#### INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

- 1 TITLE SHEET
- 2 INDEX OF SHEETS

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION,

WILL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL

FEDERAL - AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 2022).

NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS,

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER: STP 2023(338)HESG CONTROL-SECTION-JOB: 0909-22-195

# MCLENNAN COUNTY

#### **VARIOUS**

	ROADWA	Y LENGTH	BRIDGE LENGTH		TOTAL LENGTH	
CSJ	(FT)	(MI)	(FT)	(MI)	(FT)	(MI)
0909-22-195	1056.00	0.20	0.00	0.00	1056.00	0.20
TOTAL	1056.00	0.20	0.00	0.00	1056.00	0.20

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS
CONSISTING OF IMPROVING TRAFFIC SIGNALS
INSTALL REFLECTIVE BACKPLATES TO TRAFFIC SIGNALS



LOCATION MAP 1" = 4 MILES

EXCEPTIONS: NONE
EQUATIONS: NONE
RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE



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	PROJECTID STP 2023(338)HESG					
FED/DIV#	FED/DIV# HWY#					
6	VARIOUS					
STATE	DISTRICT COUNTY SHEET#					
TEXAS	WACO	MCLENNAN				
CONTROL	SECTION	1				
0909	22	195				

DESIGN SPEED

<u> A.D.T.</u>

MAIN LANES:

2020: 9,668 VPD 2041: 13,535 VPD

PUBLIC WORKS



CITY OF WACO TRAFFIC ENGINEERING 401 FANKILIN AVE WACO, TX 76701 PHONE 254-750-663

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: 10/11/2022

DocuSigned by:

amy Burlarley-Hyland

CITY OF WACO

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

11/4/2022

—DocuSigned by:

U+√2 | ,e.€.

AREA ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

11/04/2022

Outr Spelel, P.E.

DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION
PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

11/7/2022

DocuSigned by:

Stanley Swiate

69BD796DD564C9... DISTRICT ENGINEER

SHEET DESCRIPTION

# I. GENERAL

1	TITLE SHEET
2	INDEX OF SHEETS
3, 3A-3C	GENERAL NOTES
4	ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY SHEE
5	PROJECT SUMMARY

# II. TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS

6-17	* BC(1)-21 THRU BC(12)-21
18	* TCP (1-3)-18
19	* TCP (1-4)-18
20	* TCP (2-1)-18
21	* TCP (2-4)-18
22	* TCP (2-5)-18
23	* WZ(BTS-1)-13
24	* WZ(BTS-2)-13

### III. TRAFFIC SIGNAL STANDARDS

25	* TS-BP-20
26	* SMA-80(1)-12
27	* SMA-80(2)-12

# VII. ENVIRONMENTAL

28	EPIC
29	SW3P (WACO DISTRICT)
30	EC(1)-16
1 - 40	TA-BMP (WACO DISTRICT)



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ON THIS SHEET WITH A "\*" HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

JAMES E BAILEY, P.E.

P.E.

10-12-2022 DATE

# INDEX OF SHEETS

	2		
FED/DIV#		HWY#	
6		VAR	***
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET#
TEXAS	WACO	MCLENNAN	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	2
0909	22	195	

COUNTY: MCLENNAN SHEET COUNTY: MCLENNAN SHEET 3

HIGHWAY: VARIOUS CSJ: 0909-22-195 HIGHWAY: VARIOUS CSJ: 0909-22-195

#### **GENERAL**

The construction, operation and maintenance of the proposed project will be consistent with the state implementation plan as prepared by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

The disturbed area for this project, as shown on the plans is 0 acres. However, the Total Disturbed Area (TDA) will establish the required authorization for storm water discharges. The TDA of this project will be determined by the sum of the disturbed area in all project locations in the contract, and all disturbed area on all Project-Specific Locations (PSL) located in the project limits and/or within 1 mile of the project limits. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction site as shown on the plans, according to the TDA of the project. The contractor will obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for the discharge of storm water from any PSL for construction support activities on or off of the project row according to the TDA of the project. When the TDA for the project exceeds 1 acre, provide a copy of the appropriate application of permit (NOI, or Construction Site Notice) to the engineer, for any PSL located in the project limits or within 1 mile of the project limits. Follow the directives and adhere to all requirements set for th in the TCEQ, Texas Pollution Discharge Elimination System, Construction General Permit (TPDES, CGP).

There is a high probability that an environmentally sensitive area could be encountered on the contractor designated Project-Specific Locations (PSL) for this project (haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow pits, disposal sites, field offices, storage areas, parking areas, etc.). Item 7.6 "Project-Specific Locations", provides a listing of regulatory agencies that may need to be contacted regarding this project.

Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the Waco District at the following address:

Bill Compton - Wacoprebid@txdot.gov, 254-867-2707, 100 S. Loop Dr., Waco, TX Carmen Chau - Wacoprebid@txdot.gov, 254-867-2794, 100 S. Loop Dr., Waco, TX

Or Via phone or in person to the following individual(s): Area Engineer's: Clayton Zacha, P.E., 254-772-2890 Assistant Area Engineer's: Jeff Jackson, P.E. 254-772-2890

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Area Engineer or Assistant Area Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address: <a href="https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/">https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/</a>

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Paper copies of cross-sections may be produced by using the provided .pdf file located on the above FTP Website at the bidders' expense and at copying companies. This data is for non-construction purposes only and it is the responsibility of the prospective bidder to validate the enclosed data with appropriate plans, specifications and estimate for the project(s).

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

#### **ITEM 5: CONTROL OF THE WORK**

Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Department. Contractor is responsible for impacts to the project schedule and cost resulting from the use of alternates.

Underground utilities owned by the City of Waco may be present within the Right-Of-Way on this project. For signal, illumination, surveillance, and communications & control maintained by TxDOT, call the Traffic Signal Office (254)749-7373 for locates a minimum of 48 hours in advance of excavation. If a city or town owned irrigation facilities are present, call the appropriate department of the local city or town a minimum of 48 hours in advance of excavation. The Contractor is liable for all damages when utilities are damaged due to Contractor's negligence including, but not limited to, repair or replacement at the Contractor's expense.

#### **ITEM 6: CONTROL OF MATERIALS**

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link. <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html">https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html</a> for clarification on material categorization.

References to manufacturer's trade name or catalog numbers are for the purpose of identification only and the contractor will be permitted to furnish like materials of other manufacturers provided they are of equal quality and comply with specifications for this project.

#### **ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

No significant traffic generator events identified.

If utilizing private property for waste disposal sites, field office sites, equipment storage sites or for any other purpose involved with this project, provide to the Engineer written proof of the property owner's approval of the use of this property. This proof may be in the form of a letter or agreement signed by the property owner or other documents acceptable to the Engineer.

Personal vehicles of the contractor's employees will not be parked within the right of way at any time including any section closed to public traffic, unless the vehicle is being utilized for construction procedures. However, the contractor's employees may park on the right of way at the sites where the contractor has his office, equipment and materials storage yard.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET A GENERAL NOTES SHEET B

COUNTY: MCLENNAN SHEET COUNTY: MCLENNAN SHEET 3A

HIGHWAY: VARIOUS CSJ: 0909-22-195 HIGHWAY: VARIOUS CSJ: 0909-22-195

The contractor is alerted to the possible presence of swallows under the existing bridges or culverts. Because the migratory bird treaty act prohibits harm to swallows, their eggs or their nestlings, the contractor will not begin potentially disturbing activities on or near the bridge until the birds have abandoned any occupied nests (approximately September 1). Active nests may not be removed regardless of the date.

Prior to the swallows returning to the nests (approximately March 1), abandoned nests will be removed from the bridge. The contractor will prevent the establishment of new nests on any portion of the structure. Methods for preventing the establishment of new nests must be approved by the project Engineer. Examples of acceptable nest prevention methods are bird-deterrent netting and bird-repelling sprays and/or gels to be applied to the structure. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

The Contractor will submit detailed site-specific plans for work in each "water of the United States" designated on the EPIC sheet. These plans must be approved by the TxDOT Engineer prior to starting any work in these areas. The plans must also describe facilities and work activities adjacent the Ordinary High-Water Marks. The plan must show actual dimensions and materials for:

- Proposed construction roads and work areas leading to or in close proximity to the Ordinary High-Water Marks
- Temporary material or equipment storage areas in close proximity to the Ordinary High-Water Marks
- Locations of proposed sediment and erosion control devices
- Identification of construction equipment and construction techniques to accomplish the work

Once this drawing and supporting information is reviewed and approved by TxDOT, all construction workers should be made aware of the limits designated on the drawings by the Contractor's supervision. Work in all waters of the US will be limited to the minimum necessary required to construct the bridge, culvert or roadway fills. Work will also include all activities needed for bridge and culvert demolitions. Working or disturbing soil in the stream channel outside the limits of the work plan will not be allowed. Orange fencing will be provided and maintained to establish the TxDOT approved boundaries in which work may be conducted between the Ordinary High-Water Marks. Orange fencing will not be paid for but will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling".

#### Law Enforcement Personnel.

Submit charge summary and invoices using the Department forms.

Patrol vehicles must be clearly marked to correspond with the officer's agency and equipped with appropriate lights to identify them as law enforcement. For patrol vehicles not owned by a law enforcement agency, markings will be retroreflective and legible from 100 ft. from both sides and the rear of the vehicle. Lights will be high intensity and visible from all angles.

No payment will be made for law enforcement personnel needed for moving equipment or payment for drive time to/from the event site. A minimum number of hours is not guaranteed. Payment is for work performed. If the Contractor has a field office, provide an office location for a supervisory officer when event requires a supervising officer. This work is subsidiary.

A maximum combined rate of \$65 per hour for the law enforcement personnel and the patrol vehicle will be allowed. Any scheduling fee is subsidiary per Standard Specification 502.4.2.

Cancel law enforcement personnel when the event is canceled. Cancellation, minimums or "show up" fees will not be paid when cancellation is made 12 hours prior to beginning of the event. Failure to cancel within 12 hours will not be cause for payment for cancellation, minimums, or "show up" time. Payment of actual "show up" time to the event site due to cancellation will be on a case by case basis at a maximum of 2 hours per officer.

Alterations to the cancellation and maximum rate must be approved by the Engineer or predetermined by official policy of the officers governing authority.

#### **ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS**

This Project will be a Standard Workweek in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4.

For this project, provide a Bar Chart progress schedule.

#### **ITEM 500: MOBILIZATION**

Material On Hand (MOH) will not be used in calculating partial payments for Mobilization.

#### ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Access will be provided to all business and residences at all times. Where turning radii are limited during phased construction at intersections, provide all weather surfaces such as RAP or base in turning movements to accommodate and to protect the traffic from edge drop-offs. Materials, labor, maintenance and removal for these temporary accesses and radii will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

A meeting between the contractor and Engineer to discuss upcoming changes in construction phasing and traffic switches is required at least fourteen (14) days prior to the phase change. Items to be discussed at this meeting include temporary signing, traffic control, pavement markings, the processes necessary for the phase change and subcontractor scheduling.

Provide written proposed lane closure information by 1:00 pm on the business day prior to the proposed closures. Do not close lanes when this requirement is not met.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET C GENERAL NOTES SHEET D

COUNTY: MCLENNAN SHEET COUNTY: MCLENNAN

HIGHWAY: VARIOUS CSJ: 0909-22-195 HIGHWAY: VARIOUS CSJ: 0909-22-195

When excavation is required next to a pavement lane carrying traffic and the widening is not completed by the end of the work day, backfill against the edge of the pavement with at least a 3:1 slope using an acceptable material to support vehicular traffic. Carefully remove and dispose of this material when work resumes. Backfilling pavement edges, and the materials required for the work will be subsidiary to this item.

Place barricades and signs in locations that do not obstruct the sight distance of drivers entering the highway from driveways or side streets.

Provide rectangular shape (CW12-2P) Temporary Clearance Signs on all bridges where the existing vertical clearance has changed. Install Signs to the satisfaction of the Engineer prior to opening to traffic. Plywood sign blanks will have minimum dimensions of 84" X 12". Work performed and materials are subsidiary to this item.

As approved by the Engineer, provide uniformed off duty police officers and squad cars during lane or ramp closures, night time work or other situations that indicate a need for additional traffic control to protect the traveling public or the construction workforce. Provide documentation such as payroll, log sheets with signatures and badge number, or invoices from the government entity providing the officers for reimbursement. Complete the weekly tracking form provided by the department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided. Reimbursement will not be made for coordination fees charged by any party.

The Contractor Responsible Person(s) (CRP) for Work Zone Traffic Controls will inspect and ensure any deficiencies are corrected each and every day throughout the duration of this contract. Any misaligned or damaged traffic control devices will be repaired as soon as practical after deficiency is discovered.

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee(s) available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within One (1) Hour.

At locations where new traffic signals are being installed and no existing traffic signals are in place, install temporary "SIGNAL AHEAD" signs (W3-3, 36X36). Place the signs when the new signal is turned on flash mode and remain until the barricades are removed or as approved. Payment for the supply and installation of the temporary signs will be subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling".

Traffic Control Plans with Lane Closures causing backups of 20 minutes or greater in duration will be modified by the Engineer.

#### ITEM 506: TEMPROARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

The Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) consists of temporary erosion control measures needed and provided for under this Item. The disturbed area is less than one acre and use of erosion control measures is not anticipated. If physical conditions encountered at the job site require necessary controls, BMP installation, maintenance, and removal will be paid as extra work on a force account basis per Articles 4.4 and 9.7

#### **ITEM 620: ELECTRIAL CONDUCTORS**

Place the communications and/or coaxial cables in a separate conduit from the 120 or 240-volt electrical conductors.

SHEET 3B

Any damage to any wire or any cable is cause for immediate rejection of the entire cable being tested. Remove and replace the entire cable at the Contractor's expense.

For both transformer and shoe-base type illumination poles, provide double-pole breakaway fuse holder from manufacturers pre-qualified by the Traffic Operations Division.

Provide ten (10) amp time delay fuses.

#### **ITEM 624: GROUND BOXES**

Ground box locations shown on the plans are approximate locations. Actual locations are as directed.

#### **ITEM 628: ELECTRICAL SERVICES**

Contact the Electric Utility Company to make all necessary arrangements to provide electrical service shown on the plans in accordance with Article 628.5 and the Electrical Details, except that TxDOT will make application to the Electric Utility Company for service (See note below).

#### NOTE:

Before fabricating the electrical service, contact the Waco District Traffic Signal Service Supervisor (Phone (254) 867-2807), to make application (billing arrangements) for service with the Electric Utility Company.

Furnish and install a lock on all electrical services. The lock is to be a Master-Lock number 2195.

The proposed electrical service location will be approved by TxDOT prior to installation.

#### ITEM 636: SIGNS

Verify all dimensions at the actual proposed sign location in order to maintain dimensions as shown on the Sign Mounting Details.

Stake the location of the new signs to be approved.

#### **ITEM 680: HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SIGNALS**

If there are existing traffic signals presently in operation within the project limits, keep the existing signals in operation until the proposed signals are in operation, or as directed. Remove the old signals and equipment.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET E GENERAL NOTES SHEET F

COUNTY: MCLENNAN SHEET

HIGHWAY: VARIOUS CSJ: 0909-22-195

Maintain the integrity and function of each existing signalized intersection. Once the integrity or function of the signal is altered, continue work at that location without delay or interruption until restoring to the original or final operational design.

The contractor will furnish traffic signal controller and cabinets. Notify the City Traffic Signal Shop twenty-one (21) days prior to turning on signals.

#### ITEM 682: VEHICLE AND PEDESTRAIN SIGNAL HEADS

Provide new signal head housings with black aluminum housings and back plates.

Cover all signal heads installed, but not in operation, in an approved manner from the time of installation until the signal is placed in operation. This will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 682, "Vehicle and Pedestrian Signal Heads".

Provide and install standard detachable tunnel visors on all signal heads. Provide and install all necessary mounting hardware to insure proper mounting of all signal heads. The mounting hardware and attachments will be new (no reuse of old existing attachment hardware) and the same color as the signal head housings. Use signal heads made of aluminum with 12 inch LED indications and aluminum back plates.

Install signal heads mounted on mast arms, as described on the Traffic Signal Support Structures Details, or as approved. Mount signal heads mounted on end of arm with a 90 degree mast arm elbow fitting as shown on the Structure Assembly on the Traffic Signal Support Structures Details.

Ensure that each signal head has a minimum vertical clearance of 18.5 feet and a maximum vertical clearance of 19 feet between the bottom edge of the signal head and the surface of the roadway.

#### ITEM 686: TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE ASSEMBLIES (STEEL)

No exposed signal cable on the mast arm assemblies will be allowed. Install the signal cable so it will exit the mast arm directly behind each signal head as directed. This will require drilling holes in the mast at the exact location for each signal head. Drip loops are not allowed.

#### **ITEM 6185: TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATORS**

The total number of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) required when utilizing the traffic control standards are shown in the tables below.

TCP1 Series	Scei	nario	Require	ed TMA
(1-3)-18	Α	В	1	2
(1-4)-18			•	1

COUNTY: MCLENNAN SHEET 3C

HIGHWAY: VARIOUS CSJ: 0909-22-195

TCP 2 Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(2-1)-18 / (2-4)-18 / (2-5)-18	All	1

WZ (BTS) Series	Scenario	Required TMA
(BTS-1)-13	Near Side Lane Closure	1

Shadow vehicles equipped for truck mounted attenuators (TMA) for stationary operations will be paid for by the day and must be available for use at any time as determined by the Engineer.

Mobile operations will be paid for by the hour, per specifications. For mobile operations, payment will be made only while the TMA is in use.

For mobile operations requiring multiple TMA's, judgement may be applied in lower speed, urban / in town traffic environments to reduce the numbers of TMA in use where the added TMA may pose a hazard for traffic entering and exiting driveways, side streets, etc.

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA needed for the project for those times per plan requirements. Additional TMAs used that are not specified in the plans in which the contractor expects compensation will require prior approval from the Engineer.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET G GENERAL NOTES SHEET H



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0909-22-195

DISTRICT WacoHIGHWAY Various

**COUNTY** McLennan

	or mansport	CONTROL SECTIO	N IOR	0909-2	2_105		
	PROJECT I		-			1	
	<u>-</u>			A0018	-	TOTAL FOT	TOTAL
			OUNTY	McLer		TOTAL EST.	FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	Vario	Various		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	1.000		1.000	
	682-6001	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN)	EA	188.000		188.000	
	682-6002	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN ARW)	EA	22.000		22.000	
	682-6003	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	EA	188.000		188.000	
	682-6004	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL ARW)	EA	28.000		28.000	
	682-6005	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED)	EA	188.000		188.000	
	682-6006	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED ARW)	EA	11.000		11.000	
	682-6054	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(3 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA	180.000		180.000	
	682-6055	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(4 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA	10.000		10.000	
	682-6056	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(5 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA	9.000		9.000	
	684-6010	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(5 CONDR)	LF	200.000		200.000	
	684-6012	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(7 CONDR)	LF	200.000		200.000	
	690-6009	REMOVAL OF CABLES	LF	400.000		400.000	
	690-6024	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL HEAD ASSM	EA	173.000		173.000	
	690-6028	REPLACE OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA	6.000		6.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	12.000		12.000	
	08	CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT SAFETY CONTINGENCY (NON-PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE (NON-PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT LAW ENFORCEMENT (NON-PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Waco	McLennan	0909-22-195	4

#	Street	Street	Lattitude	Longitude		SIGNAL HEAD ASS	М	682 6001 VEH SIG SEC (12")LED (GRN)	682 6002 VEH SIG SEC (12")LED (GRN ARW)	682 6003 VEH SIG SEC (12")LED (YEL)	682 6004 VEH SIG SEC (12")LED (YEL ARW)	682 6005 VEH SIG SEC (12")LED (RED)	682 6006 VEH SIG SEC (12")LED (RED ARW)	682 6054 BACKPLATE W/REFL BRDR (3 SEC) (VFNT)ALUM EA	682 6055 BACKPLATE W/REFL BRDR (4 SEC) (VFNT)ALUM EA	(5 SEC)	690 6024 REMOVAL OF SIGNAL HEAD ASSM	690 6028 REPLACE OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS
1	Herring	Gholson	21 597061	-97.124892	6	3 SEC BALL	RYG	6		6		6		6			6	
1	nerring	GHOISON	31.36/901	-97.124692	2	5 SEC BALL 5 SEC RIGHT	RYGY>G>	2	2	2	2	2		6		2	2	
					1	4 SEC LEFT ARW	R <y<y<g< td=""><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>1</td></y<y<g<>		1		2		1		1		1	1
2	Herring	JJ Flewellen	31.582892	-97.134894	10	3 SEC BALL	RYG	10		10		10		10			10	
	Helling	33 Flewellell	31.302032	-37.134034	2	4 SEC SHARED	RYG <g< td=""><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td>10</td><td>2</td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td></g<>	2	2	2		2		10	2		2	
3	Herring	MLK	31.576698	-97.144613	16 2	3 SEC BALL 4 SEC LEFT ARW	RYG R <y<y<g< td=""><td>16</td><td>2</td><td>16</td><td>4</td><td>16</td><td>2</td><td>16</td><td>2</td><td></td><td>2</td><td>2</td></y<y<g<>	16	2	16	4	16	2	16	2		2	2
						4 SEC LEFT ARW	KCICICO				4		2					2
4	Herring	University Parks	31.573437	-97.147155	7	3 SEC BALL	RYG	7		7		7		7				
					1	4 SEC LEFT ARW	R <y<y<g< td=""><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>1</td></y<y<g<>		1		2		1		1		1	1
5	Herring	N 4th	31.571987	-97.149122	10	3 SFC BALL	RYG	10		10		10		10			10	
	_																	
6	Herring	N 18th	31.566783	-97.161654	5	3 SEC BALL	RYG	5	1	5	1	5		5		4	5	
			+		1	5 SEC LEFT	RYGY <g<< td=""><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td>+</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>+</td></g<<>	1	1	1	1	1			+	1	1	+
7	Herring	N 25th	31.56275	-97.169615	5	3 SEC BALL	RYG	5		5		5		5			5	
			-		1	5 SEC LEFT	RYGY <g<< td=""><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td></td></g<<>	1	1	1	1	1				1	1	
8	Lyle	N 18th	31,567751	-97.162315	5	3 SEC BALL	RYG	5		5		5		5			.5	
					1	5 SEC LEFT	RYGY <g<< td=""><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td></td></g<<>	1	1	1	1	1				1	1	
					ω.	W WAR TO SERVE A												
9	Lyle	N 25th	31.563717	-97.170304	8 1	3 SEC BALL 5 SEC LEFT	RYG RYGY <g<< td=""><td>8</td><td>1</td><td>8</td><td>1</td><td>8</td><td></td><td>8</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>8</td><td></td></g<<>	8	1	8	1	8		8		1	8	
						33EC EEI I	Mond	-	-	-	-					-	1	
10	Hillcrest	McArthur	31.556991	-97.178433	8	3 SEC BALL	RYG	8		8		8		8			8	
					2	3 SEC ARW 4 SFC LEFT ARW	R <y<g< R<y<y<g< td=""><td></td><td>3</td><td></td><td>3 4</td><td></td><td>3 2</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td></td><td>2</td><td>2</td></y<y<g<></y<g< 		3		3 4		3 2	3	2		2	2
						4.SIC.LITTAKW	Referen		2		-		2		2			2
11	N 18th	Alexander	31.569742	-97.163727	12	3 SEC BALL	RYG	12		12		12		12			12	
12	N 18th	Maple	31.560921	-97.157602	7	3 SEC BALL	RYG	7		7		7		7			7	
12	N 18th	Mapie	31.560921	-97.157602		3 SEC BALL	RYG			/				/			,	
13	N 18th	Colcord	31.556987	-97.154492	6	3 SEC BALL	RYG	6		6		6		6			6	
					2	5 SEC LEFT	RYGY <g<< td=""><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td></td></g<<>	2	2	2	2	2				2	2	
14	N 18th	Columbus	31.547928	-97.145704	6	3 SEC BALL	RYG	6		6		6		6			6	
15	N 18th	Washington	31.547123	-97.144731	8	3 SEC BALL	RYG R <y<y<g< td=""><td>8</td><td>1</td><td>8</td><td>2</td><td>8</td><td>1</td><td>8</td><td>1</td><td></td><td>8</td><td></td></y<y<g<>	8	1	8	2	8	1	8	1		8	
					1	4 SEC LEFT ARW	RATATAG		1				1		1		1	
16	N 18th	Austin	31.54629	-97.143769	6	3 SEC BALL	RYG	6		6		6		6			6	
			-		1	4 SEC LEFT ARW	R <y<y<g< td=""><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td></y<y<g<>		1		2		1		1		1	
17	N 18th	Webster	31.543024	-97.139864	6	3 SEC BALL	RYG	6		6		6		6			6	
18	N 18th	Clay	31.542187	-97.138872	6	3 SEC BALL	RYG	6		6	-	6		6			6	
19	N 18th	Dutton	31.538456	-97.134437	6	3 SEC BALL	RYG	6		6		6		6			6	
	a same				1	5 SEC LEFT	RYGY <g<< td=""><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td></td></g<<>	1	1	1	1	1				1	1	
20	NI 1745	CI	21 542000	07.127064		2 CEC DALL	BVC	-		-	-	-						
20	N 17th	Clay	31.342986	-97.137964	6	3 SEC BALL	RYG	6		6		6		6			6	
21	N 17th	Webster	31.543874	-97.138939	6	3 SEC BALL	RYG	6		6		6		6			6	
22	N 1744	Accetic	21 5 47424	07.143035	7	3 CEC DALL	BVC	7		7	-	7		7			7	
22	N 17th	Austin	31.54/121	-97.142835	7	3 SEC BALL	RYG	7		7				7				+
23	N 17th	Washington	31.547926	-97.143785	9	3 SEC BALL	RYG	9		9		9		9			9	
24	NI 474	C-11	21 540755	07.144762		2 550 0 411	BVC	-		-	-	_						
24	N 17th	Columbus	31.548755	-97.144763	6	3 SEC BALL	RYG	6		6		6		6			6	
		-	TOTALS			•	•	188	22	188	28	188	11	180	10	9	173	6

684 6012	690 6009	6185 6002
TRF SIG CBL	REMOVAL	TMA
(TY A)(12 AWG)	OF	(STATIONARY)
(7 CONDR)	CABLES	
LF	LF	DAY
200	400	12
200	400	12
LF	LF	EA
	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG) (7 CONDR) LF 200	TRF SIG CBL REMOVAL (TY A)(12 AWG) OF (7 CONDR) CABLES LF LF 200 400 200 400

#### SCHEDULE OF WORK & NOTES:

- WORK IS TO BE DONE AFTER 7PM AND BEFORE 7AM
   SCHEDULE 2 INTERSECTIONS PER NIGHT
- 3) SET UP TRAFFIC CONTROL ONLY FOR WHEN WORK IS BEING DONE
  4) PROJECT BARRICADES ARE NOT NEEDED FOR INTERSECTIONS
- 5) CONTACT ONCOR FOR ANY WORK WITHIN 15FT OF POWER LINES
- 6) REMOVE EXISTING BRACKETS
- 7) INSTALL NEW REFLECTIVE BACK PLATES WITH TWO INCH BORDERS
- 8) USE ASTROBRAC WITH GUSSETED TUBE AND VINYL INSERT OR EQUIVALENT
- 9) DO NOT EXPOSE SIGNAL CABLE BEWTEEN SIGNAL HEAD AND MAST ARM

- 10) MAINTAIN 17-'6" VERTICAL CLEARANCE
  11) REPLACE LEFT TURN SIGN WITH R10-17T (36"X42")
  12) CONTRACTOR TO DISPOSE OF OLD SIGNAL HEADS AND BACKPLATES



R10-17T

# PROJECT SUMMARY

FED/DIV#		HWY#								
6	VAR									
STATE	DISTRICT	SHEET#								
TEXAS	WACO	MCLENNAN								
CONTROL	JOB	5								
0909	22	195								

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travellanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

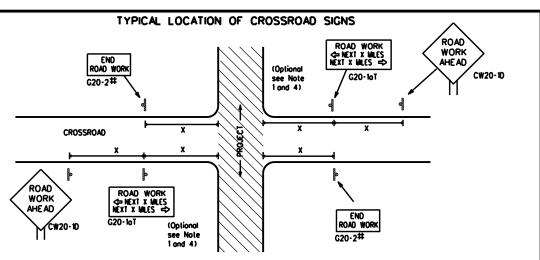
SHEET 1 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ск: ТхDОТ	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
4-03 7-13	0909	22	195		v	AR
9-07 8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-10 5-21	WACO	MCLENNAN				6
A.F.						



- May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- 1. The lypical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Bosed on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGCER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

CW1-4

CW13-1P

Type 3 Borricode or

devices

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK \* \*G20-9TP \* \*R20-5T FINES DOUBLE \* \*R20-50TP ROAD WORK ← NEXT X NALES \* \*G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTL INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY ➾ G20-16TR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-26T \*\* 80. BEGIN G20-5T \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFIC G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES IDOUBLE \* \* R20-5oTP ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

¥ ¥R20-5aTP

-CSJ Limit

TALK OR TEXT LATER

G20-10T

1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SKINS

STATE LAW

➾

END G20-2bT \*\*

R20-3T

#### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

SIZE

**SPACING** 

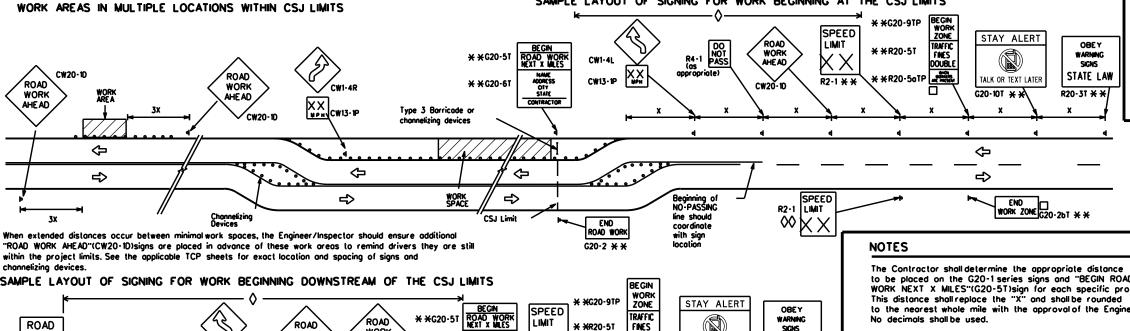
	SIZE	
Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 <sup>4</sup> CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	6" × 36" 48'	× 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	8" × 48" 48'	' × 48"

Posted Speed	Sign * Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 <sup>2</sup>
60	600 <sup>2</sup>
65	700 <sup>2</sup>
70	800 <sup>2</sup>
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	1000 2
*	* 3

- # For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCO", Sign Appendix or the "Slandard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



WORK

りっ MILE

CW2Ŏ-1E

\* \*G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 \* \*

WORK

CW20-10

to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T)sign for each specific project. to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- ☐ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND					
—	Type 3 Barricade					
OOO Channelizing Devices						
-	Sign					
x	See Typical Construction Worning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

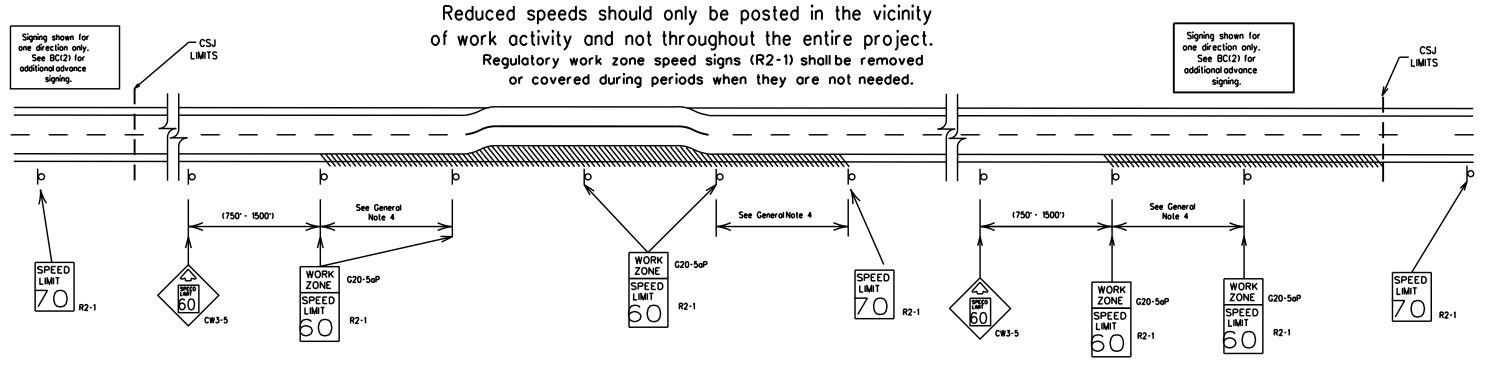
BC(2)-21

LE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	ONT SECT JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0909	22	195		VA	/R
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	WACO		MCLENNAN			7
0.0			_		_		

CLOSED R11-2

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### **GUIDANCE FOR USE:**

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of traveland are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
  - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
- - 35 mph and less
- 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form \*1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.



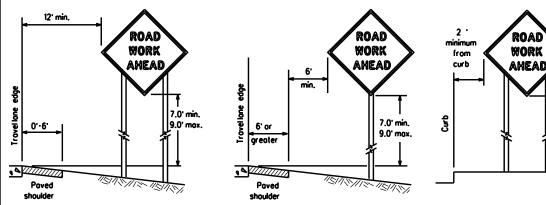


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

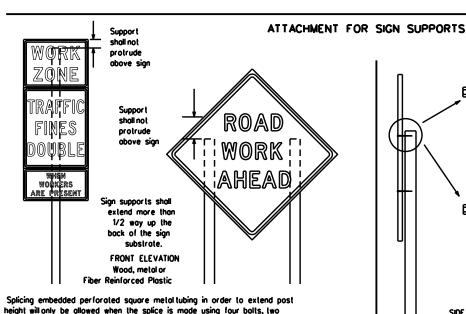
BC(3)-21

LE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	T (	ck: TxDOT	
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		
9-07	REVISIONS	0909	22	195			VAR		
	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SH	HEET NO.	
7-13	3-21	WACO	MCLENNAN				8		

#### TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



- \* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
  - \* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. lementalplaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or monufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports Nails shall NOT

7.0' min,

9.0' max.

be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

.6.0° min کیلے

XX MPH

# of at least the same gauge material. STOP/SLOW PADDLES

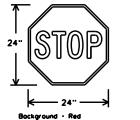
1. STOP/SLOW poddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24".

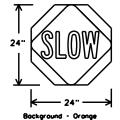
obove and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

- 2. STOP/SLOW poddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW poddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.





Bockground - Orange Legend & Border - Block

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)										
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL								
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING								
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING								
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING								
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM								

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- f permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic controldevice that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in occordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Controctor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texos" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Controctor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- ). The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u> DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manualon Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nightlime work losting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daylime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT.

  1. The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except
- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.

  2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground.
  3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

l. The Controctor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide. fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the spice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
  - for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- While sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type G, , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

  2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opoque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opoque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- . Burlao shall NOT be used to cover sians.
- i. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

  The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain
- constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.

  Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

  Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as lire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- bollost on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and monifoctured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbaas shall be placed
- along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

  Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

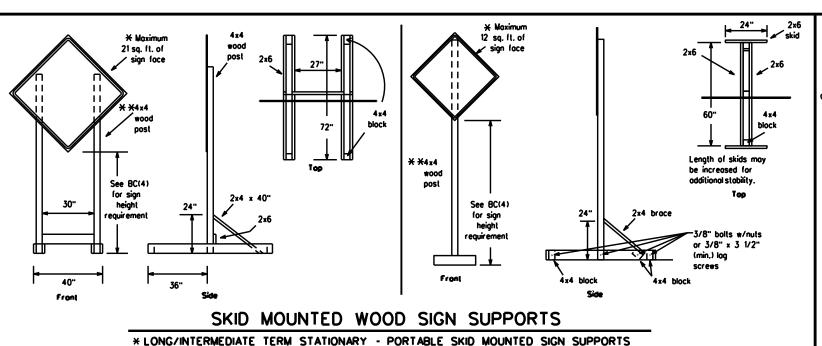


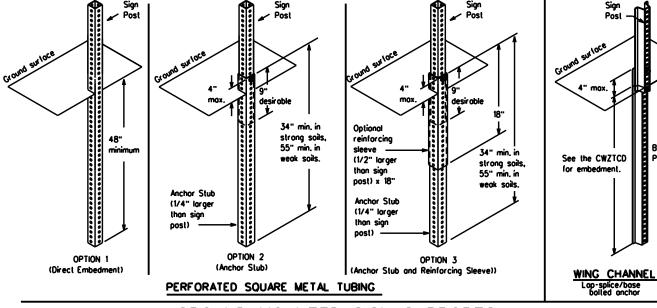
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES**

BC(4)-21

E:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
)TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	CONT SECT JOB			HIG	HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0909	22	195		V	AR .		
9-07	8-14	DIST	T COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	WACO	MCLENNAN				9		



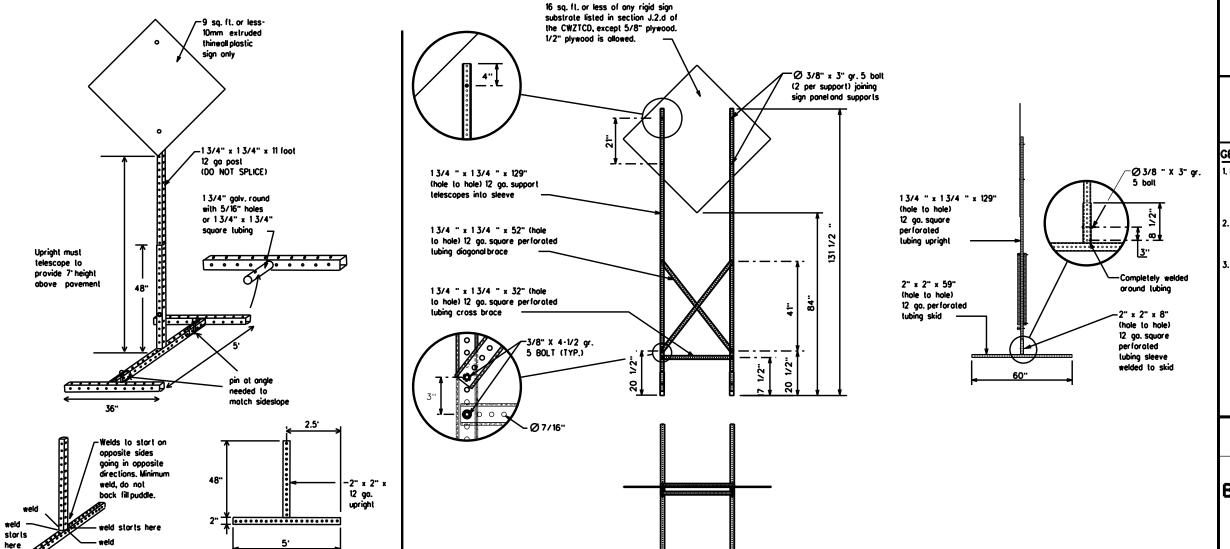


## GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCO and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square foolage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



32'

#### WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steeland plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(11)).

# OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Noils may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" log screws must be used on every joint for final
- . No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
   This will be considered subsidiory to Item 502.
  - f x See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

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# TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

# BC(5)-21

LE: bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	TOD:	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
DTxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0909 22		195		VAR		
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
7-13 5-21	WACO	MCLENNAN				10	

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

SINGLE LEG BASE

imes Long/intermediate term stationary - Portable skid mounted sign supports

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS
BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roodway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.

  9. Do not "flosh" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
   Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
  16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alorm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bors is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Rood A	CCS RD	Najor MAJ	
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
	VILIC	Road	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
Eost	E (souto) [	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Express Lone	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FRWY. FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Trovelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR. HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
information	INFO	Warning	WARN
it is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT

Roodway designation • IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

Closure List	Other Condit	ion List
FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED  SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT  RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT  RIGHT X LANES OPEN  DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES  I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED  EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE  RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED  X LANES CLOSED	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED  SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT  RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT  RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT  RIGHT X LANES OPEN  DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES  I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED XXXX FT  ROADWORK XXXX FT  DETOUR X MILE  ROADWORK PAST X MILE  ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX  RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED  X LANES CLOSED  TRAFFIC SIGNAL

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location
- is not included in the first phase selected.

  5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

ction to Take/Effect on Travel List	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS  USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH EXPECT DELAYS TRUCKS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE WATCH OTHER FOR ROUTES WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE *	x x Se	ee Application Guidelines No	de 6.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate
- AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
   Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR
CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)
PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE
UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION
OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS
SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.

4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

# SHEET 6 OF 12



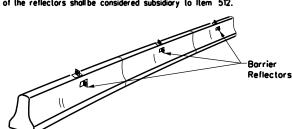
Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	CK: TxDOT DW:		TxDOT	ск: TxDOT	
© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0909	22	195		VA	ıR	
	9-07 8-14			COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	WACO	MCLENNAN				11	

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB.

  An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional)while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

Warning reflector may be round

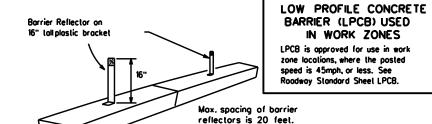
or square.Must have a yellow

30 square inches

reflective surface area of at least

drum adjacent to the travelway.

- 8. Povement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roodway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



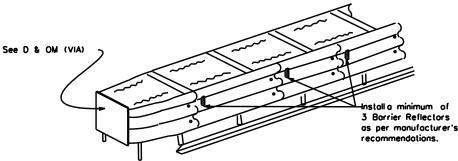
#### manufacturer's recommendations LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

Attach the delineators as per

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

IN WORK ZONES



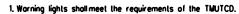
#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### **END TREATMENTS FOR** CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apparapriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

# WARNING LIGHTS



- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Floshing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hozardous orea. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".

  5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the lotest ITE Purchase Specifications for Floshing and Steady-Burn Worning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.

  3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive floshing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the laper to the end of the merging laper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travellane on detours on lone changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type Á, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

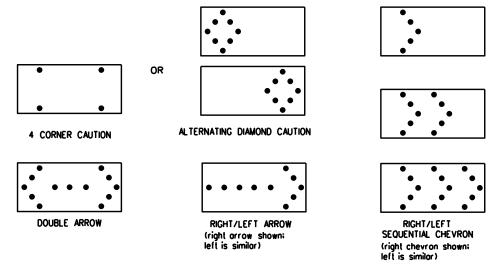
#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The worning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder toper or merging toper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Floshing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travellanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Floshing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Floshing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- 5. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Floshing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The floshing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 floshes per minute.

   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the floshing arrow and equal

- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
   The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
   The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard: however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
   The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
   A flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
   A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
   Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.
- to boltom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM Size	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- I. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for
- Assessing Sofety Hordwore (MASH).

  2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- in the plans.

  5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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#### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones os approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

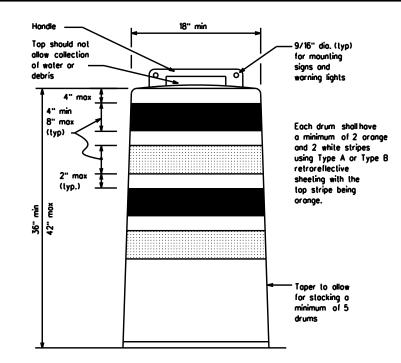
- Plostic drums shall be a two-piece design: the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or oir turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, arange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
  9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
  10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

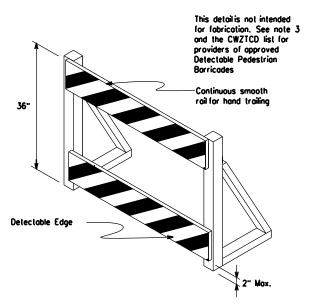
# RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retrareflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### **BALLAST**

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in bollost shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
   Built-in bollost can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The bollost shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrions, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.





#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswolk Closures.
- Where pedestrions with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrion Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rais as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange, sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with arange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lone.
- 4. Other sign messages (lext or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

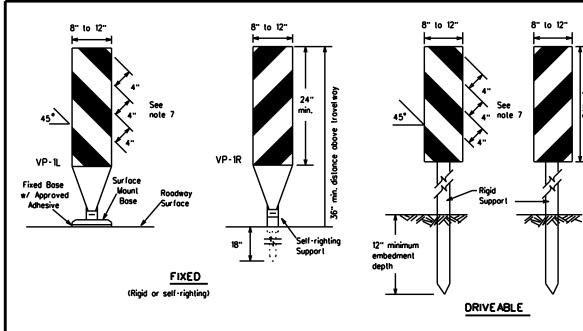


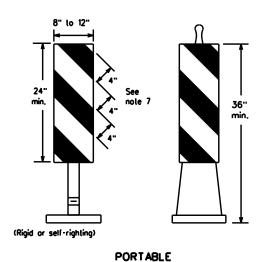
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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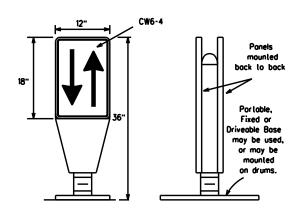


1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

- 2. VP's may be used in daylime or nightlime situations They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daylime and nightlime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lone roadways. Stripes are to be reflective arange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travellane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area locing traffic.

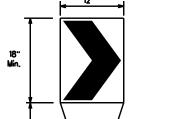
  5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective moterial on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

### VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs ploced between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spocing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C confirming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

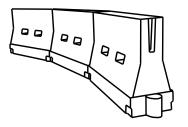
36"

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spocing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

## **CHEVRONS**

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone oreos where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final povement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good larget value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travelianes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeling meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeling near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nightlime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings.
- 3. Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a laper in a low speed urban area, the laper shall be delineated and the laper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballosted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flored to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballosted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top I the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula		esirable er Leng x x		Spacing of Channelizing Devices				
		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent			
30	. <u>ws²</u>	150'	165'	180'	30'	60.			
35	L- WS	205	225'	245	35'	70'			
40	80	265'	295	320	40'	80.			
45		450'	495'	540	45'	90.			
50		500	550'	600.	50'	100'			
55	L-WS	550'	605	660	55'	110.			
60	L-113	600,	660.	720	60 <sup>.</sup>	120'			
65		650	715'	780'	65'	130'			
70		700	770	840'	70'	140'			
75		750 <sup>.</sup>	825'	900.	75 <sup>.</sup>	150'			
80		800.	880.	960	80.	160'			

\* \* Toper lengths have been rounded of L-Length of Taper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

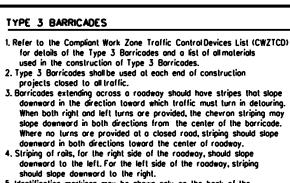
Traffic Safety Division Standard

Suggested Maximum

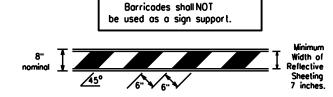
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

RC(9)-21

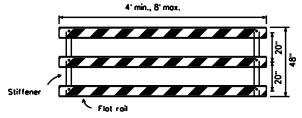
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- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos
- used for identification shall be 1". 6. Borricodes shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades. 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be lied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stocked in a manne that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that lears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level
- or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. 9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

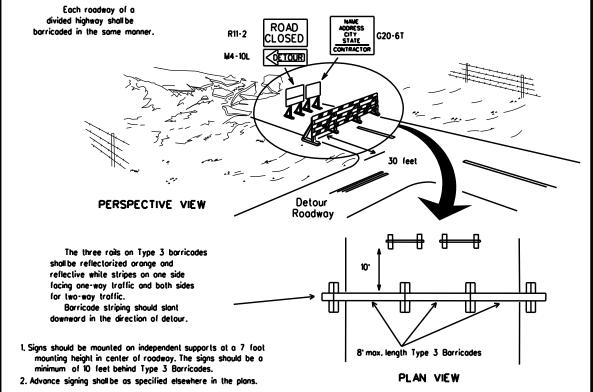


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

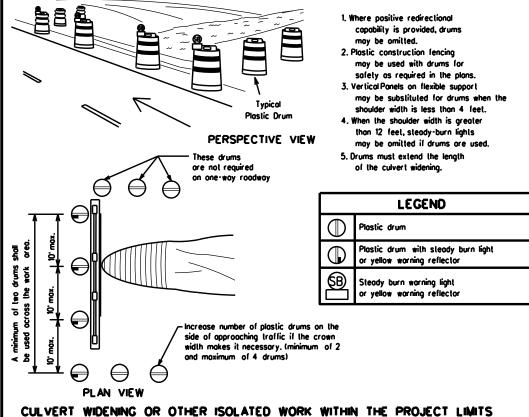


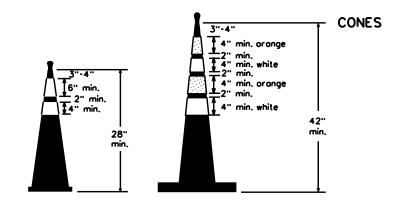
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

#### TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

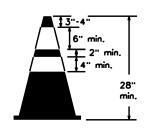


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

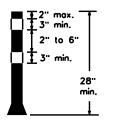




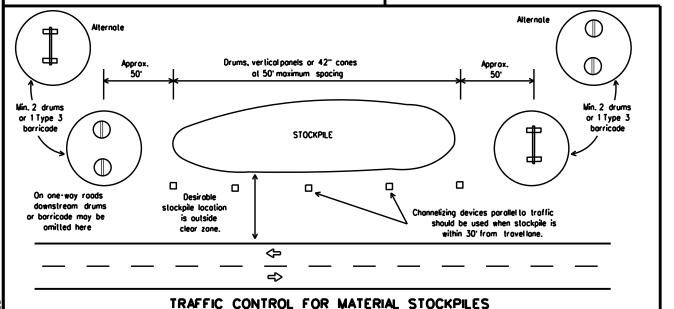
Two-Piece cones



One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base. or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a sma outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

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#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated povement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

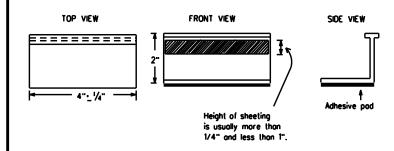
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone povement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The morkings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roodway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification them 652

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Povement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detaurs in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detaur route.
- Povement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of povement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- Blost cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised povement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Block-out marking tope may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

#### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roodway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic povement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new povements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Roised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised povement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised povement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tobs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

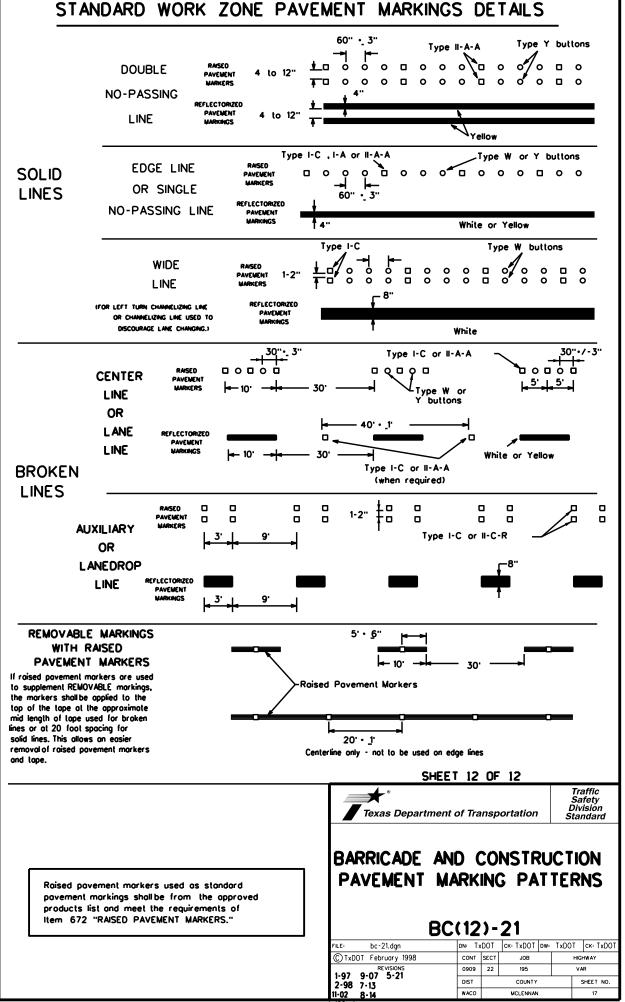
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Division Standard

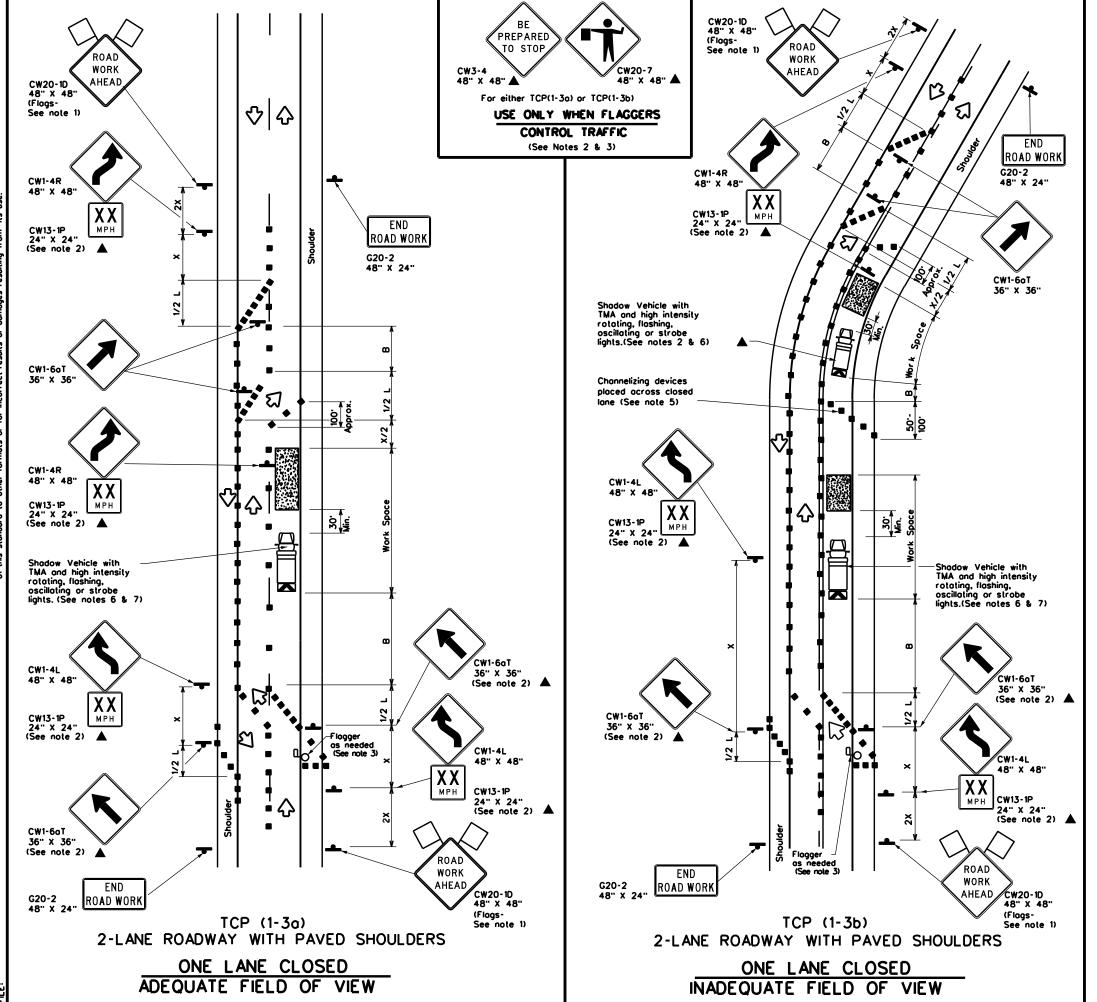
BC(11)-21

DC(117 Z1											
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDO					: TxDOT					
© TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY						
REVISIONS 2-98 9-07 5-21	0909	22	195			VAR					
2·98 9·07 5·21 1·02 7·13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.					
11-02 8-14	WACO MCLENNAN 16						16				

#### PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-A ₹>` Type II-A-A -Type Y buttons REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A 000'000000000 Type Y bullons € 4 to 8" REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons •••••• 00000 Type I-A Type Y buttons <u>oʻnoonnoojnoonnoonnoonnoojnoonnoon</u> ➾ ➾ Type I-A Type Y buttons 00000 Type W bultons Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type W buttons Type I-C 00000 മാമാവ് Type II-A-A Type Y bullons ♦ ➾ œœ ⟨> 00000 Type W buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS **₩** Type W buttons 00000 туре 0 0 0 ➪ ➪ 00000 00000 <> Type W buttons ~Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prelabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE







	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	• •	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>(F)</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>(</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
ŀ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flog	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Minimum Desiroble Formula Taper Lengths x x		Spocin Channel		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8
30	2	150'	165'	180	30.	60.	120'	<b>90</b> .
35	L. WS <sup>2</sup>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120 <sup>-</sup>
40	80	265	295	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495	540'	45'	90.	320'	195¹
50		500 <sup>.</sup>	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550 <sup>.</sup>	605	660.	55'	110'	500·	295'
60	] - " -	600 <sup>.</sup>	660.	720	60.	120 <sup>-</sup>	600.	350
65	]	650 <sup>-</sup>	715	780 <sup>.</sup>	65'	130'	700 <sup>.</sup>	410'
70		700 <sup>.</sup>	770'	840	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750 <sup>-</sup>	825	900.	75'	150'	900.	540 <sup>.</sup>

- Conventional Roads Only
- x x Toper lengths have been rounded off.
  L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1 1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic.
   Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20°, or 15° if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

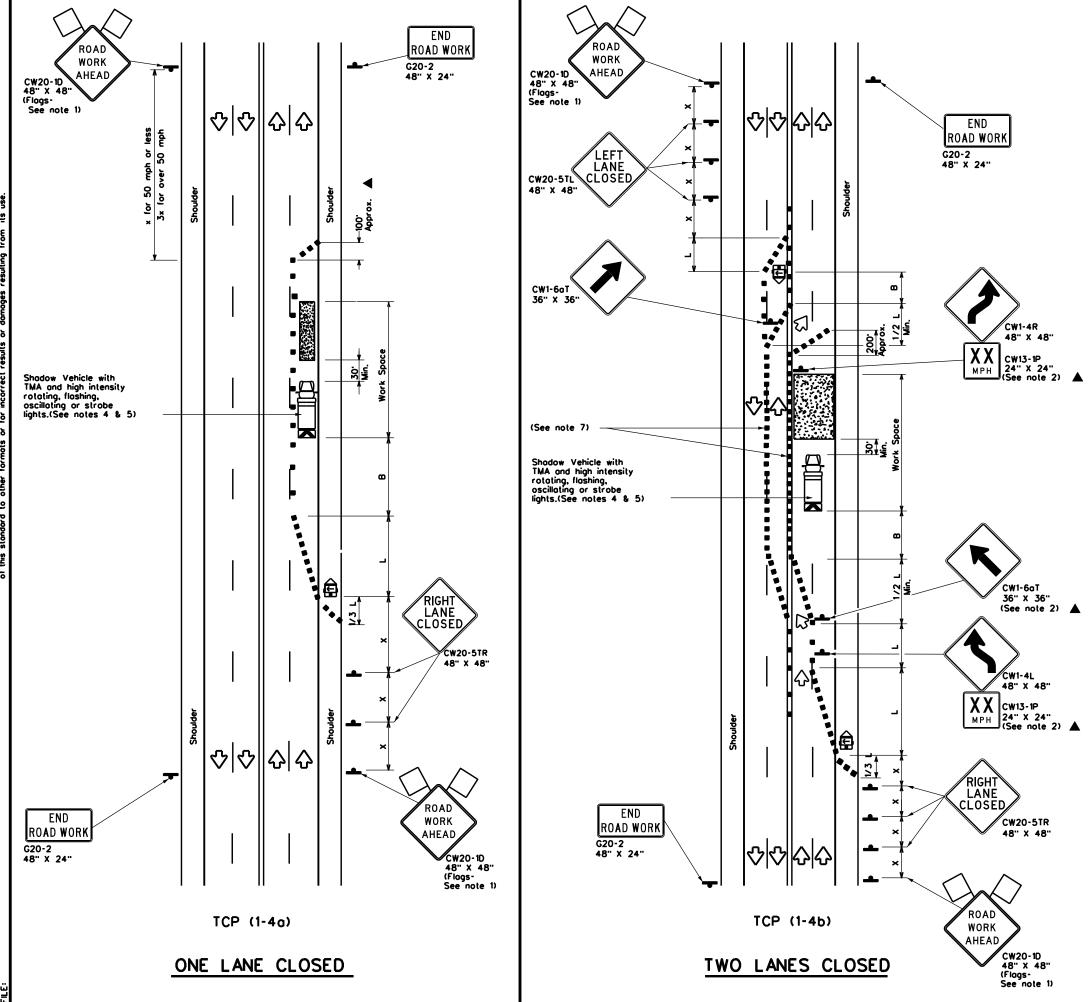


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

FILE:	FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn				CK:	DW:		CK:
© Txl	OOT Decem	ber 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	IWAY
2-94	REVISIONS 2-94 4-98		0909	22	195		VAR	
8-95	2-12		DIST		COUNTY		s	HEET NO.
1-97	2-18		WACO		MCLENNAN			18



	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
Q	Flog	3	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	Formula Desirable Taper Lengths x x		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
•		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"
30	2	150	165'	180	30,	60.	120 <sup>-</sup>	90,
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265'	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450	495	540	45'	90.	320 <sup>-</sup>	195'
50		500.	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550	605'	660.	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	L-W3	<b>600</b> ,	660.	720	60'	120'	600,	350'
65		650'	715 <sup>.</sup>	780	65'	130'	700	4 10 ·
70		700'	770	840	70'	140 <sup>-</sup>	800.	475'
75		750 <sup>.</sup>	825'	900,	75'	150'	900,	540 <sup>.</sup>

- ■ Conventional Roads Only
- xx Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1				

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans,
- or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

  3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

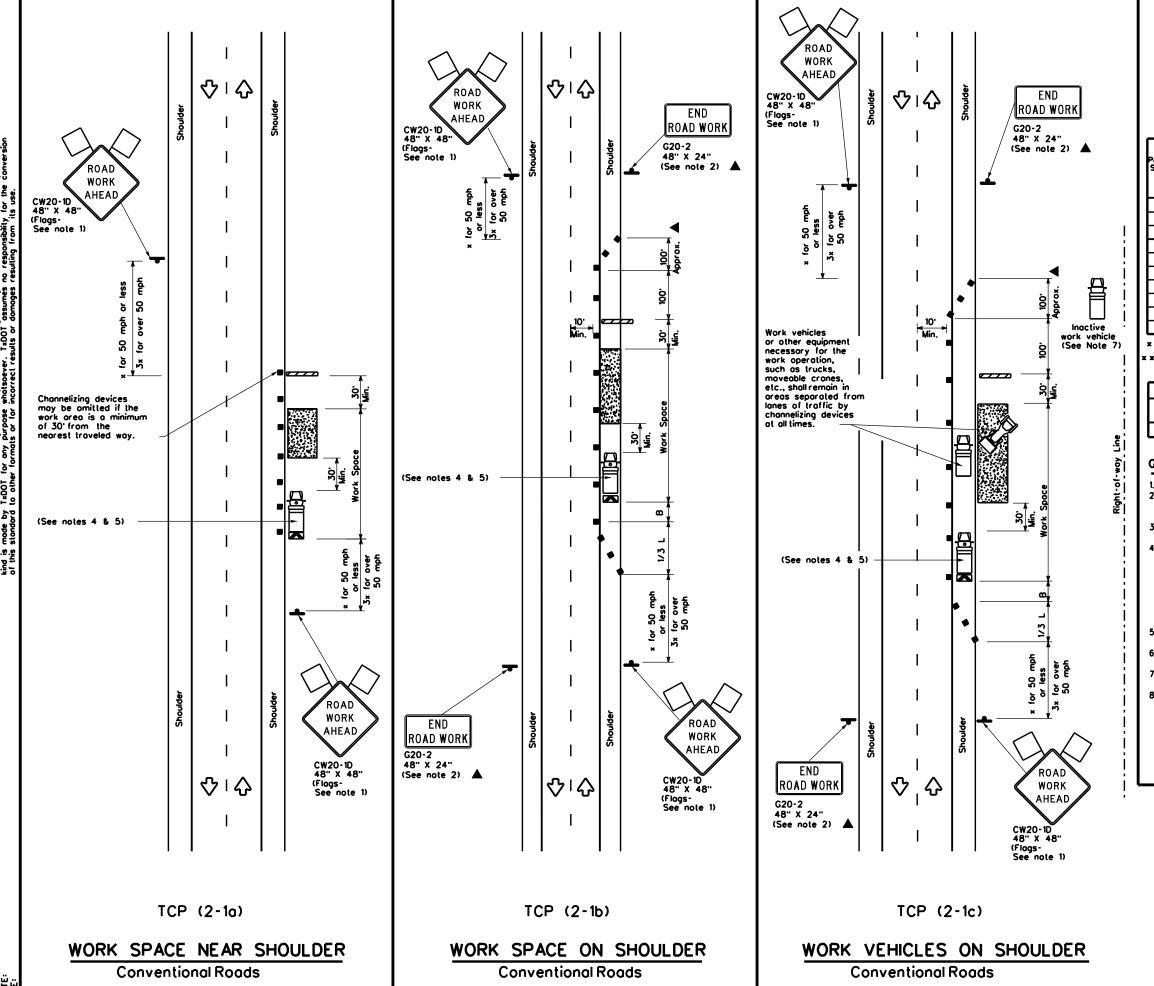


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

FILE:	tcp1-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxD0	T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94	0909	22	195		VAR	
8-95	4-98 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97	2-18	WACO		MCLENNA	N	19



LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) M Traffic Flow Q 5 Flag Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble		Suggested Spacin Channeli Dev	g of	Minimum Sign Spocing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30.	60.	120'	90.	
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205'	225	245	35'	70'	160'	120 <sup>-</sup>	
40	1 80	265	295'	320	40'	80.	240	155 <sup>-</sup>	
45		450°	495'	540	45'	90.	320'	195¹	
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'	
55	L.ws	550	605	660.	55'	110	500'	295'	
60	] - " 3	600,	660	720	60.	120'	600 <sup>,</sup>	350	
65	]	650'	715'	780	65 <sup>.</sup>	130'	700	410°	
70	]	700 <sup>.</sup>	770	840	70'	140	800.	475'	
75		750'	825	900.	75'	150 <sup>-</sup>	<b>300</b> ,	540 <sup>.</sup>	

- Conventional Roads Only
- Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1	<b>√</b>	✓				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- Stockpied initiation and the state of t the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D
  "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

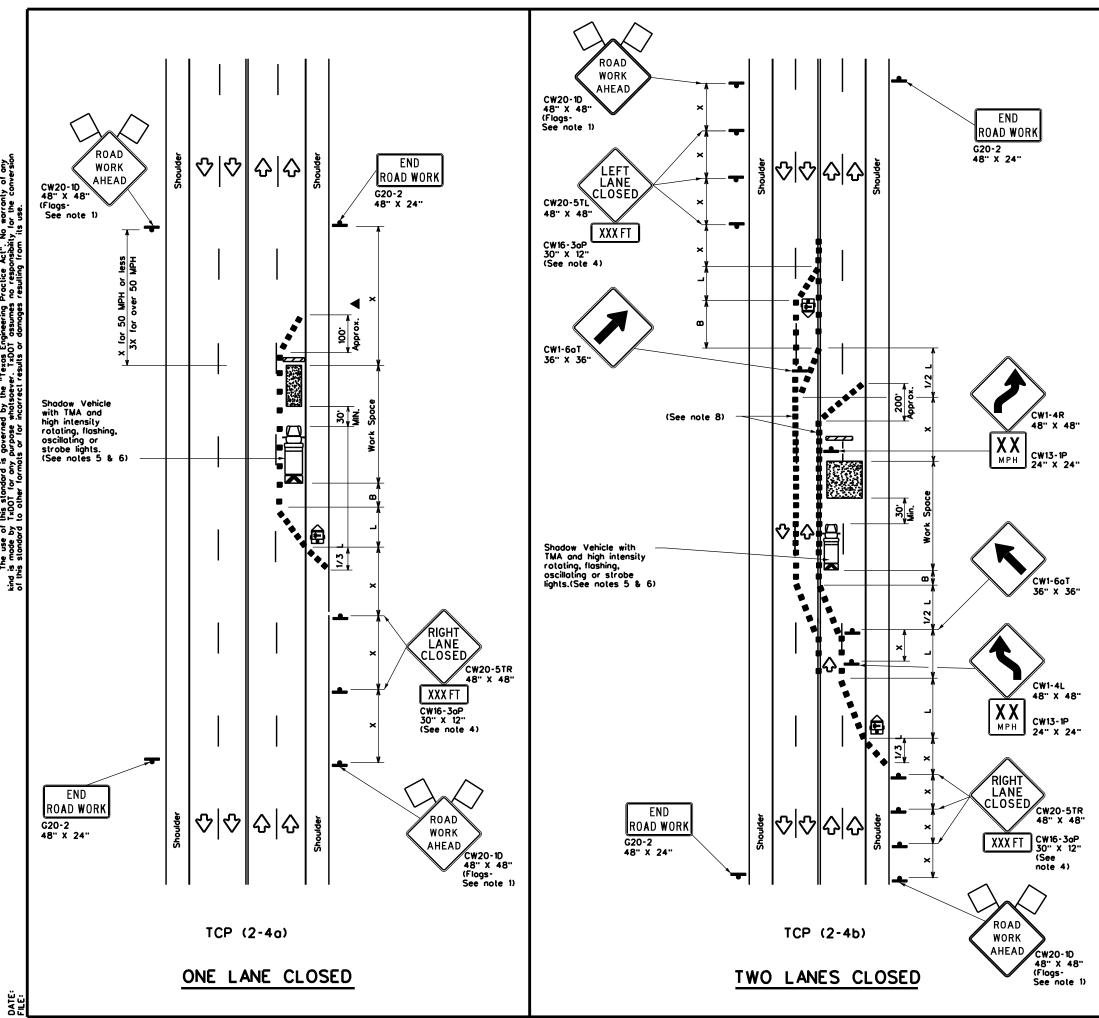
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

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TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	HWAY
REVISIONS -94 4-98	0909	22	195		VA	VR.
-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		9	HEET NO.
97 2-18	WACO		MCLENNA	٧		20
• 4						



	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow						
$\bigcirc$	Flag	Ф	Flogger						

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * *		Spacing Channeli	uggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	"8"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60.	120'	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	80	265'	295'	320.	40'	80.	240'	155 <sup>-</sup>
45		450	495'	540	45'	90.	320 <sup>-</sup>	195'
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550 <sup>.</sup>	605	660	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	] - " -	600,	660.	720	60 <sup>.</sup>	120 <sup>-</sup>	600.	350 <sup>.</sup>
65		650	715'	780	65'	130 <sup>-</sup>	700	4 10 <sup>-</sup>
70		700 <sup>.</sup>	770.	840 <sup>-</sup>	70'	140 <sup>-</sup>	800.	475'
75		750	825	900	75'	150'	900.	540

- × Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
		1	1				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
  2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. The downstream toper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- . For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spocing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

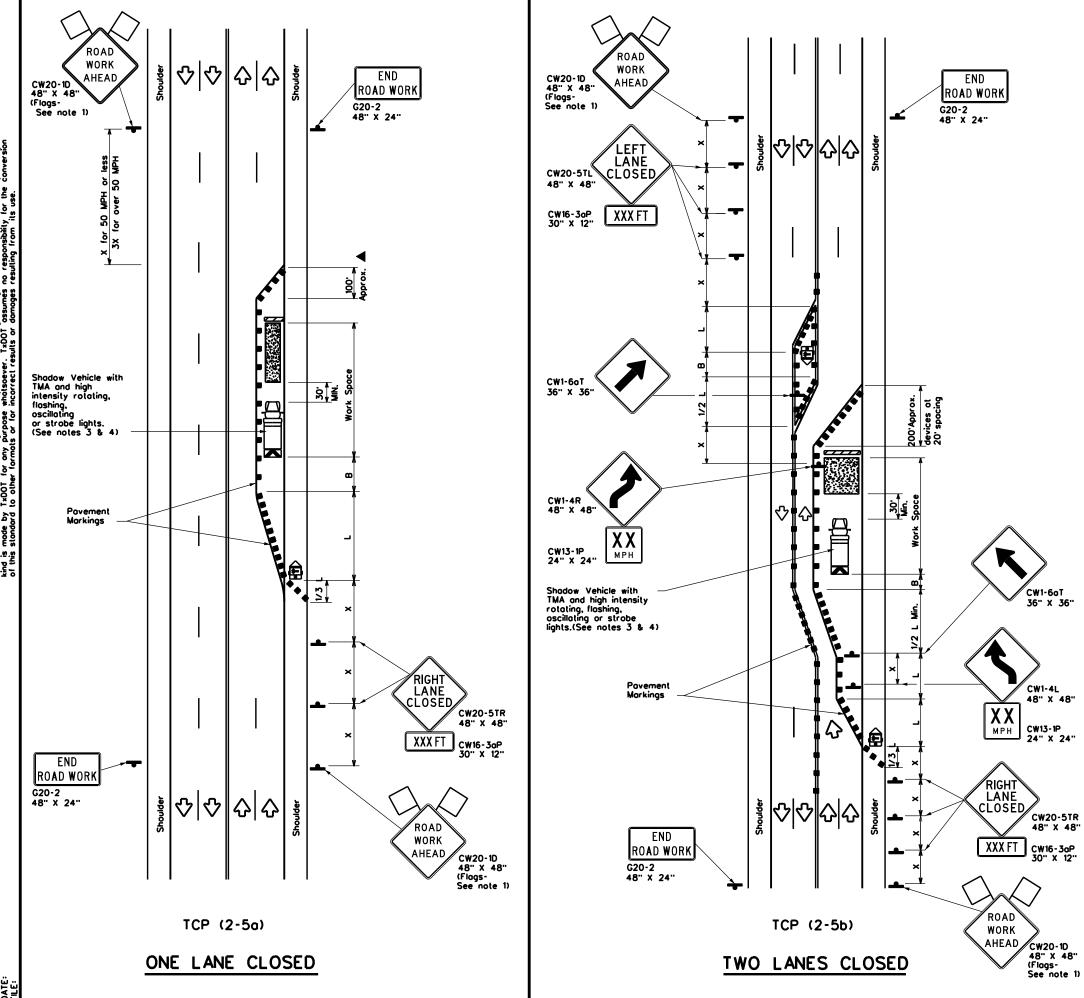


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

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©Tx[	OT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95	0909	22	195		VAR	
8-95 3-03 1-97 2-12		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98				CO MCLENNAN		



	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
□#p	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble		Suggested Spacing Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	B
30	2	150 <sup>-</sup>	165'	180'	30.	60.	120'	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245	35'	70'	160	120 <sup>-</sup>
40	60	265	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155 <sup>-</sup>
45		450'	495	540	45'	90.	320'	195'
50	1	500	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550	605	660.	55'	110'	500'	295 <sup>.</sup>
60	] - ""	600.	660'	720'	60'	120'	600·	350 <sup>.</sup>
65	]	650	715'	780	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	]	700'	770	840 <sup>.</sup>	70'	140'	800.	475 <sup>.</sup>
75		750	825	900.	75'	150'	900'	540'

- × Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
			<b>√</b>	✓			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Flogs attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substitutued for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 5. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

#### TCP (2-5a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging

#### TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.



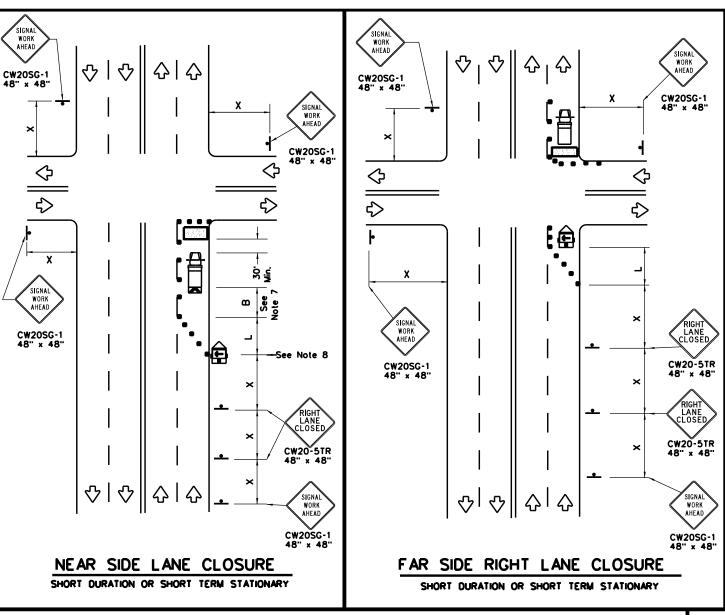
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LONG TERM LANE CLOSURES MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL RDS.

TCP(2-5)-18

FILE: tcp2-5-18.dgn	DN:	CK: DW:		DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 2-12 REVISIONS	0909	22	195		VAR
1-97 3-03	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	WACO		MCLENNA	N	22





SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

24" x 30"

X

Typical

WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1

1/2L

 $\Diamond$ 

CW20SG-1 48" × 48"

R4-7 24" × 30"

 $\Diamond$ 

CW20SG-1 48" × 48"

OPERATIONS IN THE INTERSECTION SHORT DURATION

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◇□◇

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

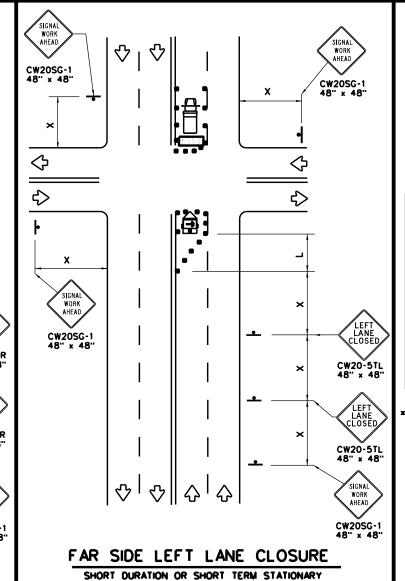
CW20SG-1

Typical

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1 48" x 48"

1/2L



	LEGEND								
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>£</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ъ	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum Jesiroble er Lengl x x		Spacir Channel		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150'	165	180	30.	60'	120 <sup>.</sup>	90 <sup>.</sup>	
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225 <sup>-</sup>	245	35'	70 <sup>.</sup>	160'	120 <sup>-</sup>	
40	] 👸	265'	295	320	40'	80.	240'	155'	
45		450	495	540	45'	90.	320	195'	
50		500 <sup>-</sup>	550'	600.	50.	100'	400'	240'	
55	L-ws	550	605	660.	55'	110'	500 <sup>-</sup>	295'	
60	] - " 3	600,	660	720	60.	120'	600.	350	
65		650	715'	780	65 <sup>.</sup>	130'	700'	410'	
70		700'	770	840	70 <sup>.</sup>	140	800.	475'	
75		750	825	900,	75'	150'	900,	540'	

- Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

WORKERS IN BUCKET TRUCKS SHALL NOT WORK ABOVE OPEN LANES OF TRAFFIC.



SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1 48" × 48"

24" × 30"

- 1. The minimum size channelizing device is the 28" cone. 42" Two-piece cones, drums, vertical panels or barricades will be required when the device must be left unattended at night.
- 2. Obstructions or hozards at the work area shall be clearly marked and delineated at all times.
- Flaggers and Flagger Symbol (CW20-7) signs may be required according to field conditions.
- 4. Vehicles parked in roadway shall be equipped with at least two high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe type lights.
- 5. High level warning devices (flag trees) may be used at corners of the vehicle.
- When work operations are performed on existing signals, the signals
  may be placed in flashing red mode when approved by the engineer
  if existing signals do not have power, All-Way Stop (R1-1 and R1-3P) signs may be implemented when approved by the engineer.
- 7. For Short-Term Stationary work the buffer space "B" from the above table should be used if field conditions permit. For Short Duration (less than 1 hour) any buffer space provided will enhance the safety of the setup.
- 8. The arrow board at this location may be omitted for Short Duration work if the work vehicle has an arrow board in operation. As an option, the arrow board may be placed at the end of the taper in the closed lane if space is not available at the beginning of the taper.
- Signs and devices for the NEAR SIDE LANE CLOSURE may be altered for a left lane closure by using a LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5TL) and adding channelizing devices on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic.

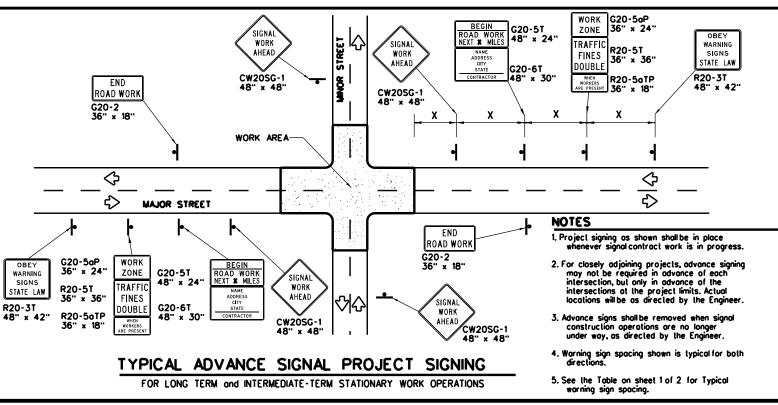


Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK TYPICAL DETAILS

WZ(BTS-1)-13

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8 3-03	WACO	O MCLENNAN				23



#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Signs shall be installed and maintained in a straight and plumb condition.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. Noils shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.
- 5. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- The Contractor shall furnish the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports and substrates listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD), installed as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- Temporary signs that have damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting shall be replaced as
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Damaged wood posts shall be replaced. Splicing wood posts will not be allowed.

#### DURATION OF WORK

Work zone durations are defined in Part 6, Section 6C.02 of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD).

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- Sign height of Long-term/Intermediate-term warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-1 of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Sign height of Short-term/Short Duration warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-2 of the TMUTCD.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.
- 2. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opoque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opoque properties under automobile headlights at night without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlop, or heavy materials such as plywood or aluminum shall not be used to cover signs.
- 3. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes back filled upon completion of the work.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the requirements of the DMS and color usage table shown on this sheet.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Weights used to keep signs from turning over should be sondbogs filled with dry, cohesionless material.
- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- 4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- 5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber, such as tire inner tubes, shall not be used.
- Rubber bollosts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for bollost on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD
- 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fastners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

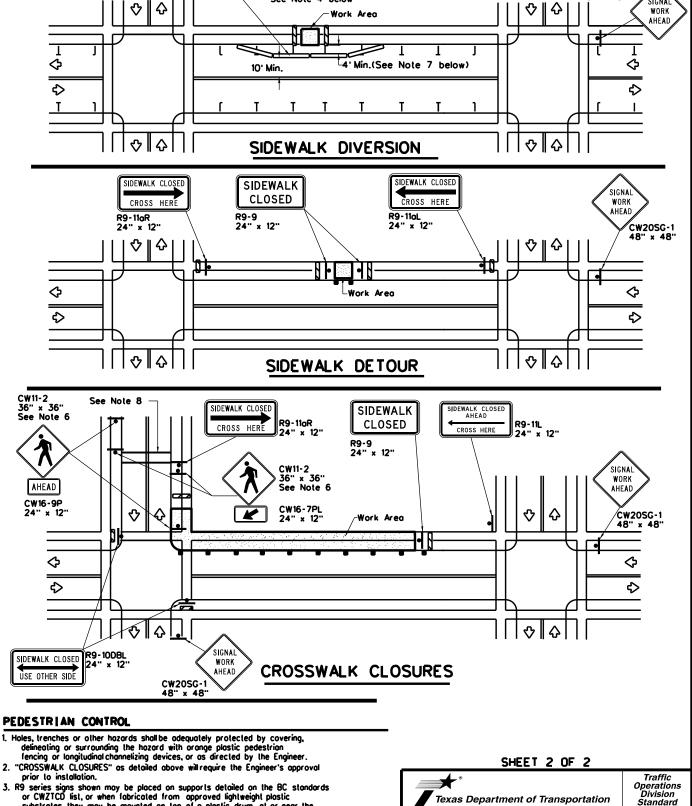
	F						
LEGEND							
4	Sign						
• •	Channelizing Devices						
	Type 3 Barricade						

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL	SPECIFICATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
FLEXIBLE ROLL-UP REFLECTIVE SIGNS	DMS-8310

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL				
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE BFL OR TYPE CFL SHEETING				
WHITE	BACKGROUND	TYPE A SHEETING				
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING				

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

http://www.txdot.gov/txdot\_library/publications/construction.htm



Temporary Traffic Barrier

Note 4 below

- R9 series signs shown may be placed on supports detailed on the BC standards or CWZTCD list, or when labricated from approved lightweight plastic substrates, they may be mounted on top of a plastic drum at or near the
- location shown. For speeds less than 45 mph longitudinal channelizing devices may be used instead of traffic barriers when approved by the Engineer. Attenuation of blunt ends and installation of water filled devices shall be as per BC(9) and manufacturer's recommendations.
- Location of devices are for general guidance. Actual device spacing and location must be field adjusted to meet actual conditions.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk Detectable Pedestrian Barricades should be used instead of the Type 3 Barricades shown.
- The width of existing sidewalk should be maintained if practical.
- Pavement markings for mid-block crosswalks shall be paid for under the appropriate bid items.
- When crosswalks or other pedestrian facilities are closed or relocated. temporary facilities shall be detectable and shall include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrion



TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK BARRICADES AND SIGNS

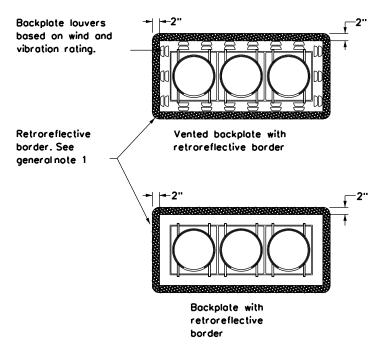
CW20SG-1

48" × 48"

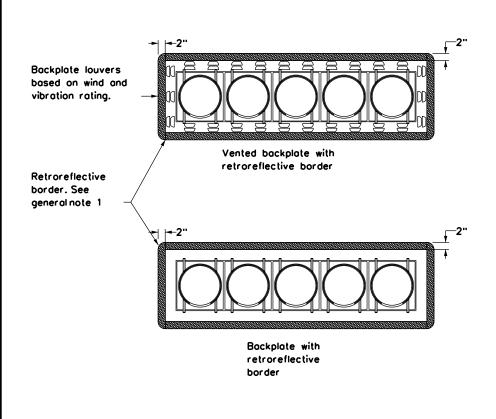
SIGNA

WZ(BTS-2)-13

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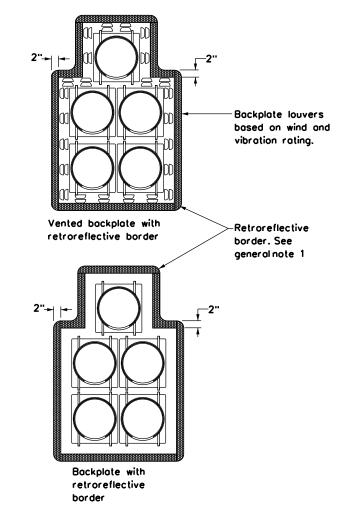


FIVE-SECTION HEAD

HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL

Backplate louvers based on wind and vibration rating. Vented backplate with retroreflective border Retroreflective border. See general note 1 Backplate with retroreflective border

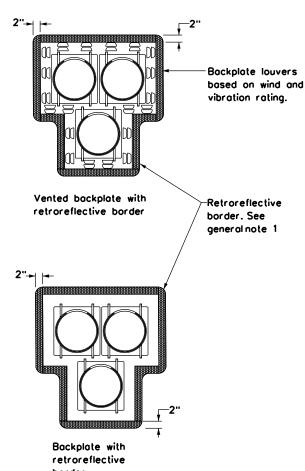
FOUR-SECTION HEAD HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL



FIVE-SECTION HEAD **CLUSTER** 

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. Backplates are optional for traffic signals and pedestrian hybrid beacons. When backplates are used, a 2-inch wide fluorescent yellow AASHTO Type B or & retrareflective border conforming to TxDOT DMS-8300 is required. Place on all approaches when used.
- 2. Signal head and backplate compatability must be verified by the contractor prior to installation.
- 3. When using backplates on signal heads, venting is preferred to reduce cyclic vibration stress.
- 4. When a vented backplate is used, the retroreflective border must not be placed over the louvers.
- 5. This standard sheet applies to all signal heads with backplates, including but not limited to:
  - Pole mounted
  - Overhead mounted
  - Span wire mounted
  - Mast arm mounted
  - · Vertical signal heads
  - Horizontal signal heads
  - Clustered signal heads
  - Pedestrian hybrid beacons



**BEACON** 

HEAD WITH **BACKPLATE** PEDESTRIAN HYBRID

DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDOT FILE: ts-bp-20.dgn € TxDOT June 2020 JOB 0909 22 195 SHEET NO.

**TS-BP-20** 

Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC SIGNAL

Traffic Safety Division Standard

Arm	ROUND POLES				POLYGONAL POLES				1 .		
Length	De	D19	D <sub>24</sub>	D 30	1) thk	D <sub>e</sub>	D19	D <sub>24</sub>	D 30	1) thk	Toundation Type
ft.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	] "
20	10.5	7.8	7.1	6.3	.179	11.5	8.5	7.7	6.8	.179	30-A
24	11.0	8.3	7.6	6.8	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.179	30-A
28	11.5	8.8	8.1	7.3	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.179	30-A
32	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.239	30-A
36	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	36-A
40	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
44	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
48	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A

Arm		ROUND ARMS					POLYGONAL ARMS			
Length	L <sub>1</sub>	D,	D <sub>2</sub>	1) thk	Rise	L,	D,	② D <sub>2</sub>	1) thk	Rise
ft.	ft.	in.	in,	in.	INISE	ft.	in.	in,	in,	Rise
20	19.1	6.5	3.8	.179	1'-9"	19.1	7.0	3.5	.179	1'-8"
24	23.1	7.5	4.3	.179	1'-10"	23.1	7.5	3.5	.179	1'-9"
28	27.1	8.0	4.2	.179	1'-11''	27.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1'-10"
32	31.0	9.0	4.7	.179	2'-1"	31.0	9.0	3.5	.179	2'-0"
36	35.0	9.5	4.6	.179	2'-4"	35.0	10.0	3.5	.179	2'-1"
40	39.0	9.5	4.1	.239	2'-8"	39.0	9.5	3.5	.239	2'-3"
44	43.0	10.0	4.1	.239	2'-11"	43.0	10.0	3.5	.239	2'-6"
48	47.0	10.5	4,1	.239	3'-4"	47.0	11.0	3.5	.239	2'-9"

D<sub>B</sub> • Pole Bose O.D.
D<sub>D</sub> • Pole Top O.D. with no Luminoire

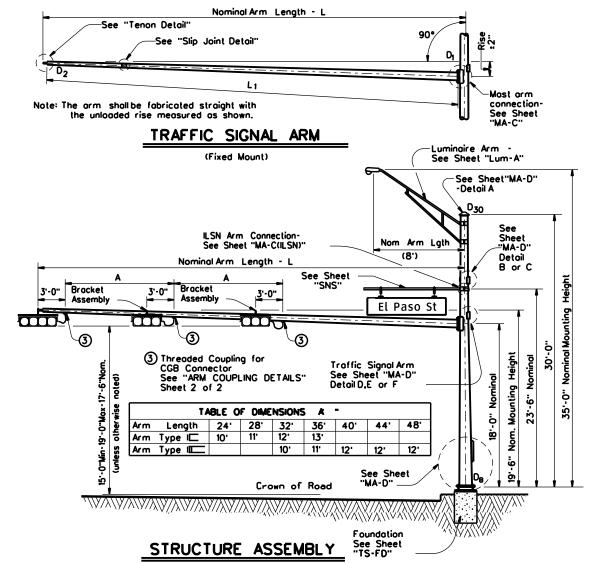
D 2 - Arm End O.D. L 1 - Shaft Length L - Nominal Arm Length

and no ILSN D24 - Pole Top O.D. with ILSN w/out Luminaire

D<sub>30</sub> = Pole Top O.D. with Luminaire D<sub>1</sub> = Arm Base O.D.

1) Thickness shown are minimums, thicker materials may be used.

 $\bigcirc$  D<sub>2</sub> may be increased by up to 1" for polygonal arms.



#### SHIPPING PARTS LIST

Ship each pole with the following attached: enlarged hand hole, pole cap, fixed-arm connection bolts and washers and any additional hardware listed in the table.

Nominal Arm Length	30' Poles With	Luminaire	24' Poles Wi	h ILSN:		19' Poles With No Lumingire and No ILSN		
	Above hardwar (or two if ILSN small hand hole simplex	( attached)	Above h plus one hand ho	small	See note above			
ft	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity		
20	20L-80		205-80		20-80	1		
24	24L-80		245-80		24-80	1		
28	28L-80		285-80		28-80	1		
32	32L-80		325-80		32-80			
36	36L-80		36S-80		36-80			
40	40L-80		40S-80		40-80			
44	44L-80		445-80		44-80	1		
48	48L-80	48L-80			48-80			

#### Traffic Signal Arms (1 per Pole)

Ship each arm with the listed equipment attached

1	Type I Arm (1	Signal)	Type II Arm (2	2 Signals)	Type III Arm (3	Signals)	
Nominal Arm Length	1 CGB cor	nnector	1 Bracket As and 2 CGB	sembly Connectors	2 Bracket Assemblies and 3 CGB Connectors		
ft	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	
20	201-80						
24	241:80		241-80				
28	281-80		281-80				
32			32IE80		32Ⅲ-80		
36			36IE-80		36Ⅲ-80		
40					40III-80		
44					4411-80		
48							

Luminaire Arms (1 per 30' pole)

Nominal Arm Length	Quantity
8' Arm	

ILSN Arm (Max. 2 per pole) Ship with clamps, bolts and washers

Nominal Arm Length	Quantity
7' Arm	
9' Arm	

Anchor Bolt Assemblies (1 per pole)

Anchor Bolt Diameter	Anchor Bolt Length	Quantity
1 1/2"	3'-4"	
1 ¾"	3'-10"	

Each anchor bolt assembly consists of the following: Top and Bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, and 4 nut anchor devices (Type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".

Templates may be removed for shipment.

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES SINGLE MAST ARM ASSEMBLY (80 MPH WIND ZONE) SMA-80(1)-12

© TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW: M	IMF	CK: JSY
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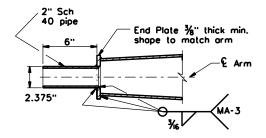
.179" thickness is permissible for Tip Section -Min Lap 6'-0"(Min) ~ 11'-0" (Max) equals 1.5 limes female 3/4" Dia holes and 1- 1/8" Dia galv A307 bolt. projection after making

SLIP JOINT DETAIL

joint. Repair damaged

galvanizing in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

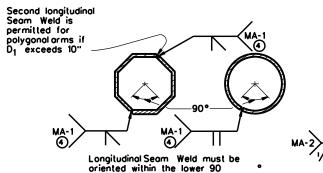
Note: A slip joint is permissible for arms 40' and greater in length. The slip joint shall be made in the shop, but may be match marked and shipped



TENON DETAIL

Stainless steel bands (or Cables) and cast bracket as in "Astro-Brac",
"Sky Bracket" or "Easy Bracket" with 1 1/2" Dia Threaded Coupling.

# BRACKET ASSEMBLY



of the signal arm.

-1 ½" Do Threaded Coupling

ARM WELD DETAIL

ARM COUPLING DETAILS

4 60% Min. penetration 100% pemetration within 6" of circumferential base welds.

#### VIBRATION WARNING

Most Arms of SMA and DMA structures and clamp-on Arms of LMA structures of approximately 40 ft or longer are subject to harmonic vertical vibrations in light wind conditions due to the aeroelastic characteristics of a few of the myriads of possible combinations of the following: signal numbers, weights and positions; existence/solidity of backplates; presence of additional attachments to the arm, such as signs and cameras; arm-wind orientation; and arm-pole stiffness.

Such vibrations may cause fatigue damage to the structure and may lead to galloping in moderate wind conditions which may further damage the structure and alarm the public. Tests have indicated that when wind is blowing toward the back side of signal heads having un-vented backplates attached the probability of unacceptable harmonic vibration and/or galloping is rather high.

If backplates are not required for improved visibility they should not be applied to the signal heads or, if they must be applied, they should be vented as a first and inexpensive measure to

The traffic signal most arms shall be visually inspected in 5 to 20 mph wind conditions after installation of signal heads and any attachments, including any required backpates. If vertical movements with a total excursion (maximum upward excursion to maximum downward excursion) of more than approximately 8" are observed at the arm tip, a damping plate shall be fitted to the arm. See "Damping Plate Mounting Details" on standard sheet, MA-DPD-10.

This visual inspection shall be repeated after each modification of the structure that could affect its aeroelastic response. Excessive vibrations shall not be allowed to continue for more than two days.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor.

Poles are designed to support one 8'-0" luminaire arm, one 9'-0" internally lighted street name sign and one traffic signal arm with a length as tabulated. The specified luminaire load applied at the end of the luminaire arm equals 60 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 1.6 sq ft. The specified internally lighted street name sign load applied 4.5 ft from the centerline of the pole equals 85 lbs vertical dead load plus horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 11.5 sq ft. The specified signal load applied at the end of the traffic signal arm equals 180 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 32.4 sq ft (actual area times drag

See Standard Sheet "MA-D" for pole details, "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, "MA-C (ILSN)" for internally lighted street name sign arm connection details, "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, "SNS" for internally lighted street name sign details, and "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details. See "MA-C" for material specifications.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

SHEET 2 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES SINGLE MAST ARM ASSEMBLY (80 MPH WIND ZONE) SMA-80(2)-12

	© TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW: MMF		CK: JSY
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		DIST		COUNTY		S	SHEET NO.
		WACO		MCLENNAN			27

	I. ST <u>ORMWATER POLLUTION P</u>	REVENTION-CLEAN WATER A	ACT SECTION 402	II. CULTURAL RESOURCES	VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR (	CONTAMINATION ISSUES
	TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506.  List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities.  1. City of Copperas Cove		s with any dance with	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.	hazardous materials by conducting safe making workers aware of potential hazar	Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with ty meetings prior to beginning construction and ds in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are tent appropriate for any hazardous materials used.
				No Action Required	used on the project, which may include, Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, compounds or additives. Provide protect	Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products but are not limited to the following categories: chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing led storage, off bare ground and covered, for lain product labelling as required by the Act.
s use.	No Action Required     ■	Required Action		1. SEE STATEMENT ABOVE  2.  3.	Maintain an adequate supply of on-site In the event of a spill, take actions to a in accordance with safe work practices.	spili response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, , and contact the District Spill Coordinator ponsible for the proper containment and cleanup
soulting from its				IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES	Contact the Engineer if any of the follor  Dead or distressed vegetation (no Trosh piles, drums, canister, barre Undesirable smells or odors Evidence of leaching or seepage	ot identified as normal) ls, etc.
r domoges re				Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical.  Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.	Does the project involve any bridge replacements (bridge class structur	es not including box culverts)?
sults	II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAD		ANDS CLEAN WATER	No Action Required		for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.
rect		ing, dredging, excavating or other w	ork in any	Action No.	Are the results of the osbestos ins	pection positive (is asbestos present)?
or for incor	water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas.  The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s):			1. SEE STATEMENT ABOVE 2.	the notification, develop abatement/	DSHS licensed osbestos consultant to assist with mitigation procedures, and perform management ation form to DSHS must be postmorked at least demolition.
ormots	No Permit Required			3.		to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any
o other	☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - PC wetlands affected)	Notionwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected)		4.	activities and/or demolition with car	sponsible for providing the date(s) for abatement eful coordination between the Engineer and
ğ	=	N Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3	in tidal waters)		asbestos consultant in order to min	imize construction delays and subsequent claims.
this stand	☐ Individual 404 Permit Requi☐ Other Nationwide Permit Re			V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.		ole hozordous materials or contomination discovered stamination Issues Specific to this Project:
ō		If the US permit applies to, location ractices planned to control erosion,		No Action Required		Required Action
	1,			Action No.		
	2.			1. SEE STATEMENT BELOW		
	3.			2.	VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSU	<u>IES</u>
	4.			3.	(includes regionalissues such as	Edwords Aquifer District, etc.)
	The elevation of the audicory	high water marks of any areas req	uiriaa waab		No Action Required	Required Action
		s of the US requiring the use of a	-	4.	Action No.	
	Best Management Practices			If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during	2.	
	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes	3.	Design
	Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	Vegetative Filter Strips	are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.		Design Division Texas Department of Transportation Standard
	Blankets/Malling	Rock Berm	Relention/Irrigation Systems			_
	☐ Mulch ☐ Sodding	☐ Triangular Filler Dike ☐ Sand Bag Berm	Extended Detention Basin Constructed Wellands		$\dashv$	ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,
	Interceptor Swale	Strow Bale Dike	Wet Bosin	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
	Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost	BMP: Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermed CCP: Construction General Permit SWSP: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan	DSur e	
	Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	☐ Mulch Filler Berm and Socks	DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PON: Pre-Construction Notification FHWA: Federal Highway Administration PSL: Project Specific Location		EPIC
	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quali MOD: Memorandum of Understanding TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination S		
	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	<b>—</b>	Vegetation Lined Ditches	MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TPMD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act TxDDT: Texas Department of Transportation	´	FILE: epic.dgn
		Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	Sond Filter Systems	NOT: Notice of Termination T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species		REVISIONS 0909 22 195 VAR
۳		Sediment Bosins	Grossy Swales	NNP: Notionwide Permit USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers NO: Notice of Intent USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service		05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.  01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122  17 ITEM REA ADDED PASSES WANGES  WACO MCLENNAN 28

#### PROJECT LIMITS:

Citywide at 24 Traffic Signals

#### LOCATION MAPS:

Refer to the Title Sheet for project location map

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

#### CSJ 0909-22-195 :

For the construction of safety improvements consisting of improving traffic signals Install reflective backplates.

#### MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES:

There are no soil disturbing activities for this project.

#### **IOTAL PROJECT AREA;**

TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED:

30.00 AC 0.00 AC

EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE COVER AND % OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVER;

NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS:

NA

#### SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES:

TEMPORARY SEEDING SOIL RETENTION BLANKET PERMANENT PLANTING, SODDING, OR SEEDING NATURAL BARRIERS OR BUFFER ZONES MULCHING PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES

OTHER: TXR 150000, Part III, Section G, 2 Stabilization of disturbed areas must, at a minimum, be initiated immediately whenever any clearing, grading, excavating, or other earth disturbing activities have permanently ceased on any portion of the site, or temporarily ceased on any portion of the site and Will not resume for a period exceeding 14 calendar days. Temporary stabilization must be completed no more than 14 calendar days after initiation of soil stabilization measures, and final stabilization must be achieved prior to termination of permit coverage.

#### SIRUCTURAL PRACTICES: (Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, As Applicable)

×	SILT FENCES	TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION
	HAY BALES	CHANNEL LINERS
	SANDBAG OR ROCK BERMS	SEDIMENT TRAPS
	DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES	SEDIMENT BASINS
	DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES	STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP
	DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS	STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES
	PIPE SLOPE DRAINS	CURBS AND GUTTERS
	PAVED FLUMES	STORM SEWERS
	ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT	VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES
THE	Rs	

#### NARRATIVE-SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES:

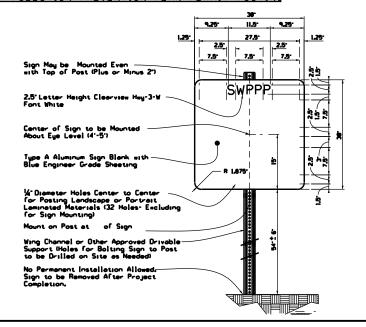
The order of activities Will be as follows:

- 1. Preserve existing vegetative cover as much as possible.
- 2. Install temporary sediment control fencing, rock berms and other items as shown on plans prior to any soil disturbing activities.
- 3. Remove existing bridge, construct proposed culvert and roadway and perform any necessary excavation, embankment and grading.
- 4. Place soil retention blankets and temporary/permanent seeding as shown in the plans and as directed by the engineer.

#### STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:

An integral part of the SWPPP for this project includes the EPIC Sheet, Item 506, Waco District Waters of the US Notes, Waco District Typical Applications for Best Management Practices, Form 2118 TxDOT inspection forms, Contractor daily inspection forms, miscellaneous general notes on environmental requirements,  $T \times DOT$  EC Standards, 2014 Standard Specifications, TxDOT roadway design drawings, SWPPP design and working BMP drawings, Site Manager Data Base, EMS Stage Gate Inspections and the Waco District environmental folders. The requirements of the TxDOT EMS Will be fully implemented including training requirements for Contractors and TxDOT staff.

#### STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN PERMIT POSTING



#### OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

#### MAINTENANCE:

All erosion and sediment best management practices (BMPs) Will be maintained in good working order per the environmental notes, details and standards included as part of the project plans and contract documents. BMP repairs Will be made at the earliest possible date, but no later than seven calendar days after the inspection report has been completed and immediately after the ground has dried sufficiently to allow equipment access. BMPs damaged by the Contractor Will be repaired or replaced immediately. The installation and repair of BMPs at creeks and outfalls Will be given priority.

#### INSPECTION:

TxDOT Form 2118 inspections to support TXR150000 and 404 permits Will be conducted on a seven day interval on the same day of the week, until permits are terminated. The Contractor Will provide daily BMP inspection reports on work days. Stage Gate Inspections and other BMP inspections Will be conducted by the District and Area Office Staff based on requirements of the TxDOT Environmental Management System (EMS).

#### WASTE MATERIALS:

Any waste materials generated during construction Will be disposed of in accordance with existing federal, state, and local laws.

#### HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING);

At a minimum, any products in the following categories are considered to be hazardous: Fuels, Lubricating products, Asphalt products, or Concrete curing compounds and any additives. In the event of a spill which may be hazardous, clean-up Will be done in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. The Contractor Will maintain a list of all chemicals and wastes required for the project; including chemicals used by sub-contractors, and Will implement written spill prevention and clean-up plans.

#### SANITARY WASTE:

Sanitary waste from portable units Will be collected by a licensed sanitary waste management contractor.

#### OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN EXCESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

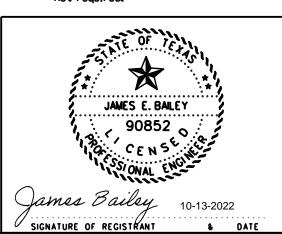
#### REMARKS

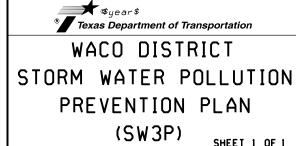
Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads Will be constructed in a manner that Will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas Will not be located in any wetland, waterbody or streambed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenance area Will be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the runoff pollutants.

Furnish one SW3P permit posting sign and sign support as detailed on the SW3P Sheet. Install this sign in a location selected by the Engineer. The sign and support should be removed upon completion of the project and is the property of the Contractor. The purchase of the sign and support, installation, relocation(s) if determined necessary by the Engineer and removal at project end Will be subsidiary to Item 506.

#### SEDIMENTATION BASINS:

Since the area disturbed is less than 10 acres, per outfall location, a sedimentation basin is not required.

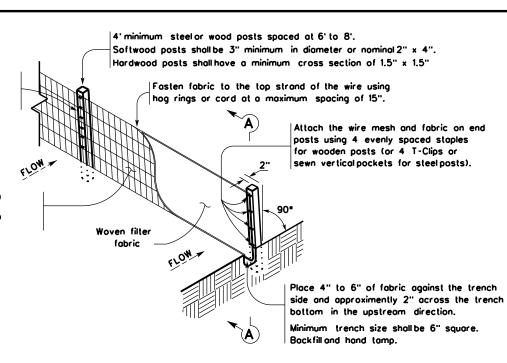




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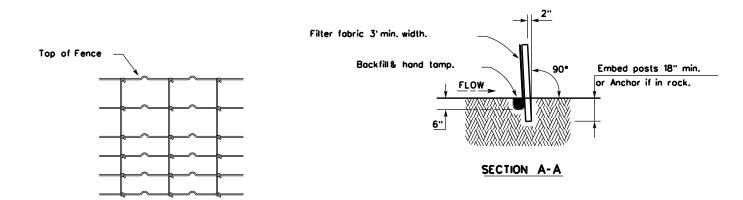
Connect the ends of the successive reinforcement sheets or rolls a minimum of 6 times with hog rings.

Galvanized welded wire mesh (W.W.M.) (12.5 GA. SWG Min.) with a maximum opening size of 2"x 4"or Woven Mesh (W.M.)(See woven mesh option detail)



#### TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT . Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

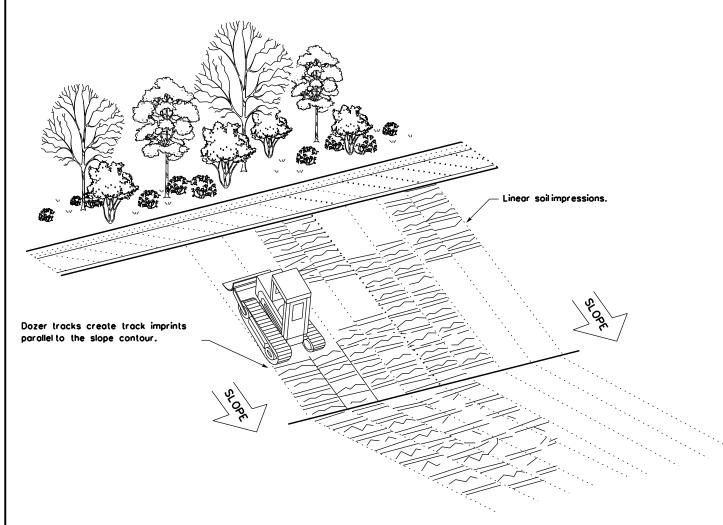
#### **LEGEND**

Sediment Control Fence



#### GENERAL NOTES

- Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- Provide equipment with a track undercorriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

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- 1. Prior to TxDOT allowing the Contractor to start construction, the Contractor will provide the required storm water and 404 permit documentation and support activities, including but not limited to the following:
  - Provide a list of all chemicals, construction and waste products that will be generated, stored or brought upon TxDOT ROW. The list includes expected construction debris, sanitary wastes, construction chemicals and petroleum products used or generated by the Contractor and sub-contractors. Along with the list, the Contractor will supply a spill prevention plan and clean up procedures that will include each of these chemical products or generated waste.
  - Provide in the construction schedule the necessary line items that will comply with the schedule and planning requirements of the storm water permit.
  - Post the TxDOT storm water permit and any Contractor permits, per permit requirements.
  - Provide copies of storm water permits for Contractor PSL(s). As new PSL(s) may be obtained for the project, provide copies of new or amended permits to T\*DOT. The Contractor will not disturb soil without the proper permits.
  - Provide scale drawings of off ROW PSL's within one mile of the project, for field offices, borrow sources, plant sites or other uses,
  - Provide permit information on any Contractor batch plants or concrete crushing plants to be located at a Contractor PSL(s) within one mile of the project limits or boundaries. Copies of the air and water permits are to be provided to TxDOT before materials will be used on the project. No asphalt or concrete batch plants or concrete crushing plants will be located on TxDOT ROW.
  - Provide a letter indicating a Contractor Responsible Person for environmental compliance (CRP) for the project, and maintain a CRP throughout the project duration.
  - Provide all environmental documentation including certification of compliance and EMS training documents/certificates prior to starting work. The Contractor is to provide daily BMP inspection reports that document all field BMPs needing repair or replacement. The Contractor is to clearly document specific BMPs needing repair and location each work day.

    The Contractor is encouraged to be proactive in fixing BMPs without TxDOT direction.
  - Provide documentation required for Waters of the US, Note =3 and submittals for Item 496 bridge removal. Bridge removal methods submitted will follow all Waters of the US note requirements. The Contractor is not to start construction within the Ordinary High Water Marks of any stream until receiving approval for stream channel construction methods from TxDOT.
  - Provide a written procedure for managing all chemicals and construction items placed in vertical containment structures. Also, provide methods to be used for the treatment, disposal, collection or release of storm water.
  - Provide on estimated date by letter, for the submittal of marked up bridge drawings, indicating cut locations for any structural steel requiring cutting or tarching of steel, coated with lead containing paints.
- 2. Place and maintain trash cans and portable sanitary facilities at locations where there is active construction. Worker generated trash and construction debris will be kept from being transported by storm water and will be collected daily from the ground and routinely hauled from the work area.
- 3. Contractor will provide TxDOT copies of all correspondence with MS4s, TCEO, EPA, DSHS and Corps of Engineers regarding activities on this project.
- 4. Contractor to conduct storm water inspections and develop SWPPP documents to support Contractor permits obtained for the project including PSL(s).
- 5. Contractor will maintain written documentation of locations of all portable sanitary facilities. The Contractor is required to document the location and disposition of all spills and cleanups from portable sanitary facilities.
- 6. Contractor will not store chemicals on TxDOT ROW, unless chemicals are stored following all environmental and safety regulations. Fuels for construction equipment will not be stored on TxDOT ROW.
- 7. The Contractor will store fuels and bulk chemicals on Contractor PSL(s) using a secondary containment method, such as double lined tanks and/or free standing containment reservoirs made of plastic or steel designed to hold bulk chemicals or drums.
- 8. The Contractor will not remove sediment controls without the prior approval of TxDOT, except for a sediment control that may back up water and cause safety or traffic problems.

SCALE - NTS SHEET 1 OF 10

Texas Department of Transportation

Waco District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

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- 9. Any sediment controls removed by the Contractor must be re-installed before the next rainfall event or by the end of day, as approved in advance.
- 10. Vegetative buffer strips may be used in place of temporary sediment controls such as sill fences and rock filler dams. The amount of disturbed soil area will be limited to 1/3 of an acre or less for a minimum of 50 feet of grassed ditch and 2/3 of an acre of disturbed soil for a minimum of 100 feet of grassed ditch.
- 11. Construction equipment found to be leaking oil, fuel or coolant will be immediately stopped, the leaking fluid collected and the equipment fixed. Equipment continuing to leak will be removed from the project at no cost to TxDOT. Leaking fluids from equipment will be collected and removed from the project or PSL.
- 12. Earlh berms or mounds lypically used to stockpile topsoil and used in place of boundary silt fence will be seeded upon being constructed. Long term use of earth berms or mounds will not be continued without establishing grass on the control.
- 13. The Contractor will inform TxDOT of new areas where soil will be disturbed to facilitate planning for new sediment controls. Areas of vegetated soil will not be disturbed by the Contractor, unless adequate sediment controls can be installed before the next rainfall event. The Contractor will assist TxDOT in keeping an accurate set of working SWPPP drawings that show the locations of all temporary sediment and erosion controls.
- 14. The Contractor will maintain an adequate amount of temporary sediment controls on hand at the field office or project staging area for critical SWPPP maintenance, including sitt fence (minimum of 200 feet) and rock / fabric for rock filter dams (minimum for 100 feet of Type III dams).

The requirement for BMP rock quantities on hand is waived for small projects for on and off system bridge installations. The Contractor having a BMP Subcontractor does not eliminate the requirement for the Contractor to have the required sill fence and rock on hand, typically stored at the Contractor PSL.

- 15. Failure of a sub-contractor to complete storm water work on time will require the Contractor to start storm water sediment control work immediately and complete the work with high priority, or be subject to stop work on the entire project.
- 16. Earth materials on roads as a result of soil tracking will not be allowed to be transported off ROW in storm water. Soil or rock material found on roadways deposited from Contractor equipment will be removed daily.
- 17. Unless approved, completed concrete curb inlets will not be blocked by sediment controls. The controctor will frequently sweep the completed or partially completed roadway to keep sediment out of drainage pipes.
- 18. The Contractor will be responsible for proper dust control and will route construction traffic in a manner that minimizes dust generation.
- 19. Water for dust control will contain no pollutants, but may be non-potable from upland stock ponds. No quantity of water to be used for construction purposes may be taken from a 404 stream, prior to the proper authorizations or permits being obtained by the Contractor.
- 20. Contractor is to direct workers and sub-contractors to use portable sanitary facilities provided by the Contractor and not to trespass off ROW.
- 21. Contractor will provide written verification to TxDOT that earth borrow pits and disposal sources meet environmental and regulatory requirements, prior to use. Excavations will meet all OSHA requirements and the current safety guidelines established for TxDOT Quarries and Pits.
- 22. Boundary sill fences that are terminated down slope, with one end being at the lowest elevation, will be installed with an L hook to contain sediment. Boundary sill fences that are installed on flat ground will have L-hooks on both ends.
- 23. Rock filler dams across ditches will be constructed where the rock filler dam ends are embedded within the ditch side slopes and ditch bottom. The top center elevation of the rock filler dam will be at least 6 inches lower than the elevations on the rock filler dam ends.
- 24. Sill fence will be constructed in a U or V pattern across ditch lines and up the ditch side slope to keep storm water from flowing around the ends of the silt fence. Small silt fences that do not adequately span the ditch and allows storm water around the end(s) will not be used. Where there is adequate space, large U pattern silt fences are preferred to facilitate sediment collection and sediment removal with equipment.
- 25. Sediment controls (RFDs or silt fences) will be located along road ditches as marked on the SWPPP drawings. Modifications to the sediment control spacing will be adjusted during the project based on sediment control effectiveness. The installation and maintenance of sediment controls at or near outfalls, where storm water leaves TxDOT ROW, takes persistent over ditch line sediment controls.

SCALE - NTS SHEET 2 OF 10

Texas Department of Transportation

Waco District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
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- 26. Storm water draining sheet flow over disturbed soil sloped towards the ROW property line, will be intercepted by a boundary sill fence typically installed with L-shaped ends.
- 27. For dilch grading and shoulder up work, the Contractor is limited during good weather to remove up to one mile (limited to five acres of disturbed soil) of ditch line sediment controls:

  on one side of the roadway. Outfall controls cannot be removed during this activity. Ditch line controls must be replaced upon completion of work and before the next rain event.
- 28. Sediment controls damaged by the Controctor, as defined by permit, must be fixed or replaced immediately upon discovery.
- 29. Notches in sill fences are not typically allowed. Specific sill fences that back up water onto lanes of traffic may be notched if approved.
- 30. For sill fence mainlenance, the Contractor will leave approximately 4 inches of deposited sediment up stream of sill fences and not over excavate around sill fences or rock filter dams.
- 31. The Contractor will inform TxDOT of new construction areas and where soil is planned to be disturbed. Sediment controls will be installed at outfalls prior to the Contractor beginning soil disturbing activities up slope from the outfall.
- 32. Water from concrete saw cutting, concrete grinding and concrete coring activities; or fine materials from concrete chipping and salvage will not be allowed to enter storm drains or enter streams.
- 33. Storm water containing suspended sediment and turbidity needing to be removed from excavations or low areas will be pumped or gravity drained through vegetated buffer strips (50 foot minimum) or placed in ditches with temporary sediment controls, prior to the water being discharged into a stream.
- 34. Uncontaminated water from natural groundwater seepage, springs, foundations and drains that does not contain suspended sediment or any pollutants may be discharged without storm water controls.
- 35. Lime or cement if spilled in ditches or outside the defined limits of application is considered a pollutant and will be excavated and removed the same day, to avoid contaminating streams.
- 36. If located along the project ROW, RAP stockpiles will be located where there is a minimum 100 feet of vegetalive buffer strip before storm water will reach a stream. RAP will not be used as a construction material within the Ordinary High Water Marks of a stream channel of a 404 designated stream.
- 37. If allowed on the project, concrete truck wash out areas will have adequate volume to allow 12 inch freeboard for rain and will be lined with 6 mils of plastic. No concrete will be stored higher than the 12 inch freeboard. Cleaning of truck chutes and equipment does not constitute concrete truck wash out and this activity may be completed at the concrete placement location. Wash out areas will not be located closer than 50 ft from down slope inlets or stream channels.
- 38. For outfalls near stock ponds closer than 50 foot from disturbed soil at the ROW line, redundant sediment controls will be provided, typically a combination of rock filter dam and a silt fence constructed in line of the flow.
- 39. Earth stockpiles will utilize sill fence sediment controls, positioned on the low end of the stockpile drainage area with L-hooks or sill fence installed around the entire stockpile.
- 40. Sediment controls including rock filter dams and silt fences will not be installed across any 404 streams. Sediment controls at 404 streams will be positioned to limit sediment entering the stream from the banks and around structures/culverts, and will allow free flow of storm water to pass through the ROW without being dammed by any sediment controls. Remove loose materials from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 41. Sediment controls for non-404 streams may be constructed across the drainage channel in unlimited locations. It is appropriate to use sediment control details typically used for 404 streams for non-404 streams when flow velocities are high. Remove loose material from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 42. Incomplete drainage pipe installation across the roadway does not remove the requirement for having sediment controls around the ends of the pipe. To stay within permit requirements, sediment controls should be installed over and around the terminated end and along each side of the banks as soon as construction on the pipe has been completed. Remove loose material from stream channels prior to each rain event.
- 43. Safety end / headwall construction temporarily will require the removal of part of the sediment control placed over and around the pipe end. Retain in place as much functioning sediment control as possible. Replace the silt fence over and around the top of the pipe, immediately upon concrete placement and form removal. Do not remove culvert sediment controls that cannot be replaced before the next rain event. Sediment control at the ends of culverts must be in place and available for any rain event until the disturbed soil areas are re-vegetated.

SCALE - NTS SHEET 3 OF 10

Texas Department of Transportation

Waco District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
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- 44. Between the Ordinary High Water Marks of a 404 stream channel, the Contractor will disturb only the minimum amount of stream channel that is necessary to complete the work.
- 45. Rock riprop for erosion control does not replace the requirements to maintain sediment control until vegetation is re-established. Replace sediment controls immediately after installing erosion rock.
- 46. At the direction of TxDOT, sediment deposited into existing and new culverts will be removed subsidiary to Item 506. Sediment to be removed is either pre-existing material before construction starts or sediment generated as a part of this project.
- 47. Provide treated 2x4 cross bracing for rectangular inlet sill fence, subsidiary to Item 506.
- 48. Loose or granular earth materials will not be used to repair silt fence undercuts. Silt fence undercut repairs will be conducted with well compacted soils or the silt fence will be reset in a nearby location.
- 49. Sill fence steel T posts of approximately 1.25 pounds per foot are allowed at a spacing of 8 feet or less. Silt fence steel T posts between approximately 1.25 pounds per foot and 0.85 pounds per foot are allowed for T post spacing of 5 feet or less.
- 50. Sill fence to be used to slow the flow of storm water down slopes will be positioned approximately horizontal (on the contour) with L hooks on the ends and limited to approximately 200 feet in length. Multiple sections and levels of sill fence may be required in addition to temporary / permanent erosion control flumes.
- 51. Soil retention blankets will be installed rolled down the stope with the small dimension side embedded at the top of slope, unless recommended otherwise by the manufacturer. Excess grass, rocks, trash, debris or clods will be removed before seeding and installing soil retention blankets. All installations will be by the manufacturer recommendations. Contractor equipment, including tractor mowers will be kept off areas with soil retention blankets until the grass is established.

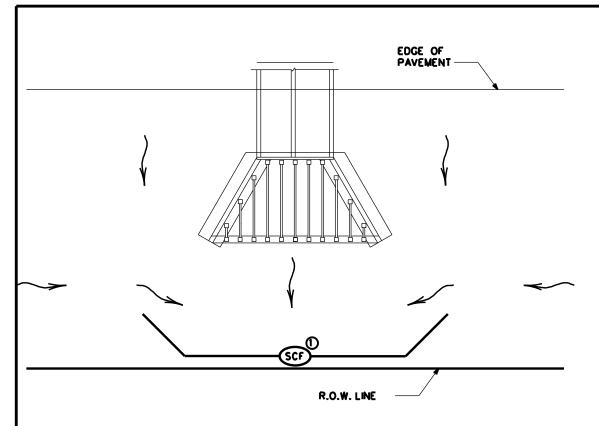
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Texas Department of Transportation

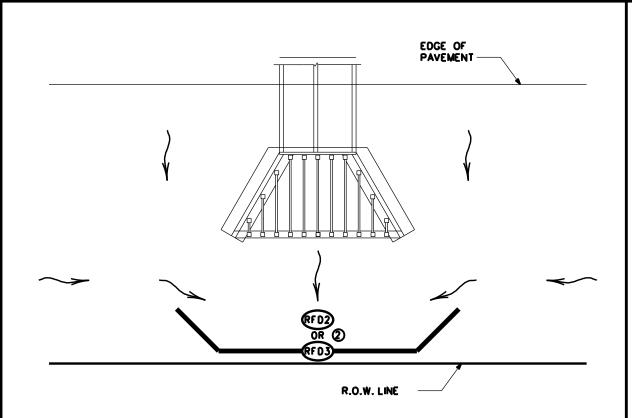
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TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
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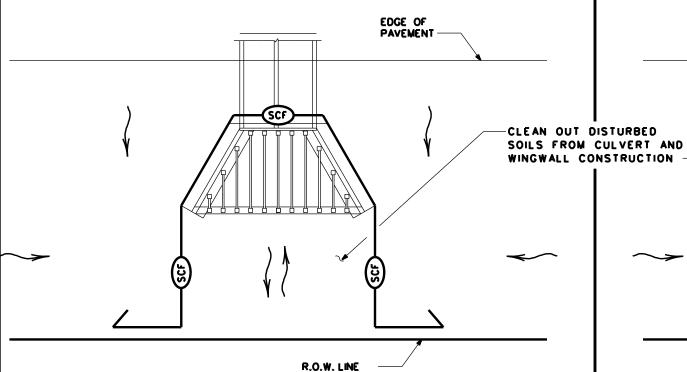


FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY - SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



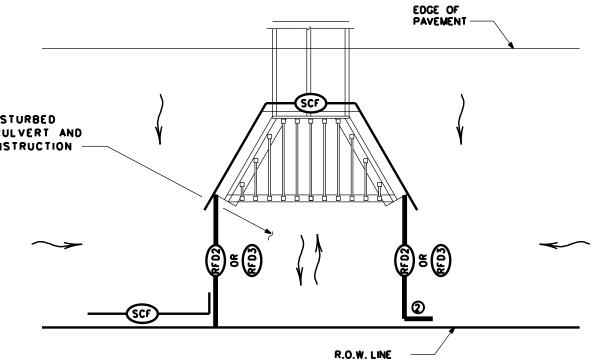
# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) •2

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) •3

FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OR ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) •4

FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS - SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OR ENTRANCE OF CULVERT

—@ <b>-</b>	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
<b>RF 02</b>	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)
<b>(1)</b>	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)
~	DIRECTION OF FLOW

#### NOTES

(DEXTEND SILT FENCE SO STORM WATER DOES NOT GO AROUND THE ENDS. USE L-HOOKS ON ENDS AS REQUIRED.

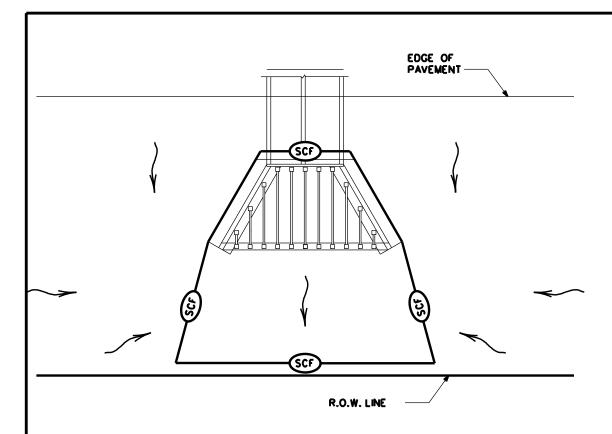
② EXTEND ROCK FILTER DAM SO STORM WATER DOES NOT GO AROUND THE ENDS.

SCALE - NTS SHEET 5 OF 10

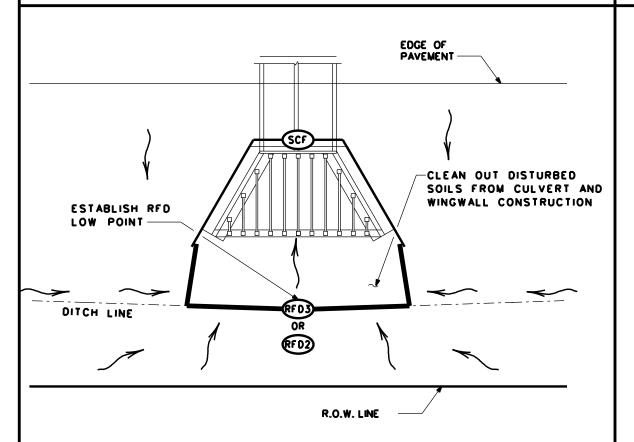


# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

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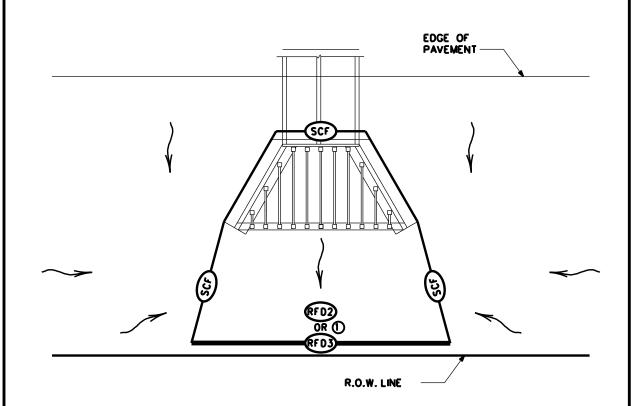


FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY - SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



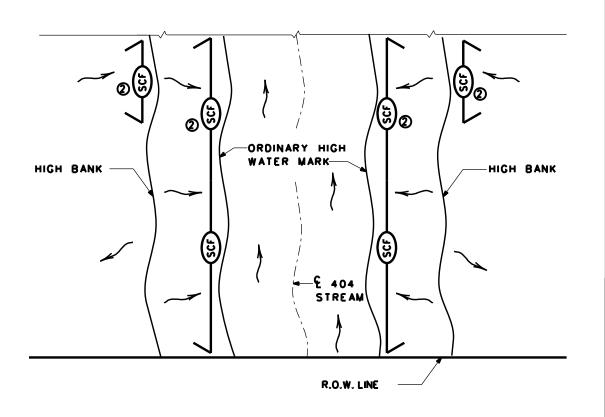
# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) •7

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY - SEDIMENT CONTROL AT ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) •6

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) •8

FOR 404 STREAMS - SEDIMENT CONTROL DURING PROJECT CLEARING AND GRUBBING

	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
<b>RF D2</b>	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)
<b>(</b> f03	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)
~	DIRECTION OF FLOW

#### NOTES

OPROVIDE OVERLAP OF SILT FENCE WITH ROCK FILTER DAM.

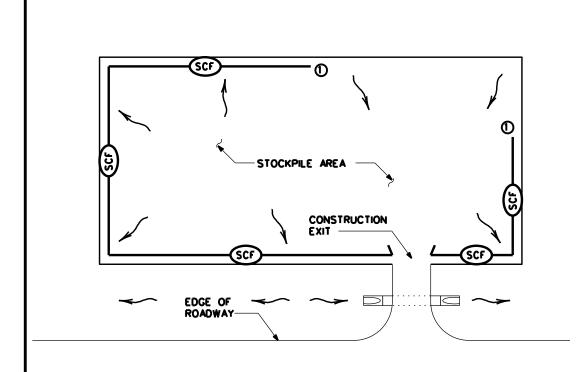
② USE SILT FENCE L-HOOKS ON ENDS TO BLOCK STORM WATER SEDIMENT

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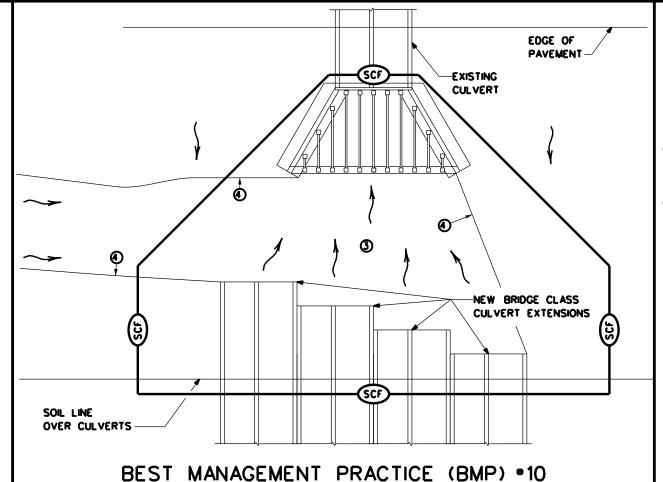


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
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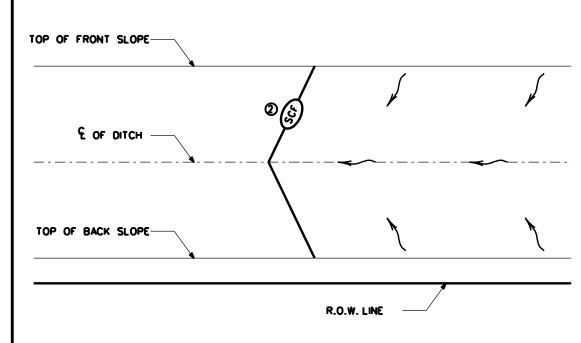
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STOCKPILE SEDIMENT CONTROL

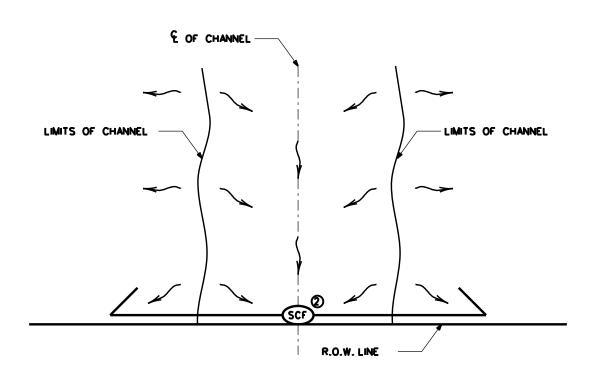


FOR 404 OR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY 
SEDIMENT CONTROL AT PHASED CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE CLASS CULVERTS



BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) •11

BOUNDRY SEDIMENT CONTROL - BOTH ENDS OF CONTROL TERMINATED UP SLOPE



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) •12

BOUNDRY SEDIMENT CONTROL - BOTH ENDS OF CONTROL TERMINATED DOWN SLOPE

—(iii)	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
<b>€</b> f 02	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)
<b>(1)</b>	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)
~	DIRECTION OF FLOW

#### NOTES

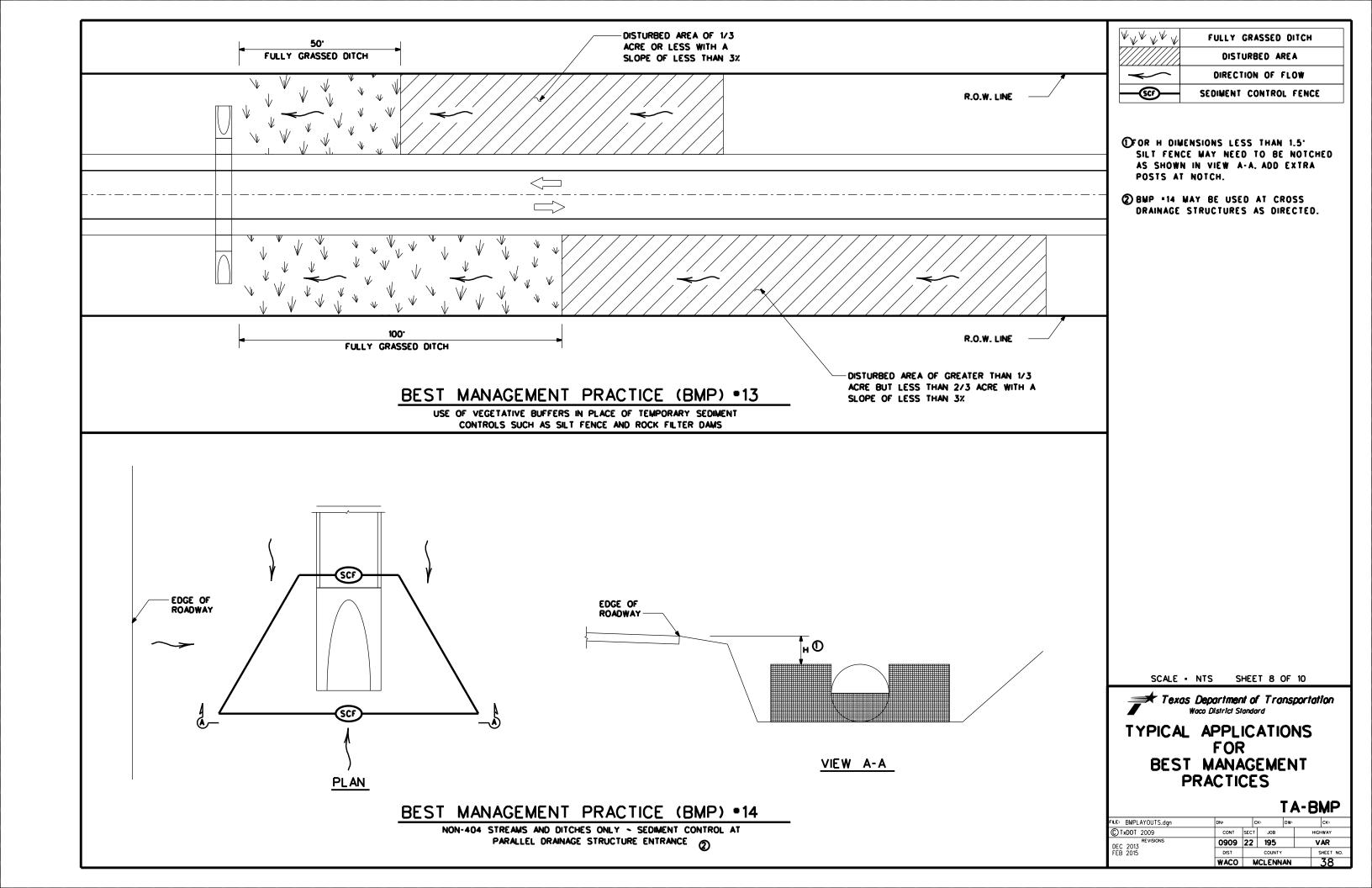
- ()START SEDIMENT CONTROL AT LOCATION SO ALL STORM WATER WITH SEDIMENT IS COLLECTED
- ② ROCK FILTER DAMS OR EARTH/GRASSED EMBANKMENTS CAN BE SUBSTITUTED AS DIRECTED.
- ③ PROVIDE A SMOOTH TRANSITION FROM THE INVERT ELEVATIONS BETWEEN CULVERTS. REMOVE LOOSE SOIL FROM EXCAVATED AREA BETWEEN CULVERTS.
- (4) PROVIDE AND INSTALL PNEUMATICALLY
  PLACED CONCRETE ON THE DITCH BOTTOM
  AND SIDE SLOPES BETWEEN TEMPORARY
  TERMINATIONS BETWEEN OLD AND NEW
  CULVERTS. PNEUMATICALLY PLACED
  CONCRETE WILL BE PLACED TO THE
  HEIGHT OF THE LARGEST CULVERT ON THE
  DITCH SIDE SLOPES; AND TO A LIMIT
  10 FEET OUTSIDE THE LOCATION OF BMPS
  ALONG THE DITCH BOTTOM. CEMENT
  STABILIZED SAND MAY BE SUBSTITUTED
  FOR PNEUMATICALLY PLACED CONCRETE,
  IN AREAS WHERE INSTALLATION WORKS
  AND AT THE OPTION OF TXDOT.

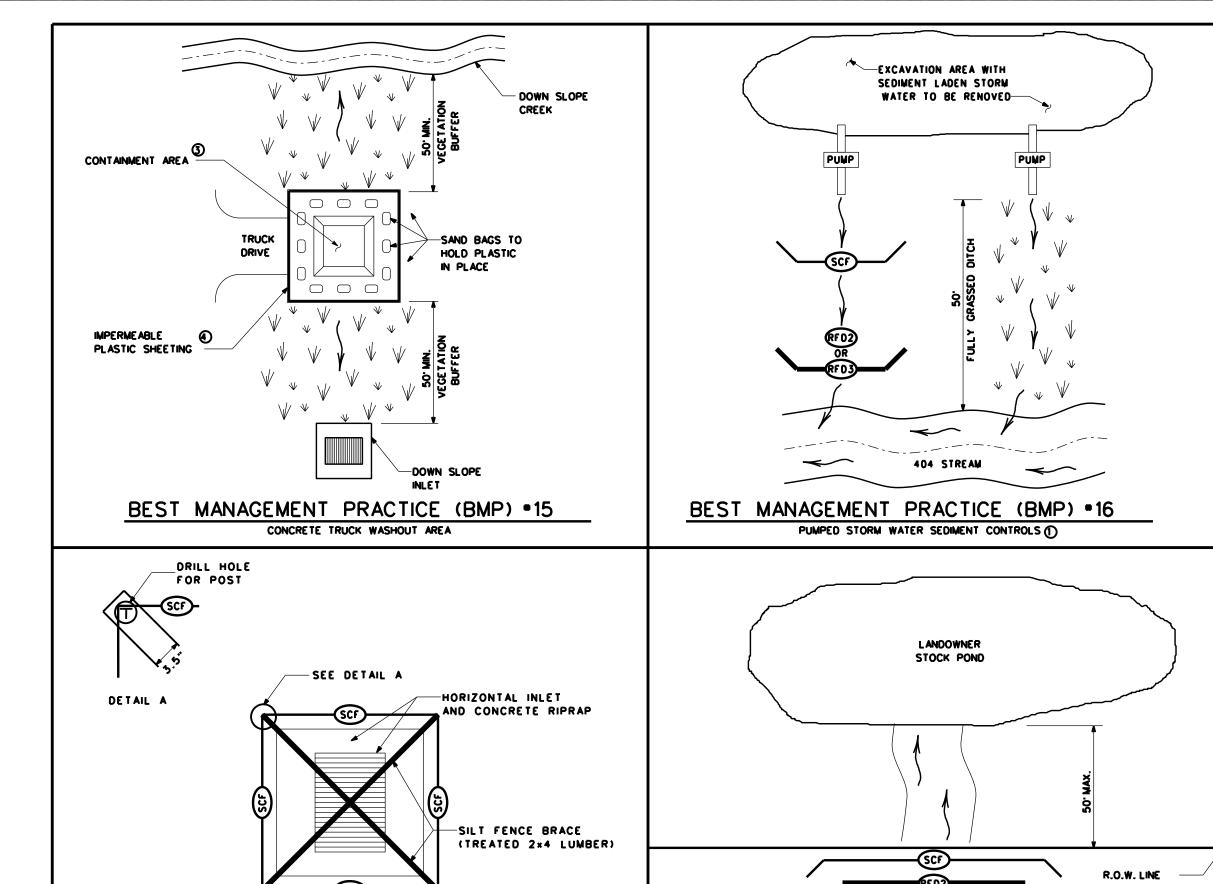
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LANDOWNER STOCKPOND SEDIMENT CONTROL 2)

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) •17

HORIZONTAL INLET SEDIMENT CONTROL

FULLY GRASSED DITCH

DIRECTION OF FLOW

SCF SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)

ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)

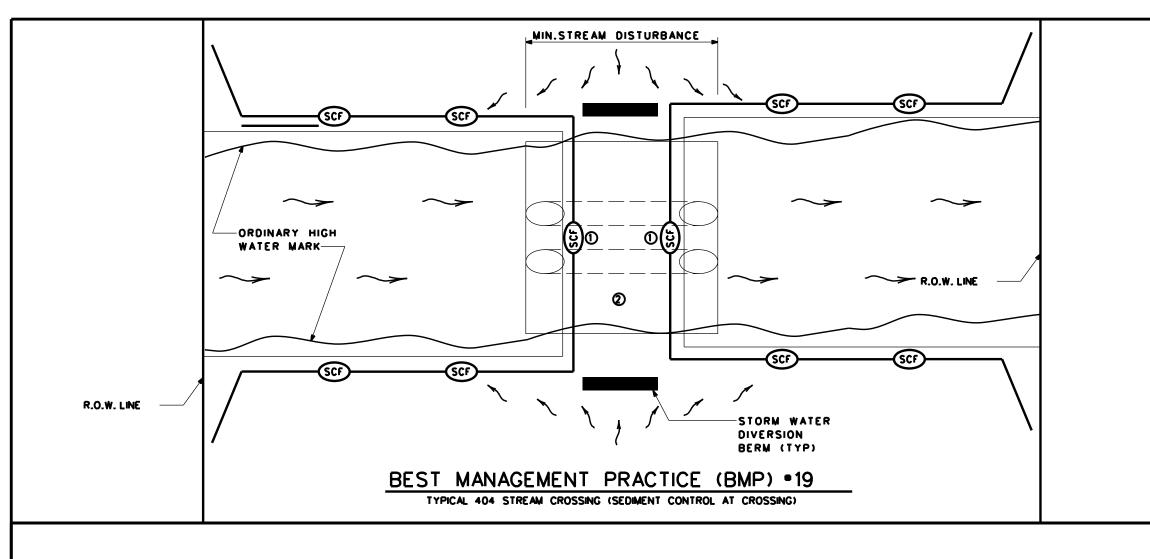
- ()PUMPED STROM WATER FROM AN EXCAVATION AREA SHOULD BE DISCHARGED IN A 50' VEGETATIVE BARRIER OR THROUGH TWO TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROLS BEFORE ENTERING A 404 STREAM.
- ② FOR LANDOWNER STOCKPONDS WITHIN 50' OF THE RIGHT OF WAY LINE, PROVIDE REDUNDANT SEDIMENT CONTROLS AT THE CONVEYANCE OF THE POND. MINIMUM OF TWO SEDIMENT CONTROLS.
- (3) WHEN CONTAINMENT AREA REACHES 1' FREEBOARD, DISCONTINUE WASHOUT PLACEMENT AND REMOVE MATERIAL UPON SOLIDIFICATION.

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Texas Department of Transportation
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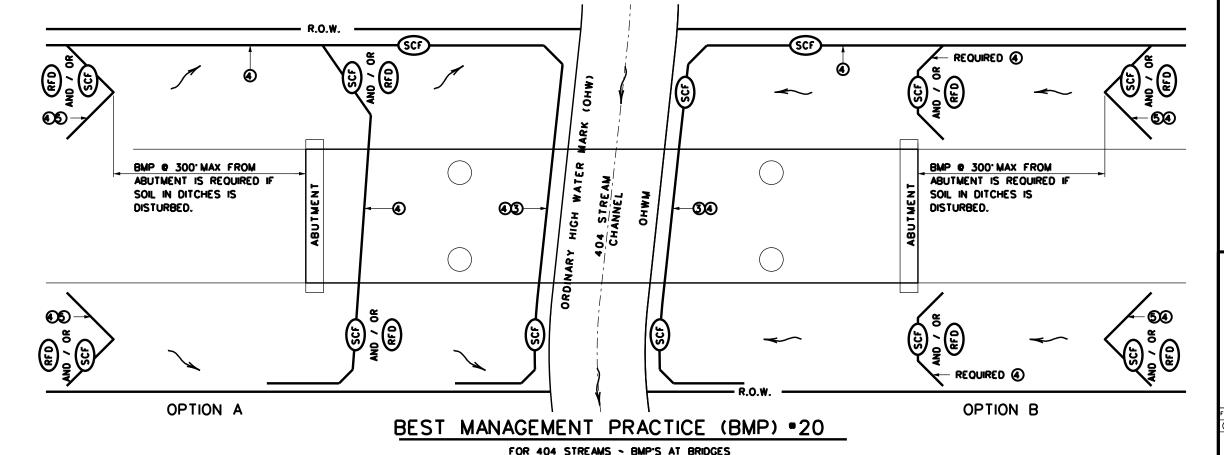
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~	DIRECTION OF FLOW				
—(135)	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE				
—RFD—	ROCK FILTER DAM				
	SECURITY FENCING				

- 1 HAY BALES MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR SILT FENCE OVER THE STREAM CROSSING.
- 2 CROSSING WILL BE AS PER REQUIREMENTS OF THE WATERS OF THE US GENERAL NOTES.
- (3) INSTALL SILT FENCE SLIGHTLY UP FROM OHW MARK FROM R.O.W. TO R.O.W.
- USE SILT FENCE L-HOOKS ON LEVEL OR DOWN SLOPING ENDS TO BLOCK STORM WATER SEDIMENT
- (5) INSTALL LARGE V OR U SHAPED BMP'S FROM ABUTMENT AS SHOWN, IF THERE IS STEEP DITCH CONDITIONS DECREASE SPACING AND CONSIDER RFD'S, ADD ADDITIONAL BMP'S IF GRADE IS STEEP OR IF FLOW IS HIGH.



SCALE - NTS SHEET 10 OF 10

Texas Department of Transportation

Waco District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
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