INDEX OF SHEETS

SEE SHEET 2

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE HIS OWN INVESTIGATIONS AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR DELIVERY OF MATERIALS.

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION OR BC SHEETS AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

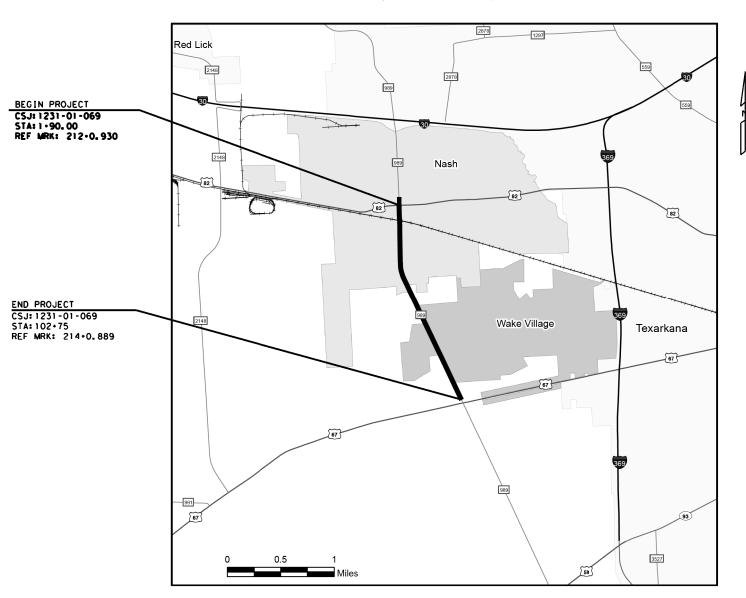
FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. F2023(683)

FM 989 BOWIE COUNTY

PROJECT NET LENGTH : 10,085.00 FT 1.91 MI. LIMITS: FROM US 82 TO US 67

CSJ: 1231-01-069

CONSTRUCTION OF THE OVERLAY OF AN EXISTING ROADWAY CONSISTING OF PLANING, ACP SURFACE, AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATIONS ADDRIED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 2022)

EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS: TEXAS NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD (TNER) STA 9-55 (LAT. 33.440399, LONG. -94.130786)

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DĪV. NO.		NO.					
6		1					
STATE	DIST.		COUNTY				
TEXAS	ATL		BOWIE				
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	H [GHW	AY NO.			
1231	01	069	FM	989			
	ADT	(2021)	= 11,218				

ADT (2041) = 15,705 FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION: MINOR ARTERIAL DESIGN SPEED = N/A

FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE:
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$
CONTRACTOR :
CONTRACTOR ADDRESS:
LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHANGES:

THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PREFORMED IN SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONTRACT.

P.E.

DATE

Texas Department of Transportation

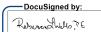
RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 3/3/2023 -DocuSigned by:



3B337C5031074A4...
DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

3/3/2023



— 23686C08B28F4A0...
DISTRICT ENGINEER

1V BONIE PROJ. NO. F2023 (683) NO. PU 989 LETTÍNG DATE MAY 2023 ACCEPTED

COUNT HWY. DATE

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	3-4	TYPICAL SECTIONS
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=	21	TCP(ATL-18)-15 (ATLANTA DISTRICT STANDARD)
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WZ (STPM) -23

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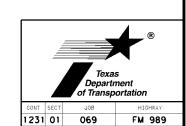
ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES STANDARDS

45 EPIC



INDEX OF SHEETS

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE BY A '*' HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



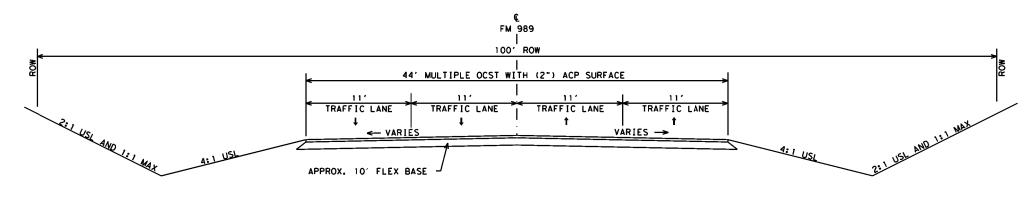
PROPOSED SECTION

*STA. 3+00.00 TO 1+55.60 STA. 2+42.90 TO STA. 96+75.00

* NOTE: ALL PREP ROW TO BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO ACP SURFACE PLACEMENT

* SEE INTERSECTION LAYOUT FOR STA 1.55.60 TO 2.42.90

* SEE INTERSECTION LAYOUT FOR MORE DETAILS

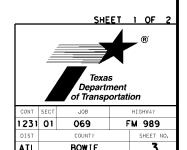


GLENN R. YOWELL 92077 1/CENSED SS JONAL ENGLAPE 3-2-23

EXISTING SECTION

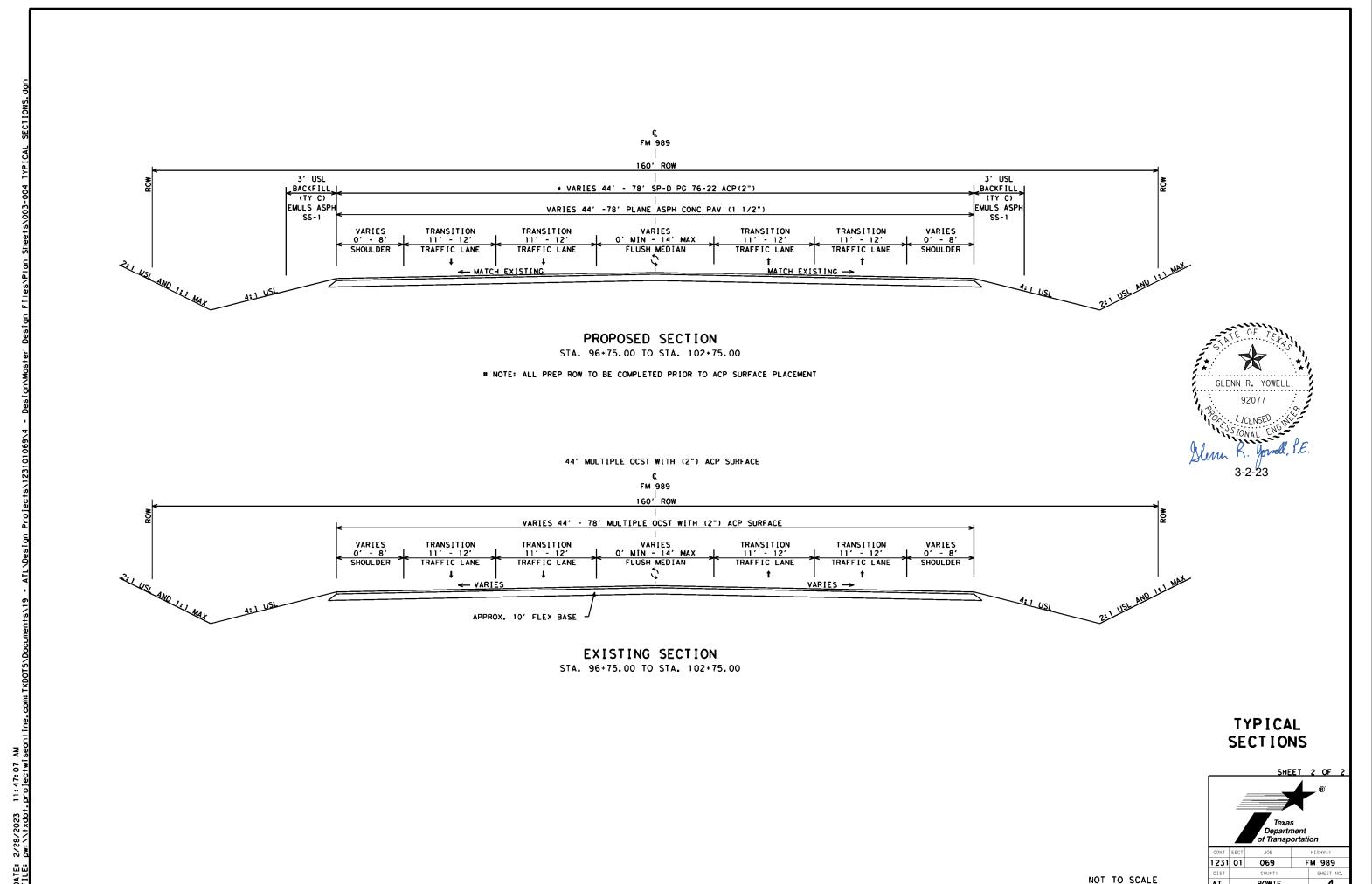
STA. 3+00.00 TO 1+55.60 STA. 2+42.90 TO STA. 96+75.00

TYPICAL SECTIONS



NOT TO SCALE

DATE: 2/28/2023 11:46:29 AM FILE: Dw:\\txdot, projectwiseonline, com: TXDOT5\Documents\19



Control: 1231-01-069

County: Bowie Highway: FM 989

GENERAL NOTES:

General Requirements and Covenants:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individuals:

Sheet:

Tommy Bruce, P.E. – Area Engineer Tommy.Bruce@Txdot.gov Dana Moore, P.E. – Assistant Area Engineer Dana.Moore@Txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

 $\underline{https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors}$

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

All roadside signs, mailbox supports, delineators, and object markers located within the project limits shall be plumbed as part of the final cleanup. This work will not be paid for separately but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

ITEM 5 – Control of the Work:

Place construction points, stakes, and marks at intervals of no more than 100 ft., or as directed. Place stakes and marks so as not to interfere with normal maintenance operations.

Contact all utility companies for the exact location of underground utilities before boring, trenching or any other work that might interfere with or damage existing utilities.

Repair any damage caused to utilities by Contractor operations at own expense and restore service in a timely manner.

Control: 1231-01-069 Sheet: 5

County: Bowie Highway: FM 989

ITEM 6 - Control of Material:

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

ITEM 7 – Legal Relations and Responsibilities:

This project is considered a maintenance activity and is exempt from the Construction General Permit (CGP) coverage.

Transmit copies of correspondence between Contractor and resource agencies as listed in Article 7.7 "Preservation of Cultural and Natural Resources and the Environment".

Work in this contract is required to be done on railroad property. Cooperate with the railroads and comply with all their requirements including obtaining any training they require before performing work on railroad property.

No significant traffic generator events.

ITEM 8 – Prosecution and Progress:

All work other than Preparing Right of Way is to be completed from 8:00 pm to 6:00 am unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Preparing Right of Way is to be completed during daytime hours.

Working days for nighttime work and daytime work will be charged in accordance with Section 8.3.3.2.2 "Nighttime Work and Daytime Work."

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Control: 1231-01-069

County: Bowie Highway: FM 989

ITEM 100 – Preparing Right of Way:

Preparing Right of Way is to be completed prior to beginning any other work on the project unless otherwise directed or approved by the Engineer.

Sheet:

Do not burn trash, debris, etc. within the City limits without prior written city approval.

ITEM 134 – Backfilling Pavement Edges:

After the application of fertilizer apply an emulsified asphalt treatment, consisting of SS-1 asphalt, at a rate of 0.3 gal. per sq. yd.

ITEM 164 – Seeding for Erosion Control:

PERMANENT PLANTING MIXTURE

Species and Rates

(lb. PLS/ac.)

(Season: February 1 to May 15)

Green Sprangletop 0.4 Bermudagrass 2.4

Sand Lovegrass 1.0

Lance-Leaf Coreopsis 1.25

(Season: September 1 to November 30)

Bermuda (Unhulled) 12

Crimson Clover 10

TEMPORARY SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL

Warm Season

(Season: May 15 to August 31)

Bermudagrass

6

Foxtail Millet 34

Cool Season

(Season: September 1 to November 30)

Tall Fescue 4.5

Oats 24

Wheat 34

Adjust the seeding mixture and rates if directed.

General Notes Sheet C

Control: 1231-01-069 Sheet: 5A

County: Bowie Highway: FM 989

Inoculate crimson clover seed with a legume inoculant. Sow inoculated seed dry, with either hand operated or mechanical equipment, after the fertilizer is placed.

Do not use Bahia grass.

Use broadcast seeding for temporary erosion control, when and as directed. This will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to the various bid items.

Use additional temporary seeding if permanent seeding is placed outside the optimum growing season shown for this item, if directed.

Mow tall growing vegetation as directed, to provide optimum growing conditions for temporary or permanent seeded areas in accordance with Item 730 "Roadside Mowing" except for measurement and payment. This work will be subsidiary to pertinent bid items.

Repair mulch sod, damaged by causes other than the Contractor's operations, as directed using mulch sod, seeding, and fertilizer. This work will be measured and paid for in accordance with the applicable bid items of the contract.

ITEM 166 - Fertilizer:

When seeding between September 1 and January 1, place one-half of the amount of fertilizer specified for seeding with the seeds and place the remainder the following spring unless otherwise directed. When seeding is placed between January 1 and June 1, place one-half the amount of fertilizer specified for seeding with the seeds and place the remainder 30 days later unless otherwise directed.

Apply fertilizer (13-13-13) at a rate of 300 lbs. /5000 sq. yds.

ITEM 301 – Asphalt Antistripping Agents:

Add hydrated lime to the aggregate by the following method only: mix in an approved pug mill mixer with damp aggregate containing water at least 2% above saturated surface dry conditions.

ITEM 320 – Equipment for Asphalt Concrete Pavement:

Provide a Material Transfer Device (MTD) with remixing capability.

General Notes Sheet D

Control: 1231-01-069 County: Bowie

County: Bowie Highway: FM 989

ITEM 354 – Planing and Texturing Pavement:

The Contractor shall retain ownership of planed materials.

ITEM 502 – Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling:

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Sheet:

Install temporary rumble strips in accordance with WZ(RS) wherever short duration or short-term stationary lane closures are in place and workers are present.

The Contractor's responsible person (CRP) will be responsible for ensuring that the signs and traffic control devices are in place and functioning properly.

The CRP will inspect and ensure any deficiencies are corrected each and every day throughout the duration of this contract. Notify the Engineer in writing of the name, address, and telephone number of this employee or these employees.

No partial lane widths are to remain unplaned at the end of each night's planing operations. Plane only a length of roadway that can be completed a full lane width by the end of the working day.

Begin ACP laydown operations after the planing operations as soon as it is feasible. The distance that the planing operation is ahead of the ACP laydown operation may be adjusted by the Engineer.

Length of lane closures will be as directed based on the demonstrated ability to prosecute the work within the closed section.

Maintenance of driveways and intersections will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to the pertinent bid items.

Restrict the movement of equipment across traffic lanes to an absolute minimum.

Use strobe lights or rotating beacons on all motorized equipment, operating on or adjacent to the road surface.

Control: 1231-01-069 Sheet: 5B

County: Bowie Highway: FM 989

Place and maintain U.S. mailboxes within project limits in such a manner as to ensure continuous mail service. See BC Standard for more information.

<u>ITEM 506 – Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental</u> Controls:

Place erosion or pollution control measures deemed necessary by the Engineer. Work performed for which there is no applicable pay items in the contract will be reimbursed in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method".

ITEM 585 – Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces:

Use surface test Type B pay adjustment Schedule 1 to evaluate ride quality of the travel lanes in accordance with this Item.

ITEM 662 – Work Zone Pavement Markings:

Non-removable pavement markings may be paint and beads.

ITEM 666 - Reflectorized Pavement Markings:

Furnish and place a double drop of Type II and Type III drop-on glass beads.

Place pavement markings only after the surface treatment has cured to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Place pavement markings within 14 days after completion of the final surface.

Mark the lateral locations of pavement markings with pilot lines. Obtain approval of the location and alignment of the pilot lines before application of permanent markings.

A mobile unit will be required to take reflectivity readings, readings will be taken on all lines in both directions. The mobile reflectivity readings will not be paid for separately but will be subsidiary to this bid item. Strict compliance with report output will be exercised in accordance to this general note. Information for each road must be together in the same file and submitted on a USB thumb drive. Submit a table of contents for each USB thumb drive. Each thumb drive will contain a customer interactive report that generates a color-coded map where the user can verify passing and failing sections of roadway. The color-coded map should match the color-coded graphs generated by the data in the computer. The graphs should have a color-coded portion or shaded area representing failing and passing. The map should be standard Google earth maps or

General Notes Sheet E Sheet F

Control: 1231-01-069

County: Bowie Highway: FM 989

equal. Reports need to be in numerical order by reference number, concurrent with direction, labeled and separated by color, and include the posting date. The format will require prior acceptance by the Engineer.

Sheet:

ITEM 668 – Prefabricated Pavement Marking:

Prefabricated Pavement Markings will be placed at locations as directed.

ITEM 3077 - Superpave Mixtures:

Use field sand with a sand equivalent value of at least 35 when sampled and tested in accordance with Tex-203-F.

The plant is the designated aggregate sampling location, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Construct longitudinal joints so that the hot side overlaps the cold side by 0.5 inch minimum at the joint.

Furnish clean 5-gallon plastic buckets with lids and wire handles for sampling, transporting, and shipping aggregate and base to the District Lab.

For hot-mix items, in place of typical tack material shown in Table 18 under Item 300, use a tracking resistant asphalt interlayer (TRAIL) material as a tack coat. Approved TRAIL products are found on TxDOT's Material Producer List under Asphalt Interlayer (Tracking Resistant) through http://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials.html.

There should be little to no evidence of tracking or pickup of the tack coat on the wheels of the equipment as determined by the Engineer. Use approved release agents or misters on equipment tires as necessary.

<u>ITEM 6001 – Portable Changeable Message Sign:</u>

Portable Changeable Message signs will be used on this contract. The Portable Changeable Message Signs will be used in advance of signal work where changing conditions may warrant the use of message boards. They may also be required at other locations as directed by the Engineer. The Engineer will provide the Contractor with the location and the messages to be displayed for each specific event. The Engineer or his representative will inspect each location once the Contractor has placed the message boards to verify that the placement and message is correct. The Contractor will change the message board location and modify the message being

Control: 1231-01-069 Sheet: 5C

County: Bowie Highway: FM 989

displayed as directed before leaving the location to the satisfaction of the Engineer or his representative. The Portable Changeable Message Signs will be paid for by the day after installed and fully operational. All locations that the Contractor will be called upon to use the Portable Changeable Message Signs will be for a minimum of 10 days. The Engineer will notify the Contractor when the Portable Changeable Message Signs are needed, and the Contractor will have the Portable Changeable Message Signs on location and fully operational in 5 working days. In cases of emergency the Contractor will have the Portable Changeable Message Signs on location and fully operational in 3 working days. Refer to traffic control plan sheets for typical temporary portable changeable message sign layout.

<u>Item 6056 – Preformed In-Lane (Transverse)/Centerline Rumble Strips:</u>

Supply all equipment and materials necessary for placement of In-Lane or Transverse Rumble Strips.

Do not place pavement markings until rumble strips are accepted by written acceptance.

Provide a 90-day performance period that begins the day following written acceptance for each separate location. The written acceptance does not constitute final acceptance.

Replacement of all In-Lane or Transverse Rumble Strips within in a separate location will be required when 30% loss of an individual rumble strips exists on 20% of the length of a location or when 500 mil thickness is not maintained. Visual evaluation will be used for these determinations. Upon request, the Engineer will allow a Contractor representative to accompany the Engineer on these evaluations.

Replace all In-Lane or Transverse Rumble Strips identified during the performance period within 30 days after notification. The end of the performance period does not relive the Contractor from the performance deficiencies requiring corrective action identified during the performance period.

No additional payment will be made for replacement of In-Lane or Transverse Rumble Strips failing to meet the performance requirements.

ITEM 6149 – All-Weather Thermoplastic Pavement Markings:

A mobile unit will be required to take reflectivity readings, readings will be taken on all lines in both directions. The mobile reflectivity readings will not be paid for separately but will be subsidiary to this bid item. Strict compliance with report output will be exercised in accordance to this general note. Information for each road must be together in the same file and submitted on a USB thumb drive. Submit a table of contents for each USB thumb drive. Each thumb drive will contain a customer interactive report that generates a color-coded map where the user can verify

General Notes Sheet G Sheet H

Control: 1231-01-069

County: Bowie Highway: FM 989

Control: 1231-01-069 Sheet: 5D

General Notes

County: Bowie Highway: FM 989

passing and failing sections of roadway. The color-coded map should match the color-coded graphs generated by the data in the computer. The graphs should have a color-coded portion or shaded area representing failing and passing. The map should be standard Google earth maps or equal. Reports need to be in numerical order by reference number, concurrent with direction, labeled and separated by color, and include the posting date. The format will require prior acceptance by the Engineer.

Use a mobile retroreflectometer that is prequalified at the Texas A&M Transportation Institute test facility. The prequalification is at the contractor's expense.

The required values of wet and dry readings will be strictly measured within this contract as per manufacturer's recommendations.

Placement of markings in proper alignment will be strictly enforced. Irregular lines placed on both sides of the existing markings or pilot line will not be accepted.

ITEM 6185-Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA):

The shadow vehicle with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) will not be optional but will be required as shown on the appropriate traffic control plan sheets.

A total of one (1) shadow vehicle with TMA will be required for work. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA's needed for the project.

A total of two (2) shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for Pavement Marking Operations.

General Notes Sheet I

Sheet:



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 1231-01-069

DISTRICT Atlanta **HIGHWAY** FM 989

COUNTY Bowie

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	1231-01	-069			
		PROJI	ECT ID	A00061	.436			
		CC	DUNTY	Bowi	e	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL	
		HIG	HWAY	FM 98			FINAL	
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION		EST.	FINAL			
	100-6002			9.000		9.000		
	100-6004	PREPARING ROW(TREE)(12" TO 24" DIA)	EA	3.000		3.000		
	134-6003	BACKFILL (TY C)	STA	101.000		101.000		
	164-6070	BOND FBR MTRX SEED (PERM) (URBAN)(SAND)	SY	2,521.000		2,521.000		
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	108.400		108.400		
	354-6041	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1.5")	SY	51,672.000		51,672.000		
	354-6146	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1.5'-2")	SY	1,300.000		1,300.000		
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000		
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	2.000		2.000		
	644-6060	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(P)	EA	2.000		2.000		
	662-6005	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)6"(BRK)	LF	4,700.000		4,700.000		
	662-6037	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	21,553.000		21,553.000		
	662-6064	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(BRK)	LF	2,124.000		2,124.000		
	662-6096	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(BRK)	LF	4,860.000		4,860.000		
	668-6076	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (24") (SLD)	LF	236.000		236.000		
	668-6077	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	EA	7.000		7.000		
	668-6083	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (LNDP ARROW)	EA	4.000		4.000		
	668-6085	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD)	EA	7.000		7.000		
	668-6089	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (RR XING)	EA	4.000		4.000		
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	204.000		204.000		
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	364.000		364.000		
	3077-6065	SP MIXESSP-DSAC-A PG76-22	TON	5,711.000		5,711.000		
	3077-6075	TACK COAT	GAL	7,789.000		7,789.000		
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000		
	6056-6001	PREFORMED IN-LANE(TRANS) RUMBLE STRIP	LF	160.000		160.000		
	6149-6004	REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	LF	20,421.000		20,421.000		
	6149-6005	REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (BRK) (100MIL)	LF	4,700.000		4,700.000		
	6149-6010	REFL PAV MRK AWT (Y) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	LF	21,621.000		21,621.000		
	6149-6025	REFL PAV MARK AWT (W) 8" (SLD) (100 MIL	LF	1,488.000		1,488.000		
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	57.000		57.000		
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	18.000		18.000		
	02	RAILROAD FLAGGING: RAILROAD FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000		
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000		
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000		



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Atlanta	Bowie	1231-01-069	6

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	ROADWAY SUMMARY													
			1	1	2 354 6041	2 354 6146	2 3077 6065 3	3077 6075	134 6003	1 4 166	4 168 6001			
LOCATION STATION TO STATION		AVERAGE WIDTH	AREA	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1.5")	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1.5"-2")	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG76-22 (220 LB / SY)	TACK COAT (0.15 GAL / SY)	BACKFILL (TY C)	FERTILIZER (300 LBS/5,000 SY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING (80 MG/5,000 SY)				
			LF	SY	SY	SY	TON	GAL	STA	TON	MG			
3+00.00	-	1+55.60	44	706	456	250	78	106	1	0.01	0.8			
1+55.60	-	1+00.60	-	537	537	230	59	81	-	-	-			
1+90.00	-	2+42.90	-	500	500	230	55	75	-	-	-			
2+42.90	-	96+75.00	44	46,112	46,112	250	5,072	6,917	94	0.09	50.2			
96+75.00	-	102+75.00	61	4,067	4,067	340	447	610	6	0.01	3.2			
PROJ	PROJECT SUB-TOTALS				51,672	1,300	5,711	7,789	101	0.11	54.2			
TOTALS				51,672	1,300	5,711	7,789	101	-	-				

TRAFFIC CONTROL SUMMAR										
6185 6002	6185 6005									
TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)									
DAY	DAY									
57	18									
	6185 6002 TMA (STATIONARY) DAY									

5 TO BE USED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER

1 FOR CONTRACTOR INFORMATION ONLY

2 SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR MORE INFORMATION

3 SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR MORE INFORMATION

4 SEE PREPARING ROW FOR PROJECT TOTALS

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS											
			662 6005	662 6037	662 6064	662 6096					
LOCATION STATION TO STATION			WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(6")	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)(6")							
			LF	LF	LF	LF					
3+00.00	-	1+55.60	70	289	36	72					
2+42.90	-	96+75.00	4,330	18,864	1,953	4,248					
96+75.00 - 102+75.00		300	2,400	135	540						
	TOTALS	3	4,700	21,553	2,124	4,860					

PREPARING ROW												
			100 6002	100 6004	164 6070	1 6 166	6 168 6001					
STA	LOCATION TION TO ST		PREPARING ROW	PREPARING ROW (TREE) (12" TO 24" DIA)	BONDED FBR MTRX SEED (PERM)(URBAN)(SAND)	FERTILIZER (300 LBS/5,000 SY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING (80 MG/5,000 SY)					
			STA	EA	SY	TON	MG					
	35+25 LT		-	1	7	0.01	0.8					
	35+30 LT		-	1	7	-	-					
	35+35 LT		-	1	7	-	-					
42+40.00	-	45+40.00	3	-	833	0.09	50.2					
59+65.00	-	65+65.00	6	-	1,667	0.01	3.2					
PROJECT S	SUB TOTALS FR	OM ROADWAY	9	3	2521	0.11	54.2					
	TOTALS		9	3	2,521	0.22	108.4					

6 SEE ROADWAY SUMMARY FOR ADDITIONAL QUANITITES

	PAVEMENT MARKINGS & SIGNS SUMMARY														
			SIGNS			PREF.	AB				REFL	ECTIVE		RPM	
			644-6060	6056 6001	668 6076	668 6077	668 6083	668 6085	668 6089	6149 6004	6149 6005	6149 6010	6149 6025	672 6007	672 6009
LOCATION STATION TO STATION		OCATION IN SM RD SN PREFORMED IN- PREFAB PAV PREFAB PAV PR		PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (LNDP ARROW)	TY C (W) (LNDP PAV MRK TY C (W)		REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 6" (SLD) (100MIL) (BRK) (100MIL)		AWT (Y) 6" (SLD) AWT (W) 8"	REFL PAV MRK AWT (W) 8" (SLD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A			
			EA	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA EA EA	EA	LF	LF LF	LF	LF	EA	EA
3+00.00	-	1+55.60	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	289	70	289	144	7	4
7 US 82 @ I	M 989 INTI	ERSECTION	-	-	60	-	-	-	-	68	-	68	34	-	-
2+42.90	-	96+75.00	2	160	8 176	6	4	6	4	18,864	4,330	18,864	1310	197	240
96+75.00	-	102+75.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,200	300	2,400	-	-	120
TOTALS		2	160	236	7	4	7	4	20,421	4,700	21,621	1,488	204	364	

7 SEE INTERSECTION LAYOUT FOR MORE INFORMATION

QUANTITES INCLUDED FOR CROSSWALK AT 6' WIDTH AND STOP BARS. STOPBAR BETWEEN RAILROAD TRACKS AND CROSSWALK TO BE AT 20' FROM CROSSWALK AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER

MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARIES



CONT	SECT		JOB	HIGHWAY	
1231	01		069	FM 989	
DISTRICT			OUNTY	SHEET	
ΑT	L	Е	OWIE	7	

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

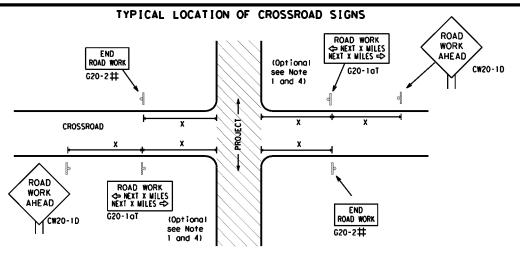
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
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9-07				COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
5-10	5-21	ATL	BOWIE				8	

ROAD

CLOSED R11-2



- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered port of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-laT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

CW1 -

CW13-1P

Channelizing Devices

Barricade or

channelizing

devices

Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE * * G20-9TP ¥ ¥ R20-5T ** R20-5gTP WORKERS AND PRESENT ROAD WORK <>> NEXT X MILES G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow G20-1bTR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-2bT ** Limit ¥ ¥ G20-9TP ZONE G20-6T * * R20-5T I FINES DOUBLE * * R20-5oTP ROAD WORK

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

SIZE

SPACING

Sign Number or Series Conventional Road Expressy Freewood CW204 CW21 CW22 CW22 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2,	-
CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2,	
	48"
CW7, CW8, 36" × 36" 48" × 4 CW9, CW11, CW14	48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48"

Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"	
МРН	Feet (Apprx.)	
30	120	
35	160	
40	240	
45	320	
50	400	
55	500 ²	
60	600 ²	
65	700 ²	
70	800 ²	
75	900 ²	
80	1000 ²	
*	* 3	

- ¥ For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS * *G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT LIMIT OBEY R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate * * R20-5T WORK WARNING * * G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1 - 4L SIGNS CW20-1D ROAD € ¥ R20-5oTP STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER R2-1 * * CW13-1P ROAD X X G20-61 WORK G20-10T * * R20-3T * * AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices ✧ ✧ \Diamond \Leftrightarrow ➾ ➾ Beginning of NO-PASSING ➾ ➾ SPEED END G20-26T * R2-1 LIMIT line should $\otimes \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK with sign When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still location NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

¥ ¥G20-9TP

X XR20-5T

X X R20-5aTP

SPEED

LIM11

-CSJ Limi

R2-1

ROAD WORK

CONTRACTOR

* *G20-5T

¥ ¥G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 * *

ROAD

WORK

∕₂ MILE

CW20-1E

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

ZONE

FINES

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

STAY ALERT

ALK OR TEXT LATER

OBEY

STONS

STATE LAW

➾

END G20-2bt *

R20-3T

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND					
Ι	Type 3 Barricade					
0	Channelizing Devices					
þ	Sign					
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

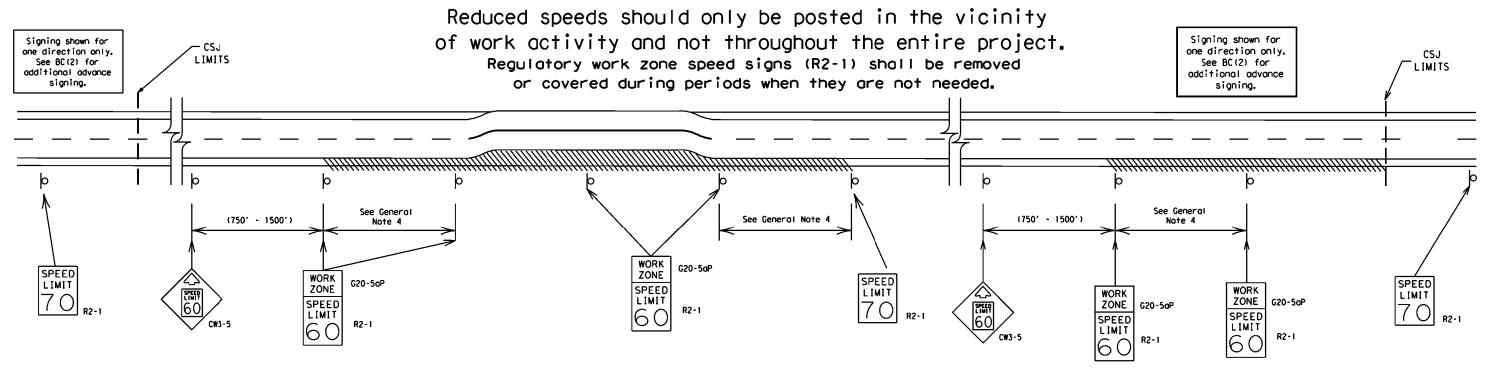
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9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	ATL		BOWIE			9	

PROJECT LIMIT

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

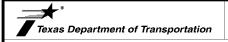
- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(3)-21

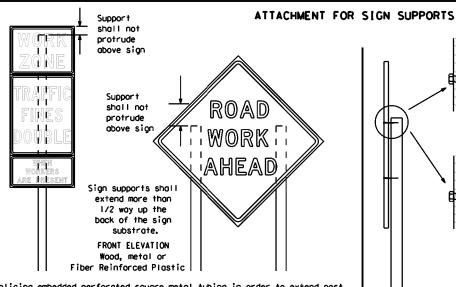
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97

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. XX MPH 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 0' -6' 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. 9.0' max. greater Paved Paved shoul der shou I dei

> * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind Wood the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

SIDE ELEVATION

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by ony means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

procedures for attaching sign

substrates to other types of

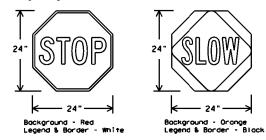
sign supports

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW poddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW poddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QU [REMEN]	IS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the IMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. [f there is a question recording installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- ldentification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Durgtion signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6° centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control dévice and shall not be suspended above ground level or
- hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) -21

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Welds to start on

going in opposite directions. Minimum

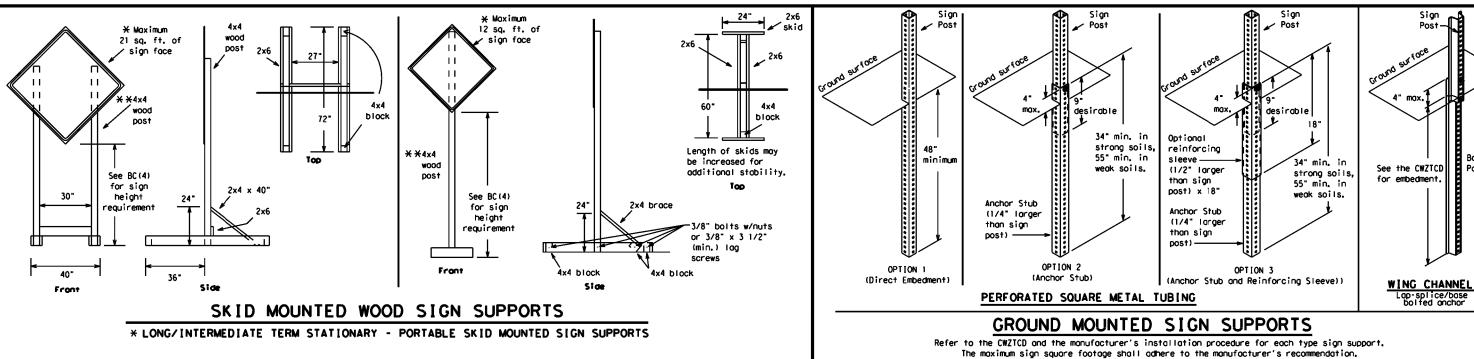
back fill puddle.

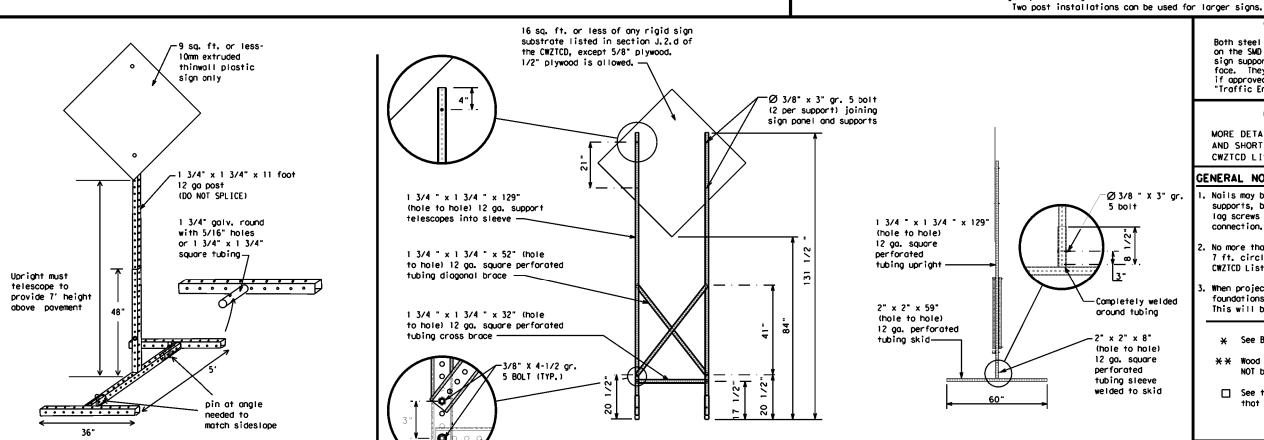
weld starts here

weld, do not

weld-

cas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any xXDT assumes no responsibility for the conversion esuits or damages resulting from its use.





32'

WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

SENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS * LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" × 2"

12 ga. upright

SINGLE LEG BASE

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," FOR. " AT. " etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RICHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	M]
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	\$
	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Express Lone	EXPWY	Street	ST
Expressway XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
		Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warnina	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT L[M[T
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD	RIGHT LN	RIGHT LN	TWO-WAY
CLSD AT	CLOSED	NARROWS	TRAFFIC
FM XXXX	XXX FT	XXXX FT	XX MILE
RIGHT X	RIGHT X	MERGING	CONST
LANES	LANES	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC
CLOSED	OPEN	XXXX FT	XXX FT
CENTER	DAYTIME	LOOSE	UNEVEN
LANE	LANE	GRAVEL	LANES
CLOSED	CLOSURES	XXXX FT	XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS	EXIT XXX	ROADWORK	ROADWORK
LANES	CLOSED	PAST	NEXT
CLOSED	X MILE	SH XXXX	FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL	X LANES	TRAFFIC	LANES
DRIVEWAY	CLOSED	SIGNAL	SHIFT

XXXXXXX BLVD * LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase CLOSED

XXXX FT

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

A		e/E Lis	ffect on Trav st	e I	Location List		Warning List		* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT		AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT		BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH		NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N		PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS		XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS		US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP				DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOULDER USE				DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
•	USE OTHER ROUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS						TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
se 2.	STAY IN LANE	 *			*	* See A	pplication Guide	elines M	Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

TUE - FRI

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations [H, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

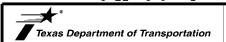
PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

CLOSED

- When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(?), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) -21

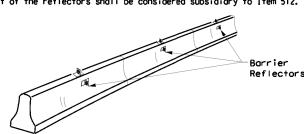
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9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
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Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

drum adjacent to the travel way.

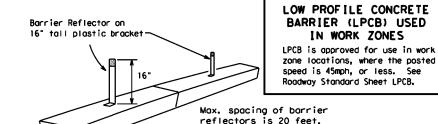
30 square inches

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



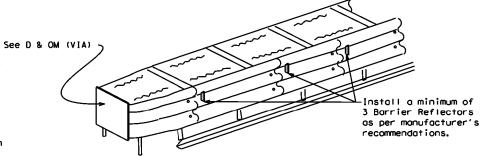
LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

IN WORK ZONES

Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apporopriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning lights menufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest LTE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

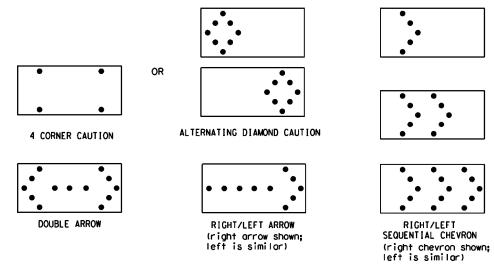
- 1. Type A flashing worning lights are intended to worn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the toper to the end of the merging toper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Worning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector focing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DWS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.

 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS												
TYPE	M[N[MUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE										
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile										
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile										

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

Traffic Safety Division Standard

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as

- the primary channelizing device. 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent
- sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

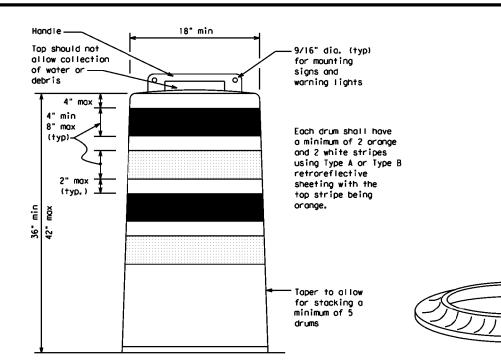
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

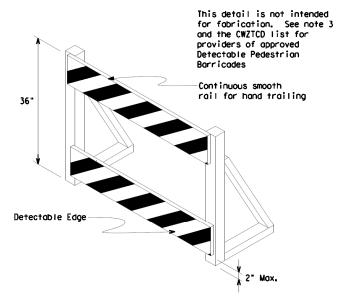
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

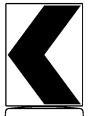
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrions with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, same concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" naminal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sian (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevran CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

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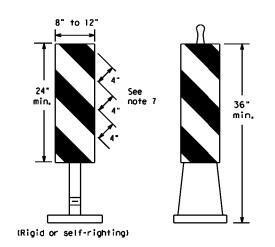


Traffic Safety Division

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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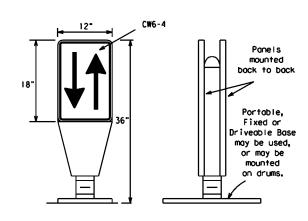


PORTABLE

- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

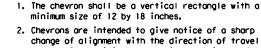
 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an achesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

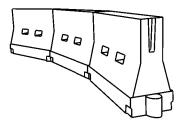


- and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type $B_{FL}\,\text{or}\,$ Type $C_{FL}\,\text{conforming}$ to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the IMUICD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

Support can be used)

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballosted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	l e	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices						
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	O∩ a Taper	On a Tangent					
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30′	60'					
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	701					
40		2651	295′	3201	40′	80′					
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90'					
50		5001	5501	600'	50′	100′					
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55′	110'					
60	L-#3	600'	6601	720'	60′	120'					
65		650'	715′	780'	65′	1301					
70		700′	770'	8401	701	140'					
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′					
80		8001	8801	9601	80′	160'					
	VV										

★★Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

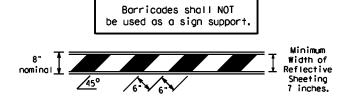
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(9)-21

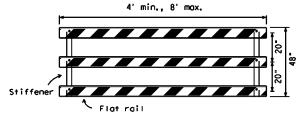
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1"
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

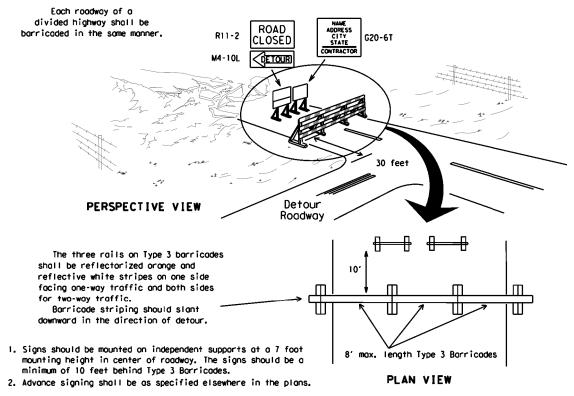


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



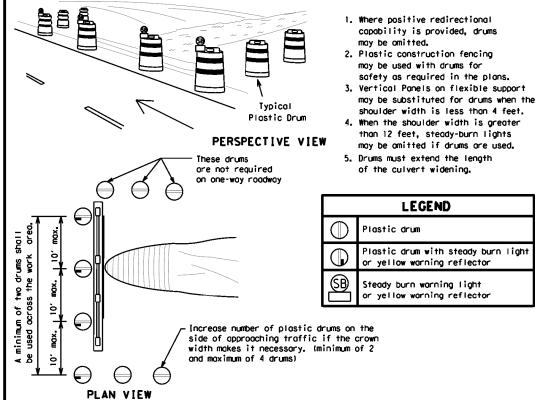
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones



CONES 4" min. orange ±2" min. ±4" min. white 2" min. 4" min. orange [6" min. _2" min. 2" min. \‡4[™] min. 4" min. white 42" min. 28" min.

2" min. [4" min.

2" to 6" 3" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker

FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

Alternate Alternate Drums, vertical panels or 42" cones Approx. Approx. 50' at 50' maximum spacing 50' Min. 2 drums or 1 Type 3 or 1 Type 3 barricade STOCKPILE On one-way roads Desirable downstream drums stockpile location Channelizing devices parallel to traffic or barricade may be is outside should be used when stockpile is omitted here clear zone. within 30' from travel lane. ✧ ➾

TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base. or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Comes or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

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Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated povement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

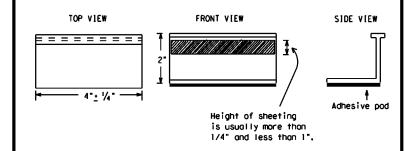
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type payement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-pointing of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic povement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two omber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised povement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

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Traffic Safety



Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

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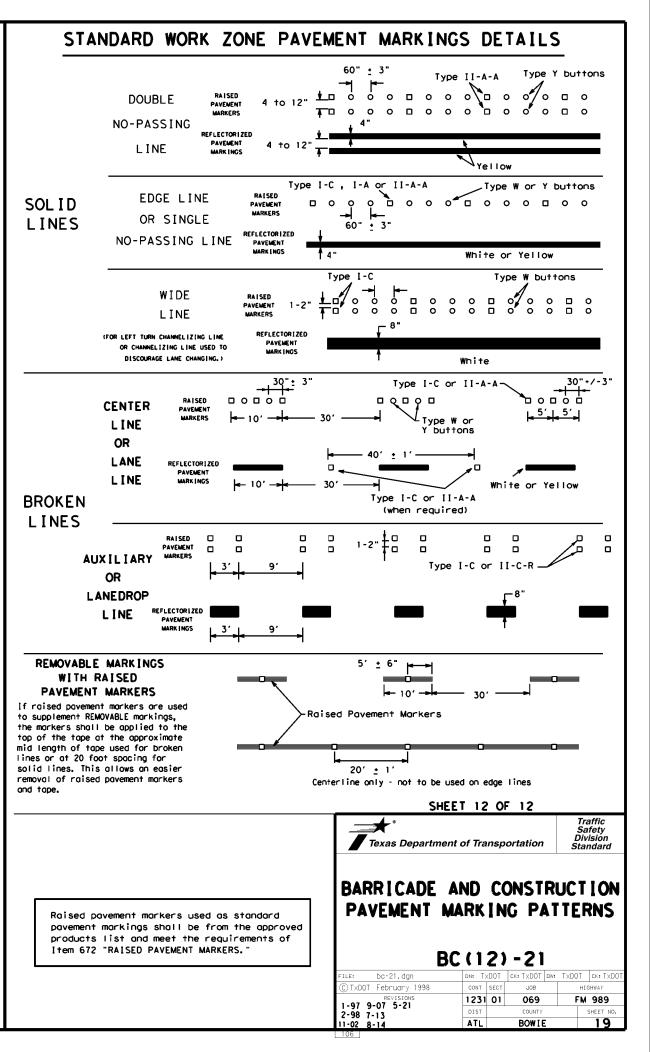


TABLE 1: Guidance for Choosing Whether a Lead Vehicle Is Needed on Spot Edge Repair, Spot Pothole Patching, Herbicide, Sweeping, Retroreflectivity Measurements, and Tab Placement/Removal.

Values	Speed (mph)	Type of Roadway						
Volume (ADT)		Two-Lane, Two-Way	Multilane Undivided	Multilane Divided				
<2000	<u>≤</u> 45	NO	NO	NO				
<2000	>45	NO	NO	NO				
<u>></u> 2000	<u>≤</u> 45	NO	NO	NO				
≥2000	>45	YES	YES	NO				

When a LEAD vehicle is not used, the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board.

TABLE 2: Guidance for Choosing Whether a Shadow/Trail/Advance Warning Vehicle is Needed on Spot Edge Repair, Spot Pothole Patching, Herbicide, Sweeping, Retroreflectivity Measurements, and Tab Placement/Removal.

		Type of Roadway										
Volume (ADT)			Two-Lane, Two-Way			Multilane Undivided			Multilane Divided			
		SHADOW	TRAIL	ADVANCE	SHADOW	TRAIL	ADVANCE	SHADOW	TRAIL	ADVANCE		
<2000	<u>≤</u> 45	YES	NO	NO	YES ¹	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES		
<2000	>45	YES	NO	NO	YES ¹	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES		
<u>></u> 2000	<u>≤</u> 45	YES	NO	NO	YES ¹	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES		
≥2000	>45	YES	YES	NO	YES ¹	YES	NO	YES	YES 2	YES		

¹The shadow vehicle may be omitted if the work vehicle does not encroach into a travel lane.

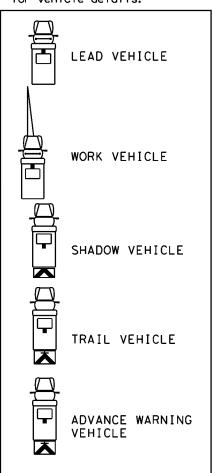
TABLE 3: Guidance for Choosing Whether a Shadow/Trail/Advance Warning Vehicle Is Needed on Striping, RPM Installation/Removal, and Shoulder Texture Operations.

	Speed (mph)	Type of Roadway										
Volume (ADT)		Two-Lane, Two-Way			Multilane Undivided			Multilane Divided				
		SHADOW	TRAIL	ADVANCE	SHADOW	TRAIL	ADVANCE	SHADOW	TRAIL	ADVANCE		
<2000	<u>≤</u> 45	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES		
<2000	>45	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES		
≥2000	<u>≤</u> 45	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES		
≥2000	>45	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES 2	YES		

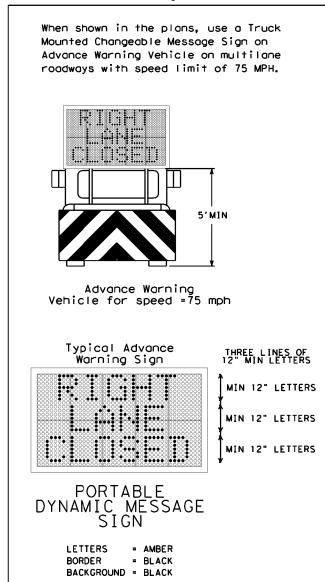
²For Right Lanc Closure, the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.

LIST OF VEHICLES

Refer to TCP(3-1) or TCP(3-2) for vehicle details.



Guidance for Using a Dynamic Message Sign on an Advance Warning Vehicle





TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TMA USAGE GUIDELINES

TCP (ATL-10)-14

E:	at I-10. dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
T×DOT	January 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	1231	01	069		FM	989
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ATL		BOWIE	Ē		20

²For Right Lane Closure, the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.

ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK WORK G20-2 AHEAD AHEAD 48" X 24" CW20-1D CW20-1D For nighttime closures, See 48" X 48" 48" x 48" Notes 5 & 11 place CW1-8 (18"x24") on Notes CW20-5TL CW20-5TL ↔ ↔ drums in accordance with 公 5 & 11 48" X 48" 48" X 48" BC(8) standard. LEFT LEFT LANE LANE ,CĒOSED CLOSED WHEN WORKERS ARE NO LONGER PRESENT BUT ROAD OR WORK CONDITIONS XXX FT XXXFT REQUIRE THE TRAFFIC CW16-3aP 30" X 12" CONTROL TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND WHEN APPROVED BY THE CW16-3aP 30" X 12" (See note 9) ENGINEER. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE SET TO ONLY CLOSE THE INSIDE SHOULDER, ALLOWING TRAFFIC TO TRAVEL IN INSIDE LANE. 18" X 24" Shadow Vehicle Shadow Vehicl with TMA with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. 100' Appro and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6) _ ↔ Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity 100' Approx rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Z, END ROAD WORK ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" G20-2 LEFT 48" X 24" CLOSED CW20-5TL Notes XXX FT CW16-3aP 30" X 12" \Diamond ROAD WORK TCP (ATL-18a) TCP (ATL-18b) AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48' TYPICAL DEPRESSED MEDIAN TYPICAL FLUSH MEDIAN LEFT LANE CLOSURE - WORK IN MEDIAN LEFT LANE CLOSURE - WORK IN MEDIAN

	LE(GEND		
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices	
Heavy Work Vehicle		K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)	
ŀ	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow	
Flag		•	Drum	

Speed	Formula	Desiroble		Spaci Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-в-
30	L = \frac{\ps^2}{60}	150′	1651	1801	30'	601	120'	90′
35		2051	225'	245'	35′	70′	160'	120′
40		265'	2951	3201	40'	80'	240'	1551
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90'	320'	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	501	1001	400'	240′
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	L-#3	600'	6601	7201	60′	120'	600,	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	7001	410′
70		7001	770′	8401	701	140'	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150'	900,	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
		1	1						

GENERAL NOTES

ROAD WORK

For nighttime closures,

place CW1-8 (18"x24") on

drums in accordance with

WHEN WORKERS ARE NO LONGER PRESENT BUT ROAD

OR WORK CONDITIONS

ENGINEER, TRAFFIC

THE CONTINUOUS

100'

REQUIRE THE TRAFFIC

CONTROL TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND WHEN APPROVED BY THE

CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE SET TO ONLY CLOSE

ALLOWING TRAFFIC TO TRAVEL IN INSIDE LANES.

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE,

Shadow Vehicle

with TMA and high intensity

LANE CLOSED

XXX FT

CW16-3aP 30" X 12"

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

CW20-5TL _48" x 48"

rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights.

G20-2

BC(8) standard.

分

┇

Notes

48" X 24"

- . All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. Duplicate construction warning signs shall be erected on the median side.

6. See BC Standards for additional sign details.

- 7. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 8. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 9. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 10. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

11. Median side signs shall be mounted at 7' height.

#A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the

work performance.

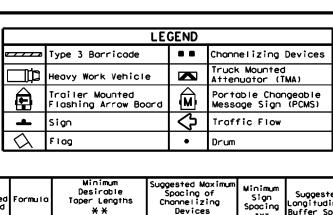
If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK IN MEDIAN

TCP (ATL-18)-15

FILE:	ati-18.agn	DN:	XDO I	CK: [XDO]	DW:	LXDOL	ck: [XD0]
© T×DOT	January 2014	CONT	CONT SECT JOB		HI	HIGHWAY	
4-15	REVISIONS	1231	01	069		FM 989	
4 13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ATL		BOWIE	:		21



Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30,	60′	120'	90′
35	L= WS2	2051	225′	2451	35′	701	160'	120′
40	80	265'	2951	3201	40′	80,	240'	155′
45		450'	4951	540′	45′	90′	3201	1951
50		5001	550′	6001	50°	1001	400'	240′
55	L=WS	5501	6051	6601	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	- ""	600'	660′	720′	60,	120′	600'	350′
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	130'	7001	410′
70		700'	770′	8401	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	1501	900'	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
			-	1					

GENERAL NOTES

END

ROAD WORK

XX | CW13-1P

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe

> CW1-4L 48" X 48"

> > CW20-5TR

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

XX MPH CW13-1P 24" X 24"

LANE

CLOSED

XXX FT

CW16-3aP 30" X 12"

T Sucons

TCP (ATL-19a)

TYPICAL FLUSH MEDIAN

TWO LANES CLOSED

이오

36" X 36"

G20-2 48" X 24"

WORK

AHEAD

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

For nighttime closures,

place CW1-8 (18"x24") on

drums in accordance with

BC(8) standard.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 6. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 8. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- The END ROAD WORK (620-2) sign may be amitted when it conflicts with 620-2 signs already in place on the project.
- 10. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting pavement markings, not the entire workzone.

A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

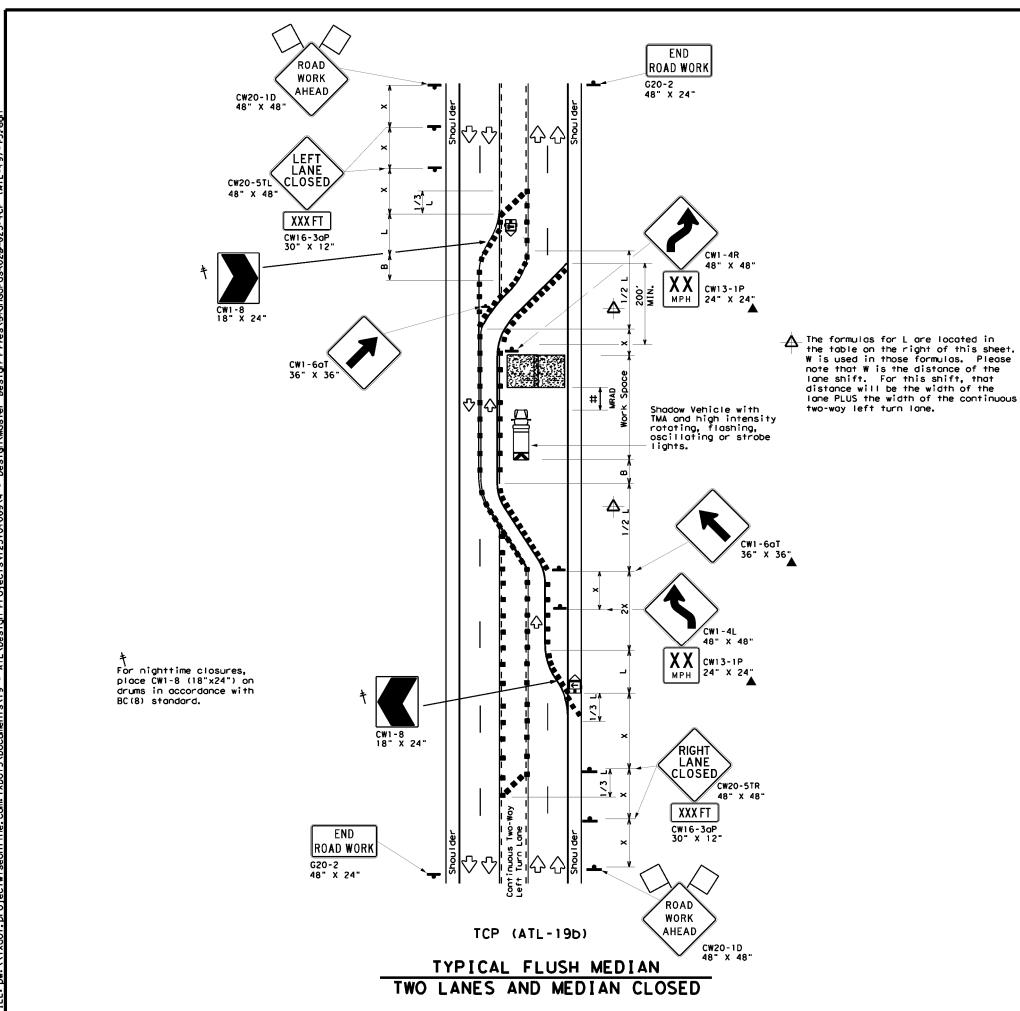
If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA. Texas Department of Transportation
Atlanta District Standard

Sheet 1 of 2

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
MULTIPLE LANE CLOSURE
(FLUSH MEDIAN)

TCP (ATL-19)-15

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) T×DOT	January 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
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-15		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ATI		BOW I E			22



	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flog	•	Drum							

Posted Speed	Formula	* * *			Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-в-	
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30,	60′	120′	90′	
35	L = WS2	2051	225'	245'	35′	701	160'	120′	
40	80	265'	2951	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′	
45		450'	4951	540′	45′	90'	320′	1951	
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100'	400'	240'	
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55′	110'	500′	295′	
60	1 - "3	600'	6601	7201	60′	120'	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	1301	7001	410′	
70		7001	770′	8401	70′	140'	800′	475′	
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150'	900'	540′	

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
		1	1	1				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain
- in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.

 3. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 6. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 7. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 8. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 9. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- 10. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting pavement markings, not the entire workzone.

#A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

▼ Texas Department of Transportation Atlanta District Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MULTIPLE LANE CLOSURE (FLUSH MEDIAN)

Sheet 2 of 2

TCP (ATL-19)-15

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T×DOT	January 2014	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
1.5	REVISIONS	1231	01	069		FM	989
15		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ΔTI		BOW I F			クマ

WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" END WORK ROAD WORK AHEAD LANE CW20-1D G20-2 48" X 24" 48" X 48" (Flags-CLOSED CW20-5TL See note 1) XXX FT CW16-3aP 30" X 12" (See note 4) MPH for 50 MPH or 3x for over 50 100' CW1-6aT 36" X 3 Shadow Vehicle with TMA and MIN 30. (See note 8)high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6) CW13-1P 24" X 24" __ . \(\frac{1}{2}\). Shadow Vehicle with— TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6) CW1-6aT 36" X 36' RIGHT LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR CW1 - 4L XXX FT 48" X 48' X X MPH CW16-3aP 30" X 12" (See note 4) CW13-1P 24" X 24" RIGHT LANE CLOSED ROAD WORK CW20-5TR 48" X 48 END ROAD G20-2 48" X 24" ROAD WORK WORK G20-2 48" X 24 CW16-3aP 30" x 12" XXX FT AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note note 4) ROAD TCP (2-4a) TCP (2-4b) WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1 ONE LANE CLOSED TWO LANES CLOSED

	LEGEND								
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

	\sim 1.	. 09				, ,,,,,,,,,			
Posted Speed *	Formulo	Top	Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacii Channe Dev	uggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
L^		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-в-	
30	ws²	1501	1651	1801	30′	60'	120'	90′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	351	701	160'	120′	
40	_ •	2651	2951	3201	40'	80,	240'	1551	
45		4501	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	1951	
50	1	5001	550′	600'	50'	100′	400'	240′	
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55′	110'	5001	295′	
60] - ""	600'	6601	7201	60′	120'	600'	350′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	700′	410′	
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	800,	475′	
75		7501	825′	900'	75′	150'	900,	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIO						
		√	✓			

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted. with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	1231	01	069	ı	FM 989	
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
4-98 2-18	ATL		BOWI	Ε	24	

No warranty of any for the conversion .980pt use.

ROAD WORK $\nabla |\nabla$ WORK END AHEAD END CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) AHEAD 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) ROAD WORK ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" G20-2 48" X 24" CLOSED CW20-5TL CW16-3aP 30" X 12" XXX FT Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 3 & 4) W WIN Povement Markings Shadow Vehicle with
TMA and high intensity
rotating, flashing,
oscillating or strobe
lights. (See notes 3 & 4) CW1-60T 36" X 36" Pavement Markings LANE CLOSED CW1 - 4L 48" X 48" XX CW20-5TR 48" X 48 CW13-1P MPH XXX FT CW16-3aP 30" X 12" 24" X 24" END ROAD WORK RIGHT G20-2 48" X 24" LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR 48" X 48" ROAD END WORK XXX FT CW16-3aP 30" X 12" ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) G20-2 48" X 24' ROAD TCP (2-5a) TCP (2-5b) WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) ONE LANE CLOSED TWO LANES CLOSED

	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>£</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПO	Flagger					

Posted Formula Speed		l Desirable I		Spaci. Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*	*		11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"
30	ws²	150′	1651	1801	30′	60,	1201	90,
35	L = WS	205'	2251	245'	35′	70′	1601	120'
40	6	265′	295′	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90,	320'	1951
50		500'	550'	6001	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110'	5001	295′
60	L-W3	600'	660′	7201	60′	1201	600'	350′
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	7701	8401	701	140′	800'	475′
75		750'	8251	900'	75′	150'	900'	540'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
			✓	<b>√</b>			

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substitutued for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- . The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

#### TCP (2-5a)

If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.

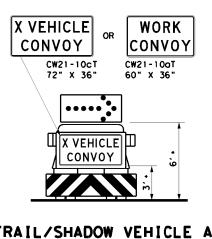


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LONG TERM LANE CLOSURES
MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL RDS.

TCP(2-5)-18

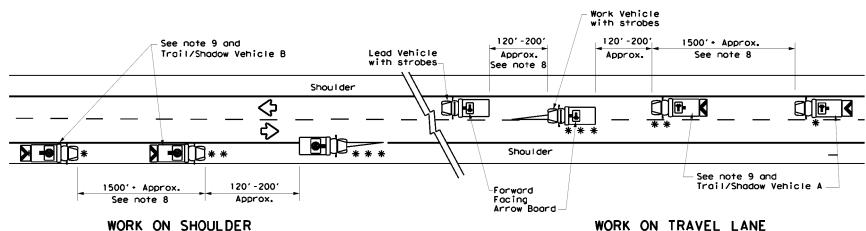
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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 2-12 REVISIONS	1231	01	069	ı	FM 989
1-97 3-03	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	ATL		BOWI	Ε	25

[165



# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



Lead Vehicle

with strobes-

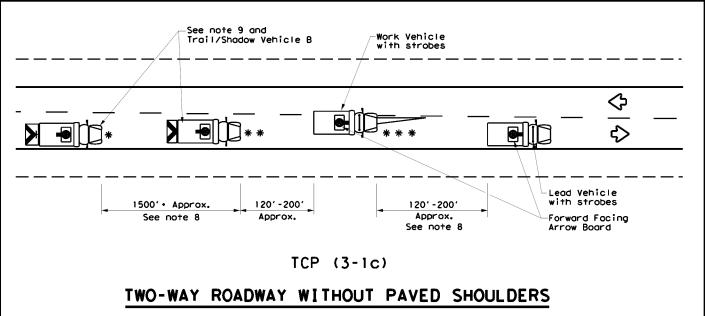
 $\Diamond$ 

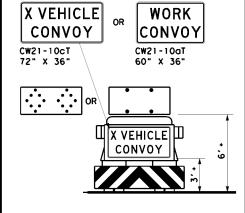
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TCP (3-1b)

# TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

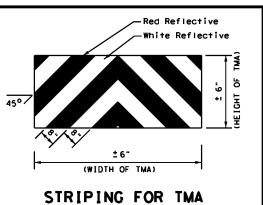
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND							
*	Trail Vehicle	- ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle							
* * *	Work Vehicle	<b></b>	RIGHT Directional					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>-</b>	LEFT Directional					
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>+</b>	Double Arrow					
\$\frac{1}{2}\$	Traffic Flow	•	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)					

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
4							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

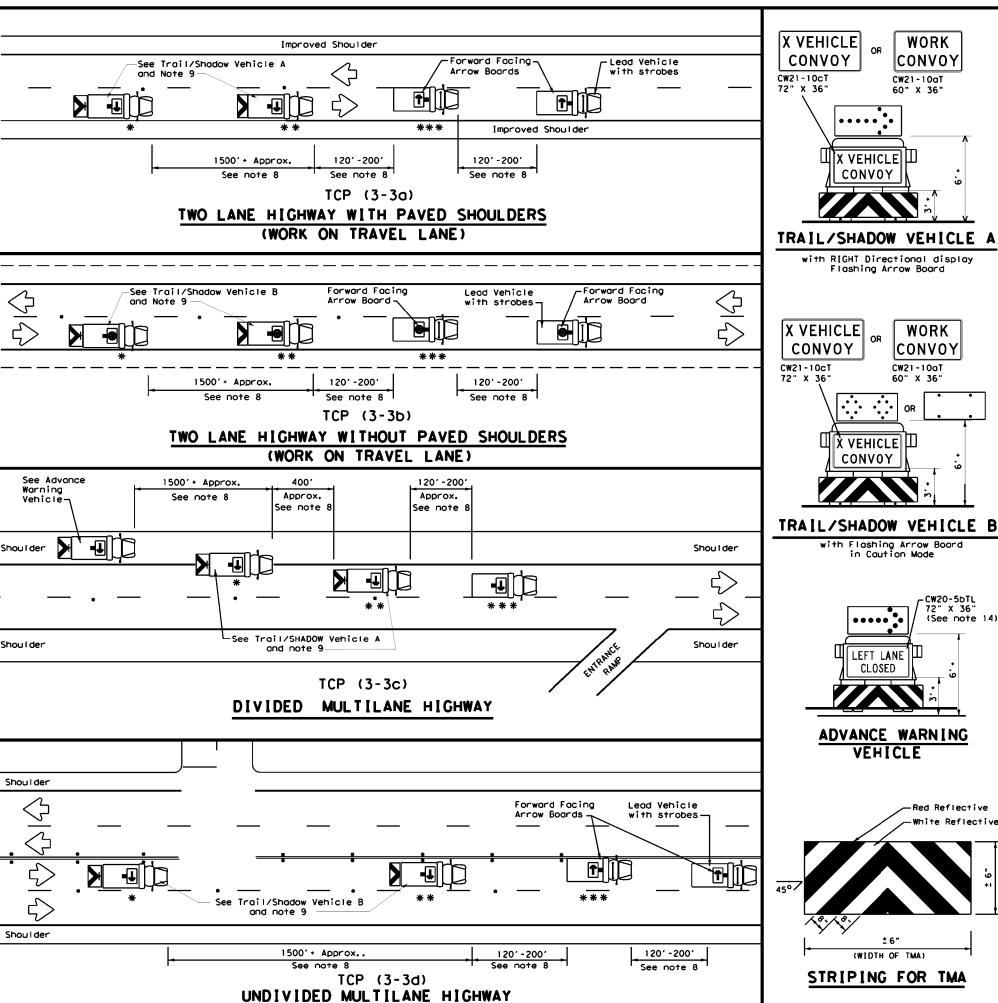


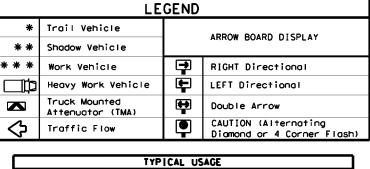


# Traffic Operations Division Standard TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS

# UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS TCP(3-1)-13

1-97		ATL		BOWIE			26
8-95 7-1		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
2-94 4-9	REVISIONS	1231	01	069		FM	989
© T×DOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
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		<b>-</b>	_				





TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TER DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONA							
1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

VEHICLE

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode

LEFT LANE CLOSED

ADVANCE WARNING

VEHICLE

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36" (See note 14)

CONVOY

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer
- will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

  Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10CT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10CT) or Spacing between WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- Used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a IMAIL VEHICLE is used.

  10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate

  LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE

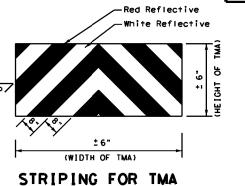
  CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an

  option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable

  message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the

  same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow

  displays computation the size and legibility of the flatbling arrow the control that its control to the size and legibility of the flatbling arrow the control to the size and legibility of the flatbling arrow the control to the size and legibility of the flatbling arrow the control to the size and legibility of the flatbling arrow the control to the size and legibility of the flatbling arrow the control to the size and legibility of the flatbling arrow the control to the size and legiblity of the flatbling arrow the control to the size and legiblity of the flatbling arrow the size and legiblity and the size arrow the size and legiblity and the size arrow t display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2),
- 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessory.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



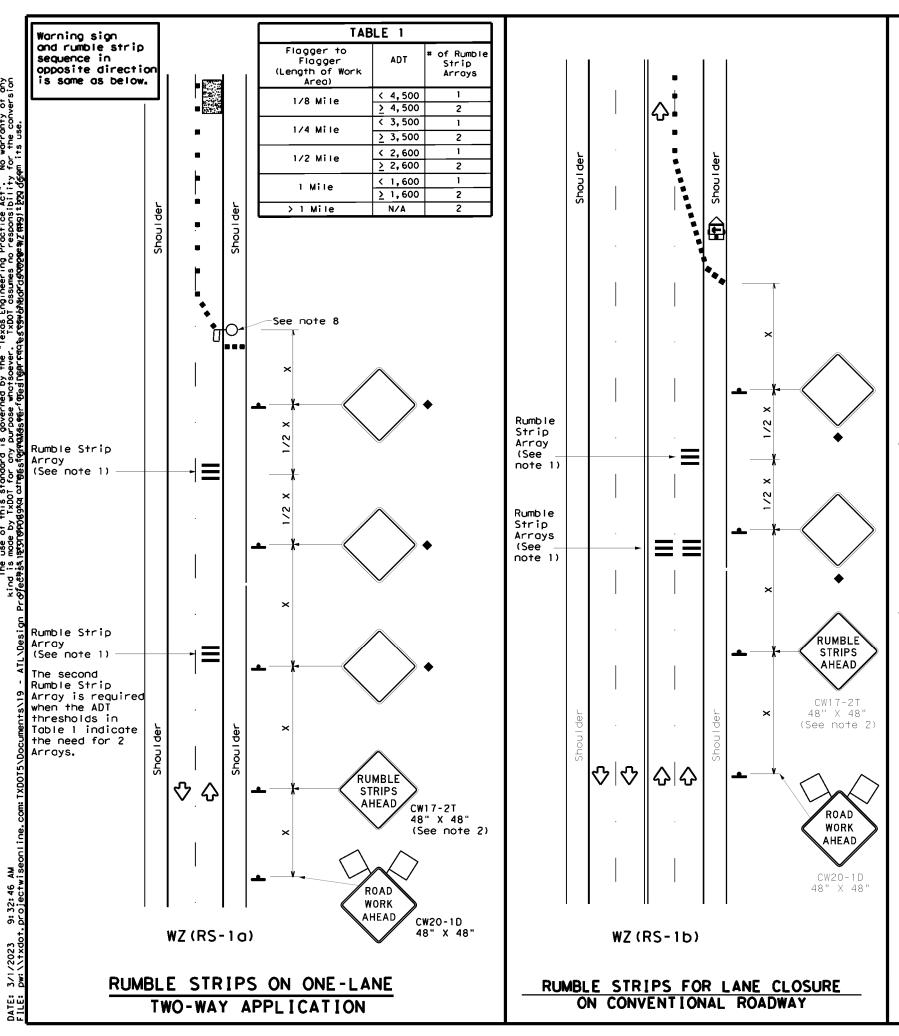


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL

Traffic Operations Division Standard

2-94 4-98 8-95 7-13 1-97 7-14		ATL		COUNTY BOW I E	:		27
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98		1231	01	069		FM	989
© TxDOT	September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
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TCP (3-3) -14



#### GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND							
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПO	Flagger					

Speed	Formula	Desirable		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"		
30		1501	1651	1801	30'	60′	120'	901		
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245'	35′	701	160'	120'		
40	90	2651	295′	320'	40′	80,	240′	155′		
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90'	3201	1951		
50		5001	550'	6001	50′	100'	400′	240'		
55	I=WS	550'	605′	660′	55′	110'	5001	295′		
60	[-"~	6001	6601	720'	60′	120'	600,	350′		
65		650′	7151	780′	65′	130'	700'	410'		
70		7001	7701	8401	70′	140'	800,	475′		
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	9001	540 <i>°</i>		

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
   L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
   S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array					
<u>&lt;</u> 40 MPH	10′					
> 40 MPH & ≤ 55 MPH	15′					
= 60 MPH	20'					
> 65 MPH	* 35'+					

Texas Department of Transportation

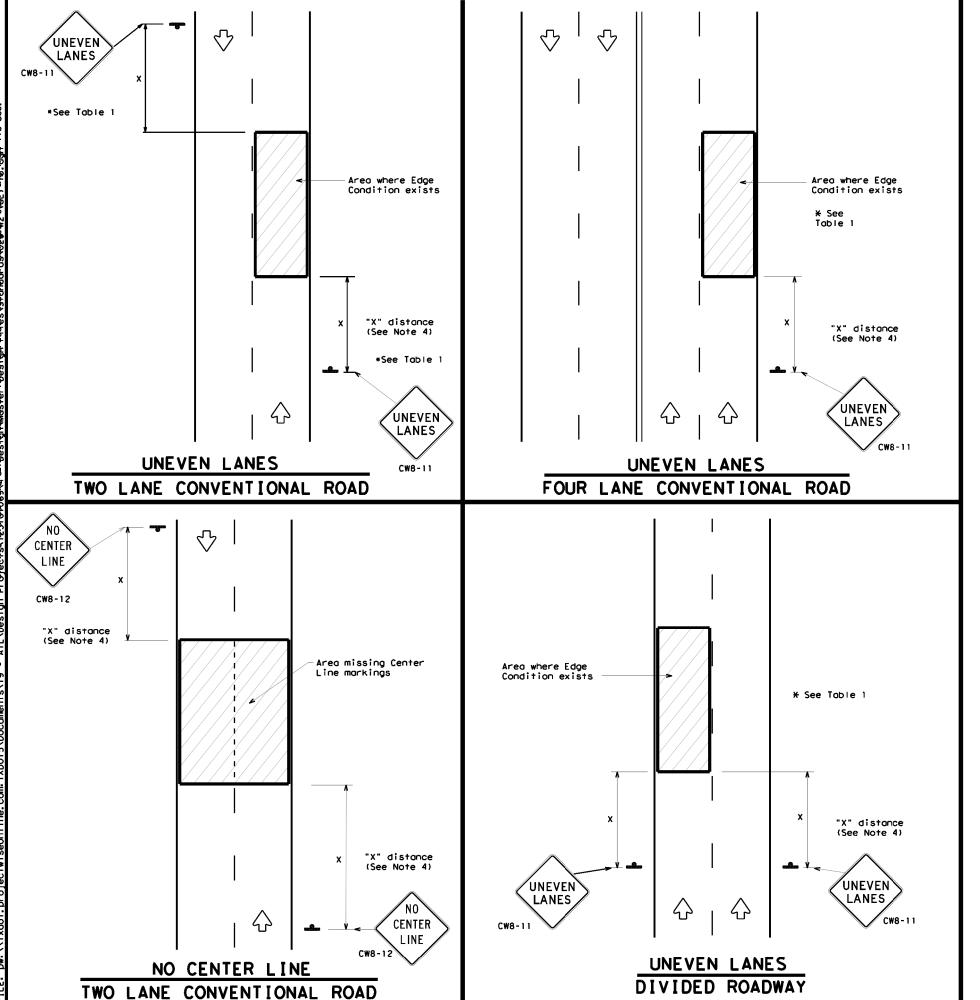
TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

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TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIS	GHWAY
REVISIONS	1231	01	069		FM	989
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
7 10	ATL		BOWIE	<u> </u>		28

11



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS						
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240					
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241					
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300					

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

#### GENERAL NOTES

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1							
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices					
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11					
7/// <b>D</b>	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.						
② >3 1 T D	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11					
3 0" to 3/4" 7 0 12"	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".						
Notched Wedge Joint							

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	al roads	36" >	< 36"
Freeways/ex divided r	pressways, roadways	48" ×	48"

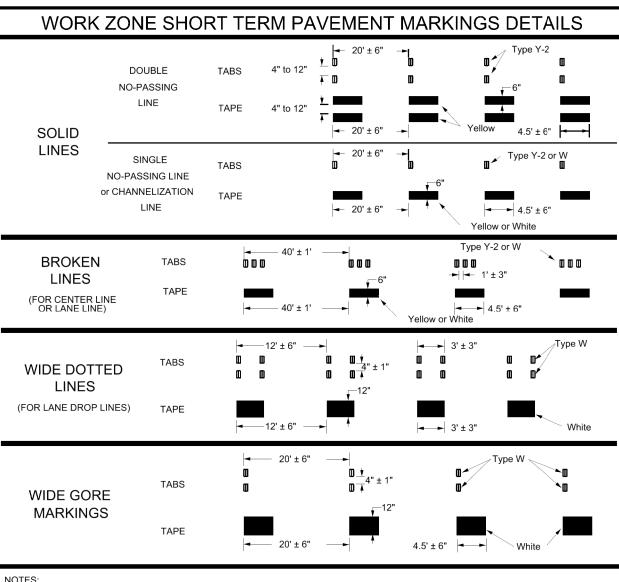
Texas Department of Transportation

SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

WZ (UL) -13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

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C) T×DOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	1231	01	069		FM	989
3-95 2-98	7-13	DIST	T COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 3-03	i .	ATL		BOWIE			29



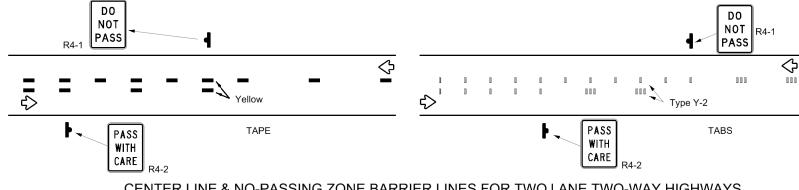
#### NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway
- 2. Short term payement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent payement markings should then be placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

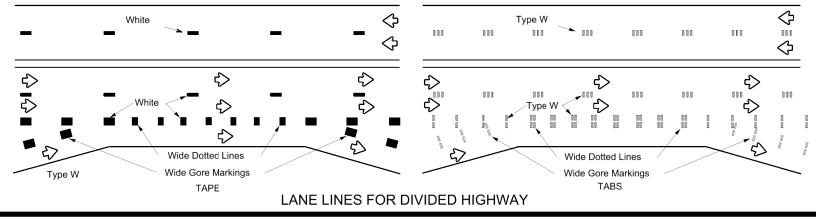
#### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

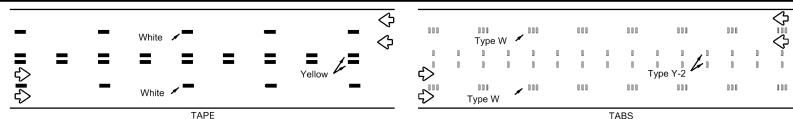
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

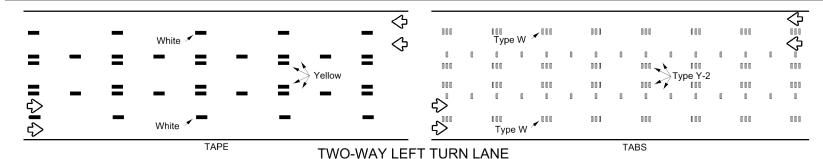


#### CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





#### LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Raised Short Term Pavement Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

# Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

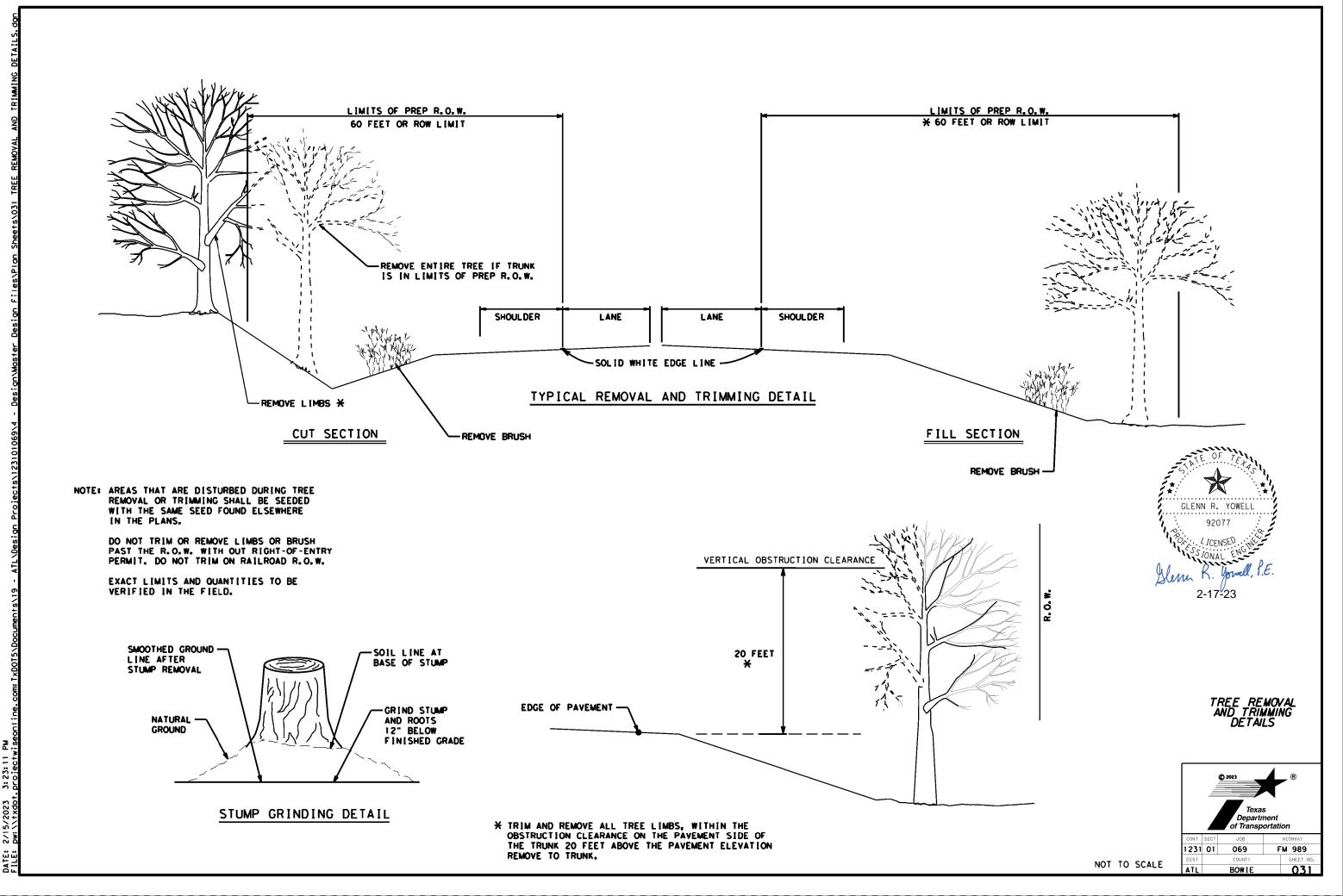
1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

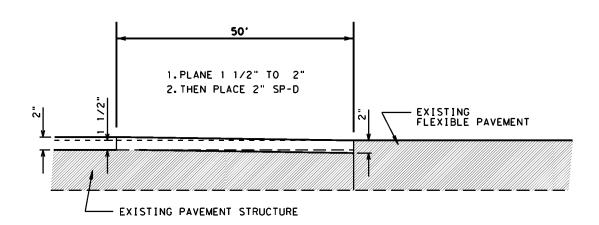
http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ(STPM)-23

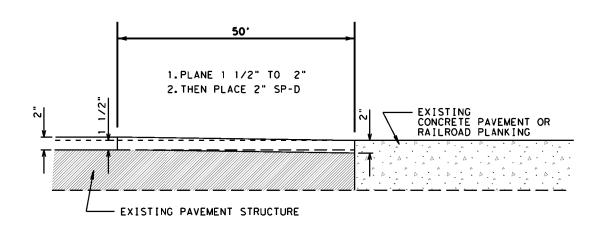
FILE:	WZ	stpm-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxI	TOC	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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4-92 1-97	7-13 2-23		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-03			ATL		BOWIE	<u> </u>	30





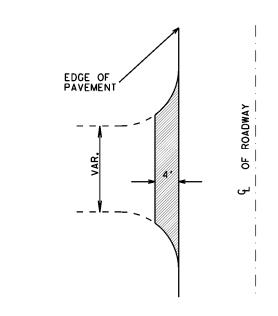
## TIE-IN DETAIL TO EXISTING ACP

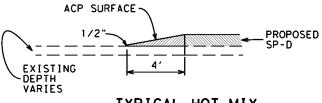
TIE-IN TO EXISTING ACP AT STA 3+00 (FM 989)
TIE-IN TO EXISTING ACP AT STA 231+86 (US 82)
TIE-IN TO EXISTING ACP AT STA 232+06 (US 82)



# TIE-IN DETAIL TO EXISTING CONCRETE OR RAILROAD PLANKING

TIE-IN TO EXISTING RAILROAD PLANKING AT APPROX. STA 9+50 (FM 989)
TIE-IN TO EXISTING RAILROAD PLANKING AT APPROX. STA 9+60 (FM 989)
TIE-IN TO EXISTING CONCRETE AT STA 102+75 (FM 989)



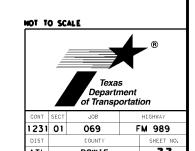


TYPICAL HOT MIX
DRIVEWAY & SIDE ROAD DETAIL

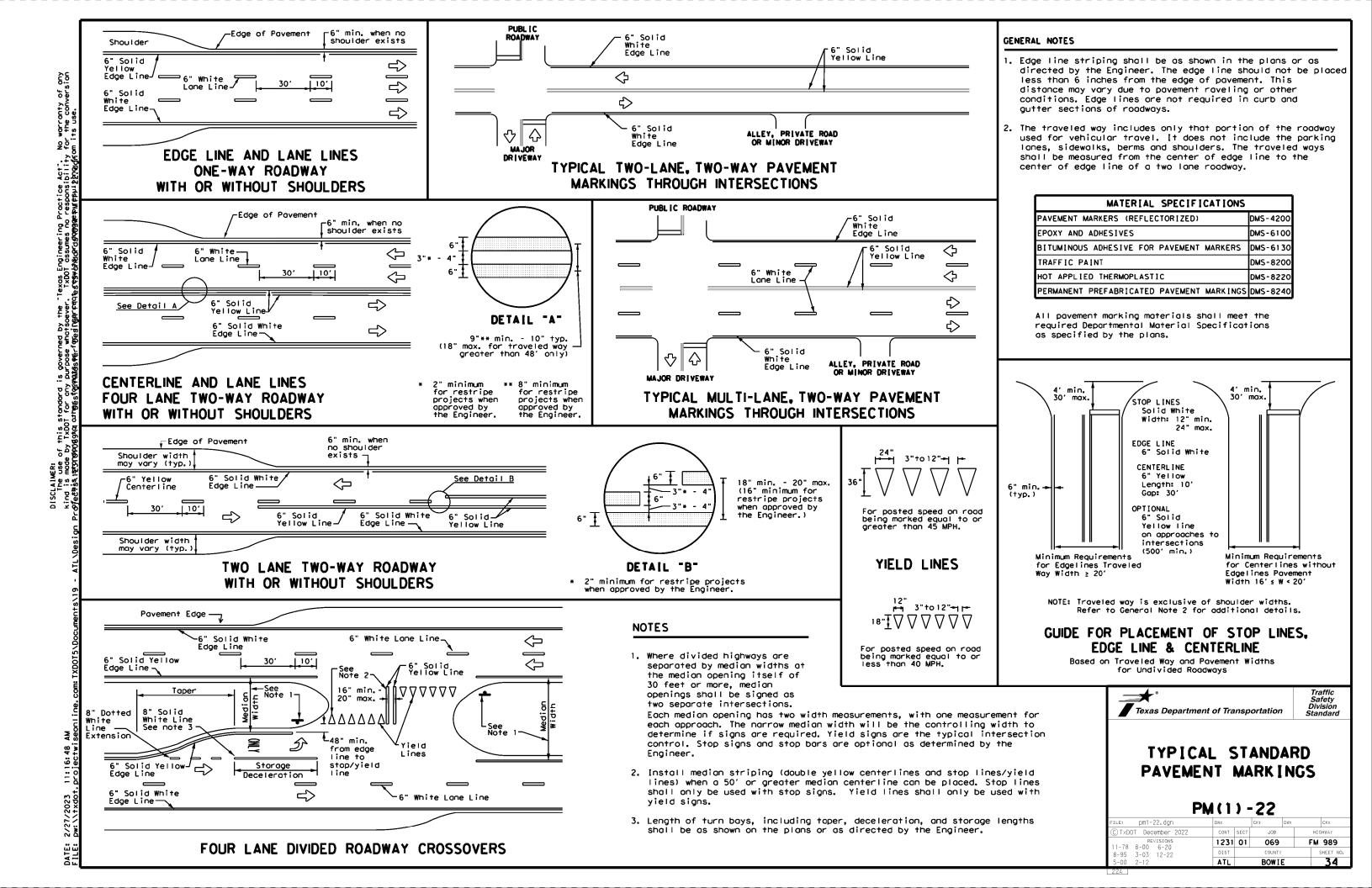
NTS



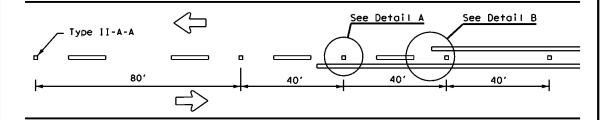
## MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS



E: 2/13/2023 4:28:23 PM

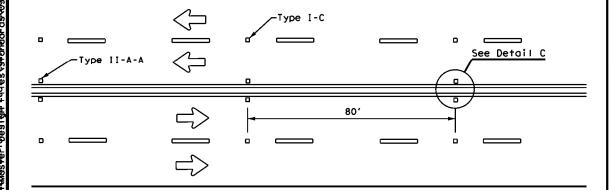


# REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

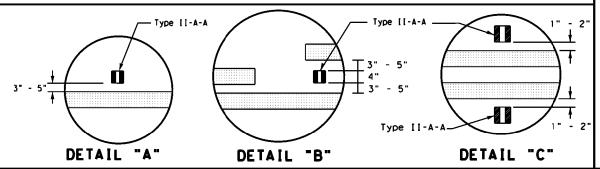


No warranty of any for the conversion on its use.

## CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

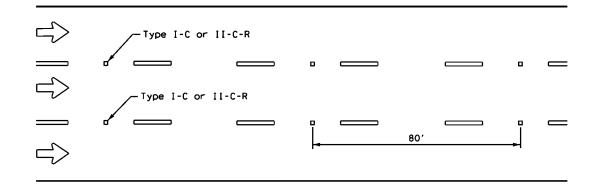


# CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



# Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A Type I-C Type I-C

## CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



## LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Roised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

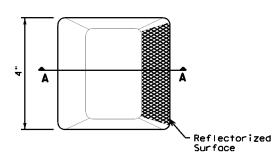
## CENTER OR EDGE LINE (see note 1) 101 30' BROKEN LANE LINE 300 to 500 mil in height 18"± 1" A quick field check for the thickness of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. REFLECTORIZED PROFILE 51/2"± 1/2 PATTERN DETAIL 2 to 3"---NOTES USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 1. Edge lines should typically be 6" wide and the materials shall be specified in the plans. 6" EDGE LINE, 6" CENTERLINE OR 6" LANE LINE

## GENERAL NOTES

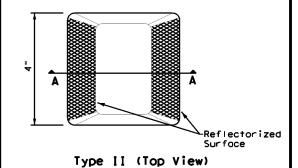
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the stripes.
- On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal ioints.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
1	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Roadway Surface SECTION A

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

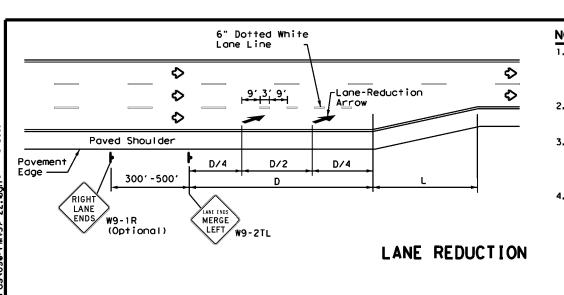


Traffic Safety Division Standard

## POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE MARKINGS PM(2)-22

FILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20	1231	01	069	ı	FM 989
4-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY	•	SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	ATL		BOWI	E	35

22B

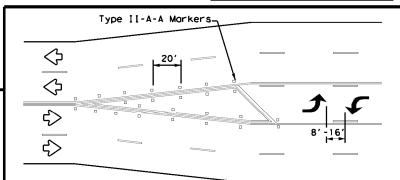


## NOTES Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would

otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.

- 2. On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

ADVANCED WARNING SIGN DISTANCE (D)										
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (ft)								
30 MPH	460	_{wc} 2								
35 MPH	565	L = WS ²								
40 MPH	670	00								
45 MPH	775									
50 MPH	885									
55 MPH	990									
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS								
65 MPH	1,200									
70 MPH	1,250									
75 MPH	1,350									



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn boy is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

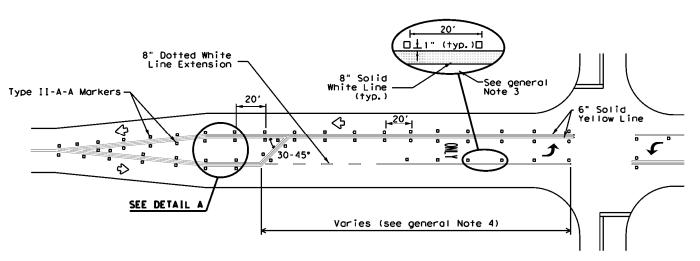
## TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

## GENERAL NOTES

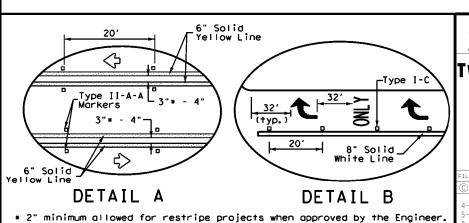
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



## TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS

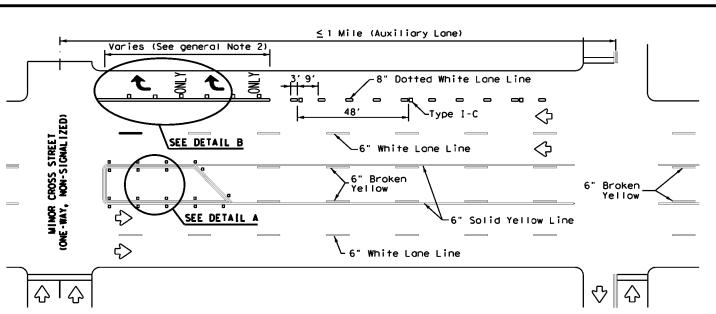




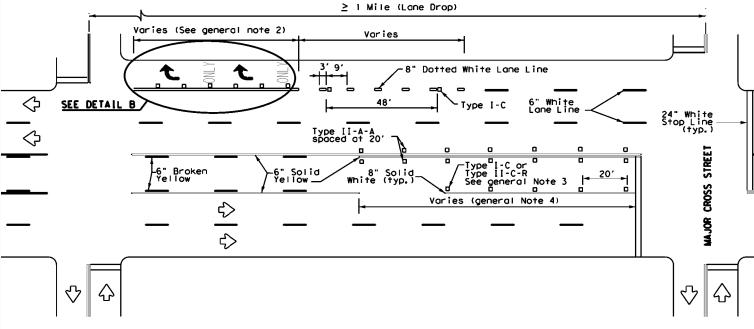
## 'WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3) - 22

Traffic Safety Division Standard

ILE: pm3-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
C)TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS 4-98 3-03 6-20	1231	01	069		FM	989
5-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		S	HEET NO.
8-00 2-12	ATL	BOWIE				36
22C			,			



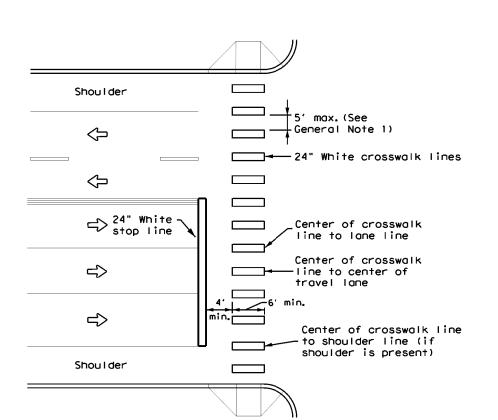
## TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



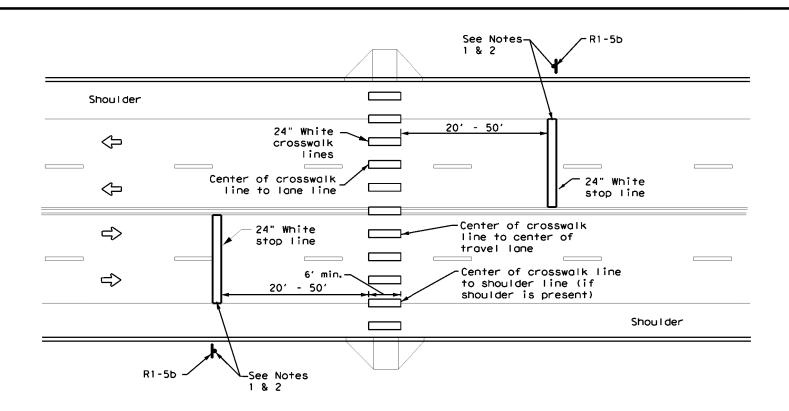
TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

of any version

of this standard is goveri e by TxDOT for any purpose RAPOGGM athgestarmanesPeri



# HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK AT CONTROLLED APPROACH



UNSIGNALIZED MIDBLOCK HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK

## GENERAL NOTES

- Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes, lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be omitted.
- For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.
- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices."
- 7. Final placement of Stop Bar and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

## NOTES:

- Use stop bars with Stop Here For Pedestrians (R1-5b) signs at unsignalized midblock cross walks.
- Use stop bars with STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6 or R10-6a) signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.

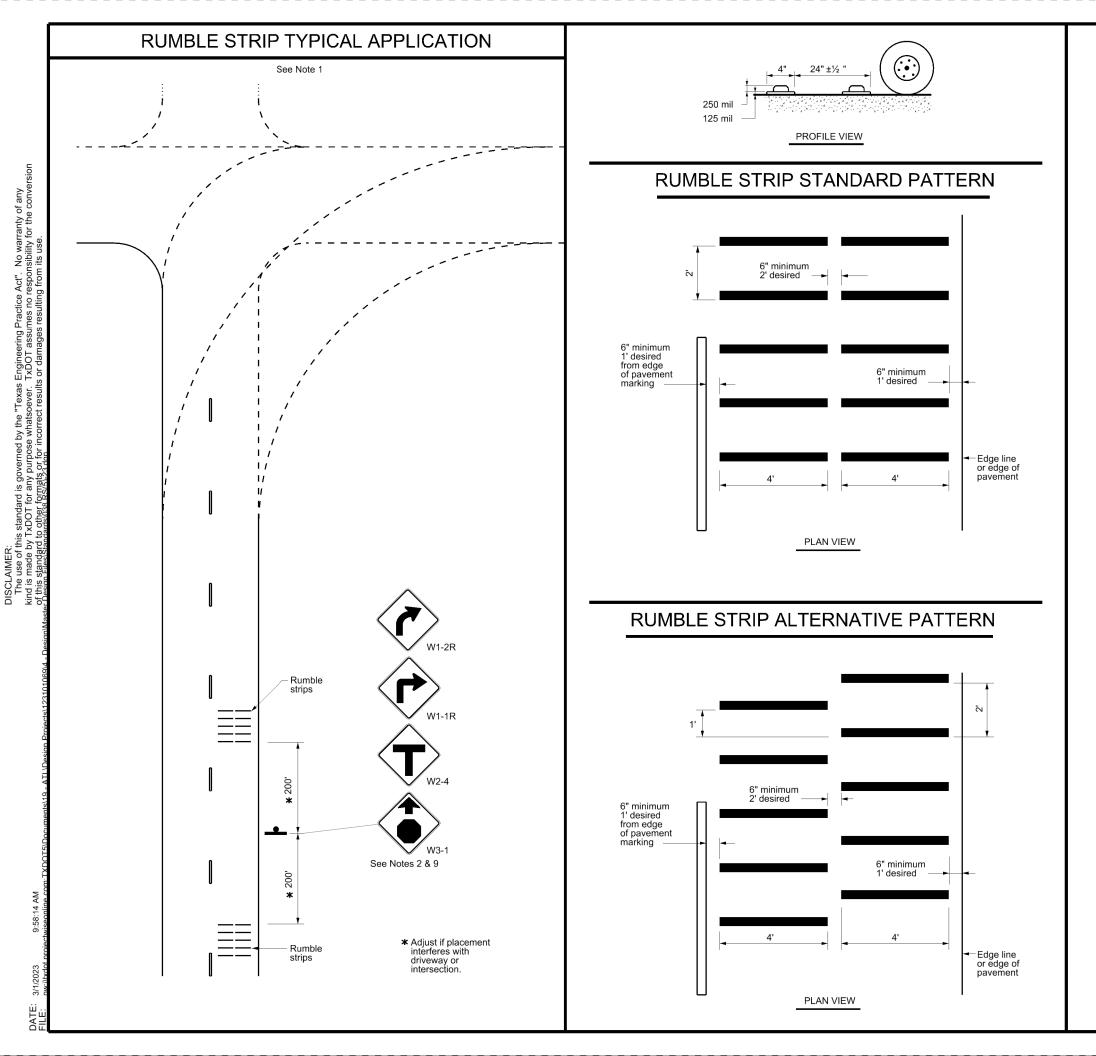


# CROSSWALK PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(4)-22A

FILE: pm4-22a.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
CTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 6-20	1231	01	069		FM 989
6-22	DIST		COUNTY	•	SHEET NO.
12-22	ATL		BOWI	Ε	37



#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Transverse or in-lane rumble strips should only be used at high incident and special geometric locations. These special geometric locations may include: approaches to rural, high speed signalized or stop-controlled intersections with sight restrictions and/or high crash rates, approaches to unexpected urban intersections, approaches to newly installed stop or signalized controlled intersections, approaches to toll plazas, approaches to hazardous horizontal curves, and approaches to railroad grade crossings.
- 2. When used, the rumble strips shall be placed 200 feet upstream and downstream of the warning sign.
- 3. The use of rumble strips should not be widespread or indiscriminate.
- Preformed black raised rumble strips should be used. They should be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 5. Please reference the TxDOT Material Producers List for approved rumble strips (transverse): http://www.txdot.gov/
- 6. Consideration should be given to noise levels when in-lane or transverse rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc.
- 7. The RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD (W17-2T) sign may be used in advance of in-lane or transverse rumble strips, based on engineering judgement. This sign is typically not necessary for rumble strip installations built to the guidelines on this standard sheet. When used, this sign should be spaced in advance of the rumble strips based on the Guidelines for Advance Placement of Warning Signs table of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.



- 8. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).
- 9. Other signs can be used as conditions warrant.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRANSVERSE OR IN-LANE RUMBLE STRIPS

RS(5)-23

FILE: rs(5)-23.dgn	DN: Txl	TOC	ck: TxDOT DW	: TxDO	T ck:TxDOT
© TxDOT January 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
4-06 1-12 REVISIONS	1231	01	069		FM 989
2-10	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
10-13	ATL		BOWIE		38

94

							<b>₹</b> 6	SM RE	SGN	ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	<u>xx</u> (x- <u>xxxx</u> )	BRIDGE	
PLAN							(TYPE	DOST THRE	20010	I ANGUAR THE	1 40011	TIME DESIGNATION	MOUNT CLEARANCE	
	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE			SIGN	DIMENSIONS	ALUMINUM	POST TYPE	POSTS	UA=Universal Conc			SIGNS (See	
								FRP = Fiberglass	1 or 2	UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc		BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing	Note 2)	
							FLAT A			SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	T = "T" U = "U"	Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	TY = TYPE  TY N  TY S	
7A	1	R1 - 5b	NEW	HERE .	SOUTHBOUND LANE JUST SOUTH OF RAILROAD TRACKS	36×36	x	TWT	1	ws	P			
				HERE TO N	APPROXIMATE STA. 10:95									ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS
							$\pm \pm$							Square Feet Minimum Thicknes
7A	2	R1-5b	NEW	HERE	NORTHBOUND LANE SOUTH OF CROSSWALK	36×36	×	TWT	1	WS	Р			Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100"
				HERE TO N	APPROXIMATE STA, 11+74									Greater than 15 0.125"
														The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at
														the following website.  http://www.txdot.gov/
														NOTE:
														<ol> <li>Sign supports shall be located as st on the plans, except that the Engine may shift the sign supports, within</li> </ol>
							$\downarrow \downarrow$							design guidelines, where necessary secure a more desirable location or
							++							avoid conflict with utilities. Unles otherwise shown on the plans, the
														Contractor shall stake and the Engir will verify all sign support location
														For installation of bridge mount clessigns, see Bridge Mounted Clearance     Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
														1
														<ol> <li>For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes &amp; Details SMD(GE</li> </ol>
														Signs deneral Notes & Details SMD (GE
														-
							+							1
														SHEET 1 OF 1
							$\bot$							*
														Texas Department of Transportation
							++							SUMMARY OF
														SMALL SIGNS
							+							soss
														FILE: SLMMS16.dgn
							+							4-16

## SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

## SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

## Post Type

FRP - Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT)) 10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SL[P-1) to (SL[P-3))

#### Number of Posts (1 or 2)

#### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

- WS = Wedge Anchor Steel (see SMD(TWT))
- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

## Sign Mounting Designation

- P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefqb. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3). (TWT))
- U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) IF REQUIRED

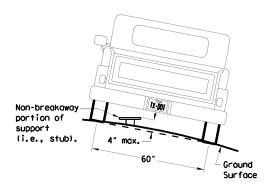
No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- 1EXT or 2EXT Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SL[P-1) to (SL[P-3))
- WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SL[P-3)) EXAL • Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

## REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

7 ft.

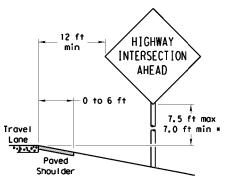
diameter

Not Acceptable

circle

Not Acceptable

## **PAVED SHOULDERS**



## LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width, the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

## HIGHWAY 6 ft min INTERSECTION AHEAD Greater than 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min * Lane Paved Shou I der

SIGN LOCATION

#### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

#### When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

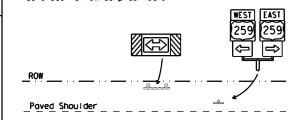
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

→ 6 ft min

7.5 ft max

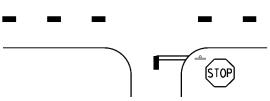
7.0 ft min *



Edge of Travel Lane

Travel

Lane



#### Signs shall be mounted using the following condition. that results in the greatest sign elevation:

## (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or

(2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by the Engineer.

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website oddress is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

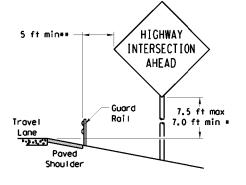
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

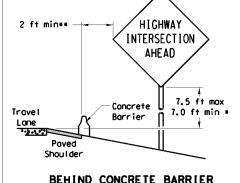
SMD (GEN) -08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXE	ОТ	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDO
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	1231	01	069		F	M 989
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ATL		BOWIE			40

## BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



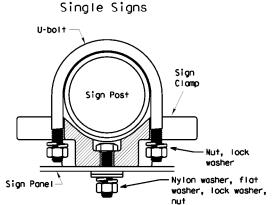
**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

## TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

7 ft.

diometer

circle



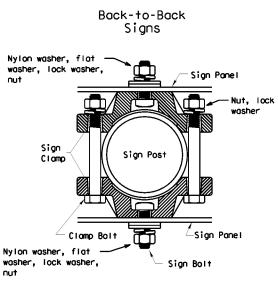
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp the universal clamp.



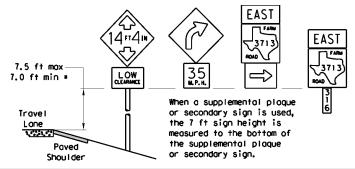
diameter

circle

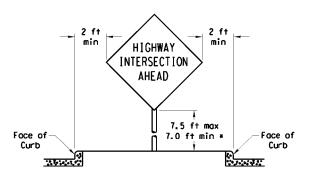
Acceptable

	Approximate Bolt Length						
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp					
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"					
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"					
3° nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"					

## SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



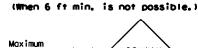
## CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



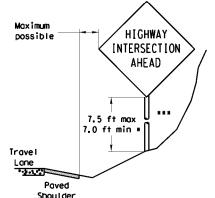
Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other factors.

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme



RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

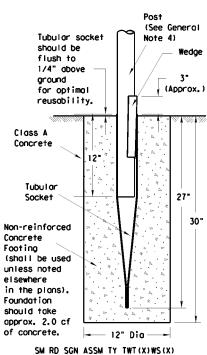




	ATI		BOWIE			40	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	1231	01	069		FM	989	
08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY	
C IXDOI July 2002	DN: TXE	OT	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT CK: TXDOT		

26A

## Wedge Anchor Steel System



## Wedge Anchor High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) System

Foundation

should take

of concrete.

approx. 2.0 cf

Friction Cap

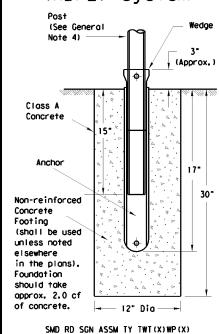
or Plug. See

(Slip-2)

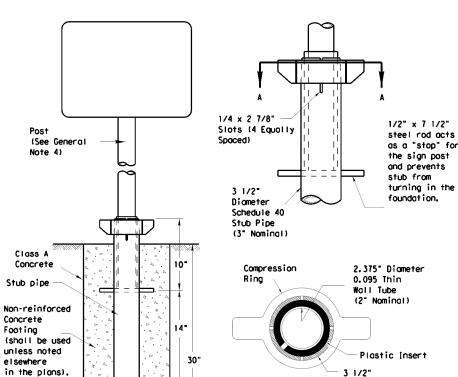
detail on SMD

-12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY TWT (X) UA (P)



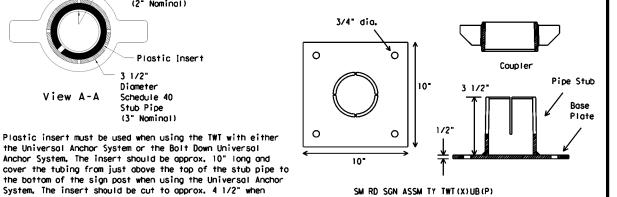
## Universal Anchor System with Thin-Walled Tubing Post



5/8" diameter Concrete Anchor - 4 places (embed a min. of 3 3/8" and torque to min. of 50 ft-Ibs). Anchor may be expansion or adhesive type.

(See General to edge

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per [tem 445, "Galvanizing." Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.



## Sign Installation Using a Prefabricated T-Bracket for Thin-Wall Tubing Post

View A-A

Diameter

Schedule 40

Stub Pipe

Plastic insert must be used when using the TWT with either

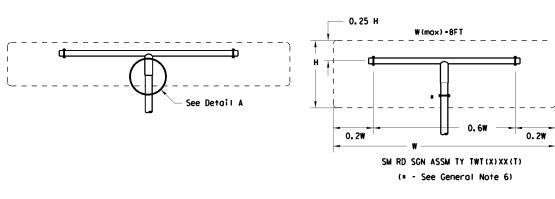
Anchor System. The insert should be approx, 10" long and

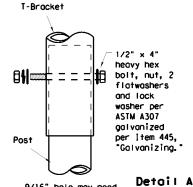
System. The insert should be cut to approx. 4 1/2" when

used with the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System.

the bottom of the sign post when using the Universal Anchor

the Universal Anchor System or the Bolt Down Universal





9/16" hole may need to be drilled through post to accommodate bolt.

NOTE

The devices shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Wedge Anchor System and the Universal Anchor System with thin wall tubing post may be used to support up to 10 square feet of sign area.
- 2. The tubular socket, wedge and prefabricated T-bracket shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to the approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 3. Except for posts (13 BWG Tubing), clamps, nuts and bolts, all components shall be prequalified. A list of prequalified vendors may be obtained from the Material Producer List web page. The website address is:
- http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications: 13 BWG Tubing (2.375" outside diameter) (TWT)
  - 0.095" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008 Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

18% minimum elongation in 2"

"Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of .083" to .099" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.369" to 2.381" Galvanization per ASTM 123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

- 5. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- 6. Additional sign clamp required on the "I-bracket" post for 24" high signs. Place clamp at least 3" above bottom of sign when possible.
- 7. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall
- 8. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Wedge Anchor System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

#### WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hale. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Place concrete into hole until it is approximately flush with the ground. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Insert tubular socket into concrete until top of socket is approximaely 1/4 " above the concrete footing.
- 4. Plumb the socket. Allow a minimum 4 days for concrete to set, unless otherwise directed by Engineer...
- 5. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 6. Insert the sign post into socket and align sign face with roadway.
- 7. Drive the wedge into the socket to secure post. This will leave approximately 3 inches of the wedge exposed.

## UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hale. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below around level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris-
- 2. Insert base post in hole to depths shown and backfill hole with concrete.
- 3. Level and plumb the base post using a torpedo level and allow concrete adequate time to set. The bottom of the slots provided in the stub pipe shall remain above the top of the concrete foundation.
- 4. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 5. Install plastic insert around bottom of post.
- 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on steel rod. 7. Seat compression ring using a hammer. Typically, the top of compression ring
- will be approximately level with top of stub post when optimally installed.
- 8. Check sign post by hand to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose, increase the tightening of the compression ring.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS **WEDGE & UNIVERSAL ANCHOR** WITH THIN WALL TUBING POST SMD (TWT) - 08

				_		
© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXE	ОТ	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
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#### DESCRIPTION

This project includes construction work within the right of way and/or properties of the Railroad and adjacent to its tracks, wire lines and other facilities. These sheets describe the minimum special requirements for coordination with the Railroad when working upon, over or under Railroad Right of Way or when impacting current or future Railroad operations. Coordinate with the Railroad while performing the work outlined herein, and afford the same cooperation with the Railroad as with TxDOT. Complete all submittals and work in accordance with TxDOT Standard Specifications, Railroad Guidelines and AREMA recommendations as modified by these minimum special requirements or as directed in writing by the Railroad

For purposes of this project, the Railroad Designated Representative is the person or persons designated by the Railroad Manager of Industry and Public Projects to handle specific tasks related to the project.

#### 1.02 REQUEST FOR INFORMATION / CLARIFICATION

Submit Requests for Information ("RFI") involving work within any Railroad Right of Way to the TxDOT Engineer. The TxDOT Engineer will submit the RFI to the Railroad Designated Representative for review and approval for RFI's corresponding to work within Railroad Right of Way. Allow six (6) weeks total time for review and approval, which includes four (4) weeks for review and approval by the Railroad.

#### 1.03 PLANS / SPECIFICATIONS

TxDOT has received written Railroad approval of the plans and specifications for this project. Any revisions or changes in the plans after award of the Contract must have the approval of TxDOT and the Railroad.

#### PART 2 - UTILITIES AND FIBER OPTIC

Construct all utility installations in accordance with current AREMA recommendations, Railroad, TxDOT and owning utility specifications and requirements. Railroad general guidelines can be found on the Railroad website or by contacting the Railroad Designated Representative.

#### PART 3 - CONSTRUCTION

#### 3.01 GENERAL

- A. Perform all work in compliance with all applicable Railroad, Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), and TxDDT rules and regulations. Arrange and conduct work in a manner that does not endanger or interfere with the safe operation of the tracks and property of the Railroad and the traffic moving on such tracks, or the wires, signals and other property of the Railroad, its tenants or licensees, at or in the vicinity of the Work. The safe operation of railroad train movements takes precedence over any work to be performed by the Contractor. The Contractor is responsible for train delay cost and lost revenue claims due to any delays or interruption of train operations resulting from Contractor's construction or other
- B. Construction activities within 15 feet of the operational tracks will only be allowed if absolutely necessary and the Railroad's Designated Representative grants approval. Construction activities within 15 feet of the operational track(s) preferably allow the tracks to stay operational. In such cases, coordination and approval by the Railroad Track Manager is required with regard to schedule, flagging, and slow orders. See Sections 3.07 and 3.08 for additional information.
- C. Provide track protection for all work equipment (including rubber tired equipment) operating within 25 feet from nearest rail. When not in use, keep Contractor machinery and materials at least 50 feet from the Railroad's nearest track.
- D. Vehicular crossings of railroad track are allowed only at existing crossings, or haul road crossings developed with Railroad approval.
- E. The Contractor is also advised that new railroad facilities within the project may be built by the Railroad. If applicable, these facilities are delineated in the plans. Be aware of the limits of responsibilities and coordinate efforts with the
- F. Railroad requirements do not allow work within 50 feet of track centers when a train passes the work site and all personnel must clear the area within 50 feet of the track centerline and secure all equipment. Additional allowances may be pursued as outlined in 3.02 and 3.03.
- G. All permanent clearances shall be verified before project closing.

#### 3. 02 RAILROAD OPERATIONS

- A. Trains and/or equipment are expected on any track, at any in either direction. Become familiar with the train schedules in this location and structure bid assuming intermittent track windows in this period, as defined in Paragraph B that follows.
- B. All railroad tracks within and adjacent to the contract site are active, and rail traffic over these facilities shall be maintained throughout the Project. Activities may include both through moves and switching moves to local customers. railroad traffic and operations will occur continuously throughout the day and night on these tracks and shall be maintained at all times as defined herein. Coordinate and schedule the work so that construction activities do not interfere with railroad operations.
- C. Coordinate work windows with TxDOT and the Railroad's Designated Representative. Types of work windows include Conditional Work Windows and Absolute Work Windows, as defined below:
  - Conditional Work Window: A Conditional Work Window is a period of time that railroad operations have priority over construction activities. When construction activities may occur on and/or adjacent to the railroad tracks within 25 feet of the nearest track, a railroad flag person will be required. At the direction of the railroad flag person, upon approach of a train, and when trains are present on the tracks, the tracks must be cleared (i.e., no construction equipment, materials or personnel within 25 feet, or as directed by the Railroad Designated Representative, from the tracks). Conditional Work Windows are available for the Project.
  - 2. Absolute Work Window: An Absolute Work Window is a period of absolute work window: An Absolute work window is a period of time that construction activities are given priority over railroad operations. During this time frame, the designated railroad track(s) will be inactive for train movements and may be fouled by the Contractor. At the end of an Absolute Work Window, the railroad tracks and/or signals must be completely operational for train operations and all Railroad, Public Utilities Commission (PUC) and FRA requirements, codes and regulations for operational tracks must be satisfied. In the situation where the operating tracks and/or signals have been affected, the Railroad will perform inspections of the work prior to placing that track back into service. Railroad flag persons will be required for construction activities requiring an Absolute Work Window. Absolute Work Windows will not generally be granted. Any request will require a detailed explanation for Railroad review.

## 3.03 RIGHT OF ENTRY, ADVANCE NOTICE AND WORK STOPPAGES

- A. Do not perform any work within Railroad Right of Way without a valid executed Right of Entry Agreement if required on this project.
- B. Give advance notice to the Railroad as required in the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement" before commencing work in connection with construction upon or over Railroad Right of Way and observe the Railroad's rules and regulations with respect thereto.
- C. Perform all work upon Railroad Right of Way in a manner to avoid interference with or endanger the operations of the Railroad.
  Whenever work may affect the operations or safety of trains, submit the work method to the Railroad Designated Representative for approval. Approval does not relieve the Contractor from liability. Do not commence any work which requires flagging service or inspection service until the flagging protection required by the Railroad is available at the job site. See Section 3.15 for railroad flagging requirements.
- D. Make requests in writing for both Absolute and Conditional Work Windows, at least 30 days in advance of any work. Include in the written request:
  - Exactly what the work entails.
- The days and hours that work will be performed.
  The exact location of work, and proximity to the tracks.
- The type of window requested and the amount of time requested.
- The designated contact person.

Provide a written confirmation notice to the Railroad at least 48 hours before commencing work in connection with approved work windows when work is within 25 feet of nearest rail. Perform all work in accordance with previously approved work plans.

E. Make provisions to protect operations and property of the Railroad should a condition arising from, or in connection with the work, require immediate and unusual action. If in the judgment of the Railroad Designated Representative such provisions are insufficient, the Railroad Designated Representative may require or provide such provisions as deemed necessary. In any event, such provisions shall be at the Contractor's expense and without cost to the Railroad or TxDOT. The Railroad or TxDOT shall have the right to order the Contractor to temporarily cease operations in the event of an emergency or, if in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, the Contractor's operations could endanger railroad operations. In the event of such an order, immediately notify TxDOT of the order.

#### INSURANCE 3.04

Do not begin work upon or over Railroad Right of Way until furnishing the Railroad with the insurance policies, binders, certificates and endorsements required by the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement", and until the Railroad Designated Representative has advised TxDOT that such insurance is in accordance with the Agreement.

#### RAILROAD SAFETY OR ENTATION

A. Complete the railroad course "Orientation for Contractor's Safety", and maintain current registration prior to working on railroad property. This course is required to be completed annually by Contractor and Subcontractor personnel working on site.

"UPRR,BNSF,KCS/TEXMEX will not accept on-track safety training certificates from other railroads. Refer to Railroad specific contractor right of entry for training information.'

Know and follow the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement" EXHIBIT D, MINIMUM SAFETY REQUIREMENTS regarding clothing, personal protective equipment, and general safety requirements.

#### COOPERATION 3. 06

The Railroad will cooperate with Contractor so that work may be conducted in an efficient manner, and will cooperate with Contractor in enabling use of Railroad Right of Way in performing the work.

#### MINIMUM CONSTRUCTION CLEARANCES FOR FALSEWORK AND OTHER **TEMPORARY STRUCTURES**

Abide by the following minimum temporary clearances during the course of construction: A. 15' - 0" (BNSF) (UPRR) and 14'-0" (KCS) horizontal from

centerline of track B. 22' (KCS) and 21' - 6" (UPRR & BNSF) vertically above top of rail.

For construction clearance less than listed above, obtain local Railroad Operating Unit review and approval.

#### APPROVAL OF REDUCED CLEARANCES

- A. Maintain minimum track clearances during construction as specified in Section 3.07.
- B. Submit any proposed infringement on the specified minimum clearances to the Railroad Designated Representative through TxDOT at least 30 days in advance of the work. Do not proceed with such infringement without written approval by the Railroad Designated Representative.
- C. Do not commence work involving an approved infringement without receiving written assurance from the Railroad Designated Representative that arrangements have been made for any necessary flagging service.

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

## RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE **CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS**

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO TxDOT October 2018 JOB FM 989 1231 01 069 BOWLE 42

- A. Maintain all ditches and drainage structures free of silt or other obstructions resulting from Contractor's operations. Repair eroded areas and any other damage within Railroad Right of Way and repair any other damage to the property of the Railroad, or its tenants.
- B. Perform all such maintenance and repair of damages due to the Contractors's operations at Contractor's expense.
- C. Submit a proposed method of erosion control for review by the Railroad prior to beginning any grading on the project site. Comply with all applicable local, state and federal regulations when developing and implementing such erosion control.

## 3.10 SITE INSPECTIONS BY RAILROAD'S DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE

- A. In addition to the office reviews of construction submittals, site inspections may be performed by the Railroad Designated Representative at significant points during construction, including the following if applicable:

  - Pre-construction meetings.
     Pile driving/drilling of caissons or drilled shafts.
- 3. Reinforcement and concrete placement for railroad bridge substructure and/or superstructure.
- Erection of precast concrete or steel bridge superstructure.
   Placement of waterproofing (prior to placing ballast on bridge deck).
- 6. Completion of the bridge structure.
- B. Site inspection is not limited to the milestone events listed above. Site visits to check progress of the work may be performed at any time throughout the construction as deemed necessary by the Railroad.
- C. Provide a detailed construction schedule, including the proposed temporary horizontal and vertical clearances and construction sequence for all work to TxDOT for submittal to the Railroad Designated Representative for review prior to commencement of work. the anticipated dates when the above listed events will occur.

  Update this schedule for the above listed events as necessary and each month at a minimum to allow the Railroad to schedule site inspections.

#### 3.11 RAILROAD REPRESENTATIVES

Railroad representatives, conductors, flag person or watch person will be provided by the Railroad at expense of TxDOT to protect Railroad facilities, property and movements of its trains or engines. In general, the Railroad will furnish such personnel or other protective services as follows:

- A. When any part of any equipment is standing or being operated within 25 feet, measured horizontally, from nearest rail of any track on which trains may operate, or when any object is off the ground and any dimension thereof could extend inside the 25 foot limit, or when any erection or construction activities are in progress within such limits, regardless of elevation above or below track.
- B. For any excavation below elevation of track subgrade if, in the opinion the Railroad Designated Representative, track or other railroad facilities may be subject to settlement or movement.
- C. During any clearing, grubbing, excavation or grading in proximity to railroad facilities, which, in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, may endanger railroad facilities or operations.
- D. During any Contractor's operations when, in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, railroad facilities, including, but not limited to, fracks, buildings, signals, wire lines, or pipe lines, may be endangered.
- E. Arrange with the Railroad Designated Representative to provide the adequate number of flag persons to accomplish the work.

## 3.12 COMMUNICATIONS AND SIGNAL LINES

If required, the Railroad will rearrange its communications and signal lines, its grade crossing warning devices, train signals and tracks, and facilities that are in use and maintained by the Railroad's forces in connection with its operation at expense of IxDOT. This work by the Railroad will be done by its own forces and it is not a part of the Work under this Contract.

## 3.13 TRAFFIC CONTROL

Coordinate any operations that control traffic across or around railroad facilities with the Railroad Designated Representative.

#### 3.14 CONSTRUCTION EXCAVATIONS AND BORING ACTIVITIES UNDER TRACK

- A. Take special precaution and care in connection with excavating and shoring. Excavations for construction of footings, piers, columns, walls or other facilities that require shoring shall comply with requirements of TxDOT, OSHA, AREMA and Railroad Guidelines for Temporary Shoring".
- B. The project plans indicate whether there are fiber optic lines or other such telecommunications systems that require consideration. Regardless, contact the necessary call center to determine if such cable systems are present:

UPRR 1-800-336-9193 7:00 AM to 9:00 PM CST Monday-Friday except holidays, staffed 24 hrs/day for emergencies 48 hrs notice required

BNSF 1-800-533-2891 24 hour number 5 working days notice required

KCS 1-800-344-8377 Texas One Call, a 24 hour number 48 hrs notice required, excluding weekends and holidays

If a telecommunications system is buried anywhere on or near railroad property, coordinate with TxDOT, the Railroad and the Telecommunication Company(ies) to arrange for relocation or protective measures prior to beginning work on or near railroad property. Refer to the project General Notes for additional information.

C. Projects involving a boring or jack and bore operation under track such as drainage pipes or culverts and utilities require an installation plan reviewed and approved by the Railroad and TxDOT prior to proceeding with such construction. A railroad inspector and contractor assisted monitoring of ground and track movement is required to maintain safe passage of rail traffic. Stop installation and do not allow passage of trains if movements in excess of 1/4 inch vertical or horizontal is detected in the tracks. Immediately repair the damage to the satisfaction of TxDOT and the Railroad before proceeding.

#### 3.15 RAILROAD FLAGGING

Per the Right of Entry Agreement for flagging, notify the Railroad Representative at least 10 working days in advance of Contractor's work and at least 30 working days in advance of any Contractor's work in which any person or equipment will be within 25 feet of nearest rail or as specified in the Contractor Right of Entry (CROE).

## 3.16 CLEANING OF RIGHT-OF-WAY

When work is complete, remove all tools, implements, and other materials brought into Railroad Right of Way and leave the right of Way in a clean and presentable condition to the satisfaction of TxDOT and the Railroad.

SHEET 2 OF 2



## RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO TxDOT October 2018 FM 989 1231 01 069 March 2020 43 BOWIE

	I. WORK
Ine use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion ১ՆՕօշաments\19 - ATL\Design Prတှင်ချိန်း\ညာေတြကေတြခဲ့ပါ သောမြာချိန္ကြိုးအဖြဲချိန္းကြီးမျိန္းမြားသို႔ေတြ သိုင္ေ	I. WORK HIGH  DOT Cross RR CO Oper RR M RR SS City Count CSJ High # of % of Scop Plan peri cone Inne of :  # C O II. OTH None  ## C Control The I If Co read Control  Control The I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
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ORK AT CROSSING LOCATIONS (AT GRADE, HIGHWAY OVERPASS, IGHWAY UNDERPASS, PEDESTRIAN, OR CLOSED/ABANDONED)	Contractor must incorporate Construct construction schedule.	ion Inspection into anticipated
DOT #: 795834B	Not Required	
Crossing Type:** At Grade  RR Company Owning Track at Crossing: <u>Texas Northeastern Railroa</u> d  Operating RR Company at Track: <u>Texas Northeastern Railroad</u> RR MP: 5.370	Required: Contact Information for	Construction Inspection:
RR Subdivision: Texarkana		
City: <u>Nash</u> County: Bowie		
CSJ at this Crossing: 1231-01-069		
Highway/Roadway name crossing the railroad: <u>FM 989</u> of regularly scheduled trains per day at this crossing: 2		
# of switching movements per day at this crossing: 2 % of estimated contract cost of work within railroad ROW: 23%		
Scope of Work at this Crossing to Be Performed by State Contractor:  Planing, Install ACP surface, and install pavement markings. If contractor performs paving operations outside of RR ROW, but creates a contra-flow		
condition that causes vehicles to cross the railroad tracks in an opposing		
lane. A railroad flagger is also requried to be on-site for the duration		
of the contra-flow traffic control plan with the TNER R.O.W.		
Scope of Work at this Crossing to Be Performed by Railroad Company:	IV. CONSTRUCTION WORK TO BE PERF	
Protective Flagging for paving operations.	l <u> </u>	o be performed by a railroad company is:
	☐ Required  ☑ Not Required	
	-	
** Choose: Highway Overpass, Highway Underpass, At Grade, Pedestrian, or Closed/Abandoned	Coordinate with TxDOT for any work to TxDOT must issue a work order for any prior to the work being performed.	b be performed by the Railroad Company. y work done by the Railroad Company
OTHER PROJECT WORK WITHIN RAILROAD RIGHTS-OF-WAY (ROW)		
None	V. RAILROAD INSURANCE REQUIREMEN	NTS
	Railroad reference number shall be p	provided by TxDOT CST or DO.
FLAGGING & INSPECTION	The Contractor shall confirm the ins the Railroad as the insurance limits	surance requirements with s are subject to change without notice.
# of Days of Railroad Flagging Expected: 20		or and on behalf of the Railroad. Where
On this project, night or weekend flogging is: ⊠Expected	more than one Railroad Company is on where several Railroad Companies are	e involved and operate on their own
Not Expected	separate rights of way, provide separate Railroad Company.	arate insurance policies in the name of
Flagging services will be provided by:	No dispet companyation will be made	to the Contractor for equiding the
☐ Railroad Company: TxDOT will pay flogging invoices	No direct compensation will be made insurance coverages shown below or o	any deductibles. These costs are
	incidental to the various bid items.	•
Contractor must incorporate flaggers into anticipated construction schedule.		
The Railroad requires a 30 day notice if their flaggers are to be utilized.  If Contractor falls behind schedule due to their own negligence and is not ready for scheduled flaggers, any flagging charges will be paid by Contractor.	Type of Insurance	Amount of Coverage (Minimum)
Contact Information for Flagging:	Workers Compensation	\$500,000 / \$500,000 / \$500,000
UPRR - UP.info@railpros.com Call Center 877-315-0513, Select #1 for flagging	Commercial General Liability	\$2,000,000 / \$4,000,000
- UP.request@nrssinc.net Call Center 877-984-6777	Business Automobile	\$2,000,000 combined single limit
BNSF - BNSF.info@railpros.com Call Center 877-315-0513, Select #1 for flagging		
	Railroad Prot	ective Liability
KCS - KCS.info@railpros.com Call Center 877-315-0513, Select #1 for flagging	☐ Not Required	
- Bottom Line On-Track Safety Services bottomline076@aol.com, 903-767-7630	⊠ Non - Bridge Projects	\$2,000,000 / \$6,000,000
OTHERS Mr. John Clements john.clements@gwrr.com	☐ Bridge Projects	\$5,000,000 / \$10,000,000
PH. (580) 372-4597	□ Other	

Ί.	CONTRACTOR'S	RIGHT	OF	ENTRY	(ROE)	AGREEMENT	
	On this project	an POE	oore	ement is	••		

□ Not Required
Required: TxDOT CST to assist in obtaining with the UPRR (see Item 5, Article 8.3)
Required: UPRR Maintenance Consent Letter. TxDOT CST to assist.

Required: Contractor to obtain (see [tem 5, Article 8.4)

With the following railroad companies: _Texas Northeastern Railroad

To view previously approved ROE Agreement templates agreed upon between the State and Railroad, see:

http://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/division/rail/samples.html

Approved ROE Agreement templates are not to be modified by the Contractor.

Contractor shall not operate within Railroad Right of Way without an executed Construction & Maintenance Agreement between the State and the Railroad and an executed ROE agreement between the Contractor and the Railroad if required on project.

## VII. RAILROAD COORDINATION MEETING

On this project, a Railroad Coordination Meeting is:

- ☐ Not Required
- Required

See Item 5, Article 8.1 for more details.

## VIII. SUBCONTRACTORS

Contractor shall not subcontract work without written consent of TxDOT. Subcontractors are required to maintain the same insurance coverage as required of the Contractor.

## IX. EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

In Case of Railroad Emergency Call Texas Northeastern Railroad Railroad Emergency Line at 1-800-979-4958 Location: DOT 795834B RR Milepost 5.370 Subdivision Texarkana

*	Rail
Texas Department of Transportation	Divisi

## RAILROAD SCOPE OF WORK PROJECT SPECIFIC DETAILS

LE: RR Scope of Work.dgn	DN: TX[	OT.	CK:	DW:	CK:
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/ 2021	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	ATL		BOWIE	•	44

Sediment Bosins

Grassy Swales

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

Required Action

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments

Required Action

V. FEDERAL LISTED. PROPOSED THREATENED. ENDANGERED SPECIES. CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES

Required Action

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the

#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services FHWA: Federal Highway Administration Municipal Separate Starmwater Sewer System Nationwide Permit

NOI: Notice of Intent

SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Pre-Construction Notification

Project Specific Location TCFO: Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination Syste Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation

Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

## VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator

immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, conister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors

of all product spills.

Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

No.

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then  $\mathsf{TxDOT}$  is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ Yes

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

## VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

Texas Department of Transportation

## ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

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TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-2011 (DS)	1231	01	069		FM 989
7-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	ATL		BOWIE	Ε	45