DocuSign Envelope ID: CEC7F480-7180-46B3-850C-F39DAAAFEB28

INDEX OF SHEETS

SEE SHEET NO.2 FOR DETAILED INDEX

INDEX OF LOCATIONS

(SEE LOCATION MAPS FOR DETAILS)

US 83 STARR COUNTY CSJ 0038-07-083 INSTALL TRAFFIC SIGNAL

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL - AID PROJECT NUMBER

STP (2023)833 HES CSJ 0038-07-083

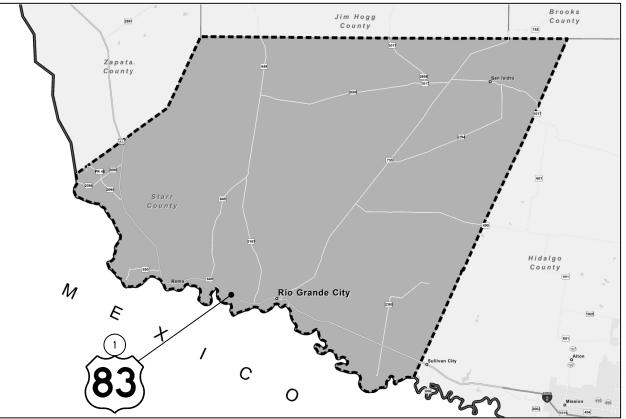
NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 0.2 MILES

STARR COUNTY US 83

LIMITS: FROM: 0.1 MI. W. OF SUNTEX RD./MIDWAY RD. TO: 0.1 MI. E. OF SUNTEX RD./MIDWAY RD.

FOR THE INSTALLATION OF TRAFFIC SIGNALS

CONSISTING OF THE REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF OVERHEAD FLASHING BEACON AND THE INSTALLATION OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL, ILLUMINATION, PEDESTRIAN ELEMENTS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS.



LOCATION MAP NOT TO SCALE

PROJECT DATA OVERALL NUMBER OF LOCATIONS: 1 DESIGN SPEED: VARIES EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

TDLR INSPECTION NOT REQUIRED

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ON NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 2022).

© 2023 Texas Department of Transportation ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

PHR		STARR	1
		67400	
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
0038	07	083	US 83
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY

	FINAL PLANS	
DATE OF	LETTING:	
DATE WOF	RK BEGAN:	
DATE WOF	RK COMPLETED:	
DATE WOF	RK ACCEPTED:	
FINAL CO	DNTRACT COST: _s	
CONTRACT	TOR:	
	APPROVED FIELD CHANGES, CHA EMENTAL AGREEMENTS:	NGE ORDERS
WORK WAS I SPECIFICA	O CERTIFY THAT ALL CONSTRUCT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TIONS AND CONTRACT.ALL PROPC ETED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.	THE PLANS
FRANCIS ROMA AR	SCO J. CANTU, P.E. REA ENGINEER	DATE

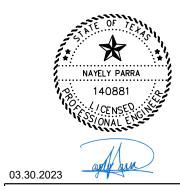


SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:	DATE: 4/3/2023
DocuSigned by: Gabriel IS E75CB72436B0468.	aac Garcia
	TRAFFIC OPERATIONS
RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:	DATE: 4/3/2023
DocuSigned by: PULVO K. AW	uns
1 00010 10 0000	
EABA335C2DAA48C	•

<u>SI</u>	HEET NO.	DESCRIPTION	SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
		GENERAL		SIGNING
	1	TITLE SHEET	# 70	SIGN DETAILS SHEET
	2	INDEX OF SHEETS		
	3	LOCATION MAP		
	4-10	GENERAL NOTES		SIGNING STANDARDS
	11-12	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEETS	# 71	[S] SMD(GEN)-08
	13-14	QUANTITY SUMMARY SHEETS	# 72	[S] SMD(SLIP-1)-08
	15	ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA SHEET	# 73	[S] SMD(SLIP-2)-08
			# 74	[S] SMD(SLIP-3)-08
			# 75	[S] TSR(3)-13
		TRAFFIC SIGNAL LAYOUTS	# 76	[S] TSR(4)-13
		LOCATION 1	# 77	[S] TSR(5)-13
	16	US 83 @ SUNTEX RD/MIDWAY RD CONDITION LAYOUT		
	17-18	US 83 @ SUNTEX RD/MIDWAY RD PROPOSED LAYOUT		
	19	US 83 @ SUNTEX RD/MIDWAY RD PAVEMENT MARKINGS	<i>"</i>	PAVEMENT MARKINGS & DELINEATION STANDARDS
			# 78	[S] PM(1)-22
			# 79	[S] PM(2)-22
		ROADWAY DETAIL STANDARDS	# 80	[S] PM(3)-22
#	20	[S] CCCG-22	# 81	[S] PM(4)-22A
#	21-24			
#	25	[D] SIDEWALK & WHEELCHAIR RAMP DESIGN GUIDE		
			00.00	
			82-83	STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)
#		TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS	84-85	ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC)
#	26	[S] BC(1)-21	86-88	EPIC SHEET SUPPLEMENTALS TPWD BMPs
#	27	[S] BC(2)-21		
#	28	[S] BC(3)-21		
#	29	[S] BC(4)-21	# 89	
#	30	[S] BC(5)-21	# 89	[D] TECL-17 (PHR)
#	31	[S] BC(6)-21		
#	32	[S] BC(7)-21		
#	33	[S] BC(8)-21		
#	34	[S] BC(9)-21		
#	35	[S] BC(10)-21		
#	36	[S] BC(11)-21		
#	37 38	[S] BC(12)-21		
#		[S] TCP(1-1)-18		
#	39 40	[S] TCP(1-2)-18		[S] STATE STANDARD
#	40 41	[S] TCP(1-3)-18		[D] DISTRICT STANDARD
#	41	[S] TCP(1-4)-18		
#	42 43	[S] TCP(2-1)-18 [S] TCP(3-1)-13		
#	43 44	[S] TCP(3-1)-13 [S] TCP(3-2)-13		
#	44	[5] TCP(3-2)-13 [S] TCP(3-3)-14		
#	45 46	[S] TCP(3-3)-14 [S] TCP(3-4)-13		
#	40 47	[5] FOP(3-4)-13 [S] WZ(BTS-1)-13		
#	47	[5] WZ(BTS-1)-15 [S] WZ(BTS-2)-13		
.,	.0			
		TRAFFIC SIGNAL STANDARDS		
#	49	[S] ED(1)-14		
#	50	[S] ED(3)-14		
#	51	[S] ED(4)-14		
#	52	[S] ED(5)-14		
#	53	[S] ED(6)-14		
#	54	[S] ED(7)-14		
#	55	[S] ED(8)-14		

- [S] ED(8)-14 [S] ED(10)-14 [S] LD(1)-03 [S] LD(2)-03 # # 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 # # #
- [S] SP-100(1)-12 [S] SP-100(2)-12 [S] TS-FD-12 # #
- # [S] TS-CF-21
- # [S] TS-BP-20 [S] LUM-A-12
- # # [S] CFA-12
- 65 66 # [D] ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESIGN WITH SIGNAL CONTROLLER
- # 67-69 [D] TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH A "#" HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



*

Texas Department of Transportation

INDEX OF SHEETS

			SHE	ET	1 OF 1
© 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
	0038	07	083		US 83
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	PHR		STARR		2







LOCATION 1: US 83

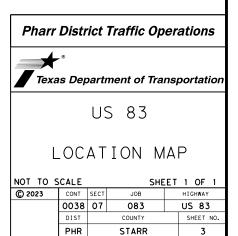
CSJ: 0038-07-083 LIMITS: 0.1 MILES W. OF SUNTEX RD/MIDWAY RD 0.1 MILES E. OF SUNTEX RD/MIDWAY RD POSTED SPEED: 60 MPH

A.A.D.T.: 2021 = 19,988 VPD 2041 = 27,938 VPD

STARR COUNTY

NOTE: SEE PLAN SHEETS FOR LOCATION DETAILS: STARTING SHEET

CONDITION LAYOUT =	16
PROPOSED LAYOUT =	17
PAVEMENT MARKINGS =	19



County: Starr

Control: 0038-07-083

Highway: US 83

2014 SPECS GENERAL NOTES:

****** General Requirements and Covenants to ITEMS 1 thru 9

For all pits or quarries, comply with the "Texas Aggregate Quarry and Pit Safety Act."

Provide on a weekly basis a list of equipment, including idle equipment, utilized on the project that week.

The 1-800 call services for utility locations do not include TxDOT facilities. Contact the Pharr District Signal Section (956-702-6225) for coordination regarding TxDOT underground lines.

The Contractor's attention is directed to the possible presence of underground utilities on the Right of Way on this project. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to call for locates 48 hours in the advance of excavation or drilling.

All information concerning utility verification shall be provided to the Engineer.

The Contractor shall contact the local power companies prior to commencing construction. The Contractor shall coordinate with the power companies for the raising/relocation of existing power lines where deemed necessary by the Engineer or the Contractor to effect the proposed construction (subsidiary to the various bid items).

Erection of poles, luminaire, and structures located near any overhead or underground utilities shall be accomplished using established industry and utility safety practices. The Contractor shall consult with the appropriate utility companies prior to beginning such work.

The Contractor shall take extreme care when excavating or drilling in the vicinity of utilities. The Contractor shall verify the location of any underground utilities before drilling for steel pole foundations and service poles. The contractor shall hand dig, vacuum excavate, or employ any potholing practice necessary when trying to identify and avoid damage to utilities.

The Contractor shall repair any damage to existing facilities caused by his operations deemed his liability by the Engineer, at his own expense and shall restore facilities to service in a timely manner.

The Contractor shall attend a preconstruction conference to discuss traffic control, traffic safety, construction sequences and safety prior to start of construction. The Contractor's superintendent shall attend the preconstruction conference. The Contractor shall, at the preconstruction meeting or prior to beginning any work on the project submit a certificate indicating the completion of flagger training by a company representative.

General Notes

Project Number: STP 2023(833)HES

County: Starr

Highway: US 83

Contractor shall submit a work schedule, material sources and letters designating the project superintendent, safety officer and payroll officer.

ITEM 2: Instructions to Bidders

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Francisco Cantu, P.E., Roma Area Engineer; Pedro Lopez, P.E., Transportation Engineer;

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals. Questions may also be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

ITEM 5: Control of the Work

The responsibility for the construction surveying on this contract will be in accordance with Article 5.9.3., "Method C."

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/formspublications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

ITEM 6: Control of Materials

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the

Sheet 4

Control: 0038-07-083

Francisco.J.Cantu@txdot.gov Pedro.Lopez@txdot.gov

General Notes

Sheet 4

County: Starr

Control: 0038-07-083

Highway: US 83

Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

ITEM 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

Roadway or Lane closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited:

- National Holidays
- The day before a National Holiday
- During emergency events such as natural disasters or as directed by the Engineer

ITEM 8: Prosecution and Progress

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4. Standard Workweek.

The Contractor shall begin work as per the contract within 120 days as delineated by the Special Provision 008---004 and shall continuously prosecute the work thereafter. The contractor shall complete the work within the time limit specified. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 24 hours before beginning work and any new operation. The Contractor shall not start new operations to the detriment of work already begun. The prosecution of the work shall be conducted in such a manner as to impose minimum inconvenience to the traveling public.

Prepare progress schedules as a Bar Chart.

ITEM 416: Drilled Shaft Foundations

Payment for furnishing and installing anchor bolts mounted in drill shafts will be included in the unit price bid for the various diameter drill shafts.

Project Number: STP 2023(833)HES

County: Starr

Highway: US 83

The Contractor shall coordinate with the utility companies to verify utility locations before drilling foundations.

The Contractor shall form, or provide a smooth finish, the portions of drilled shaft that project above the ground line. Place a ³/₄ inch chamfer on the top edge of each pole foundation. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this bid item.

All drilled shaft foundations will be based on the lengths shown on the plans or those established in writing. Adequate calculations for measurements of foundations have been made in accordance with Article 9.1. of the Standard Specifications. Increases or decreases in the quantities required by change in design will be measured as specified and the revised quantities will be the basis for payment.

In the presence of excess ground water and/or unstable conditions in sub-grade soils prevents excavation to the line and depths indicated on the plans for "Drilled Shaft Foundation", other proposed methods of foundation installation such as casing, etc. shall be submitted for review and approved by the Engineer.

ITEM 421: Hydraulic Cement Concrete

Provide Sulfate Resistant Concrete for all concrete piling and drilled shafts.

Provide equipment at the batch plant for determining the free moisture and/or absorption of aggregates in accordance with applicable TXDOT Test.

Provide the following items for concrete batch inspection in accordance with specifications outlined in DMS-10101, "Computer Equipment":

(1) One Desktop Microcomputer or One Laptop Microcomputer

- (2) One Integrated Printer/Scanner/Copier/Fax Unit
- (3) Contractor-Furnished Software
- (4) Hardware

Submit to the Engineer for approval the project locations for all Portland Cement concrete washout areas prior to starting any concrete work.

Fiber Reinforced Concrete is not permitted.

General Notes

Sheet 5

Control: 0038-07-083

County: Starr

Control: 0038-07-083

Highway: US 83

ITEM 432: Riprap

Provide Class "A" concrete minimum for riprap aprons placed around all box culvert and pipe safety end treatments. Provide ¹/₄-inch thick dummy joints at least every 15-ft for riprap aprons placed around box and pipe culverts.

Do not use fiber reinforced concrete RIPRAP on side slopes equal to or steeper than 6:1 unless approved by the Engineer.

ITEM 502: Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Shadow vehicles equipped with Truck-Mounted Attenuators are required for traffic handling. See notes for Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator/Trailer Attenuator, for additional references pertaining to the TMAs.

Replace/relocate all regulatory signs removed due to construction operations with the same sign on fixed support(s) immediately upon its removal. First obtain Project Engineer approval before removing any regulatory roadway sign. Required flaggers are to be available to direct traffic during sign intermediate down time.

Relocate any Directional Sign Assemblies removed during construction operations immediately upon their removal.

These signs shall be relocated to a location in accordance with the Latest Version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices". In no case will a sign be removed without a replacement sign and support(s) being readily available and a location established. Removal and relocation of these signs required for traffic control will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

From the beginning to the end of the project, all traffic control devices need to be in acceptable condition as per the Texas Quality Guidelines for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The "Safety Contingency" is not intended to be used in lieu of bid Items established by the contract.

Remove and dispose of all litter, debris, objectionable material, excess materials that accumulate at the base of all traffic control devices as directed by the Engineer.

General Notes

Project Number: STP 2023(833)HES

County: Starr

Highway: US 83

ITEM 504: Field Office and Laboratory

For this project a field office will not be required at the project site.

ITEM 506: Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

Due to the nature of this project, it is unlikely a significant amount of soil will be disturbed. However, if erosion control logs are needed; it shall be placed as directed by the Engineer.

Before starting each phase of construction, review with the Engineer the SW3P used for temporary erosion control as outlined on the plans. Before construction, place the temporary erosion and sedimentation control features as shown on the SW3P. Location of Construction Exits are to be approved by the Engineer. After completing earthwork operations, restore and reseed the disturbed areas in accordance with the Department's specifications for permanent or temporary erosion control. Before starting grading operations and during the project duration, place the temporary or permanent erosion control measures to prevent sediment from leaving the right of way.

The Contractor Force Account "Erosion Control Maintenance" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone Best Management Practice (BMP) maintenance, to improve the effectiveness of the Environmental Controls that may need maintenance attention and/or require replacement while the project is still under the construction stage. These procedures will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent BMP management reviews on the project. The "Erosion Control Maintenance" is not intended to be used in lieu of bid Items established by the contract.

ITEM 529: Concrete Curb, Gutter, and Combined Curb and Gutter

Before final acceptance of the project, remove discoloration caused by tire marks, mud, asphalt, paint, or other similar material by any method satisfactory to the Engineer to achieve a uniform color and texture of the finished surface exposed to view.

ITEM 531: Sidewalks

Construct ¹/₄-inch thick score joints at a maximum 6-foot spacing and expansion joints at a maximum 18 foot spacing. Construct a joint in the center of the sidewalk if it is over 15-feet wide. For steel reinforcement, use 6x6-inch spacing with #3 bars or 6x6 - D6 welded wire fabric.

Sheet 6

Control: 0038-07-083

General Notes

County: Starr

Control: 0038-07-083

Highway: US 83

ITEM 610: Roadway Illumination Assemblies

Luminaires shown on the proposed Traffic Signal installation layout sheets may be shown at an angle for clarity. All luminaires shown shall be installed perpendicular to the main roadway under construction.

In addition to ED (3)-14, each cable for luminaires shall be identified in each ground box, pole base, or other accessible location with yellow electrical tape wrapped around the cable. The tape marking shall be at least 2 inches.

All luminaires on traffic signal poles shall be rated for 240 vac. All safety lighting poles shall be serviced for 480 vac.

Luminaires installed on traffic signal poles will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the project.

ITEM 618: Conduit

All conduit ends in pole bases, controllers and ground boxes shall be plugged with 4 to 6 inches of polyurethane sealant or its equivalent after cables are in place.

Conduit shall be placed in a straight line not to exceed 2.0 feet in any direction. The depth of the conduit shall be 2.0 feet except when crossing a roadway where the depth shall not be more than 3.0 feet nor less than 1.0 foot below the bottom of the base material in the roadway when placed by the jacking or boring method. Any evidence of damage to the roadway during the jacking or boring operation shall be sufficient grounds to stop the method being used.

Conduit runs under paved roadways or driveways shall be jacked or bored and then pushed across. At these locations, galvanized rigid metal may be used. All other runs shall be made by trenching. Existing pavement which will be removed, reconstructed, or overlaid with new pavement may be trenched across. Trenches for conduit runs shall be a minimum 2 feet deep and 4 inches wide. The conduit shall be placed on a 2-inch sand cushion and then backfilled with a minimum of 6 inches sand fill. The remainder of the trench shall be backfilled with flexible base, soil or two-sack concrete as required by location of conduit on the project or as directed. The top 3 inches shall match the existing surface material.

All conduit elbows and rigid extensions required to be installed on PVC conduit systems will not be paid for separately but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid Items.

Use materials from prequalified Material Producer List as shown on the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) - Construction Division's (CST) Material Producer List. Category is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies."

General Notes

Project Number: STP 2023(833)HES

County: Starr

Highway: US 83

ITEM 620: Electrical Conductors

For Flashing Beacons (Item 685) and Ped poles (Item 687) within the project, provide single-pole breakaway disconnects.

Use Bussman HEBW, Littelfuse LEB, Ferraz-Shawmut FEB, or equal on ungrounded conductors.

For all grounded conductors use Bussman HET, Littelfuse LET, Ferraz-Shawmut FEBN, or equal on ungrounded conductors. For all grounded conductors use Bussman HET, Littelfuse LET, Ferraz-Shawmut FEBN, or equal. These breakaway connectors have a white colored marking and a permanently installed solid neutral.

ITEM 621: Tray Cable

Connect luminaires on traffic signal poles using a 4-conductor tray cable with conductor colors of red, black and green #12 AWG (XHHW). The white (neutral) conductor will not be needed and will be capped.

ITEM 628: Electrical Services

Arrange for and cooperate with the utility company to provide electrical power for the service(s) shown and as required by the plans. A meter will be required on all electrical services.

ITEMS 636: Signs

Complete sign blanks and panels shall be handled and stored at the job site in such a manner that corners, edges and faces are not damaged. Finished sign blanks shall be stored in either a weatherproof warehouse or outside and off the ground in a vertical position. All paper, cardboard and chemically treated separators and packaging shall be removed prior to outside storage.

ITEM 644: Small Roadside Sign Assemblies

All signs shall be installed as shown in the plans and in accordance with the current edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" and the "Sign Crew Field Book" (SCFB).

All signs shall be erected according to the locations shown on the signing layout sheets except that a sign may be shifted in order to secure a more desirable location. All sign locations will be staked as shown in the plans and as approved. It is the intent of the plans to erect all roadside traffic signs with the sign edge a minimum of 6 feet from the edge of the shoulder, or if none, 12 feet from the

Sheet 7

Control: 0038-07-083

General Notes

Sheet 7

County: Starr

Control: 0038-07-083

Highway: US 83

edge of the travel lane. In curb and gutter sections, the sign edge shall be a minimum of 2 feet from the face of the curb.

For this project, aluminum type sign blanks as provided for under Item 636 will be required for all proposed signing installed under Item 644. Aluminum sign blanks less than 7.5 square feet shall be 0.08 inch thick; sign blanks 7.5 to 15 square feet shall be 0.100 inch thick and sign blanks greater than 15 square feet shall be 0.125 inch thick.

All excess excavation shall be spread uniformly inside the right of way as directed and shall be included in the price of these Items.

Sign types which design details are not shown on the plans shall conform with the latest edition of the Department's "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" Manual.

Signs shown to be removed shall include the complete sign installation and separate the sign post at the concrete foundation. The concrete foundation shall be disposed in accordance with this Bid Item. Except for concrete foundations, all removed sign panels, sign posts, and hardware shall remain then property of the Department. All removed sign installations shall be completely disassembled. All salvageable sections of sign panels shall be recycled by TxDOT. The removed sign material will be required to be hauled to the maintenance yard closest to the project. No signs shall be removed without prior approval.

ITEM 656: Foundations for Traffic Control Devices

The dimensions shown on the plans for location of signal pole foundations, conduit and other items may be varied to meet existing conditions as approved.

The work area shall be cleaned up and all loose material resulting from the contract operations shall be removed from the work area each day before work is suspended.

No traffic signal pole shall be placed on the foundations prior to seven (7) days following placement of concrete.

ITEMS 662 and 666: Work Zone Pavement Markings and Retroreflectorized Pavement Markings

All permanent pavement markings and work zone pavement markings for this project under these Items shall be 0.100 inches (100 mil) thick thermoplastic.

Any permanent pavement markings or non-removal work zone pavement markings lacking reflectivity in accordance with the requirements of Tex 828-B, or that fail to meet minimum retro

General Notes

Project Number: STP 2023(833)HES

County: Starr

Highway: US 83

reflectivity requirements for longitudinal pavement markings when required, will be addressed per the requirements of the specification. The roadway will be re-striped at no additional compensation.

Pavement surface preparation for markings and markers will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 666.

Prior to any striping operations, an on-site coordination meeting between all the parties involved will be required to review striping details and requirements to ensure quality work.

The beads used on this project shall meet the requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8290, Glass Traffic Beads Texas Type II & III. Use a 50% Type II/ 50% Type III mix utilizing a double drop system with Type III beads dropped first.

ITEM 677: Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers

Asphalt and aggregate types and grades shall be as approved in writing when a surface treatment is used to eliminate existing pavement markings.

ITEM 680: Highway Traffic Signals

The installation of highway traffic signals shall consist of the following principal Items:

- conflict monitors, load switches and loop amplifiers.
- concrete foundations.
- 3. Removal and disposal of existing signal material specified in the plans.
- be furnished and installed.

Any deviation of location for proposed signal work shall be as approved.

Signal controller

The signal installations shall be wired in accordance with the phase diagrams in the plans. The proposed base mounted cabinet shall contain 16-phase conflict monitor which display the "R-Y-G" and "Walk" phases. In addition to detecting phasing conflicts, the conflict monitor shall also be able

Sheet 8

Control: 0038-07-083

1. Furnishing and installing 16-phase full traffic actuated controllers, base mounted cabinets,

2. Furnishing and installing either steel mast arm poles, or steel strain poles and span wire and pedestal poles (as shown on plans), electrical service, luminaires, signal heads, signal cables, pedestrian heads and pedestrian push buttons with signs that meet the "Americans with Disabilities Act" Standards, loop detectors, ground boxes, conduit runs and controller

4. All other Items not listed above which are needed to provide for complete traffic signal installations and for proper signal operation as called for in the plans and specifications shall

General Notes

County: Starr

Highway: US 83

Control: 0038-07-083

to detect multiple signal head indications within every phase. The conflict monitor shall continue to operate in the event of a power supply failure in the timer and shall be able to retain in memory the time and date of the failure detection. Time changes shall be programmable in the field without replacing components or use of external devices. The full-actuated controller shall meet N.E.M.A. Specifications.

A controller manufacturer's technician shall be required to load initial timing programs into the controllers as called for in the plans. Once the traffic signals are turned on, the same technician shall monitor the signal operation and traffic movement and shall adjust settings for best signal operation. The technician shall provide the State with a certification that the timing plan and coordination has been established according to the plans. This certification shall include a record showing all settings and functions programmed into the timer and any related units.

The controller must be delivered with two sets of wiring diagrams and operating manuals enclosed in a weatherproof bag.

All wiring not covered by the plans and specifications shall be in accordance with the latest edition of the National Electrical Code.

Existing utilities

The exact location of existing underground utilities shall be verified with the utility companies prior to construction to avoid conflict with or damage to these utilities.

Coordination with the utility companies will be required to make any adjustments, due to utility conflicts, as defined in the specifications or deemed necessary.

Uniformity in Equipment

- 1. All traffic signal heads furnished shall be by the same manufacturer.
- 2. All signal fittings and pipe brackets shall be of an approved metallic material and of the same design and manufacturer.
- 3. All traffic signal poles furnished shall be by the same manufacturer.
- 4. All loop detector amplifiers furnished shall be by the same manufacturer.

Handling of Traffic

Roads and streets shall always be kept open to traffic. The setting of loop detectors shall be arranged so as to close only one lane of a roadway at a time. The installation of signal heads, poles and conduit shall also be arranged so as to permit the continuous movement of traffic in both directions at all times.

General Notes

Project Number: STP 2023(833)HES

County: Starr

Highway: US 83

All construction operations shall be conducted to provide the least possible interference to traffic as shown on the plans, as provided for in the specifications and/or as directed. All signing, barricading, and handling of traffic shall conform to the current edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices".

Sequence of work

- of the proposed traffic signal installations or modifications.

- 4. Final inspection shall be conducted in conjunction with the district signal shop.

The Contractor shall notify the Pharr District Signal Shop - Mauricio Diaz (956) 702-6227 two weeks in advance to energizing/powering a new traffic signal.

ITEM 682: Vehicle and Pedestrian Signal Heads

All signal heads shall be covered with burlap from the time of installation until the signal is placed in operation. All signal heads shall be of polycarbonate material and yellow in color. Signal heads shall have standard detachable visors. LED's shall be furnished for all traffic signal heads.

Signal heads shall be positioned carefully to provide the best view of signal indications to motorists. All signal heads shall be installed to a neat overall appearance.

Nominal height for signal heads above pavement surface shall be 18 feet 6 inches, plus/minus 3 inches.

Pedestrian signal heads shall be positioned carefully to provide the best view to pedestrians.

ITEM 684: Traffic Signal Cables

All signal cable shall be #12 AWG; 2/c loop. Lead-In shall be #14 AWG shielded and loop wires in pavement.

ITEM 686: Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)

The locations for the proposed traffic signal poles are approximate. The exact locations will be determined in the field in coordination with the District Signal Shop.

Sheet 9

Control: 0038-07-083

1. The existing traffic signal installations shall always remain in operation during construction

2. The complete removal of the specified existing traffic signals or specified Items will be required when the proposed traffic signal installations are in place and operational.

3. All labor, tools, and materials used to remove the specified existing traffic signal material shall not be paid for directly but be considered subsidiary to the various items of work.

General Notes

Sheet 9

County: Starr

Control: 0038-07-083

Highway: US 83

Erection and/or removal of poles and luminaries located near any overhead electrical power lines shall be accomplished using established industry and utility safety practices. The appropriate utility company shall be consulted with prior to beginning such work.

ITEM 688: Pedestrian Detectors and Vehicle Loop Detectors

The Contractor shall install loop vehicle detectors in accordance with the Intersection layouts in the plans or as directed. Each loop detector Lead-In cable shall be tagged inside the controller cabinet with its loop number. The loop amplifiers shall indicate the loop and phase of control or direction of control. Loop wires in street shall be #14 AWG. Pedestrian detectors shall meet the minimum requirements called for by the "Americans with Disabilities Act".

Loop detector lead-in cable shall be continuous from ground box to the controller.

Splices for loop wire will be permitted only at ground boxes or pole base with approved weatherproof splice kits.

A minimum length of 2.0 feet for each cable shall be left in each ground box.

ITEM 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator/Trailer Attenuator

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for the project, provide 1 additional shadow vehicle(s) with TMA as per TCP (1-1) -18 as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet; or as per TCP (1-2) -18 as detailed on General Note 6 of this standard sheet; or as per TCP (1-3) -18 as detailed on General Note 7 of this standard sheet; or as per TCP (1-4) -18 as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet; or as per TCP (2-1) -18 as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet;

Therefore, 2 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required on this project for the type of work as shown on the plans. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of his construction operations will be ongoing at the same time and thus determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

ITEM 6292 Radar Vehicle Detection System for Signalized Intersection Control

Radar presence detection device must utilize true-presence detection. Systems using locking algorithms to attempt presence detection will not be accepted. In addition, radar systems will not be allowed to use extensions/delays or place the controller on locking detection to aid in the presence detection.

General Notes

Project Number: STP 2023(833)HES

County: Starr

Highway: US 83

The radar presence detection device must be able to detect up to 10 lanes with a minimum offset of 6' and have at least 16 zones and channels per unit. The radar presence detection device software must not require internet for configuration. Radar advance detection device must continuously track vehicle speed, distance, and estimated time of arrival. Radar presence detection devices and radar advance detection devices must be compatible with each other and from the same manufacturer. Communication and power to the radar devices shall be via continuous cable run of up to 1,000 feet without the use of repeaters. Final placement of radar devices to be approved by the Engineer.

Sheet 10

Control: 0038-07-083



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0038-07-083

DISTRICT Pharr **HIGHWAY** US 83 COUNTY Starr

Estimate & Quantity Sheet

		CONTROL SECTIO	ON JOB	0038-07	-083		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00190	626		
		C	COUNTY		r	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIGI		US 8:	3		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	416-6032	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (36 IN)	LF	60.000		60.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	4.000		4.000	
	506-6041	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	LF	120.000		120.000	
	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	529-6024	CONC CURB (MOUNTABLE)	LF	100.000		100.000	
	531-6001	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	4.000		4.000	
	531-6004	CURB RAMPS (TY 1)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	618-6016	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (1")	LF	110.000		110.000	
	618-6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	1,395.000		1,395.000	
	618-6033	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (4")	LF	155.000		155.000	
	618-6047	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	LF	170.000		170.000	
	618-6059	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (4") (BORE)	LF	185.000		185.000	
	620-6007	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE	LF	465.000		465.000	
	620-6009	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) BARE	LF	65.000		65.000	
	620-6010	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) INSULATED	LF	130.000		130.000	
	621-6005	TRAY CABLE (4 CONDR) (12 AWG)	LF	340.000		340.000	
	624-6002	GROUND BOX TY A (122311)W/APRON	EA	17.000		17.000	
	624-6010	GROUND BOX TY D (162922)W/APRON	EA	1.000		1.000	
	625-6003	ZINC-COAT STL WIRE STRAND (3/8")	LF	880.000		880.000	
	628-6301	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(L)TS(O)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	636-6001	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	80.000		80.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	3.000		3.000	
	666-6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	200.000		200.000	
	666-6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	270.000		270.000	
	666-6225	PAVEMENT SEALER 6"	LF	5,600.000		5,600.000	
	666-6226	PAVEMENT SEALER 8"	LF	200.000		200.000	
	666-6230	PAVEMENT SEALER 24"	LF	270.000		270.000	
	666-6306	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	500.000		500.000	
	666-6309	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	2,000.000		2,000.000	
	666-6318	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	420.000		420.000	
	666-6321	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	2,700.000		2,700.000	
	668-6077	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	668-6085	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	38.000		38.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	80.000		80.000	
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	750.000		750.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Pharr	Starr	0038-07-083	11



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0038-07-083

DISTRICT Pharr **HIGHWAY** US 83 COUNTY Starr

Estimate & Quantity Sheet

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	0038-07	083		
		PROJI	ECT ID	A00190	626		
		CO	DUNTY	Starı		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US 83	3		FINAL
ALT BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	_		
	678-6002	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	LF	5,500.000		5,500.000	
	678-6004	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	LF	200.000		200.000	
	678-6008	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	LF	270.000		270.000	
	678-6009	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	678-6016	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	680-6002	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (ISOLATED)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	680-6004	REMOVING TRAFFIC SIGNALS	EA	1.000		1.000	
	682-6001	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	682-6002	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN ARW)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	682-6003	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	682-6004	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL ARW)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	682-6005	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	682-6006	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED ARW)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	682-6018	PED SIG SEC (LED)(COUNTDOWN)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	682-6049	BACKPLATE W/REFL BRDR(4 SEC)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	682-6060	BACKPLATE W/REFL BRDR(3 SEC)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	684-6007	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF	865.000		865.000	
	684-6010	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(5 CONDR)	LF	1,670.000		1,670.000	
	684-6012	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(7 CONDR)	LF	770.000		770.000	
	684-6080	TRF SIG CBL (TY C)(14 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF	1,825.000		1,825.000	
	686-6019	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY D)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	686-6020	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY D)LUM	EA	2.000		2.000	
	688-6001	PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (APS)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	688-6003	PED DETECTOR CONTROLLER UNIT	EA	1.000		1.000	
	688-6004	VEH LP DETECT (SAWCUT)	LF	441.000		441.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	30.000		30.000	
	6292-6001	RVDS(PRESENCE DETECTION ONLY)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	18	CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Pharr	Starr	0038-07-083	12

ITEM CODE	CODE	SP	SP DESCRIPTION	UNIT	US 83 @ SUNTEX RD/MIDWAY RD CSJ 0038-07-083		SHEET TOTAL
					EST.	FINAL	
416	6032		DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (36 IN)	LF	60		60
500	6001		MOBILIZATION	LS	1		1
502	6001		BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	MO	4		4
506	6041		BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	LF	120		120
506	6043		BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	120		120
529	6024		CONC CURB (MOUNTABLE)	LF	100		100
531	6001		CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	4		4
531	6004		CURB RAMPS (TYPE 1)	EA	4		4
618	6016		CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (1")	LF	110		110
618	6023		CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	1,395		1,395
618	6033		CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (4")	LF	155		155
618	6047		CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	LF	170		170
618	6059		CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (4") (BORE)	LF	185		185
620	6007		ELEC CONDR (NO. 8) BARE	LF	465		465
620	6009		ELEC CONDR (NO. 6) BARE	LF	65		65
620	6010		ELEC CONDR (NO.6) INSULATED		1 30		1 3 0
621	6005		TRAY CABLE (4 CONDR) (12 AWG)	LF	340		340
624	6002		GROUND BOX TY A (122311)W/APRON	EA	17		17
624	6010		GROUND BOX TY D (162922)W/APRON	EA	1		1
624	6028		REMOVE GROUND BOX	EA	2		2
625	6003		ZINC-COAT STEEL WIRE STRAND (3/8")	LF	880		880
628	6301		ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000 (NS) GS (L) TS (0)	EA	1		1
628	****		5/8 IN x 8 FT COPPER CLAD GROUND ROD	EA	2		2
636	6001		ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	80		80
644	6076		REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	3		3
666	6036		REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	200		200
666	6048		REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24" (SLD) (100MIL)		270		270
666	6225		PAVEMENT SEALER 6"		5,600		5,600
666	6226		PAVEMENT SEALER 8"	LF	200		200
666	6230		PAVEMENT SEALER 24"		270		270
666	6306		RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	500		500
666	6309	7	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)		2,000		2,000
666	6318		RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)		420		420
666	6321		RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	2,700		2,700
668	6077		PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	EA	2		2
668	6085		PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD)	EA	2		2
672	6007		REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	38		38
672	6009		REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	80		80
677	6001		ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")		750		750
678	6002		PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")		5,500		5,500
678	6004		PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")		200		200
678	6008		PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")		270		270
678	6009		PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	EA	2		210
678	6016		PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	EA	2		2

**** QUANTITIES SHOWN ARE FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY. THESE ITEMS ARE SUBSIDIARY TO VARIOUS OTHER ITEMS.

SUMMARY TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES LOCATION 1

Pharr	Pharr District Traffic Operations								
Теха	.» s Dep	parti	ment of Tra	nsį	portation				
		U:	S 83						
QUA			Y SUM EETS	M	ARY				
N. T. S.			SHE	ΕT	1 OF 2				
© 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY				
	0038	07	083		US 83				
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
	PHR		STARR		13				

ITEM	CODE	SP	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	US 83 @ SUNTEX CSJ 0038 EST.		SHEET TOTAL
					ESI.	FINAL	
680	6002	6	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (ISOLATED)	EA	1		1
680	6002	-	REMOVING TRAFFIC SIGNALS	EA	1		1
	0004	- U					1
682	6001		VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN)	EA	8		8
682	6002		VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN ARW)	EA	4		4
682	6003		VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	EA	8		8
682	6004		VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL ARW)	EA	4		4
682	6005		VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED)	EA	8		8
682	6006		VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED ARW)	EA	2		2
682	6018		PED SIG SEC (LED) (COUNTDOWN)	EA	4		4
682	6049		BACKPLATE W/REFL BRDR(4 SEC)	EA	4		4
682	6060		BACKPLATE W/RFEL BRDR(3 SEC)	EA	6		6
684	6007		TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF	865		865
684	6010		TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(5 CONDR)	LF	1,670		1,670
684	6012		TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(7 CONDR)	LF	770		770
684	6080		TRF SIG CBL (TY C)(14 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF	1,825		1,825
686	6019		INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY D)	EA	2		2
686	6020		INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY D)LUM	EA	2		2
688	6001		PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (APS)	EA	4		4
688	6003		PED DETECTOR CONTROLLER UNIT	EA	1		1
688	6004		VEH LP DETECT (SAWCUT)	LF	441		441
688	* * * *		1/C #14 AWG LOOP WIRE (XHHW)	LF	1,150		1,150
6185	6002	2	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	30		30
6292	6001		RVDS (PRESENCE DETECTION ONLY)	EA	4		4

**** QUANTITIES SHOWN ARE FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY. THESE ITEMS ARE SUBSIDIARY TO VARIOUS OTHER ITEMS.

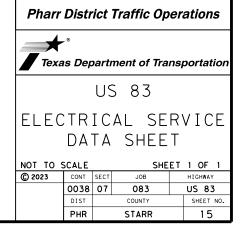
SUMMARY TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES LOCATION 1 (CONTINUED)

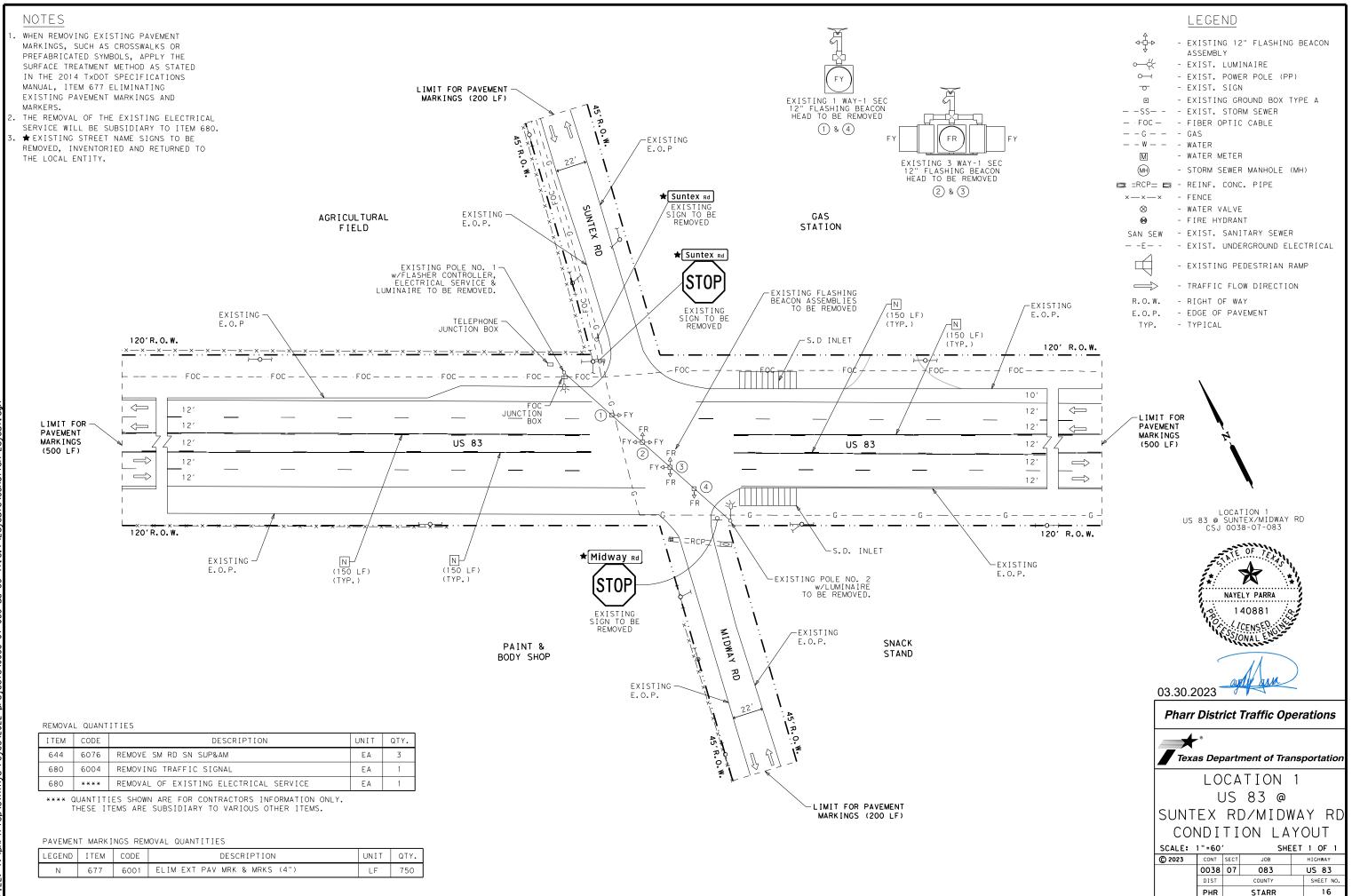
Pharr	Pharr District Traffic Operations								
Теха	.® Is Dep	parti	ment of Tra	nsį	portation				
		US	S 83						
QUA			Y SUM EETS	M	ARY				
N. T. S.			SHE	EΤ	2 OF 2				
© 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY				
	0038	07	083		US 83				
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
	PHR		STARR		14				

				ELECTR	ICAL	SERV	ICE DA	ΤA					
Service Pole No.	Service Pole Qty.	Electrical Service Description (see ED (4)-03)	Service Conduit Size	Service Conductors No./Size	Switch	Switch	Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amp	Contactor	Panelbd./ Loadcenter Amp Rating (min)	Circuit No.	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole /Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	KVA Load
,	1	TY T 120/240 000 (NS) GS (L) TS (0)	1 1/4"	3/#4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	TS	1P/50	5	<5.4
I	Ι									LUM	2P/20	1.5	



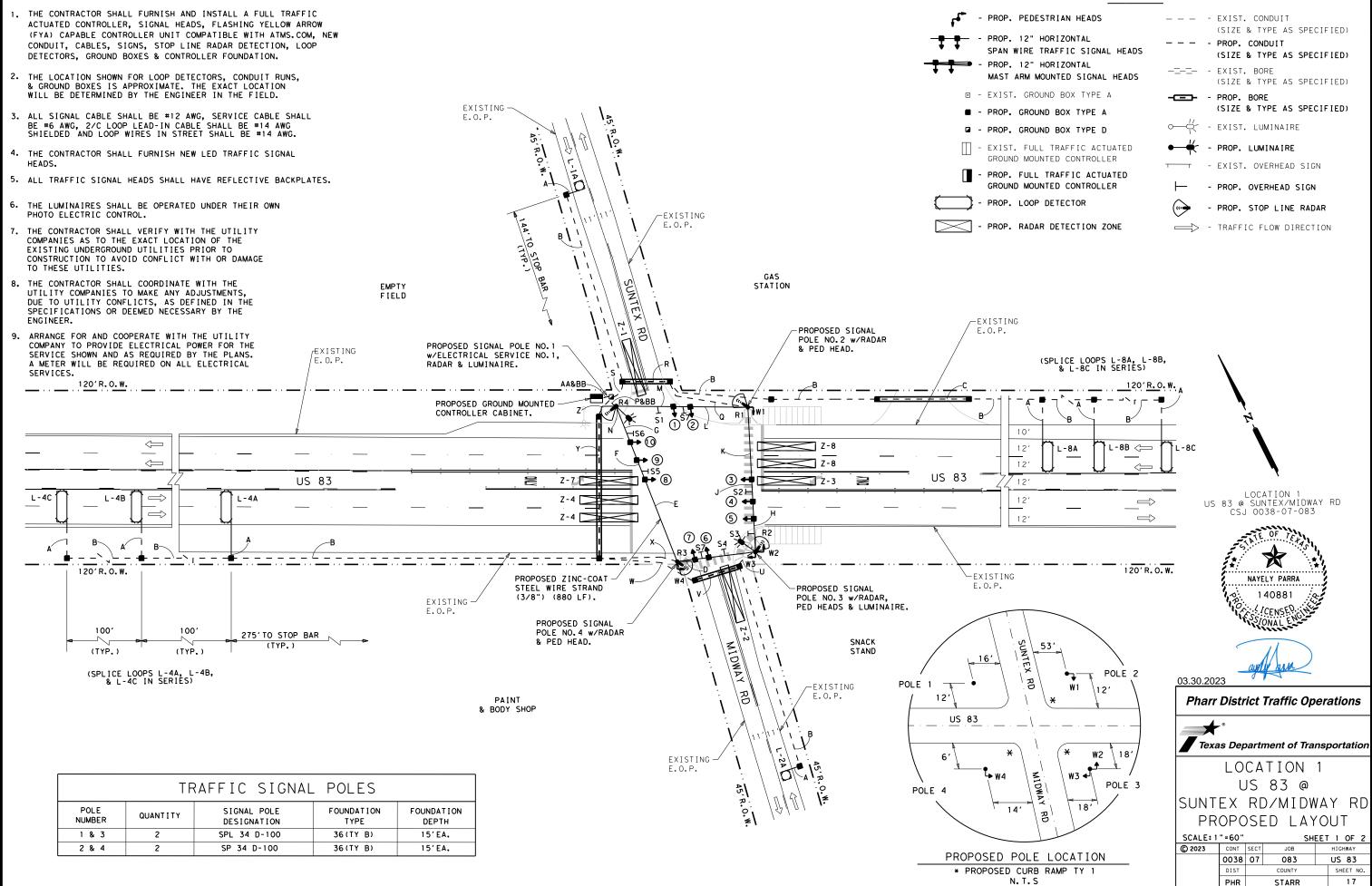
03.30.2023





2023 3/30/ DATE:





6:02:12 DATE:

R ž

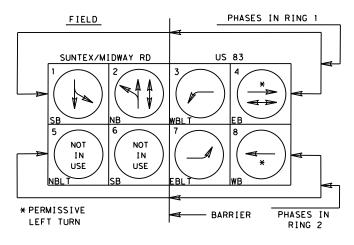
LEGEND	-	
OP. PEDESTRIAN HEADS		- EXIST. CONDUIT (SIZE & TYPE AS SPECIFIED)
OP. 12" HORIZONTAL AN WIRE TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEADS		- PROP. CONDUIT (SIZE & TYPE AS SPECIFIED)
OP. 12" HORIZONTAL ST ARM MOUNTED SIGNAL HEADS	- <u>-</u>	- EXIST. BORE (SIZE & TYPE AS SPECIFIED)
IST. GROUND BOX TYPE A		- PROP. BORE
OP. GROUND BOX TYPE A		(SIZE & TYPE AS SPECIFIED)
OP. GROUND BOX TYPE D	°−q~	- EXIST. LUMINAIRE
IST. FULL TRAFFIC ACTUATED OUND MOUNTED CONTROLLER		- PROP. LUMINAIRE
OP. FULL TRAFFIC ACTUATED		- EXIST. OVERHEAD SIGN
OUND MOUNTED CONTROLLER	\vdash	- PROP. OVERHEAD SIGN
OP. LOOP DETECTOR	(••	- PROP. STOP LINE RADAR
OP. RADAR DETECTION ZONE	\implies	- TRAFFIC FLOW DIRECTION

								ΕL	Ε(CTF	RI (CAI	_	СН	AR	Т											
ITEM	TOTAL	RUN NUMBER	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	к	L	м	Ν	Р	Q	R	S	U	V	W	х	Y	Z	AA	BB
IIEM	ΩΤΥ.	RUN LENGTH(FT)	110	1270	85	30	65	20	45	25	55	55	40	95	35	15	65	40	20	20	40	70	60	105	15	15	30
POWER	130'	1/C-#6													2												2
FOWER		1/C-#8																									
GROUND	65′	1/C-#6 BARE													1												1
GROUND	465′	1/C-#8 BARE														1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	865′	2/C-#12															1	1	1	2	2	2	1	3	3	4	
SIGNAL	340'	4/C-#12 TRAY								1	1	1	1	1	2												
CABLE	1,670'	5/C-#12				1	1	1	2		1	1	1	2	4	4	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	3	3	8	
UNDEE	770'	7/C-#12				1	1	2	2			1	1	2	4	4										4	
	795 <i>'</i>	RVDS CABLE					1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	4	4										4	
LOOP	220'	1/C-#14 LOOP WIRE	2																								
LOOP	1,825'	2/C-#14 (SHIELDED)		1	1													1	2		1	1		2	2	4	
	110'	1" PVC	1																								
	1,395′	2" PVC		1													1						1				
CONDUIT	170'	2" PVC BORE			1																						
CONDUTT	155'	4" PVC														1			1	1		1			1	1	
	1851	4" PVC BORE																1			1			1			
		2" RMC PIPE																									

	RADAR	DETECT	ION CHART
RADAR/ DETECTION ZONE	DETECTOR RACK NO.	SETTING	FUNCTION
R-1/Z-1	1/2	PRESENCE	CALL & EXTEND Ø 1
R-2/Z-3,Z-8	3/4	PRESENCE	CALL & EXTEND Ø3 & Ø8
R-3/Z-2	5/6	PRESENCE	CALL & EXTEND Ø2
R-4/Z-4,Z-7	7/8	PRESENCE	CALL & EXTEND Ø4 & Ø7

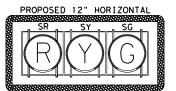
LOOP/	6175	WIRE	SAW	AMPLIFIER		EL INVERT A OLI
DETECTION ZONE	SIZE	LENGTH	CUT	NO.	SETTING	FUNCTION
L-1 A	6′ ×6′	84′	30'	11	PRESENCE	CALL & EXTEND Ø1
L-2A	6′ ×6′	78′	27′	9	PRESENCE	CALL & EXTEND Ø2
L-4A	6′×20′	144'	72'	10	PRESENCE	CALL & EXTEND Ø4
L-4B	6′×20′	120'	60′	10	PRESENCE	CALL & EXTEND Ø4
L-4C	6′×20′	120'	60′	10	PRESENCE	CALL & EXTEND Ø4
L-8A	6′ ×20′	128'	64′	12	PRESENCE	CALL & EXTEND Ø8
L-8B	6′ ×20′	128′	64′	12	PRESENCE	CALL & EXTEND Ø8
L-8C	6′ ×20′	128'	64′	12	PRESENCE	CALL & EXTEND Ø8
TOTAL:		930'	441 ′			

OTAL QUANTITIES INCLUDE QUANTITIES IN POLES.

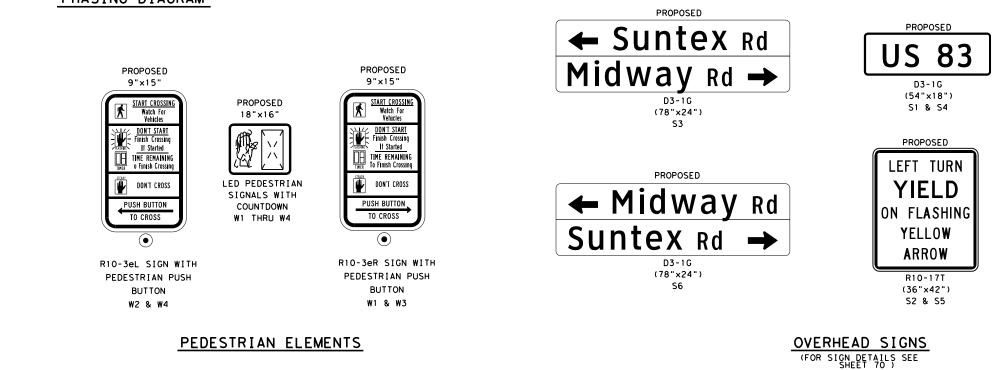


PHASING DIAGRAM

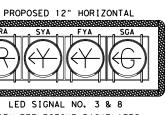
	TIMING CHART									
PHASE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
STREET	EX/ US 83			SUN MIDW	TEX/ AY RD	US	83			
MOVEMENT	SB	NB	WBLT	EB	Λ /	\ /	EBLT	WB		
MIN. GREEN	10	10	8	15	\mathbb{N}	Λ /	8	15		
EXTENSION	2	2	2	2	$\Gamma \Gamma$	\Box	2	2		
MAX. GREEN	18	18	15	42	ΓV	IV	15	42		
YELLOW	4	4	4	4			4	4		
ALL RED	1	1	1.5	1	\Box	$\left[\right] $	1.5	1		
WALK	-	7	-	7	$ / \rangle$	$ / \rangle$	-	-		
DON'T WALK	-	17	-	6	/ \		-	-		
RECALL	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF		
MEMORY	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF		



LED SIGNAL NO. 2,4,5,7,9 & 10 WITH REFLECTIVE BACKPLATES

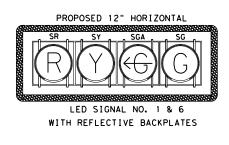


LOOD DETECTOD CUMPT



WITH REFLECTIVE BACKPLATES

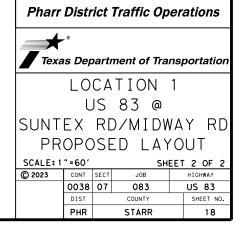
SIGNAL HEAD ARRANGEMENT



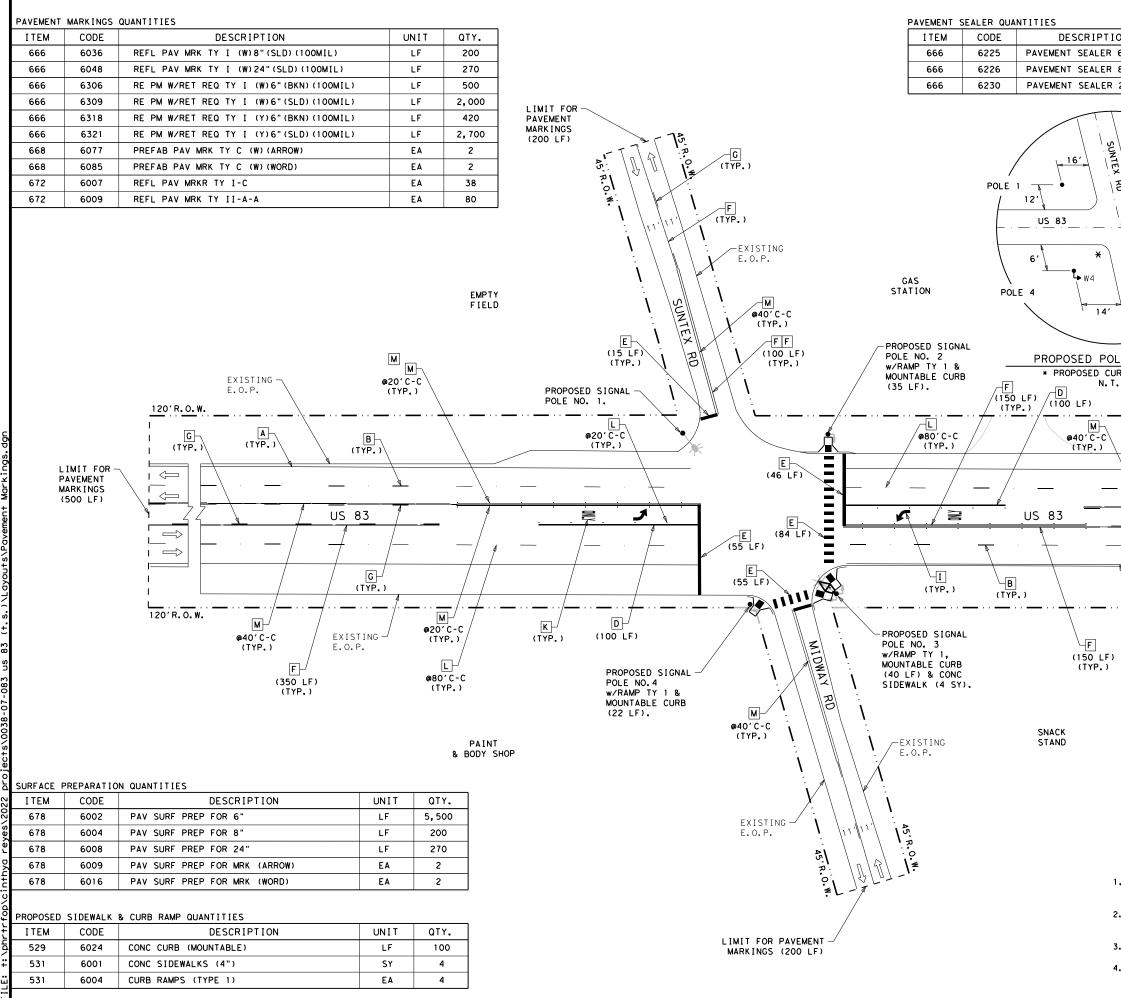


11

03.30.2023

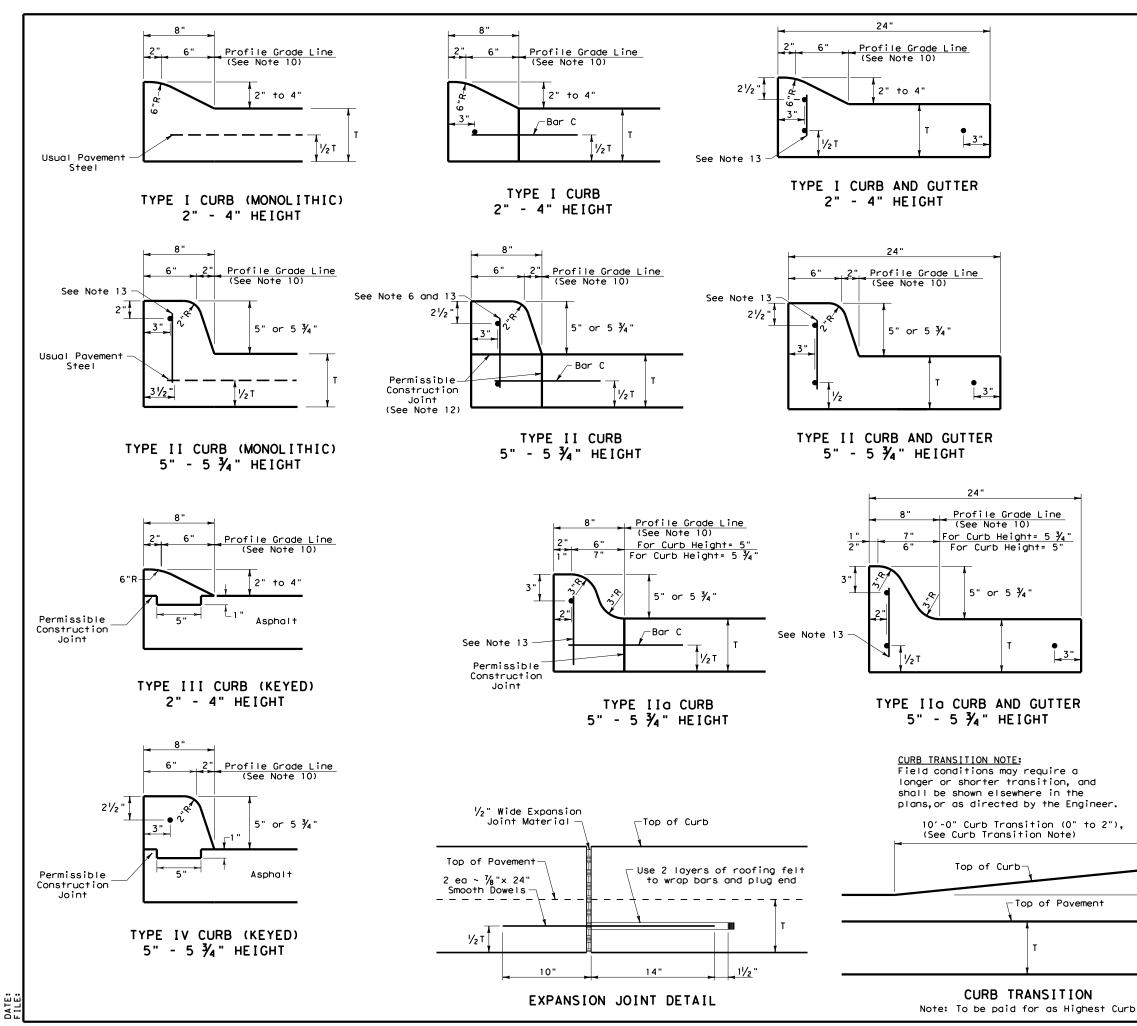






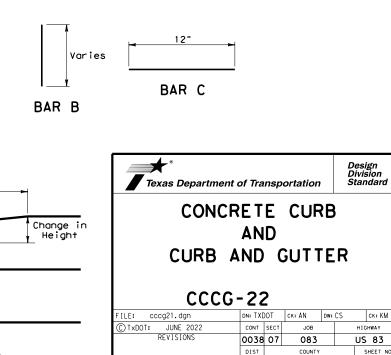
m DATE:

NOTES 1.				
ION UNIT OTV. 8 6° LF 5,600 8 24° LF 270 0 0 6° 5.00 8 24° LF 270 0 0 6° 5.00 100 0 0° 5.00 100 0 0° 5.00 100 0° 0° 5.00 100 0° 0° 5.00 100 0° 0° 5.00 100 0° 0° 5.00 100 0° 0° 5.00 100 0° 10° 0° 10° 100 0° 10° 0° 10° 100 0° 10° 10° 10° 100 0° 10° 10° 10° 100 10° 10° 10° 10° 100 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>				
1 000 E 1 <td>ION</td> <td>UNIT</td> <td>QTY.</td> <td></td>	ION	UNIT	QTY.	
B B* LF 200 R 24* LF 270 R 8 LF 270 R 8 LF 270 R 8 LF 270 R 9 SLD C R 10 T C R 10 <				
NOTES 1. SOTES 1. SOTALL PARIMENT MERKINGS ASSOMENT LINGERLING PAREMENT MARKINGS SINTELING LING PAREMENT MERKINGS ASSOMENT LINGERLING PAREMENT MARKINGS SINTELING LING PAREMENT MERKINGS ASSOMENT LING PAREMENT MERKINGS ASSOMENT LING PAREMENT MERKINGS ASSOMENT LING PAREMEN				C - (W) 6" DOT
1 120'R.O.W. 1 100'R.O.W. 1 100'R.O.W. <td>R 24"</td> <td>LF</td> <td>270</td> <td></td>	R 24"	LF	270	
LIMIT FOR 10' 12' 12' 12' 12' 12' 12' 12' 12' 12' 12		12' w2 18' POLE 3		G - (Y) 6" BRK H - (Y) 12" SLD I - (W) TY C (ARROW) J - (W) TY C (DBL ARROW) K - (W) TY C (WORD) C - REFL PAV MRK TY I-C M - REFL PAV MRK TY II A-A C - PEDESTRIAN RAMP (TYPE 1) C - PROPOSED SIDEWALK R.O.W RIGHT OF WAY E.O.P EDGE OF PAVEMENT TYP TYPICAL C - C CENTER TO CENTER @ - AT W/ - WITH STATION LIMITS
1. S EXISTING 120'R.O.W. LIMIT FOR 12' PAVEMENT MARKINGS SOUTEX/MIDWAY RD 12' CSJ 0035-07-083 120'R.O.W. IS 83 @ SUNTEX/MIDWAY RD 03.30.2023 Pharr District Traffic Operations I 40881 IS SEE PM(1-3)-22 & PM(4)-22A YOUTES IS SEE PM(1-3)-22 & PM(4)-22A I 40881 IS SEE PM(1-3)-22 & PM(4)-22A I 40881 IS SEE PM(1-1)-22A I 40881 IS SEE PM(1-1)-22A I 40881 IS SEE PM(1-1)-22A I 40881 IS SEE PM(1-2)-22A I 100 10 INSTALLING PROPOSED IS SETIPING I 100 10 INSTALING PROPOSED IS SEE PM(1-2	OLE LOCATI	ON		
LIMIT FOR MARKINGS (500 LF) LIMIT FOR MARKINGS (500 LF) LIMIT FOR MARKINGS (500 LF) LIMIT FOR MARKINGS (500 LF) LICATION 1 US 83 © SUNTEX.MIDWAY RD CSJ 0038-07-083 MATELY MARKA 140881 LICENSE MATELY MARKA 140881 LOCATION 1 US 83 @ MARKERS PLACEMENT MARKINGS & MARKERS PLACEMENT MARKINGS STRIPING. SI INSTALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS AS SHOWN ON LAYOUTS/PLANS. SEE SING CUIDE STANDARDS FOR MORE DEWALK & WHEELCHAIR RAMP DESIGN CUIDE STANDARDS FOR MORE DEWALK & MEELCHAIR RAMP DESIGN CUIDE STANDARDS FOR MORE DEWALK & SHEELCHAIR RAMP		1		- FXISTING
NOTES NO			/	
NOTES 1. SEE PM(1-3)-22 & PM(4)-22A FOR STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS & MARKERS PLACEMENT DETAILS. 2. ELIMINATE CONFLICTING STRIPING PRIOR TO INSTALL ING PROPOSED STRIPING. 3. INSTALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS AS SHOWN ON LAYOUTS/PLANS. 4. SEE SIDEWALK & WHEELCHAIR RAMP DESIGN GUIDE STANDARDS FOR MORE DETAILS. 5. MORE DETAILS. 5. MO	12 12 12 12 12 12			PAVEMENT MARKINOS (500 LF) US 83 @ SUNTEX/MIDWAY RD CSJ 0038-07-083 NAYELY PARRA 140881 CENSED
NOTES NOTES LOCATION 1 LOCATION 1 LOCATION 1 LOCATION 1 LOCATION 1 US 83 @ SUNTEX RD/MIDWAY RE PAVEMENT MARKINGS AS SHOWN ON LAYOUTS/PLANS. SECIE: 1"=60' SHEET 1 OF 1 © 2023 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY DESIGN GUIDE STANDARDS FOR MORE DETAILS.				Pharr District Traffic Operations
NOTES NOTES LOCATION 1 LOCATION 1 LOCATION 1 LOCATION 1 LOCATION 1 US 83 @ SUNTEX RD/MIDWAY RE PAVEMENT MARKINGS AS SHOWN ON LAYOUTS/PLANS. SECIE: 1"=60' SHEET 1 OF 1 © 2023 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY DESIGN GUIDE STANDARDS FOR MORE DETAILS.				4 °
NOTES NOTES LOCATION 1 LOCATION 1 LOCATION 1 LOCATION 1 LOCATION 1 US 83 @ SUNTEX RD/MIDWAY RE PAVEMENT MARKINGS AS SHOWN ON LAYOUTS/PLANS. SECIE: 1"=60' SHEET 1 OF 1 © 2023 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY DESIGN GUIDE STANDARDS FOR MORE DETAILS.				Texas Department of Transportation
1. SEE PM(1-3)-22 & PM(4)-22A FOR STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS & MARKERS PLACEMENT DETAILS. 2. ELIMINATE CONFLICTING STRIPING PRIOR TO INSTALLING PROPOSED STRIPING. 3. INSTALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS AS SHOWN ON LAYOUTS/PLANS. 4. SEE SIDEWALK & WHEELCHAIR RAMP DESIGN GUIDE STANDARDS FOR MORE DETAILS. 4. SEE SIDEWALK & WHEELCHAIR RAMP DESIGN GUIDE STANDARDS FOR MORE DETAILS.	NOTES			-
	 SEE PM(1- FOR STAND/ & MARKERS ELIMINATE PRIOR TO 1 STRIPING. INSTALL P/ AS SHOWN (4. SEE SIDEW/ DESIGN GUI) 	ARD PAVEMEN PLACEMENT CONFLICTIN INSTALLING AVEMENT MAR DN LAYOUTS/ ALK & WHEEL IDE STANDAR	NT MARKINGS DETAILS. NG STRIPING PROPOSED RKINGS YPLANS. .CHAIR RAMP	US 83 @ SUNTEX RD/MIDWAY RD PAVEMENT MARKINGS SCALE: 1"=60' SHEET 1 OF 1 © 2023 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0038 07 083 US 83



GENERAL NOTES

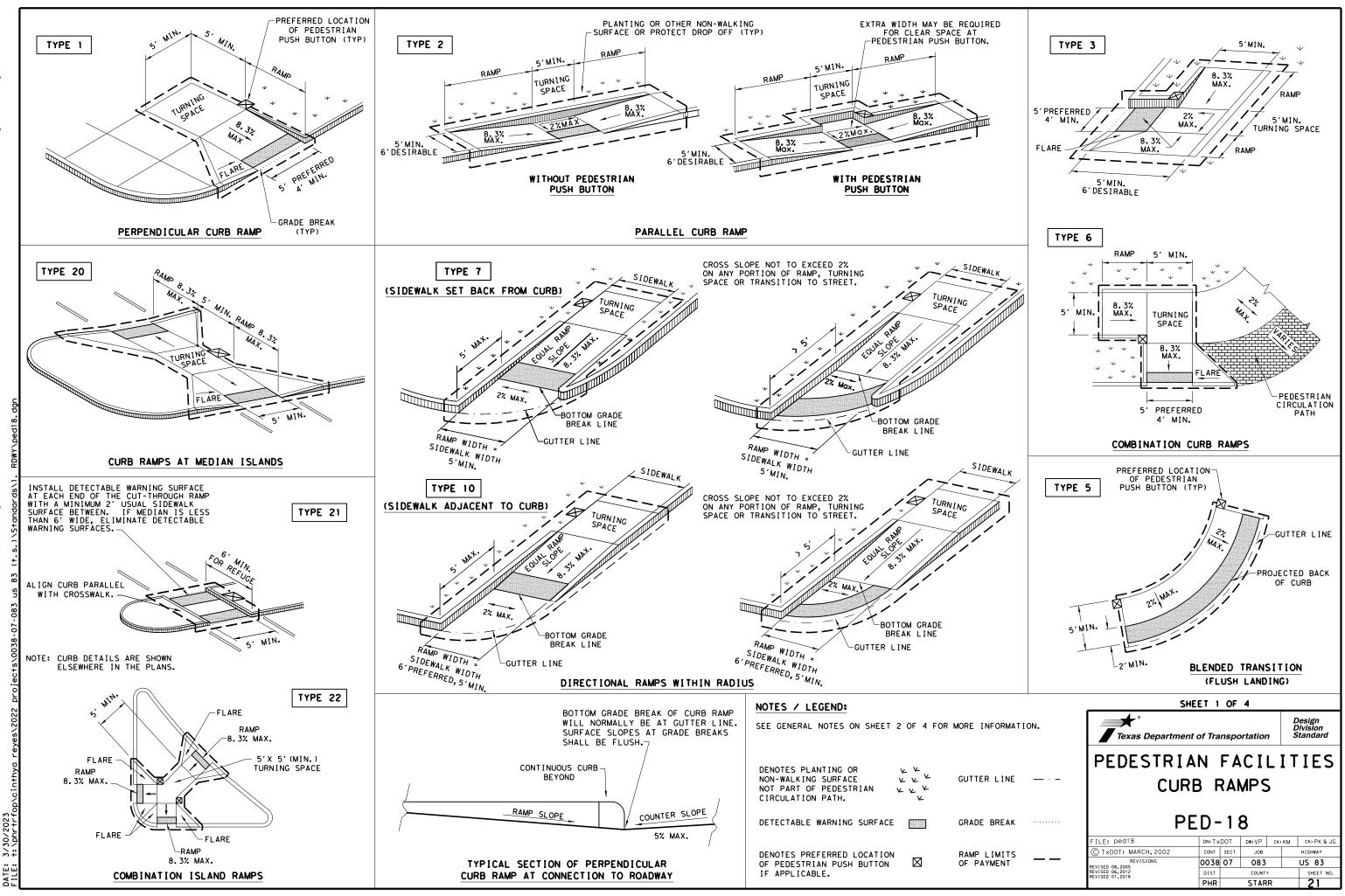
- 1. All materials and construction shall be in accordance with Item 529, "Concrete Curb, Gutter, and Combined Curb and Gutter.
- 2. Concrete shall be Class A.
- When reinforcing bars are used, they shall be No.4 unless otherwise shown. The use of fiber reinforced concrete in 3. lieu of reinforcing steel is acceptable. Use fibers meeting the requirements of DMS 4550, "Fibers for Concrete," and dose fibers in accordance with Material Producers List (MPL) "Fibers for Class A and B Concrete Applications.
- 4. Round exposed sharp edges with a rounding tool, to a minimum radius of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch.
- 5. All existing curbs and driveways to be removed shall be sawed or removed at existing joints.
- 6. Where concrete curb is to be placed on existing concrete pavement, Bar B may be drilled and grouted in place, or may be inserted into fresh concrete.
- 7. Expansion and contraction joints shall be constructed to match pavement joints in all curbs and curb and gutter adjacent to jointed concrete pavement. Where placement of curb or curb and gutter is not adjacent to concrete pavement, expansion joints shall be provided at structures, curb returns at streets, and at locations directed by The Engineer.
- 8. Vertical and horizontal dowel bars and transverse reinforcing bars shall be placed at four feet C~C.
- 9. Dimension 'T' shown is the thickness of concrete pavement. When curb is installed adjacent to flexible pavement dimension 'T' is 8" maximum.
- 10. Usual profile grade line. Refer to typical sections and plan-profile sheets for exact locations.
- 11. One-half inch expansion joint material shall be provided where curb or curb and gutter is adjacent to sidewalk or riprop.
- 12. When horizontal permissible construction joints are used, the longitudinal pavement steel shall be placed in accordance with pavement details shown elsewhere in the plans. Reinforcing steel for curb section shall then conform to that required for concrete curb.
- 13. Bar B placement as needed (typically at four ft. C-C) to support curb reinforcing steel during concrete placement.



PHR

STARE

20



GENERAL NOTES

CURB RAMPS

- 1. Install a curb ramp or blended transition at each pedestrian street crossing.
- 2. All slopes shown are maximum allowable. Cross slopes of 1.5% and lesser running should be used. Adjust curb ramp length or grade of approach sidewalks as directed.
- 3. Maximum allowable cross slope on sidewalk and curb ramp surfaces is 2%.
- 4. The minimum sidewalk width is 5'. Where the sidewalk is adjacent to the back of curb, a 6' sidewalk width is desirable. Where a 5' sidewalk cannot be provided due to site constraints, sidewalk width may be reduced to 4' for short distances. 5'x 5' passing areas at intervals not to exceed 200' are required.
- 5. Turning Spaces shall be 5'x 5' minimum. Cross slope shall be maximum 2%.
- 6. Clear space at the bottom of curb ramps shall be a minimum of 4'x 4' wholly contained within the crosswalk and wholly outside the parallel vehicular travel path.
- 7. Provide flared sides where the pedestrian circulation path crosses the curb ramp. Flared sides shall be sloped at 10% maximum, measured parallel to the curb. Returned curbs may be used only where pedestrians would not normally walk across the ramp, either because the adjacent surface is planted, substantially obstructed, or otherwise protected.
- 8. Additional information on curb ramp location, design, light reflective value and texture may be found in the latest draft of the Proposed Guidelines for Pedestrian Facilities in the Public Right of Way (PROWAG) as published by the U.S. Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board (Access Board).
- 9. To serve as a pedestrian refuge area, the median should be a minimum of 6' wide, measured from back of curbs. Medians should be designed to provide accessible passage over or through them.
- 10. Small channelization islands, which do not provide a minimum 5'x 5' landing at the top of curb ramps, shall be cut through level with the surface of the street.
- 11. Crosswalk dimensions, crosswalk markings and stop bar locations shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans. At intersections where crosswalk markings are not required, curb ramps shall align with theoretical crosswalks unless otherwise directed.
- 12. Provide curb ramps to connect the pedestrian access route at each pedestrian street crossing. Handrails are not required on curb ramps.
- Curb ramps and landings shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item 531 "Sidewalks".
- 14. Place concrete at a minimum depth of 5" for ramps, flares and landings, unless otherwise directed.
- 15. Furnish and install No. 3 reinforcing steel bars at 18" o.c. both ways, unless otherwise directed.
- 16. Provide a smooth transition where the curb ramps connect to the street.
- 17. Curbs shown on sheet 1 within the limits of payment are considered part of the curb ramp for payment, whether it is concrete curb, gutter, or combined curb and gutter.
- Existing features that comply with applicable standards may remain in place unless otherwise shown on the plans.

DETECTABLE WARNING MATERIAL

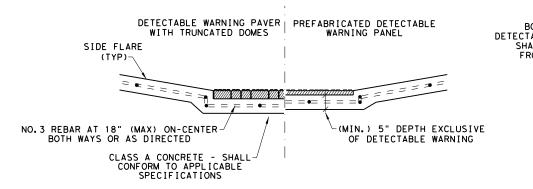
- 19. Curb ramps must contain a detectable warning surface that consists of raised truncated domes complying with PROWAG. The surface must contrast visually with adjoining surfaces, including side flares. Furnish and install an approved cast-in-place dark brown or dark red detectable warning surface material adjacent to uncolored concrete, unless specified elsewhere in the plans.
- 20. Detectable Warning Materials must meet TxDOT Departmental Materials Specification DMS 4350 and be listed on the Material Producer List. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.
- 21. Detectable warning surfaces must be firm, stable and slip resistant.
- 22. Detectable warning surfaces shall be a minimum of 24 inches in depth in the direction of pedestrian travel, and extend the full width of the curb ramp or landing where the pedestrian access route enters the street.
- 23. Detectable warning surfaces shall be located so that the edge nearest the curb line is at the back of curb and neither end of that edge is greater than 5 feet from the back of curb. Detectable warning surfaces may be curved along the corner radius.
- 24. Shaded areas on Sheet 1 of 4 indicate the approximate location for the detectable warning surface for each curb ramp type.

DETECTABLE WARNING PAVERS (IF USED)

- 25. Furnish detectable warning paver units meeting all requirements of ASTM C-936, C-33. Lay in a two by two unit basket weave pattern or as directed.
- 26. Lay full-size units first followed by closure units consisting of at least 25 percent (25%) of a full unit. Cut detectable warning paver units using a power saw.

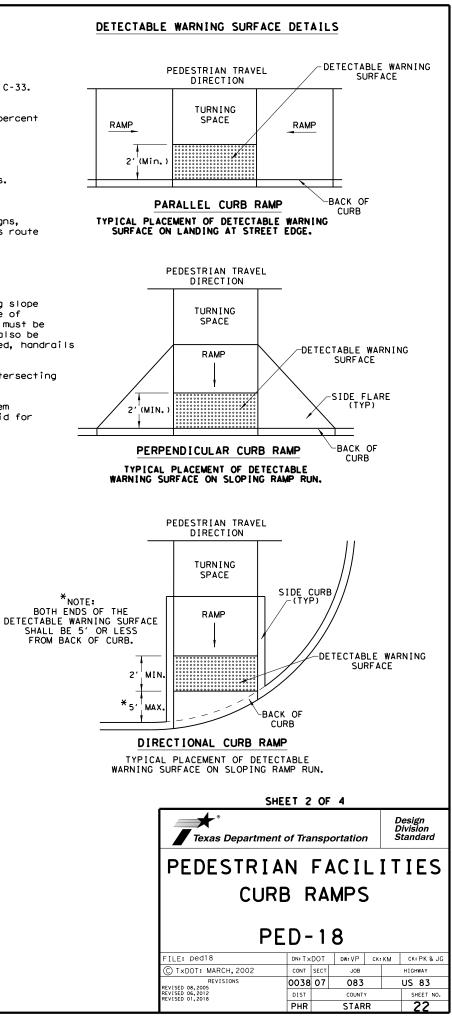
SIDEWALKS

- 27. Provide clear ground space at operable parts, including pedestrian push buttons. Operable parts shall be placed within unobstructed reach range specified in PROWAG section R406.
- 28. Place traffic signal or illumination poles, ground boxes, controller boxes, signs, drainage facilities and other items so as not to obstruct the pedestrian access route or clear ground space.
- 29. Street grades and cross slopes shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 30. Changes in level greater than 1/4 inch are not permitted.
- 31. The least possible grade should be used to maximize accessibility. The running slope of sidewalks and crosswalks within the public right of way may follow the grade of the parallel roadway. Where a continuous grade greater than five percent (5%) must be provided, handrails may be desirable to improve accessibility. Handrails may also be needed to protect pedestrians from potentially hazardous conditions. If provided, handrails shall comply with PROWAG R409.
- 32. Handrail extensions shall not protrude into the usable landing area or into intersecting pedestrian routes.
- 33. Driveways and turnouts shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item "Intersections, Driveways and Turnouts". Sidewalks shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item, "Sidewalks".
- 34. Sidewalk details are shown elsewhere in the plans.

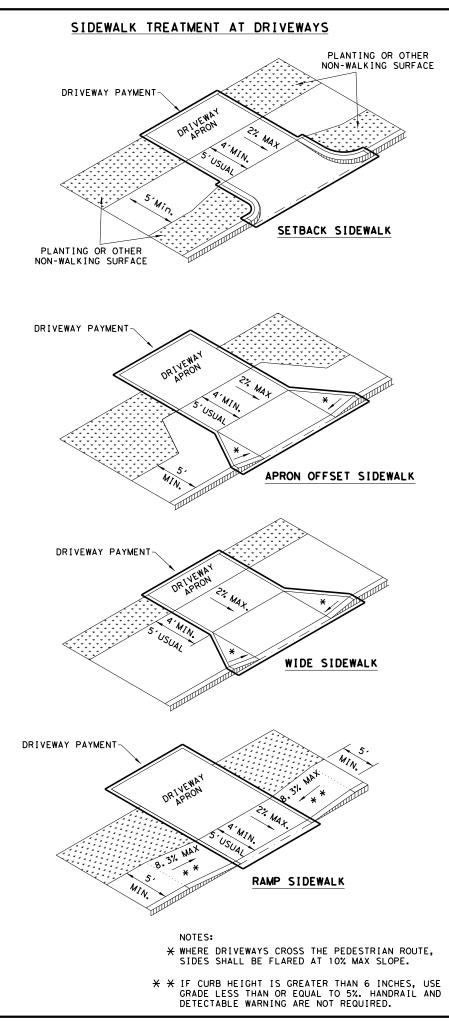


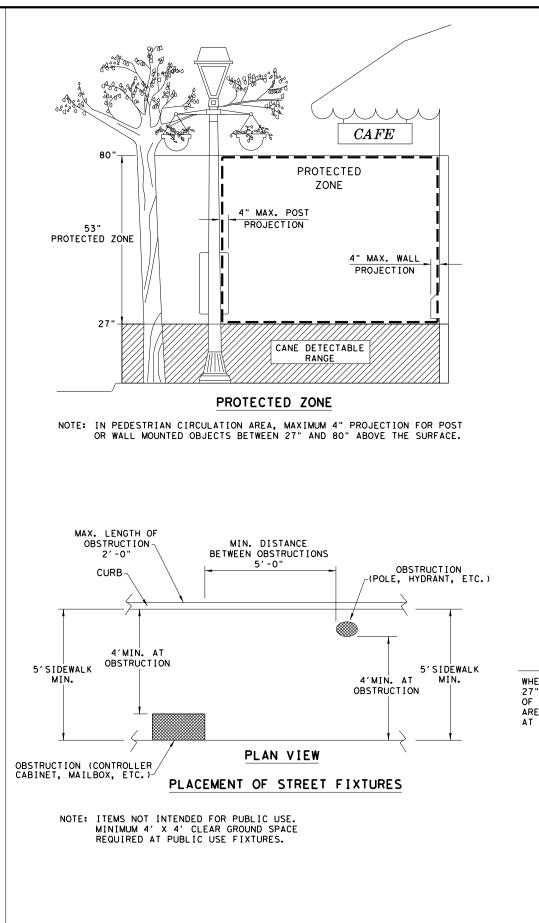
SECTION VIEW DETAIL CURB RAMP AT DETECTIBLE WARNINGS

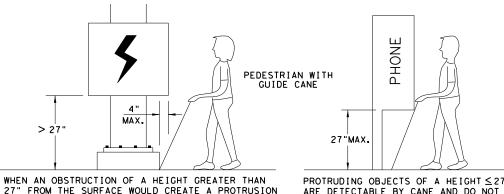
3/30/

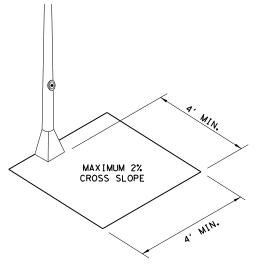












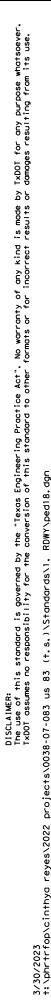


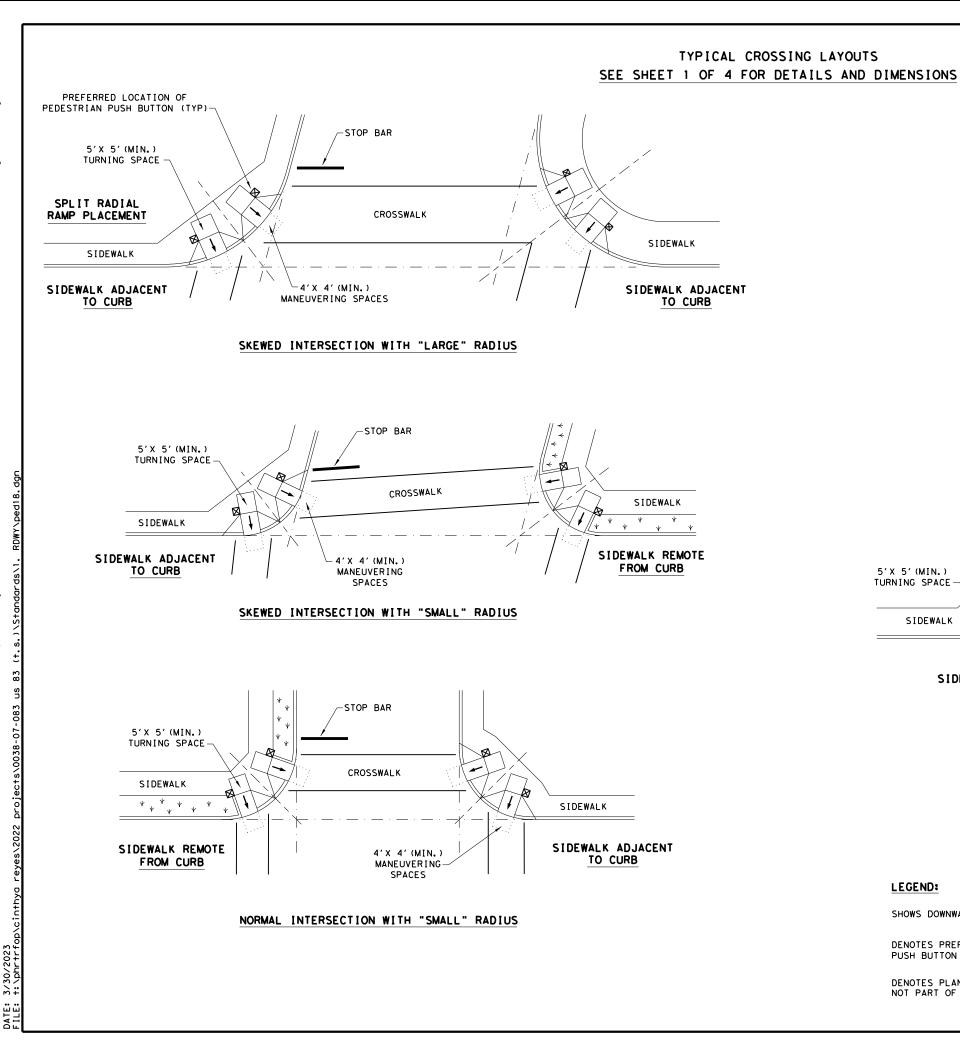
27" FROM THE SURFACE WOULD CREATE A PROTRUSION OF MORE THAN 4" INTO THE PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION AREA, CONSTRUCT ADDITIONAL CURB OR FOUNDATION AT THE BOTTOM TO PROVIDE A MAXIMUM 4" OVERHANG.

PROTRUDING OBJECTS OF A HEIGHT \leq 27" ARE DETECTABLE BY CANE AND DO NOT REQUIRE ADDITIONAL TREATMENT.

DETECTION BARRIER FOR VERTICAL CLEARANCE < 80"

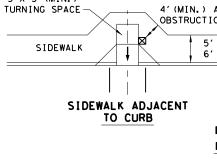
SHE	ET 3	OF	4		
Texas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortation		Design Division Standard
PEDESTRIA					TIES
CURE	3 F	R	MPS	I	
PE	D-	· 1	8		
FILE: ped18	DN: T ×	DOT	DW: VP	ск: К	M CK:PK & JG
C TxDOT: MARCH, 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS REVISED 08,2005	0038	07	083		US 83
REVISED 06,2012 REVISED 01,2018	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	PHR		STAR	2	23





DENOTES PREFERRED LOCATION OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON (IF APPLICABLE).

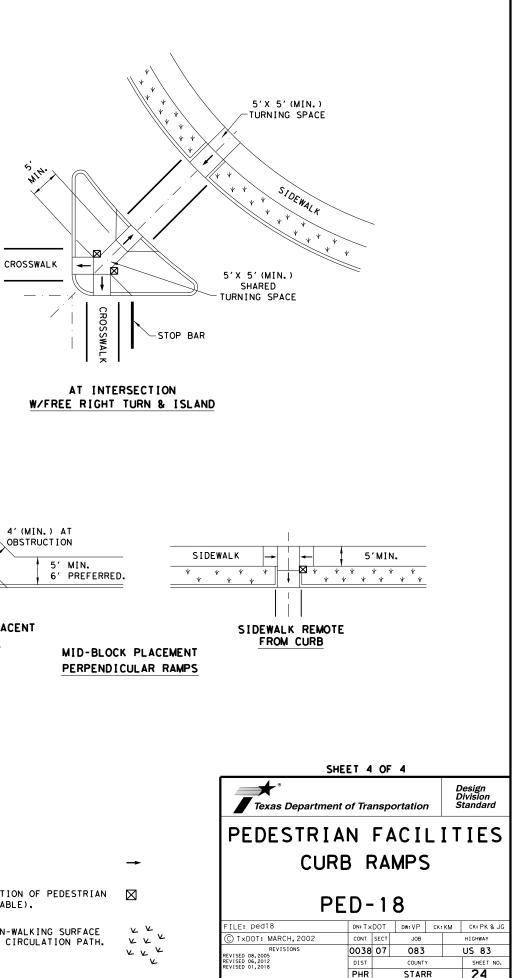
DENOTES PLANTING OR NON-WALKING SURFACE NOT PART OF PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION PATH.

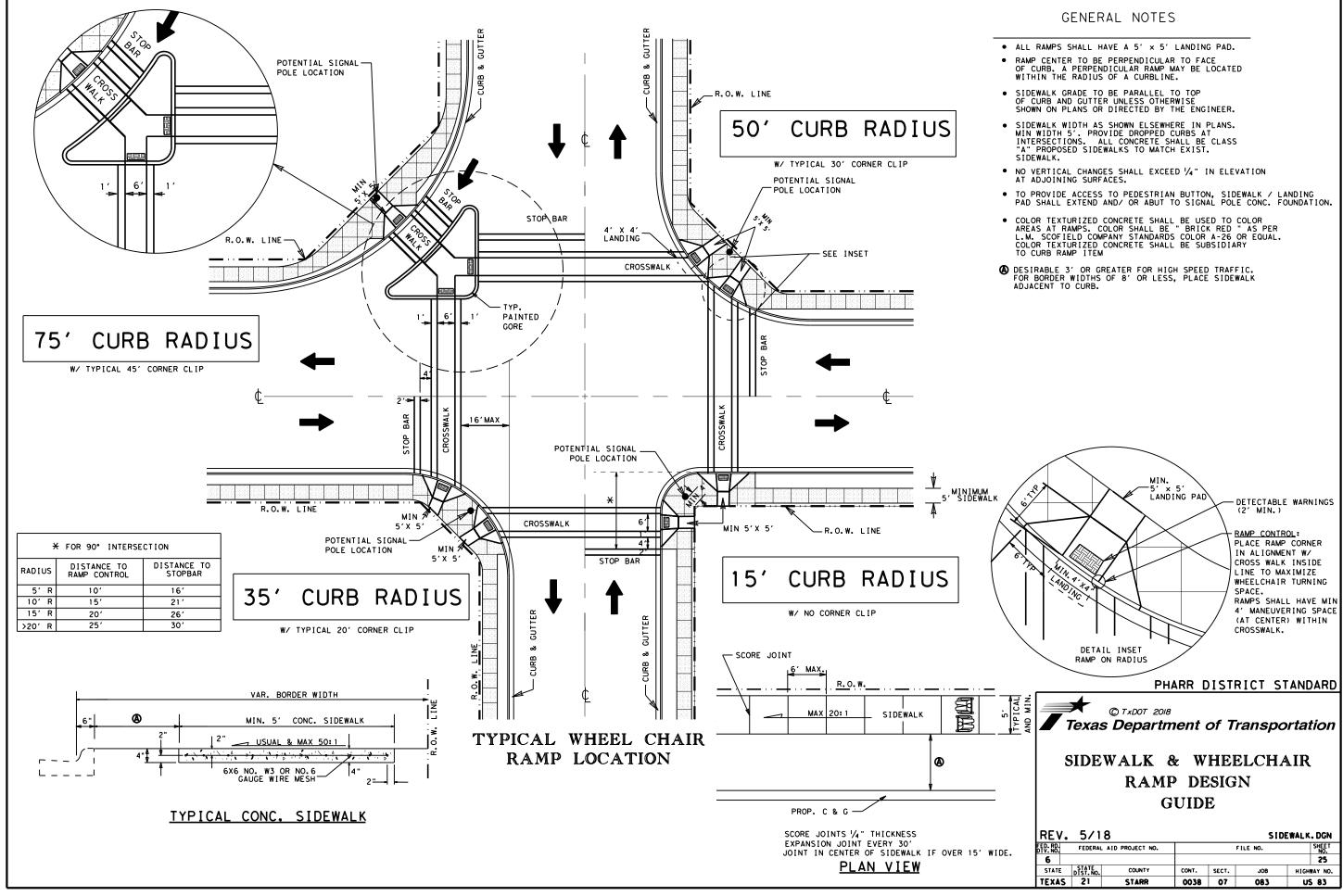


5'X 5'(MIN.)

LEGEND:

SHOWS DOWNWARD SLOPE.





BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended 1. to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the 2. responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop. sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown ON BC(2). THE OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign. STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, ČSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility" Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

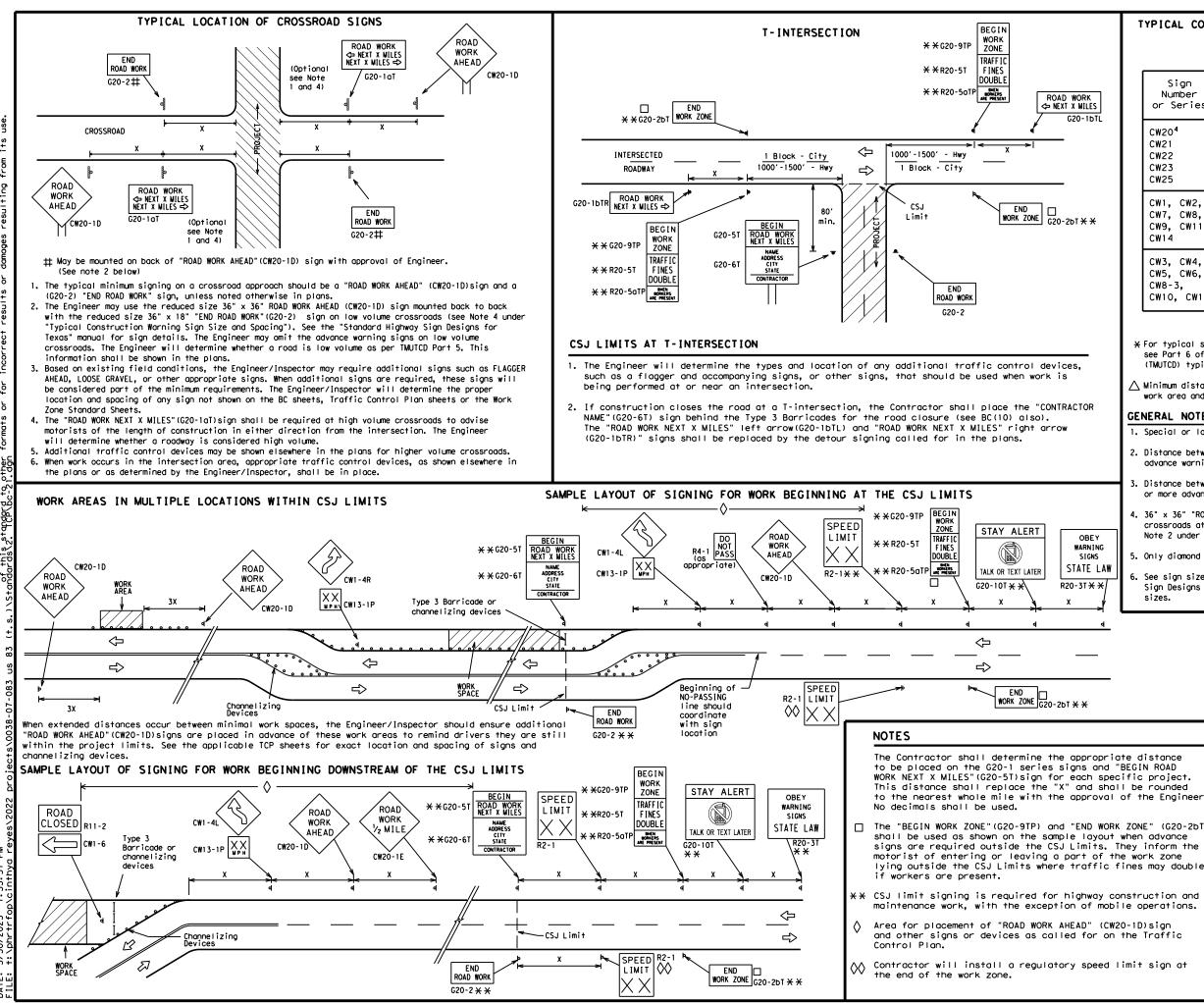
COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

	<u>. E I I</u>	Ur	12					
Texas Departmen	t of Tra	nsp	ortation		Sa Div	affic nfety rision ndard		
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS BC(1)-21								
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TX	DOT	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT		
©⊺xDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		нI	GHWAY		
4-03 7-13	0038	07	083		US	583		
9-07 8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
5-10 5-21	PHR		STAR	2		26		

SHEET 1 OF 12



М 7: 33: 37 ì

TYPICAL	CONSTRUCTION	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE	AND	SPACING ^{1,5,6}

SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

SPACING						
Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"					
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)					
30	120					
35	160					
40	240					
45	320					
50	400					
55	500 ²					
60	600 ²					
65	700 ²					
70	800 ²					
75	900 ²					
80	1000 ²					
*	* 3					

★ For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

ightarrow Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.

REVISION

8-14

9-07

96

7-13 5-21

6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

								_	
	LEGEND								
	ны Туре 3 Barricade								
		000	Channe	elizing	Devic	es			
		-	Sign						
-	X See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.								
			SHEET	1 2 OF	12				
	Traf Safe Texas Department of Transportation								
·.	Те	🗣 ° xas Depa	rtment o	f Transp	ortation		Sa Div	fety	
· ·	_	RICAD	E AN	ID C	ONST	R	Sa Div Sta	nfety rision ndard	
۲)	_	RICAD		ID C	ONST	R	Sa Div Sta	nfety rision ndard	
۲)	_	RICAD	E AN Roje	ID C	ONST IMI	R	Sa Div Sta	nfety rision ndard	
۲)	BARR	RICAD	DE AN ROJE BC	ID CO	ONST IMI	R	Sa Div Sta	nfety rision ndard	

0038 07

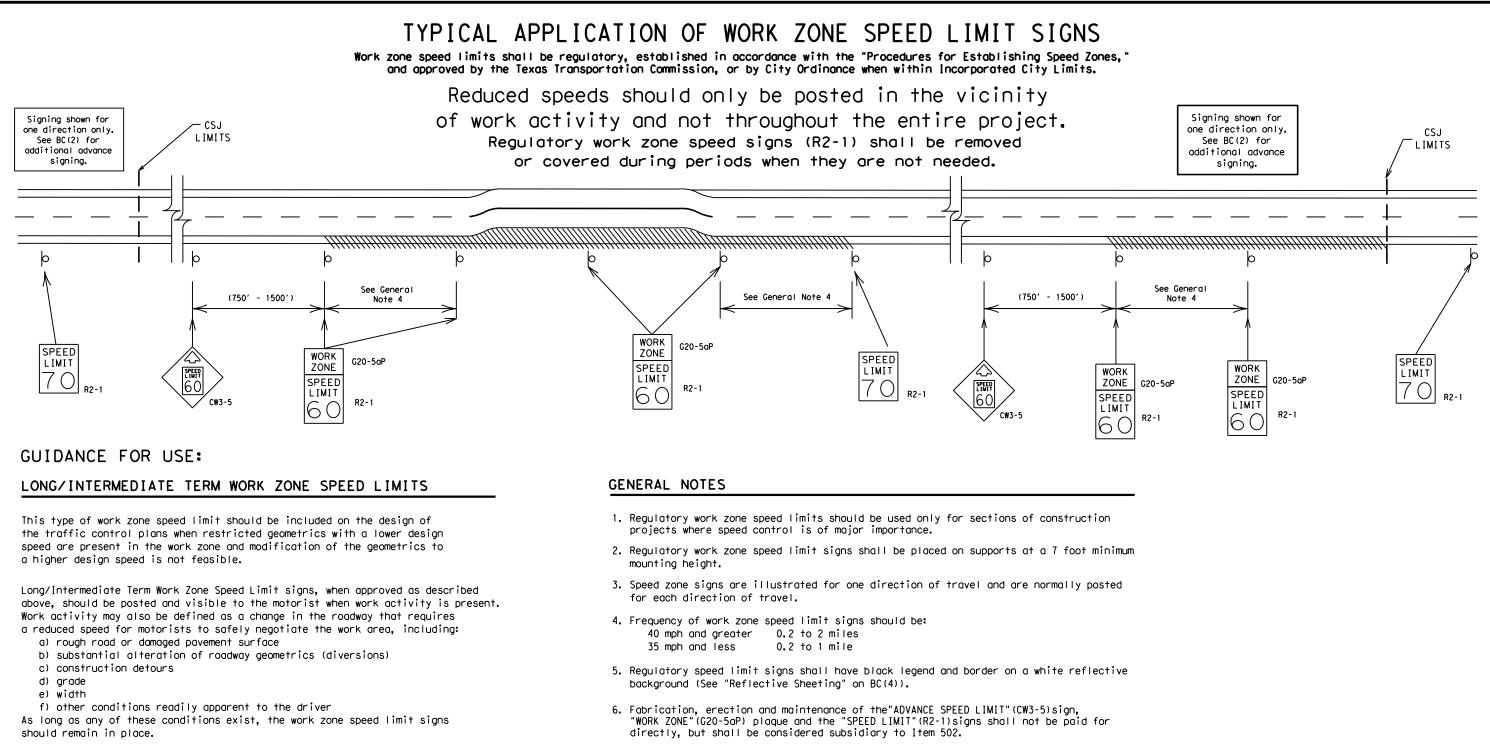
PHR

083

STARE

US 83

27



SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

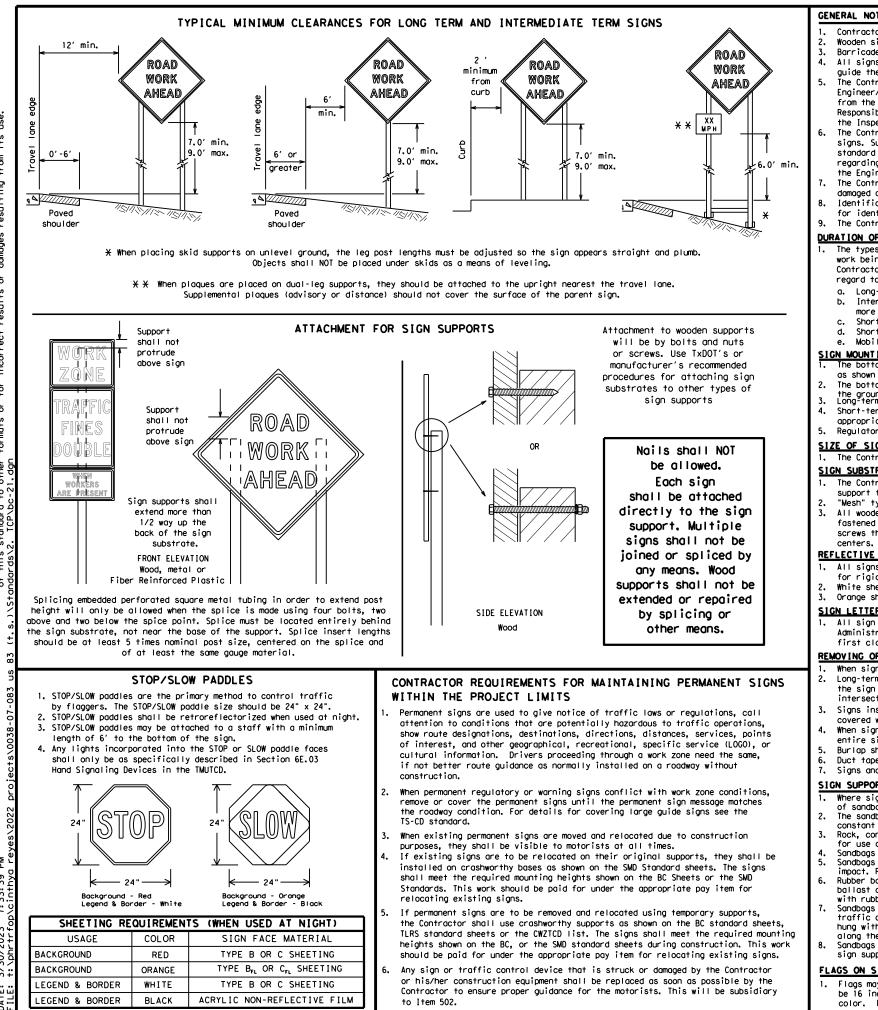
This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.

10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

Texas Departm	ent of Transp	ortation	Sa Div	affic fety ision ndard
BARRICADE	AND CO	ONSTR	UCT	ION
WORK ZO		EDLI	MII	ſ
WORK ZO			MII	r
WORK ZO	NE SPE	21	MI	ск: ТхD0
WORK ZO	NE SPE <u>BC (3) -</u>	21	TxDOT	
FILE: bc-21.dgn CTXDOT November 2002 REVISIONS	NE SPE BC (3) -	• 21 	ТхДОТ	ск: ТхDО
WORK ZO	NE SPE	• 21 ск: тхрот р ж : _{јов}	TxDOT HI US	ck: TxDO shway



GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- for identification shall be 1 inch.

The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

- <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u> regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- more than one hour.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in Lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave. centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- covered when not required.
- entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

No warranty of any for the conversion m its use. Texas Engineering Practice Act". TxDDT assumes no responsibility t results or damages resulting fro this standard is governed by the "Te 1XDOI for any purpose whotsoever. A to other formats or for incorrect bac-21 dan ISCLAIM The ind is f this

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZICD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a guestion regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so

The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.

The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZICD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6"

White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any

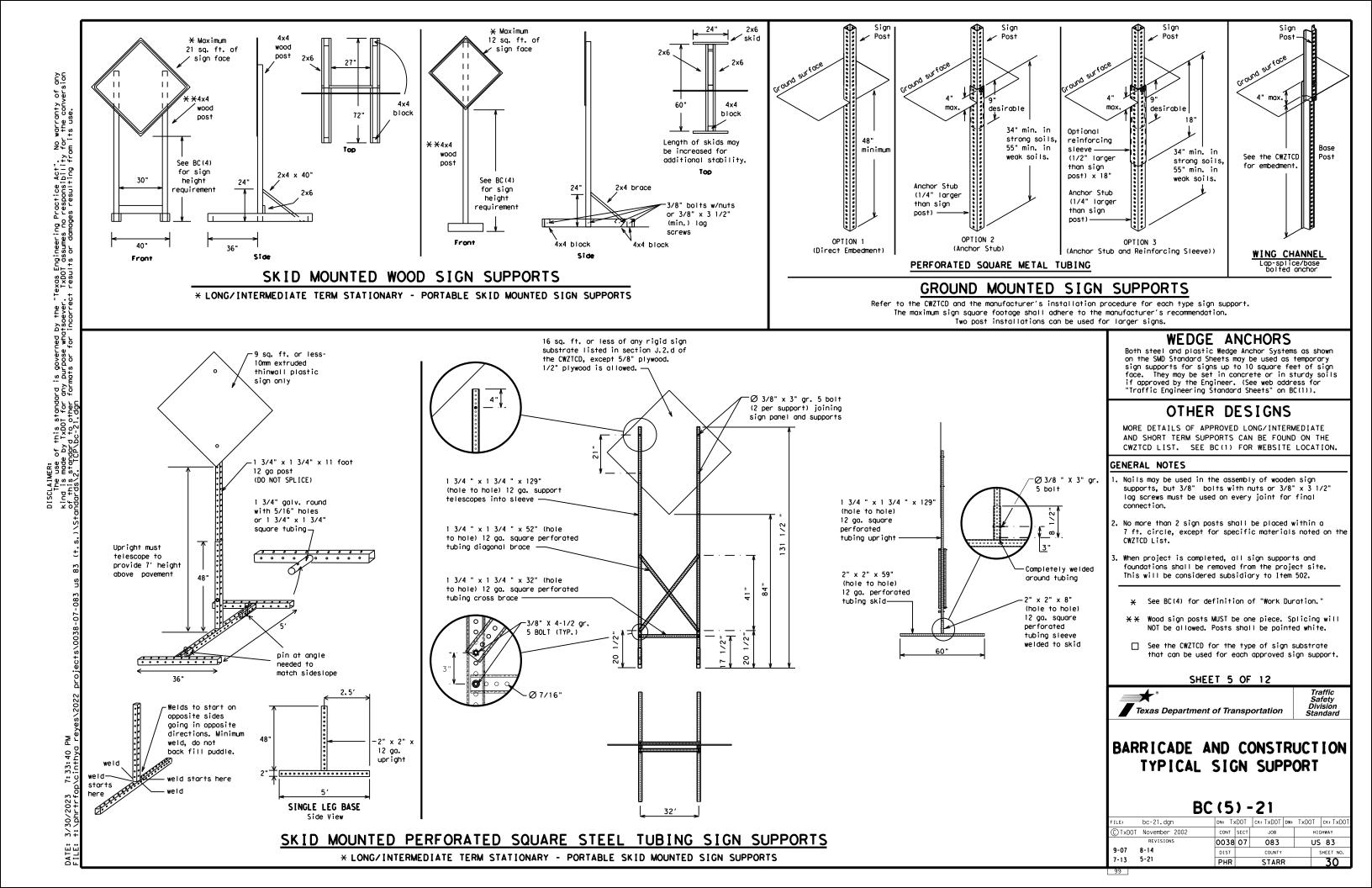
When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the

SHEET 4 OF 12

st Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21									
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	D	N: T	xDOT	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	ΤC	κ:TxDOT
) TxDOT	November 2002		CONT	ONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	C	038	3 07	083		l	US	83
9-07	8-14		DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
7-13	5-21		PHR	IR STARR				29	



WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to 2. eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR, " "AT, " etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) 5. along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to 7. start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	IMI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK ING RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RTLN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	ноу	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
lt Is	ITS	Weight Limit	
Junction	JCT	West	
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT		

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES (The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT ¥
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	₭ LANES SHIFT in Phase	1 must be used wit	h STAY IN LANE in Phos

	Other Co	ndi	tion List
	DADWORK XXX FT		ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
	LAGGER XXX FT		LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
N	IGHT LN IARROWS XXX FT		TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
T	ERGING RAFFIC XXX FT		CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
	LOOSE GRAVEL XXX FT		UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
	DETOUR X MILE		ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
	DADWORK PAST H XXXX		ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
×	BUMP XXX FT		US XXX EXIT X MILES
	RAFFIC SIGNAL XXX FT		L ANE S SHIFT

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List MERGE FORM RIGHT X LINES RIGHT DETOUR USE XXXXX NEXT RD EXIT X EXITS USE USE EXIT EXIT XXX I-XX NORTH STAY ON USE US XXX I-XX F SOUTH TO I-XX N TRUCKS WATCH USE FOR US XXX N TRUCKS WATCH EXPECT FOR DELAYS TRUCKS PREPARE EXPECT DELAYS ТΟ STOP REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE WATCH USE OTHER FOR ROUTES WORKERS STAY ĪΝ LANE

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- appropriate.
- be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a
- location phase is used.

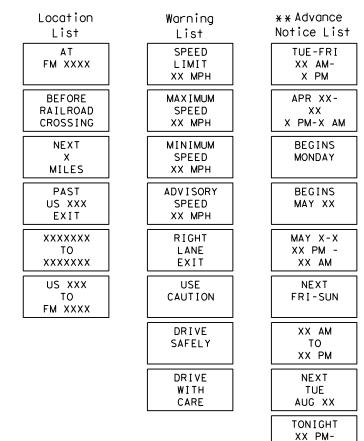
PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the some size arrow.

Roadway designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

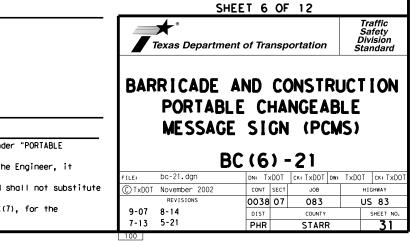
Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

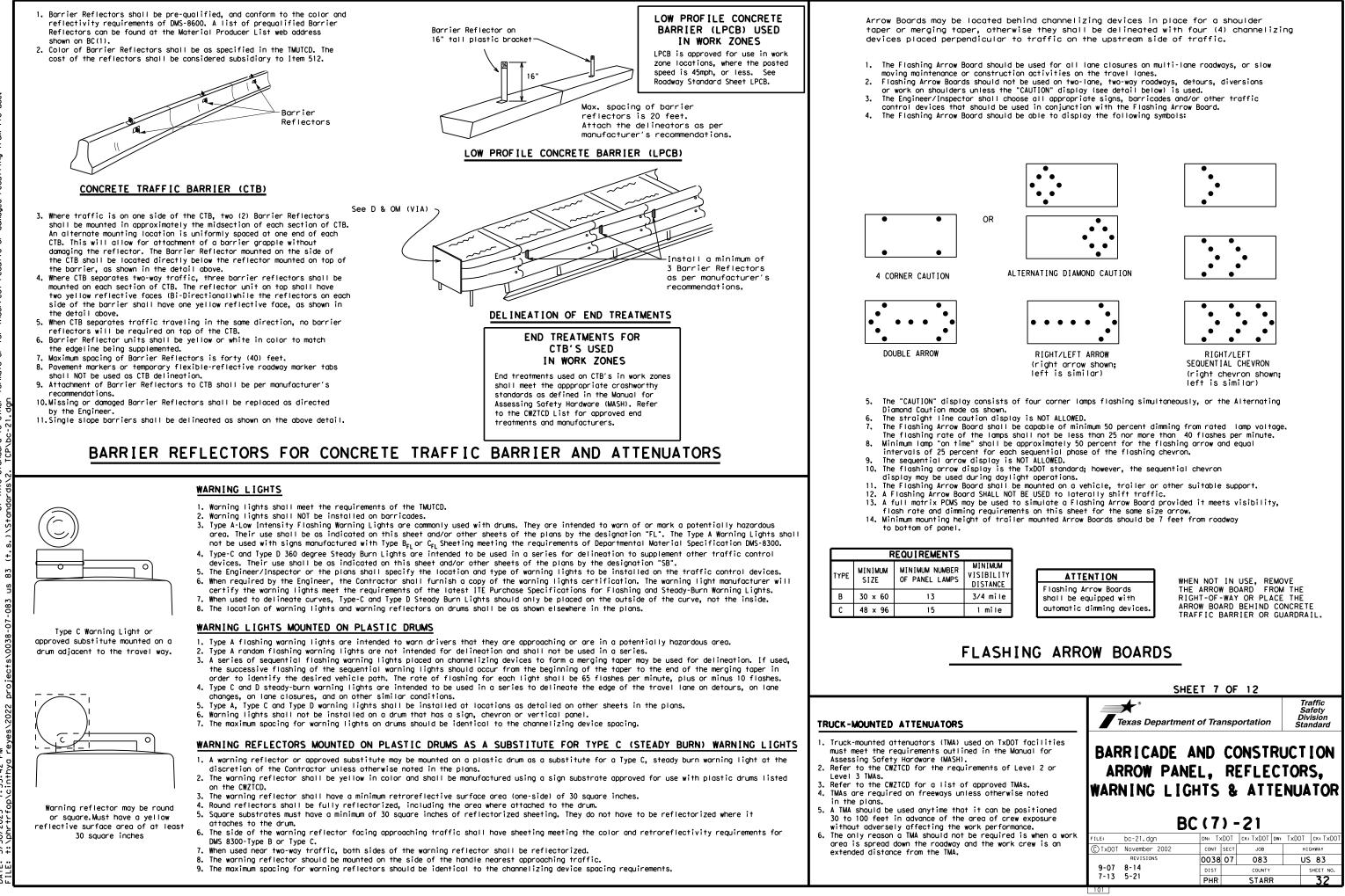


* * See Application Guidelines Note 6.

XX AM

EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can





Σď 7:33:42 3/30/











GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

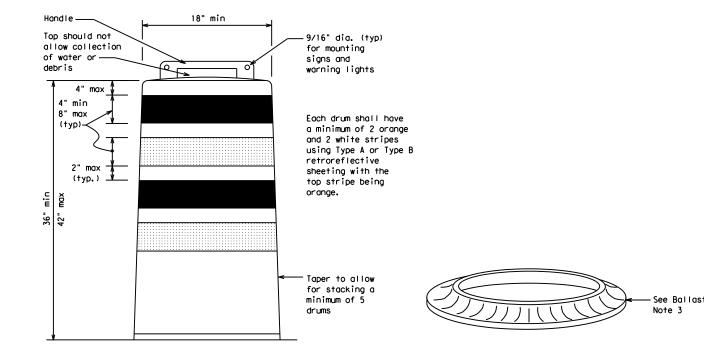
- Pre-gualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

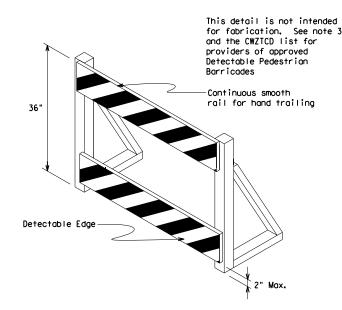
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures. 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the
- closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5, Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

ŝē



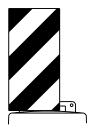
(Maximum Sign Dimension)

Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane

Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right

R4 series or other signs as approved

by Engineer



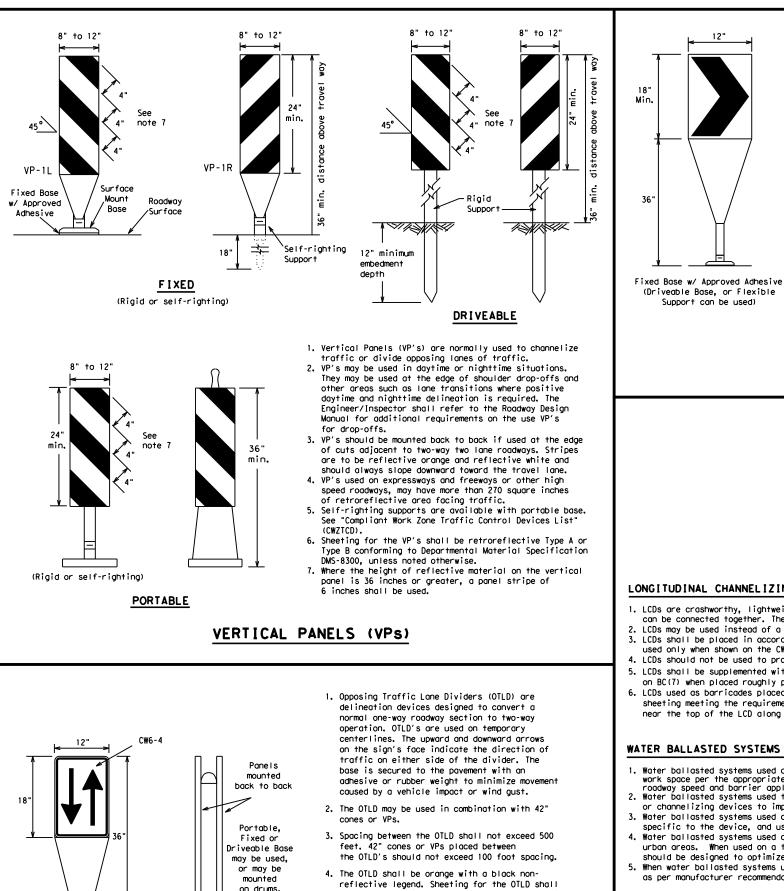
12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHE	ET 8	OF	12						
Texas Department	t of Tra	nsp	ortation	D	Traffic Safety ivision andard				
CHANNEL I	BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES								
	2(8			T 0.01	L. T. DOT				
FILE: bc-21.dgn (C)TxDOT November 2002	DN: T> CONT	(DOT SECT	CK: TXDOT DW	1	CK: TXDOT				
REVISIONS	0038		083		JS 83				
4-03 8-14	DIST	07	COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
9-07 5-21	PHR		STARR		33				
7-13	I' HK		JIANN		55				



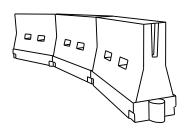
be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300,

unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet

the requirements of DMS-8300.

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums. 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and
- used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

on drums

7: 33: 44 2023 3/30/

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Suggested Maximu Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30		150'	1651	180'	30'	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	
40	80	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′	
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	
50		500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100'	
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>′</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	
60	L - # 3	600 <i>'</i>	660'	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	
70		700′	770'	840′	70′	140'	
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150'	
80		800'	880′	960'	80 <i>'</i>	160'	

L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

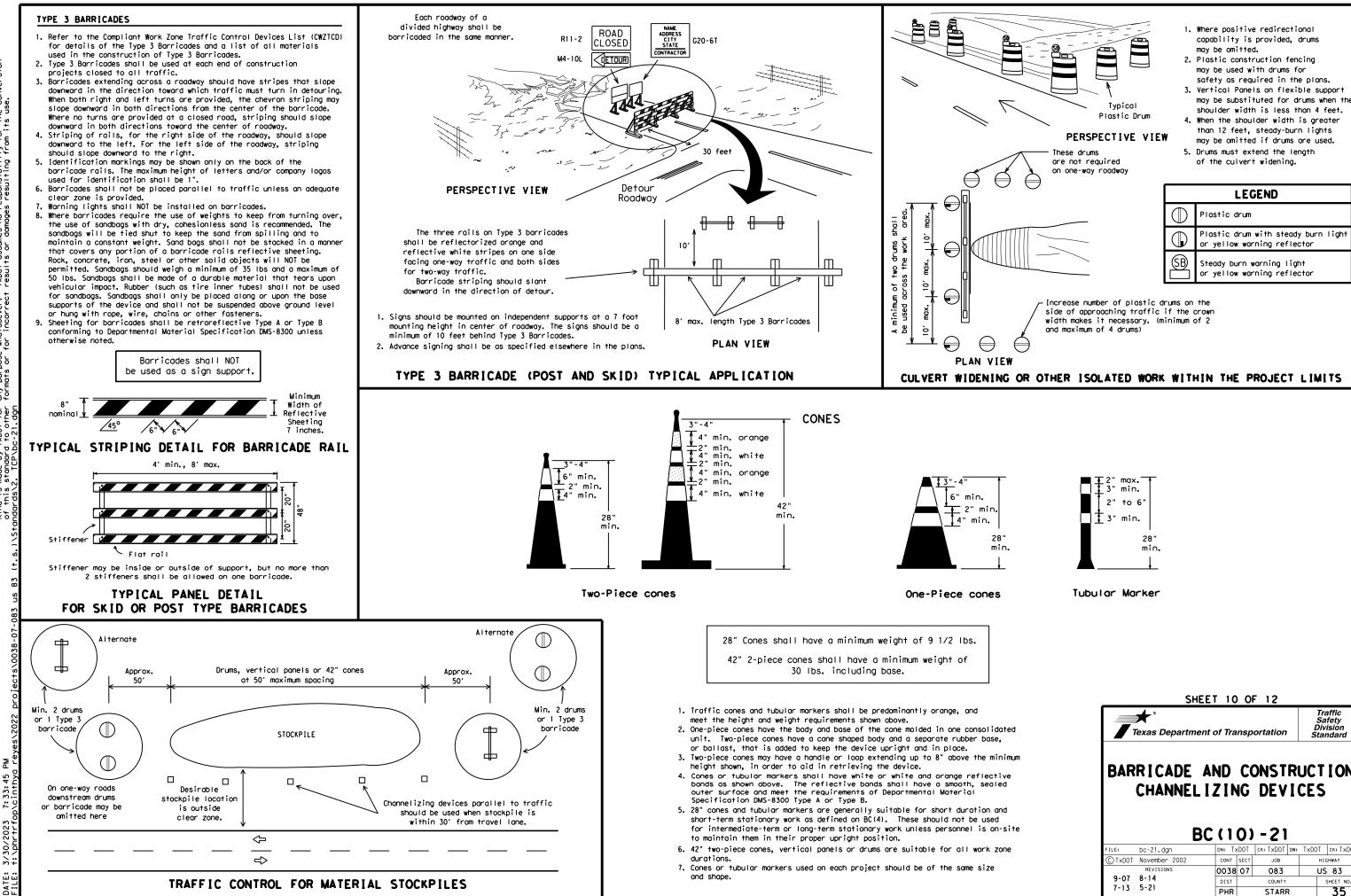
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12 Traffic Safety Division Standard **st** Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

		BC	(9) -	·21			
ILE:	bc-21.dgn		DN: T)	<dot< td=""><td>ск: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ск: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	GHWAY
	REVISIONS		0038	07	083		US	83
9-07	8-14	DIST	IST COUNTY SH			SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21		PHR		STARF	R		34
103								



No warranty of any for the conversion m its use. Practice Act". | > responsibility jes resulting from exas Engineering TxDOT assumes no results or daman rned by the "Te s whatsoever. for incorrect goverr Irpose °ZP ĔĘĔ of this st by TxDOT ISCLAIMER: The use ind is mode f this stan

> Μ 45 7:33:

	SHEE	T 10	0	F 12		
	╋ [®] ēxas Department	of Tra	nsp	oortation		Traffic Safety Division Itandard
	RICADE AL CHANNELI	ZIN	IG			
			-		a	
FILE:	bc-21.dgn November 2002	DN: T) CONT	(DOT SECT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TxDC)T CK: TXDOT
(g) : ABOT	REVISIONS	0038		083		US 83
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY	- 1	SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PHR		STARR		35

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on $\mathsf{BC}(\mathsf{12})$.
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

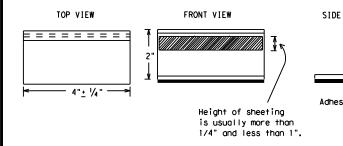
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECU TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARK TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guider shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is m normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement or roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or sh and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pav Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pir run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a sp of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARK

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the ap product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applie butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concretsurfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:

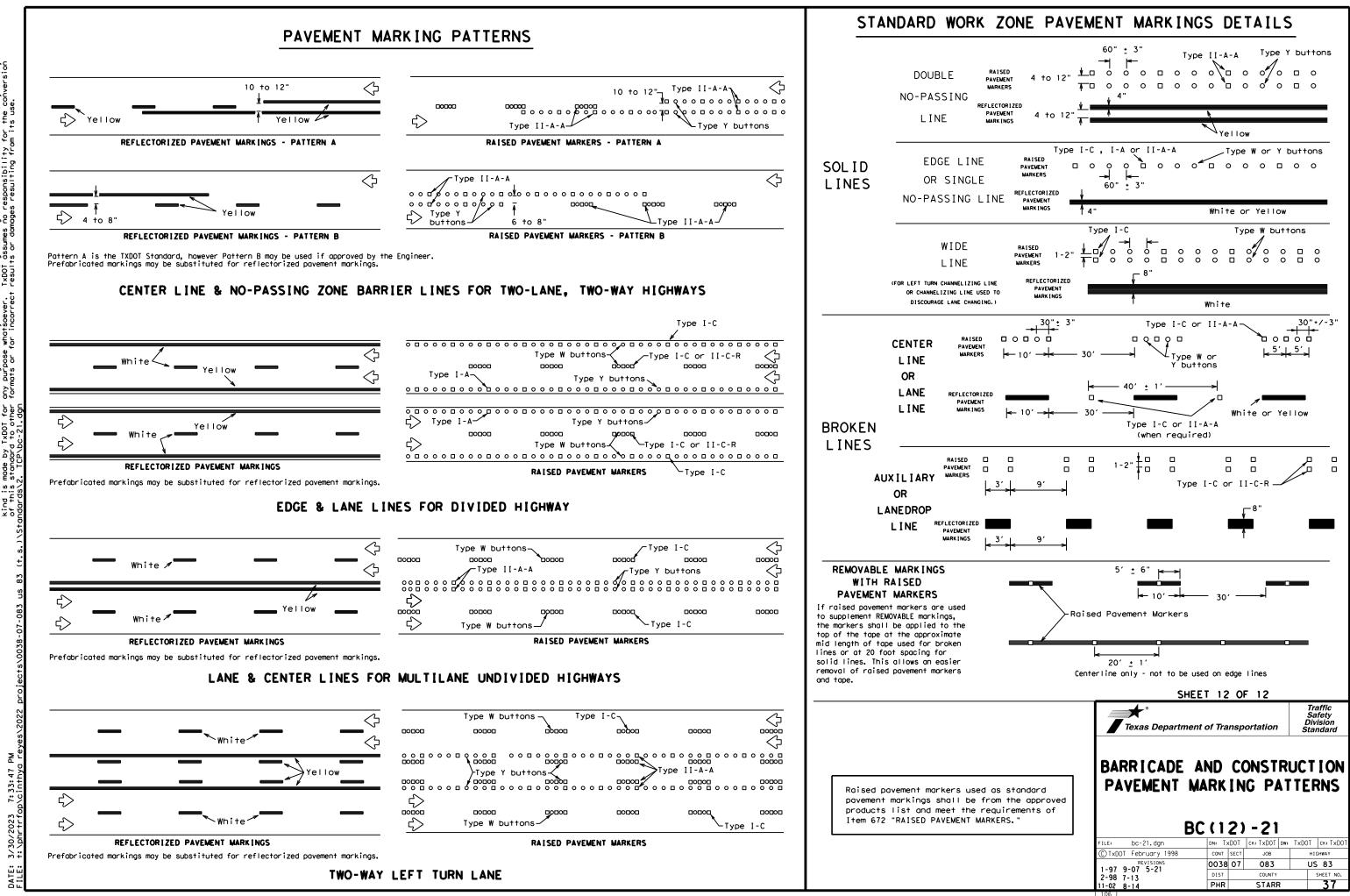
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

N

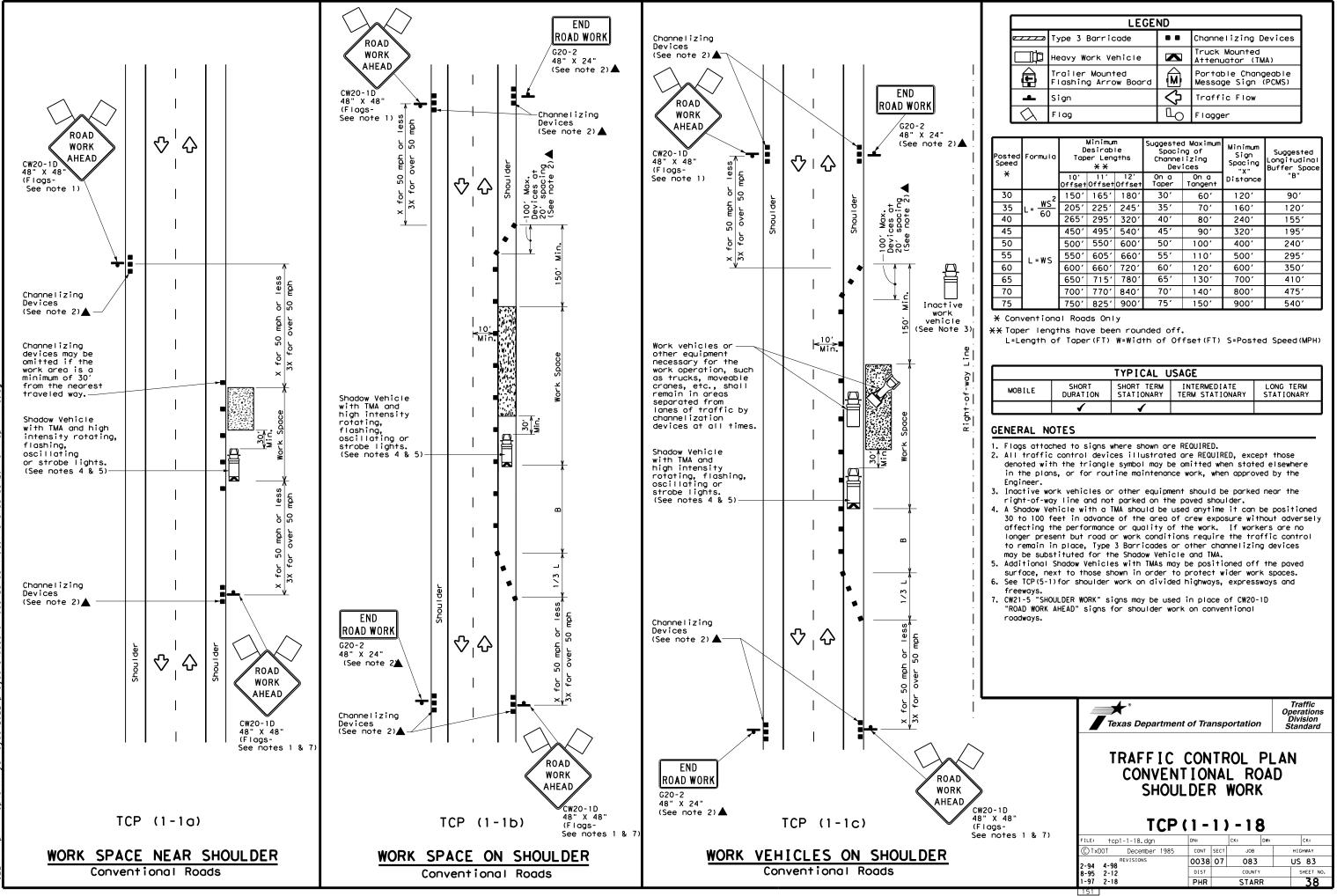
7:33:46

DATE: 3/

	DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATI	ONS
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
IEW	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
	TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
'	TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242
ve pad	A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tob pavement markings can be found at the Material Pro web address shown on BC(1).	os and othe
2		
'ks		
ne t "A" the		
oment nent		
five kup, ed n. No noll		
e		
oved		
or		
	SHEET 11 OF 12	Troffic
	* *	Traffic Safety Division
I	Texas Department of Transportation	Standard
	BARRICADE AND CONSTR PAVEMENT MARKING	
	BC(11)-21	
	FILE: bc-21.dgn DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW:	
		TXDOT CK: TXD HIGHWAY US 83 Sheet NO.



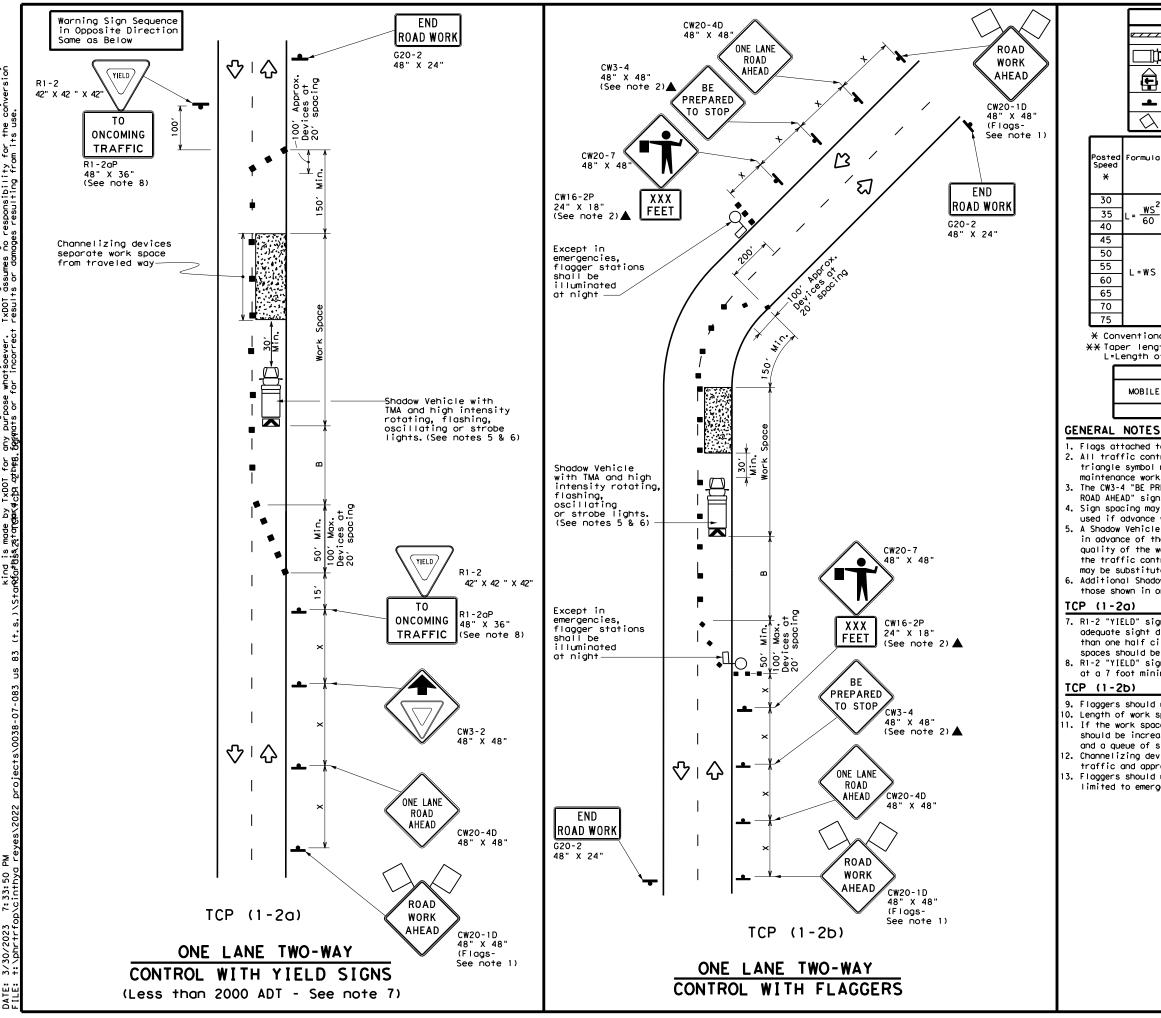




LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
•	Sign	2	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	۵ ₀	Flagger					

Speed	osted Formula Speed		**		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150'	165′	180'	30′	60'	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120′
40	60	265′	295'	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550ʻ	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	55′	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - # 5	600 <i>'</i>	660'	720'	60′	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700′	410′
70		700'	770'	840 <i>'</i>	70'	140'	800'	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540′

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					



No warranty of any for the conversion SCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". Ind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility n#ħks_standar4cbg ozheg.66nmats or for incorrect results or damages resulting fro 7: 33: 50 3/30/ DATE:

	LEGEND									
e	z Туре	e 3 Bo	prrica	de		С	hanneliz	ing Devices		
	Heav	Heavy Work Vehicle			K		ruck Mou ttenuato			
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board			Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-			\Diamond	т	raffic F	low	1			
\bigtriangleup	λ Flag LO Flagger]			
Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Spacing Longitudinal		Stopping Sight Distance		
	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangen	+	Distance	"В"		
2	150'	165′	180'	30′	60'		120′	90′	200′	
$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'		160'	120'	250 <i>'</i>	
60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'		240'	155'	305′	
	450′	495′	540'	45′	90'		320'	195'	360'	
	500'	550ʻ	600'	50'	100'		400′	240'	425'	
L=₩S	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660'	55'	110'		500 <i>'</i>	295'	495′	
- "3	600'	660′	720'	60′	120'		600 <i>'</i>	350'	570'	
	650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65′	130'		700′	410′	645′	
	700′	770'	840'	70'	140'		800′	475′	730'	
	750'	825′	900'	75'	150'		900′	540'	820'	

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1							

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

2, All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.

4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet. 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

 R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.

8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

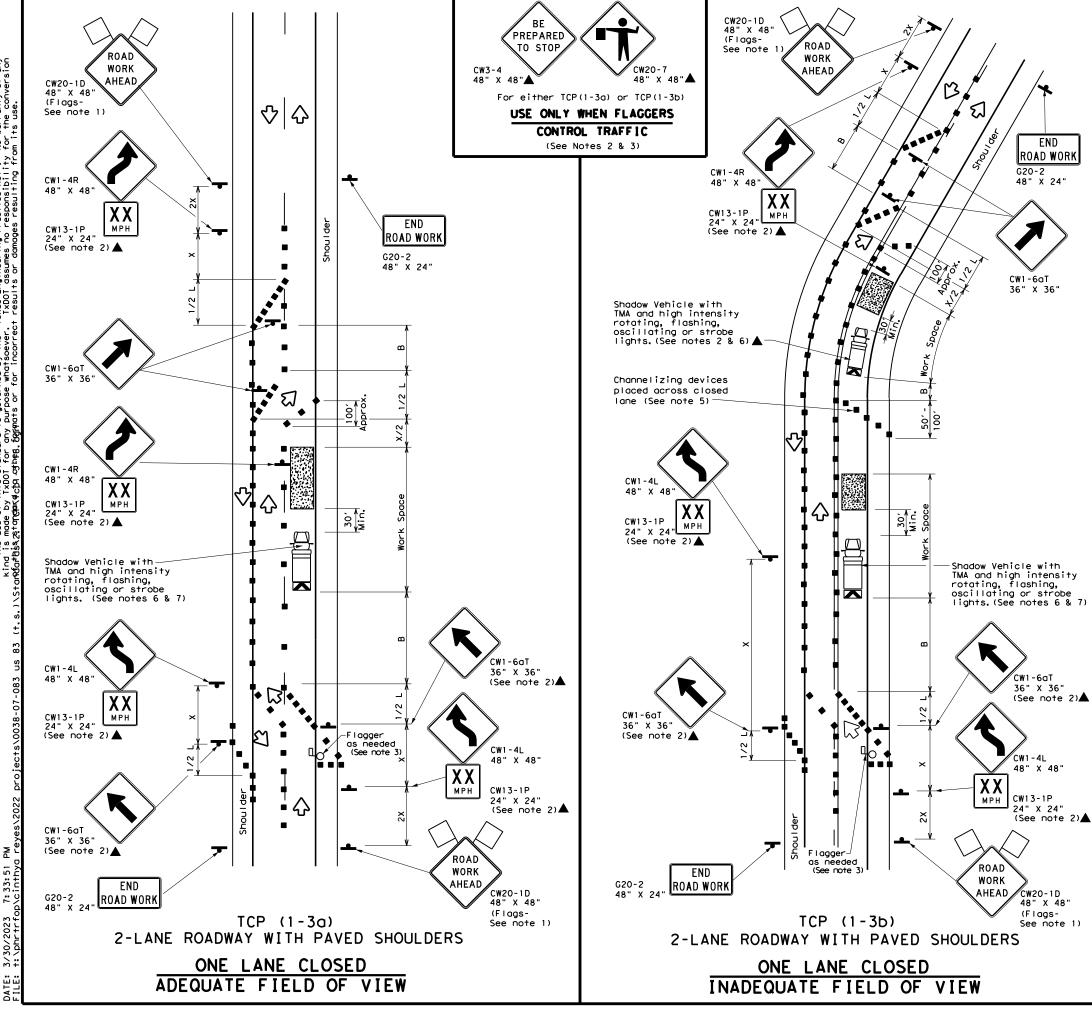
9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances

should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).

12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.

3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL TRAFFIC CONTROL TCP (1-2) - 18 CMI CKI OWI CKI © TXDDT December 1985 CONT SECT JOB HIDHWAY 4-90 4-98 POIS COUNTY SHEET NO.	Traffic Operations Division Standard								
FILE: tcp1-2-18. dgn DN: CK: DW: CK: C TxDOT December 1985 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 4-90 4-98 REVISIONS 0038 07 083 US 83	ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL								
C TxDOT December 1985 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 4-90 4-98 0038 07 083 US 83			4	/ 11					
4-90 4-98 0038 07 083 US 83	FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:			
4-90 4-98	© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
		0038	07	083		US 83			
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
1-97 2-18 PHR STARR 39		PHR		STAR	7	39			



No warranty of any for the conversion on its used is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". Durpose whatseever. TxDD1 assumes no responsibility andrs or for incorrect results or domanes result-no for SCLAIMER: The use of this standard nd is made by TxDOT for any ...thes standar(4,ct)...ogheg, 60f6

7:33:51

	LEGEND								
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow						
\bigtriangleup	Flag	٩	Flagger						

Posted Speed			Desirable Taper Lengths X X		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90'	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600 <i>'</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295'
60		600′	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350'
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700'	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70'	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

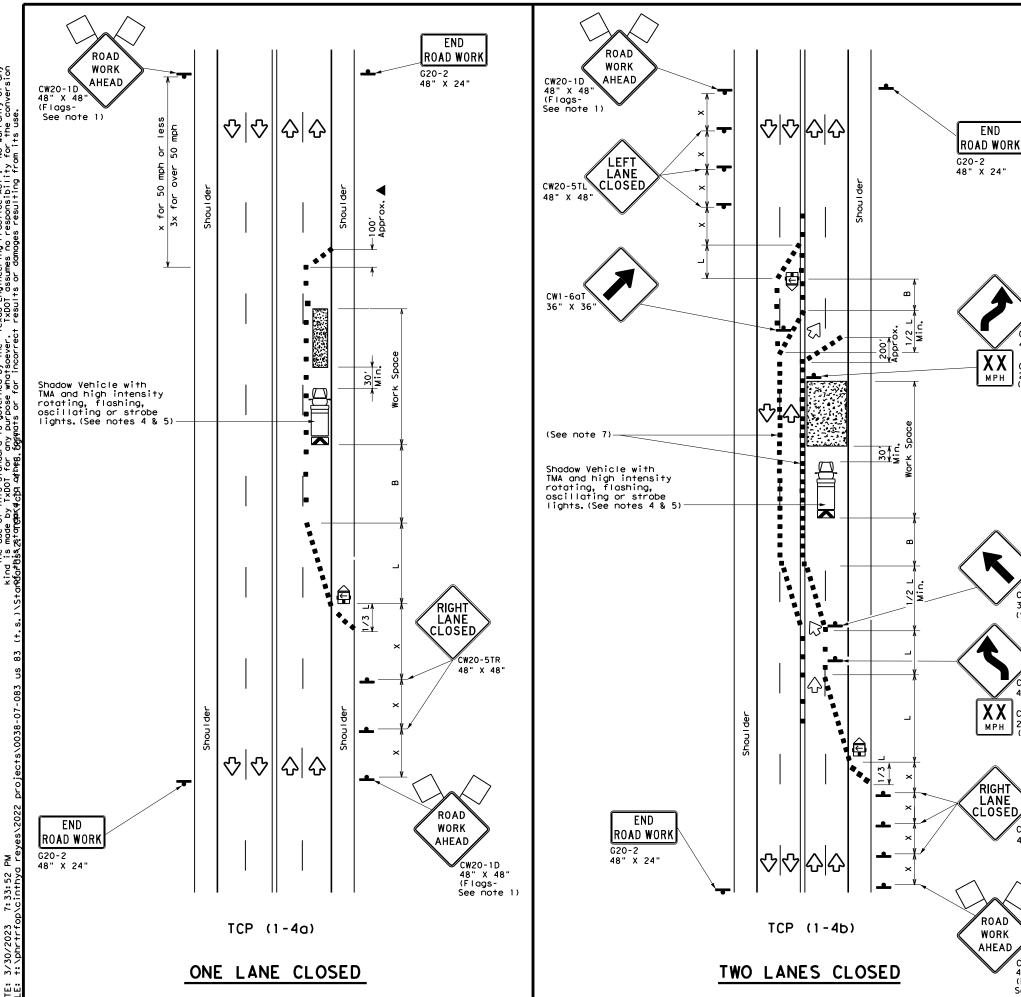
TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

Traffic Operations Division Standard								
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS TCP(1-3)-18								
TCP	[] =	וכ	- I Q	,				
FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn	DN:	21	- I С ск:	DW:	CK:			
		SECT	-		CK: HIGHWAY			
FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn CTxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	DN:	SECT	СК:					
FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn CTxDOT December 1985	DN: CONT	SECT	CK: JOB		HIGHWAY			





	LEGEND								
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
Ē	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
(L)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	٩	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	\langle	Traffic Flow						
\bigtriangleup	Flog	LO	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Speed		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths XX		Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30′	60 <i>'</i>	1201	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155'
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - W S	600′	660′	720'	60′	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350 <i>'</i>
65		650′	715′	780'	65′	130'	700′	410'
70		700'	770'	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540 <i>′</i>

* Conventional Roads Only

CW1-4R

CW1-6aT

36" X 36"

CW1-4L 48" X 48"

CW13-1P

MPH

24" X 24"

CW20-5TR

48" X 48'

CW20-1D

48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1)

(See note 2)

(See note 2)

48" X 48"

C₩13-1P 24" X 24" (See note 2)▲

★ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1				

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet. 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

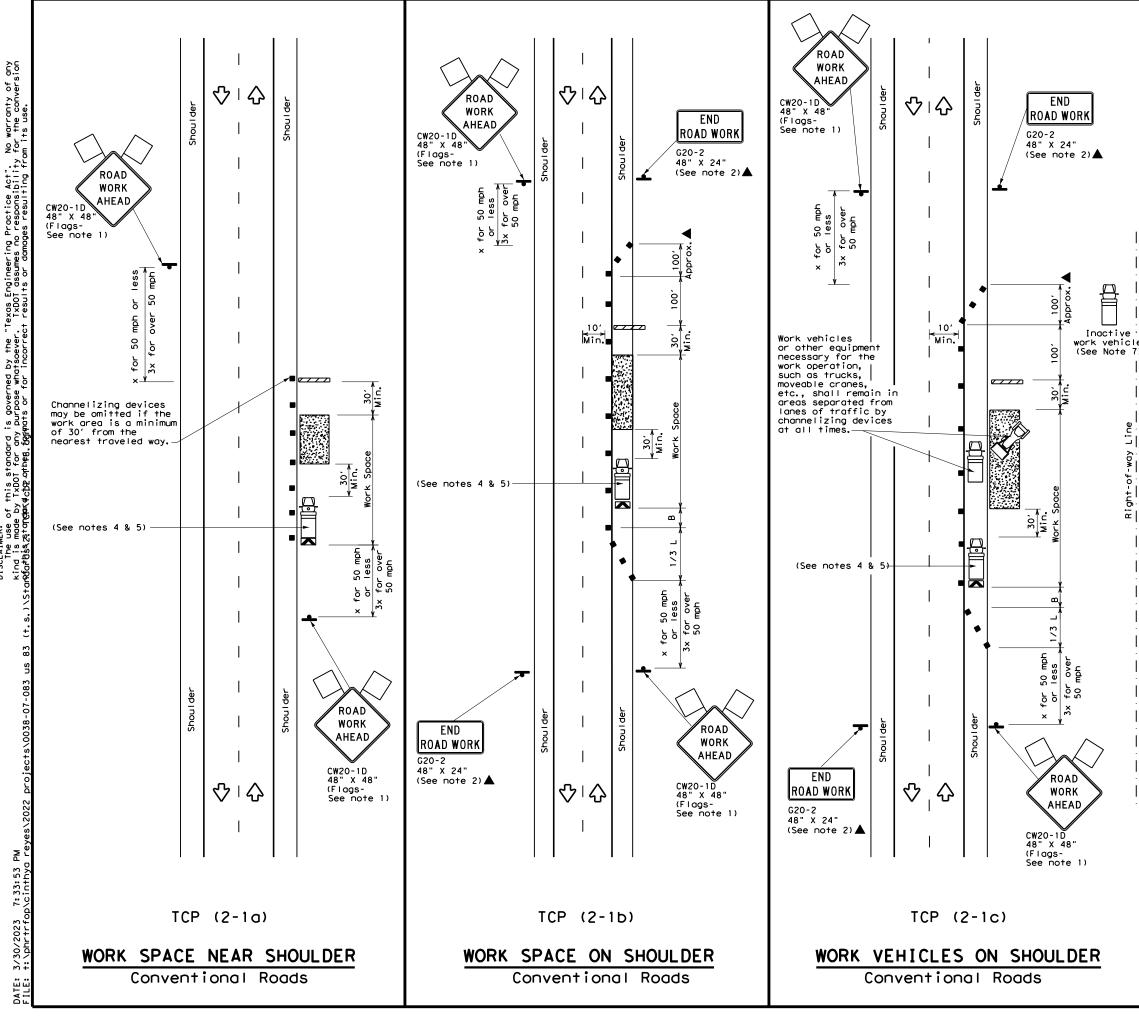
TCP (1-4a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Texas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortation	1	Traffic perations Division tandard		
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS TCP(1-4)-18							
FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:		
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
2-94 4-98	0038	07	083		US 83		
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
8-95 2-12							



"Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any . TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion cot results or damages resulting from its use. is governed by the purpose whatsoever this standard i y T×DOT for any rat∧troontheR_fApra ISCLAIMER: The use ind is mode orthes stan

LEGEND						
~~~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices			
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)			
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)			
-	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow			
$\langle \rangle$	Flag	۵	Flagger			

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X		Desirable Taper Lengths X X Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>ws</u> ²	150'	1651	180'	30′	60'	1201	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155'
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600 <i>'</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L-#5	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650'	715′	780 <i>'</i>	65′	130'	700'	410′
70		700'	770′	840′	70'	140'	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540'

X Conventional Roads Only

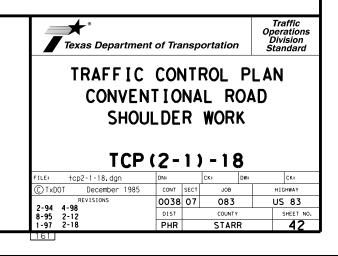
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

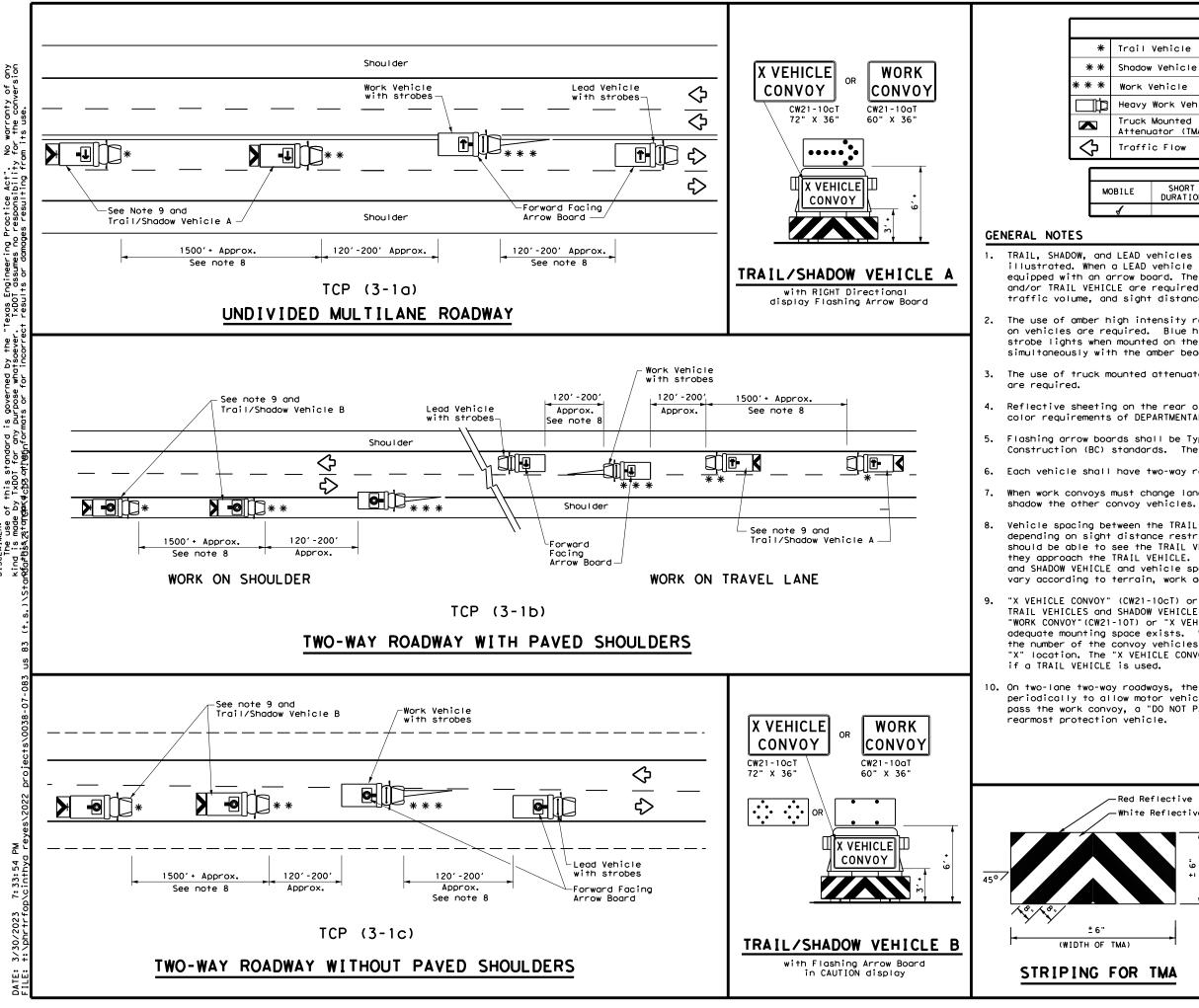
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1					

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.
  Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freeways. 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder. 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D
- "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.





δp β Practice Act". responsibility Ę, of this standard = by TxDOT for any reacted of othernfor

	LE	GEND			
Vehicle					
ARROW BOARD DISPLAY Shadow Vehicle					
Work Vehicle 📑 RIGHT Directional				onal	
Heavy Work Vehicle 두 LEFT Direc				lor	
Truck Mounted			Double Arrow		
Traffic Flow CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)				•	
	TVC		EACE		
	116	ICAL U	JAVE		
SHORT DURATION				LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	Vehicle Vehicle Work Vehic Mounted Mounted Dator (TMA) c Flow	Vehicle Vehicle Work Vehicle Mounted Mounted ofor (TMA) c Flow TYP SHORT SHOR	vehicle /ehicle Work Vehicle Mounted Mounted Mounted Ator (TMA) c Flow TYPICAL U SHORT SHORT TERM	Vehicle ARROW BOARD D Vehicle Vehicle Vehicle Work Vehicle Mounted Motor (TMA) c Flow TYPICAL USAGE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE	

TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.

2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.

3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE

Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.

Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.

Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

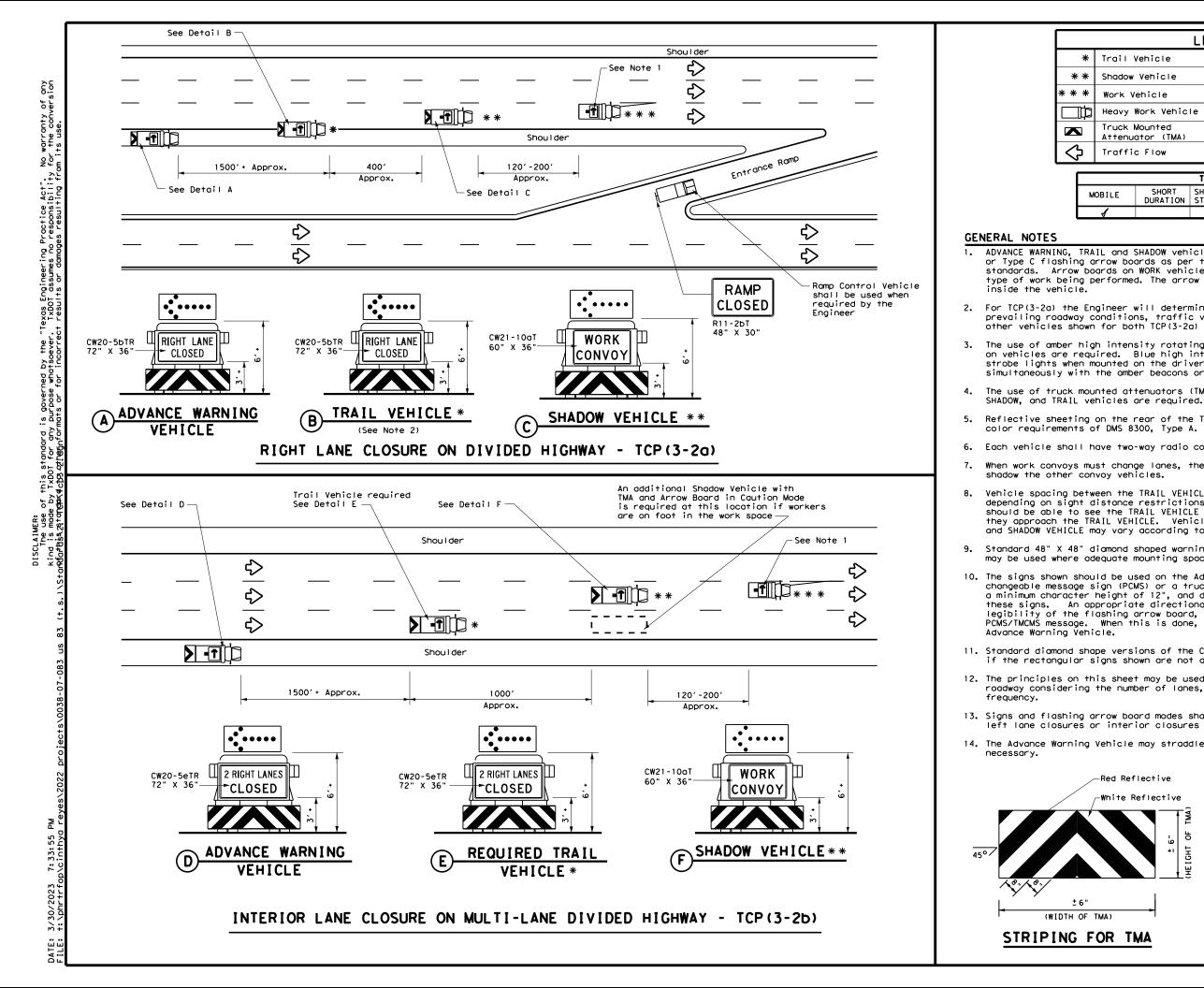
When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to

Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

"X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY"(CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE

10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the

Red Reflective White Reflective	Texas Departme	nt of Transportatio	Traffic Operations Division Standard
± 6"		CONTROL OPERATI	
		DED HIGH	
		DED HIGH CP(3-1)	
			-13
	Т	CP(3-1)	-13
	FILE: tcp3-1.dgn © TxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	CP (3-1)	- 1 3 T dw: TxDOT ck: TxDOT HIGHWAY
	FILE: tcp3-1.dgn ©TxDOT December 1985	CP (3-1)	-13 T DW: TxDOT CK: TxDOT HIGHWAY US 83



LEGEND			
Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY	
Shadow Vehicle		ARROW DOARD DISPLAT	
Work Vehicle	<b>†</b> -	RIGHT Directional	
Heavy Work Vehicle	-1	LEFT Directional	
Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	\$∎	Double Arrow	
Traffic Flow	0-	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)	
TY	PICAL L	ISAGE	

OBILE	SHORT	SHORT TERM	INTERMEDIATE	LONG TERM
	DURATION	STATIONARY	TERM STATIONARY	STATIONARY
1				

ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from

2. For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.

The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.

The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING,

Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and

Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.

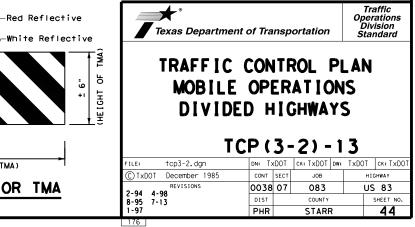
10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the

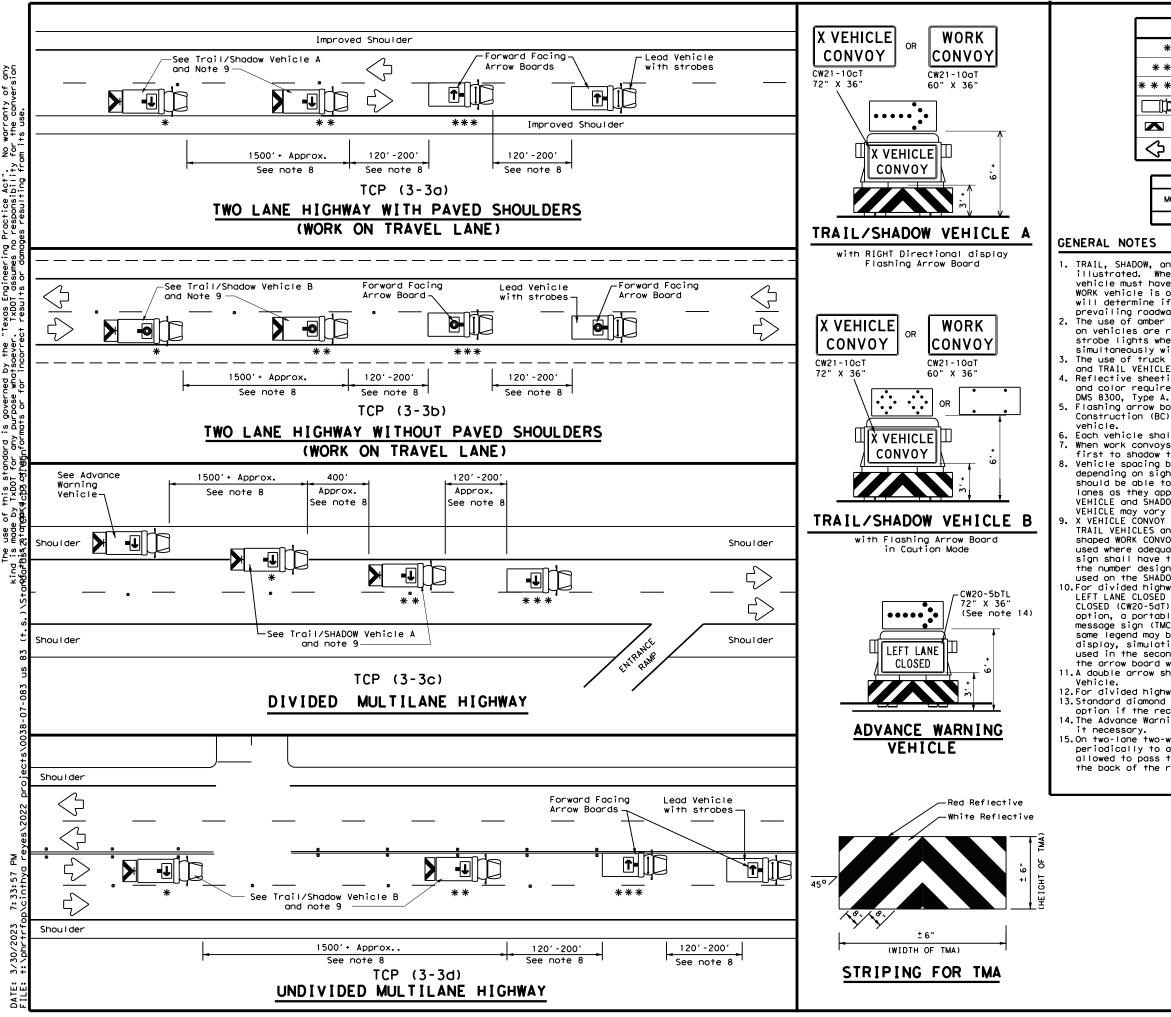
11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.

12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp

13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.

14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it





warranty of any the conversion Sp. ខ្ល

LEGEND					
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY		
* *	Shadow Vehicle		ARROW DOARD DISPLAT		
* * *	Work Vehicle	•	RIGHT Directional		
þ	Heavy Work Vehicle	F	LEFT Directional		
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>₽</b>	Double Arrow		
$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow	Q	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)		

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
4						

1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as

illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING

and TRAIL VEHICLE are required. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity

and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary

depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used. 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an

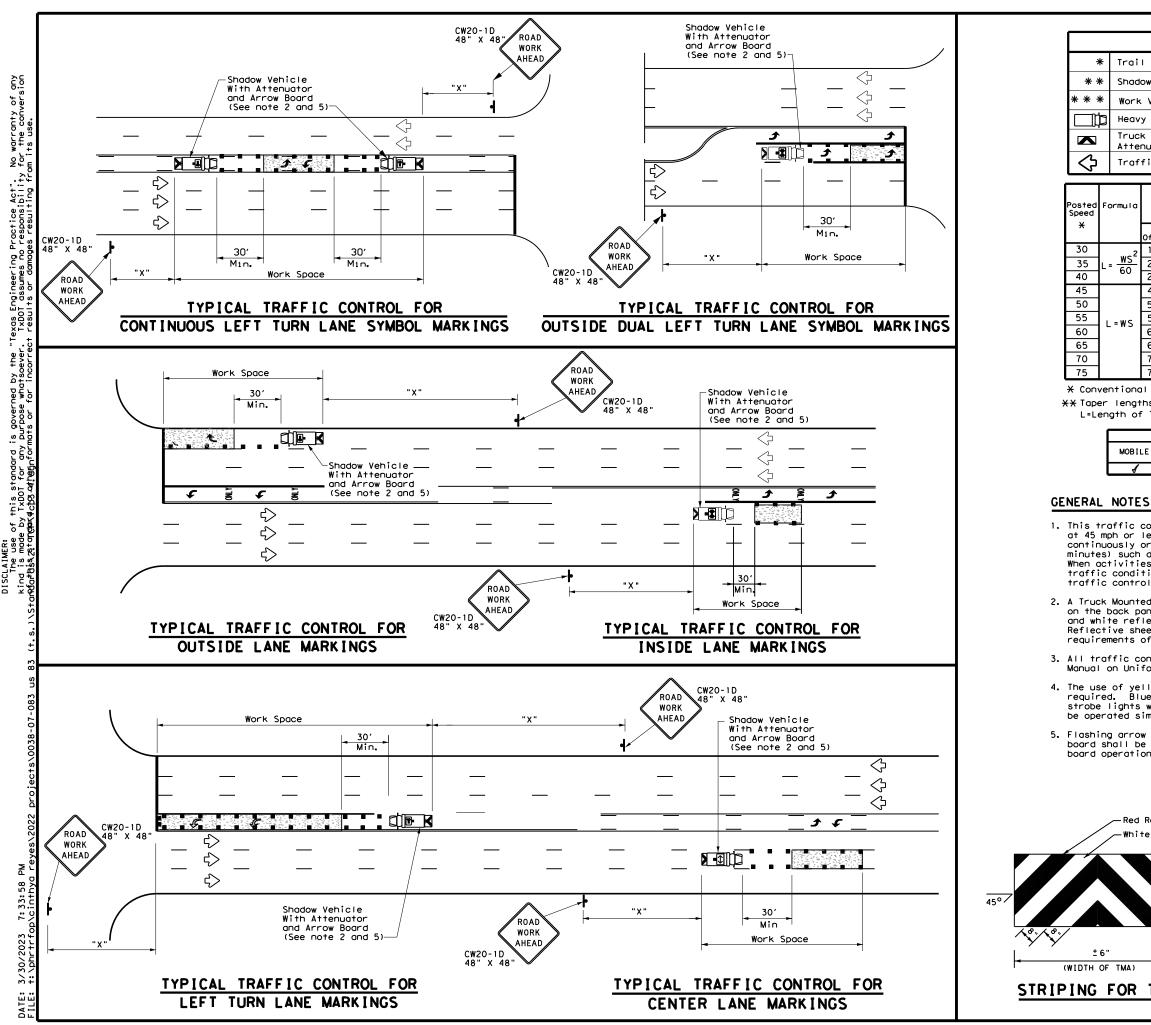
option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.

11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning

12.For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13.Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available. 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes

15.0n two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

Texas Department	nt of Tran	sportation	Traffic Operations Division Standard
RA I SI MARKER	E OPE ED PA INST REMOV	RATION VEMENT ALLATIO	IS
FILE: tcp3-3, dgn	DN: TxD	OT CK:TXDOT DW:	TxDOT CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT S	ECT JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0038 (	07 083	US 83
2-94 4-98	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
8-95 7-13			



AIMER: The use is mode

LEGEND					
I Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY			
Jow Vehicle	ARRON BOARD DISPLAT				
k Vehicle	RIGHT Directional				
y Work Vehicle	-	LEFT Directional			
ck Mounted enuator (TMA)	₽	Double Arrow			
ffic Flow	-	Channelizing Devices			

	Minimur Desirab Der Len <del>X X</del>	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space	
10' Offse	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
150'	165'	180'	ʻ 30ʻ 60ʻ		120'	90'	
205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'	
265′	295′	320'	40' 80'		240′	155'	
450'	495′	540'	45′	90'	320′	195'	
500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240'	
550'	605′	660'	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′	
600′	660′	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600′	350'	
650'	715'	780′	65′	130'	700'	410′	
700'	770′	840'	70'	140'	800'	475′	
750′	825′	900,	75'	150'	900'	540'	

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
LE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
,								

1. This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take longer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.

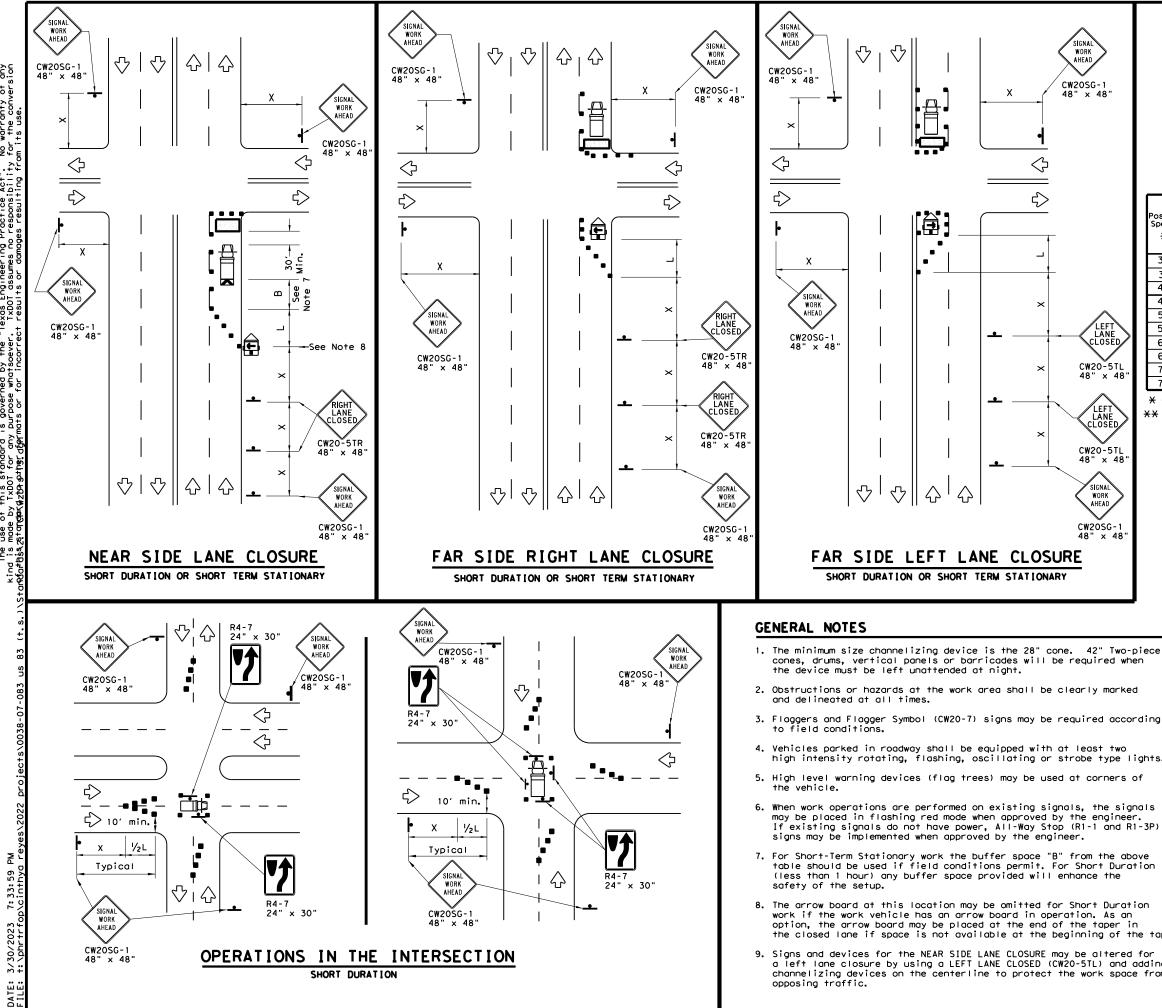
2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Striping and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification DMS-8300, Type A.

3. All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.

4. The use of yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.

5. Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.

Reflective te Reflective	Texas Departme	ent of Transj	portation	Traffic Operations Division Standard		
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS FOR ISOLATED WORK AREAS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS						
CHE IGH	UNDIVI	DED H	I GHWA'	YS		
HEIGH IT	UNDIVI		I GHWA'	YS		
	UNDIVI	DED H	I GHWA'	rs 3		
	UND I V I	DED H	IGHWA - 4) - 1	YS 3		
	UNDIVI FILE: tcp3-4. dgn		<b>I GHWA</b> - <b>4</b> ) - 1 cx: TxDOT dw: JOB	ΥS 3 TxDOT [CK: TxDO]		
	UND I V I FILE: top3-4.dgn © TxDOT July, 2013	DED H CP (3 DN: TXDOT CONT SECT	<b>I GHWA</b> - <b>4</b> ) - 1 cx: TxDOT dw: JOB	YS 3 TxDOT CK: TxDOT HIGHWAY		



SCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any nd is made by IxDD1 for any purpose whotscever. IxDD1 assumes no responsibility for the conversion afb§\$_\$tar**qca**74<u>5</u>4<u>9</u>t**hg1d5**qrmats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. ö

LEGEND							
<u>e z z z z</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
4	Sign	2	Traffic Flow				
$\langle \rangle$	Flag	٩	Flagger				

Speed	Formula	* *			Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30		150'	1651	180'	30′	60'	120'	90'	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120′	
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240'	155'	
45		450'	495 <i>'</i>	540'	45′	90 <i>'</i>	320′	195'	
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>′</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>1</i>	295′	
60	2-113	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60′	120'	600′	350′	
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700'	410′	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900 <i>'</i>	540′	

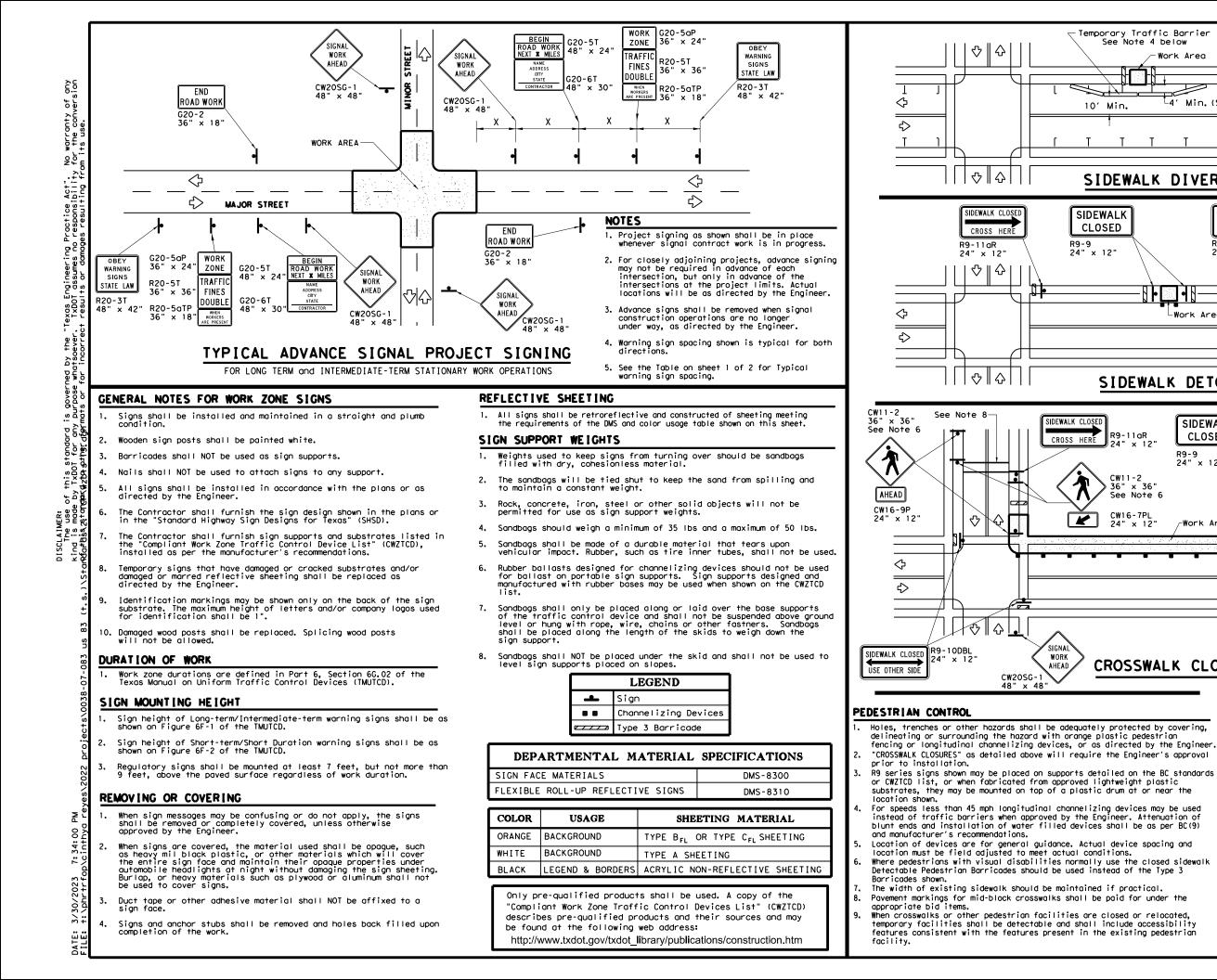
X Conventional Roads Only

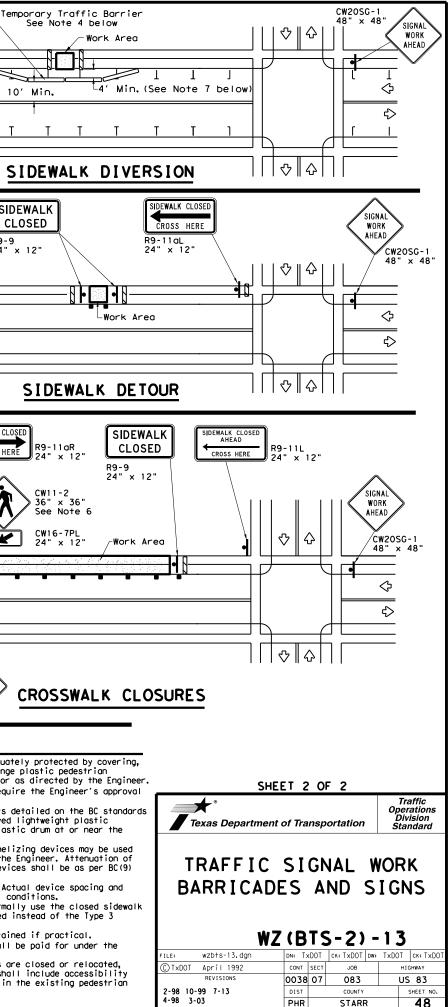
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

WORKERS IN BUCKET TRUCKS SHALL NOT WORK ABOVE OPEN LANES OF TRAFFIC.

ed					
ording					
lights.					
of	SHEE	T 1 C	DF 2		
gnals er. R1-3P)	Texas Department of	of Trans	portation	Ope Div	raffic rations vision andard
bove ation	TRAFFIC TYPICA			-	K
tion n in the taper.			S-1)-		
d for	FILE: wzbts-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
adding ce from	CTxDOT April 1992	CONT SEC	T JOB	HI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0038 07	083	U	S 83
	2-98 10-99 7-13 4-98 3-03	DIST PHR			SHEET NO.
		PHK	STARR		41





# GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- 1. The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

# CONDUIT

# A. MATERIALS

- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- 2. Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- 3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" × 16" × 4"
#2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
#4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#8	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in. and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- 5. Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plar a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductor the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically cal the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal el PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request an the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 4 conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirexcept that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Mak the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into gr foundations.
- Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff str the service riser conduit.

### B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In add and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized ste externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of deter amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spac attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mount on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath exis driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Bac compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tun or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the conduit of the conduct cable to prevent bending to the conduct cable to prevent be conduct cable to prevent bending to the conduct cable to preve
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requir Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Fl Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Sho
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched condu
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and rac after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary ca durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. C conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing an
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safet cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding tight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittin install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground ro or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same siz grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for d required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are betwee from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other method the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installo tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silico conduit sealant.
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc r more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up go as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.

ans. Use only ors through alled for in nd the RMC of the rigid of 2 in. of albows. RMC or	
v installed internal and with approval by 40 or schedule 80 PVG is 40 and of the same irements of Item 622, ake the transition of de conduit of the size pround boxes or ground boxes and	,
service poles, raps are allowed on	
ed conduits at ddition, provide teel RMC conduit ) ft. When t for expansion not allow for ermining the s a substitute	
acers when hting Options" t terminations. ht as shown	
sting roadways, ackfill and unneling Pipe connections.	
s with excavated ub-base of rements of lowable horing."	
uit as per Item 618. aceways immediately caps constructed of Clean out the any conductors.	
ing conduit sealing ety switches, meter g bushings on water	
ngs. Provide and	
od, grounding lug, ze as the equipment duct cable is not	
e conductor. en 3 in. and 6 in.	Texas D
ods approved by lation and pull cone caulk as a	ELE CC
ng, paint the field rich paint (94% or galvanized material al with a zinc rich	FILE: ed1-14 CTXDOT Octobe REVISIO
	71A

Te	✦ [®] exas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortation	,	Ope D	raffic erations ivision andard
ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUITS & NOTES ED(1)-14							
LE:	ed1-14.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
) TxDOT	October 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		F	IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0038	07	083		U	IS 83
		DIST		COUNTY	, . ,		SHEET NO.
		PHR		STAR	R		49

# ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 ÅWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at 2. the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.

# B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- 9. Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a sinale connector. unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.

Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

- 12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.
- C. TEMPORARY WIRING
- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- 3. Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved.
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- 5. Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NFC.

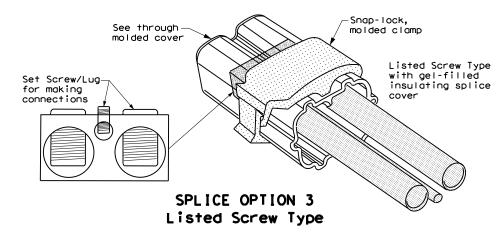
# GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

### A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

1. Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

# **B.** CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- 3. Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- 5. Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.



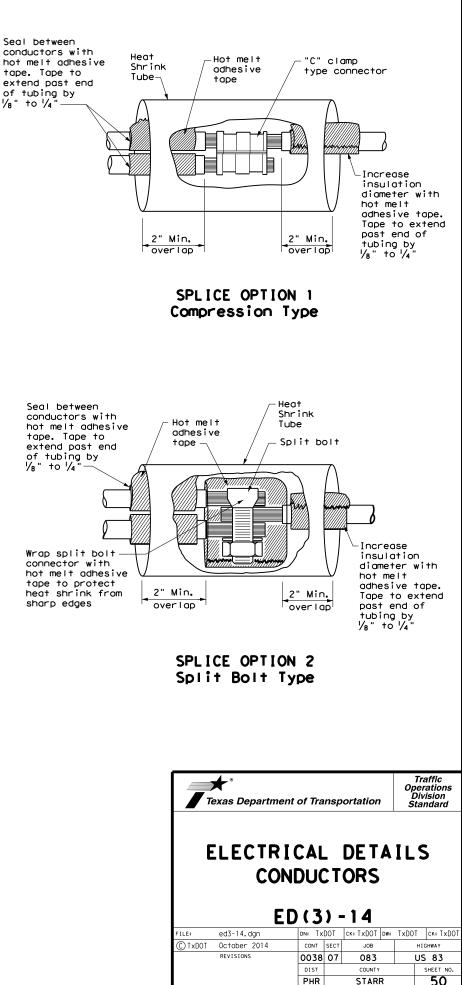
ŝ vers warranty the conv Sp. Proctice Act". ē č Texas Engineer TxDOT assume ed Maria gover ຶ່ງຊ 2 Ê Ĝ this standa TxDOT for 2 d

N

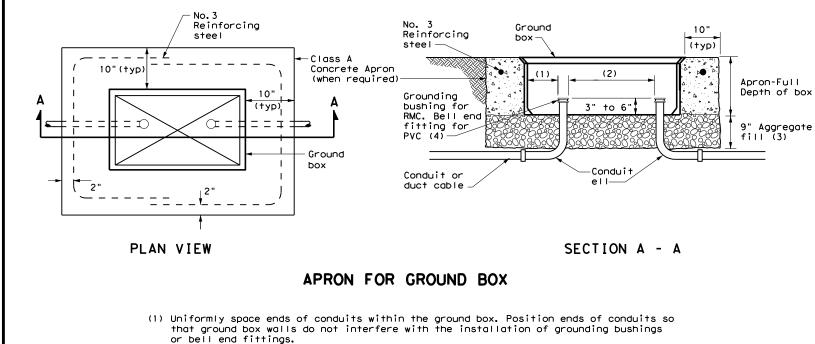
02

34:

~



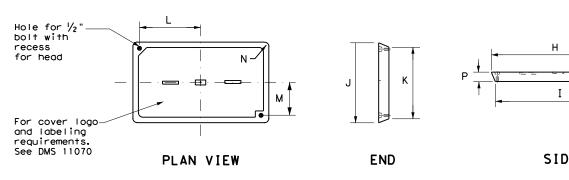
71C



- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

GROUND BOX DIMENSIONS						
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)					
А	12 X 23 X 11					
В	12 X 23 X 22					
С	16 X 29 X 11					
D	16 X 29 X 22					
E	12 X 23 X 17					

	GROUND BOX COVER DIMENSIONS								
TYPE	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)								
TTPE	Н	I J K L M	N	Р					
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 3⁄4	13 1/2	9 7/8	5 1⁄8	1 3/8	2	
C & D	30 ½	30 1⁄4	17 ½	17 1⁄4	13 1⁄4	6 ¾	1 3/8	2	



# GROUND BOXES

# A. MATERIALS

- Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.

- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- aaareaate.
- boxes.

- Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- below arade.
- fully describing the work required.

DATE:

1. Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and

2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination

3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.

4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.

Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of

2. Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.

3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground

4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.

5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.

6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant.

7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors

8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches

9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes

10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.

11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.

	Texas Departme	ent of Tra	nspc	ortation		Oper Div	affic ations ision ndard
₽∕ 		I CAL UND D (4	B	OXE	_	[[\$	5
	FILE: ed4-14.dgn	dn: Tx[	70C	ск: Тхрот	Dw: T	<b>xDOT</b>	ск: TxDOT
	CTxDOT October 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		нIC	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0038	07	083		US	83
		DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
		PHR		STAR	7		51
	71D						

# ELECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES

1. Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State. 2. Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Electrical Services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services, "DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans. 3. Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans. 4.Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work of approval. work as approved. 5. The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed #2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock #2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock #2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed. 6. Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC. 7. When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used. 8. Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red. black. and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility. 9. All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately 0.Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that particular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure. .Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer. 2.Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications. 3.For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to  $8 \frac{1}{2}$  in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating. 4.When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket. 5.Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

### SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

1. Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure.

- 2. Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3. Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not paint stainless steel.
- 4. Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

			* ELE	CTRICAL	SERV	ICE DAT	4					
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number	Electrical Service Description	Service Conduit **Size	Service Conductors No./Size	Safety Switch Amps	Main Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Branch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/#2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1
									Lighting SB	2P/40	25	
									Underpass	1P/20	15	
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(0)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3
							30		Luminaires	2P/20	9	
									CCTV	1P/20	3	
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(0)	1 1/4 "	3/#6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0
									Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4	

* Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.

** Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National ELectrical Code.

# EXPLANATION OF ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTIVE CODE

Schematic Type	ELEC SERV TY $x \times x $
Disconnect Amp Rating O00 indicates main lug only/ Typically Type T (SS) = Safety Switch Ahead of Meter-Check with Utility (NS) = No safety Switch Ahead of Meter-Check with Utility Enclosure Type GS= Galvanized steel ("off the shelf") SS= Stainless steel (Custom Enclosure) See MPL AL = Aluminum (Custom Enclosure) See MPL Photocell Mounting Location (E) = Inside Service/Enclosure Mounted (T) = Top of pole (L) = Luminaire mounted (N) = None/No Photocell or Lighting Contactor Required Service Support Type GC= Granite concrete OC= Other concrete DT= Pole by others or paid for separately EX= Existing pole TS= Service on traffic signal pole PS= Pedestal Service O = Overhead Service Feed from Utility U= Underground Service Feed	Schematic Type
000 indicates main lug only/ Typically Type T (SS) = Safety Switch Ahead of Meter-Check with Utility (NS) = No safety Switch Ahead of Meter-Check with Utility Enclosure Type GS= Galvanized steel("off the shelf") SS= Stainless steel(Custom Enclosure)See MPL AL = Aluminum (Custom Enclosure)See MPL Photocell Mounting Location (E) = Inside Service/Enclosure Mounted (T) = Top of pole (L) = Luminaire mounted (N) = None/No Photocell or Lighting Contactor Required Service Support Type GC= Granite concrete OC= Other concrete OT= Pole by others or poid for separately EX= Existing pole TS= Steel frame OT= Pole by others or poid for separately EX= Existing pole TS= Service on traffic signal pole PS= Pedestal Service Feed from Utility U= Underground Service Feed	Service Voltage V / V
Meter-Check with Utility (NS) = No sofety Switch Ahead of Meter-Check with Utility Enclosure Type GS= Galvanized steel ("off the shelf") SS= Stainless steel (Custom Enclosure) See MPL AL= Aluminum (Custom Enclosure) See MPL Photocell Mounting Location (E) = Inside Service/Enclosure Mounted (1) = Top of pole (L) = Luminaire mounted (N) = None/No Photocell or Lighting Contactor Required Service Support Type GC= Granite concrete TP= Timber pole SF= Steel pole SF= Steel pole SF= Steel frame OT= Pole by others or paid for separately EX= Existing pole TS= Service on traffic signal pole PS= Pedestal Service Feed from Utility U= Underground Service Feed	000 indicates main lug only/
GS= Galvanized steel("off the shelf") SS= Stainless steel(Custom Enclosure)See MPL AL= Aluminum (Custom Enclosure)See MPL Photocell Mounting Location (E)= Inside Service/Enclosure Mounted (T)= Top of pole (L)= Luminaire mounted (N)= None/No Photocell or Lighting Contactor Required Service Support Type GC= Granite concrete OC= Other concrete TP= Timber pole SF= Steel pole SF= Steel frame OT= Pole by others or paid for separately EX= Existing pole TS= Service on traffic signal pole PS= Pedestal Service O= Overhead Service Feed from Utility U= Underground Service Feed	Meter-Check with Utility (NS)= No safety Switch Ahead of
<pre>(E) = Inside Service/Enclosure Mounted (T) = Top of pole (L) = Luminaire mounted (N) = None/No Photocell or Lighting Contactor Required Service Support Type GC= Granite concrete OC= Other concrete TP= Timber pole SP= Steel pole SF= Steel pole SF= Steel frame OT= Pole by others or poid for separately EX= Existing pole TS= Service on traffic signal pole PS= Pedestal Service O= Overhead Service Feed from Utility U= Underground Service Feed</pre>	GS= Galvanized steel("off the shelf") SS= Stainless steel(Custom Enclosure)See MPL
GC= Granite concrete OC= Other concrete TP= Timber pole SP= Steel pole SF= Steel frame OT= Pole by others or paid for separately EX= Existing pole TS= Service on traffic signal pole PS= Pedestal Service O= Overhead Service Feed from Utility U= Underground Service Feed	(E) = Inside Service/Enclosure Mounted (T) = Top of pole (L) = Luminaire mounted (N) = None/No Photocell or
from Utility U= Underground Service Feed	GC= Granite concrete OC= Other concrete TP= Timber pole SP= Steel pole SF= Steel frame OT= Pole by others or paid for separately EX= Existing pole TS= Service on traffic signal pole
	from Utility U= Underground Service Feed

N 02 34:

~

ì

È.e

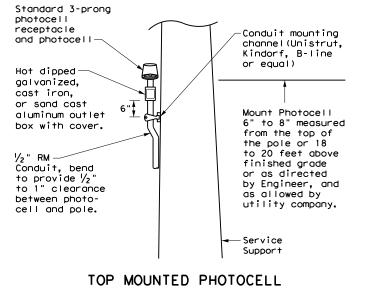
# MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

Field drill flange-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions.

2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA. verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

# PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

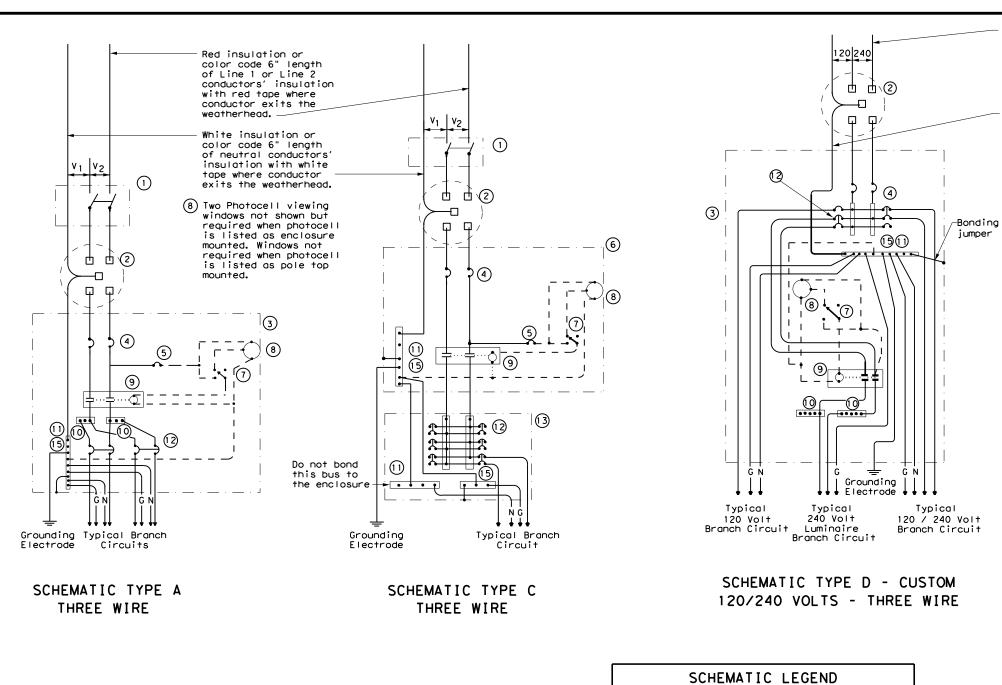
1. Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.



Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.

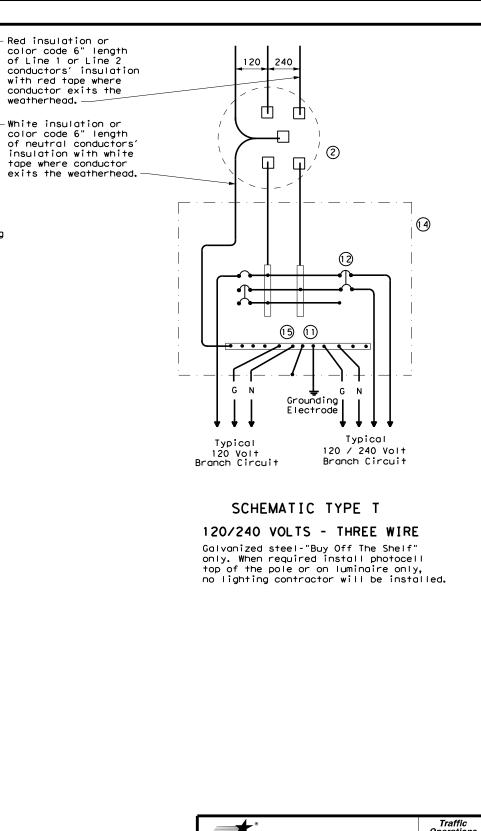
Texas Departme	ent of Trans	portation	Oper Div	affic rations vision ndard					
ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE NOTES & DATA									
	NOTE D(5)		DAI	<b>A</b>					
			_	CK: TXDOT					
E	D(5)	-14	TxDOT						
FILE: ed5-14.dgn	ED (5)	-14   CK: TXDOT DW: T JOB	Т×DOT	ск: TxDOT					
FILE: ed5-14.dgn © TxDOT October 2014	DICSI DN: TXDOT CONT SEC	-14   CK: TXDOT DW: T JOB	TxDOT HI US	ck: TxDOT ghway					



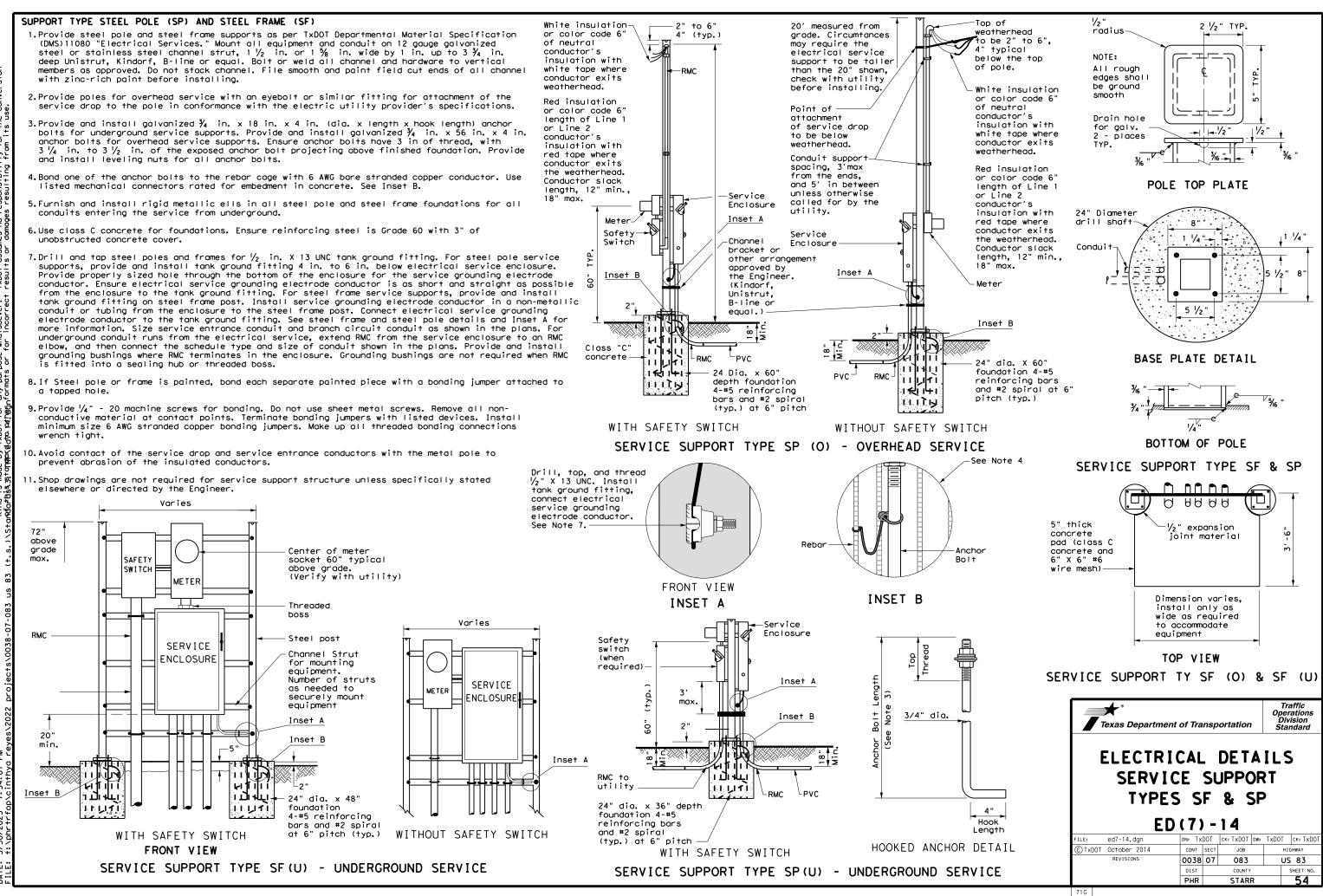


	WIRING LEGEND
	Power Wiring
	Control Wiring
<u> </u>	Neutral Conductor
— c —	Equipment grounding conductor-always required

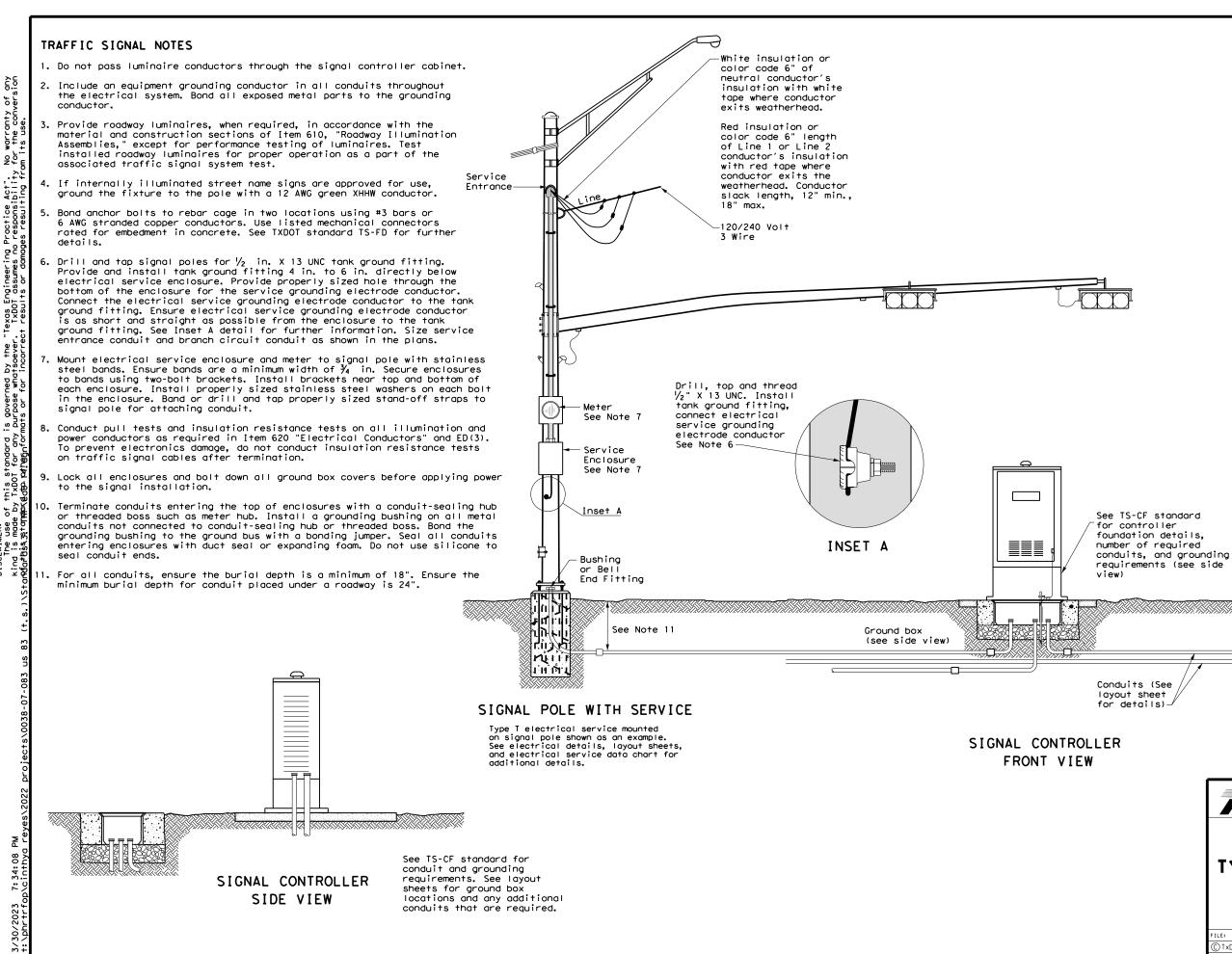
	SCHEMATIC LEGEND
1	Safety Switch (when required)
2	Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider)
3	Service Assembly Enclosure
4	Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
5	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit)
6	Auxiliary Enclosure
7	Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)
8	Photo Electric Control (enclosure- mounted shown)
9	Lighting Contactor
10	Power Distribution Terminal Blocks
11	Neutral Bus
12	Branch Circuit Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
13	Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard
14	Load Center
15	Ground Bus



Texas Departmen	t of Tra	nsp	ortation	1	perations Division Standard				
ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES ED(6)-14									
FILE: ed6-14, dan		TOC		w: TxDC	T CK: TXDOT				
(C) TxDOT October 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB	////	HIGHWAY				
REVISIONS	0038	07	083		US 83				
	DIST	01	COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
	PHR		STARR		53				
71F									



7:34:07



ö

DATE:

nduits (See rout sheet r details)-	See TS-FD standard sheet for foundation and conduit details		
R		SIGNAL	POLE
	4		Traffic
	Texas Department of Trans		perations Division Standard
		DETAIL IC SIC TAILS	berations Division Standard
	Texas Department of Trans	DETAIL IC SIC TAILS 14	Division Division Itandard S SNAL
	Texas Department of Trans	DETAIL IC SIC TAILS 14	Division Division Itandard
	Texas Department of Trans	DETAIL IC SIC TAILS 14	Division Division Itandard S SNAL

See Layout

sheets for

type

Ground

box

signal pole



# TIMBER POLE (TP) SERVICE SUPPORT NOTES

- 1. Ensure electrical service support is a class 5 treated timber pole as per Item 627 "Treated Timber Poles." Embed timber pole to depth required in Item 627.
- 2. Conduit and electrical conductors attached to the electrical service pole and underground within 12 in. of service pole are not paid for directly but are subsidiary to the electrial service.
- 3. Install pole-top mounted photocell (T) on north side of pole, or in service enclosure (E) as required. See Electrical Service Data chart in plan set.
- 4. Gain pole as required to provide flat surface for each channel. Gain timber pole to  $\frac{1}{20}$  in. max. depth and 1  $\frac{1}{20}$  in. max. height. Gain pole in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- 5. Mount meter and service equipment on stainless steel or galvanized channel (Unistrut, Kindorf, or equal). Provide channel sized 1 in. to  $3\frac{3}{4}$ in. maximum depth, and  $1^{\prime}\!/_2$  in. to  $1^{5}\!/_8$  in. maximum width. File smooth the cut ends of galvanized channel and paint with zinc rich paint before installing on pole. Secure each channel section to timber pole with two galvanized or SS lag bolts,  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. minimum diameter by  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. minimum length. Use a galvanized or SS flat washer on each lag bolt. Do not stack channel.
- 6. When excess length must be trimmed from poles, trim from the top end only.
- (1) Class 5 pole, height as required
- (2) Service drop from utility company (attached below weatherhead)
- (3) Service conduit (RMC) and service entrance conductors - One Red, One Black, One White (See Electrical Service Data)
- (4) Safety switch (when required)
- (5) Meter (when required)
- (6) Service enclosure
- (7) 6 AWG bare grounding electrode conductor in  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. PVC to ground rod - extend  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. PVC 6 in, underground,
- (8) 5% in. x 8 ft. Copper clad ground rod - drive ground rod to a depth of 2 in. to 4 in. below grade.
- (9) RMC same size as branch circuit conduit.
- (10) See pole-top mounted photocell detail on ED(5).
- (1) When required by the serving utility provide bare 6 AWG copper conductor. Run wire from pole top to butt wrap or copper butt plate. Protect conductor with non-conductive material to a height of 8 ft. above finished grade.
- (12) When required by utility, cut top of pole at an angle to enhance rain run off.

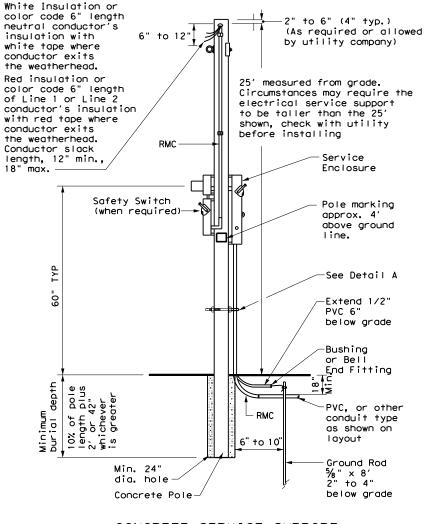
# (2) (1)2" to 6" 4" typ. Point of attachment 2 to be below weatherhead 10 (1)Pole brand must be 5' or less above arade 6 -(5) 5-30 Bushing or Bell End (7)Fitting $(\mathfrak{P})$ typ. 6" to 10' Couple to typical Circuit Conduit Upper end of ground rod to be 2" to 4" below finished grade

SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE TP (0)

# GRANITE CONCRETE (GC) & OTHER CONCRETE (OC) NOTES

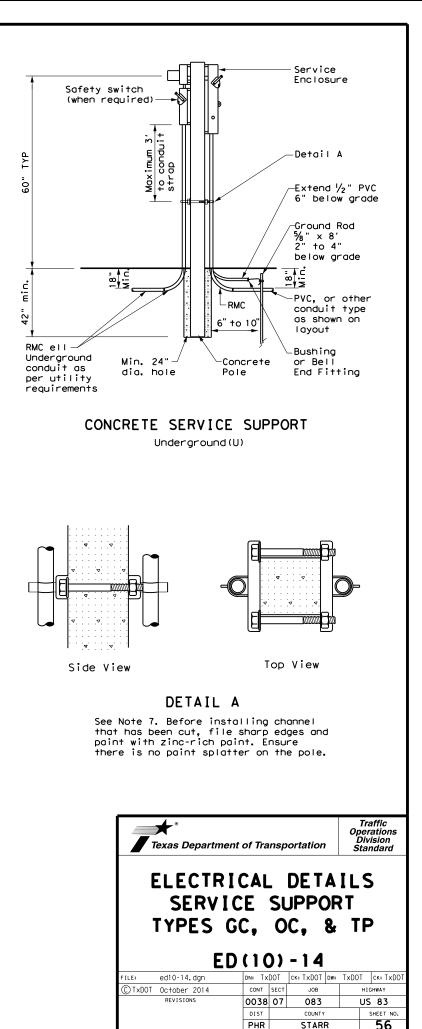
Ensure electrical service support structures bid as type Granite Concrete (GC) or Other Concrete (OC) meet the following requirements.

- 1. Provide GC and OC poles that meet the requirements of DMS 11080 'Electrical Services.
- 2. Provide prestressed concrete poles suitable for direct embedment into the ground without special foundations.
- 3. Verify poles are marked as required on DMS 11080. Location of marking should be approximately 4' above final grade. Use the two-point pickup locations when handling pole in horizontal position, and one-point pickup location for use in raising the pole to a vertical position. These marks are small but conspicuous.
- 4. Embed poles 42 in. or 10% of the length plus 2 ft., whichever is greater.
- 5. Ensure all installation details of services are in accordance with utility company specifications.
- 6. Install a one point rack or eye bolt bracket 6 inches to 12 inches below the weatherhead as an overhead service drop anchoring point for the electric utility.
- 7. Furnish and install galvanized or stainless steel channel strut 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. or 1 % in. wide by 1 in. up to 3 ¼ in. deep (Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal). Attach channel strut with stainless steel concrete anchors (max. 1" depth), square U-bolts or back to back channel strut with long bolts, or other secure mounting as approved by the Engineer. Ensure bolts are galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153. Do not stack channel struts.
- 8. Backfill the holes thoroughly by tamping in 6 in. lifts. After tamping to grade, place additional backfill material in a 6 inch high cone around the pole to allow for settling. Use material equal in composition and density to the surrounding area. Backfilling will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to various bid items.

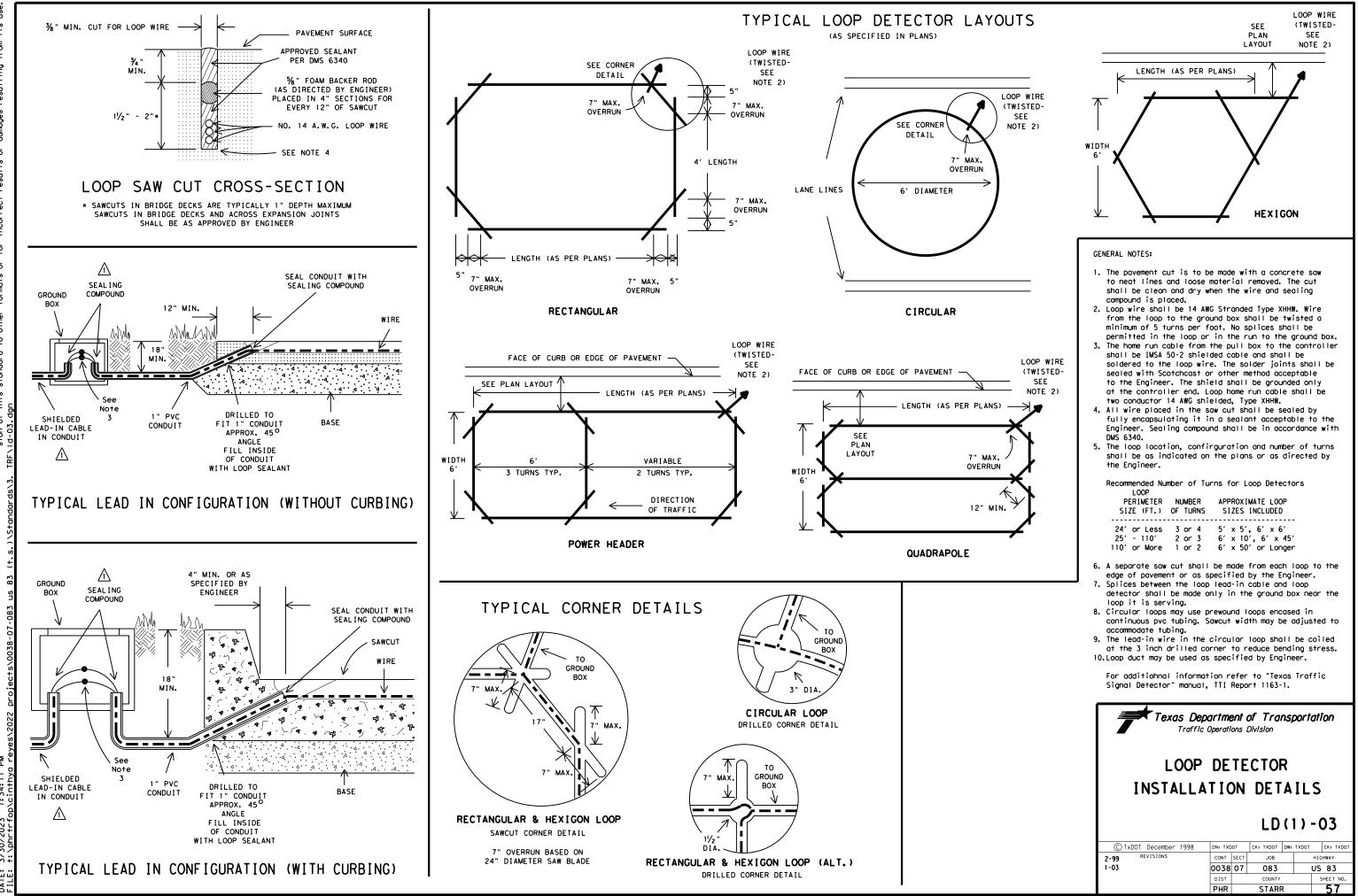


# CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Overhead(0)



71K

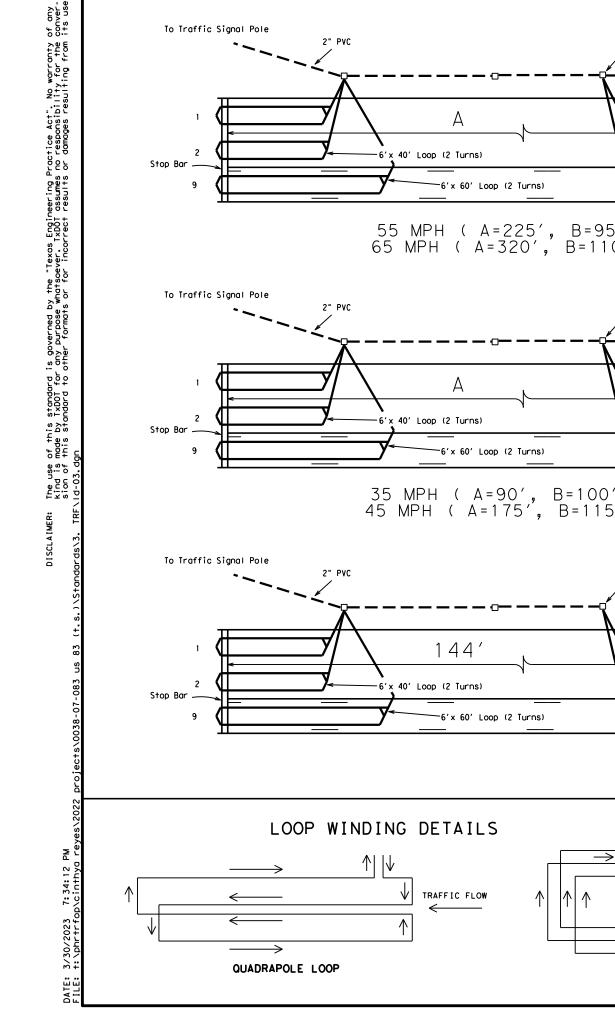


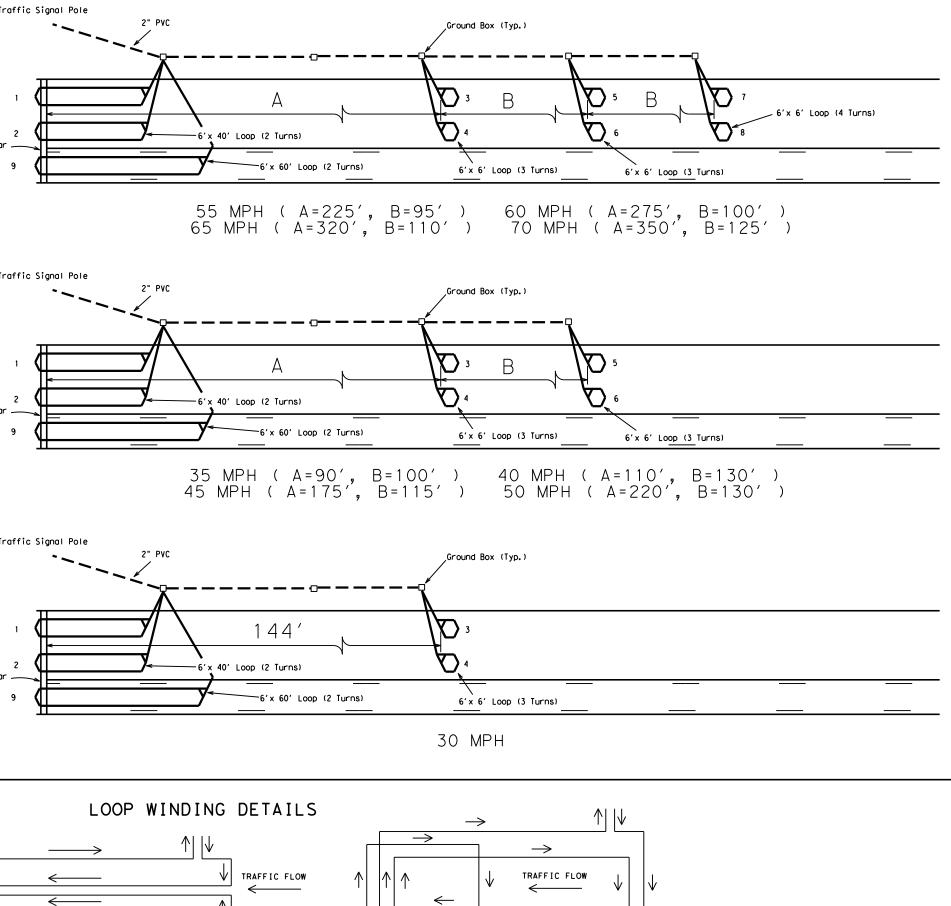
of any conver-its use is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty any purpose whatsoever. TxDD1 assumes no responsibility for the other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from of this standard is made by TxDOT for a this standard to o The use kind is sion of DISCL

P 7:34:11 DATE:

PERIMETER	NUMBER	APPROXIMATE LOOP
SIZE (FT.)	OF TURNS	SIZES INCLUDED
24' or Less	3 or 4	5' × 5', 6' × 6'
25' - 110'	2 or 3	6' × 10', 6' × 45'
110' or More	1 or 2	6' × 50' or Longer

			LD	( )	)-	03
CTxDOT December 1998	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
2-99 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
1-03	0038	07	083		U	S 83
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PHR		STARF	2		57





 $\leftarrow$ 

POWER HEADER LOOP

### GENERAL NOTES:

Loops 1 and 2 shall be connected to the controller cabinet by means of the same loop lead-in (2/C #14 AWG).

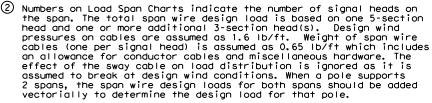
Loops 3 thru 6 shall be connected to the controller cabinet by means of the same loop lead-in (2/C #14 AWG).

Loops 7 and 8 shall be connected to the controller cabinet by means of the same loop lead-in (2/C #14 AWG).

Loop 9 shall be connected to the controller cabinet by means of a loop lead-in (2/C #14 AWG). Loop 9 shall be placed only when a left turn lane exists.

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division								
LOOP	DE	TE		R				
PLACEM	IFNT	Π	FΤΔ	īι	ς			
		U			5			
FLACEM		U	_		<u>?</u> ) -	03		
C TxDOT January 2003	DN: TXD		_	(2	-	03 CK: TXDOT		
	DN: TXD		LD	(2	<b>2) -</b>			
©TxDOT January 2003	DN: TXD	OT SECT	LD	(2	<b>2) -</b> TxDot	CK: TXDOT		
©TxDOT January 2003	DN: TXD CONT	OT SECT	LD CK: TXDOT JOB	(2	<b>2) -</b> TxDot	CK: TXDOT		
©TxDOT January 2003	DN: TXD CONT 0038	OT SECT	LD ск: тхрот јов 083	( 2	<b>2) -</b> TxDot	CK: TXDOT IGHWAY S 83		

	STRA	IN P	OLE	DES		TI	ON
26′	Pole						
30'	Pole						
30'	Pole	with	Lum,				
30'	Pole	with	20'	Mast	Arm		
30'	Pole	with	24'	Mast	Arm		
30′	Pole	with	28′	Mast	Arm		
30'	Pole	with	32'	Mast	Arm		
30'	Pole	with	36′	Mast	Arm		
30'	Pole	with	20'	Mast	Arm	& L	.um.
30'	Pole	with	24'	Mast	Arm	& L	.um.
30'	Pole	with	28'	Mast	Arm	& L	.um.
30'	Pole	with	321	Mast	Arm	& L	.um.
30'	Pole	with	36′	Mast	Arm	& L	.um.
34′	Pole						
34′	Pole	with	Lum,	,			
	Number the sp head c pressu cables an all effect assume 2 spar vector	oan. 1 and or ures c ovance owance of t ed to as, th	The the or on co per ce fo the s brec ine sp	otal more bles sign or cor sway c sway c ak at	span a add are nal h nduct cable desi ire d	wi iti ass eac or or gn esi	re o onal sumeo j) is cabl n loo wind gn l
	-	5	Span	(Se	e Lo	ad	Spo



Maximum

Permissible

Span Wire

Load (Ibs.

4900

4300

4000

4400

4000

3600

3300

2900

4100

3800

3400

3000

2500

5200

4900

Found-

ation

Туре

36-A

36-A

36-A

36-B

Pole

Туре

Α

В

в

С

С

С

С

С

С

С

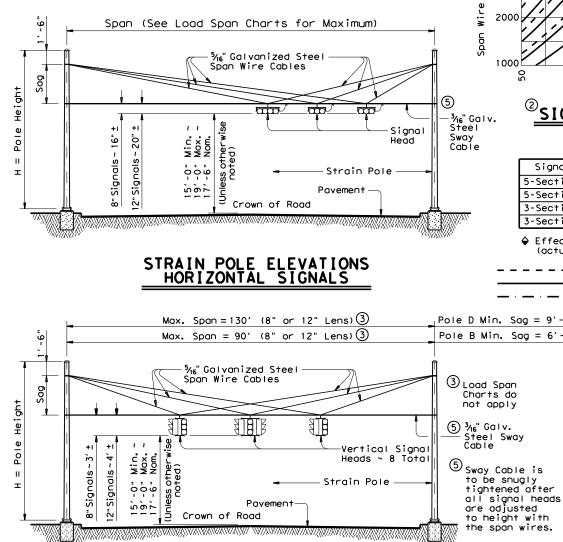
С

С

С

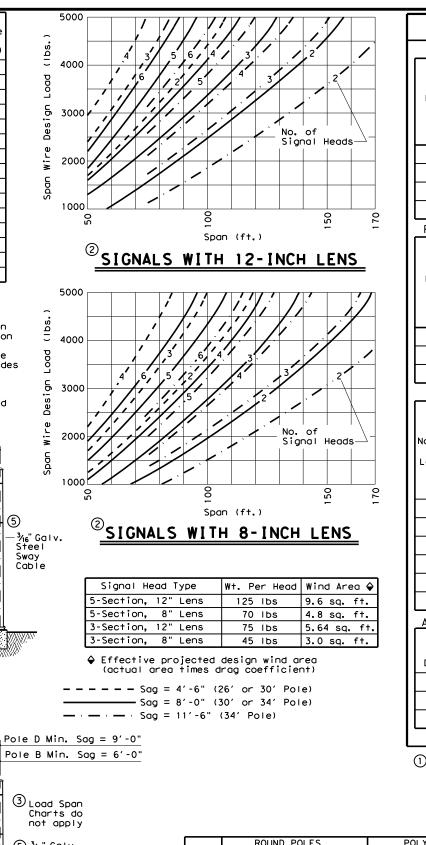
D

D



STRAIN POLE ELEVATIONS VERTICAL SIGNALS

(Mast arms are not used with vertical signals)



			s	,HIPPII	NG PARTS	S LIST						
Poles	s (Without T	raffi	c Signa	JI Arm)								
	Strain pole					Strair	Strain poles without Luminaire					
Ро1е Туре	Ship each p hardware at handhole at simplex and	ttached: base,	pole cap	-		hardwa handha	Ship each pole with the following hardware attached: handhole at base, pole cap and 1 pipe plug.					
	Descriptio	"n′	Design	nation	Quantity	Descript	tion	Designati	ion	Quantity		
А						26' Strain	ר Pole	SP 26 A-1	100			
В	30′ Strain Po	ole	SPL 30 8	B-100		30′ Strain	1 Pole	SP 30 B-1	100			
D	34′ Strain Pa	ole	SPL 34 (	D-100 2		34' Strain	ר Pole	SP 34 D-1	100	2		
Poles	(With Troff	ic si	gnal Ar	.m)				<u> </u>				
	Strain p	poles v	with Lumin	naire		Strair	n poles w	ithout Lumin	naire			
Роте Туре	boodbolo at baco polo og			5		hardw handh	Ship each pole with the hardware attached: handhole at base, pole 3 pipe plugs.			-		
	Description	n	Designo	ation Quantity		Descript	tion	Designati	ion	Quantity		
с	30' SPw/TS A	.rm	SPL 30	C-100		30' SPw/T	30' SPw/TS Arm		100			
Traff	fic Signal Arm	ns (Fa	or Type	<u>C pole</u>	<u>əs)</u>	<u> </u>						
	Type I Arm (	1 Sign	a1)	Тур	e I Arm (2	; Signals)	Туре	e 🎞 Arm (3	Sign	nals)		
Nominal Arm Length	Ship each Typ the following attached: 2 CGB Connect with bolts an	, hardwo ors, 1	vare clamp	the fo attach 1 Brac Connec		ardware (1) bly , 3 CGB 1 clamp	dware the fol (1) y, 3 CGB 2 Brack clamp Connect		ach Type III Arm with llowing hardware ed: 1) ket Assemblies, 4 CGB tors and 1 clamp olts and washers			
ft.	Designation	Qur	antity	Design	ation	Quantity	Design	nation	Q	uantity		
20	201-100	Ē	!									
24	24 I - 100	Ē	!	24 🔟	-100	!						
28	28 I - 100		!	28 🏾	-100							
32		<u> </u>		32 П	-100		32 🎞	[-100				
36		í		36 П	-100		36 🎞	[-100				
Anchor	- Bolt Assemb	lies	(1 per	pole)		Luminaire A	rms					
Anchor	r Anchor	Templa	ites may b ipment.		ſ	Nominal Arm Length Quantity				tity		
Bolt Diamete		Quantity			)	8' Arm	8' Arm					
1 3⁄4"	3' - 10"								·			
2"	4' - 3"				op and Bot flat wash	r Bolt Assembly ttom templates, ners, and 4 nut er Standard Dra	, 4 anchor t anchor d	- bolts, 8 r devices	nuts,	ng:		

		ROUND	POLES		F	OLYGON	]		
Pole Type	DB	DŢ	(4)thk	Н	DB	DT	(4)†hk	Н	
.,pc	in.	in.	in.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	ft.	(4) Thickness sho
Α	12.5	8.9	.239	26	13.0	9.0	.239	26	are minimum,
В	13.5	9.3	.239	30	14.0	9.0	.239	30	thicker mat may be used
С	15.5	11.3	.239	30	16.0	11.0	.239	30	
D	15.5	10.7	.239	34	16.0	11.0	.239	34	
D _B = P	D _B = Pole Base O.D. D _T = Pole Top O.D. H = Pole Height								ght

Ę

7:34:13

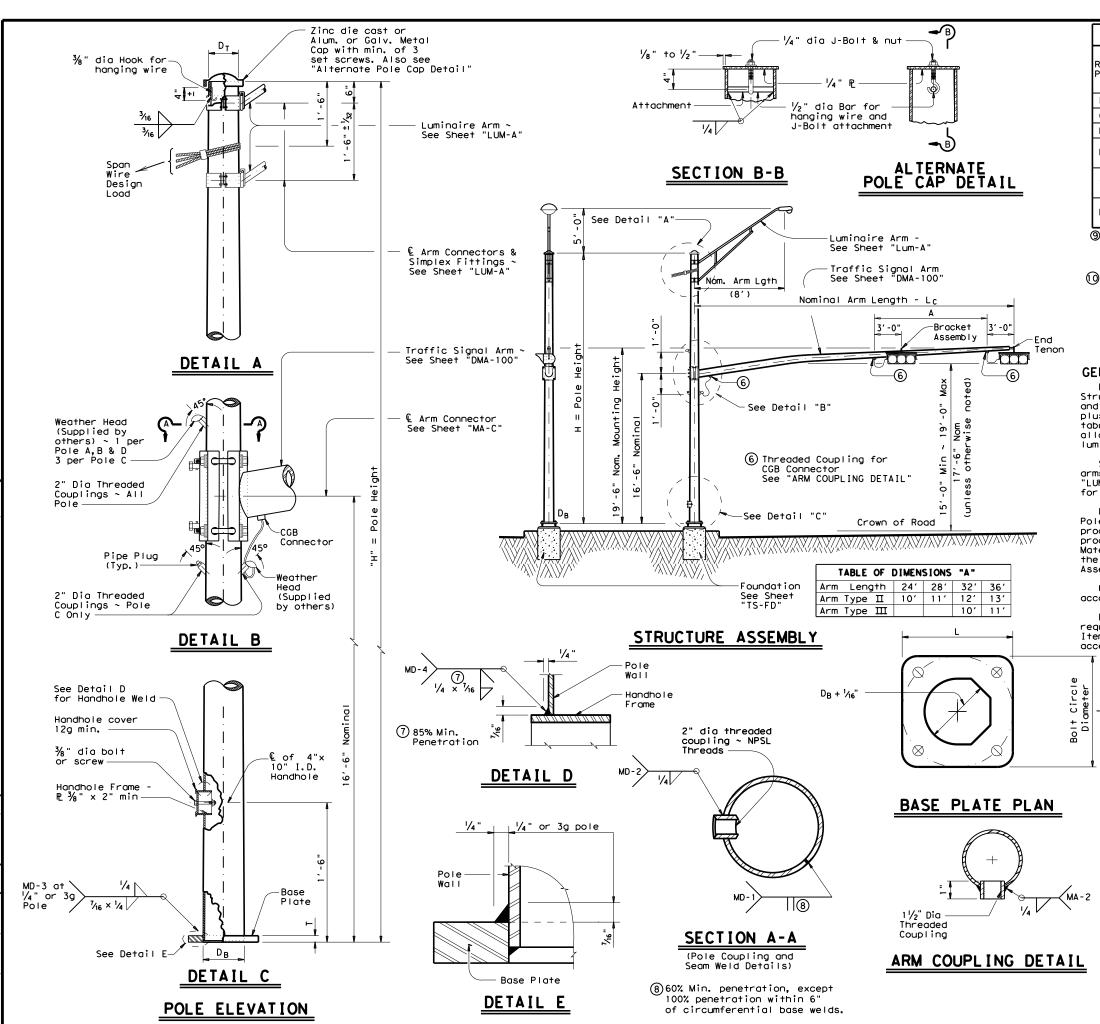
3/30/2023

DATE:

SHEET 1 OF 2 Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES ess shown STRAIN POLE ASSEMBLIES materials (100 MPH WIND ZONE) SP-100(1)-12 CK: JSY DW: BR CK: JSY © TxDOT March 1996 DN: MS REVISIONS CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 6-96 1-12 0038 07 083 US 83 SHEET N PHR STARR 59

121A





	MATERIALS						
ound Shafts or olygonal Shafts⑨	ASTM A595 Gr.A, A588, A1008 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A1011 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A572 Gr.50 or A1011 SS Gr.50 ())						
Plates (9)	ASTM A36, A588, or A572 Gr.50						
Connection Bolts	ASTM A325 except where noted						
Pin Bolts	ASTM A325						
Pipe)	ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50, A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50						
Steel Cable	ASTM A475, 7 Wire Utilities Grade						
Misc. Hardware	Galvonized steel or stainless steel or as noted						

Ø ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS, A1011 HSLAS, A1008 HSLAS-F, A1011 HSLAS-F, or A1011 SS may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.

() ASTM A1011 SS Gr.50 shall also have a minimum elongation of 18 percent in 8 inches or 23 percent in 2 inches. Material thickness in excess of those stipulated under A1011 SS will be acceptable providing the material meets all other A1011 SS requirements and the requirements of this item.

# GENERAL NOTES

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 100 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. The maximum permissible span wire design loads tabulated are calculated at a stress load of 1.4 times the basic allowable stress. A simultaneous wind on the pole, mast arm, and luminaire is also included.

See standard sheet "DMA-100" for details of clamp-on traffic signal arms, sheet "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, sheet "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, and sheet "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details.

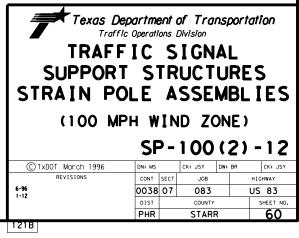
Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

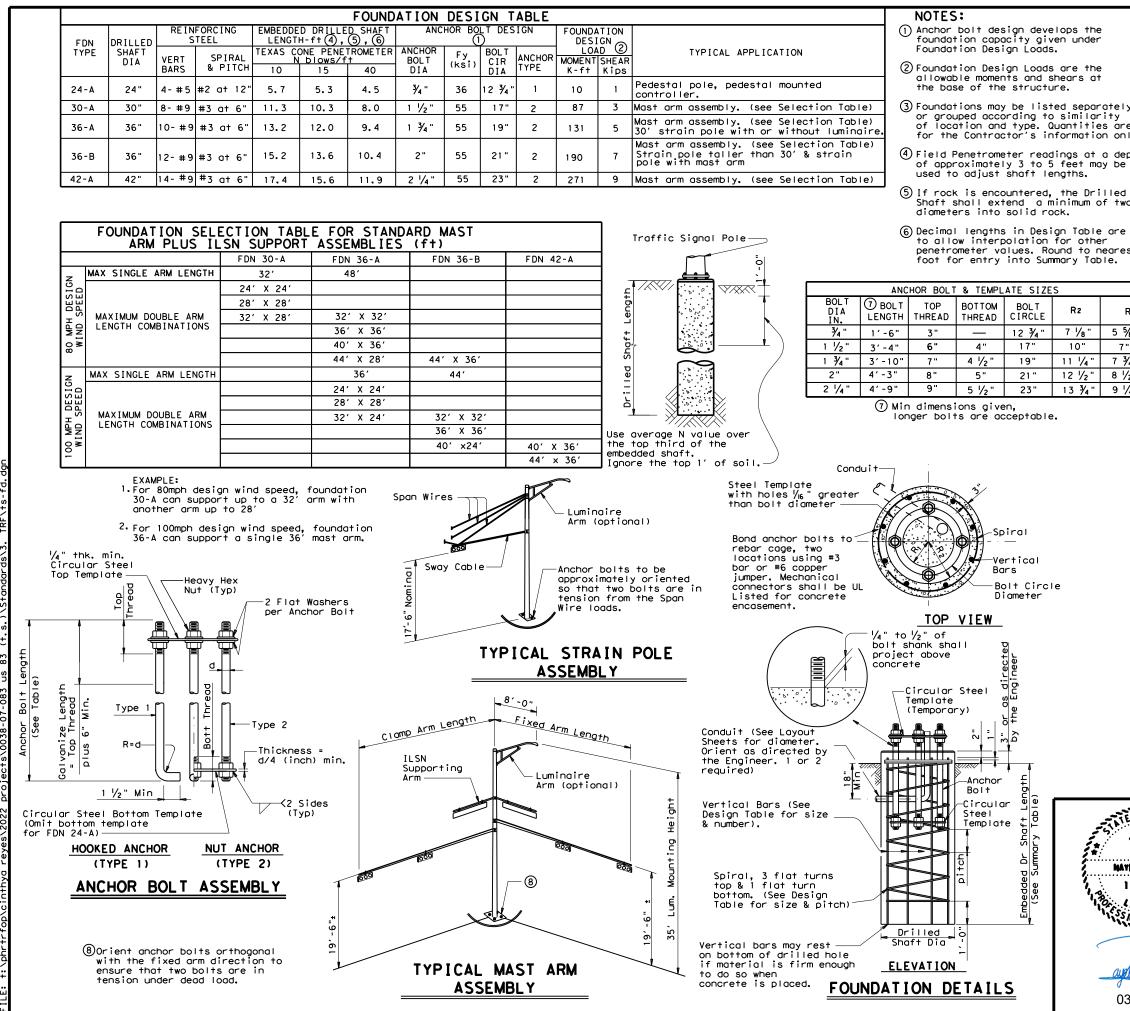
Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Foundation Type	ј вогт	Bolt Hole Diameter	Bolt Circle Diameter	Base R Dim. L × T
36-A	1 3⁄4"	2"	19"	19" x 1 ¾"
36-B	2"	2 1⁄4 "	21 "	21" × 2"

SHEET 2 OF 2





DATE: 3/30/2023 7:34:15 FILE: t:\phrtrfop\cinthya

М

FOUNDATION SUMMARY TABLE 3								
LOCATION IDENTIFICATION	AVG. N BLOW	FDN	NO.	DRILLED SHAFT L (FEET)			LENGTH	6
IDENTIFICATION	/f+.	TYPE	ΕA	24-A	30-A	36-A	36-B	42-
US 83 O SUNTEX RD/ MIDWAY RD	10	36-B	4				60′	
TOTAL DRILLED S	SHAFT	LENGT	HS				60'	

### GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and interim revisions thereto.

Reinforcing steel shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel".

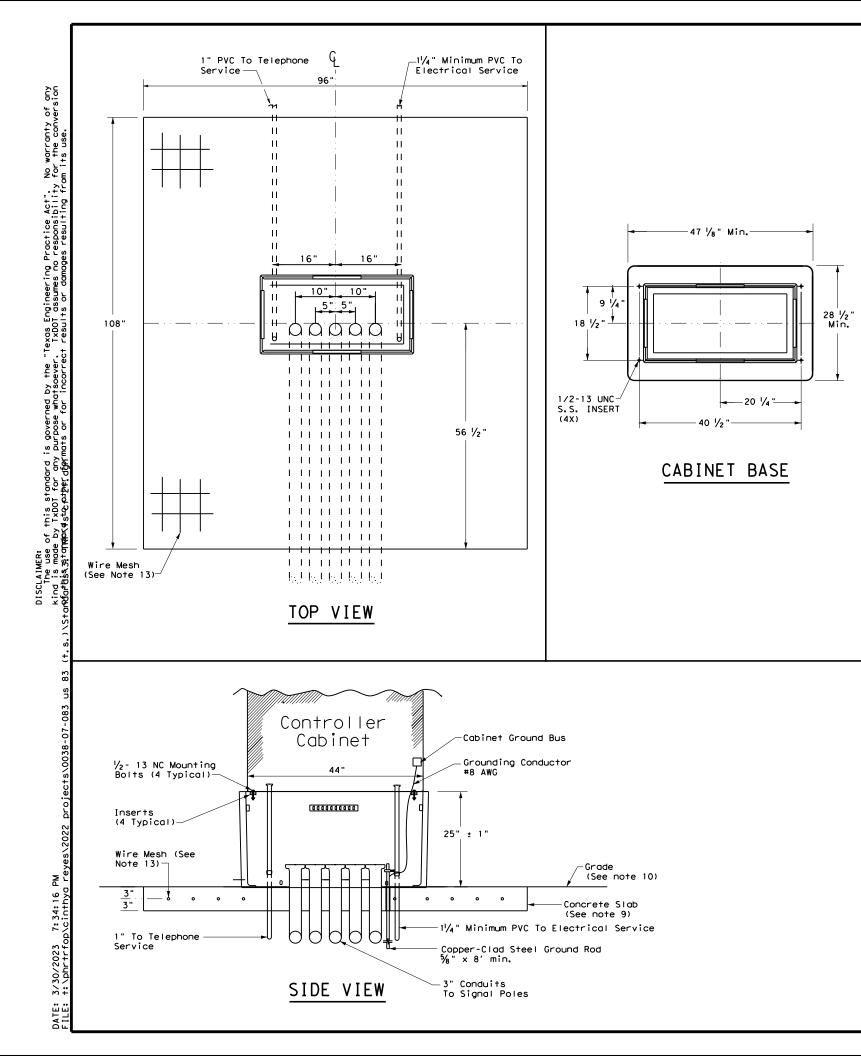
Concrete shall be Class "C".

Threads for anchor bolts and nuts shall be rolled or cut threads of 8UN series up to 2" in diameter or UNC series for all sizes. Bolts and nuts shall have Class 2A and 2B fit tolerances. Galvanized nuts shall be tapped after galvanizing.

Anchor bolts that are larger than 1" in diameter shall conform to "alloy steel" or "medium-strength mild steel" per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts". Anchor bolts that are 1" in diameter or less shall conform to ASTM A36. Galvanize a minimum of the top end thread length plus 6" for all anchor bolts unless otherwise noted. Exposed washers and exposed nuts shall be galvanized. All galvanizing shall be in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Templates and embedded nuts need not be galvanized. Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts when erecting the structure in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

	Texas Dep			<b>of Trans</b> ons Division		tion
NAYELY PARRA 140881	TRAFF POLE					
LICENSED NUT		rUU	INL	TS-F	-	12
	© TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY D	W: MAO/MM	F CK:JSY/TEB
and and	REVISIONS 5-96	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
	11-99 1-12	0038	07	083	l 1	JS 83
03.30.2023		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
00.00.2020		PHR		STARR		61



# TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROLLER BASE:

- Traffic Safety Division.
- 2. (psi), minimum flexural strength of 3600 psi, and minimum shear strength of 3600 psi.
- 3. The polymer concrete cabinet base must conform to the dimensions shown and must accommodate a standard TxDOT basemount cabinet.
- Provide the cabinet base with 4 cable racks mounted one on each side of the base 2" to 7 " from the top 1#2"-13 UNC stainless steel screws and inserts.
- The cabinet base, when secured to the concrete slab with controller cabinet attached, must withstand a 6.
- The traffic signal base must be permanently marked either by impress or by permanent ink with the manufacturer's model number and name or logo.
- 8. Seal the base to the concrete with a silicone caulk bead and fastened to the slab per manufacturer's instructions.

# CONCRETE SLAB:

- 9. Traffic signal controller pad must be a portland cement concrete slab poured in place, must conform to ne dimensions shown, and must be level.
- Grade earthwork such that it is flush with the concrete pad on all four sides, unless otherwise shown on the 10. contour to match plans.
- 11.
- 12. Install a PVC sleeve to prevent the ground rod from direct embedment in the slab.
- 13. Provide welded wire mesh 6X6-W2.9 X W2.9 for reinforcement. Provide joints and splices in the mesh with a
- 14. Provide Class B concrete minimum for the slab in accordance with Item 421. Construct the slab in accordance with Item 531.

# CONDUITS:

- 15. Terminate the conduits with a bushing between 2 and 4-inches above the slab. use.
- Extend conduits for future use at least 18-inches from the edge of the slab, terminate underground with a coupling, and cap and seal so that the seal can be removed without damaging the coupling. This must also apply to unused telephone conduit. 16.
- 17. Stub up two separate conduits through the slab from the electrical and telephone services. Run the conduit for the circumstance share a conduit with any other function.
- 18. substitute.

# CONTROLLER CABINET:

- 19. Anchor the controller cabinet to the base using four stainless steel 1/2-13 NC bolts.
- 20. The silicone caulk bead specified in Item 680.3.B must be RTV 133.

# PAYMENT:

21. Bid TS-CF as subsidiary to Item 680.

Provide a traffic signal controller base (cabinet base) manufactured of polymer concrete material consisting of calcareous and siliceous stone; glass fibers and thermoset polyester resin. The polymer concrete cabinet base must be reinforced on the inside of the cabinet base with fiberglass matting. Provide one of the following bases: Armorcast Part # A6001848X24, Quazite Model # PG3048Z709, or other as approved by TxDOT

The polymer concrete material must have a minimum compressive strength of 10,300 pounds per square inch

4. Supply the cabinet base with four 1#2"-13 UNC stainless steel inserts for attachment of the cabinet to the base. Inserts must withstand a minimum torque of 50 ft-1b and a minimum straight pull out strength of 750 lbs.

edge of the base. Unless approved otherwise, cable racks must be 1-1/2 x 9#16x 3#16inch steel channel with eight T-slots spaced at 1-1/2 inches. The cable racks must easily accommodate the insertion of tie wraps to attach field wiring to the racks to serve as strain relief. Secure cable racks to the base using

minimum wind load of 125 mph or a 850 lb force applied at 49" above the bottom of the base without causing the base or cabinet to come out of their anchored position or cause any permanent deformation. The monufacturer must supply certification by an independent testing laboratory or sealed by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Provide the cabinet base with hardware for attachment to a concrete slab.

plans. Subsidiary to ITEM 680, four inch rip rap may be used in lieu of earthwork. Slopes shall gradually

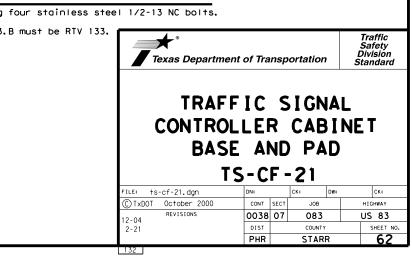
Bond a #8 AWG copper ground wire and an 8 ft ground rod bonded to the reinforcing mesh by a suitable UL Listed clamp and terminated to the cabinet grounding bus for the purpose of providing a local ground for the electrical grounding conductor. The electrical grounding conductor specified in Item 680-3.A.4 is required and must be terminated to the cabinet ground bus.

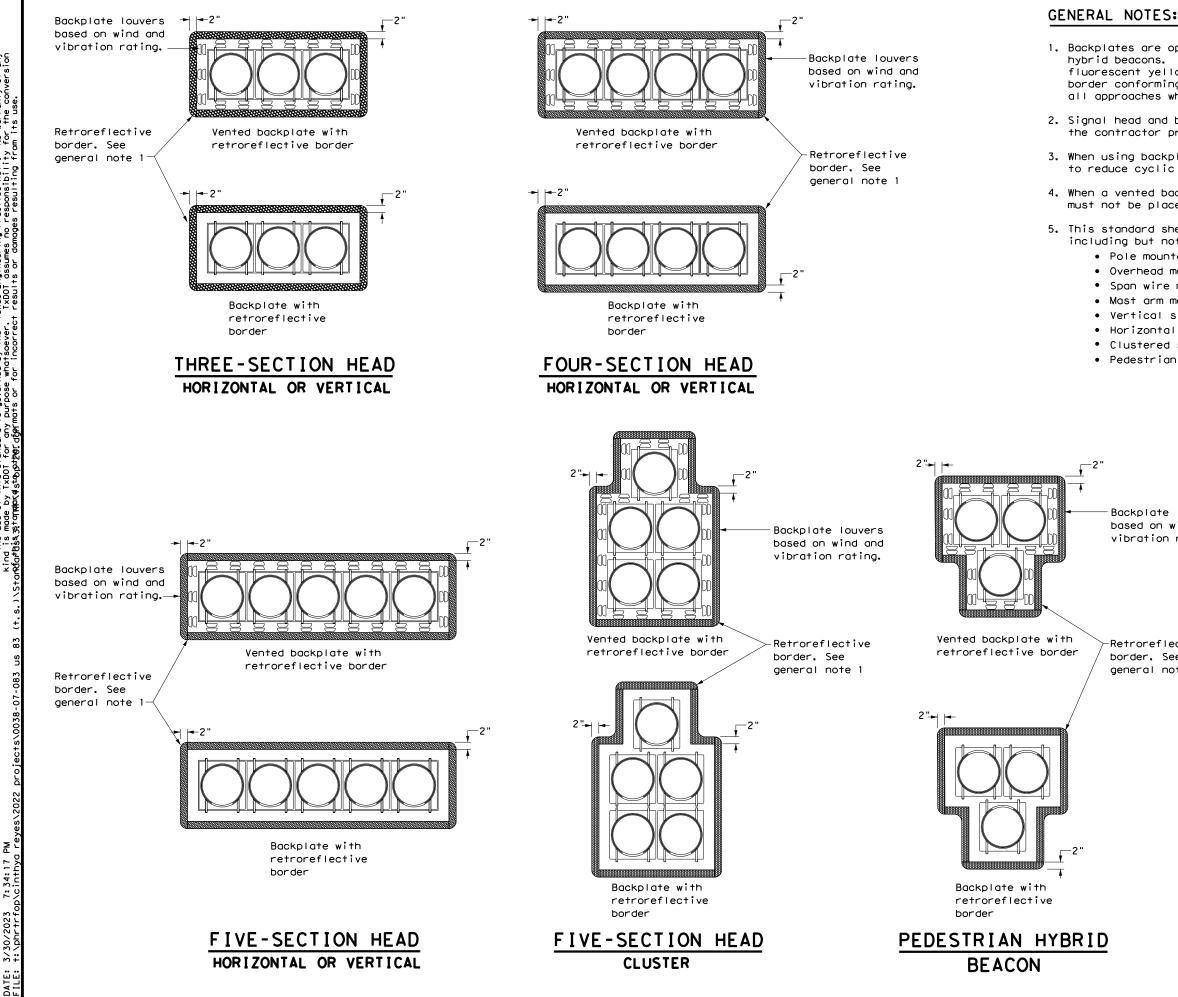
minimum 6-inch overlap. Center the mesh between top and bottom and provide a minimum 3 inch cover on the edges.

Stub up and run 3-inch conduits through the slab to the various traffic signal poles and ground boxes as shown on the layouts. Install the number of conduits as shown on layouts plus two additional 3 inch conduits for future

electrical feed directly to the electrical service enclosure. Run the conduit for the telephone line directly to the telephone service, usually located on the same pole as the electrical service. Telephone must not under any

Terminate electric and telephone conduits above the slab with a coupling. After the base is installed, extend the conduits above the top of the base and secure to the base using a steel one-hole strap or similar suitable

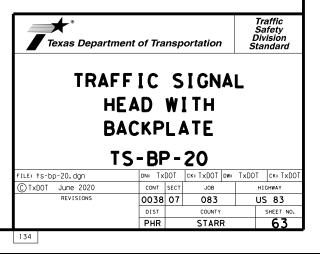


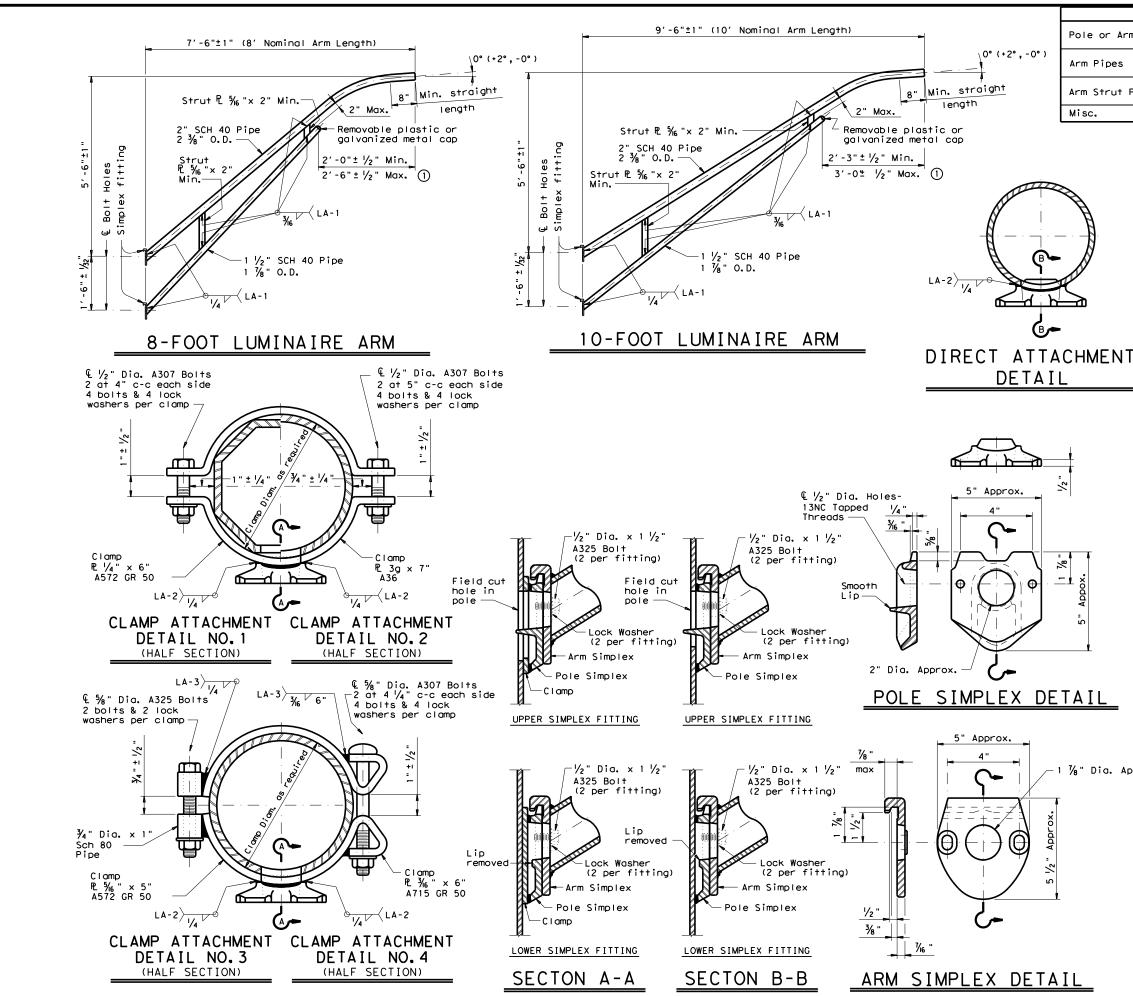


1. Backplates are optional for traffic signals and pedestrian hybrid beacons. When backplates are used, a 2-inch wide fluorescent yellow AASHTO Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} retroreflective border conforming to TxDOT DMS-8300 is required. Place on all approaches when used. 2. Signal head and backplate compatability must be verified by the contractor prior to installation. 3. When using backplates on signal heads, venting is preferred to reduce cyclic vibration stress. 4. When a vented backplate is used, the retroreflective border must not be placed over the louvers. 5. This standard sheet applies to all signal heads with backplates, including but not limited to: • Pole mounted • Overhead mounted Span wire mounted • Mast arm mounted • Vertical signal heads • Horizontal signal heads • Clustered signal heads • Pedestrian hybrid beacons

> Backplate louvers based on wind and vibration rating.

Retroreflective border. See general note 1





	MATERIALS
le or Arm Simplex	ASTM A27 Gr.65-35 or A148 Gr.80-50, A576 Gr.1021 ③, or A36 (Arm only)
m Pipes	ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50 ④, or A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50 ④
m Strut Plates②	ASTM A36, A572 Gr.50 ④, or A588
sc.	ASTM designations as noted

- (1) Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.
- (2) Any of the materials listed for plates may be used where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM designation.
- (3) A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.
- (4) ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals Arms are designed to support a 60 lb. luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of 1.6 sq. ft.

Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absense of specified Fabricaton tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

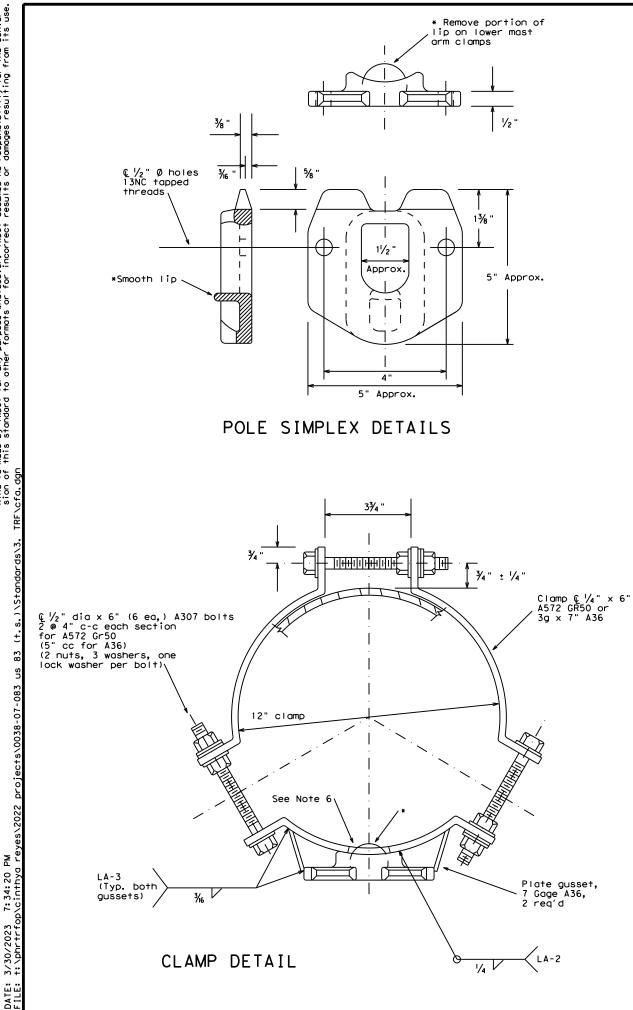
Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 bolts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans. When clamp attachment is specified, the Fabricator shall ship the clamp assembly securely attached to the pole at the location shown on the plans.

If clamp assemblies are ordered without poles, the Fabricator shall ship one upper and one lower clamp assembly together in a single package, including all nuts and washers required for the clamps and simplex fittings.

1 1/8" Dia. Approx.

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division STANDARD ASSEMBLY DRAWINGS FOR LUMINAIRE SUPPORT STRUCTURES ARM DETAILS LUM-A-12 CK: JSY DW: LTT © TxDOT August 1995 DN: LEH CK: TEB REVISION CONT SECT JOB 5-96 1-99 1-12 HIGHWAY 0038 07 083 US 83 SHEET PHR STARR 64 129

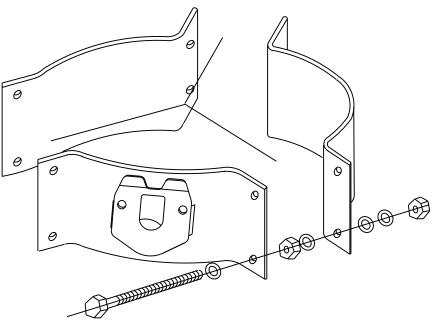
М



### OTHER MATERIALS:

# GENERAL NOTES:

- galvanizing process.



PROJECTION

1. Pole simplex shall be ASTM A27 GR65-35 or A148 GR80-50 or A576 GR1021. ASTM A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile of 65ksi, minimum yield of 35ksi, and a minimum elongation of 22 percent in 2 inches.

2, Welded tabs and backplates shall be ASTM A-36 steel or better.

3. Nylon insert locknuts shall conform to ASTM A563.

1. Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Standard Sheet "MA-C" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absence of specified fabrication tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

2. All parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". The throat of the Simplex shall be made free of all rough or sharp edges resulting from the

3. Each simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 bolts,  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. X  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. and 2 lock washers. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the clamp with the other hardware items. The Fabricator shall ship clamp assembly together in a single package, including all bolts, nuts, and washers required for the clamp and simplex fitting.

4. Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals" and interim revisions thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Clamps are designed to support a 60 lb. luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of 1.6 sq.ft.,12 ft. maximum arm length.

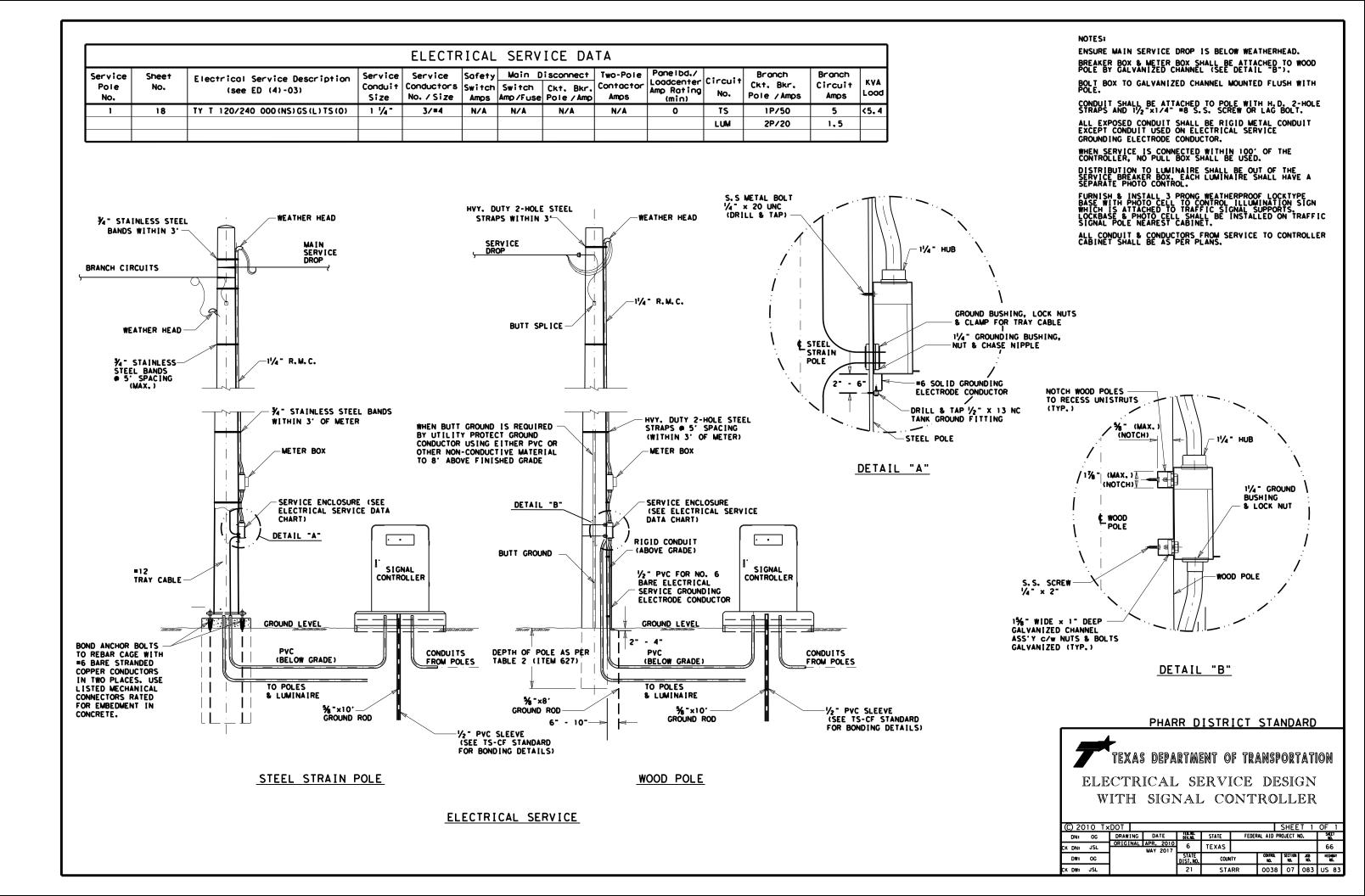
5. Each assembly shall consist of one upper piece simplex fitting having a smooth lip and one lower piece simplex fitting with the lip removed.

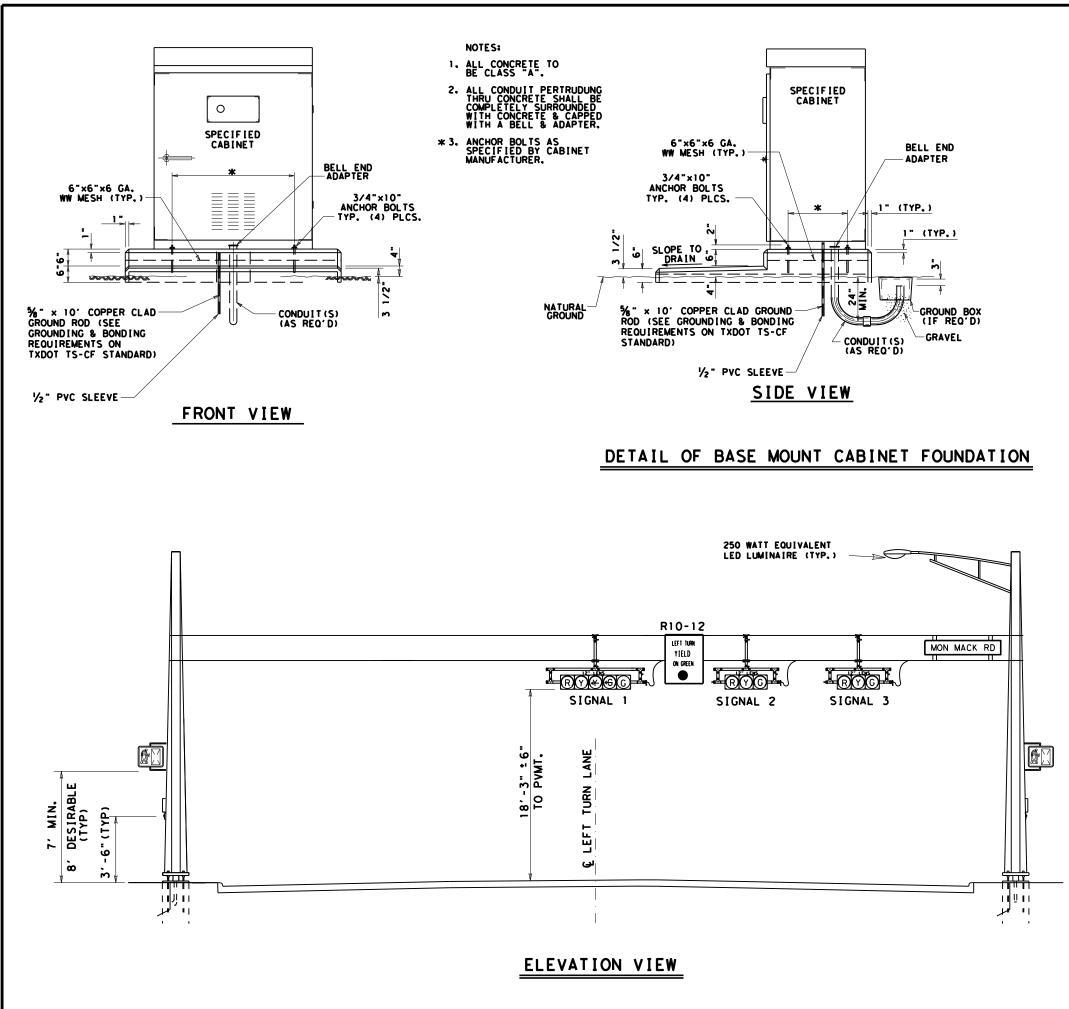
6. Approximately 2 in. diameter hole in upper mast arm clamp.

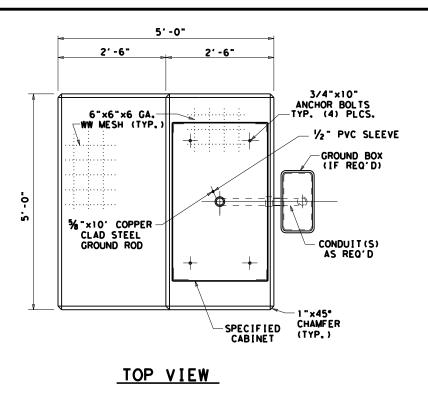


For 8.9 - 12 inch diameter Signal Poles (Two req'd for each mast arm)

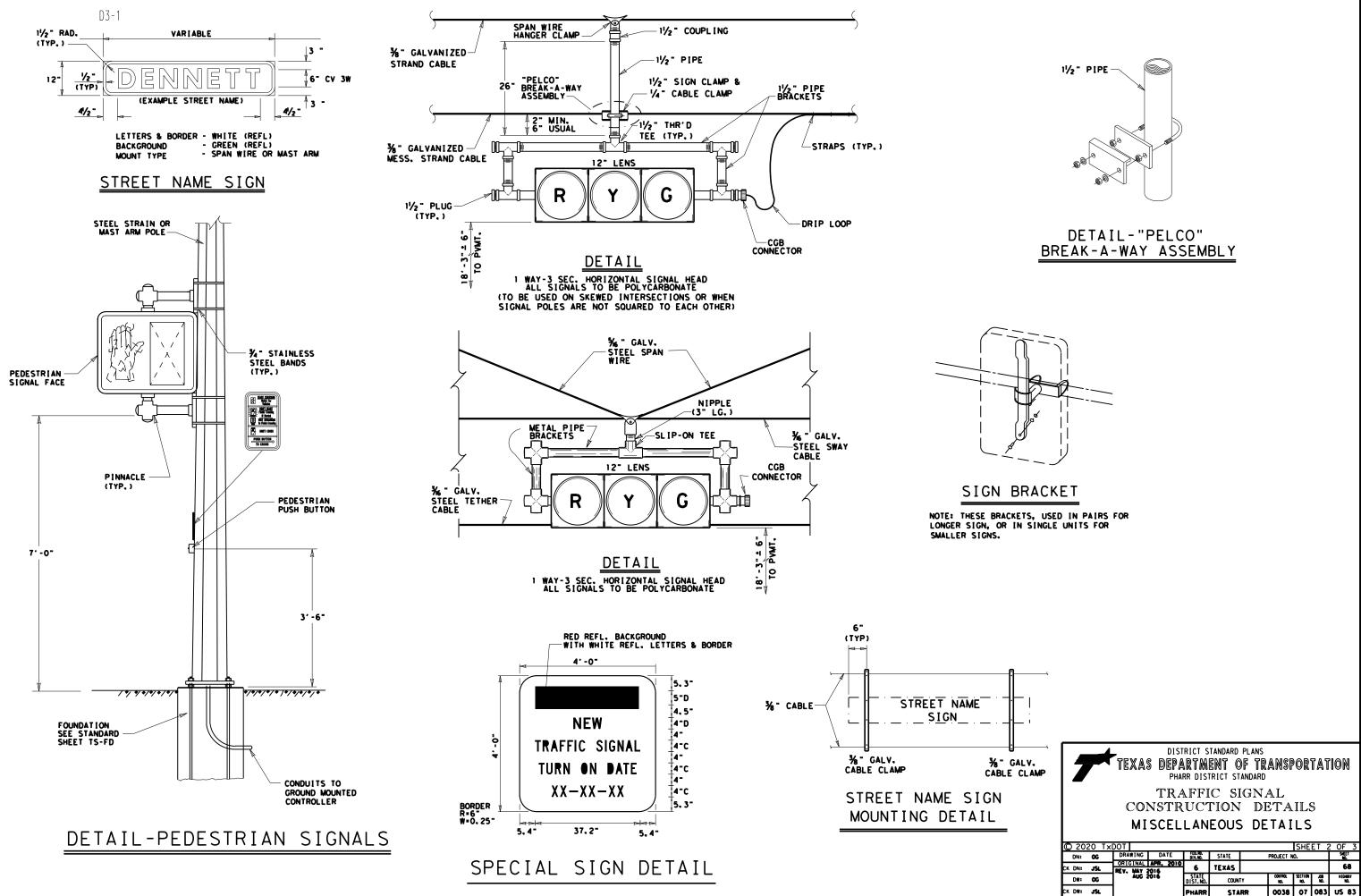
CLAMP ON FITTING ASSEMBLY LUMINAIRE MAST A CF CF CTXDOT DN: KAB CK: RES DW: REVISIONS CONT SECT JOB 11-99 COT DOT OR SECT JOB	Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division								
REVISIONS CONT SECT JOB									
11-99	FDN CK: CAL								
	HIGHWAY								
0038 07 085	US 83								
DIST COUNTY	SHEET NO.								
PHR STARR	65								

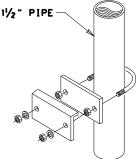


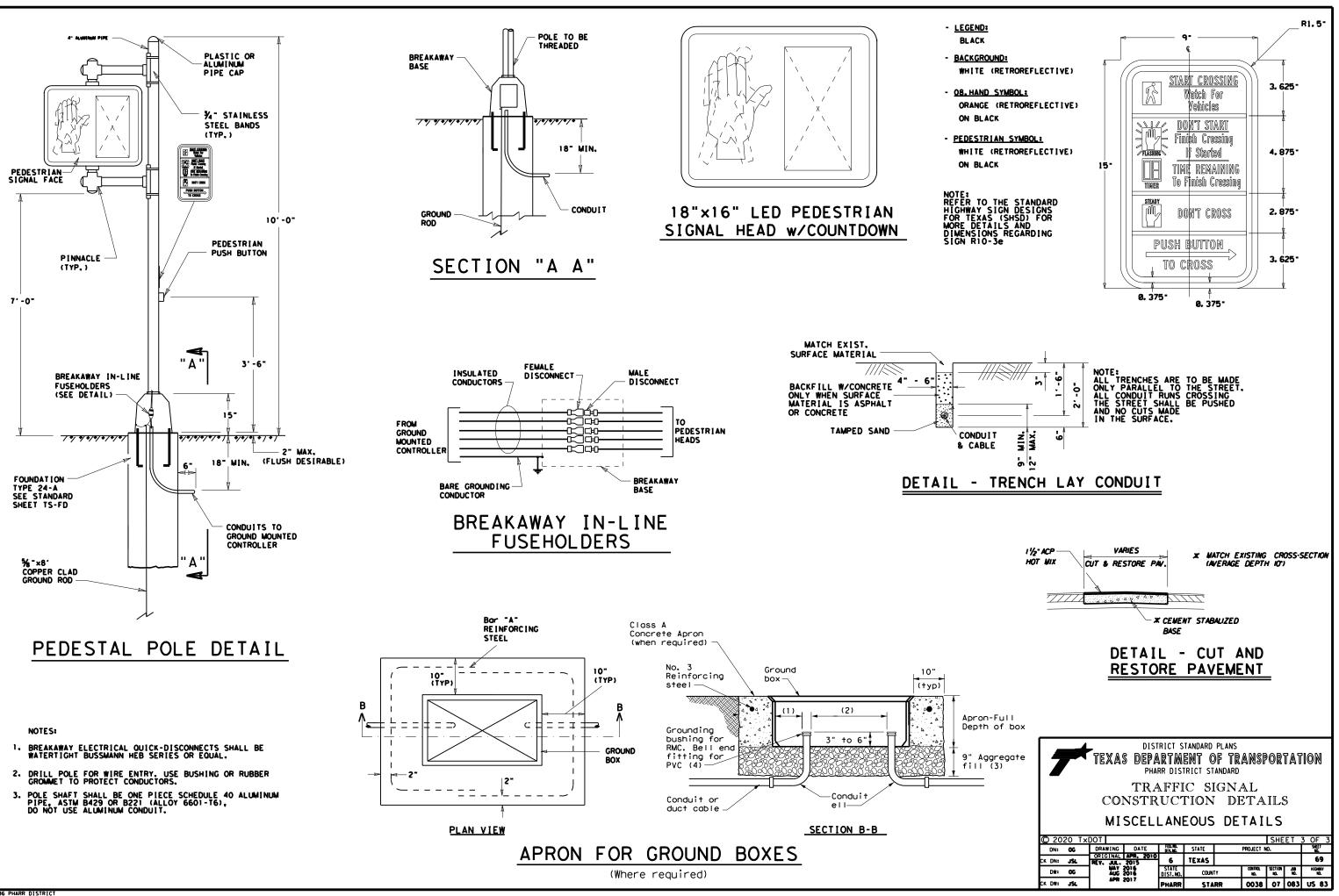


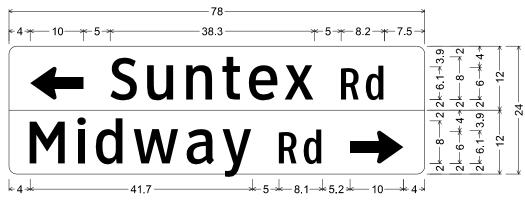


TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PHARE DISTRICT STANDARD										
TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS CONTROLLER FOUNDATON & LOOP DETECTOR INSTALLATION										
© 2020 Tx	© 2020 TxDOT SHEET 1 OF 3									
DN: GV	DRAWING	DATE	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE		PROJECT	NO.		SHEET NO.	
CK DN: JSL	ORIGINAL A		6	TEXAS					67	
DW: GV	AUG 201 FEB 202	6	STATE DIST.NO.	COUN	TY .	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	je je	HIGHBAY No.	
CK DW: JSL	1	•	PHARR	STA	RR	0038	07	083	US 83	









D3-1G(5) 8in (2 Lines);

1.5" Radius, No border, None on Green, Standard Arrow Custom 10.0" X 6.1" 180° White, "Suntex" White, ClearviewHwy-3-W; "Rd" White, ClearviewHwy-2-W;

1.5" Radius, No border, None on Green; "Midway" White, ClearviewHwy-3-W; "Rd" White, ClearviewHwy-2-W; Standard Arrow Custom 10.0" X 6.1" 0° White; Table of letter and object lefts

<b>↓</b>	<b>S</b>	u	n	t	е	х	R	d
4.0	19.0	26.1	33.4	40.1	45.1	51.8	62.3	67.0
М	i	d	w	a	у	R	d	<b>→</b>
4.0	12.8	16.4	23.4	33.4	40.1	50.7	55.4	64.0
LOCATION 1								

SHEET 18 13 SF

4.5 ġ 10 3.5 ←5-★----15.6-----+-7.9-+-— 14.5— 48

D3-1G(7) 10in;

1.5" Radius, 0.5" Border, White on Green; "US 83", ClearviewHwy-3-W; Table of letter and object lefts

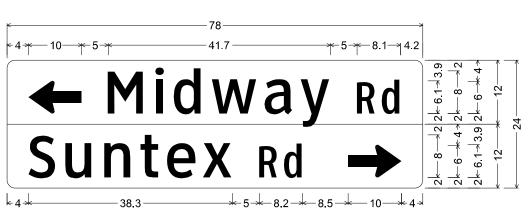
U	S	8	3						
5.0	14.1	<b>8</b> 28.5	36.9						
LOCATION 1									
SHEET 18									

6 SF

6: 10: 08

3/30/

DATE:



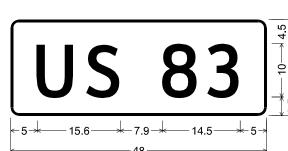
D3-1G(5) 8in (2 Lines);

1.5" Radius, No border, None on Green, Standard Arrow Custom 10.0" X 6.1" 180° White; "Midway" White, ClearviewHwy-3-W; "Rd" White, ClearviewHwy-2-W;

1.5" Radius, No border, None on Green; "Suntex" White, ClearviewHwy-3-W; "Rd" White, ClearviewHwy-2-W; Standard Arrow Custom 10.0" X 6.1" 0° White; Table of letter and object lefts

<b>←</b>	<b>M</b>	i	d	w	a	у	F	
4.0	19.0	27.8	31.4	38.4	48.4	55.1		
S	u	n	t	е	x	R	d	
4.0	11.1	18.4	25.1	30.1	36.8	47.3	5	
LOCATION 1								

SHEET 18 13 SF



5.7	d 70.4
2.0	<b>→</b> 64.0



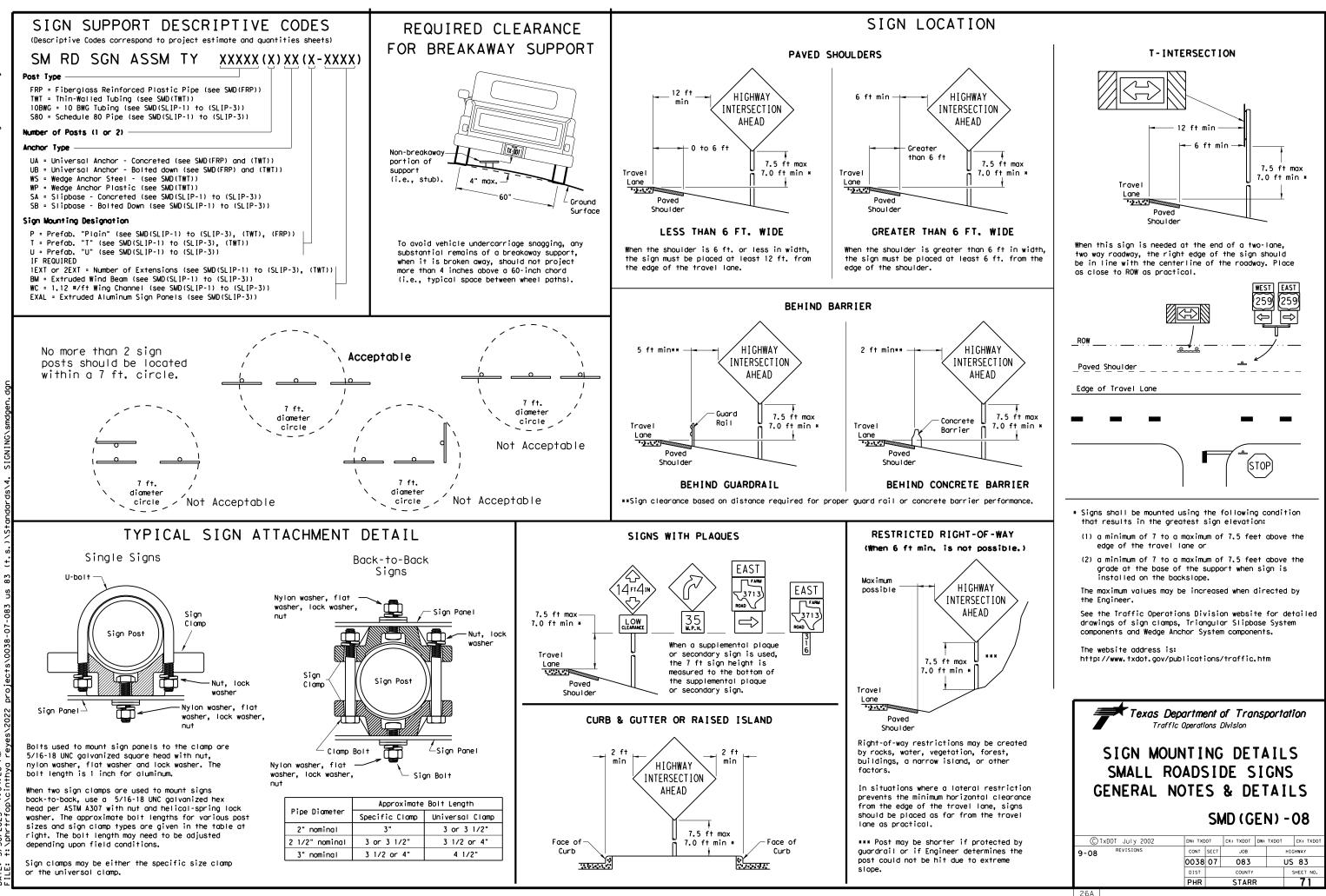
03.30.2023

Pharr District Traffic Operations

* Texas Department of Transportation

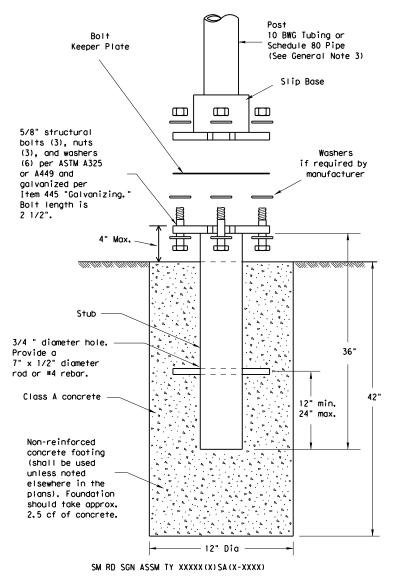
# SIGN DETAILS SHEET

SCALE: I	N. T. S.		SHE	ET	1 OF 1	
© 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
	0038	07	083	US 83		
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	PHR		STARR		70	



# TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS





# NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

# GENERAL NOTES:

- 10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)
- 0.134" nominal wall thickness
- - 55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength
- 20% minimum elongation in 2"
- Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)
- 0.276" nominal wall thickness Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C
- 46,000 PSI minimum yield strength
- 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength 21% minimum elongation in 2"
- Galvanization per ASTM A123

# ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

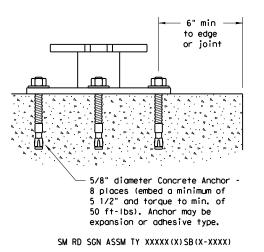
### Foundation

- direction.

### Support

- straight.
- clearances based on sign types.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives, " Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

P

7: 34: 27

2023

3/30/

DATE:

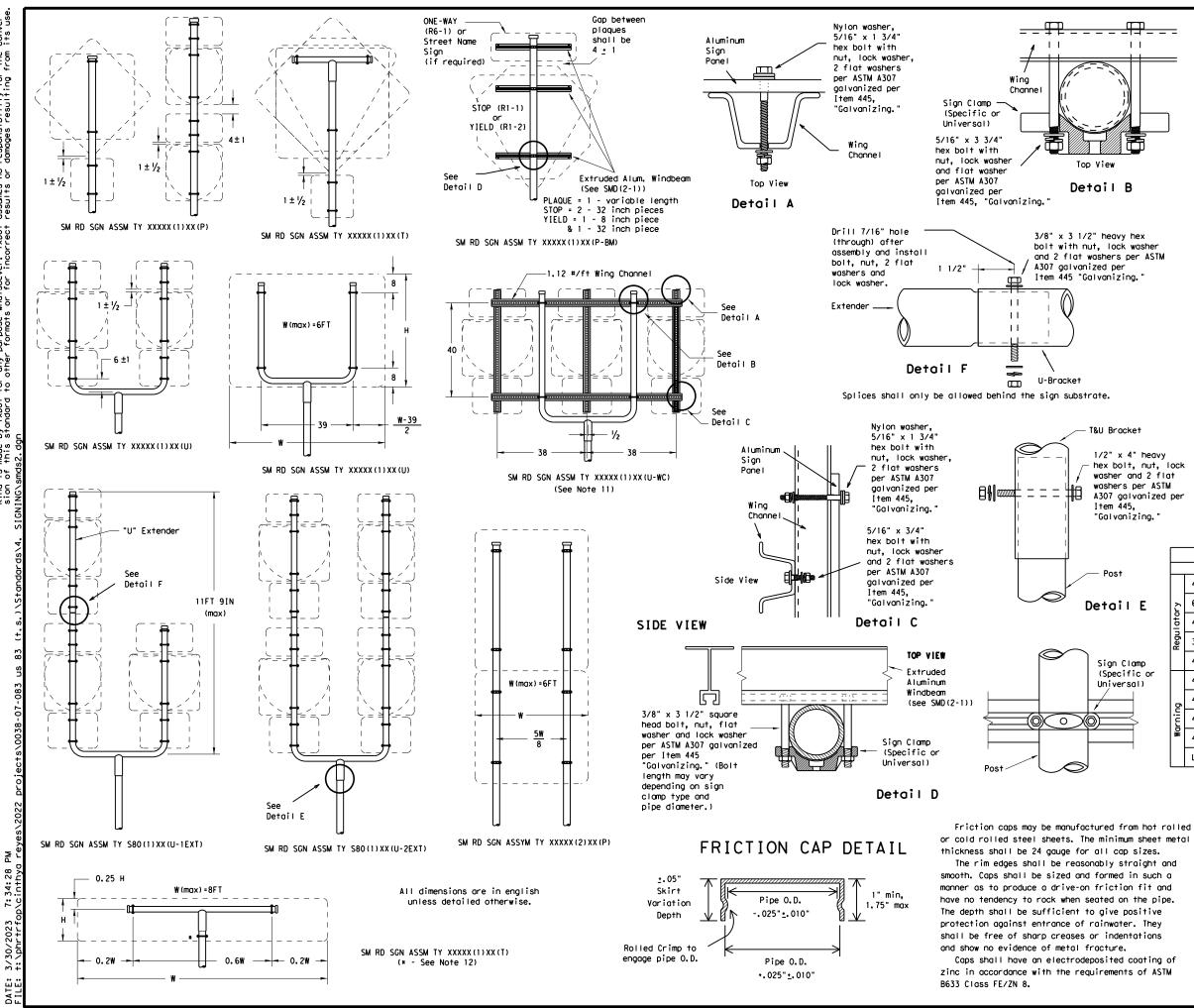
1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications: Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008 Other steels may be used if they meet the following: Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883" Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833. Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following: Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895" 3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm 4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

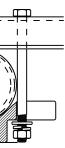
1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock. 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A. 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground. 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any

1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and

2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division											
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS											
SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS											
TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM											
INTANULAN	JL I		DAJE	•	51.						
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	SMD	) ( 5	SL I P	- 1	) -	·08					
(C) TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	OT.	CK: TXDOT	DW.	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT					
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY					
9-06	0038	07	083	US		JS 83					
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.						
	PHR	STARR			72						





1/2" x 4" heavy hex bolt, nut, lock washer and 2 flat washers per ASTM A307 galvanized per "Galvanizing.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.

SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
10 BWG	1	16 SF
10 BWG	2	32 SF
Sch 80	1	32 SF
Sch 80	2	64 SF

2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height. 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently
- when impacted by an errant vehicle. 8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps. 13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

E or ) E (60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2) (48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)) (48x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs) (7) (48x48-inch signs) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7			REQUIRED SUPPORT	
Image: Construct sign			SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
E         5         60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)         TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-Bk           48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)         TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)           36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs         TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)           48x60-inch signs         TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)           48x48-inch signs         TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)           48x60-inch signs         TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)			48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Jo         TY 10BW0(1)XX(T)           48x60-inch signs         TY 10BW0(1)XX(T)           48x48-inch signs         TY 10BW0(1)XX(T)	E	2	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	
Algebra         Algebra         TY S80(1)XX(T)           300         48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)         TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)           48x60-inch signs         TY S80(1)XX(T)			48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
48x48-inch signs (diamond or square) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) 48x60-inch signs TY S80(1)XX(T)		Regu	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
48x48-inch signs         (diamond or square)         TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)           48x60-inch signs         TY \$80(1)XX(T)			48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)
	-		48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 49 \\ 1000 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 49 \\ 1000 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 49 \\ 1000 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 1000 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 20$		ō	48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)
		Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)		Ň	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)			Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS

SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM SMD(SLIP-2)-08

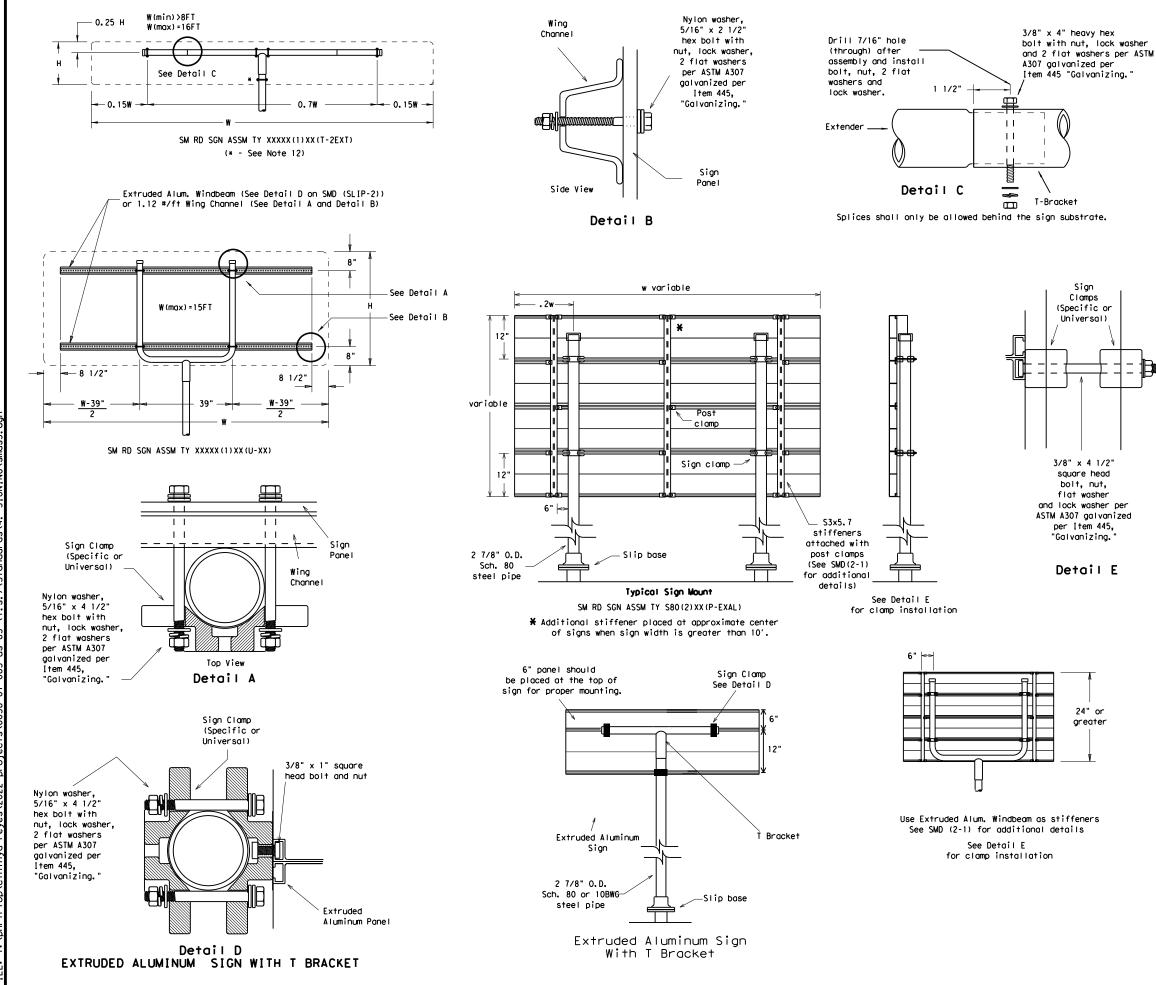
(C) T xI	DOT July 2002	DN: TX	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	GHWAY
		0038	07	083		US	83
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		PHR		STAR	2		73

2023

ĝ

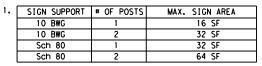
ñ

DATE:



### GENERAL NOTES:

mg.	



- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet. 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat
- aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height. 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
   Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut
- off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
2	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regulatory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regu	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
ē	48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
No	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

Texas Dep Traffic				nsį	porta	ntion
SIGN MOUN SMALL RO TRIANGULAR	ADS SL 1		DE S	I	GN: SY:	S STEM
© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXC	от	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		1	HIGHWAY
	0038	07	083		ι	JS 83
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PHR		STARF	2		74
26D						

### REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING			

governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any rpose whatsoever. TxDD1 assumes no responsibility for the conversion s or for incorrect results or damages resultion from its use

° d fg

s of this standard i de by TxDOT for any mutantha adder forgram

7: 34: 30 p\cinthya

3/30/

DATE:



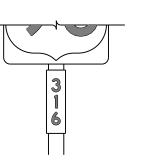




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

## REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING		
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		

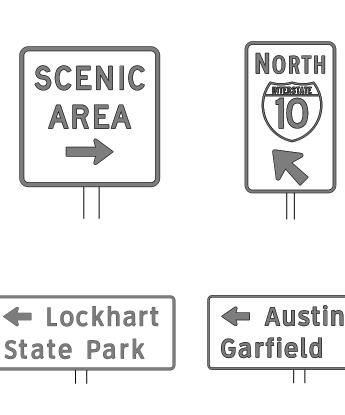








Plan Sheets.



TYPICAL EXAMPLES

plans.

or F).

### GENERAL NOTES

1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).

2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod

4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.

5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.

6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.

7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.

8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS D	MS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS D	MS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

	Standard
TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS TSR(3)-13	
ELLER ter3-13 den DN. TVDOT der TVDOT D	
FILE: tsr3-13.dgn DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW	
©TxDOT October 2003 CONT SECT JOB	HIGHWAY
©TxDOT October 2003 CONT SECT JOB	

R	EGULATORY	NOT ENTER AND		REGULATO	.D, DO NOT ENTER AND
$\sim$	<b>OP</b>	WRONG		PEED IMIT 55	
EN		FOR FOUR		TYPICAL	EXAMPLES
	SPECIFIC SI	GNS ONLY		SHEETING RE	QUIREMENTS
	SHEETING RE	QUIREMENTS	USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL	BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	WHITE RS WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING TYPE B OR C SHEETING	LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
REQUIRE	MENTS FO	R WARNING SIGNS	REQUIRE	MENTS FO	R SCHOOL SIGNS
	TYPICAL EXA	MPLES	I I	SCHOOL SPEED LIMIT 20 WHEN FLASHING	EXAMPLES
	SHEETING REQU	IREMENTS		SHEETING REQ	UIREMENTS
		SIGN FACE MATERIAL	USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
USAGE	COLOR		BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING
	COLOR FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING	BACKGROOND		
USAGE BACKGROUND END & BORDERS	FLOURESCENT		BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING		FLOURESCENT	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

### NOTES

be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).

gend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).

spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide ced appearance when spacing is not shown.

egend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination

egend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.

legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ansparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background g, or combination thereof.

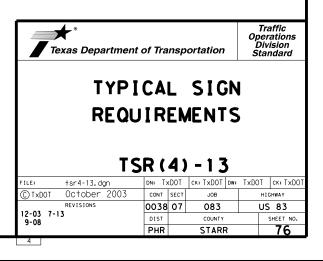
bstrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material cation requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.

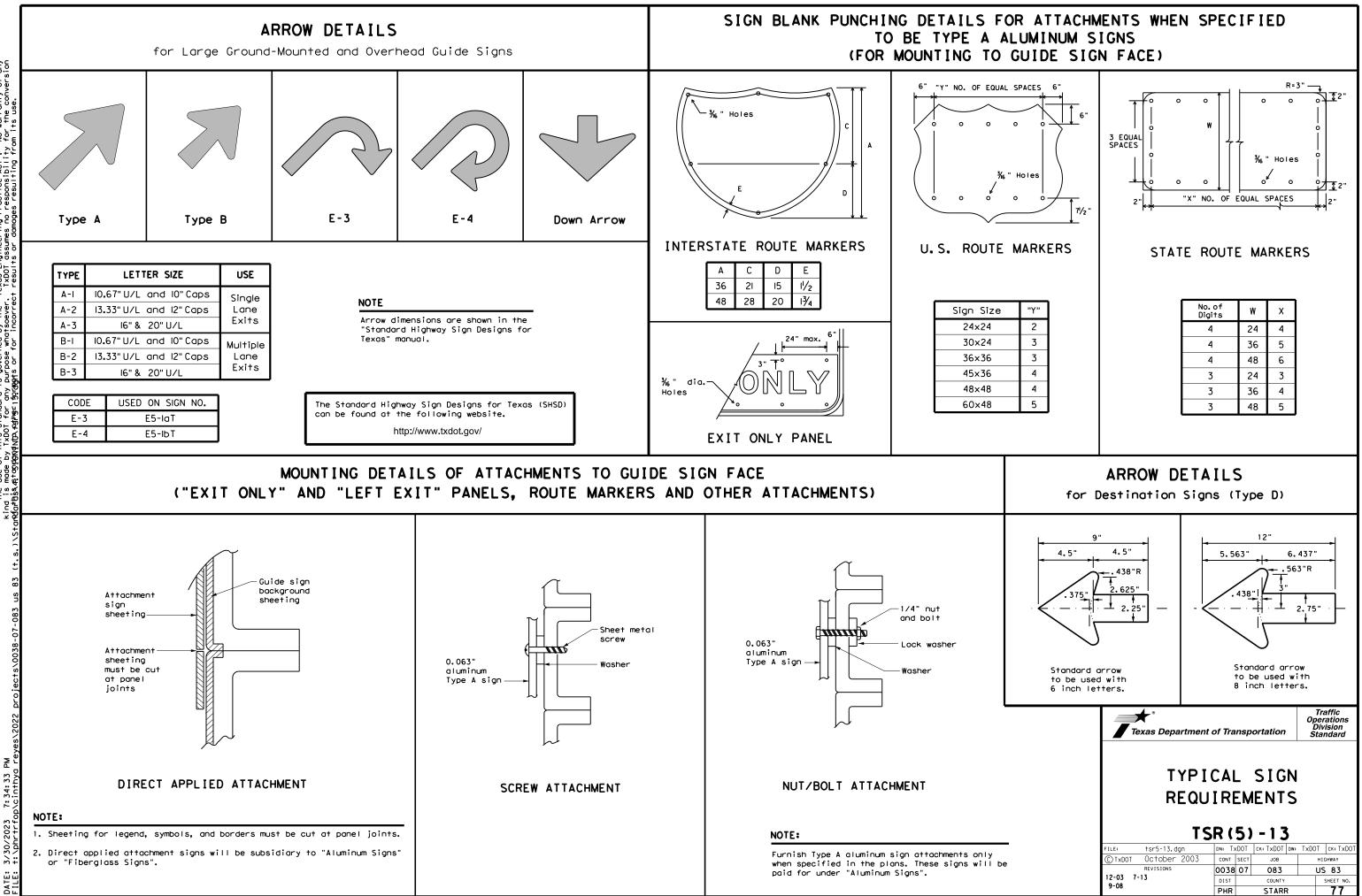
details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

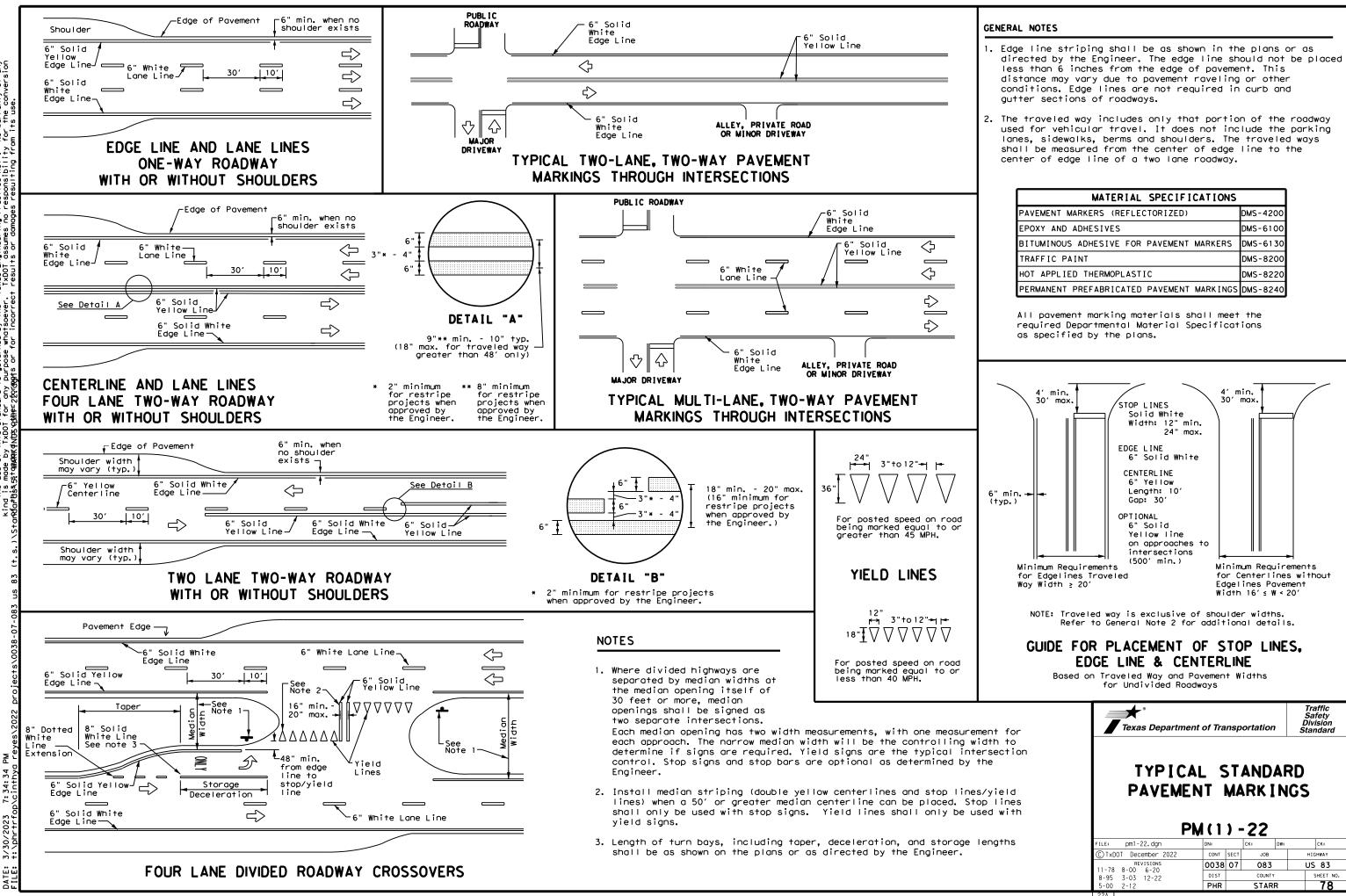
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/





No warranty of any for the conversion this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". • TxDO1 for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility #MDA.Pashesr19504864's or for incorrect results or damages resulting fro ° ç SCI ā



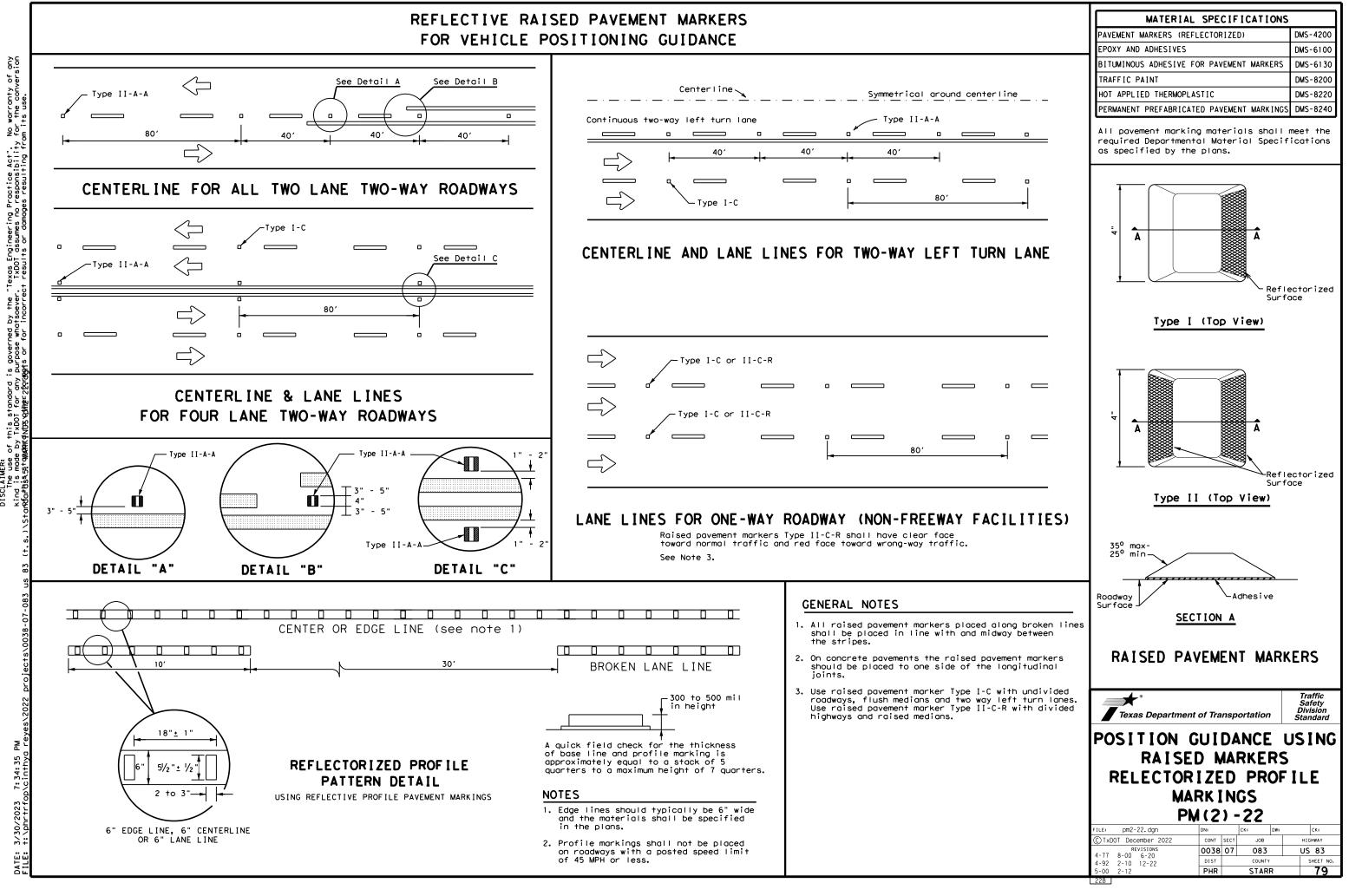
No warranty of any for the conversion Practice Act" responsibility Ę, governed by the ° d d this standard y TxDOT for any نو م

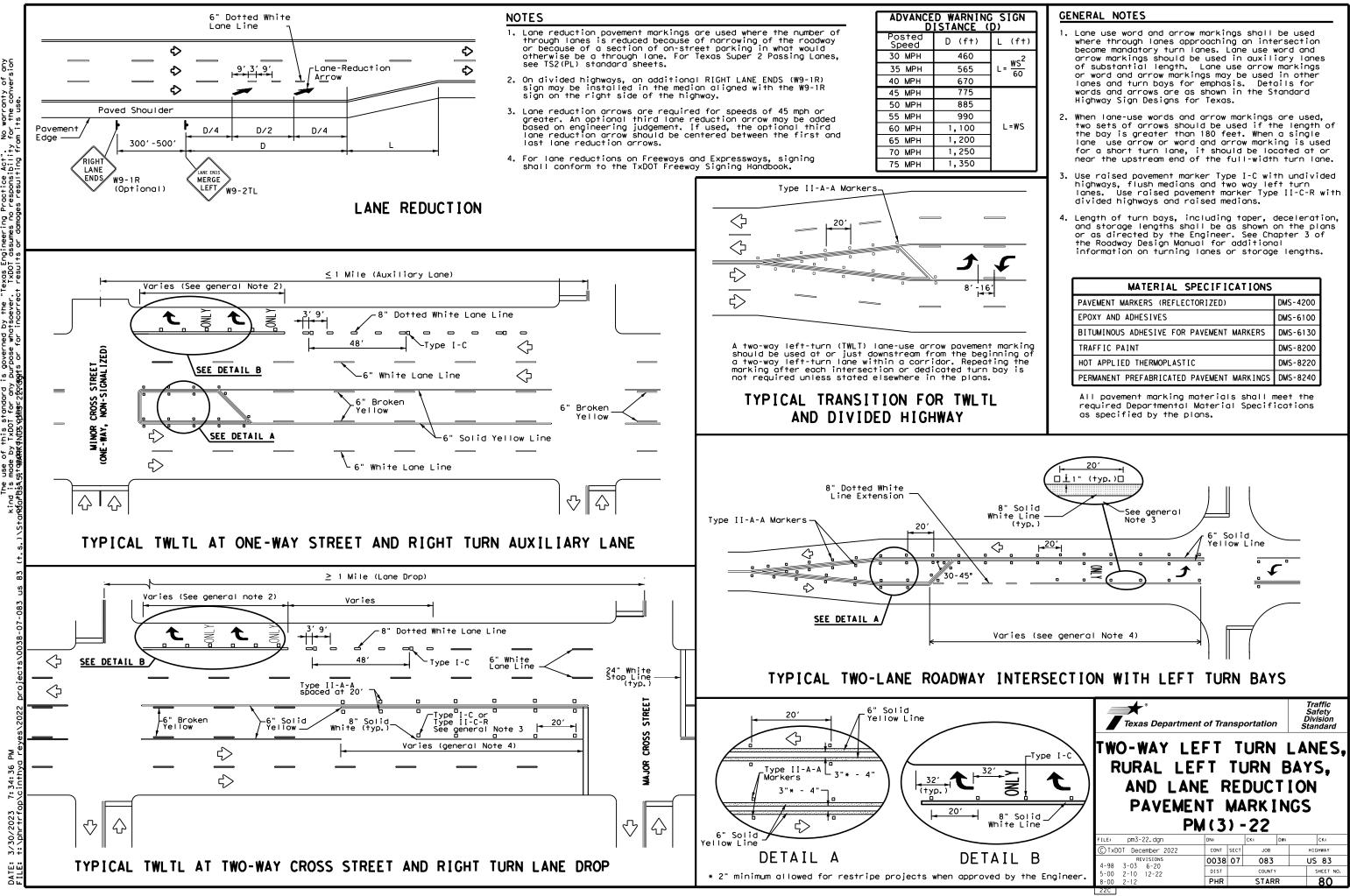
> M 7:34:34 3/30/

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

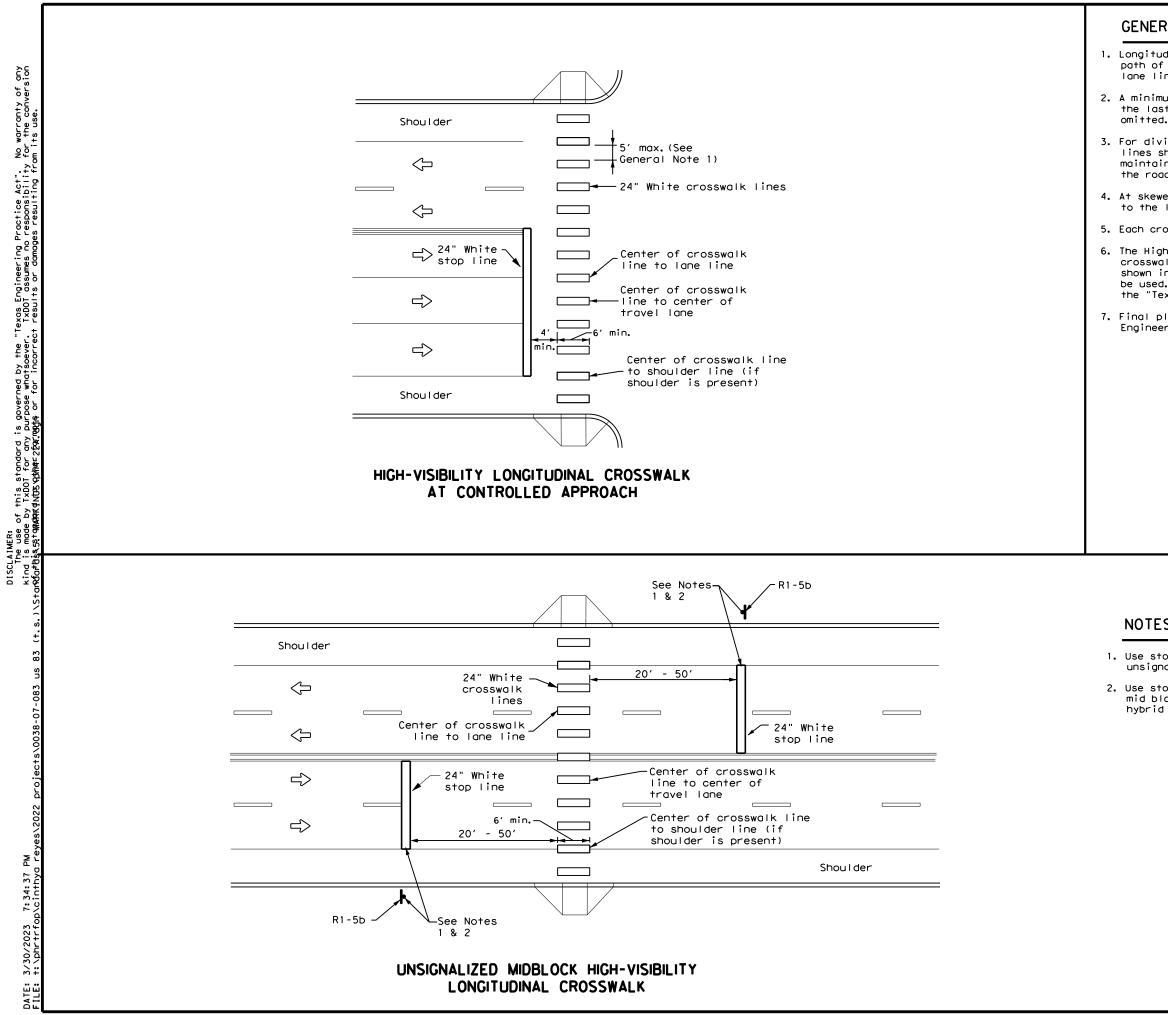
# FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

DISCL





of any version warranty the conv S p Proctice Act". و م Texas Engineer TxDOT assume: ° d te s of this standard i de by TxDOT for any waterdatrscattinge226768



### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes. lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- 2. A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be
- 3. For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- 4. At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.
- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices,"
- 7. Final placement of Stop Bar and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
All payement marking materials shall	

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

### NOTES:

1. Use stop bars with Stop Here For Pedestrians (R1-5b) signs at unsignalized midblock cross walks.

2. Use stop bars with STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6 or R10-6a) signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.

Texas Departme	ent of Tra	nspc	ortation	Traffic Safety Division Standard
CR	0551	WA	LK	
PAVEME	NT   M(4)			IGS
		) - (		IGS ck:
PI	M ( 4 )	) - (	22A	
FILE: pm4-220.dgn © TxDOT December 2022 REVISIONS	M ( 4 )	) - (	22A	Ск:
FILE: pm4-22a.dgn © TxDOT December 2022	DN: CONT	SECT	22A CK: DW: JOB	CK: HIGHWAY

### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept at the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

### **1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

# **1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):** 0038-07-083

### 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: 0.1 Mi. E. of Suntex Rd.

To: 0.1 Mi. W. of Midway Rd.

### **1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:**

BEGIN: (Lat) 26.3805546 , (Long) -98.8926890

END: (Lat) 26.3792866, (Long) -98.8897901

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): <1 Acre

### 1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): <1 Acre

### **1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:**

Install Traffic Signal

### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description

### **1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):**

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

- $\hfill\square$  PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting
- PSLs determined during construction
- $\square$  No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

### **1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:**

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)
X Mobilization
X Install sediment and erosion controls
<ul> <li>Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and gru</li> <li>Remove existing pavement</li> </ul>
Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
<ul> <li>Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening</li> </ul>
Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
□ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
Install proposed pavement per plans
Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
Place flex base
Rework slopes, grade ditches
Blade windrowed material back across slopes
Revegetation of unpaved areas
<ul> <li>Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures</li> </ul>
Other:
Other:

Other:_____

### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction activities
- Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out water

_____

- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- ${\tt X}$  Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- $\hfill\square$  Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- □ Other:_____
- □ Other:_____
- │ □ Other:_____

### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
Add (*) for impaired waterbodies	s with pollutant in ().

### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

f X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Other: ______

Other: ______

### **1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR**

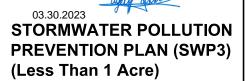
X Day To Day Operational Control

- X Maintain schedule of major construction activities
- X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

□ Other: _____

□ Other: _____







Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.			PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.
6					82
STATE		STATE DIST.	C	OUNTY	
TEXA	S	PHR	STARR		
CONT.		SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.		
0038	3	07	Ø83	US 8	З

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs)	2.3 PERMANENT CONTRO	DLS:				
AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND	(Coordinate post-construction	BMPs with approp	oriate TxDOT			
MAINTENANCE	maintenance sections.) BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:			2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:		
The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing	Туре		tioning	X Concrete and Materials Was	te Management	
the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3	iype	From	То	X Debris and Trash Managem	•	
for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day				Dust Control		
operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this				X Sanitary Facilities		
SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this				□ Other:		
SWP3 or the CGP.						
2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:				□ Other:		
T/P				□ Other:		
Protection of Existing Vegetation						
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones				│ □ Other:		
Soil Retention Blankets						
Mulching/ Hydromulching						
□ □ Soil Surface Treatments						
Temporary Seeding						
Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding	Refer to the Environmental La located in Attachment 1.2 of t		3 Layout Sheets			
X D Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs				2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER 2	ZONES:	
Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams						asible to
Vertical Tracking				I natural vedetated pullers shar	i de maintained as tea	
				Natural vegetated buffers shal		
□ □ Interceptor Swale				protect adjacent surface water	s. If vegetated natura	l buffer
				-	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app	l buffer propriate
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> </ul>				protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app	l buffer propriate
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> </ul>	2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TR	ACKING CONTR	OLS:	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app asures have been ind	l buffer propriate corporated
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> </ul>	<b>2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TR</b>		OLS:	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>		moved daily	OLS:	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3.	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app asures have been ind	l buffer propriate corporated
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for e</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> </ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpaul		protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3.	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for on</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be construction exit</li> </ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpaul	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3.	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for e</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> </ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpaul	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3.	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for on</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be construction exit</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpaul	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3.	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for a</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpaul	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3.	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul> 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for on</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be construction exitentiate</li> <li>Stabilized construction exitentiate</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpaul	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3.	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for of</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpaul	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3.	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Deter:</li> <li>Dewatering Controls</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for of</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpau	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3. Type	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul> 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P X Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for of</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpau	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3. Type	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Dewatering Controls</li> <li>Inlet Protection</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for of</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpau	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3. Type	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Dewatering Control Logs</li> <li>Inlet Protection</li> <li>Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> <li>Sandbag Berms</li> <li>Sediment Control Fence</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for of</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpau	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3. Type	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Dewatering Control Logs</li> <li>Dewatering Controls</li> <li>Inlet Protection</li> <li>Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> <li>Sandbag Berms</li> <li>Sediment Control Fence</li> <li>Stabilized Construction Exit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for of</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpau	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3. Type	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for of</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpau	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3. Type	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been in Static	l buffer propriate corporated pning
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Dewatering Control Logs</li> <li>Dewatering Controls</li> <li>Inlet Protection</li> <li>Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> <li>Sandbag Berms</li> <li>Sediment Control Fence</li> <li>Stabilized Construction Exit</li> <li>Floating Turbidity Barrier</li> <li>Vegetated Buffer Zones</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for of</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpau	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3. Type	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been inc Static From	I buffer propriate corporated oning To
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for of</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpau	lin	protect adjacent surface water zones are not feasible due to s additional sediment control me into this SWP3. Type	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been inc Static From United Static	I buffer propriate corporated oning To
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Diversion Control Logs</li> <li>Dewatering Controls</li> <li>Inlet Protection</li> <li>Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> <li>Sandbag Berms</li> <li>Sediment Control Fence</li> <li>Stabilized Construction Exit</li> <li>Floating Turbidity Barrier</li> <li>Vegetated Buffer Zones</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for of</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpau	lin	protect adjacent surface water         zones are not feasible due to s         additional sediment control me         into this SWP3.         Type	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been inc Static From United Static	I buffer propriate corporated oning To
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Sediment Control Logs</li> <li>Sandbag Berms</li> <li>Sediment Control Fence</li> <li>Stabilized Construction Exit</li> <li>Floating Turbidity Barrier</li> <li>Vegetated Buffer Zones</li> <li>Vegetated Filter Strips</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for of</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpau	lin	protect adjacent surface water         zones are not feasible due to s         additional sediment control me         into this SWP3.         Type	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been inc Static From United Static	I buffer propriate corporated oning To
<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Excess dirt/mud on road re</li> <li>Haul roads dampened for of</li> <li>Loaded haul trucks to be c</li> <li>Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>Other:</li></ul>	moved daily dust control overed with tarpau	lin	protect adjacent surface water         zones are not feasible due to s         additional sediment control me         into this SWP3.         Type	s. If vegetated natura site geometry, the app easures have been inc Static From United Static	I buffer propriate corporated oning To

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- ${\ensuremath{\mathbb X}}$  Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- ${\tt X}$  Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{X}}$  Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

### 2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

### 2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.



AIM

03.30.2023

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 2 of 2



ent	of	Trans	porta	ation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.				
6		83				
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY			
TEXA	S	PHR	STARR			
CONT.		SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.			
0038	3	07	Ø83	US 83		

developed during coordination with re orders and/or deviations from the fir	esource agencies. local governmenta	nental Permits, Issues and Commitments have been	II. Clean Water Act, Sections 401 and 404 Compliance -
activities as additional environmente	nal design must be reported to the [	Engineer prior to the commencement of construction	4.☐ The Contractor's designated and qualified Contra project site daily to ensue compliance with SW3P shall be provided to TxDOT within 48 hours, in a
I. Clean Water Act, Section 402; Storm			5. Other Project Specific Actions:
Action Items Required :	☐ No Action Required		
plans and maintained appropriate	ly throughout construction. BMPs mu	ust be in place prior to the start of construction.	
P.▼ For all construction PSL's off the regulations pertaining to the pre-	he ROW, the contractor must certify eservation of cultural resources, n	compliance with all applicable laws, rules and atural resources and the environment.	III, Cultural Resources
3. $old X$ Based on the acreage of impact, $pprox$	select the appropriate box below:		Action Items Required :
therefore, a NOI and TPDES Si	ss than 1 acre of soil and is not po ite Notice are not required for this	rt of a larger common plan of development; project.	1.▼ Refer to the 2014 TxDOT Standard Specifications Bridges, Item 7.7.1., in the event historical is
This project will disturb equired but a TPDES Site Not	tice is required. The Construction S	ite Notice (CSN) is required to be posted at	Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones area and contact the Engineer immediately. 2. Other Project Specific Actions:
This project will disturb equ The NOI and Site Notice are r	ual to or more than 5 acres of soil required to be posted at the constru	and will require a NOI and TPDES Site Notice. ction site in a publicly accessible location.	
		needed	
			IV. Vegetation Resources
			Action Items Required :
.X Filling, dredging or excavating	in any water bodies, rivers, creeks.	streams, wetlands or wet areas is prohibited	In accordance with the 2014 TxDOT Standard Speci install temporary or permanent seeding for erosi for all seeding and replanting of right of way w
mitigation plans, and BMPs requir	red by the NWP as regulated by the I	JSACE.	2. In accordance with Executive Order 13112 on inva
	I of the terms and conditions assoc	iated with the following permit(s):	scaping, native species of plants shall be used for rural roadways. (Required for Rural Setting
	Provised (loss then 1/10th core w	ators or wathands officiated)	3.X Preserve vegetation where possible throughout th stream banks, bed and approach sections.
			4. Other Project Specific Actions:
		104 cormit(c) for Contractor initiated observes in	
construction methods that change	Impacts To Waters Of The U.S., inc	luding wetlands. The Contractor will ensure that	
3.🗙 Best Management Practices for app	plicable Section 401 General Condit	ons:	
	s I and II BMPs required		
Temporary Vegetation Blankets, Matting Mulch Sodding	<ul> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Erosion Control Compost</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mulch Filter Berms and/or Socks</li> <li>Compost Filter Berms and/or Socks</li> <li>Compost Blankets</li> </ul>	
Category II (Sedimentation Contro			
Silt Fence			Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100
🗌 Triangular Filter Dike	Sediment Basins	Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	List of Abbreviations BMP: Best Management Practice NWP: Nationwide Permi
General Condition 21 - Category Category III (Post-Construction Vegetative Filter Strips Retention/Irrigation Extended Detention Basin	III BMPs required <u>TSS Control</u> ) Wet Basins Grassy Swales Vegetation-Lined Ditches	<ul> <li>Mulch Filter Berms and/or Socks</li> <li>Compost Filter Berms and/or Socks</li> <li>Sand Filter Systems</li> <li>Sedimentation Chambers</li> </ul>	BMP:Best Management PracticeNWP:Nationwide PermitCCP:Construction General PermitPCN:Pre-ConstructionCRPe:Contractor Responsible Person EnvironmentalPSL:Project SpecificDSHS:Texas Department of State Health ServicesSFCC:Spill PreventionFEMA:Federal Emergency Management AgencySW3P:Storm Water PolleFHWA:Federal Highway AdministrationTCCQ:Texas HistoricalMOL:Memorandum of AgreementTCDE:Texas HistoricalMOL:Memorandum of UnderstandingTPDES:Texas Parks and NMSAI:Mobile Source Air ToxicTxD0T:Texas DepartmentMSAI:Notice of IntentUSACE:U.S.Fish and ErNOT:Notice of TerminationUSFWS:U.S.Fish and Wi
	<ul> <li>plans and maintained appropriate The SW3P may need to be revised</li> <li>2. For all construction PSL's off t regulations pertaining to the pr</li> <li>3. Based on the acreage of impact,</li> <li>This project will disturb less therefore, a NOI and TPDES Site or</li> <li>This project will disturb equ required but a TPDES Site Not the construction site in a pu or</li> <li>This project will disturb equ The NOI and Site Notice are r</li> <li>4. Need to address MS4 requirements (Cameron &amp; Hidalgo Counties only</li> <li>1. Clean Water Act, Sections 401 and Action Items Rquired :</li> <li>1. Filling, dredging or excavating unless specified in the USACE pe mitigation plans, and BMPs requi</li> <li>The Contractor must adhere to al</li> <li>No Permit Required</li> <li>Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not onstruction methods that change the water quality of the State w</li> <li>3. Best Management Practices for ap General Condition 12 - Categorie Category II (Sedimentation Control) Temporary Vegetation Blankets, Matting Mulch Sodding</li> <li>Category II (Sedimentation Control) Category II (Sedimentation Control) Wey State State w</li> <li>Sand Bag Berm</li> <li>General Condition 21 - Category Category III (Post-Construction Vegetative Filter Strips Retention/Irrigation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>plans and maintained appropriately throughout construction. BWPs muthe SW3P may need to be revised as necessary as construction progres</li> <li>2. X For all construction PSL's off the R0W, the contractor must certify regulations pertaining to the preservation of cultural resources, no 3. X Based on the acreage of impact, select the appropriate box below:</li> <li>X This project will disturb less than 1 acre of soil and is not part therefore, a NOI and TPDES Site Notice are not required for this or in this project will disturb equal to or more than 1 acre of soil by the construction site in a publicly accessible location for reviant in the NOI and Site Notice are required to be posted at the construction site in a publicly accessible location for reviant in the NOI and Site Notice are required to be posted at the construction in the NOI and Site Notice are required to be posted at the construction (Cameron &amp; Hidolgo Counties only)</li> <li>1. Cleon Water Act, Sections 401 and 404 Compliance</li> <li>Action Items Rauired : No Action Required</li> <li>I. Mol and BWPs required by the WP as regulated by the Unites specified in the USACE permit and approved by the Engineer, mitigation plans, and BWPs required (1/10th to (1/2 acre, 1/3 i Individual 94 Permit 14 - PDN not Required (less than 1/10th acre w Notionwide Permit 14 - PDN not Required (less than 1/10th acre w Notionwide Permit 14 - PDN not Required and not degraded.</li> <li>3. X Best Management Practices for applicable Section 401 General Condition 2 - Categories I and II BWPs required Category II (Section Control) Erosion Control)</li> <li>Silt Fence Blankets, Matting Diversion Dike Blankets, Matting Diversion Dike Blankets, Matting Diversion Dike Blankets, Matting Diversion Control Compost Category III (Post-Construction TS) Control Compost Category III (Sect-Construction TS) Control)</li> <li< td=""><td><ul> <li>M This project will disturb less than 1 are of soil and is not part of a longer common plan of development; therefore, a NOL and TPDES site Notice are not required for this project.</li> <li>ar</li> <li>ar</li> <li>bit project will disturb equal to an more than 1 are of soil but less than 5 acres; therefore a NOL is not required to be posted of the construction site in a publicly accessible location for review by the public, TEEG, EPA and other Inspectors.</li> <li>ar</li> <li>bit and the address USA requirements</li> <li>bit address the address USA requirements</li> <li>bit address the add</li></ul></td></li<></ul>	<ul> <li>M This project will disturb less than 1 are of soil and is not part of a longer common plan of development; therefore, a NOL and TPDES site Notice are not required for this project.</li> <li>ar</li> <li>ar</li> <li>bit project will disturb equal to an more than 1 are of soil but less than 5 acres; therefore a NOL is not required to be posted of the construction site in a publicly accessible location for review by the public, TEEG, EPA and other Inspectors.</li> <li>ar</li> <li>bit and the address USA requirements</li> <li>bit address the address USA requirements</li> <li>bit address the add</li></ul>

**-X** 

**—X** 

**-X** 

### - Continued:

actor Responsible Person Environmental (CRPe) will monitor the P and TPDES General Permit TXR 150000. Daily Monitoring Reports accordance with Item 506.3.1.

No Action Required

For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And ssues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. s, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate

No Action Required

ifications; Item 164 - Seeding For Erosion Control; provide and ion control as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer where possible. (Required for Urban Settings)

asive species and the Executive Memorandum on Beneficial Landfor all seeding and replanting of right of way where possible gs)

he project and minimize clearing, grubbing and excavation within



## ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC)

		SHEET 1	OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.		PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6			US 83
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	03 65
TEXAS	PHR	STARR	SHEET
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.
0038	07	083	84

Revised 01/30/2017

NWP: Nationwide Permit PCN: Pre-Construction Notification PSL: Project Specific Location SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan TCEQ: Texas Cormission on Environmental Quality THC: Texas Historical Cormission TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE:U.S. Army Corp of Engineers USFWS:U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

V. Federal Listed, and Proposed Threatened and Endangered Species, Critical Habitat,	VI. Hazardous Materials on Contamination Issues - Continued:
State Listed Species, Candidate Species and Migratory Birds	2. Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehab
<ul> <li>Action Items Required : □ No Action Required</li> <li>1. ✓ Under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) of 1918, codified at 16 U.S.C. § 703-712 and as enfort the proposed construction work will not remove active nests from bridges, trees, ground and of during migratory bird nesting season, (February 1st. through October 1st.). If the Contractor work within the right of way during nesting season, a qualified Biologist shall conduct a survactive nests are present. If present, the Contractor shall maintain a buffer zone around the by the Biologist. The buffer zone will be protected from clearing and disturbance until such has determined that the nest(s) is no longer active. Prior to the nesting season, existing br should be treated against migratory bird nesting by utilizing Bird Exclusion Methods. Bird State-listed species &amp; species. Taking is defined hooking, hunting, netting, shooting, or share by any means or devices. If any listed species work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediate.</li> <li>3. ✓ Other Project Specific Actions:</li> <li>1. STATE LISTED SPECIES INCLUDE: TEXAS HORNED LIZARD, TEXAS TORTOISE, TEXAS INDIGO SNAKE AND 2. BIRD BMP'S: NOT DISTURBING. DESTROYING OR</li></ul>	<ul> <li>not including box culverts)?</li> <li>Yes No</li> <li>Yes No</li> <li>If "No", then no further action required.</li> <li>If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing an asb</li> <li>aclusion Methods</li> <li>usion Details.</li> <li>Yes No</li> <li>Yes No</li> <li>Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is a prior to assist with the notification, develop abate activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS m prior to scheduled abatement activities and/or demolition.</li> <li>If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 w</li> <li>The Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for careful coordination between the Engineer and an Asbestos delays and subsequent claims.</li> </ul>
SEASON; AVOIDING THE REMOVÁL OF UNOCCUPIED INACTIVE NESTS, AS PŔACTICABLE, PREVENTING THE NESTS DURING THE NESTING SEASON ON TXDOT OWNED AND OPERATED FACILITIES AND STRUCTURES PROP REPAIR; NOT COLLECTING, CAPTURING, RELOCATING OR TRANSPORTING BIRDS, EGGS, YOUNG OR ACTIVE	OSED FOR REPLACEMENT OR NESTS WITHOUT A PERMIT.
3. REPTILE BMP'S: DUE TO THE INCREASE ACTIVITY (MATING) OF REPTILES DURING THE SPRING, CONSTR CLEARING OR GRADING SHOULD ATTEMPT TO BE SCHEDULED OUTSIDE OF THE SPRING (APRIL-MAY) SEASO DISTURBING ACTIVITIES BEFORE OCTOBER WHEN REPTILES BECOME LESS ACTIVE AND MAY BE USING BUR IS ALSO ENCOURAGED.	N. ALSO, TIMING GROUND Action Items Required:
4. FOR TEXAS HORNED LIZARD, AVOID HARVESTOR ANT MOUNDS IN THE SELECTION OF PROJECT SPECIFIC L WHERE FEASIBLE.	Contractor shall make every reasonable effort to minimize as work hour controls and proper maintenance of equipment 2. X Air Contractor shall practice common dust control techniques unpaved road surfaces and vehicle speed reduction shall b during construction.
VI. Hazardous Materials on Contamination Issues         Action Items Required :	Contractor should minimize MSAT by utilizing measures to limits on idling, increase use of cleaner burning diesel as appropriate.
Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (HCA) for personnel who will be working with hazardous mo safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in t that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous mat	he workplace. Ensure
Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the include but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and conchent which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the HCA.	, chemical additives,
Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials as indicated in the MSDS. In the e- immediate action to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS and in accordance with safe work p the TxDOT Pharr District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for th and cleanup of all product spills.	practices. Contact
Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:	
<ul> <li>Dead or distressed vegetation (identified as not normal)</li> <li>Trash piles, drums, canisters, barrels, etc.</li> <li>Undesirable smells or odors</li> <li>Evidence of leaching or seepage of contaminant substances</li> </ul>	
Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site.	Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100 Revi
1. If potentially hazardous material and/or contaminated media (i.e.: soil, groundwater, surface building materials) are unexpectedly encountered during construction, assure that such materia nation are handled according to applicable federal and state regulations, cease work in the ir contact the Engineer immediately.	als and contami- BMP; Best Mundement Practice NMP; MationWide Permit

**-X** 

**-X** 

### inued

ure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures

ng an asbestos assessment/inspection.

ive (is asbestos present)?

nent of State Health Services (DSHS) licensed asbestos lop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days emolition.

DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with Asbestos Consultant in order to minimize construction

No Action Required

minimize construction noise through abatement measures such equipment mufflers.

chniques such as surface chemical treatment or watering of n shall be implemented to minimize and prevent airborne dust

sures to encourage use of EPA required cleaner diesel fuels, g diesel engines, and other emission limitation techniques,

Texas Department of Transportation PHARR DISTRICT

## ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC)

		SHEET 2	OF 2
FED.RD. DIV.NO.		PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6			US 83
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	03 65
TEXAS	PHR	STARR	SHEET
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.
0038	07	083	85

Revised 01/30/2017

t Notification Control and Countermeasure ution Prevention Plan on Environmental Quality Commission Discharge Elimination System Wildlife Department of Transportation ndangered Species f Engineers

### TPWD BMPs

Under Section 12,0011 of the Texas Parks and Wildlife Code. Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) is charged with "providing recommendations that will protect fish and wildlife resources to local, state, and federal agencies that approve, permit, license, or construct developmental projects" and "providing information on fish and wildlife resources to any local, state, and federal agencies or private organizations that make decisions affecting those resources."

The purpose of this section is to provide beneficial management practices (BMP) that should be implemented during construction, and maintenance activities statewide for transportation projects with the goal of avoidance and minimization of impacts to natural resources. Statewide Standard BMP pertain to all fish and wildlife species, including state-listed species and other Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN). Implementing the recommendations as outlined below will improve conservation of species and their habitat.

### Seneral Design/Construction BMPs

- Prior to start of construction, information will be provided to personnel of the potential for all state-listed threatened species or other SGCN to occur within the project area and should be advised of relevant rules and regulations to protect plants, fish, and wildlife.
- X Contractor should avoid harming all wildlife species if encountered and allow them to safely leave the project site. Due diligence should be used to avoid killing or harming any wildlife species in the implementation of transportation projects.
- Contractors should install wildlife exclusion fencing and should examine the inside of the exclusion area daily to determine if any wildlife species have been trapped inside the area of impact and provide safe egress opportunities prior to initiation of construction activities.
- Apply hydromulching and/or hydroseeding in areas for soil stabilization and/or revegetation of disturbed areas around wetlands and in riparian areas.
- $\square$ Contractor should use woven natural fiber netting in which the mesh design allows the threads to move, therefore allowing expansion of the mesh openings. Plastic netting should be avoided.
- Project staging areas, stockpiles, temporary construction easements, and other project related sites should be situated in previously disturbed areas to avoid or minimize impacts to sensitive or unique habitats including intact native vegetation, floodplains, riparian corridors, wetlands, playa lakes, and habitat for wildlife species.
- When lighting is added, consider wildlife impacts from light pollution and incorporating dark-sky practices into design strategies. Minimize sky glow by focusing light downward, with full cutoff luminaries to avoid light emitting above the horizontal. The minimum amount of night-time lighting needed for safety and security should be used.

### Vegetation BMPs

- Minimize the amount of vegetation cleared. Removal of native vegetation, particularly mature native trees and shrubs should be avoided. Impacted vegetation should be replaced with in-kind on-site replacement /restoration of native vegetation. It is strongly recommended that trees greater than 12 inches in
- diameter at breast height (DBH) that are removed be replaced. TPWD/₃₂ s experience indicates that for ecologically effective replacement, a ratio of three trees for every one (3:1) lost should be provided to either on-site or off-site. Trees less than 12 inches DBH should be replaced at a 1:1 ratio.
- The use of any non-native vegetation in Landscaping and revegetation is discouraged. Locally adapted native species should be used.
- The use of seed mix that contains seeds from only regional ecotype native species is recommended

### Invasive Species BMPs

- For all work in water bodies designated as  $\frac{3}{32}$  infested  $\frac{3}{32}$  or  $/_{32}$  positive $/_{32}$  for invasive zebra (Dreissena polymorpha) OR quagaa mussels (Dreissena bugensis) as well as waters downstream of these lakes, all machinery, equipment, vessels, or vehicles coming in contact with such waters should be cleaned prior to leaving the site to remove any mud, plants, organisms, or debris, water drained (if applicable), and dried completely before use in another water body to prevent the potential spread of invasive mussels.
- Care should be taken to prevent the spread of aquatic and  $\square$
- terrestrial invasive plants during construction activities. Care should be taken to avoid the spread of aquatic invasive  $\square$ plants such as giant Salvinia (Salvinia molesta), common salvinia (Salvinia minima), hydrilla (Hydrilla verticillata), water hyacinth (Eichhornia spp.), Eurasian watermilfoil (Myriophyllum spicatum), water lettuce (Pistia stratiotes), and alligatorweed (Alternanthera philoxeroides) from infested water bodies into areas not currently infested. All machinery, equipment, vessels, boat trailers, or vehicles coming in contact with waters containing aquatic invasive plant species should be cleaned prior to leaving the site to remove all aquatic plant material and dried completely before use on another water body to prevent the potential spread of invasive plants. Removed plants should be transported for disposal in a secure manner to prevent dispersal.
- $\square$ Only native or non-invasive plants should be planted. Care should be taken to avoid mowing invasive giant reed (Arundo donax), which spreads by fragmentation, and to clean equipment if inadvertently mowed to prevent spread. If using hay bales for sediment control, use locally grown weed-free hay to prevent the spread of invasive species. Leave the hay bales in place and allow them to break down, as this acts as mulch assisting in revegetation.

### □ Stream Crossinas BMPs

Riparian buffer zones should remain undisturbed.

### Dewatering BMPs

Impact avoidance measures for aquatic organisms, including all native fish and freshwater mussel species, regardless of state-listing status, should be considered during project planning and construction activities.

### Wildlife Crossing BMPs

□ Incorporate wildlife crossings with fencing, particularly in areas that bisect wildlife travel corridors or seasonal movement routes to avoid further habitat fragmentation and minimize wildlife-vehicle interactions.

### □ Rare Plant BMPs

DSHS:

MOU:

Avoid impacts and minimize unavoidable impacts. Plant locations should be protected with temporary barrier fencing and contractors should be instructed to avoid protected areas. Conducting construction outside of the growing season or after a plant has produced mature fruit is the preferred way to avoid/minimize impacts to SGCN plant populations. Staging areas, stockpiles, and other project related sites on TxDOT ROW should not impact SGCN plant populations. After construction begins, minimize herbicide use near SGCN plant populations (if possible, use hand-held spot sprayers, several meters from rare plants, on still or days with little wind).

Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100

List of Abbreviations Best Management Practice MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic TCEQ: Texas Commissio CCP: Construction General Permit CRPe: Contractor Responsible Person Environmental MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOI: Notice of Intent NOI: Notice of Termination THC: Texas Historical TPDES:Texas Pollutant Texas Department of State Health Services TPWD: Texas Parks and FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency FHWA: Federal Highway Administration NWP: Nationwide Permit TxDOT:Texas Departmen PCN: Pre-Construction Notification PSL: Project Specific Location T&F: Threatened and MOA: Memorandum of Aareement USACE: U.S. Army Corp Memorandum of Understanding Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure USFWS:U.S. Fish and W MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

i D

**-X** 

**-X** 

#### Rare Plants BMPs (Continued)

If there are unintended impacts to SGCN populations, these impacts should be reported to TPWD Transportation Staff. During project period, conduct work during times of the year when plants are dormant and/or conditions minimize disturbance of the habitat.

🗌 Bird BMPs

X

Avoid vegetation clearing activities during the general bird nesting season, February 15th to October 1st to minimize adverse impacts to birds.

Do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds, eggs, young, or active nests without a permit. Minimize extended human presence near nesting birds

during construction and maintenance activities. Protect sensitive habitat areas with temporary barriers or fencing to limit human foot- traffic and off-road vehicle use to alert and discourage contractors from causing any unintentional impacts.

Minimize construction noise above ambient levels during general bird nesting season to minimize adverse impacts on birds.

Minimize construction lighting during the general bird nesting season by scheduling work activities between dawn and dusk.

### □ Rookeries BMPs

In general, nesting dates for herons and egrets range from early February to late August in Texas, depending on the species. Great blue herons (GBHE) (Ardea herodis) are usually the first to nest. When GBHE get disrupted from the nest and abandon nesting, then the other species of herons and egrets may not attempt to nest at the colony that year. If rookeries are encountered, avoid and minimize disturbance during nesting to protect rookery species and their habitat.

Vegetation clearing in a primary buffer area of 300 meters (984 feet) from a rookery or heronry periphery should be avoided. Utilizing areas that have already been cleared within this buffer area may be acceptable depending on site-specific characteristics. Additionally, human foot-traffic or machinery use should not occur within this buffer area during the nesting season.

Clearing activities or construction using heavy machinery in a secondary buffer area of 1000 meters (3281 feet) from the heronry periphery should be avoided during the breeding season (courting and nesting).

	PHARR DISTRICT					
	EPIC SHEET SUPPLEMENT					
		TPW	D BMPs			
Revised 02/24/2022						
			SHEET 1	OF 3		
on on Environmental Quality al Commission	FED.RD. DIV.NO.		PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.		
t Discharge Elimination System	6			- US 83		
d Wildlife Department nt of Transportation	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	03 05		
Endangered Species	TEXAS	PHR	STARR	SHEET		
of Engineers Wildlife Service	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.		
	0038	07	083	86		

### Fish BMPs

- The following Fish BMP apply to projects for all fish species in waters of the state to minimize impacts to water quality and aquatic passage from transportation projects.
- $\square$ For projects in waters of the state and work is adjacent to
- water: follow Water Quality and Stream Crossing BMPs. For projects in waters of the state and work is in the water:  $\square$ follow Water Quality, Stream Crossing, and Dewatering BMP.

### □ Aquatic Invertebrate BMPs

- For projects within the range of a SGCN or state-listed species and work is adjacent to water: Water Quality and Stream Crossing BMP
- For projects within the range of a SGCN or state-listed species and work is in the water: Water Quality, Stream Crossing, and Dewatering BMP.
- For spring-seep associated caddisflies (Cheumatopsyche morsei, Chimarra holzenthali, and Hydroptila ouachita): Avoid or minimize impacts to the natural riparian buffer along stream channel including native shrubs and trees.

### Crayfish BMP

- For projects within the range of a SGCN or state-listed species and work is adjacent to water: Water Quality and Stream Crossing BMP. For projects within the range of a SGCN or state-listed
- species and work is in the water: Water Quality, Stream Crossing, and Dewatering BMP.
- Avoid or minimize impacts to the natural riparian buffer that provides terrestrial and aquatic plant matter for the diet of most cravfish species.

### Freshwater Mussel BMP

- In addition to Water Quality and Stream Crossing BMP, follow the most recent, ¹/₃₂ TPWD³/₃₂ TxDOT Annual Work Plan for Pre-Construction Surveys, Aquatic Resources Relocations, and Other Best Management Practices to Avoid, Minimize, and
- When work is adjacent to the water Resources.³/₃₂ When work is adjacent to the water: Water Quality BMP implemented as part of the Texas Commission on Environmental  $\square$ Quality (TCEQ) Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for a construction general permit or any conditions of the 401 Water Quality Certification for the project will be implemented.

#### □ Insect Pollinator BMP

- Deep soil disturbances, such as, tilling or deep disking in areas that host aggregations of ground- nesting bees should be avoided. Tilling and disking also may promote the invasion or germination of non-native plants. Different species of native ground-nesting bees prefer different soil conditions, although research suggests that many ground In areas with these soil types consider leaving open patches of soil.
- Allow dead trees to stand (so long as they do not pose a risk to property or people) and protect shrubs and herbaceous plants with pithy or hollow stems (e.g., cane fruits, sumac, elderberry), as these provide nesting habitat for tunnel-nesting native bees. Retain dead or dying branches whenever it is safe and practical at the edges of the ROW. Wood- boring beetle larvae often fill dead trees and branches with narrow tunnels into which tunnel- nesting bees will establish nests. Additionally, bumble bees may choose to nest in wood piles.
- Retain rotting logs at edges of the ROW where some bee species may burrow tunnels in which to nest.

### □ Insect Pollinator BMP (Continued)

- Protect sloped or well-drained ground sites where plants are sparse and direct access to soil is available. These are the areas where ground-nesting bees may dig nests. Turning the soil destroys all ground nests that are present at that depth and hinders the emergence of bees that are nesting deeper in the around.
- Protect grassy thickets, or other areas of dense, low cover from mowing or other disturbance. These are the sites where bumble bees might find the nest cavities they need, as well as annual and perennial wildflowers that can provide important food resources.
- Where available and economical, native plants and seed should be procured from local eco-type providers. Seed mixes should be diverse and include as many ecoregion natives as possible ensuring full season floral resources. Species by Texas corregion can be found in the Texas Management Recommendations for Native Insect Pollinators in Texas document:
- https://tpwd.texas.gov/publications/pwdpubs/media/pwd*bk*w7000*1813.pdf Planting at least three different native flowering plants within each of three blooming periods are recommended (spring summer, early fall) in high rainfall regions of Texas. In drier regions of the state, a target of three native flowering plants wiťhin each of two blooming periods can be used.

### Small Mammal BMP

For Coues' rice rat (Oryzomys couesi aquaticus):

- □ Minimize impacts to wetland, resaca, oxbow Conversion of property containing cave or cliff features to transportation purposes should be avoided lake. and marsh habitats
- Water Quality BMP

### Fossorial Mammal BMP

- When a construction zone is adjacent to active BTPD burrows or pocket gopher mounds, erect barriers to discourage individuals moving through or into the construction area.
- When seeding or revegetation is planned in an area adjacent to BTPD burrows or pocket gopher mounds, a vegetative barrier should be considered in the planting to discourage dispersal into the ROW.

### Bat BMP

BMP:

DSHS:

MOU:

- For activities that have the potential to impact structures, cliffs or caves, or trees; a qualified biologist will perform a habitat assessment and occupancy survey of the feature(s) with roost potential as early in the planning process as possible or within one year before project letting.
- For roosts where occupancy is strongly suspected but unconfirmed during the initial survey, revisit feature(s) at most four weeks prior to scheduled disturbance to confirm absence of bats.
- □ If bats are present or recent signs of occupation (i.e., piles of guano, distinct musky odor, or staining and rub marks at potential entry points) are observed, take appropriate measures to ensure
- that bats are not harmed, such as implementing non-lethal exclusion activities or timing or phasing of construction. Exclusion devices can be installed by a qualified individual between September 1 and March 31. Exclusion devices should be used for a minimum of seven days when minimum nightime temperatures are above 50°F AND minimum daytime temperatures are above 70°F. Prior to exclusion, ensure that alternate roosting habitat is available in the immediate area. If no suitable roosting habitat is available, installation of alternate roosts is recommended to replace the loss of an occupied roost. If alternate roost sites are not provided, bats may seek shelter in other inappropriate sites, such as buildings, in the surrounding area.

Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100

List of Abbreviations MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic Best Management Practice TCEQ: Texas Commissic CCP: Construction General Permit CRPe: Contractor Responsible Person Environmental MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOI: Notice of Intent NOI: Notice of Termination THC: Texas Historico TPDES:Texas Pollutant Texas Department of State Health Services TPWD: Texas Parks and FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency FHWA: Federal Highway Administration NWP: Nationwide Permit TxDOT:Texas Departmen PCN: Pre-Construction Notification PSL: Project Specific Location T&F: Threatened and MOA: Memorandum of Aareement USACE:U.S. Army Corp Memorandum of Understanding Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure USFWS: U.S. Fish and I MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

ÿ

**-X** 

**-X** 

### □ Bat BMP (Continued)

 $\square$ 

 $\square$ 

 $\square$ 

 $\square$ 

 $\square$ 

 $\square$ 

If feature(s) used by bats are removed as a result of construction, replacement structures should incorporate bat-friendly design or artificial roosts should be constructed to replace these features.

Avoid unnecessary removal of dead fronds on native and ornamental palm trees in south Texas (Cameron, Hidalgo, Willacy, Kenedy, Brooks, Kleberg, Nueces, and San Patricio counties) from April 1 through October 31. If removal of dead fronds is necessary at other times of the year, limit frond removal to extended warms periods (nighttime temperatures = 55°F for at least two consecutive nights), so bats can move away from the disturbance and find new roosts.

Large hollow trees, snags (dead standing trees), and trees with shaqqy bark should be surveyed for colonies and, if found, should not be disturbed until the bats are no longer occupying these features. Post-occupancy surveys should be conducted by a qualified biologist prior to tree removal from the landscape.

Retain mature, large diameter hardwood forest species and native/ornamental palm trees.

In all instances, avoid harm or death to bats. Bats should only be handled as a last resort and after communication with TPWD.

### Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP

For projects within existing right-of-way (ROW) when work is in water or will permanently impact a water feature and potential habitat exists for the target species complete the following:

Minimize impacts to wetlands, temporary and permanent open water features, including depressions, and riverine habitats.

Maintain the existing hydrologic regime and any connections between wetlands and other aquatic features.

Use barrier fencing to direct animal movements away from construction activities and areas of potential

wildlife-vehicle collisions in construction areas directly adjacent, or that may directly impact, potential habitat for the target species.

Apply hydromulching and/or hydroseeding in areas for soil stabilization and/or revegetation of disturbed areas around wetlands and in riparian areas. If erosion control blankets or mats will be used, the product should not contain netting, but should only contain loosely woven natural fiber netting in which the mesh design allows the threads to move, therefore allowing expansion of the mesh openings.

Plastic netting should be avoided. Project specific locations (PSLs) proposed within state-owned ROW should be located in uplands away from aquatic features.

When work is directly adjacent to the water, minimize impacts to shoreline basking sites (e.g., downed trees, sand bars, exposed bedrock) and refugia/overwinter sites (e.g., brush and debris piles, crayfish burrows, aquatic logjams, and leaf packs).

	Texas Department of Transportation					
	EPIC	SHEE	T SUPPLEM	ENTALS		
TPWD BMPs						
Revised 02/24/2022						
	-		SHEET	2 OF 3		
on on Environmental Quality al Commission	FED.RD. DIV.NO.		PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.		
t Discharge Elimination System	6			US 83		
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	05 85		
nd Wildlife Department	STATE					
ent of Transportation d Endangered Species	TEXAS	PHR	STARR	SHEET		
ent of Transportation		PHR	STARR JOB	SHEET NO.		

Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP (Continued)	<u>Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP (Continued)</u>	OTHER PERTIN
<ul> <li>If gutters and curbs are part of the roadway design, install gutters that do not include the side box inlet and include sloped (i.e., mountable) curbs to allow small animals to leave roadway. If this modification to the entire curb system is not possible, install sections of sloped curb on either side of the storm water drain for several feet to allow small animals to leave the roadway. Priority areas for these design recommendations are those with nearby wetlands or other aquatic features.</li> <li>For projects that require acquisition of additional ROW and work within that new ROW is in water or will permanently impact a water feature, implement BMP for projects within existing ROW above plus those below:</li> <li>For sections of roadway adjacent to wetlands or other aquatic features, install wildlife barriers that prevent climbing. Barriers should terminate at culvert openings in order to funnel animals under the road. The barriers should be of the same length as the adjacent feature or 80 feet long in each direction, or whichever is the lesser of the two.</li> <li>For culvert extensions and culvert replacement/installation, incorporate measures to funnel animals toward culverts such as concrete wingwalls and barrier walls with overhangs.</li> <li>When riprap or other bank stabilization devices are necessary, their placement should not impede the movement of terrestrial or aquatic wildlife through the water feature. Biotechnical streambank stabilization of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>After project is complete, revegetate disturbed areas with an appropriate locally sourced native seed mix. If erosion control blankets or mats will be used, the product should not contain nylon netting, but should only contain loosely woven natural fiber netting in which the mesh design allows the threads to move, therefore allowing expansion of the mesh openings. Plastic netting should be avoided.</li> <li>Black-spotted newt/Mexican Burrowing toad/ Mexican treefrog/ Strecker's chorus frog/White-lipped frog/Woodhouse's toad</li> <li>Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP</li> <li>Vegetation BMP</li> <li>Vegetation BMP</li> <li>Sheep Frog</li> <li>Minimize disturbance to burrows or downed woody debris Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP Vegetation BMP</li> <li>Sheep Frog</li> <li>Minimize disturbance to burrows or downed woody debris Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP</li> <li>Vegetation BMP</li> <li>Vegetation BMP</li> <li>South Texas Siren (Large Form)</li> <li>Minimize impacts to warm, shallow waters with vegetative cover such as ponds and ditches</li> <li>Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP</li> <li>Water Quality BMP</li> <li>Vegetation BMP</li> </ul>	Trifold Avai     Ocelot     Pelica     Ashy d     Stockcards A     Mitiga     Texas     Harves
<ul> <li>vegetative and structural materials should be used.</li> <li>Ierrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP         <ul> <li>For open trenches and excavated pits, install escape ramps at an angle of less than 45 degrees (1:1) in areas left uncovered, Visually inspect excavation areas for trapped wildlife prior to backfilling</li> <li>Avoid or minimize disturbing or removing cover objects, such as downed trees, rotting stumps, brush piles, and leaf litter. If avoidance or minimization is not practicable, consider removing cover objects prior to the start of the project and replace them at project completion.</li> <li>Examine heavy equipment stored on site before use, particularly after rain events when reptile and amphibian movements occur more often, to ensure use will not harm individuals that might be seeking temporary refuge.</li> <li>Due to increased activity (mating) of reptiles and amphibian during the spring, construction activities before October when reptiles and amphibians become less active and may be using burrows in the project area is also encouraged.</li> <li>If Texas tortoises (Gopherus berlandieri) or box turtles (Terrepene spp.) are present in a project area, they should be removed from the area and relocated between 100 and 200 meters from the project specific locations should be fenced off to exclude reentry by turtles, tortoises, and other reptiles. The exclusion fence should be constructed and maintained as follows:</li> </ul></li></ul>	Black-striped snake/ Eastern box turtle/Northern cat-eyed snake/Plateau spot-tailed earless lizard/ Reticulate collared lizard/ Slender glass lizard/ Speckler racer/Tamaulipan spot-tailed earless lizard/ Texas Indigo snake/ Western box turtle/Western hognose snake/Western massasauga Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP Vegetation BMP Rio Grande River Cooter Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP Water Quality BMP Texas Horned Lizard Avoid harvester ant mounds in the selection of Project Specific Locations (PSLs). Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP Vegetation BMP Lexas Tortoise Utility trenches should be covered overnight or visually inspected before filling to avoid burial of the species Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP Vegetation BMP	
<ul> <li>The exclusion fence should be constructed with metal flashing or drift fence material.</li> <li>Rolled erosion control mesh material should not be used.</li> <li>The exclusion fence should be buried at least 6 inches deep and be at least 24 inches high.</li> <li>The exclusion fence should be maintained for the life of the project and only removed after the construction is completed and the disturbed site has been revegetated.</li> </ul>	Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100         List of Abbreviations         BMP:       Best Management Practice       MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic         CCP:       Construction General Permit       MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act         DSHS:       Texas Department of State Health Services       NOT: Notice of Intent         FEMA:       Federal Emergency Management Agency       NWP: Nationwide Permit         FHWA:       Federal Highway Administration       NWP: Nationwide Permit         MOL:       Memorandum of Agreement       PSL:       Project Specific Location         MOU:       Memorandum of Understanding       SPCC:       Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure	TCEQ: Texas Commission or THC: Texas Historical Cc TPDES:Texas Pollutant Dis TPWD: Texas Parks and Wil TxDD1:Texas Department of T&E: Threatened and Endc USACE:U.S. Army Corp of E

**— X** 

**— X** 

**--**×

TINENT INFORMATION

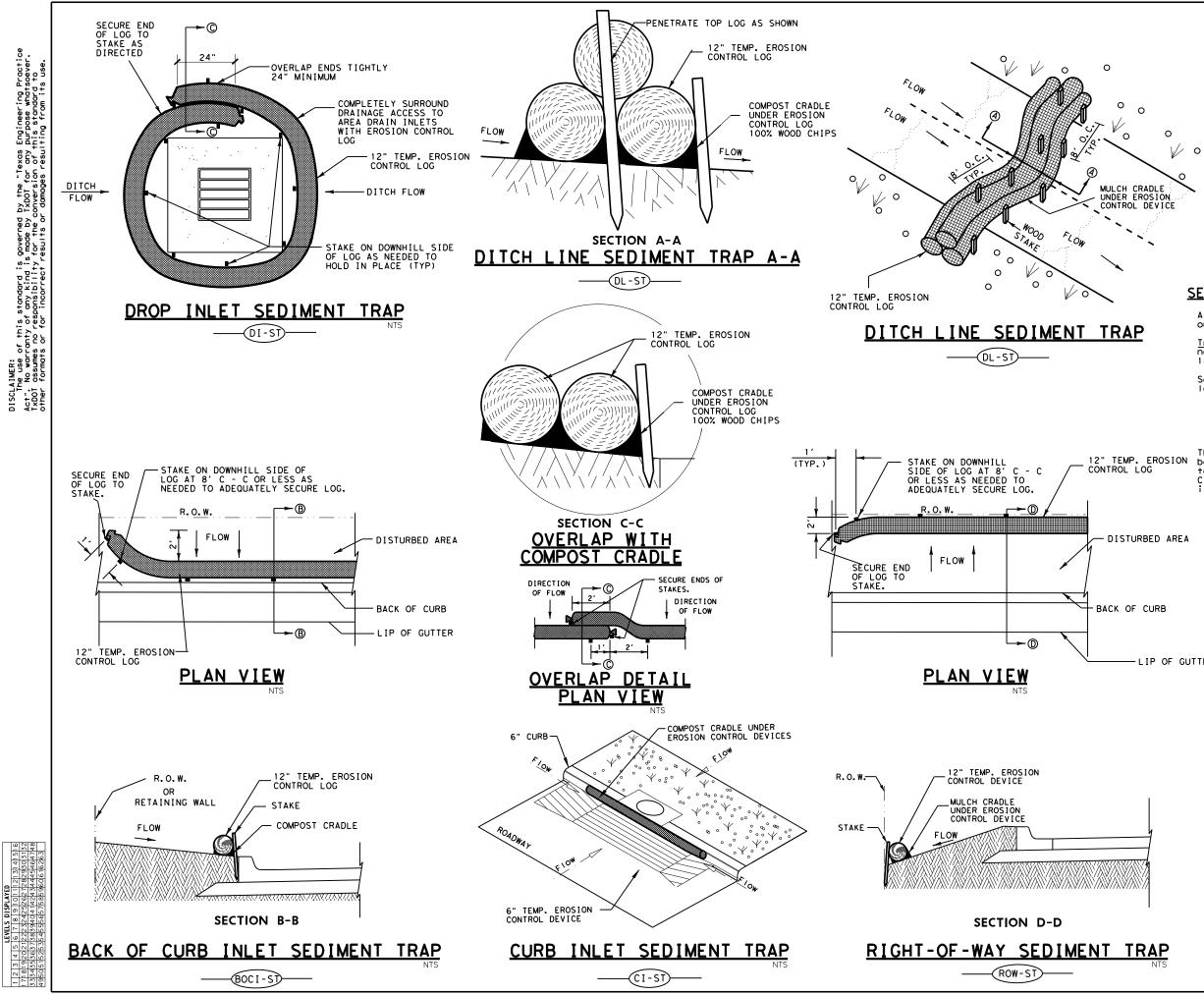
### <u>vailable</u>

lot information ican information y dogweed

### <u>s Available</u>

igatory Bird Treaty Act us Tortoise vester Ants and Horn Lizards

	Texas Department of Transportation						
	EPIC SHEET SUPPLEMENTALS						
		TPW	D BMP	S			
Revised 02/24/2022	Revised 02/24/2022						
	-		SHEE	T 3 OF 3			
on on Environmental Quality 11 Commission	FED.RD. DIV.NO.		PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.			
Discharge Elimination System	6			US 83			
d Wildlife Department at of Transportation	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	05 85			
	TEXAS	PHR	STARR	SHEET			
Endangered Species	1 12/23						
of Engineers Vildlife Service	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.			





(DI-ST) DROP INLET SEDIMENT TRAP

DITCH LINE SEDIMENT TRAP

BOCI-ST) BACK OF CURB INLET SEDIMENT TRAP

(ROW-ST) RIGHT OF WAY SEDIMENT TRAF

CURB INLET SEDIMENT TRAP

### SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment trap may be used to precipitate sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

<u>Traps</u>: the drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Sediment traps should be placed in the following In Immediately preceding drain inlets 2. Just before the drainage enters a water course

- Just before the drainage leaves the right of way Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project 4.

The trap should be cleaned when the capacity has been reduced by  $\frac{1}{2}$  or the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1', whichever is less. Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for seperately.

-LIP OF GUTTER

### GENERAL NOTES

- LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE INTENDED. MAXIMUM LENGTH OF LOGS SHALL BE 30' FOR 12" DIAMETER LOGS.
   UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOC WILL
- CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE
- SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS, USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH. 3. STUFF LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL TO ACHIEVE DENSITY THAT WILL HOLD SHAPE
- WITHOUT EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION.
  STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD
  4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT
  2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG.
  COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL AND WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.

#### PHARR DISTRICT STANDARD



### TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOGS TECL-17 (PHR)

FED.RD. DIV.NO.		HIGHWAY NO.	
6			US 83
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	PHARR	STARR	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	89
0038	07	083	