STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NUMBER				
6	F 2023 (5	1					
STATE	STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TEXAS	AMA	POT	TER				
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.				
0004	00	101 ETC	VADIOUS				

INDEX OF SHEETS

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PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENTS

POTTER COUNTY, ETC

HIGHWAY: VARIOUS LOCATIONS DISTRICT WIDE

PROJECT: F 2023(516), ETC

AMARILLO DISTRICT ITS IMPROVEMENTS

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF MISCELLANEOUS TYPE WORK CONSISTING OF CCTV AND DMS INSTALLATION LIMITS: VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN THE AMARILLO DISTRICT NET LENGTH: 0.001 LF = 0.001 MILES

EXCEPTIONS: NONE

EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

> JONES CARTER Texas Board of Professional Engineers Registration No. F-439 6330 West Loop South, Suite 150 • Bellaire, Texas 77401 • 713.777.5337

FINAL PLANS

CONTRACTOR NAME:
CONTRACTORS ADDRESS:
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:
DATE CONTRACTOR WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:
FINAL CONTRACT COST:
AE SIGNATURE & DATE:

		OKLAHOMA
CSJ: 0904-00-181 LIMITS: VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN OLDHAM, POTTER, DUMAS, RANDALL, AND HARTLEY COUNTIES.	ITS LOCATION #5: 5	DALHART HANSFORD PERRYTON OCHILTREE LIPSCOMB
TYPE OF WORK: CCTV AND DMS INSTALLS	US 87 NB/SB	
CSJ: 0904-00-202 LIMITS: VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN POTTER AND RANDALL		DUMAS MOORE HUTCHINSON. ROBERTS
COUNTIES. (6)-(10)	ITS LOCATION #3: 3	BORGER
TYPE OF WORK: DMS REPLACEMENTS	US 87 NB	8
	ITS LOCATION #1:	DE DITER CARSON PAMPA CARSON POTTER AMAPTO AMAPTO S S S S S S S S S S S S S
	ITS LOCATION #2: 2	US 87 SB US 175 LOCATION #6: 6 US 87 SB
	ITS LOCATION #10: 10	DEAFSMITH HEREFORD ARMSTRONG ITS LOCATION #7: US 87 NB ITS LOCATION #9: 9 IH 40 WB
NOTE:	US 60 NB	SITE LOCATION MAP
ALL CONSTRUCTION WITHIN THE STATE RIGHT TO TXDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, STAND	OF WAY WILL REQUIRE COMPLIAN ARD PLANS, AND TEXAS MANUAL O	CE N. T. C.

ITS LOCATION #4:



DATE:
RECOMMENDED 1/2/2023 Pocusioned by:
Wes Eimmell 4091D73729A34DC
AREA ENGINEER DATE:
Lit Black 9B5A6EA6AE8B46E
DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT
DATE:
APPROVED FOR LETTING: 1/4/2023
Blair Johnson 8B80E3AEB2BC43A. DISTRICT FNGINFFR

UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND THE CONTRACT PROVISIONS LISTED AND DATED AS

FOLLOWS SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS

FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 2022)

108-110 EC(9)-16

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Texas Department of Transportation

NO. DATE

JONES CARTER Texas Board of Professional Engineers Registration No. F-439
6330 West Loop South, Suite 150 • Bellaire, Texas 77401 • 713.777.5337

REVISION

COLBY W. WRIGHT

96717

CISTER OF PIE, PRE, PRE, PSP |

12/13/2022

APPROVED

INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 1 FED.RD. DIV.NO. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO. SEE TITLE SHEET VARIOUS STATE DIST. COUNTY TEXAS POTTER AMA 2 CONT. SECT. JOB 0904 00 181,ETC.

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED (#) ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

/ RE, PIDE RSPI , P.E. 12/13/2022 Signature of Registrant & Date

County: POTTER

Highway: VARIOUS

Control: 0904-00-181. ETC.

Sheet: 3

GENERAL NOTES

General

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

TO: Traffic Engineer Wes.Kimmell@txdot.gov
CC: Transportation Specialist Director of Construction Construction Manager Wes.Kimmell@txdot.gov
Kevin.Wilcox@txdot.gov
Kenneth.Petr@txdot.gov
Thomas.Nagel@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone or in person by the above individuals.

For Q&A's on Proposals navigate to:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

Use the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink of the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

All relevant project documentation including CTD and cross sections (if applicable) will be posted to TxDOT District's FTP website.

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

There are no "reference markers" within the project limits.

If Contractor damages any sprinkler heads, risers or water lines that are not to be relocated, he or she is required to replace or repair all damage at his or her own expense and to the Engineer's satisfaction.

If portions of the right-of-way is used to store materials, equipment, and other uses with the approval of the Engineer, materials, equipment, etc., must either be located outside the $\underline{30}$ feet traffic safety clearance zone or be adequately protected.

Item 6 Control of Materials

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

Item 7 Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

The total area disturbed for this project is approximately <u>0.46</u> acres. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and the Contractor Project Specific Locations (PSLs), within 1 mile of the project limits, for the Contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain required authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off the ROW. When the total area disturbed in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the ROW to the Engineer and to the local government that operates a separate storm sewer system.

Item 8 Prosecution and Progress

Create, maintain, and submit for approval, a Critical Path Method (CPM) project schedule.

The <u>120</u> days delay special provision is intended to provide lead time for the Engineer and contractor to acquire required construction materials for traffic elements.

Item 416 Drilled Shaft Foundations

A stabilization method is to be used to prevent caving of the material and is to be submitted as part of the Contractor's Safety Plan.

Calculate overhead sign support clearance and report to the Engineer. Obtain Engineer's approval of location before installing foundation.

Item 421 Hydraulic Cement Concrete

The sand equivalent value of fine aggregate is not to be less than 85 when subjected to test method tex-203-F.

Item 432 Riprap

24" tie bars (#3 bars at 18" c-c) are to be used across all construction joints. Tie bars should be 12" into each side of the construction joint. When tying new riprap into existing riprap drill and epoxy grout 8" minimum into existing concrete. This is to be considered subsidiary to the payment for riprap.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: POTTER

Highway: VARIOUS

Item 502 Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Temporary rumble strips will be required as shown on WZ(RS)-22 regardless of loose gravel, and/or soft or bleeding asphalt. Adjust the traffic control setup such that rumble strips are not placed in areas of heavily rutted pavements, unpaved surfaces, or horizontal curves. Temporary rumble strips will not be allowed on interstate highway.

The Contractor is to have the option of using either plastic drums, vertical panels, grabber cones or a combination where drums are shown as channelizing devices, as approved by the Engineer. Plastic drums are to be used in all transition areas in accordance with BC(8)-21.

Any work being done above travel lanes will require the lanes to be closed for traffic safety.

Notify the Engineer 24 hours prior to any lane closure.

Item 506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

Erosion control devices are to be installed as needed in coordination with the work progress, or as directed by the Engineer.

Item 540 Metal Beam Guard Fence

Drive steel posts for metal beam guard fence a minimum of 1/3 of the post length to final specified depth.

Item 544 Guardrail End Treatments

Use Single Guardrail End Treatment (Ty III)(Steel Post).

Item 618 Conduit

The locations of conduit as shown are for diagrammatic purposed only and may be varied to meet local conditions, subject to approval. Backfill all open trenches before the end of the workday and do not leave any trench open overnight.

Item 620 Electrical Conductors

Provide breakaway electrical connectors for breakaway poles. Use Bussman HEBW,

Sheet: 3A

Control: 0904-00-181. ETC.

Littlefuse LEB, Ferraz-Shawmut FEB, or equal on ungrounded conductors. For grounded conductors, use Bussman HET, Littlefuse LET, Ferraz-Shawmut FEBN, or equal. These breakaway connectors have a white colored marking and a permanently installed solid neutral.

See the latest RID (2) standard for additional details.

Item 624 Ground Boxes

Do not place ground boxes in driveways or wheelchair ramps. Alternate ground box locations will be as directed.

Item 628 Electrical Services

Notify the utility company as soon as possible in order to minimize delay and coordinate the work necessary for the utility company to provide power.

The Contractor is responsible for submitting application(s) to applicable utility company which will be set up in the Contractor's name with 911 address(es) for service location(s). Costs and charges from the utility company will be paid by the Department in accordance with the standard specification.

Once the project is complete and accepted by the Department, the Department will transfer utility services into the Department's name using the corresponding 911 addresses and meter numbers.

Item 658 Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies

For all guard fence post mounted applications provide hollow or tubular posts with approved anchorage.

Item 6001 Portable Changeable Message Sign

Supply 2 Portable Changeable Message Signs (Type II – Lamp Matrix) for this project. This work will be paid at the unit price bid for each unit, which will include any moving, maintenance, and removing of the PCMS. No payment will be made for removing and replacing damaged PCMS. The Portable Changeable Message Signs will become property of the Contractor at the completion of the project.

If the Contractor chooses to have more than one lane closure set-up at a time, provide additional PCMS in accordance with TCP at no additional charge to the department.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

County: POTTER Sheet: 3B

Highway: VARIOUS Control: 0904-00-181. ETC.

Item 6010 Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Field Equipment

The Amarillo District Traffic Management Control (TMC) Center is currently using the Department's Lonestar software. The cameras currently in use at the TMC CCTV control subsystems are Bosch MIC-IPSTARLIGHT 7100i or greater.

Item 6028 Dynamic Message Sign System

The DMS supplied by the Department for this project will be stored for pick up at TxDOT Amarillo District office, 5715 Canyon Dr., Amarillo TX 79110.

To arrange for pickup of equipment contact:

Traffic Systems Specialist Jamey Whitley - Jamey. Whitley@txdot.gov (806)356-3292

Item 6185 Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for this project, provide 0 additional shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (1-1)-18, (1-2)-18, (1-3)-18, (1-4)-18, (1-5)-18, (2-4)-18, (2-5)-18, (6-1)-12, (6-2)-12, (6-3)-12, (6-4)-12, (6-5)-12 as detailed on the General Notes of this standard sheets.

Therefore, 2 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

Item 6247 Installation of Traffic Management Equipment

The equipment supplied by the Department for this project will be stored for pick up at TxDOT Amarillo District office, 5715 Canyon Dr, Amarillo TX 79110.

To arrange for pickup of equipment contact:

Traffic Systems Specialist: Jamey Whitley - Jamey. Whitley@txdot.gov (806)356-3292

Item 6426 Remove Dynamic Message Sign System

The cellular modem, antenna. And ethernet switch from the existing DMS cabinets will be salvaged and reused by the Department. All other DMS system components including the cabinet will not be deemed salvageable. The DMS system components are not going to relocated or reused, performance testing of the components prior to removal will not be required. For this project, all existing cabinets are ground mounted and will not require the Contractor and the Department to examine before removal. Material removed is the property of the Contractor. Dispose of removed material from the right of way in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

General Notes Sheet E



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0904-00-181

DISTRICT Amarillo **HIGHWAY** Various

COUNTY Potter

Report Created On: Jan 30, 2023 1:25:41 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0904-00	-181	0904-00	-202		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00125	864	A00176	416	1	TOTAL FINAL
		C	OUNTY	Potte	er	Potte	er	TOTAL EST.	
		HIC	HWAY	Vario	us	Vario	us	-	FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	416-6005	DRILL SHAFT (42 IN)	LF	76.000				76.000	
	416-6023	DRILL SHAFT (SIGN MTS) (54 IN)	LF	63.000				63.000	
	432-6001	RIPRAP (CONC)(4 IN)	CY	8.750				8.750	
	432-6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	144.000				144.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000				1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	11.000				11.000	
	540-6002	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	LF	2,575.000				2,575.000	
	540-6016	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	EA	8.000				8.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	14.000				14.000	
	618-6046	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2")	LF	2,250.000				2,250.000	
	618-6047	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	LF	355.000				355.000	
	620-6007	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE	LF	985.000				985.000	
	620-6008	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) INSULATED	LF	1,970.000				1,970.000	
	620-6011	ELEC CONDR (NO.4) BARE	LF	1,750.000				1,750.000	
	620-6012	ELEC CONDR (NO.4) INSULATED	LF	5,250.000				5,250.000	
	624-6002	GROUND BOX TY A (122311)W/APRON	EA	14.000				14.000	
	628-6220	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	EA	7.000				7.000	
	650-6028	INS OH SN SUP(30 FT BAL TEE)	EA	3.000				3.000	
	658-6061	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2	EA	24.000				24.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	12.000				12.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000				2.000	
	6010-6002	CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT (DIGITAL)	EA	4.000				4.000	
	6010-6004	CCTV MOUNT (POLE)	EA	4.000				4.000	
	6028-6001	INSTALL DMS (POLE MTD CABINET)	EA	3.000				3.000	
	6028-6002	INSTALL DMS (FOUNDATION MTD CABINET)	EA			5.000		5.000	
	6064-6037	ITS POLE (50 FT)(90 MPH)	EA	4.000				4.000	
	6064-6080	ITS POLE MNT CAB (TY 2)(CONF 1)	EA	4.000				4.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	194.000				194.000	
	6247-6005	INSTALL OF CELLULAR MODEM	EA	7.000		5.000		12.000	
	6426-6001	REMOVE DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGN SYSTEM	EA			5.000		5.000	
	16	MATERIAL FURNISHED BY THE STATE (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000		2.000	
	18	ELECTRICAL: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000				1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000				1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000				1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Amarillo	Potter	0904-00-181	4

<u>CSJ 0904-00-181</u>

		416 6005	416 6023	432 6001	432 6045	540 6002	540 6016	544 6001	618 6046	618 6047
		DRILL SHAFT	DRILL SHAFT	RIP RAP	RIP RAP	MTL W-BEAM	DOWNSTREAM	GUARDRAIL	CONDT (PVC)	
ITS	SHEET NAME	(42 IN)	(SIGN MTS)	(CONC) (4	(MOW STRIP)	GD FEN (STEEL	ANCHOR	END	(SCH 80)	(SCH 80)
LOCATION	SHEET NAIVIE		(CONC) (54	IN)	(4 IN)	POST)	TERMINAL	TREATMENT	(2")	(2") (BORE)
			IN)				SECTION	(INSTALL)		
		LF	LF	CY	CY	LF	EA	EA	LF	LF
1	IH 40 WB CCTV #1	19		1.25	26	475	1	3	320	30
1	IH 40 WB DMS #1		21	1.25	26	475	1	3	300	30
2	IH 40 WB CCTV #2	19		1.25	26	500	1	3	275	120
3	US 87 NB DMS #3		21	1.25	14	225	1	1	1070	90
4	IH 27 NB CCTV #3	19		1.25					80	
5	US 87 NB/SB CCTV #4	19		1.25	26	450	2	2	115	40
5	US 87 NB/SB DMS #5 & DMS #6		21	1.25	26	450	2	2	90	45
	TOTAL	76	63	8.75	144	2575	8	14	2250	355

		620 6007	620 6008	620 6011	620 6012	624 6002	628 6220	650 6028	658 6061	658 6062	6010 6002	6010 6004
		ELEC CONDR	ELEC CONDR	ELEC CONDR	ELEC CONDR	GROUND BOX	ELC SRV TY D	INS OH SN SUP	INSTL DEL	INSTL DEL	CCTV FIELD	CCTV
		(NO. 8)	(NO.8)	(NO. 4)	(NO.4)	TY A (122311)	120/240	(30 FT BAL TEE)	ASSM (D-	ASSM (D-	EQUIPMENT	MOUNT
ITS	SHEET NAME	BARE	INSULATED	BARE	INSULATED	W/ APRON	100(NS)AL(N)		SW) SZ	SW) SZ	(DIGITAL)	(POLE)
LOCATION	SHEET NAIVIE						SP(O)		1(BRF)GF2	1(BRF)GF2(BI)		
		LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
1	IH 40 WB CCTV #1	350	700			2	1		3	4	1	1
1	IH 40 WB DMS #1			330	990	2	1	1	3	4		
2	IH 40 WB CCTV #2	395	790			2	1		3	4	1	1
3	US 87 NB DMS #3			1160	3480	3	1	1	3			
4	IH 27 NB CCTV #3	80	160			1	1				1	1
5	US 87 NB/SB CCTV #4	160	320			2	1		6		1	1
5	US 87 NB/SB DMS #5 & DMS #6			260	780	2	1	1	6			
	TOTAL	985	1970	1750	5250	14	7	3	24	12	4	4

		6028 6001	6064 6037	6064 6080	6247 6005		*MATERIAL	PROVIDED BY TH	E STATE	
		INSTALL DMS	ITS POLE	ITS POLE	INSTALL OF	3 LINE, 21	4G	ANTENNA FOR	FIELD	DMS
ITS	SHEET NAME	(POLE MTD	(50 FT)	MNT CAB	CELLULAR	CHARACTER	CELLULAR	CELLULAR	HARDENED	(POLE MTD
LOCATION	SHEET NAIVIE	CABINET)	(90 MPH)	(TY 2)	MODEM	DMS (30'-6"x	MODEM	MODEM	ETHERNET	CABINET)
				(CONF 1)		8'-1 1/16")			SWITCH	
		EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
1	IH 40 WB CCTV #1		1	1	1		1	1	1	
1	IH 40 WB DMS #1	1			1	1	1	1	1	1
2	IH 40 WB CCTV #2		1	1	1		1	1	1	
3	US 87 NB DMS #3	1			1	1	1	1	1	1
4	IH 27 NB CCTV #3		1	1	1		1	1	1	
5	US 87 NB/SB CCTV #4		1	1	1		1	1	1	
5	US 87 NB/SB DMS #5 & DMS #6	1			1	2	1	1	1	1
	TOTAL	3	4	4	7	4	7	7	7	3

^{*}SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR, INSTALLATION IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

NO.	DATE	REVISION	APPROVED
$\overline{}$			





SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES
ITS

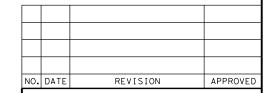
SHEET 1 OF 2

		SHE	ET 1 OF 2
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE TITL	VARIOUS	
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	AMA	POTTER	
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	5
0904	00	181. FTC.	_

<u>CSJ 0904-00-202</u>

		6028 6002	6426 6001	6247 6005		*MATERIAI	PROVIDED B	Y THE STATE	
		INSTALL DMS	REMOVE	INSTALL OF	3 LINE, 21	4G CELLULAR	ANTENNA	FIELD	DMS
ITS	SHEET NAME	(FOUNDATION	DYNAMIC	CELLULAR	CHARACTER	MODEM	FOR	HARDENED	(FOUNDATION
LOCATION	SHEET NAIVIE	MTD	MESSAGE	MODEM	DMS (30'-6"x	**	CELLULAR	ETHERNET	MTD
		CABINET)	SIGN SYSTEM		8'-1 1/16")		MODEM **	SWITCH	CABINET)
		EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
6	US 87 SB DMS #7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7	US 87 NB DMS #8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
8	US 60 NB DMS #9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	IH 40 WB DMS #10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	IH 40 EB DMS #11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	TOTAL	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

^{*}SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR







SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES ITS

		SHE	ET 2 OF 2
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	VARIOUS
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	AMA	POTTER	
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	6
0904	00	181.ETC.	_

^{**}SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR, RELOCATED FROM EXISTING CABINET

	ELECTRICAL SERVICES SUMMARY												
SERVICE POLE NO.	ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTION DATA	SERVICE CONDUIT SIZE (RMC)	SERVICE CONDUCTORS NO./SIZE	SAFETY SWITCH AMPS	MAIN DISCONNECT CKT. BRK. POLE/AMP	TWO-POLE CONTACTOR AMPS	PANEL BD./ LOADCENTER AMP RATING (MIN)	CIRCUIT NO.	BRANCH CKT. BRK. POLE/AMPS	BRANCH CIRCUIT AMPS	VOLTAGE	KVA LOAD	
E-1	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	DMS #1	2P/70	50	240	12	
E-2	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	CCTV #1	1P/20	15	120	1.8	
E-3	OMITTED												
E-4	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	CCTV #2	1P/20	15	120	1.8	
E-5	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	DMS #3	2P/70	50	240	12	
E-6	OMITTED												
E-7	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	CCTV #3	1P/20	15	120	1.8	
E-8	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	DMS #5 & DMS #6	2P/70	50	240	12	
E-9	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	CCTV #4	1P/20	15	120	1.8	

NO.	DATE	REVISION	APPROVED





ITS ELECTRICAL SERVICES SUMMARY

		SH	ET 1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	VARIOUS
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	AMA	POTTER	
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	7
0904	00	181,ETC.	

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

SHEET 1 OF 12



Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES
NEXT X MILES <>> END ROAD WORK AHEAD (Optiona G20-2# 1 and 4) CROSSROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK NEXT X MILES
NEXT X MILES ⇒ AHEAD G20-1aT ROAD WORK CW20-1D (Optional see Note G20-2#

- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE **X** ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⇔ NEXT X MILES END * X G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bT \Diamond INTERSECTED 1000′ -1500′ 1 Block - City - Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => 80' l imit WORK ZONE G20-2bT X X BEGIN WORK \times \times G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \times \times R20-5T FINES DOUBLE XX R20-5aTP WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

	Posted Speed	Sign△ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
	30	120
	35	160
	40	240
1	45	320
	50	400
	55	500 ²
	60	600²
1	65	700 2
	70	800 ²
	75	900 ²
	80	1000 ²
J	*	* 3

SPACING

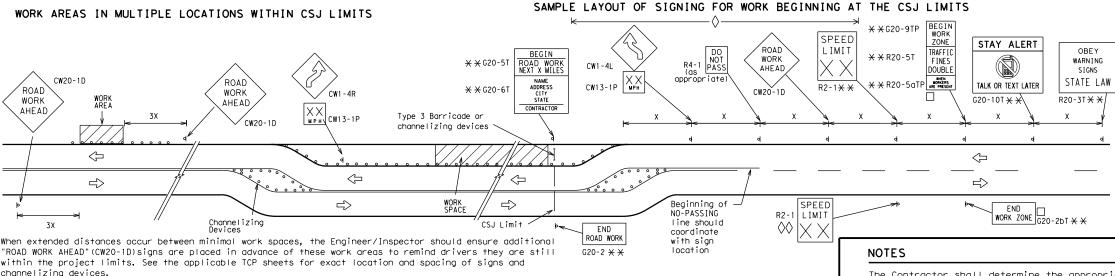
Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 CW22 48" x 48" 48" x 48" CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48" 36" × 36" CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

BEGIN ★ ★G20-9TF ZONE STAY ALERT OBEY SPEED TRAFFIC **X X** G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD NEXT X MILE X XR20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW ⅓ MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHFAD \times \times R20-5aTF * *G20-6T Type 3 R20-3 R2-1 G20-10 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices \triangleleft -CSJ Limi-Channelizina \Rightarrow B SPEED R2-1 END ROAD WORK LIMIT END WORK ZONE G20-26T X X G20-2 * *

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.

imes CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.

Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic

Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at $\Diamond \Diamond$ the end of the work zone.

LEGEND								
⊢⊣ Type 3 Barricade								
000 Channelizing Devices								
1	Sign							
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.							

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

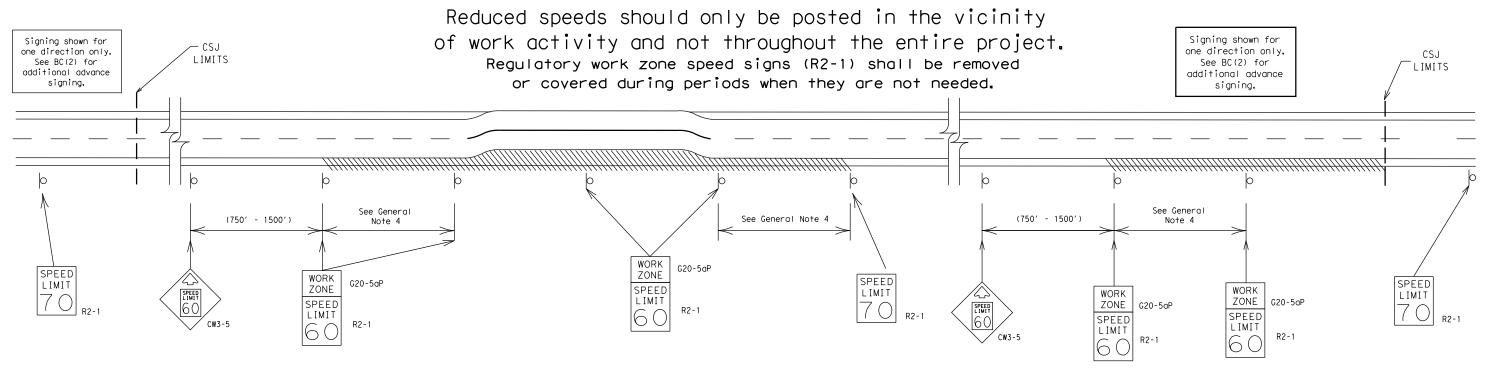
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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7-13	5-21	AMA	POTTER				9	

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

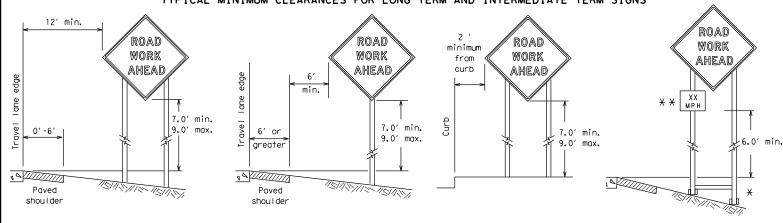
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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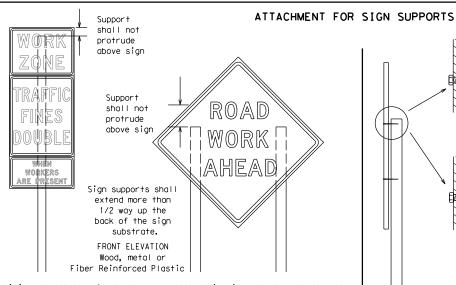
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



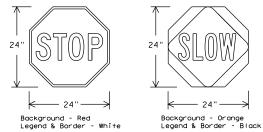
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside Signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard

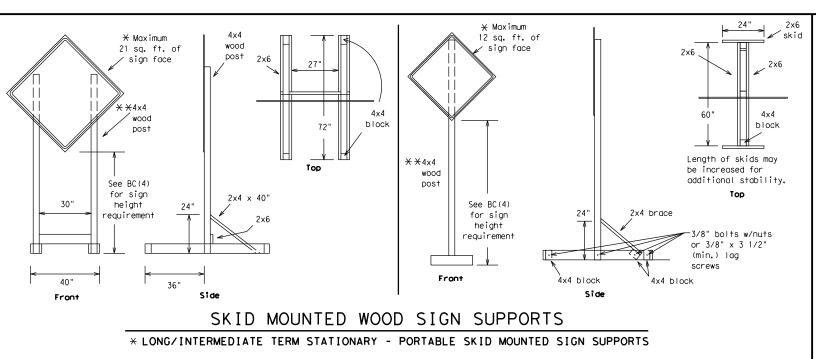


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4) - 21

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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
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-2" x 2"

12 ga.

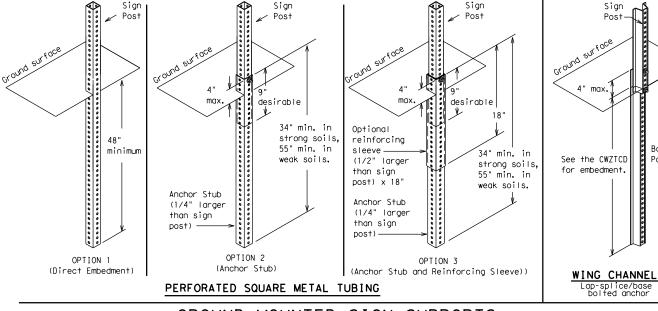
SINGLE LEG BASE

upright

weld, do not

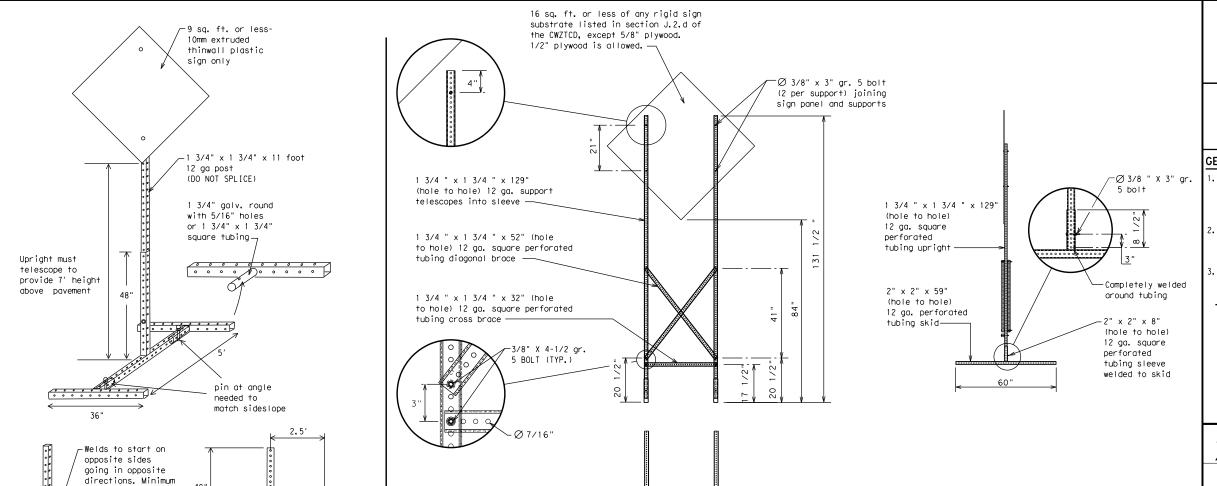
back fill puddle.

- weld starts here



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Post

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- * * Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5) - 21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS * LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

12/21/2021 3:51:30 PM K:\01509\01509-0022-03 TxDOT Traffic 20 WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	To Downtown Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving			
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour(s)	HR. HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

X LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel Location * * Advance Warning Notice List List List List TUE-FRI MERGE FORM ΔΤ SPEED FM XXXX RIGHT X LINES LIMII XX AM-RIGHT XX MPH X PM APR XX-DETOUR USE BEFORE MAXIMUM XXXXXRAILROAD SPEED RD EXIT XX MPH X PM-X AM X EXITS CROSSING USE USE EXIT NEXT MINIMUM BEGINS EXIT XXX I - XX SPEED MONDAY NORTH MILES XX MPH STAY ON USE PAST ADVISORY BEGINS IIS XXX I-XX F IIS XXX ΜΔΥ ΧΧ SPEED SOUTH TO I-XX N EXIT XX MPH TRUCKS WATCH XXXXXXX RIGHT MAY X-X USF FOR TΟ LANF XX PM -US XXX N TRUCKS XXXXXXX EXIT XX AM WATCH EXPECT IIS XXX USF NFXT DELAYS ΤO CAUTION FRI-SUN TRUCKS FM XXXX PREPARE DRIVE **EXPECT** XX AM DELAYS TO SAFELY TΩ STOP XX PM REDUCE END DRIVE NEXT SPFFD SHOULDER WITH TUF XXX FT USE CARE AUG XX USE WATCH TONIGHT OTHER FOR XX PM-WORKERS ROUTES XX AM STAY ĪΝ * X See Application Guidelines Note 6. LANE

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)

PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

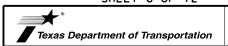
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

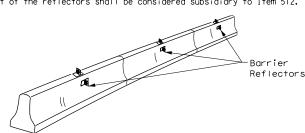
PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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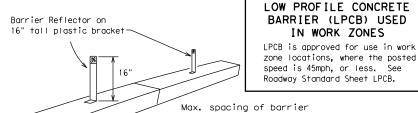
100

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-auglified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

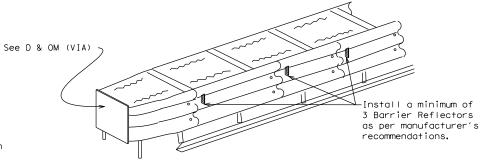


zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB. Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet.

Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



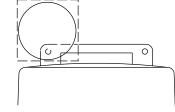
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights. 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

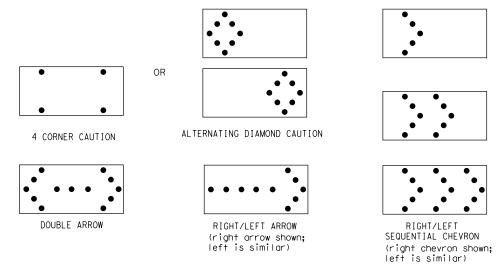
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.

- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted n the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 21

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1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as

- the primary channelizing device.

 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections,
- sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWYTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

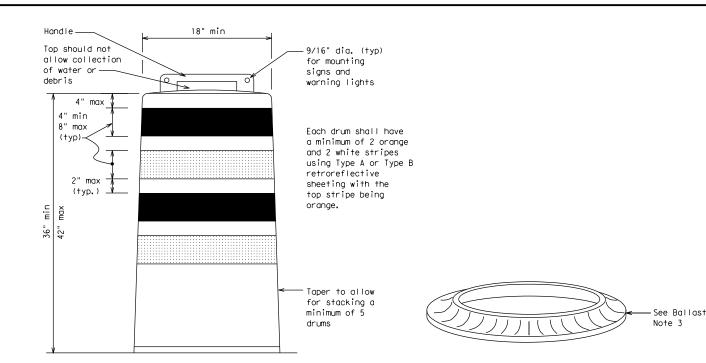
 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

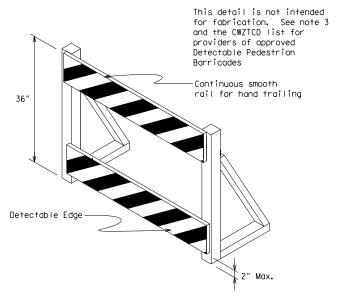
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type $\mathsf{B_{FL}}$ or Type $\mathsf{C_{FL}}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

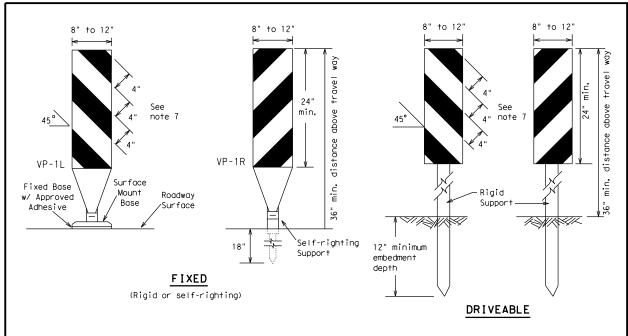


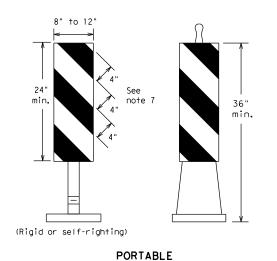
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

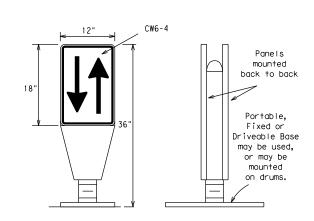
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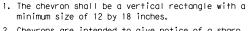
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\text{FL}}\,\text{or}\,\text{Type}\,\,C_{\text{FL}}\,\text{conforming}$ to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

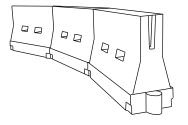


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula		esirab er Lend X X		Spacii Channe Dev	ng of			
		10′ Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent			
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′			
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′			
40	0	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′			
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′			
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′			
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′			
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′			
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′			
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′			
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′			
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′			
$\overline{}$	V V Tapor Longths have been rounded off								

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

Suggested Maximum

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

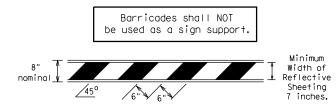
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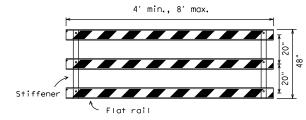
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES 1. Refer to the Complia

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

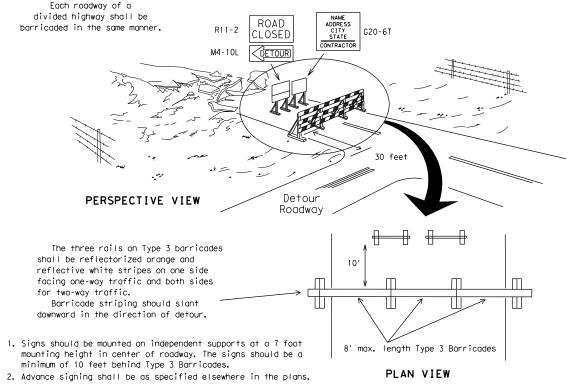


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



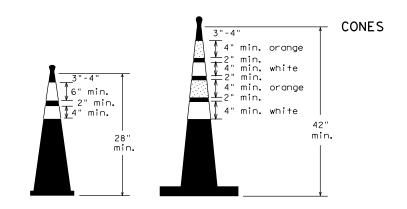
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

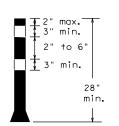
1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light A minimum of two drums : be used across the work or yellow warning reflector teady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector $\left\langle \cdot \right\rangle$ Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW



Two-Piece cones

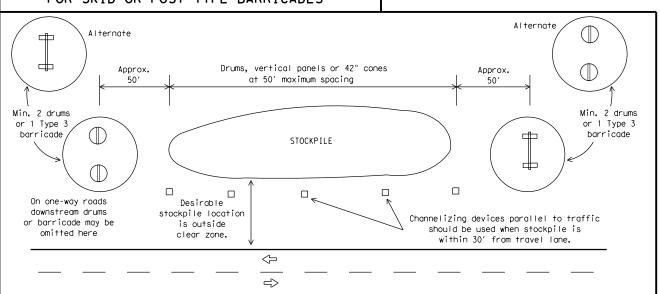
6" min. 2" min. 2" min. 28" min.

One-Piece cones



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Tubular Marker

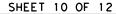


TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

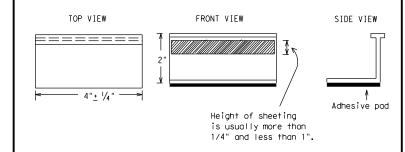
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markinas and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet ICP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised pavement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



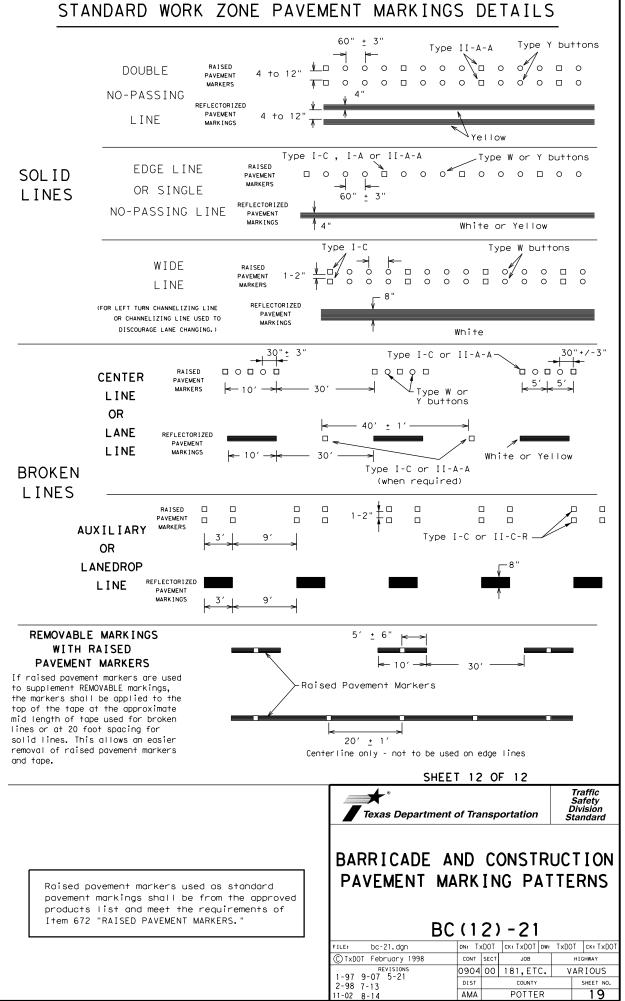
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

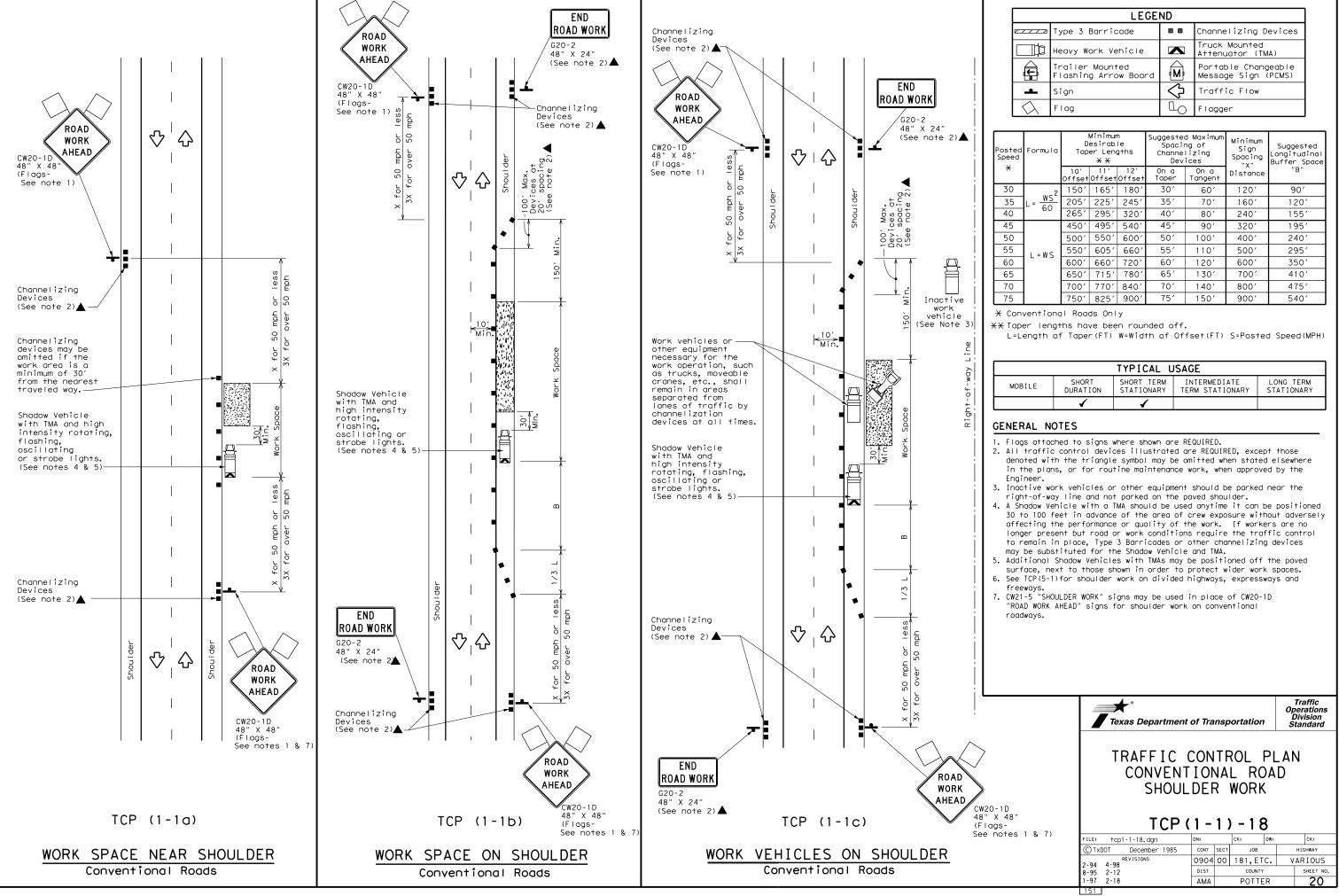
BC(11)-21

PAVEMENT MARKINGS

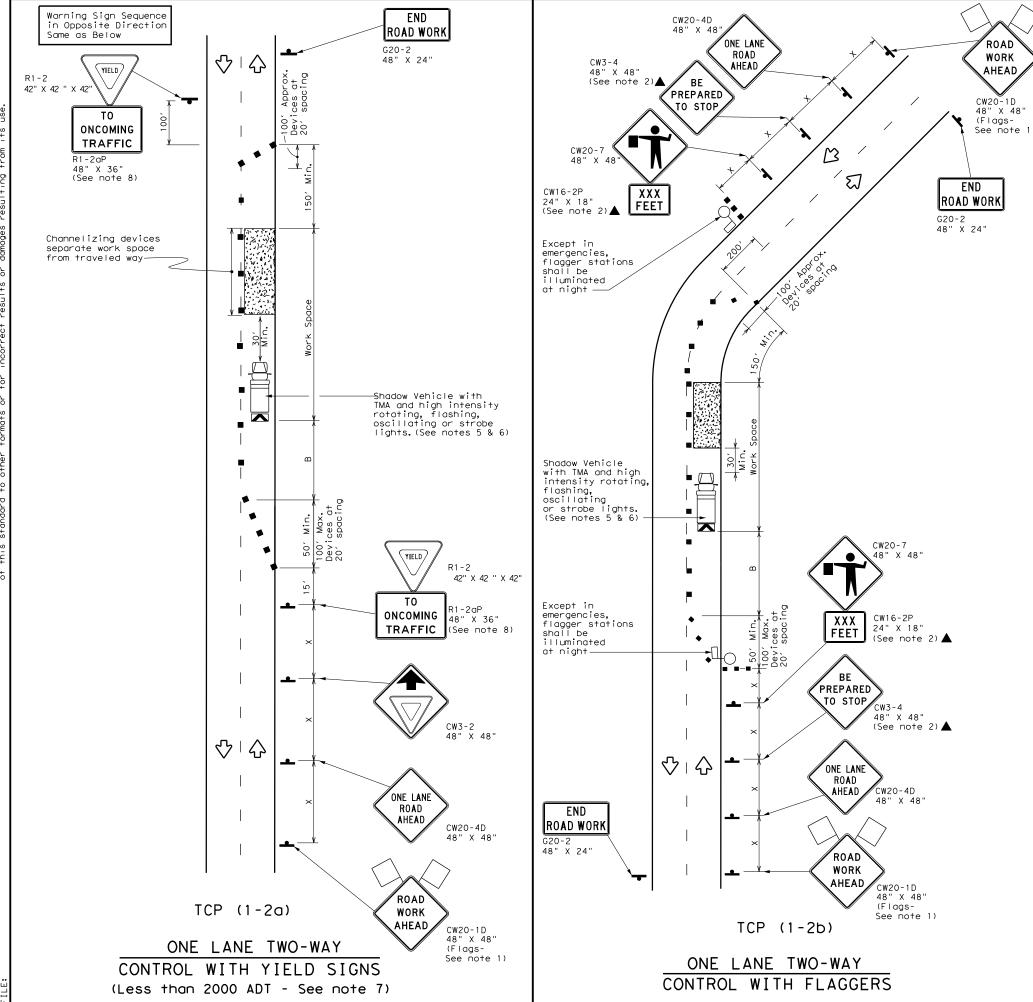
DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT bc-21.dgn C)TxDOT February 1998 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0904 00 181,ETC. VARIOUS 2-98 9-07 5-21











	LEGEND								
~ / / / 2	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	LO	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable		Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90'	200′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	2651	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L-W3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger
- and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).

 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

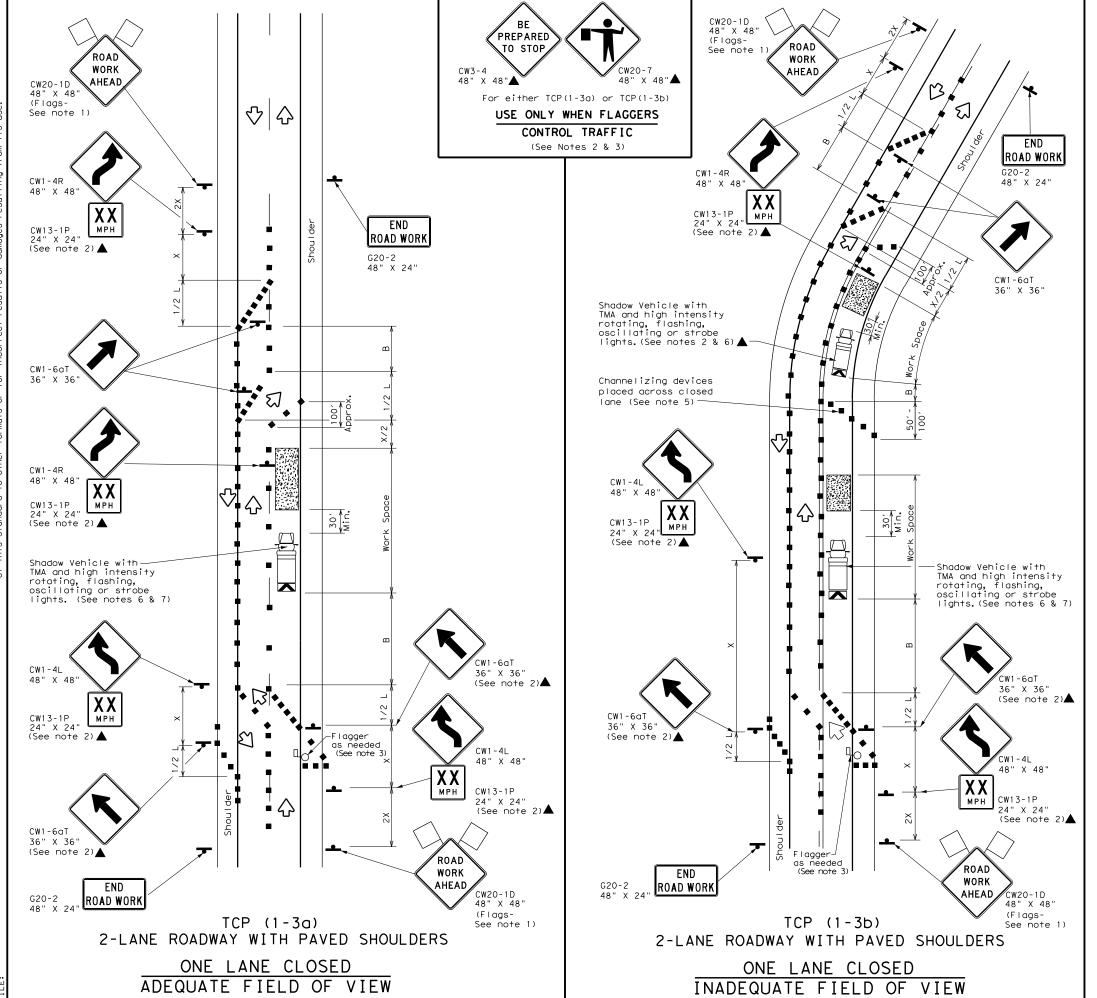


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN: C		CK:	DW:	CK:
ℂTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
4-90 4-98 REVISIONS	0904	00	181,ETC. V		ARIOUS
2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	AMA	MA POTTER			21



	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	LO	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Formula Taper Lengths ***********************************		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1							

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



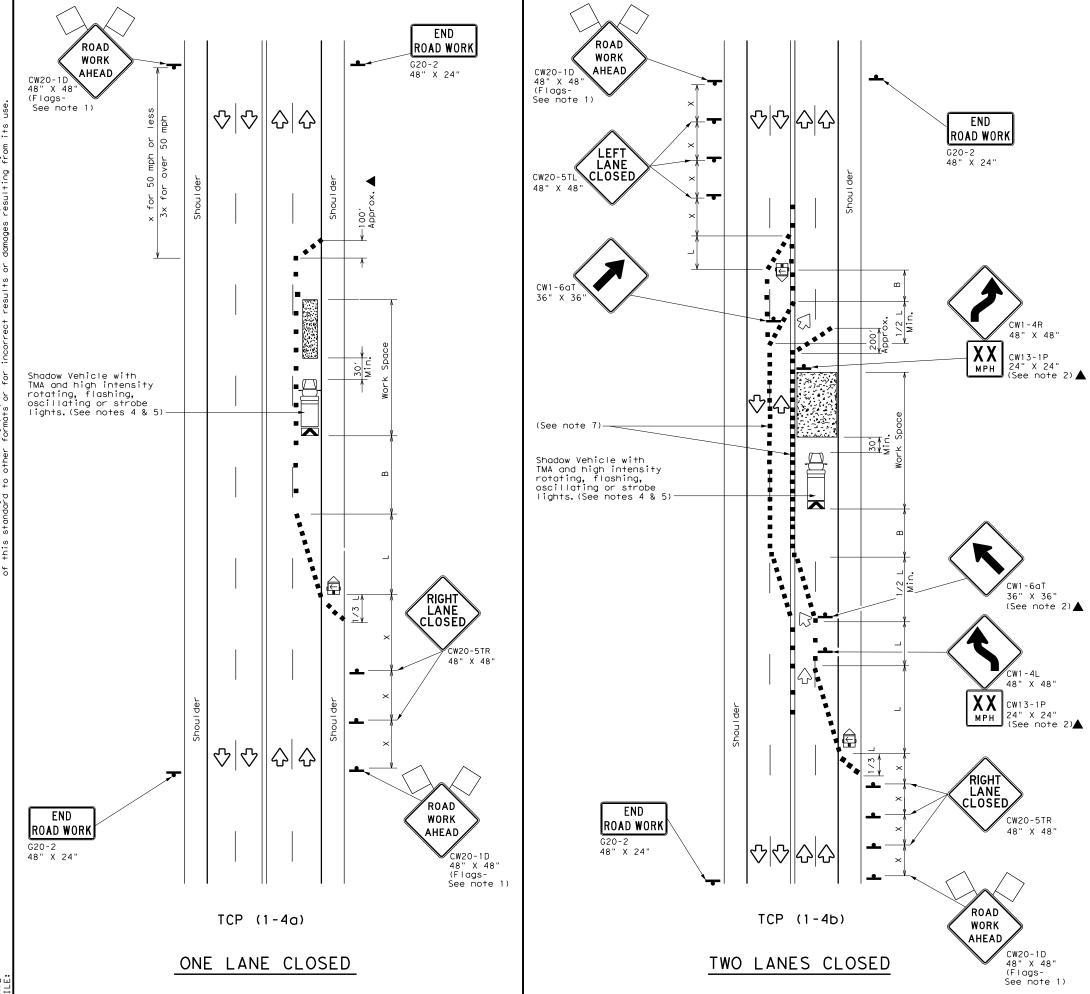
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

FILE: †cp1-3-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-98	0904	00	181,ET	C. V	ARIOUS
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	AMA		POTTE	:R	22

153



	LEGEND									
~~~~	Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag		Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths  **X		Spaci Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L #3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- * Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
   The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

## TCP (1-4a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

## CP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

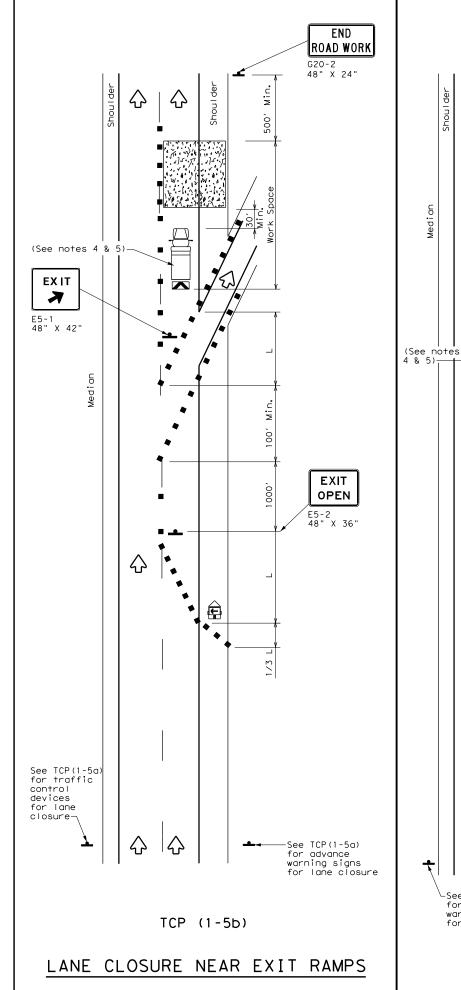


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE
CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn	DN:		ck:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0904	00	181,ET	C. V	ARIOUS
8-95 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	AMA	AMA POTTER			23



 $\langle \rangle$ 

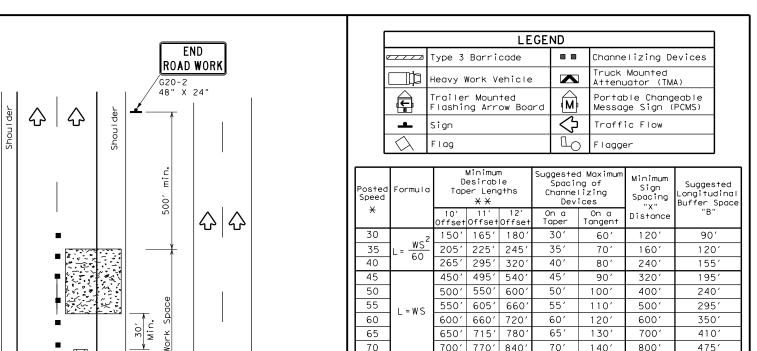
 $\Diamond$ 

-See TCP(1-5a)

warning signs for lane closure

for advance

公



65

70

75

USE

NEXT

RAMP

CW25-1T 48" X 48"▲

Channelizing Devices at 20' spacing

-See TCP(1-4a) for lane closure details if a lane closure is needed

to close a lane which is normally required to enter the ramp.

CW2ORP-3D 48" X 48"

RAMP

CLOSED

AHEAD

RAMP

CLOSED

R11-2bT 48" X 30'

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

650' 715' 780

700′ 770′ 840°

750' 825' 900

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

70′

75′

130′

140′

150′

700'

800'

900′

410'

475'

540'

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
		1						

## **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

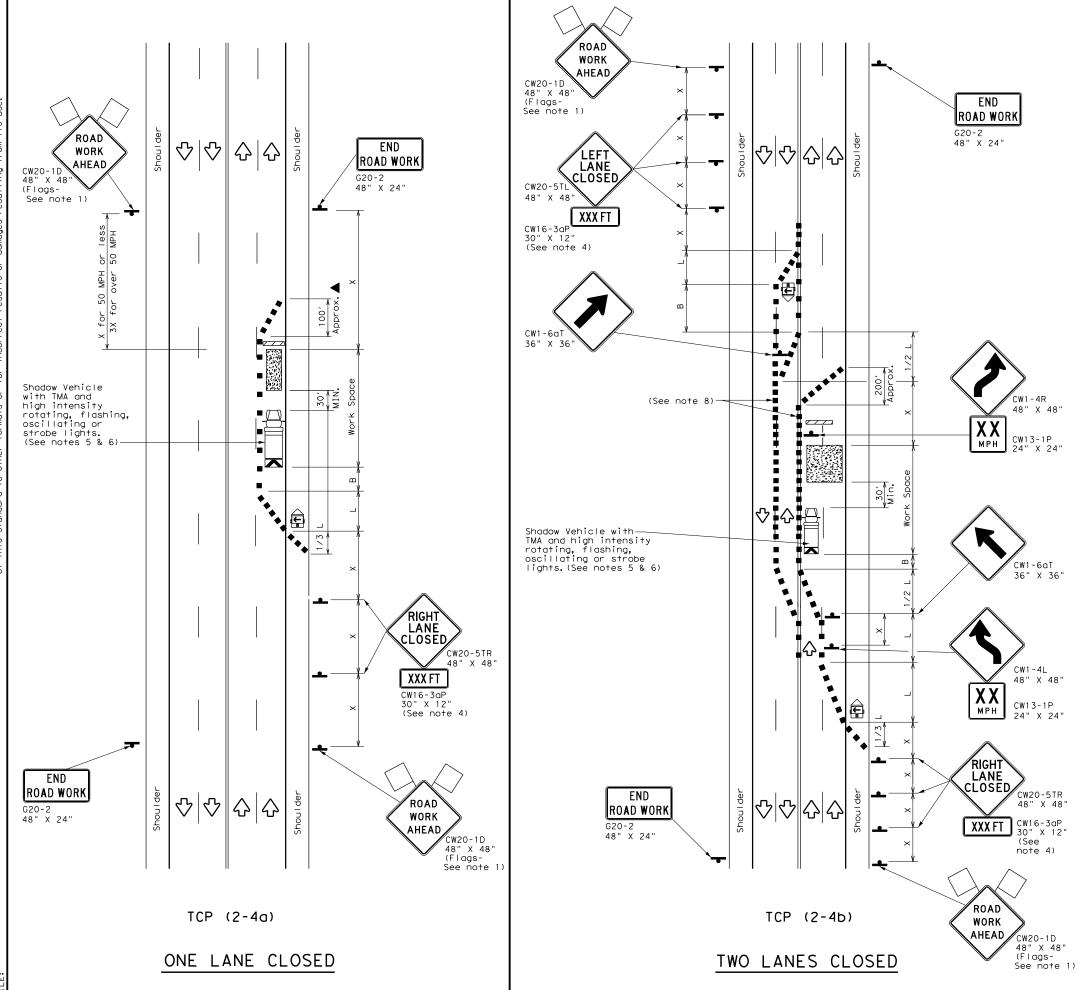
TCP(1-5)-18

ILE: †cp1-5-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-18	0904	00	181,ETC. V		VAF	RIOUS
2-10	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	AMA		POTTE	R		24

LANE CLOSURE NEAR ENTRANCE RAMPS

TCP (1-5c)

DISCLAIMER:
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	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign		Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	4	Flagger						

	V \					_		
Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths XX		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	00	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60		600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
	1 1									

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- 4. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

## TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

## TCP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE
CONVENTIONAL ROADS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(2-4)-18

FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0904	00	181,ET	C. V	ARIOUS
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	AMA		POTTE	R	25

164

	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
(F)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	LO	Flagger						

Posted Formula Speed		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **X			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- "3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
•			✓	<b>√</b>				

## **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
  4. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each
- closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 5. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

## TCP (2-5a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

## TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

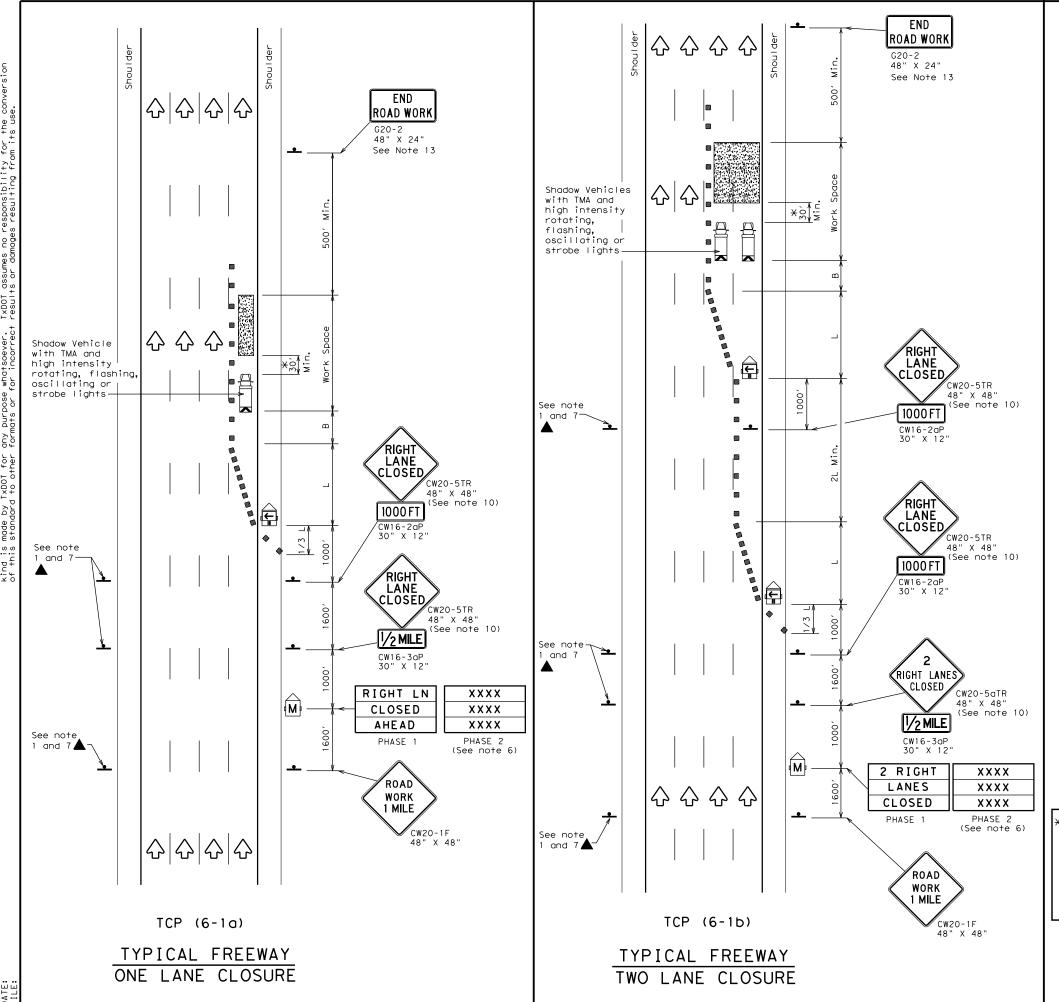
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LONG TERM LANE CLOSURES
MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL RDS.

TCP(2-5)-18

FILE: tcp2-5-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 2-12 REVISIONS	0904	00	181,ET	c. v	ARIOUS
1-97 3-03	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	AMA		POTTE	R	26

165





	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	4	Flagger						

Posted Speed Formula		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" ** **			Spaci Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"			
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	195′			
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	240′			
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′			
60	]	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	350′			
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′			
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′			
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′			
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	615′			

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
-	1	1	1	_					

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer.
- 3. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 4. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 5. Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- 6. Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- 7. Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- 8. The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control
- devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD. 9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at  $7^{\prime}$  to the
- bottom of the sign. 10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- 12.For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

X A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP (6-1)-12

	_		_					
FILE:	tcp6-1.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxD0T	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	HIGHWAY	
8-12	REVISIONS	0904	00	181,ETC.		VAF	RIOUS	
6-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		AMA		POTTE	R		27	

Shadow Vehicle

with TMA and

nigh intensity

rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights

END

ROAD WORK

48" X 48"

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

MPH

48" X 24" (See Note 4)

수 수 수

See TCP(6-1) for

TCP (6-2a)

ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN

WORK WITHIN 500' OF RAMP

Lane Closure Details and

Additional Signing.

	LEGEND									
V////	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
(F)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag		Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D Taper		n le hs "L"	Spacir Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′
60	L - 11 3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	615′

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	✓	<b>√</b>	✓					

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign
- between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways. 3. See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
- 4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with  ${\tt G20-2}$  signs already in place on the project.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

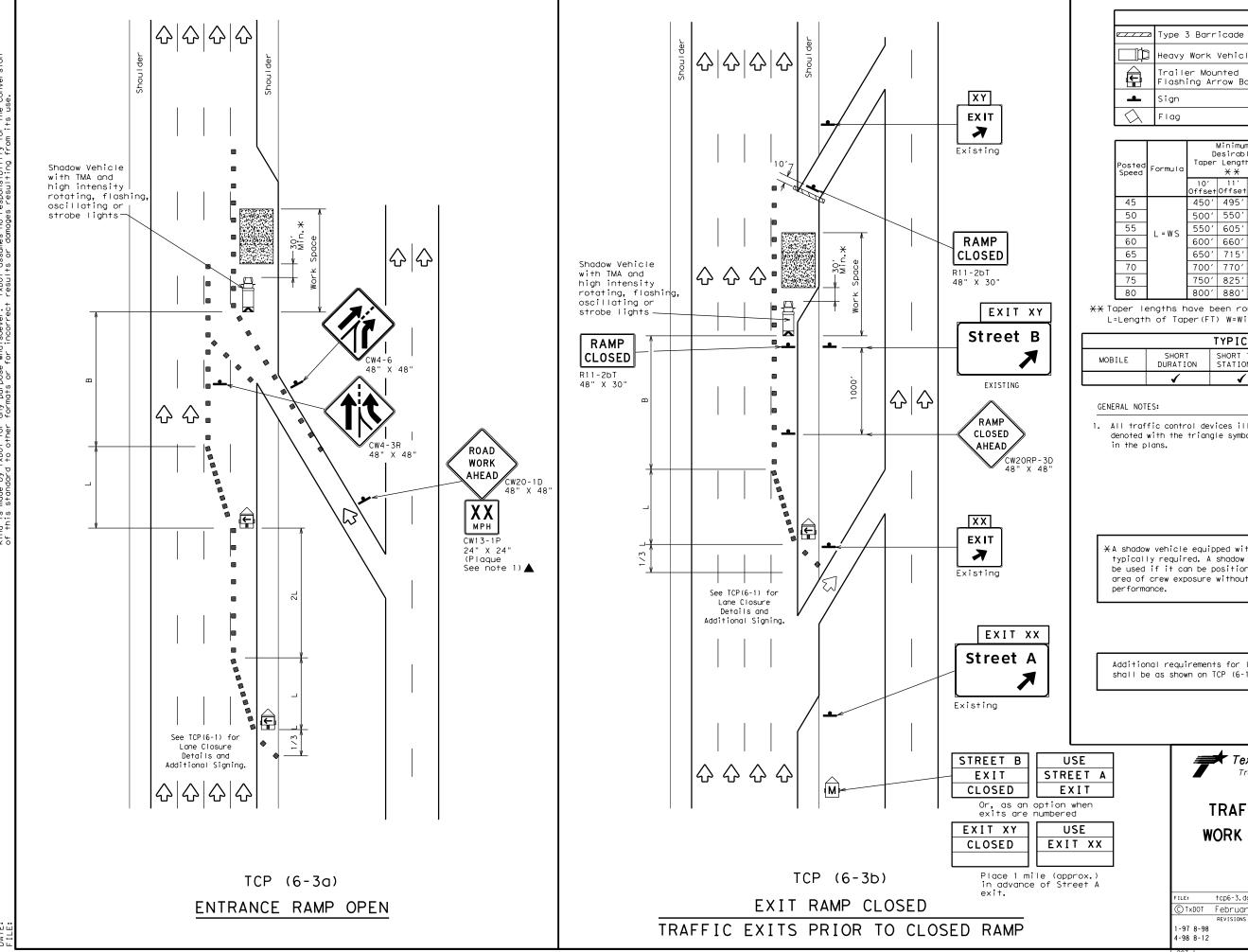
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP (6-2) -12

FILE: tcp6-2.dgn		DN: T:	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
©TxDOT February 1994		CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0904	00	181,ET	c.	V	ARIOUS	
1-97 8-98				COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-	12	AMA		POTTE	R		28	



LEGEND Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Flashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow Flagger

Posted Speed			**			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′
80		8001	8801	9601	80′	160′	615′

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPI

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
	<b>√ √ √</b>								

1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere

imes A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

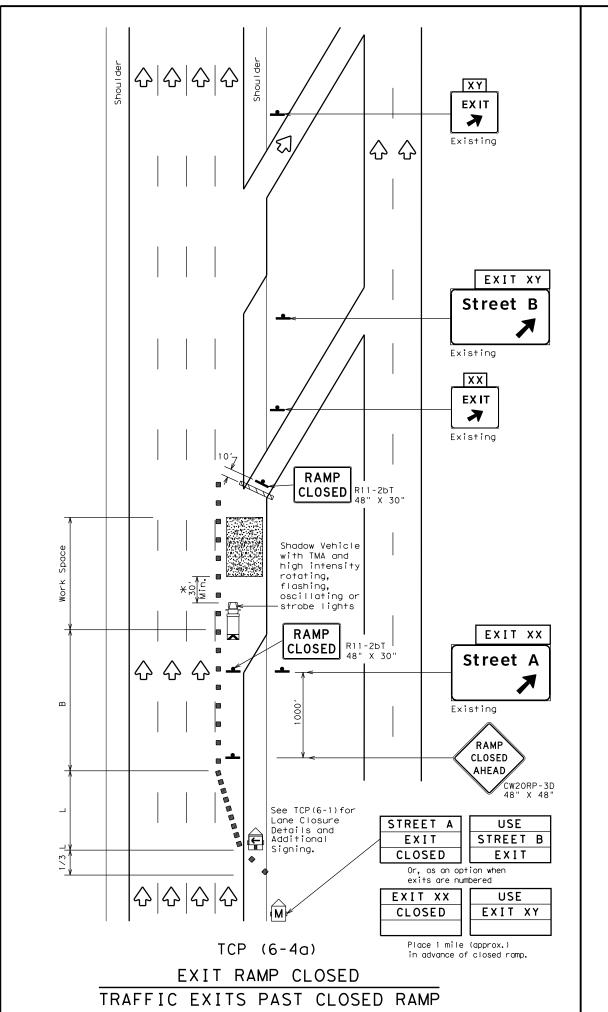
> Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

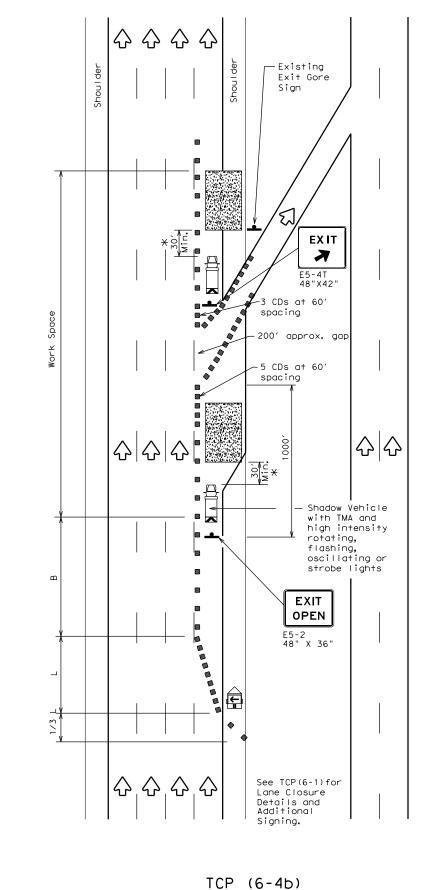
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND RAMP

TCP (6-3) -12

FILE:	tcp6-3.dgn	DN: T:	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxD0T	February 1994	CONT	SECT	ст јов		н	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0904	00	181,ET	c.	VAI	RIOUS	
1-97 8-98		DIST		COUNTY SHEE		SHEET NO.		
4-98 8-12		AMA		POTTE	R		29	







EXIT RAMP OPEN

Type 3 Barricade

Channelizing Devices (CDs)

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board

Sign

Flag

Flag

Flag

Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula		Minimum esirable Lengths "L" **		Spacir Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′
60	L 3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	615′

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	1 1 1								

## GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC Standards for sign details.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

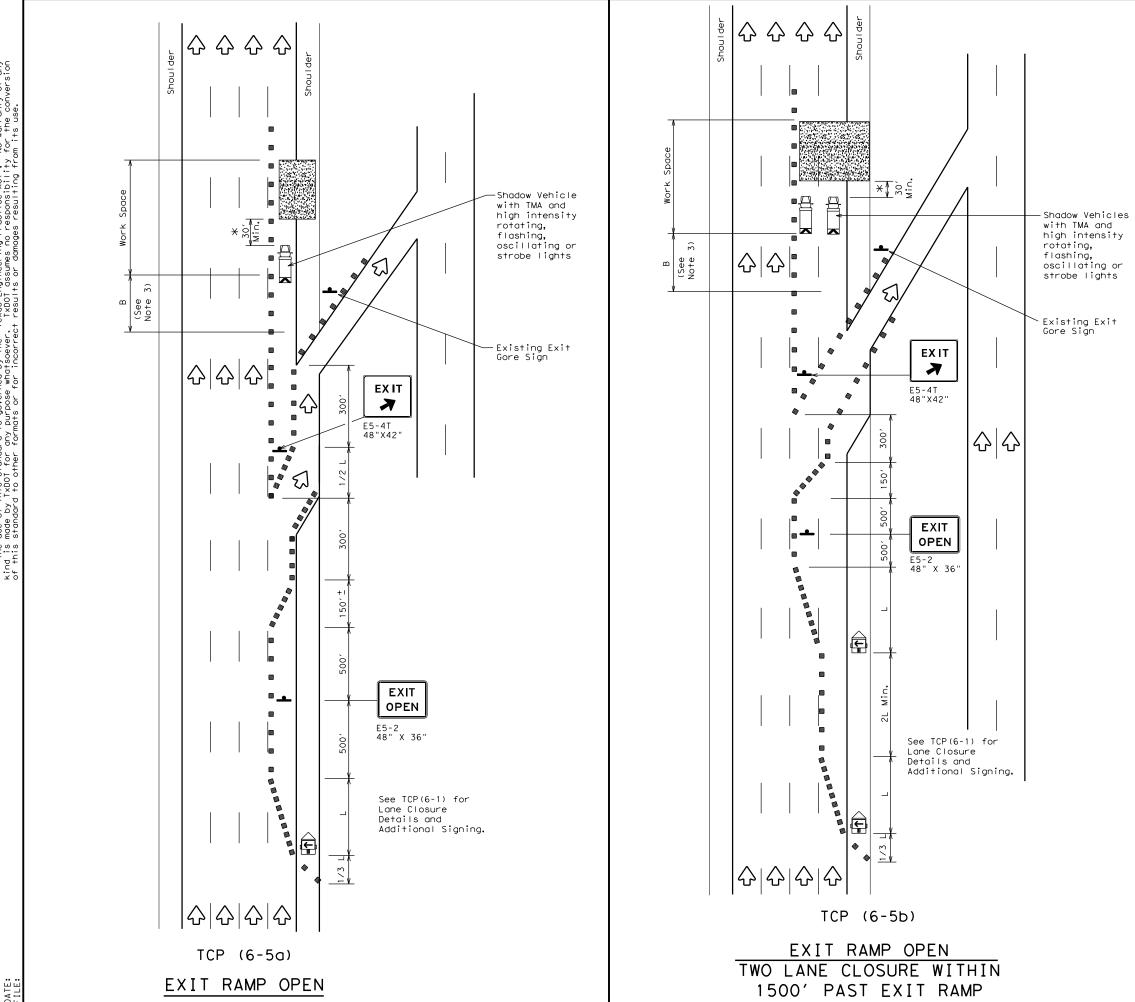


## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP(6-4)-12

FILE:	tcp6-4.dgn		DN: T>	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT Feburary 1994		CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
	0904	00	181,ETC. V		٧٨	ARIOUS		
1-97 8-98			DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 8-13	2		AMA		POTTE	R		30





	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	LO	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab Lengt <del>X</del> <del>X</del>	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	10' 11' 12' On a On a ffset Offset Offset Taper Tangent			"B"		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′	
60	L - 11 3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′	
75		750′ 825′ 900′		75′	150′	540′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	615′	

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	✓	✓	✓		

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1$ in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-5) - 12

FILE:	tcp6-5.dgn		DN: T>	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	Feburary	1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
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1-97 8-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 8	-12		AMA		POTTE	R		31



SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1

48" × 48'

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW2OSG-48" × 48"  $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ 

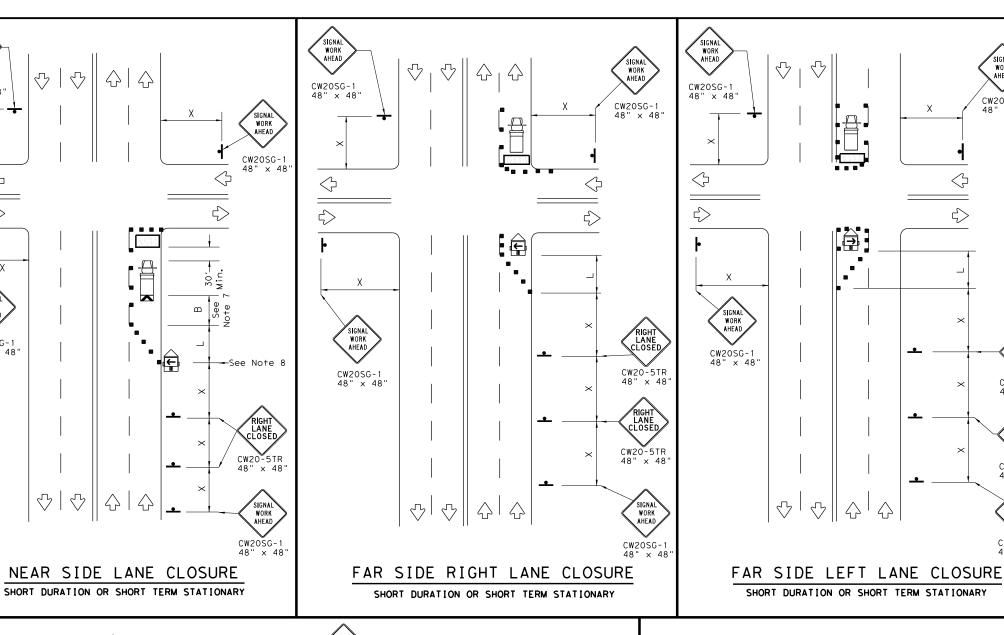
 $\Diamond$ 

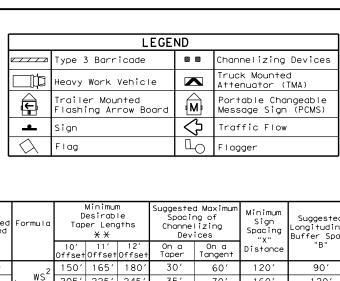
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Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-W3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′
V C			0-1					

* Conventional Roads Only

WORK

CW20SG-1

LEFT LANE CLOSED

CW20-5TL 48" x 48

CW20-5TL 48" × 48

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1 48" x 48

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

WORKERS IN BUCKET TRUCKS SHALL NOT WORK ABOVE OPEN LANES OF TRAFFIC.

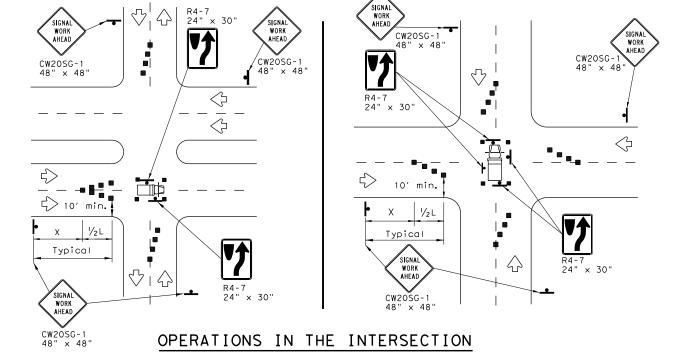
## GENERAL NOTES

1. The minimum size channelizing device is the 28" cone. 42" Two-piece cones, drums, vertical panels or barricades will be required when the device must be left unattended at night.

 $\bigcirc$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

- 2. Obstructions or hazards at the work area shall be clearly marked and delineated at all times.
- 3. Flaggers and Flagger Symbol (CW20-7) signs may be required according to field conditions.
- 4. Vehicles parked in roadway shall be equipped with at least two high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe type lights.
- 5. High level warning devices (flag trees) may be used at corners of the vehicle.
- 6. When work operations are performed on existing signals, the signals may be placed in flashing red mode when approved by the engineer. If existing signals do not have power, All-Way Stop (R1-1 and R1-3P) signs may be implemented when approved by the engineer.
- 7. For Short-Term Stationary work the buffer space "B" from the above table should be used if field conditions permit. For Short Duration (less than 1 hour) any buffer space provided will enhance the safety of the setup.
- 8. The arrow board at this location may be omitted for Short Duration work if the work vehicle has an arrow board in operation. As an option, the arrow board may be placed at the end of the taper in the closed lane if space is not available at the beginning of the taper.
- 9. Signs and devices for the NEAR SIDE LANE CLOSURE may be altered for a left lane closure by using a LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5TL) and adding channelizing devices on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic.



SHEET 1 OF 2

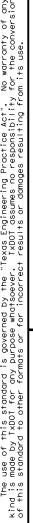


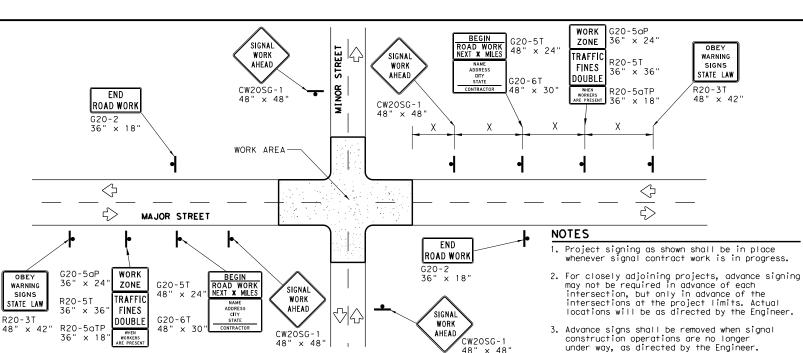
Traffic Operation Division Standard

## TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK TYPICAL DETAILS

WZ(BTS-1)-13

.E: wzbts-13.dgn	DN: T>	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT April 1992	CONT SECT JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0904	00	181,ET	c.	٧A	RIOUS
98 10-99 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
98 3-03	AMA		POTTE	R		32





## TYPICAL ADVANCE SIGNAL PROJECT SIGNING

FOR LONG TERM and INTERMEDIATE-TERM STATIONARY WORK OPERATIONS

## REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the requirements of the DMS and color usage table shown on this sheet.

warning sign spacing.

4. Warning sign spacing shown is typical for both

5. See the Table on sheet 1 of 2 for Typical

## SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Weights used to keep signs from turning over should be sandbags filled with dry, cohesionless material.
- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber, such as tire inner tubes, shall not be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fastners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

ν	or is pide	ed on stopes.				
	LEGEND					
	4	Sign				
		Channelizing Devices				
		Type 3 Barricade				

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL	SPECIFICATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
FLEXIBLE ROLL-UP REFLECTIVE SIGNS	DMS-8310

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
WHITE	BACKGROUND	TYPE A SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

http://www.txdot.gov/txdot_library/publications/construction.htm

## GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Signs shall be installed and maintained in a straight and plumb condition.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as
- The Contractor shall furnish the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports and substrates listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD), installed as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- Temporary signs that have damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Damaged wood posts shall be replaced. Splicing wood posts will not be allowed.

## DURATION OF WORK

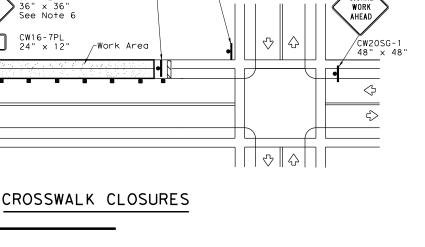
Work zone durations are defined in Part 6, Section 6G.02 of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD).

## SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- Sign height of Long-term/Intermediate-term warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-1 of the TMUTCD.
- Sign height of Short-term/Short_Duration warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-2 of the TMUTCD.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

## REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap, or heavy materials such as plywood or aluminum shall not
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.  $\,$
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes back filled upon completion of the work.



CW2OSG-

| ♡ || ☆

 $\Diamond \parallel \Diamond$ 

♡ | ☆

R9-11L

SIGNA

WORK

 $\Diamond$ 

₹>

SIGNAL WORK

AHEAD

 $\Diamond$ 

4>

SIGNA

CW20SG-1 48" x 48

## PEDESTRIAN CONTROL

Holes, trenches or other hazards shall be adequately protected by covering, delineating or surrounding the hazard with orange plastic pedestrian fencing or longitudinal channelizing devices, or as directed by the Engineer. "CROSSWALK CLOSURES" as detailed above will require the Engineer's approval

SIGNA

AHEAD

Temporary Traffic Barrier

See Note 4 below

SIDEWALK DIVERSION

∟Work Area

**SIDEWALK** 

CLOSED

24" x 12'

SIDEWALK DETOUR

R9-11aR

CW11-2

36" × 36"

CW16-7PL 24" x 12"

See Note 6

CROSS HERE

K

10' Min.

**SIDEWALK** 

CLOSED

R9-9 24" x 12"

^L4′ Min.(See Note 7 below

CROSS HERE

R9-11aL 24" x 12"

 $\Diamond | \Diamond$ 

♡∥⊹

SIDEWALK CLOSE

CROSS HERE

24" x 12

 $\Diamond \parallel \Diamond$ 

♡ | ☆

 $\triangle$ 

CW2OSG-

See Note 8

 $\Diamond$ 

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36" × 36"

See Note 6

AHEAD

CW16-9P

24" x 12'

 $\Diamond$ 

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SIDEWALK CLOSE

USE OTHER SIDE

prior to installation. R9 series signs shown may be placed on supports detailed on the BC standards or CWZTCD list, or when fabricated from approved lightweight plastic

substrates, they may be mounted on top of a plastic drum at or near the location shown. For speeds less than 45 mph longitudinal channelizing devices may be used instead of traffic barriers when approved by the Engineer. Attenuation of

blunt ends and installation of water filled devices shall be as per BC(9) and manufacturer's recommendations.

Location of devices are for general guidance, Actual device spacing and location must be field adjusted to meet actual conditions.

Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk Detectable Pedestrian Barricades should be used instead of the Type 3 Barricades shown.

The width of existing sidewalk should be maintained if practical.

Pavement markings for mid-block crosswalks shall be paid for under the appropriate bid items.

When crosswalks or other pedestrian facilities are closed or relocated. temporary facilities shall be detectable and shall include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.

SHEET 2 OF 2

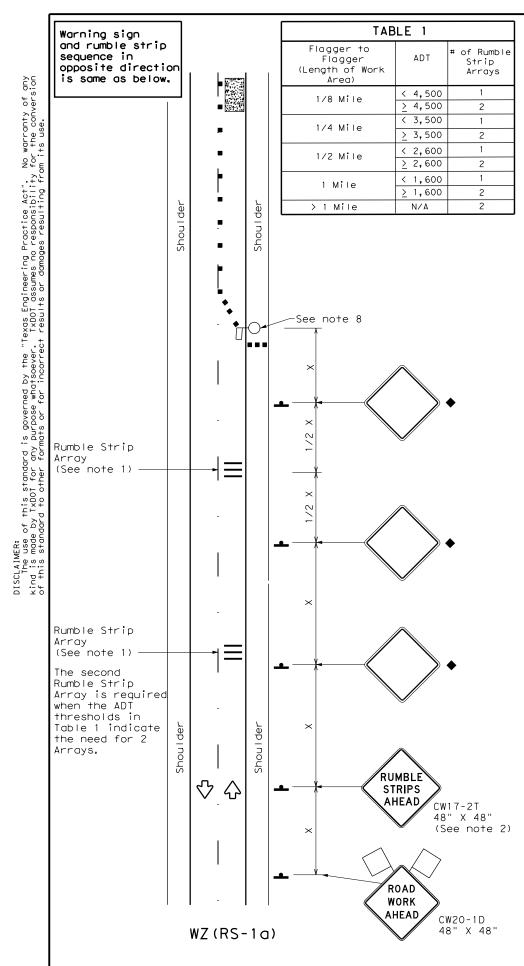


Operation Division Standard

TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK BARRICADES AND SIGNS

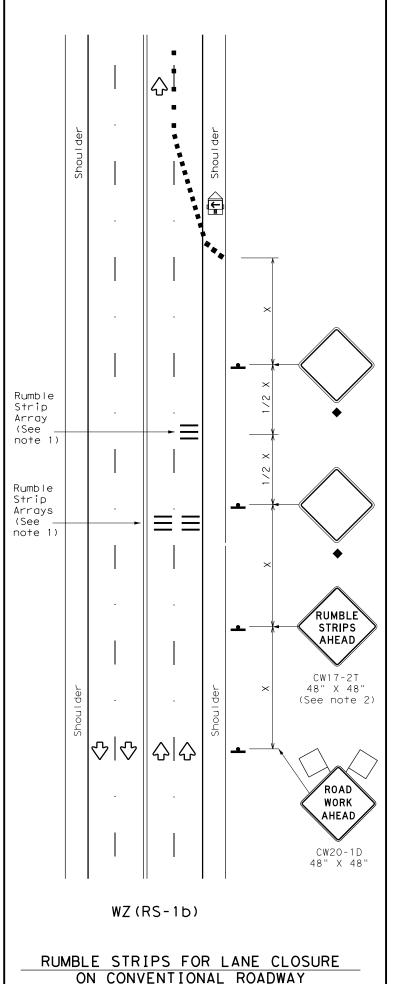
WZ(BTS-2)-13

	FILE:	wzbts-13.dgn	DN: To	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>T×DOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
	C TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
		REVISIONS	0904	00	181,ET	c.	V۸	RIOUS
	2-98 10-99 7-13 4-98 3-03		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
			AMA		POTTER			33
	115							



RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE

TWO-WAY APPLICATION



## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves. loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
<b>-</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	( <u>A</u>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
ŀ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	9	Flagger				

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **X		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L #5	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	✓	✓				

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2					
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array				
≤ 40 MPH	10′				
> 40 MPH & <u>&lt;</u> 55 MPH	15′				
= 60 MPH	20′				
≥ 65 MPH	<del>*</del> 35′+				

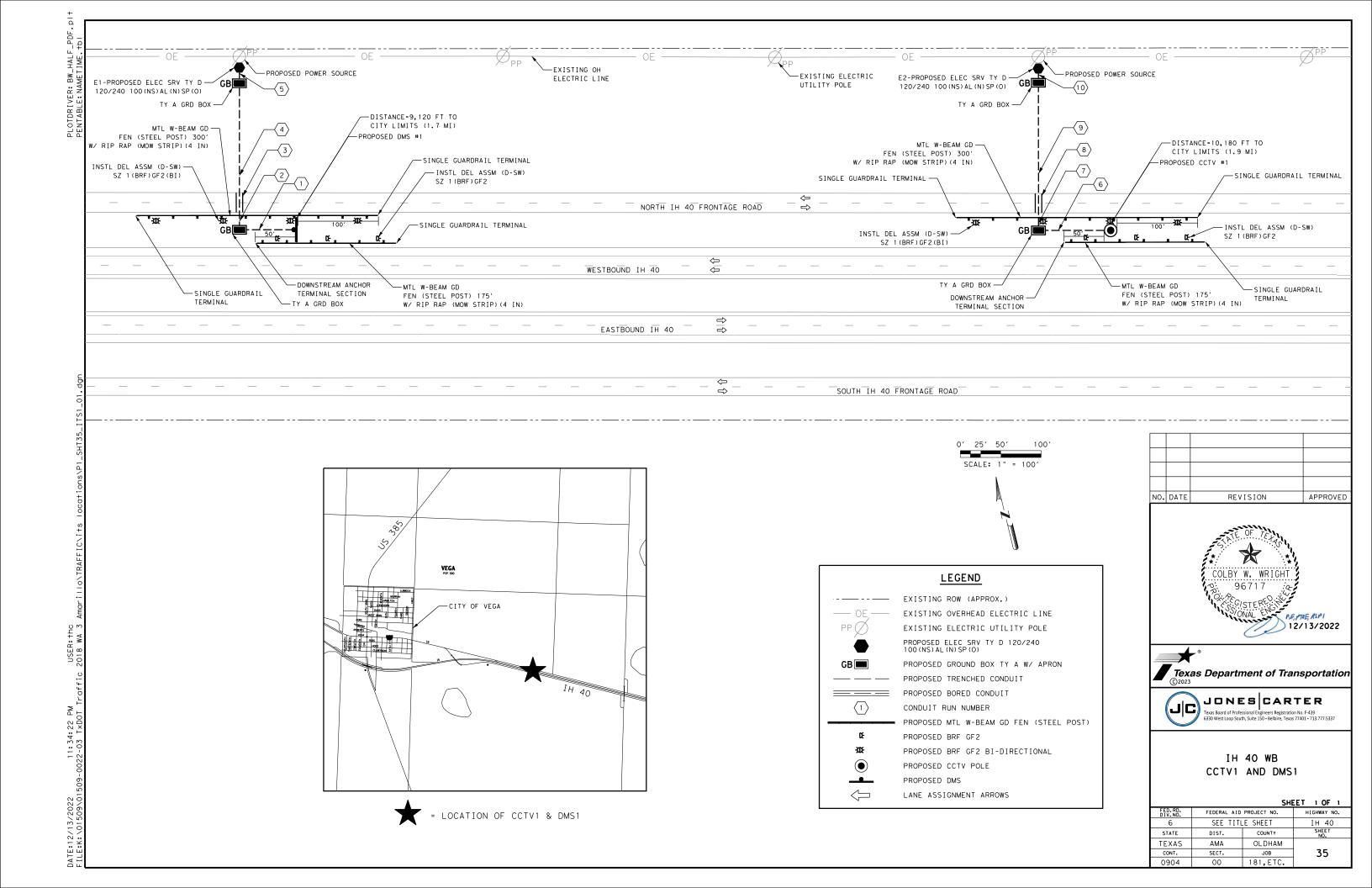
Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ(RS) - 22

FILE:	wzrs22.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
2-14 4-16	REVISIONS 1-22	0904	00	181,ETC. V		VA	RIOUS
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		AMA	POTTER				34
447							



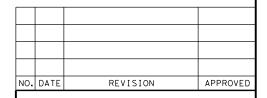
	ELECTRICAL SERVICE E-1 & E-2 ELECTRICAL SERVICE POLE DATA (ITEM 628-6220)											
SERVICE	ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTION DATA	SERVICE	SERVICE	SAFETY	MAIN	TWO-POLE	PANEL BD./	CIRCUIT NO.	BRANCH	BRANCH	VOLTAGE	KVA
POLE		CONDUIT	CONDUCTORS	SWITCH	DISCONNECT	CONTACTOR	LOADCENTER		CKT. BRK.	CIRCUIT		LOAD
NO.		SIZE (RMC)	NO./SIZE	AMPS	CKT. BRK.	AMPS	AMP RATING		POLE/AMP	AMPS		
					POLE/AMP		(MIN)		s			
E-1	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	DMS #1	2P/70	50	240	12
E-2	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	CCTV #1	1P/20	15	120	1.8

		CCT\	/ #1 AND DMS	#1 CONDUIT SUMN	//ARY		
RUN NUMBER	618 6046	618 6047	620 6007	620 6008	620 6011	620 6012	RUN LENGTH
	CONDT (PVC)	CONDT (PVC)	ELEC CONDR	ELEC CONDR (NO.	ELEC CONDR	ELEC CONDR	FEET
	(SCH80)(2")	(SCH80)(2")	(NO. 8) BARE	8) INSULATED	(NO. 4) BARE	(NO.4)	
		(BORE)				INSULATED	
1	1				1	3	75
2	1				1	3	30
3		1			1	3	30
4	1				1	3	175
5	1				1	3	20
6	1		1	2			95
7	1		1	2			30
8		1	1	2			30
9	1		1	2			175
10	1		1	2			20
TOTAL	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	
TOTAL	620	60	350	700	330	990	

				CCTV #1	AND DMS #1 N	/IISCELLANEOUS S	SUMMARY				
LOCATION 416 6005 416 6023 432 6001 432 6045 540 6002 540 6016 544 6001 624 6002 650 6028 658 6061 658										658 6062	
	DRILL SHAFT	DRILL SHAFT	RIP RAP	RIP RAP	MTL W-	DOWNSTREAM	GUARDRAIL END	GROUND BOX	INS OH SN	INSTL DEL	INSTL DEL
	(42 IN)	(SIGN MTS)	(CONC)	(MOW	BEAM GD	ANCHOR	TREATMENT	TY A (122311)	SUP (30 FT	ASSM (D-	ASSM
		(CONC) (54	(4 IN)	STRIP)	FEN (STEEL	TERMINAL	(INSTALL)	W/ APRON	BAL TEE)	SW) SZ	(D- SW) SZ
		IN)		(4 IN)	POST)	SECTION				1(BRF)GF2	1(BRF)GF2(BI)
	LF	LF	CY	CY	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
IH 40 WB CCTV #1	19		1.25	26	475	1	3	2		3	4
IH 40 WB DMS #1		21	1.25	26	475	1	3	2	1	3	4
TOTAL	19	21	2.5	52	950	2	6	4	1	6	8

				CCTV #1	AND DMS #1 N	/ISCELLANEOUS S	SUMMARY				CCTV #1 AND DMS #1 MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARY											
LOCATION	6010 6002	6010 6004	6028 6001	6064 6037	6064 6080	6247 6005	*MATERIAL PROVIDED BY THE STATE															
	CCTV FIELD	CCTV	INSTALL DMS	ITS POLE (50	ITS POLE	INSTALL OF	3 LINE, 21	4G CELLULAR	ANTENNA	FIELD	DMS											
	EQUIPMENT	MOUNT	(POLE MTD	FT)(90 MPH)	MNT CAB	CELLULAR	CHARACTER	MODEM	FOR	HARDENED	(POLE MTD											
	(DIGITAL)	(POLE)	CABINET)		(TY 2)	MODEM	DMS (30'-6"x		CELLULAR	ETHERNET	CABINET)											
					(CONF 1)		8'-1 1/16")		MODEM	SWITCH												
	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA											
IH 40 WB CCTV #1	1	1		1	1	1		1	1	1												
IH 40 WB DMS #1			1			1	1	1	1	1	1											
TOTAL	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	1											

* SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR, INSTALLATION IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.









IH 40 WB CCTV1 AND DMS1 QUANTITIES

		SHE	ET 1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	IH 40
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	AMA	OLDHAM	
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	36
0904	00	181,ETC.	

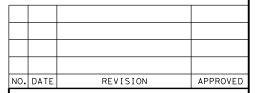
	ELECTRICAL SERVICE E-3 & E-4 ELECTRICAL SERVICE POLE DATA (ITEM 628-6220)											
SERVICE	ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTION DATA	SERVICE	SERVICE	SAFETY	MAIN	TWO-POLE	PANEL BD./	CIRCUIT NO.	BRANCH	BRANCH	VOLTAGE	KVA
POLE		CONDUIT	CONDUCTORS	SWITCH	DISCONNECT	CONTACTOR	LOADCENTER		CKT. BRK.	CIRCUIT		LOAD
NO.		SIZE (RMC)	NO./SIZE	AMPS	CKT. BRK.	AMPS	AMP RATING		POLE/AMP	AMPS		
					POLE/AMP		(MIN)		S			
E-3	OMITTED											
E-4	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	CCTV #2	1P/20	15	120	1.8

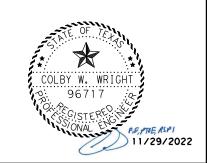
		CCTV #2 CO	NDUIT SUMM	ARY	
RUN NUMBER	618 6046	618 6047	620 6007	620 6008	RUN LENGTH
	CONDT (PVC)	CONDT (PVC)	ELEC CONDR	ELEC CONDR (NO.	FEET
	(SCH80)(2")	(SCH80)(2")	(NO. 8) BARE	8) INSULATED	
		(BORE)			
11					OMITTED
12					OMITTED
13					OMITTED
14					OMITTED
15					OMITTED
16					OMITTED
17					OMITTED
18					OMITTED
19					OMITTED
20	1		1	2	110
21	1		1	2	25
22		1	1	2	45
23	1		1	2	40
24		1	1	2	45
25	1		1	2	55
26		1	1	2	30
27	1		1	2	20
28	1		1	2	25
TOTAL	LF	LF	LF	LF	
TOTAL	275	120	395	790	

	CCTV #2 MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARY												
LOCATION	416 6005	432 6001	432 6045	540 6002	540 6016	544 6001	624 6002	658 6061	658 6062				
	DRILL SHAFT	RIP RAP	RIP RAP	MTL W-	DOWNSTREA	GUARDRAIL	GROUND BOX	INSTL DEL ASSM	INSTL DEL				
	(42 IN)	(CONC)	(MOW	BEAM GD	M ANCHOR	END	TY A (122311)	(D- SW) SZ	ASSM				
		(4 IN)	STRIP)	FEN (STEEL	TERMINAL	TREATMENT	W/APRON	1(BRF)GF2	(D- SW) SZ				
			(4 IN)	POST)	SECTION	(INSTALL)			1(BRF)GF2(B				
	LF	CY	CY	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA				
IH 40 WB CCTV #2	19	1.25	26	500	1	3	2	3	4				

			CCTV #2 N	/ISCELLANEOU	S SUMMARY			
LOCATION	6010 6002	002   6010 6004   6064 6037   6064 6080   6247 6005   *MATERIAL PROVIDED BY THE STATE						HE STATE
	CCTV FIELD	CCTV	ITS POLE (50	ITS POLE	INSTALL OF	4G CELLULAR	ANTENNA FOR	FIELD
	EQUIPMENT	MOUNT	FT)(90 MPH)	MNT CAB (TY	CELLULAR	MODEM	CELLULAR	HARDENED
	(DIGITAL)	(POLE)		2)(CONF 1)	MODEM		MODEM	ETHERNET
								SWITCH
	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
IH 40 WB CCTV #2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
IH 40 WB CCTV #2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

* SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR, INSTALLATION IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.



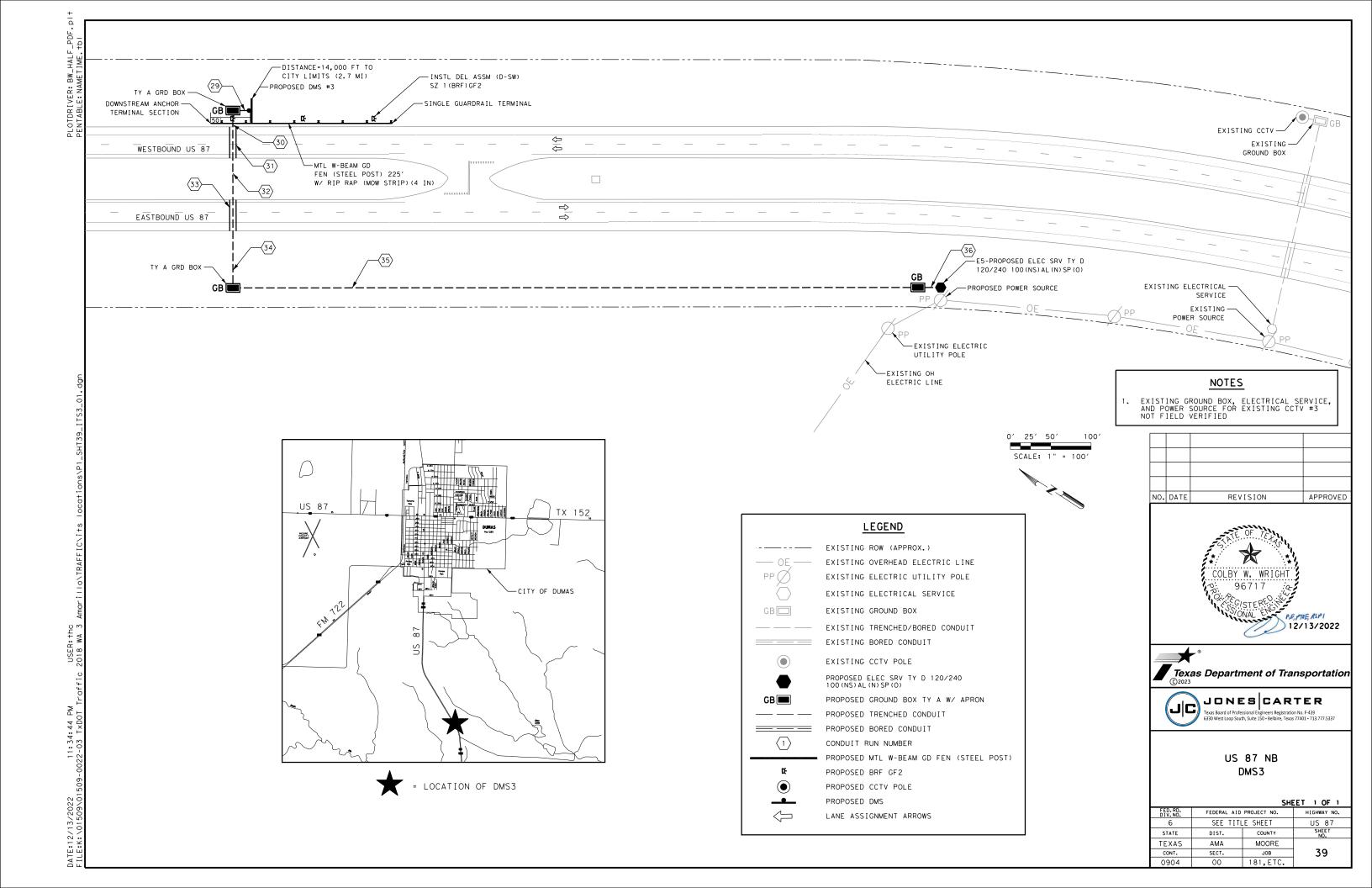






IH 40 WB CCTV2 QUANTITIES

		SHE	ET 1 OF 1					
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO							
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	IH 40					
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
TEXAS	AMA	POTTER						
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	38					
0904	00	181,ETC.						



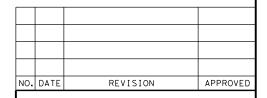
	ELECTRICAL SERVICE E-5 ELECTRICAL SERVICE POLE DATA (ITEM 628-6220)												
S	SERVICE ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTION DATA   SERVICE   SERVICE   SAFETY   MAIN   TWO-POLE   PANEL BD./   CIRCUIT NO.   BRANCH   BRANCH   VOLTAGE   KVA												
	POLE		CONDUIT	CONDUCTORS	SWITCH	DISCONNECT	CONTACTOR	LOADCENTER		CKT. BRK.	CIRCUIT		LOAD
	NO.		SIZE (RMC)	NO./SIZE	AMPS	CKT. BRK.	AMPS	AMP RATING		POLE/AMP	AMPS		
						POLE/AMP		(MIN)		S			
	E-5	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	DMS #3	2P/70	50	240	12

		DMS #3 COND	UIT SUMMARY	•							
RUN NUMBER	618 6046	618 6047	620 6011	620 6012	RUN LENGTH						
	CONDT (PVC)	CONDT (PVC)	ELEC CONDR	ELEC CONDR	FEET						
	(SCH80)(2")	(SCH80)(2")	(NO. 4) BARE	(NO.4)							
		(BORE)		INSULATED							
29	1		1	3	25						
30	1		1	3	25						
31		1	1	3	45						
32	1		1	3	60						
33		1	1	3	45						
34	1		1	3	75						
35	1		1	3	860						
36	1		1	3	25						
TOTAL	LF	LF	LF	LF							
TOTAL	1070	90	1160	3480							
NOTE: ALL WIRE LEN	NOTE: ALL WIRE LENGTHS HAVE 5 FT ADDITIONAL LENGTH FOR EACH END CALCULATED IN THE										

			DMS	#3 MISCELLANEO	LIS SLIMMARY				
LOCATION	416 6023	432 6001	432 6045	540 6002	540 6016	544 6001	624 6002	650 6028	658 6061
	DRILL SHAFT	RIP RAP	RIP RAP	MTL W-BEAM	DOWNSTREAM	GUARDRAIL	GROUND	INS OH SN	INSTL DEL
	(SIGN MTS)	(CONC)	(MOW	GD FEN (STEEL	ANCHOR	END	BOX TY A	SUP (30 FT	ASSM (D-
	(CONC) (54	(4 IN)	STRIP) (4 IN)	POST)	TERMINAL	TREATMENT	(122311) W/	BAL TEE)	SW) SZ
	IN)				SECTION	(INSTALL)	APRON		1(BRF)GF2
	LF	CY	CY	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
US 87 NB DMS #3	21	1.25	14	225	1	1	3	1	3
TOTAL	21	1.25	14	225	1	1	3	1	3

		DM	1S #3 MISCELLANE	OUS SUMMARY	,							
LOCATION	6028 6001	6247 6005			PROVIDED BY TH	HE STATE						
	INSTALL DMS	INSTALL OF	3 LINE, 21	3 LINE, 21 4G CELLULAR ANTENNA FOR FIELD DMS								
	(POLE MTD	CELLULAR	CHARACTER MODEM CELLULAR HARDENED (POLE MTI									
	CABINET)	MODEM	DMS (30'-6"x8'- MODEM ETHERNET CAE									
			1 1/16")			SWITCH						
	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA					
US 87 NB DMS #3	1	1	1 1 1 1 1									
TOTAL	1	1	1	1	1	1	1					

^{*} SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR, INSTALLATION IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.



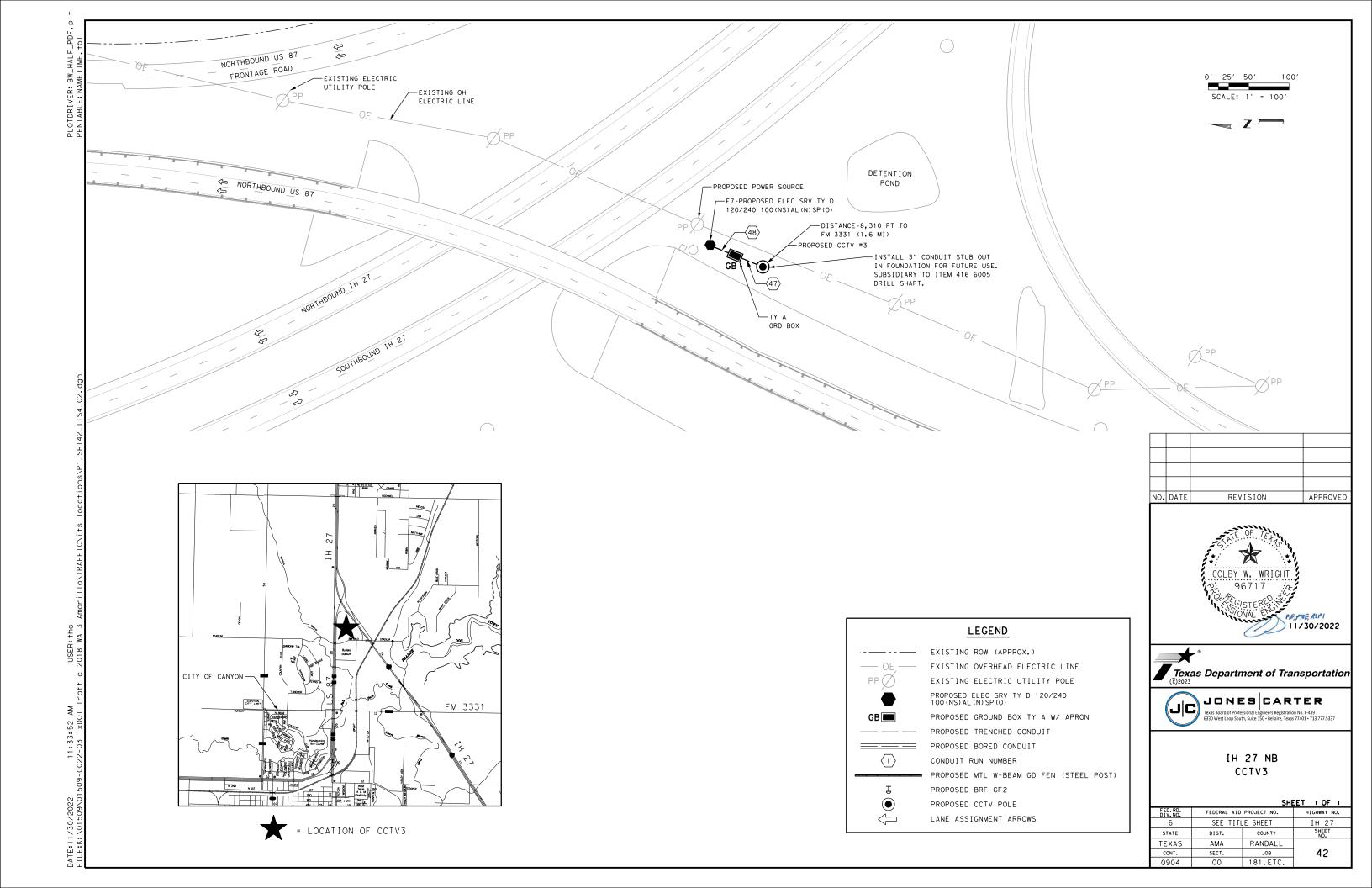






US 87 NB DMS3 QUANTITIES

		SHE	ET 1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE TITL	_E SHEET	US 87
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	AMA	MOORE	
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	40
0904	00	181,ETC.	



		ELECTRIC	AL SERVICE E-6	& E-7 ELE	CTRICAL SERV	ICE POLE DAT	A (ITEM 628-622	(0)				
SERVICE	ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTION DATA	SERVICE	SERVICE	SAFETY	MAIN	TWO-POLE	PANEL BD./	CIRCUIT NO.	BRANCH	BRANCH	VOLTAGE	KVA
POLE		CONDUIT	CONDUCTORS	SWITCH	DISCONNECT	CONTACTOR	LOADCENTER		CKT. BRK.	CIRCUIT		LOAD
NO.		SIZE (RMC)	NO./SIZE	AMPS	CKT. BRK.	AMPS	AMP RATING		POLE/AMP	AMPS		
					POLE/AMP		(MIN)		S			
E-6	OMITTED											
E-7	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	CCTV #3	1P/20	15	120	1.8

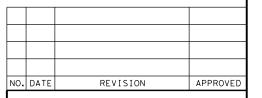
	CCTV	#3 CONDUIT	SUMMARY	
RUN NUMBER	618 6046	620 6007	620 6008	RUN LENGTH
	CONDT (PVC)	ELEC CONDR	ELEC CONDR (NO.	FEET
	(SCH80)(2")	(NO. 8) BARE	8) INSULATED	
37				OMITTED
38				OMITTED
39				OMITTED
40				OMITTED
41				OMITTED
42				OMITTED
43				OMITTED
44				OMITTED
45				OMITTED
46				OMITTED
47	1	1	2	40
48	1	1	2	40
TOTAL	LF	LF	LF	
TOTAL	80	80	160	
NOTE: ALL WIRE LEN	GTHS HAVE 5 F	T ADDITIONAL	LENGTH FOR EACH	END CALCULATED IN

THE TOTAL.

CCTV #3	MISCELLANEO	<b>US SUMMARY</b>	
LOCATION	416 6005	432 6001	624 6002
	DRILL SHAFT	RIP RAP	GROUND
	(42 IN)	(CONC)	BOX TY A
		(4 IN)	(122311)
			W/ APRON
	LF	CY	EA
IH 27 NB CCTV #3	19	1.25	1
-			<u> </u>

	CCTV #3 MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARY											
LOCATION	6010 6002   6010 6004   6064 6037   6064 6080   6247 6005   *MATERIAL PROV. BY STATE											
	CCTV FIELD	CCTV	ITS POLE	ITS POLE	INSTALL OF	4G CELLULAR	ANTENNA FOR	FIELD				
	EQUIPMENT	MOUNT	(50 FT)	MNT CAB	CELLULAR	MODEM	CELLULAR	HARDENED				
	(DIGITAL)	(POLE)	(90 MPH)	(TY 2)	MODEM		MODEM	ETHERNET				
				(CONF 1)				SWITCH				
	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA				
IH 27 NB CCTV #3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				

* SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR, INSTALLATION IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.



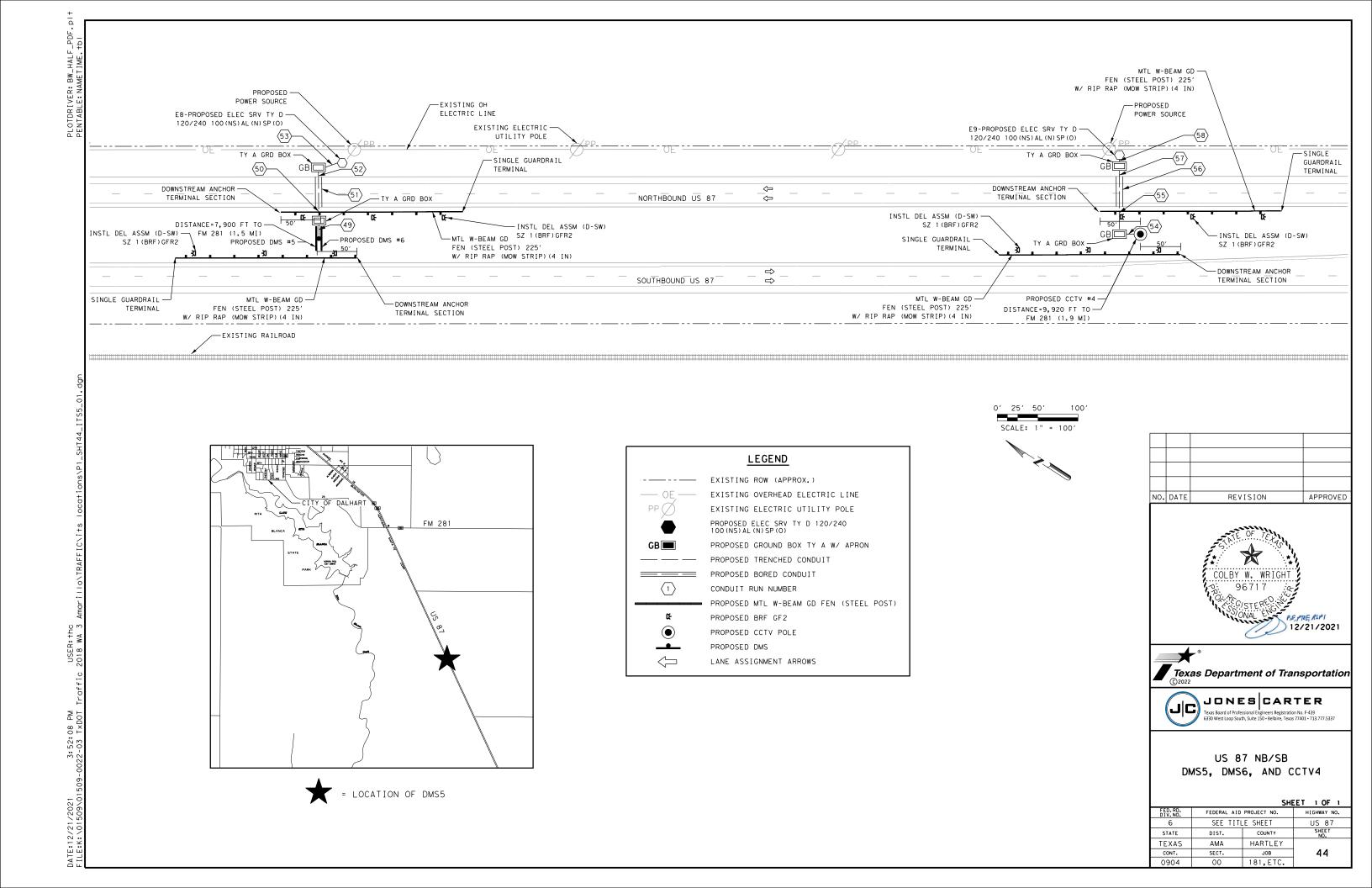






IH 27 NB CCTV3 QUANTITIES

		SHE	ET 1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE TITL	_E SHEET	IH 27
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	AMA	RANDALL	
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	43
0904	00	181,ETC.	



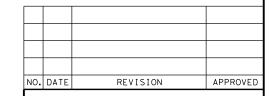
	ELECTRICAL SERVICE E-8 & E-9 ELECTRICAL SERVICE POLE DATA (ITEM 628-6220)											
SERVICE	ERVICE ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTION DATA   SERVICE   SERVICE   SAFETY   MAIN   TWO-POLE   PANEL BD./   CIRCUIT NO.   BRANCH   BRANCH   VOLTAGE   KVA											
POLE		CONDUIT	CONDUCTO	SWITCH	DISCONNECT	CONTACTOR	LOADCENTER		CKT. BRK.	CIRCUIT		LOAD
NO.		SIZE (RMC)	RS	AMPS	CKT. BRK.	AMPS	AMP RATING		POLE/AMP	AMPS		
			NO./SIZE		POLE/AMP		(MIN)		S			
E-8	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	DMS #5 & DMS #6	2P/70	50	240	12
E-9	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 100(NS)AL(N)SP(O)	1 1/2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/240	N/A	100	CCTV #4	1P/20	15	120	1.8

		CCTV #4, DN	/IS #5, AND DN	<u> 1S #6 CONDUI</u>	TSUMMARY		
RUN NUMBER	618 6046	618 6047	620 6007	620 6008	620 6011	620 6012	RUN LENGTH
	CONDT (PVC)	CONDT (PVC)	ELEC CONDR	ELEC CONDR	ELEC CONDR	ELEC CONDR	FEET
	(SCH80)(2")	(SCH80)(2")	(NO. 8) BARE	(NO. 8)	(NO. 4) BARE	(NO.4)	
		(BORE)		INSULATED		INSULATED	
49	1				2	6	25
50	1				2	6	20
51		1			2	6	40
52	1				2	6	15
53	1				2	6	30
54	1		1	2			35
55	1		1	2			40
56		1	1	2			45
57	1		1	2			20
58	1		1	2			20
TOTAL	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	
TOTAL	205	85	160	320	260	780	
NOTE: ALL WIRE LEN	IGTHS HAVE 5 F	T ADDITIONAL	LENGTH FOR	EACH END CAL	CULATED IN TH	IE TOTAL.	

		CCTV #	#4, DMS #5,	AND DMS #6	MISCELLAN	EOUS SUMMARY				
LOCATION	416 6005	416 6023	432 6001	432 6045	540 6002	540 6016	544 6001	624 6002	650 6028	658 6061
	DRILL SHAFT	DRILL SHAFT	RIP RAP	RIP RAP	MTL W-	DOWNSTREAM	GUARDRAIL	GROUND BOX	INS OH SN	INSTL DEL
	(42 IN)	(SIGN MTS)	(CONC) (4	(MOW)	BEAM GD	ANCHOR	END	TY A (122311)	SUP (30	ASSM (D-
		(CONC) (54	IN)	STRIP)	FEN (STEEL	TERMINAL	TREATMENT	W/ APRON	FT BAL	SW) SZ
		IN)		(4 IN)	POST)	SECTION	(INSTALL)		TEE)	1(BRF)GF2
	LF	LF	CY	CY	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
US 87 NB/SB CCTV #4	19		1.25	26	450	2	2	2		6
US 87 NB/SB DMS #5 & DMS #6		21	1.25	26	450	2	2	2	1	6
TOTAL	19	21	2.5	52	900	4	4	4	1	12

	CCTV #4, DMS #5, AND DMS #6 MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARY											
LOCATION	6010 6002	6010 6004	T	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1		T	*****	// DED DV TI	IE CTATE		
LOCATION	6010 6002	6010 6004	6028 6001	6064 6037	6064 6080	6247 6005		*MATERIAL PRO\	VIDED BY IF	IE STATE		
	CCTV FIELD	CCTV	INSTALL	ITS POLE	ITS POLE	INSTALL OF	3 LINE, 21	4G CELLULAR	ANTENNA	FIELD	DMS	
	EQUIPMENT	MOUNT	DMS (POLE	(50 FT)(90	MNT CAB	CELLULAR	CHARACTER	MODEM	FOR	HARDENED	(POLE MTD	
	(DIGITAL)	(POLE)	MTD	MPH)	(TY 2)	MODEM	DMS (30'-6"x8'-		CELLULAR	ETHERNET	CABINET)	
			CABINET)		(CONF 1)		1 1/16")		MODEM	SWITCH		
	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	
US 87 NB/SB CCTV #4	1	1		1	1	1		1	1	1		
US 87 NB/SB DMS #5 & DMS			1			1	2	1	1	1	1	
TOTAL	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	

^{*} SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR, INSTALLATION IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.



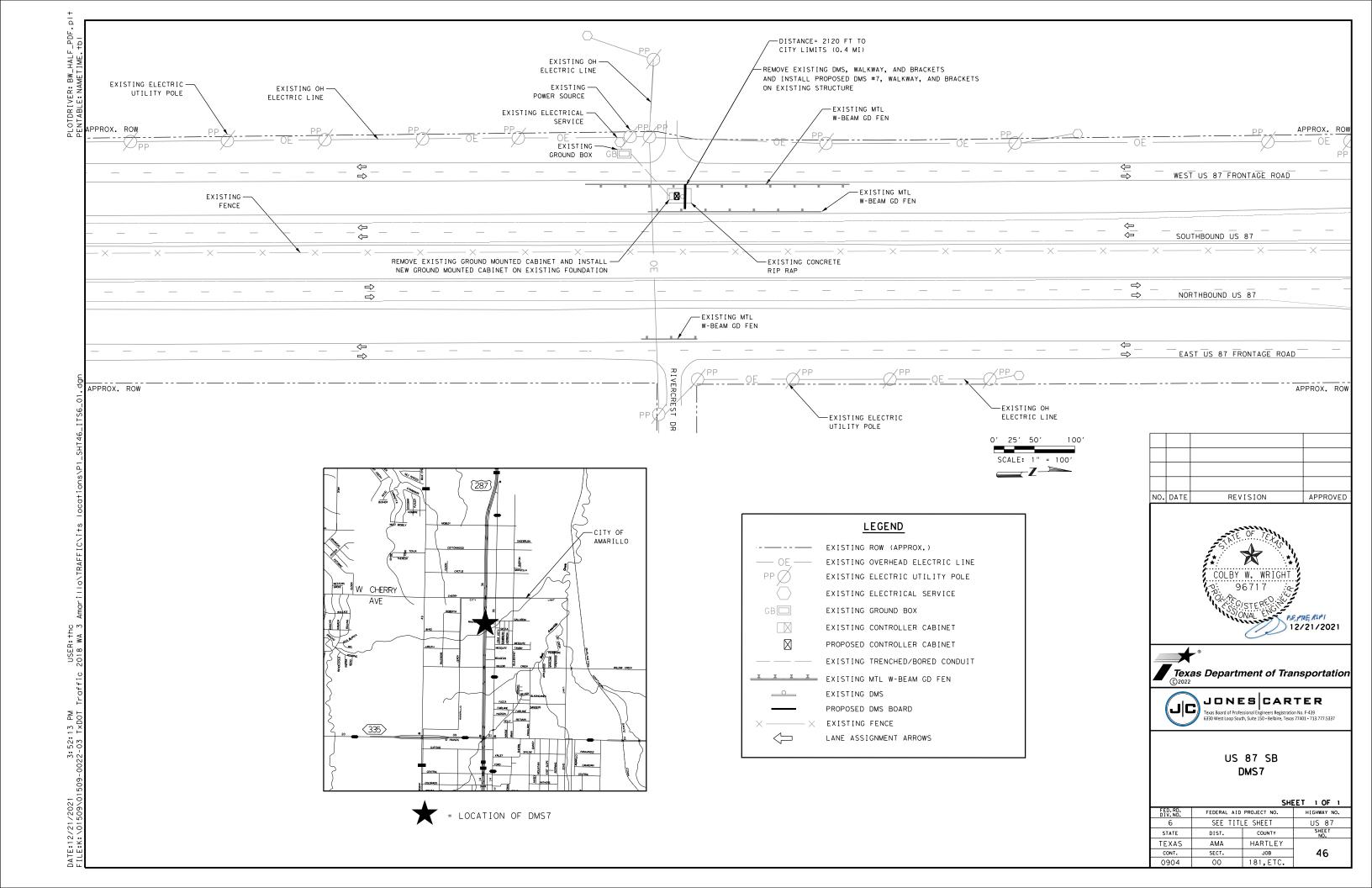






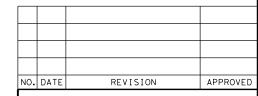
US 87 NB/SB CCTV4, DMS5, AND DMS6
QUANTITIES

		SHE	ET 1 OF 1	
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.		
6	SEE TITL	US 87		
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
TEXAS	AMA	HARTLEY		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	45	
0904	00	181,ETC.		



	DMS #7 MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARY								
LOCATION	6028 6002	6426 6001	6247 6005		*MATERIAL	PROVIDED BY	THE STATE		
	INSTALL DMS	REMOVE	INSTALL OF	3 LINE, 21	4G CELLULAR	ANTENNA	FIELD	DMS	
	(FOUNDATION	DYNAMIC	CELLULAR	CHARACTER	MODEM	FOR	HARDENED	(FOUNDATION	
	MTD	MESSAGE	MODEM	DMS (30'-6"x	**	CELLULAR	ETHERNET	MTD	
	CABINET)	SIGN SYSTEM		8'-1 1/16")		MODEM **	SWITCH	CABINET)	
	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	
US 87 SB DMS #7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
TOTAL	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

- * SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR
- ** SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR, RELOCATED FROM EXISTING CABINET



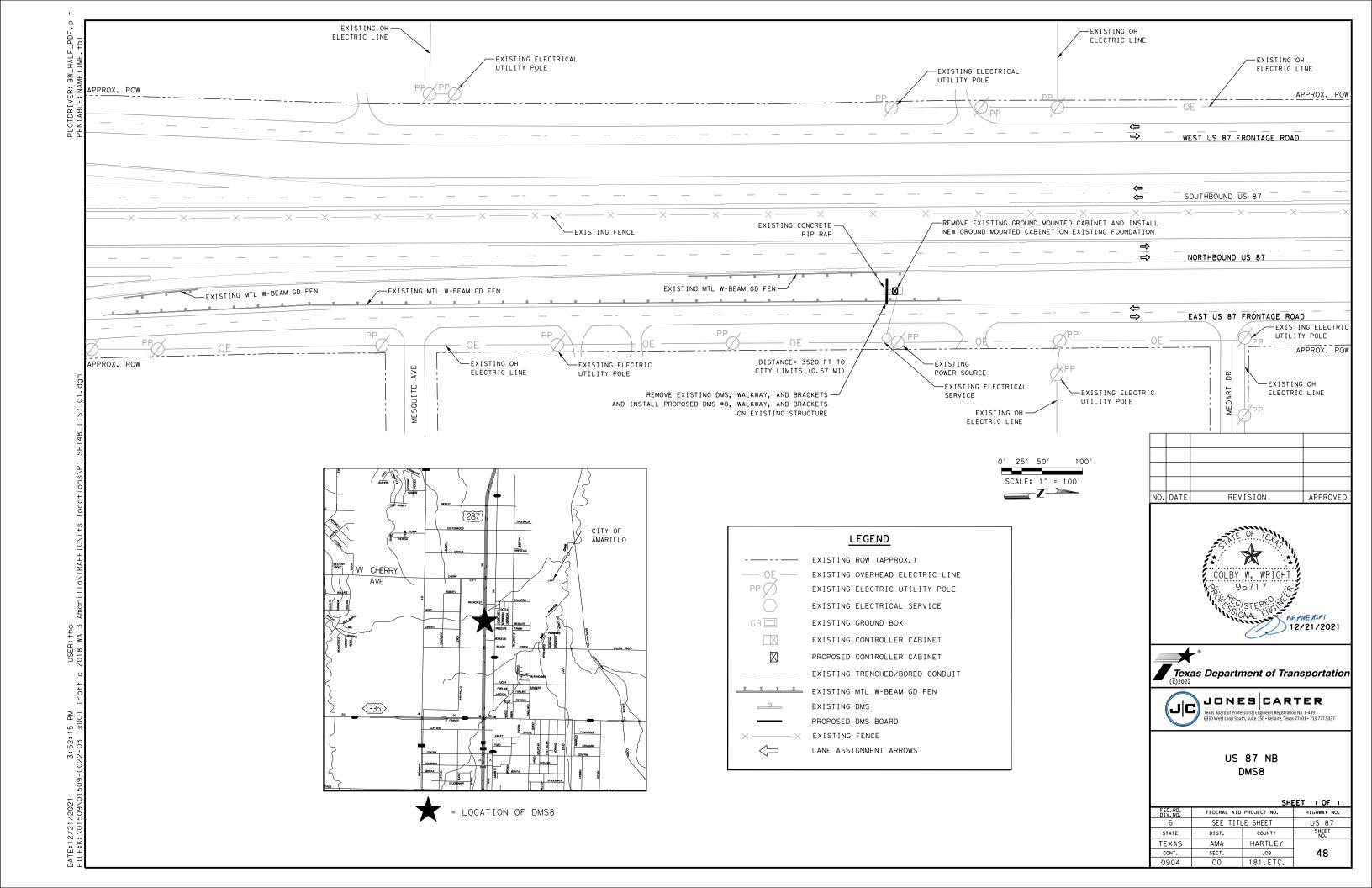






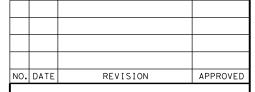
US 87 SB DMS7 QUANTITIES

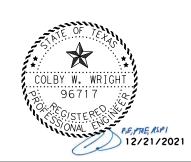
		SH	ET 1 OF 1		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			
6	SEE TITU	SEE TITLE SHEET			
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
TEXAS	AMA	HARTLEY			
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	47		
0904	00	181,ETC.			



	DMS #8 MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARY									
LOCATION	6028 6002	6426 6001	6247 6005	6247 6005 *MATERIAL PROVIDED BY THE STATE						
	INSTALL DMS	REMOVE	INSTALL OF	3 LINE, 21	4G CELLULAR	ANTENNA	FIELD	DMS		
	(FOUNDATION	DYNAMIC	CELLULAR	CHARACTER	MODEM	FOR	HARDENED	(FOUNDATION		
	MTD	MESSAGE	MODEM	DMS (30'-6"x	**	CELLULAR	ETHERNET	MTD		
	CABINET)	SIGN SYSTEM		8'-1 1/16")		MODEM **	SWITCH	CABINET)		
	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA		
US 87 NB DMS #8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
TOTAL	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

- * SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR
  ** SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR, RELOCATED FROM EXISTING CABINET



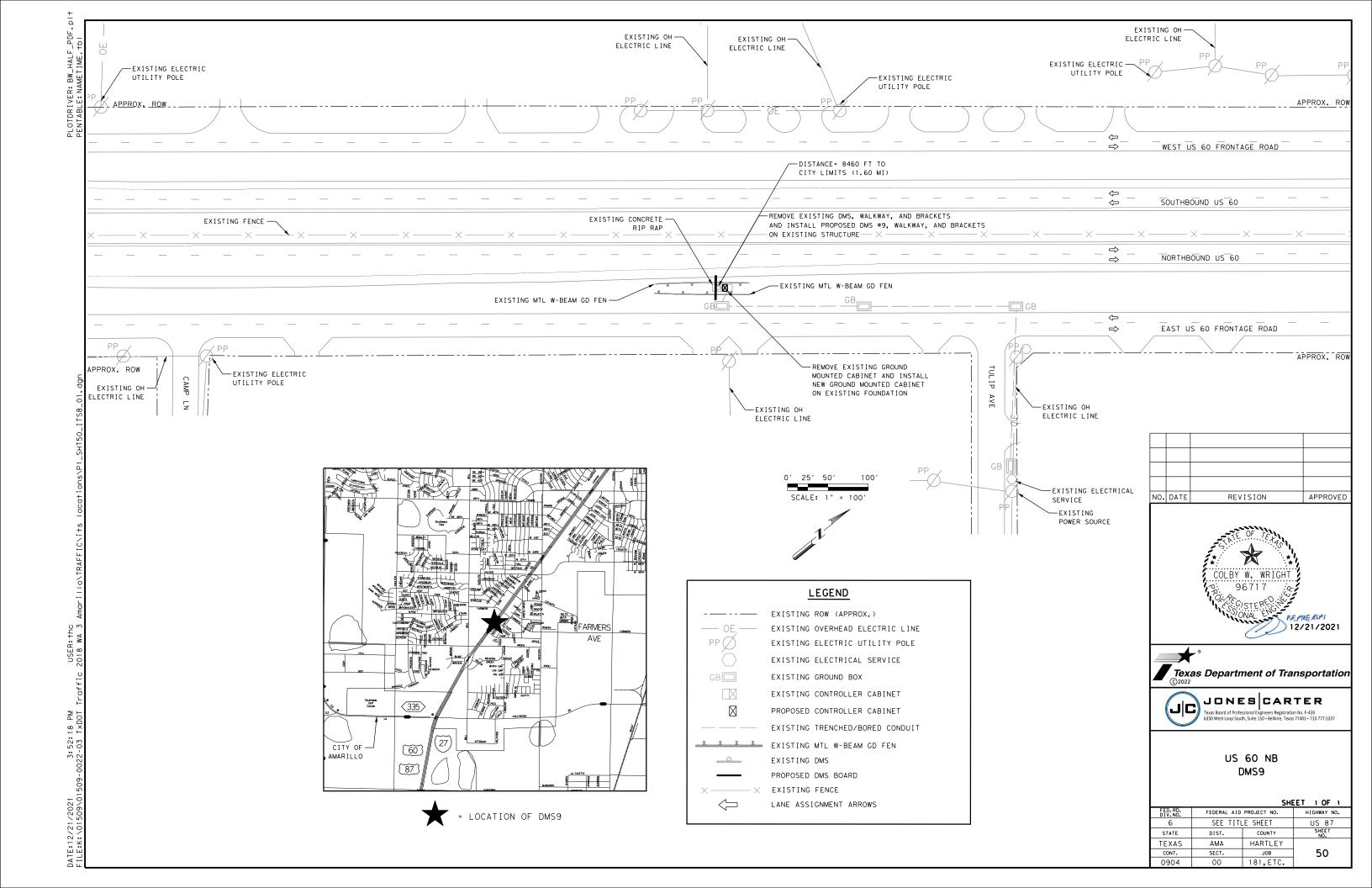






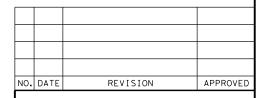
### US 87 NB DMS8 QUANTITIES

		SHE	ET 1 OF 1
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6	SEE TITL	US 87	
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	AMA	HARTLEY	
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	49
0904	00	181,ETC.	



×	SLIPPL TED	RY	THE	STATE.	INSTALLED	RY	CONTRACTOR

^{**} SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR, RELOCATED FROM EXISTING CABINET



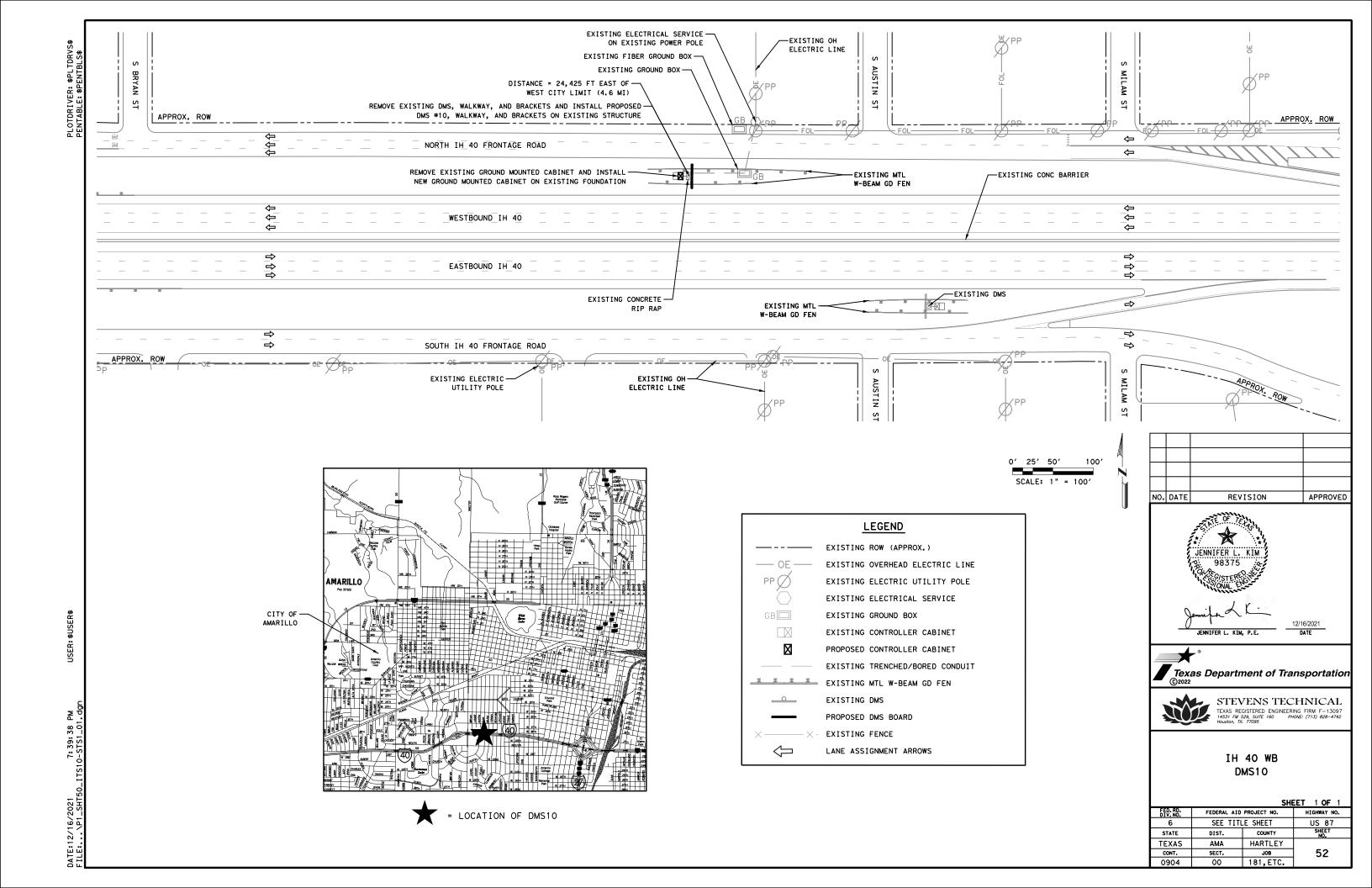






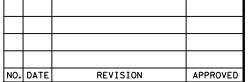
#### US 60 NB DMS9 QUANTITIES

		SH	ET 1 OF 1		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			
6	SEE TITU	SEE TITLE SHEET			
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
TEXAS	AMA	HARTLEY			
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	51		
0904	00	181,ETC.			

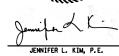


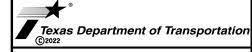
DMS #10 MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARY									
LOCATION	6028 6002	6426 6001	6247 6005		* MATERIAL	PROVIDED BY	THE STATE		
	INSTALL DMS	REMOVE	INSTALL OF	3 LINE, 21	4G CELLULAR	ANTENNA	FIELD	DMS	
	(FOUNDATION	DYNAMIC	CELLULAR	CHARACTER	MODEM	FOR	HARDENED	(FOUNDATION	
	MTD	MESSAGE	MODEM	DMS (30'-6"x	**	CELLULAR	ETHERNET	MTD	
	CABINET)	SIGN SYSTEM		8'-1 1/16")		MODEM **	SWITCH	CABINET)	
	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	
IH 40 WB DMS #10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
TOTAL	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

* SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY THE CONTRACTOR, INSTALLATION IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS
** SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY THE CONTRACTOR, RELOCATED FROM EXISTING CABINET





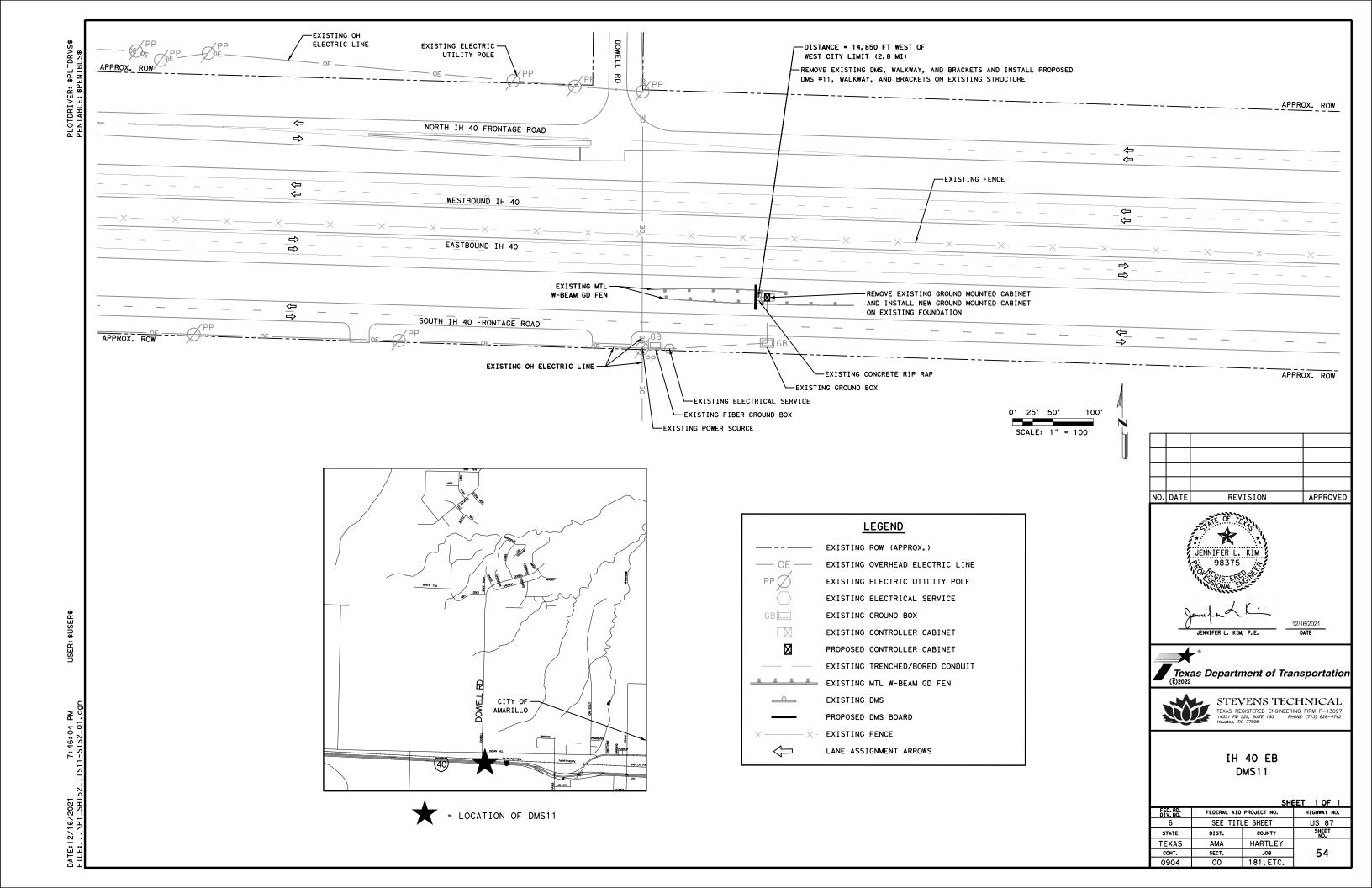






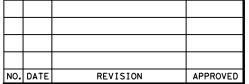
### IH 40 WB DMS10 QUANTITIES

		SHI	ET 1 OF 1		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			
6	SEE TITI	_E_SHEET	US 87		
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
TEXAS	AMA	HARTLEY			
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	53		
0904	00	181, FTC.			

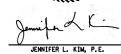


			DMS #11 MISCI	ELLANEOUS SUM	IMARY			
LOCATION	6028 6002	6426 6001	6247 6005		* MATERIAL	PROVIDED BY	THE STATE	
	INSTALL DMS	REMOVE	INSTALL OF	3 LINE, 21	4G CELLULAR	ANTENNA	FIELD	DMS
	(FOUNDATION	DYNAMIC	CELLULAR	CHARACTER	MODEM	FOR	HARDENED	(FOUNDATION
	MTD	MESSAGE	MODEM	DMS (30'-6"x	**	CELLULAR	ETHERNET	MTD
	CABINET)	SIGN SYSTEM		8'-1 1/16")		MODEM **	SWITCH	CABINET)
	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
IH 40 EB DMS #11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
TOTAL	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

* SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY THE CONTRACTOR, INSTALLATION IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS ** SUPPLIED BY THE STATE, INSTALLED BY THE CONTRACTOR, RELOCATED FROM EXISTING CABINET





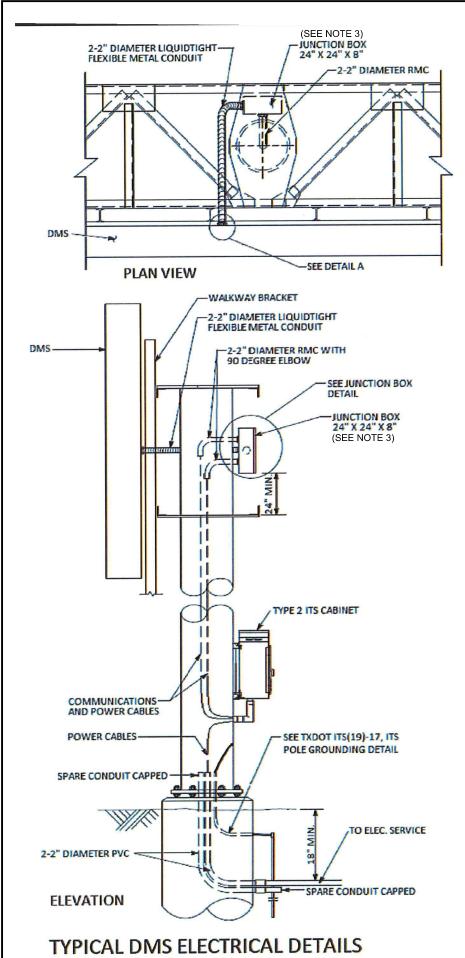


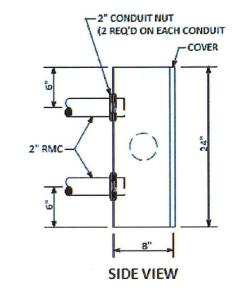


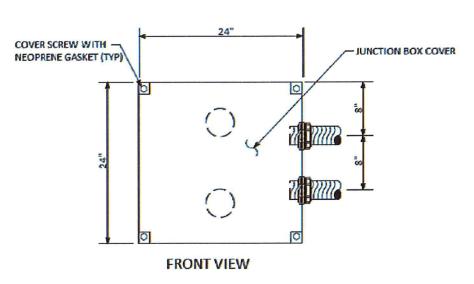


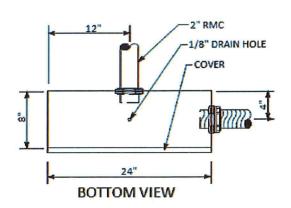
#### IH 40 EB DMS11 QUANTITIES

		SHE	ET 1 OF 1	
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.		
6	SEE TITU	SEE TITLE SHEET		
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
TEXAS	AMA	HARTLEY		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	55	
0904	00	181,ETC.		





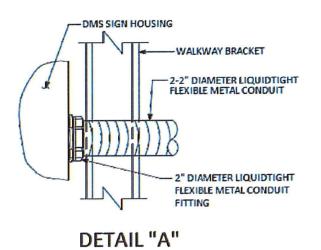


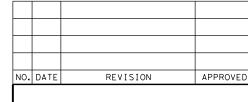


JUNCTION BOX DETAIL 24" X 24" X 8"

#### NOTES:

- ROUTING OF FLEXIBLE CONDUIT WILL BE DETERMINED BY DMS MANUFACTURER JUNCTION BOX SHALL BE NEMA 4X RATED ENCLOSURE. THE FRONT FACE OF THE JUNCTION BOX SHALL HAVE A REMOVABLE NEMA 4X FASKETED COVER HELD IN PLACE BY A MINIMUM OF 4 SCREWS.
- FOR POLES WITH TWO DMS SIGNS TWO JUNCTION BOXES WILL BE REQUIRED AND SHALL BE MOUNTED ON THE SIDE OF THE POLE.







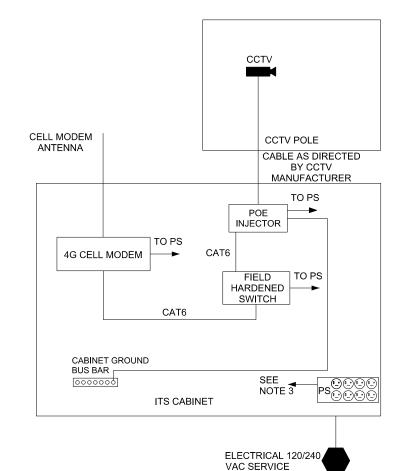




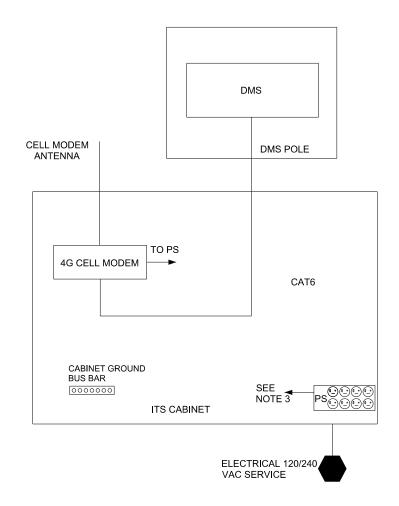
ITS DETAILS

CHEET 1 OF 1

		211	EI I OF I
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	HIGHWAY NO.	
6	SEE TITL	VARIOUS	
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	AMA	POTTER	
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	56
0004	00	181 FTC	



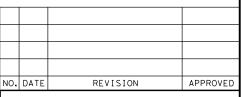




**DMS BLOCK DIAGRAM** NOT TO SCALE

#### NOTES:

- 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN THE INTEGRITY OF THE EQUIPMENT PROVIDED. IF THE EQUIPMENT IS DAMAGED DURING TRANSPORTATION OR WORK THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPLACE THE EQUIPMENT AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. CONTACT THE TRAFFIC ENGINEERING INSEPCTION AND MAINTENANCE SECTION AT (806)-356-3200 AT LEAST 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE TO COORDINATE PICK-UP AND INSTALLATION OF EQUIPMENT PROVIDED BY TXDOT.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AND INSTALL ALL CABLING TO COMPLETE A FULLY FUNCTIONAL SYSTEM INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CAT6 CABLES FOR ETHERNET CONNECTION.
- POWER STRIPS (PS) SHALL BE PLUGGED INTO SOCKET IN CABINET.









ITS BLOCK DIAGRAM

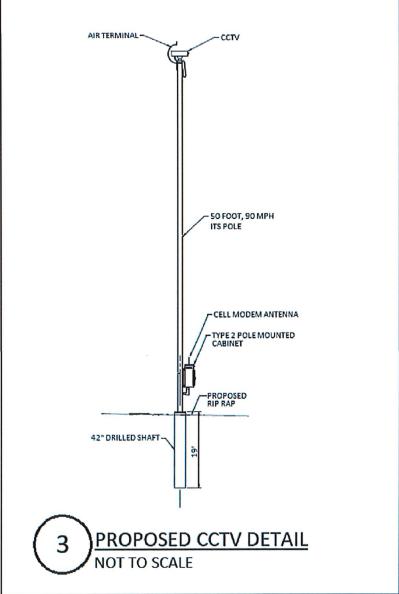
SHEET 1 OF 1 FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO. SEE TITLE SHEET VARIOUS STATE COUNTY DIST. TEXAS AMA POTTER CONT. SECT. JOB 57 0904 00 181,ETC.

#### SEE THE FOLLOWING TXDOT STANDARDS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

- ITS(1)-15, ITS POLE DETAILS OCTAGONAL POLE (EIGHT SIDED POLE)
- ITS(2)-15, ITS POLE DETAILS DOCDECAHEDRAL POLE (TWELVE SIDED POLE) (ALTERNATIVE)
- ITS(3)-16, ITS POLE FOUNDATION DETAILS
- ITS(4)-15, ITS POLE DESIGN DETAILS DATA LOOKUP TABLE
- -ITS(5)-15, ITS POLE AIR TERMINAL DETAILS
- -ITS(6)-15, ITS POLE EQUIPMENT MOUNTING DETAILS
  -ITS(7)-15, ITS POLE RIPRAP DETAILS

- -ITS(15)-15, ITS POLE MOUNTED CABINET TYPE 2 DETAILS
  -ITS(17)-15, ITS POLE MOUNTED CABINET MISC. MOUNTING DETAILS
  -ITS(19)-17, ITS POLE GROUNDING DETAILS

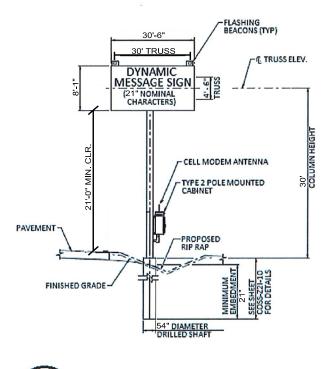
CONTRACTOR MAY ADJUST FINAL LOCATION OF CCTV AS NEEDED TO AVOID CONFLICTS WITH DRAINAGE, UTILITIES (EXISTING OR PROPOSED) AND/OR WITH AUTHORIZATION FROM ENGINEER.



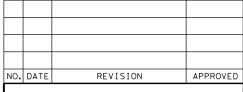
## NOTES: SEE THE FOLLOWING TXDOT STANDARDS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

- DMS(TM-1)-16, DMS-TO-TRUSS MOUNTING AT OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS (NON BUILDUP)
   DMS(TM-2)-16, DMS-TO-TRUSS MOUNTING AT OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS (WITH BUILDUP)
   DMS(TM-3)-16, DMS-TO-TRUSS MOUNTING AT OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS (WITH BUILDUP)
   COSS-221-10, CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS
- COSSD, CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT DETAILS - COSSF, CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT FOUNDATIONS
- COSS-FD, FOUNDATION EMBEDMENT SELECTION CHARTS
- -ITS(10)-15, ITS POLE EXTENSION OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE STEEL PIPE COLUMN (1 OF 2)
- -ITS(11)-15, ITS POLE EXTENSION OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE STEEL PIPE COLUMN (2 OF 2)
- -ITS(15)-15, ITS POLE MOUNTED CABINET TYPE 2 DETAILS
- -ITS(17)-15, ITS POLE MOUNTED CABINET MISC. MOUNTING DETAILS
- -ITS(19)-17, ITS POLE GROUNDING DETAILS

CONTRACTOR MAY ADJUST FINAL LOCATION OF DMS AS NEEDED TO AVOID CONFLICTS WITH DRAINAGE, UTILITIES (EXISTING OR PROPOSED) AND/OR WITH AUTHORIZATION FROM ENGINEER.













ITS ELEVATION DETAILS

		SH	EET 1 OF 1		
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	VARIOUS		
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
TEXAS	AMA	POTTER			
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	58		
0904	00	181.ETC.			

16'

191

201

21

23'

28'

151

28'

29'

10' SPAN

ANCHOR

CIR

DIA

20 1/2

BOL T

TOWER PIPE

 $\triangle$  H

0.124

0.141

0.159

0.178

0.198

0.220

0.242

0.266

0.29

0.316

0.343

0.371

0.40

0.386

0.414

0.443

0.429

 $\triangle H$ 

(in:

0.276

0.314

0.323

0.362

0.403

0 41

. 454

). 498

504

549

. 596

0.601

0.648

0.697

0.700

0.749

0.800

THE STATE OF THE S

**ELEVATION** (SHOWING DESIGN

LOADS AND DEAD

LOAD DEFLECTIONS

32' 24 0.469 0.852 2 1/4 8

2

1/4

0.312 0.457

250

0.281

0.281

281

312

TOWER PIPE

). 312

). 31:

344

344

344

. 375

375

. 406

. 406

. 406

. 438

438

0.438

1. 469

. 469

. 469

 $\triangle V$ 

RASI

PLAT

SIZE

(in)

24 x 1

24 x 1

24 x 1

24 × 1

 $24\frac{1}{2} \times 1^{\frac{1}{2}}$ 

?4½×1

41/2×1

 $\frac{4}{2} \times 1$ 

25 × 1

RASE

PLATE

SIZE

(in)

3¾×1

3 ¾× 1

 $34\frac{1}{2} \times 1$ 

 $34\frac{1}{2} \times 1$ 

 $34\frac{1}{2} \times 1$ 

34½×1

341/2× 2

 $34\frac{1}{2} \times 2$ 

35 × 2 ¹

35 ×2 1

35 × 2 ½

35 ×2 ½

30' SPAN

20 3/4

21"

CIR

DIA

29 ¾

29 3/

29 3/4

29 3/4'

30"

30"

ANCHOR

BOLTS

RUS

0.2

4.54

4.56

4.59

4.61

4.63

4.65

4-6

4.69

4.7

4.74

4.76

4.78

4.80

4.82

4.84

4.86

4.89

4.91

4.93

13.9

13.9

4.0

4.0

14.0

14.1

4.1

4.1

4.2

14.3

14.35

4.39

4.42

14.45

1.4

1.5

1.5

1.5

1.6

1 - 7

1.7

1.8

1.8

0.2

DESIGN LOADS

TORSTON MOMEN

62.82

67.33

71.88

76.44

81.04

85.65

90.29

94.96

99.64

104.35

09.09

113.84

18.62

23.42

28.24

33.09

37.95

42.84

20.49 147.75

DESIGN LOADS

TORSION MOMENT

(K-f+) (K-f+

205.45

218.62

231.92

45.32

258.81

72.38

286.04

299.76

313.55

327.40

341.3

355.27

369.29

383.36

397.48

411.64

425.85

440.10

_	35 ×2 1/4 1.9 14.48 196.46 45	54. 40  50  0. 515  0. 140 2	1 /4   0   30   41 X Z   2.0	17.01267.78534.85 30 C	30   0. 300   2 / 2   6   30 / 2	1 -2 22/8 2.9 119.21030
			TRUSS DE	TAILS		
	SPAN	10', 15', & 20'	25′	30′	35′	40′
	W × D = WIDTH × DEPTH	4.5 × 4.5	4.5 × 4.5	4.5 × 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 × 4.5
(	CHORD-1), Unless Otherwise Shown	$1 L 3 \times 3 \times \frac{3}{6}$ $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	3] L 3 × 3 × 1/4 ② [4]	$L \ 3 \times 3 \times \frac{1}{4} $ [6]	L3 ½×3 ½× 5/6 [9]	L3 1/2×3 1/2× 5/6 [7]
	DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL-②	L 2 × 2 × 3/6 [:	2] L 2 × 2 × $\frac{3}{6}$ [2]	$L 2 \times 2 \times \frac{3}{16}$ [2]	$L 2 \times 2 \times \frac{3}{6}$ [2]	L 3 × 2 × $\frac{3}{16}$ [2]
	WIND LOAD DIAGONAL-②	L 3 × 3 × 3/6	21 L 3 × 3 × $\frac{3}{16}$ [2]	L 3 × 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ × $\frac{1}{4}$ [3]	L 3 $\times 2 \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4}$ [3]	$L \ 3 \times 3 \times \frac{1}{4}$ [2]
	DEAD LOAD VERTICAL-②	L 2 × 2 × 3/6 [:	2] L 2 × 2 × 3/6 [2]	$L 2 \times 2 \times \frac{3}{16}$ [2]	$L2 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{6}$ [2]	L 3 × 2 × $\frac{3}{16}$ [2]
	WIND LOAD STRUT-②	L 2 × 2 × 3/6 [	11 L 2 × 2 × $\frac{3}{6}$ [1]	$L 2 \times 2 \times \frac{3}{6}$ [1]	$L 2 \times 2 \times \frac{3}{6}$ [1]	$L2 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{6}$ [1]
	TRUSS DEAD LOAD	42 lb/f†	47 lb/f†	49 lb/ft	60 lb/ft	64 lb/f†
	SIZE H. S. BOLTS IN CONNECTION	5⁄8 " DIA	5% " DIA	5⁄8 " DIA	5/8" DIA	¾," DIA
1	NO. & SIZE OF H.S. BOLTS IN CHORE		4 ~ 5/8" DIA or	6 ~ 5/8" DIA or	9 ~ 5/8" DIA or	
,	ANGLE TO TOWER CONNECTION PLATE	E 3 ~ 5⁄8" DIA ea	3 ~ ¾" DIA ea	5 ~ 3/4" DIA ea	7 ~ 3⁄4" DIA ea	7 ~ ¾" DIA ea

ZONE 2

0.6

0.6

6.83

6.85

6.87

6.89

6.91

6.94

6.96

6.98

7.00

7.02

7.04

7.06

7.1

7.1

7.19

1.4 116.33

1.5

1.5

1.6

1.6

1.6

1.7

1.8

1.8

1.9

1.9

1.9 16.7

2.0 16.85

16.3

16.4

16.45

16.49

16.5

16.6

6.65

16.69

16.8

16.89

16.93

16.97

15' SPAN

ANCHOR

BOL T

BOL

DIA

20 ¾

20 3/4

21"

21"

21 1/2

WITH ICE

BOL

DIA

35 ¾

35 3/4

36"

ANCHOE

BOLTS

TOWER PIPE

0.250

DEFL

 $\triangle$  H

0.242

. 250 0. 278

0.280 0.283

.280 0.320

.280 0.359

.312 0.362

. 312 0. 402

0.344 0.404

0.344 0.444

0.344 0.485

0.375 0.488

0.375 0.529

0.406 0.532

0-406 0-57

0.438 0.574

0.438 0.616

0.617

0.659

DEF

 $\triangle$  H

(in)

0.215

0.24

0.277

0.310

0.345

0.38

0.41

0.45

0.498

0.540

0.604

0.650

0.560

0.344 0.697

.375 0.652

0.375 0.696

.310 0.312

. 470

470

ZONE 2

16 0.470 0.702

TOWER PIPE

0.281

281

RASE

PLATE

SIZE

(in)

4½× '

 $4\frac{1}{2} \times 1$ 

 $4\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $4\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ 

25 x 1 5

25 x 1

25 × 1

25 x 1

25 × 1

26 × 1

26 × 1

 $26 \times 2$ 

26 × 2

26 × 2

26 x 2

26 × 2

26 ×2 !

26 ×2 ½

RASE

PLATE

SIZE

(in)

9¾×1

9¾×1

 $0\frac{1}{2} \times 1$ 

 $40\frac{1}{2} \times 1$ 

401/2× 1

10½x

41 × 1

 $41 \times 1$ 

41 × 1

41 x 2

35' SPAN

WITH ICE

DESIGN LOADS

K - f+

ORSION MOMENT

96.18

102.92

109.69

16.49

23.32

30.18

137-0

143.98

150.93

157.89

164.88

171.90

178.94

186.0

193.09

200.2

207.34

214.50

7,21 47,54 221,68

DESIGN LOADS

K - f + 1

|16.29<mark>|267.78</mark>|245.60

TORSTON MOMENT

М

(K-f+)

260. 73

76.03

291.49

307.08

322.79

338-62

354.5

370.56

386.67

402.85

419,12

436.53

452.90

469.33

485.84

501.47

518.13

90 MPH WIND

90 MPH WIND

TOWER PIPE

0.280

280

- 310

0.310

0.310

0.310

0.340

0.340

0.375

0.410

. 410

.410

TOWER PIPE

0.375 0.518

0.375 0.600

0.438 0.672

DEF

 $\triangle$  H

(in

0.22

0.256

0.289

0.32

0.36

0.398

0.43

0.47

0-51

0.558

0.59

0.63

0.67

DEF

 $\triangle H$ 

(in

0.23

0.28

0.32

0.35

0.400

0 408

). 45

0.494

0.540

0.588

0.59

0.63

0.689

0.741

0. 739

0.79

0.844

0. 312 0. 274

0.344

344

0 375

0.375

0.406

0.406

0.438

0-361

ANCHOR

BOLTS

BOL'

25"

25"

25 3/4"

ANCHOR

BOLTS

DIA

20' SPAN

BASI

PLATE

SIZE

(in)

29 x 1

29 × 1

29 × 1

29¾×1

29¾×1¾

9 3/4× 1 3/

 $29\frac{3}{4}$  × 2

29¾× 2

 $30\frac{1}{2} \times 2$ 

01/2× 2

30½× 2

301/2×21/

RASE

PLATE

SIZE

(in)

 $0\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{5}{8}$ 

ງ½x 1 ໍ

 $0\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$ 

40½×1¾

40½×1¾

41 × 1

41 × 1

41 × 2

 $41 \times 2$ 

41 ×2 ½

41 ×2 1/2

42 ×2 1/8

36"

36 <u>½</u>

40' SPAN

RUS:

(in)

0.7

8.C 9.42

0.9

0.9

RUS:

2.1

2.1 18.6

2.1

2.2

2.3

2.4

2.5

2.6

2.6

2.6 19.0

2.8

2.7 19.06

0.6 9.34

0.7 9.36

9.39

9.44

9.47

9.50

9.5

9.5

9.58

9.60

9.6

9.66

9.6

9.71

9.74

SHEAR

18.58

18.66

8.7

18.7

18.86

18.90

18.94

8.98

19.1

19.1

19.1

9.82 87.07

DESIGN LOADS

(K-f+)

TORSION MOMENT

(K-f+)

290.55

307-19

324.08

341.18

358.47

375.94

393.55

411.3

429.19

447.20

465.30

483.52

520.22

557.25

575.89

501.82 26′

538.69 28′

594.59 31′

14'

15′

16'

19′

20'

21

22′

23′

24′

25′

27

29′

30′

DESIGN LOADS

87.07

TORSTON MOMEN

(K - f+

32.99

42.12

51.30

60.53

69.80

79.1

188-47

197.87

207.30

216.7

226.2

235.8

245.38

255.00

64.63

74.28

83.97

93.70

303.45

(1) "Low-Alloy Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

② "Carbon Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

#### GENERAL NOTES :

Design conforms to AASHTO 1994 Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto.

25' SPAN BASI

SIZE

(in)

93/4×15

93⁄√×15

9¾×1¾

 $\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$ 

9¾×1¾

29¾× 2

29¾× 2

30½× 2

 $0\frac{1}{2} \times 2$ 

0½× 2

301/2×21/8

301/2×21/

301/2×21/8

30½×2½

30½×2½

30½×2½

01/2×21/

31 ×2 3/8

 $31 \times 2^{\frac{3}{2}}$ 

DESIGN LOADS

36.2

(ips) (K-f+

1.57

1.60

1.63

1.65

1.68

1.71

1.73

1.76

1.79

1.82

1.84

1.87

1.92

1.95

1.98

2.00

2.03

12.06 136.28

TORSION MOMEN

(K-f+)

167.72

78.90

190.14

201.46

212.83

224.27

235-69

247.23

258.86

270.49

282.35

294.05

305.60

317.37

329.19

341.04

352.88

364.80

376.75

19

20

21

22

23

24

26

27

28

29

ANCHOR

BOL TS

DIA

25 ¾

26"

26"

TOWER PIPE

20 0.344

0.344

0.344

0.375

0.37

0.37

0.406

0.406

0.438

0.438

0.469

0.469

0.500

0.500

0.531

0.531

. 562

0.562

20 0.562

DEFL

 $\triangle$  H

254

0.292

0.332

. 346

. 378

. 432

1. 441

0.486

500

.546

574

0.623

0.618

0.666

0.678

0.72

- 733

. 783

0.835

Steel for tower pipe shall conform to ASTM A53 Grade B or to ASTM A501. Tower pipe wall thickness shown is the minimum allowable. Fabricator may use the wall thickness shown or pipe of the same diameter with greater wall thickness.

All connection bolts shall conform to Item 447, "Structural Bolting". All structural steel, connection bolts, nuts and washers shall be galvanized in accordance with the Specifications.

Compensate for truss deflection at free end by offsetting upper and lower bolt holes at truss-to-tower connection.

For truss details see standard drawing COSSD. For base and foundation details see standard

drawing COSSF. For cantilever truss lengths falling between those

shown use sizes called for in the next longer span. Truss and towers for cantilever sign supports are designed for the equivalent area of a 10'-0" deep sign panel over 100% of the span length. Design includes 3 pounds per foot squared for sign panel and 20 pounds per foot for lights and 50 pounds per foot for walkways all placed as specified for the design sign panel.

Details called for hereon are applicable for Design Wind Heights up to 30' inclusive. Number of High Strength bolts required in truss connection or splice are indicated in brackets, e.g. [3], after the member size.

Deflections shown include the design loads for

Truss, Sign Panel, Lights and Walkways.



CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS

COSS-Z2I-10

© TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
0	0904	00	181,ET	c.	V۸	RIOUS
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	AMA		POTTE	R		59

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Wind

of sign

Design conforms to 1975 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and Interim revisions thereto. Connection details are typical only. Actual size of member and number of bolts will vary. The details on this sheet are intended as a guide only. See "Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports" or "High Level Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports" sheets for number of bolts and size of members. Gusset plates to be same thickness as thickest web member in connection.

- ① Note: Cap shall be solid steel sheet  $\frac{3}{8}$ " nominal thickness. Drill, tap and plug galvanizing vent. Weld plate to pipe with  $\frac{3}{8}$ " weld all around.
- ② For COSS design tables see standard drawing, "Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports" or "High Level Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports".

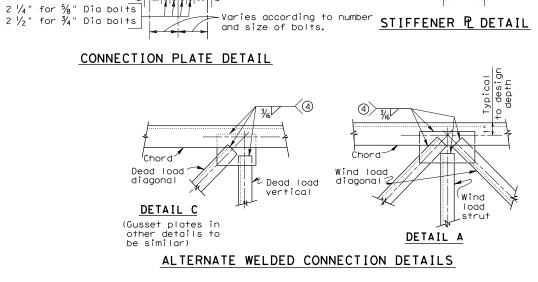
SHEET 1 OF 2



## CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT DETAILS

**COSSD** 

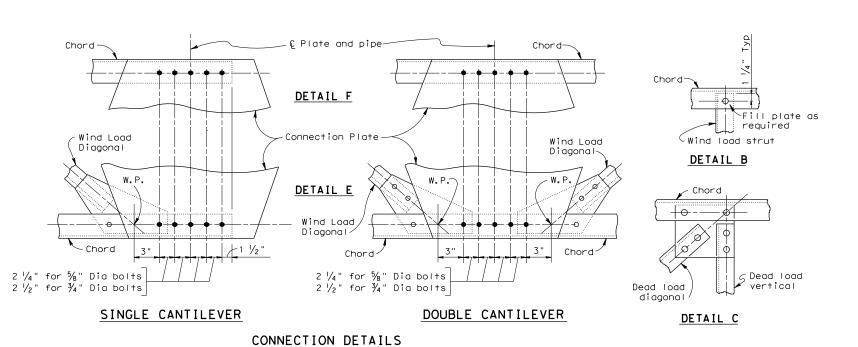
C)TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	0904	00	181,ET	С.	VAF	RIOUS
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	AMA		POTTE	R		60



3%" Thick Plate

Pipe 0.D.+6"

Pipe O.D.



"B", i.e. the longer of the two spans.

Stiffener  $\mathbb{R}'$ s. 2 for single cantilever, 4 for double cantilever. Locate below bottom chord

¼" Thick

Plate

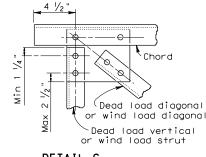
as shown in elevation.

Sym. about truss.

-Permissible splice in bottom plate.

Standard gage for chord angle.

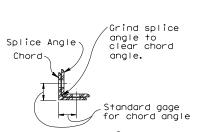
## Wind load strut or dead load ⊦Wind vertical Wind load diagonals DETAIL D DETAIL A



DETAIL G

-	UMBER PL	OF BOLTS REQD. IN GUSSET TO CHORD CONNECTION
BOLTS	0	2
일	2	2
OF I	3	3
l° .	4	3
NO.	5	4
1 9	6	4
	8	5
.01 NI	10	6

4 ES@2 1/4



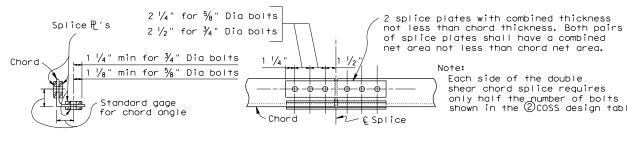
Splice angle same size and thickness as chord angle. Place 1 1/4" insde the chord angle. € Splice

2 \%" ~ \%" Dia bolts 2 ¾"~ ¾" Dia bolts

.4 ES@2 1/4" 1 1/4"~ 5/8" Dia bolts

SECTION ON & SPLICE

SINGLE SHEAR CHORD SPLICE



net area not less than chord net area. Each side of the double shear chord splice requires only half the number of bolts shown in the 2 COSS design tables.

1/4"~ 3/4" Dia bolts

SECTION ON & SPLICE

DOUBLE SHEAR CHORD SPLICE

#### SPLICE DETAILS

4 MINIMUM LENGTH OF 3/6" FILLET WELD REQUIRED TO REPLACE 3/4" DIA BOLTS TO REPLACE 3/4" DIA BOLTS OF BOLTS 11 1/2 10" 14 1/2 17 1/2 12" 20"

Outside of _ chord angle

Reverse bracing slope at alternate

Truss design

width, W

3 Angle

 3 2" x 2" x  3 6" angle for  5 8" Dia bolts [1] 2  1 /2" x 2" x  3 6" angle for  3 4" Dia bolts [1]

TRUSS SECTION (DIAGONALS NOT SHOWN)

Wind load struts.

SHEET 2 OF 2

#### Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

## CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT DETAILS

COSSD

TxDOT November 2007	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	0904	00	181,ET	,ETC. VARIOUS		
	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	AMA		POTTE	R		61

No warranty of any for the conversion

this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". IXDOI for any purpose whotsoever. IXDOI assumes no responsibility Auto other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting fro

3:52:33

© of Pipe 8 Truss

Truss

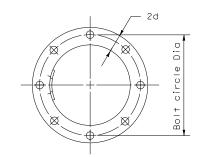
(2) Place first

anchor bolt

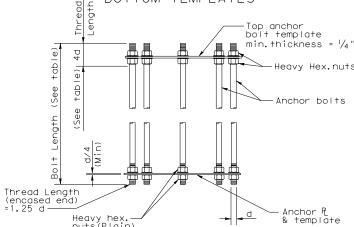
W	VASHER DIMEN	SIONS		
OUTSIDE			NESS	HOLE IN
DIAMETER	DIAMETER	MIN.	MAX.	BASE PLATE
2d	d + ½"	0.136"	0.177"	d + 1/4"
2d - 1/8"	d + 1/8"	0.178"	0.280"	d + 5/16"
2d - 1/4"	d + 1/8"	0.178"	0.280"	d + 5/16"
2d - ½"	d + 1/8"	0.240"	0.340"	d + 5/16"
:	OUTSIDE DIAMETER 2d 2d - 1/8" 2d - 1/4"	OUTSIDE HOLE DIAMETER  2d d+ 1/8"  2d - 1/8" d + 1/8"  2d - 1/4" d + 1/8"	OUTSIDE HOLE THICK DIAMETER DIAMETER MIN.  2d d+ 1/8" 0.136"  2d - 1/8" d + 1/8" 0.178"  2d - 1/4" d + 1/8" 0.178"	OUTSIDE HOLE THICKNESS DIAMETER DIAMETER MIN. MAX.  2d d+ 1/8" 0.136" 0.177"  2d - 1/8" d + 1/8" 0.178" 0.280"  2d - 1/4" d + 1/8" 0.178" 0.280"

ANCHOR BOLT SIZE								
DIA	BOLT ① LENGTH	THREAD ① LENGTH	PROJECTION LENGTH	GALVAN.① LENGTH				
1 1/4"	2'-11"	5"	5 1/4"	11 1/4"				
1 3/8"	3'-1"	5 1/2"	5 3/4"	11 3/4"				
1 1/2"	3'-4"	6"	6 1/4"	1′-0 1/4"				
1 3/4"	3'-10"	7"	7 1/4"	1'-1 1/4"				
2"	4′-3"	8"	8 1/4 "	1'-2 1/4"				
2 1/4"	4′-9"	9"	9 1/4"	1′-3 1/4"				
2 1/2 "	5′-2"	10"	10 1/4"	1'-4 1/4"				
2 3/4"	5′-8"	11"	11 1/4"	1′-5 1/4"				
3"	6'-1"	1 ′ -0"	1'-0 1/4"	1′-6 1/4"				

- 1) Anchor Bolt Fabrication Tolerances: Bolt Length  $\sim \pm \frac{1}{2}$ Thread Length  $\sim \pm \frac{1}{2}$ " Galvanized Length ~ -1/4'
- 2 Thread lenght applies to upper and lower threads



### TOP VIEW OF TOP BOTTOM TEMPLATES



ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

	5/16
Weld size = > Q pipe thickness	4"x 6" hand hole
- 88	

② See "Cantilever Overhead Sign Support" or "High Lever Cantilever Overhead Sign Support" sheets for number and size.

PLAN

Cut 5" x 7" hole in pipe. Center 4" x 6" hand hole in  $\frac{3}{8}$ " x 8" x 10" back up plate. Provide attachable cover made from section cut from pipe.

#### VIEW A-A

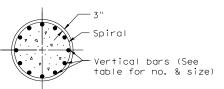
## ³ BASE PLATE & HANDHOLE DETAILS

③ See "Cantilever Overhead Sign Support" or "High Level Cantilever Overhead Sign Support" sheets for Diameter and thickness of base plate.

(PRIOR TO INSTALLATION)
See table)  (See t

BEARING SEAT ELEVATION

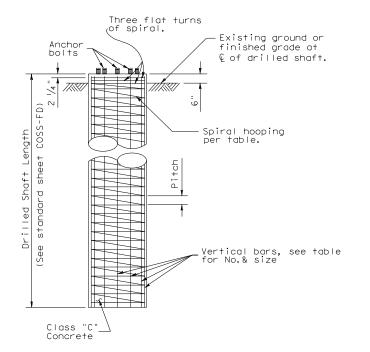
PIPE OUTSIDE DIAMETER DRILLED DRILLED DRILLED DRILLED BOLT DRILLED DRILLED DRILLED ANCHOR BOLT DRILLED BOLT SHAFT BOL T CIRCLE SHAFT SHAFT CIRCLE SHAFT TROLE SHAFT SHAFT TROLE SHAFT SIZE DIA SIZE REINF REINE DIA DIA DIA SIZE SIZE REINF 36" Dia 20 1/2 36" Dia 24 1/2 1/4"Dia x 2'-11' 14-#8 (A) 14-#8 (A) 42" Dia 1 ¾"Dia × 3′-1" 20 3/4" 36" Dia 12-#9 (A) 24 ¾" 14-#9 (A) 1 ½"Dia x 3′-4" 21" 36" Dia 12-#9 (A) 251 42" Dia 14-#9 (A) 29" 42" Dia 14-#9 (C) 1 ¾"Dia x 3'-10" 21 ½ 10-#10(A) 25 3/8 42" Dia 12-#10(B) 29 3/8" 16-#10(C) 35 3/8' 18-#10(C) 48" Dia 54" Dia 2"Dia × 4'-3" 36" Dia 12-#10(A) 25 3/4 42" Dia 12-#10(B) 29 ¾" 16-#10(C) 35 3/4' 54" Dia 18-#10(C) 48" Dia 2 ¼"Dia × 4′-9" | 22 ½ 42" Dia 12-#11(A) 26 42" Dia 10-#11(B) 30" 48" Dia 14-#11(C) 54" Dia 14-#11(D) 12-#11 (B) 30 ½ 2 ½ "Dia x 5′-2" 26 1/2 16-#11(C) 36 ½' 54" Dia 16-#11(D) 42" Dia 48" Dia 2 3/4 "Dia x 5'-8" 31 1/2 " 20-#11(D) 48" Dia 18-#11(D) 54" Dia 24-#11(D) 37 1/2 1 54" Dia 3"Dia × 6′-1"



#### A = #3 Plain spiral at 6" pitch (Grade 40) B = #4 Plain spiral at 6" pitch (Grade 40)

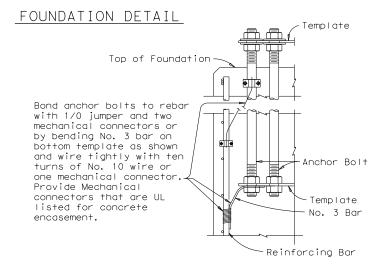
C = #4 Plain spiral at 6" pitch (Grade 60) D = #4 Plain spiral at  $3 \frac{1}{2}$ " pitch (Grade 60)

#### SECTION

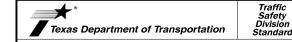


#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Concrete shall be Class "C".
- 2. Reinforcing shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel".
- 3. Anchor bolts and nuts for anchor bolts shall be "Alloy Steel" per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".
- 4. Anchor bolts shall be rigidly held in position during concrete placement using steel templates at the top and bottom. The top templates shall be removed after the concrete has set.
- 5. Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts when erecting the structure per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts". After the structure has been aligned in its final position and the anchor bolts have been properly tightened, tack weld anchor bolt nuts to washer, and tack weld washers to base plate. Galvanizing in tack welded areas shall be repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".
- 6. All vertical reinforcing shall be carried to the bottom of the Drilled Shaft.



LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEM



## CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT FOUNDATION

COSSF-21

ILE: cossf-21.dgn DN:			CK:	DW:	CK:
CTxDOT November 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 3-21	0904	00	181,ETC. V		ARIOUS
5-21	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	AMA		POTTE	R	62

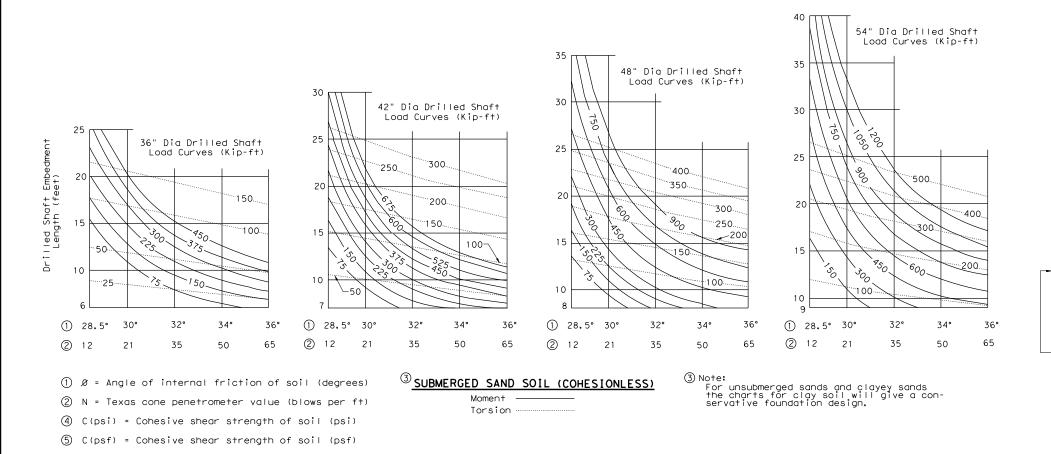


Lenç

4

(5) 576

(2) 10



300

150 225

1152

20

12

1728

30

Moment

Torsion

15

4

(5)

2

36" Dia Drilled Shaft

12

1728

30

100,300

1152

20

Load Curves (Kip-ft)

200.

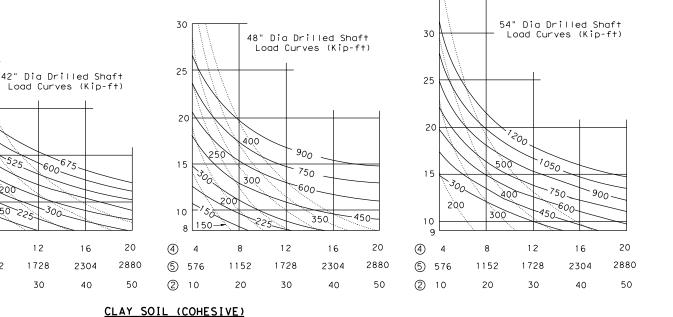
2304

40

20

2880

50



35

## /3'-0"~ Recommended length of drilled shaft to be ignored for embedment. -COSS Tower Use average N value over the top third of embedment length for moment design load. average N val the embedmen gth for torsion ign load.

#### PROCEDURE:

- 1. Determine design moment and torsion, and the required drilled shaft diameter as outlined in the selection example sheet COSS-SE.
- Make an initial estimate of the required embedment length.
- 3. From soil exploration data determine type of soil and average N value or soil property along the upper third of the drilled shaft.4. Enter chart (for the correct shaft diameter and soil type) from the
- bottom at the average N value or soil property determined in step 3. Proceed vertically into chart and locate intersection with design moment. Interpolate between moment curves (solid lines) as needed.
- From intersection point turn 90° to left and read embedment
- length along vertical scale. If embedment length differs significantly from estimated value return
- to step 3 with the embedment length determined in step 6.
- 8. From soil exploration data determine average N value or soil property over the entire length of the embedment. Enter chart (for correct shaft diameter and soil type) from the bot-
- tom at the average N value or soil property determined in step 8.

  10. Proceed vertically into chart and locate intersection with design
- torsion. Interpolate between torsion curves (dashed lines) as needed.
- 11. From intersection point turn 90° to left and read embedment
- length along vertical scale. 12. Compute the required length of drilled shaft by adding 3'-0" to longer embedment length required for moment or torsion.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

These charts are for use with Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports with one shaft per tower.

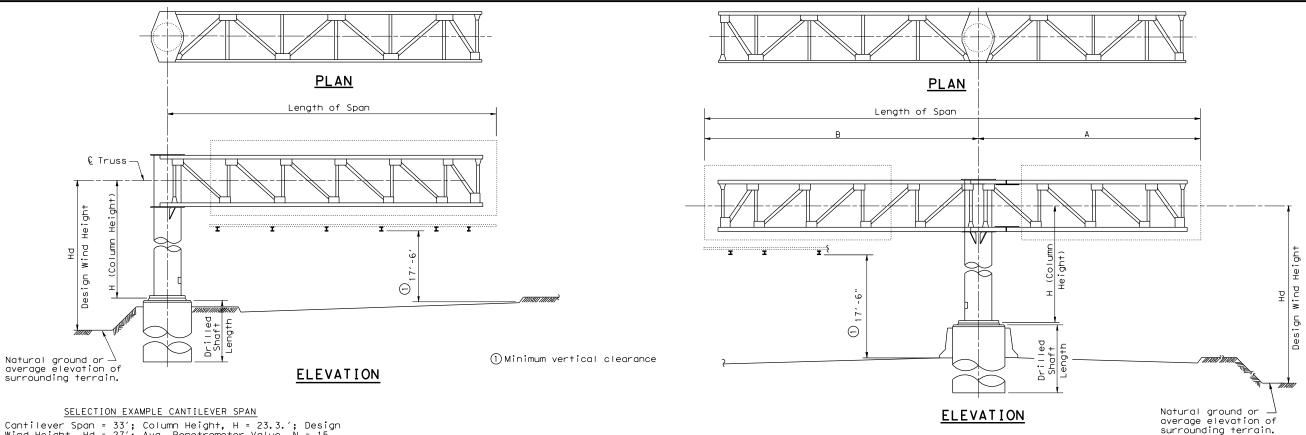
Solid curves are base moment in Kip-ft. Dash curves are base torsion in Kip-ft. Minimum embedment of drilled shaft is two diameters. Add 3'-0" to the required embedment length to determine the required length of drilled shaft.



## FOUNDATION EMBEDMENT SELECTION CHARTS

COSS-FD

C)TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		GHWAY
	0904	00	181,ET	С.	VARIOUS	
	DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	ΔΜΔ		POTTE	R		63



- Given: Cantilever Span = 33'; Column Height, H = 23.3.'; Design Wind Height, Hd = 27'; Avg. Penetrometer Value, N = 15 (clay type soil); Hill County
- Step 1: Select applicable COSS standard. From Wind Velocity and Ice Zone sheet (WV & IZ-96) determine that Hill County is in Zone 4 (70 mph) and is above the ice line. Since Design Wind Height is less than 30', use standard COSS-Z4 & Z4I. If Design Wind Height is more than 30', use COSS-Z3 & Z3I. NOTE: In Zone 1 if Design Wind Height is greater than 30' use HCOSS-Z1.
- Step 2: Determine tower details from COSS-Z4 & Z4I. Use column height to nearest tabulated value' i.e., 23'. Round span length up to the nearest tabulated value, i.e., 35'. Tower details are: Tower details dreft Tower pipe 24" Dia with min. wall thickness = 0.312" Base plate 33  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia x 1  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Anchor bolts 8~1  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia on 29  $\frac{3}{8}$ " bolt circle Horizontal deflection of tower at £ truss = 0.889". During installation, double nuts at base plate may be used to plumb tower to compensate for horizontal deflection.

  Design Moment = 244 Kip-ft Design Torsion = 162 Kip-ft
- Step 3: Determine truss details from COSS-Z4 & Z4I.

  Read from small table at bottom of sheet for span = 35'.

  Truss design width, W and depth, D = 4.0'x 4.0'.

  Chord L 3 x 3 x 5/6 (HYC) with 6 bolt connection at tower D.L. Diag. L 2 x 2 x 1/6 (HYC) with 2 bolt connection

  W. L. Diag. L 3 x 3 x 3/6 (HYC) with 2 bolt connection

  D. L. Vert. L 2 x 2 x 3/6 (HYC) with 2 bolt connection

  W. L. Strut. L 2 x 2 x 3/6 (HYC) with 1 bolt connection

  Bolts are 5/8" Dia high strength with 5~3/4" Dia bolt alternate for chord connection at tower.

  D.L. of truss = 50 lb/ft D.L. of truss = 50 lb/ft Truss deflection at free end = 3.2". The fabricator shall compensate for this deflection by offsetting bolt holes between the upper and lower chords at the truss-to-tower connection.
- Step 4: Determine foundation details. Use standard COSSF. From COSSF with 24" Dia pipe and 1 3/4" Dia anchor bolts:
  Anchor Bolts 1 3/4" Dia x 3'-10"
  Drilled Shaft Dia 42" Vertical Reinforcing 12 ~ #10 bars
  Spiral C = #4 at 6" pitch Grade 60.
  Misc. handhole, base plate, anchor bolt, and foundation details are shown on COSSF.
- Step 5: Determine drilled shaft length from COSS-FD.

  Enter the appropriate graph (for 42" Dia drilled shaft in clay soil) from the bottom with N = 15. Proceed upward interpolating moment curves (solid lines) to locate 244 Kip-ft. Project to the left side of the graph to determine the required embedment length, i.e., 12'.
  Repeat the procedure for torsion curves (dashed lines) to locate 162 Kip-ft. The embedment length required to satisfy torsion is 14'. Add 3'-0" to the longer length to obtain a required drilled shaft length of 17'.

Given: Short span, A = 9'; Long Span, B = 25'; Total Cantilever Span = 34'; Column Height, H = 24'; Design Wind Height, Hd = 26'; Avg. Penetrometer Value, N = 20 (clay type soil); Wheeler County.

SELECTION EXAMPLE DOUBLE CANTILEVER SPAN

- Step 1: Select applicable COSS standard. From Wind Velocity and Ice Zone sheet determine that Wheeler County is in Zone 2 (90 mph) and is above the ice line. Since Design Wind Height is less than 30' use standard COSS-Z2I. If Design Wind Height is more than 30', use HCOSS-71.
- Step 2: Determine tower details from COSS-Z2I.

  Use column height = 24'. Round total span length up to the next longer tabulated length span, i.e., 35'. If total span length is greater than 40', a special design would be required. Tower details are: Tower details are:

  Tower pipe 30" Dia with min. wall thickness = 0.310"

  Base Plate  $40 \frac{1}{2}$ " Dia x 1  $\frac{3}{4}$ "

  Anchor bolts  $8 \sim 2$ " Dia on 35  $\frac{3}{4}$ " bolt circle

  Horizontal deflection of tower at  $9 \times 10^{-1}$  truss = 0.574-0.316 = 0.26". Tower pipe During installation, double nuts at base plate may be used to plumb tower and compensate for horizontal deflection.

  Design Moment = 403 Kip-ft (use total span = 35')

  Design Torsion = 136 Kip-ft (use long span = 25')
- Step 3: Determine truss details from COSS-Z2I. Read from small table at bottom of sheet 2 of 2 for Span A =  $\,$ (use 10'): Chord L  $3 \times 3 \times \frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 3 bolt connection at splice D.L. Diag. L  $2 \times 2 \times \frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection W.L. Diag. L  $3 \times 3 \times \frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection D.L. Vert. L  $2 \times 2 \times \frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection W.L. Strut. L  $2 \times 2 \times \frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 1 bolt connection W.L. Strut. L 2 x 2 x  $\frac{1}{16}$  (HYC) wi Bolts are  $\frac{1}{16}$ " Dia high strength. D.L. of truss = 42 lb/ft. Span B = 25':

Span B = 25': Chord L 3 x 3 x  $\frac{1}{4}$  (HYC) with 4 bolt connection at tower D.L. Diag. L 2 x 2 x  $\frac{1}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection W.L. Diag. L 3 x 3 x  $\frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection D.L. Vert. L 2 x 2 x  $\frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection W.L. Strut. L 2 x 2 x  $\frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 1 bolt connection Bolts are  $\frac{1}{8}$ " Dia high strength with 3 ~  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia bolt alternate for chord connection at tower. D.L. of truss = 47 lb/ft.

Truss defl. at free end = 0.2" for Span A, = 1.3" for Span B.

The fabricator shall compensate for deflections by offsetting bolt holes between upper and lower chords at splice and at truss-to-tower connection. Top chord shall be shortened between the tower and the splice to achieve the required offset.

- Step 4: Determine foundation details. Use standard COSSF. From COSSF with 30" Dia pipe and 2" Dia anchor bolts:
  Anchor bolts 2" Dia x 4'-3"
  Drilled shaft Dia 54" Vertical Reinforcing 18 ~ #10 bars Spiral C = #4 at 6" pitch Grade 60 Misc. handhole, base plate, anchor bolt, and foundation details are shown on COSSF.
- Step 5: Determine drilled shaft length from COSS-FD. Enter the appropriate graph (for 54" Dia drilled shaft in clay type soil) from the bottom with N = 20. Proceed upward interpolating moment curves (solid lines) to locate 403 Kip-ft. Project to the left side of graph to determine required embedment length, i.e., 13'. Repeat the procedure for the torsion curves (dashed lines) to locate 136 Kip-ft. Embedment length required to satisfy torsion is 9'. Add 3' to the longer length to obtain required drilled shaft length



## CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS SELECTION EXAMPLES

COSS-SE

TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXE	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	GHWAY
	0904	00	181,ET	С.	VARIOUS	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	AMA		POTTE	R		64

#### COSS STRUCTURES

						, . O O						
	STRUCTURE NO. AND STATION	DMS (VARIOUS)										
Г	DESIGN WIND HEIGHT, Hd (feet)	30'										
Г	LENGTH OF SPAN (feet)	35' (TOTAL); 20'	(CANT.)									
1	W × D & SIZE HS BOLTS	4.5" × 4.5" w/	5/8"	Dia HS Bolts		× w/	" Dia	HS Bolts	×	w/	" Dia	HS Bolts
l _s	LENGTH OF TRUSS PANELS	End = $2.5'$ (2)	Other:	= 365′ (2)	End =		Other =		End =		Other =	
:	CHORD	L3 X 3 X 3/6 (3)										
	DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL	L2 X 2 X 3/6 (2)										
B	WIND LOAD DIAGONAL	L3 X 3 X 3/6 (3)										
SS	DEAD LOAD VERTICAL	L2 X 2 X 3/6 (2)										
ΙŠ	WIND LOAD STRUT	L2 X 2 X 3/6 (2)										
I⊢	TRUSS DL & DEFL	DL = 42 II	o/ft <b>,</b> ∆∨	= 0.9 "	DL =	1	b/ft <b>,</b> △ _V =		DL =	Ιb	/ft, △ _∨ =	"
1												
Г	TOWER HEIGHT AT TRUSS & (feet)	30'										
LS	TOWER PIPE DIA & WALL THICKNESS	Dia = 30"	Thic	k = 0.375"	Dia =		Thick =		Dia =		Thick =	
ΙΨ	TOWER PIPE △H AT € TRUSS	= Ø (+0.63S-C	. 635)									
Ϊ́	NO. & SIZE OF ANCHOR BOLTS	8 W/ 2 ¹ / ₄ "										
<u>ا</u> ر	ANCHOR BOLT CIRCLE DIA	36"										
ME	BASE PL SIZE	41" DIA X 2"										
10	TRUSS TO TOWER CONNECTION	3 ~ 5/8" TOWER PLU	s 3 ~ 5%	" AT SPLICE								
S												
LOAD	SHEAR (Kips)	9.76										
٦	TORSION (Kip-f+)	87.07										
SN SN	MOMENT (Kip-f+)	501.47 (TOTAL - 3	5' SPAN	)								
SI												
BE												
		N/A w	/ "N"	= N/A		V	// "N" =			W/	′ "N" =	
ĺ		USE CLAY/UNSUBMER	GED SANI	D; N=10								
ΔŢ	SIZE & LENGTH OF DR SHAFT	54" DIA X 21' L										
OUNDAT	MAIN SHAFT STEEL	14 ~ #11 BARS										
[]	SHAFT SPIRAL REINFORCING	#4 PS AT 31/2" PIT	CH 46 Ø									
Ľ				•		•	•	•			•	·

### OSB STRUCTURES

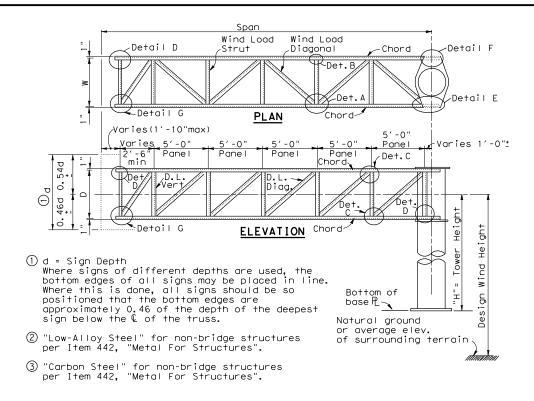
						U.S	וכ ס	NUC	ı	163								
Г	STRUCTURE NO. AND STATION																	
	DESIGN WIND HEIGHT, Hd (feet)																	
П	LENGTH OF SPAN (feet)																	
	W × D & SIZE HS BOLTS		×	w/		" Dia H	S Bolts		×	w/	"	)ia HS Bolts		×	w/		" Dia HS	Bolts
	LENGTH OF TRUSS PANELS	5.0′	w/	Center	Panel (	(s) at		5.0′	w/	Center F	anel (s)	at	5.0′	w/	Center	Panel (	s) at	
SS	CHORD																	
Iÿ	DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL																	
ΙĖ	WIND LOAD DIAGONAL																	
	DEAD LOAD VERTICAL																	
	WIND LOAD STRUT																	
Ш	TRUSS DL & DEFL	DL =		Ιb	/ft <b>,</b> △=	= "		DL =		lb/f	`+, △ =	П	DL =		Ιb	/ft <b>,</b> △=	: "	
		LE	FT T	OWER	R	RIGHT TO	OWER	LE	FT TO	OWER	RIC	HT TOWER	L	EFT T	OWER	R	IGHT TO	WER
	COLUMN SPACING																	
	TOWER HEIGHT (feet)	НL	=		Н	R =		Η∟	=		ΗR	=	Нι	=		Н	R =	
S	COLUMN SIZE	W	×	(	W	×		W	×		W	×	W	>	<	W	×	
OWER	ANCHOR BOLTS																	
NO.	BASE PLATE																	
-	TOWER DIAGONALS																	
	TOWER STRUTS																	
Ш	TOWER UPLIFT (Kips)																	
	DRILLED SHAFTS											·						
$\perp$	MAXIMUM BRACING SPACING, "S"																	
oxdot	SOIL N (BLOWS PER FT.)																	

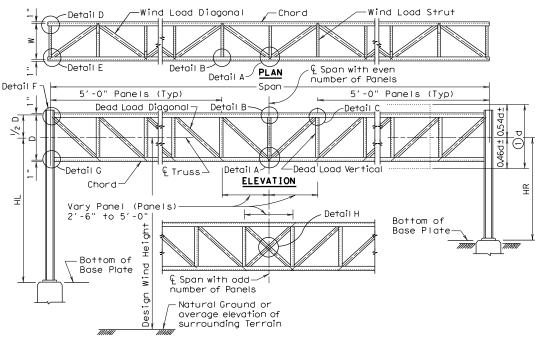
#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Use tower details, truss details, truss to tower connection, and foundation details, shown on standard drawings OSBT, OSBC, COSSD, and COSSF.
- 2. Dimensions and connections, should be determined, using member size or combination of members shown on this sheet.
- 3. Number of high strength bolts required in truss connection or splice are indicated in brackets, e.g. [3], after the member size.
- 4. Design of truss includes 3 pounds per square foot for sign panel, 20 pounds per foot for lights, and 50 pounds per foot for walkway, all placed as specified for the design sign panel.

#### NOTES ON USAGE

- This sheet shall only be included in the PS&E package when the COSS and/or OSB standards are not sufficient to define the COSS or OSB design and details.
- 2. These sheets should not be included in the PS&E package if no design data is included hereon.
- 3. If included in the contract plans this sheet must contain "(MOD)" after the designation and must be sealed by a Texas P.E.



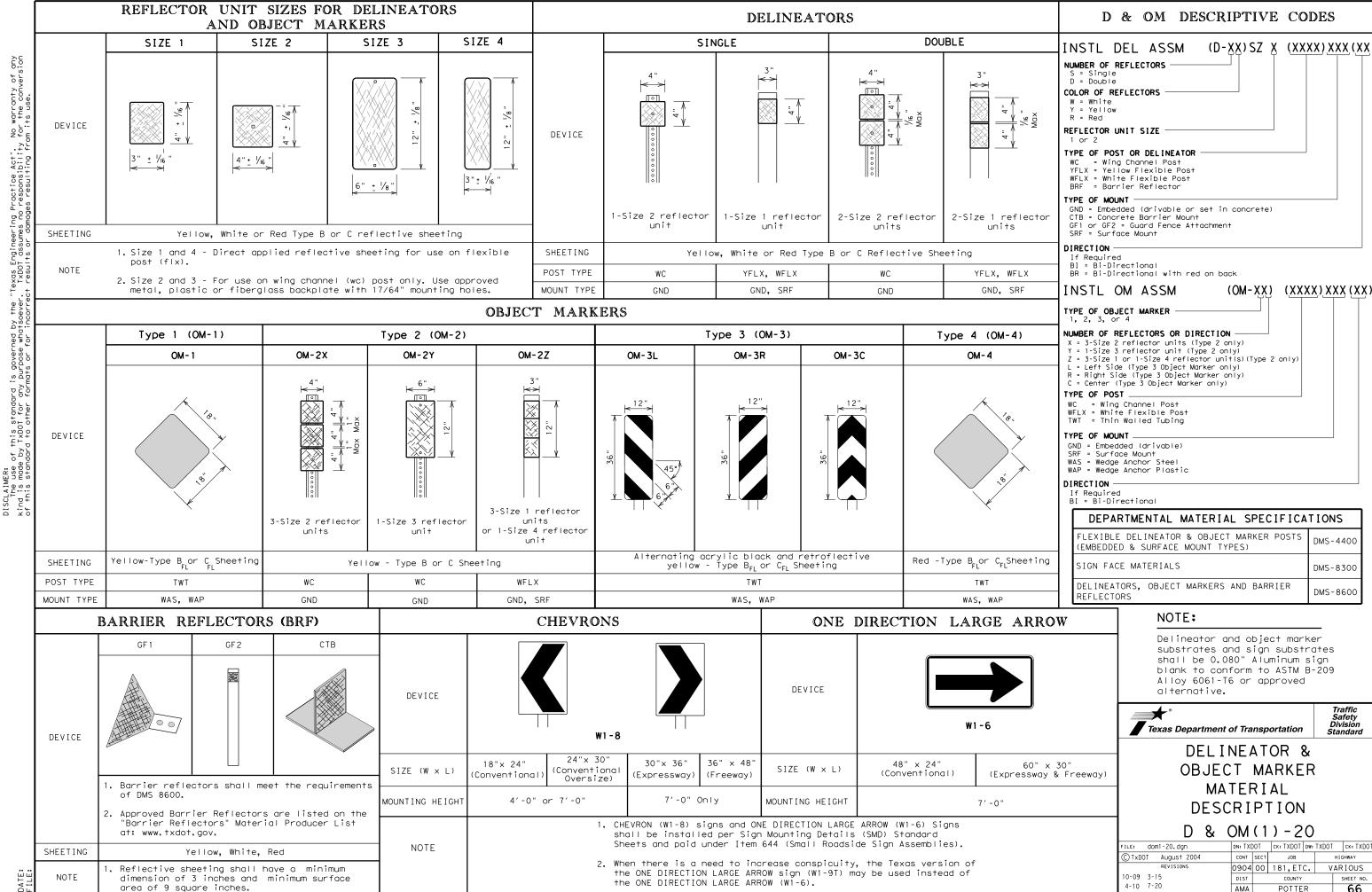




COSS & OSB-SZ-21

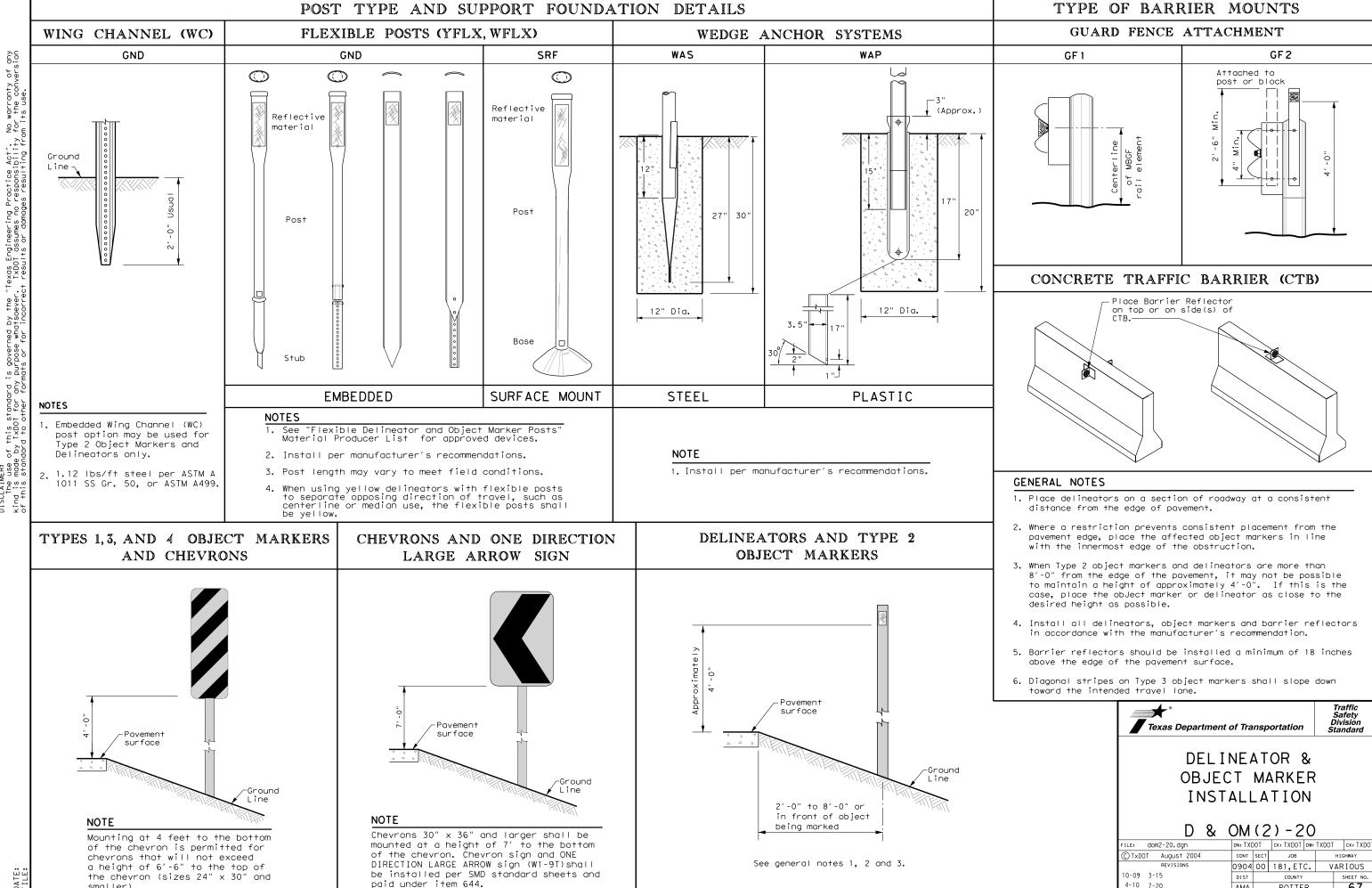
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© TxDOT	November 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	HWAY
8-21	REVISIONS	0904	00	181,ET	c. v	/AR	IOUS
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DATE:



20A

VARIOUS 4-10 7-20 POTTER 66

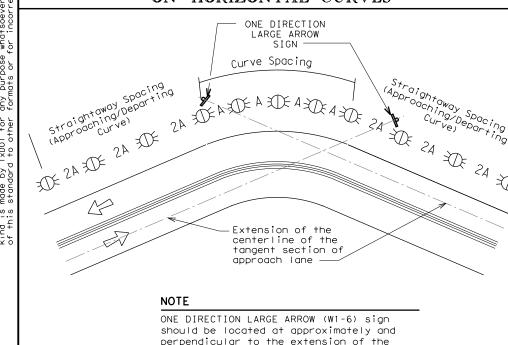


20B

# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed						
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)					
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs					
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction Large     Arrow sign where geometric     conditions or roadside     obstacles prevent the     installation of chevrons.					
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of     chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons					

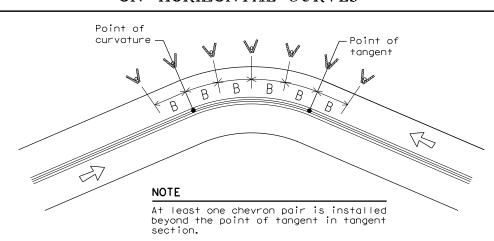
# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.

centerline of the tangent section of



#### DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		А	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

#### DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	А	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING						
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets						
Frwy./Exp. Curve Single delineators on right side		See delineator spacing table						
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents  Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)						
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))						
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet						
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators						

Barrier reflectors matching

Reflectors matching the color

Undivided 2-lane highways -Object marker on approach and

Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3)

Type 2 Object Markers

Single delineators adjacent

to affected lane for full

length of transition

Divided highway - Object marker on

the color of the edge line

of the edge line

approach end

departure end

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

roach and departure de lineators approaching rail at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail delineators approaching rail should be reparation or when is known.

Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail

Reduced Width Approaches to Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge

Culverts without MBGF

Pavement Narrowing

Freeways/Expressway

(lane merge) on

Crossovers

Bridges with no Approach

Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB)

or Steel Traffic Barrier

Guard Rail Terminus/Impact

Cable Barrier

NOTES

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.

Double yellow delineators and RPMs

Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND						
<b>X</b>	Bi-directional Delineator					
$\mathbb{R}$	Delineator					
4	Sign					



Equal spacing 100' max

100'max)

See D & OM(5)

terminal end See D & OM (5)

100 feet

Every 5th cable barrier post (up to

Requires reflective sheeting provided

by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or

a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end

See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)

Requires reflective sheeting

D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object

Marker (OM-3) in front of the

provided by manufacturer per

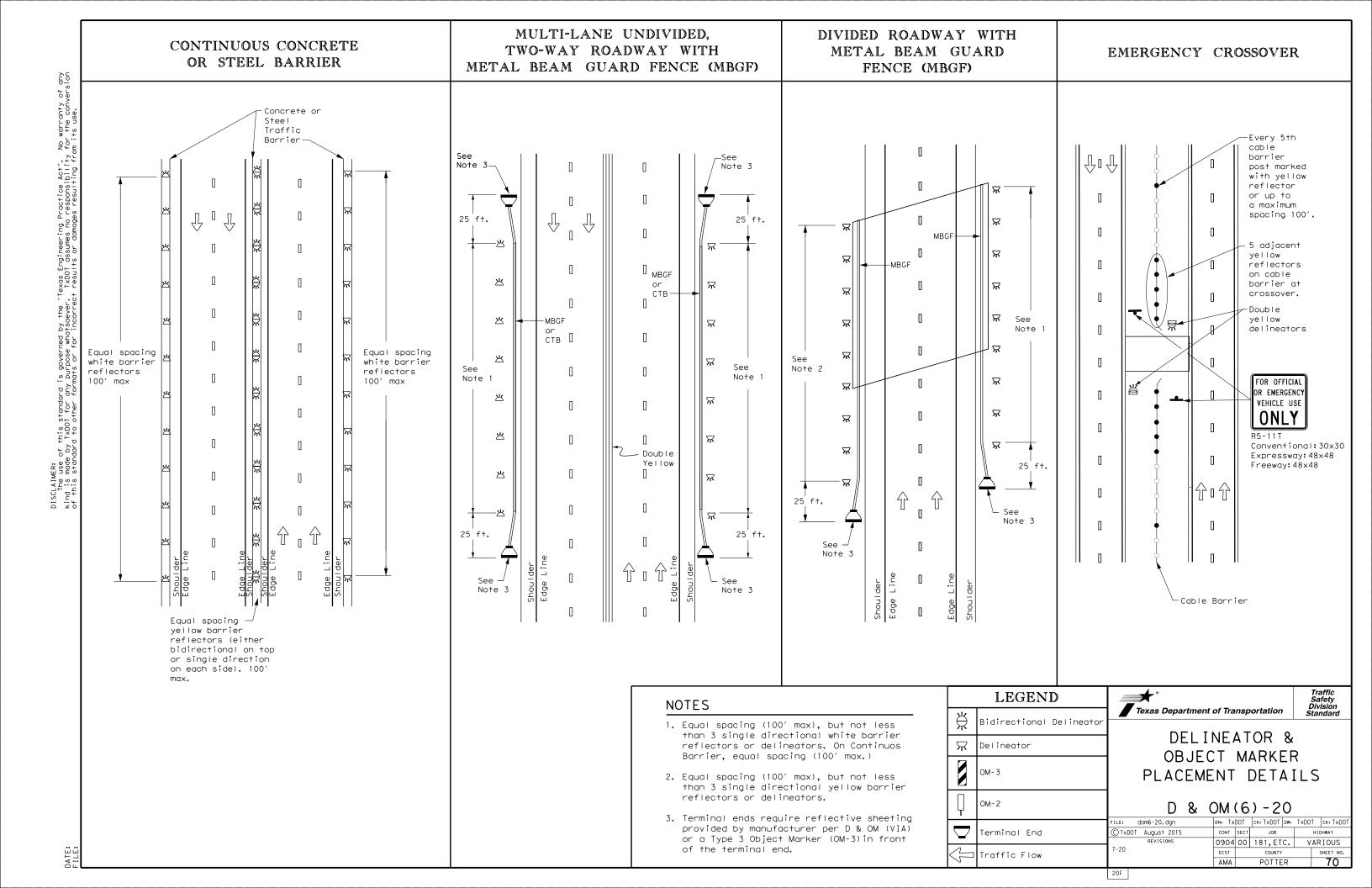
See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)

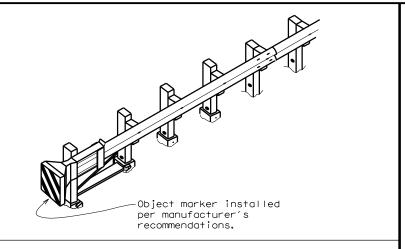
See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)

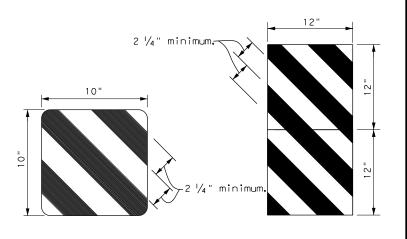
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

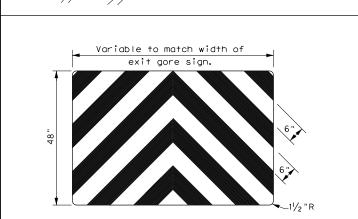
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C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
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3-15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY		S	HEET NO.
3-15 7-20	AMA		POTTE	R		68







OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2



**EXIT** 

444

BACK PANEL (OPTIONAL)

## NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300.
   Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of  $2 \frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

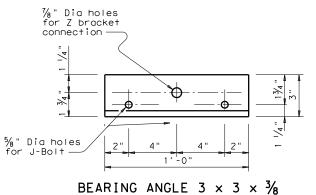
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CTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY	
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4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 7-20	AMA		POTTE	R		71	

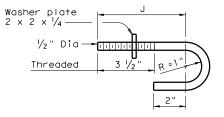
20G

)ATE:

- Application of the mounting detailed on Sheet 1 of 3 is limited to a dynamic message sign (DMS) attachment that is not in conflict with the truss connection bolts at the point(s) of attachment. The overhead sign structure must have adequate capacity to support the DMS. A determination of adequacy shall be made prior to attaching the DMS supports to the truss.
- top chord L

  2. Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto. The Design Sustained Wind Velocity is 100 mph with a gust factor of 1.3. Connections are designed for a DMS weight of 3600 lbs and a design Effective Projected Area (EPA) of 441 sq ft, with the EPA based on a DMS nominal width of 30.5 feet and nominal depth of 8.25 feet plus four top and bottom 1'-8" square flashing beacons. The EPA includes drag coefficients of 1.7 (applied to sign area) and 1.2 (applied to flashing beacon area). A horizontal eccentricity of 1.0 ft from the face of the truss to the center of gravity of the DMS for attachment of DMS is assumed. An even number of Z brackets, spaced at 5 ft max., is assumed to transfer forces through the connection.
  - 3. All structural steel shall conform to ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50 or A588. Connection bolts shall conform to ASTM A325 or A449. Each connection bolt shall be provided with 1 heavy hex nut, 2 flat washers, and 1 lock washer. J bolts and washer plate both shall be Type 304 stainless steel, with bolt minimum yield strength of 50 ksi and an elongation of 16 percent in 2 inches. All parts except stainless steel shall be galvanized.
  - 4. Contractor shall verify applicable field dimensions before





TOP & BOTTOM J-BOLT





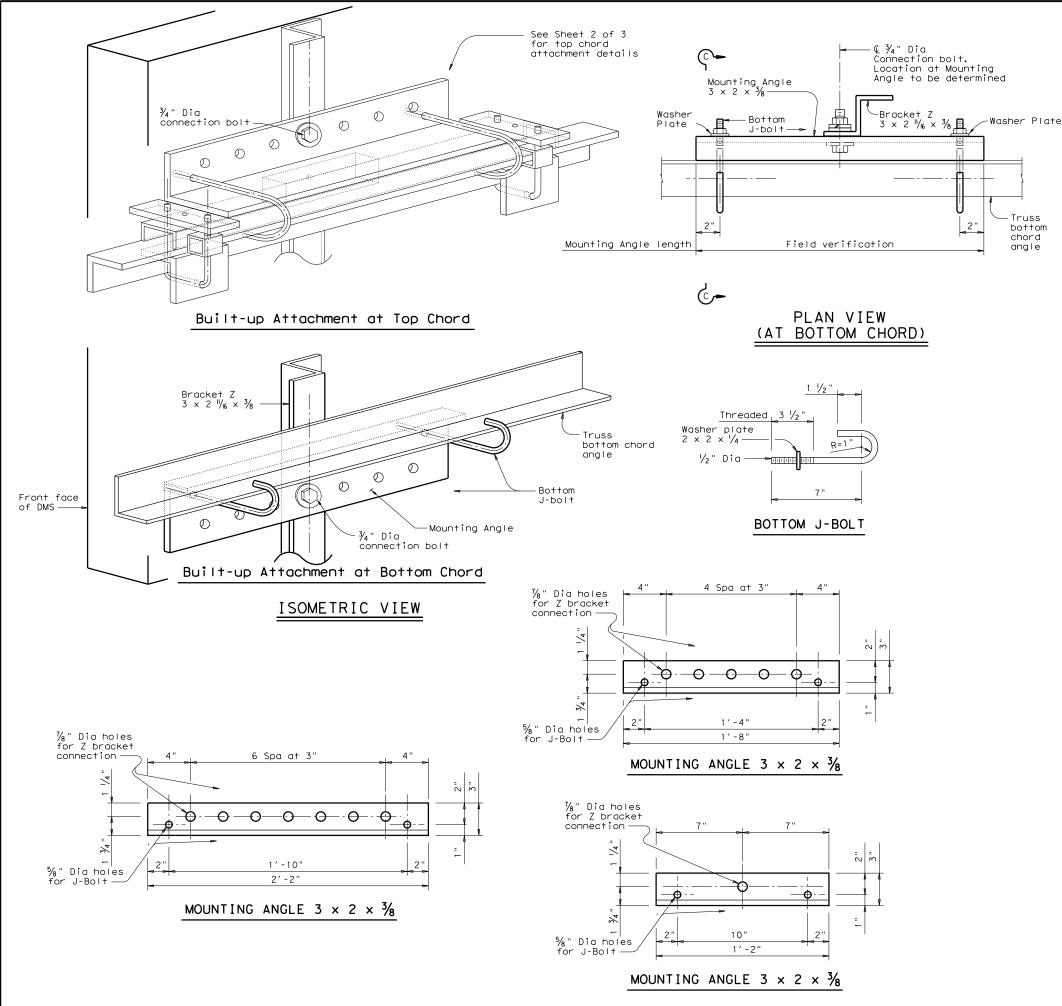
AT OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS

(NON BUILD-UP)

DMS (TM-1) - 16

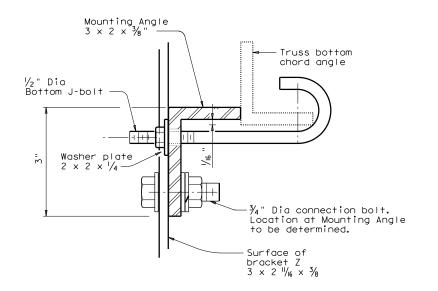
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C)TxDOT June 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	ΔΜΔ		POTTE	·R		72

29D



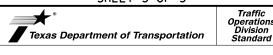
### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Application of the built-up detailed on Sheet 2 and 3 of 3 is limited to the dynamic message sign (DMS) attachment which is in conflict with the truss connection bolts at the point(s) of attachment. The overhead sign structure must have adequate capacity to support the DMS. A determination of adequacy shall be made prior to attaching the DMS supports to the truss.
- 2. Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto. The Design Sustained Wind Velocity is 100 mph with a gust factor of 1.3. Connections are designed for a DMS weight of 3600 lbs and a design Effective Projected Area (EPA) of 441 sq ft, with the EPA based on a DMS nominal width of 30.5 feet and nominal depth of 8.25 feet plus four top and bottom 1'-8" square flashing beacons. The EPA includes drag coefficients of 1.7 (applied to sign area) and 1.2 (applied to flashing beacon area). A horizontal eccentricity of 1.0 ft from the face of the truss to the center of gravity of the DMS for attachment of DMS is assumed. An even number of Z brackets, spaced at 5 ft max., is assumed to transfer forces through the connection.
- 3. All structural steel shall conform to ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50 or A588. Connection bolts shall conform to ASTM A325 or A449. Each connection bolt shall be provided with 1 heavy hex nut, 2 flat washers, and 1 lock washer. U bolts shall conform to ASTM A307 with 2 hex nuts, 2 flat washers and 2 lock washers. Hollow structural section (HSS) shall conform to ASTM A500, A501, or A847. J bolts and washer plate both shall be Type 304 stainless steel, with bolt minimum yield strength of 50 ksi and an elongation of 16 percent in 2 inches. All parts, except stainless steel shall be galvanized.
- 4. Contractor shall verify applicable field dimensions before fabrication. Various lengths of bearing and mounting angle are provided for suitable mounting. Contractor shall determine the proper bearing and mounting angle length, and the connection along the length at Z bracket to accommodate J-bolt hook. Contractor may substitute HSS for the mounting channel as long as the HSS has equal or greater thickness at the mounting channel. Limit HSS height to achieved mounting clearance.



### SECTION C-C

SHEET 3 OF 3



DMS-TO-TRUSS MOUNTING
AT OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS

(WITH BUILD-UP)

DMS (TM-3) - 16

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### GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- 1. The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

### CONDUIT

- A. MATERIALS
- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- 2. Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- 3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" × 10" × 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" x 16" x 4"
#2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
#4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"
#6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"
#8	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in. and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- 5. Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622, except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- 2. Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections.
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring."
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a conduit sealant.
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.



Operations Division Standard

Traffic

# ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUITS & NOTES

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### **ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS**

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- 3. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- 4. Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- 3. Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- 4. Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- 5. Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a single connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.

### C. TEMPORARY WIRING

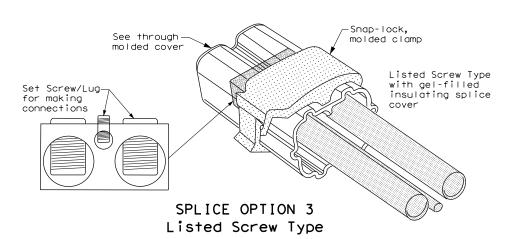
- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of the following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- 3. Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved.
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- 5. Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NEC.

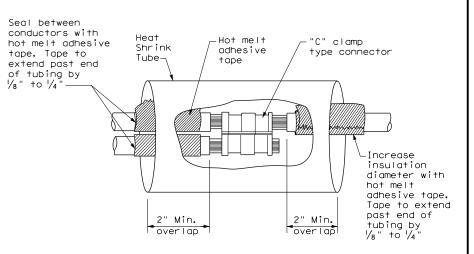
### GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- 1. Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

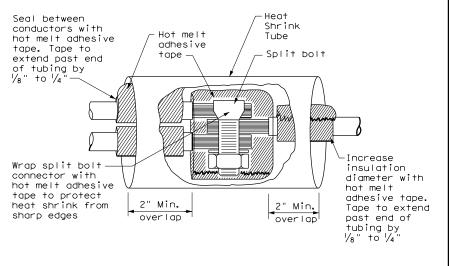
### B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade.
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.

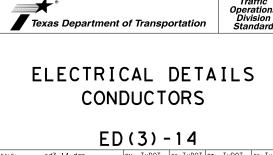


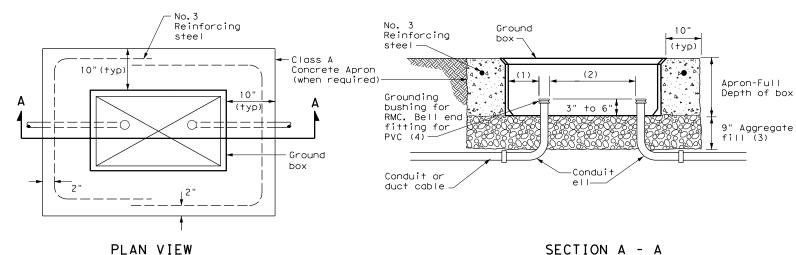


SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type



SPLICE OPTION 2 Split Bolt Type



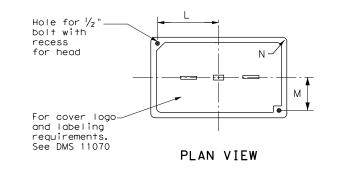


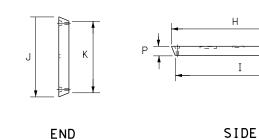
### APRON FOR GROUND BOX

- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

GROU	ND BOX DIMENSIONS
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)
А	12 X 23 X 11
В	12 X 23 X 22
С	16 X 29 X 11
D	16 X 29 X 22
Е	12 X 23 X 17

GROUND BOX COVER DIMENSIONS									
DIMENSIONS (INCHES)									
TYPE	Н	Ι	J	К	L	М	N	Р	
А, В & Е	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 ½	9	5 1/8	1 3/8	2	
C & D	30 ½	30 1/4	17 1/2	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 3/4	1 3/8	2	





GROUND BOX COVER

### GROUND BOXES

- A. MATERIALS
- Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of aggregate.
- 2. Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground boxes.
- 4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.
- 11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# GROUND BOXES

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### ELECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES

- 1. Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.
- 2. Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services," DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.
- 3. Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.
- 4. Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5. The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed #2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock #2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock #2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6. Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8. Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red, black, and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9. All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately.
- 10. Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the  $V_2$  in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that particular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- II. Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- 12.Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 13. For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating.
- 14. When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket.
- 15. Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

### SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

- 1. Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure.
- 2. Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3. Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not paint stainless steel.
- 4. Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

### MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

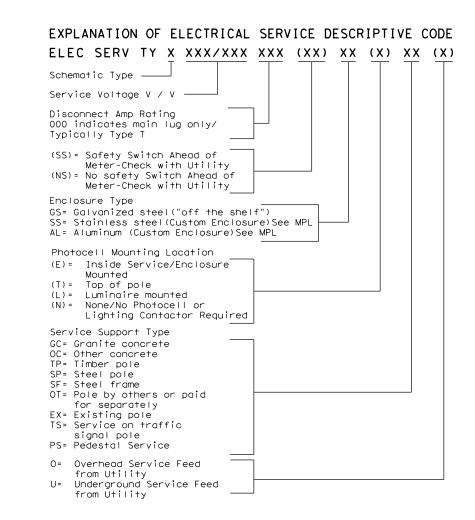
- 1. Field drill flange-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions.
- 2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA, verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

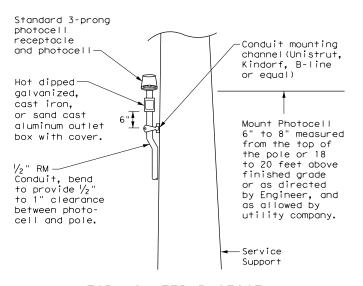
### PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

1. Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.

	* ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA											
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number	Electrical Service Description	Service Conduit **Size	Conductors	Safety Switch Amps	Main Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Branch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	KVA Load
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/#2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1
									Lighting SB	2P/40	25	
									Underpass	1P/20	15	
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(0)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3
							30		Luminaires	2P/20	9	
									CCTV	1P/20	3	
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(0)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0
									Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4	

- * Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.
- ** Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National ELectrical Code.





### TOP MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

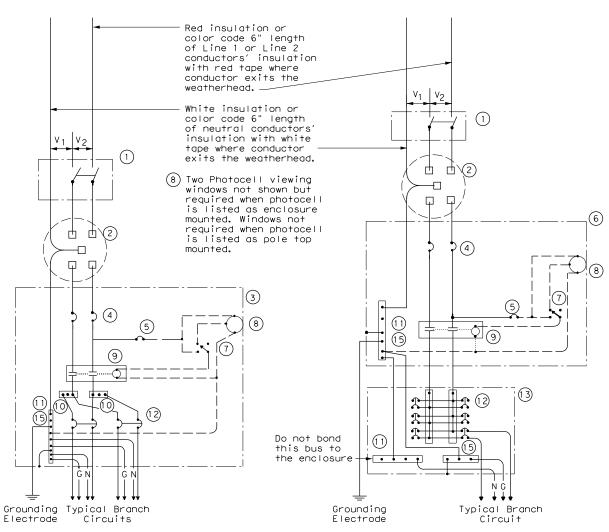
Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.



Operation

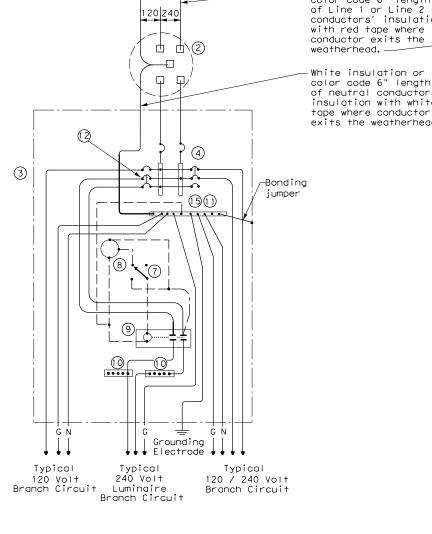
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SCHEMATIC TYPE A THREE WIRE

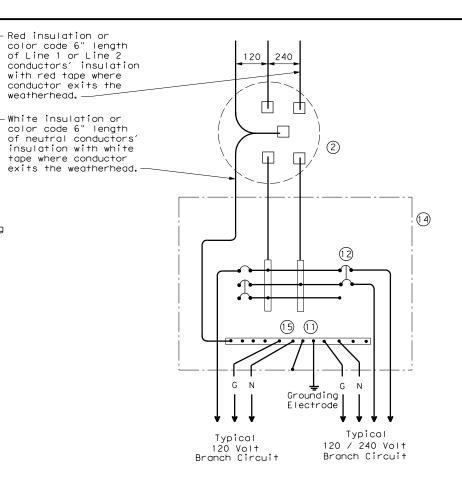
SCHEMATIC TYPE C THREE WIRE



SCHEMATIC TYPE D - CUSTOM 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

	WIRING LEGEND
	Power Wiring
	Control Wiring
— N —	Neutral Conductor
— G —	Equipment grounding conductor-always required

	SCHEMATIC LEGEND
1	Safety Switch (when required)
2	Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider)
3	Service Assembly Enclosure
4	Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
5	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit)
6	Auxiliary Enclosure
7	Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)
8	Photo Electric Control (enclosure- mounted shown)
9	Lighting Contactor
10	Power Distribution Terminal Blocks
1.1	Neutral Bus
12	Branch Circuit Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
13	Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard
14	Load Center
15	Ground Bus



### SCHEMATIC TYPE T

### 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Galvanized steel-"Buy Off The Shelf" only. When required install photocell top of the pole or on luminaire only, no lighting contractor will be installed.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

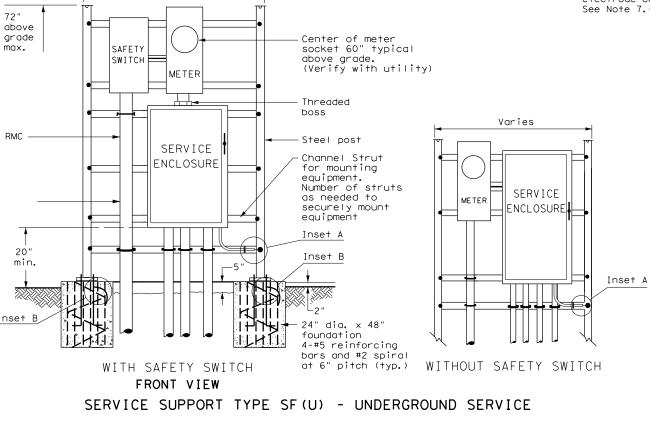
ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES

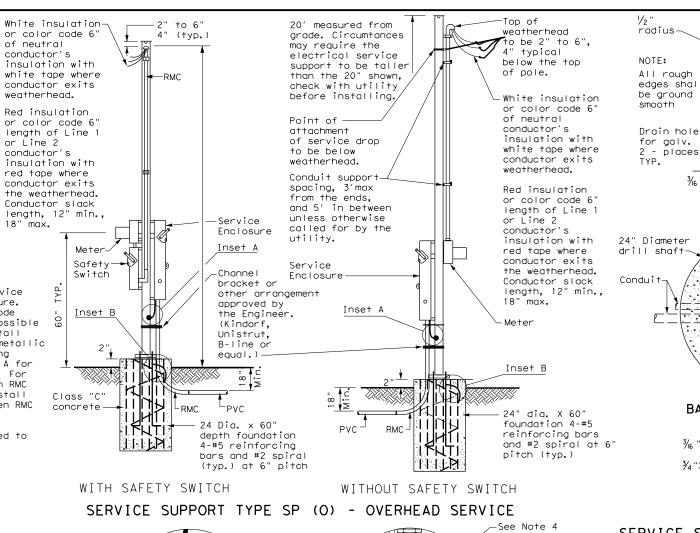
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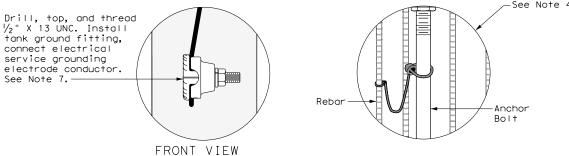
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### SUPPORT TYPE STEEL POLE (SP) AND STEEL FRAME (SF)

- 1. Provide steel pole and steel frame supports as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services." Mount all equipment and conduit on 12 gauge galvanized steel or stainless steel channel strut, 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. or 1  $\frac{5}{8}$  in. wide by 1 in. up to 3  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. deep Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal. Bolt or weld all channel and hardware to vertical members as approved. Do not stack channel, File smooth and paint field cut ends of all channel with zinc-rich paint before installing.
- 2. Provide poles for overhead service with an eyebolt or similar fitting for attachment of the service drop to the pole in conformance with the electric utility provider's specifications.
- 3. Provide and install galvanized  $\frac{y_4}{4}$  in. x 18 in. x 4 in. (dia. x length x hook length) anchor bolts for underground service supports. Provide and install galvanized  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. x 56 in. x 4 in. anchor bolts for overhead service supports. Ensure anchor bolts have 3 in of thread, with  $3 \ /_4$  in, to  $3 \ /_2$  in, of the exposed anchor bolt projecting above finished foundation. Provide and install leveling nuts for all anchor bolts.
- 4. Bond one of the anchor bolts to the rebar cage with 6 AWG bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See Inset B.
- 5. Furnish and install rigid metallic ells in all steel pole and steel frame foundations for all conduits entering the service from underground.
- 6.Use class C concrete for foundations. Ensure reinforcing steel is Grade 60 with 3" of
- 7. Drill and tap steel poles and frames for  $V_2$  in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. For steel pole service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. For steel frame service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting on steel frame post. Install service grounding electrode conductor in a non-metallic conduit or tubing from the enclosure to the steel frame post. Connect electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. See steel frame and steel pole details and Inset A for more information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans. For underground conduit runs from the electrical service, extend RMC from the service enclosure to an RMC elbow, and then connect the schedule type and size of conduit shown in the plans. Provide and install grounding bushings where RMC terminates in the enclosure, Grounding bushings are not required when RMC is fitted into a sealing hub or threaded boss.
- 8. If Steel pole or frame is painted, bond each separate painted piece with a bonding jumper attached to a tapped hole.
- 9. Provide  $\frac{1}{4}$ " 20 machine screws for bonding. Do not use sheet metal screws. Remove all non-conductive material at contact points. Terminate bonding jumpers with listed devices. Install minimum size 6 AWG stranded copper bonding jumpers. Make up all threaded bonding connections wrench tight.
- 10. Avoid contact of the service drop and service entrance conductors with the metal pole to prevent abrasion of the insulated conductors.
- 11. Shop drawings are not required for service support structure unless specifically stated elsewhere or directed by the Engineer.

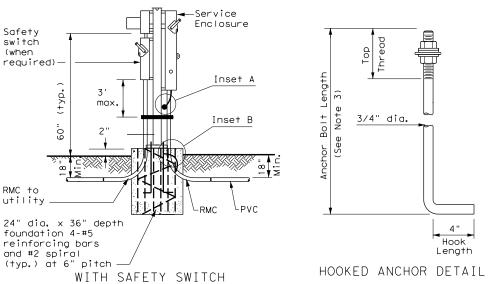






INSET A

INSET B



SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SP(U) - UNDERGROUND SERVICE

5 ½" BASE PLATE DETAIL BOTTOM OF POLE SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SF & SP 5" thick expansion concrete ioint material pad (class C concrete and 6" X 6" #6 wire mesh) Dimension varies, install only as wide as required to accommodate equipment

2 1/2" TYP.

POLE TOP PLATE

8" *

. 1 1/4 "--

1/2"

TOP VIEW SERVICE SUPPORT TY SF (0) & SF (U)

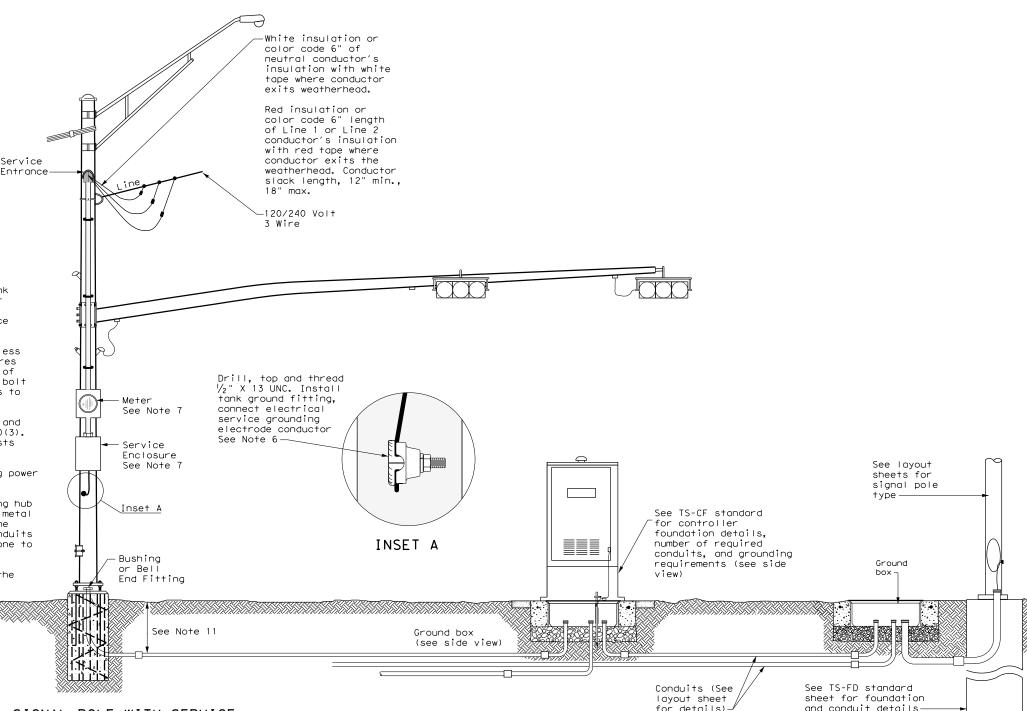


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### TRAFFIC SIGNAL NOTES

- 1. Do not pass luminaire conductors through the signal controller cabinet.
- Include an equipment grounding conductor in all conduits throughout the electrical system. Bond all exposed metal parts to the grounding conductor.
- 3. Provide roadway luminaires, when required, in accordance with the material and construction sections of Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies," except for performance testing of luminaires. Test installed roadway luminaires for proper operation as a part of the associated traffic signal system test.
- 4. If internally illuminated street name signs are approved for use, ground the fixture to the pole with a 12 AWG green XHHW conductor.
- Bond anchor bolts to rebar cage in two locations using #3 bars or 6 AWG stranded copper conductors. Use Listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See TXDOT standard TS-FD for further details.
- 6. Drill and tap signal poles for ½ in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. Provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. directly below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Connect the electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. See Inset A detail for further information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans.
- 7. Mount electrical service enclosure and meter to signal pole with stainless steel bands. Ensure bands are a minimum width of  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. Secure enclosures to bands using two-bolt brackets, Install brackets near top and bottom of each enclosure. Install properly sized stainless steel washers on each bolt in the enclosure. Band or drill and tap properly sized stand-off straps to signal pole for attaching conduit.
- 8. Conduct pull tests and insulation resistance tests on all illumination and power conductors as required in Item 620 "Electrical Conductors" and ED(3). To prevent electronics damage, do not conduct insulation resistance tests on traffic signal cables after termination.
- 9. Lock all enclosures and bolt down all ground box covers before applying power to the signal installation.
- 10. Terminate conduits entering the top of enclosures with a conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss such as meter hub. Install a grounding bushing on all metal conduits not connected to conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss. Bond the grounding bushing to the ground bus with a bonding jumper. Seal all conduits entering enclosures with duct seal or expanding foam. Do not use silicone to seal conduit ends.
- 11. For all conduits, ensure the burial depth is a minimum of 18". Ensure the minimum burial depth for conduit placed under a roadway is 24".



SIGNAL POLE WITH SERVICE

Type T electrical service mounted on signal pole shown as an example. See electrical details, layout sheets, and electrical service data chart for additional details.

SIGNAL CONTROLLER FRONT VIEW

SIGNAL POLE

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

ELECTRICAL DETAILS
TYPICAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL
SYSTEM DETAILS

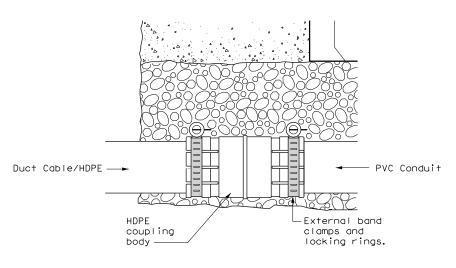
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SIGNAL CONTROLLER SIDE VIEW

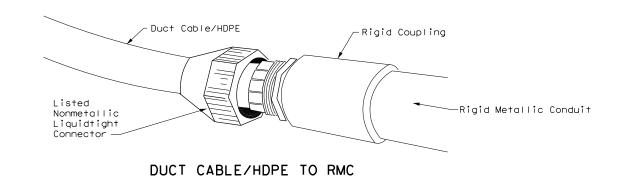
See TS-CF standard for conduit and grounding requirements. See layout sheets for ground box locations and any additional conduits that are required.

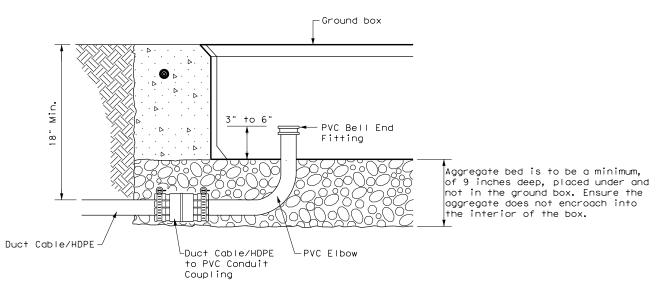
### DUCT CABLE & HDPE CONDUIT NOTES

- Provide duct cable in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11060
  "Duct Cable" and Item 622 "Duct Cable." Provide duct cable as listed on the Material
  Producer List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical
  Supplies" Item 622.
- Provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit in accordance with DMS 11060 and Item 618, "Conduit." Provide HDPE as listed on the MPL on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 618.
- 3. Supply duct cable with a minimum 2 in. diameter, unless otherwise shown in the plans. Provide duct cable and HDPE conduit as shown by descriptive code or on the plans. Bend duct cable and HDPE conduit as recommended by the manufacturer, with a minimum bending radius of 26 in. for 2 in. duct. Follow manufacturers' recommendations when handling duct cable and HDPE conduit reels and during installation of duct cable and HDPE conduit.
- 4. Do not splice conductors within duct cable or HDPE conduit. Couple duct cable and HDPE entering a ground box or foundation to a PVC elbow. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18" from possible contact, ground the RMC elbow.
- 5. Furnish and install duct cable with factory installed conductors, sized as shown in the plans and as required by the National Electrical Code (NEC). The NEC contains specific requirements for duct cable in Article, "Nonmetallic Underground Conduit with Conductors: Type NUCC."
- 6. When conduit casing is called for in the plans, extend duct cable or HDPE conduit through the conduit casing in one continuous length without connection to the casing.
- 7. Seal the ends of duct cable or HDPE conduit with duct seal, expandable foam, or other approved method after completing the pull tests required by Item 622.
- 8. Provide minimum cover of 24 in. under roadways, 18 in. in other locations, or as shown on the plans.
- 9. Furnish and install listed fittings to couple duct cable or HDPE conduit to other types of conduit. Duct cable and HDPE conduit may be field-threaded and spliced with PVC or RMC threaded couplings; connected with listed tie-wrap fittings; connected using listed coupling made of HDPE with stainless steel external banding clamps and locking rings; connected with approved electrofusion conduit couplings; or connected using an approved chemical fusion method using an epoxy or adhesive specifically designed for HDPE couplings and connectors all installed in accordance with their manufacturer's instructions. Do not use PVC glue on HDPE. Do not use water pipe fittings, or connect conduit with heat shrink tubing.



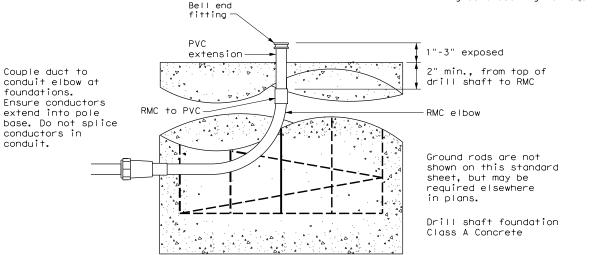
### DUCT CABLE/HDPE TO PVC



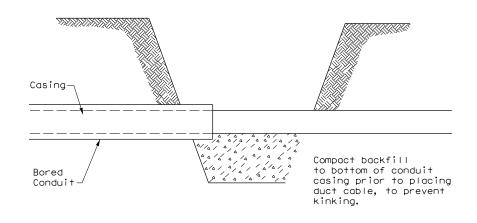


### DUCT CABLE/HDPE AT GROUND BOX

When the upper end of an RMC EII does not enter the ground box, it may be extended with a SCH-40 PVC conduit nipple and bell end, provided there is a minimum of 18" of cover over all parts of the elbow. If not, a rigid extension and ground bushing is required.



### DUCT CABLE / HDPE AT FOUNDATION



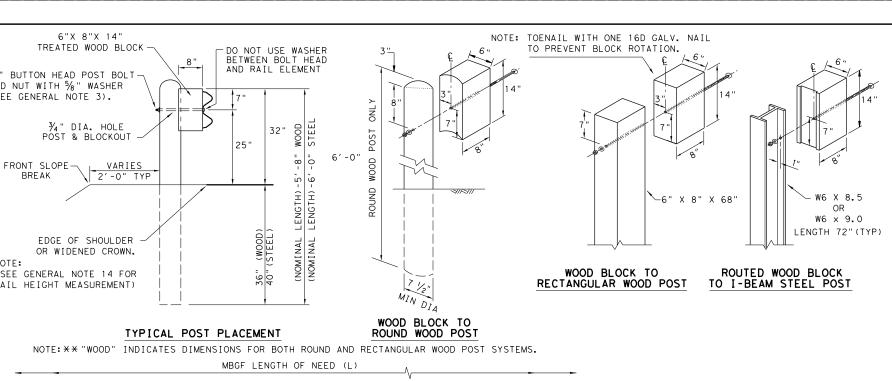
BORE PIT DETAIL



# ELECTRICAL DETAILS DUCT CABLE/ HDPE CONDUIT

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### 25' - 0" RAIL ELEMENT DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FINISHED GRADE GUARDRAIL-12" (TYP) **ELEVATION** BLOCK 41/2" 41/2" MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICE 18" MIN SHOWING A 25'- O" SECTION OF W-BEAM RAIL. (SEE GENERAL NOTE 2)

12" X 12" X 1/4" (ASTM A36) STEEL BOTTOM

PLATE WITH 1" DIA. HOLES REQUIRED WITH

BOLT-THROUGH INSTALLATION.

DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC

% " X 1 ¼" BUTTON HEAD SPLICE BOLTS WITH RECCESSED NUTS.

NO BOLT REQUIRED

[™]POST(S) MAY REQUIRE FIELD (TYP) (TYP) MODIFICATION TO ENSURE PROPER GUARDRAIL HEIGHT. -W6 X 9 OR W6 X 8.5 STEEL POST CONNECTION TO STEEL POST CULVERT SLAB (USE WHEN THERE IS LESS THAN 36" COVER OVER 9" MIN. FILL DEPTH-CULVERT SLAB). CULVERT SLAB-12"x 12"x 1/8 (ASTM A572 GR 50) TOP PLATE 1" DIA. HOLES FORMED VARIES OR CORED IN CONCRETE

NOTE: TWO INSTALLATION OPTIONS.

SLOTTED HOLES

BOLT-THROUGH OPTION: REQUIRES A 6" MIN. SLAB THICKNESS.  $\frac{7}{8}$ " DIA (ASTM A449) HEAVY HEX BOLTS WITH TWO HARDENED LOW FILL CULVERT POST WASHER EACH AND HEAVY HEX NUTS. NOTE: BOLT LENGTH = SLAB PLUS 2 1/4" MIN.

> 2. EPOXY ANCHOR OPTION: THIS OPTION MAY ONLY BE USED IF THE CULVERT SLAB IS 9" MIN. THICK. THREADED ANCHOR RODS MUST BE 1/8" DIA. ASTM A449 OR A193 GRADE B7 WITH HEAVY HEX NUT, AND ONE HARDENED WASHER EACH. EMBED ANCHOR RODS 6" WITH HILTI HIT RE 500 EPOXY ADHESIVE. OTHER TYPE III CLASS C EPOXY ADHESIVES MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-6100. "EPOXIES AND ADHESIVES". MAY BE USED IF IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT THEY MEET OR EXCEED THE STRENGTH OF HILTI HIT RE 500 WITH THE SAME EMBEDMENT DEPTH AND THREADED ROD DIA. FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLING EPOXIED THREADED RODS. EXTEND RODS 1/4" MIN. BEYOND NUT.

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF MBGF SHALL BE SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING.
- RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 25'- 0", OR 12'- 6" (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT 3'-1  $\frac{1}{2}$ " C-C OR 6'-3" C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO ACCOMMODATE THE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL (DAT) AND THE TRANSITION SECTIONS OF GUARDRAIL.
- 3. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5/8" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- 4. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING. FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 5. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.
- 6. THE LATERAL APPROACH TO THE GUARD FENCE, SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 1V:10H.
- 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE GUARD FENCE MAY BE FLARED AT A RATE OF 25:1 OR FLATTER.
- 8. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, GUARD FENCE PLACED IN THE VICINITY OF CURBS SHALL BE POSITIONED SO THAT THE FACE OF CURB IS LOCATED DIRECTLY BELOW OR BEHIND THE FACE OF THE RAIL. RAIL PLACED OVER CURBS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THAT THE POST BOLT IS LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 25 INCHES ABOVE THE GUTTER PAN OR EDGE OF SHOULDER.
- 9. APPLICATIONS IN SOLID ROCK ARE ONLY ALLOWED WITH STEEL POSTS. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN 0 TO 18" OF THE FINISHED GRADE, DRILL A 24" DIA. HOLE, 24" INTO THE ROCK. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED BELOW 18", DRILL A 12" DIA. HOLE, 12" INTO THE ROCK OR TO THE STANDARD EMBEDMENT DEPTH, WHICHEVER MAYBE LESS. ANY EXCESS POST LENGTH, AFTER MEETING THESE DEPTHS, MAY BE FIELD CUT TO ENSURE PROPER GUARDRAIL MOUNTING HEIGHT. BACKFILL WITH COARSE AGGREGATE MATERIAL.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- 11. SPECIAL FABRICATION WILL BE REQUIRED AT INSTALLATION LOCATIONS HAVING A CURVATURE OF LESS
- 12. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210 ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL MAY FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.
- 13. FOR THE LOW FILL CULVERT OPTION, POSTS LOCATED PARTIALLY OR WHOLLY BETWEEN PRECAST BOX CULVERT UNITS, THE USE OF A CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE CLOSURE BETWEEN BOXES IS REQUIRED. THE LENGTH OF THE CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE CLOSURE SHALL ACCOMMODATE THE PLACEMENT OF THE LOW FILL CULVERT OPTION. SEE CONCRETE CLOSURE DETAILS ON BRIDGE STANDARD SCP-MD.
- 1" X 1 1/2" 14. GUARDRAIL HEIGHT MEASUREMENT: WHEN THE GUARDRAIL IS LOCATED ABOVE PAVEMENT, MEASURE THE HEIGHT LOTTED HOLES FROM THE PAVEMENT TO THE TOP OF THE W-BEAM RAIL. WHEN THE GUARDRAIL IS LOCATED UP TO 2 FT. OFF OF THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT OR FOR A PAVEMENT OVERLAY, USE A 10-FOOT STRAIGHTEDGE TO EXTEND THE PAVEMENT/SHOULDER SLOPE TO THE BACK OF RAIL, MEASURE FROM THE BOTTOM OF STRAIGHTEDGE TO THE TOP OF RAIL. FOR GUARDRAIL LOCATED DOWN A 10:1 SLOPE, MEASURE FROM THE NOMINAL TERRAIN.

NOTE: TRANSISTIONS TO BRIDGE RAILS OR TRAFFIC BARRIERS. SEE GF (31) TL3 TR STANDARD FOR HIGH-SPEED TL-3 TRANSITIONS. SEE GF (31) TL2 TR STANDARD FOR LOW-SPEED TL-2 TRANSITIONS.

Texas Department of Transportation

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) - 19

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RAIL SPLICE DETAIL BUTTON HEAD BOLT NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

 $6\frac{1}{8}$ 

 $6\frac{1}{8}$ 

12 1/2 "

SPL I CE

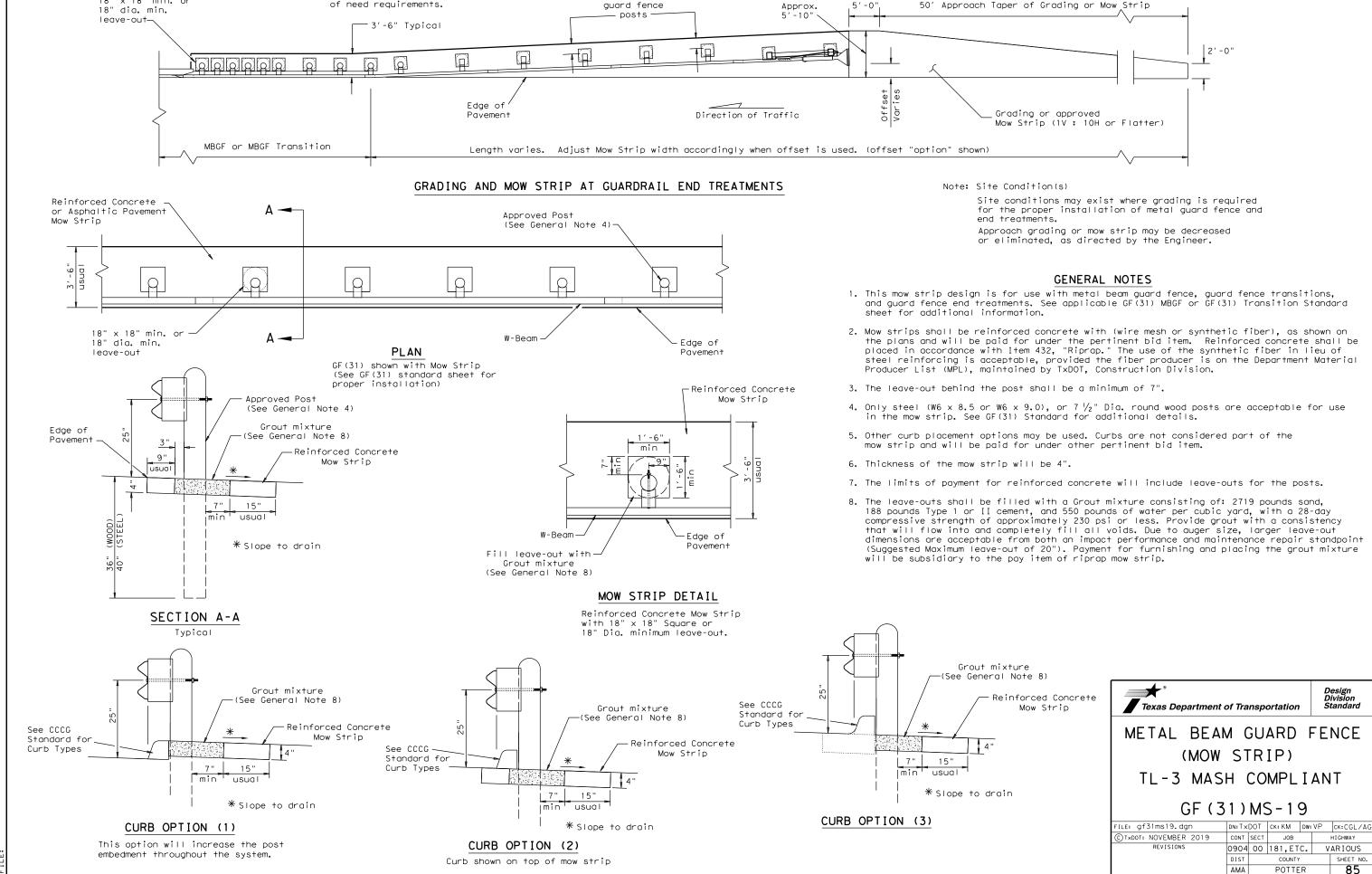
MID-SPAN

POST & BLOCK LENGTH

FBB03 = 10"

FBBO4 = 18'

18" x 18" min. or



Minimum 1'-10" beyond

Note: See SGT standard sheets for

proper installation and length

Handhole Frame 5 1/2" x 13"

Weld 1/2"-13 UNC

Handhole Frame

225

A Welded Handhole Frame is Permissible

For Pedestal Mount

Handhole Frame 5 1/3" x 13"

For Pedestal Mount

A Welded Handhole Frame is Permissible

226

Hook for

Hanging Cable (See J-Hook Detail)

Stainless

Steelwire Mesh Grip (1 Per Cable)

Traffic Operations Division Standard

HIGHWAY

VARIOUS

87

use.	POLE TYPE 1	
nor with purpose minisoever. The displays no responsibility of the conversion her formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.	8 SIDED	
damo		
or		Г
correct results	POLE TYPE ①	
or ir		ļ
formats or fo	8 SIDED	
her		

L																					
L								TAE	BLE 1:	ITS P		O MP	H (W/	2 S0LA	R PANEL	s) 4					
Г			P0	LE SHAFT	1000		ВА	SE PLAT	E (1)		TOP ② PLATE			А	NCHOR BOLT	3			FOUNE	DATION 3	
T	OLE YPE 1	POLE HEIGHT (FT)	BOTTOM OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	TOP OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	WALL THICK NESS (IN)	INSIDE DIA. (IN)	OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	BOLT CIRCLE DIA. (IN)	BOLT HOLE DIA. (IN)	THICK NESS (IN)	OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	DIA. (IN)	NO. OF BOLTS	LENGTH OF BOLT MIN. (IN)	TEMPLATE INSIDE DIA. (IN)	TEMPLATE OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	TEMPLATE WIDTH (IN)		AFT DEPTH ENETROMET FT.) (SEE	TER (N -	DRILLED SHAFT DIA. (IN)
		' <i>A</i> '	' <i>B</i> '	'C'	'D'	'E'	'F'	'G'	'H'	'I'	'J'	'K'	'L'	'M'	'N'	'0'	' <i>P</i> '	N = 10	N = 15	N = 40	'R'
2		20	10	8	1/2	10-1/16	21	16	1-1/4	1-1/2	9	1	4	29	14	18	2	12	11	10	36
-		30	13	9	1/2	13-1/16	24	19	1-9/16	1-1/2	10	1-1/4	4	35	16-1/2	21-1/2	2-1/2	15	13	10	36
2	ED	40	15	9	1/2	15-1/16	26	21	1-9/16	1-1/2	10	1-1/4	6	35	18-1/2	23-1/2	2-1/2	17	14	11	42
ף [	SIDED	45	16	10	1/2	16-1/16	27	22	1-9/16	1-1/2	11	1-1/4	6	35	19-1/2	24-1/2	2-1/2	18	16	12	42
- 1	00	50	17	10	1/2	17-1/16	28	23	1-9/16	1-1/2	11	1-1/4	6	35	20-1/2	25-1/2	2-1/2	19	16	12	42
000		5567	19	11	5/8	19-1/16	30	25	1-13/16	2	12	1-1/2	6	40	22	28	3	21	18	13	42
2000		6067	20	11	5/8	20-1/16	31	26	1-13/16	1-9/16 1-1/2 10 1-1/4 6 35 18-1/2 23-1/2 2-1/2 17 14 11 42 1-1/4 11 1-1/4 6 35 19-1/2 24-1/2 2-1/2 18 16 12 42 1-9/16 1-1/2 11 1-1/4 6 35 20-1/2 25-1/2 2-1/2 19 16 12 42 1-1/4 2 12 12 1-1/2 6 40 22 28 3 21 18 13 42											

<u> </u>								TAB	LE 2: .	ITS PO	DLE - 1	10 MF	PH (W.	/ 2 SOL	AR PANEL	.5) ④					
2			P0	LE SHAFT	10		ВА	SE PLAT	E (1)		TOP ② PLATE			А	NCHOR BOLT	3			FOUND	ATION 3	
: ľ	POLE TYPE	POLE HEIGHT (FT)	BOTTOM OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	TOP OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	WALL THICK NESS (IN)	INSIDE DIA. (IN)	OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	BOLT CIRCLE DIA. (IN)	BOLT HOLE DIA. (IN)	THICK NESS (IN)	OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	DIA. (IN)	NO. OF BOLTS	LENGTH OF BOLT MIN.(IN)	TEMPLATE INSIDE DIA. (IN)	TEMPLATE OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	TEMPLATE WIDTH (IN)		AFT DEPTH NETROMET FT.) (SEE 1	ER (N -	DRILLED SHAFT DIA. (IN)
- 5		'A'	' <i>B</i> '	'C'	'D'	'E'	'F'	'G'	'H'	'I'	' J'	'K'	'L'	'M'	'N'	'0'	'P'	N = 10	N = 15	N = 40	'R'
Éŀ	_																		-		
Į		20	10	8	1/2	10-1/16	21	16	1-1/4	1-1/2	9	1	4	29	14	18	2	14	12	10	36
-		30	13	9	1/2	13-1/16	24	19	1-9/16	1-3/4	10	1-1/4	6	35	16-1/2	21-1/2	2-1/2	18	15	11	36
5	ED	40	15	9	1/2	15-1/16	25	21	1-9/16	1-3/4	10	1-1/4	6	35	18-1/2	23-1/2	2-1/2	20	17	12	42
<u> </u>	SID	45	16	10	1/2	17-1/16	27	22	1-9/16	1-3/4	11	1-1/4	8	35	19-1/2	24-1/2	2-1/2	21	18	13	42
5	00	50	17	10	1/2	18-1/16	28	23	1-9/16	1-3/4	11	1-1/4	8	35	20-1/2	25-1/2	2-1/2	22	19	14	42
2		55 (7)	19	11	5/8	19-1/16	30	25	1-9/16	2	12	1-1/4	8	35	22-1/2	27-1/2	2-1/2	24	20	14	42
5		60 (7)	20	11	5/8	20-1/16	31	26	1-13/16	2	12	1-1/2	6	40	23	29	3	25	21	15	48

3								TAE	BLE 3:				PH (V	// 1 SOL	AR PANE	L) ⑤					
5			P0	LE SHAFT	10		ВА	SE PLAT	E (1)		TOP ② PLATE			А	NCHOR BOLT	3			FOUND	PATION 3	
. 7	POLE YPE	POLE HEIGHT (FT)	BOTTOM OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	TOP OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	WALL THICK NESS (IN)	INSIDE DIA. (IN)	OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	BOLT CIRCLE DIA. (IN)	BOLT HOLE DIA. (IN)	THICK NESS (IN)	OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	DIA. (IN)	NO. OF BOLTS	LENGTH OF BOLT MIN. (IN)	TEMPLATE INSIDE DIA. (IN)	TEMPLATE OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	TEMPLATE WIDTH (IN)		AFT DEPTH ENETROMET FT.) (SEE 1	ER (N -	DRILLED SHAFT DIA. (IN)
1		' <i>A</i> '	'B'	'C'	'D'	'E'	'F'	'G'	'H'	' ]'	',j'	'K'	777	'M'	'N'	'0'	'P'	N = 10	N = 15	N = 40	'R'
L				ŭ		_		Ŭ			,		_		,,		,		'Q'		
ı		20	10	8	1/2	10-1/16	21	16	1-9/16	1-3/4	9	1-1/4	4	35	13-1/2	18-1/2	2-1/2	16	14	10	36
ı		30	13	9	1/2	15-1/16	24	19	1-9/16	1-3/4	10	1-1/4	6	35	16-1/2	21-1/2	2-1/2	18	16	11	36
- 1	ED	40	15	9	1/2	15-1/16	26	21	1-9/16	1-3/4	10	1-1/4	6	35	18-1/2	23-1/2	2-1/2	21	18	13	42
ı	SID	45	16	10	1/2	16-1/16	27	22	1-9/16	1-3/4	11	1-1/4	8	35	19-1/2	24-1/2	2-1/2	23	19	14	42
ı	ω [	50	17	10	1/2	17-1/16	28	23	1-9/16	2	11	1-1/2	8	40	20	26	3	24	20	14	42
١		55 🕖	19	11	5/8	19-1/16	30	25	1-13/16	2	12	1-1/2	8	40	22	28	3	27	22	15	42
L		60 (7)	20	11	5/8	20-1/16	31	26	1-13/16	2	12	1-1/2	8	40	23	29	3	28	23	16	48

							TABLE	4: ITS	POLE				5 - 90	) MPH (\	N/ 4 SOL.	AR PANE	LS)®				
			P0	LE SHAFT	1		ВА	SE PLAT	E (1)		TOP ② PLATE			А	NCHOR BOLT	3			FOUNE	PATION 3	
- 1	POLE (FT) TYPE  (FT)  'A'	BOTTOM OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	TOP OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	WALL THICK NESS (IN)	INSIDE DIA. (IN)	OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	BOLT CIRCLE DIA. (IN)	BOLT HOLE DIA. (IN)	THICK NESS (IN)	OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	DIA. (IN)	NO. OF BOLTS	LENGTH OF BOLT MIN. (IN)	TEMPLATE INSIDE DIA. (IN)	TEMPLATE OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	TEMPLATE WIDTH (IN)		AFT DEPTH ENETROMET FT.) (SEE 1	ER (N -	DRILLED SHAFT DIA. (IN)	
'		'Δ'	'B'	'C'	'D'	'E'	'F'	'G'	'H'	''	, _J ,	'K'	12	'M'	'N'	'0'	'P'	N = 10	N = 15	N = 40	'R'
L				ŭ		_		<u> </u>		,									'Q'		
	ا ۵	30	13	9	3/8	13-1/16	28	22	1-1/4	1-3/4	10	1	8	29	20	24	2	17	15	11	42
	SIDE	40	15	9	1/2	15-1/16	30	24	1-1/4	2	10	1	8	29	22	26	2	20	17	12	42
- 1		45	16	10	1/2	16-1/16	31	25	1-9/16	2	11	1-1/4	8	35	22-1/2	27-1/2	2-1/2	21	18	13	42
	8	50	17	10	1/2	17-1/16	32	26	1-9/16	2	11	1-1/4	8	35	23-1/2	28-1/2	2-1/2	21	18	13	42
Γ,	12 sided	55 (7)	19	11	5/8	19-1/16	34	27	1-9/16	2	12	1-1/4	12	35	24-1/2	29-1/2	2-1/2	21	18	13	48
'	sid	60 (7)	20	12	5/8	20-1/16	35	28	1-9/16	2	13	1-1/4	12	35	25-1/2	30-1/2	2-1/2	22	19	14	48
						•		•													

						7	TABLE !	5: ITS	POLE	WITH	STIFFE	NERS	5 - 11	0 MPH (	W/ 4 SOL	AR PANE	L5)®				
			P0	LE SHAFT	1		BA	SE PLAT	E (1)		TOP ② PLATE			А	NCHOR BOLT	3			FOUNE	DATION ③	
T	OLE PE	POLE HEIGHT (FT)	BOTTOM OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	TOP OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	WALL THICK NESS (IN)	INSIDE DIA. (IN)	OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)		BOLT HOLE DIA. (IN)	THICK NESS (IN)	OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	DIA. (IN)	NO. OF BOLTS	LENGTH OF BOLT MIN. (IN)	TEMPLATE INSIDE DIA. (IN)	TEMPLATE OUTSIDE DIA.(IN)	TEMPLATE WIDTH (IN)	CONE PE	AFT DEPTH ENETROMET FT.) (SEE		DRILLED SHAFT DIA. (IN)
`		'A'	'B'	'C'	'D'	'E'	'F'	'G'	'H'	'I'	, _J ,	'K'	'L'	'M'	'N'	'0'	'P'	N = 10	N = 15	N = 40	'R'
l L																			'Q'		
Ш	ا م	30	13	9	1/2	13-1/16	28	22	1-9/16	2-1/4	10	1-1/4	8	35	19-1/2	24-1/2	2-1/2	20	17	12	42
	SIDE	40	16	10	1/2	16-1/16	31	25	1-9/16	2-1/4	11	1-1/4	8	35	22-1/2	27-1/2	2-1/2	24	20	14	42
		45	17	11	1/2	17-1/16	32	26	1-9/16	2-1/4	12	1-1/4	8	35	23-1/2	28-1/2	2-1/2	25	21	15	42
	σ	50	18	11	1/2	18-1/16	32	26	1-13/16	2-1/2	12	1-1/2	8	40	23	29	3	25	21	15	48
	ED	55 (7)	19	11	5/8	19-1/16	34	27	1-9/16	2-1/4	12	1-1/4	12	35	24-1/2	29-1/2	2-1/2	24	21	15	48
	SIDED	60 7	20	12	5/8	20-1/16	35	28	1-9/16	2-1/4	13	1-1/4	12	35	25-1/2	30-1/2	2-1/2	25	22	15	48

								, oll	** 1 1 1 1	JIIIIL	NLNJ	- 13	O MFH (	W/ 3 SOL	AK PANE	L3) (9)				
		P0	LE SHAFT	1		ВА	SE PLAT	E (1)		TOP ② PLATE			А	NCHOR BOLT	- ③			FOUND	ATION 3	
PE	POLE HEIGHT (FT)		UUI SIDE	WALL THICK NESS (IN)	INSIDE DIA. (IN)	OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	BOLT CIRCLE DIA. (IN)	BOLT HOLE DIA. (IN)	THICK NESS (IN)		DIA. (IN)	NO. OF BOLTS	LENGTH OF BOLT MIN. (IN)	TEMPLATE INSIDE DIA. (IN)	TEMPLATE OUTSIDE DIA. (IN)	TEMPLATE WIDTH (IN)	CONE PE	NETROMET	ER (N -	DRILLED SHAFT DIA. (IN)
	'A'	' <i>B</i> '	'C'	'D'	'E'	'F'	'G'	'H'	'I'	' <i>J</i> '	'K'	'L'	'M'	'N'	'0'	'P'	N = 10	N = 15	N = 40	'R'
	30	13	9	1/2	13-1/16	28	22	1-9/16	2-1/2	10	1-1/4	8	35	19-1/2	24-1/2	2-1/2	23	19	14	42
7L	40	16	10	1/2	16-1/16	31	25	1-9/16	2-1/2	11	1-1/2	8	40	22	28	3	25	21	14	42
ų	45	17	11	1/2	17-1/16	32	26	1-13/16	2-1/2	12	1-1/2	8	40	23	29	3	26	22	16	48
٦ ٥	50	18	11	1/2	18-1/16	33	27	1-13/16	2-1/2	12	1-1/2	8	40	24	30	3	27	23	16	48
ED	55 ⑦	19	11	5/8	19-1/16	34	27	1-9/16	2-1/4	12	1-1/4	12	35	24-1/2	29-1/2	2-1/2	26	22	16	48
SID	60 7	20	12	5/8	20-1/16	35	28	1-9/16	2-1/4	13	1-1/4	12	35	25 1/2	30 1/2	2-1/2	27	23	16	48
TI CLU	DED 8 SIDED GATE	'A'  30  40  45  50  55  75  75  76  76  76  76  76  76  76	Company   Comp	C	Telephone   Tele	Telephone   Tele	THICK   NATION   OUTSIDE   OUTSIDE	THE COLUMN   COLUMN	Composition   Composition	Telephone   Tele	THICK   THIC	The control of the	Telephone   Tele	Tellor   Outside   Outsi	Telephone   Tele	Tell   Tell	Composition   Control   Control	Telephone   Tele	Telephone   Tele	Telephone   Tele

- Designed according to Sixth Edition 2013 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim
- 2. Table 1 and Table 4 design wind speed equals 90 MPH (3-Second Wind Gusts) with a 1.14 gust factor. A wind importance factor of 1.00 is applied to adjust the wind speed to a 50 year recurrence interval at 33 FT above the ground for Exposure C category in accordance with TxDOT WV&IZ(LTS2013). Design values listed in the table allow the base of the pole to be elevated above the surrounding ground level no more than 20 FT.
- . Table 2 and Table 5 design wind speed equals 110 MPH (3-Second Wind Gusts) with a 1.14 gust factor. A wind importance factor of 1.00 is applied to adjust the wind speed to a 50 year recurrence interval at 33 FT above the ground for Exposure C category in accordance with TxDOT WV&IZ(LTS2013). Design values listed in the table allow the base of the pole to be elevated above the surrounding ground level no more than 20 FT.
- Table 3 and Table 6 design wind speed equals 130 MPH (3-Second Wind Gusts) with a 1.14 gust factor. A wind importance factor of 1.00 is applied to adjust the wind speed to a 50 year recurrence interval at 33 FT above the ground for Exposure C category in accordance with TxDOT WV&IZ(LTS2013). Design values listed in the table allow the base of the pole to be elevated above the surrounding ground level no more than 20 FT
- Recommended embedment lengths are for information purposes only. Foundation embedment depth is based off Texas Cone Penetrometer Value N = 10 blows/ft. for soft soils and up to 40 blows/ft. for hard soils. Foundation lengths shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. Foundations will be paid for under Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations"

   Under the following:

   Two Type 3 ITS pole mounted cabinets (280 LBS/EA and EPA = 14.50 sq. ft. per cabinet). See ITS(16).

   One 250 W (50 LBS/EA and EPA = 30.70 sq. ft. per panel) unless otherwise shown on the plans.

- 6. Deviation from the design criteria and values contained in the tables above constitute 

  6. Pole heights at 55 Ft. and 60 Ft. located in the AMA, CHS, and LBB Districts, and alternative design and will require submission of shop drawings and calculations for approval, sealed by a Texas Professional Engineer.
- 12-sided or round poles as a direct substitution for 8-sided and round poles as a direct substitution for 12-sided poles, meeting the design criteria and values contained in the tables above, require submission of shop drawings for approval.

### <u>Reference Notes</u>

- See the following ITS Pole Standard sheets:

   8-sided Pole ITS(1)
  - 12-sided Pole ITS(2)
- Provision for 2" Dia. opening in top plate for poles requiring cameras mounted on top.
   See ITS Pole Mounting Details ITS(6)
- (3) See ITS Pole Foundation Details ITS(3)
- 4 Designed to support the following:

  - rynen to Support the Tollowing.
    Two Type 3 ITS pole mounted cabinets (280 LBS/EA and
    EPA = 14.50 sq. ft. per cabinet). See ITS(16).
    Two 250 W (50 LBS/EA and EPA = 30.70 sq. ft. per panel)
    solar panels (see ITS(24) "Solar Panel Matrix Table")
  - Combined ITS equipment dead load of 170 LBS with an EPA = 6 sq. ft.

  - solar panels (see ITS(24) "Solar Panel Matrix Table") Combined ITS equipment dead load of 170 LBS with an EPA = 6 sq. ft.

- will require special design and design values shown shall not be used. Submit shop drawings for pole design and supporting calculations for 55 Ft. and 60 Ft. pole heights signed and sealed by a Texas Professional Engineer for approval.
- 7 Ensure minimum nominal splice length is 1.5 times the average pole diameter at the splice to the nearest inch. Ensure longitudinal seam welds that will be in contact at a slip joint splice are ground smooth for the length of splice plus a minimum of six inches. Ensure a 100% longitudinal seam weld for a length of 1.5 pole diameter plus a minimum of 6 inches in outer sections at splices and at base plate. Provide 85% penetration in longitudinal seam welds at other pole sections.
- (8) Designed to support the following:

   Two Type 3 ITS pole mounted cabinets (280 LBS/EA and EPA = 14.50 sq. ft. per cabinet). See ITS(16).

   Four 250 W (50 LBS/EA and EPA = 30.70 sq. ft. per panel) solar panels (see ITS(24) "Solar Panel Matrix Table")

Combined ITS equipment dead load of 170 LBS with an EPA = 6 sq. ft. Refer to ITS(4A) for stiffening plate details at the pole to base plate

- Designed to support the following:

   Two Type 3 ITS pole mounted cabinets (280 LBS/EA and EPA = 14.50 sq. ft. per cabinet). See ITS(16).
   Three 250 W (50 LBS/EA and EPA = 30.70 sq. ft. per panel) solar panels (see ITS(24) "Solar Panel Matrix Table")
   Combined ITS equipment dead load of 170 LBS with an EPA = 6 sq. ft.

   Refer to ITS(4A) for stiffening plate details at the pole to base plate connection.

When solar panels are not provisioned in the plans, ITS pole wall thickness may be reduced by  $\frac{1}{8}$ ".



ITS POLE DESIGN DETAILS DATA LOOKUP TABLE

Operation.

Division Standard

ITS(4) - 15

	•			-		
E: its(4)-15.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT June 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		-	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0904	00	181,ET	С.	V	ARIOUS
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	AMA		POTTE	R		88

# B Equally Spaced Stiffeners Thickness (Ts) = Pole Thickness Ground Lug Inside Pole Opposite Bottom HH Frame. Base Plate Thickness Varies. See ITS(4).

8-sided Pole Base Plate Detail

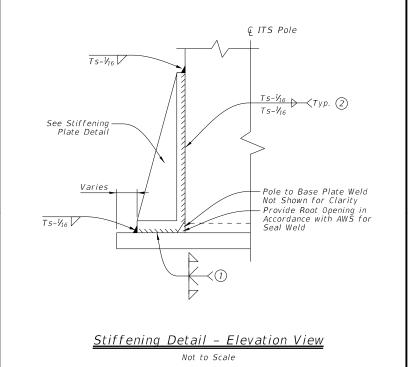
12 Equally Spaced
Stiffeners
Thickness (Ts) = Pole Thickness

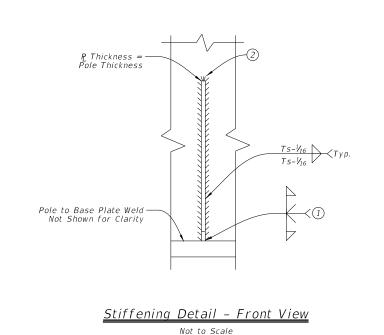
Ground Lug
Inside Pole Opposite
Bottom HH Frame.

ITS Pole Thickness
Varies. See ITS(04)

### 12-sided Pole Base Plate Detail

# P Thickness = Pole Thickness 3.33:1 Slope Chamfer P Stiffening Plate Detail





<u>General Notes:</u>

- 1. Steel stiffening plates shall conform to ASTM A36.
- 2. Make all welds conform to Item 441, "Steel Structures."
- Galvanize in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing" unless otherwise noted.
- Submit shop drawings detailing stiffening plate orientation along with ITS equipment intended for mounting for review and approval prior to fabrication.
- 5. HH = Handhole
- 6.  $T_s = Thickness$

### <u>Reference Notes:</u>

- 1) Complete Joint Penetration Weld per AWS
- ② Wrap Fillet Weld Around Tip of Stiffener

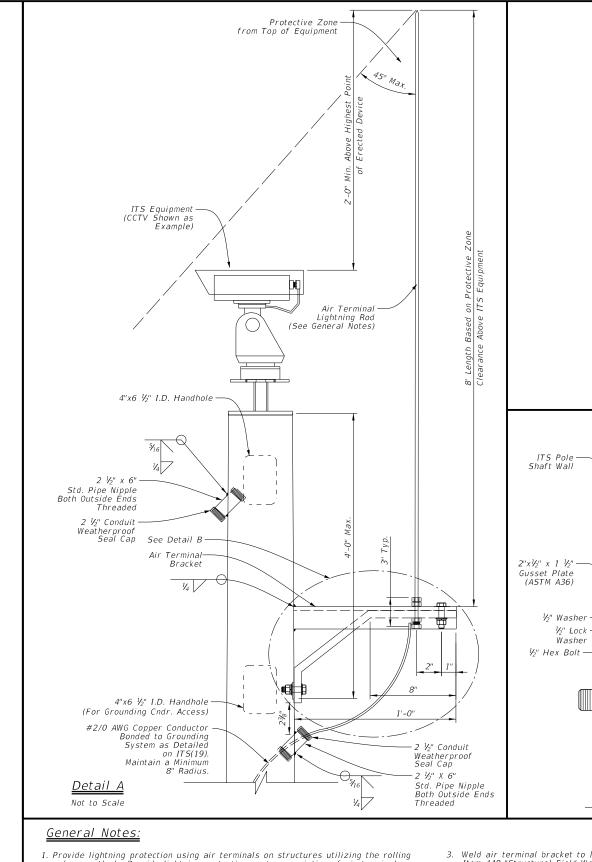
Texas Department of Transportation

ITS POLE STIFFENER PLATE DETAILS

ITS(4A)-15

Traffic Operations Division Standard

<b>-</b> -	•			_		
E: its(4A)-15.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT June 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0904	00	181,ET	С.	VAI	RIOUS
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	AMA		POTTE	:R		89



3. Weld air terminal bracket to ITS pole in accordance with Item 448 "Structural Field Welding." Bracket may be welded by the fabricator in the shop prior to delivery. A bolted connection for the air terminal bracket is acceptable in lieu of a welded connection with approval by the Engineer and detailed in the shop drawings.

1/4

ITS Pole-

0 1/4 /

ITS POLE AIR TERMINAL DETAILS

-½" - 13 x 3"

LG Bolt - C3x6 Channel (ASTM A36)

— ½" Washer — ½" Lock Washer

−½" Hex Nut

(ASTM A36)

Section A-A

Not to Scale

(4) ½" Hex Nuts-

C3x6 Channel ASTM A36

¼" X 1 ½" Steel Plate

1/2" Hex Bolt (ASTM A307)

(ASTM A36)

1/3" Washer

¼" X 1 ½" Steel Plate

Air Terminal Thread Length 3" Typ.

½" x 3" LG Hex

-A)

∕Tack Weld √3 Sides

- Bond #2/0 AWG Copper Conductor (Grounding Wire) to Air Terminal Via Mechanical Connection or Exothermic Weld

<u>Detail B</u>

#2/0 AWG Copper Conductor

Bonded to Grounding System as Detailed

on ITS(19). Maintain a Minimum

8" Radius.

Texas Department of Transportation

Bolt (ASTM A307)

—½" Lock Washe

Traffic Operations

Division Standard

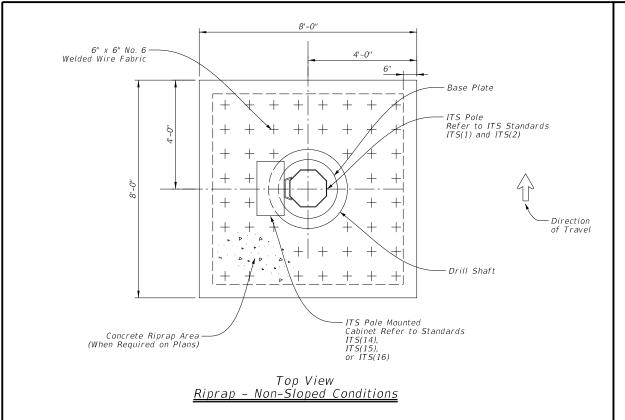
-½" Hex Nut

1/3" Washer

ITS (5) - 15

- Provide lightning protection using air terminals on structures utilizing the rolling sphere method. Provide lightning protection system consisting of air terminals, down conductor, and grounding system installed in accordance with NFPA 780 and tested in accordance with IEEE 142. Meet the following requirements:
- A. Position in center of least utilized field of view. B. Height – camera equipment to be within 45 degree
- protective zone of air terminal.
- C. Material ½" ETP alloy 110 copper air terminal (Class II) D. Clearance - 24" minimum height above highest point of ITS equipment.
- E. Bonding attach air terminal to bracket by exothermic weld or with approved clamping.
- F. Structure wind rating in accordance with TxDOT WV & IZ (LTS2013). G. Galvanize air terminal bracket in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- Alternative orientation for air terminal and pole mounted cabinet due to project specific needs to be indicated on the plans and detailed in shop drawing submittal for approval.

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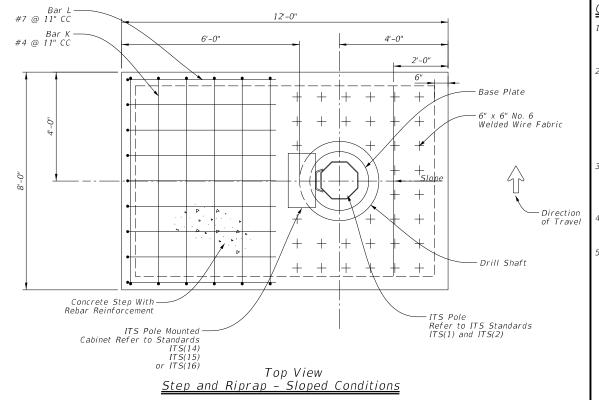


ITS(14), ITS(15), or ITS(16) for

Mounting Details

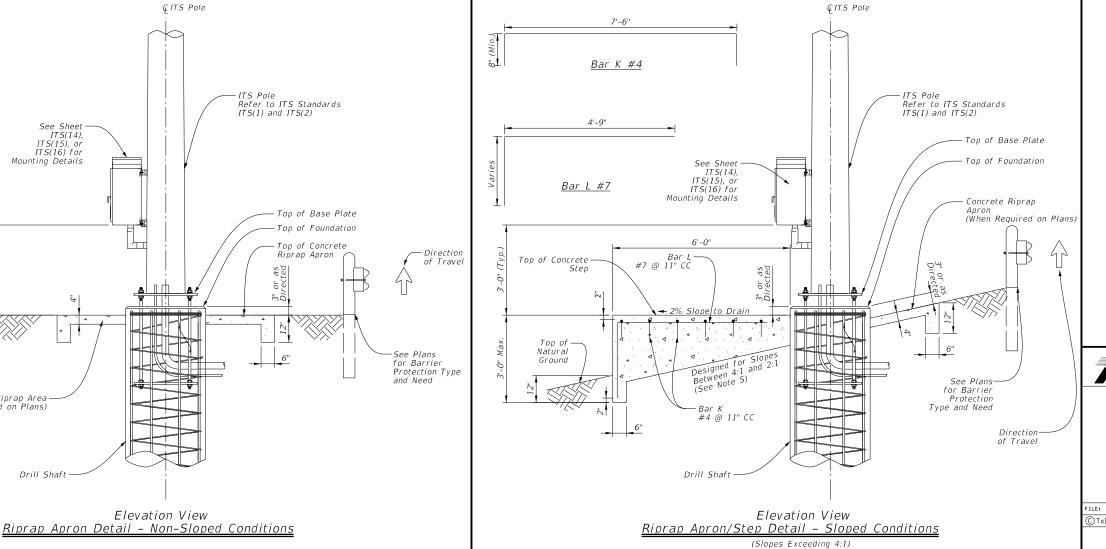
Concrete Riprap Area —

Drill Shaft



### General Notes:

- For non-sloped grassy areas, an 8' x 8' concrete riprap apron shall be poured around ITS pole foundations (see detail on this sheet), estimated at 1.25 CY per site, paid for under Item 432 "Riprap."
- 2. For sloped grassy areas, a concrete "step" (for maintenance personnel to access cabinet) shall be poured as part of the riprap apron. The step shall vary in height depending on slope, but shall extend 6' horizontally from ITS pole drilled shaft foundation and be the same width as riprap apron (8'). Step shall be poured at same time as riprap apron (8'), step shall be poured at same time as riprap apron (see detail on this sheet). Any additional concrete necessary to fabricate step (over and above the 1.25 CY) shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items and no direct payment shall be made.
- For sloped areas where riprap exists, a 6' (horizontal from drilled shaft foundation) x 4' wide step shall be installed (see detail this sheet). Concrete for step shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items and no direct payment shall be made.
- Cabinet orientation may vary depending on field conditions or project constraints. Accommodate configuration of platform according to cabinet orientation.
- 5. Slopes greater than a 2:1 or when 3'-0" Max. step wall height is exceeded, an alternative design with safety railing is required and shall be detailed in the shop drawings for



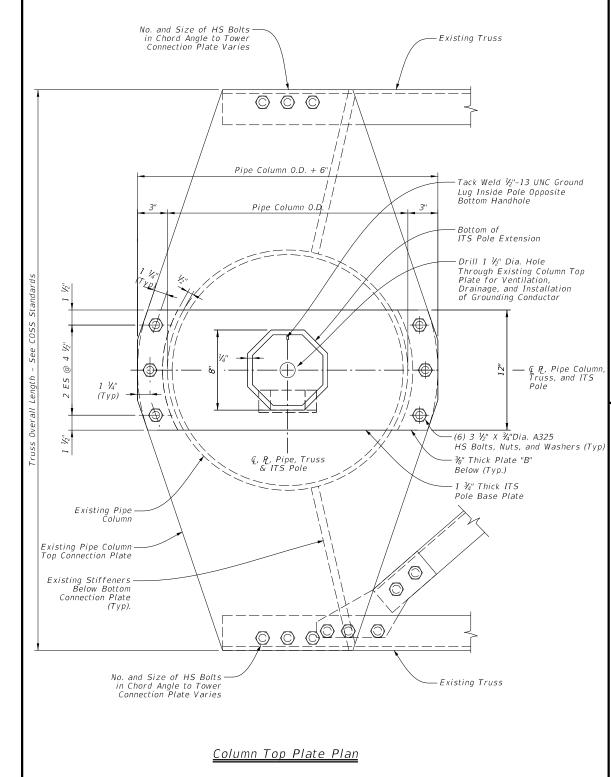
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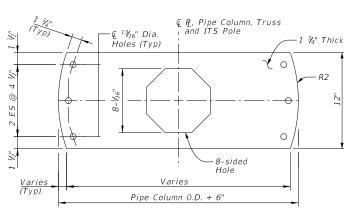
Traffic Operations Division Standard

ITS POLE RIPRAP DETAILS

ITS(7) - 15

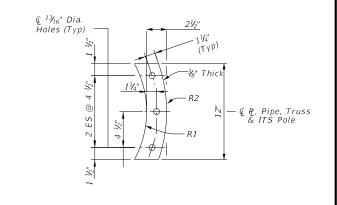
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### <u>ITS Pole Extension Base Plate</u>

 $R2 = Pipe\ Column\ 0.D./2 + 3"$ 



### Plate "B"

R1 = Pipe Column 0.D./2 + 1/2" R2 = Pipe Column 0.D./2 + 3"

SHEET 1 OF 2

- 1. Designed according to Sixth Edition 2013 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications. Standard designed for a maximum dead load of 170 LBS and effective projected area (EPA) of 8 square feet of ITS equipment at the top of the pole. Design wind speed up to 130 MPH (3-Second Wind Gusts) with a 1.14 gust factor. A wind importance factor of 1.00 is applied to adjust the wind speed to a 50 year recurrence interval at 33 FT above the ground for Exposure C category in accordance with TxDDT WW&IZ(ITSZ013). Design values listed in the table allow the base of the pole to be elevated above the surrounding ground level no more than 45 FT.
- 2. Refer to TxDOT Cantilever Overhead Sign Support Structure (COSS) standards for pipe column and top plate dimensions for fabricating ITS pole base plate.
- 3. Galvanize ITS pole extensions, base plate, gusset plate, and structural bolts in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".
- 4. Furnish and tighten HS bolts and fasteners in accordance with Item 447, "Structural Bolting."
- 5. The air terminal support bar shall be mounted on the side of the pole away from traffic.
- 6. The furnishing and installation of the 1" conduit, ground rod, #2/0 AWG ground wire, ground clamp and other materials required to ground the ITS pole in accordance with TxDOT Standards and the NEC shall be subsidiary to the various pay items. The grounding electrode conductor shall be protected from damage and be electrically continuous per NEC.
- 7. Field verify all dimensions prior to fabrication of base plate and Plate "B"

- 8. Location of pipe nipple at base of ITS pole may vary depending on which side of the structure the conduit is installed.
- Provide lightning protection using air terminals on structures utilizing the rolling sphere method. Provide lightning protection system consisting of air terminals, down conductor, and grounding system installed in accordance with NFPa 780 and tested in accordance with IEEE 142. Meet the following requirements:
- A. Position in center of least utilized field of view.
- B. Height camera equipment to be within 45 degree protective zone of air terminal.
- . Material ½" ETP alloy 110 copper air terminal (Class II)
- C. Material 72 EIP aloy 110 copper an ceriminal (Class).

  D. Clearance 24" minimum height above highest point of ITS equipment.

  E. Bonding attach air terminal to bracket by exothermic weld or with approved clamping.
- F. Structure wind rating in accordance with TxDOT WV & IZ (LTS2013).
- G. Galvanize air terminal bracket in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing."

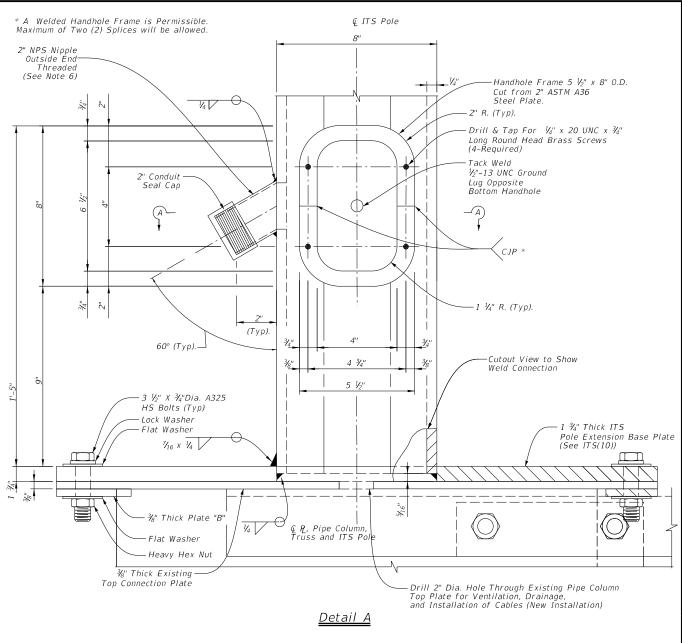


ITS POLE EXTENSION OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE STEEL PIPE COLUMN

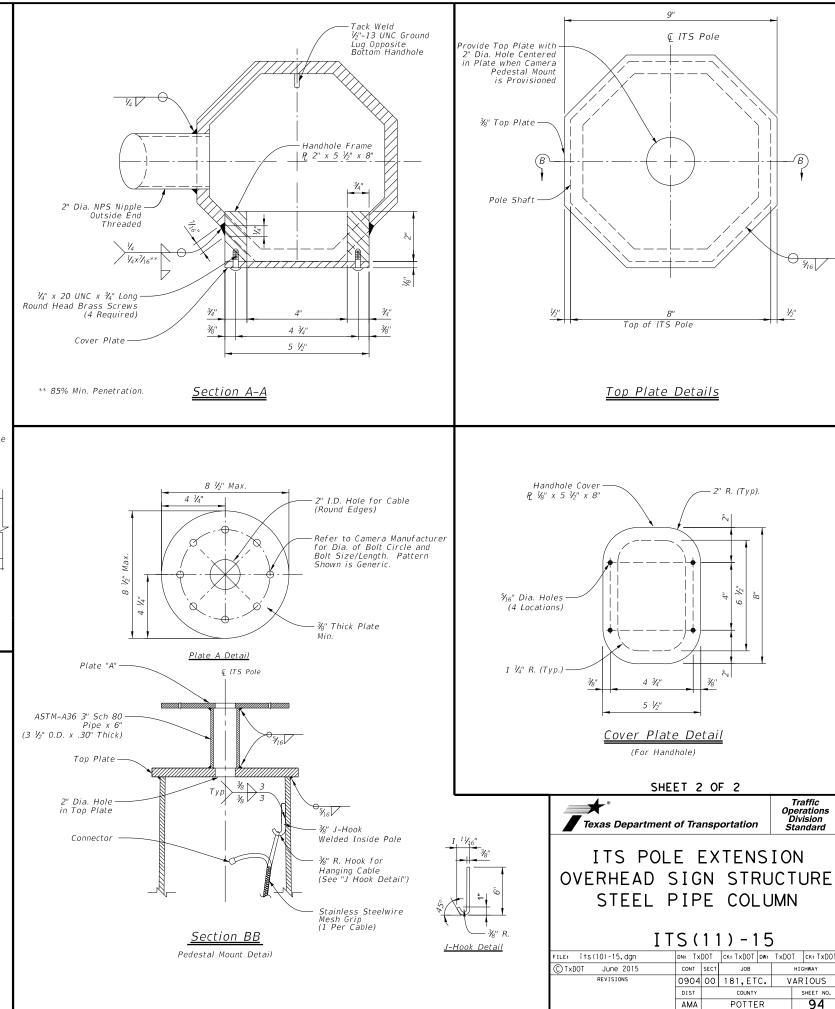
ITS(10)-15

Traffic Operations Division Standard

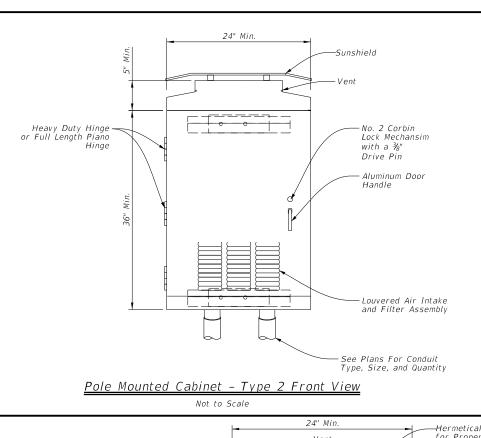
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- 1. Hang all cabling inside ITS pole structure with stainless steel wire mesh grips.
- 2. Bolt positioning in the top plate for the pan/tilt base must be determined in the field per camera manufacturers recommendations. This will allow positioning of the camera to maximize coverage area. The Engineer will determine the camera's blind zone at each location.
- Make all welds conform to Item 441 and AWSD 1.1 (Structural Welding). Repair damaged galvanized coating per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 4. Galvanize parts in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing" unless otherwise noted.
- 5. Furnish and tighten HS bolts and fasteners in accordance with Item 447, "Structural Bolting."
- 6. Location of pipe nipple at base of ITS pole may vary depending on which side of the structure the conduit is installed.



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18" Min -Sunshield Aluminum Door Handle Mounting Bracket (See Mounting Bracket Detail) Mounting Bracket (See Mounting Bracket Detail) Louvered Air Intake and Filter Assembly or Unistrut Assemblies (If Required) See Plans for Conduit Type, Size, and Quantity Pole Mounted Cabinet - Type 2 Side View Not to Scale

Three-Point Latch

Mechanism and No

2 Corbin Lock

- Document Brackets with Plastic

Note: ITS Pole May be Round, Octagonal (8 Sided), or Dodecahedron (12 Sided). See ITS(1), and ITS(2) for Details.

### Mounting Bracket Detail

CCTV Interface Panei

8 Sided -

¾" Nut and Washer (Each Bolt)

1 1/2" Min.CIr.

-Hermetically Sealed

Pin-Type Door Switches

for Proper Ventilation

► 12 Sided

Back of Cabinet ¾" x 1 ¾" Bolt (Typ.)

(Typ.)

Drill 7/16" Dia. Holes

Hermetically Sealed for Proper Ventilation Three-Point Latch Mechanism and No 2 Corbin Lock Light Assembl Pin-Type Door Switches ITS Equipment Hardware (  $\it 1$  ) -Two 110 CFM Fans Minimum Adjustable Shelf Document Bracke with Plastic Document Pouch ITS Equipment Hardware (  $\it 1$  ) Front Door Adjustable Shelf Network Hardware/ Fiber Distribution Housing Ad iustable Pullout Shelf (3) Louvered Air Intake and Filter Assembly with Min. 12" H X 16" W or Unistrut Assemblies (If Required)

Document Pouch ITS Equipment Hardware (  $\it 1$ -Two 110 CEM Fans Minimum Adjustable Shelf Area to Remain Clear Full Width and Depth ITS Equipment Hardware ( 1 -19" EIA Rack Front Door Fiber Distribution Housing Assembly (2)Network Hardware Ad iustable Pullout Shelf (3)

24" Min

- Vent

Light Assembl

### Environmental Sensor Station (ESS) Equipment, Bluetooth Equipment, or ITS Radio Equipment (See General Note 1) Ethernet Switch, Video Encoder, Terminal Server, Fiber Optic Transceivers, or Media Conversion Equipment (See General Note 1) Power Distribution Assembly, Service Entrance Breakers,

Typical Equipment Layout Legend

Radar Vehicle Sensing Device (RVSD) Equipment, DMS/LCS Controller

Example Equipment

Primary AC Power, Auxiliary Power Strip, Ground Bus Bar Surge Protection Equipment

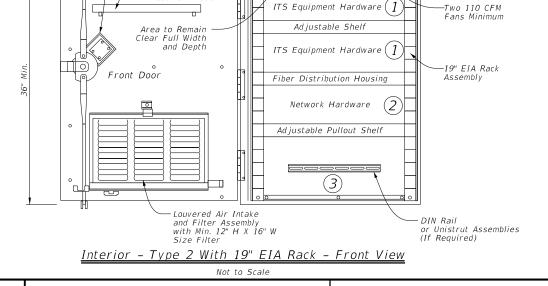
### Interior - Type 2 Without 19" EIA Rack - Front View

Not to Scale

- Layout of hardware equipment and configuration shown is diagrammatic in nature and intended to represent
  a preferred Type 2 pole mounted cabinet setup. Hardware needed for each Type 2 cabinet varies and not all
  cabinet equipment may be shown. The contractor will be responsible for configuring cabinets with all
  appropriate ITS hardware and power supplies in accordance with the plans and specifications. The contractor may alter the cabinet configuration shown to maximize space and ensure easy access for maintenance.
- 2. Mount cabinet as detailed on ITS(15) or ITS(17). Orientation of cabinet on ITS pole may vary depending on field conditions. Mount the pole mounted cabinet to the backside of the ITS pole, to allow maintenance personnel to access the cabinet while being able to view oncoming traffic.
- 3. For ITS pole sites located on slopes greater than 4H:1V, mount the cabinet to the backside of the ITS pole as detailed on ITS(7). Mounting height to accommodate maintenance pad for easy access.
- 4. All dimensions are approximate and represent minimum cabinet dimensions.

Size Filter

- 5. Provide conduit entrances at the bottom of the cabinet.
- 6. Paid under Special Specification "ITS Pole with Cabinet" (Configuration 1) without 19" EIA rack. Paid under Special Specification "ITS Pole with Cabinet" (Configuration 2) with 19" EIA rack.



Cabinet - Cabinet Direction of Direction of Travel Travel

Not to Scale

ITS POLE MOUNTED CABINET TYPE 2 DETAILS

Texas Department of Transportation

ITS (15) - 15

Traffic Operations

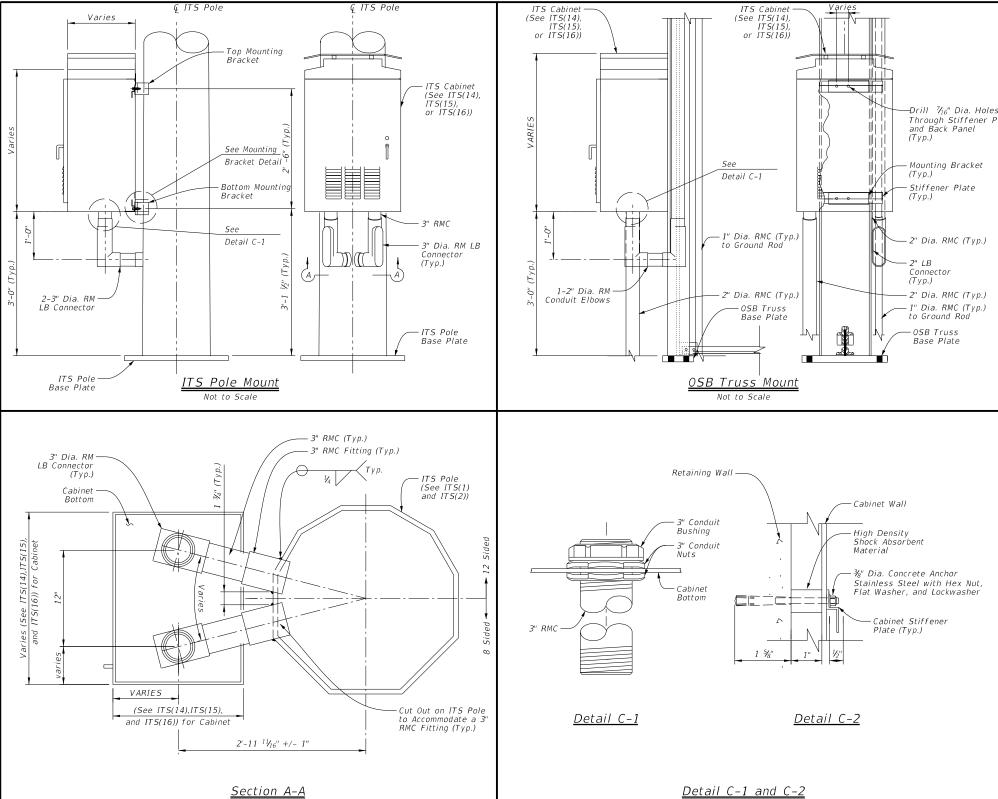
Division Standard

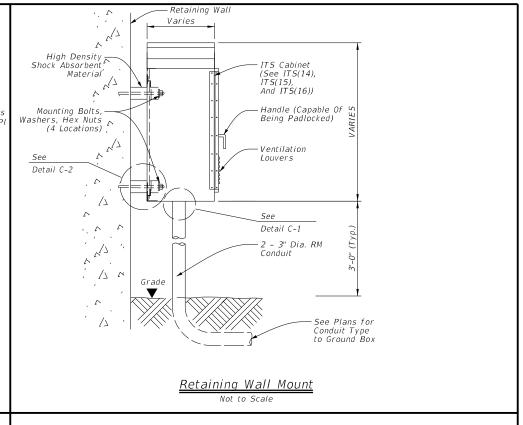
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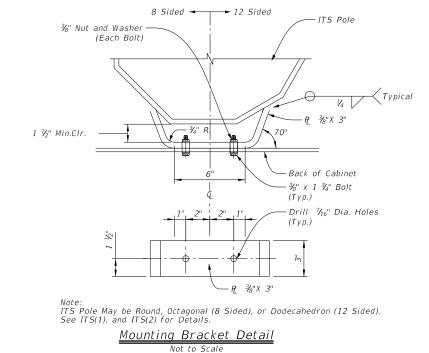
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Orientation of Type 2 Cabinet on ITS Pole (Typical)

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- 1. Mount cabinet as detailed on ITS(14), ITS(15), ITS(16), or ITS(17). Orientation of cabinet on ITS pole may vary depending on field conditions. Mount the pole mounted cabinet to the backside of the ITS pole, to allow maintenance personnel to access the cabinet while being able to view oncoming traffic.
- 2. For ITS pole sites located on slopes greater than 4V:1H, mount the cabinet to the backside of the ITS pole as detailed on ITS(7). Mounting height to accommodate maintenance pad for easy access.
- 3. All dimensions are approximate and represent minimum dimensions.
- 4. Provide conduit entrances at the bottom of the cabinet.



ITS POLE

MOUNTED CABINET

MISC. MOUNTING DETAILS

ITS(17)-15

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(D) }

- 1. Drilled shaft concrete shall be Class "C" (f'c = 3,600 PSI) in accordance with Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations."
- Reinforcing bars shall be Grade 60 (Fy = 60 KSI) and conform to ASTM A-615. All reinforcing shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel."
- 3. Provide ASTM A-36 steel for templates. Top and bottom templates need not be galvanized.
- 4. Anchor bolts shall be rigidly held in position during concrete placement using steel templates at the top and bottom. Top templates shall remain in place until the concrete has cured in place beyond initial set time.
- 5. Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts, when erecting pole, in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts."
- 6. Anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM F1554 Grade 55, or ASTM A193 B7 with ASTM A194 Grade 2H or A563 heavy hex nuts with F436 washers. Galvanize a minimum of the top end thread length plus 6 inches for all anchor bolts unless otherwise noted. Exposed washers and exposed nuts shall be galvanized. All galvanizing shall be in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 7. All vertical reinforcement shall be carried to the bottom of the drilled shaft.
- 8. Place three flat turns of the spiral bar at the top and one flat turn at the bottom of the drilled shaft.
- 9. Drilled shaft shall be measured by the linear foot and paid under Item 416, "Drill Shaft Foundations."
- 10. If rock is encountered, the drilled shaft to extend a minimum of two diameters into solid rock.
- Location for conduit entering foundation may vary.
   Orient conduit entering foundation to coincide with location of ground boxes and primary ground rod.
- 12. Bond anchor bolts to rebar with #2/0 AWG jumper and two mechanical connectors or by bending No. 3 bar on bottom template as shown and wire tightly with ten turns of No. 10 wire or one mechanical connector Mechanical connectors shall be UL Listed for concrete encasement.

### <u>Reference Notes:</u>

① See tables on Sheet ITS(4) for values of dimension

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

# ITS POLE FOUNDATION DETAILS

ITS(3)-16

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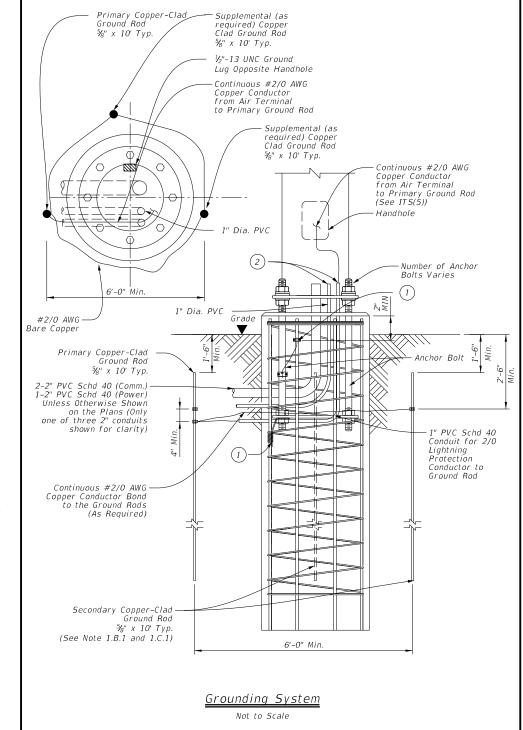
- Grounding System:
  - 1. Provide ground system consisting of copper wires, ground rods, and concrete-encased grounding electrodes (Ufers), of the configuration shown to minimize potential gradient irregularities, drain leakage, and
  - R Performance
    - 1. Provide a grounding system, consisting of a minimum one ground rod, having a resistance not greater than 5 Ohms to ground. Provide up to 2 additional supplemental ground rods if necessary to achieve a resistance not greater than 5 Ohms to ground. If a total of 3 ground rods is needed then install as as part of a ground ring.

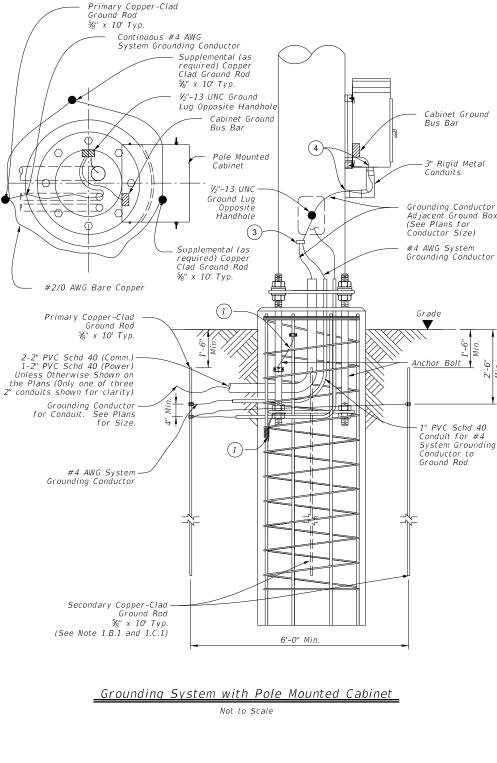
      If a ground ring is required, provide a minimum conductor length of 20 ft.
  - placed at a minimum depth of 30 in..
  - C. Design Criteria:
    - 1. The grounding system of the ITS pole may be bonded below grade to the grounding systems of other nearby equipment to meet the specified grounding resistance. A minimum of one ground rod for the ITS pole is still required.
    - 2. Separately measure the grounding resistance of each system before bonding together below grade.
    - Only provide UL-approved materials listed for grounding systems.
    - 4. Do not combine materials that can form an electrolytic couple that will accelerate corrosion in the presence of moisture, unless moisture is permanently excluded from the junction of such materials.
      5. Submit product data for the materials and products used to perform
    - the work of this section.
  - D Materials:
    - 1. Conductors:

      - Bare Ground Conductor:
         1) Provide prequalified copper conductors appearing on the Material Producers List according to Item 618.
    - 2. Ground Compression Connectors:
    - a. Provide molds, thermite packages, and other material for exothermic welding of grounding connections.
      b. Provide listed compression connectors fully rated to carry 100% of the cable
    - rating and that meet IEEE 837. Provide compression materials from a single manufacturer througout the project.
    - 3. Ground Rods:
      - a. Provide copper-clad steel ground rods conforming to the requirements specified in DMS 11040.
      - 1) Diameter: 1/8 in.
      - 2) Length: 10 ft.
- 2. Installation.
  - A. Install grounding components and systems in accordance with the requirements specified in IEEE 142.
  - B. System Grounding
  - 1. Ground Rods:
    - a. Drive ground rods into the ground until the tops of the rods are a minimum of 18 in. below finished grade.

    - b. If multiple ground rods are needed to meet the minimum resistance of
    - 5 Ohm's, space ground rods as evenly as possible, at least 6 feet apart, so conductors will be connected below grade.
  - 2. Conductors:
    - a. Provide minimum No. 2/0 AWG ground wire for lightning protection from air terminal.
    - . Provide minimum No. 4 AWG ground wire for system and equipment grounding.
    - c. Using suitable fasteners, securely attach exposed ground wires to structural supports at not more than 2 ft. intervals, where applicable.
  - d. Bends in ground wires greater than 45 degrees are unacceptable.
  - 3. Cable Connections:
  - - a. Use exothermic-welded connections or listed compression connectors for conductor splices and connections between conductors and other components.
  - A. Resistance Test:
    - 1. Test Procedure:
      - a. The ground-resistance measurements of each ground Rod shall be taken.
        - 1) The resistance to ground shall be measured in accordance with the fall-of-potential method specified in IEEE 81 and IEEE 142.
        - 2) Ground-resistance measurements shall be made in normally dry weather, not less than 48 hours after rainfall, and with the ground under test isolated from other grounds.
      - b. Test reports shall be prepared that indicate the location of the ground rod, the grounding system, and the resistance and soil conditions at the time the test was performed.
    - 2. Acceptance Criteria:

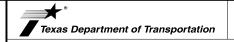
      - a. The grounding system must have a resistance not greater than 5 Ohms.
        b. Do not energize any part of the electrical distribution system prior to
        the resistance testing of that system's ground rods and grounding system, and submission of the test results for approval.
    - 3. Inspections:
      - a. Prepare and submit as-built record drawings of the grounding system as installed and test reports for approval





### Reference Notes:

- ① Bond anchor bolts to rebar with #2/0 AWG jumper and two mechanical connectors or by bending No. 3 bar on bottom template as shown and wire tightly with ten turns of No. 10 wire or one mechanical connector Mechanical connectors shall be UL Listed for concrete encasement.
- Cut PVC approximately 1 in. above concrete and install bell or bushing. Align conduit as close as possible to point of attachment to base plate to minimize bends in #2/0 wire.
- Bond grounding conductors via cadweld or mechanical connector, rated for size and number of conductors.
- Provide and install a grounding type bushing on metal conduit terminations. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor.



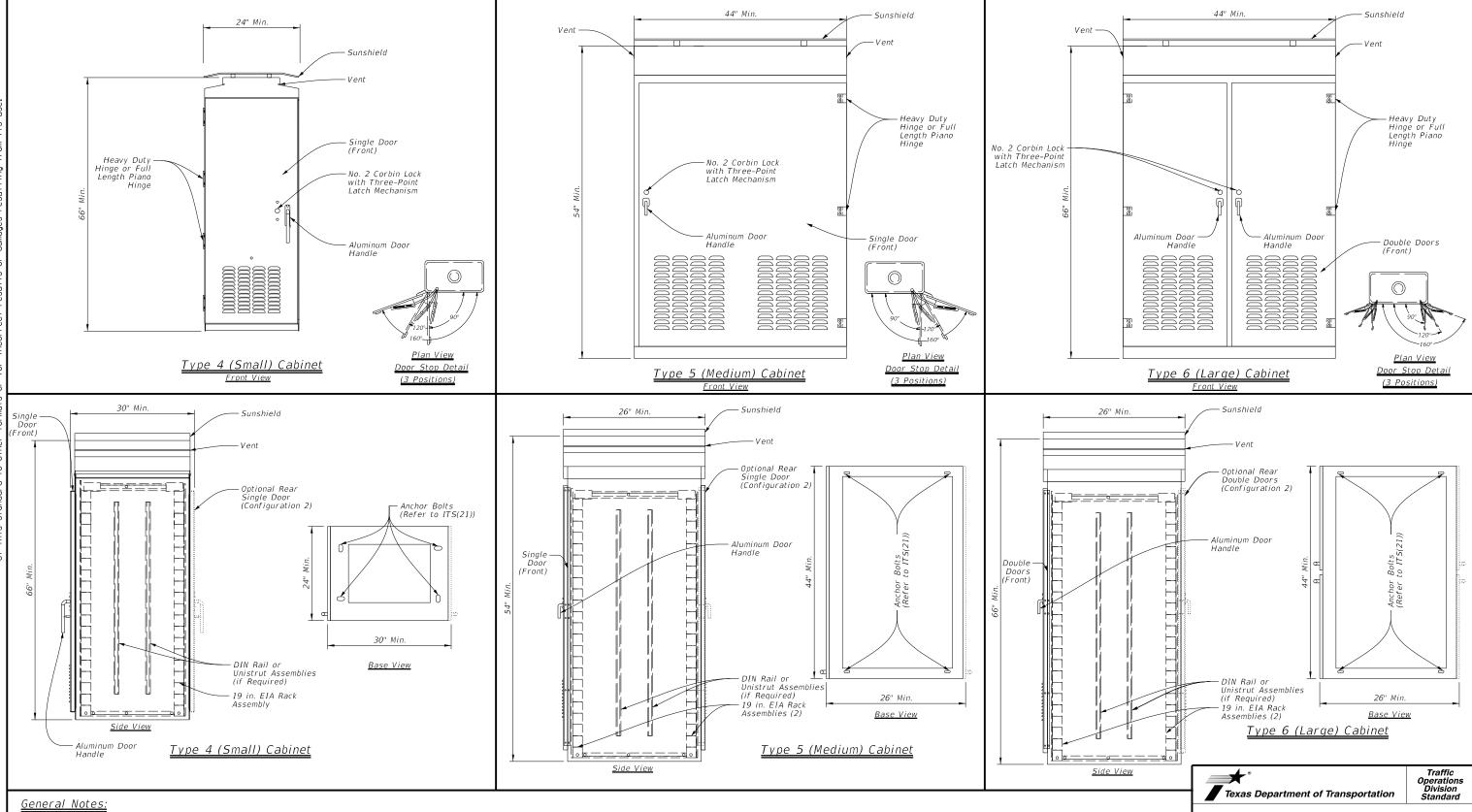
ITS POLE GROUNDING DETAILS

Traffic

Operation. Division Standard

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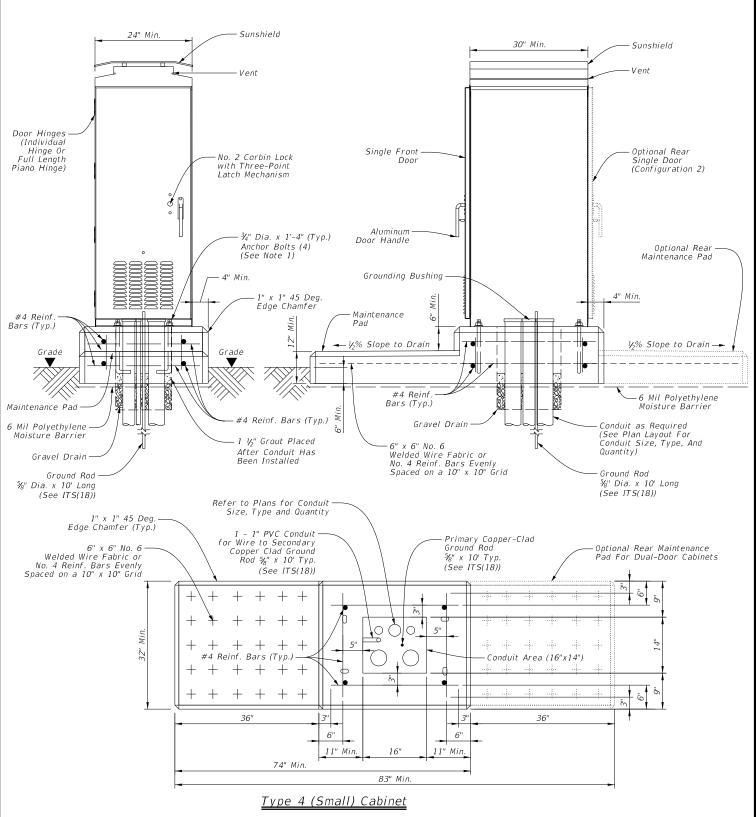


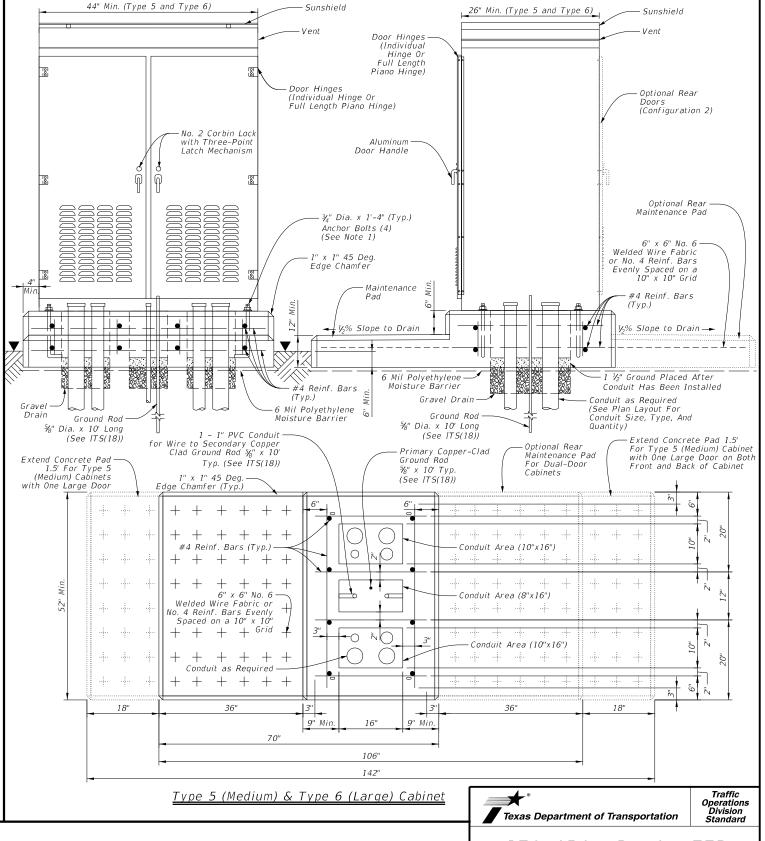
- 1. Cabinet hardware equipment and door configuration shown is diagrammatic in nature and intended to represent a preferred ground mounted cabinet setup. Door orientation may vary and will be noted in the plans. The contractor will be responsible for configuring cabinets with all appropriate ITS hardware and power supplies in accordance with the plans and specifications. The contractor may alter the cabinet configuration shown to maximize space and ensure easy access for maintenance.
- 2. All dimensions are approximate and represent minimum dimensions.
- 3. Provide conduit entrances at the bottom of the cabinet.
- 4. Paid under Special Specification "ITS Ground Mounted Cabinet" (Configuration 1) with single door.
  Paid under Special Specification "ITS Ground Mounted Cabinet" (Configuration 2) for rear door option.
- 5. Sunshield to be mounted to cabinet using nuts, bolts, and spacers. Water proof sealant to be used at cabinet surface/bolt contact points.

# ITS GROUND MOUNTED CABINET ELEVATION DETAILS

ITS(20)-15

| Trip |





### <u>General Notes</u>

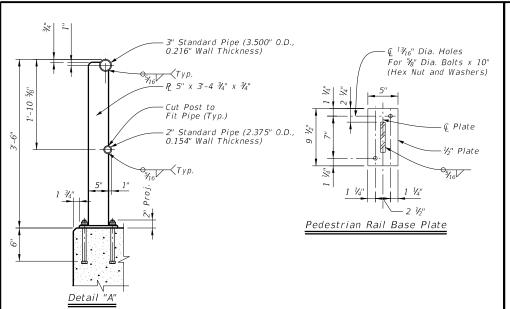
- 1. Details of anchor bolt location to be furnished by the cabinet manufacturer. Size and length of anchor bolts shown in details may vary by manufacturer.
- 2. Modify concrete base dimensions to fit required cabinet type.
- 3. Ensure conduit area has gravel drain, 12" depth, course aggregate, grade No. 1.
- 4. All concrete to be Class "A" in accordance with Item 421.
- Set the cabinet foundation level with the pavement surface, in unpaved area. The foundation shall be a minimum of 4" above surrounding grade, or as approved by the Engineer.
- 6. Furnish any additional concrete which may be necessary to stabilize foundation at unusual locations.

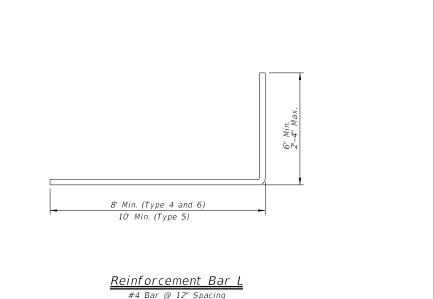
- 7. Foundation will be subsidiary to Special Specification "ITS Ground Mounted Cabinet.
- 8. Ground cabinet as required in cabinet specifications and as detailed on ITS(18) in accordance with the National Electric Code (NEC).
- 9. Treat cabinet foundation with moisture sealant
- 10. Type 5 cabinet foundation will have a slightly larger foundation than Type 6. See foundation notes on details.
- 11. Drain pipe shall be screened for drainage portion below foundation in gravel.

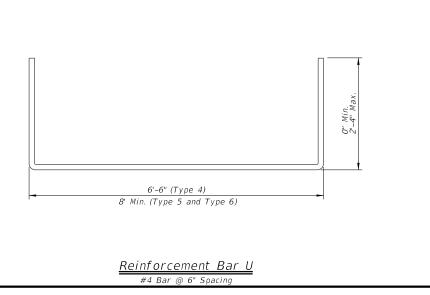
ITS GROUND MOUNTED CABINET FOUNDATION DETAILS

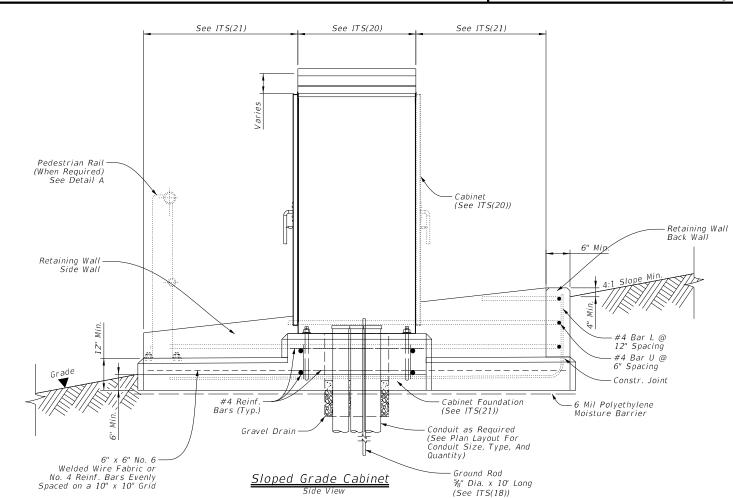
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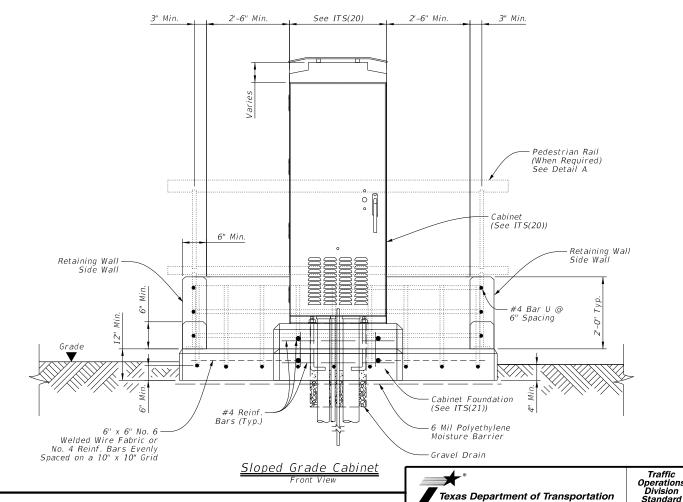
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- 1. Details of anchor bolt location to be furnished by the cabinet manufacturer. See ITS(21) for size and type of anchor bolts. May vary by manufacturer.
- 2. Modify concrete base dimensions to fit required cabinet type.
- 3. Ensure conduit area has gravel drain, 12" depth, course aggregate, Grade No. 1.
- 4. All concrete to be Class "A" in accordance with Item 421.
- 5. Set the cabinet foundation level with the pavement surface, in unpaved area. The foundation shall be a minimum of 6" above surrounding grade, or as approved by the Engineer.
- 6. Furnish any additional concrete which may be necessary to stabilize foundation at unusual locations.
- 7. Foundation will be considered subsidiary to Special Specification "ITS Ground Mounted Cabinet."
- 8. Ground cabinet as required in cabinet specifications and as per National Electric Code (NEC).
- 9. Treat cabinet foundation with moisture sealant.
- Type 5 cabinet foundation will have a slightly larger foundation than Type 6.
   See foundation notes on details.
- 11. Drain pipe shall be screened for drainage portion below foundation in gravel.
- 12. Pipe for pipe rail must conform to ASTM A53 GR B, or A500 GR B. Posts and plates must be ASTM A36. All steel components to be galvanized unless otherwise shown in plans.
- 13. Pedestrian rail anchor bolts must be \(\frac{\pi}{e}\)" diameter ASTM A307 Grade A bolts (or A36 threaded rods with one tack welded hex nut each) with one hex nut and one hardened steel washer at each bolt. Threaded rods may be 0.557" minimum diameter with rolled threads. Nuts must conform to A563 requirements.
- Exposed edges of pipe rail and pipe rail posts must be rounded or chamfered to approximately V₁₆" by grinding. Provide an end cap at either end of pipe railing.
- 15. Welded wire mesh not required in maintenance pad area when retaining wall rebar is integrated into maintenance pad.

ITS GROUND MOUNTED CABINET FOUNDATION ON SLOPE DETAILS

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APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY AT 1 (888) 323-6374. 2525 N. STEMMONS FREEWAY, DALLAS, TX 75207
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; SOf+S+op END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. PN:620237B
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 8. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.

- IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFTSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT.
- 10. DO NOT ATTACH THE SoftStop SYSTEM DIRECTLY TO A RIGID BARRIER.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOftStop SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

NOTE: A	THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL VARY FROM 3-¾" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE.						
NOTE: B	PART PN:5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING) PART PN:5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)						
NOTE: C	W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST (4) AND LINE POST (5)						
	GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN:61G ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN:15215G						
	LAP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW.						

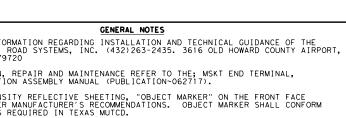
PART	QTY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS						
620237B	1	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.)						
15208A	1	SoftStop HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH)						
15215G	1	SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS						
61G	1	SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25'- 0")						
15205A	1	POST #0 - ANCHOR POST (6'- 5 1/8")						
15203G	1	POST #1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 1/2")						
15000G	1	POST #2 - (SYTP) (6'- 0")						
533G	6	POST #3 THRU #8 - I-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6'- 0")						
4076B	7	BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14")						
6777B	7	BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" $\times$ 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " $\times$ 14")						
15204A	1	ANCHOR PADDLE						
15207G	1	ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA)						
15206G	1	ANCHOR PLATE WASHER ( 1/2 " THICK )						
15201G	2	ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG)						
15202G	1	ANGLE STRUT						
		HARDWARE						
4902G	1	1" ROUND WASHER F436						
3908G	1	1" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR.DH						
3717G	2	¾" × 2 ½" HEX BOLT A325						
3701G	4	¾" ROUND WASHER F436						
3704G	2	¾" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR.DH						
3360G	16	%" × 1 ¼" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR						
3340G	25	% " W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR						
3500G	7	%" × 10" HGR POST BOLT A307						
3391G	1	%" × 1 ¾" HEX HD BOLT A325						
4489G	1	%" × 9" HEX HD BOLT A325						
4372G	4	⅓" WASHER F436						
105285G	2	%6 " × 2 1/2 " HEX HD BOLT GR-5						
105286G	1	%6 " × 1 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5						
3240G	6	% " ROUND WASHER (WIDE)						
3245G	3	% " HEX NUT A563 GR.DH						
5852B	1	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE: B						

Texas Department of Transportation

TRINITY HIGHWAY SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (10S) 31-16

DN: Tx[	TxDOT CK: KM		DW: VP		ck: MB/VP	
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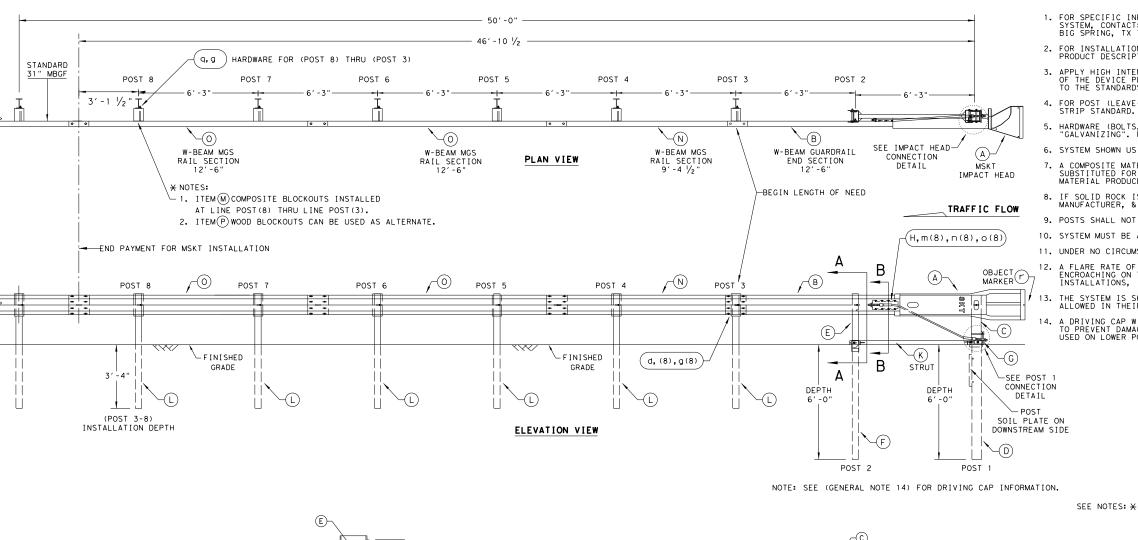


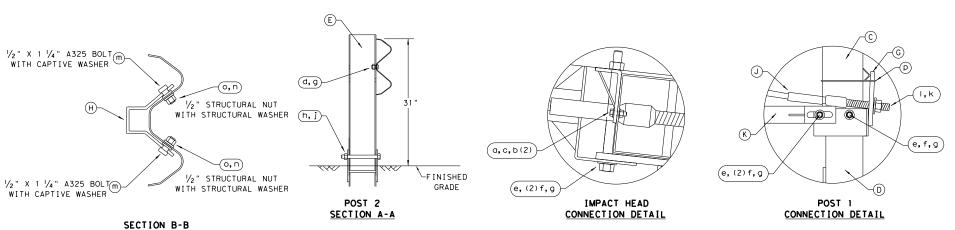




- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE
- 9. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 10. SYSTEM MUST BE ATTACHED TO STANDARD 31" MBGF.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 13. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN THEIR PLACE.
- A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.







50' APPROACH GRADING APPROX 5'-10"_ 2'-0" EDGE OF PAVEMENT RAIL OFFSET (1V: 10H OR FLATTER) NOTE: ADJUST WIDTH ACCORDINGLY WHEN OFFSET IS USED. (OFFSET "OPTION" SHOWN)-SEE PRODUCT ASSEMBLY MANUAL FLARE RATE) FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE.

APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

NOTE: THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE MSKT END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

TRAFFIC FLOW

ALTERNATIVE ITEMS NOT SHOWN. *

★ ITEM(P) 8" WOOD-BLOCKOUT

* X ITEM(Q) 25'GUARD FENCE PANEL

Texas Department of Transportation

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

E3151

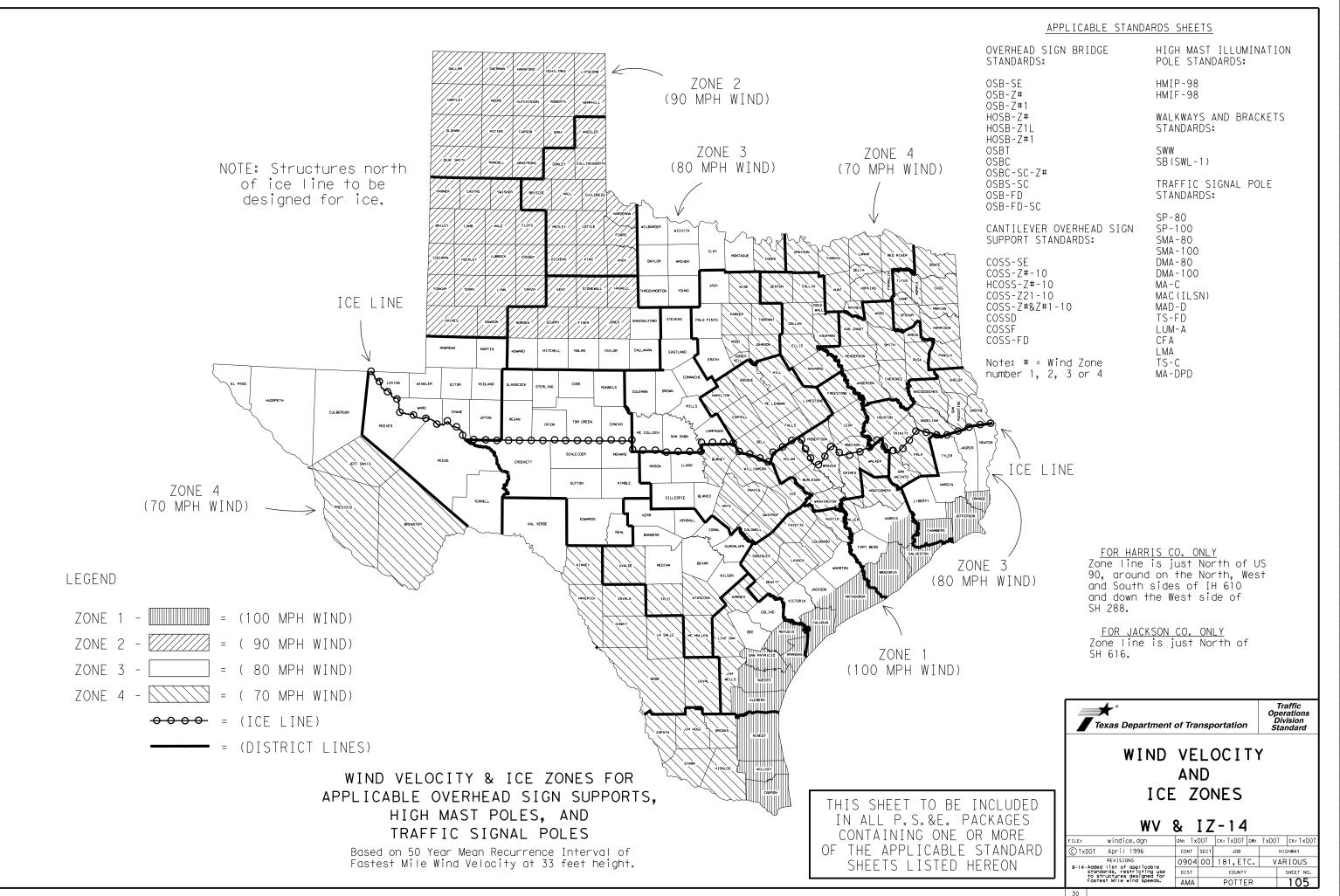
Design Division Standard

SGT (12S) 31-18

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ANCHOR BRACKET

NOTE: TXDOT GENERIC APPROACH GRADING LAYOUT USED FOR ALL TANGENT TYPE END TREATMENTS.



STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402 TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506. List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities. ☐ No Action Required Required Action δρ is made res⊔†s 1. Less than one acre of distrubed area including any PSLs within 1 mile needs  $\,$ kind rect no posting on the project. Binder needs to be maintained and inspection completed by TxDOT weekly. 2. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or  $\,$ required by the Engineer. II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s): No Permit Required Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected) the con Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) ð å ☐ Individual 404 Permit Required for + Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project this standard is g mes no responsibil and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS. The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts. Best Management Practices: Erosion Sedimentation Post-Construction TSS Silt Fence Vegetative Filter Strips Temporary Vegetation ☐ Blankets/Matting Rock Berm Retention/Irrigation Systems ☐ Triangular Filter Dike ☐ Extended Detention Basin Mulch Sodding Sand Bag Berm Constructed Wetlands ☐ Interceptor Swale Straw Bale Dike ■ Wet Basin ☐ Diversion Dike ☐ Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks

Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches

☐ Sediment Basins

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

Grassy Swales

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. Required Action ☐ No Action Required Action No. 1. In the event that unanticipated archeological deposits are encountered during construction, work in the immediate area will cease and TxDOT archeological staff will be contacted to initiate post-review discovery 3. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. Required Action No Action Required V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. Required Action ☐ No Action Required Action No. 1. If any species on the Hartley, Moore, Oldham, Potter, and Randall County T & E list is sited in the project area during construction in that county, stop construction, and notify the Area Engineer. 2. Bird BMP's: a) Do not disturb, destroy, or remove active nests, including ground nesting birds, during the nesting season; b) avoid the removal of unocupied, inactive nests, as practicable; c) prevent the establishment of active nests dring the growing season on TxDOT owned or operated facilities and structures proposed for replacement or repair; d) do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds, eggs, young, or active nests without a permit. 3. The migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 states that it is unlawful to kill, capture, collect, possess, buy, sell, trade, or transport any migratory bird, nest, young, feather, egg in part or in whole, without a Federal permit issued in accordance within the Act's policies and regulations. In the event that migratory birds are encountered on-site during project construction, adverse on protected birds, active nests, eggs, and/or young would be avoided and bridge work would not begin until the young have left the nest. Otherwise, nests would be removed when they are not occupied and preventive measures would be taken to prevent re-colonization underneath the bridge prior to and during construction. No swallow nests have been noted on any of these bridges to date. If any of the limited species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If cayes or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification

Project Specific Location

TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation

T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Widlife Service

Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality

TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

TCFQ:

FHWA: Federal Highway Administration

Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TPWD:

MOA: Memorandum of Agreement

MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act

NOT: Notice of Termination

NOI: Notice of Intent

Nationwide Permit

MOU: Memorandum of Understanding

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

] Yes 🛛 No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

$\boxtimes$	No Action	Required	Required	Act

Action No.

### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

1.

2.

3

<b>*</b>	
Texas Department of Transpe	ortation

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# ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

**EPIC** 

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TxDOT:February 2015	CONT	SECT	108	HIGHWAY VAR IOUS	
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### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP), The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept in the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

### 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0904-00-181 and 0904-00-202

### 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

IH 40 WB, EAST OF VEGA US 87 NB, SOUTH OF DUMAS

US 87 NB/SB, SOUTH OF DALHART US 87 NB, NORTH OF AMARILLO IH 40 WB, WEST OF AMARILLO US 60 NB, SOUTH OF AMARILLO IH 27 NB, NORTH OF CANYON US 87 SB, NORTH OF AMARILLO US 87 SB, NORTH OF AMARILLO

### 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) END: (Lat) (Long),

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 4.59 Acres

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.46 Acres

### 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

Install ITS Signs, Cameras Districtwide

### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Description
0-1% slopes; 0-8' fine sandy loam; 8-32" sandy clay loam.
1-3% slopes; 0-10" loam, 10-22" clay loam
0-1% slopes; 0-7" silty clay loam, 7-34" silty clay.
1-3% slopes; 0-4" clay loam 4-32" silty clay loam.

### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

☐ No PSLs planned for construction

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting X PSLs determined during construction

Туре	Sheet #s
	I.

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

- Mobilization
- Install sediment and erosion controls
- Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- Remove existing pavement
- Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina
- □ Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- ☐ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- ☐ Install proposed pavement per plans
- ☐ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- ☐ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- □ Place flex base
- ☐ Rework slopes, grade ditches
- ☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- ☐ Revegetation of unpaved areas
- ☐ Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures
- X Other: Drilling Foundations, Boring and Trenching Conduit, and Installing Ground Boxes.

Other:			

Other:			

### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- □ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

□ Other:	

☐ Other:	
•	

### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
Rita Blanca Creek	
Big Blue Creek	
Palo Duro Creek	
East Amarillo Creek	
non-jurisdictional playa lakes	

* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Other:				

Other:			

### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs	S	<b>BMF</b>	modify	and	maintain	Install	X
-------------------------------------	---	------------	--------	-----	----------	---------	---

□ Other:	

☐ Other:			



### STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.						
		(SEE	TITL	E SH	IEET)	107		
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY					
TEXA:	S	AMA	POTTER					
CONT.	CONT. SECT.		JOB		HIGHWAY NO.			
0904	4	00	181,	ETC.	VARIOUS			

### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

# 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
X
□ □ Vertical Tracking □ □ Interceptor Swale
□ □ Riprap □ □ Diversion Dike
<ul> <li>□ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>□ Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>□ Paved Flumes</li> <li>□ Other:</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>
Other:
□ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
<ul> <li>□ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs</li> <li>□ Dewatering Controls</li> <li>□ Inlet Protection</li> </ul>
<ul><li>□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li><li>□ Sandbag Berms</li></ul>
□ □ Sediment Control Fence
□ □ Stabilized Construction Exit
□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips
□ Other:
□ Other:
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Туре	Stationing					
туре	From	То				
None						
Refer to the Environmental Layo	ut Sheets/ SWP3	Layout Sheets				

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

Other:

X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
☐ Haul roads dampened for dust control
☐ Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
☐ Stabilized construction exit
□ Other:
□ Other:
□ Other:

### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- □ Dust Control

☐ Other:

X Sanitary Facilities

	,	
Other:		_
Other:		_

### 2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing					
Туре	From	То				
None						

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

### 2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

### 2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.



# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)

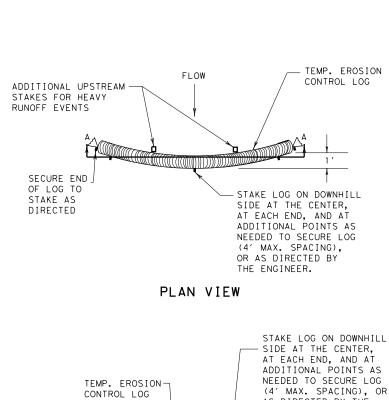


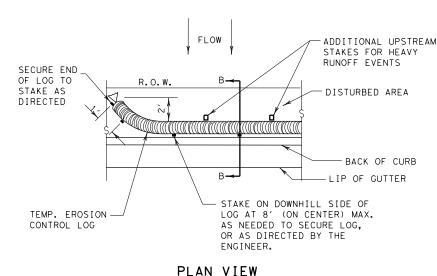
Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.			PROJECT N	PROJECT NO.					
		(SEE	TITLE	SH	HEET)	107A			
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY						
TEXA:	S	AMA	POTTER						
CONT.		SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.						
0904		00	181, ETC. VARIOUS						







R.O.W.

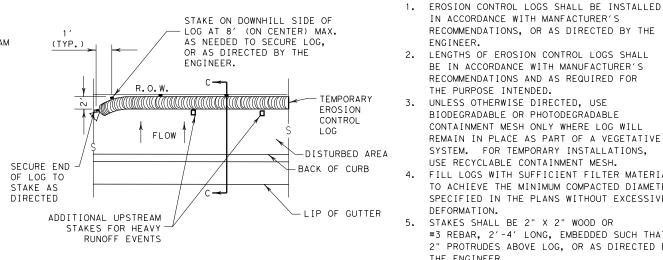
TEMP. EROSION

COMPOST CRADLE

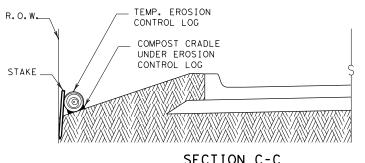
UNDER EROSION

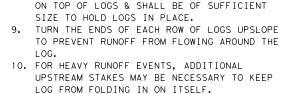
CONTROL LOG

CONTROL LOG



### PLAN VIEW





**GENERAL NOTES:** 

IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S

2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL

BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE

USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.

STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR

THE PURPOSE INTENDED.

3. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE

ENGINEER.

DEFORMATION.

THE ENGINEER.

MESH.

MINIMUM COMPACTED

DIAMETER

RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR

CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL

SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS.

REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE

FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL

SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE

#3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT

SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED

6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT

7. COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.

2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY

TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER

# SECTION C-C

### EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY

## CL-ROW

### SECTION A-A EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

MIN

AS DIRECTED BY THE

ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

STAKES FOR HEAVY

RUNOFF EVENTS

ENGINEER.



### LEGEND

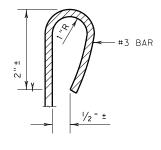
CL-D - EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

(TYP.)

COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

- —(cl-boc)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY (CL-ROW)
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING (CL-SST
- -(CL-SSL EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING
- CL-DI - EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- CL-CI EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET CL-GI



SECTION B-B

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

CL-BOC

REBAR STAKE DETAIL

### SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps: 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project.

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.





MINIMUM

COMPACTED DIAMETER

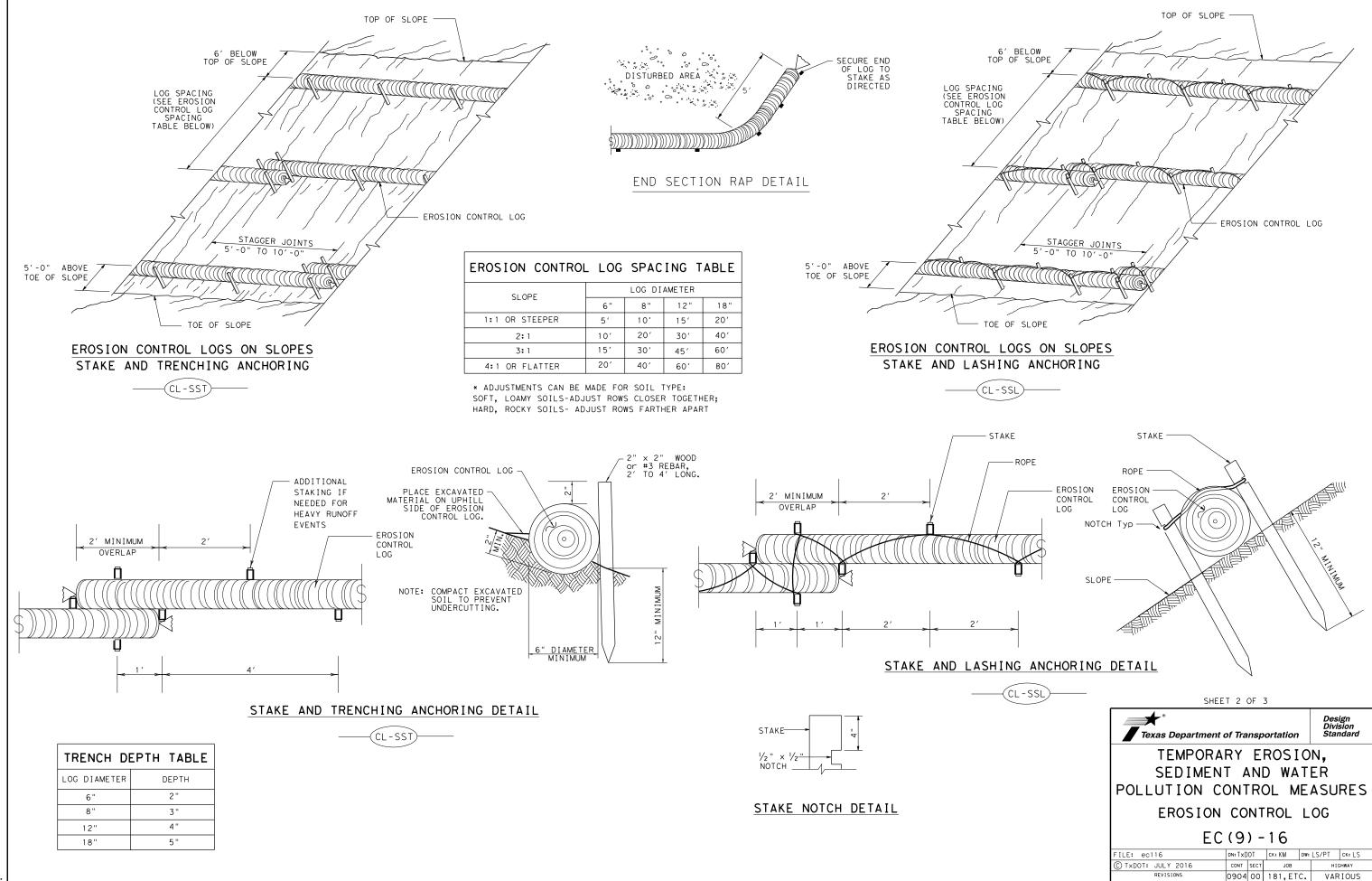
TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9) - 16

			_				
ILE: ec916	DN: Tx[	ОТ	ck: KM	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS	
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0904	00	181,ETC. V			RIOUS	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	AMA		POTTE	R		108	

DATE:



AMA

POTTER

109

DATE:

SECURE END > OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED

TEMP. EROSION

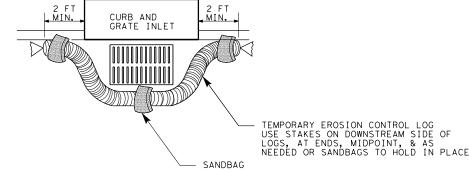
FLOW

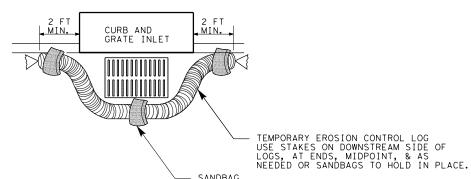
CONTROL LOG

# CL-GI

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET





OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

--- FLOW

-STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL)

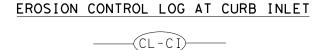
COMPLETELY SURROUND
DRAINAGE ACCESS TO
AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH
EROSION CONTROL LOG



CURB

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG

SANDBAG







-2 SAND BAGS

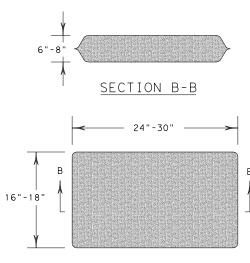
-CURB INLET _INLET EXTENSION

NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.

6" CURB-

2 SAND BAGS

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG



SANDBAG DETAIL

USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES EROSION CONTROL LOG

SHEET 3 OF 3

Texas Department of Transportation

F((9) - 16)

EC (9) - 10								
FILE: ec916	on:TxD	OT	ск: КМ	DW: [	_S/PT	ck: LS		
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB			H [ GHWAY		
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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
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