STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL AID PROJECT

STP 2023 (567) HES

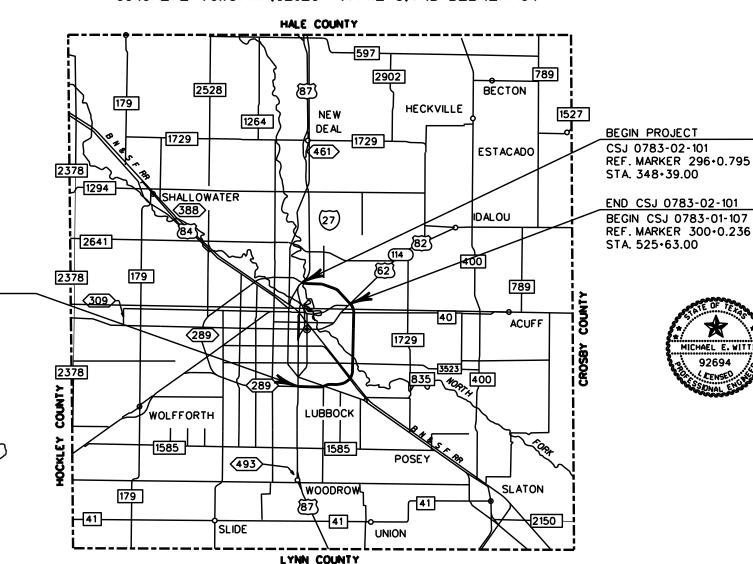
TOTAL LENGTH OF ROADWAY: TOTAL LENGTH OF BRIDGES: TOTAL LENGTH OF PROJECT:

56,098.96 FT · IO.625 MI 2,150,00 FT · O.407 MI 58,248.96 FT · II.032 MI

SL 289 LUBBOCK COUNTY

LIMITS: from IH 27 and north SL 289, east, south, then west to IH 27 and south SL 289 in Lubbock

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF MEDIAN CABLE BARRIER, CONCRETE MOWSTRIP.OBJECT MARKERS, AND DELINEATION



LAYOUT NO SCALE

CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY

0783 OI 107.etc. SL 289

DIST. COUNTY SHEET NO.

Design Speeds: 0783-01 -0783-02 -

Average Dally Traffic 2021 - I2,886

Functional Class: Principal Arterial

CITY OF LUBBOCK: 1/18/2023

—DocuSigned by:

Michael & teaming:

TOF THE RENGINETER 3F.



All Rights Reserved

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

1/20/2023

— DocuSigned by: Michael Wittie, P.E.

- CÛBBOCK ÊRÊA ÊNGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

1/20/2023

DocuSigned by:

Sheller (. Hans P.E.

DISTRICT DESIGN ENGINEER

APPROVED FOR LETTING: 1/20/2023

-- DocuSigned by:

Stry P. Warren P.E.

-642C605EADDD46AGINEER

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1,2014 AND CONTRACT PROVISION LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FROM FHWA 1273, JULY, 2022)

END PROJECT

CSJ 0783-01-107 REF. MARKER 306+1,827

STA. 348+25.00

NO TDLR REVIEW REQUIRED

A) DOT + 014983X (BNSF)

NO EXCEPTIONS

EQUATION

EQUATION

I RAILROAD CROSSING

STA. 481-09.02 (BK)

STA. 482.58.30 (AH)

STA. 739-90.49 (NORTH

STA. 634.42.40 (SOUTH)

STA. 525.85.80 (BK)

STA. 525.90.60 (AH)

REVERSAL (PT)

GENERAL

- 1 TITLE
- 2 INDEX OF SHEETS
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- 4, 4A 4D GENERAL NOTES
 - 5 ESTIMATE & QUANTITY

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- 20 TxDOT TCP (2-6) 18
- 21 TxDOT TCP (3-2) 13
- 22 TxDOT TCP (5-1) 1823 TxDOT TCP (6-1) 12
- 23 17001 101 (0-1) 12
- 24 TxDOT TCP (S-4) 08A
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ROADWAY

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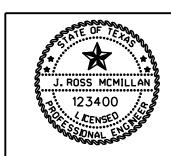
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Sheets denoted with "TxDOT" have been selected by me or under my responsibile supervision as being applicable to this project.



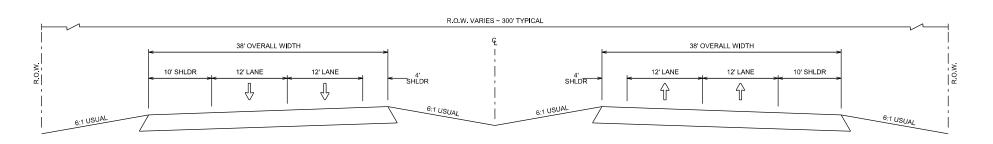
Par Mª Milla, P.E.

1-27-2023

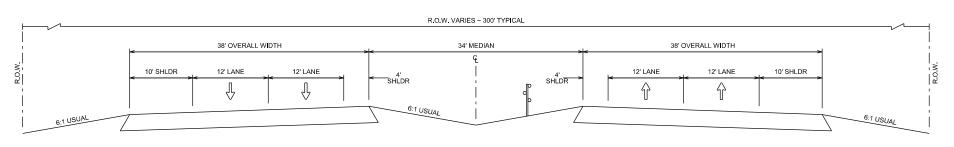
INDEX OF SHEETS



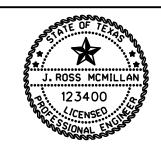
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY				
0783	01	107, etc.	SL 289				
DIST.		COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
LBB	L	JBBOCK	2				
FILE	078301107 INDEX						



EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION



PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION (LEFT SIDE SIMILAR)



Ru MªMilla, P.E.

1-27-2023

TYPICAL SECTIONS



CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY				
0783	01	107, etc.	SL 289				
DIST.		COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
LBB	L	JBBOCK	3				
FILE	078301107 TYPICALS						

Highway: SL 289 Sheet 4

GENERAL NOTES:

Surface Treatment Basis of Estimate

DESCRIPTION	EMUL (ERSN CONT)
ASPH TYPE &	CSS-1H
GRADE	
ASPH RATE	*0.22
(GAL/SY)	Asphalt
	Emulsion

Surface Treatment Area

CSJ	EMULSION
	(EROSION
	CONTROL)
0783-01-107	31,864 SY
0783-02-101	13,650 SY

General Requirements and Covenants - Items 1 thru 9

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Michael Wittie, P.E. – <u>Michael.Wittie@txdot.gov</u> 806-748-4466 Ross McMillan, P.E. – <u>Ross.McMillan@txdot.gov</u> 806-748-4496

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

 $\underline{https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors}$

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

<u>Item 1 – Abbreviations and Definitions</u>

Contract Prosecution – Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A contractor awarded multiple contracts, must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any and all contracts at the same time.

County: Lubbock Control: 0783-01-107, etc.

Highway: SL 289 Sheet 4

<u>Item 2 – Instructions to Bidders</u>

The construction time determination schedule will be posted on the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

View the plans on-line or download from the web at:

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/plansonline/agreement.htm

Choose "I Agree" then, "Click here", then "State-Let-Construction", pick the letting month, then "Plans" and then choose the plans set.

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at:

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm

Utilities

Overhead and underground utility installations exist within the project limits.

Call One Call to mark the locations of all utilities. Call the City and TxDOT separately to have their respective utilities marked.

Item 5 – Control of the Work

Perform construction surveying in accordance with Article 5.9.3, "Method C."

Replace all damaged ROW and USGS monuments at the contractor's expense.

When deviation from the plans is requested by the Contractor, but not required for installation, the Contractor will bear any additional costs associated with the deviation.

Alter the location of all ground boxes, foundations and structures shown on the plans only as approved by the Engineer in writing. Contact the Engineer prior to installing ground boxes, foundations and structures in order that the Inspector may verify and approve the location.

Restore all disturbed areas due to trenching or any construction activity to a condition equivalent to the original condition within 14 working days from the time work began in the area including all necessary stabilization.

The construction, operation, and maintenance of the proposed project will be consistent with the state implementation plan as prepared by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

At the end of each day remove from the ROW, inside or outside the project limits, any excess material and debris resulting from construction.

Correct any deficiencies identified during the final inspection including required paperwork.

Submit all required paperwork within 60 days of project acceptance.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Highway: SL 289 Sheet 4 A

<u>Item 6 – Control of Materials</u>

Use materials from pre-qualified producers. A list of material producers pre-qualified by the Construction Division (CST) of the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) can be found at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/producer-list.html

In addition to the requirements of the plans and specifications, make all material and equipment furnished, installed, modified, tested, or otherwise used on this contract, and becoming the property of TxDOT, fully functional within the manufacturer normal specifications, warranties, and guarantees. Make any additional functions of the material and equipment normally supplied by the manufacturer, but not specified by TxDOT, completely functional.

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link. https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

<u>Item 7 – Legal Relations and Responsibilities</u>

Coordinate street closures with the local fire, police, and other emergency personnel.

Maintain access to adjacent property at all times.

Notify, in writing, each residence and business 10 days prior to beginning construction of the phase/phases that are expected to affect their ingress and egress. This notice may be hand delivered or mailed.

When applicable, comply with all requirements of the Environmental Permits Issues and Commitments (EPIC) sheets.

Provide a lidded dumpster to be used by Contractor's personnel on the job site. The lid or covering to the dumpsters needs to be able to stay closed in high winds for preventing trash from being blown out. This shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

Dispose of all waste materials in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations. Submit a list of all approved waste sites to the Engineer for review.

All vehicles in the work zone shall use flashing amber strobe lights visible 360 degrees.

County: Lubbock Control: 0783-01-107, etc.

Highway: SL 289 Sheet 4A

No significant traffic generator events identified.

This project will not require a railroad agreement, flagging, insurance, or right-of-entry.

Item 8 - Prosecution and Progress

This project is to be complete in 124 days and 8 months of barricades in accordance with the contract documents.

Work must begin by July 10th, 2023.

Monthly schedule updates are a very important aspect of managing the progress of this project. The Engineer may withhold the monthly estimate if the schedule update has not been received.

A bar chart will be required on this project.

Do not begin work before sunrise or end work after sunset unless authorized by the Engineer, and remove all equipment from the roadway before sundown.

Perform any erosion control measures such as seeding or sodding before beginning the next phase, or land, unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer.

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4 Standard Workweek.

Liquidated damages as defined in SP 000-1243 (\$940) will be increased by the calculated road user cost of \$1,000, for a total of \$1,940 per day.

Shut down operations the working day before the following major traffic generating holidays: January 1st (New Year's); Last Monday in May (Memorial Day); July 4th (Independence Day); First Monday in September (Labor Day); Fourth Thursday in November (Thanksgiving); and December 24th (Christmas Eve).

The work zone in one direction shall not exceed 2 miles unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Payment for final 3% mobilization will be made once all project signage has been removed and all other items according to Article 500.3. Timeliness for submittal of required paperwork and correction of deficiencies is a consideration in developing the final contractor evaluation score.

Item 9 - Measurement and Payment

Submit material-on-hand payment requests by the monthly estimate cutoff date.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

Highway: SL 289 Sheet 4B

Item 150 - Blading

Salvage existing topsoil and grass in windrows along the edge of the grading operations, or as directed by the Engineer. As a land is finished, spread the adjacent topsoil and grass uniformly over the disturbed area. Perform this work in phases not to exceed three miles, unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer.

Some cleaning and/or shaping of ditches may be required. This work will not be paid for directly but considered subsidiary to Items 150, 432, and 543.

Water will be required as directed by the Engineer to compact backfill the pavement edges.

Item 314 - Emulsified Asphalt Treatment

Apply the emulsified asphalt and water mixture, as directed by the Engineer.

Apply CSS-1H emulsified asphalt, in accordance with Item 314, at a rate of 0.22 gal/sy, across the width (8 feet) of the disturbed area. A hand wand may be required for this work.

<u>Item 420 - Concrete Substructures</u>

Cold weather protection requirements within 72 hours of a concrete pour as per the following table:

PROJECTED LOW TEMP	PROTECTION REQUIRED
< 20 degrees	DO NOT POUR
20-27 degrees	cover with plastic, then a insulating blanket, and plastic on top
28-35 degrees	cover with plastic, then a insulating blanket
> 35 degrees	no protection required

All projected temperatures will be based on the NOAA website. None of the above actions releases the Contractor from the responsibility for freeze damaged concrete for whatever reason.

Do not place concrete when the winds are sustained at 25 mph, or gusting to 35 mph.

Coring of structural classes of concrete will not be allowed. All coring of miscellaneous concrete shall be at the Contractor's expense including all prep work. Coring must be completed within 3 days of notice of failing 28-day samples; otherwise pay deductions apply using 28-day compressive strength.

Provide TY II curing compound for all curb and gutter, sidewalks, driveways, curb ramps, riprap, and cast-in-place SET's.

Furnish and place preformed fiber material, a minimum one-half (1/2)-inch thick, as shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

County: Lubbock Control: 0783-01-107, etc.

Highway: SL 289 Sheet 4B

Use Grade 3 or Grade 4 coarse aggregate in all concrete structures.

Vibrate all concrete.

Item 421 - Hydraulic Cement Concrete

If fly ash is used, a maximum of 35% will be allowed.

The Engineer will perform all concrete job control testing.

Provide air entrainment in all concrete except for concrete used in drilled shafts and precast concrete members. Target an entrained air content of 4.0% +/- 1% for concrete pavement and 5.5% +/- 1% for all other concrete requiring air entrainment. Ensure the minimum entrained air content is at least 3.0% for all classes of concrete.

The Engineer will inspect concrete batch plants and trucks for approval.

Use 4-inch by 8-inch cylinder molds for concrete with Grade 3 or smaller coarse aggregate. Supply new cylinder molds and lids subsidiary to the various bid items.

Concrete plant must be capable of providing automated moisture content control for both coarse and fine aggregate.

Item 427 - Surface Finishes For Concrete.

Provide surface area I concrete surfaces with a rub finish as soon as forms are removed. This work will not be paid for directly but considered subsidiary to Item 432.

Item 432 - Riprap

Provide 5-inch thick concrete riprap (mowstrip).

Reinforce with steel reinforcing using #3 bars on 16"x16" spacing centered in the slab as shown on sheet 27. Fiber reinforcement or welded wire will not be allowed.

3 pieces of longitudinal steel as shown on the Roadway Details sheet will be required in all mowstrip.

Provide 1/2 inch expansion material at 100 foot intervals that do not conflict with post/drill shafts for the cable system. Except where expansion material is placed, provide a tool joint every 20 feet.

General Notes

Sheet F

Place felt or filter fabric at open joints as required by the Engineer. This will be considered subsidiary.

Backfill mowstrip after forms are removed.

General Notes Sheet E

Highway: SL 289 Sheet 4C

Follow cold weather protection requirements listed under Item 420.

Item 502 - Barricades, Signs And Traffic Handling

Prior to beginning construction, the Engineer shall approve the routing of traffic and sequence of work.

Additional signs and barricades as directed by the Engineer shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502

Provide flashing portable arrow panels for all lane closures.

Wash the channelizing devices and barricades following each rainfall or snowfall event and at times deemed necessary by the Engineer.

To ensure the safety and convenience of traffic, flaggers may be required when construction machinery is being operated along, across, or adjacent to lanes carrying traffic. If considered necessary by the Engineer, supplemental signs and barricades may be required.

Fill any holes left by barricade or sign supports and restore the area to its original condition.

Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling is a plan quantity item. If time is suspended, no additional compensation will be made.

Traffic switches will not be permitted on Fridays or any working day preceding a holiday unless authorized by the Engineer.

Cones or chevrons may be used in lieu of vertical panels at the discretion of the Engineer. Cones cannot be used to separate opposing traffic.

The Contractor shall bid the traffic control plan shown in the plans. Any proposed alterations to the TCP (combining work areas / phasing / etc.) shall be submitted to the Engineer at least 10 days prior to anticipated changes.

Square tubing sign supports may be used for temporary construction signs. Aluminum and wood signs may be mounted if the vertical supports are embedded into the ground. Square tubing supports on skids which are typically held in place with sand bags can only support signs made of light weight flutted plastic.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The

County: Lubbock Control: 0783-01-107, etc.

Highway: SL 289 Sheet 4 C

Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Correct all noted deficiencies within 7 calendar days, otherwise, cease all operations until the noted deficiencies are corrected.

Stockpiles that meet the barricade requirements as shown on the BC(10) Standard are required to be erected at the time of material delivery in the Right-of-Way and maintained as long as the stockpile exists. Payment for Material-on-Hand will be withheld from the estimate for inadequate barricades or the failure to maintain barricades on a per stockpile basis as determined by the Engineer.

Like new traffic control devices will be required at the initial setup for all projects or as approved by the Engineer.

Provide flags and a CW8-15P "MOTORCYCLE WARNING" plaque on all CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs except on side roads.

Use only the work zone speed limit and TCP signs that are relevant to the active work area and as directed. Reset signs for subsequent work phases as work progresses and approved by the Engineer. Reset normal speed limit signs at the ends of work zones.

Project limit signage is required on both sides of the roadway on a divided highway.

All bid items and work requiring traffic control is the responsibility of the contractor, even when not explicitly detailed in the plans. Consider this work subsidiary to Item 502.

TMAs and Portable Changeable Message Boards will not be used as Arrow Boards.

No lane closures will be left in place overnight.

When the roadway is open to traffic and final striping is completed, any subsequent work shall be done under daytime traffic control.

The contractor is to respond within 30 minutes to any traffic control maintenance after wind events, storms, etc., and as directed by the Engineer.

Item 506 - Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

Silt fence, sandbags and other BMPs will be placed and relocated as directed by the Engineer in order to comply fully with the SW3P requirements.

Place a weatherproof bulletin board containing the TCEQ required information on the project at a site directed by the Engineer. Post the following documents: (1) "TCEQ TPDES Storm Water Program" Construction Site Notice and (2) TCEQ "TPDES Permit." Place rain gauge(s) at

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H

Highway: SL 289 Sheet 4D

locations designated by the Engineer. At the completion of the contract, the bulletin board will become the property of the State and will remain in place until 70 percent vegetation coverage has been obtained.

The soil area disturbed by this project, including all disturbed areas within the limits of this project as described in the Contract and at Contractor project specific locations (PSLs) within one mile of the project limits, contributes to the establishment of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Construction General Permit (CGP) requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization from the TCEQ to discharge storm water for construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor shall obtain the required authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor project specific locations (PSLs) for construction support activities off the right-of-way. As directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for on-site PSLs. When the total area disturbed within the project limits and at PSLs within one mile of the project limits exceeds five acres, the Contractor shall provide a copy of the Contractor's Notice of Intent (NOI) submission and Construction General Permit for PSLs on the right-of-way to the Engineer (and submit a copy of NOIs to appropriate MS4 operators).

Water pumped off the project must have sediment and any other solids in suspension removed before discharging.

No PSLs will be allowed in or adjacent to any prairie dog towns.

Sediments removed from BMPs shall be paid for by force account. The Contractor shall submit an invoice for the work.

Correct all noted deficiencies within 7 calendar days, otherwise, cease all operations until the noted deficiencies are corrected.

Maintain 100 feet of silt fence, 100 feet of erosion control logs, and 50 sandbags on site at all times for repairs/replacement as needed.

<u>Item 543 – Cable Barrier System</u>

Gibraltar Median Cable Barrier systems are required for this project. No substitutes will be allowed.

Reimbursable repair or replacement of components damaged after installation will be paid for at contract bid prices. No additional compensation will be made for removal of damaged components.

Use only pre-stressed cables.

Drilled shafts are considered subsidiary to Item 543.

County: Lubbock Control: 0783-01-107, etc.

Highway: SL 289 Sheet 4D

Follow manufacturer's installation and handling instructions and/or recommendations.

Cable post and anchor delineators will be considered subsidiary to Item 543 and placed as near to 80' increments as practical. Delineators will be placed on both sides of the cable post. Delineators are subsidiary to Item 543.

Ensure that the cable barrier manufacturer provides training to TxDOT maintenance forces and local emergency personnel on how to extract, repair, and maintain the system after it has been hit.

Item 730 - Roadside Mowing

Mow full-width from pavement edge to Right-of-Way line 2 times. The Engineer shall dictate the times to mow and the areas in the project to mow. The contractor should plan to mow all 3 medians as well as from the service roads to the Right-of-Way line.

Each mowing cycle is for the entire project and approximately 400 acres.

Notify the Engineer by 9:00 am each day for work completed the previous day, including hand trimming and cleanup. The Engineer will then inspect the section(s) of roadway for acceptance, not more than two (2) working days after notification.

Provide a TMA(s) as directed when mowing impedes the travel lane.

Item 734 – Litter Removal

Perform litter removal prior to mowing and as directed by the Engineer.

Item 6001 - Portable Changeable Message Sign

Provide messages as directed by the Engineer.

Provide 2 solar powered changeable message signs for the duration of this project.

Inform the public 2 weeks before construction begins.

Item 6185 – Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

Provide 4 TMAs for stationary use for the duration of the project. Stationary TMAs will be used during the various phases of work required for this project. Payment will be made by the day for each TMA used in stationary operations.

TMAs used to shadow a crew as they progress along the work area and are moved periodically throughout the day will be considered stationary TMAs.

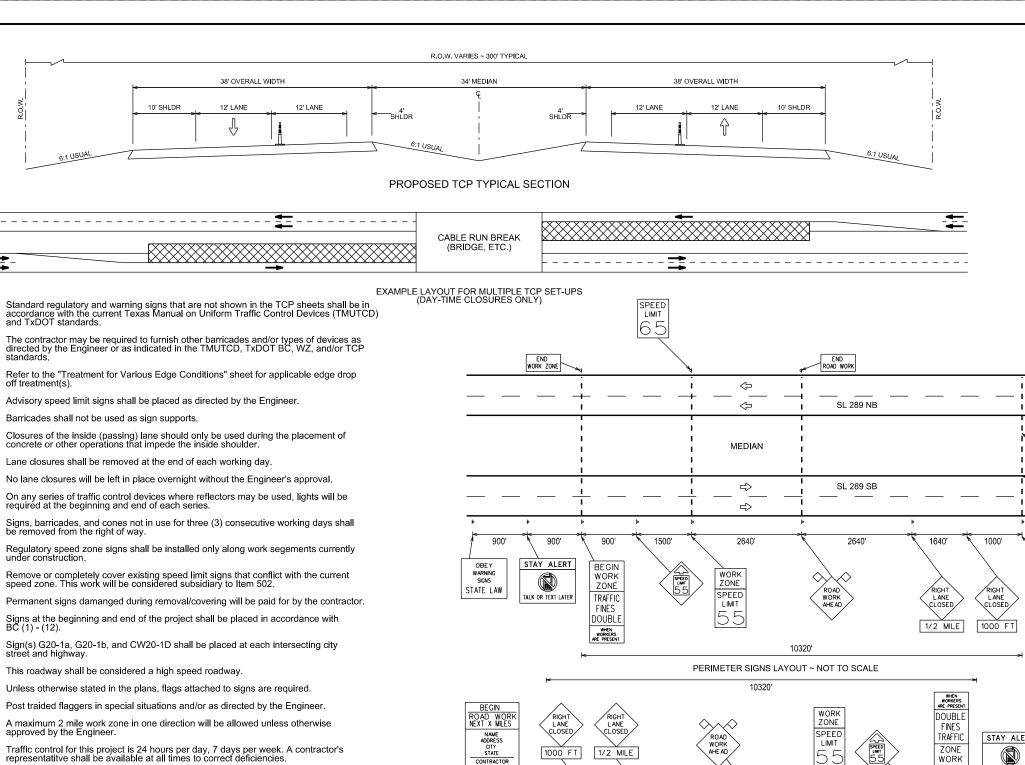
General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J

E & Q

						Control 0783-01 IH 27 Non-bridge	107	Control 0783-02- IH 27 Non-bridge	101	L	EM COD	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	TOTAL	
EST	FINAL	EST	FINAL	EST	FINAL	EST	FINAL	EST	FINAL	T ITEM	DESC CODE	SP NO		EST	FINAL
						365.500		156.000		150	6001	BLADING	STA	521.500	
						7010.000		3003.000		314	6013	EMULS ASPH (EROSN CONT) (CSS-1H)	GAL	10013.000	
						1660.000		709.000		432	6002	RIPRAP (CONC) (5 IN)	CY	2369.000	
						1.000				500	6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000	
						8.000				502	6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	MO	8.000	
						136.000		52.000		506	6035	SANDBAGS FOR EROSION CONTROL	EA	188.000	
						450.000		140.000		506	6042	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (18")	LF	590.000	
						450.000		140.000		506	6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	590.000	
						35147.000		15104.000		543	6002	CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4)	LF	50251.000	
						28.000		10.000		543	6020	CABLE BARRIER TERMINAL SECTION (TL-4)	EA	38.000	
						444.000					6001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	444.000	
						486.000				6185	6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	486.000	
													+ +		
										18	XXXX	CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUTN SAFETY CONTINGENCY	LS		
												(NON-PARTICIPATING)			
										18	XXXX	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT	WORS		
												(PARTICIPATING)			
										720	6407			2.000	
						2.000					6107	FULL-WIDTH MOWING	CYC	2.000	
						2.000				/34	6002	LITTER REMOVAL	CYC	2.000	
										+					
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	•													CCSJ	

ESTIMATE & QUANTITY

0067-07-100, etc.



TCP SUMMARY 6001-6001 6185-6002 PORTABLE TMA **CHANGEABLE** (STATIONARY) MESSAGE SIGN DAY DAY 0783-01-107 328 304

140

444

Set project barricades and signs.
Place SWP3 BMPS.
Establish traffic control in accordance with applicable TCP sheets.

Daytime lane closures will be allowed when work operations impede upon the inside shoulder
Use a string line or other means to ensure parralle placement to the ditch line. The contractor should plan to conduct a survey and place markers and/or stakes as needed. This work will not be

Blade back grass into windrow(s).
Perform any necessary grading, earth work, and/or removal of

WORK SEQUENCE:

subsidiary to Item 543.

Install cable barrier. Blade back windrow(s).

ditch riprap. Install drilled shafts and mowstrip.

Remove barricades and signs.

Apply emulsion to distrubed areas. Perform project clean up and punch list.

0783-02-101

Project Total

J. ROSS MCMILLAN 123400 (/CENSE)

158

486

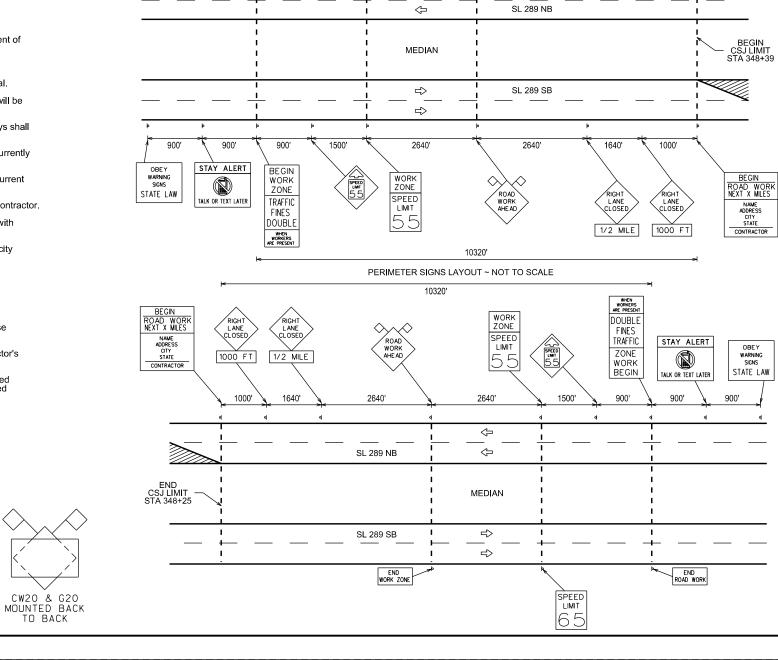
MªMilla P.E.

1-27-2023

TCP SUMMARY NOTES

Texas Department of Transportation

CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY				
0783	01	107, etc.	SL 289				
DIST.		COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
LBB	L	UBBOCK	6				
FILE	078301107 TCP						



until a TMA is available

ROAD

WORK

AHE AD

CW20-1D

Unless otherwise allowed by the Engineer, all lane closures shall not be placed before sunrise and work shall be conducted so that lane closures are removed

Multiple work areas in the same lane closure shall be protected by a TMA as shown in TCP (6-1) - 12.

TMAs periodically moved as steel tying or other work progresses down the cable run will be considered and paid for as stationary TMAs.

ROAD WORK

NEXT _ MILES ⇒

G20-1a 72"x36'

<>NEXT _ MILES

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2a 48"x24

TMAs shall be moved as needed and/or directed to protect workers. If a TMA is not available to protect workers then that work will not take place

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travellanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

SHEET 1 OF 12



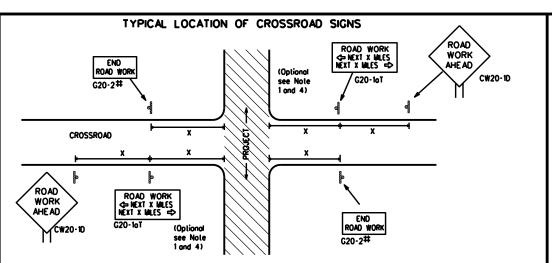
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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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- May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "TypicalConstruction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texos" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroods. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Bosed on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGCER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

CW1-41

CW13-1P

Barricade or

devices

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK *** ***G20-9TP * *R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * *R20-50TP ROAD WORK * *G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTL \Diamond INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY ➾ ROAD WORK G20-16TR | NEXT X MILES => 80. WORK ZONE G20-26T ** BEGIN G20-5T WORK * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFIC G20-6T * *R20-5T FINES DOUBLE END ROAD WORK * * R20-5oTP G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Borricodes for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

SIZE

Posted Speed Spacing MPH 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75

80

SPACING

Sign

Feet

Apprx.)

120

160

240

320

400

500²

600 ²

700 ²

800 ²

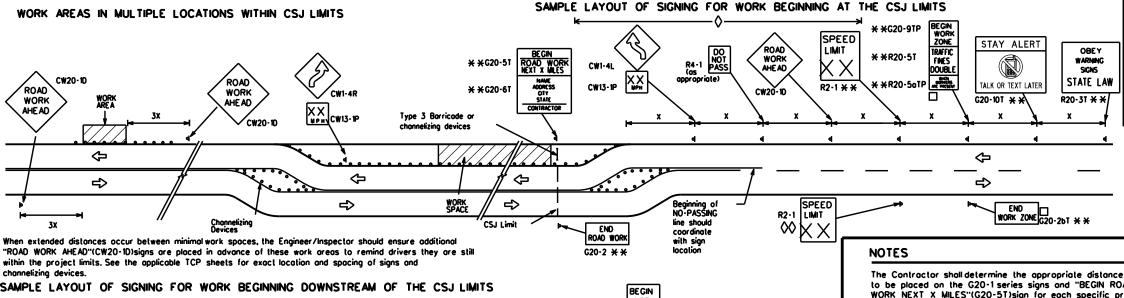
900 ²

1000 2

- Sign Conventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW204 CW21 CW22 48" × 48" 48" × 48" **CW23** CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 36" × 36" 481 x 48" CW9, CW11, CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48t x 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12
- # For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCO", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



* *G20-9TP

X XR20-5T

* *R20-5aTP

SPEED

-CSJ Limit

LIMIT

BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES

* *G20-5T

* *G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 * *

ROAD

WORK

√₂ MILE

CW2Ö-1E

ROAD

WORK

AHE AD

CW20-1D

ZONE

FINES

SPEED R2:1

LIMIT

DOUBLE

RAFFIC

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

G20-10T

OBEY

SICNS

STATE LAW

➾

END C20-26T **

R20-3T

to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T)sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- ☐ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- ** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND							
I	Type 3 Barricade							
0	Channelizing Devices							
4	Sign							
x	See Typical Construction Worning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.							

SHEET 2 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

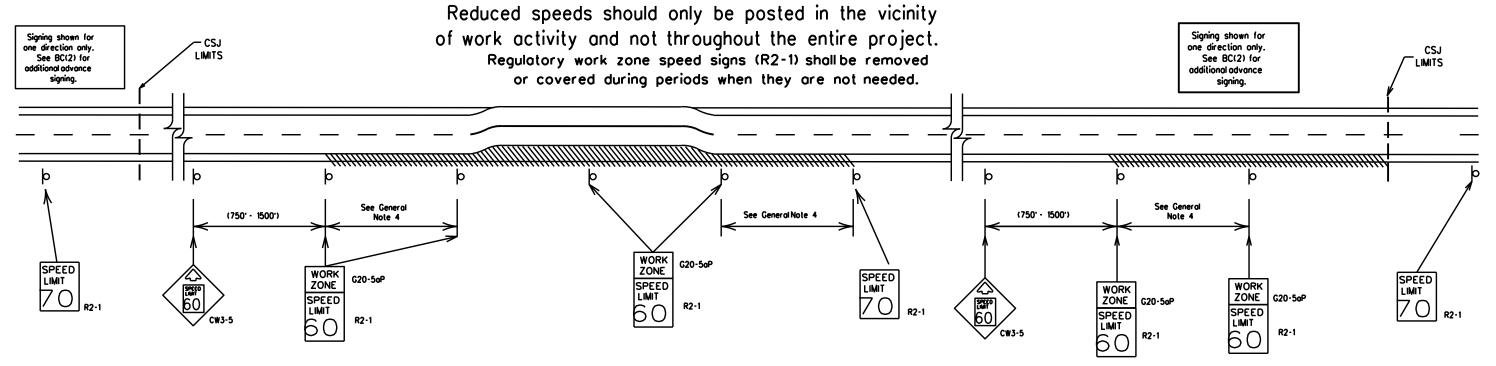
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ROAD

CLOSED R11-2

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

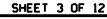
SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of traveland are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
 - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
- - 35 mph and less
- 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form *1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

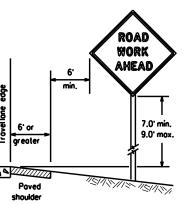


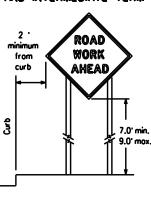


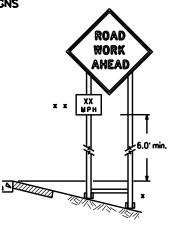
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

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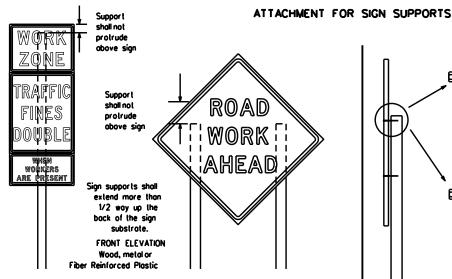
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- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
 - x x When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metaltubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

sign supports

will be by bolts and nuts

procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

of at least the same gauge material.

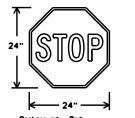
1. STOP/SLOW poddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24".

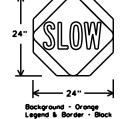
the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

- 2. STOP/SLOW poddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.

BLACK





ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

LEGEND & BORDER

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT) SIGN FACE MATERIAL USAGE COLOR BACKGROUND RED TYPE B OR C SHEETING TYPE B, OR C, SHEETING BACKGROUND ORANGE LEGEND & BORDER WHITE TYPE B OR C SHEETING

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- f permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in occordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or domaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
-). The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nightlime work losting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT
 1. The bollom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shallbe at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.

 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the povement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground.
 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- While sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type G, , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opoque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opoque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- . Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 5. Duct tope or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.

 Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

 Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
 Rubber ballosts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- rubber ballost or portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.

 Sondbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteness. Sandbags shall be placed
- along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

 Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arange or fluorescent red-arange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



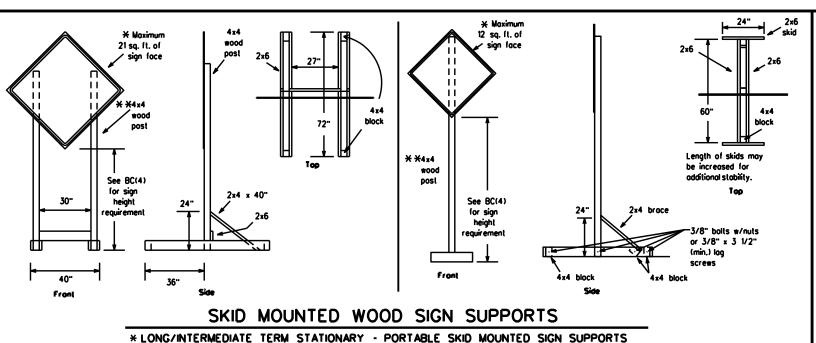
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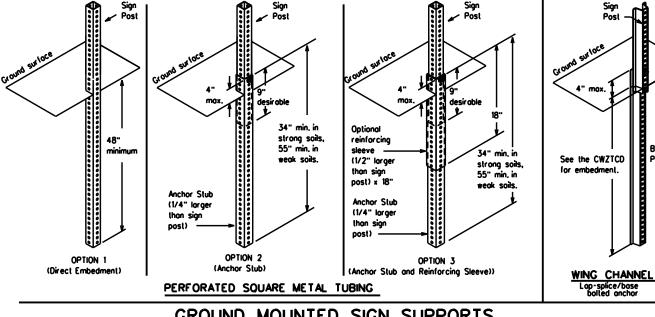
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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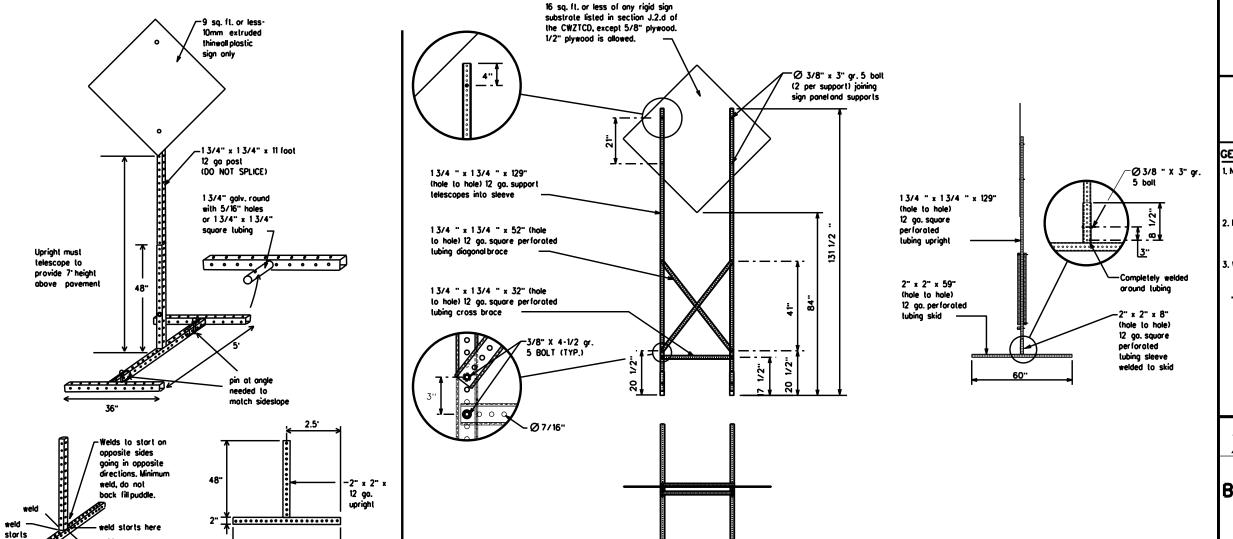
DISCLAMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering F and is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes if this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages.





GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recom Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



32.

WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steeland plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary on the SMD School'd Sheets may be used as tempor sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" log screws must be used on every joint for final
- . No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- . When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiory to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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SINGLE LEG BASE

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," elc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP.
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- 6. When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midni Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flosh" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message. 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phroses that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed logether. Words or phroses not on this list should not be abbrevialed, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.

 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than
- left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

	ı	1	T
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBRE VIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Rood	CCS RD	Major MAJ	
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route		Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Rood	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lone	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lone	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	1 	1 44.11
Maintenance	MAINT	J	

designation - IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

oaa/Lane/Kamp	Closure List	Other Condit	ion List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

* LANES SHIFT in Phose 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phose 2.

- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phose selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

ction to Take/Effec List		Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE *		×× Se	e Application Guidelines No	

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a

location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

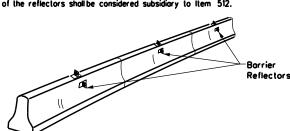


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

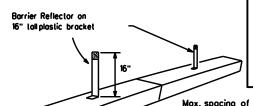
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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
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- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiory to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB.
 An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement morkers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tobs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope borriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB. Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet.

Attach the delineators as per

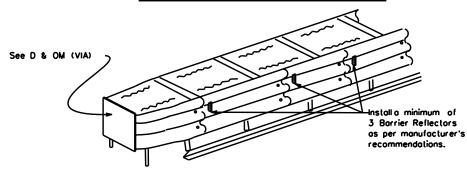
manufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE

IN WORK ZONES

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apparopriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

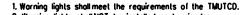
Warning reflector may be round

or square.Must have a yellow

30 square inches

reflective surface area of at least

drum adjacent to the travelway.



2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.

- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Floshing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hozardous orea. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "S8".

 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the lotest ITE Purchase Specifications for Floshing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive floshing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the laper to the end of the merging laper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of floshing for each light shall be 65 floshes per minute, plus or minus 10 floshes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travellane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type Å, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

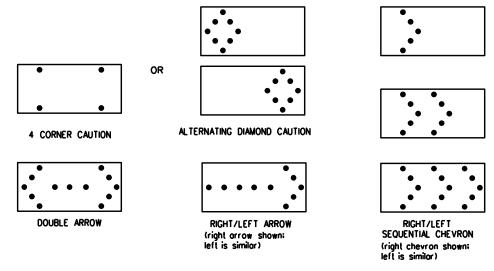
- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The worning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.

 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder toper or merging toper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travellanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roodways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Floshing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Floshing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- 6. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Floshing Arrow Board shall be copoble of minimum 50 percent aimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The floshing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 floshes per minute.

 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the floshing arrow and equal

- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
 The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
 The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
 Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel. to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
8	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 x 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION							
Flashing Arrow Boards							
shall be equipped with							
automatic dimmina devices.							

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for
- Assessing Sofety Hordwore (MASH).

 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- in the plans.

 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plostic drums shall be a two-piece design: the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "bose" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sian.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.

 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.

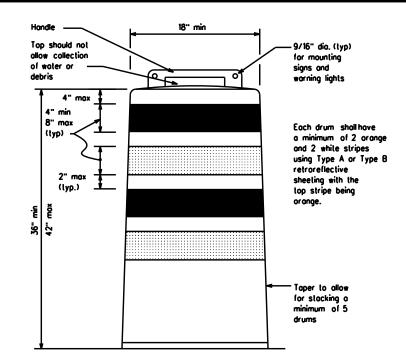
 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

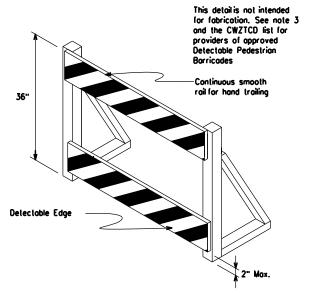
- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall othere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain othered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to obrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballosted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballost material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballost may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballosting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stocking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in bollast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
 Built-in bollast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballost shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.

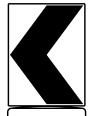






DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrions with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrion Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tope, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrior movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rais as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or shorp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down lowards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plostic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange, sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lone.
- 4. Other sign messages (lext or symbolic) may be used as opproved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series sions discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging lapers or on shifting lapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

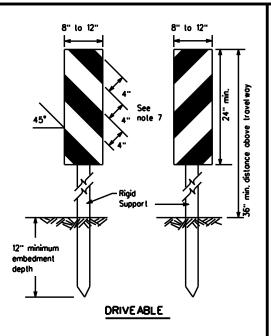


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

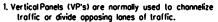
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36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

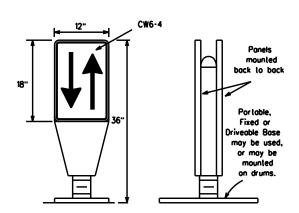


- 2. VP's may be used in daylime or nightlime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and night lime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective arange and reflective white and should always slope downward loward the travellane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retrorellective area facing traffic.

 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

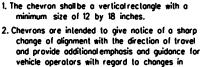
36"



PORTABLE

- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the povement with an odhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spocing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Fype C configuring to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

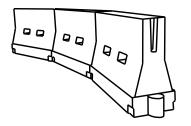


- horizontal alignment of the roadway. 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C configrming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on topers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform . Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spocing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travelianes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeling meeting the requirements for borricode rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water bollasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nightlime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water bollosted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a laper in a low speed urban area, the laper shall be delineated and the laper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballosted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top If the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula		esiroble er Leng x x		Spacin Channel	
		10 [.] Offset	11 [.] Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30	2	150'	165'	180	30.	60,
35	L• WS2	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'
40	80	265	295'	320'	40'	80.
45		450'	495	540'	45'	90.
50		500	550	600.	50 [.]	100
55	L-WS	550	605'	660'	55'	110'
60] - " -	600,	660	720	60,	120'
65		650	715	780'	65'	130'
70]	700	770	840	70'	140'
75		750 [.]	825'	900.	75'	150'
80		800.	880,	960	80,	160'
x :	K Toper len					.00

L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

Traffic Safety

División Standard

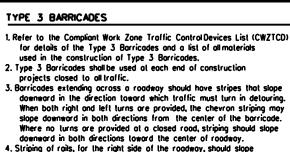


Texas Department of Transportation

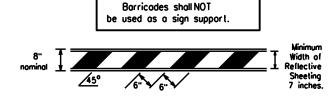
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

RC(Q)-21

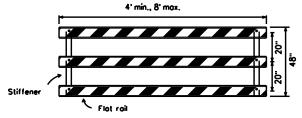
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- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Borricodes shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Worning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags wilbe lied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to mointain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricodes shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

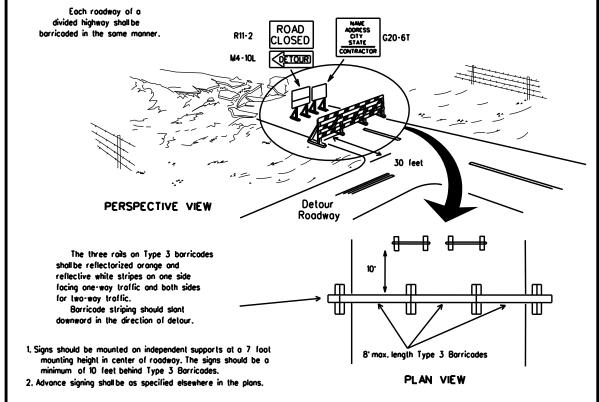


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

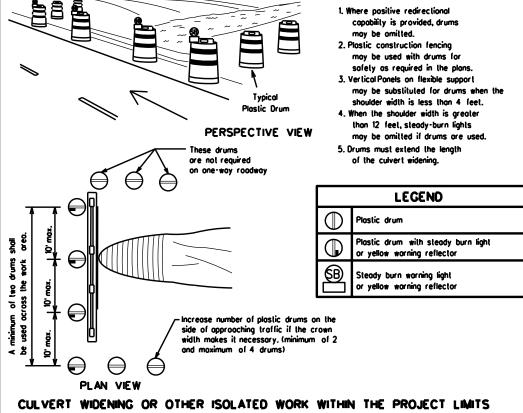


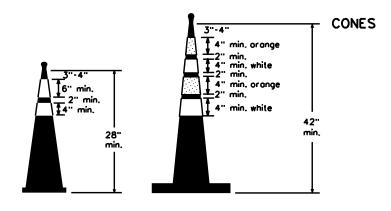
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL
FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION





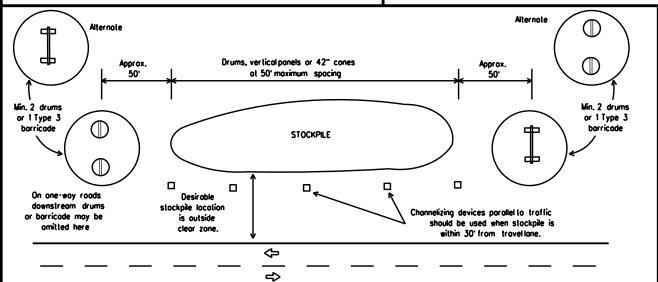
Two-Piece cones

\$\frac{1}{5"-4"} & \frac{1}{6" \text{ min.}} & \frac{1}{2" \text{ min.}} & \frac{1}{2} & \text{ min.} & \text{ m

2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballost, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and lubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where possing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where possing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone povement morkings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised povement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated povement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated povement markings (foilback) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

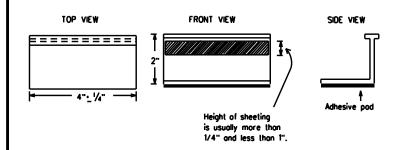
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone poverment markings within the work limits.
- Work zone povement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The morkings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Povement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detaurs in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detaur route.
- Povement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of povement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- Blost cleoning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-pointing of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised povement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tope may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tobs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic povement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tob manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new povements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Roised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised povement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemorks shall be bituminous material hat applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised povement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

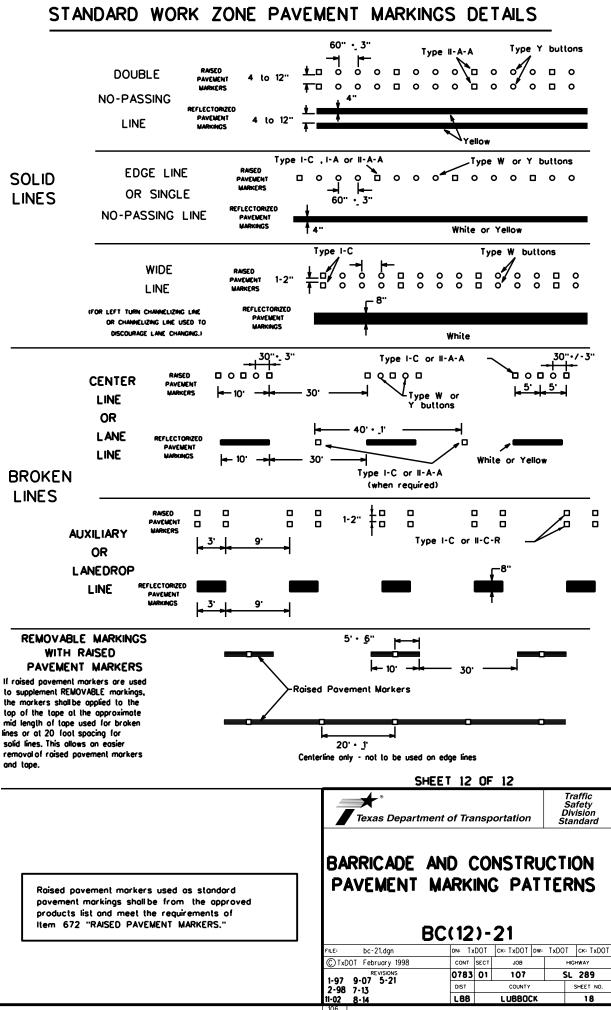
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
PAVEMENT MARKINGS

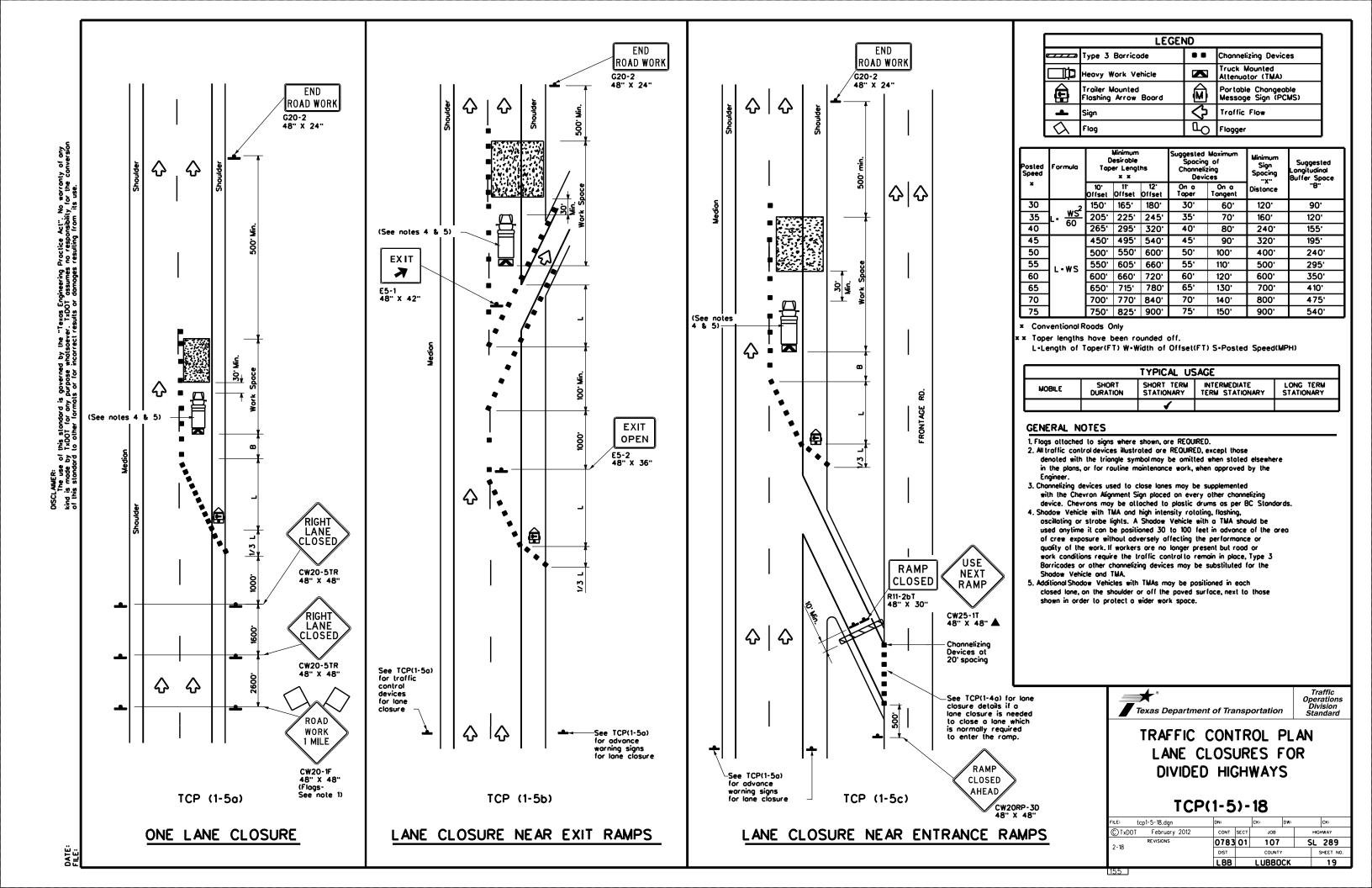
División Standard

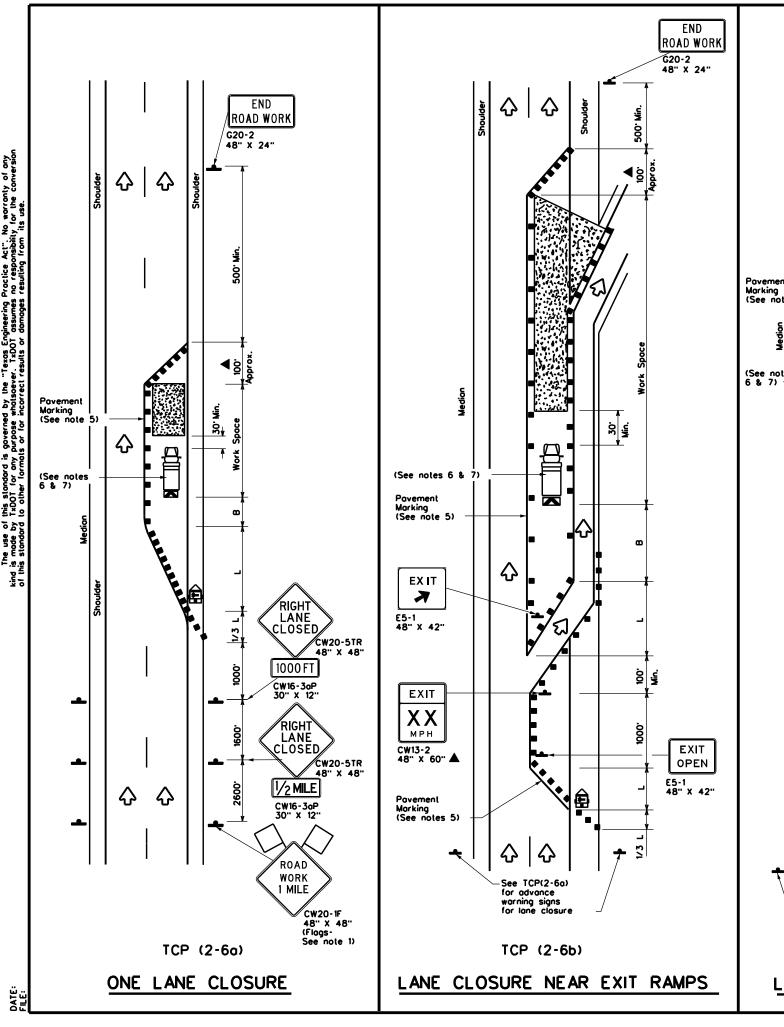
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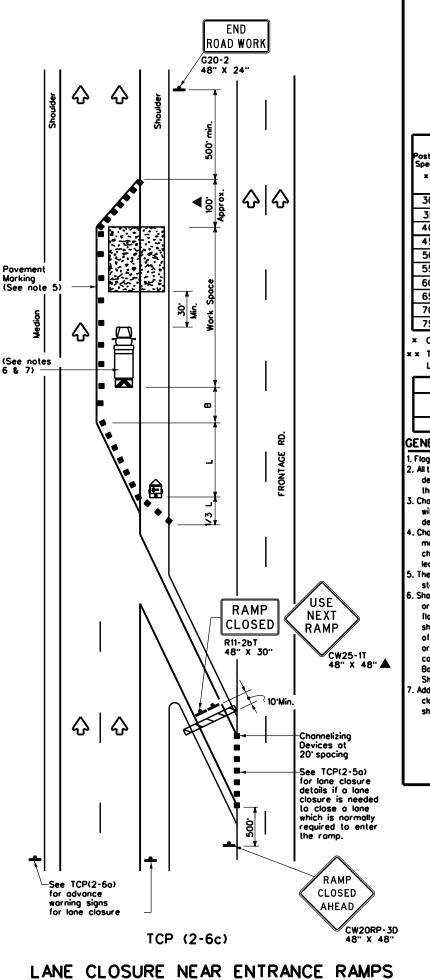
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	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Œ	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
4	Sign	₩	Troffic Flow					
Minimum Supposted Manimum								

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Posted Speed	Formulo	0	Minimum Jesiroble er Lengl x x		Suggested Spacin Channeli Dev	g of izing	Minimum Sign Spocing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10 [.] Offset	11 ⁻ Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"
30	2	150'	165'	180	30.	60.	120'	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205 ⁻	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40] "	265	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155 ⁻
45		450 ⁻	495'	540	45'	90.	320'	195'
50		500	550	600.	50.	100	400'	240 [.]
55	L.ws	550	605'	660.	55'	110'	500	295 ⁻
60] " " " "	600.	660.	720	60.	120 ⁻	600.	350 [.]
65]	650'	715	780	65.	130'	700	410'
70]	700 [.]	770 [.]	840'	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750'	825	900,	75'	150'	900.	540 [.]

- Conventional Roads Only
- * Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY						
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GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on intermediate stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, (fashing,oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

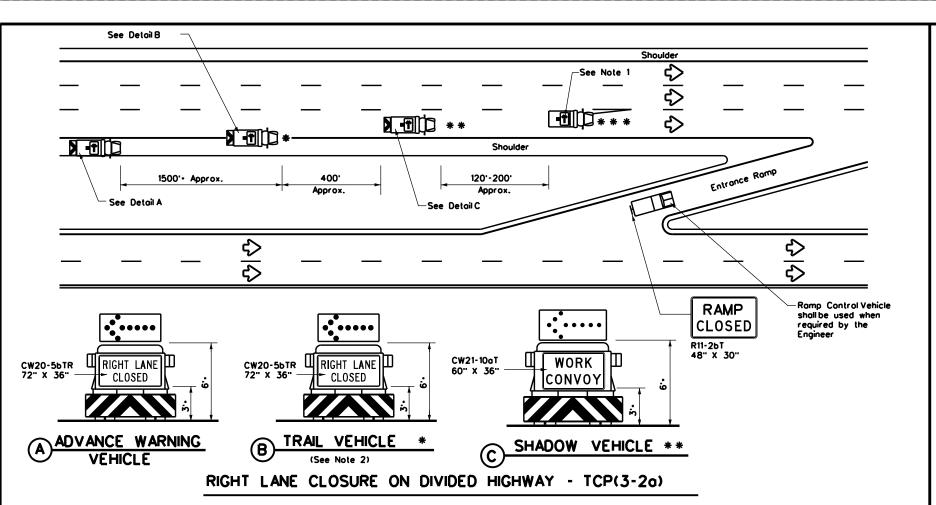
Texas Department of Transportation

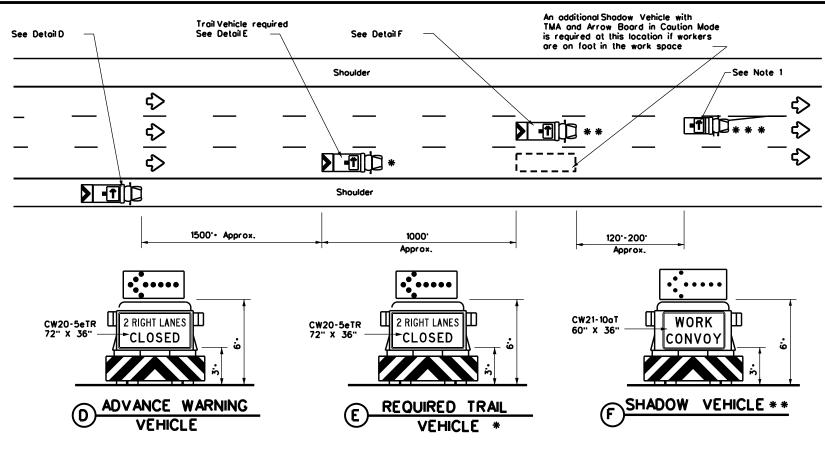
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

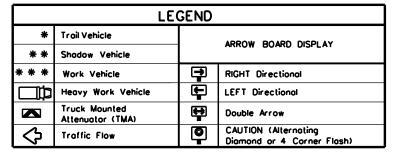
TCP(2-6)-18

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©⊺xl	DOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGI	H W AY
2-94	4.08	REVISIONS	0783	01	107		SL	289
8-95			DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
1-97	2-18		LBB		LUBBO	CK		20





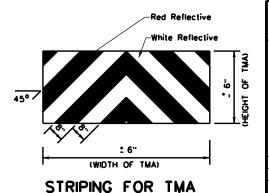
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)



TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY						
1						

GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- 3. The use of amber high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the floshing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp frequency.
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.





TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

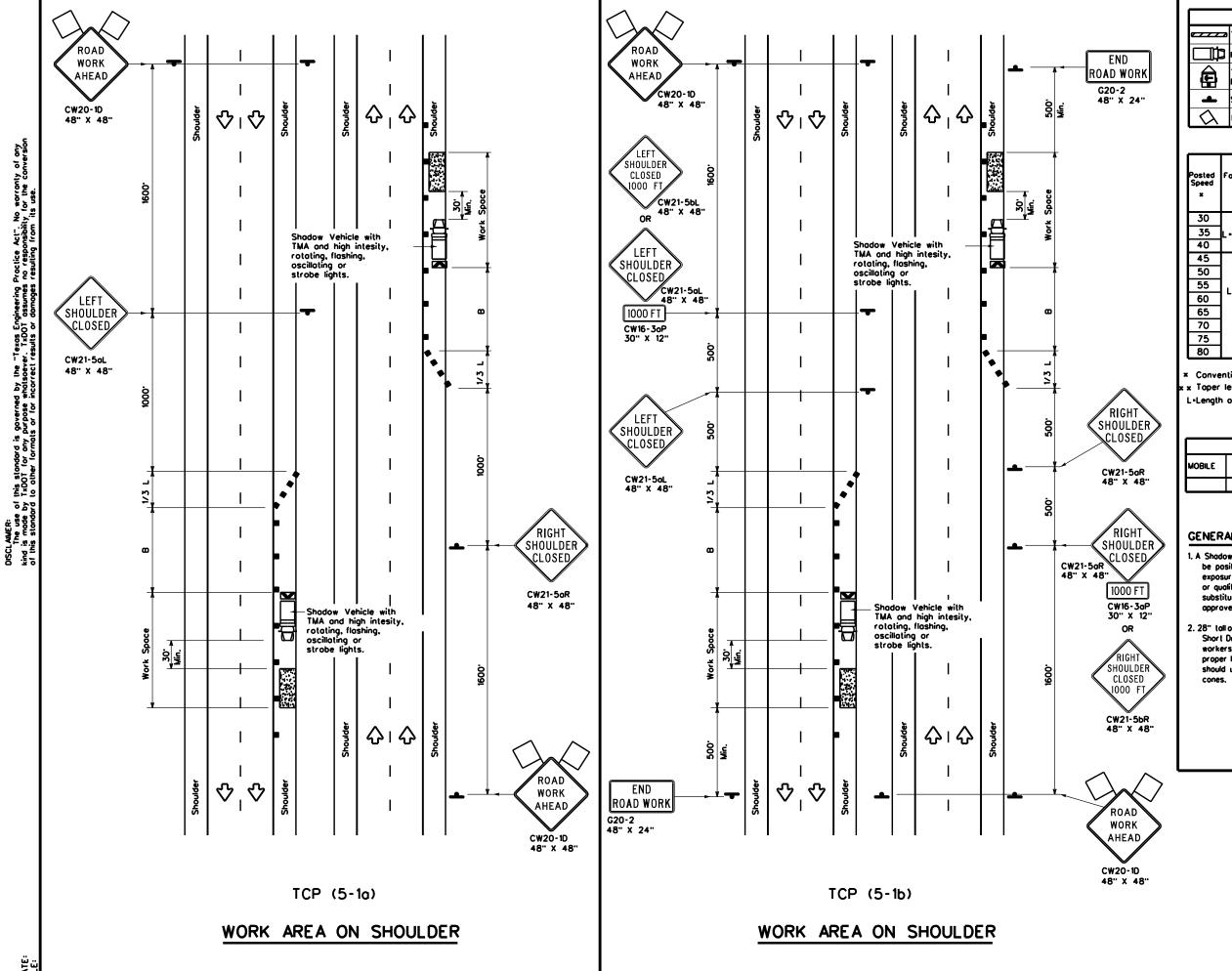
TCP(3-2)-13

Traffic Operations

Division Standard

TxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS		SECT			C	HIGHWAY	
94 4-98 95 7-13	0783 DIST	01	107 COUNTY		SL	289 SHEET NO.	
7	LBB		LUBBO	CK		21	

ATE



Type 3 Barricade

Type 3 Barricade

Channelizing Devices

Truck Mounted
Attenuator (TMA)

Portable Changeable
Message Sign (PCMS)

Traffic Flow

Flag

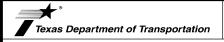
osted For	Formula	Desiroble ormulo Toper Lengths			Spac	ed Maximum cing of nelizing evices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10 [.] Offset	11 ⁻ Offset	12 [.] Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"	
30	2	150 [.]	165'	180'	30,	60'	90.	
35	L. ws²	205'	225'	245'	35	70'	120'	
40	1 ∾	265'	295	320'	40'	80.	155'	
45		450 [.]	495'	540'	45'	90 .	195'	
50	1	500	550 ⁻	600.	50.	100 ⁻	240 ⁻	
55	L.ws	550	605	660,	55 [.]	110'	295'	
60] - " " "]	600.	660.	720	60.	120'	350'	
65	1	650'	715	780	65'	130'	410'	
70		700'	770	840	70.	140'	475 ⁻	
75		750 ⁻	825'	900.	75'	150'	540'	
80		800.	880.	960	80.	160'	615'	

- Conventional Roads Only
- Toper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
	TCP(5-1a)	TCP(5-1b)	TCP(5-1b)					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 2.28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece

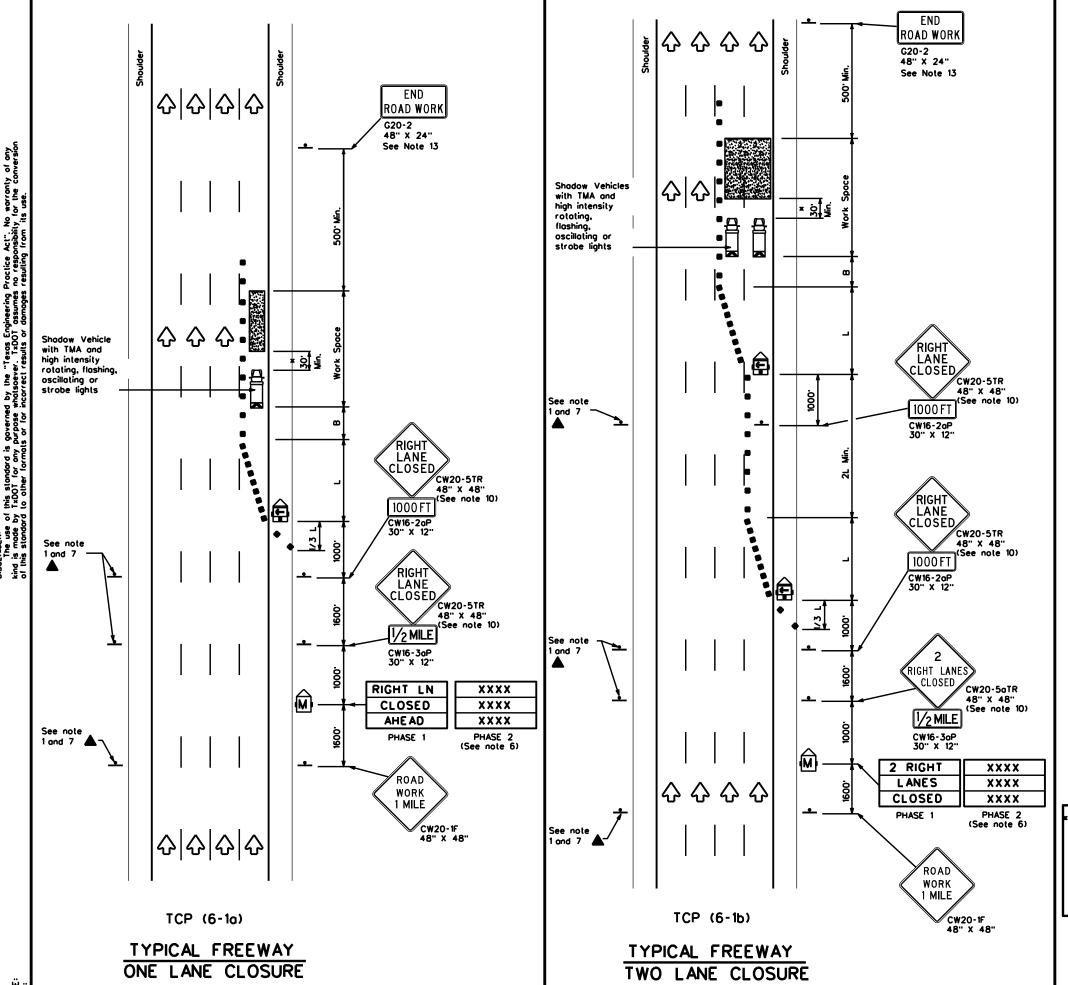


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
SHOULDER WORK FOR
FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP(5-1)-18

		LBB		LUBBO			22
-18		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	REVISIONS	0783	01	107		SL	289
TxDOT	February 20	2 CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
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Type 3 Barricade

Channelizing Devices

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board

Sign

Flag

\sim	09				<u> </u>	· logger	
Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths "L" * *			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10° Offset	11 [.] Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"8"
45		450	495'	540	45'	90.	195'
50]	500	550	600.	50'	100'	240'
55	L-WS	550	605	660'	55'	110'	295'
60] - " 3	600.	660.	720'	60,	120'	350
65		650	715'	780 [.]	65	130'	410'
70		700	770	840	70.	140	475'
75		750	825	900.	75'	150'	540'
80		800.	880.	960'	80.	160'	615'

x x Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated ore REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. Drums or 42"cones ore the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on langent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer
- All construction signs and barricodes placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- Duplicate construction worning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- The number of closed lones may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control devices, toper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- devices, toper lengths and langent lengths meet the requirements of the IMUICU.

 9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the bottom of the sign.
- 10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at theight for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
 11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp
- 11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- 12.For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Atlenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



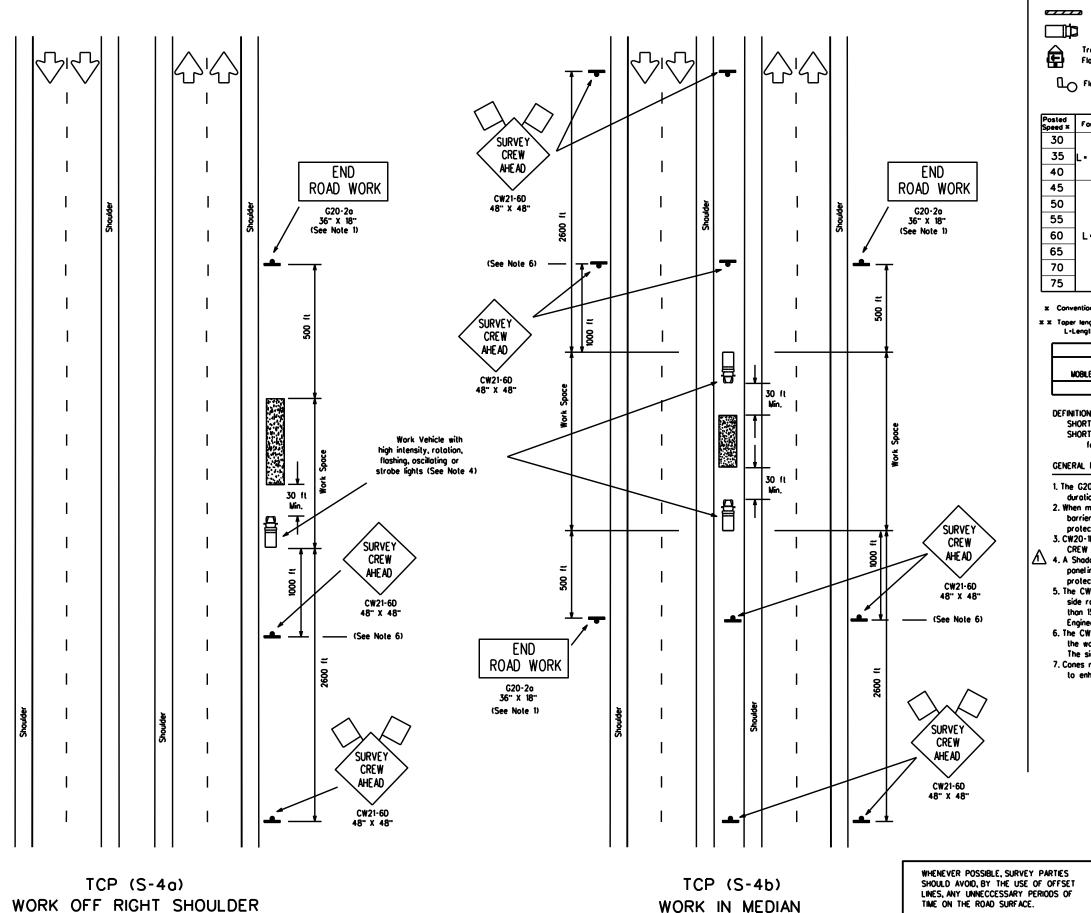
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP(6-1)-12

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OF DIVIDED ROADWAYS



OF DIVIDED ROADWAYS

LEGEND Flog Type III Barricado **∕**actable Changeable Messel Sign (PCMS)

			m Desire Lengths	oble x x		sted Maximum ng of Device	Min, Sign Spacing	Longitudinal Buller
Posted Speed ×	Formula	10° Offset	11 ⁻ Offset	12 ⁻ Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	B Sboce
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30.	60'-75'	120'	90 ,
35	L. <u>WS</u> 2	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'-90'	160'	120'
40] "	265'	295'	320 ⁻	40'	80'-100'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540 ⁻	45'	90'-110'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600 [,]	50 [.]	100'-125'	400'	240'
55		550 [.]	605'	660	55	110'-140'	500	295'
60	L-WS	600 [,]	660,	720'	60.	120'-150'	600 [,]	350'
65		650'	715'	780 ⁻	65'	130'-165'	700 [.]	410'
70		700 [.]	770'	840'	70.	140'-175'	800.	475'
75		750	825'	300 .	75	150'-185'	900 [,]	540'

x x Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	•					

DEFINITIONS:
SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daylime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. When median work is protected on one side by existing median barriers, signing and protection vehicle may be omitted for the protected direction only.
- 3. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" signs.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA and flashing warning lights/arrow panel in caution made may be used in lieu of the Work Vehicle to protect the work space.
 - 5. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads is desirable, but is not required when working less than 15 minutes in area of the side road, as determined by the
 - 6. The CW21-60 "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign placed at 1000 ahead of the work space is optional, at the discretion of the Engineer. The signs shown at 2600 from the work space are required.
 - 7. Cones may be placed at edge of povement adjacent to the work space to enhance safety.

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

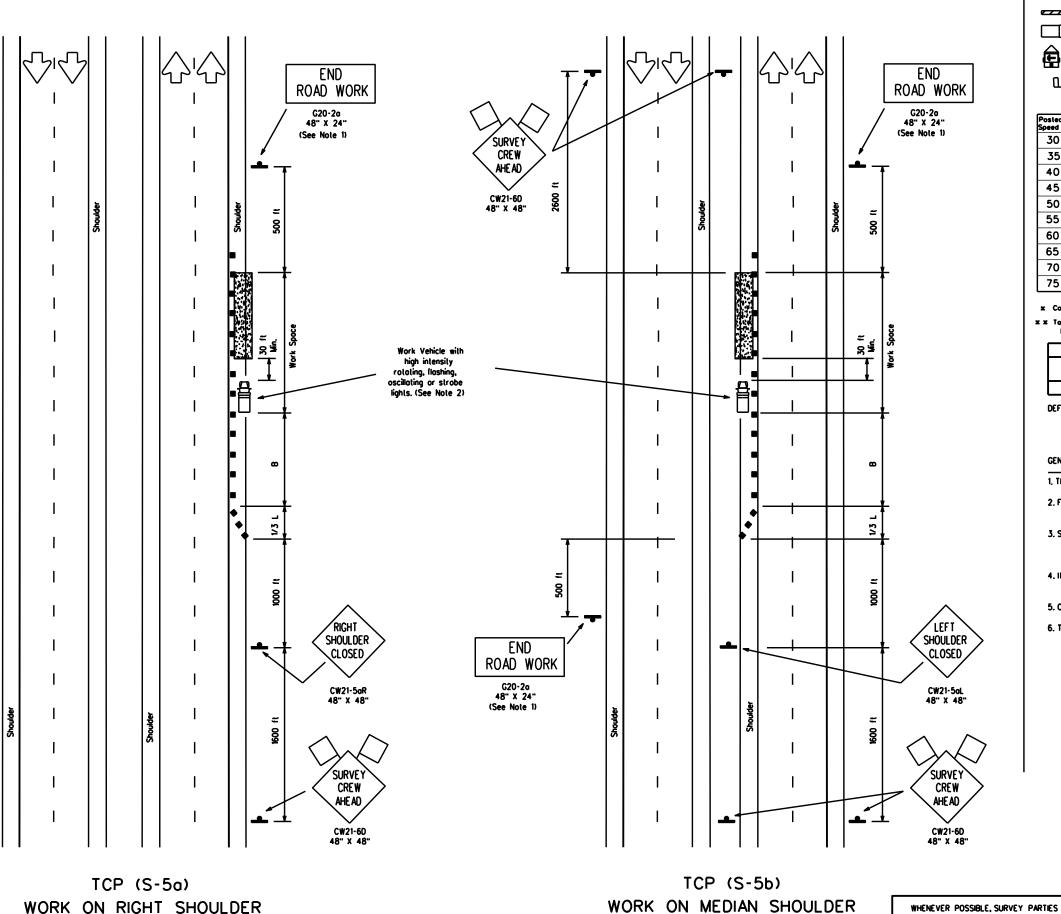
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-4)-08A

© TxDOT August 2008	DN: TXD	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS 8-08	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
3 55	0783	01	107		SL 289
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	LBB		LUBBOC	K	24

8-18-08 Revision Corrected misspelling.

OF DIVIDED ROADWAYS



LEGEND

Type III Barricade CManMelizing Devices Flag

Heavy Work Vehicle

Trailer Mounted
Flashing Arrow Panel Messell Sign (PCMS)

Flogger **=Sig**n F

			m Desiro Lenglhs	oble x x		sled Maximum ng of Device	Min, Sign Spacing	Longitudinal Buller
Posted Speed ×	Formula	10° Offset	11 ⁻ Offset	12 [.] Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"x" Distance	Spoce "B"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30.	60'-75'	120'	90,
35	L. <u>WS</u> 2	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'-90'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320 ⁻	40'	80'-100'	240'	155'
45		450'	495	540 ⁻	45'	90'-110'	320'	195'
50		500'	550	600 [,]	50 [.]	100'-125'	400'	240'
55		550 [.]	605'	660 [,]	55'	110' - 140'	500 [.]	295'
60	L-WS	600,	660'	720'	60.	120'-150'	600 [,]	350 ⁻
65		650'	715'	780 [.]	65'	130'-165'	700 [.]	410'
70		700 [.]	770'	840'	70.	140'-175'	800.	475'
75		750 [.]	825'	900.	75'	150'-185'	900·	540'

x Conventional Roads Or

x x Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	√	1					

DEFINITION

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.

SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

GENERAL NOTES:

- The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- For short duration work, the Shadow Vehicle with TMA may be replaced by another Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing or strobe lights.
- 3. Shodow Vehicles with a TMA are desirable when workers or equipment are in the work space. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle.
- If shoulders are not present, the 1/3L shoulder toper is to be omitted and four channelizing devices shall be placed in front of the arrow panel, perpendicular to traffic.
- of the arrow panel, perpendicular to traffic.

 5. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" signs.
- "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" signs.

 6. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads is desirable, but is not required when working less than 15 minutes in area of the side road, as determined by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING OPERATIONS

TCP(S-5)-08

©⊤xDOT August 2008	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
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	DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
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SHOULD AVOID, BY THE USE OF OFFSET

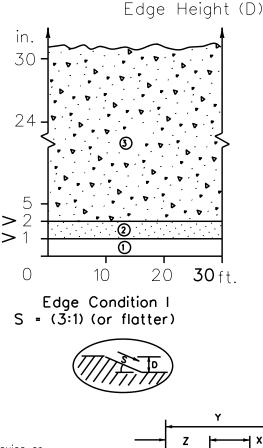
LINES, ANY UNNECCESSARY PERIODS OF

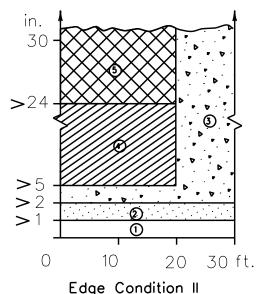
TIME ON THE ROAD SURFACE.

OF DIVIDED ROADWAYS

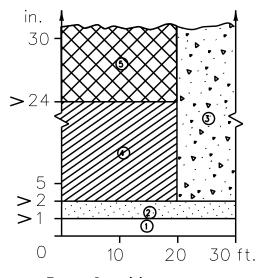
DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet

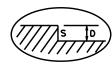


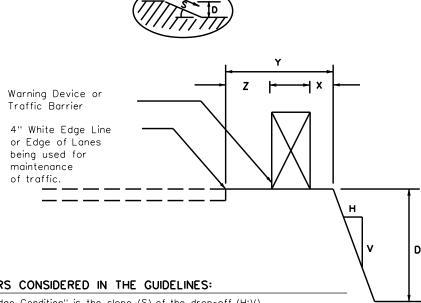


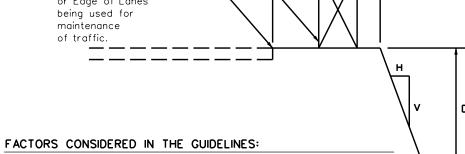
S = ((2.99):1) to (1:1)



Edge Condition III S is steeper than (1:1)







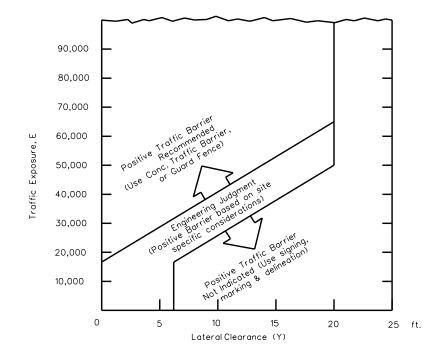
- 1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V). The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- 2. Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- 4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- 5. If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.

Treatment Types Guidelines: (1) No treatment CW 8-11 "Uneven Lanes" signs. CW 8-9a Shoulder Drop-Off" or CW 8-11 signs plus vertical panels. CW8-9a or CW 8-11, signs plus drums. Where restricted space precludes the use of drums, use vertical panels. An edge slope to that of the profered Edge Condition I. Check indications (Figure-1) for possitive barrier. Where positive barrier is not indicated, the treatment shown above for Zone-4 may be used after consideration of other applicable factors.

Edge Condition Notes:

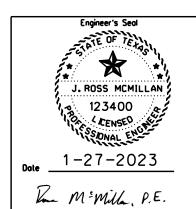
- 1. Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 (



- Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- 3. An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travellanes, between adjacent or opposing travellanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's





TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS

E: ec	lgecon.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
)TxD0T	August 2000	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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08-01 9-21		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
9-21		LBB		LUBB0	CK	26

EDGE CONDITIONS

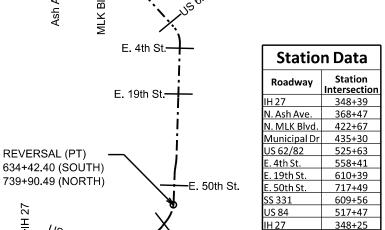
CABLE SUMMARY Station **General Location** Cable Run Side Cont. Sec. L, ft. From To From То 2651 529+53 556+54 US 62/82 E. 4th St. LT 560+37 E. 12th St RT 2388 584+75 . 4th St. 2 . 12th St. E. 19th St. 2335 585+25 609+10 LT 3 . 19th St. Old RR 638 4 612+70 619+58 LT 623+70 661+81 Old RR 3100' North of Stink Creek RT 3761 6 662+31 693+31 3100' North of Stink Creek Stink Creek LT 3050 698+23 714+05 Stink Creek E. 50th St. RT 1532 0783-01-107 719+41 739+64 50th St. E. 58th Dr. RT 1973 9 634+82 613+59 58th Dr. Spur 331 LT 2073 10 607+32 596+06 pur 331 . 66th St. LT 1076 . 66th St. 900' East of Zenith Ave. RT 3653 11 593+74 556+71 12 556+16 519+73 900' East of Zenith Ave. US 84 LT 3593 482+24 RT 3178 13 514+52 JS 84 400' East of Cedar Ave. 14 444+79 LT 3246 477+75 Cedar Ave. IH 27 TOTAL 35147

	CABLE SUMMARY									
Cont. Sec.	Cable Run	Stat	tion	Ge	General Location					
Cont. Sec.	Cable Kuli	From	То	From	То	Side	L, ft.			
	1	351+50	385+29	IH 27	Sign Gantry	RT	3329			
	2	390+56	420+20	Sign Gantry	University Ave.	LT	2914			
0783-02-101	3	423+73	431+82	University Ave.	MLK Blvd.	RT	759			
	4	437+96	480+09	MLK Blvd.	N. Guava Ave.	RT	4163			
	5	480+59	520+48	N. Guava Ave.	US 62/82	LT	3939			
						TOTAL	15104			

ROADWAY SUMMARY									
	150-6001 314-6013 432-6002 543-6002 543-602								
	BLADING	EMULS ASPH (EROSN CONT) (CSS-1H) (0.13gal/sy)	RIPRAP (MOWSTRIP) (5IN)	CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4)	CABLE BARRIER TERMINAL SECTION (TL-4)				
	STA	GAL	CY	LF	EA				
0783-01-107	365.5	7010	1660	35147	28				
0783-02-101	156.0	3003	709	15104	10				
Project Total	521.5	10013	2368	50251	38				

CABLE/SURVEYING NOTES:

- Cable lengths shown are for the payable cable lengths. Additional system and riprap length will be required for the end terminals. This length will depend on the type of system chosen by the contractor.
- Due to this variance in lengths, concrete mowstrip quantities will not be exact. See Figures C, D, and E for typical cable and terminal information.
- The stationing runs clockwise from IH 27, east towards US 62 on CS 0783-02, then turning south along CS 0783-01, before turning back to the west near Spur 331 and terminating at IH 27.
- There are 2 equations to the stationing, as well as a reversal. For clarity, these are shown on the diagram shown below.



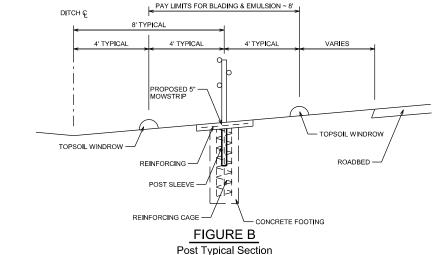
EQUATION

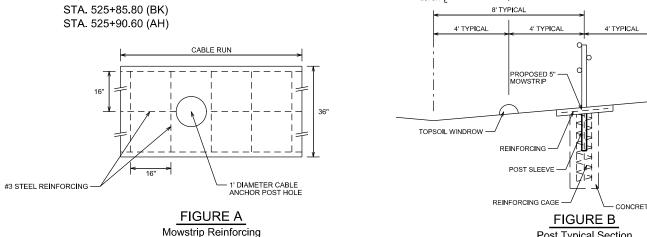
STA 481+09.02 (BK)

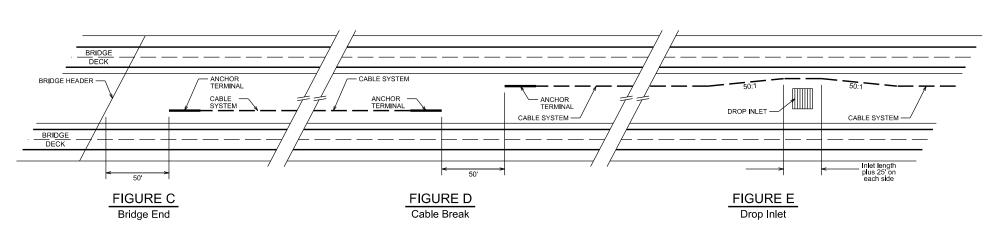
STA. 482+58.30 (AH)

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

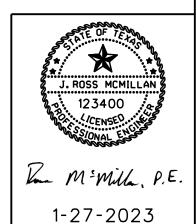
- Riprap mowstrip shall be TY A concrete 3' wide and 5" thick for the entire length of a cable run. Place mowstrip 2' beyond cable anchor terminals.
- Number 3 reinforcing steel shall be used for all riprap mowstrip. No welded wire, wire mesh, or fiber-reinforced concrete will be allowed.
- 3. Drill shafts shall be TY A concrete and placed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- Provide expansion material at joints 100 feet apart for the entire length of the mowstrip. Except where expansion joints are located, place tool joints every 20 feet for the entire length of the mowstrip.
- Cold weather protection requirements shown in the General Notes will apply for all concrete construction.
- Riprap cross-slope shall match existing front slope. Ensure water does not pond between the mowstrip and the edge of pavement.
- Limits of pay for (BLADING) windrows shall be 8 feet. Additional soil removed will not be paid for but will be returned to existing condition at no cost to the
- The contractor will take possession of all excavated material needed to construct mowstrip as shown. Do not blade excess material into the ditch bottom. This work will not be paid for directly but be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.
- For locations where existing ditch riprap is encountered, the contractor shall saw cut a block out for the required drill shafts and/or posts. The removal work will be considered subsidiary to Item 543. Newly installed riprap will be paid for under Item 432.
- See steel detail below for dimensions and spacing.
- Provide 2 inches of clear cover for rebar in the mowstrip.
- The center piece of longitudinal steel shall be cut and then resume after cable barrier anchor post holes.
- Tie all transverse steel pieces at all 3 longitundinal steel locations.
- Lay out the proposed plan before construction work commences to determine if any structure conflict(s) exist for that cable run. Additional work required due to the contractor's failure to account for conflicts will not be paid for.
- If field conditions are encountered that differ from those shown below, promplty notify the Engineer.







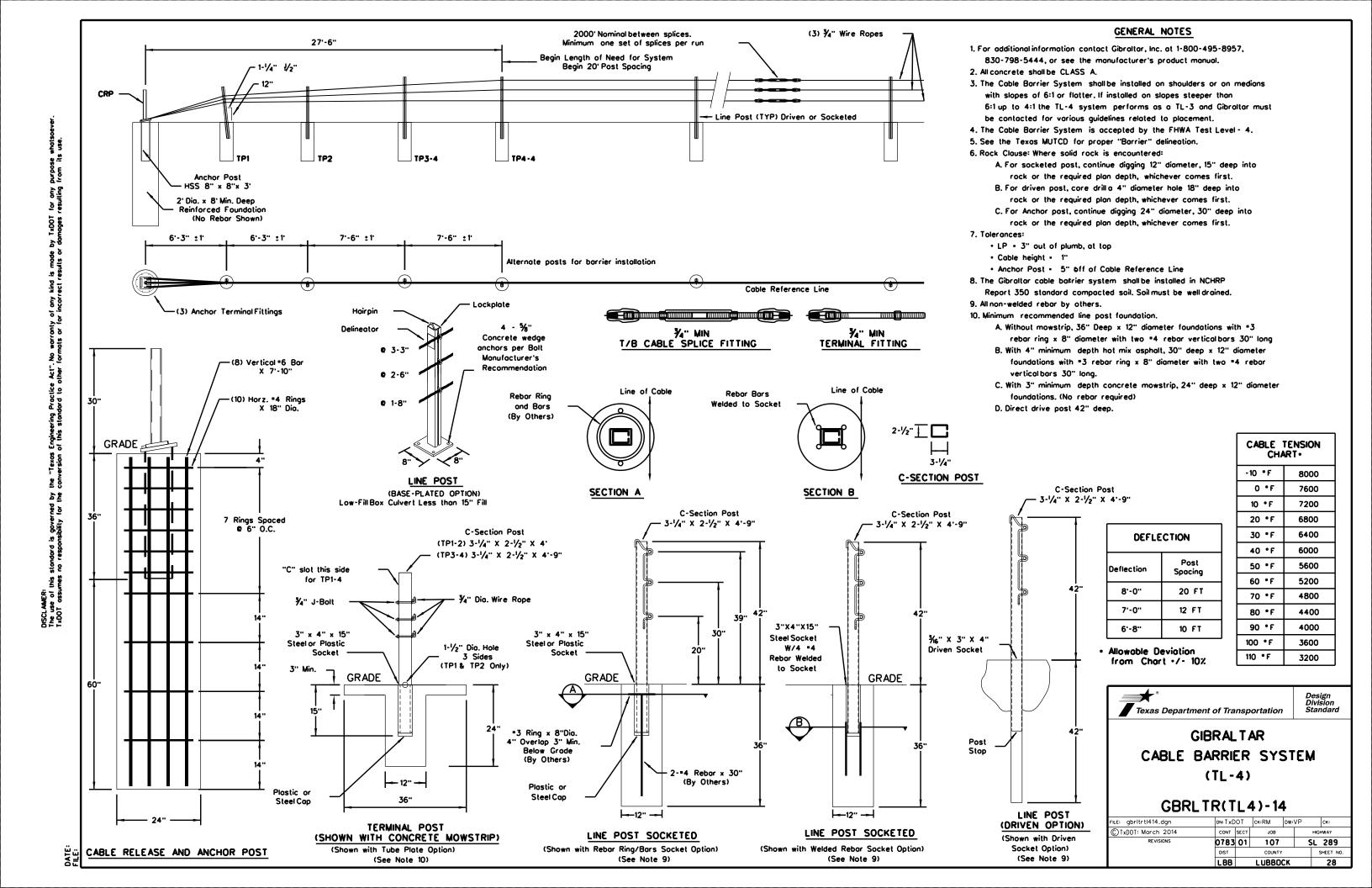
EQUATION

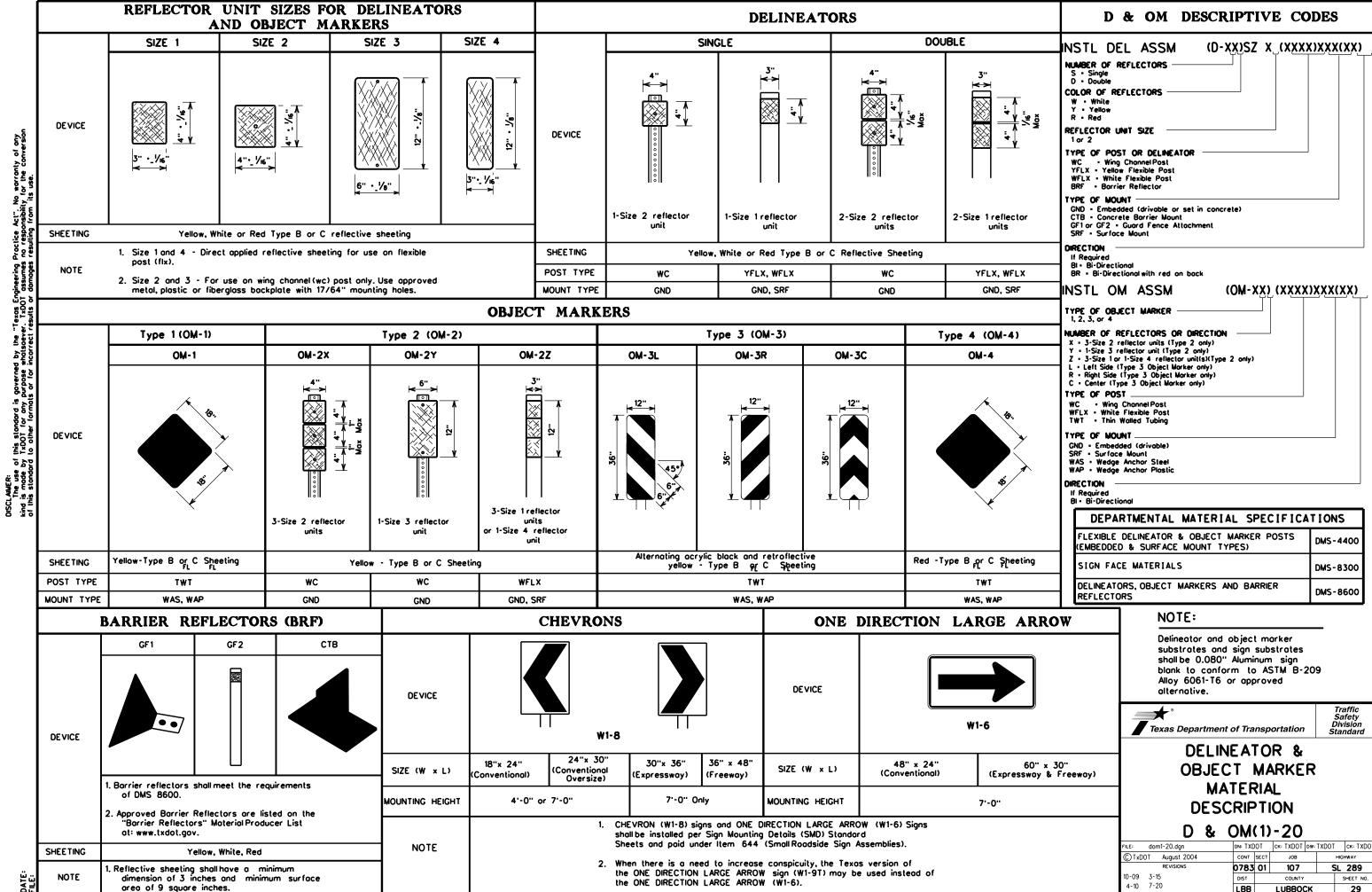


ROADWAY DETAILS

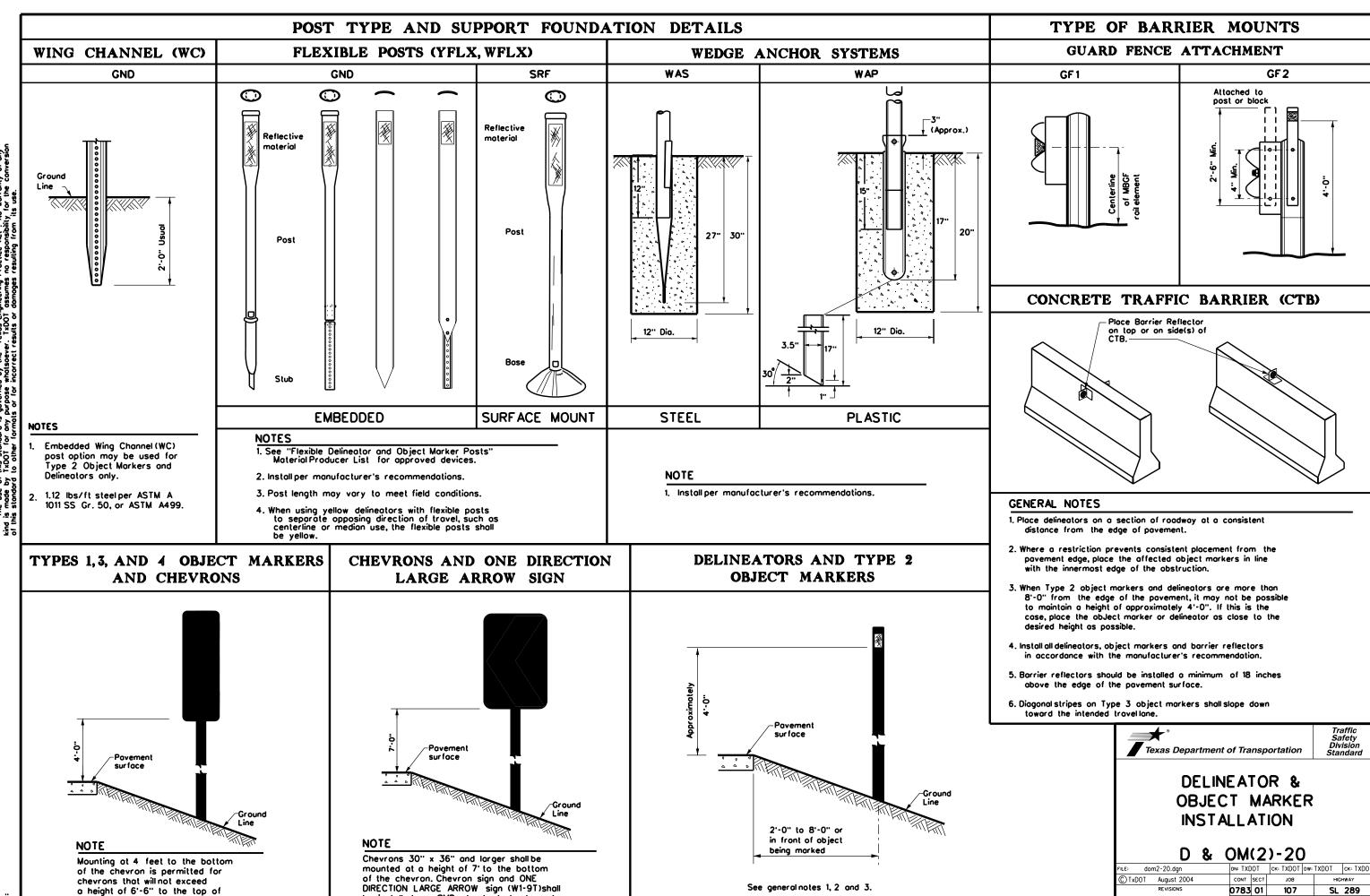
Texas Department of Transportation

CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY			
0783	01	107, etc.	SL 289			
DIST.		COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
LBB	L	UBBOCK	27			
FILE	078	78301107 RDWY DETAILS				





20A



be installed per SMD standard sheets and

paid under item 644.

JOB

LUBBOCK

LBB

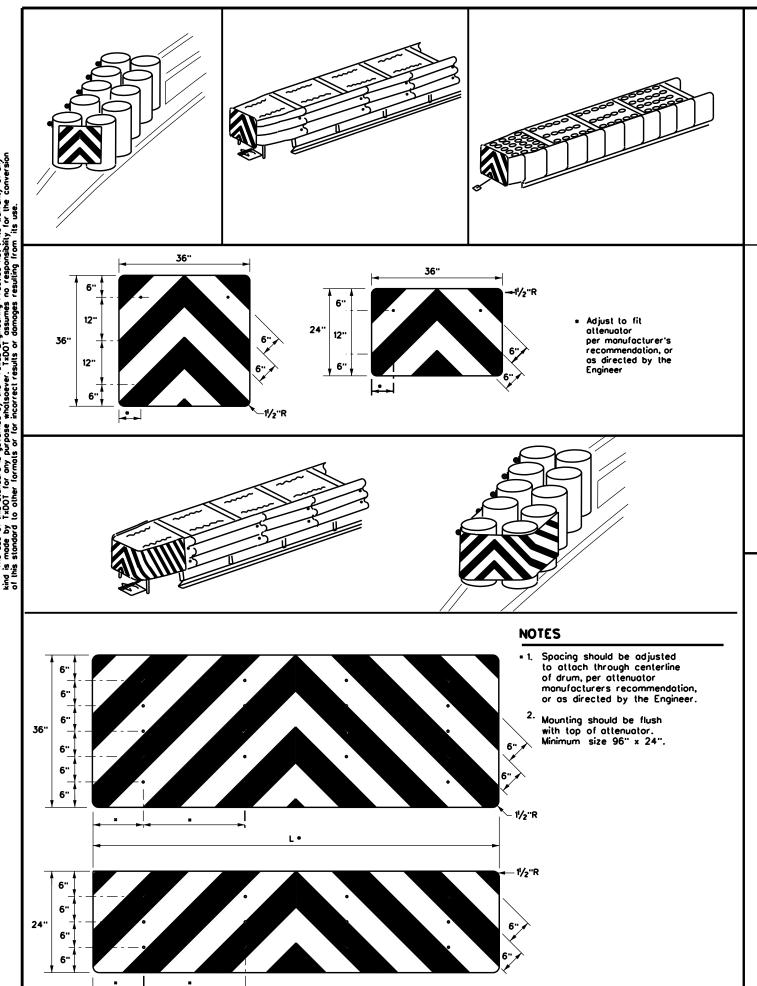
10-09 3-15

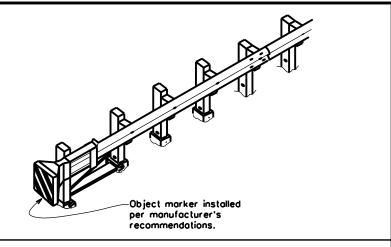
4-10 7-20

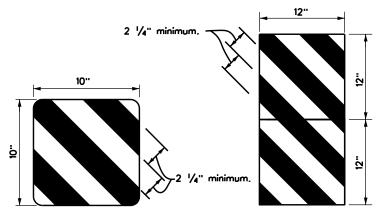
20B

SL 289

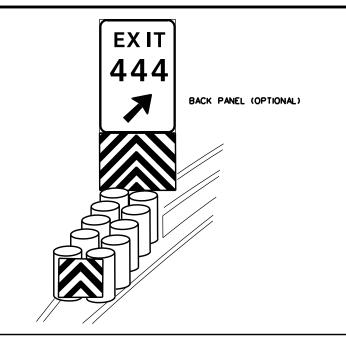
the chevron (sizes $24" \times 30"$ and

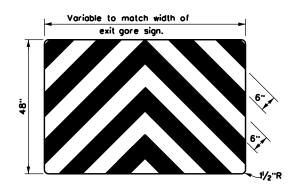






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2





NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrailend treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 1/4".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

	• .			_	
: domvia20.dgn	DN: TXDC	TC	ck: TXDOT	Dw: TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
TxDOT December 1989	CONT S	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0783	01	107	S	L 289
92 8-04 95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
98 7-20	LBB		LUBBO	CK	31
nc I					

WORK AT CROSSING LOCATIONS (AT GRADE, HIGHWAY OVERPASS, HIGHWAY UNDERPASS, PEDESTRIAN, OR CLOSED/ABANDONED)	IV. CONSTRUCTION WORK TO BE PERFO	RMED BY THE RAILROAD
	On this project, construction work to be per	formed by a railroad company is:
014983X	Required	
rossing Type:•• PUBLIC R Company Owning Track at Crossing: BNSF	Not Required	
erating RR Company at Track: BNSF	-	
378.940	Coordinate with TxDOT for any work to be p	
ubdivision: SLATON	TxDOT must issue a work order for any work prior to the work being performed.	k done by the Railroad Company
NEW DEAL	product and morning positionals.	
ot this Crossing: 0783-01-107		
way/Roadway name crossing the railroad: SL 289 OVERPASS		
f regularly scheduled trains per day at this crossing:	V. RAILROAD INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS	<u>; </u>
ritching movements per day at this crossing:		
estimated contract cost of work within railroad ROW: \$ 0.00	Railroad reference number shall be provided	by TxDOT CST or DO.
pe of Work at this Crossing to Be Performed by State Contractor: ABLE MEDIAN BARRIER INSTALLATION	The Contractor shall confirm the insurance the Railroad as the insurance limits are sub-	
L WORK WILL BE PERFORMED OUTSIDE RAILROAD R.O.W.	Insurance policies must be issued for and o	n behalf of the Railroad. Where
ALL WORK WILL BE PERFORMED OUTSIDE RAILROAD R.O.W.	more than one Railroad Company is operati where several Railroad Companies are involv separate rights of way, provide separate in each Railroad Company.	ed and operate on their own
ope of Work at this Crossing to Be Performed by Railroad Company: /A	No direct compensation will be made to the insurance coverages shown below or any dincidental to the various bid items.	Contractor for providing the eductibles. These costs are
pose: Highway Overposs, Highway Underposs, At Grade, Pedestrian, Closed/Abandoned	Type of Insurance	Amount of Coverage (Minimum)
	Workers Compensation	\$500,000 / \$500,000 / \$500,000
	Commercial General Liability	\$2,000,000 / \$4,000,000
ECT WORK WITHIN RAILROAD RIGHTS-OF-WAY (ROW)	Business Automobile	\$2,000,000 combined single limit
	Railroad Protect	ive Liability
	⊠ Not Required	
IC & INSPECTION	☐ Non - Bridge Projects	\$2,000,000 / \$6,000,000
Days of Railrood Flagging Expected:		
nis project, night or weekend flagging is:	☐ Bridge Projects	\$5,000,000 / \$10,000,000
ecled	Olher	
ot Expected	Olher	
ging services will be provided by:		
Railroad Company: TxDOT will pay flagging invoices		
ulside Porty: Controctor will pay flagging invoices, to be reimbursed by TxDOT		
actor must incorporate flaggers into anticipated construction schedule.	VI. CONTRACTOR'S RIGHT OF ENTRY (ROS	E) AGREEMENT
Railroad requires a 30 day notice if their flaggers are to be utilized.		
actor falls behind schedule due to their own negligence and is not	On this project, an ROE agreement is: Not Required	
or scheduled flaggers, any flagging charges will be paid by Contractor.	I =	
ct Information for Flagging:	Required: TxDOT CST to assist in obtaining	with the UPRR (see Item 5, Article 8.3)
- UP.info@roilpros.com	Required: Contractor to obtain (see Item 5, Article	8.4)
Coll Center 877-315-0513, Select =1 for flagging		
BNSF - BNSF.info@railpros.com Call Center 877-315-0513, Select =1 for flagging	With the following railroad companies:	
KCS - KCS.info@railpros.com	To view previously approved ROE Agreement to	emplates agreed upon between
Call Center 877-315-0513, Select =1 for flagging	the State and Railroad, see:	
- Bottom Line On-Trock Safety Services	http://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/division/rail/s	somples.html
bottomline076@aol.com, 903-767-7630		•
OTHERS	Approved ROE Agreement templates are not to	be modified by the Contractor.
OTHERS	Contractor shall not operate within Railroad Righ Construction & Maintenance Agreement between	the State and the Railroad and
tractor must incorporate Construction Inspection into anticipated struction schedule.	an executed ROE agreement between the Contr on project.	actor and the Kailrood if required
Not Required		
Required: Contact Information for Construction Inspection:		

VII. RAILROAD COORDINATION MEETING

On this project, a Railroad Coordination Meeting is:

Not Required

Required

See Item 5, Article 8.1 for more details.

VIII. SUBCONTRACTORS

Contractor shall not subcontract work without written consent of TxDOT. Subcontractors are required to maintain the same insurance coverage as required of the Contractor.

IX. EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

In Cose of Roilroad Emergency Coll BNSF Roilroad Emergency Line ot 800-832-5452

Location: DOT 014983X RR Milepost: 678.9490 Subdivision: SLATON

Texas Department of Transportation

RAILROAD SCOPE OF WORK
PROJECT SPECIFIC DETAILS

LE: RR Scope of Work.dgr	n DN: TxD	OT	ск:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT June 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	YAW
REVISIONS /2020	0783	01	107		SL	289
72020	DIST		COUNTY		9	HEET NO.
	LBB		LUBBOO	:K		32

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

This project includes construction work within the right of way and/or properties of the Railroad and adjacent to its tracks, wire lines and other facilities. These sheets describe the minimum special requirements for coordination with the Railroad when working upon, over or under Railroad Right of Way or when impacting current or future Railroad operations. Coordinate with the Railroad while performing the work outlined herein, and afford the same cooperation with the Railroad as with TxDOT. Complete all submittals and work in accordance with TxDDT Standard Specifications, Railroad Guidelines and AREMA recommendations as modified by these minimum special requirements or as directed in writing by the Railroad Designated Representative.

For purposes of this project, the Railroad Designated Representative is the person or persons designated by the Railroad Manager of Industry and Public Projects to handle specific tasks related to the project.

1.02 REQUEST FOR INFORMATION / CLARIFICATION

Submit Requests for Information (*RFI") involving work within any Railroad Right of Way to the TxDOT Engineer. The TxDOT Engineer will submit the RFI to the Railroad Designated Representative for review and approval for RFI's corresponding to work within Railroad Right of Way, Allow six (6) weeks total time for review and approval, which includes four (4) weeks for review and approval by the Railroad.

1.03 PLANS / SPECIFICATIONS

 $T \times DOT$ has received written Railroad approval of the plans and specifications for this project. Any revisions or changes in the plans after award of the Contract must have the approval of TxDOT and the Railroad.

PART 2 - UTILITIES AND FIBER OPTIC

Construct all utility installations in accordance with current AREMA recommendations, Railroad, TxDOT and owning utility specifications and requirements. Railroad general guidelines can be found on the Railroad website or by contacting the Railroad Designated Representative.

PART 3 - CONSTRUCTION

- A. Perform all work in compliance with all applicable Railroad. Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), and TxDOT rules and regulations. Arrange and conduct work in a manner that does not endanger or interfere with the safe operation of the tracks and property of the Railroad and the traffic moving on such tracks, or the wires, signals and other property of the Railroad, its tenants or licensees, at or in the vicinity of the Work. The safe operation of railroad train movements takes precedence over any work to be performed by the Contractor. The Contractor is responsible for train delay cost and lost revenue claims due to any delays or interruption of train operations resulting from Contractor's construction or other activities.
- B. Construction activities within 15 feet of the operational tracks will only be allowed if absolutely necessary and the Railroad's Designated Representative grants approval Construction activities within 15 feet of the operational track(s) preferably allow the tracks to stay operational. In such cases, coordination and approval by the Railroad Track Manager is required with regard to schedule, flagging, and slow orders. See Sections 3.07 and 3.08 for additional information.
- C. Provide track protection for all work equipment (including rubber tired equipment) operating within 25 feet from nearest rail. When not in use, keep Contractor machinery and materials at least 50 feet from the Railroad's nearest track.
- D. Vehicular crossings of railroad track are allowed only at existing crossings, or haul road crossings developed with Railroad approval.
- E. The Contractor is also advised that new railroad facilities within the project may be built by the Railroad. If applicable, these facilities are delineated in the plans. Be aware of the limits of responsibilities and coordinate efforts with the Railroad and $T \times DOT$.
- F. Railroad requirements do not allow work within 50 feet of track centers when a train passes the work site and all personnel must clear the area within 50 feet of the track centerline and secure all equipment. Additional allowances may be pursued as outlined in 3.02 and 3.03.
- G. All permanent clearances shall be verified before project closing.

3.02 RAILROAD OPERATIONS

- A. Trains and/or equipment are expected on any track, at any time, in either direction. Become familiar with the train schedules in this location and structure bid assuming intermittent track windows in this period, as defined in Paragraph B that follows.
- B. All railroad tracks within and adjacent to the contract site are active, and rail traffic over these facilities shall be maintained throughout the Project. Activities may include both through moves and switching moves to local customers. railroad traffic and operations will occur continuously throughout the day and night on these tracks and shall be maintained at all times as defined herein. Coordinate and schedule the work so that construction activities do not interfere with railroad operations.
- C. Coordinate work windows with TxDOT and the Railroad's Designated Representative. Types of work windows include Conditional Work Windows and Absolute Work Windows, as defined below:
 - 1. Conditional Work Window: A Conditional Work Window is a period of time that railroad operations have priority over construction activities. When construction activities may occur on and/or adjacent to the railroad tracks within 25 feet of the nearest track, a railroad flag person will be required. At the direction of the railroad flag person, upon approach of a train, and when trains are present on the tracks, the tracks must be cleared (i.e., no construction equipment, materials or personnel within 25 feet, or as directed by the Railroad Designated Representative, from the tracks). Conditional Work Windows are available for the Project.
 - 2. Absolute Work Window: An Absolute Work Window is a period of Absolute Work Window: An Absolute Work Window is a period of time that construction activities are given priority over railroad operations. During this time frame, the designated railroad track(s) will be inactive for train movements and may be fouled by the Contractor. At the end of an Absolute Work Window, the railroad tracks and/or signals must be completely operational for train operations and all Railroad, Public Utilities Commission (PUC) and FRA requirements, codes and regulations for operational tracks must be satisfied. In the situation where the operating tracks and/or signals have been affected, the Railroad will perform inspections of the work prior to placing that track back into service. Railroad flag persons will be required for construction activities requiring an Absolute Work Window. Absolute Work Windows will not generally be granted. Any request will require a detailed explanation for Railroad review.

RIGHT OF ENTRY, ADVANCE NOTICE AND WORK STOPPAGES

- A. Do not perform any work within Railroad Right of Way without a valid executed Right of Entry Agreement if required on this project.
- B. Give advance notice to the Railroad as required in the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement before commencing work in connection with construction upon or over Railroad Right of Way and observe the Railroad's rules and regulations with respect thereto.
- C. Perform all work upon Railroad Right of Way in a manner to avoid Interference with or endanger the operations of the Railroad. Whenever work may affect the operations or safety of trains, submit the work method to the Railroad Designated Representative for approval. Approval does not relieve the Contractor from liability. Do not commence any work which requires flagging service or inspection service until the flagging protection required by the Railroad is available at the job site. See Section 3.15 for railroad flagging requirements.
- D. Make requests in writing for both Absolute and Conditional Work Windows, at least 30 days in advance of any work. Include in the written request: l. Exactly what the work entails.

- 2. The days and hours that work will be performed.

 3. The exact location of work, and proximity to the tracks.

 4. The type of window requested and the amount of time requested.
- 5. The designated contact person.

Provide a written confirmation notice to the Railroad at least 48 hours before commencing work in connection with approved work windows when work is within 25 feet of nearest rail. Perform all work in accordance with previously approved work plans.

E. Make provisions to protect operations and property of the Railroad should a condition arising from or in connection with the work, require immediate and unusual action. If in the judgment of the Railroad Designated Representative such provisions are insufficient, the Railroad Designated Representative may require or provide such provisions as deemed necessary. In any event, such provisions shall be at the Contractor's expense and without cost to the Railroad or TxDOT. The Railroad or TxDOT shall have the right to order the Contractor to temporarily cease operations in the event of an emergency or, if in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, the Contractor's operations could endanger railroad operations. In the event of such an order, immediately notify TxDOT of the order.

INSURANCE 3.04

Do not begin work upon or over Railroad Right of Way until furnishing the Railroad with the insurance policies, binders, certificates and endorsements required by the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement", and until the Railroad Designated Representative has advised TxDOT that such insurance is in accordance with the Agreement.

RAILROAD SAFETY ORIENTATION

A. Complete the railroad course "Orientation for Contractor's Safety", and maintain current registration prior to working on railroad property.
This course is required to be completed annually by Contractor and Subcontractor personnel working on site.

*UPRR,BNSF,KCS/TEXMEX will not accept on-track safety training certificates from other railroads. Refer to Railroad specific contractor right of entry for training information.

B. Know and follow the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement" EXHIBIT D. MINIMUM SAFETY REQUIREMENTS regarding clothing, personal protective equipment, and general safety requirements.

3.06 COOPERATION

The Railroad will cooperate with Contractor so that work may be conducted in an efficient manner, and will cooperate with Contractor in enabling use of Railroad Right of Way in performing the work.

MINIMUM CONSTRUCTION CLEARANCES FOR FALSEWORK AND OTHER TEMPORARY STRUCTURES

Abide by the following minimum temporary clearances during the course of construction:
A. 15' - 0" (BNSF)(UPRR)and 14'-0" (KCS) horizontal from centerline of track
B. 22' (KCS) and 21' - 6" (UPRR & BNSF) vertically above top of rail.

For construction clearance less than listed above, obtain local Railroad Operating Unit review and approval.

APPROVAL OF REDUCED CLEARANCES

- A. Maintain minimum track clearances during construction as specified in Section 3.07.
- B. Submit any proposed infringement on the specified minimum clearances to the Railroad Designated Representative through $T\times DOT$ at least 30 days in advance of the work. Do not proceed with such infringement without written approval by the Railroad Designated Representative.
- C. Do not commence work involving an approved infringement without receiving written assurance from the Railroad Designated Representative that arrangements have been made for any necessary flagging service.

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDOT © TxDOT October 2018 JOB 0783 01 107 SL 289 SHEET NO LBB LUBBOCK 33

MAINTENANCE OF RAILROAD FACILITIES

- A. Maintain all ditches and drainage structures free of silt or other obstructions resulting from Contractor's operations. Repair eroded areas and any other damage within Railroad Right of Way and repair any other damage to the property of the Railroad, or its tenants.
- B. Perform all such maintenance and repair of damages due to the Contractors's operations at Contractor's expense
- C. Submit a proposed method of erosion control for review by the Railroad prior to beginning any grading on the project site. Comply with all applicable local state and federal regulations when developing and implementing such erosion control.

3.10 SITE INSPECTIONS BY RAILROAD'S DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE

- A. In addition to the office reviews of construction submittals, site inspections may be performed by the Railroad Designated Representative at significant points during construction, including the following if applicable:
 - 1. Pre-construction meetings.

 - 2. Pile driving/drilling of caissons or drilled shafts.
 3. Reinforcement and concrete placement for railroad bridge substructure and/or superstructure.
 - 4. Erection of precost concrete or steel bridge superstructure.
 - 5. Placement of waterproofing (prior to placing ballost on bridge deck).
 6. Completion of the bridge structure.
- B. Site inspection is not limited to the milestone events listed above.

 Site visits to check progress of the work may be performed at any time throughout the construction as deemed necessary by the Railroad.
- C. Provide a detailed construction schedule, including the proposed temporary horizontal and vertical clearances and construction sequence for all work to TxDOT for submittal to the Railroad Designated Representative for review prior to commencement of work. Include the anticipated dates when the above listed events will occur. Update this schedule for the above listed events as necessary and each month at a minimum to allow the Railroad to schedule site inspections.

3.11 RAILROAD REPRESENTATIVES

Railroad representatives, conductors, flag person or watch person will be provided by the Railroad at expense of TxDOT to protect Railroad facilities, property and movements of its trains or engines. In general, the Railroad will furnish such personnel or other protective services as follows:

- A. When any part of any equipment is standing or being operated within 25 feet, measured horizontally, from nearest rail of any track on which trains may operate, or when any object is off the ground and any dimension thereof could extend inside the 25 foot limit, or when any erection or construction activities are in progress within such limits. regardless of elevation above or below track.
- B. For any excavation below elevation of track subgrade if, in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, track or other railroad facilities may be subject to settlement or movement.
- C. During any clearing, grubbing, excavation or grading in proximity to railroad facilities, which, in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, may endanger railroad facilities or operations.
- D. During any Contractor's operations when, in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, railroad facilities, including, but not limited to, tracks, buildings, signals, wire lines, or pipe lines, may be endangered.
- E. Arrange with the Railroad Designated Representative to provide the adequate number of flag persons to accomplish the work.

COMMUNICATIONS AND SIGNAL LINES

If required, the Railroad will rearrange its communications and signal lines, its grade crossing warning devices, train signals and tracks, and facilities that are in use and maintained by the Railroad's forces in connection with its operation at expense of TxDOT. This work by the Railroad will be done by its own forces and it is not a part of the Work under this Contract.

3.13 TRAFFIC CONTROL

Coordinate any operations that control traffic across or around railroad facilities with the Railroad Designated Representative.

CONSTRUCTION EXCAVATIONS AND BORING ACTIVITIES UNDER TRACK

- A. Take special precaution and care in connection with excavating and shoring. Excavations for construction of footings, piers, columns, walls or other facilities that require shoring shall comply with requirements of TxDOT, OSHA, AREMA and Railroad Guidelines for Temporary Shoring.
- B. The project plans indicate whether there are fiber optic lines or other such telecommunications systems that require consideration. Regardless, contact the necessary call center to determine if such cable sustems are present:

UPRR 1-800-336-9193
7:00 AM to 9:00 PM CST Monday-Friday except holidays, staffed 24 hrs/day for emergencies 48 hrs notice required

BNSF 1-800-533-2891 24 hour number 5 working days notice required

KCS 1-800-344-8377 Texas One Call, a 24 hour number 48 hrs notice required, excluding weekends and holidays

If a telecommunications system is buried anywhere on or near railroad property, coordinate with TxDOT, the Railroad and the Telecommunication Company(ies) to arrange for relocation or protective measures prior to beginning work on or near railroad property. Refer to the project General Notes for additional information.

C. Projects involving a boring or jack and bore operation under track, such as drainage pipes or culverts and utilities require an installation plan reviewed and approved by the Railroad and TxDOT prior to proceeding with such construction. A railroad inspector and contractor assisted monitoring of ground and track movement is required to maintain safe passage of rail traffic. Stop installation and do not allow passage of trains if movements in excess of 1/4 inch vertical or horizontal is detected in the tracks, immediately repair the damage to the satisfaction of TxDOT and the Railroad before proceeding.

3.15 RAILROAD FLAGGING

Per the Right of Entry Agreement for flagging, notify the Railroad Representative at least 10 working days in advance of Contractor's work and at least 30 working days in advance of any Contractor's work in which any person or equipment will be within 25 feet of nearest rail or as specified in the Contractor Right of Entry (CROE).

3.16 CLEANING OF RIGHT-OF-WAY

When work is complete, remove all tools, implements, and other materials brought into Railroad Right of Way and leave the right of Way in a clean and presentable condition to the satisfaction of $T\times DOT$ and the Railroad.

SHEET 2 OF 2



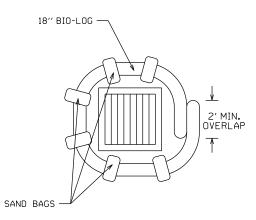
Texas Department of Transportation

RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

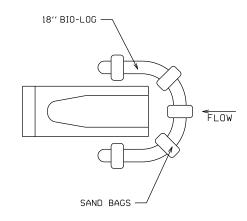
E:	DN: Txf	OOT	ск: ТхDОТ	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT October 2018		SECT	JOB			HWAY
REVISIONS	0783	01	107		SL	289
March 2020	DIST		COUNTY		:	SHEET NO.
	LBB		LUBBO	CK		34

				SW3P S	SUMMAR	RY			
CONTROL SECTION	вмр	STRUCTURE TYPE	STATION	506-6035 SANDBAGS FOR EROSION CONTROL	LOGS (INSTL) (18")	(REMOVE)	INSTALL DATE	REPAIR DATE	REMOVA DATE
				EA	LF	LF			
0783-02-101	1	Drop Inlet	358+71	12	40	40			
	2	Drop Inlet	412+81	8	20	20			
	3	Drop Inlet	450+24	8	20	20			
	4	Drop Inlet	493+16	12	30	30			
	5	Drop Inlet	511+79	12	30	30			
			CSJ TOTAL:	52	140	140			
	6	Drop Inlet	540+24	12	40	40			
	7	Drop Inlet	550+43	8	20	20			
	8	Drop Inlet	568+76	8	20	20			
	9	Drop Inlet	600+78	8	20	20			
	10	Flume	680+00	20	100	100			
	11	Flume	710+00	20	100	100			
0783-01-107	12	SET	727+93	8	20	20			
	13	SET	622+01	8	20	20			
	14	Headwall	596+23	12	30	30			
	15	Drop Inlet	557+23	8	20	20			
	16	Headwall	507+55	8	20	20			
	17	Drop Inlet	499+82	8	20	20			
	18	Drop Inlet	459+44	8	20	20			
			CSJ TOTAL:	136	450	450			
			CSJ Total	188	590	590			

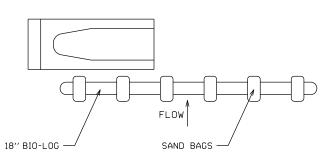
MOWING					
	730-6107	734-6002			
	FULL-WIDTH MOWING	LITTER REMOVAL			
	CYC	CYC			
CSJ	2	2			
	AR	EA			
0783-01-107	276 acres				
0783-02-101	125 a	acres			



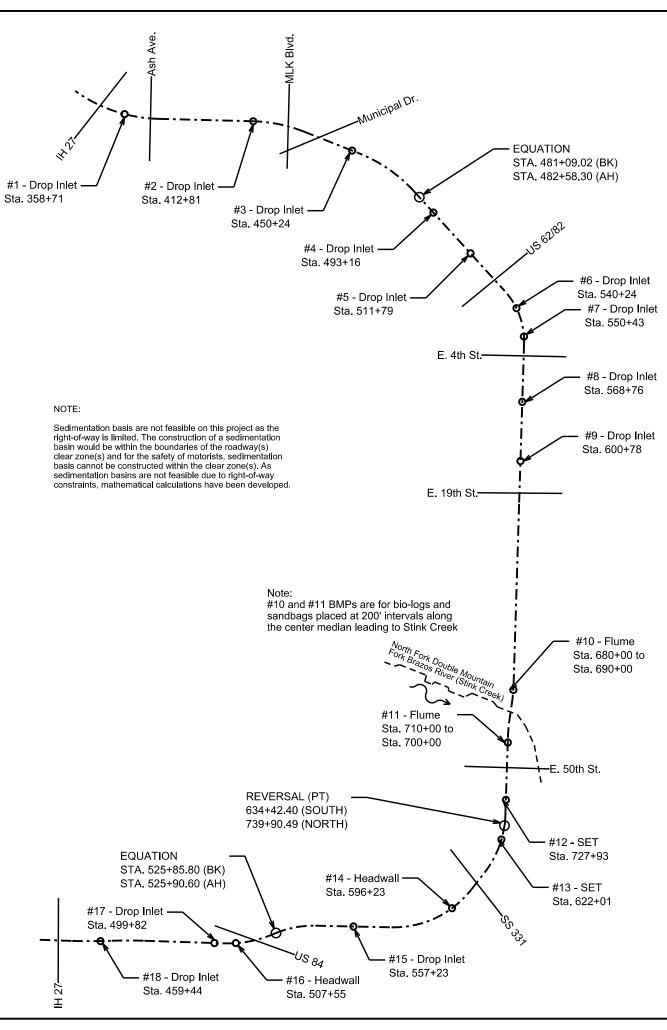
DROP INLET DETAIL



PARALLEL S.E.T. DETAIL



PERPENDICULAR S.E.T. DETAIL





In Mª Milla, P.E. 1-27-2023

SWP3 DETAILS



CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWAY

0783 01 107, etc. SL 289

DIST. COUNTY SHEET NO.

LBB LUBBOCK 35

FILE 078301107 SWP3 DETAILS

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION P	REVENTION-CLEAN WATER A	CT SECTION 402	II. CUL TURA	AL RESOURCES	
required for projects with 1 or 1	r Discharge Permit or Construction (more acres disturbed soil. Projects erosion and sedimentation in accord	with any	arche arche	ological artifacts are found durin ological artifacts (bones, burnt ro	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
List MS4 Operator(s) that may They may need to be notified	receive discharges from this proje prior to construction activities.	ct.	work	in the immediate area and cont No Action Required	act the Engineer immediately. Required Action
1. City of Lubbock				No Action Negoneo	
2.			IV. VE <u>GET</u>	ATION RESOURCES	
□ No Action Required	Required Action		I	rve native vegetation to the ex actor must adhere to Construct	tent practical. ion Specification Requirements Specs 162,
			164, 1	92, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in o	rder to comply with requirements for
Action No.	h aastrallina aranina aad aadimaat	allaa la	invosi	ve species, beneficial landscaping	, and tree/brush removal commitments.
accordance with TPDES Per	by controlling erosion and sedimento mit TXR 150000	otion in	1 -	No Action Required	□ Required Action
Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer.	evise when necessary to controlpo	llution or	Ac	tion No.	
3 Post Construction Site Notice	e (CSN) with SW3P information on o	r neor			13112 on Invosive Plant Species.
	public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspe				
4. When Contractor project spe	cific locations (PSL's) increase distu	rbed soil	2.	•	Memorandum on beneficial landscaping.
	submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer		3.	Comply with temporary and p protocols in the SWP3.	permonent vegetation stabilization
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAM ACT SECTIONS 401 AND		ANDS CLEAN WATER		•	HREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, ED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES
	ing, dredging, excavaling or olher wo treams, wellands or wet areas.	ork in any		MIGRATORY BIRDS.	EU SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES
The Contractor must adhere the following permit(s):	to all of the terms and conditions as	ssocioled wilh	1 -	No Action Required	Required Action
					_
No Permit Required			Act	tion No.	horned lizards, prorie dogs, barn swallows,
Notionwide Permit 14 - PC	N not Required (less than 1/10th ac	re waters or	,	or burrowing owls.	•
wetlands affected)			2.	approval of the engineer.	damaged or crossed with equipment without
☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - PC ☐ Individual 404 Permit Requi	N Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3	in tidal waters)	3.	No nests of burrowing owls (i damaged, (See General Notes)	n prairie dog holes) can be disturbed or
Other Nationwide Permit Re			4.	No nests of barn swallows (lik disturbed or damaged. (See G	sely on structures such as bridges) can be eneralNotes)
_			5.	coplure, disturb, or kill the spe	gle Protection Act. Do not handle, harm, icies. Do not handle, harm, or take nests,
	f the US permit applies to, location actices planned to control erosion, s	- •	6.	eggs, feathers, bones, or eagle Obey the Migratory Bird Trea be any handling or harming o	es. Ity Act of 1916, of wich details there cannot I migratory bird species including their eggs,
1.			If any of		, cease work in the immediate area,
					ntact the Engineer immediately. The bridges and other structures during
2.			nesting s	eason of the birds associated w	ith the nests. If caves or sinkholes
3.			I	vered, cease work in the immed immediately.	iate area, and contact the
4.			VI. HAZA	RDOUS MATERIALS OR CO	ONTAMINATION ISSUES
•	high water marks of any areas requ s of the US requiring the use of a r cidae Layouts	-	Gen Comply wit	eral (applies to all projects): th the Hazard Communication Ac	ct (the Act) for personnel who will be working with
<u> </u>	•		making wo	rkers aware of potential hazards	meetings prior to beginning construction and in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are
Best Management Practices Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	0	blain and keep on-sile Material	nt appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products
Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	Vegelalive Filter Strips	I		include, but are not limited to the following categories: oducts, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing
☐ Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems	I	-	protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for s. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.
☐ Mulch	Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Bosin			or morniant product todaming of required by the net.
Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wellands		LIST OF A	NBBRE VIATIONS
☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	Wet Basin	BMP: Best M	onagement Practice	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure
Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost	CCP: Constru	uction General Permit	SWSP: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filler Berm and Socks	FHWA: Federal	Deportment of State Health Servi Highway Administration	PSL: Project Specific Location
Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	MOU: Memor or	ndum of Agreement ndum of Understanding	TCEO: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination Syste
Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Vegetation Lined Ditches	MS4: Municip	ool Separate Stormwater Sewer S ory Bird Treaty Act	
	Stone Outlet Sediment Trops	Sond Filler Systems	NOT: Notice	of Termination wide Permit	T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U. S. Army Corps of Engineers
	Sediment Bosins	Grassy Swales	NO: Notice		USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trosh piles, drums, conister, barrels, etc.
- Undesirable smells or odors
- Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required

Required Action

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

- Maintain equipment muffler systems and work hour restrictions to reduce traffic noise.
- No PSLs may be located in the prairie dog towns, playa lakes, (wet or dry), or stream beds (wet or dry).
- No dumping of construction material in playa lakes or stream beds regardless of property owner requests.
- 4. Contractor must obtain historical and archeological clearances for off-site PSLs.
- Contractor is responsible for air quality permits for concrete and asphalt batch and similar plants.
- 6. Contractor is responsible for water appropriation or impoundment TCEQ permits.
- Contractor will protect environmentally sensitive areas with fencing, work sequencing, or scheduling as directed.
- PSLs beyond the project right-of-way have "individual operator" status under the TPDES Construction General Permit and the Contractor is responsible for the SWP3 and any TCEQ permits.
- No waste material of any type may be placed at any location where it could be washed into a water of the U.S. or a surface water of Texas.
- 10. Flood elevations will not be increased to a llevel that would violate flood plain regulations or ordinances.
- Contractor shall remove all construction debris dailyfrom the waterway by close of buisness, where applicable.
- The SWP3, including best management practices, must be in-place prior to disturbing soil.

*
Texas Department of Transportation

ck: AR

SHEET NO.

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS **EPIC**

ері	c.dgn	DN: TxC	OT	ск: RG	DW:	VΡ	
)T:	February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			
(DS)	REVISIONS	0783	01	107		9	•

©TxD0 HIGHWAY SL 289 12-12-2011 (0 5-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV 1-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 O ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES. LBB LUBBOCK

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept in the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0783-01-107, etc.

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: IH 27 and SL 289, east, south, and west

south SL 289

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 33.65173163°, (Long) -101.8409649°

END: (Lat) 33.5290893° ,(Long) -101.8429811°

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 434.60

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 9.60

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

Cable barrier installation

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description	wideni
Acuff loam, 0-1% slopes	85% Acuff soils, well drained negligible runoff class, slight erosion hazard	□ Remov
Amarillo fine, sandy loam, 0-1% slopes	90% Amarillo soils, well drained negligible runoff class, slight erosion hazard	□ Install p □ Install c □ Install r
Amarillo-urban land, complex, 0-3% slopes	50% amarillo soils, 35% urban land, well drained low runoff class, slight erosion hazard	□ Place fl □ Rework
Estacado clay loam, 0-1% slopes	85% Estacado soils, well drained negligible runoff class, slight erosion hazard	☒ Blade v☒ Revege☒ Achieve
Mobeetie fine sandy loam, 3-5% slopes	80% Mobeetie soils, well drained very low runoff class, moderate erosion hazard	erosio
		☐ Other:
		Other:

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

No PSLs planned for construction

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

- Install sediment and erosion controls
- Remove existing pavement
- Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- Install proposed pavement per plans
- Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- Place flex base
- Rework slopes, grade ditches
- Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- Revegetation of unpaved areas
- Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:			
•			

□ Other:		

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- ☒ Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- ⋈ Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- X Other: Concrete washout pollutants from concrete trucks, concrete pump trucks, and paving equipment.

Other:	

Concrete truck wash-out is allowed provided: a) wash-out of concrete trucks to surface waters in the state, including storm sewer drains and inlets, is prohibited; b) wash-out shall be to a structural control; c) the direct discharge of wash-out water is prohibited at all times; d) the discharge shall not contribute to aroundwater contamination: e) wash-out areas must be shown on the site map;

f) wash-out pits shall be bermed and lined with plastic.

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody			
North Fork Double Mountain Fork Brazos River	N.F.D.M.F.B.R. (1241A) * impaired for bacteria			
Buffalo Springs Lake	N.F.D.M.F.B.R. (1241C) * impaired for bacteria			
Lake Ransom Canyon	N.F.D.M.F.B.R. (1241E) * impaired for bacteria			
Double Mountain Fork Brazos Riber	D.M.F.B.R. (1241) * impaired for bacteria			

* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Perform SWP3 inspections

□ Other:

- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- X Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

□ Other: _			

NOTE: Environmental Documentation shall be uploaded to Site Manager and Projectwise within 7 calendar days per CGP Part III.E.

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

M Day To Day Operational Control

X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)

X Post Construction Site Notice

X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

X Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

□ Other: _			
_			
□ Other:	•		

NOTE: Environmental Documentation must be readily available.

1,14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:

City	of	Lubbock	
			_

MS4 Entity

STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** NARRATIVE - OVER 1 ACRE



Sheet 1 of 3

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.					
06							
STATE		STATE COUNTY B LBB LUBBOCK					
TEXA	S						
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY N	٧٥.		
078	3	01	107	SL 2	89		

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3): 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE** The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP. 2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs: T/P □ □ Protection of Existing Vegetation □ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones □ □ Soil Retention Blankets □ □ Geotextiles □ □ Mulching/ Hydromulching □ □ Temporary Seeding □ □ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ □ Vertical Tracking □ □ Interceptor Swale □ □ Riprap □ □ Diversion Dike

☐ ☐ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain

□ □ Paved Flumes

□ □ Other:

T/P

□ □ Embankment for Erosion Control

□ □ Other:

2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:

□ □ Dewatering Controls□ □ Inlet Protection

□ Sediment Control Fence

□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones

□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips

□ □ Stabilized Construction Exit

□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams

□ □ Other: _____

□ □ Other: _____

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

□ Public safetv

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations

for each acre of disturbed area

⋈ Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
</p>

☐ Available area/Site geometry

☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns

☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors

□ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.

for each acre of disturbed area

□ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained

□ Other:

□ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:

□ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained

☐ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm

☐ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm

(See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

□ Sediment Trap

□ □ Sedimentation Basin

T/P

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Stationing			
Туре	From	То		
None				

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets
located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

□ Other:_____

Other:Other:Other:

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:
--

☐ Haul roads dampened for dust control
☐ Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
☐ Stabilized construction exit
□ Other:

Other:

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- □ Chemical Management
- □ Debris and Trash Management
- □ Dust Control

X	Other	Lidded	Dumpster	(Part	III G 4 c	in	CGP
\sim	Ouici.	LIUUUU	Dullipsici	11 011	111.0.7.0	111	

	Other:	
ш	Outet.	

Litter and Construction Debris:

Storage of construction and waste materials on-site shall be temporary. The project contractor shall establish a schedule for the regular removal of litter and construction debris; this schedule shall be approved by the project engineer; and, once approved, implemented by the contractor. As needed, the project engineer shall direct the contractor to establish good housekeeping measures consistent with the TCEQ's Construction General

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Туре	Stationing				
Type	From	То			
None					

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- ★ Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

NOTE: Discharges from dewatering activities are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls per the CGP. Part III.G.3

2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

Inspection of Controls:

Lubbock District: an informal inspection of controls shall occur every work day; a formal inspection of controls accompanied by an inspection report using Form 2118 shall occur every seven calendar days. Inspectors must inspect disturbed areas that have not been finally stabilized, areas that are used for storage of materials and that are exposed to rain, discharge locations and structural controls for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system. The SW3P must be modified based on the results of inspections to better control pollutants in runoff. Revisions to the SW3P must be completed within seven calendar days following inspection. If existing BMPs are modified or if additional BMPs are necessary, an implementation schedule must be described in the SW3P and wherever possible those changes implemented before the next storm event.

2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) NARRATIVE - OVER 1 ACRE



Sheet 2 of 3

Texas Department of Transportation

DIV. NO.		NO.					
06							
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS	3	LBB	LUBBOCK				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
078	3	01	107	SL 2	89		

DESCRIPTION OF BMPs USED TO MINIMIZE POLLUTION IN RUNOFF: EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS: If it is necessary to pump water, BMP's shall be used to reduce the off-site transport of sediment. BMP's shall be installed per the manufacturer specifications or as directed by the Engineer. GENERAL SCHEDULE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF SW3P CONTROLS: CONTROL IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE AND DESCRIPTION REMOVAL SCHEDULE general various control measures are to be provided at a time and in a manner that at final stabilization, at the resumption of construction minimize impacts to receiving waters plans at the direction of the project manager rock filter dams to be installed prior to soil disturbing activities in the surrounding areas at final stabilization or as directed by the project at final stabilization or as directed by the project to be installed prior to the start of construction; sandbag berms are to sandbag berms serve as water velocity dissipaters as ditch blacks as sedimentation basins, in support of other control devices, and as a final multiple control for water leaving the construction zone silt fence will be installed prior to the start of construction along at final stabilization or as directed by the project sill fence engineer at final stabilization or as directed by the project engineer at the removal of the construction exit, at final sill fence will be installed as quickly as feasible (where it is reasonable to do so) at the toe of header bank and other slopes silt fence may be installed at the start of construction during construction as appropriate, and during construction to support other controls as needed tackifiers/emulsions soil tackifiers may be used to control dust erosion controls that are designed to remain in-place for a indefinite period, such as mulches and fiber mats, are not required to be removed or scheduled for removal (CGP, page 23) erosian controls that are designed to remain in-place for a indefinite period, such as mulches and fiber to be used to suppress dust and compact dirt on an as needed mats, are not required to be removed or scheduled for removal (CGP, page 23) erosion controls that are designed to remain in-place for a indefinite period, such as mulches and fiber mats, are not required to be removed or scheduled for seed, temporary removal (CGP, page 23) to be installed as a final stabilization measure where construction is complete or as directed by the Engineer erosion controls that are designed to remain in-place for a indefinite period, such as mulches and fiber seed, per maneni mats, are not required to be removed or scheduled for to be installed at all construction vehicle exit points to publicly as directed by construction conditions or by the Engineer construction exits traveled ways prior to the use of these exits by construction to be installed prior to the start of construction: erosion as directed by construction conditions or by the Engineer erosion control logs control logs are to serve as water velocity dissipaters as discribiocks, as sedimentation basins, and in support of to be installed as a final stabilization measure where construction is complete or as directed by the Engineer erosion controls that are designed to remain in-place for a indefinite period, such as mulches and fiber soil retention blankets mats, are not required to be removed or scheduled for removal (CGP, page 23)

to be installed to cover curb inlets with support from sandbags or as directed by the Engineer

to be installed as channel blocks, inlet protectors, and to support sandbag berms, silt fences or as directed by the Engineer compost socks

Notes from the Lubbock Districts

inlet protectors

-This is a general schedule for the installation of and removal of SW3P best management practice controls. The final determination of the implementation and removal of controls is at the discretion of the project engineer. -Control measures must be properly selected installed and maintained according to the manufacturer's or designer's specifications, li

periodic inspections or other information indicates control has been used incorrectly or that the control is performing inadequately the operator must replace or modify the control as soon as practicable after the discovery that the control has been used incorrectly, is performing Inadequately.or is damaged

as directed by construction conditions or by the Engineer

as directed by construction conditions or by the Engineer

-Sediment must be removed from traps and sedimentation ponds no later than the time that design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent.

if sediment escapes the site, accumulations must be removed at a frequency to minimize further negative effects, and whenever feasible, prior to the next rain event.

-Controls must be developed to limit, to the extent practicable, the off-site transport of litter, construction debris, and construction materiais.

Erosion and sediment controls must be designed to retain sediment on-site to the extent practicable with consideration for local topography, soil type, and rainfall. Controls must also be designed and utilized to reduce the off-site transport of suspended sediments and other pollutants if it is necessary to pump or channel standing water. MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

Control measures shall be properly installed and maintained according to the manufacturer's specifications, Sediment must be removed from BMP's of the BMP has been reduced by 50 percent, if sediment or other pollutants escape the site, accumulations will be removed to reduce further negative effects, if inspections or other information indicates a control has been installed, used, or is performing inadequately, the contractor must modify or replace the control as soon as practicable after the problem is discovered. Controls shall be maintained in effective operating condition. If inspections determine that BMPs are not operating effectively, maintenance shall be performed as necessary to continue the effectiveness of the controls. Controls that have been intentionally disabled, run over, removed, or otherwise made ineffective, must be corrected or replaced at discovery. LITTER AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRISS

The project contractor shall establish a schedule for the regular removal of litter and construction debris; this schedule shall be approved by the project engineer; and, once approved, implemented by the contractor. As needed, the project engineer shall direct the contractor to establish good housekeeping measures consistent with the TCEO's Construction General Permit.

DESCRIPTION OF PERMANENT STORM WATER CONTROLS:

PERMANENT STORM WATER CONTROLS: A description of controls that will stay in-place after construction is completed must be included in

SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES:

I. Sandbags: the purpose of a sandbag is to intercept sediment laden storm water from disturbed areas, create a detention pond, detain sediment and release water in a sheet flow. Sandbag berms are a general purpose sediment control device and will be used throughout the project to detain sediment on site. Sandbags will be placed in disches and channels to form sedimentation basins. Sandbags will also be used where runoff exits the construction site to enter receiving waters and to support other storm water controls.

2.Sill fence: sill fence is to be installed with construction near the perimeter of a disturbed area to intercept sediment while allowing water to percolate through. This is a general use control that will be used to create detention basins that retain sediment on site they will also be used in support of other controls such as construction exits and rock filter dams.

Still fence will be used along playa lakes to reduce the loss of sediment from roadway front slopes; it may be used in ditches, channels, discharge points to support sandbag berms; may be used to support stabilized construction exits.

3. Rock Filter Dams: the purpose of a rock filter dam is to intercept and slow sediment laden water runoff from disturbed areas, retain the sediment and release the water in sheet flow. Rock filter dams will generally be used in high water velocity flow channels.

4. Stabilized Construction Exit: the purpose of the stabilized exit is to reduce the tracking of sediment and dirt onto public roadways beyond the construction zone. Stabilized Construction Exits are to be in-place at exit points to streets and thoroughfares in urban areas and are to be used by all construction vehicles regardless of size. They are to be supported where appropriate with slit fence and mechanized brooms.

Sediment basins are required where feasible for common drainage locations that serve an area with IO or more acres disturbed at one time. Temporary or permanent sediment basins that provide water storage capacity are located on the project; the following controls provide, where feasible, structural controls / sediment basins:

- l. Sandbag Berm as a Sediment Basin: a temporary basin designed to intercept sediment-laden storm water runoff and to trap sediment on-site. 2. Vegetative Buffer Strip vegetative buffer strips reduce water velocity which reduces the potential of water erosion and allows sediments to fall out of the storm water.
- 3.Silt Fence will be used to reduce the loss of sediment from roadway front slopes adjacent to playa lakes by filtering out silt laden storm

Erosion control and stabilization measures must be initiated immediately in portions of the site where construction activities have ceased and will not resume for a period exceeding 14 calendar days. Stabilization measures that provide a protective cover must be initiated immediately in portions of the site where construction activities have permanently ceased (CGP Part III Sect. F2(b)III page 33).

STABILIZATION PRACTICES AND OTHER REQUIRED CONTROLS AND BMPs:

- I. Stabilized Construction Exit: a stabilized pad of stone, timber, or other stabilized surface located at points where construction traffic will leave the construction zone to enter a public roadway. The purpose of the stabilized exit is to reduce the tracking of sediment and dirt onto public roadways beyond the construction zone. Stabilized Construction Exits will be placed as needed.
- 2. Water: water will be used to temporarily suppress dust and compact dirt.
- 3.Tackifiers: tackifiers such as asphalt emulsion, guar, land other natural tackifiers), and synthetic tackifiers will be used to control air (dust) & water erosion.
- 4.Existing Vegetation & Vegetative Buffers: to the extent practicable, existing vegetation will not be disturbed by construction activities; where feasible (especially at storm water discharge sites), existing vegetation will remain undisturbed to form a vegetative buffer between construction areas and areas undisturbed by construction.
- 5.Cleaning and Sweeping: clean and sweep curb and gutter sections twice a month to reduce dirt and trash or as directed.
- 6. Riprapi concrete riprap can be installed as a permanent stabilization measure at locations where construction is complete and permanent stabilization is required.
- 7. Tracking and Dust: Off-site tracking and generation of dust must be minimized.

ON-SITE STORAGE OF CONSTRUCTION AND WASTE MATERIALS

- i.Disposal methods must meet federal state, and local waste management requirements. No construction waste shall be buried or burned on-site. Spoils of disposal, material storage, and waste materials from the demolition of existing roads and structures shall be stored in areas designated by the project engineer, and prevented from becoming a pollutant source with appropriate BMPs. Construction and waste materials that might be temporarily stored on-site include concrete and steel pipe; steel reinforcing bar, forms and frames; sand and gravel; wire, concrete and steel beams; wood and steel building units; and controls, construction signs and barricades. A list of construction and waste materials stored on site and controls will be presented to the Project Engineer.
- 2.Contractor shall design and utilize appropriate controls to minimize the offsite transport of suspended sediments and other pollutants, if it is necessary to pump or channel standing water from the site.
- 3.Litter, construction debris, and construction material exposed to stormwater shall be managed in a manner that prevents this material from becoming a pollutant. A regular sweep of the project shall be made to pick up litter. No construction material of any kind (including dirt) shall be discharged to a water of the United States (ephemeral streams and playa lakes) without a permit from the Corps of Engineers.
- 4.011. gasoline, grease, solvents, and other petroleum products are not to be stored on-site. Major vehicle maintenance shall occur on-site only under emergency conditions and when this maintenance type is necessary a plastic cover shall be used (and properly disposed of) to prevent petroleum products from contaminating the surrounding soil.
- 5. Potential Pollutant Sources from Areas Other than Constructions

oll.grease, and other petroleum fluids construction traffic at concrete plant and field office sediment laden stormwater disturbed soli from concrete batch plant and field office

litter, motorists driving through the project

All best management practices available to this construction project are available to control non-construction generated pollutants including sand bag berms, slit fence, stabilized construction exits, sedimentation basins, and litter management programs among other controls listed in this document.

Storage tanks that are above ground, regardless of whether they are used to store petroleum products, hazardous waste, or other hazardous material must follow the Summary of Federal Requirements.

Aboveground storage tanks (ASTs) used for the storage of petroleum products is regulated primarily under 40 CFR II2. These containers are used for purposes including but not limited to the storage of oil prior to use, while being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. A bulk storage container is 55 gal.or greater and may be aboveground, partially buried, bunkered, or completely buried. AST's include mobile storage containers such as trailers and tanked vehicles. Oil-filled electrical, operating, or manufacturing equipment is not a bulk storage container. All bulk storage container installations must be constructed so a secondary means of containment is provided for the entire capacity of the largest single container and sufficient freeboard to contain precipitation. Diked areas must be sufficiently impervious to contain discharged oil. Mobile/Portable AST.

Mobile or portable oil bulk storage containers must be positioned or located to prevent a discharge and furnished with a secondary means of containment, such as a dike or catchment basin, sufficient to contain the capacity of the largest single compartment or container with sufficient freeboard to contain precipitation.

DETERMINATION OF REPORTABLE QUANTITIES:

A list of each substance designated as hazardous in 40 CFR Part li6 is found in the project's SW3P folder. The 40 CFR li6 registration applies to quantities, when discharged into or upon the Waters of the United States adjoining shorelines, into or upon the contiguous zone, or beyond the contiguous zone as provided in the Act.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) NARRATIVE - OVER 1 ACRE



Sheet 3 of 3

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.					
90		39					
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS	5	LBB	LUBBOCK				
CONT.	CONT. SECT.		JOB	HIGHWAY N	١0.		
078	3	01	107	SL 2	89		

Riprop: concrete riprop can be installed as a permanent stabilization measure at locations where construction is completed must be included in the SW3P. Existing Vegetation & Vegetative Buffers: to the extent practicable existing vegetation will not be disturbed by construction activities; and where feasible (especially at storm water discharge sites), existing vegetation will remain undisturbed to form a vegetative buffer between construction

areas and areas undisturbed by construction.

Permanent Sodding/Seeding & Plantings: this is the establishment of permanent perennial vegetation. Permanent vegetation stabilizes soil by holding

soil particles in-place. Vegetation filters sediments, helps soil absorb water, improves wildlife habitat, and enhances desthetics of the site. Permanent vegetation will remain in vegetated channels.



TEMP. EROSION FLOW CONTROL LOG ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL STAKE AS SIDE AT THE CENTER, DIRECTED AT EACH END, AND AT ADDITIONAL POINTS AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG (4' MAX. SPACING), OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. PLAN VIEW

STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL

R.O.W.

SIDE AT THE CENTER,

AT EACH END, AND AT

ADDITIONAL POINTS AS

(4' MAX. SPACING), OR

AS DIRECTED BY THE

ENGINEER.

NEEDED TO SECURE LOG

ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

STAKES FOR HEAVY

RUNOFF EVENTS

FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB -LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. CONTROL LOG AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PLAN VIEW

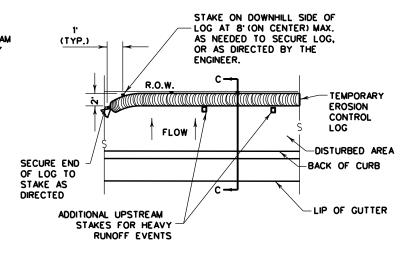
TEMP. EROSION

CONTROL LOG

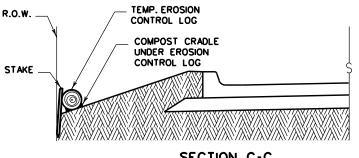
COMPOST CRADLE

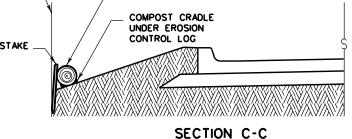
UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG



PLAN VIEW



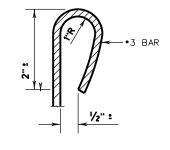


(CL-ROW

SECTION B-B EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

(CL-BOC)

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY



REBAR STAKE DETAIL

LEGEND

SECTION A-A

EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

CL-D

CL-D -EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

TEMP. EROSION

CONTROL LOG

1' (TYP.)

COMPOST CRADLE

UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

- -(CL-BOC)· -EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- CL-ROW -EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING CL-SST
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING CL-SSL
- —(CL-DI -EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- CL-CI -EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- CL-GI -EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET

SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion controllog sediment trop may be used to filter liment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

Log Traps: The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed 5 acres. The trop capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project.

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: LS/PT CK: LS JOB 107 SL 289 0783 01



Texas Department of Transportation

DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION

CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

COMPACTED DIAMETER

TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

SHEET 1 OF 3

GENERAL NOTES: 1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S

RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL

BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE

USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.

STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR

SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.

10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL

LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.

THE PURPOSE INTENDED.

UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE

BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR

CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL

FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL

TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER

SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE

*3 REBAR, 2'-4'LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT

2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY

DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT

SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED

TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE

TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE

UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP

ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT

COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.

REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS.

ENGINEER.

DEFORMATION.

THE ENGINEER.

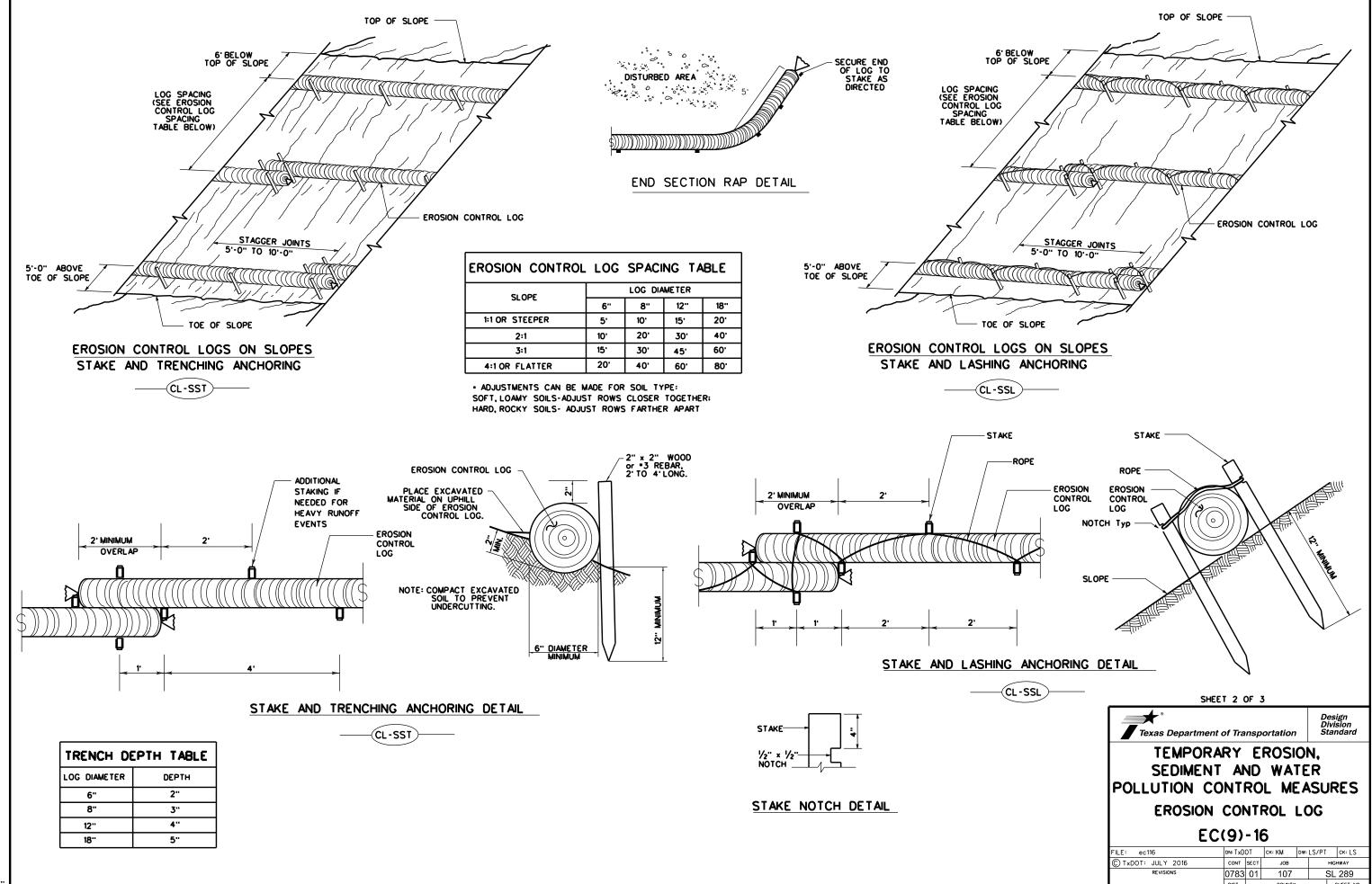
MINIMUM

COMPACTED

DIAMETER

EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9)-16



LBB

LUBBOCK

SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG

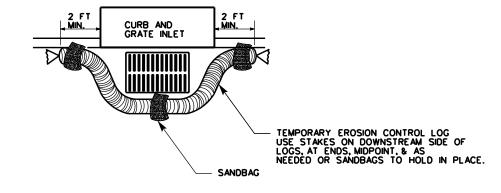
FLOW

CL-GI

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

CL-DI



OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

COMPLETELY SURROUND DRAINAGE ACCESS TO AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH EROSION CONTROL LOG

- FLOW

-Stake or use sandbags on downhill side of log as needed to hold in place (typical)



CURB

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG

SANDBAG

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

-2 SAND BAGS

CL-CI

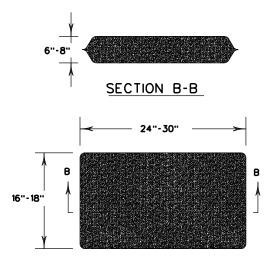
_____(CL-CI)_____

NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.

USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

2 SAND BAGS

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG



SANDBAG DETAIL

SHEET 3 OF 3

Texas Department of Transportation

-CURB INLET _inlet _extension

> Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9)-16

FILE: ec916	DN: TxDOT		ск: КМ	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS	
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0783	01	107	SL 2		L 289	
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	LBB	LUBBOCK				42	