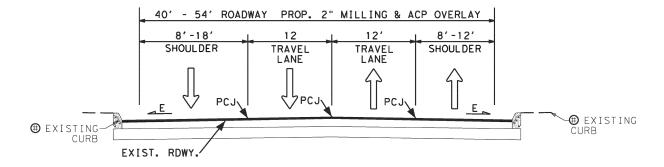
#### SB IH 69C FR. PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

	00+00				(CONCRETE	INTERSECT	(ON)
1	05+78 09+35	ΤŌ	STA. STA.	109+35 115+12	(TRANSITIC	ON )	
1	15+12 25+78	ΤŌ	STA. STA.	125+78	(TRANSITIC		
1	27+89 32+66	ТО	STA.	132+66 138+03	(TRANSITIC	INTERSECTI DN)	
1	38+03 46+74	ТΟ	STA.	146+74 151+83	(TRANSITIC	) N	۲
1	51+83 52+53	ТО		152+53 154+88	(TRANSITIC		
1	54+88 59+56	ΤŌ	STA.	159+56 160+20	(CONCRETE (TRANSITIC	INTERSECT ] DN)	(ON)
1	60+20 71+17	ТО		171+17 175+20	(TRANSITIC	ON )	
1	75+20 82+00	ΤŌ	STA.	182+00 185+64	(TRANSITIC	ON )	
1	85+64 91+00	ΤŌ		191+00 194+83	(TRANSITIC		
2	94+83 05+15	ΤŌ	STA.	205+15 210+69	(CONCRETE (TRANSITIC	INTERSECTI DN)	[ON)
2	10+69 24+17	ТО		229+17	(TRANSITIC	ON )	
2	29+17 34+11		STA.		(TRANSITIC	ON )	⊕ E
2	39+88 44+42	ΤŌ	STA. STA.	248+09	(TRANSITIC	ON )	U L
_	48+09 50+65	-			(TRANSITIC	ON )	

#### NOTES

- 1. WHERE PERMISSIBLE, OR UNLESS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, PERMISSIBLE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS SHALL FALL ON STRIPING LINES AS SHOWN.
- 2. FOR STRIPING CONFIGURATION SEE PAVEMENT MARKING DETAILS.
- 3. PROPOSED BONDING COURSE RATE 0.07 GAL/SY IS FOR ESTIMATING PURPOSES ONLY. RATE TO BE ADJUSTED IN THE FIELD AS PER SPEC AND THE ENGINEER.
- 4. SEE BASIS OF BASIS OF ESTIMATE PLAN SHEETS FOR FOR TRANSITION AREA QUANTITIES.





# BU 77W PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

		TO STA. TO STA.		(INTERSECTION)
STA.	171+39	TO STA.	172+80	(CONCRETE BRIDGE)
		TO STA.		
		TO STA.		(TRANSITION)
				(TRANSITION)
			351+57	
				(TRANSITION)
SIA.	352+86	TO STA.	364+72	

LEGEND

EXIST.	-	EXISTING
RDWY.	-	ROADWAY
PROP.	-	PROPOSED
SHLDR	-	SHOULDER
ACP	-	ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT
WB	-	WEST BOUND
EB	-	EAST BOUND
N. T. S	-	NOT TO SCALE
F-F	-	FACE TO FACE
PCJ	-	PERMISSIBLE CONSTRUCTION JOINT

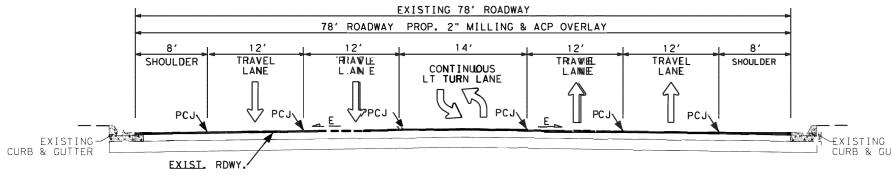
E - EXISTING CROSS SLOPE

EXISTING CURB LOCATIONS SHALL BE IDENTIFIED BY CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

> EUGENE PALACIOS 105110 SS/ONAL ENO 3/7/2023

© 2023 TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BU 77W LOCATION #2 TYPICAL SECTIONS N.T.S.

FED. RD.	PROJ	ECT NO.		SHEET		
6			HIC	ALGO, E	TC.	7
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	H[GHW	AY NO.
TX	PHR	0255	08	111,ETC.	IH 69C	FR,ETC.



# SH 495 PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

STA	100+00	ТΟ	103+20	(INTERSECTION)
STA	103+20	ТΟ	207+60	
STA	207+60	ТΟ	211+00	(INTERSECTION)

NOTES

- 1. WHERE PERMISSIBLE, OR UNLESS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, PERMISSIBLE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS SHALL FALL ON STRIPING LINES AS SHOWN.
- 2. FOR STRIPING CONFIGURATION SEE PAVEMENT MARKING DETAILS.
- 3. PROPOSED BONDING COURSE RATE 0.07 GAL/SY IS FOR ESTIMATING PURPOSES ONLY. RATE TO BE ADJUSTED IN THE FIELD AS PER SPEC AND THE ENGINEER.
- 4. SEE BASIS OF BASIS OF ESTIMATE PLAN SHEETS FOR FOR TRANSITION AREA QUANTITIES.

LEGEND

EXIST.	- EXISTING
RDWY.	- ROADWAY
PROP.	- PROPOSED
SHLDR ·	- SHOULDER
ACP ·	- ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT
WB ·	- WEST BOUND
EB ·	- EAST BOUND
N.T.S	- NOT TO SCALE
F-F	- FACE TO FACE
PCJ ·	- PERMISSIBLE CONSTRUCTION JOINT

E - EXISTING CROSS SLOPE

CURB & GUTTER



County: Hidalgo, Etc.

Highway: IH 69C FR, Etc.

# **2014 SPECS GENERAL NOTES:**

# General Requirements and Covenants to ITEMS 1 thru 9:

For all pits or quarries, comply with the "Texas Aggregate Quarry and Pit Safety Act."

Provide on a weekly basis a list of equipment, including idle equipment, utilized on the project that week.

The 1-800 call services for utility locations do not include TxDOT facilities. Contact the Pharr District Signal Section (956-702-6225) for coordination regarding TxDOT underground lines.

### ITEM 2: Instructions to Bidders

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Hector Siller, P.E., Pharr Area Engineer; Jesus Noriega, P.E., Assist. Area Engineer; Hector.Siller@txdot.gov Jesus.Noriega@txdot.gov

Control: 0255-08-111, Etc.

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals. Questions may also be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

### https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

### ITEM 6: Control of Materials

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

# **Project Number:**

County: Hidalgo, Etc.

Highway: IH 69C FR, Etc.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classificationsheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

### ITEM 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

Roadway or Lane closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited:

- National Holidays
- The day before a National Holiday

  - Local Special Event

### **ITEM 8: Prosecution and Progress**

A total of 120 working days will be allowed for this project. Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4 Standard Workweek. Nighttime work for all locations shall be done in accordance with Article 8.3.3.2.1.

Prepare progress schedules as a Bar Chart.

### ITEM 301: Asphalt Antistripping Agents

Hydrated Lime shall be added as an Antistripping additive between the rates of 1% minimum and 2.0% maximum by weight for Items 292, 3076, 3077, and 3080. If the Hamburg Wheel Test cannot be met within these limits, Liquid Antistripping agents as approved by the Engineer may be used in conjunction with lime for Items 3076, 3077, and 3080.

### ITEM 351: Flexible Pavement Structure Repair

Repair pavement structure for areas identified in the plans.

# Control: 0255-08-111, Etc.

• During emergency events such as natural disasters or as directed by the Engineer

County: Hidalgo, Etc.

Highway: IH 69C FR, Etc.

Notify the Engineer when differing site conditions are encountered that require structural repair. The contractor shall utilize Item 351 to repair pavement structure as approved by the Engineer.

Control: 0255-08-111, Etc.

# ITEM 354: Planing and Texturing Pavement

All planing/milling operation drop offs greater than 1-inch need to have a 3:1 slope taper unless otherwise directed by the engineer. The cost of the 3:1 slope taper is subsidiary to Item 354.

For full width planing/milling locations, contractor is to place seal coat or ACP layer(s) as indicated on the plans within 2-calendar days of the planing/milling operation unless otherwise directed by the engineer. Contractor will not be allowed to move onto the next planing/milling location or seal coat/ACP overlay location until the exposed area is covered as per above. Contractor cannot get paid for the planing/milling operation until exposed area is covered as per above.

Manholes in roadway shall be identified by contractor prior to milling operations.

RAP generated from this project will become the property of the Contractor.

# ITEM 502: Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

Shadow vehicles equipped with Truck-Mounted Attenuators are required for traffic handling. See notes for Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator/Trailer Attenuator, for additional references pertaining to the TMAs.

A pilot car and radio equipped flaggers shall be required for all undivided roadway locations as directed by the Engineer. The pilot car with necessary flaggers and/or radio equipped flaggers and all signs, equipment, labor, and incidentals required for this method of traffic control will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

Replace/relocate all regulatory signs removed due to construction operations with the same sign on fixed support(s) immediately upon its removal. First obtain Project Engineer approval before removing any regulatory roadway sign. Required flaggers are to be available to direct traffic during sign intermediate down time.

Relocate any Directional Sign Assemblies removed during construction operations immediately upon their removal.

These signs shall be relocated to a location in accordance with the Latest Version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices". In no case will a sign be removed without a replacement sign and support(s) being readily available and a location established. Removal and

# **Project Number:**

County: Hidalgo, Etc.

Highway: IH 69C FR, Etc.

relocation of these signs required for traffic control will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

From the beginning to the end of the project, all traffic control devices need to be in acceptable condition as per the Texas Quality Guidelines for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The "Safety Contingency" is not intended to be used in lieu of bid Items established by the contract.

Remove and dispose of all litter, debris, objectionable material, excess materials that accumulate at the base of all traffic control devices as directed by the Engineer.

### ITEM 504: Field Office and Laboratory

The Contractor will furnish a Type D Structure (Asphalt Mix Laboratory) modified by the following.

### Laboratory room:

The other room of this building will be used as a laboratory and will include access to a bathroom facility from the interior. The laboratory and bathroom facility will have the walls, ceiling and floor insulated such that the air temperature can be maintained at 76 degrees Fahrenheit at all times.

Furnish for the Department's use in the asphalt laboratory one (1) desktop computer.

# ITEM 506: Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

Before starting each phase of construction, review with the Engineer the SW3P used for temporary erosion control as outlined on the plans. Before construction, place the temporary erosion and sedimentation control features as shown on the SW3P. Location of Construction Exits are to be approved by the Engineer. After completing earthwork operations, restore and reseed the disturbed areas in accordance with the Department's specifications for permanent or temporary erosion control. Before starting grading operations and during the project duration, place the temporary or permanent erosion control measures to prevent sediment from leaving the right of way.

# Control: 0255-08-111, Etc.

County: Hidalgo, Etc.

Highway: IH 69C FR, Etc.

The Contractor Force Account "Erosion Control Maintenance" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone Best Management Practice (BMP) maintenance, to improve the effectiveness of the Environmental Controls that may need maintenance attention and/or require replacement while the project is still under the construction stage. These procedures will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent BMP management reviews on the project. The "Erosion Control Maintenance is not intended to be used in lieu of bid items established by the contract.

# ITEM 585: Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces

Use surface test Type "B" for service roads and ramps.

Quality control results shall be submitted to TxDOT the next working day after each day's paving.

Pavement areas with public turnout intersections that carry major traffic volumes will not be subjected to inertial profiler testing. These areas shall be evaluated using 10 ft. straightedge.

Diamond grinding shall be used to remove localized roughness.

Use surface test Type B pay adjustment schedule 3 to evaluate ride quality of the travel lanes in accordance with Item 585, "Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces." This includes ramps and service road travel lanes.

### ITEMS 662 and 666: Work Zone Pavement Markings and Reflectorized Pavement Markings

All permanent pavement markings and work zone pavement markings for this project under these Items shall be 0.100 inches (100 mil) thick thermoplastic.

Any permanent pavement markings or non-removal work zone pavement markings lacking reflectivity in accordance with the requirements of Tex 828-B, or that fail to meet minimum retro reflectivity requirements for longitudinal pavement markings when required, will be addressed per the requirements of the specification. The roadway will be re-striped at no additional compensation.

Pavement surface preparation for markings and markers will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 666.

Prior to any striping operations, an on-site coordination meeting between all the parties involved will be required to review striping details and requirements to ensure quality work.

# **Project Number:**

County: Hidalgo, Etc.

Highway: IH 69C FR, Etc.

The beads used on this project shall meet the requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8290, Glass Traffic Beads Texas Type II & III. Use a 50% Type II/ 50% Type III mix utilizing a double drop system with Type III beads dropped first.

For expressway projects, provide channelizing devices at the ramp connections when temporary pavement marking tabs are placed. These channelizing devices will be subsidiary to Item 502.

# ITEM 677: Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers

Asphalt and aggregate types and grades shall be as approved in writing when a surface treatment is used to eliminate existing pavement markings.

# ITEM 688: Pedestrian Detectors and Vehicle Loop Detectors

Loop detectors shall be installed to replace those damaged or destroyed due to construction operations. Before milling operations begin, all existing loop detector locations shall be marked, and their configuration and orientation obtained for replacement with same size loop detectors. After milling operations and before final overlay lift placement, all loop detectors shall be installed into existing flexible pavement structure.

Any deviation of location for proposed loop detector work shall be as approved. Install loop vehicle detectors in accordance with plan Standard Sheet LD1-03 (Loop Detector Installation Details). All loop detectors shall be rectangular.

Use 2/c #14 AWG shielded for loop lead-ins and #14 AWG for loop wire in pavement.

Splices for loop wire will be permitted only at ground boxes or pole base with approved weatherproof splice kits.

A minimum length of 2 feet for each cable shall be left in each ground box.

All wiring not covered by the plans and specifications shall be in accordance with the latest edition of the National Electrical Code.

## Handling of traffic

Roads and streets shall always be kept open to traffic. The setting of loop detectors shall be arranged so as to close only one lane of a roadway at a time and to permit the continuous movement of traffic in both directions at all times. All traffic control devices used for this operation will be subsidiary to Item 688.

# Control: 0255-08-111, Etc.

# Control: 0255-08-111, Etc.

County: Hidalgo, Etc.

Highway: IH 69C FR, Etc.

#### ITEM 3077: Superpave Mixtures

The Contractor shall exercise diligence in the application of "Bonding Course" by the use of flagging and rolling procedures to keep from spraying or splattering the traveling public with asphaltic material.

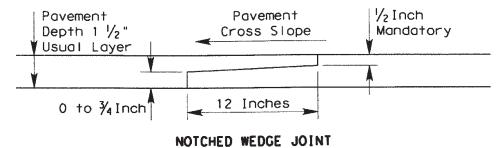
Blading (not to exceed more than 3-ft from the pavement edge) may also be necessary to clean dirt and grass from pavement edges and turnout areas as work under this bid Item. The cost of this blading will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to this bid Item.

A portion of RAP generated from this project will remain the property of the State. This quantity can be found on the Estimate and Quantity Tables under Item 354.

Level-up will be placed before the surface course. An asphaltic concrete spreading and finishing machine and/or motor graders; when approved by the Engineer may be used to place the ACP level-up.

Aggregates used on shoulders and ramps are required to meet SAC requirements.

All unconfined longitudinal joints shall be constructed with a joint maker providing a maximum <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch vertical edge and a minimum 6:1 edge taper or as approved by the Engineer. The Engineer may waive this requirement when no impacts to the traveling public are foreseen.



The engineer may allow for variances to the dimensions shown.

Public and private driveways need to have a smooth vertical transition between the edge of pavement and the existing driveways. The Contractor is to add a vertical taper if needed which will be subsidiary to Item 3077.

The use of RAP and RAS (recycled asphalt shingles) will not be allowed as part of the mix design for the final riding surface.

Use a release agent from the Department's MPL to clean and to coat the inside of truck beds for hauling equipment. Hauling equipment shall be cleaned prior to hauling material to job site.

Control: 0255-08-111, Etc.

# **Project Number:**

County: Hidalgo, Etc.

Highway: IH 69C FR, Etc.

Submit a copy of the bill of lading to the Engineer as part of the QCP. Ensure the pavement is free from any spillage of hydraulic oil or diesel from construction equipment. The Department may reject trucks that contain any foreign material and suspend production if the pavement is contaminated by any pollutants mentioned above.

SAC B aggregate must have material properties that require 10 or less on the magnesium sulfate soundness test and 20 or less on the Micro-Deval test.

#### ITEM 3080: Stone-Matrix Asphalt

The Contractor shall exercise diligence in the application of "Bonding Course" by the use of flagging and rolling procedures to keep from spraying or splattering the traveling public with asphaltic material.

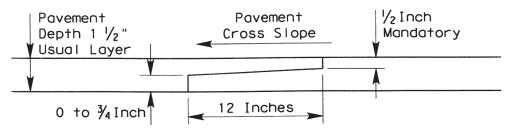
Blading (not to exceed more than 3-ft from the pavement edge) may also be necessary to clean dirt and grass from pavement edges and turnout areas as work under this bid Item. The cost of this blading will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to this bid Item.

A portion of RAP generated from this project will remain the property of the State. This quantity can be found on the Estimate and Quantity Tables under Item 354.

Level-up will be placed before the surface course. An asphaltic concrete spreading and finishing machine and/or motor graders; when approved by the Engineer may be used to place the ACP level-up.

Aggregates used on shoulders and ramps are required to meet SAC requirements.

All unconfined longitudinal joints shall be constructed with a joint maker providing a maximum  $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch vertical edge and a minimum 6:1 edge taper or as approved by the Engineer. The Engineer may waive this requirement when no impacts to the traveling public are foreseen.



The engineer may allow for variances to the dimensions shown.

# Control: 0255-08-111, Etc.

# NOTCHED WEDGE JOINT

County: Hidalgo, Etc.

Highway: IH 69C FR, Etc.

Public and private driveways need to have a smooth vertical transition between the edge of pavement and the existing driveways. The Contractor is to add a vertical taper if needed which will be subsidiary to Item 3080.

Control: 0255-08-111, Etc.

The use of RAP and RAS (recycled asphalt shingles) will not be allowed as part of the mix design for the final riding surface.

Use a release agent from the Department's MPL to clean and to coat the inside of truck beds for hauling equipment. Hauling equipment shall be cleaned prior to hauling material to job site. Submit a copy of the bill of lading to the Engineer as part of the QCP. Ensure the pavement is free from any spillage of hydraulic oil or diesel from construction equipment. The Department may reject trucks that contain any foreign material and suspend production if the pavement is contaminated by any pollutants mentioned above.

SAC B aggregate must have material properties that require 10 or less on the magnesium sulfate soundness test and 20 or less on the Micro-Deval test.

# ITEM 3084 – Bonding Course

The minimum application rates are listed in Table BC.

The target shear bond strengths are listed in Table BCS. The informational test cores shall be taken once a shift for first 5 lots of placement or a change to placement method of bonding course, bonding material, or hot mix material. The remaining informational test cores shall be taken once every 3 lots for surface mix. Informational tests are not required for non-surface mix beyond the first 5 lots unless there is a change to placement method of bonding course, bonding material, or hot mix material. Results from these informational tests will not be used for specification compliance.

Table	BC
Material	Minimum Application Rate (gal. per square yard)
TRAIL – Emulsified Asphalt	0.06
TRAIL – Hot Asphalt	0.12
Spray Applied Underseal Membrane	0.10

#### **Table BCS (For Informational Tests)**

Material	Target Shear Bond Strength (Tex-249-F psi)
SMA – Stone-Matrix Asphalt	60.0
All Other Materials	40.0

# **Project Number:**

County: Hidalgo, Etc.

Highway: IH 69C FR, Etc.

# ITEM 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator/Trailer Attenuator

with TMA as per TCP (1-1) -18 as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet; or as per TCP (1-3) -18 as detailed on General Note 7 of this standard sheet; or as per TCP (1-4) -18 as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet; or as per TCP (2-1) -18 as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet; or as per TCP (2-3) -18 as detailed on General Note 8 of this standard sheet; or as per TCP (2-4) -18 as detailed on General Note 6 of this standard sheet;

at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

# Control: 0255-08-111, Etc.

- In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for the project, provide 1 additional shadow vehicle(s)
- Therefore, 2 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing



#### CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0255-08-111

**Estimate & Quantity Sheet** 

DISTRICT Pharr

HIGHWAY BU 77W, IH 69C, SH 495

COUNTY Hidalgo, Willacy

		0255-08-111 0327-07-045			0865-01	0865-01-116					
	PROJECT ID COUNTY			A00134	A00134751		9714	A00189	9368		
				Hidal	ao	WillacyHidalgoBU 77WSH 495		ao	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL	
			HWAY	IH 69C							FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION		EST. FINAL						_	
	351-6008	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(12")	SY	_		_		18,699.000		18,699.000	
	354-6045	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (2")	SY	136,497.000		122,055.000		101,367.000		359,919.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000						1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	MO	6.000						6.000	
	506-6041	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	LF	125.000				75.000		200.000	
	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	125.000				75.000		200.000	
	662-6109	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	EA	4,946.000		36.000		1,628.000		6,610.000	
	662-6111	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	726.000		2,537.000		2,307.000		5,570.000	
	666-6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	10,491.000		713.000		1,142.000		12,346.000	
	666-6042	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,651.000						1,651.000	
	666-6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	625.000		806.000		1,910.000		3,341.000	
	666-6141	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	0201000		879.000		2,020.000		879.000	
	666-6306	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	12,066.000				5,231.000		17,297.000	
	666-6309	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	40.000		51,094.000		20,047.000		71,181.000	
	666-6318	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF			5,248.000		4,300.000		9,548.000	
	666-6321	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	9,294.000		19,250.000		20,333.000		48,877.000	
	668-6077	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	EA	13.000		6.000		16.000		35.000	
	668-6078	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (DBL ARROW)	EA	4.000						4.000	
	668-6085	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD)	EA	10.000		6.000		12.000		28.000	
	668-6094	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(BIKE ARROW)	EA					12.000		12.000	
	668-6096	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(BIKE SYMBOL)	EA					12.000		12.000	
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	176.000				350.000		526.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	112.000		970.000		620.000		1,702.000	
	672-6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	1,587.000						1,587.000	
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	4,334.000		315.000				4,649.000	
	677-6003	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")	LF	9,231.000						9,231.000	
	677-6007	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")	LF	3,254.000						3,254.000	
	677-6008	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ARROW)	EA	78.000						78.000	
	677-6009	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (DBL ARROW)	EA	8.000						8.000	
	677-6012	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (WORD)	EA	44.000						44.000	
	688-6004	VEH LP DETECT (SAWCUT)	LF	2,704.000		1 1		5,344.000		8,048.000	
	3077-6065	SP MIXESSP-DSAC-A PG76-22	TON			13,915.000		11,556.000		25,471.000	
	3080-6013	STONE-MTRX-ASPH SMA-F SAC-A PG76-22	TON	15,561.000						15,561.000	
	3084-6001	BONDING COURSE	GAL	9,555.000		8,544.000		7,096.000		25,195.000	
	6038-6004	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(6")(SLD)	LF	630.000		280.000				910.000	
	6038-6005	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(6")(BRK)	LF	1,131.000						1,131.000	
	6038-6007	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(8")(SLD)	LF	9,231.000						9,231.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Pharr	Hidalgo, Etc.	0255-08-111, Etc.	10



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0255-08-111

DISTRICT Pharr

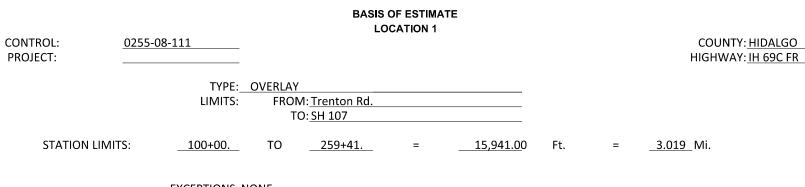
COUNTY Hidalgo, Willacy

HIGHWAY	BU 77W, IH 69C, SH 495
---------	------------------------

	CONTROL SECTION JOB				-111	11 0327-07-045 0865-01-116		01-116			
	PROJECT ID			A00134	751	A0012	9714	A001	89368		
		CC	DUNTY	Hidal	go	Willa	асу	Hida	algo	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	IH 69	C	BU 7	7W	SH	495		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	6038-6013	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(24")(SLD)	LF	3,254.000						3,254.000	
	6038-6017	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(SLD)	LF	2,573.000		35.000				2,608.000	
	6038-6025	MULTIYPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (ARROW)	EA	78.000						78.000	
	6038-6026	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (DBL ARROW)	EA	8.000						8.000	
	6038-6027	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (WORD)	EA	44.000						44.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	120.000						120.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	90.000						90.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000						1.000	
	LAW ENFORCEMENT: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000						1.000		
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000						1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Pharr	Hidalgo, Etc.	0255-08-111, Etc.	11



EXCEPTIONS: <u>NONE</u> EQUATIONS: <u>NONE</u>

	r	NORTHBO	UND				SOUTHBOUND			
<u>STA</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>STA</u>	WIDTH(FT)	LENGTH	AREA(SY)*	<u>STA</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>STA</u>	WIDTH(FT)	<b>LENGTH</b>
100+00.	Concrete Intersection	105+33.		533	-	100+00.	<b>Concrete Intersection</b>	105+78.		578
105+33.	†	107+54.	52.0	221	1,277	105+78.		109+35.	38	357
107+54.		109+00.	38	146	616	109+35.	†	115+12.	47.4	577
109+00.	†	114+26.	49.0	526	2,864	115+12.		125+78.	38	1,066
114+26.		123+53.	38	927	3,914	125+78.	†	127+89.	45	211
123+53.	†	127+01.	46.0	348	1,779	127+89.	<b>Concrete Intersection</b>	132+66.		477
127+01.	<b>Concrete Intersection</b>	131+63.		462	-	132+66.	t	138+03.	47.7	537
131+63.	†	134+11.	46.9	248	1,292	138+03.		146+74.	38	871
134+11.		146+95.	38	1,284	5,421	146+74.	†	151+83.	49	509
146+95.	†	151+20.	48.7	425	2,300	151+83.		152+53.	38	70
151+20.		154+00.	38	280	1,182	152+53.	†	154+88.	45.0	235
154+00.	Concrete Intersection	158+62.		462	-	154+88.	<b>Concrete Intersection</b>	159+56.		468
158+62.	†	161+10.	44.5	248	1,226	159+56.	†	160+20.	39.9	64
161+10.		168+88.	38	778	3,285	160+20.		171+17.	38	1,097
168+88.	†	172+81.	50.7	393	2,215	171+17.	†	175+20.	49.4	403
172+81.		178+00.	38	519	2,191	175+20.		182+00.	38	680
178+00.	t	182+13.	53.0	413	2,432	182+00.	t	185+64.	48.6	364
182+13.		190+61.	38	848	3,580	185+64.		191+00.	38	536
190+61.	†	194+08.	48.9	347	1,885	191+00.	†	194+83.	51.0	383
194+08.	Concrete Intersection	199+68.		560	-	194+83.	Concrete Intersection	205+15.		1,032
199+68.	†	203+41.	52.7	373	2,184	205+15.	†	210+69.		554
203+41.		204+93.	38	152	642	210+69.		224+17.	38	1,348
204+93.	Concrete Intersection	209+93.		500	-	224+17.	†	229+17.	48.4	500
209+93.	†	210+27.	47.8	34	181	229+17.		234+11.	38	494
210+27.		221+41.	38	1,114	4,704	234+11.	†	239+88.	49.8	577
221+41.	†	227+46.	48	605	3,227	239+88.		244+42.	38	454
227+46.		237+41.	38	995	4,201	244+42.	t	248+09.	47.0	367
237+41.	t	242+74.	51	533	3,020	248+09.		250+65.	38	256
242+74.		251+81.	38	907	3,830	250+65.	t	257+33.	54.2	668
251+81.	t	254+15.	48.0	234	1,248		•			
	•				•		† AVG WIDTH		TOTAL =	15,733
	† AVG WIDTH		TOTAL =	15,415	60,696					,

GO FR

GTH	<u>AREA(SY)*</u>
578	-
357	1,507
577	3,039
,066	4,501
211	1,054
477	-
537	2,846
871	3,678
509	2,771
70	296
235	1,175
468	-
64	283
,097	4,632
403	2,210
680	2,871
364	1,965
536	2,263
383	2,170
1,032	-
554	2,929
1,348	5,692
500	2,686
494	2,086
577	3,193
454	1,917
367	1,917
256	1,081
668	4,023
	,
5,733	62,785

LOCATION 1

**©** 2023

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BASIS OF ESTIMATE

SHEET 1 OF 2

). ).	PROJ	ECT NO.		COUNTY		SHEET No.
			HIC	DALGO, E	TC.	12
Е	STATE DIST, NO.	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHW	AY No.
	PHR	0255	08	111,ETC.	IH 69C	FR,ETC.
	D: E	E STATE	E DISTATE CONTROL	E DIST. NO. CONTROL SECTION	HIDALGO, E E DIST.NO. CONTROL SECTION JOB	HIDALGO, ETC.

				11611	ton ND Intersec						
		<b>STA</b> 254+15.	<u>TO</u> Intersection	<b>STA</b> 259+41.	<u>WIDTH(FT)</u> 222.7	LENGTH 526	<u>AREA(SY)*</u> 13,016				
354	6045		PLANE ASPH (		<b>つ</b> ")			=	136,497	SY	
500	6001		MOBILIZATIO	•	2 )			=	130,497	LS	
502	6001				D TRAFF HANDLE	-		=	6	MO	
506	6041		,	,	GS(INSTL)(12")	-		=	125	LF	
506	6043		BIODEG EROS					=	125	LF	
662	6109				RM (TAB) TY W			=	4.946	LF	
662	6111				RM (TAB) TY Y-2			=	726	LF	
666	6036				" (SLD)(100MIL)			=	10,491	LF	
666	6042				2"(SLD)(100MIL	)		=	1,651	LF	
666	6048				4"(SLD)(100MIL			=	625	LF	
666	6306			• •	W) 6" (BRK)(100	•		=	12,066	LF	
666	6309				N) 6" (SLD)(100			=	40	LF	
666	6321				() 6" (SLD)(100M			=	9,294	LF	
668	6077		PREFAB PAV I	•		,		=	13	LF	
668	6078				V) (DBL ARROW)	)		=	4	EA	
668	6085		PREFAB PAV I					=	10	EA	
672	6007		<b>REFL PAV MR</b>	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			=	176	EA	
672	6009		REFL PAV MR					=	112	EA	
672	6010		REFL PAV MR					=	1,587	EA	
677	6001		ELIM EXT PAV	MRK & MF	RKS(4")			=	4,334	LF	
677	6003		ELIM EXT PAV	MRK & MF	RKS(8")			=	9,231	LF	
677	6007		ELIM EXT PAV					=	3,254	LF	
677	6008		ELIM EXT PAV	MRK & MF	RKS(ARROW)			=	78	EA	
677	6009		ELIM EXT PAV	MRK & MF	RKS(DBL ARROW	')		=	8	EA	
677	6012		ELIM EXT PAV	MRK & MF	RKS(WORD)			=	44	EA	
* 684			1/C #14 AWG	LOOP WIRI	E (XHHW)			=	1,304	LF	
* 688	6004		VEH LP DETEC	T (SAWCUT	Г)			=	2,704	LF	
3080	6013		STONE-MTRX	-ASPH SMA	-F SAC-A PG76-2	22		=	15,561	GAL	
3084	6001		BONDING CO	URSE				=	9,555	GAL	
6038	6004		MULTIPOLYM	IER PAV MR	K (W)(6")(SLD)			=	630	LF	
6038	6005		MULTIPOLYM	IER PAV MR	K (W)(6")(BRK)			=	1,131	LF	
6038	6007		MULTIPOLYM	IER PAV MR	K (W)(24")(SLD)			=	3,254	LF	
6038	6013		MULTIPOLYM	IER PAV MR	K (W)(8")(SLD)			=	9,231	LF	
6038	6017				K (Y)(6")(SLD)			=	2,573	LF	
6038	6025		MULTIPOLYM	IER PAV MR	K (W)(ARROW)			=	78	LF	
6038	6026		MULTIPOLYM	IER PAV MR	K (W)(DBL ARRO	OW)		=	8	LF	
6038	6027		MULTIPOLYM	IER PAV MR	K (W)(WORD)			=	44	LF	
6185	6002		TMA (STATIO	NARY)				=	120	DAY	
6185	6005		TMA (MOBILE	E OPERATIO	N)			=	90	DAY	

Trenton RD Intersection

\*ELEC. CONDR. (NO. 14) INSULATED WIRE TO BE INSTALLED. SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 688. \*FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

LOCATION 1

 C
 2023

 TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

 BASIS OF ESTIMATE

 SHEET 2 OF 2

 FED. RO.
 PROJECT NO.

 CONTROL SECTION
 JOB

 STATE
 DIST. NO.

 TX
 PHR

 0255
 08

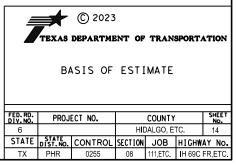
 111,ETC.
 IH 69C FR,ETC.

				F ESTIMATE ATION 2					
ONTROL: 0327-07-0	45		LUC					COUNTY: \	WILLAC
PROJECT:								HIGHWAY:	
		OVERLAY	1: SS 112						
	LIMITS:		D: Willacy County	ulino					
			J. Willacy County	y Line					
TATION LIMITS:	100+00.	то	364+72.	=	26,472.0	_Œt	<u>5.014</u> Mi.		
	EXCEPTIONS: 1	NONE							
	EQUATIONS:	NONE							
		<b>STA</b> 100+00.	<u>TO</u> Intersection	<b>STA</b> 103+58.	<u>WIDTH(FT)</u> 86,2	LENGTH 358	<b>AREA(SY)</b> * 3,429		
		103+58.	Intersection	171+39.	40	6,781	•		
		171+39.	Conc. Bridge	172+80.	40	141	30,130		
		172+80.	<b>------</b>	322+00.	40	14,920	66,311		
		322+00.	+	335+80.	49.9	1,380	7,651		
		335+80.		344+80.	50	900			
		344+80.	+	346+20.	50	140	778		
		346+20.		351+57.	48	537	2,864		
		351+57.	+	352+86.	42.8	129			
		352+86.		364+72.	40	1,186	•		
			† AVG WIDTH		TOTAL =	26,472	122,055		
354	6045		PLANE ASPH C	ONC PAV (	2")		=	122,055	SY
662	6109		WK ZN PAV M		• •		=	36	LF
662	6111		WK ZN PAV M		. ,		=	2,537	LF
666	6036		REFL PAV MR				=	713	LF
666	6048		REFL PAV MRK				=	806	LF
666	6141		REFL PAV MRK				=	879	LF
666	6309		RE PM W/RET				=	51,094	LF
666	6318		RE PM W/RET				=	5,248	LF
666	6321		RE PM W/RET			OMIL)	=	19,250	LF
668	6077		PREFAB PAV N				=	6	LF
668	6085		PREFAB PAV N	•			=	6	EA
672	6009		REFL PAV MRK				=	970	EA
677	6001		ELIM EXT PAV				=	315	LF
3077	6065		SP MIXES SP-D		/6-22		=	13,915	TON
3084	6001		BONDING COL			D)	=	8,544	GAL
6038	6004		MULTIPOLYMI MULTIPOLYMI				=	280 35	LF LF

\*ELEC. CONDR. (NO. 14) INSULATED WIRE TO BE INSTALLED. SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 688.

\*FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

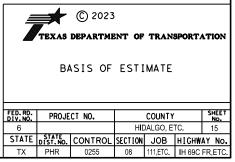
LOCATION 2



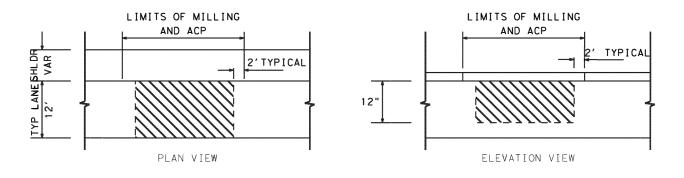
				F ESTIMATI	E				
CONTROL: 0865-01-1	116		LOC	ATION 3				COUNTY: I	HIDALGO
PROJECT:							HIGHWAY: SH 495		
	-	OVERLAY							
	LIMITS:		1: <u>FM 1426</u>						
		IC	): <u>FM 907</u>						
STATION LIMITS:	100+00.	то	211+00.	=	11,100.00	Œt.	<u>2.102</u> Mi.		
	EXCEPTIONS: I	NONE							
	EQUATIONS:	NONE							
		<u>STA</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>STA</u>	WIDTH(FT)	<b>LENGTH</b>	AREA(SY)*		
		100+00.	Intersection	103+20.	133	320	4,729		
		103+20.		207+60.	78	10,440	90,480		
		207+60.	Intersection	211+00.	163	340	6,158		
			† AVG WIDTH		TOTAL =	2,188	101,367		
351	6008		FLEXIBLE PAVI	EMENT STR	UCTURE REP.	AIR(12")	=	18,699	SY
354	6045		PLANE ASPH C	CONC PAV (	2")		=	101,367	SY
506	6041		BIODEG EROS	N CONT LO	GS(INSTL)(12	")	=	75	LF
506	6043		BIODEG EROS	N CONT LO	GS(REMOVE)		=	75	LF
662	6109		WK ZN PAV M				=	1,628	LF
662	6111		WK ZN PAV M				=	2,307	LF
666	6036		REFL PAV MR	• •			=	1,142	LF
666	6048		REFL PAV MR	• •		,	=	1,910	LF
666	6306		RE PM W/RET				=	5,231	LF
666	6309		RE PM W/RET				=	20,047	LF
666	6318		RE PM W/RET				=	4,300	LF
666	6321		RE PM W/RET			OMIL)	=	20,333	LF
668	6077		PREFAB PAV N				=	16	LF
668	6085		PREFAB PAV N		, , ,		=	12	EA
668	6094		PREFAB PAV N				=	12	EA
668	6096		PREFAB PAV N		V) (BIKE SYM	BOL)	=	12	EA
672	6007		REFL PAV MR				=	350	EA
672	6009		REFL PAV MR				=	620	EA
* 684			1/C #14 AWG		• •		=	2,672	LF
* 688	6004		VEH LP DETEC	•	,		=	5,344	LF
3077	6065		SP MIXES SP-E		/6-22		=	11,556	TON
3084	6001		BONDING COU	JRSE				7,096	GAL

\*ELEC. CONDR. (NO. 14) INSULATED WIRE TO BE INSTALLED. SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 688. \*FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

LOCATION 3



							ITEM 351-6008			
PROJECT LOCATION	MNT SECTION	HIGHWAY	Limi	ts	RM	LANE		PAVEMENT S REPAIR (12")		
		-	From	То			WIDTH (FT)	LENGTH (FT	) AREA (SY)	
	Edcouch	SH 495 East Bound	200Ft. East of Raul Longoria (FM1426)	1280Ft. East of Raul Longoria (FM1426)	516-518	Left Lanes	12	1,280	1,707	
	Edcouch	SH 495 East Bound	4300Ft. East of Raul Longoria (FM1426)	5540Ft. East of Raul Longoria (FM1426)	516-518	Left Lanes	13	1,210	1,748	
	Edocuch	SH 495 East Bound	200Ft. East of Raul Longoria (FM1426)	5760Ft. East of Raul Longoria (FM1426)	516-518	Right Lane	13	5,540	8,002	
	Edcouch	SH 495 East Bound	6850Ft. East of Raul Longoria (FM1426)	8727Ft. East of Raul Longoria (FM1426)	518-520	Right Lane	13	1,877	2,711	
#3	Edcouch	SH 495 East Bound	West of Cesar Chavez	320Ft. West of Cesar Chavez	518-520	Both Lane	25	320	889	
	Edcouch	SH 495 East Bound	320Ft. West of Cesar Chavez	530Ft. West of Cesar Chavez	518-520	Right Lane	13	210	303	
	Edcouch	SH 495 East Bound	530Ft. West of Cesar Chavez	1340Ft. West of Cesar Chavez	518-520	Right Lane	13	810	1,170	
	Edcouch	SH 495 East Bound	1340Ft. West of Cesar Chavez	2360Ft. West of Cesar Chavez	516-518	Left Lane	12	1,020	1,360	
	Edcouch	SH 495 East Bound	2809Ft. West of Cesar Chavez	3369Ft. West of Cesar Chavez	516-518	Right Lane	13	560	809	
	<u> </u>				U			TOTAL	18,699	



V1777	LIMIT	S OF
<u>IIII</u>	ITEM	351

NOTES:

- 1. ADDITIONAL REPAIR AREAS SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. SURFACE LAYER OF ACP SHALL BE REMOVED USING ITEM 354 AND
- REPLACED WITH ITEM 3080. 3. REMAINING 12" OF EXISTING PAVEMENT STRUCTURE SHALL BE SCARIFIED, PULVERIZED, MIXED, AND TREATED WITH CEMENT (3% BY WEIGHT) (FLEX BASE UNIT WEIGHT, 3375 LB/CY) UNDER ITEM 351.
- 4. MATCH EXISTING ACP DEPTH, ROADWAY ELEVATION, AND CROSS SLOPE. ACP NEEDED TO MATCH EXISTING DEPTH SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 351.
- 5. APPLY PRIMECOAT AT A RATE OF 0.20 GAL/SY TO RESHAPED BASE MATERIAL PRIOR TO ITEM 3080 PLACEMENT.
- 6. EXCESS MATERIAL SHALL BECOME PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR.

FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR TYPICAL DETAIL EUGENE PALACIOS 105110 CENSEO 3/7/2023

Engene Valaria

	2023	
TEXAS DE	PARTMENT OF TR	ANSPORTATION
PAVEMENT	STRUCTURE	REPAIR
	SUMMARY	

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PRO	IECT NO.		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
6			HIC	Dal.go, e	FC.	16
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGH₩	AY NO.
TX	PHR	0255	08	111,ETC.	IH 69C	FR,ETC.

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended 1. to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the 2. responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop. sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the 5. applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown ON BC(2). THE OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign. STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility" Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

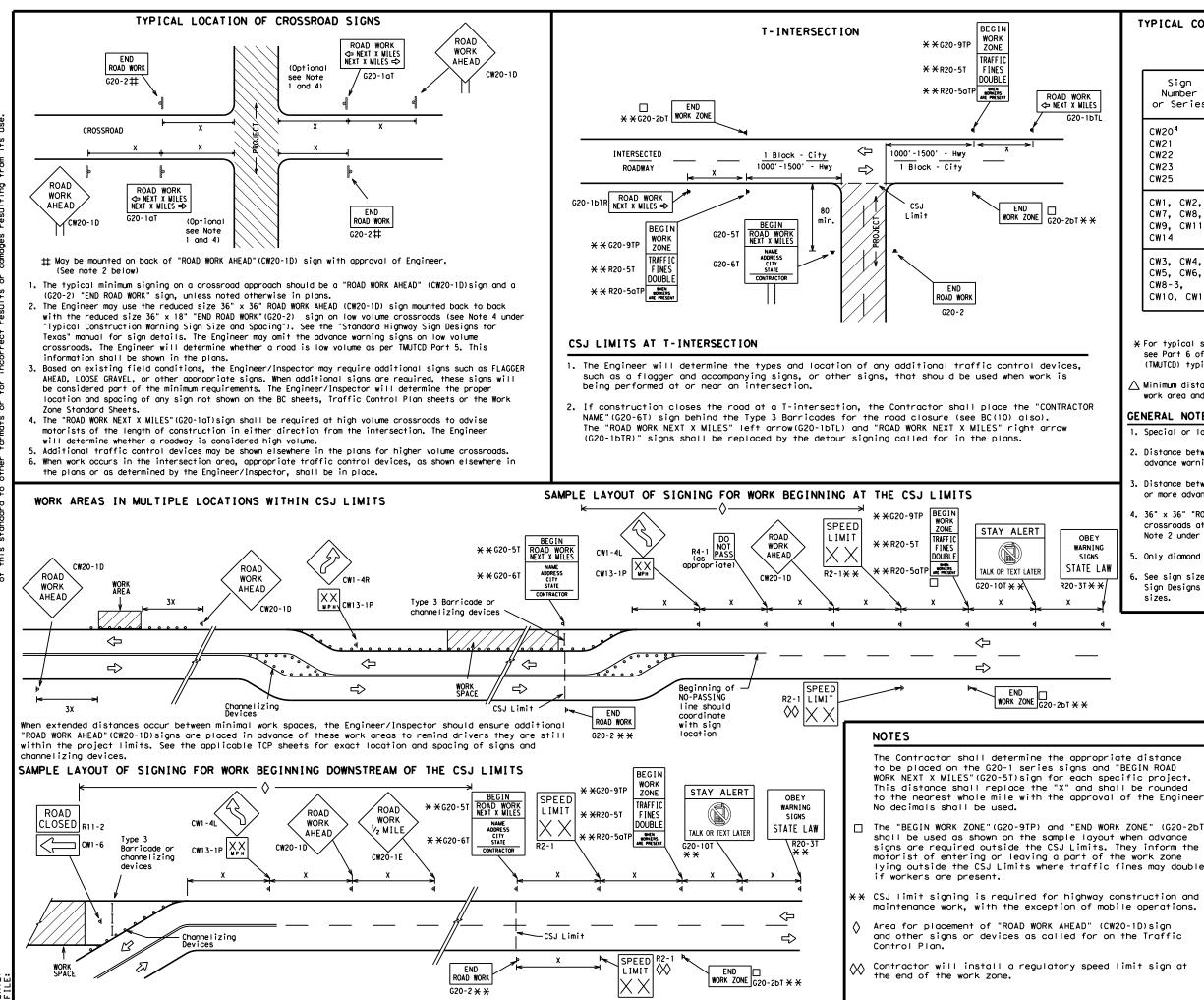
#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

Texas Departme	ent of Transp	ortation	Sá Div	affic afety vision ndard				
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS BC(1)-21								
		-21	-					
		- 21 CK: TxDOT DW:	TxDOT	ск: Тхрот				
E	BC (1) ·		TxDOT	ck: TxDOT ghway				
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FILE: bc-21.dgn ©TxDOT November 2002	BC (1) -	CK: TXDOT DW: JOB	TxDOT HI IH 6	GHWAY				

CUEET 1 05 10



TYPICAL	CONSTRUCTION	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE	AND	SPACING <sup>1,5,6</sup>

SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 <sup>4</sup> CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

SPACING					
Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"				
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)				
30	120				
35	160				
40	240				
45	320				
50	400				
55	500 <sup>2</sup>				
60	600 <sup>2</sup>				
65	700 <sup>2</sup>				
70	800 <sup>2</sup>				
75	900 <sup>2</sup>				
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>				
*	* 3				

★ For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

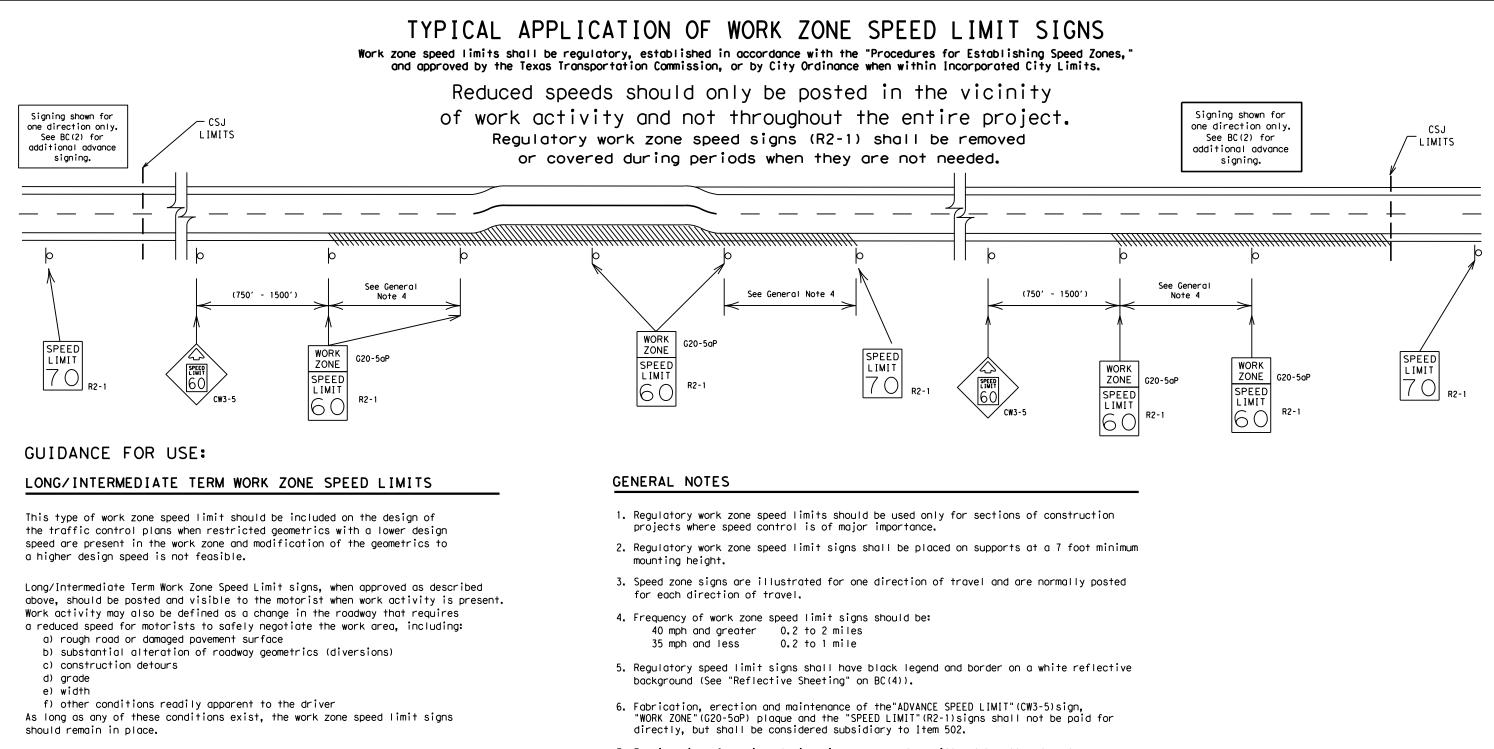
ightarrow Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

	LEGEND									
		⊢ Type 3 Barricade								
		000	Channe	izi	ng Devic	es				
		4	Sign	_						
_		x	Warnin Spacine TMUTCD	g Si g ch for	I Constr gn Size art or t sign quiremen	ana he	1			
			SHEET	2 (	DF 12					
 T)	Trafisation Safe									
e -	BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT									
		- 21 dec	BC (	_		DW:	TxDOT	CK: TXDOT		
	FILE:	oc-zi,aan								
	,	oc-21.dgn lovember 200		DNT SE		-		SHWAY		

0255 08 111,ETC. IH 69C FR,ETC 9-07 8-14 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. 7-13 5-21 PHR HIDALGO ETC 18



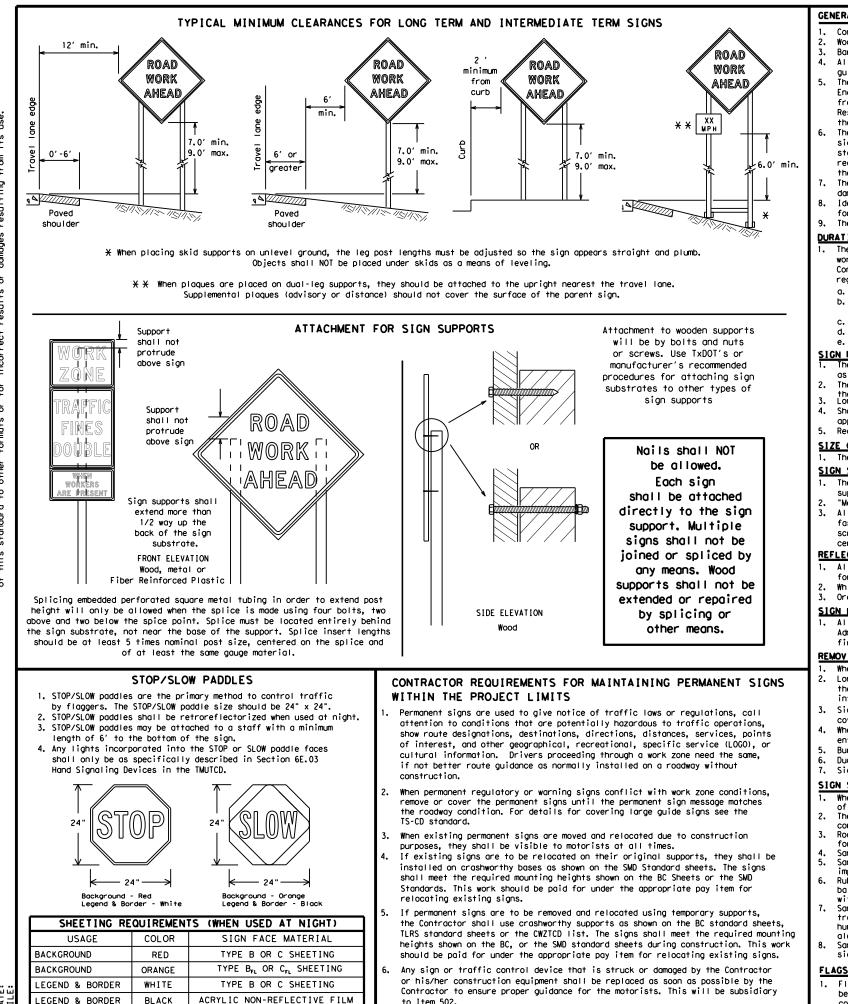
#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

*	HEET 3 (			Sa Div	affic ofety vision ndard			
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT								
WORK ZO		PEED L						
WORK ZO	NE SP	PEED L	IN					
WORK ZO	NE SP	PEED L	IN		<b>r</b>			
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WORK ZO	NE SP BC (3)	PEED L -21 T CK: TXDOT ECT JOB	DW: T	ГхDOT нт <b>1 69С</b>	CK: TXDOT Ghway			



#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- for identification shall be 1 inch.

#### The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- more than one hour. Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in Lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.

# SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave. centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- covered when not required.
- entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

No warranty of any for the conversion m its use. Texas Engineering Practice Act". TxDDT assumes no responsibility t results or damages resulting fro DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Te kind is made by TxDDT for any purpose whatsoever. of this standard to other formats or for incorrect

to Item 502.

LEGEND & BORDER

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZICD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a guestion regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so

The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZICD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6"

for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1). White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub>, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any

When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the

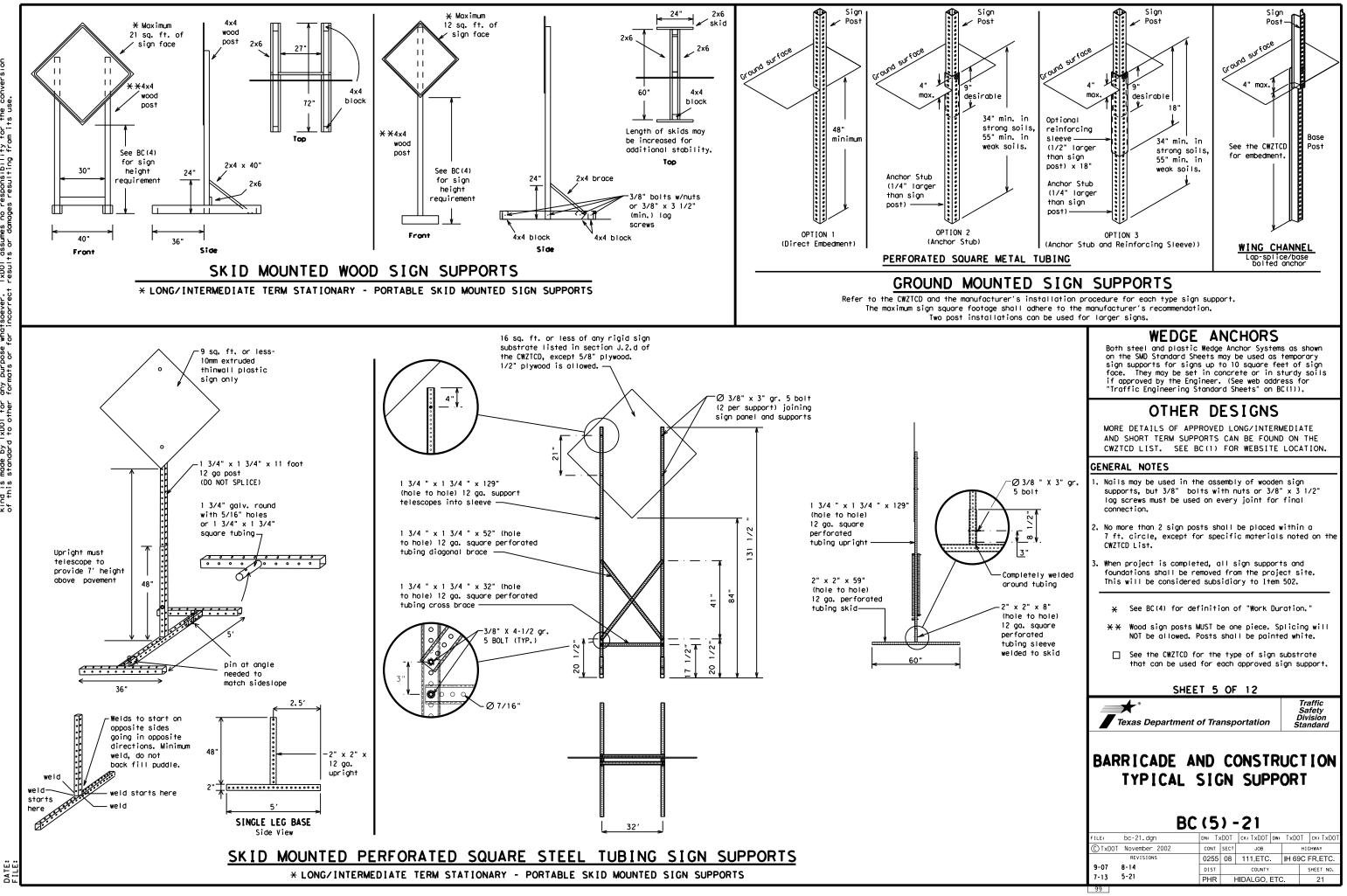
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SHEET 4 OF 12

**st** Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) -21								
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TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB				HWAY
	REVISIONS	0255	08	08 111,ETC. IH 69C FR,ET			R,ETC.	
9-07	8-14	DIST COUNTY				SHEET N		SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PHR	ŀ	IDALGO,	ETC	).		20



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#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to 2. eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR, " "AT, " etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) 5. along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to 7. start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
   Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together, Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

			1
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT SERV RD
East	E	Service Rood	
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	s (route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING		
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Trovelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY		
Highway	riw i	Upper Level Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WARN
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WTLIMIT
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit West	
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		WUNI
Maintenance	MAINT		

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

#### Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

	ΠP			,
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE		FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED		RO X>
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX		SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT		FL XX
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX		RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT		RIC NA XX
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED		RIGHT X LANES OPEN		ME TR XX
CENTER LANE CLOSED		DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES		L GF XX
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES		I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED		DE X
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED		EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE		RO4 F SH
EXIT CLOSED		RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED		E XX
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED		X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI		TR SI XX
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	×	LANES SHIFT in	Phase	1 must

Other Condi	tion List
ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	L ANE S SH I F T

#### Action to Take/Effect on Travel List MERGE FORM RIGHT X LINES RIGHT DETOUR USE XXXXX NEXT RD EXIT X EXITS USE USE EXIT EXIT XXX I-XX NORTH STAY ON USE US XXX I-XX F SOUTH TO I-XX N TRUCKS WATCH USE FOR US XXX N TRUCKS WATCH EXPECT FOR DELAYS TRUCKS PREPARE EXPECT DELAYS то STOP REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE WATCH USE OTHER FOR ROUTES WORKERS STAY ĪΝ LANE

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- appropriate.
- be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a
- location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

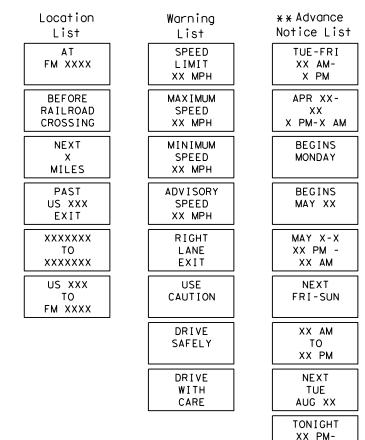
be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the some size arrow.

Roadway

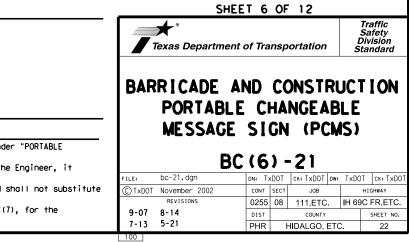
# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

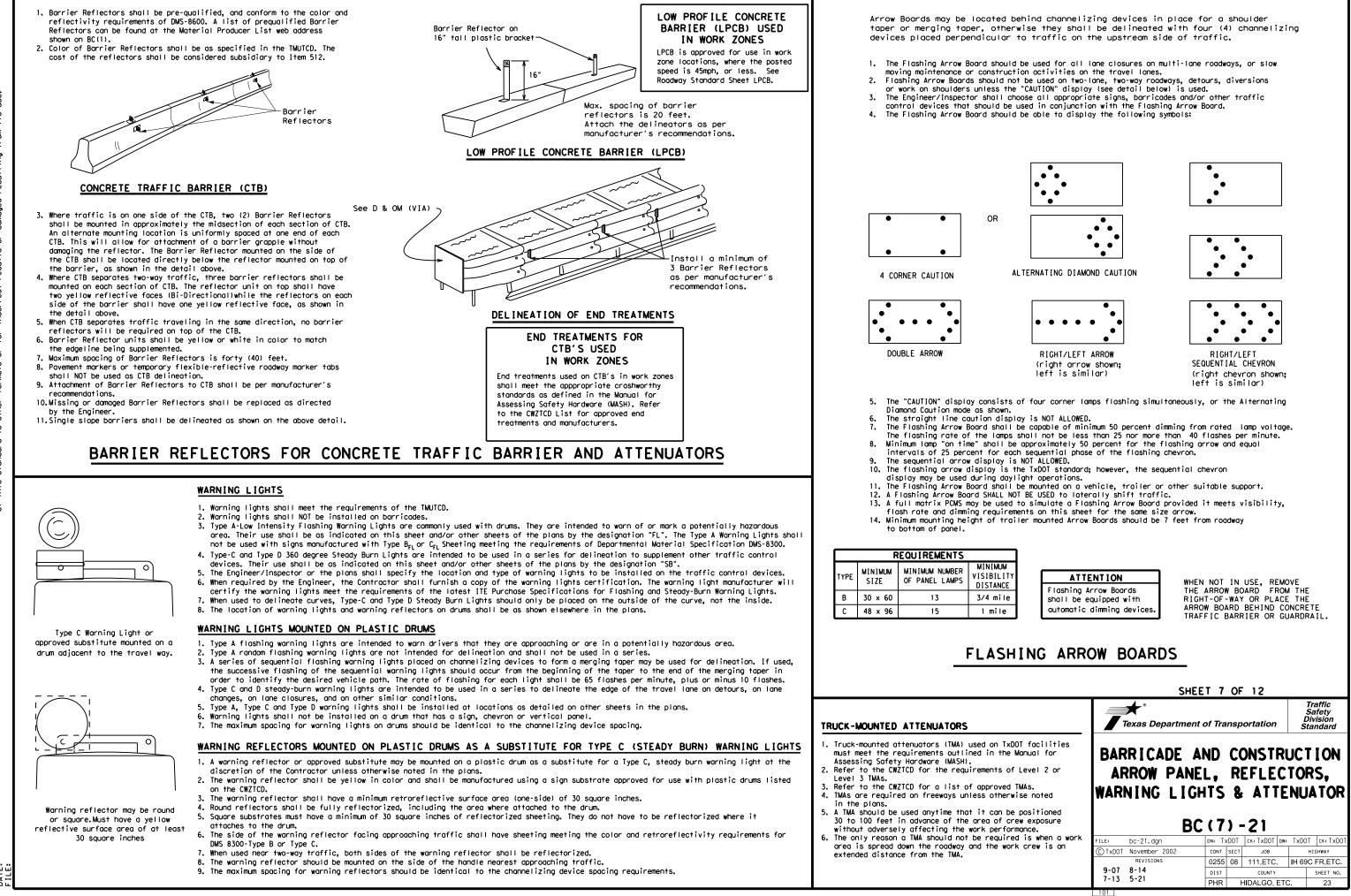


\* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6.

XX AM

EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can



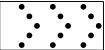












#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

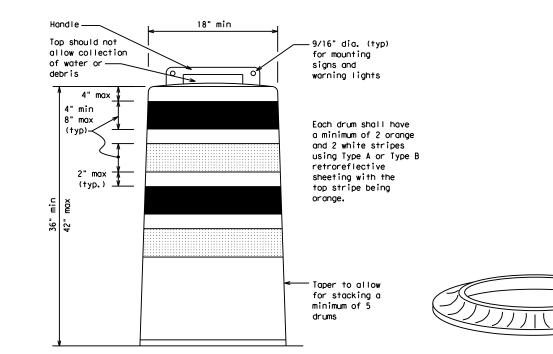
- Pre-gualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

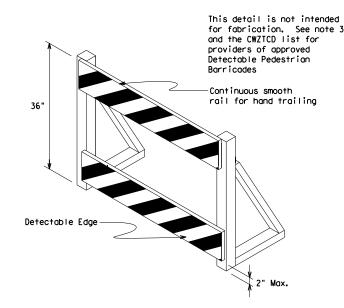
- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.







#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures. 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the
- closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5, Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

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(Maximum Sign Dimension)

Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane

Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right

R4 series or other signs as approved

by Engineer



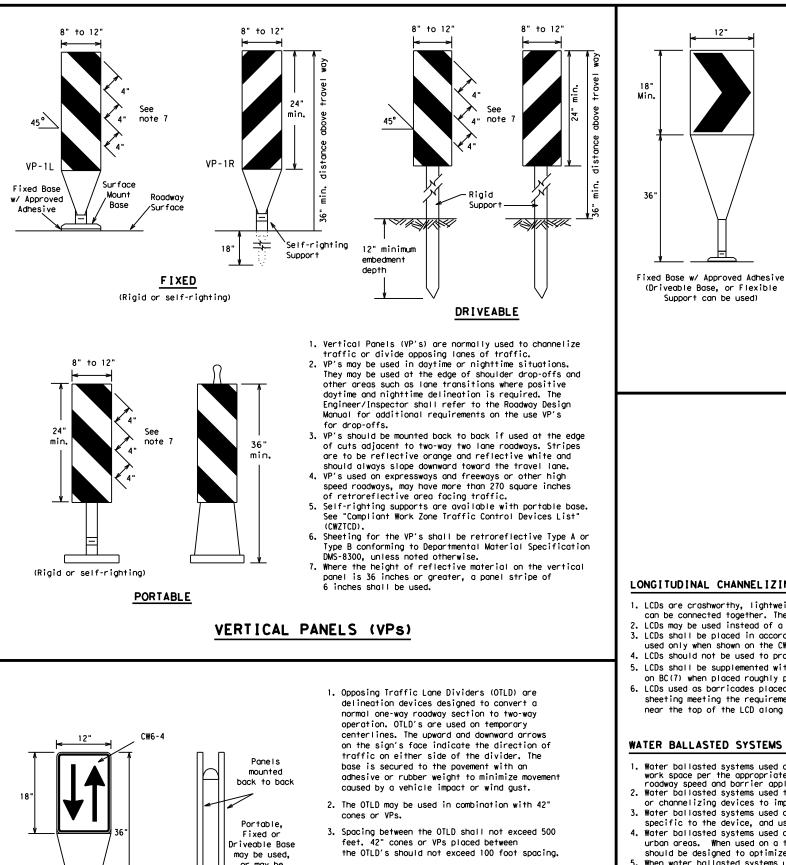
12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

#### SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

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- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact. 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length
- should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

# HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

or may be mounted on drums

4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

# OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths <del>X X</del>			Spacin Channe	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30′	60′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′
50		500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>′</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′
60	L - 11 S	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140'
75		750'	825′	900'	75′	150'
80		800'	880′	960'	80 <i>'</i>	160'

L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

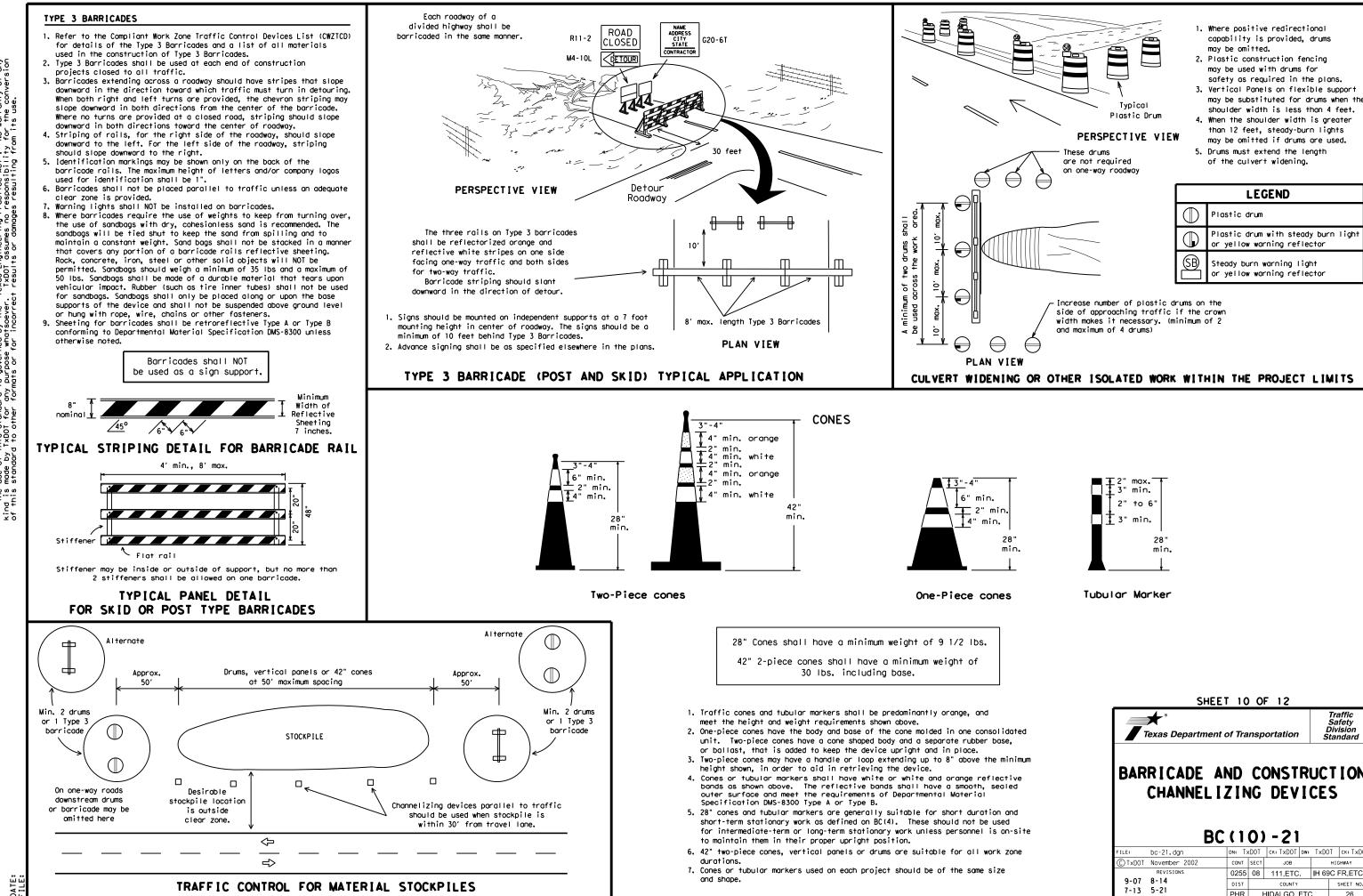
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12 Traffic Safety Division Standard **st** Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

# CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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# WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



#### STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECU TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARK TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guiden shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is m normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement or roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or sh and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pav Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pir run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a sp of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARK

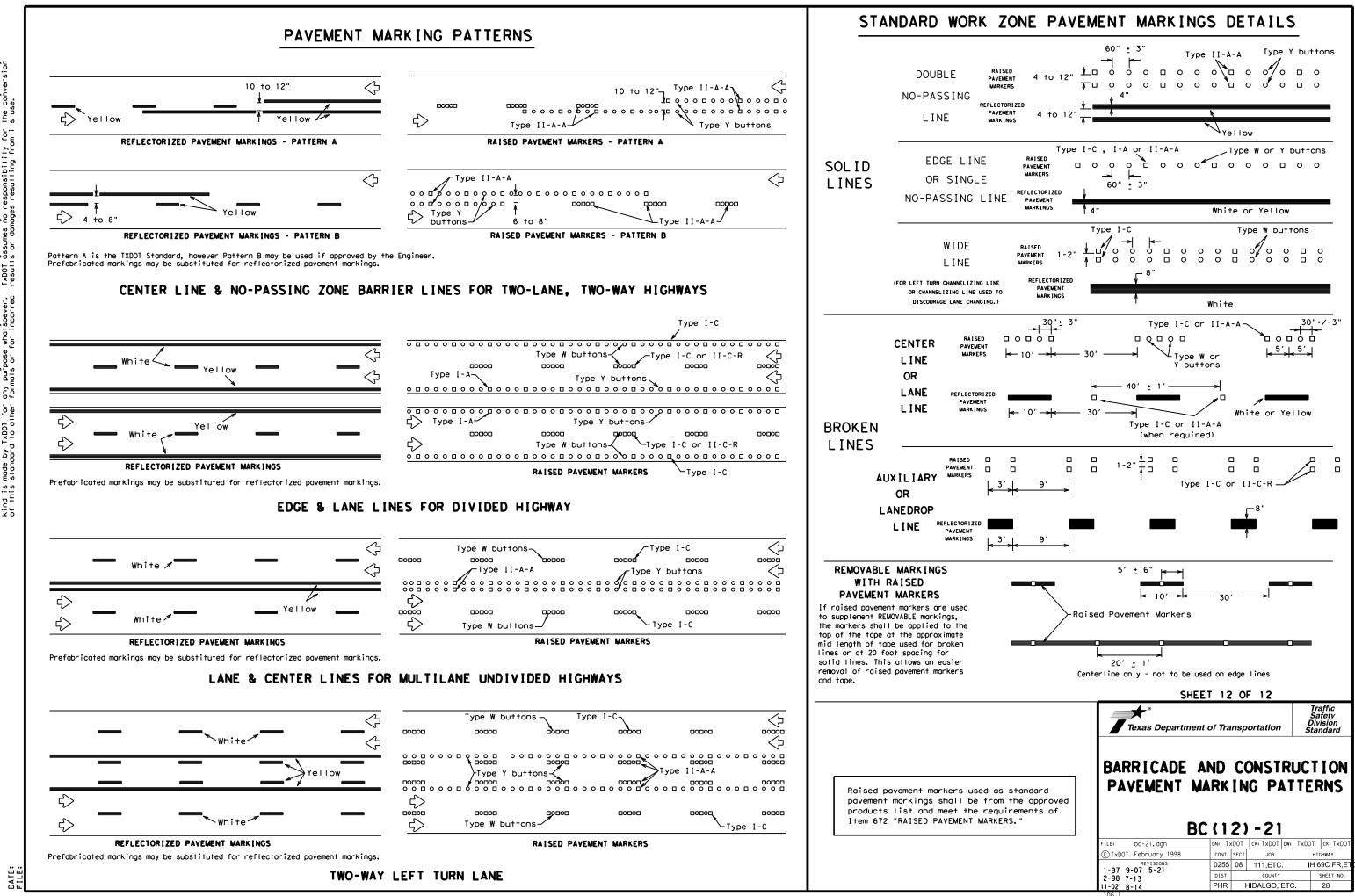
- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the ap product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applie butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concretsurfaces.

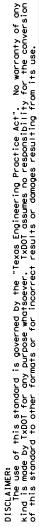
#### Guidemarks shall be designated as:

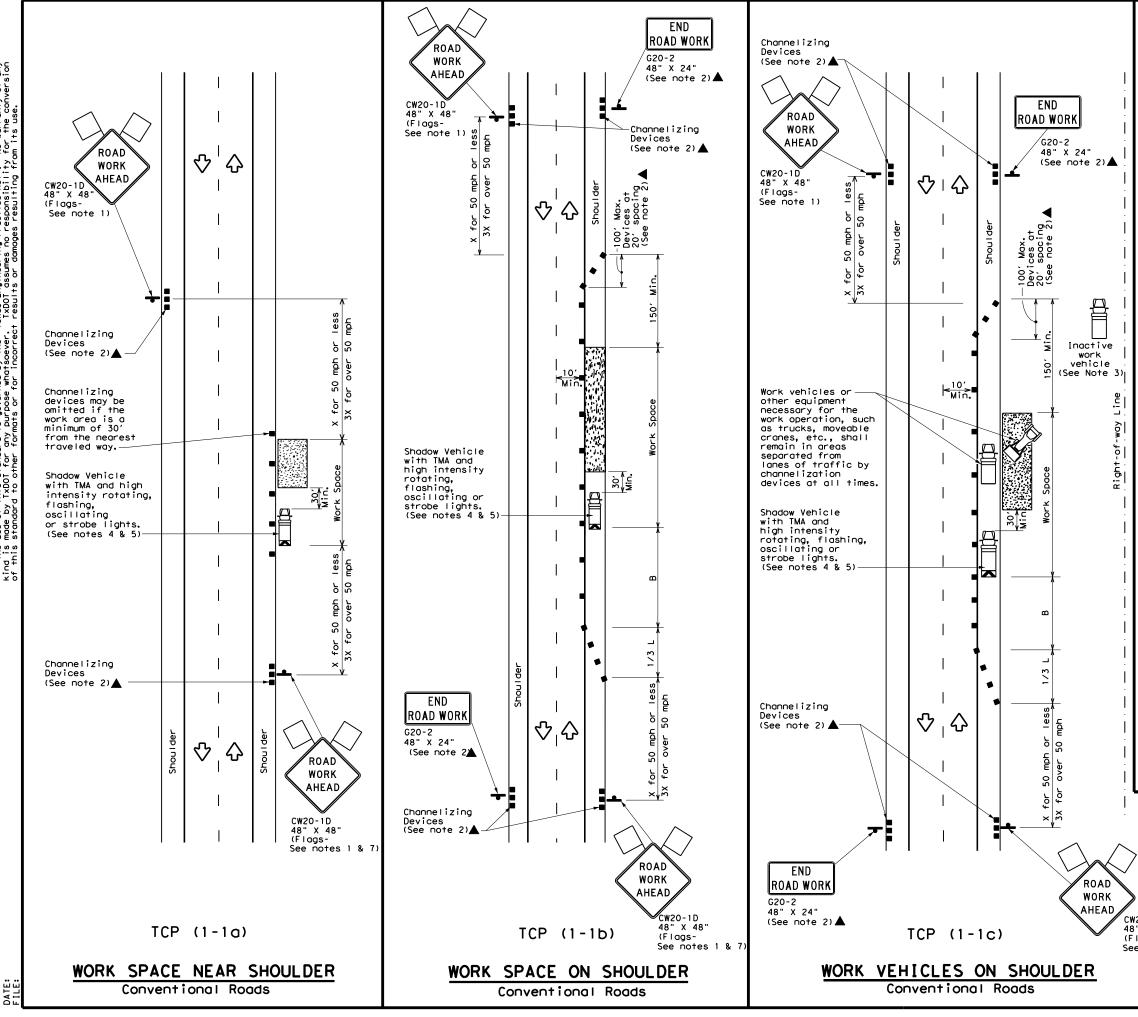
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

	DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
		DMS-4300
EW	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6100 DMS-6130
57	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
	TEMPORARY REMOVABLE. PREFABRICATED	
	PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
, <b>1990</b>	TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242
]	A list of prequalified reflective raised pavemen non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker t pavement markings can be found at the Material P web address shown on BC(1).	abs and othe
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	SHEET 11 OF 12	
	**************************************	Traffic Safety Division
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	Texas Department of Transportation	Standard
	Texas Department of Transportation	Standard
	Texas Department of Transportation	
		RUCTIO
	BARRICADE AND CONST	RUCTIO
	BARRICADE AND CONST PAVEMENT MARKIN	RUCTIO
	BARRICADE AND CONST PAVEMENT MARKIN BC(11)-21	RUCT I OI IGS
	BARRICADE AND CONST PAVEMENT MARKIN BC(11)-21	RUCTIO
	BARRICADE AND CONST PAVEMENT MARKIN BC(111)-21	

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LEGEND								
<u>e 7 7 7 7</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
₿	Heavy Work Vehicle	Χ	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
4	Sign	$\diamond$	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	۵ <sub>0</sub>	Flagger					

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150'	165′	180'	30′	60'	120′	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265 <i>'</i>	295'	320'	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90 <i>'</i>	320′	195′
50		500'	550ʻ	600 <i>'</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	55′	110′	500 <i>1</i>	295′
60	L - # 5	600′	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60′	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780 <i>'</i>	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700′	410′
70		700′	770'	840'	70'	140'	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900 <i>'</i>	75′	150'	900′	540′

\* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

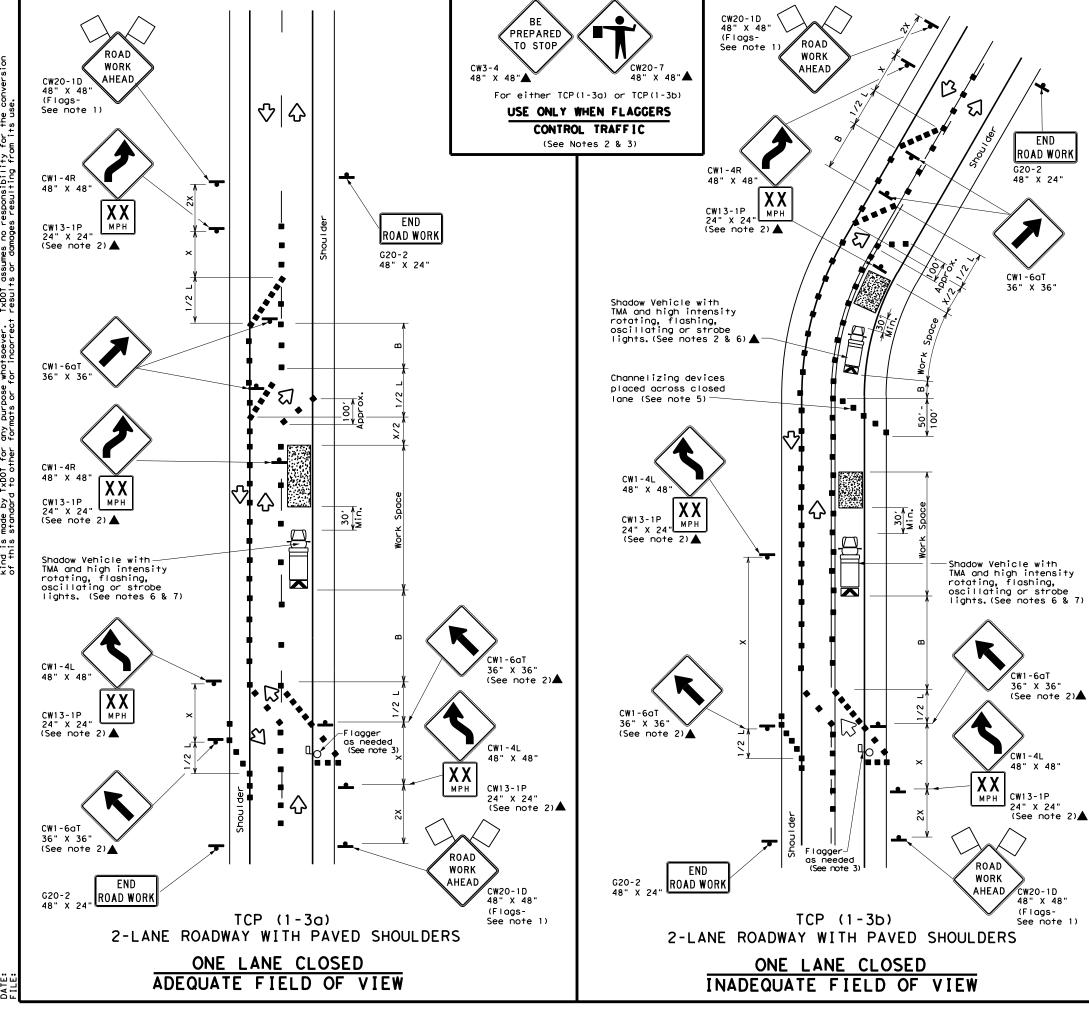
		TYPICAL U	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1		

#### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freeways. 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D
- "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

	Texas Departmen	t of Trai	nsportatio		Traffic Operations Division Standard	
$\geq$	TRAFFIC CONVEN	TION		OAD		
CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-			8 WOR			
48" X 48"			R WOR		Ск:	
48" X 48" (Flags-	TCP	(1 -	1)-1	8	CK: HIGHWAY	
48" X 48" (Flags-	FILE: tcp1-1-18.dgn © TxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	(1 – DN: CONT	1) – 1	8 DW:		тс
48" X 48" (Flags-	FILE: tcp1-1-18.dgn © TxDOT December 1985	() – DN: CONT	<b>1) – 1</b> ск: sect јов	8 DW: TC.	HIGHWAY	тс



No warranty of any for the conversion on its used DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". Kind is made by IXDOT for any purpose whatsoever. IXDOT assumes no responsibility of this standard to other farmats or for incorrect results or damages resulting for

DATE:

	LEGEND								
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow						
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	٩	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30		150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90'	320′	1951
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L 113	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60′	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350'
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700'	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70'	140′	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540'

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

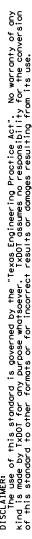
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

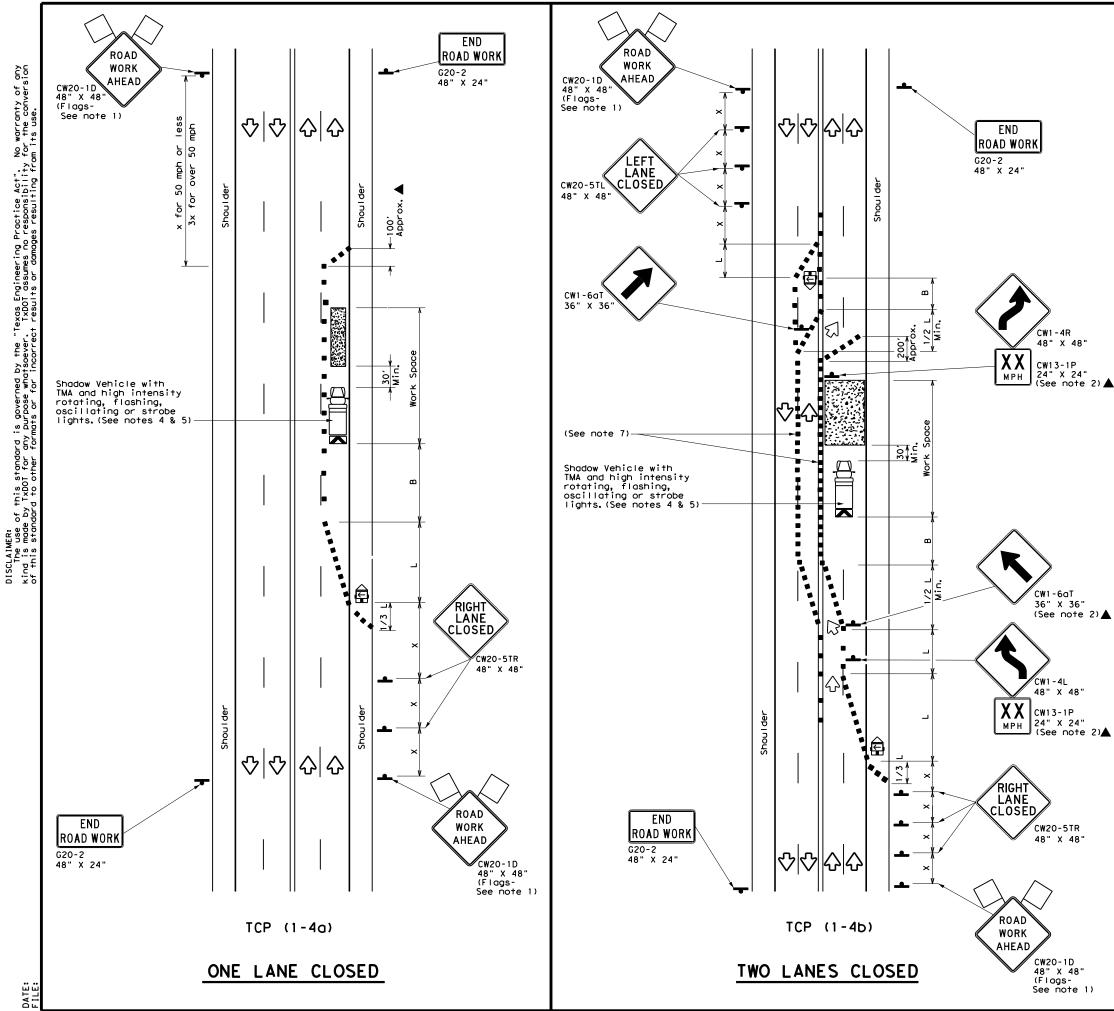
	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

Texas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortatio	n	1	Traffic perations Division Standard	
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS							
TWO L				-			
				-		Ск:	
TCP	(1 -		- 1 (	8		CK: H]GHWAY	
FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn CTXDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	DN:	3) SECT	- 1 ( ск: јов	<b>B</b>	IH 69		
TCP ( FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn © TxDOT December 1985	DN: CONT	3) SECT	- 1 ( ск: јов	<b>B</b>	IH 69	HIGHWAY	





	LEGEND								
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
Ē	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
(L)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	٩	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	$\langle$	Traffic Flow						
$\bigtriangleup$	Flog	LO	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30′	60 <i>'</i>	1201	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500 <i>'</i>	295 <i>'</i>
60	L - W S	600′	660′	720'	60′	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350 <i>'</i>
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750'	825'	900′	75′	150′	900′	540 <i>′</i>

\* Conventional Roads Only

★ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE L DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY ST								

#### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet. 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

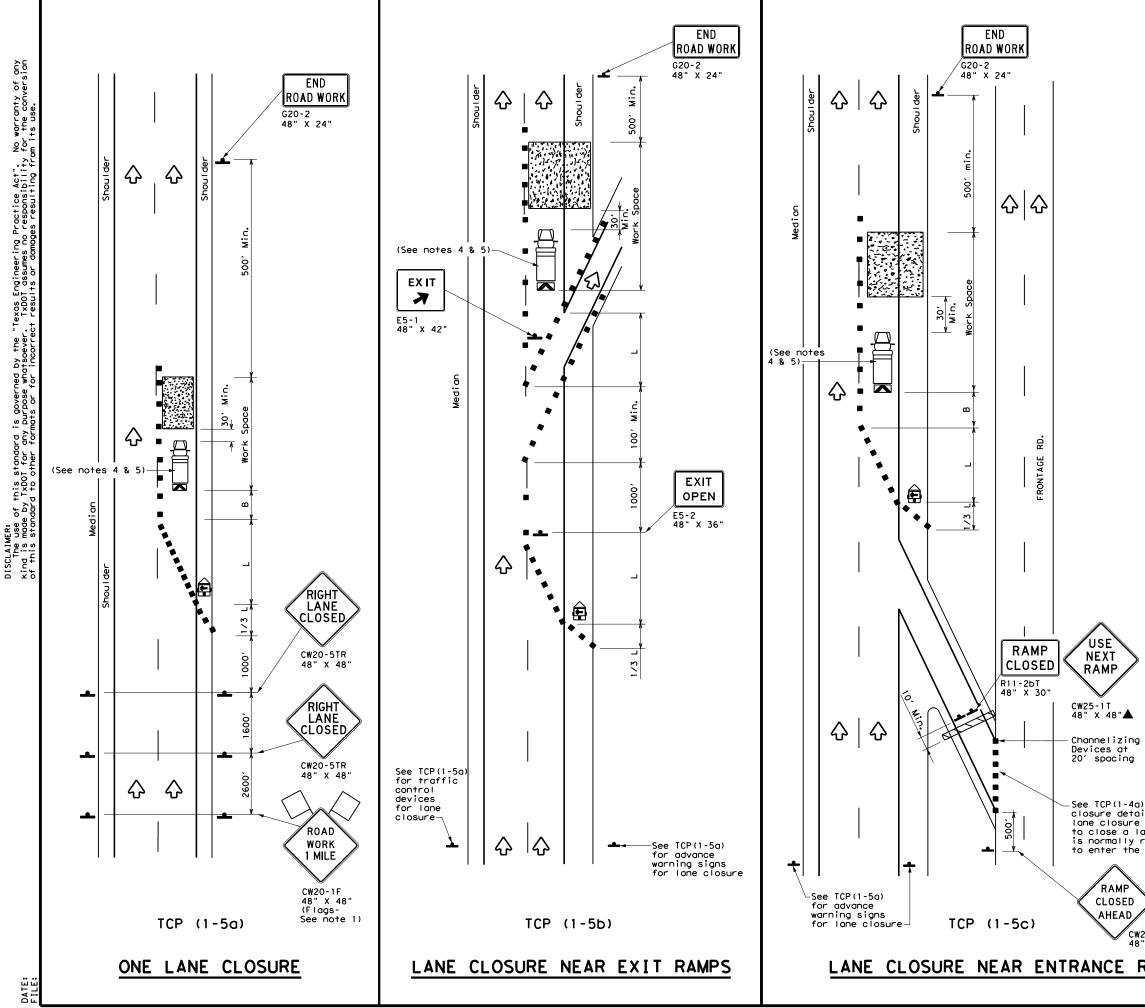
#### TCP (1-4a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Traffic Operations Division Standard								
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS								
TCP		• • •				,		
		• • •				CK:		
ТСР	(1 -	• • •	) - 18	B				
FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn © TxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	(1 -	4	) <b>– 1 8</b> Ск: ЈОВ	<b>8</b> Dw:		Ск:		
FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn © TxDOT December 1985	(1 - DN: CONT	4	) <b>– 1 8</b> Ск: ЈОВ	<b>B</b> DW: C.		CK: HIGHWAY		



LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle	X	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	ŝ	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	۵	Flagger						

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150'	165'	180'	30′	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	80	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495 <i>'</i>	540'	45′	90′	320'	1951
50		500'	550ʻ	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500'	295′
60	L #3	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600′	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700'	410′
70		700′	770'	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

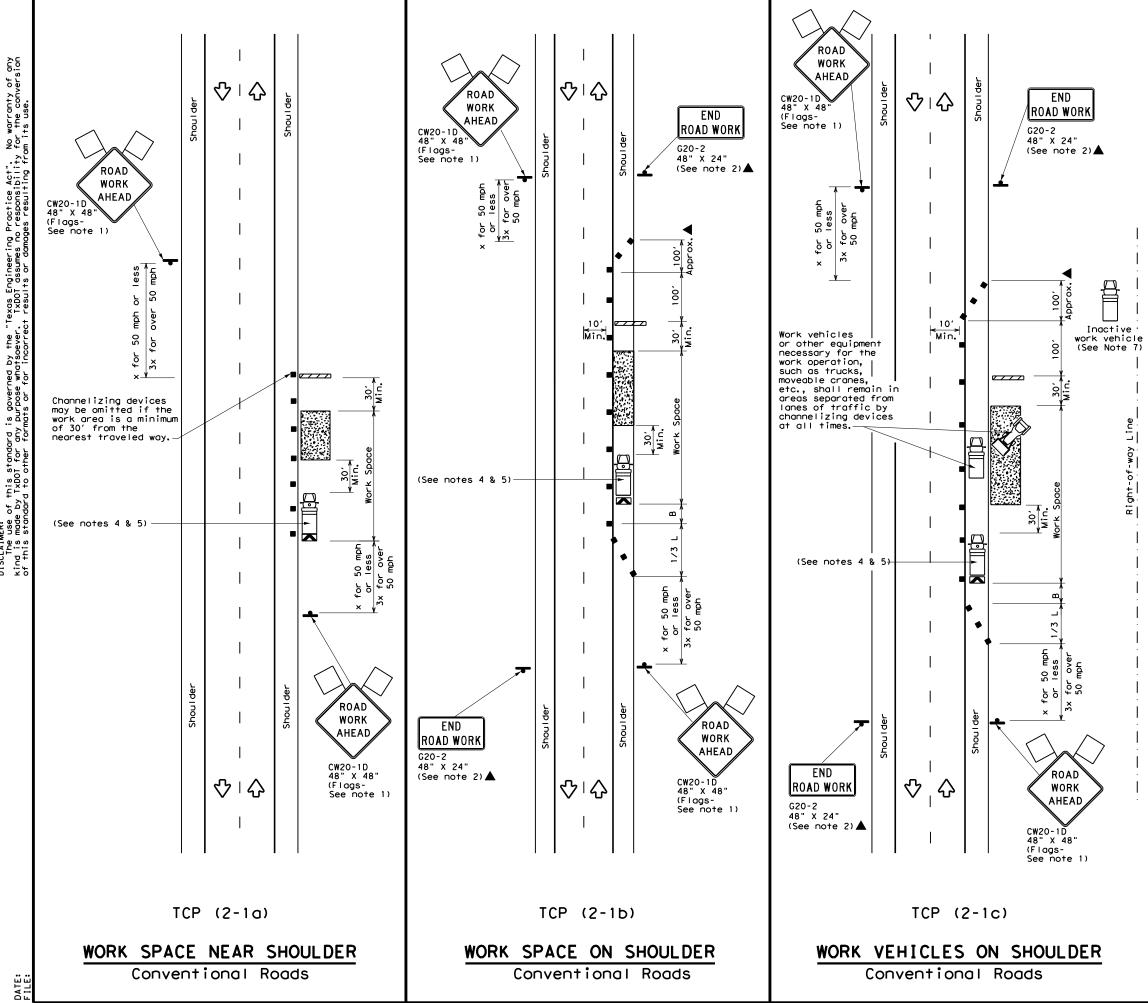
TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
		1					

#### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

) for lane ils if a is needed	Texas	Traffic Operations Division Standard						
ane which required ramp.		TRAFFIC CONTROL PLA LANE CLOSURES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS						
20RP-3D " x 48"		TCP	(1 -	5	) - 1	8		
X 40	FILE: tcp1-5	5-18,dgn	DN:		СК:	DW:	CK:	
RAMPS	C TxDOT F	ebruary 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	2-18 REV	ISIONS	0255	08	08 111,ETC.		9C FR,ETC.	
	2 10		DIST	COUNTY		r	SHEET NO.	
			PHR	ΗI	DALGO,	ETC.	32	
	11551							



DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the kind is made by IxDDI for any purpose whatseever

LEGEND								
<u>~ ~ ~ ~ ~</u>	Type 3 Barricade 🛛 🗨 C		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow					
$\langle \rangle$	Flag	۵	Flagger					

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	D Tap	Minimur esirab er Leng X X	le gths	Spacin Channe Dev	līzing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>ws</u> <sup>2</sup>	150'	1651	180'	30′	60'	1201	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155'
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600 <i>'</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L-#5	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650′	715′	780 <i>'</i>	65′	130'	700'	410′
70		700'	770′	840′	70'	140'	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540'

X Conventional Roads Only

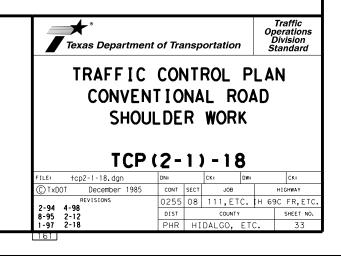
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

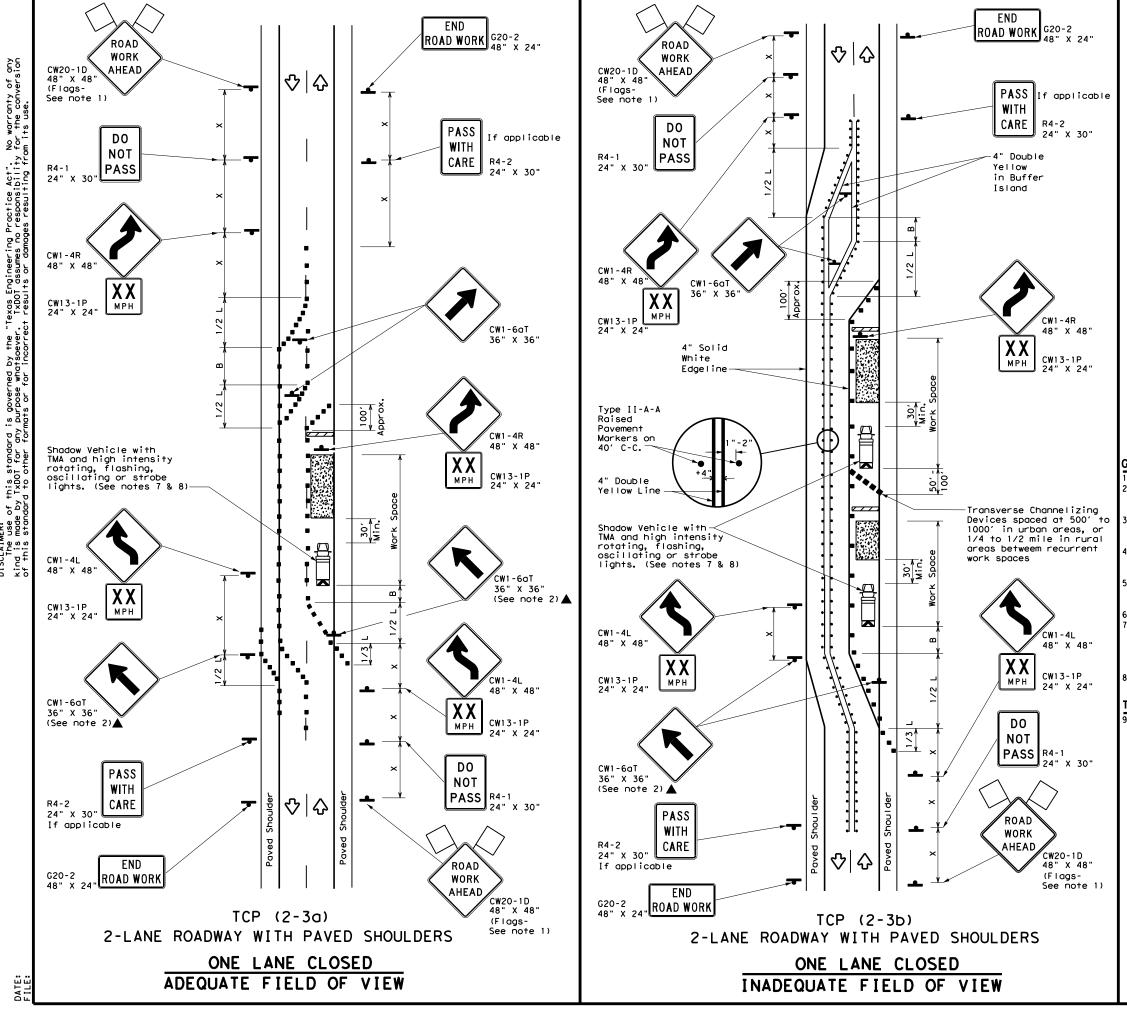
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1	1	1				

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.
  Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freeways. 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder. 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D
- "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.





Practice Act". responsibility governed by the "Texas Engineering rpose whatsoever. TxD01 assumes no s or for incorrect results or Amain this standard TxDOT for any و م DISCLAIMER: The use kind is mode

LEGEND									
<u>e 7 7 7 7</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
Ē	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA						
4	Sign	2	Traffic Flow						
$\langle $	Flag	Ц	Flagger						

Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirab er Leng X X	le	Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150'	165′	180'	30'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70'	160'	120′
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155'
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - # 5	600 <i>'</i>	660'	720'	60′	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650′	715′	780'	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700′	410′
70		700'	770'	840'	70′	140'	800 <i>'</i>	475'
75		750'	825′	900'	75′	150'	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
				TCP (2-3b) ONL Y				
			✓	<b>√</b>				

## GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.

Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction

regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.

Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.

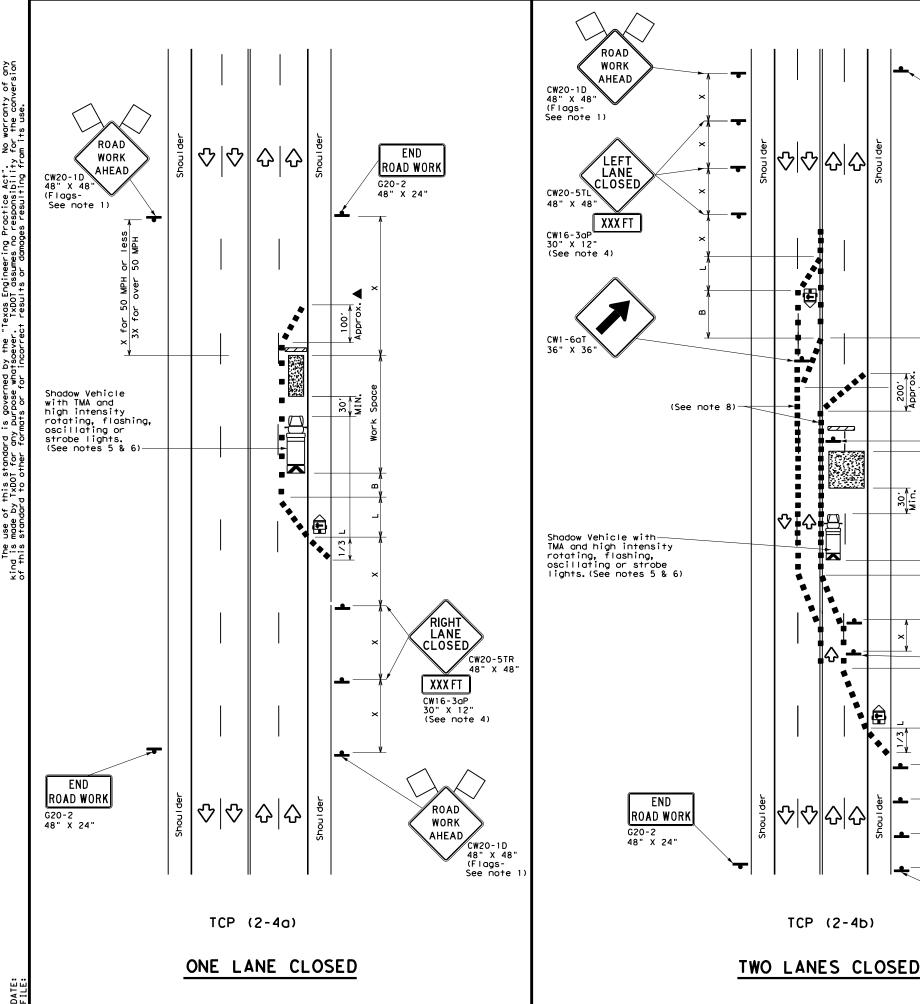
A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### [CP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Traffic Operations Division Standard										
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO-LANE ROADS TCP(2-3)-18										
FILE: tcp(2-3)-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		ск:				
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY				
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	0255	08	111,ET	с.	(H 69	OC FR,ETC.				
	DIST	IST COUNTY			SHEET NO.					
1-97 2-12										
1-97 2-12 4-98 2-18	PHR	ΗI	DALGO,	ЕTС	<b>).</b>	34				





END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24"

CW1-4R

CW13-1P 24" X 24

CW1-6aT

CW1-4L

**ХХ** мрн

RIGHT

CLOSED

XXX FT

ROAD

WORK AHEAD 48" X 48"

CW13-1P

24" X 24'

CW20-5TR 48" X 48"

CW16-3aP 30" X 12"

(See note 4)

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1)

36" X 36'

X 24"

XX

ΜРΗ

шţ

2

48" X 48"

- 1	LEGEND												
	J	N	T١	vpe 3	Barric	ade		0 0		Channelizing Devices			
		₽	He	avy Work Vehicle				Χ		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)			
	1	Ē		ailer ashin		ed w Boai	٠d	M			ole Chang ge Sign (		
		ŀ	si	gn				Ŷ		Traff	ic Flow		
	<	$\mathcal{A}$	F	lag				۵C	)	Flagge			
Post Spee		Formu	۱a	D	Minimur esirab er Leng XX	le		gested Spacir Channe Dev	ng Li:	zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Sugges Longitud Buffer S	inal
×				10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset		)n a aper	т	On a angent	Distance	"B"	
30	)		.2	150'	165'	180′		30′		60 <i>'</i>	120'	90′	
35	5	$L = \frac{W_1^2}{60}$	5	205'	225′	245′		35′		70 <i>'</i>	160′	120	·
40	)	00	,	265'	295′	320′		40′		80 <i>'</i>	240'	155	·
45	<b>.</b> .			450 <i>'</i>	495′	540ʻ		45′		90 <i>'</i>	320'	195	·
50	)			500'	550'	600′		50 <i>'</i>		100′	400'	240	<b>,</b>
55	ò	L=WS		550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>		55′		110′	500 <i>'</i>	295	,
60	)			600′	660 <i>'</i>	720′		60′		120′	600 <i>'</i>	350	·
65	5		650' 715' 780' 65' 13		130′	700′	410	<i>,</i>					
70	)			700′	770'	840'		70′		140′	800'	475	'
75	, ,			750'	825′	900′		75′		150′	900'	540	,

\* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
		1	1					

## GENERAL NOTES

 Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.

A. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.

5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

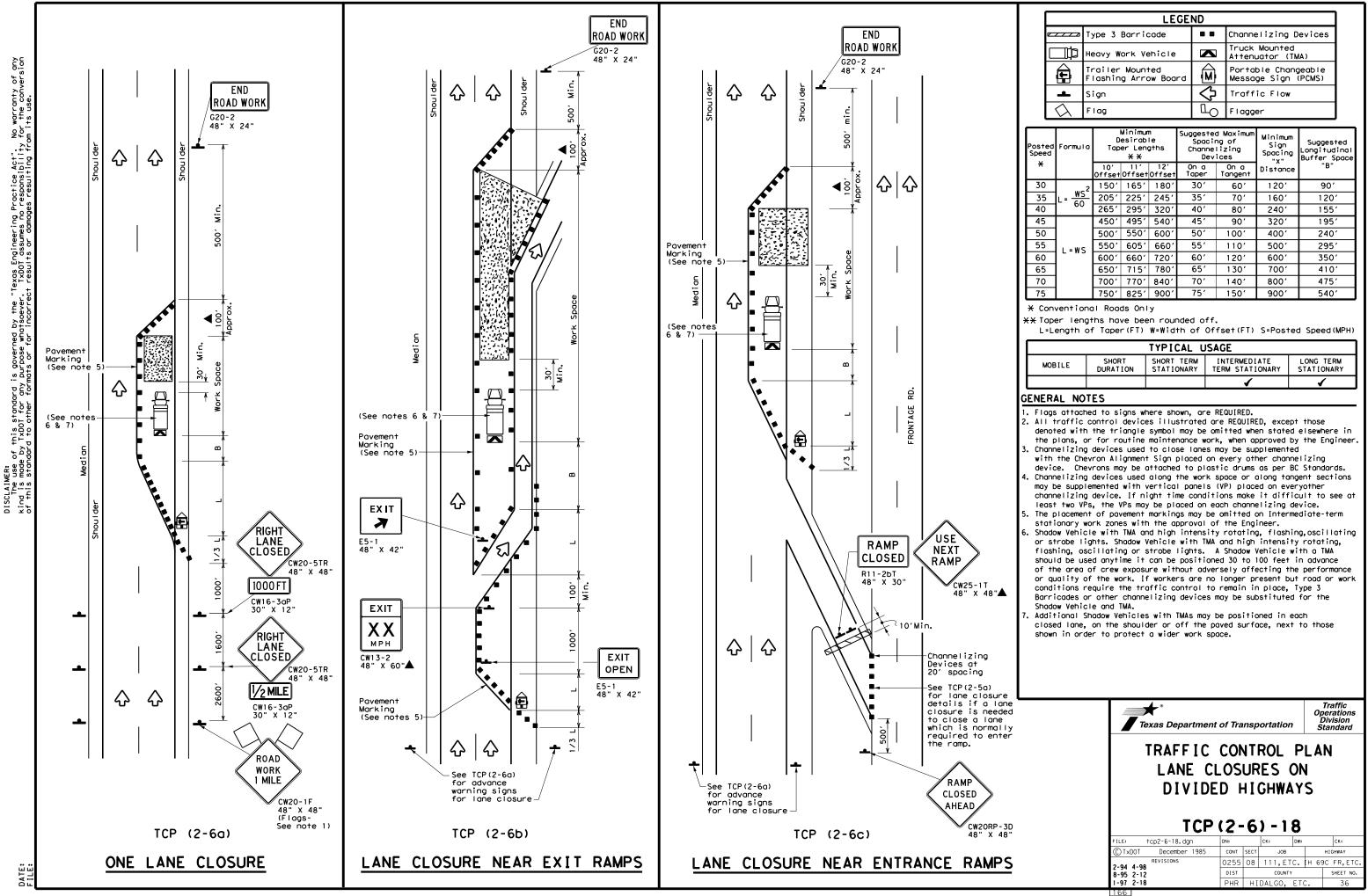
### TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

### [CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

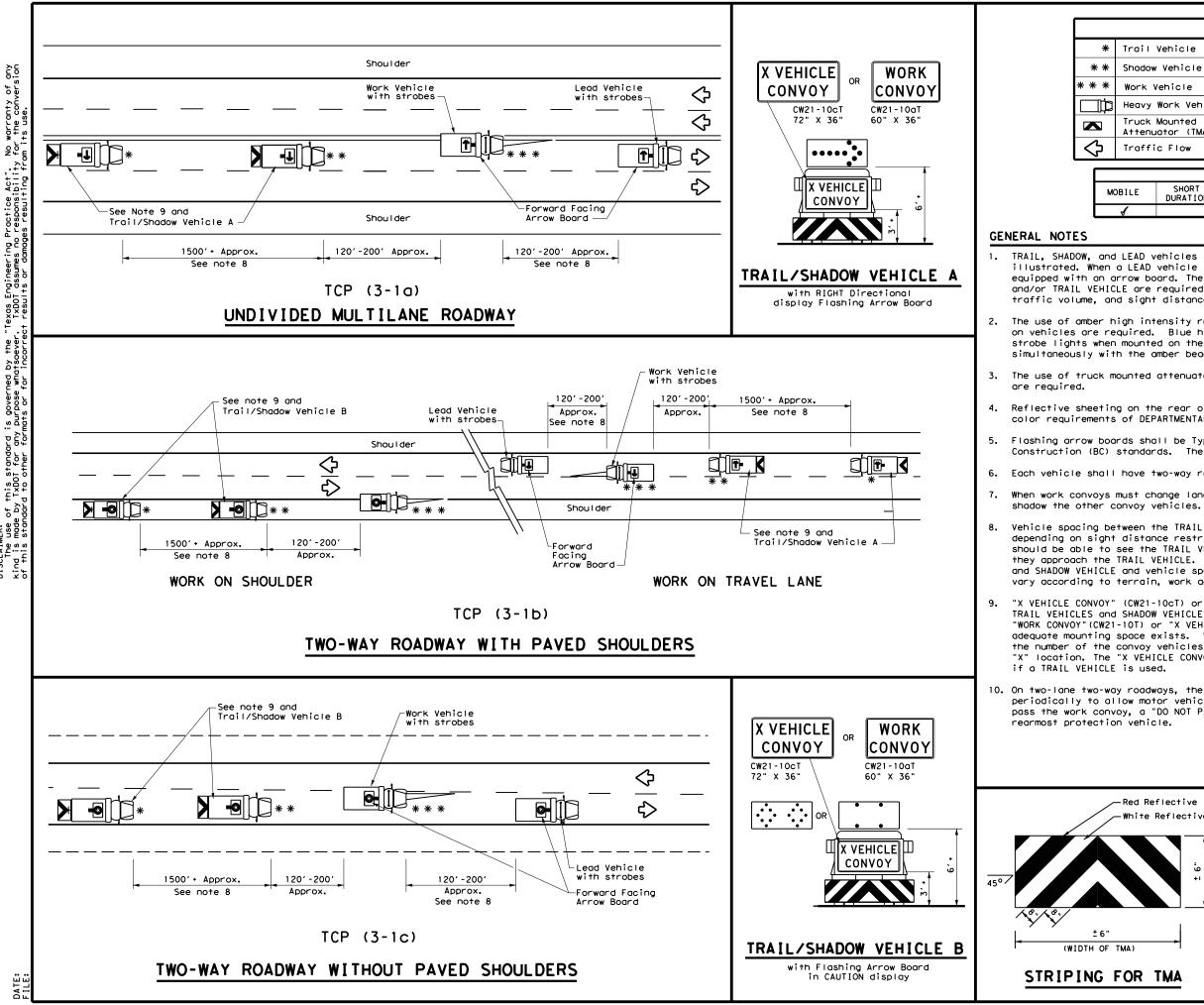
Texas Department TRAFFIC LANE CLOSUR CONVENT	CON ES	NTI Ol	ROL N ML	P JL	م م ل ل A T I	LANE
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CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
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1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		_	SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	PHR	ΗI	DALGO,	ETO	2.	35
164						



LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
µ́p	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	LO	Flagger					

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30		150'	165'	180'	30′	60 <i>'</i>	120'	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660'	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500'	295′
60	L - 11 3	600 <i>'</i>	660'	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700'	770′	840'	70′	140'	800 <i>'</i>	475′
75		750'	825′	900 <i>'</i>	75′	150'	900′	540′

		TYPICAL L	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
			✓	✓



warranty the conv δp Practice Act". responsibility Ę, ° ng SCLAIMER: The use of this standard nd is made by TxDDT for any this etandard to other for

	LE	GEND		
Vehicle				
Vehicle			ARROW BOARD DI	ISPLAT
/ehicle		<b>₽</b>	RIGHT Directio	onal
Work Vehic	le	<b>F</b>	LEFT Direction	lor
Mounted lator (TMA)		÷	Double Arrow	
c Flow		•	CAUTION (Alter Diamond or 4 (	•
	TVC		EACE	
	116	ICAL U	JAVE	
SHORT DURATION				LONG TERM STATIONARY
	Vehicle Vehicle Work Vehic Mounted Mounted Dator (TMA) c Flow	Vehicle Vehicle Work Vehicle Mounted Mounted ofor (TMA) c Flow TYP SHORT SHOR	vehicle /ehicle Work Vehicle Mounted Mounted Mounted Ator (TMA) c Flow TYPICAL U SHORT SHORT TERM	Vehicle ARROW BOARD D Vehicle Vehicle Vehicle Work Vehicle Mounted Motor (TMA) c Flow TYPICAL USAGE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE

TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.

2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.

3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE

Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.

Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.

Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

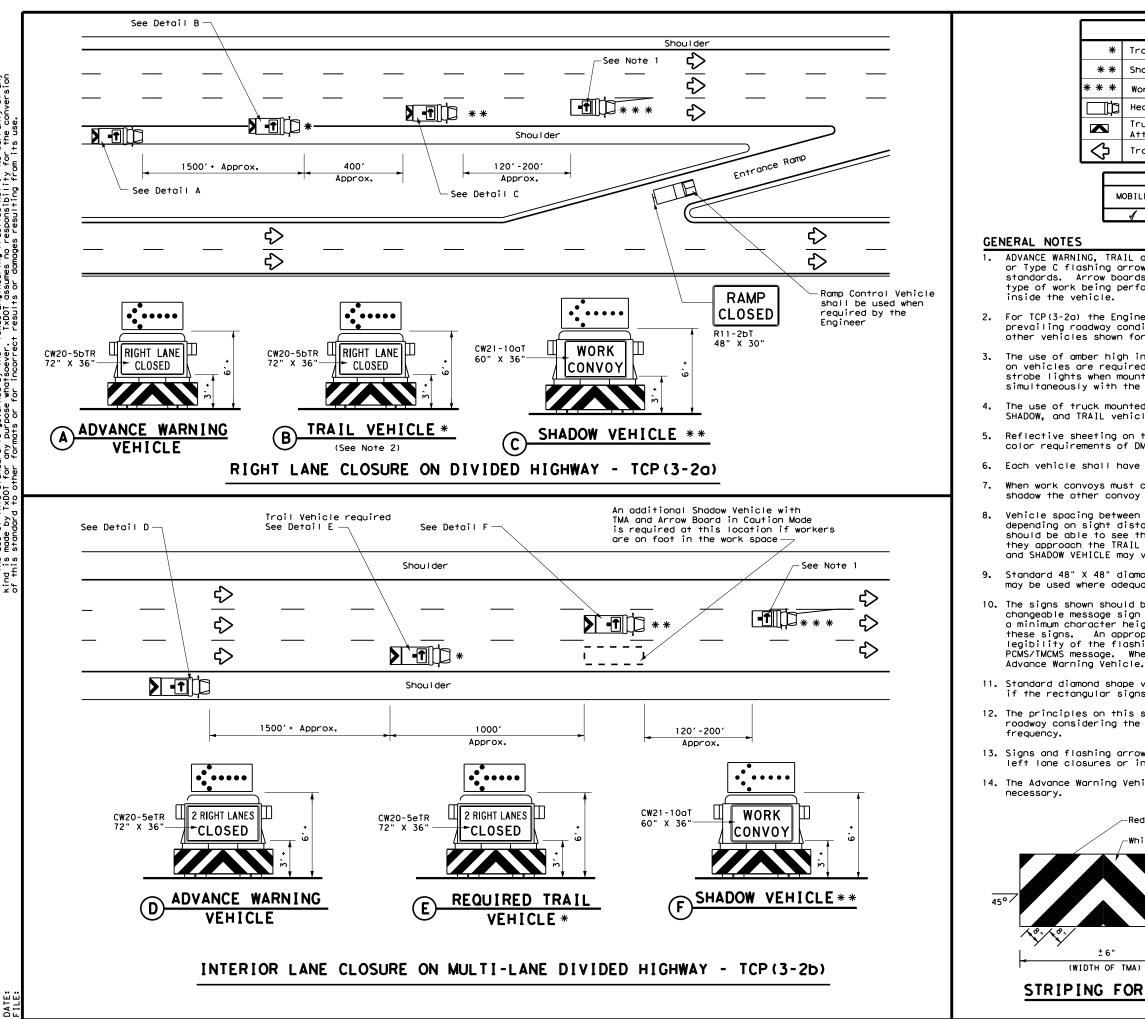
When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to

Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

"X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY"(CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE

10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the

Red Reflective White Reflective	Texas Department	nt of Transp	portation	Ope Di	raffic rations vision ndard
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				3	CK: TXDOT
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LE	GEND	
Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY
Shadow Vehicle		ARROW DOARD DISPLAT
Work Vehicle	<b>†</b> -	RIGHT Directional
Heavy Work Vehicle	-	LEFT Directional
Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	₽	Double Arrow
Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)
TY	PICAL L	JSAGE

OBILE	SHORT	SHORT TERM	INTERMEDIATE	LONG TERM
	DURATION	STATIONARY	TERM STATIONARY	STATIONARY
4				

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 $\Diamond$ 

ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from

2. For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.

The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.

The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.

Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.

Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.

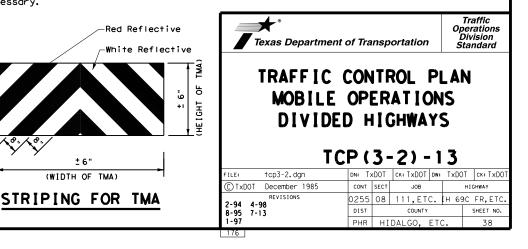
10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the

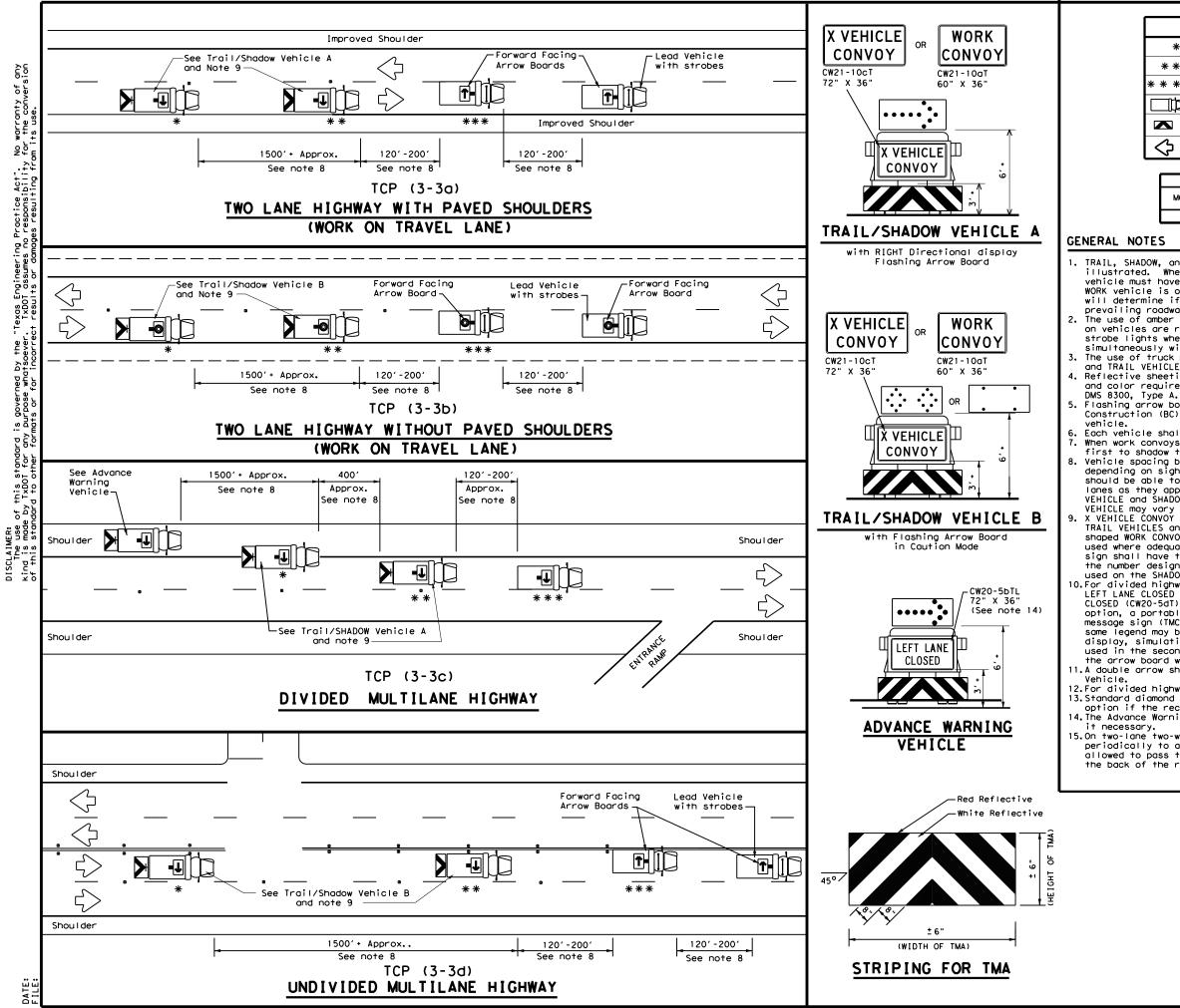
11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.

12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp

13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.

14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it





Sp. Act bility this st TxDOT

	LE	GEND	
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY
* *	Shadow Vehicle		ARROW DOARD DISPLAT
* * *	Work Vehicle	•	RIGHT Directional
þ	Heavy Work Vehicle	F	LEFT Directional
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>₽</b>	Double Arrow
$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow	Q	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)

		TYPICAL U	ISAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
4				

1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as

illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING

and TRAIL VEHICLE are required. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity

and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary

depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used. 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an

option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.

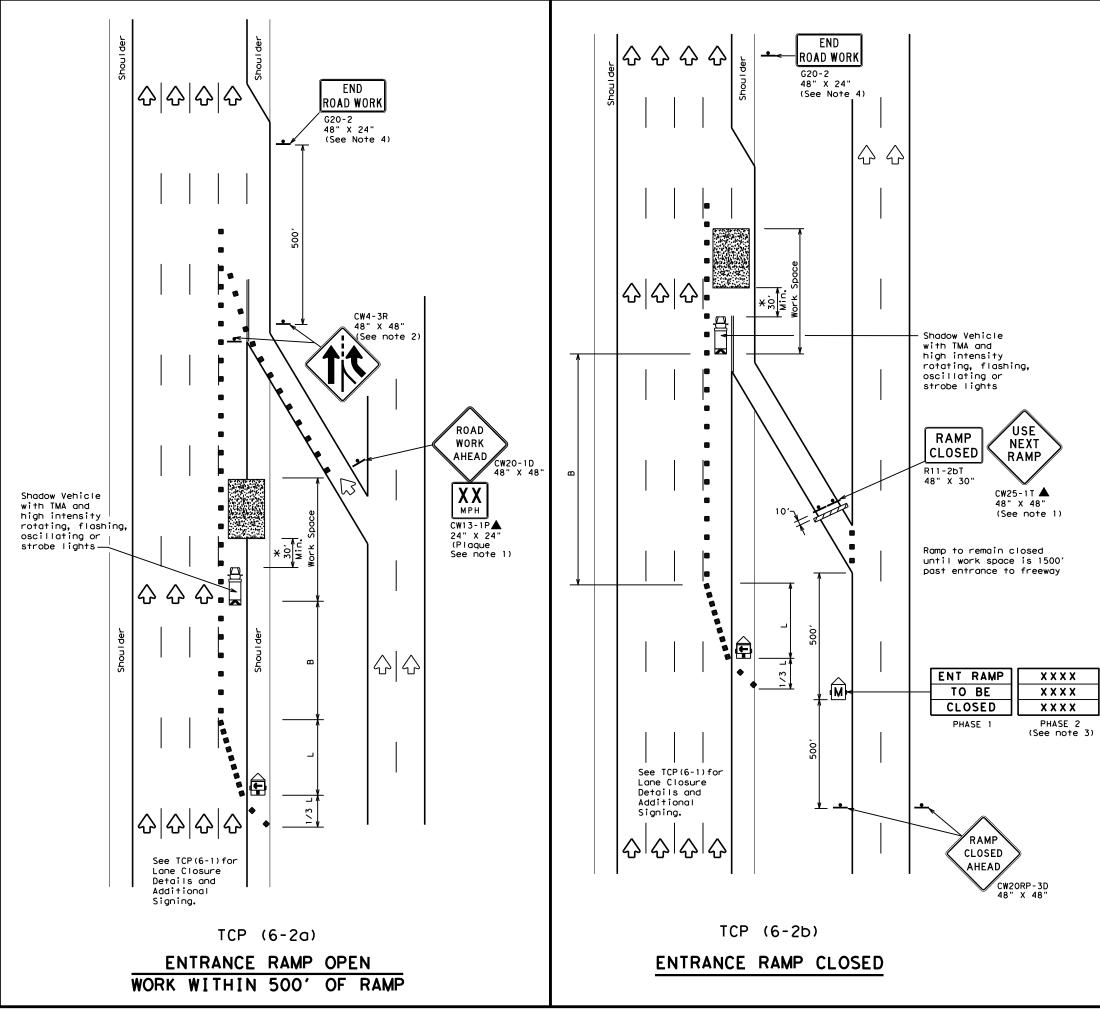
11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning

12.For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13.Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available. 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes

15.0n two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

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	LE	GEND	
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow
$\langle \lambda \rangle$	Flag	۵ <sub>0</sub>	Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab Lengtl X X	le	Špacii Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	1951
50		500'	550′	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	295′
60	L-#3	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60 <i>'</i>	120'	350'
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>1</i>	130′	410′
70		700′	770'	840 <i>′</i>	70′	140'	475′
75		750'	825 <i>'</i>	900ʻ	75′	150'	540'
80		800'	880′	960'	80'	160'	615'

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL L	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	1	

# GENERAL NOTES

 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

- ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.
   See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date
- See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
   The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it
- conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

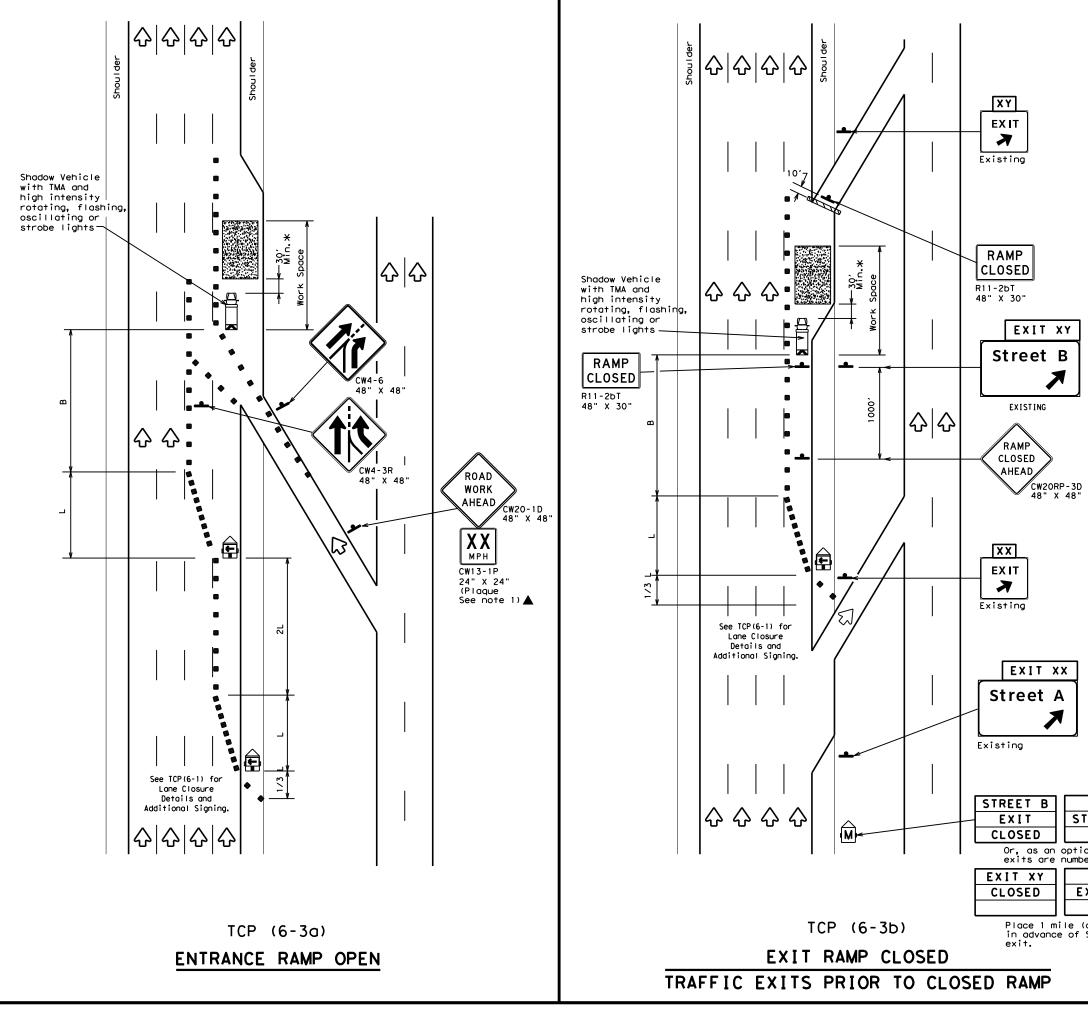
\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

1	<b>Texas Dep</b> Traffic Oper				-	porta	ntion
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DATE:



	LEGEND							
<u>~ ~ ~ ~ ~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
□þ	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
4	Sign	2	Traffic Flow					
$\bigtriangledown$	Flag	٩	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Des Taper L Formula		Minimur esirab Lengtl X X	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"В"
45		450 <i>'</i>	495′	540'	45′	90′	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>′</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	295′
60	2 113	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	410′
70		700'	770'	840'	70′	140′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	540 <i>′</i>
80		800'	880'	960'	80 <i>'</i>	160′	615′

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	4				

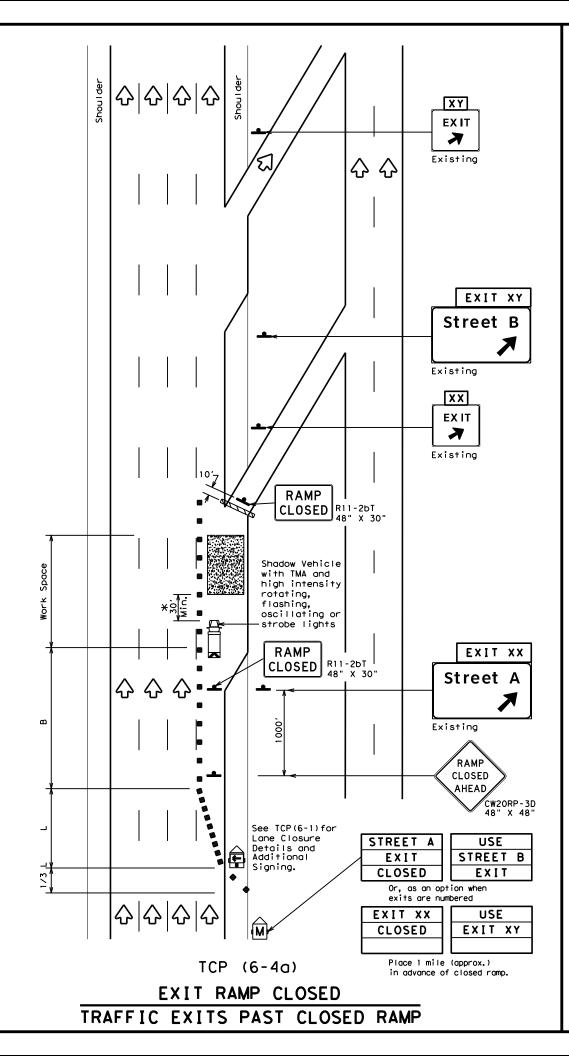
### GENERAL NOTES:

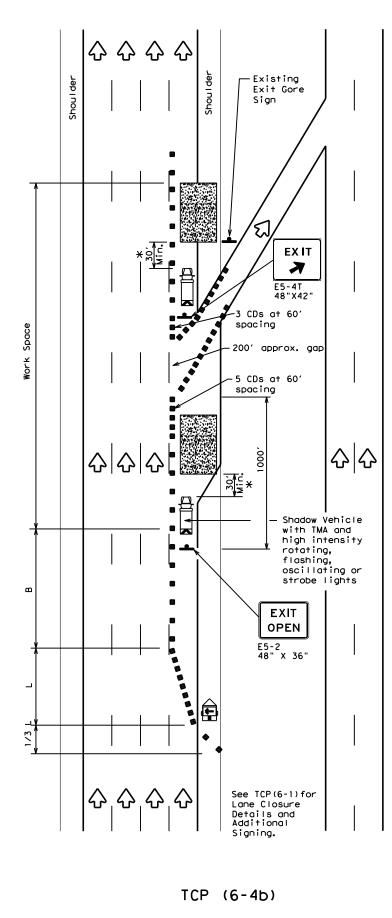
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

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	WORK ARE	A BE		<b>Kam</b> i	
			- 3) - 1	•	
approx.)			-3)-1	•	ск: TxDOT
approx.)	тс	CP (6	- 3) - 1	12 • T×DOT	1
approx.)	FILE: tcp6-3.dgn © TxD0T February 1994 REVISIONS	CP (6	- 3) - 1	I 2 : Тхрот нт	ck: TxDOT Ghway
approx.)	FILE: tcp6-3.dgn © TxD0T February 1994	CP (6	- 3) - 1	<b>12</b> : ТхDOT IH 69C	ck: TxDOT ghway







				I F (	GENC	)			
	Z Type	Type 3 Barricade				Cr	hannelizing Devices CDs)		
	Heavy	Work	Vehic	е			ruck Mour ttenuator		
Ē		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board						Changeable ign (PCMS)	
-	Sign	Sign			$\Diamond$	Т	raffic F	low	
$\Diamond$	Flag	Flag			LO	F	lagger		
Posted Speed	Formula	D Taper 10'	Minimur esirab Lengtl XX 11' Offset	le ns "L" 12'	Cr	spaci nanne	d Maximum ng of lizing ices On a Tangent	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	
45		450'	495'		_	15'	90'	195′	
50		500'	550'	600	1 5	50'	100'	240′	
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660	ʻ 5	55′	110'	295′	
60	[ - " 3	600'	660'	720	6	50 <i>1</i>	120'	350′	
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780	′ <u> </u>	65 <i>1</i>	130'	410′	
70		700′	770'	840		'0 <i>'</i>	140'	475′	
75		750′	825′	900	1 7	'5 <i>'</i>	150'	540′	
80		800 <i>'</i>	880'	960	΄ [ Έ	30 <i>'</i>	160'	615'	

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	E SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY						
	1	1	4				

# GENERAL NOTES

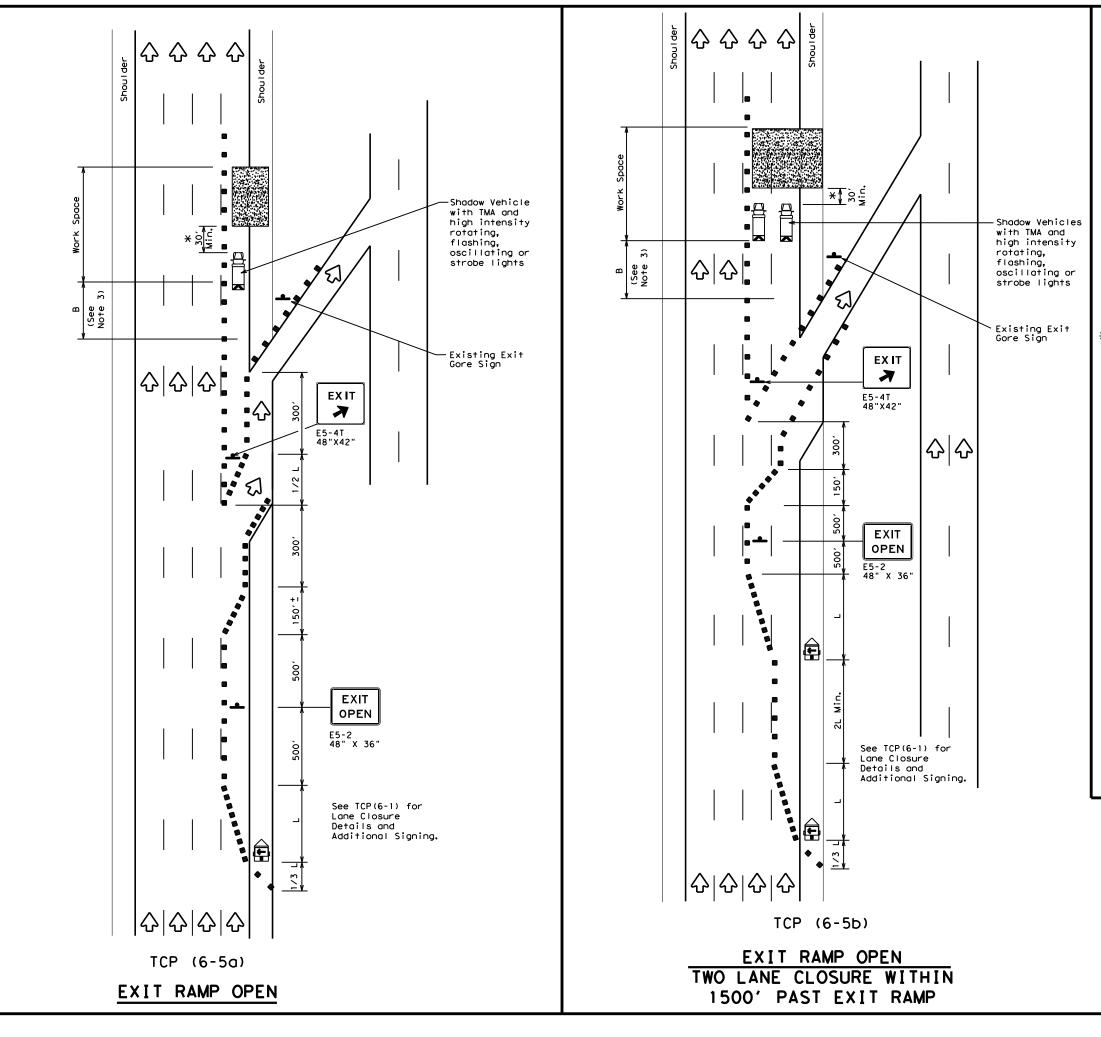
1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

XA shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Dep Traffic Oper					orto	ntion
TRAFFIC	•••					
WORK AREA	AI			r		
···· -		-	-4) -			<b>7</b> 1
	<u>Р(</u>	-		1		
TC	<u>Р(</u>	6.	- 4) -	1	<b>2</b> TxD01	
TC ILE: tcp6-4. dgn	<b>P</b> (	6 - KDOT	- <b>4)</b> - ск: тхрот јов	Dw:	<b>2</b> TxD01	T CK: TXDOT
TC ILE: tcp6-4.dgn ©TXDOT Feburary 1994	<b>P</b> (	6 - KDOT	- <b>4)</b> - ск: тхрот јов	Dw:	<b>2</b> TxD01	ck:TxDOT Highway

<sup>2.</sup> See BC Standards for sign details.



	LEGEND							
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
+	Sign	2	Traffic Flow					
$\langle \lambda \rangle$	Flag	۵ <sub>0</sub>	Flagger					

Posted Speed			Desirable Taper Lengths "L" X X			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	1951
50		500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660'	55 <i>'</i>	110'	295′
60	L-#3	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60 <i>'</i>	120'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410'
70		700′	770'	840 <i>′</i>	70′	140'	475'
75		750'	825′	900 <i>'</i>	75′	150'	540′
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	4				

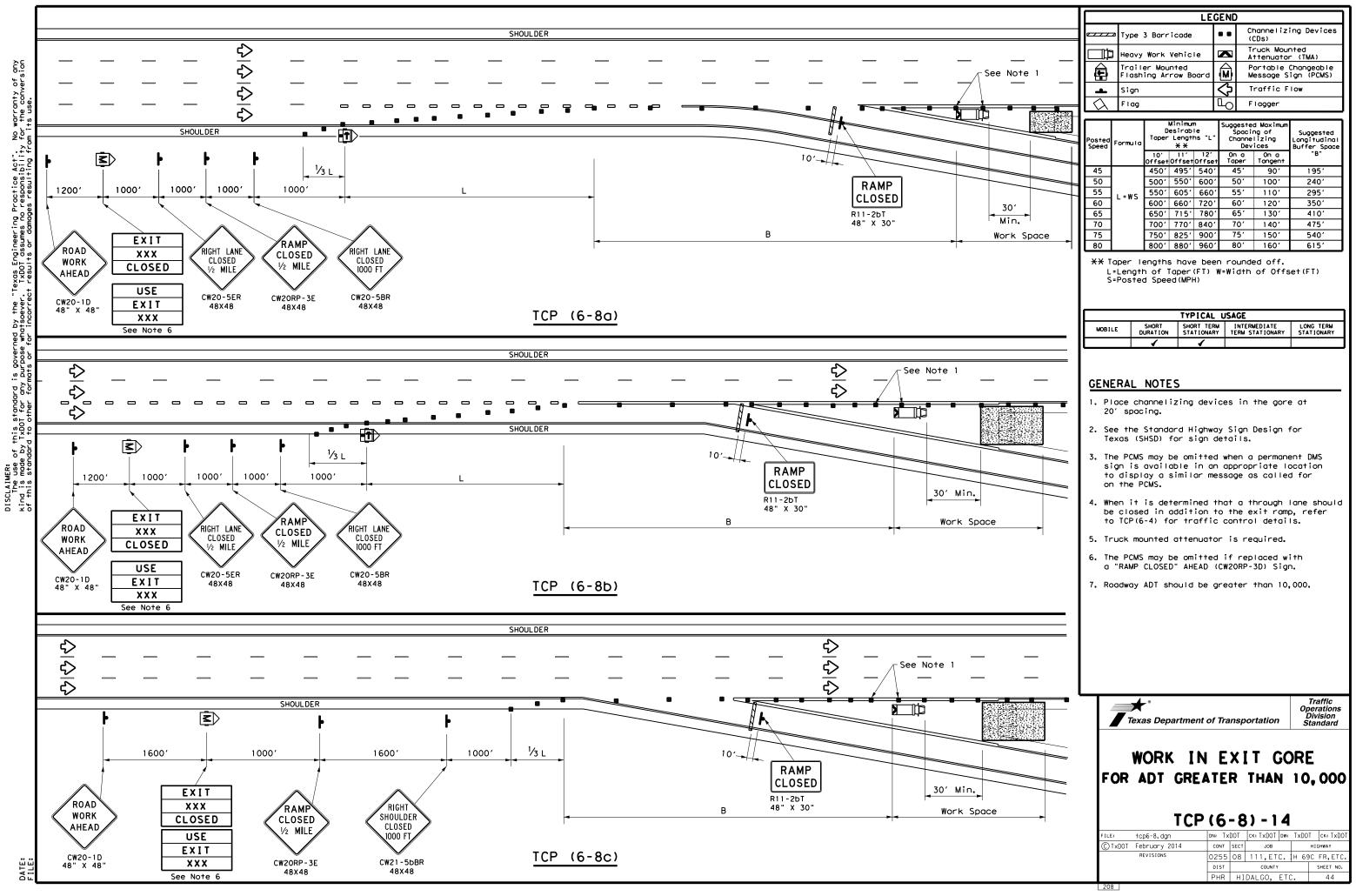
# GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing the ramp.

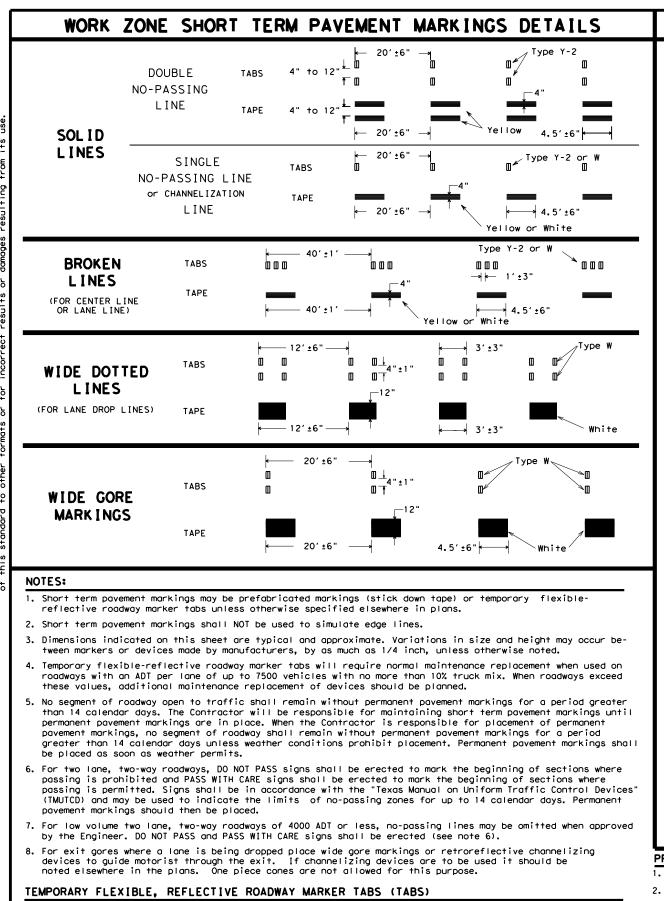
\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

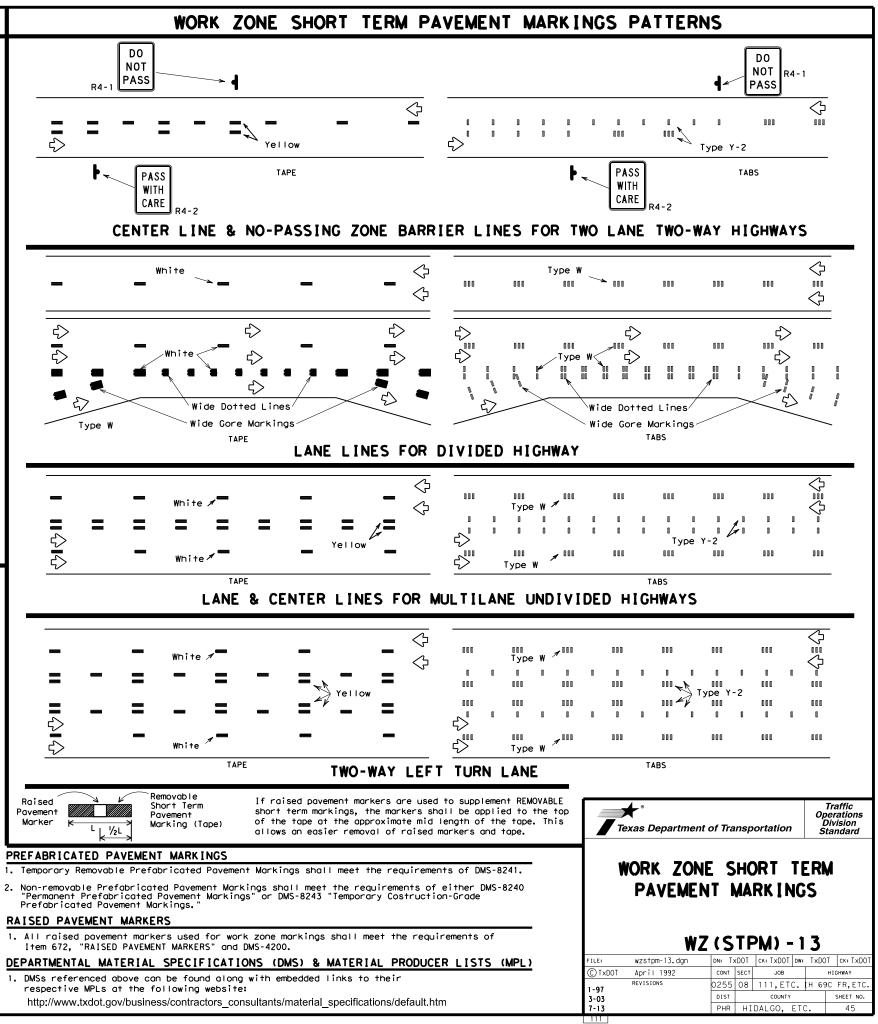
<b>Texas Department of Transportation</b> Traffic Operations Division Standard								
TRAFFIC WORK AREA E		•		—	•			
TC	<b>) P (</b>	6.	-5) - 1	2				
FILE: tcp6-5.dgn	DN: T)	<dot< th=""><th>CK: TXDOT DW:</th><th>TxDC</th><th>Т ск: TxDOT</th></dot<>	CK: TXDOT DW:	TxDC	Т ск: TxDOT			
©TxDOT Feburary 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0255	08	111,ETC.	IH 69	OC FR,ETC.			
1-97 8-98	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
4-98 8-12	PHR	нт	DALGO, ET	r	43			



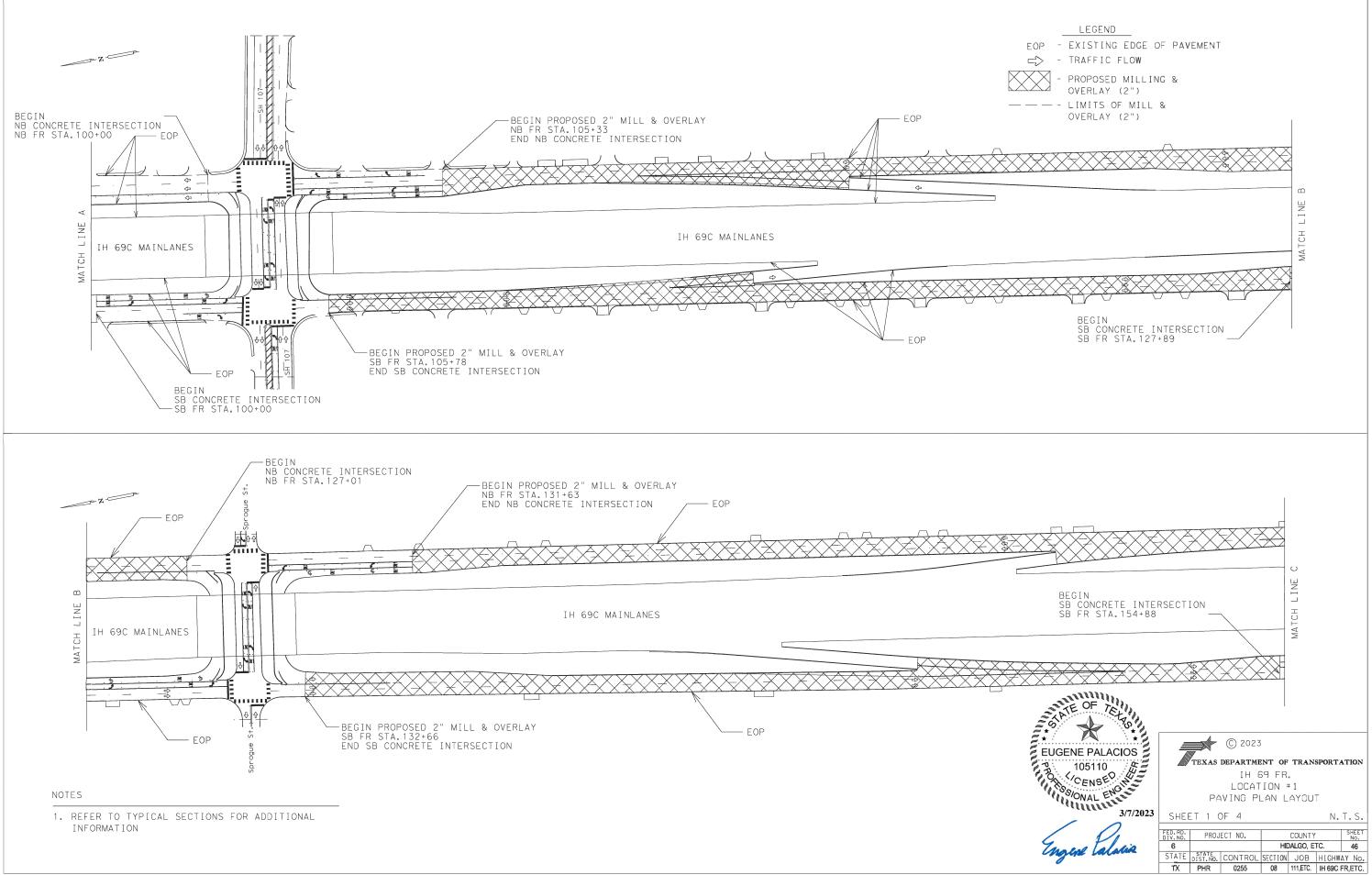
Š p Practice Act". responsibility Texas Engineering TxDOT assumes no j ≹d this standard TxDOT for any 2 g

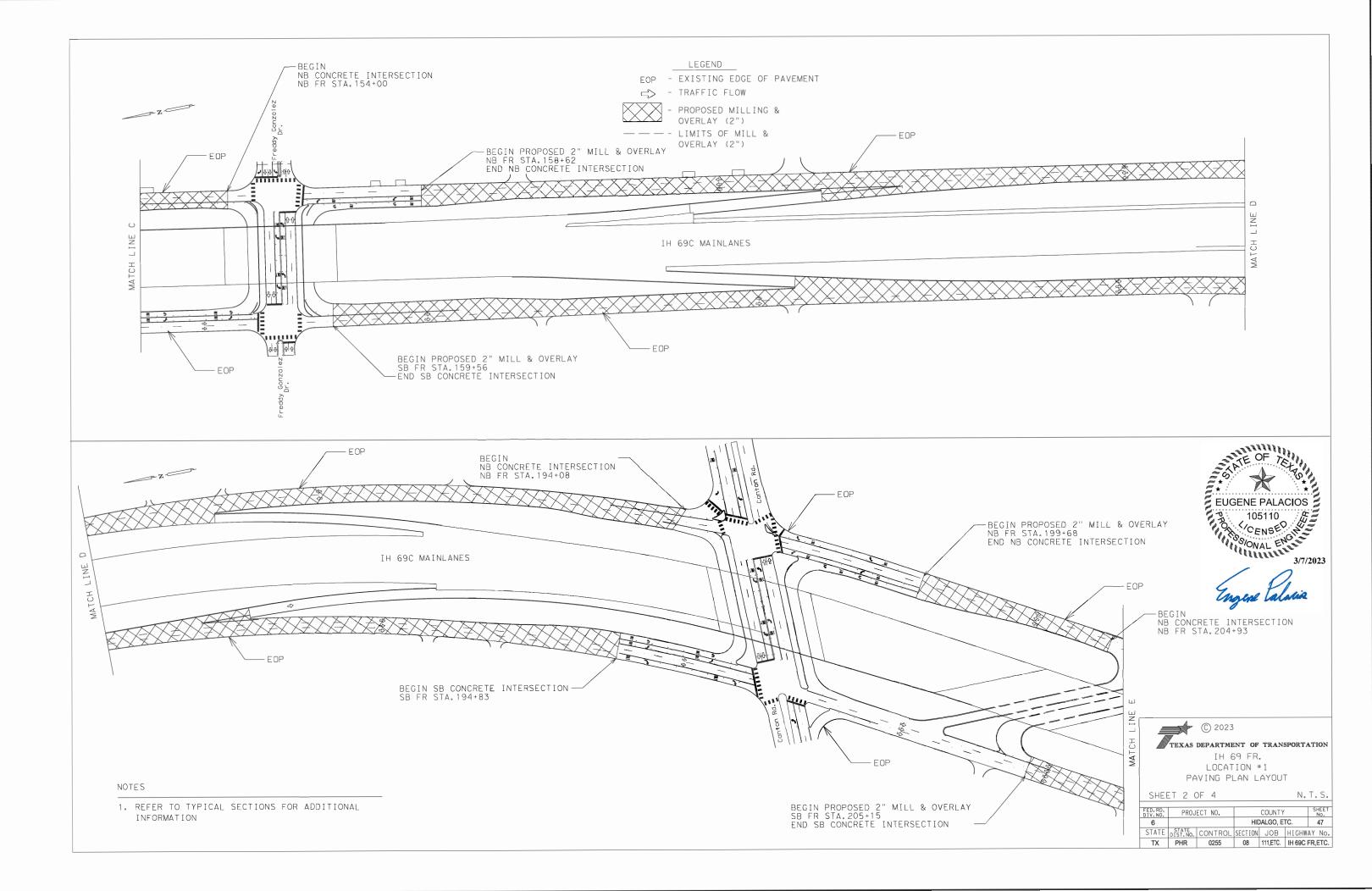


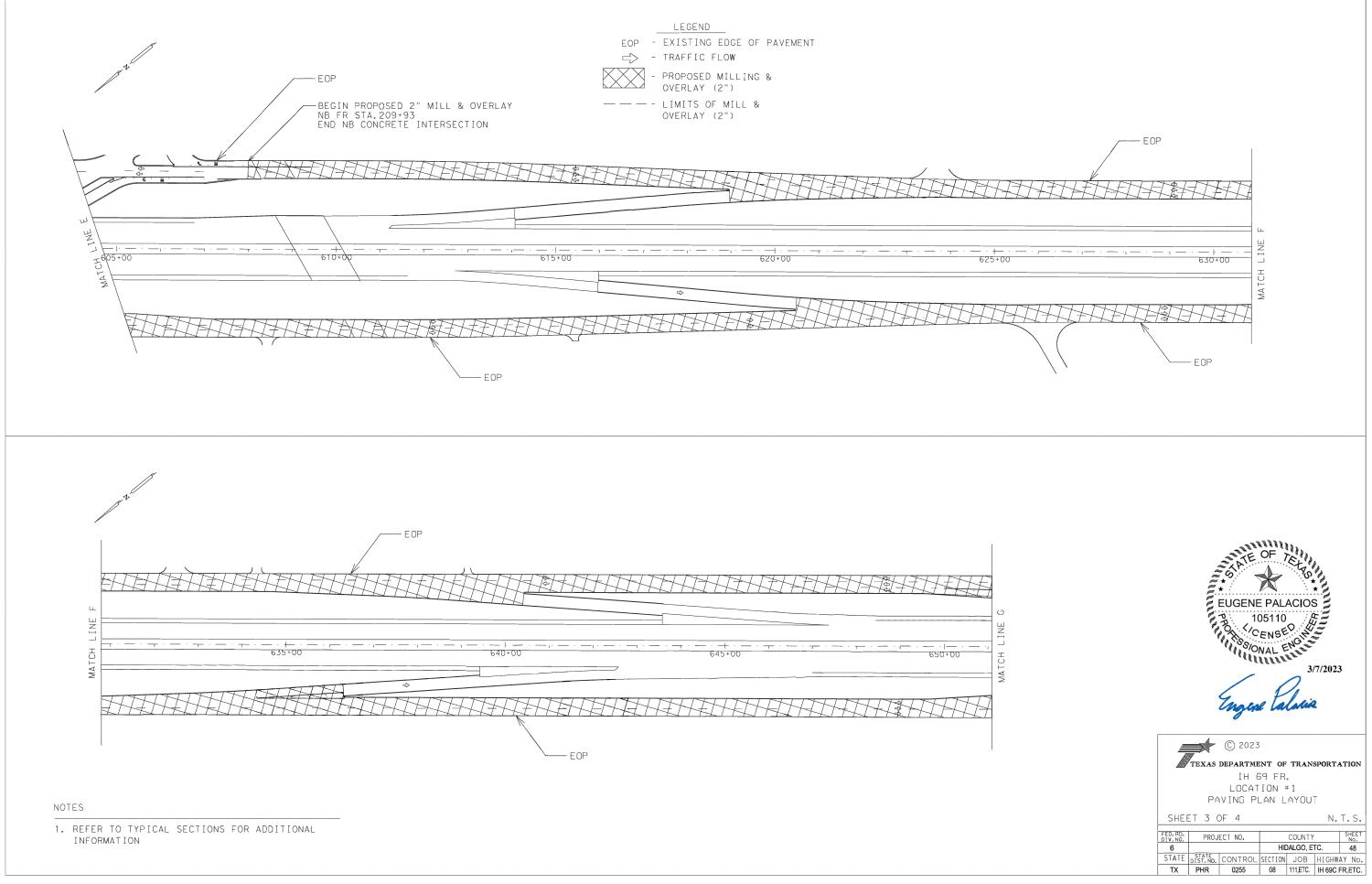
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

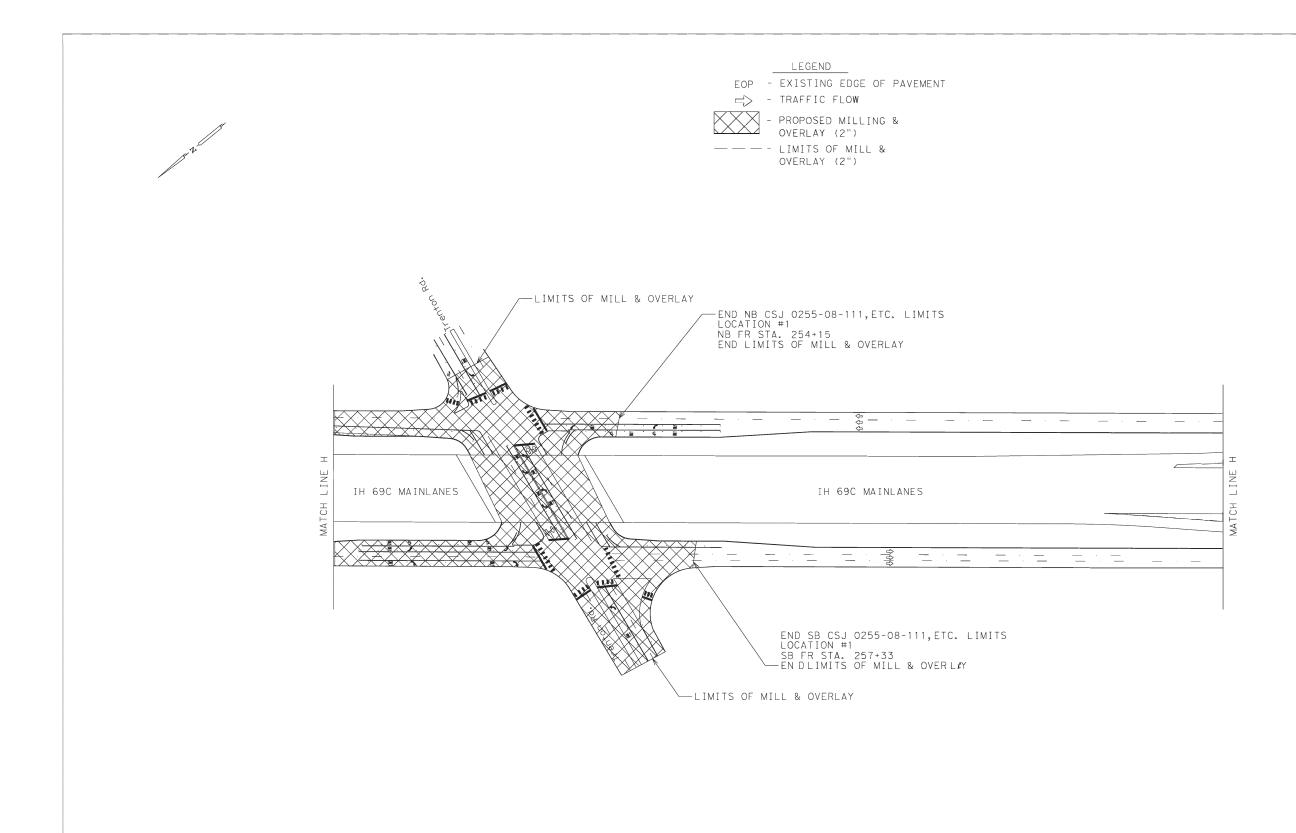


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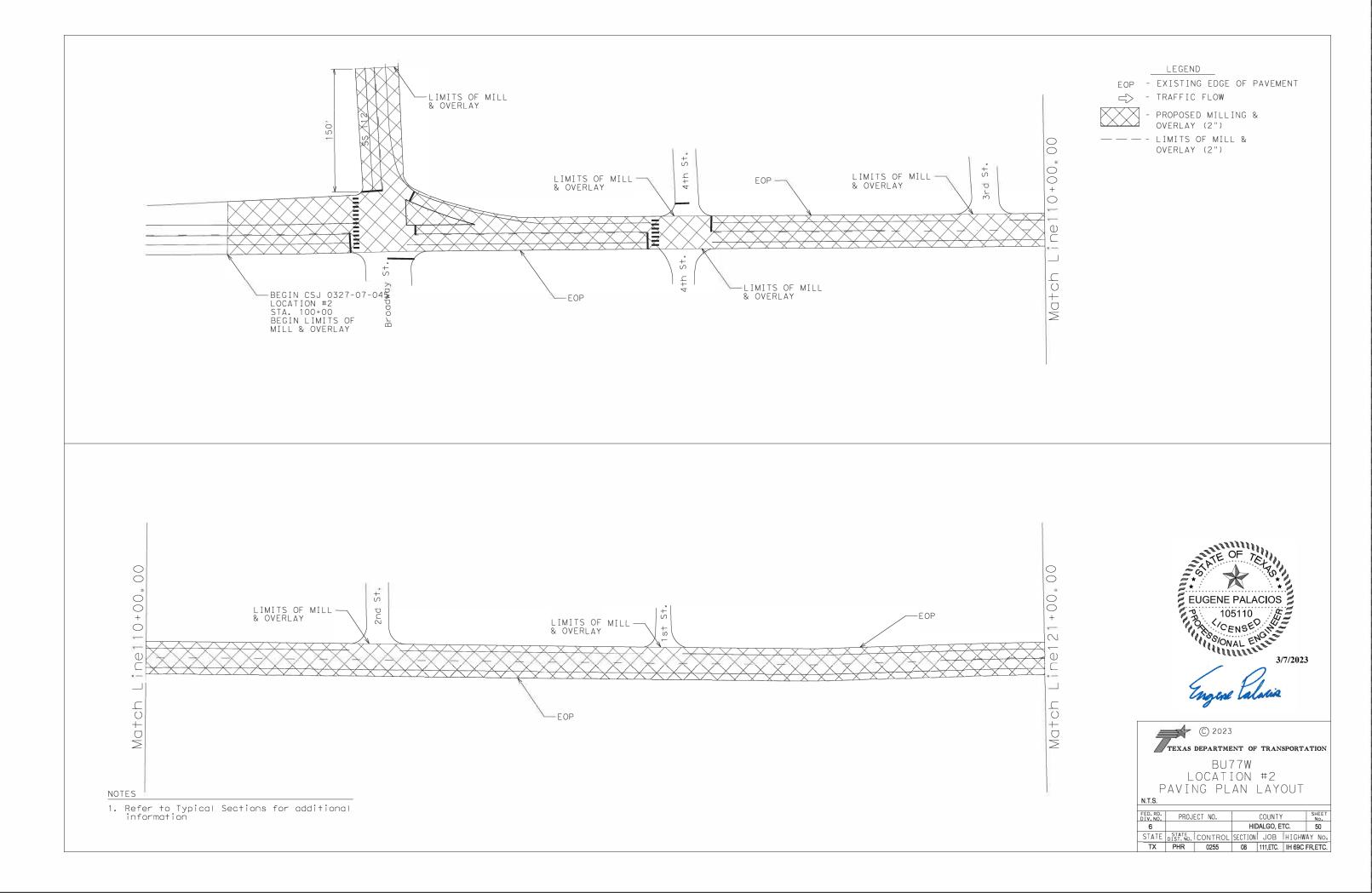


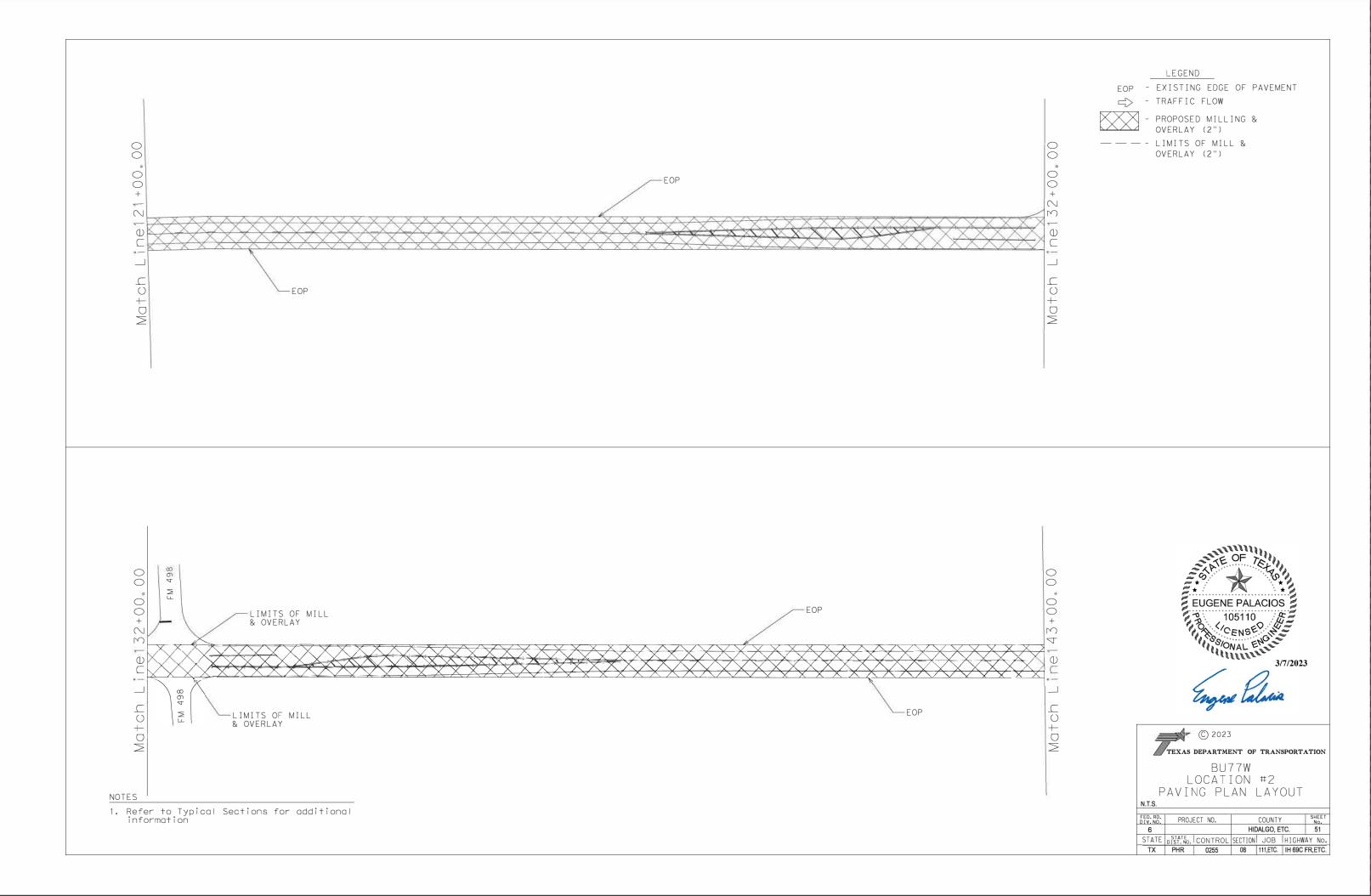


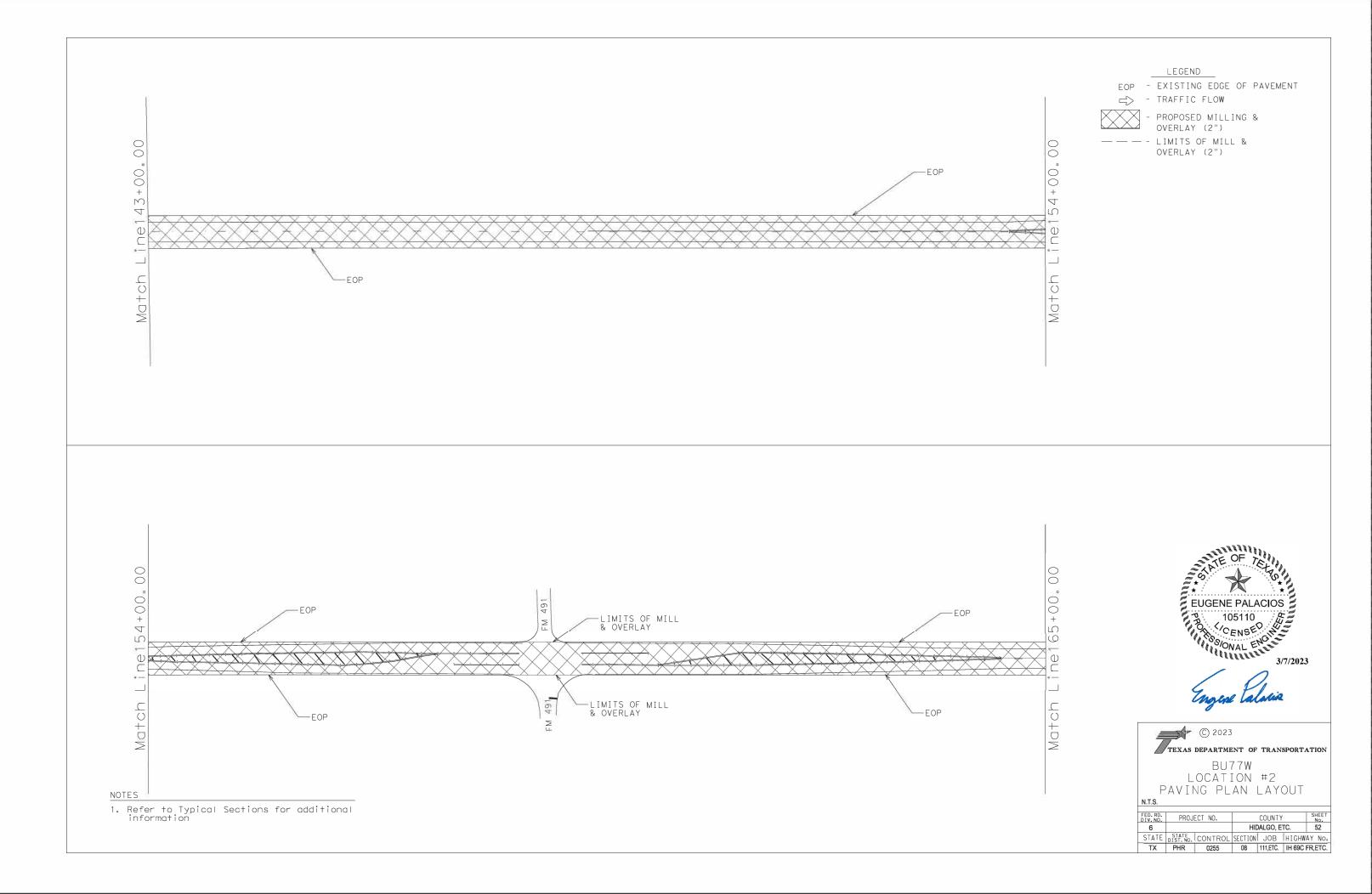
NOTES

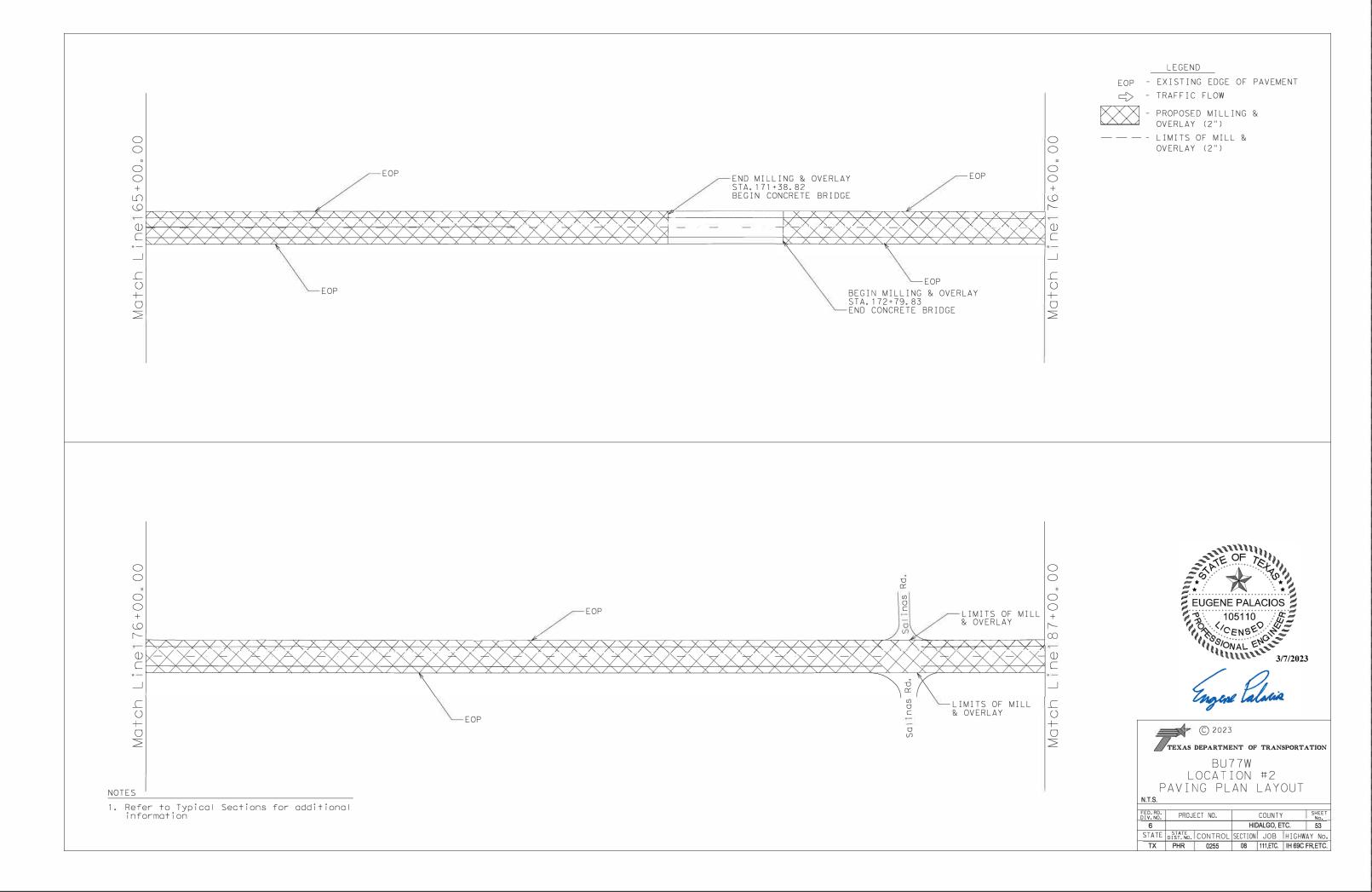
1. REFER TO TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

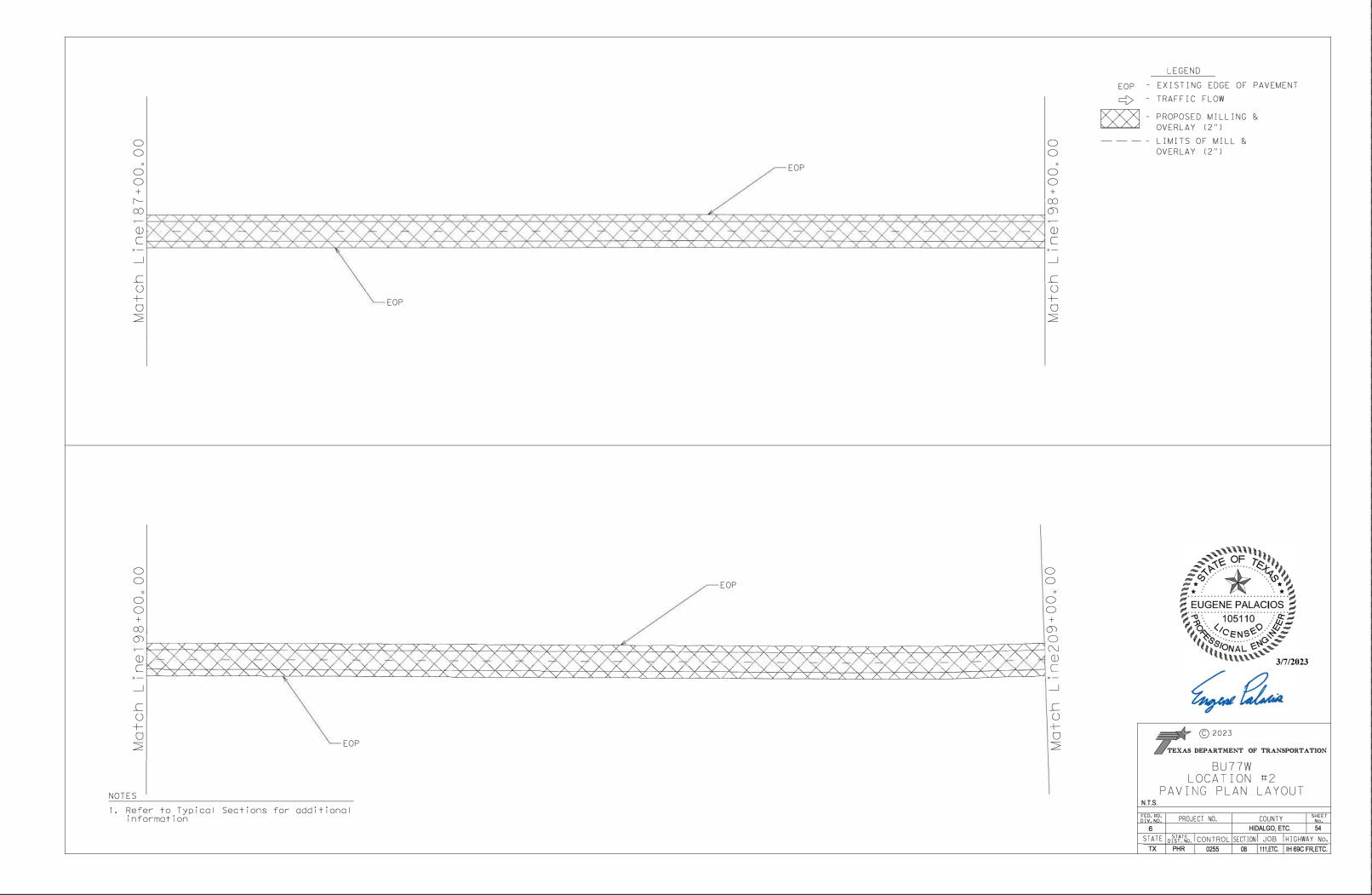


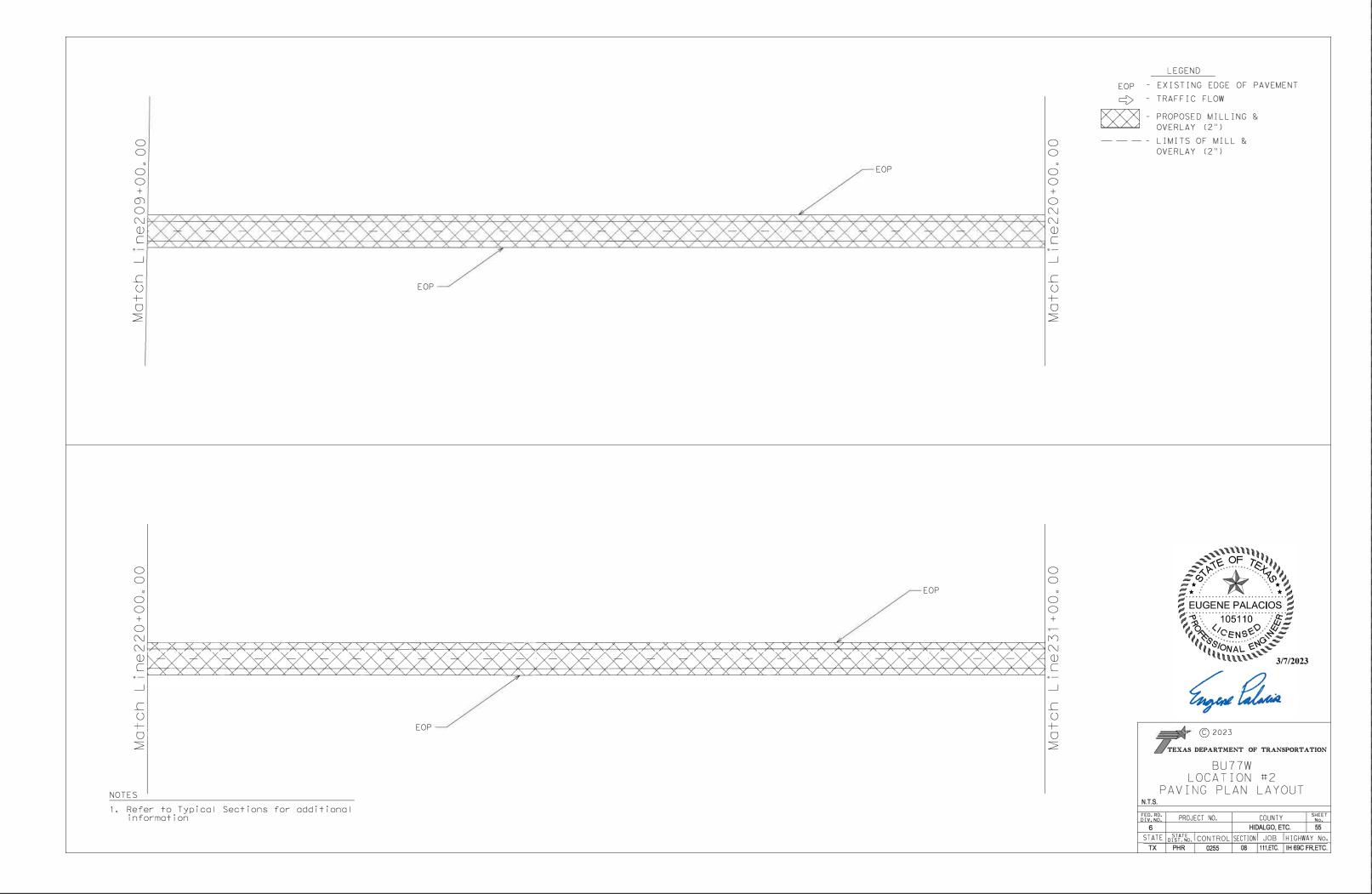


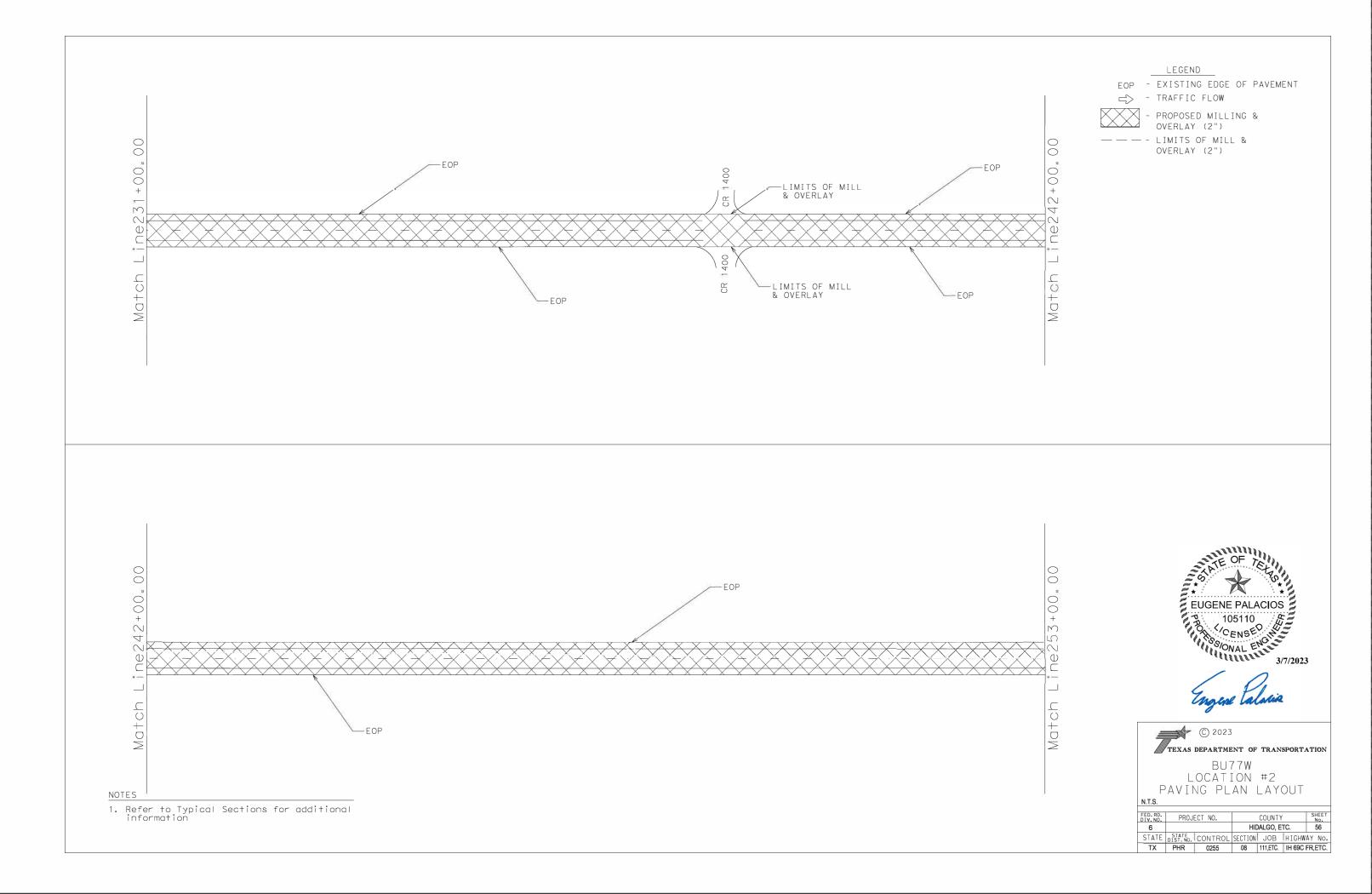


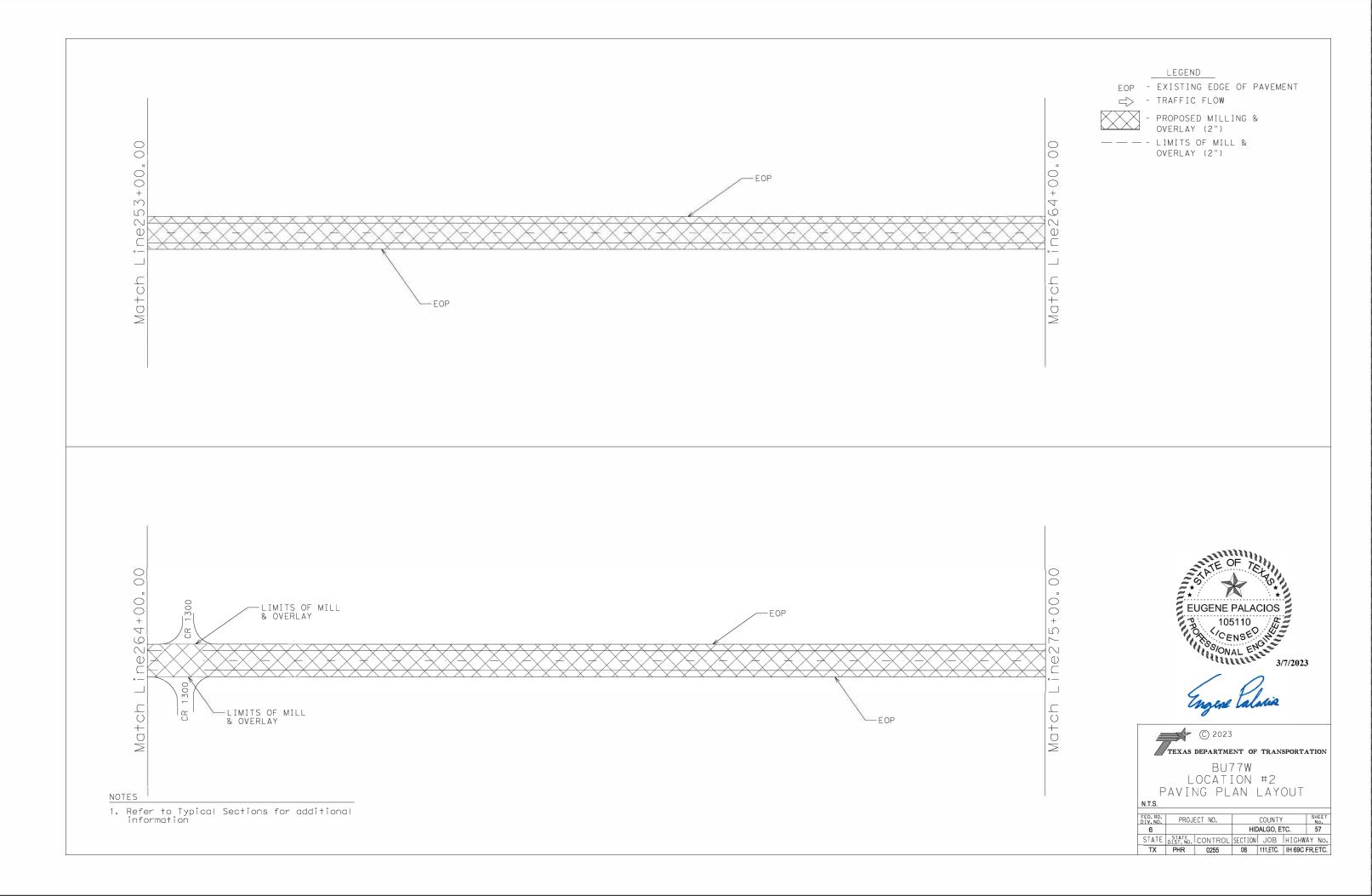


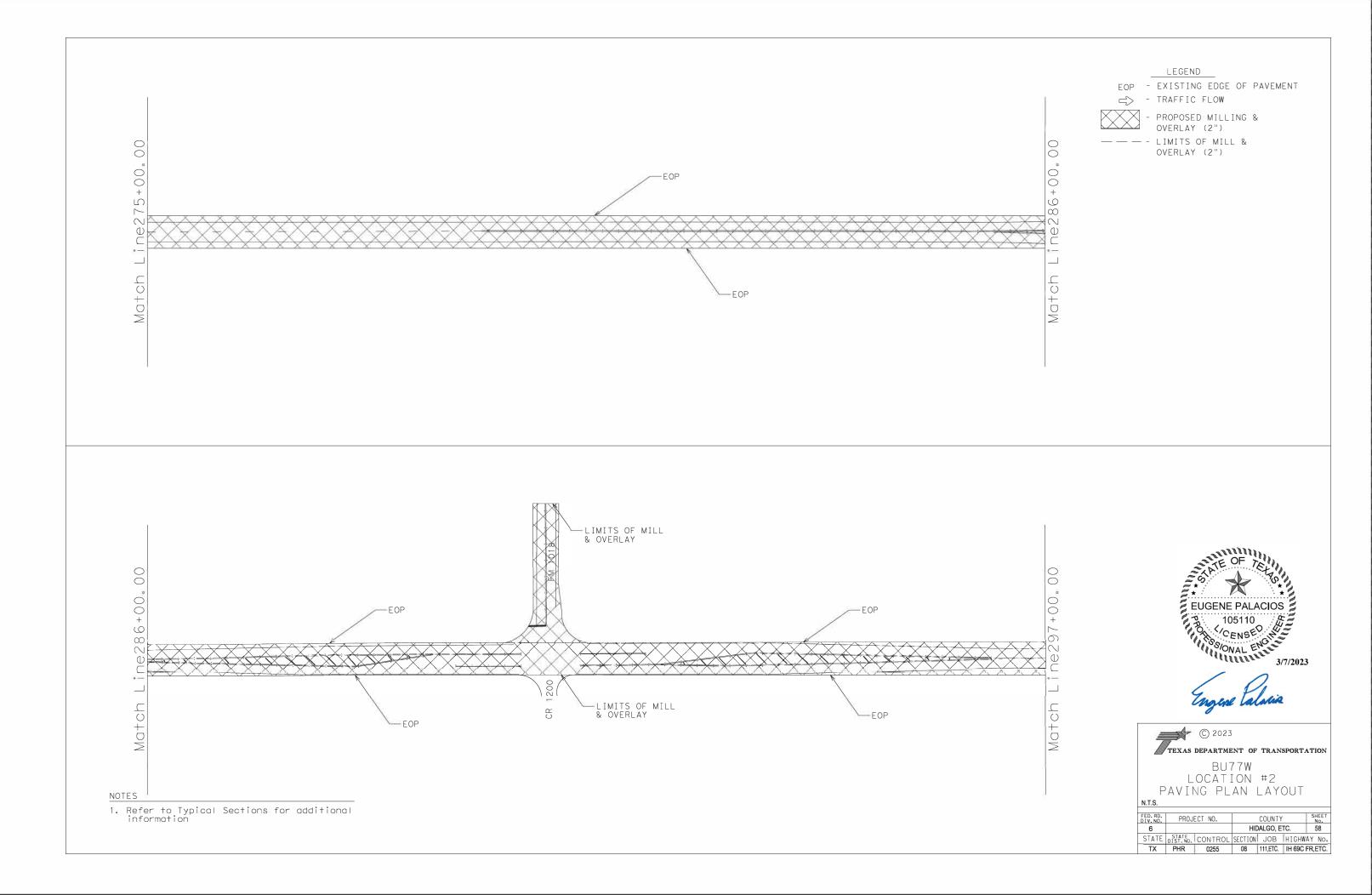


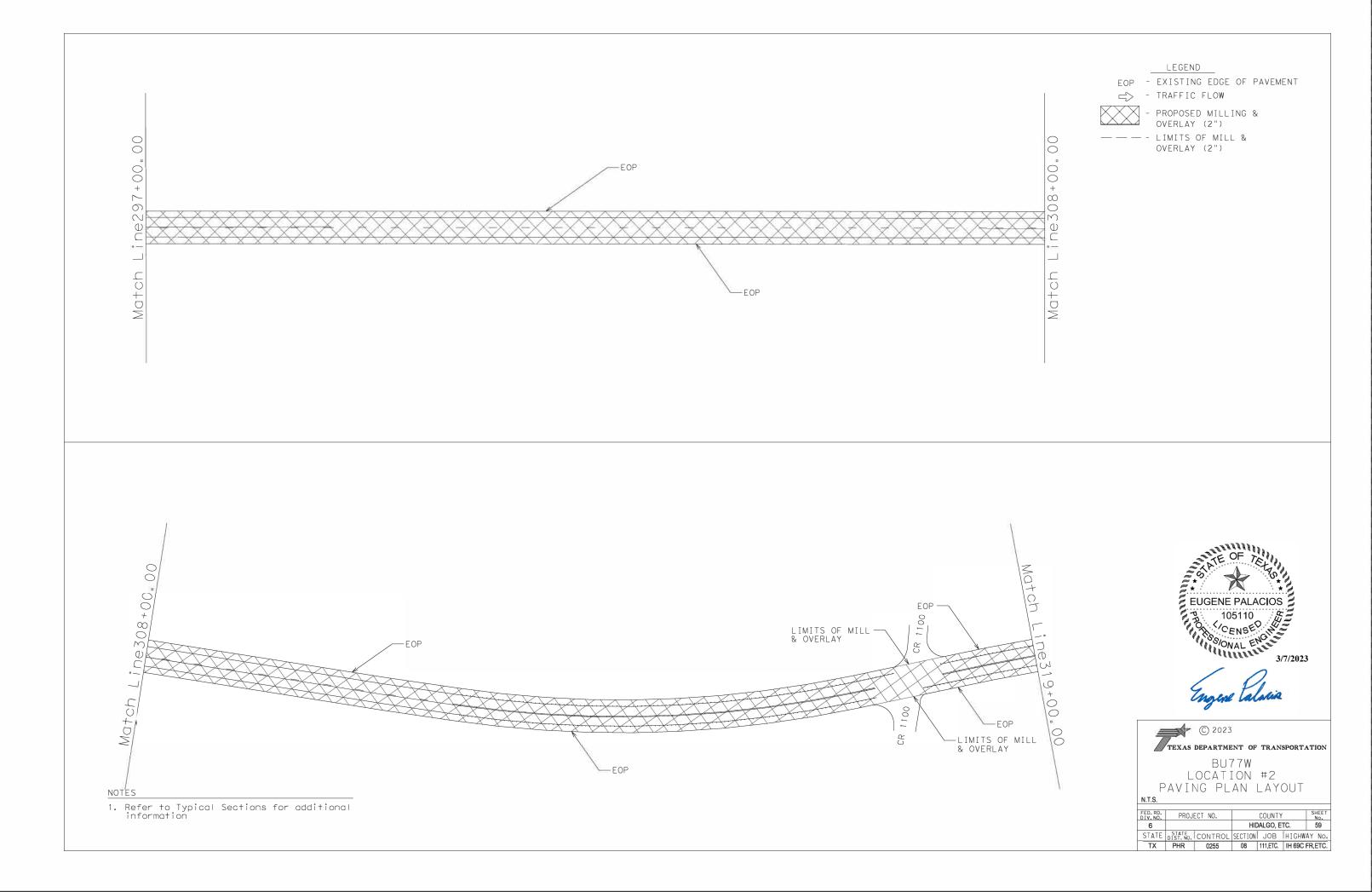


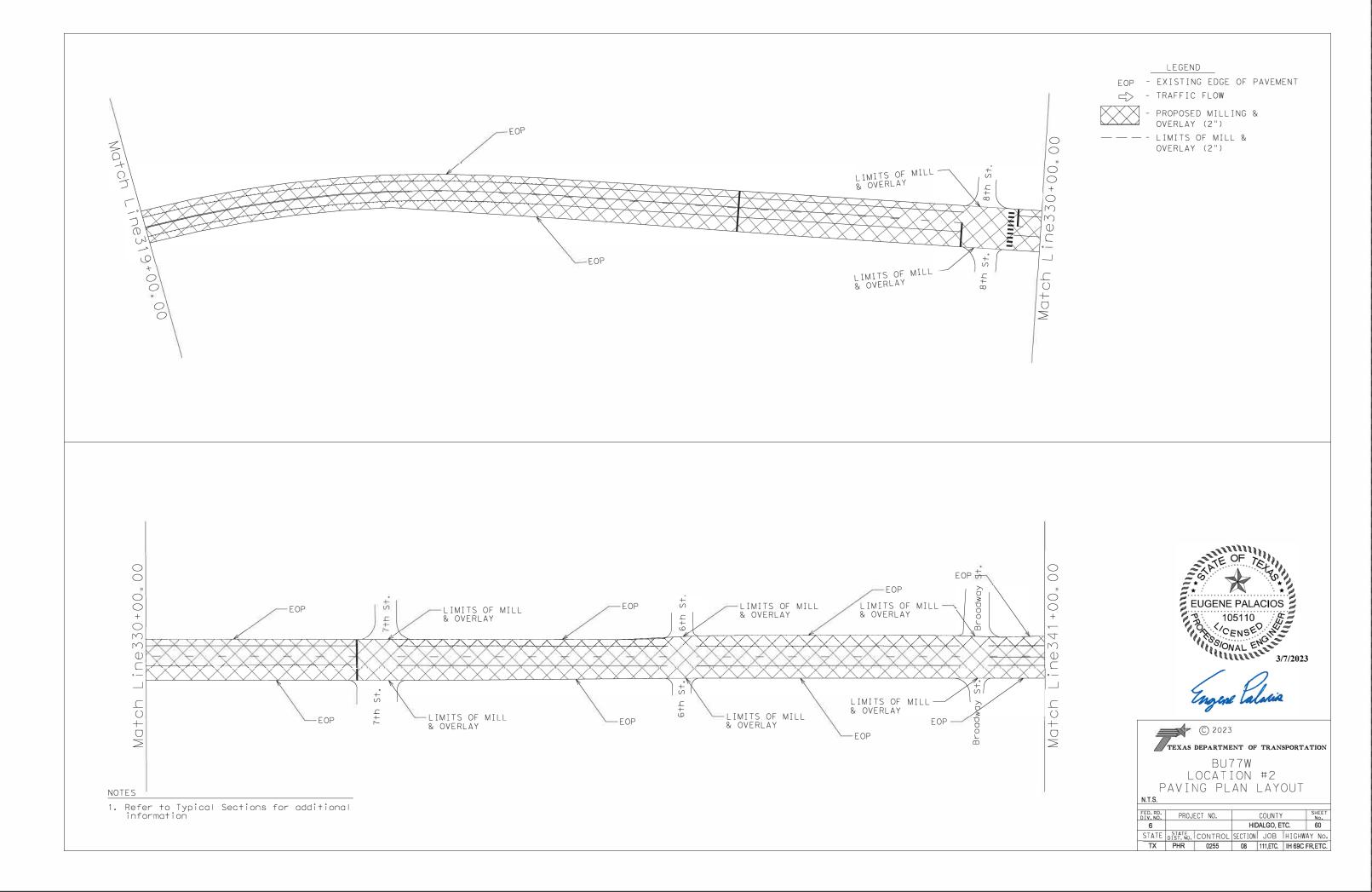


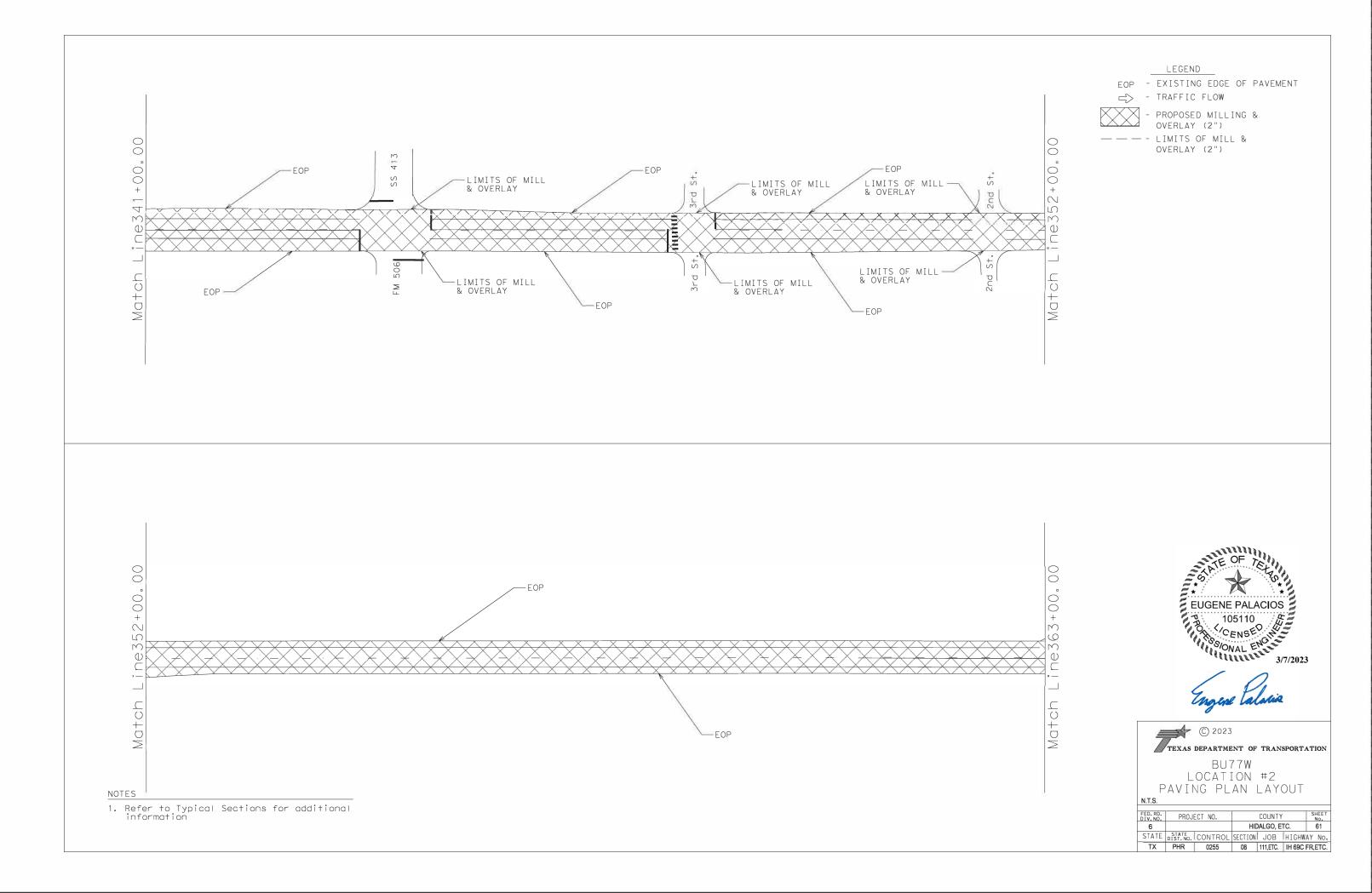




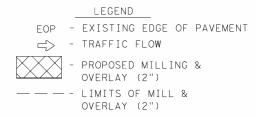




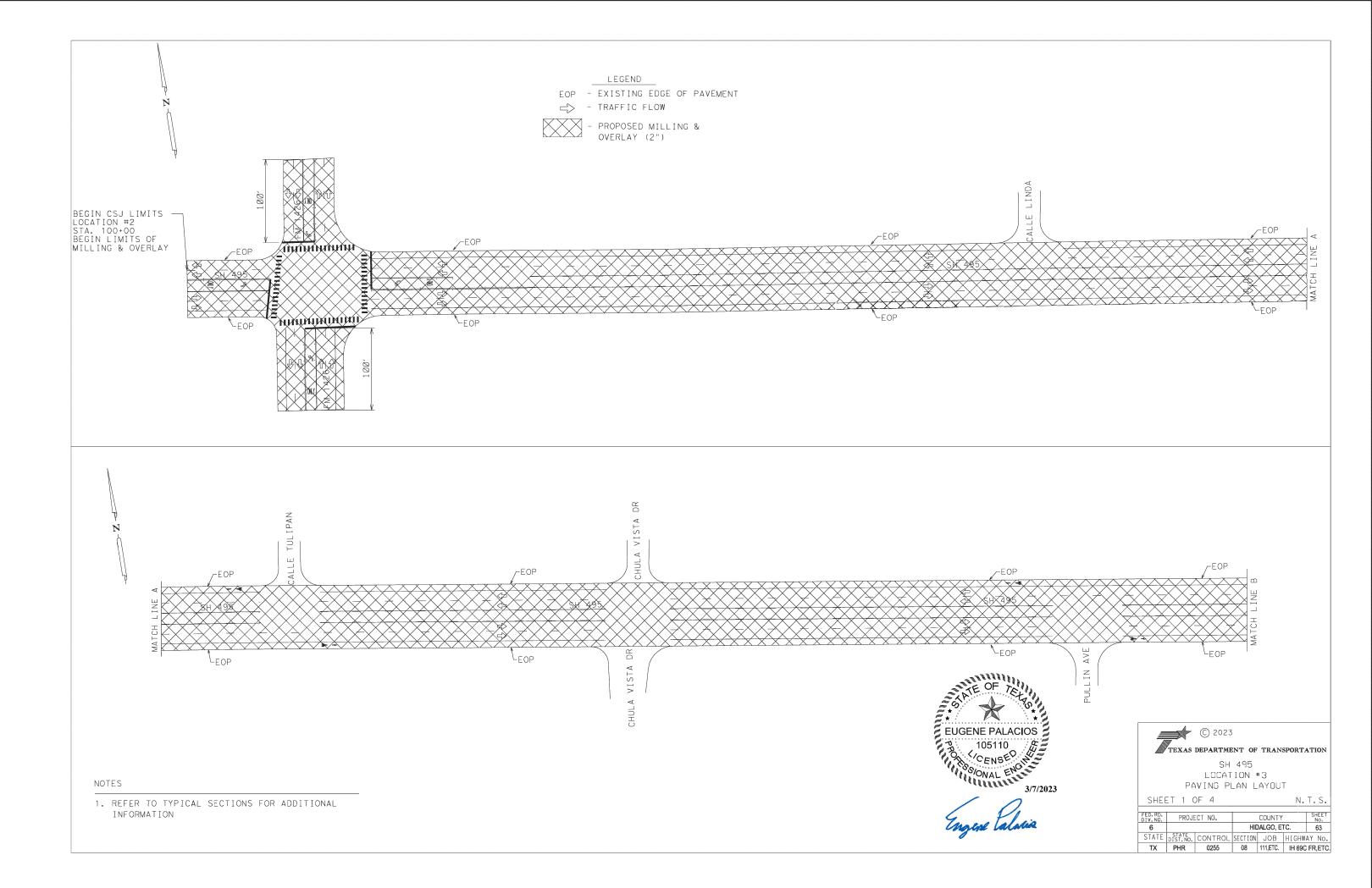


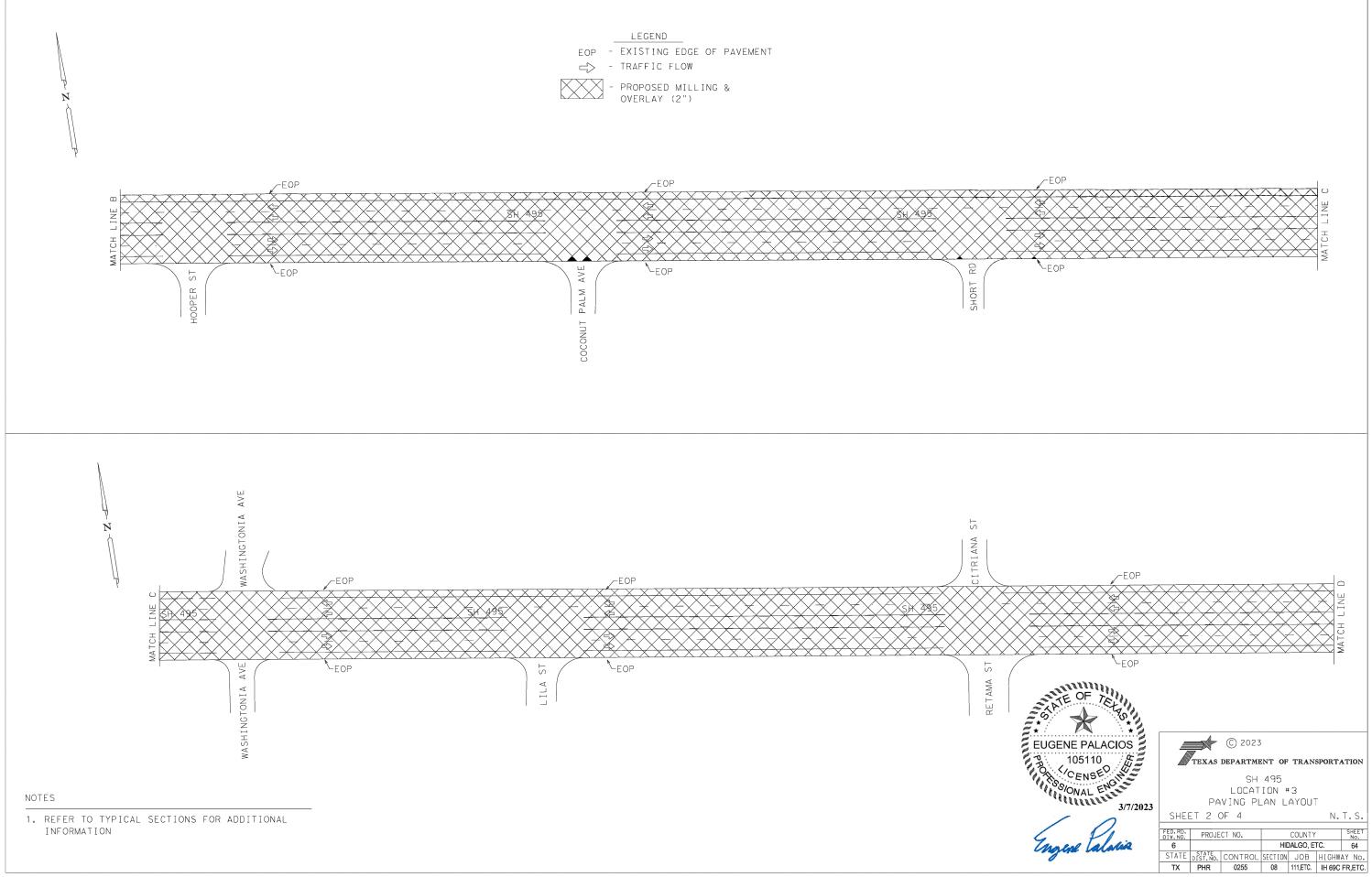


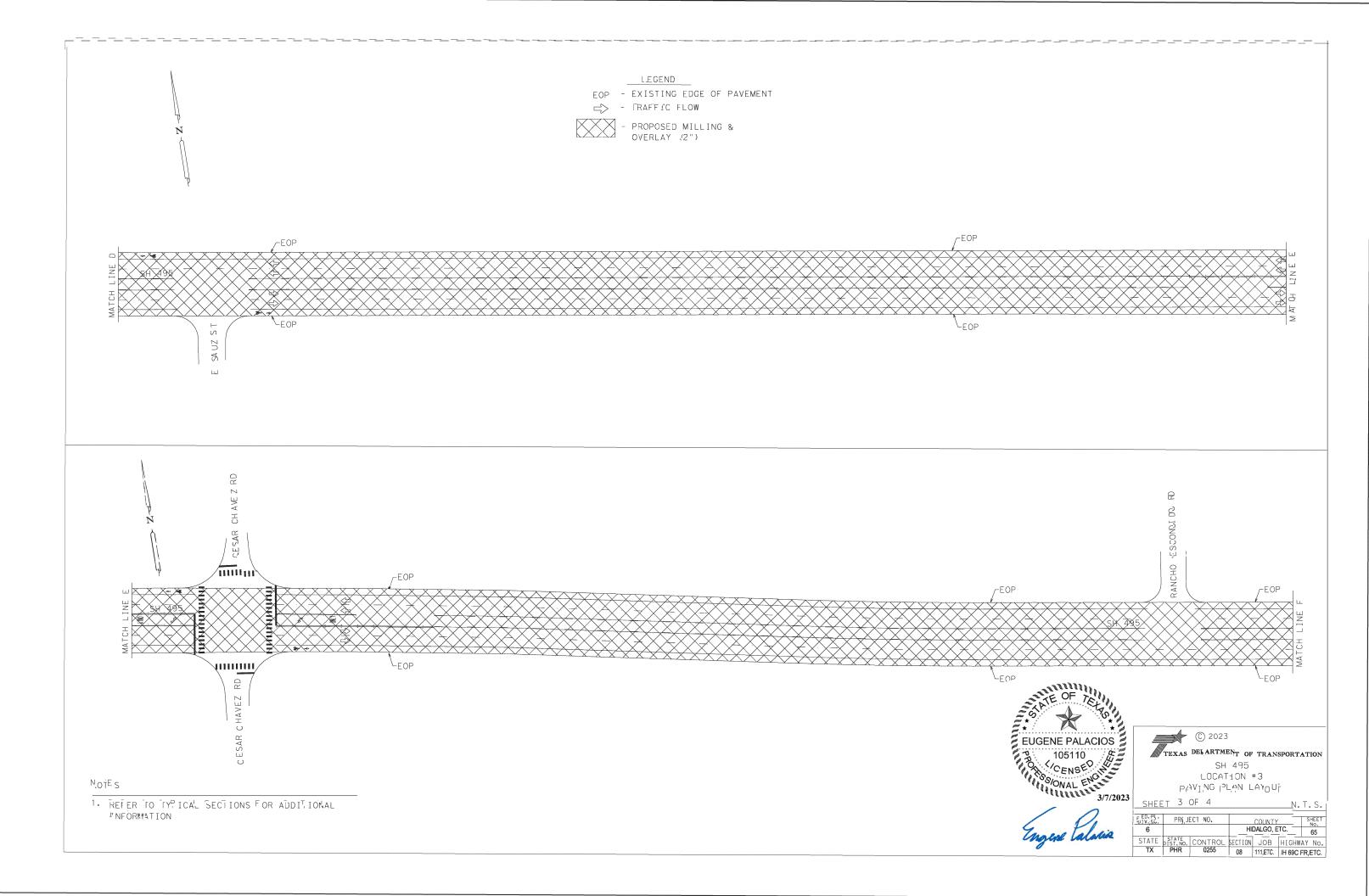


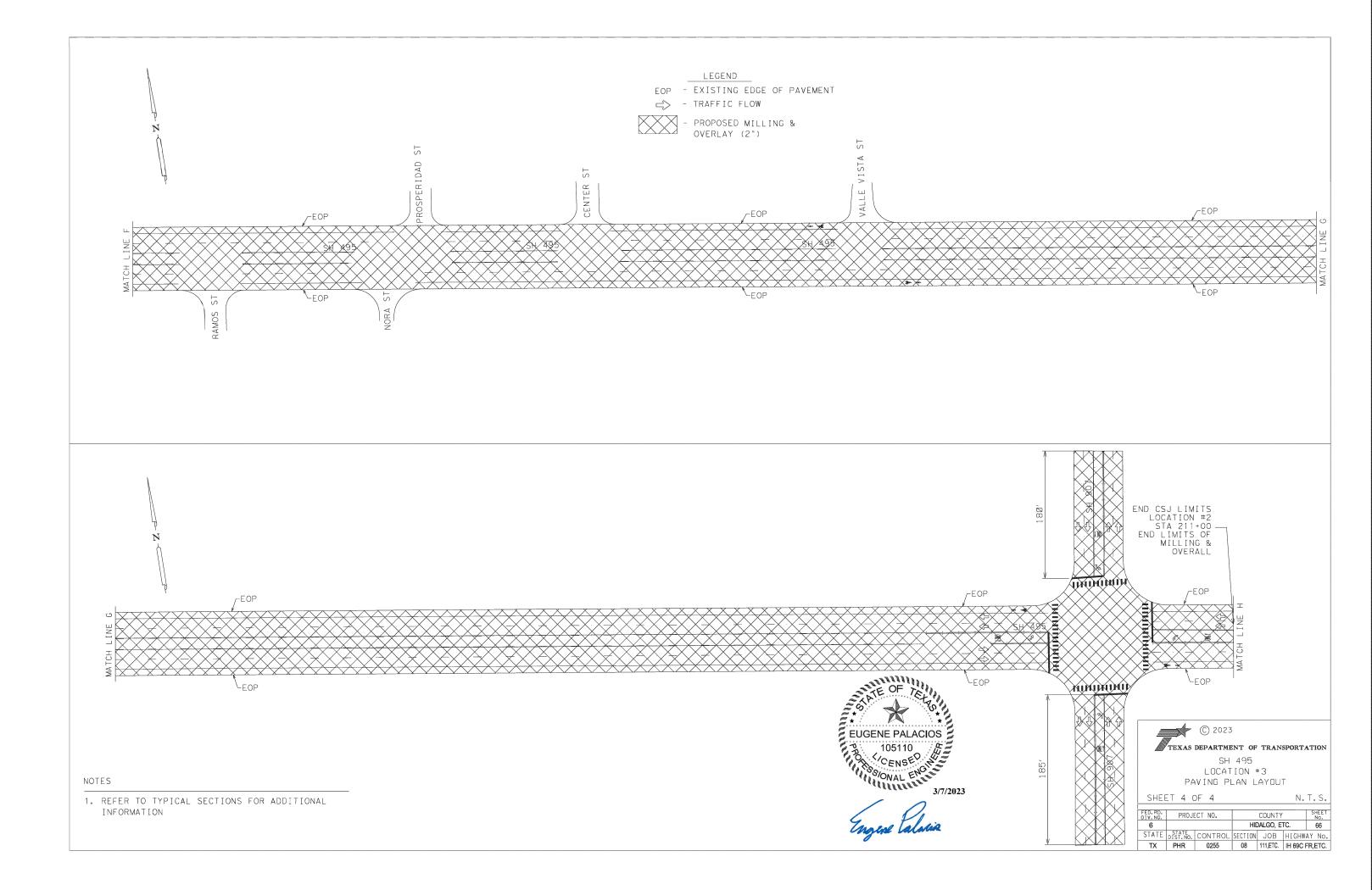


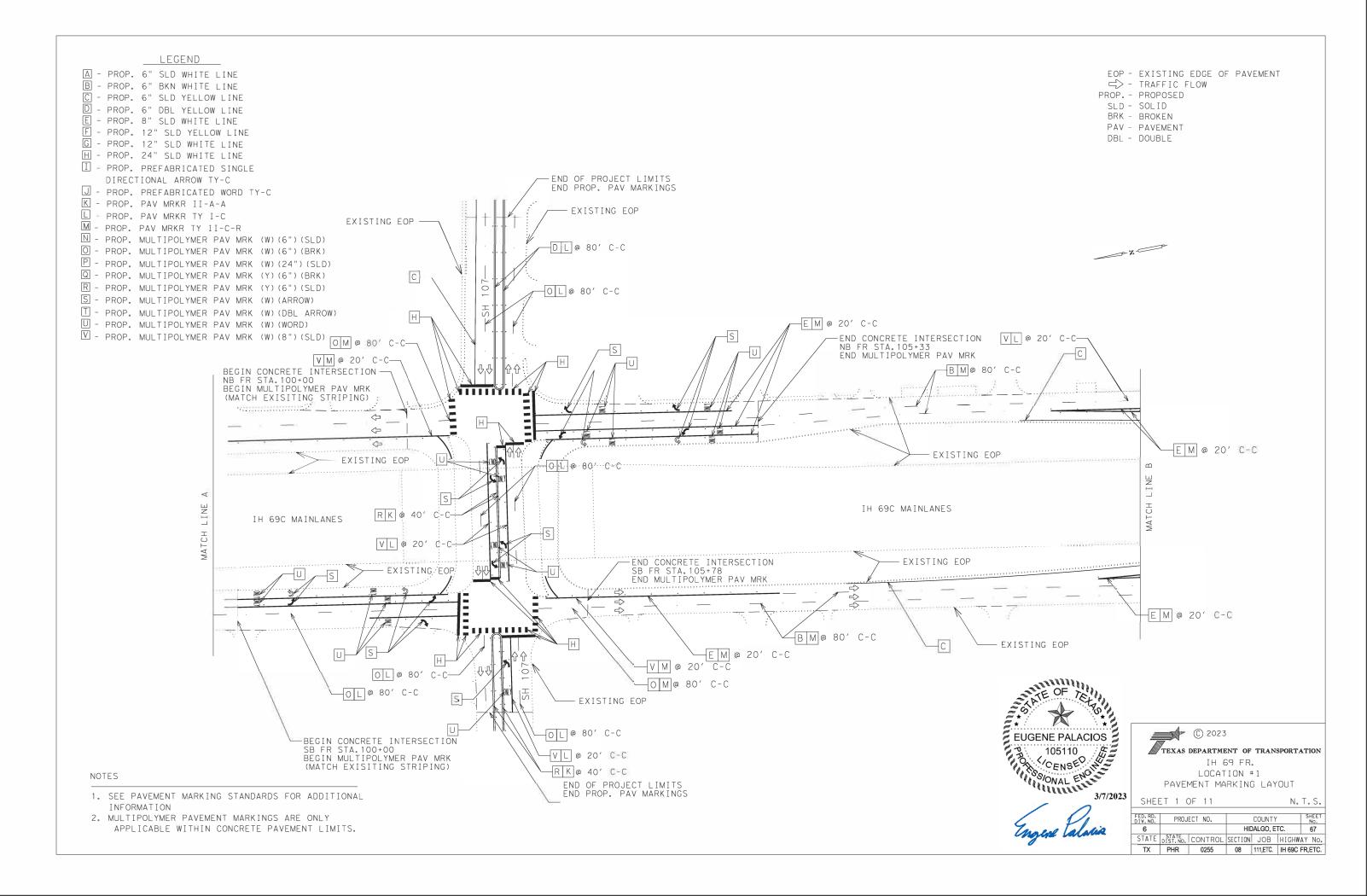


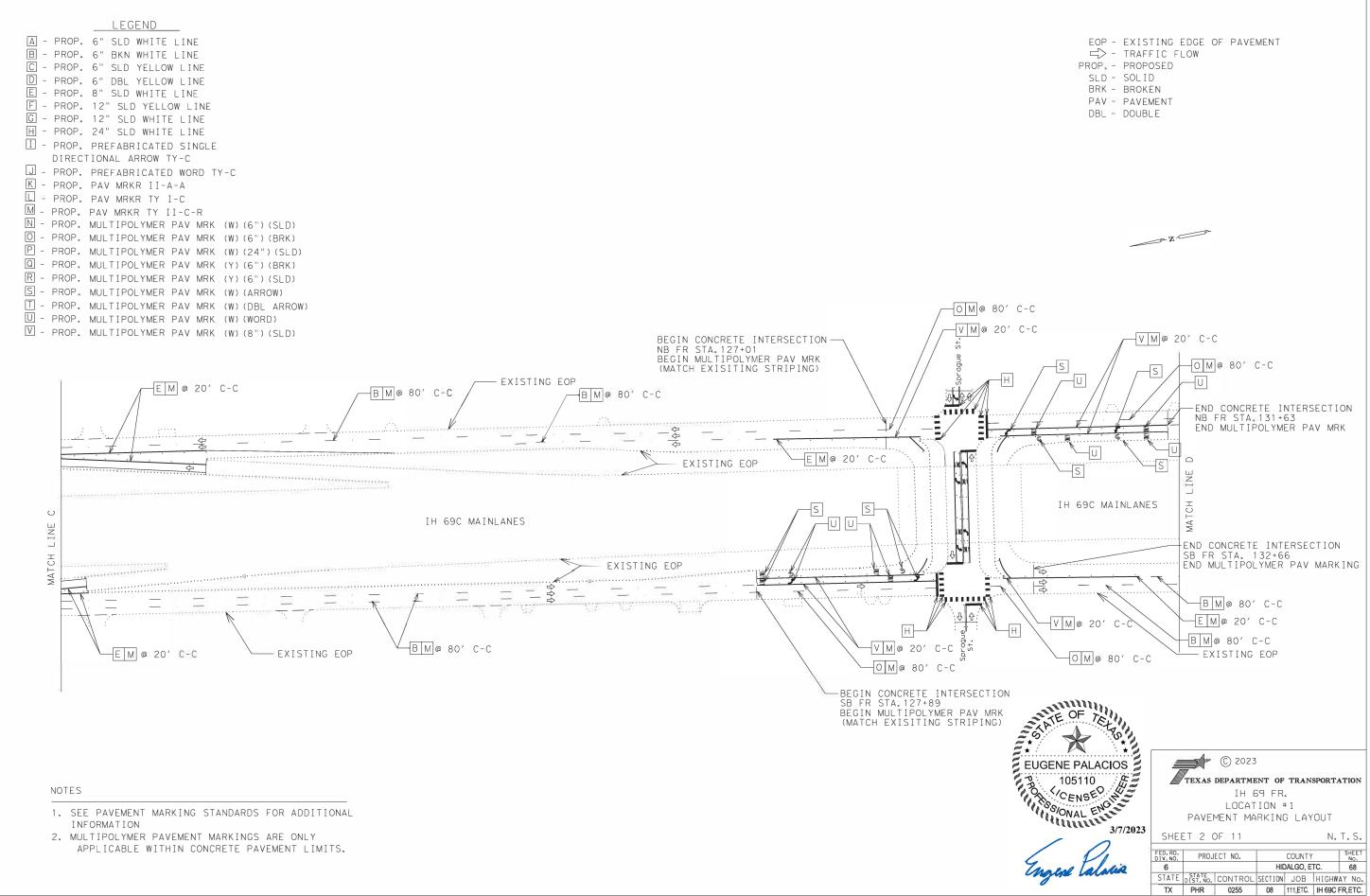




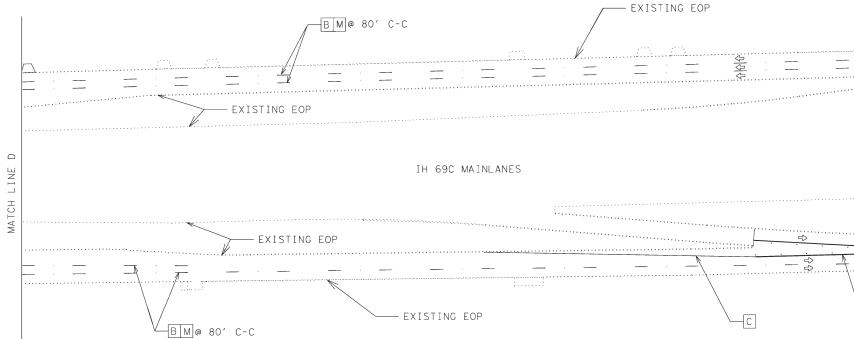


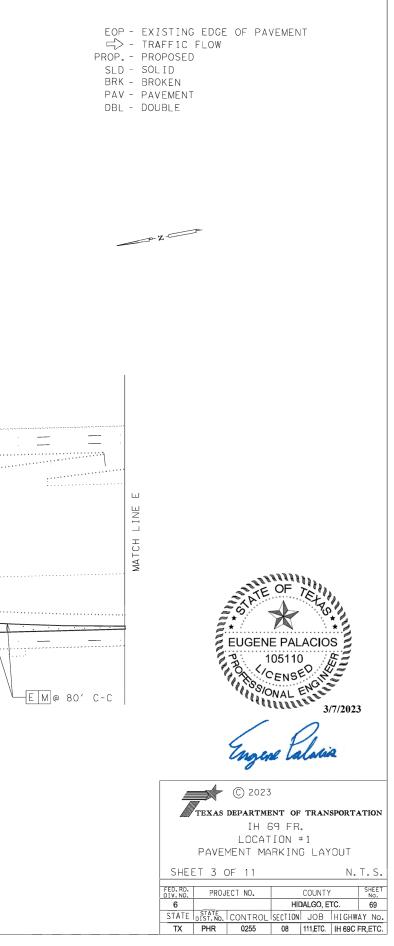


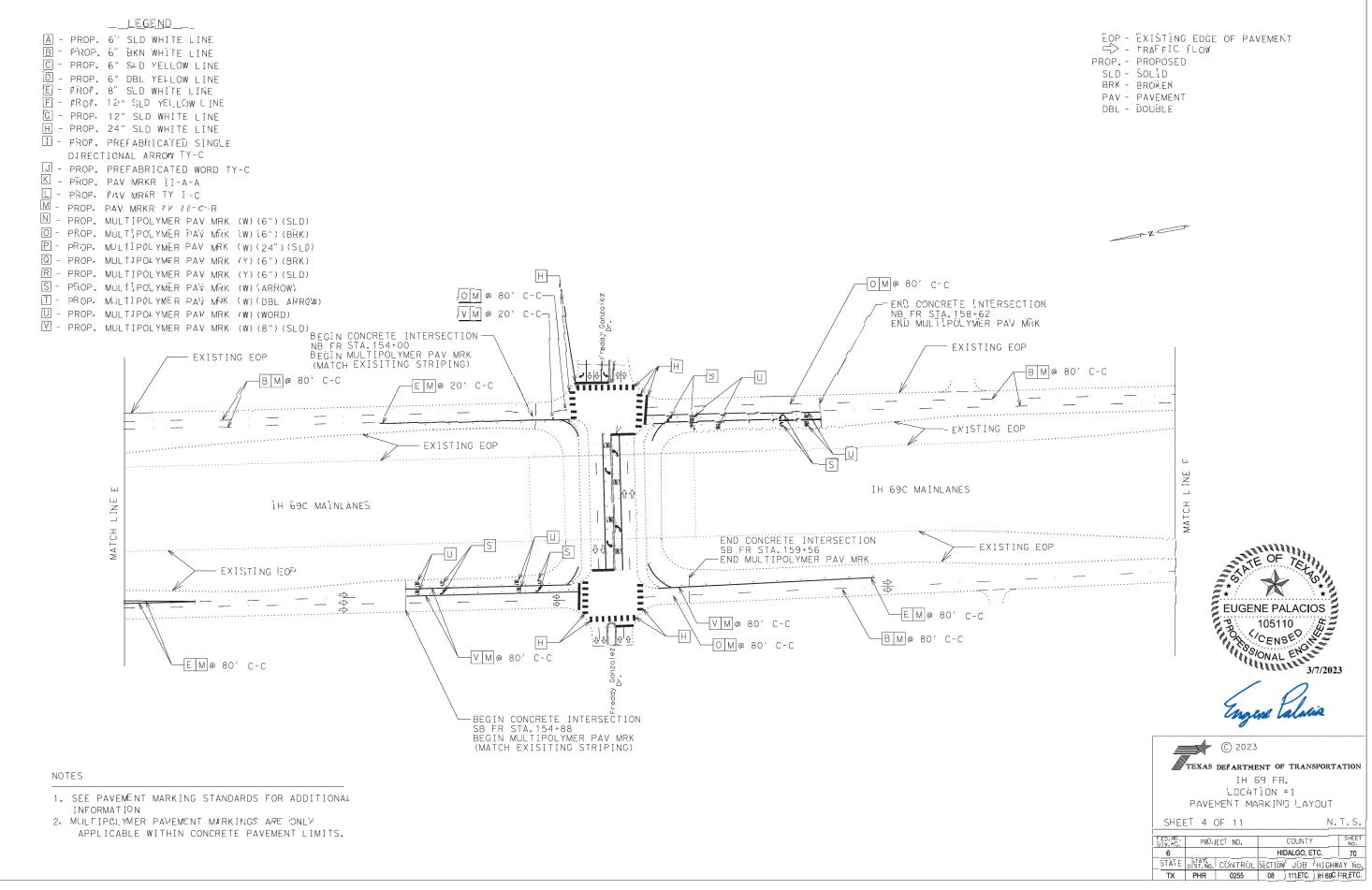




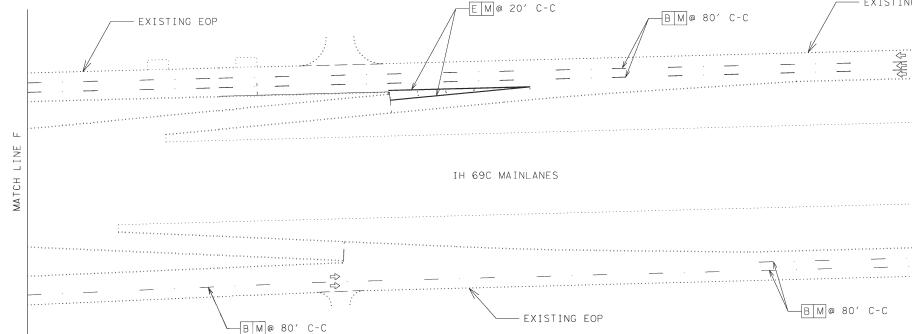
LEGEND
A - PROP. 6" SLD WHITE LINE
B - PROP. 6" BKN WHITE LINE
C - PROP. 6" SLD YELLOW LINE
D - PROP. 6" DBL YELLOW LINE
E - PROP. 8" SLD WHITE LINE
E - PROP. 12" SLD YELLOW LINE
G - PROP. 12" SLD WHITE LINE
H - PROP. 24" SLD WHITE LINE
I - PROP. PREFABRICATED SINGLE
DIRECTIONAL ARROW TY-C
J - PROP. PREFABRICATED WORD TY-C
K - PROP. PAV MRKR II-A-A
U - PROP. PAV MRKR TY I-C
M - PROP. PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
N - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (6") (SLD)
0 - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(6")(BRK)
P - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (₩)(24")(SLD)
Q - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(BRK)
R - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(SLD)
S - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(ARROW)
□ - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (DBL ARROW)
U - PROP, MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (WORD)
V - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (8") (SLD)





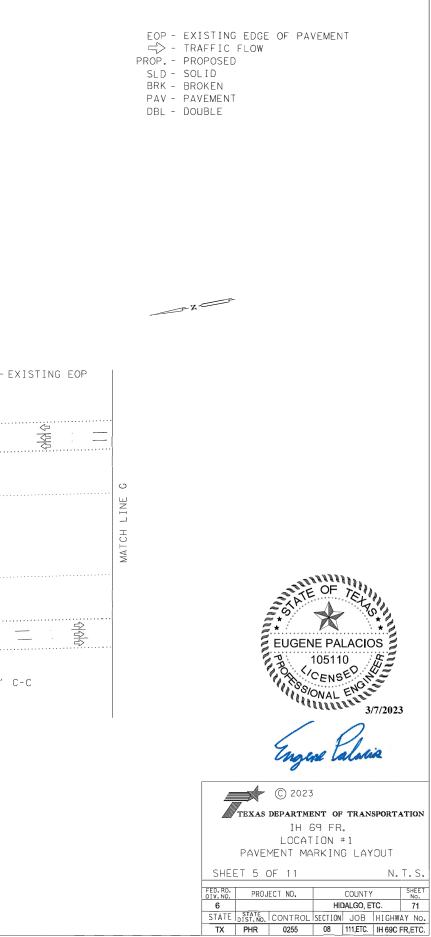


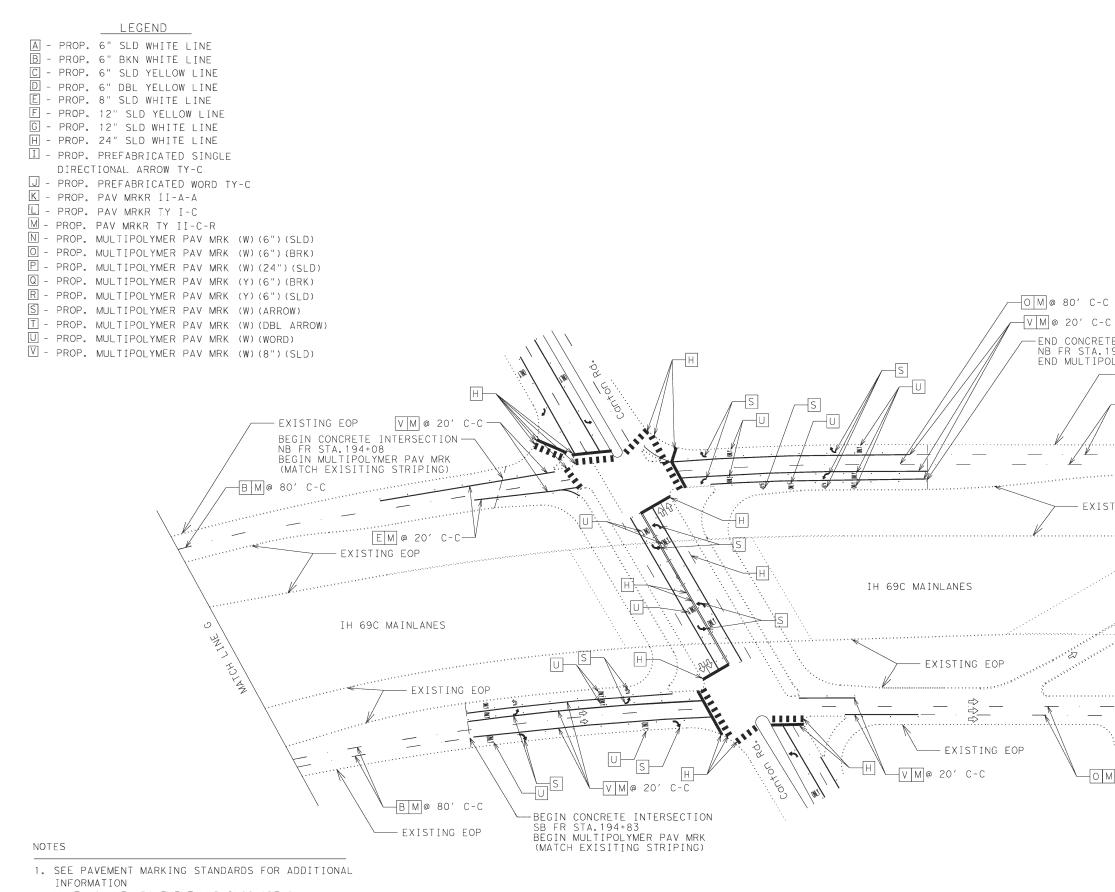
LEGEND
A - PROP. 6" SLD WHITE LINE
B - PROP. 6" BKN WHITE LINE
C - PROP. 6" SLD YELLOW LINE
D - PROP, 6" DBL YELLOW LINE
E - PROP. 8" SLD WHITE LINE
F - PROP. 12" SLD YELLOW LINE
<u>G</u> - PROP. 12" SLD WHITE LINE
H - PROP. 24" SLD WHITE LINE
I - PROP. PREFABRICATED SINGLE
DIRECTIONAL ARROW TY-C
J - PROP. PREFABRICATED WORD TY-C
K - PROP. PAV MRKR II-A-A
🗌 – PROP. PAV MRKR TY I-C
M - PROP. PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
ℕ - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(6")(SLD)
🖸 - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(6")(BRK)
🖻 - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(24")(SLD)
Q - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(BRK)
R - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(SLD)
S - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (ARROW)
□ - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (DBL ARROW)
🗍 - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(WORD)
V - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(8")(SLD)



#### NOTES

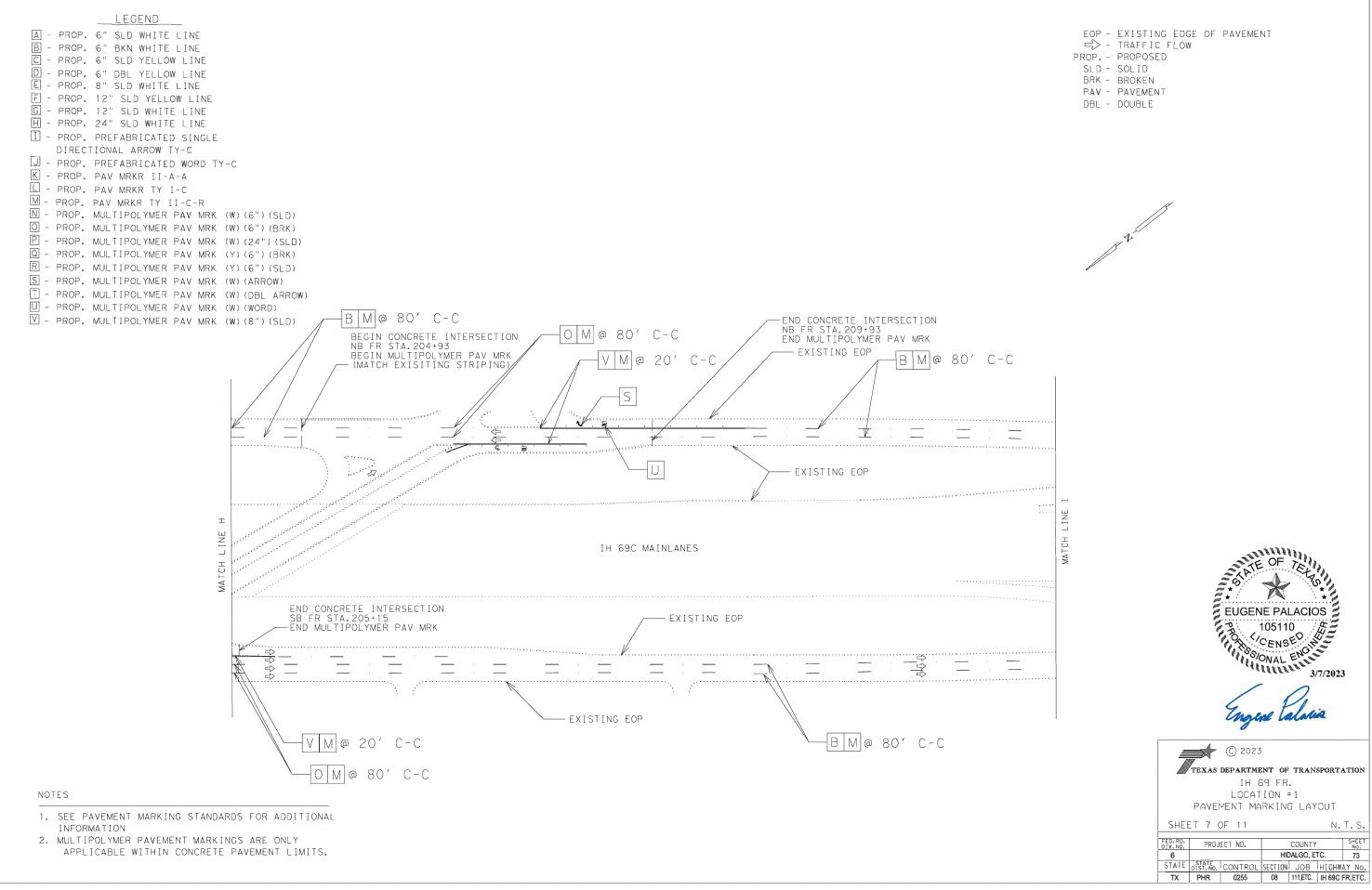
- 1. SEE PAVEMENT MARKING STANDARDS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
- 2. MULTIPOLYMER PAVEMENT MARKINGS ARE ONLY APPLICABLE WITHIN CONCRETE PAVEMENT LIMITS.

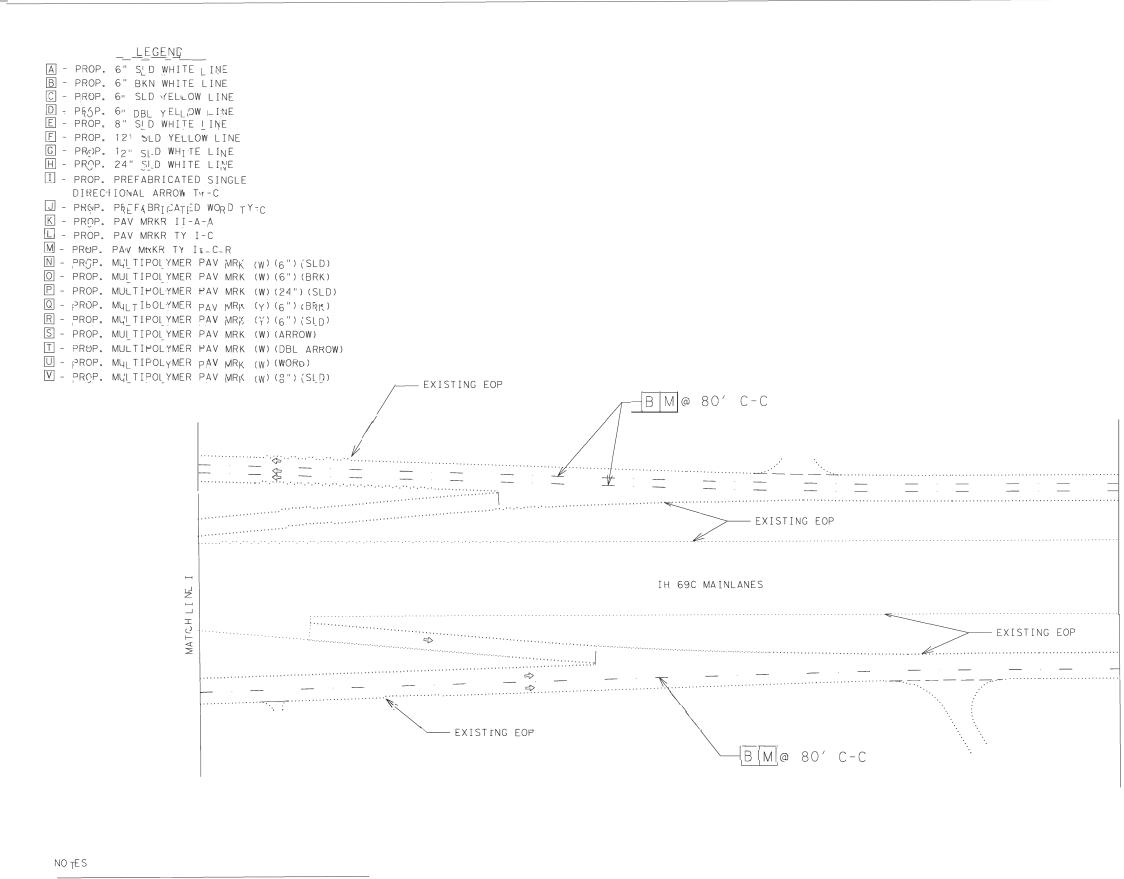




2. MULTIPOLYMER PAVEMENT MARKINGS ARE ONLY APPLICABLE WITHIN CONCRETE PAVEMENT LIMITS.

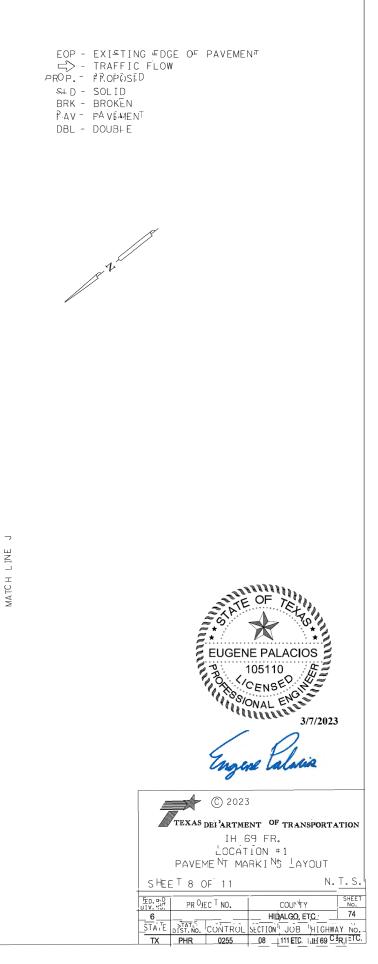
EOP - EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT └── TRAFFIC FLOW PROP. - PROPOSED SLD - SOLID BRK - BROKEN PAV - PAVEMENT DBL - DOUBLE -END CONCRETE INTERSECTION NB FR STA.199+68 END MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK - EXISTING EOP B M @ 80' C-C \$ - EXISTING EOP LINE GH EUGENE PALACIOS CENSED HIS 105110 O M@ 20' C-C © 2023 TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION IH 69 FR. LOCATION #1 PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 6 OF 11 N.T.S. FED.RD. DIV.NO. SHEET No. COUNTY PROJECT NO. HIDALGO, ETC. 6 72 STATE DIST. NO. CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHWAY NO. TX PHR 0255 08 111,ETC. IH 69C FR,ETC.



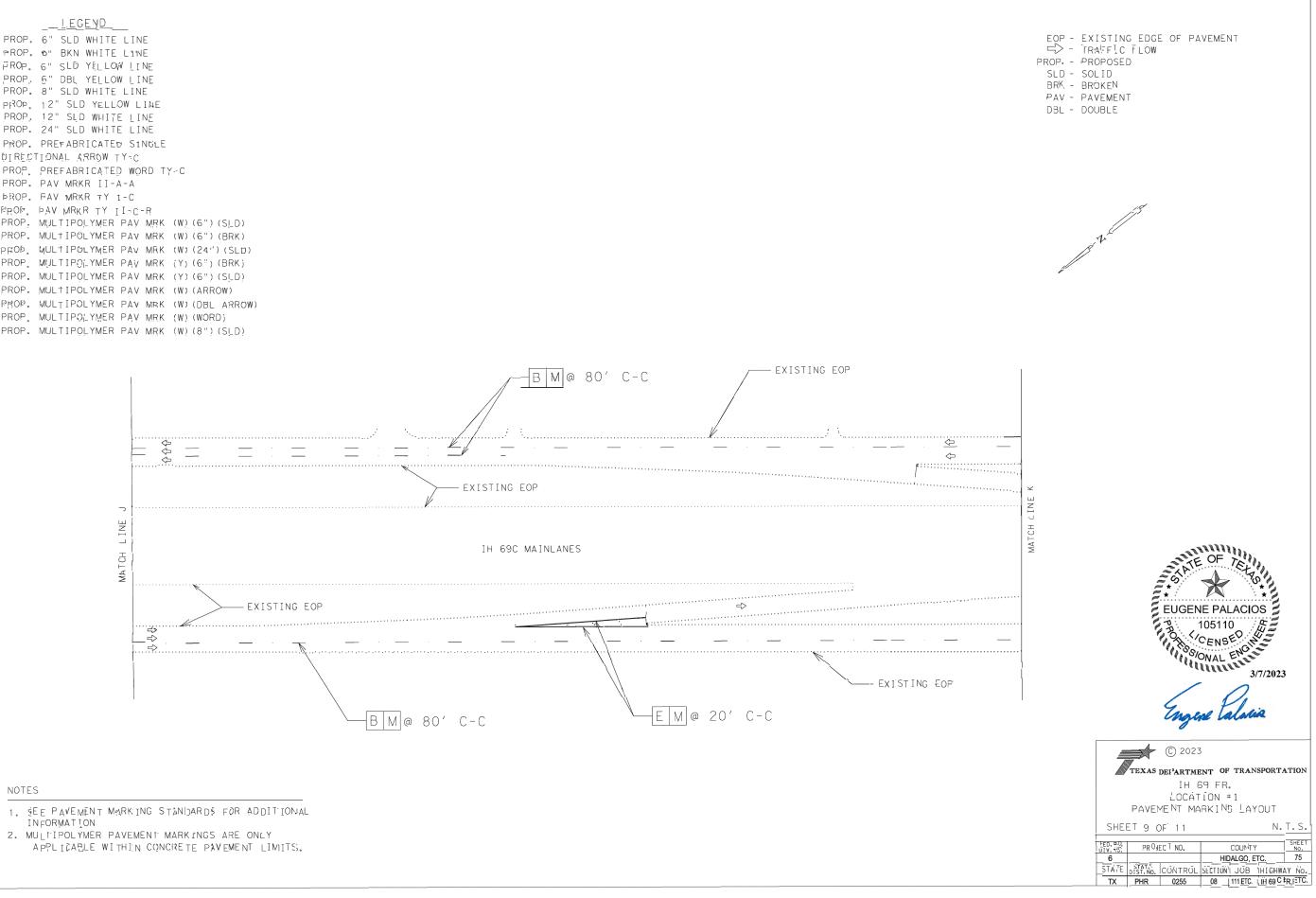


1. SEE PAVEMENT MARKING STANDARDS FOR ADDITIONAL INFOLMATION

2. MULTIPOLYMER PAVEMENT MARKINGS ARE ONLY APPLICABLE WITHIN CONCRETE PAVEMENT LIMITS.

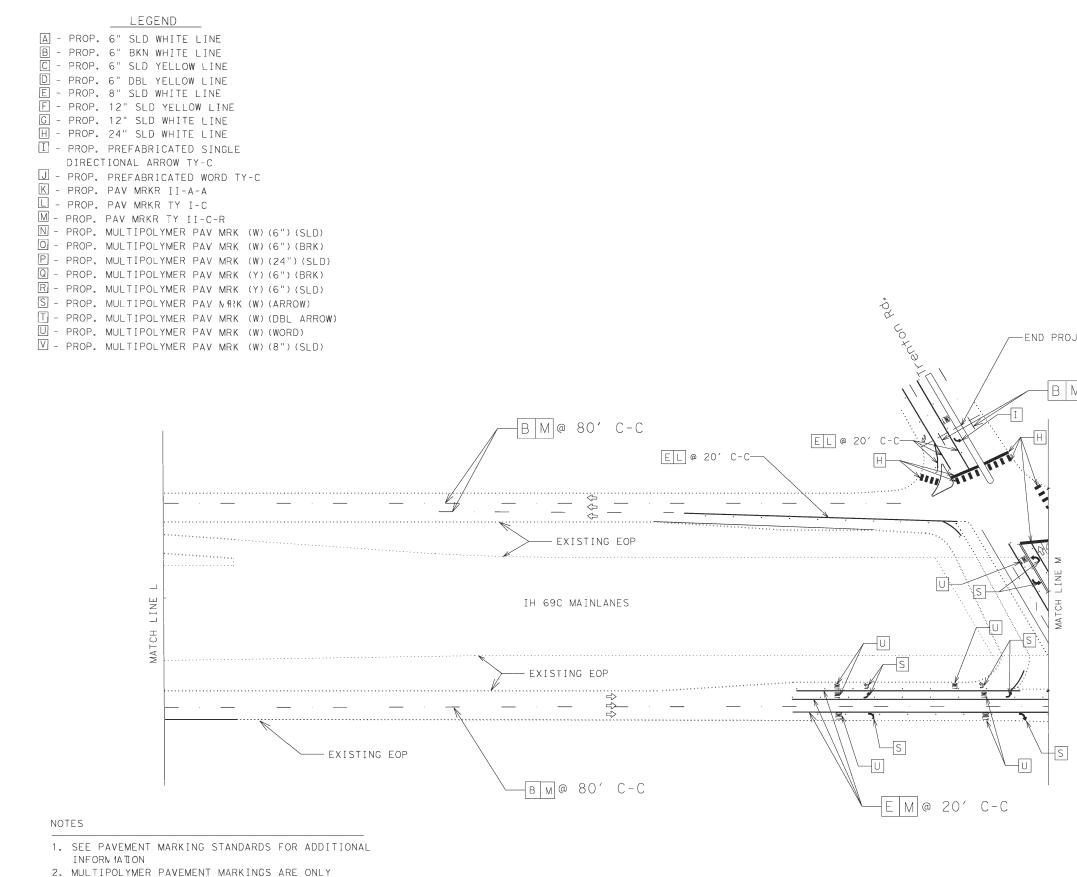


	<u>    Legend                                   </u>
A - PROP.	6" SLD WHITE LINE
	O" BKN WHITE LINE
C - PROP.	6" SLD YELLOW LINE
	6" DBL YELLOW LINE
	8" SLD WHITE LINE
	12" SLD YELLOW LINE
	12" SLD WHITE LINE
	24" SLD WHITE LINE
I - PROP.	PREFABRICATED SINGLE
	TIONAL ARROW TY-C
U - PROP.	PREFABRICATED WORD TYC
	PAV MRKR II-A-A
	FAV MRKR TY 1-C
	ÞAV MRKR TY II-C-R
	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (6") (SLD
O - PROP.	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(6")(BRK
	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (24") (SL
	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y) (6") (BRK
	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y) (6") (SLD
	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (ARROW)
	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (DBL ARR
	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(WORD)
∐ - PROP.	MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W) (8") (SLD



NOTES

- 1. SEE PAVEMENT MARKING STANDARDS FOR ADDITIONAL
- INFORMATION



APPLICABLE WITHIN CONCRETE PAVEMENT LIMITS.



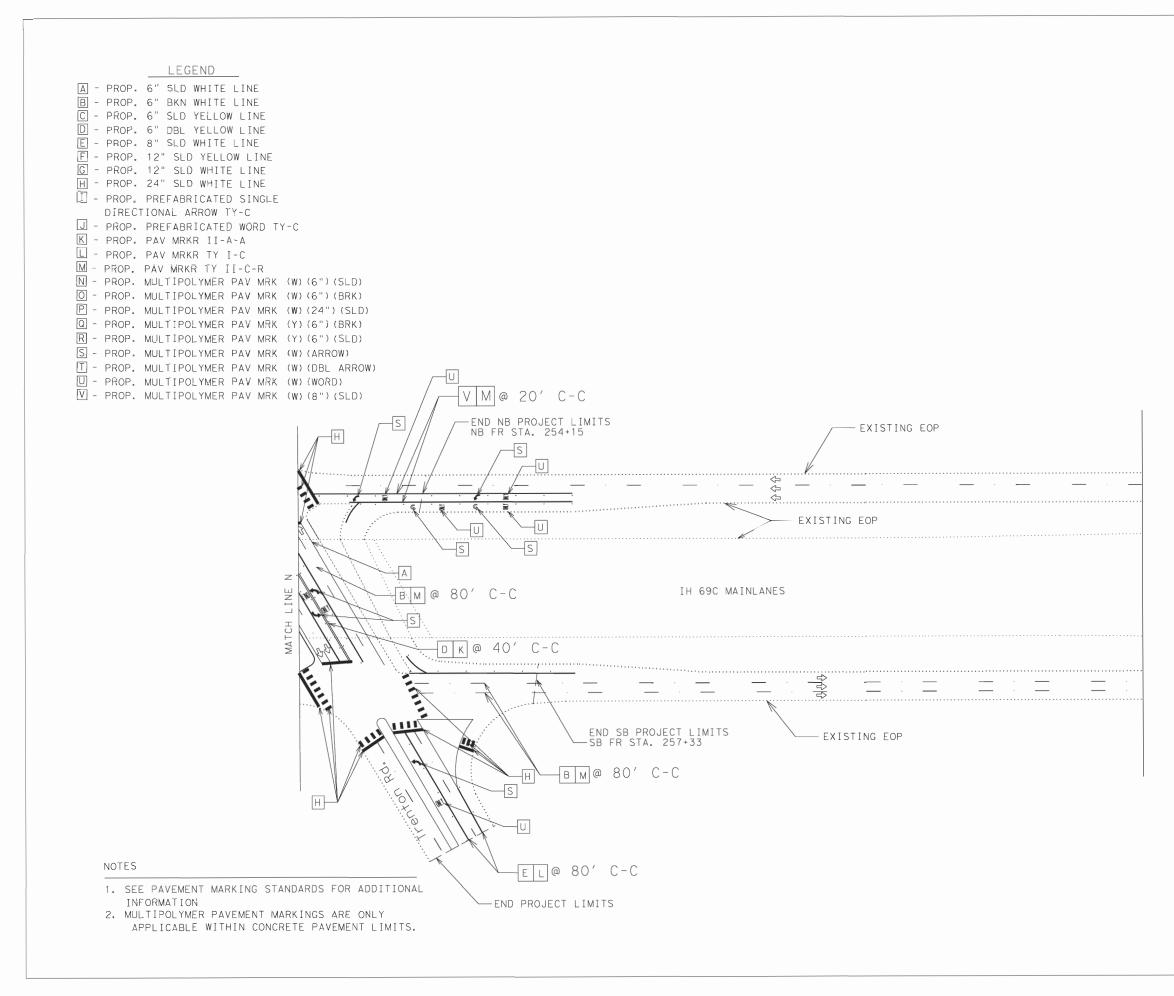
-END PROJECT LIMITS

B M @ 80' C-C

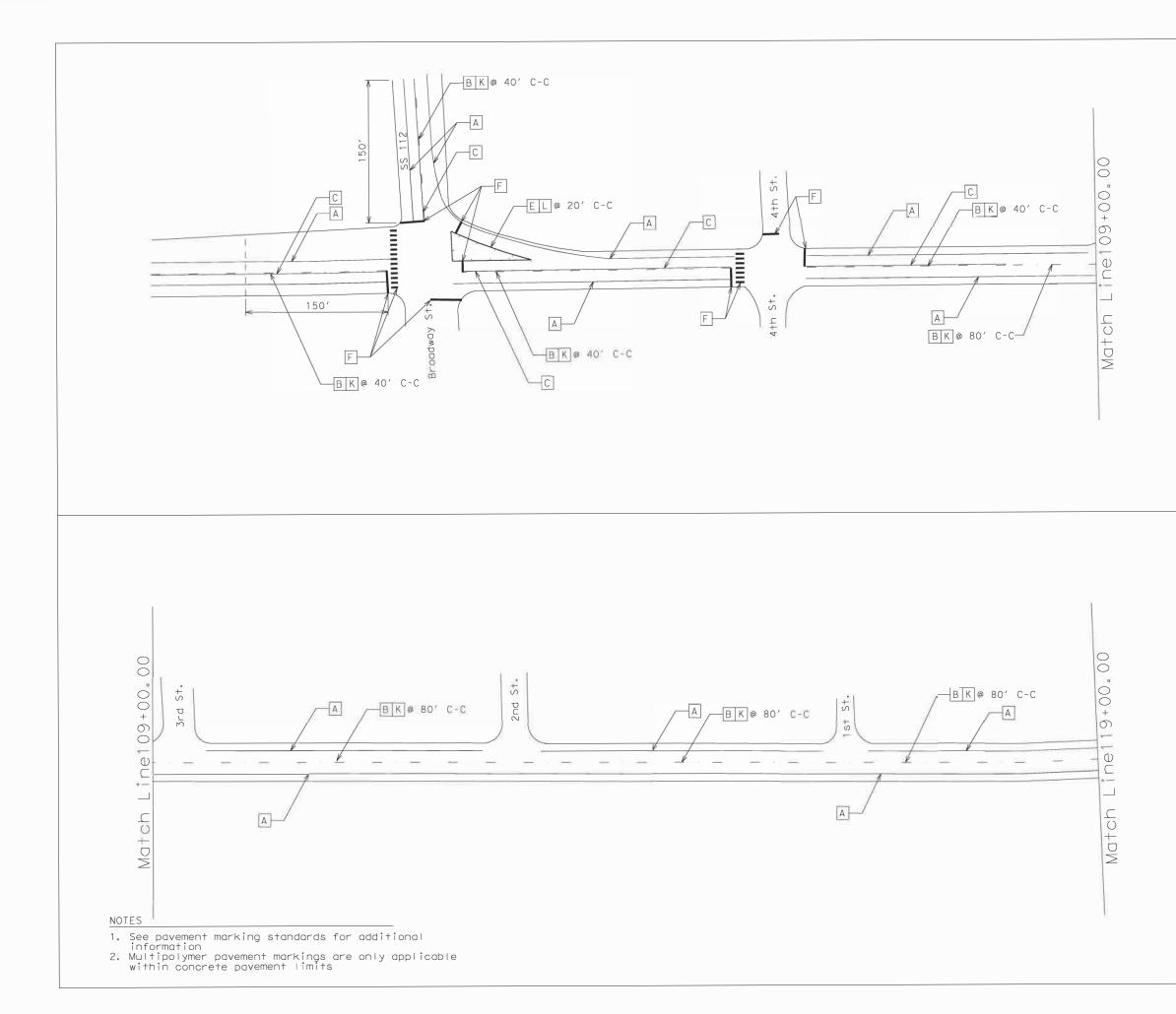
\* EUGENE PALACIOS 105110 CENSED NUT

© 2023 TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION IH 69 FR. LOCATION #1 PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 10 OF 11 N.T.S. FED.RD. DIV.NO. SHEET No. PROJECT NO. COUNTY HIDALGO, ETC. 76 6 STATE DIST. NO. CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHWAY NO.

TX PHR 0255 08 111,ETC. IH 69C FR,ETC.

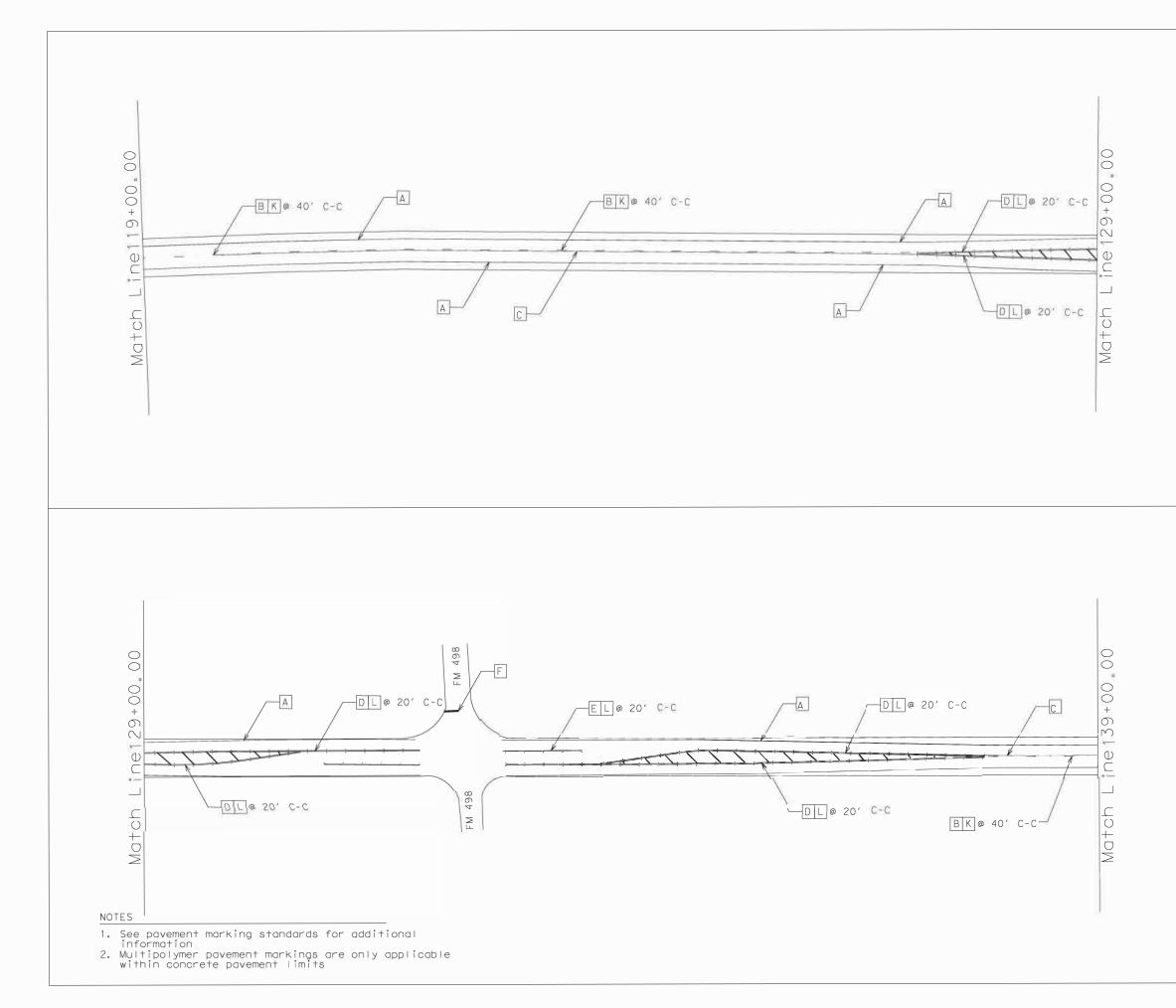


EOP - EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT → - TRAFFIC FLOW PROP. - PROPOSED SLD - SOLID BRK - BROKEN PAV - PAVEMENT DBL - DOUBLE EUGENE PALACIOS CENSEO NALENOLULI © 2023 TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION IH 69 FR. LOCATION #1 PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT SHEET 11 OF 11 N. T. S. FED.RD. DIV.NO. SHEET PROJECT NO. COUNTY 6 HIDALGO, ETC. 77 STATE DIST. NO. CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHWAY NO. TX PHR 0255 08 111,ETC. IH 69C FR,ETC.



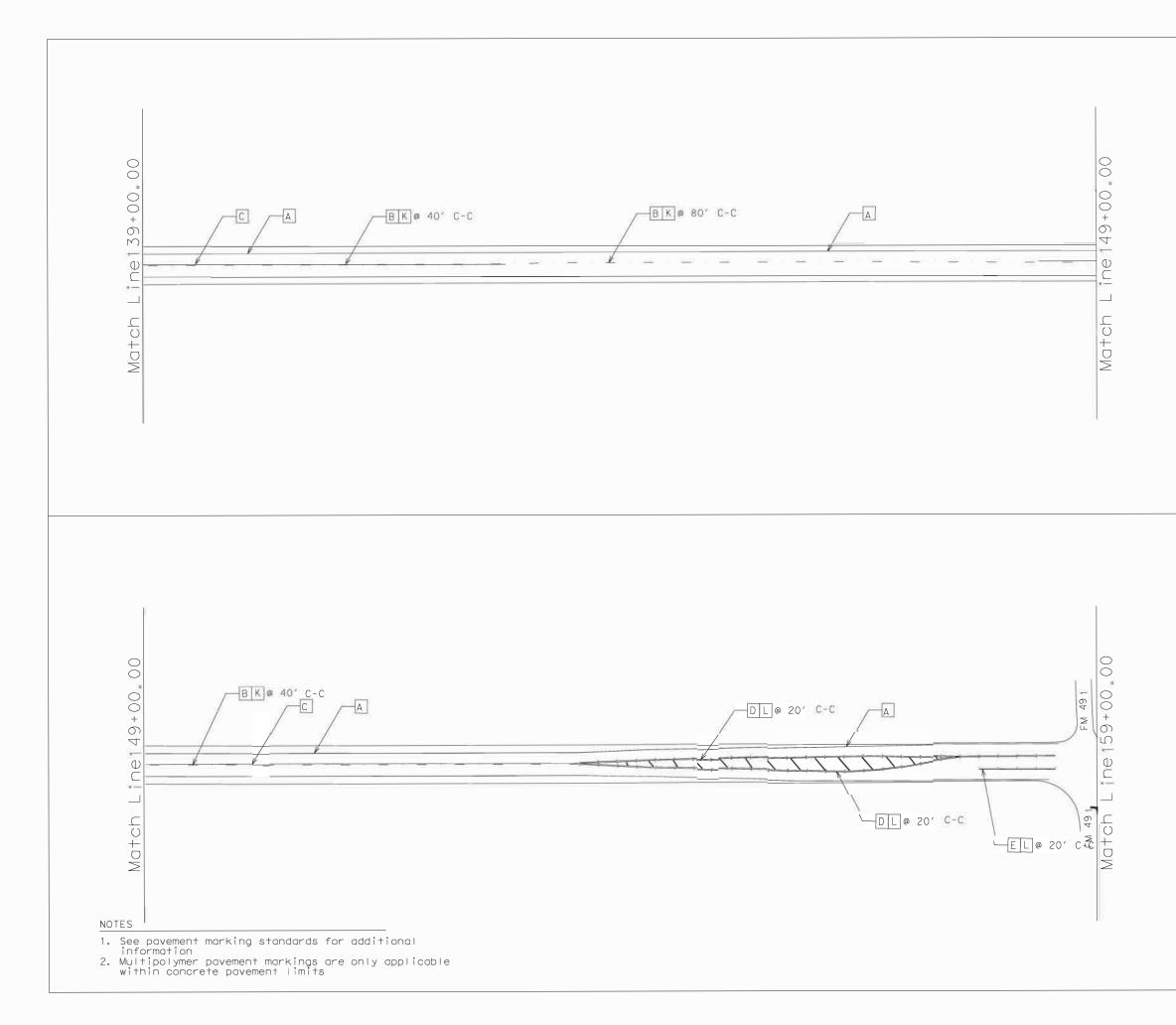
LEGEND
A - PROP. 6" SLD WHITE LINE
B - PROP. 6" BKN YELLOW LINE
C - PROP. 6" SLD YELLOW LINE
D - PROP. 6" DBL YELLOW LINE
E - PROP. 8" SLD WHITE LINE
F - PROP. 24" SLD WHITE LINE
G - PROP. PREFABRICATED SINGLE
DIRECTIONAL ARROW TY-C
J - PROP. PREFABRICATED WORD TY-C
🔣 - PROP. PAV MRKR II-A-A
L - PROP. PAV MRKR TY I-C
🔟 - PROP. PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
N - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(6")(SLD)
Q - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(BRK)
EOP - EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT
→ TRAFFIC FLOW
PROP PROPOSED
SLD - SOLID
BRK - BROKEN PAV - PAVEMENT
DBI - DOUBLE





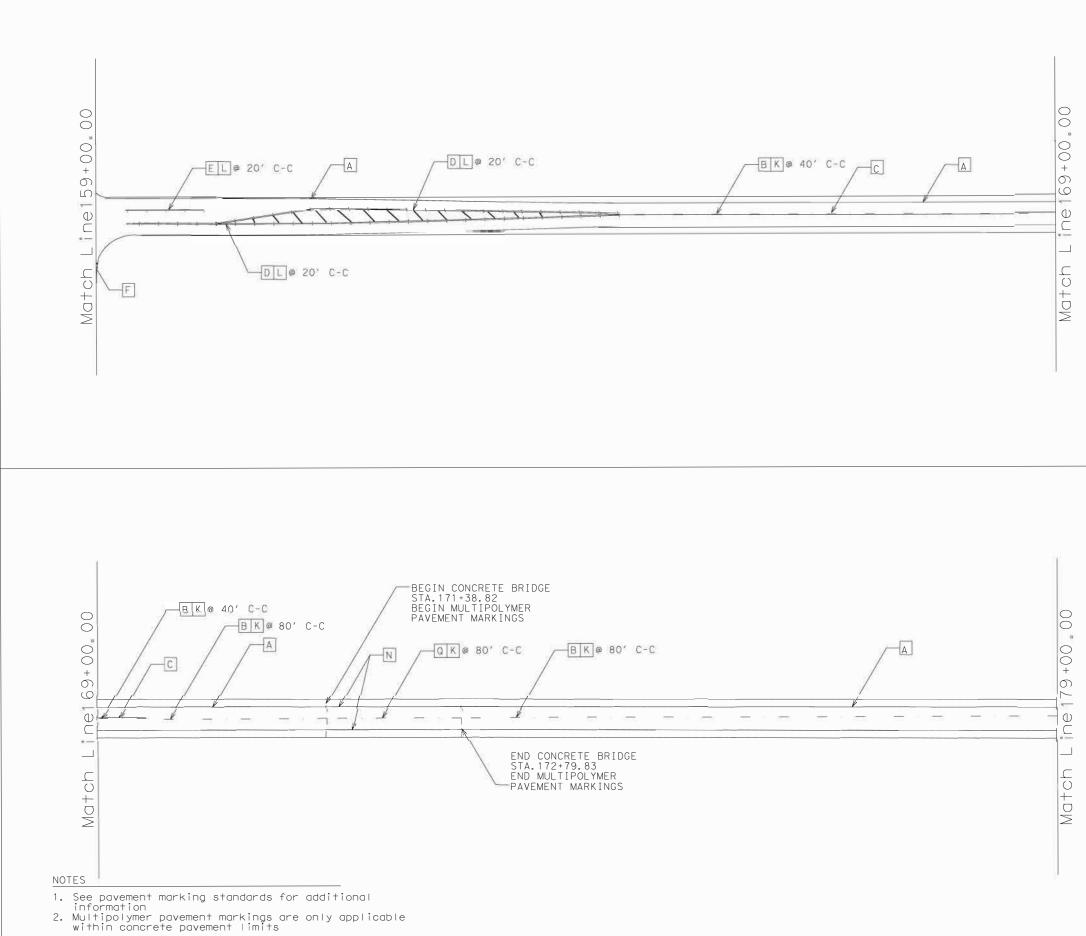
\_\_\_LEGEND\_\_\_\_ A - PROP. 6" SLD WHITE LINE B - PROP. 6" BKN YELLOW LINE C - PROP. 6" SLD YELLOW LINE D - PROP. 6" DBL YELLOW LINE E = PROP. 8" SLD WHITE LINE F = PROP. 24" SLD WHITE LINE G - PROP. PREFABRICATED SINGLE DIRECTIONAL ARROW TY-C J = PROP. PREFABRICATED WORD TY-C K - PROP. PAV MRKR II-A-A 🗆 - PROP. PAV MRKR TY I-C M - PROP. PAV MRKR TY II-C-R N - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (₩) (6") (SLD) Q - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(BRK) EOP - EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT ➡> - TRAFFIC FLOW PROP. - PROPOSED SLD - SOLID BRK - BROKEN PAV - PAVEMENT DBL - DOUBLE





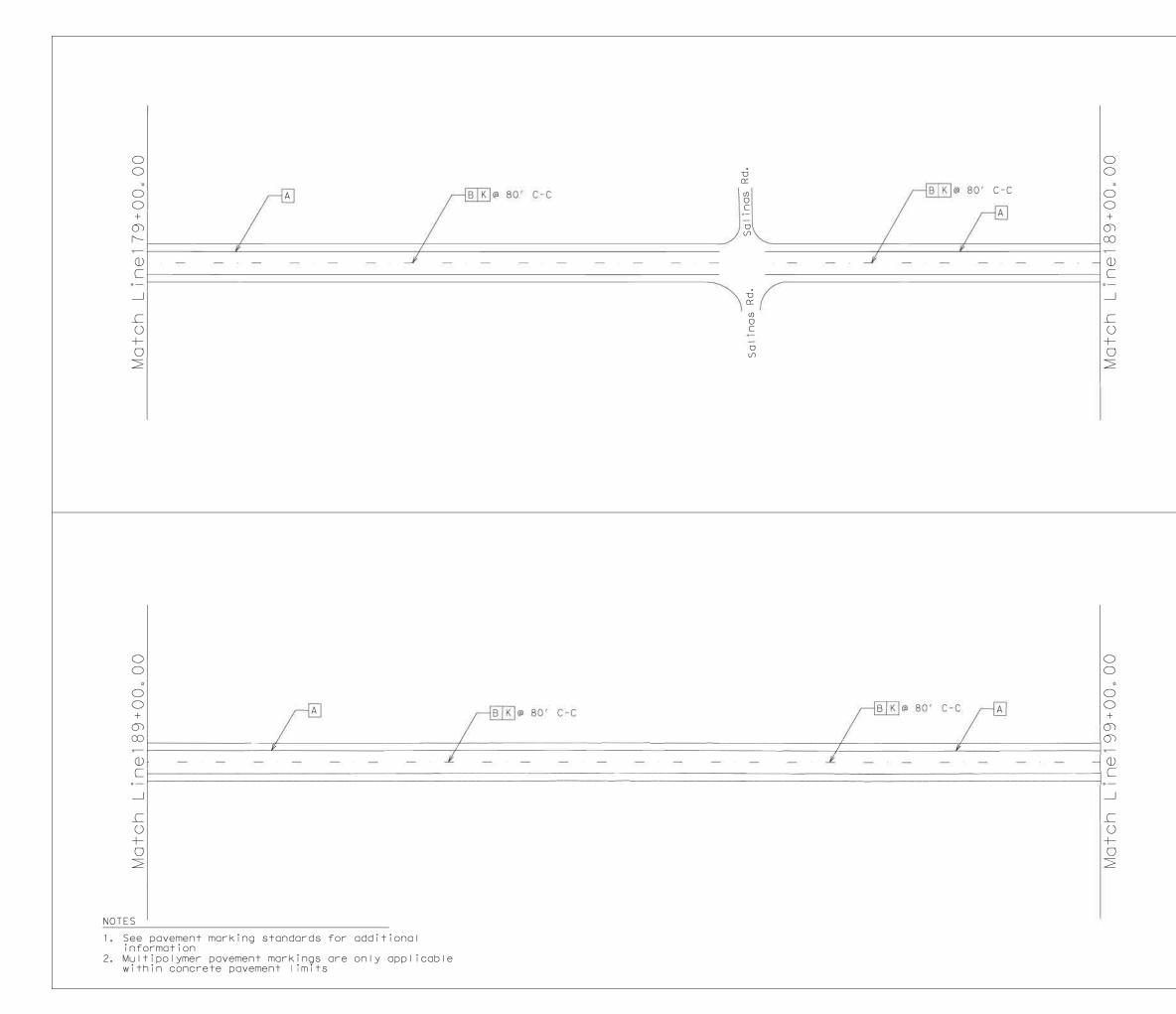
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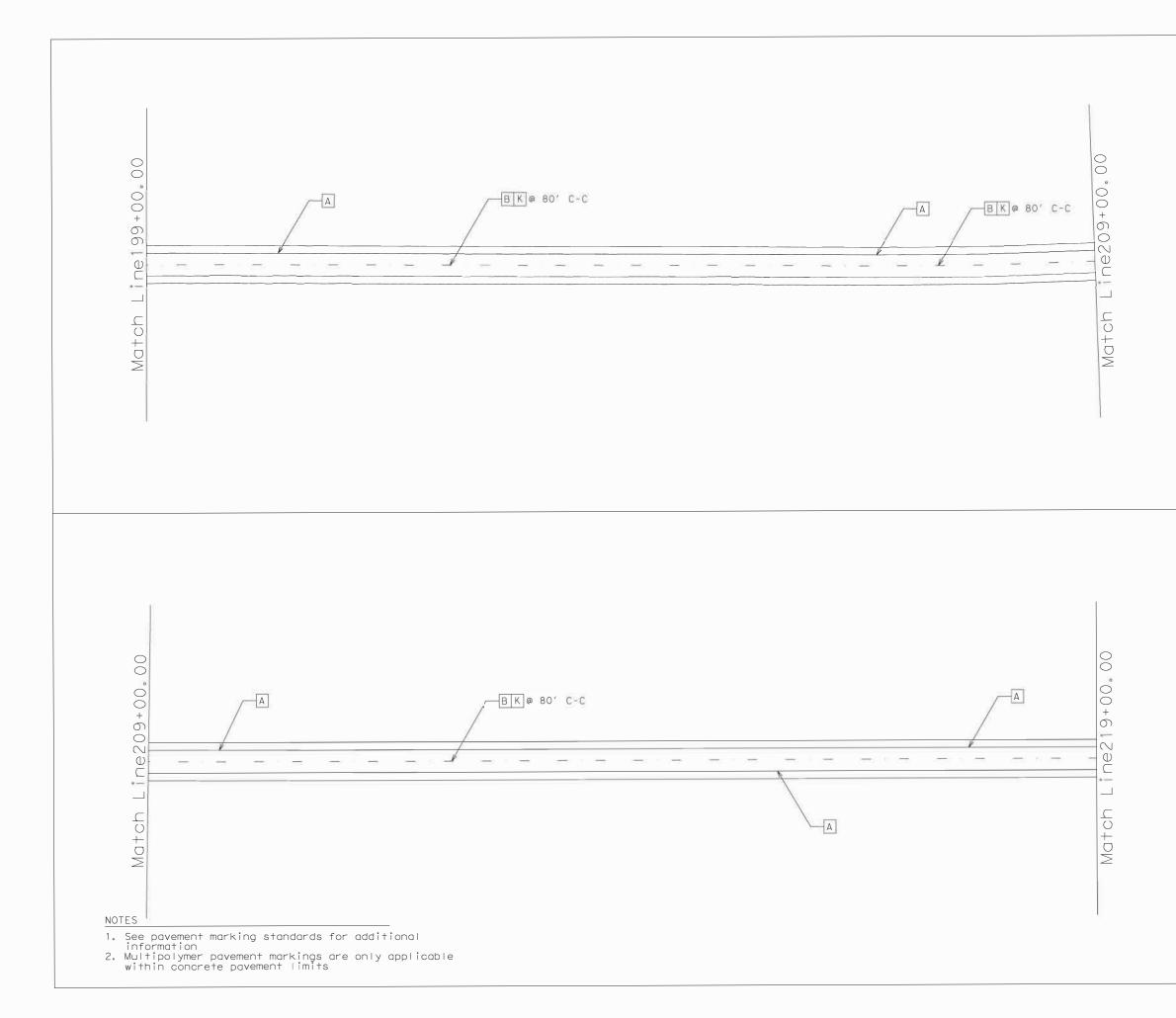
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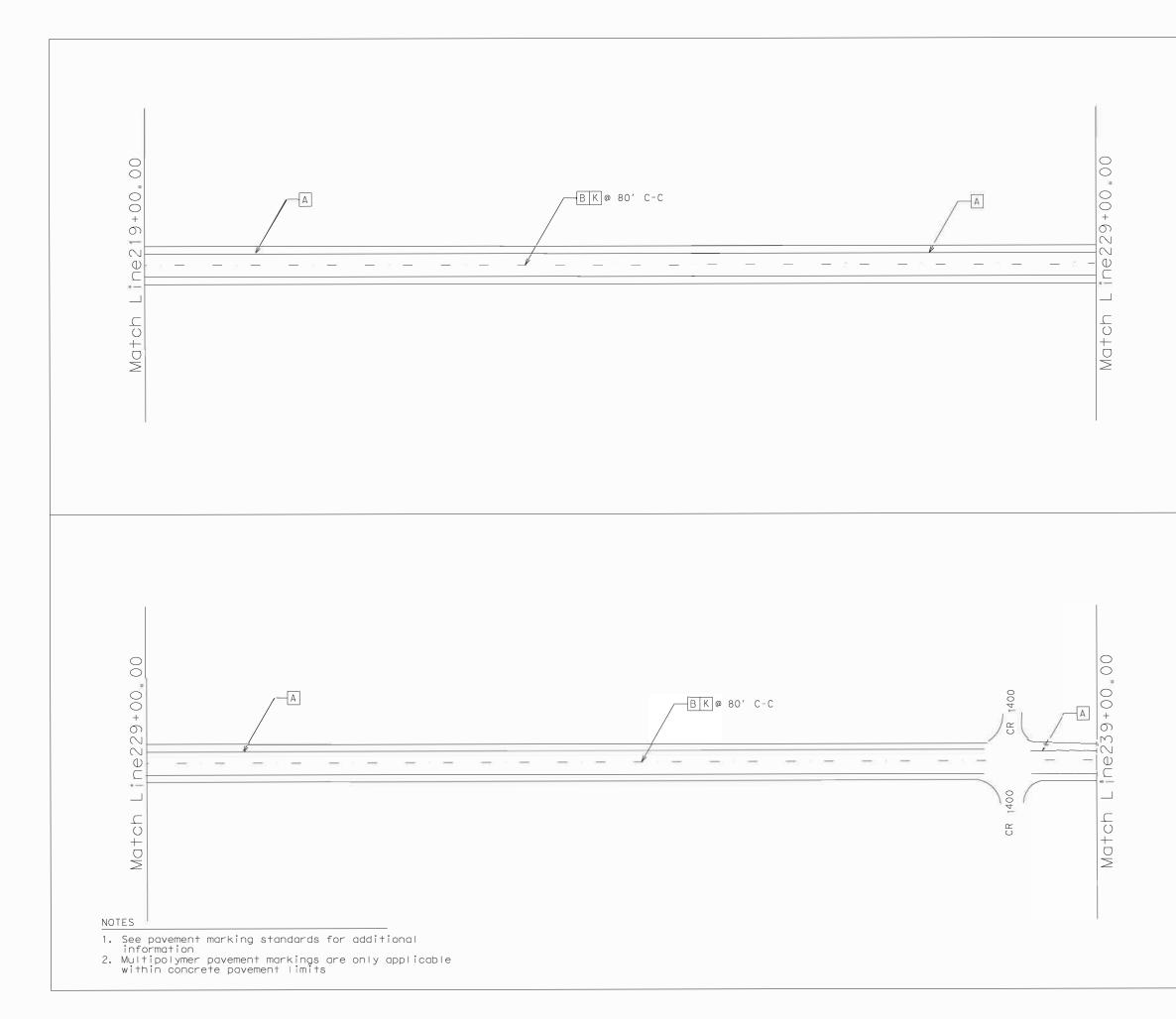
<u>    LEGEND                                   </u>
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B - PROP. 6" BKN YELLOW LINE
C - PROP. 6" SLD YELLOW LINE
🖸 - PROP. 6" DBL YELLOW LINE
E 🖻 PROP. 8" SLD WHITE LINE
F = PROP. 24" SLD WHITE LINE
🖸 - PROP. PREFABRICATED SINGLE
DIRECTIONAL ARROW TY-C
J = PROP. PREFABRICATED WORD TY-C
🔣 - PROP. PAV MRKR II-A-A
🔲 - PROP. PAV MRKR TY I-C
M - PROP. PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
ℕ - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(6")(SLD)
Q - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(BRK)
EOP - EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT
PROP PROPOSED
SLD - SOLID
BRK - BROKEN PAV - PAVEMENT
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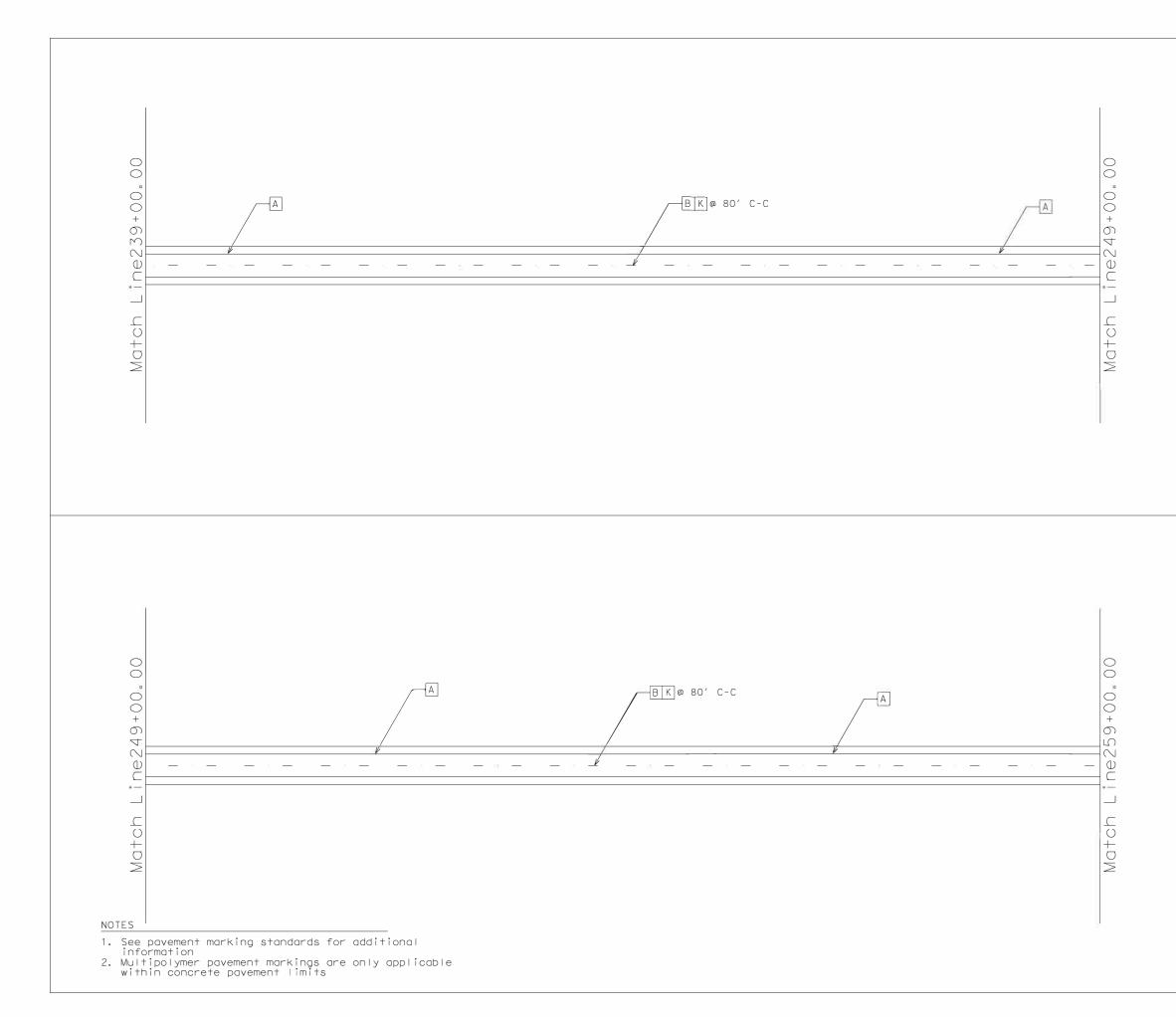
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B - PROP. 6" BKN YELLOW LINE
C - PROP. 6" SLD YELLOW LINE
D - PROP. 6" DBL YELLOW LINE
E - PROP. 8" SLD WHITE LINE
F - PROP. 24" SLD WHITE LINE
G - PROP. PREFABRICATED SINGLE
DIRECTIONAL ARROW TY-C
J - PROP. PREFABRICATED WORD TY-C
K – PROP. PAV MRKR II-A-A
📙 - PROP. PAV MRKR TY I-C
M - PROP. PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
ℕ - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(6")(SLD)
Q - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(BRK)
EOP - EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT
⊣> - TRAFFIC FLOW
PROP PROPOSED
SLD - SOLID
BRK - BROKEN
PAV - PAVEMENT DBL - DOUBLE
VDL - VVUDLE





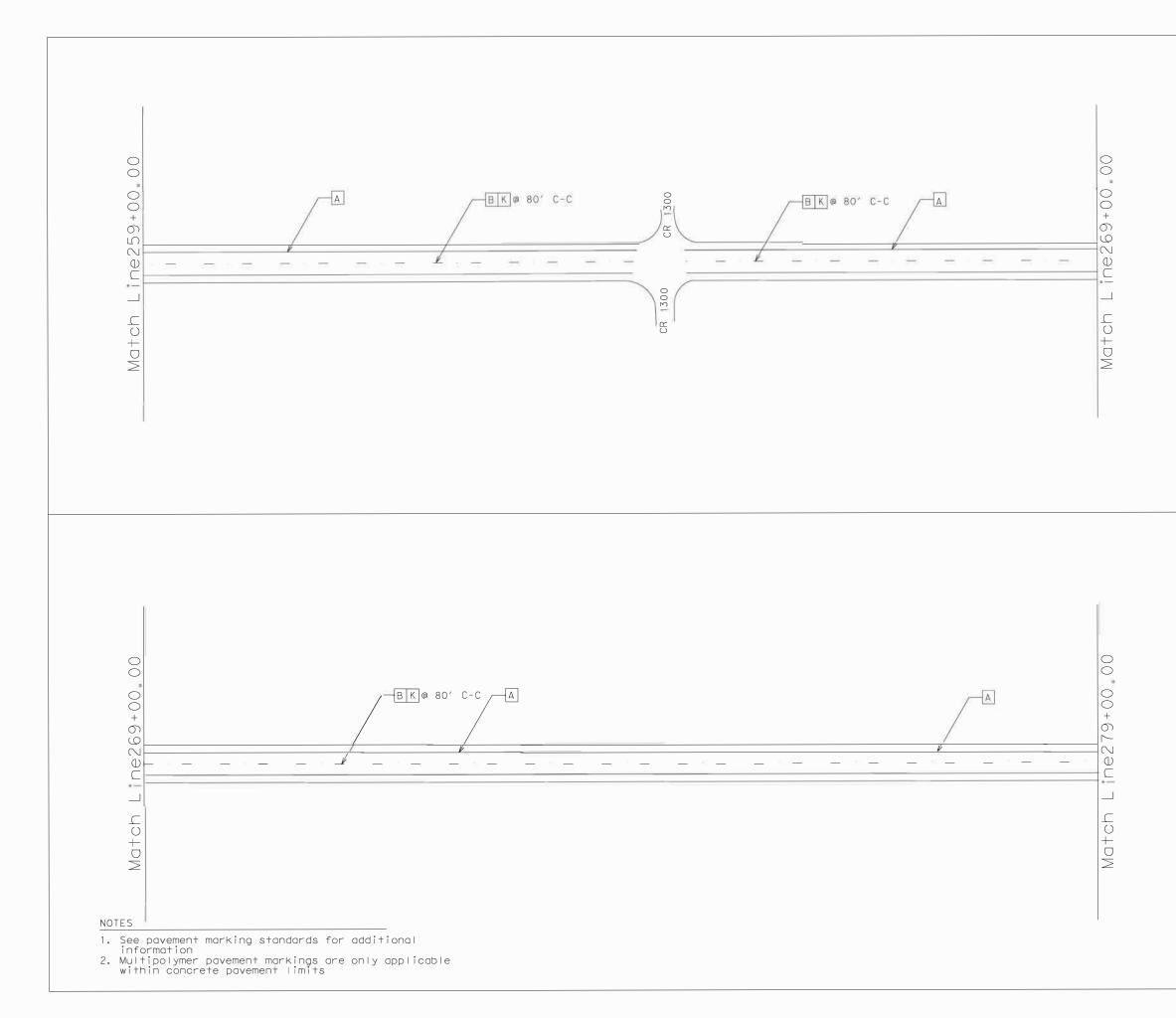
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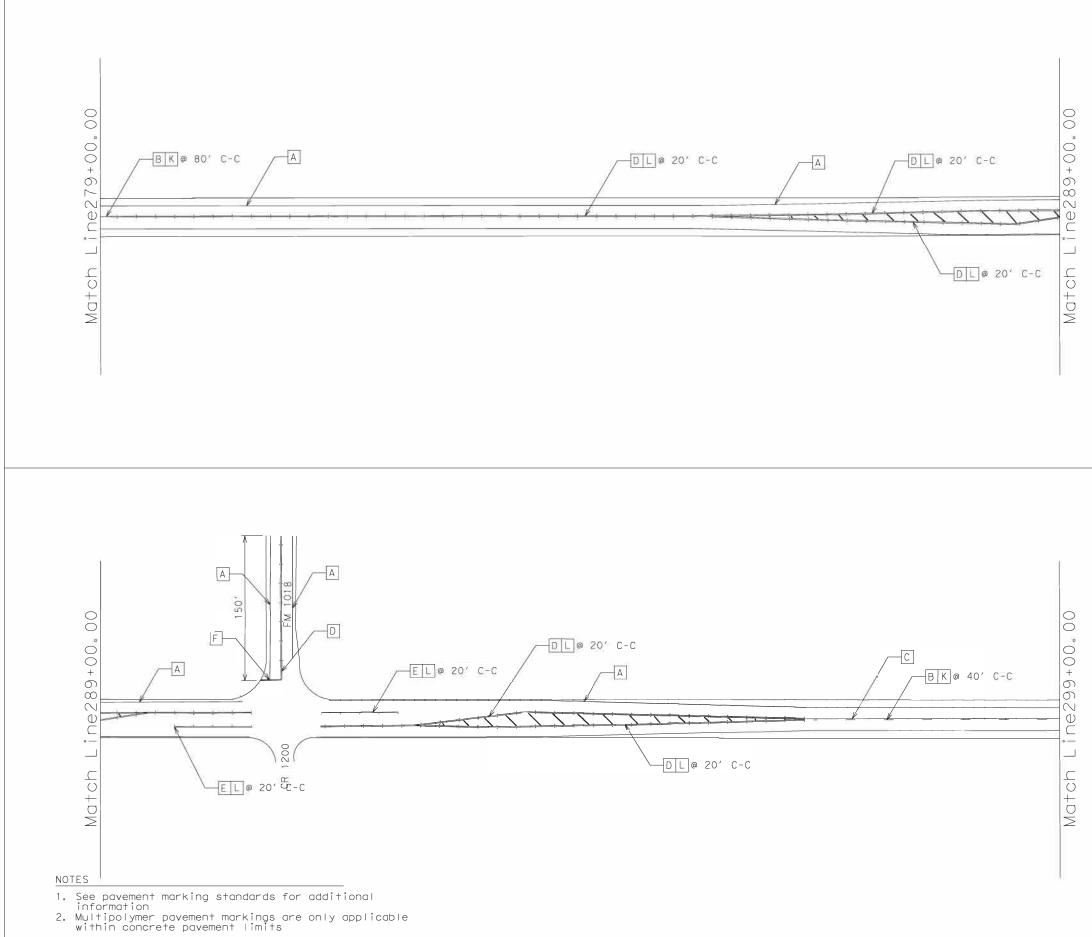
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LEGEND
   A - PROP. 6" SLD WHITE LINE
   B - PROP. 6" BKN YELLOW LINE
   C - PROP. 6" SLD YELLOW LINE
   D - PROP. 6" DBL YELLOW LINE
   E = PROP. 8" SLD WHITE LINE
   F = PROP. 24" SLD WHITE LINE
  G - PROP. PREFABRICATED SINGLE
       DIRECTIONAL ARROW TY-C
   □ = PROP. PREFABRICATED WORD TY-C
  K - PROP. PAV MRKR II-A-A
  🗆 - PROP. PAV MRKR TY I-C
  M - PROP. PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
  N - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (₩) (6") (SLD)
  Q - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(BRK)
 EOP - EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT
 ➡> - TRAFFIC FLOW
PROP. - PROPOSED
 SLD - SOLID
 BRK – BROKEN
 PAV - PAVEMENT
 DBL - DOUBLE
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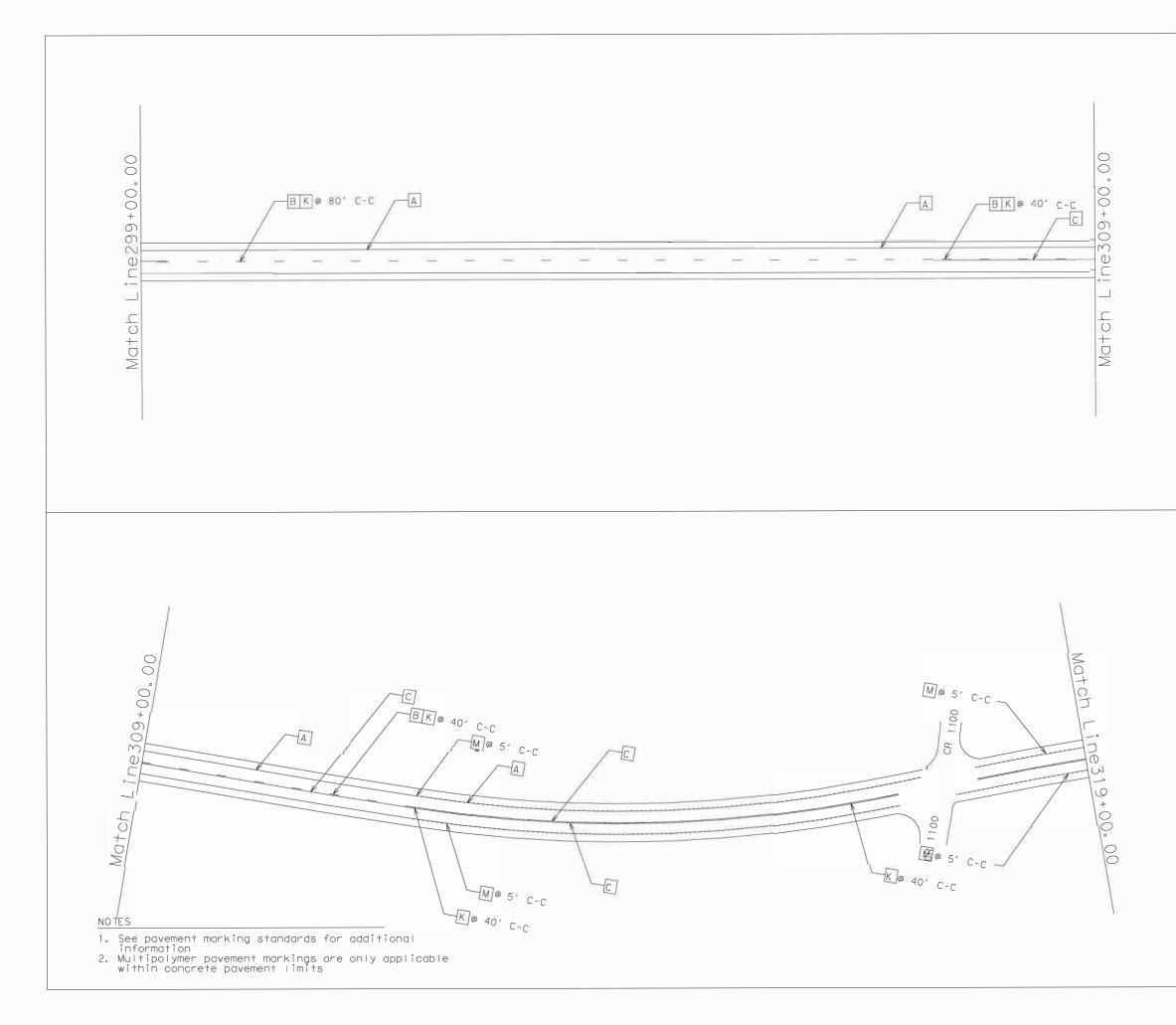
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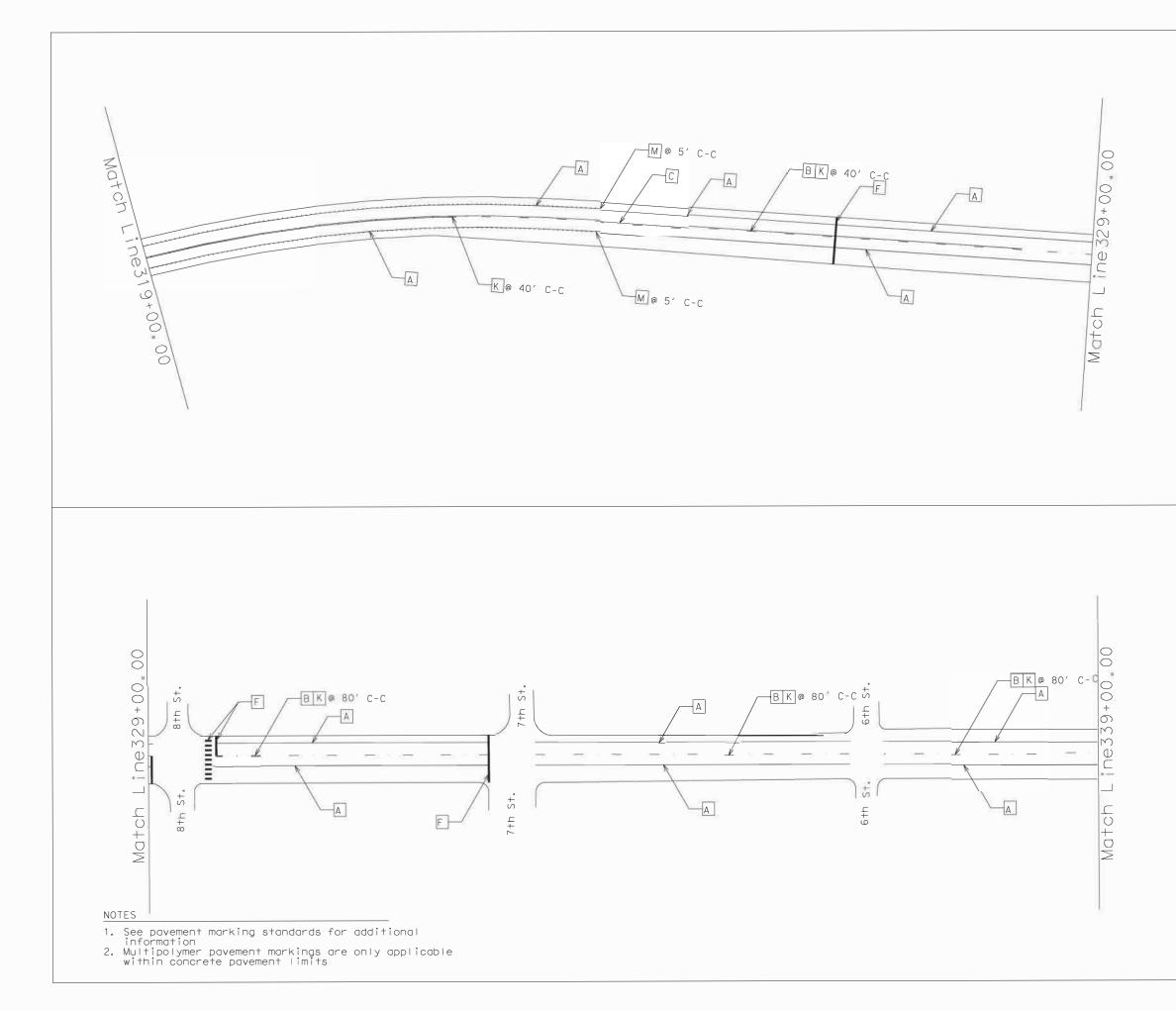
<u>LEGEND</u>
A - PROP. 6" SLD WHITE LINE
B - PROP. 6" BKN YELLOW LINE
C - PROP. 6" SLD YELLOW LINE
🔟 - PROP. 6" DBL YELLOW LINE
E = PROP. 8" SLD WHITE LINE
F = PROP. 24" SLD WHITE LINE
G - PROP. PREFABRICATED SINGLE
DIRECTIONAL ARROW TY-C
U = PROP. PREFABRICATED WORD TY-C
K - PROP. PAV MRKR II-A-A
🔲 - PROP. PAV MRKR TY I-C
M - PROP. PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
N - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (₩)(6")(SLD)
Q - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(BRK)
EOP - EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT ➡> - TRAFFIC FLOW
PROP PROPOSED
SID - SOLID
BRK - BROKEN
PAV - PAVEMENT
DBL - DOUBLE





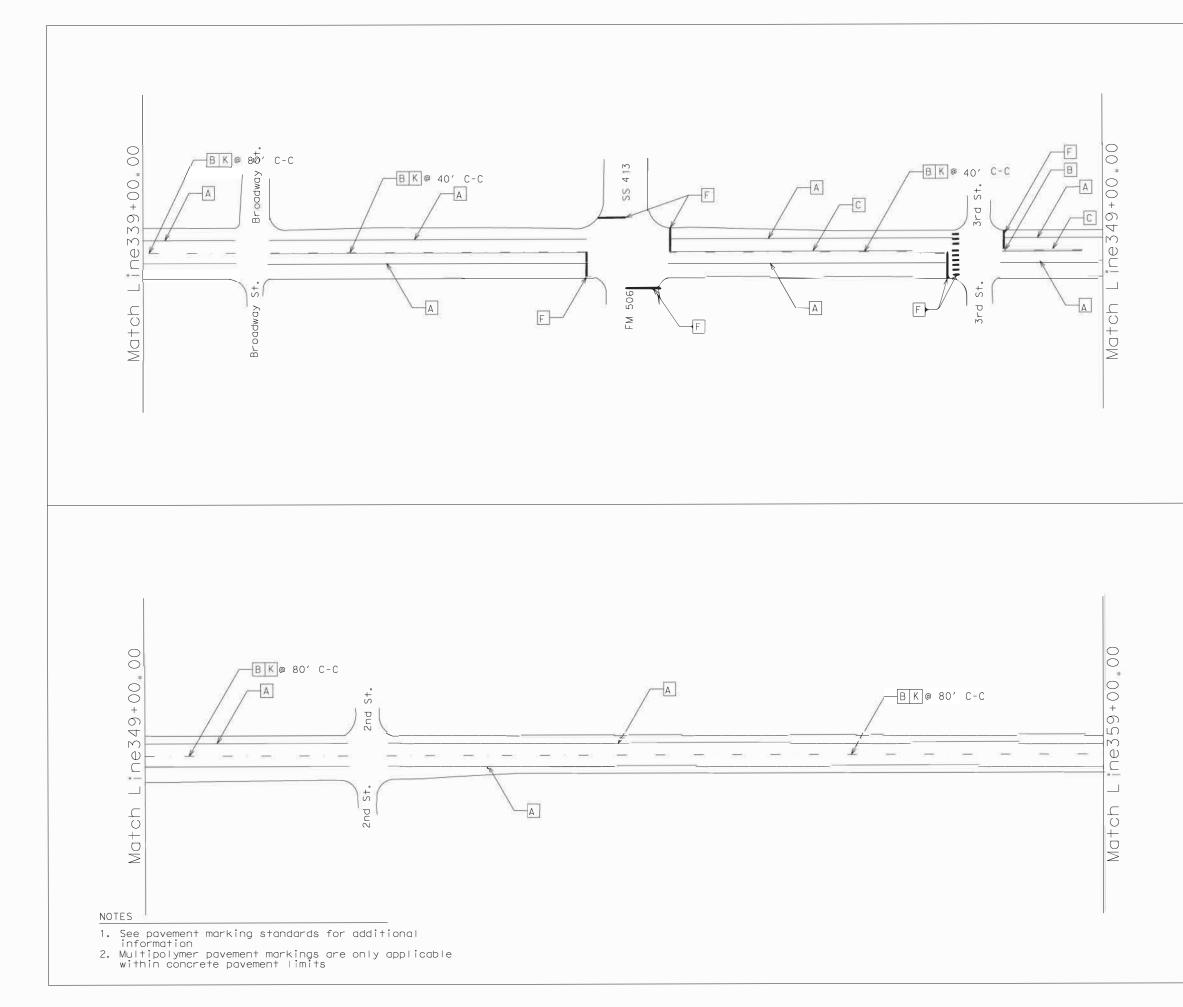
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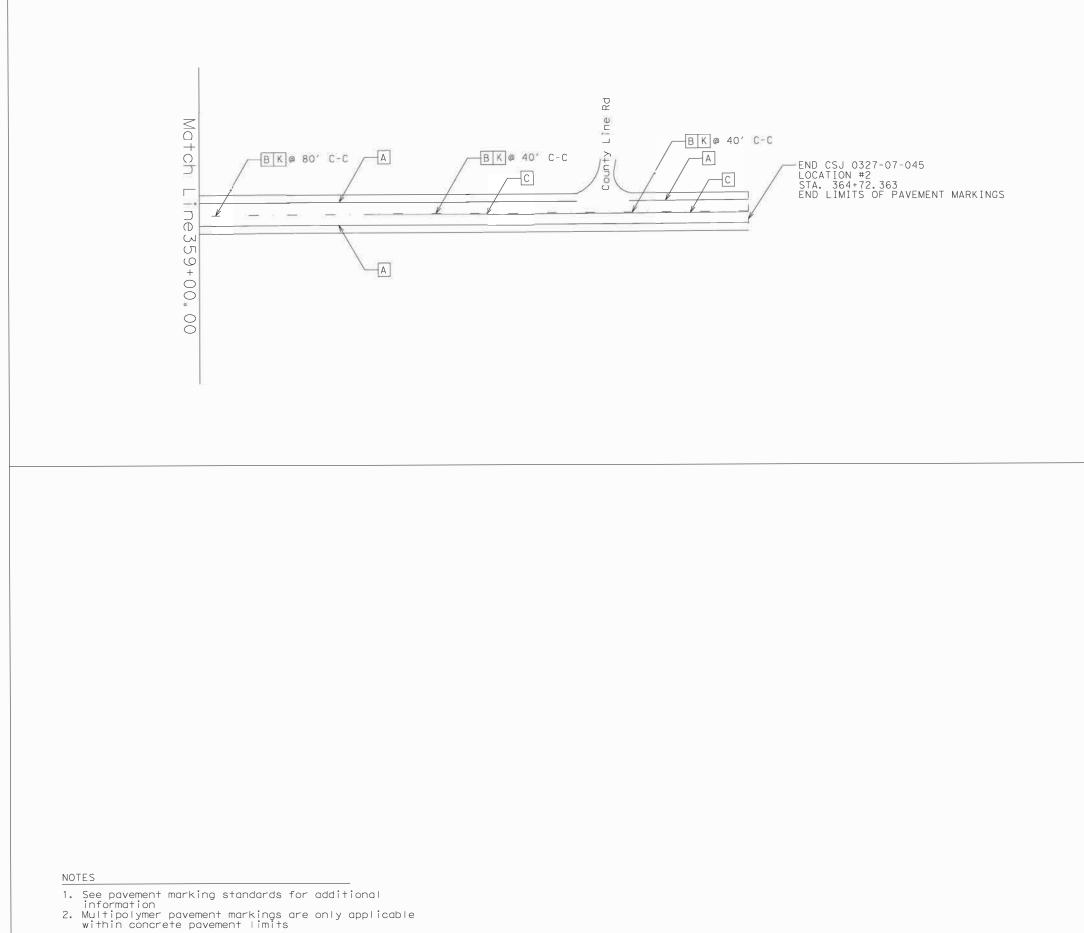
\_\_\_LEGEND A - PROP. 6" SLD WHITE LINE B - PROP. 6" BKN YELLOW LINE C - PROP. 6" SLD YELLOW LINE D - PROP. 6" DBL YELLOW LINE E PROP. 8" SLD WHITE LINE F PROP. 24" SLD WHITE LINE G - PROP. PREFABRICATED SINGLE DIRECTIONAL ARROW TY-C J = PROP. PREFABRICATED WORD TY-C K - PROP. PAV MRKR II-A-A 🗆 - PROP. PAV MRKR TY I-C M - PROP. PAV MRKR TY II-C-R N - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (₩) (6") (SLD) Q - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(BRK) EOP - EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT → - TRAFFIC FLOW PROP. - PROPOSED SLD - SOLID BRK - BROKEN PAV - PAVEMENT DBL - DOUBLE



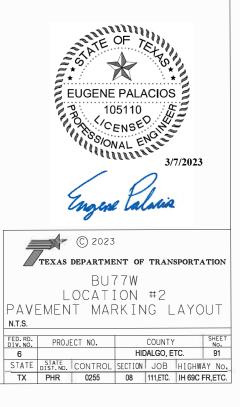


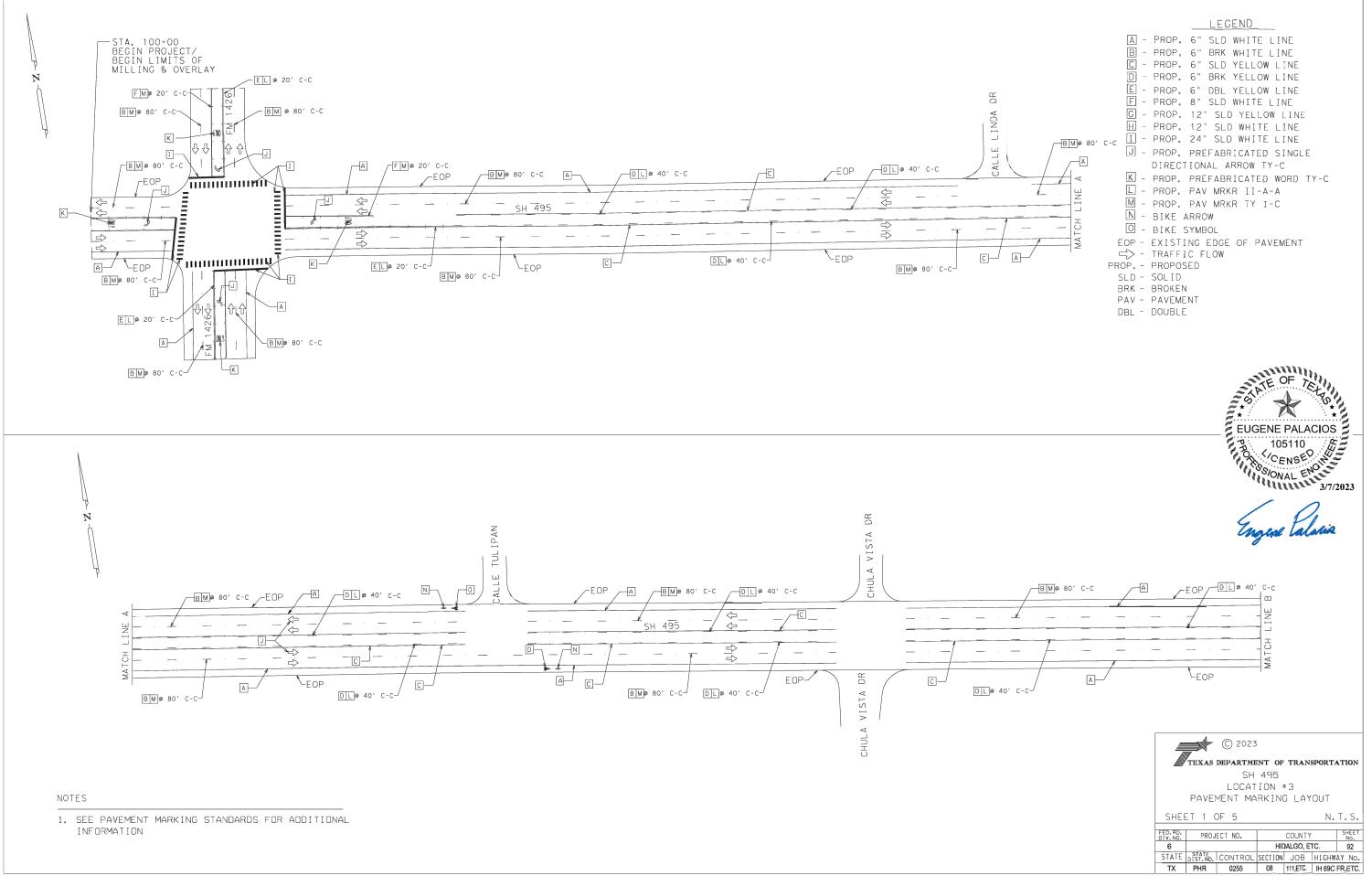
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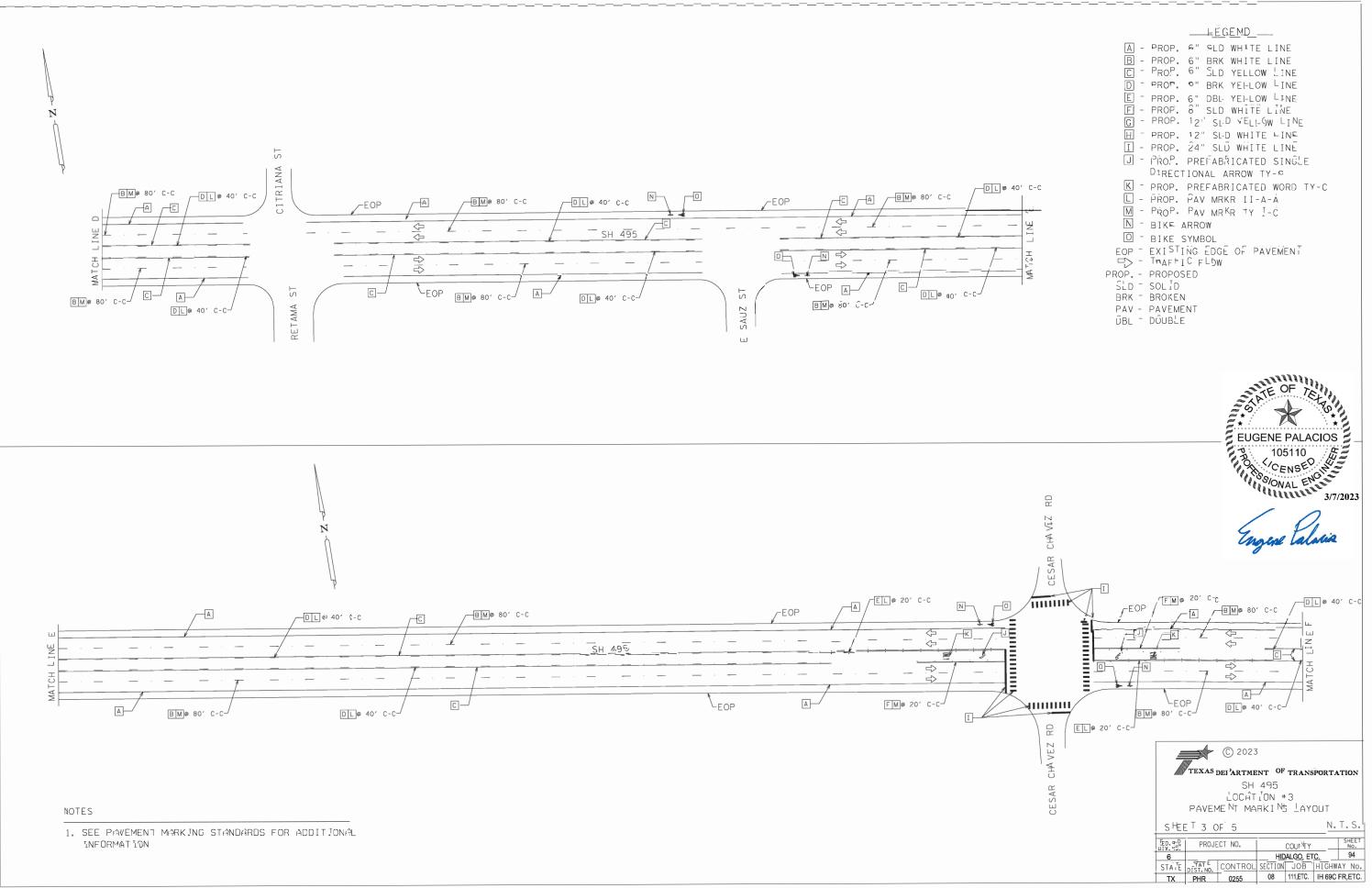


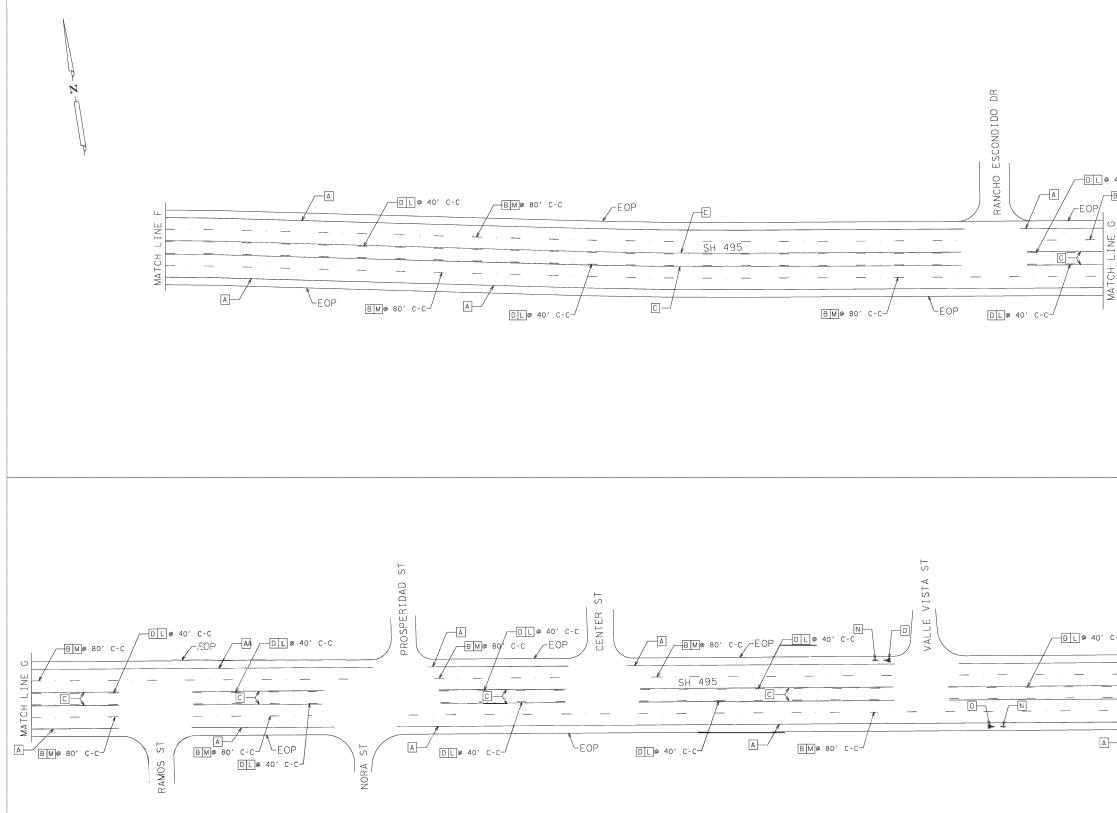
LEGEND
A - PROP. 6" SLD WHITE LINE
B - PROP. 6" BKN YELLOW LINE
C - PROP. 6" SLD YELLOW LINE
D - PROP. 6" DBL YELLOW LINE
E - PROP. 8" SLD WHITE LINE
F - PROP. 24" SLD WHITE LINE
G - PROP. PREFABRICATED SINGLE
DIRECTIONAL ARROW TY-C
🗍 = PROP. PREFABRICATED WORD TY-C
K - PROP. PAV MRKR II-A-A
🔲 – PROP. PAV MRKR TY I-C
M – PROP. PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
ℕ - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (W)(6")(SLD)
Q - PROP. MULTIPOLYMER PAV MRK (Y)(6")(BRK)
EOP - EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT
⊏> - TRAFFIC FLOW
PROP PROPOSED
SLD - SOLID
BRK - BROKEN
PAV - PAVEMENT
DBL - DOUBLE











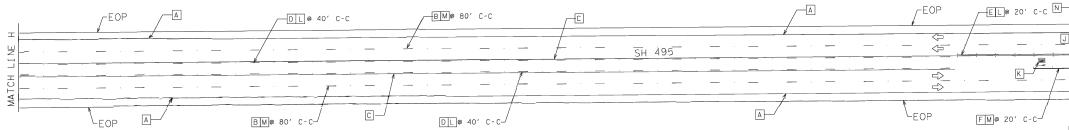
NOTES

1. SEE PAVEMENT MARKING STANDARDS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

AATCH LINE 0 0-2 ,08 هالاط م	<ul> <li>LEGEND</li> <li>A - PROP. 6" SLD WHITE LINE</li> <li>B - PROP. 6" BRK WHITE LINE</li> <li>C - PROP. 6" SLD YELLOW LINE</li> <li>D - PROP. 6" BRK YELLOW LINE</li> <li>E - PROP. 6" DBL YELLOW LINE</li> <li>E - PROP. 6" DBL YELLOW LINE</li> <li>F - PROP. 8" SLD WHITE LINE</li> <li>G - PROP. 12" SLD YELLOW LINE</li> <li>H - PROP. 12" SLD WHITE LINE</li> <li>I - PROP. 12" SLD WHITE LINE</li> <li>I - PROP. 24" SLD WHITE LINE</li> <li>I - PROP. PREFABRICATED SINGLE DIRECTIONAL ARROW TY-C</li> <li>K - PROP. PREFABRICATED WORD TY-C</li> <li>L - PROP. PAV MRKR II-A-A</li> <li>M - PROP. PAV MRKR TY I-C</li> <li>N - BIKE SYMBOL</li> <li>EOP - EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT</li> <li>⇒ - TRAFFIC FLOW</li> <li>PROP PROPOSED</li> <li>SLD - SOLID</li> <li>BRK - BROKEN</li> <li>PAV - PAVEMENT</li> <li>DBL - DOUBLE</li> </ul>
	EUGENE PALACIOS 105110 CENSED 3/7/2023 Engene Palacia
	Me 80' C-C A 
	C       2023         TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION         SH 495         LOCATION #3         PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT         SHEET 4 OF 5         N.T.S.         FED.RD. DIV.NC.         PROJECT NO.         COUNTY         SHEET A OF 5         N.T.S.         FED.RD. DIST.NO.         CONTROL SECTION         JOB         HIDAUGO, ETC.         95         STATE         DIST.NO.         CONTROL SECTION         JOB         HIGHWAY NO.         TX         PHR         0255         08

PAV - PAVEMENT

DBL - DOUBLE

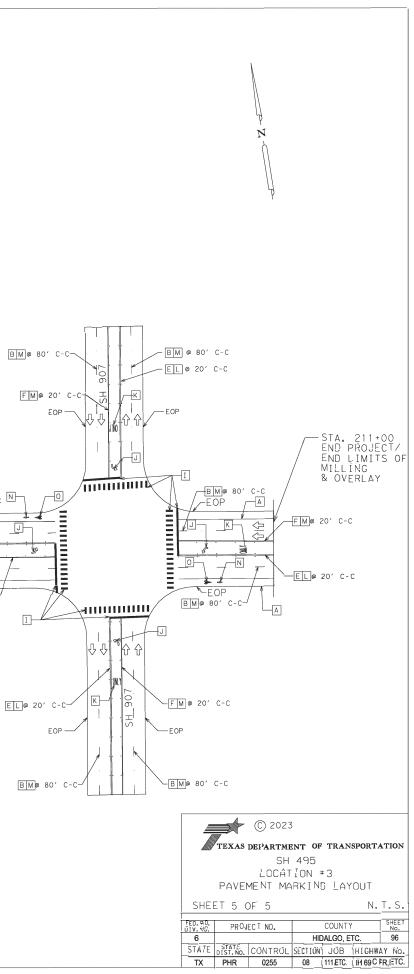


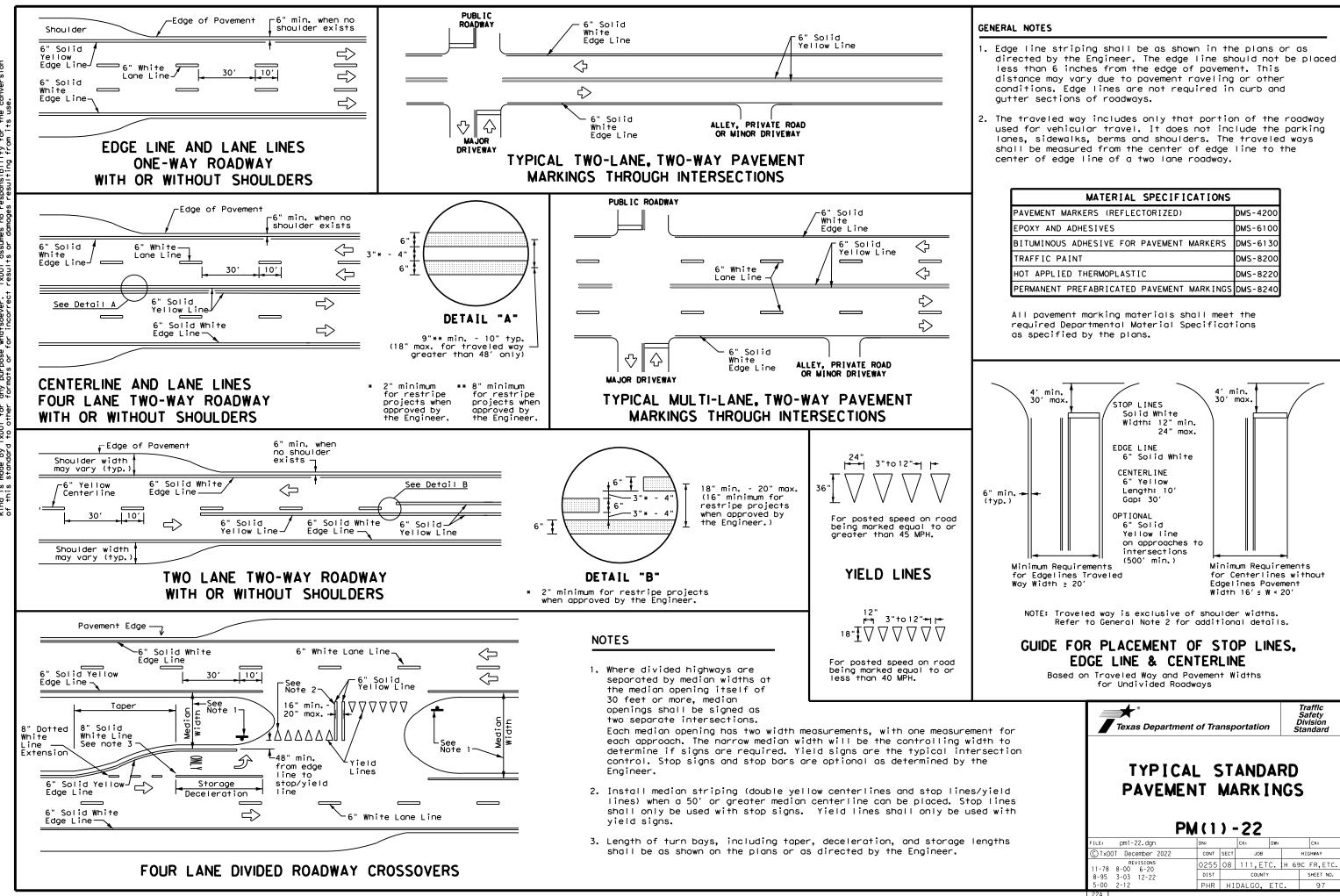


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NOTES

1. SEE PAVEMENT MARKING STANDARDS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

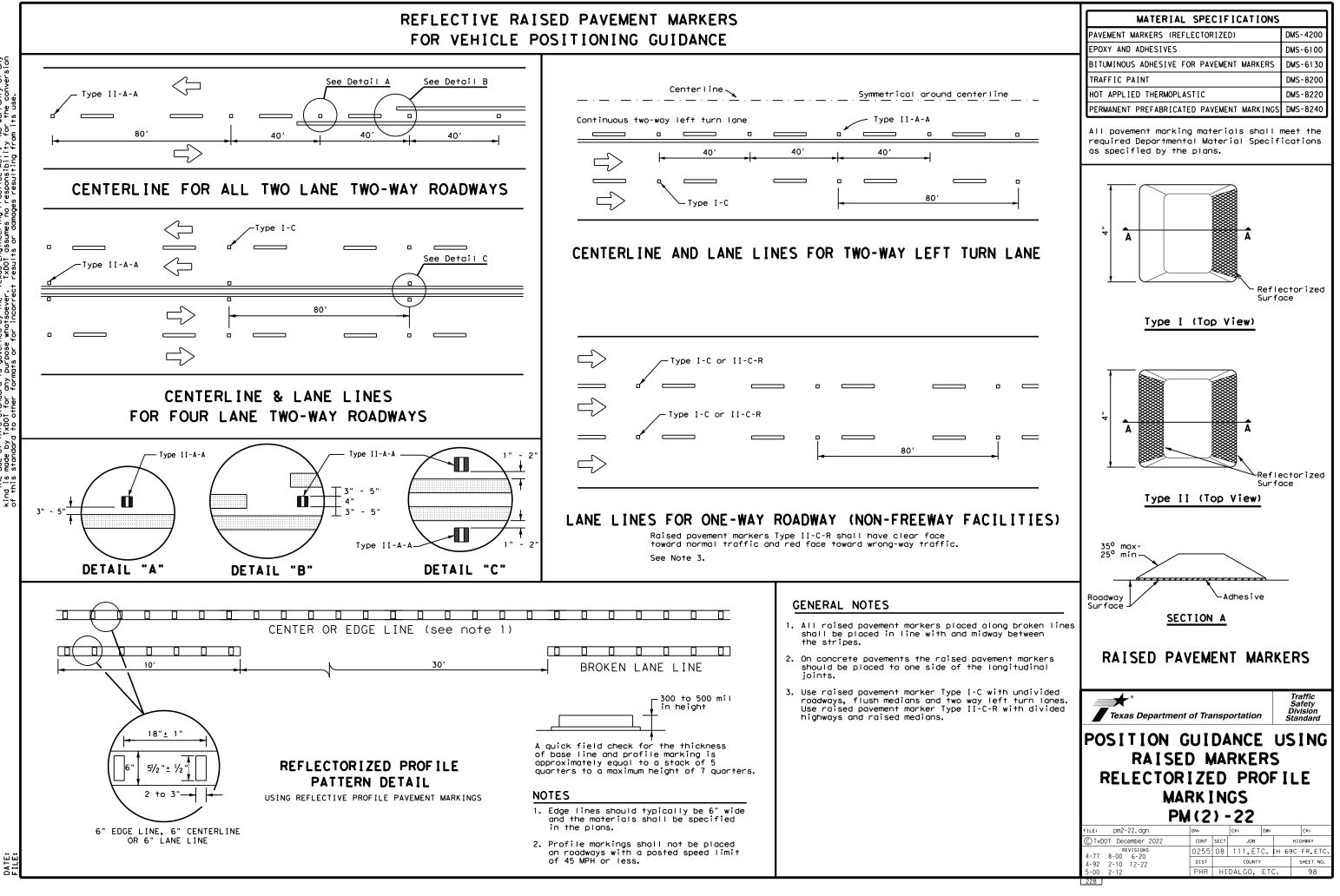




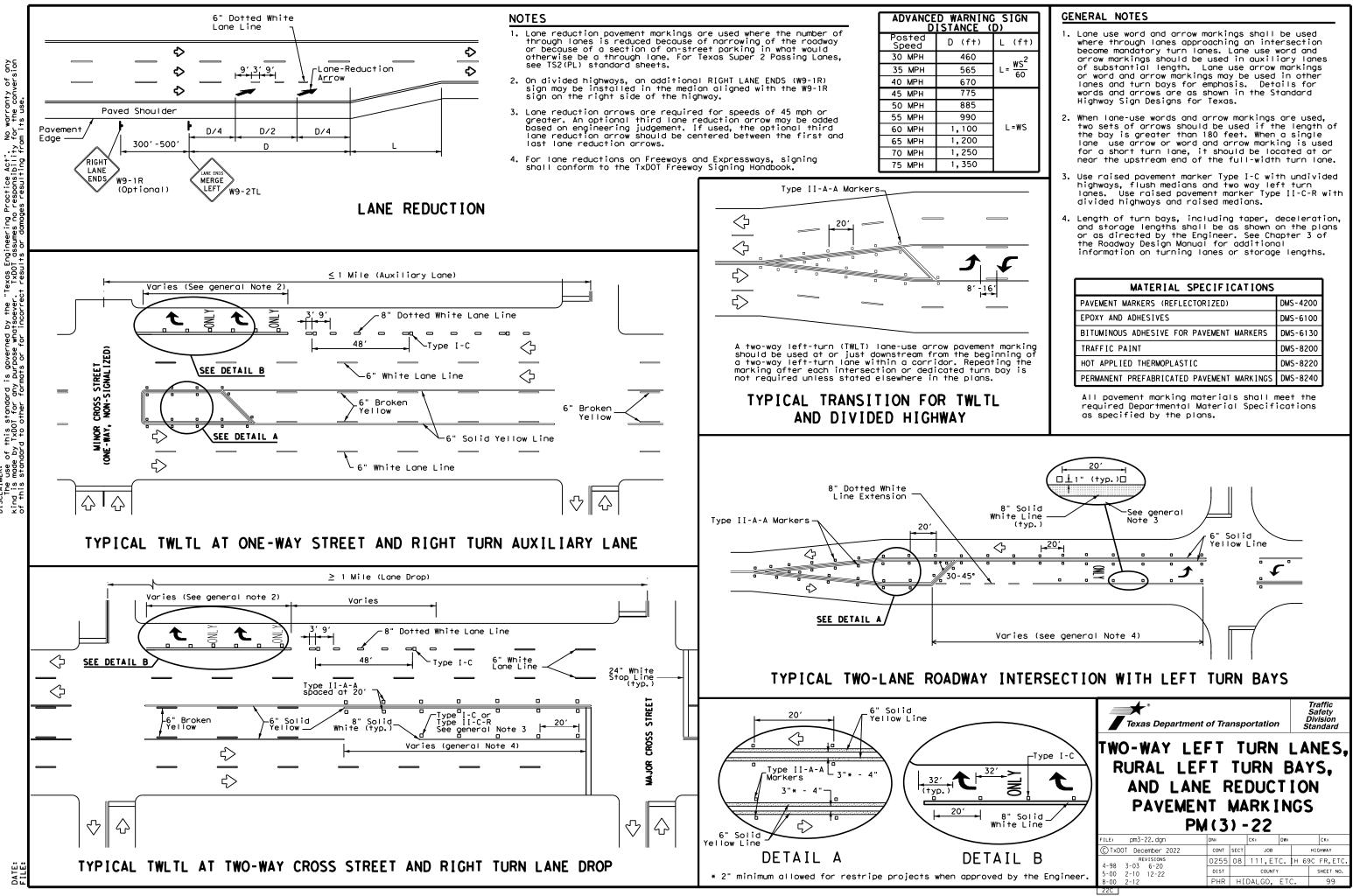
No warranty of any for the conversion Practice Act". o responsibility governed by the "Texas Engineering irpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no s n of this standard e by TxDOT for any ISCLAIMER: The use Ind is mode

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

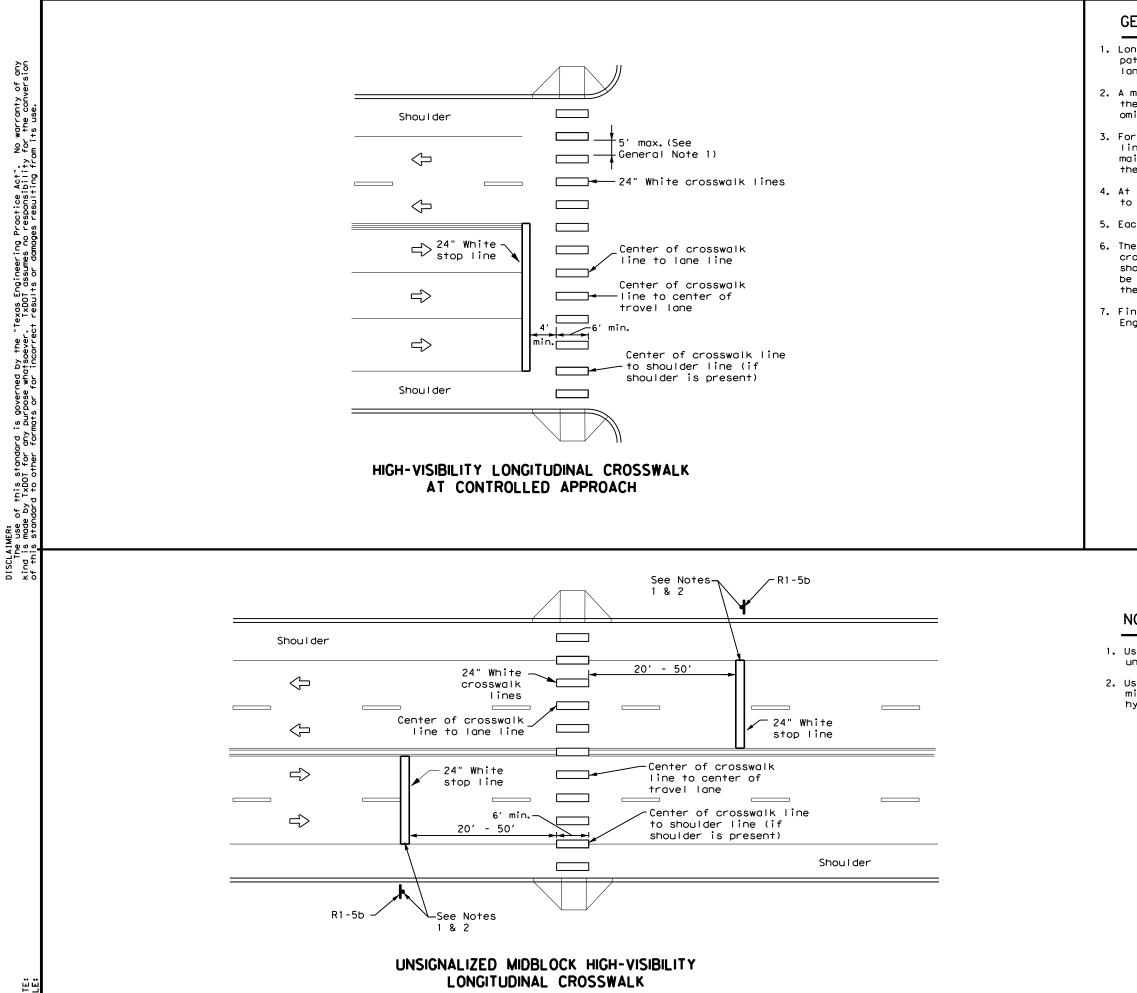
# FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE



No warranty of any for the conversion om its used is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". Durpose whatsoever. TxDD1 assumes no responsibility mats or for incorrect results or damages resulting fro of this standard by TxDOT for any DISCLAIMER: The use kind is mode



warranty the conv S p Practice Act". responsibility ē č Texas Engineer TxDOT assume: SCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the nd is made by IXDOT for any purpose whatsoever the standard to other formats or for incorre



DATE:

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes. lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- 2. A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be omitted.
- 3. For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- 4. At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.
- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices,"
- 7. Final placement of Stop Bar and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

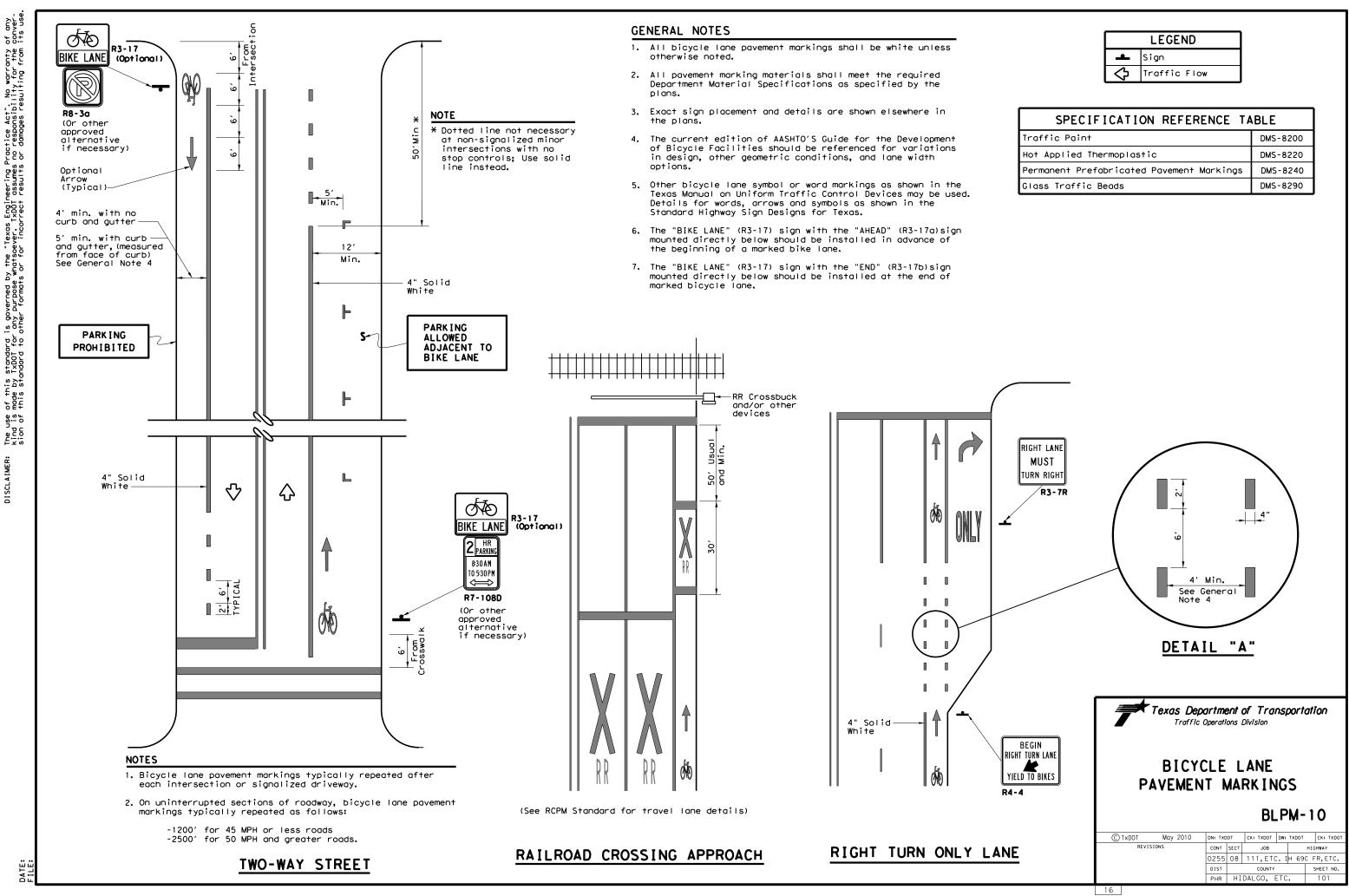
DMS-4200
DMS-6100
DMS-6130
DMS-8200
DMS-8220
DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

### NOTES:

- 1. Use stop bars with Stop Here For Pedestrians (R1-5b) signs at unsignalized midblock cross walks.
- 2. Use stop bars with STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6 or R10-6a) signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.

Texas Departme	ent of Tra	nsp	ortatio	n		Traffic Safety Division Standard
CROSSWALK PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(4)-22A						
	-	•		_ `	IGS	5
	-	•		_ `		Ск:
PI	M(4)	•	224			-
FILE: pm4-220.dgn © TxDOT December 2022 REVISIONS	M ( 4 )	) -	<b>22</b> /	DW:		Ск:
FILE: pm4-22a.dgn © TxDOT December 2022	DN: CONT	SECT	<b>22</b> / ск: јов	DW: TC.		CK: HIGHWAY

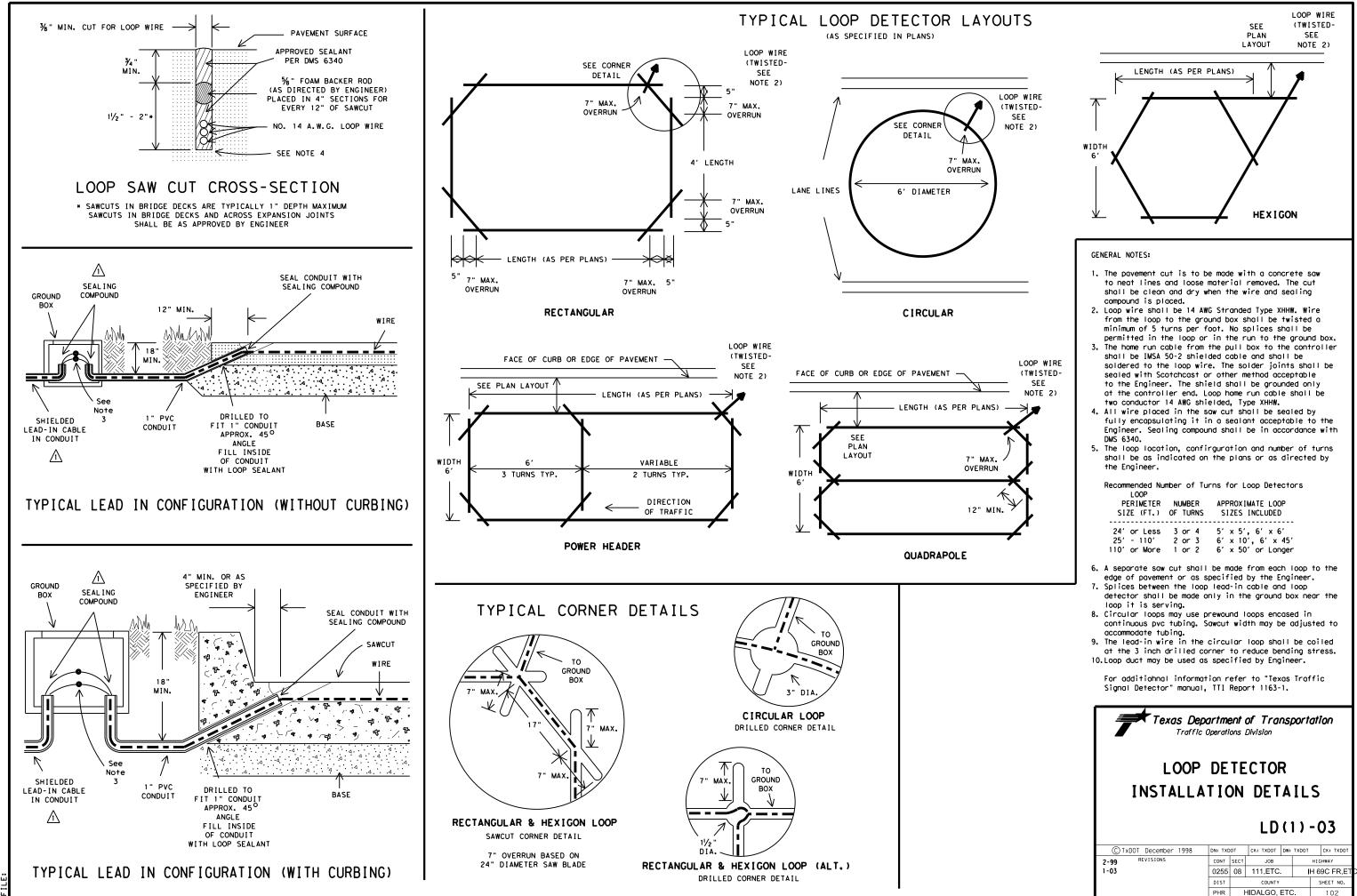


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DISCLAIMER:

SPECIFICATION REFERENCE TABLE				
Traffic Paint	DMS-8200			
Hot Applied Thermoplastic	DMS-8220			
Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings	DMS-8240			
Glass Traffic Beads	DMS-8290			



is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty any purpose whatsoever. TxDD1 assumes no responsibility for the other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from of this standard is made by TxDOT for a this standard to o The use kind is sion of DISCL

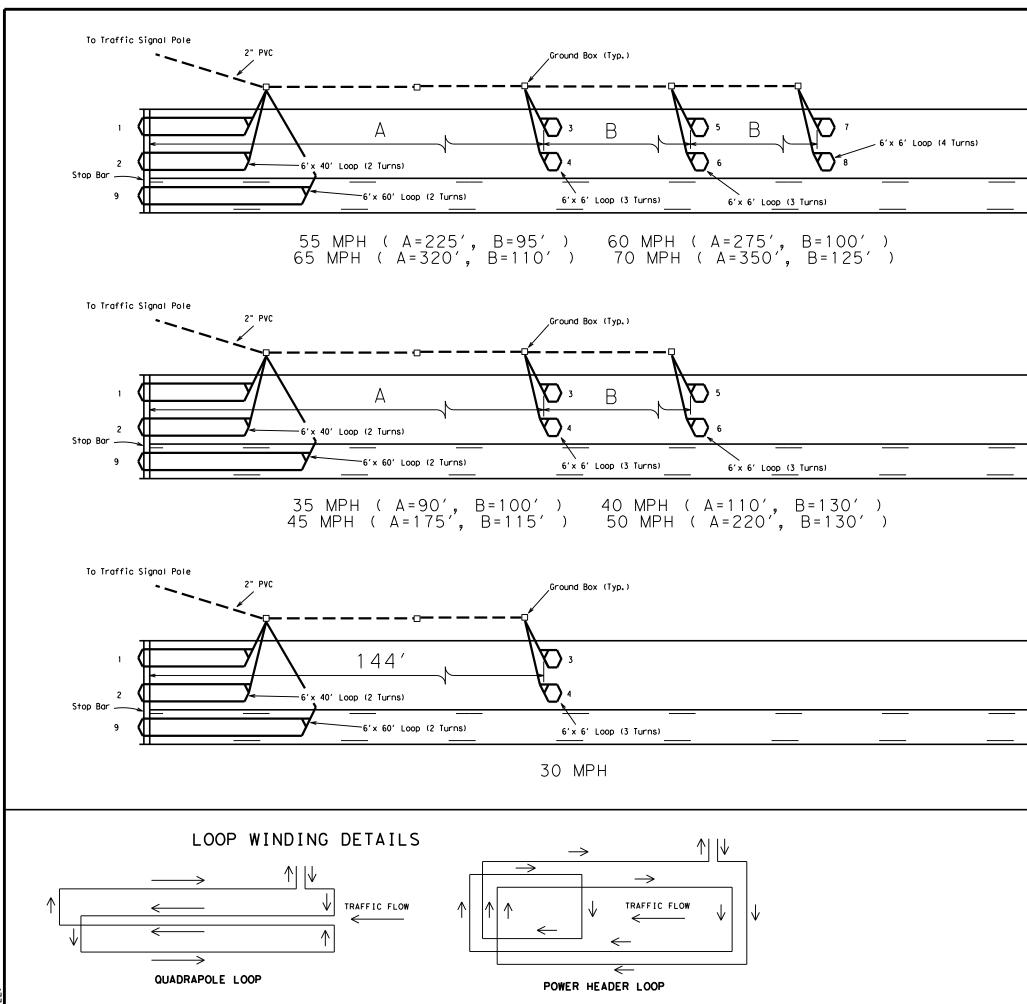
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DATE:

PERIMETER	NUMBER	APPROXIMATE LOOP
SIZE (FT.)	OF TURNS	SIZES INCLUDED
24' or Less	3 or 4	5' x 5', 6' x 6'
25' - 110'	2 or 3	6' x 10', 6' x 45'
110' or More	1 or 2	6' x 50' or Longer

			LD	(	)-	-03	
C)TxDOT December 1998	DN: TX	ют	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
9 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
3	0255	08	111,ETC.	•	⊩	1 69C FR,ET	¢.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
					-		

79A



#### GENERAL NOTES:

Loops 1 and 2 shall be connected to the controller cabinet by means of the same loop lead-in (2/C #14 AWG).

Loops 3 thru 6 shall be connected to the controller cabinet by means of the same loop lead-in (2/C #14 AWG).

Loops 7 and 8 shall be connected to the controller cabinet by means of the same loop lead-in (2/C #14 AWG).

Loop 9 shall be connected to the controller cabinet by means of a loop lead-in (2/C #14 AWG). Loop 9 shall be placed only when a left turn lane exists.

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division							
LOOP DETECTOR							
PLACEME	NT	D	FTA	ĪΙ	ς		
		-					
		U	LD			-(	)3
© TxDOT January 2003	DN: TXC		_	(2			<b>)3</b>
			LD	(2	2)		
© TxD01 January 2003	DN: TXC	NOT SECT	LD	C 2	<b>2)</b>	нIG	CK: TXDOT
© TxD01 January 2003	DN: TXC CONT	NOT SECT	LD CK: TXDOT JOB	C 2	<b>2)</b>	нтсі ЭС F	CK: TXDOT HWAY
© TxD01 January 2003	DN: TXE CONT 0255	SECT 08	LD (K: TXDOT JOB 111,ETC	C 2	2) TXDOT IH 69	нтсі ЭС F	ck: txdot hway R,ETC.

During the planning phase of proj	ect development, the following Enviror	nmental Permits, Issues and Commitments have been	II. Clean Water Act, Sections 401 and 404 Compliance -
aeveloped during coordination wit orders and/or deviations from the activities as additional environm	final design must be reported to the	al entities and the general public. Any change Engineer prior to the commencement of construction	4. The Contractor's designated and qualified Contrac project site daily to ensue compliance with SW3P shall be provided to TxDOT within 48 hours, in ac
I. Clean Water Act, Section 402; S	tormwater Pollution Prevention		5.🔀 Other Project Specific Actions:
Action Items Required :	□ No Action Required		1. Contractor must sweep roadway & remove loose o
plans and maintained appropri	the SW3P by installing Best Managemen ately throughout construction. BMPs r ed as necessary as construction progre	nt Practices (BMPs) as indicated in the construction must be in place prior to the start of construction. esses.	3. The project locations and limits are near or a
2. X For all construction PSL's of	f the ROW, the contractor must certif	y compliance with all applicable laws, rules and	the waters of the U.S. of Floodplain areas.
regulations pertaining to the	preservation of cultural resources, i	natural resources and the environment.	III, Cultural Resources
с	t, select the appropriate box below:		Action Items Required :
This project will disturb therefore, a NOI and TPDES or	less than 1 acre of soil and is not p 5 Site Notice are not required for thi	part of a larger common plan of development; s project.	1. Refer to the 2014 TxDOT Standard Specifications F Bridges, Item 7.7.1., in the event historical iss
required but a TPDES Site	Notice is required. The Construction	but less than 5 acres; therefore a NOI is not Site Notice (CSN) is required to be posted at Yiew by the public, TCEQ, EPA and other Inspectors.	Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, area and contact the Engineer immediately. 2. Other Project Specific Actions:
This project will disturb The NOI and Site Notice ar	equal to or more than 5 acres of soil e required to be posted at the constr	and will require a NOI and TPDES Site Notice. Fuction site in a publicly accessible location.	
4.X Need to address MS4 requireme (Cameron & Hidalgo Counties o		ot needed	
ll. Clean Water Act, Sections 401 a	nd 404 Compliance		IV. Vegetation Resources
Action Items Rquired :	No Action Required		Action Items Required :
I.⊠ Filling, dredging or excavati unless specified in the USACE	ng in any water bodies, rivers, creeks permit and approved by the Engineer.	s, streams, wetlands or wet areas is prohibited The contractor shall adhere to all agreements,	1.♥ In accordance with the 2014 TxDOT Standard Specif install temporary or permanent seeding for erosio for all seeding and replanting of right of way wh
	quired by the NWP as regulated by the all of the terms and conditions asso		2. In accordance with Executive Order 13112 on invas scaping, native species of plants shall be used f for rural roadways. (Required for Rural Settings
🗙 No Permit Required			3.▼ Preserve vegetation where possible throughout the
🗌 Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN	I not Required (less than 1/10th acre	waters or wetlands affected)	stream banks, bed and approach sections.
🗌 Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN	Required (1/10th to <1/2 acre, 1/3	in tidal waters)	4.🗙 Other Project Specific Actions:
🗌 Individual 404 Permit Requ	ired		1. Minimize loose aggregate or paving material al
🗌 Other Nationwide Permit Re	equired: NWP#		
construction methods that cha	for obtaining new or revised Section nge Impacts To Waters Of The U.S., ind e will be maintained and not degraded.	404 permit(s) for Contractor initiated changes in cluding wetlands. The Contractor will ensure that	
3. 🗙 Best Management Practices for	applicable Section 401 General Condi	tions:	
General Condition 12 - Catego	ries I and II BMPs required		
Category I (Erosion Control) Temporary Vegetation Blankets, Matting Mulch Sodding	<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Erosion Control Compost</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mulch Filter Berms and/or Socks</li> <li>Compost Filter Berms and/or Socks</li> <li>Compost Blankets</li> </ul>	
Category II (Sedimentation Co			
☐ Silt Fence ☐ Rock Berm	🗌 Hay (Straw) Bale Dike 🔲 Brush Berms	Mulch Filter Berms and/or Socks Compost Filter Berms and/or Socks	Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100
🗌 Triangular Filter Dike	Sediment Basins	Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	List of Abbreviations           BMP:         Best Management Practice         NWP: Nationwide Permit
Sand Bag Berm	Erosion Control Compost		
General Condition 21 - Catego Category III (Post-Constructi	on TSS Control)	_	CRPe: Contractor Responsible Person Environmental DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency EHWA: Federal Hidhway Administration
<ul> <li>Vegetative Filter Strip</li> <li>Retention/Irrigation</li> </ul>	s 🔲 Wet Basins 🗌 Grassy Swales	<ul> <li>Mulch Filter Berms and/or Socks</li> <li>Compost Filter Berms and/or Socks</li> </ul>	FHWA: Federal Highway Administration     TCD: Texas Commission of TCD: Texas Historical C       MOA: Memorandum of Agreement     THC: Texas Historical C       MOU: Memorandum of Understanding     TPDES:Texas Pollutant Di       MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System     TPDDI Texas Parks and Wi
<ul> <li>Extended Detention Basin</li> <li>Constructed Wetlands</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Sand Filter Systems</li> <li>Sedimentation Chambers</li> </ul>	CGP:Construction General PermitPCN:Pre-Construction NCRPe:Contractor Responsible Person EnvironmentalPSL:Project Specific LDSH5:Texas Department of State Health ServicesSPC:SpillFEMA:Federal Emergency Management AgencySW3P:Storm Water PollutFHWA:Federal Highway AdministrationTCE0:Texas Cormission cMOA:Memorandum of AgreementTHC:Texas Historical CMOU:Memorandum of UnderstandingTPUES: Texas Pollutant DiMSA1:Mobile Source Air ToxicThreaty ActMDI:Notice of IntentUSACE:U.S. Army Corp ofNOI:Notice of TerminationUSFWS:U.S. Fish and Wilc

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### - Continued:

actor Responsible Person Environmental (CRPe) will monitor the P and TPDES General Permit TXR 150000. Daily Monitoring Reports accordance with Item 506.3.1.

- e aggregate along C&G upon completed daily operations.
- e along adjacent grass areas.
- crosses FEMA Flood Plains. No PSL are allowed in

No Action Required

For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And ssues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. s, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate

No Action Required

ifications; Item 164 - Seeding For Erosion Control; provide and ion control as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer where possible. (Required for Urban Settings)

asive species and the Executive Memorandum on Beneficial Landfor all seeding and replanting of right of way where possible gs)

he project and minimize clearing, grubbing and excavation within

along grassy areas.



# ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC)

		SHEET 1	OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.		PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6		\$PRJNO\$	H 69C FR.ETC
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	H 050 FR, EI
TEXAS	PHR	HIDALGO, ETC.	SHEET
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.
0255	08	111,ETC.	104

Revised 01/30/2017

NWP: Nationwide Permit PCN: Pre-Construction Notification PSL: Project Specific Location SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan TCEQ: Texas Cormission on Environmental Quality THC: Texas Historical Commission TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxD0T: Texas Department of Transportation T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE:U.S. Army Corp of Engineers USFWS:U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

V. Federal Listed, and Proposed Threatened and Endangered Species, Critical Habitat, State Listed Species, Candidate Species and Migratory Birds	<u>VI. Hazardous Materials on Contamination Issues - Contin</u>
Action Items Required :	<ol> <li>Does the project involve any bridge class structure not including box culverts)?</li> </ol>
1.⊠ Under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) of 1918, codified at 16 U.S.C. § 703-712 and as enforced by the USFWS,	Yes 🔀 No
the proposed construction work will not remove active nests from bridges, trees, ground and other structures during migratory bird nesting season, (February 1st. through October 1st.). If the Contractor needs to perform work within the right of way during nesting season, a qualified Biologist shall conduct a survey to determine if	If "No", then no further action required. If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing
active nests are present. If present, the Contractor shall maintain a buffer zone around the nest(s) as directed by the Biologist. The buffer zone will be protected from clearing and disturbance until such time as the Biologist	3. Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive
has determined that the nest(s) is no longer active. Prior to the nesting season, existing bridges and culverts should be treated against migratory bird nesting by utilizing Bird Exclusion Methods. Bird Exclusion Methods	
<ul> <li>should be monitored and maintained throughout the nesting season. Refer to Standard Bird Exclusion Details.</li> <li>2. There is the potential for the presence of state-listed species &amp; species of concern in the project area and state law prohibits the taking (incidental or otherwise) of state-listed species. Taking is defined as the collection, hooking, hunting, netting, shooting, or share by any means or devices. If any listed species are observed, cease</li> </ul>	If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a Texas Department consultant to assist with the notification, develop activities as necessary. The notification form to prior to scheduled abatement activities and/or demo
work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. 3.X Other Project Specific Actions:	If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSH
1. FEDERAL AND STATE LISTED SPECIES: TEXAS HORNED LIZARD (PHRYNOSOMA CORCUTUM) TEXAS INDIGO SNAKE ((DRYMARCHON MELANURUS EREBENNUS) TEXAS TORTOISE (GOPHERUS BERIANDIERI) BLACK-SPOTTED NEWT (NOTOPHTHTALMUS MERIDIONALIS) WHITE-LIPPED FROG (LEPTODACTYLUS FRAGILIS) MEXICAN TREE FROG (SMILISCA BAUDINII)	4. The Contractor is responsible for providing the dat careful coordination between the Engineer and an As delays and subsequent claims.
SHEEP FROG (HYPOPACHUS VARIOLOUS)	VII. Other Environmental Issues
2. NO WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED BETWEEN SUNSET AND SUNRISE. CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL BE CONDUCTED DURING DAYLIGHT HOURS ONLY.	Action Items Required :
3. SEE EPIC SHEET SUPPLEMENTALS FOR TWPD BPMS	1. 🗙 Noise
FOR LISTED SPECIES.	Contractor shall make every reasonable effort to mi as work hour controls and proper maintenance of equ
	2. 🗙 Air
	Contractor shall practice common dust control techn unpaved road surfaces and vehicle speed reduction s during construction.
VI. Hazardous Materials on Contamination Issues	Contractor should minimize MSAT by utilizing measur limits on idling, increase use of cleaner burning o
Action Items Required : 🗌 No Action Required	as appropriate.
General (applies to all projects):	
Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (HCA) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.	
Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the HCA.	
Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take immediate action to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS and in accordance with safe work practices. Contact the TxDOT Pharr District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.	
Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:	
<ul> <li>Dead or distressed vegetation (identified as not normal)</li> <li>Trash piles, drums, canisters, barrels, etc.</li> <li>Undesirable smells or odors</li> <li>Evidence of leaching or seepage of contaminant substances</li> </ul>	
Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site.	Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100
1.🗙 If potentially hazardous material and/or contaminated media (i.e.: soil, groundwater, surface water, sediment,	List of Abbreviations BMP: Best Management Practice NWP: Nationwide Permit
building materials) are unexpectedly encountered during construction, assure that such materials and contami- nation are handled according to applicable federal and state regulations, cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.	BMP:Best Management PracticeNWP:Nationwide PermitCCP:Construction General PermitPCN:Pre-Construction NotCRPe:Contractor Responsible Person EnvironmentalPCN:Project Specific LocDSHS:Texas Department of State Health ServicesSPCC:Spill Prevention ConFEMA:Federal Highway AdministrationSW3P:Storm Water PollutionFHWA:Federal Highway AdministrationTExas Commission onMOA:Memorandum of AgreementTHC:Texas Pollutan DiscMS4:Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer SystemTPUES:Texas Department ofMSTA:Migratory Bird Treaty ActTWD:Texas Department ofNOT:Notice of IntentUSACE:ULS.Army Corp of EnNOT:Notice of TerminationUSFWS:U.S.Fish and Wildli

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ture rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures

ing an asbestos assessment/inspection.

tive (is asbestos present)?

ment of State Health Services (DSHS) licensed asbestos elop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days demolition.

DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with Asbestos Consultant in order to minimize construction

No Action Required

o minimize construction noise through abatement measures such equipment mufflers.

echniques such as surface chemical treatment or watering of on shall be implemented to minimize and prevent airborne dust

asures to encourage use of EPA required cleaner diesel fuels, ng diesel engines, and other emission limitation techniques,

PHARR DISTRICT

# ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC)

		SHEET 2	OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.		PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6		\$PRJNO\$	H 69C FR.ETC
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	H 090 FR, EIU
TEXAS	PHR	HIDALGO, ETC.	SHEET
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.
0255	08	111,ETC.	105

Revised 01/30/2017

NWP: Nationwide Permit PCN: Pre-Construction Notification PSL: Project Specific Location SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality THC: Texas Historical Commission TPDES:Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT:Texas Department of Transportation T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE:U.S. Army Corp of Engineers USFWS:U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

### TPWD BMPs

Under Section 12,0011 of the Texas Parks and Wildlife Code. Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) is charged with "providing recommendations that will protect fish and wildlife resources to local, state, and federal agencies that approve, permit, license, or construct developmental projects" and "providing information on fish and wildlife resources to any local, state, and federal agencies or private organizations that make decisions affecting those resources."

The purpose of this section is to provide beneficial management practices (BMP) that should be implemented during construction, and maintenance activities statewide for transportation projects with the goal of avoidance and minimization of impacts to natural resources. Statewide Standard BMP pertain to all fish and wildlife species, including state-listed species and other Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN). Implementing the recommendations as outlined below will improve conservation of species and their habitat.

#### Seneral Design/Construction BMPs

- Prior to start of construction, information will be provided to personnel of the potential for all state-listed threatened species or other SGCN to occur within the project area and should be advised of relevant rules and regulations to protect plants, fish, and wildlife.
- X Contractor should avoid harming all wildlife species if encountered and allow them to safely leave the project site. Due diligence should be used to avoid killing or harming any wildlife species in the implementation of transportation projects.
- Contractors should install wildlife exclusion fencing and should examine the inside of the exclusion area daily to determine if any wildlife species have been trapped inside the area of impact and provide safe egress opportunities prior to initiation of construction activities.
- Apply hydromulching and/or hydroseeding in areas for soil stabilization and/or revegetation of disturbed areas around wetlands and in riparian areas.
- Contractor should use woven natural fiber netting in which the mesh design allows the threads to move, therefore allowing expansion of the mesh openings. Plastic netting should be avoided.
- Project staging areas, stockpiles, temporary construction easements, and other project related sites should be situated in previously disturbed areas to avoid or minimize impacts to sensitive or unique habitats including intact native vegetation, floodplains, riparian corridors, wetlands, playa
- lakes, and habitat for wildlife species.
   When lighting is added, consider wildlife impacts from light pollution and incorporating dark-sky practices into design strategies. Minimize sky glow by focusing light downward, with full cutoff luminaries to avoid light emitting above the horizontal. The minimum amount of night-time lighting needed for safety and security should be used.

#### X Vegetation BMPs

- Minimize the amount of vegetation cleared. Removal of native vegetation, particularly mature native trees and shrubs should
- be avoided. Impacted vegetation should be replaced with in-kind on-site replacement /restoration of native vegetation. It is strongly recommended that trees greater than 12 inches in diameter at breast height (DBH) that are removed be replaced. TPWD/<sub>32</sub> s experience indicates that for ecologically effective replacement, a ratio of three trees for every one (3:1) lost should be provided to either on-site or off-site. Trees less than 12 inches DBH should be replaced at a 1:1 ratio.
- The use of any non-native vegetation in Landscaping and revegetation is discouraged. Locally adapted native species should be used.
- The use of seed mix that contains seeds from only regional ecotype native species is recommended

#### Invasive Species BMPs

- For all work in water bodies designated as  $\frac{3}{32}$  infested  $\frac{3}{32}$  or  $3_{32}$  positive $3_{32}$  for invasive zebra (Dreissena polymorpha) OR quagga mussels (Dreissena bugensis) as well as waters downstream of these lakes, all machinery, equipment, vessels, or vehicles coming in contact with such waters should be cleaned prior to leaving the site to remove any mud, plants, organisms, or debris, water drained (if applicable), and dried completely before use in another water body to prevent the potential spread of invasive mussels. Care should be taken to prevent the spread of aquatic and
- $\square$
- terrestrial invasive plants during construction activities. Care should be taken to avoid the spread of aquatic invasive  $\square$ plants such as giant Salvinia (Salvinia molesta), common salvinia (Salvinia minima), hydrilla (Hydrilla verticillata), water hyacinth (Eichhornia spp.), Eurasian watermilfoil (Myriophyllum spicatum), water lettuce (Pistia stratiotes), and alligatorweed (Alternanthera philoxeroides) from infested water bodies into areas not currently infested. All machinery, equipment, vessels, boat trailers, or vehicles coming in contact with waters containing aquatic invasive plant species should be cleaned prior to leaving the site to remove all aquatic plant material and dried completely before use on another water body to prevent the potential spread of invasive plants. Removed plants should be transported for disposal in a secure manner to prevent dispersal.
- $\square$ Only native or non-invasive plants should be planted. Care should be taken to avoid mowing invasive giant reed (Arundo donax), which spreads by fragmentation, and to clean equipment if inadvertently mowed to prevent spread. If using hay bales for sediment control, use locally grown weed-free hay to prevent the spread of invasive species. Leave the hay bales in place and allow them to break down, as this acts as mulch assisting in revegetation.

#### □ Stream Crossinas BMPs

Riparian buffer zones should remain undisturbed.

#### Dewatering BMPs

Impact avoidance measures for aquatic organisms, including all native fish and freshwater mussel species, regardless of state-listing status, should be considered during project planning and construction activities.

#### Wildlife Crossing BMPs

□ Incorporate wildlife crossings with fencing, particularly in areas that bisect wildlife travel corridors or seasonal movement routes to avoid further habitat fragmentation and minimize wildlife-vehicle interactions.

#### Rare Plant BMPs

Avoid impacts and minimize unavoidable impacts. Plast loca fenc prot grow is t plan proj plan herb hand on s

Avoid impacts and minimize unavoidable impacts. Plant locations should be protected with temporary barrier fencing and contractors should be instructed to avoid protected areas. Conducting construction outside of the growing season or after a plant has produced mature fruit is the preferred way to avoid/minimize impacts to SGCN plant populations. Staging areas, stockpiles, and other project related sites on TxDOI ROW should not impact SGCN plant populations. After construction begins, minimize herbicide use near SGCN plant populations (if possible, use hand-held spot sprayers, several meters from rare plants, on still or days with little wind).			© 20 EPIC	<sup>22</sup> PHA	Department of Transpo IRR DISTRICT T SUPPLEMEN	
	Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100	Revised 02/24/2022				
	List of Abbreviations		]		SHEET 1	OF 3
BMP: Best Management Practice CGP: Construction General Permit	MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality THC: Texas Historical Commission	FED.RD. DIV.NO.		PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
CRPe: Contractor Responsible Person Environmental	NOI: Notice of Intent	TPDES:Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System	6		\$PRJNO\$	H 69C FR. ETC.
DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency	NOT: Notice of Termination NWP: Nationwide Permit	TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT:Texas Department of Transportation	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	H OSC FR, EIG.
FHWA: Federal Highway Administration	PCN: Pre-Construction Notification	T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species	TEXAS	PHR	HIDALGO, ETC.	SHEET
MOA: Memorandum of Agreement MOU: Memorandum of Understanding	PSL: Project Specific Location SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure	USACE:U.S. Army Corp of Engineers USFWS:U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.
MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan		0255	08	111,ETC.	106

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#### Rare Plants BMPs (Continued)

If there are unintended impacts to SGCN populations, these impacts should be reported to TPWD Transportation Staff. During project period, conduct work during times of the year when plants are dormant and/or conditions minimize disturbance of the habitat.

X Bird BMPs

X

X

Avoid vegetation clearing activities during the general bird nesting season, February 15th to October 1st to minimize adverse impacts to birds.

Do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds,

eggs, young, or active nests without a permit. Minimize extended human presence near nesting birds during construction and maintenance activities. Protect sensitive habitat areas with temporary barriers or fencing to limit human foot- traffic and off-road vehicle use to alert and discourage contractors from causing any unintentional impacts.

Minimize construction noise above ambient levels during general bird nesting season to minimize adverse impacts on birds.

Minimize construction lighting during the general bird nesting season by scheduling work activities between dawn and dusk.

#### □ Rookeries BMPs

In general, nesting dates for herons and egrets range from early February to late August in Texas, depending on the species. Great blue herons (GBHE) (Ardea herodis) are usually the first to nest. When GBHE get disrupted from the nest and abandon nesting, then the other species of herons and egrets may not attempt to nest at the colony that year. If rookeries are encountered, avoid and minimize disturbance during nesting to protect rookery species and their habitat.

Vegetation clearing in a primary buffer area of 300 meters (984 feet) from a rookery or heronry periphery should be avoided. Utilizing areas that have already been cleared within this buffer area may be acceptable depending on site-specific characteristics. Additionally, human foot-traffic or machinery use should not occur within this buffer area during the nesting season.

Clearing activities or construction using heavy machinery in a secondary buffer area of 1000 meters (3281 feet) from the heronry periphery should be avoided during the breeding season (courting and nesting).

#### Fish BMPs

- The following Fish BMP apply to projects for all fish species in waters of the state to minimize impacts to water quality and aquatic passage from transportation projects.
- $\square$ For projects in waters of the state and work is adjacent to
- water: follow Water Quality and Stream Crossing BMPs. For projects in waters of the state and work is in the water:  $\square$ follow Water Quality, Stream Crossing, and Dewatering BMP.

#### □ Aquatic Invertebrate BMPs

- For projects within the range of a SGCN or state-listed species and work is adjacent to water: Water Quality and Stream Crossing BMP
- For projects within the range of a SGCN or state-listed species and work is in the water: Water Quality, Stream Crossing, and Dewatering BMP.
- For spring-seep associated caddisflies (Cheumatopsyche morsei, Chimarra holzenthali, and Hydroptila ouachita): Avoid or minimize impacts to the natural riparian buffer along stream channel including native shrubs and trees.

#### Crayfish BMP

- For projects within the range of a SGCN or state-listed species and work is adjacent to water: Water Quality and Stream Crossing BMP. For projects within the range of a SGCN or state-listed
- species and work is in the water: Water Quality, Stream Crossing, and Dewatering BMP.
- Avoid or minimize impacts to the natural riparian buffer that provides terrestrial and aquatic plant matter for the diet of most cravfish species.

#### Freshwater Mussel BMP

- In addition to Water Quality and Stream Crossing BMP, follow the most recent, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>32</sub> TPWD<sup>3</sup>/<sub>32</sub> TxDOT Annual Work Plan for Pre-Construction Surveys, Aquatic Resources Relocations, and Other Best Management Practices to Avoid, Minimize, and
- When work is adjacent to the water Resources.<sup>3</sup>/<sub>32</sub> When work is adjacent to the water: Water Quality BMP implemented as part of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for a construction general permit or any conditions of the 401 Water Quality Certification for the project will be implemented.

#### ■ Insect Pollinator BMP

- Deep soil disturbances, such as, tilling or deep disking in areas that host aggregations of ground- nesting bees should be avoided. Tilling and disking also may promote the invasion or germination of non-native plants. Different species of native ground-nesting bees prefer different soil conditions, although research suggests that many ground In areas with these soil types consider leaving open patches of soil.
- Allow dead trees to stand (so long as they do not pose a risk to property or people) and protect shrubs and herbaceous plants with pithy or hollow stems (e.g., cane fruits, sumac, elderberry), as these provide nesting habitat for tunnel-nesting native bees. Retain dead or dying branches whenever it is safe and practical at the edges of the ROW. Wood- boring beetle larvae often fill dead trees and branches with narrow tunnels into which tunnel- nesting bees will establish nests. Additionally, bumble bees may choose to nest in wood piles.
- Retain rotting logs at edges of the ROW where some bee species may burrow tunnels in which to nest.

#### ■ Insect Pollinator BMP (Continued)

- X Protect sloped or well-drained ground sites where plants are sparse and direct access to soil is available. These are the areas where ground-nesting bees may dig nests. Turning the soil destroys all ground nests that are present at that depth and hinders the emergence of bees that are nesting deeper in the around.
- X Protect grassy thickets, or other areas of dense, low cover from mowing or other disturbance. These are the sites where bumble bees might find the nest cavities they need, as well as annual and perennial wildflowers that can provide important food resources.
- Where available and economical, native plants and seed should be procured from local eco-type providers. Seed mixes should be diverse and include as many ecoregion natives as possible ensuring full season floral resources. Species by Texas corregion can be found in the Texas Management Recommendations for Native Insect Pollinators in Texas document:
- https://tpwd.texas.gov/publications/pwdpubs/media/pwd\*bk\*w7000\*1813.pdf Planting at least three different native flowering plants within each of three blooming periods are recommended (spring summer, early fall) in high rainfall regions of Texas. In drier regions of the state, a target of three native flowering plants wiťhin each of two blooming periods can be used.

#### Small Mammal BMP

For Coues' rice rat (Oryzomys couesi aquaticus):

- □ Minimize impacts to wetland, resaca, oxbow Conversion of property containing cave or cliff features to transportation purposes should be avoided lake. and marsh habitats
- Water Quality BMP

#### Fossorial Mammal BMP

- When a construction zone is adjacent to active BTPD burrows or pocket gopher mounds, erect barriers to discourage individuals moving through or into the construction area.
- When seeding or revegetation is planned in an area adjacent to BTPD burrows or pocket gopher mounds, a vegetative barrier should be considered in the planting to discourage dispersal into the ROW.

#### Bat BMP

BMP:

DSHS:

MOU:

- For activities that have the potential to impact structures, cliffs or caves, or trees; a qualified biologist will perform a habitat assessment and occupancy survey of the feature(s) with roost potential as early in the planning process as possible or within one year before project letting.
- For roosts where occupancy is strongly suspected but unconfirmed during the initial survey, revisit feature(s) at most four weeks prior to scheduled disturbance to confirm absence of bats.
- □ If bats are present or recent signs of occupation (i.e., piles of guano, distinct musky odor, or staining and rub marks at potential entry points) are observed, take appropriate measures to ensure
- that bats are not harmed, such as implementing non-lethal exclusion activities or timing or phasing of construction. Exclusion devices can be installed by a qualified individual between September 1 and March 31. Exclusion devices should be used for a minimum of seven days when minimum nightime temperatures are above 50°F AND minimum daytime temperatures are above 70°F. Prior to exclusion, ensure that alternate roosting habitat is available in the immediate area. If no suitable roosting habitat is available, installation of alternate roosts is recommended to replace the loss of an occupied roost. If alternate roost sites are not provided, bats may seek shelter in other inappropriate sites, such as buildings, in the surrounding area.

Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100

List of Abbreviations MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic Best Management Practice TCEQ: Texas Commissic CCP: Construction General Permit CRPe: Contractor Responsible Person Environmental MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOI: Notice of Intent NOI: Notice of Termination THC: Texas Historico TPDES:Texas Pollutant Texas Department of State Health Services TPWD: Texas Parks and FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency FHWA: Federal Highway Administration NWP: Nationwide Permit TxDOT:Texas Departmen PCN: Pre-Construction Notification PSL: Project Specific Location T&F: Threatened and MOA: Memorandum of Aareement USACE: U.S. Army Corp Memorandum of Understanding Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure USFWS: U.S. Fish and I MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

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#### □ Bat BMP (Continued)

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If feature(s) used by bats are removed as a result of construction, replacement structures should incorporate bat-friendly design or artificial roosts should be constructed to replace these features.

Avoid unnecessary removal of dead fronds on native and ornamental palm trees in south Texas (Cameron, Hidalgo, Willacy, Kenedy, Brooks, Kleberg, Nueces, and San Patricio counties) from April 1 through October 31. If removal of dead fronds is necessary at other times of the year, limit frond removal to extended warms periods (nighttime temperatures = 55°F for at least two consecutive nights), so bats can move away from the disturbance and find new roosts.

Large hollow trees, snags (dead standing trees), and trees with shaqqy bark should be surveyed for colonies and, if found, should not be disturbed until the bats are no longer occupying these features. Post-occupancy surveys should be conducted by a qualified biologist prior to tree removal from the landscape.

Retain mature, large diameter hardwood forest species and native/ornamental palm trees.

In all instances, avoid harm or death to bats. Bats should only be handled as a last resort and after communication with TPWD.

#### X Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP

For projects within existing right-of-way (ROW) when work is in water or will permanently impact a water feature and potential habitat exists for the target species complete the following:

Minimize impacts to wetlands, temporary and permanent open water features, including depressions, and riverine habitats.

Maintain the existing hydrologic regime and any connections between wetlands and other aquatic features.

Use barrier fencing to direct animal movements away from construction activities and areas of potential

wildlife-vehicle collisions in construction areas directly adjacent, or that may directly impact, potential habitat for the target species.

Apply hydromulching and/or hydroseeding in areas for soil stabilization and/or revegetation of disturbed areas around wetlands and in riparian areas. If erosion control blankets or mats will be used, the product should not contain netting, but should only contain loosely woven natural fiber netting in which the mesh design allows the threads to move, therefore allowing expansion of the mesh openings.

 Plastic netting should be avoided.
 Project specific locations (PSLs) proposed within state-owned ROW should be located in uplands away from aquatic features.

When work is directly adjacent to the water, minimize impacts to shoreline basking sites (e.g., downed trees, sand bars, exposed bedrock) and refugia/overwinter sites (e.g., brush and debris piles, crayfish burrows, aquatic logjams, and leaf packs).

	PHARR DISTRICT				
	EPIC SHEET SUPPLEMENTALS				
		TPW	D BMF	°s	
Revised 02/24/2022					
	-		SHE	ET 2 OF 3	
on on Environmental Quality	FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHE PROJECT NO.	ET 2 OF 3	
on on Environmental Quality al Commission	FED. RD. DIV. NO. 6			HIGHWAY NO.	
on on Environmental Quality al Commission Discharge Elimination System d Wildlife Department	DIV.NO.	DISTRICT	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY	
on on Environmental Quality al Commission t Discharge Elimination System d Wildlife Department nt of Transportation Endangered Species	6	DISTRICT	PROJECT NO. \$PRJNO\$	HIGHWAY NO. IH 69C FR, ETC	
on on Environmental Quality al Commission t Discharge Elimination System d Wildlife Department nt of Transportation	DIV.NO. 6 STATE		PROJECT NO. \$PRJNO\$ COUNTY	HIGHWAY NO. HH 69C FR, ETC	

#### Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP (Continued)

If gutters and curbs are part of the roadway design, install autters that do not include the side box inlet and include sloped (i.e., mountable) curbs to allow small animals to leave roadway. If this modification to the entire curb system is not possible, install sections of sloped curb on either side of the storm water drain for several feet to allow small animals to leave the roadway. Priority areas for these design recommendations are those with nearby wetlands or other aquatic features.

For projects that require acquisition of additional ROW and work within that new ROW is in water or will permanently impact a water feature, implement BMP for projects within existing ROW above plus those below:

- For sections of roadway adjacent to wetlands or other aquatic features, install wildlife barriers that prevent climbing. Barriers should terminate at culvert openings in order to funnel animals under the road. The barriers should be of the same length as the adjacent feature or 80 feet long in each direction, or whichever is the lesser of the two.
- For culvert extensions and culvert replacement/installation, incorporate measures to funnel animals toward culverts such as concrete wingwalls and barrier walls with overhangs.
- When riprap or other bank stabilization devices are necessary, their placement should not impede the movement of terrestrial or aquatic wildlife through the water feature. Biotechnical streambank stabilization methods using live native vegetation, or a combination of vegetative and structural materials should be used.
- X Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP
  - For open trenches and excavated pits, install escape ramps at an angle of less than 45 degrees (1:1) in areas left uncovered. Visually inspect excavation areas for trapped wildlife prior to backfilling
  - Avoid or minimize disturbing or removing cover objects, such as downed trees, rotting stumps, brush piles, and leaf litter. If avoidance or minimization is not practicable, consider removing cover objects prior to the start of the project and replace them at project completion. X Examine heavy equipment stored on site before use,
  - particularly after rain events when reptile and amphibian movements occur more often, to ensure use will not harm
  - individuals that might be seeking temporary refuge. during the spring, construction activities like clearing or arading should aftempt to be scheduled outside of the spring (March-May) season.

Also, timing ground disturbing activities before October when reptiles and amphibians become less active and may be using burrows in the project area is also encouraged. If Texas tortoises (Gopherus berlandieri) or box turtles

- X (Terrepene spp.) are present in a project area, they should be removed from the area and relocated between 100 and 200 meters from the project area. After removal of the individuals, the area that will be disturbed during active construction and project specific locations should be fenced off to exclude reentry by turtles, tortoises, and other reptiles. The exclusion fence should be constructed and maintained as follows:
  - The exclusion fence should be constructed with metal flashing or drift fence material.
  - Rolled erosion control mesh material should not be used. The exclusion fence should be buried at least 6 inches
  - deep and be at least 24 inches high.
  - The exclusion fence should be maintained for the life of the project and only removed after the construction is completed and the disturbed site has been revegetated.

#### Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP (Continued)

- After project is complete, revegetate disturbed areas with an appropriate locally sourced native seed mix. If erosion control blankets or mats will be used, the product should not contain nylon netting, but should only contain loosely woven natural fiber netting in which the mesh design allows the threads to move, therefore allowing expansion of the mesh openings. Plastic netting should be avoided.
- Black-spotted newt/Mexican Burrowing toad/ Mexican treefroa/ Strecker's chorus frog/White-Lipped frog/Woodhouse's togd
  - Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP
  - Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP
  - Water Quality BMP
  - Vegetation BMP

### X Sheep Frog

- Minimize disturbance to burrows or downed woody debris
- Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP
- Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP
- Water Quality BMP Vegetation BMP

#### South Texas Siren (Larae Form)

- Minimize impacts to warm, shallow waters with vegetative cover such as ponds and ditches
- Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP
- Water Quality BMP

Black-striped snake/ Eastern box turtle/Northern cat-eved snake/Plateau spot-tailed earless lizard/ Reticulate collared lizard/ Slender glass lizard/ Speckler racer/Tamaulipan spot-tailed earless lizard/ Texas Indigo snake/ Western box turtle/Western hognose

- Snake/Western massasauga
  - Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP XX Vegetation BMP

#### □ Rio Grande River Cooter

Aquatic Amphibian Water Quality BMP Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP

#### X Texas Horned Lizard

- Avoid harvester ant mounds in the selection of Project Specific
- Locations (PSLs).
- XX Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP
- Vegetation BMP

#### X Texas Tortoise

- Utility trenches should be covered overnight or visually inspected before filling to avoid burial of the species X
- Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP
- Vegetation BMP

Pharr Distri	ct Contact	No. 95	56-702-6100
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#### List of Abbreviations MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic TCEQ: Texas Commissio CGP: Construction General Permit CRPe: Contractor Responsible Person Environmental MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOI: Notice of Intent NOI: Notice of Termination THC: Texas Historical TPDES:Texas Pollutant Texas Department of State Health Services TPWD: Texas Parks and FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency FHWA: Federal Highway Administration NWP: Nationwide Permit TxDOT:Texas Departmen PCN: Pre-Construction Notification PSL: Project Specific Location T&E: Threatened and USACE:U.S. Army Corp USFWS:U.S. Fish and W SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure

SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

Best Management Practice

MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System

**-X** 

**—X** 

**-X** 

OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION

### Trifold Available

Ocelot information Pelican information Ashy dogweed

### Stockcards Available

🔲 Mitigatory Bird Treaty Act \_ Texas Tortoise □ Harvester Ants and Horn Lizards

	© 2022 PHARR DISTRICT				
	EPIC	SHEE	T SUPPL		ITALS
	-	TPW	D BM	Ps	
Revised 02/24/2022					
			SH	IEET 3	OF 3
on on Environmental Quality al Commission t Discharge Elimination System	FED.RD. DIV.NO.		PROJECT NO. H		HIGHWAY NO.
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d Wildlife Department nt of Transportation	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	(	
nt of Transportation Endangered Species	STATE TEXAS	DISTRICT PHR	HIDALGO,		SHEET
nt of Transportation					SHEET NO.

Texas Department of Transportation

SITE DESCRIPTION	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS	
PROJECT LIMITS: <u>Various Locations in Willacy and Hidalgo County.</u>	SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES: (Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, as applicable)	OTHER ER
PROJECT SITE MAPS: <u>See Title Sheet &amp; Location Maps</u>	TEMPORARY SEEDING      PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES        MULCHING (Hay or Straw)      FLEXIBLE CHANNEL LINER        BUFFER ZONES      RIGID CHANNEL LINER        PLANTING      SOIL RETENTION BLANKET        SEDDING      COMPOST MANUFACTURED COMPOST        SODDING         OTHER; (Specify Practice)      CONTROL SOCKS	MAINTENANCI repoir i days of from he followed INSPECTION: storage site, pe
	STRUCTURAL PRACTICES: (Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, as applicable)	<u>areas at</u> end of a
	SILT FENCES	WASTE MATER
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: <u>Overlay</u>	T       BIODEGRADABLE EROSION CONTROL SOCKS         HAY BALES         ROCK FILTER DAMS	<u>All trasi</u> No cons
WAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES: <u>N/A</u>	DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS PIPE SLOPE DRAINS PAVED FLUMES ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT	HAZARDOUS W <u>categorie</u> <u>Asphalt p</u> <u>curing ca</u> Coordinat
TOTAL PROJECT AREA:	TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT     TIMBER MATTING OR EQUAL AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT     CHANNEL LINERS     SEDIMENT TRAPS	<u>on site.</u> are consi to dump
TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED: <u>N./A</u>	SEDIMENT BASINS STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES	SANITARY WA required
Before Construction: Not Calculated After Construction: Same as Before	CURBS AND GUTTERS STORM SEWERS VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES OTHER: (Specify Practice)	OFFSITE VEH directed
See EPIC Sheet           NAME         OF RECEIVING WATERS: N/A           Overlay project locations runoff flows into roadside ditches or storm water inlets and drains into outfails and drainage canals.	STORM WATER MANAGEMENT: Storm water drainage will be provided by storm sewer networks. This storm drain system will carry drainage within the row to low points in the highway where cross drainage may occur and ultimately to the designated outfall.	MANAGEMENT <u>I. Dispo</u> minim <u>areas</u> <u>2. Constr</u> <u>Contr</u> <u>3. All w</u> <u>bridg</u>
ENDANGERED SPECIES, DESIGNATED CRITICAL HABITAT AND HISTORICAL PROPERTY: A. See EPIC SHEET 2 of 2 for federal and state listed species.	STORM WATER MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES:	OTHER: <u>Contr</u> <u>I. Constr</u> <u>2. The p</u> mobile
	The order of activities will be as follows: I Install perimeter controls, clear R.O.W. on side where construction will take place, and make required utility ad justments 2. Construct proposed roadway.	Certif Permi
B. No critical habitat or historical properties have been determined to be within the project area.		
The documentation satisfying TPDES Construction General Permit eligibility pertaining to the existence or of any protective action taken with regards to endangered species or designated critical habitat or historical property in this project area is contained in the project's Environmental impact Study and can be viewed under the State Open Records Act at the address shown below:	NON-STORM WATER MANAGEMENT DISCHARGES:	
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PHARR DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS ATTN: ENVIRONMENTAL COORDINATOR 600 W. EXPRESSWAY 83 PHARR. TX T8577 PHONE: 956-702-6100	allowed to mix with storm water. These discharges consist of non-polluted ground water, spring water, foundation and/or footing drain water; and water used for dust control, pavement washing and vehicle wastewater containing no detergents.	: E :PY
		Z.

### **OTHER REQUIREMENTS & PRACTICES**

#### ION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

All erosion and sediment controls will be maintained in good working order. If a mecessary, it will be done at the earliest date possible, but no later than 7 calendar the surrounding exposed ground has dried sufficiently to prevent further damage of equipment. The areas ad jacent to creeks and drainage ways shall have priority of devices protecting storm sewer inlets.

or areas of the construction site that have not been finally stabilized, area used for materials, structural control measures, and locations where vehicles enter or exit the nonel provided by the permittee and familiar with the SW3P must inspect disturbed ast once every fourteen (14) calendar days and within twenty-four (24) hours of the storm event 0.5 inches or greater.

ALS: All waste materials will be collected and stored in a securely lidded dumpster. and construction debris from the site will be deposited as necessary at a local dump. uction waste material will be buried on site.

STE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): <u>At a minimum, any products in the following</u> to be hazardous: Paints, Acids for cleaning masonry surfaces, Cleaning Solvents, ducts, Petroleum fuels and oils, Chemical additives for soil stabilization, or Concrete pounds and additives. In the event of a spill which may be hazardous, the spill r should be contacted immediately. Emptying of excess concrete should not be allowed ikewise, washout of concrete trucks should not be performed on site. These discharges ered non-allowable non-storm water discharges. Concrete trucks should never be allowed to storm drains or sanitary sewers.

IE: <u>All sanitary waste will be collected from the portable units as necessary or as</u> <u>y local regulation by a licensed sanitary waste management contractor.</u>

CLE TRACKING: <u>The Contractor shall be rquired, on a requiar basis or as may be</u> the Engineer, to dampen haul roads for dust control, stabilize construction entrances nove excess dirt from the roadway.

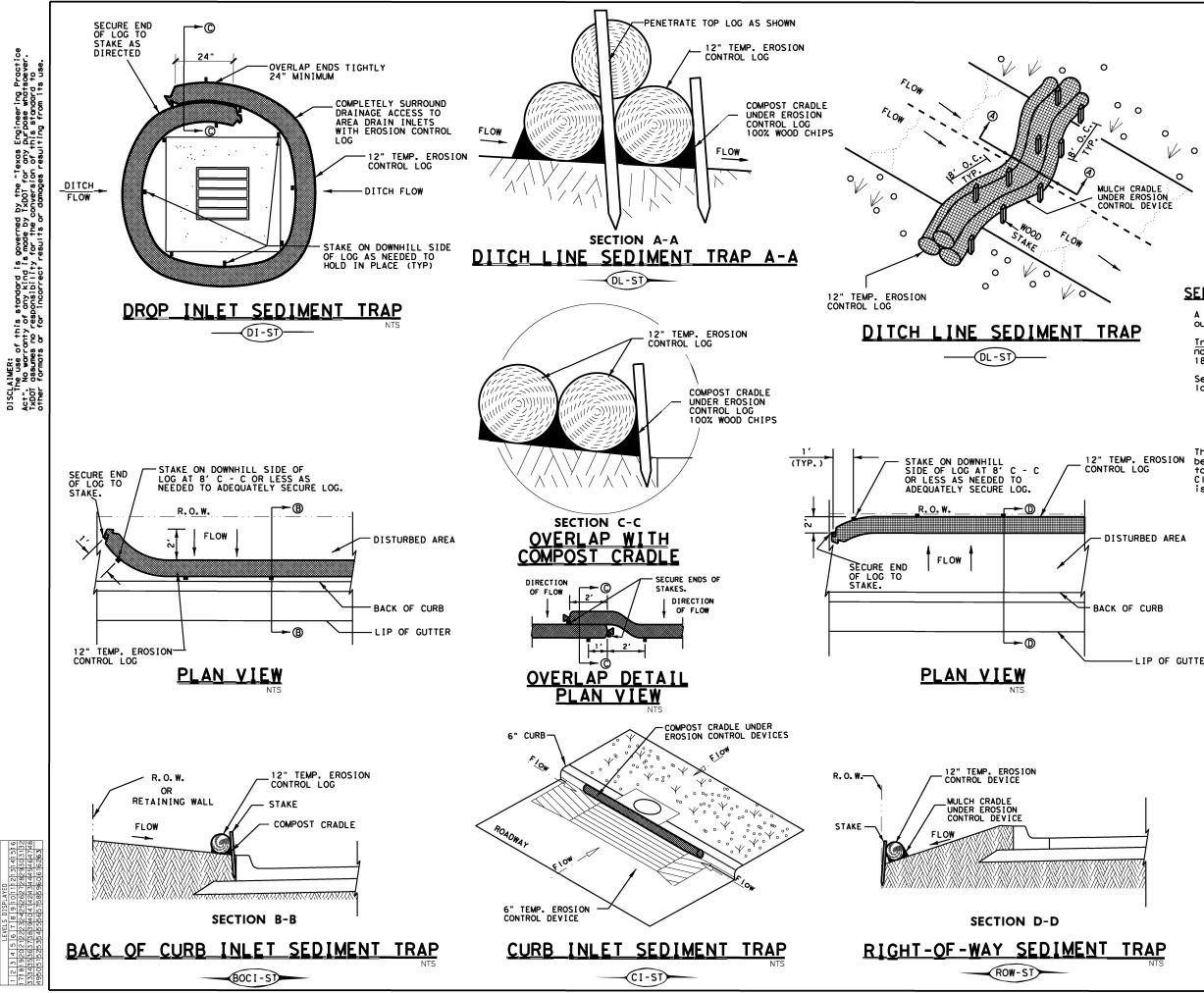
RACTICES: (Example Below - May be used as applicable, revised or expanded): I areas, stockpiles, and haul roads shall be constructed in a manner that will e and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal shall not be located in any wetland, water body or stream bed. In a manner to minimize the runoff of pollutants. rways shall be cleared as soon as practicable of temporary embankment, temporary , matting, falsework, pilling, or debris or other obstructions placed during ction operations that are not a part of the finished work.

tor shall adhere to the following:

ction Materials List of materials stored on job site to be provided by Contractor. Dject SW3P File shall be located at the project field office or within the Contractor's office at all times and shall contain the N.O.I., CGP, Signature Authorization, ation/Qualification Statements, Inspection Reports, Required Maps, and the TPDES Part II. This File to be persented to authorized State and Federal Agents upon request.



C 2014 Texas Department of Transportation T<sub>x</sub>DOT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P) REV. 2-20-14 SW3P.DGN PROJECT NO. DIV.NO 6 109 STATE DIST. COUNTY TEXAS PHARR HIDALGO, ETC. 0255 08 111,ETC, IH 69C FR,ETC







DITCH LINE SEDIMENT TRAP

BOCI-SD BACK OF CURB INLET SEDIMENT TRAP

CURB INLET SEDIMENT TRAP

### SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment trap may be used to precipitate sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

<u>Traps:</u> the drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Sediment traps should be placed in the following Sealment fraps should be proceed in inlets locations: 1. Immediately preceding drain inlets 2. Just before the drainage enters a water course 3. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way 4. Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project

The trap should be cleaned when the capacity has been reduced by  $\frac{1}{2}$  or the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1', whichever is less. Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for seperately.

-LIP OF GUTTER

#### GENERAL NOTES

- LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE INTENDED. MAXIMUM LENGTH OF LOGS SHALL BE 30' FOR 12" DIAMETER LOGS.
   UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE SYSTEM FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS
- SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS,
- SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS, USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.
  STUFF LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL TO ACHIEVE DENSITY THAT WILL HOLD SHAPE WITHOUT EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION.
  STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD 4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT 2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG.
  COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL AND WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.



	epartment		
TEMPO		EROS	<b>ON</b>

# CONTROL LOGS TECL-17 (PHR)

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		HIGHWAY NO.	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	PHARR	HIDALGO, ETC.	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	110
0255	08	111,ETC.	