#### INDEX OF SHEETS SEE SHEET 2



#### STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

PROJECT NO. C 6-5-125

NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY = 42,303.5 ft = 8.012 mi NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE = 0 ft = 0.000 mi NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 42,303.5 ft = 8.012 mi

IH 20 TAYLOR COUNTY

RAILROAD CROSSINGS: N/A

LIMITS: FROM NEAR WELLS LN TO 0.75 MILES EAST OF HAYTER RD

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF: OVERLAY

CONSISTING OF: MILL AND SMA OVERLAY

END CONTROL CSJ: 0006-05-125 REF MRK: 282+0.354 mi. STA: 1132+00.00 ft. LAT. 32.475456 LONG. -99.793131 707 TYE POP 1,088 N.T.S TAYLOR COUNTY BEGIN CONTROL CSJ: 0006-05-125 1086 REF MRK: 274+0.342 mi. 382 STA: 708+96.50 ft. LAT. 32.459256 LONG. -99.926806 382 2405 1086 N.T.S EXCEPTIONS: N/A EQUATIONS: N/A

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR STATE PROJECTS. (SP 000-008)

DESIGN SPEED = N/A CURRENT A.D.T. (2021) = (31,508) vpd PROJECTED A.D.T. (2041) = (44,111) vpd FUNCTIONAL CLASS = INTERSTATE

CONTRACTOR:

TEXAS		PROJECT NO.							
DIVISION		1							
STATE		DISTRICT	COUNTY						
TEXA	S	ABL	T						
CONTRO	L	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.					
000	6	05	125	IH 2	0				

#### FINAL PLANS

MARCH 2023 LETTING DATE: \_ DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:\_ DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED: DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED: \_\_\_ FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$\_\_\_

#### CERTIFICATION FOR FINAL PLANS

THIS PROJECT WAS BUILT ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. THESE FINAL PLANS REFLECT THE WORK DONE AND THE QUANTITIES SHOWN THEREON AND ON THE FINAL ESTIMATE ARE FINAL QUANTITIES.

AREA ENGINEER

DATE

THE DISTRICT TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMITTEE HAS REVIEWED THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR THIS PROJECT AND IT IS IN COMPLIENCE WITH CURRENT — DJENENT OF THE PROJECT O

Casey McGes

-2377@0897A804A6...CHAIRMAN

12/29/2022 DATE

Texas Department of Transportation

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SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: 12/29/2022 David Krause P.E.

-600CP26VBBCP456KRAUSE, Р.Е. T×DOT PROJECT MANAGER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 12/30/2022

BRYCE M. TURENTINE, P.E. AREA ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 1/1/2023

Michael Haithcock

-5757428479584FD.. HAITHCOCK, P.E. DIRECTOR OF T P & D

APPROVED FOR LETTING: 1/2/2023

OF6FHEAMASTD480.ALLBRITTON, P.E.

DISTRICT ENGINEER

#### INDEX OF SHEETS

		GENERAL
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	2	INDEX OF SHEETS
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	8-9	TYPICAL SECTIONS
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		TRAFFIC CONTROL BLAN
	19	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TCP NARRATIVE
	20	TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS
	20	TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS
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#	21-32	BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21
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#	34	TCP (3-3)-14
#	35	TCP (5-1)-18
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#	39	TCP (6-4)-12
#	40	TCP (6-5)-12
#	41 42	TCP (6-8)-14
#		TCP (S-4)-08A
#	43 44	TCP (S-5)-08 WZ (STPM)-13
#	4 <del>4</del> 45	WZ (31FM)-13 WZ (TD)-17
#	46	WZ (UL)-17 WZ (UL)-13
	40	WZ (OLF13
		ROADWAY DETAILS
	47	ADDITIONAL RAMP AREAS DETAIL
	48	METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION CURB DETAIL
	49	RAPMS-22
		ROADWAY DETAILS STANDARDS
#	50	BED-14
#	51	GF(31)-19
#	52	GF(31)DAT-19
#	53	GF(31)MS-19
#	54-55	GF(31)TRTL3-20
#	56	SGT(10S)31-16
#	57	SGT(11S)31-18
#	58	SGT(12S)31-18
#	59	SGT(15)31-20
#	60	CCCG-22
		PAVEMENT MARKINGS & DELINEATION STANDARDS

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES**

71-72 STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P) ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ON THIS SHEET WITH A # HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

-DocuSigned by: David trause P.E.

12/19/2022

#### INDEX OF SHEETS



FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	нІ	HIGHWAY NO.		
6	SEE TITLE SHEET IH 20					
STATE		COUNT		SHEET NO.		
TEXAS		TAYLO				
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		2	
ABL	0006	05	125			

#### PAVEMENT MARKINGS & DELINEATION STANDARDS

# 61 D&OM (1)-20 # 62 D&OM (2)-20 # 63 D&OM (4)-20

D&OM (6)-20

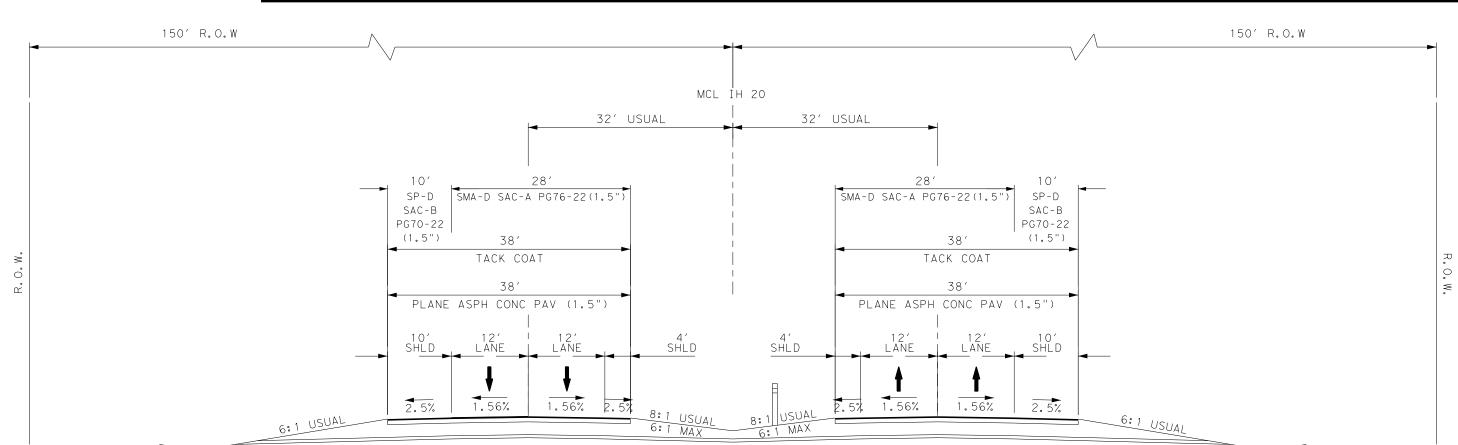
D&OM (VIA)-20

FPM(1)-12 # 67 FPM(2)-12

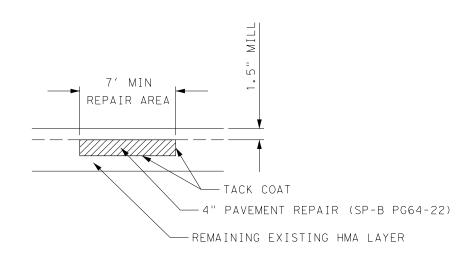
# 68 FPM(3)-12

# 69 FPM(5)-19

RS(1)-13



PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION STA. 708+96.50 TO 1132+00.00

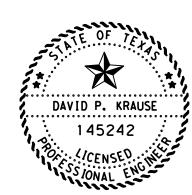


#### SPOT REPAIR DETAIL

LOCATIONS AND SIZE OF SPOT REPAIRS TO BE DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER. REMOVAL OF EXISTING MATERIAL, SP-B, AND TACK ARE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT BID PRICE FOR ITEM 351



- 1) TACK COAT WILL BE REQUIRED ON ALL SURFACES AND ALL VERTICAL FACES BETWEEN INTERIOR JOINTS.
- 2) INTERMITTENT MEDIAN CABLE BARRIER EXIST ALONG VARIOUS STATION RANGES AND SIDES OF THE CENTERLINE.



David Krause P.E. 12/19/2022

#### TYPICAL SECTIONS



SCALE:	NOT TO	SCALE	SI	HEET	2	OF	2	
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	-	HIGHWAY NO.				
6	SEE	TITLE S		ΙH	20			
STATE		COUNT		SH	EET N	١٥.		
TEXAS		TAYLO	R					
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В	7 9 I			
ABL	0006	5						

# ABILENE DISTRICT GENERAL NOTES 2014 SPECIFICATIONS

#### General

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Bryce Turentine, P.E. / Phone: 325-690-9821 / <u>Bryce.Turentine@txdot.gov</u> Chad Carter, P.E. / Phone: 325-690-9821 / <u>Chad.W.Carter@txdot.gov</u> (Abilene Area Office)

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

For Q&A's on Proposals navigate

to <a href="https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors">https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors</a>. Use the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

All relevant project documentation including contract time, cross sections, etc will be posted on the districts FTP website. https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

Failure to make necessary corrections to traffic control items based on barricade inspections will be cause for withholding the monthly estimate until such corrections have been made.

Provide ingress/egress to the adjacent properties in areas under construction. Phased construction of driveways and streets shall be required to provide uninterrupted access to adjacent properties. Coordinate work with the property owners before beginning any construction in the vicinity of the drive.

Cut neat, straight lines with vertical faces along pavement edges or along joints between existing asphalt or concrete pavement and new pavement perpendicular or parallel to the direction of traffic by methods described in applicable bid items, or as directed. Provide clean edges or joints without jagged appearance or chunks broken out. This work is considered subsidiary to various bid items.

#### Item 5, "Control of Work"

Use Method C for construction surveying.

Make necessary arrangements with utility owners regarding temporary protections such as bracing power poles, and de-energizing power lines. The Department will not reimburse the cost of such temporary protections to the Contractor, unless the Engineer determines that inadequate information was available at the time the project was bid. "Call Before You Dig" "Call 811"

General Notes Sheet A

CCSJ: 0006-05-125 County: TAYLOR Highway: IH 20

Provide notification to the District Traffic Engineering Section by telephone at 325-676-6991 and by email at ABL\_TrafficFix@txdot.gov when planning drilling or excavation work in areas where existing TxDOT underground utilities exist. Visual evidence of TxDOT underground utilities in the area include illumination poles, ground boxes, flashing beacons, traffic signals, etc. This notification must be provided 72 hours in advance of performing the work.

#### Item 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibilities"

The total area disturbed for this project is 0.0 acres. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and the Contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within 1 mile of the project limits, for the Contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain required authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off the ROW. When the total area disturbed in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the ROW to the Engineer and to the government that operates a separate storm sewer system.

No significant traffic generator events identified

### Hard hats are required at all times during construction when construction personnel are in TxDOT Right-of-Way.

Patrol vehicles must be clearly marked to correspond with the officer's agency and equipped with appropriate lights to identify them as law enforcement. For patrol vehicles not owned by a law enforcement agency, markings will be retroreflective and legible from 100 ft. from both sides and the rear of the vehicle. Lights will be high intensity and visible from all angles.

LIGHTING STANDARDS FOR HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE OR CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES AND SERVICE VEHICLES

#### VEHICLE LIGHTING SUMMARY

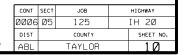
**TxDOT** 

Vehicle Color of Flashing Lights Transportation Code
Police Vehicles Red/Blue/White/Amber 547.305 & 547.702
Fire/EMS Vehicles Red/Blue/White/Amber 547.305 & 547.702
Volunteer Fire/EMS Red/Blue/White/Amber 547.305 & 547.702
School Bus Red/White (rooftop)/Amber 547.305 & 547.701
Highway Maintenance or Construction Vehicles1 and Service Vehicles2 Amber/Blue 547.105 &

General Notes

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Texas Department of Transportation



Sheet B

#### **Item 8 "Prosecution and Progress"**

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process and/or execute all contracts at the same time.

#### Item 9, "Measurement and Payment"

The progress payment period shall end on the 25<sup>th</sup> of each month, unless directed by the Area Office Engineer. Material on Hand (MOH) is due two business days before estimate cut off.

#### Item 354, "Planing and Texturing Pavement"

Stockpile all unused planed materials at BI 20 and Loop 322 approximately 8.6 miles from the East end of the project.

Build stockpiles in horizontal layers with a maximum height of 10 feet, as directed. Minimize driving on the stockpile to prevent excessive compaction.

Verify the thickness of the existing pavement depth at the bridge locations before beginning planing work. Damage or spalling due to planing shall be repaired in accordance with item 429 "Concrete Structure Repair", at the contractor's expense.

#### Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling"

Provide the Engineer with written notification seven (7) days in advance of major traffic changes. A major traffic change is defined as the temporary (greater than one day) or permanent relocation of traffic lanes typically in an urban setting. The notice will, at a minimum, include the expected date, time and scope of the traffic change. The Department will utilize the information provided to inform the traveling public of the changes. Failure to provide advance notice, or to provide accurate information, will result in delaying the work until such time that the public has been notified.

Additional signs, barricades and traffic handling may be necessary to complete the work shown herein and will be provided by the contractor as required and will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Provide separate attenuators for each work area within a common lane closure as approved or directed by the Engineer.

All safety appurtenances such as signs, delineators, object markers and route markers will be in place prior to opening each phase of the construction to traffic, unless otherwise directed.

Movement of construction equipment and haul trucks will be prohibited from crossing the median unless specifically authorized by the Engineer. Ingress and egress to main lanes will be at entrance and exit ramps.

> General Notes Sheet C

CCSJ: 0006-05-125 **County: TAYLOR** Highway: IH 20

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

The Contractor's person responsible for TCP compliance must be available by local telephone and have a response time within 45 minutes.

Work will not be allowed on both sides of the roadbed at the same time.

Equip all work vehicles within 30 feet of the traveled way with a functioning amber strobe light or rotating beacon visible from all directions.

Repair barricades within the timeline shown on the barricade inspection report. Failure to comply will cease all work until barricades are repaired to the satisfaction of the Department. Replace all damaged traffic control devices immediately. Remove any damaged traffic control devices from the project within 24 hours.

Conflicting guide signs shall be covered as approved by the Engineer. This work shall be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### Item 504, "Field Office for Laboratory"

#### Field Laboratory:

Furnish a "Type D" structure for the asphalt mix control laboratory for the Engineer's exclusive use. In addition to the requirements of Item 504, furniture and equipment to be furnished by the Contractor shall include:

- eye wash station
- first-aid kit
- two fire extinguishers
- Provide internet connectivity for use by TxDOT lab testing personnel at all laboratory structures on this project.

#### Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls"

On site concrete washout shall not be allowed on this project.

The Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) consists of temporary erosion control measures needed and provided for under this Item. The disturbed area is less than one acre and use of erosion control measures is not anticipated. If physical conditions encountered at the job

> General Notes Sheet D

epartment of Transportation



site require necessary controls, BMP installation, maintenance, and removal will be paid as extra work on a force account basis per Articles 4.4 and 9.7.

#### Item 533, "Milled Rumble Strips"

The milled rumble strips should be placed on shoulder according to rs(1-4)-13 standards and the shoulder widths as shown below.

- Shoulder width of greater than 2 feet or less than 6 feet the rumble strip will be centered on the shoulder.
- Shoulder width of greater than 6 feet the rumble strip will begin 3 feet from the edge line.

#### Item 542, "Removing Metal Beam Guard Fence"

All metal beam guard fence removed from the project shall be retained by the Contractor.

#### Item 585, "Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces"

The Engineer reserves the right to prohibit corrective work and assess the penalty for each occurrence of localized roughness per Article 585.3.4.2.3.2.

Use pay adjustment schedule 2 for Ride Quality bonus/penalty calculation.

#### Item 658, "Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies"

Delineators and object marker assemblies will use winged channel posts. The winged channel posts will be 1.12 lb/ft and 6.5 ft in length.

All MBGF delineation shall be GF2 mounted on posts.

Use a minimum 2 inch long lag screws with washers to attach flexible GF2 barrier reflectors to wooden post. For steel posts, use an approved adhesive, or other method approved by Engineer.

Concrete Barrier Reflectors shall be equivalent to Shure-tite CTB "Cup Mount" Delineator (8"). Attach delineators to concrete rail with concrete anchors as approved by the Engineer.

#### Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings"

Dispose of tabs and paper in an approved trash receptacle. (Reference Standard SW3P, waste material)

#### Item 666, "Retro reflectorized Pavement Markings"

All longitudinal pavement markings (including profile pavement markings) must meet minimum retro reflectivity requirements.

Establish a true and correct alignment with a method approved by the Engineer. This work will be considered subsidiary.

> General Notes Sheet E

CCSJ: 0006-05-125 **County: TAYLOR** Highway: IH 20

Contractor is responsible for re-establishing location and alignment for new pavement markings matching pavement marking alignment prior to construction activities. This work will be considered subsidiary.

#### Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers"

Provide a complete system of raised pavement markers at locations indicated on the plans and as directed by the engineer. The plans are intended to show typical conditions, which can be extended to similar conditions throughout this project as approved or directed.

Bituminous adhesive shall be used on this project.

#### Item 3077, "Superpave Mixtures"

Furnish aggregate for final surfaces with a minimum surface aggregate classification of "B".

Provide an SP-D Fine Mixture with a minimum design VMA of 17.0% and a minimum plantproduced VMA of 16.5%.

The Engineer reserves the right to test all sources even if the source is listed in the Bituminous Source Rated Quality Catalog.

Provide the testing lab samples to calibrate the ignition oven no later than five (5) working days prior to mix design verification.

Meet the minimum Hamburg Wheel Test requirements shown below:

- PG 64 or lower 5,000 passes
- PG 70 10,000 passes
- PG 76 20,000 passes

Paving operations will not be allowed to begin until TxDOT has tested and obtained passing Hamburg results on the trial batch.

A maximum of 0.50% anti-stripping agent will be allowed for each specified mix type.

Dilution of tack coat is not allowed.

Do not exceed a laydown width of 16' per pass.

Substitute Binders will not be allowed unless RAP or RAS is used in the production of the mixture.

RAS will not be allowed in surface mixes.

A warm mix additive will be required for hotmix hauls over 50 miles.

General Notes Sheet F





Unless otherwise directed by the engineer, a warm mix additive will be required when paving during November 1<sup>st</sup> through March 15<sup>th</sup>.

The maximum allowable dust / asphalt ratio that will be allowed is 0.6 to 1.2.

Use a self-propelled, wheel-mounted material transfer vehicle (MTV) capable of receiving hot mix from the haul trucks separate from the paver on this project. Minimum requirements for the MTV are a storage capacity of approximately 25 tons, a pivoting discharge conveyor, and a means of completely remixing the ACP prior to placement.

The Contractor will be required to tack 100% of the surfaces with uniform coverage prior to the subsequent lift. The type and grade of tack will be approved by the Engineer prior to use.

Tack all vertical joints unless otherwise directed.

Cement and kiln dust will not be allowed to be used as mineral fillers.

Shoulders shall not be placed prior to adjoining main lanes.

#### Item 3080, "Stone Matrix Asphalt"

A minimum of 6.0% asphalt content is required for all SMA mixtures.

Provide additional SGC molds as necessary to allow for proper cooling and testing of laboratory densities.

Furnish aggregate for final surfaces with a surface aggregate classification of "A".

The Engineer reserves the right to test all sources even if the source is listed in the Bituminous Source Rated Quality Catalog.

Provide the testing lab samples to calibrate the ignition oven no later than five (5) working days prior to mix design verification.

Do not exceed a laydown width of 16' per pass.

RAP and RAS will not be allowed for this project.

Use a self-propelled, wheel-mounted material transfer vehicle (MTV) capable of receiving hot mix from the haul trucks separate from the paver on this project. Minimum requirements for the MTV are a storage capacity of approximately 25 tons, a pivoting discharge conveyor, and a means of completely remixing the ACP prior to placement.

Provide PG 64-22 tack coat at a rate of 0.10 gal/sy.

General Notes Sheet G

CCSJ: 0006-05-125 County: TAYLOR Highway: IH 20

The Contractor will be required to tack 100% of the surfaces with uniform coverage prior to the subsequent lift. The type and grade of tack will be approved by the Engineer prior to use.

Tack all vertical joints unless otherwise directed.

Cement and kiln dust will not be allowed to be used as mineral fillers.

Shoulders shall not be placed prior to adjoining main lanes.

#### Item 6185, "Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)"

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA) will not be considered a major item of work on this project.

TMA,s will only be paid while workers are present or to protect a blunt object.

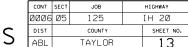
BASIS OF I	ESTIMATE FOR ST	ATIONAR	Y TMAs	
		TMA (Sta	tionary)	
Phase	Standard	Required	Additional	TOTAL
Phase 7	TCP(5-1)-18	1	-	1
Phase 1-6	TCP(6-1)-12	1	-	1
Phase 1-6	TCP(6-2)-12	1	-	1
Phase 1-6	TCP(6-3)-12	1	-	1
Phase 1-6	TCP(6-4)-12	2	-	2
Phase 1-6	TCP(6-5)-12	2	-	2
Phase 1-6	TCP(6-8)-14	1	-	1
	Basis of Estimat	te for Mobil	e TMAs	
			TMA (Mobile)	
Phase	Standard	Required	Additional	TOTAL
Phase 7	TCP(3-2)-13	3	-	3
Phase 7	TCP(3-3)-13	3	-	3
Phase 7	TCP(S-4)-08A	0	-	0
Phase 7	TCP(S-5)-08	0	-	0

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project. The Contractor must get approval from the Engineer for any changes in the number of TMA as shown in the plans.

If a TMA is used for both mobile and stationary traffic control on the same day, it will be paid for as stationary for that day.

General Notes Sheet H







# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0006-05-125

**DISTRICT** Abilene **HIGHWAY** IH 20

**COUNTY** Taylor

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0006-05	5-125		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00186			
		C	YTNUC	Taylo	or	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
			HWAY	IH 2			FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	351-6013	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(4")	SY	7,769.000		7,769.000	
	354-6041	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1.5")	SY	362,344.000		362,344.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	6.000		6.000	
	533-6001	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	LF	146,985.000		146,985.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	8,800.000		8,800.000	
	540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	8.000		8.000	
•	540-6016	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	EA	11.000		11.000	
	540-6018	MTL BM GD FEN TRANS (NON - SYM)	EA	4.000		4.000	
•	542-6001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	8,650.000		8,650.000	
	542-6002	REMOVE TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	EA	12.000		12.000	
	542-6003	REMOVE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL	EA	3.000		3.000	
	542-6004	RM MTL BM GD FENCE TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	10.000		10.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	15.000		15.000	
	544-6003	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	EA	15.000		15.000	
	658-6010	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 2(WC)GND	EA	237.000		237.000	
	658-6040	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-DW)SZ 2(WC)GND	EA	74.000		74.000	
	658-6061	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2	EA	85.000		85.000	
	658-6064	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ 1(BRF)GF2	EA	29.000		29.000	
	658-6069	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BR)	EA	20.000		20.000	
	658-6070	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ (BRF)CTB (BR)	EA	20.000		20.000	
	662-6109	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	EA	6,346.000		6,346.000	
	666-6006	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)4"(DOT)(100MIL)	LF	677.000		677.000	
	666-6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	7,293.000		7,293.000	
	666-6042	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	3,210.000		3,210.000	
	666-6300	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	21,150.000		21,150.000	
	666-6303	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	81,242.000		81,242.000	
	666-6315	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	84,607.000		84,607.000	
	666-6350	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(DOT)(100MIL)	LF	113.000		113.000	
	668-6077	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	668-6084	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (NUMBER)	EA	9.000		9.000	
	668-6085	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	672-6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	1,657.000		1,657.000	
	3077-6053	SP MIXESSP-DSAC-B PG70-22	TON	8,178.000		8,178.000	
	3080-6007	STONE-MTRX-ASPH SMA-D SAC-A PG76-22	TON	22,703.000		22,703.000	
	3080-6029	TACK COAT	GAL	36,596.000		36,596.000	-
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Abilene	Taylor	0006-05-125	14



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0006-05-125

**DISTRICT** Abilene HIGHWAY IH 20

**COUNTY** Taylor

Report Created On: Dec 9, 2022 12:58:53 PM

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	0006-0	5-125			
		PROJE	CT ID	A0018	6923			
		co	Tay	lor	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL		
		HIG	IH 2	20		1110/12		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL			
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	95.000		95.000		
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	54.000		54.000		
	08	CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE (NON-PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000		
		CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT SAFETY CONTINGENCY (NON-PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000	_	1.000		



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET	
Abilene	Taylor	0006-05-125	15	

				SUMMARY OI	PAVEMEN	T ITEMS								
				35	1	354		3077		308	30	308	30	
				60:	13	604	41	6053		6007		6029		
LOCATION	STA	ΓΙΟΝ	LENGTH	PAVEN STRUC	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(4")		PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (1.5")		SP MIXES SP-D SAC-B PG70-22		STONE-MTRX- ASPH SMA-D SAC-A PG76-22		TACK COAT	
				WIDTH (FT)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (FT)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (FT)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (FT)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (FT)	AREA (SY)	
	FROM	TO	FT	FT	SY	FT	SY	FT	SY	FT	SY	FT	SY	
MAINLANES & SHOULDERS	708+96.50	1132+00	42303.5	-	-	76	357230	20	94008	56	263222	76	357230	
RAMPS	-	-	-	-	-	-	5114	-	5114	-	-	-	5114	
MAINLANES & SHOULDERS	MAINLANES & SHOULDERS VARIOUS		-	-	7769	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			PROJECT TOTALS		7769		362344		99122		263222		362344	
									<b>(4)</b>		<b>(4)</b>		<b>(4)</b>	

	BASIS OF ESTIMATE												
ITEN 4													
ITEM	DESCRIPTION		AREA (SY)	RATE	TOTAL QUANTITY	UNIT							
3077 6053	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-B PG70-22	1.5" OVERLAY	99122	165 LB/SY/2000	8178	TON							
3080 6007	STONE-MITRX-ASPH SMA-D SAC-A PG76-22	1.5" OVERLAY	263222	172.5 LB/SY/2000	22703	TON							
3080 6029	TACK COAT		362344	0.10 GAL/SY	36598	GAL							
	$\Box$												

					61.19.49.4										
	SUMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKING ITEMS														
		533	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	668	668	668	672		
		6001	6006	6036	6042	6300	6303	6315	6350	6077	6084	6085	6010		
LOCA	ATION	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)4"(DOT) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)( 100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(BRK) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(DOT) (100MIL)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (NUMBER)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R		
FROM	ТО	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA		
708+96.50	1132+00	146985	677	7293	3210	21150	81242	84607	113	2	9	2	1657		
PROJECT TOTALS		146985	677	7293	3210	21150	81242	84607	113	2	9	2	1657		

#### NOTES:

- TACK COAT QUANTITY SHOWN INCLUDES TACK COAT FOR ITEM 3077 AND ITEM 3080. 350 GAL ADDED FOR VERTICAL JOINTS PER TYPICAL SECTION. 11 GAL ADDED FOR VERTICAL JOINTS AT ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS.
- 2 USE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3 ESTABLISH EXIT RAMP NUMBERS AND LOCATIONS BEFORE MILLING. THE FULL EXIT NUMBER
  EXAMPLE EXIT "280" WILL BE CONSIDERED ONE EXIT NUMBER.
- 4 SEE BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR PAY ITEM QUANTITY.
- (5) REFER TO TCP NARRATIVE FOR WHEN TO USE WORKZONE TABS.
- REFER TO THE D&OM(4)-20 STANDARD FOR REMOVING AND REPLACING THE ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMP DELINEATORS.
- (7) REFER TO THE ADDITIONAL RAMP AREAS DETAIL FOR MORE INFORMATION.

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEMS								
		662	6001	6185	6185			
		6109	6002	6002	6005			
STATION		WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)			
FROM	TO	EA	EA	DAY	DAY			
708+96.50	1132+00	6346	1	95	54			
PROJECT TOTALS		6346	1	95	54			
		(5)	(2)					

		SUMMARY (	OF SIGNING ITE	MS		
		658	658	658	658	
		6010	6040	6069	6070	
LOCATION		INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 2(WC)GND	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-DW)SZ 2(WC)GND	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BR)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ (BRF)CTB (BR)	
FROM	TO	EA	EA	EA	EA	
708+96.50	1132+00	237	74	20	20	
PROJECT	TOTALS	237	74	20	20	
6						

#### QUANTITY SUMMARY

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Texas Department of Transportation

SCALE:	N/A		SI	HEET	1	OF	3
FHWA DIVISION	PROJECT NO. H					AA NO	
6	SEE TITLE SHEET					20	
STATE	COUNTY				SH	EET N	١٥.
TEXAS		TAYLOR					
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	3		16	
ABL	0006	05	129	5			

SUMMARY OF MBGF ITEMS									
				540	540	540	540	542	542
				6001	6006	6016	6018	6001	6002
LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	APPROX. STA.BEGIN	APPROX. STA. END	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	MTL BM GD FEN TRANS (NON - SYM)	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	REMOVE TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION
				LF	EA	EA	EA	LF	EA
		721+25, 15' RT		650	1	-	-	625	-
	WELLS LANE BRIDGE		727+75, 55' RT	200	1	-	-	175	-
		728+89, 15' RT		775	<del>-</del>	1	1	750	1
		728+89, 55' RT		-	-	-	-	75	1
		866+66, 15' RT		800	1	-	-	775	-
		872+66, 55' RT		200	1	-	-	175	-
IH 20 EAST BOUND		875+80, 15' RT		725	<del>-</del>	1	1	700	1
11120 2701 200112		875+80, 55' RT	876+55, 55' RT	-	-	-	-	75	1
	EXIT 279 TO ABILENE BU 20 AND US 84	945+17, 15' RT	947+42, 15' RT	225	-	1	-	200	1
	EXIT 279 TO ABILENE BU 20 AND US 85	945+17, 63' RT	947+42, 63' RT	225	-	1	-	200	1
	BU 20/US 84 ON RAMP	953+40, 15' RT	955+90, 15' RT	250	-	1	-	237.5	1
	BU 20/US 84 ON RAMP	954+27, 57' RT	956+77, 57' RT	250	-	1	-	237.5	1
			OUND TOTALS	4300	4	6	2	4225	8
	WELLS LANE BRIDGE	720+50, 55' LT	727+75, 55' LT	725	-	1	1	712.5	-
	WELLS LANE BRIDGE	727+25, 15' LT	727+75, 15' LT	-	-	-	-	50	1
	WELLS LANE BRIDGE	728+89, 55' LT	737+64, 55' LT	875	1	-	-	850	-
	WELLS LANE BRIDGE	728+89, 15' LT	730+89, 15' LT	200	1	-	-	175	-
	FM 707 BRIDGE	866+16,55'LT	874+66, 55' LT	850	-	1	1	825	1
IH 20 WEST BOUND		873+91, 15' LT	874+66, 15' LT	-	-	-	-	75	1
HIZO WEST BOOND	FM 707 BRIDGE	,	884+55, 55' LT	875	1	-	-	850	-
	FM 707 BRIDGE	875+80, 15' LT	878+05, 15' LT	225	1	-	-	200	-
	EXIT 279 TO ABILENE BU 20 AND US 84	946+53, 15' LT	948+78, 15' LT	225	-	1	-	200	1
	BU 20/US 84 ON RAMP	954+11,55'LT	956+56, 55' LT	275	-	1	-	250	-
	BU 20/US 84 ON RAMP	955+00, 15' LT	957+50, 15' LT	250	-	1	-	237.5	-
	WEST BOUND TOTALS			4500	4	5	2	4425	4
	PROJECT TOTALS	5		8800	8	11	4	8650	12

#### QUANTITY SUMMARY



SCALE:	N/A		SI	HEET	2	OF	3
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	•	ΗI	GHWA	AY NO.	
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET		ΙH	20	
STATE	COUNTY				SH	EET N	0.
TEXAS	TAYLOR						
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	3		1 7	
ABL	0006	05	12	5			

	SUMMARY OF MBGF ITEMS								
				542	542	544	544	658	658
				6003	6004	6001	6003	6061	6064
LOCATION	DESCRIPTION ST	APPROX. STA.BEGIN	APPROX. STA. END	REMOVE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL	RM MTL BM GD FENCE TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ 1(BRF)GF2
				EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
		721+25, 15' RT		-	1	1	1	8	-
			727+75, 55' RT	-	1	1	1	-	3
			736+64, 15' RT	-	-	-	-	9	-
			729+64, 55' RT	-	-	-	-	-	-
	FM 707 BRIDGE		874+66, 15' RT	=	1	1	1	9	-
	FM 707 BRIDGE		874+66, 55' RT	-	1	1	1	-	3
IH 20 EAST BOUND	FM 707 BRIDGE	875+80, 15' RT	883+05, 15' RT	-	-	-	-	8	-
IN 20 EAST BOOND	FM 707 BRIDGE	875+80, 55' RT	876+55, 55' RT	-	-	-	-	-	-
	EXIT 279 TO ABILENE BU 20 AND US 84	945+17, 15' RT	947+42, 15' RT	-	-	1	1	-	4
	EXIT 279 TO ABILENE BU 20 AND US 85	945+17, 63' RT	947+42, 63' RT	-	-	1	1	4	-
	BU 20/US 84 ON RAMP	953+40, 15' RT	955+90, 15' RT	-	-	1	1	-	4
	BU 20/US 84 ON RAMP			-	-	1	1	4	-
	·	EAST B	OUND TOTALS	0	4	8	8	42	14
	WELLS LANE BRIDGE	720+50, 55' LT	727+75, 55' LT	1	1	-	-	9	-
	WELLS LANE BRIDGE	727+25, 15' LT	727+75, 15' LT	-	-	-	-	-	-
	WELLS LANE BRIDGE	728+89,55'LT	737+64,55'LT	-	1	1	1	10	-
	WELLS LANE BRIDGE	728+89, 15' LT	730+89, 15' LT	-	1	1	1	-	3
	FM 707 BRIDGE	866+16, 55' LT	874+66, 55' LT	-	1	-	-	10	-
III 20 M/FCT DOLIND	FM 707 BRIDGE		874+66, 15' LT	-	-	-	-	-	-
IH 20 WEST BOUND	FM 707 BRIDGE	875+80, 55' LT	884+55, 55' LT	-	1	1	1	10	-
	FM 707 BRIDGE	875+80, 15' LT	878+05, 15' LT	-	1	1	1	-	4
	EXIT 279 TO ABILENE BU 20 AND US 84	946+53, 15' LT	948+78, 15' LT	-	-	1	1	-	4
	BU 20/US 84 ON RAMP	954+11,55'LT	956+56, 55' LT	1	-	1	1	4	-
	BU 20/US 84 ON RAMP			1	-	1	1	-	4
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u> </u>	OUND TOTALS	3	6	7	7	43	15
	PROJECT TOTALS	S		3	10	15	15	85	29
							•	•	

#### QUANTITY SUMMARY



SCALE:	N/A		SH	HEET	3	OF	3
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	•	ΗI	GHWA	Y NO.	,
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET		ΙH	20	
STATE	COUNTY				SH	EET N	10.
TEXAS	TAYLOR						
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		18	
ABL	0006	05	129	5			

TCP

#### TCP GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. THE STEPS OF THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MAY BE MODIFIED AS APPROVED, IN WRITING, BY THE ENGINEER. ANY CHANGES IMPLEMENTED, SHALL HAVE DETAILS THAT ARE SIGNED AND SEALED BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.
- 2. COMPLETE MILL AND OVERLAY WORK AT A MAXIMUM SETUP LENGTH OF 2 MILES BEFORE CHANGING SETUP LOCATIONS. THE MAXIMUM SETUP LENGTH MAY BE CHANGED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR WILL ONLY BE ALLOWED TO PERFORM WORK ON ONE SIDE OF THE ROADWAY AT A TIME UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 4. PLACE WORK ZONE TABS AFTER THE OVERLAY LIFT AS NEEDED OR AS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

#### SEQUENCE OF WORK:

#### PHASE 1: EASTBOUND CONSTRUCTION

- STEP 1. SETUP PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS) AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, AND SETUP TCP IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARDS.
- STEP 2. COMPLETE THE 1.5" MILLING WORK AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHEETS FOR THE PASSING LANE AND SHOULDER. SALVAGE EXISTING BROKEN WHITE STRIPE.
- STEP 3. COMPLETE FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR WORK.
- STEP 4. COMPLETE THE 1.5" OVERLAY LIFT OF SMA-D AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHEETS FOR THE PASSING LANE AND SHOULDER.

#### PHASE 2: WESTBOUND CONSTRUCTION

- STEP 1. SETUP PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS) AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, AND SETUP TCP IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARDS.
- STEP 2. COMPLETE THE 1.5" MILLING WORK AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHEETS FOR THE PASSING LANE AND SHOULDER. SALVAGE EXISTING BROKEN WHITE STRIPE.
- STEP 3. COMPLETE FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR WORK.
- STEP 4. COMPLETE THE 1.5" OVERLAY LIFT OF SMA-D AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHEETS FOR THE PASSING LANE AND SHOULDER.

#### SEQUENCE OF WORK:

#### PHASE 3: EASTBOUND CONSTRUCTION

- STEP 1. SETUP PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS) AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, AND SETUP TCP IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARDS.
- STEP 2. COMPLETE THE 1.5" MILLING WORK AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHEETS FOR THE DRIVING LANE.
- STEP 3. COMPLETE FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR WORK.
- STEP 4. COMPLETE THE 1.5" OVERLAY LIFT OF SMA-D AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHEETS FOR THE DRIVING LANE. PLACE THE WORK ZONE TABS ONCE THE OVERLAY IS PUT DOWN.

#### PHASE 4: WESTBOUND CONSTRUCTION

- STEP 1. SETUP PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS) AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, AND SETUP TCP IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARDS.
- STEP 2. COMPLETE THE 1.5" MILLING WORK AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHEETS FOR THE DRIVING LANE.
- STEP 3. COMPLETE FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR WORK.
- STEP 4. COMPLETE THE 1.5" OVERLAY LIFT OF SMA-D AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHEETS FOR THE DRIVING LANE AND. PLACE THE WORK ZONE TABS ONCE THE OVERLAY IS PUT DOWN.

#### PHASE 5: EASTBOUND CONSTRUCTION

- STEP 1. SETUP PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS) AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, AND SETUP TCP IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARDS.
- STEP 2. COMPLETE THE 1.5" MILLING WORK AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHEETS FOR THE OUTSIDE SHOULDER, AND AS SHOWN ON THE ADDITIONAL RAMP AREAS DETAIL SHEET.
- STEP 3. COMPLETE THE 1.5" OVERLAY LIFT OF SP-C AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHEETS FOR THE OUTSIDE SHOULDER, AND AS SHOWN ON THE ADDITIONAL RAMP AREAS DETAIL SHEET.

#### PHASE 6: WESTBOUND CONSTRUCTION

- STEP 1. SETUP PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS) AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, AND SETUP TCP IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARDS.
- STEP 2. COMPLETE THE 1.5" MILLING WORK AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHEETS FOR THE OUTSIDE SHOULDER, AND AS SHOWN ON THE ADDITIONAL RAMP AREAS DETAIL SHEET.
- STEP 3. COMPLETE THE 1.5" OVERLAY LIFT OF SP-C AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS SHEETS FOR THE OUTSIDE SHOULDER, AND AS SHOWN ON THE ADDITIONAL RAMP AREAS DETAIL SHEET.

#### PHASE 7:

- STEP 1. INSTALL METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) AND RAP.
- STEP 2. PLACE FINAL PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
- STEP 3. PLACE RUMBLE STRIPS.
- STEP 4. FINALIZE PROJECT CLEAN-UP





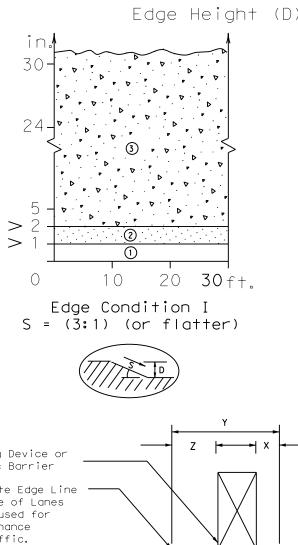
#### TCP NARRATIVE

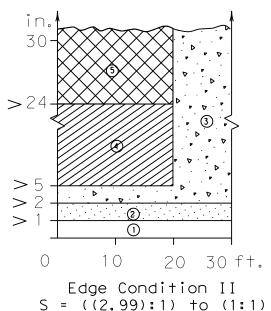


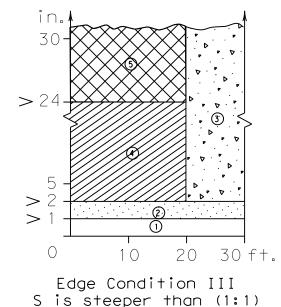
_							
SCALE:	N/A		S	HEET	1	OF	1
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	).	ΗI	GHWA	Y NO.	,
6	SEE	TITLE S	HEET		ΙH	20	
STATE	COUNTY				SH	EET N	10.
TEXAS		TAYLOR					
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		19	
ABL	0006	05	12	5			

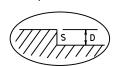
#### DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

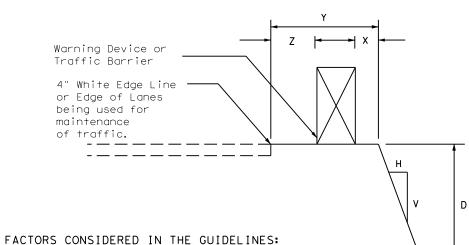
Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet











#### (1) No treatment CW 8-11 "Uneven Lanes" signs. CW 8-9a Shoulder Drop-Off" or CW 8-11 signs plus vertical panels. CW8-9a or CW 8-11, signs plus drums. Where restricted space precludes the use of drums, use vertical panels. An edge slope to that of the profered Edge Condition I. Check indications (Figure-1) for possitive barrier. Where positive barrier is not indicated, the treatment shown above for Zone-4 may be used after consideration of

Treatment Types Guidelines:

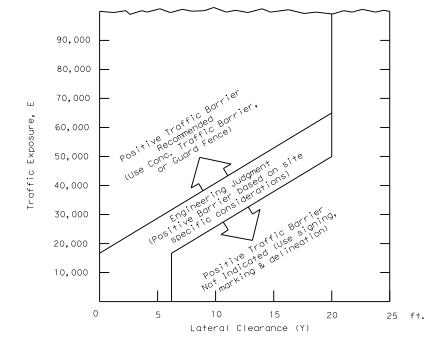
#### Edge Condition Notes:

- 1. Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.

other applicable factors.

- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

#### FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 ( XXX )



- 1.  $E = ADT \times T$ Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- 3. An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's

# Engineer's Sea DAVID P. KRAUSE David Erause P.E<sub>12/19/2022</sub>



#### TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

edgecon, dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
TxDOT August 2000	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 03-01	0006	05	125		IH 20	
9-21	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
9-21	ABL		TAYLO	R	20	

Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum. 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines,

1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V).

job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions.

The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".

2. Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under

- each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.



2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.

of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion address of the formats or from incorrect results or damages, resulting from its use. (051/25/4 - Design/Plan Set/2, TCP/021-032 BC (1)-2† THRU BC (1)-2; addn

- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### **WORKER SAFETY NOTES:**

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



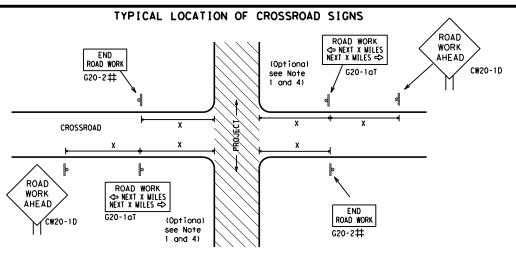
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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- $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI $\Diamond$ INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN G20-5T \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5gTP BORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

#### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

#### SIZE

Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 <sup>2</sup>
60	600²
65	700 <sup>2</sup>
70	800 <sup>2</sup>
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
*	* 3

SPACING

Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 48" × 48' CW22 48" x 48" CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48' 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

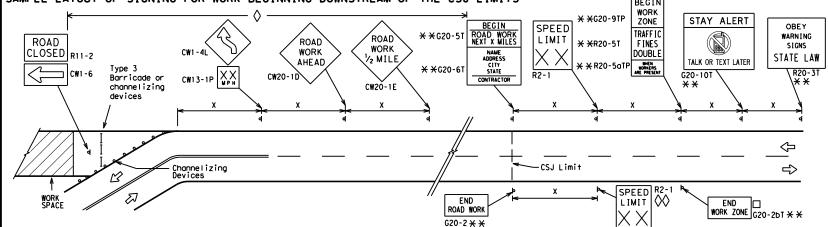
 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS
ROAD WORK AREA AHEAD XX CW20-1D CW13-1P	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE  CSJ Limit  END  ROAD WORK  ROAD WORK  WITH Sign
When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/I "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas	to remind drivers they are still G20-2 ** location NOTES
within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact locati channelizing devices.	on and spacing of signs and  The Contractor shall determine the appropria

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project.

This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND
Ι	Type 3 Barricade
000	Channelizing Devices
•	Sign
х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

LECEND

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

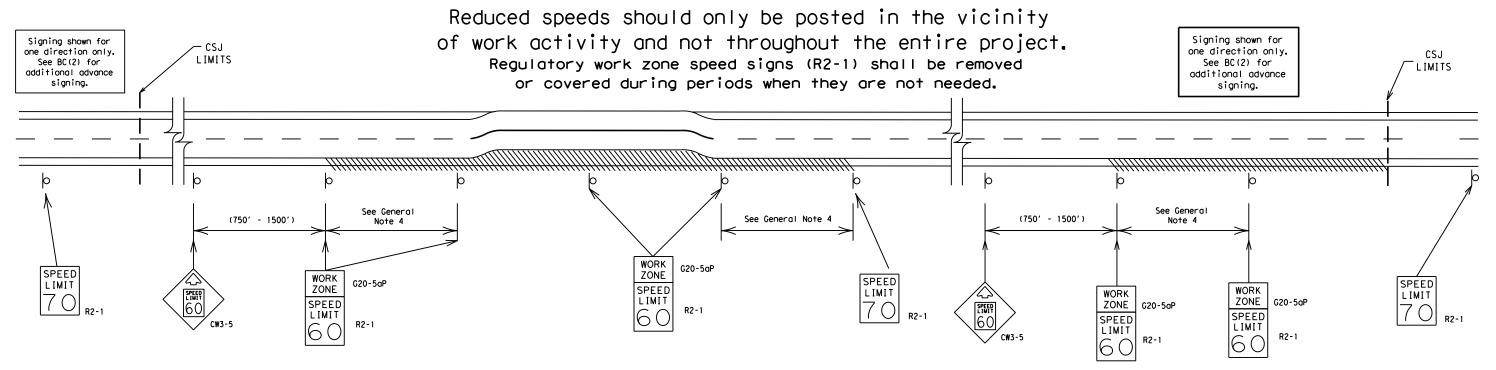
#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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#### TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



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Traffic Safety Division Standard

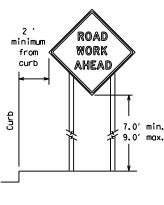
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

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\* \* XX 6.0' min.

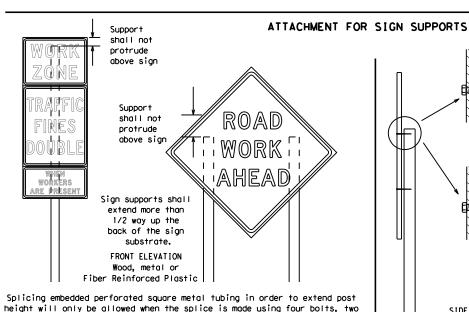
ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind Wood the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

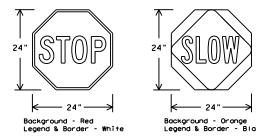
Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMEN.	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.

#### Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

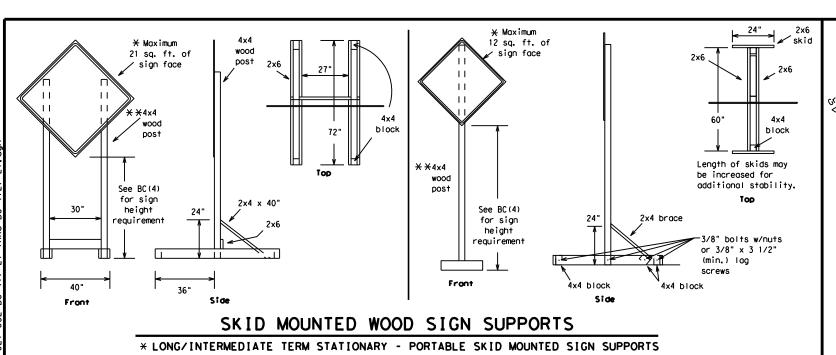
Traffic Safety Division Standard



#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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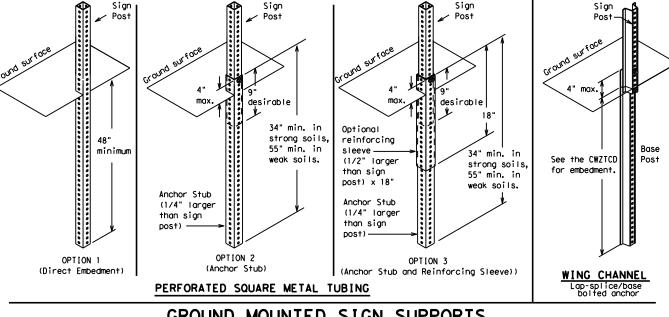


2"

SINGLE LEG BASE

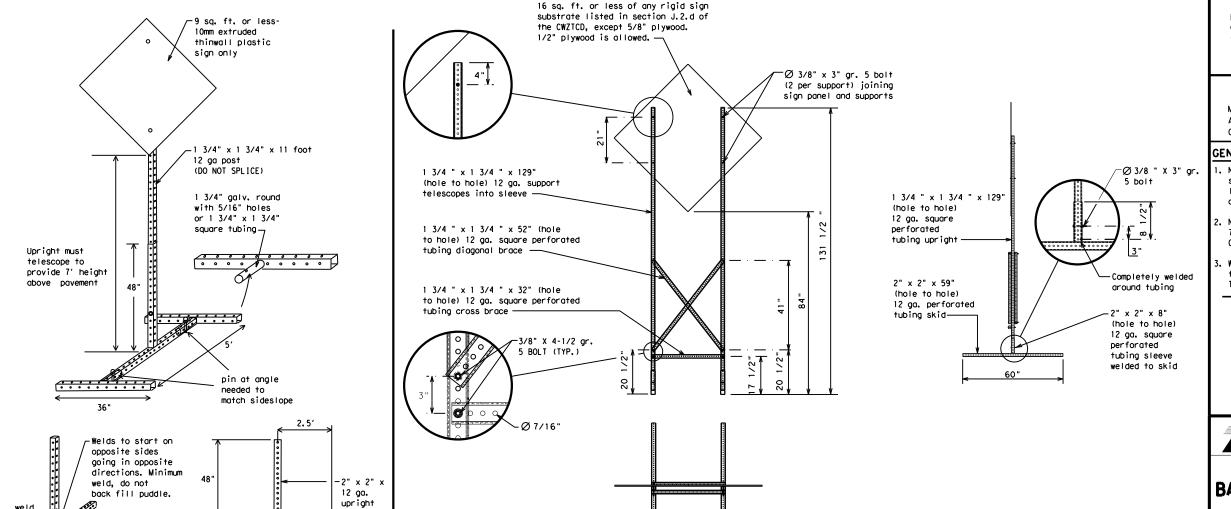
Side View

weld starts here



#### GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



32'

#### **WEDGE ANCHORS**

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

#### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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SKID MOUNTED	PERFORATED	SQUARE	STEEL	TUBING	SIGN	<b>SUPPORTS</b>	

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

# ranty of any e conversion use.

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
   Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK I NG
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	L HILL NO.	#011

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

#### RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

MERGE

RIGHT

DETOUR

X EXITS

USE

EXIT XXX

STAY ON

US XXX

SOUTH

TRUCKS

USF

US XXX N

WATCH

FOR

TRUCKS

**EXPECT** 

DELAYS

REDUCE

SPEED

XXX FT

USE

OTHER

ROUTES

STAY

LANE

Action to Take/Effect on Travel

List

FORM

X LINES

RIGHT

USE

XXXXX

RD EXIT

USE EXIT

I-XX

NORTH

USE

I-XX F

TO I-XX N

WATCH

FOR

**TRUCKS** 

**EXPECT** 

DELAYS

PREPARE

TO

STOP

END

**SHOULDER** 

USE

WATCH

FOR

WORKERS

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ram 	p Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
xxxxxxxx			

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phase Lists".

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

"Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- appropriate.
- be interchanged as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.

#### 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

# WORDING ALTERNATIVES

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Location

List

ΔΤ

FM XXXX

BEFORE

RAILROAD

CROSSING

NEXT

MILES

PAST

IIS XXX

EXIT

XXXXXXX

TO

XXXXXXX

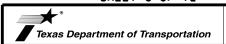
IIS XXX

TΩ

FM XXXX

- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.

SHEET 6 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

\* \* Advance

Notice List

TUE-FRI

XX AM-

X PM

APR XX-

X PM-X AM

BEGINS

MONDAY

BEGINS

ΜΔΥ ΧΧ

MAY X-X

XX PM -

XX AM

NFXT

FRI-SUN

XX AM

TO

XX PM

NEXT

TUE

AUG XX

TONIGHT

XX PM-

XX AM

Warning

List

**SPEED** 

LIMIT

XX MPH

MAXIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

MINIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

**ADVISORY** 

SPEED

XX MPH

RIGHT

IANF

EXIT

USF

CAUTION

DRIVE

SAFELY

DRIVE

WITH

CARE

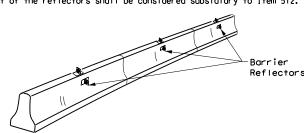
\* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6.

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

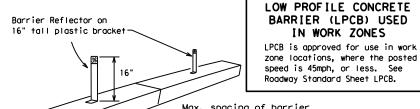
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



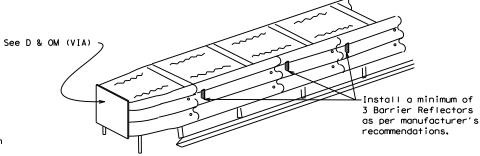
Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

IN WORK ZONES

Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



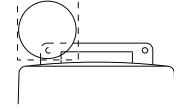
#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

#### BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

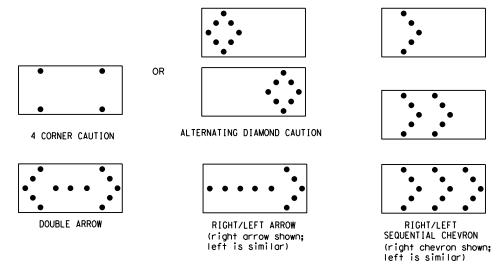
#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

#### FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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#### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

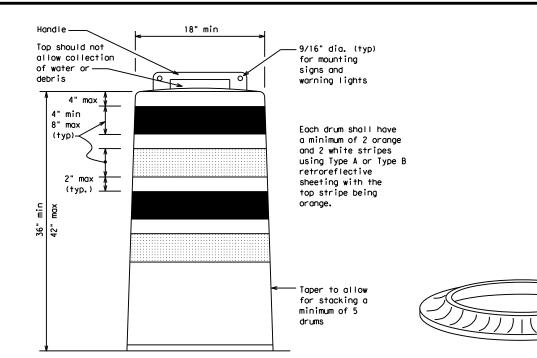
  8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

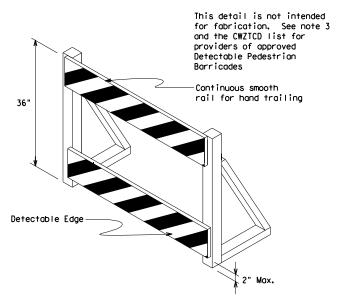
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





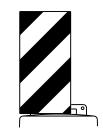
#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

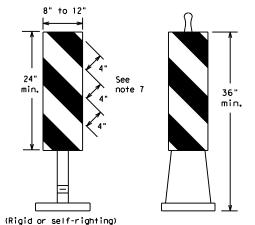


Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

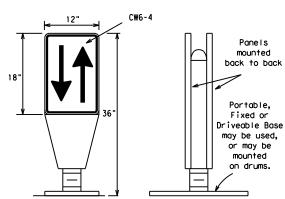
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PORTABLE

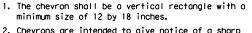
- traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

#### VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

#### OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

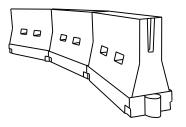


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

#### **CHEVRONS**

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len *	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	
40	8	2651	295′	3201	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140'	
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

#### SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

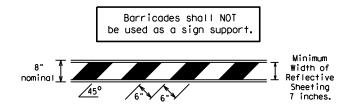
#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

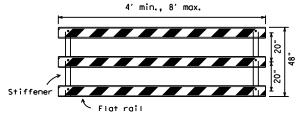
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#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOI be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

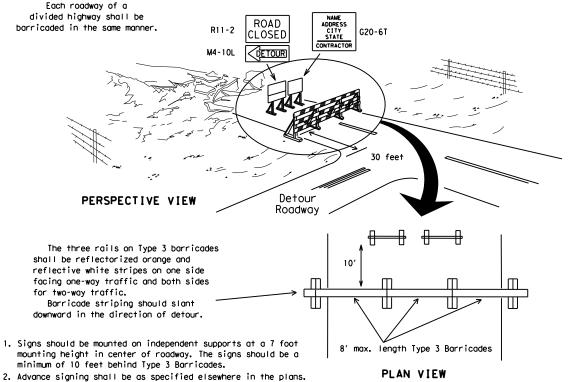


#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

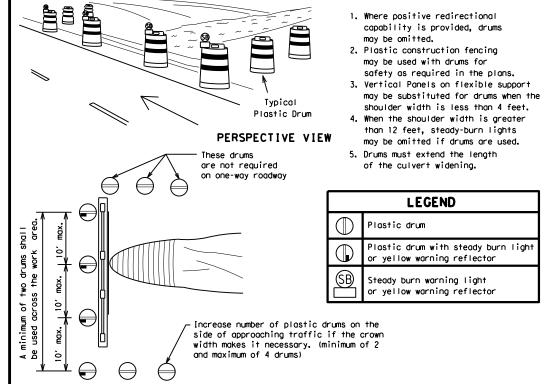


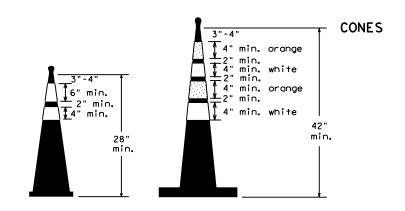
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

## TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



#### TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION





6" min. 2" min. 2" min. 28" min.

PLAN VIEW

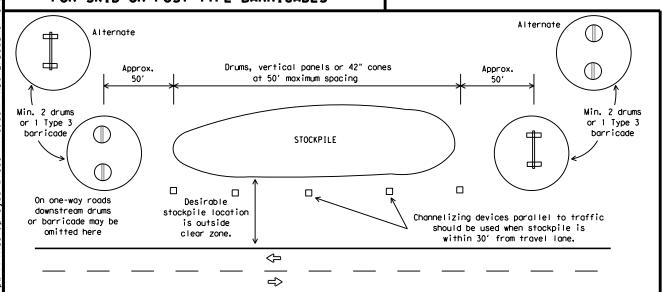
2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

#### BC(10)-21

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warranty of any the conversion its use.

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

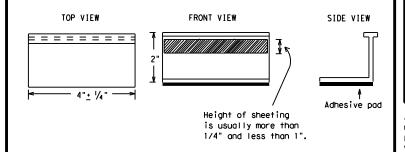
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

#### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

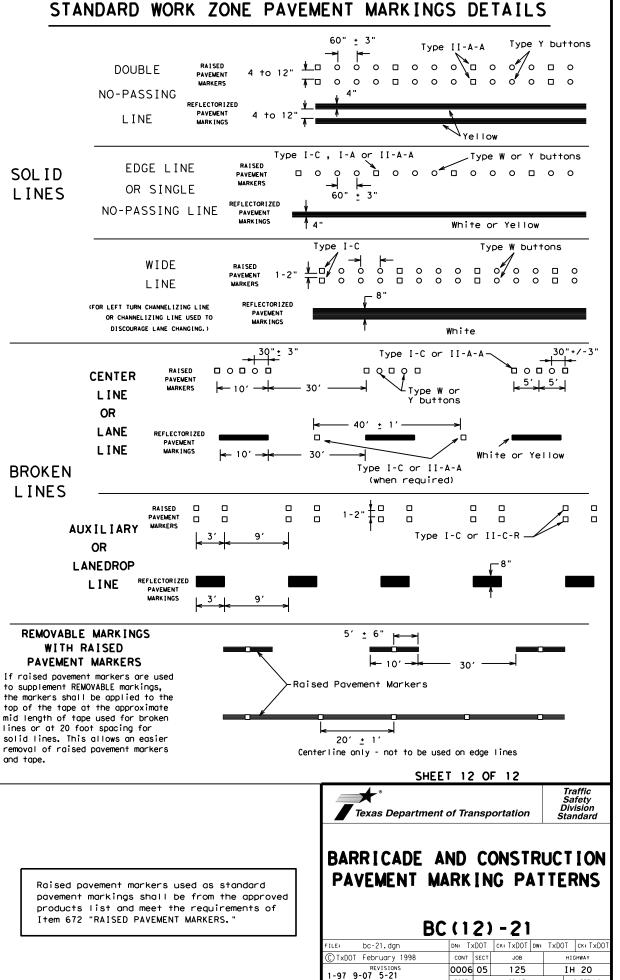


Traffic Safety

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

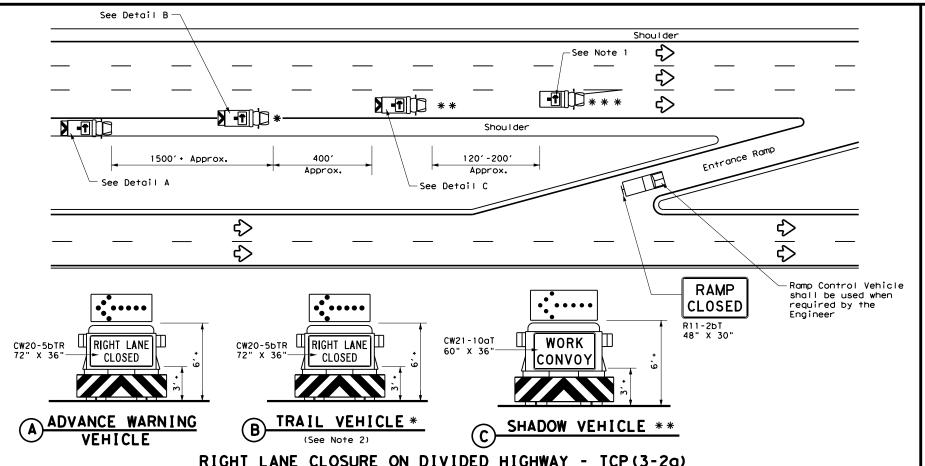
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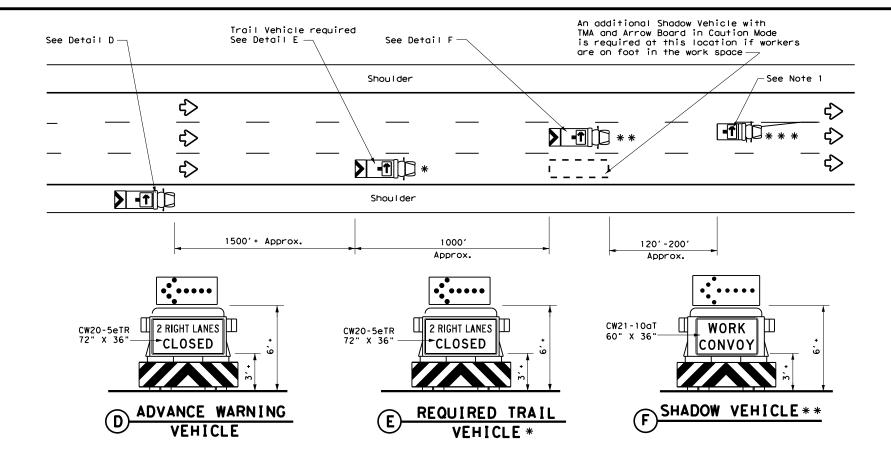
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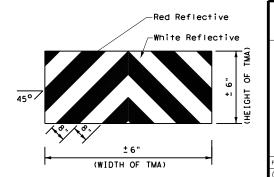
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle	- ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* *	Shadow Vehicle								
* * *	Work Vehicle	<b>₽</b>	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>(</b>	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow							
<b>₽</b>	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



STRIPING FOR TMA

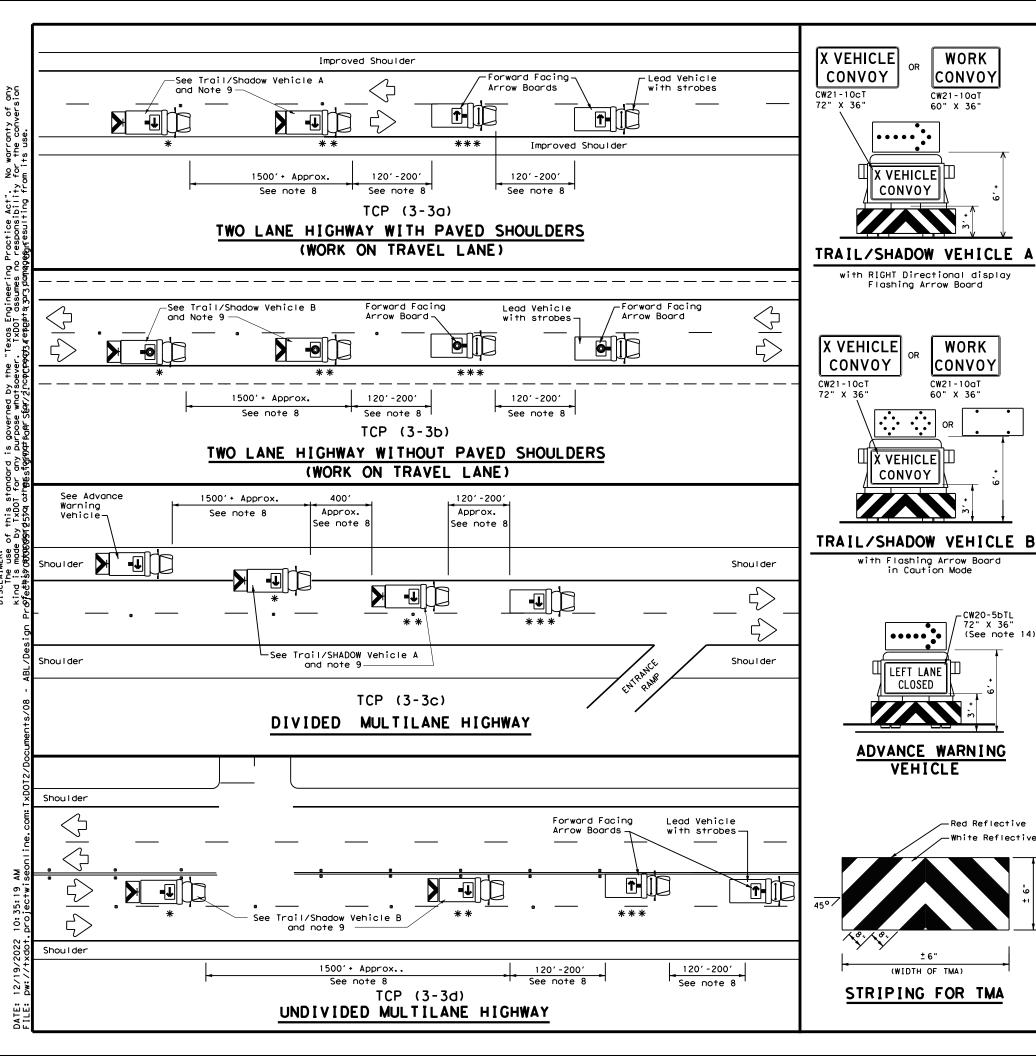


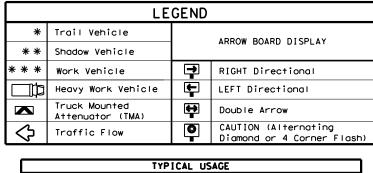
#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-2) - 13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

E: tcp3-2.dgn	DN: T	DOT CK: TXDOT DW:		TxDOT CK: TxDC				
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY		
REVISIONS 94 4-98	0006	05	05 125			IH 20		
95 7-13	DIST COUNTY					SHEET NO.		
97	ABL TAYLOR					33		





TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
4								

#### GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36' (See note 14)

-Red Reflective

CW21-10aT

X VEHICLE|Ш

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

  Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10c1) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10c1) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

	_	•		•		
FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0006	05	125		ΙH	20
8-95 7-13	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 7-14	ABL		TAYLO	R		34

	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	4	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spa Chan	ted Maximum cing of nelizing evices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"	
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	180'	301	60′	90'	
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	155′	
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	195′	
50		500′	5501	600'	50′	100′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′	
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60,	120′	350′	
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	130′	410′	
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′	
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	540′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	615′	

\* Conventional Roads Only

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

RIGHT

SHOULDER

CLOSED

CW21-5aR 48" X 48"

RIGHT

SHOULDER

1000 FT

CW16-3aP

RIGHT

SHOULDER CLOSED 000 FT

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

30" X 12" OR

CW21-5aR 48" x 48"

 $\langle \cdot \rangle$ 

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intesity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights.

- \*\*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

	TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	TCP (5-1a)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-1b)				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece

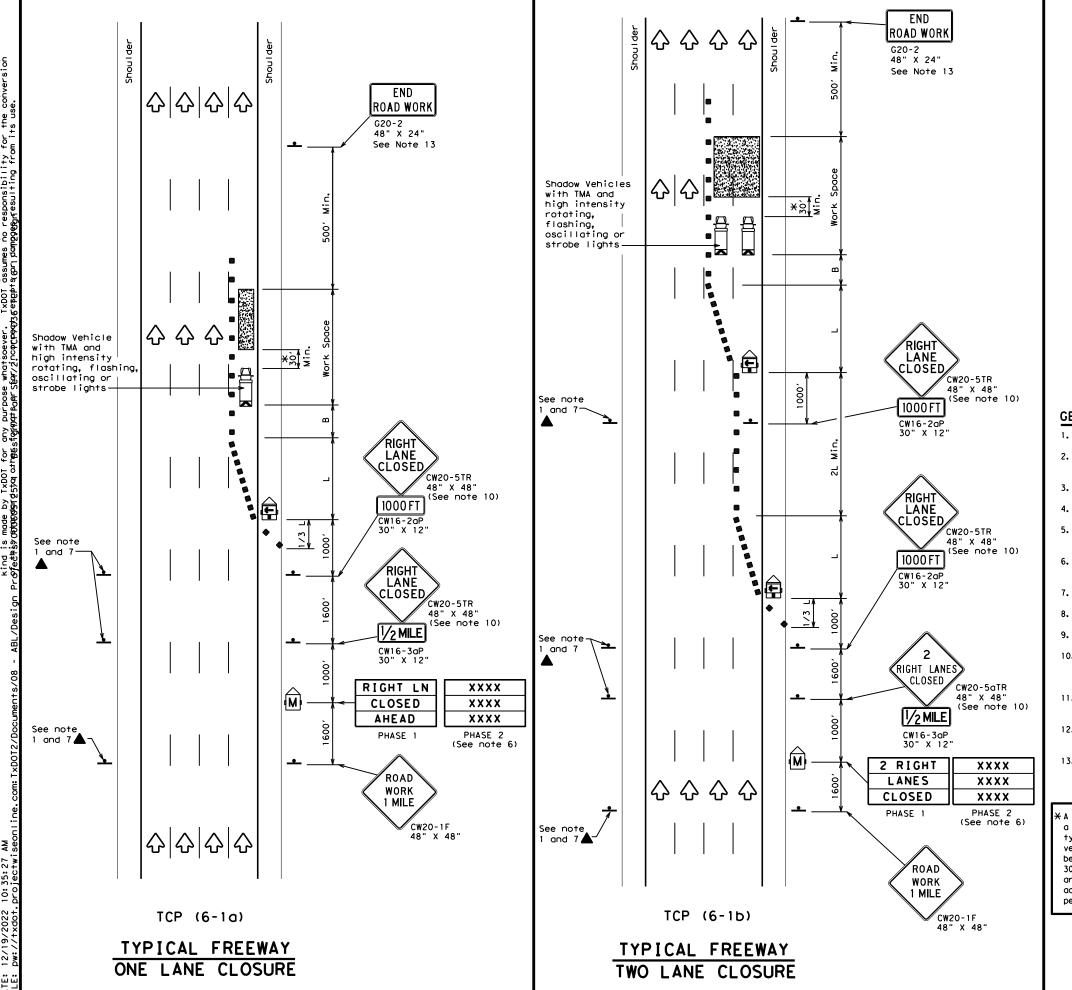


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHOULDER WORK FOR FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP (5-1)-18

ILE:	LE: tcp5-1-18.dgn				CK:	DW:	С	к:
C) T×DOT	February	2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS		0006	05	125		ΙH	20
2-18			DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
			ABL		TAYLO	R	Ι.,	35



LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices			
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)			
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)			
+	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow			
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПO	Flagger			

					_		
Posted Speed	Formura	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Spaci Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	4951	5401	45′	90'	1951
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	295′
60	- "3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	701	140′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	540′
80		8001	880′	960′	80'	160'	615′

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1	1					

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer.
- 3. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 4. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 5. Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- 6. Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- 7. Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- 8. The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control
- devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD. 9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the bottom of the sign.
- 10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- 12. For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

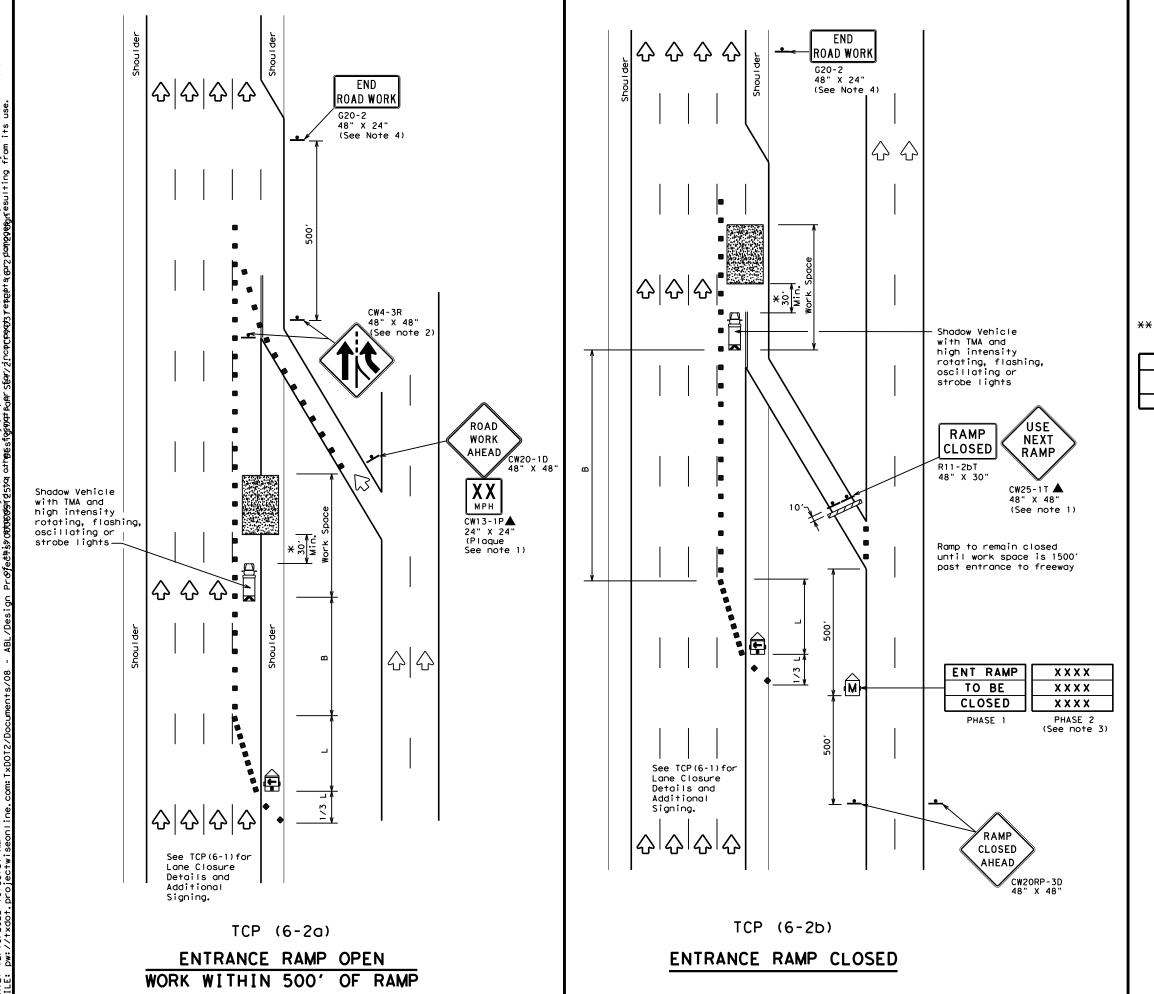
A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP (6-1)-12

	_		_			_	
FILE:	tcp6-1.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
8-12	REVISIONS	0006	05	125		ΙH	20
0-12		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		ABL		TAYLO	R		36



	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	00	Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger								

Offset Offset Offset   Toper   Tangent		Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Spacir Channe	ng of Lizing	Longitudinal Buffer Space			
50   50   50   50   50   50   100   240   55   55   55   600   55   600   55   600								"B"			
55   L=WS   550' 605' 660' 55' 110' 295' 60 60' 660' 720' 60' 120' 350' 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 410' 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 475' 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' 540'	45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	195′			
60 60 660' 720' 60' 120' 350' 65' 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 410' 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 475' 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' 540'	50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	240′			
60   600' 660' 720' 60' 120' 350' 65   650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 410' 70   700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 475' 75   750' 825' 900' 75' 150' 540'	55	1 = W S	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′			
70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 475' 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' 540'	60	L-W3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	350′			
75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' 540'	65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′			
100 000 110 1 100	70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′			
80 800' 880' 960' 80' 160' 615'	75		750' 825' 900'		900′	75′	150′	540′			
	80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160'	615′			

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY								
	1	1	1									

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign
- between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.

  3. See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date
- and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
  4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

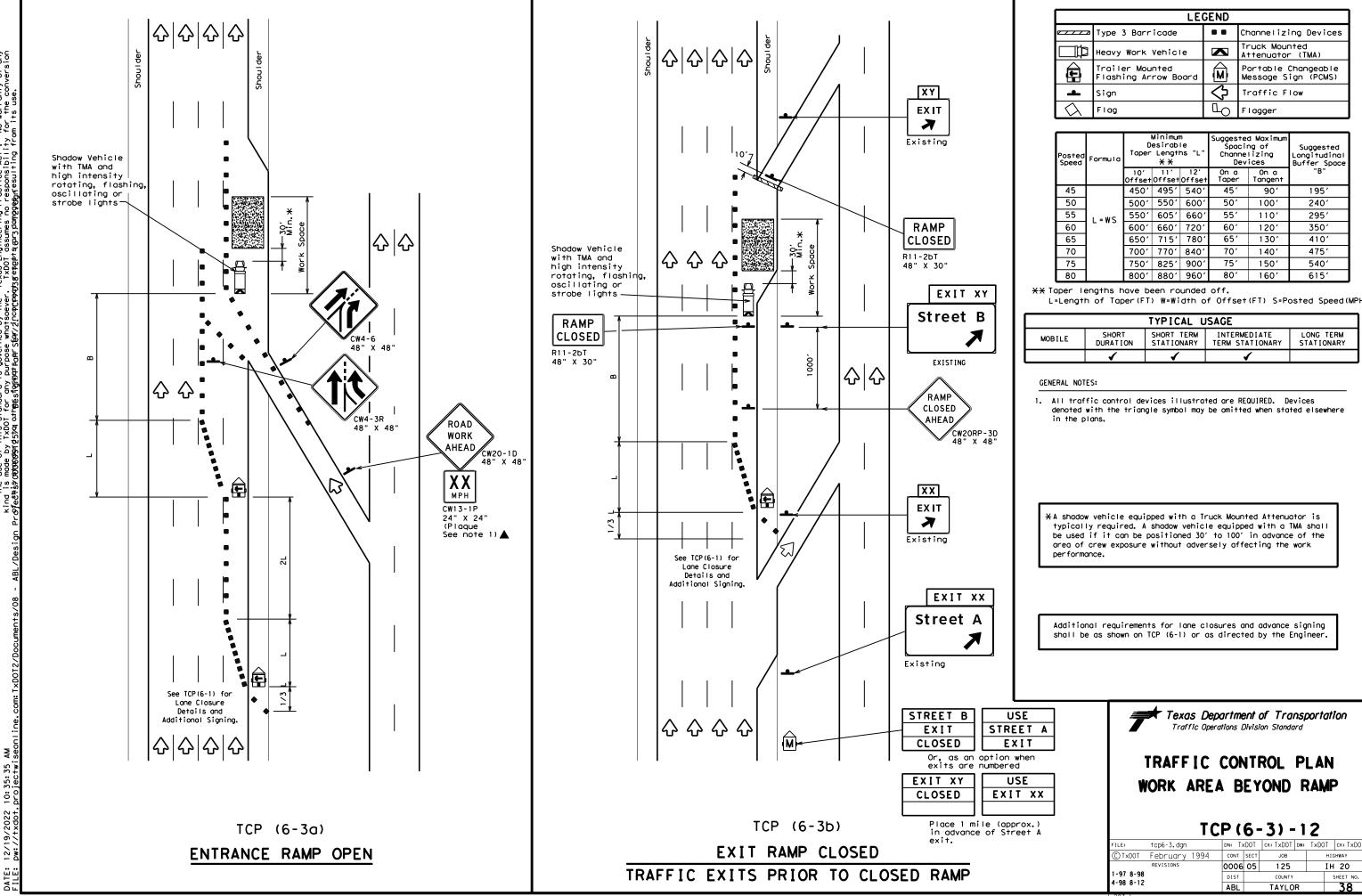
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

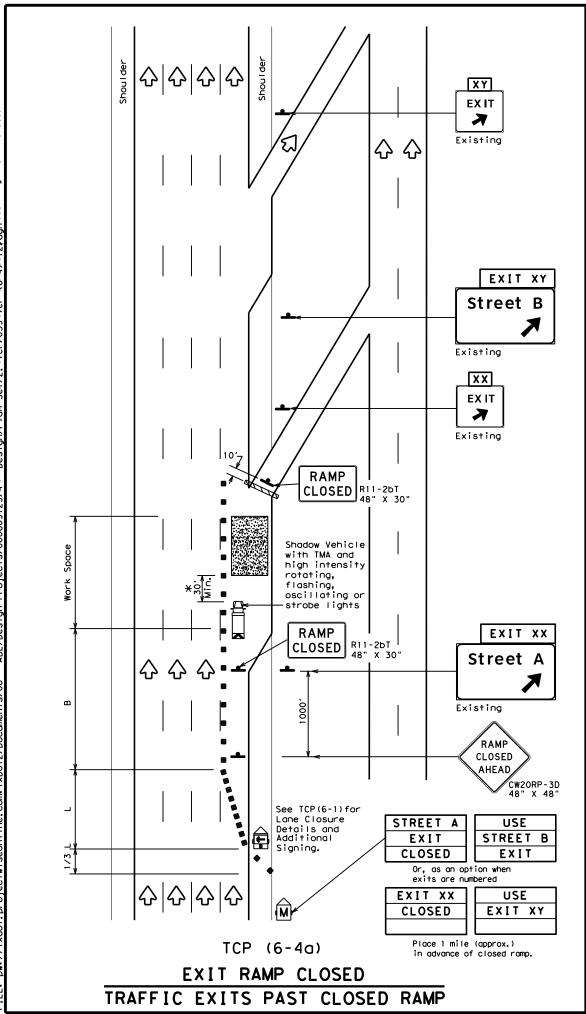


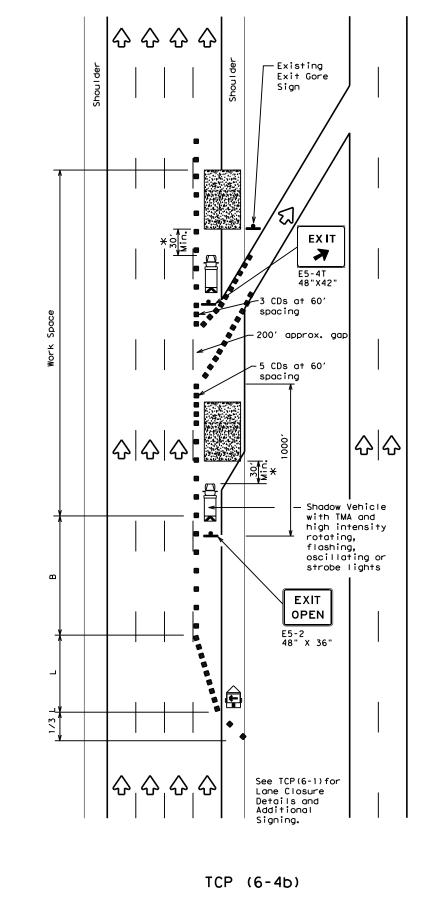
#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP (6-2) -12

_	_	_	_
FILE: tcp6-2.dgn	DN: TxDO	OT CK: TXDOT DW:	TxDOT ck: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 1994	CONT SE	CT JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0006 0	125	IH 20
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
4-98 8-12	ABL	TAYLOR	37







EXIT RAMP OPEN

	LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	3	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
+	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПO	Flagger								
	-	,	_								

			Minimur	n	Scocsto	d Maximum	
Posted Speed Formula		Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Spacii Channe	ng of	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	295′
60	- 113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140'	475′
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	540′
80		8001	880′	960′	80′	160'	615′

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
	1	1	✓								

#### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC Standards for sign details.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

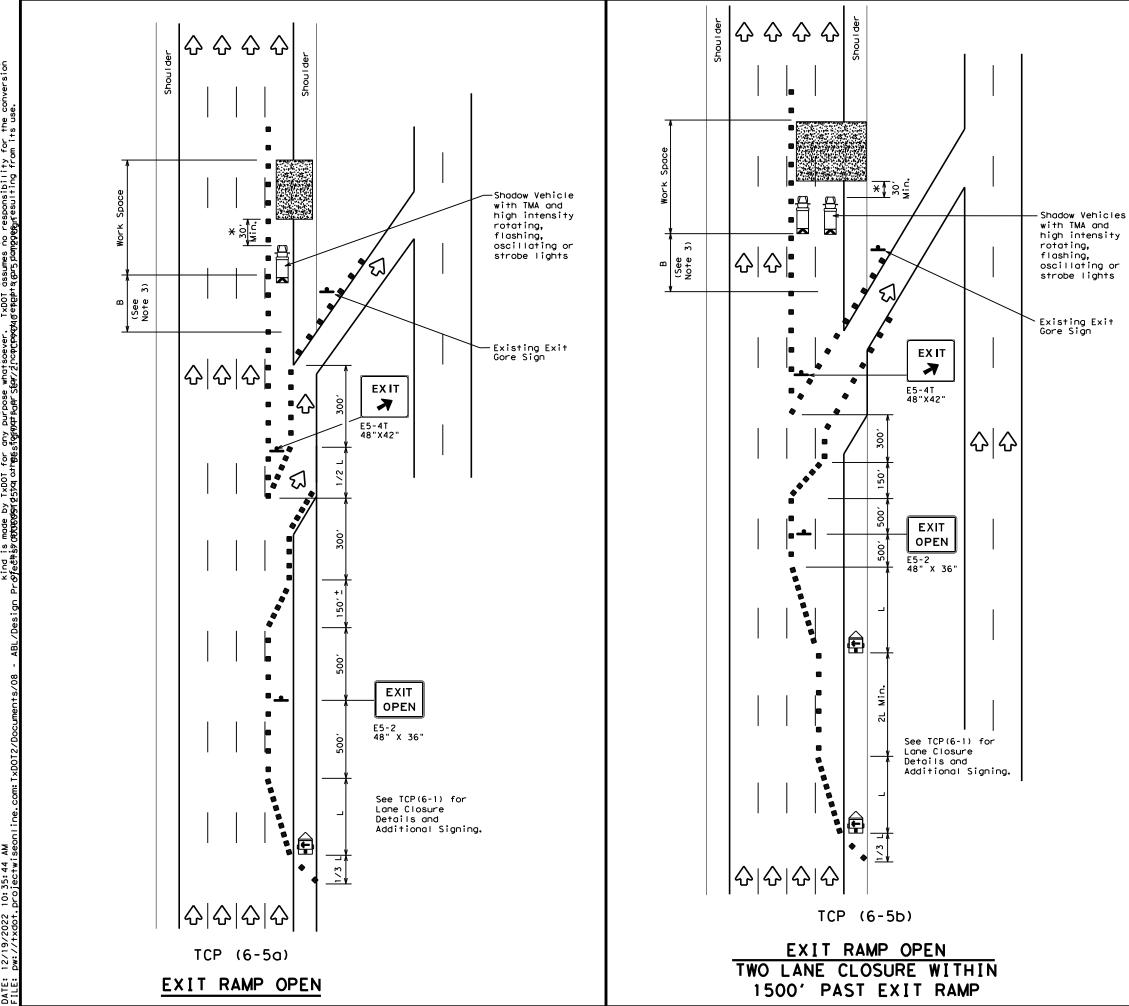
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-4) -12

	- •	·- ·	•	- •	-	_	
FILE:	tcp6-4.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	Feburary 1994	CONT	CONT SECT		JOB		GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0006	05	125		IΗ	20
1-97 8-98		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-12		ABL		TAYLO	R		39



	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
+	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab Lengti XX	le	Spacii Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	195′
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′
60	L-W3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750' 825' 900'			75′	150′	540′
80		8001	880′	960′	80′	160'	615′

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY								
	1 1 1											

#### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing the ramp.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

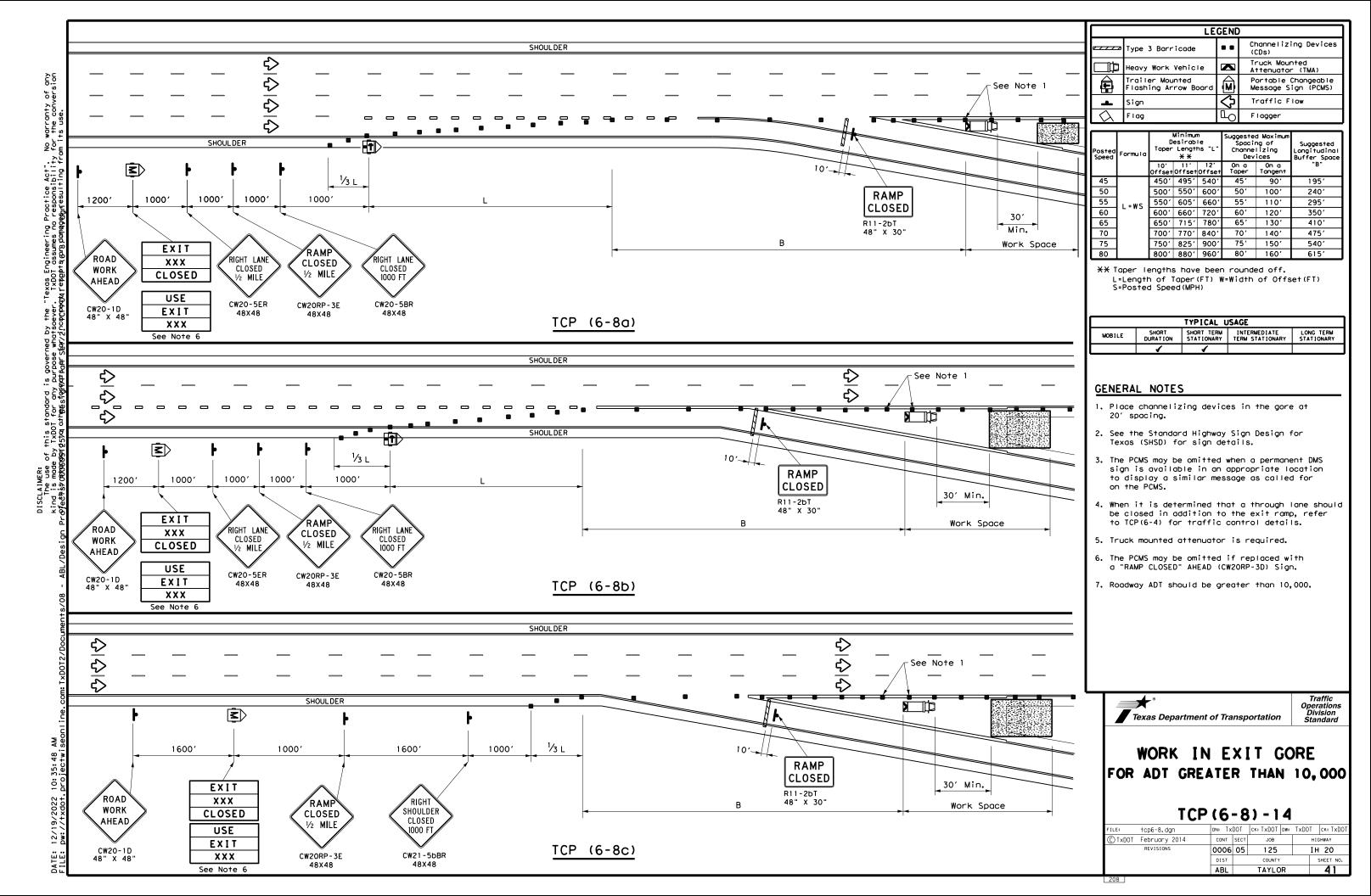
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

TCP(6-5)-12

		_		_	•		_	
FILE:	tcp6-5.dgn		DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>T×DOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
©TxDOT Feburary 1998		CONT	SECT	T JOB		HIO	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS		0006	05	125		IΗ	20
1-97 8-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-	12		ABL		TAYLO	R		40



WORK OFF RIGHT SHOULDER

OF DIVIDED ROADWAYS

☐\_ Flagger 30 SURVEY CREW 35 AHEAD FND END 40 ROAD WORK ROAD WORK 45 CW21-6D 48" X 48" 50 G20-2a G20-2a 55 36" X 18" 36" X 18" (See Note 1) (See Note 1) 60 65 (See Note 6) 70 75 ★ Conventional Roads Only \*\*X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L\*Length of Taper (FT.) W\*Width of Offset (FT.) S\*Posted Speed (MPH) SURVEY CREW AHEAD CW21-6D DEFINITIONS: Work Vehicle with high intensity, rotation, flashing, oscillating or GENERAL NOTES: strobe lights (See Note 4) 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be omitted for short Min. 2. When median work is protected on one side by existing median SURVE 3. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for "SURVEY CREW SURVE AHEAD 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA and flashing warning lights/arrow CREW AHEAD 5. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting 48" X 48" CW21-6D 48" X 48" (See Note 6) 6. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign placed at 1000' ahead of (See Note 6) END 7. Cones may be placed at edge of pavement adjacent to the work space ROAD WORK 2600 36" X 18" (See Note 1) SURVE CREW SURVEY AHEAD CREW AHEAD CW21-6D CW21-6D WHENEVER POSSIBLE. SURVEY PARTIES TCP (S-4a) TCP (S-4b)

WORK IN MEDIAN OF DIVIDED ROADWAYS SHOULD AVOID, BY THE USE OF OFFSET LINES, ANY UNNECCESSARY PERIODS OF TIME ON THE ROAD SURFACE.

LEGEND

MOBILE

DURATION

duration (less than 1 hour) work.

protected direction only.

protect the work space.

CREW AHEAD" signs.

Engineer.

Type III Barricade

Heavy Work Vehicle

Sign Post

10' 11' 12' On a Offset Offset Offset Taper

Minimum Desirable Suggested Maximum Taper Lengths 💥 X Spacing of Device

150′| 165′| 180′| 30′| 60′ -75′

205 | 225 | 245 | 35 | 70 ' -90 '

265' 295' 320' 40' 80' -100

450' 495' 540' 45' 90' -110'

500' 550' 600' 50' 100' -125'

550' 605' 660' 55' 110' -140'

600' 660' 720' 60' 120' -150'

650' 715' 780' 65' 130' -165'

700' 770' 840' 70' 140' -175'

750' 825' 900' 75' 150' -185'

TYPICAL USAGE: SHORT TERM

STATIONARY

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location

for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

barriers, signing and protection vehicle may be omitted for the

panel in caution mode may be used in lieu of the Work Vehicle to

side roads is desirable, but is not required when working less

than 15 minutes in area of the side road, as determined by the

the work space is optional, at the discretion of the Engineer.

The signs shown at 2600' from the work space are required.

Trailer Mounted

Flashing Arrow Panel

8-18-08 Revision

Corrected misspelling.

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

## FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-4)-08A

□Flag

Longitudina Buffer Space "B"

90'

120'

155'

195'

240'

295'

350'

410′

475′

540'

LONG TERM STATIONARY

Min. Sign Spacing

"X" Distance

120'

160'

240'

3201

400'

5001

600'

7001

8001

900'

INTERMEDIATE

TERM STATIONARY

■ Channelizing Devices

Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)

On a Tangent

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

© 1	xDOT August 2008	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
8-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
* **		0006	05	125		IH 20
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		ABL		TAYLO	R	42

OF DIVIDED ROADWAYS

WORK ON MEDIAN SHOULDER OF DIVIDED ROADWAYS

WHENEVER POSSIBLE, SURVEY PARTIES SHOULD AVOID, BY THE USE OF OFFSET LINES, ANY UNNECCESSARY PERIODS OF TIME ON THE ROAD SURFACE.

LEGEND □Flag ■ Channelizing Devices Type III Barricade Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Trailer Mounted Message Sign (PCMS)

> ☐\_ Flagger Sign Post Minimum Desirable Suggested Maximum Taper Lengths 💥 X Spacing of Device Min. Sign Spacing Longitudina Buffer Space "B" 10' 11' 12' On a Offset Offset Offset Taper On a Tangent "X" Distance 30 90' 150′|165′|180′|30′| 60′ -75′ 120' 35 2051 2251 2451 351 70'-90' 160' 120' 40 265' 295' 320' 40' 80' -100 155' 240' 450' 495' 540' 45' 90' -110' 45 3201 195' 50 500' 550' 600' 50' 100' -125' 400' 240' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110' -140' 5001 295' 600' 660' 720' 60' 120' -150' 60 6001 350' 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' -165' 65 7001 410′ 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' -175' 8001 475′ 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' -185' 900' 540'

★ Conventional Roads Only

Flashing Arrow Panel

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2a

48" X 24" (See Note 1)

500

30 ft Min.

1/3

009

LEFT

SHOULDER

CLOSED

SURVEY

CREW

AHEAD

CW21-6D

\*\*X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L\*Length of Taper (FT.) W\*Width of Offset (FT.) S\*Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE:							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

#### DEFINITIONS:

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. For short duration work, the Shadow Vehicle with TMA may be replaced by another Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing or strobe lights.
- 3. Shadow Vehicles with a TMA are desirable when workers or equipment are in the work space. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle.
- 4. If shoulders are not present, the 1/3L shoulder taper is to be omitted and four channelizing devices shall be placed in front of the arrow panel, perpendicular to traffic.
- 5. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" signs.
- 6. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads is desirable, but is not required when working less than 15 minutes in area of the side road, as determined by the Engineer.



#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-5)-08

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REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	0006	05	125		IΗ	IH 20	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	ABL		TAYLO	R		43	

#### NOTES:

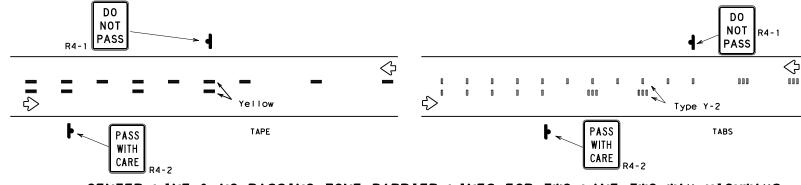
warranty of any r the conversion

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexiblereflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term payement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term payement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

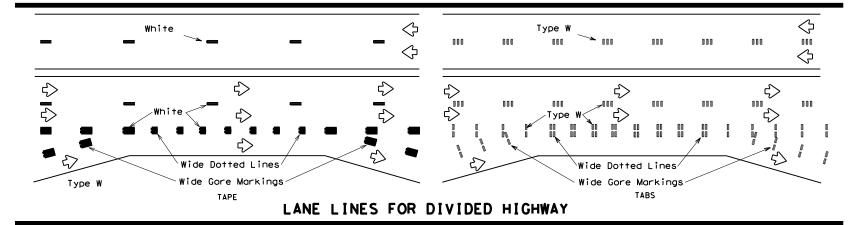
#### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

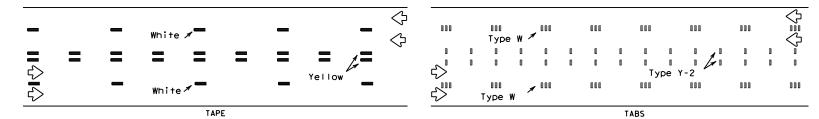
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

#### WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

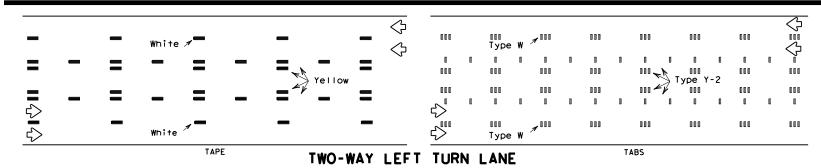


#### CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





#### LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised payement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

# Texas Department of Transportation

Operation Division Standard

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240
  "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade
  Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

#### **WORK ZONE SHORT TERM** PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ (STPM) - 13

FILE:	wzstpm-13.dgn	DN: T>	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
1-97	REVISIONS	0006	05	125		I H	1 20
3-03		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		ABL		TAYLO	R		44

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm

	LEGEND				
Type 3 Barricade					
• • • Channelizing Devices					
Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board					
•	Sign				
1111	Safety glare screen				

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICA	ATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
DELINEATORS AND OBJECT MARKERS	DMS-8600
MODULAR GLARE SCREENS FOR HEADLIGHT BARRIER	DMS-8610

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" CWZTCD)describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/producer-list.html

BARRIER DELINEATION WITH MODULAR GLARE SCREENS

Refer to applicable BC and/or TCP sheets for approach requirements. Centerline  $\Diamond$  $\Diamond$  $\Rightarrow$  $\Rightarrow$ See Notes 2 & 3 NOTES: Opposing Traffic Opposing Traffic Opposing Channelizing Channelizing Traffic Devices (See Devices (See Lane Divider Lane Divider

VERTICAL PANELS & OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD) SEPARATING TWO-WAY TRAFFIC ON NORMALLY DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

traffic barrier on which they are installed so the joint between barrier sections will not be spanned by any one safety glare screen unit.

 Screen Panel/blades will be designed such that reflective sheeting conforming with Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, Sign Face Materials, Type B or C Yellow, minimum size of 2 inches by 12 inches can be attached to the edge of the panel/blade. The sheeting shall be attached to one glare screen panel/blade per section of concrete barrier not to exceed a spacing of 30 feet. Barrier reflectors are not necessary when panel/blades

4. Payment for these devices will be under statewide Special Specification

This detail is only intended to show types of locations where Glare Screens would be appropriate. Required signing and other devices shall

are installed with reflective sheeting as described.

"Modular Glare Screens for Headlight Barrier."

be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### When two-lane, two way traffic control must be maintained on one roadway of a normally divided highway, opposing traffic shall be separated with either temporary traffic barriers, channelizing devices, or a temporary raised island throughout the length of the two way operation. The above Typical Application is intended to show the appropriate application of channelizing devices when

**₩** 

 $\Rightarrow$ 

 $\Rightarrow$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

they are used for this purpose. This is not a traffic control plan. If this detail is to be used for other types of roads or applications, those locations should be stated elsewhere in the

Space devices according to the Tangent Spacing shown on the Device Spacing table on BC(9) but not exceeding 100'.

- Every fifth device should be an OTLD except when spaced closer to accommodate an intersection. An OTLD should be the first device on each side of intersecting streets or roads.
- 4. Locations where surface mount bases with adhesives or self-righting devices will be required in order to maintain them in their proper position should be noted elsewhere in the plans.
- Channelizing devices are to be vertical panels, 42" cones or tubular markers that are at least 36" tall. Tubular markers used to separate traffic should have a rubber base weighing at least 30 pounds. Tubular markers that are 42" tall or more shall have four bands of reflective material as detailed for 42" cones on BC(10). Tubular markers less than 42" but at least 36" tall shall have three bands of 3" wide white reflective material spaced 2" apart. Reflective material shall meet DMS-8300, Type A.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TYPICAL DETAILS

W7 (TD) - 17

WZ (ID) - II							
FILE:	wztd-17.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
4-98	REVISIONS 2-17	0006	05	125		ΙH	1 20
3-03	2-11	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		ABL	TAYLOR			45	
110							

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DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS						
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240					
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241					
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300					

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

#### GENERAL NOTES

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are installed.
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

	TABLE 1						
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices					
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11					
7/// T D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.						
② >3 1 D D	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11					
0 to 3/4 7 D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".						
Notched Wedge Joint							

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	nal roads	36" >	< 36"
Freeways/ex divided		48" ×	48"



# SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

**WZ (UL) - 13** 

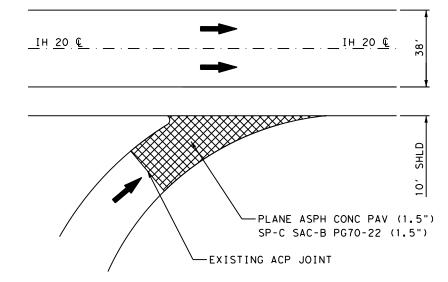
Traffic Operations Division Standard

	**-	•					
FILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0006	05	125		IΗ	20
8-95 2-98	7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 3-03		ABL		TAYLO	R		46

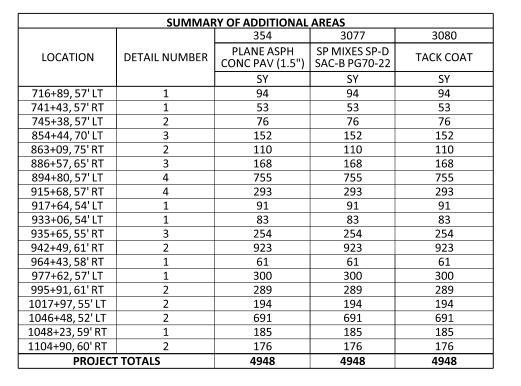
112

12 |

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# RAMP DETAIL 3



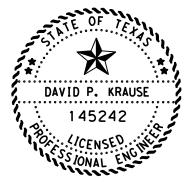
#### LEGEND

ADDITIONAL AREA

TRAFFIC ARROW

#### NOTES:

- 1) TACK COAT WILL BE REQUIRED AS DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER ON ALL SURFACE AND VERTICAL FACES BETWEEN INTERIOR JOINTS.
- 2) MATCH EXISTING PROFILE AND CROSS SLOPE.



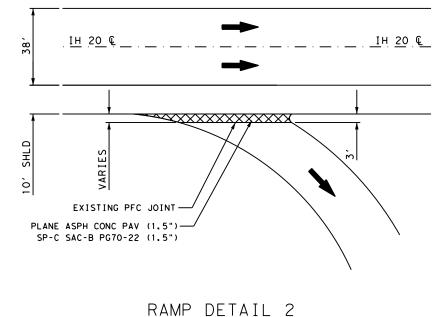
David Krause P.E.

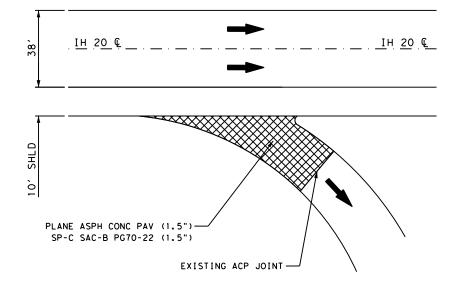
12/19/2022

#### ADDITIONAL RAMP AREAS DETAIL



SCALE:	N/A		S	HEET	1	OF	1
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	•	НΙ	GHWA	Y NO.	
6	SEE TITLE SHEET					20	
STATE		COUNT	Y		SHI	EET N	Э.
TEXAS							
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOE	3		47	
ABL	0006	05	125	5			





RAMP DETAIL 4

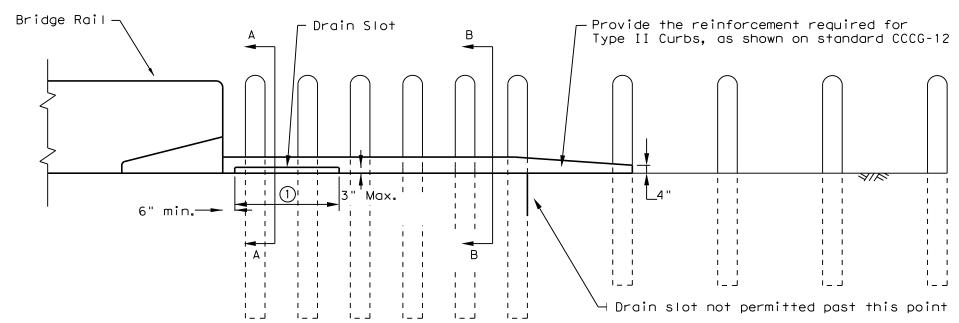
Projects/000605125/4

/Design

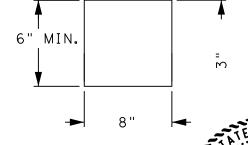
- 1. THE PURPOSE OF THIS DETAIL IS TO DESCRIBE DETAILS AND PLACEMENT OF A DRIAN SLOT IN THE CURB. SEE APPLICABLE MBGF STANDARD, MOW STRIP STANDARD, AND/OR THE THRIE BEAM STANDARD FOR SPECIFIC PARTS, STANDARD DRAWINGS AND GENERAL NOTES RELATING TO INSTALLATION OF THE MOW STRIP, THRIE BEAM OR MBGF.
- 2. DRAIN SLOT MAYBE FORMED AS A VOID OR CUT IN PRECAST CURB.

#### CURB DETAIL ELEVATION

Thrie Beam not shown for clarity.



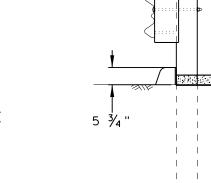
1 1/2" **→** REQUIRED (2) #3 REBARS (WITH 1 1/2" END COVER)



DAVID P. KRAUSE

(1) Match flume width up to 4 feet Max. 7" Min.

David Erause P.E. 12/19/2022



SECTION B-B

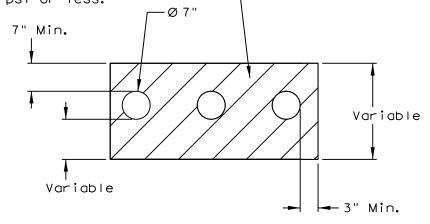
Design Division METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

Texas Department of Transportation

**TRANSITION** CURB DETAIL

FILE: curbdetail.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOC	CK: KM DW: \		VP CK:CL	
© TxDOT January 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0006	05	125	125 IH 2		1 20
	DIST	DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	ABL		TAYLO	R		48

Cut out flume concrete and fill with grout mixture consisting of: 2719 pounds of sand, 188 pounds Type I or II cement, and 550 pounds of water per cubic yard, with a 28 day compressive strength of approximately 230 psi or less.



3" Max. SECTION A-A

#### GENERAL NOTES

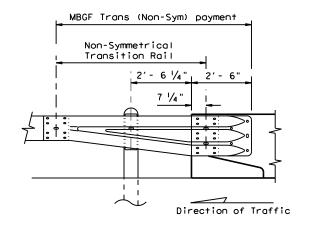
- 1. For more detail: See GF(31), SGT()31, GF(31)TR, and GF(31)TL2 standard sheets.
- 2. Quantities of metal beam guard fence (MBGF) at individual bridge ends are as shown in the plans.
- 3. Use average daily traffic (ADT) for the current year to determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual unless otherwise specified. Where significant traffic volume growth is anticipated on low volume (0-750 ADT) highways, use length determinations for the higher volume category.
- 4. MBGF may not be required to shield departure end of bridge unless other obstacles within the horizontal clearance limits or opposing traffic indicate a MBGF consideration.
- Downstream anchor terminals (DAT) are only for downstream end anchorage use, outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.
- 6. Direct connection of MBGF to concrete rails are only for downstream rail connections outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic. (This requires a minimum of three standard line posts plus the DAT terminal, See Detail A)
- 7. The crown shall be widened to accommodate MBGF. Typically the "front slope" break should be 2'-0" from the back of the MBGF post. This applies to new construction on new alignment or where existing roadway cross section is to be widened to increase roadway width. This does not apply to rehabilitation work where existing roadway crown width is to be retained (See Typical Cross Section at MBGF).
- 8. For restrictive bridge widths: The MBGF should be properly transitioned from the existing bridge rail to the adjoining MBGF (See MBGF Transition Standards). Metal beam guard fence at these bridge location(s) shall be flared at the rate of 25:1 or flatter, and be of the length necessary to locate the terminal end at the 2 ft. "maximum" offset from the shoulder edge in the approach direction.
- Transition length and post spacing will vary depending on the transition type. Transition type will be shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 10. A minimum 25' length of MBGF will be required.

See GF(31) standard

for post types.

Edge of shoulder

widened crown.



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION
AT MBGF

Note:
All rail elements shall
be lapped in the direction
of adjacent traffic.

#### DETAIL A

Showing Downstream Rail Attachment



BRIDGE END DETAILS

(METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE APPLICATIONS TO RIGID RAILS)

BED-14

E: bed14.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOC	ck: AM	DW:	BD/VP	ck: CGL
TxDOT: December 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB	H		GHWAY
REVISIONS SED APRIL 2014	0006	05	125			20
(MEMO 0414)	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	ABL		TAYLO	R		50

BUTTON HEAD BOLT

NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

ILE: gf3119.dgn DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/A TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2019 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0006 05 125 IH 20 TAYLOR

- 1. THE DETAIL SHOWN IS THE MINIMUM LENGTH OF NEED (LON) FOR A DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL (DAT) CONNECTED TO
- 2. THE RAIL SECTION AT THE END POST IS SUPPORTED BY THE SHELF ANGLE BRACKET. THE RAIL ELEMENT IS NOT ATTACHED
- 3. THE FOUNDATION TUBES SHALL NOT PROJECT MORE THAN 3  $\frac{3}{4}$  " ABOVE THE FINISHED GRADE.
- 4. ALL HARDWARE FOR DAT SHALL BE ASTM A307 UNLESS

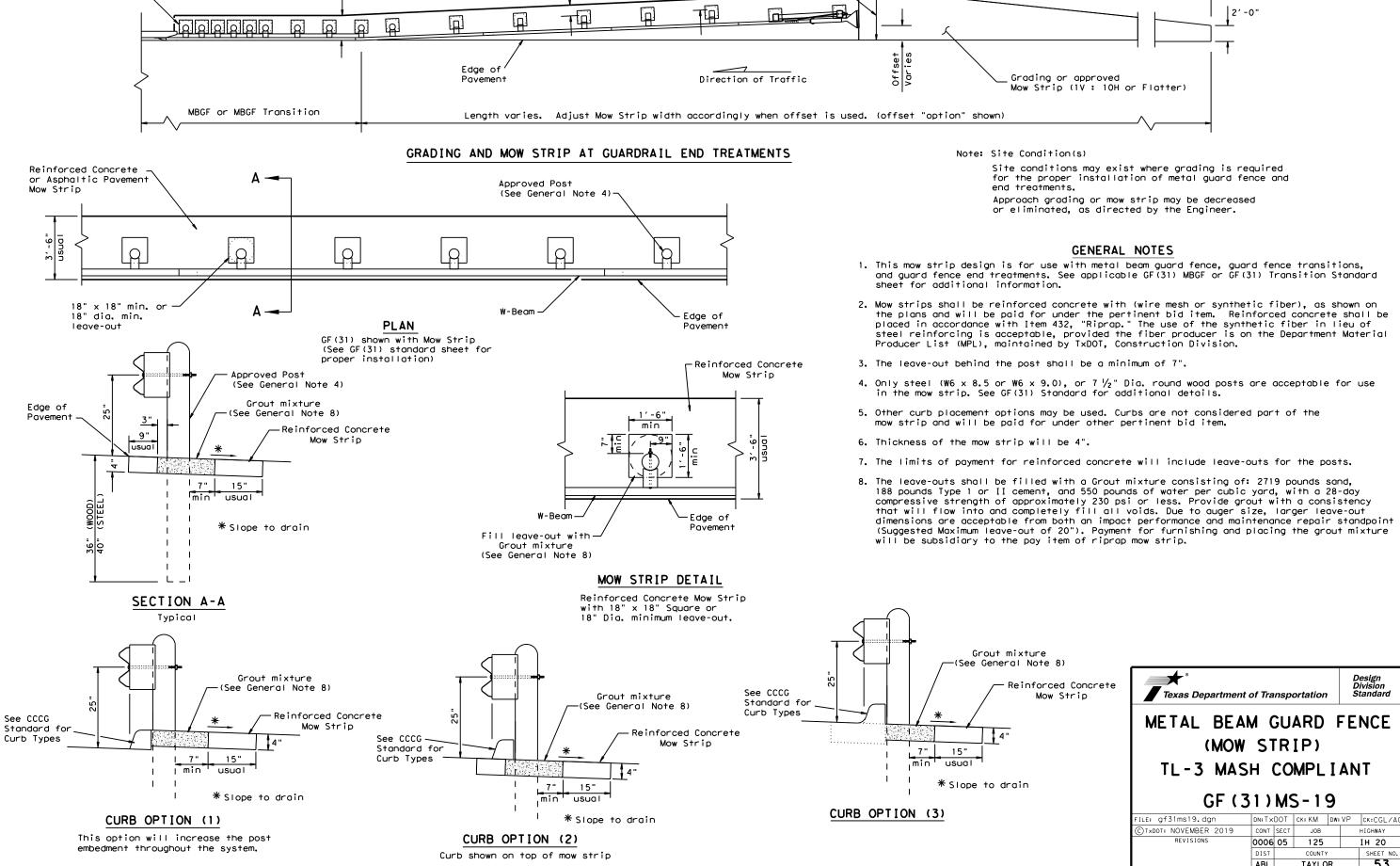
INSTALLATION THE LEAVE-OUT AREA AROUND THE STEEL FOUNDATION TUBES AND THE TWO CHANNEL STRUTS MAY BE OMITTED. THIS WILL REQUIRE A

#	(DAT) PARTS LIST	QTY
1	STEEL FOUNDATION TUBE	2
2	DAT TERMINAL POST	2
3	CHANNEL STRUT	2
4	TERMINAL RAIL ELEMENT	1
5	SHELF ANGLE BRACKET	1
6	BCT BEARING PLATE	1
7	BCT POST SLEEVE	1
8	GUARDRAIL ANCHOR BRACKET	1
9	(ROUNDED) W-BEAM END SECTION	1
10	BCT CABLE ANCHOR	1
11	RECESSED NUT, GUARDRAIL	20
12	1 1/4" BUTTON HEAD BOLT	4
13	10" BUTTON HEAD BOLT	2
14)	% " X 2" HEX HEAD BOLT	8
15	% " X 8" HEX HEAD BOLT	4
16	% X 10" HEX HEAD BOLT	2
17	5% " FLAT WASHER	18

#### METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL) TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) DAT-19

E: gf31da+19.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: KM	DM: ,	VP C	k:CGL/AG
TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0006	05	125		I	H 20
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	ABL		TAYLO	R		52



Minimum 1'-10" beyond

guard fence

posts -

Approx.

50' Approach Taper of Grading or Mow Strip

JOB

125

TAYLOR

IH 20

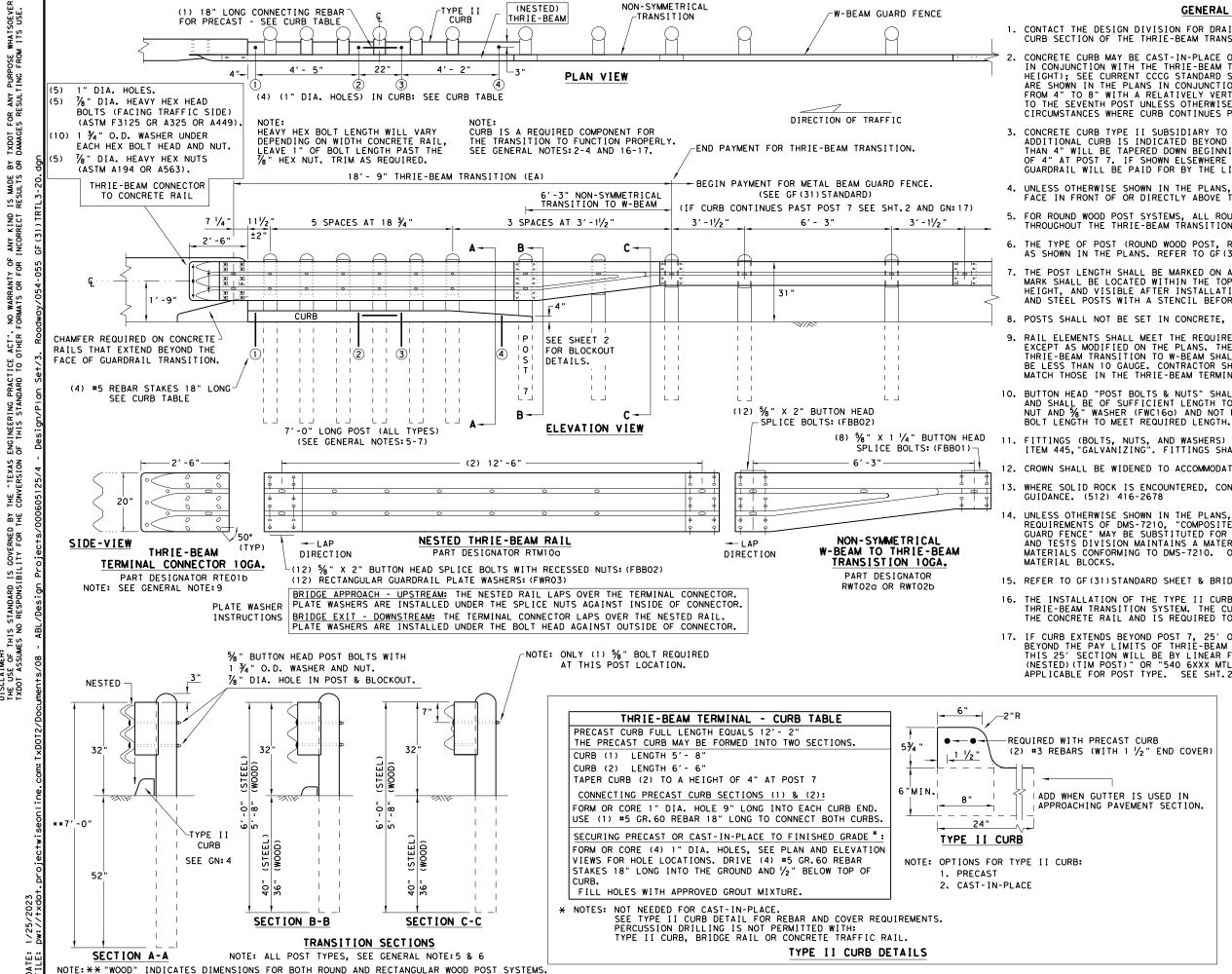
53

Note: See SGT standard sheets for

of need requirements.

proper installation and length

-3′-6" Typical



#### GENERAL NOTES

- CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- ¾" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7  $\frac{1}{2}$ " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST  $\frac{1}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STEEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5/6" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING
- 11. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

#### HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION SHEET 1 OF 2

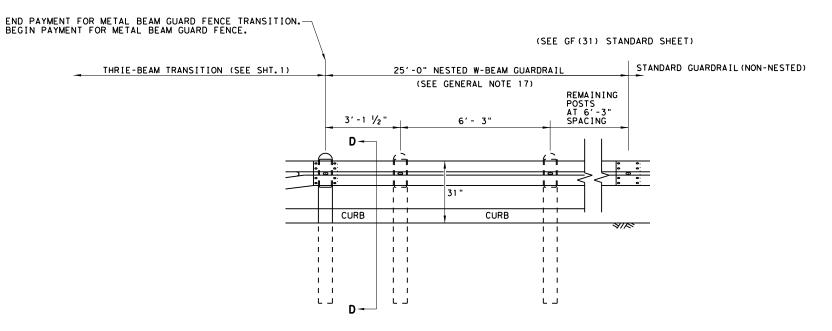


METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

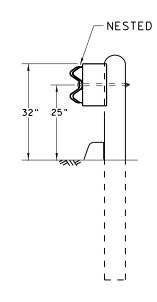
GF (31) TR TL3-20

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C)TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
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	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	ABL		TAYLO	R		54	

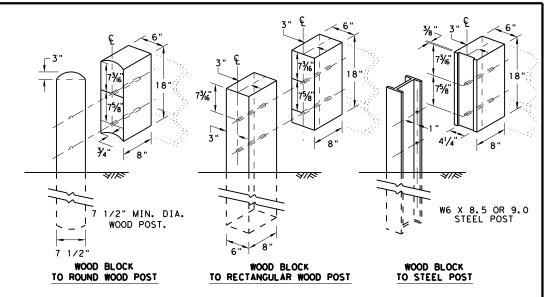
REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)



ELEVATION VIEW



SECTION D-D



#### THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

#### HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

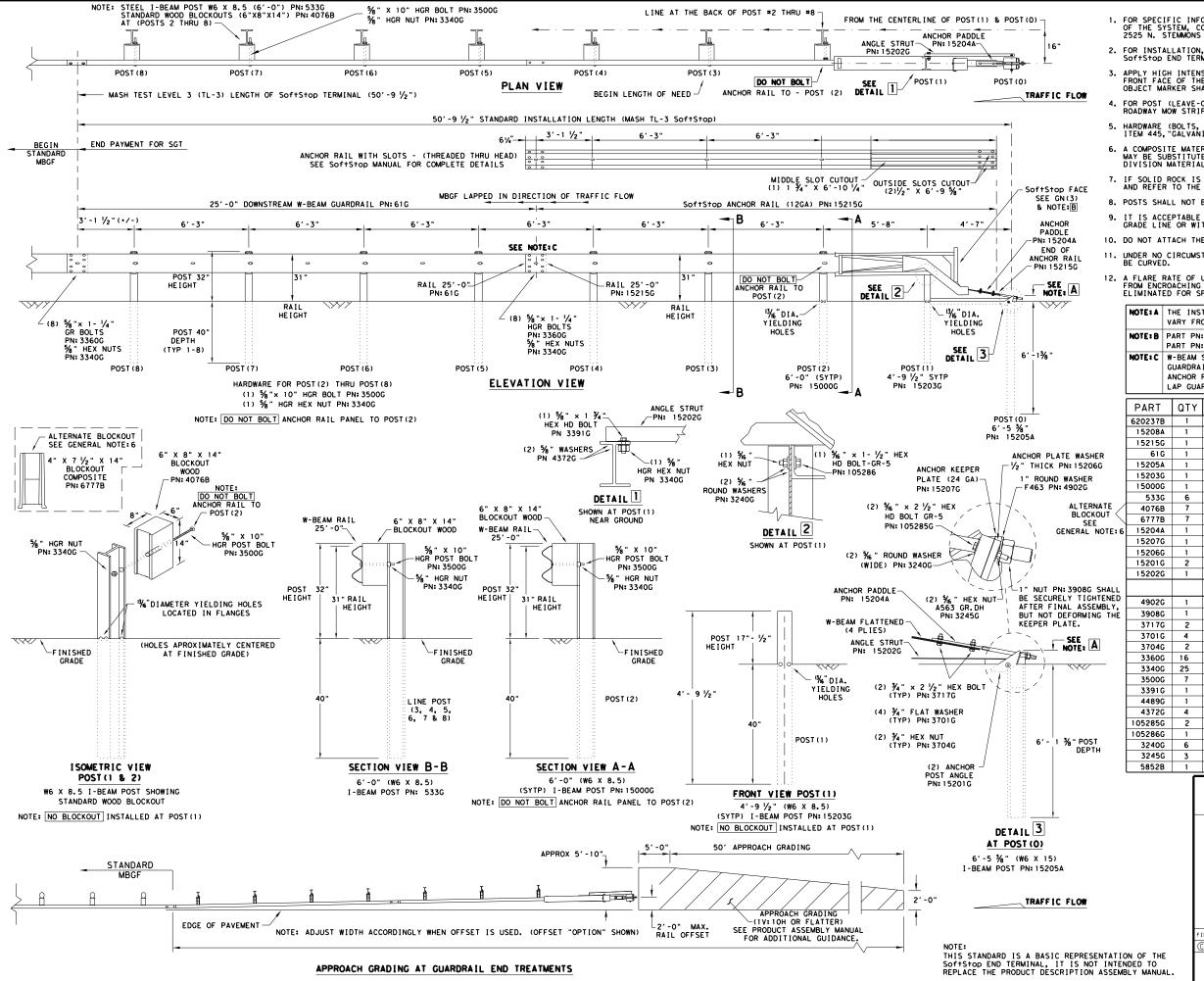
SHEET 2 OF 2



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL3-20

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%" X 10" HGR BOLT PN: 3500G

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY AT 1 (888) 323-6374. 2525 N. STEMMONS FREEWAY, DALLAS, TX 75207
- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; SOf+Stop END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. PN: 620237B
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WIT ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 8. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFTSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT.
- 10. DO NOT ATTACH THE SOFTSTOP SYSTEM DIRECTLY TO A RIGID BARRIER.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOF†S†op SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

NOTE: A	THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL VARY FROM 3-7/4" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE.
NOTE: B	PART PN: 5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING) PART PN: 5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)
NOTE: C	W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST(4) AND LINE POST(5) GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN: 61G ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN: 15215G LAP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW.

MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

PARI	QIY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS
620237B	1	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.)
15208A	1	SoftStop HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH)
15215G	1	SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS
61G	1	SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25' - 0")
15205A	1	POST #0 - ANCHOR POST (6'- 5 %")
15203G	1	POST #1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 ½")
15000G	1	POST #2 - (SYTP) (6'- 0")
533G	6	POST #3 THRU #8 - I-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6'- 0")
4076B	7	BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14")
6777B	7	BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" $\times$ 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " $\times$ 14")
15204A	1	ANCHOR PADDLE
15207G	1	ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA)
15206G	1	ANCHOR PLATE WASHER ( 1/2" THICK )
15201G	2	ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG)
15202G	1	ANGLE STRUT
		HARDWARE
4902G	1	1" ROUND WASHER F436
3908G	1	1" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH
3717G	2	¾" × 2 ½" HEX BOLT A325
3701G	4	¾" ROUND WASHER F436
3704G	2	¾" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR.DH
3360G	16	%" × 1 ¼" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR
3340G	25	%" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR
3500G	7	%" × 10" HGR POST BOLT A307
3391G	1	%" × 1 ¾" HEX HD BOLT A325
4489G	1	%" × 9" HEX HD BOLT A325
4372G	4	%" WASHER F436
105285G	2	%6" × 2 1/2" HEX HD BOLT GR-5
105286G	1	%6" × 1 1/2" HEX HD BOLT GR-5
3240G	6	% " ROUND WASHER (WIDE)
3245G	3	% " HEX NUT A563 GR.DH
5852B	1	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE: B

Texas Department of Transportation

TRINITY HIGHWAY SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (10S) 31-16

E: sgt10s3116	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW: VP		ck: MB/VP
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0006	05	125		II	1 20
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	ABL		TAYLO	R		56

#### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	% " x 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	¾" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	%" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR. 2) MGAL	48
18	2001840	%" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	%" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	%" RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	%" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" x 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

Design Division Standard

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

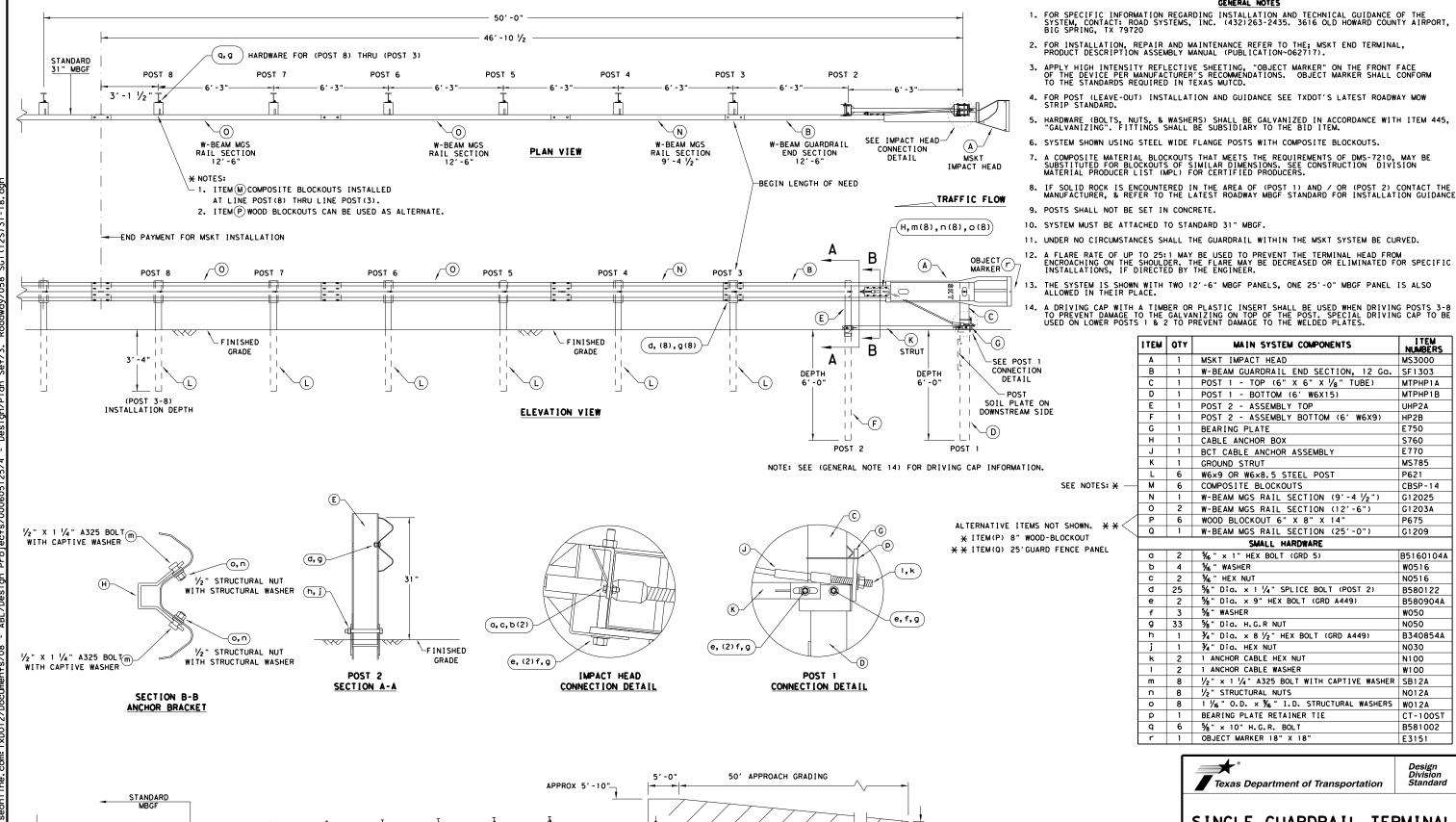
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	ABL		TAYLO	R		57

EDGE OF PAVEMENT

NOTE: TXDOT GENERIC APPROACH GRADING LAYOUT USED FOR ALL TANGENT TYPE END TREATMENTS.

NOTE: ADJUST WIDTH ACCORDINGLY WHEN OFFSET IS USED. (OFFSET "OPTION" SHOWN)-

APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS



- 2' -0"

RAIL OFFSET

(25:1 MAX

FLARE RATE)

APPROACH GRADING
(1V: 10H OR FLATTER)

SEE PRODUCT ASSEMBLY MANUAL

FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE.

Design Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

2'-0'

TRAFFIC FLOW

NOTE: THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE MSKT END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

SMALL HARDWARE

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

I TEM NUMBERS

MS3000

MTPHP1A

MTPHP1B

UHP2A

HP2B

E750

S760

F770

P621

MS785

CBSP-14

G12025

G1203A

P675

G1209

W0516

N0516

W050

N050

N030

N100

W100

N012A

W012A

CT-100S1

B581002

E3151

B580122

B580904A

B340854A

B5160104A

SGT (12S) 31-18

ILE: sg+12s3118.dgn	DN:Tx	DOT	CK: KM	DW	:VP	CK: CL
TxDOT: APRIL 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0006	05	125			IH 20
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ABL		TAYLO	R		58

TXDOT FOR ANY PURPOSE DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ₽ R IS MADE RESULTS K IND RRECT ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". NO WARRANTY OF OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER FORWATS OR FOR THE "TEXAS I 표표 DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR T

GENERAL NOTES FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: SPIG INDUSTRY, INC. AT 1 (267) 644-9510. 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD; BRISTOL, VA 24202 NOTE: THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE GUARDRAIL PANELS FOR (MODIFIED PANEL 4) \* NOTE: GUARDRAIL PANELS 2 & 3 (ITEM C) MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH ONE 25'-0" GUARDRAIL PANEL (ITEM D). END OF LENGTH OF NEED PANEL 4 MODIFIED PANEL 1 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S; SGET END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. MODIFIED PANEL 2 PANEL 3 9'-4 1/2" 12'-6" 12'-6" (b, (2d), e, f) 12'-6" 3. MANUFACTURER WILL APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER' TO THE FACE PLATE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. THE OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD. -3′ 1½<del>"-|-</del>3′ 1½ <del>"</del> -6'**-**3 (a, d, f) POST 1 FIELDSIDE FACE -(H)STRUT C GR PANEL B2 GR PANEL 4. THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF +/- ONE INCH. C GR PANEL 5. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD. POSŤ 3 PLAN VIEW (Q) (POST 2 THROUGH POST 8) ARE MODIFIED STEEL-YIELDING POSTS WITH YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL. THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE POSTS. LENGTH OF NEED COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS (ITEM F) MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH (ITEM G) WOOD BLOCKOUTS. BGR PANEL NOTE: CONFIRM ALL POST OFFSET'S AS SHOWN ON THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE. POST POST 2 END PAYMENT FOR SGT DO NOT BOLT MODIFIED (PANEL 4) TO WOOD POST TRAFFIC-SIDE VIEW IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED FOR ANY OF THE POSTS IN THE SYSTEM, CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION GUIDANCE. OFFSET DISTANCE 3 TO POST 2 = 8 3 TO POST 1 = 6 BEGIN STANDARD 31 MBGF TRAFFIC FLOW GRABBER HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM. HARDWARE RAIL SPLICE HARDWARE LAP GUARDRAIL SPLICES IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW GRABBER TEETH LOCKED ONTO FRONT (h, (2i), e, f A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS DMS-7210 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN APPROVED WOOD BLOCKOUT. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS. (8) 5/8" X 1 1/4" GR BOLTS OF THE MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL YIELDING POST HARDWARE WITH %" GR HEX NUTS WOOD BREAKAWAY (1) %"× 10" GR BOLT NO BOLTS IN WITH 5/8" GR HEX NUT REAR TWO HOLES THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE OFFSET BY TWO FEET AS SHOWN ON THE APPROACH GRADING DETAIL TO HELP OFF-SET THE IMPACT HEAD FROM SHOULDER OF THE ROAD. POST J-(c, f) **(c,** f) MPACT A HEAD (**1,**m) (b, f) -(b, f) -(b, f) RF ID CHIP I TEM QTY MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS 4 111111 A 1 SGET IMPACT HEAD 1 MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL 12'-6" CĂBLE Q-YIELDING E-POST MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL 9'-4 1/2" 12GA └(I,m)¾" X 3" GR5 LAG SCREWS 2 STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL 12'-6" 12GA STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" -11 ∕FINISHED GRADE \\_(H)STRUT MODIFIED YIELDING I-BEAM POST W6x8.5 1/2 " YIELDING 11 11 -11 -11 (g, (2i), j, k BEARING ALTERNATIVE ITEMS COMPOSITE BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14" HOLES AT 41" || POST WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14" DEPTH -11 1.1 (TYP 8-2) (b, (2d),e,f 1 STRUT 3" X 3" X 80" x 1/4" A36 ANGLE HARDWARE SEE PLAN VIEW 11 11 11 1.1 11 1 FOUNDATION TUBE 6" X 8" X 72" x 3/6 11 11 H 11 WOOD BREAKAWAY POST 5 1/2" x 7 1/2" x 50" POST POST 8 POST 7 POST 6 POST 5 POST 4 POST 3 POST 2 WOOD STRIKE BLOCK STRUT POST 1 STRIKE PLATE 1/4" A36 BENT PLAT **ELEVATION VIEW** M 1 REINFORCEMENT PLATE 12 GA. GR55
N 1 GUARDRAIL GRABBER 2 ½" X 2 ½" X 16 ½"
O 1 BEARING PLATE 8" X 8 5% X 5% A36 ITEM (E) (YIELDING POST 8 THRU 2) ARE MODIFIED W6X8.5 STEEL POST WITH FOUR 1/2" YIELDING HOLES, TWO HOLES PER FLANGE. TRAFFIC SIDE VIEW P 1 PIPE SLEEVE 4 1/4" X 2 3/8" O.D. (2 1/8" I.D.) PSLV4 Q 1 BCT CABLE 3/4" X 81" LENGTH 5 1/2" X 7 1/2" X 50" WOOD BREAKAWAY POST SMALL HARDWARE WOOD STRIKE BLOCK (K)-FIELD SIDE TRAFFIC 6" X 8" X 14' W6X8.5 I-BEAM POST X 12" GUARDRAIL BOLT 307A HDG COMPOSITE BLOCKOUT WITH YEILDING HOLES STRIKE PLATE (L) NO BOLTS IN \SIDE \ 17" GUARDRAIL N-MODIFIED B-REINFORCEMENT b 7 %" X 10" GUARDRAIL BOLT 307A HDG REAR TWO HOLES RAIL M PLATE ITEM (F) -Œ I TEM REFLECTIVE SHEETING PROVIDED BY COMPANY ' X 1 ¼" GR SPLICE BOLTS 307A HDG  $rac{5}{8}$ " X 1  $rac{1}{4}$ " GR SPLICE BOLIS 30 $rac{5}{8}$ " FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG SGET (A)-√N GUARDRAII GRABBER IMPACT HEAD SEE (GENERAL NOTE 3) **1...** (h, (2i), J, K %" LOCK WASHER HDG GUARDRAIL HEX NUT HDG 39 (1) % " X 10" GR BOLT BEARING (O) -(Q)BCT CABLE X 2" STRUT BOLT A325 HDG (1) 5/8" GR NUT BEARING O HSTRUT PLATE PIPE SLEEVE " X 1 ¼" PLATE BOLT A325 HDG FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG (2) 1/2 (6h) ½" X 1 ¼" BOLTS STRUT (H)-/ MAXIMUM √2" LOCK WASHER HDG (b, (2d), e, f YEILDING HOLE (12i) ½" FLAT WASHER (6j) ½" LOCK WASHER TUBE HEIGHT 3" X 3" X 80" 5/8" × 10" GR BOLT 5/8" FLAT WASHER HEX NUT A563 HDG PÖST LENGTH ABOVE GROUND 1/4" THICKNESS " X 3" HEX LAG SCREW GR5 HDG YEILDING -FINISHED %" HEX NUT (6k) 38" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG LOCK WASHER POST GRADE 70" TUBE 2 1" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG GR NUT TUBE Œ 0 2 | 1" HEX NUT A563DH HDG LENGTH TWO FLAT WASHERS | EMBED PER BOLT, ONE EACH SIDE OF PANEL. POST 2 1 18" TO 24" LONG ZIP TIE RATED 175-200LB q 1 1 1/2" X 4" SCH-40 PVC PIPE STRUT POST 6" X 8" X 72" %" THICKNESS (I)-/ 1 RFID CHIP RATED MIL-STD-810F s 1 IMPACT HEAD REFLECTIVE SHEETING SIDE VIEW POST 1 FIELD SIDE VIEW REINFORCEMENT PLATE SIDE VIEW POST 1 POST 8 - POST 3 (TYP) FRONT END VIEW WITH GUARDRAIL GRABBER Texas Department of Transportation SPIG INDUSTRY, LLC 50' APPROACH GRADING SPECIAL NOTE: APPROX 5'-10" SGET MAXIMUM (OFFSET), HORIZONTAL FLARE STANDARD SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL OVER THE FIRST 50 FEET = 1 FOOT. SGET - TL-3 - MASH SGT (15) 31-20 EDGE OF PAVEMENT APPROACH GRADING -2'-0" MAX. ILE: sg+153120.dgr DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP (1V: 10H OR FLATTER) RAIL OFFSET NOTE: ADJUST WIDTH ACCORDINGLY WHEN OFFSET IS USED. (OFFSET "OPTION" SHOWN TxDOT: APRIL 2020 JOB THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SGET TERMINAL SYSTEM AND IS NOT INTENDED 0006 05 125 APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS TO REPLACE THE MANUFACTURER'S ASSEMBLY MANUAL

ITEM #

SIH1A 126SPZGF

GP94

GP126

GP25

CB08

WBO8

STR80

FNDT6

WBRK50

WSBLK14

REPLT17

SPLT8

GGR17

BPLT8

CBL81

12GRBLT

1 OGRBL T

1 GRBL T

58FW436

58HN563

125BLT

12FWF436

12HN563

38FW844

1FWF436

1HN563

ZPT18

PSPCR4

RS30M

RF I D8 1 OF

HIGHWAY

IH 20

TAYLOR

59

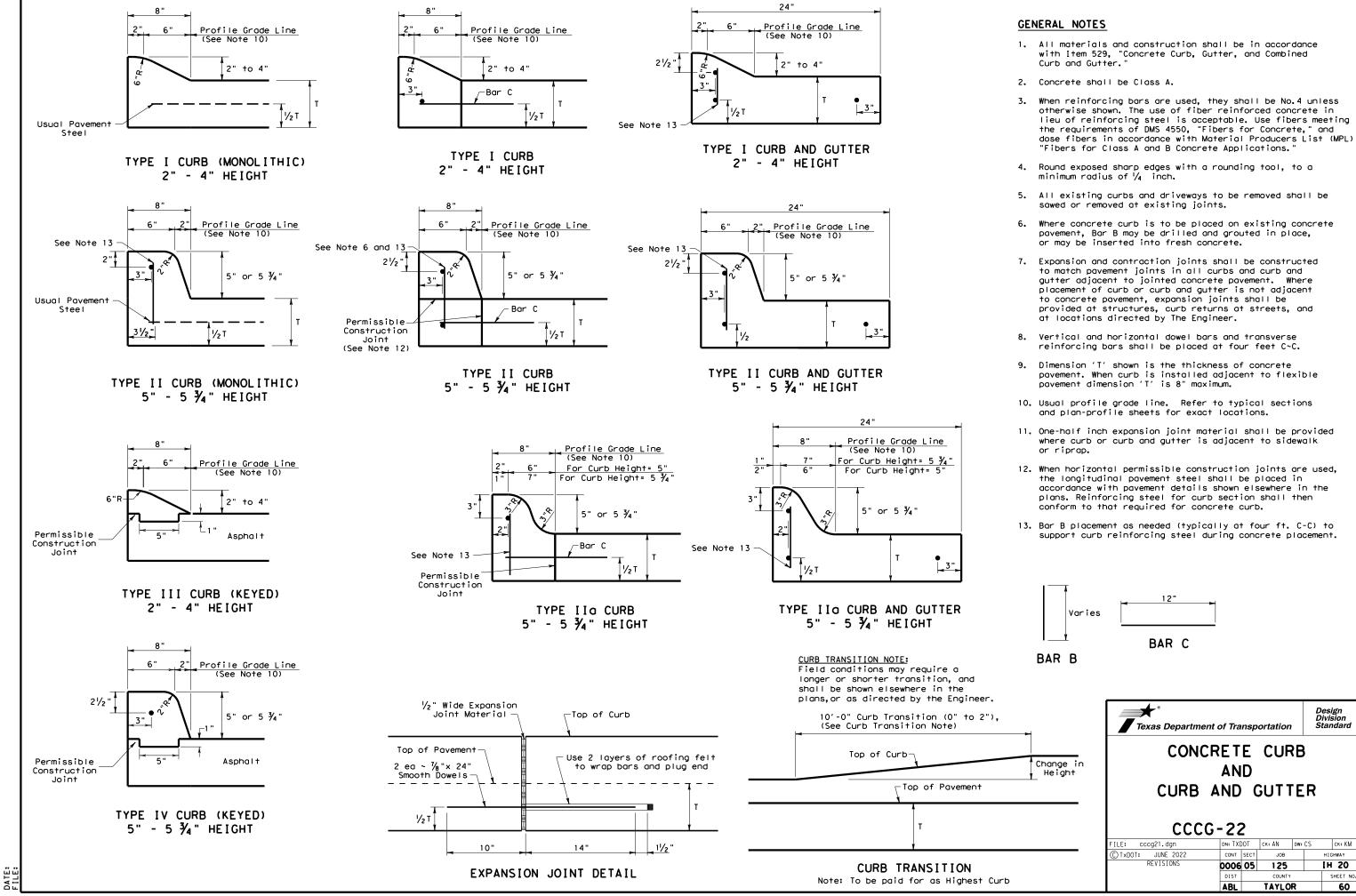
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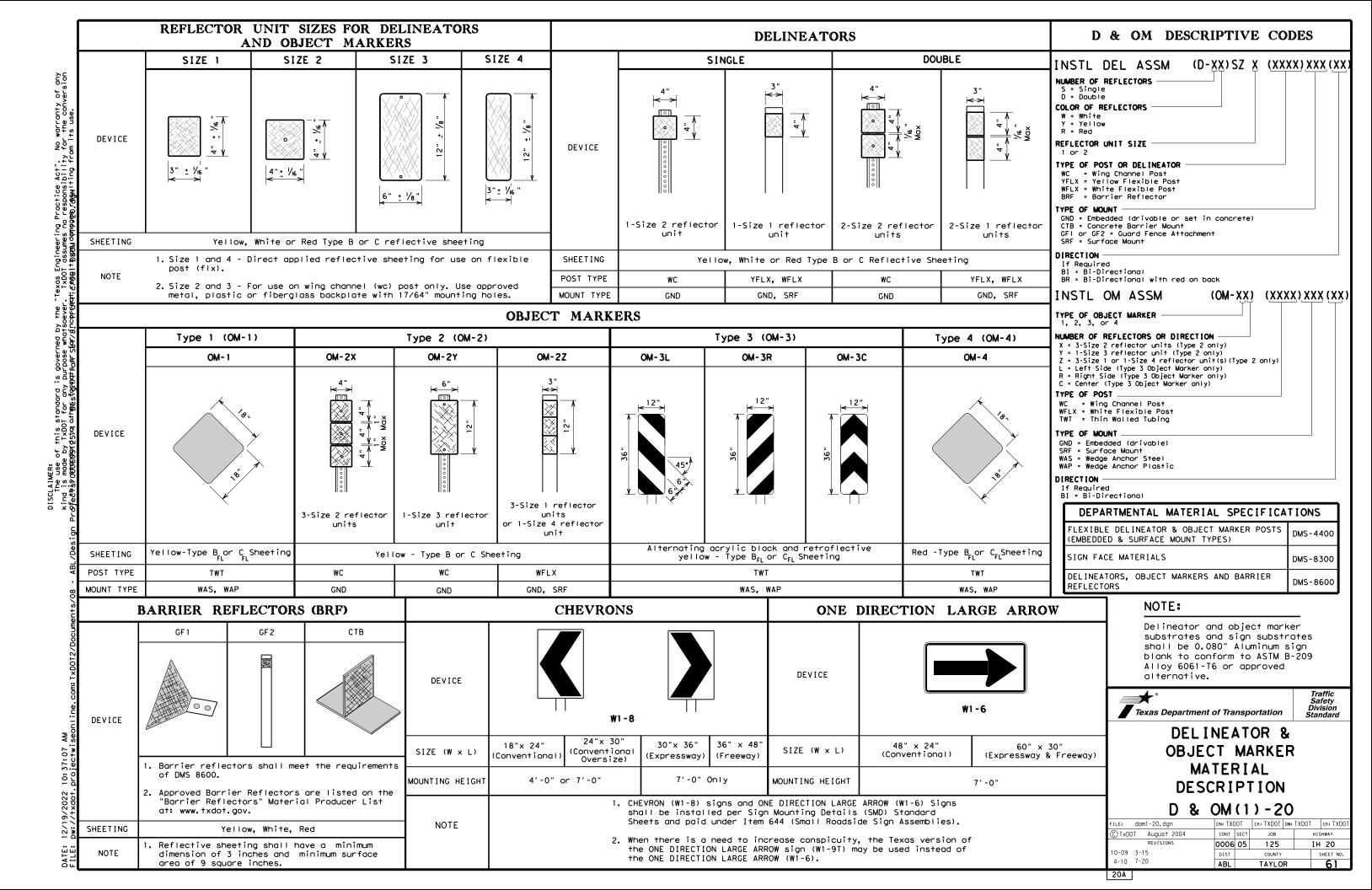
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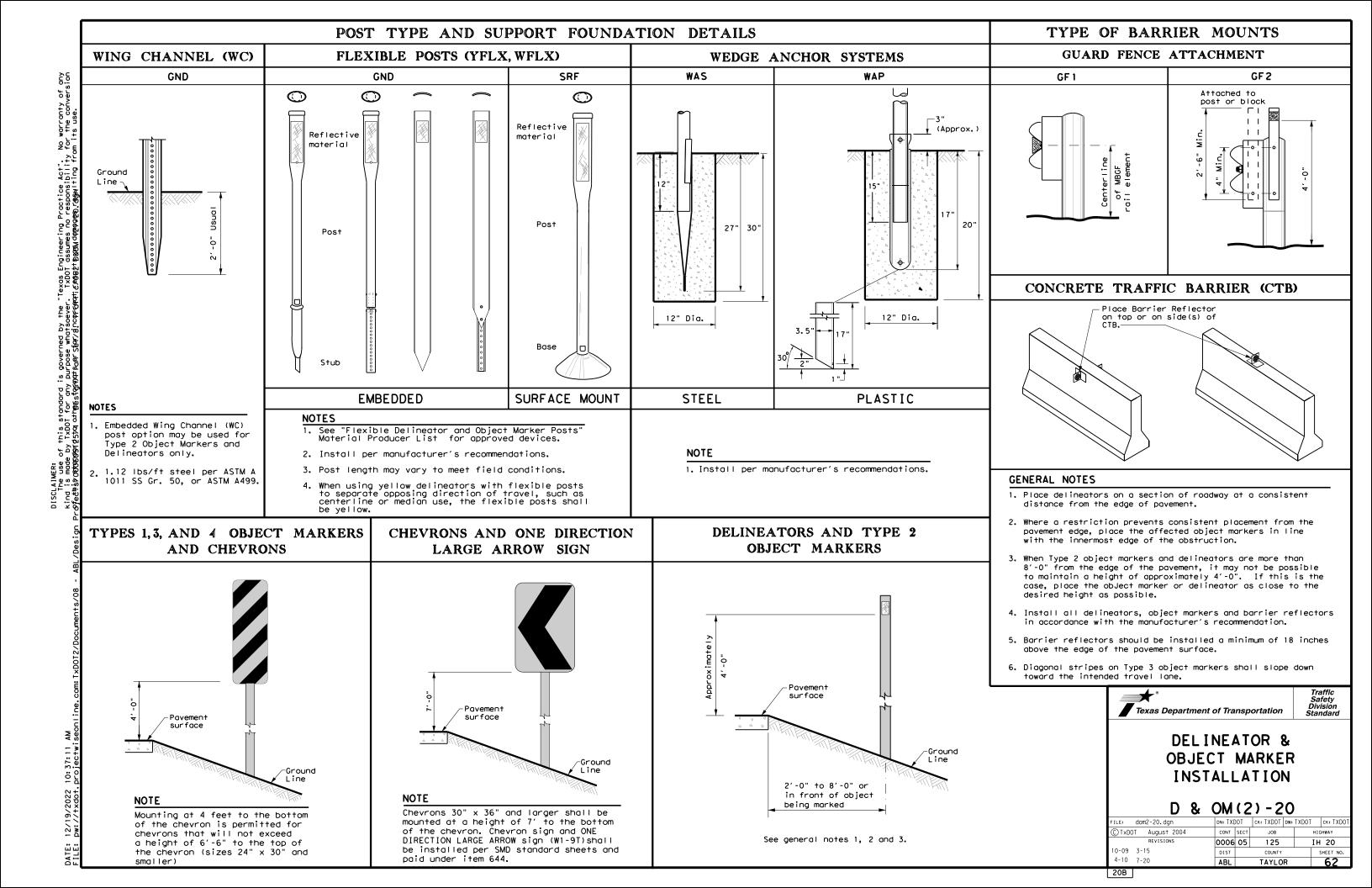
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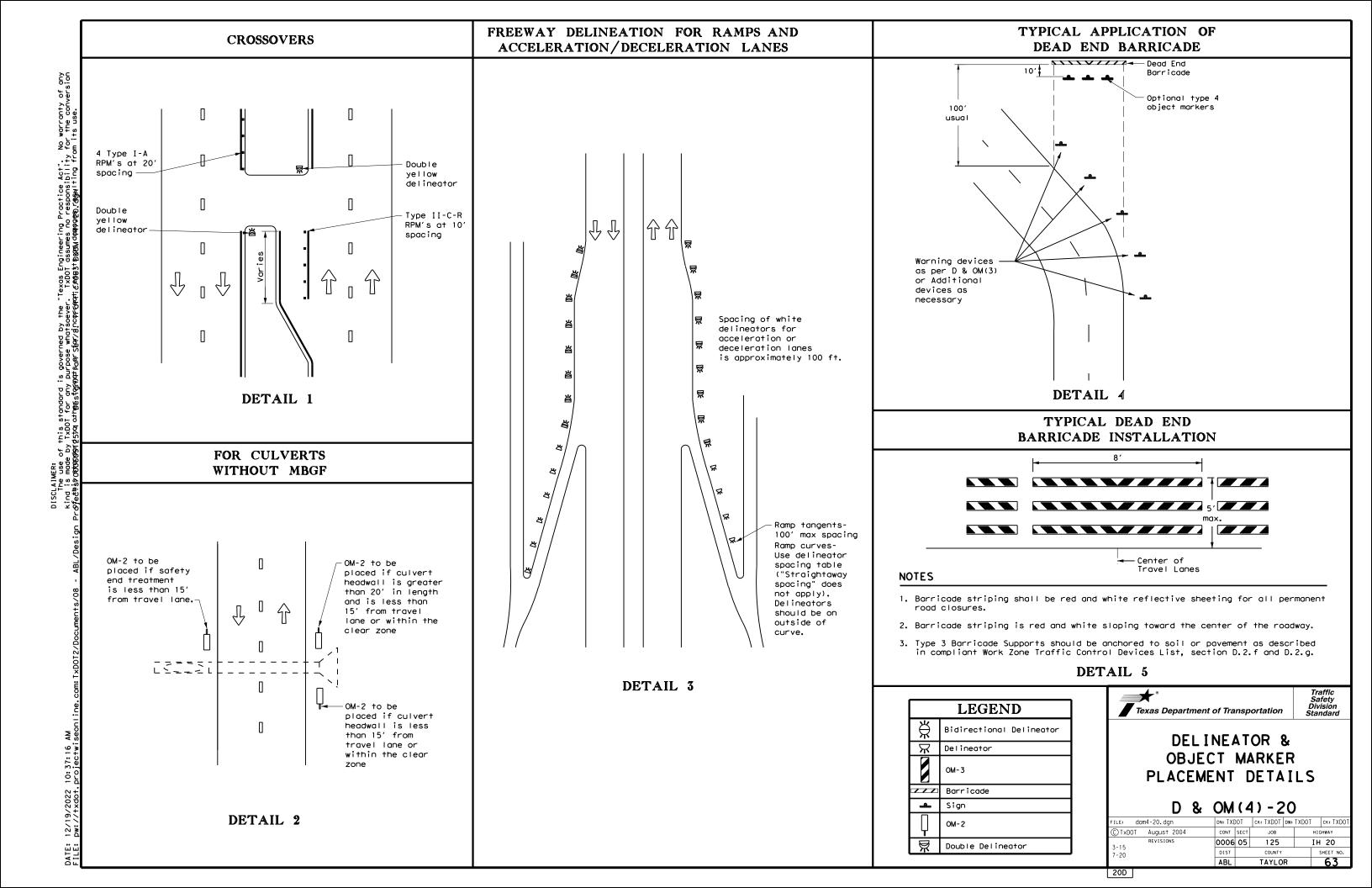
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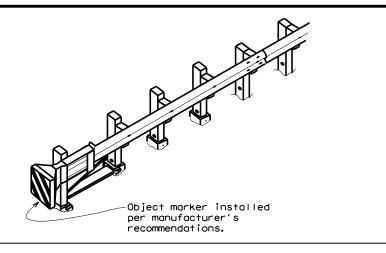
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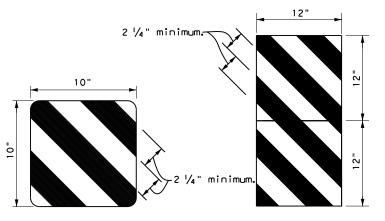




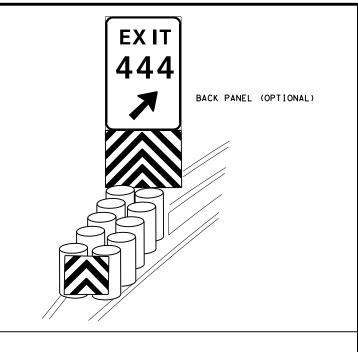


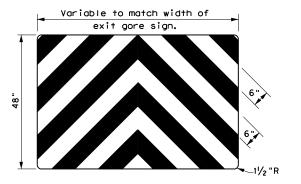






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2





#### NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of  $2\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

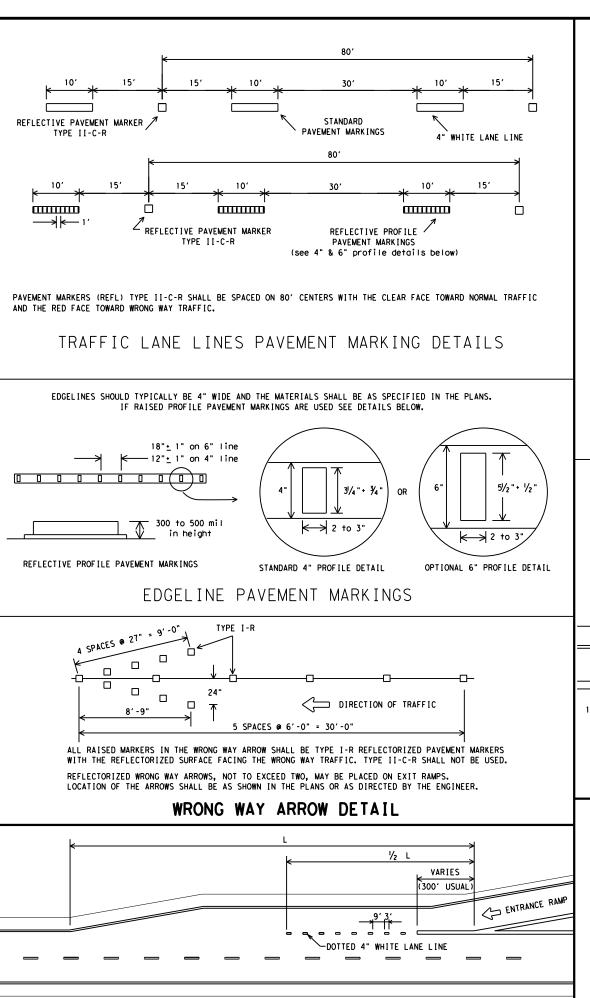
DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

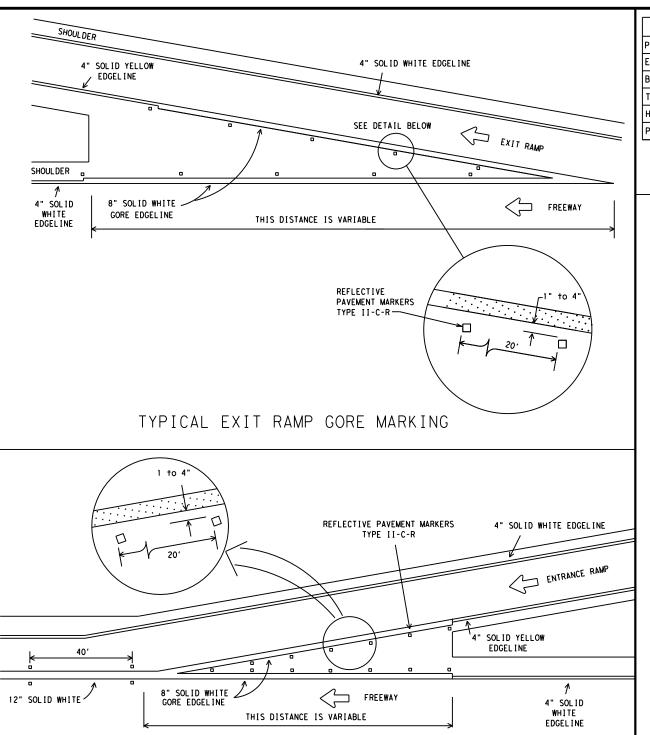
D & 0.	<b>V.</b> V	• •	~ /		
ILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TX[	)OT	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
C)TxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0006	05	125		IH 20
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 7-20	ABL		TAYLO	R	65

20G |

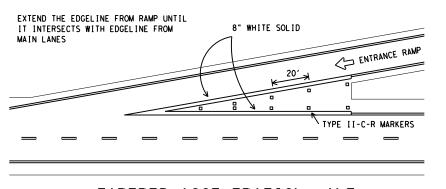




PARALLEL ACCELERATION LANE



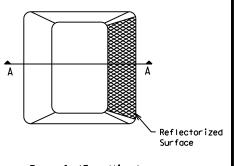
TYPICAL ENTRANCE RAMP GORE MARKING



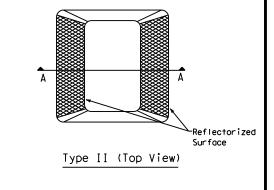
TAPERED ACCELERATION LANE

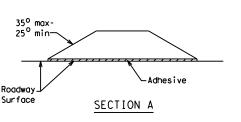
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
•	

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

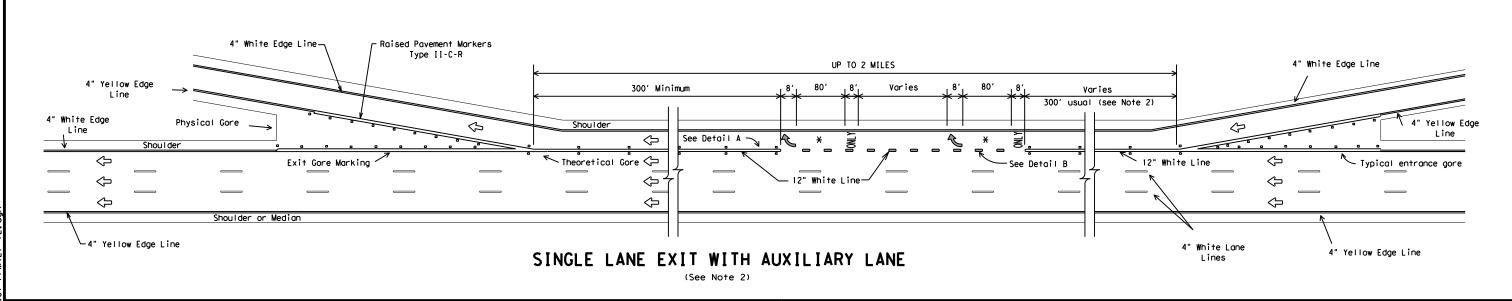


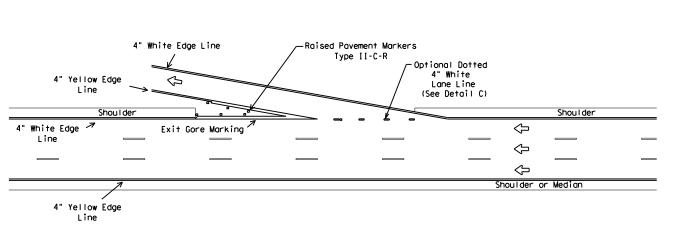
#### TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

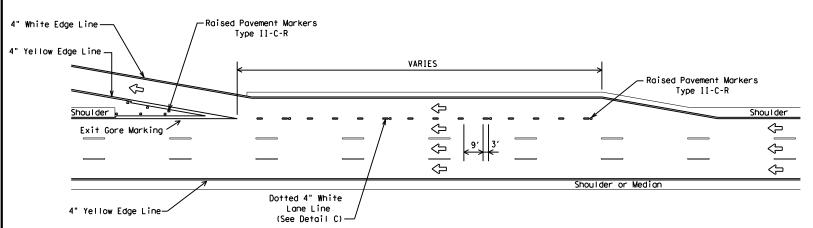
0	TxDOT May 1974	DN: TXD	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
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-92 -00	2-10 2-12	0006	05	125		ΙH	20
	2 12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO

TAYLOR

FPM(1)-12

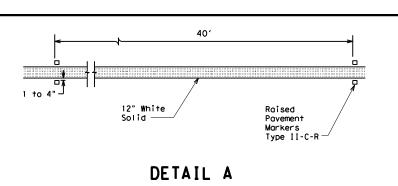


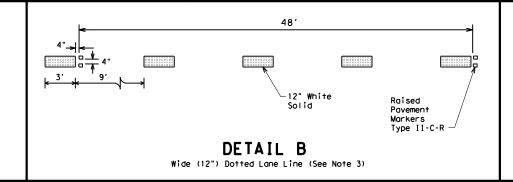


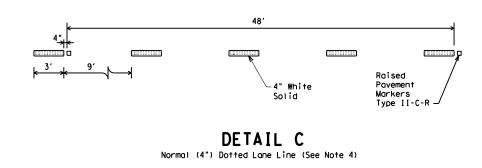


PARALLEL DECELERATION LANE

#### TAPERED DECELERATION LANE







#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Detail B) is used to separate a through lane from a lane drop at normal exit ramp and from an auxiliary lane between an entrance and exit ramp.
- 4. Normal (4") Dotted Lane Line (See Detail C) is used at parallel acceleration and deceleration lanes.

LEGEND					
$\hat{\mathbb{C}}$	Denotes direction of traffic.				
	Pavement marking arrows (white)				
X	Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used				

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	•
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

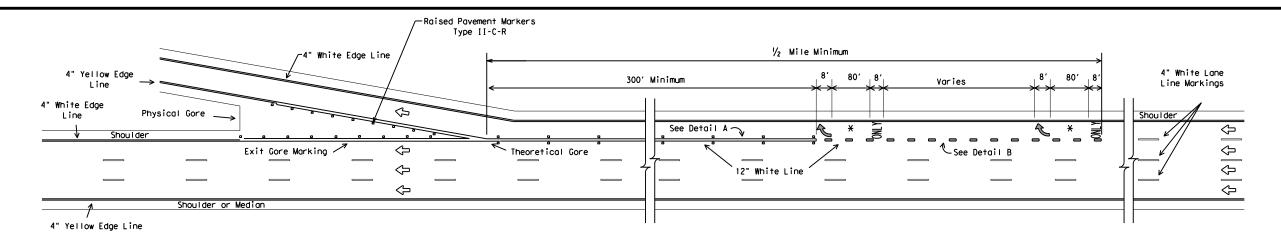
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

#### Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

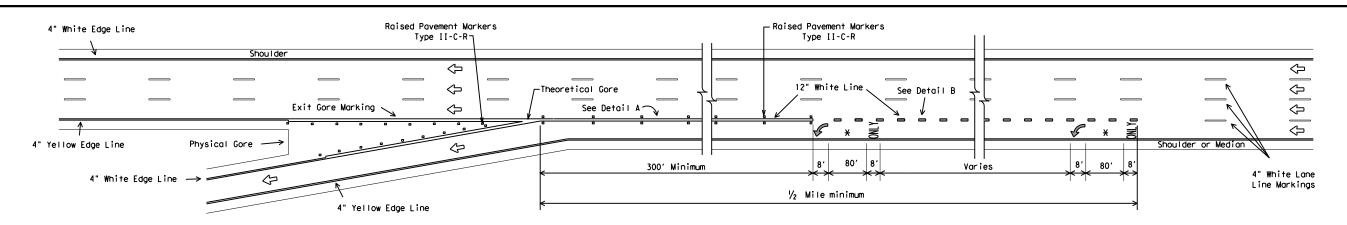
#### TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS

FPM(2)-12

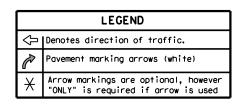
(C)	xDOT February 1977	DN: TXD	ОТ	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
4-92 2-10 8-95 2-12 5-00		0006	05	125		I	H 20
	2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
8-00		ABL		TAYLO	R		67



#### SINGLE LANE EXIT - LANE DROP OR EXIT ONLY

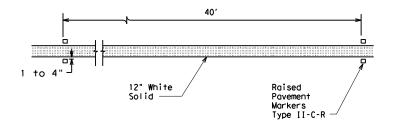


#### SINGLE LANE EXIT - LANE DROP OR EXIT ONLY (LEFTHAND)

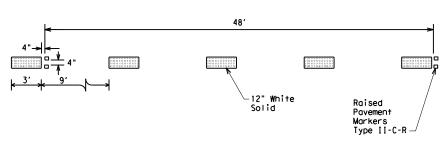


#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Detail B) is used to separate a through lane from a lane drop at normal exit ramp and from an auxiliary lane between an entrance and exit ramp.



#### DETAIL A



DETAIL B

Wide (12") Dotted Lane Line (See Note 3)

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	•
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



#### TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS LANE DROP (EXIT ONLY) EXIT RAMPS

FPM(3)-12

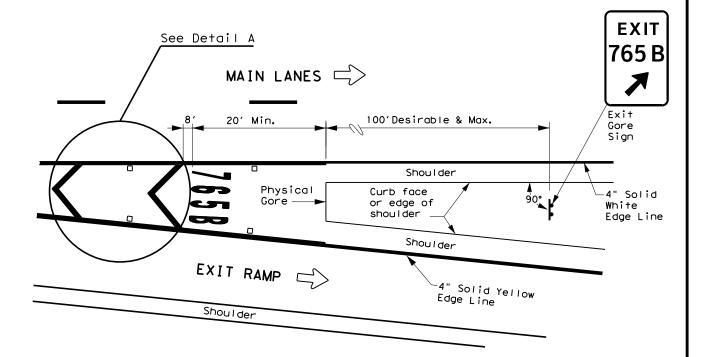
©⊺xDOT April 1992	C TxDOT April 1992 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDO		CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT
5-00 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	H I GHW		YAWH
8-00	0006	05	125		ΙH	20
2-10	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
2-12	ABI		TAYLO	R		68

#### EXIT NUMBER PAVEMENT MARKING NOTES

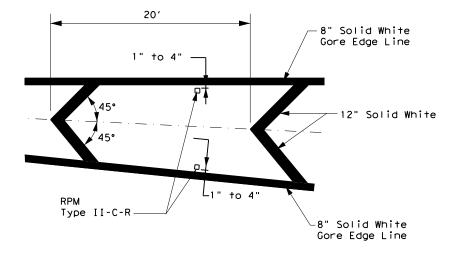
- Minimum 8 foot white markings should be used, unless otherwise noted.
- 2. Spacing between letters and numbers should be approximately 4 inches.

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion Ofethsyarangeagresta athesignmatrantscharances.

- Pavement markings are to be located as specified elsewhere in the plans.
- All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications or as specified in these plans.
- 5. Numbers and Letters details can be found in the Standard Highway Design for Texas (SHSD) Chapter 12 at http://www.txdot.gov



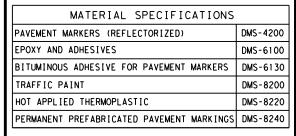
MARKINGS WITH EXIT NUMBER



#### NOTES

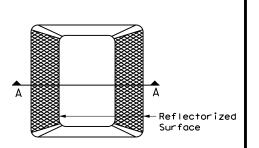
- Raised pavement markers shall be centered between chevron or gore lines.
- 2. For more information, see Reflectorized Raised Pavement Marker Detail.

#### DETAIL A

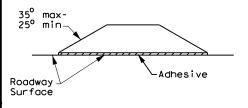


All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

LEGEND						
û	Traffic flow					
_	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R					



Type II (Top View)



SECTION A

# REFLECTORIZED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER (RPM)



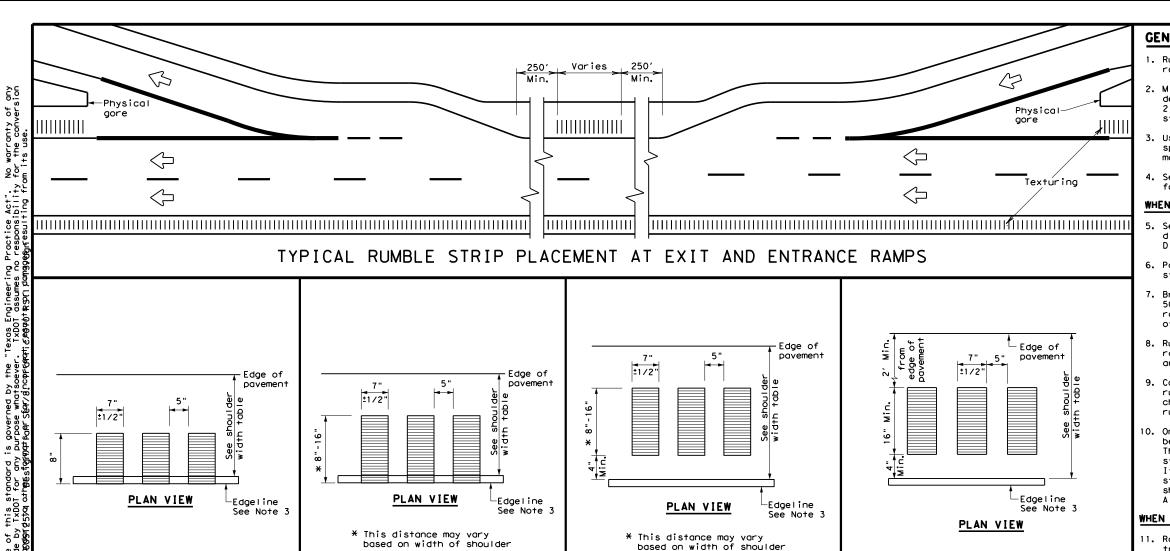
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# EXIT GORE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

FPM(5) - 19

E: fpm(5)-19.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	T JOB HIGHW		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0006	05	125		IH 20
	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ABL		TAYLO	R	69

See Detail A	100' Desirable & Max.
MAIN LANES 🖶	Physical Gore — 4" Solid White Exit Gore Sign
EXIT RAMP	Shoulder  Curb face or edge of shoulder  Shoulder
Shoulder	4" Solid Yellow Edge Line
MARKINGS WITHOUT EXIT NU	MBER



7"(<u>±</u> 1/2")

PROFILE VIEW

OPTION 2

CONTINUOUS MILLED

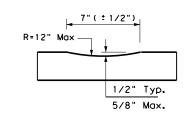
**DEPRESSIONS** 

(Rumble Stripes)

1/2" Typ.

5/8" Max.

R=12" (Max.)-



### PROFILE VIEW OPTION 4

CONTINUOUS MILLED DEPRESSIONS (Rumble Strips)

#### GENERAL NOTES

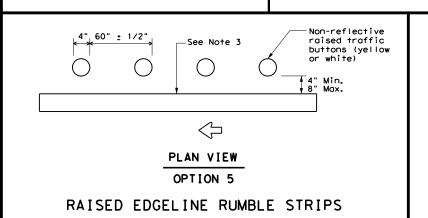
- Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- Use Standard Sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile markings.
- See the table below for determining what options may be used for edgeline rumble strips.

#### WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Operations Division.
- 6. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edgeline rumble stripe.
- Breaks in edgeline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 9. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A minimum of 3/8 inches depth of milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 0. On roadways with high bicycle activity, consideration should be given before the installation of edgeline rumble strips. Things to consider include size of rumble strips, rumble strip material and location of rumble strips on the shoulder. If the designer determines that gaps are needed in the rumble strips due to bicycle use of the road, then follow the requiremenshown in FHWA Technical Advisory T5040.39, or latest version. A detail of the spacing shall be included in the plans.

#### WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edgeline when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edgeline marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. Breaks in edgeline rumble strips using raised traffic buttons shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossing, intersections and driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 15. The minimum distance between the edgeline and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edgelines may substitute for buttons.



7"(± 1/2")

PROFILE VIEW

OPTION 1

CONTINUOUS MILLED

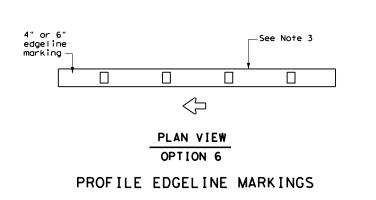
**DEPRESSIONS** 

(Rumble Stripes)

1/2" Typ.

5/8" Max.

R=12" (Max.)



7"(±1/2")

PROFILE VIEW

OPTION 3

CONTINUOUS MILLED

DEPRESSIONS

(Rumble Strips)

1/2" Typ.

5/8" Max.

R=12" (Max.)-

SHOULDER WIDTH TABLE			
EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 2 FEET	GREATER THAN 2 FEET LESS THAN 4 FEET	EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 FEET	
Option 1, 5 OR 6	Option 1, 2, 3, 5 or 6	Option 2, 4, 5 OR 6	

# EDGELINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON FREEWAYS AND DIVIDED HIGHWAYS RS(1)-13

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

FILE: rs(1)-13.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT April 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	SHWAY
REVISIONS 2-10	0006	05	125		ΙH	20
10-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
10 13	ABL		TAYLO	R		70

90

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept at the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0006-05-125

#### **1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:**

From: NEAR WELLS LANE

To: 0.75 MILES EAST OF HAYTER ROAD

#### 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 32.475456 (Long) -99.793131

END: (Lat) 32.459256 (Long) -99.926806

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres):

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): \_\_\_\_0.0

#### 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

CONSTRUCTION OF AN OVERLAY CONSITING OF CONSISTING OF MILL AND SMA OVERLAY

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
CLAIREMONT SILTY CLAY LOAM, 0 TO 1% SLOPES	15% SAND, 52% SILT, 33% CLAY; WELL DRIANED, RUNOFF NEGLIGBLE, EROSION NONE DEPOSITION
COLORADO LOAM, 0 TO 1% SLOPES	39% SAND, 38% SILT, 23% CLAY; WELL DRIANED, RUNOFF NEGLIGBLE, EROSION CLASS 1
MANGUM SILTY CLAY LOAM, 0 TO 1% SLOPES	18% SAND, 47% SILT, 34% CLAY; WELL DRIANED, RUNOFF HIGH, EROSION CLASS 1
KNOCO-BADLAND, 1 TO 12% SLOPES	22% SAND, 28% SILT, 50% CLAY; WELL DRIANED, RUNOFF VERY HIGH, EROSION CLASS 1
ROTAN CLAY LOAM, 0 TO 1% SLOPES	35% SAND, 33% SILT, 32% CLAY; WELL DRIANED, RUNOFF MEDIUM, EROSION CLASS 1
ROWENA CLAY LOAM, 1 TO 3% SLOPES	30% SAND, 32% SILT, 38% CLAY; WELL DRIANED, RUNOFF LOW, EROSION CLASS 1
SAGERTON CLAY LOAM, 1 TO 3% SLOPES	36% SAND, 35% SILT, 29% CLAY; WELL DRIANED, RUNOFF MEDIUM, EROSION CLASS 1
STAMFORD CLAY, 1 TO 3% SLOPES	12% SAND, 38% SILT, 50% CLAY; WELL DRIANED, RUNOFF VERY HIGH, EROSION CLASS 1

Soil Type	Description
TILLMAN CLAY LOAM,	35% SAND, 33% SILT, 31% CLAY;
1 TO 3% SLOPES	WELL DRIANED, RUNOFF MEDIUM,
	EROSION CLASS 1
VERNON CLAY,	15% SAND, 35% SILT, 50% CLAY;
3 TO 8% SLOPES	WELL DRIANED, RUNOFF VERY HIGH,
	EROSION CLASS 1
WEYMOUTH CLAY LOAM.	35% SAND, 34% SILT, 31% CLAY;
3 TO 5% SLOPES	WELL DRIANED, RUNOFF VERY HIGH,
	EROSION CLASS 1

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

- □ PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting
- ☐ PSLs determined during construction
- X No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.



#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

- **X** Mobilization
- ☐ Install sediment and erosion controls
- ☐ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- ▼ Remove existing pavement
- ☐ Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- ☐ Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement
- □ Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- X Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- ▼ Install proposed pavement per plans
- □ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- ▼ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- ☐ Place flex base

□ Other:

- ☐ Rework slopes, grade ditches
- ☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- ☐ Revegetation of unpaved areas
- ☐ Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

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□ Other:	

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- Construction debris and waste from various construction
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- X Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

☐ Other:	

□ Other			

☐ Other:		

**1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:** Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
BULL WAGON CREEK	CLEARFORK BRAZOS (1232)
INDIAN CREEK	CEDAR CREEK (1236A)
* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies	with pollutant in ()

Add (\*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Perform SWP3 inspections

□ Other:

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

□ Other:		

-	OO	

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

- X Maintain schedule of major construction activities
- X Install, maintain and modify BMPs Other:

Ulliel.	

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.				
		SEE TITLE SHEET				
STATE STATE DIST.		COUNTY				
TEXAS ABL		TA	YLOR			
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY N	٧0.	
0000	3	05	125	IH 20		

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

#### 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this

SWP3 or the CGP.
2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
□ <b>X</b> Protection of Existing Vegetation
□ X Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Soil Retention Blankets
□ □ Geotextiles
□ □ Mulching/ Hydromulching
□ □ Soil Surface Treatments
□ □ Temporary Seeding
□ □ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
□ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Vertical Tracking
☐ ☐ Interceptor Swale
│
☐ ☐ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
□ □ Embankment for Erosion Control
□ □ Paved Flumes
□ □ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
□ □ Dewatering Controls
□ □ Inlet Protection
□ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Sandbag Berms
□ □ Sediment Control Fence □ □ Stabilized Construction Exit
☐ ☐ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ X Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips
Other:
Other:
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheet

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Statio	oning
Туре	From	То
Refer to the Environmental La	yout Sheets/ SWP3	Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily

□ Haul roads dampened for dust control	
🗴 Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin	
☐ Stabilized construction exit	
□ Other:	
□ Other:	
 □ Other:	

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

☐ Chemical Management
☐ Concrete and Materials Waste Management
☐ Debris and Trash Management
□ Dust Control
□ Sanitary Facilities
□ Other:
□ Other:

.5	

**2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:** 

□ Other:

Other:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing		
Туре	From	То	

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

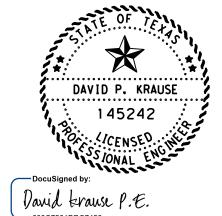
- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

#### 2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.



STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.			
		SEE TITLE SHEET			
STATE STATE COUNTY			OUNTY		
TEXAS ABL TAYLOR					
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
0006		05	125	IH 20	

☐ Other Nationwide Pe	rmit Required: NWP#	
-	waters of the US permit appl ent Practices planned to conti	•
1,		
2.		
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS
☐ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips
☐ Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	☐ Retention/Irrigation System
Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Sedimentation Basin
☐ Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands
☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw & Hay Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin
☐ Diversion Dike	☐ Brush Berms	☐ Erosion Control Comp®esMulch
Erosion Control Compost	☐ Erosion Control Compost	Compost Filter Berm and Soc
Compost Filter Berm and S	Socks 🗌 Compost Filter Berm and Soc	cks 🗌 Sand Filter Systems
☐ Temporary Erosion Contro	·	· - ·
(BIOLOGS)  ☑ Preservation of Natural	(BIOLOGS)  Sediment Traps	(BIOLOGS)  PermanentVegetation
Resources Construction Exits	Sediment Basins	(Planting, Sodding, or Seed Grassy Swales

#### III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

No Action	on Required	Ш	Required	Action
Action No.				
1.				
2.				
3.				

#### IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical.

Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs
162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with
requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush
removal commitments.

<u> </u>	No Action Required	$\boxtimes$	Required Action
Acti	on No.		

1. COMPLY WITH E013112 ON USE OF NATIVE VEGETATION

- 2.
- 3.

4.

4.

# V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

☐ No Action Required	Required Action
Action No.	

 COMPLY WITH MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT ON PROTECTION OF BIRDS, YOUNG AND NEST

- --
- 3.
- 4.

#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BMP: Best Management Practice SPCC: CCP: Construction General Permit SW3P: DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: FHWA: Federal Highway Administration PSL: MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCEQ: MOU: Memorandum of Understanding TPDES: MS4: Municipal Separate Storm water Sewer SystemTPMO: MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act TXDOT: Notice of Termination T&E: NMP: Nationwide Permit USACE: NOI: Notice of Intent USFWS:

SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan PCN: Pre-Construction Notification
PSL: Project Specific Location
TCEO: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

nTPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
TxDDT: Texas Department of Transportation
T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species
USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

#### VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- \* Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- \* Undesirable smells or odors

of all product spills.

\* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ Yes 🛛 No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

Yes No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

Required Action

No No	Action Required	Required Action
Action	No.	
1.		
2.		

#### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Marian ne

Action No.

- ••
- 2.
- 3.

IH 20
ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,
ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
EPIC



NO SCALE SHEET 1 OF PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO. SEE TITLE SHEET 6 IH 20 SHEET NO STATE COLINITY TEXAS TAYLOR DISTRICT CONTROL SECTION JOB 73 ABL 0006 05 125

PREPAR DATE: FILE:

REV. DATE: 02/2015