INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO.

DESCRIPTION

2

TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS

SFT PROJECT

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SAFETY IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS CONSISTING OF CONSTRUCTING LEFT TURN LANES.

0169-02-068

PROJECT LIMITS FROM: SL 335

TO: CARSON CO. LINE

ROADWAY LENGTH:

37,830.83 FT. = 7.165 MILES

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

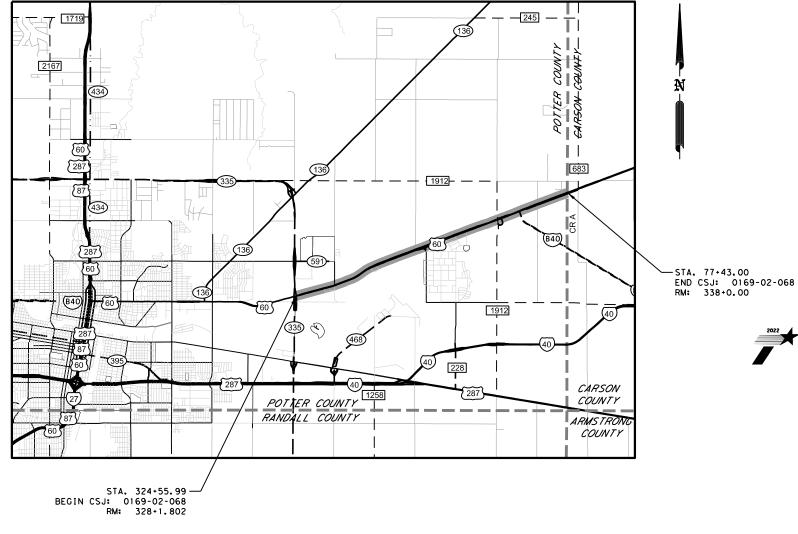
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PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FEDERAL PROJECT: STP2023(181)HES HIGHWAY - US 60 POTTER COUNTY

> CONTROL: 0169-02-068 FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF ADDING MEDIAN TURN LANES AND REMOVING CROSS OVERS.

> > PROJECT LIMITS FROM: SL 335

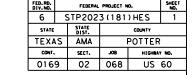
TOTAL LENGTH = 36,130.83 FT. = 6.843 MILES



EXCEPTIONS: STA. 560+00 - 577+00, BNSF RAILROAD SPUR CROSSING (DOT# 014596F (EB) & DOT# 014595Y (WB))

RAILROADS:

EQUATIONS: 625+43.82 BK = 0+00.00 AH



DESIGN SPEED = 60 2022 ADT = 13,243 2042 ADT = 19,826 RURAL ARTERIAL

FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE:
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$
CONTRACTOR:



RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 8/30/2022

Joe Chappell ----2A500C249D094BA

AREA ENGINEER

9/1/2022

DocuSigned by: kit Black --- 9B5A6EA6AE8B46E.

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

DATE: 9/2/2022

Blair Johnson

-8B80E3AEB2BC43A DISTRICT ENGINEER

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY 2022).

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GENERAL TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS TYPICAL SECTIONS 3-6 7-7F GENERAL NOTES 8-8A ESTIMATE & QUANTITY PROJECT SUMMARY IRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN 12 TCP NARRATIVE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS 13-24 BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21 TCP (1-1)-18 THRU TCP (1-5)-18 25-29 TCP (2-1)-18 THRU TCP (2-6)-18 30-35 36 TCP (3-2)-13 37 TCP (3-3)-14 38 WZ (RCD) -13 39 WZ (RS)-22 40 WZ (STPM)-13 WZ (UL)-13 ROADWAY DETAILS ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 61-76 ROADWAY PLAN CONC ISLAND DETAIL 77 78-79 UTILITY DETAIL ROADWAY STANDARDS TE(HMAC)-11 DRAINAGE_DETAILS 81-82 DRAINAGE DETAILS 83 CULVERT DETAILS DRAINAGE STANDARDS SETP-CD 84-85 SETP-PD 86 PSET-SC 87 PSET-SP 88 PSET-RR SIGNING_AND_PAYEMENI_MARKINGS MISC PAVEMENT MARKING DETAIL 90 91 TYPICAL SIGN LAYOUT 92-93 SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS SIGNING STANDARDS 94-99 D & OM (1)-20 THRU D & OM (6)-20 100-102 PM (1)-20 THRU PM (3)-20 103 SMD (GEN) -08

ILLUMINATION DETAILS ILLUMINATION PLAN

110

ILLUMINATION STANDARDS

111-117 ED (1)-14 THRU ED (7)-14 118-119 ED (10)-14 THRU ED (11)-14 120 WV & IZ(LTS2013)-14 121-123 RID (1)-20 THRU RID (3)-20 124-127 RIP (1)-19 THRU RIP (4)-19

ENVIRONMENTAL_ISSUES

128-129 EROSION CONTROL LAYOUT

ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS

130 131 EPIC

132 VEGETATION SPECIFICATION

133-135 EC (9)-16

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



US 60

INDEX OF SHEETS

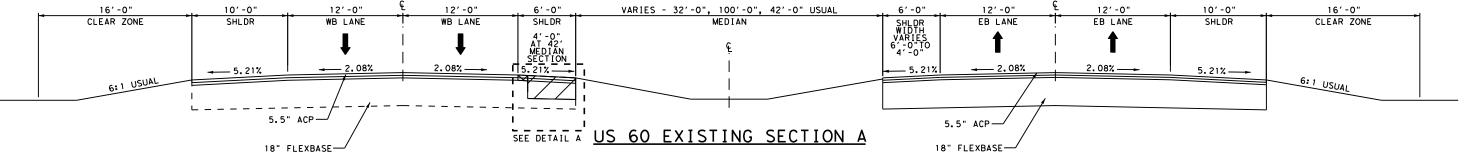


_	_	_					
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
KK ,	CS	0169	02	068		US 60	
ORWN	СК	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
KK	СН	AMA		POTTER		2	

104-106 SMD (SLIP-1)-08 THRU SMD (SLIP-3)-08 107 SMD (2-1)-08 108-109 TSR (3 THRU 4)-13



- ① SEE ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN FOR MORE DETAILS, ESTIMATED QUANTITIES, AND PAY ITEMS
- DO NOT REMOVE MATERIAL UNTIL TREATED SUBGRADE IS CURED AND PASSED INSPECTION.



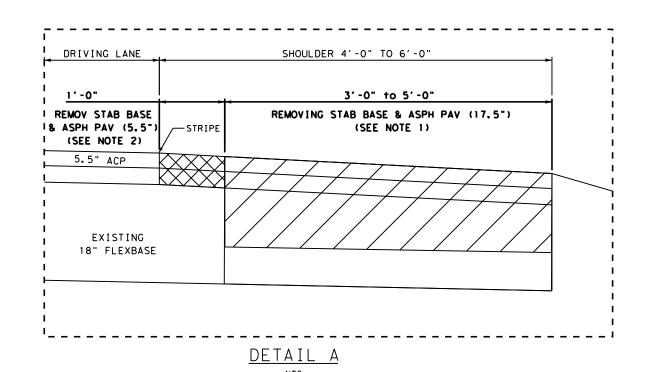
TRANSITION FROM CONCRETE ISLAND TO 32' MEDIAN STA. 329+36 TO STA. 338+24 TRANSITION FROM 32' MEDIAN TO 100' MEDIAN STA. 417+51 TO STA. 437+67 TRANSITION FROM 100' MEDIAN TO CTB STA. 575+38 TO STA. 590+47

EXISTING WB TYPICAL SECTION

STA. 327+22 TO STA. 335+61 STA. 362+46 TO STA. 372+27 STA. 377+25 TO STA. 387+11 STA. 509+00 TO STA. 514+64 STA. 534+20 TO STA. 544+14 STA. 36+94 TO STA. 47+00

(A) EXISTING EB TYPICAL SECTION

NO PROPOSED WORK



LEGEND:

REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (23.5")



REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5.5")



08-22-2022

US 60

TYPICAL **SECTIONS**

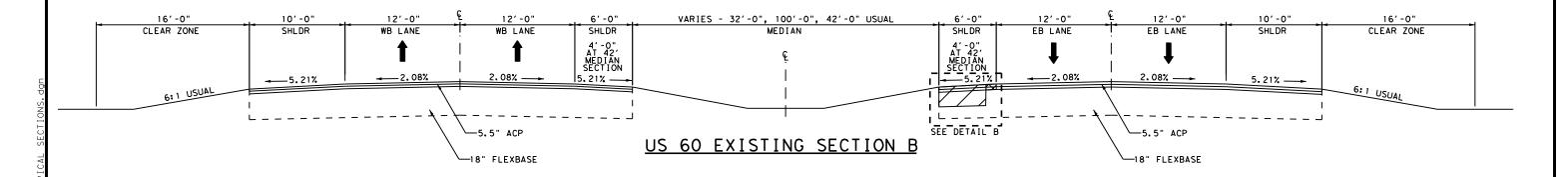
SCALE: HORIZ: 1'=10" VERTICAL: 1'=5" Texas Department of Transportation

> SHEET 1 OF 4 068 US 60

KK CS 0169 02



- ① SEE ROADWAY REMOVAL
 PLAN FOR MORE DETAILS,
 ESTIMATED QUANTITIES, AND
 PAY ITEMS
- DO NOT REMOVE MATERIAL UNTIL TREATED SUBGRADE IS CURED AND PASSED INSPECTION.

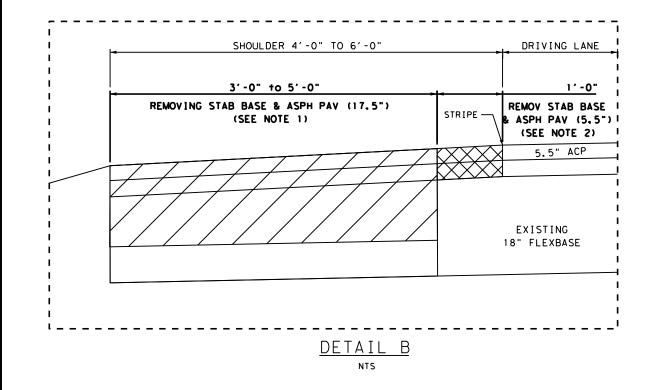


B EXISTING WB TYPICAL SECTION

NO PROPOSED WORK

B EXISTING EB TYPICAL SECTION

STA. 366+54 TO STA. 376+28 STA. 418+91 TO STA. 429+22 STA. 482+67 TO STA. 492+58



LEGEND:



REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (23.5")



REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5.5")



US 60

TYPICAL SECTIONS

SCALE: HORIZ: 1'=10"

VERTICAL: 1'=5"

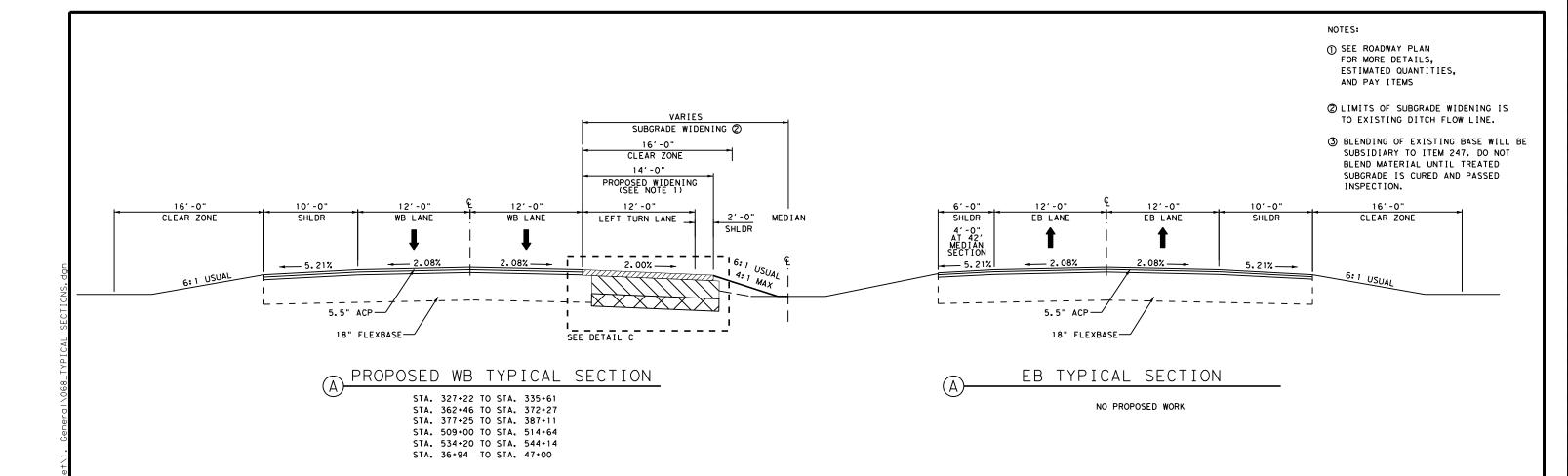
Texas Department of Transportation

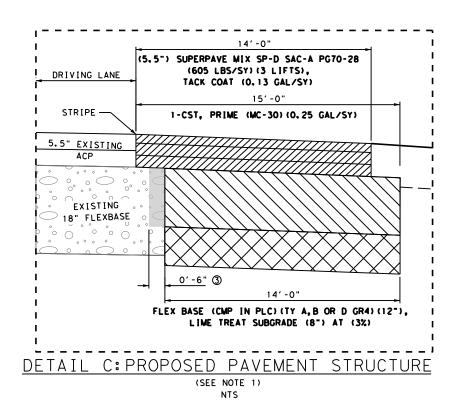
SHEET 2 OF 4

DSN CK CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60

DRWN CK DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.





LEGEND:

PROPOSED 5.5" SP-D



PROPOSED 12" FLEX BASE



PROPOSED 8" LIME TREATED SUBGRADE



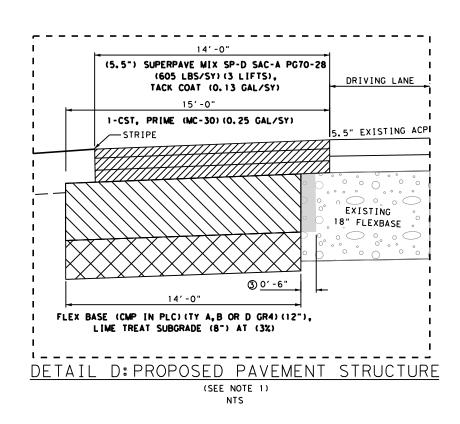
US 60

TYPICAL **SECTIONS**

SCALE: HORIZ: 1'=10" VERTICAL: 1'=5" Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 3 OF 4

KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60



NO PROPOSED WORK

PROPOSED EB TYPICAL SECTION

STA. 366+54 TO STA. 376+28 STA. 418+91 TO STA. 429+22 STA. 482+67 TO STA. 492+58

LEGEND:

PROPOSED 5.5" SP-D

PROPOSED 12" FLEX BASE



PROPOSED 8" LIME TREATED SUBGRADE



NOTES:

US 60

TYPICAL **SECTIONS**

SCALE: HORIZ: 1'=10" VERTICAL: 1'=5" Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 4 OF 4							
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
KK	CS	0169	02	068	US 60		
DRWN	CK	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
KK	СН	AMA	POTTER		6		

Highway: US 60

GENERAL NOTES

CSJ:	01	69-	<i>02-</i>	068

	BASIS OF ESTIMATE	FOR CON	STRU	CTION			
Item	Description	Unit		Rate			
164	SEEDING			SEE PLAN SHEETS			
166	FERTILIZER			SEE PLAN SHEETS			
260	LIME (HYD(SLY OR DRY) COM OR QK(DRY) TREAT	TON	3%	% Lime at 21.6 LBS/SY			
310	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	GAL		0.25 GAL/SY			
314	EMULSION ASPHALT (MULTI) (MS-2 OR SS-1)	GAL	SEE NOTE 2				
316	ASPH (SEE ITEM 316 GENERAL NOTE)	GAL	0.38 GAL/SY				
	AGGR (TY-B GR-4 SAC-A)	CY		110 SY/CY			
3077	TACK COAT	GAL		0.13 GAL / SY			
3077(1)	SUPERPAVE MIXTURES	TON	5.5"	605 LB/SY/2000			
NOTE:							
(1)	SUPERPAVE MIXTURES Weight Based On 110Lbs/SY/In						
(2)	40% Emulsified Asphalt 60% Water Mixture Applied At 0.25 Gal/Sy. Paid using 0.1 Gal/Sy.						

General

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

TO: Amarillo Area Engineer Joe.Chappell@txdot.gov
CC: Assistant Area Engineer CC.Sysombath@txdot.gov
Director of Construction Construction Manager Thomas.Nagel@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, or in person by the above individuals.

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Control: 0169-02-068

All Contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. Once a response is developed, it will be posted to TxDOT's Public FTP at the following Address.

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

All questions submitted that generate responses will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

There are approximately 8 "reference markers" within the project limits. If a marker needs to be moved for any reason during construction operations, the Contractor is to remove it, install it in a temporary location and then reinstall it in its correct permanent location. Both the temporary and permanent locations are to be on a line that is perpendicular to the original "station" along the roadway. The temporary location is to be at or near the right-of-way. The permanent location is to be directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor is advised that a construction speed zone will be applicable for this project and is to be limited to the actual work areas under construction. The approved construction speed limit will be made available upon request to the Engineer.

If portions of the right-of-way is used to store materials, equipment, and other uses with the approval of the Engineer, materials, equipment, etc., must either be located outside the $\underline{30}$ feet traffic safety clearance zone or be adequately protected.

Contractor facilities, such as asphalt plants, concrete plants, rock crushers, etc. are not allowed to be located within Department right of way.

The slopes indicated on the typical sections may be varied when fixed features required slopes are re-established as directed by the Engineer.

Dust caused by construction operations is to be controlled by applying water in conformance with the requirements of Item 204, "Sprinkling". Sprinkling for dust control will not be paid for directly, but will be considered as subsidiary work to the various bid items.

Any work necessary to provide temporary ingress and egress during construction (such as building gravel ramps, etc.) Will not be paid for directly, but will be considered as subsidiary work to the various bid items.

Verify all existing grades, elevations, and cross slopes that will connect to any proposed grades and elevations. If adjustments are warranted, the Contractor is to submit proposed changes to the Engineer for verification.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Highway: US 60

Control: 0169-02-068

Sheet: 7A

Item 7 Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

The total area disturbed for this project is approximately <u>11</u> acres. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and the Contractor Project Specific Locations (PSLs), within 1 mile of the project limits, for the Contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain required authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off the ROW. When the total area disturbed in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the ROW to the Engineer and to the local government that operates a separate storm sewer system.

Item 8 Prosecution and Progress

Create, maintain, and submit for approval, a Critical Path Method (CPM) project schedule and a Project Schedule Summary Report (PSSR) using computer software that is fully compatible with the latest version of Primavera Systems, Inc. or Primavera P6.

All paving work must be completed within the 2023 asphalt season.

Item 100 Preparing Right Of Way

All tree removal activities are to take place outside nesting season. See EPIC for nesting season.

Remove trees of various diameters as shown on the plans, or as directed. Remove tree stumps to at least 12 in. below the surrounding terrain. Before backfilling holes treat the remainder of the stump with the following herbicide: Manufacture - Dow AgroScience; Product - Remedy or other as approved by the Engineer. Follow manufacture recommendations for herbicide. Backfill holes with acceptable material and compact flush with surrounding areas. Identify each individual tree proposed to be removed. Obtain approval from the Engineer in the field for each individual tree proposed to be removed prior to any tree being removed.

Item 110 Excavation

Prior to excavation and placement of embankment, the top-soil (6-inch depth) within the areas to be disturbed will be bladed into a windrow, or stockpiled, outside the limits of the fill slope. After all grading is completed; the top soil (6-inch depth) will be spread over the disturbed areas that will not receive concrete riprap. This work is not paid for directly, but will be considered as subsidiary work to the various bid items.

Item 112 Subgrade Widening

Backfilling Pavement Edges will be included in the Subgrade Widening quantities. Backfill material will be subsidiary to Item 112.

The backfill material used for this item can either be obtained from adjacent ditches or from areas outside the right-of-way. If material is used from adjacent ditches, the vegetative cover is to first be bladed into a windrow. After the pavement edges have been backfilled and the slopes and ditches have been graded, the vegetative cover is to be spread over the disturbed ditches and side slopes to within five feet of the pavement. If backfill material is provided by the Contractor from areas outside the right-of-way, it is not to be obtained from any area that contains perennial plants (such as "bindweed" or "jointgrass") that would be detrimental to agricultural land.

Item 132 Embankment

Materials excavated from the project will be allowed to be used on the project as directed by the Engineer.

Item 164 Seeding for Erosion Control

Perform planting operations in accordance with the recommendations contained in the latest version of the TxDOT manual "A Guide to Roadside Vegetation Establishment" developed by the Vegetation Management Section of the Maintenance Division.

Seeding may require more than one mobilization, depending upon the Contractor's sequence of work.

Item 166 Fertilizer

Fertilize all areas of project to be seeded or sodded in accordance with the Amarillo District Vegetation Specification Sheet.

Item 247 Flexible Base

	SPECIFICATION FOR FLEX BASE TY A, B or D, GR 4									
GRADING REQUIREMENTS PERCENT RETAINED – SIEVES SIEVE SIZES INCHES					SOIL CONSTANTS		MAX WET BALL	MAX % INCREASE IN PASSING		
1 3/4	7/8	3/8	# 4	# 40	L.L. MAX	P.I. MAX	*	# 40 *		
0	17-32	40-60	50-70	70-85	40	12	45	20		

^{*}Applies to TY A & D materials only.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

Highway: US 60

Item 260 Lime Treatment (Road-Mixed)

All required moisture added for mixing and compaction operations is to be injected through the mixing process. Sprinkle the subgrade or base to prevent excessive loss of moisture as directed by the Engineer.

Item 314 Emulsified Asphalt Treatment

A strip of finished material adjacent to each shoulder is to be treated with an emulsified asphalt mixture. The mixture may be placed in one or more applications at a total rate of 0.25 gallons per square yard, unless directed otherwise by the Engineer. The homogeneous mixture may be composed of approximately 40% asphalt (MS-2 or SS-1) and 60% water, unless directed otherwise by the Engineer.

Item 316 Seal Coat

Place one course surface treatment on finished base course as soon as practical, but no later than 7 calendar days after completion of the base treatment process.

For items of work that include both summer and winter materials or the Asphalt (Multi Option), the Engineer will determine which asphalt to apply based on timing and prevailing weather conditions. The Asphalt (Multi Option) is to consist of the following choices and rates:

ASPH (*AC-5*) @ 0.38 GAL/SY ASPH (*AC-10*) @ 0.38 GAL/SY ASPH (*CRS-2P*) @ 0.38 GAL/SY

The rates shown are for estimating purposes and that the Engineer can dictate higher or lower rates based on roadway conditions

Item 320 Equipment for Asphalt Concrete Pavement

A self-propelled, wheel mounted material transfer vehicle (MTV) capable of receiving hot mix from the haul trucks separate from the paver is required on all courses and all types of hot mix for this project. The MTV is to have a minimum storage capacity of approximately 25 tons, and equipped with a pivoting discharge conveyor and a means of completely remixing the hot mix prior to placement. The paver hopper is to be equipped with a separate surge storage insert with a minimum capacity of approximately 20 tons.

If used, the IR bar read out screen must be visible at all times to the Engineer.

When performing any scheduled work during night time hours (sunset to sunrise) all work areas will be fully illuminated using devices designed to not incumber or distract oncoming traffic. All illumination equipment must be approved by the Engineer in writing 48 hours before any scheduled night time work can begin. All associated equipment and labor is considered subsidiary to the item of work and will not be paid for directly.

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Item 416 Drilled Shaft Foundations

A stabilization method is to be used to prevent caving of the material and is to be submitted as part of the Contractor's Safety Plan.

Item 421 Hydraulic Cement Concrete

The sand equivalent value of fine aggregate is not to be less than 85 when subjected to test method tex-203-F.

The Engineer will perform all job control testing for acceptance.

The Engineer will provide strength-testing equipment when required in accordance with the Contract-controlling tests.

Furnish and maintain the following testing equipment:

- ◆ Test Molds
- Wheelbarrow or other container acceptable for the sampling of the concrete.

All cast-in-place concrete except for drilled shafts are to be air-entrained. Pre-cast and drilled shaft concrete may be air-entrained at the Contractor's option.

Item 432 Riprap

Use of #3 rebar for reinforcing is required for all Riprap and Riprap Mow Strip.

24" tie bars (#3 bars at 18" c-c) are to be used across all construction joints. Tie bars should be 12" into each side of the construction joint. When tying new riprap into existing riprap drill and epoxy grout 8" minimum into existing concrete. This is to be considered subsidiary to the payment for riprap.

<u>Item 464 Reinforced Concrete Pipe</u>

Joint material for all pipes will be cold applied plastic asphalt sewer joint compound.

Bedding for pipe culverts is to be 6 inches of sand. The excavation required to place the sand will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Item 467 Safety End Treatment

Pre-cast Safety End Treatments are allowed; however, a cast-in-place concrete apron will be required as shown on the plans & will be subsidiary to the Safety End Treatment.

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

Highway: US 60

Item 502 Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Temporary rumble strips will be required as shown on WZ(RS)-22 regardless of loose gravel, and/or soft or bleeding asphalt. Adjust the traffic control setup such that rumble strips are not placed in areas of heavily rutted pavements, unpaved surfaces, or horizontal curves. Temporary rumble strips will not be allowed on interstate highway.

The Contractor is to have the option of using either plastic drums, vertical panels, grabber cones or a combination where drums are shown as channelizing devices, as approved by the Engineer. Plastic drums are to be used in all transition areas in accordance with BC(8)-21 and WZ(TD)-17.

Furnish and install "soft shoulder" signs as directed by the Engineer. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered as subsidiary to item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling".

Provide a 3:1 backfill "safety slope" at the end of the day for any drop off exceeding 2" that is adjacent to a travel lane.

Lane closures are to be limited to a maximum of 2 miles and not include 2 consecutive cross overs.

If more than one lane closure location is desired a minimum of 2 miles passing zone is required between each location.

Notify the Engineer 24 hours prior to any lane closure.

Item 504 Field Office and Laboratory

The following buildings will be required for this project:

One Type (D) structure, asphalt mix control laboratory

Each building is to be provided before work is begun on the pertinent construction items for which it is needed.

Any laboratory furnished is to be a minimum of 10 ft in width.

Chain link security fence will be required to be placed around the perimeter of all field offices. The dimensions of the fence will be as directed by the Engineer.

Control: 0169-02-068

Sheet: 7C

The Type D structures are to be equipped with the following in addition to requirements specified under item 504:

- a. Safety equipment
 - (1) One eye wash station
 - (2) One fire extinguisher
- (3) One first aid kit

Furnish a Type D structure for the asphalt mix control laboratory for the Engineer's exclusive use. In addition to requirements of item 504, this structure is to have a minimum height of 8 feet and provide a minimum 400 square feet gross floor area for permanently located plants or 200 square feet for temporary located plants serving one project. The floor area will be partitioned into a minimum of two interconnected rooms, each room furnished with an exterior door and a minimum of two windows. The floor is to have sufficient strength to support the testing equipment and have an impervious covering.

The Type D structures are to be adequately air conditioned and be furnished with a minimum of one desk, three chairs, one file cabinet, a telephone and one built-in equipment storage cabinet for the storage of nuclear equipment. The cabinet is to be a minimum of 3 feet wide by 2 feet deep by 3 feet high and have provisions for locking security. The structure is to be provided with a 240-volt electrical service entrance. The service is to consist of a minimum of 4 - 120 volt circuits with 20 amp breakers and no more than two grounded convenience outlets per circuit and provisions for a minimum of two 220-volt ovens with vents to the outside. The structure is to have a minimum of 2 convenience outlets per wall, and a utility sink with an adequate clean potable water supply for testing. The state building is to be equipped with at minimum a hot water dispenser or hot water heater capable of generating 1 gallon of water per use at 140° F with adequate water pressure. Space heaters for heating the structure are unacceptable. Portable structures are to be support blocked for stability and are to be tied down.

If needed, each building is to be moved to a new location as directed by the Engineer. Any building that is no longer required on the job after completion of the pertinent construction items may be released to the Contractor upon consent of the Engineer.

Item 506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

Erosion control devices are to be installed as needed in coordination with the work progress, or as directed by the Engineer.

Item 610 Roadway Illumination Assemblies

Furnish and install steel (not aluminum) roadway illumination poles. Fabricate roadway illumination assemblies in accordance with shop drawings approved by the department. Submit shop drawings for each project, or use pre-approved standard shop drawings.

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H

Highway: US 60

For project specific shop drawings, furnish seven sets of drawings of the complete assembly in accordance with item 441, "steel structures". Deliver shop drawings to the Engineer at the project address.

To be eligible to use pre-approved standard shop drawings, the shop drawing must be submitted and approved by the department prior to use on the project. Deviation from the pre-approved standard shop drawing will require resubmission of the shop drawings. The Engineer may approve, in writing, the use of updated standard drawings in cases where the standard drawings have been updated and the updated version has been approved by the department. For pre-approval and updates to previously approved standard shop drawings, furnish seven sets of drawings of the complete assembly in accordance with item 441, "steel structures" to the director of traffic operations division, Texas Department of Transportation, 125 East 11th Street, Austin, Texas 78701-2483.

Copies of the standard shop drawings are on file with traffic operations division, bridge division, and the materials section of construction division. Additional shop drawings for roadway illumination assemblies built in accordance with these drawings are not required. Pre-approved shop drawing manufacturers and assembly model numbers can be found at http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/materialproducerlist.htm. Category is roadway illumination and electrical supplies

The Roadway Illumination Pole (RIP-11) standard details were developed for installations in locations where the 3-second gust basic maximum wind speed is 110 mph, and where the elevation of the base of the pole is less than (i.e. not more than) 25' above the elevation of surrounding terrain, in accordance with the "AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals," 4th Edition (2001) (AASHTO Design Specifications). For poles to be installed in regions where the maximum basic wind speed exceeds 110 mph or to be mounted more than 25' above the surrounding terrain, the Contractor is to provide poles meeting the following requirements:

- A. **Submittals.** Following the electronic shop drawing submittal process (see ftp://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/library/pubs/bus/bridge/e_submit_guide.pdf), the Contractor is to submit to the Engineer, for approval, fabrication drawings and calculations for the poles. The drawings and calculations will be sealed by a Texas registered or licensed professional Engineer (P.E.).
- B. Luminaire Structural Support Requirements. Lighting poles, arms, and anchor bolt assemblies are to have a 25 year design life to safely resist dead loads, ice loads and the required basic wind speeds at the location of installation in accordance with the current edition of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For transformer base poles, the fabricator is to include transformer base and connecting hardware in calculations and shop drawing submittals. All transformer bases are to have been structurally tested to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished is to be submitted with the shop drawings. Shop drawings are to show breakaway base model

Sheet: 7D

Control: 0169-02-068

number, and manufacturer's name and logo. Manufacturer's shop drawings are to include the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.

Item 618 Conduit

The locations of conduit as shown are for diagrammatic purposed only and may be varied to meet local conditions, subject to approval. Backfill all open trenches before the end of the workday and do not leave any trench open overnight.

Item 620 Electrical Conductors

Provide breakaway electrical connectors for breakaway poles. Use Bussman HEBW, Littlefuse LEB, Ferraz-Shawmut FEB, or equal on ungrounded conductors. For grounded conductors, use Bussman HET, Littlefuse LET, Ferraz-Shawmut FEBN, or equal. These breakaway connectors have a white colored marking and a permanently installed solid neutral. See the latest RID (2) standard for additional details.

Item 624 Ground Boxes

Do not place ground boxes in bottom of a ditch. Alternate ground box locations will be as directed.

Item 644 Small Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies

ALUMINUM	Square Feet	Minimum Thickness		
SIGN BLANKS	Less than 7.5	0.100		
THICKNESS	7.5 or Greater	0.125		

All slip base signs will have a triangular slip base with a 2-bolt clamp to prevent rotation of signpost. Set screw type slip base will not be allowed.

A 7" x 1/2" diameter galvanized rod or #4 rebar is to be installed in the sign stub as shown on SMD(SLIP-1)-08 to prevent rotation of the sign stub in the concrete footing.

The exact locations of the large and small roadside signs are to be as designated by the Engineer.

The existing riprap aprons are to be removed and disposed of as approved by the Engineer. This work is not to be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the removal of foundations under this item.

Probe before drilling for foundations to determine the location of all utilities and structures. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to bid items involved.

General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J

Highway: US 60

Details for standard signs not shown on the signing standards of the signing detail plan sheets are to be in conformance with the department's "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" Manual, Latest Edition.

Install a wrap of retroreflective sheeting conforming to DMS-8300 on all posts for small road sign assemblies. Sign post wraps will not be paid for directly, but are considered subsidiary to Item 644.

Install red sheeting on the posts containing the following signs: Stop, Yield, Wrong Way & Do Not Enter

Install yellow sheeting on all other small sign posts.

Install all retroreflective wraps at a height of 4 ft. from bottom of the wrap to the edge of the travel lane surface. All retroreflective wraps will cover the full circumference of the sign post for a vertical width of 12 inches.

Item 658 Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies

For all ground mount applications provide hollow or tubular posts embedded in concrete using plastic wedged anchor system.

Item 666 Reflectorized Pavement Markings

Retroreflectivity Requirements:

All Type I markings must meet the minimum retroreflectivity values for edgeline markings, centerline or no passing barrier-line, and lane lines when measured any time after 3 days, but not later than 10 days after application:

- ♦ White markings: 250 millicandelas per square meter per lux (mcd/m²/lx)
- ♦ Yellow markings: 175 mcd/m²/lx

Retroreflectivity Measurements: Mobile or portable retroreflectometers may be used at the Contractor's discretion.

All Type I markings must meet the minimum retroreflectivity values for edgeline markings, centerline or no passing barrier-line, and lane lines when measured any time after 3 days, but not later than 10 days after application.

Item 677 Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers

Do not remove any existing pavement markings in any area in which the contractor is not able to place work zone pavement markings at the proper location within the same day.

Sheet: 7E

Control: 0169-02-068

Item 3077 Superpave Mixtures

Use aggregate that meets the SAC requirement of class A.

Only fractionated RAP is allowed.

Use of RAS is not allowed.

All SP-D on this project is considered surface mix. A substitution PG binder is not allowed, as shown in Table 5.

Make a smooth, clean, minimum 1 inch deep butt joint where each end of the new pavement joins the existing pavement. Any method approved by the Engineer can be used to make the joint.

The District Lab will perform a maximum of 2(two) design verification tests. If additional verification tests are needed, the Contractor will be billed \$3,500.00 per each additional verification test required to obtain an approved asphaltic concrete pavement mix design.

If lime is not used as an antistrip agent, then the production and placement testing frequency for the Boil test (TEX-530-C) shown in the table below.

Description	Test Method	Minimum Contractor Testing Frequency	Minimum Engineer Testing Frequency
Boil test	Tex-530-C	1 per lot	1 per 12 sublots

If used, the IR bar read out screen must be visible at all times to the Engineer.

Item 3096 Asphalts, Oils, and Emulsions

Asphalt from different sources is not to be blended.

The "Open" seasons for applying asphaltic materials and mixtures for the listed items are to be as follows, unless authorized otherwise in writing by the Engineer:

ITEMS	OPEN SEASON
314	All Year
316	All Year
3077	From April 15 th through October 31st

General Notes Sheet K General Notes Sheet L

County: Potter Sheet: 7F

Highway: US 60 **Control:** 0169-02-068

Item 6001 Portable Changeable Message Sign

Supply 2 Portable Changeable Message Signs (Type II – Lamp Matrix) for this project. This work will be paid at the unit price bid for each unit, which will include any moving, maintenance, and removing of the PCMS. No payment will be made for removing and replacing damaged PCMS. The Portable Changeable Message Signs will become property of the Contractor at the completion of the project.

If the Contractor chooses to have more than one lane closure set-up at a time, provide additional PCMS in accordance with TCP at no additional charge to the department.

Item 6185 Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for this project, provide 0 additional shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (1-1)-18, (1-2)-18, (1-3)-18, (1-4)-18, (1-5)-18, TCP (2-1)-18, (2-2)-18, (2-3)-18, (2-4)-18, (2-5)-18, (2-6)-18, TCP (3-2)-13 and TCP (3-3)-14 as detailed on the General Notes of this standard sheets.

Therefore, 2 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

General Notes Sheet M



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0169-02-068

DISTRICT Amarillo **HIGHWAY** US 60

COUNTY Potter

	CONTROL SECTION JOB			0169-02	-068		
	PROJECT ID		ECT ID	A00183253		1	
		C	OUNTY	Potte	er	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
	HIGI		HWAY	HWAY US 60			FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	100-6005	PREP ROW (TREE)(24"-30"DIA)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	100-6008	PREPARING ROW (TREE) (0" TO 6" DIA)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	104-6011	REMOVING CONC (MEDIANS)	SY	370.000		370.000	
	105-6071	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5" - 6")	SY	985.000		985.000	
	105-6163	REMOVE STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	SY	6,061.000		6,061.000	
	112-6002	SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	STA	92.000		92.000	
	164-6036	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	AC	8.000		8.000	
	164-6053	DRILL SEEDING (TEMP)(WARM OR COOL)	AC	8.000		8.000	
	247-6472	FL BS(CMP IN PLC)(TY A,B OR D GR4)(12")	SY	12,784.000		12,784.000	
	260-6073	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE)(8")	SY	12,784.000		12,784.000	
	260-6083	LIME (HYD(SLY OR DRY) COM OR QK(DRY)	TON	137.000		137.000	
	310-6009	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	GAL	3,373.000		3,373.000	
	314-6009	EMULS ASPH (EROSN CONT)(MULTI)	GAL	3,872.000		3,872.000	
	316-6001	ASPH (MULTI OPTION)	GAL	5,125.000		5,125.000	
	316-6078	AGGR(TY-B GR-4 SAC-A)	CY	121.000		121.000	
	416-6029	DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30 IN)	LF	24.000		24.000	
	432-6001	RIPRAP (CONC)(4 IN)	CY	1.000		1.000	
	464-6005	RC PIPE (CL III)(24 IN)	LF	14.000		14.000	
	464-6007	RC PIPE (CL III)(30 IN)	LF	14.000		14.000	
	467-6394	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (C)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	467-6395	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	467-6422	SET (TY II) (30 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (C)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	496-6004	REMOV STR (SET)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	496-6006	REMOV STR (HEADWALL)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	496-6007	REMOV STR (PIPE)	LF	70.000		70.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	6.000		6.000	
	506-6040	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	LF	950.000		950.000	
	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	950.000		950.000	
	536-6002	CONC MEDIAN	SY	240.000		240.000	
	610-6004	RELOCATE RD IL ASM (TRANS-BASE)	EA	3.000		3.000	
	618-6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	420.000		420.000	
	620-6007	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE	LF	440.000		440.000	
	620-6008	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) INSULATED	LF	880.000		880.000	
	624-6002	GROUND BOX TY A (122311)W/APRON	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6004	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	EA	11.000		11.000	
	644-6028	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P-BM)	EA	7.000		7.000	



DISTRICT	DISTRICT COUNTY		SHEET
Amarillo	Potter	0169-02-068	8

Report Created On: Aug 23, 2022 5:07:58 PM



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0169-02-068

DISTRICT Amarillo **HIGHWAY** US 60

COUNTY Potter

Report Created On: Aug 23, 2022 5:07:58 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0169-0	2-068		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A0018	3253		
		Co	YTNUC	Pott	er	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
HIGI		HWAY	US	60		THVAL	
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	1	
	658-6095	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-DY)SZ 1(YFLX)GND	EA	114.000		114.000	
	658-6097	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ 1(YFLX)SRF(BI)	EA	9.000		9.000	
	662-6034	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	LF	10,800.000		10,800.000	
	666-6035	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	8,423.000		8,423.000	
	666-6047	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	52.000		52.000	
	666-6053	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(090MIL)	EA	22.000		22.000	
	666-6077	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(090MIL)	EA	22.000		22.000	
	666-6101	REF PAV MRK TY I(W)36"(YLD TRI)(090MIL)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	666-6299	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	2,436.000		2,436.000	
	666-6314	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	10,793.000		10,793.000	
	672-6006	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-A	EA	20.000		20.000	
	672-6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	840.000		840.000	
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	10,800.000		10,800.000	
	3077-6058	SP MIXESSP-DSAC-A PG70-28	TON	3,867.000		3,867.000	
	3077-6075	TACK COAT	GAL	3,323.000		3,323.000	
	5109-6001	ADJ WTR VALVE COVER AND VALVE STACKS	EA	1.000		1.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	90.000		90.000	
	6185-6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR	40.000		40.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Amarillo	Amarillo Potter		8A

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC (CONTROL ITEMS	
	662	677
	6034	6001
LOCATION	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)4" (SLD)	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")
	LF	LF
CJS: 0169-02-068	10,800	10,800
PROJECT TOTALS	10,800	10,800

		CIBAN	ARY OF REMOVAL	I TEME				
	100	100	104	105	105	496	496	496
						6004		
	6005	6008	6011	6163	6071	6004	6006	6007
LOCATION	PREP ROW (TREE) (24"-30"DIA)	PREPARING ROW (TREE) (O" TO 6" DIA)	REMOVING CONC (MEDIANS)	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5" - 6")	REMOV STR (SET)	REMOV STR (HEADWALL)	REMOV STR (PIPE)
	EΑ	EA	SY	SY	SY	EΑ	EΑ	LF
0169-02-068								
DRAINAGE DETAILS SHEET 1 OF 2						1	2	
DRAINAGE DETAILS SHEET 2 OF 2						3		70
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 1 OF 19			283	812	85			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 2 OF 19				262	54			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 3 OF 19				383	82			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 4 OF 19				570	112			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 5 OF 19			87	342	55			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 6 OF 19				388	67			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 7 OF 19				61	12			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 8 OF 19				227	40			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 9 OF 19				346	67			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 10 OF 19				289	59			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 11 OF 19				262	46			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 12 OF 19				346	28			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 13 OF 19				241	51			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 14 OF 19				220	60			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 15 OF 19				228	57			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 16 OF 19				184	56			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 17 OF 19				166	54			
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 18 OF 19				734				
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN 19 OF 19	1	2						
PROJECT TOTAL	S 1	2	370	6,061	985	4	2	70

US 60

PROJECT SUMMARY



DSN	CK	CONT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY	
KK	CS	0169	02	02 068		US 60	
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
KK	СН	AMA		POTTER	9		

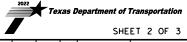
				SIMMARY	OF ROADWAY ITEM	ς					
	112	247	260	260	310	316	316	536	3077	3077	5109
	6002	6472	6083	6073	6009	6001	6078	6002	6058	6075	6001
LOCATION	SUBGRADE	FL BS(CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B OR D GR4) (12")	LIME (HYD(SLY	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (3%) (8")	PRIME COAT (MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	ASPH (MULTI OPTION) (0.38 GAL/SY)	AGGR (TY-B GR-4 SAC-A) (110 SY/CY)		SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (605 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)	ADJ WTR VALVE COVER AND VALVE STACKS
	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	GAL	CY	SY	TON	GAL	EA
CSJ: 0169-02-068											
CONC ISLAND DETAIL SHEET 1 OF 1								186			
UTILITY DETAIL SHEET 1 OF 1											1
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 1 OF 16	4	886	10	886	224	340	8		268	230	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 2 OF 16	5	654	7	654	174	265	6		198	170	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 3 OF 16	8	1,029	11	1,029	275	418	10		312	267	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 4 OF 16	1.1	1,557	16	1,557	407	619	15		471	404	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 5 OF 16	6	783	9	783	210	318	7	54	236	203	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 6 OF 16	6	930	10	930	245	372	9		281	242	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 7 OF 16	2	114	1	114	31	47	1		34	30	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 8 OF 16	4	511	6	511	134	204	5		155	133	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 9 OF 16	7	968	10	968	259	394	9		293	252	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 10 OF 16	6	770	8	770	201	306	7		233	200	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 11 OF 16	5	712	8	712	191	290	7		215	185	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 12 OF 16	6	918	10	918	232	352	8		278	239	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 13 OF 16	5	747	8	747	200	304	7		226	194	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 14 OF 16	6	729	8	729	193	294	7		221	190	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 15 OF 16	6	787	8	787	211	320	8		238	205	
ROADWAY PLAN SHEET 16 OF 16	5	689	7	689	186	282	7		208	179	
PROJECT TOTAL	S 92	12, 784	137	12, 784	3, 373	5, 125	121	240	3, 867	3, 323	1

	SUMM	ARY OF DRAINAGE	ITEMS			
	432	464	464	467	467	467
	6001	6005	6007	6394	6395	6422
LOCATION	RIPRAP (CONC)(4 IN)	RC PIPE (CL III)(24 IN)	RC PIPE (CL III) (30 IN)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (C)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	SET (TY II) (30 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (C)
	CY	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA
CSJ: 0169-02-068						
DRAINAGE DETAIL SHEET 1 OF 2	1	14		1	2	1
DRAINAGE DETAIL SHEET 2 OF 2			14			1
PROJECT TOTALS:	1	14	14	1	2	2

SUMMARY OF S	IGNING ITEMS	
	644	644
	6004	6028
LOCATION	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P- BM)
	EA	EΑ
CSJ: 0169-02-068		
SOSS SHEET 1 OF 2	5	4
SOSS SHEET 2 OF 2	6	3
PROJECT TOTALS:	11	7

US 60

PROJECT SUMMARY



DSN	CK	CONT	SECT JOB		HIGHWAY			
KK	CS	0169	02 068			US 60		
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
KK	СН	AMA		POTTER	10			

			S	UMMARY OF PAVEM	ENT MARKING ITE	MS					
	658	658	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	672	672
	6095	6097	6035	6047	6053	6077	6101	6299	6314	6006	6010
LOCATION	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-DY)SZ 1 (YFLX)GND	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ 1 (YFLX)SRF(BI)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(09 OMIL)	TY I	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) (ARROW) (09 OMIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) (WORD) (090 MIL)	REF PAV MRK TY I(W)36"(YLD TRI)(090MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(BRK)(09 OMIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(09 OMIL)		REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
	EA	EA	LF	LF	EA	EΑ	EA	LF	LF	EA	EA
CJS: 0169-02-068	114	9	6,947		18	18	6		8,641	20	840
MISC PAVEMENT MARKING DETAILS			1,476	52	4	4		2,436	2,152		
PROJECT TOTALS	114	9	8, 423	52	22	22	6	2, 436	10, 793	20	840

	SUMMARY OF	ILLUMINATION	ITEMS			
	416	610	618	620	620	624
	6029	6004	6023	6007	6008	6002
LOCATION	DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30 IN)	RELOCATE RD IL ASM (TRANS-BASE)	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) INSULATED	GROUND BOX TY A (122311) W/AP RON
	LF	EA	LF	LF	LF	EA
CSJ: 0169-02-068						
ILLUMINATION PLAN	24	3	420	440	880	1
PROJECT TOTALS	24	3	420	440	880	1

SUMM	RY OF EROSION C	ONTROL ITEMS			
	164	164	314	506	506
	6036	6053	6009	6040	6043
LOCATION	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)		EMULS ASPH (EROSN CONT) (MULTI) 0.1 GAL/SY	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)
	AC	AC	GAL	LF	LF
CSJ: 0169-02-068					
EROSION CONTROL LAYOUT SHEET 1 OF 2	7	7	3,388	900	900
EROSION CONTROL LAYOUT SHEET 2 OF 2	1	1	484	50	50
PROJECT TOTALS:	8	8	3, 872	950	950

US 60

PROJECT SUMMARY



				5112		, 0. 3
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
KK	CS	0169	02	02 068 US 60		US 60
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
кк	СН	ΔΜΔ		POTTER		11

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN GENERAL NOTES

- 1. PLACE ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS PER BC STANDARDS PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK. ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS WILL REMAIN IN PLACE FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- 2. THE ENGINEER WILL GIVE THE PUBLIC AT LEAST SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS NOTICE OF LANE CLOSURES. PAYMENT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.
- 3. ALL SIGNS, BARRICADES AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS WILL CONFORM TO THE MOST CURRENT APPLICABLE TXDOT STANDARDS AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".
- 4. IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN ALL CROSSINGS IN A SAFE AND PASSABLE CONDITION.
- 5. TRAFFIC CONTROL, SHOULDER CLOSURES, AND LANE CLOSURES WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE BC, TCP, WZ STANDARDS, OR AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS, AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 6. ALL SIGNS BARRICADES AND CHANNELIZING DEVICES WILL BE KEPT CLEAN AND FUNCTIONAL FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- 7. EXISTING SIGNS TO BE REMOVED WILL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL NEW SIGNS ARE INSTALLED, IF THE PROPOSED WORK CONFLICT WITH THE EXISTING SIGN, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR TAKING APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO MAINTAIN THE SIGN. THIS WORK WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.
- 8. ANY EXISTING SIGN THAT IS IN CONFLICT WITH THE PROPOSED TRAFFIC CONTROL WILL BE REMOVED OR COVERED TEMPORARILY AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE TO MAINTAIN SIGNS IN GOOD CONDITION. WORK WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502. DAMAGES TO EXISTING SIGNS THAT ARE TO REMAIN WILL BE REPLACED AT NO ADDITIONAL COST.
- 9. CONTRACTOR WILL UTILIZE SHOULDER DROP-OFF SIGNS (CW8-17, CW8-17P) THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT. SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN GENERAL NOTES

- 10. CROSSING STREETS AND DRIVEWAYS WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT ACCESS IS MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.
- 11. NO TWO CONSECUTIVE CROSSOVERS WILL BE CLOSED SIMULTANEOUSLY.
- 12. SUBMIT CONTRACTOR-PROPOSED TCP CHANGES, SIGNED AND SEALED BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, FOR THE ENGINEER'S APPROVAL. CHANGES MUST CONFORM TO GUIDELINES IN THE TMUTCD USING APPROVED PRODUCTS FROM THE DEPARTMENT'S COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE LIST, PAYMENT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.
- 13. CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE.
- 14. CONTRACTORS WILL INCLUDE TYPE 3 BARRICADES AT CLOSED CROSSOVERS.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN NARRATIVE

- 16. PLACE TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS, AND DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE STANDARDS.
- 17. PERFORM WORK AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS AND TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR MEDIAN TURN LANES AND CROSSOVERS AS WELL AS THE OTHER MISCELLANEOUS WORK SHOWN IN

LEGEND

3: 1 SAFETY SLOPE (19)



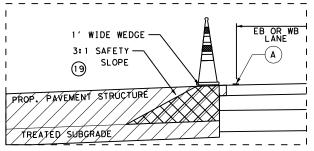
PROPOSED PAVEMENT

A WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV

TO BE PLACED ADJACENT TO ALL WIDENING

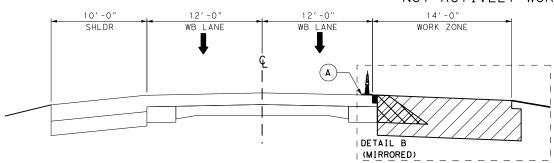
NOTES:

- (18) SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR ADDITION DETAILS ON PROPOSED PAVEMENT STRUCTURE AND JOINT DETAILS. SAFETY SLOPE WILL BE REQUIRED WHEN WORK IS NOT BEING COMPLETE ADJACENT TO THE TRAVELING LANE.
- (19) A MINIMUM 3:1 SAFETY SLOPE, SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502, WILL BE INSTALLED AT ALL TIMES WHEN NOT ACTIVELY WORKING ON ROADWAY WIDENING. UTILIZING COMPACTED BASE, RAP, OR OTHER APPROVED MATERIAL.



18 DETAIL B: NIGHTIME CONFIGURATION

THIS TCP REQUIRED AT ALL TIMES WHEN WORKERS & EQUIPMENT ARE NOT ACTIVELY WORKING ON ROADWAY WIDENING.



WORK ZONE EB LANE EB LANE SHLDR |DETAIL B

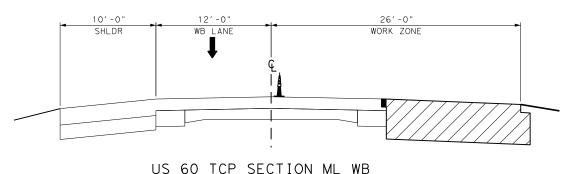
US 60 TCP SECTION ML WB

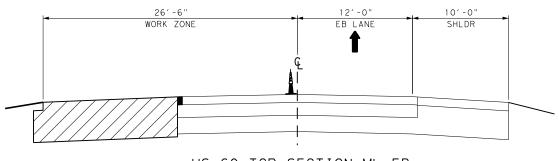
SEE REMOVAL AND WIDENING SHEETS FOR VARIABLE LOCATIONS.

US 60 TCP SECTION ML EB

SEE REMOVAL AND WIDENING SHEETS FOR VARIABLE LOCATIONS.

WHEN WORK IS BEING COMPLETE ADJACENT TO THE TRAVEL LANE





US 60 TCP SECTION ML EB SEE REMOVAL AND WIDENING SHEETS FOR VARIABLE LOCATIONS. US 60

TRAFFIC CONTROL

SCALE: NONE



KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60

SEE REMOVAL AND WIDENING SHEETS FOR VARIABLE LOCATIONS.

CASEY B. STRIPLING

08-22-2022

NARRATIVE

SHEET 1 OF 1

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES
NEXT X MILES <> END ROAD WORK AHEAD (Optiona 1 and 4) CROSSROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK NEXT X MILES
NEXT X MILES <> AHEAD END ROAD WORK G20-1aT CW20-1D (Optional see Note G20-2#

 \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

SPACING

onventional Expressway. Freeway 48" × 48' 48" x 48" 48" x 48' 36" × 36' 48" x 48" 48" × 48"

Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 ²
60	600²
65	700 ²
70	800 ²
75	900 ²
80	1000 ²
*	* 3

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW20' CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7. CW8.

CW9, CW11

CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6,

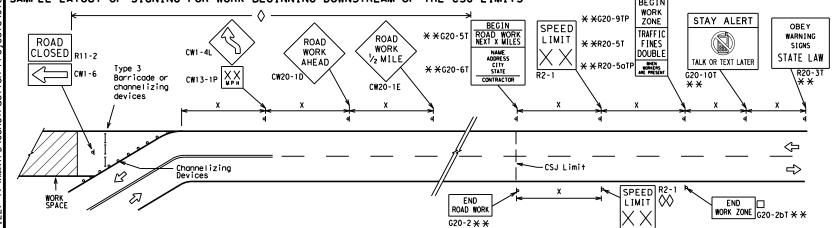
CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING * * G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS € ★ R20-5aTP ME PRESENT CW20-1D ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK R20-3T * * WORK G20-10T * * AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \Leftrightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING \Rightarrow \Rightarrow SPEED END G20-2bT X X R2-1 LIMIT line should $\langle \rangle \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK then extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X location **NOTES** within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance

to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND						
⊢⊣ Type 3 Barricade							
000	Channelizing Devices						
₽	Sign						
х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

LECEND

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

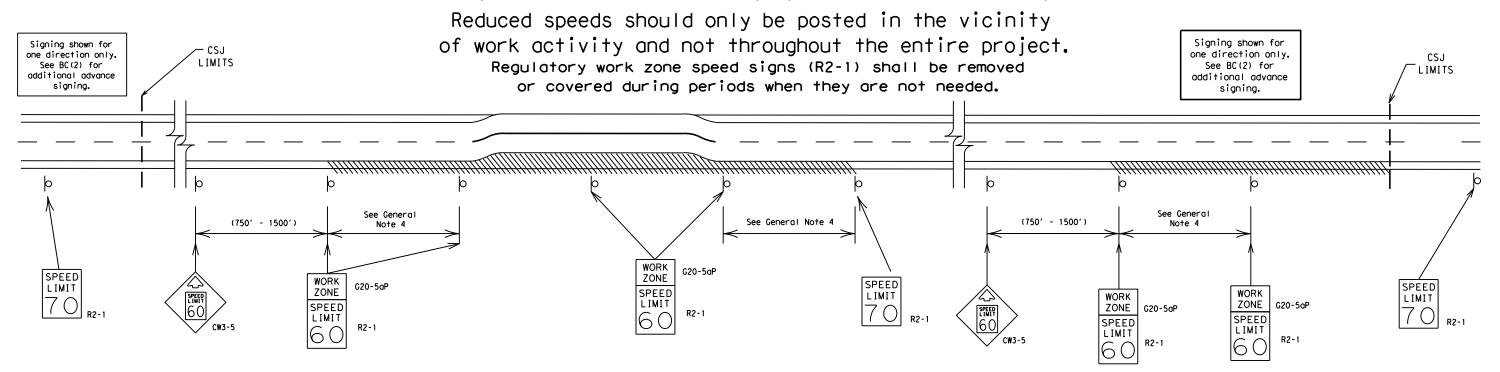
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



NICT LON

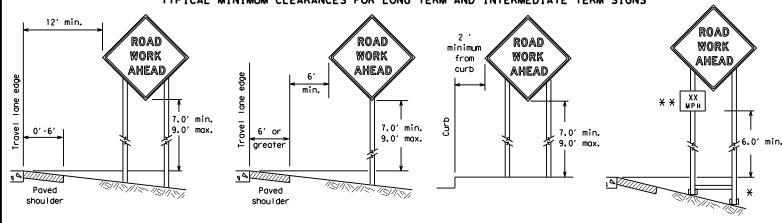
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

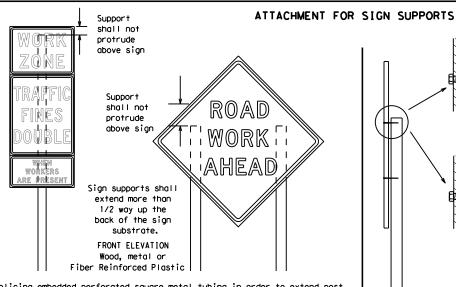
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two SIDE ELEVATION above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind Wood the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

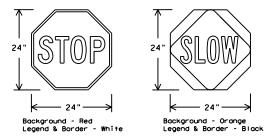
STOP/SLOW PADDLES

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(4)-21

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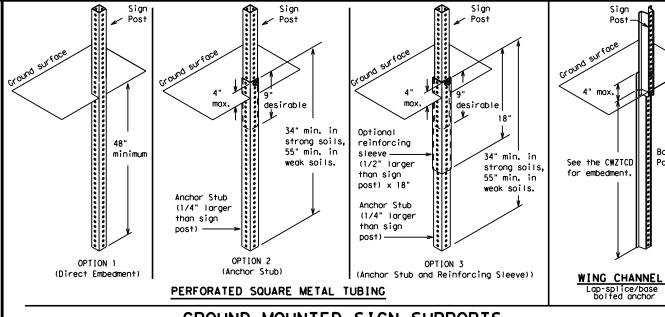
back fill puddle.

weld starts here

12 ga. upright

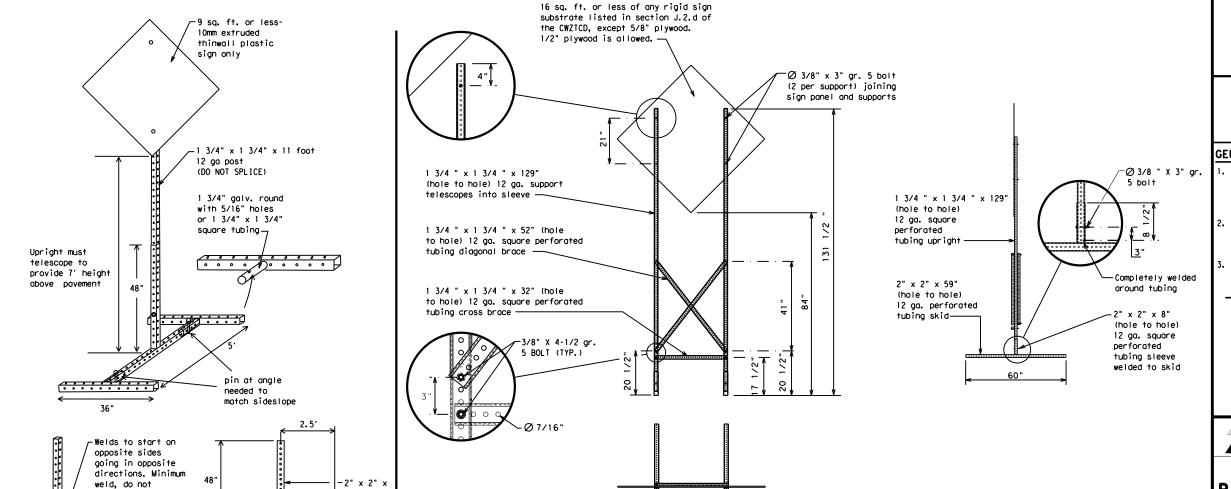
2"

SINGLE LEG BASE



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion i results or damages resulting from its use. ITRU 12-21 dan

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
	EMER	Slippery	SL IP
Emergency Emergency Vehicle		South	S
	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter		Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN EXPWY	Street	ST
Expressway	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet		Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		1 110111
Maintenance	MAINT		

Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

	Effect on Travelist	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOUL DER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE		* * Se	ee Application Guidelir	nes Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)

PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

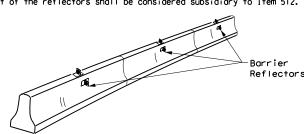
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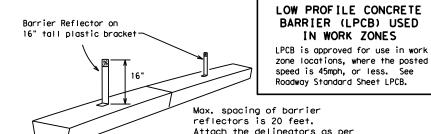
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



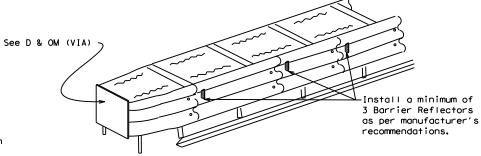
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

manufacturer's recommendations.



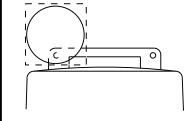
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

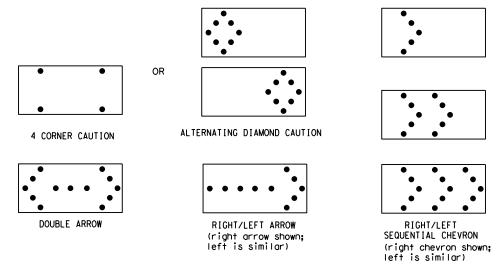
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.

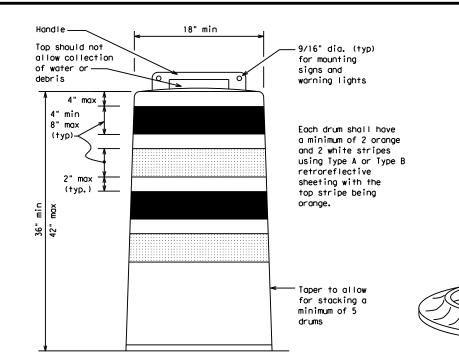
 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

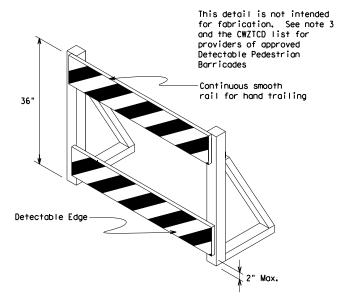
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



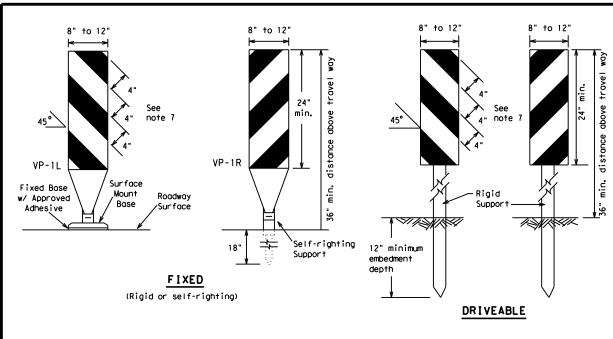
Traffic Safety Division Standard

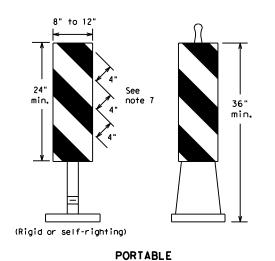
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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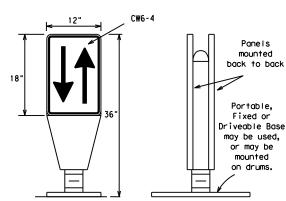




- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
 Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
 See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
 Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or
- Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.

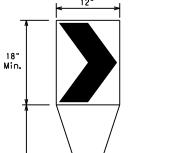
 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertic panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

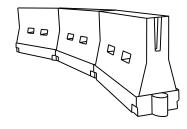
36'

- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_E or Type C_E conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
 work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
 roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- b. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

	Posted Speed	Formula		esirab er Lend **		Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
			10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
	30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	
	35	L= WS ²	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	
	40	80	2651	295′	3201	40'	80′	
	45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
	50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	
	55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	
	60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	
	65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′	
	70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
	75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	
	80		8001	880′	960′	80,	160′	
•		V Tagar I		have be		dod off		

X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

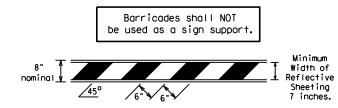
Suggested Maximum

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

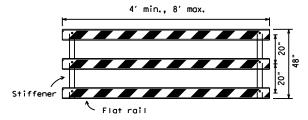
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- TYPE 3 BARRICADES
- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The $\,$ sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

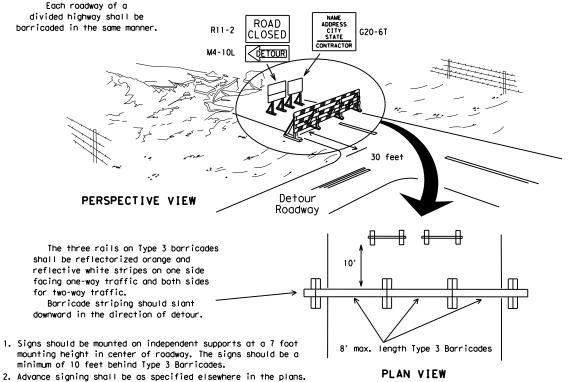


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet. steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s locross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

CONES 4" min. orange ₹2" min. 1 4" min. white 2" min. ↑ 4" min. orange [6" min. _2" min. 2" min. **1**4 min. 4" min. white 42" min. 28" min.

Two-Piece cones

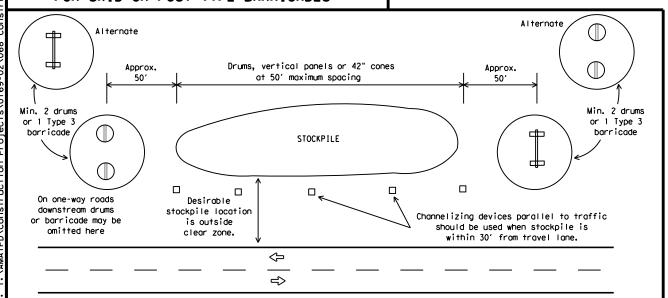
2" min.

2" to 6" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker

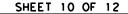


TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

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GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans,
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

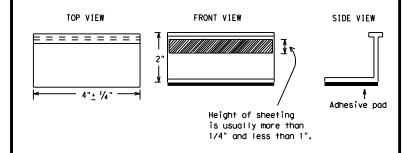
- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification 14pm 662

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



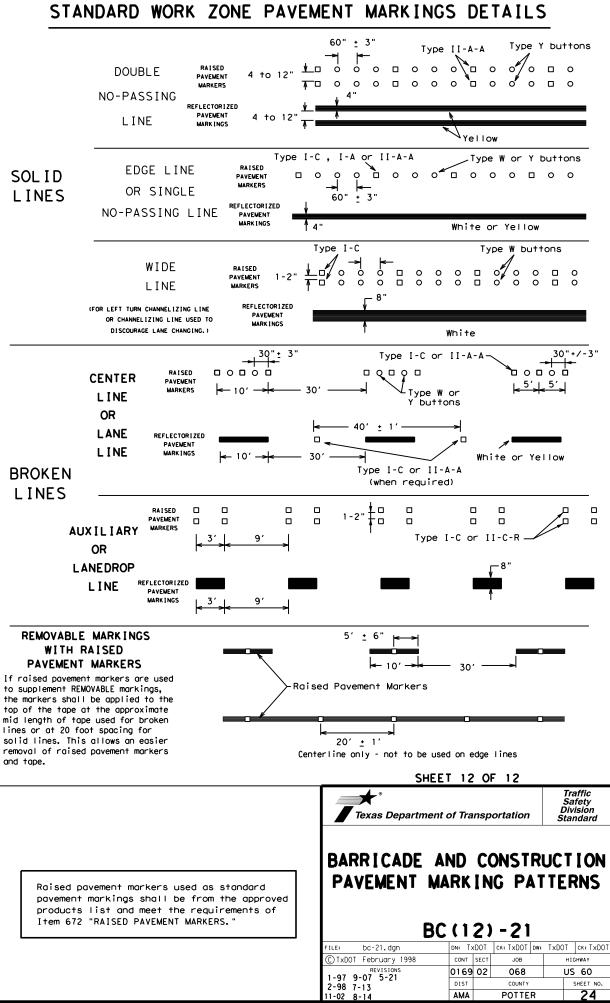
Traffic Safety Division Standard

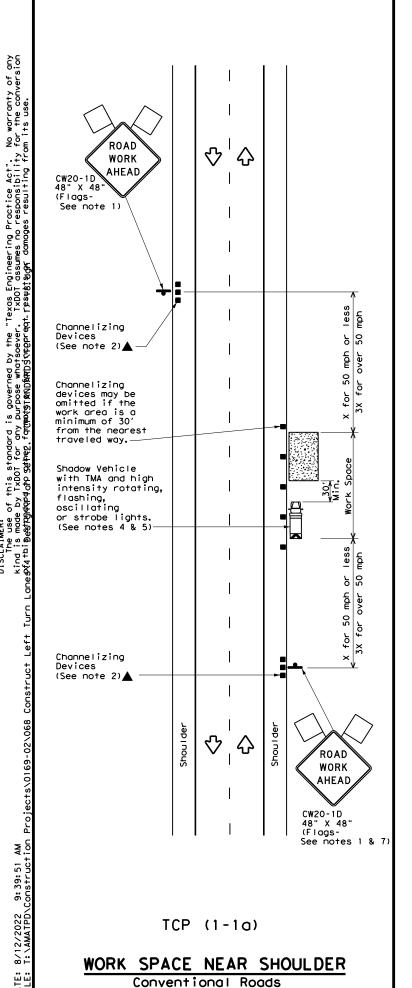
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

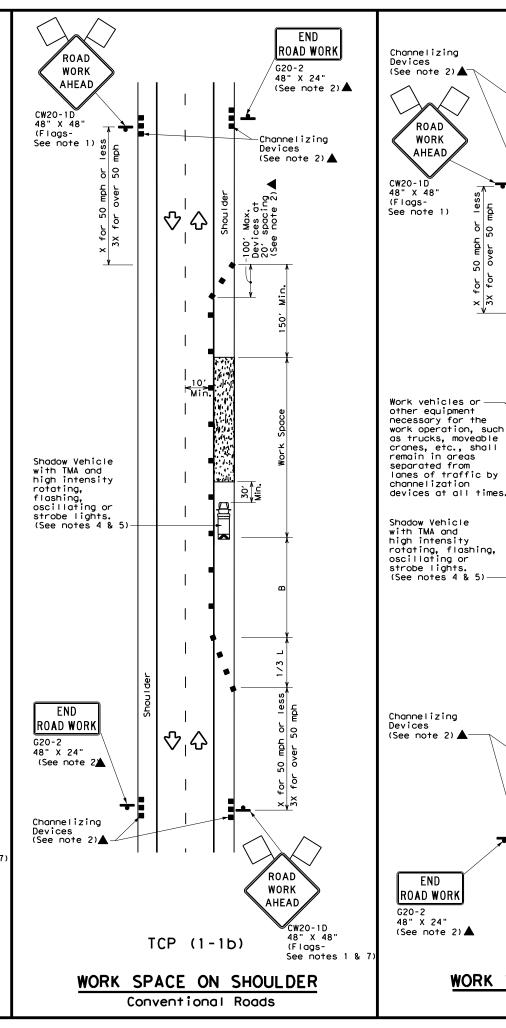
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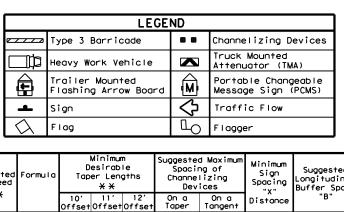
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Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Suggested Desirable Spacing Channeli X X		ng of Lizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90'
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-113	600'	660′	7201	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

END

ROAD WORK

 \triangle

 \Diamond

G20-2

48" X 24"

(See note 2)▲

Inactive

work vehicle

(See Note 3)

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

48" X 48" (Flags-See notes 1 & 7)

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

END

- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
√ √							

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

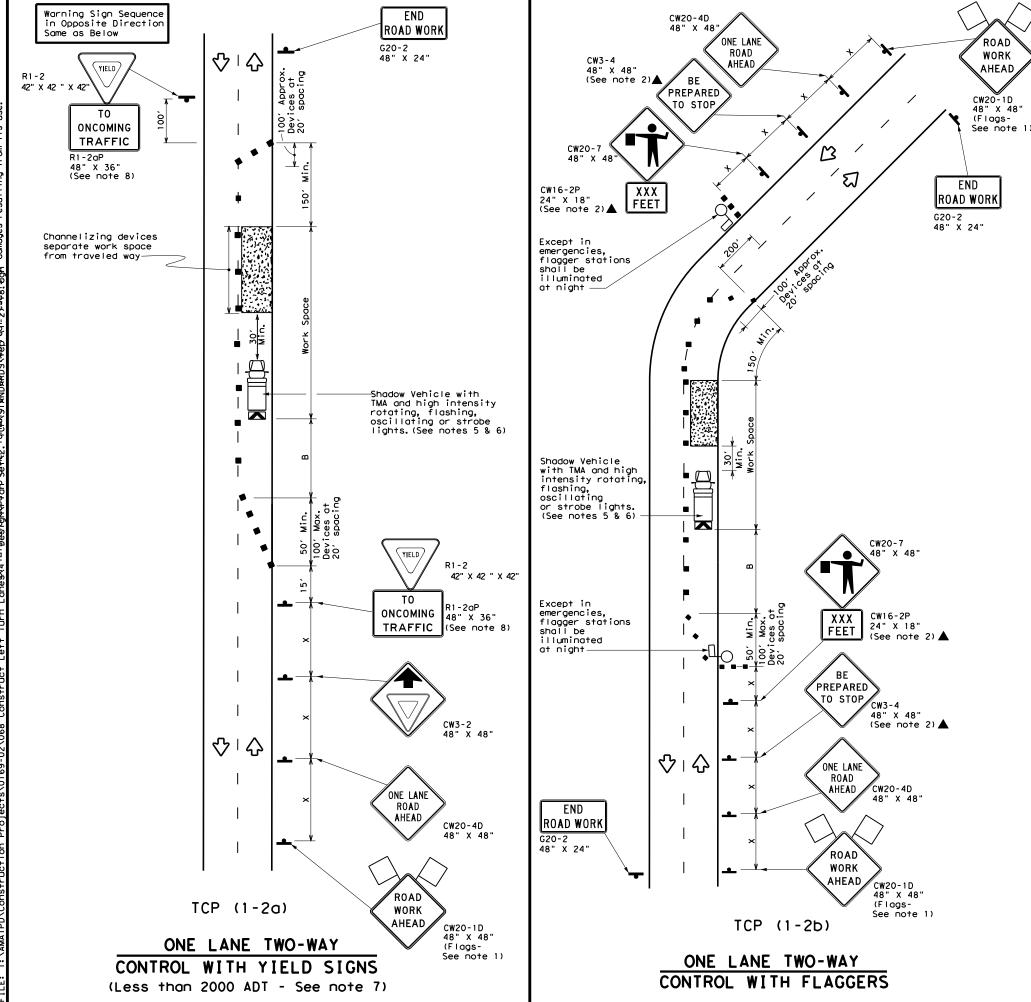
TCP(1-1)-18

ILE: tcp1-1-18.d	gn D	N:		CK:	DW:		CK:
C)TxDOT Decemb	er 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	CHWAY
-94 4-98 REVISIONS	(0169	02	068		US	60
-95 2-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-97 2-18		AMA		POTTE	R		25

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

TCP (1-1c)

分



	LEGEND								
2		Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices					
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
Γ	+	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
	\Diamond	Flag	ПО	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90,	2001
35	L = \frac{WS^2}{60}	2051	225'	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	60	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	4001	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L-#3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120'	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	700′	410′	645′
70		7001	7701	840′	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750'	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be amitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flaggers should use 24° STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

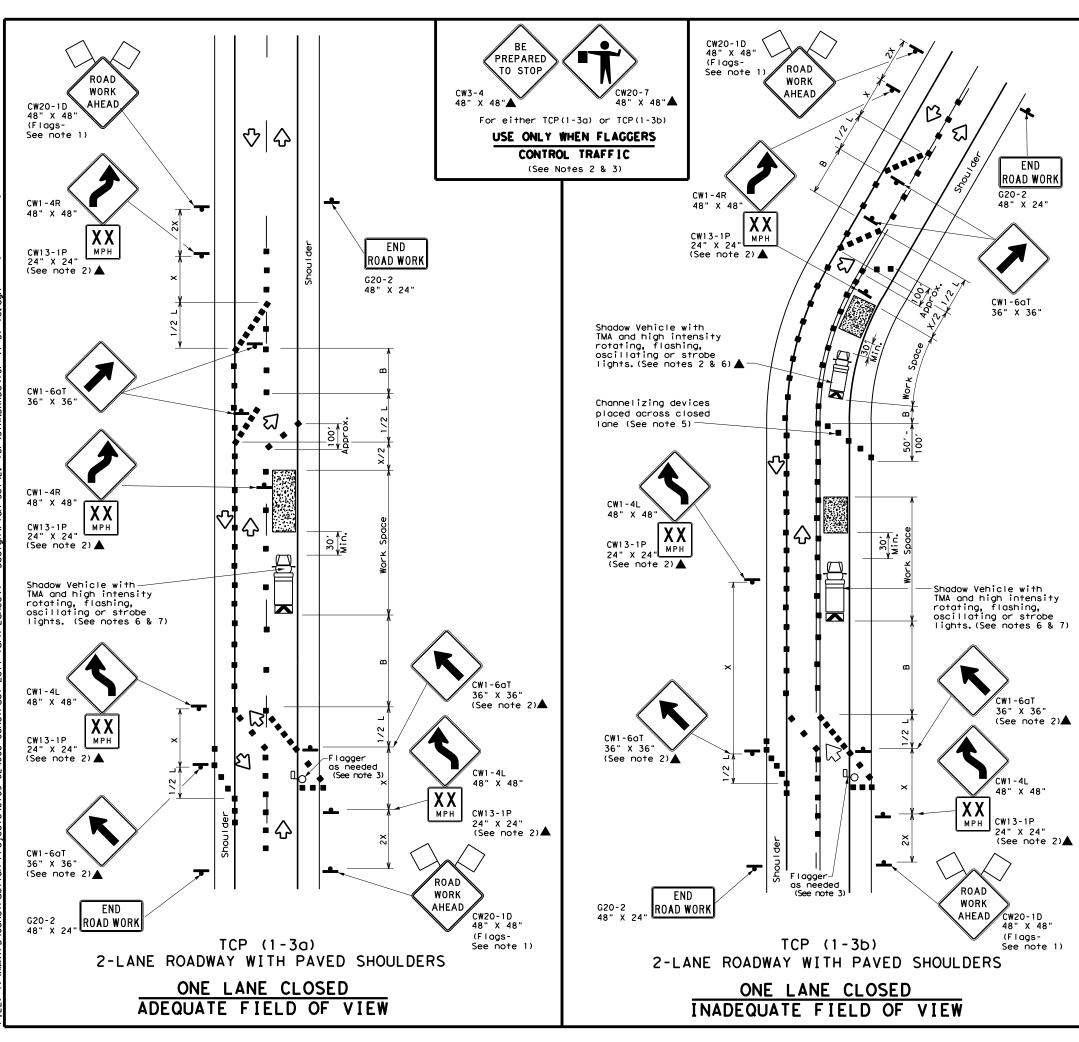


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 4-90 4-98	0169	02	068		US 60	
2-94 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-18	AMA	POTTER		R	26	



	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ŋ	Flagger							

Speed	Formula	* *			Spaci: Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	4951	5401	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	1001	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	- "	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	7001	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70'	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

- X Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SH DURATION ST		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved
- surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

  8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

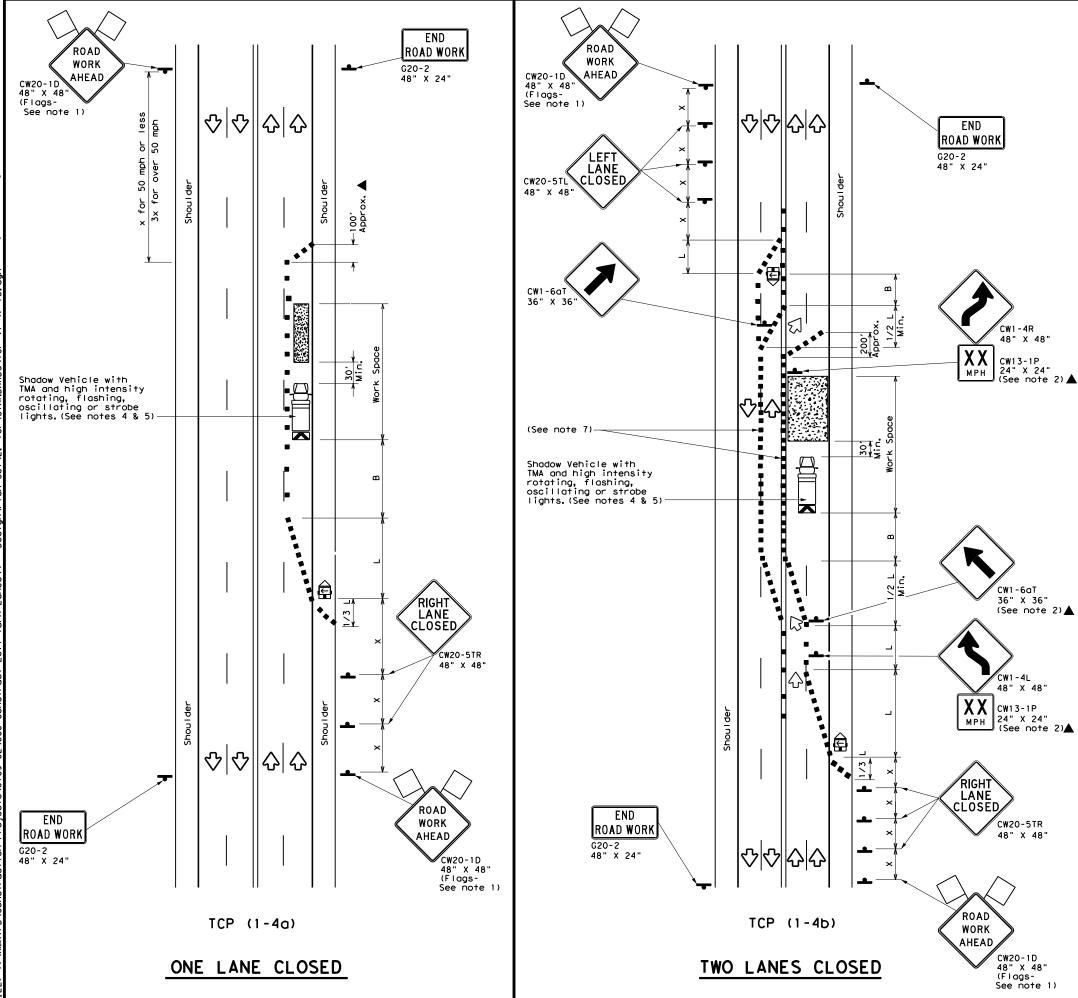


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

FILE: tcp1-3-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0169	02	068		US 60	
8-95 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-18	AMA	AMA POTTER			27	



LEGEND								
Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
Flag	4	Flagger						
	Type 3 Barricade  Heavy Work Vehicle  Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board  Sign	Type 3 Barricade  Heavy Work Vehicle  Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board  Sign						

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>  WS²</u>	150′	165′	180'	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	600′	50'	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	L-W3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140'	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ₩ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.

  4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

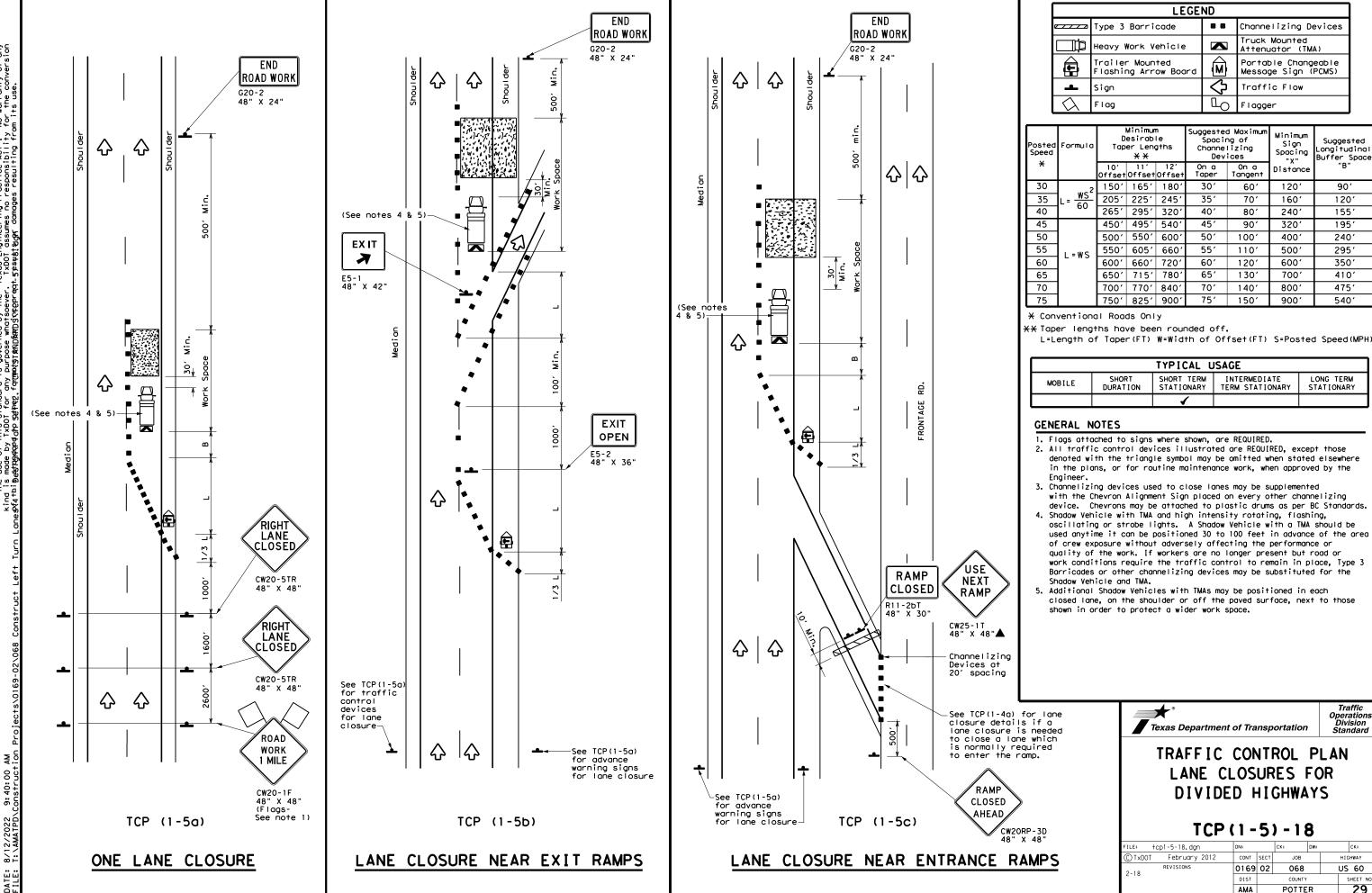


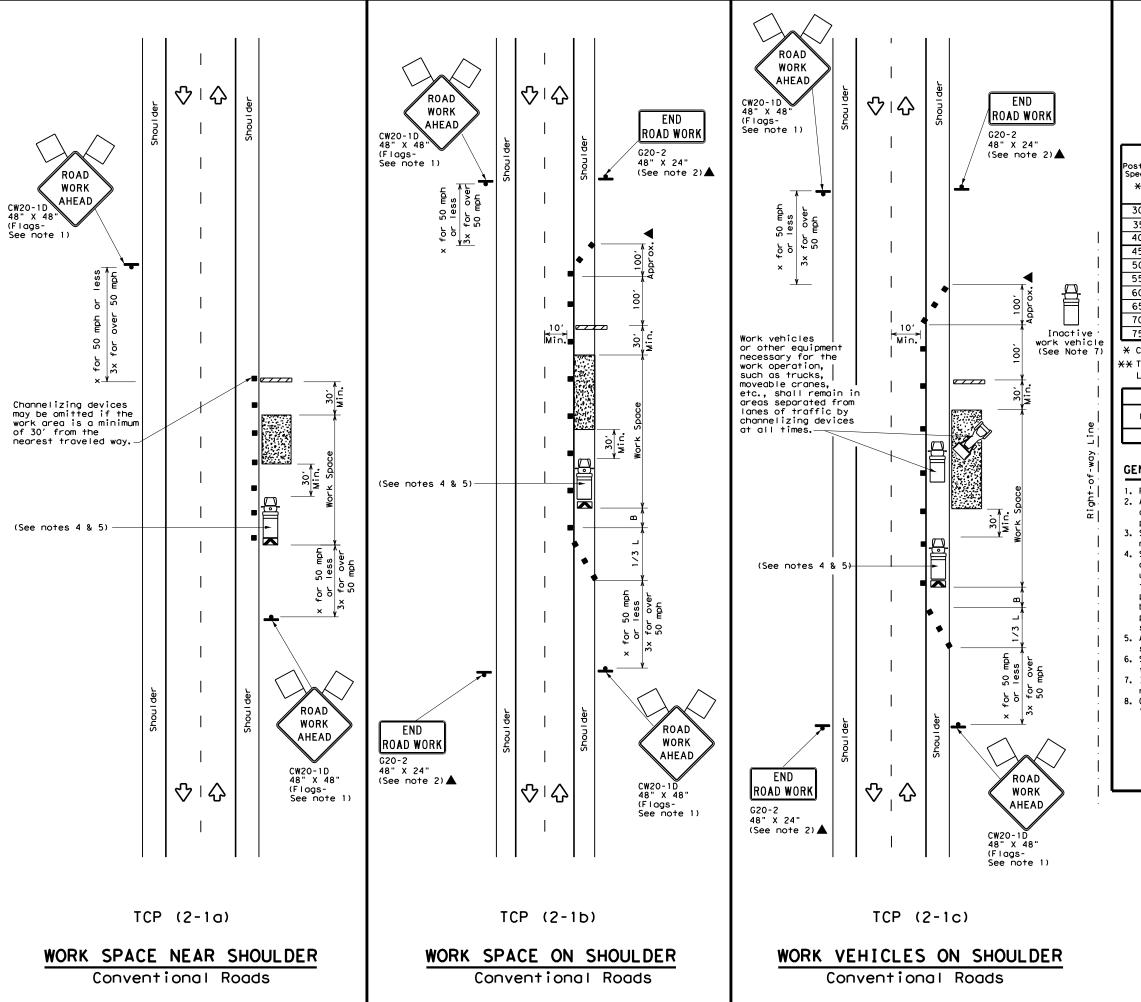
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	r: CK:	
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
2-94 4-98 REVISIONS	0169	02	068		US 60	
8-95 2-12	DIST	ST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-18	AMA	MA POTTER				28





LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board M Traffic Flow Sign  $\Diamond$ Flag Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend <del>X X</del>	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper			"B"
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90,
35	L = WS ²	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265'	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	1301	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	<b>√</b>	1	1	✓						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

• .	_	-	-	-	
ILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0169	02	068		US 60
3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	AMA		POTTE	R	30



Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction

YIELD

ΤO ONCOMING TRAFFIC R1-2aP 48" X 36" (See note 9)

R1-2

42" X 42

Devices at 20'

spacing on the Taper

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 6 & 7)

Devices at 20' spacing on the Taper

(See Note 2)▲

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

Temporary Yield Line

END

ROAD WORK

·Temporary Yield Line (See Note 2)▲

42" X 42 " X 42"

(See note 9)

48" X 48"

CW20-4D

48" X 48"

ΤO

ONE LANE

AHEAD

ONCOMING R1-20P
48" X 36"
(See note

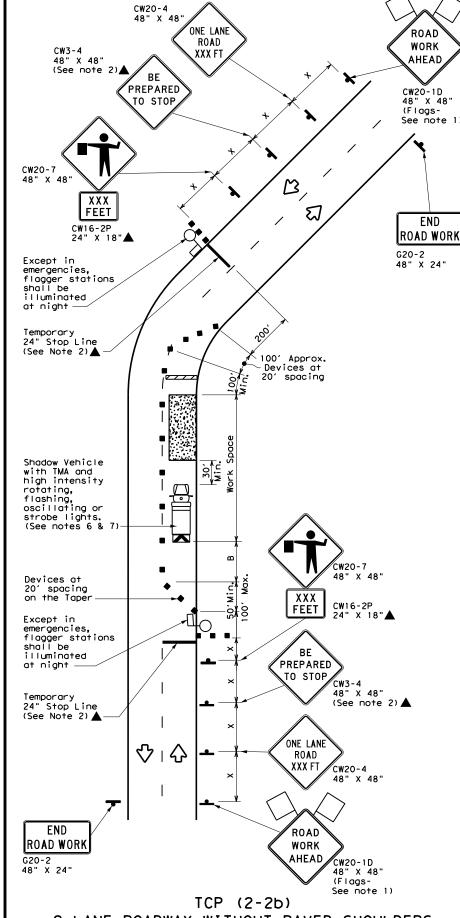
G20-2 48" X 24"

 $\langle \rangle$ 

ŏ. ĕ. Š.

ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) TCP (2-2a) 2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS (Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)

♡ | む



2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS

ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	Ū _Ο	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	 D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	, <u>ws²</u>	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90′	200′
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	240'	1551	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	400'	240'	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	495′
60	- "3	600′	660′	720′	60'	120'	600'	350'	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645'
70		700′	7701	840'	70′	140′	8001	475′	730'
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1							

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FI" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

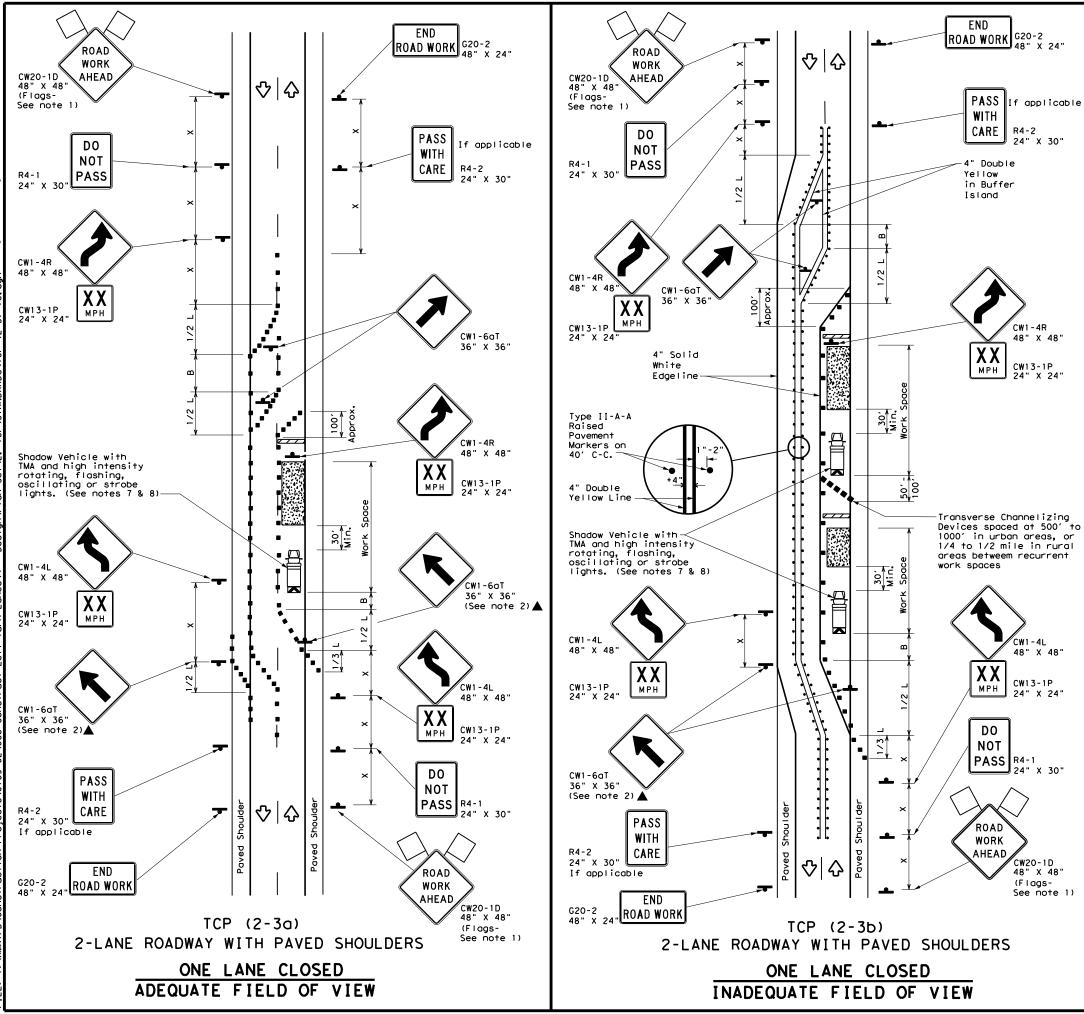


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03	0169	9 02 068 U		US 60	
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	AMA		POTTE	R	31



	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA						
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths **		Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	, <u>ws²</u>	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	b	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - W 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	1301	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
				TCP (2-3b) ONLY						
			√	1						

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue.
 The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- . The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- . Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(5) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



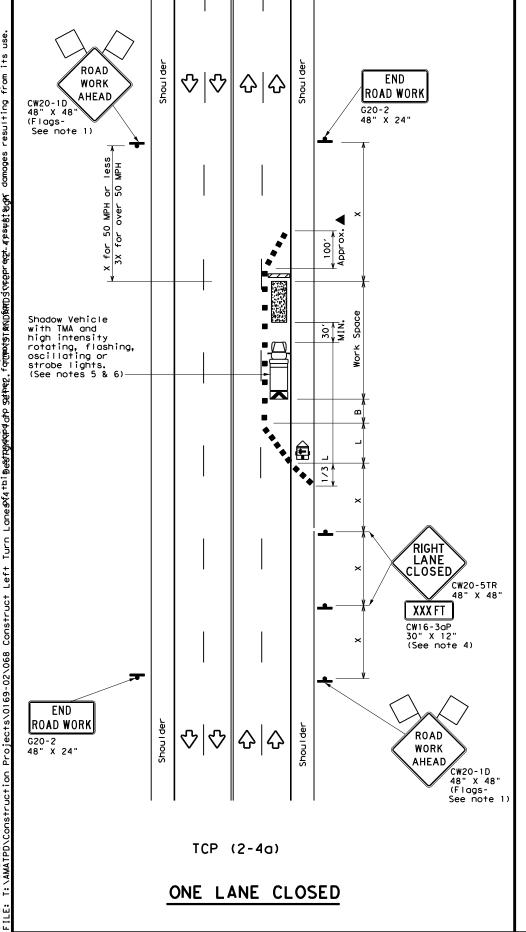
Traffic Operations Division Standard

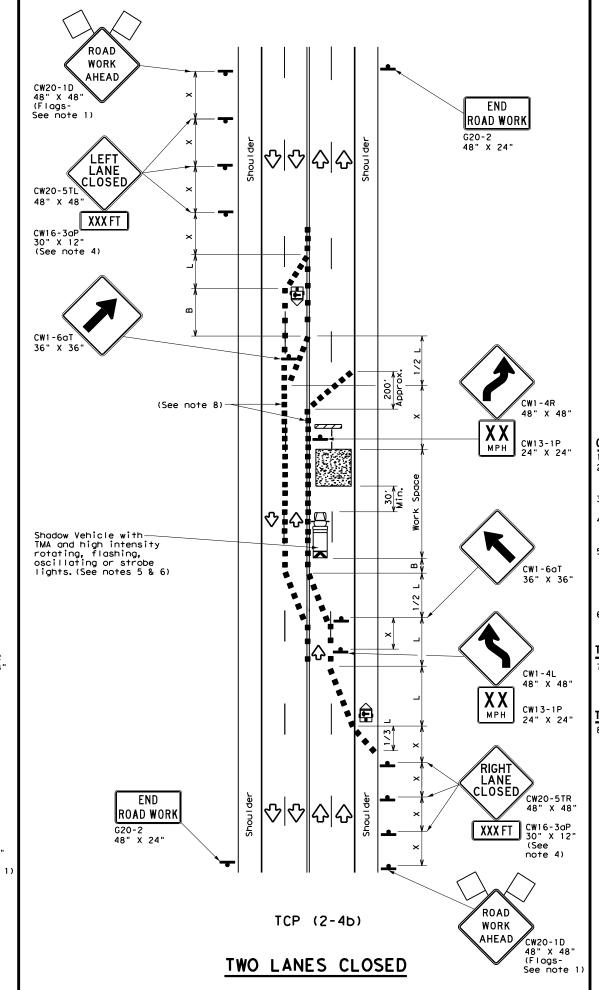
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO-LANE ROADS

TCP(2-3)-18

FILE: tcp(2-3)-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0169	02	068		US 60
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	AMA		POTTE	R	32

163





	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Venicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
•	<u> </u>		Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	П	Flagger							

	V \							
Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	701	160′	120′
40	80	265′	2951	320′	40`	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	5401	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100'	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- ""	600′	6601	720′	60`	120'	600,	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	8401	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
	<b>√ √</b>								

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- 1. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### CP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

## CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

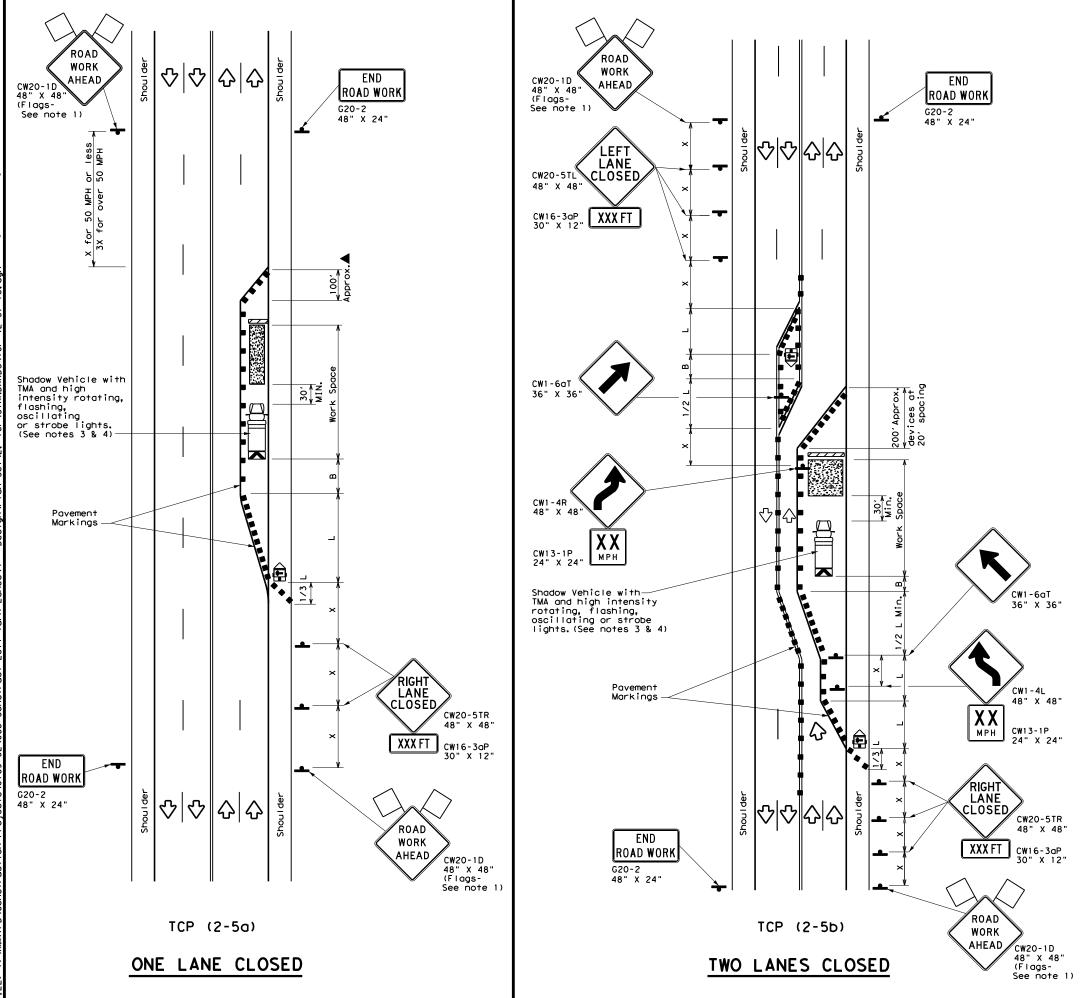


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0169	69 02 068			US 60	
1-97 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 2-18	AMA		POTTE	R	33	



	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>£</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ъ	Flagger						

	V \					, ,,	•	
Posted Speed	Speed		Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180'	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40`	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	3201	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
			✓	<b>√</b>				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substitutued for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 4. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

#### TCP (2-5a)

If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.



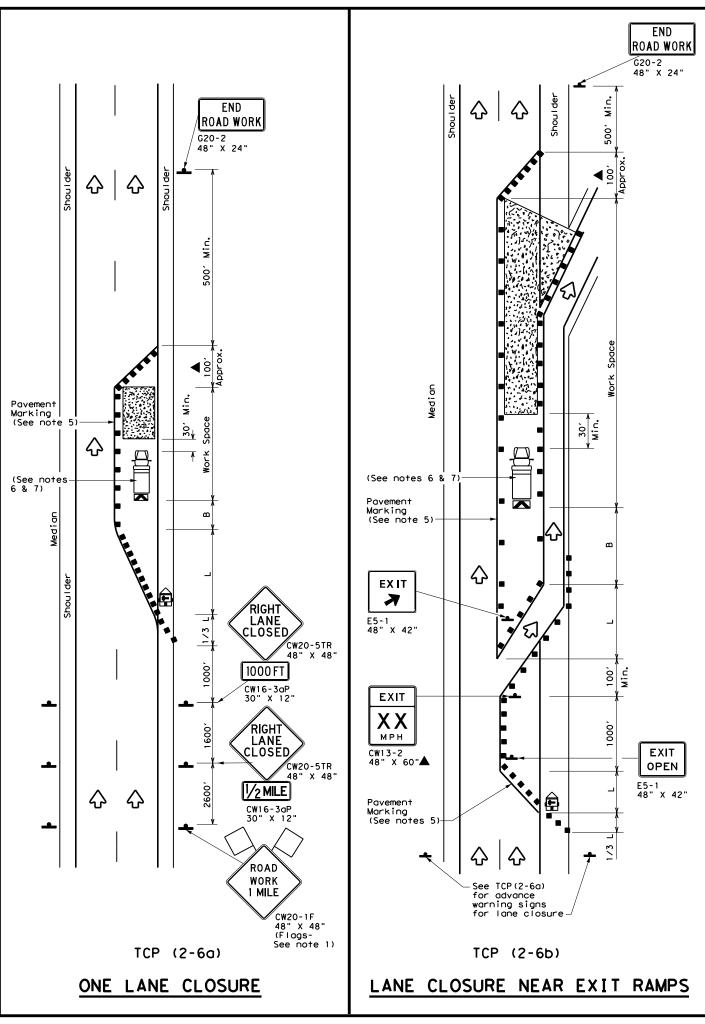
Traffic Operations Division Standard

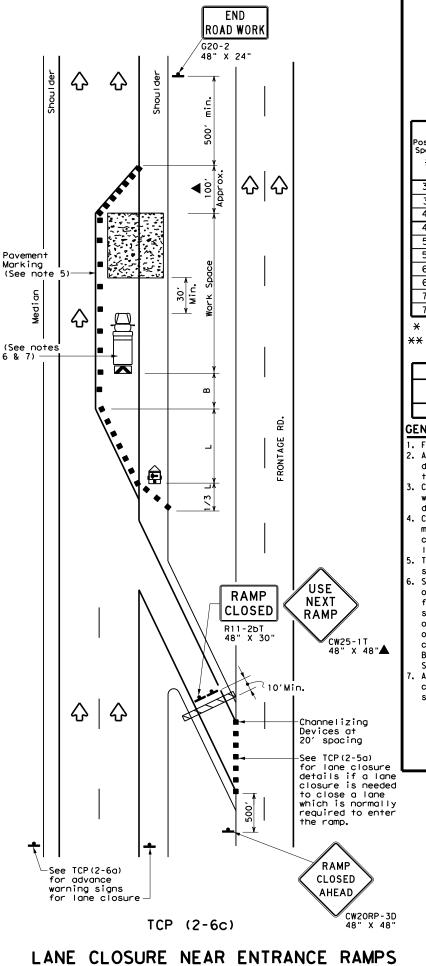
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LONG TERM LANE CLOSURES
MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL RDS.

TCP(2-5)-18

FILE: tcp2-5-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 2-12 REVISIONS	0169	02	068		US 60
1-97 3-03	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	AMA		POTTE	R	34

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	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	ГО	Flagger						

	•								
Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Taper Lengths Channelizing		Spacing of Channelizing		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	"B"	
30	<u> WS</u> 2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120'	90′	
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90'	3201	195′	
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	
60	L 113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- **X Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
			✓	✓				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

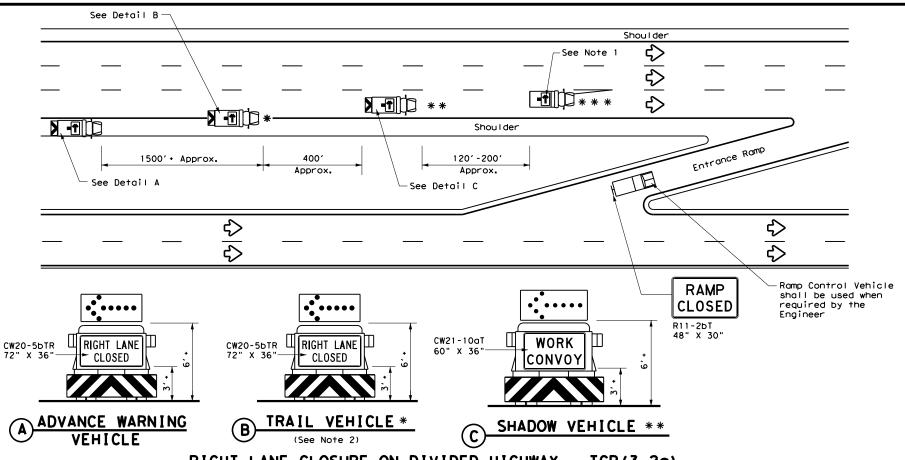
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

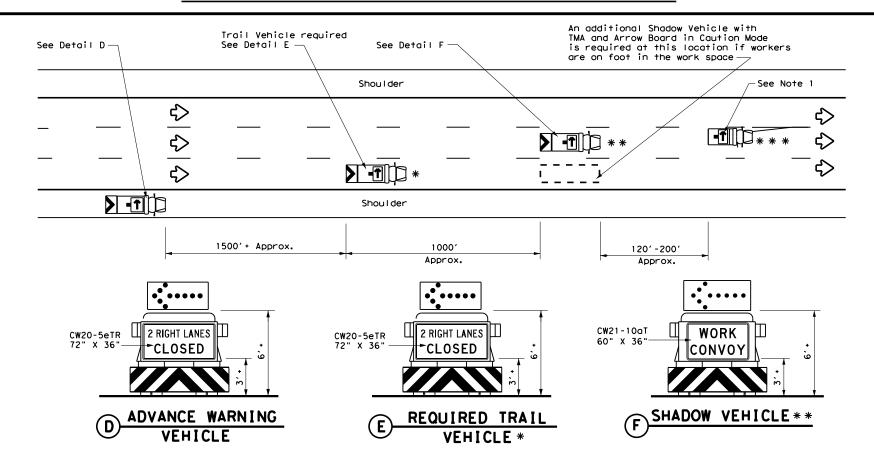
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

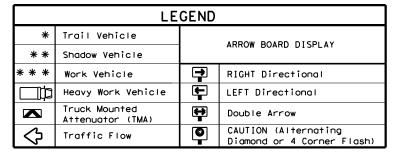
FILE:	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:	
C TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98		0169	02	068		US	60
8-95 2-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	8	AMA		POTTE	R		35



RIGHT LANE CLOSURE ON DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP (3-2a)



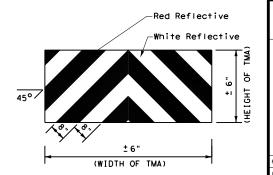
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)



	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
1											

GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



STRIPING FOR TMA

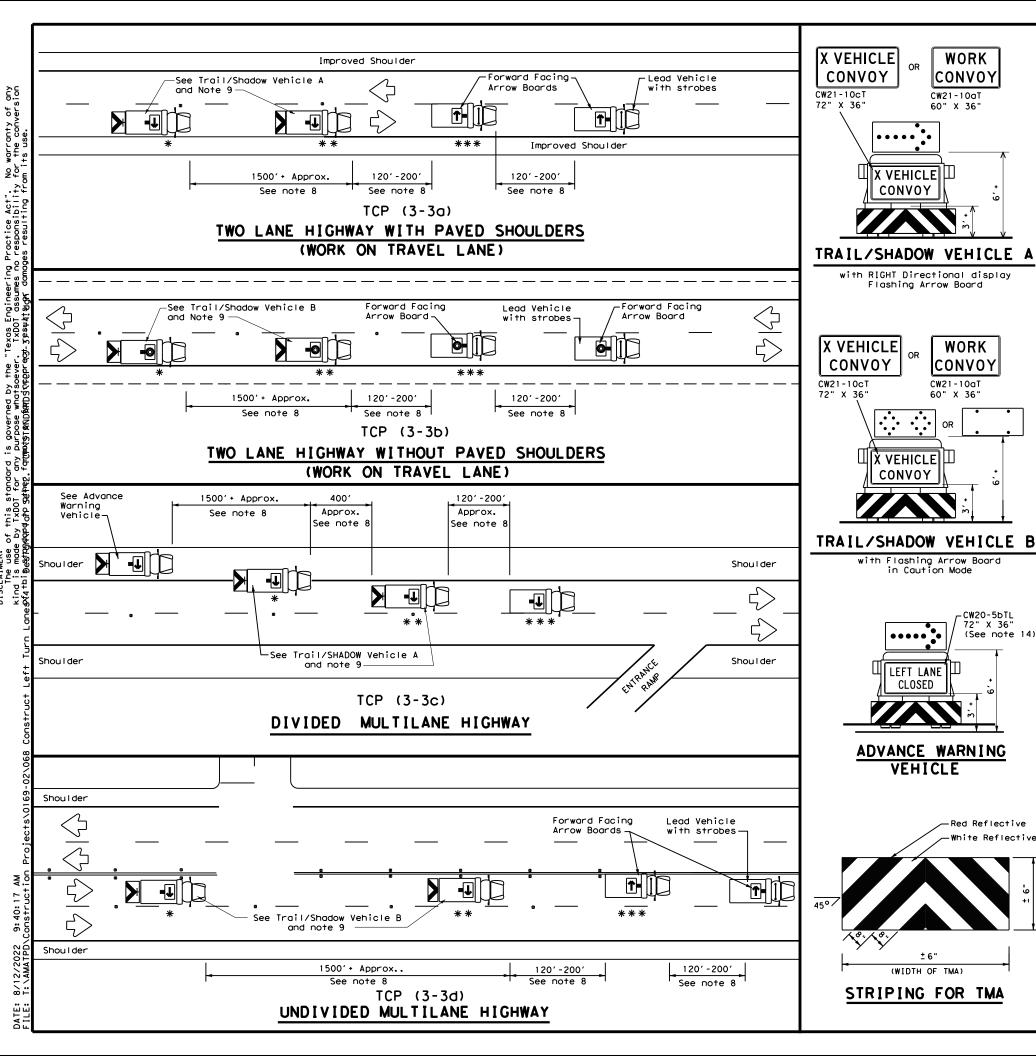


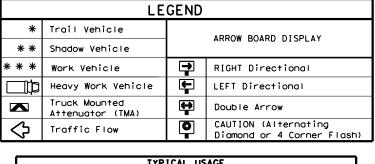
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-2) -13

			_			_	
.E:	tcp3-2.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	CONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 94 4-98		0169	02	068		US	60
95 7-1		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
97		AMA		POTTE	R		36





TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36' (See note 14)

-Red Reflective

CW21-10aT

X VEHICLE|川

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

CONVOY

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

 When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

 Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10c1) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10c1) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	CK: TXDOT DW:		TxDOT CK: TxDO		
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0169	02	068 US		60		
8-95 7-13	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
1-97 7-14	AMA		POTTE	R		37	

CW20-3C

M1-6T

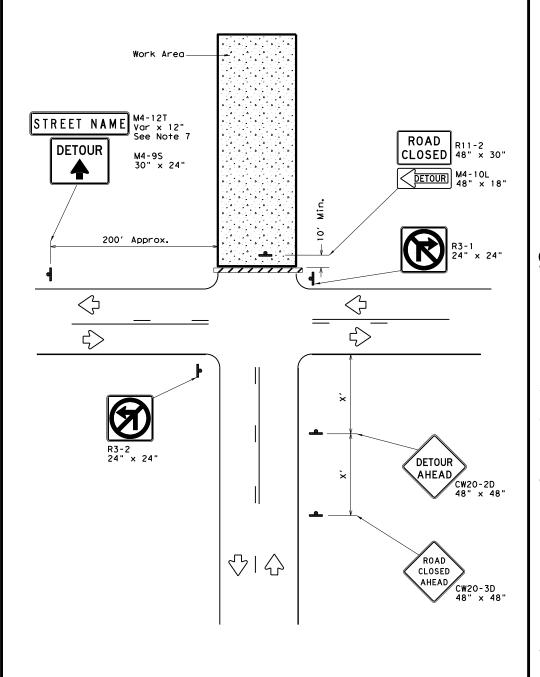
M1-6T

24" x 24"

M5-1L 21" x 15"

CW20-2A

24" x 24"



ROAD CLOSURE AT THE INTERSECTION

Signing for an Un-numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour

LEGEND							
Type 3 Barricade							
-	Sign						

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600'
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

* Conventional Roads Only

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This sheet is intended to provide details for temporary work zone road closures. For permanent road closure details see the
- 2. Barricades used shall meet the requirements shown on Barricade and Construction Standard BC(10) and listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices list (CWZTCD).
- 3. Stockpiled materials shall not be placed on the traffic side of
- 4. Barricades at the road closure should extend from pavement edge to pavement edge.
- 5. Detour signing shown is intended to illustrate the type of signing that is appropriate for numbered routes or un-numbered routes as labeled. It does not indicate the full extent of detour signing required. Detour routes should be signed as shown elsewhere in
- 6. If the road is open for a significant distance beyond the intersection or there are significant origin/destination points beyond the intersection, the signs and barricades at this location should be located at the edge of the traveled way.
- 7. The Street Name (M4-12T) sign is to be placed above the DETOUR (M4-9S) sign.
- 8. For urban areas where there is a shorter distance between the intersection and the actual closure location, the ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD (R11-3a) sign may be replaced with a ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign. If adequate space does not exist between the intersection and the closure a single ROAD CLOSED AHEAD (CW20-3D) sign spaced as per the table above may replace the ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT (CW20-3B) and ROAD CLOSED 500 FT (CW20-3C) signs.
- 9. Signs and barricades shown shall be subsidiary to Item 502. Locations where these details will be required shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.



WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE DETAILS

WZ (RCD) - 13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

	***			-	_			
FILE:	wzrod-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxD0T	TxDOT August 1995 CONT		SECT	JOB		HI	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0169	02	068		US	60	
1-97 4-98	7-13	DIST	T COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
2-98 3-03		AMA	MA POTTER			38		

 \Diamond

WZ (RS-1a)

RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE

TWO-WAY APPLICATION

Warning sign

TABLE 1

< 4,500

> 4,500

3,500

> 3,500

< 2,600

<u>></u> 2,600

< 1,600

<u>></u> 1,600

N/A

RUMBLE

AHEAD,

ROAD

WORK AHEAD CW17-2T

48" X 48"

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

(See note 2)

of Rumble

Strip

Arrays

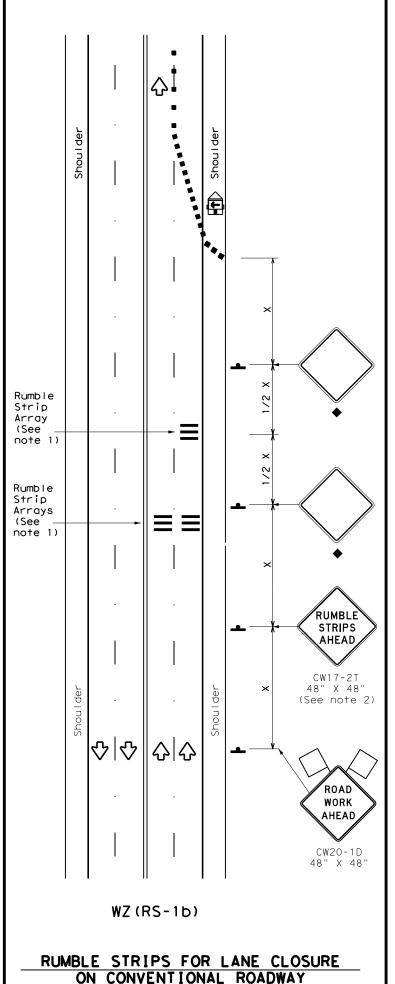
2

2

1

2

2



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
•	Sign	₩	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	ПO	Flagger					

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30	ws ²	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	701	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40'	80′	240'	155′	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90,	320'	195′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′	4001	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L - # 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′	
65		6501	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410'	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	8001	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75'	150′	900′	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	✓	√						

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array					
<u><</u> 40 MPH	10′					
> 40 MPH & <u><</u> 55 MPH	15′					
= 60 MPH	20′					
<u>></u> 65 MPH	* 35′+					

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

FILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
CTxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0169	02	068		US	60
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-16	AMA		POTTE	R		39

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- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible-
- 2. Short term payement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.

Type Y-2 or W

Yellow or White

Type Y-2 or V

→ 4.5′±6"

→| **←** 1′±3"

 $\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{m}$

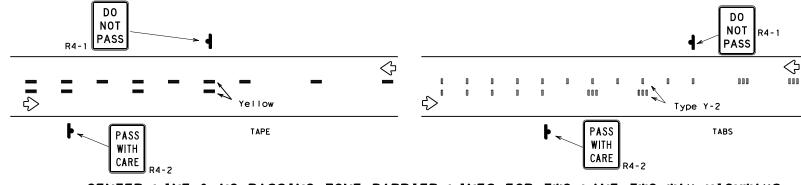
3'±3"

- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term payement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

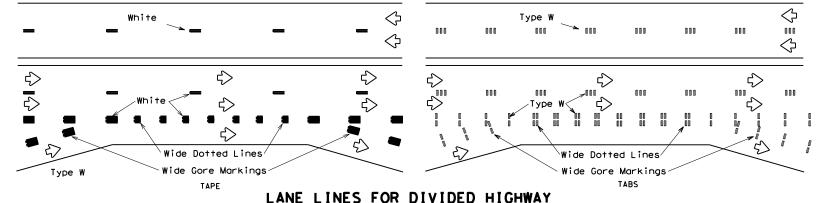
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

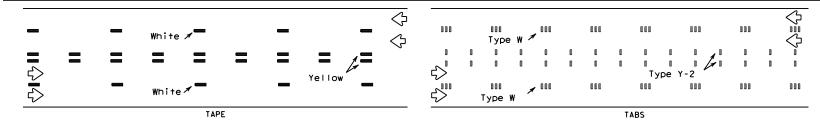
WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS



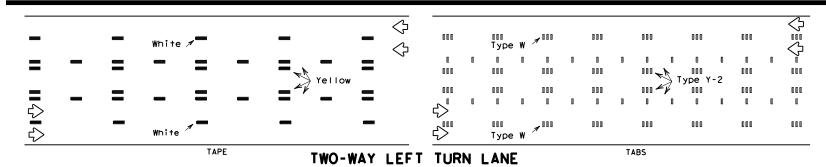
CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

Texas Department of Transportation

Operation Division Standard

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240
 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade
 Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM

WZ	(S	۱H	'M)-	1	3
3.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT
92	CONT	SECT	JOB		н

ck: TxDO April 199 C) TxDOT 0169 02 068 US 60 POTTER 40

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are installed.
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1			
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices	
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11	
7//)	kimum of 1 1/4 " for planing erlay operations if uneven n 1 are open to traffic ase.		
② >3 D A 2 A 4 1	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11	
0 16 3/4 7 D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".		
Notched Wedge Joint			

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	nal roads	36" >	< 36"
Freeways/e divided		48" >	48"

SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

Texas Department of Transportation

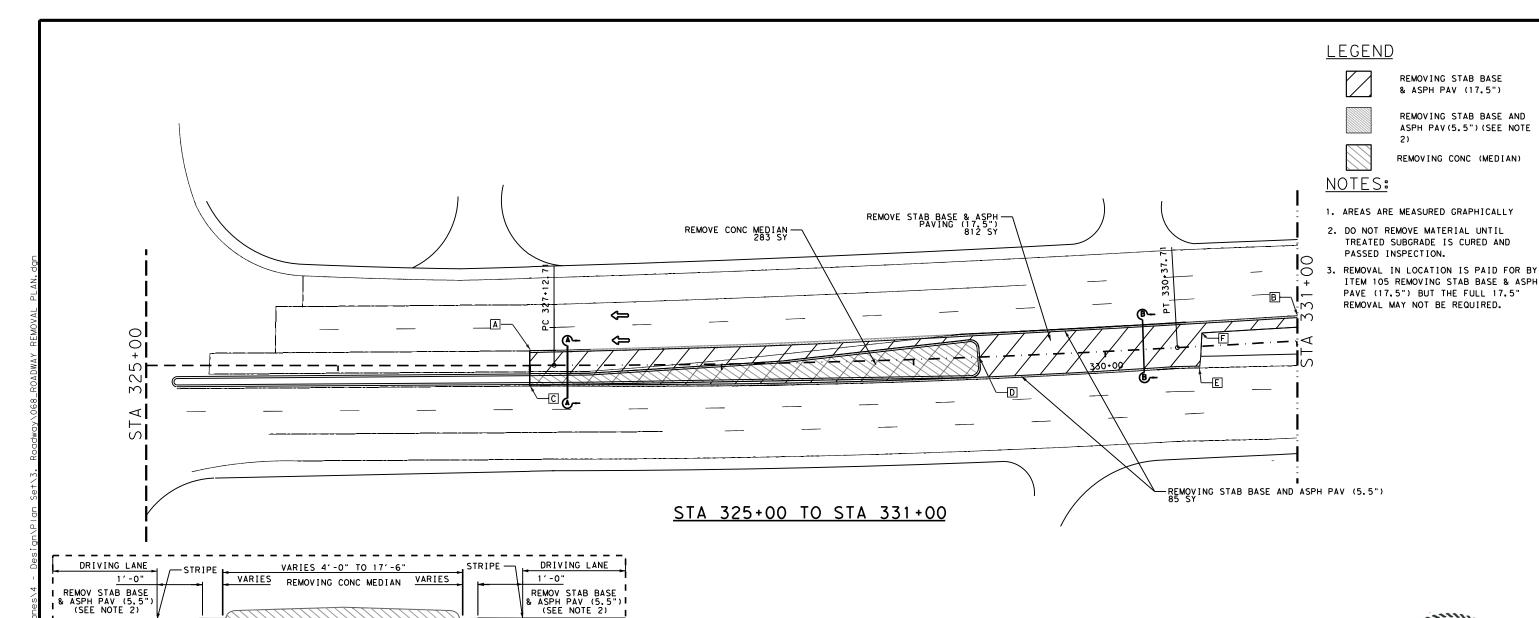
WZ (UL) - 13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

FILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0169	02	068		US	60
8-95 2-98	7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 3-03		AMA		POTTE	R		41

112

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5.50" ACP

EXISTING 18" FLEXBASE

DETAIL A-A

T	TABLE OF POINTS (1 OF 19)			
POINT	STATION	OFFSET FROM CL		
А	327+00	8′-0" L		
В	331+00	13'-0" L		
С	327+00	11'-0" R		
D	329+34	0'-0" CL		
E	330+49	11'-0" R		
F	330+49	7′-0" L		

SUMMA	RY OF ROADWAY REMO	VAL PLAN SHEET	
	104	105	105
LOCATION	6011	6163	6071
	REMOVING CONC (MEDIANS)	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5" - 6")
	SY	SY	SY
CSJ: 0169-02-068			
STA 327+00 TO STA 331+00	283	812	85
PROJECT TOTALS	283	812	85



US 60

ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



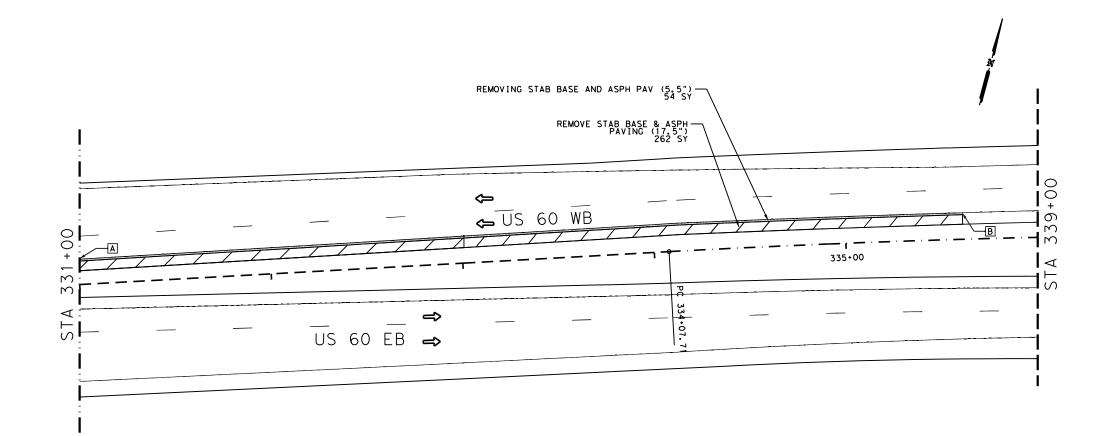
Texas Department of Transportation

DRIVING LANE				DRIVING LANE
I 1'-0" I REMOV STAB BASE I & ASPH PAV (5,5")	STRIPE	22'-0" REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	STRIPE —	1'-0" REMOV STAB BASE I & ASPH PAV (5.5")
(SEE NOTE 2) / 5.50" ACP		(SEE NOTE 1)		(SEE NOTE 2) 5.50" ACP
EXISTING 18" FLEXBASE				EXISTING IN 18" FLEXBASE IN I
 	DET	AIL B-B		!

REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")
(SEE NOTE 3)

5.50" ACP

EXISTING 18" FLEXBASE



STA 331+00 TO STA 339+00

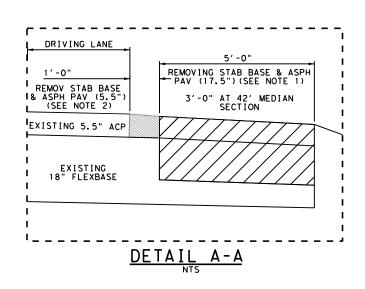


	TABLE OF POINTS (2 OF 19)				
POINT	STATION	OFFSET FROM CL			
Α	331+00	13'-0" L			
В	335+61	14'-0" L			

SUMMARY OF ROA	ADWAY REMOVAL PLAN SI	HEET
	105	105
	6163	6071
LOCATION	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5" - 6")
	SY	SY
CSJ: 0169-02-068		
STA 327+32 TO STA 350+00	262	54
PROJECT TOTALS	262	54

<u>LEGEND</u>

REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")



REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV(5.5") (SEE NOTE 2)

NOTES:

- 1. AREAS ARE MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- DO NOT REMOVE MATERIAL UNTIL TREATED SUBGRADE IS CURED AND PASSED INSPECTION.



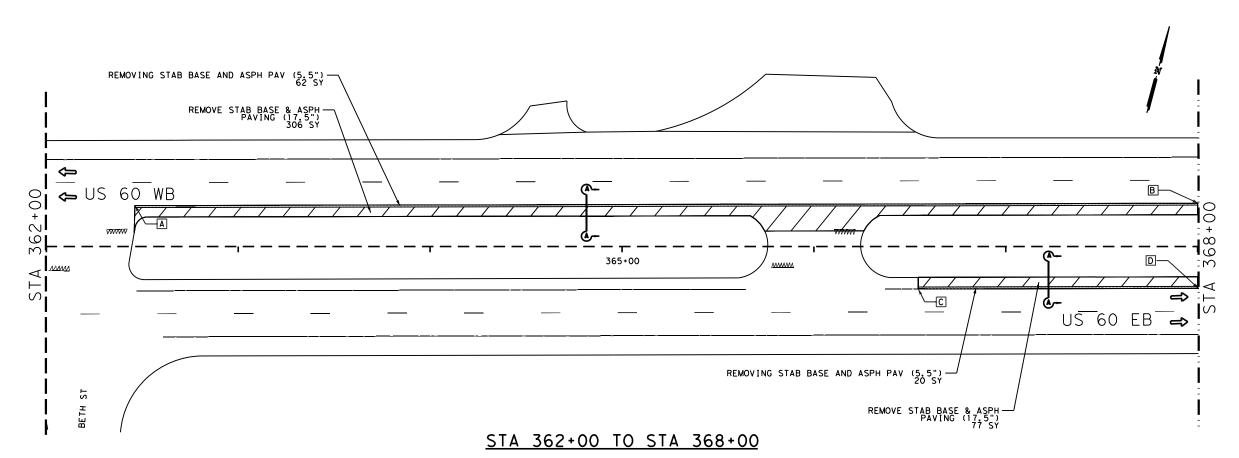
US 60

ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



exas Department of Transportatio



LEGEND

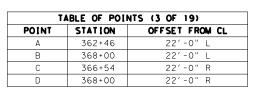
REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")



REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV(5.5") (SEE NOTE

NOTES:

- 1. AREAS ARE MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- DO NOT REMOVE MATERIAL UNTIL TREATED SUBGRADE IS CURED AND PASSED INSPECTION.



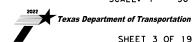
SUMMARY OF ROAD	WAY REMOVAL PLAN SHE	ET
	105	105
	6163	6071
LOCATION	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5" - 6")
	SY	SY
CSJ: 0169-02-068		
STA 362+46 TO STA 368+00	306	62
STA 366+54 TO STA 368+00	77	20
PROJECT TOTALS	383	82



US 60

ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



SHEET 3 OF 19

KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60

DRIVING LANE

EXISTING 5.5" ACP

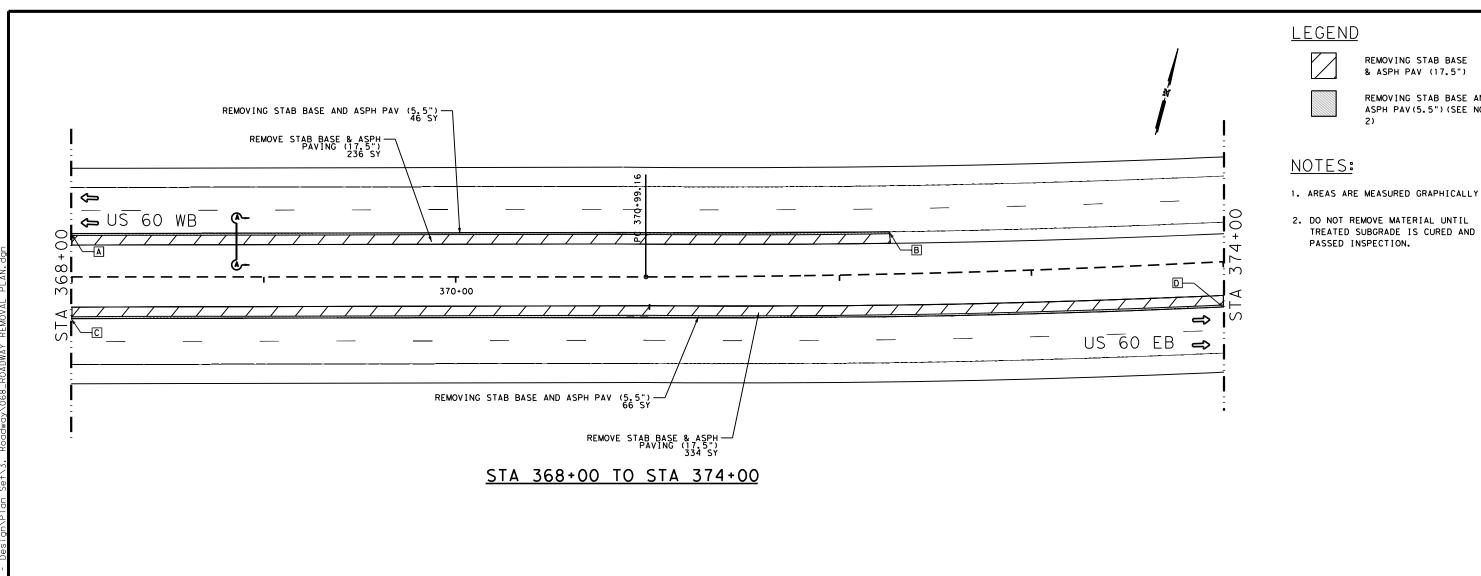
EXISTING 18" FLEXBASE

1'-0"

5'-0" REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5") (SEE NOTE 1)

3'-0" AT 42' MEDIAN SECTION

DETAIL A-A



T	TABLE OF POINTS (4 OF 19)			
POINT	STATION	OFFSET FROM CL		
Α	368+00	22'-0" L		
В	372+27	22'-0" L		
С	368+00	22'-0" R		
D	374+00	22'-0" R		

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN SHEET			
	105	105	
	6163	6071	
LOCATION	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5" - 6")	
	SY	SY	
CSJ: 0169-02-068			
STA 368+00 TO STA 372+27	236	46	
STA 368+00 TO STA 374+00	334	66	
PROJECT TOTALS	570	112	



REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")

REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV(5.5") (SEE NOTE

US 60

ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



SHEET 4 OF 19

KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60 SHEET NO. POTTER

DRIVING LANE

REMOV STAB BASE 1& ASPH PAV (5.5") (SEE NOTE 2)

EXISTING 5.5" ACP

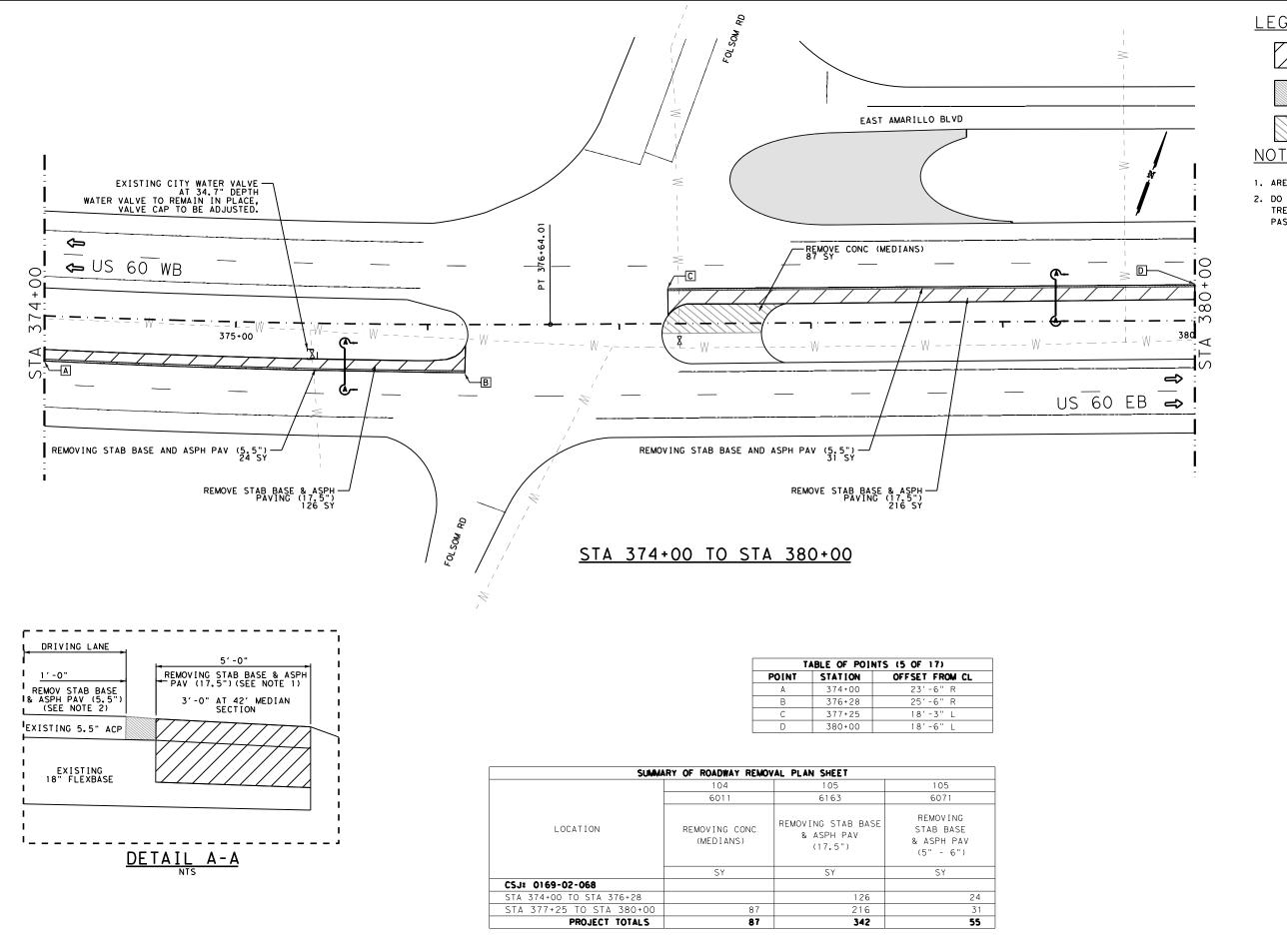
EXISTING 18" FLEXBASE

1′-0"

5'-0" REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5") (SEE NOTE 1)

3'-0" AT 42' MEDIAN SECTION

DETAIL A-A



LEGEND

REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")



REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV(5.5") (SEE NOTE



REMOVING CONC (MEDIAN)

NOTES:

- 1. AREAS ARE MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 2. DO NOT REMOVE MATERIAL UNTIL TREATED SUBGRADE IS CURED AND PASSED INSPECTION.



US 60

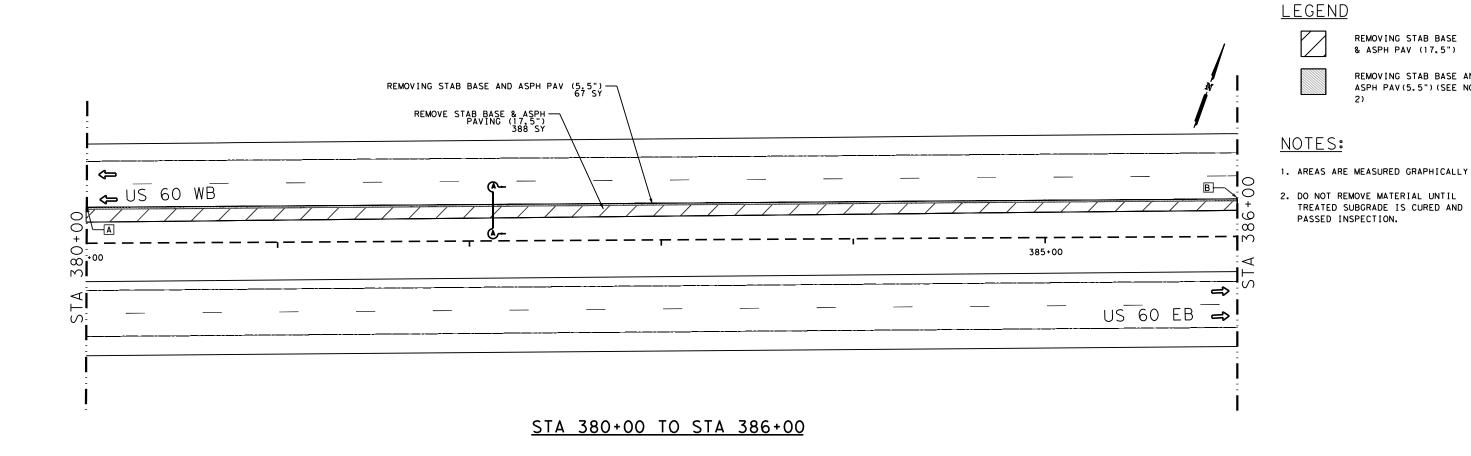
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

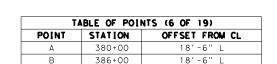
SCALE: 1" = 50'



Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 5 OF 19 KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60 POTTER





SUMMARY OF ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN SHEET		
	105	105
	6163	6071
LOCATION	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5" - 6")
	SY	SY
CSJ: 0169-02-068		
STA 380+00 TO STA 386+00	388	67
PROJECT TOTALS	388	67



US 60

ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



SHEET 6 OF 19

KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60 SHEET NO. POTTER

DRIVING LANE 1'-0" REMOV STAB BASE 1& ASPH PAV (5.5") (SEE NOTE 2) EXISTING 5.5" ACP EXISTING 18" FLEXBASE

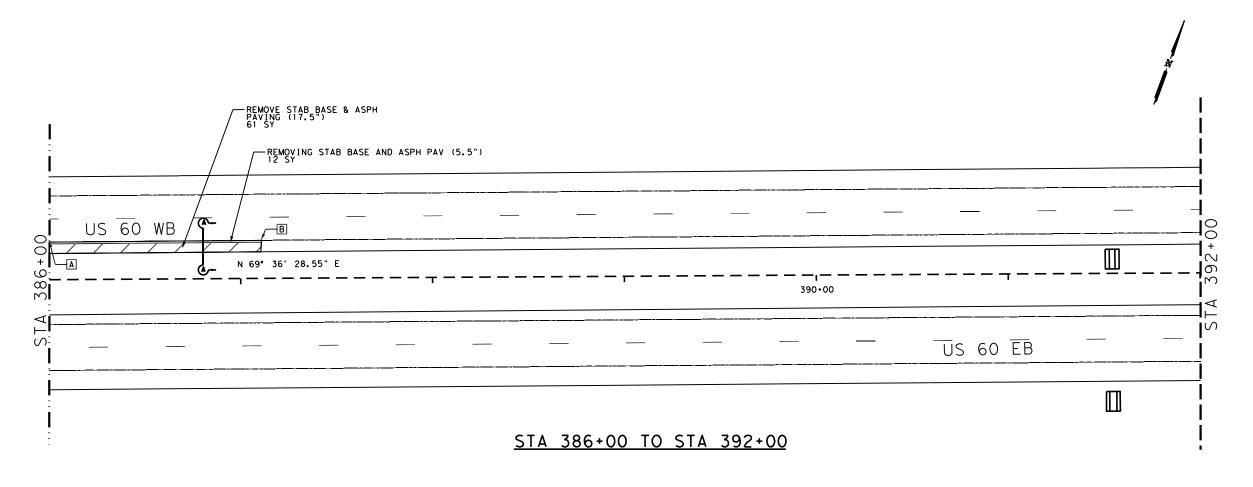
DETAIL A-A

5'-0" REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5") (SEE NOTE 1)

3'-0" AT 42' MEDIAN SECTION

REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")

REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV(5.5") (SEE NOTE



T	ABLE OF POI	NTS (7 OF 19)
POINT	STATION	OFFSET FROM CL
А	386+00	20'-0" L
R	387+11	20'-0"

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN SHEET			
	105	105	
	6163	6071	
LOCATION	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5" - 6")	
	SY	SY	
CSJ: 0169-02-068			
STA 386+00 TO STA 387+11	61	12	
PROJECT TOTALS	61	12	



REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")



REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV(5.5") (SEE NOTE

NOTES:

- 1. AREAS ARE MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 2. DO NOT REMOVE MATERIAL UNTIL TREATED SUBGRADE IS CURED AND PASSED INSPECTION.



US 60

ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60

DRIVING LANE

REMOV STAB BASE 1& ASPH PAV (5,5") (SEE NOTE 2)

EXISTING 5.5" ACP

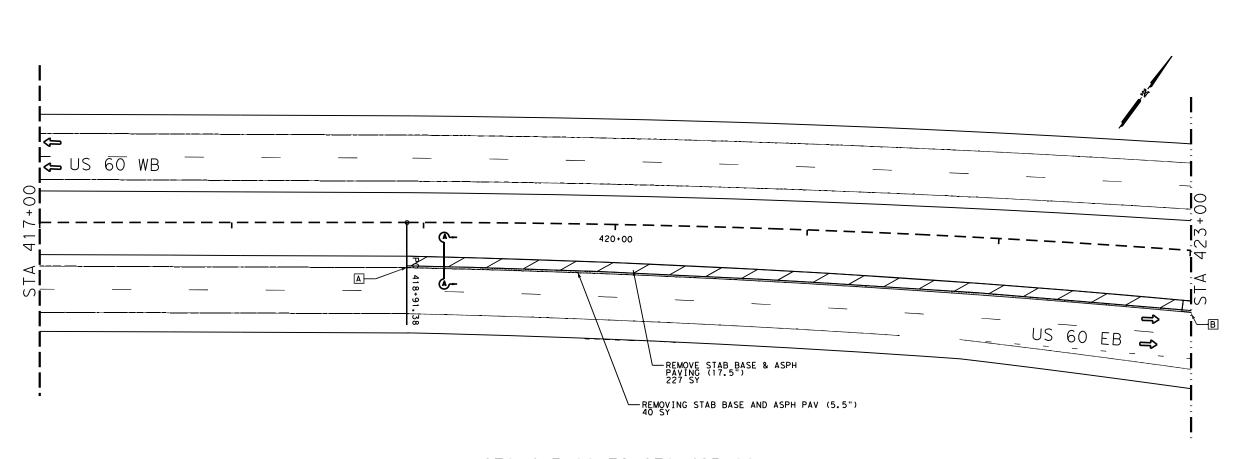
EXISTING 18" FLEXBASE

1′-0"

REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")(SEE NOTE 1)

3'-0" AT 42' MEDIAN SECTION

DETAIL A-A



<u>LEGEND</u>

REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")

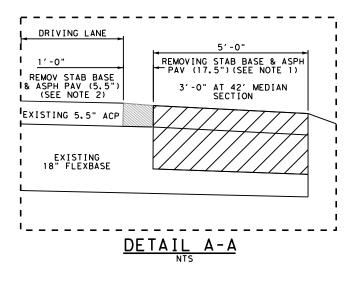


REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV(5.5") (SEE NOTE 2)

NOTES:

- 1. AREAS ARE MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 2. DO NOT REMOVE MATERIAL UNTIL TREATED SUBGRADE IS CURED AND PASSED INSPECTION.

STA 417+00 TO STA 423+00



SUMMARY OF ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN SHEET		
	105	105
	6163	6071
LOCATION	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5" - 6")
	SY	SY
CSJ: 0169-02-068		
STA 418+91 TO STA 423+00	227	40
PROJECT TOTALS	227	40

TABLE OF POINTS (8 OF 19)

OFFSET FROM CL

23′-0" R 33′-0" R

POINT STATION

418+91 423+00



US 60

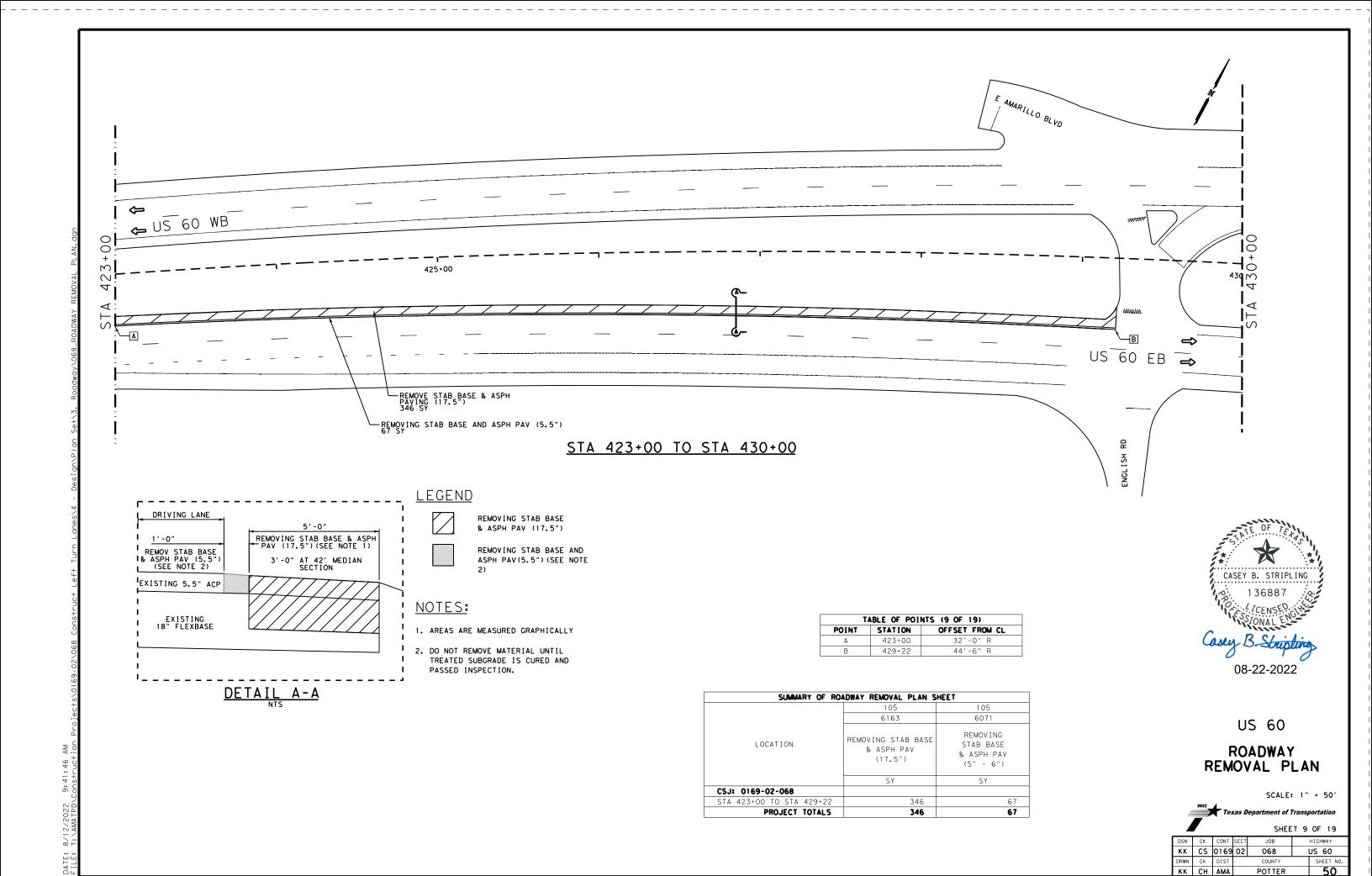
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

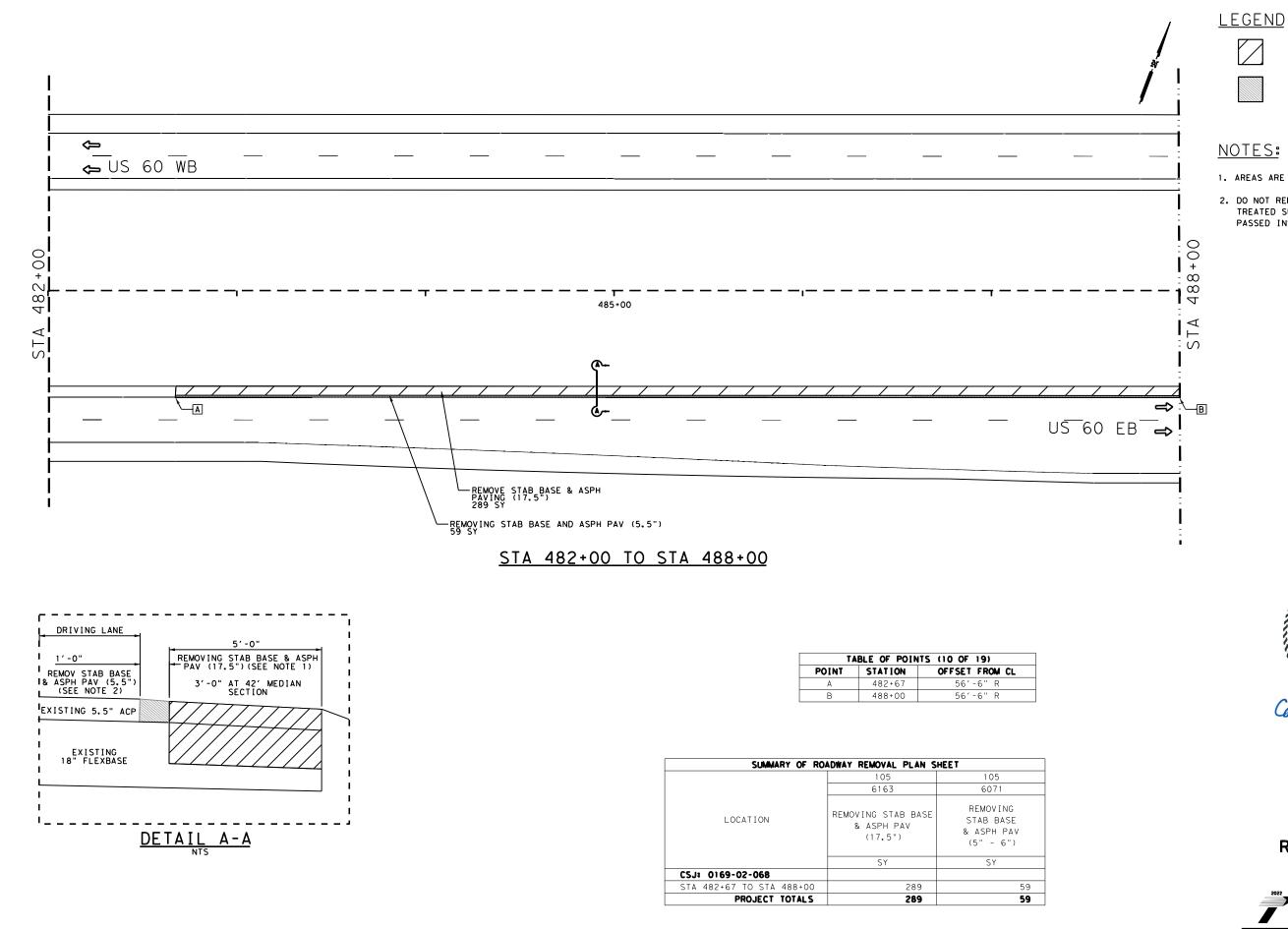
SCALE: 1" = 50'



Texas Department of Transportation

DATE: 8/12/2022 9:41:40 AM





REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")

REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV (5.5") (SEE NOTE

- 1. AREAS ARE MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 2. DO NOT REMOVE MATERIAL UNTIL TREATED SUBGRADE IS CURED AND PASSED INSPECTION.



US 60

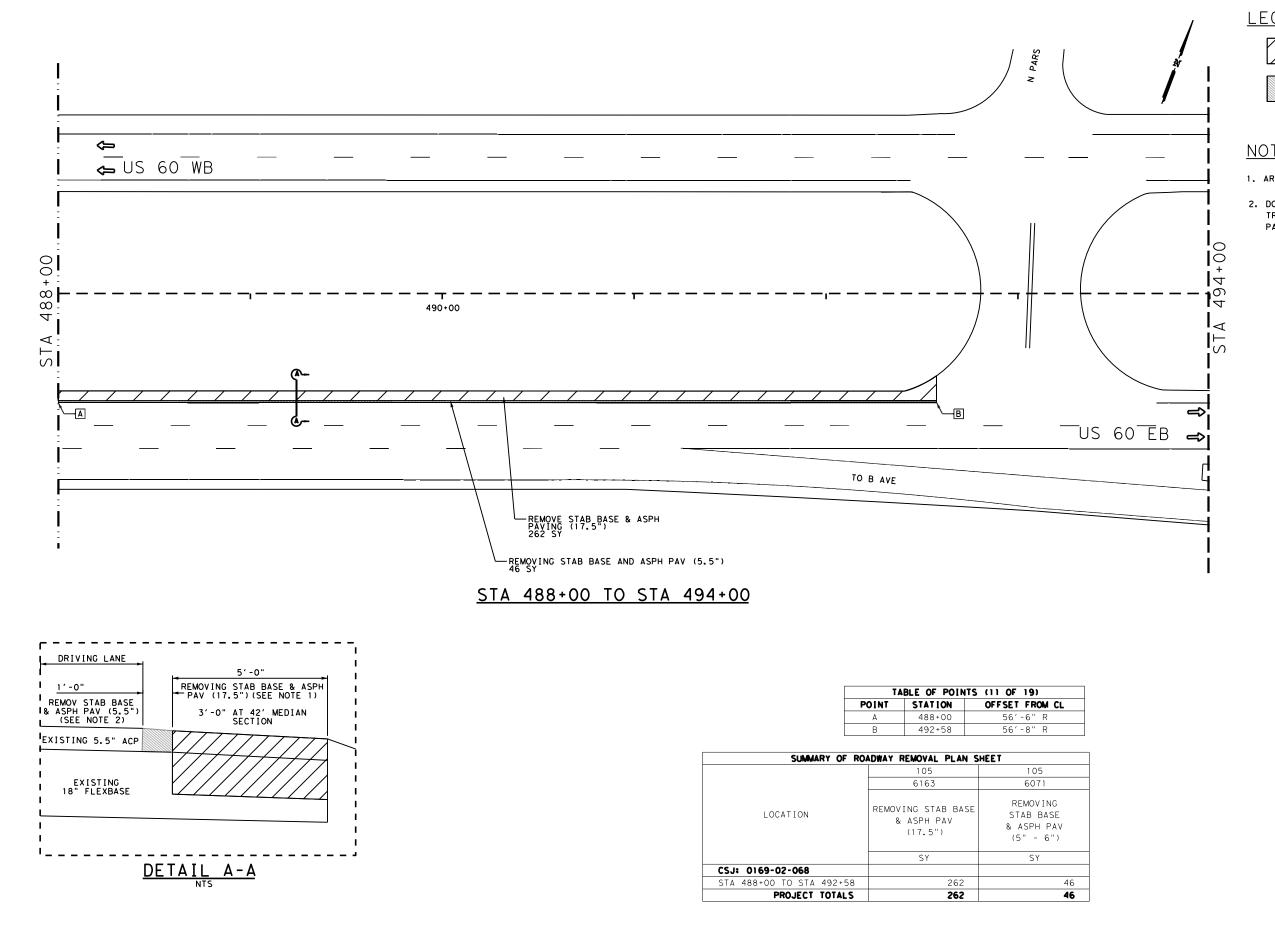
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 10 OF 19 KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60 POTTER 51



LEGEND

REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")



REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV (5.5") (SEE NOTE

NOTES:

- 1. AREAS ARE MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 2. DO NOT REMOVE MATERIAL UNTIL TREATED SUBGRADE IS CURED AND PASSED INSPECTION.



US 60

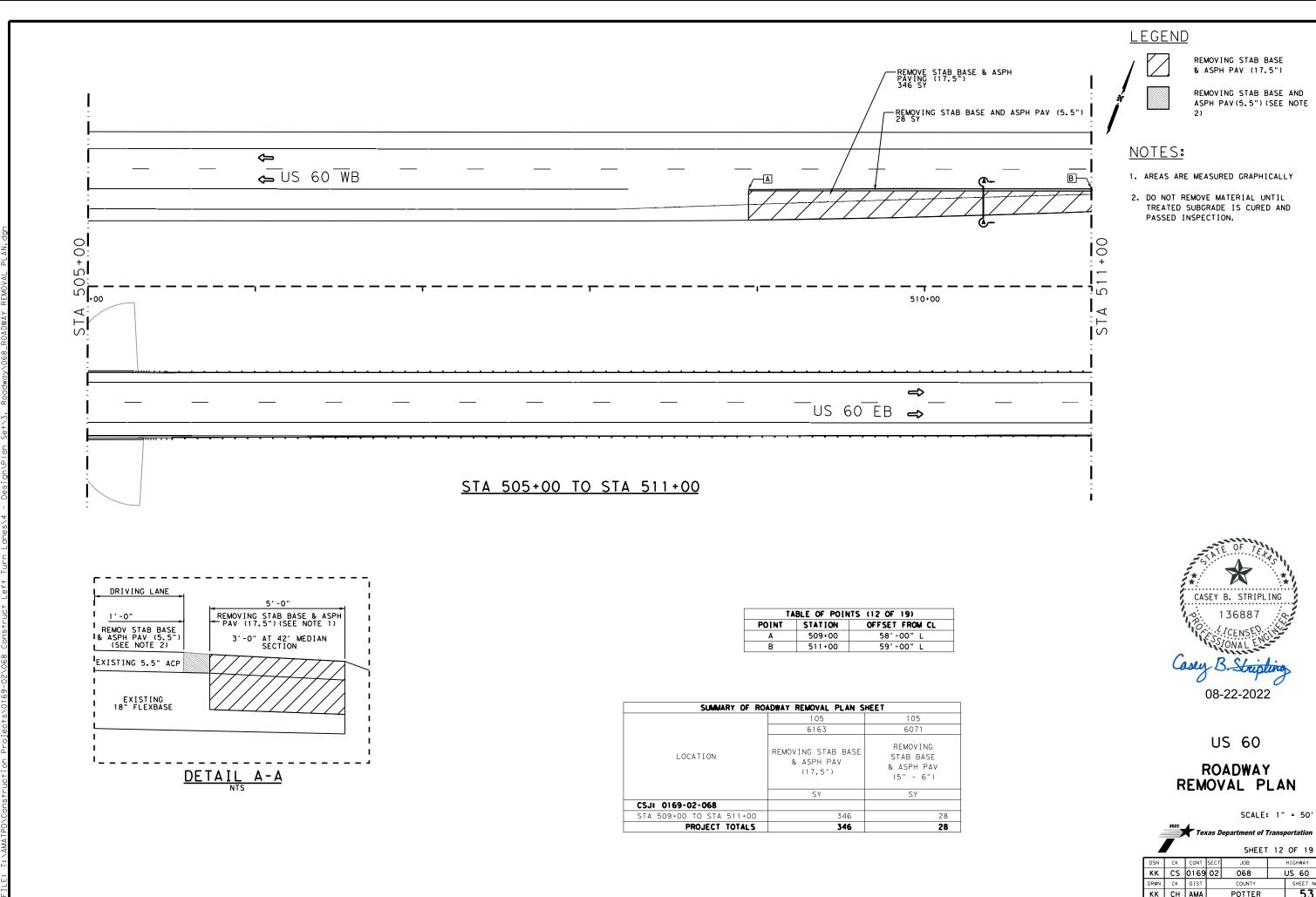
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'

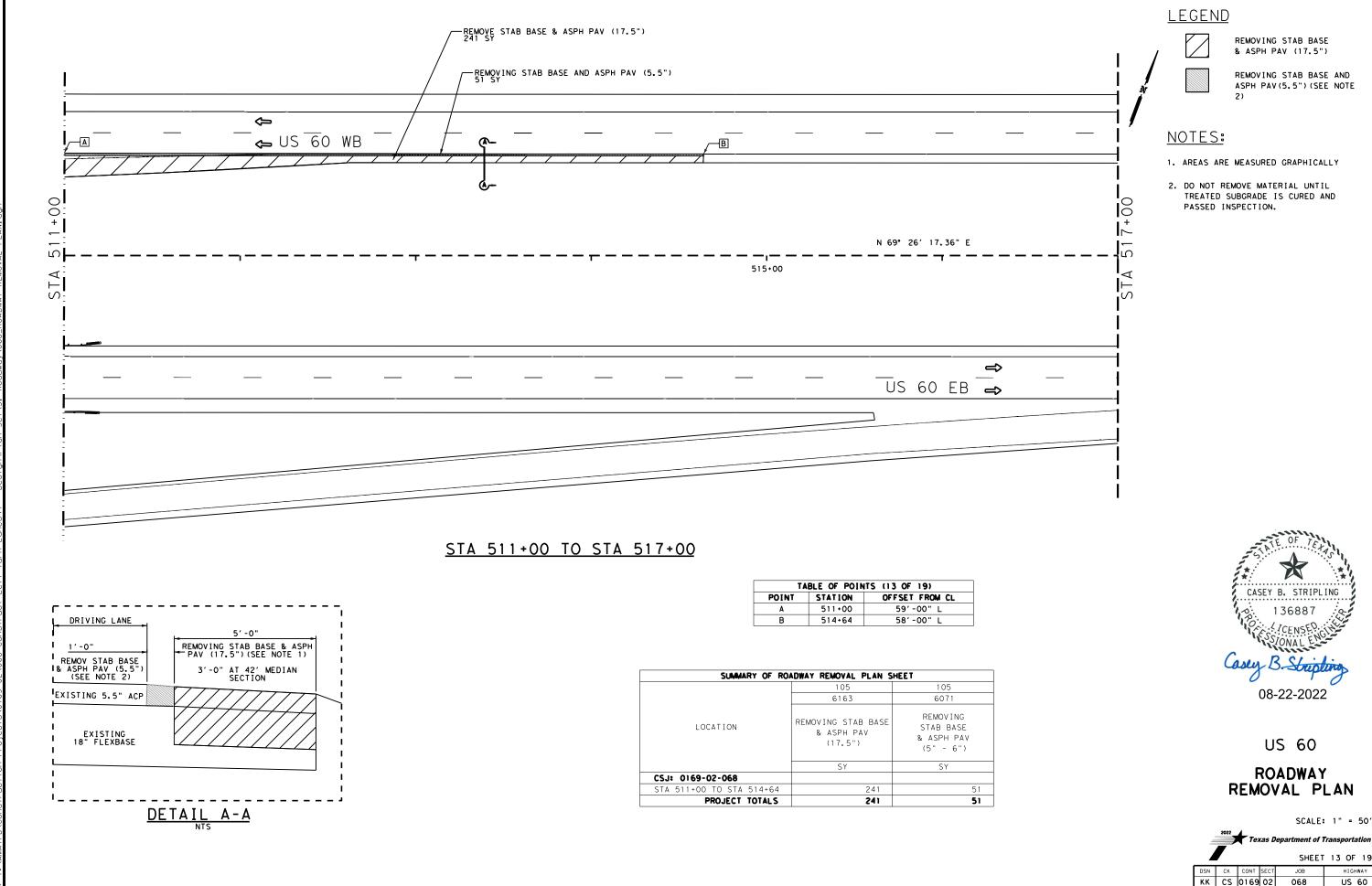


Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 11 OF 19 KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60 SHEET NO. POTTER



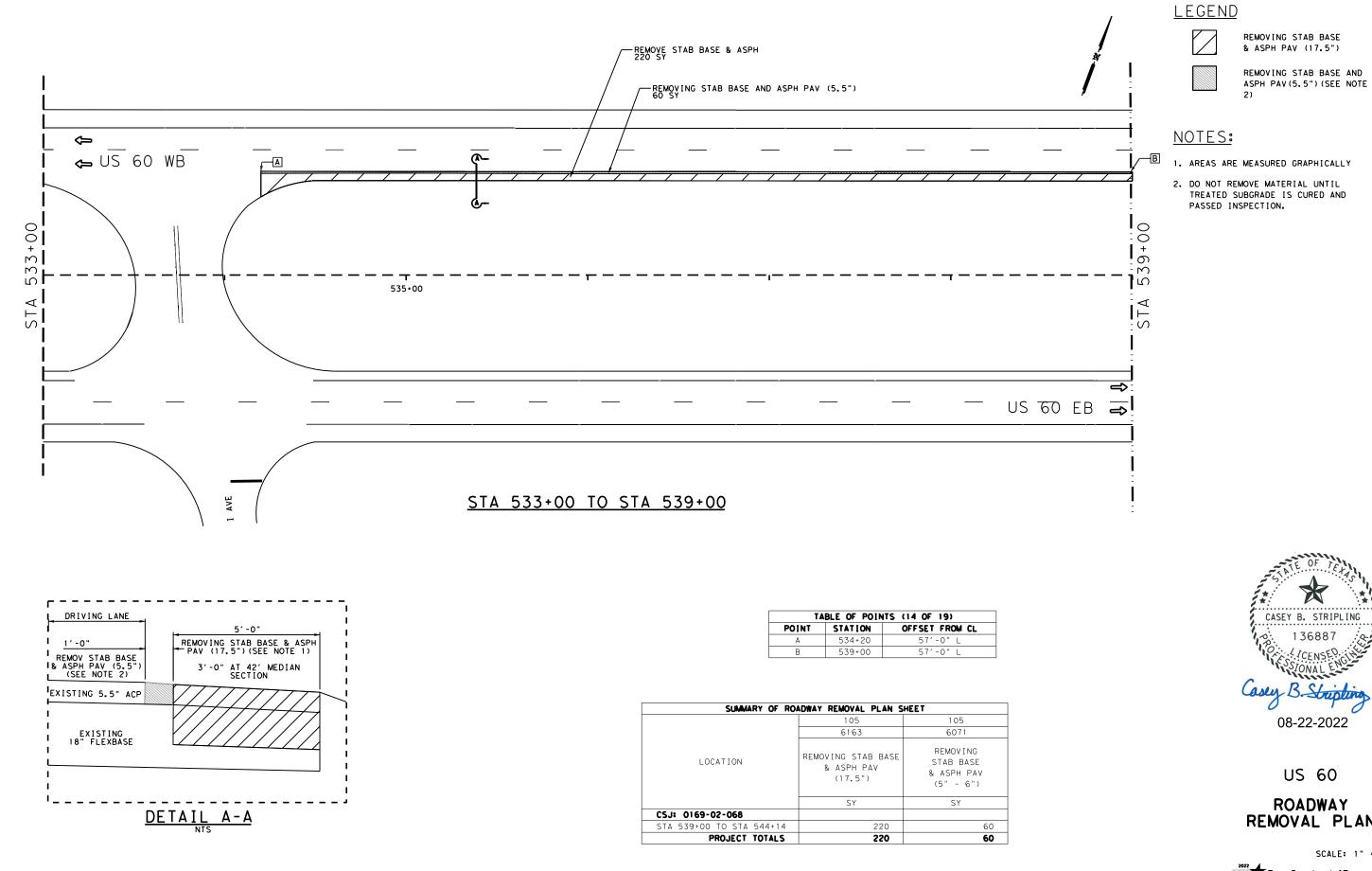
US 60 SHEET NO.



SCALE: 1" = 50'

SHEET 13 OF 19

KK CS 0169 02 US 60 SHEET NO. POTTER



CASEY B. STRIPLING

08-22-2022

US 60

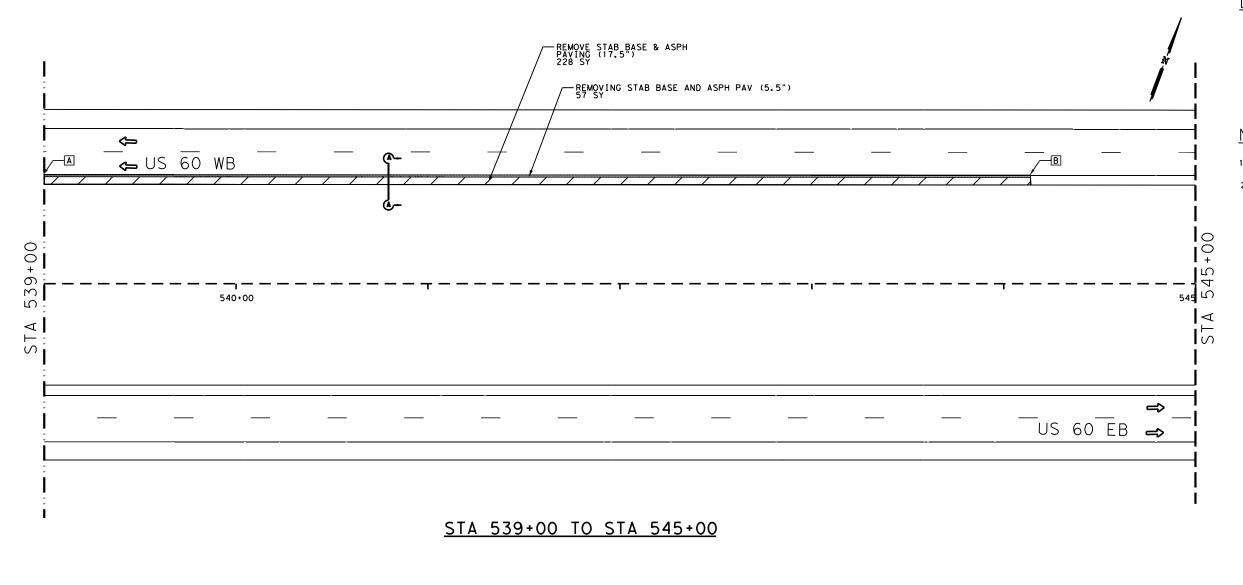
ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



Texas Department of Transportation SHEET 14 OF 19

KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60 SHEET NO. POTTER



T.A	BLE OF POINT	S (15 OF 19)
POINT	STATION	OFFSET FROM CL
Α	539+00	57′-0"
R	544+14	57′-0"

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN SHEET			
	105	105	
	6163	6071	
LOCATION	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5" - 6")	
	SY	SY	
CSJ: 0169-02-068			
STA 539+00 TO STA 544+14	228	57	
PROJECT TOTALS	228	57	



REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")



REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV(5.5") (SEE NOTE

NOTES:

1. AREAS ARE MEASURED GRAPHICALLY

2. DO NOT REMOVE MATERIAL UNTIL TREATED SUBGRADE IS CURED AND PASSED INSPECTION.



US 60

ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 15 OF 19

 DSN
 CK
 CONT
 SECT
 JOB
 HIGHWAY

 KK
 CS
 0169
 02
 068
 US
 60

 DRWN
 CK
 DIST
 COUNTY
 SHEET NO.

 KK
 CH
 AMA
 POTTER
 56

DRIVING LANE

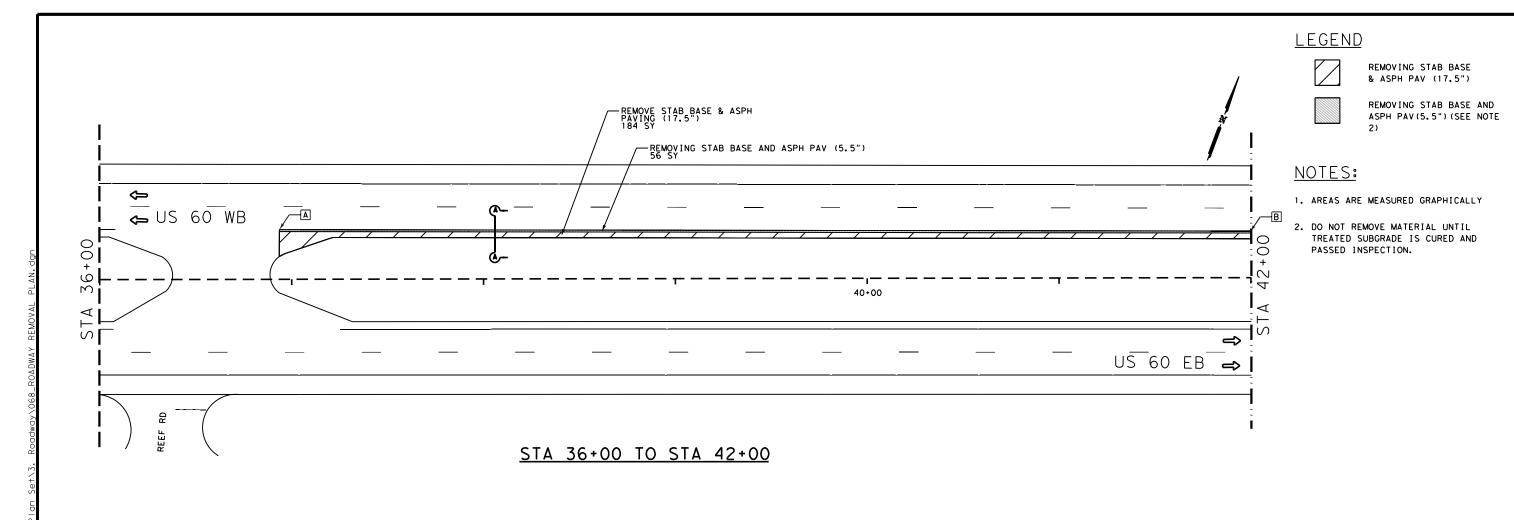
REMOV STAB BASE 1& ASPH PAV (5.5") (SEE NOTE 2)

EXISTING 5.5" ACP

EXISTING 18" FLEXBASE REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5") (SEE NOTE 1)

> 3'-0" AT 42' MEDIAN SECTION

DETAIL A-A



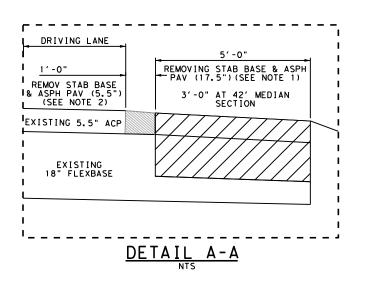


TABLE OF POINTS (16 OF 19)		
POINT	STATION	OFFSET FROM CL
Α	36+94	26'-0" L
В	42+00	24'-0" L

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN SHEET		
	105	105
	6163	6071
LOCATION	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5" - 6")
	SY	SY
CSJ: 0169-02-068		
STA 36+49 TO STA 42+00	184	56
PROJECT TOTALS	184	56



00-22-202

US 60

ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'

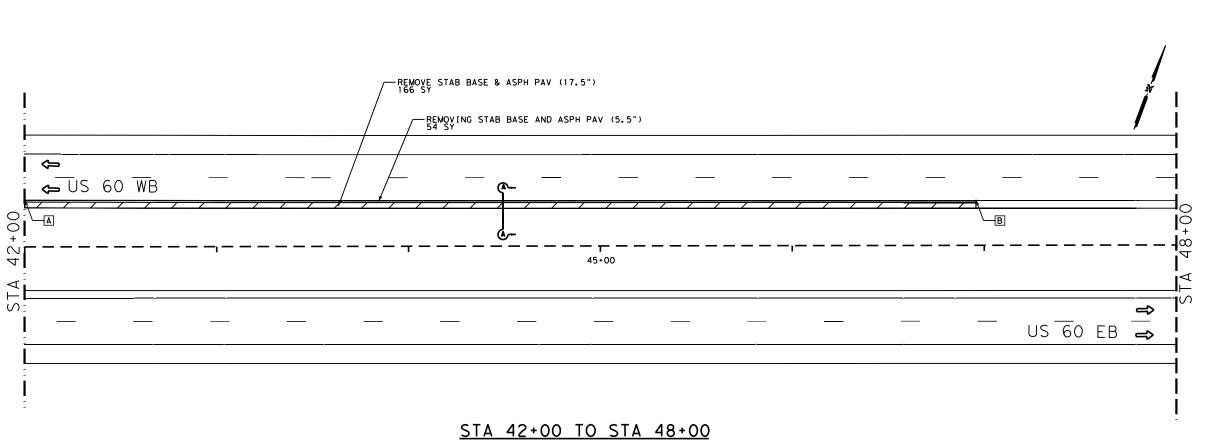


 DSN
 CK
 CONT
 SECT
 JOB
 HIGHWAY

 KK
 CS
 0169
 02
 068
 US
 60

 DRWN
 CK
 DIST
 COUNTY
 SHEET NO.

 KK
 CH
 AMA
 POTTER
 57



<u>LEGEND</u>

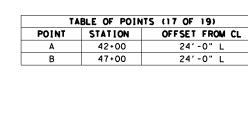
REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")



REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV(5.5") (SEE NOTE

NOTES:

- 1. AREAS ARE MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 2. DO NOT REMOVE MATERIAL UNTIL TREATED SUBGRADE IS CURED AND PASSED INSPECTION.



SUMMARY OF ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN SHEET			
	105	105	
	6163	6071	
LOCATION	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5" - 6")	
	SY	SY	
CSJ: 0169-02-068			
STA 42+00 TO STA 47+00	166	54	
PROJECT TOTALS	166	54	

24'-0" L

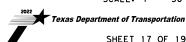
24'-0" L



US 60

ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



SHEET 17 OF 19

KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60 POTTER

DRIVING LANE

REMOV STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (5.5") (SEE NOTE 2)

EXISTING 5.5" ACP

1 1'-0"

5'-0" REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5") (SEE NOTE 1)

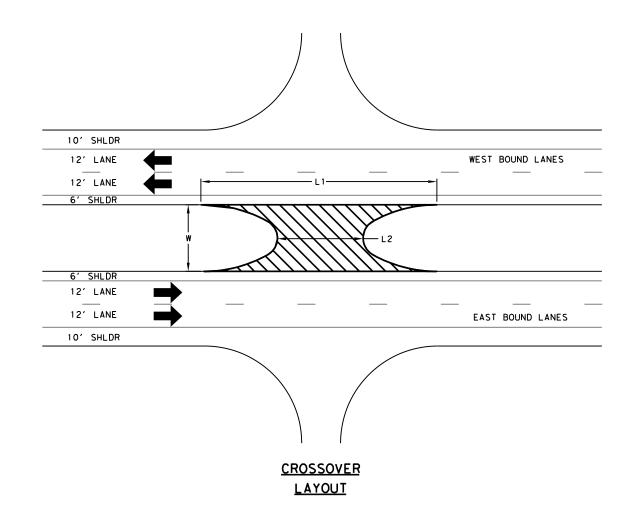
3'-0" AT 42' MEDIAN SECTION

DETAIL A-A

LEGEND



REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (17.5")



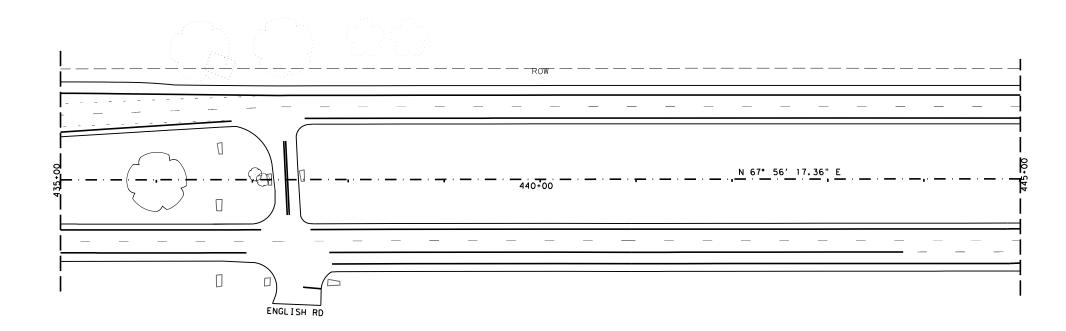


US 60

ROADWAY REMOVAL
PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'





TREE REMOVAL LOCATIONS				
STA. SIZE (IN) OFFSET CL OFFSET EOP				
436+00	36	O' MED	50' (MEDIAN)	
437+00	0-6	O' MED	50' (MEDIAN)	
CSJ: 0169-02-068 TOTAL REMOVALS: 3				

CSJ: 0169-02-068 TREE REMOVAL			
	100	100	
	6005	6008	
LOCATION	PREP ROW (TREE) (24"-30"DIA)	PREPARING ROW (TREE) (0" TO 6" DIA)	
CSJ: 0169-02-068			
STA. 436+00	1		
STA. 437+00		2	
PROJECT TOTALS	1	2	



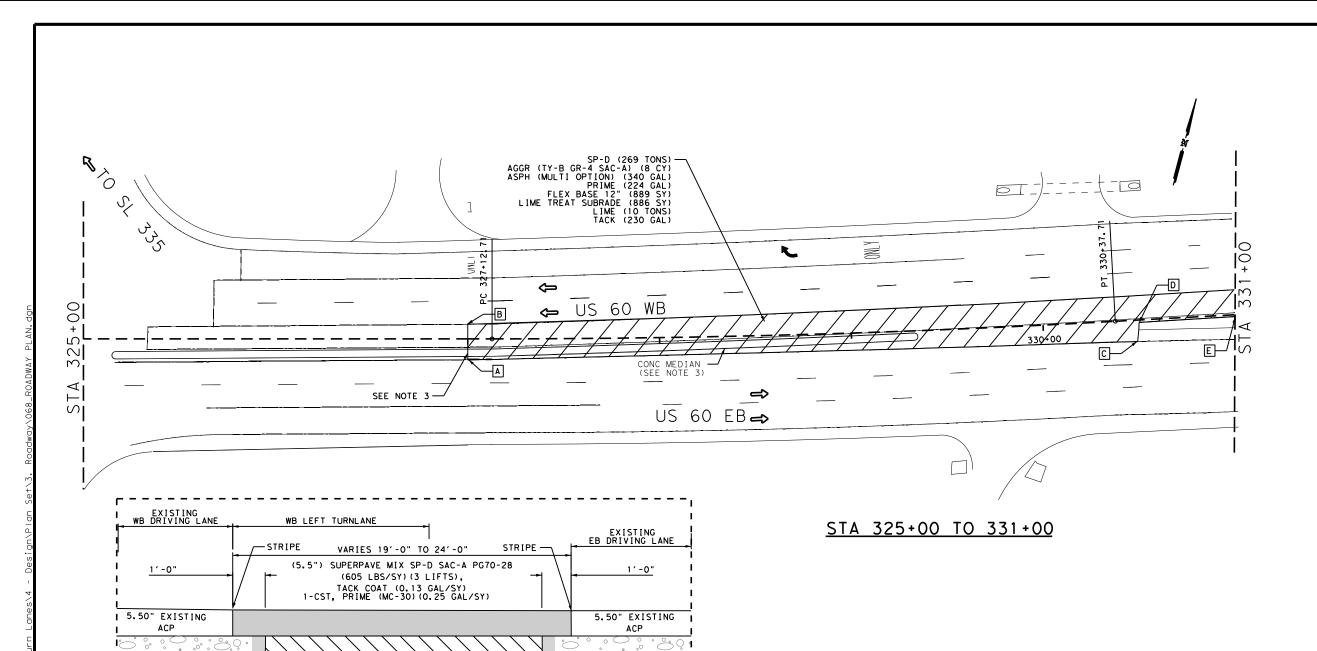
US 60

ROADWAY REMOVAL PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 100'



				J		0	
DSN	CK	CK CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
KK	CS	CS 0169	02	068	US 60		
DRWN	CK	CK DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
KK	СН	CH AMA		POTTER		60	



EXISTING 0

0<u>′ -6"</u>

(SEE NOTE 2)

VARIES 17'-0" TO 22'-0" FLEX BASE (CMP IN PLC)(TY A B OR D GR4)(12"), LIME TREAT SUBGRADE (8") AT (3%)

PROPOSED PAVEMENT STRUCTURE

T	ABLE OF POINTS	(1 OF 16)
POINT	STATION	OFFSET FROM CL
А	327+00	11'-0" (R)
В	327+00	7′-8" (L)
С	330+43	11'-3" (R)
D	330+44	1'-3" (R)
F	331+00	0'-0" (CL)

		CSJ: 0169-02	-068 SUMMARY (OF ROADWAY PL	AN SHEET 1 OF	16			
	112	247	260	260	310	316	316	3077	3077
	6002	6472	6083	6073	6009	6001	6078	6058	6075
LOCATION	SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B OR D GR4) (12")	LIME (HYD(SLY OR DRY) COM OR QK(DRY) (21.6 LBS/SY)	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (8")	PRIME COAT (MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	ASPH(MULTI OPTION)(0.38 GAL/SY)	AGGR(TY-B GR-4 SAC-A) (110 SY/CY)	SP MIXES SP-DSAC-A PG70-28 (605 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)
CSJ: 0169-02-068	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	GAL	CY	TON	GAL
STA. 327+00 TO 331+00 (WB)	4	886	10	886	224	340	8	268	230
PROJECT TOTALS:	4	886	10	886	224	340	8	268	230

<u>LEGEND</u>



WIDENING

NOTES:

- 1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM
- 3. SEE CONCRETE ISLAND
 DETAIL SHEET FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.



US 60 **ROADWAY** PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'

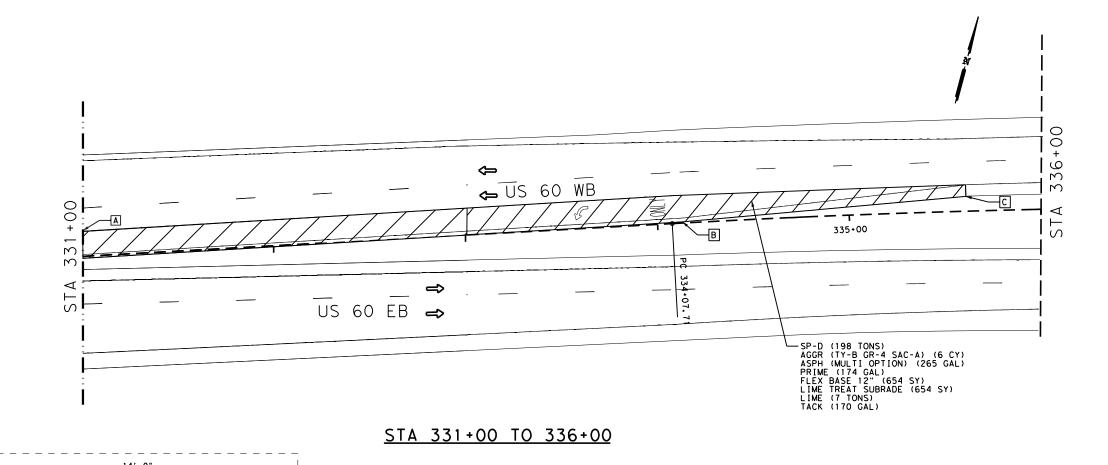


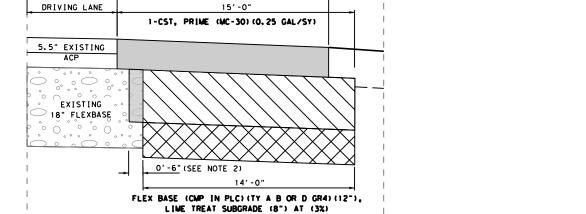
	7		SHEET 1 OF 16							
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY					
KK	CS	0169	02	068	US 60					
DRWN	CK	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.				
KK	СН	AMA		POTTER		61				

EXISTING ...

0′-6"

(SEE NOTE 2)





(5.5") SUPERPAVE MIX SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (605 LBS/SY) (3 LIFTS), TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)

PROPOSED PAVEMENT STRUCTURE MIRROR FOR EASTBOUND NTS

T	ABLE OF POINTS	(2 OF 16)
POINT	STATION	OFFSET FROM CL
А	331+00	13'-0" (L)
В	334+12	0'-6" (R)
С	335+61	0'-10" (R)

		CE 12 O	160-02-060 51884	ADV OF DOADWAY	PLAN SHEET 2 OF	16			
	112	247	260	260	310	316	316	3077	3077
	6002	6472	6083	6073	6009	6001	6078	6058	6075
LOCATION	SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	DICLITY A D OD	LIME (HYD(SLY OR DRY) COM OR QK(DRY) (21.6 LBS/SY)	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (8")	PRIME COAT(MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	ASPH(MULTI OPTION)(0.38 GAL/SY)	AGGR(TY-B GR-4 SAC-A)(110 SY/CY)	SP MIXES SP-DSAC-A PG70-28 (605 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)
CSJ: 0169-02-068	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	GAL	CY	TON	GAL
STA. 331+00 TO 335+61 (WB)	5	654	7	654	174	265	6	198	170
PROJECT TOTALS:	5	654	7	654	174	265	6	198	170





NOTES:

- 1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM



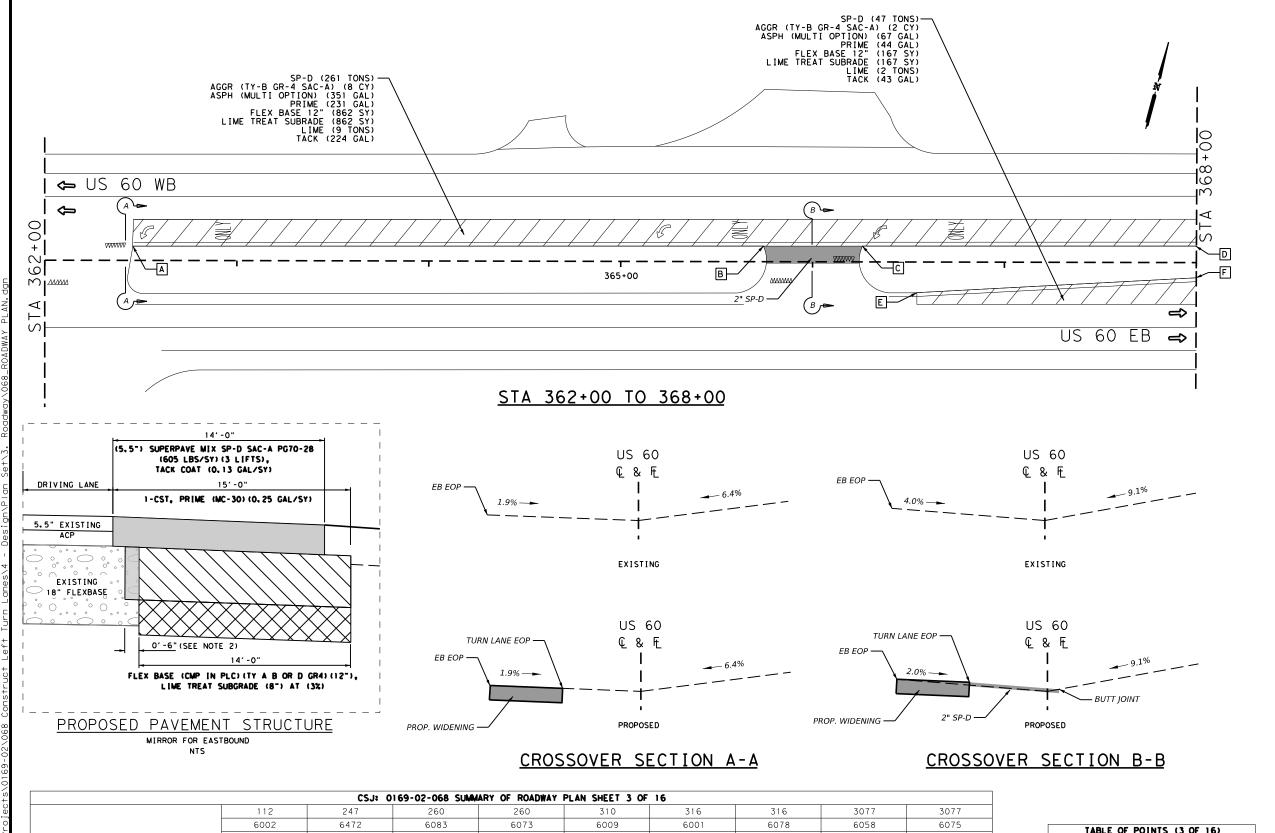
US 60 **ROADWAY** PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



068 US 60

SHEET 2 OF 16 KK CS 0169 02



		CSJ: 0	169-02-068 SUMM	ARY OF ROADWAY	PLAN SHEET 3 OF	16			
	112	247	260	260	310	316	316	3077	3077
	6002	6472	6083	6073	6009	6001	6078	6058	6075
LOCATION	SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	PLC) (TY A B OR	LIME (HYD(SLY OR DRY) COM OR QK(DRY) (21.6 LBS/SY)	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (8")	PRIME COAT(MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	ASPH(MULTI OPTION)(0.38 GAL/SY)	AGGR (TY-B GR-4 SAC-A) (110 SY/CY)	SP MIXES SP-DSAC-A PG70-28 (605 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)
CSJ: 0169-02-068	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	GAL	CY	TON	GAL
STA. 362+46 TO 368+00 (WB)	6	862	9	862	231	351	8	261	224
STA. 366+54 TO 368+00 (EB)	2	167	2	167	44	67	2	51	43
PROJECT TOTALS:	8	1,029	11	1,029	275	418	10	312	267

TA	TABLE OF POINTS (3 OF 16)									
POINT	STATION	OFFSET FROM CL								
А	362+46	7′-5" (L)								
В	365+74	8'-0" (L)								
С	366+26	8'-3" (L)								
D	368+00	8′-5" (L)								
E	366+54	16′-0" (R)								
F	368+00	8'-0" (R)								



LEGEND

NOTES:

WIDENING

1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY

2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM

US 60

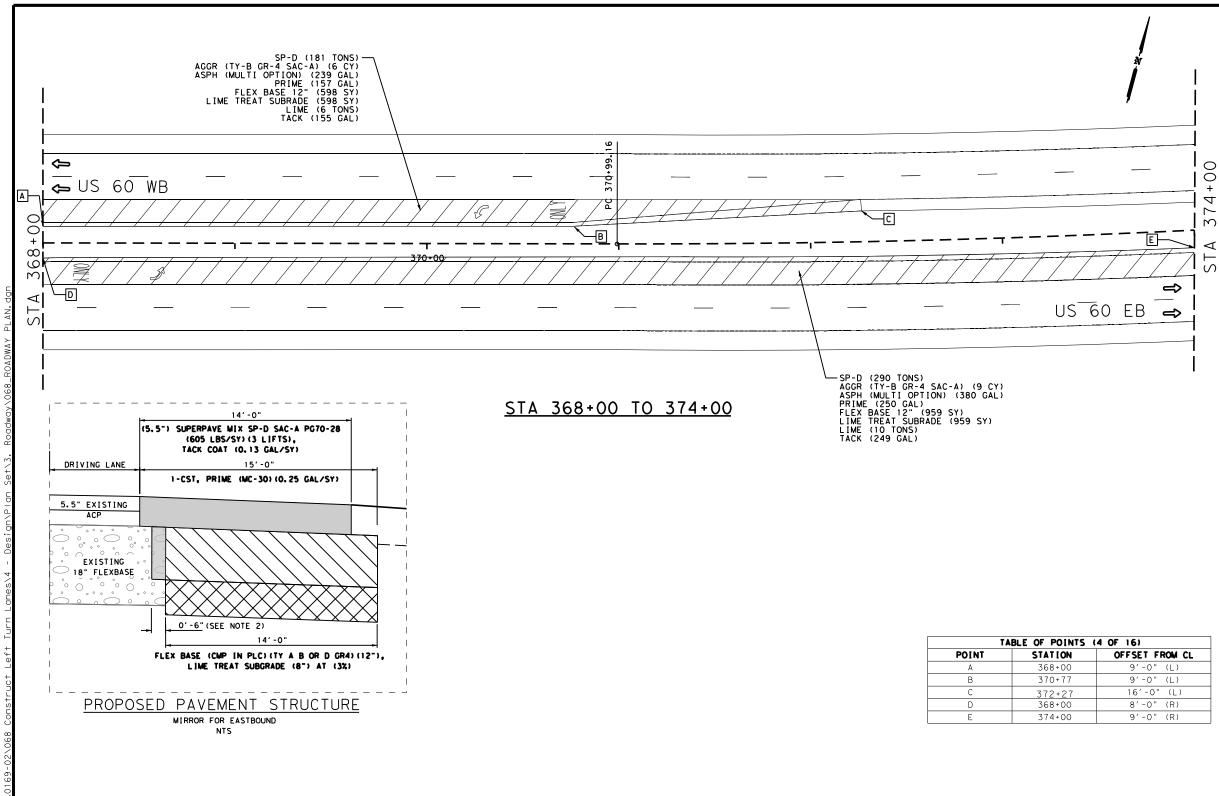
ROADWAY PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



Texas Departm	ent of Tra	nsį	orta	tion
	SHEET	3	OF	16

DSN	CK	CONT				HIGHWAY
KK	CS	0169	02 068			US 60
DRWN	CK	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
KK	СН	AMA		POTTER		63



А	760.00	
	368+00	9'-0" (L)
В	370+77	9′-0" (L)
С	372+27	16′-0" (L)
D	368+00	8'-0" (R)
E	374+00	9′-0" (R)

PROJECT TOTALS:	11	1,557	16	1,557	407	619	15	471	404
STA, 368+00 TO 374+00 (EB)	6	959	10	959	250	380	9	290	249
STA. 368+00 TO 372+27 (WB)	5	598	6	598	157	239	6	181	155
CSJ: 0169-02-068	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	GAL	CY	TON	GAL
LOCATION	SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A,B OR D GR4) (12")	LIME (HYD(SLY OR DRY) COM OR QK(DRY) (21.6 LBS/SY)	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (8")	PRIME COAT(MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	ASPH(MULTI OPTION)(0.38 GAL/SY)	AGGR(TY-B GR-4 SAC-A)(110 SY/CY)	SP MIXES SP-DSAC-A PG70-28 (605 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY
	6002	6472	6083	6073	6009	6001	6078	6058	6075
	112	247	260	260	310	316	316	3077	3077
		CSJ: 0	169-02-068 SUMM	ARY OF ROADWAY	PLAN SHEET 4 OF	16			





NOTES:

1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY

2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 247



US 60

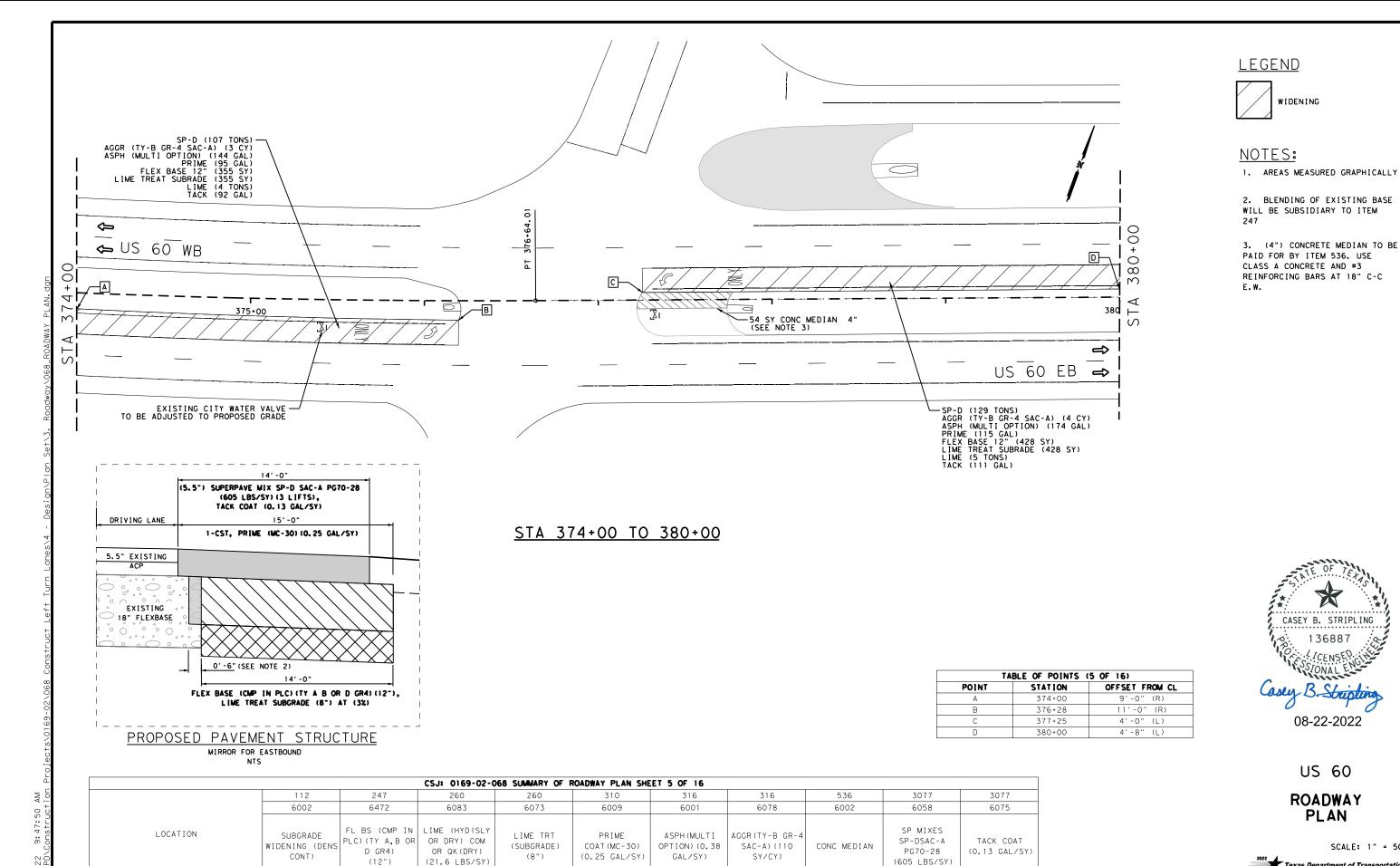
ROADWAY PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



SHEET 4 OF 16

DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
KK	CS	0169	02	068	US 60	
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
KK	СН	AMA		POTTER		64



(12")

SY

355

428

783

TON

9

SY

355

428

783

GAL

95

115

210

GAL

144

174

318

CY

7

SY

54

54

STA

6

CSJ: 0169-02-068

STA: 374+00 TO 376+28 (EB)

STA. 377+25 TO 380+00 (WB)

PROJECT TOTALS:



WIDENING

08-22-2022

US 60

ROADWAY PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'

Texas Department of Transportation

(605 LBS/SY)

TON

107

129

236

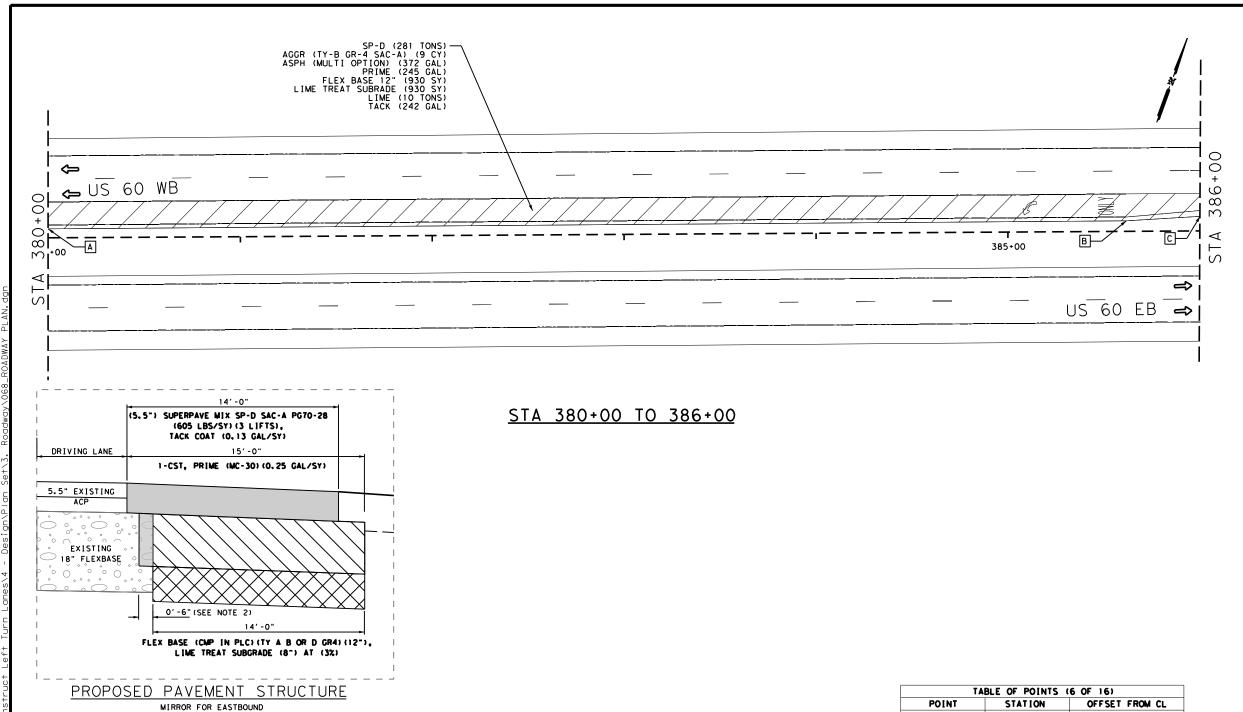
GAL

92

111

203

		. כ	01 16			
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
KK	CS	0169	02	068	US 60	
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
KK	СН	AMA		POTTER		65



1	TABLE OF POINTS (6 OF 16)									
POINT	STATION	OFFSET FROM CL								
А	380+00	5'-0" (L)								
В	385+62	5′-6" (L)								
С	386+00	7′-8" (L)								

		CSJ: 0	169-02-068 SUMM	ARY OF ROADWAY	PLAN SHEET 6 OF	16			
	112	247	260	260	310	316	316	3077	3077
	6002	6472	6083	6073	6009	6001	6078	6058	6075
LOCATION	SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B OR D GR4) (12")		LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (8")	PRIME COAT(MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	ASPH(MULTI OPTION)(0.38 GAL/SY)	AGGR(TY-B GR-4 SAC-A)(110 SY/CY)	SP MIXES SP-DSAC-A PG70-28 (605 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY
CSJ: 0169-02-068	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	GAL	CY	TON	GAL
STA. 380+00 TO 386+00 (WB)	6	930	10	930	245	372	9	281	242
PPO IECT TOTAL S.	6	930	10	930	245	372	a	281	242





1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY

2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 247

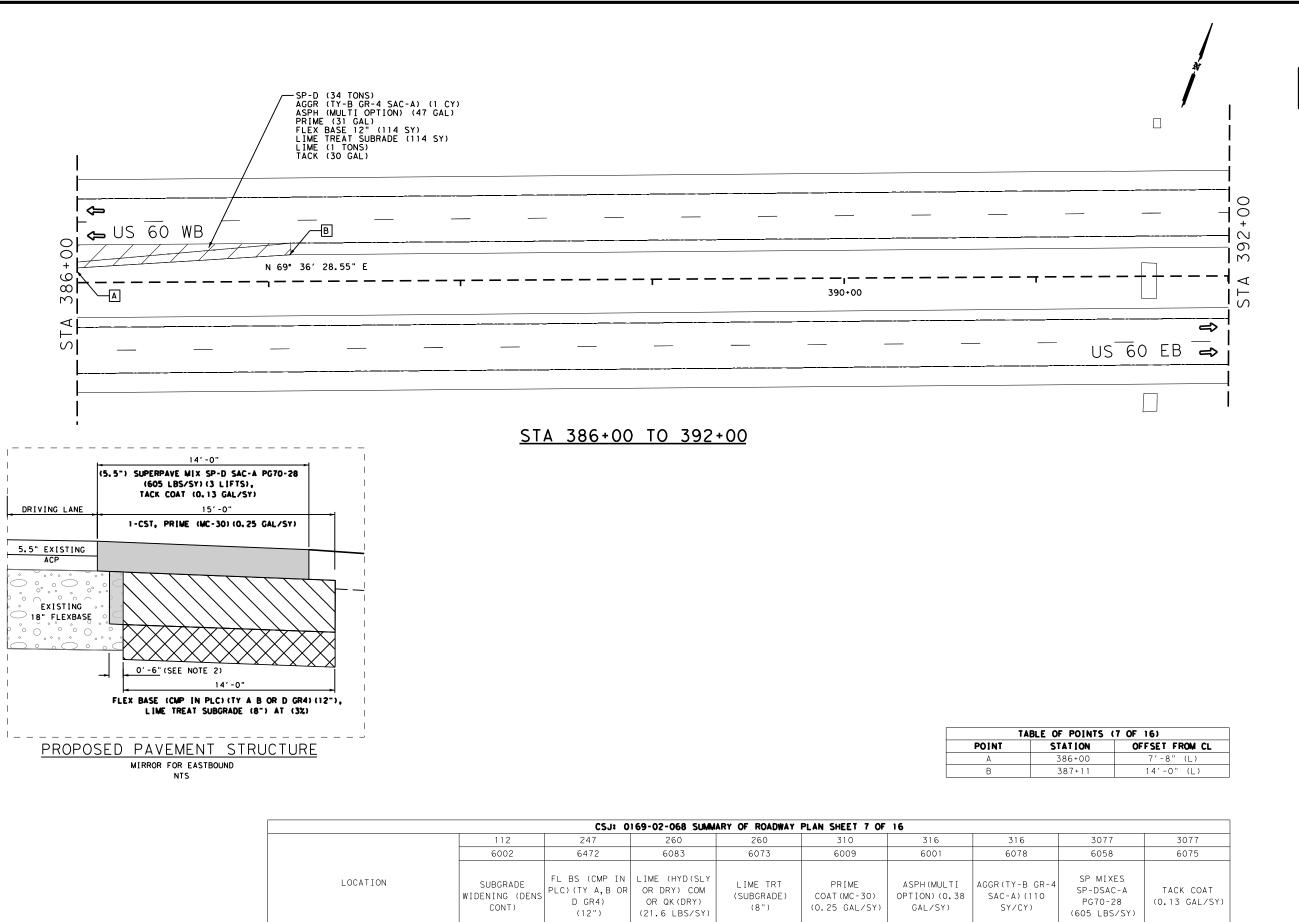


US 60

ROADWAY PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'





CSJ: 0169-02-068

STA. 386+00 TO 387+11 (WB)

PROJECT TOTALS:

STA

2

SY

114

114

TON

SY

114

114

GAL

31

31

GAL

47

47

CY

1_

TON

34

34

GAL

30

30

LEGEND WIDENING

NOTES:

1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY

2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 247

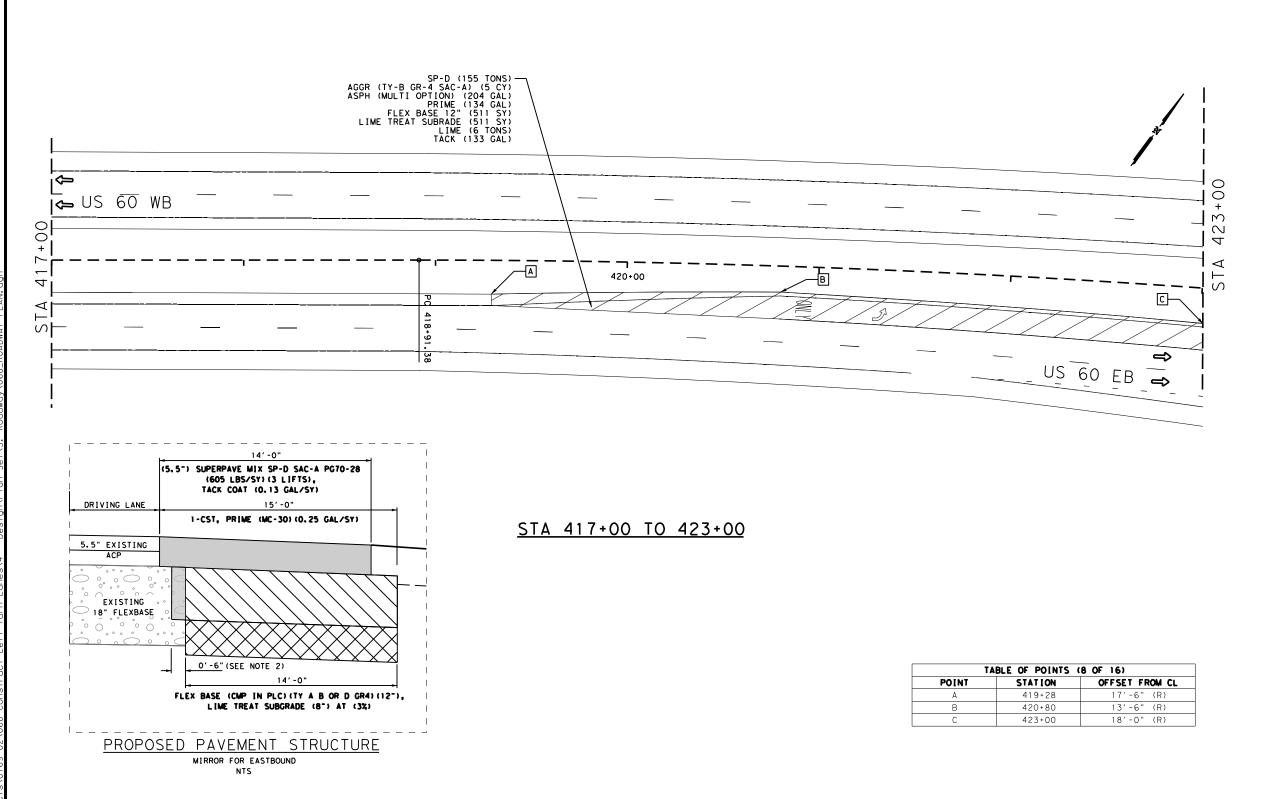


US 60
ROADWAY
PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'

2022 Te

Texas Department of Transportation
SHEET 7 OF 16



PROJECT TOTALS:	4	511	6	511	134	204	5	155	133
STA. 419+28 TO 423+00 (EB)	4	511	6	511	134	204	5	155	133
CSJ: 0169-02-068	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	GAL	CY	TON	GAL
LOCATION	SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A,B OR D GR4) (12")		LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (8")	PRIME COAT(MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	ASPH(MULTI OPTION)(0.38 GAL/SY)	AGGR(TY-B GR-4 SAC-A)(110 SY/CY)	SP MIXES SP-DSAC-A PG70-28 (605 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY
	6002	6472	6083	6073	6009	6001	6078	6058	6075
	112	247	260	260	310	316	316	3077	3077
	,	C21: 0	169-02-068 SUMM	ARY OF ROADWAY	PLAN SHEET 8 OF	16			

LEGEND



NOTES:

1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY

2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 247



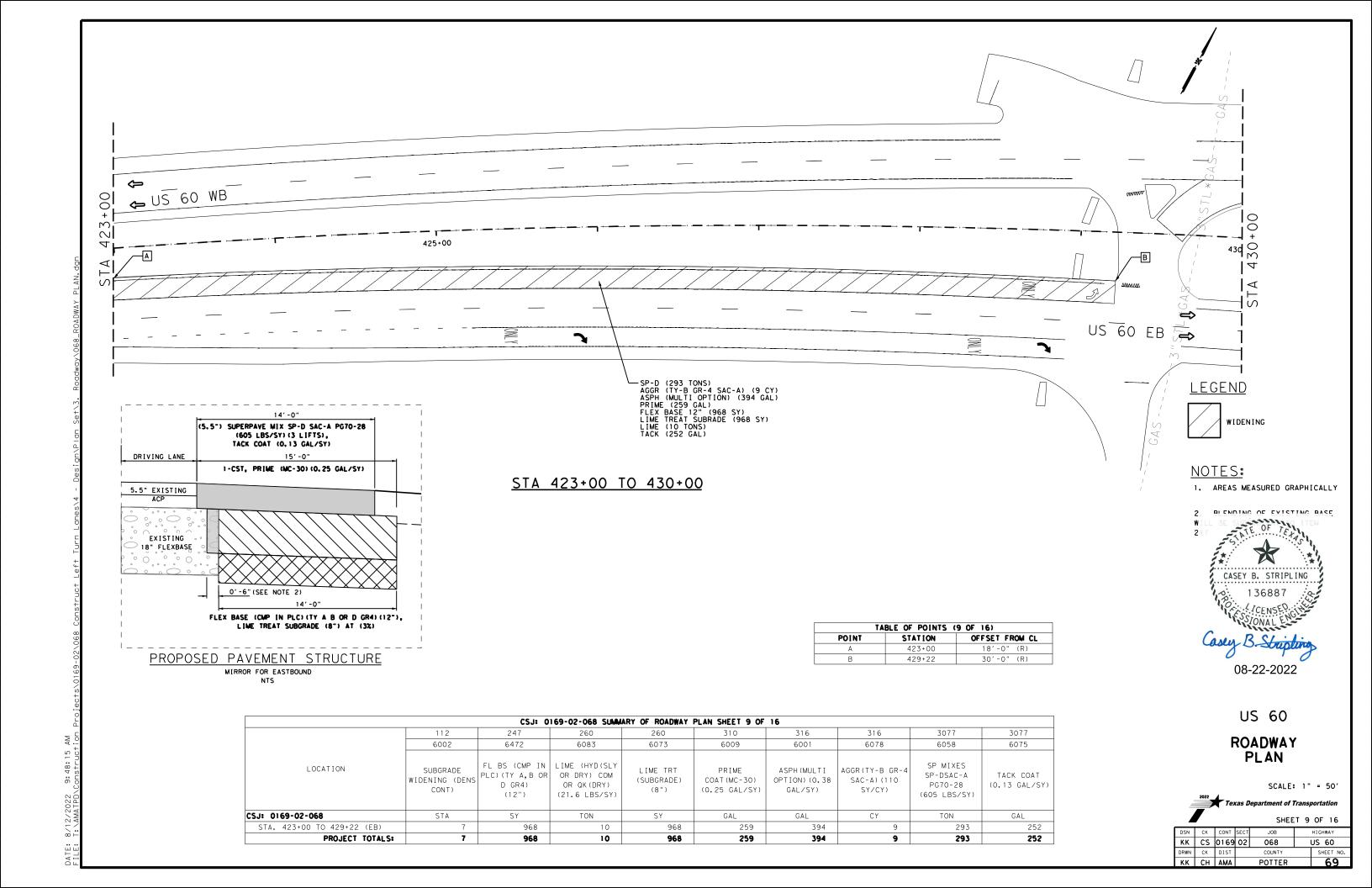
US 60

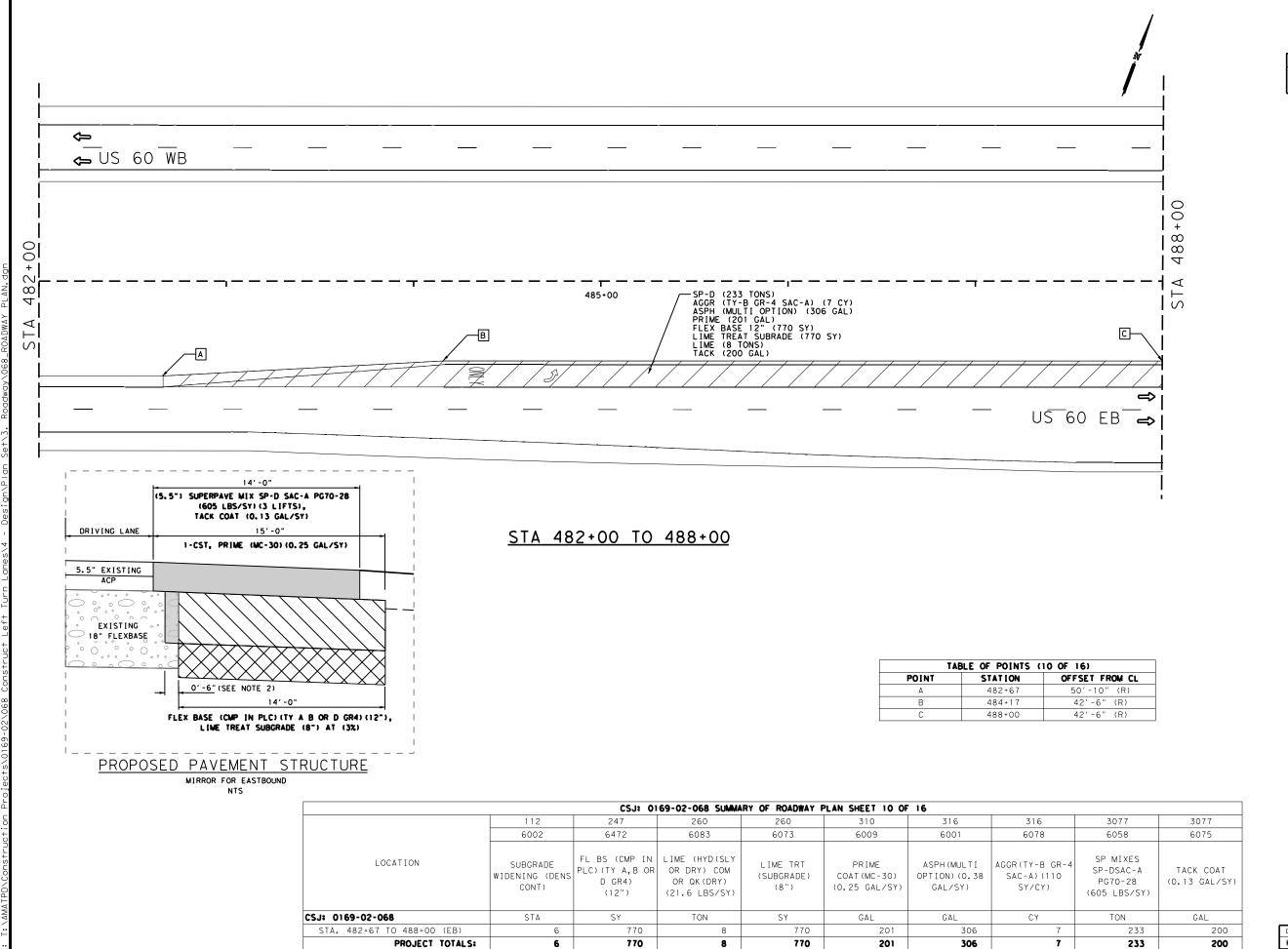
ROADWAY PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
KK	CS	0169	02	068 US 60			
RWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
KK	СН	AMA	POTTER			68	





LEGEND



NOTES:

1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY

2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 247



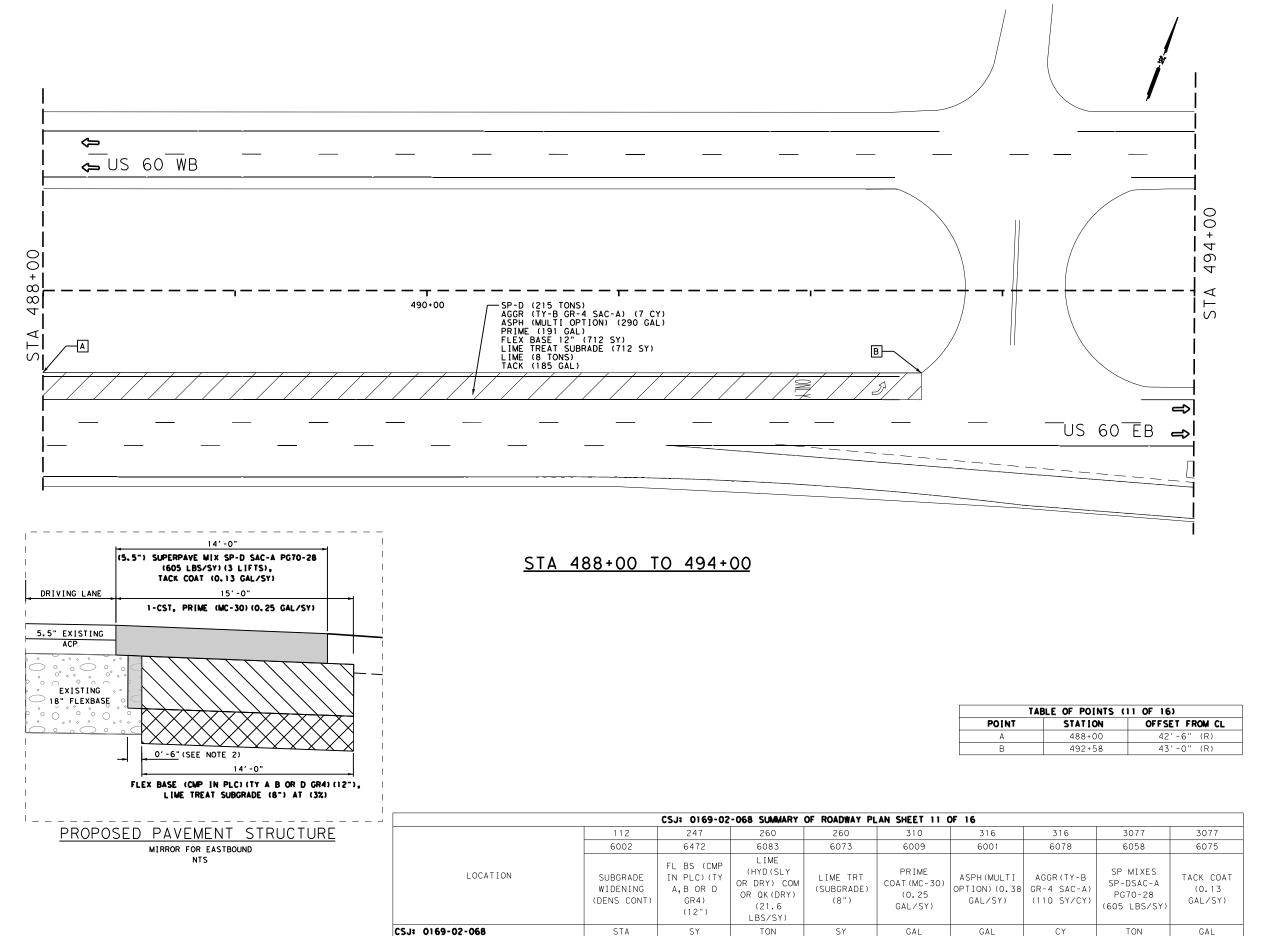
US 60

ROADWAY PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'

Texas Department of Transportation

			311EE1 10 01 10						
SN	CK	K CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
Κ	CS	S 0169	02	068	US 60				
RWN	CK	K DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
Κ	СН	H AMA		POTTER		70			



5

712

712

712

191

290

8

STA. 488+00 TO 492+58 (EB)

PROJECT TOTALS:

LEGEND



NOTES:

1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY

2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM



US 60

ROADWAY PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'

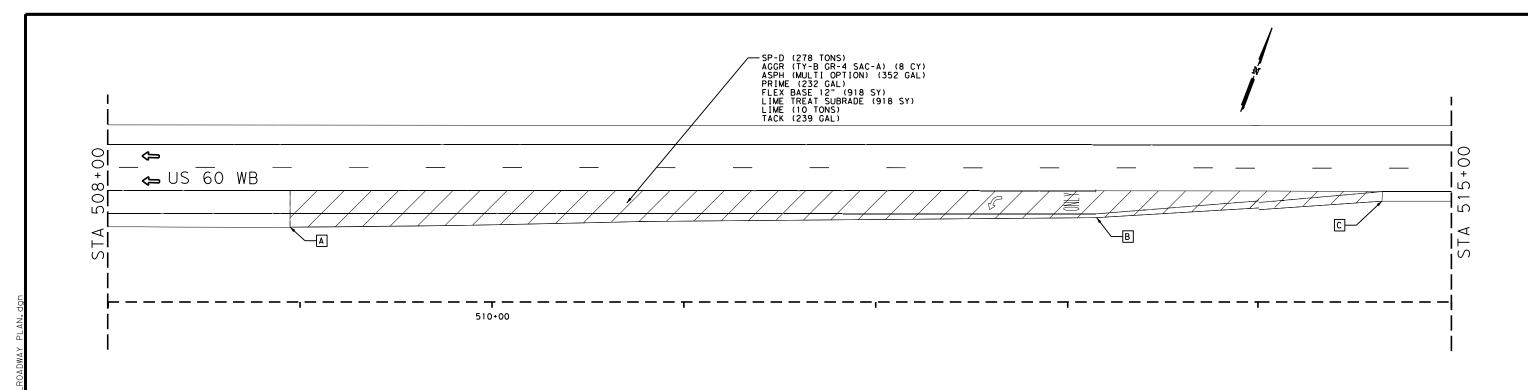


185

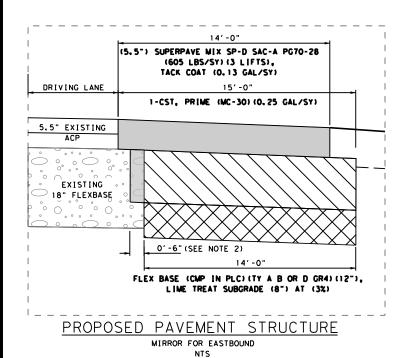
185

215

xas Department of Transportation



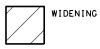
STA 508+00 TO 515+00



Т	ABLE OF POINTS (12 OF 16)
POINT	STATION	OFFSET FROM CL
А	509+00	39'-0" (L)
В	513+15	44'-0" (L)
	E 1 A . C E	E 7 / O !! / I \

		CSJ: 01	69-02-068 SUMMA	RY OF ROADWAY I	PLAN SHEET 12 OF	16			
	112	247	260	260	310	316	316	3077	3077
	6002	6472	6083	6073	6009	6001	6078	6058	6075
LOCATION	SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B OR D GR4) (12")		LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (8")	PRIME COAT(MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	ASPH(MULTI OPTION)(0.38 GAL/SY)	AGGR(TY-B GR-4 SAC-A) (110 SY/CY)	SP MIXES SP-DSAC-A PG70-28 (605 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)
CSJ: 0169-02-068	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	GAL	CY	TON	GAL
STA. 509+00 TO 514+65 (EB)	6	918	10	918	232	352	8	278	239
PROJECT TOTALS:	6	918	10	918	232	352	8	278	239

LEGEND



NOTES:

1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY

2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 247



08-22-2022

US 60

ROADWAY PLAN

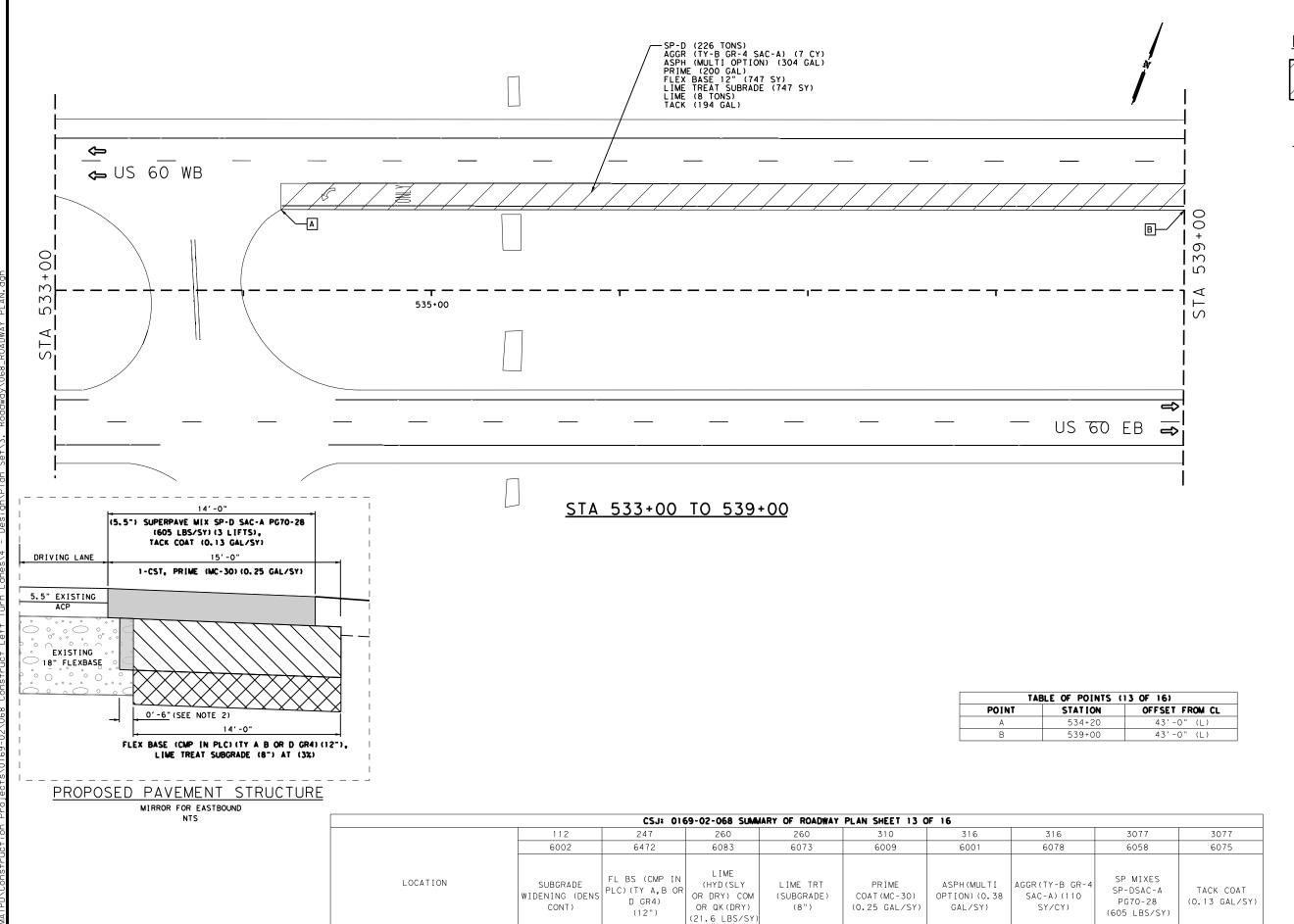
SCALE: 1" = 50'

4				SHEET	12	OF	16
ı	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHW	ΙΑΥ
	CS	0169	02	068	_	JS 6	50

 DSN
 CK
 CONT
 SE

 KK
 CS
 0169
 0

 DRWN
 CK
 DIST
 KK
 CH
 AMA
 72 POTTER



STA

5

SY

747

TON

8

SY

747

747

GAL

200

200

GAL

304

304

CY

7

TON

226

226

GAL

194

CSJ: 0169-02-068

STA. 534+20 TO 539+00 (WB)

PROJECT TOTALS:

LEGEND



WIDENING

NOTES:

1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY

2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM



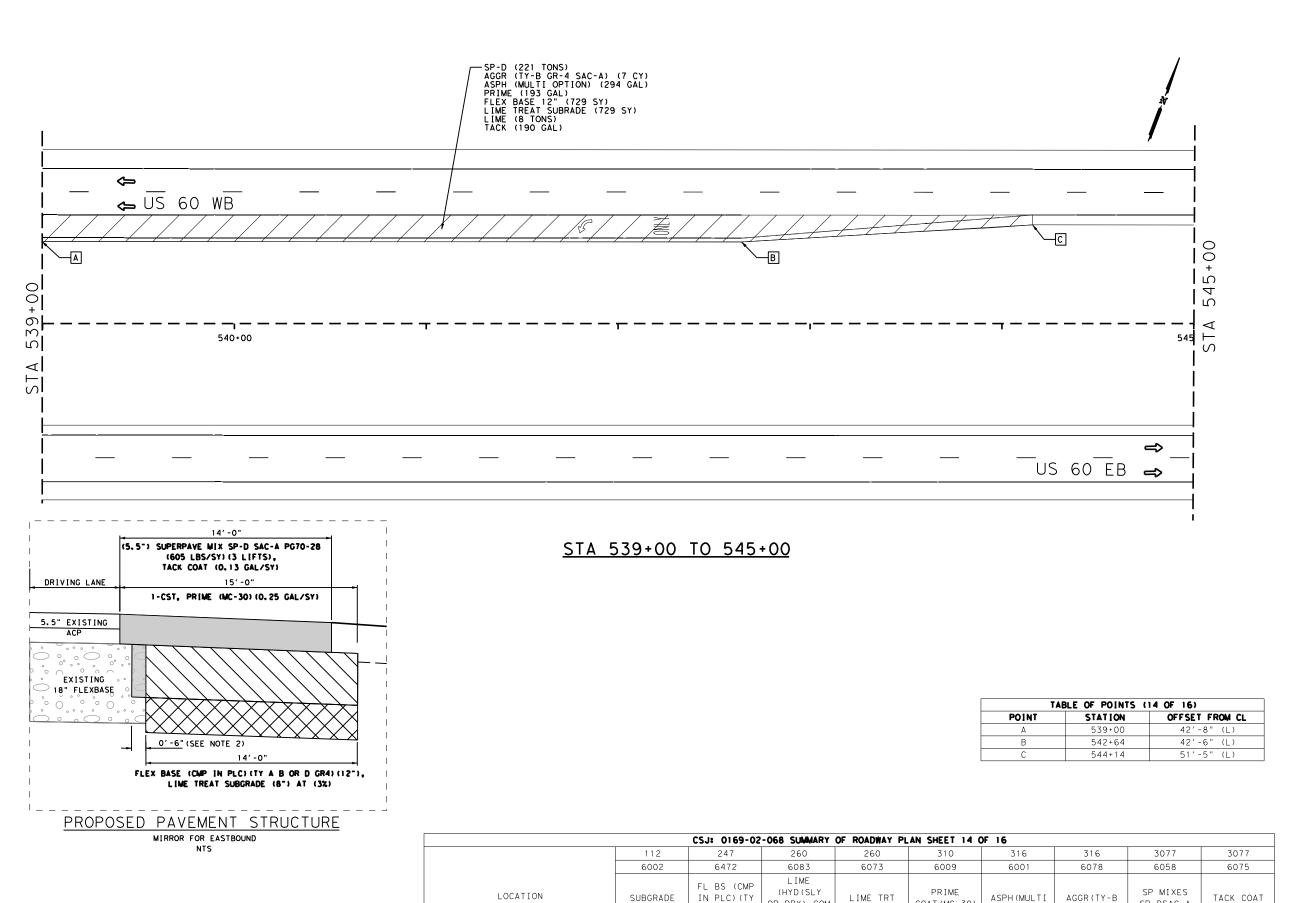
US 60

ROADWAY PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'

2022	Texas Department of Ti	ransp	orta	tio
	SHEET	13	OF	1

	SHEET 13 OF 16								
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB HIGHWAY					
KK	CS	0169	02 068			US 60			
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
KK	СН	AMA		POTTER		73			



WIDENING

(DENS CONT)

STA

6

CSJ: 0169-02-068

STA. 539+00 TO 544+14 (WB)

PROJECT TOTALS:

A,B OR D

GR4)

(12")

SY

729

729

COAT (MC-30)

(0.25

GAL/SY)

GAL

193

193

OPTION) (O.38 GR-4 SAC-A)

GAL/SY)

GAL

294

294

(110 SY/CY)

CY

7

(SUBGRADE)

(8")

SY

729

729

OR DRY) COM

OR QK(DRY)

(21.6

LBS/SY)

TON

8

SP-DSAC-A

PG70-28

(605 LBS/SY

TON

221

221

(0.13

GAL/SY)

GAL

190

190

LEGEND



NOTES:

1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY

2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM



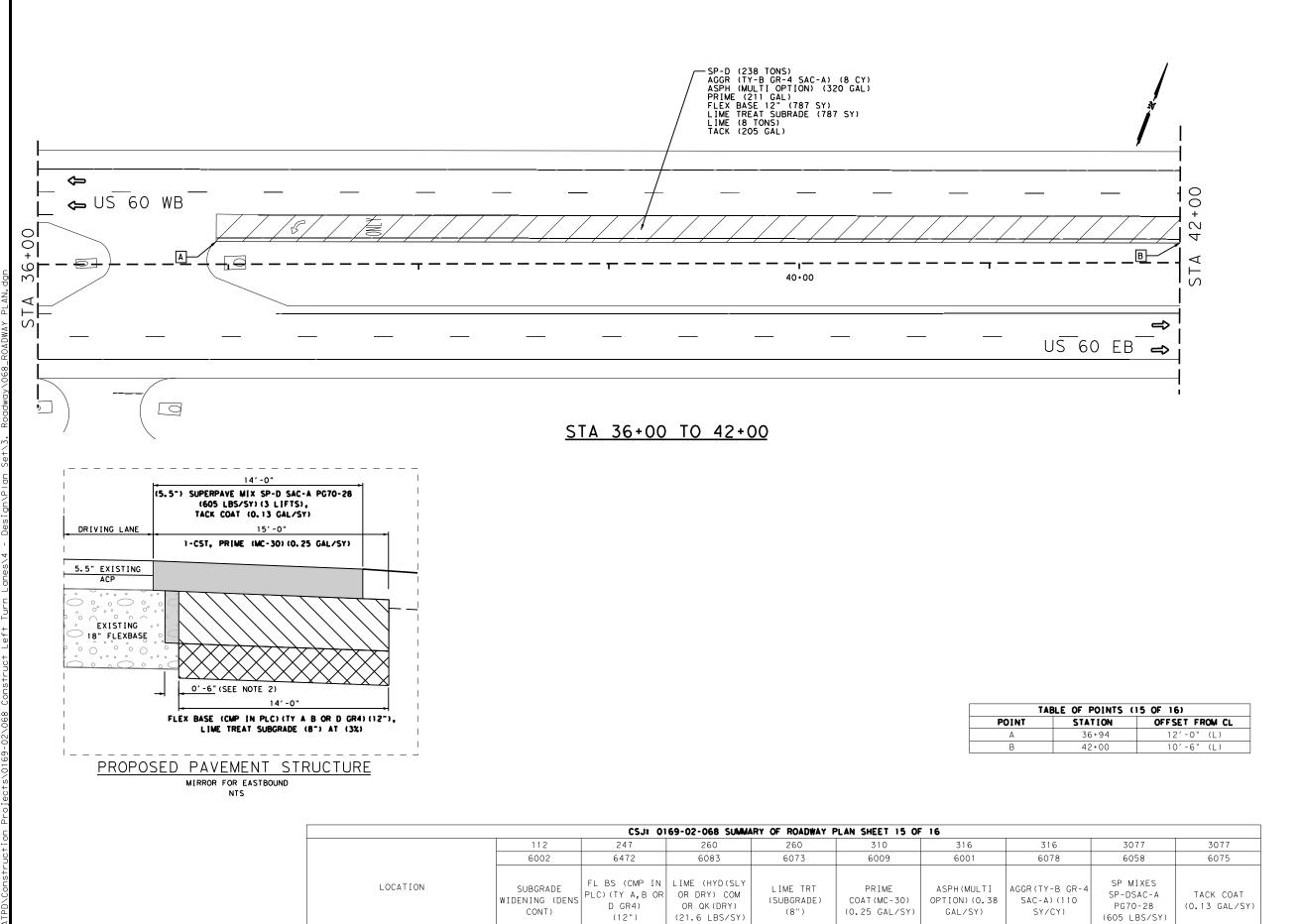
US 60

ROADWAY PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'

	2022	Тел	kas D	<i>Department of</i> 1 SHEET	Transportation 14 OF 16	
SN	СК	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
v	^c	0160	Λ2	060	115 60	

COUNTY



SY

787

787

GAL

211

211

GAL

320

320

CY

8

TON

238

238

GAL

205

205

TON

8

STA

6

SY

787

787

CSJ: 0169-02-068

STA. 36+94 TO 42+00 (WB)

PROJECT TOTALS:

LEGEND



WIDENING

NOTES:

- 1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 247



US 60

ROADWAY PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'

Texas Department of Transportation

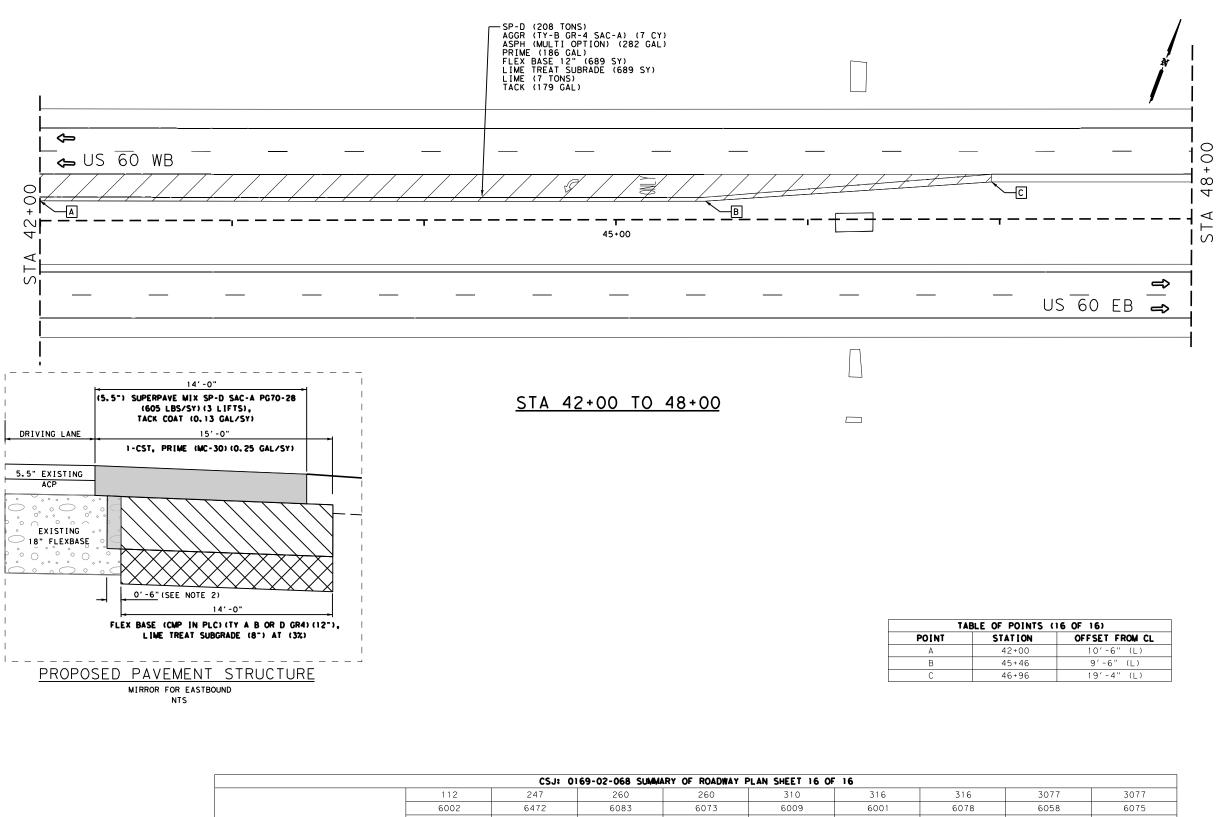
SHEET 15 OF 16

DSN CK CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60

DRWN CK DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

KK CH AMA POTTER 75



		CSJ: 01	69-02-068 SUMMA	RY OF ROADWAY	PLAN SHEET 16 OF	F 16			
	112	247	260	260	310	316	316	3077	3077
	6002	6472	6083	6073	6009	6001	6078	6058	6075
LOCATION	SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B OR D GR4) (12")		LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (8")	PRIME COAT(MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	ASPH(MULTI OPTION)(0.38 GAL/SY)	AGGR(TY-B GR-4 SAC-A)(110 SY/CY)	SP MIXES SP-DSAC-A PG70-28 (605 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)
CSJ: 0169-02-068	STA	SY	TON	SY	GAL	GAL	CY	TON	GAL
STA. 42+00 TO 46+96 (WB)	5	689	7	689	186	282	7	208	179
PROJECT TOTALS:	5	689	7	689	186	282	7	208	179





- 1. AREAS MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 2. BLENDING OF EXISTING BASE WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 247



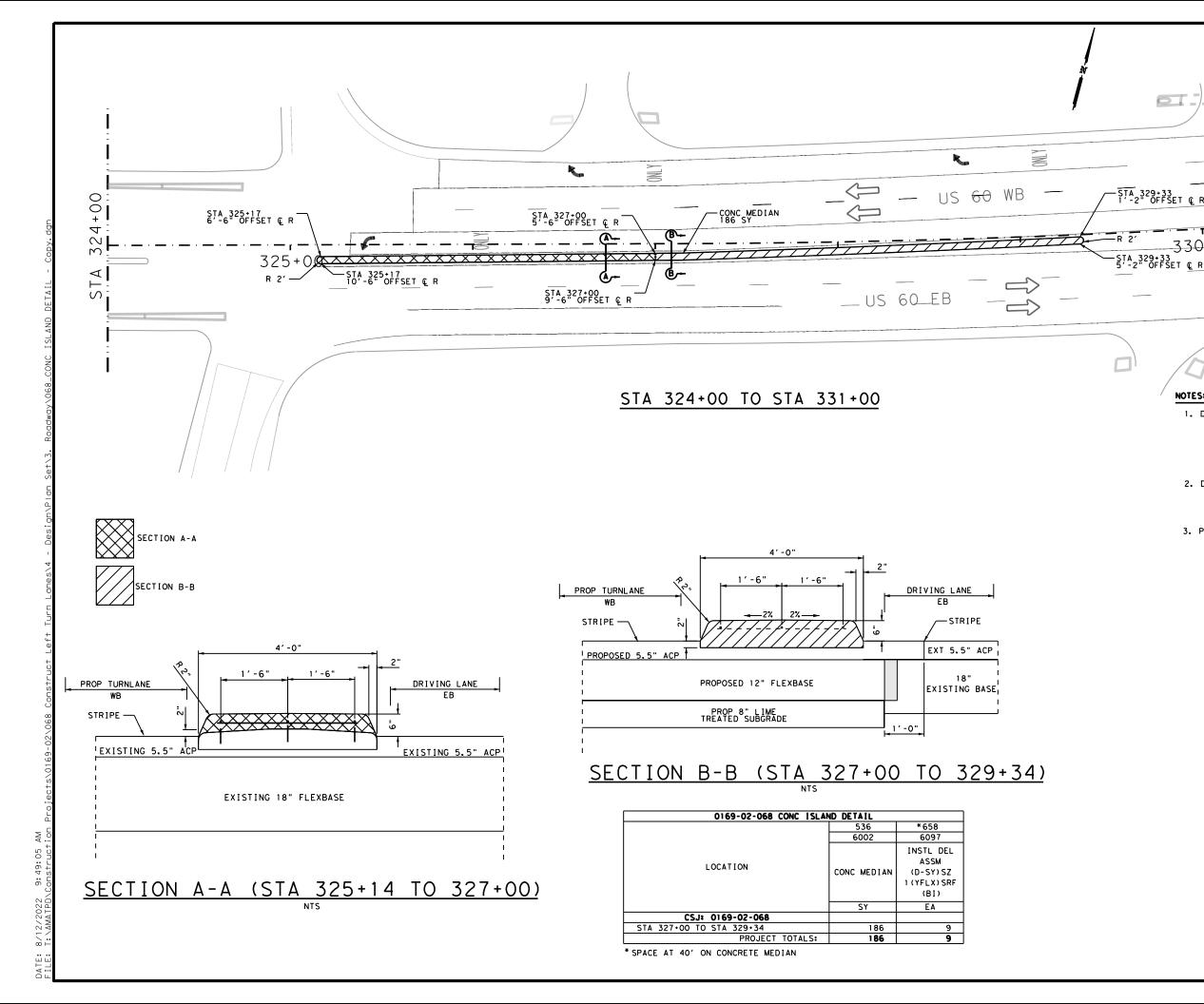
US 60

ROADWAY PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 50'



				2HEF I	16	OF 16				
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB HIGHWAY					
KK	CS	0169	02	068	US 60					
RWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
KK	СН	AMA		POTTER	76					



- 1. DOWEL BARS PROVIDE UNCOATED GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL. PROVIDE #3 REINFORCING BARS. USE TYPE III, CLASS C, D, E, OR F ANCHOR ADHESIVE. SPACE AT 5' C-C E.W., SPACING MAY BE DECREASED FOR LONGITUDINAL REINFORCING BAR.
- 2. DIRECTIONAL ISLAND REINFORCING PROVIDE UNCOATED GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL. PROVIDE #3 REINFORCING BARS SPACED AT 18" C-C E.W. OR 6×6 - W2. 9×W2. 9 WELDED WIRE FABRIC.
- 3. PLACE TRANSVERSE TOOL JOINTS EVERY 25' IN CONCRETE MEDIAN OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.



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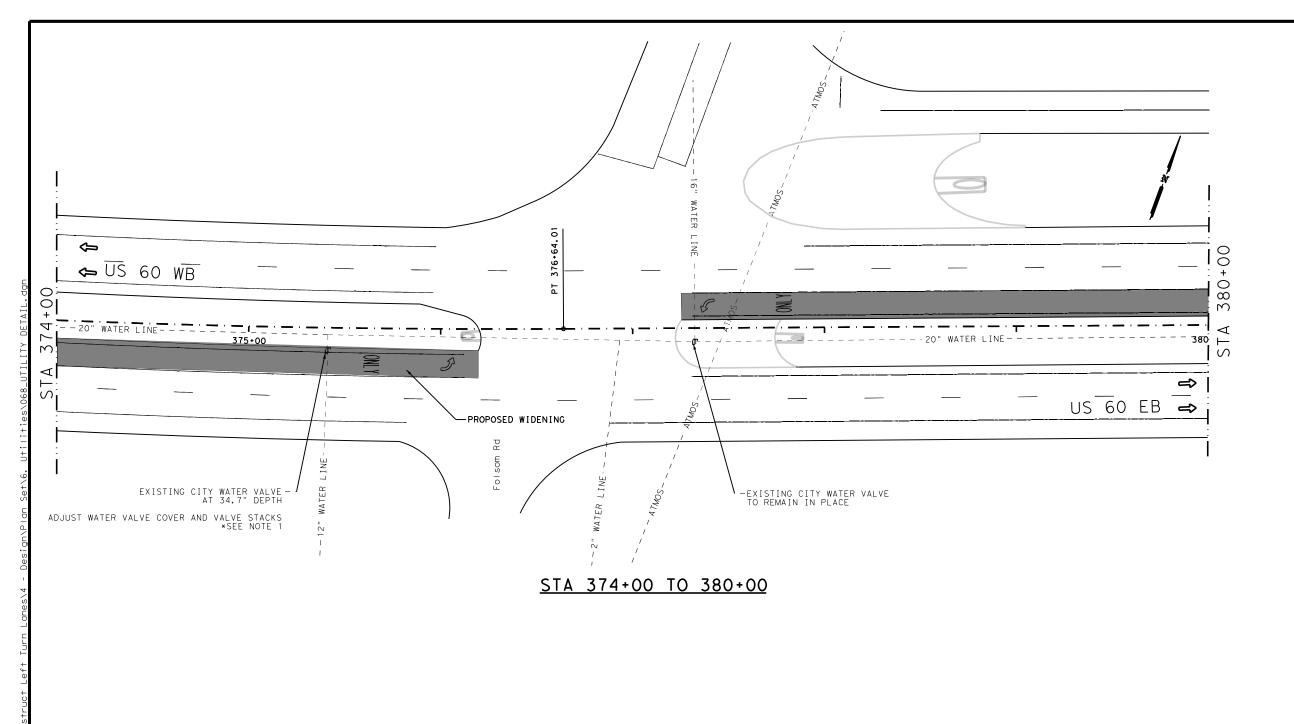
 \mathcal{S}

US 60

CONC ISLAND DETAIL

SCALE: 1" = 50'

SHEET 1 OF KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60



1. PROPOSED VALVE BOX WILL BE EXTENDED 18" - 30" DEPENDING ON FINAL GRADE. LID WILL MATCH FINAL GRADE OF PROPOSED WIDENING.



US 60

UTILITY DETAIL

SCALE: 1" = 50'

2022	Texas Department of Trans	spc	rtati	on
7	CHEET	,	ΩE	2

SN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
K	CS	0169	02	068		US 60
NM	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
K	СН	AMA		POTTER	78	

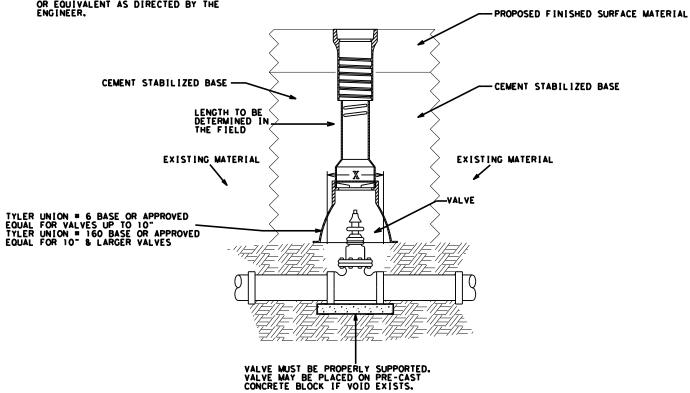
CSJ: 0169-02-068 U	TILITY SHEET
	5109
	6001
LOCATION	ADJ WTR VALVE COVER AND VALVE STACKS
CSJ: 0169-02-068	EA
STA. 375+41 EB	1
PROJECT TOTALS:	1

1) VALVE BOX SHALL BE TYLER UNION 6860 SERIES CAST IRON THREE-PIECE VALVE BOXES OR APPROVED EQUAL

2) LIDS SHALL BE STANDARD TYLER UNION DROP LIDS OR APPROVED EQUAL WITH SLOTS FOR EASY REMOVAL

3) LIDS SHALL BE MARKED "WATER"

4) CEMENT STABILIZED BASE IS NOT PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 5109. PROPOSED FINISHED SUBFACE MATERIAL WILL MATCH THE FINAL SURFACE MATERIAL OF THE PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION OR EQUIVALENT AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.



VALVE BOX SETUP



US 60

UTILITY DETAIL

SCALE: NTS

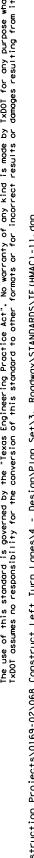


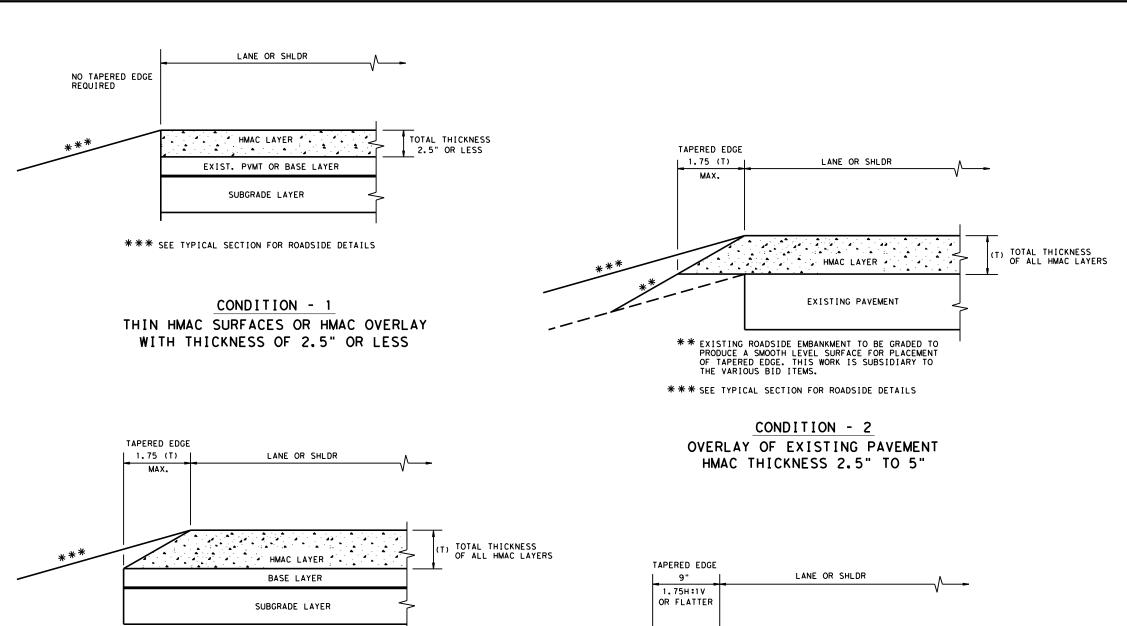
 DSN
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 SECT
 JOB
 HIGHWAY

 KK
 CS
 0169
 02
 068
 US
 60

 DRWN
 CK
 DIST
 COUNTY
 SHEET NO.

 KK
 CH
 AMA
 POTTER
 79





CONDITION - 3

*** SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR ROADSIDE DETAILS

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"

CONDITION - 4

*** SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR ROADSIDE DETAILS

HMAC LAYER

BASE LAYER

SUBGRADE LAYER

TOTAL THICKNESS OF ALL HMAC LAYERS

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

(NOT TO SCALE)

GENERAL NOTES

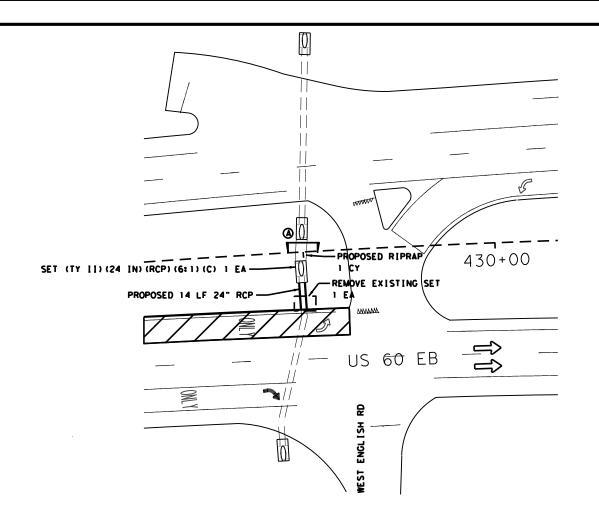
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.



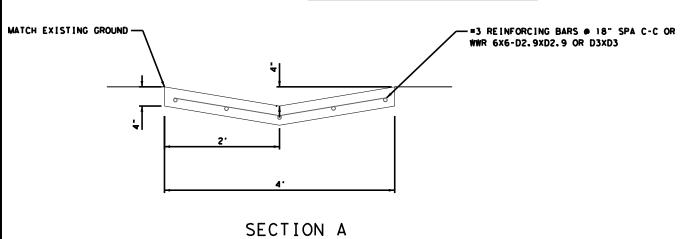
TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT

TE (HMAC) - 11

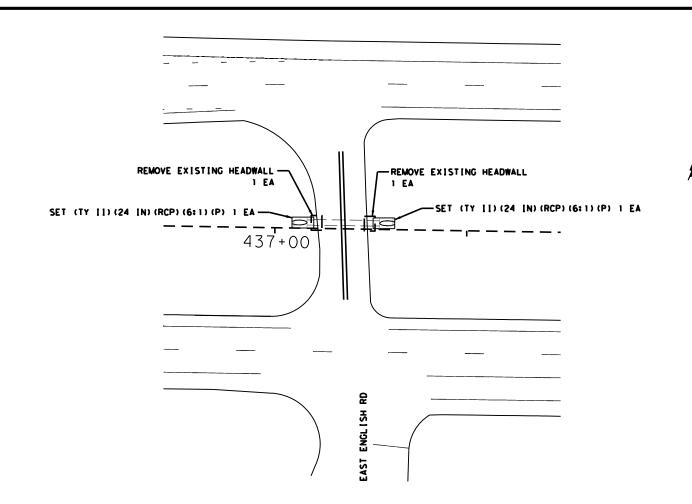
E: tehmac11.dgn	DN: Tx[TO	ck: RL	Dw: KB	CK:	
TxDOT January 2011	CONT SECT JOB				H]GHWAY	
REVISIONS	0169	02 068			US 60	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	AMA		POTTE	R	80	



STA 428+00 TO 430+00



	SUMMARY	OF DRAINAGE ITE	MS 1 OF 2			
	432	464	467	467	496	496
	6001	6005	6394	6395	6004	6006
LOCATION	RIPRAP (CONC) (4 IN)	RC PIPE (CL III) (24 IN)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (C)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P)	REMOV STR (SET)	REMOV STR (HEADWALL)
	CY	LF	EΑ	EA	EΔ	EA
CSJ: 0169-02-068				•		
STA 429+00 AT WEST ENGLISH RD	1	14	1		1	
STA 437+36 AT EAST ENGLISH RD				2		2
PROJECT TOTALS	1	14	1	2	1	2



STA 437+00 TO 438+00



US 60

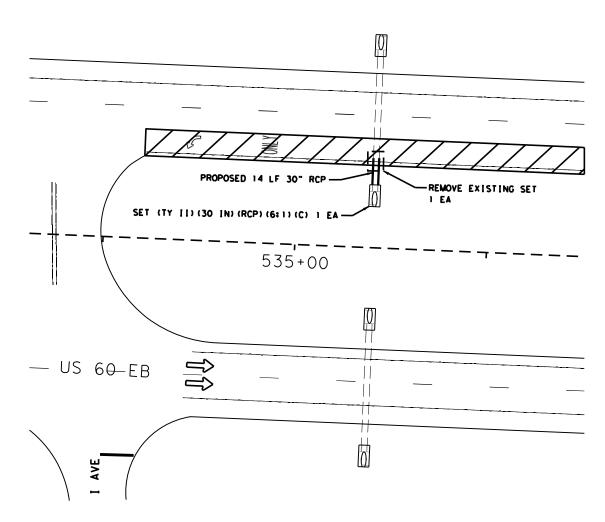
DRAINAGE DETAILS

SCALE: 1" = 50'

Texas Department of Transportation

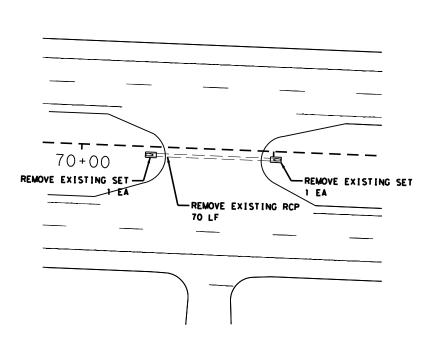
SHEET 1 OF 2

	_			5					
DSN	CK	CK CC	ONT SECT	TOB	HIGHWAY				
KK	CS	CS 01	69 02	068	068 l				
DRWN	CK	CK DI	IST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
кк	СН	CH A	мΔ	POTTER	Q 1				



STA 534+00 TO 536+00

SUMMAR	Y OF DRAINAGE	TEMS 2 OF 2		
	464	467	496	496
	6007	6422	6004	6007
LOCATION	RC PIPE (CL III) (30 IN)	SET (TY II) (30 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (C)	REMOV STR (SET)	REMOV STR (PIPE)
	LF	EA	EA	LF
CSJ: 0169-02-068				
STA 535+41 AT I AVENUE	14	1	1	
STA 70+66			2	70
PROJECT TOTALS:	14	1	3	70



STA 70+00 TO 71+00



US 60

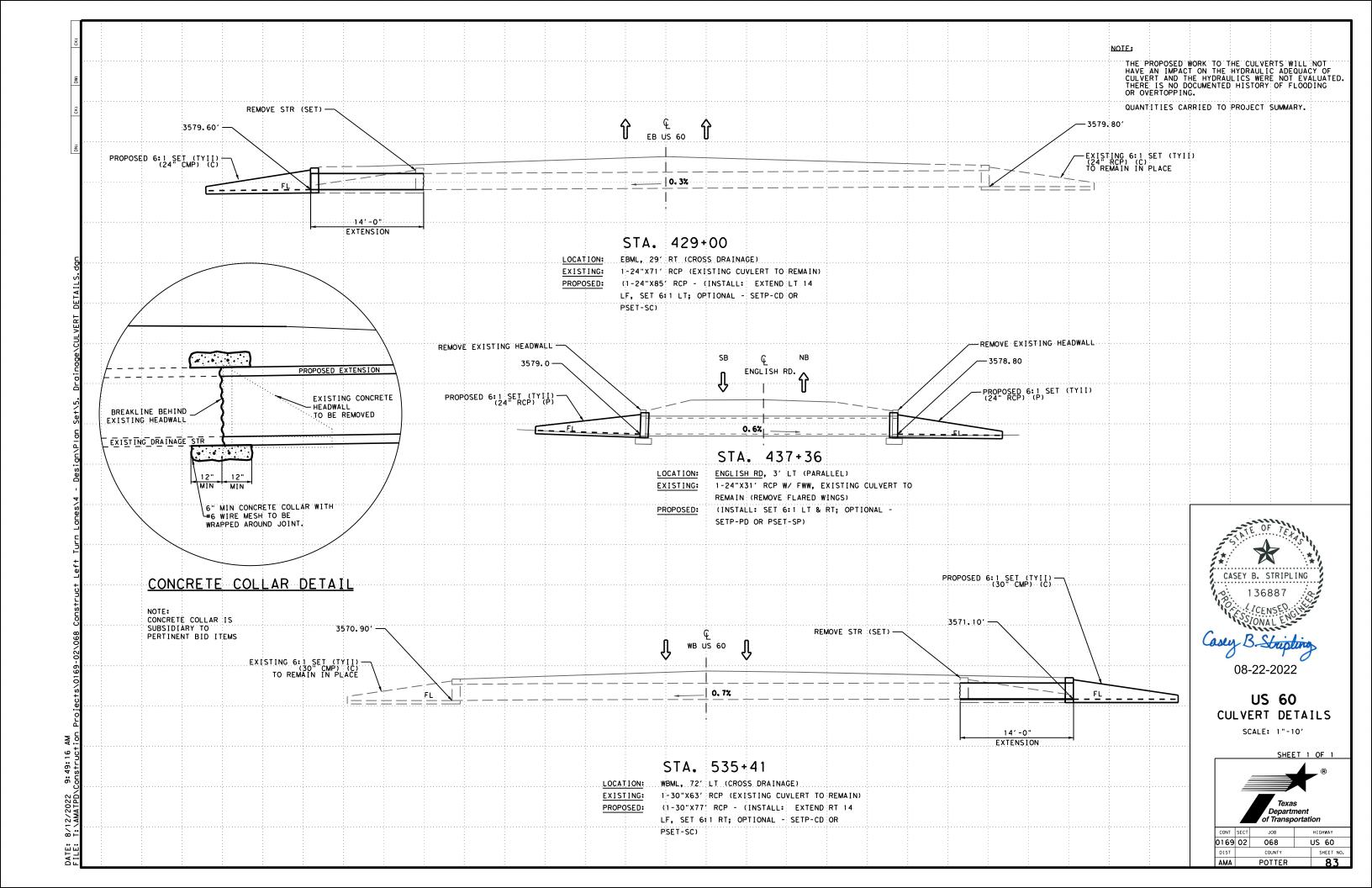
DRAINAGE DETAILS

SCALE: 1" = 50'

Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 2 0E 2

DATE: 8/12/2022 9:49:14 AM

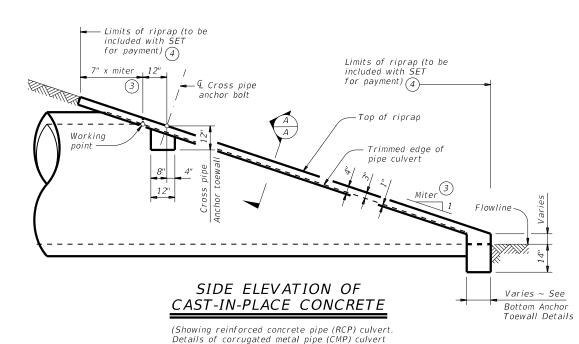


Working point (at intersection of nominal I.D.) Trimmed edge of pipe Miter 3 Miter 3

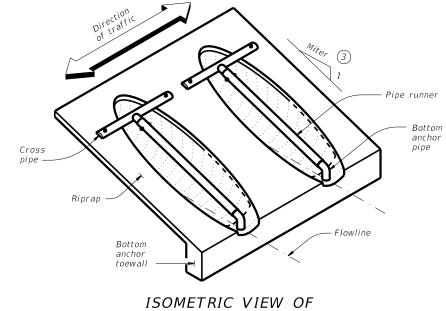
NOTE: All pipe runners, calculations, and dimensions are based on the pipe culverts mitered as shown in this detail. Alternate styles of mitered ends will require that appropriate adjustments be made to the values presented on this standard.

SIDE ELEVATION OF TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT MITER

(Showing corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert.
Details of reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert are similar.)



are similar. Pipe runners not shown for clarity)



ISOMETRIC VIEW OF TYPICAL INSTALLATION (Showing installation with no skew.)

CROSS PIPE LENGTHS AND PIPE RUNNER LENGTHS 102

								Pipe Runi	ner Length					
Nominal Culvert I.D.	Pipe Culvert Spa ~ G	Cross Pipe Length		3:1 Sid	e Slope		4:1 Side Slope				6:1 Side Slope			
			0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew
24"	1' - 7"	3' - 5"	N/A	N/A	N/A	5' - 10''	N/A	N/A	N/A	8' - 1''	N/A	N/A	N/A	12' - 9"
27"	1' - 8''	3' - 8''	N/A	N/A	5' - 5''	6' - 11''	N/A	N/A	7' - 7''	9' - 7''	N/A	N/A	11' - 11"	14' - 11"
30"	1' - 10''	3' - 11"	N/A	N/A	6' - 4''	8' - 0''	N/A	N/A	8' - 9''	11' - 0"	N/A	N/A	13' - 8"	17' - 0''
33"	1' - 11''	4' - 2''	6' - 2"	6' - 5''	7' - 3''	9' - 1''	8' - 6''	8' - 10''	10' - 0''	12' - 5"	13' - 3"	13' - 9"	15' - 5"	19' - 2"
36"	2' - 1''	4' - 5''	6' - 11''	7' - 3''	8' - 2''	10' - 2''	9' - 6''	9' - 11''	11' - 2''	13' - 10''	14' - 9"	15' - 3"	17' - 2"	21' - 3"
42"	2' - 4''	4' - 11''	8' - 6''	8' - 10''	9' - 11''	12' - 4''	11' - 7''	12' - 0''	13' - 6''	16' - 8''	17' - 9"	18' - 5"	20' - 8"	25' - 7"
48''	2' - 7''	5' - 5"	10' - 1''	10' - 5''	11' - 9''	N/A	13' - 7''	14' - 2''	15' - 10''	N/A	20' - 9"	21' - 6"	24' - 2"	N/A
54"	3' - 0''	5' - 11''	11' - 8"	12' - 1''	N/A	N/A	15' - 8''	16' - 3''	N/A	N/A	23' - 10"	24' - 8"	N/A	N/A
60"	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	13' - 3''	N/A	N/A	N/A	17' - 9''	N/A	N/A	N/A	26' - 10"	N/A	N/A	N/A

ϵ	5' - 5"	13' - 3''	N/A	N/A	1	N/A	17' - 9''	N/A	N/A	N/A	26' - 10"	N/A	N/A	N/A
	TYP	ICAL PIF	PE CULV	ERT M	ITERS	C	ONDITION AR	IS WHERE E NOT RE			STAN MAX	DARD PI PIPE RU	PE SIZE NNER LE	ES AND (1) ENGTHS
	Side Slope	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew		Nominal Culvert I.D.	Single Pipe Culv		Multiple Pipe Culverts	Pipe Size	Pipe 0.D.	Pipe I.D.	Max Pipe Runner Length
	3:1	3:1	3.106:1	3.464:1	4.243:1	1	12" thru 21"	Skews thru	ı 45° — 5	Skews thru 45°	2" STD	2.375"	2.067"	N/A
	4:1	4:1	4.141:1	4.619:1	5.657:1		24"	Skews thru	ı 45° — 9	Skews thru 30°	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	10' - 0"
	6:1	6:1	6.212:1	6.928:1	8.485:1		27"	Skews thru	ı 30° — 5	Skews thru 15°	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	19' - 8''
							30"	Skews thru	ı 15° — 5	Skews thru 15°	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"	34' - 2"
							33"	Skews thru	ı 15° — A	Always required				
							36"	Normal (no	skew) A	Always required				
						4	42" thru 60"	Always req	uired A	Always required				

ESTIMATED CONCRETE RIPRAP QUANTITIES (CY) (5)

Nominal		3:1 Sid	e Slope			4:1 Sid	e Slope		6:1 Side Slope			
Culvert I.D.	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew
12"	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
15"	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9
18"	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0
21"	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2
24"	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3
27"	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4
30"	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.6
33"	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7
36"	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8
42"	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.1
48''	1.1	1.1	1.2	N/A	1.4	1.4	1.5	N/A	1.9	1.9	2.1	N/A
54"	1.3	1.3	N/A	N/A	1.6	1.6	N/A	N/A	2.1	2.1	N/A	N/A
60''	1.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.3	N/A	N/A	N/A

- 1 Provide pipe runner of the size shown in the tables. Provide cross pipe of the same size as the pipe runner. Provide cross pipe stub out and bottom anchor pipe of the next smaller size pipe as shown in the Standard Pipe Sizes and Max Pipe Runner Lengths table.
- This standard allows for the placement of only one pipe runner across each culvert pipe opening. In order to limit the clear opening to be traversed by an errant vehicle, the following conditions must be met:

For 60" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 0°. For 54" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 15°. For 48" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 30°. For all culvert pipe sizes 42" and less, the skew must not exceed 45°.

If the above conditions cannot be met, the designer should consider using a safety end treatment with flared wings. For further information, refer to the TxDOT Roadway Design Manual.

- 3 Miter = slope of mitered end of pipe culvert.
- (4) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap".
- Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only.

SHEET 1 OF 2



Standard

SAFETY END TREATMENT

FOR 12" DIA TO 60" DIA
PIPE CULVERTS
TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SETP-CD

ILE:	setpcdse-20.dgn	DN: GA	F	CK:	CK: CAT DW:			JRP CK: GAF		
C)T x D0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY			
	REVISIONS	0169	02		068		L	JS 60)	
		DIST			COUNTY			SHEE	T NO.	
		AMA		P	OTTE	R		R	4	

Pipe runner length (See table.) + 3" + 1/2 cross pipe Dia ¹⁵/₁₆" Dia through hole ¹⁵∕₁₆" Dia through hole Pipe runner ⊊ 5⁄6" Dia through hole € Cross pipe & Cross pipe

> OPTION A1 OPTION A2 CROSS PIPE AND CONNECTIONS DETAILS

V_2 " Dia hole (9)¢ %" Dia through

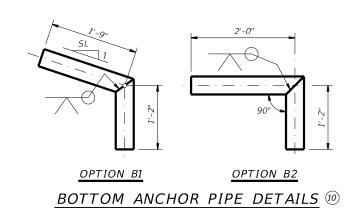
hole (at upper end

of pipe)

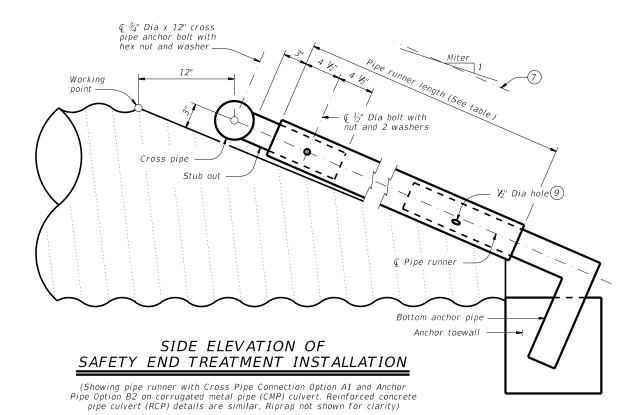
NOTE: The separate pipe runner shown is required when Cross Pipe Connection Option A1 is used.

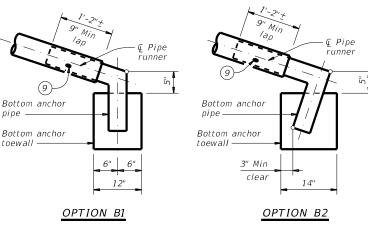
Pipe runner length (See table.)

PIPE RUNNER DETAILS



- (4) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap".
- (6) Recommended values of side slope are 3:1, 4:1, and 6:1. All quantities, calculations, and dimensions shown herein are based on these recommended values. Slope of 3:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 7) Note that actual slope of pipe runner may vary slightly from side slope of riprap and trimmed culvert pipe edge.
- (8) Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access.
- 9 After installation, inspect the $\c 4$ hole to ensure that the lap of the pipe runner with the bottom anchor pipe is adequate.
- (10) At fabricator's option, a heat bend to a smooth 5" radius or a manufactured elbow (of the same material as the runner) may be substituted for the mitered and welded joint in the bottom anchor pipe.





BOTTOM ANCHOR TOEWALL DETAILS

(Culvert and riprap not shown for clarity.)

MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Provide pipe runners, cross pipes, and anchor pipes conforming to the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication.

Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

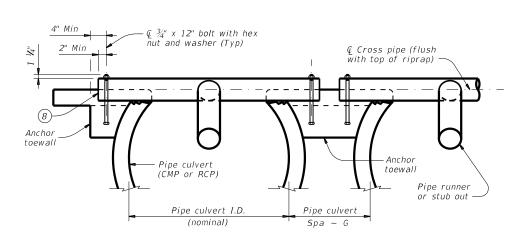
Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those

installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the

openings approximately perpendicular to the pipe runners.

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the price bid for each safety end treatment.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap".

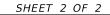


SHOWING CROSS PIPE AND ANCHOR TOEWALL

CULVERT AND RIPRAP

PLAN OF SKEWED

INSTALLATION



SHOWING TYPICAL PIPE

Limits of riprap (to be included with SET

for payment) 4

(Typ)

Tangent to widest portion

of pipe culvert

Pipe culvert

Limits of

riprap

© Roadway

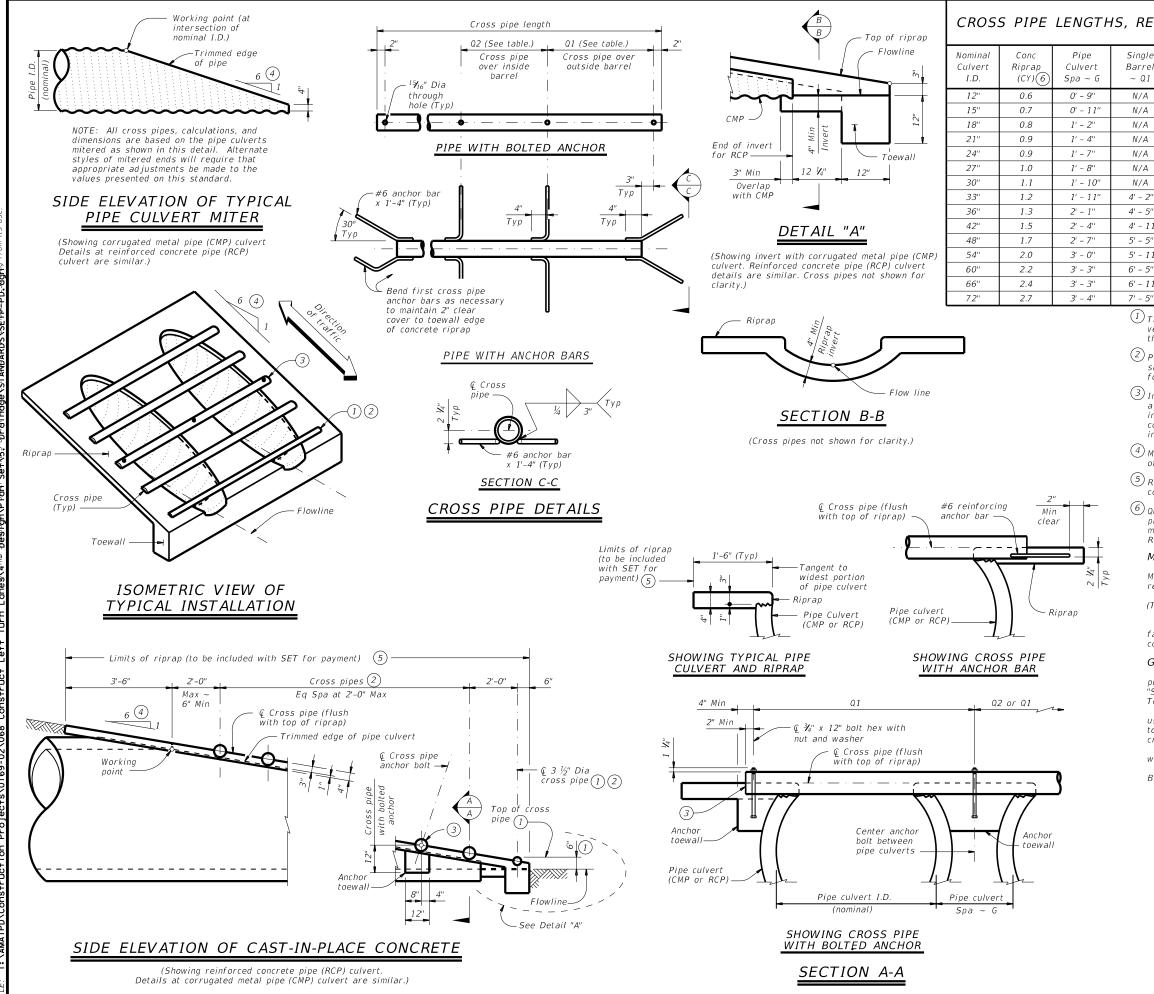


FOR 12" DIA TO 60" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SFTP-CD

			_ '	' '			
:	setpcdse-20.dgn	DN: GAF	-	CK: CAT	DW:	JRP	CK: GAF
TXD0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOE	3		HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0169	02	06	8	ι	JS 60
		DIST		cou	VTY		SHEET NO.
		AMA		POT	TER		85





CROSS PIPE LENGTHS, REQUIRED PIPE SIZES, AND RIPRAP QUANTITIES

Nominal Culvert I.D.	Conc Riprap (CY) 6	Pipe Culvert Spa ~ G	Single Barrel ~ Q1	Multi- Barrel ~ Q1	Q2	Conditions for Use of Cross Pipes	Cross Pipe Sizes
12"	0.6	0' - 9''	N/A	2' - 1"	1' - 9"		
15"	0.7	0' - 11''	N/A	2' - 5"	2' - 2"		
18"	0.8	1' - 2"	N/A	2' - 10''	2' - 8''	3 or more pipe culverts	3" Std (3.500" 0.D.)
21"	0.9	1' - 4''	N/A	3' - 2"	3' - 1"		(3.300 0.5.)
24"	0.9	1' - 7''	N/A	3' - 6''	3' - 7''		
27"	1.0	1' - 8"	N/A	3' - 10''	3' - 11''	3 or more pipe culverts	
30"	1.1	1' - 10"	N/A	4' - 2"	4' - 4''	2 or more pipe culverts	3 ½" Std (4.000" 0.D.)
33"	1.2	1' - 11"	4' - 2"	4' - 5"	4' - 8''	All pipe culverts	(4.000 0.D.)
36"	1.3	2' - 1''	4' - 5"	4' - 9''	5' - 1"	All sins subsents	4" Std
42"	1.5	2' - 4''	4' - 11''	5' - 5"	5' - 10''	All pipe culverts	(4.500" O.D.)
48"	1.7	2' - 7''	5' - 5"	6' - 0''	6' - 7''		
54"	2.0	3' - 0''	5' - 11''	6' - 9''	7' - 6''		
60"	2.2	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	7' - 4"	8' - 3"	All pipe culverts	5" Std (5.563" 0.D.)
66"	2.4	3' - 3"	6' - 11''	7' - 10''	8' - 9''		(5.565 6.6.)
72"	2.7	3' - 4"	7' - 5"	8' - 5"	9' - 4''		

- 1) The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vehicle safety. Place the top of the first cross pipe no more than 6" above the flow line.
- 2 Provide cross pipes, except the first bottom pipe, of the size shown in the table. Provide a 3 1#2" standard pipe (4" O.D.) for the first bottom pipe.
- Install the third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert using a bolted connection. Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access. At the Contractor's option, install all other cross pipes using the bolted connection details.
- 4 Match cross slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Cross slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 5 Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap".
- 6 Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for contractor's information only.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.
Provide cross pipes that meet the requirements of ASTM A53

(Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 (Gr B), or API 5LX52. Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

GENERAL NOTES:

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap".

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the Price

Bid for each Safety End Treatment.

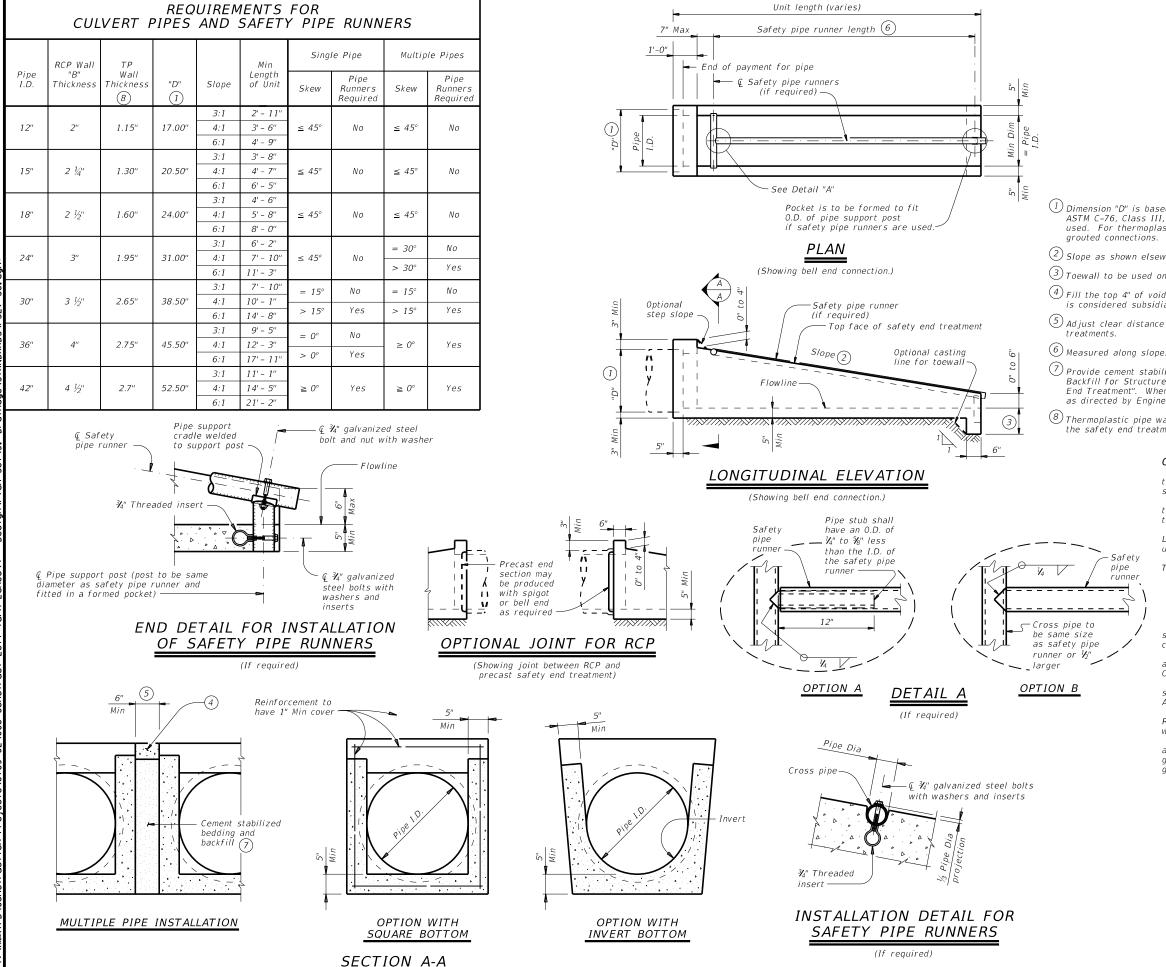


SAFETY END TREATMENT

FOR 12" DIA TO 72" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

SETP-PD

		AMA		POTTE	R		86
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	REVISIONS	0169	02	068		J	JS 60
⊕T x D0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
ILE:	setppdse-20.dgn	DN: GAI		CK: CAT	DW:	JRP	ck: GAF



SAFETY PIPE RUNNER **DIMENSIONS**

Max Safety	Require	d Pipe Runn	ner Size	
Pipe Runner Length	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.	
11' - 2"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
15' - 6''	3 ½" STD	4.000"	3.548"	
20' - 10''	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	
35' - 4"	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"	

- $\stackrel{\textstyle (1)}{}$ Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for
- $^{(2)}$ Slope as shown elsewhere in plans. Slope of 3:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- ${rac{3}{3}}$ Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 4) Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment".
- $^{(5)}$ Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end
- Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment". When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer
- $^{igg(8)}$ Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment".

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End Treatment" except as noted below :

- A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40) or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" D12 x D12
- or 5"x5" D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).
- B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).

At the option and expense of the Contractor, the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Provide safety pipe runners, cross pipes, pipe support posts, and pipe stubs meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464 "Reinforced Concrete Pipe". Connect TP by grouting. See Pipe and Box Grouted Connections (PBGC) standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment.

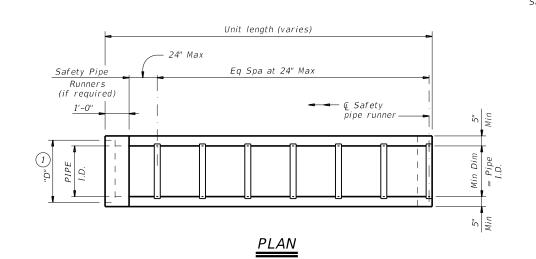


Bridge Division Standard

PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

PSET-SC

LE:	psetscss-21.dgn	DN: RLV	V	CK:	KLR	DW:	JTR	CK: GAF
)T x DOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT		JOB		HIG	HWAY
12-21:	REVISIONS Added 42" TP	0169	02		068		US	60
		DIST			COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		AMA		Р	OTTE	R		87



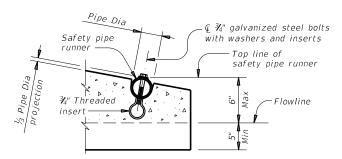
(Showing bell end connection.)

Optional step slope Safety pipe runner (Typ) (if required) Top face of safety end treatment Slope 2 Optional casting line for toewall Flowline Flowline 5" 5" 5" 6"

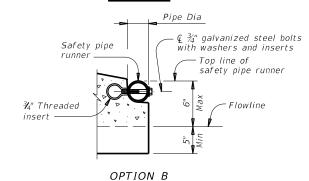
(Showing bell end connection.)

INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required

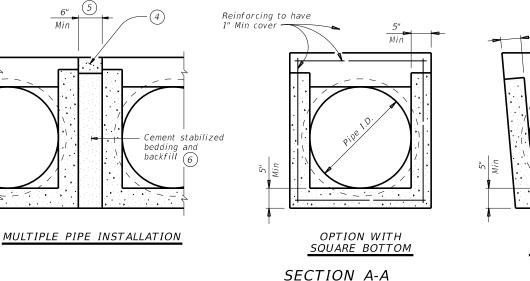


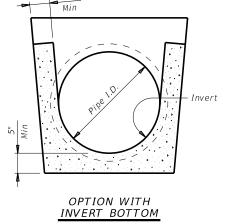
OPTION A

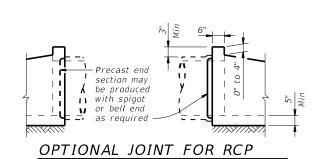


END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)







(Showing joint between RCP and precast safety end treatment.)

REQUIREMENTS FOR CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

Dina	RCP Wall	TP Wall			Min		unners uired	Required Pipe Runner Size			
Pipe I.D.	Thickness	Thickness	"D"	Slope	Length	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia.	0.D.	I.D.	
12"	2"	1.15"	17.00"	6:1	4' - 9''	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
15"	2 1/4"	1.30"	20.50"	6:1	6' - 5"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
18"	2 ½"	1.60"	24.00"	6:1	8' - 0''	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
24"	3"	1.95"	31.00"	6:1	11' - 3"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
30"	3 ½"	2.65"	38.50"	6:1	14' - 8"	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	
36"	4"	2.75"	45.50"	6:1	17' - 11"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	
42"	4 ½"	2.7"	52.50"	6:1	21' - 2"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	

- 1 Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for grouted connections.
- 2) Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$ Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment".
- $^{(5)}$ Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.
- 6 Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment". When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer.
- (7) Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment".

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End Treatment" except as noted below:

- A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40) or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" - D12 x D12 or 5"x5" - D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).
- or 5"X5" DIO x DIO welded wire reinforcement (WWR).

 B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete (f'c = 3.600 psi).

At the option and expense of the Contractor the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished; as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe.

cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B). ASTM A500 (Grade B). or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe". Connect TP by grouting. See Pipe and Box Grouted Connections (PBGC) standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment.



Bridge Division Standard

PRECAST SAFETY END

TREATMENT

TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

PSET-SP

LE:	psetspss-21.dgn	DN: RLV	V	CK: KLR	DW:	JTR	ck: GAF	
)T x D O T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
12-21: 4	REVISIONS Added 42" TP	0169	02	068			US 60	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		AMA		POTTE	R		88	

1'-0" Anchor rods are not required (Min) between multiple pipes © Anchor holes 23 Riprap and rods (typ) safety end treatment MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATION

Length of precast safety end treatment (varies)

Eq Spa at 1'-6" (max)

PLAN

Top face of safety end treatment and top face of riprap

LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION

12" (max)-

Precast safety end treatment unit

SECTION A-A

Limits of riprap (to be

for payment) (1)

included with SET

12" (max)

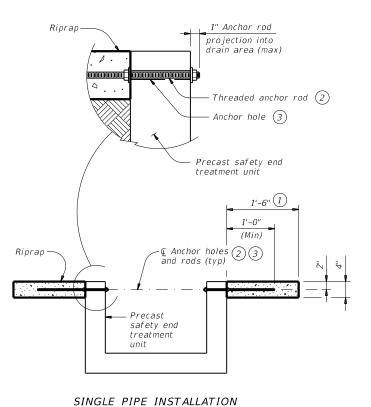
← Anchor holes and rods (typ) (2) (3)

Riprap -

Limits of riprap (to be

included with SET

for payment) (1)



ESTIMATED CONCRETE RIPRAP QUANTITIES (CY)

Nominal	PSET-SC	and PSI	ET-SP St	andards	PSET-RC	and PSI	ET-RP St	andards
Culvert			Side Slope	е			Side Slope	9
(Pipe) I.D.	Unit Width "W"	3:1	4:1	6:1	Unit Width "W"	3:1	4:1	6:1
12"	23.0"	0.1	0.2	0.2	16.0"	0.1	0.1	0.2
15"	26.5"	0.2	0.2	0.3	19.5"	0.1	0.2	0.2
18"	30.0"	0.2	0.2	0.3	23.0"	0.2	0.2	0.3
24"	37.0"	0.3	0.3	0.5	30.0"	0.2	0.3	0.4
30"	44.5"	0.3	0.4	0.6	37.0"	0.3	0.3	0.5
36"	51.5"	0.4	0.5	0.7	44.0"	0.3	0.4	0.6
42"	58.5"	0.5	0.6	0.8	51.0"	0.4	0.5	0.7
				·			·	

- (1) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap". When riprap is cast integrally with the precast safety end treatment, this dimension is 1'-0" minimum.
- (2) 1#2" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A threaded anchor rod with 2 nuts and 2 washers. Galvanize all components in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Repair galvanizing that is damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.
- 3 3#4" through holes in walls of safety end treatment for riprap anchor rods may be drilled with rotary (coring or masonry) type drilling equipment or may be formed. Do not use percussive (star) type drilling equipment. If holes are drilled, patch spalls in the inside face of the wall exceeding 1#2" from the holes.
- $\stackrel{\textstyle \bigcirc}{4}$ Provide riprap toe wall when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans or when field conditions require a toe wall.
- (5) Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe culvert. For multiple pipe culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only. Quantities are based on the minimum unit lengths shown on the Precast Saftey End Treatment (SET) standard sheets.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "B" riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap". Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise. The anchor rods shown are always required.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe may be used for TYPE II

end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End Treatment". Refer to PSET-SC or PSET-SP standard sheets for details of square safety end treatments not shown. Refer to PSET-RC or PSET-RP standard sheets for details of round safety end treatments not shown.

For precast units with integrally cast riprap, substitute reinforcing steel in the amount on 0.26 in./ft. minimum for the threaded anchor rods shown. When requested, submit sealed engineering drawings for approval prior to construction. Shop drawings will not be required. Note that a proprietary precast unit with integral riprap is available from L&R Precast Concrete Works, Inc. (956) 583-6293 or www.lrprecast.com. Payment for riprap and toewalls is included in the price bid for each safety end

These riprap details are only applicable when notes that require placement of riprap with precast safety end treatments are shown elsewhere in the plans.

Precast units with integrally cast riprap are permitted unless noted otherwise on the plans.



PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT TYPE II RIPRAP DETAILS

PSET-RR

LE:	psetrrse-20.dgn	DN: GAF	-	CK: TXDOT	DW:	JRP	CK: GAF
)TxD0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0169	02	068		US	60
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		AMA		POTTE	R		89

STA 324+00 TO STA 336+00

SUM	MARY OF PAVEM	ENT MARKING I	TEMS			
	666	666	666	666	666	666
	6035	6047	6053	6077	6299	6314
LOCATION	REFL PAV MRKTY I (W)8" (SLD)(090MIL)	TY I (W)24"(SLD)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) (ARROW) (O90MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(O 90MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W) 4"(BRK)(O90MIL)	RE PM W/RETREQ TY I (Y)4" (SLD)(090MIL)
CSJ: 0169-02-068	LF	LF	EΑ	EΑ	LF	LF
MISC PAVEMENT MARKING DETAIL SHEET 1 OF 1	1476	52	4	4	2436	2152
PROJECT TOTALS:	1476	52	4	4	2436	2152

QUANTITIES CARRIED TO SUMMARY SHEET



US 60

MISC PAVEMENT MARKING DETAIL

SCALE: 1" = 100'

	00.122.	
2022	Texas Department of Transportation	
	SHEET 1 OF 1	

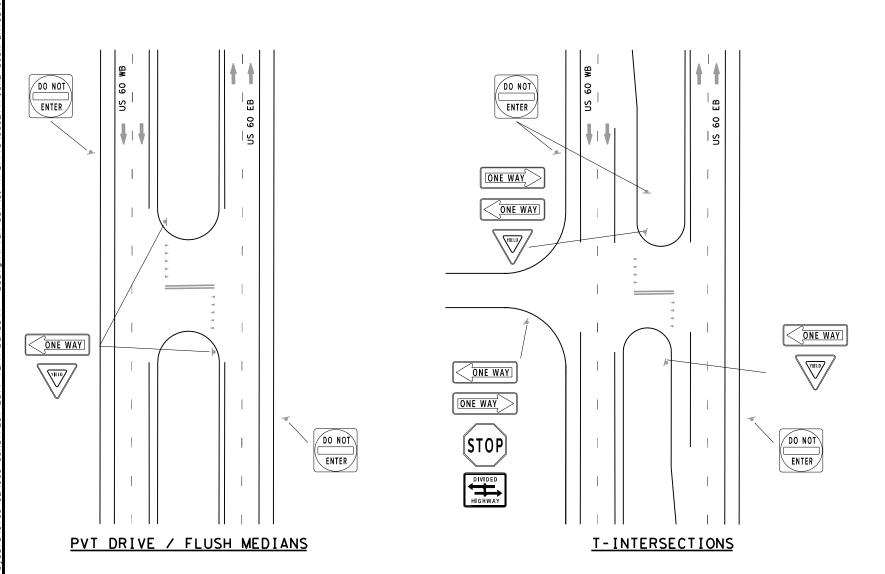
 DSN
 CK
 CONT
 SECT
 JOB
 HIGHWAY

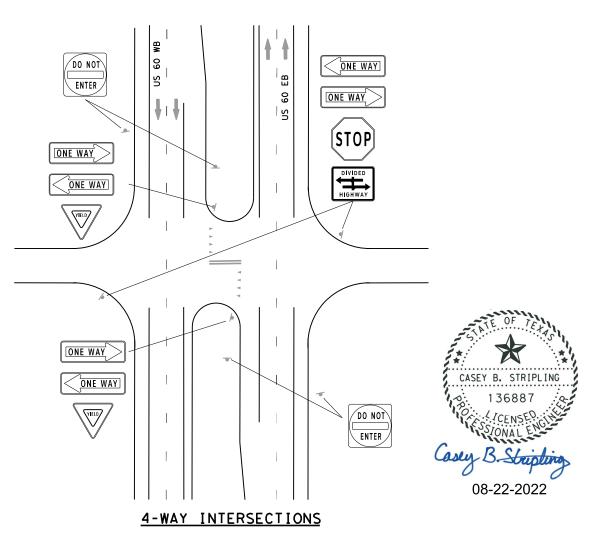
 KK
 CS
 0169
 02
 068
 US
 60

 DRWN
 CK
 DIST
 COUNTY
 SHEET NO.

 KK
 CH
 AMA
 POTTER
 90

- REFERENCE SMALL SIGN SUMMARY SHEETS FOR TOTALS AND ADDITIONAL NOTES PERTAINING TO THIS PROJECT.
- THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPLACING SIGNS IN THEIR ORIGINAL LOCATIONS, EXCEPT AS CALLED OUT IN THESE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3. SIGNS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE TO THE LATEST TXDOT STANDARDS AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. ADDITIONAL SIGNS NOT COVERED IN THESE PLANS SHALL REMAIN AS IS, UNLESS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 5. PLACE "DO NOT ENTER" SIGNS IN A LOCATION THAT IS EASILY VISIBLE TO CROSSING VEHICLES OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.





US 60

TYPICAL SIGN LAYOUT

SCALE: NTS



 DSN
 CK
 CONT
 SECT
 JOB
 HIGHWAY

 KK
 CS
 0169
 02
 068
 US
 60

 DRWN
 CK
 DIST
 COUNTY
 SHEET NO.

 KK
 CH
 AMA
 POTTER
 91

JMMAR	RY C	F SMAL	L SIGNS					Post Type	SMA RD	SGN ASSM TY X		(X-XXXX)	BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANCE SIGNS
STA.	SIGN NO.	SIGN DESIGNATION	SIGN CONTENT		SIGN DIMENSIONS (See above Note)	ALUMINUM TYPE A	ALUMINUM TYPE G		Posts	UA = Univer-Conc UB = Univer-Bolt SA = Slip-Conc SB = Slip-Bolt WS = Wedge Steel WP = Wedge Plstic	P = Prefb. "Pigin" T = Prefab. "T"	IEXT or 2EXT = = of Ext. BM = Extruded Beom	TY N - Type N TY S - Type S
362+50 L	1	R6-1L R1-2	ONE WAY <in arrow="" left=""> YIELD</in>	(MELENY)	54 × 18 48 × 48 × 48	x		\$80	1	SA	P	BM BM	
363+04 L	2	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 × 36	x		1 OBWG	1	SA	T		
366+74 L	3	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 × 36	×		10B W G	1	SA	T		
375+15 R	4	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 × 36	x		1 OBWG	1	SA	т		
376+00 R	5	R6-1L R6-1R R1-2	ONE WAY (IN LEFT ARROW) ONE WAY (IN RIGHT ARROW) YIELD	GREE BRY	54 × 18 54 × 18 48 × 48 × 48	x x x		\$80	1	SA	P	BM BM BM	
377+29 L	6	R6-1L R6-1R R1-2	ONE WAY (IN LEFT ARROW) ONE WAY (IN RIGHT ARROW) YIELD	COME SHAY THE D THE D	54 × 18 54 × 18 48 × 48 × 48	x x x		\$80	1	SA	Р	BM BM BM	
378+85 L	7	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 × 36	x		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		
428+15 R	8	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 × 36	x		1 OBWG	1	SA	т		
429+05		R6-1L R6-1R	ONE WAY <in arrow="" left=""> ONE WAY <in arrow="" right=""></in></in>	CHEE SHAY) GRIER SHAY VELLO	54 × 18 54 × 18	××						BM BM	

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS

SQUARE FEET MINIMUM THICKNESS

LESS THAN 7.5 0.100"

7.5 or Greater 0.125"

THE STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) CAN BE FOUND AT THE FOLLOWING WEBSITE.

HTTP://WWW.TXDOT.GOV/

- 1. SIGN SUPPORTS SHALL BE LOCATED AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS, EXCEPT THAT THE ENGINEER MAY SHIFT THE SIGN SUPPORTS, WITHIN DESIGN GUIDELINES, WHERE NECESSARY TO SECURE A MORE DESIRABLE LOCATION OR TO AVOID CONFLICT WITH UTILITIES. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STAKE AND THE ENGINEER WILL VERIFY ALL SIGN SUPPORT LOCATIONS.
- . FOR INSTALLATION OF BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANCE SIGNS, SEE BRIDGE MOUNTED CLEARANCE SIGN ASSEMBLY (BMCS)STANDARD SHEET.
- 3. FOR SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES, SEE SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS SMD(GEN).
- REPLACE SIGN FACE ON EXISTING BRIDGE MOUNT USING ITEM 636-6007.

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

SOSS

:	SUMS16.DGN	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	ck: TXDOT	
TXDOT	2022	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS		0169 02 068			US 60		
		DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
		AMA		POTTE	R		92	

SUMMAR	Y 0	F SMAL	L SIGNS				_	Post Type	SMA RD	SGN ASSM TY X		(X-XXXX)	BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANCE SIGNS	
STA.	SIGN NO.	SIGN DESIGNATION	SIGN CONTENT		SIGN DIMENSIONS (See above Note)	ALUMINUM TYPE A	ALUMINUM TYPE G	FRP • Fibergloss TWT • Thin-wall 10BWG • 10 BWG S80 • Sched 80	Posts	UA = Univer-Conc UB = Univer-Bolt SA = Slip-Conc SB = Slip-Bolt WS = Wedge Steel WP = Wedge Plstic	P = Prefb. "Ploin" T = Prefob. "I" U = Prefob. "U"	IEXT or 2EXT = = of Ext. BM = Extruded Beom #C = 1.12 =/ft Wing Chon. EXAL = Extruded Alum. Signs	TY N = Type N TY S = Type S	
491+51 R	10	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT	36 × 36	x		1 OBWG	1	SA	T			ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS TH
492+63 R	11	R6-1L R6-1R R1-2	ONE WAY <in arrow="" left=""> ONE WAY <in arrow="" right=""> YIELD</in></in>	GREENY THE	54 × 18 54 × 18 48 × 48 × 48	X X X		\$80	1	SA	P	BM BM BM		SQUARE FEET MINIMUM LESS THAN 7.5 0. 7.5 or Greater 0.
505+45	12	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 × 36	x		1 OBWG	1	SA	т			THE STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN FOR TEXAS (SHSD) CAN BE FO THE FOLLOWING WEBSITE.
509+48 L	13	W12-2 W12-2TP	SYMBOL - LOW CLEARANCE (FT)- LOW CLEARANCE (PLAQUE) 14'-5"	- (IN) LOW CLEARANCE	36 × 36 24 × 18	x x		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			HTTP://WWW.TXDOT NOTE: 1. SIGN SUPPORTS SHALL BE LOCAT ON THE PLANS, EXCEPT THAT TH
511+38 R	14	W4-1L	SYMBOL - MERGE AHEAD LEFT		36 × 36	x		1 OBWG	1	SA	т			MAY SHIFT THE SIGN SUPPORTS, DESIGN GUIDELINES, WHERE NED SECURE A MORE DESIRABLE LOCA AVOID CONFLICT WITH UTILITIE OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANT CONTRACTOR SHALL STAKE AND WILL VERIFY ALL SIGN SUPPORT
534+21 L	15	R6-1L R6-1R R1-2	ONE WAY <in arrow="" left=""> ONE WAY <in arrow="" right=""> YIELD</in></in>	GORE MAY)	54 × 18 54 × 18 48 × 48 × 48	x x x		\$80	1	SA	P	ВМ ВМ ВМ		2. FOR INSTALLATION OF BRIDGE N SIGNS, SEE BRIDGE MOUNTED CL ASSEMBLY (BMCS)STANDARD SHEE 3. FOR SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAIL A. REPLACE SIGN FACE ON EXISTIN MOUNT USING ITEM 636-6007.
535+00 L	16	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 × 36	x		1 OBWG	1	SA	т			
37+15 L	17	R6-1L R6-1R R1-2	ONE WAY <in arrow="" left=""> ONE WAY <in arrow="" right=""> YIELD</in></in>	GREENEY) THELE	54 × 18 54 × 18 48 × 48 × 48	x x x		\$80	1	SA	P	BM BM BM		SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEET 2 OF 2 Texas Department of Transportati
38+90 L	18	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 × 36	x		1 OBWG	1	SA	т			SUMMARY C SMALL SIGI
														SOSS FILE: SUMS16.DGN DN: TXDOT CK: T)

THICKNESS MUM THICKNESS 0.100"

SIGN DESIGNS BE FOUND AT

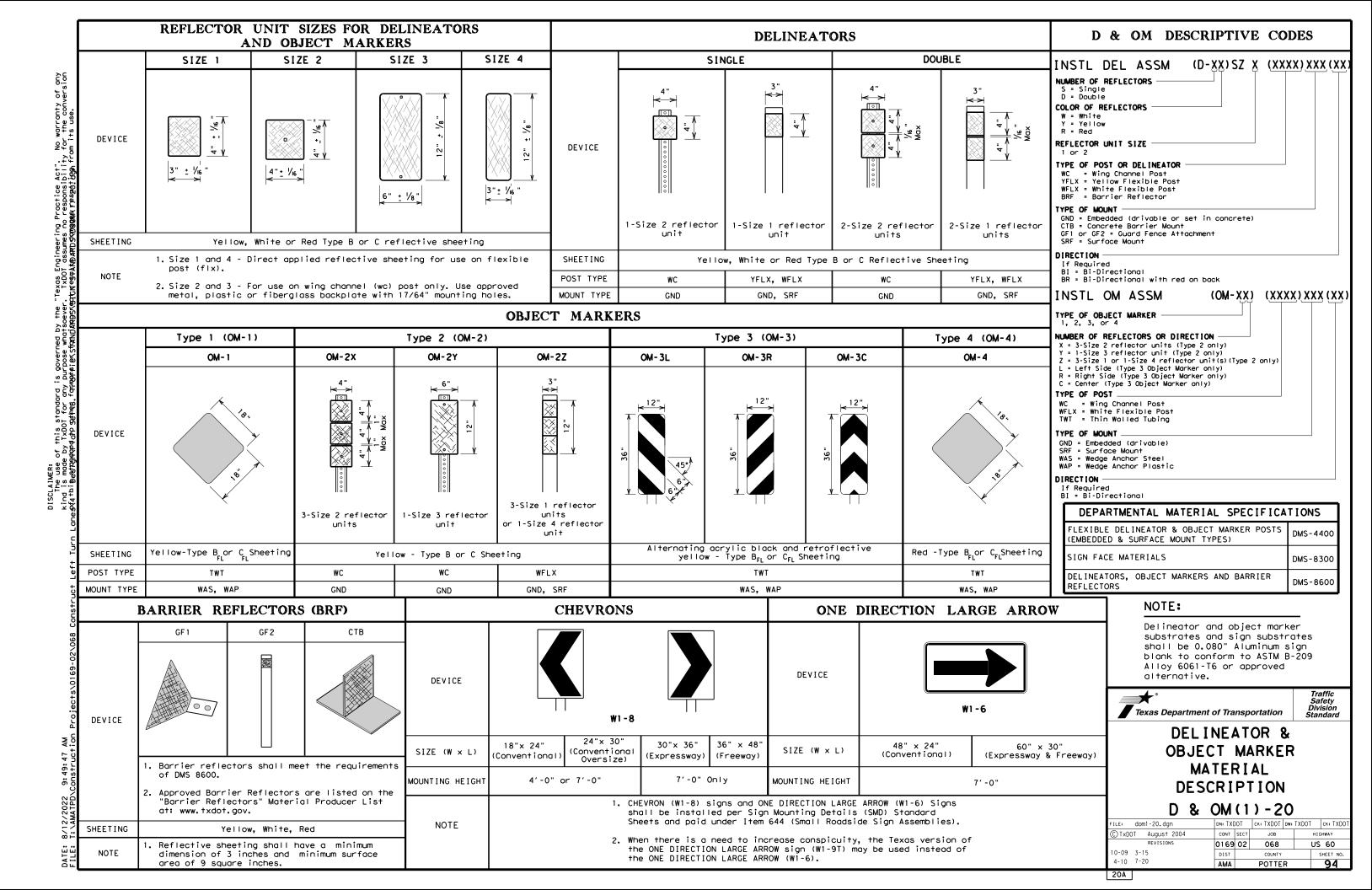
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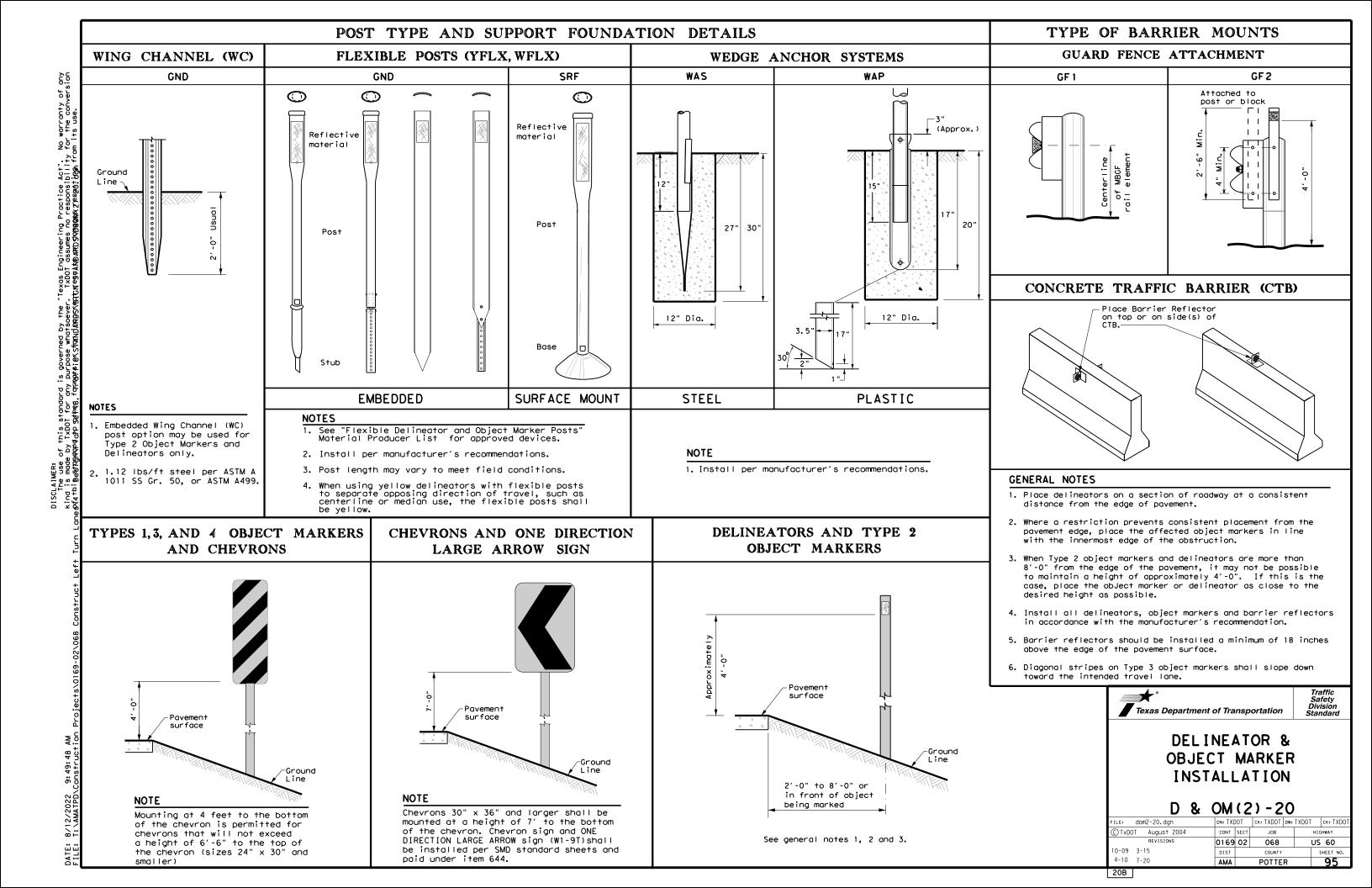
- OCATED AS SHOWN AT THE ENGINEER ORTS, WITHIN ENCESSARY TO LOCATION OR TO LITIES. UNLESS PLANS, THE AND THE ENGINEER PPORT LOCATIONS.
- GE MOUNT CLEARANCE D CLEARANCE SIGN SHEET.
- PTIVE CODES, SEE MALL ROADSIDE TAILS SMD(GEN).
- STING BRIDGE

Traffic Operations Division Standard

OF GNS

:	SUMS16.DGN	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	ck: TXDOT	
TXDOT	2022	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0169	02	068		US 60		
16 16		DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
		AMA		POTTE		93		

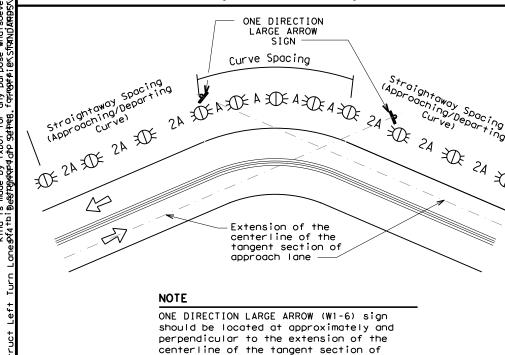




MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

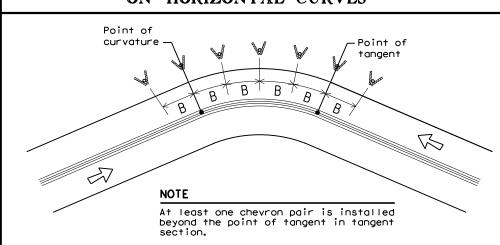
Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed					
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)				
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs				
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	 RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons. 				
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons				

SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rai∣ Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
0 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		See D & OM (5)
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND					
XX	Bi-directional Delineator				
X	Delineator				
4	Sign				

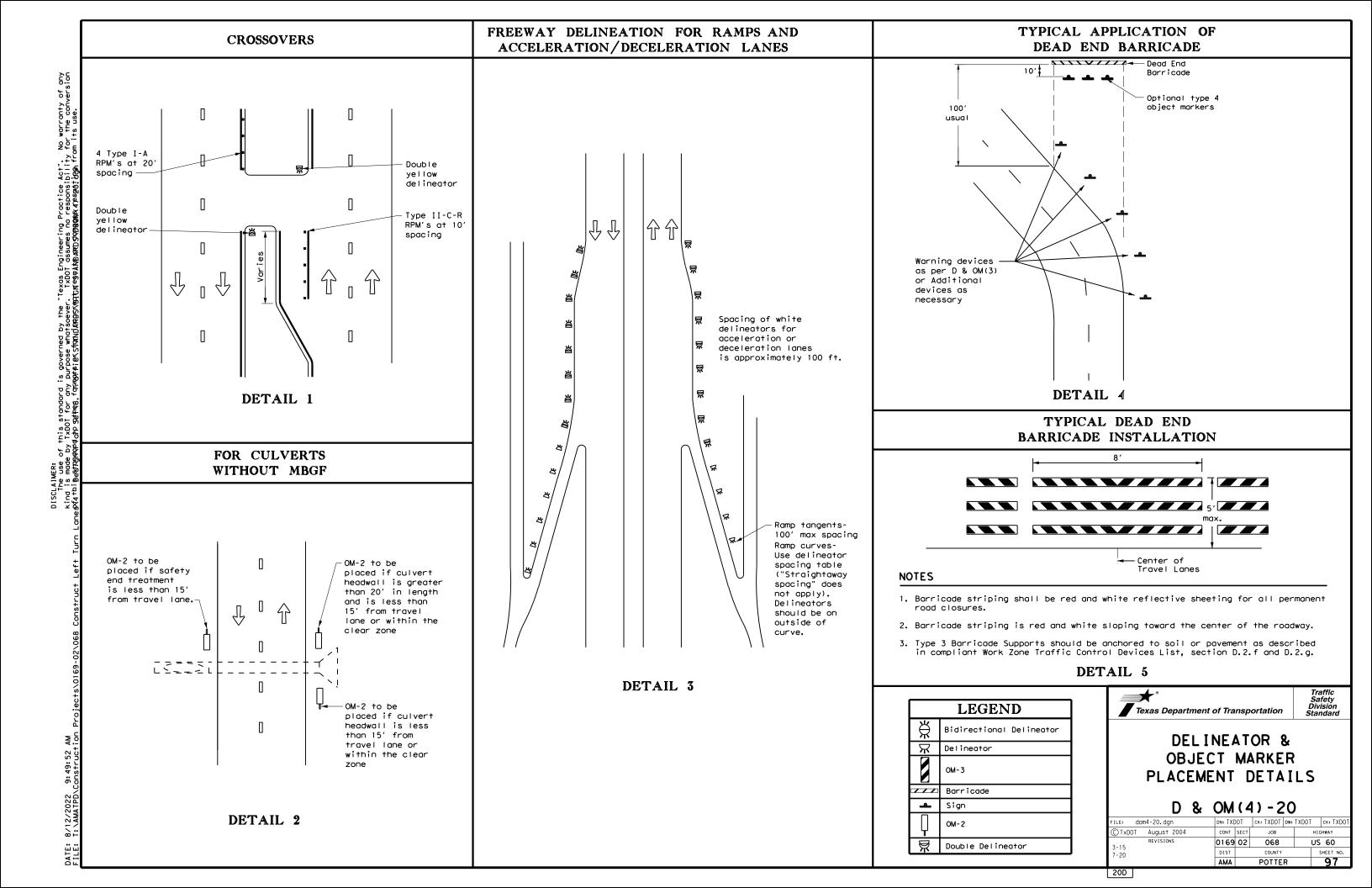


DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

ILE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[TO(CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0169	02	068		US	60
3-15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
3-15 7-20	AMA		POTTE	R		96

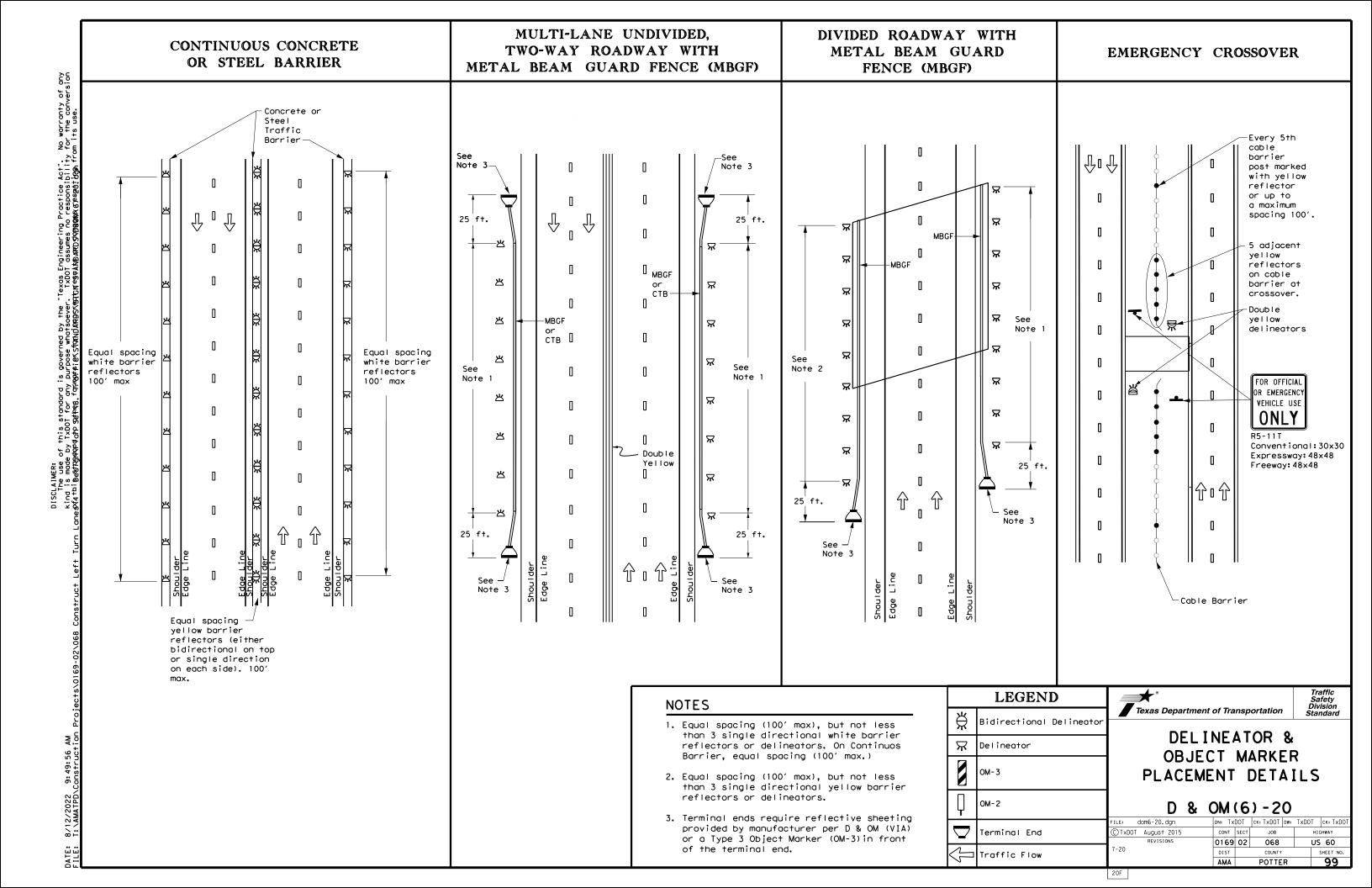
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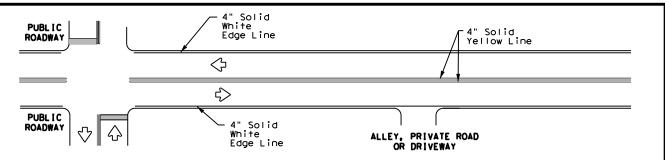


TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 出 出 25 ft. 25 ft. 3- Type D-SW 3- Type D-SW /₩ 25 ft. delineators delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ apart apart 出 出 **MBGF** Type D-SW Type D-SW delineators delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ bidirectional bidirectional One barrier $\stackrel{\star}{\bowtie}$ One barrier reflector shall reflector shall be placed $\stackrel{\ \ \, }{\bowtie}$ Steel or concrete-П be placed directly behind Bridge rail directly behind each OM-3. each OM-3. The others The others $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\Leftrightarrow}$ will have -Steel or concrete will have equal spacing Bridge rail equal spacing (100' max), but (100' max), but not less than 3 Bidirectional white barrier not less than 3 bidirectional Bidirectional bidirectional white barrier white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal spacing (100' max), but reflectors reflectors or delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ reflectors Equal spacing delineators not less than (100' max), but 3 bidirectional not less than 3 bidirectional white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ delineators Equal reflectors or spacina spacing delineators (100' max), (100' max), but not but not less than less than 3 total. 3- Type \mathbf{x} \mathbf{x} $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ 3 total. 3- Type $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ D-SW D-SW delineators MBGF delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' apart \mathbf{R} \mathbf{x} apart $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ Type D-SW <u>↓</u> ѫ ヌ 土 Edge Line Shoulder Type D-SW delineators delineators bidirectional Edge bidirectional $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ \Re **MBGF** $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Traffic Safety Division Standard **LEGEND** 25 ft. 25 ft. 25 ft. Texas Department of Transportation $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Shoul Bidirectional Delineator DELINEATOR & \mathbf{x} Delineator See Note See Note 1 **OBJECT MARKER** PLACEMENT DETAILS NOTE: NOTE: OM-2 D & OM(5) - 201. Terminal ends require reflective 1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer sheeting provided by manufacturer DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDO dom5-20.dgn per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Terminal End © TxDOT August 2015 JOB Object Marker (OM-3) in front of Object Marker (OM-3) in front US 60 0169 02 068 the terminal end. of the terminal end. raffic Flow POTTER 98

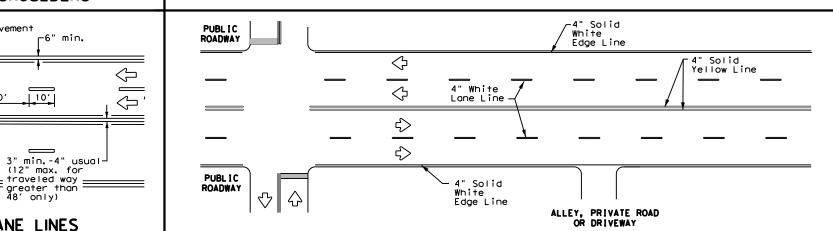
20E

SCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any Ind is made by TxDOI for any purpose whotsoever. TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion 4 bi ĐeឡtgAqApdapd apo getheg, farmodfejek SfanujampSAsqtok espalamansky spsydjelog from its use.

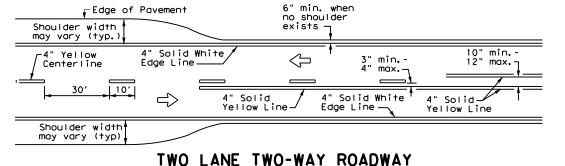




TYPICAL TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

-6" min.

10′

10′

 \Rightarrow

 $\overline{}$

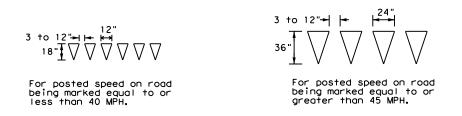
 \Rightarrow

-Edge of Pavement

-Edge of Pavement

4" Solid Yellow Line-

4" Solid White



YIELD LINES

$\langle \neg$ 4" Solid White 4" White Lane Line_ Edge Line 10′ -4" Solid Yellow Line -See Note 2-—See Note 1-10" min. max. ΔΔΔΔΔΔΙ 48" min. from edge Triangles line to 4" Solid Yellow stop/yield Storage Edge Line Deceleration ___ 4" Solid White \Rightarrow White Lane Line Edge Line —

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

NOTES

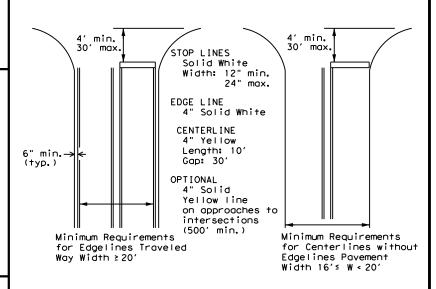
- 1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs are optional as determined by the Engineer.
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop bars/yield triangles) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop bars shall only be used with stop signs. Yield traingles shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should not be placed less less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to the inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



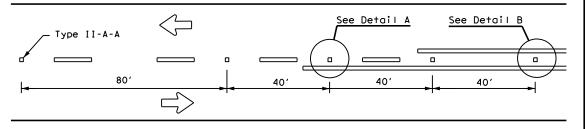
GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



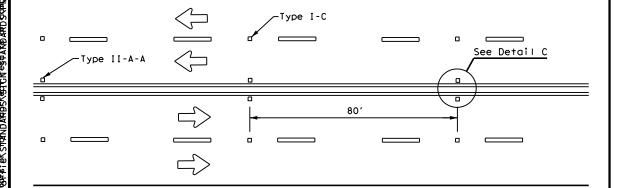
PM(1)-20								
FILE: pm1-20.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:		
© TxDOT November 1978	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY		
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0169	02	068		US	60		
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
8-00 6-20	AMA		POTTE	R		100		

REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

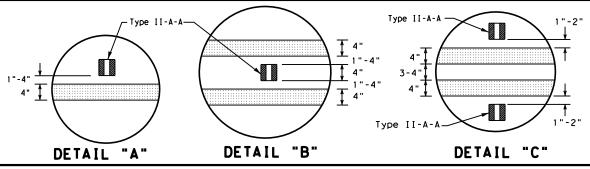


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CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS

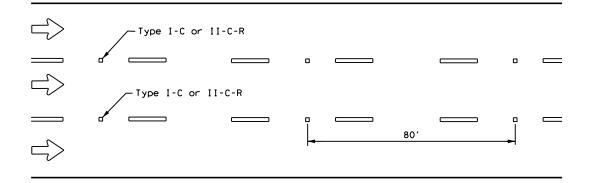


CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



Centerline Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 40' 40' Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.

CENTER OR EDGE LINE | 12"<u>+</u> 1" 10' BROKEN LANE LINE REFLECTORIZED PROFILE PATTERN DETAIL USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 18"<u>+</u> 1" -300 to 500 mil in height 12"<u>+</u> 1" 51/2" ± 1/2" 31/4 "± 3/4 "\$ A quick field check for the thickness 2 to 3"-of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. 2 to 3"--OPTIONAL 6" EDGE 4" EDGE LINE. CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE LINE, CENTER LINE NOTE OR LANE LINE

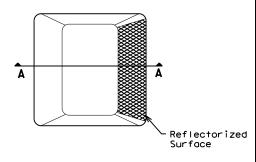
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

GENERAL NOTES

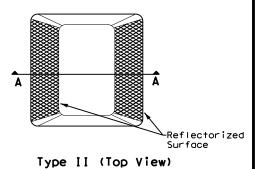
- 1. All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal joints.

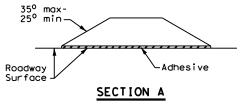
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) EPOXY AND ADHESIVES BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS TRAFFIC PAINT HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

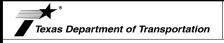


Type I (Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE MARKINGS PM(2)-20

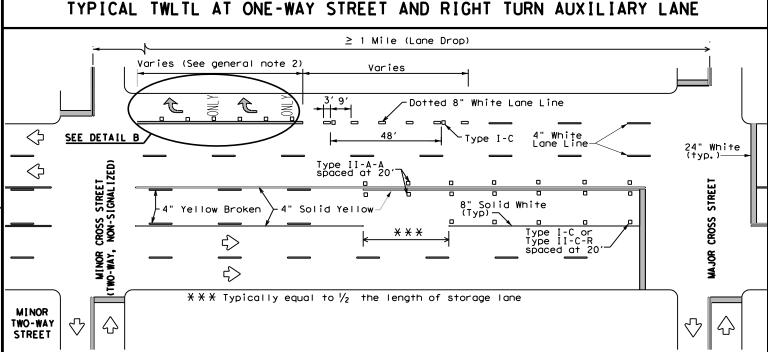
ILE: pm2-20,dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
DIXDOT April 1977	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
-92 2-10 REVISIONS	0169	169 02 068 DIST COUNTY			US 60	
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-00 6-20	AMA		POTTE	R	101	

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SCLAIMER: The use of this standard is nd is made by TxDOI for any pu Athia astramaqpadarp sethee, farrea

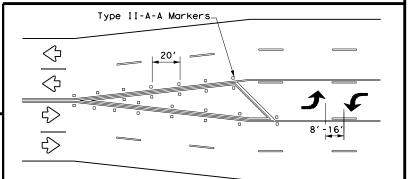
Varies (See general note 2) Varies (See general note 2) Varies (See general note 2) SEE DETAIL B 4" White Lane Line 4" Yellow Broken 4" Yellow Broken 4" White Lane Line



TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

NOTES

- 1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- 2. On divided highways, an additional W9-1R "RIGHT LANE ENDS" sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

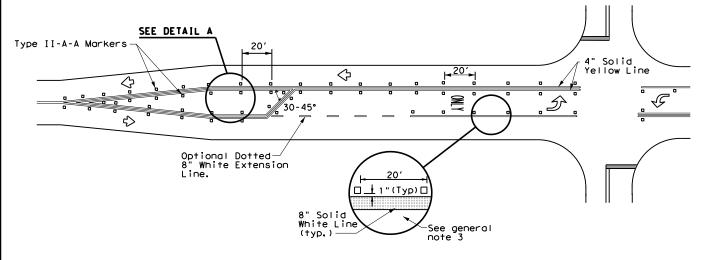
TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

GENERAL NOTES

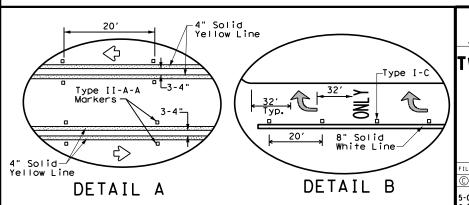
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



TYPICAL TWO-LANE HIGHWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS





Traffic Safety Division Standard

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES, RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS, AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3)-20

FILE: pm3-20, dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT April 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
5-00 2-10 REVISIONS	0169	02 068			US 60	
8-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		-	SHEET NO.
3-03 6-20	AMA		POTTE	R		102

22C

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets) SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT)) SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

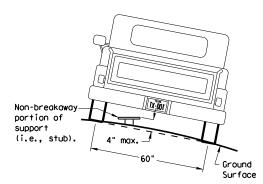
P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

IF REQUIRED 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

Not Acceptable

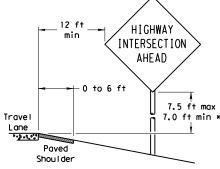
7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

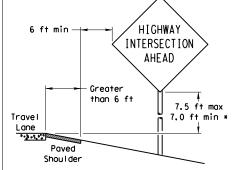
SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

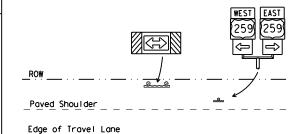
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

← 6 ft min ·

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *



Travel

Lane



- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition
- (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System

The website address is:

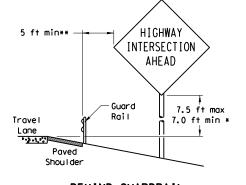
that results in the greatest sign elevation:

- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or

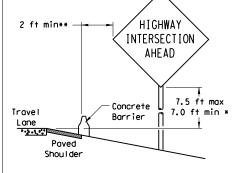
components and Wedge Anchor System components.

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

Maximum

Travel

Lane

possible

(When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *

HIGHWAY

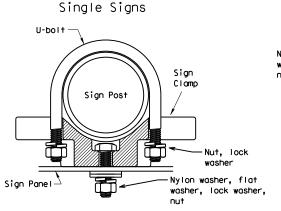
INTERSECTION

AHEAD

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle

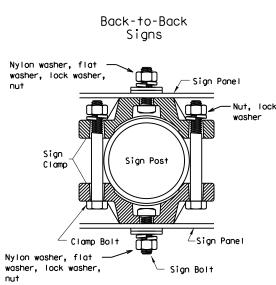


diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted

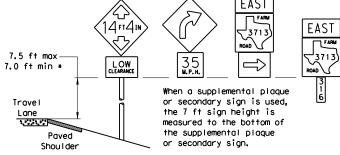


Acceptable

diameter

circle

	Approximate Bolt Length						
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp					
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"					
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"					
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"					



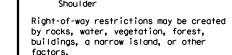
SIGNS WITH PLAQUES

min min HIGHWAY INTERSECTION AHEAD 7.5 ft max Face of-7.0 ft min Face of Curb Curb

3.6.4.4.5

\$\frac{1}{2}

CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

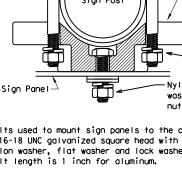
*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) - 08

ℂTxDOT July 2002	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
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When two sign clamps are used to mount signs depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp

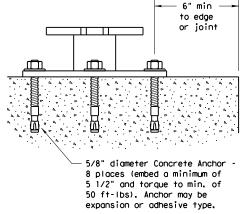
10 BWG Tubing or Keeper Plate Schedule 80 Pipe (See General Note 3) Slip Base \Box 5/8" structural bolts (3), nuts (3), and washers Washers (6) per ASTM A325 if required by or A449 and manufacturer galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." Bolt length is 2 1/2". 3/4 " diameter hole. 36" Provide a 7" x 1/2" diameter rod or #4 rebar. Class A concrete 42 12" min. 24" max. Non-reinforced concrete footing (shall be used unless noted elsewhere in the plans). Foundation should take approx. 2.5 cf of concrete. 12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength 20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas

Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

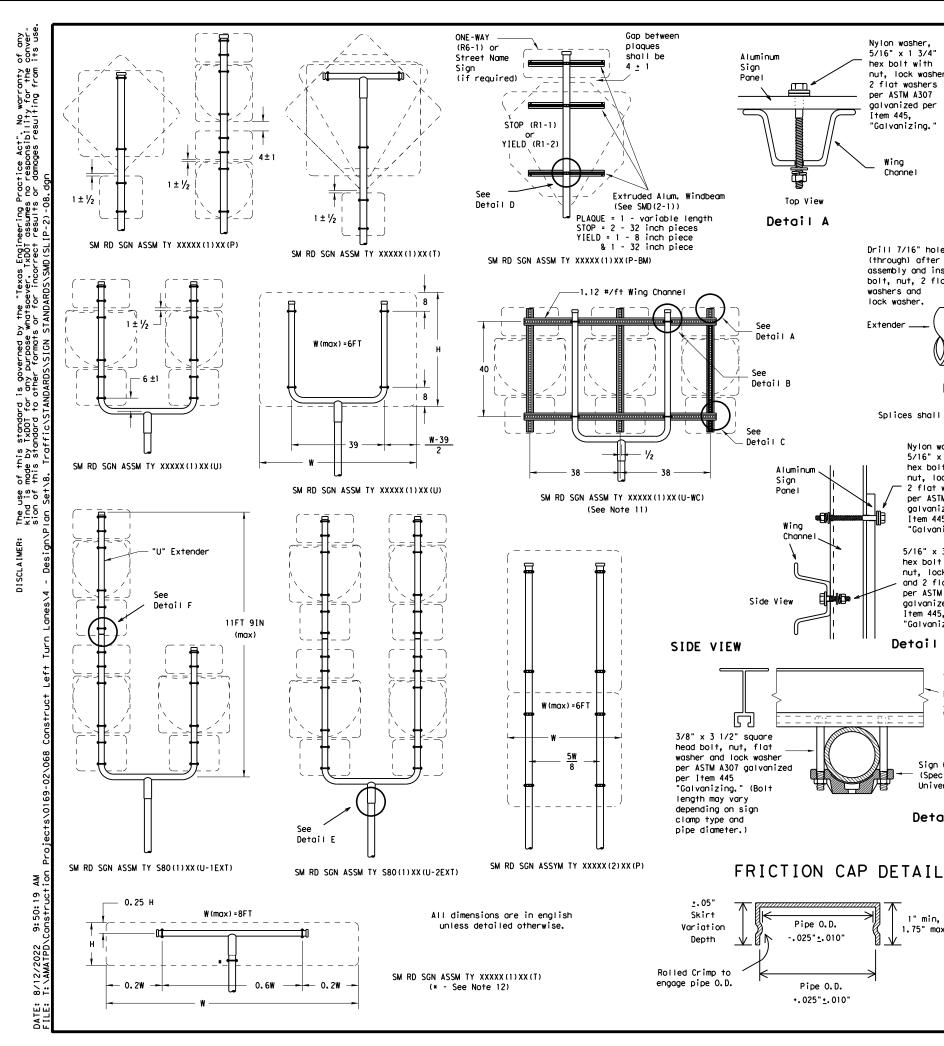
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lame) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

(C) To	kDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
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		AMA		POTTE	R		104



GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

 Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of

greater height.
7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

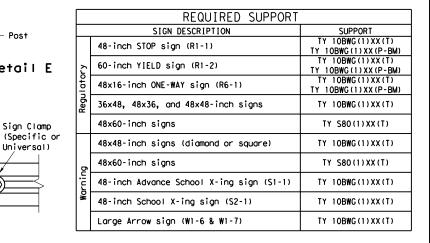
9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sian is viewed from the front,) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

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		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		AMA		POTTE	R	105

and show no evidence of metal fracture. Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes. The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and

smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a

manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and

have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe.

The depth shall be sufficient to give positive

protection against entrance of rainwater. They

shall be free of sharp creases or indentations

0

Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal

Nylon washer.

5/16" x 1 3/4"

hex bolt with

2 flat washers

per ASTM A307

galvanized per

"Galvanizing.'

Item 445.

Wing

Channe I

Drill 7/16" hole

bolt, nut, 2 flat

washers and

lock washer.

Extender __

assembly and install

(through) after

nut, lock washer,

Wing

Sign Clamp -

Universal)

5/16" x 3 3/4"

hex bolt with

and flat washer

per ASTM A307

aalvanized per

1 1/2"

Detail F

Nylon washer,

5/16" x 1 3/4"

hex bolt with

nut, lock washer.

2 flat washers

per ASTM A307

aalvanized per

"Galvanizing."

and 2 flat washers

TOP VIEW

Extruded

Aluminum

Windbeam

Sign Clamp

Universal)

Detail D

(Specific or

(see SMD(2-1))

Item 445.

5/16" x 3/4" hex bolt with nut, lock washer

per ASTM A307

galvanized per

"Galvanizing.

Item 445.

Detail C

nut. lock washer

Item 445, "Galvanizing."

11

1.1

1.1

Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

U-Bracket

(Specific or

Channe

Top View

3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex

A307 galvanized per

Item 445 "Galvanizing."

bolt with nut, lock washer

and 2 flat washers per ASTM

T&U Bracket

Item 445.

Detail E

Sign Clamp

Universal)

"Galvanizing.

1/2" x 4" heavy

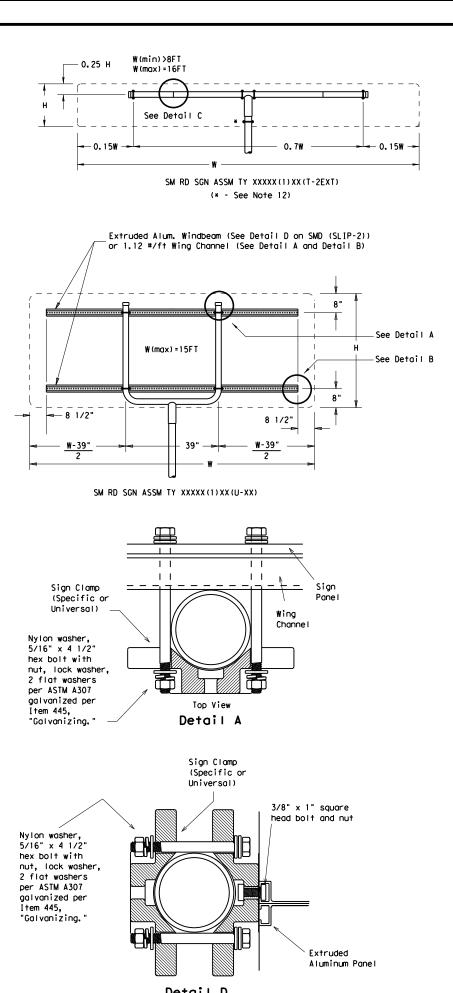
hex bolt, nut, lock

washer and 2 flat

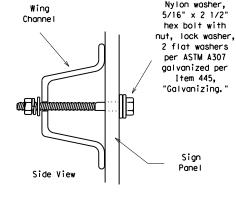
washers per ASTM

A307 galvanized per

Detail B

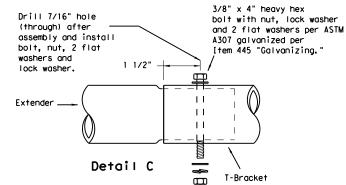


EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET





w variable



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

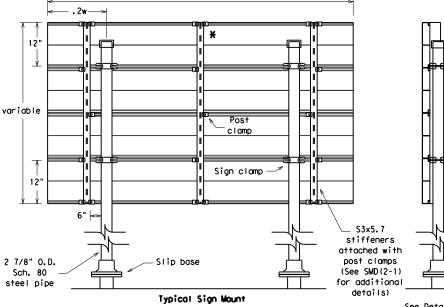
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

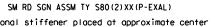
ASTM A307 galvanized

per Item 445.

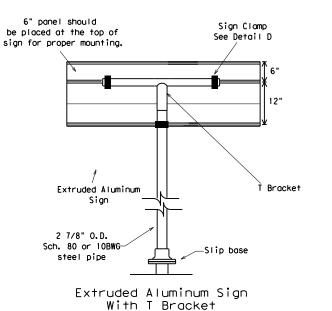
"Galvanizina.

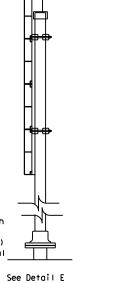
Detail E



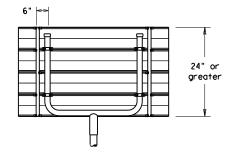


f X Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.









Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of
- greater height.
 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

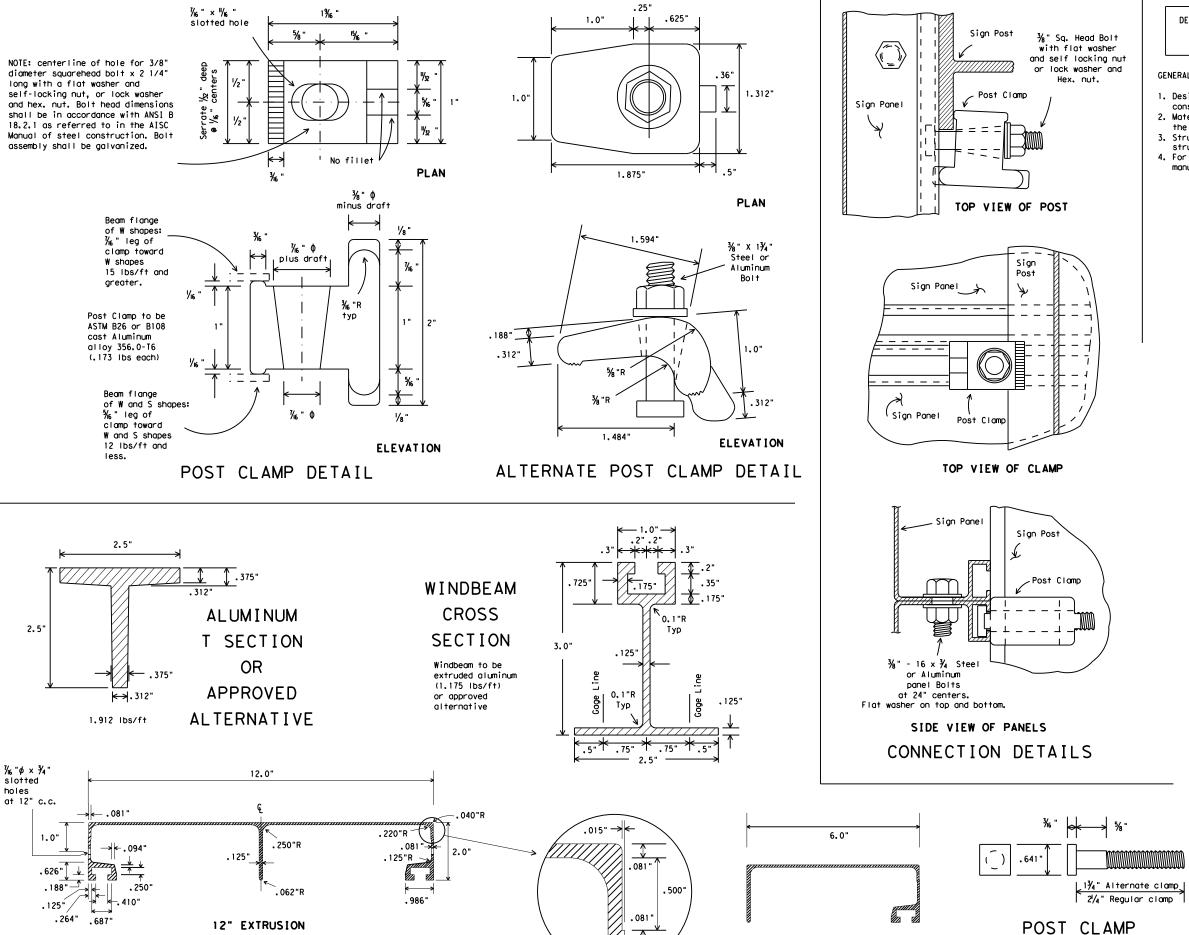
	REQUIRED SUPPORT						
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT					
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
•	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
•	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
•	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
:	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD (SLIP-3) -08

① Tx[OT July 2002	DN: TXD	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW: TX		CK: TXDOT
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		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		AMA		POTTE	R		106



ALUMINUM SIGN PANEL EXTRUSION DETAILS

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

SIGN HARDWARE

DMS-7120

GENERAL NOTES:

- Design conforms with AASHTO Specifications for the design and construction of structural supports for highway signs.
- Materials and fabrication shall conform to the requirements of the Department material specifications.
- Structural steel shall be "low-alloy steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures."
- For fiberglass substrate connection details, see manufacturer's recommendations.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS-EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN PANELS & HARDWARE

SMD(2-1)-08

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	AMA		POTTE	R		107

BOLT DETAIL

6" EXTRUSION

REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS								
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING						
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING						
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING						
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM						
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING						



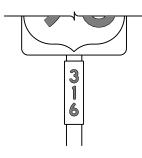




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING				
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS				
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness			
Less than 7.5	0.080			
7.5 to 15	0.100			
Greater than 15	0.125			

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

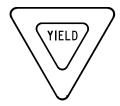
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12-03 7-	13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
9-08		AMA	POTTER				108

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

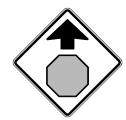




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	WHITE	WHITE TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND FLOURESCENT YELLOW		TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	WHITE TYPE A SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS					
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness				
Less than 7.5	0.080				
7.5 to 15	0.100				
Greater than 15	0.125				

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	CIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$

http://www.txdot.gov/



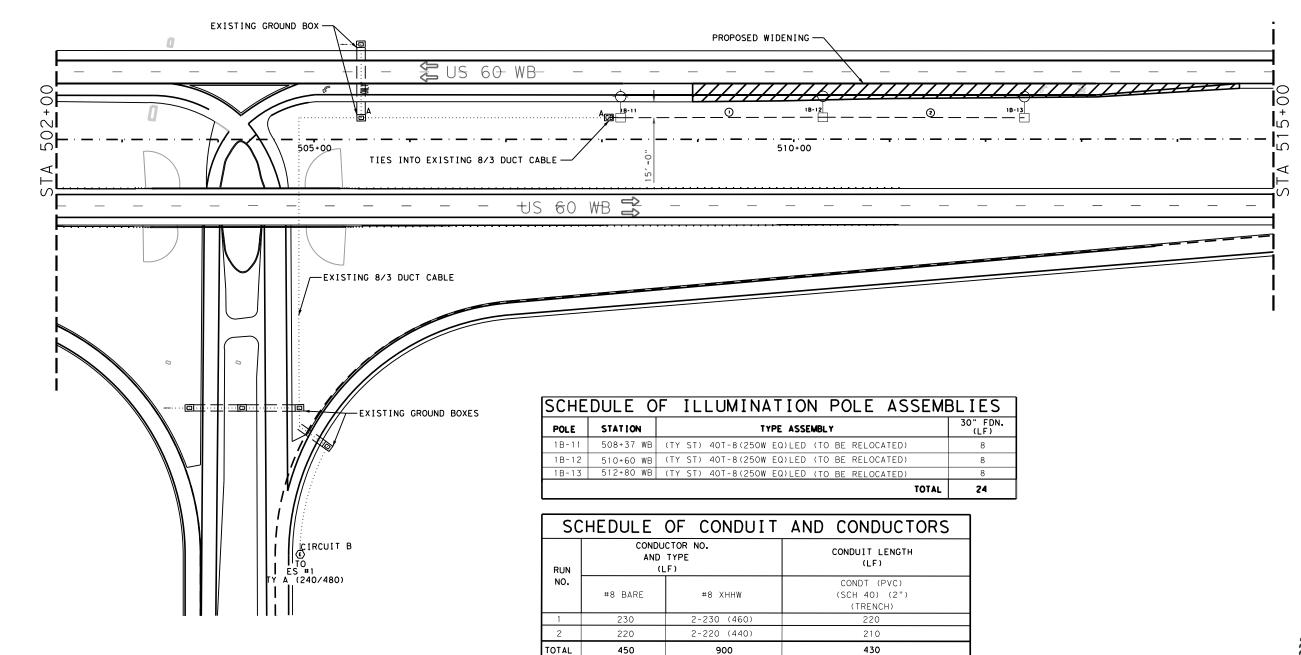
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4)-13

-03 7-13 -08		AMA	IA POTTER				109	
		DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	REVISIONS	0169	02	068		US	60	
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ITEM

416 6029

610 6004

618 6023

620 6007

620 6008

624 6002

LEG	E	ND		
CONDUIT	&	CONDUCTOR	(TRENCHED)	
CONDUIT	&	CONDUCTOR	(BORED)	

EXISTING CONDUIT & CONDUCTOR (TRENCHED)

EXISTING CONDUIT & CONDUCTOR (BORED)

CONDUIT RUN NUMBER

GB A\C GROUND BOX W/ APRON (RPM) (TYPE)

EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE

EXISTING RDWY ILL ASSEMBLY 40'

TO BE RELOCATED

1A-1 POLE DESIGNATION
POLE OR LUMINAIRE #
CIRCUIT #

- SERVICE #

EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA									
ELEC. SERVICE NO. ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTION (SEE ED. (5)-14)	SERVICE CONDUIT SIZE (RMC)	SERVICE CONDUCTOR NO./SIZE	SAFETY SWITCH AMPS	MAIN DISCONNECT CKT.BRK.PO LE/AMP	TWO-POLE CONTACT OR AMPS	PANEL BOARD /LOAD CENTER AMP RATING(MIN)	CIRCUIT NO.	BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKER POLE/AMPS	KVA LOAD
ES-1 ELC SRV TY A 240/480 060(SS)SS(T)TP(0)	1 1/2"	3 / #6	SS	2P / 60	20	N/A	В	2P / 20	6.7

SHEET SUMMARY

RELOCATE RD IL ASM (TRANS-BASE)

UNIT

EΑ

LF

QTY

24

420

440

880

DESCRIPTION

DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30")

CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")

ELEC CONDR. (NO. 8) BARE

ELEC CONDR. (NO. 8) INSULATED

GROUND BOX TY A (122311) W/APRON



US 60

ILLUMINATION PLAN

	SCALE: 1	"	= !	50′
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GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is $\frac{1}{2}$ in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

CONDUIT

A. MATERIALS

- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies. Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- 3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" × 16" × 4"
#2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
#4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#8	8" x 8" x 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in. and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622, except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- 2. Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections.
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring."
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a conduit sealant.
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.



AILS

ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUITS & NOTES

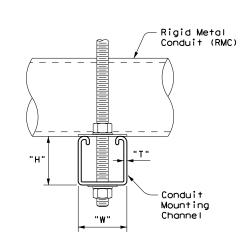
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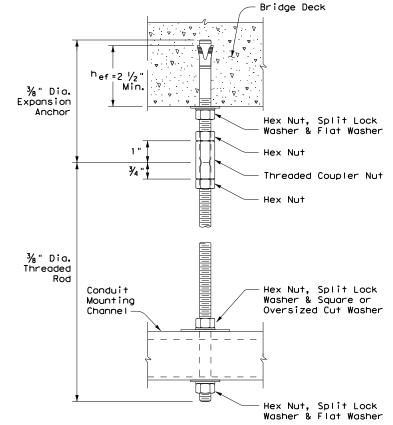
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CONDUIT HANGING DETAIL

CONDUIT MOUNTING CHANNEL						
"SPAN"	"W" × "H"	"T"				
less than 2'	1 5/8" × 1 3/8"	12 Ga.				
2'-0" to 2'-6"	1 5/8" × 1 5/8"	12 Ga.				
>2'-6" to 3'-0"	1 5/8" × 2 1/6"	12 Ga.				

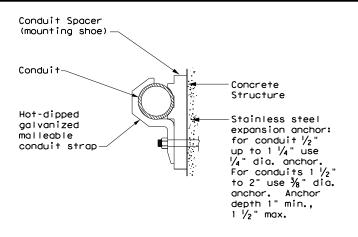
Channels with round or short slotted hole patterns are allowed, if the load carrying capacity is not reduced by more than 15%.

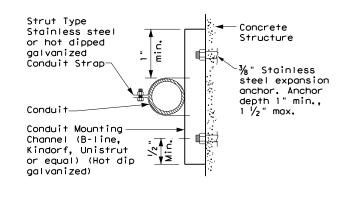




HANGER ASSEMBLY DETAIL

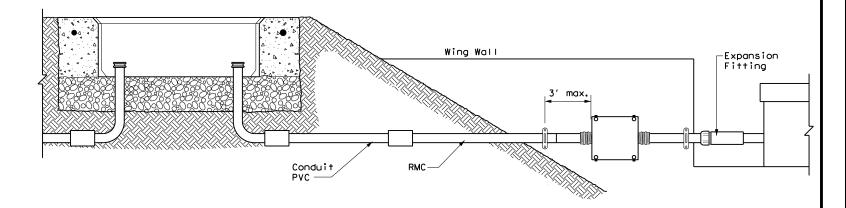
ELECTRIC CONDUIT TO BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT





CONDUIT MOUNTING OPTIONS

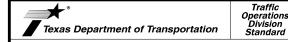
Attachment to concrete surfaces See ED(1)B.2



TYPICAL CONDUIT ENTRY TO BRIDGE STRUCTURE DETAIL

EXPANSION ANCHOR NOTES FOR BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT

- Use torque controlled mechanical expansion anchors that are approved for use in cracked concrete by the International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES). The chosen anchor product shall have a designated ICC-ES Evaluation Report number, and its approval status shall be maintained on the ICC-ES website under Division 031600 for Concrete Anchors.
- Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer: do not use adhesive anchors; do not use expansion anchors that are not included in the ICC-ES approval list; and do not use expansion anchors that are only approved for use in uncracked concrete.
- 3. Use anchors manufactured with stainless steel expansion wedges. Anchors manufactured with carbon steel expansion wedges are not allowed. Anchor bodies can be either zinc-plated carbon steel or stainless steel. For application in marine environment, both the anchor body and expansion wedge shall be stainless steel.
- 4. Install anchors as shown on the plans and in accordance with the anchor manufacturer's published installation instructions. Arrange a field demonstration test to evaluate the procedures and tools. The test shall be witnessed and approved by the Engineer prior to furnishing anchors on the structure.
- 5. Prior to hole drilling, use rebar locator to ensure clearing of existing deck strands or reinforcement. Install anchors to ensure a minimum effective embedment depth, (^hef), as shown. Increase (^hef)as needed to ensure sufficient thread length for proper torqueing and tightening of anchors.
- 6. Use anchors of minimum 1600 Lbs tensile capacity (minimum of steel, concrete breakout, and concrete pullout strengths as determined by ACI 318 Appendix D) at the required minimum embedment depth (^hef). No lateral loads shall be introduced after conduit installation.



ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUIT SUPPORTS

ED(2)-14

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		DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
		AMA	AMA POTTER				112	

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- 3. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- 4. Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- 3. Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- 4. Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a single connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.

C. TEMPORARY WIRING

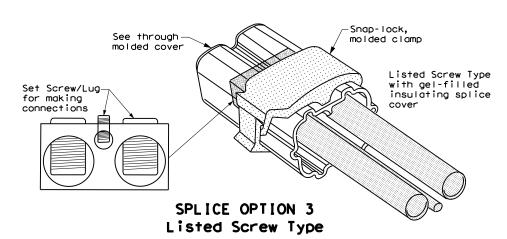
- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of the following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved.
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NEC.

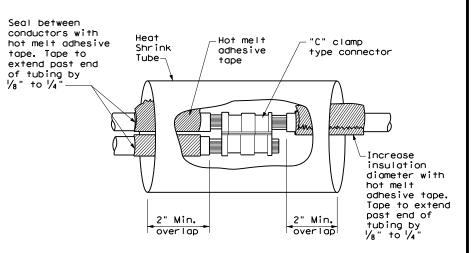
GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- 1. Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

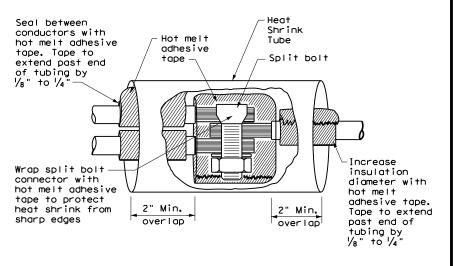
B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade.
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.

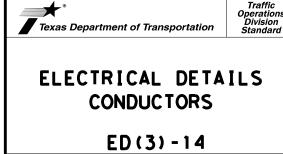


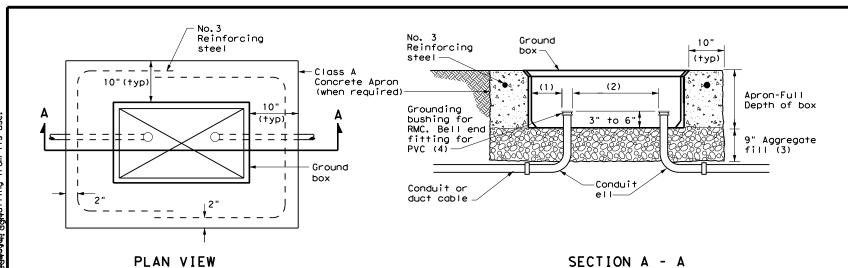


SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type



SPLICE OPTION 2 Split Bolt Type



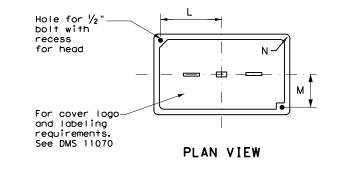


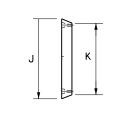
APRON FOR GROUND BOX

- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

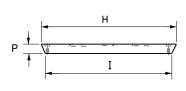
GROUND BOX DIMENSIONS										
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)									
Α	12 X 23 X 11									
В	12 X 23 X 22									
С	16 X 29 X 11									
D	16 X 29 X 22									
Е	12 X 23 X 17									

GROUND BOX COVER DIMENSIONS									
DIMENSIONS (INCHES)									
TYPE	Н	I	J	К	L	М	N	Р	
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 ½	9 %	5 1/8	1 3/8	2	
C & D	30 ½	30 1/4	17 1/2	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 ¾	1 3/8	2	





END



SIDE

GROUND BOX COVER

GROUND BOXES A. MATERIALS

- Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of aggregate.
- Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth
 of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed
 under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are
 subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground boxes.
- 4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.
- 11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



Operations
Division
Standard

ELECTRICAL DETAILS GROUND BOXES

ED(4)-14

FILE:	ed4-14.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDO
C TxDOT	October 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
REVISIONS		0169	0169 02 068		US 60		
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		AMA		POTTE	R		114

ELECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES

- 1. Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.
- 2. Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services, "DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.
- Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.
- 4. Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5. The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed #2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock #2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock #2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6. Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8. Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red, black, and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9. All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately.
- 10. Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the V_2 in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that particular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- 11. Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 13. For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 ½ in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating.
- 14. When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket.
- 15. Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

- 1. Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure.
- 2. Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3. Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not paint stainless steel.
- 4. Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

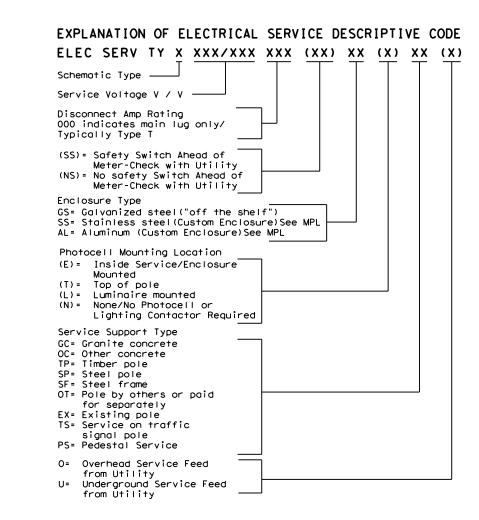
- 1. Field drill flange-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions.
- 2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA, verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

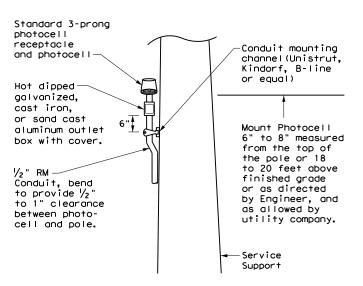
PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

1. Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.

	* ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA											
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number		Service Conduit **Size	Service Conductors No./Size	Safety Switch Amps	Main Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Branch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	KVA Load
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/#2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1
									Lighting SB	2P/40	25	
									Underpass	1P/20	15	
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(O)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3
							30		Luminaires	2P/20	9	
									CCTV	1P/20	3	
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000 (NS) GS (N) SP (O)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0
									Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4	

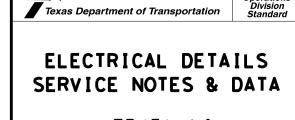
- * Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.
- ** Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National Electrical Code.



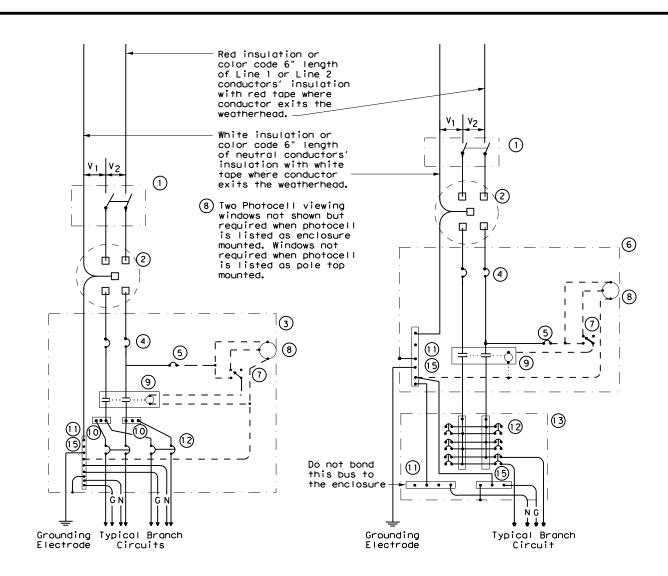


TOP MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.

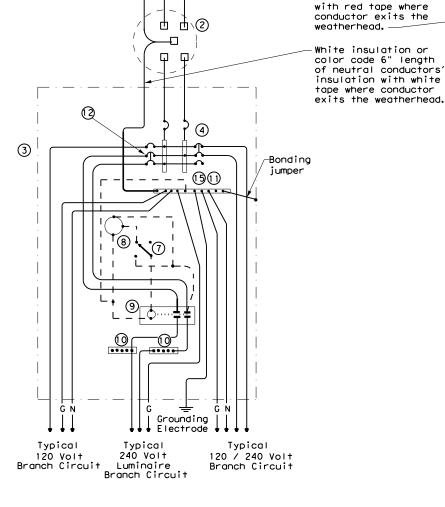


Operation



SCHEMATIC TYPE A THREE WIRE

SCHEMATIC TYPE C THREE WIRE

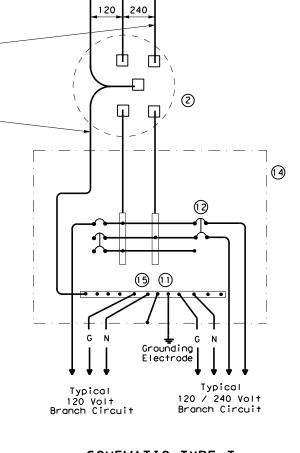


120 240

SCHEMATIC TYPE D - CUSTOM 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

	WIRING LEGEND
	Power Wiring
	Control Wiring
—N—	Neutral Conductor
— G—	Equipment grounding conductor-always required

	SCHEMATIC LEGEND
1	Safety Switch (when required)
2	Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider)
3	Service Assembly Enclosure
4	Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
5	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit)
6	Auxiliary Enclosure
7	Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)
8	Photo Electric Control (enclosure- mounted shown)
9	Lighting Contactor
10	Power Distribution Terminal Blocks
11	Neutral Bus
12	Branch Circuit Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
13	Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard
14	Load Center
15	Ground Bus



- Red insulation or color code 6" length of Line 1 or Line 2 conductors' insulation

SCHEMATIC TYPE T

120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Galvanized steel-"Buy Off The Shelf" only. When required install photocell top of the pole or on luminaire only, no lighting contractor will be installed.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES

ED(6)-14

E:	ed6-14.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	October 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0169	02 068			US 60	
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
		AMA	POTTER				116

SUPPORT TYPE STEEL POLE (SP) AND STEEL FRAME (SF) 1.Provide steel pole and steel frame supports as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services." Mount all equipment and conduit on 12 gauge galvanized steel or stainless steel channel strut, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. or 1 $\frac{5}{8}$ in. wide by 1 in. up to 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ in. deep Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal. Bolt or weld all channel and hardware to vertical members as approved. Do not stack channel. File smooth and paint field cut ends of all channel with zinc-rich paint before installing.

2. Provide poles for overhead service with an eyebolt or similar fitting for attachment of the service drop to the pole in conformance with the electric utility provider's specifications.

3. Provide and install galvanized $\frac{y_4}{4}$ in. x 18 in. x 4 in. (dia. x length x hook length) anchor bolts for underground service supports. Provide and install galvanized $\frac{3}{4}$ in. x $\frac{5}{6}$ in. x 4 in. anchor bolts for overhead service supports. Ensure anchor bolts have 3 in of thread, with $3 \frac{1}{4}$ in, to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ in, of the exposed anchor bolt projecting above finished foundation. Provide and install leveling nuts for all anchor bolts.

4. Bond one of the anchor bolts to the rebar cage with 6 AWG bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See Inset B.

5. Furnish and install rigid metallic ells in all steel pole and steel frame foundations for all conduits entering the service from underground.

6.Use class C concrete for foundations. Ensure reinforcing steel is Grade 60 with 3" of unobstructed concrete cover.

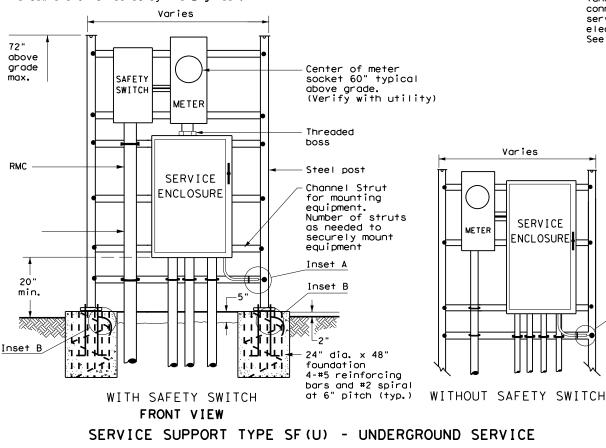
7. Drill and tap steel poles and frames for $\frac{1}{2}$ in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. For steel pole service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. For steel frame service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting on steel frame post. Install service grounding electrode conductor in a non-metallic conduit or tubing from the enclosure to the steel frame post. Connect electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. See steel frame and steel pole details and Inset Å for more information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans. For underground conduit runs from the electrical service, extend RMC from the service enclosure to an RMC elbow, and then connect the schedule type and size of conduit shown in the plans. Provide and install grounding bushings where RMC terminates in the enclosure. Grounding bushings are not required when RMC is fitted into a sealing hub or threaded boss.

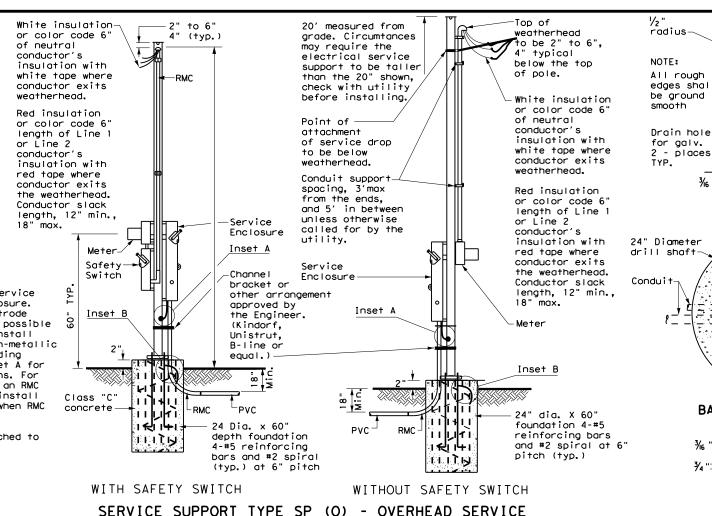
8. If Steel pole or frame is painted, bond each separate painted piece with a bonding jumper attached to a tapped hole.

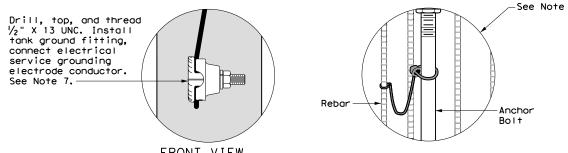
9. Provide $\frac{1}{4}$ " - 20 machine screws for bonding. Do not use sheet metal screws. Remove all nonconductive material at contact points. Terminate bonding jumpers with listed devices. Install minimum size 6 AWG stranded copper bonding jumpers. Make up all threaded bonding connections wrench tight.

10. Avoid contact of the service drop and service entrance conductors with the metal pole to prevent abrasion of the insulated conductors.

11. Shop drawings are not required for service support structure unless specifically stated elsewhere or directed by the Engineer.

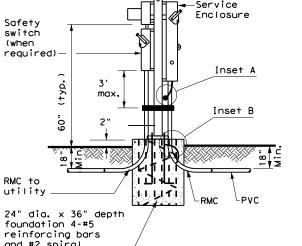






SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SP(U) - UNDERGROUND SERVICE

FRONT VIEW INSET A



and #2 spiral (typ.) at 6" pitch WITH SAFETY SWITCH

Inset A

3/4" dia. 4" Hook Lenath

INSET B

HOOKED ANCHOR DETAIL

5" thick expansion concrete ioint material pad (class C concrete and 6" X 6" #6 wire mesh) Dimension varies, install only as wide as required to accommodate equipment

2 1/2" TYP.

→ /- //2 '

POLE TOP PLATE

. 1 1/4 "--

5 ½"

BASE PLATE DETAIL

BOTTOM OF POLE

SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SF & SP

| 1/2 "

1 1/4

Operation

TOP VIEW

SERVICE SUPPORT TY SF (0) & SF (U)

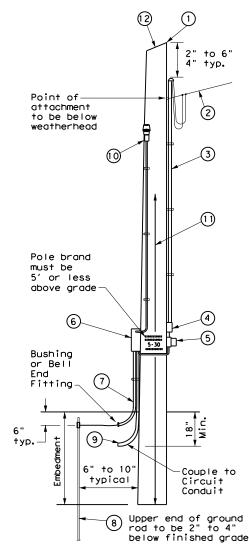


ED(7) - 14

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO JOB ◯TxDOT October 2014 0169 02 068 US 60 POTTER

TIMBER POLE (TP) SERVICE SUPPORT NOTES

- Ensure electrical service support is a class 5 treated timber pole as per Item 627 "Treated Timber Poles." Embed timber pole to depth required in Item 627.
- Conduit and electrical conductors attached to the electrical service pole and underground within 12 in. of service pole are not paid for directly but are subsidiary to the electrial service.
- 3. Install pole-top mounted photocell (T) on north side of pole, or in service enclosure (E) as required. See Electrical Service Data chart in plan set.
- 4. Gain pole as required to provide flat surface for each channel. Gain timber pole to $\frac{1}{18}$ in. max. depth and 1 $\frac{1}{18}$ in. max. height. Gain pole in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- 5. Mount meter and service equipment on stainless steel or galvanized channel (Unistrut, Kindorf, or equal). Provide channel sized 1 in. to 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ i maximum depth, and $\frac{1}{2}$ in. to $\frac{15}{6}$ in. maximum width. File smooth the cut ends of galvanized channel and paint with zinc rich paint before installing on pole. Secure each channel section to timber pole with two galvanized or SS lag bolts, $\frac{1}{4}$ in. minimum diameter by $\frac{1}{2}$ in. minimum length. Use a galvanized or SS flat washer on each lag bolt. Do not stack channel.
- When excess length must be trimmed from poles, trim from the top end only.
- (1) Class 5 pole, height as required
- ② Service drop from utility company (attached below weatherhead)
- 3 Service conduit (RMC) and service entrance conductors One Red, One Black, One White (See Electrical Service Data)
- (4) Safety switch (when required)
- (5) Meter (when required)
- (6) Service enclosure
- (7) 6 AWG bare grounding electrode conductor in ½ in. PVC to ground rod extend ½ in. PVC 6 in. underground.
- (8) % in, x 8 ft. Copper clad ground rod drive ground rod to a depth of 2 in, to 4 in, below grade.
- RMC same size as branch circuit conduit.
- See pole-top mounted photocell detail on ED(5).
- (1) When required by the serving utility provide bare 6 AWG copper conductor. Run wire from pole top to butt wrap or copper butt plate. Protect conductor with non-conductive material to a height of 8 ft. above finished grade.
- (2) When required by utility, cut top of pole at an angle to enhance rain run off.

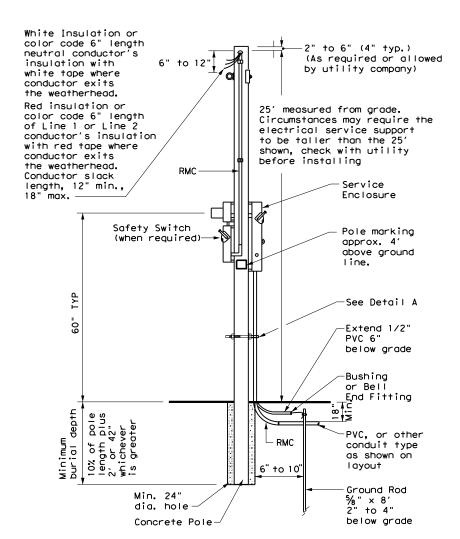


SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE TP (O)

GRANITE CONCRETE (GC) & OTHER CONCRETE (OC) NOTES

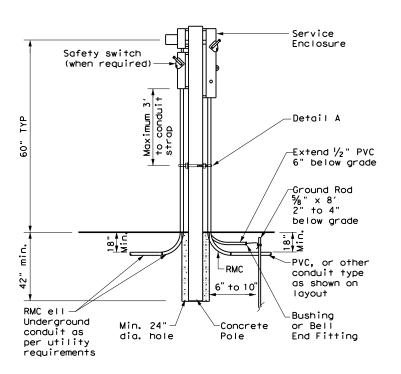
Ensure electrical service support structures bid as type Granite Concrete (GC) or Other Concrete (OC) meet the following requirements.

- Provide GC and OC poles that meet the requirements of DMS 11080 "Electrical Services."
- 2. Provide prestressed concrete poles suitable for direct embedment into the ground without special foundations.
- 3. Verify poles are marked as required on DMS 11080. Location of marking should be approximately 4' above final grade. Use the two-point pickup locations when handling pole in horizontal position, and one-point pickup location for use in raising the pole to a vertical position. These marks are small but conspicuous.
- 4. Embed poles 42 in. or 10% of the length plus 2 ft., whichever is greater.
- Ensure all installation details of services are in accordance with utility company specifications.
- Install a one point rack or eye bolt bracket 6 inches to 12 inches below the weatherhead as an overhead service drop anchoring point for the electric utility.
- 7. Furnish and install galvanized or stainless steel channel strut 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ in, or 1 $\frac{5}{8}$ in. wide by 1 in. up to 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ in. deep (Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal). Attach channel strut with stainless steel concrete anchors (max. 1" depth), square U-bolts or back to back channel strut with long bolts, or other secure mounting as approved by the Engineer. Ensure bolts are galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153. Do not stack channel struts.
- 8. Backfill the holes thoroughly by tamping in 6 in. lifts. After tamping to grade, place additional backfill material in a 6 inch high cone around the pole to allow for settling. Use material equal in composition and density to the surrounding area. Backfilling will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to various bid items.



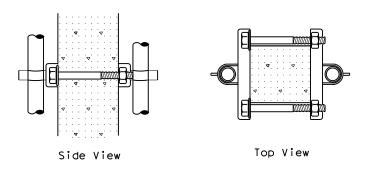
CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Overhead(0)



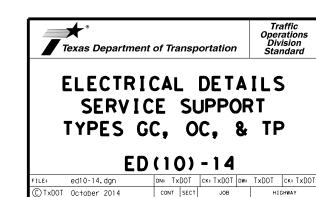
CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Underground(U)



DETAIL A

See Note 7. Before installing channel that has been cut, file sharp edges and paint with zinc-rich paint. Ensure there is no paint splatter on the pole.



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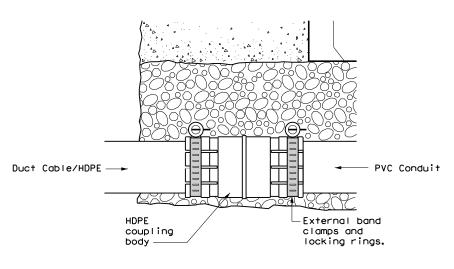
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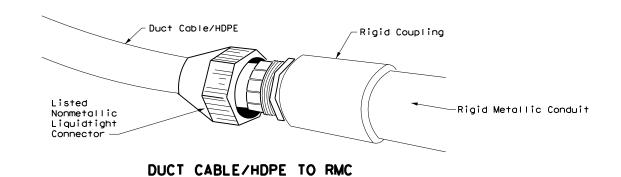
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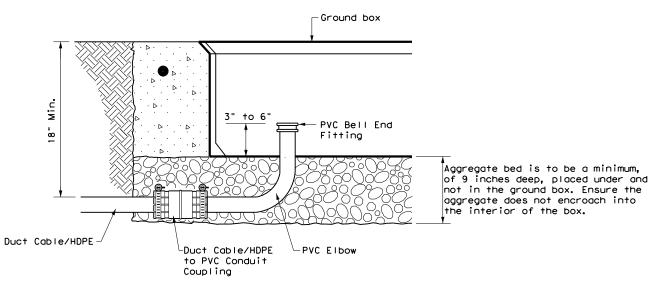
DUCT CABLE & HDPE CONDUIT NOTES

- Provide duct cable in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11060
 "Duct Cable" and Item 622 "Duct Cable." Provide duct cable as listed on the Material
 Producer List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical
 Supplies" Item 622.
- Provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit in accordance with DMS 11060 and Item 618, "Conduit." Provide HDPE as listed on the MPL on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 618.
- 3. Supply duct cable with a minimum 2 in. diameter, unless otherwise shown in the plans. Provide duct cable and HDPE conduit as shown by descriptive code or on the plans. Bend duct cable and HDPE conduit as recommended by the manufacturer, with a minimum bending radius of 26 in. for 2 in. duct. Follow manufacturers' recommendations when handling duct cable and HDPE conduit reels and during installation of duct cable and HDPE conduit.
- 4. Do not splice conductors within duct cable or HDPE conduit. Couple duct cable and HDPE entering a ground box or foundation to a PVC elbow. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18" from possible contact, ground the RMC elbow.
- 5. Furnish and install duct cable with factory installed conductors, sized as shown in the plans and as required by the National Electrical Code (NEC). The NEC contains specific requirements for duct cable in Article, "Nonmetallic Underground Conduit with Conductors: Type NUCC."
- 6. When conduit casing is called for in the plans, extend duct cable or HDPE conduit through the conduit casing in one continuous length without connection to the casing.
- 7. Seal the ends of duct cable or HDPE conduit with duct seal, expandable foam, or other approved method after completing the pull tests required by Item 622.
- 8. Provide minimum cover of 24 in. under roadways, 18 in. in other locations, or as shown on the plans.
- 9. Furnish and install listed fittings to couple duct cable or HDPE conduit to other types of conduit. Duct cable and HDPE conduit may be field-threaded and spliced with PVC or RMC threaded couplings; connected with listed tie-wrap fittings; connected using listed coupling made of HDPE with stainless steel external banding clamps and locking rings; connected with approved electrofusion conduit couplings; or connected using an approved chemical fusion method using an epoxy or adhesive specifically designed for HDPE couplings and connectors all installed in accordance with their manufacturer's instructions. Do not use PVC glue on HDPE. Do not use water pipe fittings, or connect conduit with heat shrink tubing.



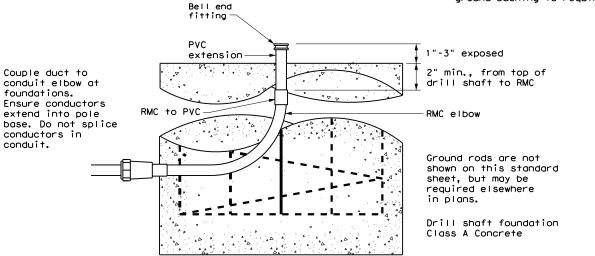
DUCT CABLE/HDPE TO PVC



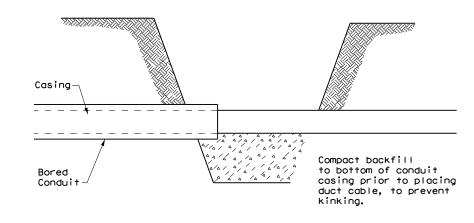


DUCT CABLE/HDPE AT GROUND BOX

When the upper end of an RMC EII does not enter the ground box, it may be extended with a SCH-40 PVC conduit nipple and bell end, provided there is a minimum of 18" of cover over all parts of the elbow. If not, a rigid extension and ground bushing is required.



DUCT CABLE / HDPE AT FOUNDATION



BORE PIT DETAIL



Traffic Operations Division Standard

DUCT CABLE/ HDPE CONDUIT

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POTTER

(50-year mean recurrence interval)

ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY NOTES

- Details apply to roadway lighting installations bid or referenced under Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies."
 Provide, furnish, and install all other materials not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper
 construction. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the State
 such warranties or guarantees.
- 2. The locations of poles and fixtures may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC),TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association, Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection.
- 4. Provide Roadway Illumination Light Fixtures as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11010, Item 610, and as shown on the Material Producers List (MPL) for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies.
- 5. Fabricate steel roadway illumination poles in accordance with Roadway Illumination Poles (RIP) standards and Item 610. Poles fabricated according to RIP standards do not require shop drawing submittals.
 - a. Alternate designs to RIP standards or the use of aluminum to fabricate poles will require the submission of shop drawings electronically. For instructions on submitting shop drawings electronically see "Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal" on the TxDOT web site.
 - b. Limitations on use of the RIP standard: The RIP standard details were developed for installations in locations where the 3-second gust basic maximum wind speed is 110 mph, and where the elevation of the base of the pole is less than (i.e. not more than) 25' above the elevation of the surrounding terrain, in accordance with the "AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals," 6th Edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For poles to be installed in regions where the maximum basic wind speed exceeds 110 mph or to be mounted more than 25' above the surrounding terrain, provide poles meeting the following requirements:
 - i. Submittals. Following the electronic shop drawing submittal process (see Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal on the TxDOT web site), submit to the Engineer for approval fabrication drawings and calculations for the poles, sealed by a Texas licensed professional engineer (P.E.).
 - ii. Luminaire Structural Support Requirements. Provide light poles, arms, and anchor bolt assemblies with a 25 year design life to safely resist dead loads, ice loads and the required basic wind speeds at the location of installation in accordance with the 6th edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For transformer base poles, include transformer base and connecting hardware in calculations and shop drawing submittals. Structurally test all transformer bases to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Submit certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished with the shop drawings. Show breakaway base model number, manufacturer's name, and logo on shop drawings. Include on manufacturer's shop drawings the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.
- 6. For both transformer and shoe-base type illumination poles, provide and install double-pole breakaway fuse holders as specified by DMS-11040. Breakaway fuse holders are listed on the MPL for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies under Items 610 & 620. Provide 10 amp time delay fuses for breakaway connectors in light poles, or inside the light fixture for underpass luminaires. In each pole, connect luminaires to the breakaway connector with continuous stranded 12 AWG copper conductors as listed on the MPL. Bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground lug in the transformer base or hand hole.
- 7. Tighten anchor bolts for shoe base, concrete traffic barrier base, and bridge mount roadway illumination poles, in accordance with Item 449.
- 8. Install T-Base with following procedure:
 - a. Anchor Bolt Tightening.
 - i. Coat the threads of the anchor bolts with electrically conductive lubricant.
 - ii. Place the T-base over the anchor bolts. Foundation must be level and flat. The maximum permissible gap under any one corner of the t-base is 1/8" before nuts are tightened.
 - iii.Coat the bearing surfaces of the nuts and washers with electrically conductive lubricant. Install (1) 1/2" hold down washer, (1) lock washer, and (1) nut on each anchor bolt. Turn the nuts onto the bolts so that each is hand-tight against the washer.
 - iv. Using a torque wrench, tighten each nut to 150 ft-Ib. Uniform contact is required between the foundation and the T-base in the corner regions of the T-base, and all corner gaps must be closed after applying torque. If a gap still exists after torquing to 150 ft-Ibs, continue torquing each bolt incrementally until gap is closed or maximum allowable torque of 250 ft. pound is reached, whichever comes first. If 250 ft-Ibs is not enough to close the gap the foundation must be leveled. Gaps along the straight sides of the T-bases and the foundation.
 - v. Check top of T-base for level. If not level then foundation must be leveled.
 - b. Top Bolt Procedure
 - i. Erect pole over T-base with crane. Coat bolts, nuts, washers, and lock washers with electrically conductive lubricant.

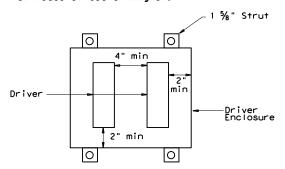
- ii. Install bolts and 1/2" connecting washers from the inside of the T-base, thread up through the pole base. Install flat washers, lock washers and nuts snug tight according to Item 447, "Structural Bolting."
- iii. Tighten each nut to 150 ft-Ib. using a torque wrench.
- c. Level and Plumb
 - Ensure pole is plumb and mast arm is perpendicular to the roadway according to plans to within 5 degrees.
- 9. Construct luminaire pole foundations in accordance with Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations," and TxDOT standard sheet RID(2).
- 10. Provide and install underpass luminaires in accordance with Item 610, DMS-11010, and TxDOT standard sheet RID(3). Typical luminaire size for underpass luminaires is 150W HPS or 150W EQ LED.
- 11. Mount luminaires on arms level as shown by the luminaire level indicator.
- 12. Orient luminaires perpendicular to the roadway intended to be lit unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Wiring Diagram Notes:

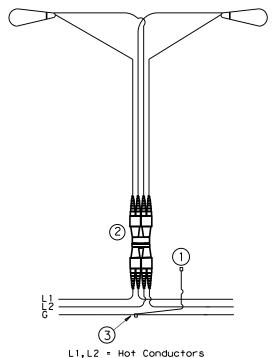
- 1 Use 1/2 in.-13 UNC threaded, copper or tin-plated copper, pole bonding connector, sized appropriately for conductors, bonded to T-base, or use ground lug in handhole as available.
- Use pre-qualified two-pole breakaway connectors for all luminaire pole installations. For luminaires fed by a circuit with a neutral conductor, use double pole breakaway connectors with the neutral side unfused and marked white.
- (3) Split Bolt or other connector.

Decorative LED Lighting Notes:

- LED Drivers in Remote Outdoor enclosures (for drivers that do not include an enclosure as part of a factory assembly):
 - a. Provide NEMA 3R outdoor enclosure or as approved.
 - b. Install enclosure at least 12" above ground or other horizontal surface. Mount vertically or on ceiling, and avoid direct sun where possible.
 - Install drivers with at least 2 inches of space from enclosure walls.
 - d. For multiple drivers in an enclosure, provide at least 4 inches side to side and 1 inch end to end from other drivers or electronic equipment
 - e. For drivers mounted on back wall of enclosure, mount enclosure on 1 5/8" strut or other standoff to dissipate heat, or mount driver to side of the enclosure or to the metal cover.
 - f. Provide remote drivers with a maximum of 100 watts
 - g. Provide drivers with documentation of 100,000 hr lifetime at Tcase of 65C or higher.



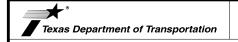
Driver Spacing In Remote Enclosure



G = Grounding Conductor

TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM

LUMINAIRES SERVED AT 480V ON 240/480 VOLT
SERVICE OR LUMINAIRES SERVED AT 240V FOR



120/240 VOLT SERVICE.

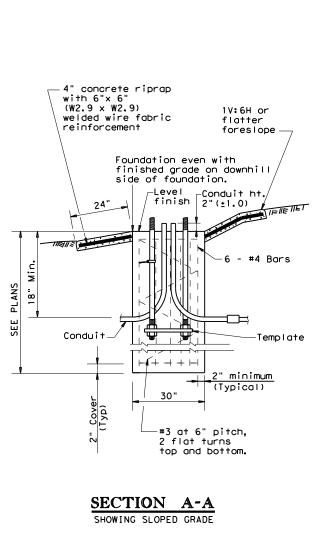
ROADWAY ILLUMINATION DETAILS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

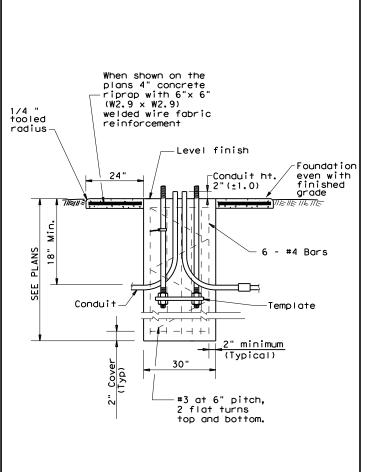
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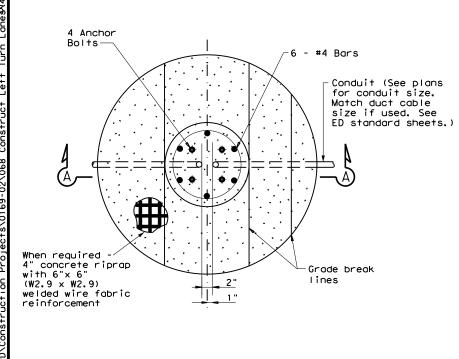


SECT	'ION	A-A
SHOWING	CONSTANT	GRADE

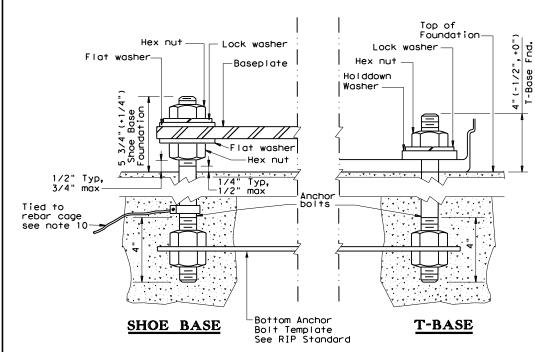
TABLE 1 ANCHOR BOLTS ANCHOR BOLT CIRCLE MOUNTING BOL T SIZE Shoe Base T-Base 1in.x <40 ft. 14 in. 13 in. 30in. 1 ¼in. x 30in 40-50 ft. 15 in. 17 ¼in

TABLE 2							
RECOMMENDED FOUNDATION LENGTHS (See note 1)							
MOUNT ING HE I GHT		CONE PENETROMETER N Blows/ft					
HEIGHT	10	15	40				
<20 ft.	6′	6,	6′				
>20 ft. to 30 ft.	8′	6,	6′				
>30 ft. to 40 ft.	8′	8,	6,				
>40 ft. to 50 ft.	10'	8′	6,				

TABLE 3								
PAY QUANTITY OF RIPRAP PER FOUNDATION (Install only when shown on the plans)								
Foundation Diameter	RIPRAP DIAMETER	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL B)						
30 in.	78 in.	0.35 CY						



FOUNDATION DETAIL



ANCHOR BOLT DETAIL

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. "Recommended Foundation Lengths" table is for information purposes only. Foundation lengths shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. Foundations will be paid for under Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations." unless otherwise shown on the plans.
- 2. Erect roadway illumination assembly poles plumb and true. Form and level the top 6" of the foundation so the pole will be plumb. Use leveling nuts to plumb shoe base poles. Do not use shims or leveling nuts under transformer bases. Do not grout between baseplate and the foundation.
- 3. Ensure Class 2A and 2B fit for anchor bolts and nuts. Tap and chase nuts after galvanizing. Anchor bolt body with rolled threads need not be full
- 4. Use appropriate class of concrete as specified in Items 416 and 432. Concrete for riprap may be upgraded to Class C at no extra cost to the
- 5. Place riprap around the foundation when called for elsewhere in the plans. Riprap will be paid for under Item 432.
- 6. Locate breakaway roadway illumination assemblies as shown in the placement table, unless otherwise dimensioned on the plans. Protect non-breakaway illumination assemblies from vehicular impact (i.e. 2.5 ft. behind guard rail or mounted on traffic barrier), or located outside the clear zone, except that 2.5 ft. from curb face is minimum desired for light poles on city streets, 45 mph or less. See Roadway Design Manual for further information.
- 7. Use 4 hold down and 4 connecting washers on transformer base poles as recommended by the manufacturer and supplied with base.
- 8. Install a minimum of 2 conduits in each foundation. See lighting layout sheets for locations of foundations with more than 2 conduits. Cap unused conduits in foundations on both ends.
- 9. Conduit location in foundations is critical for breakaway devices. Place conduits 2 in. apart on centerline as shown.
- Bond anchor bolt to rebar cage with #6 bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. The bonded steel in the foundation creates a concrete encased grounding electrode which replaces the ground rod.
- Grade earthwork around T-base foundations even with the finished grade as shown in Section A-A to ensure proper function of the breakaway device. Use riprap on T-base foundations that are located on sloped grades, and as shown on the plans for level grades.

TABLE 4 BREAKAWAY POLE PLACEMENT (See note 6) ** POLE OFFSET (DISTANCE TO FACE OF TRANSFORMER BASE) ROADWAY FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION Freeway Mainlanes 15 ft. (minimum and (roadway with full control of access) typical) from lane edge All curbed, 45 mph 2.5 ft. minimum (15 ft. or less design speed desirable) from curb face 10 ft. minimum*(15 ft. desirable) from lane edge All others

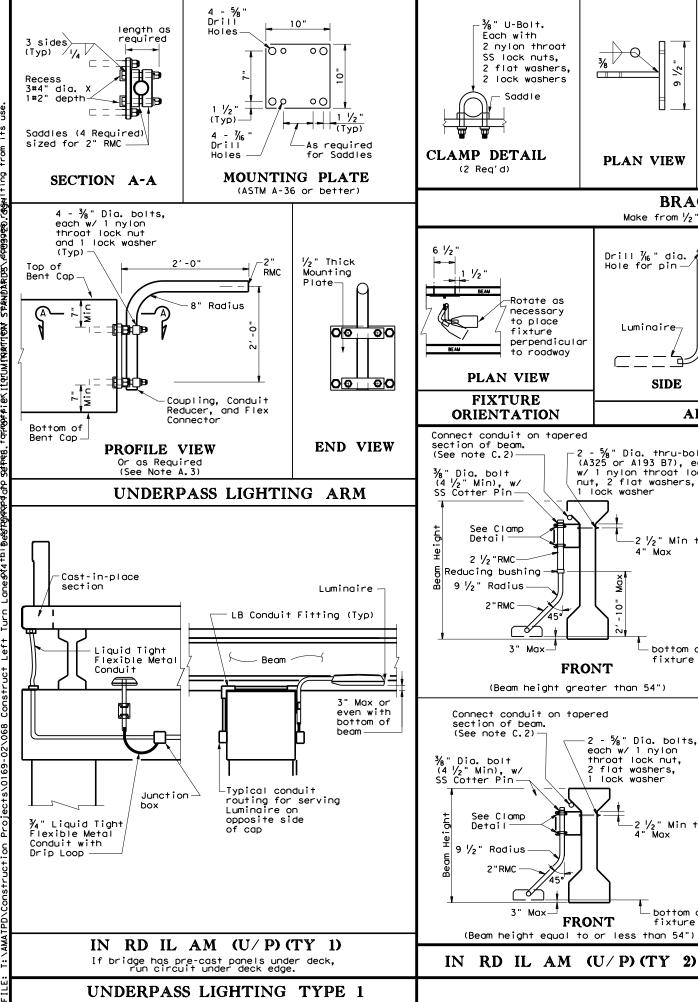
- * or as close to ROW line as is practical
- ** provide 2/5 of the luminaire mounting height behind the pole for "falling area" to prevent encroachment on the other travel lanes. See design auidelines.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

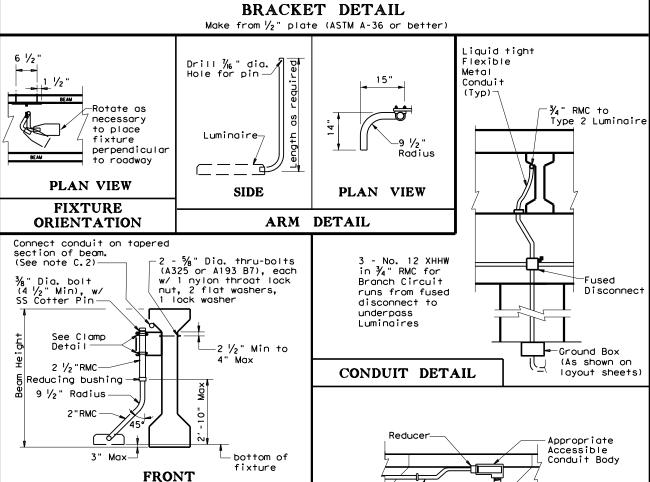
ROADWAY ILLUMINATION DETAILS (RDWY ILLUM FOUNDATIONS) RID(2)-20

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warranty of any the conversion

2 13/16 " (2" RMC) ¾" U-Bo∣+. 1/2" 4 1/2" Each with 3 1/6 " (2 1/2" RMC) 6 1/2" | 1 1/2" 1 1/2" 2 nylon throat SS lock nuts, 11 2 - 3/4' 2 flat washers, Dia. Drill 2 lock washers φ-Saddle Holes-4 ~ % Ø Drilî Holes 9 ½" 1/2" 9 ½" CLAMP DETAIL **PLAN VIEW** (2 Req'd) FRONT SIDE



(Beam height greater than 54")

FRONT

See Clamp

2"RMC

Detail

2 - 5%" Dia. bolts, each w/ 1 nylon

-2 ½" Min to

bottom of

fixture

throat lock nut,

2 flat washers.

1 lock washer

CONDUIT CONNECTION PROFILE

Reinforcina Strands TABLE 5 LOCATION OF UNDERPASS LIGHT MOUNTING BRACKET TABLE MINIMUM LENGTH DISTANCE <u>≤</u> 50′ 10'-0 15'-0 50' - 70' Minimum Distance 70' - 90 20'-0" (See Table Below) > 90

typical and diagrammatic only. See project layout sheets for specific details.

A. ALL 150 watt HPS and 150 watt equivalent LED Luminaires

2. Conduit will be paid for under Item 618, "Conduit" and conductors will be paid for under Item 620, "Electrical Conductors," unless otherwise shown on the plans.

1. Luminaire locations, conduit and conductor sizes and routing are

3. Adjust conduit in saddles to place fixture height and orientation as required. See fixture orientation detail and plans. Where practicable, place luminaires so the bottom of luminaire is above the bottom of the beam, maximum of 3 in. (See detail UNDERPASS LIGHTING ARM TYPE 2)

4. Except as noted, galvanize all structural steel and exposed bolts, nuts, and washers in accordance with Item 445 'Galvanizing".

5. Fabrication of brackets and support arms will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to Item 610, "Roadway Illumination

6. Install a heavy duty NEMA 3R fused disconnect or breaker enclosure rated at 30 amps and 480 volts to switch underpass luminaires as shown on plans, with at least one per bridge circuit. Install 20 amp time-delay fuses or inverse-time circuit breakers. Mount disconnect or breaker enclosure 10 ft. (min) above grade on columns or bent caps as approved by the Department. Modify disconnect to allow padlocking in the "ON" and "OFF" positions. Padlocks and disconnect switches or circuit breakers for underpass fixtures will not be paid for directly but are subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

7. Conduit on columns, caps, and slab is shown surface mounted. For new columns and caps, embed PVC conduit in concrete. Bond and ground metal junction boxes and conduit.

B. TYPE 1

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Provide 2 in. rigid metal conduit (2.375" O.D., 0.146" wall) for Type 1 arm shaft.

2. Use $\frac{3}{8}$ in. stainless steel bolt or stud non-epoxy type expansion anchors for concrete for Type 1 mounting. Except as noted, provide an allowable 2650 lbs minimum pull-out force (after consideration of adjustment factors for edge distance and bolt spacing) for each anchor. Install each anchor to the embedment depth recommended by the manufacturer.

3. Attach conduit to plate with 4 saddles, four - $\frac{3}{8}$ in. diameter bolts, nylon throat lock nuts, and lock washers.

C. TYPE 2

1. Provide 2 in. rigid metal conduit (2.375" O.D., 0.146" wall) or provide a combination of $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. (2.875" O.D., 0.193" wall) and 2 in. (2.375" O.D., 0.146" wall) rigid metal conduits with a reducing bushing as beam height stipulated for Type 2 arm shaft. Field cutting and threading will be permitted. Paint cut and threaded areas with zinc rich paint after conduit is connected to adjacent fitting.

2. Connecting conduit may be strapped to tapered section only of precast beams as shown. Anchor as approved by the Engineer. Maximum anchor depth is 1 in.

 Indiscriminate drilling into precast concrete beams may result in reduced beam strength. Use drilling location and method as directed by the Engineer. See Location of Underpass Lighting Mounting Bracket detail. The locations shown in the table are such that reinforcing strands will not be damaged.

Texas Department of Transportation

ROADWAY ILLUMINATION DETAILS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

(UNDERPASS LIGHT FIXTURES)

RID(3) - 20

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LOCATION OF UNDERPASS LIGHT MOUNTING BRACKET

UNDERPASS LIGHTING TYPE 2

		CHIDDI	ING PARTS LIST - PO	N ES AND LI	IMINAIDE	ADMS			
Nominal	Shoe Base	30116	T-Base	LES AND LO	DMITHATLE	CSB/SSCB Mounted			
Mounting Ht.	Designation		Designation				gnation		
(ft)	Pole A1 A2 Luminaire	Quantity		uminaire	Quantity	Pole	A1 A2 Luminaire	Quantity	
20	(Type SA 20 S - 4) (150W EQ) LED			(150W EQ) LED					
	(Type SA 20 S - 4 - 4) (150W EQ) LED		(Type SA 20 T - 4 - 4) ((150W EQ) LED					
30	(Type SA 30 S - 4) (250W EQ) LED			(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S -	4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 30 S - 4 - 4) (250W EQ) LED			(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S -			
	(Type SA 30 S - 8) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 8) ((250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S -	8) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 30 S - 8 - 8) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 8 - 8) ((250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S -	8 - 8) (250W EQ) LED		
40	(Type SA 40 S - 4) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 4) ((250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 4 - 4) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 4 - 4) ((250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	4 - 4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 8) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 8) ((250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	8) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 8 - 8) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 8 - 8) ((250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	8 - 8) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 10) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 10) ((250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	10) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 10 - 10) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 10 - 10) ((250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	10 - 10) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 12) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 12) ((250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	12) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 12 - 12) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 12 - 12) ((250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	12 - 12) (250W EQ) LED		
50	(Type SA 50 S - 4) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 4) ((400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	4) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 4 - 4) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 4 - 4) ((400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	4 - 4) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 8) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 8) ((400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	8) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 8 - 8) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 8 - 8) ((400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	8 - 8) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 10) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 10) ((400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	10) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 10 - 10) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 10 - 10) ((400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	10 - 10) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 12) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 12) ((400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	12) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 12 - 12) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 12 - 12) ((400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	12 - 12) (400W EQ) LED		

			OTHE	R			
-							
<u> </u>	Designation						
PC	ole	A 1	A2	Luminaire	Quantity		
					-		
-							
-							
	•	,					

GENERAL NOTES:

shown herein.

- 1. All work, materials and services not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper construction shall be performed, furnished and installed by the Contractor. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment or installation will be considered justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the Department such warranties or guarantees.
- 2. The location of poles and fixtures are diagrammatic only and may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Standard Steel Pole Designs. Steel poles fabricated in accordance with the details and dimensions shown herein, shall be considered standard designs. Submission of shop drawings and design calculations for standard designs is not required.
- 4. Optional Steel Pole Designs. Multi-sided steel poles may be allowed as optional designs, if steel poles are permitted or required, pending approval by the Department as outlined below.
 - a. Shop Drawings. Optional designs require submission of shop drawings and design calculations bearing the seal of an engineer licensed in the State of Texas, in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures." The Department may elect to pre-approve some shop drawings for optionally designed poles. Submission of shop drawings and design calculations is not required for structures fabricated in accordance with the details of shop drawings on the pre-approved list maintained by the TxDOT Traffic Operations Division. Any deviation from the pre-approved shop drawings will require submission of shop drawings of the complete assembly and design calculations as described above.
 - dssembly did design Catalitations as desir local above.

 b. Structural Support Design for Luminaires. Lighting support structures shall be designed for a 25 year design life in accordance with the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto. All poles shall be designed for 110 mph 3-second gust wind speeds. The Gust Factor, G, and Wind Importance Factor, Ir, shall be applied as per the AASHTO Specifications assuming a 25-year design life. The design wind pressure for hurricane wind velocities greater than 100 mph shall not be less than the design wind pressure using 100 mph with the non-hurricane Wind Importance Factor, Ir, value. For transformer base poles, fabricator shall include transformer base and connecting hardware in design calculations and shop drawing submittals. All transformer bases shall have been structurally tested to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished shall be submitted with the shop drawings. Shop drawings shall show breakaway base model number, and manufacturer's name and logo.
 - Manufacturer's shop drawings shall include the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.

 c. Mast Arm Attachments. All poles and attachments shall be structurally designed to support two 12-foot mast arms and luminaires. Poles shall be supplied with mast arm combinations as shown in the plans. All mast arms shall be designed for a 60-pound luminaire having an effective projected area of 1.6 square feet. d. Anchor Bolt Assembly. Anchor bolt assemblies for optionally designed poles shall be the same as those
- 5. Aluminum Pole Designs. Aluminum pole designs may be allowed, if aluminum poles are permitted or required, pending approval by the Department as outlined below.

 - a. Meet all of the requirements stated above for optional steel pole designs and the following:
 1. Aluminum poles shall be fabricated in accordance with "Structural Welding Code-Aluminum" AWS D1.2.
 - Aluminum pole designs shall use the same anchor bolt assembly and be subject to the same geometric restraints and other requirements for steel poles specified herein.
 Aluminum poles shall be equipped with vibration mitigation devices, as approved by the engineer.

 - Aluminum poles shall be equipped with vibration mitigation devices, as approved by the engineer. Pole components shall be constructed using the following material:

 Shaft: ASTM B221 or B241 Alloy 6063-T6, ASTM B209 Alloy 5086-H34, ASTM B221 Alloy 6005-T5.

 Base Flange: ASTM B26 Alloy 356.0-T6 or ASTM B108 Alloy 356.0-T6 (Yield strength test required).

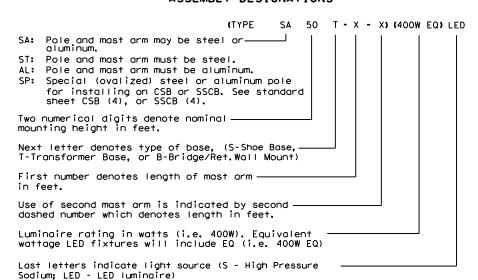
 Mast Arms: ASTM B209 Alloy 6061-T6 or ASTM B221 Alloy 6005-T5.

 Mast Arms: ASTM B241 Alloy 6061-T6 or ASTM B063-T6.

 Pole Cap: ASTM B209 Alloy 5086-H32 or ASTM B108 or B26 Alloy 356.0-T6.

 Bolts: Stainless Steel AISI 300 series. Bolts threading into aluminum threads shall be treated with anti-seize compound, Never-Seez Compound, Permatex 133K or equal.
- 6. Special Designs. Poles with architectural treatments shall meet the requirements shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 7. Luminaire Mounting Height. Actual luminaire mounting height shall be the nominal mounting height given on RIP(2) for all pole-arm combinations except for poles with 4 ft. luminaire arms, which shall be 3^7 -0" lower than the nominal height, unless otherwise shown or directed.

EXPLANATION OF ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY DESIGNATIONS







ROADWAY ILLUMINATION POLES

RIP(1) - 19

FILE: rip-19.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT January 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
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SHOE BASE POLE								
Luminaire Mounting Height (Nominal)(ft)	Base Diameter (in)	Top Diameter (in)	Length (ft)	Pole Thickness (in)	Design Moment (K-ft)			
20.00	7.00	4.90	15.00	0.1196	7.1			
30.00	7.50	4.00	25.00	0.1196	13.2			
31.00-39.00	8.00	4.36-3.24	26.00-34.00	0.1196	20.7			
40.00	8.50	3.60	35.00	0.1196	20.7			
50.00	10.50	4.20	45.00	0.1196	30.3			

1 Simplex Arm Connection 60% of CP-3 Pole Thickness See Transformer Base Baseplate Detail, Sheet 4 of 4 See Transformer Base Details. Sheet 4 of 4 See Transformer Base Anchor Bolt Assembly Detail, TRANSFORMER BASE POLE

See Pole

Top Detail.

TRANSFORMER BASE POLE							
Luminaire Mounting Height (Nominal)(ft)	Base Diameter (in)	Top Diameter (in)	Length (ft)	Pole Thickness (in)	Design Moment (K-ft)		
20.00	7.00	5.11	13.50	0.1196	7.1		
30.00	7.50	4.21	23.50	0.1196	13.2		
31.00-39.00	8.00	4.57-3.45	24.50-32.50	0.1196	20.7		
40.00	8.50	3.81	33.50	0.1196	20.7		
50.00	10.00	3.91	43.50	0.1196	30.3		

Rise ① Simplex Arm Connection Seam Weld Ę located 45° from mast arm axis 60% of Thickness See Handhole Detail, Sheet 3 of 4 Max. 6' -0" 7' -6" 0val Sect See Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Baseplate Detail. Sheet 4 of 4 See Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Anchor Bolt Assembly Detail, Sheet 4 of 4

See Pole

Top Detail,

CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE POLE

CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE POLE (CSB/SSCB)							
Base 2					Design Moment (K-ft)		
(in)	(in)	(f†)	(in)	About & of Rail	Perp. to Rail		
9.00	5.78	23.00	0.1196	10.3	13.2		
9.00	4.38	33.00	0.1196	16.6	20.8		
10.50	4.48	43.00	0.1345	25.1	30.5		
	Base Diameter (in) 9.00 9.00	Base Top Diameter (in) 9.00 5.78 9.00 4.38	Base Diameter Cin Length (ft) 9.00 5.78 23.00 9.00 4.38 33.00	Base (2) Diameter (in) Top Diameter (in) Length (ft) Pole Thickness (in) 9.00 5.78 23.00 0.1196 9.00 4.38 33.00 0.1196	Base② Diameter (in) Top Diameter (in) Length (ft) Pole Thickness (in) Design (K-1) 9.00 5.78 23.00 0.1196 10.3 9.00 4.38 33.00 0.1196 16.6		

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Designs conform to AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto. Design 3-Second Gust Wind Speed equals 110 mph with a 1.14 gust factor. A wind importance factor of 0.80 is applied to adjust the wind speed to a 25 year recurrence interval. Design moments listed in tables assume base of pole is 25' above natural ground level.
- Structures are designed to support two 12' luminaire mast arms and luminaires. Mast arms are designed to support a 60-pound luminaire having an effective projected area of 1.6 square feet.
- 3. Fabrication shall be in accordance with the Specifications and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Do not submit shop drawings for roadway illumination pole assemblies fabricated in accordance with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of these sheets and the Specifications. In the absence of specified fabrication tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

- For mounting heights between values shown in the tables, use base diameter and thickness values for the larger height.
- Unless otherwise noted, all steel parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 6. Steel poles shall be fabricated in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures." Longitudinal seam welds for pole sections shall have 60% minimum penetration. All welding shall be in accordance with AWS D1.1, Structural Welding Code-Steel.
- 7. Two-section poles joined by circumferential welds will not be permitted, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Poles may be fabricated in two sections and field-assembled by the lap-joint method. The two sections shall telescope together with a lap length of not less than 1-1/2 times the shaft diameter at the lap joint.
- 8. Alternate material equal to or better than material specified may be substituted with the approval of the Fnaineer.
- Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts, when erecting shoe base poles and concrete traffic barrier base poles, in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts."

- 10. All poles, except Transformer Base Poles, shall have hand holes with reinforcing frames and covers. For ground mounted shoe base poles, hand holes shall be placed 90 degrees to mast arm unless otherwise noted on the plans. For poles mounted on a concrete traffic barrier with one luminaire arm, hand holes shall be located 180 degrees from luminaire arm. For poles mounted on a concrete traffic barrier with two luminaire arms, all hand holes shall be on the same side of the barrier. For poles mounted on a bridge lighting bracket or a retaining wall lighting bracket, hand hole shall be on traffic side of the pole, at a height that will clear the barrier.
- 11. The finished pole shall have a smooth, uniform finish free of pits, blisters, or other defects. Scratched, chipped, and other damaged galvanized areas on poles and mast arms shall be repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 12. Pole length is based on a 5'-6" luminaire arm rise. 4 ft. luminaire arms have a 2'-6" rise. A pole with 4 ft. luminaire arms will have an actual mounting height 3'-0" less than the nominal mounting height. Increasing the pole length to meet the nominal mounting height is allowed, but unnecessary unless otherwise directed by the engineer.
- 13. Erect transformer base poles in accordance with sheet RID(1).

MATERIAL DATA						
COMPONENT	ASTM DESIGNATION	MIN. YIELD (ksi)				
Pole Shaft (0.14"/ft. Taper)	A572 Gr 50, A595 Gr A, A1011 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2 ③, or A1008 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2	50				
Base Plate and Handhole Frame	A572 Gr.50, or A36	36				
T-Base Connecting Bolts	F3125 Gr A325	92				
Anchor Bolts	F1554 Gr 55, A193-B7 or A321	55 105				
Anchor Bolt Templates	A36	36				
Heavy Hex (H.H.) Nuts	A194 Gr 2H,or A563 Gr DH					
Flat Washers	F436					

NOTES:

- (1)2'-6" rise for 4 ft. luminaire arms.
- ② Before ovalized as shown on Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Baseplate details, Sheet 4 of 4.
- ③A1011 SS Gr 50 may be used instead of HSLAS, provided the material meets the elongation requirements for HSLAS.

POLE ASSEMBLY FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE DIMENSION TOLERANCE Shaft length I.D. of outside piece +1/8", -1/16" of slip fitting pieces O.D. of inside piece +1/32", -1/8" of slip fitting pieces Shaft diameter: other +3/16" Out of "round" 1/4" Straightness of shaft ±1/4" in 10 ft Twist in multi-sided shaft 4° in 50 ft

SHEET 2 OF 4



Perpendicular to baseplate

Pole centered on baseplate

Location of Attachments

Bolt hole spacing

Traffic Safety Division Standard

1/8" in 24"

±1/4"

±1/16"

ROADWAY ILLUMINATION POLES

RIP(2) - 19

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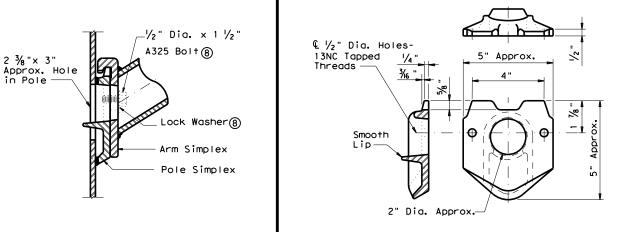
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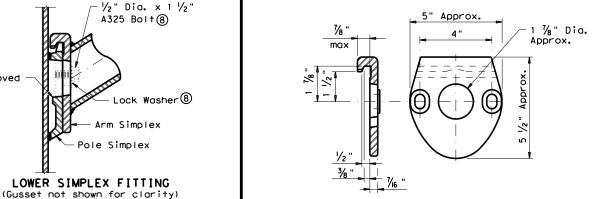
LUMINAIRE ARM

LUMINAIR	LUMINAIRE ARM DIMENSIONS							
Nominal Arm Length	Arm Length	Rise						
4′-0"	3′-6"	2′-6"						
6′-0"	5′-6"	5′-6"						
8′-0"	7′-6"	5′-6"						
10'-0"	9′-6"	5′-6"						
12′-0"	11'-6"	5′-6"						

ARM ASSEMBLY FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE					
DIMENSION	TOLERANCE				
Arm Length	±1"				
Arm Rise	±1"				
Deviation from flat	1/8" in 12"				
Spacing between holes	±1/32"				



UPPER SIMPLEX FITTING POLE SIMPLEX DETAIL 9 (Gusset not shown for clarity)



ARM SIMPLEX DETAIL 9

ASTM A53 Gr A or B,A500 Gr B, A501, A 1008 HSLAS-F Gr 50 6, or A1011 HSLAS-F Gr 50 6 Arm Pipes Arm Struts and Gusset Plates ④ ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50 6, or A588 Misc. ASTM designations as noted

Pole or Arm Simplex

NOTES:

designation.

(4) Any of the materials listed for plates may be used

where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM

(5) A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.

(6) A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F materials may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.

(7) Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.

8 Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 bolts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans.

Proposed deviations in arm simplex dimensions or

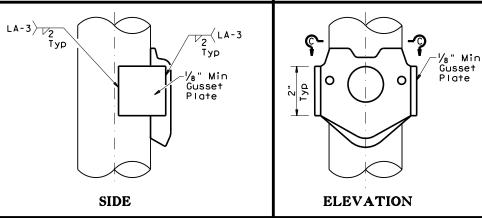
materials must be submitted to the Department for approval.

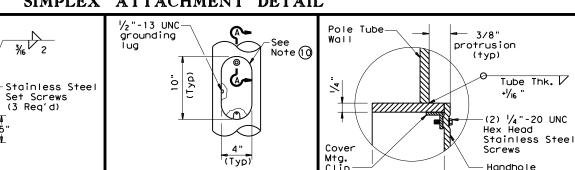
(10) A welded handhole frame is permissible. Maximum

MATERIALS

ASTM A27 Gr 65-35 or Gr 70-36, A148 Gr 80-50, A576 Gr 1021 (\$\), or A36

of two (2) CJP weld splices is allowed.





1/8" Min Gusset Plate

Cover 12 Gauge H. R. M. Š. SECTION A-A

SHEET 3 OF 4

Texas Department of Transportation

ROADWAY ILLUMINATION **POLES**

Traffic Safety Division Standard

RIP(3) - 19

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SIMPLEX ATTACHMENT DETAIL

Handho I e

SECTION C-C

ELEVATION

HANDHOLE

warranty of any the conversion

SECTION B-B

Pole Top Cap to be

gray iron casting (A48 Class 30),

zinc die casting

"J" or "C" Hook

for wiring and handling ½" dia. Commercial Grade

Hot Rolled Bar

or Aluminum

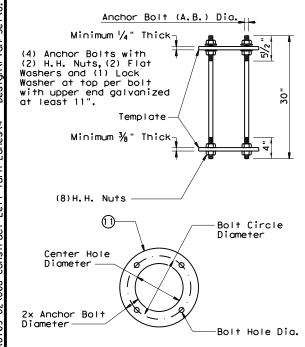
(Zinc Alloy No. 3),

1/2 "-

Lip

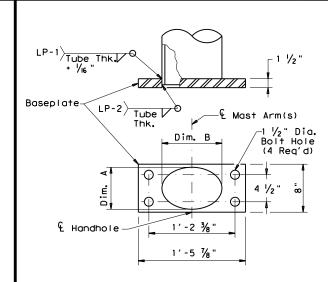
BASEPLATE

SHOE BASE BASEPLATE TABLE							
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	BOLT CIRCLE	SQUARE	THICK	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER			
20' - 39'	13"	13"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"			
40′	15"	15"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"			
50′	15"	15"	1 ½"	1 1/2"			



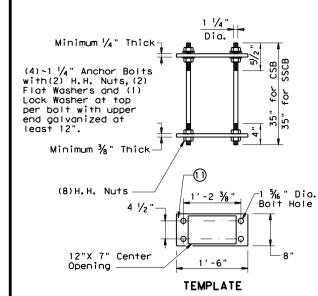
SHOE BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

SHOE BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY TABLE						
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	A.B. Dia.	BOLT CIRCLE DIAMETER	CTR. HOLE DIAMETER	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER		
20′-39′	1 "	13"	11"	1 1/16 "		
40′-50′	1 1/4"	15"	12 1/2"	1 % "		



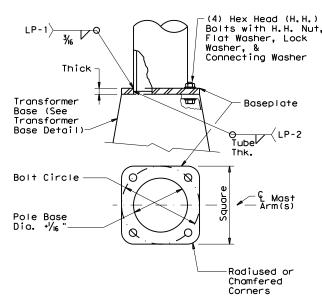
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE BASEPLATE

CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE BASEPLATE TABLE								
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (noming!) POLE DIA. DIM. A DIM. B								
28' - 38'	9"	7"± 1/4"	10"± 1/4"					
48′	10 ½"	7"± 1/4"	13"± 1/4"					



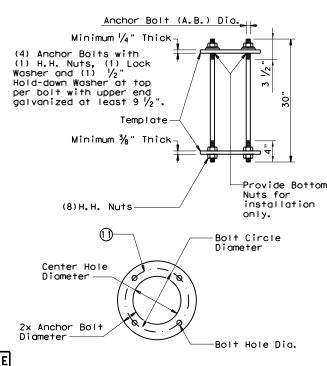
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

TRANSFORM	IER BA	SE ANCHO	OR BOLT AS	SEMBLY TABLE
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	A.B. Dia.	BOLT CIRCLE DIAMETER	CTR. HOLE DIAMETER	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER
20' - 39'	1 "	14"	12"	1 1/16 "
40' - 50'	1 1/4"	17 1/4"	14 ¾"	1 1/6 "



TRANSFORMER BASE BASEPLATE

TRANSFORMER BASE BASEPLATE TABLE									
MOUNTING HEIGHTS CIRCLE SQUARE THICK CONNECTING BOLT HOLE TRANSFOM BOLT DIA. DIAMETER BASE TYPE									
20' - 39'	13"	13"	1 1/4"	1"	1 1/4"	A			
40′	15"	15"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"	1 ½"	В			
50′	15"	15"	1 1/2"	1 1/4"	1 ½"	В			



TRANSFORMER BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

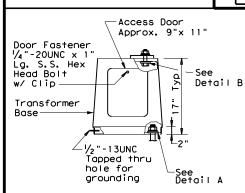
GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. For mounting heights between those shown in the table, use the values in the table for the larger mounting height.
- 2. All breakaway bases shall meet the breakaway requirements of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto, and shall have been tested by FHWA-approved methods. All bases shall have been structurally tested to resist 150% of the design moment.
- 3. Transformer bases shall be cast from aluminum, ASTM B108 or B26 Alloy 356.0-T6, or other material approved by the Engineer. Four Hex Head (H.H.) bolts with four H.H. nuts, four lock washers, four flat washers, and connecting and hold-down washers as recommended by the manufacturer, galvanized to ASTM A153 Class C or D, or B695 Class 50, shall be provided with each transformer base for connecting the pole. Bolts shall be ASTM A325 or approved equal. Nuts shall be ASTM A563 grade DH galvanized.
- 4. Bases shall be stamped, incised or by other approved permanent means, marked to show fabricator's name or logo, and model number. Such information shall be placed in a readily seen location, inside or outside the base, but shall not be placed on the door.
- 5. Doors for transformer bases shall be made of plastic, fiberglass or other non-metallic material approved by the Engineer and shall be attached with stainless steel screws or bolts. Transformer bases shall be cleaned by grit blast cleaning after heat treatment. Certification by the manufacturer of heat treatment shall be furnished with transformer bases. The certification shall show the metal alloy and temper and that the base meets those requirements, chemical and physical. The certification shall also show the material ASTM specification. Transformer bases shall be cast with a removable tab bar for material testing. Some bars may have been removed by the manufacturer for testing.

NOTES:

- (1) Anchor Bolt Templates do not need to be aalvanized.
- 🔞 Pole diameter before ovalized.

ANCHOR BOLT FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE DIMENSION TOLERANCE Length ± 1/2' Threaded length ± 1/2" Galvanized length (if required) - 1/4"



TRANSFORMER BASE TABLE

TOP B.C.

13"

15"

DETAIL A

DETAIL B

TOP PLAN

- Bottom

Circle (B.C.)

BOTTOM PLAN

Bolt

14"

17 1/4

Lock

Washer

TYPE

½" thk Hold-down

Lock

Connecting

Top Bolt Circle (B.C.)

ELEVATION

TRANSFORMER BASE **DETAILS**



SHEET 4 OF 4

Traffic Safety Division Standard

RIP(4) - 19

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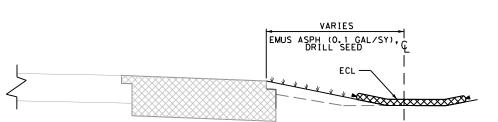
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EMUS ASPH (0.1 GAL/SY) DRILL SEED



PROPOSED PAVEMENT STRUCTURE



(A) DETAIL A-A

TYPICAL EROSION CONTROL LOG LAYOUT

WB

50 LF ECL

PLACE ECL @
CENTER OF FLOWLINE

US 60 WB

EΒ

US 60 EB **⇐>**

 \Longrightarrow

CSJ: 0169-02-068 STA. 330+50 TO STA. 335+61 STA. 362+46 TO STA. 372+27 STA. 377+25 TO STA. 387+11

STA. 509+00 TO STA. 514+64 STA. 534+20 TO STA. 544+14 STA. 36+94 TO STA. 47+00 CSJ: 0169-02-068 STA. 366+54 TO STA. 376+28 STA. 417+42 TO STA. 429+22 STA. 482+67 TO STA. 492+58

	SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL ITEMS									
	164	164	314	506	506					
	① 6036	① 6053	6009	6040	6043					
LOCATION	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	DRILL SEEDING (TEMP) (WARM OR COOL)	EMULS ASPH (EROSN CONT)(MULTI) 0.1 GAL/SY	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)					
	AC	AC	GAL	LF	LF					
CSJ: 0169-02-069	7	7	3,388	900	900					
PROJECT TOTALS:	7	7	3, 388	900	900					

100'-0"

50 LF ECL -

① FOR BID PURPOSES QUANTITIES WERE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1 ACRE.



US 60
EROSION
CONTROL
LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 10'



 DSN
 CK
 CONT
 SECT
 JOB
 HIGHWAY

 KK
 CS
 0169
 02
 068
 US
 60

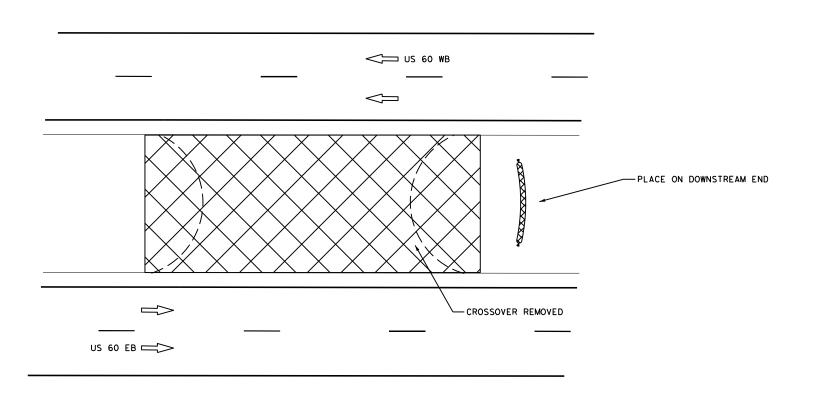
 DRWN
 CK
 DIST
 COUNTY
 SHEET NO.

 KK
 CH
 AMA
 POTTER
 128



EMUS ASPH DRILL SEED (0.1 GAL/SY)

EROSION CONTROL LOG = 25'



TYPICAL CROSSOVER REMOVAL

SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL ITEMS									
	164	164	314	506	506				
	① 6036	① 6053	6009	6040	6043				
LOCATION	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	DRILL SEEDING (TEMP) (WARM OR COOL)	EMULS ASPH (EROSN CONT)(MULTI) O.1 GAL/SY	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)				
	AC	AC	GAL	LF	LF				
CSJ: 0169-02-069	1	1	484	50	50				
PROJECT TOTALS:	1	1	484	50	50				

① FOR BID PURPOSES QUANTITIES WERE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1 ACRE.



US 60 EROSION CONTROL LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 10'



				SHEET 2 OF 2						
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY				
KK	cs	0169	02	068	US 60					
RWN	СК	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
KK	СН	AMA		POTTER		129				

FROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS (CONT.)

SILT FENCES HAY BALES ROCK BERMS DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SMALES DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SMALES DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS PIPE SLOPE DRAINS PAVED FLUMES ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT CHANNEL LINERS SEDIMENT BASINS SEDIMENT BASINS STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES CURBS AND CUTTERS STORM SEWERS VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES X EROSION CONTROL DEVICES THE ORDER OF ACTIVITIES ARE AS FOLLOWS: 1. INSTALL CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN ON PLANS AND DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER 2. MAINTAIN AND UPGRADE DEVICES AS NEGED. 3. WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS COMPLETED TEMPORARY CONTROLS SHALL BE REMOVED AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT: CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO DISTURB AS LITTLE OF THE NATURAL AREA AS POSSIBLE. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT: CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO DISTURB AS LITTLE OF THE NATURAL AREA AS POSSIBLE. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT: CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO DISTURB AS LITTLE OF THE NATURAL AREA AS POSSIBLE. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT: CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO DISTURB AS LITTLE OF THE NATURAL AREA AS POSSIBLE. STORM WATER SHALL BE FILTERED THROUGH SEDIMENT CONTOL DEVICES BEFORE LEAVING THE PROJECT.	Darmanaa		
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OTHER FROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

MAINTENANCE: ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS WILL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD WORKING ORDER. IF A REPAIR IS NECESSARY, IT WILL BE DONE AT THE EARLIEST DATE POSSIBLE, BUT NO LATER THAN 7 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE SURROUNDING EXPOSED GROUND HAS DRIED SUFFICIENTLY TO PREVENT FURTHER DAMAGE FROM HEAVY EQUIPMENT.

INSPECTION: AN INSPECTION WILL BE PERFORMED BY A TXDOT INSPECTOR OF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE AT LEAST ONCE EVERY 7 CALENDAR DAYS REGARDLESS OF RAINFALL. AN INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT WILL BE MADE PER EACH INSPECTION. BASED ON THE INSPECTION RESULTS, THE CONTROLS SHALL BE REVISED PER THE INSPECTION REPORT.

WASTE MATERIALS: ALL WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE COLLECTED AND STORED IN A SECURELY LIDDED METAL DUMPSTER. THE DUMPSTER WILL MEET ALL STATE AND LOCAL CITY SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS. ALL TRASH AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS FROM THE SITE WILL BE DEPOSITED IN THE DUMPSTER. THE DUMPSTER WILL BE EMPTIED AS NECESSARY OR AS REQUIRED BY LOCAL REGULATION, AND THE TRASH WILL BE HAULED TO A PERMITTED LANDFILL. NO CONSTRUCTION WASTE MATERIAL WILL BE BURIED ON SITE.

HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): AT A MINIMUM, ANY PRODUCTS IN THE FOLLOWING CATAGORIES ARE CONSIDERED TO BE HAZARDOUS: PAINTS, ACIDS FOR CLEANING MASONRY SURFACES, CLEANING SOLVENTS, ASPHALT PRODUCTS, CHEMICAL ADDITIVES FOR SOIL STABILIZATION, OR CONCRETE CURING COMPOUNDS AND ADDITIVES. IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL WHICH MAY BE HAZARDOUS, THE SPILL COORDINATOR SHOULD BE CONTACTED IMMEDIATELY AT (806)-356-3299.

SANITARY WASTE: ALL SANITARY WASTE WILL BE COLLECTED FROM THE PORTABLE UNITS AS NECESSARY OR AS REQUIRED BY LOCAL REGULATION BY A LICENSED SANITARY WASTE MANAGEMENT CONTRACTOR.

OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING:

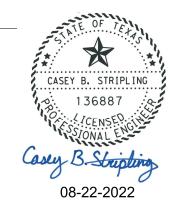
HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL X LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN X EXCESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY

_____ STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

OTHER:

REMARKS: DISPOSAL AREAS, STOCKPILES, AND HAUL ROADS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A MANNER THAT WILL MINIMIZE AND CONTROL THE AMOUNT OF SEDIMENT THAT MAY ENTER RECEIVING WATERS. DISPOSAL AREAS SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN ANY WETLAND, WATERBODY OR STREAMBED. CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREAS AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE AREAS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY THE CONTRACTOR IN A MANNER TO MINIMIZE THE RUNOFF OF POLLUTANTS. ALL WATERWAYS SHALL BE CLEARED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE OF TEMPORARY EMBANKMENT, TEMPORARY BRIDGES, MATTING, FALSEWORK, PILING. DEBRIS OR OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS PLACED DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS THAT ARE NOT

A PART OF THE FINISHED WORK.



US 60

TxDOT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P)



Texas Department of Transportation SHEET 1 OF 1

KK CS 0169 02 068 US 60

MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act

NOT: Notice of Termination

NWP: Nationwide Permit

NOI: Notice of Intent

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

Grassy Swales

Sediment Basins

TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Threatened and Endangered Species

DN: TxDOT | CK: TxDOT | DW: TxDOT | CK: TxDO CTxDOT: February 2015 JOB REVISIONS 0169 02 068 US 60

EPIC

ITEM 164 SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL

SEED (PERM) (RURAL or URBAN) (SAND or CLAY)

	O. O. B. W. C.	02,
"WARM SEASON" PLANTING DATES	SEED MIXTURE	PURE LIVE SEED RATE & PLANT DEPTH
PERMANENT: EARLY SPRING SEED FROM FEBRUARY 15th THROUGH May 15th. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP SEED: TYPE: BUFFALO GRASS (Texoka) "Fluffy" WESTERN WHEATGRASS (ARRIBA) "Hard" BERMUDA GRASS (BLACK JACK) "Hard Tiny Seed" 100% "Unhulled"	3.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 6.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 5.0 LBS PLS / ACRE @ ¼"-½" SOIL DEPTH
PERMANENT and TEMP. LATE SPRING SEED FROM MAY 15th THROUGH AUGUST 1st AS AREAS OF THE ROW THAT ARE LAID BY BUT DETERMINED TO BE OUT OF SEASON FOR PERMANENT DRILL SEEDING.	IYPF: MILLET (BROWN TOP) "Hard Shell, "Small Seed" - Nurse crop BERMUDA GRASS (BLACK JACK) "Hard Tiny Seed" 100% "Unhulled"	30. LBS PLS / ACRE @ ¼" SOIL DEPTH 5.0 LBS PLS / ACRE

SOIL PREPARATION EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES: RIPPER --- DISK --- HARROW --- CULTI-PACKER.

NOTES:

- 1. ALL SEED MIXTURE TYPES SHALL BE PURCHASED IN PRE- MIXED BAGS, "BY TYPE" BLENDED BY THE GROWER SHIPPER.
 2. SOILS THAT ARE COMPACTED, HAVE CLODS, SHALL BE REWORKED UNTIL READY FOR SEEDING. AS DIRECTED.
 3. ALL SOIL SURFACES SHALL BE LEVEL WITH NATURAL FLOWING SMOOTH GRADES. NO TIRE RUTS OR FURTHER TRAFFIC ALLOWED.
 4. SOIL SURFACE SHALL BE FIRM BUT NOT COMPACTED, ALLOWING 1/4" DEPRESSION UNDER NORMAL FOOT TRAFFIC.
 5. SEED 100% OF THE BED AREA. NO SKIPS OR VOID AREAS ALLOWED. EXAMPLE: AREAS AROUND SIGN POSTS AND INLETS.
 6. SEED UP TO THE FIRST 6" OF THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT. AS DIRECTED, HAND RAKE ISOLATED SEEDED AREAS.
 7. WEIGH ALL CALIBRATED SEED SAMPLES FOR ACCURACY AND PRESENT DOCUMENTATION TO ENGINEER.

- 1. USE ONLY PROFESSIONAL NATIVE GRASS OR TURF GRASS (MULTI- 3 BIN) DRILL SEEDERS.
 2. CALIBRATE DRILL SEEDER FOR SPECIFIED (PLS) PER ACRE BEFORE DRILL SEEDING.
 3. DRILL SEEDER MUST BE EQUIPPED WITH THE LARGE FRONT CUTTING COULTERS DURING THE INSPECTION OF DRILL SEEDER.

FOR BROADCAST SEEDING

- 1. USE ONLY COMMERCIAL TYPE CYCLONE TYPE SPREADERS.
 2. CALIBRATE CYCLONE SPREADER FOR 1000 Sq. ft. (PLS) PER ACRE BEFORE SEEDING.
 3. TO PREVENT SEED SEPARATION IN SPREADERS, SPREAD ALL SEED TYPES INDEPENDENTLY IN A SEPARATE APPLICATION.
 4. IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING, IN ONE OR TWO OPERATIONS, CULTI-PACK THE SEEDED SOILS AND FIRM SEED INTO SURFACE.
 5. DISCONTINUE SEEDING IF WIND EXCEEDS 10 MPH.

ITEM 164 SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL

SEED (TEMPORARY) COOL SEASON SEEDING

"COOL SEASON" PLANTING DATES	SEED MIXTURE	PURE LIVE SEED RATE & PLANT DEPTH
TEMPORARY: EARLY FALL SEED FROM AUGUST 1st THROUGH DECEMBER 1st. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP SEED: TYPE: WESTERN WHEATGRASS "Hard Shell" RED WINTER WHEAT, VAR: TAM III "Hard Shell"	6.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 34. LBS PLS / ACRE @ 1" SOIL DEPTH
TEMPORARY: LATE FALL SEED FROM DECEMBER 1st THROUGH DECEMBER 31ST. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP SEED: TYPE: RED WINTER WHEAT, VAR: TAM III "Hard Shell"	34. LBS ACRE / PLS @ 1" SOIL DEPTH

SOIL PREPARATION EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES: RIPPER --- DISK --- HARROW --- CULTI-PACKER.

ITEM 314 EMULSIFIED ASPHALT TREATMENT

TIME SCHEDULE:

IMMEDIATELY AFTER SOIL PREPARATION OR WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER SEEDING, APPLY THE TACK COAT TO DESIGNATED SOIL SURFACES.

FUNCTIONAL USE:

SOIL EROSION CONTROL, OR MOISTURE RETENTION BARRIER.

- ALL TRUCK APPLICATIONS SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ONE PASS OF THE DISTRIBUTOR. ALL TOUCH UP WORK WILL BE FINISHED BY HAND AND HOSE PROCEDURES. APPLY FROM EDGE OF PAVEMENT THROUGH THE FULL SPECIFIED AREAS.
- ENGINEER WILL INSPECT FOR ACCURACY THE OVERALL DEPTH OF THE APPLIED TACK COAT MATERIALS.
- FURTHER VEHICULAR TRAFFIC IS NOT ALLOWED ON LAID BY TACK COAT SURFACES. AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSE ALL DAMAGES TO TACK COAT SURFACES WILL BE RE -SHOT AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

ITEM 166 FERTILIZER

TIME SCHEDULE:

AFTER TOPSOIL PLOWING PEPARATIONS ARE COMPLETED, FERTILIZE R.O.W. SOIL SURFACES AND HARROW 2" TO 4" DEEP INTO PLACE.

FUNCTIONAL USE:

PLANT NUTRIENTS FOR PLANT AND ROOT DEVELOPMENT.

FERTILIZER SHALL BE EVENLY DISTRIBUTED AT A RATE OF 28 LBS OF NITROGEN PER ACRE. THE BREAK DOWN OF THE NITROGEN ELEMENT SHALL BE IN A 50% SLOW RELEASE FORM. ANALYSIS OF THE (NPK) IS: 1-5-0 A HIGH PHOSPHATE BLEND. AS DIRECTED BY THE VEGETATION MANAGER.

ITEM 166 NOTES:

- 1. BROADCAST SPECIFIED FERTILIZER FROM THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT, THROUGH THE ENTIRE ROW SEED BED AREA. APPLICATIONS FOR EDGE OF PAVEMENT, CULVERTS, SIGN POST AREAS, GUARD RAILS AND ISOLATED AREAS SHALL BE APPLIED BY WALK BEHIND SPREADERS AND BY HAND. NO FERTILIZER ALLOWED ON PAVEMENT SURFACES.
- 2. ALL SPREADERS SHALL BE CALIBRATED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE ENGINEER FOR ACCURACY AND PERFORMANCE.
 SHALL USE UNOPENED 50* BAGS OF SPECIFIED FERTILIZER FOR DAILY CALIBRATIONS. APPLICATION SHALL BE AN EVEN DISTRIBUTION OF PRODUCT ON DESIGNATED SOIL SURFACES.
- 3. FERTILIZER SHALL BE DELIVERED IN 50# BAGS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED OR APPROVED PRIOR TO DELIVERY.
 BAGS SHALL BE CLEARLY LABELED SHOWING CONTENTS. IF BULK FERTILIZER IS APPROVED, DOCUMENTATION WILL BE
 REQUIRED FOR EACH LOAD OF MATERIAL DELIVERED VERIFYING AUTHENTICITY OF THE MATERIAL. CULTURAL
 PROCEDURES ARE UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE TXDOT VEGETATION MANAGER.





AMARILLO DISTRICT STANDARD

VEGETATION **SPECIFICATION** SHEET

FEDERAL AID PROJECT	DN: AD	D	CK:ADD	DW:	ADD	ck:ADD
See Title Sheet	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0169	02	068			S 60
3721720	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	AMA		POTTE	R		132

8/12/2022 T:\AMATPD

TEMP. EROSION FLOW CONTROL LOG ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL STAKE AS SIDE AT THE CENTER, DIRECTED AT EACH END, AND AT ADDITIONAL POINTS AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG (4' MAX. SPACING), OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PLAN VIEW

NIN

STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL

SIDE AT THE CENTER,

AT EACH END, AND AT

AS DIRECTED BY THE

ENGINEER.

ADDITIONAL POINTS AS

NEEDED TO SECURE LOG

(4' MAX. SPACING), OR

ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

STAKES FOR HEAVY

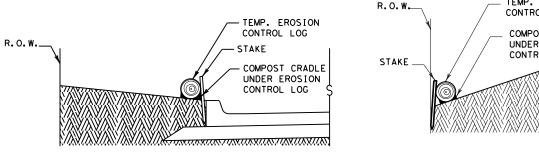
RUNOFF EVENTS

FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, CONTROL LOG OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, (TYP.) OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. **TEMPORARY** EROSION CONTROL LOG FLOW -DISTURBED AREA SECURE END BACK OF CURB OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED LIP OF GUTTER ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS

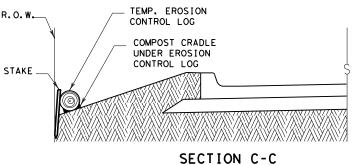
PLAN VIEW

PLAN VIEW



SECTION B-B EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

(CL - BOC)



EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY



SECTION A-A EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

CL-D

LEGEND

CL-D EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

TEMP. EROSION-

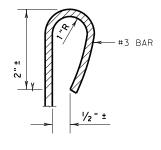
CONTROL LOG

(TYP.)

COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

- -(cl-boc)- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY -(CL-ROW)
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING -(CL-SST
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING -(CL - SSL`
- -(CL-DI] - EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- (CL-CI) EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- (cl-gi)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



REBAR STAKE DETAIL

SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps: 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

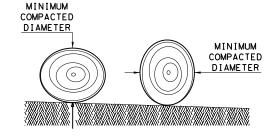
- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project.

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

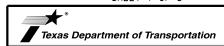
GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE INTENDED.
- 3. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS, USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.
- FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION.
- STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR #3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT 2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT MESH.
- COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.
- TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE LOG.
- 10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.



DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

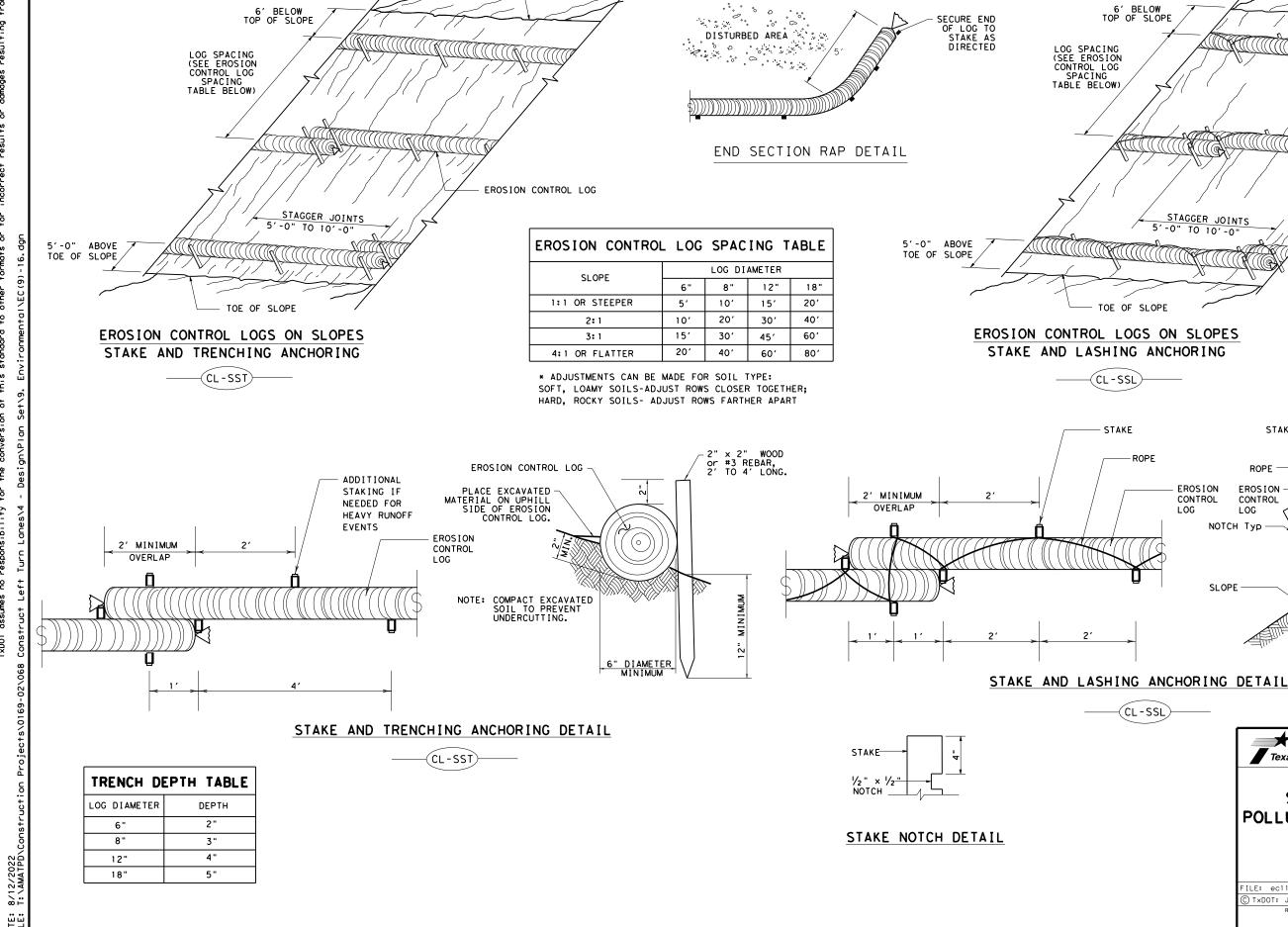
SHEET 1 OF 3



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

> **EROSION CONTROL LOG** EC(9) - 16

DN: TXDOT CK: KM DW: LS/PT CK: LS C) TxDOT: JULY 2016 JOB 0169 02 068 US 60 POTTER 133



TOP OF SLOPE

TOP OF SLOPE

STAKE -

ROPE

EROSION

CONTROL

LOG

- EROSION CONTROL LOG

SHEET 2 OF 3

TEMPORARY EROSION.

SEDIMENT AND WATER

POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9) - 16

0169 02

DN:TxDOT CK: KM DW: LS/PT CK: LS

JOB 068

POTTER

Texas Department of Transportation

C) TxDOT: JULY 2016

Design Division Standard

US 60

134

| 1xD01 assum | DATE: 8/12/2022 |FILE: T:\AMMIPD\Construction Projects\0169-02\068 Construct

CL-GI

SANDBAG CURB FOADMAY 2 SAND BAGS TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED

TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG

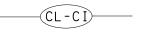
FLOW

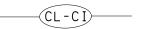
_____(CL - DI)_____

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

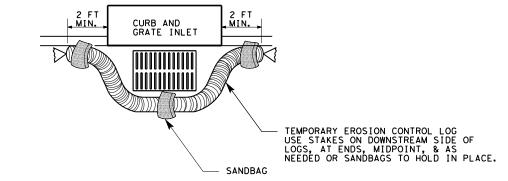
EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

- 2 SAND BAGS





NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



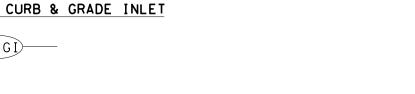
OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

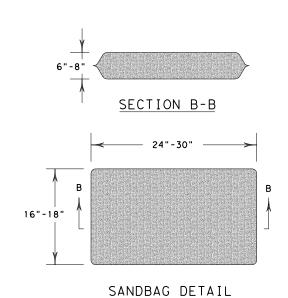
COMPLETELY SURROUND
DRAINAGE ACCESS TO
AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH
EROSION CONTROL LOG

- FLOW

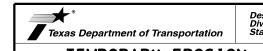
-STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL)

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET





SHEET 3 OF 3



-CURB INLET _INLET EXTENSION

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9)-16

FILE: ec916	DN: TxD	DN: TxDOT CK: KM		DW: LS/PT		ck: LS
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0169	02	068	8 US 60		JS 60
	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	AMA		POTTE	R		135