WICHITA FALLS DISTRICT

ARCHER COUNTY

WILBARGER COUNTY

ROCKMORT COUNTY

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. : BR2020(351), ETC. CONTROL SECTION JOB: 0903-29-027, ETC. ARCHER COUNTY CR 232, ETC.

LIMITS: CR 232 (SIGNED WILSON RANCH RD) AT HOLLIDAY CREEK, ETC.

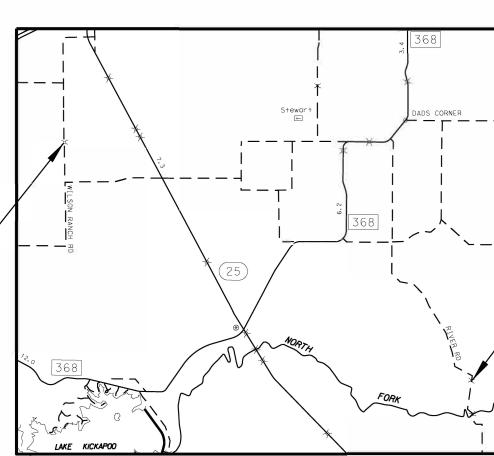
DIV.NO.	FLI	DENAL AID INOSECT	NO.	NO.
6	BR 2	020(351), E	TC.	1
STATE	DIST.		COUNTY	
TEXAS	WFS		ARCHER	
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWA	AY NO.
0903	29	027, ETC.	CR 232	, ETC.

CR 232 (WILSON RANCH RD)	BRIDGE		30.00FT.	•	0.006MI
CR 232 (WILSON RANCH RD) TOTAL LENGTH OF PROJECT =	ROADWAY	=	300.00FT.	=	0.057MI
CSJ 0903-29-027	TOTAL	=	330.00FT.		0.063MI

R 261 (RIVER RD)	BRIDGE	=	40.00FT.	=	0.008MI.
OTAL LENGTH OF PROJECT =	ROADWAY	=	300.00FT.	×	0.057MI.
SJ 0903-29-029	TOTAL		340.00FT.		0.064MI.

		COORD	INATES				1
CSJ	RDWY NAME	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	DESIGN SPEED (MPH)	AADT (2020)	AADT (2040)	FUNCTIONAL CLASS.
0903-29-027	CR 232	33.740247	-98.805665	25	10	14	LOCAL ROAD
0903-29-029	CR 261	33.671845	-98.671845	25	13	18	LOCAL ROAD

TYPE OF WORK: BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF: REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES



CONTRACTOR NAME: CONTRACTOR ADDRESS: LETTING DATE: DATE WORK BEGAN: DATE WORK COMPLETED: DATE OF ACCEPTANCE:

BR 2023 (780) CSJ: 0903-29-029 CR 261 (RIVER RD) AT DRAW

> Texas Department of Transportation © TxDOT 2022

> > SUBMITTED FOR LETTING 10/26/2022

DESIGN ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING 10/27/2022

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING 10/28/2022

DISTRICT ENGINEER

**ARCHER** COUNTY BR 2020 (351) CSJ: 0903-29-027 CR 232 (WILSON RANCH RD) HOLLIDAY CREEK

> SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014, AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 2022).

SCALE IN MILES

NO EXCEPTIONS NO EQUATIONS

NO RAILROAD CROSSINGS

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               TITLE SHEET
               INDEX OF SHEETS
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               CR 261 (RIVER RD) @ DRAW TYPICAL SECTIONS
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    56
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               EC(9)-16
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THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY
IDENTIFIED WITH A \*\* HAVE BEEN ISSUED
BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

NAME DATE

CR 232, ETC INDEX OF SHEETS

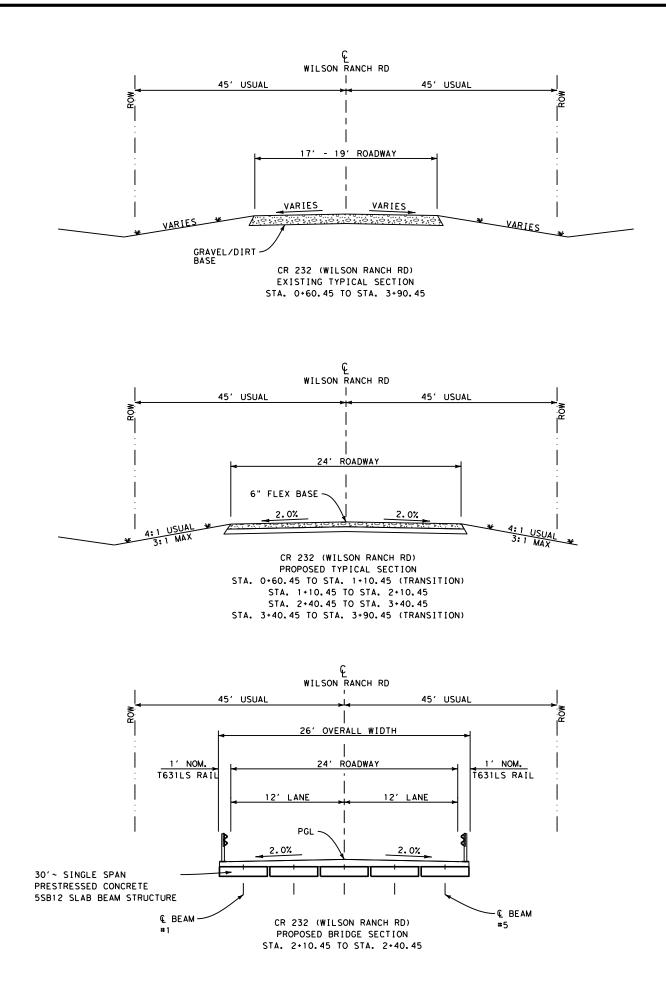


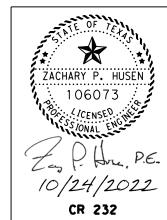
CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

0903 29 027, ETC CR 232, ETC

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.





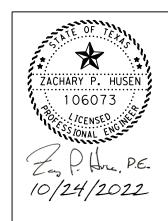


(WILSON RANCH RD)

HOLLIDAY CREEK
TYPICAL SECTIONS

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CONT	SECT	JO	OB		H)	GHW	ΔY	
0903	29	027,	ETC	CR	23	32,	Ε.	ГC
DIST		COL	JNTY	•		SHE	ET NO	٠.
***					1		$\overline{}$	

(RIVER ROAD) TYPICAL



CR 261 (RIVER RD)

• DRAW

TYPICAL SECTIONS



County: ARCHER. Sheet A

**Highway:** CR 232, ETC. **Control:** 0903-29-027, ETC.

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

#### **Basis of Estimate:**

Item - Description Rate\* Unit

168 - Vegetative Watering 1.4 GAL/SY per Application every MG

2 weeks for 3 months

\*For Contractor's information only, actual production rates may vary.

#### **General Requirements**

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Zach Husen, P.E.: Zachary.Husen@txdot.gov
Anthony Boucher, E.I.T.: Anthony.Boucher@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address:

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

#### **Bid Item Specific General Notes**

#### **Item 4 - Scope of Work**

For the preconstruction conference submit a work schedule; temporary water pollution control plan; material sources; the person responsible for the SW3P; written utility coordination plan; certification statements; request for proposed subcontractors and letters designating the project superintendent, safety officer, and payroll officer at the preconstruction conference.

#### **Item 5 - Control of the Work**

Provide the Engineer a minimum 24 hours' notice for work requiring inspection or testing.

County: ARCHER. Sheet B

**Highway:** CR 232, ETC. **Control:** 0903-29-027, ETC.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate

Precast Proposal Submission" found online at <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design">https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design</a>. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

#### Item 6 – Control of Materials

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

### **Item 7 - Legal Relations and Responsibilities**

• No significant traffic generator events identified for this project.

Use an all-weather material in conjunction with item 7.2.4. This work will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to various bid items.

The Contractor's responsible person as described in item 7.2.6.1 must be able to respond within 45 minutes of being notified.

#### Item 100 – Preparing Right of Way

Drift, debris, brush removal, and tree trimming will be paid for under Item 100, Preparing Right of Way. Mulch and/or shred brush and trimmed limbs and place material on the backslope in those areas as an erosion deterrent.

#### Item 132 – Embankment

All borrow/aggregate sites shall meet the requirements of the Texas Aggregate Quarry and Pit Safety Act which can be found at <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/division/maintenance/quarry.html">www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/division/maintenance/quarry.html</a>

SHEET 5

General Notes Sheet A

General Notes

Sheet B

County: ARCHER. Sheet C

**Highway:** CR 232, ETC. **Control:** 0903-29-027, ETC.

This material shall consist of suitable earth material such as loam, clay or other materials that will form a stable embankment and be free from vegetation or other objectionable matter. Any embankment needed from a borrow pit must first be approved by the Engineer.

Windrow approximately 4" of existing grass and topsoil adjacent to the right of way line or vegetative buffer zone prior to beginning earthwork operations. Upon completion of earthwork operations scarify the slopes and ditches longitudinally to a depth of approximately 4 inches and return the windrowed material to the slopes and the ditches as a permanent erosion control measure. This work will not be paid for directly, but is considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

#### **Item 164 - Seeding for Erosion Control**

Temporary seeding will be required in several small areas as work progresses to comply with the storm water pollution prevention plan and may require multiple mobilizations of seeding crew. The Engineer may blend temporary and permanent seeding according to the temperatures and time of year in order to achieve maximum coverage in the least amount of time. The contractor is responsible for the protection and maintenance of all seeded areas until final acceptance of the project. Maintenance includes:

- 1. Protection of seeded and mulched areas against traffic.
- 2. Mowing of weeds and tall vegetation, if needed, to prevent loss of soil moisture or choking out of grass seedlings. Mowing will be done as directed by the Engineer and will not be paid for directly.

#### Item 166 – Fertilizer

Fertilize all areas of the project that are seeded.

#### **Item 168 - Vegetative Watering**

Water as directed by the Engineer all areas that receive seed to sustain grass growth to obtain a minimum 70% vegetative cover within the right of way. This may require the contractor to water the newly established grass for a period of up to three months after all other work on the contract is completed and before the project is accepted. Watering shall be done at times determined by the Engineer in order to minimize any loss due to evaporation.

#### **Item 247 - Flexible Base**

Flexible base material shall consist of crushed limestone and be placed using ordinary compaction.

When a commercial source is utilized with a known passing triaxial test history, the triaxial requirement may be waived by the Engineer. A copy of the recent passing test results must be obtained from the Wichita Falls District Laboratory and placed in the project records.

County: ARCHER. Sheet D

**Highway:** CR 232, ETC. **Control:** 0903-29-027, ETC.

### **Item 496 – Removing Structures**

Contractor to provide no less than 7 days' notice to County Commissioner prior to bridge demolition and project completion for coordination of any fence replacement or salvageable material. (Contact information to be provided at the Pre-Construction Meeting).

Any existing substructure remaining after removal of the superstructure shall be demolished to 2 feet below grade in accordance with this bid item. Any existing substructure which conflicts with the proposed bridge foundations shall be completely removed as directed by the Engineer.

The existing bridge elements will become the property of the contractor after removal.

#### Item 502 - Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Work vehicles within 30 feet of the traveled way shall have strobe lights or rotating beacons in use.

Work will not be permitted without adequate traffic control in place as determined by the Engineer.

The Traffic Control Plan (TCP) for this project includes the plans, the Texas Manual on Traffic Control Devices, Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets, Standard TCP Sheets, and as otherwise required by the Engineer.

The Contractor's person responsible for TCP compliance is available by local telephone 24 hours a day and must respond to traffic control needs within 45 minutes of being notified.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment while outside of vehicles and equipment on the project.

Repair barricades within 48 hours after barricade report has been delivered to the Contractor. Failure to comply will cease all work until barricades are repaired to the satisfaction of the Department. Replace all damaged traffic control devices immediately. Remove any damaged traffic control devices from the project within 24 hours.

Failure to make necessary corrections to Traffic Control items based on barricade inspections will be cause for withholding the monthly estimate until such corrections are made.

SHEET 6

General Notes Sheet C

General Notes

Sheet D

County: ARCHER. Sheet E

**Highway:** CR 232, ETC. **Control:** 0903-29-027, ETC.

Remove from the roadway and store in a central location approved by the Engineer all temporary traffic control devices, such as cones, barrels, portable signs, vertical panels, etc., which will not be used within 24 hours. This includes removal of temporary traffic control devices from the roadway over the weekend.

#### Item 506 - Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

The total disturbed area (TDA) will establish the required authorization for storm water discharges. The TDA of the project will be determined as described by the SW3P Narrative sheet.

Contractor shall meet the requirements for the Project SW3P binder as described on the SW3P sheet.

The Contractor shall collect and dispose of all waste material as required by the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SW3P).

If sediment escapes the construction site, immediately stop all work on the project, remove the sediment, and modify the SW3P site plan to prevent future non-compliance issues.

The Contractor shall construct concrete washouts for all concrete items. This work including materials and labor will not be measured or paid for directly but will be subsidiary to Item 506.

Verify locations and dimensions of BMP's and obtain the Engineer's approval prior to placement. BMP locations indicated on the plans are approximate and may be adjusted as necessary by the Engineer.

If it is determined that other erosion control devices are needed, payment for the work will be determined in accordance with Article 4.4, "Changes in the Work".

Anticipate multiple mobilizations for SW3P work.

### Item 658 - Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies

The Contractor shall furnish SHUR-TITE Guardrail Post "Flat Mount" from SHUR-TITE Products or equivalent.

General Notes Sheet E





# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0903-29-027

**DISTRICT** Wichita Falls **HIGHWAY** CR 178, CR 227

**COUNTY** Archer

Report Created On: Oct 28, 2022 4:03:23 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0903-29	-027	0903-2	9-029		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00128	125	A0012	8124		
		C	OUNTY	Arche	er	Arch	ier	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIC	HWAY	CR 22	27	CR 1	78		FINAL
<b>ALT</b>	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	1	
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	4.000				4.000	
	110-6004	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY AND CHANNEL)	CY	74.000		51.000		125.000	
	132-6003	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY B)	CY	265.000		312.000		577.000	
	164-6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	528.000		515.000		1,043.000	
	164-6011	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	528.000		515.000		1,043.000	
	164-6021	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURAL)(SANDY)	SY	528.000		515.000		1,043.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	6.000		6.000		12.000	
	216-6001	PROOF ROLLING	HR	4.000		4.000		8.000	
	247-6061	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TYA GR1-2) (6")	SY	734.000		734.000		1,468.000	
	416-6002	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	LF	297.000		345.000		642.000	
	420-6013	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CY	19.600		19.600		39.200	
	420-6074	CL C CONC (MISC)	CY	3.000		3.000		6.000	
	422-6007	REINF CONC SLAB (SLAB BEAM)	SF	780.000		1,040.000		1,820.000	
	425-6010	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB12)	LF	147.500		197.500		345.000	
	432-6035	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(24 IN)	CY	292.000		395.000		687.000	
	432-6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	11.800		11.800		23.600	
	450-6019	RAIL (TY T631LS)	LF	84.000		104.000		188.000	
	496-6009	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000		1.000		2.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	0.500		0.500		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	3.000		3.000		6.000	
	506-6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	100.000		80.000		180.000	
	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	100.000		80.000		180.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	600.000		600.000		1,200.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	600.000		600.000		1,200.000	
	506-6040	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	LF	100.000		80.000		180.000	
	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	100.000		80.000		180.000	
	508-6001	CONSTRUCTING DETOURS	SY			722.000		722.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	100.000		100.000		200.000	
	540-6007	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (TL2)	EA	4.000		4.000		8.000	
	540-6016	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	EA	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	658-6062	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	6.000		6.000		12.000	
	4171-6001	INSTALL BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS	EA	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000				1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000				1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Wichita Falls	Archer	0903-29-027	8

# CR 232 (WILSON RANCH RD) AT HOLLIDAY CREEK NBI: 03-005-0-AA02-32-002 SUMMARY OF ROADWAY 100 110 132 216 247

					SUMMARY OF ROADWA	Y ITEMS						
	100 6002	110 6004	132 6003	216 6001	247 6061	432 6045	496 6009	540 6001	540 6007	540 6016	544 6001	658 6062
LOCATION	PREPARING ROW	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY AND CHANNEL)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (ORD COMP) (TY B)	PROOF ROLLING	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYA GR1-2) (6")	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP) (4 IN)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (TL2)	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1 (BRF)GF2(BI)
	STA	CY	CY	HR	SY	CY	EA	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA
CR 232 WILSON RANCH RD @ HOLLIDAY CREEK	4	74	265	4	734	11.8	1	100	4	2	2	6
PROJECT TOTALS	4	74	265	4	734	11.8	1	100	4	2	2	6

			SUMM	ARY OF EROSION CO	ONTROL ITEMS					
	1 6 4 600 9	164 6011	164 6021	168 6001	506 6002	506 6011	506 6038	506 6039	506 6040	506 6043
LOCATION	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (PERM) (RURA L) (SANDY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)		TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)		BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	SY	MG	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF
CR 232 WILSON RANCH RD @ HOLLIDAY CREEK	528	528	528	6	100	100	600	600	100	100
PROJECT TOTALS	528	528	528	6	100	100	600	600	100	100

### CR 261 (RIVER RD) AT DRAW NBI:03-005-0-AA02-61-003

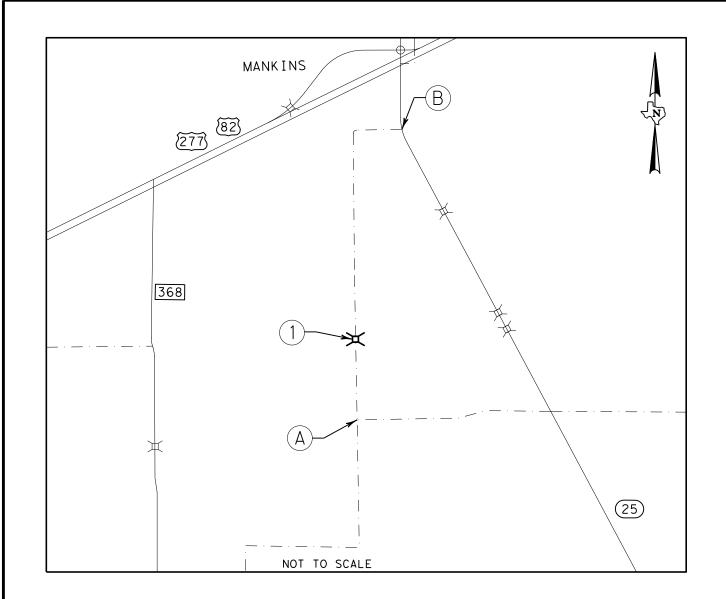
					SUMMARY OF RO	DADWAY ITEMS						
	110 6004	132 6003	216 6001	247 6061	432 6045	496 6009	508 6001	540 6001	540 6007	540 6016	544 6001	658 6062
LOCATION	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY AND CHANNEL)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (ORD COMP) (TY B)	PROOF ROLLING	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYA GR1-2) (6")	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP) (4 IN)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE O - 99 FT LENGTH)	CONSTRUCTING DETOURS	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (TL2)	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1 (BRF)GF2(BI)
	CY	CY	HR	SY	CY	EA	SY	LF	EA	EA	EA	EΔ
CR 261 RIVER RD @ DRAW	51	312	4	734	11.8	1	722	100	4	2	2	6
PROJECT TOTALS	51	312	4	734	11,8	1	722	100	4	2	2	6

			9	SUMMARY OF EROSI	ON CONTROL ITEMS					
	164 6009	164 6011	164 6021	168 6001	506 6002	506 6011	506 6038	506 6039	506 6040	506 6043
LOCATION	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (PERM) (RURA L) (SANDY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)		TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	SY	MG	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF
CR 261 RIVER RD @ DRAW	515	515	515	6	80	80	600	600	80	80
PROJECT TOTALS	515	515	515	6	80	80	600	600	80	80

CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

O903 29 027, ETC CR 232, ETC
DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

WFS ARCHER 9





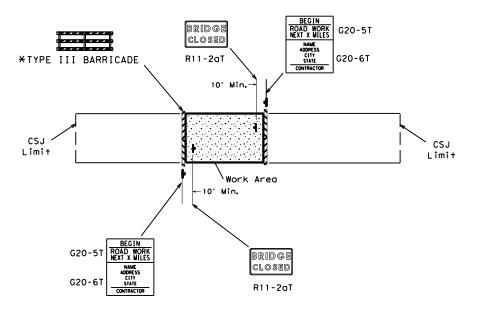
SIGN POST

TYPE III BARRICADE

— LEGEND ——

- THE ONLY BARRICADES REQUIRED FOR THIS LOCATION ARE AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET.
  NO ADDITIONAL BARRICADES OR ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS WILL BE REQUIRED AT
  THIS LOCATION.
- 2. COVER ALL EXISTING SIGNS IN CONFLICT WITH THE WORK ZONE SIGNS.
- 3. THE SIGN LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET ARE NOT TO SCALE.
- \* SHALL NOT BE USED AS A SIGN SUPPORT

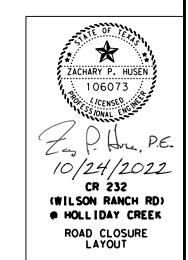
# PROJECT LOCATION



ROAD CLOSED
0.6 MILES AHEAD
LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY

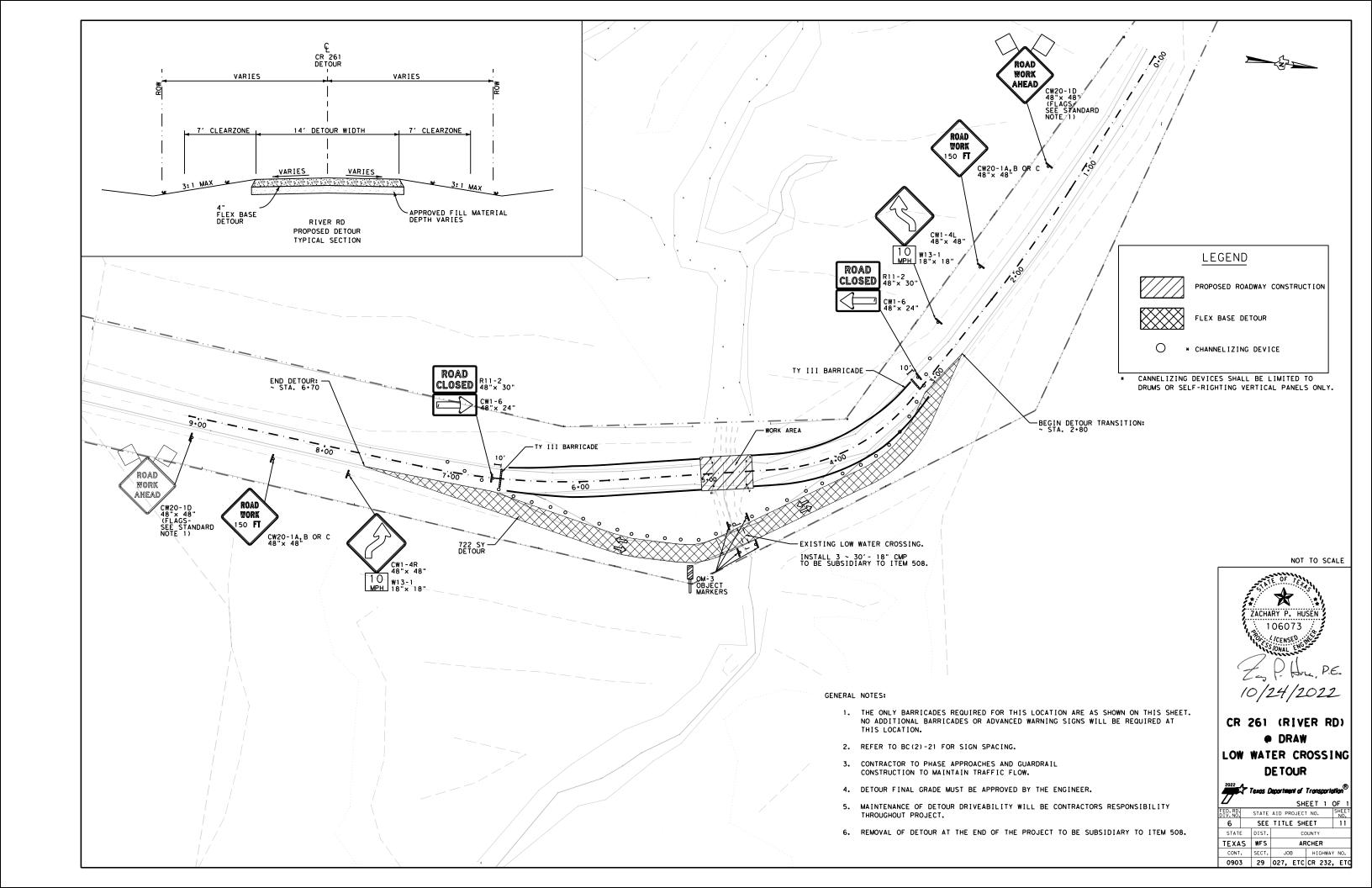
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ROAD CLOSED
2.6 MILES AHEAD
LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY



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# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

SHEET 1 OF 12

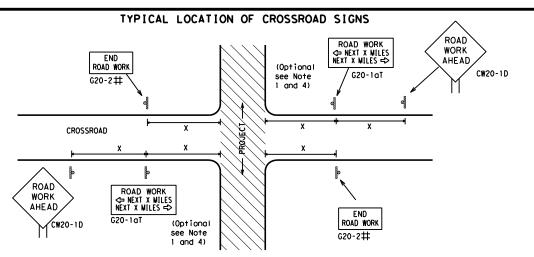


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **GENERAL NOTES** AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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 $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP BINEM BORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ G20-1bTR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

## TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

#### SIZE

SPACING

ay/ y		Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
8"		MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
		30	120
		35	160
		40	240
		45	320
8"		50	400
•		55	500 <sup>2</sup>
		60	600 <sup>2</sup>
		65	700 <sup>2</sup>
8"		70	800 <sup>2</sup>
0		75	900 <sup>2</sup>
		80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
	ı	*	* 3

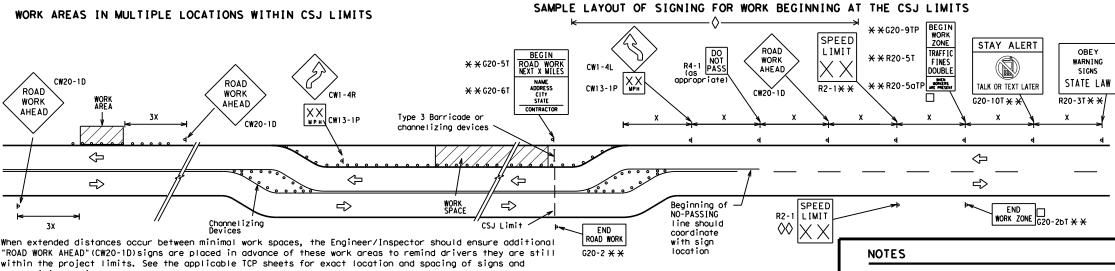
Sign onventional Expressw Number Freewa or Series CW20' CW21 CW22 48" x 4 48" x 48' CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 4 36" x 36" CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48' 48" x 4 CW8-3, CW10, CW12

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

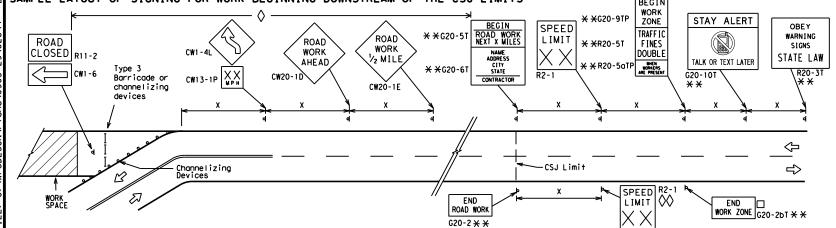
 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.

CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.

Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic

Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND
Ι	Type 3 Barricade
000	Channelizing Devices
۴	Sign
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

#### SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

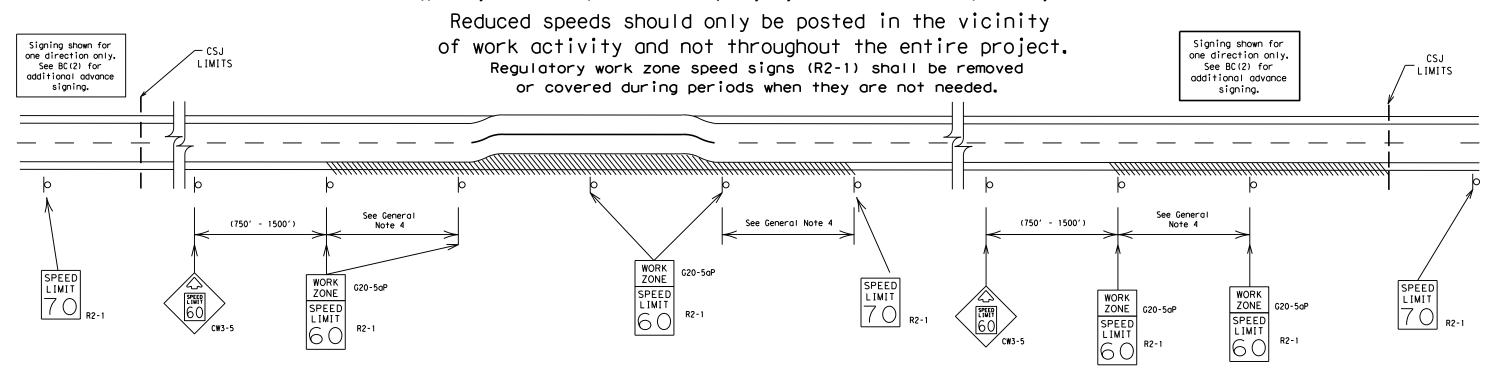
## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

# BC(2)-21

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# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

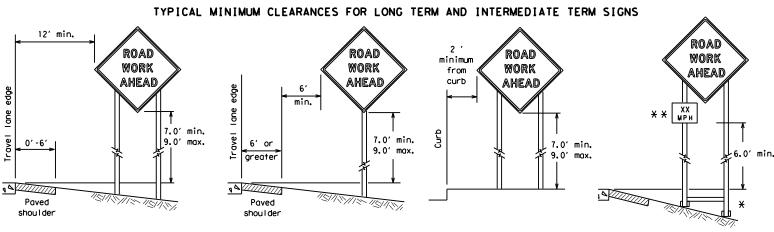


Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

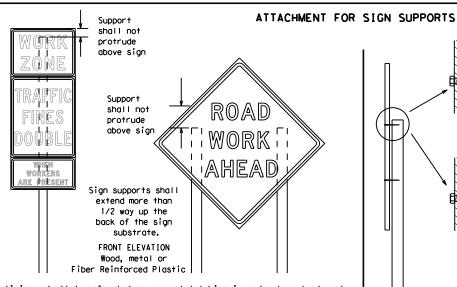
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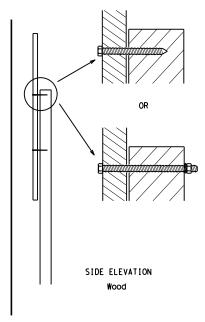


\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

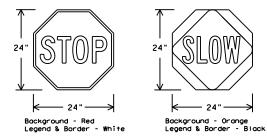


Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) -21

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¥ Maximum 12 sq. ft. of \* Maximum wood 21 sq. ft. of sign face sign face 4x4 block block 72" Length of skids may Top be increased for wood additional stability. for sign Top 2x4 x 40" height 2x4 brace requirement for sign height 3/8" bolts w/nuts requiremen or 3/8" x 3 1/2" (min.) lag screws Front 4x4 block 40" 4x4 block 36" Side Front SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS \* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

upright

2"

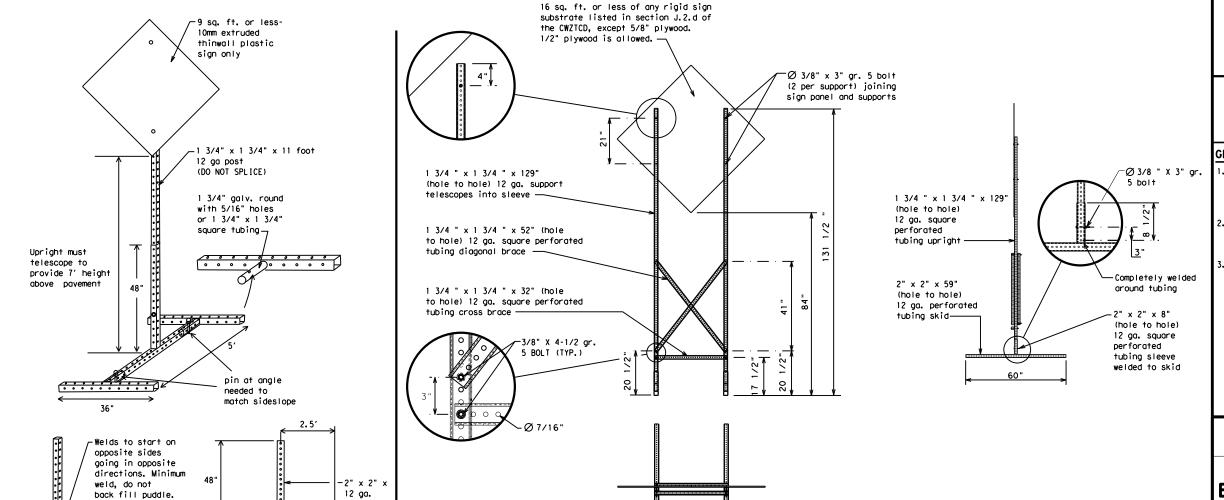
SINGLE LEG BASE

weld starts here

Post Post Post Post desirable 34" min. in Optional strong soils, reinforcing 48" 55" min. in minimum sleeve -34" min, in weak soils. (1/2" larger See the CWZTCD strong soils, for embedment. than sian 55" min, in post) x 18' weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) -OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) WING CHANNEL PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



32′

### **WEDGE ANCHORS**

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

## OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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7-13	5-21	WFS		ARCHE	R			1	6

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS \* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.

Use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any made by TxD01 for any purpose whatsoever. TxD01 assumes no responsibility for the conversion standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK I NG
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE		SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E		SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD		TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving			
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
xxxxxxxx			

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phase Lists".

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

"Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

#### \* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2. LANE

## Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

A		e/E Lis	ffect on Trave	еI	Location List		Warning List		* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT		AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT		BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH		NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N		PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS		XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS		US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP				DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOULDER USE				DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
	USE OTHER ROUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS					•	TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
e 2.	STAY IN				*	¥ See A	pplication Guide	elines l	Note 6.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
  - 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.

9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

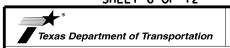
#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



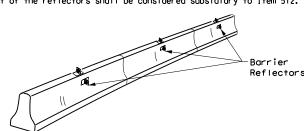
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

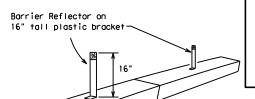
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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	CONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY				
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



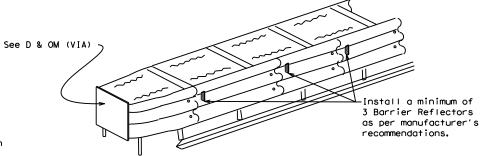
BARRIER (LPCB) USED IN WORK ZONES LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See

Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



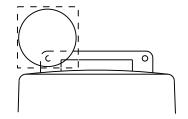
#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

## BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

#### Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

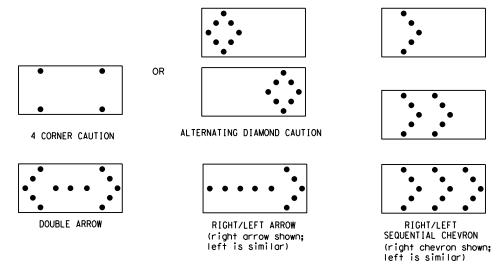
#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS											
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE									
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile									
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile									

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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101

# GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMUTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

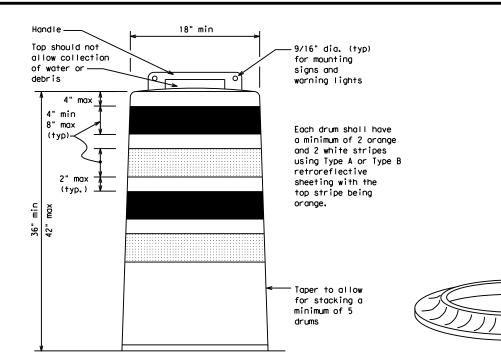
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

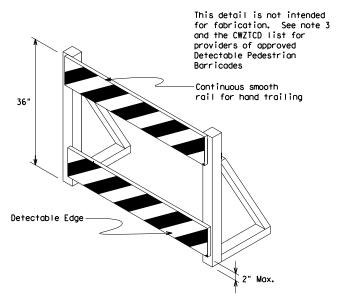
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





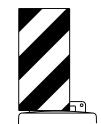
#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

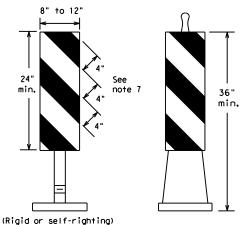


Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

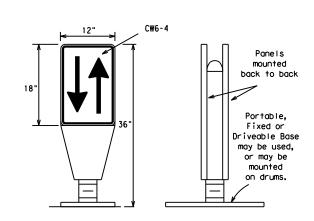
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PORTABLE

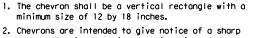
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

#### OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

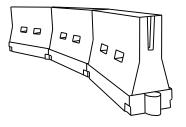


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflec-tive legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

### **CHEVRONS**

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices				
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent			
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′			
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′			
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′			
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′			
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′			
55	L=WS	550′	6051	6601	55′	110′			
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60,	120′			
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′			
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′			
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′			
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′			

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

### SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

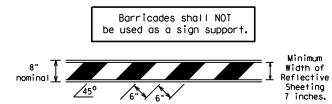
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

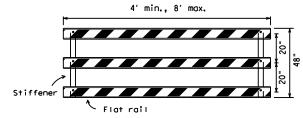
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#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solld objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

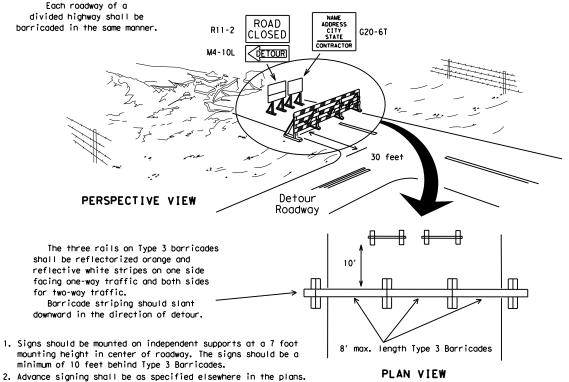


#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet. steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s locross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

4" min. white

42" min.

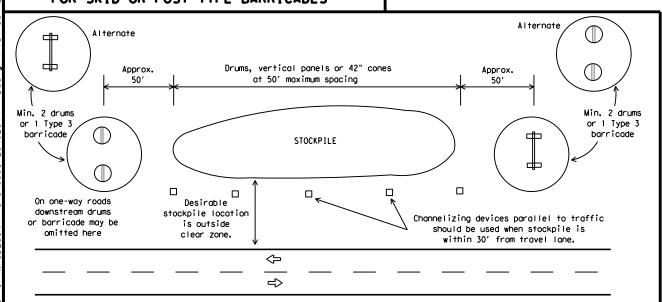
42" min.

6" min. 2" min. 4" min. 2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

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#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

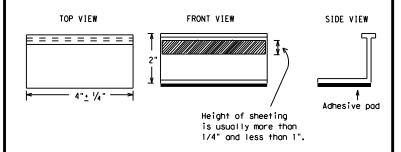
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



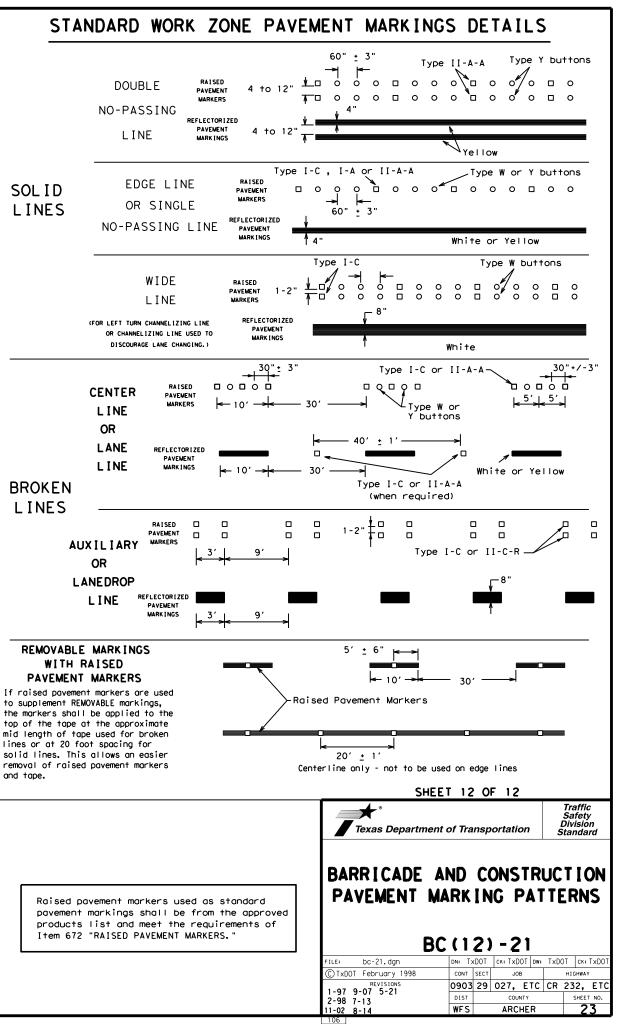
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

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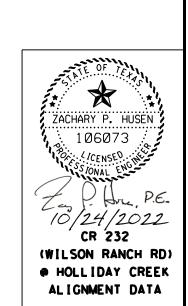
Ahead

1 Describe Chain RDCL99 Curve Data Chain RDCL99 contains: \*----\* RDCL991 CUR RDCL99\_3 CUR RDCL99\_6 RDCL998 Curve RDCL99\_6 3+18.82 N 7,316,123.5282 E P.I. Station Beginning chain RDCL99 description 7° 09′ 12.37" (RT) Delta Feature: Road\_Centerline Degree 17° 24′ 05.11" \_\_\_\_\_\_ 20.5809 Tangent 41.1084 Length Radius 329.2592 Point RDCL991 N 7,316,442.1467 E 1,875,584.0987 Sta 0+00.00 0.6426 External Long Chord = 41.0817 Mid. Ord. = 0.6413 Course from RDCL991 to PC RDCL99\_3 S 1° 27′ 54.18" W Dist 148.5279 P.C. Station 2+98.23 N 7,316,144.0866 E P.T. Station 3+39.34 N 7,316,103.0100 E Curve Data \*----\* c.c. 7,316,128.6894 E Curve RDCL99\_3 Back = S 2° 40′ 49.13" E = S 4° 28′ 23.24" W P.I. Station 1+71.46 N 7,316,270.7390 E 1,875,579.7148 Ahead Chord Bear = S 0° 53′ 47.06" W Delta 4° 08′ 43.31" (LT) Degree 9° 02′ 26, 90" Course from PT RDCL99\_6 to RDCL998 S 4° 28' 23,24" W Dist 222,9995 Tangent 22.9359 45,8517 Length Point RDCL998 N 7,315,880.6897 E 1,875,567.6092 Sta 5+62.34 633.7464 Radius External 0.4149 45.8417 Long Chord = Mid. Ord. = 0.4146 Ending chain RDCL99 description P.C. Station 1+48.53 N 7,316,293.6673 E 1,875,580.3012 1,875,580.7874 P.T. Station 1+94.38 N 7,316,247.8282 E c.c. 7,316,277.4642 E 1,876,213.8405 = S 1° 27′ 54.18" W Back

Course from PT RDCL99\_3 to PC RDCL99\_6 S 2° 40′ 49.13" E Dist 103.8552

= S 2° 40′ 49.13" E

Chord Bear = S 0° 36′ 27.47" E



1,875,586.6064

1,875,585.6440

1,875,585.0013

1,875,256,7450

Texas Department of Transportation

Course from PT RIVER\_RD\_CL\_3 to PC RIVER\_RD\_CL\_6 S 51° 21′ 25.26" E Dist 97.4109

Curve Data

\*----\*

Curve RIVER\_RD\_CL\_6

Chord Bear = S 27° 32′ 35.58" E

P.I. Station	3+89.88	N	7,291,325.7361	Ε	1,917,897.8942
Delta =	47° 37′ 39.35" (F	RT)			
Degree =	38° 26′ 22.04"				
Tangent =	65.7838				
Length =	123.9029				
Radius =	149.0546				
External =	13.8711				
Long Chord =	120.3663				
Mid.Ord. =	12.6901				
P.C. Station	3+24.10	N	7,291,366.8159	Ε	1,917,846.5137
P.T. Station	4+48.00	N	7,291,260.0916	Ε	1,917,902.1731
C. C.		N	7,291,250.3964	Ε	1,917,753.4342
Back = S	51° 21′ 25.26" E				
Ahead = S	3° 43′ 45.91" E				

Course from PT RIVER\_RD\_CL\_6 to PC RIVER\_RD\_CL\_9 S 3° 43′ 45.91" E Dist 129.1411

Curve Data

Curve RIVER\_RD\_CL\_9

\*----\*

P.I. Station 6+50.69 N 7,291,057.8285 E 1,917,915.3572

Delta 15° 57′ 27.70" (RT) 10° 55′ 07.21" Degree 73.5513 Tangent 146.1506 Length 524.7506 Radius 5.1296 External = 145.6786 Long Chord = Mid. Ord. = 5.0799 5+77.14 N P.C. Station

P.C. Station 5+77.14 N 7,291,131.2241 E 1,917,910.5731
P.T. Station 7+23.29 N 7,290,985.9459 E 1,917,899.7785
C.C. N 7,291,097.0918 E 1,917,386.9337

Back = S 3° 43′ 45.91" E

Ahead = S 12° 13′ 41.80" W

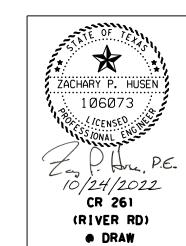
Chord Bear = S 4° 14′ 57.95" W

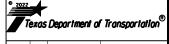
Course from PT RIVER\_RD\_CL\_9 to 2 S 12° 13′ 41.80" W Dist 184.1073

Point 2 N 7,290,806.0157 E 1,917,860.7832 Sta 9+07.40

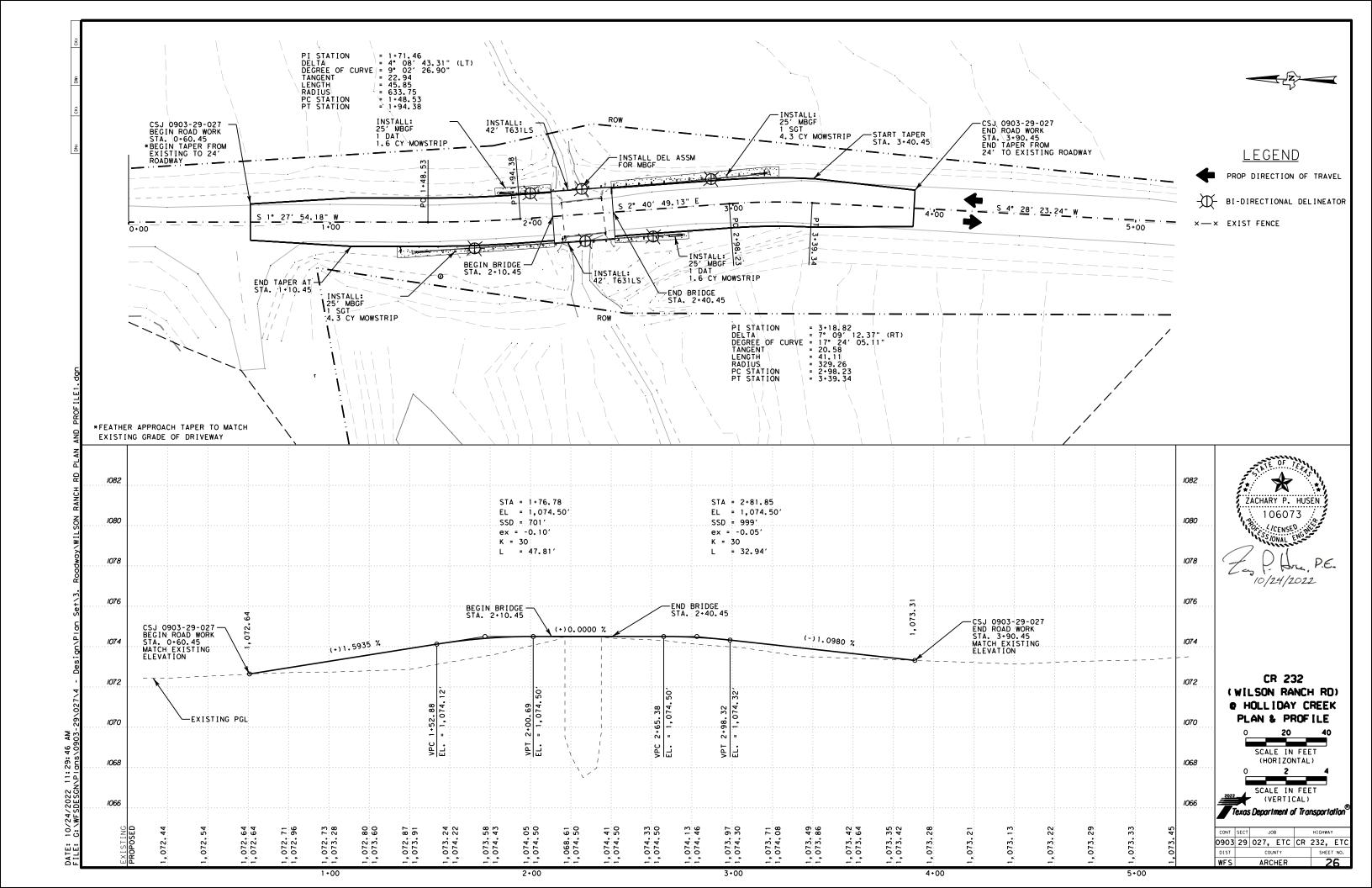
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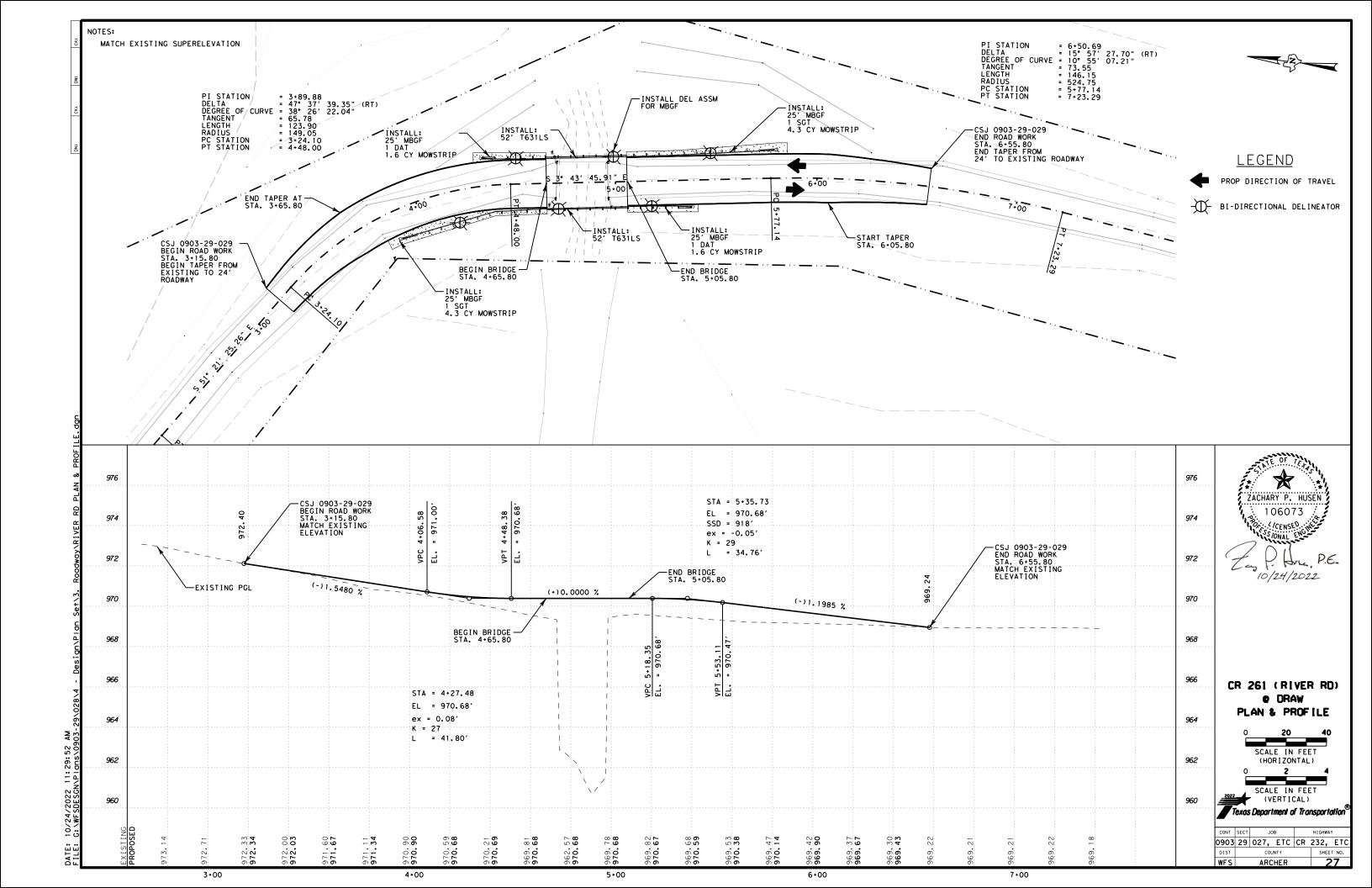
Ending chain RIVER\_RD\_CL description





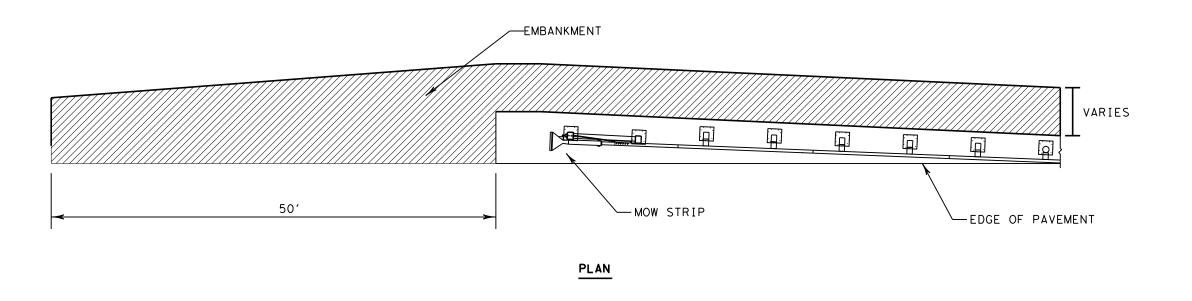
ALIGNMENT DATA



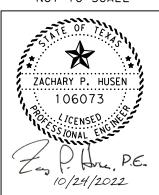


#### NOTES:

- THE MATERIAL USED SHALL BE STABLE SOIL CAPABLE OF SUSTAINING VEGETATION.
- 2. MATERIAL MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER BEFORE CONSTRUCTION BEGINS.
- 3. COMPLETE ALL EMBANKMENT WORK PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF PROPOSED MBGF AND SGT.
- 4. AREAS WHERE EMBANKMENT IS ADDED MUST BE SEEDED, FERTILIZED, AND WATERED MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS HEREIN. THIS WORK WILL BE PAID FOR UNDER ITEMS 164 AND 168.



NOT TO SCALE



CR 232, ETC EMBANKMENT DETAIL



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DATE: 10/24/2022 11:29:54 AM FILE: G:\WFSDESGN\Plans\0903-29\027\4 - Desian\Plan Set\3. Roadway\EMBANKA ₩ 8

MADE SUL TS

NO WARRANTY OF FORMATS OR FOR

ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER

THE "TEXAS CONVERSION

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THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED MES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR 1

NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

- 1. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF MBGF SHALL BE SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445. "GALVANIZING.
- RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 25'- 0", OR 12'- 6" (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT 3'-1 1/2" C-C OR 6'-3" C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO ACCOMMODATE THE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL (DAT) AND THE
- 3. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 3/4" WASHER (FWC160) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- 4. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING. FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 5. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.
- 6. THE LATERAL APPROACH TO THE GUARD FENCE, SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 1V:10H.
- 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE GUARD FENCE MAY BE FLARED
- 8. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. GUARD FENCE PLACED IN THE VICINITY OF CURBS SHALL BE POSITIONED SO THAT THE FACE OF CURB IS LOCATED DIRECTLY BELOW OR BEHIND THE FACE OF THE RAIL. RAIL PLACED OVER CURBS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THAT THE POST BOLT IS LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 25
- 9. APPLICATIONS IN SOLID ROCK ARE ONLY ALLOWED WITH STEEL POSTS. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN 0 TO 18" OF THE FINISHED GRADE, DRILL A 24" DIA. HOLE, 24" INTO THE ROCK. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED BELOW 18", DRILL A 12" DIA. HOLE, 12" INTO THE ROCK OR TO THE STANDARD EMBEDMENT DEPTH, WHICHEVER MAYBE LESS. ANY EXCESS POST LENGTH, AFTER MEETING THESE DEPTHS, MAY BE FIELD CUT TO ENSURE PROPER GUARDRAIL MOUNTING HEIGHT. BACKFILL WITH COARSE AGGREGATE MATERIAL.
- 11. SPECIAL FABRICATION WILL BE REQUIRED AT INSTALLATION LOCATIONS HAVING A CURVATURE OF LESS
- 12. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210 ONLY PRODUCERS

SEE GF (31) TL3 TR STANDARD FOR HIGH-SPEED TL-3 TRANSITIONS. SEE GF (31) TL2 TR STANDARD FOR LOW-SPEED TL-2 TRANSITIONS.

Texas Department of Transportation

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) - 19

DN:TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP CK:CGL/A ILE: gf3119.dgn TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2019 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0903 29 027, ETC CR 232, ET ARCHER

TXDOT FOR ANY PURPOSE WHATSOEVER. DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ITS USE. BREAKAWAY CABLE TERMINAL (BCT) CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY WITH CABLE BRACKET, BEARING PLATE NON-SYMMETRICAL
TRANSITION RAIL SECTION
(SEE APPLICABLE TRANSITION STANDARD)— 7 1/4" × 5 1/4" × 46" 2 C3 X 5 X 80" (3) GENERAL NOTES -DAT TERMINAL POST GROUND STRUTS AND STANDARD HARDWARE. 1. THE DETAIL SHOWN IS THE MINIMUM LENGTH OF NEED (LON) FOR A DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL (DAT) CONNECTED TO A CONCRETE RAIL (11)(15)(17)2. THE RAIL SECTION AT THE END POST IS SUPPORTED BY THE SHELF ANGLE BRACKET. THE RAIL ELEMENT IS NOT ATTACHED PLAN VIEW 5 SHELF ANGLE BRACKET (8)(14)(17)(11) END PAYMENT FOR DAT SYSTEM (EA.) 3. THE FOUNDATION TUBES SHALL NOT PROJECT MORE THAN 3  $\frac{3}{4}$  " ABOVE THE FINISHED GRADE. (SEE NOTE 2) -BEGIN PAYMENT FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE 4. ALL HARDWARE FOR DAT SHALL BE ASTM A307 UNLESS (SEE GF (31) STANDARD) DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC (4) 9' - 4 ½" Rail Section OTHERWISE SHOWN. ል <mark>ዜ</mark> 12'-6" (Min.) MBGF IS MADE RESULTS (SEE GENERAL NOTE 2) 5. REFER TO GF(31) SHEET FOR TERMINAL CONNECTION DETAILS. PAYMENT FOR NON-SYMMETRICAL (ROUNDED) W-BEAM TRANSITION RAIL (EA) BEGIN LENGTH END SECTION OF NEED 6'- 3' 3'-1 1/2 3'-1 1/2 THE "TEXAS ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND CONVERSION OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER FORMATS OR FOR INCORRECT (LON) (11)(12)MOW STRIP INSTALLATION IF A MOW STRIP IS REQUIRED WITH THE DAT (7) BCT POST\_SLEEVE INSTALLATION THE LEAVE-OUT AREA AROUND THE STEEL FOUNDATION TUBES AND THE TWO CHANNEL 2" × 5 ½" STRUTS MAY BE OMITTED. THIS WILL REQUIRE A (**1 1**) (1 3) (1 7 (SCH 40 GALV. PIPE) FULL POUR AT THE FOUNDATION TUBES. FINISHED To properly install and maintain the anchor system, a 3 1/4"(±) 1/2" tube projection is required FINISHED (11)(16)(17)GRADE GRADE (10)(8)\* 68 1/4" (MIN.) above the finished grade. (DAT) PARTS LIST QTY TUBE EMBEDMENT **ELEVATION VIEW** (SEE NOTE 1) STEEL FOUNDATION TUBE BCT CABLE ANCHOR AND ANCHOR BRACKET WITH HARDWARE DAT TERMINAL POST 10' - 4 3/4" CHANNEL STRUT 9' - 4 1/2 (1)STEEL FOUNDATION TERMINAL RAIL ELEMENT TUBES WITH HARDWARE 4'- 1" 3'- 1 1/2" 12" SHELF ANGLE BRACKET BCT BEARING PLATE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL (DAT) BCT POST SLEEVE DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED BY TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE NOTE: ONLY FOR DOWNSTREAM USE, WHEN LOCATED OUTSIDE THE HORIZONTAL CLEARANCE AREA OF OPPOSING TRAFFIC. Ф GUARDRAIL ANCHOR BRACKET ``` (ROUNDED) W-BEAM END SECTION 3 SPACĚS AT 4" BCT CABLE ANCHOR (4) TERMINAL RAIL ELEMENT FOR DAT RECESSED NUT, GUARDRAIL 1 1/4" BUTTON HEAD BOLT 10" BUTTON HEAD BOLT %" X 2" HEX HEAD BOLT %" X 8" HEX HEAD BOLT WELD END PLATE-TO BRACKET 51/2" SIDES 11/2 " 2 1/2" 2 1/2" %" X 10" HEX HEAD BOLT SLOTS (TYP) 8"(TYP) 1/8" FLAT WASHER - 2~NAILS (3) CHANNEL STRUT 4" C3 X 5 X 80", GRADE A36 ¾" DIA. HOLES 3" MIN-1 1/8" DI SPLICE BOLT NOTE: DRIVE NAILS AND BEND OVER TO PREVENT PLATE ROTATION SLOT (TYP) BENT PLATE 1" × 1%= ⊕ 16" × 12 ½" × ¾ ' BEARING PLATE END PLATE Texas Department of Transportation 8"× 8"× 1/8" P 28 1/2" %" DIA. ≻HOLES 31 1/2' Φ METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE 46" (DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL) -END PLATE TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT 71/2 2 1/2" DIA. GF (31) DAT-19 HOLE SLOTS (TYP) DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/A ILE: gf31dat19.dgn SIDE VIEW FRONT VIEW C)T×DOT: NOVEMBER 2019 CONT SECT JOB SIDE VIEW FRONT VIEW 1 ½"---2" 8 1/2" 11/4" 2" ′ 7 ½" 0903 29 027, ETC CR 232, ETC (2) TERMINAL POST (1) STEEL FOUNDATION TUBE 5 SHELF ANGLE BRACKET (9) W-BEAM END SECTION (ROUNDED) (12 GA.)

7 1/4"x 5 1/4"x 46" WOOD POST

6"x 8"x 1/8" x 72" STEEL TUBE

GUARDRAIL ANCHOR BRACKET

2

2

2

1

1

1

1

20

4 2

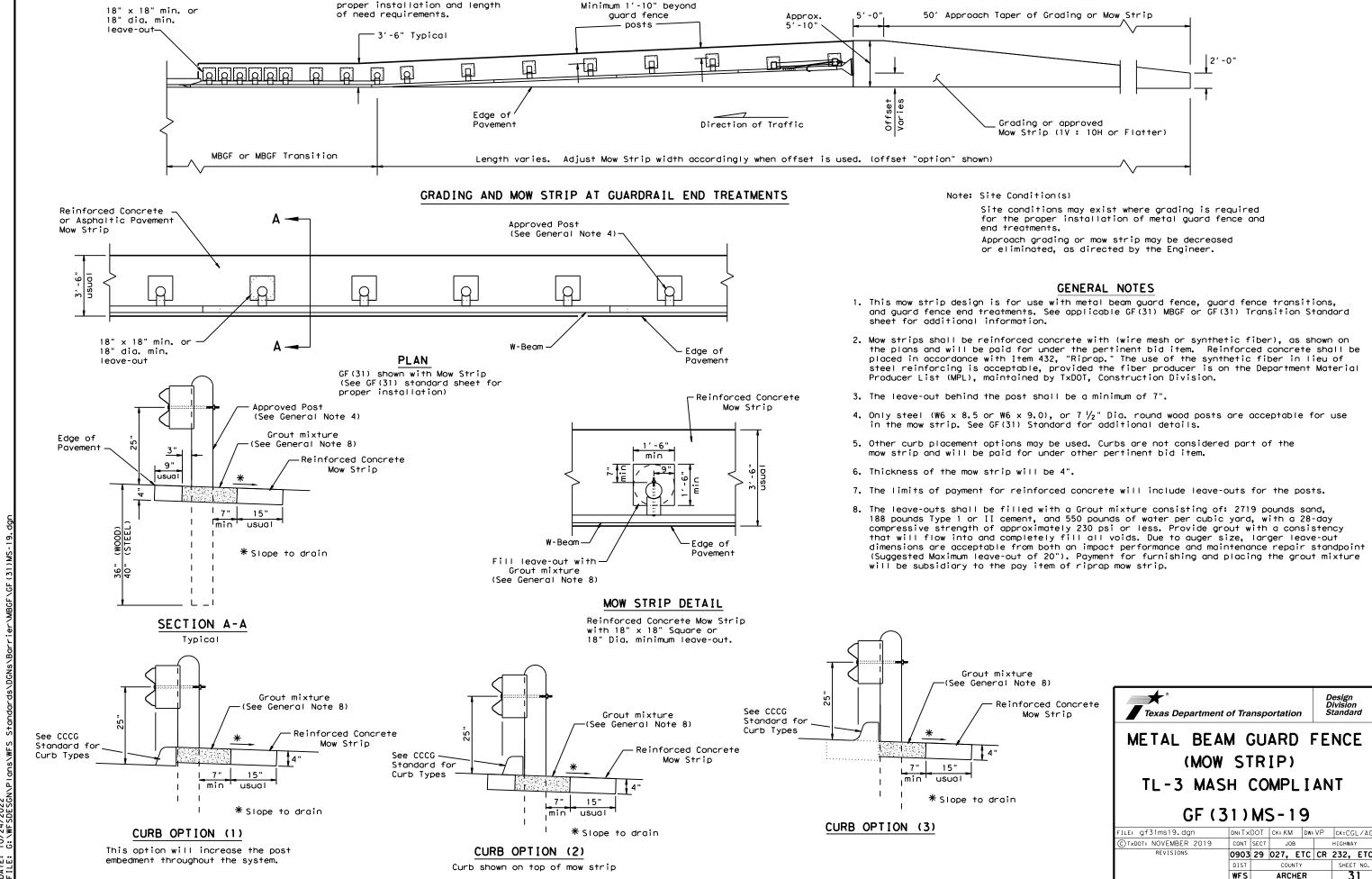
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4

2

18

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Note: See SGT standard sheets for

#### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	%" x 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	¾" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	%" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR. 2) MGAL	48
18	2001840	%" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	%" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	%" RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	%" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR. 5) GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

Design Division Standard

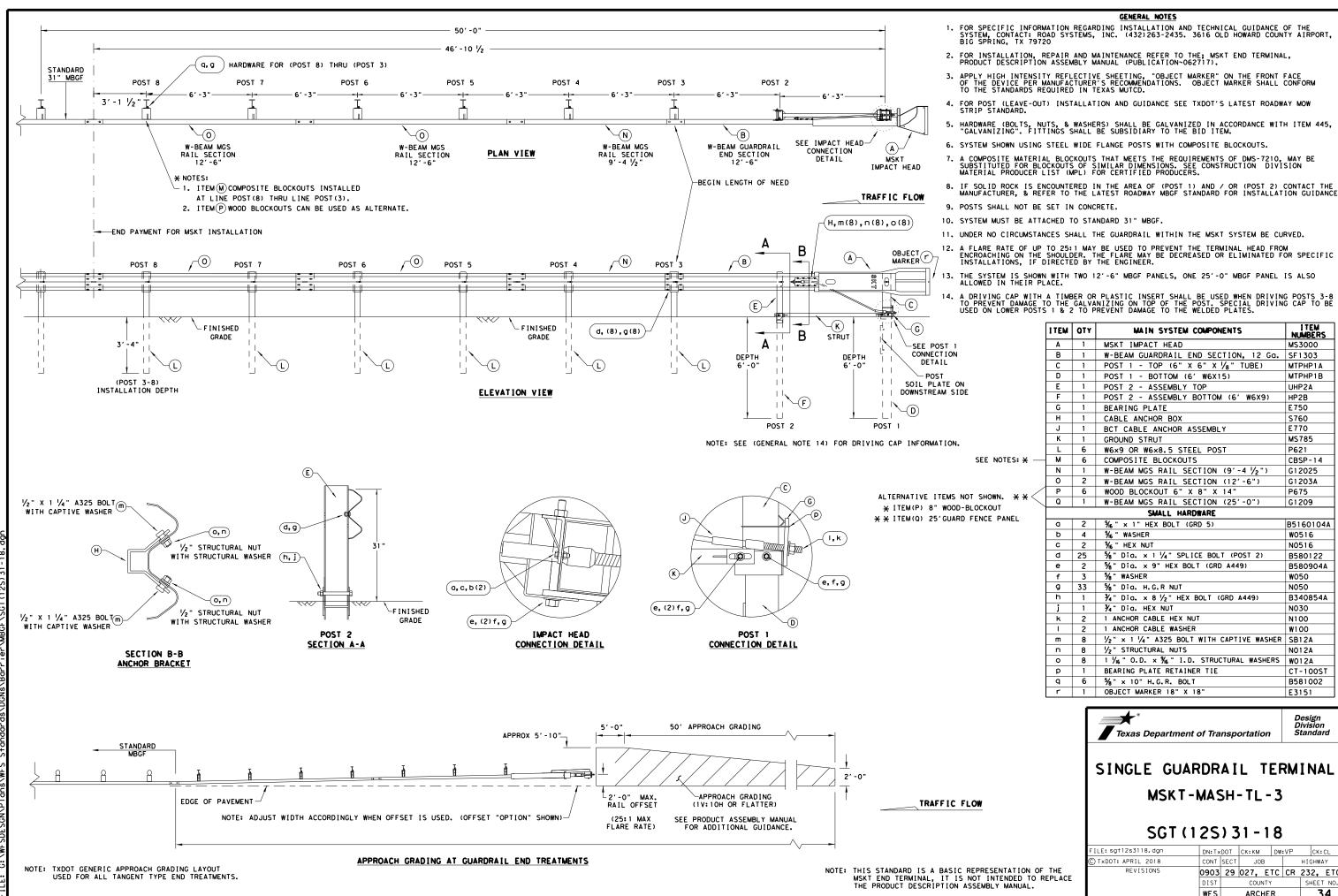
MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

SGT(11S)31-18

FILE: sg+11s3118.dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK: KM DW:		DW: T×DOT		ck: CL
C TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2018	CONT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0903	29	027, E	TC	CR	232	, ETC
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET N		
	WFS		ARCHE	R			33





I TEM NUMBERS

MS3000

MTPHP1A

MTPHP1B

UHP2A

HP2B

E750 S760

F770

P621

MS785

CBSP-14

G12025 G1203A

P675

G1209

W0516

N0516

W050

N050

N030

N100

W100

N012A

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CT-100S1

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Design Division Standard

E3151

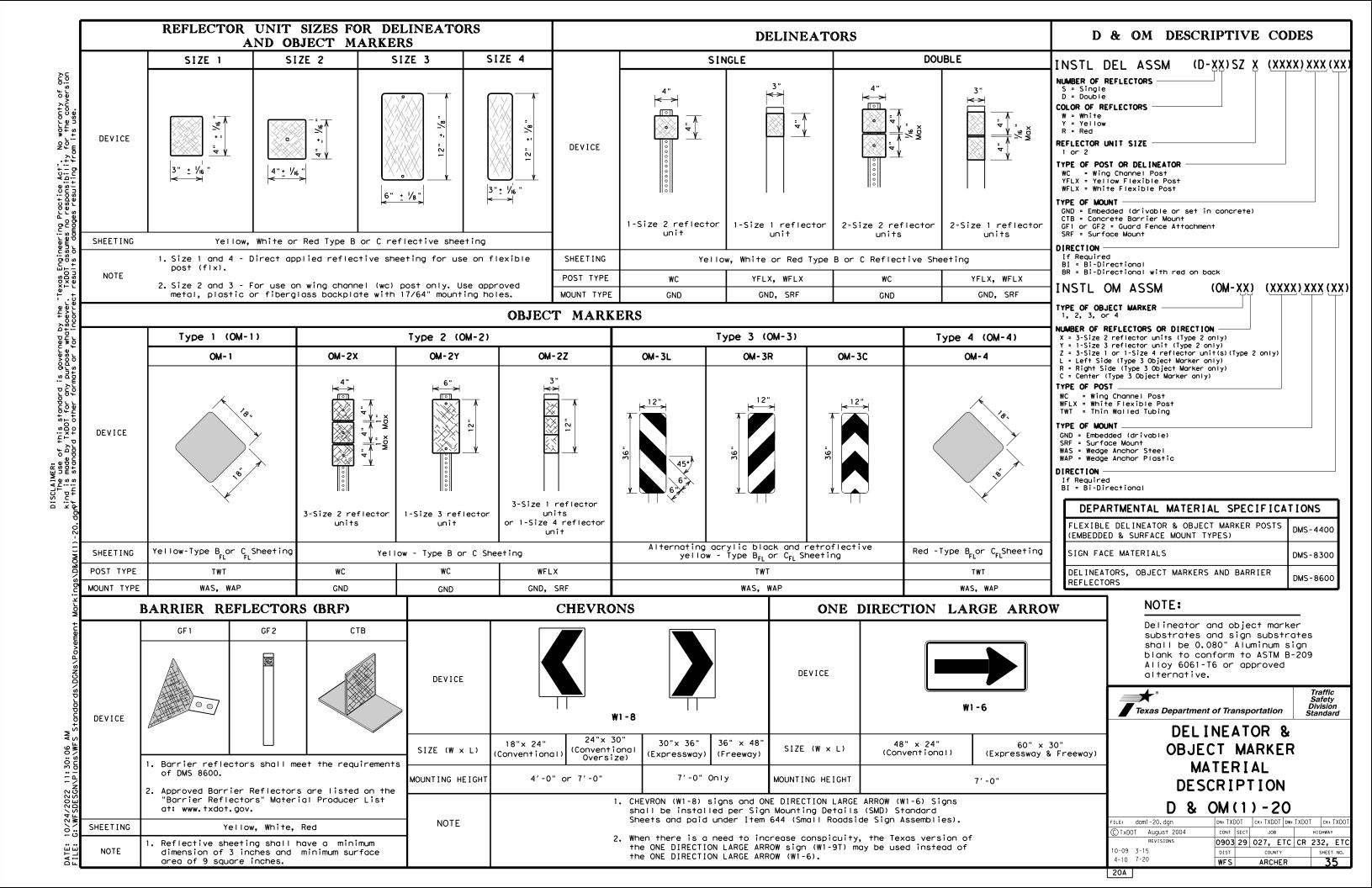
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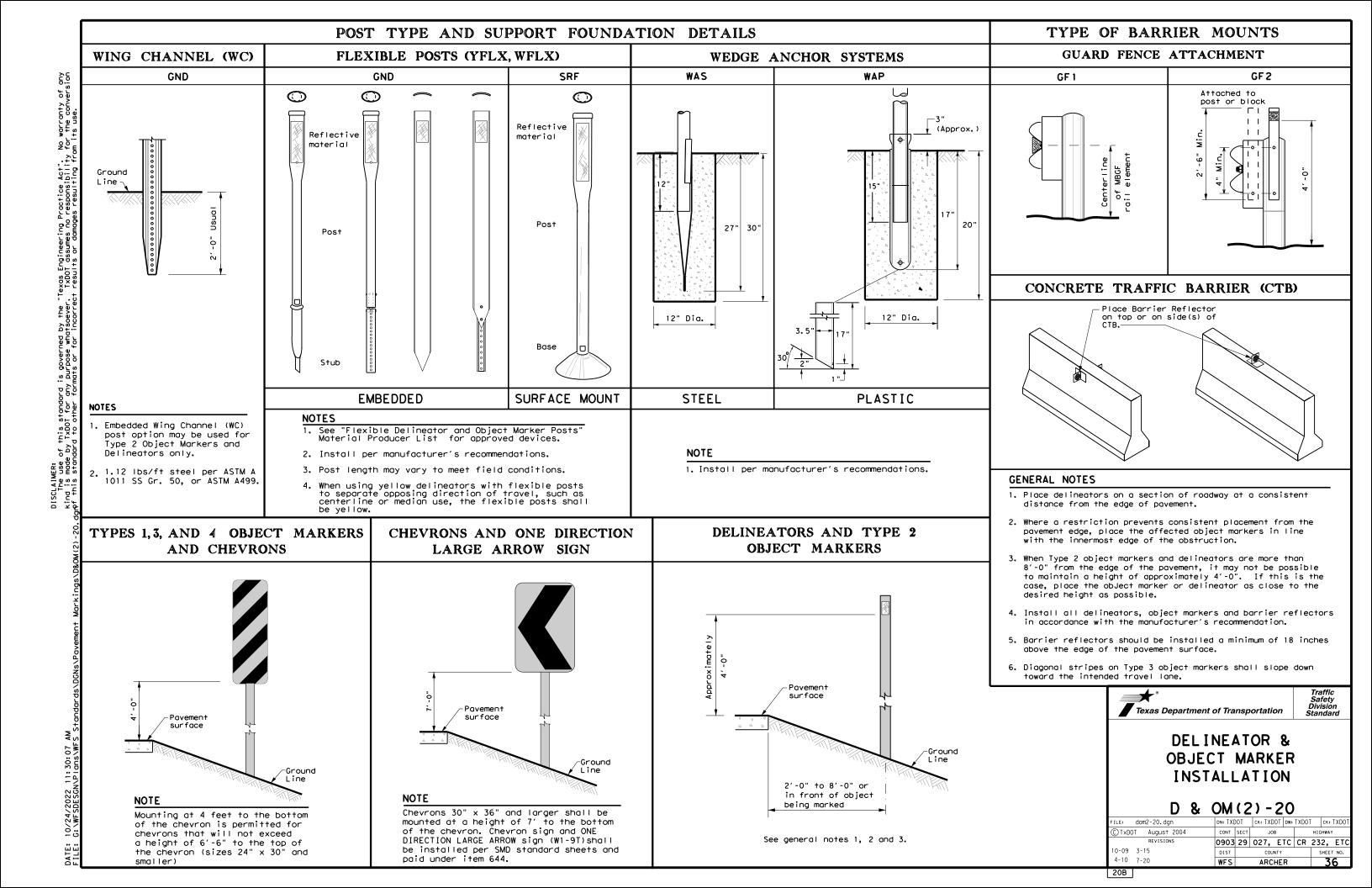
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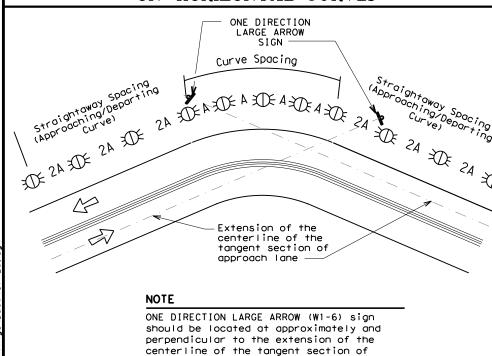
# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed				
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)			
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs			
15 MPH & 20 MPH	<ul> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign</li> </ul>	RPMs and Chevrons; or  RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.			
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of	• RPMs and Chevrons			

# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

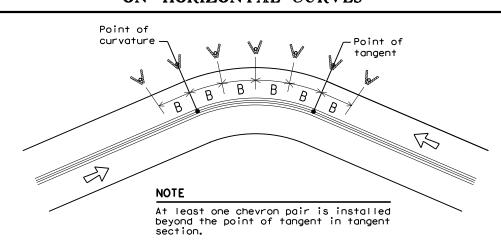
chevrons

SCLAIMER:
The use of this standard
nd is made by TxDOI for an



# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET								
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve					
		Α	2A	В					
1	5730	225	450						
2	2865	160	320						
3	1910	130	260	200					
4	1433	110	220	160					
5	1146	100	200	160					
6	955	90	180	160					
7	819	85	170	160					
8	716	75	150	160					
9	637	75	150	120					
10	573	70	140	120					
11	521	65	130	120					
12	478	60	120	120					
13	441	60	120	120					
14	409	55	110	80					
15	382	55	110	80					
16	358	55	110	80					
19	302	50	100	80					
23	249	40	80	80					
29	198	35	70	40					
38	151	30	60	40					
57	101	20	40	40					

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR .	AND	OBJECT	MARKER	APPLI	CATION	AND	SPACING	
CONDITION		REQUIREI	) TREATM	IENT	MINI	MUM	SPACING	

RPMs Single delineators on right side	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Single delineators on right side	
	See delineator spacing table
Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))
Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Divided highway - Object marker on approach end  Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
	See D & OM (5)
Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet
	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))  Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))  Single red delineators on both sides  Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction  Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line  Reflectors matching the color of the edge line  Divided highway - Object marker on approach end  Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end  Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail  Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge  Type 2 Object Markers  Double yellow delineators and RPMs  Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND						
<b>₩</b>	Bi-directional Delineator					
X	Delineator					
4	Sign					



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3)-20

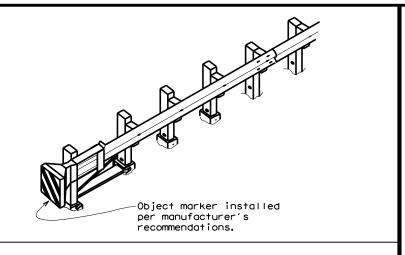
ILE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[	T00	CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT				CK:	TXDOT
C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	
	0903	29	027, E	TC	CR	23	2,	ETC
3-15 8-15	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
8-15 7-20	WFS		ARCHE	R			3	7

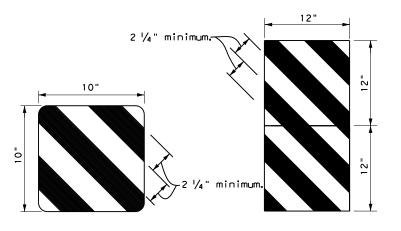
200

#### TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 出 出 25 ft. 25 ft. 3- Type D-SW 3- Type D-SW /₩ 25 ft. delineators delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ apart apart 出 出 **MBGF** Type D-SW Type D-SW delineators delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ bidirectional bidirectional One barrier $\stackrel{\star}{\bowtie}$ One barrier reflector shall reflector shall be placed $\stackrel{\ \ \, }{\bowtie}$ Steel or concrete-П be placed directly behind Bridge rail directly behind each OM-3. each OM-3. The others The others $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\Leftrightarrow}$ will have -Steel or concrete will have equal spacing Bridge rail equal spacing (100' max), but (100' max), but not less than 3 Bidirectional white barrier not less than 3 bidirectional Bidirectional bidirectional white barrier white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal spacing (100' max), but reflectors reflectors or delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ reflectors Equal spacing delineators not less than (100' max), but 3 bidirectional not less than 3 bidirectional white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ delineators Equal reflectors or spacina spacing delineators (100' max), (100' max), but not but not less than less than 3 total. 3- Type $\mathbf{x}$ $\mathbf{x}$ $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ 3 total. 3- Type $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ D-SW D-SW delineators MBGF delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' apart $\mathbf{R}$ $\mathbf{x}$ apart $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ Type D-SW <u>↓</u> ѫ $R \perp$ Edge Line Shoulder Type D-SW delineators delineators bidirectional Edge bidirectional $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\Re$ **MBGF** $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Traffic Safety Division Standard **LEGEND** 25 ft. 25 ft. 25 ft. Texas Department of Transportation $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Shoul Bidirectional Delineato DELINEATOR & $\mathbf{x}$ Delineator See Note See Note 1 **OBJECT MARKER** PLACEMENT DETAILS NOTE: NOTE: OM-2 D & OM(5) - 201. Terminal ends require reflective 1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer sheeting provided by manufacturer DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO dom5-20.dgn per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Terminal End © TxDOT August 2015 CONT SECT JOB Object Marker (OM-3) in front of Object Marker (OM-3) in front 0903 29 027, ETC CR 232, ETC the terminal end. of the terminal end. raffic Flow ARCHER

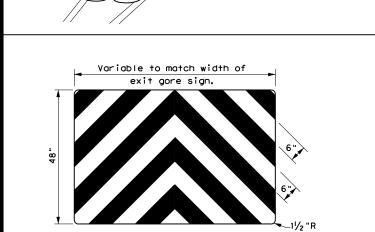
20E

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDDI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDDI assumes no responsibility for the conversion pf this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.





OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2



**EXIT** 

444

BACK PANEL (OPTIONAL)

# NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2  $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

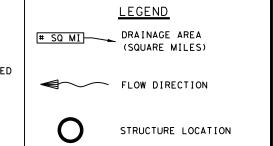
DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

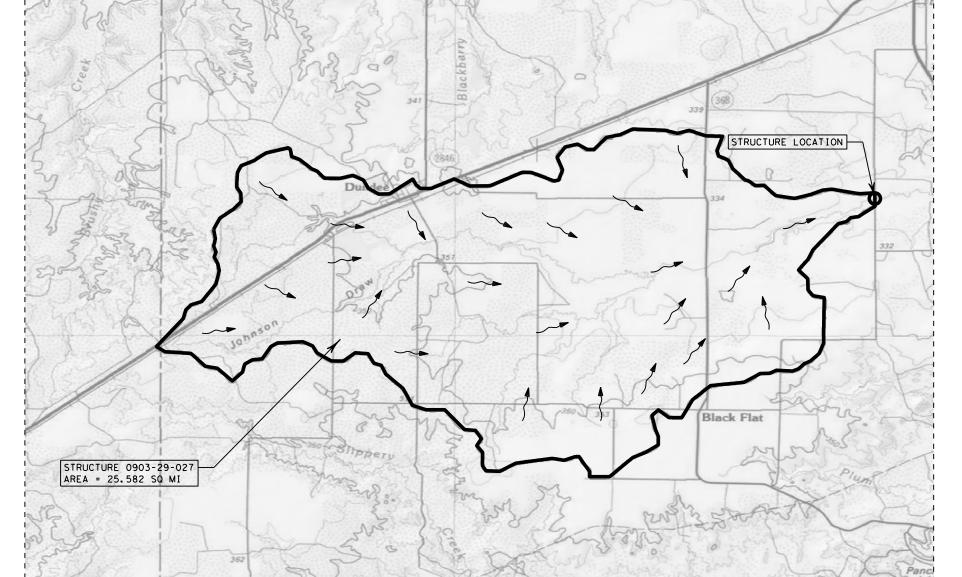
D & OM(VIA)-20

@ = === D				_			_		
CTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0903	29	027, E	TC	CR	23	2,	ETC	
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.			
4-98 7-20	WFS	ARCHER				39			

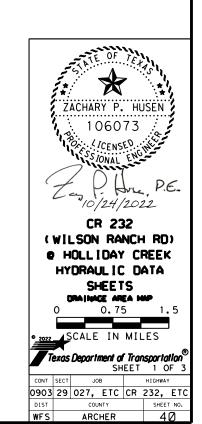
GENERAL NOTES:

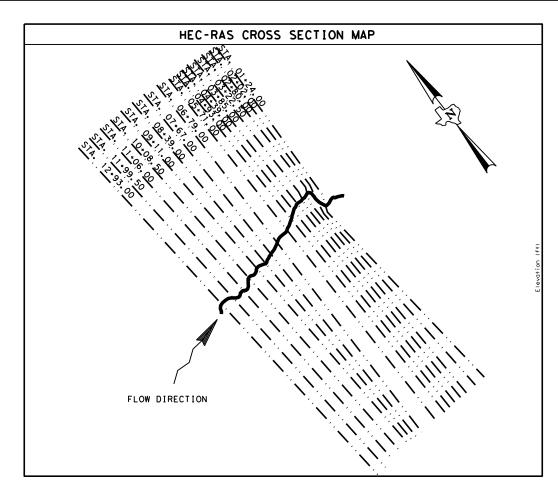
1. OMEGA EM REGRESSION EQUATIONS USED FOR PROJECT HYDROLOGY ANALYSIS.

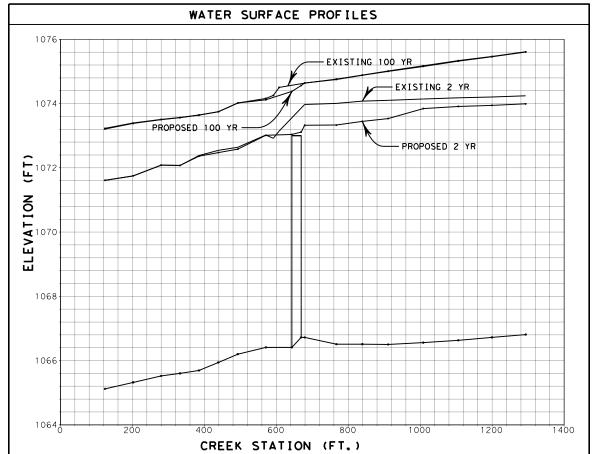




OMEGA EM REGRESSION	EQUATION PARAMETERS			
DRAINAGE AREA (A)	25.582 SQ MI			
ANNUAL PRECIPITATION (P)	27.9 INCHES			
CHANNEL SLOPE (S)	0.002005 FT/FT			
OMEGA EM (*)	0.015			
PEAK DISCH	HARGE (CFS)			
Q 2-YR (CfS)	834			
Q 5-YR (CfS)	1707			
Q 10-YR (CfS)	2434			
Q 25-YR (CfS)	3559			
Q 50-YR (CfS)	4532			
Q 100-YR (CfS)	5676			







#### NOTES:

- OMEGA REGRESSION EQUATION USED FOR PROJECT HYDROLOGY ANALYSIS.
- 2. HEC-RAS USED FOR HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS
  AND DESIGN. (VERSION 5.0.7)
- 3. NORMAL DEPTH COMPUTATION USED FOR DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITION, SLOPE = 0.002005 FOR BOTH EXISTING AND PROPOSED CONDITIONS.
- ABUTMENTS WILL BE PROTECTED AGAINST SCOUR WITH RIPRAP. ABUTMENT SCOUR IS NOT REQUIRED PER TXDOT GEOTECHNICAL MANUAL, MARCH 2018.
- 5. SCOUR COMPUTATIONS PERFORMED ACCORDING FHWA HEC-18, 5th EDITION, MARCH 23,2022.
- 6. ARCHER COUNTY MAINTENANCE SHOULD REGULARLY INSPECT THE STONE RIPRAP PROTECTION TO ENSURE SLOPE STABILLY.
- 7. THE PROJECT IS LOCATED IN A DESIGNATED SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (SFHA) ZONE A FLOODPLAIN WITH NO BASE FLOOD ELEVATIONS (BFE'S) DETERMINED. THE APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF THE BRIDGE CROSSING IN RELATION TO THE MAPPED FLOODPLAIN IS SHOWN ON A PORTION OF FIRM MAP#: 48097C0525C, REVISED DATE: JANUARY 16,2008.
- THIS PROJECT HAS BEEN COORDINATED WITH TONY ROBINSON, ARCHER COUNTY FLOOD PLAIN ADMINISTRATOR ON APRIL XX, 2022.

		EXISTING CONDITIONS				PROPOSED CONDITIONS				
CREEK ST	CREEK STA.		2 YR FREQUENCY 100 YR FREQUENCY			2 YR FREQUENCY 100			YR FREQUENCY	
		WSEL (FT)	VEL (FT/S)	WSEL (FT)	VEL (FT/S)	WSEL (FT)	VEL (FT/S)	WSEL (FT)	VEL (FT/S)	
12+93.00	(US)	1074.24'	1.33'	1075.61′	2.78′	1074.16′	1.43'	1075.58′	2.84'	
11+99.50	(US)	1074.21′	1.45′	1075.47′	3.46′	1074.11′	1.78′	1075.45′	3.40′	
11+06.00	(US)	1074.18′	1.10'	1075.34′	3.16′	1074.08'	1.18'	1075.30′	3.25′	
10+08.50	(US)	1074.14'	1.33'	1075.17′	3.30′	1074.04'	1.39'	1075.16′	3.65′	
09+11.00	(US)	1074.10'	1.35′	1075.01'	3.24'	1074.00′	1.64'	1075.01'	3.59'	
08+39.00	(US)	1074.08'	1.26′	1074.89′	3.32′	1073.99′	1.23′	1074.93'	3.17'	
07+67.00	(US)	1074.01'	1.80′	1074.76′	3.15′	1073.94'	1.64'	1074.82'	3.29′	
06+79.00	(US)	1073.97'	1.57′	1074.63′	3.27′	1073.88′	1.80′	1074.72′	3.05′	
05+71.00	(DS)	1073.02'	4 <b>.</b> 95′	1074.16′	4.89′	1072.82'	5 <b>.</b> 33′	1074.24'	4.51′	
04+93.00	(DS)	1072.64'	4.76′	1074.02′	3.37′	1072.33′	5 <b>.</b> 30′	1074.00'	4.60′	
04+39.00	(DS)	1072.55′	2.91′	1073.75′	3.00′	1072.37′	3.41′	1073.72′	4.43′	
03+85.00	(DS)	1072.38′	2.93′	1073.64′	3.38′	1072.21′	3 <b>.</b> 99′	1073.62'	3.57'	
03+22.50	(DS)	1072.07'	4 <b>.</b> 19′	1073.56′	3.00′	1071.84'	5.01′	1073.53′	3.69'	
02+80.00	(DS)	1072.08'	2.27′	1073.50′	2.81′	1071.83'	2.81′	1073.46′	2.92′	
02+02.00	(DS)	1071.75′	4.29′	1073.38′	3.27′	1071.75′	2.05′	1073.33′	3.04′	
01+24.00	(DS)	1071.61′	3.24′	1073.21′	3.97′	1071.61'	3.24′	1073.22′	3.41′	



CR 232
(WILSON RANCH RD)

• HOLLIDAY CREEK
HYDRAULIC DATA
SHEETS
HYDRAULIC DATA

Texas Department of Transportation<sup>®</sup> SHEET 2 OF 3

CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

0903 29 027, ETC CR 232, ETC

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

WFS ARCHER 41

SCOUR ANALYSIS - 10-YR (INCIPIENT)

SCOUR ANALYSIS DETERMINED BY UTILIZING
EQUATIONS FROM HEC-18 MANUAL, 5TH EDITION

PRESSURE SCOUR:
LIVE-BED CONTRACTION SCOUR EQUATIONS
(EQNS. 6.1 & 6.2)
D50 = 1.8 MM
K1 = 0.69

SCOUR DEPTH YS (CHANNEL) = 0.00 FT.

SCOUR ANALYSIS - 25-YR (DESIGN)
SCOUR ANALYSIS DETERMINED BY UTILIZING
EQUATIONS FROM HEC-18 MANUAL, 5TH EDITION

PRESSURE SCOUR:
LIVE-BED CONTRACTION SCOUR EQUATIONS
(EQNS. 6.1 & 6.2)
D50 = 1.8 MM
K1 = 0.69

SCOUR DEPTH YS (CHANNEL) = 0.00 FT.

SCOUR ANALYSIS - 50-YR (CHECK)
SCOUR ANALYSIS DETERMINED BY UTILIZING
EQUATIONS FROM HEC-18 MANUAL, 5TH EDITION

PRESSURE SCOUR:
LIVE-BED CONTRACTION SCOUR EQUATIONS
(EQNS. 6.1 & 6.2)
D50 = 1.8 MM
K1 = 0.69

SCOUR DEPTH YS (CHANNEL) = 0.00 FT.

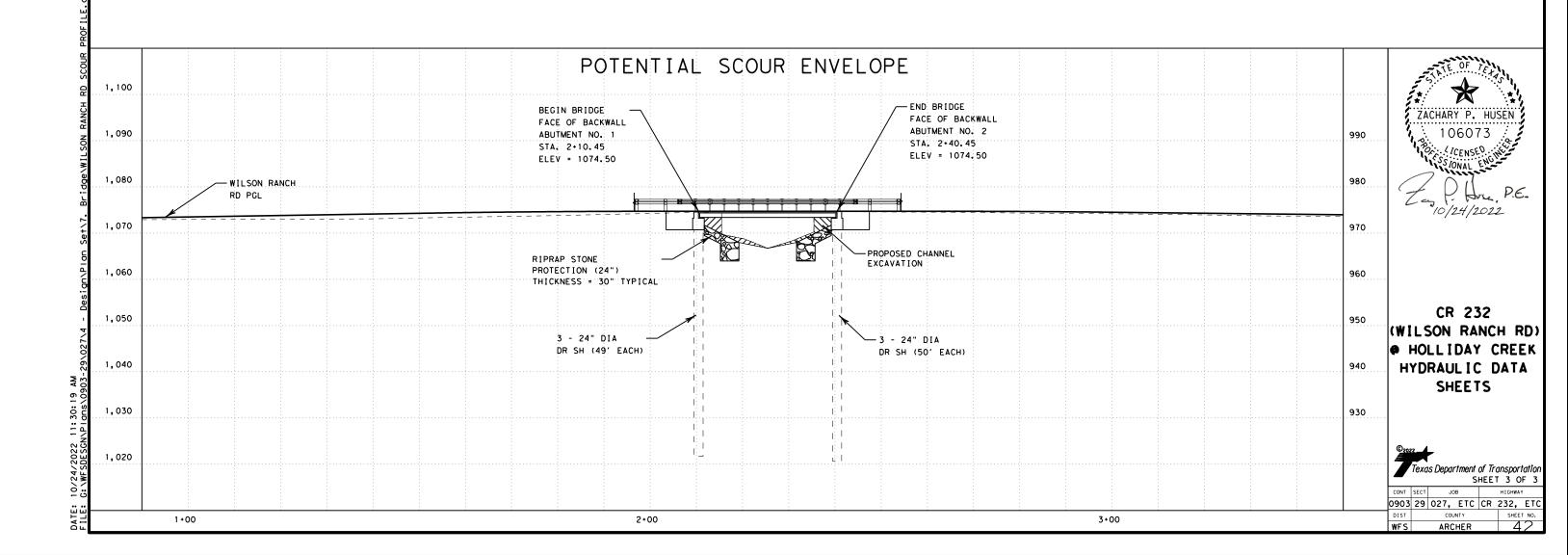
SLOPE OF EMBANKMENT

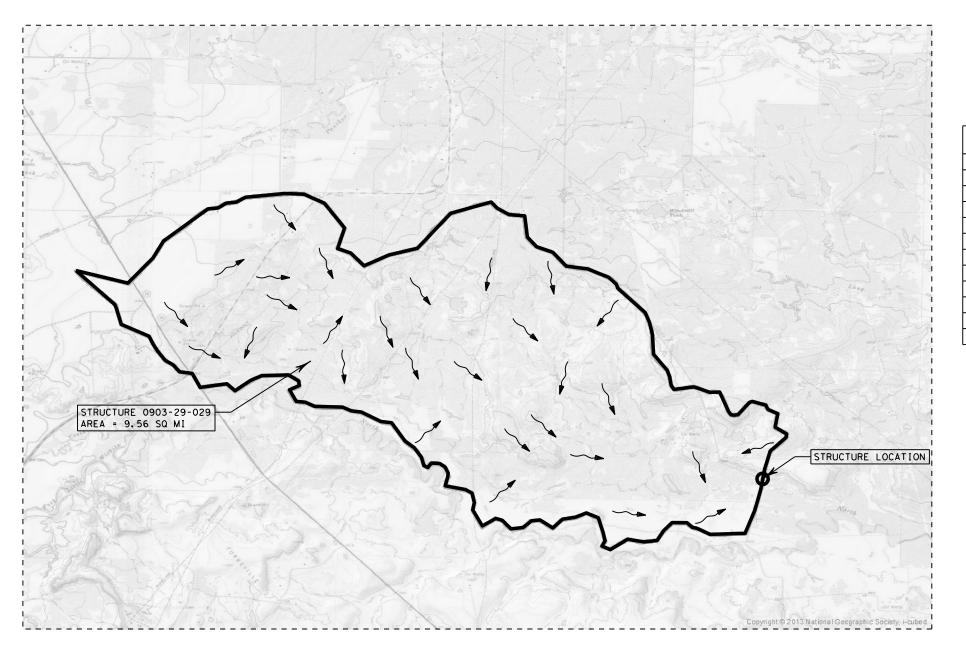
FILTER FABRIC

#### RIP RAP TOE WALL DETAIL

#### GENERAL NOTES:

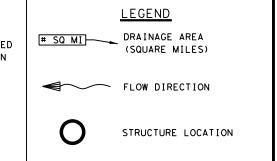
- THERE IS NO EVIDENCE OF SCOUR FOR THE EXIST BRIDGE.
- ABUTMENTS ARE TO BE PROTECTED WITH ROCK RIPRAP. ABUTMENT SCOUR ANALYSIS IS NOT REQUIRED PER TXDOT GEOTECHNICAL MANUAL.
- 3. ARCHER COUNTY MAINTENANCE SHOULD REGULARLY INSPECT
  THE STONE RIPRAP PROTECTION TO ENSURE SLOPE STABILITY.



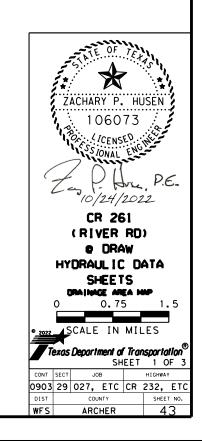


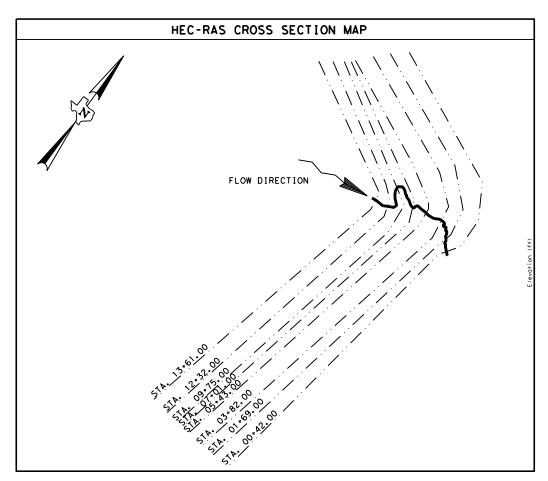
#### GENERAL NOTES:

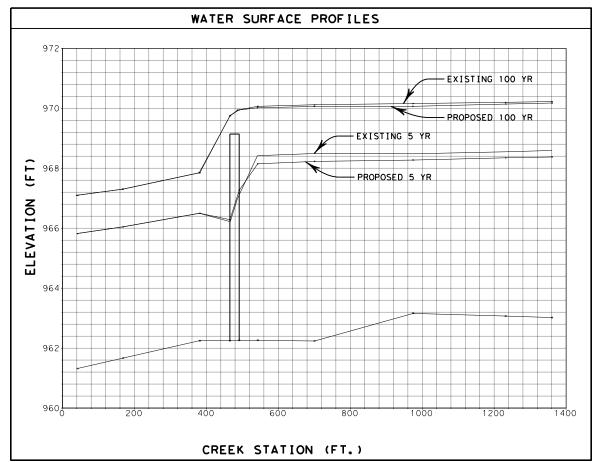
 OMEGA EM REGRESSION EQUATIONS USED FOR PROJECT HYDROLOGY ANALYSIS IN COMPARISON WITH NRCS METHOD.



OMEGA EM REGRESSION	EQUATION PARAMETERS
DRAINAGE AREA (A)	9.56 SQ MI
ANNUAL PRECIPITATION (P)	29.7 INCHES
CHANNEL SLOPE (S)	0.002729 FT/FT
OMEGA EM (*)	0.015
PEAK DISCH	IARGE (CFS)
Q <sub>2-YR</sub> (Cfs)	513
Q 5-YR (CfS)	1020
Q 10-YR (Cfs)	1 4 2 9
Q <sub>25-YR</sub> (Cfs)	2053
Q 50-YR (CfS)	2584
Q 100-YR (Cfs)	3205



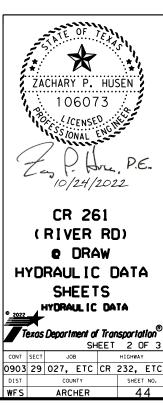




#### NOTE

- 1. OMEGA REGRESSION EQUATION
- USED FOR PROJECT HYDROLOGY ANALYSIS.
- 2. HEC-RAS USED FOR HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS AND DESIGN. (VERSION 5.0.7)
- NORMAL DEPTH COMPUTATION USED FOR DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITION, SLOPE = 0.002729 FOR BOTH EXISTING AND PROPOSED CONDITIONS.
- 4. ABUTMENTS WILL BE PROTECTED AGAINST SCOUR WITH RIPRAP. ABUTMENT SCOUR IS NOT REQUIRED PER TXDOT GEOTECHNICAL MANUAL, MARCH 2018.
- 5. SCOUR COMPUTATIONS PERFORMED ACCORDING FHWA HEC-18, 5th EDITION, FEBRUARY XX, 2022.
- 6. ARCHER COUNTY MAINTENANCE SHOULD REGULARLY INSPECT THE STONE RIPRAP PROTECTION TO ENSURE SLOPE STABILIY.
- 7. THE PROJECT IS LOCATED IN A DESIGNATED SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (SFHA) ZONE A FLOODPLAIN WITH NO BASE FLOOD ELEVATIONS (BFE'S) DETERMINED. THE APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF THE BRIDGE CROSSING IN RELATION TO THE MAPPED FLOODPLAIN IS SHOWN ON A PORTION OF FIRM MAP#: 48097C0525C, REVISED DATE: JANUARY 16, 2008.
- 8. THIS PROJECT HAS BEEN COORDINATED WITH TONY ROBINSON, ARCHER COUNTY FLOOD PLAIN ADMINISTRATOR ON FEBRUARY XX, 2022.

		EXISTING CONDITIONS				PROPOSED CONDITIONS				
CREEK STA.		5 YR FR	EQUENCY	100 YR F	REQUENCY	5 YR FREQUENCY		100 YR FREQUENCY		
		WSEL (FT)	VEL (FT/S)	WSEL (FT)	VEL (FT/S)	WSEL (FT)	VEL (FT/S)	WSEL (FT)	VEL (FT/S)	
13+61.00	(US)	968.59	2.69	970.18′	2.39	968.38′	2.98	970.22'	2.3	
12+32.00	(US)	968.55′	2.66	970.14'	2.87	968.35′	1.89	970.20′	1.9	
09+75.00	(US)	968.27′	1.58	970.16′	1.8	968.48′	1.66	970.07′	2.41	
07+01.00	(US)	968.23′	1.24	970.12'	1.15	968.49′	1.61	970.06′	1.67	
05+43.00	(US)	968.15′	2.05	970.07′	2.09	968.42′	2.24	970.02'	2.36	
04+87.00	00 BRI									
03+82.00	(DS)	966.50′	3.61	966.50′	7.12	967.85′	3.61	967.85′	7.14	
01+69.00	(DS)	966.04'	4.42	966.04'	7.03	967.30′	4.42	967.30′	7.03	
00+42.00	(DS)	965.82'	3.7	965.82'	5.34	967.10′	3.7	967.10′	5.34	



SCOUR ANALYSIS - 10-YR (INCIPIENT)

SCOUR ANALYSIS DETERMINED BY UTILIZING
EQUATIONS FROM HEC-18 MANUAL, 5TH EDITION

PRESSURE SCOUR:
LIVE-BED CONTRACTION SCOUR EQUATIONS
(EQNS. 6.1 & 6.2)
D50 = 0.20 MM
K1 = 0.69

SCOUR DEPTH YS (CHANNEL) = 0.00 FT.

SCOUR ANALYSIS - 25-YR (DESIGN)
SCOUR ANALYSIS DETERMINED BY UTILIZING
EQUATIONS FROM HEC-18 MANUAL, 5TH EDITION

PRESSURE SCOUR:
LIVE-BED CONTRACTION SCOUR EQUATIONS
(EQNS. 6.1 & 6.2)
D50 = 0.20 MM
K1 = 0.69

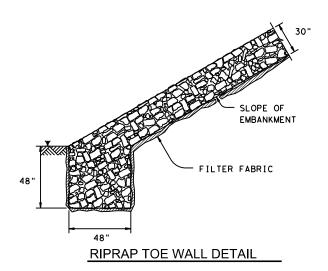
SCOUR DEPTH YS (CHANNEL) = 0.00 FT.

SCOUR ANALYSIS - 50-YR (CHECK)

SCOUR ANALYSIS DETERMINED BY UTILIZING
EQUATIONS FROM HEC-18 MANUAL, 5TH EDITION

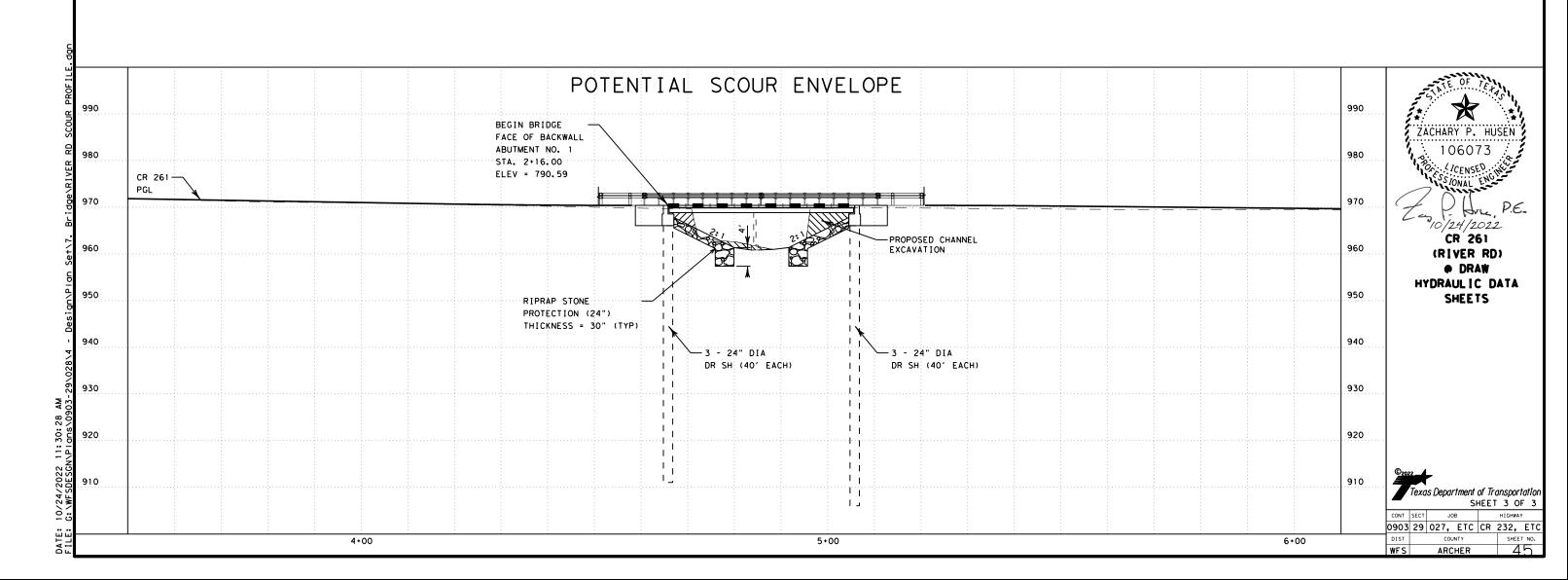
PRESSURE SCOUR:
LIVE-BED CONTRACTION SCOUR EQUATIONS
(EQNS. 6.1 & 6.2)
D50 = 0.20 MM
K1 = 0.69

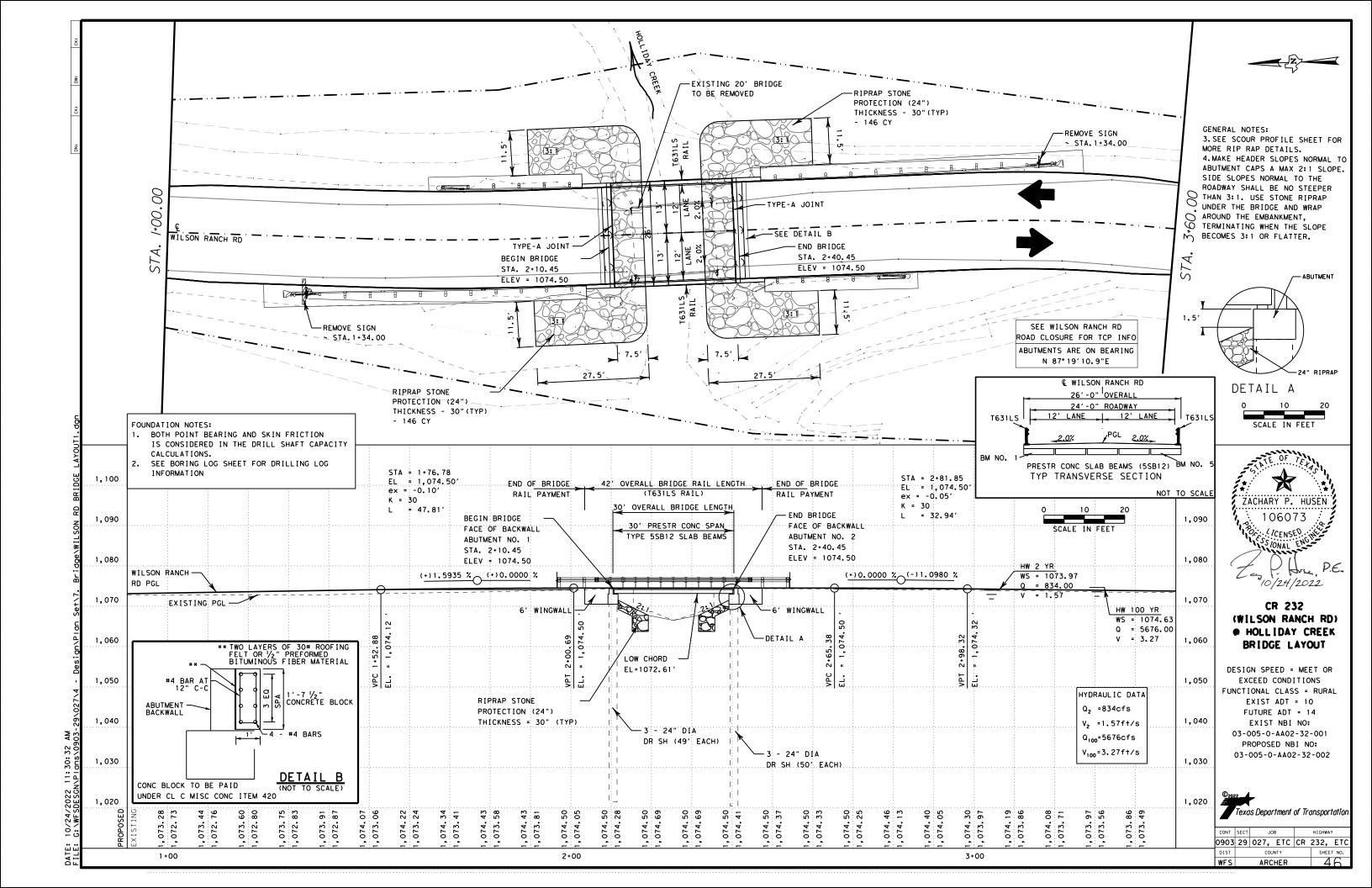
SCOUR DEPTH YS (CHANNEL) = 0.00 FT.



#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. THERE IS NO EVIDENCE OF SCOUR FOR THE EXIST BRIDGE.
- ABUTMENTS ARE TO BE PROTECTED WITH ROCK RIPRAP. ABUTMENT SCOUR ANALYSIS IS NOT REQUIRED PER TXDOT GEOTECHNICAL MANUAL.
- 3. COOKE COUNTY MAINTENANCE SHOULD REGULARLY INSPECT
  THE STONE RIPRAP PROTECTION TO ENSURE SLOPE STABILITY.





			SUMMARY OF BRIDGE	= 1 ITEMS				
	416 6002	420 6013	420 6074	422 6007	425 6010	432 6035	450 6019	4171 6001
LOCATION	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CL C CONC (MISC)	REINF CONC SLAB (SLAB BEAM)	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB12)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (24 IN)	RAIL (TY T631LS)	INSTALL BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS
	LF	CY	CY	SF	LF	CY	LF	EA
CR 232 WILSON RANCH RD @ HOLLIDAY CREEK	297	19.6	3	780	147.5	292	84	2
PROJECT TOTALS	297	19.6	3	780	147.5	292	84	2

#### CAP ELEVATIONS (FT)

ABUT 2 (BK)

STEP 1 (RIGHT) (LT.SIDE) (RT.SIDE) (LT.SIDE) (LT.SIDE

#### ELEVATION LOCATIONS

DISTANCE FROM PGL TO STEP 1 ALONG CENTERLINE OF BEARING = 13.000 FT LT

STEP SPACING (ALONG C.L. OF BEARING)

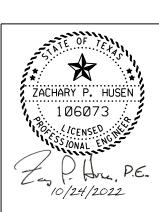
STEP 1 10.372 FT STEP 3 5.255 FT STEP 4 10.372 FT

#### STEP POSITIONS

STEP 1 is located to the left of BEAM 1.
STEP 3 is located to the between BEAM 2 and BEAM 3.
STEP 4 is located to the between BEAM 3 and BEAM 4.
STEP 6 is located to the right of BEAM 5.

#### BEAM SLOPES (FT/FT)

SPAN 1 BEAM 2 BEAM 3 BEAM 4 BEAM 5 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000



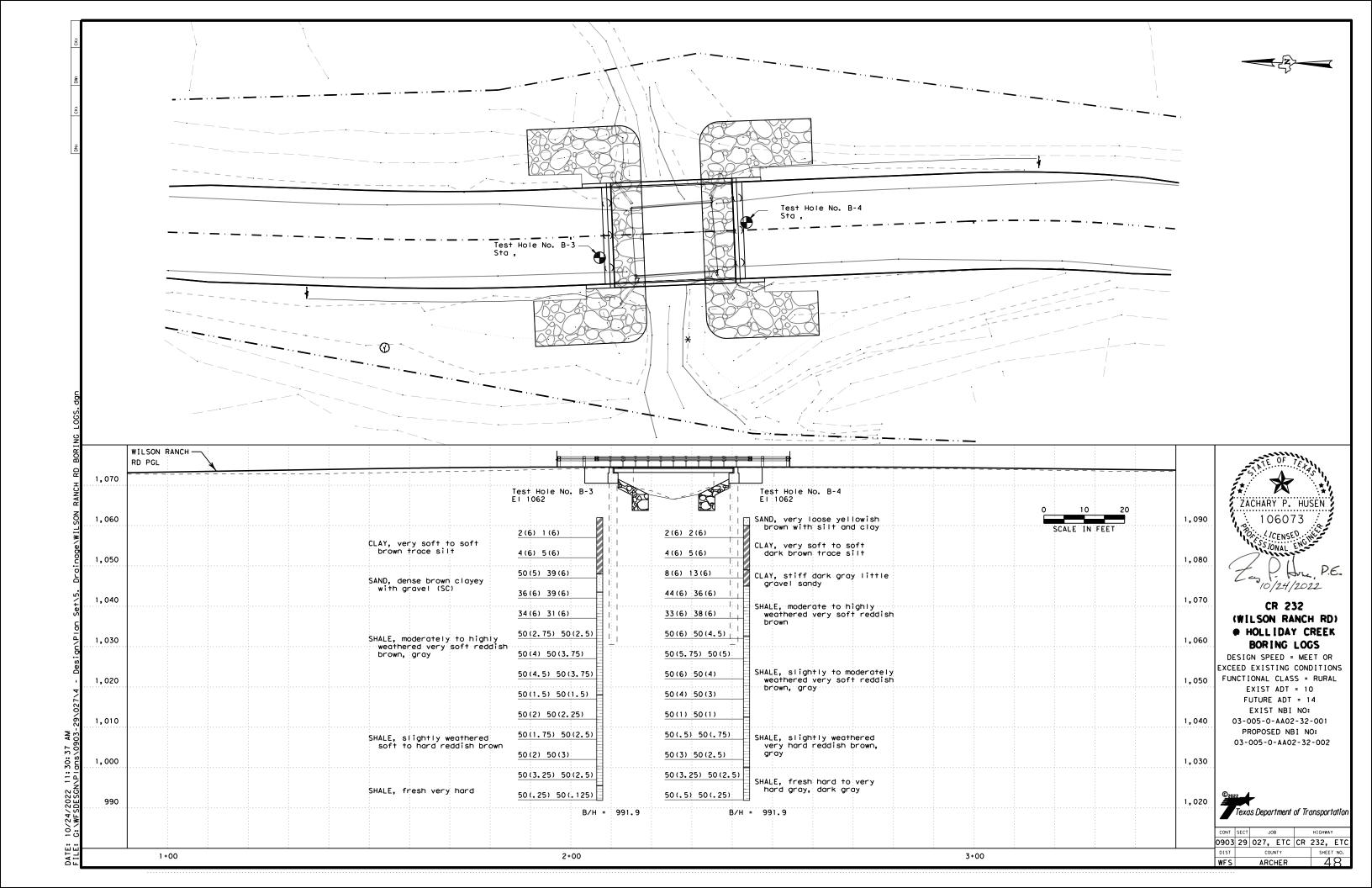
CR 232
(WILSON RANCH RD)

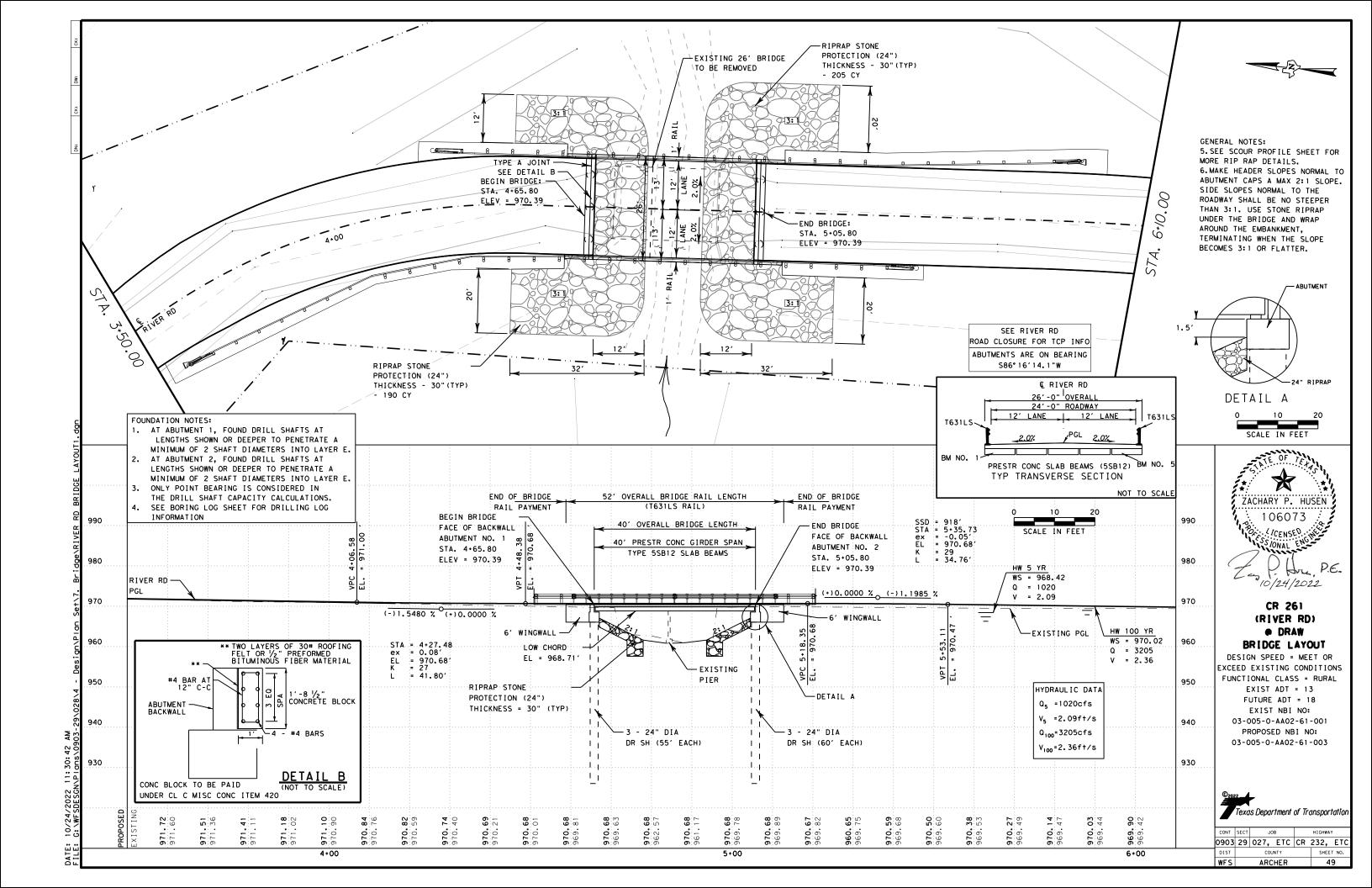
• HOLLIDAY CREEK
BRIDGE QUANTITIES

• BEARING SEAT
ELEVATIONS

Texas Department of Transportation

CONT	SECT	JC	В		HIGHWA	Y
0903	29	027,	ETC	CR	232,	ΕT
DIST		COL	INTY		SHEE	T NO.
WFS		ΔRC	HFR		Δ	7





			SUMMARY OF BRI	DGE = 1 ITEMS				
	416 6002	420 6013	420 6074	422 6007	425 6010	432 6035	450 6019	4171 6001
LOCATION	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CL C CONC (MISC)	REINF CONC SLAB (SLAB BEAM)	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB12)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (24 IN)	RAIL (TY T631LS)	INSTALL BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS
	LF	CY	CY	SF	LF	CY	LF	EA
CR 261 RIVER RD @ DRAW	345	19.6	3	1040	197.5	395	104	2
PROJECT TOTALS	345	19.6	3	1040	197,5	395	104	2

#### CAP ELEVATIONS (FT)

ABUT 1 (FWD) STEP 1 (LT.SIDE) (RT.SIDE) (LT.SIDE) (RT.SIDE) (RT.SI

#### ELEVATION LOCATIONS

DISTANCE FROM PGL TO STEP 1 ALONG CENTERLINE OF BEARING = 13.000 FT LT

STEP SPACING (ALONG C.L. OF BEARING)

STEP 1

10.372 FT

STEP 3 5.255 FT STEP 4 10.372 FT

STEP 6

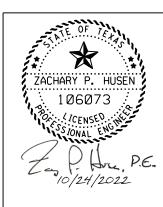
## STEP POSITIONS

STEP 1 is located to the left of BEAM 1. STEP 3 is located to the between BEAM 2 and BEAM 3. STEP 4 is located to the between BEAM 3 and BEAM 4. STEP 6 is located to the right of BEAM 5.

BEAM SLOPES (FT/FT)

 BEAM 1
 BEAM 2
 BEAM 3
 BEAM 4
 BEAM 5

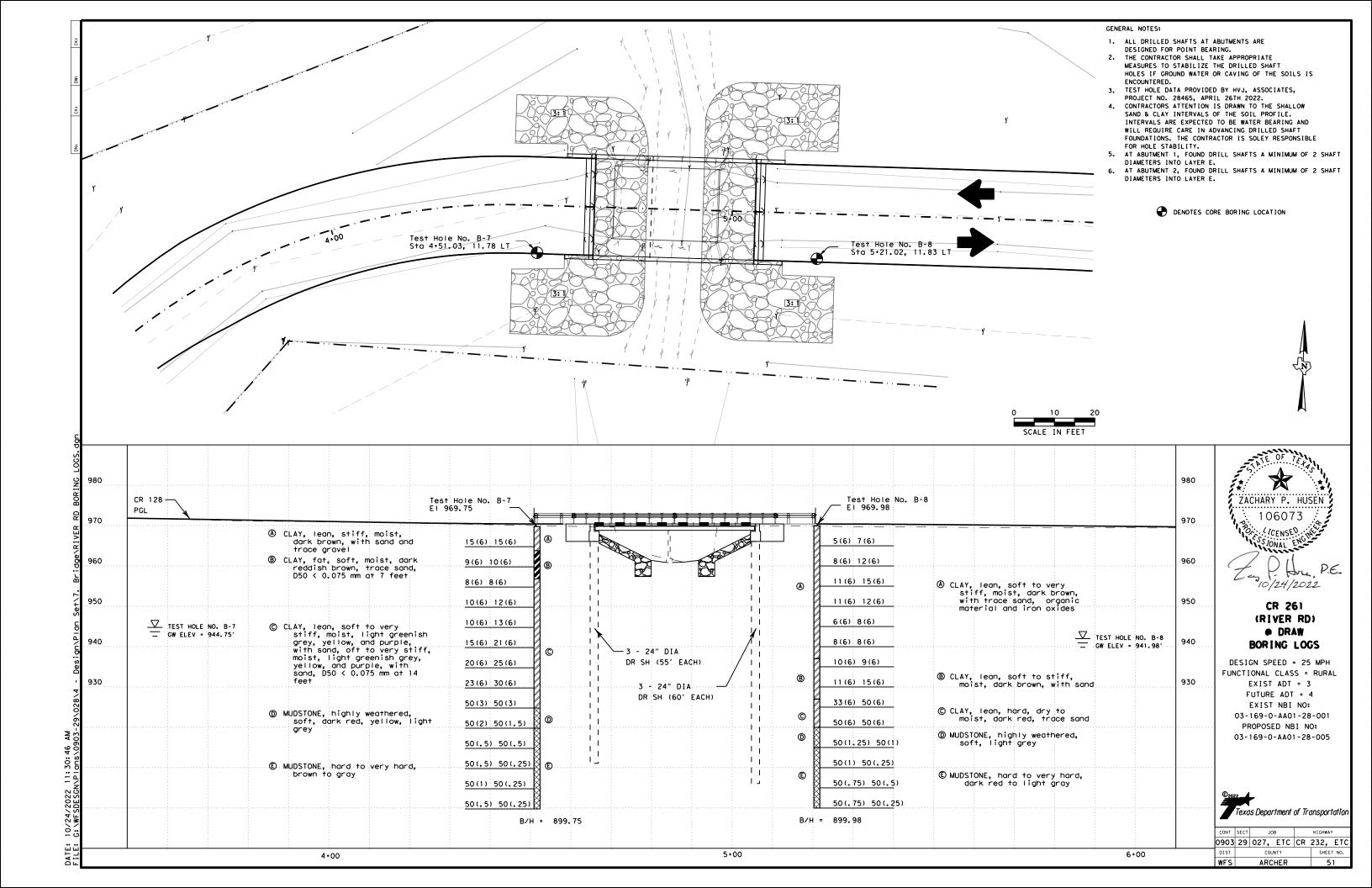
 SPAN 1
 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.0000



CR 261
(RIVER RD)

DRAW

BRIDGE QUANTITIES
BEARING SEAT
ELEVATIONS



BRIDGE RAIL

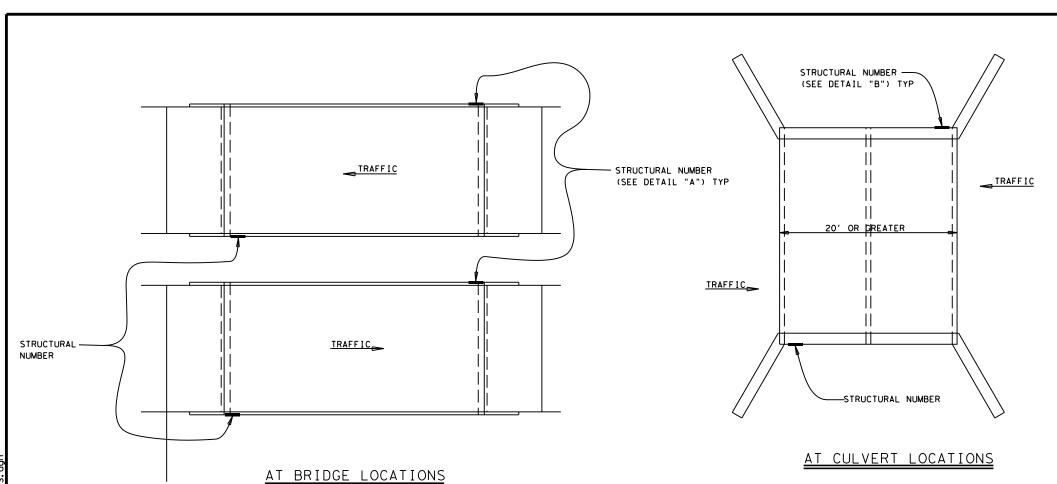
AT CULVERT LOCATIONS.

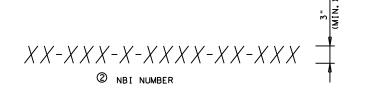
DETAIL "A"

1 APPLY NBI NUMBER ON BOTH SIDES OF STRUCTURE (ONCE EACH SIDE). APPLY TO OUTSIDE BEAM CLOSE TO ABUTMENT ON THE UPSTREAM TRAFFIC

SIDE AT BRIDGE LOCATIONS. APPLY TO HEADWALL ADJACENT TO WINGWALL

WINGWALL





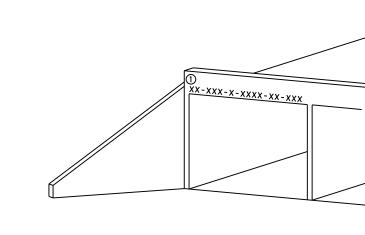
STRUCTURE NAME	NBI NUMBER TO APPLY
CR 261 (RIVER RD) @ DRAW	03-005-0-AA02-61-003
CR 232 (WILSON RANCH RD) @ HOLLIDAY CREEK	03-005-0-AA02-32-002

# DETAIL FOR NBI NUMBERS

#### GENERAL NOTES:

COST OF FURNISHING AND PAINTING NBI NUMBERS, INCLUDING PAINT AND STENCIL PLATES SHALL BE PAID AT THE UNIT BID PRICE FOR "INSTALL BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS" UNDER ITEM 4171.

EACH STRUCTURE SHALL HAVE 2 (TWO) NBI NUMBERS PAINTED PER STRUCTURE.



# DETAIL "B"

② USE BRASS STENCIL, 3 INCH, NUMBERS AND LETTERS, ADJUSTABLE INTERLOCKING STENCIL SET OR EQUAL OF LEGEND HEIGHT 3 INCHES, SYMBOL HEIGHT 3 INCHES.

Texas Department of Transportation

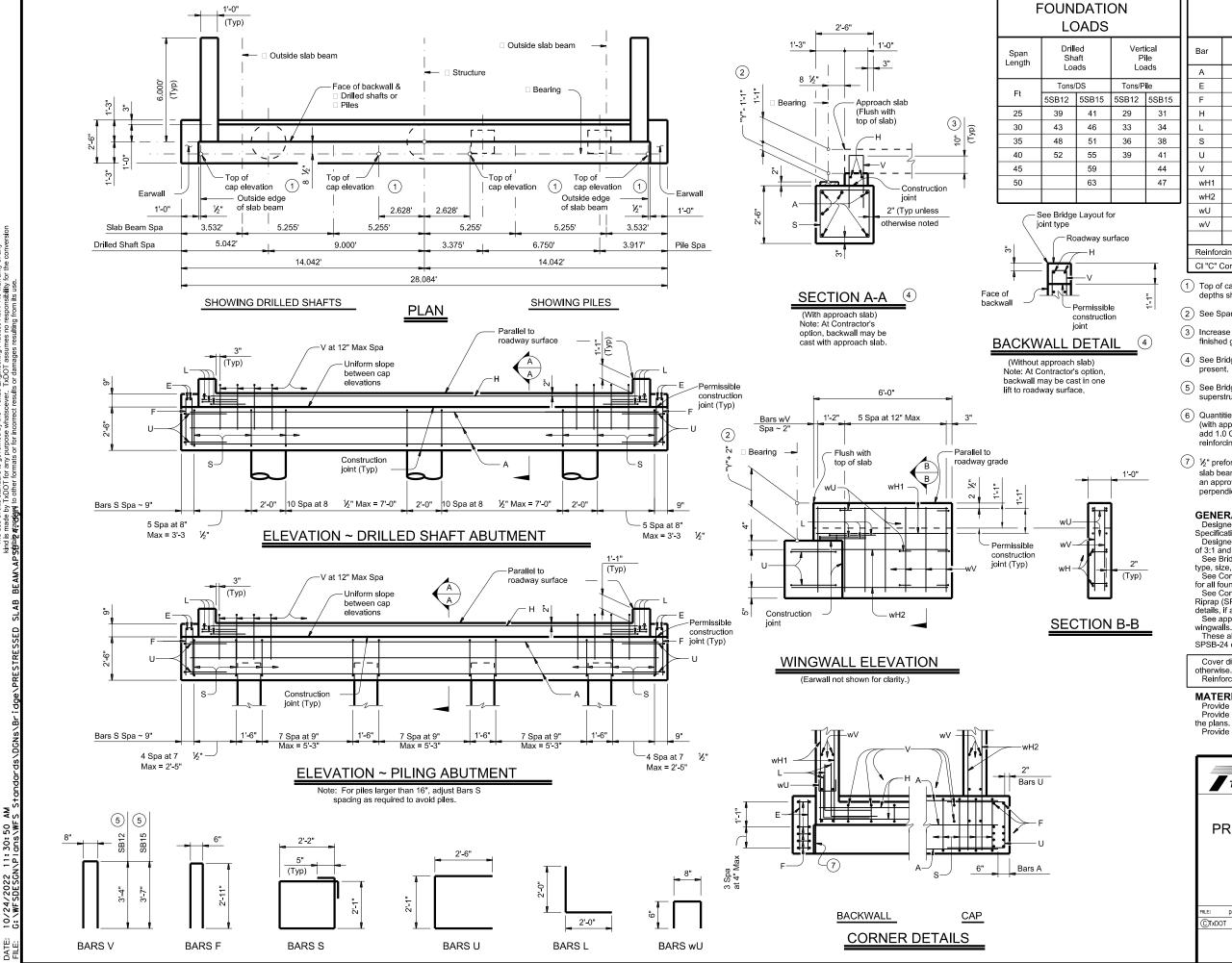
# BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION **NUMBERS**

SHEET I OF I

C)TxDOT April 2022	DN: TXC	тот	CK: TXD	OT DW:	TXDOT		CK:	TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOE	3		HIGHWAY		
	0903	29	027,	ETC	CR	23	2,	ETC
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		T NO.
	WFS		ARCI	HER			52	

ZACHARY P. HUSEN 106073

10/24/2022



# TABLE OF ESTIMATED **QUANTITIES**

6

Bar	No.	Size	Length	(5		Weight	(5)				
Dai	INO.	Size	5SB12	5SE	315	5SB12	5SB15				
Α	6	#11	27'-1"	2	7'-1"	863	863				
Е	4	#4	2'-2"	2'-2"		6	6				
F	10	#4	6'-4"		6'-4"	43	43				
Н	2	#5	25'-8"	2	5'-8"	54	54				
L	6	#6	4'-0"		4'-0"	36	36				
S	34	#4	9'-4"		9'-4"	212	212				
U	4	#6	7'-1"		7'-1"	43	43				
V	25	#5	7'-4"	7'	-10"	191	204				
wH1	8	#6	5'-8"		5'-8"	68	68				
wH2	8	#6	6'-11"	6'	-11"	83	83				
wU	12	#4	1'-8"		1'-8"	14	14				
wV	28	#5	3'-10"		4'-1"	112	119				
Reinfor	cing Steel				Lb	1,725	1,745				
CI "C" (	Conc (Abu	ıt)			CY	8.8	9.2				

- (1) Top of cap elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.
- 2 See Span Details for "Y".
- 3 Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.
- (4) See Bridge Layout to determine if approach slab is
- 5 See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure.
- 6 Quantities shown are for one abutment only (with approach slab). Without approach slab, add 1.0 CY Class "C" concrete and 54 Lb reinforcing steel for 2 additional Bars H.
- 7 ½" preformed bituminous fiber material between slab beam and earwall. Bond to earwall with an approved adhesive. Cast inside face of earwall perpendicular to cap. (Typ)

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Designed for a normal embankment header slope of 3:1 and a maximum span length of 50 feet.

See Bridge Layout for header slope and foundation type, size, and length.

See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all foundation details and notes.

See Concrete Riprap (CRR) standard sheet or Stone Riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment

details, if applicable.
See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in

These abutment details may be used with standard SPSB-24 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

#### **MATERIAL NOTES:**

Provide Class C concrete (fc = 3,600 psi). Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

HL93 LOADING



**ABUTMENTS** 

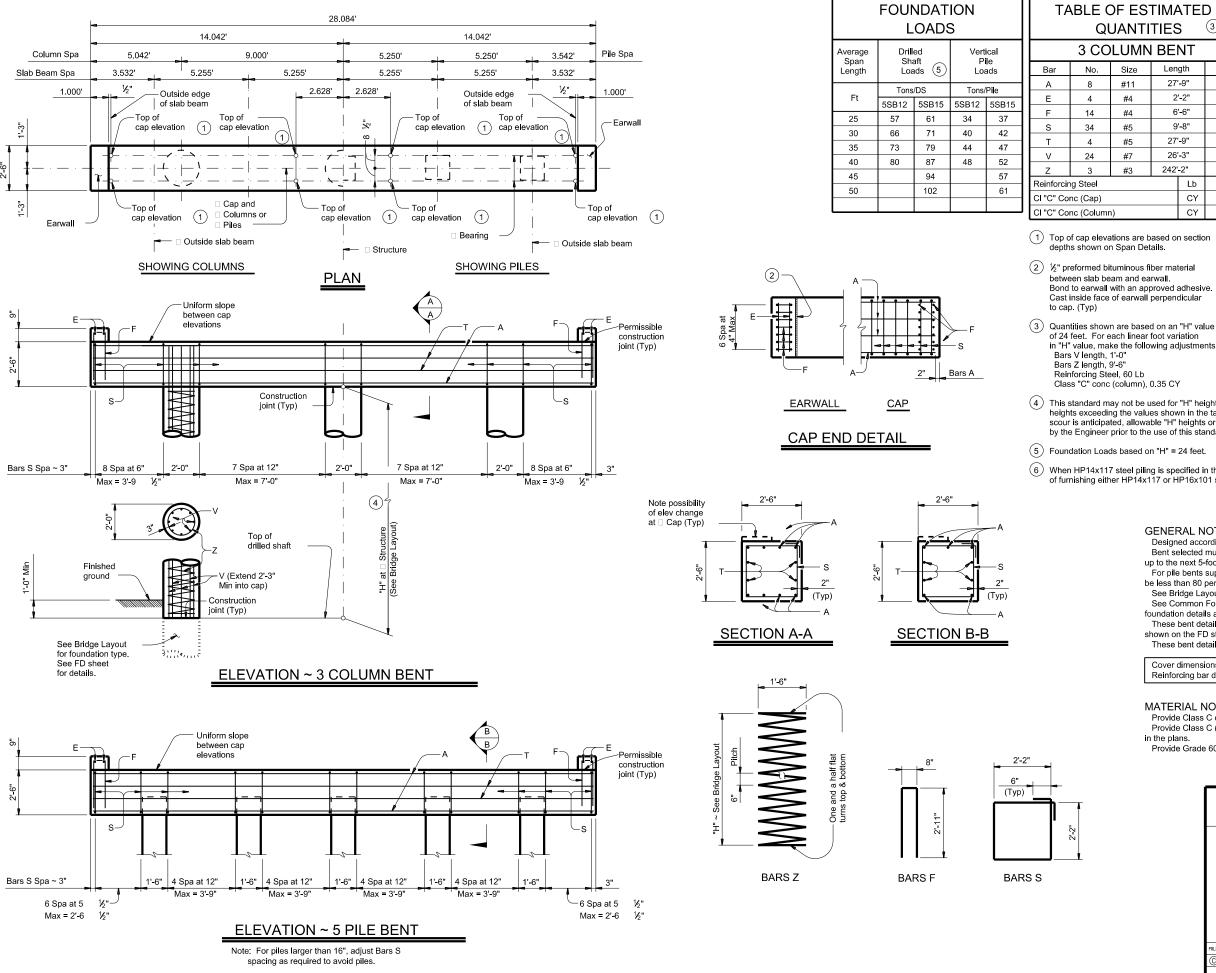
Bridge Division Standard

# PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM

24' ROADWAY

APSB-24

FILE: psbste09-17.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOC	ск: ТхDО	DW:	TxDOT	ск	TxDOT	
©TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWA	ΑY	
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	DIST	IST COUNTY S				SHE	ET NO.	
	WES ARCHER					53		



11:30:

#### TABLE OF ESTIMATED TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES **QUANTITIES**

Reinforcing Steel

CI "C" Conc (Cap)

Weight

1,180

61

343

116

1,288

273

6.6

8.4

3,267

#### **5 PILE BENT** Weight Bar No. Size Length #11 27'-9" 737 2'-2" 4 #4 6'-6" 61 14 #4 9'-8" 343 34 #5 27'-9" 116 #5 4 1,263 Lb

# TABLE OF MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE EXPOSED PILE HEIGHTS AND PILE LOADS 4

CY

6.6

Pile <sup>-</sup>	Гуре	Max Ht	Max Load
Concrete	Steel	Ft	Tons/Pile
16" Sq	HP14x73	16	75
18" Sq	HP14x117 6	20	90

- This standard may not be used for "H" heights exceeding 24 feet or exposed pile heights exceeding the values shown in the table. In areas of very soft soil or where scour is anticipated, allowable "H" heights or exposed pile heights must be evaluated by the Engineer prior to the use of this standard.
- (5) Foundation Loads based on "H" = 24 feet.

Size

#11

#4

#4

#5

#5

#7

#3

Length

27'-9"

2'-2"

6'-6"

9'-8"

27'-9"

26'-3"

242'-2"

Lb

CY

CY

6 When HP14x117 steel piling is specified in the plans, the Contractor has the option of furnishing either HP14x117 or HP16x101 steel piling.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Bent selected must be based on the average span length rounded up to the next 5-foot increment.

For pile bents supporting unequal spans, the shorter span cannot be less than 80 percent of the longer span.

See Bridge Layout for foundation type, size, and length. See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all

foundation details and notes. These bent details do not support the use of multi-pile footings

shown on the FD standard. These bent details may be used with standard SPSB-24 only.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi). Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

#### HL93 LOADING



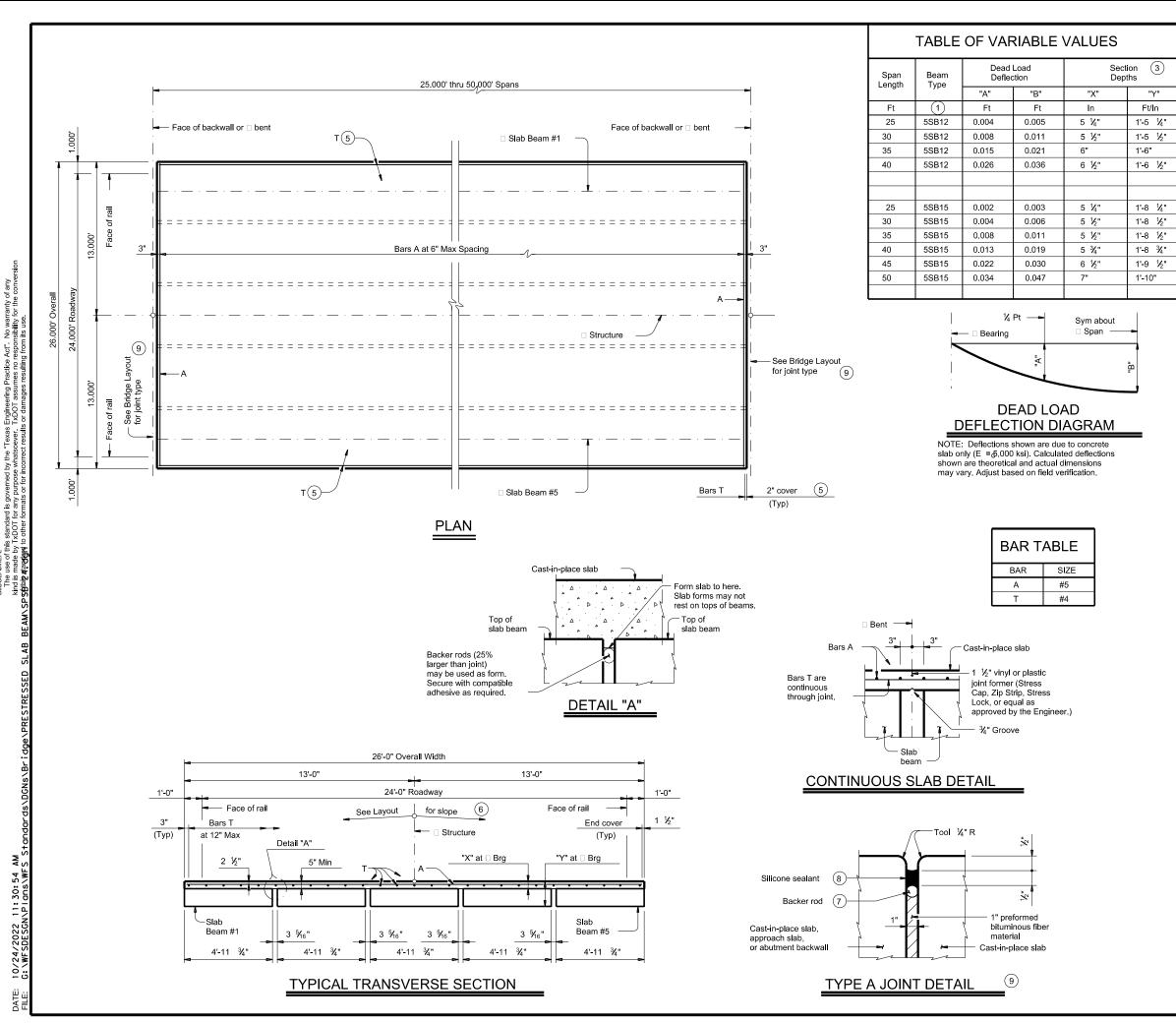
PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM

24' ROADWAY

BPSB-24

Bridge Division

				-			
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C)TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOE	3		HIGHWA	Υ
REVISIONS	0903	29	027,	ETC	CR	232,	ETC
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEE	T NO.
	WFS		ARCI	HER		5	4



#### TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

SPAN	REINF CONCRETE SLAB		RESTR CO SLAB BEAM B12 OR 5SE	v	TOTAL 2
LENGTH	(SLAB BEAM)	ABUT TO INT BT	INT BT ABUT STEE TO INT BT ABUT		STEEL
Ft	SF	LF (4)	LF 4	LF 4	Lb
25	650	122.50	122.50	122.50	1,820
30	780	147.50	147.50	147.50	2,180
35	910	172.50	172.50	172.50	2,550
40	1,040	197.50	197.50	197.50	2,910
45	1,170	222.50	222.50	222.50	3,280
50	1,300	247.50	247.50	247.50	3,640

- See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure. These standards do not provide for the use of both SB12 and SB15 beams within the same structure.
- (2) Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.8 Lbs/SF.
- (3) Based on theoretical beam camber, dead load deflections of 5" cast-in-place concrete slab and a constant grade. The Contractor will adjust these values for any vertical curve.
- 4 Fabricator will adjust beam lengths for beam slopes as required.
- (5) Where slab is continuous over Interior Bents, Bars T are continuous through Joint. See "Continuous Slab Detail".
- (6) This standard does not provide for changes in roadway cross-slopes within the structure.
- 7 1 1/4" backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- (8) Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- 9 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Two- or three-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents. may be formed with the details shown on this sheet. See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in slab.

This standard does not support the use of transition bents.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

MATERIAL NOTES:
Provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

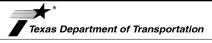
Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"

~ #5 = 2'-0" ~ #4 = 2'-5'

~ #5 = 3'-0"

Deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A or T unless noted otherwise.

#### HL93 LOADING



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE **SLAB BEAM SPANS** (TY SB12 OR SB15)

24' ROADWAY

SPSB-24

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TxDOT	January 2017	CONT	SECT		JOB			HIGH	WAY	
	REVISIONS	0903	29	027	7, E	TC	CR	23	2,	ETC
		DIST	IST COUNTY SHEET NO.							
		WES	WES ARCHER 55					5		

TxDOT 4SB12 SLAB BEAM

**DESIGNED BEAMS (STRAIGHT STRANDS)** OPTIONAL DESIGN LOAD RATING **FACTORS** PRESTRESSING STRANDS DEBONDED STRANDS PER ROW CONCRETE DESIGN LIVE LOAD LOAD COMP RELEASE MINIMUN MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION SPAN STRUCTURE NON-STD STRAND PATTERN TOT NO. DEB FACTOR TOTAL DEBONDED TO STRGTH 28 DAY SIZE STRANDS STRGTH FROM COMP STRESS MOMENT STRENGTH I SERVICE III NO. END (1) (TOP Q) (SERVICE I) 2 BOTTON (BOTT O CAPACITY (SERVICE III) TRENGTH I TOTAL 12 BONDED fcb (ksi) (kip-ft) Moment Shear 5SB12 0.6 270 3.50 3.50 2.5 4.000 5.000 0.914 0.450 0.450 1.40 1.82 -1.217 0.6 270 0 ALL 5SB12 10 3.50 3.50 0 2.5 10 0 0 0 4.000 5.000 1.292 -1.685 530 0.450 0.450 1.25 1.62 1.29 24' ROADWAY SB12 BEAM 35 ALL 5SB12 14 0.6 270 3.50 3.50 0 2.5 14 0 0 0 0 0 4.000 5.000 1.730 -2.219 675 0.450 0.450 1.33 1.73 1.23 40 ALL 5SB12 18 0.6 270 3.50 3.50 0 2.5 18 0 0 0 0 4.000 5.000 2.218 -2.796 820 0.440 0.440 1.34 1.74 1.12 25 ALL 5SB15 0.6 270 5 00 0 2.5 0 0 0 0.725 0.450 1 77 2.29 2 41 8 5 00 8 0 4 000 5 000 -0.897 551 0.450 0.6 270 0 ALL 5SB15 5.00 5.00 0 2.5 0 0 4.000 5 000 1 020 574 0.450 0.450 1.23 1.59 1 45 30 8 0 -1.2440.6 270 5.00 2.5 10 0 4 000 5 000 0.450 35 ALL 5SB15 10 5.00 0 0 n 0 1 361 -1 640 708 0.450 1.15 1 49 1 14 24' ROADWAY 0.6 270 2.5 ΑΠ 5SB15 5.00 5.00 0 4 000 5 000 1 739 1.32 1 71 1 19 SB15 BEAM 40 14 0 14 0 n -2 068 864 0.440 0.440 0 0.6 18 270 5.00 5.00 2.5 0 4 000 5 000 2 179 0 440 1.73 45 ALL 5SB15 18 0 0 -2.574 1054 0.440 1.34 1.08 2 2 2 0 5SB15 24 0.6 270 5.00 2.5 0 5.000 2 680 -3.153 1276 1.33 1.72 1 11 50 ALL 5.00 24 4 Ω 4.000 0.440 0 440 8 Ω 0.6 270 0 0 0 1.47 1.91 1.80 25 ALL 5SB12 8 3.50 3 50 0 2.5 0 4.000 5 000 0.903 -1.184 444 0.430 0.430 28' ROADWAY 0.6 0 1.32 SB12 BEAM 30 ALL 5SB12 10 270 3.50 3.50 0 2.5 10 0 0 0 4.000 5.000 1.276 -1.639 508 0.430 0.430 1 71 1.37 0.6 35 ALL 5SB12 12 270 3.50 3.50 0 2.5 12 0 0 0 0 0 4.000 5.000 1.708 -2.159 647 0.430 0.430 1.18 1.53 1.02 0.6 270 18 0 5.000 1.78 40 ALL 5SB12 18 3.50 3.50 0 2.5 0 0 0 0 4.000 2.200 -2.744 799 0.430 0.430 1.37 1.17 25 ALL 5SB15 8 0.6 270 5.00 5.00 0 2.5 0 0 0 4.000 5.000 0.716 -0.874 529 0.430 0.430 1.85 2.40 2.53 5SB15 0.6 270 5.00 5.00 2.5 0 4.000 5.000 1.007 570 0.430 0.430 1.29 1.67 1.53 30 ALL 0 8 0 0 -1.212 28' ROADWAY ALL 5SB15 10 0.6 270 5.00 5.00 2.5 10 0 4.000 5.000 1.343 -1.598 680 0.430 0.430 1.21 1.57 1.22 35 0 0 0 SB15 BEAM 5SB15 14 0.6 270 5.00 5.00 2.5 0 4.000 5.000 1.725 0.430 0.430 1.76 1.24 40 ALL 14 0 0 -2.032 842 1.36 0 ALL 5SB15 18 0.6 270 5.00 5.00 2.5 18 0 4.000 5.000 2.149 1013 0.420 0.420 1.82 1.16 45 2 0 0 -2.508 1.41 50 ALL 5SB15 22 0.6 270 5.00 5.00 2.5 22 2 0 0 4.000 5.000 2.643 -3.073 1227 0.420 0.420 1.33 1.72 1.01 4SB12 0.6 270 3.50 3.50 2.5 0 5.000 0.904 0.340 1.38 1.79 25 ALL 4.000 -1.187 341 0.340 30' ROADWAY 30 ALL 4SB12 0.6 270 3.50 3.50 2.5 8 0 4.000 5.000 1.277 -1.646 407 0.340 0.340 1.32 1.71 1.37 SB12 BEAM 4SB12 0.6 270 3.50 3.50 10 0 4.000 5.000 1.60 35 ALL 10 2.5 0 1.711 -2.169 518 0.340 0.340 1.24 1.08 4SB12 0.6 270 3.50 3.50 0 5.000 0.340 1.73 ALL 2.5 14 4.000 2.205 -2.758 0.340 1.34 1.11 25 4SB15 0.6 270 0 2.5 0 0 Ω 0.350 2 19 ALL 6 4 000 5 000 0.723 0.350 1 69 2 32 5.00 5.00 -0.888 431 4SB15 0.6 270 0 0 4 000 0 2.5 0 5 000 1 017 0.350 0.350 1 16 1.50 1.37 ALL 6 5.00 5.00 6 0 -1.231 438 4SB15 0.6 270 Ο 2.5 Ω 0 0 0 4.000 5.000 1 346 0.340 1.21 1.57 1.21 30' ROADWAY 35 ALL 5.00 5.00 8 0 -1 605 545 0.340 SB15 BEAM 40 ALL 4SB15 12 0.6 270 5.00 5.00 0 2.5 12 0 0 0 0 Ω 4.000 5.000 1.729 -2.043 675 0.340 0.340 1.47 1.91 1.38 0 45 4SB15 14 0.6 270 2 2.5 14 2 2 0 0 0 4.000 5.000 2.166 0.340 1.33 1.73 1.06 ALL 5.00 5.00 -2.542 823 0.340 18 0 50 ALL 4SB15 18 0.6 270 2.5 2 2 2.665 1.32 1.71 1.02 5.00 5.00 4 000 5 000 -3 115 998 0.340 0.340

1 Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension = 0.24 f'ci √

Optional designs must likewise conform

2 Portion of full HL93.

#### DESIGN NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.

Prestress losses for the designed beams have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

#### **FABRICATION NOTES:**

Provide Class H concrete.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of fpu. Full-length debonded strands are not permitted in positions "A" and "B" Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4.

When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed beam or an approved optional beam design. All optional design submittals and shop drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas. Locate strands for the designed beam as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5"

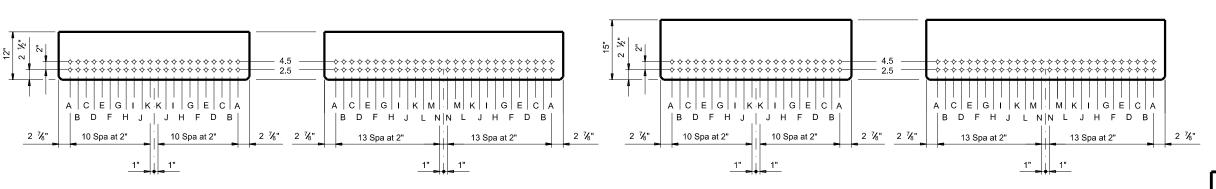
then row "4.5". Place strands within a row as follows:

1) Locate a strand in each "A" position.

2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of beam.

3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width.

Do not debond strands in position "A". Distribute debonded strands symmetrically about the vertical centerline. Increase debonded lengths working outward, with debonding staggered in each row.



TxDOT 5SB12 SLAB BEAM

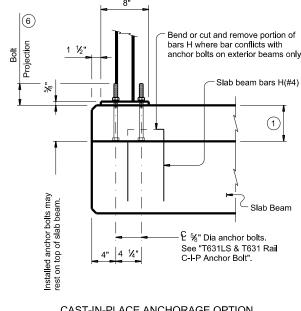
TxDOT 4SB15 SLAB BEAM TxDOT 5SB15 SLAB BEAM Texas Department of Transportation

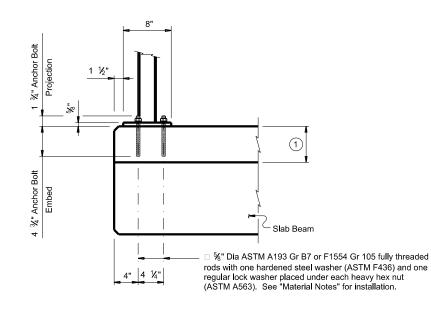
# PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM STD DESIGNS

**HL93 LOADING** 

(TY SB12 OR SB15) 24', 28' & 30' ROADWAY

	WFS		ARCH	HER			5(	6
The state of the s	DIST		COUN	YTY		8	SHEET	NO.
REVISIONS 1-21; Added load rating.	0903	29	027,	ETC	CR	23	2,	ETC
TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB	3		HIGH	WAY	
.E: psbsts08-21.dgn	DN: SR	Ν	ск: ВМР	DW:	SFS		CK: S	SDB



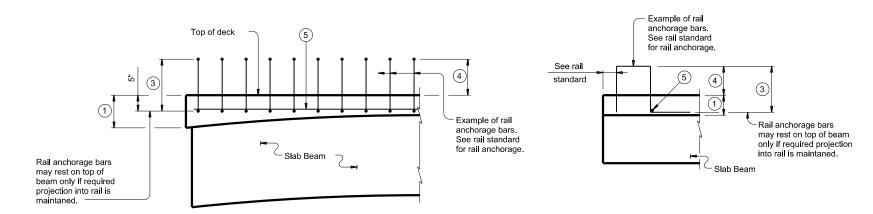


CAST-IN-PLACE ANCHORAGE OPTION

#### ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE OPTION

# T631LS & T631 RAIL ANCHORAGE PLACEMENT



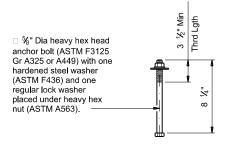


PART SPAN ELEVATION

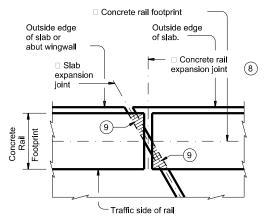
#### SECTION

## TYPICAL CONCRETE RAIL ANCHORAGE

(Showing typical concrete rail anchorage)



T631LS & T631 RAIL C-I-P ANCHOR BOLT



PLAN OF CONCRETE **RAILS AT EXPANSION JOINTS** 

- 1 Cast-in-place slab thickness varies due to beam camber (5" minimum).
- 2 Replace cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on T631LS and T631 Rail standard with an adhesive anchor system or cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on
- 3 Bar length shown on rail standard, minus 1 raised sidewalk
- 1/4". Adjust bar length for a
- 4 See rail standard for projection from finished grade or top of sidewalk.
- 5 Place additional (#5) longitudinal bar.
- 6 Excess bolt length has been provided to accommodate a variable slab thickness due to beam camber. If slab thickness on span details exceed 7", bolt length must be increased accordingly. After posts have been set and bolts tightened, bolt projection above nuts of more than 1/2" must be cut off and painted with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item 445 "Galvanizing".
- Distance from end of top outside edge of slab to center of first bolt group can not be less than 9", except: 15° Skew: 1'-0" (acute corner only) 30° Skew: 1'-3" (acute corner only)
- 8 Location of rail expansion joint must be at the intersection of □ slab expansion joint, □ rail footprint and perpendicular to slab outside edge.
- 9 Cross-hatched area must have concrete rail, as shown.
- ½" preformed bitumuminous fiber material under

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Rail anchorage bars may be field bent as required to clear rail reinforcing or provide minimum cover shown on standard rail detail sheets.

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Cast-in-place anchorage system for T631LS and T631 Rail must be %" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr 325 or A449) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed anchor bolts 4

Adhesive anchors for T631LS and T631 Rail must be %" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 ¾". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." Epoxy coat or galvanize reinforcing steel shown on this standard if rail

reinforcement is epoxy coated or galvanized.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. This standard is for use with structures with a 5" minimum cast-in-place concrete slab.

This standard may require modification for interior rails. This standard does not apply to median barriers.

This standard does not provide details for Type T221P, T224, T80HT, T80SS, C412, PR11, PR22 and PR3 rails on slab beam bridges.
See rail standards for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise

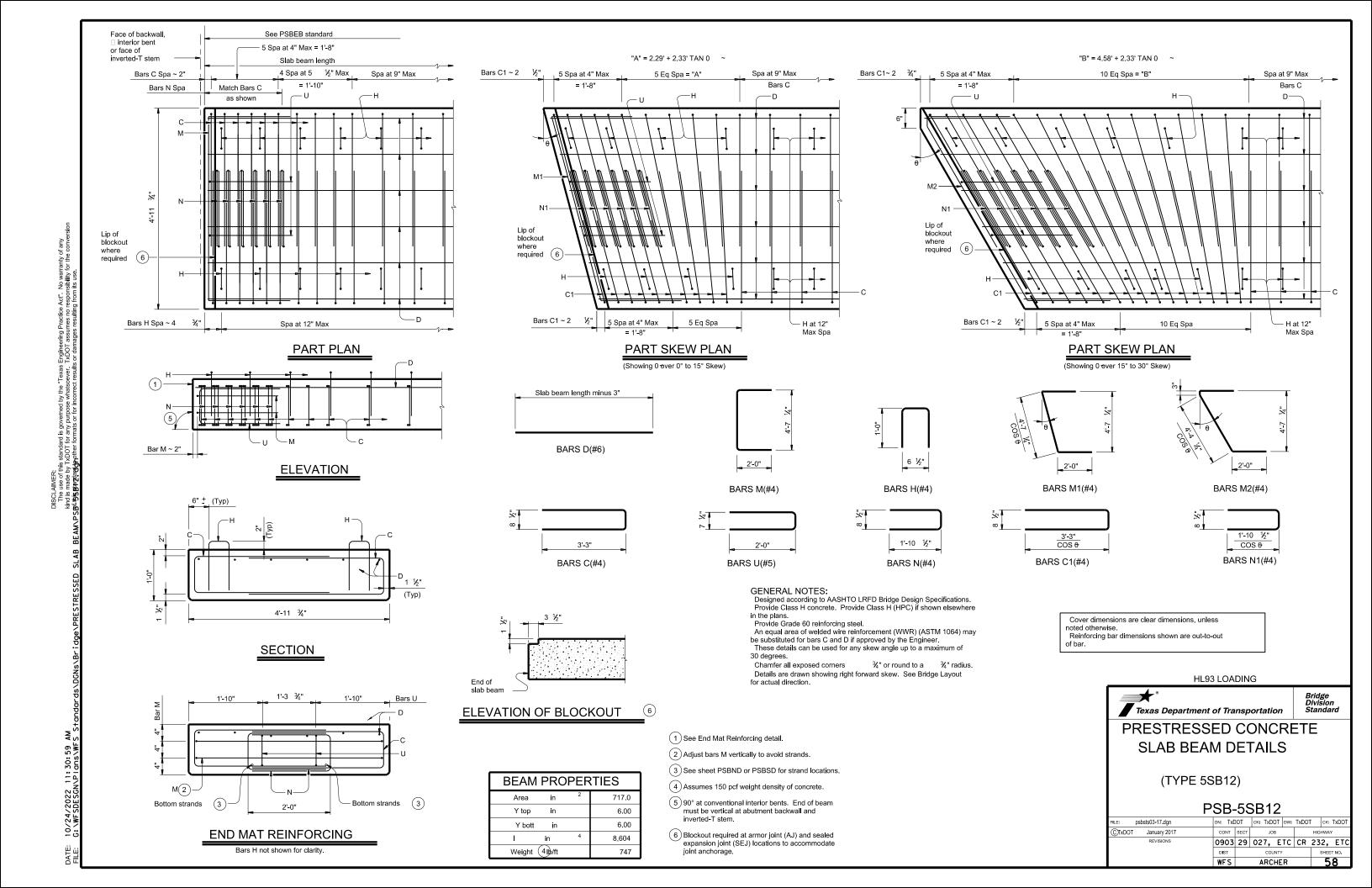


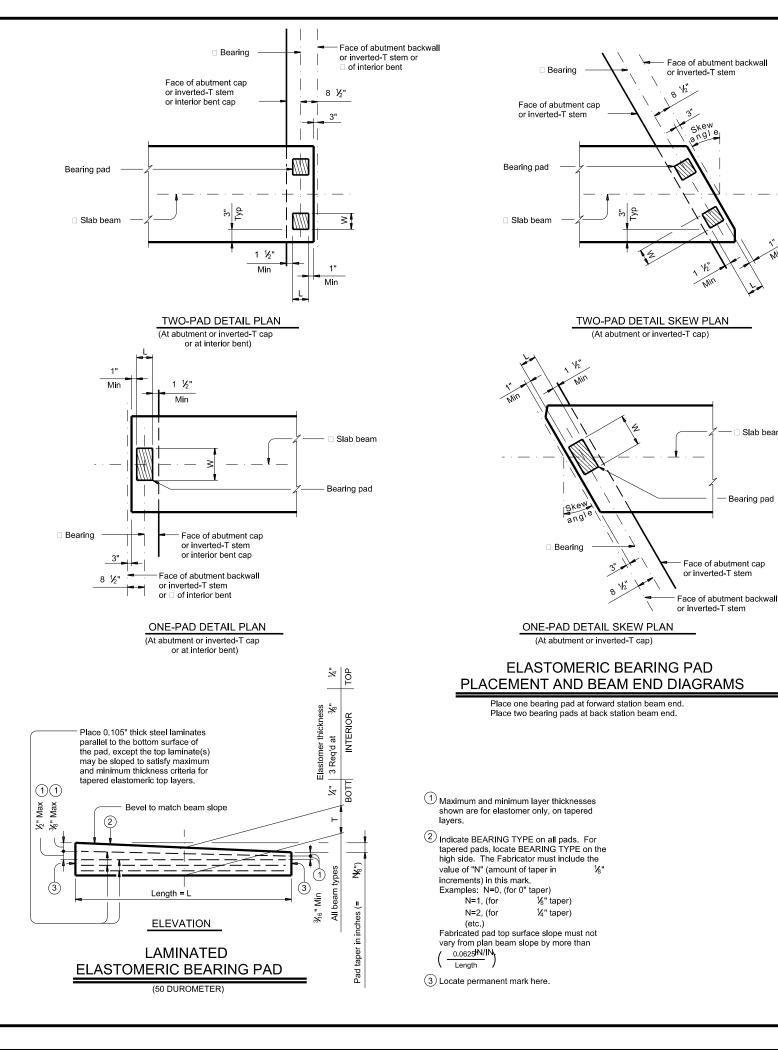
# RAIL ANCHORAGE **DETAILS**

#### PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAMS

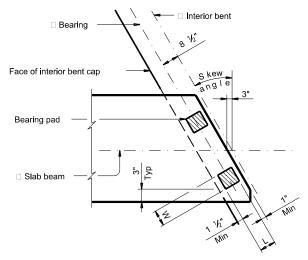
# **PSBRA**

FILE:	psbste07-18.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: ТхDО	T DW:	JTR	С	к: ,	IMH
<b>©</b> TxDOT	January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOE	3		HIGHV	VAY	
	REVISIONS	0903	29	027,	ETC	CR	232	,	ETC
03-18: Up	odated adhesive anchor notes.	DIST		cour	VTY		SH	EET	NO.
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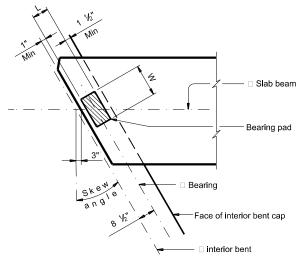


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#### TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN (At interior bent)

Slab beam



ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN (At interior bent)

#### TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS (ALL PRESTR CONC SLAB BM TYPES)

One-Pa	d (Ty SB1-"N	J") 2	Two-Pad (Ty SB2-"N")					
W	L	Т	W	L	Т			
14"	7"	2"	7"	7"	2"			

Pad sizes shown are applicable for the following conditions:

- (1) All one, two and three span units where the minimum span length is not less than 25' and the maximum span is not more than 50'.
- (2) Skews less than or equal to 30°.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

These details accommodate skew angles up to 30°.

Shop drawings for approval are required. A bearing layout which identifies location and orientation of all bearings must be developed by the bearing fabricator. Permanently mark each bearing in accordance with the bearing layout. A copy of the bearing layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

Cost of furnishing and installing elastomeric bearings must be included in unit price bid for "Prestressed Concrete Slab Beams".

HL93 LOADING



Texas Department of Transportation

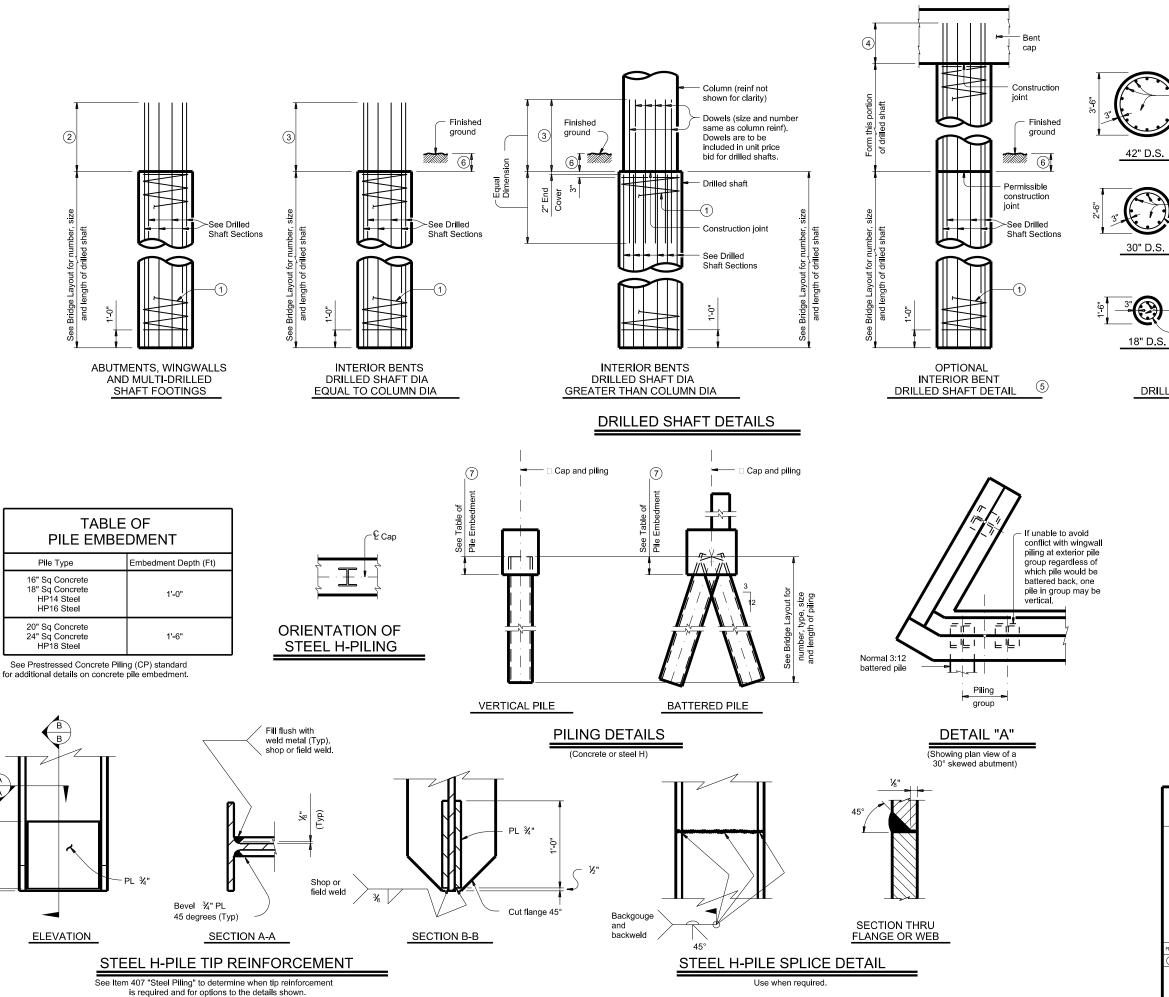
**ELASTOMERIC BEARING** AND BEAM END DETAILS

PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM

**PSBEB** 

		-						
FILE: psbste06-17.dgn	DN: TxE	TOO	ск: TxDO	T DW:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT	
©TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0903	29	027,	ETC	CR :	232,	ETC	
	DIST	DIST COUNTY					T NO.	
	WFS			59				







 $\bigodot$  #3 spiral at 6" pitch (one and a half flat turns top and bottom).

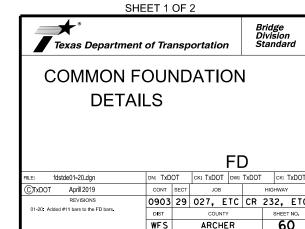
48" D.S.

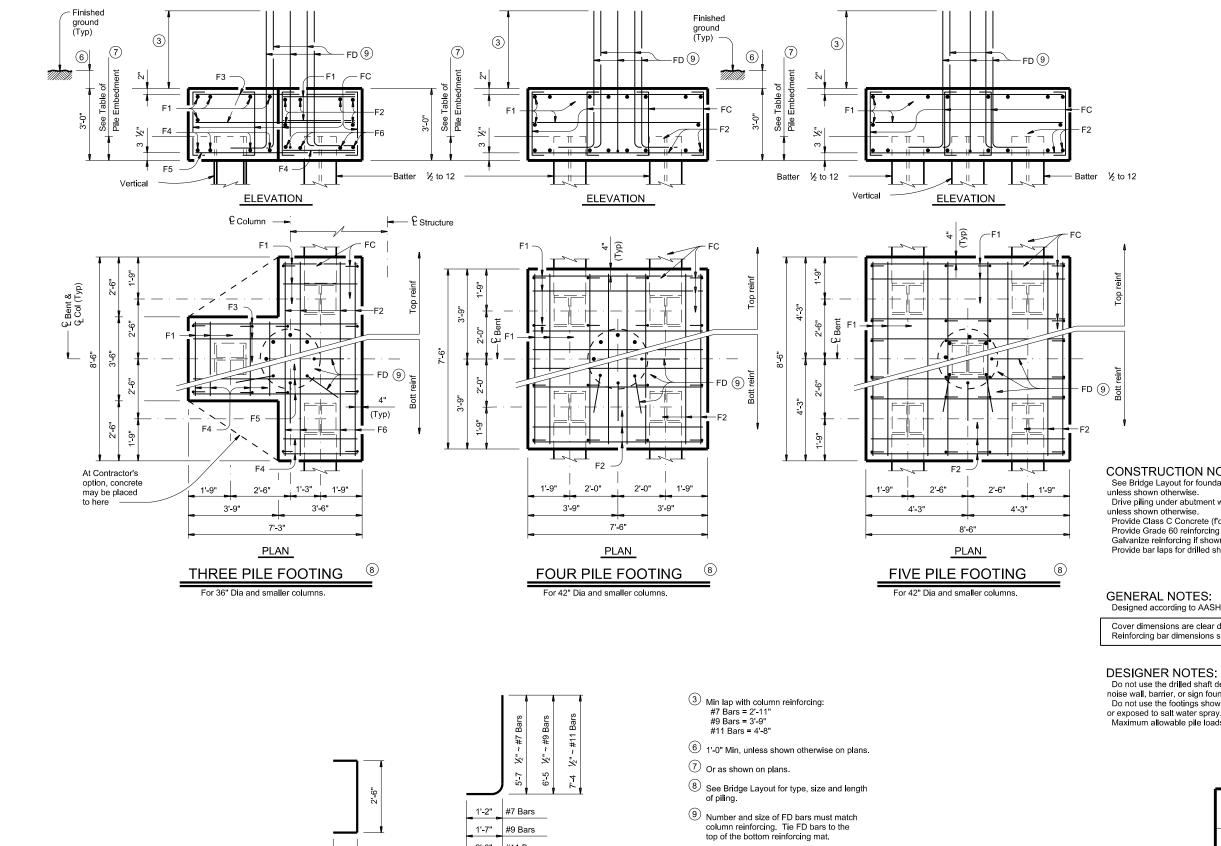
36" D.S.

24" D.S.

- 2 Min extension into supported element: #7 Bars = 2'-0" #9 Bars = 2'-3"
- Min lap with column reinf: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9" #11 Bars = 4'-8"
- 4 Min extension into supported element: #6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-3" #9 Bars = 2'-9"
- 5 Drilled shafts may extend to the bottom of bent caps for "H" heights of 6 ft and less (as shown on the Bridge Layout), if approved. This option can only be used when the drilled shaft diameter equals the column diameter. Obtain approval of the forming method above the ground line prior to construction. No adjustments in payment will be made if this option is used.
- (6) 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- 7 Or as shown on plans.







2'-0" #11 Bars

BARS FD 9

Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

6"

BARS FC

# TABLE OF FOOTING **QUANTITIES FOR** 30" COLUMNS

		ONE 3 PI	ILE FOOTING	3							
Bar	No.	Size	Length		Weight						
F1	11	#4	3'- 2"		23						
F2	6	#4	8'- 2"		33						
F3	6	#4	6'- 11"		28						
F4	8	#9	3'- 2"		86						
F5	4	#9	6'- 11"		94						
F6	4	#9	8'- 2"		111						
FC	12		28								
FD 10		220									
Reinfo	rcing St	Lb	623								
Class	"C" Con	CY	4.8								
		ONE 4 PI	LE FOOTING	3							
Bar	No.	Size	Length		Weight						
F1	20	#4	7'- 2"		96						
F2	16	#8	7'- 2"		306						
FC	16	#4	3'- 6"		37						
FD 10	8	#9	8'- 1"		220						
Reinfo	rcing St	eel		Lb	659						
Class	"C" Con	crete		CY	6.3						
		ONE 5 PI	ILE FOOTING	3							
Bar	No.	Size	Length		Weight						
F1	20	#4	8'- 2"		109						
F2	16	#9	8'- 2"		444						
FC	24	#4	3'- 6"		56						
FD 10	8		220								
Reinfo	rcing St	eel		Lb	829						
Class	"C" Con	crete		CY	8.0						

### **CONSTRUCTION NOTES:**

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile

unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (fc = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6" Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11" Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

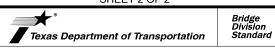
Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns

100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns

120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

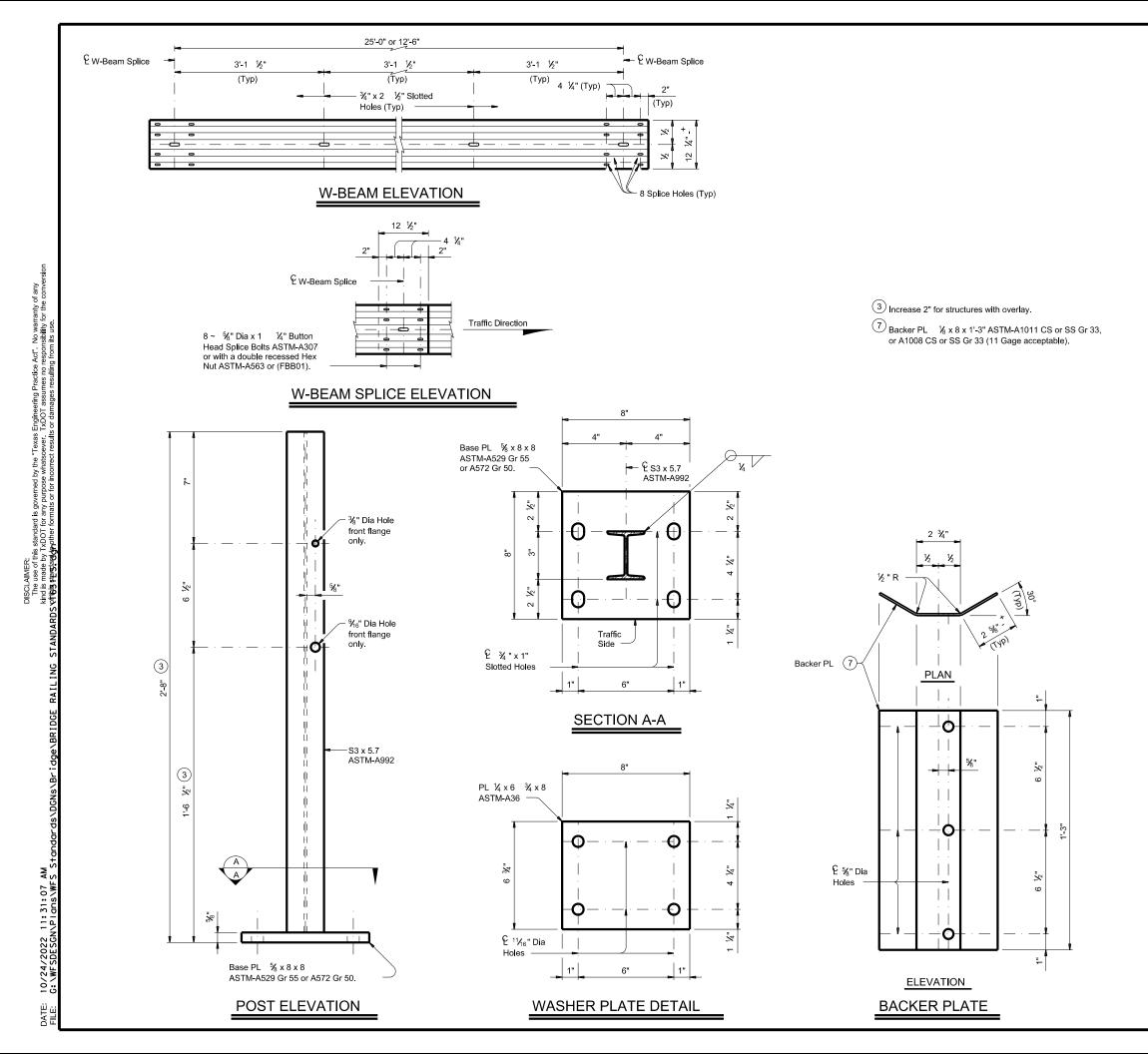
### SHEET 2 OF 2



# **COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS**

				F	)				
ILE: fdstde01-20.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: ТхDО	T DW:	TxDOT		ск: Т	TODx	
C)TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0903	29	027,	ETC	CR	232	2,	ETC	
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST	ST COUNTY					SHEET NO.		
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#### MBGF AND END TREATMENT NOTES:

This traffic railing must be anchored by metal beam guard fence (MBGF) and/or guard fence end treatments. Determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual, unless otherwise specified. The minimum MBGF length of need required for anchoring the railing is: SGT; or DAT plus 12.5' of MBGF, as applicable. Provide CRT posts as shown in "Roadway Elevation of Rail."

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Face of rail post must be plumb unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Post must be perpendicular to adjacent roadway grade. Use epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than \( \( \lambda\_{\text{s}}^{\text{"}} \) exist.

Fully anchored guardrail must be attached to each end of rail. A metal beam guard fence transition is not used with this rail.

It is recommended to show a Rail Layout with rail posts and W-beam splices. Fabricator must submit erection drawings to the Engineer for approval.

Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail post and backer plate to approximately  $\mathcal{V}_{16}$ " by grinding.

Shop drawings are not required for this rail.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be %" Dia ASTM-A325 or A449 bolts with one hardened washer and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to A563 requirements.

W-beam must meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified in the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 25'-0", or 12'-6" (Nominal) lengths. W-Beam must have slotted holes at 3'-1 ½".

Some part numbers from the "Task Force 13" Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware have been furnished for quick reference.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

This railing has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-2 criteria. This railing can be used for speeds of 45 mph and less

railing can be used for speeds of 45 mph and less. This rail is designed to deflect approximately 2' to 2'-6" as it contains and redirects the errant vehicle. This rail may not be installed on top of or behind curbs that project above finished grade, on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement, on retaining walls, or on grade separations and interchanges.

Repairs to impact-damaged post and base plate unit are not permitted. Replace all impact-damaged posts with a new post and base plate unit.

Average weight of railing with no overlay: 13 plf total.



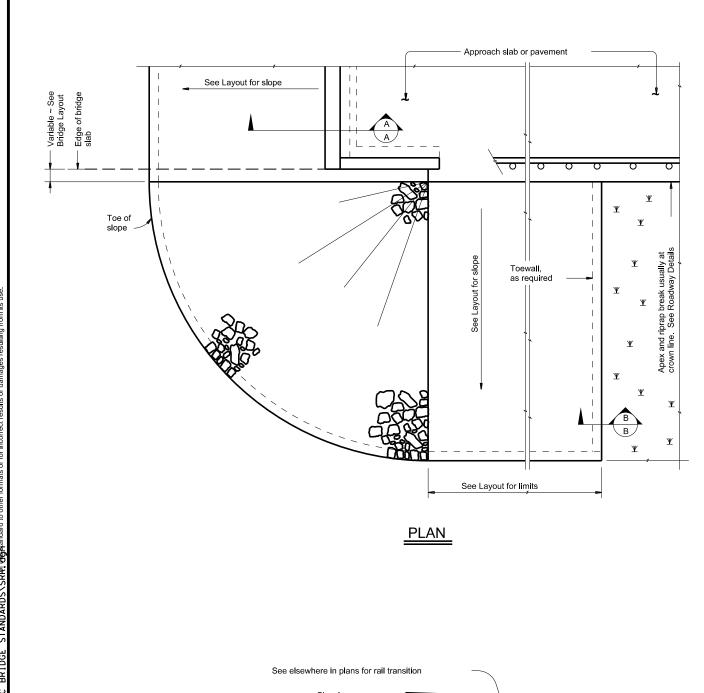


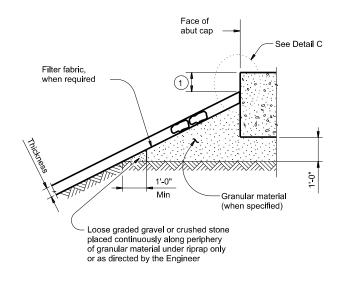
Division Standard

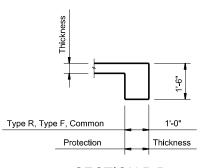
# TRAFFIC RAIL

# TYPE T631LS

FILE: rlstd037.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: AES	DW:	JTR	CK:	AES
©TxDOT July 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	1
REVISIONS	0903	29	027, E	TC	CR	232,	ETC
03-16; Added note for post near joint, additional baker PL material and	DIST		COUNT	r		SHEE	T NO.
MBGF end treatment notes.	WFS		ARCHE	R		6	3



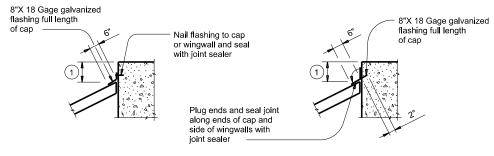




# SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

# SECTION A-A AT CAP



# CAP OPTION A

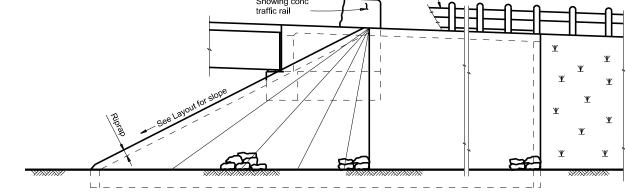
CAP OPTION B

# DETAIL C

GENERAL NOTES: Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified.

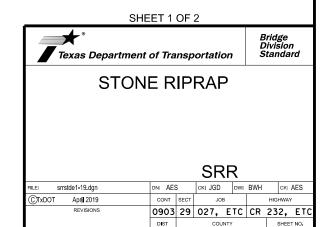
See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.



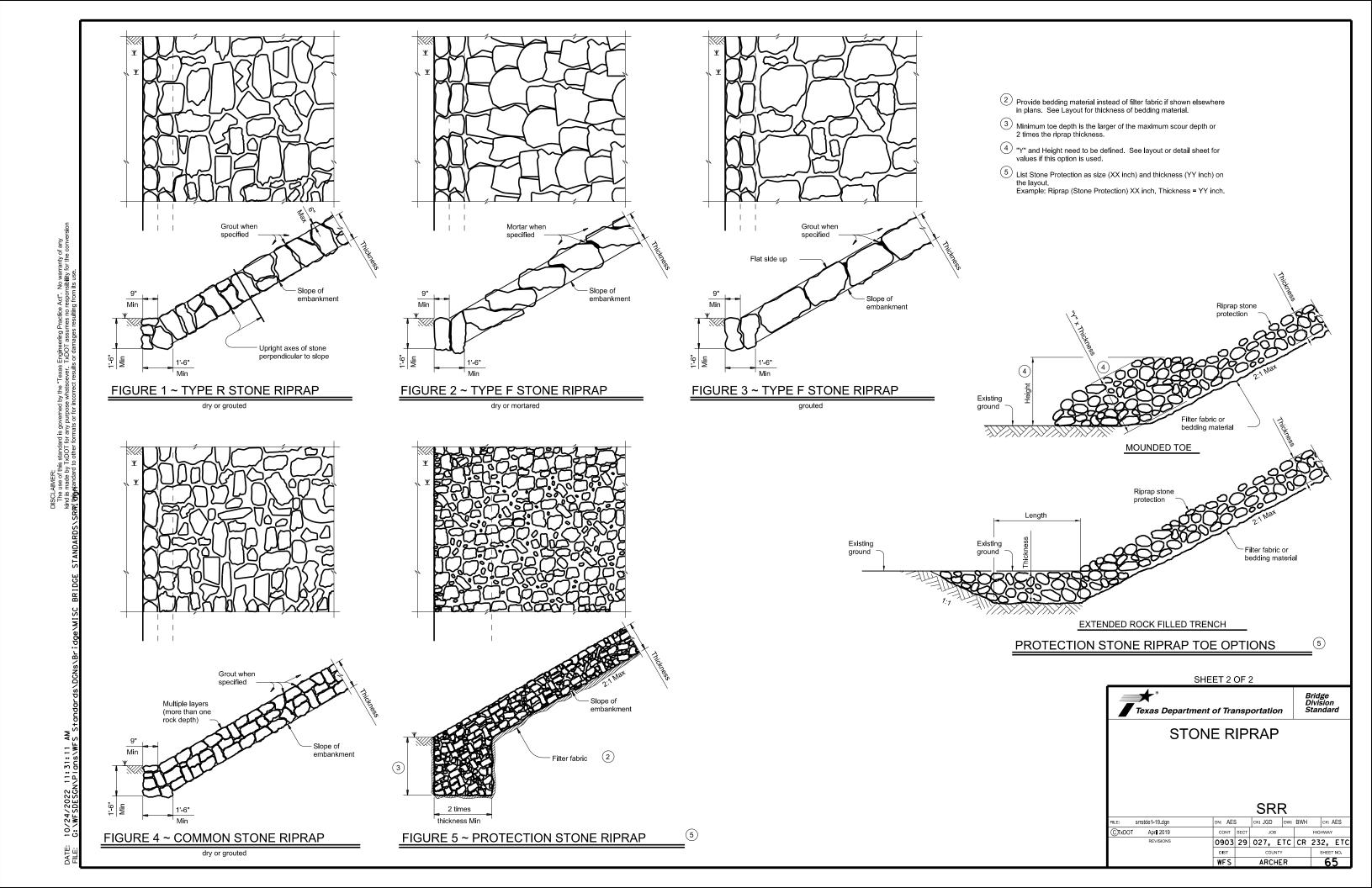
**ELEVATION** 

1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.



ARCHER

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### IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162. 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

☐ No Action Required Action No.

Required Action

- 1. Vegetation disturbances should be kept to the minimum necessary to complete the project.
- 2. Trim rather than remove trees when possible.

#### V. FEDERAL LISTED. PROPOSED THREATENED. ENDANGERED SPECIES. CRITICAL HABITAT. STATE LISTED SPECIES. CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

☐ No Action Required Action No.

Required Action

Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA): Migratory birds may arrive in the project area to breed during construction of the proposed project. Measures will be taken to avoid the take of migratory birds, their occupied nests, eggs, or young, in accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, through phasing of work or preventative measures. Between October 1 and February 15, the contractor would remove all old migratory bird nests from any structures that would be affected by the proposed project, and complete any bridge work/demolition and/or vegetation clearing. In addition, the contractor would be prepared to prevent migratory birds from building nests by utilizing nest prevention methods, such as bird-deterrent netting and bird-repelling sprays and/or gels, between February 15 and October 1. In the event that migratory birds are encountered on-site during project construction, adverse impacts on protect birds, active nests, eggs, and/or young would be avoided.

Amphibian and Aquatic Reptile BMPs: Contractors will be advised of potential occurrence of the Woodhouse's Toad and Strecker's chorus frog in the project area, and to avoid harming them if encountered. Project specific locations (PSLs) within state-owned ROW should be located in uplands away from aquatic features. Where work is directly adjacent to the water, minimize impacts to shoreline basking sites (e.g., downed trees, sand bars, exposed bedrock) and overwinter sites (e.g., brush and debris piles. crayfish burrows) feasible.

Bat BMPs: If bats are present or recent signs of occupation (i.e., piles of guano, distinct musky odor, or staining and rub marks at potential entry points) are observed contact TxDOT Environmental Coordinator (Nellie Bennett) at 940 720 7733 or nellie.bennett@txdot.gov. In all instances, avoid harm or death to bats. Bats should only be handled as a last resort and after communication with TPWD.

Mammal BMPs:Contractor will be advised of the potential occurrence of the swamp rabbit to avoid harming the species if encountered, and to avoid unnecessary impacts to dens.

Terrestrial Reptile BMPs: If erosion control blankets or mats are utilized, use products that contain no netting or contain loosely woven, natural fiber netting is preferred. Plastic netting should be avoided to the extent practicable. Visually inspect excavation greas for trapped wildlife prior to backfilling.Inform contractors that if reptiles are found on project site allow species to safely leave the project

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area. do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BMP: Best Management Practice Construction General Permit Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: FHWA: Federal Highway Administration Memorandum of Agreement Memorandum of Understanding Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TPWD: MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOT: Notice of Termination NWP: Nationwide Permit USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers NOI: Notice of Intent

Starm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Pre-Construction Notification Project Specific Location Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation Threatened and Endangered Species

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure

#### VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers gware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS. in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- \* Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- \* Undesirable smells or odors
- \* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ No Yes

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ Yes

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

1. NBI: 03-169-0-AA01-28-001:

#### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

1. Reduce idling of vehicles and equipment.

2. Maintain project site. Minimize dust and airborne particles to the maximum extent practical.

3. Collect sanitary waste in accordance with local regulations by a sanitary waste collector. Portable

units shall not be placed in or near a waterway or drainage area 4. TxDOT EMS Policy Statement (English & Spanish) should be displayed at the construction site.

5. Collect all waste materials , trash, and debris from the construction site daily and deposite into a metal dumpter having a secure cover

Texas Department of Transportation

CR 232 (WILSON RANCH ROAD) @ HOLLIDAY CREEK

LE: epic.dgn	DN: Tx[	TO	ck: RG	· VP		ck: AR		
TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 12-2011 (DS)	0903	29	027,	ETC	CR	232	2,	ETC
07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	WFS	WFS ARCHER 66						93

**EPIC** 

### A. GENERAL SITE DATA

#### 1. PROJECT LIMITS: CR 232 (WILSON RANCH RD) AT HOLLIDAY CREEK

Begin Project Coordinates: Latitude (N): 33.739744 Lonaitude (W): -98,805664 End Project Coordinates: Latitude (N): 33.740651 Longitude (W): - 98.805662

#### 2. PROJECT SITE MAPS:

- \* Pro lect Location Map: The Title Sheet
- \* Drainage Patterns: SW3P Layout
- \* Slopes Anticipated After Major Gradings or Areas of Soil Disturbance: Typical Sections
- \* Location of Erosion and Sediment Controls: SW3P Layout
- \* Surface Waters and Discharge Locations: SW3P Layout
- \* Project Specific Location(s) (PSL): To be determined by the project Construction Personnel. Location(s) shall be shown on SW3P Site Map (If PSL location(s) is within one mile of project) and information located in project SW3P Binder (Reference Item \*10 below).

#### 3. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

For the replacement of bridge and approaches.

#### 4. MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES:

Removal of existing structure and wing walls and installation for the new abutments.

#### 5. EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE COVER AND % OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVER:

This soil consists 4.5% Asperment Clay Learn, 0-7 inches thick, Sandy Clay Learn to about about 70 inches. Gently sloping (2-5%) except at creek where slope steepens. The channel section of the project consist of 28.5% Pulexas, Fine Sandy Loam to very fine sandy loam, 0-60 inches thick. The North-East and South-West section of the project consists of 16.6% Teller Loam, 0-15 inches over fine sandy loam 15-20 inches, above Sandy Clay Loam at a depth of 20-60 inches. Gently sloping (0-1% slopes).

#### 6. TOTAL PROJECT AREA:

0.34 Acres

#### 7. TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED:

Acres (47.06%)

#### 8. WEIGHTED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT

BEFORE CONSTRUCTION: AFTER CONSTRUCTION:

#### 9. NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS:

Storm water runoff in the project area flows to the northeast and Into Holliday Creek.

#### 10. PROJECT SW3P Binder:

A. For projects disturbing one to five acres, TxDOT and the Contractor will maintain SW3P Binders at the project field office (If there is not a project field office, TxDOT's binder should be kept at the Area Office) which contains the following: Index Sheet, TCEO Signature Authority, TCEO Small Construction Site Notice, Contractor Certification of Compliance, SW3P Inspector Qualification Statements, Inspection and Maintenance Reports (Form 2118), EPIC Sheet, SW3P Sheet, Site Location Maps. Stored Material Lists specifying associated control measures and the Appendix which contains the TPDES Construction General Permit, MS4 Operator Notification(s) and the Construction PSL Permits per all applicable requirements.

B. For projects disturbing 5 acres or more, TxDOT and the Contractor will follow the actions listed in (IO.A.) above with the addition of the following: Notice Of Intent (N.O.I.) and Fee Payment Form, TCEO Large Construction Site Notice (to be used instead of Small Site Notice), and TPDES Permit Coverage Notice.

C. For projects disturbing less than one acre, actions described in (IO.A.) and (IO.B.) above are not required. Acreage is calculated by adding Total Disturbed Area within project limits (See \*7 above) and the PSL(s) acreage located on or within one mile of project.

#### B. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

#### SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES: (Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, as applicable) WASTE MATERIALS:

T PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES \_\_T\_\_ TEMPORARY SEEDING MULCHING (Hay or Straw) FLEXIBLE CHANNEL LINER P BUFFER ZONES RIGID CHANNEL LINER PLANTING SOIL RETENTION BLANKET P\_ SEEDING COMPOST MANUFACTURED TOPSOIL

T VERTICAL TRACKING \_\_\_\_ SODDING OTHER:

#### 2. STRUCTURAL PRACTICES: (Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, as applicable)

\_\_\_\_ SILT FENCES

T\_ EROSION CONTROL LOGS

EROSION CONTROL COMPOST BERMS (Low Velocity)

\_\_\_\_ ROCK FILTER DAMS

\_\_\_\_ DIVERSION. INTERCEPTOR. OR PERIMETER DIKES DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES

\_\_\_\_ DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS

\_\_\_\_ PIPE SLOPE DRAINS

\_\_\_\_ PAVED FLUMES

ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT

\_\_\_\_ TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT

\_\_\_\_ CHANNEL LINERS SEDIMENT TRAPS

SEDIMENT BASINS

\_\_\_\_ STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP

\_\_\_\_ STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES

\_\_\_\_ CURBS AND GUTTERS

\_\_ STORM SEWERS

\_\_\_ OTHER:

NOTE: TOP OF BMP'S SHOULD NOT BE HIGHER THAN ROADWAY ELEVATION AS NOT TO FLOOD ROADWAY UNLESS PRIOR APPROVAL FROM ENGINEER IS OBTAINED.

#### 3. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:

A. Storm water drainage will be provided by ditches which carry drainage within the R.O.W. to the lows within the roadway and project site which drains to natural facilitiv. Salt Creek.

B. Other permanent erosion controls include hydraulic design to limit structure outlet velocities and grading design generally consisting of 6:1 or flatter slopes with permanent vegetative cover.

#### 4. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES: (Sequence of Construction)

- I. Remove existing topsoil and windrow to edge of work area. Impacts to topsoil should be kept to the minimum necessary to complete work.
- 2 Place RMPs
- 3. Prepare area for construction of abutments by excavation and embankment.
- 4. Form up and pour concrete to create abutments.
- 5. Grade sideslopes and build v-ditch by returning topsoil to the prepared slopes.
- 6. Place permanent seeding, fertilizer, and water until vegetation is re-established.

#### 5. NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES:

Filter non-storm water discharges, or hold in retention basins, before being allowed to mix with storm water. These discharges consist of, but not limited to, non-polluted ground water, spring water, foundation or footing drain water, water used for dust control or payement washing and vehicle washwater containing no detergents.

### C. OTHER REQUIREMENTS & PRACTICES

#### 1. MAINTENANCE:

Maintain all erosion and sediment controls in good working order. Perform any necessary cleaning/repairs/replacements at the earliest possible date prior to next rain eyent, but no later than 7 calendar days, Ensure the surrounding ground has dried sufficiently to prevent damage from equipment. "Too Wet" is the only reason for not adhering to timeframes described. When construction activities permanently or temporarily cease and are not expected to resume for 14 or more days on a disturbed portion of the site, stabilization measures must be initiated immediately.

A TxDOT Inspector will perform a regularly scheduled SW3P Inspection every 14 calendar days. An Inspection and Maintenance Report, signed by the TxDOT Inspector and the Contractor, will be filed for each inspection within 24-hours following the inspection. Revise/clean/repair/replace each BMP control device in accordance with the Construction General Permit and the current Field Inspection and Maintenance Report (Form 2118) and Item I (Maintenance) above. On project that disturb less than one acre and do not meet the definition of a construction project, inspections are not required.

Minimize the exposure of contruction wastes and trash on the site to precipitation and to stormwater On a daily basis, or as may be directed, collect all waste materials, trash and debris from the construction site and deposit into a metal dumpster having a secure cover and which meets all state and local city solid waste management requirements. Minimize the exposure of waste materials by keeping waste container lids closed when not in use. For waste containers that do not have lids and could leak the permittee must provide either a cover (e.g., a tarp, plastic sheeting, temporary roof) to minimize exposure of wastes to precipitation, or a similarly effective means designed to minimize the discharge of pollutants. Empty the dumpster as required by regulation, or as may be directed, at a local approved landfill site. Do not bury construction waste on the construction project site.

C. OTHER REQUIREMENTS & PRACTICES (CONTINUED)

#### 4. HAZARDOUS WASTE & SPILL REPORTING:

As a minimum, any products in the following categories are considered to be hazardous: Paints, Acids, Solvents, Fuels, Asphalt Products, Chemical Additives for Soil Stabilization, and Concrete Curing Compounds or Additives. Minimize the exposure of building materials, building products, landscape materials, fertilizers, pesticides, herbicides, detergents, and other materials present on the site to precipitation and to stormwater. When storing hazardous material on the project site, or at a Project Specific Location, take all practicable precaution to prevent and/or contain any spillage of these materials. In the event of a spill, contact the spill coordinator

#### 5. SANITARY WASTE:

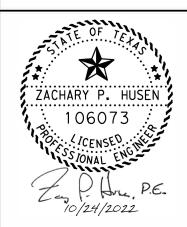
Use a licensed sanitary waste management contractor to collect all sanitary waste from portable units as may be required by local regulation, or as directed. Minimize the exposure of sanitary waste present on the site to precipitation and to stormwater.

#### 6. CONSTRUCTION VEHICLE TRACKING:

On a regular basis, or as may be directed, dampen haul roads for dust control and stabilize construction entrances/exits. Provide for a motorized broom or vacuum type sweeper to be available on a daily basis, or as may be directed, to remove sediment from paved roadways abutting or traversing the project site.

#### 7. MANAGEMENT PRACTICES:

- A. Construct disposal areas, stockpiles, haul roads and PSL's in a manner that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Do not locate disposal areas in any wetland, waterbody or streambed.
- B. Locate construction staging areas, vehicle maintenance and PSL's areas in a manner to minimize the runoff of pollutants.
- C. When working in or near a wetland, install and maintain operating soil erosion and sediment controls at all times during construction and isolate the work from the wetland.
- D. Clear all waterways as soon as practicable of temporary embankment, temporary bridges. matting, falsework, piling, debris or other obstructions placed during construction operations that are not a part of the finished work.
- E. Procedures and/or practices should be taken to control dust.
- F. Sediment to be removed from roadways daily or when work begins after weather events if construction activities have ceased due to weather event.
- G. Operators must prevent or minimize the discharge of spilled cement, aggregate (including sand or gravel), settled dust, or other significant materials from paved portions of the site that are exposed to stormwater.





WICHITA FALLS DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL

# CR 232 (WILSON RANCH RD) • HOLLIDAY CREEK SW3P NARRATIVE

TEMPLATE REVISION DATE: 04/26/2016

	DIV. NO.	FEDER	AL AID PROJECT NO.	NO.
RAPHICS	6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	CR 232, ET
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK	TEXAS	WFS	ARCHER	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	67
	0903	29	027, ETC	

10/24/2022 11:31:14 AM G: \WFSDESGN\Plans\0903-29

DESCRIPTION

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
EROSION CONTROL LOGS (8")

ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)

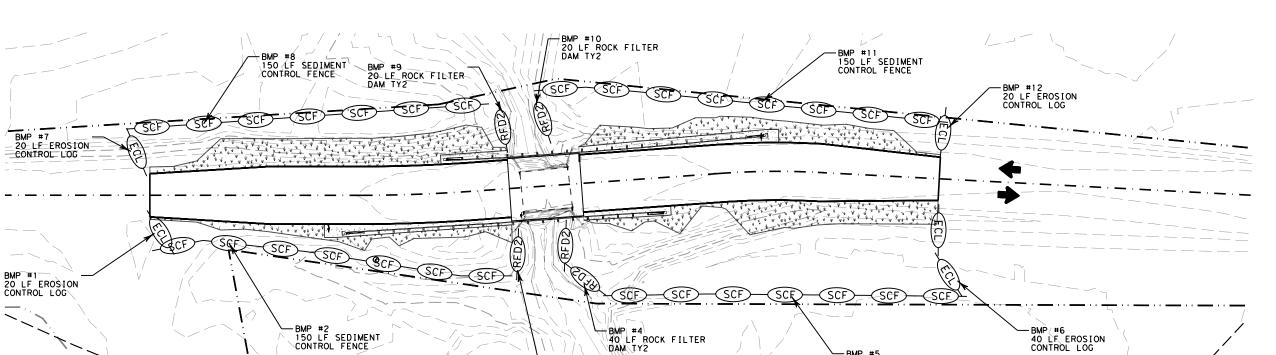
LIMITS OF SEEDING

TRAFFIC DIRECTION

LIMITS OF SOIL DISTURBANCE FLOW DIRECTION

NOTES:

- 1. PLACE SANDBAGS AROUND ANY MATERIAL STOCKPILE THAT ARE LEFT ON SITE OVERNIGHT. THIS WORK WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.
- THE LOCATIONS OF DEVICES ARE FOR GRAPHIC REPERSENTATION ONLY. OBTAIN ENGINEERS APPROVAL BEFORE INSTALLATION.
- 3. AFTER ROADWAY AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION IS FINISHED, SPREAD OUT ALL ROCK FILTER DAMS TO PROVIDE SLOPE PROTECTION.

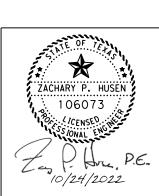


BMP #5 150 LF SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

DATE	SOIL	DISTURBED	DATE	SOIL	STABI	IZED
			-			
			l .			

BMP #3 20 LF ROCK FILTER DAM TY2

BMP #	INSTALLED	MAINTAINED	REPLACED	REMOVED	BMP #	INSTALLED	MAINTAINED	REPLACED	REMOVED	BMP #	INSTALLED	MAINTAINED	REPLACED	REMOVED



CR 232
(WILSON RANCH RD)
• HOLLIDAY CREEK
SW3P LAYOUT



2022 7	<b>7</b>	Department o	f Transportation
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY

۱T	SECT	JC	В		HIGHWA	Y			
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# IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

☐ No Action Required Required Action Action No.

- 1. Vegetation disturbances should be kept to the minimum necessary to complete the project.
- 2. Trim rather than remove trees when possible.

# V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

☐ No Action Required Action No.

Required Action

Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA): Migratory birds may arrive in the project area to breed during construction of the proposed project. Measures will be taken to avoid the take of migratory birds, their occupied nests, eggs, or young, in accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, through phasing of work or preventative measures. Between October 1 and February 15, the contractor would remove all old migratory bird nests from any structures that would be affected by the proposed project, and complete any bridge work/demolition and/or vegetation clearing. In addition, the contractor would be prepared to prevent migratory birds from building nests by utilizing nest prevention methods, such as bird-deterrent netting and bird-repelling sprays and/or gels, between February 15 and October 1. In the event that migratory birds are encountered on-site during project construction, adverse impacts on protect birds, active nests, eggs, and/or young would be avoided.

Amphibian and Aquatic Reptile BMPs: Contractors will be advised of potential occurrence of the Woodhouse's Toad and Strecker's chorus frog in the project area, and to avoid harming them if encountered. Project specific locations (PSLs) within state-owned ROW should be located in uplands away from aquatic features. Where work is directly adjacent to the water, minimize impacts to shoreline basking sites (e.g., downed trees, sand bars, exposed bedrock) and overwinter sites (e.g., brush and debris piles, crayfish burrows) where feasible.

Bat BMPs: If bats are present or recent signs of occupation (i.e.,piles of guano, distinct musky odor, or staining and rub marks at potential entry points) are observed contact TxDOT Environmental Coordinator (Nellie Bennett) at 940 720 7733 or nellie.bennett@txdot.gov. In all instances, avoid harm or death to bats. Bats should only be handled as a last resort and after communication with TPWD.

Mammal BMPs: Contractor will be advised of the potential occurrence of the swamp rabbit to avoid harming the species if encountered, and to avoid unnecessary impacts to dens.

Terrestrial Reptile BMPs: If erosion control blankets or mats are utilized, use products that contain no netting or contain loosely woven, natural fiber netting is preferred. Plastic netting should be avoided to the extent practicable. Visually inspect excavation areas for trapped wildlife prior to backfilling. Inform contractors that if reptiles are found on project site allow species to safely leave the project area.

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BMP: Best Management Practice SPCC:
CCP: Construction General Permit SW3P:
DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN:
FHWA: Federal Highway Administration PSL:
MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCEQ:
MSA: Memorandum of Understanding TPDES
MSA: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TPMD:
MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act TxDOT
NOT: Notice of Termination T&E:
NOP: Nationwide Permit USACE
NOI: Notice of Intent USFWS

SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Property Pre-Construction Notification
PSL: Project Specific Location
TCEQ: Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality
TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
TXDOT: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
TXEE: Threatened and Endangered Species
USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

#### VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- \* Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- \* Undesirable smells or odors
- \* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

Yes No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then  $\mathsf{TxDOT}$  is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ Yes No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

#### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

#### Action No.

1. Reduce idling of vehicles and equipment.

2. Maintain project site. Minimize dust and airborne particles to the maximum extent practical.

3. Collect sanitary waste in accordance with local regulations by a sanitary waste collector. Portable

near a waterway or drainage area
4. TxDOT EMS Policy Statement
(English & Spanish) should be
displayed at the construction site.
5. Collect all waste materials ,
trash, and debris from the
construction site daily and

units shall not be placed in or

deposite into a metal dumpter

having a secure cover

Texas Department of Transportation

RIVER ROAD)

# CR 261 (RIVER ROAD) © DRAW EPIC

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xDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOE	3		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS 2011 (DS)	0903	29	027,	ETC	CR	23	2,	ETC	
14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST COUNTY						SHEET NO.		
-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 EM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	WFS	VFS ARCHER 69						9	

# A. GENERAL SITE DATA

#### 1. PROJECT LIMITS: CR 261 (RIVER RD) AT DRAW

Begin Project Coordinates: Latitude (N): 33.671198 Lonaitude (W): -98,666317 End Project Coordinates: Latitude (N): 33.672290 Longitude (W): - 98.666603

#### 2. PROJECT SITE MAPS:

- \* Pro lect Location Map: The Title Sheet
- \* Drainage Patterns: SW3P Lavout
- \* Slopes Anticipated After Major Gradings or Areas of Soil Disturbance: Typical Sections
- \* Location of Erosion and Sediment Controls: SW3P Layout
- \* Surface Waters and Discharge Locations: SW3P Layout
- \* Project Specific Location(s) (PSL): To be determined by the project Construction Personnel. Location(s) shall be shown on SW3P Site Map (If PSL location(s) is within one mile of project) and information located in project SW3P Binder (Reference Item \*10 below).

#### 3. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

For the replacement of bridge and approaches.

#### 4. MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES:

Removal of existing structure and wing walls and installation for the new abutments.

#### 5. EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE COVER AND % OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVER:

This soil consists 54.9% Bastrop Loam, 0-7 Inches thick, Sandy Clay Loam to about about 70 inches. Gently sloping (2-5%) except at creek where slope steepens. The channel section of the project consist of 28.5% Pulexas, Fine Sandy Loam to very fine sandy loam, 0-60 inches thick. The North-East and South-West section of the project consists of 16.6% Teller Loam, 0-15 inches over fine sandy loam 15-20 inches, above Sandy Clay Loam at a depth of 20-60 inches. Gently sloping (0-1% slopes).

#### 6. TOTAL PROJECT AREA:

0.34 Acres

#### 7. TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED:

Acres (47.06%)

#### 8. WEIGHTED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT

BEFORE CONSTRUCTION: AFTER CONSTRUCTION:

#### 9. NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS:

STORM WATER RUNNOFF IN THE PROJECT AREA FLOWS TO THE SOUTHEAST AND INTO THE NORTH FORK OF THE LITTLE WICHITA RIVER.

#### 10. PROJECT SW3P Binder:

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A. For projects disturbing one to five acres, TxDOT and the Contractor will maintain SW3P Binders at the project field office (If there is not a project field office, TxDOT's binder should be kept at the Area Office) which contains the following: Index Sheet, TCEO Signature Authority, TCEO Small Construction Site Notice, Contractor Certification of Compliance, SW3P Inspector Qualification Statements, Inspection and Maintenance Reports (Form 2118), EPIC Sheet, SW3P Sheet, Site Location Maps. Stored Material Lists specifying associated control measures and the Appendix which contains the TPDES Construction General Permit, MS4 Operator Notification(s) and the Construction PSL Permits per all applicable requirements.

B. For projects disturbing 5 acres or more, TxDOT and the Contractor will follow the actions listed in (IO.A.) above with the addition of the following: Notice Of Intent (N.O.I.) and Fee Payment Form, TCEO Large Construction Site Notice (to be used instead of Small Site Notice), and TPDES Permit Coverage Notice.

C. For projects disturbing less than one acre, actions described in (IO.A.) and (IO.B.) above are not required. Acreage is calculated by adding Total Disturbed Area within project limits (See \*7 above) and the PSL(s) acreage located on or within one mile of project.

### B. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

#### 1. SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES: (Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, as applicable) 3. WASTE MATERIALS:

T PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES \_\_T\_\_ TEMPORARY SEEDING MULCHING (Hay or Straw) FLEXIBLE CHANNEL LINER P BUFFER ZONES RIGID CHANNEL LINER

PLANTING SOIL RETENTION BLANKET P\_ SEEDING COMPOST MANUFACTURED TOPSOIL T VERTICAL TRACKING \_\_\_\_ SODDING

OTHER:

#### 2. STRUCTURAL PRACTICES: (Select T = Temporary or P = Permanent, as applicable)

\_\_\_\_ SILT FENCES

T\_ EROSION CONTROL LOGS

EROSION CONTROL COMPOST BERMS (Low Velocity)

T ROCK FILTER DAMS

\_\_\_\_ DIVERSION. INTERCEPTOR. OR PERIMETER DIKES DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES

\_\_\_\_ DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS

\_\_\_\_ PIPE SLOPE DRAINS

\_\_\_\_ PAVED FLUMES

ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT

\_\_\_\_ TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT

\_\_\_\_ CHANNEL LINERS SEDIMENT TRAPS

SEDIMENT BASINS

\_\_\_\_ STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP

\_\_\_\_ STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES

\_\_\_ CURBS AND GUTTERS

\_\_\_\_ STORM SEWERS
\_\_\_\_\_ VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES

\_\_\_ OTHER:

NOTE: TOP OF BMP'S SHOULD NOT BE HIGHER THAN ROADWAY ELEVATION AS NOT TO FLOOD ROADWAY UNLESS PRIOR APPROVAL FROM ENGINEER IS OBTAINED.

#### 3. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:

A. Storm water drainage will be provided by ditches which carry drainage within the R.O.W. to the lows within the roadway and project site which drains to natural facilitiv. Salt Creek.

B. Other permanent erosion controls include hydraulic design to limit structure outlet velocities and grading design generally consisting of 6:1 or flatter slopes with permanent vegetative cover.

#### 4. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES: (Sequence of Construction)

- I. Remove existing topsoil and windrow to edge of work area. Impacts to topsoil should be kept to the minimum necessary to complete work.
- 2 Place RMPs
- 3. Prepare area for construction of abutments by excavation and embankment.
- 4. Form up and pour concrete to create abutments.
- 5. Grade sideslopes and build v-ditch by returning topsoil to the prepared slopes.
- 6. Place permanent seeding, fertilizer, and water until vegetation is re-established.

#### 5. NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES:

Filter non-storm water discharges, or hold in retention basins, before being allowed to mix with storm water. These discharges consist of, but not limited to, non-polluted ground water, spring water, foundation or footing drain water, water used for dust control or payement washing and vehicle washwater containing no detergents.

# C. OTHER REQUIREMENTS & PRACTICES

#### 1. MAINTENANCE:

Maintain all erosion and sediment controls in good working order. Perform any necessary cleaning/repairs/replacements at the earliest possible date prior to next rain event, but no later than 7 calendar days, Ensure the surrounding ground has dried sufficiently to prevent damage from equipment. "Too Wet" is the only reason for not adhering to timeframes described. When construction activities permanently or temporarily cease and are not expected to resume for 14 or more days on a disturbed portion of the site, stabilization measures must be initiated immediately.

#### 2. INSPECTION:

A TxDOT Inspector will perform a regularly scheduled SW3P Inspection every 14 calendar days. An Inspection and Maintenance Report, signed by the TxDOT Inspector and the Contractor, will be filed for each inspection within 24-hours following the inspection. Revise/clean/repair/replace each BMP control device in accordance with the Construction General Permit and the current Field Inspection and Maintenance Report (Form 2118) and Item I (Maintenance) above. On project that disturb less than one acre and do not meet the definition of a construction project, inspections are not required.

# C. OTHER REQUIREMENTS & PRACTICES (CONTINUED)

Minimize the exposure of contruction wastes and trash on the site to precipitation and to stormwater On a daily basis, or as may be directed, collect all waste materials, trash and debris from the construction site and deposit into a metal dumpster having a secure cover and which meets all state and local city solid waste management requirements. Minimize the exposure of waste materials by keeping waste container lids closed when not in use. For waste containers that do not have lids and could leak the permittee must provide either a cover (e.g., a tarp, plastic sheeting, temporary roof) to minimize exposure of wastes to precipitation, or a similarly effective means designed to minimize the discharge of pollutants. Empty the dumpster as required by regulation, or as may be directed, at a local approved landfill site. Do not bury construction waste on the construction project site.

#### 4. HAZARDOUS WASTE & SPILL REPORTING:

As a minimum, any products in the following categories are considered to be hazardous: Paints, Acids, Solvents, Fuels, Asphalt Products, Chemical Additives for Soil Stabilization, and Concrete Curing Compounds or Additives. Minimize the exposure of building materials, building products, landscape materials, fertilizers, pesticides, herbicides, detergents, and other materials present on the site to precipitation and to stormwater. When storing hazardous material on the project site, or at a Project Specific Location, take all practicable precaution to prevent and/or contain any spillage of these materials. In the event of a spill, contact the spill coordinator

#### 5. SANITARY WASTE:

Use a licensed sanitary waste management contractor to collect all sanitary waste from portable units as may be required by local regulation, or as directed. Minimize the exposure of sanitary waste present on the site to precipitation and to stormwater.

#### 6. CONSTRUCTION VEHICLE TRACKING:

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#### 7. MANAGEMENT PRACTICES:

- A. Construct disposal areas, stockpiles, haul roads and PSL's in a manner that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Do not locate disposal areas in any wetland, waterbody or streambed.
- B. Locate construction staging areas, vehicle maintenance and PSL's areas in a manner to minimize the runoff of pollutants.
- C. When working in or near a wetland, install and maintain operating soil erosion and sediment controls at all times during construction and isolate the work from the wetland.
- D. Clear all waterways as soon as practicable of temporary embankment, temporary bridges. matting, falsework, piling, debris or other obstructions placed during construction operations that are not a part of the finished work.
- E. Procedures and/or practices should be taken to control dust.
- F. Sediment to be removed from roadways daily or when work begins after weather events if construction activities have ceased due to weather event.
- G. Operators must prevent or minimize the discharge of spilled cement, aggregate (including sand or gravel), settled dust, or other significant materials from paved portions of the site that are exposed to stormwater.





WICHITA FALLS DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL

# CR 261 (RIVER ROAD) **Q** DRAW SW3P NARRATIVE

TEMPLATE REVISION DATE: 04/26/2016

DESIGN	DIV. NO.	FEDER	AL AID PROJECT NO.	NO.
GRAPHICS	6	SEE	TITLE SHEET	CR 232, ET
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECK	TEXAS	WFS	ARCHER	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	70
	0903	29	027, ETC	

DESCRIPTION SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)

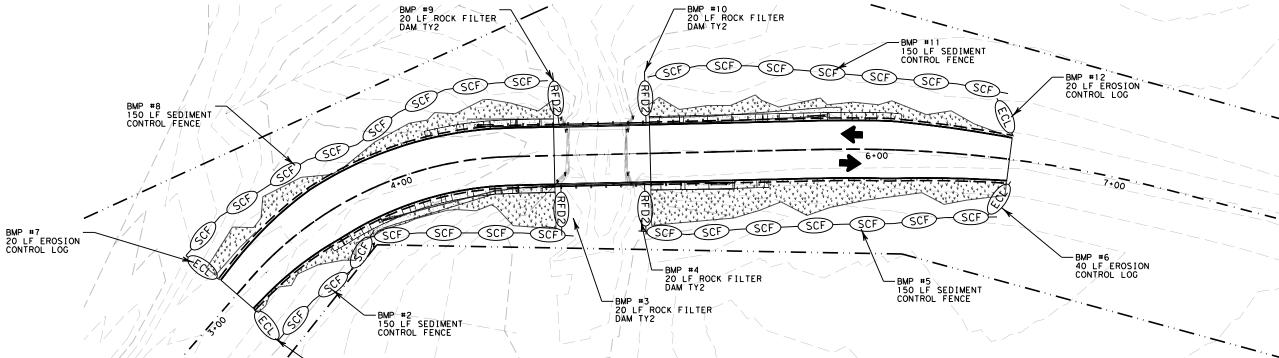
LIMITS OF SEEDING

LIMITS OF SOIL DISTURBANCE

NOTES:

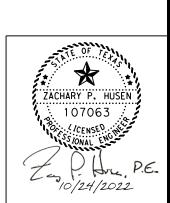
1. PLACE SANDBAGS AROUND ANY MATERIAL STOCKPILE THAT ARE LEFT ON SITE OVERNIGHT. THIS WORK WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.

3. AFTER ROADWAY AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION IS FINISHED, SPREAD OUT ALL ROCK FILTER DAMS TO PROVIDE SLOPE PROTECTION.

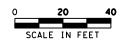


DATE	SOIL	DISTURBED	DATE	SOIL	STABILIZED
i			l		

BMP #	INSTALLED	MAINTAINED	REPLACED	REMOVED	BMP #	INSTALLED	MAINTAINED	REPLACED	REMOVED	BMP #	INSTALLED	MAINTAINED	REPLACED	REMOVED



CR 261 (RIVER RD) **Q** DRAW SW3P LAYOUT



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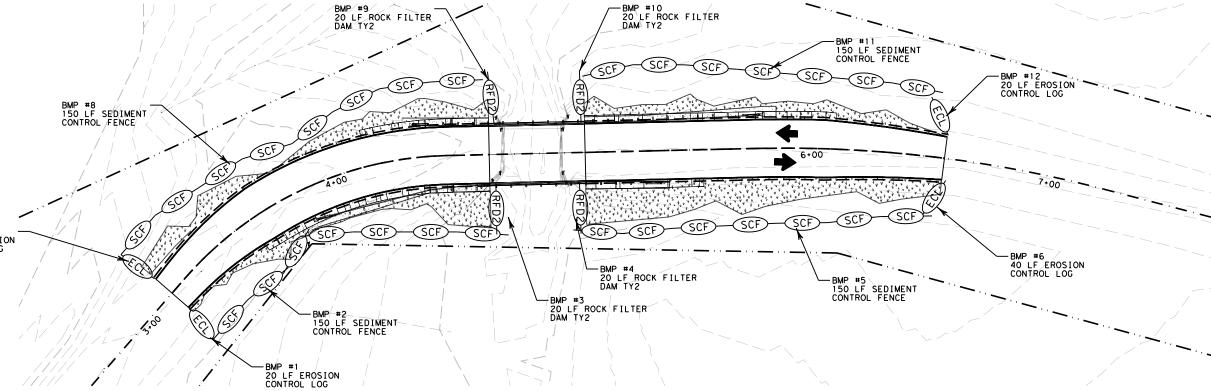
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TRAFFIC DIRECTION

FLOW DIRECTION

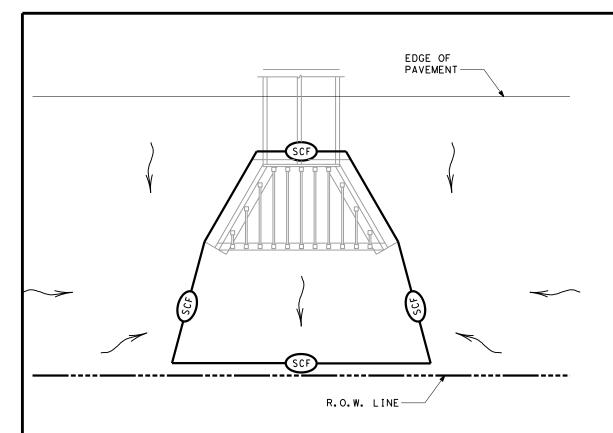
EROSION CONTROL LOGS (8") 2. THE LOCATIONS OF DEVICES ARE FOR

GRAPHIC REPERSENTATION ONLY. OBTAIN ENGINEERS APPROVAL BEFORE INSTALLATION.



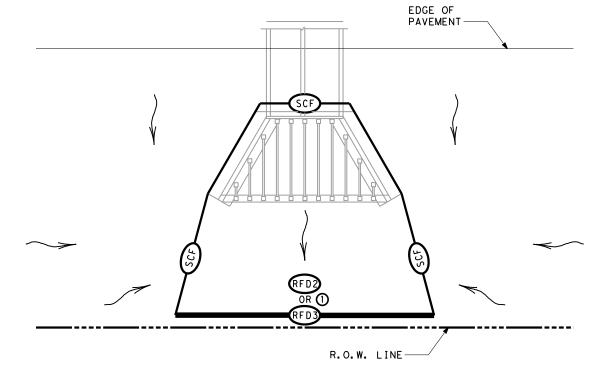
DATE SOIL	DISTURBED	DATE	SOIL	STABILIZED

BMP #	INSTALLED	MAINTAINED	REPLACED	REMOVED	BMP #	INSTALLED	MAINTAINED	REPLACED	REMOVED	BMP #	INSTALLED	MAINTAINED	REPLACED	REMOVED



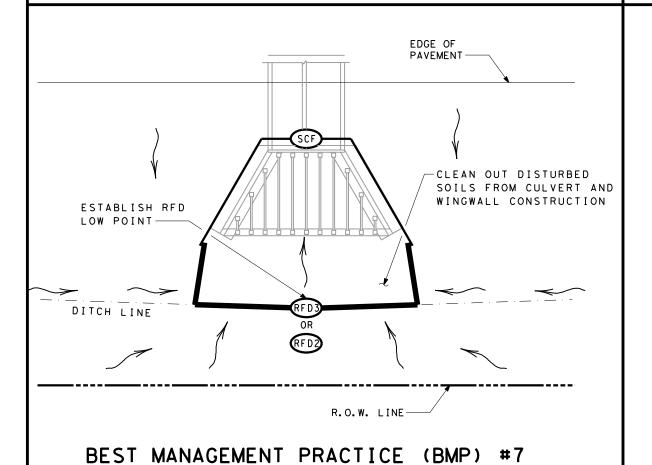
# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #5

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT

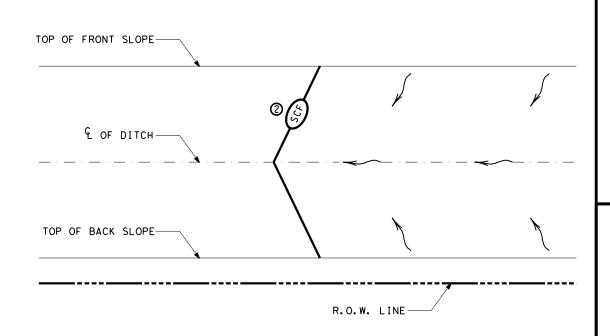


# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #6

FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT EXIT OF CULVERT



FOR NON-404 STREAMS ONLY ~ SEDIMENT CONTROL AT ENTRANCE OF CULVERT



# BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #8

BOUNDRY SEDIMENT CONTROL ~ BOTH ENDS OF CONTROL TERMINATED UP SLOPE

—SCF	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
RF D2	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)
RF D3	ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 3)
~	DIRECTION OF FLOW

NOTES:

OPROVIDE OVERLAP OF SILT FENCE WITH ROCK FILTER DAM.

2 ROCK FILTER DAMS OR EARTH/GRASSED EMBANKMENTS CAN BE SUBSTITUTED AS DIRECTED.



SCALE = NTS SHEET 1 OF 3



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS
FOR
BEST MANAGEMENT
PRACTICES

WFS-TA-BMP

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# DEPARTMENT MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

PLYWOOD SIGN BLANKS DMS-7100 FLAT SURFACE REFLECTIVE SHEETING VINYL NON-REFLECTIVE DECAL SHEETING DMS-8300 DMS-8320

REFLECTIVE SHEETING OR OTHER MATERIAL COLOR USAGE

BACKGROUND TYPE C (FLUORESCENT PRISMATIC) WHITE LEGEND & BORDERS VINYL NON-REFLECTIVE DECAL SHEETING

#### SIGN GENERAL NOTES:

A. THE ALPHABETS AND LATERAL SPACING BETWEEN LETTERS AND NUMERALS SHALL CONFORM WITH THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND HIGHWAYS", (TMUTCD) LATEST EDITION, AND THE "COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST". LATERAL SPACING OF TEXT SHALL PROVIDE A BALANCED APPEARANCE. ALL MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM TO DEPARTMENT SPECIFICATIONS.

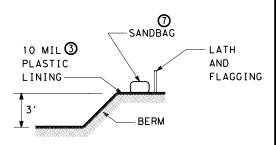
B. LEGEND AND BORDER MAY BE APPLIED BY REVERSE SCREENING PROCESS WITH TRANSPARENT COLORED INK, CUT-OUT WHITE REFLECTIVE SHEETING APPLIED TO COLORED BACKGROUND OR COMBINATION THEREOF. BACKGROUND SHALL BE REFLECTIVE SHEETING TYPE C.

C. FINAL SIGN LOCATION SHALL BE AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. IF THE SIGN CANNOT BE PLACED OUTSIDE THE CLEAR ZONE, IT MUST ADHERE TO THE TMUTCD. IF PLACED OUTSIDE THE CLEAR ZONE, SIGN MAY BE PLACED PERPENDICULAR OR PARALLEL TO ROW LINE.

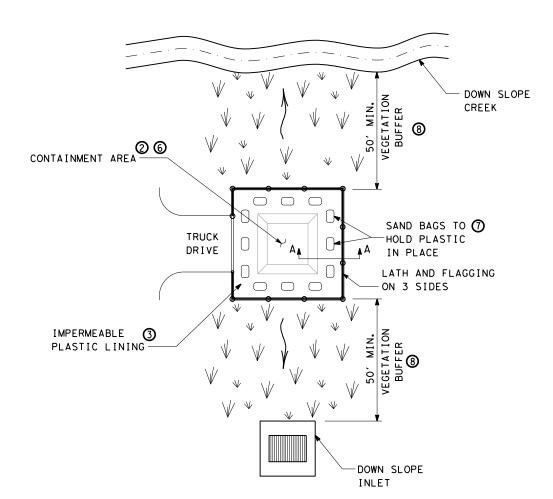
D. SIGN DIMENSION IS 42" WIDE X 24" TALL WITH 5" BLACK LETTERS.



CONCRETE WASHOUT SIGN DETAIL (10)

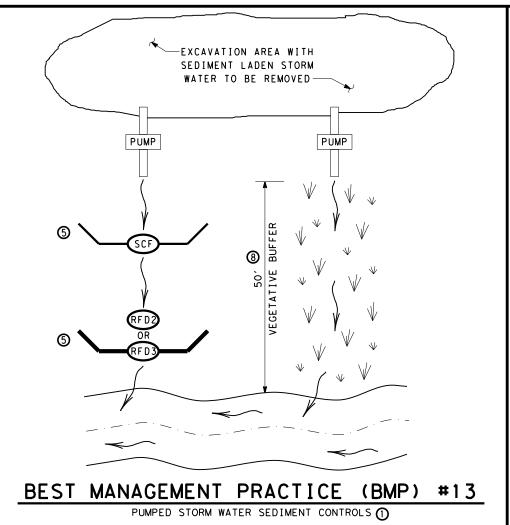


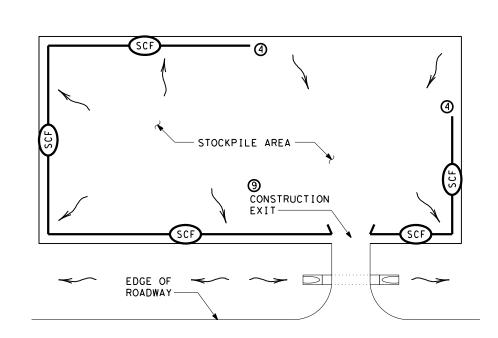
SECTION A-A



BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #12

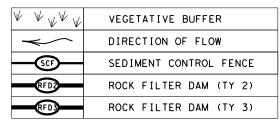
CONCRETE TRUCK WASHOUT AREA (10)





BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) #14

STOCKPILE SEDIMENT CONTROL



#### NOTES:

- PUMPED STORM WATER FROM AN EXCAVATION AREA SHOULD BE DISCHARGED IN A 50' VEGETATIVE BARRIER OR THROUGH TWO TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROLS.
- WHEN CONTAINMENT AREA REACHES 1'
  FREEBOARD, DISCONTINUE WASHOUT
  PLACEMENT AND REMOVE MATERIAL
  UPON SOLIDIFICATION.
- 3 EACH TIME SOLIDIFIED MATERIAL IS REMOVED REPLACE PLASTIC SHEETING. USE 10 MIL PLASTIC LINING MINIMUM.
- 4 START SEDIMENT CONTROL AT LOCATION SO ALL STORM WATER WITH SEDIMENT IS COLLECTED
- TO ROCK FILTER DAMS, SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE, OR OTHER DEVICES CAN BE SUBSTITUTED AS DIRECTED.
- 6 ACTUAL SIZE, LAYOUT, & LOCATION WILL BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- OAN EARTHEN BERM MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF SANDBAGS.
- 8 VEGETATIVE BUFFER SHOULD HAVE AT A MINIMUM 70% VEGETATIVE COVERAGE
- 9 PLACEMENT OF DEVICES FOR OFFSITE TRACKING AS APPLICABLE AND/OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 10 ALL ITEMS REQUIRED FOR CONCRETE WASHOUT AND SIGN SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 506.



SCALE = NTS SHEET 2 OF 3

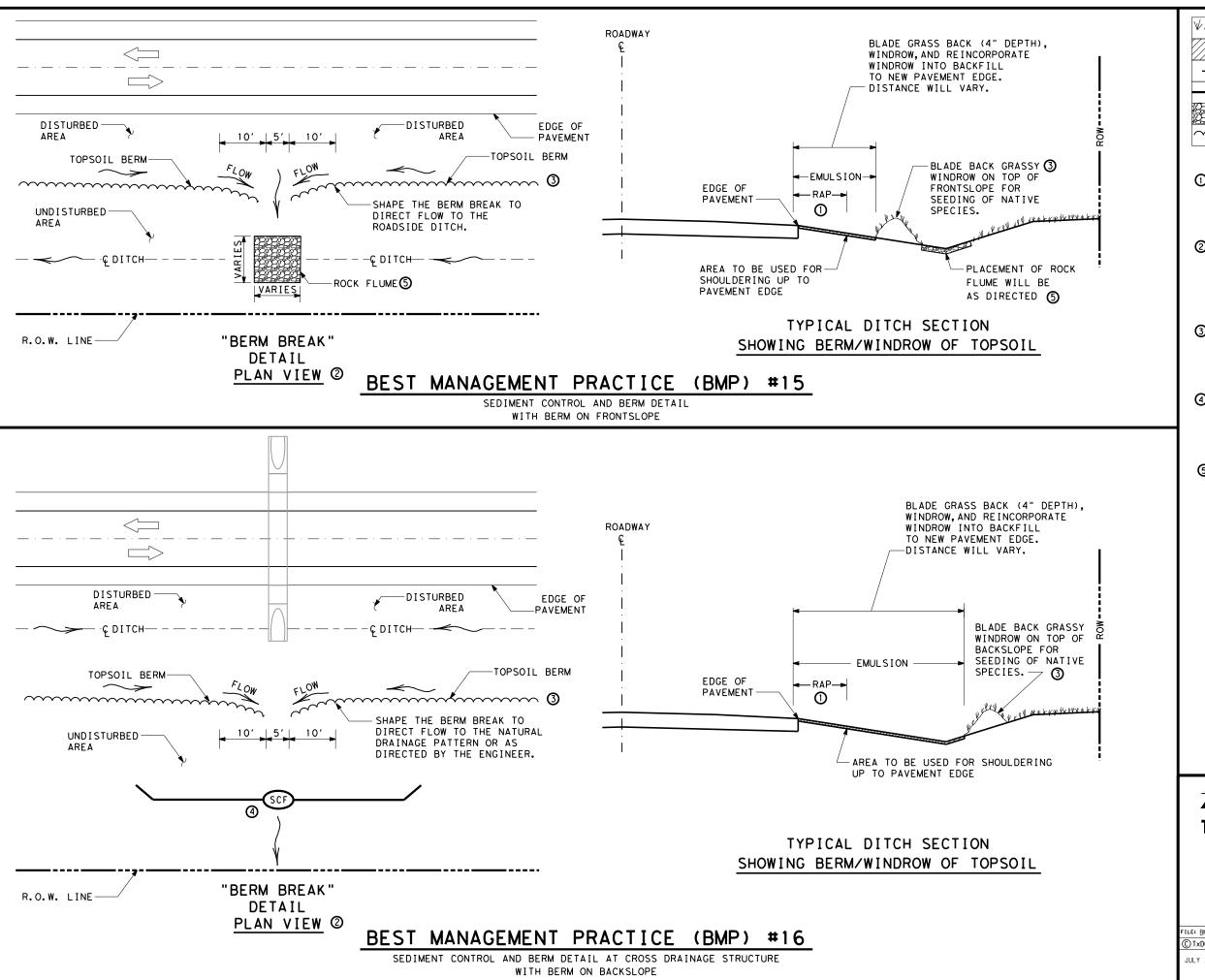


Wichita Falls District Standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR **BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES** 

WFS-TA-BMP

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FULLY GRASSED DITCH DISTURBED AREA DIRECTION OF FLOW SCF SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE ROCK FLUME~ENERGY DISSAPATOR

NOTES:

- OF PAVEMENT AS A BACKFILL MATERIAL.
  PLACEMENT DISTANCE IS TO BE A
  MINIMUM OF 4' OR AS NEEDED TO
  ACHIEVE SMOOTH TIE IN TO EXISTING
  FRONT SLOPE.
- BREAK BERM SO THAT MAXIMUM FLOW LENGTH ALONG THE BERM IS LESS THAN 1000'. BREAK BERM IN LOW AREAS WHERE FLOW MAY OVERTOP THE BERM. DO NOT BREAK BERM ON HILLTOPS OR WHERE RUNOFF AND SEDIMENT FLOW DIRECTLY
- OLOCATION OF BERM WILL VARY. BERM COULD BE PLACED ON FRONTSLOPE OR BACKSLOPE DEPENDING ON FIELD CONDITIONS. SEE SPECIFIC SW3P LAYOUT SHEET FOR MORE DETAILS ON LOCATION OF BERM.
- PROCK FILTER DAMS, SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE, EROSION CONTROL LOGS, ROCK FLUME, OR OTHER DEVICES CAN BE SUBSTITUTED AS DIRECTED. DEVICE MAY NOT BE NEEDED IN ALL LOCATIONS.
  SEE SPECIFIC SW3P LAYOUT SHEET FOR
  MORE DETAILS ON LOCATION OF DEVICES.
- 5 PLACE ROCK FLUME DISSAPATOR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. SIZE AND LOCATIONS OF ROCK FLUME WILL VARY. PROVIDE ROCK OR RUBBLE WITH A 3" TO 6" AGGREGATE. SECURE ROCK WITH 20-GAUGE GALVANIZED WOVEN WIRE MESH WITH 1" DIAMTER HEXAGONAL OPENINGS. ROCK SHOULD BE PLACED ON THE MESH AND MESH SHALL BE FOLDED AT THE UPSTREAM SIDE OVER THE ROCK AND TIGHTLY SECURED TO ITSELF ON THE DOWNSTREAM SIDE USING WIRE TIES. PAYMENT WILL BE MADE BY ITEM TEMP PAVED FLUME (INSTALL).



SCALE = NTS SHEET 3 OF 3



**★** Texas Department of Transportation Wichita Falls District Standard

# TYPICAL APPLICATIONS FOR BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

WFS-TA-BMP

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ITEM 164 SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL							
SEED (PERMANENT) (URBAN) (SAND or CLAY)							
"WARM SEASON" PLANTING DATES	SEED MIXTURE	PURE LIVE SEED RATE & PLANT DEPTH.					
PERMANENT: EARLY SPRING  SEED FROM FEBRUARY 1st THROUGH May 15th. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP: BUFFALO GRASS (Texoko) COMMON BERMUDA GRASS (HULLED) BLUE GRAMA (NATIVE)	4.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 5.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 1.5 LBS PLS / ACRE @1/4 -1/2" Soil Depth					
SOIL PREPARATION EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES: RIPPER DISK HARROW CULTI-PACKER .							

ITEM 164 SEEDING FO	R EROSION CONTROL	
SEED (PERMANENT) (RURAL) (	CLAY)	
"WARM SEASON" PLANTING DATES	SEED MIXTURE	PURE LIVE SEED RATE & PLANT DEPTH.
PERMANENT: EARLY SPRING  SEED FROM FEBRUARY 1st THROUGH May 15th. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP: GREEN SPRANGLETOP SIDEOATS GRAMA BUFFALOGRASS BERMUDA GRASS BLACKWELL SWITCHGRASS ILLINOIS BUNDLEFLOWER	1.5 LBS PLS / ACRE 1.5 LBS PLS / ACRE 3.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 2.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 1.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 0.5 LBS PLS / ACRE @1/4 -1/2" Soil Depth
SOIL PREPARATION EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES: RIPPER DISK HARROW CULTI-PACKER .		

ITEM 164 SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL							
SEED (PERMANENT) (RURAL) (SANDY)							
"WARM SEASON" PLANTING DATES	SEED MIXTURE	PURE LIVE SEED RATE & PLANT DEPTH.					
PERMANENT: EARLY SPRING  SEED FROM FEBRUARY 1st THROUGH May 15th. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP: GREEN SPRANGLETOP BERMUDA GRASS SAND LOVEGRASS SAND DROPSEED WEEPING LOVEGRASS BLUE GRAMA PARTRIDGE PEAS (COMANCHE)	1.5 LBS PLS / ACRE 2.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 1.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 01/4 -1/2" Soil Depth					
SOIL PREPARATION EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES: RIPPER DISK HARROW CULTI-PACKER .							

ITEM 164 SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL								
SEED (TEMPORARY) (URBAN) WARM SEASON SEEDING								
"WARM SEASON" PLANTING DATES	SEED MIXTURE	PURE LIVE SEED RATE & PLANT DEPTH.						
TEMPORARY: LATE SPRING & SUMMER SEED FROM MAY 16th THROUGH AUGUST 31st. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP SEED: TYPE : BUFFALOGRASS (TEXOKA) COMMON BERMUDA GRASS (UNHULLED) FOXTAIL MILLET	3.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 4.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 15. LBS PLS / ACRE @ 1" Soil Depth						
SOIL PREPARATION EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES: RIPPER DISK HARROW CULTI-PACKER .								

ITEM 164 SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL							
SEED (TEMPORARY) (RURAL) WARM SEASON SEEDING							
"WARM SEASON" PLANTING DATES	SEED MIXTURE	PURE LIVE SEED RATE & PLANT DEPTH.					
TEMPORARY: LATE SPRING & SUMMER SEED FROM MAY 16th THROUGH AUGUST 31st. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP SEED: TYPE: BUFFALOGRASS (TEXOKA) BERMUDA GRASS (UNHULLED) GREEN SPRANGLETOP FOXTAIL MILLET	3.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 4.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 2.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 20. LBS PLS / ACRE @ 1" Soil Depth					
SOIL PREPARATION EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES: RIPPER DISK HARROW CULTI-PACKER .							

#### NOTES:

1. SEE NOTES ON TA-VES SHEET 2 OF 2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.



SCALE = NTS SHEET 1 OF 2



TYPICAL APPLICATION
FOR
VEGETATION
ESTABLISHMENT
SHEET
TA-VES

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ITEM 164 SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL								
SEED (TEMPORARY) (URBAN) COOL SEASON SEEDING								
"COOL SEASON" PLANTING DATES	SEED MIXTURE	PURE LIVE SEED RATE & PLANT DEPTH.						
TEMPORARY: EARLY FALL SEED FROM SEPTEMBER 1st THROUGH DECEMBER 1st. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP SEED: TYPE: BUFFALOGRASS (TEXOKA) COMMON BERMUDA GRASS (UNHULLED) TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYE GRASS	3.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 4.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 4.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 15.0 LBS PLS / ACRE @ 1" Soil Dep+n						
SOIL PREPARATION EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES: RIPPER DISK HARROW CULTI-PACKER .								

ITEM 164 SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL								
SEED (TEMPORARY) (RURAL) COOL SEASON SEEDING								
"COOL SEASON" PLANTING DATES	SEED MIXTURE	PURE LIVE SEED RATE & PLANT DEPTH.						
TEMPORARY: EARLY FALL SEED FROM SEPTEMBER 1st THROUGH DECEMBER 1st. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP SEED: TYPE:  BUFFALOGRASS (TEXOKA) BERMUDA GRASS (ETOP) GREEN SPRANGLETOP WESTERN WHEATGRASS CANADA WILD RYE GRASS ELBON RYE GRASS	3.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 4.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 2.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 3.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 2.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 15.0 LBS PLS / ACRE © 1" Soil Depth						
SOIL PREPARATION EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES: RIPPER DISK HARROW CULTI-PACKER .								

#### NOTES

- 1. ALL SEED MIXTURE TYPES SHALL BE PURCHASED IN PRE- MIXED BAGS, "BY TYPE" BLENDED BY THE GROWER SHIPPER.
- 2. SOILS THAT ARE COMPACTED, HAVE CLODS, SHALL BE REWORKED UNTIL READY FOR SEEDING. AS DIRECTED.
- 3. ALL SOIL SURFACES SHALL BE LEVEL WITH NATURAL FLOWING SMOOTH GRADES. NO TIRE RUTS OR FURTHER TRAFFIC ALLOWED.
- 4. SOIL SURFACE SHALL BE FIRM BUT NOT COMPACTED, ALLOWING 1/4" DEPRESSION UNDER NORMAL FOOT TRAFFIC.
  5. SEED 100% OF THE BED AREA. NO SKIPS OR VOID AREAS ALLOWED. EXAMPLE: AREAS AROUND SIGN POSTS AND INLETS.
- 6. SEED UP TO THE FIRST 6" OF THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT. AS DIRECTED, HAND RAKE ISOLATED SEEDED AREAS.
- 7. WEIGH ALL CALIBRATED SEED SAMPLES FOR ACCURACY AND PRESENT DOCUMENTATION TO ENGINEER.

#### FOR DRILL SEEDING

- 8. USE ONLY PROFESSIONAL NATIVE GRASS OR TURF GRASS (MULTI- 3 BIN) DRILL SEEDERS. NO DROP SEEDERS ALLOWED. OTHER TYPES OF SEEDERS AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 9. CALIBRATE DRILL SEEDER FOR SPECIFIED (PLS) PER ACRE BEFORE DRILL SEEDING.
- 10. DRILL SEEDER MUST BE EQUIPPED WITH THE LARGE FRONT CUTTING COULTERS DURING THE INSPECTION OF DRILL SEEDER.

#### FOR BROADCAST SEEDING

- 11. USE ONLY COMMERCIAL TYPE CYCLONE TYPE SPREADERS.
- 12. CALIBRATE CYCLONE SPREADER FOR 1000 Sq. Ft. (PLS) PER ACRE BEFORE SEEDING.
- 13. TO PREVENT SEED SEPARATION IN SPREADERS, SPREAD ALL SEED TYPES INDEPENDENTLY IN A SEPARATE APPLICATION.
- 14. IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING, IN ONE OR TWO OPERATIONS, CULTI-PACK THE SEEDED SOILS AND FIRM SEED INTO SURFACE.
- 15. DISCONTINUE SEEDING IF WIND EXCEEDS 10 MPH.

#### ITEM 314

#### EMULSIFIED ASPHALT TREATMENT

#### TIME SCHEDULE

IMMEDIATELY AFTER: SOIL PREPARATION OR WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER SEEDING, APPLY THE TACK COAT TO DESIGNATED SOIL SURFACES.

FUNCTIONAL USE:

SOIL EROSION CONTROL, OR MOISTURE RETENTION BARRIER.

#### OTES:

- 1. ALL TRUCK APPLICATIONS SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ONE PASS OF THE DISTRIBUTOR. ALL TOUCH UP WORK WILL BE FINISHED BY HAND AND HOSE PROCEDURES. APPLY FROM EDGE OF PAVEMENT THROUGH THE FULL SPECIFIED AREAS.
- 2. ENGINEER WILL INSPECT FOR ACCURACY THE OVERALL DEPTH OF THE APPLIED TACK COAT MATERIALS.
- 3. FURTHER VEHICULAR TRAFFIC IS NOT ALLOWED ON LAID BY TACK COAT SURFACES. AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSE ALL DAMAGES TO TACK COAT SURFACES WILL BE RE -SHOT AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- USE MATERIALS AS SPECIFIED FOR EROSION CONTROL ON TABLE 18 IN ITEM 300 ASPHALTS, OILS, AND EMULSIONS, AT A RATE OF 0.25 GAL/SY.

#### ITEM 166

#### **FERTILIZER**

TIME SCHEDULE

AFTER TOPSOIL PLOWING PREPARATIONS ARE COMPLETED, FERTILIZE ROW SOIL SURFACES AND HARROW 2" TO 4" DEEP INTO PLACE.

FUNCTIONAL USE:

PLANT NUTRIENTS FOR PLANT AND ROOT DEVELOPMENT.

FERTILIZER SHALL BE EVENLY DISTRIBUTED AT A RATE OF 100 LBS OF NITROGEN PER ACRE. THE BREAK DOWN OF THE NITROGEN ELEMENT SHALL BE IN A 50% SLOW RELEASE FORM. ANALYSIS OF THE (NPK) IS: 3:1:1 OR AS DIRECTED BY THE AREA ENGINEER.

#### ITEM 166 NOTES:

- BROADCAST SPECIFIED FERTILIZER FROM THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT, THROUGH THE ENTIRE ROW SEED BED AREA.
   APPLICATIONS FOR EDGE OF PAVEMENT, CULVERTS, SIGN POST AREAS, GUARD RAILS AND ISOLATED AREAS
   SHALL BE APPLIED BY WALK BEHIND SPREADERS AND BY HAND. NO FERTILIZER ALLOWED ON PAVEMENT SURFACES.
- 2. ALL SPREADERS SHALL BE CALIBRATED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE ENGINEER FOR ACCURACY AND PERFORMANCE. SHALL USE UNOPENED 50# BAGS OF SPECIFIED FERTILIZER FOR DAILY CALIBRATIONS. APPLICATION SHALL BE A EVEN DISTRIBUTION OF PRODUCT ON DESIGNATED SOIL SURFACES.
- 3. FERTILIZER SHALL BE DELIVERED IN 50\* BAGS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED OR APPROVED PRIOR TO DELIVERY. BAGS SHALL BE CLEARLY LABELED SHOWING CONTENTS. IF BULK FERTILIZER IS APPROVED, DOCUMENTATION WILL BE REQUIRED FOR EACH LOAD OF MATERIAL DELIVERED VERIFYING AUTHENTICITY OF THE MATERIAL. CULTURAL PROCEDURES ARE UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE TXDOT AREA ENGINEER.

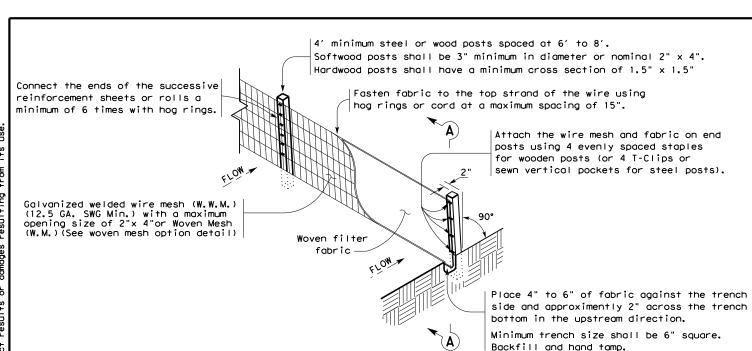


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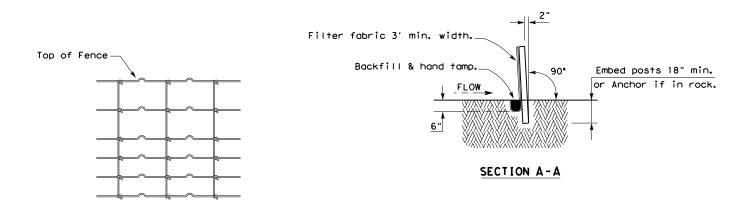
TYPICAL APPLICATION
FOR
VEGETATION
ESTABLISHMENT
SHEET
TA-VES

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#### TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

\_\_\_\_\_(SCF)\_\_\_\_



#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT<sup>2</sup>. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

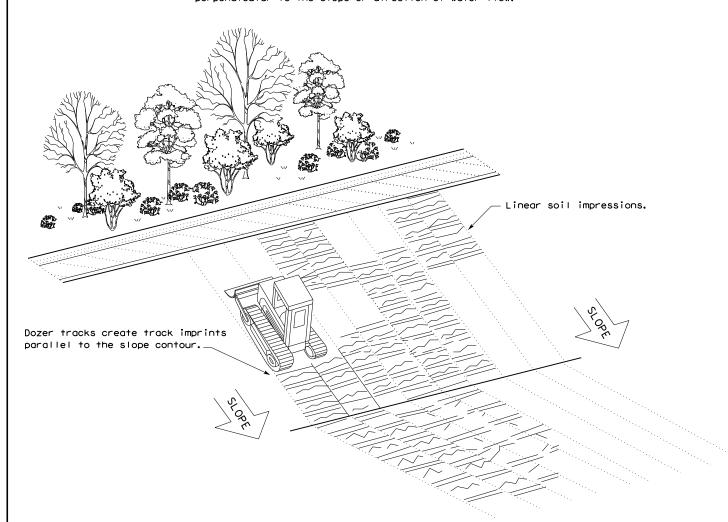
#### **LEGEND**

Sediment Control Fence



#### GENERAL NOTES

- Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



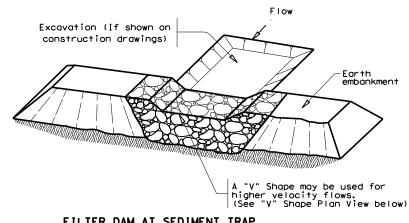
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

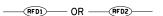
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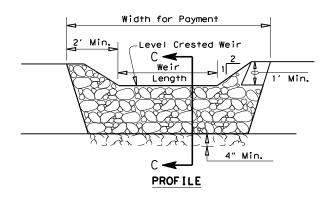
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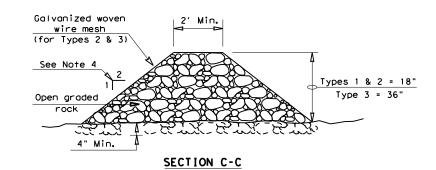
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# FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







#### ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60  ${\sf GPM/FT^2}$  of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

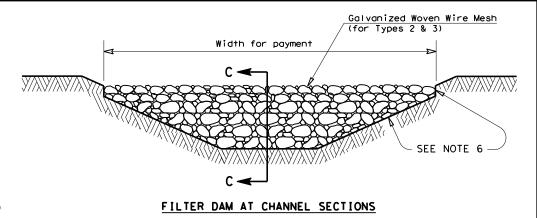
Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.

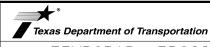


# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- 2. Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by

#### PLAN SHEET LEGEND

Type 1 Rock Filter Dam Type 2 Rock Filter Dam Type 3 Rock Filter Dam



Type 4 Rock Filter Dam RFD4

TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2) - 16

FILE: ec216	DN: TxD	DOT CK: KM DW			۷P	DN/CK	: LS	
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	CT JOB			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0903	29	027, E	ETC	CR	232,	ETC	
	DIST					SHEET NO.		
	WFS					3		

11:31:42

TEMP. EROSION FLOW CONTROL LOG ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL STAKE AS SIDE AT THE CENTER, DIRECTED AT EACH END, AND AT ADDITIONAL POINTS AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG (4' MAX. SPACING), OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PLAN VIEW

NIN

SECTION A-A

EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

CL-D

TEMP. EROSION-

CONTROL LOG

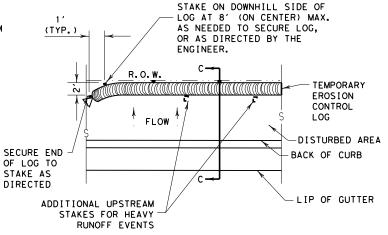
(TYP.)

COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

CL-D

FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, CONTROL LOG OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. PLAN VIEW



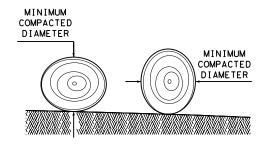
#### PLAN VIEW

# TEMP. EROSION R.O.W. CONTROL LOG COMPOST CRADIF UNDER EROSION CONTROL LOG STAKE SECTION C-C

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE INTENDED.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS, USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.
- FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION.
- STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR #3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT 2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT MESH.
- COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.
- TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE LOG.
- 10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY



DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

STAKES FOR HEAVY

RUNOFF EVENTS

STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL

R.O.W.

SIDE AT THE CENTER,

AT EACH END, AND AT

AS DIRECTED BY THE

ENGINEER.

ADDITIONAL POINTS AS

NEEDED TO SECURE LOG

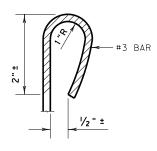
(4' MAX. SPACING), OR

# (CL-BOC)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

- (CL-ROW) - EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY
- (CL-SST EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING

-EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING (CL-SSL
- CL-DI - EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- CL-CI EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- CL-GI) EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



SECTION B-B

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

CL - BOC

TEMP. EROSION

COMPOST CRADLE

UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

CONTROL LOG

REBAR STAKE DETAIL

#### SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps: 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project.

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

SHEET 1 OF 3

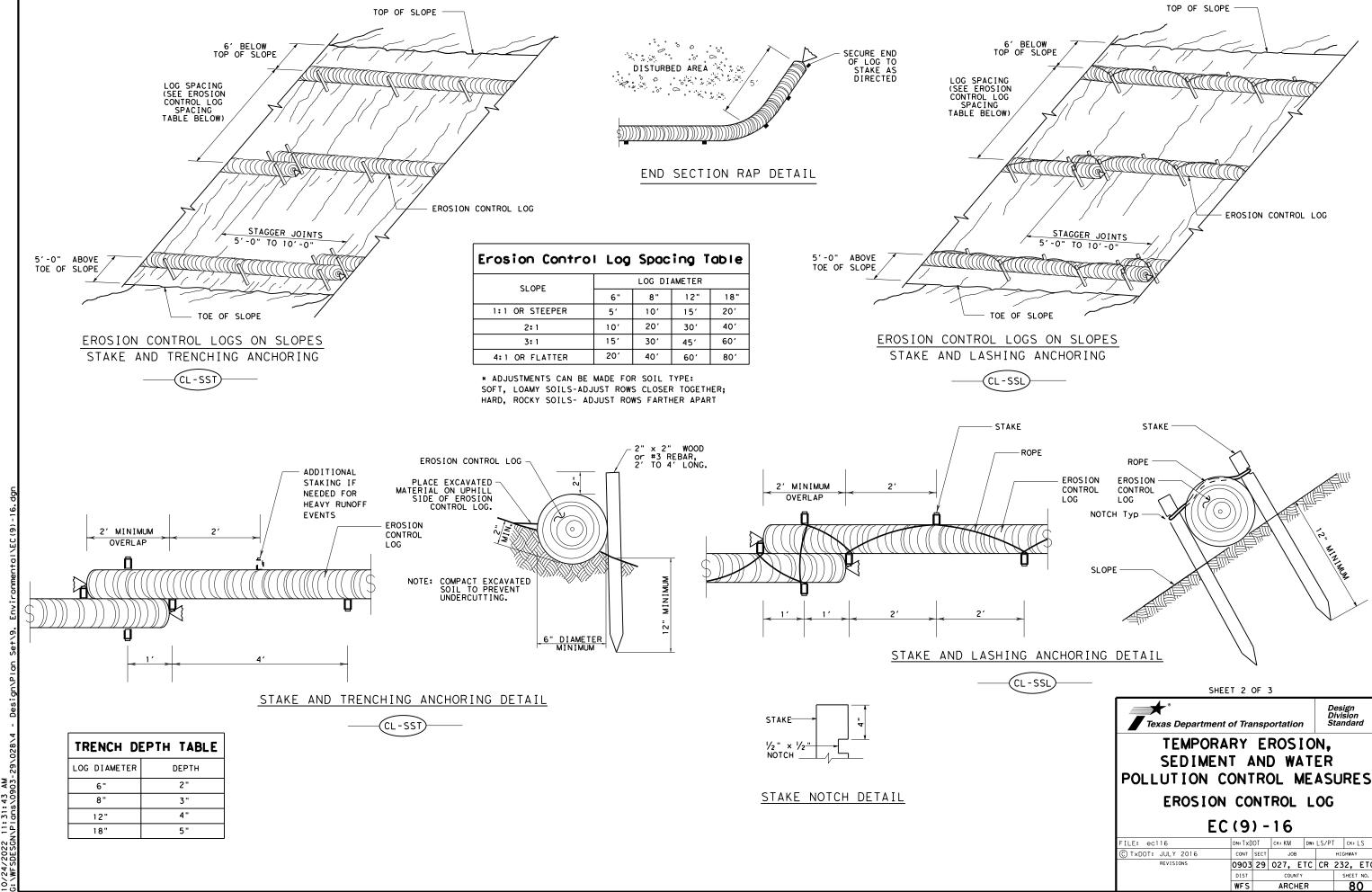


TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

**EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9) - 16

FILE: ec916	DN: TxDOT		CK: KM	DW:	LS/P	Г	ck: LS	
C TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB	•	H I GHW			
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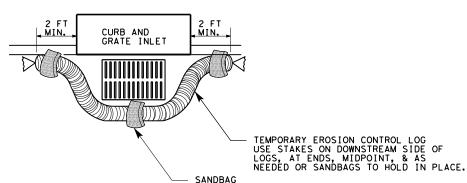
SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED

TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG

FLOW-

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET





OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

· - FLOW

-STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL)

COMPLETELY SURROUND
DRAINAGE ACCESS TO
AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH
EROSION CONTROL LOG

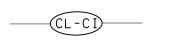


CURB

Elon-

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG

SANDBAG



# EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

- 2 SAND BAGS

CURB INLET \_INLET EXTENSION



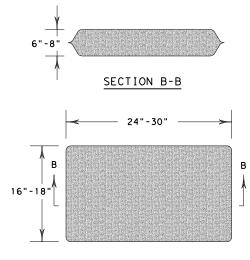
NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.

6" CURB-

ROADWAY

2 SAND BAGS

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG



USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

SANDBAG DETAIL

SHEET 3 OF 3 Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES **EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9) - 16

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FILE: ec916	DN: Tx[	DOT CK: KM DW		DW:	LS/P	T CF	ck: LS	
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0903	29	027,	ETC	CR	232,	, ETC	
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	WFS					81		