PLANS AND CONTRACT.

### INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. **DESCRIPTION** 

> TITLE SHEET PROJECT INDEX

THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE

P.E.

DATE

## STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL PROJECT: STP 2023 (639) HES US 84

COLEMAN COUNTY

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF WIDENING A NON - FREEWAY FACILITY CONSISTING OF ADDING A CONTINUOUS LEFT TURN LANE

LIMITS: .2 miles north of FM 568 to .2 south of CR 196  $\,$ 

US 84	0054-04-123					
ROADWAY	=	7408.00	FT	=	1.40	MI.
BRIDGE	=	0.00	FT	=	0.000	MI.
TOTAL	=	7408.00	FΤ	=	1.40	MI.

STP 2023 (639)HES JOB HIGHWAY 123 US 84 BWD COLEMAN

FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION = PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL DESIGN SPEED = 65 A.D.T.(2021) = 5711 A.D.T.(2041) = 7995

#### FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE: DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:\_ DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED: FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$\_ CONTRACTOR :\_

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

**END PROJECT** STA 358+08.00 **REF MRKR 538+0.18** CSJ 0054-04-123

Texas Department of Transportation $^{\circ}$ 

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

2/2/2023

77D14777834646F... DISTRICT DESIGN ENGINEER

2/2/2023

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

77D14777834646F... DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT 2/3/2023

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

6B344F... DISTRICT ENGINEER

**BEGIN PROJECT** STA 284+00.00 **REF MRKR 536+0.831** CSJ 0054-04-123

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY, 2022)

NO EXCEPTIONS EQUATIONS: NONE NO RAILROAD CROSSINGS

SCALE IN MILES

99-102

109-111

SMD(SLIP-1) - SMD(SLIP3)-08

6-13

62

68-73

78-79

80-81

82

DRAINAGE STANDARDS

SETB-PD

SCC 3&4 SCC-MD

SHEET NO. **DESCRIPTION** SHEET NO. **DESCRIPTION** 

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135 EC(1)-16

136-138 EC(9)-16

D&OM(1) THRU D&OM(4)-20,D&OM(6)-20,D&OM(VIA)-20

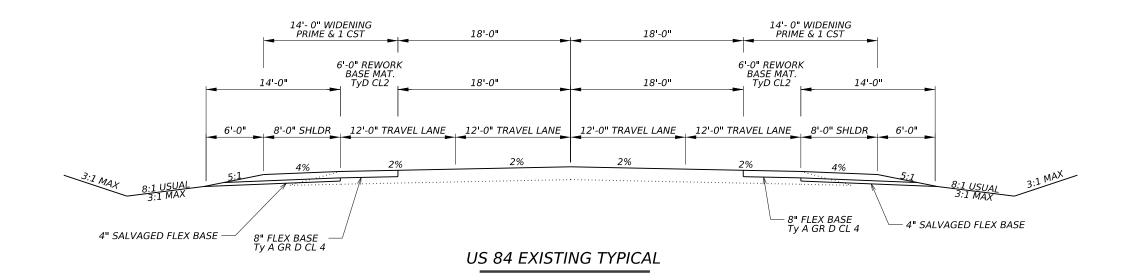
THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ON THIS SHEET HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



US 84 PROJECT INDEX



CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0054	04	123		US 84
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
23		COLEMAN CO.		2



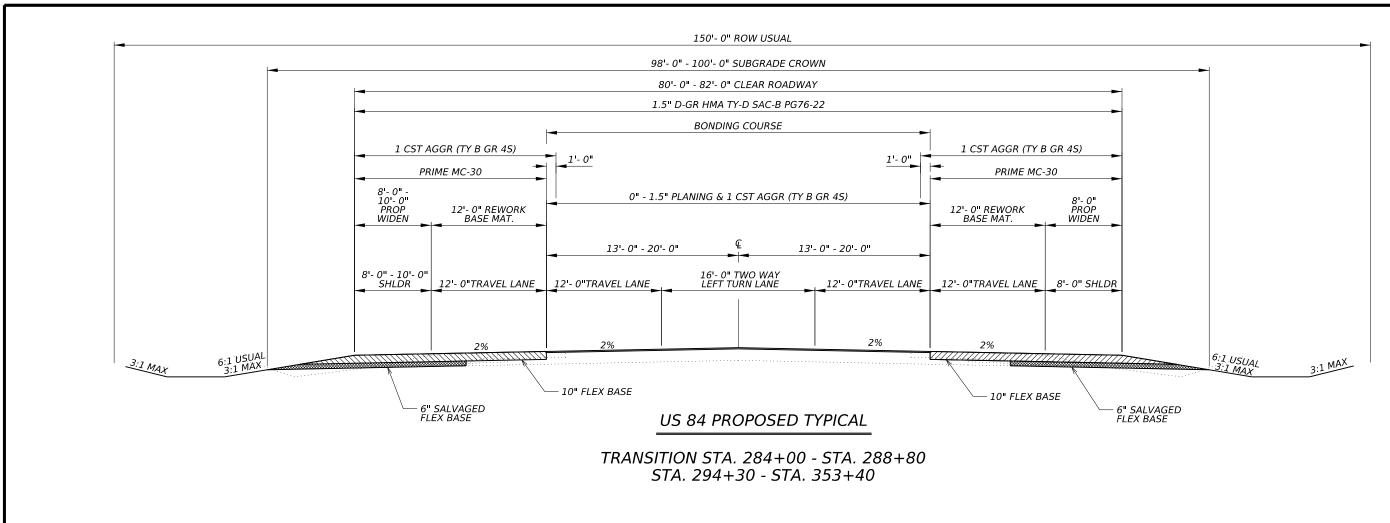


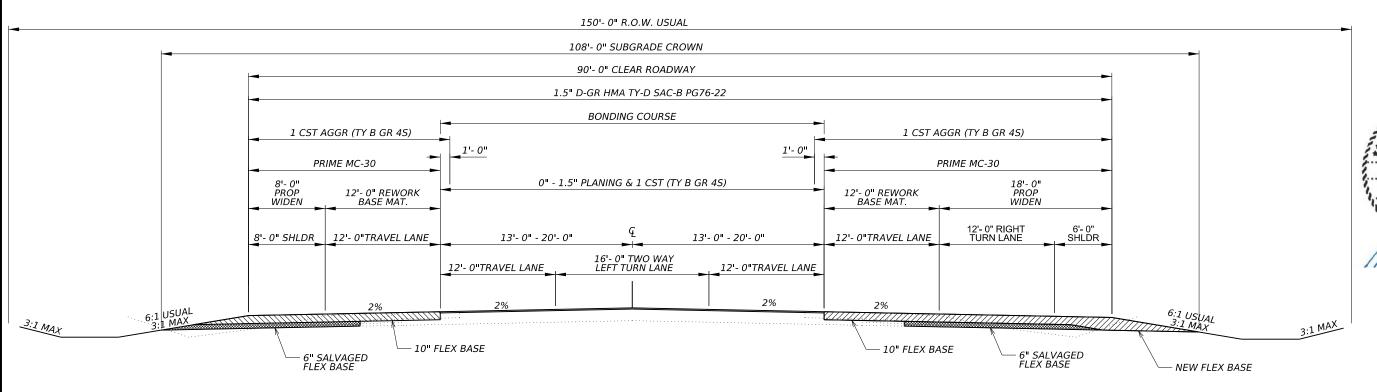
01/26/2023

US 84 TYPICAL SECTIONS

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CONT	SECT	JOB	HIG	HWAY
054	04	123	US	5 84
DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
3WD	COLEMAN CO.			3







01/26/2023

US 84 TYPICAL SECTIONS

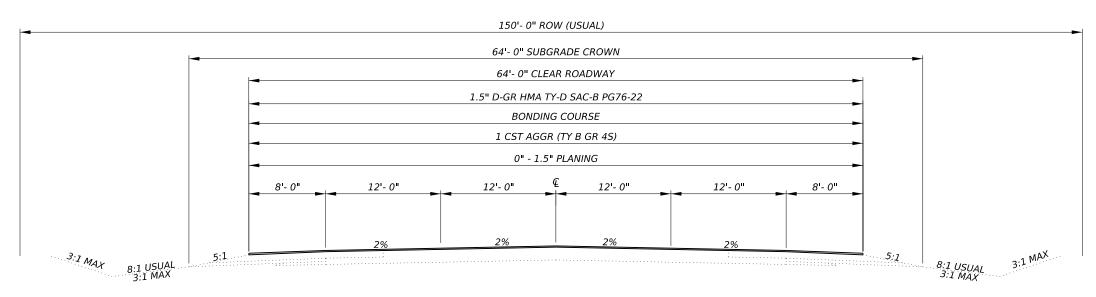
US 84 PROPOSED RIGHT TURN LANE TYPICAL

TRANSITION - STA. 288+80 RT - STA. 290+30 RT RIGHT TURN LANE - STA. 290+30 - STA. 294+30

RIGHT TURN LANE TRANSITION SURFACE AREA TRANSITION - 3741 SF

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CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0054	04	123	US 84	
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BWD	COLEMAN CO.		4	



US 84 PROPOSED TYPICAL

STA. 353+40 - STA. 358+08



01/26/2023

US 84 TYPICAL SECTIONS

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NT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
54	04	123	US 84	
ST.	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
VD	COLEMAN CO.		5	

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

# TEST TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD TEST METHODS.

			Soil	
Item	Description		Constan	ts
		Max	Max.	Min.
		LL.	PI	PI
* 132	Embankment (Final)(Dens Cont)(Ty C)	40	25	3
247	FI Bs (Cmp In Plc) (Ty D Gr1-2)(Fnal Pos)			3

<sup>\*</sup> Applies to borrow only.

Job control samples for gradation and P.I. testing will be taken from the windrow after blade mixing.

#### Asphalt Surface Areas-SY

Item	Description	Course	Exist. Roadway	Widening
310	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	Prime	rioudiuy	31520
316	ASPH (CRS2)	<b>1</b> st	35106	31520
316	AGGR (TY PB) GR 4S	<b>1</b> st	35106	31520
3084	BONDING COURSE	Final	33563	
3077	1.5" SP-D SAC-B PG 76-22	Final	33563	31520

#### Basis of Estimate

Item	Description	Course	Rate	SY	Quantity
310	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	Prime	0.20 Gal/SY	31520	6304 Gal
316	ASPH (CRS2)	<b>1</b> st	0.48 Gal/SY	66626	31981 Gal
316	AGGR (TY PB) GR 4S	<b>1</b> st	120 SY/CY	66626	556 CY
3084	BONDING COURSE	Final	0.14 Gal/SY	33563	4699 Gal
3077	SP-D SAC-B PG 76-22	Final	115 lbs/sy/in	65082	5614 Tons

No equipment shall be allowed within twenty five feet (25') of the railroad tracks.

The Contractor will not be allowed to store equipment, materials, incidentals, hazardous chemicals, petroleum products, concrete washouts, etc. in the Department's R.O.W. without written permission from the Engineer.

Trees that are to be trimmed and brush that is to be trimmed or removed that are not over the roadway or bridge(s), will be trimmed or removed in accordance with the Roadside Vegetation Management Manual to a height of fourteen feet. Remove limbs at the trunk with less than twenty-one feet of clearance above the pavement or bridge(s).

County: Coleman Sheet: 6

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

## See the "Environmental" section of the plans for additional information. TEXAS ONE CALL

Fiber optic cable systems, gas lines, underground power lines, water lines, sewer lines, and other various utilities may be buried within the project limits. Protection of these utility systems is of extreme importance since any break could disrupt service to users resulting in business interruption and loss of revenue and profits. The Contractor will telephone Texas One Call at 1-800-344-8377 (a 24-hour number), to determine if utilities are buried anywhere on the project in accordance with all UNDERGROUND FACILITY DAMAGE PREVENTION AND SAFETY laws. This action; however, will in no way be interpreted as relief of responsibilities under the terms of the Contract as set out in the plans and specifications. Coordinate the repair of all damages caused by daily operations and have facilities restored to service in a timely manner as directed at no additional cost to TxDOT.

#### **GENERAL**

Unless specifically noted as applying to only a certain project or projects, these general notes will apply to all projects associated to this contract.

------

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Name Email Address

Bart Fris P.E. <u>bart.fris@txdot.gov</u>

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals. Questions may also be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: <a href="https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors">https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors</a>

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

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The term "Article" or "Section" referred to hereon is defined in the forward of the <u>Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets, And Bridges</u> adopted by the Texas Department of Transportation November 2014.

A "Regulatory Construction Speed Zone" has been requested for this project.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

Saw-Cutting with approved equipment as directed by the Engineer will be required at project limits, longitudinally, and/or at notch downs to establish clean and straight joints. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to various bids.

The Contractor will establish drainage in ditches before seeding or as directed by the Engineer. Watering for dust control will be required as Directed by the Engineer and will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

#### ITEM 5 CONTROL OF WORK

The responsibility for the construction surveying on this contract will be in accordance with Section 5.9.1. "Method C".

The contractor will be required to place and maintain Blue Tops with wooden hubs for each layer of pavement structure material unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Prior to contract letting, bidders may obtain a computerized transfer of files (from the Engineer's office) that contains the earthwork information.

#### **ITEM 6 CONTROL OF MATERIALS**

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link. <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html">https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html</a> for clarification on material categorization.

In accordance with **Section 6.10.2**, the Contractor will dispose of all painted steel at a steel recycling or smelting facility and a receipt will be required. In lieu of this, the Contractor has the option to either show proof that the paint is lead free or show proof that the lead paint has been abated by an abatement certified company. The Department will not be obligated for the cost of paint testing and/or abatement materials, processes, personnel, incidentals, etc.

#### ITEM 7 LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No significant traffic generator events identified.

County: Coleman Sheet: 7

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

#### **ITEM 8 PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS**

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Section 8.3.1.4. "Standard Workweek". Work will not be performed without time being charged unless otherwise exempted by the Section as defined above.

Working day charges will be in accordance with **SP 008---003** (90 calendar days after the date of the written authorization to begin work. Do not begin any work before the end of this period unless authorized in writing by the Engineer.) **This delay is for the production of base material.** 

Construction will be completed in order, sequentially; as described in the traffic control plan phasing. Each step/phase will be completed before starting on the next step/phase unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

#### PROJECT SCHEDULES

Critical Path Method (CPM) scheduling will be required to be submitted and maintained monthly by the Contractor unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. (8.5.2.)

For monthly submittals, the Contractor will provide the schedule in an Adobe Acrobat compatible format (PDF file). If the Engineer requests the schedule in an electronic format, the Contractor will submit a schedule that is fully compatible with Primavera P6 Professional Release 15.

#### **ITEM 9 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT**

Monthly estimates will be computed from the 28th of the previous month through the 27th of the current month unless otherwise approved in writing by the Engineer.

#### **ITEM 100 PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY**

Remove all trees, brush, and shrubs within the R.O.W., unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Preform Preparing Right of Way in such a manner that does not disturb the native grasses unnecessarily.

#### **ITEM 104 REMOVING CONCRETE**

The Contractor will make a 1" cut to use as a guide before full depth cutting. Saw-Cut the full depth through the concrete before existing pavement removal.

#### **ITEM 132 EMBANKMENT**

Refer to Item 210 "Rolling" for additional roller requirements.

Shape the embankment, near the drainage structures, to the slope of the safety end treatment.

Embankment for the drainage structures is included in the quantities shown on the plan & profile sheets.

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

Embankment as shown in the plans or placed as directed will be placed before the installation of MBGF.

**ITEM 150 BLADING** 

Blading will be used to clear the pavement edge of existing vegetation.

After final surface placement, blade windrow back to edge of pavement to eliminate pavement edge drop-offs.

Within the construction limits, blade and windrow the top 8 inches of vegetative material to just outside the construction limits. Once ditch slopes and drainage have been established and approved, blade the windrow evenly over the disturbed area within the construction limits. This work is to be done as the job progresses and in conjunction with seeding. Work on the project may be suspended, if in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor does not make a good faith effort to stabilize loose material as the project progresses. Time will not be suspended. This work is subsidiary to Item 150.

#### ITEM 164 SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL

The Contractor should anticipate multiple mobilizations for seeding at each project location.

Additional wildflower seed will be required to be added to the seeding mixture. The wildflower seed will be provided by TxDOT and is estimated at 5 lbs/acre in addition to the required seeding as specified in Item 164. The Contractor will notify the Area Engineer a minimum of 4 weeks in advance of permanentt/final seeding to ensure time for the proper seed to be acquired. The Contractor can acquire this additional seed at the County Maintenance office. The equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals to mix and apply this seed will be considered subsidiary to Item 164.

#### **ITEM 166 FERTILIZER**

Fertilize all areas of project to be seeded.

Furnish and apply fertilizer with analysis of 20-10-10 at a rate of 300 bulk pounds per acre.

#### **ITEM 168 VEGETATIVE WATERING**

Water all areas of project to be seeded or sodded.

Vegetative watering is estimated at 1 inch per week for 4 weeks.

Vegetative watering may be adjusted as directed by the Engineer to ensure saturation for vegetative establishment.

#### **ITEM 210 ROLLING**

Required Roller Type and Size for Compacted Layers

-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u> </u>
Thickness of compacted lift	Minimum Static weight of roller (tons)	Drum Type

County: Coleman Sheet: 8

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

< 6 inches	12	Smooth
6 to 7 inches	15	Smooth or Padfoot
8 to 9 inches	18	Padfoot
10 inches or greater	20	Padfoot

#### **ITEM 216 PROOF ROLLING**

Proof Rolling will be required for right turn lane and outside traffic lanes throughout the entire project and is estimated at 2.5 hours. Calculate at 2 mph (2 passes per lane) for the full project.

#### **ITEM 247 FLEXIBLE BASE**

Refer to Item 210 for additional roller requirements.

Ride quality will be measured before the application of prime coat unless otherwise approved in writing by the Engineer.

A grader (a road grader, a blade, a maintainer, or a motor grader) will be used to process base unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Do not add field sand to modify the finish material to meet requirements.

Place new flexible base in lifts of approximately equal depth not to exceed 6 inches unless otherwise directed.

#### **ITEM 251 REWORKING BASE COURSES**

Refer to Item 210 for additional roller requirements.

Grade flexible base to typical section and profile to match existing grade. Contractor will establish grade to produce a smooth ride as directed.

#### **ITEM 310 PRIME COAT**

Cure prime placed with a cutback asphalt binder for 21 days before placing subsequent surface courses unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Finished base must be dampened before the application of a cutback asphalt binder is placed. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to Item 310.

If MC-30 is used for prime, sanding may be required at intersections, drives and other areas as directed.

General Notes Sheet E Sheet F

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

#### **ITEM 316 SURFACE TREATMENTS**

Furnish aggregate with a minimum B surface aggregate classification.

Warm season asphalts are not to be placed between September 1<sup>st</sup> and April 30<sup>th</sup> unless otherwise directed/approved.

CRS-2 will be used for cool season use, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer; and can be placed between September 1st and April 30th in accordance with the suppliers recommendations. A 90 day cure time may be required prior to placing 2nd course.

Protect all existing bridges, and other exposed concrete surfaces within the limits of this project(s), as much as practical, from asphalt materials by any means approved by the Engineer at the contractor's expense.

Use a medium pneumatic roller meeting the requirements of Item 210 as directed by the Engineer. This work will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

#### ITEM 354 PLANING AND TEXTURING PAVEMENT

The planed asphaltic material will be stockpiled at the intersection of CR 196 and CR 194 or as directed by the Engineer. This material will remain property of the Department.

Contractor will provide a 12-foot minimum milling drum. The drum will have a maximum tooth spacing of 5/8 inches and have a minimum of 3 wraps of teeth.

Milling operations will not advance faster than 30 feet per minute (fpm) or be based as a function of the RPMs of the milling drum such that the full uniform texture pattern is achieved with the speed of the milling operation in fpm limited to 30% of the drums RPMs. Any proposal to advance faster than this speed will be discussed with the Engineer and proven on a test strip of the Engineer's choosing, and will result in no repeated inconsistencies in texture during production milling. If inconsistencies are present, the machine speed will be reduced as directed by the Engineer.

#### **ITEM 420 CONCRETE SUBSTRUCTURES**

Culverts will be constructed in conjunction with roadway construction phasing, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

All Class C Concrete has been measured for plan quantity payment.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, all culvert extensions and safety end treatments will conform to the existing culvert slope

#### ITEM 421 HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE

Furnish dome lids with 4" x 8" cylinder test molds.

County: Coleman Sheet: 9

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

Strength testing equipment is not required for Contract controlling test.

#### ITEM 427 SURFACE FINISHES FOR CONCRETE

Surface Area II will receive a rub finish.

#### **ITEM 432 RIPRAP**

Locations and quantities may be varied as directed by the Engineer to accommodate field conditions.

Riprap (Conc) (Cl B) is required inside all Type I safety end treatments, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Limit excavation to within 1' of riprap. If excavation exceeds these limits without the Engineer's approval, riprap will be extended to the limits of the disturbance. No additional compensation will be allowed for this work.

#### ITEM 502 BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor will be required to keep all TCP devices clean. If notified by the Engineer to clean the TCP devices, the Contractor will have until the end of that daylight period to comply. Failure to comply will result in a suspension of all work until the TCP devices are clean. Time will not be suspended.

Work zone lengths will be limited to 2 mile sections unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Work zone lengths will be limited to a 20-minute turnaround time unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

The Engineer will determine the locations of regulatory construction speed zone signs. The Contractor will furnish, install and remove speed zone signs at locations as directed by the Engineer.

Excavations in Intersections adjacent to travel lanes will not be exposed or open overnight. Backfilling will take place the day excavations are made.

The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the edge of the roadway throughout the project in a traversable condition and/or as directed by the Engineer. Salvaged milling shall be used as directed by the Engineer. This work will not be paid for directly and will be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling".

General Notes Sheet G Sheet H

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

All devices shown on the TCP Standards are required and considered subsidiary to Item 502 unless specifically outlined elsewhere in the plans.

All signs will be constructed in accordance with the details shown in the current Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas manual.

### ITEM 506 TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

The Contractor should anticipate multiple mobilizations for the installation of BMP's on this project.

The Engineer will determine actual time and placement locations of BMP's and temporary measures.

Contractor will not install BMPs until locations are approved by the Engineer.

Stockpile sites may be cleared of cover vegetation, but the vegetation root system will not be destroyed.

Erosion Control Logs Dam (CL-D) shall have stakes placed upstream in an alternating pattern of the downstream stakes as shown for CL-SST or CL-SSL details on the Erosion Control Standards.

#### ITEM 529 CONCRETE CURB, GUTTER, AND COMBINED CURB AND GUTTER

Reinforcing steel will be required in all curb and gutter.

#### ITEM 530 INTERSECTIONS, DRIVEWAYS, AND TURNOUTS

The Contractor will always maintain access to driveways unless otherwise coordinated with the property owner(s) and approved by the Engineer.

All intersections will be primed and receive a one course surface treatment, and ACP matching the rates as shown on the basis of estimate for "ROADWAY" unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

All driveways will be primed and receive a one course surface treatment matching the rates as shown on the basis of estimate for "ROADWAY" unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

#### ITEM 540 METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

Metal beam guard fence will not be installed until the embankment, flex base, and/or one course surface treatment is complete.

#### ITEM 585 RIDE QUALITY FOR PAVEMENT SURFACES

Surface Test Type B will be required on this project.

Diamond grinding will not be allowed unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

County: Coleman Sheet: 10

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

Refer to Item 247 and SP 247-003 for ride quality requirements.

#### ITEM 600 ELECTRIC GENERAL

Electrical materials, wiring, and fittings not covered by the plans and specifications for this project will conform to the requirements of the current edition of the National Electrical Code as published by the National Fire Protection Association.

Contractor will maintain signals through construction with the exception of camera detection. Contractor will notify the District Director of Operations at 325-643-0417, 48 hours prior to beginning any electrical related work items and 48 hours prior to traffic switch so the district signal personnel can adjust the camera detection.

Electrical Contractor, Signal Shop personnel and Project Inspector will conduct a 'Tool Box' meeting to discuss upcoming electrical work.

All materials will be from the pre-qualified material producer list, "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" located on the TxDOT website. Electrical submittals will be required for all materials not on the pre-qualified list.

All electrical submittals will be forwarded to District Director of Operations (325-643-0417). No electrical work will be performed prior to approval of electrical materials.

#### ITEM 610 ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLIES

All luminaire poles will be steel.

For both transformer and shoe-base type illumination poles, provide double-pole breakaway fuse holder as shown on the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT)-Construction Division's (CST) material producers list. Category is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies". Fuse holder is shown on list under Items 610 & 620. Provide 10 amp time delay fuses.

For instructions on submitting shop drawings electronically go to TxDOT home page, Divisions (bottom left), Bridge, Shop Drawings, Electronic Submission of Shop Drawings, Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal.pdf or click on the following link:

http://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/library/pubs/bus/bridge/e submit guide.pdf

For project specific shop drawings, furnish drawings of the complete assembly in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Submit shop drawings electronically.

Pre-approved shop drawing manufacturers and assembly model numbers can be found on the Texas Department of Transportation(TxDOT) – Construction Division's(CST) material producer list. Category is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies."

General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

Provide 12 circuit Buchanan Type 112SN, Kulka Type 985-GP-10 CU, or equal terminal strip in the luminaire pole access compartment. The conductors for the line and load side of the terminal strip will be identified with a plastic label with two straps per tag. The load side will have each signal head and ped head identified on the tag.

Fabricate steel roadway illumination poles in accordance with TxDOT standards RIP (Roadway Illumination Poles -2011). Poles fabricated according to RIP require no shop drawings. Alternate designs to RIP or the use of aluminum to fabricate poles will require the submission of shop drawings electronically.

#### Limitations on Use of the RIP Standard

The Roadway Illumination Pole (RIP) standard details were developed for installations in locations where the 3-second gust basic maximum wind speed is 110 mph, and where the elevation of the base of the pole is less than (i.e. not more than) 25' above the elevation of surrounding terrain, in accordance with the "AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals," 4th Edition (2001) (AASHTO Design Specifications). For poles to be installed in regions where the maximum basic wind speed exceeds 110 mph or to be mounted more than 25' above the surrounding terrain, the contractor will provide poles meeting the following requirements:

- Submittals. Following the electronic shop drawing submittal process (see
   <a href="http://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/library/pubs/bus/bridge/e\_submit\_guide.pdf">http://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/library/pubs/bus/bridge/e\_submit\_guide.pdf</a>) the contractor will submit to the Engineer, for approval, fabrication drawings and calculations for the poles. The drawings and calculations will be sealed by a Texas registered or licensed professional engineer (P.E.).
- Luminaire Structural Support Requirements. Lighting poles, arms, and anchor bolt assemblies will have a 25 year design life to safely resist dead loads, ice loads and the required basic wind speeds at the location of installation in accordance with the current edition of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For transformer base poles, the fabricator will include transformer base and connecting hardware in calculations and shop drawing submittals. All transformer bases will have been structurally tested to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished will be submitted with the shop drawings. Shop drawings will show breakaway base model number, and manufacturer's name and logo. Manufacturer's shop drawings will include the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.

#### **ITEM 618 CONDUIT**

All conduit will be SCH 80 PVC.

Where PVC, duct cable, and HDPE conduit 1" and larger is allowed and installed as per TxDOT standards, provide a PVC elbow at all ground boxes and foundations.

See plans & specifications regarding type of conduit. High density polyethylene (HDPE) may be substituted where PVC is called out. High density polyethylene (HDPE) may be threaded and used with

County: Coleman Sheet: 11

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

threaded PVC connectors or couplings. All couplings & connections will be tight & waterproof. Each end of every PVC pipe connection and/or coupling will be cleaned with PVC cleaner and glued thoroughly with PVC sealer. Proposed and existing conduit will be brought into a pull box and elbowed unless otherwise shown. Where a rigid metal conduit run terminates, a bushing will be provided to protect the wire from abrasion.

The conduit will be placed at a minimum depth of two 2 ft. unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer. If utility lines or other obstacles are at the 2 ft. minimum depth then the conduit will be routed under the utility or obstacle unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

The conduit will be placed on a 2 in. Sand cushion and then backfilled with a minimum of six inch (6") sand fill. The remainder of the trench will be backfilled with flexible base or soil as required by location of conduit on the project.

Flexible metal will not be permitted on this project.

Do not use cast iron junction boxes in concrete traffic barriers and single slope traffic barriers. Use polymer concrete junction boxes instead of the cast iron junction boxes shown on standard sheets CTBI (3), CTBI (4), and SSCB (4). Mount the junction boxes flush (+ 0", - ½") with concrete surface of concrete barrier.

Use materials from prequalified material producers list as shown on the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) - Construction Division's (CST) material producer list. Category is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies."

The polymer concrete barrier box will not be paid for separately, but will be considered subsidiary to ITEM 618, "CONDUIT".

#### **ITEM 620 ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS**

Labeling conductors with label maker is acceptable.

Grounding conductors that share the same conduit, junction box, ground box or structure will be bonded together at every accessible point in accordance with the National Electrical Code.

For all grounded conductors use Bussman HET, Littlefuse LET, Ferraz-Shawmut FEBN, or equal. These breakaway connectors have a white colored marking and a permanently installed solid neutral.

#### **ITEM 624 GROUND BOXES**

All concrete used on ground boxes with aprons or cast in various slabs, will be as thick as the ground box depth within the dimensions as shown on TxDOT's ED Standard Sheets. No variance from this will be allowed.

### **ITEM 628 ELECTRICAL SERVICE**

Any service installed by others will comply with all TxDOT standards from weather-head to fixtures.

General Notes Sheet K General Notes Sheet L

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

Coordinate setting up the electrical service with the Area Engineer to insure the meter is installed under the proper account name.

Photocell enclosed in pedestal services will be orientated in a northerly direction unless otherwise directed.

The Contractor will verify conductor slack length at the weather head with the utility provider. If the utility provider requires a conductor slack length that does not meet the requirements shown on ED(7) notify the Engineer immediately for a resolution.

#### ITEM 644 SMALL ROADSIDE SIGN ASSEMBLIES

The Contractor will notify the Engineer 5 working days before installing any sign base. The Engineer will coordinate with the Contractor and the Maintenance office to assure proposed sign placements are in accordance with the current version of the Sign Crew Field Book and the TMUTCD. Any signs that are placed without this coordination by the Contractor that are not located correctly will be removed and relocated at the Contractor's expense.

<u>Triangular Slip Bases will be supplied by TxDOT.</u> All other components of the sign assembly (stubs, posts, hardware, signs, etc.) will be supplied by the Contractor. The Contractor can acquire the bases at the Mills County Maintenance office located at 130 US Hwy 84, Goldthwaite, Tx. Contact the Mills County Maintenance Supervisor (Christopher Smith) at (325) 648-3028 for further information.

For Triangular Slip Base systems use HWYCOM (3 way set screw), Southern Plains (2 bolt clamp), or approved equivalent.

Build signs not detailed in the plans according to the latest edition of the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.

TxDOT will mark the locations of the SPEED LIMIT (R2-1) and REDUCED SPEED LIMIT AHEAD (W3-5) signs.

Existing roadside signs are to be removed/relocated and mounted on temporary supports and placed during construction as directed by the Engineer. The removal/relocation and temporary mounting of any existing sign (stop, yield, warning, etc.) will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to Item 644 unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Signs that are to be transferred to new posts must be placed upon the new supports before the end of the working day. Regulatory signs must be transferred immediately.

Conformable Retroreflective Sheeting in accordance with DMS 8300 will be required on all Warning, Stop, and Yield signs. Retroreflective sheeting wrapped around a sign support is yellow unless the sign on the support is a Stop or Yield, in which case the sheeting will be red. Retroreflective sheeting will have a height on the post of 12 inches and the bottom of the sheeting will be 4 feet above the edge of the travel lane. Retroreflective sheeting will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to Item 644 Small Roadside Sign Assemblies.

County: Coleman Sheet: 11

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

#### ITEM 662 WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Removable work zone pavement markings will be raised pavement markers unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

For milled surfaces, removable work zone pavement markings will be pavement tape markings unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Bituminous material used for raised pavement markers will be removed before the next lift of pavement material is placed.

Temporary tabs will not be placed on a road more than 24 hours prior to operations beginning on the road.

The temporary tabs will be removed by an acceptable method approved by the Engineer once final striping has been placed.

TY II Paint will be allowed for non-removable work zone pavement markings.

Short term pavement markings will be installed in accordance with WZ(STPM)-13.

#### ITEM 666 RETROREFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

A mobile retroreflectometer is not required for this project.

Furnish a needlepoint micrometer gauge Mitutoyo - Model 342-711-30 or equivalent.

Sealed roadways will be allowed to cure for 3 days before final striping is placed unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Unless otherwise approved, all 6 in. longitudinal striping (centerline, edgeline, etc.) will be placed and approved before any other striping (crosswalks, stop bars, arrows, numbers, etc.) is allowed to begin.

#### ITEM 677 ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS

Use "Blasting Method" in accordance with 677.4.3 for eliminating existing pavement markings. Water blasting will be the only allowable option. A vacuum recovery system will be required as approved. **ITEM 3077 SUPERPAVE MIXTURES** 

Binder substitution is not allowed.

RAP and RAS will not be allowed.

Superpave Mix to be placed in one lift.

Surge Volume and Remixing MTV will be required for this project.

General Notes Sheet M General Notes Sheet N

**Highway:** US 84 **Control:** 0054-04-123

During paving operations; proper adjustment of Surge Volume and Remixing MTV is required to ensure clean pickup of HMAC and to have residual HMAC not be in excess of 1/4" to 3/8" as approved by the Engineer. HMAC will not be dumped in a windrow that is determined by the Engineer to be an excessive distance from the paving operation.

Belly dumps will not be allowed if a spray paver is used.

See item 504 for additional structure requirements located at HMAC plant(s).

#### **ITEM 3084 BONDING COURSE**

Rates will be adjusted in the field based on the exposed surface as directed by the Engineer.

A test strip will be required.

### ITEM 6185 TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)

Provide the number of vehicles with truck mounted attenuators (TMA) listed in the table below. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

STANDARD / PHASE	# TMA'S REQUIRED
TCP(1-2)	1
TCP(2-1)	1
TCP(2-2)	1
TCP(2-5)	1 per workspace
TCP(3-1)	2
TCP(3-3)	2 or 3
TCP(7-1)	N/A to be used in conjunction with another TCP

Stationary shadow vehicle(s) with TMA are estimated at 185 days for this project.

Mobile shadow vehicle(s) with TMA are estimated at 176 hours for this project.

General Notes Sheet O





## **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0054-04-123

**DISTRICT** Brownwood HIGHWAY US 84

**COUNTY** Coleman

Report Created On: Mar 1, 2023 2:13:10 PM

CONTROL SECTION JOB				0054-04	l-123		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00178843			
		C	OUNTY	Colem	nan	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIG	HWAY	US 84		-	FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	100-6006	PREP ROW (TREE)(LESS THAN 24" DIA)	EA	2.000		2.000	
Ī	104-6021	REMOVING CONC (CURB)	LF	340.000		340.000	
Ī	104-6054	REMOVING CONCRETE(MOW STRIP)	LF	900.000		900.000	
Ī	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	15,069.000		15,069.000	
Ī	132-6006	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(DENS CONT)(TY C)	CY	6,209.000		6,209.000	
Ī	150-6001	BLADING	STA	12.000		12.000	
Ī	164-6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	16,956.000		16,956.000	
	164-6011	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	16,956.000		16,956.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	757.000		757.000	
	216-6001	PROOF ROLLING	HR	2.500		2.500	
Ī	247-6053	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TYD GR1-2)(FNAL POS)	CY	8,856.000		8,856.000	
Ī	251-6086	REWORK BS MTL (TY C)(10")(DENS CONT)	SY	18,027.000		18,027.000	
Ī	310-6009	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	GAL	6,304.000		6,304.000	
Ī	316-6022	ASPH (CRS-2)	GAL	31,981.000		31,981.000	
	316-6174	AGGR(TY-B GR-4S SAC-B)	CY	556.000		556.000	
	354-6051	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (0" TO 1 1/2")	SY	33,563.000		33,563.000	
Ī	416-6029	DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30 IN)	LF	10.000		10.000	
	420-6051	CL C CONC (CULV)	CY	1.500		1.500	
	432-6003	RIPRAP (CONC)(6 IN)	CY	86.000		86.000	
Ī	432-6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	57.000		57.000	
	460-6010	CMP AR (GAL STL DES 3)	LF	328.000		328.000	
Ī	467-6109	SET (TY I)(S=3 FT)(HW= 3 FT)(6:1)(C)	EA	2.000		2.000	
Ī	467-6536	SET (TY II) (DES 3) (CMP) (6: 1) (C)	EA	18.000		18.000	
Ī	496-6007	REMOV STR (PIPE)	LF	147.000		147.000	
Ī	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
Ī	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	7.000		7.000	
Ī	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	1,200.000		1,200.000	
Ī	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	1,200.000		1,200.000	
Ī	506-6041	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	LF	696.000		696.000	
Ī	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	696.000		696.000	
Ī	529-6014	CONC CURB (MOD) (TYPE I)	LF	323.000		323.000	
Ī	530-6002	INTERSECTIONS (ACP)	SY	627.000		627.000	
Ţ	530-6006	DRIVEWAYS (SURF TREAT)	SY	1,785.000		1,785.000	
Ī	533-6001	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	LF	14,653.000		14,653.000	
Ī	533-6002	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	LF	14,256.000		14,256.000	
Ţ	540-6002	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	LF	2,521.000		2,521.000	
	540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	2.000		2.000	

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TxD0	<b>T</b> CO	NN	ECT

DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Brownwood Coleman		0054-04-123	



## **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0054-04-123

**DISTRICT** Brownwood HIGHWAY US 84

**COUNTY** Coleman

Report Created On: Mar 1, 2023 2:13:10 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0054-04	l-123		
	PROJECT ID		ECT ID	A00178	8843		
		COUNTY		Colem	ian	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US 8	4		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	1	
	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	2,700.000		2,700.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	610-6004	RELOCATE RD IL ASM (TRANS-BASE)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	636-6001	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	31.000		31.000	
	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	11.000		11.000	
	644-6004	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	20.000		20.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	57.000		57.000	
	658-6073	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Y)(WC)GND(BI)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	662-6008	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	LF	19,950.000		19,950.000	
	662-6037	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	10,216.000		10,216.000	
	662-6048	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (REFL) TY I-C	EA	19.000		19.000	
	662-6050	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (REFL) TY II-A-A	EA	526.000		526.000	
	662-6111	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	3,000.000		3,000.000	
	662-6113	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM RMV (Y)(4")	LF	7,942.000		7,942.000	
	666-6030	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(100MIL)	LF	113.000		113.000	
	666-6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,310.000		1,310.000	
	666-6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	65.000		65.000	
	666-6306	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	3,684.000		3,684.000	
	666-6309	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	14,653.000		14,653.000	
	666-6318	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	2,445.000		2,445.000	
	666-6321	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	18,660.000		18,660.000	
	668-6077	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	EA	10.000		10.000	
	668-6085	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	283.000		283.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	491.000		491.000	
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	1,270.000		1,270.000	
	3077-6066	SP MIXESSP-DSAC-B PG76-22	TON	5,614.000		5,614.000	
	3084-6001	BONDING COURSE	GAL	4,699.000		4,699.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	185.000		185.000	
	6185-6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR	176.000		176.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Brownwood Coleman		0054-04-123	



01/26/2023

US 84 ALIGNMENT DATA

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Texas Department of Transportat	ion

CONT	SECT	T JOB		HIGHWAY
0054	04	123		US 84
DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
BWD		COLEMAN CO	16	

Station Quantities					
Baseline			Cut		Mass
Station	Area	Volume	Area	Volume	Ordinate
277+63.696 R1	0	0	0	0	0
278+00.000 R1	0.04	0.027	15.781	10.609	-10.582
279+00.000 R1	0.128	0.311	34.722	93.523	-103.794
280+00.000 R1	0.326	0.84	31.664	122.936	-225.891
281+00.000 R1	0.457	1.449	43.149	138.541	-362.982
282+00.000 R1	9.352	18.165	0.353	80.558	-425.375
283+00.000 R1	0.725	18.661	0.971	2.452	-409.166
284+00.000 R1	44.065	82.944	21.362	41.358	-367.579
285+00.000 R1	42.838	160.932	28.175	91.736	-298.383
286+00.000 R1	45.19	163.016	27.317	102.763	-238.129
287+00.000 R1	45.693	168.302	27.391	101.31	-171.137
288+00.000 R1	50.093	177.38	23.32	93.91	-87.667
288+89.420 R1	50.083	184.649	23.851	88.151	0
289+00.000 R1	50.082	185.509	23.913	87.47	10.372
290+00.000 R1	60.952	205.618	12.857	68.094	147.897
291+00.000 R1	55.269	215.223	19.296	59.543	303.577
292+00.000 R1	51.668	198.032	21.275	75.132	426.477
293+00.000 R1	56.217	199.788	11.952	61.532	564.734
294+00.000 R1	65.621	225.626	4.818	31.055	759.305
295+00.000 R1	96.536	300.29	0.6	10.033	1049.563
296+00.000 R1	49.119	269.731	1.872	4.579	1314.715
297+00.000 R1	46.45	176.979	35.292	68.823	1422.87
298+00.000 R1	49.838	178.311	22.536	107.089	1494.093
299+00.000 R1	52.6	189.7	27.105	91.928	1591.865
300+00.000 R1	49.346	188.789	28.49	102.954	1677.699
301+00.000 R1	47.59	179.51	28.372	105.301	1751.909
302+00.000 R1	56.204	192.21	16.499	83.095	1861.024
303+00.000 R1	62.568	219.948	11.351	51.573	2029.399
304+00.000 R1	60.079	227.125	11.986	43.216	2213.307
305+00.000 R1	67.516	236.287	9.278	39.378	2410.217
306+00.000 R1	67.306	249.671	7.259	30.625	2629.263
307+00.000 R1	64.914	244.852	7.752	27.799	2846.315
308+00.000 R1	74.878	258.873	5.823	25.139	3080.049
309+00.000 R1	72.657	273.213	8.945	27.349	3325.914
310+00.000 R1	69.205	262.707	8.784	32.831	3555.79
311+00.000 R1	60.032	239.328	12.343	39.123	3755.994
312+00.000 R1	51.871	207.228	14.981	50.599	3912.623
313+00.000 R1	57.32	202.206	12.513	50.914	4063.914
314+00.000 R1	83.223	260.266	4.769	32.002	4292.178
315+00.000 R1	56.122	258.047	13.55	33.924	4516.302
316+00.000 R1	53.465	202.94	17.58	57.648	4661.593
317+00.000 R1	51.318	194.043	17.322	64.632	4791.004
318+00.000 R1	47.941	183.812	9.954	50.51	4924.306

		Station	Quantities	 S	
Baseline	Fill		Cut		Mass
Station	Area	Volume	Area	Volume	Ordinate
319+00.000 R1	41.689	165.982	20.301	56.026	5034.262
320+00.000 R1	40.226	151.695	23.985	82.01	5103.947
321+00.000 R1	40.724	149.908	23.129	87.248	5166.606
322+00.000 R1	46.756	161.999	17.035	74.378	5254.227
323+00.000 R1	56.476	191.169	13.106	55.818	5389.578
324+00.000 R1	66.861	228.401	6.053	35.481	5582.499
325+00.000 R1	43.49	204.354	11.737	32.946	5753.907
326+00.000 R1	43.951	161.927	10.333	40.872	5874.962
327+00.000 R1	42.327	159.774	20.633	57.345	5977.391
328+00.000 R1	40.951	154.22	21.013	77.122	6054.488
329+00.000 R1	39.529	149.037	21.982	79.62	6123.905
330+00.000 R1	42.81	152.479	17.93	73.91	6202.473
331+00.000 R1	49.878	171.644	13.47	58.148	6315.969
332+00.000 R1	61.749	206.716	7.758	39.31	6483.375
333+00.000 R1	58.596	222.86	5.34	24.254	6681.981
334+00.000 R1	51.073	203.09	16.378	40.218	6844.853
335+00.000 R1	46.754	181.16	28.388	82.901	6943.112
336+00.000 R1	58.037	194.058	20.417	90.381	7046.789
337+00.000 R1	62.859	223.883	17.257	69.767	7200.904
338+00.000 R1	62.203	231.597	19.843	68.704	7363.797
339+00.000 R1	65.396	236.295	16.16	66.672	7533.421
340+00.000 R1	65.858	243.063	14.99	57.685	7718.798
341+00.000 R1	66.987	246.008	6.555	39.898	7924.908
342+00.000 R1	63.976	242.524	10.219	31.063	8136.369
343+00.000 R1	78.088	263.082	8.567	34.789	8364.662
344+00.000 R1	92.852	316.555	5.876	26.746	8654.471
345+00.000 R1	72.423	306.064	8.207	26.079	8934.457
346+00.000 R1	64.663	253.863	4.831	24.144	9164.176
347+00.000 R1	98.876	302.849	1.937	12.533	9454.492
348+00.000 R1	40.641	258.364	16.489	34.122	9678.733
349+00.000 R1	39.432	148.283	102.19	219.775	9607.24
350+00.000 R1	159.315	368.05	22.74	231.351	9743.939
351+00.000 R1	46.712	381.532	144.874	310.397	9815.075
352+00.000 R1	47.356	174.2	169.573	582.309	9406.966
353+00.000 R1	45.159	171.324	183.922	654.619	8923.671
353+39.868 R1	52.946	72.43	0.075	135.843	8860.258
Grand Total:		15068.328		6208.07	



01/26/2023

US 84 EARTHWORK SUMMARY

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Texas Department of	Transportation

CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0054	04	123		US 84
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BWD		COLEMAN CO	17	

Monument/Target Number	Surface Northing	Surface Easting	Elevation	Description	Grid Northing	Grid Easting	*Latitude (N)	*Longitude (W)
CP1	10628832.2650	2584123.4510	1673.3160	ALC	10627769.4881	2583865.0645	314920.73043	992430.31008
CP2	10628112.4180	2584949.1850	1678.8190	ALC	10627049.7130	2584690.7159	314913.53979	992420.81052
CP3	10627332.4010	2585636.8220	1675.8920	ALC	10626269.7740	2585378.2842	314905.76501	992412.91745
CP4	10626199.4310	2586833.4070	1674.3960	ALC	10625136.9173	2586574.7495	314854.45552	992359.16147
CP5	10625156.6630	2587429.6570	1686.0160	ALC	10624094.2536	2587170.9399	314844.08814	992352.35389
CP6	10624275.5410	2588006.5790	1699.4510	ALC	10623213.2197	2587747.8042	314835.32168	992345.75490
CP7	10623323.7440	2588552.0330	1709.0550	ALC	10622261.5179	2588293.2037	314825.85845	992339.52777
CP8	10622455.6130	2589127.4720	1719.3780	ALC	10621393.4737	2588868.5851	314817.22047	992332.94538
CP9	10621825.1550	2589432.3170	1728.3400	ALC	10620763.0787	2589173.3997	314810.95677	992329.47514
CP10	10621294.9920	2589767.7500	1730.3930	ALC	10620232.9687	2589508.7991	314805.68286	992325.64080

ALC-5/8"IRON ROD W/TxDOT3-1/4"ALUMINUM CONTROL CAP

SurveyedSeptember2021

\*Lat/\*Long:onversionfrom NOAA NGSCoordinate ConversionTool (NCAT) (input/output)TX East HPGN/HARN

TxDOTBrownwoodDistrict Chet M.Glasscock, RPLS TravisJordan GeorgeTrott



01/26/2023

US 84 CONTROL SHEET

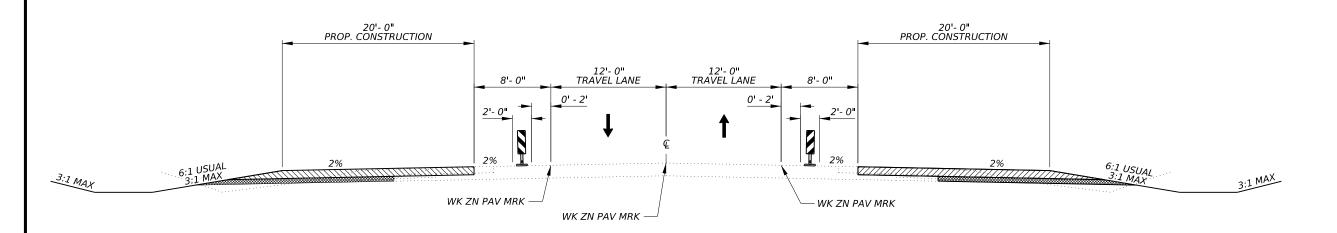
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<b>#</b>			_
Texas	Department o	of Transportatio	ρř
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CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
0054	04	123	US 84		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
BWD		COLEMAN CO		18	

### US 84 DETOUR TYPICAL #1

STA. 284+00 - STA. 306+76

\*Tape shall be placed after milling, tabs shall be placed after surface treat, and paint shall be placed after ACP



### US 84 DETOUR TYPICAL #2

STA. 306+76 - STA. 353+40

\*Tape shall be placed after milling, tabs shall be placed after surface treat, and paint shall be placed after ACP

### \*TAPE WILL BE USED FOR SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

ITEM CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT.	UNIT
662 6008	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W) 6" (SLD)	19950.0	LF
662 6037	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y) 6" (SLD)	10216.0	LF
662 6048	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (REFL) TY I-C	19.0	EA
662 6050	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (REFL) TY II-A-A	526.0	EA
662 6111	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB) TY Y-2	3000.0	EA
662 6113	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM RMV (Y)(4")	7942.0	LF
677 6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	1270.0	LF

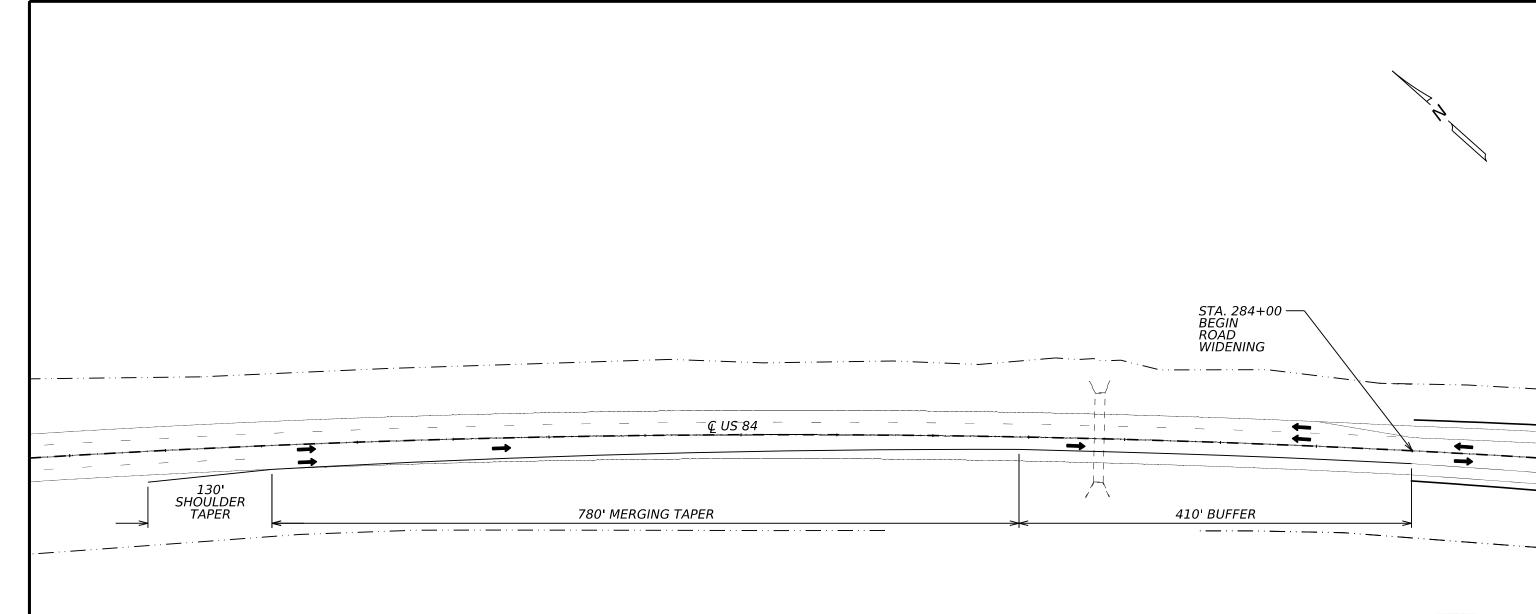


01/26/2023

US 84 DETOUR TYPICALS

Texas	Department o	f Transportation

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0054	04	123	US 84
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
BWD		COLEMAN CO	.   19



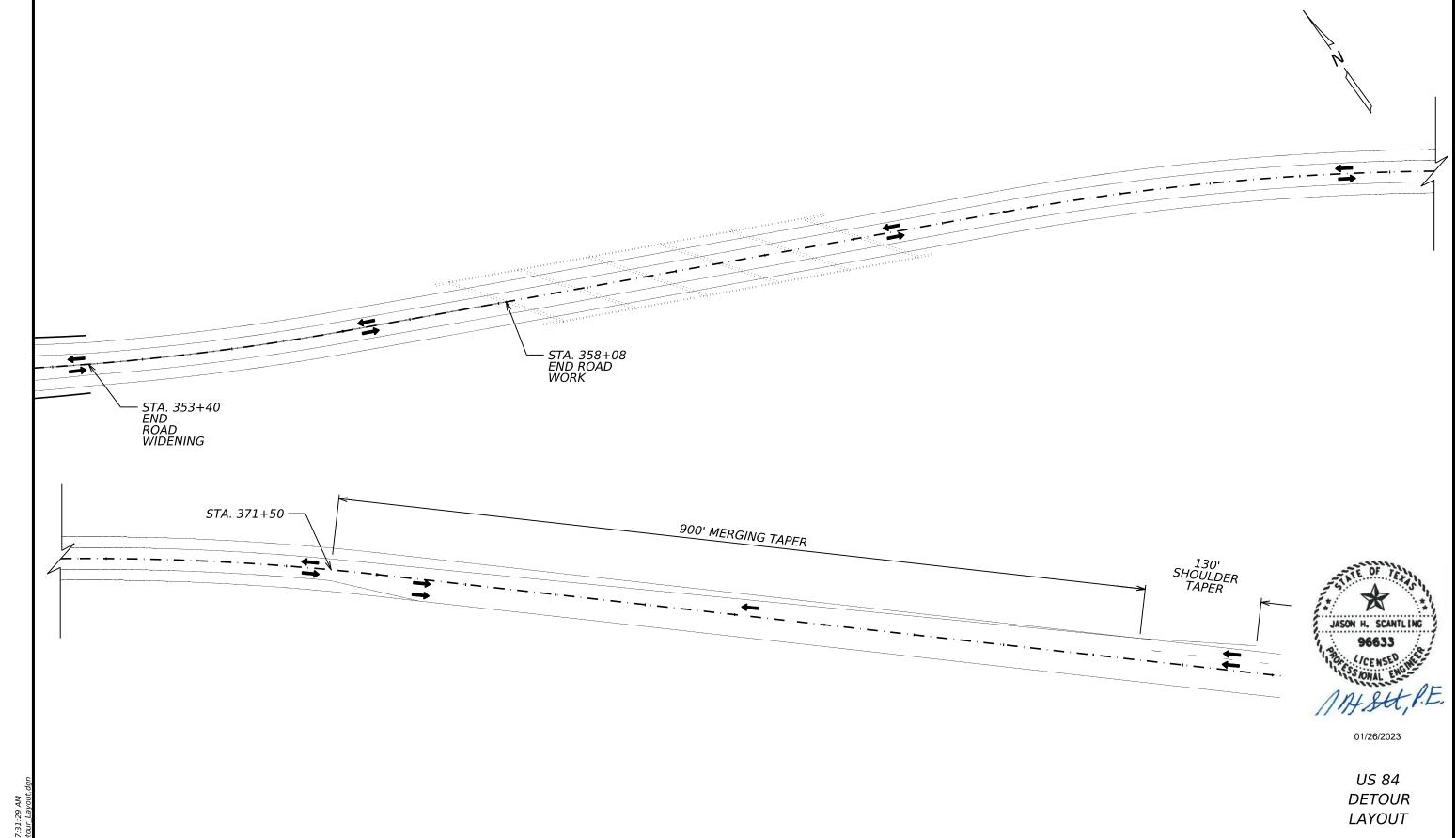


01/26/2023

US 84 DETOUR LAYOUT

© <sub>2022</sub>		
Texas D	epartment of	Transportatio

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0054	04	123	US 84
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
BWD		COLEMAN CO	o.   20



CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
0054	04	123	US 84		
DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
RWD	COLEMAN CO			21	

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, ČSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

### THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

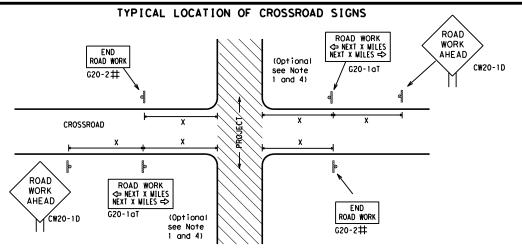
SHEET 1 OF 12



### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **GENERAL NOTES** AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
5-10	5-21	BWD	(	OLEMAN	CC	٠.	22



- $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN G20-5T \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFF G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

#### SIZE

#### SPACING

Sign△

Spacing

"X"

Feet

(Apprx.)

120

160

240

320

400

500<sup>2</sup>

6002

700<sup>2</sup>

800<sup>2</sup>

900<sup>2</sup>

1 000 <sup>2</sup>

1	Expressway/ Freeway	Poste Speed
		МРН
	48" × 48"	30
	70 2 70	35
		40
		45
	48" × 48"	50
		55
		60
		65
	48" × 48"	70
	_	75
		80
		*

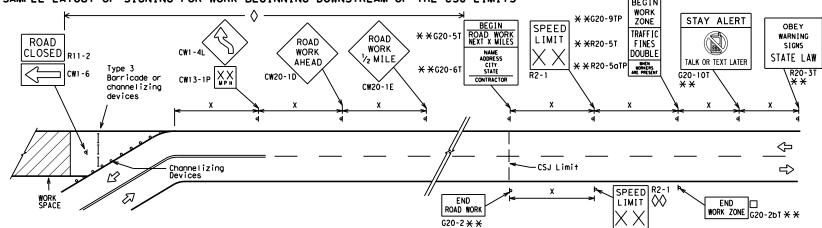
- Sign onventional Number Road or Series CW20' CW21 CW22 48" x 48' CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, 48" x 48" CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12
- \* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING \* \* G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS \* \* R20-5aTP ME PRESENT CW20-1D ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK R20-3T \* \* WORK G20-10T \* \* AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Leftrightarrow$ Beginning of NO-PASSING $\Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ SPEED END G20-2bT X X R2-1 LIMIT line should $\langle \rangle \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK then extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X location **NOTES** within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND
I	Type 3 Barricade
000	Channelizing Devices
۲	Sign
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

#### SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

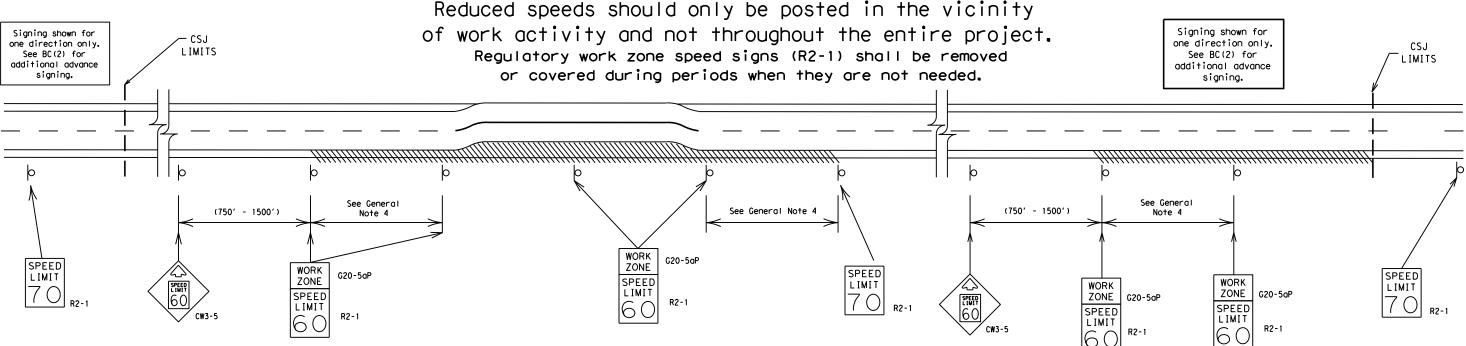
### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
REVISIONS		0054 04 1		123	123		84
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	BWD	COLEMAN CO			).	23

## TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
   A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

#### SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

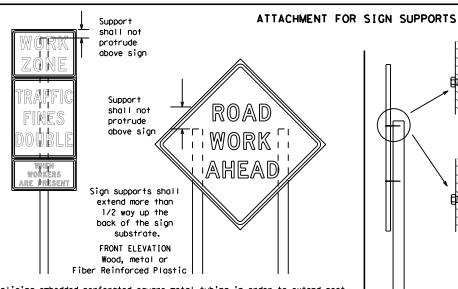
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	GHWAY	
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9-07 7-13		DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
7-13	3-21	BWD	C	OLEMAN	CC	).	24	

\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



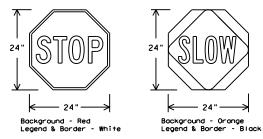
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12



### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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21 sq. ft. of sign face block 72" wood for sign 2x4 x 40" height requirement for sign height requiremen Front 4x4 block 40" 36" Side Front SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS \* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS -9 sq. ft. or less-10mm extruded thinwall plastic sign only

-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

SINGLE LEG BASE

\* Maximum

Welds to start on

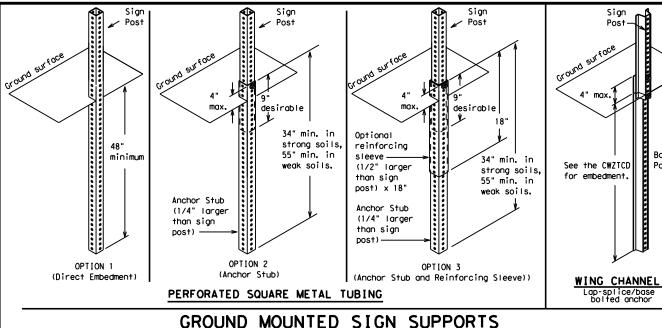
opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

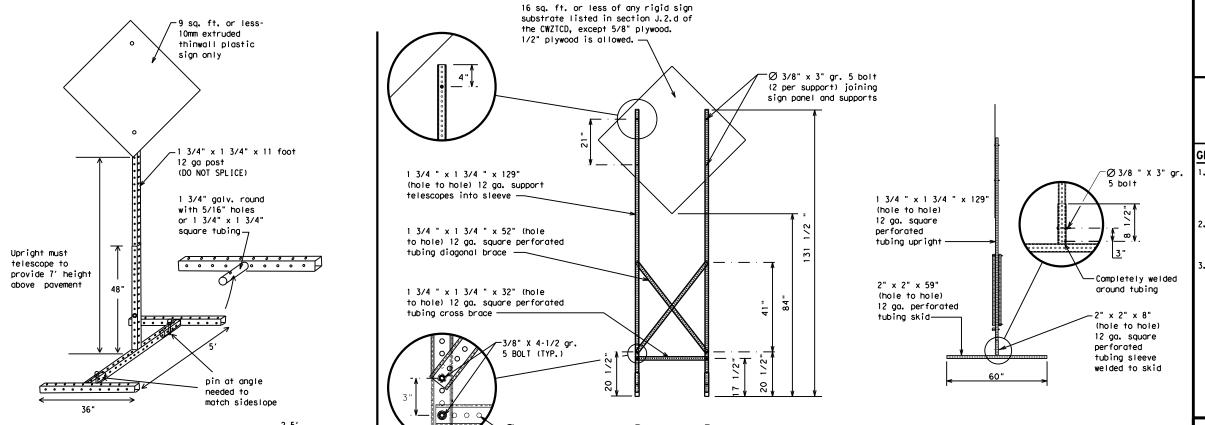
weld starts here

wood



### GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



2x6

4×4

block

Length of skids may

additional stability.

Top

3/8" bolts w/nuts

or 3/8" x 3 1/2"

(min.) lag screws

be increased for

2x4 brace

4x4 block

¥ Maximum

12 sq. ft. of

sign face

### **WEDGE ANCHORS**

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

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## SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

ned by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any whatsoever. TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion for a propriect results or damages resulting from its use.

## PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

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Hazardous Material HazMat High-Occupancy HOV Vehicle Highway Hour(s) HR, HRS Information INFO 1† Is ITS Junction JCT Left Lane LFT L Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL  Tuesday TUES Time Minutes TIME MIN Upper Level UPR LEVEL  Vehicles (s) VEH, VEHS Warning WARN Wednesday WED Weight Limit WT LIMIT West Westbound (route) W Wet Pavement WET PVMT Will Not WONT				
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Lane Closed LN CLOSED Lower Level LWR LEVEL  WET POVEMENT WEI POWI				
Lower Level LWR LEVEL				
			Will Not	WONT
Maintenance MAINT				

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

### RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

### Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

mp Closure List	Other Cond	dition List		/Effect on Travel .ist	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT *	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
* LANES SHIFT in Phase	e 1 must be used wit	h STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.	STAY IN LANE	<u> </u>	<b>* *</b> Se	ee Application Guidelin	es Note 6.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

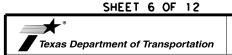
PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

XXXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

drum adjacent to the travel way.

Warning reflector may be round

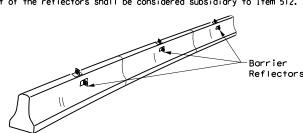
or square. Must have a yellow

reflective surface area of at least

30 square inches

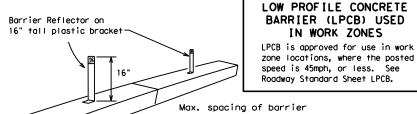
7:36:39 AM\\_Desi

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



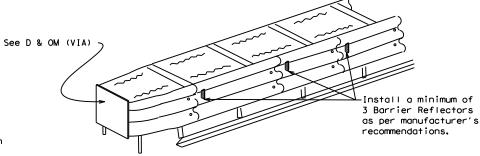
#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



#### reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

### BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

## WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

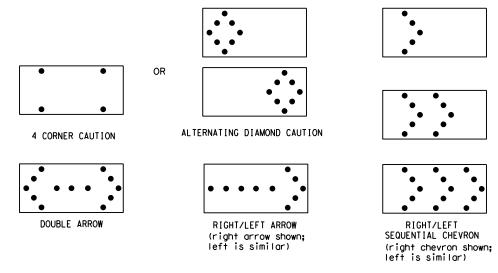
#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

### FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

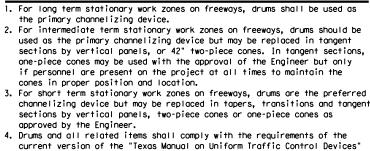
### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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- - 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. a solid rubber base.
  - Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved
  - would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
  - 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
  - 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
  - 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.



- channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

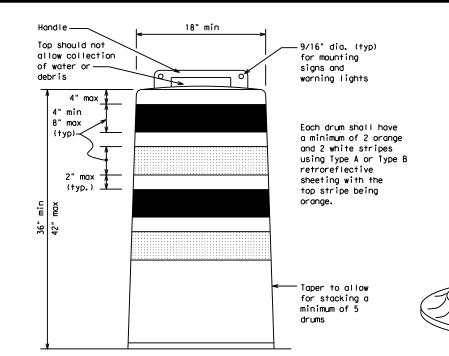
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material. 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

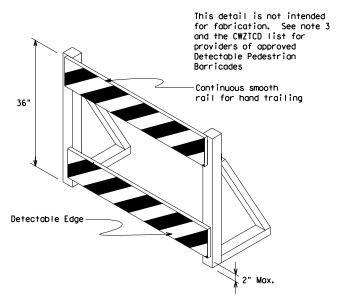
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or
- for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list. 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that





#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{\text{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\text{FL}}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum, A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

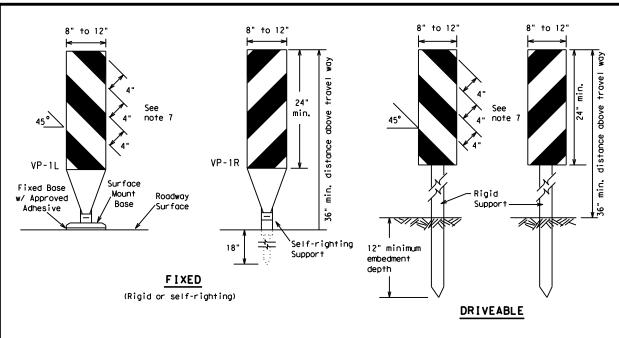


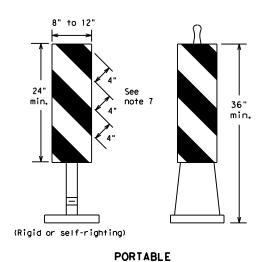
Traffic Safety

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

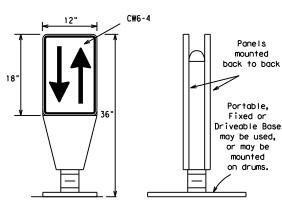
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-03 8-14 -07 5-21	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
13	RWD	(	OLEMAN	CC	)_	29	





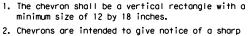
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
   Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

#### VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{\rm FL}$  or Type  $C_{\rm FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

#### OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

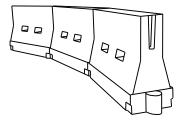


- . Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

### CHEVRONS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36'

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
  work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
  roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′	
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40'	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55 <i>°</i>	110′	
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750' 825' 900'			75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

\*\*X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

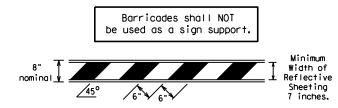
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

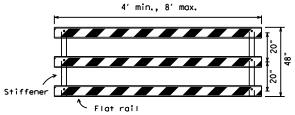
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C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT SECT JOB		HIC	HIGHWAY		
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9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	BWD	COLEMAN CO.			).	30

#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

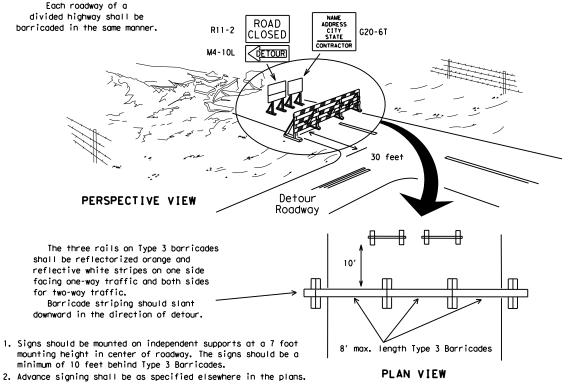


#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

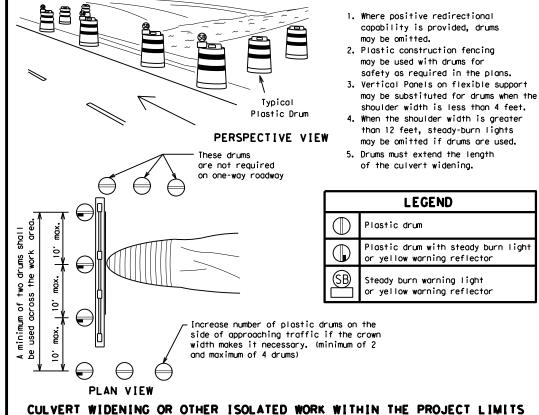


Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

## TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



3"-4"

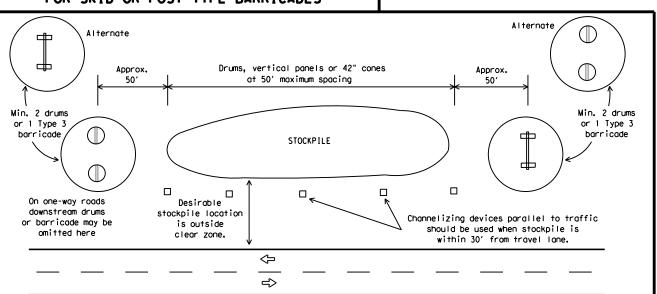
4" min. orange
2" min.
4" min. white
2" min.
2" min.
4" min. orange
2" min.
4" min. orange
4" min. white
4" min. orange
4" min.
4" min. white

6" min. 2" min. 4" min. 2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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7-13	5-21	BWD	C	OLEMAN	CC	٠.	31

#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

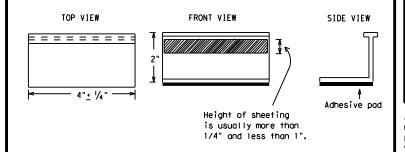
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification 14cm 662

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



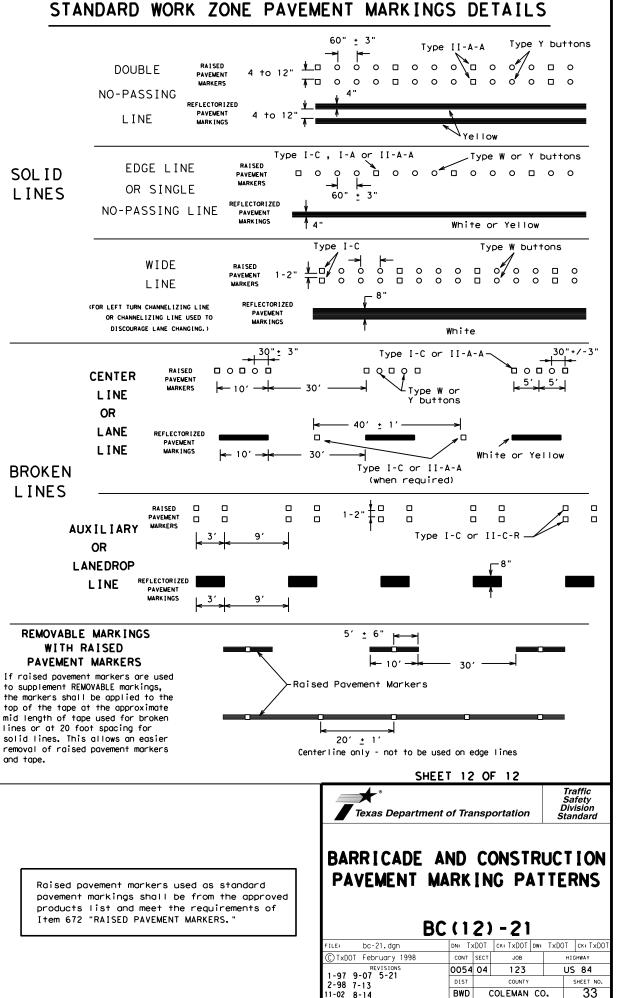
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

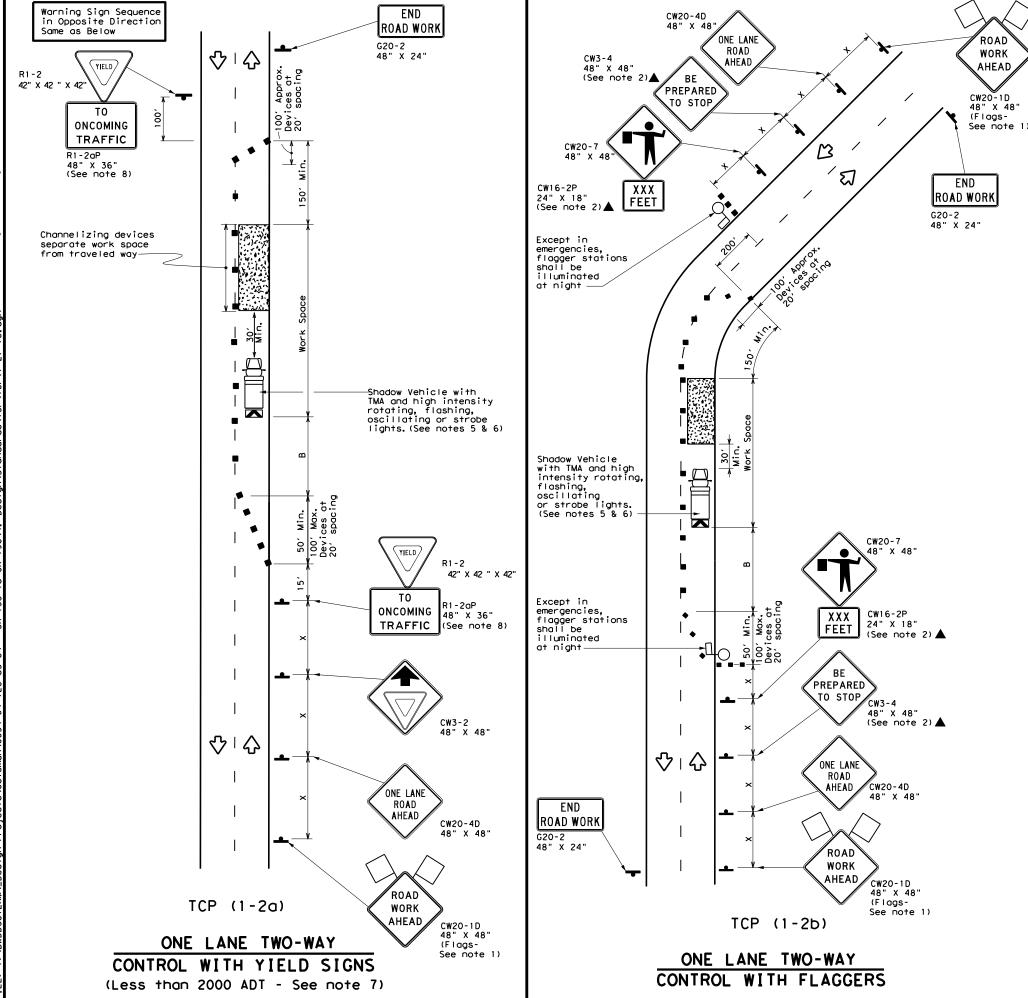
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11-02



BWD COLEMAN CO.

33



۱	LEGEND								
		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
	<b>þ</b>	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
Į	$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Formula Taper Lengths Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance			
*		10' Offset		12' Offset		On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90,	2001
35	L = \frac{WS^2}{60}	2051	225'	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	4001	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660'	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	700′	410′	645′
70		7001	7701	840′	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

#### TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

#### TCP (1-2b

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

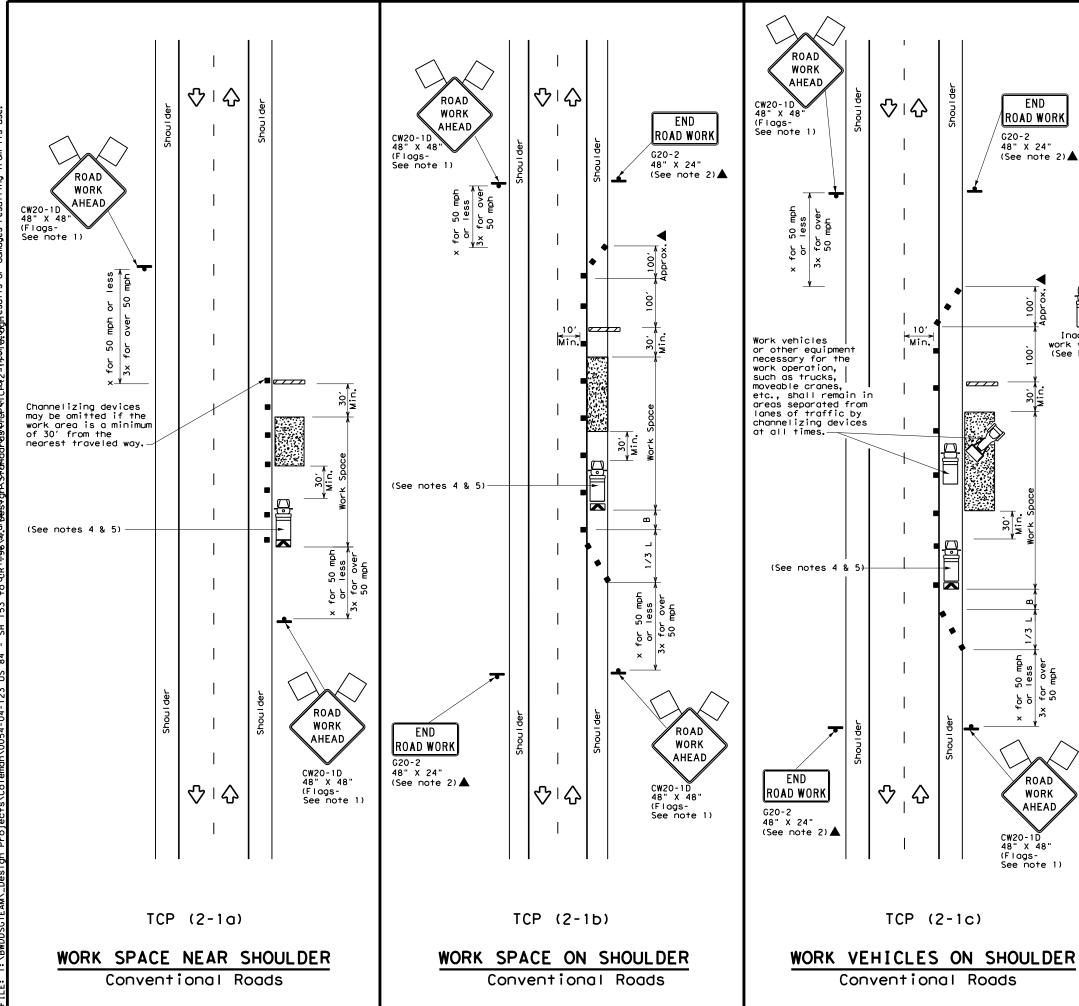


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB HI	
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2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	BWD	(	COLEMAN	co.	34



	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ц	Flagger						
	Minimum Is								

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90,	
35	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120'	
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500'	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L-W5	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		7001	770′	840'	701	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′	

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	<b>√</b>			

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

Inactive

work vehicle

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
   See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 6. See ICP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
- Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

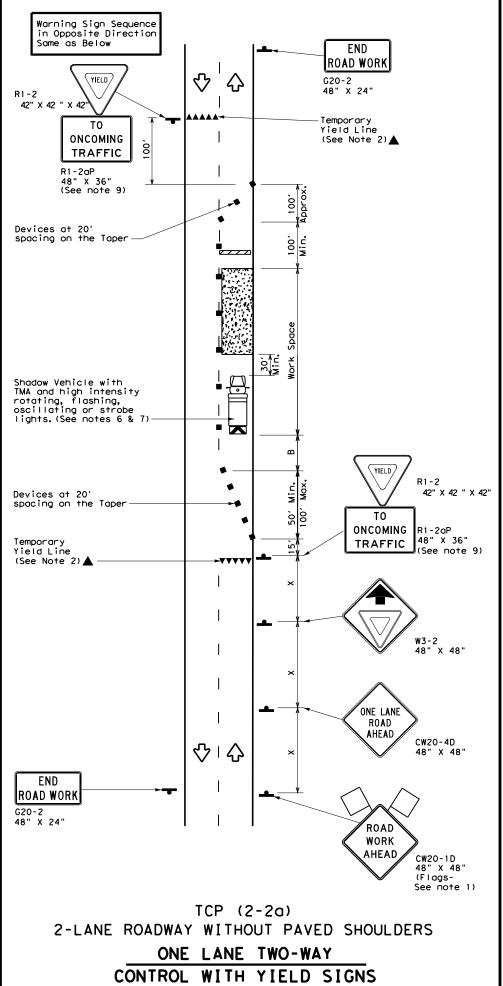
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
CONVENTIONAL ROAD
SHOULDER WORK

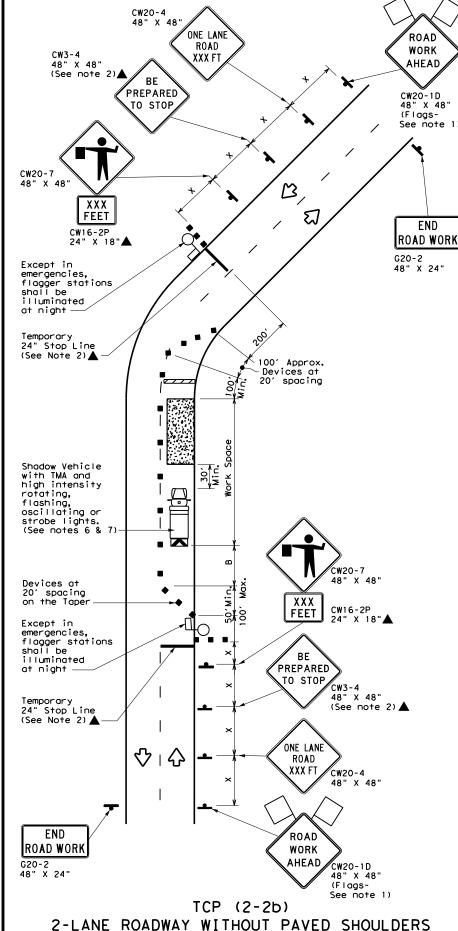
TCP(2-1)-18

•	_		-		
ILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0054	04	123 US		US 84
3-95 2-12	DIST	COUNTY SE		SHEET NO.	
-97 2-18	BWD	COLEMAN CO.			35

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(Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)



ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
1	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger					

	Ľ	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				$\overline{}$			J
Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable a Taper Lengths **		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′
35	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80'	240'	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600'	50'	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60		600′	660′	720′	60'	120'	600'	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700'	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′	820′

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE SHORT DURATION		SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol
  may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
  by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown
  in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

#### TCP (2-2b)

- 10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

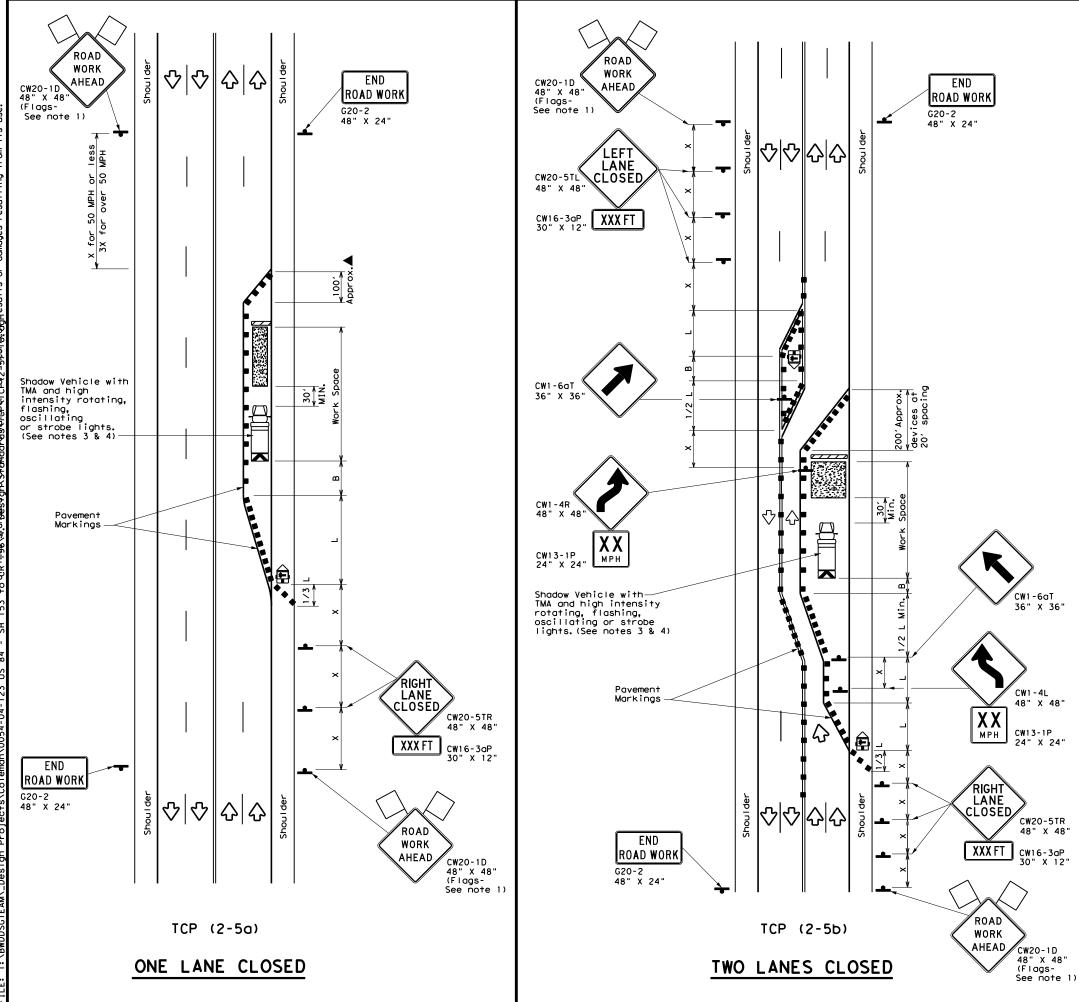


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB	H.	GHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	0054	04	123	U	5 84
1-97 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	BWD	(	OLEMAN	co.	36



LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
þ	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	Д	Flagger					

<u>_</u>	V \					J   1 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 -			
Posted Formul Speed		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180'	30′	60,	120'	90,	
35	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40`	80′	240'	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	3201	195′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L "3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′	

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TO STATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
			✓	✓			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substitutued for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 4. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

#### TCP (2-5a)

If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

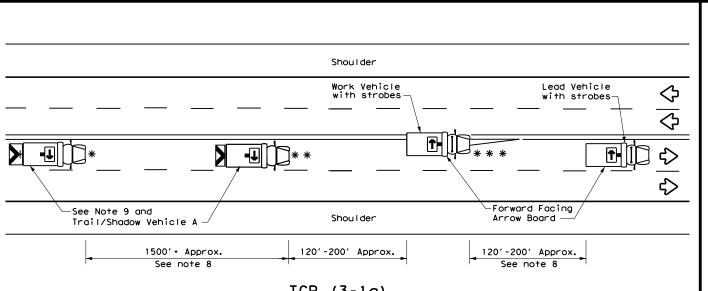
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LONG TERM LANE CLOSURES
MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL RDS.

TCP(2-5)-18

FILE: tcp2-5-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 2-12 REVISIONS	0054	04	123		US 84
1-97 3-03	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	BWD	(	OLEMAN	co.	37

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Shou I der

See note 9 and

1500' + Approx.

See note 8

WORK ON SHOULDER

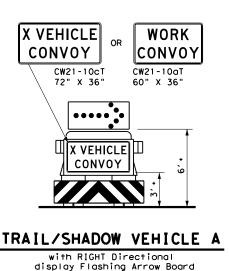
Trail/Shadow Vehicle B

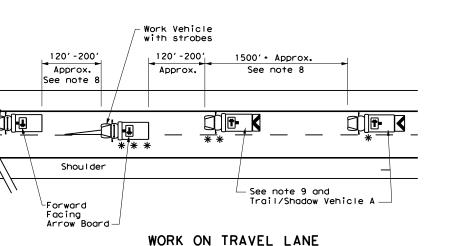
₹>

120'-200'

## TCP (3-1a) UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY

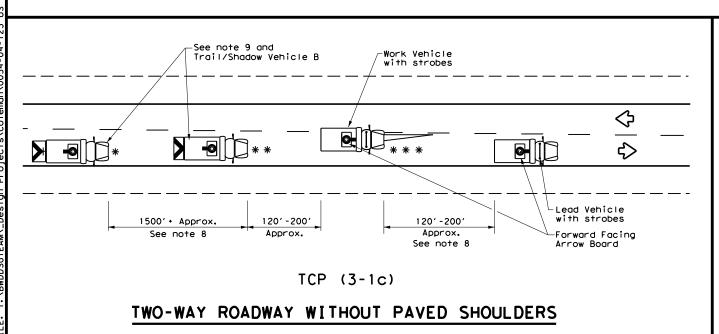
Lead Vehicle with strobes-

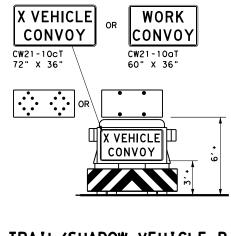




TCP (3-1b)

#### TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





#### TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

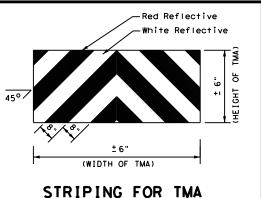
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND							
*	* Trail Vehicle  ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow						
♦	Traffic Flow	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- . TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





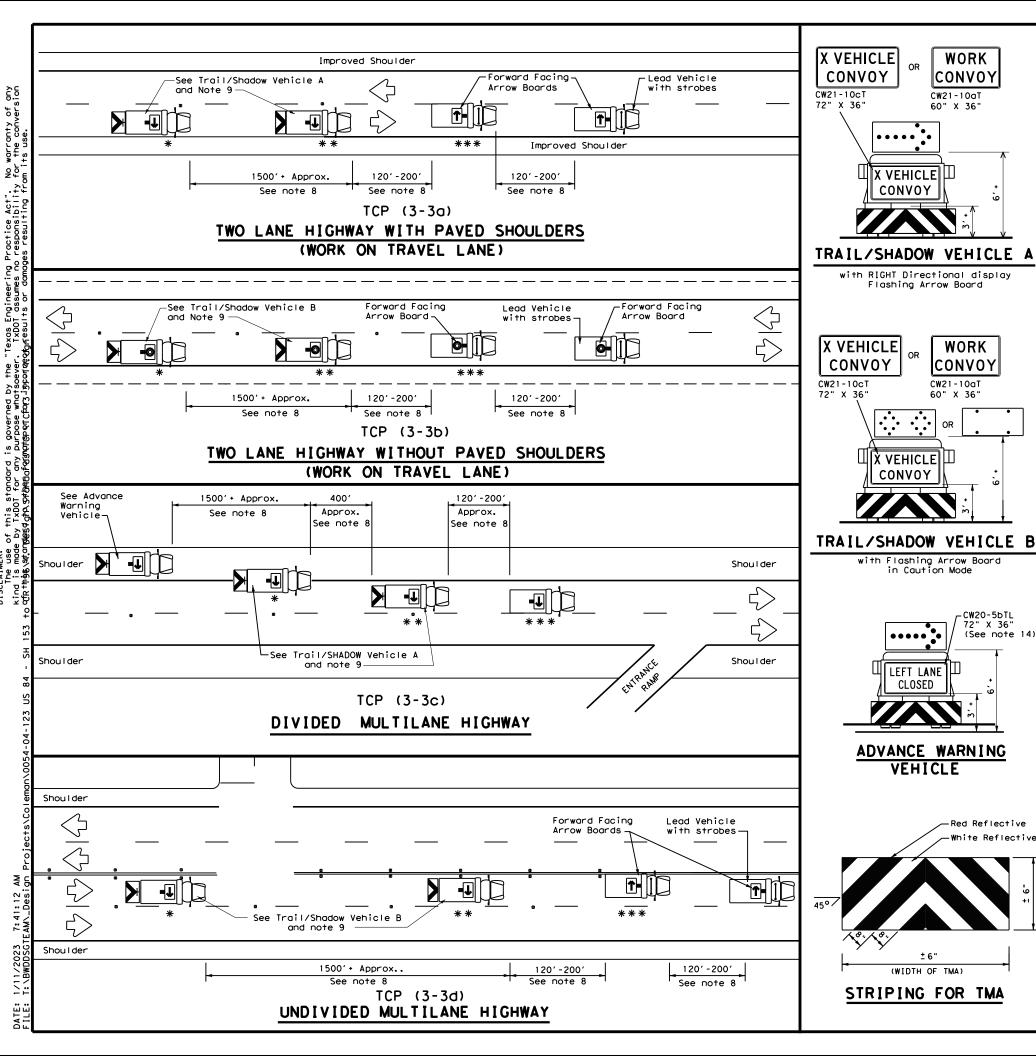
Traffic Operations Division Standard

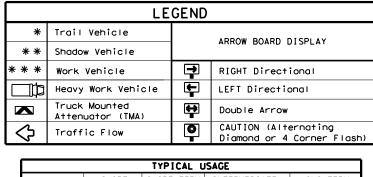
# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-1)-13

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ILE:	tcp3-1.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	GHWAY
2-94 4-98	REVISIONS	0054	04	123		US	84
2-94 4-98 3-95 7-13		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97		BWD	COLEMAN CO.			) <b>.</b>	38

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TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
4							

#### GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36' (See note 14)

-Red Reflective

CW21-10aT

X VEHICLE|川

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

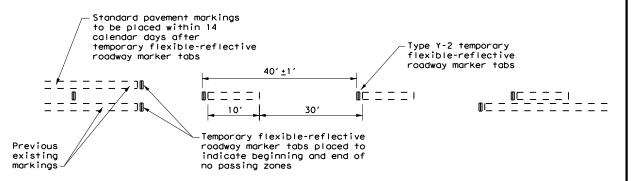
  Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10c1) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10c1) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

	•					
FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0054	04	123		US	84
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-14	BWD	COLEMAN CO.				39



#### TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

#### "DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement markings.
- At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

#### "NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- A. Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markings.
- B. At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

#### "LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- A. When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

#### PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- B. Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ(STPM) standard sheet.

#### COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- A. The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T)sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800'
75	900′

\* Conventional Roads Only

	TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

#### GENERAL NOTES

- The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

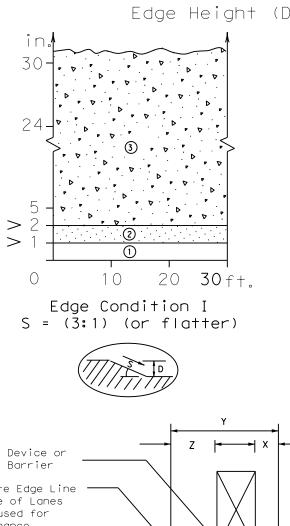
# TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SURFACING OPERATIONS

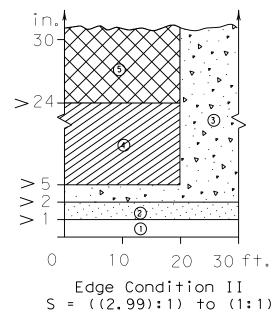
TCP(7-1)-13

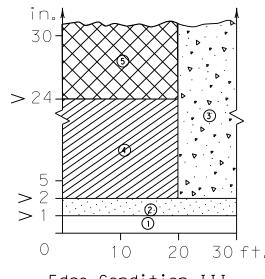
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© TxDOT	March 1991	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
		0054	04	123		US	5 84
4-92 4-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-13		BWD	C	OLEMAN	CC	).	40

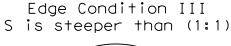
## DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

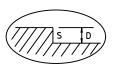
Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet

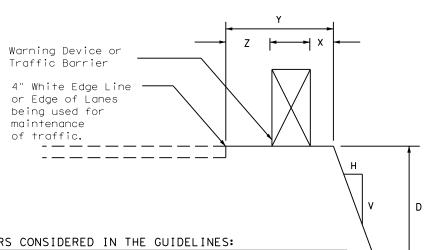












- FACTORS CONSIDERED IN THE GUIDELINES:

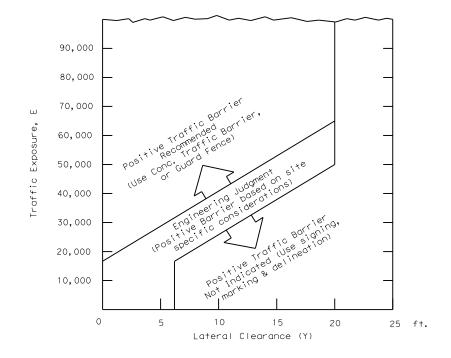
  1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V).
  The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- 4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- 5. If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.

# Treatment Types Guidelines: No treatment Composition No treatment Composition Compositio

#### Edge Condition Notes:

- Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2,99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

## FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 ( )



- E = ADT x T Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's and line manuals.





R VARIOUS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

## TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

LE:	edgecon, dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT	August 2000	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
03-01	REVISIONS	0054	04	123		US 84
03-01 08-01 9-21		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
9-21		BWD	(	COLEMAN	co.	41

#### NOTES:

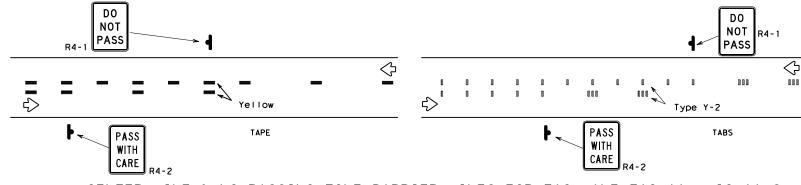
No warranty of any for the conversion

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexiblereflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term payement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term payement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

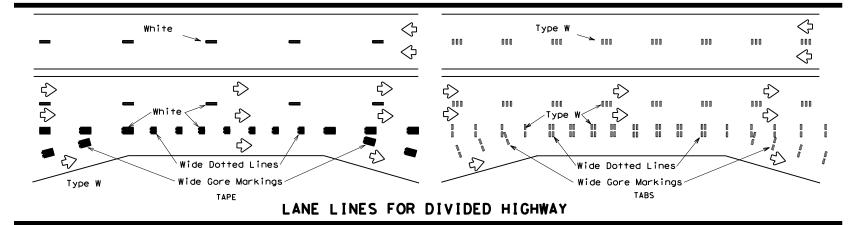
#### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

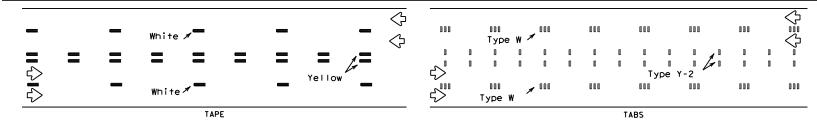
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

#### WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

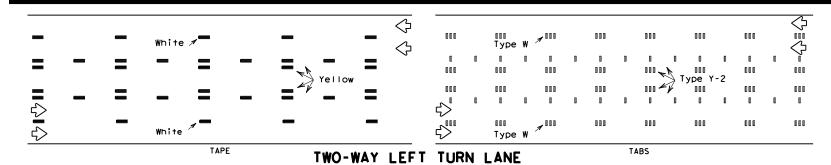


#### CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





#### LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised payement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

## Texas Department of Transportation

Operation Division Standard

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240
  "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade
  Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

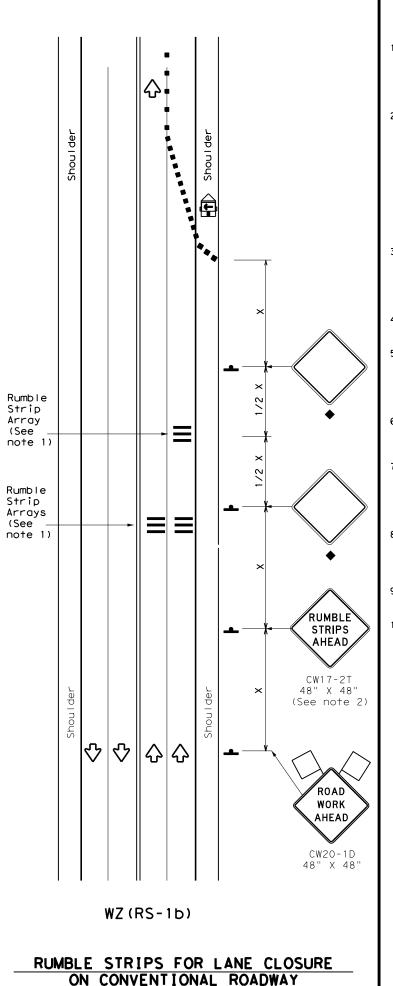
#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm

#### **WORK ZONE SHORT TERM** PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### WZ (STPM) - 13

FILE:	wzstpm-13.dgn	DN: T	(DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	CHWAY
1-97	REVISIONS	0054	04	123		US	84
3-03		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		BWD	C	OLEMAN	CO		42



#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 3. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGE	ND	
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le gths	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120'	
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′	
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	4001	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	600'	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		7001	7701	840′	70′	140′	8001	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
   L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
   S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SILE SHORT SHORT TERM DURATION STATIONARY		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	✓					

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array					
≤ 40 MPH	10′					
> 40 MPH & <u>&lt;</u> 55 MPH	15′					
= 60 MPH	20′					
<u>&gt;</u> 65 MPH	<b>*</b> 35′+					

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

ILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0054	04	123		US	84
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-10	BWD	C	COLEMAN	CC	).	43

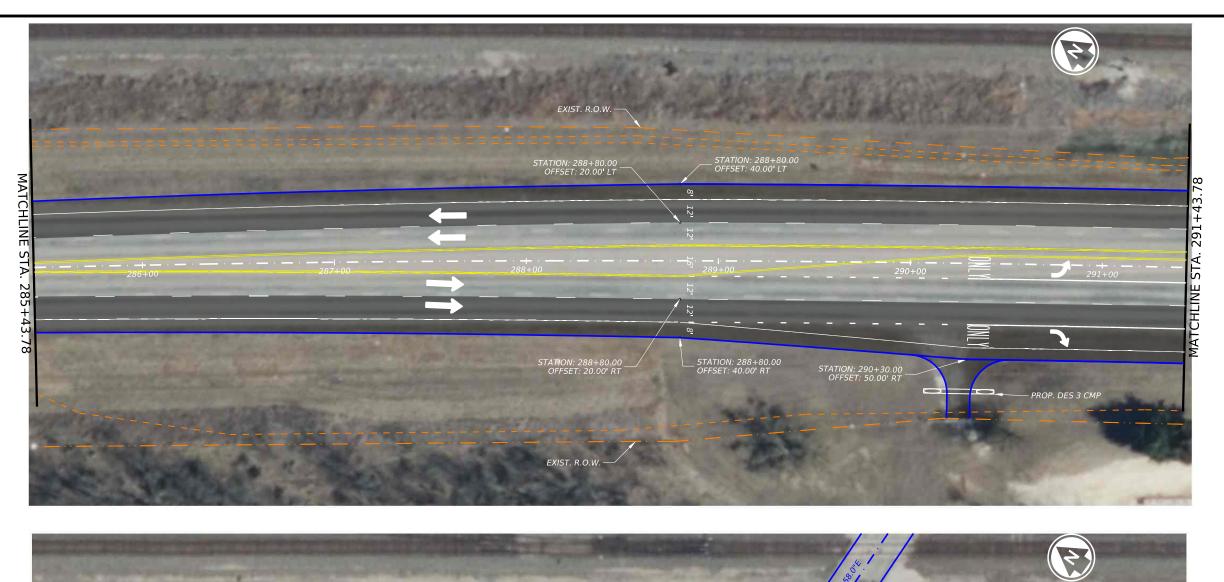
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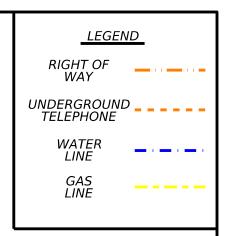


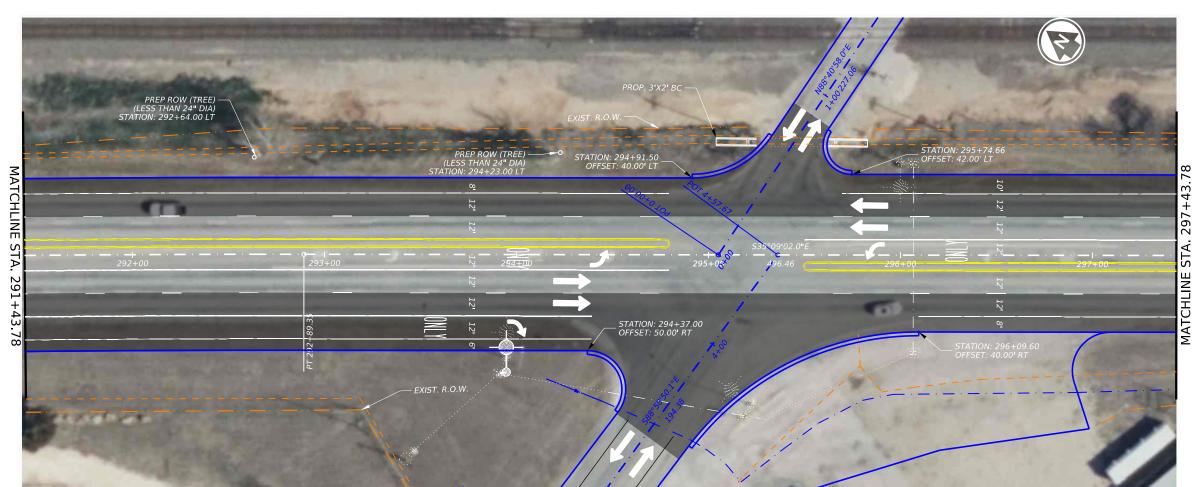




SHEET 1 OF 8						
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
0054	04	123		US 84		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
RWD	COLEMAN CO			44		







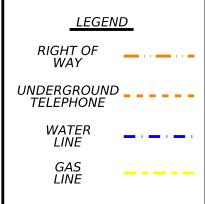


01/28/2023



	2 OF 8		
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0054	04	123	US 84
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
RWD		COLEMAN CO	45



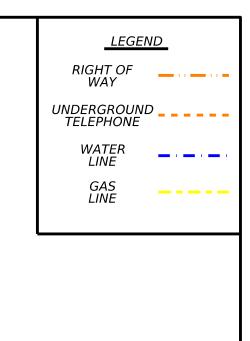


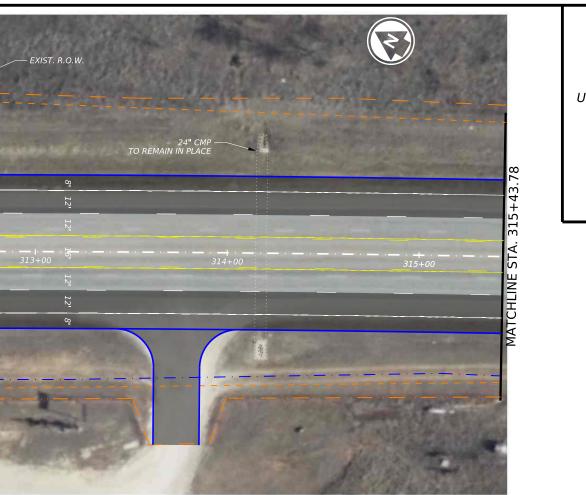


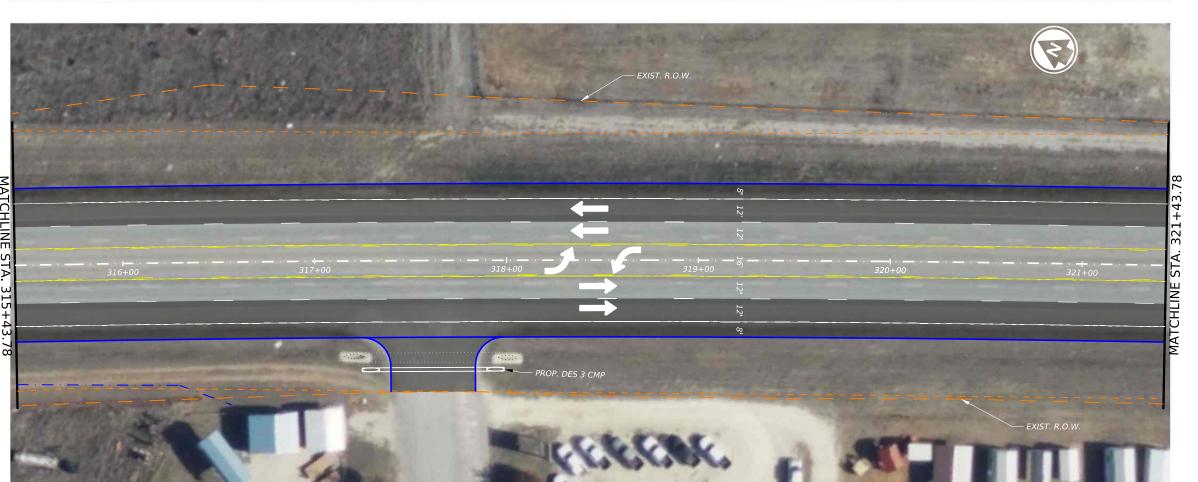
01/28/2023



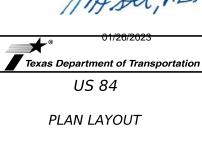
	3 OF 8		
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0054	04	123	US 84
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
DIMD		COLEMANICO	16



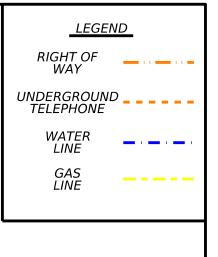




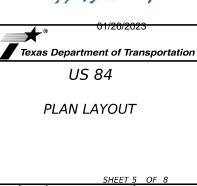




		SHEET 4	4 C	OF 8	
ONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
054	04	123		US 84	
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
WD	COLEMANICO			47	



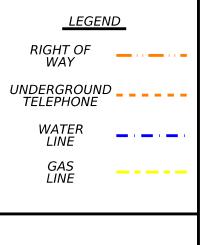




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ONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
)54	04	123	US 84		
IST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
ND	COLEMAN CO.			48	

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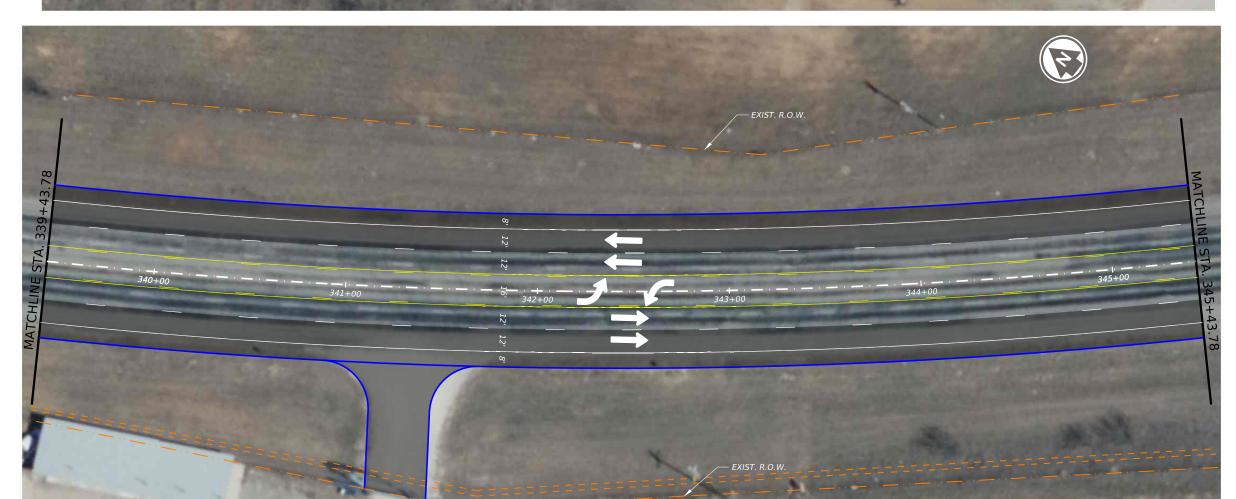


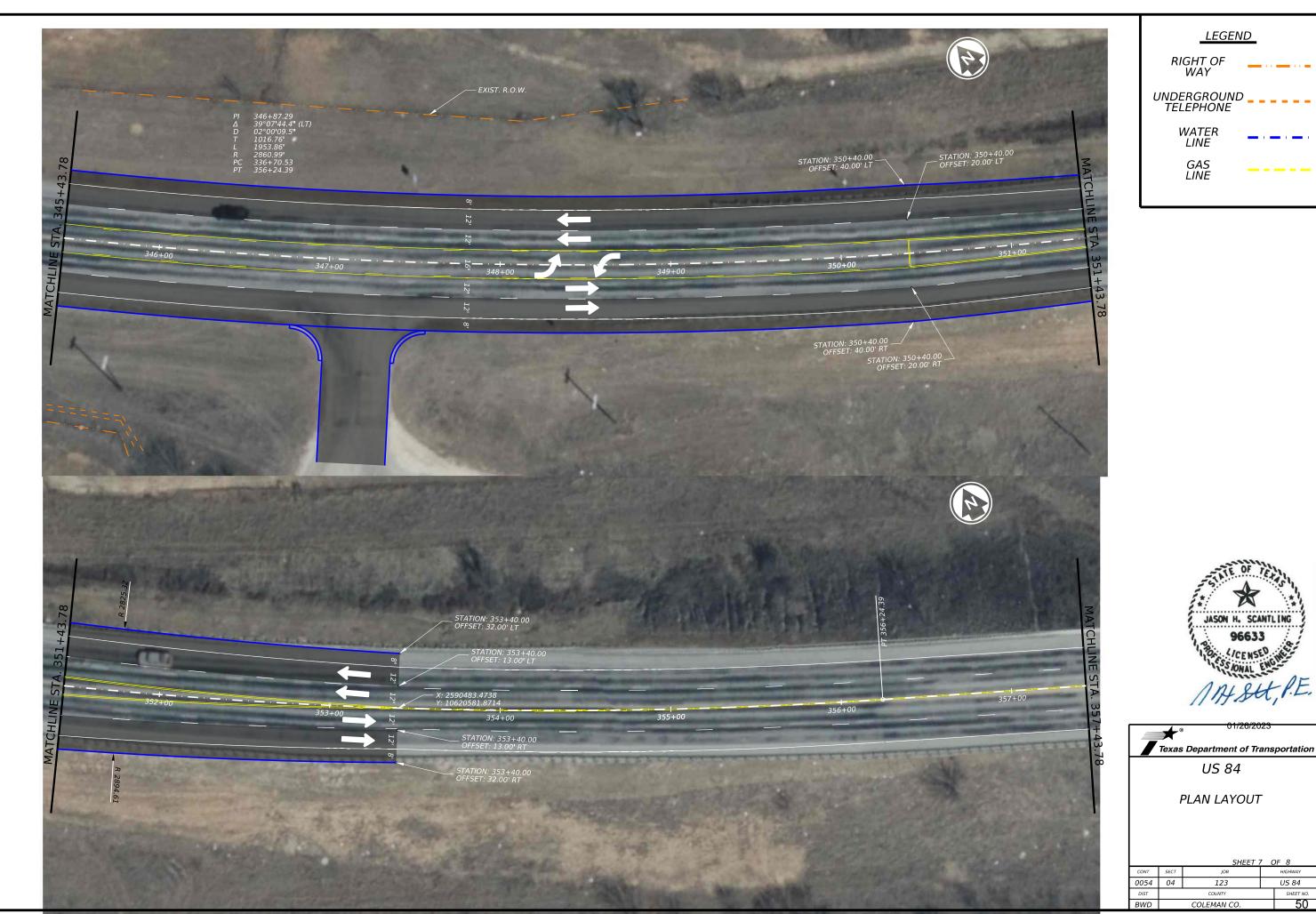






		SHEET (	s (	OF 8
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0054	04	123		US 84
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BWD		COLEMAN CO.		49





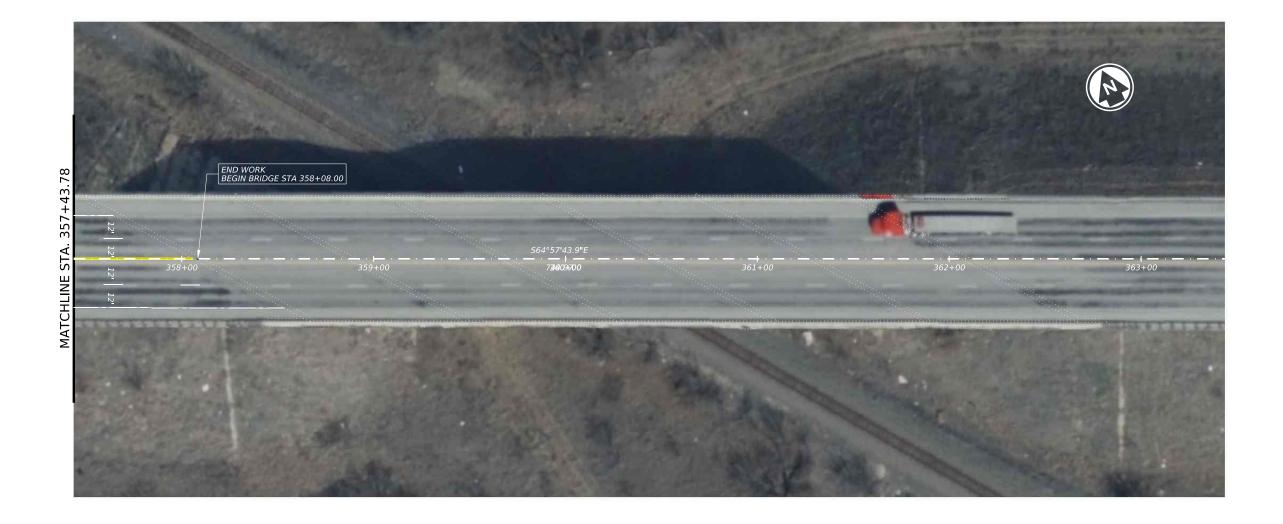
LEGEND

JASON H. SCANTLING

US 84

123

HIGHWAY US 84







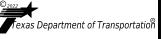
		SHEET 8	3 (	OF 8
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0054	04	123		US 84
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
DIA/D		COLEMANICO		<b>E1</b>

NOTES: STATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND MAY BE CHANGED IN THE FIELD AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER

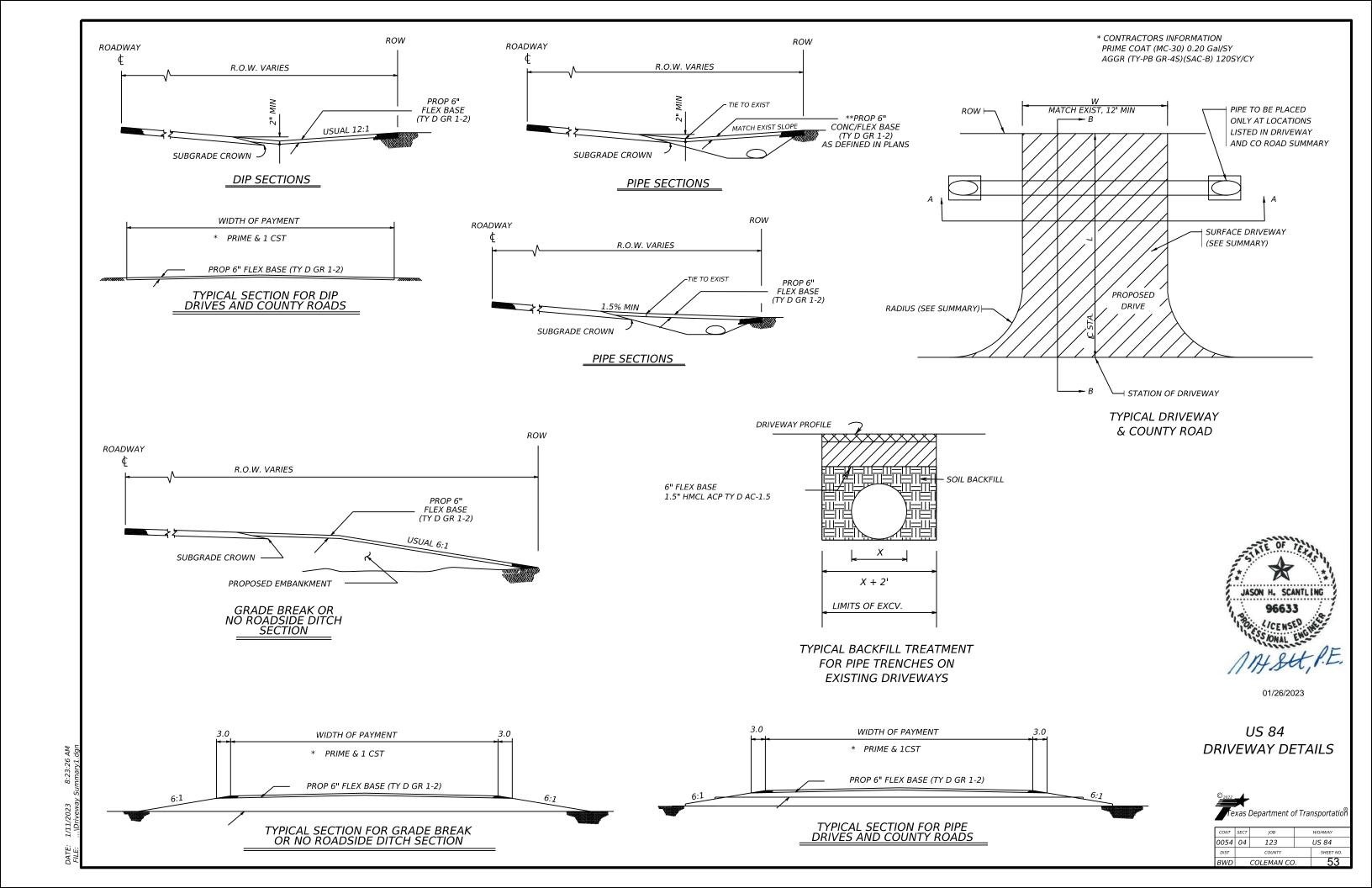


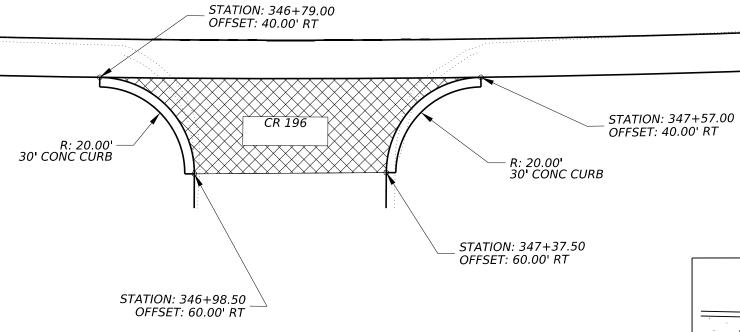
01/26/2023

US 84 DRIVEWAY SUMMARY

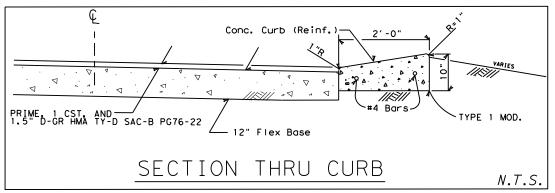


CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
054	04	123	US 84		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
3WD	COLEMAN CO.		٠,	52	





ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT
104-6021	REMOVING CONC (CURB)	65	LF
529-6014	CONC CURB (TY 1 MOD)	60	LF
530-6002	INTERSECTION (ACP)	107	SY



NOTES: ASPHALT & AGGREGATE TYPES AND RATES SHALL MATCH THOSE FOUND ON THE PROPOSED BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR ROADWAY OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER



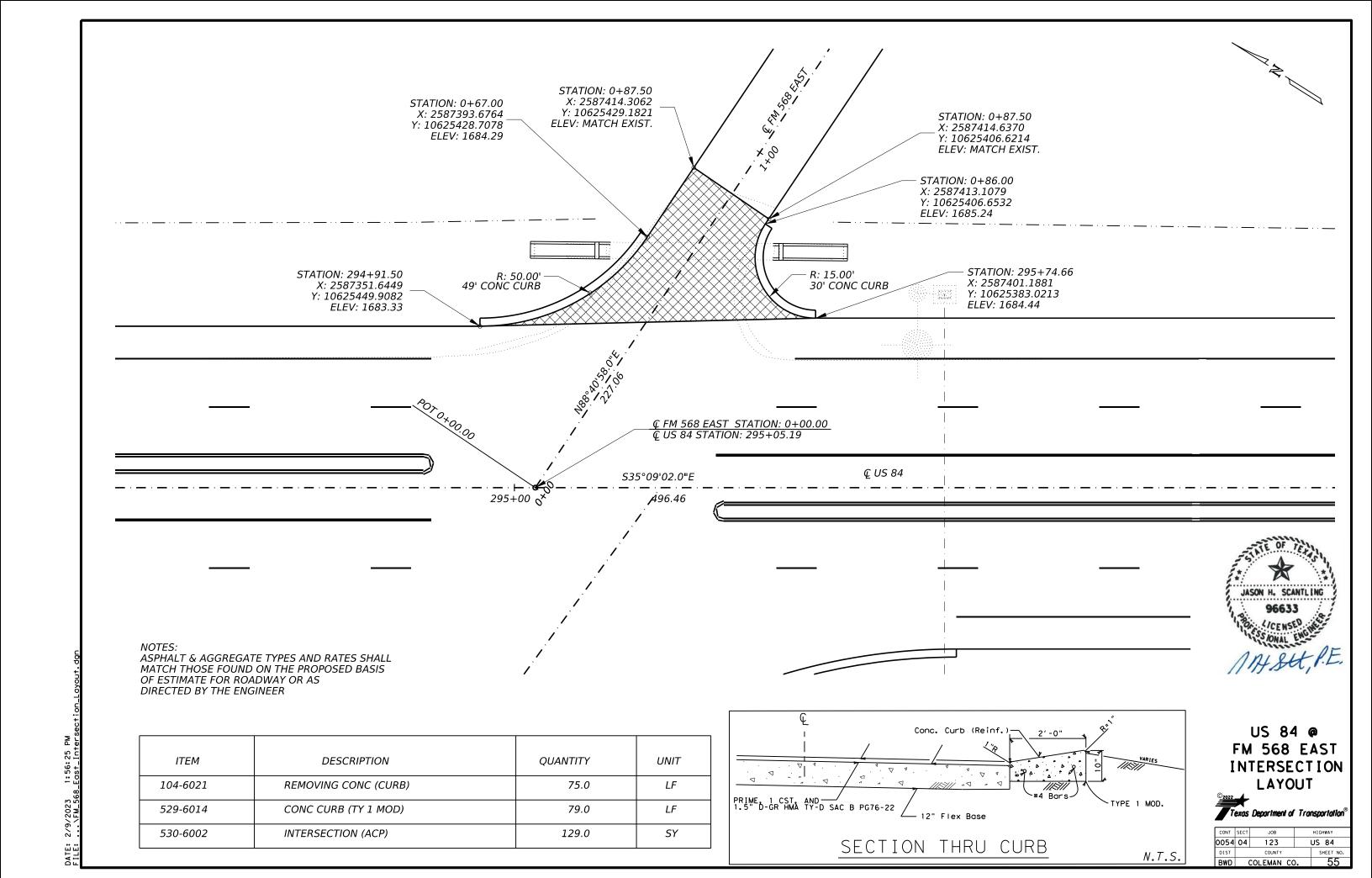
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02/09/2023

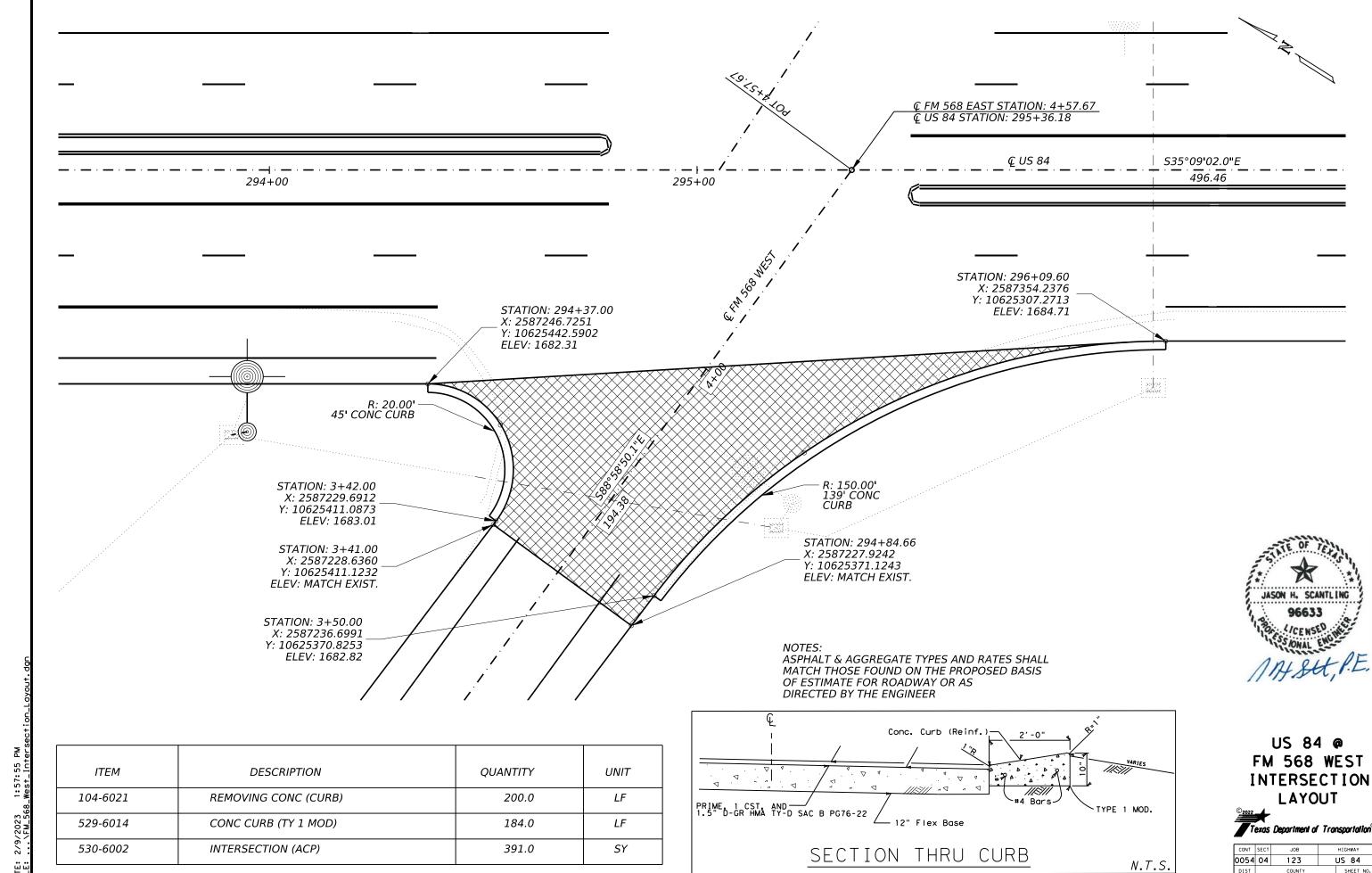
US 84 @ CR 196 INTERSECTION LAYOUT

Texos	Department of	Transportation

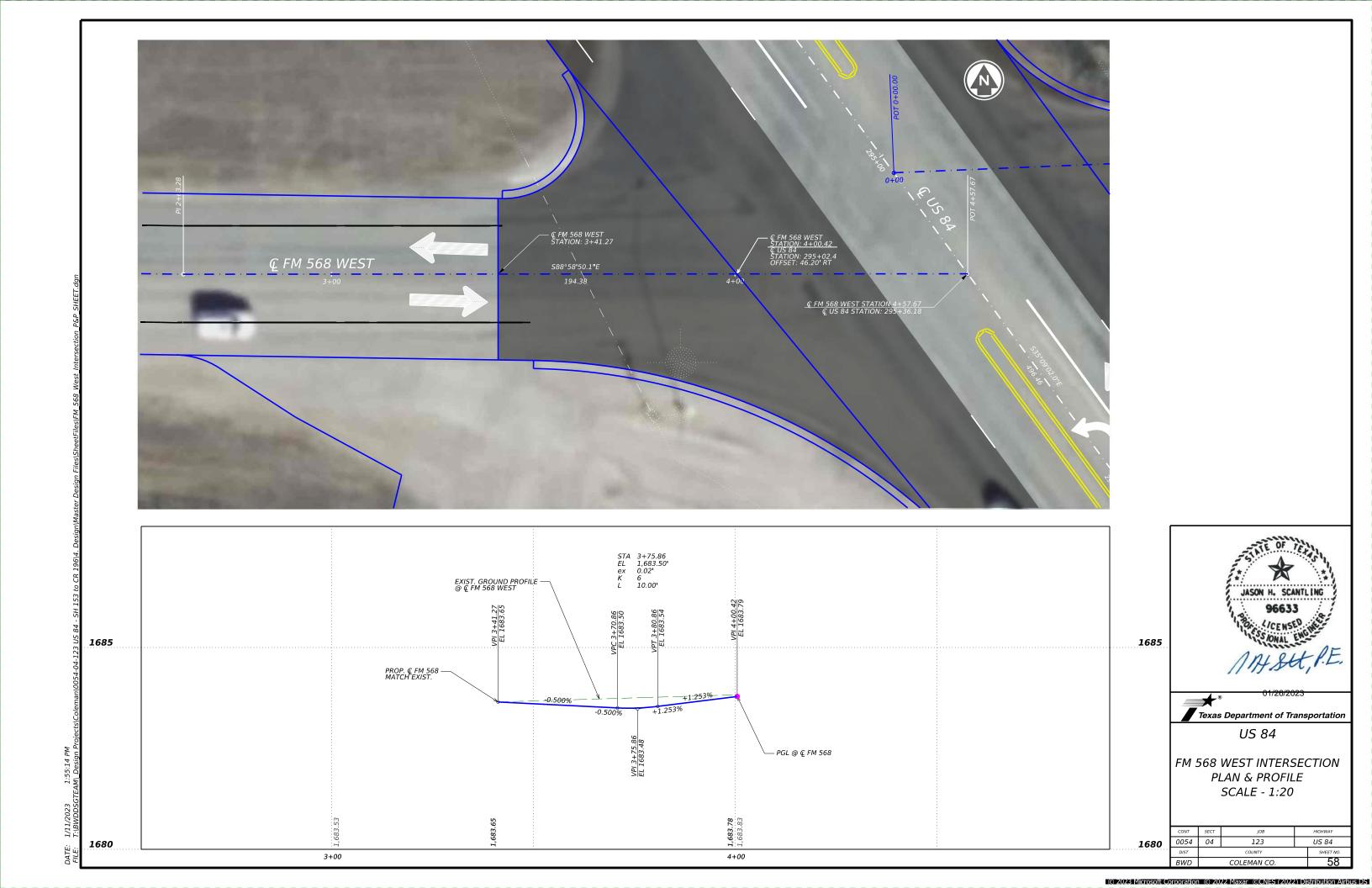
ONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
054	04	123	US 84		
IST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
BWD	(	COLEMAN CO	54		

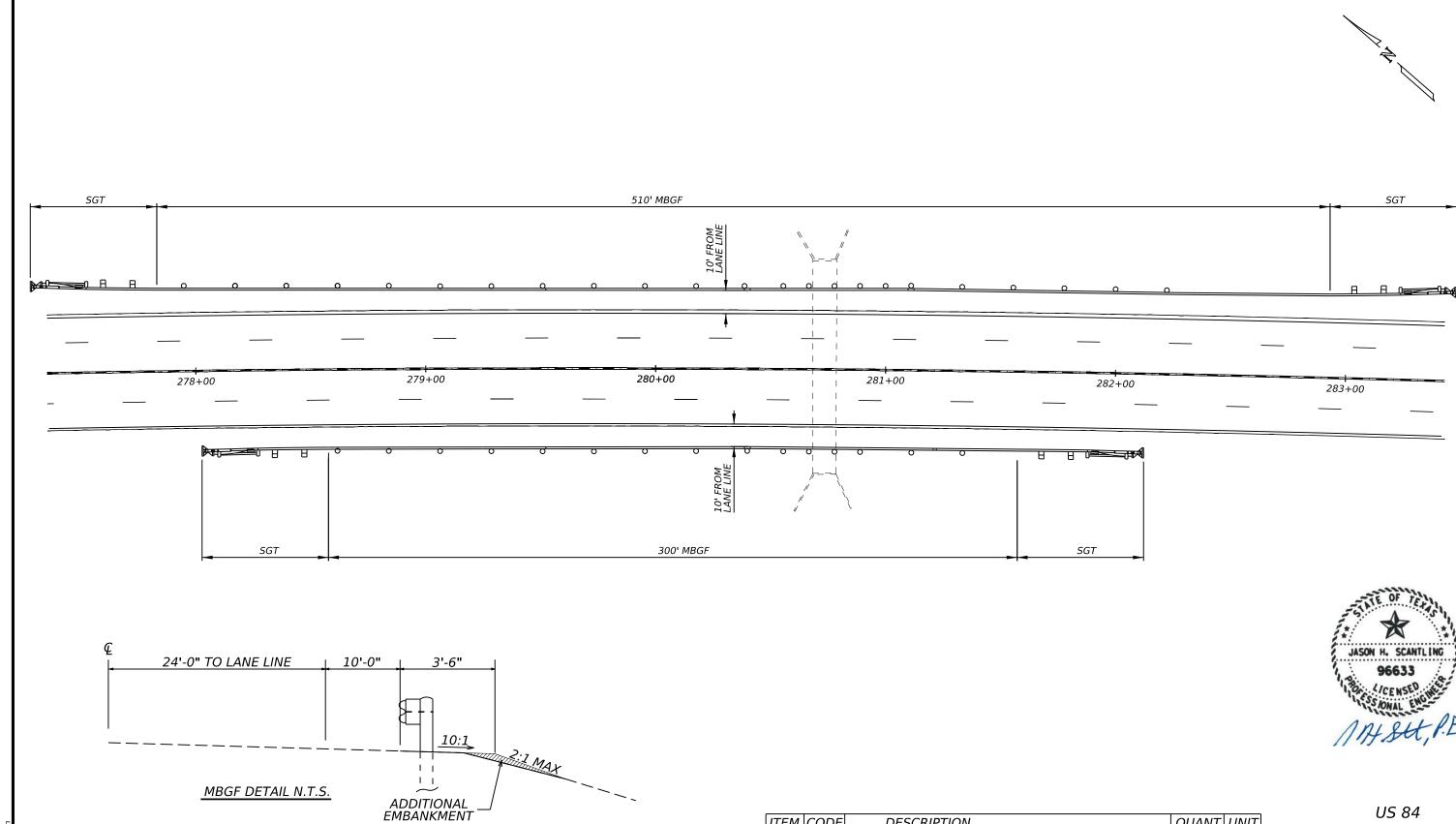




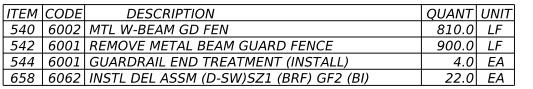


BWD COLEMAN CO.





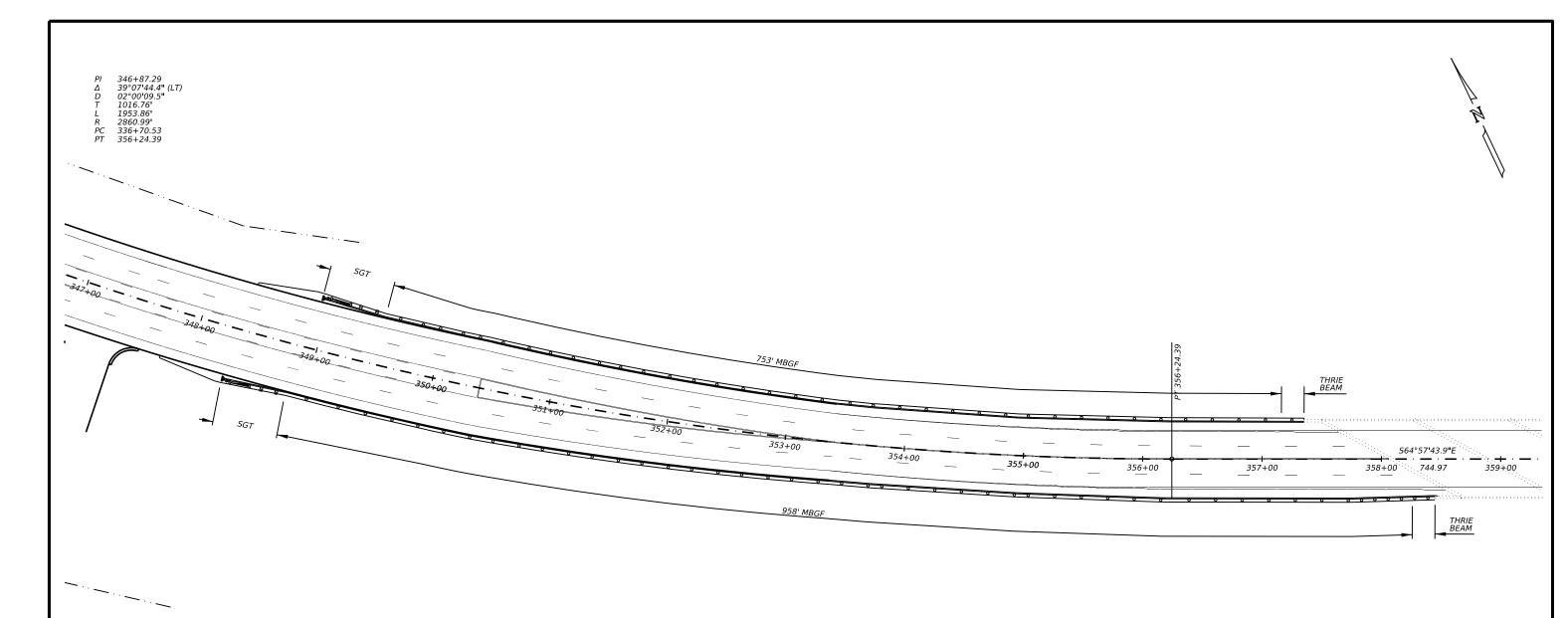
Sta. 280+74 9' X 9' 42' BOX CULVERT

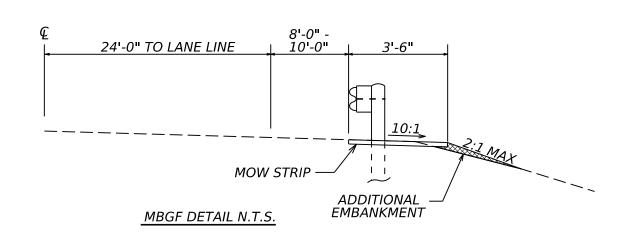


US 84 MBGF CULVERT LAYOUT

Texas Department of Transportation

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
0054	04	123	US 84		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
RWD		COLEMAN CO	)	59	





ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
104	6054	REMOVING CONCRETE (MOW STRIP)	900.0	LF
432	6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	57.0	CY
540	6002	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN	1711.0	LF
540	6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	2.0	EΑ
542	6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	1800.0	LF
544	6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	2.0	EΑ
658	6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ1 (BRF) GF2 (BI)	35.0	EΑ

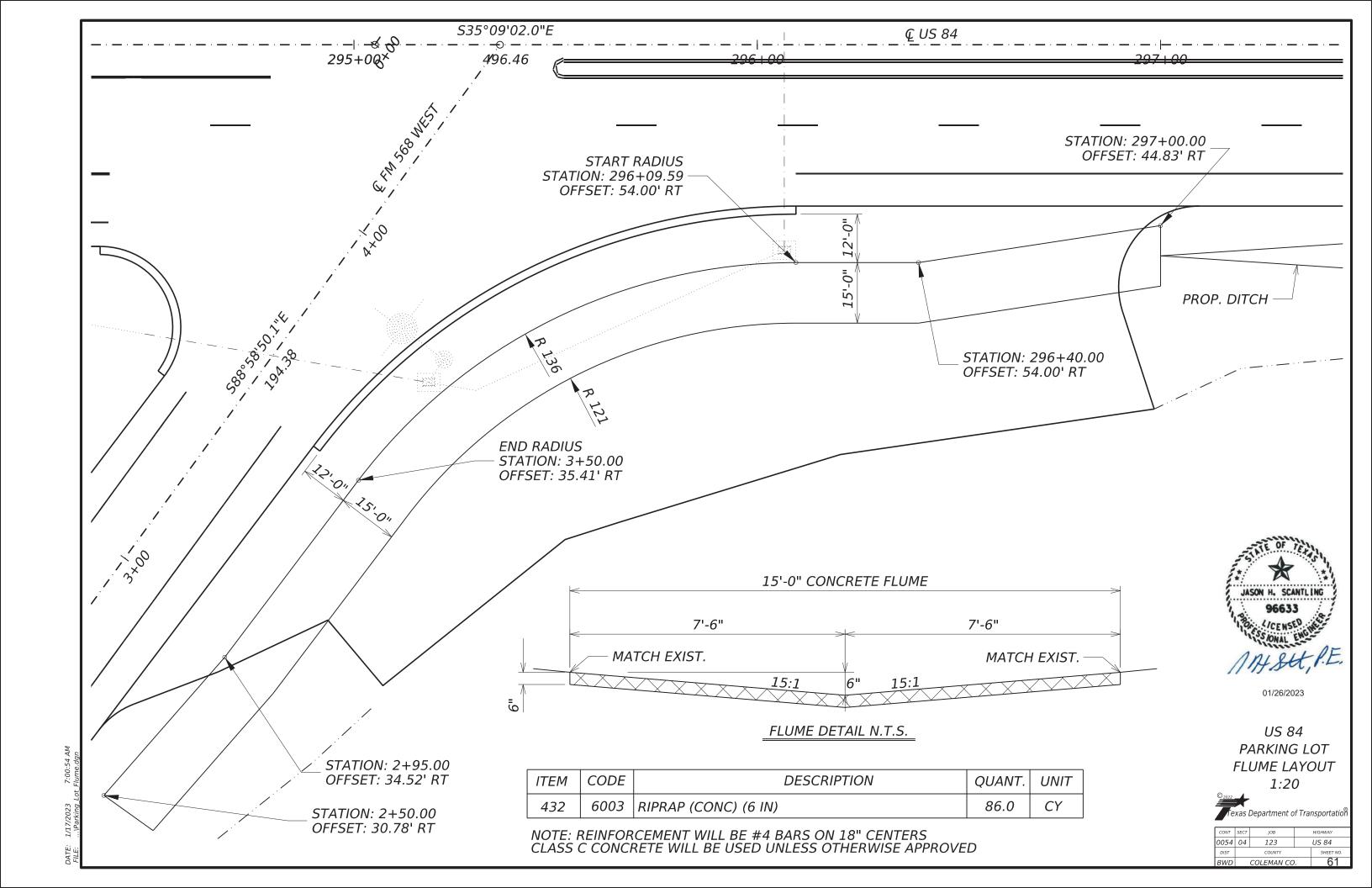


US 84 MBGF BRIDGE LAYOUT

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Texas Department of Transportation

1	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	0054	04	123	US 84		123	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	BWD		COLEMAN CO.		60		

NOTE: EXISTING MOW STRIP TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND USED WITH PROPOSED METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE



BUTTON HEAD BOLT

NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

ILE: gf3119.dgn DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/A TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2019 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0054 04 123 US 84 COLEMAN CO.

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NOTE: STEEL I-BEAM POST W6 X 8.5 (6'-0") PN:533G STANDARD WOOD BLOCKOUTS (6"X8"X14") PN:4076I GENERAL NOTES %" X 10" HGR BOLT PN: 3500G LINE AT THE BACK OF POST #2 THRU #8 FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY AT 1(888)323-6374. 2525 N. STEMMONS FREEWAY, DALLAS, TX 75207 HGR NUT PN: 3340G FROM THE CENTERLINE OF POST(1) & POST(0) AT (POSTS 2 THRU 8) ANCHOR PADDLE ANGLE STRUT PN: 15204A- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; SOf+Stop END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. PN: 620237B PN: 15202G 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD. POST (8) POST (7) POST (5) POST (3) SEE DETAIL 1 POST (1) DO NOT BOLT POST(0) PLAN VIEW BEGIN LENGTH OF NEED ANCHOR RAIL TO - POST (2) TRAFFIC FLOW MASH TEST LEVEL 3 (TL-3) LENGTH OF SoftStop TERMINAL (50'-9 1/2") 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD. 50'-9 1/2" STANDARD INSTALLATION LENGTH (MASH TL-3 SoftStop) HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WIT ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM. END PAYMENT FOR SGT BEGIN STANDARD 6. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS. ANCHOR RAIL WITH SLOTS - (THREADED THRU HEAD) SEE SOFTSTOP MANUAL FOR COMPLETE DETAILS MIDDLE SLOT CUTOUT OUTSIDE SLOTS CUTOUT-(1) 1 3/4" X 6'-10 1/4" OUTSIDE SLOTS CUTOUT-(2)1/2" X 6'-9 3/8" IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE. SEE GN(3) MBGF LAPPED IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW 8. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE. 25'-0" DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PN: 61G SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) PN: 15215G & NOTE:B IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFTSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT. 3'-1 1/2"(+/-) ANCHOR PADDLE 10. DO NOT ATTACH THE SOFTSTOP SYSTEM DIRECTLY TO A RIGID BARRIER. PN: 15204A SEE NOTE: C END OF ANCHOR RAIL PN: 15215G 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOftStop SYSTEM BE CURVED. 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. DO NOT BOLT SEE A RAIL 25'-0"-\_RAIL 25'-0" **HEIGHT** SEE DETAIL 2 PN: 15215G POST(2) RAIL HEIGHT RAIL HEIGHT NOTE: A THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL 13/6" DIA. — YIELDING `~ 13%" DIA. ∠ (8) 5/8"× 1- 1/4" HGR BOLTS VARY FROM 3-34" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE. (8) 5/8"× 1- 1/4" GR BOLTS PN: 3360G YIELDING HOLES HOLES PN: 3360G NOTE: B PART PN: 5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING) DEPTH HEX NUTS PART PN: 5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING) %" HEX N PN: 3340G %" HEX NUTS PN: 3340G (TYP 1-8) SEE 3 6'-1%' NOTE: C W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST (4) AND LINE POST (5) GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN: 61G POST (2) 6'-0" (SYTP) POST(1) POST (8) POST (7) POST(4) POST(3) ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN: 15215G 4' -9 1/2" SYTP HARDWARE FOR POST(2) THRU POST(8) **ELEVATION VIEW** PN: 15000G PN: 15203G AP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW. (1) %"x 10" HGR BOLT PN: 3500G (1) %" HGR HEX NUT PN: 3340G MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS ANGLE STRUT (1) 3/8" × 1 3/4" -PN: 15202G NOTE: DO NOT BOLT ANCHOR RAIL PANEL TO POST (2) POST (0) PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.) SoftStop HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH) PN 3391G ALTERNATE BLOCKOUT PN: 152054 SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS 15215G 1 SEE GENERAL NOTE: 6 (2) %" WASHERS SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25'- 0") 6" X 8" X 14' (1) % " HEX NUT 5%6" × 1 - 1/2" HEX HD BOLT-GR-5 ANCHOR PLATE WASHER 61G PN 4372G -4" X 7 1/2" X 14" BLOCKOUT HGR HEX NUT 1/2" THICK PN: 15206G 152054 POST #0 - ANCHOR POST (6'- 5 %") BLOCKOUT COMPOSITE ANCHOR KEEPER WOOD -PN: 105286 15203G 1 POST #1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 1/2") 1" ROUND WASHER F463 PN: 4902G PN: 4076B PN 3340G PLATE (24 GA)-(2) 1/6 PN: 6777B NOTE:
DO NOT BOLT
ANCHOR RAIL TO 15000G POST #2 - (SYTP) (6'- 0") ROUND WASHERS PN: 15207G DETAIL 1 POST #3 THRU #8 - I-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6' - 0") PN: 3240G (2) %6" x 2 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5 AI TERNATE BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14") 4076B SHOWN AT POST(1) - POST (2) BLOCKOUT BLOCKOUT WOOD W-BEAM RAIL 6" X 8" X 14" - BLOCKOUT WOOD NEAR GROUND 6777B BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" x 7 1/2" x 14") PN: 105285G W-BEAM RAIL DETAIL 2 GENERAL NOTE: 152044 ANCHOR PADDLE %" X 10" 15207G ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA) %" HGR NUT HGR POST BOLT SHOWN AT POST (1 %" X 10" 15206G 1 ANCHOR PLATE WASHER ( 1/2 " THICK ) (2) 1/6 " ROUND WASHER HGR POST BOLT HGR POST BOLT 15201G 2 ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG) (WIDE) PN: 3240G-PN: 3500G ANGLE STRUT 15202G - 5/8" HGR NUT %" HGR NUT PN: 3340G HARDWARE POST 32" HEIGHT -1" NUT PN:3908G SHALL BE SECURELY TIGHTENED ANCHOR PADDLE --HE I GHT (2) 56" HEX NUT A563 GR. DH PN: 3245G 31" RAIL 31" RAIL 4902G 1" ROUND WASHER F436 %"DIAMETER YIELDING HOLES HEIGHT HEIGHT AFTER FINAL ASSEMBLY LOCATED IN FLANGES BUT NOT DEFORMING THE 3908G 1" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH W-BEAM FLATTENED KEEPER PLATE. 3717G ¾" × 2 ½" HEX BOLT A325 (4 PLIES) 3701G 4 34" ROUND WASHER F436 POST 17" - 1/2"
HEIGHT (HOLES APROXIMATELY CENTERED AT FINISHED GRADE) NOTE: A 3704G ¾" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH FINISHED FINISHED \_F IN I SHED PN: 15202G 3360G 16 %" × 1 ¼" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR GRADE GRADE 3340G 25 % " W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR ₩"DIA. 3500G %" × 10" HGR POST BOLT A307 (2) 3/4" × 2 1/2" HEX BOLT (TYP) PN: 3717G YIELDING HOLES %" × 1 ¾" HEX HD BOLT A325 4' - 9 1/2" POST(2) 4489G %" × 9" HEX HD BOLT A325 (3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8) (4) ¾" FLAT WASHER (TYP) PN: 3701G 4372G 4 %" WASHER F436 105285G 2 % " × 2 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5 105286G % " × 1 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5 (2) ¾" HEX NUT (TYP) PN: 3704G POST(1) 6'- 1 3% " POST DEPTH 3240G 6 % " ROUND WASHER (WIDE) 3245G 3 1/6" HEX NUT A563 GR.DH
5852B 1 HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE: B ISOMETRIC VIEW SECTION VIEW B-B SECTION VIEW A-A POST ANGLE POST (1 & 2) 6'-0" (W6 X 8.5) 6'-0" (W6 X 8.5) I-BEAM POST PN: 533G PN: 15201G W6 X 8.5 I-BEAM POST SHOWING (SYTP) I-BEAM POST PN: 15000G FRONT VIEW POST(1) STANDARD WOOD BLOCKOUT NOTE: DO NOT BOLT ANCHOR RAIL PANEL TO POST (2) Texas Department of Transportation 4'-9 1/2" (W6 X 8.5) (SYTP) I-BEAM POST PN: 15203G NOTE: NO BLOCKOUT INSTALLED AT POST(1) NOTE: NO BLOCKOUT INSTALLED AT POST (1) DETAIL 3 TRINITY HIGHWAY AT POST (0) 50' APPROACH GRADING APPROX 5'-10" SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL 6'-5 38" (W6 X 15) I-BEAM POST PN: 15205A STANDARD MBGF MASH - TL-3 TRAFFIC FLOW APPROACH GRADING SGT (10S) 31-16 (1V: 10H OR FLATTER)
SEE PRODUCT ASSEMBLY MANUAL EDGE OF PAVEMENT NOTE: ADJUST WIDTH ACCORDINGLY WHEN OFFSET IS USED. (OFFSET "OPTION" SHOWN) ILE: sgt10s3116 RAIL OFFSET DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP ck: MB/V FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE, C) TxDOT: JULY 2016 JOB HIGHWAY THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SOf+S+OP END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. 0054 04 123 US 84 APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS BWD COLEMAN CO.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	% " x 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	¾" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	%" X 1 ¼" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR. 2)MGAL	48
18	2001840	%" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	%" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	%" RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	%" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" x 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

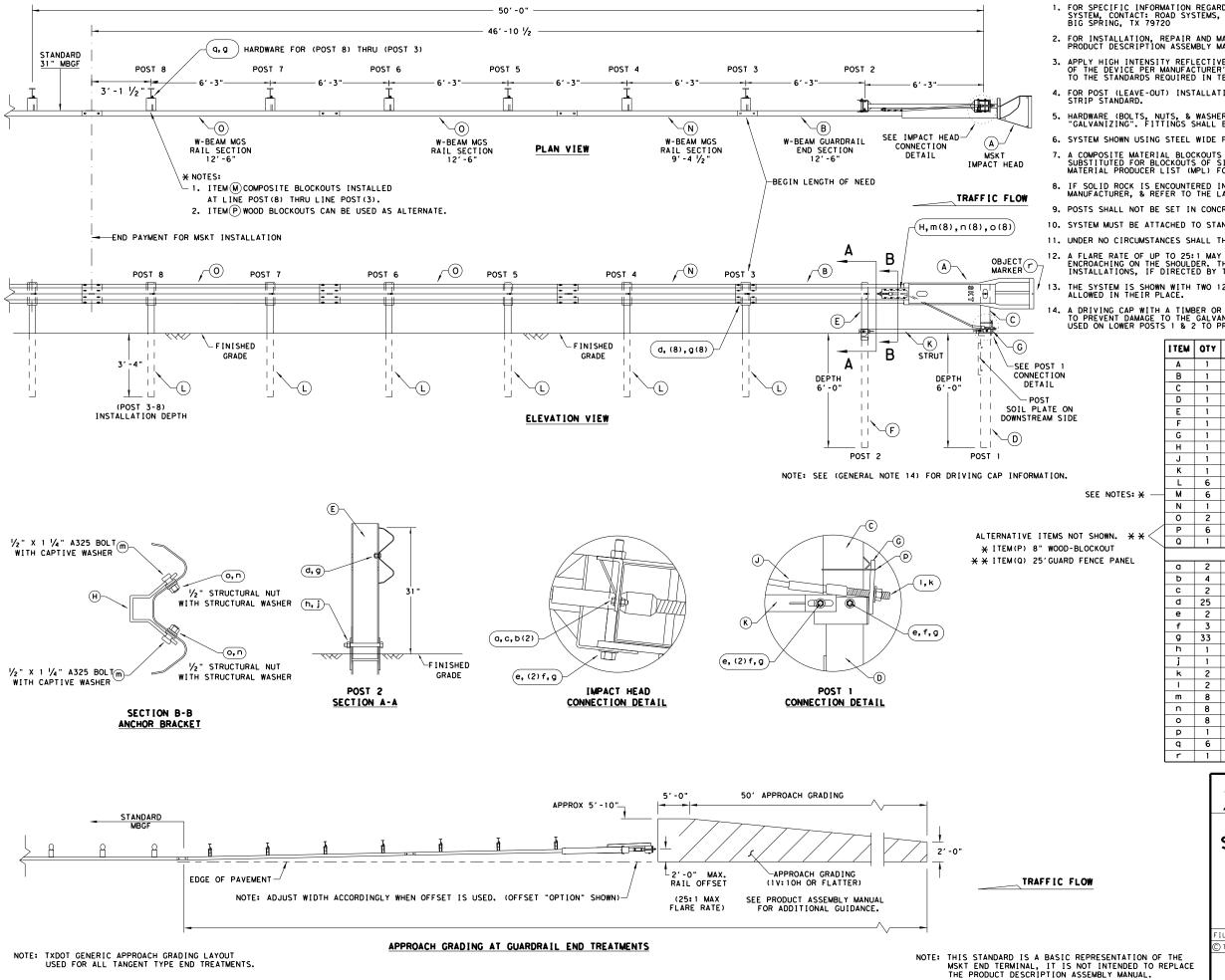
Texas Department of Transportation

Design Division Standard

## MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

_E: sg+11s3118.dgn	DN: T×DOT CK: KM		DW: TxDOT		ck: CL	
TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0054	04	123		US 84	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BWD	С	OLEMAN	CC	).	64



- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: ROAD SYSTEMS, INC. (432)263-2435. 3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT, BIG SPRING, TX 79720
- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MSKT END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (PUBLICATION~062717).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE
- 9. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 10. SYSTEM MUST BE ATTACHED TO STANDARD 31" MBGF.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 13. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN THEIR PLACE.
  - A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.

A 1			MSKT IMPACT HEAD	MS3000				
	В	1	W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 Ga.	SF 1 3 0 3				
	С	1	POST 1 - TOP (6" X 6" X 1/8" TUBE)	MTPHP1A				
	D	1	POST 1 - BOTTOM (6' W6X15)	MTPHP1B				
	E	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY TOP	UHP2A				
١	F	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9)	HP2B				
	G	1	BEARING PLATE	E750				
	Н	1	CABLE ANCHOR BOX	S760				
	J	1	BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY	E770				
	K	1	GROUND STRUT	MS785				
	L	6	W6×9 OR W6×8.5 STEEL POST	P621				
$\dashv$	М	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS	CBSP-14				
	N	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2")	G12025				
	0	7.5						
1	Р	P 6 WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"						
J	Q	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0")	G1209				
	SMALL HARDWARE							
١	a	0 2 1% " x 1" HEX BOLT (GRD 5)						
	ь	b 4 % " WASHER						
	С	2	% " HEX NUT	N0516				
		25	%" Dia. × 1 ¼" SPLICE BOLT (POST 2)	B580122				
		2	%" Dia. × 9" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B580904A				
	f	3	%" WASHER	W050				
	g	33	%" Dia. H.G.R NUT	N050				
	h	1	¾" Dia. × 8 ½" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B340854A				
	j	1	¾" Dia. HEX NUT	N030				
	k	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT	N100				
	ı	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE WASHER	W100				
	m	8	1/2" × 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER	SB12A				
ı	n	8	1/2" STRUCTURAL NUTS	N012A				
	0	8	1 1/6" O.D. × 16" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS	W012A				
	р	1	BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE	CT-100ST				
	q	6	%" × 10" H.G.R. BOLT	B581002				
	r	1	OBJECT MARKER 18" X 18"	E3151				

MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

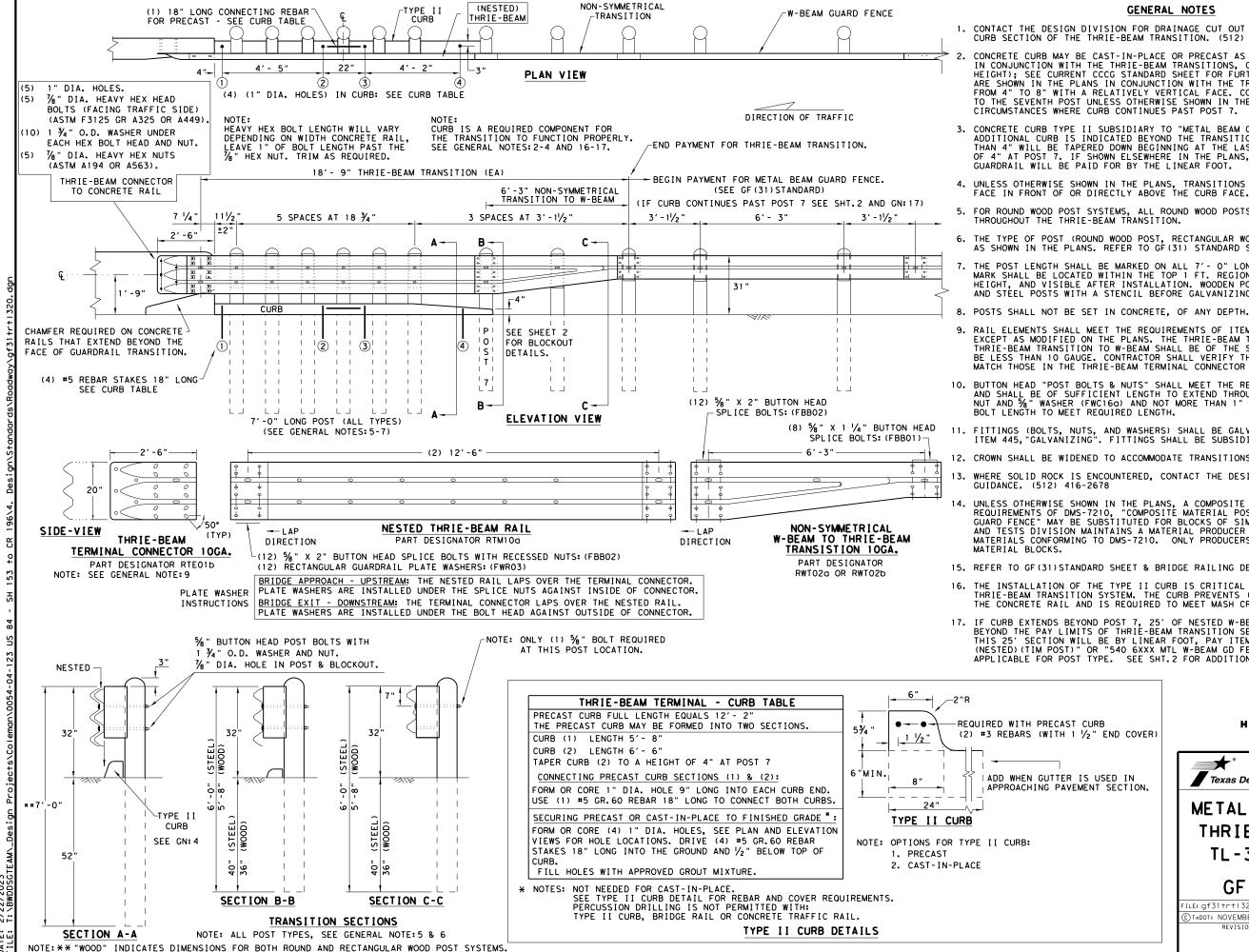
Texas Department of Transportation

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SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

SGT (12S) 31-18

ILE: sg+12s3118.dgn		DOT	CK: KM	DW:VP	CK: CL
TxDOT: APRIL 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0054	04	123		US 84
	DIST		COUNTY	•	SHEET NO.
	BWD	С	OLEMAN	co.	65



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- CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- ¾" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- 3. CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH GUARDRAIL WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE LINEAR FOOT.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7  $\frac{1}{2}$ " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST  $\frac{1}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STEEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5/6" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING
- 11. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

#### HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION SHEET 1 OF 2

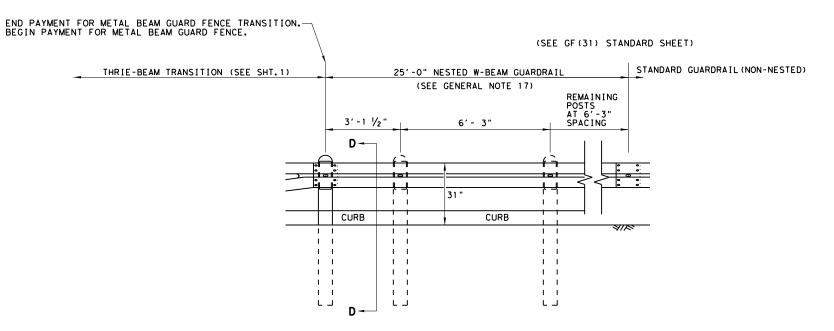


METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

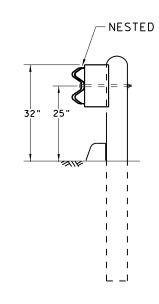
GF (31) TR TL3-20

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© T×DOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BWD	С	OLEMAN	CO		66

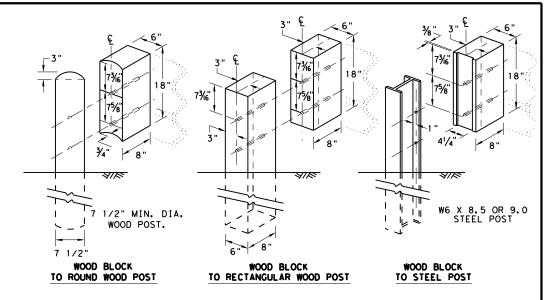
REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)



ELEVATION VIEW



SECTION D-D



#### THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

#### HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

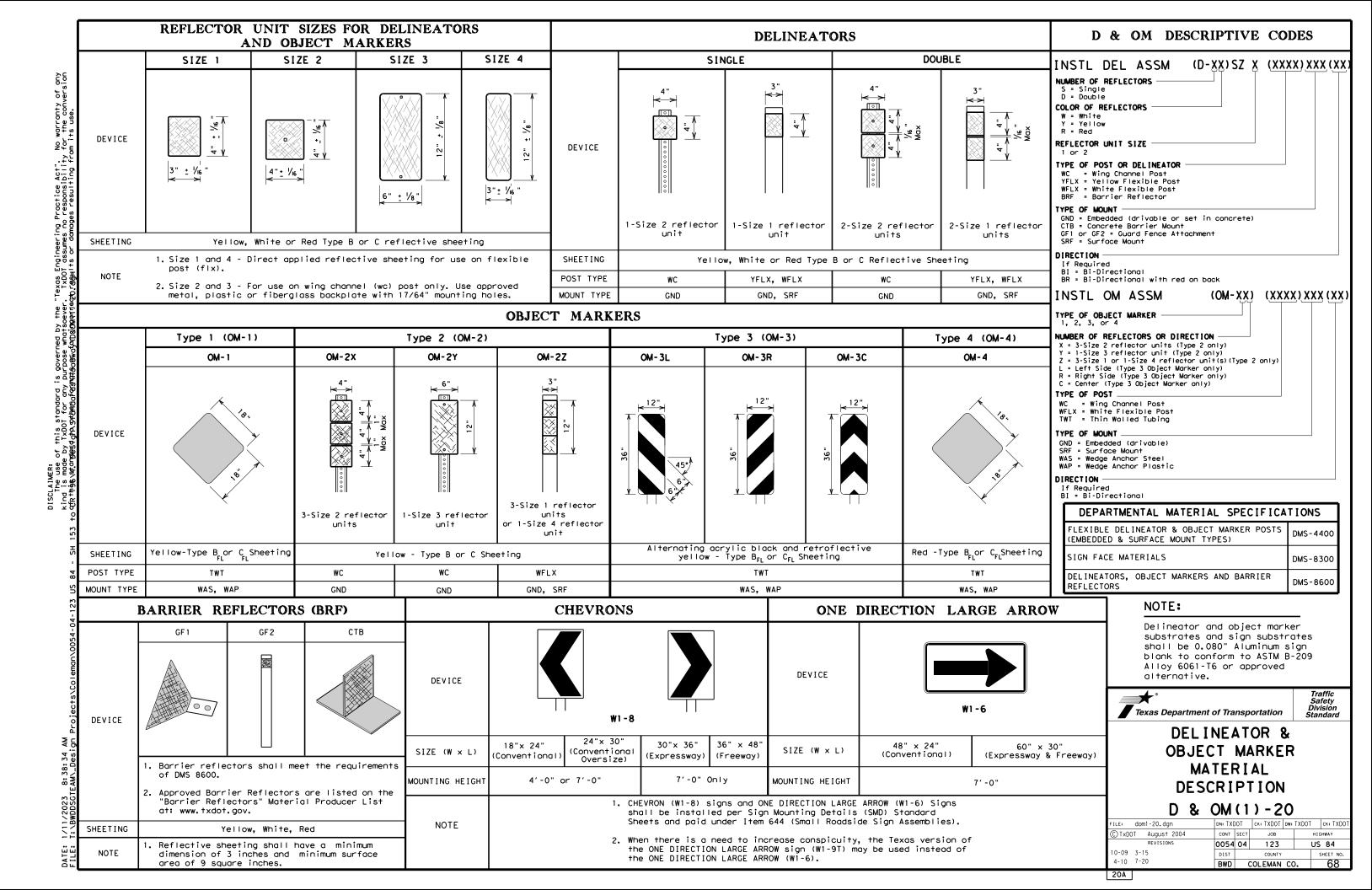
SHEET 2 OF 2

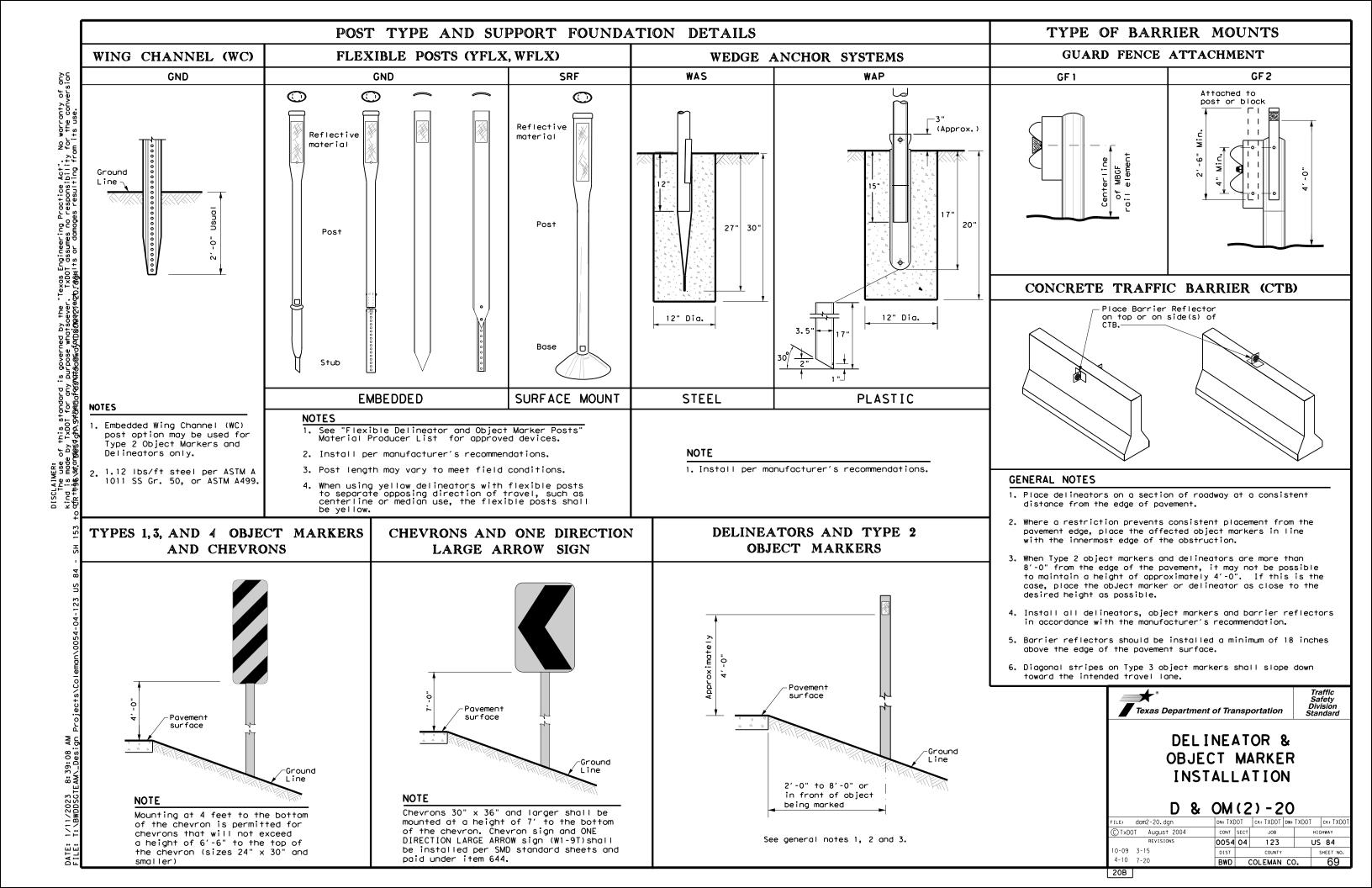


METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL3-20

FILE: gf31trtl320.dgn	DN:T×DOT		ck: KM	DW:	:KM CK:CGL/A	
© T×DOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BWD	С	OLEMAN	CO		67

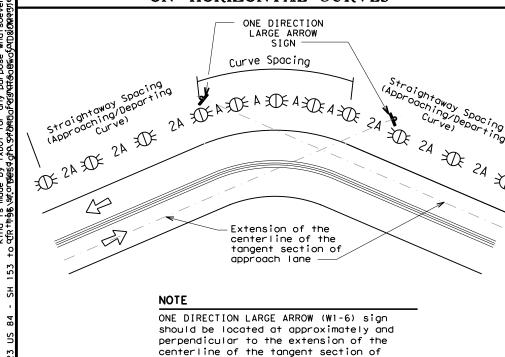




## MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

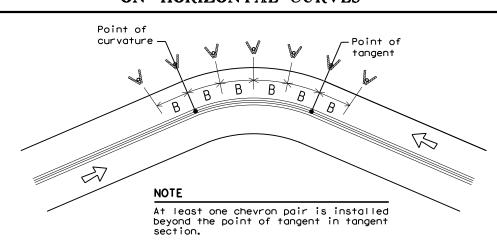
Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed			
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)		
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs		
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.</li> </ul>		
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of     chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons		

## SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



## SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



### DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET						
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve			
		Α	2A	В			
1	5730	225	450				
2	2865	160	320				
3	1910	130	260	200			
4	1433	110	220	160			
5	1146	100	200	160			
6	955	90	180	160			
7	819	85	170	160			
8	716	75	150	160			
9	637	75	150	120			
10	573	70	140	120			
11	521	65	1 30	120			
12	478	60	120	120			
13	441	60	120	120			
14	409	55	110	80			
15	382	55	110	80			
16	358	55	110	80			
19	302	50	100	80			
23	249	40	80	80			
29	198	35	70	40			
38	151	30	60	40			
57	101	20	40	40			
_	_		•				

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

## DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve				
	Α	2×A	В				
65	130	260	200				
60	110	220	160				
55	100	200	160				
50	85	170	160				
45	75	150	120				
40	70	140	120				
35	60	120	120				
30	55	110	80				
25	50	100	80				
20	40	80	80				
15	35	70	40				

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

#### DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING				
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets				
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table				
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)				
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)				
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet				
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators				
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max				
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)				
Guard Rai∣ Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end  Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)				
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)				
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end				
		See D & OM (5)				
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)				
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)				
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full lenath of transition	100 feet				

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND						
<b>₩</b>	Bi-directional Delineator					
$\mathbb{R}$	Delineator					
4	Sign					



Traffic Safety Division Standard

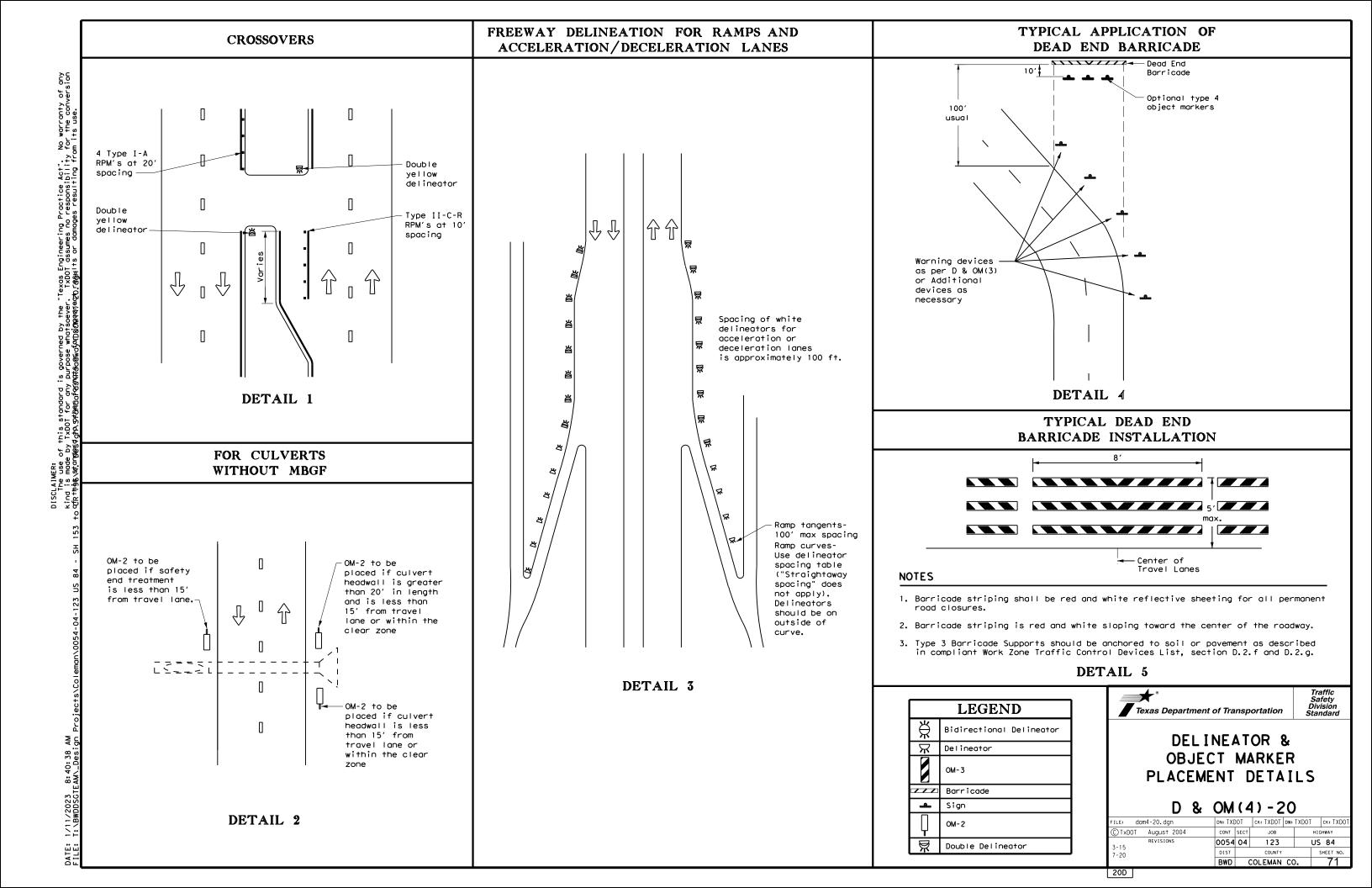
# DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

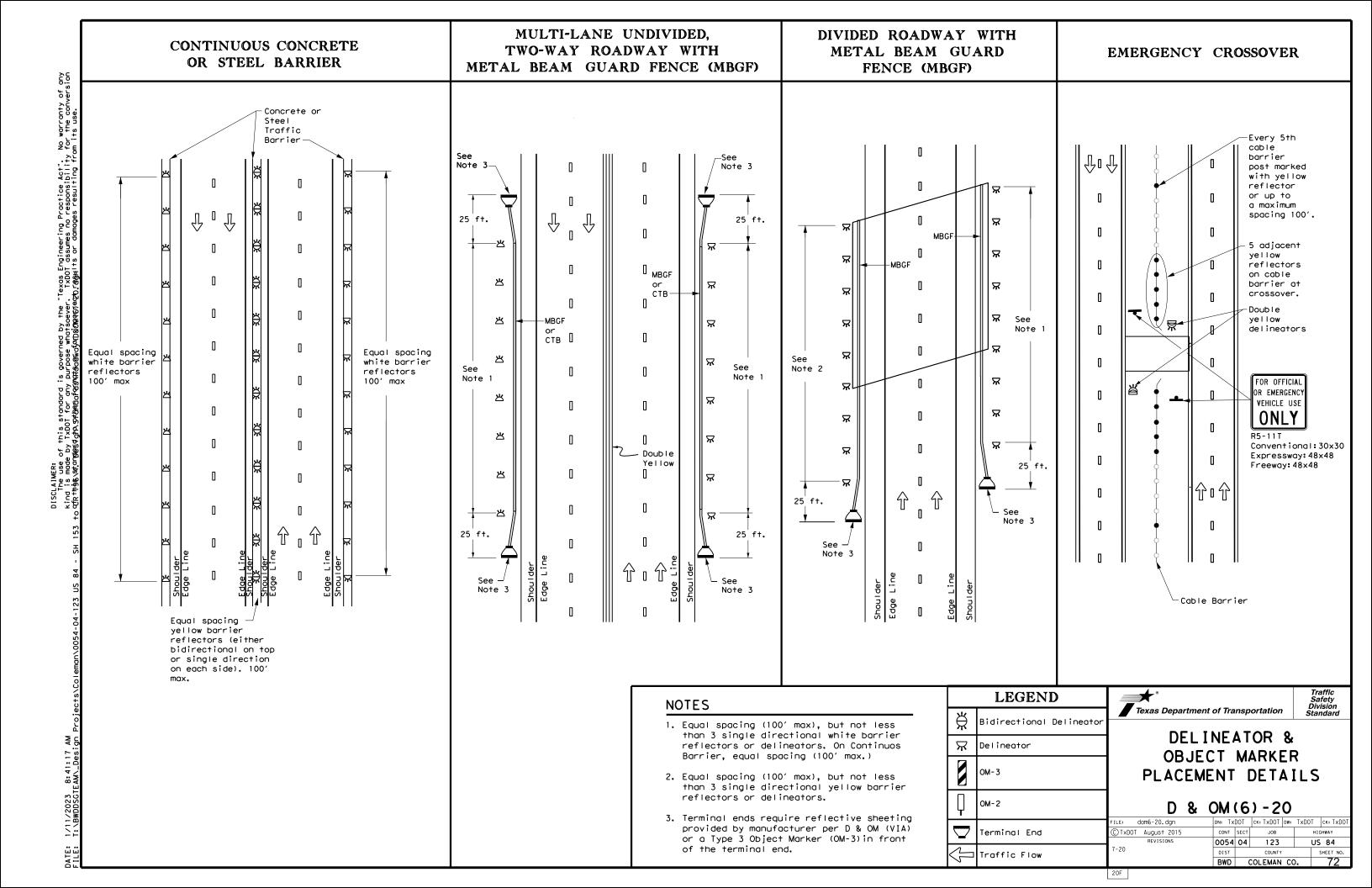
D & OM(3)-20

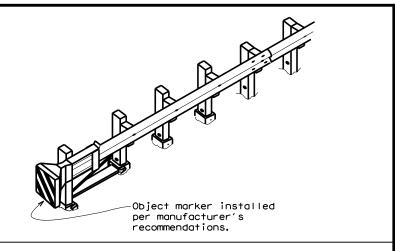
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C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIC		SHWAY
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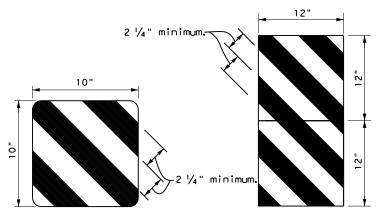
200

20C

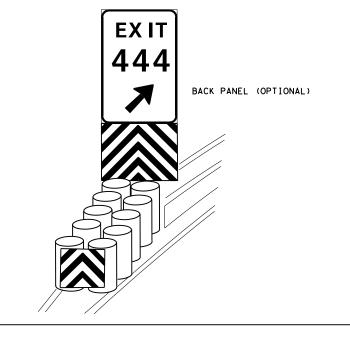


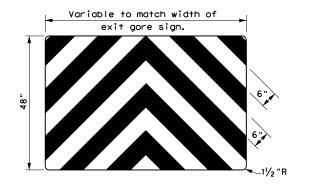






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2





### NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2  $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.

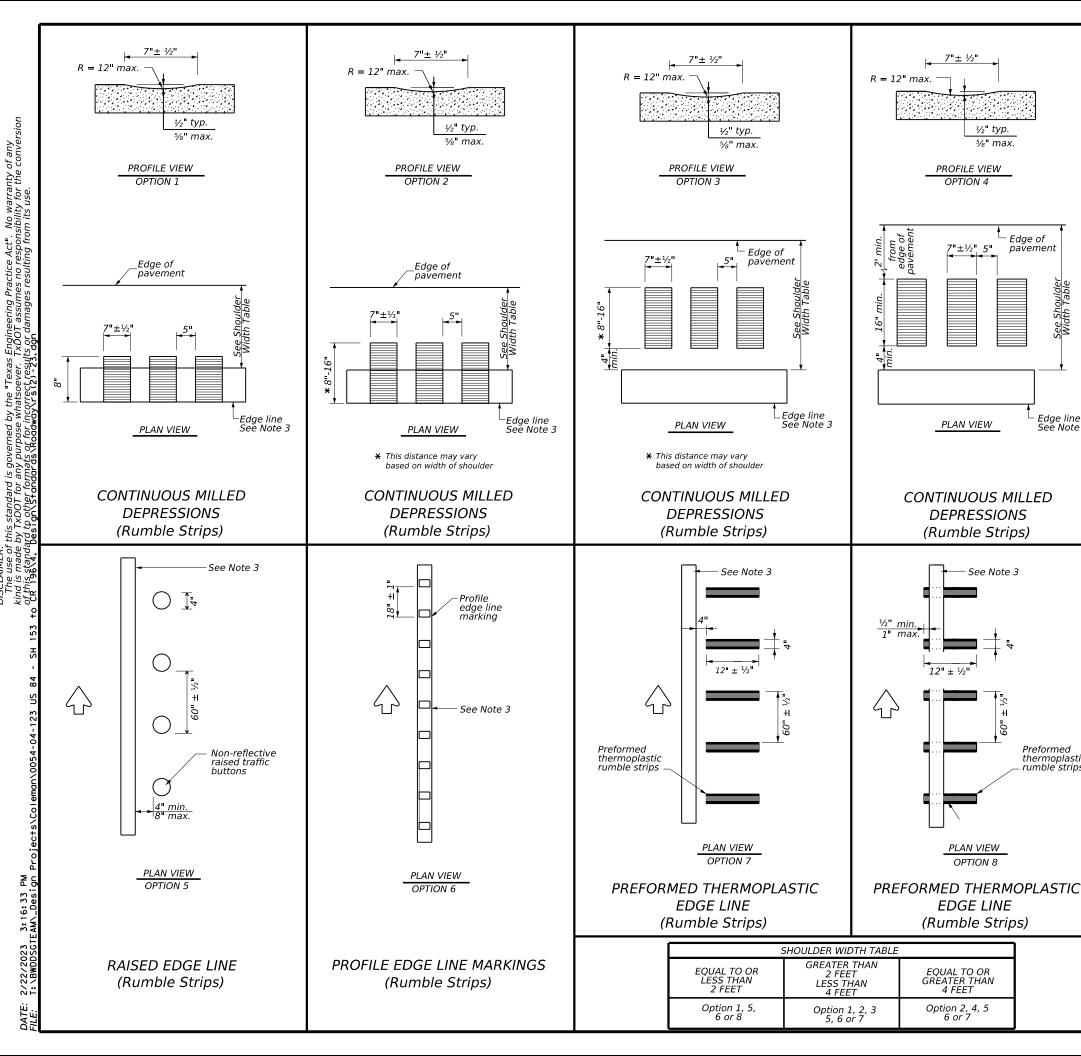


Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

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4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
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### **GENERAL NOTES**

 $^{ldash}$  Edge of

Edge line See Note 3

Preformed thermoplastic

- 1. Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 2. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 3. Use Standard Sheet PM(2) and FPM(1) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile
- 4. See the Shoulder Width Table below for determining what options may be used for edge line rumble strips.
- 5. Breaks in edge line rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections, or driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 6. Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration or deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas, or intersections with other roadways.
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

### WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 10. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edge line rumble strip.

### WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edge line when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edge line marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Nonreflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. The minimum distance between the edge line and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- 15. Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edge lines may substitute for buttons.



TWO LANE HIGHWAYS RS(2)-23

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©TxDOT January 2023		CONT	SECT	JOB	Н	IGHWAY
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was Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any er. TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conver esylts or damages resulting from its use.

### GENERAL NOTES

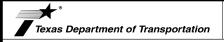
- 1. This standard sheet provides guidelines for installing centerline rumble strips on two-lane highways with or without shoulders.
- 2. Centerline and edge line rumble strips or profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 4. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 5. Breaks in milled centerline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections or driveways with high usage of large trucks.
- Use standard sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings and profile markings.
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when centerline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Pavement markings must be applied over milled centerline rumble strips.

### WHEN INSTALLING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. When using non-reflective raised traffic buttons as a centerline rumble strip, the button shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the centerline. The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 11. The color of the button should be yellow for a continuous no passing roadway. Black buttons should be used in areas where passing is allowed.
- 12. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

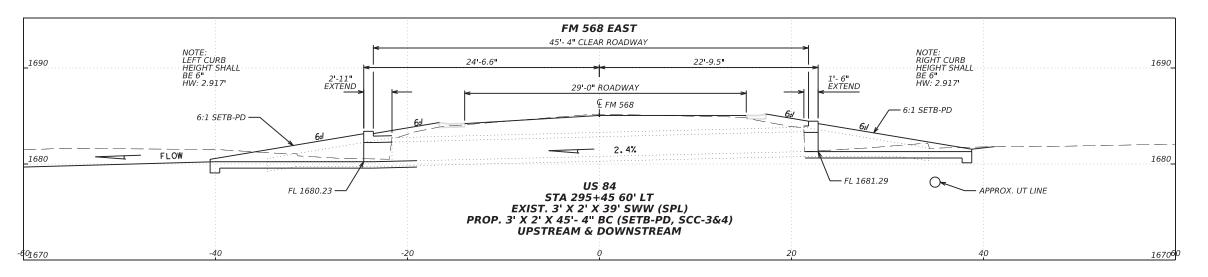
### WHEN INSTALLING EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS WITH OR WITHOUT CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS:

13. See standard sheet RS(2).



Traffic Safety Division Standard

CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS RS(4)-23



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/	1H	St	t,P.	E.

01/26/2023

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT.	UNIT
420	6051	*CL C CONC (CULV)	1.5	CY
467	6109	SET (TY I)(S=3FT)(HW=3FT)(6:1)(C)	2.0	EA
658	6073	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Y)(WC) GND (BI)	2.0	EA

\*CLASS C CONCRETE QUANTITY INCLUDES BOTH CURBS

# CULVERT LAYOUT



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	Description of Box Culvert No. Spans ~ Span X Height	Fill Height (Ft)	Applicable Box Culvert Standard	Applicable Wingwall or End Treatment Standard	Skew Angle (0°,15°, 30° or 45°)	Side Slope or Channel Slope Ratio (SL:1)	T Culvert Top Slab Thickness (In)	U Culvert Wall Thickness (In)	C Estimated Curb Height (Ft)	Hw 1 Height of Wingwall (Ft)	A Curb to End of Wingwall (Ft)	B Offset of End of Wingwall (Ft)	Lw Length of Longest Wingwall (Ft)	Ltw Culvert Toewall Length (Ft)	Atw Anchor Toewall Length (Ft)	Riprap Apron (CY)	Class 2 "C" Conc (Curb)	Class (3) "C" Conc (Wingwall)  (CY)	Total Wingwall Area (SF)
US 84 293+75 60' LT	BOTH	1	SCC-3&4	SETB-PD	0	6: 1	8	7	.5	2.917	N/A	N/A	16	N/A	4.167	0.0	. 2	5.2	N/A
																			-
+																			
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																			+
+																			++

Skew = 0° on SW-0, FW-0, SETB-CD, SETB-SW-0, and SETB-FW-0 standard sheets; 30° maximum for safety end treatment

SL:1 = Horizontal : 1 Vertical

- Side slope at culvert for flared or straight wingwalls.
- Channel slope for parallel wingwalls.
  Slope must be 3:1 or flatter for safety end treatments.
- T = Box culvert top slab thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- U = Box culvert wall thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- C = Curb height

See applicable wing or end treatment standard sheets for calculations of Hw, A, B, Lw, Ltw, Atw, and Total Wingwall Area.

- A = Distance from face of curb to end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- B = Offset of end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- Lw = Length of longest wingwall.
- Ltw = Length of culvert toewall (not applicable when using riprap apron)

Atw = Length of anchor toewall (applicable to safety end treatment only)
Total Wingwall Area = Wingwall area in sq. ft. for two wingwalls (one structure end) if Lt or Rt.
Area for four wingwalls (two structure ends) if Both.

- 1) Round the wall heights shown to the nearest foot for bidding purposes.
- Concrete volume shown is for box culvert curb only.

  For curbs using the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details

  (RAC) standard sheet quantities shown must be increased by a factor of 2.25. If Class S concrete is required for the top slab of the culvert, also provide Class S concrete for the curb. Curb concrete is considered part of the Box Culvert for payment.
- 3 Concrete volume shown is total of wings, footings, culvert toewall (if any), anchor toewalls (if any) and wingwall toewalls. Riprap aprons, culverts, and curb quantities are not included.
- 4 Regardless of the type of culvert shown on this sheet, the Contractor has the option of furnishing cast-in-place or precast culverts unless otherwise shown elsewhere on the plans. If the Contractor elects to provide culverts of a different type than those shown on this sheet, it is the Contractor's responsibility to make the necessary adjustments to the dimensions and quantities shown.



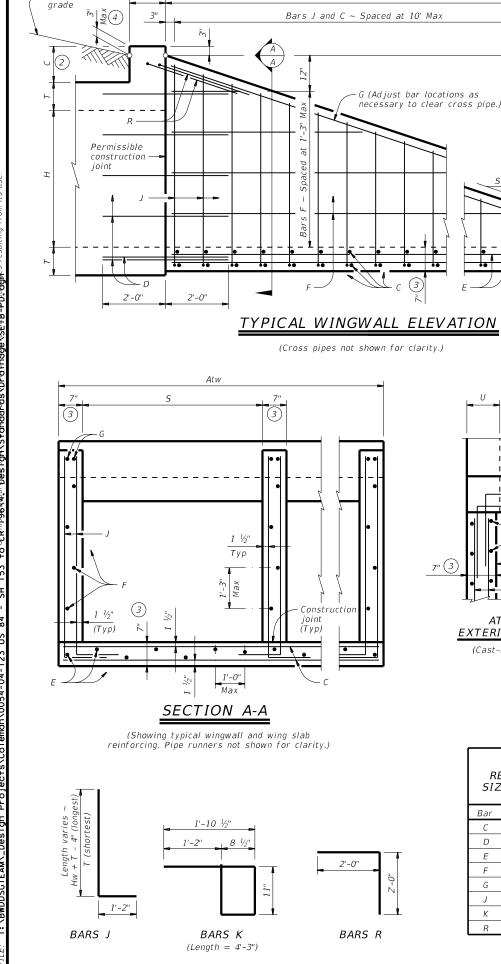
01/26/2023



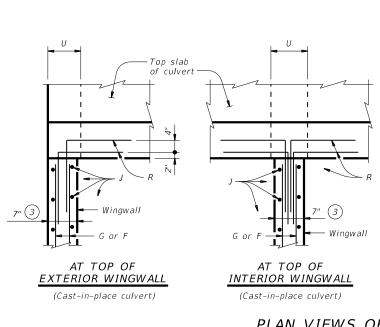
BOX CULVERT SUPPLEMENT WINGS AND END TREATMENTS

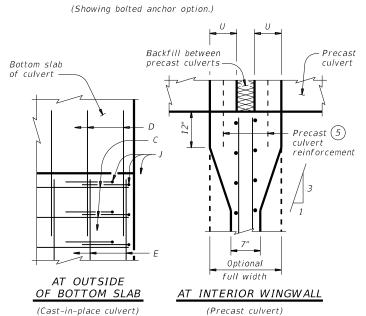
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Finished





Wingwali

-Typical cross pipe

saddle

Flow

Anchor

toewall

ISOMETRIC VIEW OF

TYPICAL INSTALLATION

pipe (Typ)

cross pipe

### PLAN VIEWS OF CORNER DETAILS

### TABLE OF REINFORCING BAR SIZES AND SPACING

Bar	Size	Spacing
С	#4	10" Max
D	#4	Match F and E
Е	#4	1'- 0" Max
F	#4	1'- 3" Max
G	#6	As shown
J	#4	10" Max
К	#4	1'- 0" Max
R	#4	As shown

- 1) Provide 6:1 or flatter slope.
- 2 O" Min to 5'-O" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures without railing and curbs taller than 1'-0", refer to Extended Curb Details the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet.
- Wingwall and slab thicknesses may be the same as the adjacent culvert wall and slab thicknesses (7" Minimum). If thicknesses greater than the minimum (7") are used, no changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed.
- (4) For vehicle safety, reduce height, if necessary, to provide a maximum 3" projection above finished grade No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- (5) For culverts with C = 0", the precast culvert reinforcing may extend 1'-0" minimum into wingwall. Wingwall bars D and R may be omitted. Otherwise, refer to the Wingwall Connection detail on the Box Culvert Precast Miscellaneous Details (SCP-MD) standard sheet.

### WING DIMENSION CALCULATIONS:

HW = H + T + C - 0.250Lw = (Hw - 0.250') (SL)For cast-in-place culverts: Atw = (N)(S) + (N + 1)(U)For precast culverts: Atw = (N) (2U + S) + (N - 1) (0.500')Total Wingwall Area (SF) = (0.5) (Hw + 0.250') (Lw) (N - 1) Total Concrete Volume (CY) = [(Wingwall Area) (0.583') + (Lw) (Atw) (0.583') + (Atw) (1.000') (1.167' - 0.583') + (27)Total Reinforcing (Lb) = (1.55) (Lw) (Atw) + (4.43) (Atw) +  $(K) (Hw) (N + 1) (\sqrt{Lw})$ 

> = Height of curb above top of top slab (feet) = Height of wingwall (feet) = Constant value for use in formulas Slope SL:1 6:1 ~ 10.41

Atw = Anchor toewall length (feet) = Length of wingwall (feet) = Number of culvert barrels

SL:1 = Side slope ratio (horizontal : 1 vertical)

See applicable box culvert standard for H, S,

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans Adjust reinforcing as necessary to provide a minimum clear cover

Provide Class "C" concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).

Provide pipe runners, cross pipes, and anchor pipes meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.
Provide ASTM A307 bolts.

Galvanize all steel components, except the concrete reinforcing, unless required elsewhere in the plans, after fabrication.

Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing."

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. The safety end treatments shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the

openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes.

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute,

The quantities for concrete, reinforcing steel, and cross pipes resulting from the formulas given herein are for Contractor's

information only.
See the Box Culvert Supplement (BCS) standard sheet for additional dimensions and information.

Alternate design drawings bearing the seal of a professional engineer will be acceptable for precast construction of the safety end treatments.

> Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.

### SHEET 1 OF 2



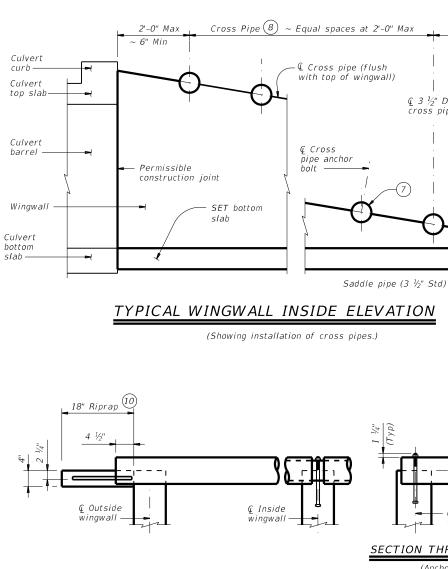
Bridge Division Standard

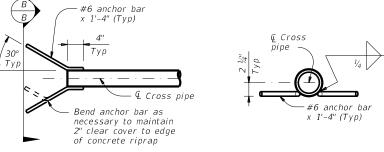
### SAFETY END TREATMENT

FOR BOX CULVERTS (MAXIMUM Hw = 7'-0")TYPE I ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

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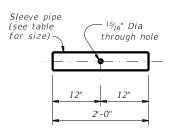




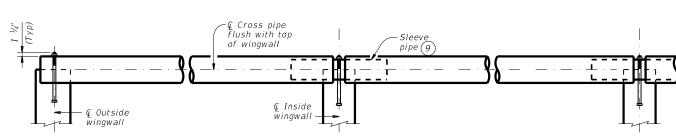
PART PLAN

SECTION B-B

### OPTIONAL ANCHOR BAR DETAILS

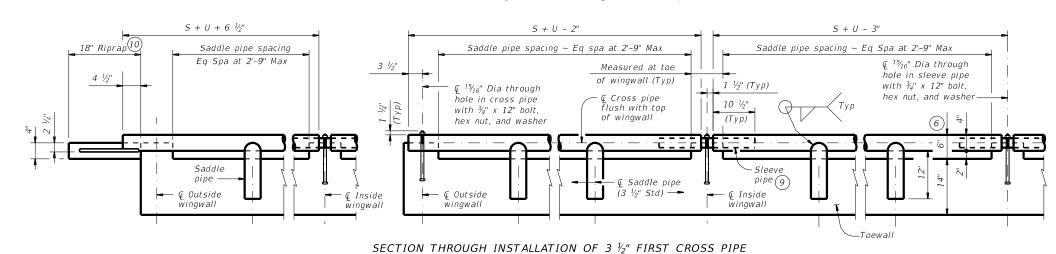


### **SLEEVE PIPE DETAILS** 9



### SECTION THROUGH INSTALLATION OF TYPICAL FULL CROSS PIPE

(Anchor details and dimensions are similar to those shown below in Section Through Installation of 3 ½" First Cross Pipe detail.)



€ 3 ½" Dia cross pipe 6 8

Top of

cross pipe (6)

OUTSIDE CULVERT BARREL WITH OPTIONAL ANCHOR BARS & RIPRAP OUTSIDE CULVERT BARREL WITH BOLTED ANCHOR

### CROSS PIPE INSTALLATION DETAILS

INSIDE CULVERT BARREL

	REQUIR	RED PIPE SI	ZES 8	STANDARD PIPE SIZES					
	Culvert Span Sizes	Cross Pipe Size	Sleeve Pipe Size (9)	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.			
ſ	First Pipe	3 ½" STD	2 ½" STD	2 ½" STD	2.875"	2.469"			
	30" to 42"	4" STD	3" STD	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"			
	48" to 72"	5" STD	4" STD	3 ½" STD	4.000"	3.548"			
	78" to 120"	6" STD	5" STD	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"			
•				5" STD	5.563"	5.047"			
				6" STD	6.625"	6.065"			

- (6) The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vechicle saftey. Place the top of the first cross pipe at no more than 6" above the flow line.
- 7 Always install the third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert using a bolted connection. Take care to ensure that concrete does not flow into this cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access.
- (8) Provide cross pipes and sleeve pipes (if required) as shown in the Required Pipe Sizes table. Provide 3 1#2" saddle pipes for the 3 1#2" first cross pipe.
- At Contractor's option, make the cross pipe continuous across the inside wingwalls. If this option is selected, omit the sleeve pipe and make a 15#16" diameter throughhole in the cross pipe to accept the anchor bolt at the centerline of each interior wingwall.
- 10 Provide riprap when using the Optional Anchor Bar details. Riprap is included in the bid price for Safety End Treatment. Provide riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap".

SHEET 2 OF 2



Division Standard

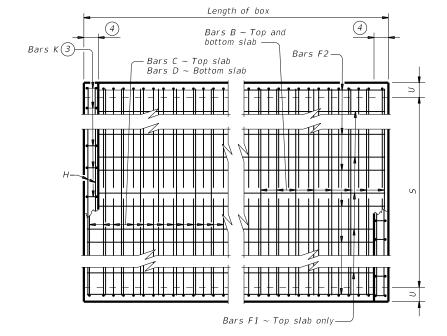
### SAFETY END TREATMENT

FOR BOX CULVERTS (MAXIMUM Hw = 7'-0") TYPE I ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

SETB-PD

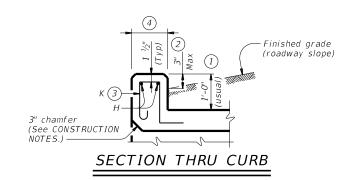
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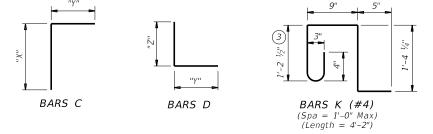
- Permissible joint (Typ) Construction joint (Typ)



### TYPICAL SECTION

### PLAN OF REINF STEEL





- 1 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0", refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- 2 For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
   For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above
- For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade.

  Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- For curbs less than 1'-0" high, tilt Bars K or reduce bar height as necessary to maintain cover. For curbs less than 3" high, Bars K may be omitted.
- 4 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elsewhere in the plans.

The Contractor may replace Bars B, C, D, E, F1, F2, M, Y, and/or Z with deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting the requirements of ASTM A1064. The area of required reinforcement may be reduced by the ratio of 60 ksi / 70 ksi. Spacing of WWR is limited to 4" Min and 18" Max. When required, provide lap splices in the WWR of the same length required for the equivalent bar size, rounded up for wire sizes between conventional bar sizes. The lap length required for WWR is never less than the lap length required for uncoated #4 bars.

Example conversion: Replacing No. 6 Gr 60 at 6" Spacing with WWR. Required WWR =  $(0.44 \text{ sq. in. per } 0.5 \text{ ft.}) \times (60 \text{ ksi} / 70 \text{ ksi}) = 0.755 \text{ sq. in. per ft.}$  If D30.6 wire is used to meet the 0.755 sq. in. per ft. requirement in this example, the required spacing = (0.306 sq. in.) / (0.755 sq. in. per ft.) x (12 in. per ft.) = 4.86" Max spacing. Required lap length for the provided D30.6 wire is 2'-1" (the same minimum lap length required for uncoated #5 bars, as listed under MATERIAL NOTES).

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Do not use permanent forms. Chamfer the bottom edge of the top slab 3" at the entrance.

Optionally, raise construction joints shown at the flow line by a maximum of 6". If this option is taken, Bars M may be cut off or raised, Bars C and D may be reversed.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans. Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) for culvert barrel and curb, with the following exceptions: provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of:

- culverts with 0-to-2 course surface treatment, or
   culverts with the top slab as the final riding surface.
- Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: • Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-8" Min
- Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-1" Min

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications for the range of fill heights shown.

See the Single Box Culverts Cast-In-Place Miscellaneous Detail (SCC-MD) standard sheet for details pertaining to skewed ends, angle sections, and lengthening.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

> HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

SINGLE BOX CULVERTS CAST-IN-PLACE 0' TO 30' FILL

SCC-3 & 4

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_	SECT IMENS		C	© 1H5			BILLS OF REINFORCING STEEL (For Box Length = 40 feet)										QUANTITIES																								
	TIVIENS	SIUNS	3	HEIC		В	ars B					Ва	rs C						Ва	rs D				Bar	s M ~ #	4	В	ars F1 ~ at 18" Sp	#4 a	В	ars F2 ~ at 18" S	- #4 pa	Bars 4 ~	Н #4	Bars K	Per	Foot Barrel	Cui	rb	To	tal
S	Н	Т	U	FILL	No.	Size Spa	Lengt	h Weigh	ht N	o. Size	Spa	Length	Weight	" X "	" Y "	No.	Size	Spa	Length	Weight	" ү "	" Z "	No.	Spa	Length	Weight	No.	Length	Wt	No.	Length	Weight	Length	Wt	No. W	t Conc (CY)	Reinf (Lb)	Conc (CY)	Reinf (Lb)	Conc (CY)	Reinf (Lb)
3' - 0"	2' - 0"	8"	7"	30'	108	#5 9"	3' - 1	1" 44	1 10	08 #4	! 9"	5' - 4''	385	2' - 6''	2' - 10"	108	#4	9"	5' - 1''	367	2' - 10''	2' - 3"	108	9"	2' - 0"	144	3	39' - 9"	80	19	39' - 9''	505	3' - 11'	10	10 28	8 0.292	48.1	0.3	38	12.0	1,960
3' - 0''	3' - 0''	8"	7"	30'	108	#5 9"	3' - 1	1" 44	1 10	08 #4	! 9"	6' - 4''	457	3' - 6''	2' - 10"	108	#4	9"	5' - 1''	367	2' - 10''	2' - 3"	108	9"	3' - 0''	216	3	39' - 9"	80	23	39' - 9''	611	3' - 11'	10	10 28	8 0.335	54.3	0.3	38	13.7	2,210
4' - 0''	2' - 0''	8"	7"	30'	108	#5 9"	4' - 1	1" 55	4 16	62 #4	! 6"	5' - 8''	613	2' - 6"	3' - 2"	162	#4	6"	5' - 5''	586	3' - 2"	2' - 3"	108	9"	2' - 0''	144	3	39' - 9"	80	21	39' - 9''	558	4' - 11'	13	12 33	3 0.342	63.4	0.4	46	14.1	2,581
4' - 0''	3' - 0''	8"	7"	30'	108	#5 9"	4' - 1	1" 55	4 16	62 #4	! 6"	6' - 8''	721	3' - 6''	3' - 2"	162	#4	6"	5' - 5''	586	3' - 2"	2' - 3"	108	9"	3' - 0"	216	3	39' - 9"	80	25	39' - 9''	664	4' - 11'	13	12 33	3 0.385	70.5	0.4	46	15.8	2,867
4' - 0''	4' - 0''	8"	7"	30'	108	#5 9"	4' - 1	1" 55	4 16	62 #4	6"	7' - 8''	830	4' - 6''	3' - 2"	162	#4	6"	5' - 5''	586	3' - 2"	2' - 3"	108	9"	4' - 0''	289	3	39' - 9"	80	25	39' - 9''	664	4' - 11'	13	12 3.	3 0.428	75.1	0.4	46	17.5	3,049

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

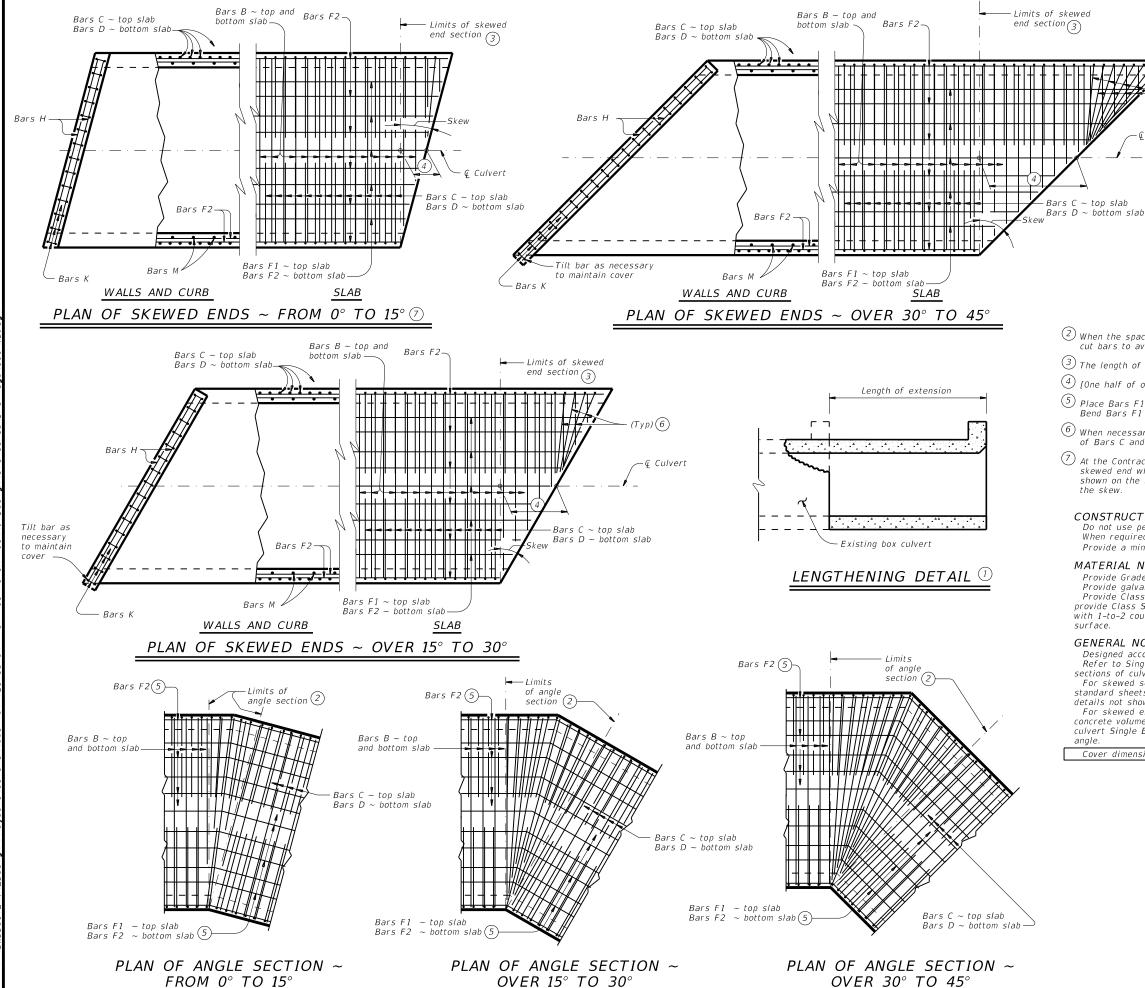
Bridge Division Standard

SINGLE BOX CULVERTS CAST-IN-PLACE 0' TO 30' FILL

SCC-3 & 4

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 $<sup>\</sup>bigcirc$  For direct traffic culverts (fill height  $\leq$  2 ft.), identify the required box size and select the option with the minimum fill height.



1) For skewed box culverts with less than 2'-0" of fill, break back the top slab to provide a 1'-10" minimum lap of the existing longitudinal bars with the longitudinal bars in the

For non-skewed box culverts with less than 2'-0" of fill and for skewed or non-skewed culverts with a fill depth of 2'-0" or greater, break back the top slab to provide a 1'-10" minimum lap of the existing longitudinal bars with the longitudinal bars in the extension. Alternatively, if the box non-skewed, embed #6 anchor bars with a Type III, C, D , E or F anchor adhesive into the existing walls, top and bottom slab at 1'-6" center-to-center spacing. Minimum embedment depth is 8". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 26.4 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval pric to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing. Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests." Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed.

Break back wings and apron as necessary to install the extension. Clean and extend the exposed wingwall and apron reinforcing into the extension. When lengthening existing box culverts with dimensions different than current standard dimensions, form horizontal and vertical transitions as directed by the Engineer. Match bottom slabs to maintain an uninterrupted flow line. Field bend existing and new reinforcing into transitions and maintain specified cover requirements. For top slabs of culverts with overlay, with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding surface, adjust the "H" dimension to provide a smooth riding surface.

- $\stackrel{ ext{\scriptsize (2)}}{ ext{\scriptsize When the spacing between Bars B becomes less than half of the normal spacing,}}$ cut bars to avoid conflict.
- $\stackrel{\textstyle \bigcirc}{3}$  The length of Bars B vary in the skewed end sections.
- 4 [One half of overall width] x [tangent of the skew angle]
- (5) Place Bars F1 and F2 continuously through the angle section. Bend Bars F1 and F2 to remain parallel to the walls of the box culvert
- 6 When necessary to avoid conflict in acute corners, shorten the slab extension leg of Bars C and Bars D to a minimum of 1'-6" for skews of 30° thru 45°.
- At the Contractor's option, for skews of 15° or less, place Bars B, C, and D parallel to the skewed end while maintaining spacing along centerline of box. Increase lengths of Bars B shown on the Single Box Culverts Cast-In-Place (SCC) standards sheets to accommodate

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

When required, lap Bars H 1'-8" for uncoated or galvanized bars. Provide a minimum of  $1 \frac{1}{2}$ " clear cover.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel, if required elsewhere in the plans Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) with these exceptions: provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of culverts with overlay,

with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding surface.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Refer to Single Box Culverts Cast-in-Place (SCC) standard sheets for details of straight

For skewed sections and angle sections, refer to Single Box Culverts Cast-in-Place (SCC) standard sheets for slab and wall dimensions, bar sizes, maximum bar spacing, and any other

For skewed ends with curbs, adjust length of Bars H, number of Bars K, curb concrete volume, and reinforcing steel weight by dividing the values shown on the culvert Single Box Culverts Cast-In-Place (SCC) standard sheets by the cosine of the skew

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

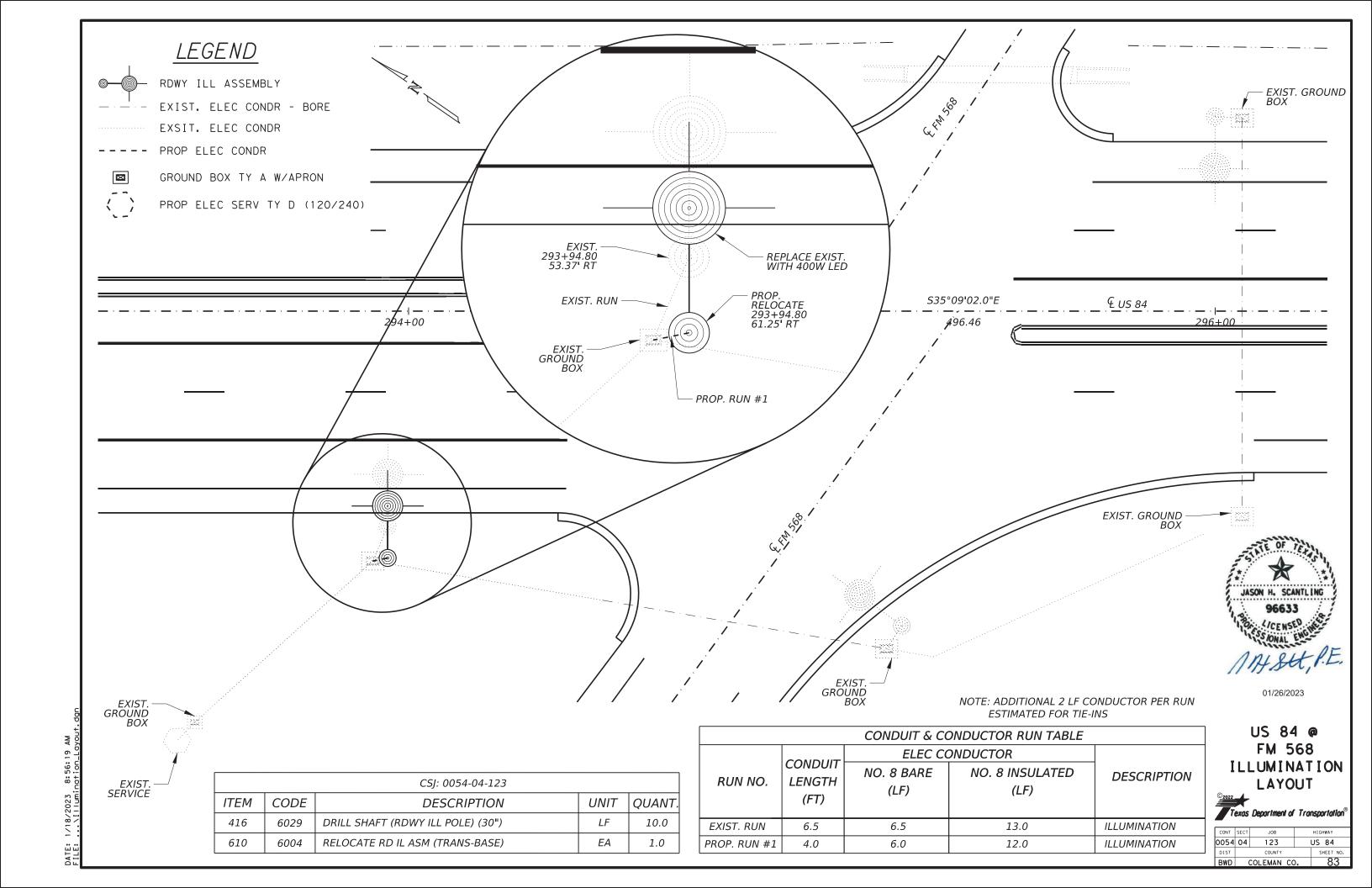
### HL93 LOADING



SINGLE BOX CULVERTS CAST-IN-PLACE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

SCC-MD

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### GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- 1. The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is  $\frac{1}{2}$  in, or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

### CONDUIT

### A. MATERIALS

- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies. Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- 2. Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" x 16" x 4"
#2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
#4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#8	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in. and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622. except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in, and larger conduits. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- 2. Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections.
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring."
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable form, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.

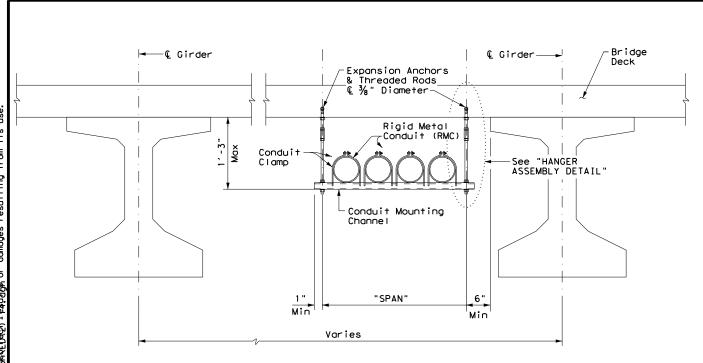


ELECTRICAL DETAILS **CONDUITS & NOTES** 

Division Standard

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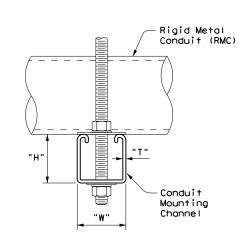
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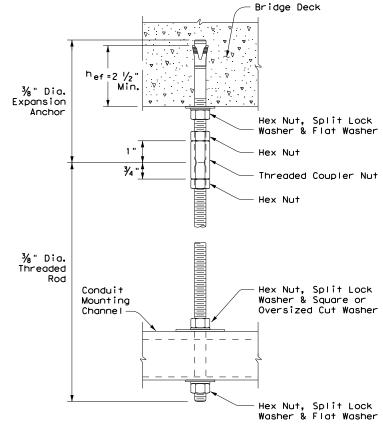


CONDUIT HANGING DETAIL

CONDUIT MOUNTING CHANNEL										
"SPAN"	"W" × "H"	"T"								
less than 2'	1 5/8" × 1 3/8"	12 Ga.								
2'-0" to 2'-6"	1	12 Ga.								
>2'-6" to 3'-0"	1 5/8" × 2 1/6"	12 Ga.								

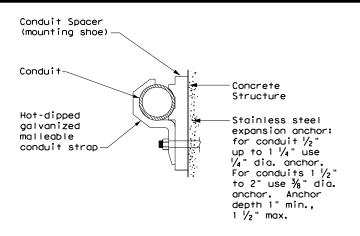
Channels with round or short slotted hole patterns are allowed, if the load carrying capacity is not reduced by more than 15%.

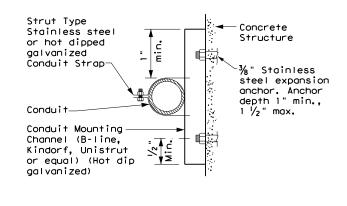




HANGER ASSEMBLY DETAIL

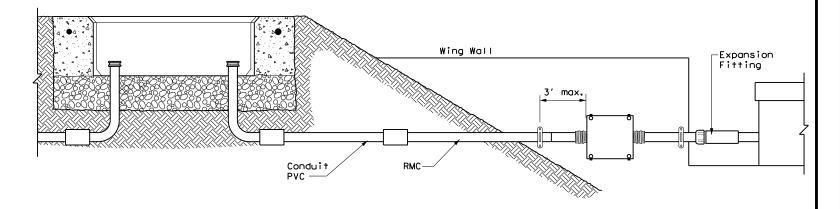
ELECTRIC CONDUIT TO BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT





### CONDUIT MOUNTING OPTIONS

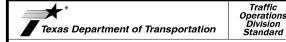
Attachment to concrete surfaces See ED(1)B.2



TYPICAL CONDUIT ENTRY TO BRIDGE STRUCTURE DETAIL

### EXPANSION ANCHOR NOTES FOR BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT

- Use torque controlled mechanical expansion anchors that are approved for use in cracked concrete by the International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES). The chosen anchor product shall have a designated ICC-ES Evaluation Report number, and its approval status shall be maintained on the ICC-ES website under Division 031600 for Concrete Anchors.
- Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer: do not use adhesive anchors; do not use expansion anchors that are not included in the ICC-ES approval list; and do not use expansion anchors that are only approved for use in uncracked concrete.
- 3. Use anchors manufactured with stainless steel expansion wedges. Anchors manufactured with carbon steel expansion wedges are not allowed. Anchor bodies can be either zinc-plated carbon steel or stainless steel. For application in marine environment, both the anchor body and expansion wedge shall be stainless steel.
- 4. Install anchors as shown on the plans and in accordance with the anchor manufacturer's published installation instructions. Arrange a field demonstration test to evaluate the procedures and tools. The test shall be witnessed and approved by the Engineer prior to furnishing anchors on the structure.
- 5. Prior to hole drilling, use rebar locator to ensure clearing of existing deck strands or reinforcement. Install anchors to ensure a minimum effective embedment depth, (hef), as shown. Increase (hef) as needed to ensure sufficient thread length for proper torqueing and tightening of anchors.
- 6. Use anchors of minimum 1600 Lbs tensile capacity (minimum of steel, concrete breakout, and concrete pullout strengths as determined by ACI 318 Appendix D) at the required minimum embedment depth (<sup>h</sup>ef). No lateral loads shall be introduced after conduit installation.



# ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUIT SUPPORTS

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- Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the
- Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag
- Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use not melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- 9. Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a sinale connector. unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.

### C. TEMPORARY WIRING

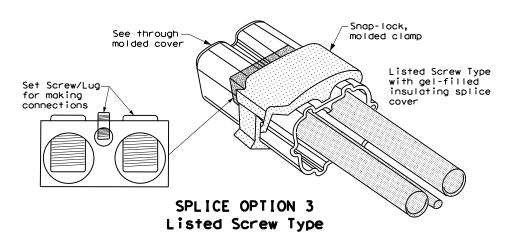
- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- 3. Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- 5. Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with

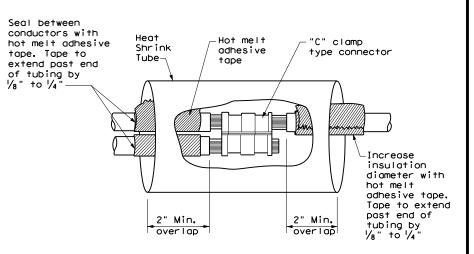
### GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

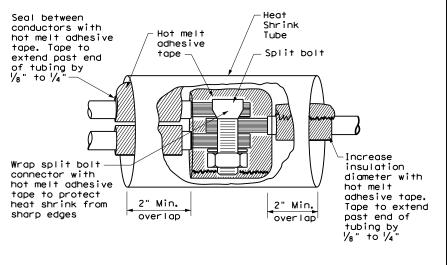
### B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- 3. Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- 5. Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.

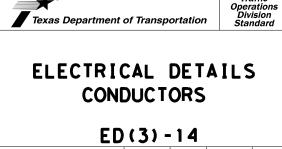




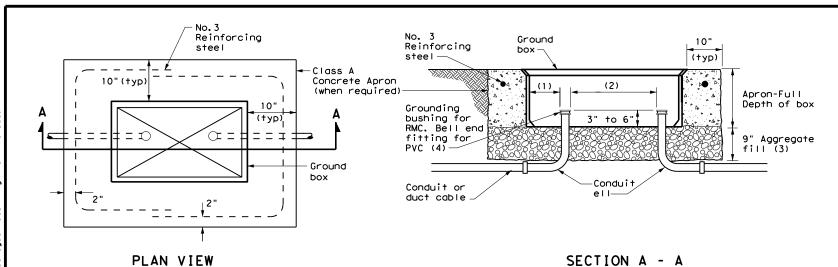
### SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type



SPLICE OPTION 2 Split Bolt Type



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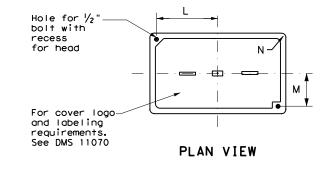


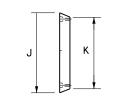
### APRON FOR GROUND BOX

- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

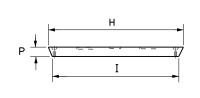
GROU	ND BOX DIMENSIONS
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)
Α	12 X 23 X 11
В	12 X 23 X 22
С	16 X 29 X 11
D	16 X 29 X 22
E	12 X 23 X 17

	GROL	JND BO	ох со	VER D	IMENS	IONS						
TYPE	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)											
ITPE	Н	I	J	К	L	М	N	Р				
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 ½	9 %	5 1/8	1 3/8	2				
C & D	30 ½	30 1/4	17 ½	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 ¾	1 3/8	2				





**END** 



SIDE

GROUND BOX COVER

### **GROUND BOXES**

- A. MATERIALS
- Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of aggregate.
- Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth
  of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed
  under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are
  subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground boxes.
- 4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.
- 11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# GROUND BOXES

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		DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		BWD	COLEMAN CO.				87

### **ELECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES**

- 1.Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.
- 2. Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services, "DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.
- Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.
- 4. Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5. The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed #2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock #2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock #2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6. Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8. Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red, black, and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9. All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately.
- 10. Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the  $V_2$  in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that particular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- 11. Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 13. For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 ½ in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating.
- 14. When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 ½ in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket.
- 15. Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

### SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

- 1. Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure.
- 2. Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3. Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not paint stainless steel.
- 4. Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

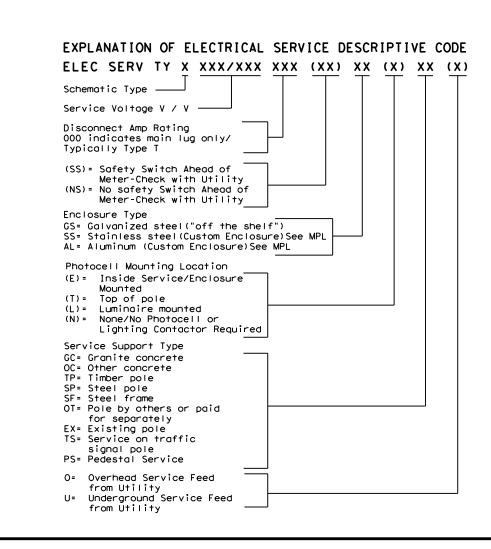
### MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

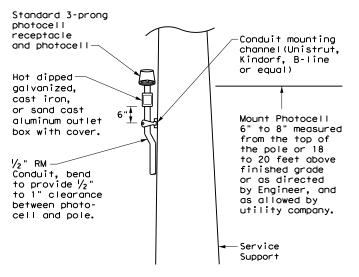
- 1. Field drill flange-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions.
- 2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA, verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

### PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

1. Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.

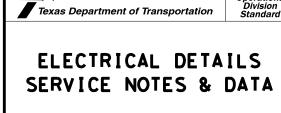
### \* ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA Plan Service Service Safety Main Two-Pole Pane Ibd/ Branch KVA Service Shee-Electrical Service Description Conduit Conductors Switch Ckt. Bkr Contractor oadcente Circuit Ckt. Bkr. ircui Load ΙD Number \*\*Size No./Size Amps Pole/Amps Amps Amp Rating ΙD Pole/Amps Amps





### TOP MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

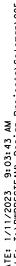
Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.

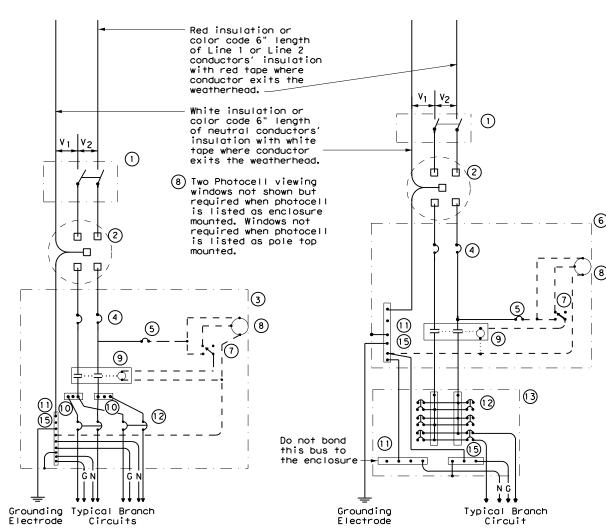


Operation

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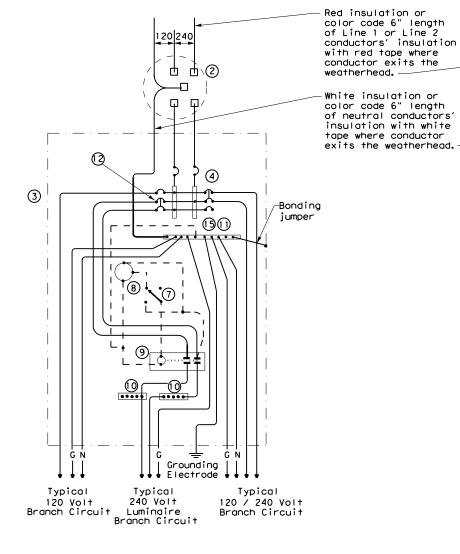




SCHEMATIC TYPE A THREE WIRE

SCHEMATIC TYPE C THREE WIRE

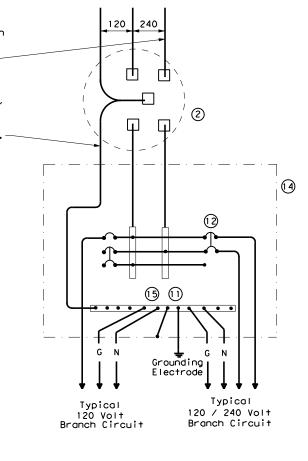
TYPE C IRE



SCHEMATIC TYPE D - CUSTOM 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

WIRING LEGEND			
Power Wiring			
Control Wiring			
Neutral Conductor			
Equipment grounding conductor-always required			

SCHEMATIC LEGEND								
1	Safety Switch (when required)							
2	Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider)							
3	Service Assembly Enclosure							
4	Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)							
5	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit)							
6	Auxiliary Enclosure							
7	Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)							
8	Photo Electric Control (enclosure-mounted shown)							
9	Lighting Contactor							
10	Power Distribution Terminal Blocks							
11	Neutral Bus							
12	Branch Circuit Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)							
13	Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard							
14	Load Center							
15	Ground Bus							



### SCHEMATIC TYPE T

### 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Galvanized steel-"Buy Off The Shelf" only. When required install photocell top of the pole or on luminaire only, no lighting contractor will be installed.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

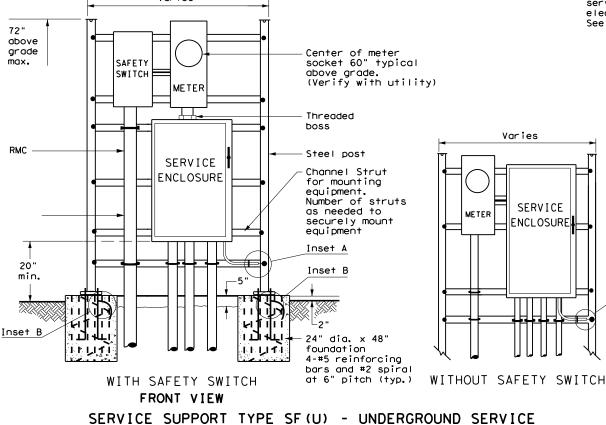
ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES

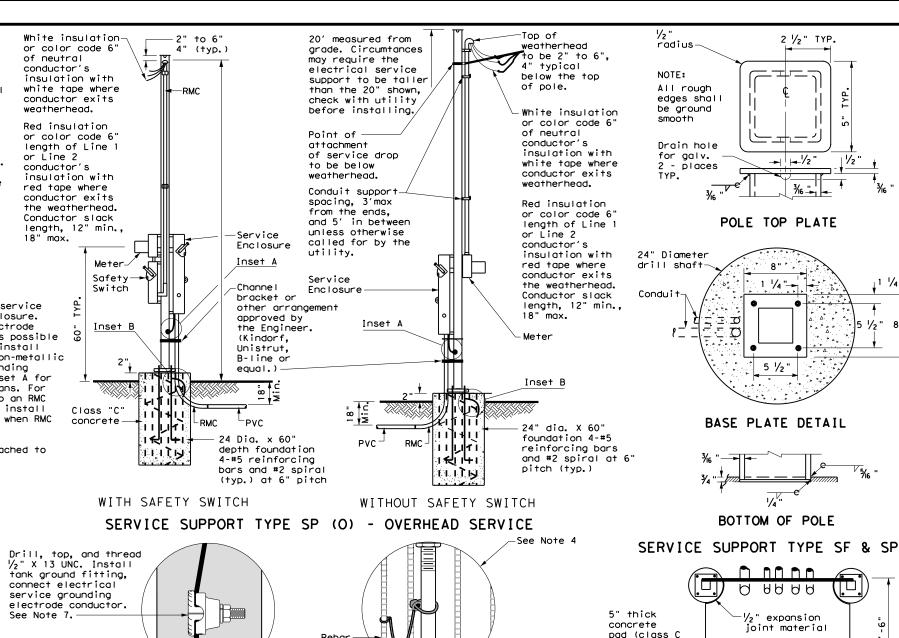
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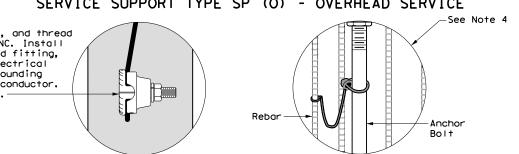
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deep Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal. Bolt or weld all channel and hardware to vertical members as approved. Do not stack channel. File smooth and paint field cut ends of all channel with zinc-rich paint before installing.

- 2. Provide poles for overhead service with an eyebolt or similar fitting for attachment of the service drop to the pole in conformance with the electric utility provider's specifications.
- 3. Provide and install galvanized  $\frac{y_4}{4}$  in. x 18 in. x 4 in. (dia. x length x hook length) anchor bolts for underground service supports. Provide and install galvanized  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. x  $\frac{5}{6}$  in. x 4 in. anchor bolts for overhead service supports. Ensure anchor bolts have 3 in of thread, with  $3 \frac{1}{4}$  in, to  $3 \frac{1}{2}$  in, of the exposed anchor bolt projecting above finished foundation. Provide and install leveling nuts for all anchor bolts.
- 4. Bond one of the anchor bolts to the rebar cage with 6 AWG bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See Inset B.
- 5.Furnish and install rigid metallic ells in all steel pole and steel frame foundations for all conduits entering the service from underground.
- 6.Use class C concrete for foundations. Ensure reinforcing steel is Grade 60 with 3" of unobstructed concrete cover.
- 7. Drill and tap steel poles and frames for  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. For steel pole service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. For steel frame service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting on steel frame post. Install service grounding electrode conductor in a non-metallic conduit or tubing from the enclosure to the steel frame post. Connect electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. See steel frame and steel pole details and Inset Å for more information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans. For underground conduit runs from the electrical service, extend RMC from the service enclosure to an RMC elbow, and then connect the schedule type and size of conduit shown in the plans. Provide and install grounding bushings where RMC terminates in the enclosure. Grounding bushings are not required when RMC is fitted into a sealing hub or threaded boss.
- 8. If Steel pole or frame is painted, bond each separate painted piece with a bonding jumper attached to a tapped hole.
- 9. Provide  $\frac{1}{4}$ " 20 machine screws for bonding. Do not use sheet metal screws. Remove all nonconductive material at contact points. Terminate bonding jumpers with listed devices. Install minimum size 6 AWG stranded copper bonding jumpers. Make up all threaded bonding connections wrench tight.
- 10. Avoid contact of the service drop and service entrance conductors with the metal pole to prevent abrasion of the insulated conductors.
- 11. Shop drawings are not required for service support structure unless specifically stated elsewhere or directed by the Engineer.







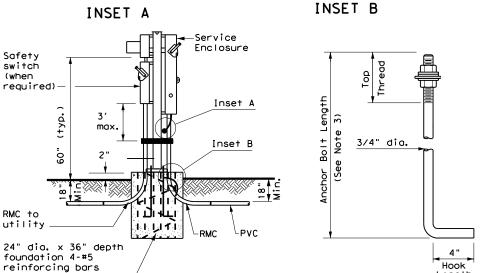
FRONT VIEW

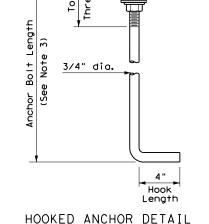
WITH SAFETY SWITCH

Inset A

and #2 spiral

(typ.) at 6" pitch





SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SP(U) - UNDERGROUND SERVICE

wire mesh) Dimension varies, install only as wide as required to accommodate equipment TOP VIEW SERVICE SUPPORT TY SF (0) & SF (U) Texas Department of Transportation

concrete and

6" X 6" #6

ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE SUPPORT TYPES SF & SP

2 1/2" TYP.

**→** /<del>-</del> //2 '

POLE TOP PLATE

. 1 1/4 "--

5 ½"

BASE PLATE DETAIL

BOTTOM OF POLE

expansion

ioint material

| 1/2 "

1 1/4

Operation

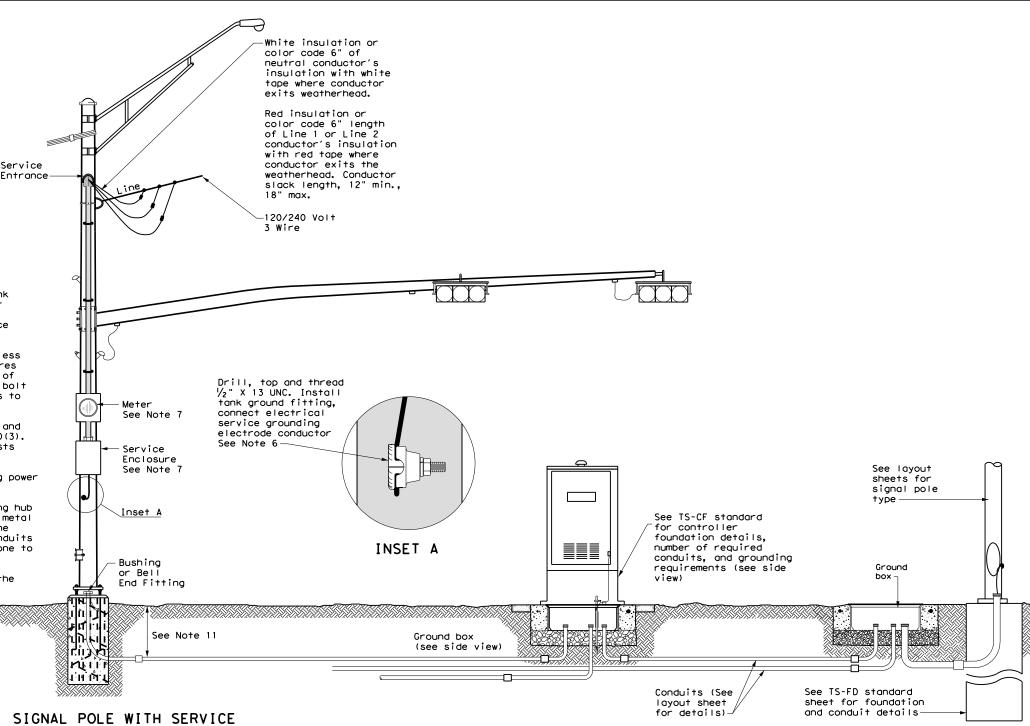
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### TRAFFIC SIGNAL NOTES

- 1. Do not pass luminaire conductors through the signal controller cabinet.
- 2. Include an equipment grounding conductor in all conduits throughout the electrical system. Bond all exposed metal parts to the grounding
- 3. Provide roadway luminaires, when required, in accordance with the material and construction sections of Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies," except for performance testing of luminaires. Test installed roadway luminaires for proper operation as a part of the associated traffic signal system test.
- 4. If internally illuminated street name signs are approved for use, ground the fixture to the pole with a 12 AWG green XHHW conductor.
- Bond anchor bolts to rebar cage in two locations using #3 bars or 6 AWG stranded copper conductors. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See TXDOT standard TS-FD for further
- 6. Drill and tap signal poles for  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. Provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. directly below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Connect the electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. See Inset A detail for further information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans.
- 7. Mount electrical service enclosure and meter to signal pole with stainless steel bands. Ensure bands are a minimum width of  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. Secure enclosures to bands using two-bolt brackets. Install brackets near top and bottom of each enclosure. Install properly sized stainless steel washers on each bolt in the enclosure. Band or drill and tap properly sized stand-off straps to signal pole for attaching conduit.
- 8. Conduct pull tests and insulation resistance tests on all illumination and power conductors as required in Item 620 "Electrical Conductors" and ED(3). To prevent electronics damage, do not conduct insulation resistance tests on traffic signal cables after termination.
- 9. Lock all enclosures and bolt down all ground box covers before applying power to the signal installation.
- 10. Terminate conduits entering the top of enclosures with a conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss such as meter hub. Install a grounding bushing on all metal conduits not connected to conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss. Bond the grounding bushing to the ground bus with a bonding jumper. Seal all conduits entering enclosures with duct seal or expanding foam. Do not use silicone to seal conduit ends.
- 11. For all conduits, ensure the burial depth is a minimum of 18". Ensure the minimum burial depth for conduit placed under a roadway is 24".



SIGNAL POLE WITH SERVICE

Type T electrical service mounted on signal pole shown as an example. See electrical details, layout sheets, and electrical service data chart for

SIGNAL CONTROLLER FRONT VIEW

SIGNAL POLE

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operation: Division Standard

ELECTRICAL DETAILS TYPICAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM DETAILS

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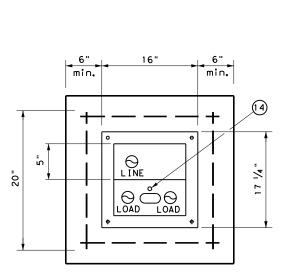
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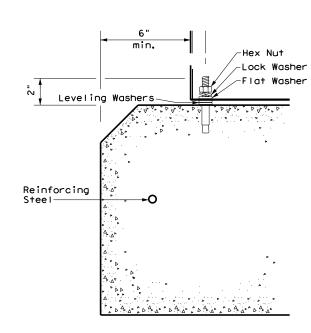
SIGNAL CONTROLLER SIDE VIEW

See TS-CF standard for conduit and grounding requirements. See layout sheets for ground box locations and any additional conduits that are required.

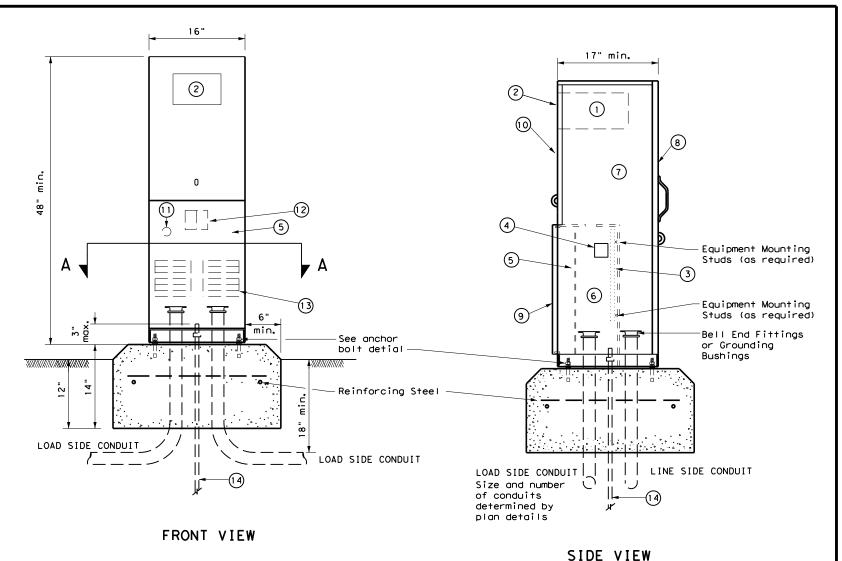
### PEDESTAL SERVICE NOTES

- 1. Manufacture pedestal electrical services in accordance with Departmental Material Specifications (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services", 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)" and Item 628 "Electrical Services. "Provide pedestal electrical services as listed on the Material Producers list (MPL) on the Department's web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services meet utility company specifications. Contact the local utility company for approval of pedestal details prior to installing the electrical pedestal service. Submit any changes required by the utility company prior to manufacturing the pedestal enclosure.
- 2. When a meter socket is required, provide a socket with a minimum 100 amp rating that complies with local utility requirements.
- 3. Provide Class A or C concrete for pedestal service foundations in accordance with Item 420, "Concrete Substructures," except that concrete will not be paid for directly but is considered subsidiary to Item 628.
- 4. Provide #4 reinforcing steel for foundations in accordance with Item 440, "Reinforcement for Concrete."
- 5. Install  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. X 2  $\frac{1}{16}$  in. minimum length concrete single expansion type anchors for mounting pedestal enclosure to foundation. Anchor location to match mounting holes in each corner of enclosure. Secure each of the four corners of the pedestal enclosure to the anchors in the foundation with a  $\frac{1}{2}$  in, galvanized or stainless steel machine thread bolt, a properly sized locknut and a flat washer.
- 6. Finish top of concrete foundation in a neat and workmanlike manner. If leveling washers are used, ensure no more than  $\frac{1}{8}$  in. gap at any corner. Do not exceed a maximum dip or rise in the foundation of  $\frac{1}{8}$  in. per foot. When properly installed, ensure the top of the service enclosure is level front to back and side to side within  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. Repair rocking or movement of the service enclosure at no additional cost to the department.
- 7. Do not use liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) on pedestal type services.
- 8. Ensure all elbows in the foundation are sized as per utility provider's conduit requirements for underground conduit and feeders. PVC extensions may be installed provided the ends of the rigid metal conduits are more than 2 in. below the top of the concrete foundation. Where extension conduits are metal, grounding bushings must be installed with a bonding jumper properly terminated.





SECTION A-A ANCHOR BOLT DETAIL



TYPE C shown, TYPE A similar except that TYPE A shall have individual circuit breakers (CB) mounted on an equipment mounting panel. CB Handles shall protrude through hinged deadfront trim.

	LEGEND							
1	Meter Socket, (when required) Meter Socket Window, (when required) Equipment Mounting Panel							
2								
3								
4	Photo Electric Control Window, (When required)							
5	3-1-1-1-1							
6								
7	Line Side Conduit Area							
8	Utility Access Door, with handle							
9	Pedestal Door							
10	Hinged Meter Access							
11								
12								
13	Branch Circuit Breakers							
14	Copper Clad Ground Rod - 5/8" X 10'							



Traffic Operations Division Standard

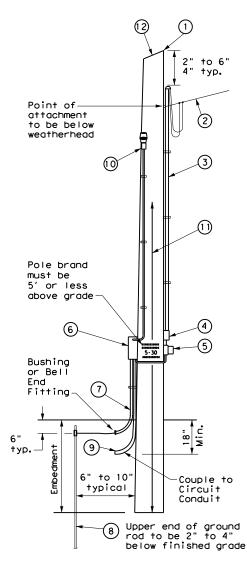
ELECTRICAL DETAILS
ELECTRICAL SERVICE SUPPORT
PEDESTAL SERVICE TYPE PS

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### TIMBER POLE (TP) SERVICE SUPPORT NOTES

- Ensure electrical service support is a class 5 treated timber pole as per Item 627 "Treated Timber Poles." Embed timber pole to depth required in Item 627.
- Conduit and electrical conductors attached to the electrical service pole and underground within 12 in. of service pole are not paid for directly but are subsidiary to the electrial service.
- 3. Install pole-top mounted photocell (T) on north side of pole, or in service enclosure (E) as required. See Electrical Service Data chart in plan set.
- 4. Gain pole as required to provide flat surface for each channel. Gain timber pole to  $\frac{1}{18}$  in. max. depth and 1  $\frac{1}{18}$  in. max. height. Gain pole in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- 5. Mount meter and service equipment on stainless steel or galvanized channel (Unistrut, Kindorf, or equal). Provide channel sized 1 in. to  $3\,\frac{3}{4}$  i maximum depth, and  $1\!\frac{1}{2}$  in. to  $1\!\frac{5}{6}$  in. maximum width. File smooth the cut ends of galvanized channel and paint with zinc rich paint before installing on pole. Secure each channel section to timber pole with two galvanized or SS lag bolts,  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. minimum diameter by  $1\!\frac{1}{2}$  in. minimum length. Use a galvanized or SS flat washer on each lag bolt. Do not stack channel.
- When excess length must be trimmed from poles, trim from the top end only.
- (1) Class 5 pole, height as required
- ② Service drop from utility company (attached below weatherhead)
- 3 Service conduit (RMC) and service entrance conductors One Red, One Black, One White (See Electrical Service Data)
- (4) Safety switch (when required)
- (5) Meter (when required)
- (6) Service enclosure
- (7) 6 AWG bare grounding electrode conductor in ½ in. PVC to ground rod extend ½ in. PVC 6 in. underground.
- (8) % in. x 8 ft. Copper clad ground rod - drive ground rod to a depth of 2 in. to 4 in. below grade.
- RMC same size as branch circuit conduit.
- See pole-top mounted photocell detail on ED(5).
- (1) When required by the serving utility provide bare 6 AWG copper conductor. Run wire from pole top to butt wrap or copper butt plate. Protect conductor with non-conductive material to a height of 8 ft. above finished grade.
- (2) When required by utility, cut top of pole at an angle to enhance rain run off.

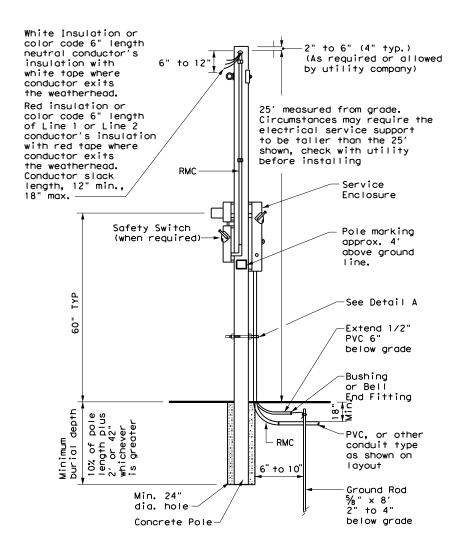


### SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE TP (0)

### GRANITE CONCRETE (GC) & OTHER CONCRETE (OC) NOTES

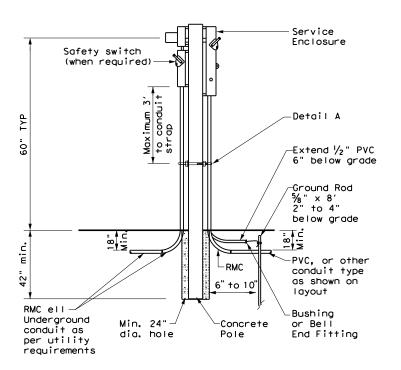
Ensure electrical service support structures bid as type Granite Concrete (GC) or Other Concrete (OC) meet the following requirements.

- Provide GC and OC poles that meet the requirements of DMS 11080 "Electrical Services."
- Provide prestressed concrete poles suitable for direct embedment into the ground without special foundations.
- 3. Verify poles are marked as required on DMS 11080. Location of marking should be approximately 4' above final grade. Use the two-point pickup locations when handling pole in horizontal position, and one-point pickup location for use in raising the pole to a vertical position. These marks are small but conspicuous.
- 4. Embed poles 42 in. or 10% of the length plus 2 ft., whichever is greater.
- Ensure all installation details of services are in accordance with utility company specifications.
- Install a one point rack or eye bolt bracket 6 inches to 12 inches below the weatherhead as an overhead service drop anchoring point for the electric utility.
- 7. Furnish and install galvanized or stainless steel channel strut 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. or 1  $\frac{5}{6}$  in. wide by 1 in. up to 3  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. deep (Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal). Attach channel strut with stainless steel concrete anchors (max. 1" depth), square U-bolts or back to back channel strut with long bolts, or other secure mounting as approved by the Engineer. Ensure bolts are galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153. Do not stack channel struts.
- 8. Backfill the holes thoroughly by tamping in 6 in. lifts. After tamping to grade, place additional backfill material in a 6 inch high cone around the pole to allow for settling. Use material equal in composition and density to the surrounding area. Backfilling will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to various bid items.



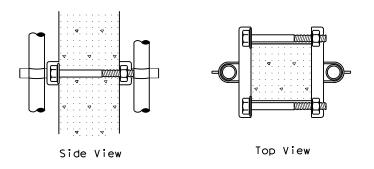
### CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Overhead(0)



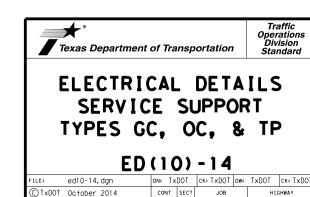
### CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Underground(U)



### DETAIL A

See Note 7. Before installing channel that has been cut, file sharp edges and paint with zinc-rich paint. Ensure there is no paint splatter on the pole.



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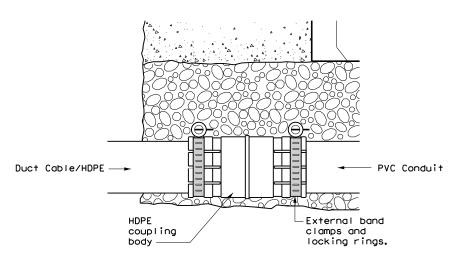
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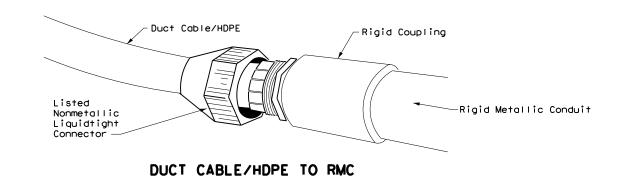
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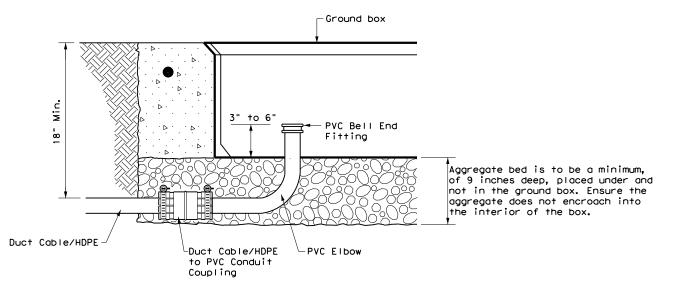
### DUCT CABLE & HDPE CONDUIT NOTES

- Provide duct cable in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11060
  "Duct Cable" and Item 622 "Duct Cable." Provide duct cable as listed on the Material
  Producer List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical
  Supplies" Item 622.
- Provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit in accordance with DMS 11060 and Item 618, "Conduit." Provide HDPE as listed on the MPL on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 618.
- 3. Supply duct cable with a minimum 2 in. diameter, unless otherwise shown in the plans. Provide duct cable and HDPE conduit as shown by descriptive code or on the plans. Bend duct cable and HDPE conduit as recommended by the manufacturer, with a minimum bending radius of 26 in. for 2 in. duct. Follow manufacturers' recommendations when handling duct cable and HDPE conduit reels and during installation of duct cable and HDPE conduit.
- 4. Do not splice conductors within duct cable or HDPE conduit. Couple duct cable and HDPE entering a ground box or foundation to a PVC elbow. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18" from possible contact, ground the RMC elbow.
- 5. Furnish and install duct cable with factory installed conductors, sized as shown in the plans and as required by the National Electrical Code (NEC). The NEC contains specific requirements for duct cable in Article, "Nonmetallic Underground Conduit with Conductors: Type NUCC."
- 6. When conduit casing is called for in the plans, extend duct cable or HDPE conduit through the conduit casing in one continuous length without connection to the casing.
- 7. Seal the ends of duct cable or HDPE conduit with duct seal, expandable foam, or other approved method after completing the pull tests required by Item 622.
- 8. Provide minimum cover of 24 in. under roadways, 18 in. in other locations, or as shown on the plans.
- 9. Furnish and install listed fittings to couple duct cable or HDPE conduit to other types of conduit. Duct cable and HDPE conduit may be field-threaded and spliced with PVC or RMC threaded couplings; connected with listed tie-wrap fittings; connected using listed coupling made of HDPE with stainless steel external banding clamps and locking rings; connected with approved electrofusion conduit couplings; or connected using an approved chemical fusion method using an epoxy or adhesive specifically designed for HDPE couplings and connectors all installed in accordance with their manufacturer's instructions. Do not use PVC glue on HDPE. Do not use water pipe fittings, or connect conduit with heat shrink tubing.



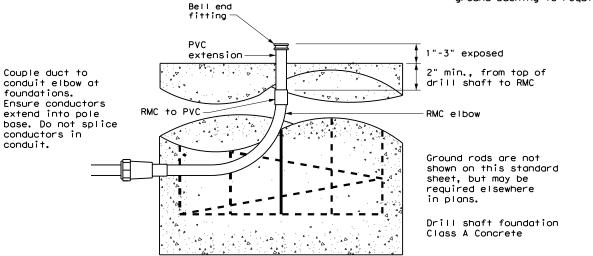
### DUCT CABLE/HDPE TO PVC



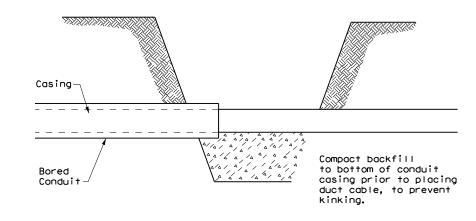


### DUCT CABLE/HDPE AT GROUND BOX

When the upper end of an RMC EII does not enter the ground box, it may be extended with a SCH-40 PVC conduit nipple and bell end, provided there is a minimum of 18" of cover over all parts of the elbow. If not, a rigid extension and ground bushing is required.



### DUCT CABLE / HDPE AT FOUNDATION



BORE PIT DETAIL



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# DUCT CABLE/ HDPE CONDUIT

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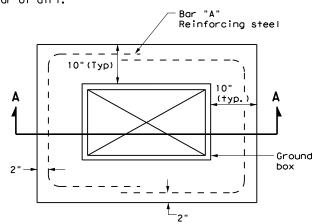
### BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES NOTES

### A. MATERIALS

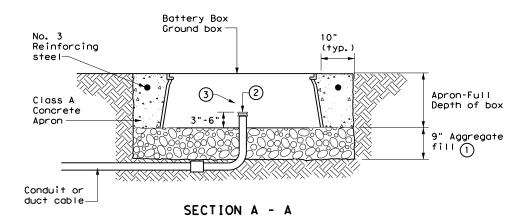
- Provide polymer concrete or fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) battery box ground box and cover in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11071 "Battery Box Ground Boxes." Battery box will accommodate up to 4 batteries, each measuring 8 in. x 13.5 in. x 10 in. (W x L x D). Label battery box ground box cover in accordance with DMS 11071.
- 2. Supply a marine grade batteries with covers. Secure the marine grade batteries with covers to the stainless steel rack in the bottom of the ground box with tie down straps.

### B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Ensure conduit entry will not interfere with placement of the batteries in the battery box ground box.
- 2. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting bottery box ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure the aggregate bed is in place and is a minimum of 9 in, deep prior to setting the box. Install battery box ground box on top of aggregate.
- 3. Cast battery box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Battery box ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to battery box ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 4. Bolt covers down when not working in battery box ground boxes. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt.

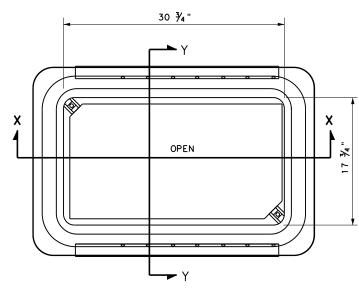


### PLAN VIEW

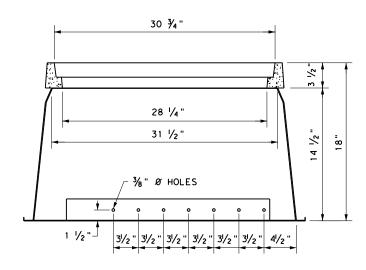


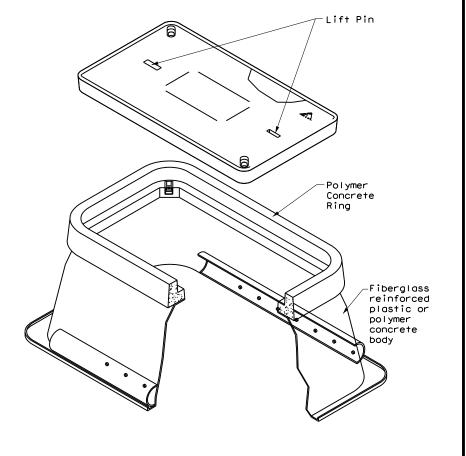
### APRON FOR BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES

- 1) Place aggregate under the box and not in the box.
  Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume
- 2 Install bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all ells.
- (3) Install all conduits in a neat and workmanlike manner.

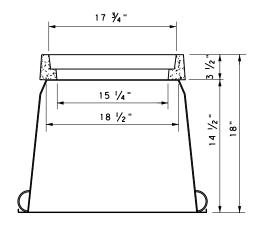


BATTERY BOX TOP VIEW





SECTION X-X



SECTION Y-Y



BATTERY BOX
GROUND BOXES

Traffic Operations Division Standard

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### ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY NOTES

- 1. Details apply to roadway lighting installations bid or referenced under Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies." Provide, furnish, and install all other materials not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper construction. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the State such warranties or quarantees.
- 2. The locations of poles and fixtures may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association, Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection.
- 4. Provide Roadway Illumination Light Fixtures as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11010, Item 610, and as shown on the Material Producers List (MPL) for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies.
- 5. Fabricate steel roadway illumination poles in accordance with Roadway Illumination Poles (RIP) standards and Item 610. Poles fabricated according to RIP standards do not require shop drawing submittals.
  - a. Alternate designs to RIP standards or the use of aluminum to fabricate poles will require the submission of shop drawings electronically. For instructions on submitting shop drawings electronically see "Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal" on the TxDOT web site.
  - b. Limitations on use of the RIP standard: The RIP standard details were developed for installations in locations where the 3-second gust basic maximum wind speed is 110 mph, and where the elevation of the base of the pole is less than (i.e. not more than) 25' above the elevation of the surrounding terrain, in accordance with the "AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals," 6th Edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For poles to be installed in regions where the maximum basic wind speed exceeds 110 mph or to be mounted more than 25' above the surrounding terrain, provide poles meeting the following requirements:
    - i. Submittals. Following the electronic shop drawing submittal process (see Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal on the TxDOT web site), submit to the Engineer for approval fabrication drawings and calculations for the poles, sealed by a Texas licensed professional engineer (P.E.).
    - ii. Luminaire Structural Support Requirements. Provide light poles, arms, and anchor bolt assemblies with a 25 year design life to safely resist dead loads, ice loads and the required basic wind speeds at the location of installation in accordance with the 6th edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For transformer base poles, include transformer base and connecting hardware in calculations and shop drawing submittals. Structurally test all transformer bases to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Submit certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished with the shop drawings. Show breakaway base model number, manufacturer's name, and logo on shop drawings. Include on manufacturer's shop drawings the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.
- 6. For both transformer and shoe-base type illumination poles, provide and install double-pole breakaway fuse holders as specified by DMS-11040. Breakaway fuse holders are listed on the MPL for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies under Items 610 & 620. Provide 10 amp time delay fuses for breakaway connectors in light poles, or inside the light fixture for underpass luminaires. In each pole, connect luminaires to the breakaway connector with continuous stranded 12 AWG copper conductors as listed on the MPL. Bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground lug in the transformer base or hand hole.
- 7. Tighten anchor bolts for shoe base, concrete traffic barrier base, and bridge mount roadway illumination poles, in accordance with Item 449.
- 8. Install T-Base with following procedure:
  - a. Anchor Bolt Tightening.
    - i. Coat the threads of the anchor bolts with electrically conductive lubricant.
    - ii. Place the T-base over the anchor bolts. Foundation must be level and flat. The maximum permissible gap under any one corner of the t-base is 1/8" before nuts are tightened.
    - iii.Coat the bearing surfaces of the nuts and washers with electrically conductive lubricant. Install (1) 1/2" hold down washer, (1) lock washer, and (1) nut on each anchor bolt. Turn the nuts onto the bolts so that each is hand-tight against the washer.
    - iv. Using a torque wrench, tighten each nut to 150 ft-lb. Uniform contact is required between the foundation and the T-base in the corner regions of the T-base, and all corner gaps must be closed after applying torque. If a gap still exists after torquing to 150 ft-lbs, continue torquing each bolt incrementally until gap is closed or maximum allowable torque of 250 ft. pound is reached, whichever comes first. If 250 ft-lbs is not enough to close the gap the foundation must be leveled. Gaps along the straight sides of the T-bases and the foundation are permissible. Ensure that no high point of contact occurs between the straight sides of the T-base and the
    - v. Check top of T-base for level. If not level then foundation must be leveled.
  - b. Top Bolt Procedure
    - i. Erect pole over T-base with crane. Coat bolts, nuts, washers, and lock washers with electrically conductive

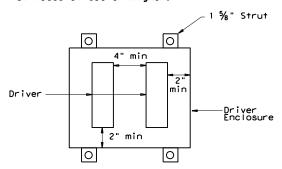
- ii. Install bolts and 1/2" connecting washers from the inside of the T-base, thread up through the pole base. Install flat washers, lock washers and nuts snug tight according to Item 447, "Structural Bolting."
- iii. Tighten each nut to 150 ft-Ib. using a torque wrench.
- c. Level and Plumb
  - i. Ensure pole is plumb and mast arm is perpendicular to the roadway according to plans to within 5
- 9. Construct luminaire pole foundations in accordance with Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations," and TxDOT standard sheet RID(2).
- 10. Provide and install underpass luminaires in accordance with Item 610, DMS-11010, and TxDOT standard sheet RID(3). Typical luminaire size for underpass luminaires is 150W HPS or 150W EQ LED.
- 11. Mount luminaires on arms level as shown by the luminaire level indicator.
- 12. Orient luminaires perpendicular to the roadway intended to be lit unless otherwise shown on the plans.

### Wiring Diagram Notes:

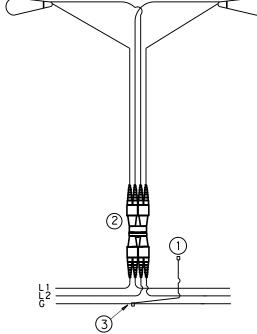
- Use 1/2 in. -13 UNC threaded, copper or tin-plated copper, pole bonding connector, sized appropriately for conductors, bonded to T-base, or use ground lug in handhole as available.
- Use pre-qualified two-pole breakaway connectors for all luminaire pole installations. For luminaires fed by a circuit with a neutral conductor, use double pole breakaway connectors with the neutral side unfused and marked white.
- (3) Split Bolt or other connector.

### Decorative LED Lighting Notes:

- 1. LED Drivers in Remote Outdoor enclosures (for drivers that do not include an enclosure as part of a factory assembly):
  - a. Provide NEMA 3R outdoor enclosure or as approved.
  - b. Install enclosure at least 12" above ground or other horizontal surface. Mount vertically or on ceiling, and avoid direct sun where possible.
  - c. Install drivers with at least 2 inches of space from enclosure walls.
  - d. For multiple drivers in an enclosure, provide at least 4 inches side to side and 1 inch end to end from other drivers or electronic equipment
  - e. For drivers mounted on back wall of enclosure, mount enclosure on 1 5/8" strut or other standoff to dissipate heat, or mount driver to side of the enclosure or to the metal cover.
  - f. Provide remote drivers with a maximum of 100 watts
  - g. Provide drivers with documentation of 100,000 hr lifetime at Tcase of 65C or higher.



Driver Spacing In Remote Enclosure



L1, L2 = Hot Conductors G = Grounding Conductor

### TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM

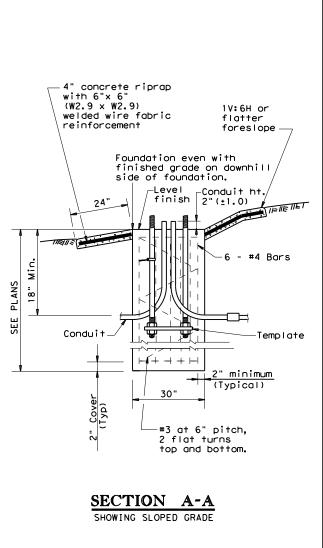
LUMINAIRES SERVED AT 480V ON 240/480 VOLT SERVICE OR LUMINAIRES SERVED AT 240V FOR 120/240 VOLT SERVICE.



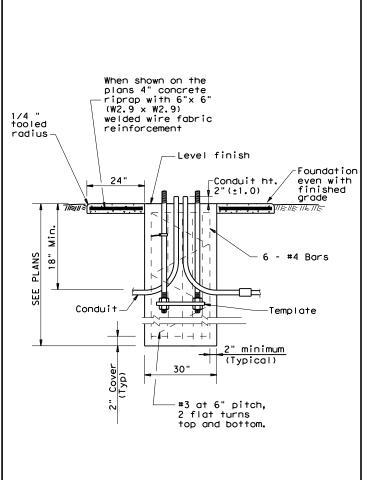
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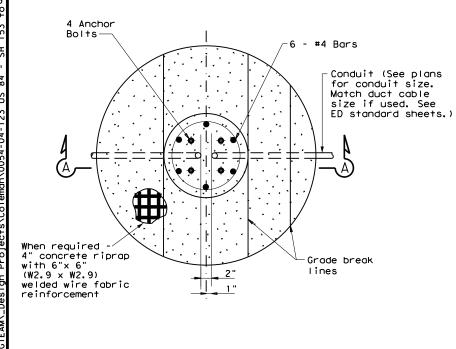


ECT	'ION	<u> A-A</u>	
OWING	CONSTANT	CBADE	

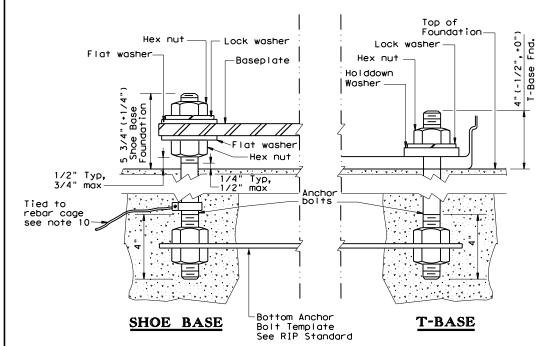
TABLE 1						
ANCHOR BOLTS						
POLE MOUNTING	BOLT C	ANCHOR BOL T				
HE I GHT	Shoe Base	T-Base	SIZE			
<40 ft.	13 in.	14 in.	1in.x 30in.			
40-50 ft.	15 in.	17 ¼in.	1 ¼in. x 30in.			

TABLE 2						
RECOMMENDED FOUNDATION LENGTHS (See note 1)						
MOUNT ING HE I GHT	TEXAS CONE PENETROMETER N Blows/ft					
HEIGHI	10	15	40			
<20 ft.	6′	6,	6′			
>20 ft. to 30 ft.	8′	6,	6′			
>30 ft. to 40 ft.	8′	8′	6′			
>40 ft. to 50 ft.	10'	8′	6′			

	TABLE	3				
PAY QUANTITY OF RIPRAP PER FOUNDATION (Install only when shown on the plans)						
Foundation Diameter	RIPRAP DIAMETER	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL B)				
30 in.	78 in.	0.35 CY				



FOUNDATION DETAIL



ANCHOR BOLT DETAIL

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. "Recommended Foundation Lengths" table is for information purposes only. Foundation lengths shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. Foundations will be paid for under Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations," unless otherwise shown on the plans.
- 2. Erect roadway illumination assembly poles plumb and true. Form and level the top 6" of the foundation so the pole will be plumb. Use leveling nuts to plumb shoe base poles. Do not use shims or leveling nuts under transformer bases. Do not grout between baseplate and the foundation.
- 3. Ensure Class 2A and 2B fit for anchor bolts and nuts. Tap and chase nuts after galvanizing. Anchor bolt body with rolled threads need not be full
- 4. Use appropriate class of concrete as specified in Items 416 and 432. Concrete for riprap may be upgraded to Class C at no extra cost to the Department
- 5. Place riprap around the foundation when called for elsewhere in the plans. Riprap will be paid for under Item 432.
- 6. Locate breakaway roadway illumination assemblies as shown in the placement table, unless otherwise dimensioned on the plans. Protect non-breakaway illumination assemblies from vehicular impact (i.e. 2.5 ft. behind guard rail or mounted on traffic barrier), or located outside the clear zone, except that 2.5 ft. from curb face is minimum desired for light poles on city streets, 45 mph or less. See Roadway Design Manual for further information.
- 7. Use 4 hold down and 4 connecting washers on transformer base poles as recommended by the manufacturer and supplied with base.
- 8. Install a minimum of 2 conduits in each foundation. See lighting layout sheets for locations of foundations with more than 2 conduits. Cap unused conduits in foundations on both ends.
- 9. Conduit location in foundations is critical for breakaway devices. Place conduits 2 in. apart on centerline as shown.
- Bond anchor bolt to rebar cage with #6 bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. The bonded steel in the foundation creates a concrete encased grounding electrode which replaces the ground rod.
- Grade earthwork around T-base foundations even with the finished grade as shown in Section A-A to ensure proper function of the breakaway device. Use riprap on T-base foundations that are located on sloped grades, and as shown on the plans for level grades.

### TABLE 4 BREAKAWAY POLE PLACEMENT (See note 6) \*\* POLE OFFSET (DISTANCE TO FACE OF TRANSFORMER BASE) ROADWAY FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION Freeway Mainlanes 15 ft. (minimum and (roadway with full control of access) typical) from lane edge All curbed, 45 mph or less design speed 2.5 ft. minimum (15 ft. desirable) from curb face 10 ft. minimum\*(15 ft. desirable) from lane edge All others

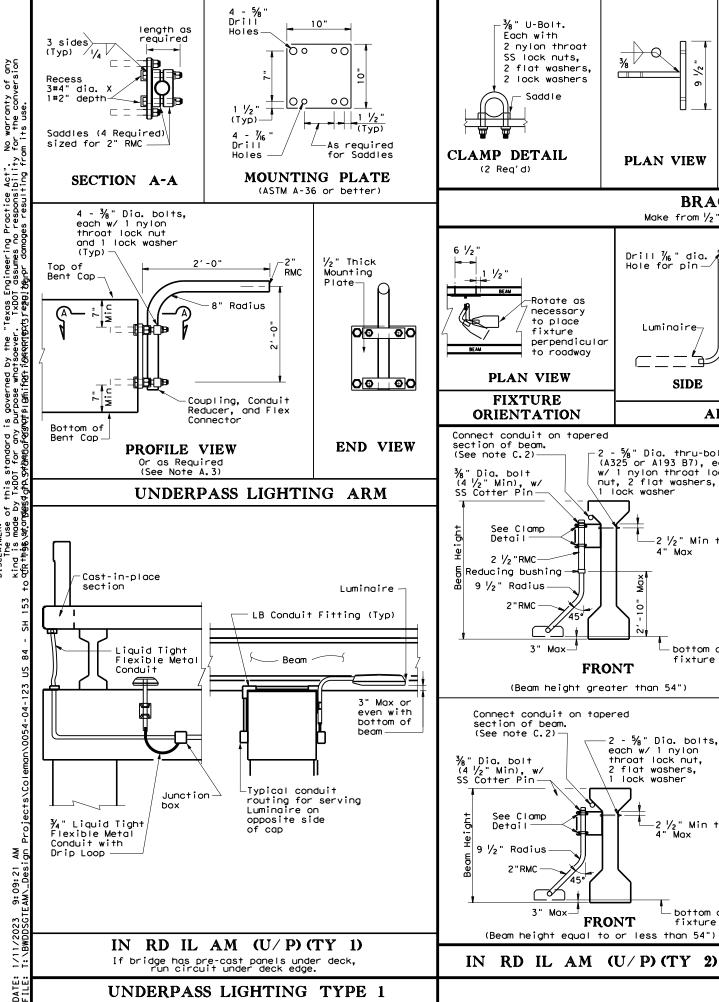
- \* or as close to ROW line as is practical
- \*\* provide 2/5 of the luminaire mounting height behind the pole for "falling area" to prevent encroachment on the other travel lanes. See design guidelines.

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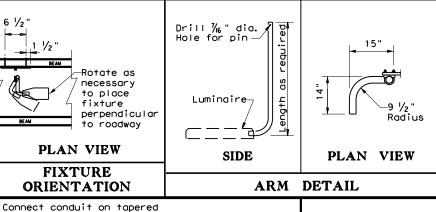
ROADWAY ILLUMINATION DETAILS (RDWY ILLUM FOUNDATIONS) RID(2)-20

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© TxDOT January 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY
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7-17	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
12-20	RWD		OLEMAN	CO.	97



### 2 13/6 " (2" RMC) ¾" U-Bo∣+. 1/2" 4 1/2" Each with 3 1/6 " (2 1/2" RMC) 6 1/2" | 1 1/2" 1 1/2" 2 nylon throat SS lock nuts, 11 2 - 3/4' 2 flat washers, Dia.′ 2 lock washers Φ-Saddle Holes-4 ~ % Ø Drilî Holes 9 ½" 1/2" 9 ½" CLAMP DETAIL **PLAN VIEW** (2 Req'd) FRONT SIDE BRACKET DETAIL

Make from  $\frac{1}{2}$ " plate (ASTM A-36 or better)



1 Lock washer

**FRONT** 

**FRONT** 

(Beam height equal to or less than 54")

(Beam height greater than 54")

4" Max

2 - 5%" Dia. bolts, each w/ 1 nylon

throat lock nut,

2 flat washers.

1 lock washer

bottom of

fixture

-2 ½" Min to

bottom of

fixture

See Clamp Detail

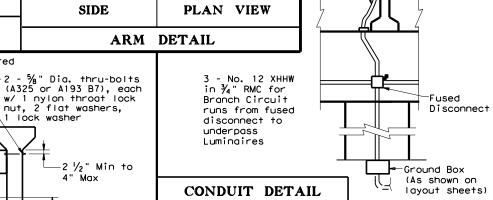
2 1/2 "RMC-

2"RMC

See Clamp

2"RMC

Detail



Liquid tight

-¾" RMC to

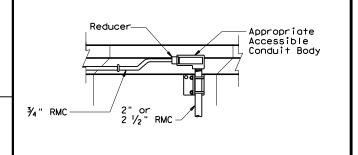
Type 2 Luminaire

Flexible

Metal

Conduit

(Typ)-



### CONDUIT CONNECTION PROFILE

LOCATION OF UNDERPASS LIGHT MOUNTING BRACKET

# Reinforcina Strands Minimum Distance (See Table Below)

# TABLE 5 LOCATION OF UNDERPASS LIGHT

MOUNTING BE	ACKET TABLE
SPAN LENGTH	MINIMUM DISTANCE
≤ 50′	10' -0"
50' - 70'	15′-0"
70' - 90'	20′ -0"
> 90'	25′-0"

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

A. ALL 150 watt HPS and 150 watt equivalent LED Luminaires

- 1. Luminaire locations, conduit and conductor sizes and routing are typical and diagrammatic only. See project layout sheets for specific details.
- 2. Conduit will be paid for under Item 618, "Conduit" and conductors will be paid for under Item 620, "Electrical Conductors," unless otherwise shown on the plans.
- 3. Adjust conduit in saddles to place fixture height and orientation as required. See fixture orientation detail and plans. Where practicable, place luminaires so the bottom of luminaire is above the bottom of the beam, maximum of 3 in. (See detail UNDERPASS LIGHTING ARM TYPE 2)
- Except as noted, galvanize all structural steel and exposed bolts, nuts, and washers in accordance with Item 445 'Galvanizing".
- 5. Fabrication of brackets and support arms will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to Item 610, "Roadway Illumination
- 6. Install a heavy duty NEMA 3R fused disconnect or breaker enclosure rated at 30 amps and 480 volts to switch underpass luminaires as shown on plans, with at least one per bridge circuit. Install 20 amp time-delay fuses or inverse-time circuit breakers. Mount disconnect or breaker enclosure 10 ft. (min) above grade on columns or bent caps as approved by the Department. Modify disconnect to allow padlocking in the "ON" and "OFF" positions. Padlocks and disconnect switches or circuit breakers for underpass fixtures will not be paid for directly but are subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.
- 7. Conduit on columns, caps, and slab is shown surface mounted. For new columns and caps, embed PVC conduit in concrete. Bond and ground metal junction boxes and conduit.

### B. TYPE 1

- 1. Provide 2 in. rigid metal conduit (2.375" O.D., 0.146" wall) for Type 1 arm shaft.
- 2. Use  $\frac{3}{8}$  in. stainless steel bolt or stud non-epoxy type expansion anchors for concrete for Type 1 mounting. Except as noted, provide an allowable 2650 lbs minimum pull-out force (after consideration of adjustment factors for edge distance and bolt spacing) for each anchor. Install each anchor to the embedment depth recommended by the manufacturer.
- 3. Attach conduit to plate with 4 saddles, four  $\frac{3}{8}$  in. diameter bolts, nylon throat lock nuts, and lock washers.

### C. TYPE 2

- 1. Provide 2 in. rigid metal conduit (2.375" 0.D., 0.146" wall) or provide a combination of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in. (2.875" O.D., 0.193" wall) and 2 in. (2.375" O.D., 0.146" wall) rigid metal conduits with a reducing bushing as beam height stipulated for Type 2 arm shaft. Field cutting and threading will be permitted. Paint cut and threaded areas with zinc rich paint after conduit is connected to adjacent fitting.
- 2. Connecting conduit may be strapped to tapered section only of precast beams as shown. Anchor as approved by the Engineer. Maximum anchor depth is 1 in.
- Indiscriminate drilling into precast concrete beams may result in reduced beam strength. Use drilling location and method as directed by the Engineer. See Location of Underpass Lighting Mounting Bracket detail. The locations shown in the table are such that reinforcing strands will not be damaged.

# Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

### ROADWAY ILLUMINATION DETAILS

(UNDERPASS LIGHT FIXTURES)

RID(3) - 20

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7-17		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
12-20		BWD		COLEMAN	CC	).	98

UNDERPASS LIGHTING TYPE 2

	SHIPPING PARTS LIST - POLES AND LUMINAIRE ARMS								
Nominal	Shoe Base		T-Bas	ie .			CSB/SSCB Mounted		
Mounting Ht.	Designation		Designation		0	Des	ignation		
(f+)	Pole A1 A2 Luminaire	Quantity	Pole A1 A2	Luminaire	Quantity	Pole	A1 A2 Luminaire	Quantity	
20	(Type SA 20 S - 4) (150W EQ) LED		(Type SA 20 T - 4)	(150W EQ) LED					
	(Type SA 20 S - 4 - 4) (150W EQ) LED		(Type SA 20 T - 4 - 4)	(150W EQ) LED					
30	(Type SA 30 S - 4) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 30 S - 4 - 4) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 4 - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 4 - 4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 30 S - 8) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 8) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 30 S - 8 - 8) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 8 - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 8 - 8) (250W EQ) LED		
40	(Type SA 40 S - 4) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S ·	- 4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 4 - 4) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 4 - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 4 - 4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 8) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 8) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 8 - 8) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 8 - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 8 - 8) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 10) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 10)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 10) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 10 - 10) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 10 - 10)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 10 - 10) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 12) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 12)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 12) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 12 - 12) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 12 - 12)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 12 - 12) (250W EQ) LED		
50	(Type SA 50 S - 4) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 4)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S			
	(Type SA 50 S - 4 - 4) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 4 - 4)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 4 - 4) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 8) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 8)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 8) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 8 - 8) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 8 - 8)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 8 - 8) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 10) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 10)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 10) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 10 - 10) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 10 - 10)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 10 - 10) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 12) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 12)	(400W EQ) LED	·	(Type SP 48 S			
	(Type SA 50 S - 12 - 12) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 12 - 12)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 12 - 12) (400W EQ) LED		

	OTHER						
	Desi	ignatio	on	Quantity			
Pole	A 1	A2	Luminaire	dudililiy			

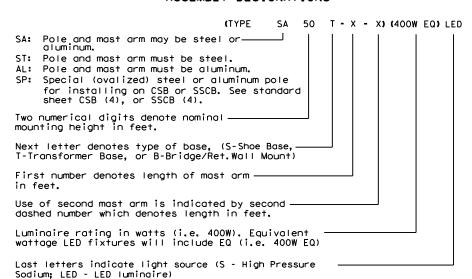
### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. All work, materials and services not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper construction shall be performed, furnished and installed by the Contractor. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment or installation will be considered justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the Department such warranties or guarantees.
- 2. The location of poles and fixtures are diagrammatic only and may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Standard Steel Pole Designs. Steel poles fabricated in accordance with the details and dimensions shown herein, shall be considered standard designs. Submission of shop drawings and design calculations for standard designs is not required.
- 4. Optional Steel Pole Designs. Multi-sided steel poles may be allowed as optional designs, if steel poles are permitted or required, pending approval by the Department as outlined below.
  - a. Shop Drawings. Optional designs require submission of shop drawings and design calculations bearing the seal of an engineer licensed in the State of Texas, in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures." The Department may elect to pre-approve some shop drawings for optionally designed poles. Submission of shop drawings and design calculations is not required for structures fabricated in accordance with the details of shop drawings on the pre-approved list maintained by the TxDOT Traffic Operations Division. Any deviation from the pre-approved shop drawings will require submission of shop drawings of the complete assembly and design calculations as described above.
  - b. Structural Support Design for Luminaires. Lighting support structures shall be designed for a 25 year design life in accordance with the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto. All poles shall be designed for 110 mph 3-second gust wind speeds. The Gust Factor, G, and Wind Importance Factor, Ir, shall be applied as per the AASHTO Specifications assuming a 25-year design life. The design wind pressure for hurricane wind velocities greater than 100 mph shall not be less than the design wind pressure using 100 mph with the non-hurricane Wind Importance Factor, Ir, value. For transformer base poles, fabricator shall include transformer base and connecting hardware in design calculations and shop drawing submittals. All transformer bases shall have been structurally tested to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished shall be submitted with the shop drawings. Shop drawings shall show breakaway base model number, and manufacturer's name and logo.
  - Manufacturer's shop drawings shall include the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.

    c. Mast Arm Attachments. All poles and attachments shall be structurally designed to support two 12-foot mast arms and luminaires. Poles shall be supplied with mast arm combinations as shown in the plans. All
  - mast arms shall be designed for a 60-pound luminaire having an effective projected area of 1.6 square feet. d. Anchor Bolt Assembly. Anchor bolt assemblies for optionally designed poles shall be the same as those shown herein.
- 5. Aluminum Pole Designs. Aluminum pole designs may be allowed, if aluminum poles are permitted or required, pending approval by the Department as outlined below.
  - a. Meet all of the requirements stated above for optional steel pole designs and the following:
    1. Aluminum poles shall be fabricated in accordance with "Structural Welding Code-Aluminum" AWS D1.2.
    - Aluminum pole designs shall use the same anchor bolt assembly and be subject to the same geometric restraints and other requirements for steel poles specified herein.
       Aluminum poles shall be equipped with vibration mitigation devices, as approved by the engineer.

    - Aluminum poles shall be equipped with vibration mitigation devices, as approved by the engineer. Pole components shall be constructed using the following material:
      Shaft: ASTM B221 or B241 Alloy 6063-T6, ASTM B209 Alloy 5086-H34, ASTM B221 Alloy 6005-T5.
      Base Flange: ASTM B26 Alloy 356.0-T6 or ASTM B108 Alloy 356.0-T6 (Yield strength test required).
      Mast Arms: ASTM B209 Alloy 6061-T6 or ASTM B221 Alloy 6005-T5.
      Mast Arms: ASTM B241 Alloy 6061-T6 or ASTM B063-T6.
      Pole Cap: ASTM B209 Alloy 5086-H32 or ASTM B108 or B26 Alloy 356.0-T6.
      Bolts: Stainless Steel AISI 300 series. Bolts threading into aluminum threads shall be treated with
- anti-seize compound, Never-Seez Compound, Permatex 133K or equal. 6. Special Designs. Poles with architectural treatments shall meet the requirements shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 7. Luminaire Mounting Height. Actual luminaire mounting height shall be the nominal mounting height given on RIP(2) for all pole-arm combinations except for poles with 4 ft. luminaire arms, which shall be  $3^7$ -0" lower than the nominal height, unless otherwise shown or directed.

### EXPLANATION OF ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY DESIGNATIONS







ROADWAY ILLUMINATION POLES

RIP(1) - 19

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7-17 12-19	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
12-19	BWD	C	OLEMAN	co.	99

·									
	SHOE BASE POLE								
1	uminaire Mounting Height ominal)(ft)	Base Diameter (in)	Top Diameter (in)	Length (ft)	Pole Thickness (in)	Design Moment (K-ft)			
	20.00	7.00	4.90	15.00	0.1196	7.1			
	30.00	7.50	4.00	25.00	0.1196	13.2			
31	.00-39.00	8.00	4.36-3.24	26.00-34.00	0.1196	20.7			
	40.00	8.50	3.60	35.00	0.1196	20.7			
	50.00	10.50	4.20	45.00	0.1196	30.3			

## Top Detail. 1 1 Simplex Arm Connection 60% of CP-3 Pole Thickness See Transformer Base Baseplate Detail, Sheet 4 of 4 See Transformer Base Details. Sheet 4 of 4 See Transformer Base Anchor Bolt Assembly Detail, TRANSFORMER BASE POLE

See Pole

TRANSFORMER BASE POLE								
Luminaire Mounting Height (Nominal)(ft)	Base Diameter (in)	Top Diameter (in)	Length (ft)	Pole Thickness (in)	Design Moment (K-ft)			
20.00	7.00	5.11	13.50	0.1196	7.1			
30.00	7.50	4.21	23.50	0.1196	13.2			
31.00-39.00	8.00	4.57-3.45	24.50-32.50	0.1196	20.7			
40.00	8.50	3.81	33.50	0.1196	20.7			
50.00	10.00	3.91	43.50	0.1196	30.3			

### Rise ① Simplex Arm Connection Seam Weld Ę located 45° from mast arm axis 60% of Thickness See Handhole Detail, Sheet 3 of 4 Max. 6′ -0" 7′ -6" 0val Sect See Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Baseplate Detail. Sheet 4 of 4 See Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Anchor Bolt Assembly Detail, Sheet 4 of 4 CONCRETE TRAFFIC

See Pole

Top Detail,

# BARRIER BASE POLE

		CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE POLE (CSB/SSCB)								
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE POLE (Continuing Base Top Length Thickness	Design Moment (K-ft)									
Height (in) (in) (ft) (in) Al	bout (£ f Rail	Perp. to Rail								
28.00 9.00 5.78 23.00 0.1196	10.3	13.2								
38.00 9.00 4.38 33.00 0.1196	16.6	20.8								
28.00 9.00 5.78 23.00 0.1196 38.00 9.00 4.38 33.00 0.1196 48.00 10.50 4.48 43.00 0.1345	25.1	30.5								

### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Designs conform to AASHTO Standard Specifications Designs conform to AASHIO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto. Design 3-Second Gust Wind Speed equals 110 mph with a 1.14 gust factor. A wind importance factor of 0.80 is applied to adjust the wind speed to a 25 year recurrence interval. Design moments listed in tables assume base of pole is 25' above natural ground level.
- Structures are designed to support two 12' luminaire most arms and luminaires. Most arms are designed to support a 60-pound luminaire having an effective projected area of 1.6 square feet.
- Fabrication shall be in accordance with the Specifications and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Do not submit shop drawings for roadway illumination pole assemblies fabricated in accordance with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of these sheets and the Specifications. In the absence of specified fabrication tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

- 4. For mounting heights between values shown in the tables, use base diameter and thickness values for the larger height.
- Unless otherwise noted, all steel parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 6. Steel poles shall be fabricated in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures." Longitudinal seam welds for pole sections shall have 60% minimum penetration. All welding shall be in accordance with AWS D1.1, Structural Welding Code-Steel.
- 7. Two-section poles joined by circumferential welds will not be permitted, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Poles may be fabricated in two sections and fieldassembled by the lap-joint method. The two sections shall telescope together with a lap length of not less than 1-1/2 times the shaft diameter at the lap joint.
- Alternate material equal to or better than material specified may be substituted with the approval of the
- Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts, when erecting shoe base poles and concrete traffic barrier base poles, in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts.

- 10. All poles, except Transformer Base Poles, shall have hand holes with reinforcing frames and covers. For ground mounted shoe base poles, hand holes shall be placed 90 degrees to mast arm unless otherwise noted on the plans. For poles mounted on a concrete traffic barrier with one luminaire arm, hand holes shall be located 180 degrees from luminaire arm. For poles mounted on a concrete traffic barrier with two luminaire arms, all hand holes shall be on the same side of the barrier. For poles mounted on a bridge lighting bracket or a retaining wall lighting bracket, hand hole shall be on traffic side of the pole, at a height that will clear the barrier.
- 11. The finished pole shall have a smooth, uniform finish free of pits, blisters, or other defects. Scratched, chipped, and other damaged galvanized areas on poles and mast arms shall be repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizina.
- 12. Pole length is based on a 5'-6" luminaire arm rise. 4 ft. luminaire arms have a 2'-6" rise. A pole with 4 ft. luminaire arms will have an actual mounting height 3'-0" less than the nominal mounting height. Increasing the pole length to meet the nominal mounting height is allowed, but unnecessary unless otherwise directed by the engineer.
- 13. Erect transformer base poles in accordance with sheet RID(1).

MATERIAL DATA							
ASTM DESIGNATION	MIN. YIELD (ksi)						
A572 Gr 50, A595 Gr A, A1011 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2 ③, or A1008 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2	50						
A572 Gr.50, or A36	36						
F3125 Gr A325	92						
F1554 Gr 55, A193-B7 or A321	55 105						
A36	36						
A194 Gr 2H, or A563 Gr DH							
F436							
	ASTM DESIGNATION  A572 Gr 50, A595 Gr A, A1011 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2 ③, or A1008 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2  A572 Gr.50, or A36  F3125 Gr A325  F1554 Gr 55, A193-B7 or A321  A36  A194 Gr 2H, or A563 Gr DH						

### NOTES:

- (1)2'-6" rise for 4 ft. luminaire arms.
- ②Before ovalized as shown on Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Baseplate details, Sheet 4 of 4.
- (3) A1011 SS Gr 50 may be used instead of HSLAS, provided the material meets the elongation requirements for HSLAS.

### POLE ASSEMBLY FABRICATION TOLERANCES TARLE

IOLENANCES	IADLE
DIMENSION	TOLERANCE
Shaft length	+1"
I.D. of outside piece of slip fitting pieces	+1/8", -1/16"
O.D. of inside piece of slip fitting pieces	+1/32", -1/8"
Shaft diameter: other	+3/16"
Out of "round"	1/4"
Straightness of shaft	±1/4" in 10 ft
Twist in multi-sided shaft	4° in 50 ft
Perpendicular to baseplate	1/8" in 24"
Pole centered on baseplate	±1/4"
Location of Attachments	±1/4"
Bolt hole spacing	±1/16"

SHEET 2 OF 4



ROADWAY ILLUMINATION **POLES** 

Traffic Safety Division Standard

RIP(2) - 19

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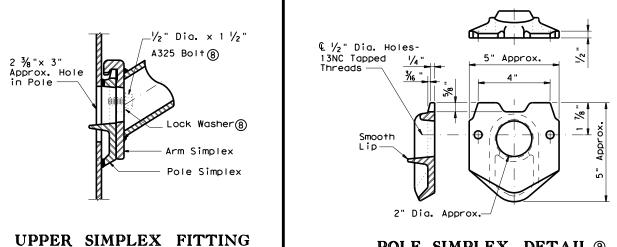
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### LUMINAIRE ARM

LUMINAIR	E ARM DIM	ENSIONS
Nominal Arm Length	Arm Length	Rise
4′-0"	3′-6"	2′-6"
6′-0"	5′-6"	5′-6"
8'-0"	7′-6"	5′-6"
10'-0"	9′-6"	5′-6"
12′-0"	11'-6"	5′-6"

ARM ASSEMBLY FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE						
DIMENSION	TOLERANCE					
Arm Length	±1"					
Arm Rise	±1"					
Deviation from flat	1/8" in 12"					
Spacing between holes	±1/32"					



(Gusset not shown for clarity)

LOWER SIMPLEX FITTING (Gusset not shown for clarity)

SECTION B-B

SIDE

POLE TOP

Lip

LA-3>-/2

Тур

½" Dia. x 1 ½"

-Lock Washer®

<sub>√2</sub> \LA-3

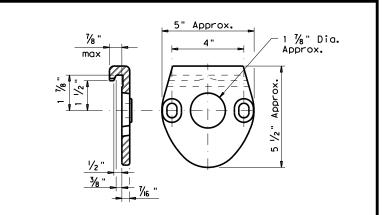
Тур

Gusset Plate

A325 Bolt(8)

Arm Simplex Pole Simplex

### POLE SIMPLEX DETAIL 9

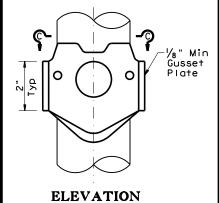


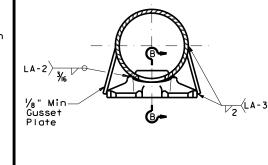
ARM SIMPLEX DETAIL 9

### NOTES:

- (4) Any of the materials listed for plates may be used where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM designation.
- (5) A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.
- (6) A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F materials may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.
- 7 Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.
- 8 Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 bolts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans.
- Proposed deviations in arm simplex dimensions or materials must be submitted to the Department for approval.
- (10) A welded handhole frame is permissible. Maximum of two (2) CJP weld splices is allowed.

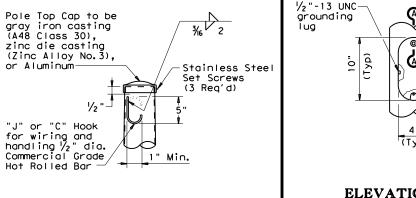
	MATERIALS					
Pole or Arm Simplex	ASTM A27 Gr 65-35 or Gr 70-36, A148 Gr 80-50, A576 Gr 1021 (5), or A36 (Arm only)					
Arm Pipes	ASTM A53 Gr A or B,A500 Gr B, A501, A 1008 HSLAS-F Gr 50 ⑥, or A1011 HSLAS-F Gr 50 ⑥					
Arm Struts and Gusset Plates (4)	ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50 (6), or A588					
Misc.	ASTM designations as noted					
·	·					

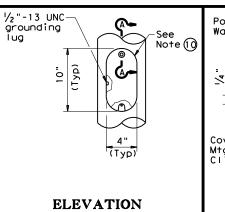


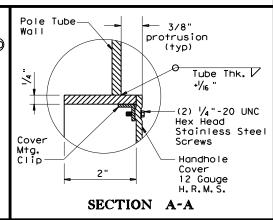


SECTION C-C

### SIMPLEX ATTACHMENT DETAIL







SHEET 3 OF 4



### ROADWAY ILLUMINATION **POLES**

Traffic Safety Division Standard

RIP(3) - 19

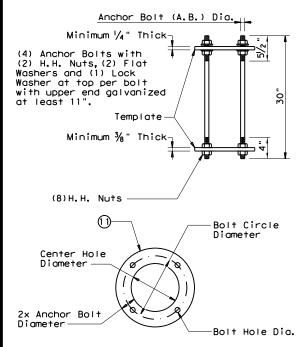
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**HANDHOLE** 

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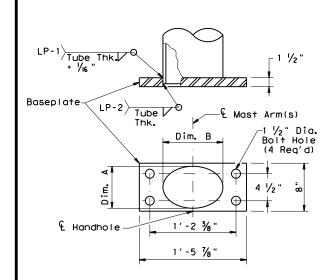
## BASEPLATE

SHC	DE BASE	BASEF	PLATE 1	ABLE
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	BOLT CIRCLE	SQUARE	THICK	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER
20' - 39'	13"	13"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"
40′	15"	15"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"
50′	15"	15"	1 ½"	1 1/2"



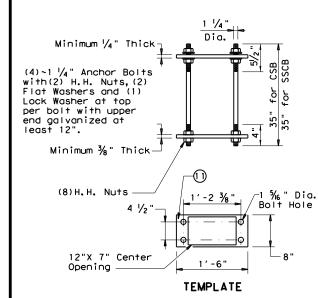
### SHOE BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

SHOE BA	SE A	NCHOR E	OLT ASSEM	BLY TABLE
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	A.B. Dia.	BOLT CIRCLE DIAMETER	CTR. HOLE DIAMETER	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER
20'-39'	1 "	13"	11"	1 1/16 "
40′-50′	1 1/4"	15"	12 ½"	1 % "



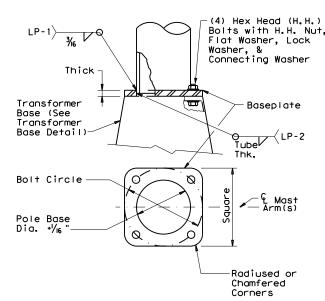
### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE BASEPLATE

	NCRETE TRA BASE BASEP		
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	POLE DIA.	DIM. A	DIM. B
28' - 38'	9"	7"± 1/4"	10"± 1/4"
48′	10 ½"	7"± 1/4"	13"± 1/4"



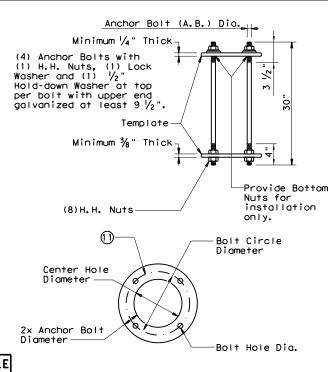
### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

TRANSFORM	IER BA	SE ANCHO	OR BOLT AS	SEMBLY TABL
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	A.B. Dia.	BOLT CIRCLE DIAMETER	CTR. HOLE DIAMETER	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER
20' - 39'	1 "	14"	12"	1 1/16 "
40' - 50'	1 1/4"	17 1/4"	14 ¾"	1 5/6 "



### TRANSFORMER BASE BASEPLATE

TRANSFORMER BASE BASEPLATE TABLE						
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (noming)	BOLT CIRCLE	SQUARE	THICK	CONNECTING BOLT DIA.	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER	TRANSFOMER BASE TYPE
20' - 39'	13"	13"	1 1/4"	1"	1 1/4"	A
40′	15"	15"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	В
50′	15"	15"	1 1/2"	1 1/4"	1 ½"	В



TRANSFORMER BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

TRANSFORMER BASE TABLE

TOP B.C.

13"

15"

DETAIL A

DETAIL B

TOP PLAN

- Bottom

Bolt Circle (B.C.)

**BOTTOM PLAN** 

14"

17 1/4

Lock

Washer

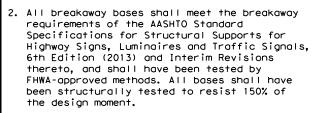
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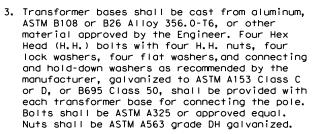
½" thk Hold-down

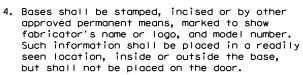
Connecting

Top Bolt Circle (B.C.)—

1.	For	mounting heights between those shown in
	the	table, use the values in the table for
	the	larger mounting height.





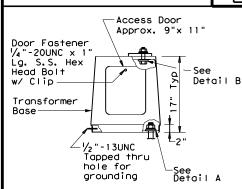


5. Doors for transformer bases shall be made of plastic, fiberglass or other non-metallic material approved by the Engineer and shall be attached with stainless steel screws or bolts. Transformer bases shall be cleaned by grit blast cleaning after heat treatment. Certification by the manufacturer of heat treatment shall be furnished with transformer bases. The certification shall show the metal alloy and temper and that the base meets those requirements, chemical and physical. The certification shall also show the material ASTM specification. Transformer bases shall be cast with a removable tab bar for material testing. Some bars may have been removed by the manufacturer for testing.

### NOTES:

- (1) Anchor Bolt Templates do not need to be aalvanized.
- 🔞 Pole diameter before ovalized.

### ANCHOR BOLT FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE DIMENSION TOLERANCE Length ± 1/2' Threaded length ± 1/2" Galvanized length (if required) - 1/4"



**ELEVATION** 

TRANSFORMER BASE **DETAILS** 



SHEET 4 OF 4

Traffic Safety Division Standard

RIP(4)-19

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Engineering Practice Act". I assumes no responsibility 199 QMn damages resultinn fro

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

								SM RD	SGN ASSM TY)	(XXXX (X)	XX (X-XXXX)	
					E A)	E G)						BR MC
PROP.					FLAT ALUMINUM (TYPE A)	ALUMINUM (TYPE G)	2007 7/05	I	1 440400 7405		DUNTING REGIONATION	CLEA
STATION	SIGN	REMOV SM			NO.	UM (	POST TYPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE	+	DUNTING DESIGNATION	S
	NOMENCLATURE	RD SN SUP	SIGN	DIMENSIONS IN INCHES	MIN	MIN	FRP = Fiberglass		UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt	PREFABRICATED	1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam	/
		& AM			ALU	ALU	TWT = Thin-Wall	1 or 2	SA=Slipbase-Conc	P = "Plain"	WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing	_
					AT,	EXAL,	10BWG = 10 BWG	1 0, 2	SB=Slipbase-Bolt	$T = ^{\Pi}T^{\Pi}$	Channel	TY =
					FL	E)	S80 = Sch 80		WS=Wedge Steel	U = "U"	EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign	T
289+61 LT	R4-2aT	Х	LEFT LANE FOR	24X36	X	$\vdash$	10BWG	1	WP=Wedge Plastic SA	T	Panels	T
20310127	114 201		PASSING ONLY	24//30	1		105000	<del>                                     </del>	3/1	,		+
293+00 LT	M3-4	Х	WEST	24X12	X	H	10BWG	1	SA	Р		+-
	M1-4 M3-1		84 NORTH	24X24 24X12	$\frac{x}{x}$	Н						1
	M1-4		283	30X24	X							1
294+22 RT	M1-6F	Х	FM 568	24X24	X		10BWG	1	SA	Р		-
	M6-4		$\longleftrightarrow$	21X15	X	$\vdash$		+				+
294+30 RT	M1-4	Х	84	24X24	Х	$\vdash$	10BWG	1	SA	P		$\top$
	M1-4		283	30X24	Х							
	M6-4		$\longleftrightarrow$	21X15	X	lacksquare						₩
295+14 LT	R1-1	Х	STOP	48X48	X	H	10BWG	1	SA	T		+
233 114 27	7.2.2		3101	407(40	1^	Н	105000	+ -	3/1	,		+
295+63 LT	W10-1	Χ	RAILROAD CROSSING	36X36	Х		10BWG	1	SA	Т		
205 - 01 - 1 - 7				24724		$\vdash$	10000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			+
295+91 LT	M1-4 M1-4	Х		24X24 30X24	X	$\vdash$	10BWG	1	SA	Р	+	+
	M6-4		←	21X15	$\frac{1}{x}$							
			,									
296+13 LT	M1-6F	Х	FM 568	24X24	X		10BWG	1	SA	Р		$\perp$
	M6-4		$\longleftrightarrow$	21X15	X	$\vdash$		+		+	1	+-
297+77 RT	M3-2	Х		24X12	X	H	10BWG	1	SA	P		+
	M1-4		84	24X24	Х							
	M3-3		SOUTH	24X12	Х							
	M1-4		283	30X24	Х	$\vdash$		+				+
301+00 RT	R2-1	Х	SPEED LIMIT	30X36	X	$\vdash$	10BWG	1	SA	P	+	+
			75									
					4	$oxed{oxed}$						
302+20 LT	D1-1	Х	←— BALLINGER	VAR.X18	X	H	10BWG	1	SA	T		+
304+56 RT	D2-2	Х	SANTA ANNA 7	VAR.X30	X	Н	10BWG	1	SA	T	+	+
			BROWNWOOD 27								Second!	<u> </u>
		.,		2		$\vdash$		<b>_</b>		<u> </u>	THE OF TENT	
308+85 RT	R4-2aT	Х	LEFT LANE FOR  PASSING ONLY	24X36	X		10BWG	1	SA	Т		
			1, 55.110 5.121		$\top$	Н		+			+ (*) A 3*)	
312+03 LT	M2-1	Х	JCT	21X15	Х		10BWG	1	SA	Р	JASON H. SCANTLING	
	M1-6F		FM 568	24X24	Х	$\vdash$					96633	
340+66 RT	D20-5T	Х	CO RD	24X42	X	$\vdash$	10BWG	1	SA	P	1 On CICENSED WELL	
340+00 KT	D20-51	_^_	196	24//42	<del> </del> ^	Н	10000	+	3A	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	SISSIONAL ENG	
			$\longrightarrow$								ANIOILDE	
			110		$\perp$						111450,1.2	
	+		<del></del>		+	$\vdash$		+		+		+
342+70 RT	W8-13aT	Х	BRIDGE MAY	36X36	X	$\vdash$	10BWG	1	SA	Т	01/26/2023	+
			ICE IN COLD									
	-		WEATHER		+	$\vdash$		+		1		+
347+47 RT	R1-1	Х	STOP	48X48	X	$\vdash$	10BWG	1	SA	T	+	+
-7/14/NI	L/T-T	^	3101	40/40	^	$\vdash$	100000		JA		+	

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS

Square Feet Minimum Thickness

Less than 7.5 0.080"

7.5 to 15 0.100"

Greater than 15 0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

### NOTE:

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- 3. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

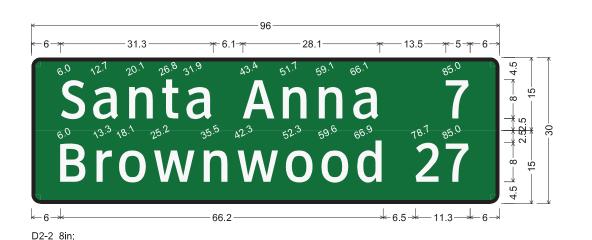
SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

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			_				
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xDOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0054	04	123		U	5 84
16 16		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		BWD		COLEMAN	I CC	).	103

18

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QUANT.	UNIT
0636 6001	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	31.0	SF
0644 6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	11.0	EA
0644 6004	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	8.0	EA
0644 6076	REMOV SM RD SN SUP & AM	20.0	EA



1.9" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green;

"Santa Anna", ClearviewHwy-3-W; "7", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

1.9" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green,

"Brownwood", ClearviewHwy-3-W; "27", ClearviewHwy-3-W;



D1-1 8in LT:

1.5" Radius, 0.5" Border, White on Green; Standard Arrow Custom 12.0" X 7.1" 180°; "Ballinger", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

JASON H. SCANTLING

**SMALL SIGNS** 

SUMMARY OF

SOSS DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT CTxDOT May 1987 JOB 0054 04 123 US 84 BWD COLEMAN CO. 104

Sauare Feet Minimum Thickness Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100"

0.125"

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

Greater than 15

http://www.txdot.gov/

### NOTE:

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- 2. For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- 3. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

01/26/2023

# REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING					



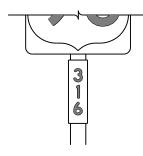




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

# REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING				
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

### GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
C	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS					
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness				
Less than 7.5	0.080				
7.5 to 15	0.100				
Greater than 15	0.125				

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

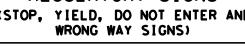


TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

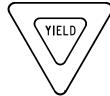
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TSR(3)-13

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© TxD0T	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
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12-03 7-13		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
9-08		BWD		COLEMAN CO.			105











REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

	SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					

### REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE COLOR		SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

### REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS								
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING						
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING						
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM						
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING						

### REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS								
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING						
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING						
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM						
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING						

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	CIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

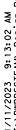


Traffic Operations Division Standard

### TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4)-13

	_			_				
LE: †5	sr4-13.dgn	DN: T>	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT O	ctober 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 2-03 7-13 9-08		0054	04	123		US 84		
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
		BWD	С	OLEMAN	CC	).	106	

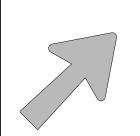


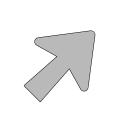
No warranty of any for the conversion

### ARROW DETAILS

for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs

### SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)

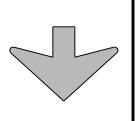






E-3





Down Arrow

‰" Ho∣es

36

48

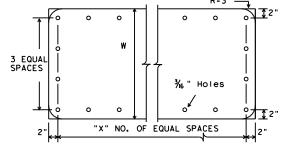
"Y" NO. OF EQUAL SPACES 6" Holes

Sign Size

24×24

30×24 36×36 45×36 48×48

60×48



INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

STATE ROUTE MARKERS

No.of Digits	W	Х
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

Type A

TYPE

LETTER SIZE	USE	
10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Single	
13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane	
IE" 8 20" II/I	Exits	

Type B

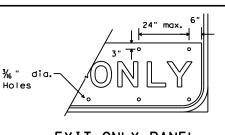
A-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
A-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits
В-І	10 <b>.</b> 67" U/L and 10" Caps	Multiple
B-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
B-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits
000	E LICED ON CICN NO	

CODE	USED ON SIGN NO.
E-3	E5-laT
E-4	E5-IbT

### NOTE

Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/



21

28

11/2

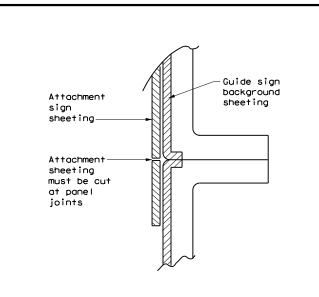
20 13/4

15

/   \	-
% " dia.	
FXIT ONLY PANEL	

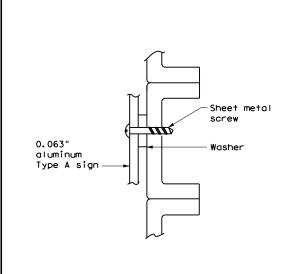
# EXII ONLY PANEL

### MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)

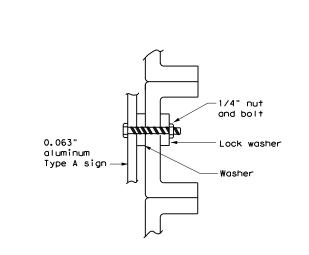




- 1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
- 2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".



SCREW ATTACHMENT

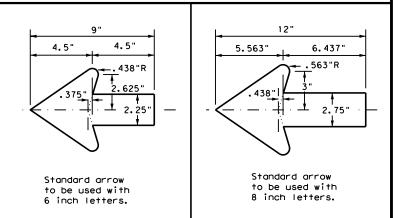




### NOTE:

Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".

### ARROW DETAILS for Destination Signs (Type D)





TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TSR(5)-13

		_		_	_			
ILE:	tsr5-13.dgn		DN:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	October 2	003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
REVISIONS			005	4 04	123 US 8		84	
12-03 7 9-08	7-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
3-00			BWD	) (	OLEMAN	CC	).	107

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

### SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

### Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

### Number of Posts (1 or 2)

### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

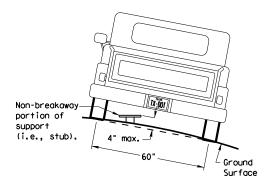
### Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

IF REQUIRED 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

- BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

### REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

Not Acceptable

7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

**PAVED SHOULDERS** 

### HIGHWAY min INTERSECTION AHEAD 0 to 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min : Lane Paved Shou I der

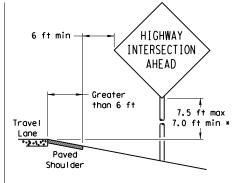
LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

5 ft min\*\*

Travel

\*\*3 \*\*\*



SIGN LOCATION

### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

Concrete

BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

Borrier

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*

### When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

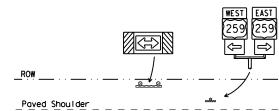
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

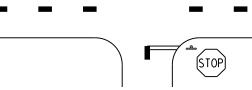
← 6 ft min

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*



Edge of Travel Lane



- that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System

The website address is:

Travel

Lane

### \* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition

- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or

components and Wedge Anchor System components.

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

### SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) -08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT CK: TXDOT		
08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	0054	04	123		US 84		
	DIST	T COUNTY SHE			SHEET NO.		
	BWD	С	OLEMAN	CC	).	108	

### Guard 7.5 ft max 7.0 ft min :

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

Shou I der BEHIND GUARDRAIL

 $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$ 

BEHIND BARRIER

2 ft min\*\*

Travel

Maximum

Travel

Lane

possible

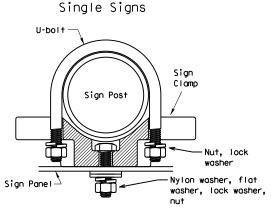
Paved

Shou I der

### TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle



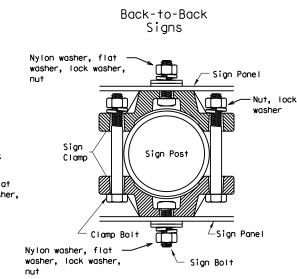
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



Acceptable

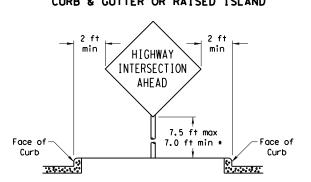
diameter

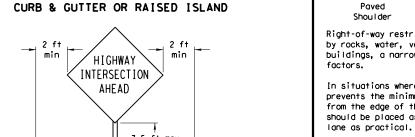
circle

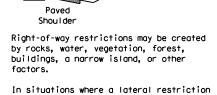
Pipe Diameter	Approximate Bolt Length	
	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"

### **EAST** 7.5 ft max 7.0 ft min \* When a supplemental plaque Travel or secondary sign is used, the 7 ft sign height is measured to the bottom of the supplemental plaque Paved or secondary sign. Shou I der

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES







7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*

prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel

\*\*\* Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

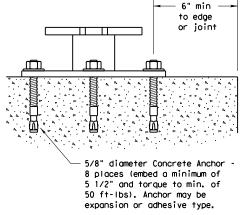
#### 10 BWG Tubing or Keeper Plate Schedule 80 Pipe (See General Note 3) Slip Base $\Box$ 5/8" structural bolts (3), nuts (3), and washers Washers (6) per ASTM A325 if required by or A449 and manufacturer galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." Bolt length is 2 1/2". 3/4 " diameter hole. 36" Provide a 7" x 1/2" diameter rod or #4 rebar. Class A concrete 42 12" min. 24" max. Non-reinforced concrete footing (shall be used unless noted elsewhere in the plans). Foundation should take approx. 2.5 cf of concrete. 12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

#### NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System.
Please reference the Material Producer
List for approved slip base systems.
http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer\_list.htm
The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations.
Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

#### CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWC Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123
3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas

Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

#### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

#### Foundation

- Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

#### Support

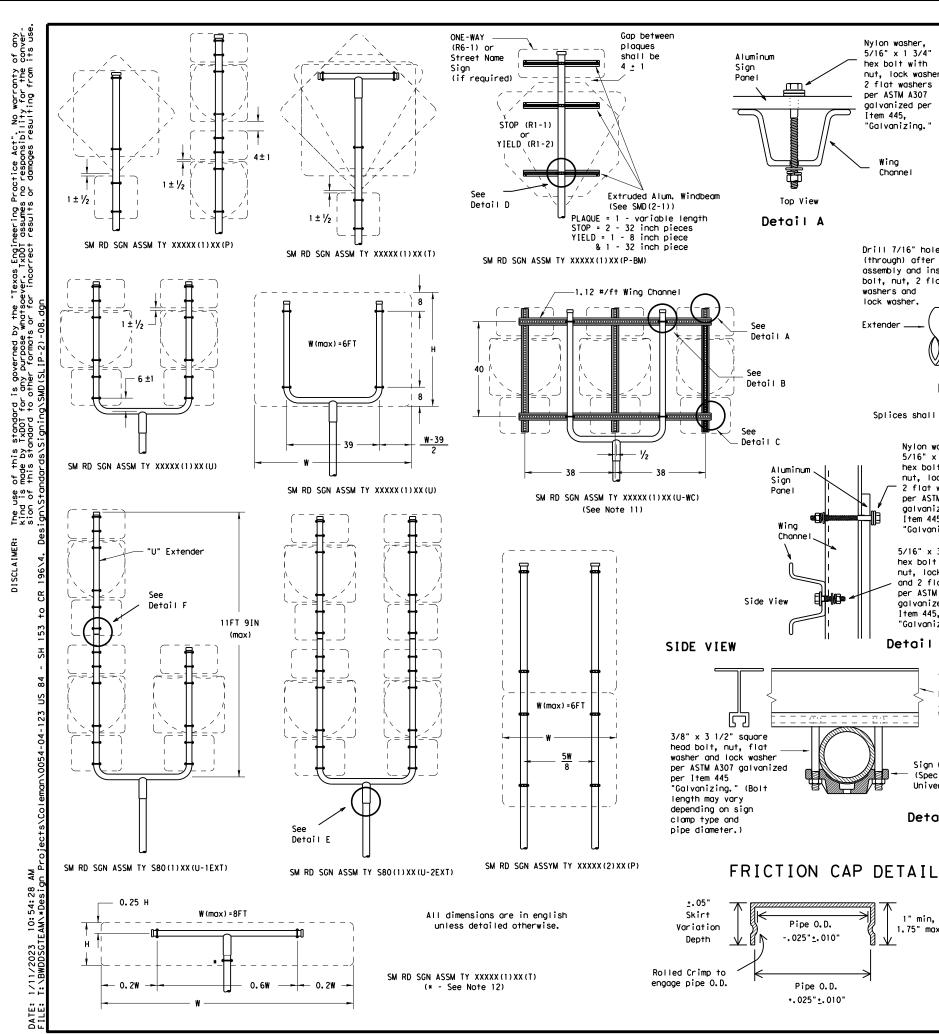
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and straight
- Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

	BWD	_	OLEMAN			400
	DIST	ST COUNTY		s	HEET NO.	
	0054	04	123		US	84
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW: T	XDOT	CK: TXDOT



nut, lock washer, 2 flat washers Wing Channe Sign Clamp -(Specific or Universal) 5/16" x 3 3/4" hex bolt with nut. lock washer Top View and flat washer per ASTM A307 Detail B aalvanized per

Item 445, "Galvanizing."

Nylon washer.

5/16" x 1 3/4"

hex bolt with

per ASTM A307

galvanized per

"Galvanizing.'

Item 445.

Wing

Channe I

Drill 7/16" hole 3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex (through) after bolt with nut, lock washer assembly and install and 2 flat washers per ASTM bolt, nut, 2 flat A307 galvanized per 1 1/2" washers and Item 445 "Galvanizing." lock washer. 11 Extender \_\_ 1.1 1.1

8 Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Detail F

Nylon washer,

5/16" x 1 3/4"

hex bolt with

nut, lock washer.

2 flat washers

per ASTM A307

aalvanized per

"Galvanizing."

nut, lock washer and 2 flat washers per ASTM A307

galvanized per Item 445.

"Galvanizing.

TOP VIEW

Extruded

Detail C

Item 445.

5/16" x 3/4" hex bolt with T&U Bracket 1/2" x 4" heavy hex bolt, nut, lock washer and 2 flat washers per ASTM A307 galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing.

Detail E

U-Bracket

Sign Clamp (Specific or Universal) 0

Aluminum Windbeam (see SMD(2-1)) Sign Clamp (Specific or Universal)

Detail D

Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of
- greater height.
  7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently
- when impacted by an errant vehicle.

  8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.
- 13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT						
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT					
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
Regulatory	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
g	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	·	<u> </u>					

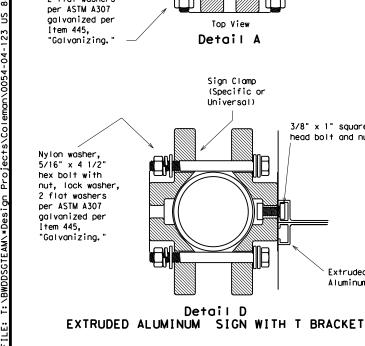
DEALITHER CURRANT

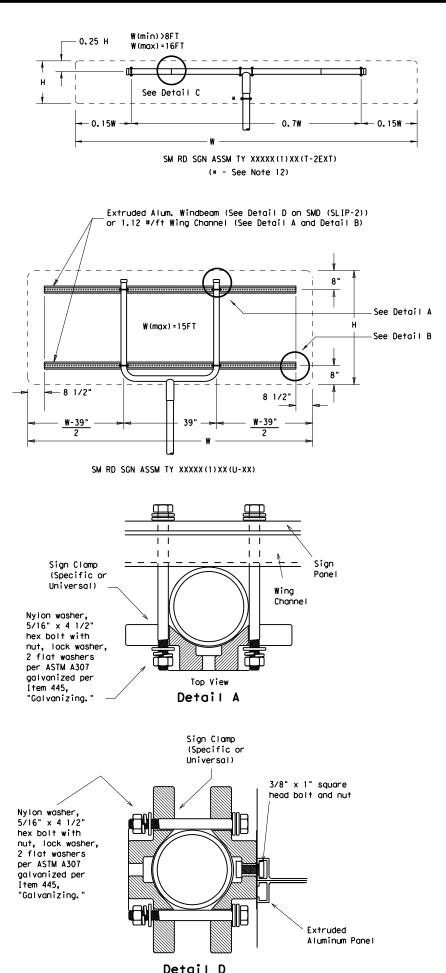
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

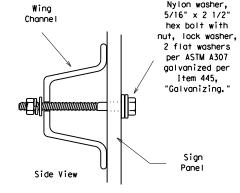
#### SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

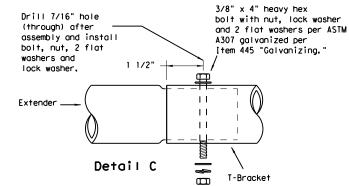
© ⊺x	DOT July 2002	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	CHWAY
		0054	04	123		US	84
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		BWD	C	OLEMAN	CC	).	110







Detail B



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

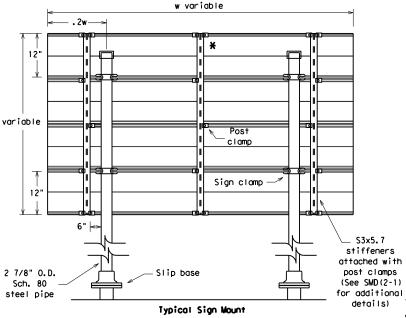
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

ASTM A307 galvanized

per Item 445.

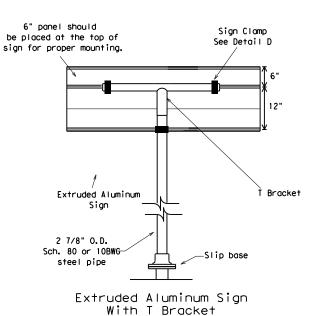
"Galvanizina.

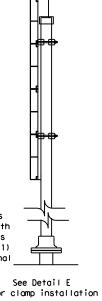
Detail E



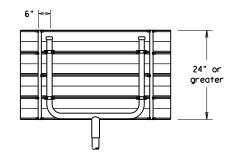
SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

f X Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.





for clamp installation



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E

for clamp installation

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
  7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
١,	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
٠[	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
! [	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)



#### SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

(C) Tx	DOT July 2002	DN: TXD	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
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SSIONAL ENGINEER

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01/26/2023



		SHEET 1	1 (	DF 8
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0054	04	123		US 84
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BWD	COLEMAN CO.			112

· <u> </u>			. <u>— — — — —</u>	· — · · — · · — · · —	
					TION: 284+00.00 FFSET: 26.00' LT — 6" W SLD 284+00.00 14.50' LT — 6" W BRK
-00	280+00	281+00 	282+00	283+00	284+00
				STATION: A OFI STATION:	284+00.00 "SET: 0.00' 6" DBL Y 6" DBL Y 5TATION: 284+00.00 OFFSET: 25.00' RT 6" W SLD

STATION: 288+80.00 OFFSET: 8.00' LT STATION: 288+80.00 OFFSET: 32.00' LT STATION: 288+80.00 OFFSET: 8.00' RT -8" W DOT STATION: 288+80.00 OFFSET: 20.00' LT <u>US</u> 84 STATION: 288+80.00 -OFFSET: 20.00' RT 277+28.35 14°07'06.0" (RT) 00°26'59.7" 1576.97' 3137.98' 12734.70' 261+51.37 292+89.35 STATION: 288+80.00 OFFSET: 32.00' RT -8" W DOT STATION: 294+80.00 OFFSET: 32.00' LT STATION: 295+50.00 OFFSET: 8.00' LT -8" W SLD STATION: 294+80.00 OFFSET: 20.00' LT STATION: 294+80.00 OFFSET: 8.00' LT STATION: 294+80.00 OFFSET: 4.00' LT 295+00 292+00 293+00 ŪS 84 291+00  $\geq$ STATION: 294+40.00 \_ OFFSET: 32.00' RT STATION: 294+40.00 OFFSET: 44.00' RT STATION: 294+80.00 OFFSET: 20.00' RT STATION: 294+80.00 OFFSET: 8.00' RT



STATION: 290+30.00 OFFSET: 8.00' RT – 8" W SLD

STATION: 290+30.00 OFFSET: 32.00' RT — 8" W SLD

\$35°09'02.0"E

STATION: 295+50.00 OFFSET: 20.00' RT — 6" W BRK

STATION: 295+50.00 - OFFSET: 20.00' LT 6" W BRK

STATION: 295+70.00 - OFFSET: 32.00' LT 6" W SLD

STATION: 295+50.00 - OFFSET: 4.00' RT 6" DBL Y

STATION: 295+50.00 - OFFSET: 8.00" RT

6" DBL Y

290+88.54

MATCHLINE

STATION: 296+09.00 - OFFSET: 32.00' RT 6" W SLD

01/28/2023



SHEET 2 OF 8						
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
0054	04	123		US 84		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
BWD	COLEMAN CO.			113		

STATION: 301+50.00 OFFSET: 8.00' LT -6" Y SLD LT SKIP RT STATION: 300+00.00 -OFFSET: 8.00' LT STATION: 301+00.00 \_\_\_\_ STATION: 301+50.00 - OFFSET: 8.00' RT 6" Y SKIP LT SLD RT MATCHLINE STA. 308+88.54 <u>US\_84</u> 306+00 307+00 305+00 308+00



01/28/2023



		SHEET 3	3 (	OF 8
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/D	COLEMAN CO.			114

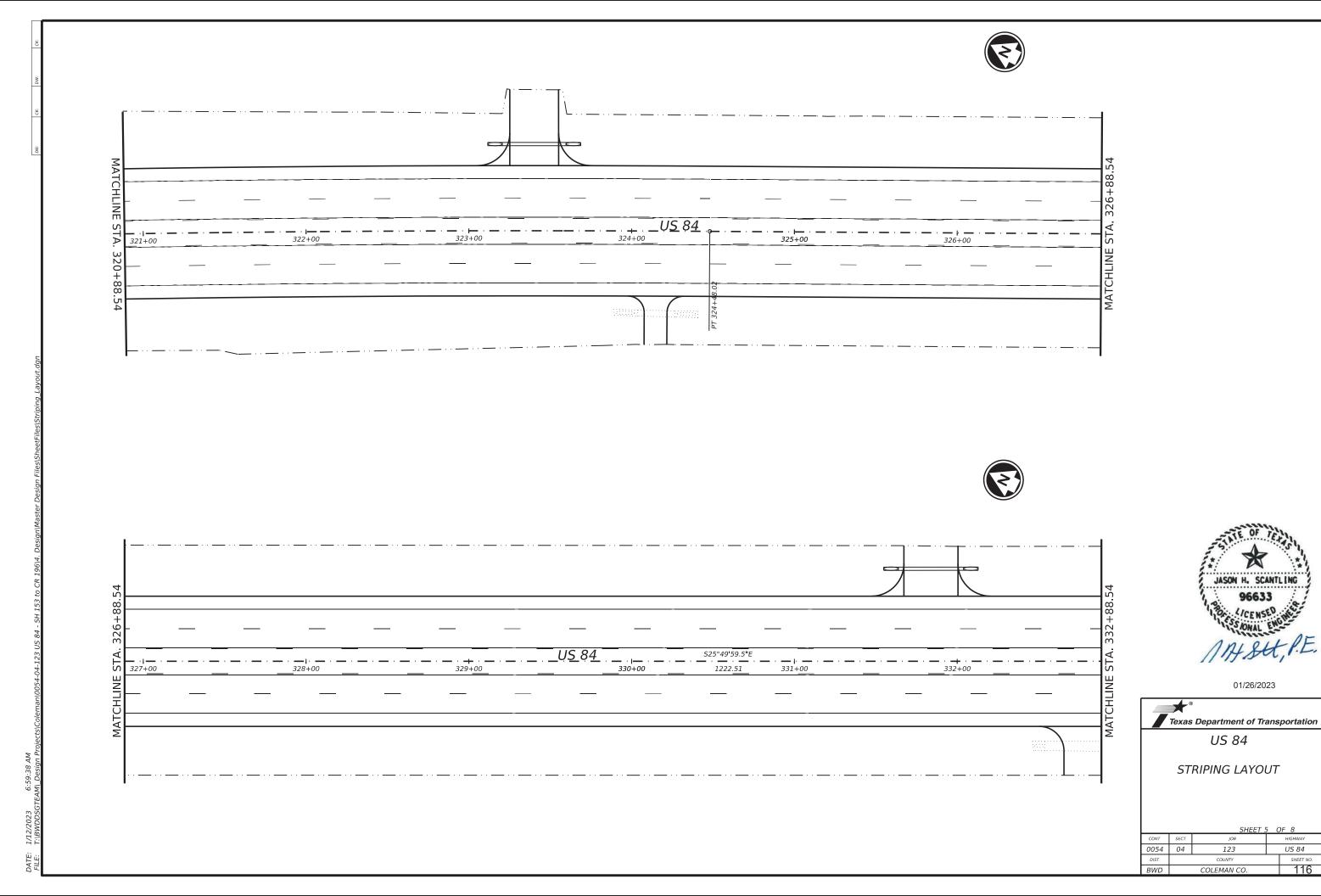
<u>US\_84</u> PI 311+19.85 Δ 09°19'02.5" (RT) D 00°20'59.9" ... T 1334.05' L 2662.21' R 16370.92' PC 297+85.81 PT 324+48.02 MATCHLINE STA, 320+88.54 <u>US 84</u> 318+00 317+00



01/26/2023



		SHEET 4	1 (	DE 8
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54	04	123		US 84
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/D	COLEMAN CO.			115

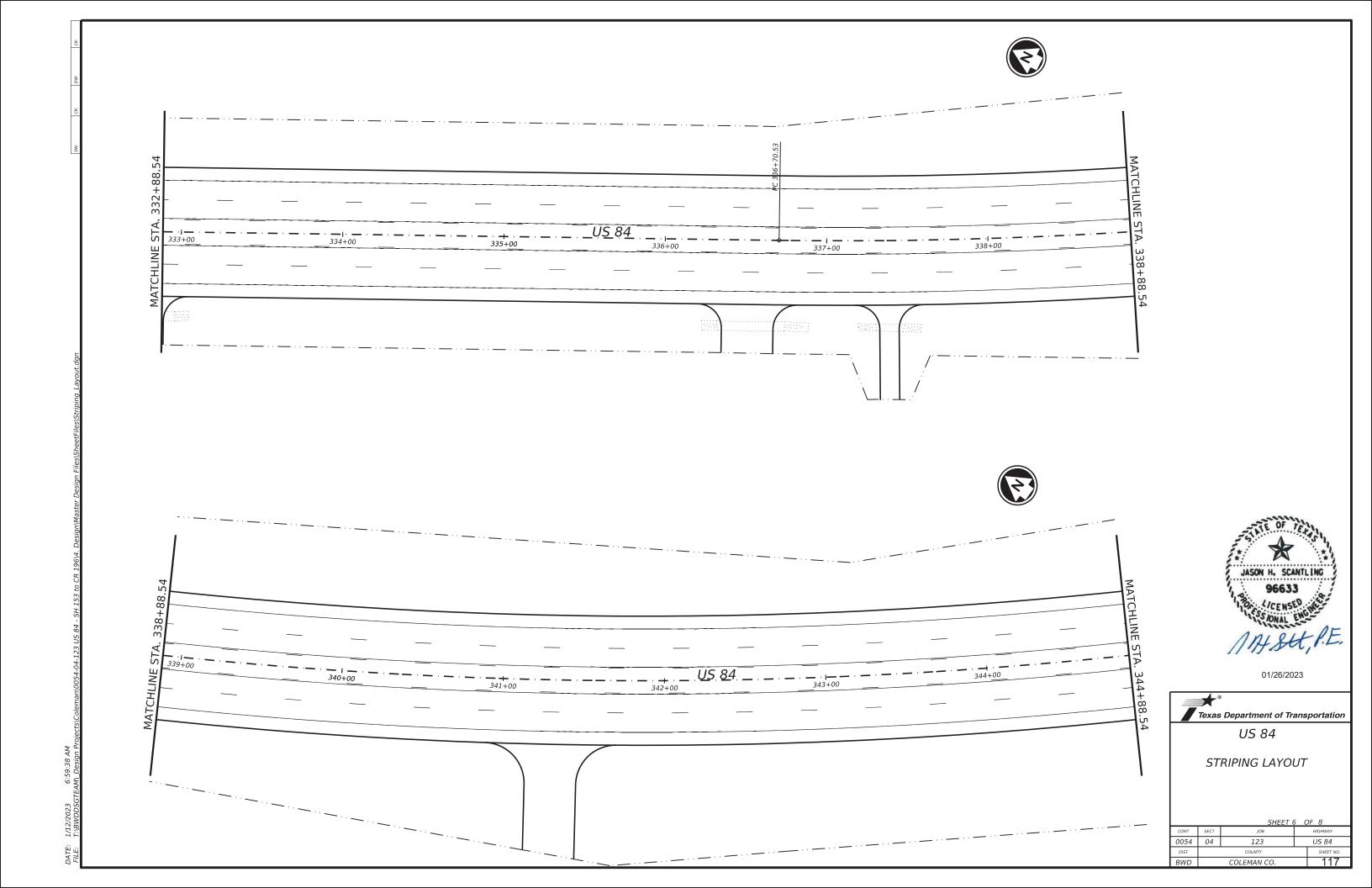


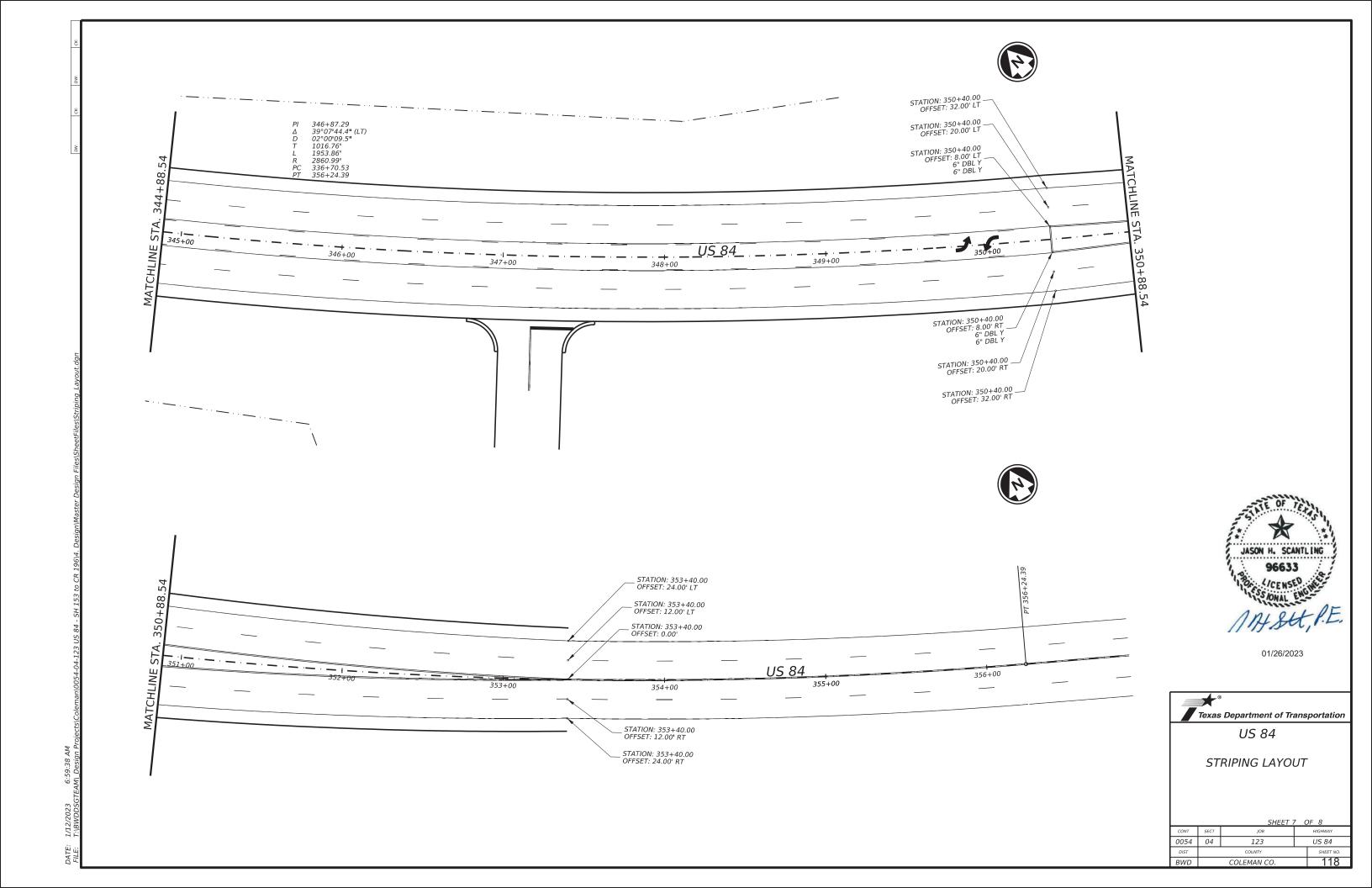
HIGHWAY

US 84

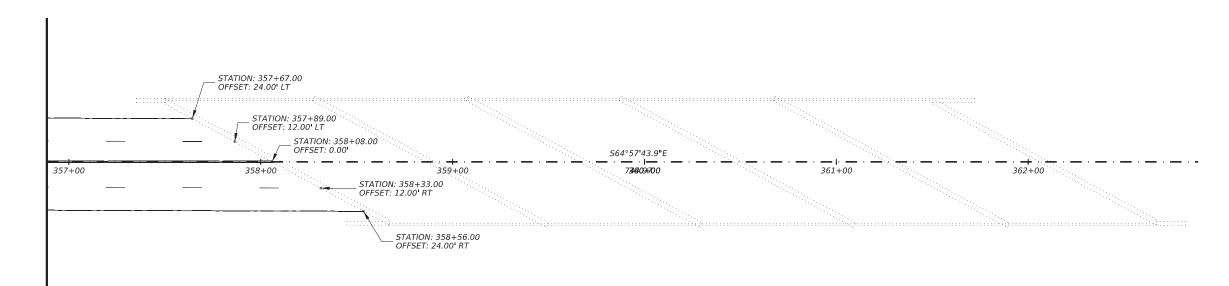
SHEET NO.

116











01/26/2023



SHEET 8 OF 8						
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
0054	04	123	US 84			
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
BWD		COLEMAN CO.		119		

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0054-04-123 STATION/LOCATION	0533-6001 RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER) LF	0533-6002 RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE) LF	0666 6030 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 8" (DOT)(100MIL) LF	0666 6036 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 8 (SLD) (100MIL) LF	0666 6048 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24" (SLD) (100MIL) LF	0666 6306 RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6* (BRK)(100MIL) LF	0666 6309 RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6" (SLD)(100MIL) LF	0666 6318 RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6* (BRK)(100MIL) LF	0666 6321 RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6* (SLD)(100MIL) LF	0672 6007 REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C EA	0672 6009 REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A EA	0668 6077 PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW) EA	0668 6085 PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD) EA
US 84													
284+00 ~ 288+80	960	960				240	960		1920	12	48		
288+80 ~ 290+30	300	300	75			75	300		300	11	16		
290+30 ~ 294+40	820	820		820		205	820		1640	52	41	3	4
294+40 ~ 294+80	40	80		40		10	40		160	22	4	1	
294+80 ~ 295+50					38				196				
295+50 ~ 295+70		40		20		10			80	2	2		
295+70 ~ 296+09	39	78		39		20	39		156	3	4	1	
296+09 ~ 300+00	782	782		391		196	782		1564	30	40	1	2
300+00 ~ 301+50	300	300	38			75	300		600	8	15		
301+50 ~ 350+40	9780	9780			27	2445	9780	2445	9780	122	245	4	
350+40 ~ 353+40	600	600				150	600		1232	8	62		
353+40 ~ 358+56	1032	516				258	1032		1032	13	14		
TOTALS	14653	14256	113	1310	65	3684	14653	2445	18660	283	491	10	6



01/26/2023

US 84 STRIPING SUMMARY



CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
0054	04	123		US 84	
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
BWD		COLEMAN CO. 120			

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

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3"to 12"+| |+

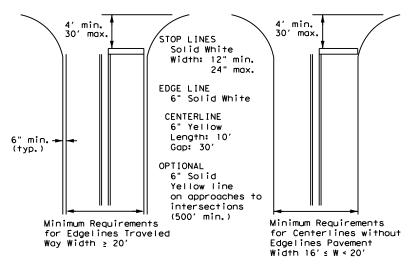
3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

ف

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

#### GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



Texas Department of Transportation

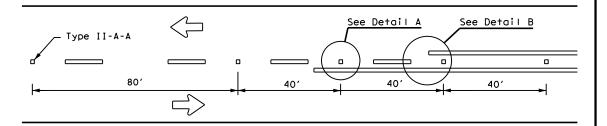
Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM	(1	) -	22	

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TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS -78 8-00 6-20	0054	04	123		US 84
95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
00 2-12	BWD	(	OLEMAN	co.	121

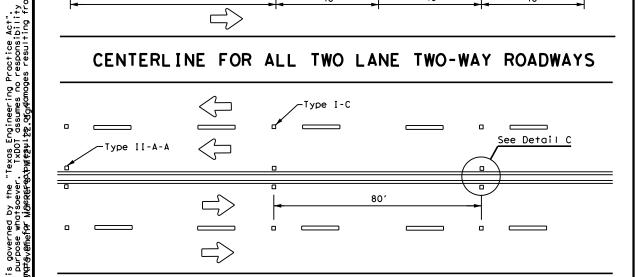
## REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

of 45 MPH or less.

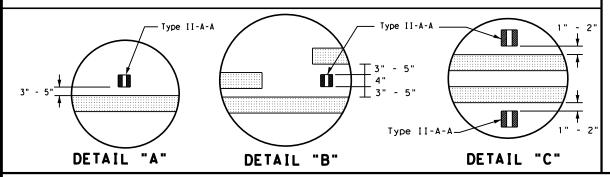


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#### CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

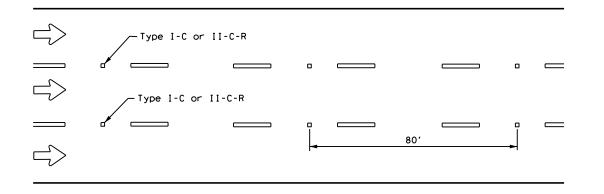


#### CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



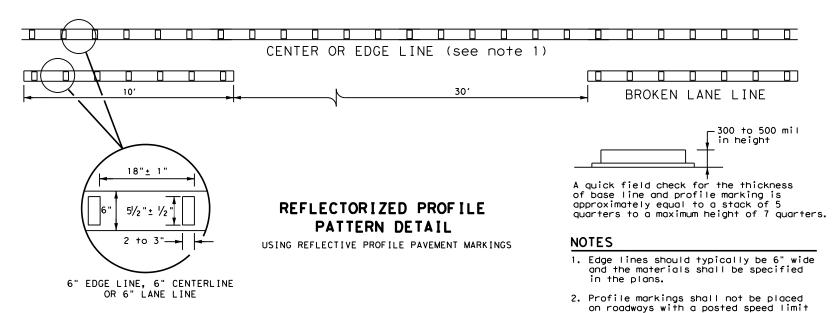
## Centerline -Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 40 80' Type I-C

#### CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



#### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

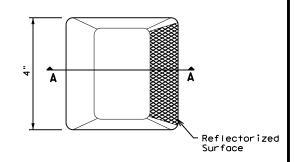


#### GENERAL NOTES

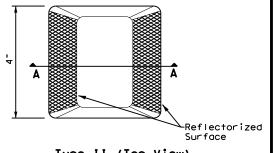
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

DMS-4200
DMS-6100
DMS-6130
DMS-8200
DMS-8220
DMS-8240
D

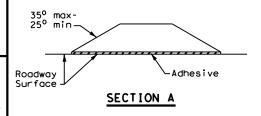
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



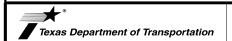
Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

FILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
CTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20	0054	04	123		US 84
4-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	BWD	(	OLEMAN	CO.	122

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MER: use of this standard is governed made by IXDOI for any purpose with setromalesdatts athaenafeggatgevelinefat

## NOTES 1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of parrowing of the roadway.

- Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- 2. On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- 4. For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

ADVANCED WARNING SIGN DISTANCE (D)							
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (f+)					
30 MPH	460	<sub>wc</sub> 2					
35 MPH	565	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$					
40 MPH	670	00					
45 MPH	775						
50 MPH	885						
55 MPH	990						
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS					
65 MPH	1,200						
70 MPH	1,250						
75 MPH	1,350						

Type II-A-A Markers

20'

8'-16'

A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

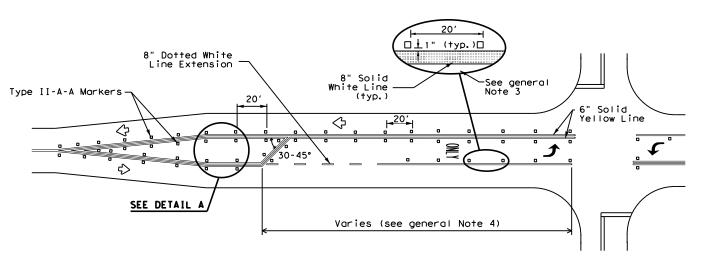
## TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

#### GENERAL NOTES

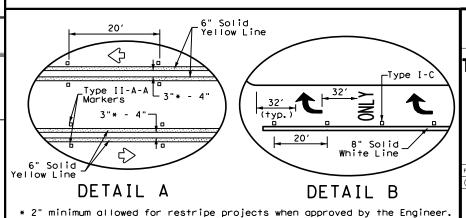
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



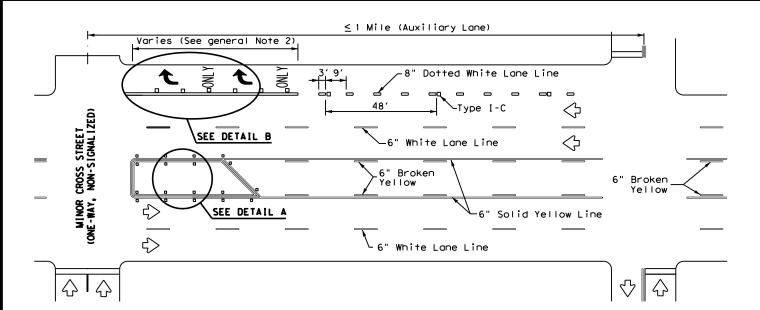
#### TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS



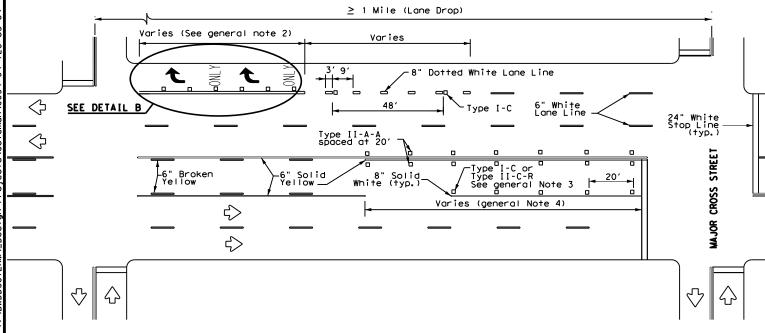


RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS, AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3)-22

FILE: pm3-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
CTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB	H	IIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-98 3-03 6-20	0054	04	123	L	IS 84
5-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 2-12	BWD		OLEMAN	co.	123
226					



#### TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

Environmental Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPIC) plans. In the event that migratory birds are encountered on-site during project construction, adverse impacts on protected birds, active

nests, eggs, and/or young shall be avoided.

0054 04 123

BWD COLEMAN CO.

US 84

124

Grassy Swales

Erosion Control Compost

Compost Filter Berms and Socks

Sand Filter Systems

Mulch filter Berms and Socks

Sedimentation Chambers

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept in the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0054-04-123

#### 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: .2 miles north of FM 568

To: .2 south of CR 196

#### 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 31.815367, (Long) -99.400272

END: (Lat) 31.799077, (Long) -99.387016

#### 1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 25.5 acres

#### 1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 7.0 acres

#### 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

WIDEN PAVED SHOULDER, INSTALL CONTINUOUS

**TURN LANE** 

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

		X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pave
Soil Type	Description	widening
Callahan Loam 1 to 3% slopes	80% clay, well drained, high rate of runoff	X Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (S X Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF),
Rowena Clay Loam 1 to 3% slopes	90% clay, well drained, medium rate of runoff	X Install proposed pavement per plans X Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
		X Place flex base
		X Rework slopes, grade ditches
		X Blade windrowed material back across slopes
		X Revegetation of unpaved areas
		X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures
		☐ Other:
		☐ Other:
		□ Other:

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

No PSLs planned for construction

туре	Sneet #S

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs, The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

X Mobilization

X Install sediment and erosion controls

X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

X Remove existing pavement

X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement

SETs)

), bridge rail

Other			
0.11			

ther:			

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- X Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- X Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

□ Other: _			
 ☐ Other:			
U Other			
□ Other: _			

**1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:** Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Classified Waterbody

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
Lake Brownwood (1418)	

\* Add (\*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4 X Perform SWP3 inspections

□ Other:

Other:

- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- X Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

☐ Other:			

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)

X Post Construction Site Notice

X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

☐ Other: _			
□ Other: _			
 □ Other:			
Utilei.			

#### 1.14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER **SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:**

MS4 Entity			

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

Sheet 1 of 2



CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0054	04	123 US 84		US 84
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BWD		COLEMAN CO.		125

# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3): 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

SWP3 or the CGP.
2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
<ul> <li>□ Protection of Existing Vegetation</li> <li>□ Vegetated Buffer Zones</li> <li>□ Soil Retention Blankets</li> <li>□ Geotextiles</li> <li>□ Mulching/ Hydromulching</li> <li>□ Soil Surface Treatments</li> <li>□ Temporary Seeding</li> <li>□ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding</li> <li>X Diodegradable Erosion Control Logs</li> <li>□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> </ul>
□ □ Vertical Tracking
<ul><li>□ Interceptor Swale</li><li>□ Riprap</li><li>□ Diversion Dike</li></ul>
☐ ☐ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
□ □ Embankment for Erosion Control
□ □ Paved Flumes □ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
X □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs     □ □ Dewatering Controls
□ □ Inlet Protection
□ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Sandbag Berms
X  Sediment Control Fence
□ □ Stabilized Construction Exit
☐ ☐ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:

□ □ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

	_		_
1		•	D
		,	_

Se	ediment Trap
	Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
	3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
Se	edimentation Basin
Х	Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
	Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
	☐ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
	☐ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
	Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
	☐ Available area/Site geometry
	☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns
	☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors
	□ Public safety
	☐ Other: No new right of way

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Stationing		
Туре	From	То	

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- X Haul roads dampened for dust control
- X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- □ Stabilized construction exit

- Otto			

Other:

Other:

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control

Other:

Other:

X Sanitary Facilities

Other:			
Other:			
_			

Otner:				

#### **2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:**

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Typo	Stationing		
Туре	From	То	
Erosion Control Logs	280+00	280+74	
Erosion Control Logs	280+74	282+00	

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- ⋉ Fire hydrant flushings
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- ★ Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

#### 2.9 MAINTENANCE:

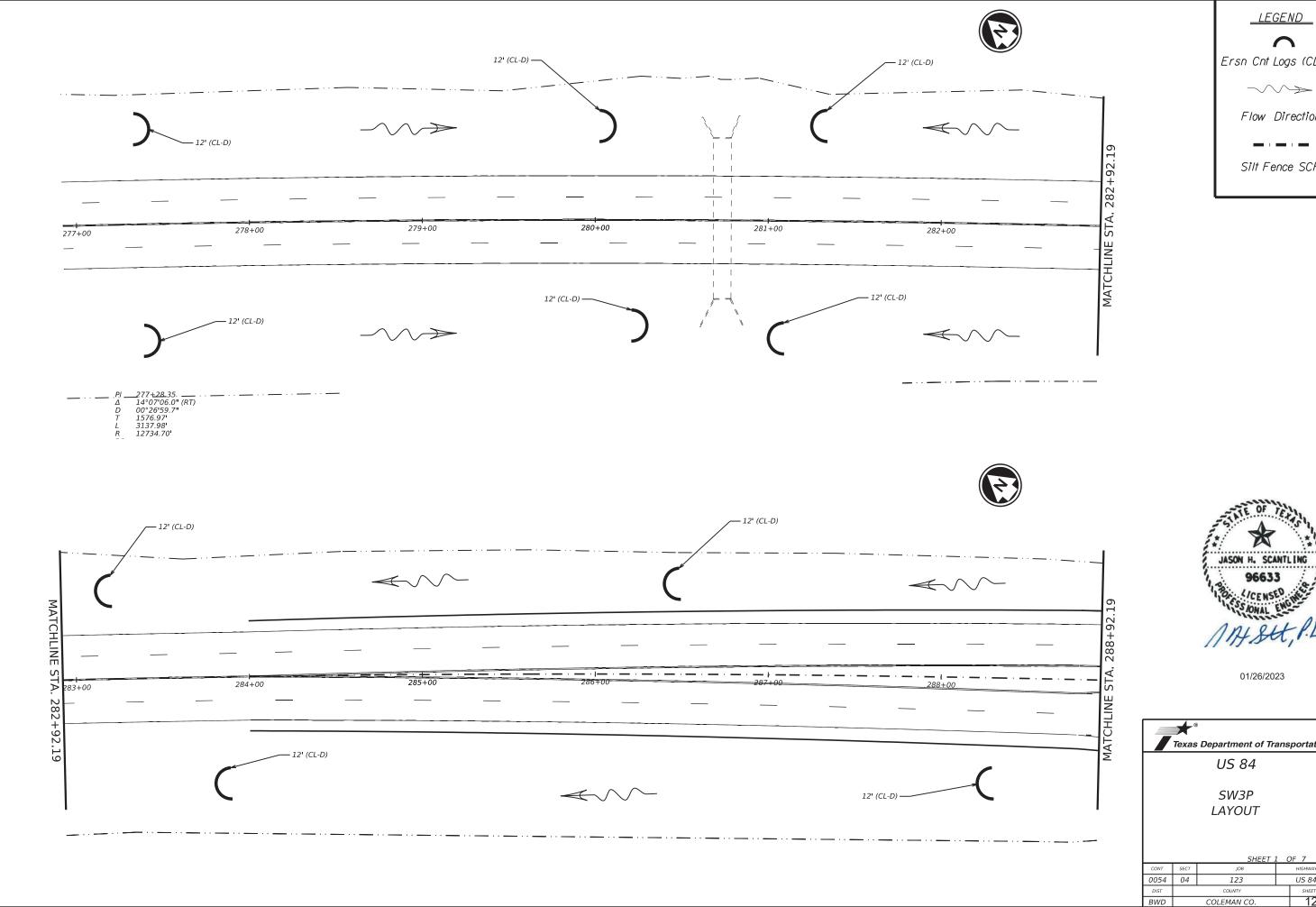
Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

Sheet 2 of 2



CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0054	04	123		US 84
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BWD		COLEMAN CO.		126



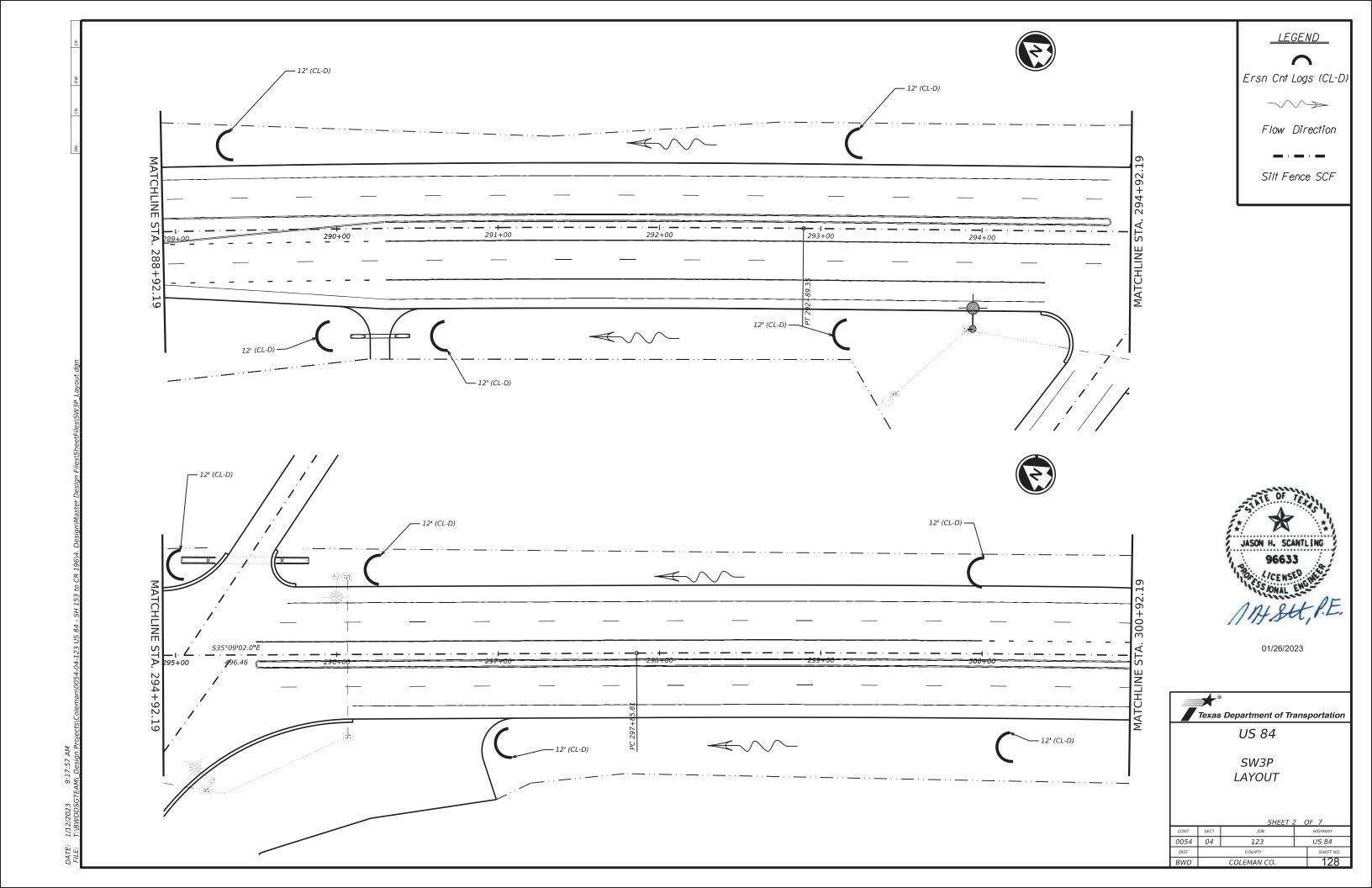
Ersn Cnt Logs (CL-D)

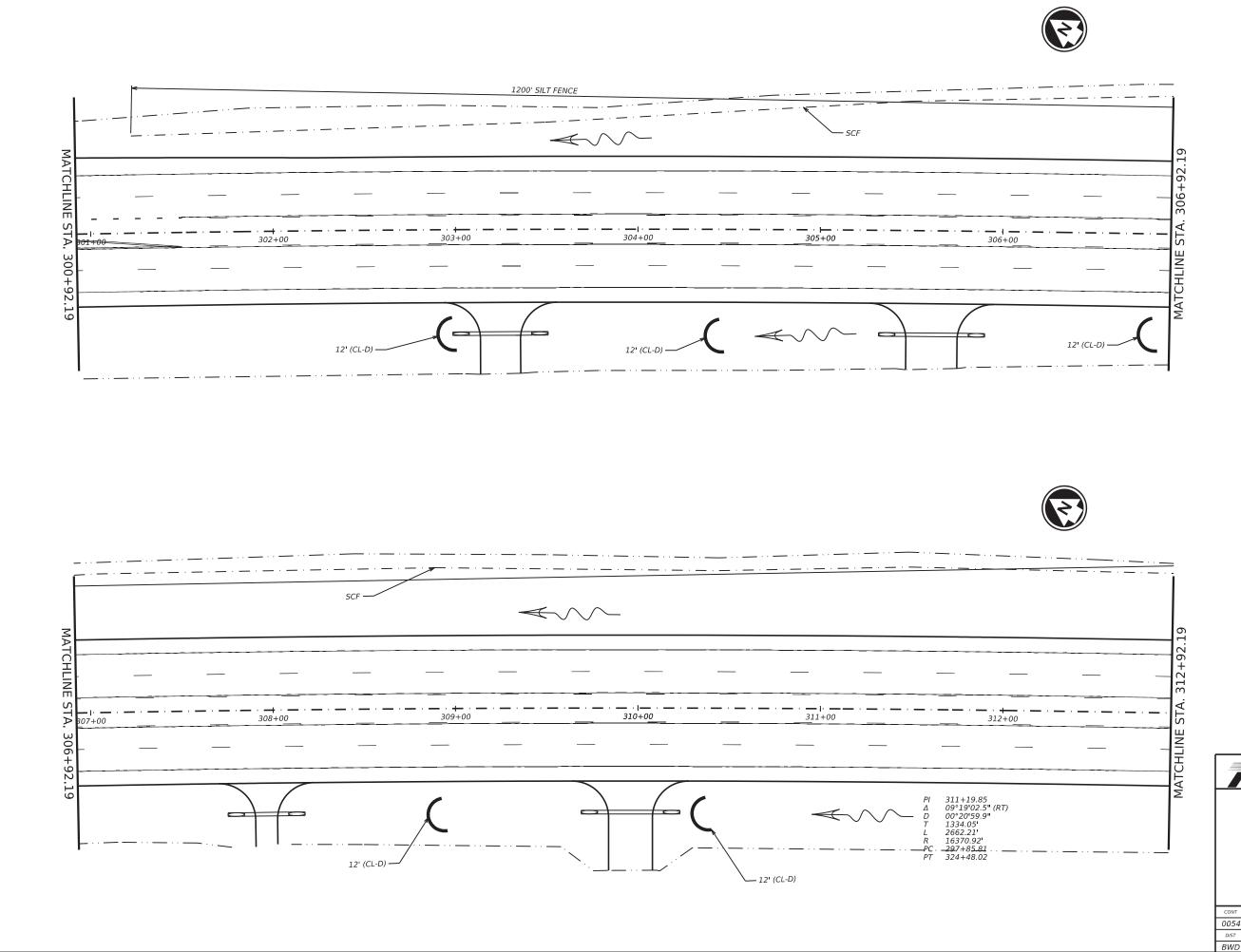
Flow Direction

Silt Fence SCF

Texas Department of Transportation

		SHEET I	1 (	OF 7
-	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
4	04	123		US 84
		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
)		COLEMAN CO.		127





Ersn Cnt Logs (CL-D)

Flow Direction

Silt Fence SCF

JASON H. SCANTLING

96633

CENSE

AM SHAPE

AM

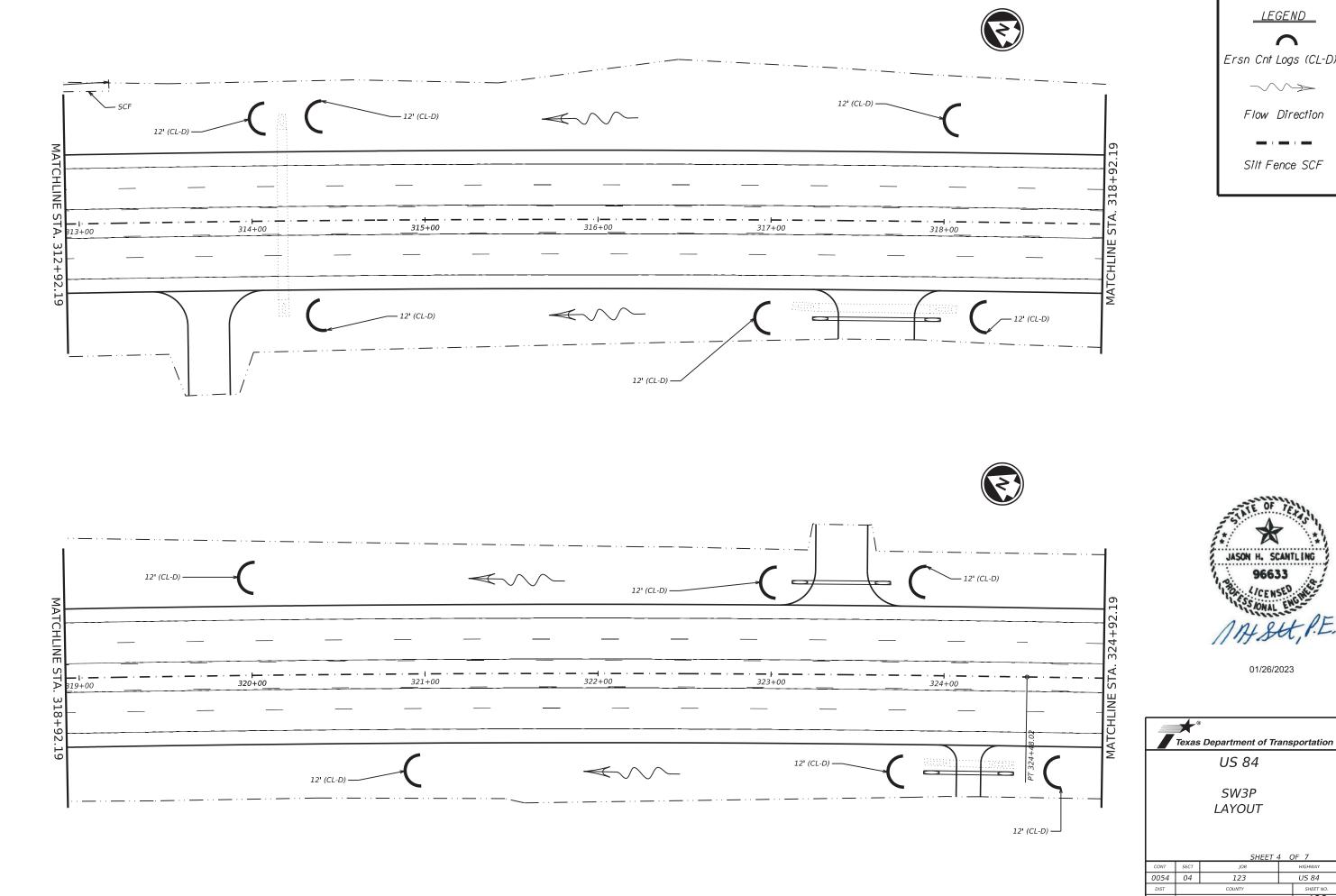
01/27/2023



US 84

SW3P LAYOUT

		SHEET 3	3 C	OF 7
-	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
4	04	123		US 84
	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
כ		COLEMAN CO.	129	



LEGEND

Ersn Cnt Logs (CL-D)

 $\sim\sim$ Flow Direction

Silt Fence SCF

01/26/2023

US 84

SW3P

		SHEET 4	1 C	DF 7
	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
4	04	123		US 84
		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
)		COLEMAN CO.		130

LEGEND

Ersn Cnt Logs (CL-D)

Flow Direction

Silt Fence SCF

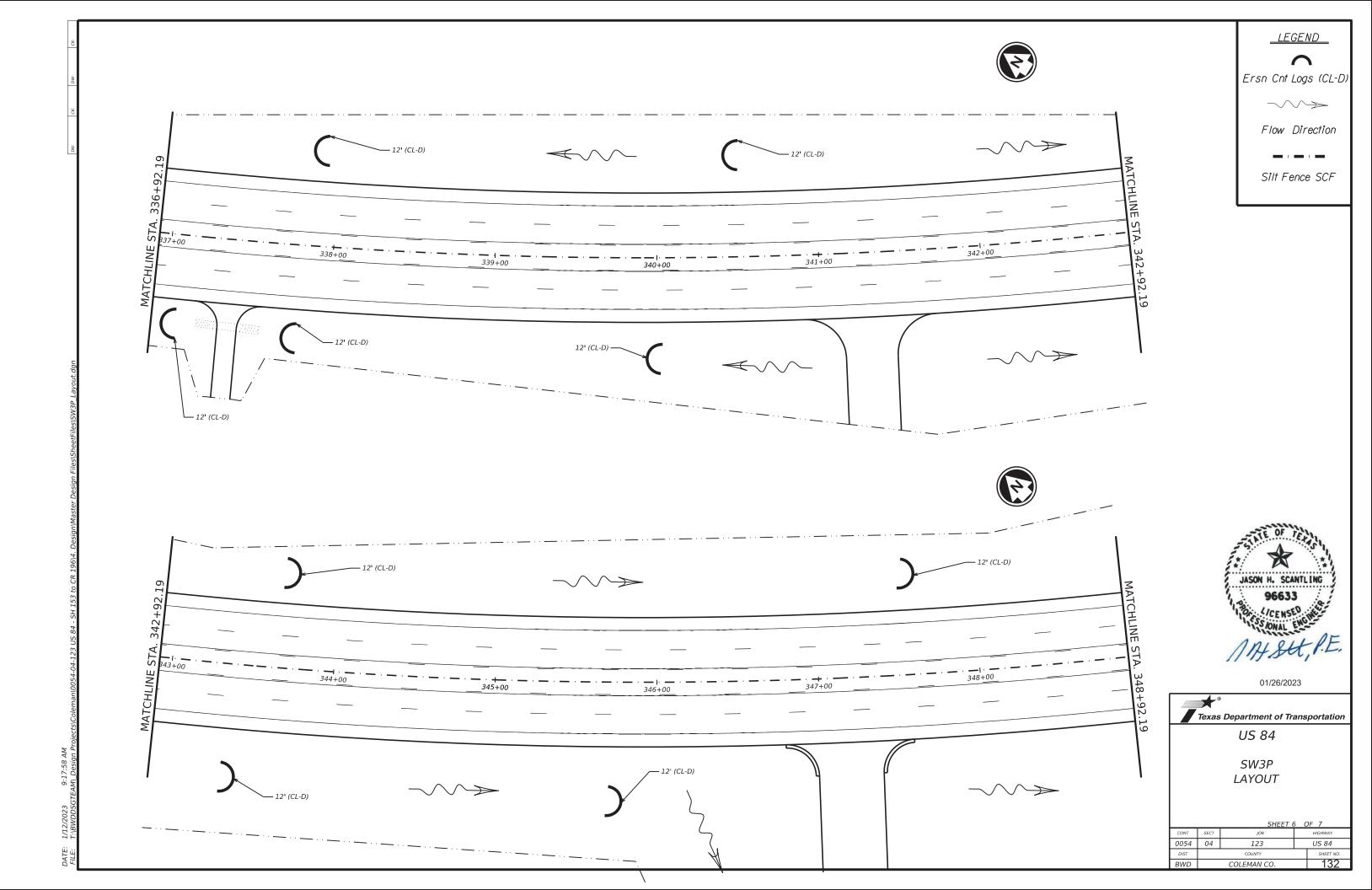


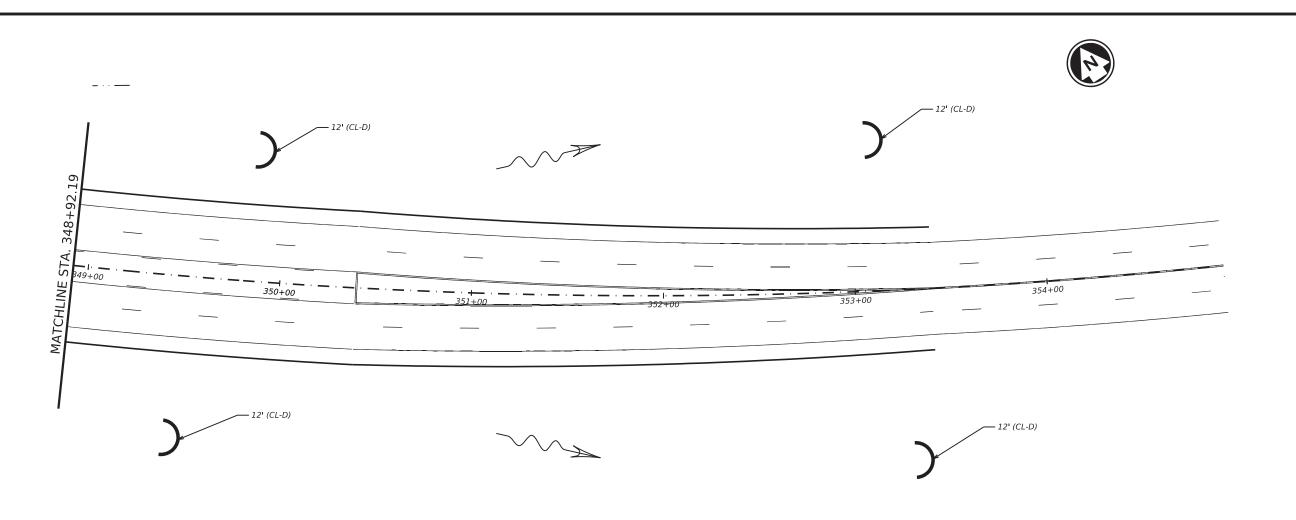
01/26/2023



SW3P LAYOUT

		SHEET S	5 OF 7
VT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
54	04	123	US 84
т		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
/D		131	





i		

Flow Direction

Silt Fence SCF

<u>LEGEND</u>

Ersn Cnt Logs (CL-D)

JASON H. SCANTLING

96633

CENSED

NOWAL ENGINE

AH Sett, P.E.

01/26/2023



SW3P LAYOUT

 SHEET 7 OF 7

 CONT
 SECT
 JOB
 HIGHWAY

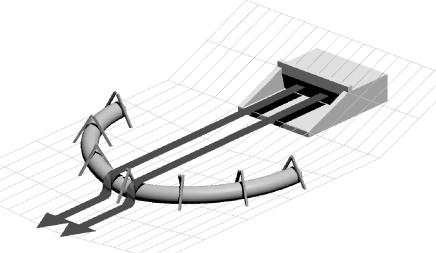
 0054
 04
 123
 US 84

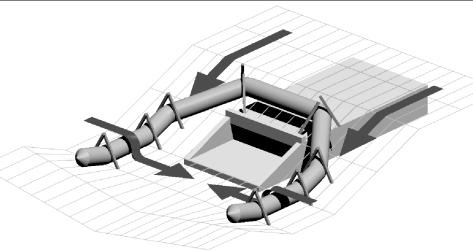
 DIST
 COUNTY
 SHEET NO.

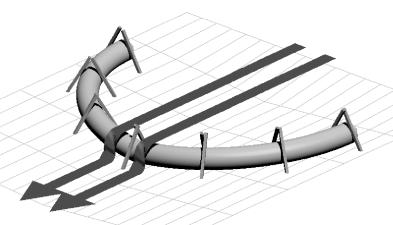
 BWD
 COLEMAN CO.
 133

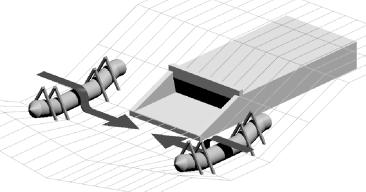
		CSJ - 0054-04-123		
ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANT	UNIT
164	6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP)(WARM)	16956.0	SY
164	6011	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP)(COOL)	16956.0	SY
168	6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	757.0	MG
506	6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	1200.0	LF
506	6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	1200.0	LF
506	6041	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	696.0	LF
506	6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	696.0	LF

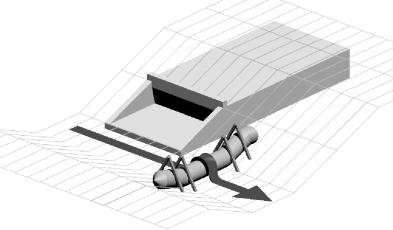
EXACT LOCATION & QUANTITIES OF SW3P ITEMS TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD

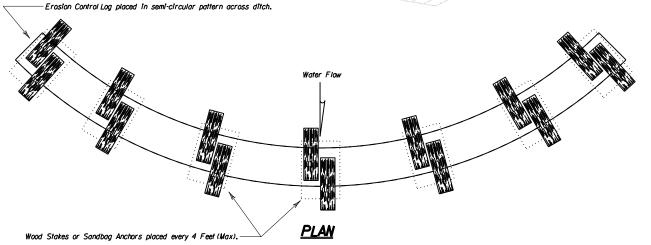












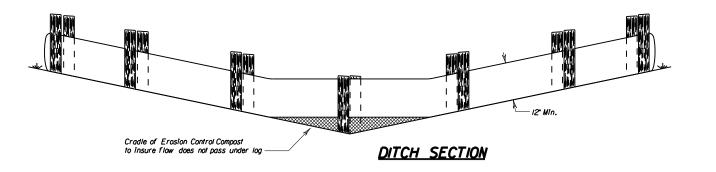
#### EROSION LOG GENERAL NOTES

Sandbags used as anchors will be placed on top of logs and will be of sufficient size to hold logs in place

Wood stakes will be 2" X 2" minimum size.

Do not place stakes through containment mesh.

See Item 506 \*Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls\* for additional details.



US 84
EROSION
CONTROL LOG
PLACEMENT
DETAILS



CONT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY			
054	04	123	ι	US 84			
DIST	COUNTY				HEET NO.		
BWD	(	COLEMAN CO	).	•	134		

#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

ያ ያ

made sults

warranty of any kind ats or for incorrect

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

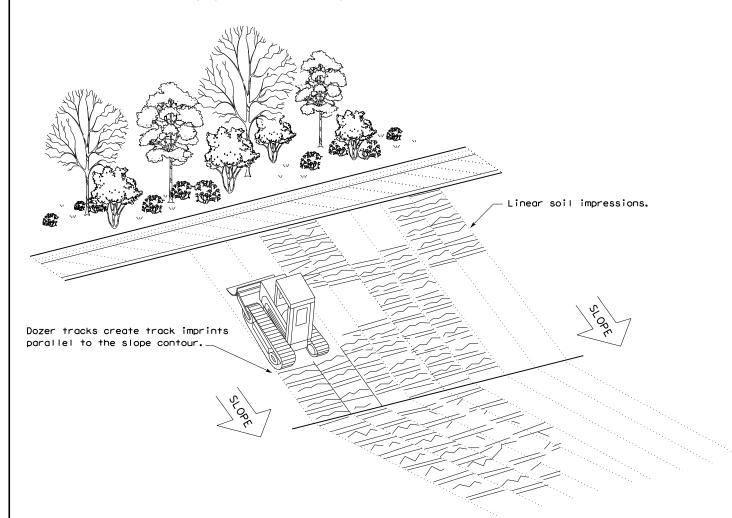
A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT<sup>2</sup>. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

#### **LEGEND**

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



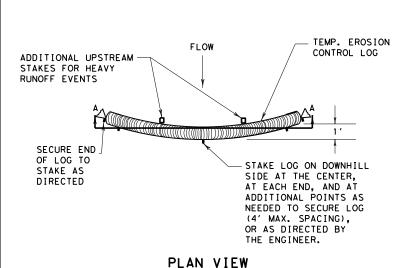
TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1) - 16

ILE: ec116	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	Dw: VP	VP DN/CK: LS		
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0054	04	123		US 84		
	DIST	DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	BWD	C	OLEMAN	co.	135		

Embed posts 18" min. or Anchor if in rock.

Sediment Control Fence —(SCF)—



STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL

SIDE AT THE CENTER,

AT EACH END, AND AT

AS DIRECTED BY THE

ENGINEER.

ADDITIONAL POINTS AS

NEEDED TO SECURE LOG

(4' MAX. SPACING), OR

ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

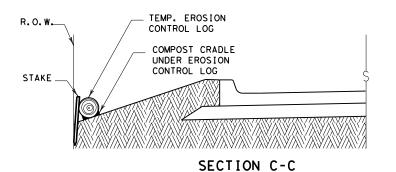
STAKES FOR HEAVY

RUNOFF EVENTS

#### FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. CONTROL LOG AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

#### STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, (TYP.) OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. **TEMPORARY** EROSION CONTROL LOG FLOW -DISTURBED AREA SECURE END BACK OF CURB OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED LIP OF GUTTER ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS

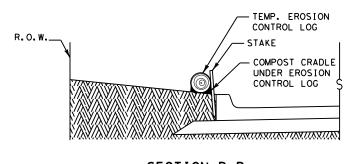
#### PLAN VIEW



EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY



#### PLAN VIEW



SECTION B-B EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

## (CL - BOC)



## SECTION A-A EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

ΝΪΝ



#### **LEGEND**

CL-D EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

TEMP. EROSION-

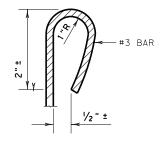
CONTROL LOG

(TYP.)

COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

- -(cl-boc)- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY (CL-ROW
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING -(CL-SST
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING -(CL-SSL)
- -( CL-DI ] - EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- (CL-CI) EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- (cl-gi)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



REBAR STAKE DETAIL

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps: 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project.

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION

CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

**GENERAL NOTES:** 

1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S

2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL

BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE

USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.

STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR

THE PURPOSE INTENDED.

3. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE

ENGINEER.

DEFORMATION.

THE ENGINEER.

MESH.

LOG.

MINIMUM

COMPACTED

DIAMETER

RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR

CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL

SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS,

REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE

FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL

TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER

SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE

#3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT

2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY

SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED

ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT

TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE

TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE

UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP

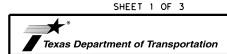
6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT

7. COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.

SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.

10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL

LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.



MINIMUM

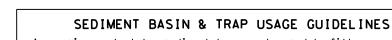
COMPACTED DIAMETER

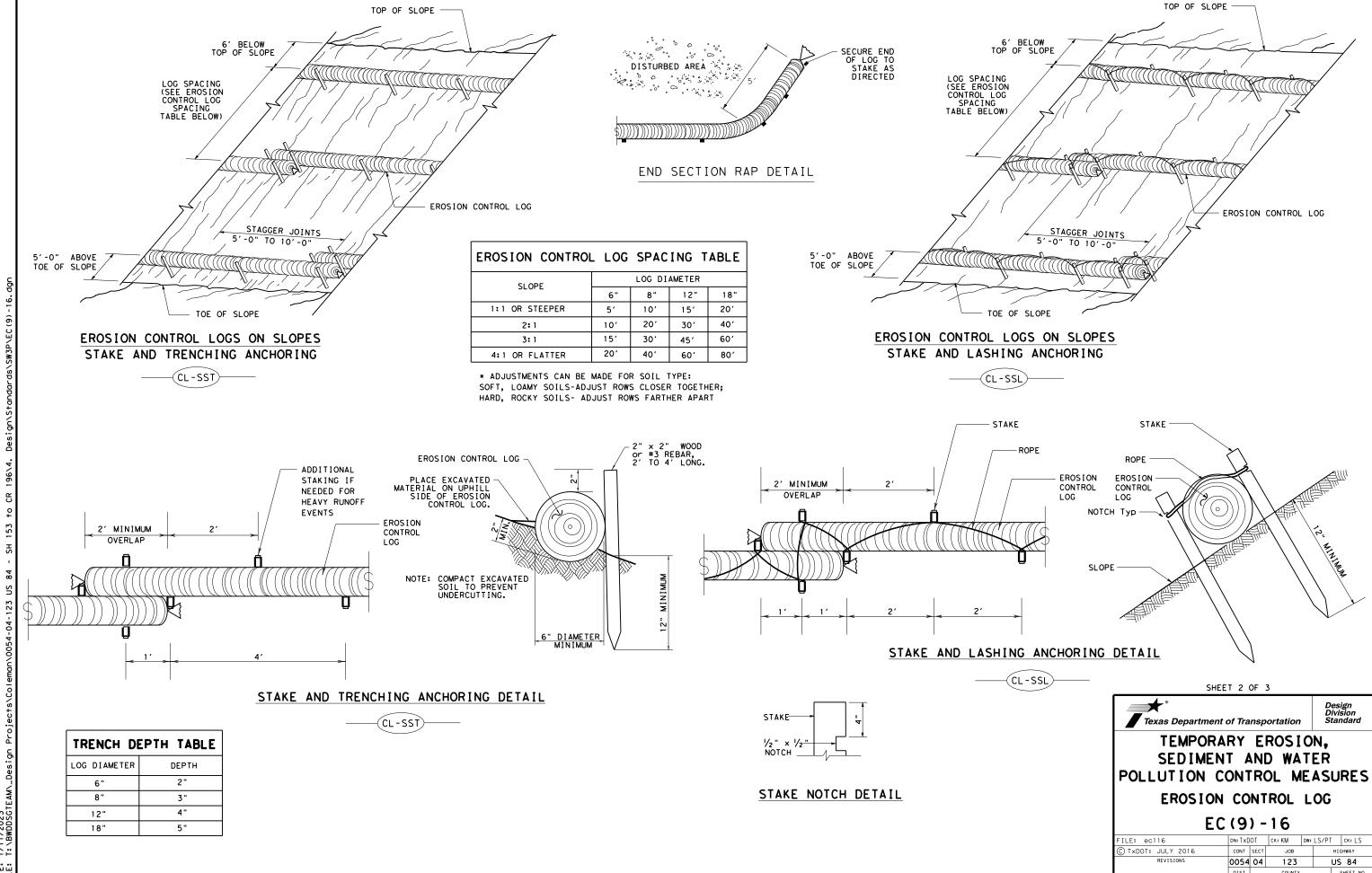
TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

**EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9) - 16

FILE: ec916	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW: LS/PT CK: LS		ck: LS	
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0054	04	123 US 84		84		
	DIST	DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	BWD	(	OLEMAN	CC	).	136	





BWD COLEMAN CO.

137

SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED

TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG

FLOW

# EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET (CL - GI)

SANDBAG

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOG USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

COMPLETELY SURROUND
DRAINAGE ACCESS TO
AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH
EROSION CONTROL LOG

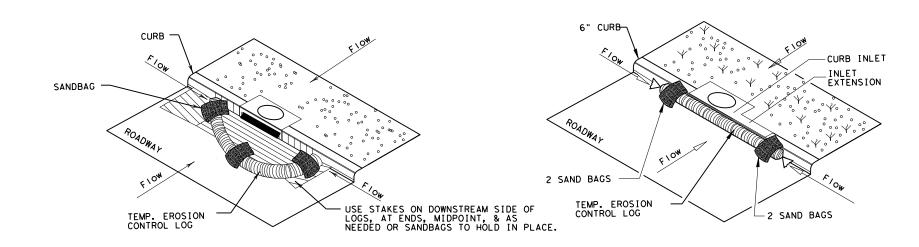
- FLOW

-STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL)

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

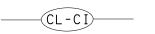
(CL-DI)

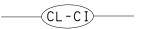
CURB AND GRATE INLET



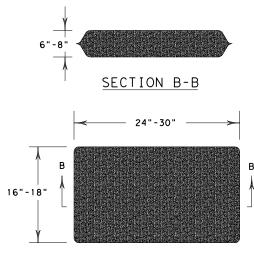
#### EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

#### EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET





NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



SANDBAG DETAIL

SHEET 3 OF 3 Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES **EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9) - 16

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FILE: ec916	DN: TxDOT		ck: KM	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	ECT JOB HIGHWA			HWAY
REVISIONS	0054	04	04 123 U		US	84
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	BWD	С	OLEMAN	СО		138