INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

SEE SHEET 2

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

		BR 2023(	124	)			
CONT	SECT	CT JOB HIGHWAY					
0920	30	0 093 OLD HWY 90					
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
ВМТ		ORANGE		1			

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. BR 2023(124)

CSJ: 0920-30-093

OLD HWY 90 ORANGE COUNTY

NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY = 204 FT. = 0.039 MI. NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE = 36 FT. = 0.007 MI. NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 240 FT. = 0.046 MI.

FROM: DRAINAGE DITCH/TERRY GULLY TO: STR#201810C01835003 FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES.

FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION: URBAN MINIOR ARTERIAL DESIGN CRITERIA: 4R-OFF SYSTEM BRIDGE DESIGN SPEED = 45 MPH ADT (2021) = 1,354 ADT (2041) = 1,896

### FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE:	
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:	
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:	
	_
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$	-
CONTRACTOR:	

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1) - 21 THRU BC (12) - 21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

PROJECT LOCATION CSJ 0920-30-093

FROM STA. 9+96 TO STA. 12+36





1/6/2023 SUBMITUSED E OF LETTING: Linda Lindsay \_A2B3®d5€₹₽₽₽GJADESIGN ENGINEER

<del>PPR</del>DOV¢ESSignFe0PbyLETTING:

1/6/2023 Martin N. Goods, P.E.

—578CD749∯0@974FQ.CT ENGINEER

1/6/2023 APPRONTIBIOTOR DV:ETTING: Moos -6DBC2ECN/ACOMAFCITY OF VIDOR

12 1132 ALOHA-RICKEY-1132 S.T.R.I.C.K.L.A.N.D.S.T. \_SOUTHDALE-ST\_ Vidor. N.T.S

> EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 2022)

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# \\FS-BMTHQ.dot.state.tx.us\DATA\BMT\GROUPS\BMTDESGN\Projects\0920-30-093\*0|d\*Hwy\*90E\*Drainage\*Ditch\DGN\Plan Development\Index 1/3/2023 1:20:43 PM

### INDEX OF SHEETS

### **GENERAL** TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS 2 TYPICAL SECTIONS GENERAL NOTES **ESTIMATE & QUANTITY** 8 QUANTITY SUMMARY CRASH CUSHION SUMMARY TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN 10 SEQUENCE OF WORK DETOUR LAYOUT 11 ## 12-23 BC(1)-21THRU BC (12)-21 ## 24 WZ (RDC)-13 ROADWAY DETAILS 25-26 SURVEY INDEX AND ALIGNMENT DATA PLAN AND PROFILE 27 ## 28 GF(31)-19 ## 29-30 GF(31)TR-20 ## 31 GF(31)MS-19 ## 32 ## 33 SGT(10s)31-16 ## 34 SGT(11S)31-18 ## 35 SGT(12s)31-18 ## 36 TAU(M)(N)-19 ## 37 QGUARD(M10)(N)-20 BRIDGE DRAINAGE AREA MAP 38 HYDROLOGIC & HYDRAULIC DATA 40 CULVERT LAYOUT 41-42 BORING LOGS BCS 43 ## 44 SCP-10 ## 45 SCP-MD ## 46 ## 47-48 RAC ## 49-51 TYPE T223 ## 52-53 SRR TRAFFIC ITEMS PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT 54 ## 55 PM(1)-20 ## 56 PM(2)-20 ## 57 D&OM(1)-20 ## 58 D&OM(2)-20 ## 59 D&OM(3)-20 ## 60 D&OM(4)-20 ## 61 D&OM(5)-20 ## 62 D&OM(6)-20 ## 63 D&OM(VIA)-20

### **ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES**

64 SW3P LAYOUT
65-66 SW3P SUMMARY
## 67 EC(2)-16
## 68-70 EC(9)-16
71 EPIC



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY
IDENTIFIED WITH A "##" HAVE BEEN ISSUED
BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Mullium C. Lee 1/26/2023

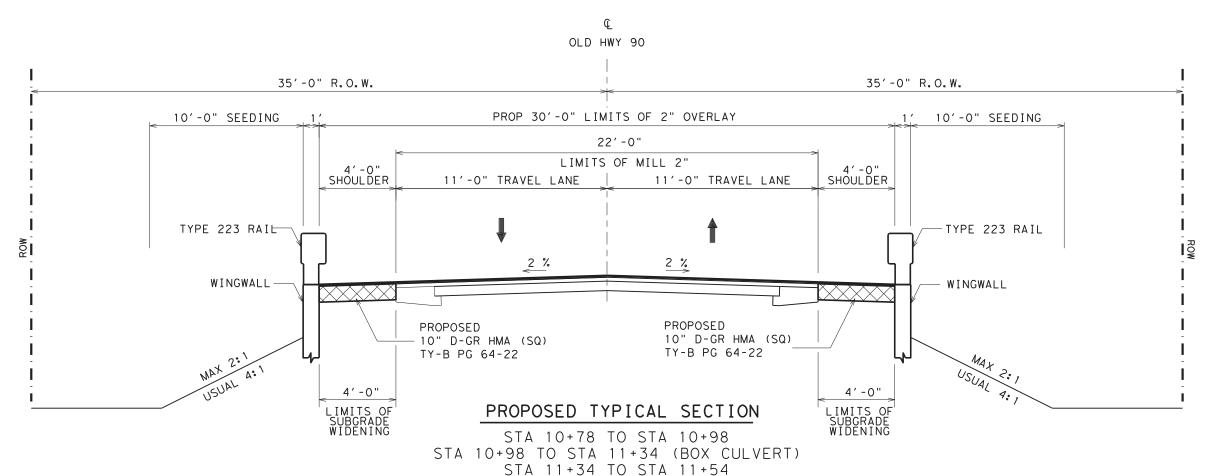
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INDEX OF SHEETS



FH#A TEXAS		FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT	NO.	SHEET NO.		
VISION 2							
STATE		DISTRICT	COUNTY				
ΓΕΧΑ	S	ВМТ	ORANGE				
CONTRO	L	SECTION	JOB HIGHNAY NO.				
002	^	30	003 010 11417 00				

STA 9+96 TO STA 10+78 STA 10+98 TO STA 11+34 (BOX CULVERT) STA 11+34 TO STA 12+36







DRAINAGE DITCH © OLD HWY 90 E.

TYPICAL SECTION



FHRA TEXAS			EET IO.						
DIVISION									
STATE		DISTRICT	COUNTY						
TEXA	S	BMT	ORANGE						
CONTROL	L	SECTION	SECTION JOB		HIGHWAY NO.				
920		30	093 OLD HWY						

CSJ: 0920-30-093 Sheet:

County: Orange Highway: CS

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Name Bryce Broussard, Area Engineer

Email Bryce.Broussard@txdot.gov

Name Jim Grissom, Assistant Area Engineer

Email Jim.Grissom@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Area Engineer or Assistant Area Engineer.

For Q&A's on Proposals navigate to:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

Use the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Maintain adequate drainage throughout the limits of the project during all construction phases. Provide a weekly a list of equipment, including idle equipment, used on the project each week.

### **Item 000 Utilities**

Consider the locations of underground utilities depicted on the plans as approximate and employ responsible care to avoid damaging or accommodate utility facilities. Depending upon scope and magnitude of planned construction activities, advanced field confirmation by the utility owner or operator may be prudent. Where possible, protect and preserve permanent signs, markers, and designations of underground facilities. If utility damage (breaks, leaks, nicks, dents, gouges, etc.) occurs, contact the utility facility owner or operator immediately. In the event utility lines needing unforeseen adjustments are encountered during construction operations, alter operations and continue to prosecute the contract in such a manner that will allow utility adjustments to be made by others.

### **Item 5 Control of the Work**

Station the project before commencing work. Mark the stations every 100 feet. Maintain stationing throughout the duration of the project. Remove the station markings at the completion of the project. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

Verify all horizontal and vertical control, approach grades to structures and driveways before beginning work. Notify the Engineer immediately if discrepancies are discovered.

CSJ: 0920-30-093 Sheet: 4
County: Orange Highway: CS

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impact to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

### **Item 6 Control of Materials**

Flammable/combustible materials must be stored at a designated location as approved.

Do not store flammable/combustible materials under or adjacent to Bridge class structures. Daily removal of these materials will be considered incidental work.

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

### Item 7 Legal Relations and Responsibilities

Furnish all materials, labor and incidentals required to provide for traffic across the highway and for temporary ingress and egress to private property in accordance with article 7.2.4 of the standard specifications at no additional cost to the state. Maintain ingress and egress to the adjacent property at all times. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

The Contractor will be completely responsible for the immediate removal of any material that gets upon any vehicle as a result of their operation.

No significant traffic generator events have been identified in the project limits.

### **Item 8 Prosecution and Progress**

Compute and charge working days in accordance with Section 8.3.1.4 Standard Workweek.

Submit monthly progress schedules in accordance with 8.5.5.2.3. Failure to supply updated project schedule may result in the Engineer withholding progress (monthly) payments.

General NOTES Sheet A General NOTES Sheet B

CSJ: 0920-30-093 Sheet:

**County: Orange Highway: CS** 

Adjoining projects may be in progress during the construction of a portion of this project. Plan and prosecute the sequence of construction and the traffic control plan with adjacent construction projects, if applicable. Manage construction of all phases to minimize disruption to traffic.

### **Item 104 Removing Concrete**

Provide full-depth saw cutting for removal of concrete pavement and curbs. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

### Item 110 Excavation

Any computer printouts, data files and any other information provided is for non-construction purposes only and it is the responsibility of the prospective bidder to validate the data with the appropriate plans, specifications and estimates for the projects. Contact the Area Office for information on availability.

Do not windrow or stockpile material next to or along the roadway. Remove excess material from the project daily.

Transition the ditch grades and channel bottom widths at structure locations. Use only approved channel excavation in the embankment.

### Item 132 Embankment

Compaction method specified as ordinary compaction.

It is the Contractor's responsibility to advise the Engineer of the location of the material source enough in advance to avoid delay due to testing requirements.

### **Item 164 Seeding for Erosion Control**

Final grading and stabilization (seeding) will be achieved as soon as possible and not scheduled only for the end of the project. Final grading and stabilization should be initiated as the overall work progresses.

Multiple mobilizations of the seeding crews will be expected to comply with the Construction General Permit of the Texas Pollution Elimination Discharge System requirements for revegetating disturbed soils.

Eliminate seeding in areas of natural growth determined to have enough cover.

### Item 166 Fertilizer

Fertilize all the seeded or sodded areas of project.

CSJ: 0920-30-093 Sheet: 5

**County: Orange Highway: CS** 

### **Item 168 Vegetative Watering**

Equip water trucks with sprinkler systems capable of covering the entire area to be seeded or sodded from the roadway.

Water all newly placed sod or seeded areas the same day of installation. Thereafter, maintain the sod or seeded areas in a well-watered condition and at no time allow the areas to dry to the condition that water stress is evident.

Mechanical watering may not be required during periods of adequate moisture as determined.

Furnish and apply water at a rate of 6.788 Mega gallons per acre per cycle or as directed on the plans.

Comply with stabilization requirements for 70% grass coverage; uniform vegetative coverage is required. During this period, meter and operate water equipment under pumping pressure capable of delivering the required quantities of water necessary. For Permanent seeding each cycle will be executed weekly for 12 weeks, unless directed otherwise. For Temporary seeding each cycle will be executed weekly for 6 weeks, unless directed otherwise.

Provide a logbook showing daily water usage and receipts of water applied, in addition to metering the water equipment.

### **Item 400 Excavation and Backfill for Structures**

Cut and restore pavement to the depth and dimensions shown on the plans with cement stabilized backfill.

Dewatering is to be considered subsidiary to the various bid items. The Contractor will submit a dewatering plan to the Engineer for approval. No additional payment will be considered for dewatering plans.

### **Item 421 Hydraulic Cement Concrete**

Entrained air is required in all slip formed concrete (bridge rail, concrete traffic barrier, pavement, etc.), but is not required for other structural concrete. Adjust the dosage of air entraining agent for low air content as directed or allowed.

### **Item 496 Removing Structures**

Miscellaneous concrete revetement and corrugated pipe removal are subsidiary to this Item and will not be paid for separately.

General NOTES General NOTES Sheet C Sheet D CSJ: 0920-30-093 Sheet: 6

County: Orange Highway: CS

### Item 502 Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Construct all work zone signs, sign supports, and barricades from material other than wood unless approved otherwise. Metal posts, if used, are to be galvanized. Aluminum signs, if used, will meet the following minimum thickness requirements:

Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080 inches
7.5 to 15	0.100 inches
Greater than 15	0.125 inches

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be used for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

### **Item 506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls**

Construct all side slopes on rock filter dams with 6:1 slopes.

The Contractor will designate a clean out area for concrete trucks. No other area will be allowed without approval of the Engineer.

### **Item 540 Metal Beam Guard Fence**

Provide Type II galvanization metal beam rail elements.

### Item 658 Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies

Mount reflectors on a steel or concrete bridge rail, where the bridge is 200' or less in length, at the same height as the butterfly reflectors in the MBGF rail element.

Use bolt-on attachment for delineator assemblies attached to guard fence.

### **Item 666 Retroreflectorized Pavement Markings**

Furnish Type II drop-on glass beads.

### **Item 3076 Dens Graded Hot Mix Asphalt**

Prepare Mix Designs and QC testing using the Superpave Gyratory compactor.

General NOTES Sheet E



### **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0920-30-093

**DISTRICT** Beaumont HIGHWAY OLD HWY 90 E **COUNTY** Orange

Report Created On: Jan 26, 2023 1:07:25 PM

		CONTROL SECTION		0920-30	-093		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00183	3456		
		C	OUNTY	Orange		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIG	HWAY	OLD HW			FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	112-6001	SUBGRADE WIDENING (ORD COMP)	STA	0.400		0.400	
	132-6017	EMBANKMENT (VEHICLE)(ORD COMP)(TY A)	CY	88.000		88.000	
	164-6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	316.000		316.000	
	164-6027	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(URBAN)(CLAY)	SY	316.000		316.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	0.500		0.500	
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	165.000		165.000	
	402-6001	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF	33.000		33.000	
	420-6077	CL E CONC (SEAL SLAB)(NON-REINF)	CY	21.000		21.000	
	432-6026	RIPRAP (STONE COMMON)(DRY)(18 IN)	CY	48.000		48.000	
	432-6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	11.000		11.000	
	450-6006	RAIL (TY T223)	LF	152.000		152.000	
	462-6029	CONC BOX CULV (10 FT X 5 FT)	LF	96.000		96.000	
	466-6171	WINGWALL (PW - 1) (HW=10 FT)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	496-6009	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	4.000		4.000	
	506-6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	100.000		100.000	
	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	100.000		100.000	
	506-6042	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (18")	LF	310.000		310.000	
	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	310.000		310.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	545-6006	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL)(L)(N)(TL2)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	2.000		2.000	
	658-6014	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	658-6099	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z)(WFLX)GND	EA	2.000		2.000	
	666-6302	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	152.000		152.000	
	666-6311	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	20.000		20.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	2.000		2.000	
	3076-6003	D-GR HMA TY-B PG64-22 (EXEMPT)	TON	44.000		44.000	
	3076-6066	TACK COAT	GAL	42.000		42.000	
	3076-6076	D-GR HMA TY-D SAC-A PG70-22 (EXEMPT)	TON	27.000		27.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Beaumont	Orange	0920-30-093	7

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY I	TEMS										
	112 6001	132 6Ø17	164 6009	164 6Ø27	168 6001	354 6045	402 6001	432 6Ø45	3076 6003	3Ø76 6Ø66	3Ø76 6Ø76
LOCATION	SUBGRADE WIDENING (ORD COMP)	EMBANKMEN T (VEHICLE )(ORD COMP)(TY A)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED( PERM ) ( URBAN) ( C LAY)	VEGETATIV E WATERING	ASPH CONC	TRENCH EXCAVATI ON PROTECTI ON	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	D-GR HMA TY-B PG64-22 (EXEMPT)	TACK COAT	D-GR HMA TY-D SAC-A PG70-22 (EXEMPT)
	STA	CY	SY	SY	AC	SY	LF	CY	SY	SY	SY
0920-30-093	0.4	88	316	316	0.07	98	33	1 1	144	421	241
PROJECT TOTALS	0. 4	88	316	316	0. 07	98	33	11	144	421	241

6005 6077 6026 6006 6029 6171 6009  CEM CL E CONC RIPRAP (STONE) (SEAL SLAB)(NO DRV/10 T223) CLV (10 (PW - 1) - 99 FT	PROJECT TOTALS	165	21	48	152	96	2	1
CY   CY   CY   CY   CY   CF   C029   6171   6009								
6005 6077 6026 6006 6029 6171 6009  CEM STABIL SLAB)(NO N-REINF) RAIL (TY DRY)(18 IN)  CEM STABIL SLAB)(NO DRY)(18 IN)  RAIL (TY CONC BOX CULV (10 (PW - 1) (HW=10 FT) (HW=10 FT) (HW=10 FT)	0920-30-093	165	21	48	152	96	2	1
6005 6077 6026 6006 6029 6171 6009  CEM CL E CONC (STONE STABIL SLAB)(NO DRY)(18 T223) FT X 5 FT)(HW=10 FT) LENGTH:		CY	CY	CY	LF	LF	EA	EA
		STABIL	( SEAL SLAB)( NO	(STONE COMMON)( DRY)(18		CULV (10	(PW - 1)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE Ø - 99 FT LENGTH)
	LOCATION	400 6005	42Ø 6Ø77	432 6026	45Ø 6ØØ6	462 6Ø29	466 6171	496 6009

BASIS OF ESTIMATE										
ITEM DESCRIPTION QUANTITY RATE DEPTH NO. OF UN										
168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	0.07	АC	6.788 MG/AC	-	0.5	MG			
3076-6003	D-GR HMA TY-B PG64-22 (EXEMPT)	108	SY	110 LB/IN/SY	4 IN	24	TON			
3076-6003	D-GR HMA TY-B PG64-22 (EXEMPT)	36	SY	110 LB/IN/SY	10 IN	20	TON			
3076-6066	TACK COAT	421	SY	Ø.1 GAL/SY	-	42	GAL			
3076-6076	D-GR HMA TY-D SAC-A PG70-22	241	SY	110 LB/IN/SY	2 IN	27	TON			

SUMMARY OF RAILING ITEMS											
	540 6001	54Ø 6ØØ6	544 6001	545 6006							
LOCATION	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BE AM)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL)(L )(N)(TL2)							
	LF	EΑ	EA	EA							
0920-30-093	50	2	2	2							
PROJECT TOTALS	50	2	2	2							

SUMMARY OF EROSION C	ONTROL ITEM	IS		
	506 6002	5Ø6 6Ø11	506 6042	5Ø6 6Ø43
LOCATION	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (18")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)
	LF	LF	LF	LF
0920-30-093	100	100	310	310
PROJECT TOTALS	100	100	310	310

SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC I	TEMS						
LOCATION	644 6Ø76	658 6Ø14	658 6Ø99	658 6Ø62	666 63Ø2	666 6311	672 6ØØ9
	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z)( WFLX)GND	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF 2(BI)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SL D)(Ø9ØMIL )	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BR K)(Ø9ØMIL )	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A
	EA	EΑ	EΑ	EΑ	LF	LF	EA
0920-30-093	2	6	2	4	152	20	1
PROJECT TOTALS	2	6	2	4	152	20	1

SUMMARIES



FHWA	FHWA FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.								
DIVISION					8				
STATE	STATE DISTRICT COUNTY								
TEXA	S	BMT	(						
CONTR	OL	SECTION	JOB	Y NO.					
920	)	30	093	CS					

																		CR	ASH CUSHI	ON				
1.00	TOD	PLAN			1561	DIRECTION	FOUNDA	TION PAD		В	ACKUP SUP	PORT			AVAILABLE			MOVE /	RESET	L	L F	R	s	s
LOC NO.	TCP PHASE	SHEET NUMBER	LOCATION	STA	TEST LEVEL	TRAFFIC (UNI/BI)	PROPOSED MATERIAL	PROPOSED THICKNESS		DESCRIPT	ON		WIDTH	HE I GHT	SITE LENGTH	INSTALL	REMOVE	MOVE/ RESET	FROM LOC.#	N	w N	1 W	N	w
1	N/A	1 OF 1	OLD US 90 EB ML	11+54	TL2	ВІ	CONC	8"	MOUNT	ТОТ	YPE T	223	4′	34"	78′	X				X				
2	N/A	1 OF 1	OLD US 90 EB ML	10+78	TL2	BI	CONC	8"	MOUNT	ТОТ	ype t	223	4 ′	34"	27′	Х				X				
																							-	
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																							+-	$\vdash$
															TOTALS	2								

LEGEND: L=LOW MAINTENANCE R=REUSABLE S=SACRIFICIAL N=NARROW W=WIDE

FOR DEFINITIONS SEE THE "CRASH CUSHION CATEGORIZATION CHART.PDF" AT THE DESIGN DIVISION (ROADWAY STANDARDS) WEBSITE. USE QUICK LINKS TO ACCESS ATTENUATORS / CRASH CUSHIONS SECTION.
http://www.dot.state.tx.us/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/rdwylse.htm

### CRASH CUSHION SUMMARY SHEET

FILE: CCSS.dgn	DN: TxD	TC	CK:		CK:		
C T×DOT	CONT	SE	Ţ	JOB	ΗI	GHWAY	7
REVISIONS	0920	31	0	093 C	LD	HWY	90
	DIST		C	COUNTY			
	ВМТ		0	RANGE			
	FEDERA	LA	ID I	PROJECT	SHE	ET NO	ъ.
						9	
							_

### SEQUENCE OF WORK

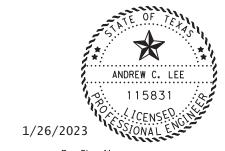
- 1. INSTALL CONSTRUCTION BARRICADES AND SIGNS. MAINTAIN THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT.
- 2. PLACE PORTABLE CHANGABLE MESSAGE SIGNS PROVIDING 2 WEEK NOTICE FOR ROAD CLOSURE AND DETOUR.
- 3. DETOUR TRAFFIC.
- 4. REMOVE AND REPLACE BRIDGE.
  - INSTALL SW3P ITEMS PRIOR TO DISTURBANCE, MAINTAIN SW3P ITEMS AS NEEDED.

    THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT, APPLY TEMPORARY SEEDING WITHIN SEVEN DAYS OF

    COMPLETING SOIL DISTURBING WORK. CURE CONCRETE ELEMENTS AS NEEDED.
- 4a. SAW CUT AND REMOVE EXISTING PAVEMENT AND EXCAVATE TO TOP OF EXISTING STRUCTURE.
- 46. DEWATER PHASE I. BENCH BACK (OR AS APPROVED) FOR TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION. REMOVE THE FIRST AND MOST OF THE SECOND EXISTING CULVERTS AND APPURTENANT WINGWALLS. PLACE CSB TO LIMITS AVAILABLE. PLACE FIRST OF NEW BOX CULVERTS AND BACKFILL WITH CSB.
- 4c. DEWATER PHASE II. MAINTAIN TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION. REMOVE THE REMAINING EXISTING STRUCTURE. PLACE THE REMAINING CSB. PLACE REMAINING BOXES. BACKFILL WITH CSB TO BOTTOM OF PROPOSED ASB.
- 4d. PLACE COMMON STONE RIPRAP.
- 4e. CONSTRUCT WIDEN PORTION OF THE ROADWAY AND 2" MILL AND OVERLAY.
- 4f. CONSTRUCT BRIDGE RAIL.
- 6. CONSTRUCT RAIL ELEMENTS, CRASH CUSHIONS, AND MOW STRIPS
- 7. BACKFILL, GRADE, AND PLACE FINAL SEEDING.
- 8. INSTALL NEW PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS.
- 9. CLEAN UP SITE AND REMOVE DETOUR.

### NOTES:

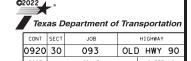
- 1. REFER TO THE GENERAL NOTES & PLAN SHEETS FOR ADDITIONAL DIRECTION.
- 2. PREPARE THE BID FOLLOWING THE PROPOSED SEQUENCE OF WORK. THE ENGINEER MAY APPROVE ADJUSTMENTS TO THE SEQUENCE OF WORK AFTER LETTING.



DocuSigned by:

Muleur C. Lee
F0E9D4E711D2411...

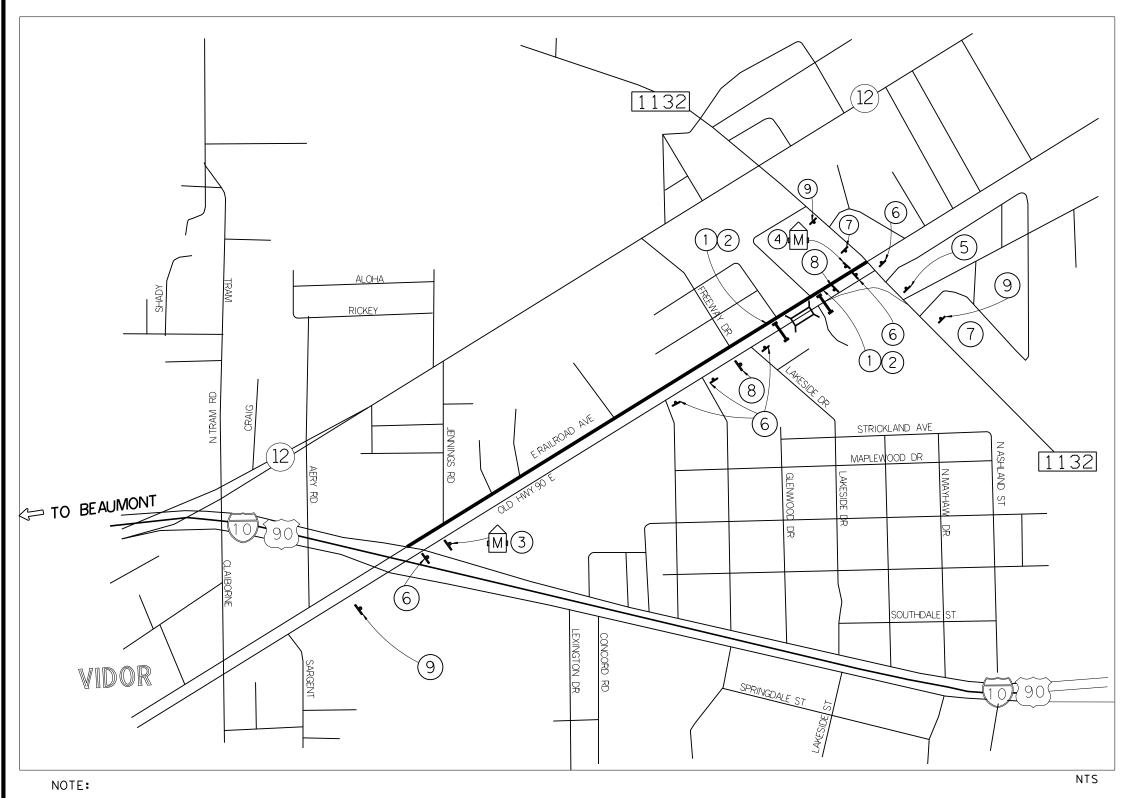
OLD HWY 90 SEQUENCE OF WORK



ORANGE

BMTDESGN\Projects\0920-30-093\*Old\*Hwy

BMTHQ. dot. state.



- 1. THROUGH TRAFFIC ACROSS BRIDGE WILL BE CLOSED FOR THE DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. SIGN SPACING SHALL BE AS PER THE LATEST BC STANDARDS, TxMUTCD OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- ADDITIONAL SIGNS AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE WORK AND WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO BID ITEM 502, BARRICADES SIGNS & TRAFFIC HANDLING.

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE



SIGN/POST(S)

### PCMS ADVANCE WARNING

PHASE 1

PHASE 2 BEGINS XXXX

SSYONAL ENGLISH

F0E9D4E711D2411...

OLD HWY 90 AT DRAINAGE DITCH DETOUR LAYOUT

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		SHE	ET 1	OF 1	
FH#A TEXAS		FEDERAL A	ID PROJECT	NO.	SHEET NO.
DIVISION					11
STATE		DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXA	S	BMT		RANGE	
CONTRO	L	SECTION	JOB	H ] GHWA	Y NO.
092	0	30	093	DLD H	VY 90

LEGEND:

MESSAGE SIGN



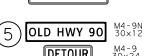
TYPE III(B) W/ TYPE A WARNING R11-2B 48×30

BRIDGE

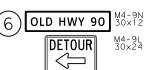
CLOSED

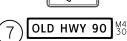
BRIDGE OUT 0.7 MILES AHEAD LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY

















- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

### THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

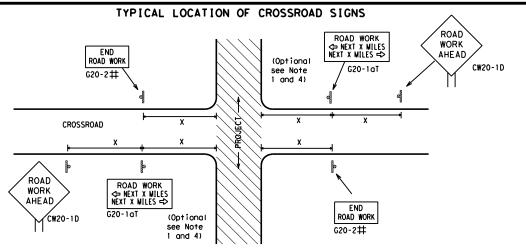


Safety Division Standard

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
-03 7-13	0920	30	093		OLD	HWY 90	
-07 8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
-10 5-21	ВМТ		ORANG	Ε		12	



- $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN G20-5T \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE \* R20-5aTP #HEN HORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK G20-2

### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

Expressway.

### SIZE

onventional

/		Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
		MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
		30	120
		35	160
		40	240
		45	320
		50	400
		55	500 <sup>2</sup>
		60	600 <sup>2</sup>
		65	700 <sup>2</sup>
		70	800 <sup>2</sup>
		75	900 <sup>2</sup>
		80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
_	ı	*	*

SPACING

Freeway or Series 48" x 48" 48" × 48' CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48' 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" × 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

### GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

CW20' CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS	
ROAD WORK AREA AHEAD CW20-1D WORK AREA CW20-1D WORK CW13-1P	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	ING NS LAW
←		
		_
Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE  CSJ Limit Beginning of NO-PASSING Line should coordinate  R2-1 SPEED LIMIT WORK ZONE G20-2bT **	
When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/In "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location	to remind drivers they are still 620-2 ** location NOTES	

channelizing devices. SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

STAY ALERT ★ ★G20-9TP ZONE BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFIC \* \*G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW √2 MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT X XG20-6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-101 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices  $\Diamond$ -CSJ Limit Channelizing Devices  $\Rightarrow$ SPEED R2-1 END END ☐ WORK ZONE G20-2bt ★ ★ LIMIT ROAD WORK G20-2 \* \*

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND				
Ι	Type 3 Barricade				
0	Channelizing Devices				
4	Sign				
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.				

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

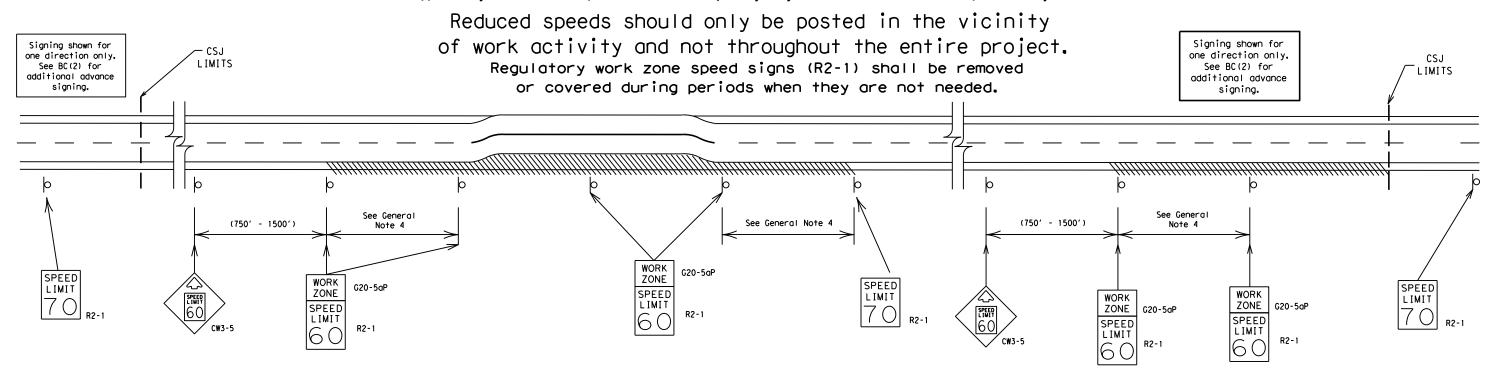
### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SI	HEET	NO.
REVISIONS		0920 30 093				OLD	Н	WΥ	90
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		
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### TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

### GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

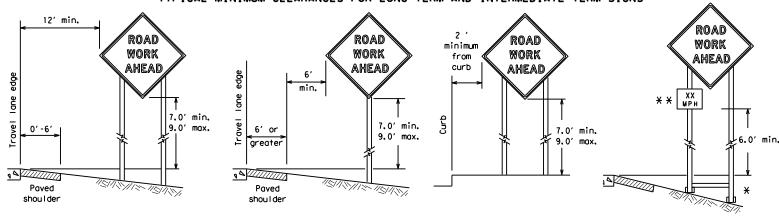
Traffic Safety Division Standard

WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
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9-07 '-13	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-13	3-21	BMT		ORANG	F		1 4

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

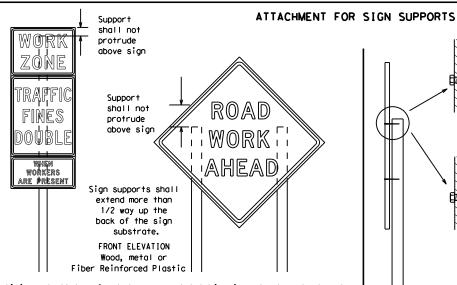


\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane.

Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

OR

SIDE ELEVATION

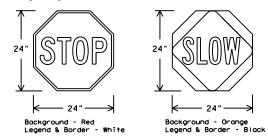
Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT
be allowed.
Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
   STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- STOP/SLOW poddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- 1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 5. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- 7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

### DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- 1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
   Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- 1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground.
  3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
  appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

### SIZE OF SIGNS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
   Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub>, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

### REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
  the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any
  intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
   Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
   The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- The sandbags will be fied shuft to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
  constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- for use as sign support weights.

  Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
  Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
   Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
  7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

### FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) -21

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7-13		RMT		ORANG	F		15	

98

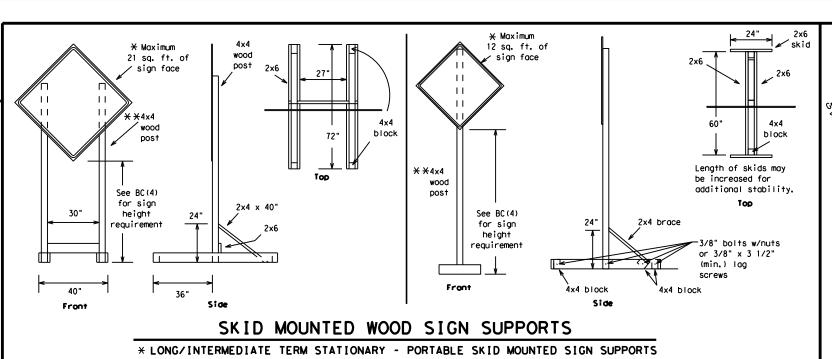
Welds to start on

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not



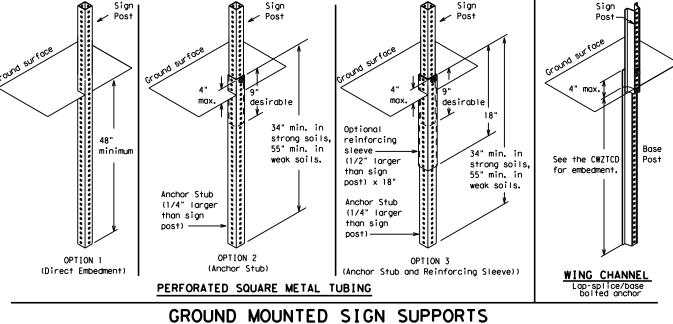
-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

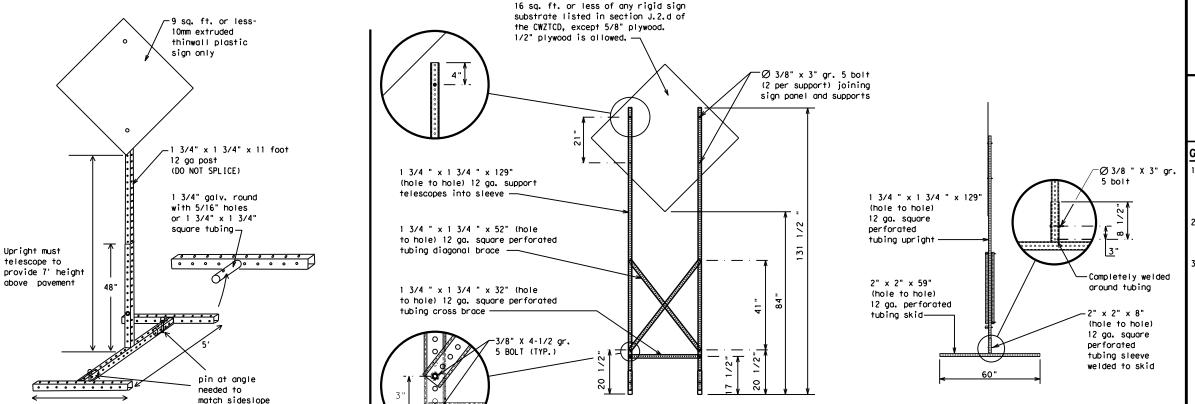
2"

SINGLE LEG BASE

Side View



Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



32'

### WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

### BC(5)-21

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		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
7-13	5-21	ВМТ	ORANGE			16			

SKID MOUNTED	PERFORATED	SQUARE	STEEL	TUB I NG	SIGN SUP	PORTS
* LONG/IN1	ERMEDIATE TERM STA	ATIONARY - P	ORTABLE SK	ID MOUNTED	SIGN SUPPORTS	- <del></del>

## he conversion

### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
   Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Abead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vabials		South	S
Emergency Vehicle	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXPUN	Street	ST
Expressway XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
		Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD FRWY. FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway		Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	UD UDC	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

### RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

### Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

### Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel \* \* Advance Location Warning Notice List List List List TUE-FRI MERGE FORM ΔΤ **SPEED** RIGHT X LINES FM XXXX LIMIT XX AM-RIGHT XX MPH X PM APR XX-DETOUR USE BEFORE MAXIMUM XXXXX RAILROAD SPEED RD EXIT XX MPH X PM-X AM X EXITS CROSSING USE USE EXIT NEXT MINIMUM BEGINS EXIT XXX I-XX SPEED MONDAY NORTH MILES XX MPH STAY ON USE PAST **ADVISORY** BEGINS US XXX I-XX F IIS XXX ΜΔΥ ΧΧ SPEED SOUTH TO I-XX N EXIT XX MPH TRUCKS WATCH XXXXXXX RIGHT MAY X-X USF FOR TO IANF XX PM -US XXX N **TRUCKS** XXXXXXX EXIT XX AM WATCH **EXPECT** IIS XXX USF NFXT FOR DELAYS TΩ CAUTION FRI-SUN TRUCKS FM XXXX PREPARE XX AM **EXPECT** DRIVE SAFELY DELAYS TO XX PM STOP REDUCE END DRIVE NEXT SPEED **SHOULDER** WITH TUE XXX FT USE CARE AUG XX USE WATCH TONIGHT OTHER XX PM-FOR ROUTES WORKERS XX AM STAY \* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6. LANE

### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

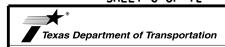
### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



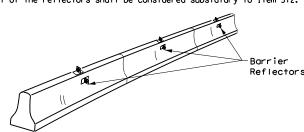
Traffic Safety Division Standard

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

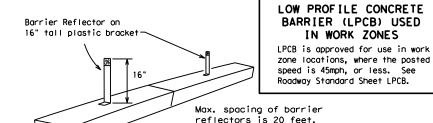
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9-07	8-14	DIST COUNTY				9	SHEET N	٥.	
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



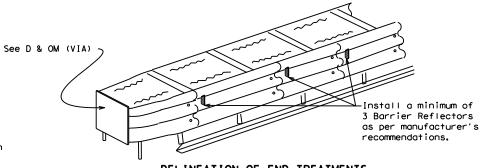
### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.



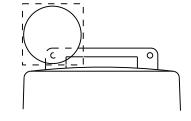
### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

### BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

### Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

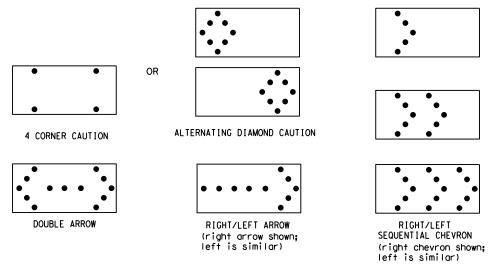
### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

### FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 21

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- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

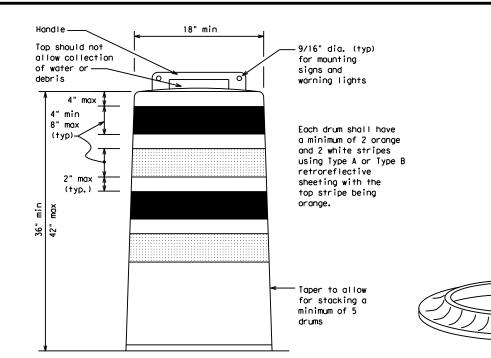
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material. 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

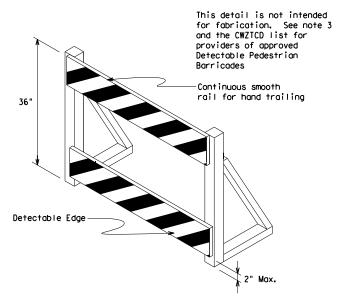
### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{\text{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\text{FL}}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum, A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

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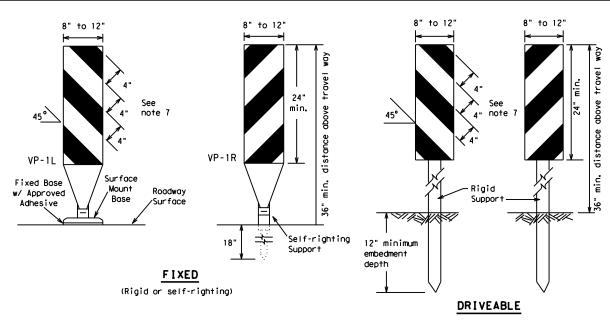


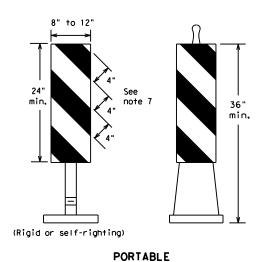
Traffic Safety

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

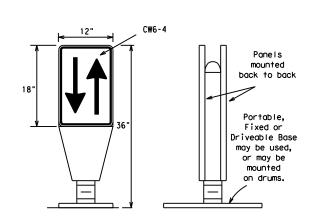
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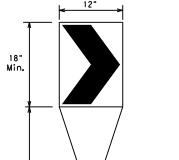
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Selfrighting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

### VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

### OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

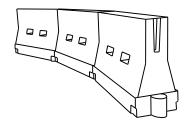
36'

- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>E</sub> or Type C<sub>E</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

### CHEVRONS

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- $4.\ LCDs$  should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len *	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′		
35		2051	2251	2451	35′	70′		
40		265′	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′		
60	] - " -	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65	]	650′	715′	7801	65′	130′		
70	]	700′	770′	840′	70′	140'		
75	]	750′	8251	900′	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

\*\*X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

### SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

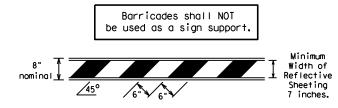
### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

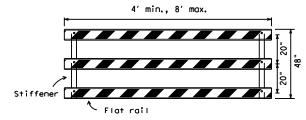
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### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 7. Worthing trights still Not be installed on borricades.
  8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

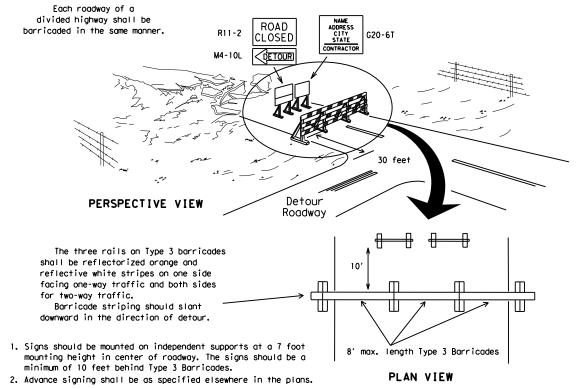


### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

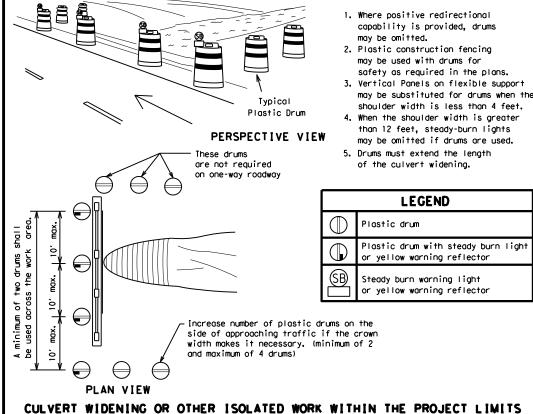


Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

### TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

4" min. white

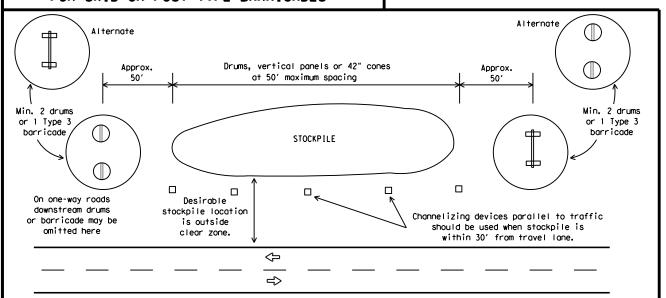
Two-Piece cones

6" min. 2" min. 4" min.

2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min.

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

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Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

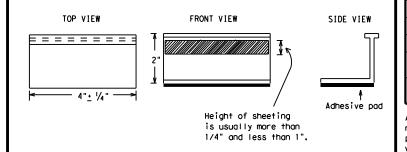
### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



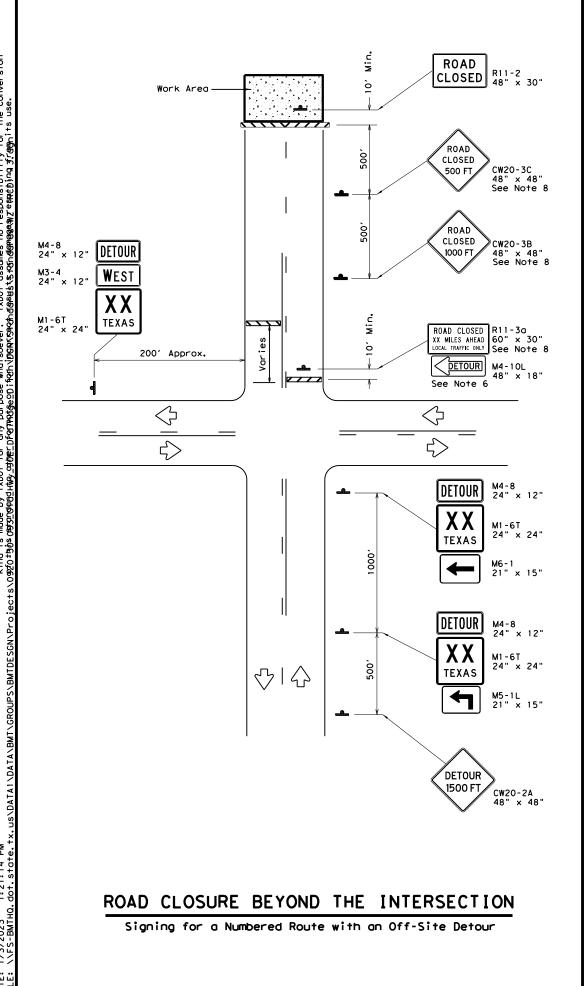
Traffic Safety

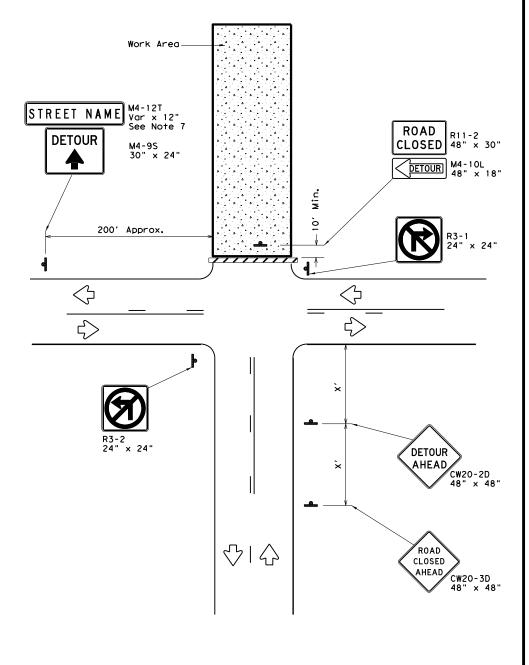
### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

		- •					
e: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ск: Т</td><td>×DOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: Т	×DOT
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY	
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98 9-07 5-21 02 7-13	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		NO.
02 8-14	ВМТ		ORANG	E		22	2

### STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS Type Y buttons Type II-A-A 000/100// DOUBLE PAVEMENT NO-PASSING REFLECTOR 17FD PAVEMENT LINE Type I-C, I-A or II-A-A Type W or Y buttons RAISED EDGE LINE SOL I D PAVEMENT OR SINGLE LINES 60" REFLECTORIZED NO-PASSING LINE PAVEMENT White or Yellow Type I-C Type W buttons WIDE RAISED PAVEMENT LINE REFLECTORIZED (FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO MARKINGS DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING, ) White 30"<u>+</u> 3' 30"+/-3" Type I-C or II-A-A 0 Q 0 9 0 RAISED **CENTER** PAVEMENT | 5' | 5' | MARKERS √Type W or Y buttons LINE OR LANE REFLECTORIZED LINE MARKINGS White or Yellow Type I-C or II-A-A **BROKEN** (when required) LINES RAISED п \_ ‡8 п П 1-2" \_ MARKERS **AUXILIARY** Type I-C or II-C-OR LANEDROP REFLECTORIZED LINE PAVEMENT REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5′ <u>+</u> 6" WITH RAISED **PAVEMENT MARKERS** If raised pavement markers are used Raised Pavement Markers to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier 20' ± 1' removal of raised pavement markers Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines **SHEET 12 OF 12** Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Raised payement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS." BC(12)-21 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO ©⊺xDOT February 1998 JOB 0920 30 093 | OLD HWY 90 1-97 9-07 5-21 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 ORANGE





### ROAD CLOSURE AT THE INTERSECTION

Signing for an Un-numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour

LEGEND											
	Type 3 Barricade										
<b>þ</b>	Sign										

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600'
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

\* Conventional Roads Only

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This sheet is intended to provide details for temporary work zone road closures. For permanent road closure details see the
- 2. Barricades used shall meet the requirements shown on Barricade and Construction Standard BC(10) and listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices list (CWZTCD).
- 3. Stockpiled materials shall not be placed on the traffic side of
- 4. Barricades at the road closure should extend from pavement edge to pavement edge.
- 5. Detour signing shown is intended to illustrate the type of signing that is appropriate for numbered routes or un-numbered routes as labeled. It does not indicate the full extent of detour signing required. Detour routes should be signed as shown elsewhere in
- 6. If the road is open for a significant distance beyond the intersection or there are significant origin/destination points beyond the intersection, the signs and barricades at this location should be located at the edge of the traveled way.
- 7. The Street Name (M4-12T) sign is to be placed above the DETOUR (M4-9S) sign.
- 8. For urban areas where there is a shorter distance between the intersection and the actual closure location, the ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD (R11-3a) sign may be replaced with a ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign. If adequate space does not exist between the intersection and the closure a single ROAD CLOSED AHEAD (CW20-3D) sign spaced as per the table above may replace the ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT (CW20-3B) and ROAD CLOSED 500 FT (CW20-3C) signs.
- 9. Signs and barricades shown shall be subsidiary to Item 502. Locations where these details will be required shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

**WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE** DETAILS

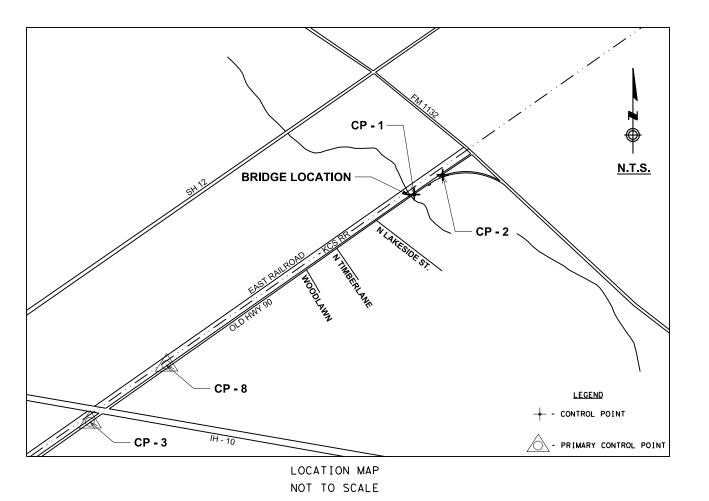
WZ (RCD) - 13

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© TxD0T	August 1995	CONT	SECT	JOB		H)	GHWAY	
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### STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### ORANGE COUNTY, TEXAS OLD HWY 90

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POINT ID	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	DESCRIPTION
CP - 1	10,073,521.37	4,304,676.94	20.90	5/8" REBAR WITH CAP
CP - 2	10,073,849.25	4,305,151.98	21.50	5/8" REBAR WITH CAP
CP - 3	10,069,729.44	4,299,266.97	23.32	5/8" BERNSTEN ROD WITH TxDOT ALUMINUM CAP
CP - 8	10,070,679.61	4,300,541.97	20.22	5/8" BERNSTEN ROD WITH TxDOT ALUMINUM CAP

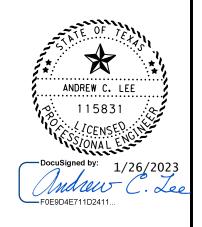
### NOT

① DISTANCES AND COORDINATES ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET,
DISPLAYED IN GRID VALUES AND MAY BE CONVERTED
TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR
OF 1.000030.

② THE HORIZONTAL CONTROL IS BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, CENTRAL ZONE, NORTH AMERICAN DATUM (NAD 83).

3 THE SURVEY CONTROL INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THE "PS&E" WHICH IS SIGNED, SEALED AND DATED BY A TEXAS PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.

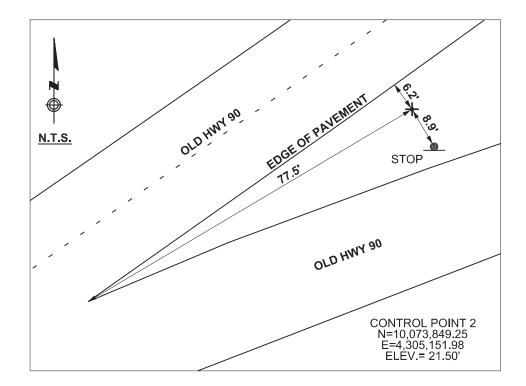
② ELEVATIONS SHOWN ARE PROJECT DATUM REFERENCED TO CSJ: 0028-11-193 IH-10. THEY MAY BE CONVERTED TO NAVD88, GEOID12A BY SUBTRACTING 0.945 FEET.

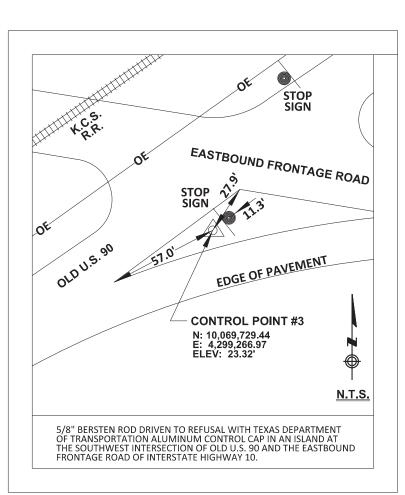


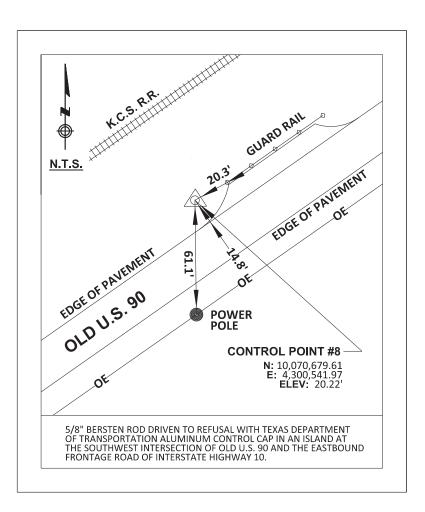
### SURVEY CONTROL DATA INDEX SHEET



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① DISTANCES AND COORDINATES ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET, DISPLAYED IN GRID VALUES AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 1.000030.

(2) THE HORIZONTAL CONTROL IS BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, CENTRAL ZONE, NORTH AMERICAN DATUM (NAD 83).

(3) THE SURVEY CONTROL INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THE "PS&E" WHICH IS SIGNED, SEALED AND DATED BY A TEXAS PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

(4) ELEVATIONS SHOWN ARE PROJECT DATUM REFERENCED TO CSJ: 0028-11-193 IH-10. THEY MAY BE CONVERTED TO NAVD88, GEOID12A BY SUBTRACTING 0.945 FEET.

### **LEGEND**

- CONTROL POINT



- PRIMARY CONTROL POINT



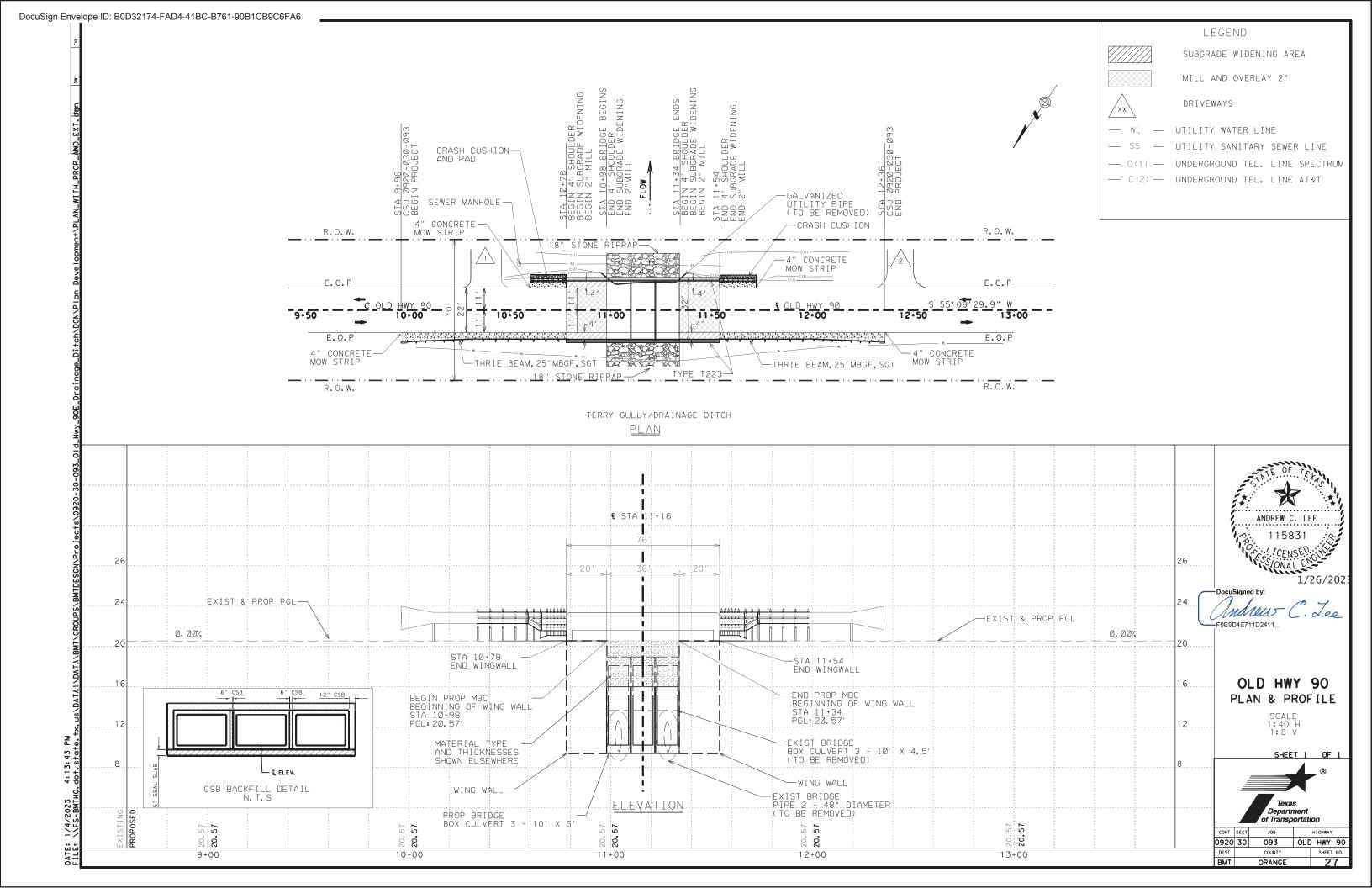
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### SURVEY CONTROL DATA INDEX SHEET



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NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

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NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR

FBBO4 = 18'

BUTTON HEAD BOLT

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

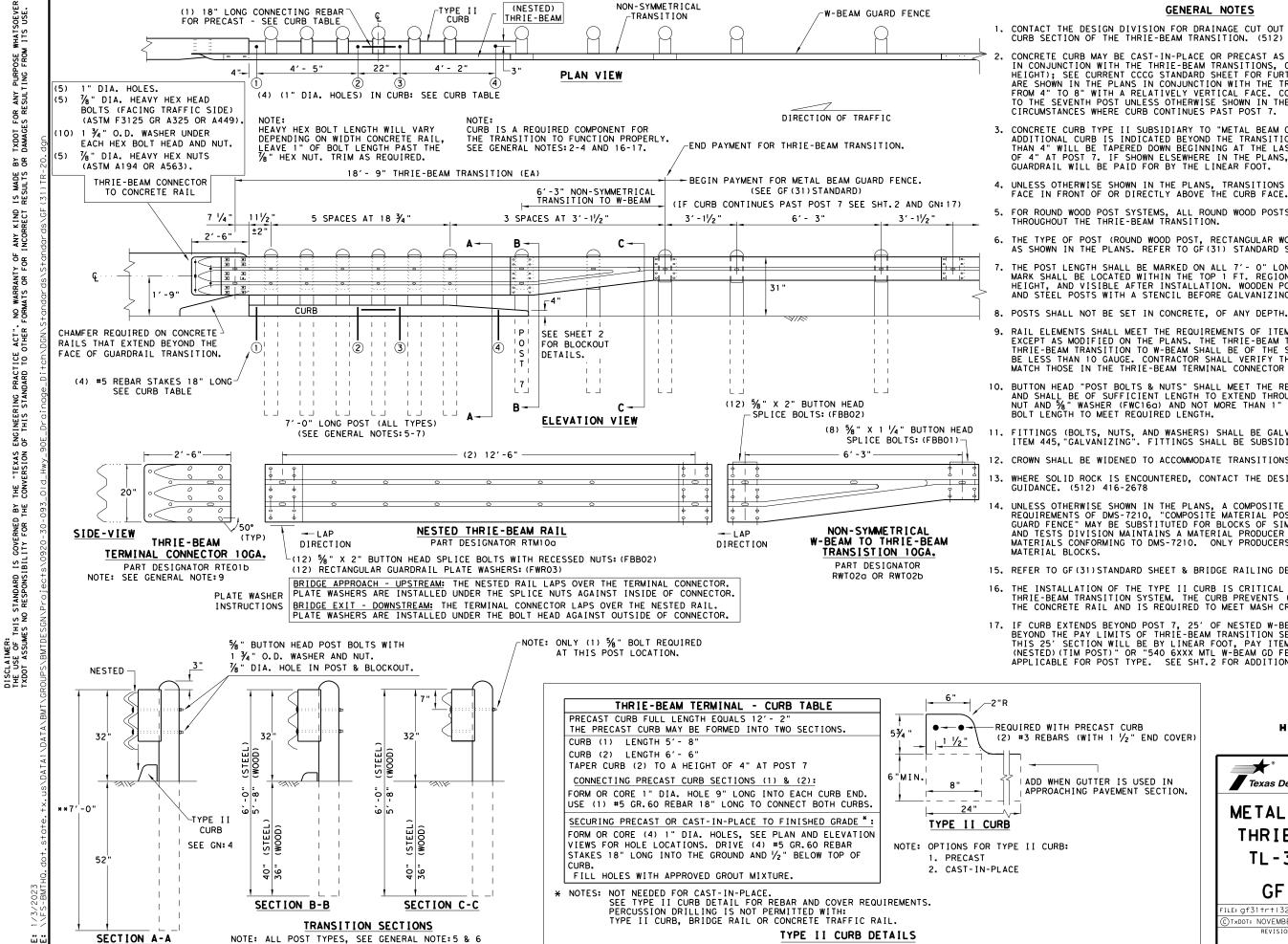
MID-SPAN

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

BOLTS WITH RECCESSED NUTS.



NOTE: \*\* "WOOD" INDICATES DIMENSIONS FOR BOTH ROUND AND RECTANGULAR WOOD POST SYSTEMS.

### GENERAL NOTES

- CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- ¾" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- 3. CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH GUARDRAIL WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE LINEAR FOOT.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7  $\frac{1}{2}$ " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST  $\frac{1}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STEEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5/6" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- 11. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

### HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION SHEET 1 OF 2

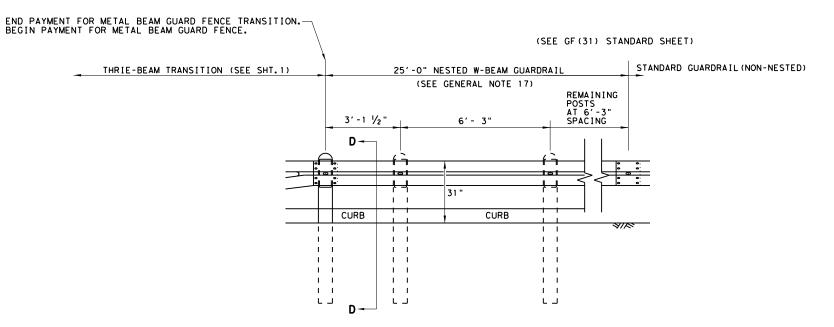


METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

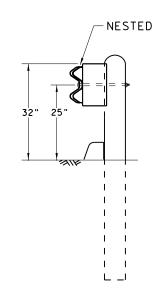
GF (31) TR TL3-20

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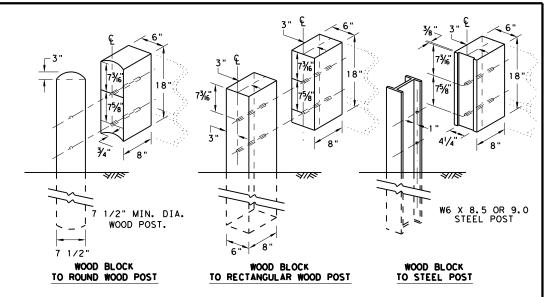
REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)



ELEVATION VIEW



SECTION D-D



### THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

### HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

SHEET 2 OF 2



Design Division Standard

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE
THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION
TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL3-20

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Note: Site Condition(s)

50' Approach Taper of Grading or Mow Strip

Grading or approved

Mow Strip (1V : 10H or Flatter)

Site conditions may exist where grading is required for the proper installation of metal guard fence and

2'-0"

Approach grading or mow strip may be decreased or eliminated, as directed by the Engineer.

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. This mow strip design is for use with metal beam guard fence, guard fence transitions, and guard fence end treatments. See applicable GF(31) MBGF or GF(31) Transition Standard sheet for additional information.
- 2. Mow strips shall be reinforced concrete with (wire mesh or synthetic fiber), as shown on the plans and will be paid for under the pertinent bid item. Reinforced concrete shall be placed in accordance with Item 432. "Riprap." The use of the synthetic fiber in lieu of steel reinforcing is acceptable, provided the fiber producer is on the Department Material Producer List (MPL), maintained by TxDOT, Construction Division,
- 3. The leave-out behind the post shall be a minimum of 7".

Grout mixture

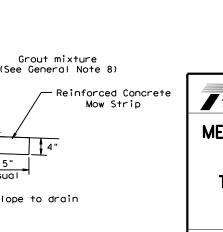
15"

usual

CURB OPTION (3)

**\***Slope to drain

- 4. Only steel (W6 x 8.5 or W6 x 9.0), or  $7 \frac{1}{2}$ " Dia. round wood posts are acceptable for use in the mow strip. See GF(31) Standard for additional details.
- 5. Other curb placement options may be used. Curbs are not considered part of the mow strip and will be paid for under other pertinent bid item.
- 6. Thickness of the mow strip will be 4".
- 7. The limits of payment for reinforced concrete will include leave-outs for the posts.
- 8. The leave-outs shall be filled with a Grout mixture consisting of: 2719 pounds sand, 188 pounds Type 1 or II cement, and 550 pounds of water per cubic yard, with a 28-day compressive strength of approximately 230 psi or less. Provide grout with a consistency that will flow into and completely fill all voids. Due to auger size, larger leave-out dimensions are acceptable from both an impact performance and maintenance repair standpoint (Suggested Maximum leave-out of 20"). Payment for furnishing and placing the grout mixture will be subsidiary to the pay item of riprap mow strip.

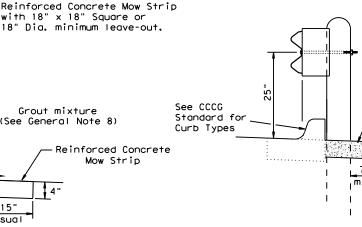


Texas Department of Transportation

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MOW STRIP) TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) MS-19

DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/AC ILE: gf31ms19.dgn C)TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2019 CONT SECT JOB 093 OLD HWY 90 0920 30



15" min usual **\***Slope to drain

CURB OPTION (2) Curb shown on top of mow strip

CURB OPTION (1) This option will increase the post embedment throughout the system.

] min ]

usual

**\***Slope to drain

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. For more detail: See GF(31), SGT()31, GF(31)TR, and GF(31)TL2 standard sheets.
- 2. Quantities of metal beam guard fence (MBGF) at individual bridge ends are as shown in the plans.
- 3. Use average daily traffic (ADT) for the current year to determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual unless otherwise specified. Where significant traffic volume growth is anticipated on low volume (0-750 ADT) highways, use length determinations for the higher volume
- 4. MBGF may not be required to shield departure end of bridge unless other obstacles within the horizontal clearance limits or opposing traffic indicate a MBGF consideration.
- 5. Downstream anchor terminals (DAT) are only for downstream end anchorage use, outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.
- 6. Direct connection of MBGF to concrete rails are only for downstream rail connections outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.

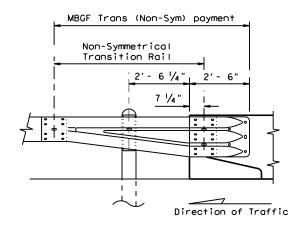
  (This requires a minimum of three standard line posts plus the DAT terminal,
- 7. The crown shall be widened to accommodate MBGF. Typically the "front slope" break should be 2'- 0" from the back of the MBGF post. This applies to new construction on new alignment or where existing roadway cross section is to be widened to increase roadway width. This does not apply to rehabilitation work where existing roadway crown width is to be retained (See Typical Cross Section at MBGF).
- 8. For restrictive bridge widths: The MBGF should be properly transitioned from the existing bridge rail to the adjoining MBGF (See MBGF Transition Standards). Metal beam guard fence at these bridge location(s) shall be flared at the rate of 25:1 or flatter, and be of the length necessary to locate the terminal end at the 2 ft. "maximum" offset from the shoulder edge in the approach direction.
- 9. Transition length and post spacing will vary depending on the transition type. Transition type will be shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 10. A minimum 25' length of MBGF will be required.

See GF(31) standard

for post types.

Edge of shoulder

or widened crown.



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AT MBGF

All rail elements shall be lapped in the direction of adjacent traffic.

### DETAIL A

Showing Downstream Rail Attachment

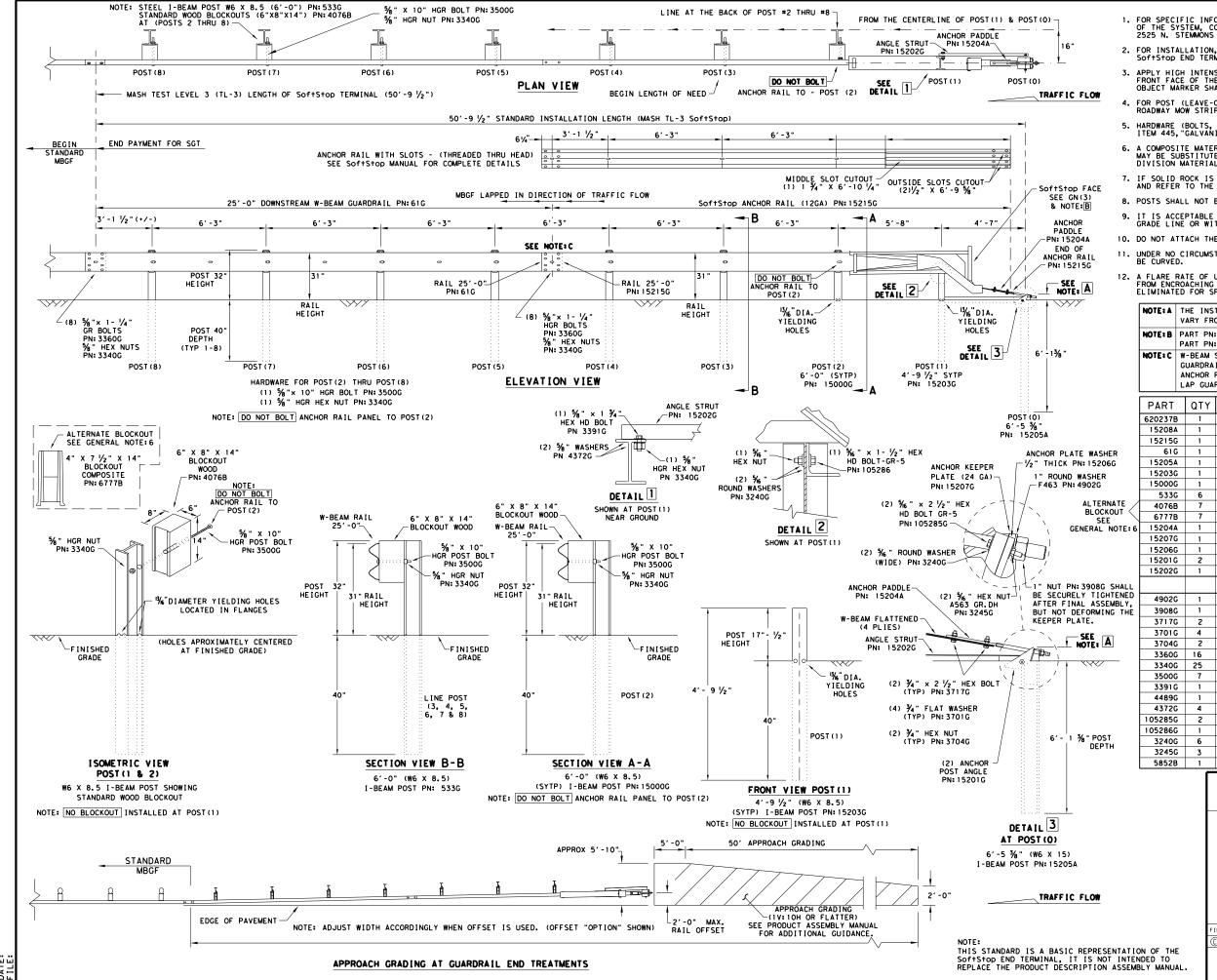


BRIDGE END DETAILS

(METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE APPLICATIONS TO RIGID RAILS)

BED-14

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	ВМТ		ORANG	Ε			32



### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY AT 1 (888) 323-6374. 2525 N. STEMMONS FREEWAY, DALLAS, TX 75207
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE: SOf+S+op END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. PN:620237B
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WIT ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 8. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFTSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT.
- 10. DO NOT ATTACH THE SOFTSTOP SYSTEM DIRECTLY TO A RIGID BARRIER.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOftStop SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

NOTE: A	THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL							
	VARY FROM 3-¾" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE.							
NOTE: B	PART PN: 5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)							
	PART PN:5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)							
NOTE: C	W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST(4) AND LINE POST(5)							
	GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN: 61G							
	ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN: 15215G							
	LAP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW.							

PART	QTY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS				
620237B	1	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.)				
15208A	1	SoftStop HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH)				
15215G	1	SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS				
61G	1	SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25'- 0")				
15205A	1	POST #0 - ANCHOR POST (6'- 5 1/8")				
15203G	1	POST #1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 1/2")				
15000G	1	POST #2 - (SYTP) (6'- 0")				
533G	6	POST #3 THRU #8 - I-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6'- 0")				
4076B	7	BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14")				
6777B	7	BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" x 7 1/2" x 14")				
15204A	1	ANCHOR PADDLE				
15207G	1	ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA)				
15206G	1	ANCHOR PLATE WASHER ( 1/2" THICK )				
15201G	2	ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG)				
15202G	1	ANGLE STRUT				
	HARDWARE					
4902G	1	1" ROUND WASHER F436				
3908G	1	1" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH				
3717G	2	¾" × 2 ½" HEX BOLT A325				
3701G	4	¾" ROUND WASHER F436				
3704G	2	¾" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR.DH				
3360G	16	%" × 1 ¼" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR				
3340G	25	% " W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR				
3500G	7	%" × 10" HGR POST BOLT A307				
3391G	1	%" × 1 ¾" HEX HD BOLT A325				
4489G	1	%" × 9" HEX HD BOLT A325				
4372G	4	%" WASHER F436				
105285G	2	% " × 2 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5				
105286G	1	%6" × 1 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5				
3240G	6	% " ROUND WASHER (WIDE)				
3245G	3	% " HEX NUT A563 GR.DH				
5852B	1	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE: B				

Texas Department of Transportation

TRINITY HIGHWAY SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (10S) 31-16

		_		_			
LE: sg†10s3116	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW:	VP	ck: MB/VP	
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0920	30	093		OLD	HWY 90	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	BMT		ORANG	Ε		33	

### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	%" x 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	¾" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	%" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR. 2) MGAL	48
18	2001840	%" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	%" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	%" RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	%" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR. 5) GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)		1

Texas Department of Transportation

Design Division Standard

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

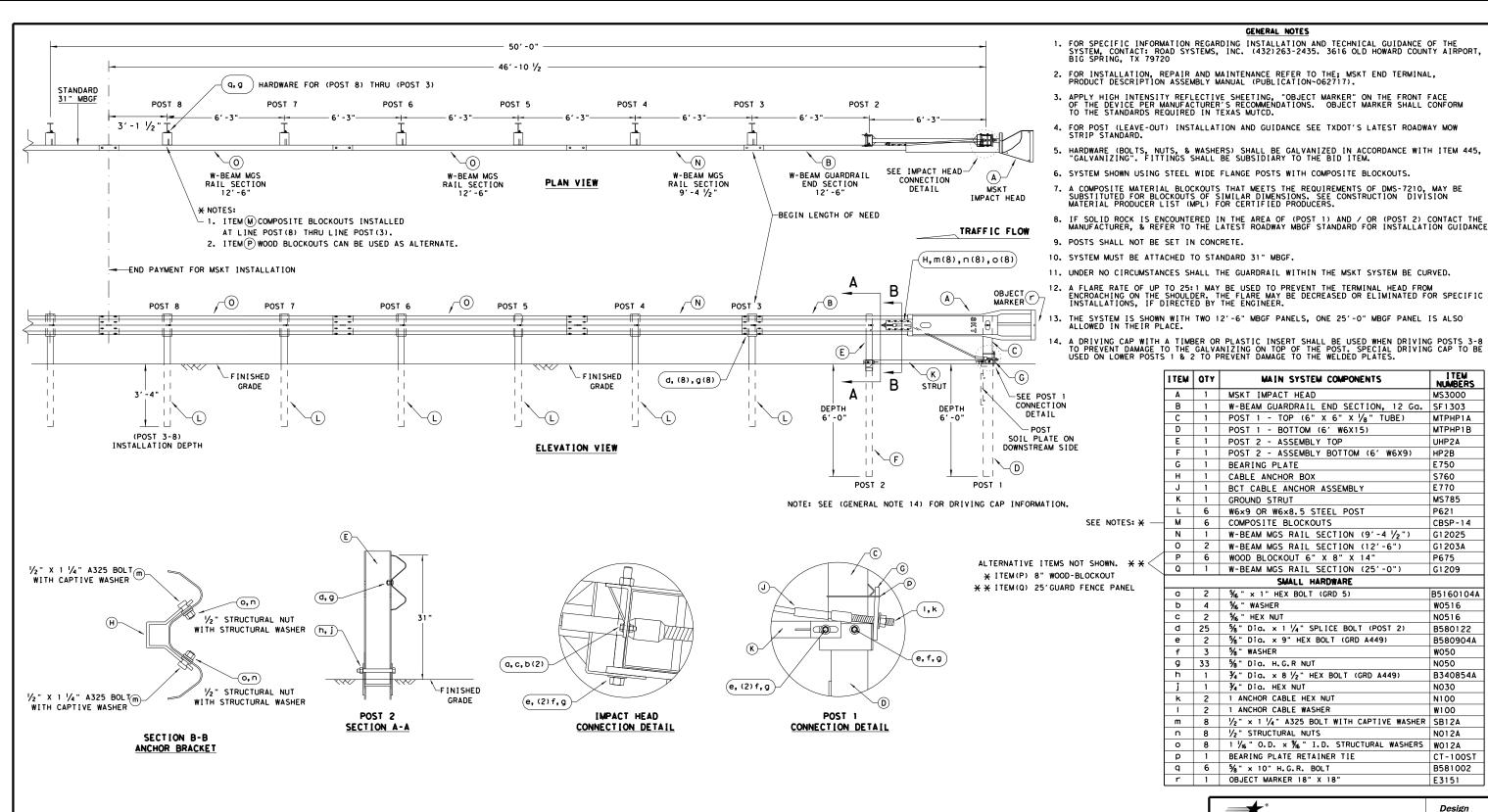
SGT (11S) 31-18

LE: sg+11s3118.dgn	1s3118.dgn DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: TxD		T×DOT	T CK: CL			
TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	REVISIONS 0920 30 093 0		OLD	HWY 90			
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	ВМТ		ORANG	E		34	

STANDARD

NOTE: TXDOT GENERIC APPROACH GRADING LAYOUT USED FOR ALL TANGENT TYPE END TREATMENTS.

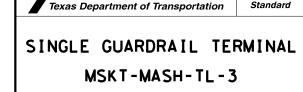
EDGE OF PAVEMENT



50' APPROACH GRADING

APPROACH GRADING
(1V: 10H OR FLATTER)

SEE PRODUCT ASSEMBLY MANUAL



SGT (12S) 31-18

ILE: sg+12s3118.dgn	DN:Tx	DOT	CK:KM	DW:	٧P	CK:	CL
TxDOT: APRIL 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWA	Υ
REVISIONS	0920	30	093		OLD	HWY	90
	DIST		COUNTY	,		SHEET	NO.
	ВМТ		ORANG	E			35

APPROX 5'-10"-

NOTE: ADJUST WIDTH ACCORDINGLY WHEN OFFSET IS USED. (OFFSET "OPTION" SHOWN)-

5'-0"

- 2' -0"

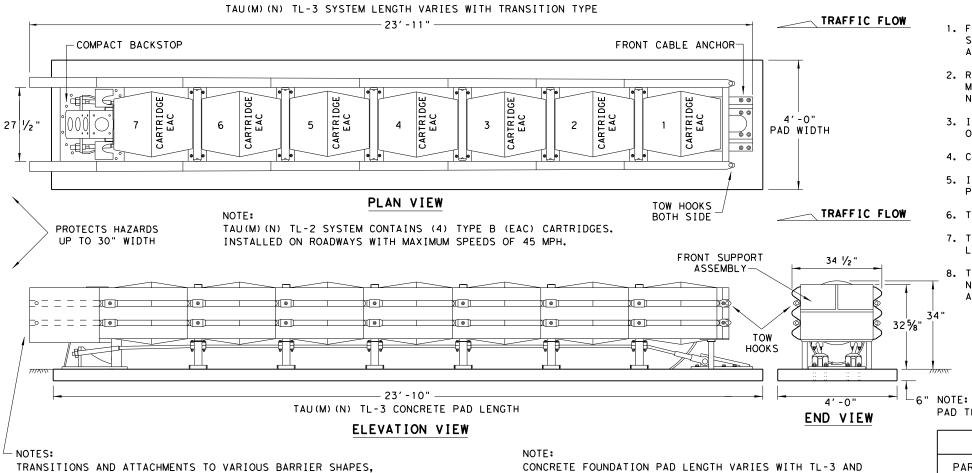
RAIL OFFSET

(25:1 MAX

NOTE: THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE MSKT END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

TRAFFIC FLOW

2'-0'



SYSTEM & FOUNDATION LENGTH TABLE SYSTEM LENGTH FOUNDATION LENGTH

TL-2 = 15'-4"

TL-3 = 23'-10"

TL-2 = 15'-5'

TL-3 = 23'-11"

	FOUNDATION OPTIONS								
	6" REINFORCED CONCRETE								
	8" UNREINFORCED CONCRETE								
	ASPHALT OVER CONCRETE WITH MINIMUM 6" EMBEDMENT IN CONCRETE								
	6" ASPHALT OVER 6" COMPACT SUBBASE								
* _	8" MINIMUM ASPHALT								

REQUIRES AN ASPHALT ANCHORAGE PACKAGE: INCLUDES ADDITIONAL BRACES FOR THE FRONT CABLE ANCHOR AND THE COMPACT BACKSTOP, AND ASPHALT HARDWARE KIT, THE TL-3 ASPHALT CONFIGURATION ALSO REQUIRES NESTED SLIDER PANELS AND SHIMS AT THE LAST TWO BAYS. SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR DETAILS.

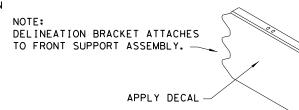
SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR FOUNDATION SPECIFICATIONS THAT INCLUDE, STONE AGGREGATE MIX, COMPRESSION STRENGTH, STEEL SIZE, ANCHOR SIZE, AND EMBEDMENT DEPTH.

TRANSITION OPTIONS							
	VERTICAL WALL						
USE THE	CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIERS						
COMPACT BACKSTOP	W-BEAM GUARDRAIL						
	THRIE BEAM GUARDRAIL						

FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRANSITION PANELS AND BRIDGE RAIL END SHOE DETAILS. SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL

ENGINEER OR CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE MANUFACTURER FOR THE CORRECT DECAL PER TRAFFIC FLOW, LEFT, RIGHT OR BOTH-SIDES.

TL-2 SYSTEMS, SEE SYSTEM & FOUNDATION LENGTH TABLE.



### DELINEATION BRACKET

APPLY A HIGH REFLECTIVE DECAL TO THE DELINEATION BRACKET. DELINEATION DECAL ORIENTATION IS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLAN SET AND SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MUTCD FOR (TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES). DECALS ARE AVAILABLE FOR TRAFFIC FLOW ON THE LEFT-SIDE, BOTH -SIDES AND RIGHT-SIDE.

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING THE INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800. 180 RIVER ROAD, RIO VISTA, CA 94571
- 2. REFER TO THE LATEST (LTS) INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR IMPORATANT SAFETY MESSAGES, COMPLETE SYSTEM ASSEMBLY, AND ANCHOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS FOR THE NINE (9) DIFFERENT SITE TRANSITIONS.
- 3. INSTALLATION DETAILS FOR THE COMPACT BACKSTOP, FRONT CABLE ANCHOR AND FOUNDATION OPTIONS ARE SHOWN ON THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL FURNISHED TO THE ENGINEER.
- 4. CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "S" WITH A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 4,000 P.S.I.
- 5. IF THE CROSS-SLOPES VARIES MORE THAN 2% OVER THE LENGTH OF THE SYSTEM, THE CONCRETE PAD WILL REQUIRE LEVELING. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS-SLOPE IS 8%
- 6. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 7. THE TAU(M)(N) SYSTEM SHOULD BE APPROXIMATELY PARALLEL WITH THE BARRIER OR CENTER LINE OF MERGING BARRIERS.
- 8. THIS DRAWING REPRESENTS THE UNIVERSAL TAU(M)(N) TL-3 SYSTEM, A RE-DIRECTIVE NON-GATING CRASH CUSHION THAT CAN PROTECT HAZARDS UP TO 30-INCHES IN WIDTH. ALSO AVAILABLE IN TL-2 CONFIGURATION.

PAD THICKNESS VARIES - SEE FOUNDATION OPTIONS

BILL OF	QUANTITIES		
PART NUMBER	PART DESCRIPTION	TL-3 SYSTEM	
BSI-1708019-00	SLIDING PANEL GALVANIZED TAU(M)(N)	14	8
BSI-1708030-00	END PANEL, THRIE BEAM, GALV, TAU(M)(N)	2	2
BSI-1706001-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY, 7 BAY, TAU(M)(N)	2	-
BSI-1805036-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY, 4 BAY, TAU(M)(N)	-	2
BSI-1708018-00	FRONT CABLE ANCHOR	1	1
BSI-1707034-00	COMPACT BACKSTOP	1	1
B030703	MIDDLE SUPPORT ASSEMBLY	6	3
B030704	FRONT SUPPORT	1	1
B010722	ENERGY ABSORBING CARTRIDGE, TYPE B	7	4
K001005	TAU-II FRONT SUPPORT LEG KIT	1	1
BSI-1709083-KT	TETHER KIT (INCLUDES ALL HARDWARE)	1	1
BSI-1809041-KT	SLIDER KIT (INCLUDES ALL HARDWARE)	7	4
BSI-1808033-KT	CABLE GUIDE KIT (INCLUDES ALL HARDWARE)	6	3
BSI-1809040-KT	TOW HOOK KIT (INCLUDES ALL HARDWARE)	1	1
BSI-1808034-KT	DELINEATION BRACKET KIT(INCLUDES ALL HARDWARE)	1	1
BSI-1808035-KT	END PANEL MOUNT KIT (INCLUDES ALL HARDWARE)	1	1
BSI-1808036-KT	CONCRETE ANCHORING KIT	1	1
SEE NOTE	HIGH REFLECTIVE DECAL	1	1
ECN 3883	INSTALLATION AND INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL	1	1

UPGRADE KITS ARE AVAILABLE TO RETROFIT EXISTING NCHRP 350 TAU-II SYSTEMS TO MASH COMPLIANT SYSTEMS. SEE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT INFORMATION.

THE TAU(M)(N) UNIDIRECTIONAL SYSTEM IS FREE STANDING AND IS NOT REQUIRED TO BE CONNECTED TO THE HAZARD.

TRANSITIONS TO GUARD FENCE, BRIDGE RAILS AND ROADSIDE BARRIERS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TxDOT'S POLICY.

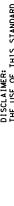
THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE UNIVERSAL TAU (M) (N) SYSTEM, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. Texas Department of Transportation

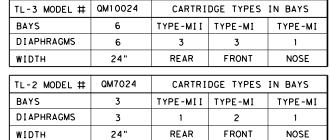
LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

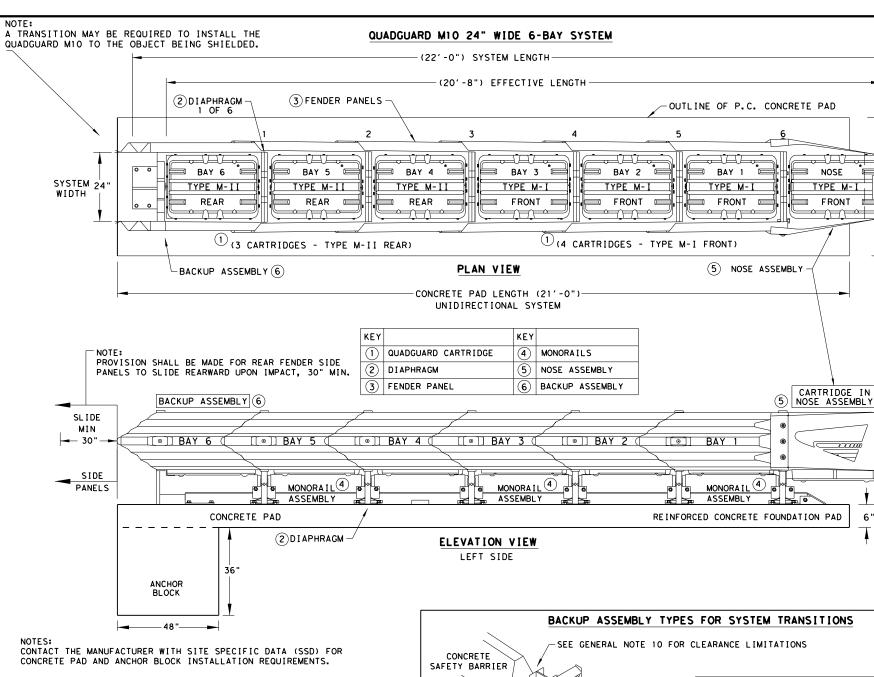
UNIVERSAL CRASH CUSHION (MASH TL-3 & TL-2) TAU(M)(N)-19

ILE: taumn19.dgn DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP C)TxDOT: APRIL 2019 JOB HIGHWAY 0920 30 093 OLD HWY 90

REUSABLE







A MANUFACTURER'S DRAWING PACKAGE UNIQUE AND SPECIFIC FOR THE QUADGUARD MIO (N) INSTALATION AND DETAILED INFORMATION REGARDING THE TYPE OF BACKUP ASSEMBLY FOR THE REQUIRED TRANSITION WILL BE PROVIDED TO THE ENGINEER AND INSTALLER.

- 6" REINFORCED CONCRETE PAD REQUIRES THE INSTALLATION OF AN ANCHOR BLOCK AS SHOWN ON THE MANUFACTURER'S DRAWING PACKAGE.
- 8" NON-REINFORCED CONCRETE PAD MAY NOT REQUIRE AN ANCHOR BLOCK, IF THE PAD IS INSTALLED AGAINST AN IMMOVABLE CONCRETE BACKUP.

CONCRETE PAD AND ANCHOR BLOCK COMBINATIONS SHALL BE CONFIRMED WITH THE MANUFACTURER BASED UPON SITE SPECIFIC DATA (SSD).

# THE QUADGUARD M10 24" WIDE 6-BAY - NARROW SYSTEM HAS BEEN TESTED TO MASH TEST LEVEL 3.

	SYSTEM TRANSITIONS TYPES
	1 QUAD-BEAM TO CONCRETE SAFETY BARRIER
	2 QUAD-BEAM TO CONCRETE BRIDGE RAIL
	3 QUAD-BEAM TO CONCRETE END SHOE
	4 QUAD-BEAM TO THRIE-BEAM RAIL
1	5 QUAD-BEAM TO W-BEAM RAIL
	QUADQUARD MIO TO THRIE-BEAM OR W-BEAM FENCE REQUIRES I-BEAM POSTS:  ALL POSTS W6X8.5/9 I-BEAMS (78" LONG).
THE CORRECT BACKUP ASSEM PANELS USED FOR STANDARD AT DIVIDED-HIGHWAY MEDIA	WITH SITE SPECIFIC DATA (SSD) FOR BLY AND TRANSITION PANELS OR SIDE AND BI-DIRECTIONAL INSTALLATIONS: NO OR UNDIVIDED ROADWAYS WHERE THE ACTS FROM ONE OR TWO DIFFERENT OW.
	NOTE:

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY - ENERGY ABSORPTION INC. AT 1 (888) 323-6374.
- 2. SEE THE RECENT QUADGUARD MIO PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANAUAL FOR IMPACT PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS AND DESIGN LIMITIONS AND THE DRAWING PACKAGE FOR THE NARROW 24" SYSTEM BEFORE INSTALLING THE QUADGUARD M10 SYSTEM AT ANY GIVEN LOCATION.
- 3. FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC: THE PLACEMENT OF THE QUADGUARD MIO IS RESTRICTED. AS BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC APPROACHES THE REAR OF THE QUADQUARD MIO THE CRASH CUSHION MUST BE PLACED SUCH THAT THE TRAFFIC SIDE OF CRASH CUSHION IS AT LEAST AS FAR FROM ADJACENT TRAVEL LANE LINE AS THE TRAFFIC SIDE OF BARRIER/OBJECT BEING
- SYSTEM TRANSITION: APPROPRIATE TRANSITION PANELS OR SIDE PANELS WILL BE REQUIRED FOR PROPER IMPACT PERFORMANCE. THE CORRECT PANEL(S) TO USE WILL DEPEND ON THE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW AND WHAT TYPE OF BARRIER OR ROAD FEATURE THE QUADGUARD M10 SYSTEM IS SHIELDING. SEE THE QUADGUARD M10 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION & ASSEMBLY MANUAL FOR FURTHER DETAILS.
- 5. COMPONENTS FOR THE QUADGUARD MIO BACKUP AND REINFORCING DETAILS ARE SHOWN ON THE QUADGUARD M10 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION & ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
- 6. CONCRETE PAD SHALL BE 6" MIN. REINFORCED 28MPG [4,000 PSI] (P.C.) OR 8" MIN. NON-REINFORCED 28MPG [4,000 PSI] CONCRETE ROADWAY MEASURING AT LEAST 12'-0" WIDE BY 50'-0" LONG. ANCHOR BLOCK IS NOT REQUIRED WHEN USING 8" CONCRETE PAD INSTALLED AGAINST AN IMMOVABLE STRUCTURE. E.G. CONCRETE WALL.
- 7. IF THE CROSS-SLOPE VARIES MORE THAN 2% OVER THE LENGTH OF THE SYSTEM, THE CONCRETE PAD WILL REQUIRE LEVELING. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS-SLOPE IS 8%.
- 8. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE OF CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 9. THE QUADGUARD MIO SYSTEM SHOULD BE INSTALLED APPROXIMATELY PARALLEL WITH THE BARRIER.
- 10. FOR THE TENSION STRUT BACKUP THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE BACK OF BACKUP AND THE BARRIER WALL SHOULD NOT EXCEED 7" IN ANY CASE.
- TXDOT HAS ONLY APPROVED THE 24" WIDE QUADGUARD MIO SYSTEM. THE QUADGUARD MIO PRODUCT DESCRIPTION AND ASSEMBLEY MANUAL INCLUDES SYSTEM WIDTH OF 24". ONLY THE 24" SYSTEM IS ALLOWED TO BE INSTALLED ON TEXAS ROADWAYS.

F(	DUNDATION & ANCHORING REQUIREMENTS FOUNDATION TYPES: A, B, C, & D
	REINFORCED CONCRETE PAD OR ROADWAY  6" MINIMUM DEPTH (P.C.C.)
	7" STUDS EMBEDDED 5 1/2" - APPROVED ADHESIVE
FOUNDATION:	ASPHALT OVER P.C.C.  3" MIN. (A.C.) OVER 3" MIN. (P.C.C.)  18" THREADED ROD EMBEDDED 16 ½" - APPROVED ADHESIVE
FOUNDATION:	ASPHALT OVER SUBBASE 6" MIN. (A.C.) OVER 6" MIN. (C.S.) 18" THREADED ROD EMBEDDED 16 ½" - APPROVED ADHESIVE
	ASPHALT ONLY  8" MIN. (A.C.)  18" THREADED ROD EMBEDDED 16 ½" - APPROVED ADHESIVE

ASPHALT CONCRETE (A.C.) COMPACTED SUBBASE (C.S.:

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (P.C.C.)

NOTE: SEE TRINITY'S PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL FOR THE APPROVED ADHESIVE.

IF THE UNIT IS ANCHORED TO ASPHALTIC CONCRETE, IT SHOULD BE RELOCATED TO FRESH, UNDISTURBED ASPHALT AND RE-ANCHORED AFTER EACH IMPACT TO ENSURE ADEQUATE FUTURE PERFORMANCE.

TENSION STRUT BACKUP MAY BE USED IN CONSTRUCTION ZONES ON ASPHALT CONCRETE (A.C.) FOR TEMPORARY USE ONLY.



**ENERGY ABSORPTION** QUADGUARD M10 (MASH TL-3 & TL-2 NARROW-24"ONLY)

QGUARD (M10) (N) -20

FILE: qguardm10n20.dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK: KM D		۷P	CK:	AG
CTxDOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		H I GHV		Y
REVISIONS	0920	30	093		OLD	HWY	90
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET	NO.
	DMT		ODANO		- 1-	<del>7</del> 7	

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE QUADGUARD M10 SYSTEM AND IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

CONCRETE PAD

WIDTH

HE I GHT

FINISHED GRADE

REUSABLE

TERRY GULLY/ DRAINAGE DITCH

FEMA BFE MODEL FLOWS

Reach

Bridge

Omega-EM

Difference Flow

% Difference

10-year

371

407

36

9.70%

42059

25-year

447

497

50

11.19%

50-year

501

565

64

12.77%



100-year

558

636

78

13.98%

500-year

695

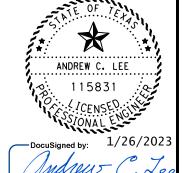
812

117

16.83%

Watershed 1: Estimate Pea	k-Streamflow Frequency
Control Section Job Number	0920-30-093
Highway Name & Crossing	Old Hwy 90 at Drain Ditch
Designer	ACL
County	Orange
District	Beaumont
Drainage Area (sq. miles)	3.084
Annual Precipitation (inches)	59.0
Omega EM	-0.30899999
Channel Slope	0.000705
2-year Flow (cfs)	247
5-year Flow (cfs)	344
10-year Flow (cfs)	407
25-year Flow (cfs)	497
50-year Flow (cfs)	565
100-year Flow (cfs)	636
200-year Flow (cfs)	712
250-year Flow (cfs)	735
500-year Flow (cfs)	812

-EXIST AND PROP BRIDGE DA1 - 3.084 SQ MI



1) OMEGA EM REGRESSION METHOD WAS FOUND TO BE COMPARABLE WITHIN FEMA FLOWS. THE SIMULATION FOR FLOWS STARTED SEP. 22 2021. THE 5-YEAR FLOWS WERE FOUND USING THE LOGARITHMIC TREDLINE.

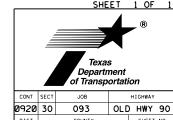
NOTES:

- 2) HEC-RAS 6.2.0 WAS USED TO MODEL AND ANALYZE EXISTING CONDITIONS AND PROPOSED STRUCTURE.
- 3) DESIGN FREQUENCY REQUIREMENT FOR OFF-SYSTEM BRIDGE IS SAME AS EXISTING.
- 4) PROJECT NOTIFICATION WAS PROVIDED TO ORANGE COUNTY FLOOD PLAIN ADMINISTRATORS (LISA ROBERTS AND JERRY CRUMLEY) ON NOV. 30, 2022.
- 5) NORMAL DEPTH COMPUTATIONS WERE USED FOR DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS UTILIZING A SLOPE OF 0.000705 FOR BOTH EXISTING AND PROPOSED.
- 6) THE PROPOSED BRIDGE IS LOCATED WITHIN A FEMA DESIGNATED ZONE "AE" FLOOD PLAIN.

DRAINAGE	AREA	MAP

OLD HWY 90

F0E9D4E711D2411...



ORANGE

# **HEC-RAS INFORMATION**

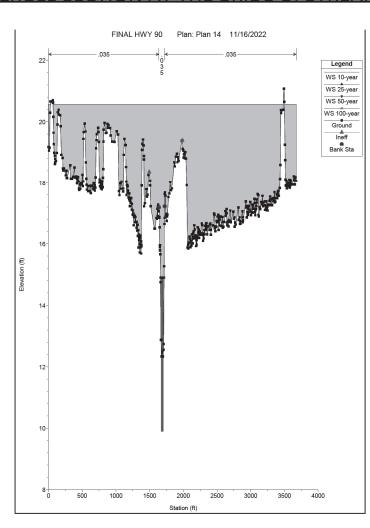
	EXISTING COND	DITIONS (10		
CHANNEL CROSS SECTION LOCATION	CHANNEL RIVER STATION (FT)	Q (CFS)	CHÂNNEL FLOW VELOCITY (FT/S)	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)
UPSTREAM	41518	371	1.6	18.78
UPSTREAM FACE	41433	371	0.37	18.80
MULT OPENING	41364			
DOWNSTREAM FACE	41295	371	0.22	18.68
DOWNSTREAM	41200	371	0.90	18.66

	EXISTING COND	ITIONS (100	YEAR)	
CHANNEL CROSS SECTION LOCATION	CHANNEL RIVER STATION (FT)	Q (CFS)	CHANNEL FLOW VELOCITY	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)
UPSTREAM	41518	558	1.08	19.31
UPSTREAM FACE	41433	558	0.4	19.31
MULT OPENING	41364			
DOWNSTREAM FACE	41295	558	0.25	19.03
DOWNSTREAM	41200	558	0.88	19.02

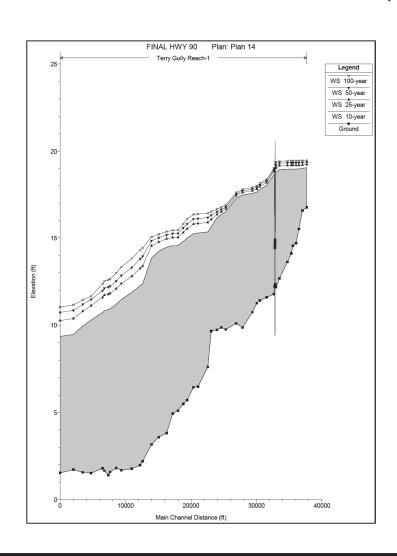
	PROPOSED C	ONDITIONS (1	.0 YEAR)	
CHANNEL CROSS SECTION LOCATION	CHANNEL RIVER STATION (FT)	Q (CFS)	CHANNEL FLOW VELOCITY (FT/S)	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)
UPSTREAM	AM 41518		1.59	18.8
UPSTREAM FACE	41433	371	0.37	18.82
MULT OPENING	41364			
DOWNSTREAM FACE	41295	371	0.22	18.68
DOWNSTREAM	41200	371	0.9	18.66

	PROPOSED CO	ONDITIONS (1	00 YEAR)	
CHANNEL CROSS SECTION LOCATION	CHANNEL RIVER STATION (FT)	Q (CFS)	CHANNEL FLOW VELOCITY (FT/S)	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)
UPSTREAM	41518	558	1.01	19.36
UPSTREAM FACE	41433	558	0.39	19.36
MULT OPENING	41364			
DOWNSTREAM FACE	41295	558	0.25	19.03
DOWNSTREAM	41200	558	0.88	19.02

# **CROSS SECTION AT THE BRIDE UPSTREAM**



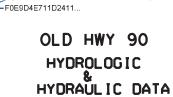
# **ELEVATION VS MAIN CHANNEL DISTANCE (FT)**

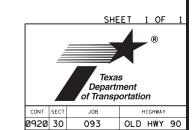


#### NOTES

- 1) OMEGA EM REGRESSION METHOD WAS FOUND TO BE COMPARABLE WITHIN FEMA FLOWS. THE SIMULATION FOR FLOWS STARTED SEP. 22 2021. THE 5-YEAR FLOWS WERE FOUND USING THE LOGARITHMIC TREDLINE.
- 2) HEC-RAS 6.2.0 WAS USED TO MODEL AND ANALYZE EXISTING CONDITIONS AND PROPOSED STRUCTURE.
- 3) DESIGN FREQUENCY REQUIREMENT FOR OFF-SYSTEM BRIDGE IS SAME AS EXISTING.
- 4) PROJECT NOTIFICATION WAS PROVIDED TO ORANGE COUNTY FLOOD PLAIN ADMINISTRATORS (LISA ROBERTS AND JERRY CRUMLEY) ON NOV. 30, 2022.
- 5) NORMAL DEPTH COMPUTATIONS WERE USED FOR DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS UTILIZING A SLOPE OF 0.000705 FOR BOTH EXISTING AND PROPOSED.
- 6) THE PROPOSED BRIDGE IS LOCATED WITHIN A FEMA DESIGNATED ZONE "AE" FLOOD PLAIN.

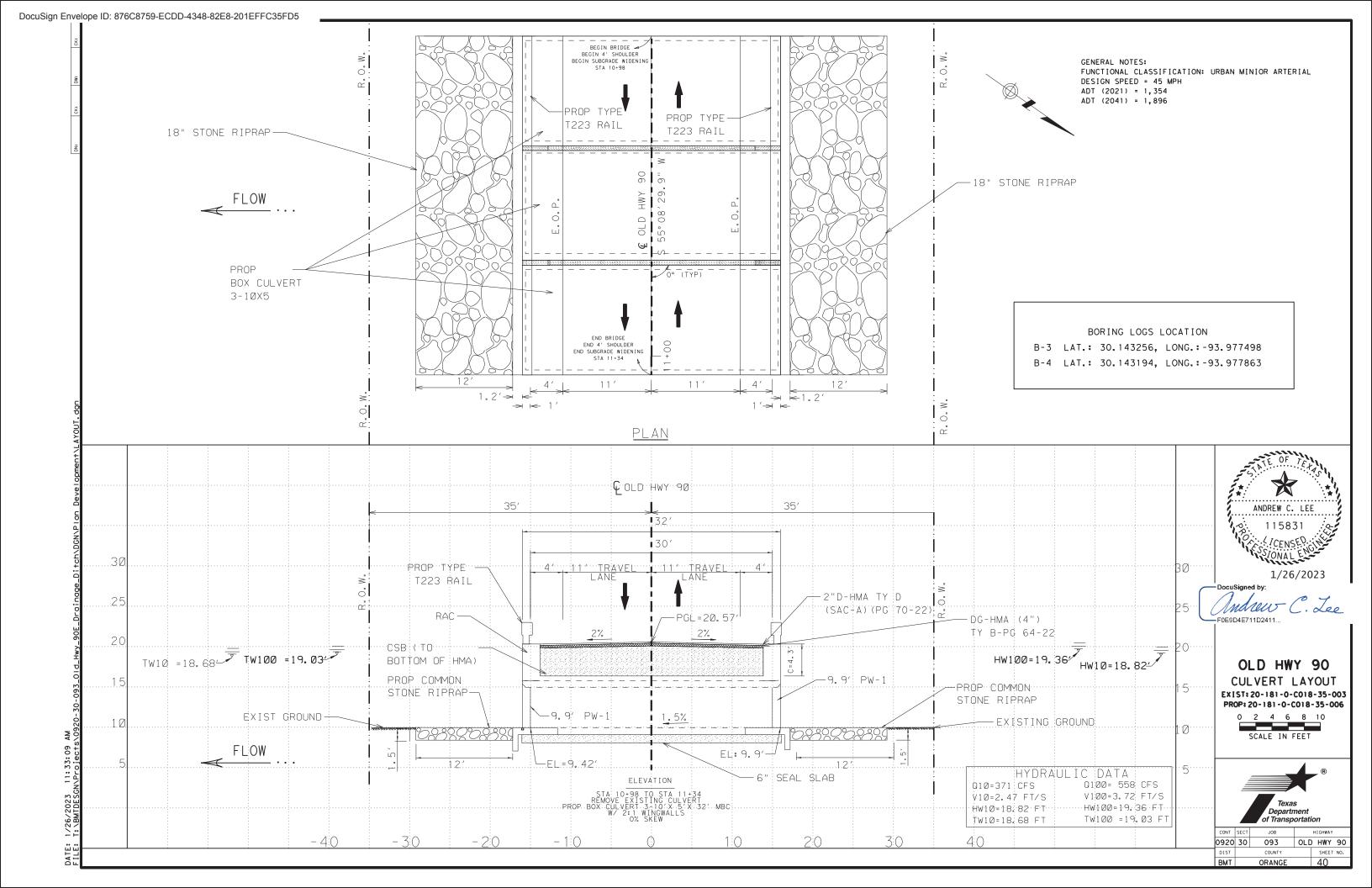






ORANGE

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FH#A TEXAS		DERAL A	D PROJE	CI NO.	NO.			
DIVISION		41						
STATE	Ξ	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TEXA	S	BMT	ORANGE					
CONTROL		SECTION	JOB	H I CHWA	Y NO.			
920	)	30	093	CS				

TEXAS	PEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.								
DIVISION									
STATI	Ε	DISTRICT		COUNTY					
TEXA	S	BMT	(	ORANGE					
CONTROL		SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.				
920	)	30	093	CS					

ulvert Station and/or Creek Name followed by applicable end (Lt, Rt or Both)	Description of Box Culvert No. Spans ~ Span X Height	Max Fill Height (Ft)	Applicable Box Culvert Standard	Applicable Wingwall or End Treatment Standard	Skew Angle (0°,15°, 30° or 45°)	Side Slope or Channel Slope Ratio (SL:1)	T Culvert Top Slab Thickness (In)	U Culvert Wall Thickness (In)	C Estimated Curb Height (Ft)	Hw (1) Height of Wingwall (Ft)	A Curb to End of Wingwall (Ft)	B Offset of End of Wingwall (Ft)	Lw Length of Longest Wingwall (Ft)	Ltw Culvert Toewall Length (Ft)	Atw Anchor Toewall Length (Ft)	Riprap Apron (CY)	Class "C" Conc (Curb) (CY)	Class (3) "C" Conc (Wingwall)	w
OLD HWY 90 AT DRAIN DITCH	3~10X5	5.0	SCP-10	PW-1	0	2:1	10	10	4.1	9.938	N/A	N/A	19.875	36.000	N/A	0	11.0	57.4	T
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Skew = 0° on SW-0, FW-0, SETB-CD, SETB-SW-0, and SETB-FW-0 standard sheets; 30° maximum for safety end treatment

SL:1 = Horizontal : 1 Vertical

- · Side slope at culvert for flared or straight wingwalls.
- Channel slope for parallel wingwalls.
  Slope must be 3:1 or flatter for safety end treatments.
- T = Box culvert top slab thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- U = Box culvert wall thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.

C = Curb height

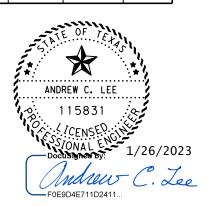
See applicable wing or end treatment standard sheets for calculations of Hw, A, B, Lw, Ltw, Atw, and Total Wingwall Area.

- A = Distance from face of curb to end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- B = Offset of end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- Lw = Length of longest wingwall.
- Ltw = Length of culvert toewall (not applicable when using riprap apron)

Atw = Length of anchor toewall (applicable to safety end treatment only) Total Wingwall Area = Wingwall area in sq. ft. for two wingwalls (one structure end) if Lt or Rt.

Area for four wingwalls (two structure ends) if Both.

- Round the wall heights shown to the nearest foot for bidding purposes.
- Concrete volume shown is for box culvert curb only.
   For curbs using the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet quantities shown must be increased by a factor of 2.25. If Class S concrete is required for the top slab of the culvert, also provide Class S concrete for the curb. Curb concrete is considered part of the Box Culvert for payment.
- 3 Concrete volume shown is total of wings, footings, culvert toewall (if any), anchor toewalls (if any) and wingwall toewalls. Riprap aprons, culverts, and curb quantities are not included.
- 4 Regardless of the type of culvert shown on this sheet, the Contractor has the option of furnishing cast-in-place or precast culverts unless otherwise shown elsewhere on the plans. If the Contractor elects to provide culverts of a different type than those shown on this sheet, it is the Contractor's responsibility to make the necessary adjustments to the dimensions and quantities shown.





Bridge Division Standard

**BOX CULVERT SUPPLEMENT** WINGS AND END TREATMENTS

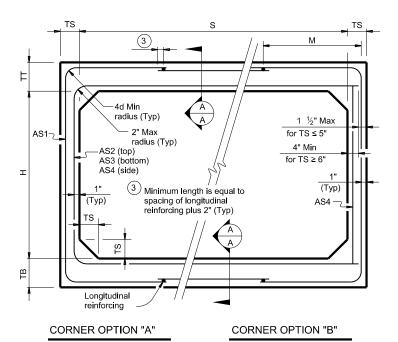
RCS

		ВСЗ							
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<b>C</b> TxDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	CT JOB			HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0920	30	093	093		OLD HWY. 90 E.		
				COUNTY	,	SHEET NO.			
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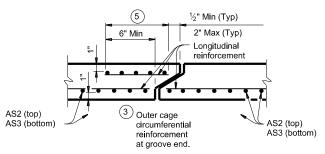
							ВС	X DA	TA						
		SECTIO	N DIMEN	SIONS		Fill	М		RE	INFORCII	NG (sq. ir	n. / ft.)	2		① Lift
	S (ft.)	H (ft.)	TT (in.)	TB (in.)	TS (in.)	Height (ft.)	(Min) (in.)	AS1	AS2	AS3	AS4	AS5	AS7	AS8	Weight (tons)
	10	4	10	10	10	< 2	-	0.33	0.34	0.27	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	16.5
	10	4	10	10	10	2 < 3	58	0.38	0.35	0.30	0.24	-	-	-	16.5
	10	4	10	10	10	3 - 5	53	0.31	0.28	0.27	0.24	-	-	-	16.5
	10	4	10	10	10	10	52	0.36	0.32	0.33	0.24	-	-	-	16.5
ے	10	4	10	10	10	15	52	0.47	0.42	0.43	0.24	-	-	-	16.5
ğ	10	4	10	10	10	20	52	0.61	0.54	0.55	0.24	-	-	-	16.5
ö.	10	4	10	10	10	25	52	0.75	0.67	0.68	0.24	-	-	-	16.5
Ŗ,															
3\S	10	5	10	10	10	< 2	-	0.30	0.36	0.30	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	17.5
ñ	10	5	10	10	10	2 < 3	58	0.35	0.39	0.34	0.24	-	-	-	17.5
ğ	10	5	10	10	10	3 - 5	52	0.28	0.31	0.30	0.24	-	-	-	17.5
ξţ	10	5	10	10	10	10	52	0.33	0.35	0.36	0.24	-	-	-	17.5
5/8	10	5 5	10	10	10	15 20	47 47	0.42 0.55	0.46	0.47 0.61	0.24	-	-	-	17.5 17.5
946	10	5	10	10	10	25	47	0.55	0.59	0.61	0.24	-	_	-	17.5
Pug	10	- 5	10	10	10	23	41	0.00	0.13	0.73	0.24	_	_	<u> </u>	17.3
ĐĘ.	10	6	10	10	10	< 2	_	0.28	0.38	0.33	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	18.5
SN.	10	6	10	10	10	2 < 3	58	0.32	0.42	0.37	0.24	-	-	-	18.5
8	10	6	10	10	10	3 - 5	53	0.26	0.34	0.33	0.24	-	-	-	18.5
#Feg	10	6	10	10	10	10	52	0.30	0.38	0.39	0.24	-	-	-	18.5
å	10	6	10	10	10	15	47	0.39	0.49	0.51	0.24	-	-	-	18.5
9ge	10	6	10	10	10	20	47	0.50	0.63	0.65	0.24	-	-	-	18.5
Ą.	10	6	10	10	10	25	47	0.61	0.78	0.80	0.24	-	-	-	18.5
PAFE															
띭	10	7	10	10	10	< 2	-	0.25	0.40	0.36	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	19.5
9	10	7	10	10	10	2 < 3	58	0.30	0.45	0.40	0.24	-	-	-	19.5
E.	10	7	10	10	10	3 - 5	58	0.24	0.36	0.35	0.24	-	-	-	19.5
ZE Fe	10	7	10	10	10	10	52	0.28	0.40	0.42	0.24	-	-	-	19.5
<u>}</u>	10	7	10	10	10	15	47	0.36	0.52	0.54	0.24	-	-	-	19.5
99	10	7	10	10	10	20	47	0.46	0.67	0.69	0.24	-	-	-	19.5
3(0)T	10	7	10	10	10	25	47	0.56	0.82	0.85	0.24	-	-	-	19.5
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9	10	8	10	10	10	2 < 3	64	0.24	0.47	0.43	0.24	- 0.24		- 0.24	20.5
+5	10	8	10	10	10	3-5	58	0.24	0.38	0.38	0.24	-	-	-	20.5
jec	10	8	10	10	10	10	52	0.26	0.42	0.44	0.24	-	-	-	20.5
5 C	10	8	10	10	10	15	47	0.34	0.54	0.57	0.24	-	-	-	20.5
<pre>i+e.tx.us\DaTa\DATa\BMT\GROUPS\BMTDESGN\Projec</pre>	10	8	10	10	10	20	47	0.43	0.69	0.72	0.24	-	-	-	20.5
JE.	10	9	10	10	10	< 2	_	0.24	0.42	0.41	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	21.5
BM	10	9	10	10	10	2 < 3	70	0.26	0.50	0.46	0.24	-	-	-	21.5
S	10	9	10	10	10	3-5	64	0.24	0.40	0.40	0.24	-	_	-	21.5
Š	10	9	10	10	10	10	58	0.25	0.43	0.46	0.24	-	-	-	21.5
2	10	9	10	10	10	15	52	0.32	0.56	0.59	0.24	-	-	-	21.5
PM PM	10	9	10	10	10	20	47	0.40	0.71	0.75	0.24	-	-	-	21.5
Z															
DA	10	10	10	10	10	< 2	-	0.24	0.44	0.44	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	22.5
=	10	10	10	10	10	2 < 3	79	0.25	0.52	0.48	0.24	-	-	-	22.5
ZAT.	10	10	10	10	10	3 - 5	70	0.24	0.42	0.43	0.24	-	-	-	22.5
]\s	10	10	10	10	10	10	64	0.24	0.44	0.48	0.24	-	-	-	22.5
× د	10	10	10	10	10	15	52	0.30	0.57	0.61	0.24	-	-	-	22.5
+	10	10	10	10	10	20	52	0.38	0.73	0.77	0.24	-	-	-	22.5
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1) For box length = 8'-0"

2 AS1 thru AS4, AS7 and AS8 are minimum required areas of reinforcement per linear foot of box length. AS5 is minimum required area of reinforcement per linear foot of box width.

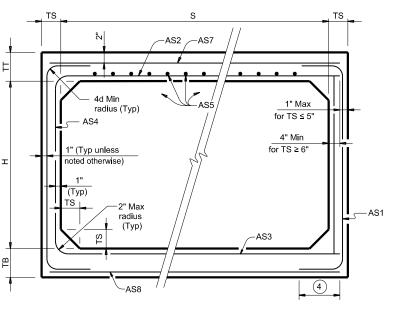


# FILL HEIGHT 2 FT AND GREATER



# SECTION A-A

(Showing top and bottom slab joint reinforcement.)



CORNER OPTION "A"

CORNER OPTION "B"

# FILL HEIGHT LESS THAN 2 FT

4 Length is equal to spacing of longitudinal reinforcing plus 2". (10" Min) (Typ)

MATERIAL NOTES:
Provide 0.03 sq. in./ft. minimum longitudinal reinforcement at each face in slabs and walls. This minimum requirement may be met by the transverse wires when wire mesh

reinforcement is used.
Provide Class H concrete (f c = 5,000 psi).

# GENERAL NOTES:

Designs shown conform to ASTM C1577. Refer to ASTM C1577 for information or details not shown.

See Box Culverts Precast Miscellaneous Details (SCP-MD) standard sheet for details and notes not shown.

In lieu of furnishing the designs shown on this sheet, the contractor may furnish an alternate design that is equal to

or exceeds the box design for the design fill height in the table. Submit shop plans for alternate designs in accordance with Item "Precast Concrete Structural Members (Fabrication)".



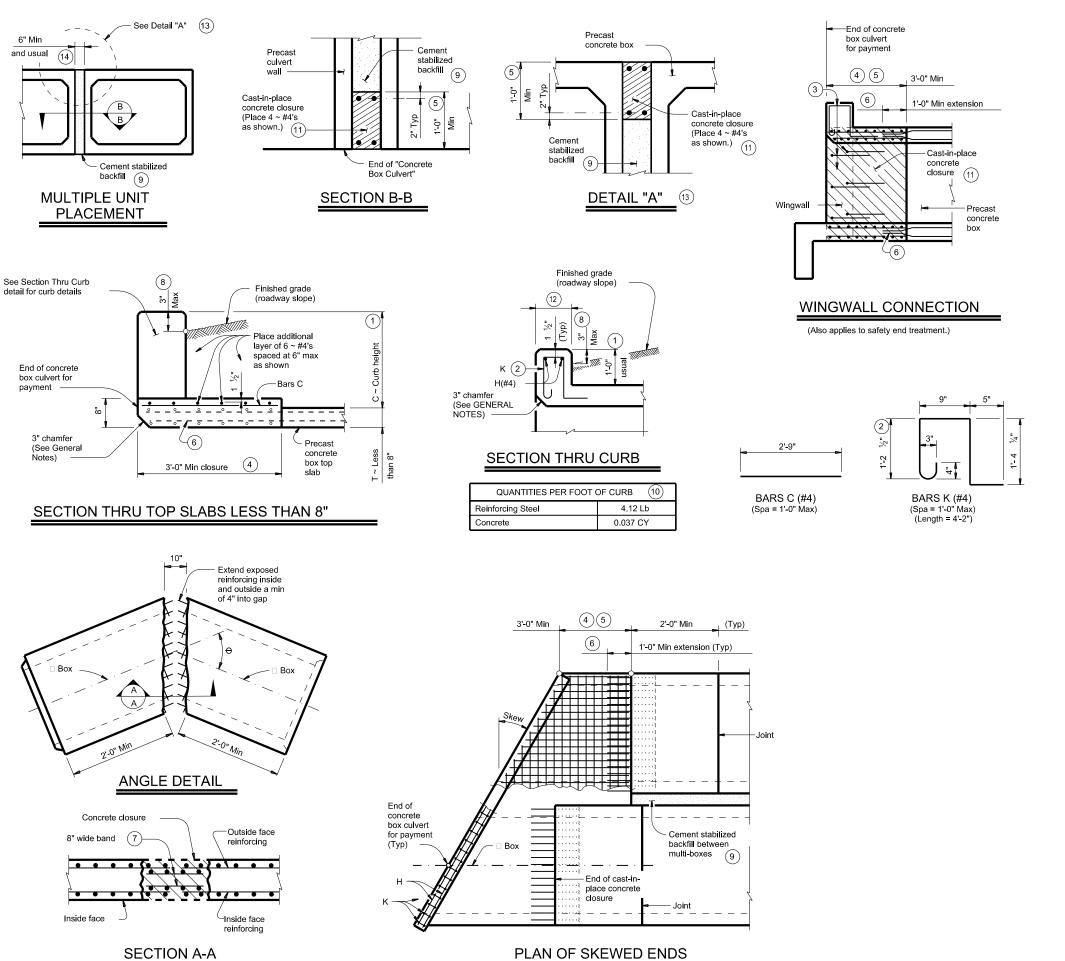


SINGLE BOX CULVERTS **PRECAST** 

10'-0" SPAN

SCP-10

			_	<i>-</i>	. 0				
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<b>©</b> TxDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT JOB				HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0920	30	093		OLD	HWY	90	
		DIST		COUN	TY		SHEET	NO.	
		BMT		ORAN	GE		4	4	



(Showing multi-box placement.)

- O" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail, bicycle rail, or curbs taller than 1'-0, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- 2 For curbs less than 1'-0" high, tilt Bars K or reduce bar height as necessary to maintain cover. For curbs less than 3" high, Bars K may be omitted.
- (3) Extend curb, wingwall, or safety end treatment reinforcing into concrete closure. Bend or trim, as necessary, any reinforcing that does not fit into closure area.
- Provide a 3'-0" Min cast-in-place concrete closure. Break back boxes in the field or cast boxes short. Provide bands of reinforcing in the closure that are the same size and spacing as in the precast box section. Provide #4 longitudinal reinforcement spaced at 12 inches Max within the closure. Except where shown otherwise, construct the cast-in-place closure flush with the inside and outside faces of the precast box section.
- (5) For multiple unit placements, adjust the length of the closure for the interior walls as necessary. Provide a 3'-0" Min cast-in-place closure in the top slab, bottom slab, and exterior wall. See Section B-B detail when interior walls are cast full length.
- 6 Extend precast box reinforcing a minimum of 1'-0" into concrete closure (Typ).
- Place bands of reinforcing matching the inside and outside face reinforcing in the gaps of the top and bottom slabs. Place a band matching the outside face reinforcing of the wall in the gaps of the walls (placed in the outside face only). Tack weld the bands to the exposed reinforcing at each point of contact.
- 8 For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
  - For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade.
  - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade. Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- Cement stabilized backfill between boxes is considered part of the box culvert for payment.
- 10 All curb concrete and reinforcing is considered part of the box culvert for payment.
- (11) Any additional concrete and reinforcing required for the closures will be considered subsidiary to the box culvert for payment.
- 12 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elsewhere in the plans.
- For multiple unit placement with overlay, with 1 to 2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding surface, provide wall closure as shown in Detail "A"
- This dimension may be increased with approval of the Engineer to allow the precast boxes to be tunneled or jacked in accordance with Item 476, "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box". No payment will be made for any additional material in the gap between ediacout boxes.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide ASTM A1064 welded wire reinforcement.

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) for the closures.

Provide cement stabilized backfill meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures."

Any additional concrete required for the closures will be considered subsidiary to the box culvert.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Refer to the Single Box Culverts Precast (SCP) standard sheets for details and notes not shown

Chamfer the bottom edge of the top slab closure 3 inches at culvert closure ends.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bars dimensions are out-to-out of bars.

#### HL93 LOADING

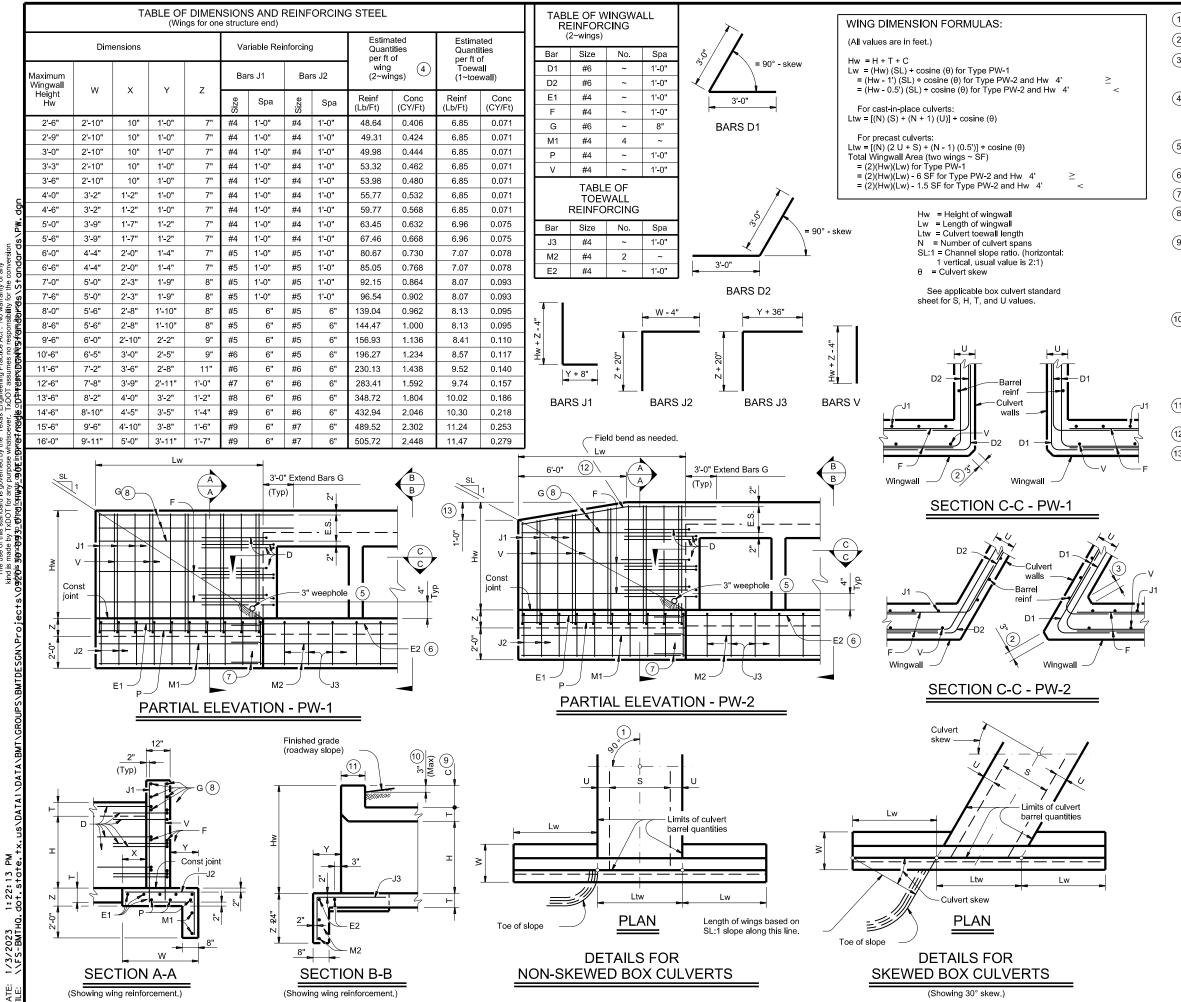


BOX CULVERTS

# PRECAST MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

# SCP-MD

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		DIST		COUN	TY			SHEE	T NO.
		ВМТ		ORAN	GE			4	5



1 Skew =  $0^{\circ}$ 

2 At discharge end, chamfer may be 3/4" minimum.

3 For 15° skew ~ 1" For 30° skew ~ 2" For 45° skew ~ 3"

(4) Quantities shown are for two Type PW-1 wings. Adjust concrete volume for Type PW-2 wings. To determine estimated quantities for two wings, multiply the tabulated values by Lw. Quantities shown do not include

5 Provide weepholes for Hw = 5'-0" and greater. Fill around weepholes with coarse gravel.

6 Extend Bars E2 1'-6" minimum into the wingwall footing.

(7) Lap Bars M1 1'-6" minimum with Bars M2.

8 Place Bars G as shown, equally spaced at 8" maximum. Provide at least two pairs of Bars G per wing.

(9) 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.

For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met: For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade.

For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade

Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.

(11) 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elswhere in the plans.

(12) 3'-0" for Hw < 4'.

(13) 6" for Hw < 4'.

#### DESIGNER NOTES:

Type PW-1 can be used for all applications and must be used if railing is to be mounted to the wingwall. Type PW-2 can only be used for applications without a railing mounted to the wingwall.

# MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (fc=3,600 psi). Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide galvanized reinforing steel if required elsewhere in the plans.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Depth of toewalls for wingwalls and culverts may be reduced or eliminated when founded on solid rock, when

directed by the Engineer.
See Box Culvert Supplement (BCS) standard sheet for wingwall type and additional dimensions and information. Quantities for concrete and reinforcing steel resulting from the formulas given on this sheet are for the Contractor's information only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.

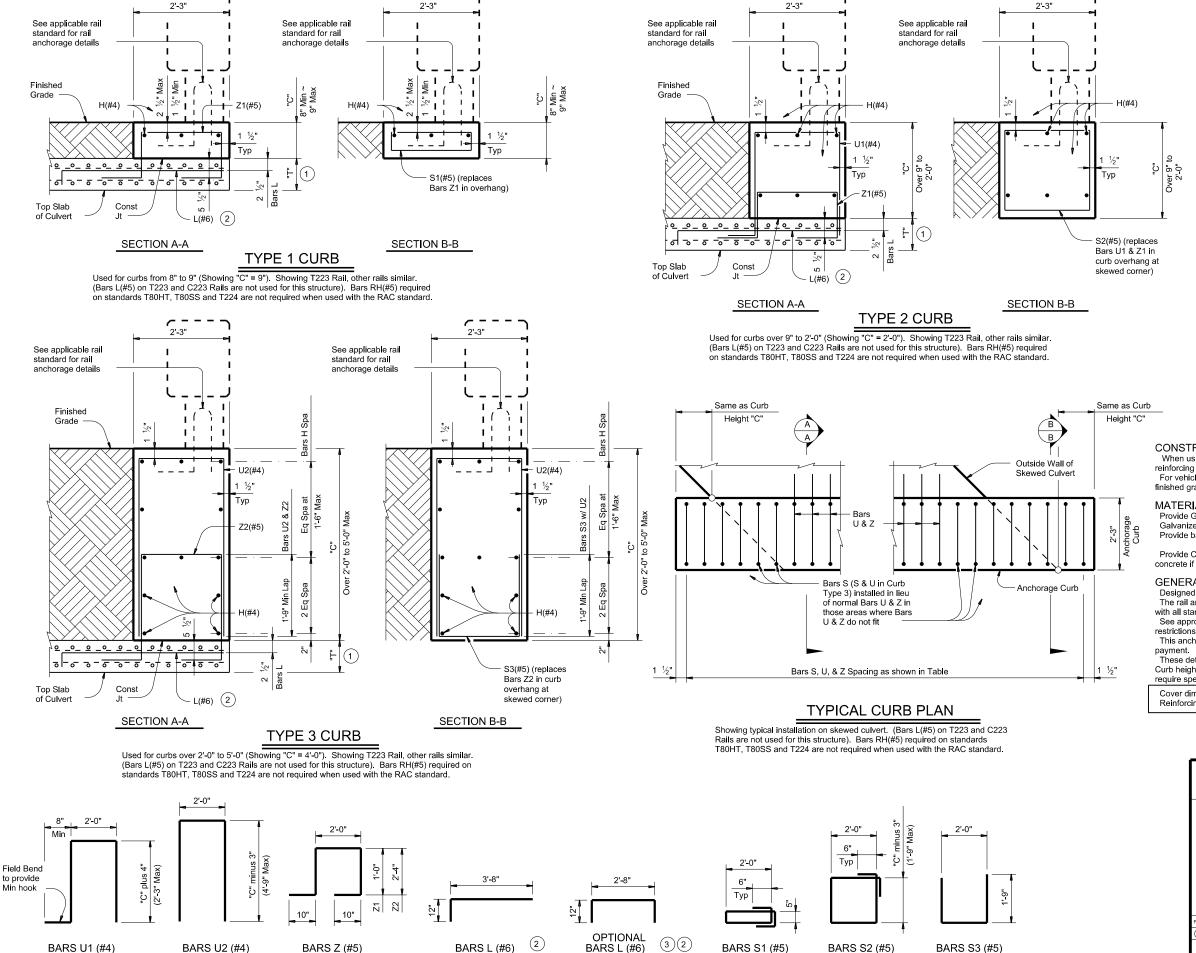


Bridge Division

# CONCRETE WINGWALLS WITH PARALLEL WINGS FOR **BOX CULVERTS** TYPES PW-1 AND PW-2

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<b>©</b> TxDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT		JOB			HIGHV	/AY	
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PW



Spaced at 6" Max

Spaced at 6" Max

#### **TABLE OF** REINFORCING SPACING

Curb Height "C"	Section Type	Bars S, U, & Z Spa
8" to 9"	1	12"
Over 9" to 2'-0"	2	9"
Over 2'-0" to 3'-0"	3	7"
Over 3'-0" to 5'-0"	3	5"

#### TABLE OF ESTIMATED OLIANITITIES

EST	IMATED QU	ANTITIES	$\odot$		
Curb Height "C"	Section Type	Reinf Steel (Lb/LF)	Class "C" Concrete (CY/LF)		
8"	1	21.5	0.056		
9"	1	21.5	0.063		
1'-0"	2	29.7	0.083		
1'-6"	2	30.6	0.125		
2'-0"	2	31.5	0.167		
3'-0"	3	44.6	0.250		
4'-0"	3	56.8	0.333		
5'-0"	3	60 O	0.417		

- 1 "T" is equal to the culvert top slab thickness. For Precast Boxes with slabs less than 8" thick, see SCP-MD Standard for additional details.
- 2 Tilt Bars L hook as necessary to maintain cover.
- Optional Bars L are to be used only for Precast Box Culverts with 3'-0" closure pours.
- Quantities shown are for Contractor's information only. Quantities are per Linear Foot of curb length. The values for each section type in table can be interpolated for intermediate values of Curb Height, "C"

#### **CONSTRUCTION NOTES:**

When using this anchorage curb, omit normal culvert curb reinforcing bars K and H shown on the culvert standard sheets. For vehicle safety, the top of the curb must be flush with the finished grade.

MATERIAL NOTES: Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize all reinforcing steel if required elsewhere.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-11"
Provide Class "C" concrete (f'c=3,600 psi). Provide Class "C" (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. The rail anchorage curb details have sufficient strength for use

with all standard rail types. See appropriate rail standard for approved design speed restrictions, notes and details not shown.

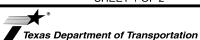
This anchorage curb is considered part of the Box Culvert for

payment.

These details are for use with curbs that are 8" to 5'-0" tall only. Curb heights that are less than or greater than those shown will require special design.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

# SHEET 1 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

# RAIL ANCHORAGE CURB

# **BOX CULVERT RAIL MOUNTING DETAILS**

(CURBS 8" TO 5'-0" TALL ONLY)

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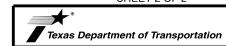
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# INSTALLATION AT PARALLEL CULVERT WINGWALLS

See culvert wingwall standard for bars and details not shown.

Bars G (#5), as identified on the PARALLEL WINGS PW standard sheet, must extend 1'-6" into the Anchorage Curb similar to that shown for a normal culvert curb.

SHEET 2 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

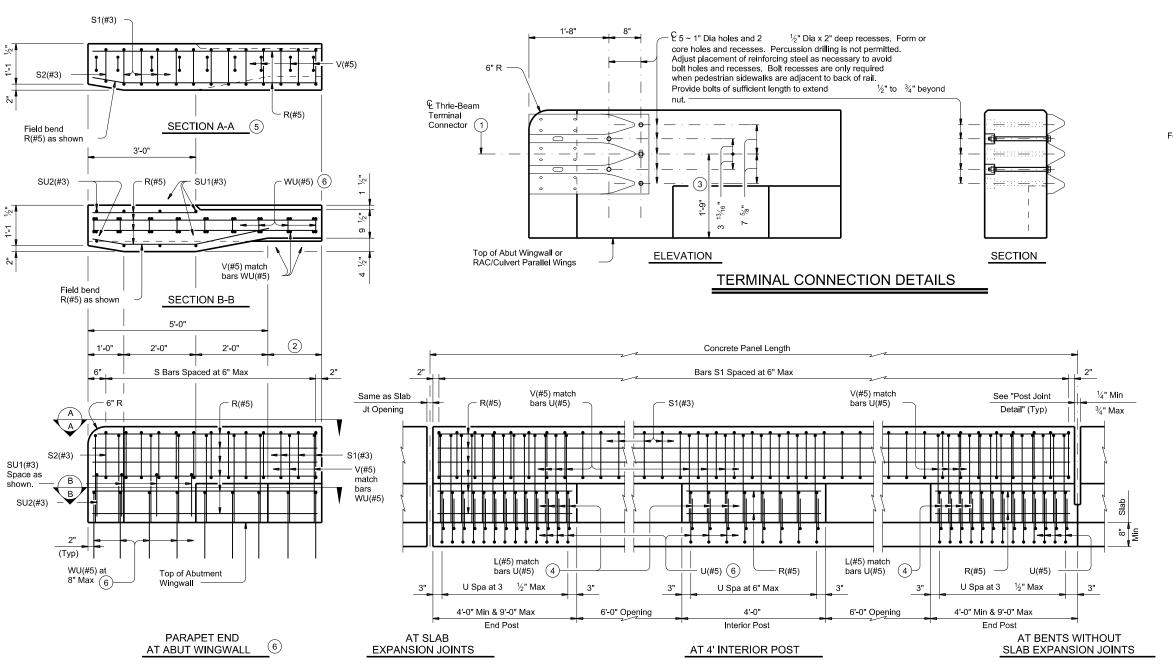
# RAIL ANCHORAGE CURB

BOX CULVERT
RAIL MOUNTING DETAILS

(CURBS 8" TO 5'-0" TALL ONLY)

RAC

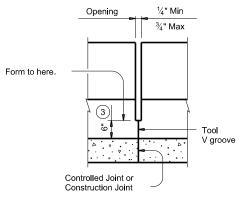
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# **ELEVATION SHOWING TYPICAL REINFORCING PLACEMENT**

Showing rail on slab. Rail on box culvert similar.

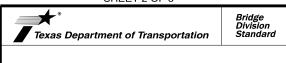
- 1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- 3 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- 5 Bars SU1(#3), SU2(#3) and WU(#5) not shown for clarity.
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on achorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.



# POST JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

SHEET 2 OF 3



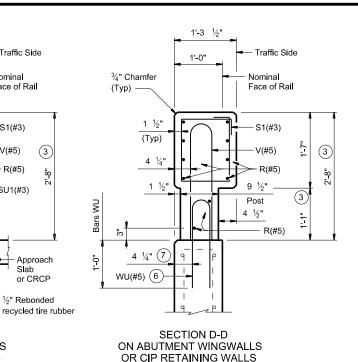
# TRAFFIC RAIL

# **TYPE T223**

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2'-5"

BARS L (#5)



Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)

3 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.

of Bars WU where bars conflict.

spacing is equivalent.

parallel wings.

to tie reinforcina.

Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab

bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if

6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located

7 When vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal

reinforcing in abutment wingwalls on traffic side of wall, move

8 Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus

At the Contractor's option, Bars V may be replaced by extending

Bars U to 2'-5 1/4" above the roadway surface without overlay

the horizontal wingwall/retaining wall reinforcing to the inside

on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert

Traffic Side

Nominal

Face of Rail

S1(#3)

SU1(#3)

Approach

or CRCP

1'-3 ½" 1'-3 ½" 1'-0" 1'-0" 3/4" Chamfer Nominal Nominal 3/4" Chamfer Face of Rail Face of Rail (Typ) (Typ) -S1(#3) S1(#3) Permiss Const Jt 3 (Typ) (Typ) Top of Slab Bars L, U and V 1-1 Post ₹\[3] L(#5) (4) Typical Water Barrier (if used) U(#5) (6) AT POST AT OPENING ON BRIDGE SLAB ON BRIDGE SLAB

**ELEVATION AT** ABUTMENT WINGWALL

Wingwall Length (Variable) 5'-0" Min

5'-0"

(2)

Face of

Abut Bkwl

#### **CONSTRUCTION NOTES:**

1'-0"

Face of rail and parapet must be vertical transversely unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Provide water barriers at openings draining onto undercrossing roadways and sidewalks. They may be cast-in-place or precast in convenient lengths and bonded to the bridge deck with an approved epoxy cement.

Chamfer all exposed corners

# MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are

epoxy coated or galvanized.

Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U, V, and WU unless noted otherwise. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0"

This rail has been evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details

Shop drawings are not required for this rail.

Average weight of railing with no overlay is 358 plf.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

### Epoxy coated ~ #5 = 3'-0"

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement

elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise

# SHEET 3 OF 3

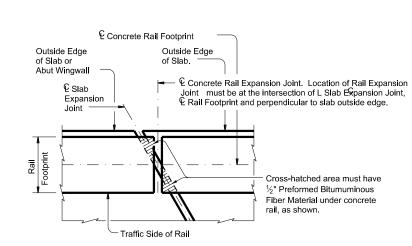


TRAFFIC RAIL

Bridge Division

### TVDE T222

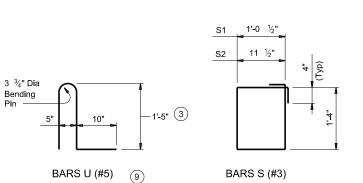
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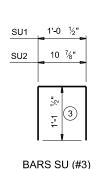


# PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS

Example showing Slab Expansion Joints without breakbacks

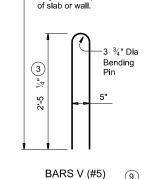
Installed bar may rest on top

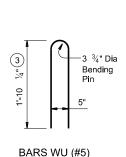




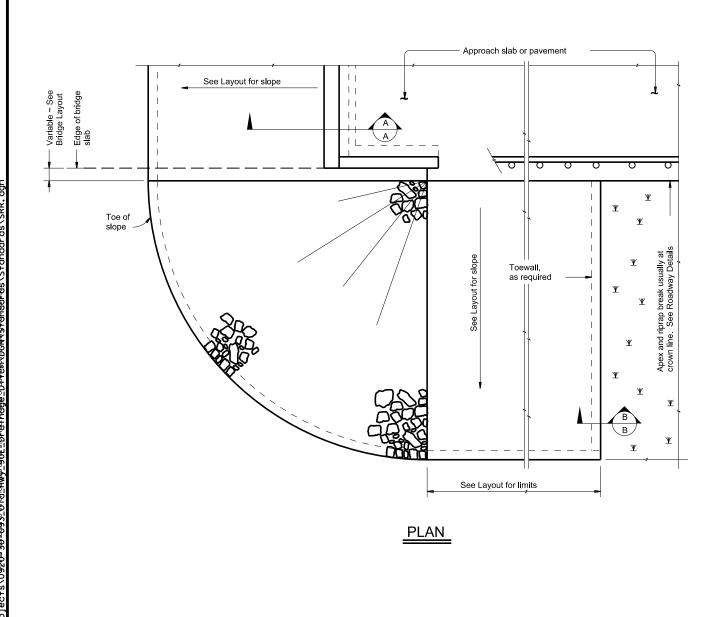
**SECTIONS THRU RAIL** 

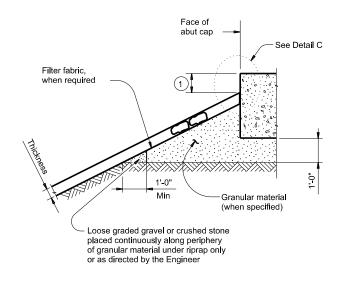
Sections on box culverts similar

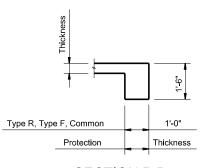




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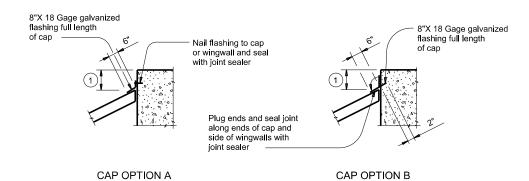




# SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

# SECTION A-A AT CAP

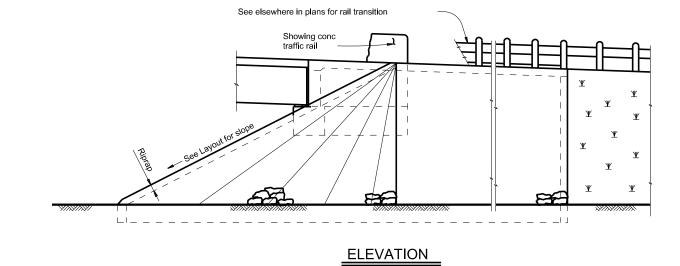


# DETAIL C

GENERAL NOTES: Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified.

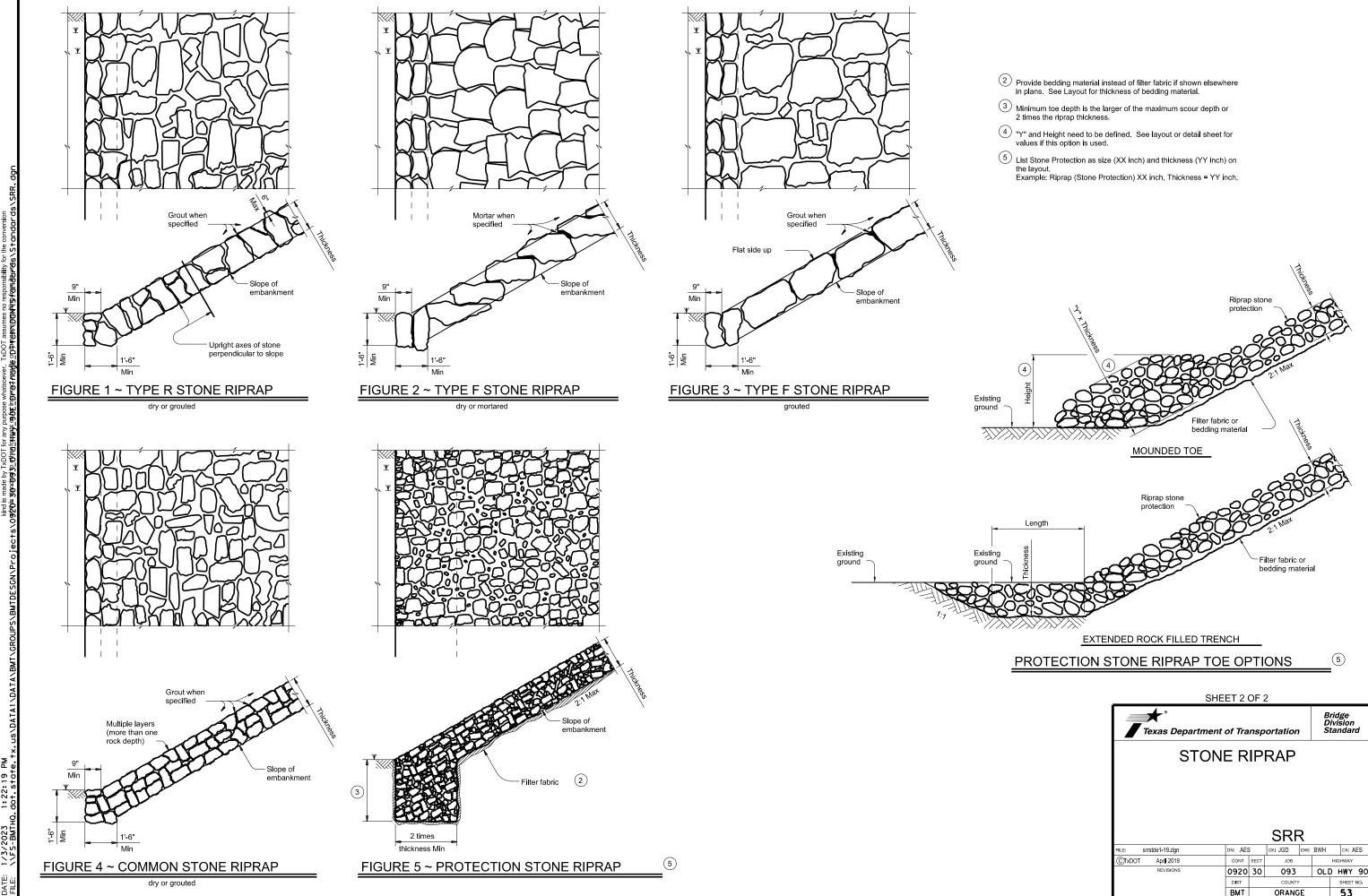
See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

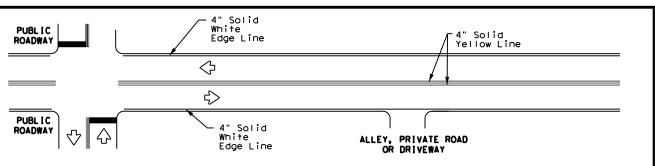
shoulder drains.



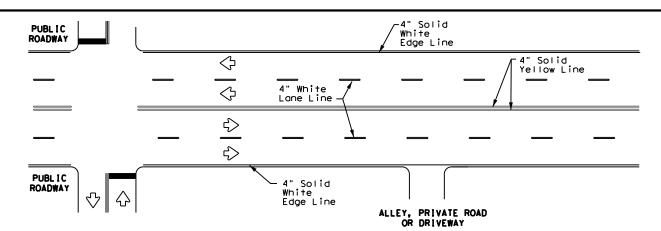
1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.



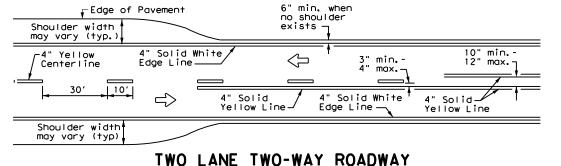




# TYPICAL TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



# TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



-6" min.

\_6" min.

10′

3" min.-4" usual

(12" max. for

traveled way

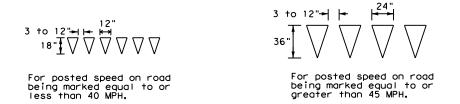
10′

-Edge of Pavement

 $\Rightarrow$ 

 $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ 

 $\Rightarrow$ 



# YIELD LINES

#### $\langle \neg$ 4" Solid White 4" White Lane Line\_ Edge Line 10′ -4" Solid Yellow Line -See Note 2-—See Note 1-10" min. max. ΔΔΔΔΔΔΙ 48" min. from edge Triangles line to 4" Solid Yellow stop/yield Storage Edge Line Deceleration \_\_\_ 4" Solid White $\Rightarrow$ White Lane Line Edge Line —

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

# NOTES

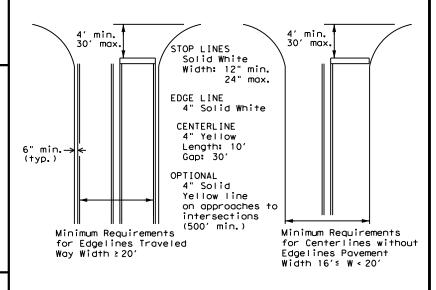
- 1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop bars/yield triangles) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop bars shall only be used with stop signs. Yield traingles shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

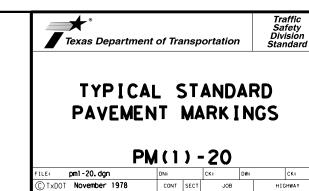
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



# GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



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093

ORANGE

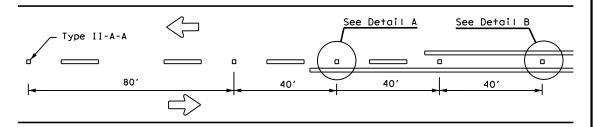
OLD HWY 90

8-00 6-20

5-00 2-12

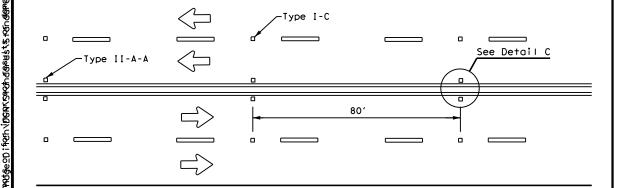
8-95 3-03 REVISION

# REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

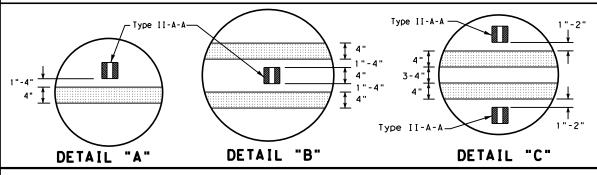


No warranty of any for the conversion

# CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS



# CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS

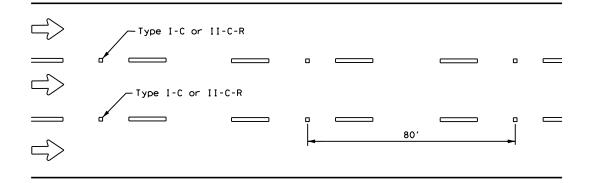


OR LÂNE LINE

OR LANE LINE

# Centerline Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 40' 40' Type I-C

# CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



# LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

# CENTER OR EDGE LINE <del>|</del> 12"<u>+</u> 1" 10' BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 18"<u>+</u> 1" -300 to 500 mil in height 12"<u>+</u> 1" 51/2" ± 1/2" 31/4 "± 3/4 "\$ A quick field check for the thickness 2 to 3"-of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. 2 to 3"--OPTIONAL 6" EDGE 4" EDGE LINE. LINE, CENTER LINE CENTER LINE NOTE

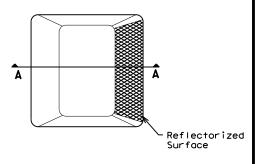
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

# GENERAL NOTES

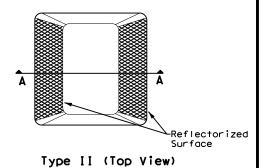
- 1. All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the stripes
- On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal joints.

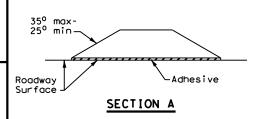
DMS-4200
DMS-6100
DMS-6130
DMS-8200
DMS-8220
DMS-8240
D

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

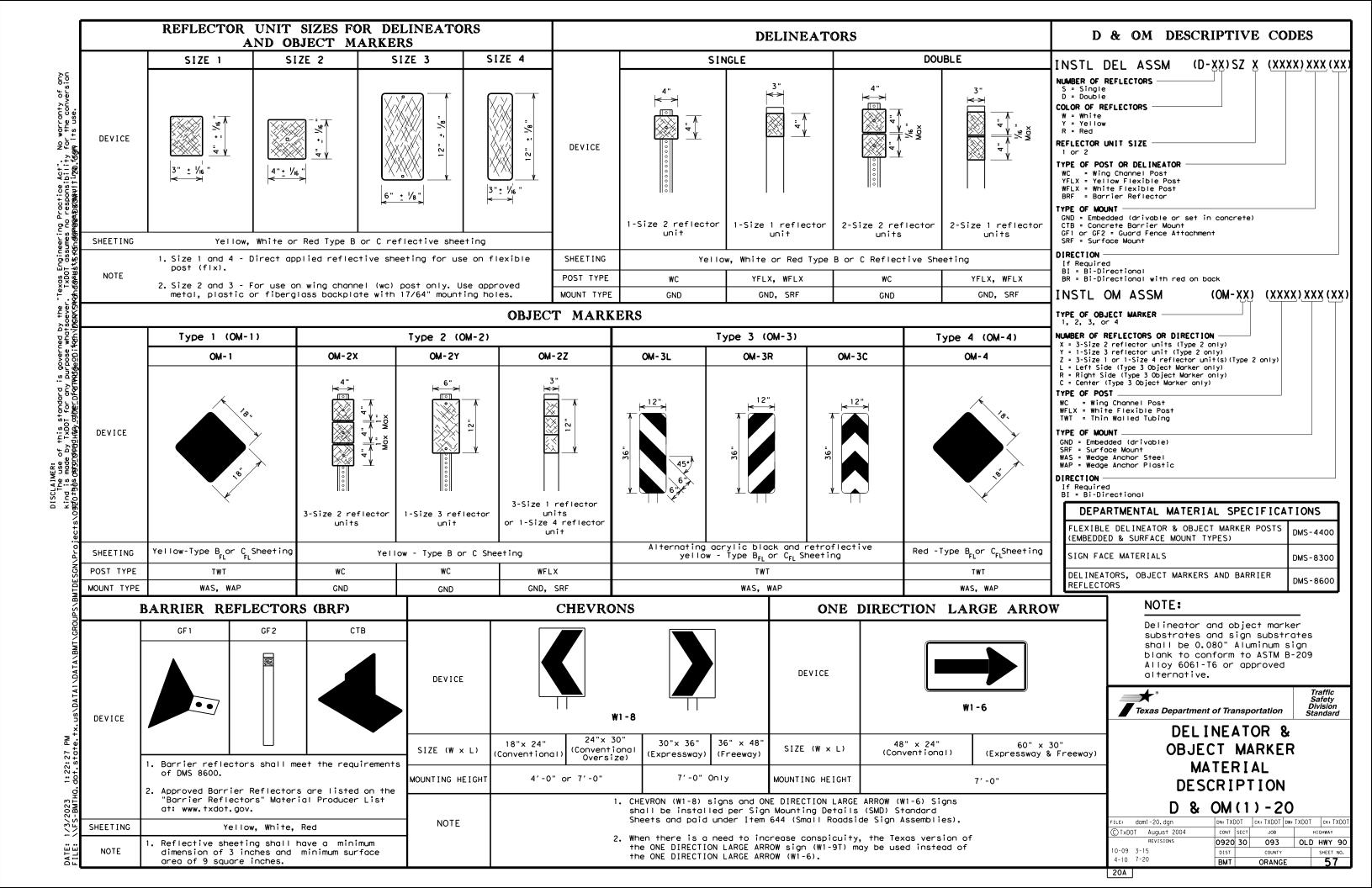


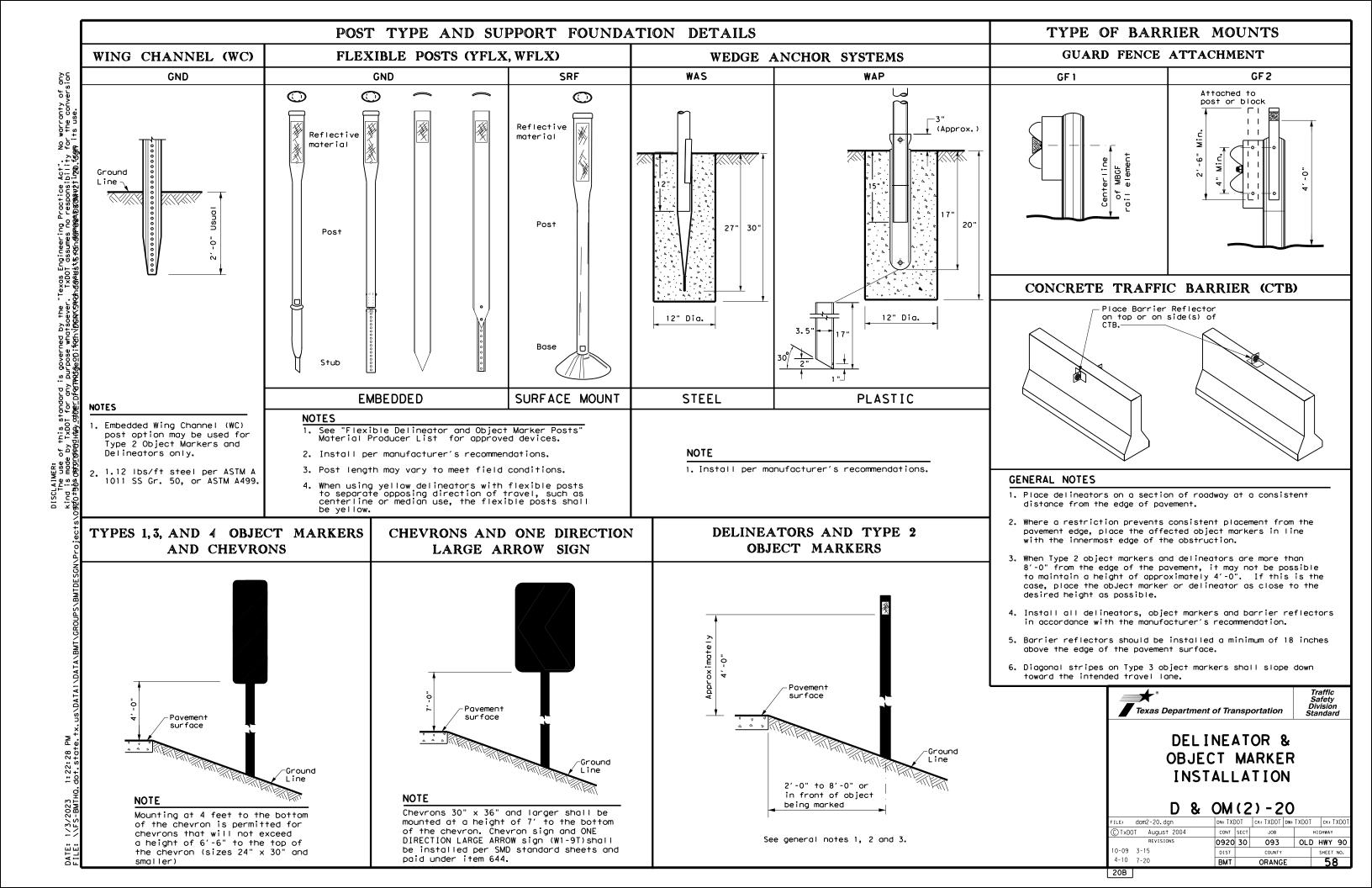
Traffic Safety Division Standard

POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE MARKINGS PM(2)-20

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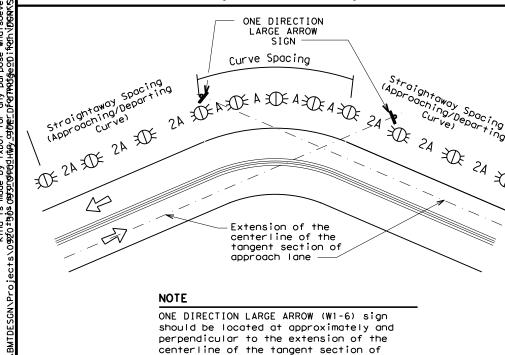




# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

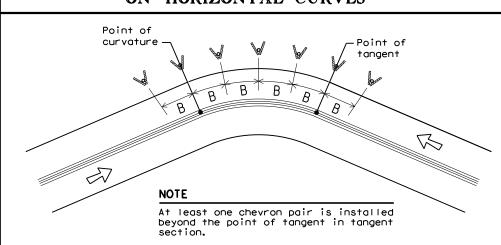
Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed				
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)			
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs			
15 MPH & 20 MPH	<ul> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign</li> </ul>	RPMs and Chevrons; or  RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.			
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of     chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons			

# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR	AND	<b>OBJECT</b>	MARKER	APPLICATION	AND SPACING

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100′max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end  Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
		See D & OM (5)
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet
NOTES		

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND					
<b>₩</b>	Bi-directional Delineator				
$\mathbb{R}$	Delineator				
4	Sign				

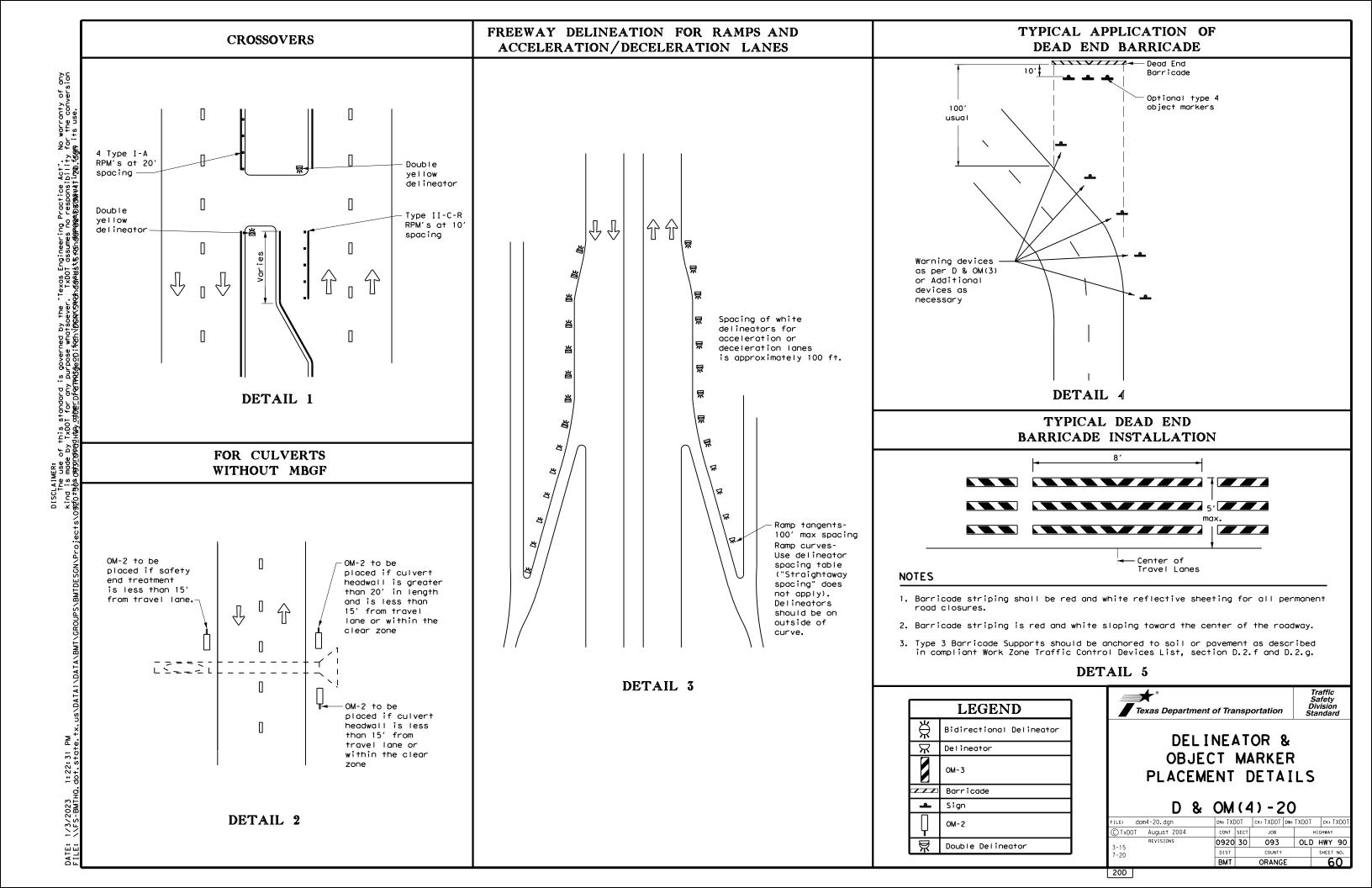


Traffic Safety Division Standard **DELINEATOR &** 

OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

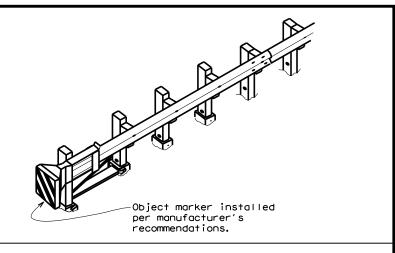
D & OM(3) - 20

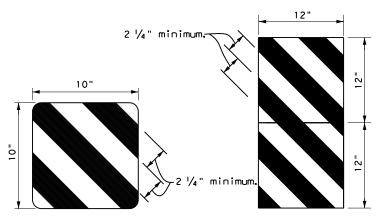
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C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB			ніс	HWAY	
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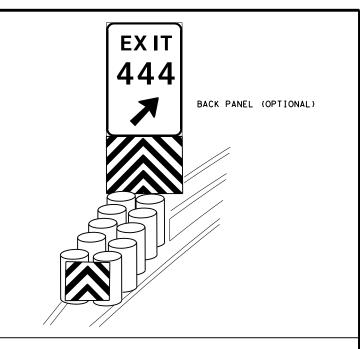
#### TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) No warranty of any , for the conversion GPR its use. See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 出 出 25 ft. 25 ft. | SCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". Ind is made by TxDOI for any purpose whotsoever. TxDOI assumes no responsibility Ind is made by TxDOI for any purpose whotsoever. 3- Type D-SW 3- Type D-SW /₩ 25 ft. delineators delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ apart apart 出 出 **MBGF** Type D-SW Type D-SW delineators delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ bidirectional bidirectional One barrier $\stackrel{\star}{\bowtie}$ One barrier reflector shall reflector shall be placed $\stackrel{\ }{\bowtie}$ Steel or concrete-П be placed directly behind Bridge rail directly behind each OM-3. each OM-3. The others The others $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ will have -Steel or concrete will have equal spacing Bridge rail equal spacing (100' max), but (100' max), but not less than 3 Bidirectional white barrier not less than 3 bidirectional Bidirectional bidirectional white barrier white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal spacing (100' max), but reflectors reflectors or delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ reflectors Equal spacing delineators not less than (100' max), but 3 bidirectional not less than 3 bidirectional white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ delineators Equal reflectors or spacina spacing delineators (100' max), (100' max), but not but not less than less than 3 total. 3- Type $\mathbf{x}$ $\mathbf{x}$ $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ 3 total. 3- Type $\stackrel{\star}{\bowtie}$ D-SW D-SW delineators MBGF delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' apart $\mathbf{R}$ $\mathbf{x}$ apart $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ Type D-SW <u>↓</u> ѫ ヌ 土 Edge Line Shoulder Type D-SW delineators delineators bidirectional Edge bidirectional $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\Re$ **MBGF** $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Traffic Safety Division Standard **LEGEND** 25 ft. 25 ft. 25 ft. Texas Department of Transportation $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Shoul Bidirectional Delineator DELINEATOR & $\mathbf{x}$ Delineator See Note See Note 1 **OBJECT MARKER** PLACEMENT DETAILS NOTE: NOTE: OM-2 D & OM(5) - 201. Terminal ends require reflective 1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer sheeting provided by manufacturer DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO dom5-20.dgn per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Terminal End © TxDOT August 2015 JOB Object Marker (OM-3) in front of Object Marker (OM-3) in front 0920 30 093 OLD HWY 90 the terminal end. of the terminal end. raffic Flow ORANGE

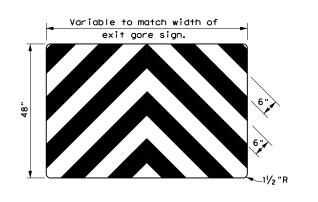
20E





OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT





#### NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2  $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.

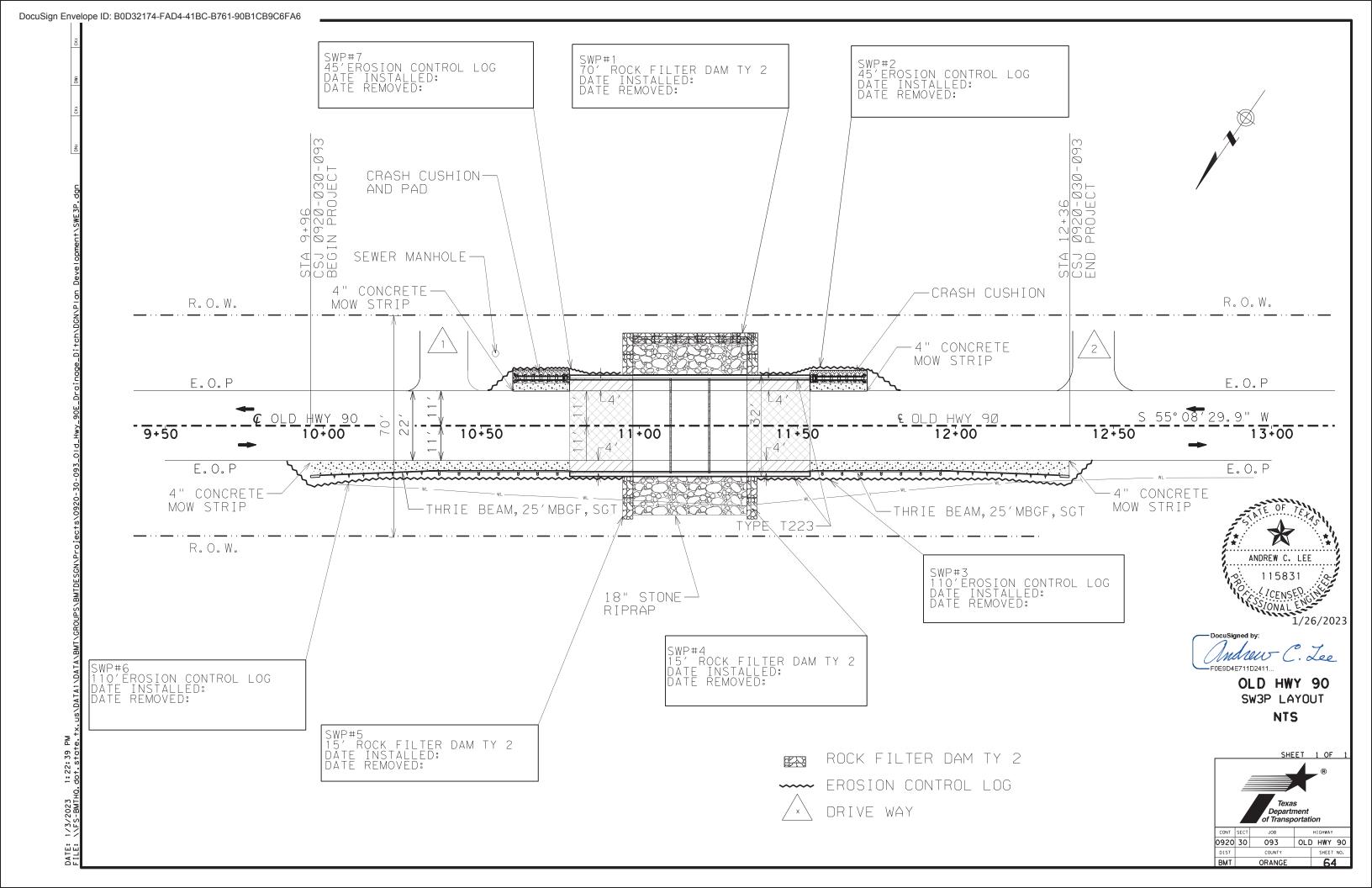


Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

<b>D G O</b> .	•- •	• •	• • •	_	•		
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CTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0920	30	093		OLD	HWY 90	
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 7-20	ВМТ		ORANG	Ε		63	



# STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept at the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

# 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0920-30-093

# 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

OLD HWY 90 E

To: (STR#201810C01835003)

# 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

-93°58'40.88"W BEGIN: (Lat) 30° 8' 34.95"N(Long) -93°58'38.63"W END: (Lat) 30° 8′ 36.12″N(Long)

0.046 1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres):

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): \_\_\_

# 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

REMOVE EXISTING BRIDGE, INSTALL PROPOSED BRIDGE REPLACE EXISITNG **CULVERTS. INSTALL STONE RIPRAP INSTALL** MBGF, CONSTRUCT APPROACH ROAD

# 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
Orcadia, 0 to 1 % slopes	65% orcadia, 35 % urban land,somewhat poorly drained, very high runoff classand very low erosion potential
Texla silt loam, 0 to 2% slopes	85% texla, 15% minor components: somewhat poorly drained, very high runoff, very low to moderately low erosion potential

# 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: ☐ PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

☐ PSLs determined during construction

■ No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

# 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

- Mobilization
   ■
   Mobilization
   Mobilization
   ■
   Mobilization
   ■
- Install sediment and erosion controls
- x Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- Remove existing pavement
- Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- Install proposed pavement per plans
- Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- Place flex base

Other:

- Rework slopes, grade ditches
- Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- Revegetation of unpaved areas
- Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:		
_		

Other:			

# 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over
- ▼ Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- ▼ Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- □ Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- ▼ Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- □ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

□ Other: _			
☐ Other:			

□ Other:	

#### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
0511E TERRY GULLY	0511 COW BAYOU TIDAL

\* Add (\*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- ▼ Perform SWP3 inspections

   Perform SWP3 inspectio
- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

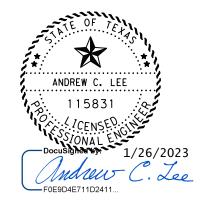
Other:			

☐ Other:	

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

- X Day To Day Operational Control
- X Maintain schedule of major construction activities
- X Install, maintain and modify BMPs □ Other

_ Culoi.			
- Othor:			
Uner.			



# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

	FED. RD. D[V. NO.		PROJECT NO.			
	STATE		STATE DIST.	C	COUNTY	
	TEXAS		BMT	O	RANGE	
CONT. SECT.		JOB	HIGHWAY I	•0•		
	092	0	30	093	OLD HW	Y 90

# STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

# 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

# 2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL

STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
□ Protection of Existing Vegetation
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Soil Retention Blankets
□ □ Geotextiles
□ □ Mulching/ Hydromulching
□ □ Soil Surface Treatments
□ x Temporary Seeding
□ 🛽 Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
☐ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs ☐ ☐ Book Filter Present Charles Present
☐ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams ☐ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Vertical Tracking
☐ ☐ Interceptor Swale
☐ ☑ Riprap☐ ☐ Diversion Dike
□ □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
□ □ Embankment for Erosion Control
□ □ Paved Flumes
□ □ Other:
☐ Other:
☐ Other:
□ □ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
□ □ Dewatering Controls
□ □ Inlet Protection
🗷 🛘 Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Sandbag Berms
□ □ Sediment Control Fence
□ Stabilized Construction Exit
□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
l Oth and
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

# 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Туре	Stati	oning
туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:
□ Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
□ Haul roads dampened for dust control
x Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
Stabilized construction exit
□ Other:

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- ▼ Chemical Management
- Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- Debris and Trash Management
- Dust Control
- Sanitary Facilities

	,		
Other:			

Other:		

Other:			
-			

Other:			
-			

# **2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:**

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Typo	Stationing			Stationing	
Туре	From	То			

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

# 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

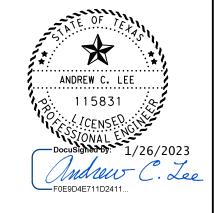
- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- ★ Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- ★ Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

# 2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.



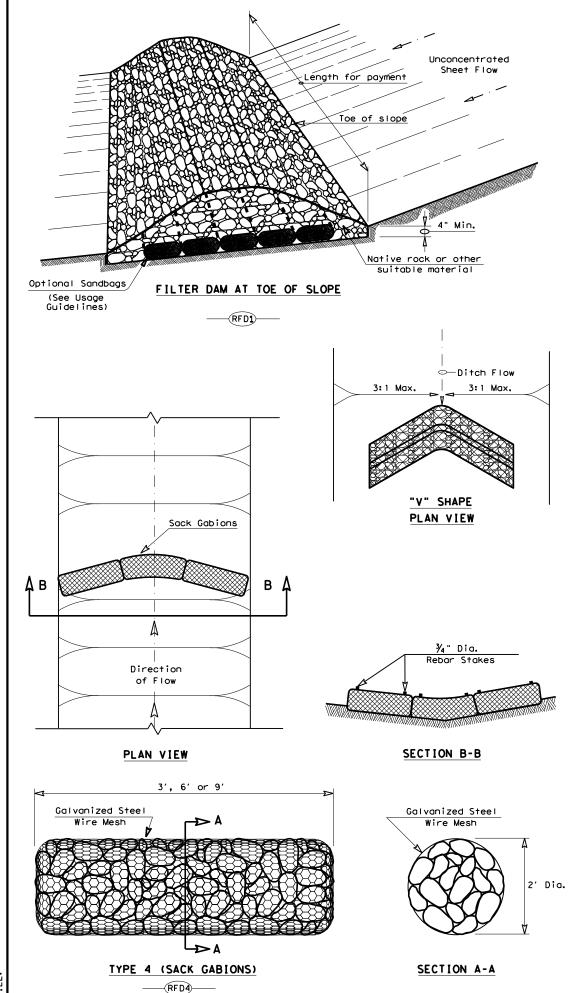
STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)

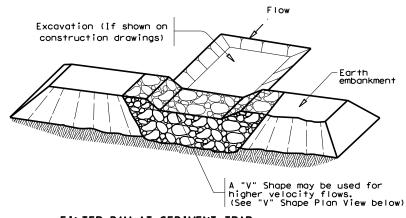


Sheet 2 of 2

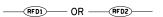
Texas Department of Transportation

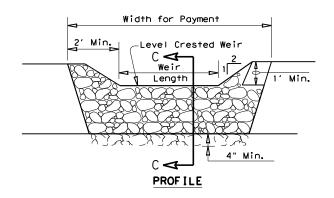
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					66		
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS	5		ORANGE				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	JOB HIGHWAY NO.			
0920	)	30	093	OLD HWY 90			

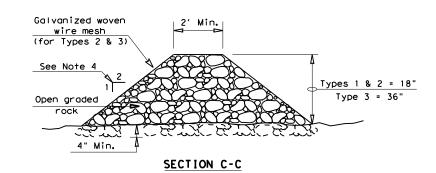




# FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







#### ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60  $\mbox{CPM/FT}^2$  of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

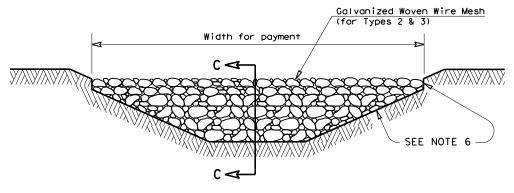
Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



# 

#### GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified.

  The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 ½" x 3 ½"
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by

#### PLAN SHEET LEGEND

Type 1 Rock Filter Dam RFD1

Type 2 Rock Filter Dam RFD2

Type 3 Rock Filter Dam RFD3

Type 4 Rock Filter Dam RFD4



Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2)-16

FILE: ec216	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	ow: VP	DN/CK: LS
C TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0920	30	093	Ol	D HWY 90
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BMT		ORANG	E	67

DATE: FILE:

TEMP. EROSION FLOW CONTROL LOG ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL STAKE AS SIDE AT THE CENTER, DIRECTED AT EACH END, AND AT ADDITIONAL POINTS AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG (4' MAX. SPACING), OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PLAN VIEW

Z

STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL

SIDE AT THE CENTER.

AT EACH END, AND AT

ADDITIONAL POINTS AS

NEEDED TO SECURE LOG

AS DIRECTED BY THE

ENGINEER.

(4' MAX. SPACING), OR

ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

STAKES FOR HEAVY

RUNOFF EVENTS

### FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. CONTROL LOG AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PLAN VIEW

#### STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, (TYP.) OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. R. O. W. **TEMPORARY** EROSION CONTROL LOG FLOW -DISTURBED AREA SECURE END BACK OF CURB OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED LIP OF GUTTER ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS

# PLAN VIEW

# TEMP. EROSION R.O.W. CONTROL LOG COMPOST CRADIF UNDER EROSION CONTROL LOG STAKE SECTION C-C





# TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG R.O.W. COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION CONTROL LOG SECTION B-B

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

(CL-BOC)

# SECTION A-A EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM



# LEGEND

CL-D - EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

TEMP. EROSION-

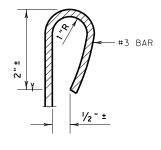
CONTROL LOG

(TYP.)

COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

- —(cl-boc)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- -EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY -(CL-ROW)
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING -(CL-SST
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING (CL-SSL)
- ← CL-DI → EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- (CL-CI) EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- (cl-gi)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



REBAR STAKE DETAIL

#### SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

Log Traps: The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project.

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

# SHEET 1 OF 3

DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION

CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

**GENERAL NOTES:** 

1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S

2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL

UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE

BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE

USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.

STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR

SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.

10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL

LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.

THE PURPOSE INTENDED.

ENGINEER.

DEFORMATION.

THE ENGINEER.

MESH.

MINIMUM

COMPACTED

DIAMETER

RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR

CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL

SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS,

REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE

FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL

TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER

SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE

#3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT

6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT

COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.

SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED

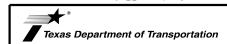
ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT

TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE

TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE

UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP

2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY



MINIMUM

COMPACTED DIAMETER

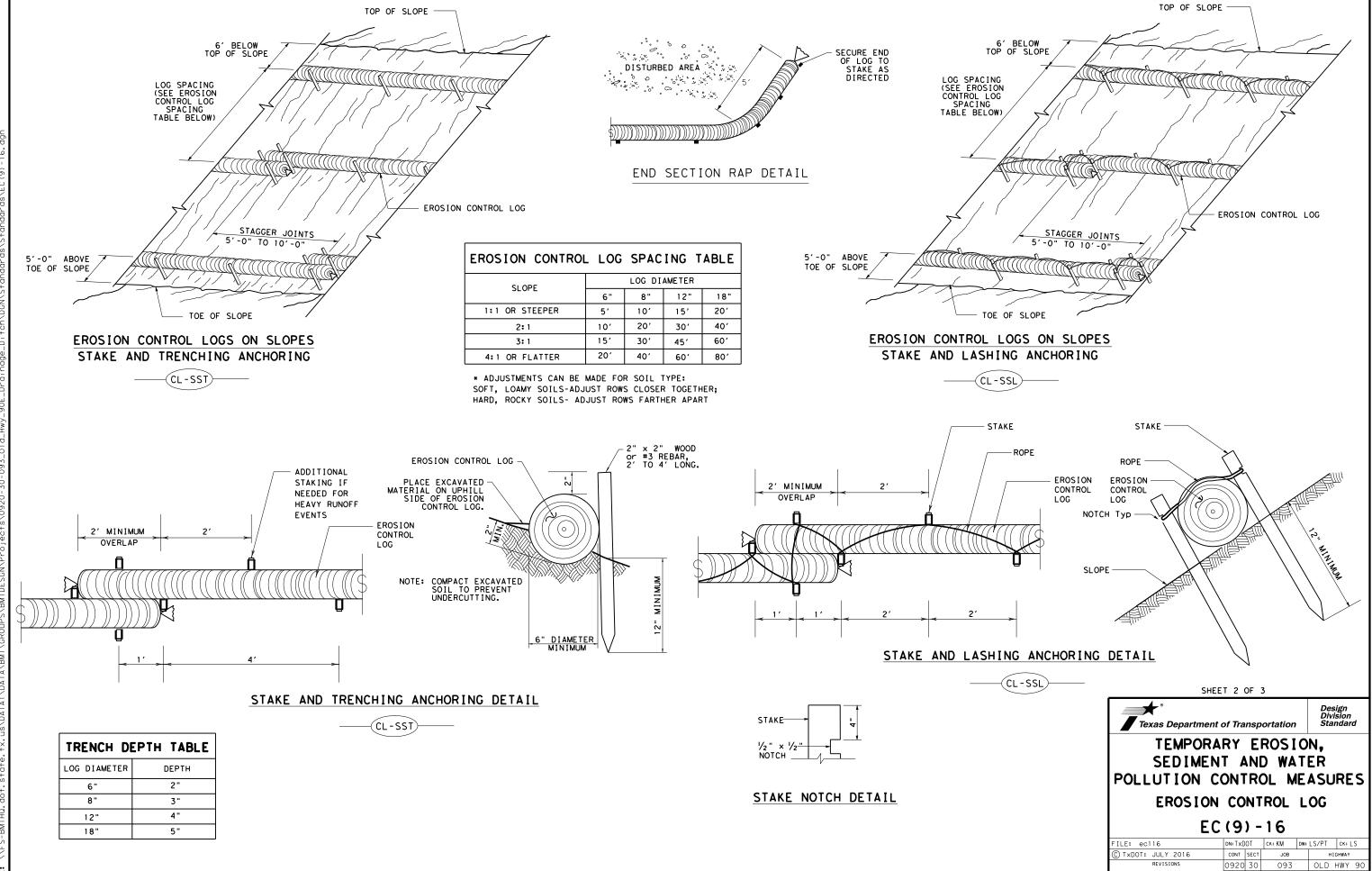
TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

**EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9) - 16

ILE: ec916	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		H1	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0920	30	093		OLD	HWY 90
	DIST	COUNTY SHEET		SHEET NO.		
	BMT		ORANG	F		68





EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET

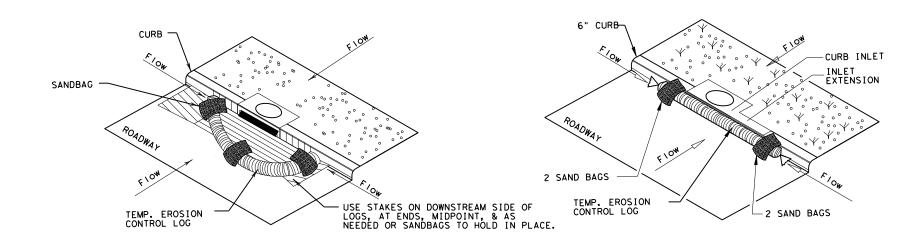
SANDBAG

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOG USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

# SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG FLOW STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL) EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

(CL-DÌ

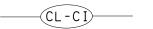
CURB AND GRATE INLET OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM



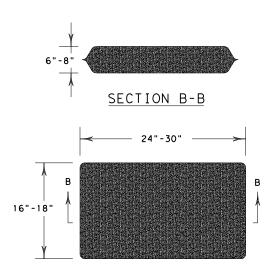
# EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

# EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET





NOTE:
EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS
SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE
TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE
STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



SANDBAG DETAIL

SHEET 3 OF 3



TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC (9) -16

	_		_					
FILE: ec916	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW:	LS/PT		ck: LS	_
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	
REVISIONS	0920	30	093		OLE	)	WY (	90
	DIST	ST COUNTY SHE		HEET N	٠.			
	ВМТ		ORANG	Ε			70	

11. 21	I ORMWATER POLLOTION PR	EVENTION-CLEAN WATER A	ST SECTION 402
	required for projects with 1 or me	Discharge Permit or Construction ( ore acres disturbed soil. Projects osion and sedimentation in accorda	with any
	List MS4 Operator(s) that may re They may need to be notified pr	eceive discharges from this proje rior to construction activities.	ct.
	1. TxDOT - Beaumont District		
	2. CITY OF VIDOR		
	No Action Required	Required Action	
	Action No.		
		controlling erosion and sedimento	ation in
	accordance with TPDES Perm 2. Comply with the SW3P and re	vise when necessary to controlpo	llution or as
	required by the Engineer.  3. The project is estimated to	involve less than one acre of soi	I disturbance.
	In the event the project dis	turbance acreage becomes equal to	o or greater
	coordination with DEQC for	applicable. Contact TxDOT project i necessary action.	nspector for
	· ·	construction materials and debris i e., cooling liquid, etc.) associated v	-
		ering any inlets, ditches, or waterwa	
l			
II. W	ACT SECTIONS 401 AND	S, WATERBODIES AND WETLA 404	ANDS CLEAN WATER
	USACE Permit required for filling water bodies, rivers, creeks, str	g, dredging, excavating or other wo eams, wetlands or wet areas.	ork in any
		all of the terms and conditions, in e of Texas, associated with the fo	-
	No Permit Required		
	Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN wetlands affected)	not Required (less than 1/10th ac	re waters or
	Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN	Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3	in tidal waters)
	Individual 404 Permit Require		
	Other Nationwide Permit Req	uired: NWP•	
		the US permit applies to, location ctices planned to control erosion, s	
		Contractor must construct accord activities within WOUS will require	
		staff. Contact the TxDOT Inspec ksite next to the water and do no	
	debris to fall into the water.	Note that to the water and do no	a and ii any
		Waters/Wetlands Regulatory Requ ' section found in the Beaumont D	
		gh water marks of any areas requ	iring work
	to be performed in the waters permit can be found on the Brid	of the US requiring the use of a r Ige Layouts.	nationwide
	Best Management Practices:		
	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS
	Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	Vegetative Filter Strips
	☐ Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems
	Mulch	Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin
	Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands
	Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	Wet Bosin
ı	Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost
	Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks
	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and So
ı	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Vegetation Lined Ditches
		Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	Sand Filter Systems
		Sediment Basins	

L STORAWATER POLICITION PREVENTION CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 400

III. CUL]	TURAL RESOURCES		VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CO
	☐ No Action Required	Required Action	☐ No Action Required
	Action No.  1. Refer to TxDOT Standard Specification archeological artifacts are found covery of archeological artifacts (betc.) cease work in the immediate immediately.	General (applies to all projects): Comply with the Hazard Communication And hazardous materials by conducting safety making workers aware of potential hazards provided with personal protective equipment Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Dused on the project, which may include, be Points, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chacompounds or additives. Provide protected products which may be hazardous. Maintain Maintain an adequate supply of on-site splin the event of a spill, take actions to min accordance with safe work practices, of immediately. The Contractor shall be responsed in the event of a spill, take actions to min accordance with safe work practices, of immediately. The Contractor shall be responsed in the event of a spills.  Contact the Engineer if any of the following.  **Dead or distressed vegetation (not all the transpilles, drums, canister, barrels and undesirable smells or odors.  **Evidence of leaching or seepage of any other evidence indicating possilly discovered on site.  List below any bridge class structure replaced, rehabilitated, removed, exten or state "None", if applicable.  If "None", then no further action is refor completing asbestos assessment/	
	GETATION RESOURCES  No Action Required  Action No.  1. Preserve native vegetation to the e adhere to Construction Specification 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in ording for invasive species, beneficial lands commitments.  2. Comply with "Vegetation and Habitat and Best Management Practices" see Environmental Field Guide.  3. Any equipment that comes into contact Clean, Drain, and Dry procedures to aquatic species. See https://tpwd.texas.gov/fishboat/boenenvironmental staff for guidance.  EDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THRE		
(	CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.		Provide results below:  Structure Location F TERRY GULLY 201810C0
	<ol> <li>If any listed species are noted in the project area, work shall cease and the TxDOT Inspector or DEQC must be notified immediately. Do not harm any encountered species.</li> <li>If caves or sinkholes are discovered on site, cease work in the area and contact the TxDOT Inspector or DEQC for guidance.</li> <li>Comply with "Wildlife: Regulatory Requirements and Best Management Practices" section found in the Beaumont District Environmental Field Guide.</li> <li>Contractor shall maintain compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and (TPW) Code Section 64.002. For compliance with MBTA and TPW Code, bridge demolition, clearing of vegetation, and tree trimming activities are to be scheduled from October 1 to February 14 (outside of migratory bird nesting season). Contractor is responsible for securing a qualified biologist to conduct a nest survey for any bridge demolition, tree trimming, or vegetation clearing that occurs during migratory bird nesting season. The qualified biologist must submit a survey protocol for approval by District environmental staff prior to construction. A nesting survey will remain valid up to five days. Any activity not completed within 5 days of a nesting survey will require another survey. Migratory bird nesting season is from February 15 to September 30. No removal of active nests is allowed during migratory bird nesting season: therefore, any structure or vegetation containing an active nest may not be disturbed, cleared, or trimmed. No removal of inactive nests is allowed during migratory bird nesting season except by an approved, qualified biologist. Contractor is responsible for ensuring all nests on bridge structures are removed prior to the start of nesting season. The full TxDOT MBTA guidance may be found here: https://ftp.txdot.gov/pub/txdot-info/env/toolkit/350-01-gui.pdf</li> <li>Contractor shall comply with TPWD MOU for Bird BMPs, Bot BMPs,</li> </ol>		If Asbestos is present, then TxDOT re to assist with the notification, develop management activities as necessary.  If Asbestos is not present, then TxDO prior to any scheduled demolition.  In either case, the Contractor is respectivities and/or demolition with carely asbestos consultant in order to minimed the materials or Contamination.  Action No.  1. Comply with TxDOT Standard if evidence of hazardous materials or contamination is 2. Notify TxDOT Inspector or Demolication in the materials of the materials o
CGP: CCDSHS: Tell FHWA: Fell FHWA: Fell FHWA: Mell FHMA: Mell FHMA: Multiple FHMA: Mell	Rare plant BMPs. https://ftp.txdot  LIST OF ABBR st Management Practice nstruction General Permit xos Department of State Health Services deral Highway Administration morandum of Agreement morandum of Understanding nicipal Separate Stormwater Sewer Syste gratory Bird Treaty Act tice of Termination tionwide Permit tice of Intent	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SWSP: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan PON: Pre-Construction Notification PSL: Project Specific Location TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System	DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL DEPARTMENT

# ARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

Required Action

rith the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and orkers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.

d keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: ids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing ds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS.

ent of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, lance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator ely. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup duct spills.

the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- ad or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- ash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- desirable smells or odors
- idence of leaching or seepage of substances
- other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination scovered on site.

below any bridge class structure(s), not including box culverts, being ced, rehabilitated, removed, extended or modified as part of this project,

one", then no further action is required. Otherwise TxDOT is responsible completing asbestos assessment/inspection and evaluation for presence of lead.

#### ide results below:

Structure <b>L</b> ocation	PSN	Element	Lead	Asbestos
TERRY GULLY	201810C01835003	VARIOUS	N/A	NONE PRESENT

pestos is present, then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant ssist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform gement activities as necessary.

pestos is not present, then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS to any scheduled demolition.

her case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement ities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and stos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

dous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

- Comply with TxDOT Standard Specification 7.12 and Special Provision 006-012
- materials or contamination is noted during construction.
- Notify TxDOT Inspector or DEQC of any hazardous materials spills including fuel, hydraulic fluid, etc.

#### ER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

ncludes regionalissues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

Required Action

Comply with "General Construction" section found in the Beaumont District Environmental Field Guide.

Texas Department of Transportation

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC



12/28/2022

TxDOT February 2019

DN: TxDOT CK: AM DW: VP CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0920 30 093 OLD HWY 90 ORANGE