INDEX OF SHEETS

SEE SHEET 2 FOR INDEX OF SHEETS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000

AND

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

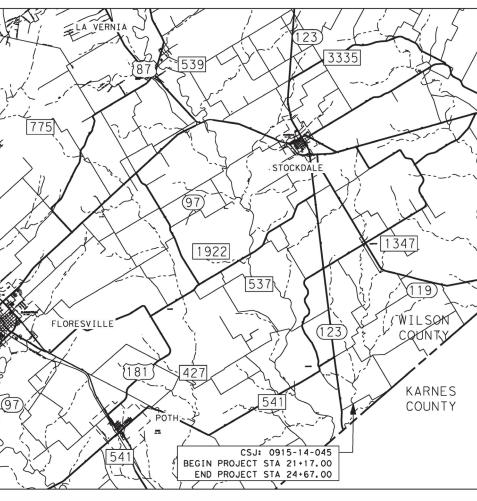
FEDERAL AID PROJECT PROJECT NO. BR 2022(415) CSJ: 0915-14-045

WILSON COUNTY CR 235

LIMITS CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY = 290.00 FT = 0.055 MI NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE = 60.00 FT = 0.011 MI NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 350.00 FT = 0.066 MI

FOR WORK CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES



R.R. CROSSINGS: NONE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND THE SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273. JULY 5. 2022)

N

SCALE: 1"=20000'

EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE

TEXAS SAT WILSON CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHMAY NO. 0915 14 045 CR 235

PROJECT NO. BR 2022 (415)

STATE DIST.

STATE

DESIGN SPEED = MEETS EXISTING AREA OF DISTURBED SOIL = 0.32 ACRE ADT: 40AADT (2021)

FINAL PLANS

FINAL PLANS STATEMENT:

LETTING DATE:	
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:	
DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED:	
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$	
CONTRACTOR:	

THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS. ARFA ENGINEER

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION









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SHEET NO.

DESCRIPTION

GENERAL

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY SHOWN WITH PRECEDING (*), HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY SHOWN WITH PRECEDING (#), HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



FARREN SCOTT BASSE, P.E.
TEXAS REG. ENGINEERING FIRM F-199

TEXAS REG. ENGINEERING FIRM F-199

REV.	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
			' PAPE-DAWSOI ENGINEERS

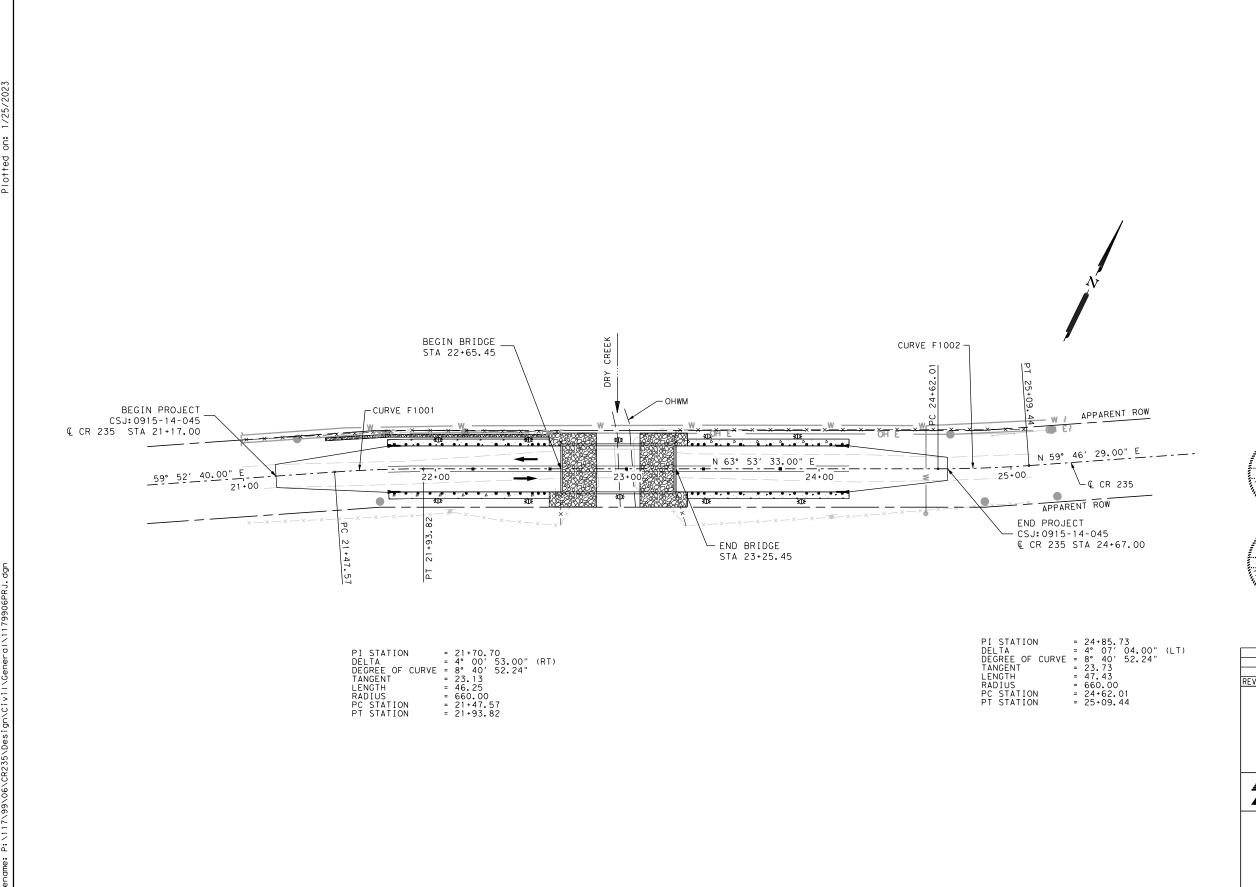
SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000

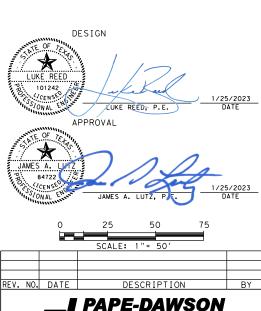


CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

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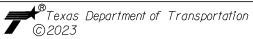
in:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
ik in:	6	TEXAS	SEE	TITLE S	HEET	CR 235
rG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
IK IG:	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	2





PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

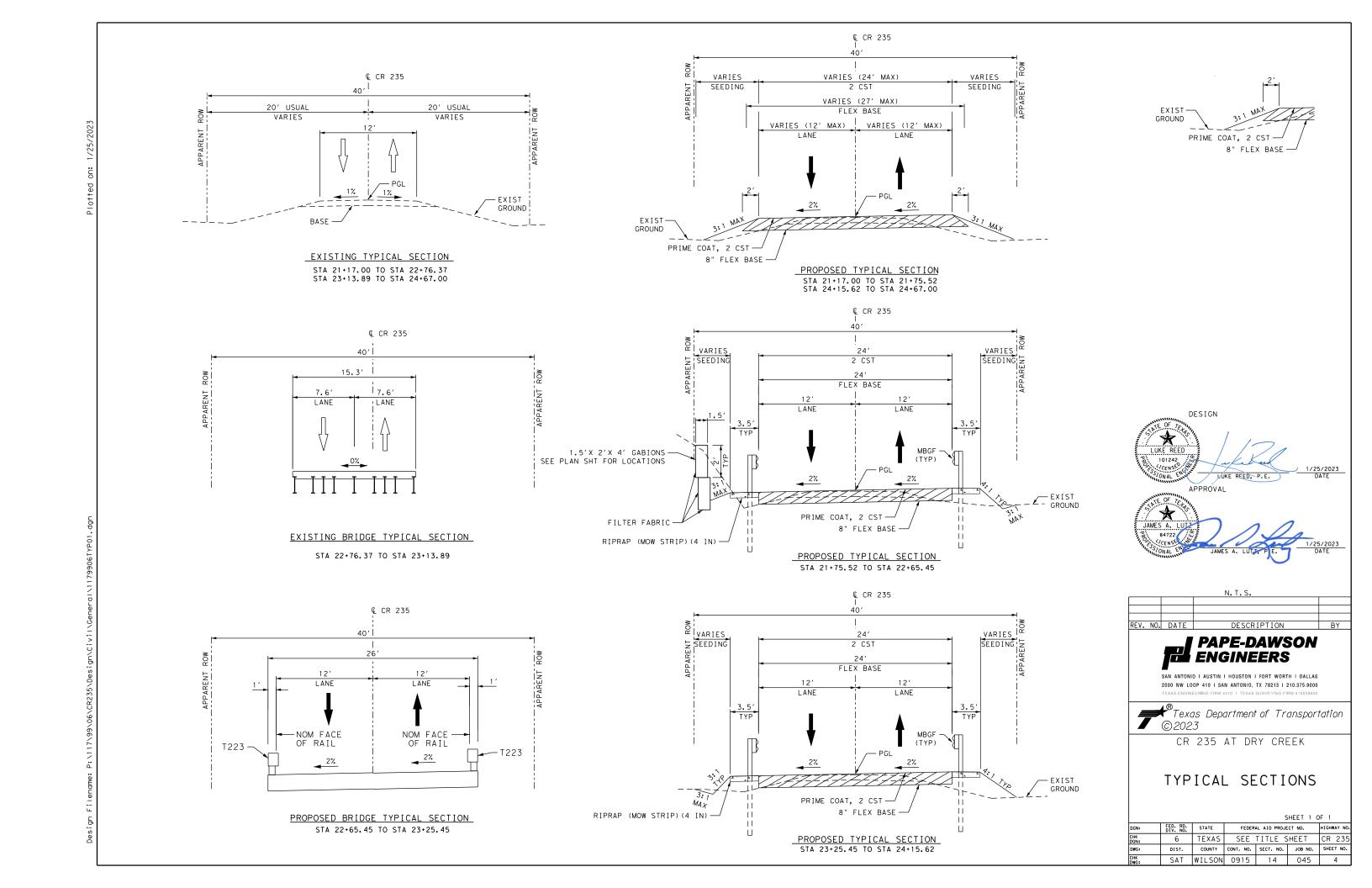
SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000



CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

PROJECT LAYOUT

in:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.				
K N:	6	TEXAS	SEE	TITLE S	HEET	CR 235		
/G:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.		
iK iG:	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	3		



County: Wilson

Highway: CR 235

=====Basis of Estimate ======	=
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Item	Description	Rate/Area	Quant-Unit
0247-6475	Flex Base TY D GR 1-2 OR 5	8"/725 SY	161.1 CY
0316-6029	PRIME COAT (RC-250)	0.2 GAL/SY/700 SY	140 GAL
0316-6177	PRIME (TY B GR 5 SAC-B AGGR)	140 SY/CY/700 SY	5.0 CY

====== Surface Treatment Data ===============================

Item	Description	Rate/Area	Quant-Unit
0316-6222	(1st Crse) AGGR (TY-PB GR-3 SAC-B)	1 CY/85 SY/700 SY	8.3 CY
0316-6224	(2 nd Crse) AGGR(TY-PB GR-4 SAC-B)	1 CY/130 SY/700 SY	5.4 CY
0316-6017	(1 st Crse) ASPH (AC-20-5TR)	0.4GAL/SY/ 700 SY	280 GAL
0316-6017	(2 nd Crse) ASPH (AC-20-5TR)	0.34GAL/SY/700 SY	238 GAL

--General--

Any materials removed and not reused and determined to be salvageable shall be stored within the project limits at an approved location or delivered undamaged to the storage yard as directed. Deface traffic signs so that they will not reappear in public as signs.

Hurricane Evacuation

Hurricane Season is from June 1 thru November 30. As the closest metropolitan city inland from the Texas Coast, the City of San Antonio is a major shelter destination during mandatory hurricane evacuations. As such, planned work zone lane or road closures may be restricted and/or suspended during mandatory hurricane evacuation operations. The District will coordinate these restrictions at a minimum H-120 from any projected impact to the Texas Coast.

No time charges will be made if the Engineer determines that work on the project was impacted by the hurricane.

The Engineer may order changes in the Traffic Control Plan to accommodate evacuation traffic, and may suspend the work, all or in part, to ensure timely completion of this work. All work to implement changes in the Traffic Control Plan will be paid through existing bid prices or through Item 9.5, Force Account. However, the Department will not entertain any request for delay damages, loss of efficiency that may be attributed to the restriction or suspension of road or lane closures, or to changes in the Traffic Control Plan.

Control: 0915-14-045 Sheet 5

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 235

In accordance with the Underground Facility Damage Prevention Act (One Call Bill) the phone number for a utility locator is 811. It is the Contractor's responsibility to plan for utility locators as needed.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Will Lockett, will.lockett@txdot.gov, 830-609-0707 Ismael Solalinde, ismael.solalinde@txdot.gov, Ismael Solalinde 830-609-0707

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

--Item 5--

Floresville Electric Light and Power System utility poles and OHE lines are located in the vicinity of this project. Contractor shall notify Drew Pope (830) 216-7000 ext. 212 or (drew.pope@felps.us) a minimum of 10 days prior to use overhead lifting equipment or cranes.

Overhead power lines will be short term de-energized as needed for construction. To switch energized lines from north to south and south to north, notify Drew Pope one hour prior to needing the switch. Switching of energized lines will only occur Monday through Friday as needed by the contractor. Anticipate in construction schedule multiple switches during bridge construction.

Prevention of Migratory Bird Nesting

It is anticipated that migratory birds, a protected group of species, may try to nest on bridges, culverts, vegetation, or gravel substrate, at any time of the year. The preferred nesting season for migratory birds is from February 15 through October 1. When practicable, schedule construction operations outside of the preferred nesting season. Otherwise, nests containing migratory birds must be avoided and no work will be performed in the nesting areas until the young birds have fledged.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 235

Structures

Bridge and culvert construction operations cannot begin until swallow nesting prevention is implemented, until after October 1 if it's determined that swallow nesting is actively occurring, or until it's determined swallow nests have been abandoned. If the State installed nesting deterrent on the bridges and culverts, maintain the existing nesting deterrent to prevent swallow nesting until October 1 or completion of the bridge and culvert work, whichever occurs earlier. If new nests are built and occupied after the beginning of the work, do not perform work that can interfere with or discourage swallows from returning to their nests. Prevention of swallow nesting can be performed by one of the following methods:

- 1. By February 15 begin the removal of any existing mud nests and all other mud placed by swallows for the construction of nests on any portion of the bridge and culverts. The Engineer will inspect the bridges and culverts for nest building activity. If swallows begin nest building, scrape, or wash down all nest sites. Perform these activities daily unless the Engineer determines the need to do this work more frequently. Remove nests and mud through October 1 or until bridge and culvert construction operations are completed.
- 2. By February 15 place a nesting deterrent (which prevents access to the bridge and culvert by swallows) on the entire bridge (except deck and railing) and culverts. This work is subsidiary to the various bid items.

No extension of time or compensation payment will be granted for a delay or suspension of work caused by nesting swallows.

Provide a non-intrusive back-up alarm system on all heavy equipment used in close proximity to residential areas. This item is subsidiary to various bid items.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

--Item 6--

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Control: 0915-14-045 Sheet 5A

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 235

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

--Item 7--

The total disturbed area within the project is anticipated at less than one (1) acre. Due to this type of construction, the project qualifies for exclusion under the Construction General Permit (CGP) issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). However, should the sum of the Engineer's anticipated disturbances and the Contractor's (On ROW and off ROW) PSL's equal or exceed the one (1) acre threshold; both TxDOT and the Contractor have project responsibilities under the CGP that reverts to non-exclusion status. Obtain approval for all non-depicted areas of disturbance that increases the initial soil and vegetation disturbed area estimates before work starts at these locations.

Notify the Engineer of the disturbed acreage within one (1) mile of the project limits. Obtain authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSL's for construction support activities on or off ROW.

No significant traffic generators events identified.

--Item 8--

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4: Standard work week.

A Special Provision to Item 8 for a delayed authorized date to begin work has been included in the contract. The reason for including the Special Provision is for material processing or contractor mobilization.

Create and maintain a Bar Chart schedule.

--Item 9--

When approved, provide uniformed, off-duty law enforcement officers with marked vehicles during work that requires a lane closure. The officer in marked vehicles shall be located as approved to monitor or direct traffic during the closure. The method used to direct traffic at signalized intersections shall be as approved. Additional officers and vehicles may be provided when approved or directed.

Complete the daily tracking form provided by the department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided.

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 235

Show proof of certification by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Standards.

All law enforcement personnel used in Work Zone Traffic Control shall be trained for performing duties in work zones and are required to take "Safe and Effective Use of Law Enforcement Personnel in Work Zones" (Course #133119) which can be found online at the following site: www.nhi.fhwa.dot.gov

Certificates of completion should be available to all who finish the course. These should be kept by the officers to substantiate completion when reporting to the work site.

Minimums, scheduling fees, etc. will not be paid; TxDOT will consider paying cancellation fees on a case-by-case basis.

--Item 100--

Trim and remove brush and trees within the stations noted in the plans and as needed for construction operations. Unless shown otherwise in the plans or a designated non-mow area, perform trimming or removal for areas to the ROW limits. Trim or remove to provide minimum of 5 ft. of horizontal clearance and 7 ft. of vertical clearance for the following: sidewalks, paths, guard fence, rails, signs, object markers, and structures. Trim to provide a minimum of 12 ft. vertical clearance under all trees.

Obtain approval for proposed method of tree and brush trimming and removal. Vertical flailing equipment is not allowed. Treat damaged or cut branches, roots and/or stumps of all oak trees with a commercial tree wound dressing. Disinfect all pruning tools with a solution of 70% alcohol before moving from one tree to another. Unless otherwise approved remove all resulting vegetative debris from the ROW within 24 hours. The Engineer can stop all construction operations if the dressing, cut and removal requirements are not followed.

Removal and disposal of existing abandoned utilities that were unable to be identified before letting required to support this project's construction shall be performed under the overall Preparing Right of Way. If you are uncertain whether the utility is active, contact the District Utility Section.

--Item 132--

Use TY B Embankment (ordinary compaction).

--Item 164--

Drill seeding of permanent grasses requires the use of approved grass seeding equipment capable of properly storing and metering the release of small seeds (such as Bermuda grass) separately from fluffy type seeds (such as bluestems). Equipment manufactured for planting grain crops is acceptable for planting temporary cool season seeds, but not for planting the permanent seed mix.

Control: 0915-14-045 Sheet 5B

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 235

If performing a permanent seeding in an area with established temporary grass cover and mowing is performed instead of tilling, seed and fertilizer may be distributed simultaneously during "Broadcast Seeding" operations, provided each component is applied at the specified rate.

--Item 166--

Use a fertilizer with an analysis of 13-13-13 (50% of the total N must be sulfur coated urea) to apply 60 lbs of actual N per acre. This requires 460 lbs of 13-13-13 per acre or .095 lbs per SY of area.

--Item 168--

Apply vegetative watering as needed to supplement natural rainfall during the vegetation establishment period. Plan quantity of irrigation water is based on the application of a total of 1.3 gal of water each week for each sq. yd. of area that is sodded or seeded. Establishment time is estimated to be 12 weeks for both sod and permanent seed mixes. Temporary seeding will require less time for establishment. Provide a schedule and coordinate watering cycles and rates per cycle with the Engineer. Obtain approval if the quantity of water to be applied is expected to exceed the plan quantity. Adjust the amount of water applied with each cycle and the number of cycles each wk. according to actual site conditions. Drought or other conditions, as determined by the Engineer, may require the application of supplemental irrigation during hours other than normal working hours.

--Item 247--

There is no minimum PI requirement for this project.

_Item 316__

Asphalt season will be year-round but meet temperature limitations specified in the standard specifications for Item 316.

Ensure that the asphalt for precoating the aggregate and the asphalt used for the surface treatment will not result in a reaction that may adversely affect the bonding of the aggregate and asphalt during the surface treatment operation.

Do not add bag house fines in the production of precoated material.

Clean all concrete curbs, islands, medians, etc. that get coated with asphalt.

--Item 420--

Mass concrete will be measured in place.

Pier and Bent Concrete will be paid for as "Plans Quantity".

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 235

--Item 422--

For construction of approach slabs, longitudinal joints shall be placed on lane lines. Joints may be either a saw-cut crack control joint or a construction joint. Saw cut joints shall terminate 1'-0" before reaching the edge of the slab, must be saw cut as soon as possible after placement of concrete, and will be cut within 12 hours of concrete placement. Once sawing begins, it should be a continuous operation and should only be stopped if raveling occurs. Saw cut will be to a depth of 1.5" and filled with approved joint sealant.

--Item 500--

"Materials on Hand" payments will not be considered in determining percentages for mobilization payments.

--Item 502--

General

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within 2 hours or within a reasonable time frame as specified by the Engineer.

Treat the pavement drop-offs as shown in the TCP.

Avoid placing stockpiles, equipment, and other construction materials within the roadway's horizontal clear zone or at any location that will constitute a hazard and will endanger traffic. If a stockpile is placed within the clear zone, address in accordance with the TMUTCD.

If Nighttime work is required and work is not behind positive barrier then full Class 3 reflective gear is required to be worn by all workers, hard hat halos are required to be worn by the flaggers at flagging stations, TY III barricades are required to be spaced at 500 ft, and a mandatory night work meeting is required.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Access to adjoining property must be maintained at all times.

Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Control Devices

Control: 0915-14-045 Sheet 5C

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 235

When advanced warning flashing arrow panels and/or changeable message sign is specified, have one standby unit in good condition at the job site. Standby time shall be considered subsidiary to the bid item.

Lane and Ramp Closures and Detours

Notify the Engineer in writing 10 business days in advance of any temporary or permanent lane, ramp, connector, etc. closures/detours, restrictions to lane widths, alterations to vertical clearances, or modifications to radii. Any other modifications to the roadway that may adversely affect the mobility of oversized/overweight trucks also require 10 business days advance written notice to the Engineer.

Hauling

The use of rubber-tired equipment will be required for moving dirt or other materials along or across pavement surfaces. Where the contractor desires to move any equipment not licensed for operation on public highways, on or across pavement, they shall protect the pavement from damage as directed/approved by the Engineer.

Throughout construction operations, the Contractor will be required to conduct their hauling operations in a manner such that vehicles will not haul over previously recompacted subgrade or compacted base material, except in short sections for dumping manipulations.

The Contractor shall keep the roadway clean and free of dirt or other materials during hauling operations. If the Contractor does not maintain a clean roadway, they shall cease all construction operations, when directed by the Engineer, to clean the roadway to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

--Item 506--

An Inspector will perform a regularly scheduled SWP3 inspection every 7 calendar days.

Failure to address items noted on the SW3P inspection report within two report cycles may result in the Department stopping all construction operations, exclusive of time charges, or withholding that month's estimate until the SW3P deficiencies are corrected unless the Engineer determines that the area is too wet to correct SW3P deficiencies.

Failure to correctly maintain daily monitoring reports and submitting to TxDOT on a daily/weekly basis may result in the monthly estimate being withheld.

--Item 540--

Guard fence posts placed in proposed and/or existing areas of riprap, sidewalks or other concrete shall have an 18 inch +/- (square or round) leave-out in the concrete as shown in the state

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 235

standard for MBGF Mow Strip. After the posts are installed, fill the leave-outs with a Grout mixture as shown in the state standard for MBGF Mow Strip.

When connecting a Thrie-Beam to a concrete wingwall, bridge rail, CTB, etc., drill the holes for bolt placement using rotary or core type equipment. Use a core type drill when reinforcing steel is encountered. Do not use percussion or impact drilling. Repair damage to the concrete and spalls exceeding ½" from the edge of the hole.

--Item 644--

The wedge anchor system shown on State Standard Sheet SMD (TWT) is not allowed.

Triangular Slipbase Systems with set screws are not allowed.

--Item 666--

Use TY II markings (vs. an acrylic or epoxy) on asphalt surfaces as the sealer for the TY I markings, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

--Item 672--

Place all adhesive material directly from the heated dispenser to the pavement. Do not use portable or non-heated containers. Use adhesive of sufficient thickness so that when the marker is pressed into the adhesive, 1/8" or more adhesive will remain under 100% of the marker. The adhesive should extend not less than 1/2" but not more than 1 1/2" beyond the perimeter of the marker.

--Item 3076, 3077, 3079, 3080, 3081 & 3082 --

- 1. Table 10 in Item 3076 and Table 11 in Item 3077, Hamburg Wheel Test Requirements tested in accordance with Tex-242-F are changed for PG 64-22 or lower and PG 70-22. Minimum number of passes at 12.55 mm Rut Depth, Tested at 50 degrees C will be 5,000 and 10,000 respectively.
- 2. Submit a copy of the Tex 233-F production charts on a weekly basis. At the end of the ACP work, provide all originals.
- 3. Crushing of aggregate for hot mix and immediate use for production of the mix is not allowed. Stockpile the aggregate until enough material is available for five days of production unless prior approval is provided
- 4. Hold a pre-paving meeting one month prior to the placement of the hot mix. The date and time of pre-paving meeting should be coordinated with the Engineer prior to scheduling.
- 5. Do not use diesel or solvents as asphalt release agents in production, transportation, or construction. A list of approved asphalt release agents is available from the District Laboratory.

Control: 0915-14-045 Sheet 5D

County: Wilson

Highway: CR 235

6. No more than one hot mix lot will be open for any specific type of hot mix, unless authorized. After a lot is open and the Contractor gets approval to change plants, the previous lot will be closed, and a new lot will be opened. The numbering for the lots produced at the new plant will start with No. 1. If allowed to switch back to the original or previous plant, the next lot from that plant will resume numbering sequentially from the last lot produced by that plant.

--Item 3084 & 3085 --

The minimum application rates for underseal course are listed in Table UC. The Engineer may adjust the application rates taking into consideration the existing pavement surface conditions.

Table UC/BC

Material	Minimum Application Rate (gal. per square yard)
TRAIL – Hot Asphalt	0.15
Spray Applied Underseal Membrane	0.20
Seal Coat – Emulsion (CHFRS-2P, CRS-2P)	0.25
Seal Coat – Asphalt (AC-15P, AC-20-5TR, AC-20XP, AC10-2TR)	0.23
Aggregate for Seal Coat Options TY PB GR 4(AC) or TY B GR 4(Emulsion)	1 CY:120 SY

--Item 4171--

Install bridge identification numbers shown below for each of the following listed bridges in accordance with the special specification and San Antonio District Standard. Install the bridge identification number on two locations as shown on the plans, or as directed. For bridges in a two-way condition, install the bridge identification number on each outside beam on the upstream side of traffic. For bridges in a one-way condition, install the bridge identification number on each side, opposite corners on each outside beam. For culverts less than 5 ft. in height, install the bridge identification number on the headwall on upstream and downstream location. For culverts greater than 5 ft. in height, install the bridge identification number inside the first barrel on the upstream side of traffic and inside the last barrel on the opposite corner in the direction of traffic.

CR 235 at Dry Creek – NBI # 15-247-0-AA02-68-002

General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0915-14-045

DISTRICT San Antonio **HIGHWAY** CR 235

COUNTY Wilson

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0915-14	-045		
	PROJECT ID			A00065	872		
		C	OUNTY	Wilso	n	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		ніс	HWAY	CR 23		-	FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	4.000		4.000	
	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	146.000		146.000	
	132-6003	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY B)	CY	34.000		34.000	
	164-6021	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURAL)(SANDY)	SY	253.000		253.000	
	164-6029	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(TEMP)(WARM)	SY	63.000		63.000	
	164-6031	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(TEMP)(COOL)	SY	63.000		63.000	
	166-6002	FERTILIZER	TON	0.100		0.100	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	3.950		3.950	
	247-6475	FL BS (CIP)(TY D GR 1-2, OR 5)FINAL POS	CY	161.100		161.100	
	316-6017	ASPH (AC-20-5TR)	GAL	448.000		448.000	
	316-6029	ASPH (RC-250)	GAL	140.000		140.000	
	316-6177	AGGR(TY-B GR-5 SAC-B)	CY	5.000		5.000	
	316-6222	AGGR(TY-PB GR-3 SAC-B)	CY	12.500		12.500	
	416-6003	DRILL SHAFT (30 IN)	LF	228.000		228.000	
	420-6013	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CY	25.200		25.200	
	422-6005	REINF CONC SLAB (BOX BEAM)	SF	1,570.000		1,570.000	
	422-6015	APPROACH SLAB	CY	38.800		38.800	
	422-6023	SHEAR KEY	CY	8.000		8.000	
	425-6001	PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM (4B20)	LF	238.000		238.000	
	425-6002	PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM (5B20)	LF	119.000		119.000	
	432-6033	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	244.000		244.000	
	432-6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	13.200		13.200	
	450-6006	RAIL (TY T223)	LF	152.000		152.000	
	454-6004	ARMOR JOINT (SEALED)	LF	44.300		44.300	
	459-6001	GABIONS (GALV)	CY	20.000		20.000	
	496-6009	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	496-6043	REMOV STR (SMALL FENCE)	LF	403.000		403.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	11.000		11.000	
	506-6020	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	224.000		224.000	
	506-6024	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	224.000		224.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	667.000		667.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	667.000		667.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	100.000		100.000	
	540-6007	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (TL2)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	544-6006	GDRAIL END TRT(INST)(WOOD POST)(TY III)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	552-6003	WIRE FENCE (TY C)	LF	400.000		400.000	



DISTRICT COUNTY		CCSJ	SHEET
San Antonio	Wilson	0915-14-045	6



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0915-14-045

DISTRICT San Antonio HIGHWAY CR 235

COUNTY Wilson

Report Created On: Jan 24, 2023 3:31:09 PM

	CONTROL SECTION JOB			0915-1	4-045		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00065872			
	COUN		OUNTY	Wils	Wilson		TOTAL FINAL
HIGHV		HWAY	CR 2	CR 235		1110/12	
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	2.000		2.000	
	658-6014	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	666-6315	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	480.000		480.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	5.000		5.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000	
	18	LAW ENFORCEMENT: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
San Antonio	Wilson	0915-14-045	6A

ROADWAY SUMMARY

ITE	EM	0100-6002	0110-6001	0132-6003	0247-6475	0316-6017	0316-6029	0316-6177	0316-6222	0316-6224	0432-6045	0459-6001
CR 2	235	PREPARING ROW	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (ORD COMP) (TY B)	FL BS (CIP)(TY D GR 1-2, OR 5)FINAL POS	ASPH (AC-20-5TR)	ASPH (RC-250)	AGGR(TY-B GR-5 SAC-B)	AGGR(TY-PB GR-3 SAC-B)	AGGR(TY-PB GR-4 SAC-B)	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	GABIONS (GALV)
		STA	CY	CY	CY	GAL	GAL	CY	CY	CY	CY	CY
TOTALS		4.0	112	9	161.1	518	140	5.0	8.3	5.4	13.2	20.0

ITEM	0540-6001	0540-6007	0544-6006	0552-6003	0644-6001	0658-6014	0658-6062	0666-6315	0672-6009
CR 235	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (TL2)	GDRAIL END TRT(INST)(WOOD POST)(TY III)	WIRE FENCE (TY C)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A
	LF	EA	EA	LF	EA	EA	EA	LF	EA
TOTALS	100	4	4	400	2	2	8	480	5

REMOVAL SUMMARY

ITEM	0496-6043	0644-6076				
CR 235	REMOV STR (SMALL FENCE)	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM				
	LF	EΑ				
TOTALS	403	2				

SW3P SUMMARY

ITEM	0164-6021	0164-6029	0164-6031	0166-6002	0168-6001	0506-6020	0506-6024	0506-6038	0506-6039
CR 235	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (SAN DY)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(TEMP)(WARM)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(TEMP)(COOL)	FERTILIZER	VEGETATIVE WATERING	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	SY	TON	MG	SY	SY	LF	LF
TOTALS	253	63	63	0.1	3.95	224	224	667	667

TCP SUMMARY

ITEM	0500-6001	0502-6001	6001-6002
CR 235	MOBILIZATION	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN
	LS	MO	EA
TOTALS	1.0	5	2





SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS
2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000
TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

N:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
: 4:	6	TEXAS	SEE	TITLE S	HEET	CR 235
G:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
\ }:	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	7

			SUMMARY		A)				I ASSM TY XX	<u> </u>	<u>XX</u> (<u>X</u> - <u>XXXX</u>)	BRIDGE
					(TYPE	(TYPE						MOUNT CLEARANCE
AN ET	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM (EXAL ALUMINUM (POST TYPE FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	POSTS 1 or 2	UB=Universal Bolt	PREFABRICATED	DESIGNATION 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL = Extruded Alum Sign Panels	SIGNS (See Note 2) TY = TYPE TY N TY S
3	1 - 1 —	— I-3	Dry Creek	24×18	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		
	1-2-	I-3	Dry Creek	24×18	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		

ALUMINUM SIGN B	LANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080"
7.5 to 15	0.100"
Greater than 15	0,125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- 5. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

SOSS

E:	sums16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT Dw:		T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
T×DOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	CHWAY
	REVISIONS	0915	14	045		CR	235
16 16		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
. 0		SAT		WILSC	N		8

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEQUENCE OF WORK

- (1) THIS PROJECT WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN (1) PHASE. BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF EACH PHASE, INSTALL ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS, TEMPORARY SIGNS AND BARRICADES AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND/OR AS DIRECTED/APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. DAILY LANE CLOSURES WILL BE USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE TCP STANDARDS. DROP OFF CONDITIONS OF GREATER THAN 2" MUST HAVE A 3:1 SLOPE AT THE END OF EACH DAY, AS WELL AS THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT WHERE ACCESS TO ADJACENT PROPERTIES IS ALLOWED TO DRIVEWAYS AND SIDE STREETS.
- (2) PREPARING ROW / REMOVAL OF EXISTING ITEMS TO BE DONE ONLY IN AREAS WHERE WORK IS OCCURING, AS PER THE PHASES NOTED BELOW.
- (3) PLANING, SURFACE TREATMENTS AND OVERLAYS SHALL BE PERFORMED IN THE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. BEGIN SURFACE CONSTRUCTION ON HIGH SIDE OF ROAD TO AVOID WATER PONDING ISSUES.
- (4) THE CONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 7, "LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES TO THE PUBLIC" AND ITEM 502, "BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING", OF THE STANADARD SPECIFICATIONS, AND TO THE GENERAL NOTES
- (5) A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THESE PHASES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PHASE 1

- (1) PLACE DETOUR SIGNS AND BARRICADES UTILIZING BC(10)-21 AND TCP PLANS.
- (2) PLACE SW3P DEVICES.
- (3) REMOVE EXISTING STRUCTURE AND PAVEMENT.
- (4) CONSTRUCT DRILLED SHAFTS.
- (5) CONSTRUCT ABUTMENT CONCRETE.
- (6) INSTALL STONE RIPRAP AT ABUTMENT FACES.
- (7) CONSTRUCT PRESTRESSED SLAB BEAMS.
- (8) CONSTRUCT REINFORCED CONCRETE SLAB AND BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB.
- (9) CONSTRUCT T223 BRIDGE RAIL.
- (10) PERFORM ROADWAY EXCAVATION & EMBANKMENT.
- (11) INSTALL RIPRAP AT WINGWALLS AND SLOPE STABILIZATION AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- (12) CONSTRUCT FLEX BASE.
- (13) CONSTRUCT MBGF AND ELEMENTS.
- (14) PLACE PRIME COAT AND CURE.
 (15) PLACE FIRST COURSE AND CURE.
- (16) PLACE SECOND COURSE AND CURE.
- (17) INSTALL PERMANENT SIGNING AND STRIPING.
- (18) REMOVE SW3P DEVICES.
- (19) PERFORM FINAL CLEANUP.
- (20) REMOVE DETOUR SIGNS AND BARRICADES.







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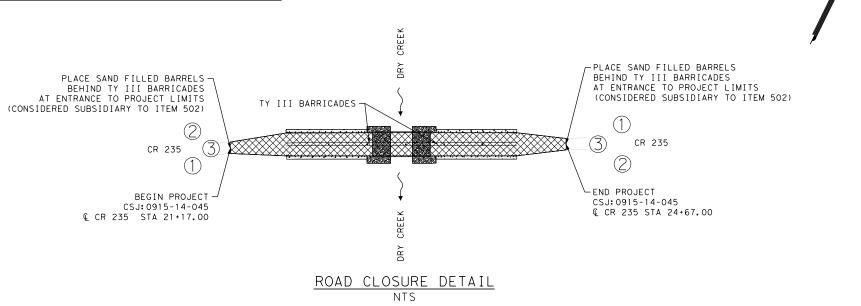
CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

TCP NARRATIVE

N:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
K N:	6	TEXAS	SEE	TITLE S	HEET	CR 235
G:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
K C•	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	9

						SCI	HEDULE OF TRAFF	IC CONTROL DEV	ICES						
OCATION		END ROAD WORK	SPEED LIMIT XX	END WORK ZONE	DETOUR AHEAD	BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES	NAME ADDRESS CITY STATE CONTRACTOR	BEGIN WORK ZONE	STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER	OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW	TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE	WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT	ROAD CLOSED 500 FT	ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT	ROAD CLOSED 1500 FT
_	TY III BARRICADE	G20-2	R2-1	G20-2bT	CW20-2D	G20-5T	G20-6T	G20-9TP	G20-10T	R20-3T	R20-5T	R20-5aTP	CW20-3C	CW20-3B	CW20-3A
1			Х					Х	Х	X	X	Х	X	X	Х
2		X		X											
3	X					X	X								
4					X										

SCHEDULE OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (CONTINUED)							
OCATION	DETOUR	DETOUR	DETOUR	ROAD CLOSED DETOUR	ROAD CLOSED	ROAD CLOSED IX WILES MEAD LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY	
	CW16-8P M4-9S	CW16-8P M4-9L	CW16-8P M4-9R	R11-2 M4-10L	R11-2	R11-3a	
1							
2							
3					X		
4	X	X	X	X		X	



ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS LEGEND:

- $\widehat{\ \ \ }$ to be used at the beginning of the project and entering side streets.
- (2) TO BE USED AT THE END OF THE PROJECT LIMITS AND EXITING SIDE STREETS.
- TO BE USED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PROJECT LIMITS. BARRICADES TO BE PLACED BEFORE BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS AND SHALL REMAIN FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- 4) TO BE USED ALONG THE LENGTH OF THE PROJECT PER THE DETOUR LAYOUT.

NOTES:

- 1. COUNTY ROAD 235 WILL BE CLOSED TO THE THROUGH TRAFFIC DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. LOCATIONS SHOWN FOR SIGNING ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR VISUAL AID. EXACT LOCATIONS AND SIGN SPACING ARE TO BE ACCORDING TO TEXAS MUTCD, BARRICADE & TCP STANDARDS, OR AS DIRECTED. TYPE 3 BARRICADES TO BE PLACED IN A LOCATION THAT IS SATISFACTORY TO THE ENGINEER. ALLOW EGRESS AND INGRESS FOR LOCAL PROPERTY OWNERS AT ALL ITEMS.
- 3. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL SETUP AND DEVICES ARE TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST VERSION OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TEXAS MUTCD) & TXDOT STANDARDS
- 4. ANY SIGNS LISTED ON THIS SHEET AND ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNS REQUIRED ARE TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502. ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNS REQUESTED BY THE ENGINEER WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "BC" STANDARD SHEETS, THE "TCP" STANDARD SHEETS AND/OR THE TEXAS MUTCD.

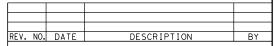
- 5. BARRICADES ARE NOT TO BE USED AS A SIGN SUPPORT. SUPPORT FOR SIGNS SHALL BE TEMPORARY, FIXED OR PORTABLE SIGN SUPPORTS, AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER OR IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "BC" STANDARD SHEETS AND THE TEXAS MUTCD.
- 6. ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC IS TO BE REGULATED SO AS TO CAUSE A MINIMUM OF INCONVENIENCE TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC. AT TIMES WHEN IT IS NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT OR TRUCKS TO STOP, UNLOAD, OR CROSS ROADWAYS UNDER TRAFFIC, WARNING SIGNS AND FLAGGERS SHALL BE PROVIDED AS NECESSARY TO ADEQUATELY PROTECT THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.
- 7. BARRICADES AND WARNING SIGNS ON THE SHEET ARE THE MINIMUM CONSTRUCTION ZONE SIGNING. ADDITIONAL BARRICADES, WARNING SIGNS, ARROW PANELS, CONES, ETC. REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT "BC" STANDARDS AND THE TEXAS MUTCD MAY BE REQUIRED IN AREAS OF ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION.



WORK ZONE







PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS
2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000
TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SUBVEYING FIRM #10028800

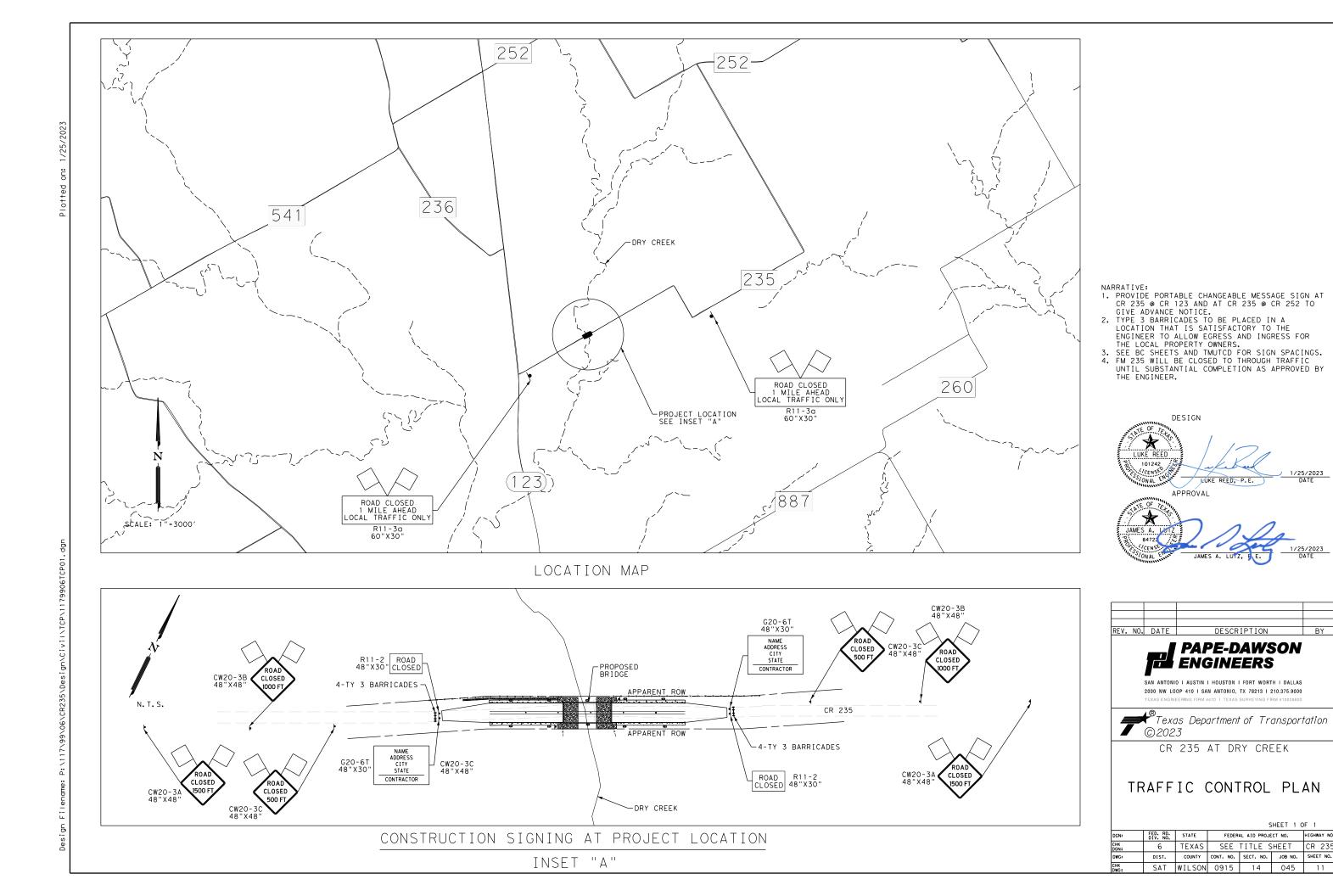


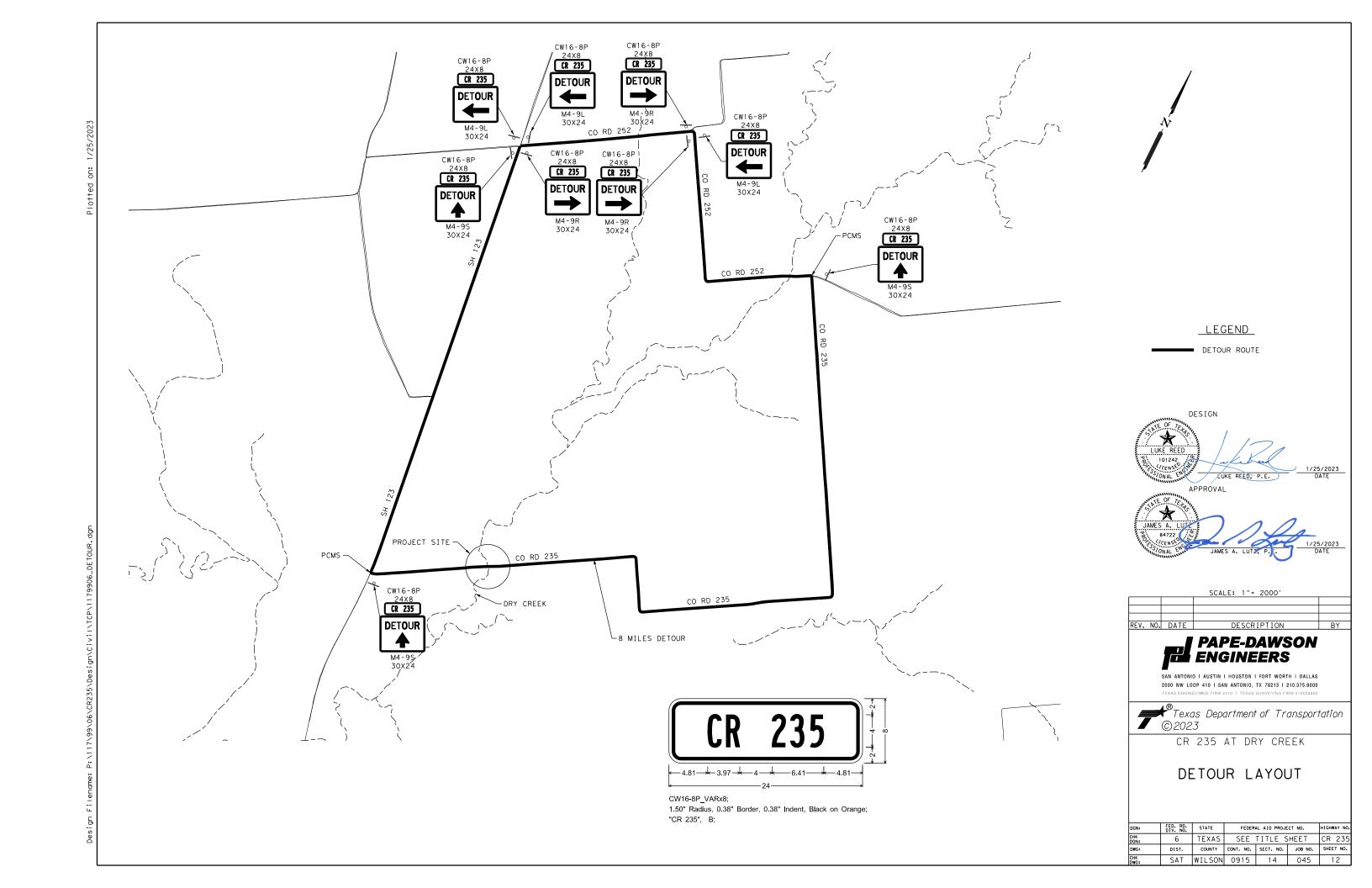
CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

ADVANCE WARNING LAYOUT

SHEET 1 OF 1

:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
:	6	TEXAS	SEE	TITLE S	HEET	CR 235
	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
:	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	10





BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT

http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

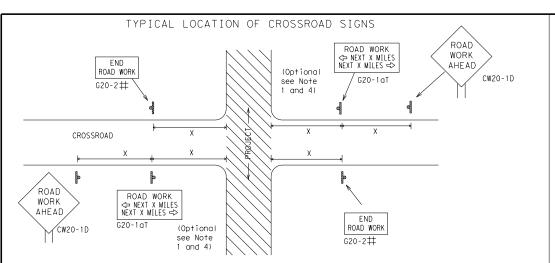
GENERAL NOTES

AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

DC	٠,	•	~ '			
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TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS 1-03 7-13	0915	14	045		CF	R 235
9-07 8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-10 5-21	SAT		WILSO	N		13

9:37:17 06\CR235\



- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION ★ ★ G20-9TP ZONE ★ X R20-5T FINES DOLIBL X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES * X G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' 1 Block - City Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES € 80' Limit WORK ZONE G20-26T X X min BEGIN WORK \times \times G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE \times \times R20-5aTP ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING $^{\text{I,5,6}}$

SIZE

ay way/		Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
		MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
18"		30	120
10		35	160
		40	240
		45	320
18"		50	400
		55	500 ²
		60	600 ²
		65	700 2
18"		70	800 ²
-		75	900 ²
		80	1000 ²
	I	*	* 3

SPACING

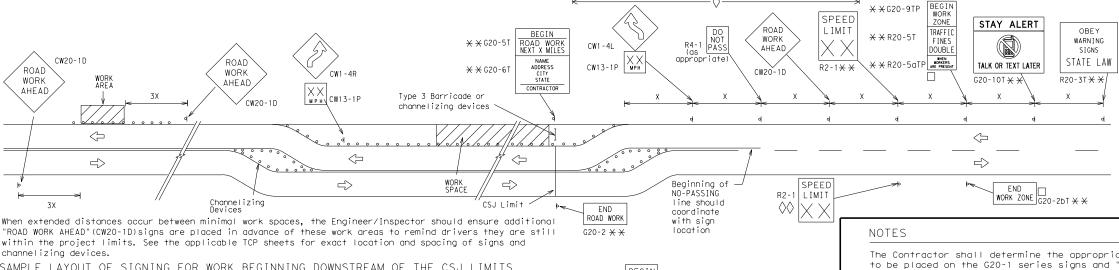
Sign onventional Express Number Freewo or Series $CW20^{4}$ CW21 48" × 4 CW22 48" x 48 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 48" x 4 $36'' \times 36'$ CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48' 48" x 4 CW8-3, CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS ★ ★G20-9TF ZONE STAY ALERT OBEY SPEED ROAD WORK TRAFFIC **X X** G20-5T WARNING ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 CW1 - 4 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW ⅓ MIL TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD ★ ¥ R20-5aTF Type 3 \times \times G20-6T R20-3 R2-1 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CONTRACTOR CW20-1E channelizina devices \triangleleft -CSJ Limi Channelizina \Rightarrow B SPEED R2-1 END ROAD WORK LIMIT END WORK ZONE G20-2bT *

G20-2 * *

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- $\hfill\Box$ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- imes CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at $\Diamond \Diamond$ the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND					
ь—	Type 3 Barricade					
0 0	Channelizing Devices					
•	Sign					
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2) - 21

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7-13	5-21	SAT		WILSO	N		14

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



Signing shown for See BC(2) for signing.

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

G20-5aP

(750' - 1500')

WORK

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

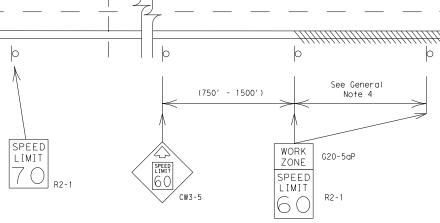
G20-5aP

R2-1

one direction only. CSJ LIMITS additional advance See General

SPEED

LIMIT



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present. signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

ZONE

SPEED LIMIT

16 (

G20-5aP

R2-1

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

SPEED

LIMIT

- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

See General Note 4

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

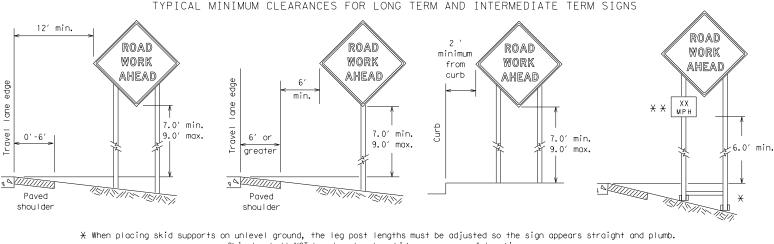


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

Traffic Safety Division Standard

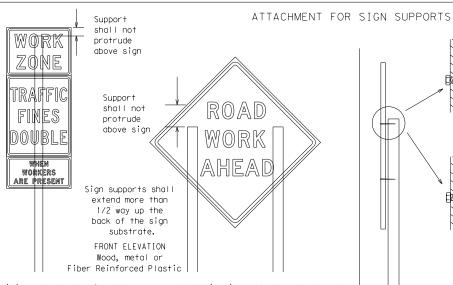
BC(3)-21

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Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



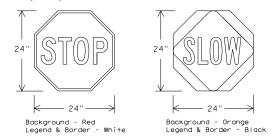
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



	SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE		COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
	BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
	BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{fl} OR C _{fl} SHEETING
	LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
	LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- 1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- 2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a

constant weight.

Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted

for use as sign support weights.

Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular

impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.

Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(4) - 21

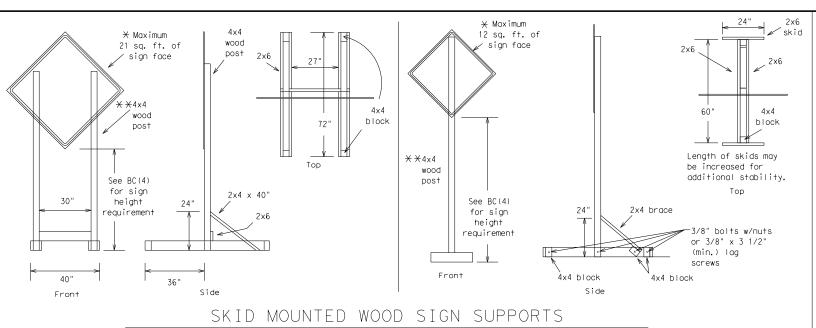
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weld, do not

back fill puddle.

- weld starts here



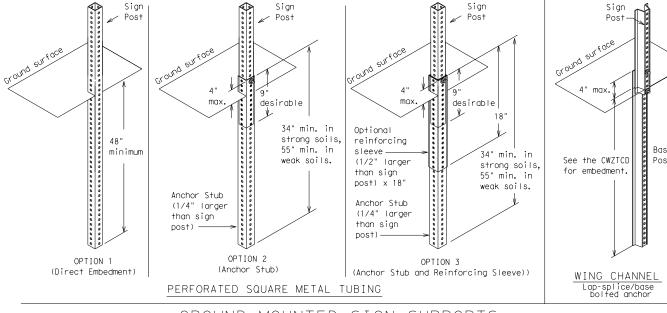
* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" x 2"

12 ga.

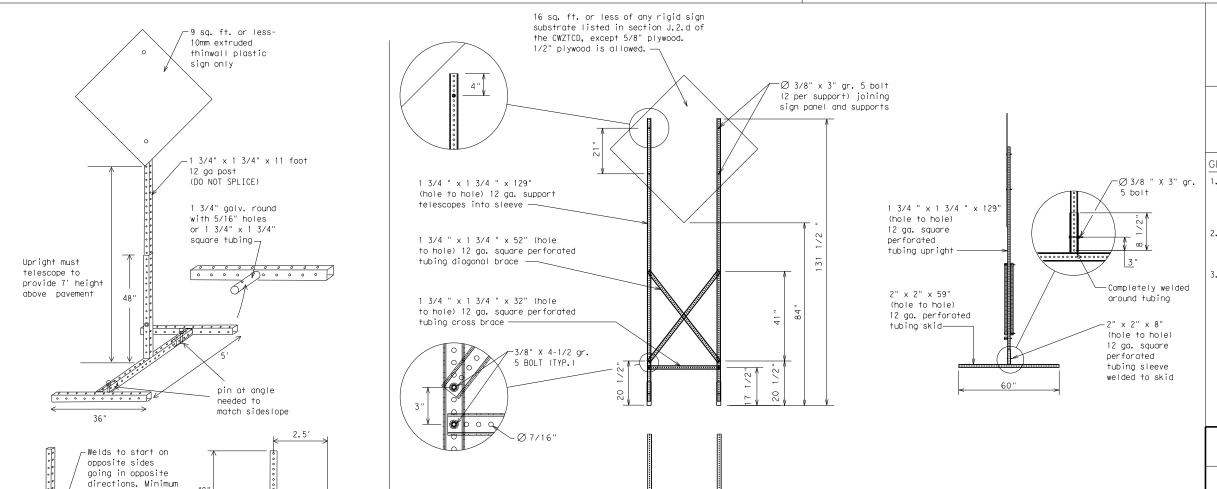
SINGLE LEG BASE

upright



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- 2. No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - * Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5) - 21

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7-13 5-21	SAT		WILSO	N		17

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS * LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message. 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT"
- on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message. 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sian.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Canno†	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR. HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

Roadway designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES (The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

А		Effect on Travel	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
ase 2.	STAY IN LANE *		* * Se	ee Application Guidelin	es Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

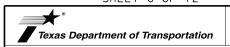
PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

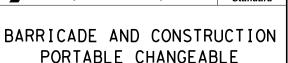
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



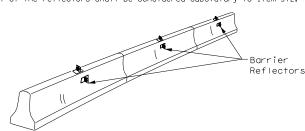


MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS) BC(6) - 21

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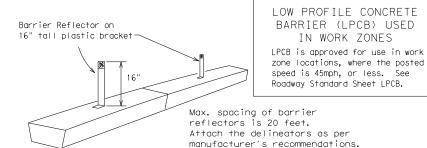
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- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

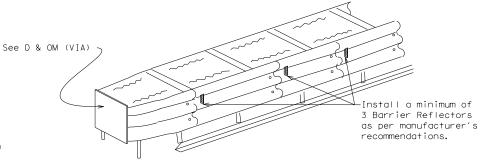


CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

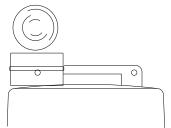


DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

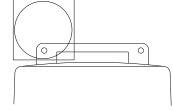
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices. 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

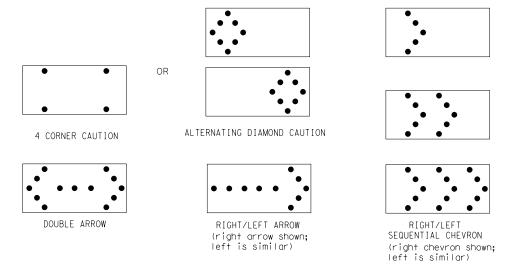
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacina for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 x 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted n the plans
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 21

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWYTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

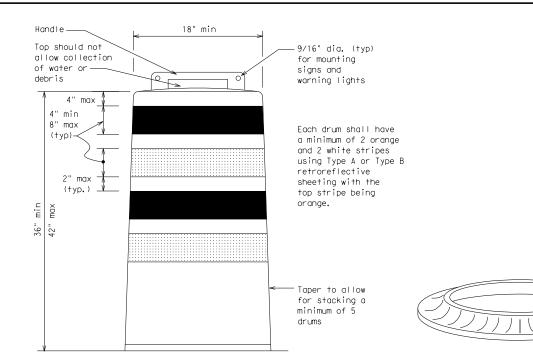
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

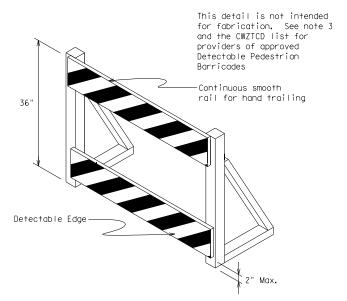
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

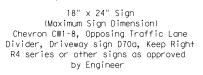




DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.





See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED
ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type ${\sf B_{FL}}$ or Type ${\sf C_{FL}}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

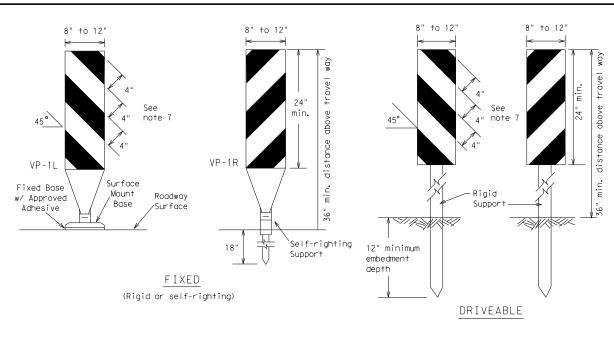


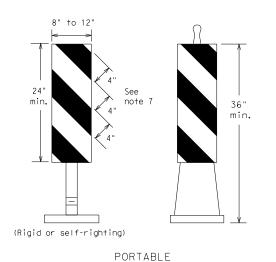
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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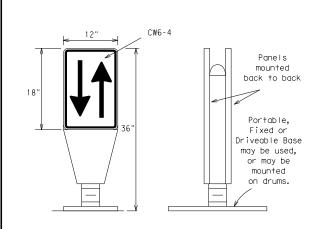




- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

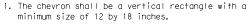
 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\mathsf{FL}}\,\mathsf{or}\,\mathsf{Type}\,\,C_{\mathsf{FL}}\,\mathsf{conforming}$ to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

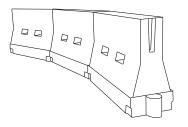


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of trave and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflec-tive legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type BFL or Type CFL conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

Min.

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH. urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Spacir Channe	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′
45		450′	495′	540′	45 ′	90′
50		500′	550′	600′	50 5	100′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55´	110′
60		600′	660′	720′	60 °	120′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>′</i>	130′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′

X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

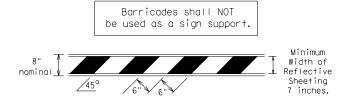
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9) - 21

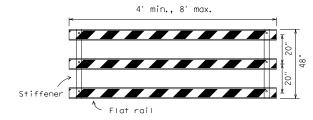
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- TYPE 3 BARRICADES
- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

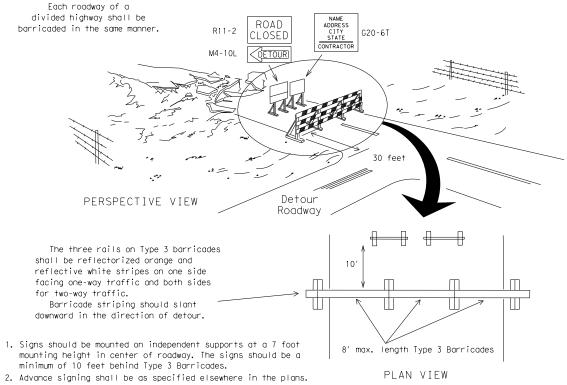


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light work or yellow warning reflector um of two dri across the Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 A m and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

4" min. orange

4" min. white

3"-4" 6" min. 2" min. 28" min.

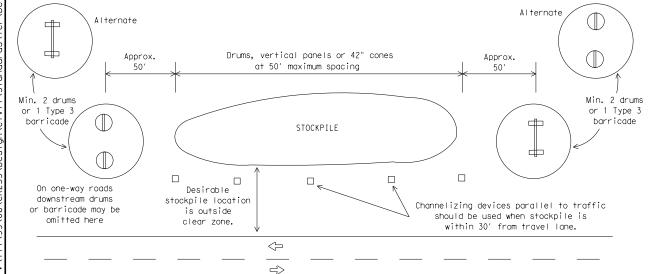
2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Tubular Marker

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

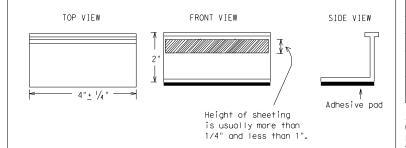
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Fnaineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as:
 YELLOW (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
 WHITE (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



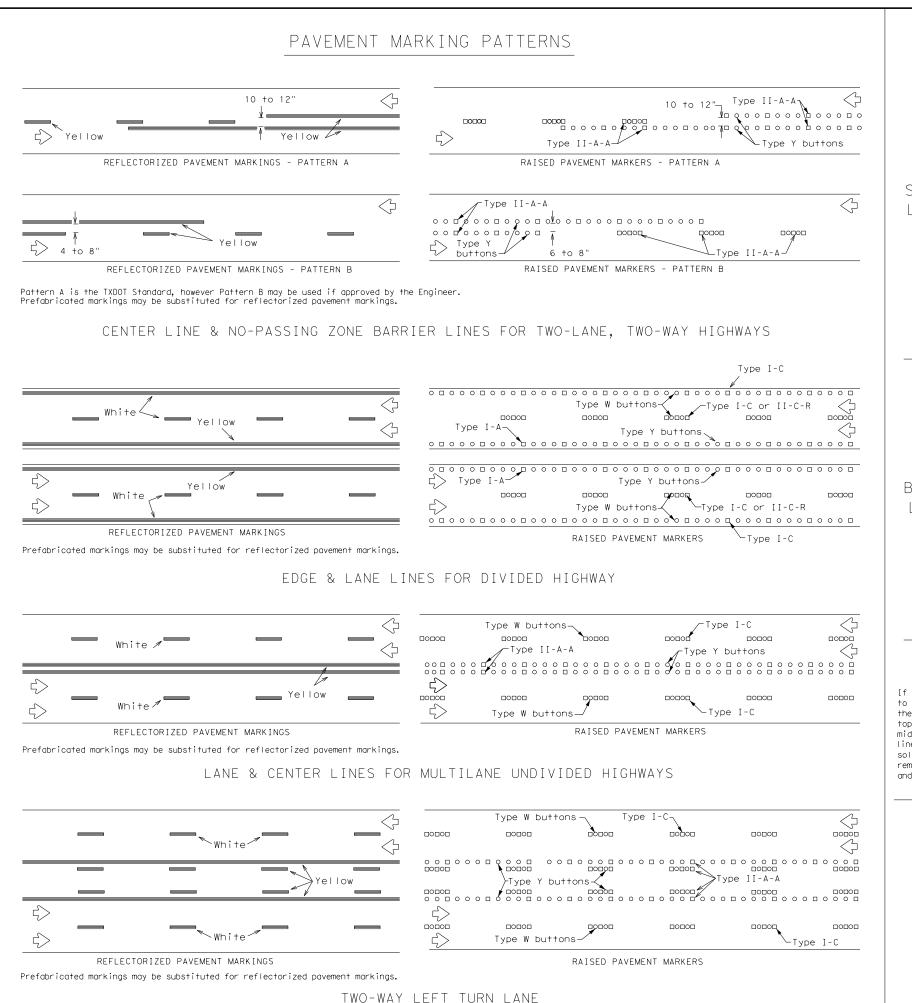
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
PAVEMENT MARKINGS

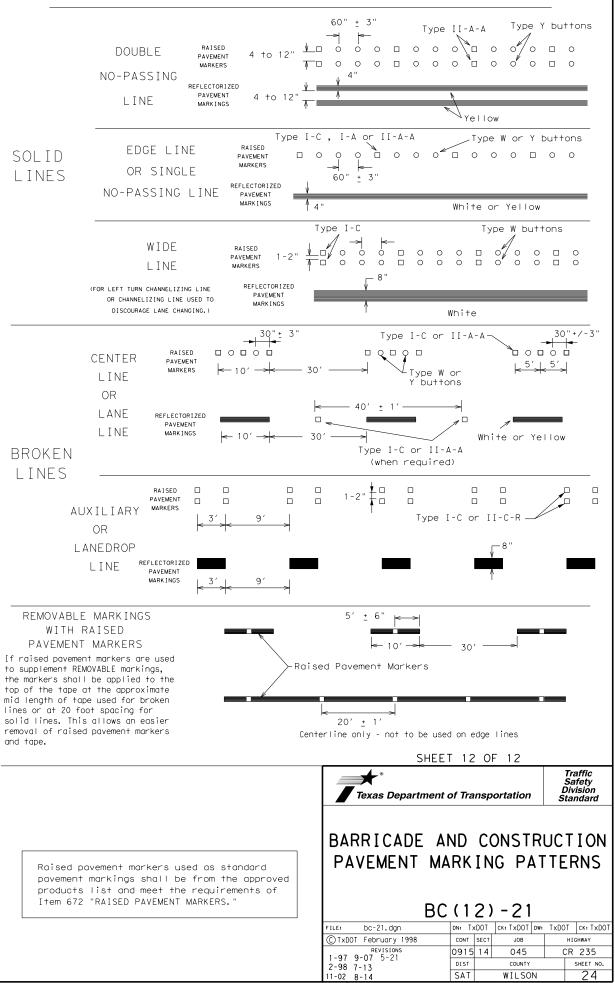
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(11) - 21

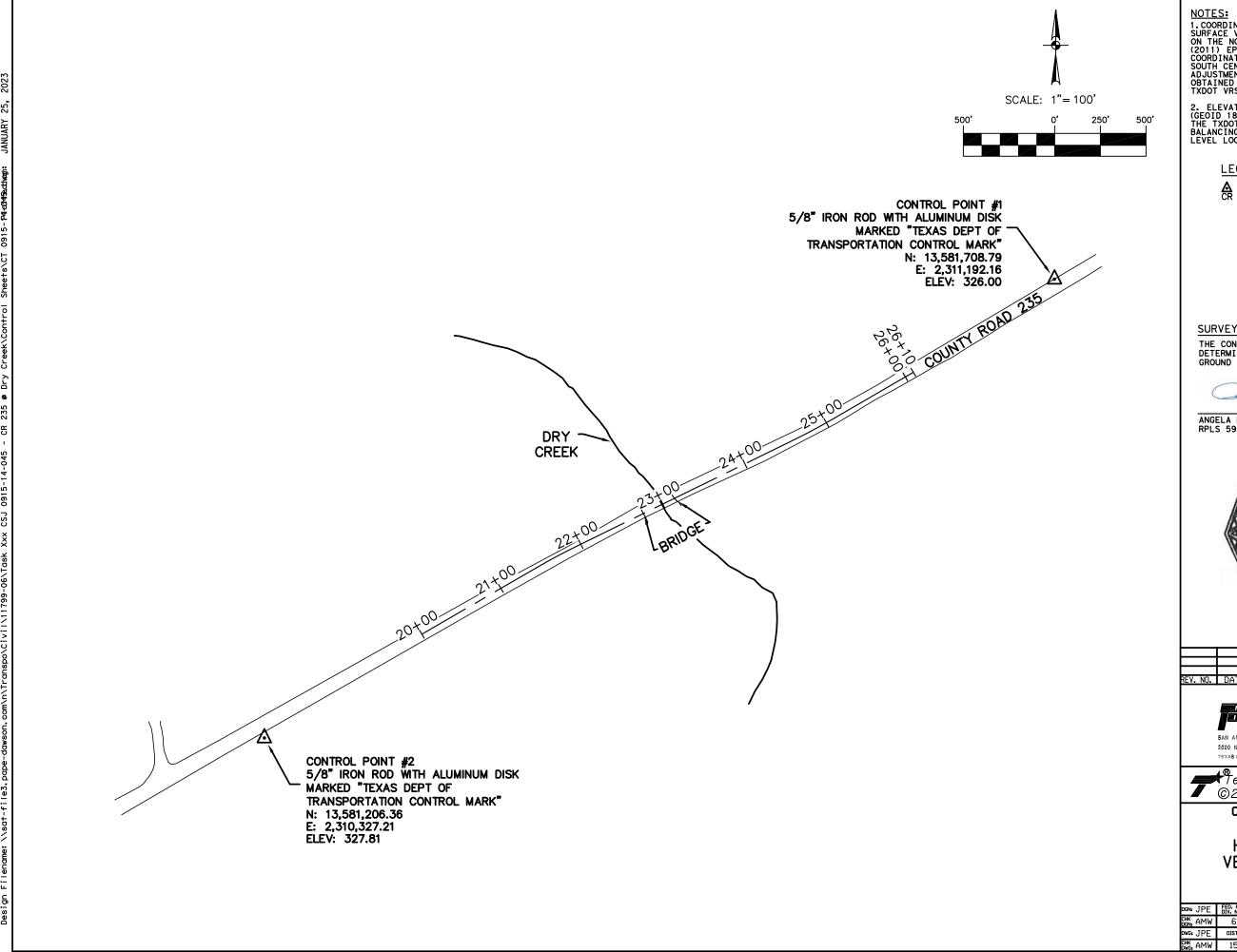
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STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS



NOTES:
1. COORDINATES SHOWN ARE DISPLAYED AS SURFACE VALUES IN US SURVEY FEET, BASED ON THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (2011) EPOCH 2010. OO FROM THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM ESTABLISHED FOR THE SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE, WITH A SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00014 APPLIED, AS OBTAINED FROM RTK OBSERVATIONS USING THE TXDOT VRS NETWORK.

2. ELEVATIONS SHOWN ARE BASED ON NAVD88 (GEOID 18), OBTAINED BY RTK METHODS USING THE TXDOT VRS NETWORK, AND FINALIZED BY BALANCING A CLOSED DOUBLE RUN DIGITAL LEVEL LOOP.

LEGEND

CONTROL POINT COUNTY ROAD

SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATION:

THE CONTROL POINTS SHOWN HEREIN WERE DETERMINED BY A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.

ANGELA MARIE WELLER RPLS 5981

APRIL 25, 2022





SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 | TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



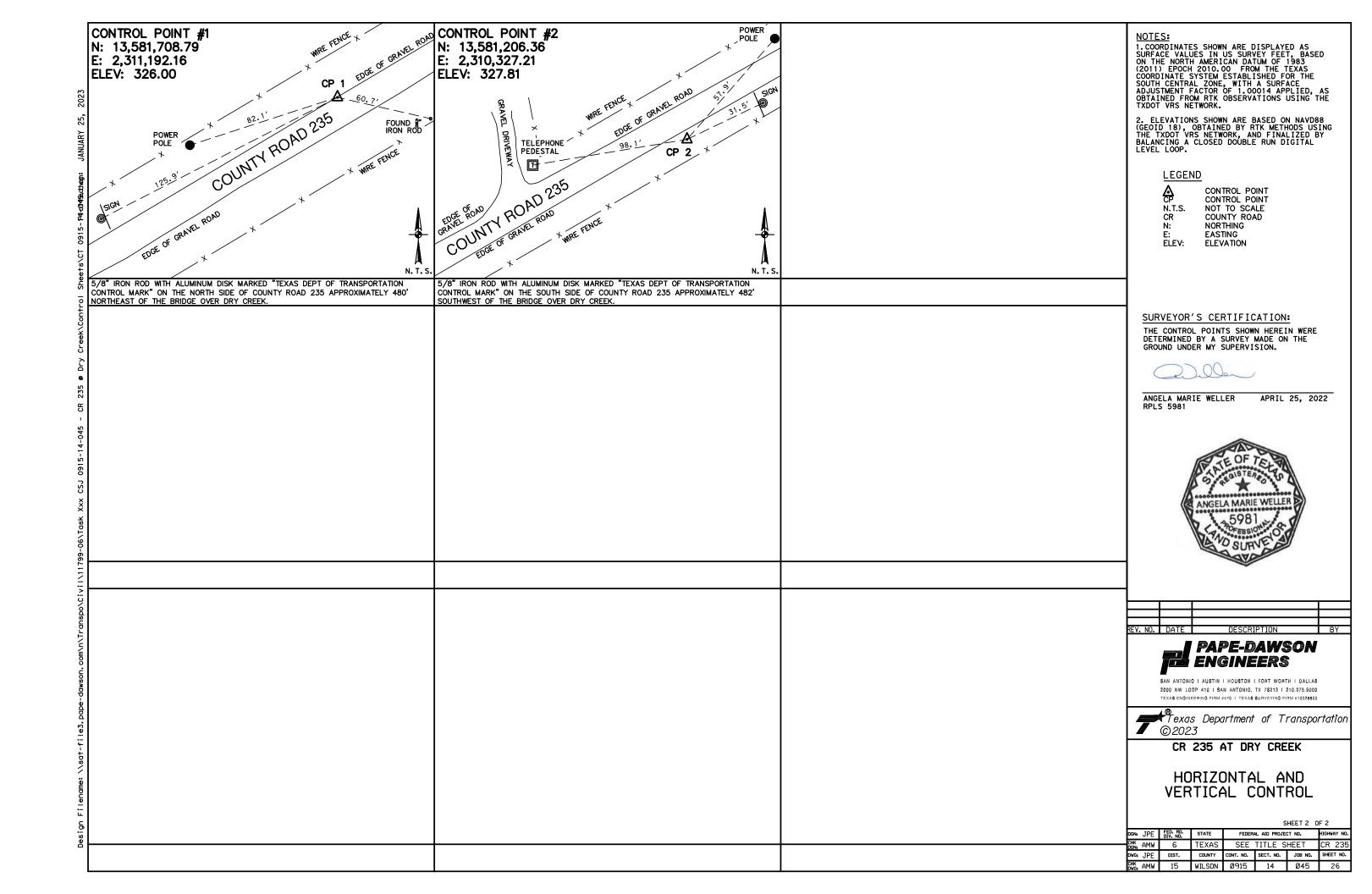
≢Texas Department of Transportation © 2023

CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL

SHEET 1 OF 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERA	HIGHWAY NO.		
6	TEXAS	SEE	TITLE S	HEET	CR 235
DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
15	WILSON	Ø915	14	Ø45	25
	6 dist.	6 TEXAS DIST. COUNTY	6 TEXAS SEE DIST. COUNTY CONT. NO.	6 TEXAS SEE TITLE S DIST. COUNTY CONT. NO. SECT. NO.	6 TEXAS SEE TITLE SHEET DIST. COUNTY CONT. NO. SECT. NO. JOB NO.



CR 235 Q ALIGNMENT

Beginning chain CR235 description

Point F1000

N 13,581,319.9960 E 2,310,499.6774 Sta

20+00.00

Course from F1000 to PC F1001 N 59° 52′ 40.00" E Dist 147.5703

Curve Data

Curve F1001 P.I. Station 21+70.70 N 13,581,405.6626 E 2,310,647.3281 4° 00′ 53.00" (RT) 8° 40′ 52.24" Delta Degree 23.1326 46.2463 Tangent Lenath 660.0000 Radius External 0.4053 Long Chord 46.2368 Mid. Ord. = 0.4050 13,581,394.0536 E 13,581,415.8423 E 13,580,823.1821 E 2,310,627.3194 2,310,668.1005 2,310,958.5379 P.C. Station P.T. Station 21+47.57 N 21+93.82 N = N 59° 52′ 40.00" E = N 63° 53′ 33.00" E Back Ahead Chord Bear = N 61° 53′ 06.50" E

Course from PT F1001 to PC F1002 N 63° 53′ 33.00" E Dist 268.1885

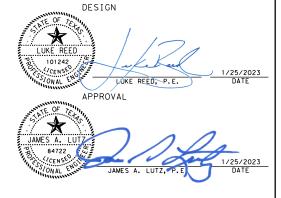
Curve Data

Curve F1002 24+85.73 N 4° 07′ 04.00" (LT) 8° 40′ 52.24" P.I. Station 13,581,544.3016 E 2,310,930.2318 Degree 23.7269 47.4334 Tangent Length Radius 660.0000 0.4264 External Long Chord 47.4232 Mid. Ord. 0.4261 P.C. Station 24+62.01 N 13,581,533.8604 E 2,310,908.9257 13,581,556.2458 E 13,582,126.5206 E P.T. Station 25+09.44 N 2,310,950.7331 2,310,618.4883 = N 63° 53′ 33.00" E = N 59° 46′ 29.00" E Back Ahead Chord Bear = N 61° 50′ 01.00" E

Course from PT F1002 to F1003 N 59° 46′ 29.00" E Dist 100.6198

Point F1003 N 13,581,606.8979 E 2,311,037.6739 Sta 26+10.06

Ending chain CR235 description



REV. NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY



SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800

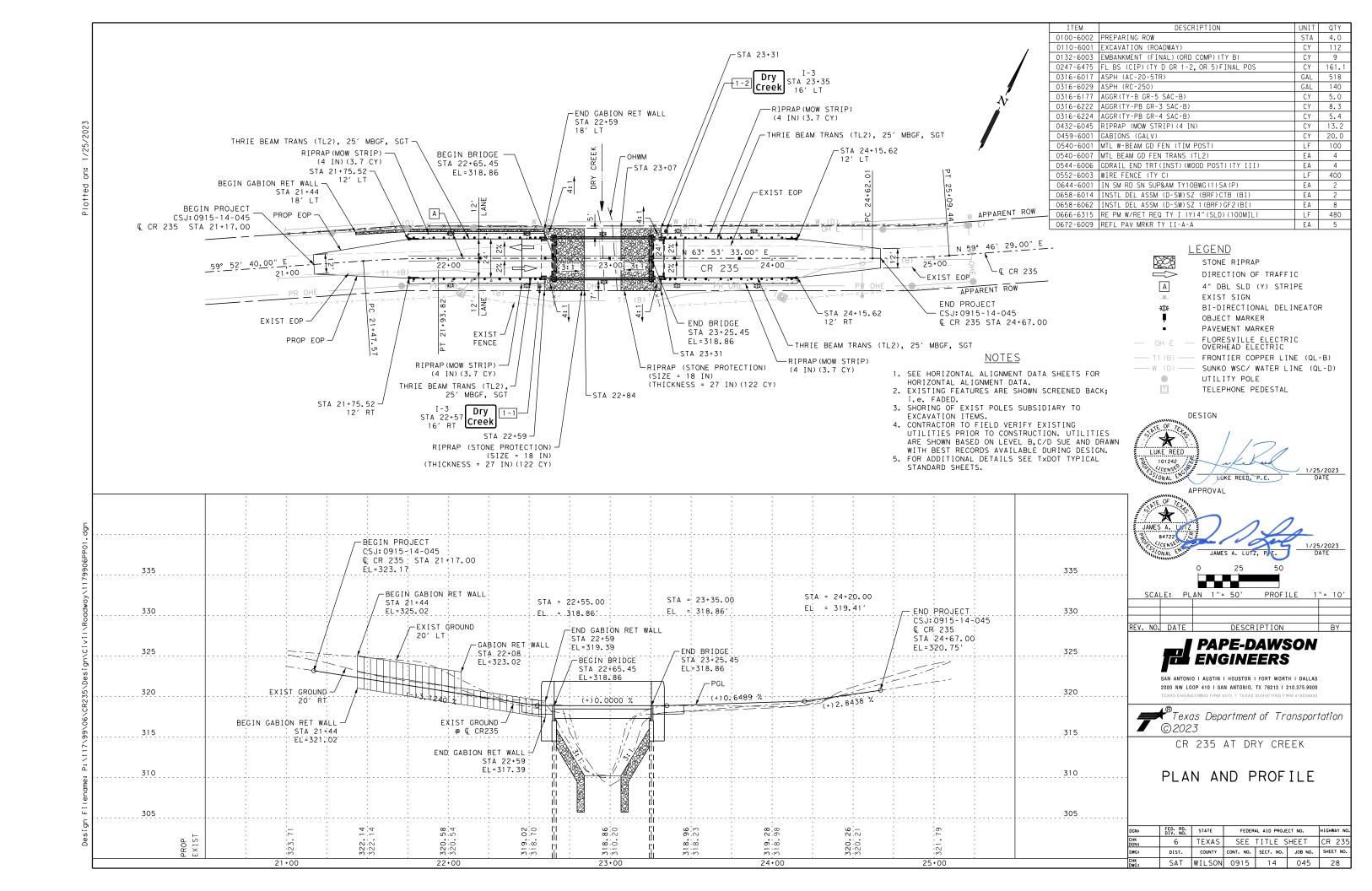


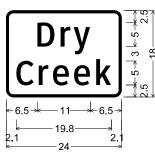
CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

SHEET	1	OF	1

1							
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CHK DGN:	6	TEXAS	SEE				
DWG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.	
CHK DWG:	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	27	





I-3_24x18;

1.5" Radius, 0.5" Border, White on Green;

"Dry", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

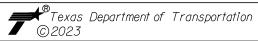
"Creek", ClearviewHwy-3-W;



REV. NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY

PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000

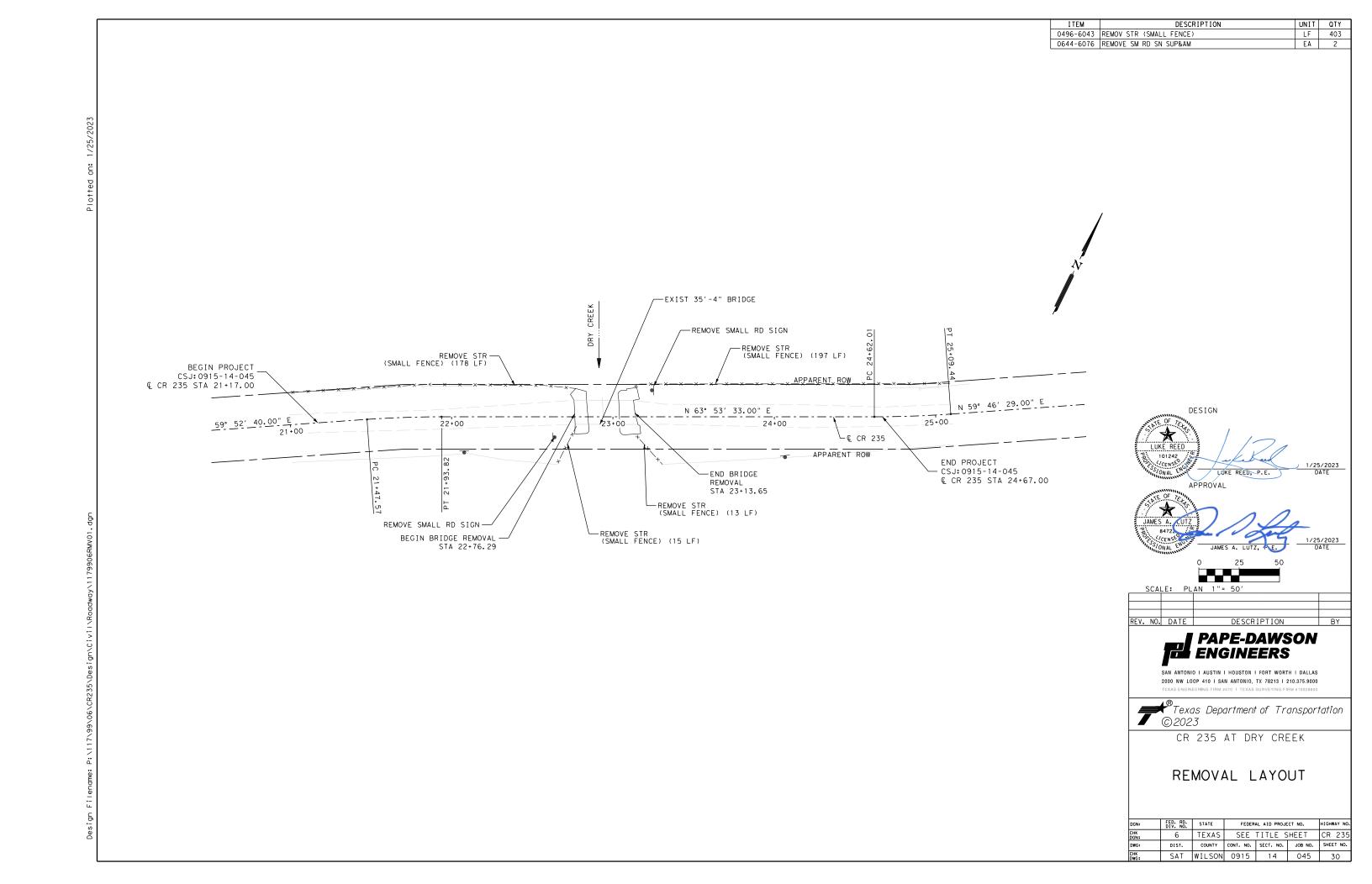


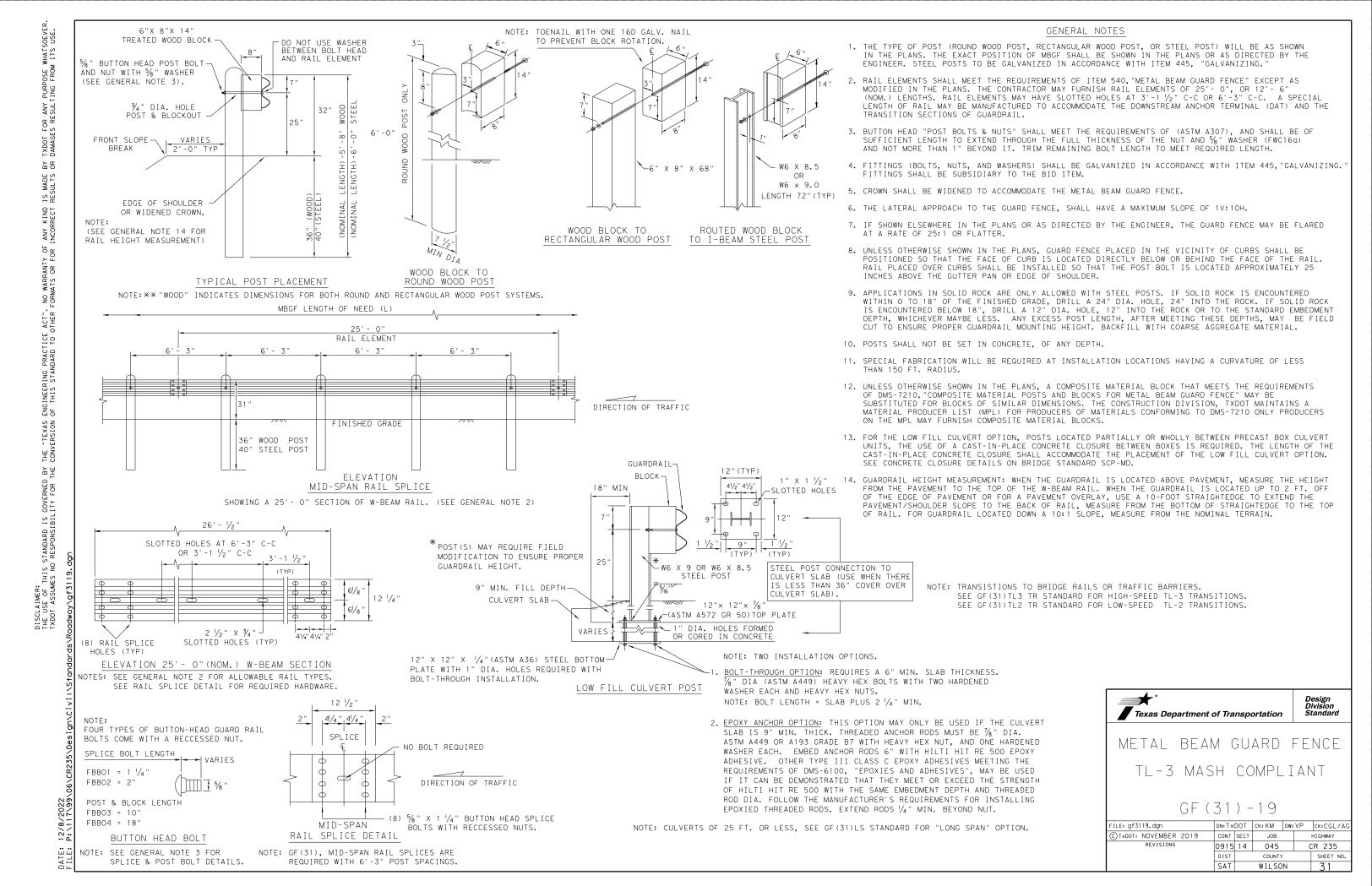
CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

SIGN DETAILS

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G:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
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GENERAL NOTES

- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF TRANSITIONS SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.
- 2. RAIL ELEMENT SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT
- FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING." FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM REQUIRING CONSTRUCTION OF
- BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 3/4" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT, MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.
- 9. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 10. FOR ROUND WOOD POSTS SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " DIA. MINIMUM



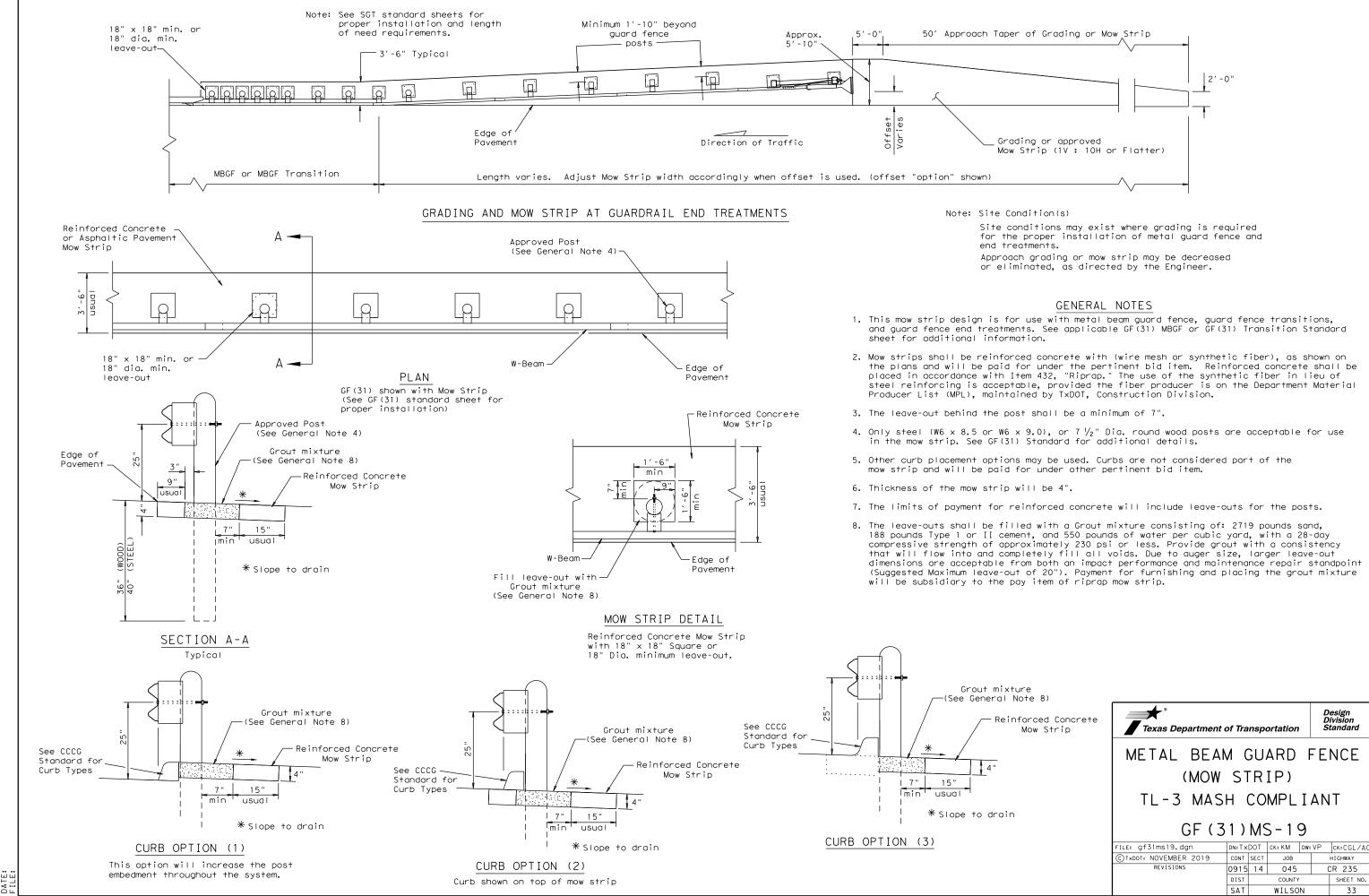


METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-2 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL2-19

DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/AC ILE: gf31trt1219.dgn TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019 CONT SECT JOB 0915 14 045 CR 235 WIL SON

THE "TEXAS CONVERSION (DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED BY TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE



HIGHWAY

CR 235

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- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: ROAD SYSTEMS, INC. (432) 263-2435. 3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT, BIG SPRING, TX 79720
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MSKT END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (PUBLICATION~062717).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE
- 9. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 10. SYSTEM MUST BE ATTACHED TO STANDARD 31" MBGF.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 13. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN THEIR PLACE.
- A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.

ITEM	QTY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS	I TEM NUMBERS					
Α	1	MSKT IMPACT HEAD	MS3000					
В	1	W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 Ga.	SF1303					
С	1	POST 1 - TOP (6" X 6" X $\frac{1}{8}$ " TUBE)	MTPHP1A					
D	1	POST 1 - BOTTOM (6' W6X15)	MTPHP1B					
E	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY TOP	UHP2A					
F	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9)	HP2B					
G	1	BEARING PLATE	E750					
Н	1	CABLE ANCHOR BOX	S760					
J	1	BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY	E770					
К	1	GROUND STRUT	MS785					
L	6	W6×9 OR W6×8.5 STEEL POST	P621					
М	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS	CBSP-14					
N	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2")	G12025					
0	2	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6")	G1203A					
Р	6	WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	P675					
Q	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0")	G1209					
SMALL HARDWARE								
a	2	%6" × 1" HEX BOLT (GRD 5)	B5160104A					
ь	4	5/6 " WASHER	W0516					
С	2	5/6" HEX NUT	N0516					
d	25	%" Dia. × 1 ¼" SPLICE BOLT (POST 2)	B580122					
е	2	5% " Dia. × 9" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B580904A					
f	3	% " WASHER	W050					
g	33	%" Dia. H.G.R NUT	N050					
h	1	3/4" Dia. × 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B340854A					
j	1	¾" Dia. HEX NUT	N030					
k	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT	N100					
ı	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE WASHER	W100					
m	8	1/2" × 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER	SB12A					
n	8	1/2" STRUCTURAL NUTS	N012A					
0	8	1 1/16 " O.D. × 16" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS	W012A					
Р	1	BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE	CT-100ST					
q	6	%" × 10" H.G.R. BOLT	B581002					
r	1	OBJECT MARKER 18" X 18"	E3151					
	A B C C D E F G H J K L M N O O P Q D C C D C D C D C D D C D D C D D D D	A 1 B 1 C 1 D 1 E 1 F 1 G 1 H 1 J 1 K 1 L 6 M 6 N 1 O 2 P 6 Q 1 D 4 C 2 D 4 C 2 D 4 C 2 D 4 C 2 D 4 C 2 D 4 C 2 D 4 C 2 D 4 C 2 D 4 C 2 D 6 D 1 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7	A 1 MSKT IMPACT HEAD B 1 W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 GG. C 1 POST 1 - TOP (6" X 6" X 1/8" TUBE) D 1 POST 1 - BOTTOM (6' W6X15) E 1 POST 2 - ASSEMBLY TOP F 1 POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9) G 1 BEARING PLATE H 1 CABLE ANCHOR BOX J 1 BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY K 1 GROUND STRUT L 6 W6x9 OR W6x8.5 STEEL POST M 6 COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS N 1 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2") O 2 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6") P 6 WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14" Q 1 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0") SMALL HARDWARE Q 2 1/6" X 1" HEX BOLT (GRD 5) D 4 1/6" WASHER C 2 1/6" DIG. X 9" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) f 3 3/6" WASHER 9 33 3/6" DIG. X 1 1/4" SPLICE BOLT (FOST 2) e 2 1/6" DIG. X 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/4" DIG. X 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/4" DIG. X 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/4" DIG. X 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/4" DIG. X 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/4" DIG. X 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/4" DIG. K 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/4" DIG. K 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/4" DIG. K 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/4" DIG. K 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/4" DIG. K 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/4" DIG. K 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/4" DIG. K 8 1/2" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 1/6" DIG. K 8 1/4" A 355 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER n 8 1/2" STRUCTURAL NUTS o 8 1 1/6" O.D. X 1/4" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS P 1 BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE q 6 1/6" X 10" H.G.R. BOLT					



Design Division Standard

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

SGT (12S) 31-18

LE: sg+12s3118.dgn	DN:T×DOT CK:KM DV		DW	Dw:VP		CK: CL	
TxDOT: APRIL 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0915	14	045			CR :	235
	DIST		COUNTY	,		SHE	EET NO.
	SAT		WILSO	N			34

APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

NOTE: THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE MSKT END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

TRAFFIC FLOW

NOTE: TXDOT GENERIC APPROACH GRADING LAYOUT USED FOR ALL TANGENT TYPE END TREATMENTS.

IMPACT HEAD

TRAFFIC FLOW

OBJECT (

-(c)

DEPTH

POST

CONNECTION

— POST

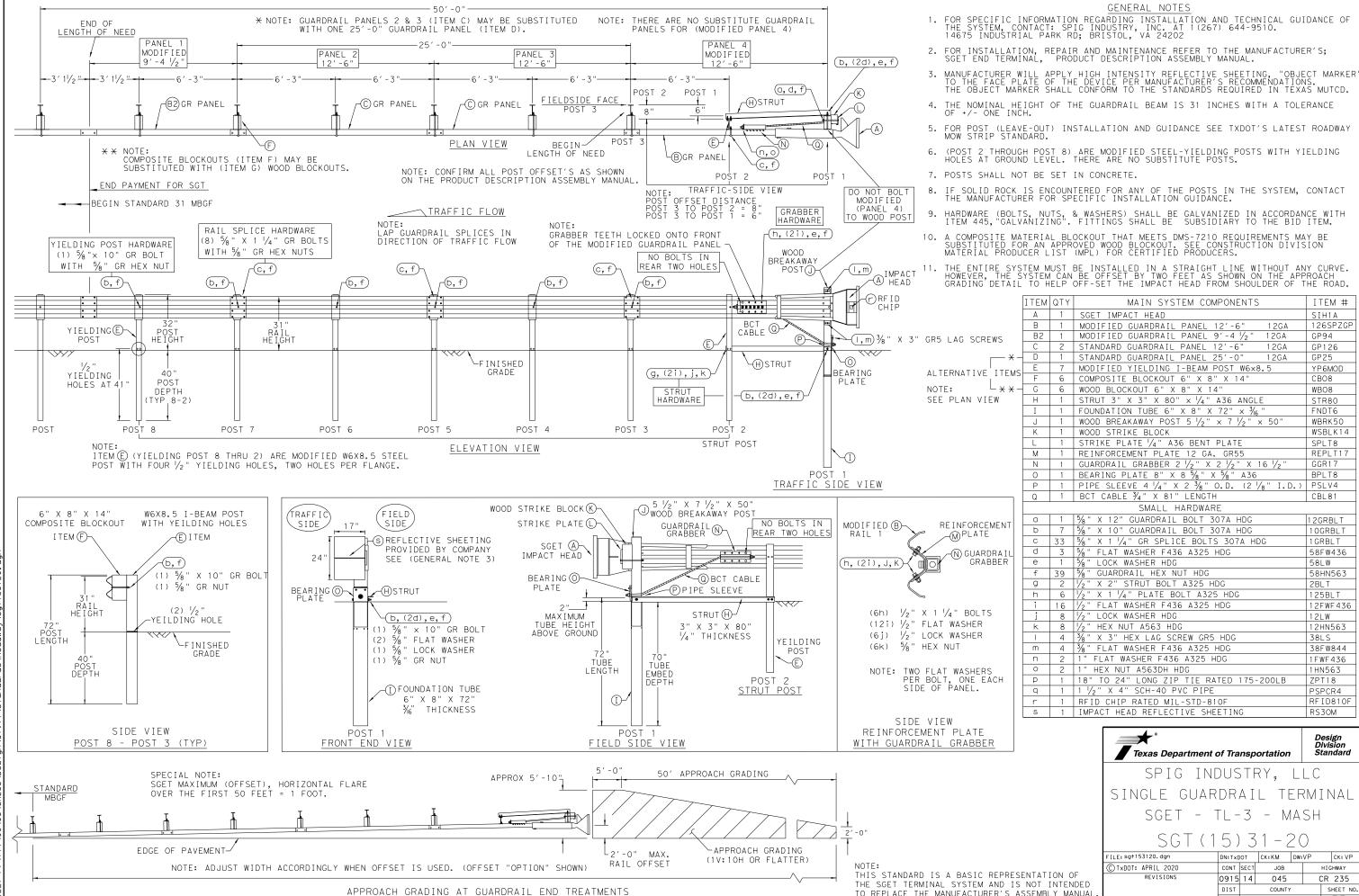
SOIL PLATE ON

DOWNSTREAM SIDE

ALTERNATIVE ITEMS NOT SHOWN. **

* ITEM(P) 8" WOOD-BLOCKOUT ★ X ITEM(Q) 25'GUARD FENCE PANEL

TXDOT FOR ANY PURPOSE DAMAGES RESULTING FROM $_{\rm OR}^{\rm BY}$ MADE SUL TS IS NO WARRANTY OF FORMATS OR FOR ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER "TEXAS THE DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED BY TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE



TO REPLACE THE MANUFACTURER'S ASSEMBLY MANUAL

35

WILSON

GENERAL NOTES

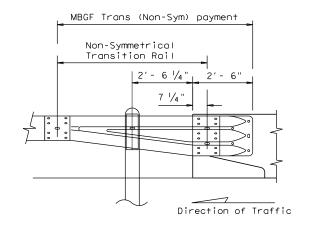
- 1. For more detail: See GF(31), SGT()31, GF(31)TR, and GF(31)TL2 standard sheets.
- 2. Quantities of metal beam guard fence (MBGF) at individual bridge ends are as shown in the plans.
- 3. Use average daily traffic (ADT) for the current year to determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual unless otherwise specified. Where significant traffic volume growth is anticipated on low volume (0-750 ADT) highways, use length determinations for the higher volume
- 4. MBGF may not be required to shield departure end of bridge unless other obstacles within the horizontal clearance limits or opposing traffic indicate a MBGF consideration.
- 5. Downstream anchor terminals (DAT) are only for downstream end anchorage use, outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.
- 6. Direct connection of MBGF to concrete rails are only for downstream rail connections outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic. (This requires a minimum of three standard line posts plus the DAT terminal,
- 7. The crown shall be widened to accommodate MBGF. Typically the "front slope" break should be 2'- 0" from the back of the MBGF post. This applies to new construction on new alignment or where existing roadway cross section is to be widened to increase roadway width. This does not apply to rehabilitation work where existing roadway crown width is to be retained (See Typical Cross Section at MBGF).
- 8. For restrictive bridge widths: The MBGF should be properly transitioned from the existing bridge rail to the adjoining MBGF (See MBGF Transition Standards). Metal beam guard fence at these bridge location(s) shall be flared at the rate of 25:1 or flatter, and be of the length necessary to locate the terminal end at the 2 ft. "maximum" offset from the shoulder edge in the approach direction.
- 9. Transition length and post spacing will vary depending on the transition type. Transition type will be shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 10. A minimum 25' length of MBGF will be required.

See GF(31) standard

for post types.

Edge of shoulder

widened crown



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AT MBGF

All rail elements shall be lapped in the direction of adjacent traffic.

DETAIL A

Showing Downstream Rail Attachment



BRIDGE END DETAILS

(METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE APPLICATIONS TO RIGID RAILS)

BED-14

E: bed14.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ск: АМ	DW:	BD/VP	ck: CGL	
TxDOT: December 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		IGHWAY	
REVISIONS SED APRIL 2014 (MEMO 0414)	0915	14	045		CR 235		
	DIST	T COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	SAT		WILSO	N		36	

Engineering Practice Act". of this standard to other "Texds ersion this standard is governed by es no responsibility for the

12/8/

16' - 6" 16' - 6" ield weld joints Twisted stay -Twisted stay Gate opening Conc.bases-aate or end posts Anchor plates-min area 24" -All concrete ' - 6" min x 15 sa.in. and weight brace blocks 3' - 0" deep not less than 0.67 Lb. 2'- 0" square x 1'- 6" deep SECTION GALVANIZED BARBED WIRE FENCE WITH METAL POSTS Note: BRACING DETAIL USED AT ENDS AND GATES TYPE "C" FENCE (See General Note 8)

16' - 6" 16' - 6" 16' - 6" ield weld joints No.10 ga. galv. top & bottom line wires Gate opening -No.12 ½ ga. 🖫 galv. line wires 🖫 & vertical stays Conc.bases-aate or end posts ∠All concrete 1'- 6" min x Anchor plates-min area brace blocks 3'- 0" deep 2'- 0" square 15 sq.in. and weight not less than 0.67 Lb. x 1'- 6" deep

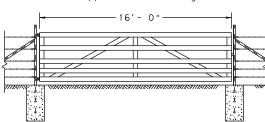
For Steel pipe and T-Post requirements. (See General Notes 6 & 7)

SECTION GALVANIZED WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH METAL POSTS

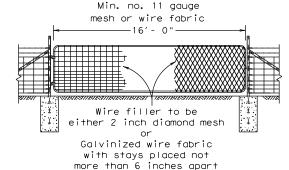
BRACING DETAIL USED AT ENDS AND GATES

TYPE "D" FENCE (See General Note 8)

Metal gate shall consist of 5 panels not less than 4' - 4" high and shall be aluminum or galvanized metal and of good quality. Gate and hardware shall meet the approval of the engineer.



DETAIL TYPE 1 GATE



DETAIL TYPE 2 GATE

Eye bolts 10 required

eye bolts per wing.

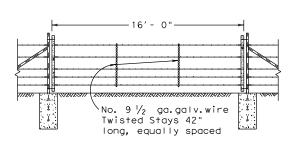
Fence shall be winged in at

structures where specified

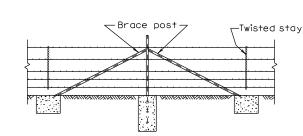
on plans. This will require "corner bracing" and 5 - $\frac{5}{8}$ "

DETAIL OF FENCE TREATMENT

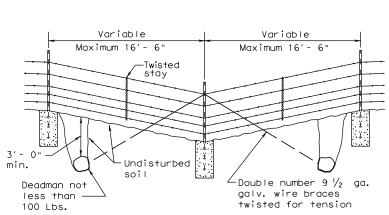
AT STRUCTURES



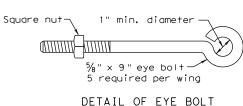
DETAIL TYPE 3 GATE



CORNER OR PULL POST ASSEMBLY



DETAIL OF FENCE SAG



- Twisted stay

DETAIL OF STAY (Barbed Wire Fence:

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Any high point which interferes with the placing of wire mesh shall be excavated to provide a 2 inch clearance.
- 2. Latches for Type 1 and Type 2 gates shall be good commercial quality and design latch of the spring, fork or chain type. All latches shall be suitable to the gate and shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Hinges for Type 2 gates shall be a commercial design approved by the Engineer suitable for post and gate.
- 4. Concrete shall be of the design and consistency approved by the Engineer and shall contain not less than 4 sacks of cement per cubic yard. Concrete footings are to be crowned at the top to shed water.
- 5. Steel anchor plates shall be of a design and thickness sufficient to prevent turning of the post in firm soil.
- 6. Steel pipe end posts, corner and pull posts shall be a minimum of 2" Std. pipe (2.375" 0.D., 0.154" wall thickness) with a 1/4" Std. pipe brace (1.660" 0.D., 0.140" wall thickness), with a 2"x2"x1/4" angle, or other as approved by the Engineer. Fasteners for securing barbed wire or woven wire fence to metal posts shall be a minimum of 11 gauge galvanized steel wire. Tubular posts shall be fitted with water malleable iron caps.
- 7. If Steel pipe is used for posts and braces, use standard pipe in accordance with ASTM A 53, Class B or A 501. For T-Posts use steel that meets ASTM A 702. Metal line posts shall be not less than 6'-6" in length and shall weigh not less than (1.33 lbs./lin.ft.). These Items shall be in accordance with Item 552, "Wire Fence.
- 8. Barbed Wire shall be in accordance with ASTM A 121, Class 1 Design designation 12-2-4-1 4R or 12-2-5-1 4R, or as approved by the Engineer.

Woven Wire Fence (Type D) shall be in accordance with ASTM A 116, Class 1 No. 12-1/2 Grade 60 (See Table 1 ASTM A 116) to the height and design shown on the plans, or as approved by the Engineer.

9. The location of gates and corner posts will be as indicated elsewhere in these plans.

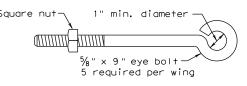


BARBED WIRE AND WOVEN WIRE FENCE (STEEL POSTS)

Design Division Standard

WF (2) -10

FILE:	wf210.dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK: AM DW:		۷P		CK:
© TxD0T	1996	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0915	14	045		CR 235		235
		DIST		COUNTY			5	HEET NO.
		SAT		WILSO	N			37



DETAIL OF EYE BOLT

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

No warranty of any for the conversion its use.

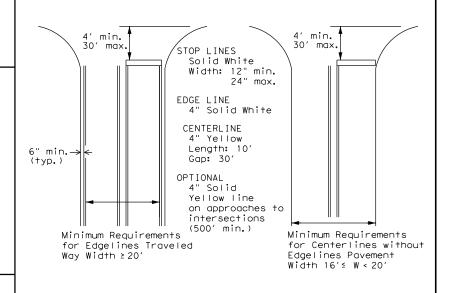
DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act".
Kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility
of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting fro

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



PM(1) - 20

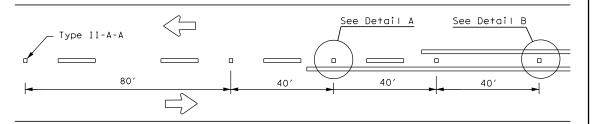
PAVEMENT MARKINGS

ILE: pm1-20.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT November 1978	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0915	14	045	(CR 235
-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-00 6-20	SAT		WILSC	N	38

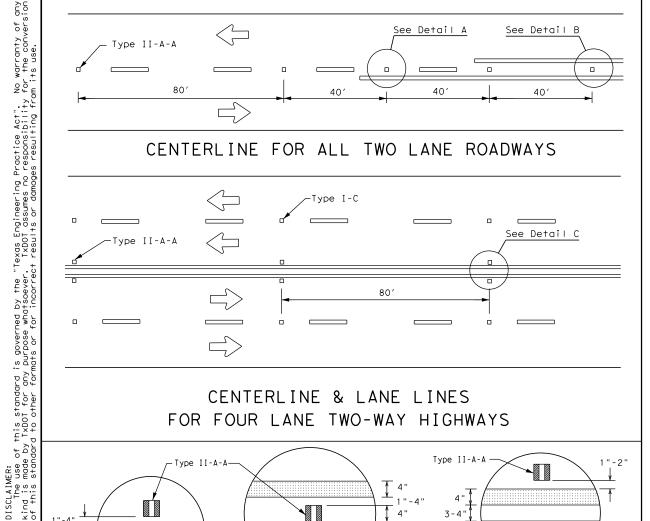
3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and

storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as

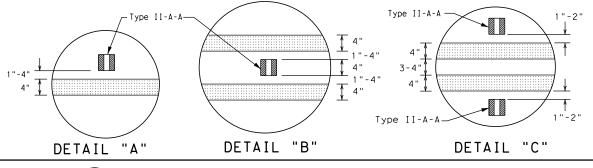
directed by the Engineer.



CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS



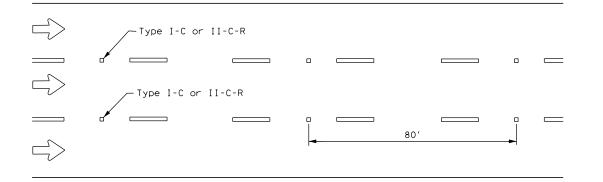
CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



9:38:02

Centerline Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 80′ Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

CENTER OR EDGE LINE |**←**12"<u>+</u>1" 30′ BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 18"<u>+</u> 1" -300 to 500 mil in height 12"<u>+</u> 1" 51/2" ± 1/2" 31/4 "± 3/4 "\$ A quick field check for the thickness 2 to 3"--2 to 3"-of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. 4" EDGE LINE, CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE OPTIONAL 6" EDGE LINE, CENTER LINE NOTE OR LÂNE LINE

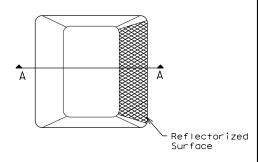
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

GENERAL NOTES

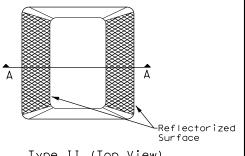
- 1. All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

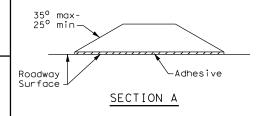
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE MARKINGS

PM(2) - 20

FILE: pm2-20.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT April 1977	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
4-92 2-10 REVISIONS	0915	14	045	(CR 235
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 6-20	SAT		WILSC	N	39



SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets) SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2) -

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT)) SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP))

T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

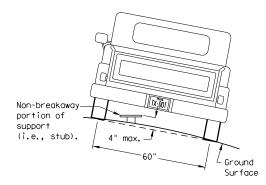
within a 7 ft. circle.

1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

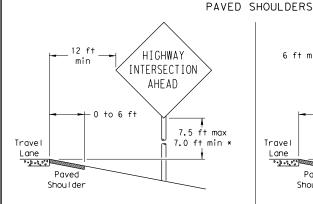
7 ft.

diameter

circle

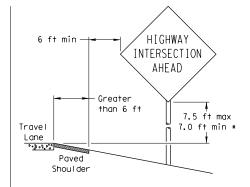
Not Acceptable

Not Acceptable



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



SIGN LOCATION

GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width. the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shoulder

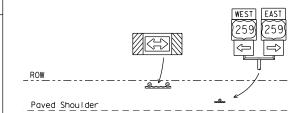
T-INTERSECTION

· 12 ft min

← 6 ft min –

7.5 ft max

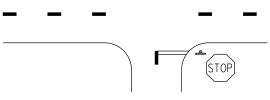
7.0 ft min *



Edge of Travel Lane

Travel

Lane



- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by the Engineer.

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

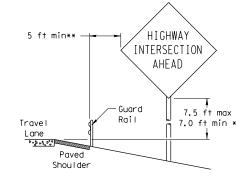
Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

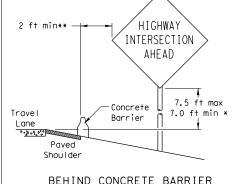
SMD (GEN) -08

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BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



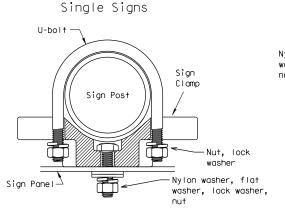
**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

7 ft.

diameter

circle



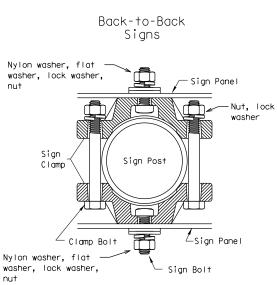
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



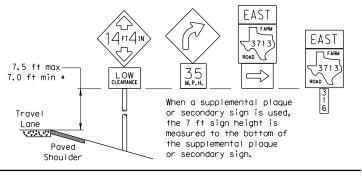
diameter

circle

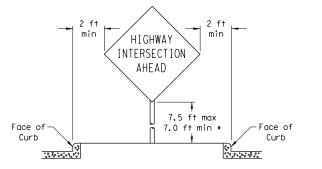
Acceptable

	Approximate Bolt Length						
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp					
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"					
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"					
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"					

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



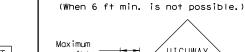
CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND

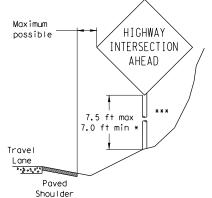


Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other factors.

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme





RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY



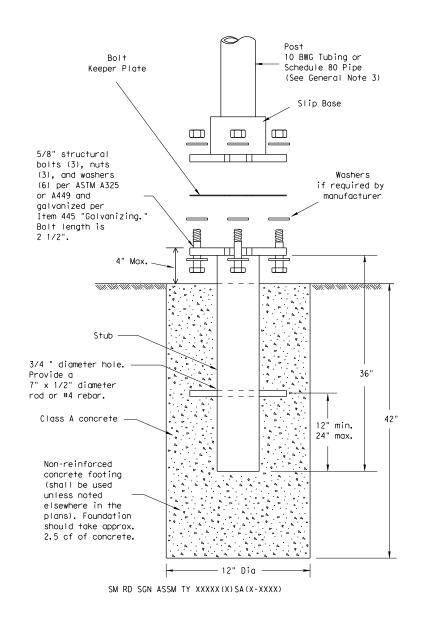
Texas Department of Transportation

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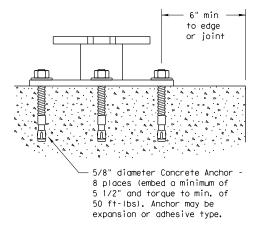
TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable. motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

Support

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



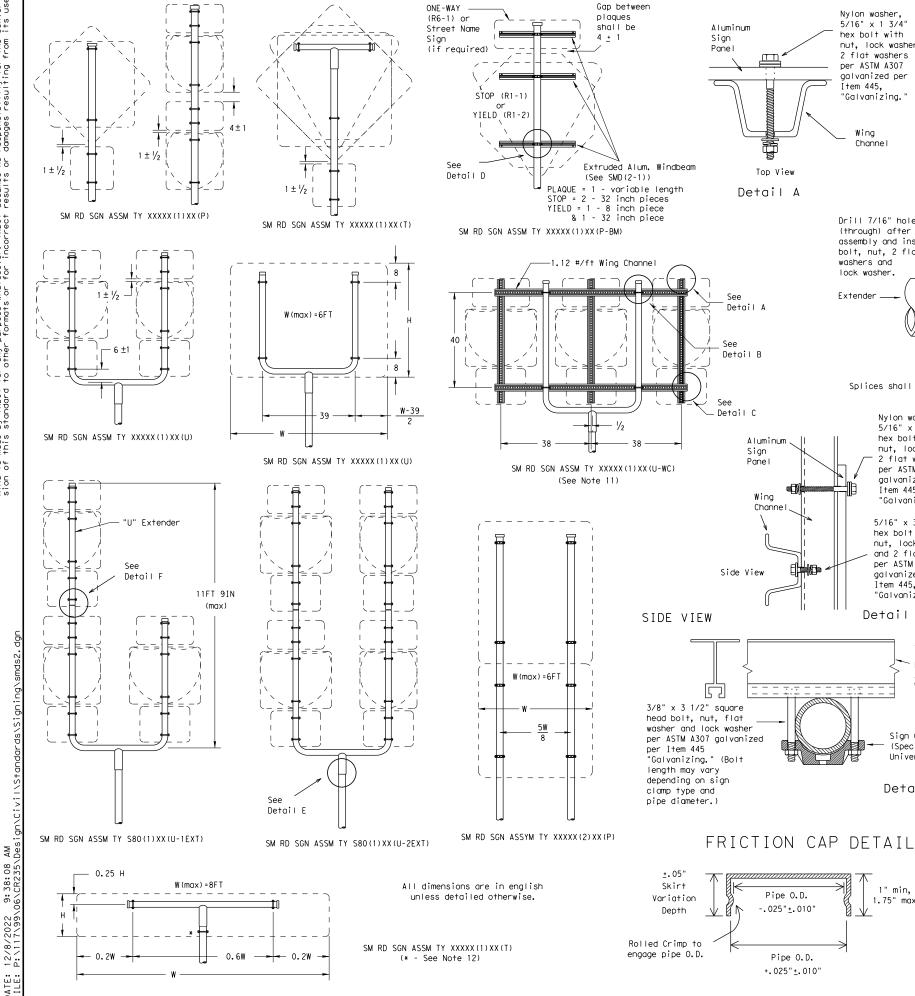
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

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Wing Channe I Sign Clamp (Specific or Universal) 5/16" x 3 3/4" hex bolt with nut. lock washer Top View and flat washer per ASTM A307 Detail B

aalvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing.

Drill 7/16" hole 3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex (through) after bolt with nut, lock washer assembly and install and 2 flat washers per ASTM bolt, nut, 2 flat A307 galvanized per 1 1/2" washers and Item 445 "Galvanizing. lock washer. Extender ____ Detail F

Nylon washer.

5/16" x 1 3/4"

hex bolt with

2 flat washers

per ASTM A307

galvanized per

"Galvanizing.

Item 445,

Wina

Channe I

nut, lock washer,

Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Nylon washer,

5/16" x 1 3/4"

hex bolt with

nut, lock washer

2 flat washers

per ASTM A307

galvanized per

"Galvanizing."

and 2 flat washers

TOP VIEW

Extruded

Aluminum

Windbeam

Sian Clamp

Universal)

Detail D

1.75" max

(Specific or

Item 445.

5/16" x 3/4"

hex bolt with nut, lock washer

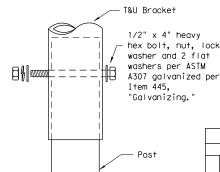
per ASTM A307

galvanized per

"Galvanizing.'

Item 445.

Detail C



U-Bracket

Detail E Sign Clamp (Specific or Universal)

(see SMD(2-1)) 0

> Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.

Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.

7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

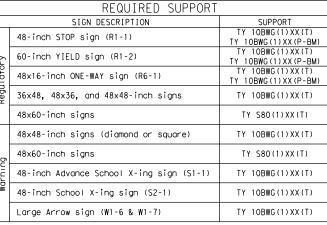
9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing.

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

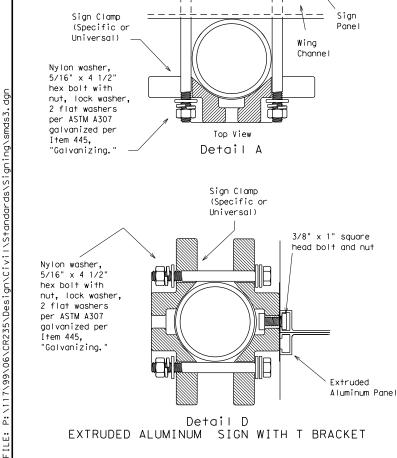


Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

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W(min)>8FT

-— 0.15₩

- 8 1/2"

W(max) = 16F

See Detail C

W (max) = 15FT

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXXX(1)XX(U-XX)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T-2EXT)

(* - See Note 12)

8 1/2"

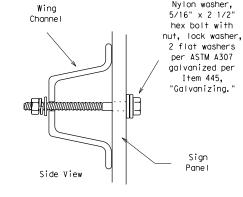
W-39"

See Detail A

See Detail B

Extruded Alum. Windbeam (See Detail D on SMD (SLIP-2))

or 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (See Detail A and Detail B)



Detail B

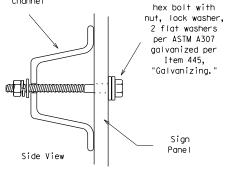
-.2w→

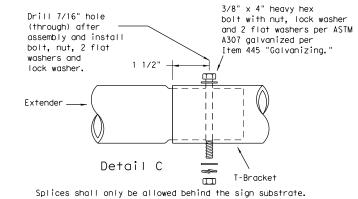
variable

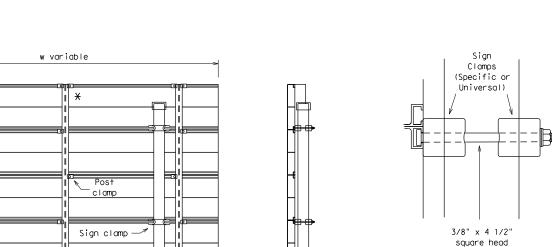
2 7/8" O.D.

steel pipe

Sch. 80







S3x5.7

stiffeners

post clamps

for additional

details)

See Detail E

for clamp installation

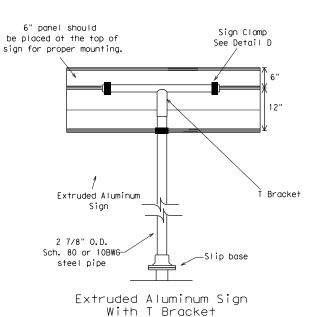
(See SMD(2-1)

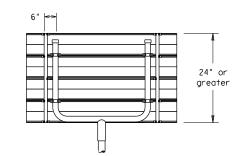
attached with

Typical Sign Mount SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

* Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.

Slip base





bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per ASTM A307 galvanized

per Item 445.

"Galvanizing.

Detail E

Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.

7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing.

10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on

the plans.
11.Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12.Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

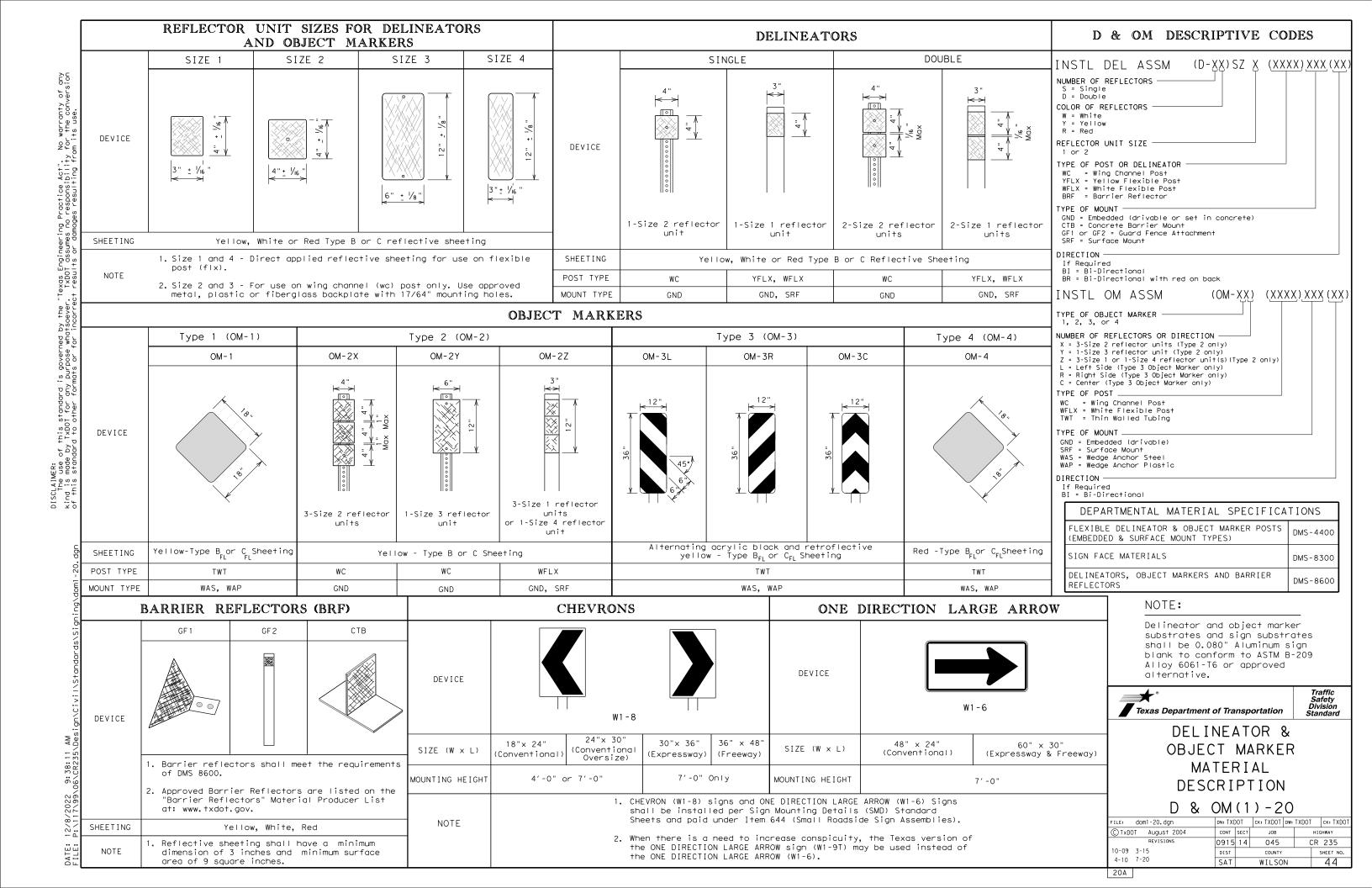
	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
,	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
0	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

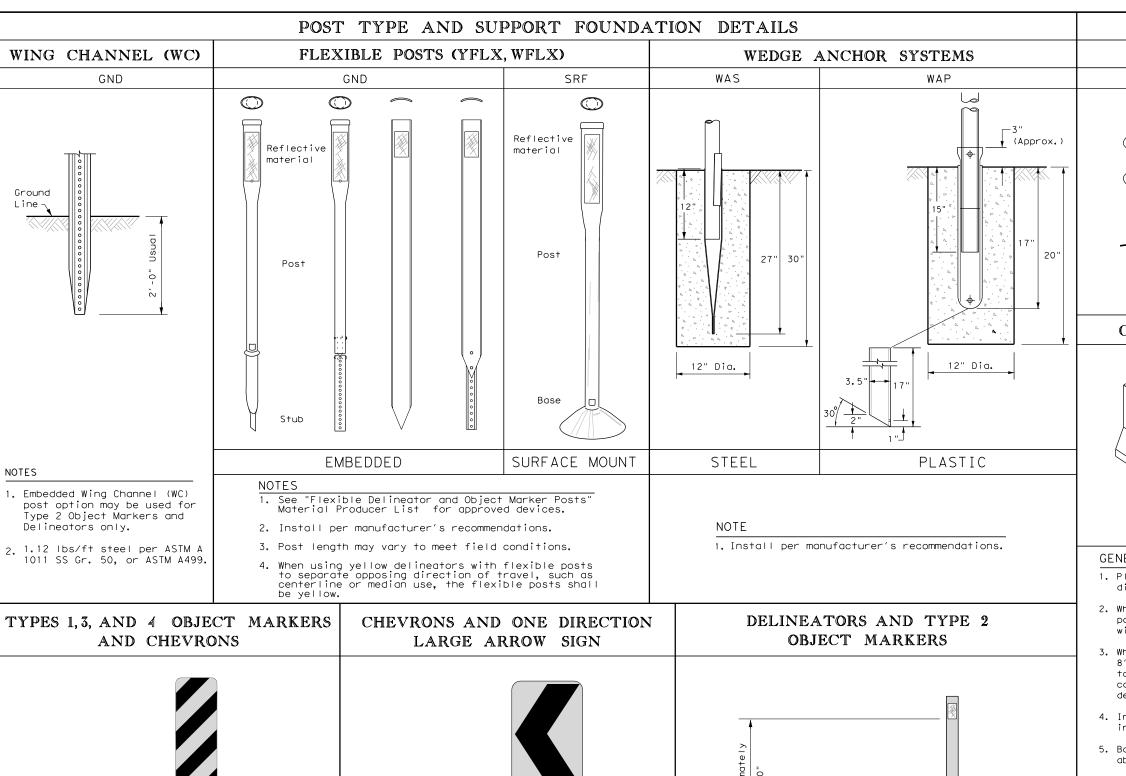
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS

SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

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-Ground

Line

Pavement

Chevrons 30" x 36" and larger shall be mounted at a height of 7' to the bottom

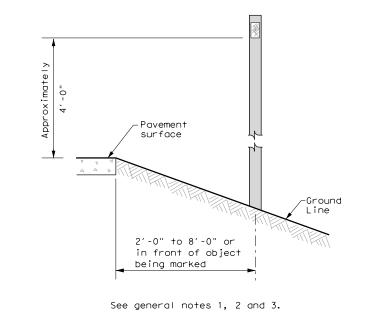
DIRECTION LARGE ARROW sign (W1-9T) shall

be installed per SMD standard sheets and

of the chevron. Chevron sign and ONE

paid under item 644.

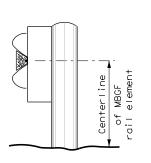
surface

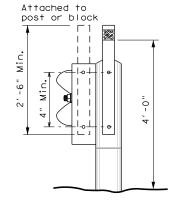


TYPE OF BARRIER MOUNTS

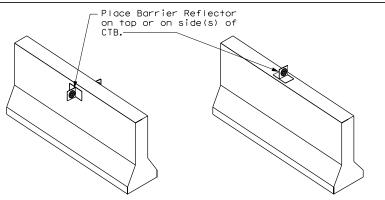
GUARD FENCE ATTACHMENT

GF2 GF1





CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Place delineators on a section of roadway at a consistent distance from the edge of pavement.
- 2. Where a restriction prevents consistent placement from the pavement edge, place the affected object markers in line with the innermost edge of the obstruction.
- 3. When Type 2 object markers and delineators are more than 8'-0" from the edge of the pavement, it may not be possible to maintain a height of approximately 4'-0". If this is the case, place the object marker or delineator as close to the desired height as possible.
- 4. Install all delineators, object markers and barrier reflectors in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.
- 5. Barrier reflectors should be installed a minimum of 18 inches above the edge of the pavement surface.
- 6. Diagonal stripes on Type 3 object markers shall slope down toward the intended travel lane.



OBJECT MARKER INSTALLATION

D & OM(2) - 20

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20B

this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use

Pavement surface

Mounting at 4 feet to the bottom of the chevron is permitted for

chevrons that will not exceed

a height of 6'-6" to the top of

the chevron (sizes $24" \times 30"$ and

-Ground

Line

Amount by which

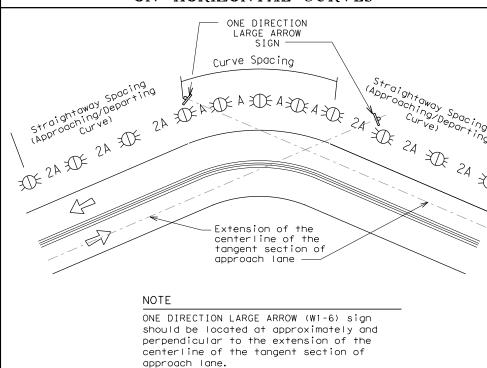
MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed					
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)				
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs				
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside				
		obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.				
25 MPH & more	• RPMs and Chevrons; or	RPMs and Chevrons				
	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or					

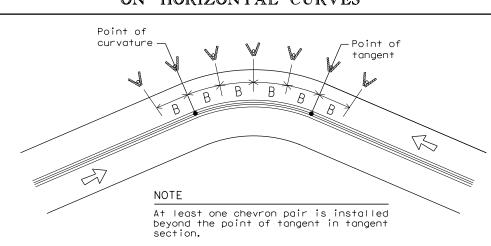
SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

roadside obstacles prevent the installation of

chevrons



SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET						
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve			
		Α	2A	В			
1	5730	225	450				
2	2865	160	320				
3	1910	130	260	200			
4	1433	110	220	160			
5	1146	100	200	160			
6	955	90	180	160			
7	819	85	170	160			
8	716	75	150	160			
9	637	75	150	120			
10	573	70	140	120			
11	521	65	130	120			
12	478	60	120	120			
13	441	60	120	120			
14	409	55	110	80			
15	382	55	110	80			
16	358	55	110	80			
19	302	50	100	80			
23	249	40	80	80			
29	198	35	70	40			
38	151	30	60	40			
57	101	20	40	40			

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3)	Sac D 9 OW/E)

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

NOTES

Bridges with no Approach

Reduced Width Approaches to

Culverts without MBGF

Pavement Narrowing

Freeways/Expressway

(lane merge) on

Rail

Bridge Rail

Crossovers

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.

at end of rail and 3 single

delineators approaching rail

Type 2 and Type 3 Object

Type 2 Object Markers

Markers (OM-3) and 3 single

Single delineators adjacent

to affected lane for full

length of transition

delineators approaching bridge

Double yellow delineators and RPMs

3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND					
Bi-directional Delineator					
π	Delineator				
•	Sign				



See D & OM(5)

terminal end See D & OM (5)

100 feet

Requires reflective sheeting

D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object

Marker (OM-3) in front of the

provided by manufacturer per

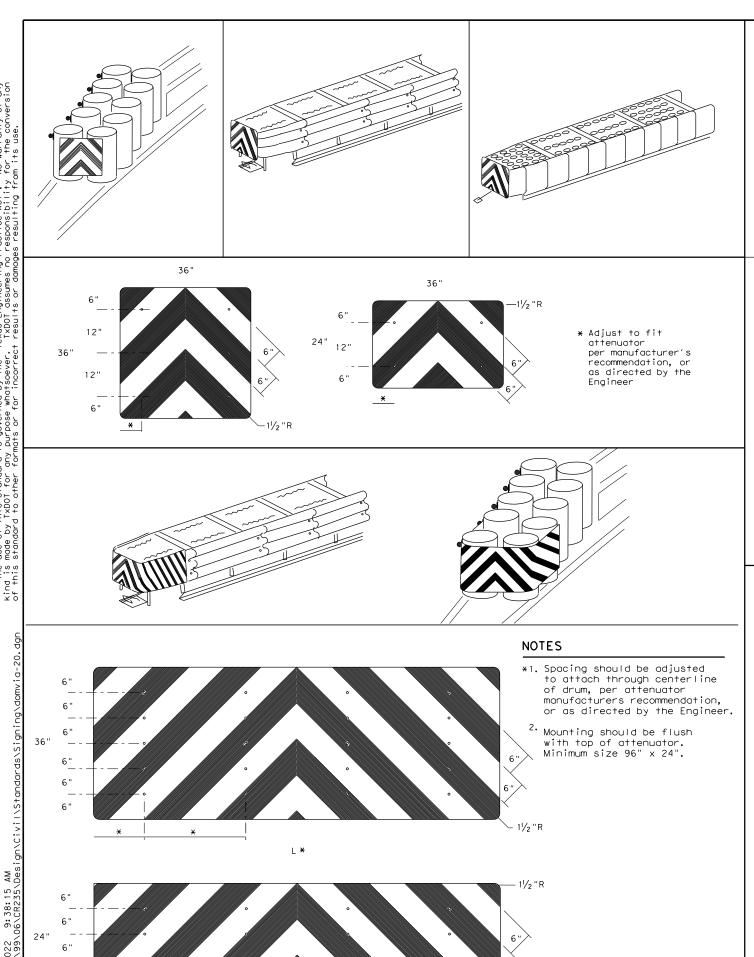
See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)

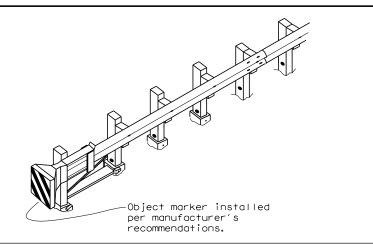
See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)

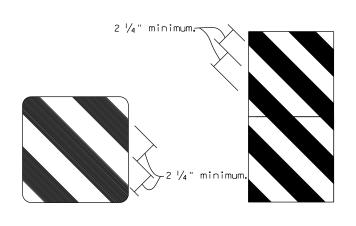
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

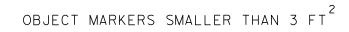
D & OM(3) - 20

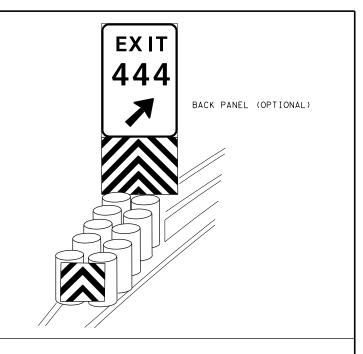
e: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[)OT	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDO	CK: TXDOT
TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0915	14	045		CR 235
15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
15 7-20	SAT		WILSO	N	46

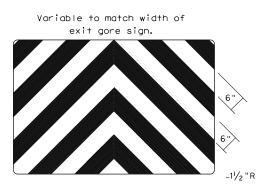












NOTES

- 1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.

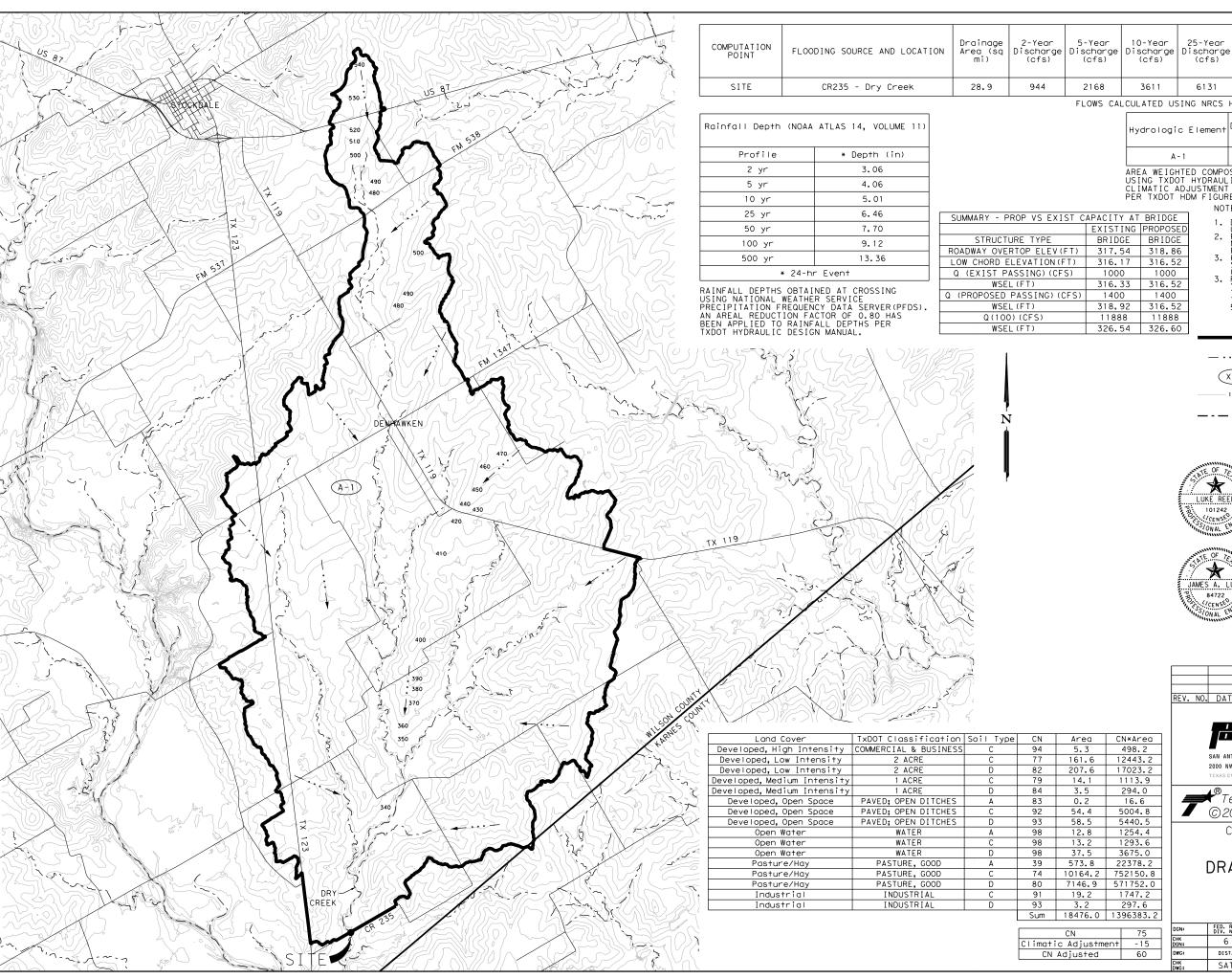


Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT **ATTENUATORS**

D & OM(VIA) - 20

D & 01	V	٧ т	\sim /		
E: domvia20.dgn	DN: TX[)OT	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
TxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0915	14	045		CR 235
92 8-04 95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
98 7-20	SAT		WILSO	N	48



FLOWS CALCULATED USING NRCS HYDROGRAPH METHOD

Hydrologic Element	Drainage Area (sq mi)	Lag Time (min)	CN
A - 1	28.9	211	60

50-Year Discharge

(cfs)

8482

AREA WEIGHTED COMPOSITE CURVE NUMBER CALCULATED USING TXDOT HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL 2019. CLIMATIC ADJUSTMENT OF -15 APPLIED TO CURVE NUMBER PER TXDOT HDM FIGURE 4-20

NOTE:

100-Year Discharge

(cfs)

11254

500-Year Discharge

(cfs)

19515

DRAINAGE AREAS DELINEATED USING USGS LIDAR DATA.
FLOWS WERE CALCULATED USING NRCS HYDROGRAPH METHOD AND REGRESSION EQUATIONS.
HEC-HMS VERSION 4.7.1 AND FREQUENCY STORM USED FOR NRCS HYDROGRAPH CALCULATIONS.
REGRESSION EQUATIONS
YIELDED THE HIGHEST FLOWS, THEREFORE IT WAS SELECTED AS THE PREFERRED WAS THE PREFERRED.

LEGEND

DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY

FLOW ARROW DRAINAGE AREA

EXISTING 10' CONTOURS — - — - — - STREAM Ç

DESIGN 101242

LUKE REED, P.E. APPRÓVAL

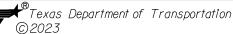
JAMES A. 84722 JAMES A. LUTZ, P.E

SCALE: 1" = 6,000'

REV. NO. DATE

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CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

DRAINAGE AREA MAP

SHEET 1 OF 1

A:	DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAI NO.			
: 4:	6	TEXAS	SEE	TITLE S	HEET	CR 235	
G:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.	
; ;:	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	49	

REGRESSION EQUATIONS METHOD

OMEGA EM REGRESSION EQUATIONS FOR NATURAL BASINS WERE PERFORMED TO ESTIMATE PEAK FLOWS FOR EVENTS WITH DIFFERENT ANNUAL PROBABILITY OF EXCEEDANCE.

EQUATION PARAMETERS

OMEGAEM = 0.147 (HDM FIGURE 4-5) P = 32 IN (HDM FIGURE 4-6) A = 28.9 MI² S = 0.003 FT/FT

FLOW RESULTS

STORM EVENT	FLOW (CFS)		
2-YR	1,544		
5-YR	3,380		
10-YR	4,869		
25-YR	7,261		
50-YR	9,378		
100-YR	11,888		
500-YR	19,173		

HDM TABLE 4-4: REGRESSION EQUATIONS

NOTES

REGRESSION EQUATIONS YIELDED THE HIGHEST FLOWS.
 THEREFORE, IT WAS SELECTED AS THE PREFERRED METHOD FOR PEAK
 FLOWS TO BE USED IN HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS.



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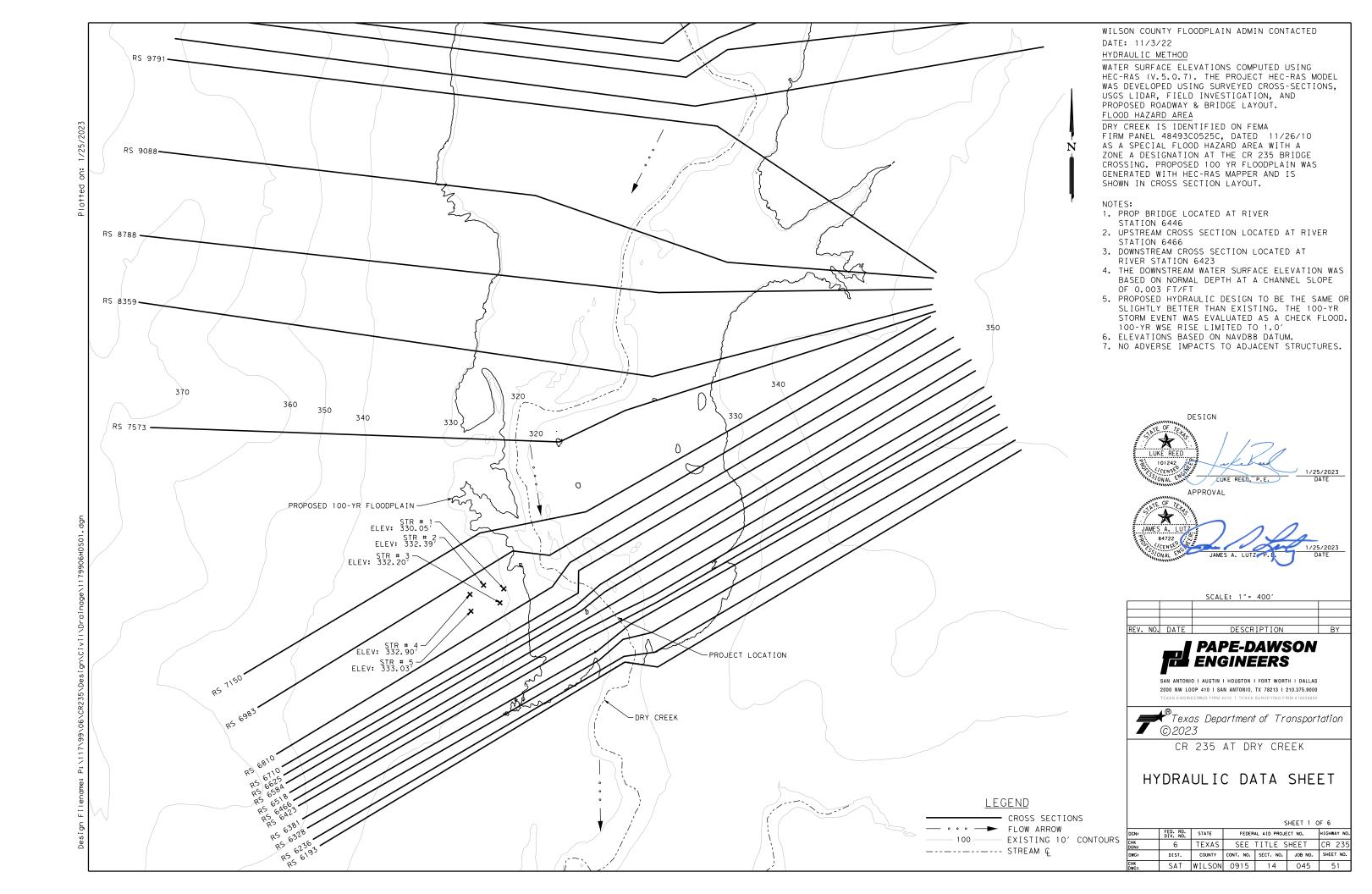
Texas Department of Transportation © 2023

CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

HYDROLOGY DATA SHEET

SHEET	1	OF

N:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
(N:	6	TEXAS	SEE	TITLE S	HEET	CR 235
G:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
(3:	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	50



HEC-RAS BRIDGE OUTPUT - EXIST PASSING

Plan: EX_PASS	Dry Creek	Reach 1 RS:	6446	Profile: EX_PAS	SS

E.G. US. (ft)	317.95	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	317.69	E.G. Elev (ft)	317.96	317.37
Q Total (cfs)	1000.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	316.33	316.33
Q Bridge (cfs)	1000.00	Crit W.S. (ft)	314.29	313.73
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	6.46	7.52
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	5.91	5.34
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	169.26	187.43
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.41	0.34
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	648.91	731.31
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	318.00	Hydr Depth (ft)		
Min El Prs (ft)	316.33	W.P. Total (ft)	86.92	92.21
Delta EG (ft)	0.58	Conv. Total (cfs)	7843.9	8938.2
Delta WS (ft)	0.58	Top Width (ft)		
BR Open Area (sq ft)	169.26	Frctn Loss (ft)		
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	5.91	C & E Loss (ft)		
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	1.98	1.59
BR Sel Method	Press Only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	11.67	8.47

HEC-RAS BRIDGE OUTPUT - PROP PASSING

Plan: PR_PASS Dry Creek Reach 1 RS: 6446 Profile: PR_PASS

E.G. US. (ft)	319.62	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	319.37	E.G. Elev (ft)	319.63	318.59
Q Total (cfs)	1400.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	316.52	316.52
Q Bridge (cfs)	1400.00	Crit W.S. (ft)	315.05	314.49
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	6.65	7.71
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	7.41	6.33
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	189.02	221.26
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.61	0.52
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	837.93	918.65
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	320.00	Hydr Depth (ft)	4.55	4.65
Min El Prs (ft)	316.52	W.P. Total (ft)	45.05	50.70
Delta EG (ft)	1.03	Conv. Total (cfs)	14612.8	17560.3
Delta WS (ft)	1.08	Top Width (ft)	41.58	47.55
BR Open Area (sq ft)	189.02	Frctn Loss (ft)		
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	7.41	C & E Loss (ft)		
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	2.40	1.73
BR Sel Method	Press Only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	17.81	10.96

HEC-RAS BRIDGE OUTPUT - EXIST 100-YR

Plan: EX Dry Creek Reach 1 RS: 6446 Profile: 100YR

E.G. US. (ft)	326.83	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	326.54	E.G. Elev (ft)	326.84	326.76
Q Total (cfs)	11888.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	326.54	326.47
Q Bridge (cfs)	659.68	Crit W.S. (ft)	322.51	322.29
Q Weir (cfs)	11228.32	Max Chl Dpth (ft)	16.67	17.66
Weir Sta Lft (ft)	1521.63	Vel Total (ft/s)	3.67	3.63
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)	2580.98	Flow Area (sq ft)	3241.53	3277.19
Weir Submerg	0.93	Froude # Chl	0.16	0.15
Weir Max Depth (ft)	9.30	Specif Force (cu ft)	12256.76	12744.88
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	318.00	Hydr Depth (ft)	3.18	3.19
Min El Prs (ft)	316.33	W.P. Total (ft)	1108.05	1119.42
Delta EG (ft)	0.07	Conv. Total (cfs)		
Delta WS (ft)	0.08	Top Width (ft)	1020.19	1025.94
BR Open Area (sq ft)	169.26	Frctn Loss (ft)		
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	3.90	C & E Loss (ft)		
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)		
BR Sel Method	Press/Weir	Power Total (lb/ft s)		

HEC-RAS BRIDGE OUTPUT - PROP 100-YR

Plan: PROP Dry Creek	Reach 1 RS: 64	46 Profile: 100YR		
E.G. US. (ft)	326.89	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	326.60	E.G. Elev (ft)	326.89	326.76
Q Total (cfs)	11888.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	326.60	326.47
Q Bridge (cfs)	791.32	Crit W.S. (ft)	325.19	325.87
Q Weir (cfs)	11096.68	Max Chl Dpth (ft)	16.73	17.66
Weir Sta Lft (ft)	1519.61	Vel Total (ft/s)	4.56	4.72
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)	2581.89	Flow Area (sq ft)	2606.29	2520.75
Weir Submerg	0.88	Froude # Chl	0.20	0.20
Weir Max Depth (ft)	7.52	Specif Force (cu ft)	8575.54	8742.38
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	320.00	Hydr Depth (ft)	2.54	2.46
Min El Prs (ft)	316.52	W.P. Total (ft)	1116.36	1129.02
Delta EG (ft)	0.13	Conv. Total (cfs)		
Delta WS (ft)	0.14	Top Width (ft)	1025.75	1025.94
BR Open Area (sq ft)	189.02	Frctn Loss (ft)		
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	4.19	C & E Loss (ft)		
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)		
BR Sel Method	Press/Weir	Power Total (lb/ft s)		

NOTES:

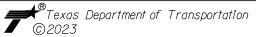
- 1. THE BRIDGE MODELING APPROACH FOR THE EX PASSING WAS PRESSURE ONLY.
- THE BRIDGE MODELING APPROACH FOR THE PR PASSING WAS PRESSURE ONLY.
- 3. THE BRIDGE MODELING APPROACH FOR THE 100 YEAR STORM EVENTS WAS PRESSURE AND/OR WEIR.



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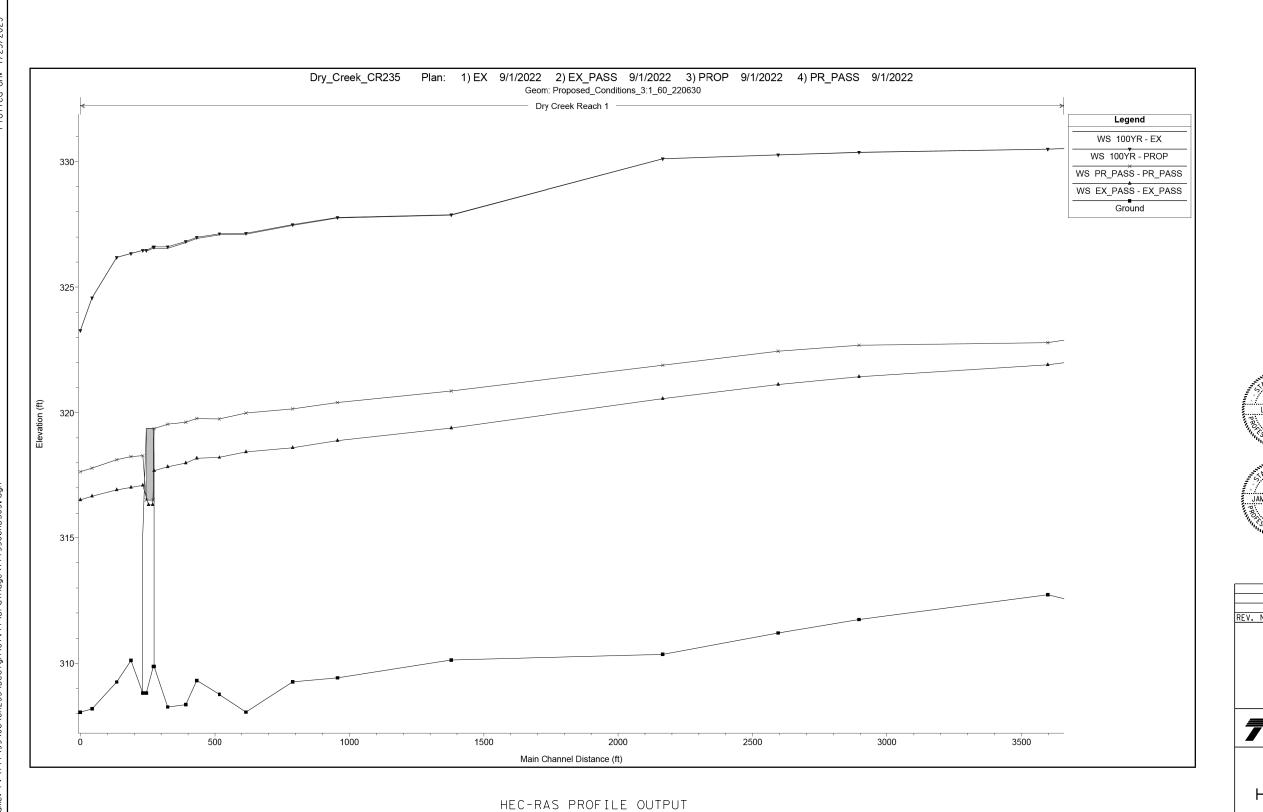


CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

9	SHE	EΤ	2	OF

:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
:	6	TEXAS	SEE	SEE TITLE SHEET		
	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
:	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	52



LUKE REED

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APPROVAL

APPROVAL

JAMES A. 2017

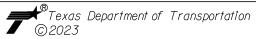
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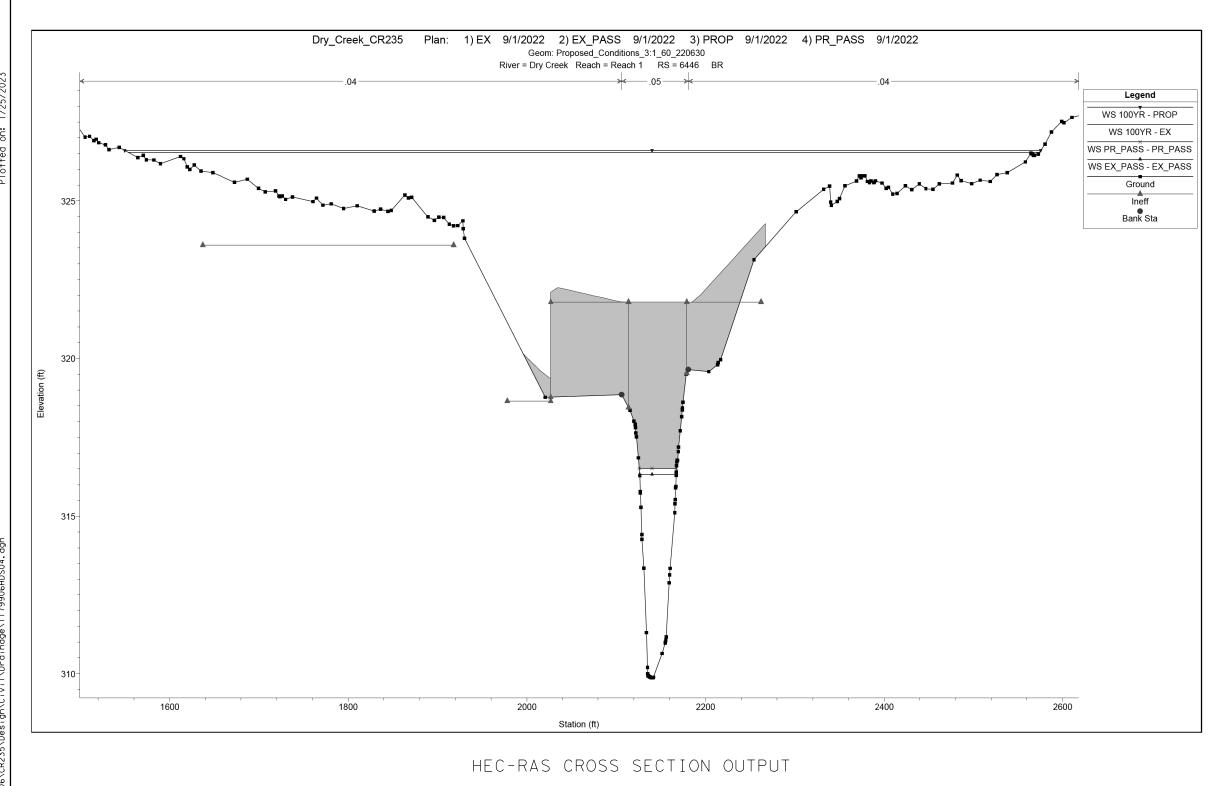


CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

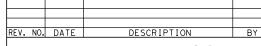
HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SHEET 3 OF 6

	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.								
	6	TEXAS	SEE	CR 235								
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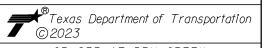






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2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000



CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SHEET	4	OF	4

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	6	TEXAS	SEE	TITLE S	HEET	CR 235
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Reach	River Sta	k Reach: Rea	ich 1 Profile: E	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
rtodori	Tuvor ota	1 101110	T IGHT	(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	Troddo // Orii
Reach 1	13727	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	315.53	326.32	320.71	326.49	0.001505	3.25	307.36	182.90	0.2
Reach 1	13727	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	315.53	327.51	321.74	327.72	0.001479	3.67	395.96	270.83	0.2
Reach 1	13727	100YR	EX	11888.00	315.53	334.46	331.65	334.55	0.000705	4.17	6864.66	1629.63	0.2
Reach 1	13727	100YR	PROP	11888.00	315.53	334.46	331.65	334.56	0.000705	4.17	6864.91	1629.71	0.20
			<u> </u>										
Reach 1	13401	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	315.67	325.89	320.37	326.07	0.001082	3.48	301.46	269.50	0.22
Reach 1	13401	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	315.67	327.03	321.32	327.28	0.001226	4.07	401.44	394.24	0.24
Reach 1 Reach 1	13401 13401	100YR 100YR	PROP	11888.00 11888.00	315.67 315.67	334.32 334.32	331.89 331.89	334.37 334.37	0.000398	3.47 3.47	7810.69 7810.96	1557.69 1557.73	0.18 0.18
Neacii i	13401	10011	FROF	11888.00	313.07	334.32	331.03	334.37	0.000398	3.41	7610.90	1557.75	0.10
Reach 1	13214	EX PASS	EX PASS	1000.00	315.94	325.62	320.96	325.83	0.001552	3.68	275.16	265.82	0.26
Reach 1	13214	PR_PASS	PR PASS	1400.00	315.94	326.73	321.85	327.01	0.001665	4.26	369.65	396.54	0.28
Reach 1	13214	100YR	EX	11888.00	315.94	334.19	331.50	334.28	0.000598	4.09	6646.53	1359.19	0.19
Reach 1	13214	100YR	PROP	11888.00	315.94	334.19	331.50	334.28	0.000598	4.09	6646.78	1359.21	0.19
Reach 1	13015	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	315.77	325.36	320.15	325.55	0.001189	3.51	301.13	228.20	0.23
Reach 1	13015	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	315.77	326.45	321.06	326.70	0.001347	4.10	396.79	302.28	0.25
Reach 1	13015	100YR	EX	11888.00 11888.00	315.77	333.67	330.11	334.06	0.001834	7.28	3162.14	1196.66 1196.68	0.33
Reach 1	13015	100YR	PROP	11888.00	315.77	333.67	330.11	334.06	0.001834	7.28	3162.31	1196.68	0.33
Reach 1	12946	EX PASS	EX PASS	1000.00	315.81	325.22	320.35	325.46	0.001578	3.89	259.38	155.83	0.26
Reach 1	12946	PR_PASS	PR PASS	1400.00	315.81	326.26	321.28	326.59	0.001378	4.64	330.13	258.72	0.29
Reach 1	12946	100YR	EX	11888.00	315.81	333.76	329.69	333.90	0.000863	4.93	5585.33	1280.03	0.23
Reach 1	12946	100YR	PROP	11888.00	315.81	333.76	329.69	333.90	0.000863	4.93	5585.64	1280.05	0.2
Reach 1	12707	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	315.52	325.04	321.25	325.15	0.000819	3.13	416.23	216.08	0.20
Reach 1	12707	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	315.52	326.07	321.26	326.22	0.000982	3.73	497.37	274.26	0.22
Reach 1	12707	100YR	EX	11888.00	315.52	333.62	329.61	333.71	0.000622	4.49	6642.80	1363.92	0.2
Reach 1	12707	100YR	PROP	11888.00	315.52	333.62	329.61	333.71	0.000622	4.49	6643.14	1363.93	0.20
			<u> </u>										
Reach 1	12540	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	315.02	324.84	320.28	324.99	0.001068	3.13	338.31	325.04	0.22
Reach 1	12540	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	315.02	326.08	321.29	326.11	0.000254	1.72	1132.09	358.19	0.11
Reach 1 Reach 1	12540 12540	100YR 100YR	PROP	11888.00 11888.00	315.02 315.02	333.55 333.55	326.06 326.06	333.62 333.62	0.000409	3.50 3.50	7480.52 7480.91	1437.03 1437.05	0.16
ixeacii i	12340	10011	FROF	11000.00	313.02	333.33	320.00	333.02	0.000409	3.50	7400.91	1437.03	0.10
Reach 1	12273	EX PASS	EX PASS	1000.00	314.08	324.44	319.56	324.66	0.001457	3.71	272.94	137.59	0.26
Reach 1	12273	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	314.08	325.67	320.50	325.95	0.001535	4.27	374.72	231.59	0.27
Reach 1	12273	100YR	EX	11888.00	314.08	333.29	330.24	333.45	0.000970	5.35	5798.30	1447.45	0.24
Reach 1	12273	100YR	PROP	11888.00	314.08	333.29	330.24	333.45	0.000970	5.35	5798.79	1447.48	0.24
Reach 1	11375	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	312.30	323.47	317.80	323.62	0.000908	3.12	351.90	80.25	0.21
Reach 1	11375	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	312.30	324.66	318.81	324.84	0.000968	3.56	451.82	88.51	0.22
Reach 1	11375	100YR	EX	11888.00	312.30	331.62	328.92	332.16	0.002191	8.04	2924.52	1247.14	0.36
Reach 1	11375	100YR	PROP	11888.00	312.30	331.62	328.92	332.16	0.002190	8.04	2925.61	1248.54	0.36
Reach 1	11108	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	311.99	323.23	317.29	323.39	0.000823	3.28	344.23	68.50	0.20
Reach 1	11108	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	311.99	324.36	318.30	324.58	0.000973	3.88	428.72	99.42	0.22
Reach 1	11108 11108	100YR 100YR	PROP	11888.00 11888.00	311.99 311.99	331.15 331.16	328.40 328.40	331.57 331.57	0.001939	7.84 7.83	3737.39 3741.91	1394.75 1394.93	0.34
ixeacii i	11100	10011	FROF	11000.00	311.55	331.10	320.40	331.37	0.001933	7.03	3/41.91	1394.93	0.3
Reach 1	10760	EX PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	312.16	322.85	317.05	323.04	0.001240	3.41	293.90	46.14	0.23
Reach 1	10760	PR_PASS	PR PASS	1400.00	312.16	323.89	318.06	324.16	0.001500	4.12	344.00	160.42	0.26
Reach 1	10760	100YR	EX	11888.00	312.16	330.93	327.84	331.05	0.000852	4.77	5833.19	1731.12	0.22
Reach 1	10760	100YR	PROP	11888.00	312.16	330.93	327.84	331.06	0.000849	4.77	5839.95	1731.45	0.22
Reach 1	10555	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	312.61	322.70	317.67	322.81	0.000804	2.68	403.34	99.67	0.19
Reach 1	10555	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	312.61	323.75	318.55	323.89	0.000859	3.08	512.94	124.59	0.20
Reach 1	10555	100YR	EX	11888.00	312.61	330.81	327.18	330.90	0.000569	3.98	6543.08	1849.39	0.19
Reach 1	10555	100YR	PROP	11888.00	312.61	330.81	327.18	330.91	0.000568	3.98	6551.04	1849.62	0.19
_	10.1	EV = : -	EV = : : :										-
Reach 1	10425	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	312.48	322.56	317.14	322.70	0.000911	2.94	350.04	147.58	0.2
Reach 1 Reach 1	10425	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	312.48	323.58	318.03	323.76	0.001055 0.000400	3.49	429.39 7435.88	218.99	0.23
Reach 1	10425 10425	100YR 100YR	PROP	11888.00 11888.00	312.48 312.48	330.77 330.77	326.62 326.62	330.83 330.83	0.000400	3.39 3.38	7435.88 7444.01	1850.30 1850.54	0.10
caul I	10420	10011	FROF	11000.00	312.48	330.77	3∠0.02	JJU.83	0.000398	3.38	7444.01	1000.04	0.10
Reach 1	10343	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	311.83	322.47	316.67	322.62	0.000873	3.13	332.91	219.97	0.20
Reach 1	10343	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	311.83	323.46	317.60	323.67	0.001093	3.80	393.63	252.66	0.2
Reach 1	10343	100YR	EX	11888.00	311.83	330.74	326.12	330.80	0.000336	3.20	7418.88	1808.60	0.14
Reach 1	10343	100YR	PROP	11888.00	311.83	330.75	326.12	330.80	0.000335	3.19	7426.94	1808.82	0.14
Reach 1	10031	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	312.10	322.24	316.68	322.36	0.000762	2.77	363.46	75.55	0.19
Reach 1	10031	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	312.10	323.18	317.49	323.35	0.000919	3.32	458.67	155.73	0.2
Reach 1	10031	100YR	EX	11888.00	312.10	330.60	326.36	330.68	0.000410	3.49	6171.26	1670.31	0.10
Reach 1	10031	100YR	PROP	11888.00	312.10	330.61	326.36	330.69	0.000408	3.49	6179.67	1670.50	0.10
Reach 1	9791	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	312.73	321.91	317.97	322.10	0.001526	3.54	288.36	73.35	0.2
Reach 1	9791	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	312.73	322.79	318.77	323.04	0.001697	4.12	372.76	109.39	0.2
Reach 1	9791	100YR	EX	11888.00	312.73	330.49	327.27	330.58	0.000458	3.59	5910.68	1723.12	0.1
Reach 1	9791	100YR	PROP	11888.00	312.73	330.50	327.27	330.58	0.000456	3.59	5919.35	1723.58	0.1
Reach 1	9088	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	311.74	321.43	315.97	321.52	0.000475	2.57	479.79	245.17	0.1
Reach 1	9088	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	311.74	321.43	316.71	322.71	0.000475	1.64	1226.06	315.18	0.0
Reach 1	9088	100YR	EX	11888.00	311.74	330.37	322.53	330.39	0.000139	2.31	9899.79	2107.15	0.0
Reach 1	9088	100YR	PROP	11888.00	311.74	330.37	322.53	330.40	0.000144	2.31	9911.35	2108.86	0.1

LUKE REED

101242

CENSS

OF

APPROVAL

APPROVAL

JAMES A. LUJE

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AV56/2



PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS
2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000
TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 I TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SHEET 5 OF 6

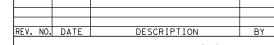
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.									
6	TEXAS	SEE	CR 235									
DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.							
SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	55							

HEC-RAS OUTPUT

HEC-RAS	River: Dry Creek	Reach: Reach 1	Profile: EX_PASS	
				-

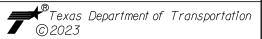
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Plan	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
				(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
Reach 1	8788	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	311.20	321.12	316.06	321.29	0.001238	3.34	301.98	205.11	0.2
Reach 1	8788	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	311.20	322.45	316.94	322.60	0.000961	3.35	515.99	379.31	0.2
Reach 1	8788	100YR	EX	11888.00	311.20	330.27	325.57	330.33	0.000269	2.85	6558.03	1288.47	0.1
Reach 1	8788	100YR	PROP	11888.00	311.20	330.27	325.57	330.34	0.000268	2.85	6566.04	1289.06	0.1
Reach 1	8359	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	310.35	320.56	315.77	320.77	0.001205	3.74	321.47	134.84	0.24
Reach 1	8359	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	310.35	321.89	316.75	322.13	0.001216	4.18	438.09	310.62	0.25
Reach 1	8359	100YR	EX	11888.00	310.35	330.11	324.14	330.19	0.000435	3.87	6943.02	1223.97	0.16
Reach 1	8359	100YR	PROP	11888.00	310.35	330.12	324.14	330.19	0.000433	3.86	6951.28	1224.27	0.16
Reach 1	7573	EX PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	310.13	319.39	315.37	319.61	0.001819	3.81	269.04	84.13	0.28
Reach 1	7573	PR_PASS	PR PASS	1400.00	310.13	320.86	316.27	321.09	0.001437	3.95	436.15	120.30	0.26
Reach 1	7573	100YR	EX	11888.00	310.13	327.87	325.59	329.25	0.004845		1759.13	1046.98	0.54
Reach 1	7573	100YR	PROP	11888.00	310.13	327.89	325.59	329.26	0.004821	11.43	1763.17	1048.12	0.54
Reach 1	7150	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	309.42	318.89	313.32	319.03	0.001007	2.97	336.27	87.89	0.21
Reach 1	7150	PR_PASS	PR PASS	1400.00	309.42	320.41	314.10	320.58	0.000981	3.31	426.15	164.71	0.21
Reach 1	7150	100YR	EX	11888.00	309.42	327.76	324.02	328.00	0.001210	5.82	5290.89	1268.28	0.27
Reach 1	7150	1001R	PROP	11888.00	309.42	327.78	324.02	328.02	0.001210	5.79	5320.48	1270.43	0.27
cacii i	7 100	10011	i itoi	11000.00	309.42	321.10	324.02	320.02	0.001194	3.19	5520.46	12/0.43	0.21
Reach 1	6983	EX DV66	EX DV66	1000.00	309.26	318.60	314.13	318.80	0.001808	3.55	281.87	55.82	0.28
Reach 1		EX_PASS PR_PASS	EX_PASS PR PASS	1400.00	309.26	318.60	314.13	318.80	0.001808	3.55	281.87 377.04	128.84	0.26
Reach 1	6983												
Reach 1	6983	100YR	EX	11888.00	309.26	327.46	323.90	327.77	0.001545	6.42	4502.68	1106.48	0.30
Reach 1	6983	100YR	PROP	11888.00	309.26	327.49	323.90	327.79	0.001520	6.37	4530.60	1107.91	0.30
Reach 1	6810	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	308.06	318.44	312.41	318.59	0.000782	3.19	337.60	69.83	0.19
Reach 1	6810	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	308.06	319.99	313.35	320.18	0.000813	3.65	437.28	198.76	0.20
Reach 1	6810	100YR	EX	11888.00	308.06	327.11	323.55	327.48	0.001661	7.48	4592.96	1160.36	0.32
Reach 1	6810	100YR	PROP	11888.00	308.06	327.15	323.55	327.51	0.001622	7.40	4638.73	1163.09	0.32
Reach 1	6710	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	308.76	318.22	313.94	318.47	0.001772	4.00	251.82	86.94	0.28
Reach 1	6710	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	308.76	319.75	314.81	320.06	0.001663	4.47	327.15	218.92	0.28
Reach 1	6710	100YR	EX	11888.00	308.76	327.09	322.90	327.29	0.001236		5416.23	1267.39	0.27
Reach 1	6710	100YR	PROP	11888.00	308.76	327.13	322.90	327.32	0.001207	5.92	5465.99	1270.15	0.27
Reach 1	6625	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	309.31	318.19	313.72	318.33	0.000982	3.05	352.92	89.97	0.21
Reach 1	6625	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	309.31	319.77	314.47	319.91	0.000780	3.16	528.19	259.89	0.20
Reach 1	6625	100YR	EX	11888.00	309.31	326.94	322.45	327.18	0.001170	5.97	5073.17	1225.79	0.27
Reach 1	6625	100YR	PROP	11888.00	309.31	326.99	322.45	327.22	0.001142	5.91	5125.94	1230.77	0.27
Reach 1	6584	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	308.35	317.99	314.12	318.25	0.002597	4.10	244.08	54.89	0.33
Reach 1	6584	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	308.35	319.62	315.08	319.86	0.002093	3.95	385.04	227.17	0.30
Reach 1	6584	100YR	EX	11888.00	308.35	326.78	322.71	327.11	0.001805	6.48	4008.51	1224.77	0.32
Reach 1	6584	100YR	PROP	11888.00	308.35	326.82	322.71	327.15	0.001766	6.43	4049.14	1231.18	0.32
Reach 1	6518	EX PASS	EX PASS	1000.00	308.26	317.84	313.25	318.08	0.002323	3.92	254.83	56.45	0.31
Reach 1	6518	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	308.26	319.54	314.24	319.72	0.001463	3.61	535.64	246.68	0.26
Reach 1	6518	100YR	EX	11888.00	308.26	326.55	322.57	326.97	0.002208		3868.43	1195.47	0.36
Reach 1	6518	100YR	PROP	11888.00	308.26	326.61	322.57	327.02	0.002112	7.22	3943.56	1204.81	0.35
Reach 1	6466	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	309.87	317.69	314.22	317.95	0.002355	4.18	239.01	49.57	0.32
Reach 1	6466	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	309.87	319.37	315.06	317.62	0.002333		347.41	168.16	0.31
Reach 1	6466	100YR	EX EX	11888.00	309.87	326.54	322.50	326.83	0.002213		3312.85	1020.19	0.30
Reach 1	6466	1001K	PROP	11888.00	309.87	326.60	322.51	326.89	0.001343	5.72	3376.47	1025.75	0.30
i (cacii i	0400	100110	T IXOI	11000.00	303.07	320.00	322.31	320.03	0.001471	5.12	3370.47	1023.73	0.23
Doooh 1	6446			Bridge									
Reach 1	6446			Bridge									
Deset 1	0400	EV DAGO	EV DAGO	4000.00	200.01	047.40	242.05	047.07	0.00000	4 4 4 4	040.44	50.67	0.00
Reach 1	6423	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	308.81	317.10	313.65	317.37	0.002030		242.41	50.67	0.30
Reach 1	6423	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	308.81	318.29	314.49	318.59	0.002615		316.24	96.39	0.34
Reach 1	6423	100YR	EX	11888.00	308.81	326.47	322.28	326.76	0.001388		3371.40	1025.94	0.29
Reach 1	6423	100YR	PROP	11888.00	308.81	326.47	322.28	326.76	0.001388	5.90	3371.40	1025.94	0.29
Reach 1	6381	EX_PASS	EX_PASS	1000.00	310.11	317.02	313.83	317.28	0.002019		269.01	96.27	0.31
Reach 1	6381	PR_PASS	PR_PASS	1400.00	310.11	318.25	314.63	318.48	0.001578		409.24	125.77	0.28
Reach 1	6381	100YR	EX	11888.00	310.11	326.34	322.10	326.69	0.001563	6.94	3360.78	1215.42	0.32
Reach 1	6381	100YR	PROP	11888.00	310.11	326.34	322.10	326.69	0.001563	6.94	3360.78	1215.42	0.32





PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000

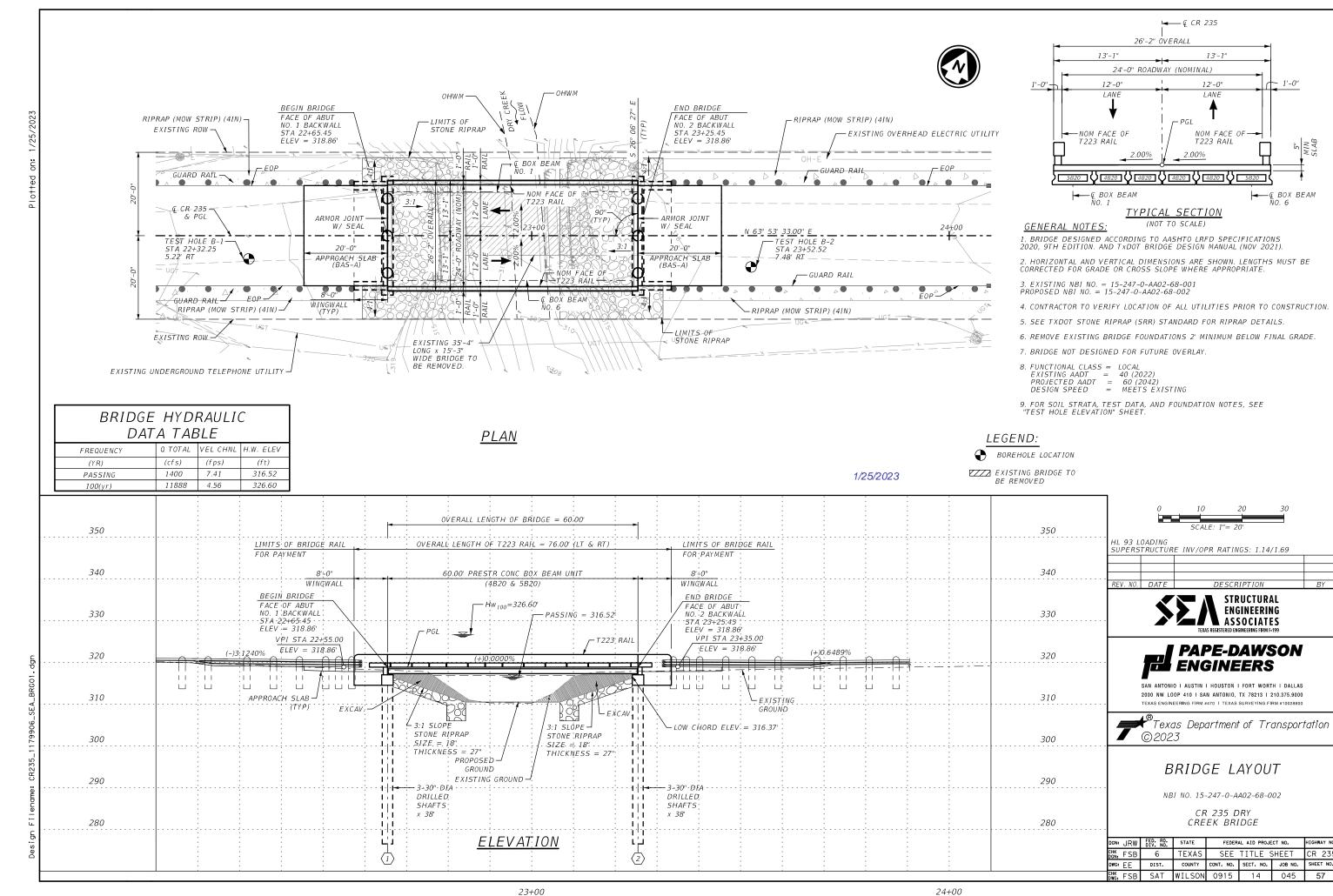


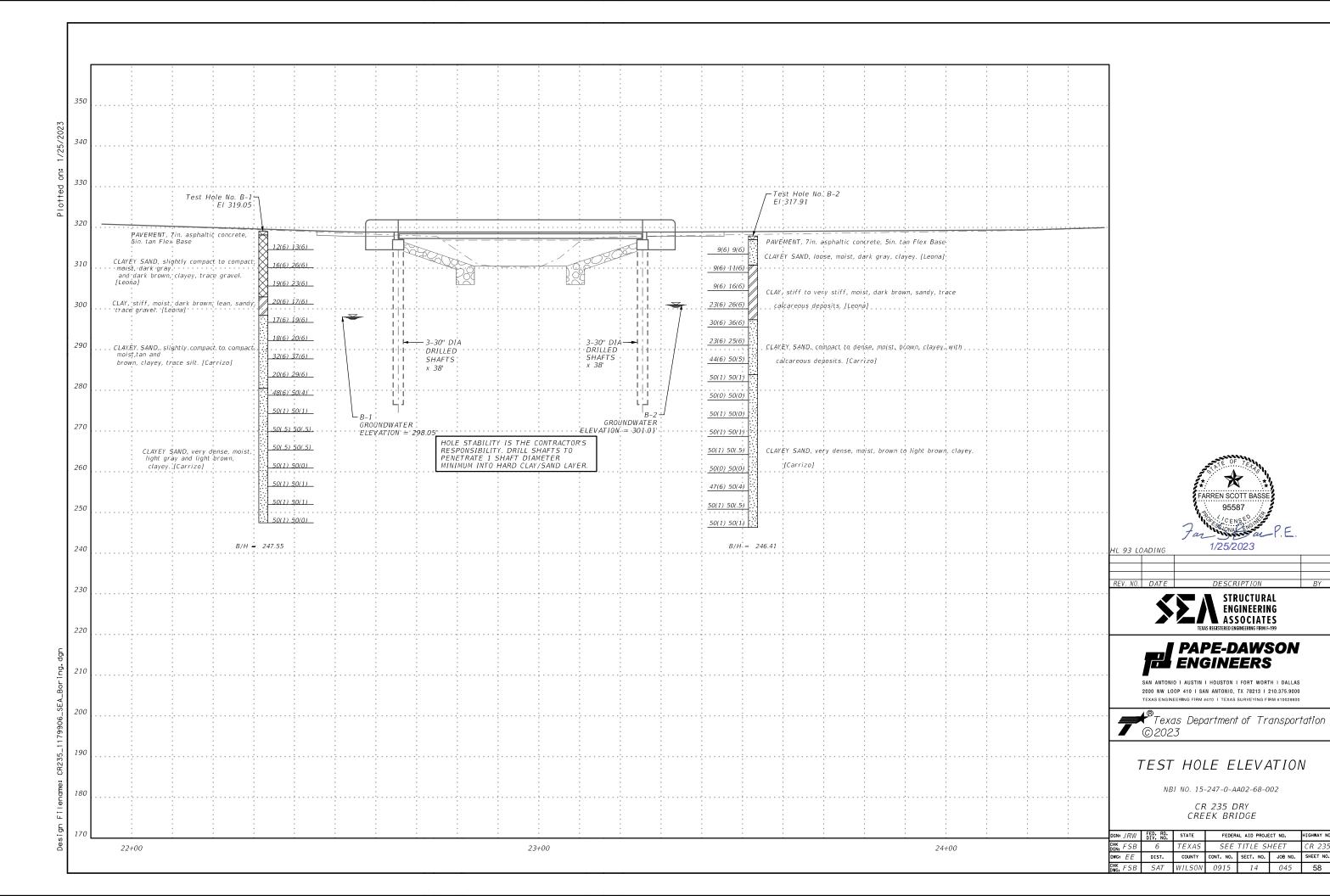
CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SHEE	T 6	OF

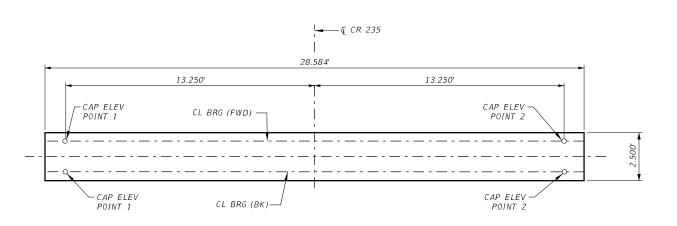
	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.					
:	6	TEXAS	SEE	SEE TITLE SHEET C					
	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.			
:	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	56			



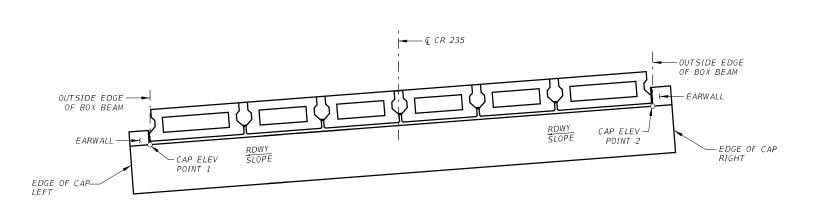


SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

	0416-6003	0420-6013	0422-6005	0422-6023	0425-6001	0425-6002	0422-6015	0432-6033	0450-6006	0454-6004	0496-6009
BID ITEM DESCRIPTION BRIDGE ELEMENT	DRILL SHAFT (30 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	REINF CONC SLAB (BOX BEAM)	SHEAR KEY	PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM (4B20)	PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM (5B20)	APPROACH SLAB	RIPRAP STONE PROTECTION (18 IN)	RAIL (TY T223)	ARMOR JOINT (SEALED)	REMOVE STR (BRIDGE 0-99 FT LENGTH)
	LF	CY	SF	CY	LF	LF	CY	CY	LF	LF	EA
2 - ABUTMENTS	228	25.2					38.8				
1 - 60.000' PRESTR CONC BOX BEAM UNIT 1			1,570	8.0	238.00	119.00			152.00	44.3	
TOTAL	228	25.2	1,570	8.0	238.00	119.00	38.8	244	152.00	44.3	1



PLAN AT CAP ELEVATION POINTS (LOOKING FORWARD STATION)



TRANSVERSE SECTION AT CAP ELEVATION POINTS

CAP ELEVATIONS (1)

LOCATION	POINT 1	POINT 2
ABUT 1 (FWD)	316.137	316.667
ABUT 2 (BK)	316.137	316.667

1 TOP OF CAP ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON SECTION DEPTHS SHOWN ON SLAB BEAM UNIT SHEET.



HL 93 LOADING





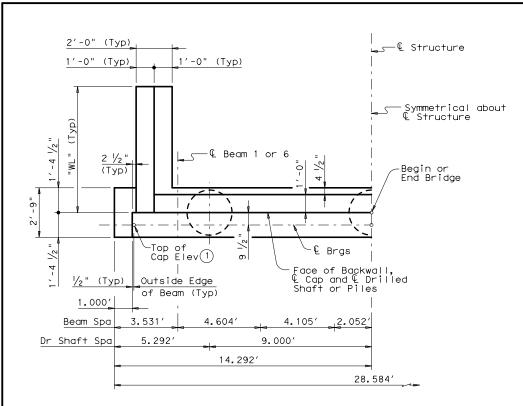
SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000



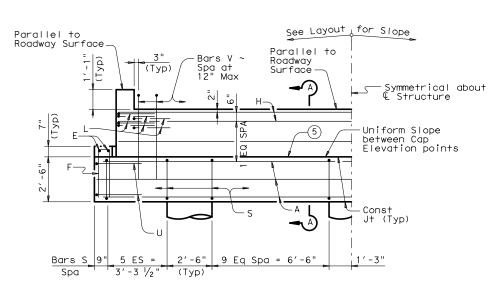
ESTIMATED QUANTITIES & CAP ELEVATIONS

CR 235 DRY CREEK BRIDGE

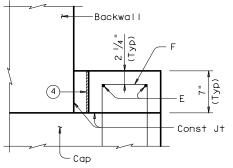
N: JRW	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
⊊ FSB	6	TEXAS	SEE TITLE SHEET			CR 235
e: EE	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
FSB	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	59



PLAN ABUTMENT 1 - BACKSTATION ABUTMENT 2 - FORWARDSTATION



ELEVATION



EARWALL ELEVATION DETAIL 6

(Slope top of earwall away from beams)

1'-4 1/2

Const Jt

SECTION A-A 2

-13/4

TABLE OF FOUNDATION LOADS

Span Length	Drilled Shaft Load
F†	Tons/DS
60	77

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications.

Concrete strength f'c = 3,600 psi.

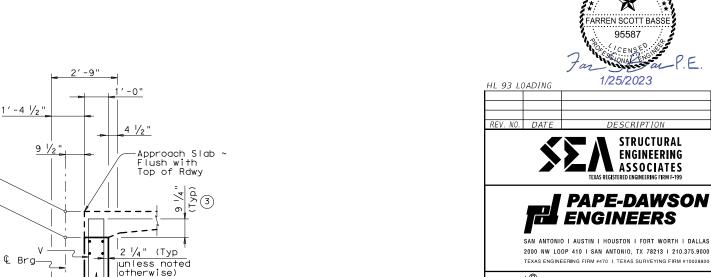
All reinforcing must be Grade 60.

See standard FD for all foundation details and notes.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage cast in

See stone riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment details.

- ① See Estimated Quantities & Cap Elevations sheet.Top of Cap Elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.
- $\widehat{\mbox{(2)}}$ See Bridge Layout for Joint type and Approach Slab.
- $\stackrel{\textstyle \bigcirc}{3}$ Increase as required to maintain 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ " from Finished Grade.
- $^{(4)}/_2$ " Preformed Bituminous Fiber material between beam and earwall. Bond to beam with an approved adhesive. Inside face of earwall to be cast with
- $^{\fbox{5}}$ Surface finish for the top of Cap will be a textured wood float finish. The surface must be level in the direction of the centerline of Beams.
- $\stackrel{ ext{ }}{ ext{ }}$ Do not cast earwalls until beams are erected in their final position.



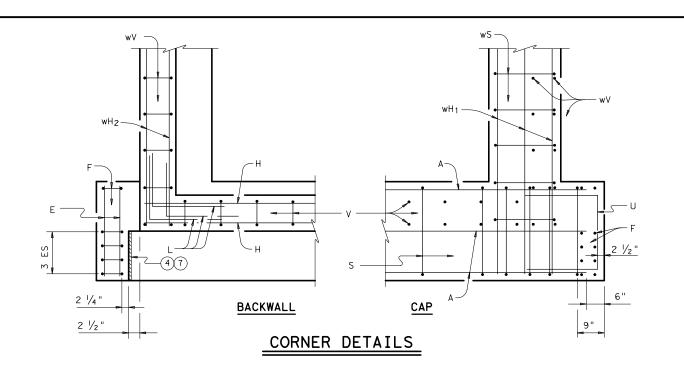
Texas Department of Transportation © 2023

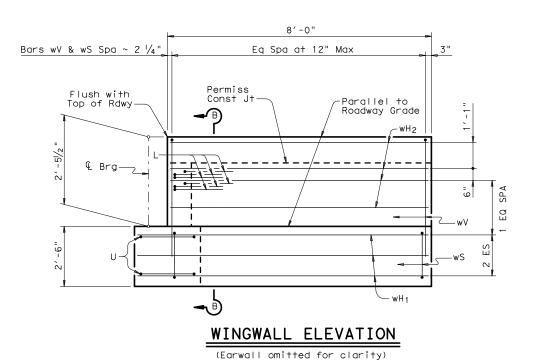
ABUTMENTS PRESTR CONC BOX BEAMS 24' RDWY

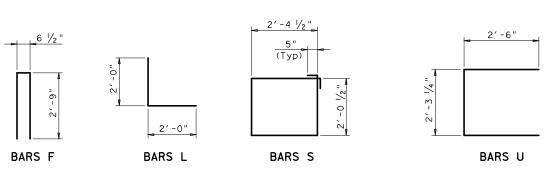
CR 235 DRY CREEK BRIDGE

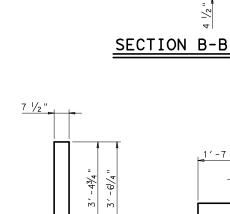
					SHEE	1 1 0F 2		
DGN: JRW	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.					
CHK DGN: FSB	6	TEXAS	SEE	CR 235				
DMC: EE	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.		
CHK DWG: FSB	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	60		











OUTSIDE FACE OF WINGWALL

2 1/4" (Typ unless noted otherwise)

Const Jt

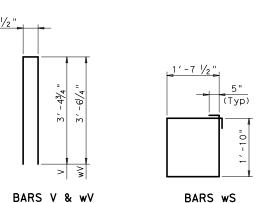


TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES (TYPE B20 BEAMS)®

\ I	TITL DEG DEAMS										
BAR	NO.	SIZE	LENGT	Н	WEIGHT						
А	8	#11	27' - 7	• 11	1,172						
E	4	# 5	2'- 5	j "	10						
F	10	# 5	6′ - 1	0	63						
Н	4	# 6	25′-10) "	155						
L	12	# 6	4' - C) "	72						
S	32	# 4	9′ - 8	3"	207						
U	4	# 6	7′ - 3	3"	44						
٧	25	# 5	7′ - 6	5"	191						
wH 1	14	# 6	9′- 0) "	189						
wH 2	12	# 6	7′ - 8	3"	138						
wS	18	# 4	7′- 9	, "	93						
wV	18	# 5	7′- 9	·"	145						
Reinforci	ing St	eel		Lb	2,479						
Class "C	" Conc	rete	(w/Slab)	CY	12.6						

- $\textcircled{4}\ /\!\!\!/_2$ " Preformed Bituminous Fiber material between beam and earwall. Bond to beam with an approved adhesive. Inside face of earwall to be cast with vertical side of beam.
- ${\color{black} \overline{\bigcirc}}$ Do not cast earwalls until beams are erected in their final position.
- ${\color{red} {\bf 8}}$ Quantities shown are for one Abutment only (with Approach Slab).

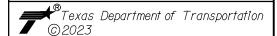


HL 93 LOADING



PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM #470 | TEXAS SURVEYING FIRM #10028800



ABUTMENTS PRESTR CONC BOX BEAMS 24' RDWY

CR 235 DRY CREEK BRIDGE

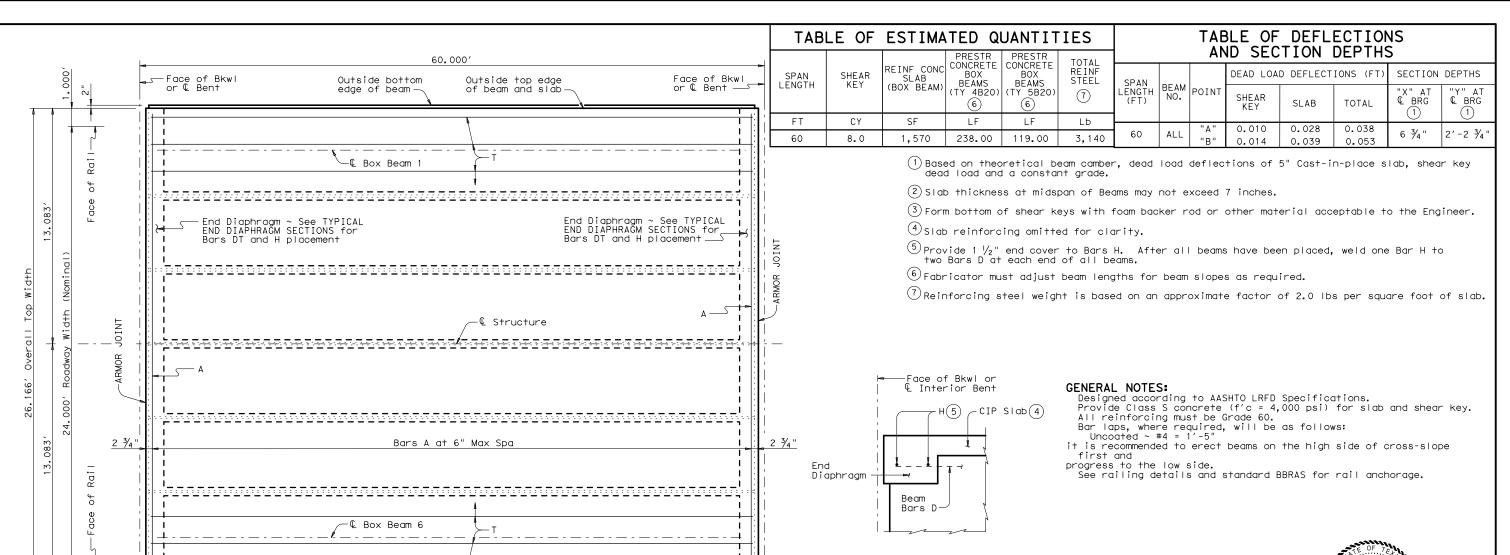
CHK FSB SAT WILSON 0915 14 045 61

						SHEE	T 2 0F 2
DGN:	JRW	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	AL AID PROJE	CT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
CHK DGN:	FSB	6	TEXAS	SEE	TITLE S	SHEET	CR 235
DWG:	EE	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.

Bars T

(Typ)





-Outside top edge

of beam and slab

3'-11 3/4"

4'-11 3/4"

TYPICAL END DIAPHRAGM SECTIONS

ABUTMENT

(along centerline of Box Beam)

	26′-2"	" Overall Top Width	
	13′-1"	13'-1"	
1′-0"	24'-0" Rc	Roadway Width (Nominal)	1'-0'
2" 3" (Typ)	Face of Rail Bars T at U C	Face of Rail 2% 2% 2% 5 Structure T Face of Rail Cover (Typ) Shear Key Conc (Typ)	2"
	1 1/2 "	1 1/2" 1 1/2" 1 1/2"	

PLAN

-Outside bottom edge of beam

4'-11 3/4"

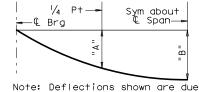
TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

26'-6" Overall Bottom Width

3'-11 3/4"

3'-11 3/4"





Note: Deflections shown are due to shear key and concrete slab only, (Ec = 5 x 10³ ksi). Calculated deflections shown are theoretical and actual dimension may be less. Deflections may be adjusted based on field observation.

DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM



HL 93 LOADING 1/25/2023

REV. NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY



PAPE-DAWSON ENGINEERS

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000 Texas engineering firm #470 I Texas Surveying firm #10028800



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BOX BEAM SPANS

TYPE B20 24' RDWY

CR 235 DRY CREEK BRIDGE

						JIILL	1 1 01 1			
DGN:	JRW	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWA					
CHK DGN:	FSB	6	TEXAS	SEE	CR 235					
DWG:	ΕE	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.			
CHK	FSB	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	62			

CUEET 1 OF 1

Туре 4В40 Туре 5B40 Type 5B34 Туре 4В34 Туре 4B28 Type . 5B28 Туре 4В20 Type 5B20 16.5 14.5 12.5 10.5 8.5 6.5 -₹₹₹₹ 2.5 9 11 13 11 9 8 10 | 14 12 10 8 6 4 2 2 4 6 8 10 14 12 10 8 6 4 2 8 10 | 14 12 10 8 6 4 2

TXDOT B34 BOX BEAMS

DESIGNED BEAMS (STRAIGHT STRANDS)

END

7.38

7.31

DEBONDED STRAND PATTERN PER ROW

DEBONDED TO

2

0 0

0

12

NO.OF STRANDS

TOTAL

20

18

DE-BONDED

DIST FROM

2.50

2.50

TOT NO. DEB

PRESTRESSING STRANDS

STRGTH

270

270

7.38

7.31

BEAM

1 & 6

2-5

NON-STD

STRAND PATTERN

TOTAL

SIZE

0.6

0.6

TYPE

5B20

4B20

TXDOT B40 BOX BEAMS

STRUCTURE

CR 235 AT DRY CREEK BRIDGE (1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension = 0.24 √ f'ci

Optional designs must likewise conform.

- 2 Portion of full HL93.
- Bottom corner chamfer required for 4B40 and 5B40 boxes when beam lengths are greater than 100 ft.

DESIGN NOTES:

4.5

OPTIONAL DESIGN

MINIMUM

CAPACITY

1.359

TXDOT B20 BOX BEAMS

DESIGN

TENSILE STRESS

(SERVICE II.

-2.723

-2.933

LIVE LOAD DISTRIBUTION

FACTOR

2

Moment Shear

0.643

0.467

0.393

0.333

DESIGN LOAD COMP

STRESS (TOP Q) (SERVICE I)

2.311

2.525

CONCRETE

28 DAY

COMP STRGTH

5.000

5.000

RELEASE STRGTH

1

4.000

4.000

TXDOT B28 BOX BEAMS

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Prestress losses for the designed beams have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of fpu. When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed beam or an approved optional beam design. All optional design submittals and shop drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional

Engineer registered in the State of Texas.

Locate strands for the designed beam as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard stand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc. Place strands within a row as follows:

- 1) Locate a strand in each "1" position. 2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of box
- 3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width.

Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.4.

Do not debond strands in position "1". Distribute debonded strands equally about the vertical centerline. Decrease debonded lengths working inward, with debonding

Full-length debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked Δ



1/25/2023 HL 93 LOADING



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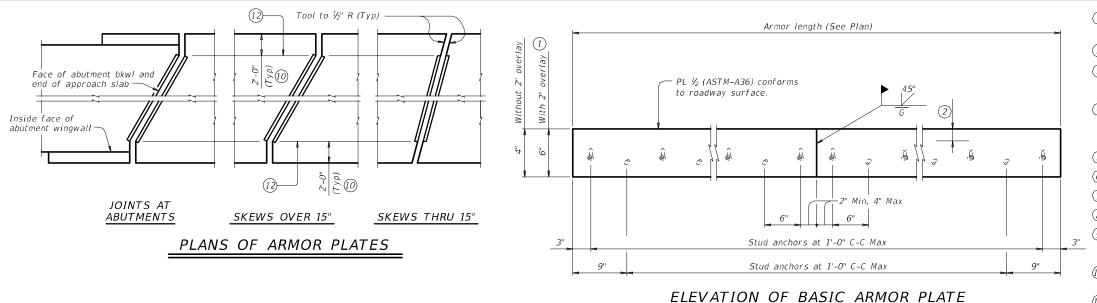
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE **BOX BEAM DESIGNS**

(NON-STANDARD SPANS)

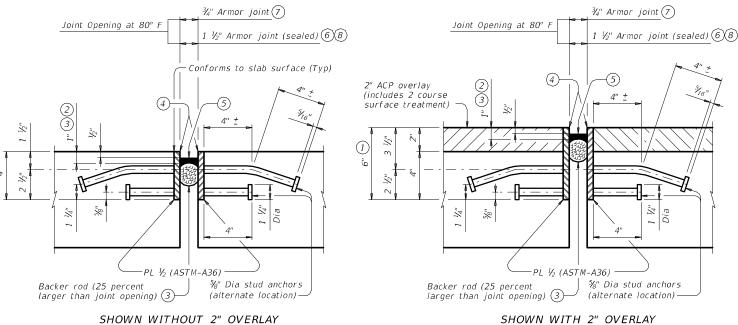
CR 235 DRY CREEK BRIDGE

N:	JRW	DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	HIGHWAY NO.		
K N:	FSB	6	TEXAS	SEE	CR 235		
G:	ΕE	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
K C•	FSB	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	63



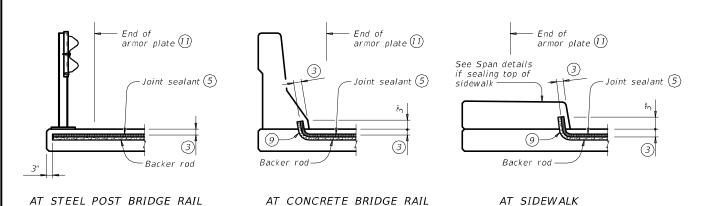


ELEVATION OF BASIC ARMOR PLATE



AT JOINT LOCATION (1)

ARMOR JOINT SECTIONS



AT JOINT LOCATION

JOINT SEALANT TERMINATION DETAILS

Armor joint (sealed) only. Armor plate is not shown for clarity

1 Adjust 6" plate height for overlay thicknesses other than the 2" shown. Adjust weight by 1.70 plf for each $\frac{1}{2}$ " variation in thickness.

② Do not paint top 1 ½" of plate if using sealed armor joint.

3 Set top of backer rod 1" below top of armor plate. Backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.

4) Blast clean entire contact area between sealant and plate (SSPC-SP10) before installing sealant. Light brush blast and thoroughly clean all dust and debris from concrete surfaces in contact with joint sealant before application of

(5) Use Class 7 joint sealant that conforms to DMS-6310.

 $\widehat{ ext{ 6}}$ Place sealant while ambient temperature is between 55°F and 80°F and is rising.

(7) Armor joint does not include joint sealant or backer rod.

8 Armor joint (sealed) includes Class 7 joint sealant and backer rod.

 Form vertical leg of seal as per the Manufacturer's recommendations. Use
 Class 4 joint sealant if Class 7 cannot be installed correctly. Install according to Manufacturer's recommendations.

0 Unless shown otherwise, terminate armor plate at slab break point if break is more than 2'-0" from slab edge.

(1) See "Plans of Armor Plates".

2 At Fabricator's option, armor plate may extend up to 6" beyond this point for skews through 15°.

 $\textcircled{\scriptsize 13}$ Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.

FABRICATION NOTES:

Match mark corresponding plate sections and secure together for shipment with shipping angle. Do not use erection bolts.

Ship armor joints in convenient lengths of 10'-0" Min and 24-0" Max unless necessary for stage construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2'-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max.

Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1. Use groove welds for all shop and field butt splices. Grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations

Paint the entire steel section, except as stated in Note 2, with System II or IV primer in accordance with Item 446 "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel."

Provide paints in accordance with Item 446.2. Prepare steel and apply paint in accordance with Items 446.4.7.3 and 446.4.7.4.

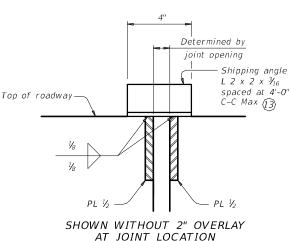
Shop drawings for the fabrication of armor joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Secure armor joints in position and place to proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel, to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for Armor Joint. Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint.

Provide armor joints at locations shown on the plans. Provide the seal when "Armor Joint (Sealed)" is noted on the plans. These joint details accommodate a joint movement range of 1 \(\frac{1}{4}''\) opening movement and \(\frac{5}{6}''\) closure movement).

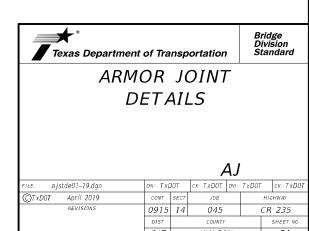
Payment for armor joint, with or without seal, is based on length of armor plate.

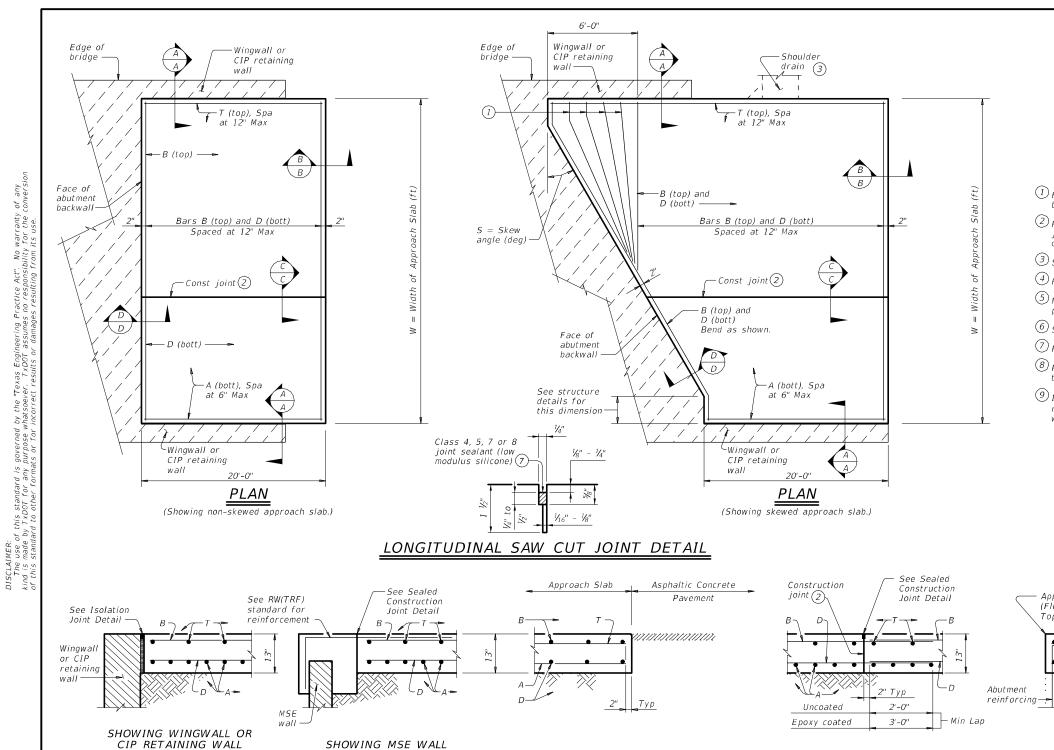


SHIPPING ANGLE

An alternate method of securing joint sections may be used if approved by the Bridge Division. Erection bolts are not allowed.

WEIGHTS F ARMOR JOINT	
WITHOUT OVERLAY	16.10 plf
WITH 2" OVERLAY 1	22.90 plf





APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES 4

Reinf steel weight = 8.5 Lbs/SF of Approach Slab

Volume of Appr Slab Conc (CY) = $0.802W + 0.02W^2$ Tan S

W = Width of Approach Slab (ft)

S = Skew Angle (deg)

- (1) Flare Bars B and D in this region (1'-6" Max Spa, 3" Min Spa). Minimum flared bar length = 2'-6". Bend bars as necessary.
- 2) Provide longitudinal construction joints that align with longitudinal construction joints in the bridge slab with bridges built in stages. Other longitudinal construction joints must receive approval of the Engineer.
- (3) See details elsewhere in plans for shoulder drain location and details.
- 4 For Contractor's information only. Quantities shown are for one approach slab.
- (5) Multiple piece tie bars are acceptable at longitudinal construction joints provided minimum laps shown are achieved.
- 6 See details elsewhere in plans for required cross-slope
- 7 Place in accordance with Item 438.
- 8 Provide backer rod that is 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with the sealant.
- (9) If bridge rail is present at the wingwall or CIP retaining wall, place ½" rebonded recycled tire rubber between concrete railing and top of approach slab as shown when concrete railing projects over the approach slab.

GENERAL NOTES:

Construct approach slab in accordance with Item 422. Provide Class "S" concrete with a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide longitudinal joints as shown on the Longitudinal Saw Cut Joint Detail at lane lines and shoulders when width between longitudinal construction joints or edges of approach slab exceeds 16 feet. Saw cut joints within 24 hours of concrete placement to a depth of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " and seal in accordance with Item 438. Alternately, provide a controlled joint consisting of 1 ½" vinyl or plastic joint former (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.)

Provide rebonded recycled tire rubber joint filler that meets the requirements of DMS-6310. "Joint Sealants and Fillers!

Construct the subgrade or subbase away from the bridge for a minimum distance of 100 feet prior to the approach slab, unless otherwise indicated on the plans.
Compact and finish the subgrade or foundation for the approach slab to the typical cross-section and to the lines

and grades shown on the plans.

Cure for 4 days using water or membrane curing per Item 422.

All details shown herein are subsidiary to bridge approach

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

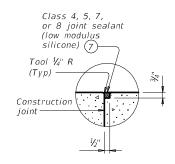
SECTION D-D

backwall

Approach Slab

Top of Slab)

(Flush with



SEALED CONSTRUCTION JOINT DETAIL



BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT

BAS-A

LE: basaste1-20.dgn	DN: TXDOT		ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HW AY
REVISIONS	0915	14	045		CR	235
02-20: Removed stress relieving pad.	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	SAT	WILSON				65

9/8/2022 - harartel-

Wingwall

retaining

or CIP

wall

SECTION A-A

6

W = Width of Approach Slab (ft)

– € Structure

6

TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

Wingwall or CIP retaining wall - See Isolation Joint Detail (Typ) Backer rod (8) Rebonded

> or ČIP retaining

wall

SECTION B-B

ISOLATION JOINT DETAIL

BAR

TABLE

BAR SIZE

#8

#5

#5

#5

Α

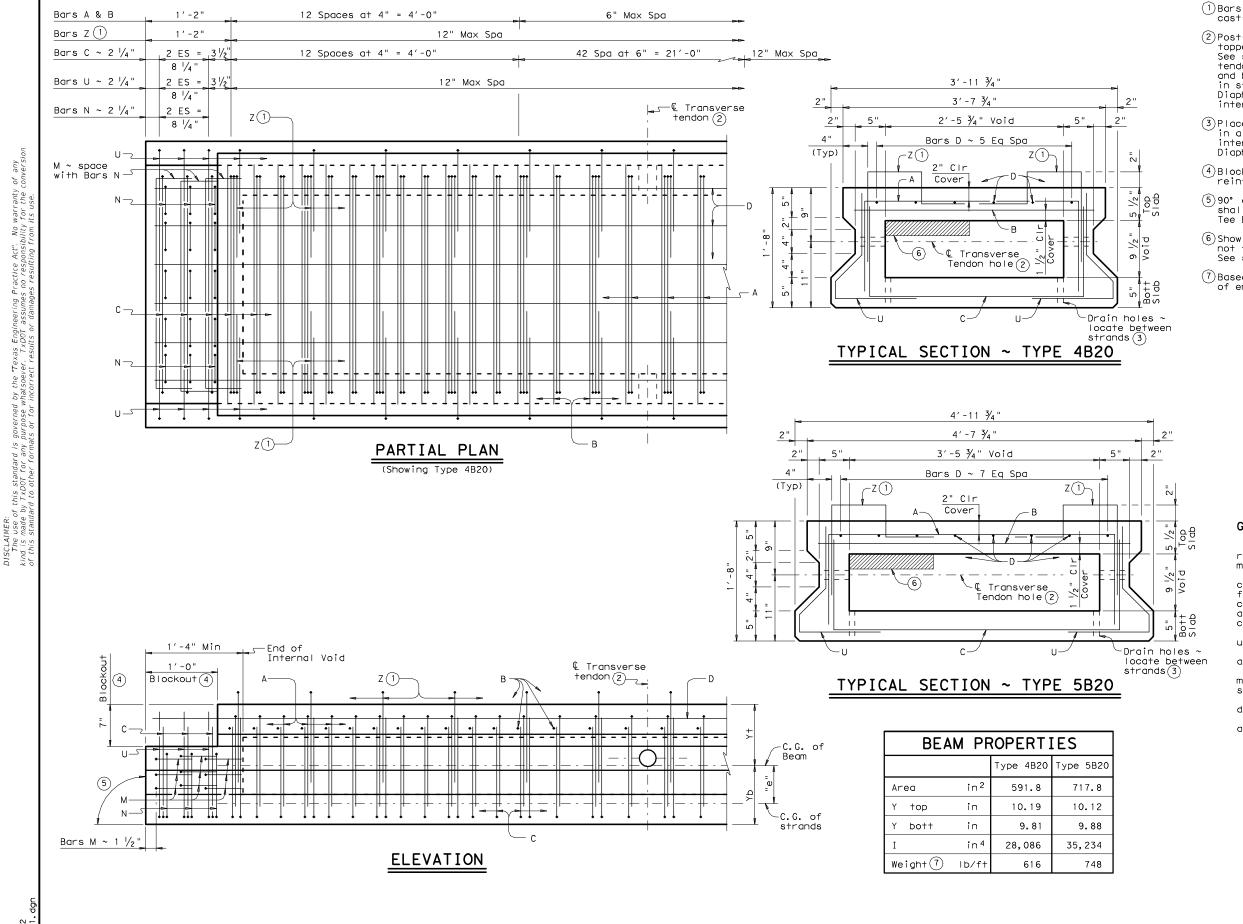
В

D

SECTION C-C 5 Class 4, 5, 7, or 8 joint sealant (low modulus

silicone) (7)

recycled



 $\stackrel{\textstyle \bigcirc}{\text{\fontfamily}}$ Bars Z are required for beams topped with a cast-in-place concrete slab only.

(2) Post-tensioning tendons are required for beams not topped with a Min 5" cast-in-place concrete slab. See span details for number and spacing of transverse tendons. Cast interior diaphragms in exterior beams and beams that serve temporarily as exterior beams in staged constructed bridges. See "Blockout, Interior Diaphragm, and Drain Details". Form 3" Dia holes in interior beams. See standard BBPT for details.

(3) Place drain holes (1" Dia PVC Sch 40 Pipe) as shown in all beam void corners including each side of interior diaphragms. See "Blockout, Interior Diaphragm, and Drain Details".

4 Blockouts required at ends of all beams. Extend beam reinforcement into blockouts.

(5)90° at conventional Interior Bents. Ends of beams shall be vertical at Abutment backwall and Inverted Tee Bent Stems.

(6) Showing void modification required in exterior beams not topped with a Min 5" cast-in-place concrete slab. See standard BBRAO for void modification dimensions.

(7) Based on 150 pcf weight density of concrete. Weight of end blocks and interior diaphragms is not included.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications.
Use Class H concrete. Use Class H (HPC) if
required elsewhere in plans. All reinforcing steel must be Grade 60.

Two-stage monolithic casting is required. The concrete in the first stage cast (bottom beam flange) must remain plastic until the second stage cast (webs and top beam flange) is placed. Vibrate as required to ensure consolidation between the two

casts.
1 1/4" clear cover to reinforcement is required unless noted otherwise.
See standard BBRAS or BBRAO for railing

anchorage at bridge edges to be cast in beams. An equal area of welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting the requirements of ASTM A1064 may be substituted for Bars A, B, C, and D.

These details are applicable for skews up to 30

degrees only. Chamfer bottom beam corners $\ensuremath{\sqrt[3]{4}}\xspace"$ or round to a $\frac{3}{4}$ " radius.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 3

Texas Department of Transportation

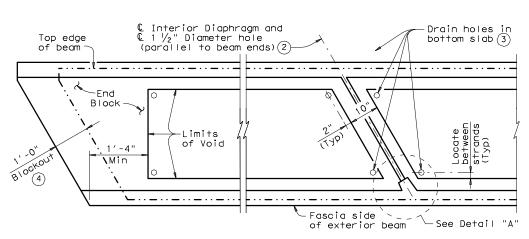
Bridge Division Standard

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BOX BEAM DETAILS (TYPE B20)

BB-B20

FILE: bbstds01.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
©TxD0T December, 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0915	14	045		CR	CR 235	
01-12: Bars Z.	DIST	IST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	SAT	WILSON				66	





BLOCKOUT, INTERIOR DIAPHRAGM AND DRAIN DETAILS (Showing 30° skew)

3'-0" Type 4B20 <u>Type 5</u>B20 4'-0"

Type 4B20

Type 5B20

BARS A & C (#4)

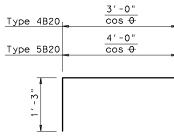
3'-4"

4'-4"

BARS B (#4)

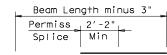
BARS F (#4)

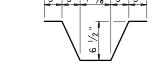
Type 4B20 3'-0" (Max) 4'-0" (Max) Type 5B20 (8) 1'-6" (Min)



BARS AL & CL (#4)

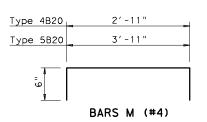
BARS AA & CC (#4)

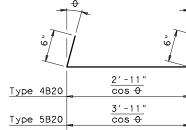




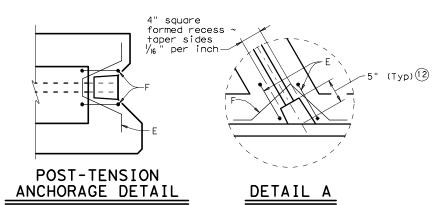
BARS D (#5) Permissible splices to be placed in middle third of span

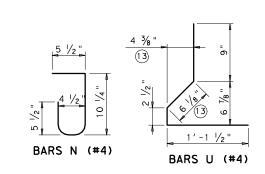
BARS E (#4)

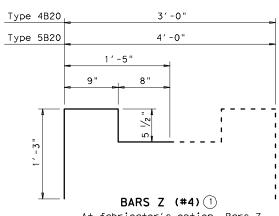




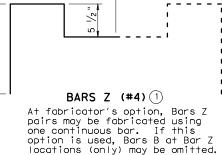
BARS MM (#4)

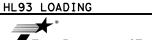






- (1) Bars Z are required for beams topped with a cast-in-place concrete slab only.
- (2) Post-tensioning tendons are required for beams not topped with a Min 5" cast-in-place concrete slab. See span details for number and spacing of transverse tendons. Cast interior diaphragms in exterior beams and beams that serve temporarily as exterior beams in staged constructed bridges. Form 3" Dia holes in interior beams. See "Blockout, Interior Diaphragm, and Drain Details". See standard BBPT for details.
- (3) Place drain holes (1" Dia PVC Sch 40 Pipe) as shown in all beam void corners including each side of interior diaphragms. See "Blockout, Interior Diaphragm, and Drain Details".
- (4) Blockouts required at ends of all beams. Extend beam reinforcement into blockouts.
- (8) Cut as required to maintain one inch clear between bars.
- $\stackrel{(12)}{=}$ 5" (Typ) or sufficient depth to provide 1" Cover on cut-off tendon. See BBPT for
- (13) Dimension will vary slightly with skew. Adjust as necessary.





SHEET 3 OF 3

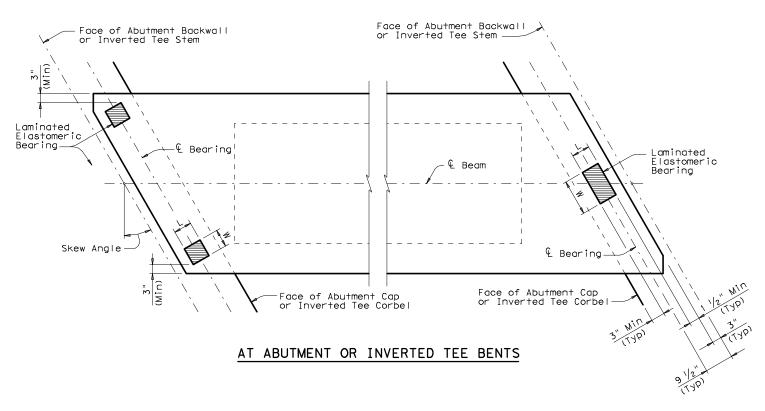
Texas Department of Transportation

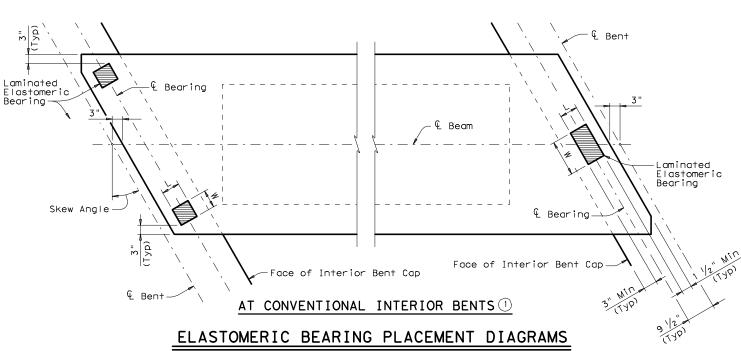
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BOX BEAM DETAILS (TYPE B20)

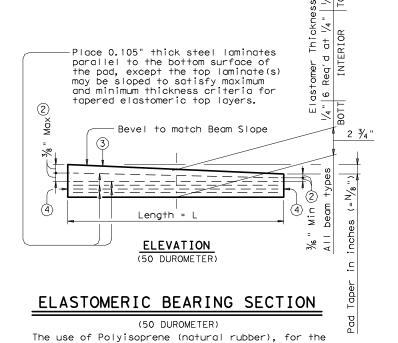
BB-B20

DN: TXE	70T	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HW AY
0915	14	045		CR	235
DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
SAT		WILS0	N		68
	0915 DIST	0915 14	CONT SECT JOB 0915 14 045 DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB 0915 14 045 DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB HIG 0915 14 045 CR DIST COUNTY









①For Transition Bents with backwall, beams and elastomeric bearings will receive the same treatment as shown for Abutment Bents.

manufacture of bearing pads, is not permitted.

- ②Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered layers.
- 3 Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads.
 For tapered pads, BEARING TYPE will be located on the high side. The Fabricator will include the value of "N" (amount of taper in ½" increments) in this mark.
 Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper)
 N=1, (for ½" taper)
 N=2, (for ¼" taper) (etc.)

Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan beam slope by more / <u>0.0625</u>" \ IN/IN. Length

(4) Locate Permanent Mark here.

ELASTOMETRIC BEARING DIMENSIONS

BEARING BEAM		ONE BE	EARING	TWO BEARINGS		
TYPE	TYPE	١	W	١	W	
D00 III	4B20	6"	12"	6"	6"	
B20-"N"	5B20	6"	12"	6"	6"	
B28-"N"	4B28	6"	14"	6"	7"	
DZ0- N	5B28	6"	14"	6"	7"	
B34-"N"	4B34	6"	16"	6"	8"	
D34- N	5B34	6"	16"	6"	8"	
B40-"N"	4B40	6"	20"	6"	10"	
640- N	5B40	6"	20"	6"	10"	

GENERAL NOTES:

Set beams on elastomeric bearings of the dimensions shown. Center bearings as near nominal & bearing as possible within limits

Constant thickness bearings may be used for moderate beam slopes up to 0.0113 ft/ft. For skewed supports, Bearings beveled for beam slope may not provide uniform contact. However, predicted contact is considered within allowable tolerances.

Shop drawings for approval are required.

A bearing layout which identifies location and orientation of all bearings will be developed by the bearing fabricator. Permanently mark each bearing in accordance with the bearing

layout. A copy of the bearing layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

Cost of furnishing and installing elastomeric bearings is to be included in unit price bid for "Prestressed Concrete Box Beams".

Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual direction.

These details are applicable for skews up to 30 degrees only.

HL93 LOADING



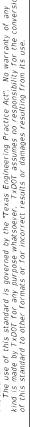
Texas Department of Transportation

ELASTOMERIC BEARING DETAILS PRESTR CONC BOX BEAMS

BBEB

FILE:	bbstde08.dgn	DN: TXL	N: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: T		TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
©TxD0T	December, 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0915	14 045		CR	235	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		SAT		WILS0	N		69

The Forward Station Beam End will have one bearing and the Back Station Beam End will have two bearings.



Bend or cut and remove portion of bars Z where bar conflicts with 1 1/2" anchor bolts on exterior beams only -Box beam bars Z(#4) 1 £ %" Dia anchor bolts. See "T631LS & T631 Rail

1 4 ¾" arphi $rac{5}{8}$ " Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). See "Material Notes" for installation.

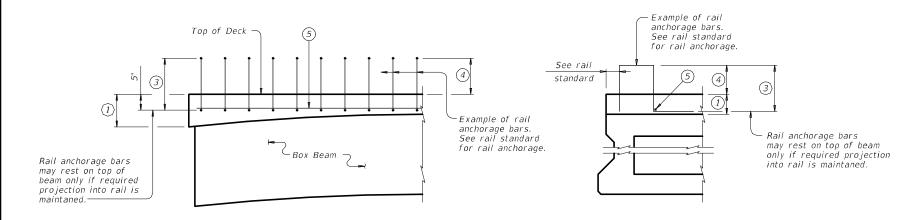
CAST-IN-PLACE ANCHORAGE OPTION

PART SPAN ELEVATION

ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE OPTION

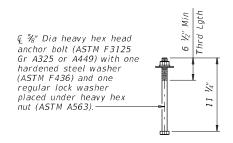
SECTION

T631LS & T631 RAIL ANCHORAGE PLACEMENT (2)(7)

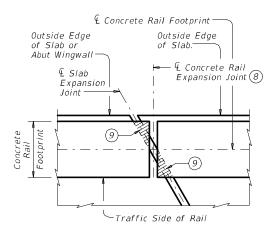


TYPICAL CONCRETE RAIL ANCHORAGE

(Showing typical concrete rail anchorage)



T631LS & T631 RAIL C-I-P ANCHOR BOLT



PLAN OF CONCRETE RAILS AT EXPANSION JOINTS

- ${rac{1}{2}}$ Cast-in-place slab thickness varies due to beam camber (5" minimum)
- ② Replace cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on T631LS or T631 Rail standard with an adhesive anchor system or cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on
- ${rac{3}{3}}$ Bar length shown on rail standard, minus 1 ${rac{1}{4}}$ ". Adjust bar length for a raised sidewalk.
- 4 See Rail standard for projection from finished grade or top of sidewalk.
- 5 Place additional (#5) longitudinal bar.
- 6 Excess bolt length has been provided to accommodate a variable slab thickness due to beam camber. If slab thickness on span details exceed 10", bolt length must be increased accordingly. After posts have been set and bolts tightened, bolt projection above nuts of more than $\frac{1}{2}$ " must be cut off and painted with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item 445 "Galvanizing".
- Distance from end of top outside edge of slab to center of first bolt group can not be less than 9", except: 15° Skew: 1'-0" (acute corner only) 30° Skew: 1'-3" (acute corner only)
- 8 Location of Rail Expansion Joint must be at the intersection of @ Slab Expansion Joint, & Rail Footprint and perpendicular to slab outside edge.
- igotimes Cross-hatched area must have V_2 " Preformed Bitumuminous Fiber Material under concrete rail, as shown.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Rail anchorage bars may be field bent as required to clear rail reinforcing or provide minimum cover shown on standard rail detail sheets.

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Cast-in-place anchorage system for T631LS and T631 Rail must be 1/8" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr 325 or A449) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed anchor bolts 4 1/2" minimum.

Adhesive anchors for T631LS and T631 Rail must be 5%" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 3/4". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole

size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." Epoxy coat or galvanize reinforcing steel shown on this standard if rail reinforcement is epoxy coated or galvanized.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. This standard is for use with structures with a 5" minimum cast-in-place concrete slab.

This standard may require modification for interior rails. This standard does not apply to median barriers.

This standard does not provide details for Type T221P, T224, T80HT, T80SS, C412, PR11, PR22 and PR3 rails on box beam bridges.

See rail standards for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



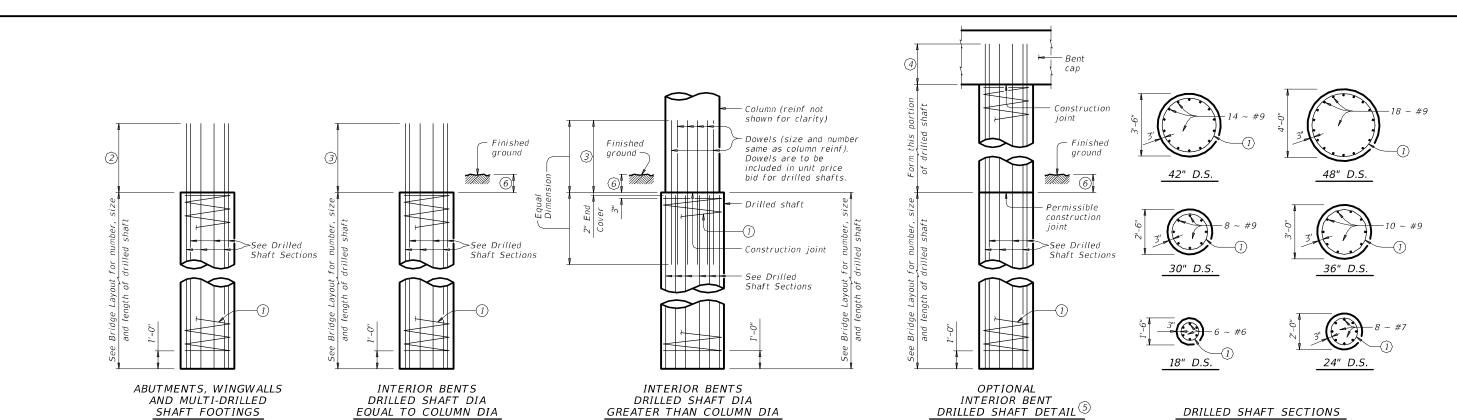
Bridge Division Standard

RAIL ANCHORAGE **DETAILS** PRESTR CONC BOX BEAMS (WITH SLAB)

BBRAS

E: bbstde09-18.dgn	DN: TXL	OOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ck: JMH	ı
TxDOT December 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	ı
REVISIONS 90: Updated for new rails.	0915	14	045		(CR 235	
12: ràils anchor bars. 14: Removed T101 & T6. Added T631. 16: Class D, E, or F epoxy in material	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	ı
notes. T221P & T224 in general notes. 18: Updated adhesive anchor notes.	SAT		WILS0	Ν		70	





DRILLED SHAFT DETAILS

TABLE PILE EMB	
Pile Type	Embedment Depth (Ft)
16" Sq Concrete 18" Sq Concrete HP14 Steel HP16 Steel	1'-0"
20" Sq Concrete 24" Sq Concrete HP18 Steel	1'-6"

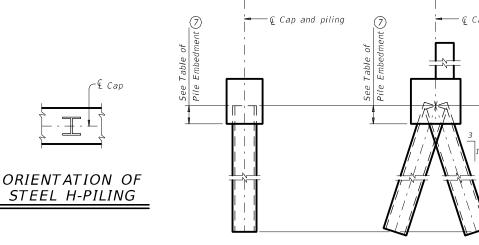
See Prestressed Concrete Piling (CP) standard for additional details on concrete pile embedment.

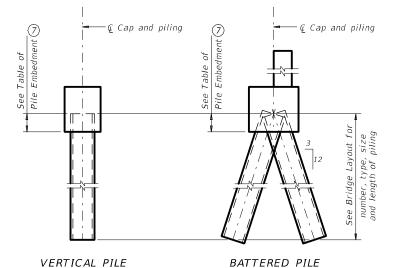
ELEVATION

SECTION A-A

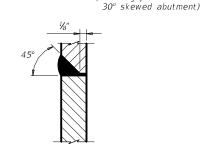
STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT

See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement is required and for options to the details shown.





Backgouge backweld



Normal 3:12

battered pile-

SECTION THRU FLANGE OR WEB

STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL

Use when required.

DRILLED SHAFT SECTIONS

- 1 #3 spiral at 6" pitch (one and a half flat turns top and bottom).
- 2 Min extension into supported element: #6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-0" #9 Bars = 2'-3"
- 3 Min lap with column reinf: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9" $#11 \; Bars = 4'-8''$

If unable to avoid

conflict with wingwall

which pile would be battered back, one

pile in group may be

vertical.

[L L]

Piling

group

DETAIL "A'

(Showing plan view of a

piling at exterior pile group regardless of

- 4 Min extension into supported element: #6 Bars = 1'-11" $\#7 \; Bars = 2'-3''$ $#9 \; Bars = 2'-9"$
- ⑤ Drilled shafts may extend to the bottom of bent caps for "H" heights of 6 ft and less (as shown on the Bridge Layout), if approved. This option can only be used when the drilled shaft diameter equals the column diameter. Obtain approval of the forming method above the ground line prior to construction. No adjustments in payment will be made if this option is used.
- 6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- 7 Or as shown on plans.

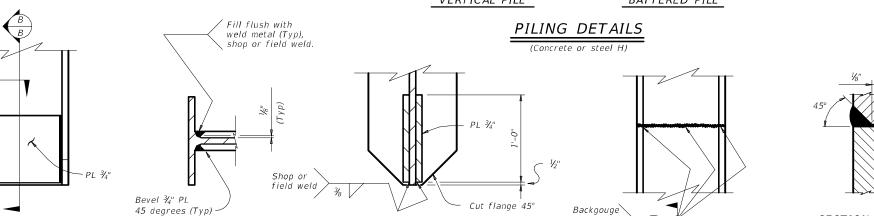
SHEET 1 OF 2



COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

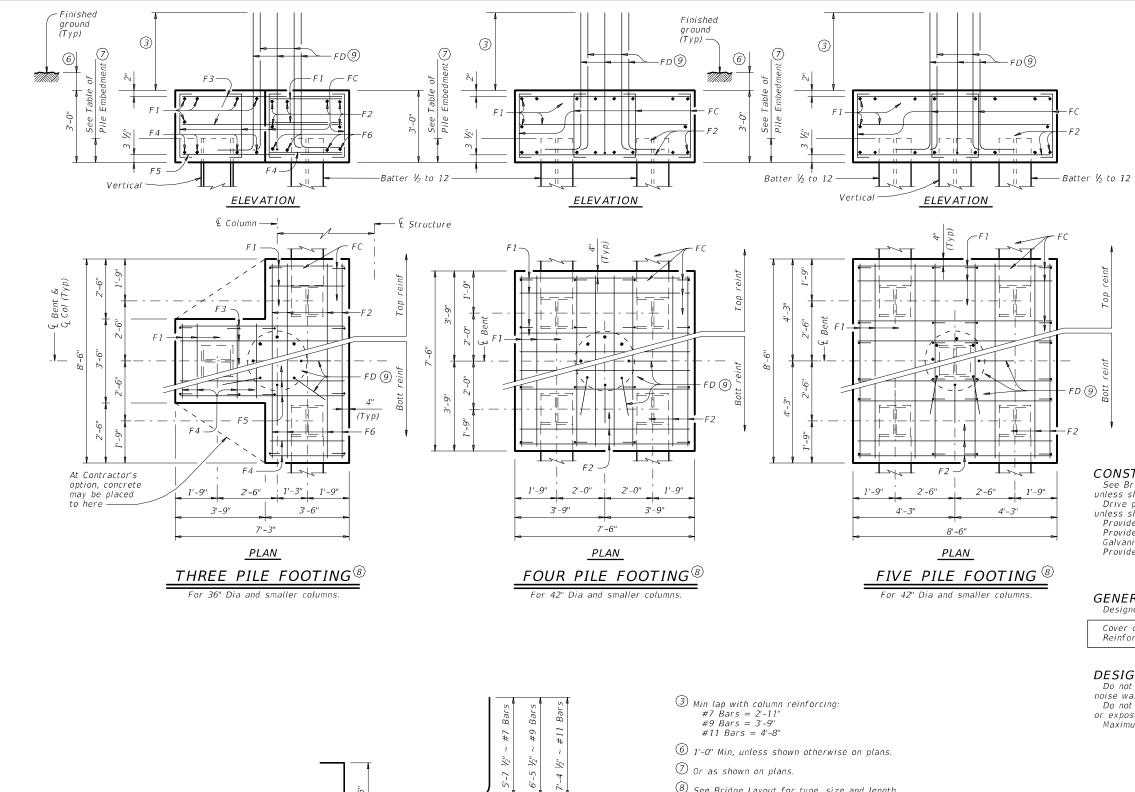
FD

FILE: fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TXĹ	DOT.	ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
©TxD0T April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0915	14	045		CR	235
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	SAT		WILSO	M		71



SECTION B-B





#7 Bars

BARS FD 9

1'-7" #9 Bars

2'-0" #11 Bars

6"

BARS FC

TABLE OF FOOTING QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS

		ONE 3	PILE FOOT	TING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	Weight	
F 1	11	#4	3'- 2	ar.	23
F2	6	#4	8'- 2	ar .	33
F3	6	#4	6'- 11	1"	28
F4	8	#9	3'- 2	ar .	86
F5	4	#9	6'- 1	1"	94
F6	4	#9	8'- 2	ar.	111
FC	12	#4	3'- 6		28
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1	11	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	623
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	4.8
		ONE 4	PILE FOOT	TING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	h	Weight
F 1	20	#4	7'- 2	ar .	96
F2	16	#8	7'- 2	и	306
FC	16	#4	3'- 6	11	37
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1	11	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	659
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	6.3
		ONE 5	PILE FOOT	ΓING	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengt	h	Weight
F 1	20	#4	8'- 2	ur.	109
F2	16	#9	8'- 2	ur.	444
FC	24	#4	3'- 6	11	56
FD 🕡	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	829
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	8.0

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details

unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6"

Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11"

Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:

Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns

120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FD

FILE: fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT	ck: TxD0T	ow: TxD	OT	ck: TxD0T
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0915	14	4 045		CR	235
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	SAT		WILS0	N		72

- 8 See Bridge Layout for type, size and length of piling.
- Number and size of FD bars must match column reinforcing. Tie FD bars to the top of the bottom reinforcing mat.
- (1) Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

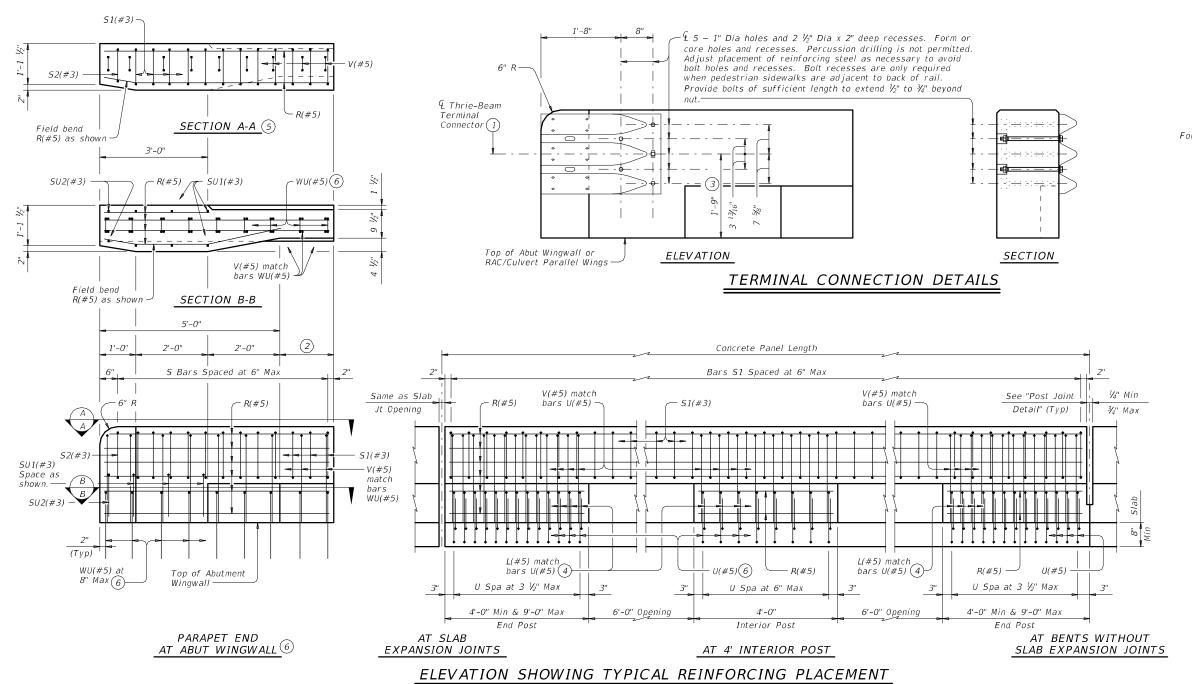
73

DISCLAIMER:

The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TXDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for increarer results or damages resulting from its use.

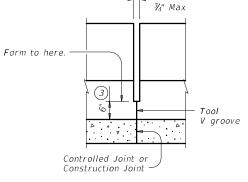
-E: 9/8/2022





Showing rail on slab. Rail on box culvert similar.

- 1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- ② Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- ③ Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- 5 Bars SU1(#3), SU2(#3) and WU(#5) not shown for clarity.
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on achorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.



¼" Min

0pening

POST JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

SHEET 2 OF 3



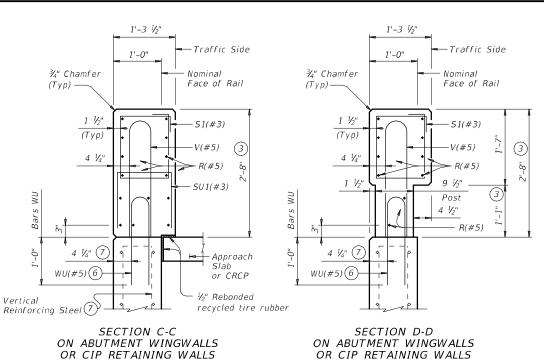
TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T223

FILE: rlstd005-19.dgn	DN: TXL	xDOT CK: TxDOT DW:		JTR	ck: AES	
©TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB H		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0915	14	4 045		CR 235	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	SAT		WILSO	N		74

DATE:9/8/2022 FILE: rls+d005-19 (2), dgn





1'-3 1/2" 1'-3 ½" 1'-0" ¾" Chamfer Nominal Nominal ¾" Chamfer Face of Rail Face of Rail (Typ) -(Typ)51(#3) 51(#3) Const Jt 3 (Typ) (Typ) Top of 4 1/4" Post 1 1/2" 4 1/3" Slab Bars L, U and V Post ۷](<u>3</u>) L(#5) (4) Typical Water Barrier (if used) U(#5)(6)AT POST AT OPENING

ON BRIDGE SLAB

ABUTMENT WINGWALL ON BRIDGE SLAB

ELEVATION AT

Wingwall Length (Variable) 5'-0" Min

5'-0

2

Face of

Abut Bkwl

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

1'-0"

Face of rail and parapet must be vertical transversely unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Provide water barriers at openings draining onto undercrossing roadways and sidewalks. They may be cast-in-place or precast in convenient lengths and bonded to the bridge deck with an approved epoxy cement.

Chamfer all exposed corners.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized.

Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U, V, and WU unless noted otherwise. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0" Epoxy coated ~ #5 = 3'-0"

Bridge Division Standard

GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications. Shop drawings are not required for this rail. Average weight of railing with no overlay is 358 plf.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

SHEET 3 OF 3



TRAFFIC RAIL

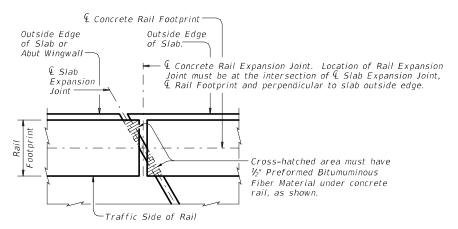
TYPE T223

: rlstd005-19.dgn	DN: TXL	OOT	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ck: AES	
TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0915	14	045		(CR 235	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	SAT		WILSO	N		75	

SECTIONS THRU RAIL

Sections on box culverts similar

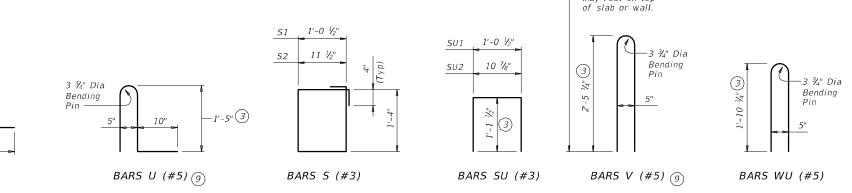
- 2) Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- 3 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.
- When vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls on traffic side of wall, move the horizontal wingwall/retaining wall reinforcing to the inside of Bars WU where bars conflict.
- 8 Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcing.
- (9) At the Contractor's option, Bars V may be replaced by extending Bars U to 2'-5 1/4" above the roadway surface without overlay.



PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS

Example showing Slab Expansion Joints without breakbacks.

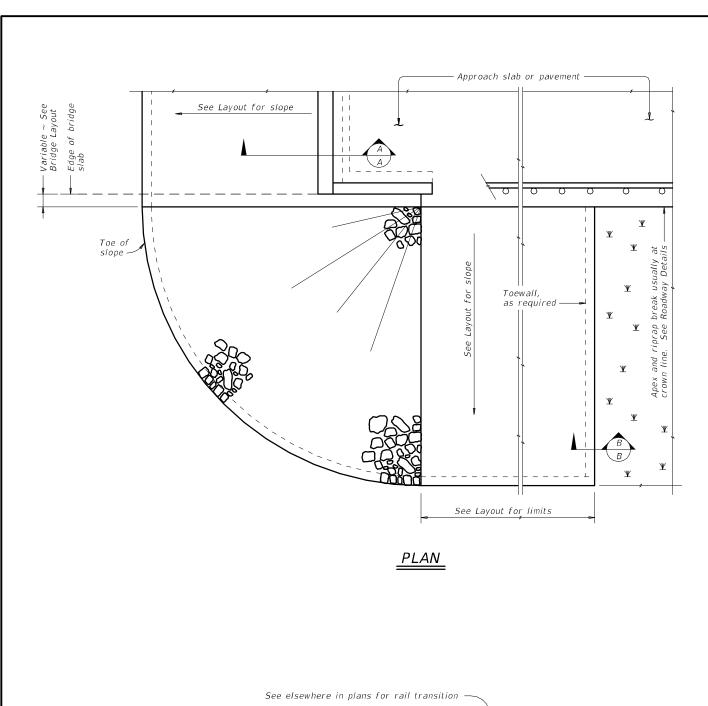
Installed bar may rest on top



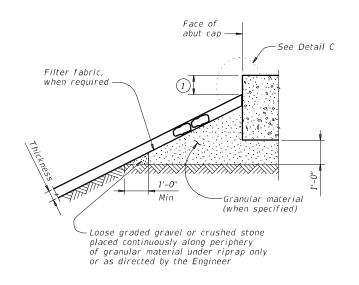
2'-5"

BARS L (#5)





traffic rail -

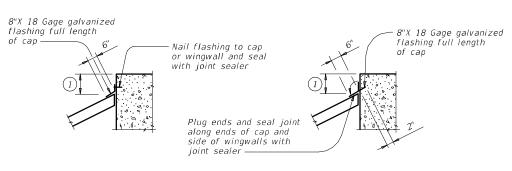


Type R, Type F, Common 1'-0" Thickness Protection

SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

SECTION A-A AT CAP



CAP OPTION A

CAP OPTION B

DETAIL C

GENERAL NOTES:
Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified. See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.

1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.





SF	R
ICD	

FILE: srrstde1-19.dgn	DN: AES		ck: JGD	DW:	BWH	CK: AES	
©TxD0T April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0915	14	14 045		CR 235		
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	SAT WILSON				76		

ELEVATION

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (SANDY)	SY	253
	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	63
	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	63
	FERTILIZER	TON	0.1
	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	3.95
	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	224
	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	224
	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	667
l 0506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	l LF	667

SW3P LEGEND

SCF SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

— ··· → FLOW ARROW

SEEDING/TOPSOIL



1/25/2023 DATE LUKE REED, P.E.

APPROVAL

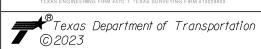
1/25/2023 DATE



DESCRIPTION

PAPE-DAWSON **ENGINEERS**

SAN ANTONIO I AUSTIN I HOUSTON I FORT WORTH I DALLAS 2000 NW LOOP 410 I SAN ANTONIO, TX 78213 I 210.375.9000



CR 235 AT DRY CREEK

SW3P LAYOUT

DGN:	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	FEDER	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			
CHK DGN:	6	S TEXAS SEE TITLE SHEET		CR 235			
DWG:	DIST.	COUNTY	CONT. NO.	SECT. NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.	
CHK DWG:	SAT	WILSON	0915	14	045	78	

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE SHOULD BE PLACED ON CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT LIMIT LINE WHENEVER PRESENT. IF NO CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT EXISTS IN AREA THEN PLACE ON RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE IS PURPOSELY SHOWN OFF-SET FROM SAID LINES FOR VISUAL CLARITY.

NOTES:

- 1.REFER TO TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURE STANDARDS FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 2.SW3P CONTROL MEASURES INSTALLED DURING CONSTRUCTION ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL GRASS COVER IS ACHIEVED OR AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3. SW3P CONTROL MAY NEED TO BE MODIFIED IN THE FIELD TO ACCOMPLISH THE DESIRED AFFECT. ALL MODIFICATIONS ARE TO BE NOTED ON THIS SHEET AND SIGNED BY THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY.
- 4.ALL SW3P CONTROLS ARE TO BE MAINTAINED AND IN WORKING CONDITION AT ALL TIMES.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept at the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION Bridge Replacement

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0915-14-045

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: At Dry Creek STR #12-247-0-AA02-68-001

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 29.08876084° N ,(Long) 97.92879941° W

END: (Lat)29.08918589° N ,(Long) 97.92781603° W

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 0.3 Acres

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.3 Acres

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Description
PRIMARILY BROWN, TAN TO REDDISH TAN, LOW PLASTICITY, GRAVELY SOILS, LOOSE TO SLIGHTLY COMPACT
LIGHT GRAY, MODERATE TO HIGH PLASTICITY, HARD TO VERY HARD
GRAY TO BLUISH GRAY, HIGH PLASTICITY, VERY STIFF TO VERY HARD

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: X PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

☐ PSLs determined during construction

☐ No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

X Mobilization

X Install sediment and erosion controls

X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

X Remove existing pavement

X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina

☐ Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

☐ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail

X Install proposed pavement per plans

☐ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

X Place flex base

X Rework slopes, grade ditches

X Blade windrowed material back across slopes

X Revegetation of unpaved areas

X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

□ Other: _____

Other:			

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- □ Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- □ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

☐ Other:		

☐ Other:			
•			

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Other:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Classified Waterbody

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
* Add (*) for impaired waterhodia	es with pollutant in ()

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

□ Other:			

Other:			

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

□ Other:

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

Ouiei.				

STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.					SHEET NO.
6		SEE	TITLE	SH	IEET	79
STATE	STATE DIST.					
TEXA:			١			
CONT.		SECT.	JOB		HI GHWAY NO.	
0915	5	14	045		CR 2	35

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this

SWP3 or the CGP.
2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
 □ Protection of Existing Vegetation □ Vegetated Buffer Zones X □ Soil Retention Blankets □ Geotextiles □ Mulching/ Hydromulching □ Soil Surface Treatments X □ Temporary Seeding □ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ Vertical Tracking □ Interceptor Swale □ X Riprap □ Diversion Dike □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain □ Embankment for Erosion Control □ Paved Flumes □ Other:
□ Other:
□ Other:
□ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P
 □ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ □ Dewatering Controls □ □ Inlet Protection
□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams□ Sandbag Berms
X Sediment Control Fence
□ □ Stabilized Construction Exit
□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
□ Other:
Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

Time	Stat	ioning
Type	From	То
efer to the Environmental Lay	out Sheets/ SWP	3 Layout S
ocated in Attachment 1.2 of th	is SWP3	-

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:
☐ Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
☐ Haul roads dampened for dust control
X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
☐ Stabilized construction exit
□ Other:
□ Other:
□ Other:
□ Other·

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control

Other:

X Sanitary Facilities

☐ Other: _			
Other:			

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Type	Stationing					
Туре	From	То				

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.					
6		SEE	TITLE SH	HEET	80		
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS	5	SAT	WILSON				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB HI GHWAY NO.				
0915	5	1 4	045	CR 2	35		

disturbed soil must protect Item 506.	for erosion and sedimentati	on in accordance with
List MS4 Operator(s) that mo		
1.		
2.		
☐ No Action Required	Required Action	
Action No.		
Prevent stormwater pollu- accordance with TPDES Per		and sedimentation in
Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer.		ontrol pollution or
3. Post Construction Site No the site, accessible to	otice (CSN) with SW3P inform the public and TCEQ, EPA or	
4. When Contractor project s area to 5 acres or more,	specific locations (PSL's) i submit NOI to TCEQ and the	
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREA ACT SECTIONS 401 AND	MS, WATERBODIES AND WE	TLANDS CLEAN WATER
	filling, dredging, excavatir ks, streams, wetlands or we	
The Contractor must adhere the following permit(s):	to all of the terms and cor	nditions associated with
☐ No Permit Required	2011	4.44011
X Nationwide Permit 14 - H wetlands affected)	PCN not Required (less than	1/10th acre waters or
Nationwide Permit 14 - F	PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 c	uoro 1/3 in tidal waters)
☐ Individual 404 Permit Re		icre, 175 ili riddi walers7
Other Nationwide Permit		
_		
	rs of the US permit applies ractices planned to control	
1. Dry Creek. STA 22+95		
2.		
7		
3.		
4.		
	ry high water marks of any or rs of the US requiring the o Bridge Layouts.	-
Best Management Practic	es:	
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS
	∑ Silt Fence	Vegetative Filter Strips
☐ Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems
Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin
Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands
☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	Wet Basin
☐ Diversion Dike	☐ Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost
☐ Erosion Control Compost	☐ Erosion Control Compost	☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks
☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks
Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Vegetation Lined Ditches
	Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	Sand Filter Systems
	Sediment Basins	Grassy Swales

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

1.

2.

4.

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

4.

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

1. MIGRATORY BIRD NESTS: Schedule construction activities as needed to meet the following requirements:

A. Do not remove or destroy any active migratory bird nests (nests containing eggs and/or flightless birds) at any time of year. If there are any active nests, they shall not be removed until the nests become inactive.

B. On/in structures, if there are any active nests, they shall not be removed until all nests become inactive. After inactive nests are removed and/or before nest activity begins, deterrent materials may be applied to the structures to prevent future nest building.

2. See Item 5 in General Notes.

3. Skunk BMP: Contractors will be advised of potential occurrence in the

3. Skunk BMP: Contractors will be advised of potential occurrence in the project area, and to avoid harming the species if encountered, and to avoid unnecessary impacts to dens.

4. Bat BMPs: If bats are present or recent signs of occupation (i.e. piles of guano, distinct musky odor, or staining and rub marks at potential entry points) are observed, contact Disrict Biologist and take appropriate measures to ensure that bats are not harmed, such as implementing non-lethal exclusion activities or timing or phasing of construction.

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BMP:	Best Management Practice	SPCC
CGP:	Construction General Permit	SW3P
DSHS:	Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN:
FHWA:	Federal Highway Administration	PSL:
MOA:	Memorandum of Agreement	TCEC
MOU:	Memorandum of Understanding	TPDE
MS4:	Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	TPWD
MBTA:	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDC
NOT:	Notice of Termination	T&E:
NWP:	Nationwide Permit	LISAC

NOT: Notice of Intent

C: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Pre-Construction Notification Project Specific Location

D: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Texas Parks and Wildlife Department OT: Texas Department of Transportation

Threatened and Endangered Species CE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

X Yes ☐ No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ Yes No.

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

X	No	Action	Required	[Required	Action

Action No.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

Texas Department of Transportation

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

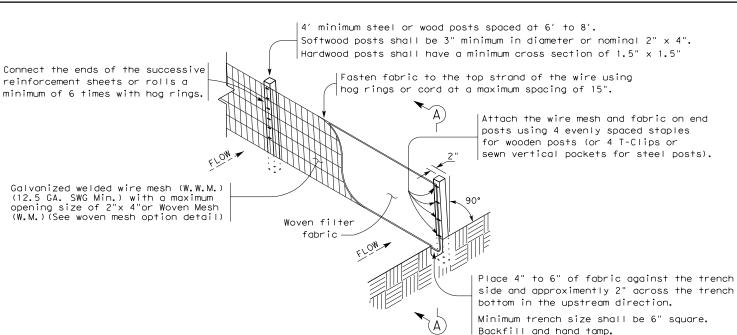
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© TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB	3		JOB		I GHWAY
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05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST				SHEET NO.			
01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	SAT				81			

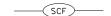
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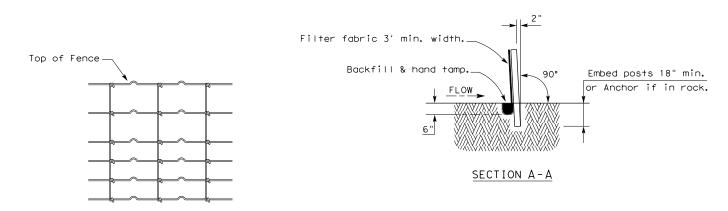
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TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

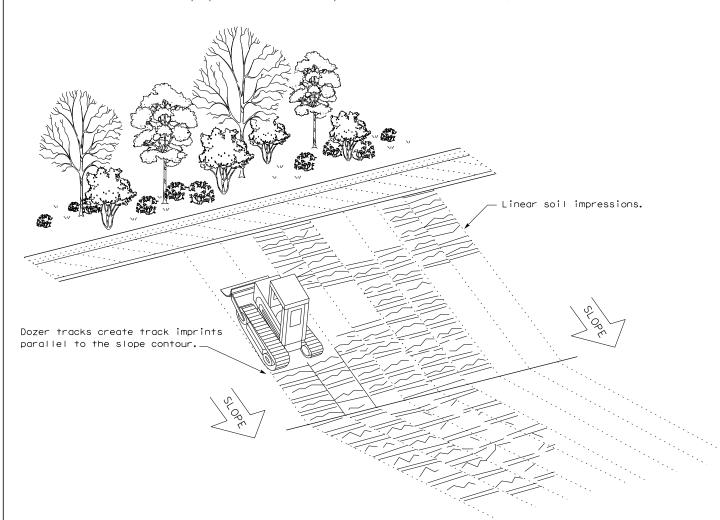
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence -(SCF)-

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING

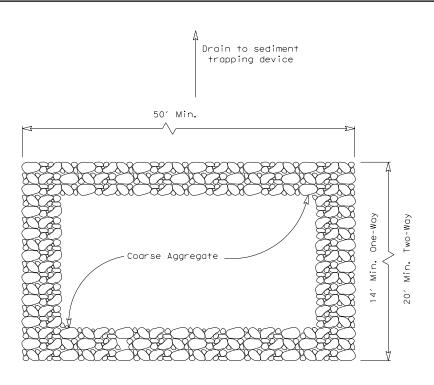


TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

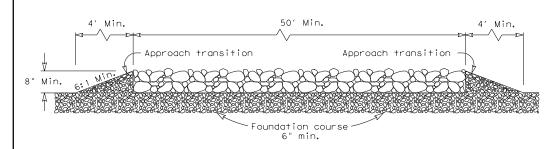
FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

FILE: ec116	DN:TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP		DN: TxDOT		TxDOT CK: KM		DN	/ck: LS
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		IWAY		
REVISIONS	0915	14	045	045 CR 23		235		
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	SAT	WILSON		- 8	32			



PLAN VIEW



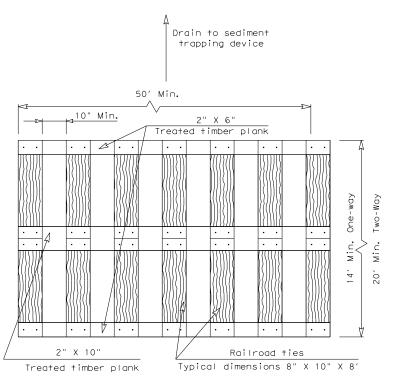
ELEVATION VIEW

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 1)

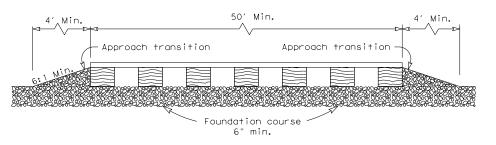
ROCK CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 1)

- 1. The length of the type 1 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- 2. The coarse aggregate should be open graded with a size of 4" to 8".
- 3. The approach transitions should be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 4. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other materialas approved by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit shall be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trappina device.
- 6. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 7. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.



PLAN VIEW



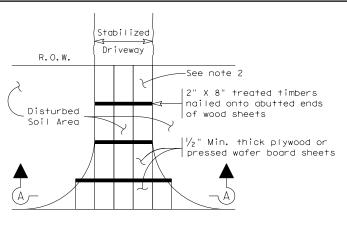
ELEVATION VIEW

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 2)

TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

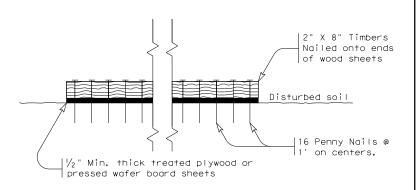
GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 2)

- 1. The length of the type 2 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- The treated timber planks shall be attached to the railroad ties with $\frac{1}{2}$ "x 6" min. lag bolts. Other fasteners may be used as approved by the Engineer.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The approach transitions shall be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.
- The construction exit should be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 8. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the



Paved Roadway

PLAN VIEW



SECTION A-A

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 3)

SHORT TERM

GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 3)

- 1. The length of the type 3 construction exit shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. The type 3 construction exit may be constructed from open graded crushed stone with a size of two to four inches spread a min. of 4" thick to the limits shown on the plans.
- 3. The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.



TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES CONSTRUCTION EXITS

FC(3) - 16

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CTxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0915	14	045	CR 235		R 235
	DIST	COUNTY SHEET		SHEET NO.		
	SAT		WILSO	N		83